# EMPLOYMENT <br> and EARNINGS 

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Special Announcement
Beginning next month, all data and analysis that regularly appear in the two Department of Labor publiregularly appear in the two Department
cations, Employment and Earnings and the Monthly Report on the Labor Force will be merged into a single publication The title of the combined report will be
Emplovment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force.

This consolidation is being made in the interest of economy and in order to speed up publication of the detailed industry employment, hours, and earnings statistics. The new publication will be available 2 weeks earlier than previous issues of Employment and Earnings, or about 5 weeks following the week for which data are or about
reported.

Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force is available at a subscription price of
$\$ 7.00$ per year ( $\$ 8.25$ for foreign mailing). Current subscribers to Employment and Earnings will receive the new publication until expiration of their subscriptions. For details on ordering see page 16-E.

IN THIS ISSUE

## Anniversary Article

Industry Employment Statistics in the United States Fifty Years of Development (p. iii)
1965 Anmual Averages (Special Section (pp. 69-80) Household Data:

1965 annual averages for all series regularly appearing in Section A.
Establishment Data:
Freliminary 1965 annual averages for major divisions and two-digit manufacturing industries. Final nnual averages for establishment data will appear in the March issue.

New Series
Eimployment (Table B-7), Hours and Earnings (Table C-8) for: Lawrence-Haverhill, Massachusetts

## Cantents

Industry Employment Statistics in the United States
Fifty Years of Development. . ............................................................ iii
Annual Averages. . . . ..........................................................................
Household Data. . .. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 69
70
$\qquad$

## Statistical Jables

## Section A-Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment

A- l: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over,A- 2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over,1
A- 3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex. ..... 3
A- 4: Unemployed persons, by age and sex ..... 3
A- 5: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job ..... 3
A- 6: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job ..... 4
A- 8; Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment ..... 4
5
A- 9; Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job ..... 5
5
A-10: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status ..... 6
A-11: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and ..... 6
A-12: Total labor force, by age and sex ..... 7
7
A-14: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation ..... 7
7
A-15: Employed persons, by hours worked. ..... 7
8
8
A-17: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working
A-18: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and aex.... ..... 8
9
A-19: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, ..... 9
A-20: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, ..... 10
A-21: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color.
A-22: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and ..... 10part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics
A-23: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker. ..... 11
A-24: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, seasonally adjusted ..... 12
A-25: Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment ..... 12
A-26: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted
A-27: Employment status, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted................. ..... 12A-28: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full- or part-time
status, seasonally adjusted. ..... 12

# EMPLOYMENT and EARNINGS 

## Caution

Periodically, the Bureau adjusts the industry employment series to a recent benchmark to improve their accuracy. These adjustments may also affect the hours and earnings series because employment levels are used as weights. All industry statistics after March 1964, the present benchmark date, are therefore subject to revision.

Beginning with December 1965 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings, data in tables B-1 through B-6, $\mathrm{C}-1$ through $\mathrm{C}-7$, and $\mathrm{D}-1$ through $\mathrm{D}-4$ are basedon March 1964 benchmarks. Therefore, issues of Employment and Therefore, issues of Employment and Earnings prior to December 1965 cannot try data now shown in sections $B, C$, and D. Comparable data for prior periods will be published in Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-65, BLS Bulletin 1312-3.

When industry data are again adjusted to new benchmarks another edition of Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States will be issued containthe United States will be issued contain1964 forward to a current date, as well 1964 forward to a current date,
as the prior historical statistics.

## Contents -Continued

## Section B--Payroll Employment, by Industry

National Data Page
B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, 1919 to date... ..... 13
14
B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry.
3-3: Women employees on payrolls of selected nonagricultural industries 1 /B-4: Indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division,1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adjusted....................21

B-6: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted. ..... 23
State and Area Data
B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls for States and selected areas, by industry division

## Section C-Industry Hours and Earnings

## National Data

C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, 1919 to date ..... 35
36
C-2: Gross hours and earninge of production workers, by industry
C-3: Average hourly earning excluding overtime of production workers on
manufacturing payrolls, by industry. . . . ......................................................... ..... 48
C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in ..... 48
C-5: Indexes of aggregate weekly manmhours and payrolls in industrial and construction activities................................................................................. 4
C-6: Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries, seasonally adjusted. ..... 
C-7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction ..... 5
State and Area Data
C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, ..... 52
Section D-Labor Turnover
National Data
D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date.. .....
57 .....
57 ..... 58
D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry....
D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry....
D-3: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, by sex and major industry 1/D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date, seasonally adjusted... 6
State and Area Data
D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas. ..... 64
Technical Note ..... 1-E
BLS Regional Offices ..... Inside back cover
Cooperating State Agencies ..... Inaide back cover1/ Quarterly data included in February, May, August, and November issues.

# Industry Employment Statistics in the United States 

## Fifty Years of Development

by John P. Wymer*

Prior to 1915, the principal sources of employment data in the United States were the census surveys--the decennial Census of Population and, beginning with 1899 , the quinquennial Census of Manufactures. There existed no regular compilation of employment data between the census dates. By 1915, some State agencies were already compiling employment statistics but only three of these--Massachusetts, New York, and New Jersey--were collecting reasonably complete employment data. Although these three were important manufacturing States, the information collected by them failed to give an accurate cross section of manufacturing for the country as a whole because of the high degree of industrial specialization in these States. This was particularly true in Massachusetts, where manufacturing was restricted principally to the textile and boot and shoe industries.

In July 1915, at the time of publication of the first issue of the Monthly Labor Review, it was evident that lack of current employment statistics by industry for the Nation as a whole constituted a serious gap in the statistical program of the United States Government. The initial issue of the Monthly Labor Review contained reports on employment statistics for Germany, Great Britain, Australia, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland. Later issues during 1915 and 1916 contained additional data for several of these countries and for Austria and Italy. While the content and quality of the statistics for these countries varied considerably, data for the three largest countries--Great Britain, Germany, and France--were superior to any published for the United States until after World War I.

## Program Beginnings

As an initial step in closing this gap, the Bureau of Labor Statistics began to collect

[^0]and publish employment statistics monthly, beginning with October 1915, for four industries--boots and shoes, cotton goods, cotton finishing, and hosiery and underwear. By November 1916, the monthly surveys had been expanded to cover nine additional industries--woolen textiles, silk textiles, men's readymade clothing, iron and steel, car building and repairing, cigar manufacturing, automobile manufacturing, leather manufacturing, and papermaking. At first, the series consisted merely of data on over-the-month changes in employment and payrolls, computed from small samples. In December 1916 , the survey covered 574 establishments having a total employment of $519,185 .^{1}$

In February 1918, index series on employment and payrolls, using a January 1915 reference base, were developed for each of the 13 industries, but these series were dropped after March 1919.

The cooperative program with State agencies for the preparation of industry employment statistics for States and areas, which is now one of the outstanding features of the BLS industry employment statistics program, had its faint beginnings in this period. As early as March 1916, the Bureau of Labor Statistics had entered into a cooperative agreement with the New York State Department of Labor providing for use by both agencies of employment data collected by the latter agency. Beginning with March 1916, a monthly narrative report on employment in New York State prepared by the New York State Department of Labor, was frequently republished in the Monthly Labor Review. It is interesting to note that, at that time, the figures for New York were based on a larger, more representative sample than were the national statistics.

No new developments occurred in the program until after World War I. The short recession in 1918 and 1919 and the longer more

[^1]The infonnation shown in this publication is obtained through the joint cooperation of private individuals and organizations, business establishments, and several govemment agencies.

Labor force statisties, showing the employment status and hours of work of the noninstitutional population, both farm and nonfarm, are compiled each month from data obtained by personal interviews of a sample of 35,000 households in 357 areas throughout the country. Percentages of the population in a given category are derived from the sample and then applied to independent population estimates prepared by the Bureau of the Census. Monthly data on the labor force are collected and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census under contract with the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Payroll employment statistics, which provide detailed industry information for the Nation, States, and major areas are based on data supplied by employers. Each month a sample of industrial, commercial, and government establishments, employing collectively about 25 million workers, voluntarily submits data, drawn from payroll records, to the State agencies cooperating with BLS. In these agencies, data are extracted for preparation of estimates on State and area employment, hours, and eamings. The establishment reports are then sent to the BLS for use in the preparation of national estimates. This program is conducted jointly by State employment security agencies, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Bureau of Employment Security in 44 States and the District of Columbia; in the remaining States, the program is a cooperative endeavor by State Departments of Labor and the BLS.

Contribution (tax) reports filed by employers subject to State unemployment insurance laws are the major source of benchmarks by means of which overall estimates of nonfarm employment are prepared and adjusted. These reporis, covering about three-fourths of the total number of nonfarm employees in the United States, are collected and tabulated by State employment security agencies under the direction of BES. Benchmark data for the remaining portion of nonfarm employment are obtained by BLS from information collected under the programs of the Social Security Administration, the Civil Service Commission, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies, either private or government.

Laborturnoverstatistics, showing the rate of accessions and separations, by industry, for the Nation and for selected States and areas are based on data voluntarily supplied by employers. The sample used is smaller than that for the payroll employment statistics and is limited to manufacturing, mining, and communication industries. The State agencies in the labor tumover statistics program have the same responsibilities as in the employment statistics program. In 50 States and the Disirict of Columbia, the program is operated by the State employment security agencies, BLS, and BES.
intense postwar depression of 1920 and 1921 impelled a number of government officials, businessmen, labor leaders, and economists to address themselves to the problems of reconstruction and unemployment. As a result of their investigations, they became doubly aware of the need for more comprehensive information concerning the employment situation. A Conference on Unemployment was called by President Harding in 1921 and two committees were formed, one headed by Henry M. Robinson (the Committee on Employment Statistics) and the other headed by Owen D. Young (the Committee on Unemployment and Business Cycles) which addressed themselves to this problem. The reports of these committees stressed publication of nationwide statistics on employment to show (1) trends of employment and unemployment as a social condition affecting human beings and their welfare; and (2) trends of production and business activity.

## Surveys Extended

Probably in part as a result of this recommendation, Congress made additional funds available to the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the fiscal year 1922-23, and the monthly employment surveys were extended in July 1922 to cover 29 additional manufacturing industries. The number was gradually increased to include a total of 52 manufacturing industries, grouped into 12 major categories (e.g., food and kindred products), by October 1923. In April 1924, indexes of employment for all manufacturing, the major groups, and the individual industries were published for the first time. This first series, which began with data for July 1922, was based on the 1923 average as 100 , and was weighted by employment for the various industries as shown by the 1919 Census of Manufactures. In March 1925, a similar index series on payrolls was inaugurated. Between September 1928 and June 1929, eight nonmanufacturing groups were added to the list of industries for which the Bureau published over-the-month changes. In December 1929, the sample in manufacturing industries covered 12,200 establishments having $3,265,000$ employees. ${ }^{2}$ For all industries surveyed, the sample included 34,400 establishments.

[^2]These advances in the program followed recommendations of committees appointed by the American Statistical Association in 1922 and 1923 to study the measurement of employment. These committees included leading statisticians of the Federal Government and of State departments of labor.

## Federal-State Cooperation Initiated

Out of the committee activity, came a recommendation for greater participation of the State labor departments in the employment statistics program. In addition to the States which were collecting data before the Federal program was initiated, the Industrial Commission of Wiscon$\sin$ began to collect employment statistics in 1915 and similar work was undertaken by several other States in the postwar depression of 1920-21.

Federal-State cooperation for the collection of employmentstatistics developed slowly during this period. Wisconsin joined New York as the second State in this program in July 1920, and five other States made agreements with the Bureau of Labor Statistics before 1928. Throughout the decade, employment statistics prepared by State agencies were published each month in the Monthly Labor Review. For example, in March 1925, data prepared by the State departments of labor for California, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Massachusetts, New York, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin were published. The statistical methods used in preparing these data were very primitive. In most cases, only the percentage changes between the current and previous month in employment and payrolls for a sample of identical establishments were presented. Data for broader categories, e.g., manufacturing, were obtained merely by adding together the samples for component industries. The statistics were not comparable among the various States, nor with the data for the Nation as a whole. Interest in employment statistics languished, however, during the prosperous years from 1923 to 1929, and little was done by other States toward developing reliable employment statistics.

## Bureau Activity Reflects National Issues

During the twenties, the Bureau's employment and payroll statistics began to be used in economic analyses. One of the earliest examples
is the article in the Monthly Labor Review of March 1922 by the Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Ethelbert Stewart, entitled "Trend of Employment in the Manufacturing Industries in the United States, June 1914, to December 1921." In 1926, Ewan Clague was engaged by the Bureau to conduct a study of productivity in a number of industries. To derive indexes for use in computing productivity per man-hour, he made extensive use of the employment indexes in conjunction with Census of Manufactures data on man-hours and some of the Bureau's studies on wages and hours in specific industries.

The stock market crash in October 1929 was followed by the Great Depression. In 1930, the deepening economic crisis with its attendant problem of mass unemployment impelled President Hoover to appoint an Advisory Committee on Employment Statistics to study the need for expanded data in the subject field. This committee, headed by Professor Joseph H. Willits of the University of Pennsylvania, with Ewan Clague as one of its technical advisors, reported in the spring of 1931. Among the recommendations which were to have considerable impact on the subsequent development of employment statistics were: (a) the development of employment "indexes" for additional nonmanufacturing industries, notably contract construction and service industries; (b) the tabulation of employment data for some entire States and for some leading cities, especially in those areas where no State department of labor was conducting local tabulations; (c) the introduction of certain technical improvements, developed by the Division of Research and Statistics of the Federal Reserve Board, necessary to bring the BLS indexes of manufacturing employment and payrolls into alignment with data shown in the biennial Census of Manufactures for 1923 and following years; and (d) the development of a program for the collection of man-hours data for wage earners in manufacturing. To implement these recommendations, the Advisory Committee also recommended that Congress provide an additional appropriation of $\$ 200,000$ for the fiscal year 1932, with $\$ 50,000$ of this amount to be made available immediately in the spring of 1931. Congress granted a substantial portion of these recommended funds.

During the Great Depression when mass unemployment threatened to become a permanent aspect of American life, there was much controversy among various authorities concerning
the actual number of unemployed. Even at this time, there were still no reliable measures of either unemployment or total employment. In the early years of the Roosevelt administration, however, the U.S. Secretary of Labor made frequent references to the Bureau's employment data for use as an indirect measure of unemployment. The need for more comprehensive measures of employment became increasingly urgent and current estimates of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments were developed not only for the segment as a whole, but in some industry detail. In 1936, the Bureau began its publication, as a mimeographed release, of a series on employment in nonagricultural establishments. After September 1940, estimates of total nonagricultural employment (including proprietors and firm members, self-employed persons, casual workers, and domestic workers) ${ }^{3}$ and of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments were published monthly in the Monthly Labor Review. In the case of employment in nonagricultural establishments, estimates were also given for major industry groups (e.g., mining, manufacturing). These series were based originally on the 1930 Census of Population. data on employment and unemployment.

## Benchmark Revisions Initiated

A comparison of the Bureau's indexes of manufacturing employment and payrolls with Census of Manufactures data over the period 1923-29 showed a downward bias of approximately 9 percent in the Bureau's indexes. If factory employment had been estimated for the year 1929 on the basis of the Bureau's unadjusted indexes, using the 1923 index as comparable to census factory employment for that year, the Bureau's estimate would have been below the 1929 census levels by approximately $1,000,000$. Using a procedure developed by the Federal Reserve Board, the Bureau of Labor Statistics revised its indexes over the period

[^3]1923-29 so that they approximated the census levels in each of the years 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, and 1931. ${ }^{4}$ This project was the first of the periodic revisions of establishmentemployment series to new "benchmark" levels. BLS Bulletin 610, which presented the revised indexes, also included for the first time monthly estimates of employment and payrolls for all manufacturing and its major industry groups. The series on manufacturing employment and payrolls were subsequently adjusted to benchmarks derived from the 1933, 1935, 1937, and 1939 Census of Manufactures as these appeared. Employment and payroll indexes for various nonmanufacturing industries were also adjusted to data from the several Censuses of Business taken during the $1930^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$.

## Current Collection of Hours and Earnings Data Instituted

In 1932, the Bureau began the collection of data on production worker man-hours, and in January 1933 published average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and average weekly earnings, as well as indexes of employment and payrolls, for 90 manufacturing industries in 15 groups and for 14 nonmanufacturing industries. These new data formed an important adjunct to the Bureau's statistical series as they made available for the first time data on current trends in hours and earnings. Their importance as economic indicators was quickly recognized, as attested by their extensive use in articles in the Monthly Labor Review analyzing economic trends reflected by BLS statistical data. In later years, similar use was made of the newly developed series on nonagricultural employment.

## State and Area Data Developed

Interest in employment data for States and areas was also stimulated in the 1930's by the overriding importance of the problem of unemployment. By 1935, employment data were being gathered in 19 States, including all the

[^4]major industrial States. This was an increase of nine States since 1928. Federal-State cooperation for the collection of employment statistics developed slowly during this period, however. By 1936, only 12 States participated in this program, an increase of only 5 States since 1928.

Beginning with data for December 1931, a table was published each month in the Monthly Labor Review showing percentage changes in employment and payrolls, by State, between the current and previous month for a sample of establishments. This tabulation presented data by State for all manufacturing, a selection of nonmanufacturing industries, and for all industries, combined. Although publication of this table was discontinued after July 1934, State employment statistics of the same type, but covering all industries and manufacturing only, were published monthly after July 1935. Also, beginning with December 1931, percentage changes in employment and payrolls, calculated from a sample for all industries, were published for the 13 cities which had populations in excess of 500,000 in 1930. Crude as these statistics were, they did represent the first attempt by the BLS to provide current employment data for all States and major cities on a monthly basis.
These statistics were not adequate representations of employment conditions in States and areas, so the Bureau constructed State indexes based on employment changes and weighted by industry employment. The weights used were derived from the 1933 Census of Manufactures and Census of Business and the 1932 Census of Mineral Industries. These indexes were based on 1932-33 averages and although not published, were used extensively to answer inquiries on the degree of recovery reached in any State, from the depths of the depression, and for comparison with other economic series.

During 1938-39, the need for estimates of actual State employment resulted in the creation of a unit whose sole responsibility was to compile estimates of nonagricultural employment. By 1940, estimates of employment levels for all 48 States and the District of Columbia were published. Each State series was the sum of 20 to 60 components. Unemployment compensation data, census data, and the BLS sample reports together with data from other sources provided the basic materials. The series were
revised in 1942 and publication of them continued until 1947.

## Estimates at National Level

By 1935, data on employment, payrolls, and hours and earnings were published at the national level for all manufacturing, durable and nondurable goods manufacturing, 90 manufacturing industries, and 21 nonmanufacturing categories including building construction, Federal Government, and Class I railroads. No material change in program content occurred after 1935 until the beginning of World War II.

The onset of that conflict in 1939, followed by the entry of the United States after the assault on Pearl Harbor in December 1941, placed additional demands on the Bureau's employment statistics program. Perhaps the most noteworthy development of these years was that the additional responsibilities placed upon the system pointed up the need for greater uniformity between the various programs of establishment-based statistics on employment and related subjects as compiled by the BLS, the Bureau of the Census, and the agencies administering the emerging social insurance programs. Differences in concepts, in industrial classification, and in reporting practices often limited the usefulness of these statistics in wartime planning and in economic analysis. While most improvements had to await the end of the war, several important advances took place during those years.

After the adjustment of the national series for manufacturing industries to the 1939 Census of Manufactures, employment estimates were published monthly for all major groups and 157 industries in manufacturing. These series, first published in January 1943, provided estimates back to 1939. Estimates of employment in 11 nonmanufacturing industries were published in May 1943.

## Recourse to Social Insurance Statistics

A most far-reaching decision was to use as employment benchmarks the statistical data which became available about 1940 as a byproduct of the newly organized social insurance programs. The Social Security Act, passed in 1935, provided for the collection of employment and payroll data from firms subject to the
provisions of the act. These data could be used for both statistical and administrative purposes. Summary tabulations of such materials became available about 1940 from the unemployment insurance program (prepared by the State employment security agencies, with the Bureau of Employment Security acting as coordinator). These data became the preferred sources of benchmarks because they encompassed industrial categories not covered by the censuses of manufactures and censuses of business, notably contract construction and finance, insurance, and real estate. Further benchmarks were available from the social insurance system on an annual basis, whereas after 1939, the Census of Manufactures was only taken for the years $1947,1954,1958$, and 1963 and the final results were generally not published until 2 or 3 years afterward. The intervals between the other industrial censuses were of like magnitude. The statistics from the unemployment insurance system became the principal source of benchmarks for the BLS industry employment statistics program; this partly because the data become available on an annual basis, but mainly because of the close ties engendered between the State employment security agencies and the BLS, through development of the State and area employment statistics program in the 1940's and the 1950's. These benchmarks had to be supplemented, of course, by data from other sources in the case of industries which were not covered or were only partially covered by the unemployment insurance program. However, the unemployment insurance data cover about 75 percent of the total employment in nonagricultural industries, and reasonably adequate benchmarks are available for the remaining segments.

## Program Effects of World War II

The efforts of the Bureau during the years 1940-45 were not directed primarily toward technical improvement, but toward providing the military and civilian war agencies with data on employment, payrolls, and hours and earnings in industries important to the war effort. To this end, series were inaugurated in 1942 for 67 additional manufacturing industries, largely those engaged in the production of materials of key importance in the war program. The division also prepared special
analyses and tabulations by industry and area for the Congress, the Army, the War Production Board, and the War Labor Board. A considerable number of requests for special tabulations of employment, hours, and earnings data were received each month by the Bureau, during the war years. In 1940, the War and Navy Departments began to use indexes of hourly earnings as the basis of escalator clauses in defense contracts. These clauses provided for additional compensation in the case of an advance in average hourly earnings between the time a contract was signed and completion of the material on order.

Several series which ultimately became a regular part of the industry employment statistics program were first developed during World War II. One was the series on straight-time hourly earnings in manufacturing industries. During the depression years, overtime work had been quite rare, and the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 were designed primarily to discourage scheduling of overtime. As the United States became more and more involved in the war effort, after 1939, the need for additional manpower was met in part by the use of overtime. Hence, the Bureau's monthly series on gross average hourly earnings no longer reflected the trend of straight-time earnings as they had before World War II. In 1942, the Bureau reviewed the information in its files on hours of work in manufacturing and derived a mathematical relationship between straight-time and gross hours which permitted the estimation on a current basis of straight-time earnings in manufacturing and its major industry groups.

Manpower needs during the war were also met by increased employment of women. Beginning with 1942, the Bureau collected semiannual data on the number of women production workers in manufacturing, but this survey was discontinued in 1947 when the Bureau's budget was reduced severely.

The concept of "spendable" weekly earnings was also developed during this period. Prior to the late $1930^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$, gross weekly earnings and "take-home" pay were practically synonymous. The introduction of payroll taxes for social insurance programs and, particularly, the practice after 1942 of withholding income taxes meant that there was considerable difference between actual weekly earnings and the amount of the worker's paycheck. The series on spend-
able earnings was first introduced in a Monthly Labor Review, March 1944 article entitled "Spendable Earnings of Factory Workers, 1941-43."5 This series, which was eventually carried back to 1939, has been published regularly since 1948.

When tabulations of employment data reported to State unemployment insurance agencies first became available, in the early 1940 's, providing benchmarks for employment series, the feeling grew that the proper place to estimate State and area employment was in the State agencies. In 1944, as a first step in this direction, the preparation of State employment series was transferred to the Bureau's eight regional offices, where staffs were set up for the purpose of preparing employment statistics. In States with which the Bureau had cooperative agreements, the regional office staffs advised and assisted the State agencies. For the other States, the estimates were actually prepared in the regional offices.

One effect of World War II on the domestic economy was to eliminate the chronic mass unemployment which beset the entire decade of the 1930's. With the memory of that unhappy period in mind, Congress passed the Employment Act of 1946. When he signed the act, President Truman stated that it was a commitment of the Federal Government "to take measures necessary for a healthy economy, one that provides opportunities for those able, and willing, and seeking to work." Under this legislation, the President was given the duty of formulating programs to carry out the purposes of the law. His recommendations were to be presented to the Congress at the beginning of each session, in an "Economic Report." To assist the President in these duties, the Council of Economic Advisors was established in the Executive Office of the President. Within Congress, the Joint Committee on the Economic Report was set up under the act to study the recommendations of the President as embodied in his Economic Report. The responsibilities of the Council, combined with the activity of the Joint Committee, were ultimately to produce considerable demands that improved data and new statistical series be made available from the statistical agencies of the Federal Government.

[^5]The immediate postwar period, however, was a period of program contraction. In 1947, the Congress reduced the Bureau's budget, to bring its activities back to the prewar level. In making curtailments, the Bureau dropped the series on women production workers in all manufacturing and discontinued the regional office preparation of employment statistics. The emphasis, as far as State and area employment statistics were concerned, was shifted toward their preparation by the State agencies under cooperative agreement with BLS.

## Cooperative Program Includes All States

In the long run, this arrangement proved advantageous to both the Bureau and the State agencies. By 1949, the last State had joined the program. ${ }^{6}$ Thirty-two States became cooperators in the 5-year period, 1945-49. In most instances, the cooperating State agencies were State employment security agencies. As the program spread to all States, the view of the purposes of cooperation changed and broadened. Cooperation had been initiated primarily to reduce the burden of reporting statistics for employers, but even in the earlier years there had been some emphasis on the desirability of having adequate systems of State statistics developed by the cooperating State agencies. Cooperation on a national plane between the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Employment Security brought about rapid development in the cooperative program of employment statistics. On the one side, the BLS was interested in developing the system to achieve maximum industrial detail, accuracy and comparability in national, State, and area statistics; on the other, the Bureau of Employment Security had an urgent need for accurate, current, and detailed employment statistics for States and local areas, to facilitate program operations of the various State employment security systems. Since 1949, when the BLS received augmented appropriations for its work on employment statistics and a joint program for financing the activity was worked out between BLS and BES, the program has been financed in part by the Federal grants toward administration of the employment security system, in part by

[^6]appropriations to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and in the six States where the cooperating agency is other than the employment security agency, by State legislative action. Technical direction of the State program has been the responsibility of the BLS, effected in part through instructional materials developed in the national office, and in part by the advice and assistance supplied to the State agencies by technical staff working out of the BLS regional offices.

By the end of 1949, estimates of employment in manufacturing were being published for all States and the District of Columbia. Estimates of total employment in nonagricultural establishments were published for 30 States and 14 areas. For 10 additional areas, employment estimates were published for manufacturing. Hours and earnings averages for production workers in manufacturing were published for 27 States and 31 areas. Five years later, estimates of total employment were published for 46 States, the District of Columbia and 79 areas. Hours and earnings for manufacturing were published for 48 States and 103 areas.

## Program Improvements, 1945-65

The period from 1945 to 1950 was characterized by a major overhaul of the techniques and procedures for estimating employment, hours, and earnings. The revision of the series to 1947 benchmarks, in 1949, was the most significant event in this process. As a result of this revision, estimates of employment at all levels of industry detail were for the first time revised to benchmarks derived directly from the unemployment insurance (UI) program operations, for those industries covered by the program. Prior to 1943 , the unemployment insurance agencies had only tabulated the data at quite broad industry levels (e.g., food and kindred products; apparel), but in that year their reports were summarized at the next finer degree of industry detail. This made it possible to set up a list of industries in the detail desired by BLS which could be revised directly to coincide with UI benchmarks. Also, in 1947, the BLS adopted the same system of industrial classification as that used by the unemployment security agencies, the 1942 Social Security Board Classification system for nonmanufacturing, and the 1945 Standard Industrial Classification system for manufacturing, prepared by the Bureau of the

Budget. Prior to this time, industry classification in the BLS industry employment statistics program had been closely tied to those used in the various Censuses of Manufactures and Censuses of Business taken during the 1920's and $1930^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$. There was also a substantial improvement in the quality of employment estimates for industries not covered by the unemployment insurance program, due to the development of new benchmark sources for these industries.

Considerable attention was also paid to the development of continuous historical series during this period. By 1950, as a result of this effort, national series on total employment in nonagricultural establishments and for each of the major divisions were prepared, and carried back to 1919. Series for individual industries and industry groups, going back in some instances for employment series to 1939 and for hours and earnings series back to 1932, were also prepared.

The program continued to show a steady growth throughout the 1950's, not only in terms of the volume of statistics provided, but also in meeting the increasing demand for information both on the part of Federal agencies and the public. In late 1949, the Bureau instituted a series on the number of women employed in manufacturing and, later, added series on employment of women in a number of nonmanufacturing industries. The Korean conflict of 1950-53 involved the Bureau of Labor Statistics in activities similar to those in which it had engaged in World War II. Among these was a quarterly survey of establishments in metalworking industries, to obtain information on plant operations and other matters. This project was conducted by the Bureau during 1951 and 1952.

In August 1954, the Bureau took over, from the Federal Reserve Board, the preparation of seasonally adjusted estimates of employment by industry division and major industry groups in manufacturing and began publishing these series on a regular monthly basis. Later, seasonally adjusted series were developed on average weekly hours and on aggregate manhours in manufacturing and certain nonmanufacturing categories. In January 1956, the collection of overtime man-hours in manufacturing was instituted, and before the end of the year, series were being prepared on average overtime hours in major industry groups in manufacturing.

The Bureau first made use of machine tabulation equipment to prepare its tabulations of employment and payroll data in the early $1930^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$. For a long time thereafter, however, the actual calculations of employment and payroll estimates and indexes and hours and earnings averages continued to be performed by statistical clerks using desk calculators. In the $1950^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$, however, increasingly efficient electronic data-processing equipment became available, and by the early $1960^{\prime}$ s, nearly all the routine calculations involved in estimation and benchmark adjustment, including the arithmetic tests of individual sample reports for reasonableness, were performed on EDP equipment.

A major adjustment of the series to 1958 and 1959 benchmarks was completed in 1961. This revision introduced a number of innovations. The 1957 Standard Industrial Classification was adopted for both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Benchmarks stratified by employment size became available for the first time, so that size stratification could be introduced into the estimation process. Estimates for a number of additional industries, particularly in manufacturing, were introduced. New benchmark sources became available, particularly for certain classes of nonprofit organizations as a result of the virtually total election of old-age, survivors, and disability insurance coverage by establishments in these categories under the 1950 amendments to the Social Security Act.

As a result of the revision, estimates of total employment were published at the national level for 365 industrial categories, an increase of almost 50 percent over the 246 for which data were previously published. The number of industries for which average hours and earnings were published decreased slightly, however, from 364 to 323 ; intensive review had indicated that for some industries these averages were not sufficiently reliable to meet publication standards. Employment series were published for every industry for which hours and earnings averages were published; previously, the corresponding employment data were not available for 160 series on hours and earnings. The number of manufacturing industries for which data on average overtime hours were published increased sixfold, from 24 to 143. These statistics were based on a sample which included, in the fall of 1965 , nearly 140,000 reports from American industry and government.

This sample was used also to prepare a large body of employment statistics for States and areas. In September 1965, employment and hours and earnings series were available for 50 States, the District of Columbia and 170 areas of which 160 were Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in 1965. Approximately 7,200 employment series and hours and earnings series for about 3,300 industries are published by the States and areas.

As a part of the revision of the national series to 1964 benchmarks, all series hitherto unpublished were subjected to a thorough review to determine which could meet publication criteria. As a result of this review, employment series for 36 industries and hours and earnings series for 34 industries were considered to meet the criteria and included among those published.

An active sample expansion program is currently in progress, directed toward implementing a newly developed sample design. If additional resources are provided to bring this program to fulfillment, the sample will be considerably strengthened and monthly employment, hours, and earnings series can be published for many industries for which at present the samples are inadequate. Among these are employment series for nearly 200 industries for which only benchmark data are published annually for the month of March. As the performance of series becomes adequate, as measured by predetermined standards, they may be moved into the published category. In this way, a gradual expansion of published detail can be effected. It is hoped that, in the
next few years, current statistics on employment, hours, and earnings can be developed and published for the 64 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas not yet covered by the program.

## Bulletins and Other Publications

Data produced in the course of the program have been published in the Monthly Labor Review since January 1916. A monthly bulletin containing the series has been issued since June 1924. The latter publication was called Employment In Selected Industries until August 1928, at which time the title was changed to Trends of Employment. After July 1935, the bulletin was entitled Employment and Payrolls. After January 1948, the hours and earnings series growing out of the program were published in a separate bulletin called Hours andEarnings. In May 1954, these two publications were again combined into a single periodical, Employment and Earnings.

The past few years have witnessed an important addition to the Bureau's regular publication on employment statistics. A volume entitled Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States provides monthly data on all series produced at the national level, by the industry employment statistics program, back to the beginning of each series. This volume is revised annually. A companion volume, Employment and Earnings Statistics for States and Areas, provides annual averages for all employment and hours and earnings series published by State agencies, back to the beginning of the series. This publication is also issued each year.

Table A-I: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, 1929 to date

${ }^{1}$ Data for 1947-56 adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were fomerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)-those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days.were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56.
${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Beginning 1953, Labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000 ; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000 , primatily affecting the figures for total and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

Sata include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960 and ate therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional papulation 14 years of age and over, and abour 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employmenr. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.
${ }^{5}$ Figures for periods prior to April 1962 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of 1960 Census data into the estimation procedure. Tbe change primarily affected the Lahor force and employment totals, which were reduced by about 200,000 . The unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

NOTE: Data for 1929-39 based on sources other than direct enumeration.

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date


[^7]Table A-3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14. years and over, by sex

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 137,226 | 137,043 | 135,135 | 66,489 | 66,406 | 65,516 | 70,737 | 70,638 | 69,619 |
| Total labor force. | 78,477 | 78,598 | 76,567 | 51,148 | 51,200 | 50,480 | 27,329 | 27,398 | 26,086 |
| Civilian labor force | 75,636 | 75,803 | 73,841 | 48,340 | 48,438 | 47,784 | 27,296 | 27,365 | 26,056 |
| Employed | 72,749 | 72,837 | 70,375 | 46,615 | 46,910 | 45,645 | 26,134 | 25,926 | 24,730 |
| Agriculture. | 3,645 | 4,128 | 3,785 | 3,106 | 3,351 | 3,247 | 539 | 777 | 538 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 69,103 | 68,709 | 66,590 | 43,509 | 43,559 | 42,398 | 25,595 | 25,149 | 24,192 |
| Unemployed. | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 1,726 | 1,528 | 2,139 | 1,162 | 1,438 | 1,327 |
| Looking for full-time work | 2,211 | 2,196 | 2,757 | 1,352 | 1,172 | 1,763 | 859 | 1,024 | 994 |
| Looking for part-time work. | 676 | 770 | 709 | 373 | 356 | 376 | 303 | 414 | 333 |
| Not in labor force | 58,749 | 58,445 | 58,568 | 15,340 | 15,205 | 15,035 | 43,408 | 43,240 | 43,533 |

Table A-4: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1964$ |
| Total | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 1.726 | 1,528 | 2,139 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 59.8 | 51.5 | 61.8 |
| 14 ro 19 years | 476 | 420 | 464 | 12.4 | 10.9 | 14.1 | 16.5 | 14.1 | 13.4 |
| 14 and 15 years | 72 | 60 | 47 | 12.1 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| 16 to 19 years | 405 | 359 | 417 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 12.0 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 250 | 233 | 351 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 10.1 |
| 25 to 34 years | 270 | 212 | 378 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 10.9 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 239 | 210 | 330 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 9.5 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 227 | 189 | 314 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 9.1 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 208 | 194 | 244 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| 65 years and over | 56 | 71 | 60 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| Female. | 1,162 | 1,438 | 1,327 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 40.2 | 48.5 | 38.2 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 324 | 398 | 361 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 11.2 | 13.4 | 10.4 |
| 14 and 15 years | 30 | 17 | 11 | 6.9 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 1.0 | . 6 | -3 |
| 16 to 19 years | 294 | 381 | 350 | 10.8 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 10.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 180 | 253 | 210 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 8.5 | 6.1 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 187 | 211 | 234 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 214 | 260 | 248 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 7.2 |
| 45 to 54 years | 146 | 186 | 168 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 4.8 |
| 55 to 64 years. . . | 75 | 101 | 86 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 2.5 |
| 65 years and over . | 34 | 31 | 19 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 5 |

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

| Industry | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribucion |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | Dec. 1964 |
| Toral. . | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 80.7 | 81.4 | 80.2 |
| Agriculcure . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.9 | 9.1 | 13.2 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.9 |
| Nonagriculcural industries | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 76.9 | 76.9 | 75.3 |
| Mining, forestry, fisheries | 5.6 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.2 |
| Construction | 7.9 | 6.5 | 12.7 | 11.2 | 9.4 | 14.4 |
| Manufacturing. | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 23.8 | 23.6 | 23.2 |
| Durable goods. | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 12.2 |
| Nondurable goods. | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 11.0 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 2.6 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Wholesale and rerail trade | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 15.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.4 |
| Service industries | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 16.1 | 18.7 | 14.2 |
| Public administration | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Self-employed and unpaid family workers | 1.2 | . 7 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 3.2 |
| No previous work experience. | - | - | - | 15.6 | 16.4 | 16.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. . | - | - | - | 12.7 | 13.4 | 13.0 |
| 20 years and over | - | - | - | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.6 |

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

| Occupation | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1964$ |
| Total | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 22.7 | 23.6 | 18.4 |
| Professional and technical | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 2.6 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Clerical workers . . . . . . . . . . | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 9.5 |
| Sales workers.. | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 3.5 |
| Blue-collar workers | 4.6 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 44.0 | 39.7 | 47.0 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 3.2 | 2.5 | 4.7 | 10.7 | 8.2 | 12.8 |
| Operatives | 4.4 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 22.0 | 21.4 | 22.5 |
| Nonfarm laborers. | 8.3 | 7.6 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 10.2 | 11.8 |
| Service workers . . | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 13.5 | 16.0 | 13.3 |
| Private housebold workers | 3.0 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 2.3 |
| Other service workers... | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 10.9 | 12.2 | 11.0 |
| Farm workers. . . . . . . | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| Farmers and farm managers | -8 | - 5 | 1.0 | . 6 | . 3 | . 6 |
| Farm laborers and foremen | 7.1 | 6.3 | 9.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| No previous work experience . . . . | - | - | - | 15.6 | 16.4 | 16.6 |

Table A-7: Unemployed persons, by color, marital status, and household relationship

| Characteristics | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec. $1965$ | Nov. 1965 | Dec. 1964 | Dec. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | Dec. 1964 |
| COLOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,888 | 2.966 | 3,466 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White, cotal. | 2,289 | 2,328 | 2,750 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 79.3 | 78.5 | 79.3 |
| Male. | 1,423 | 1,205 | 1,722 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 49.3 | 40.6 | 49.7 |
| Female | 866 | 1,123 | 1,028 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 30.0 | 37.9 | 29.7 |
| Nonwhite, total | 598 | 638 | 716 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 20.7 | 21.5 | 20.7 |
| Male. . | 303 | 323 | 418 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 8.7 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 12.1 |
| Female | 296 | 315 | 299 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 8.6 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tocal . | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,726 | 1,528 | 2,139 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 59.8 | 51.5 | 61.7 |
| Married, wife present. | 755 | 676 | 1,061 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 26.1 | 22.8 | 30.6 |
| Single, . . . . . . | 810 | 692 | 878 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 10.8 | 28.0 | 23.3 | 25.3 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 462 | 414 | 447 | 12.8 | 11.4 | 14.3 | 16.0 | 13.9 | 12.9 |
| 20 years and over. | 348 | 278 | 431 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 8.6 | 12.0 | 9.4 | 12.4 |
| Other marital status. | 161 | 161 | 200 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 8.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.8 |
| Female | 1,162 | 1,438 | 1,327 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 40.2 | 48.5 | 38.3 |
| Married, husband present | 538 | 691 | 590 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 18.6 | 23.3 | 17.0 |
| Single. . . . . . . . | 379 | 474 | 438 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 13.1 | 16.0 | 12.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 267 | 325 | 296 | 9.7 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 9.2 | 11.0 | 8.5 |
| 20 years and over. | 112 | 159 | 142 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 4.1 |
| Other marital status. | 245 | 273 | 299 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 8.5 | 9.2 | 8.6 |
| HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Household head. | 1,055 | 1,015 | 1,420 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 36.5 | 34.2 | 41.0 |
| Living with relatives.. | 850 | 794 | 1,185 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 29.5 | 26.8 | 34.2 |
| Not living with relatives, | 204 | 221 | 235 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 6.8 |
| wife of head . . . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r}517 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 665 | $\begin{array}{r}570 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 17.9 | 22.4 | 16.4 |
| Other relative of head. | 1,242 | 1,220 | 1,386 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 10.8 | 43.0 | 41.1 | 40.0 |
| Non-relative of head. . . . . . . . . . . | 73 | 66 | 90 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 6.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.6 |

Table A-8: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  | Caregory | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | Dec. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | Total | 2,888 | 2,966 | 3,466 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,442 | 1,620 | 1,630 | 49.9 | 54.6 | 47.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 846 | 815 | 1,034 | 29.3 | 27.5 | 29.8 | Persons on temporary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 and 6 weeks | 259 | 215 | 295 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 8.5 | layoff . | 115 | 108 | 103 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| 7 to 10 weeks. | 355 | 374 | 445 | 12.3 | 12.6 | 12.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 to 14 weeks | 233 | 226 | 294 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 8.5 | Persons scheduled to begin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 weeks and over | 600 | 531 | 802 | 20.8 | 17.9 | 23.2 | new jobs within 30 days. | 66 | 97 | 106 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 334 | 257 | 416 | 11.6 | 8.7 | 12.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 weeks and over. . . . . | 266 | 274 | 387 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 11.2 | All other unemployed | 2,707 | 2,761 | 3,257 | 93.7 | 93.1 | 94.0 |
| Average (mean) duration... | 11.6 | 11.1 | 12.8 | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-9: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

${ }^{1}$ Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table A-10: Long-term unemployed by sex, age, color, and marital status

| Characteristics | Unemployed is weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribution) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribucion |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1965 | Dec. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1965 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 20.8 | 23.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 11.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 19.8 | 21.0 | 57.2 | 56.2 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 58.6 | 58.8 | 63.9 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 14.7 | 20.9 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 5.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 12.8 | 15.7 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 2.8 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 6.3 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 19.3 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 14.5 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 17.3 | 15.5 | 27.7 |
| 45 years and over. | 29.1 | 29.5 | 23.8 | 22.7 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 32.3 | 29.9 | 24.9 |
| Female. . . . . . | 22.2 | 26.5 | 42.8 | 43.8 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 36.1 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 20.1 | 19.1 | 10.8 | 8.6 | 1.2 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 6.4 | 4.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 12.2 | 28.6 | 3.7 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 12.9 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 4.6 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 22.1 | 26.0 | 14.8 | 15.6 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 17.7 | 14.7 | 13.6 |
| 45 years and over | 31.6 | 35.4 | 13.5 | 12.1 | 17.2 | 18.6 | 16.5 | 13.1 | 13.7 |
| COLOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 20.8 | 23.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 11.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White, total | 19.1 | 22.1 | 73.0 | 75.7 | 9.0 | 10.1 | 78.2 | 72.3 | 88.9 |
| Male | 19.7 | 20.4 | 46.7 | 43.9 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 50.8 | 43.5 | 57.5 |
| Female | 18.2 | 24.8 | 26.3 | 31.8 | 8.4 | 10.8 | 27.4 | 28.8 | 31.5 |
| Nonwhite, total | 27.1 | 27.4 | 27.0 | 24.3 | 9.7 | 14.9 | 21.8 | 27.7 | 11.1 |
| Male..... | 20.5 | 23.4 | 10.3 | 12.2 | 6.9 | 14.1 | 7.9 | 15.3 | 6.5 |
| Female | 33.8 | 32.4 . | 16.7 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 16.1 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 4.6 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 20.8 | 23.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 11.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 19.8 | 21.0 | 57.2 | 56.2 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 58.6 | 58.8 | 63.9 |
| Married, wife present | 20.8 | 20.0 | 26.1 | 26.4 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 35.1 | 33.9 | 49.5 |
| Single . . . . . . . . | 17.4 | 20.7 | 23.6 | 22.7 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 15.8 | 11.2 |
| 14 to 19 years.. | 15.2 | 21.0 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 8.0 | 4.8 |
| 20 years and over. | 20.4 | 20.4 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 8.3 | 7.0 18.0 | 10.9 6.0 | 7.8 | 6.4 |
| Orher marital staras | 27.3 | 28.0 | 7.3 | 7.0 43.8 | 9.9 | 18.0 | 6.0 41.4 | 9.3 41.2 | 3.2 |
| Female. | 22.2 | 26.5 | 42.8 | 43.8 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 36.1 |
| Married, husband present . | 21.7 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 18.6 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 20.8 | 15.0 | 20.2 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . . . | 20.5 | 26.3 | 13.0 | 14.3 | 4.0 | 12.8 | 5.7 | 14.5 | 8.7 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 21.7 | 21.3 | 9.5 | 7.9 | 1.5 | 7.4 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 3.7 |
| 20 years and over. . | 18.8 25.7 | 36.6 29.4 | 3.5 10.5 | 6.5 11.0 | 9.8 16.3 | 23.9 15.1 | 4.2 15.1 | 8.8 11.6 | 5.0 |
| Other marital status. | 25.7 | 29.4 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 16.3 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 11.6 | 7.2 |

Table A-II: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-lime work, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Looking for full-time work (thousands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-time work (thousands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-time work as a percent of unemployed in each group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | Dec. $1964$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 2,211 | 2,196 | 2,757 | 676 | 770 | 709 | 23.4 | 26.0 | 20.5 |
| Male. | 1,352 | 1,172 | 1,763 | 373 | 356 | 376 | 21.6 | 23.3 | 17.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 186 | 151 | 218 | 290 | 268 | 246 | 60.9 | 64.0 | 53.0 |
| Major activity: Going to school. | 17 | 8 | 21 | 279 | 257 | 242 | 94.3 | 97.0 | 92.0 |
| All other. . . . . . | 169 | 143 | 199 | 12 | 11 | 2428 | 94.3 6.6 | 7.1 | 9.0 2.9 |
| 20 to 24 years | 220 | 197 | 313 | 29 | 36 | 38 | 11.6 | 15.5 | 10.3 |
| 25 to 54 years | 710 | 598 | 977 | 26 | 15 | 44 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 4.3 |
| 55 years and over. | 236 | 225 | 255 | 29 | 40 | 51 | 10.9 | 15.1 | 16.7 |
| Female | 859 | 1,024 | 994 | 303 | 414 | 333 | 26.1 | 28.8 | 25.1 |
| 14 to 19 years | 169 | 207 | 199 | 155 | 192 | 162 | 47.8 | 48.1 | 44.9 |
| Major activity: Going to school | 15 | 11 | 13 | 145 | 163 | 151 | 90.5 | 93.7 | 92.1 |
| All other. | 154 | 195 | 187 | 12 | 29 | 11 | 7.2 | 12.9 | 5.6 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 144 | 193 | 175 | 36 | 60 | 35 | 20.0 | 23.7 | 16.7 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 464 | 531 | 540 | 85 | 125 | 109 | 15.5 | 19.1 | 16.8 |
| 55 years and over. | 83 | 94 | 80 | 26 | 37 | 26 | 23.9 | 28.2 | 24.5 |

Table A-12: Total labor force, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Labor force participation rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 1964 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. | 78,477 | 78,598 | 76,567 | 57.2 | 57.4 | 56.7 |
| Male | 51,148 | 51,200 | 50,480 | 76.9 | 77.1 | 77.0 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4,209 | 4,187 | 3,787 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 37.6 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 593 | 645 | 512 | 16.5 | 18.0 | 14.5 |
| 16 and 17 years. | 1,430 | 1,417 | 1,287 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 36.0 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 2,186 | 2,124 | 1,988 | 64.0 | 62.8 | 67.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5,933 | 5,936 | 5,746 | 86.7 | 87.0 | 87.2 |
| 25 to 34 years | 10,629 | 10,656 | 10,589 | 96.9 | 97.2 | 97.0 |
| 35 to 44 years | 11,453 | 11,463 | 11,494 | 97.4 | 97.4 | 97.0 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,124 | 10,176 | 10,075 | 95.1 | 95.7 | 95.5 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,755 | 6,732 | 6,749 | 84.0 | 83.8 | 85.0 |
| 55 to 59 years. | 3,928 | 3,926 | 3,899 | 89.6 | 89.7 | 90.1 |
| 60 to 64 years. | 2,827 | 2,806 | 2,850 | 77.2 | 76.7 | 78.9 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,045 | 2,049 | 2,041 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 26.8 |
| Female. | 27,329 | 27,398 | 26,086 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 37.5 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,181 | 3,120 | 2,729 | 30.9 | 30.4 | 27.7 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 440 | 444 | 376 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 11.0 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 1,000 | 991 | 927 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 26.6 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 1,740 | 1,686 | 1,426 | 51.8 | 50.7 | 48.7 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,493 | 3,491 | 3,301 | 51.0 | 51.1 | 49.8 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,522 | 4,515 | 4,309 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 38.3 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,752 | 5,774 | 5,619 | 46.6 | 46.7 | 45.1 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 5,779 | 5,863 | 5,731 | 51.2 | 52.0 | 51.5 |
| 55 to 64 years. . | 3,630 | 3,653 | 3,444 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 39.8 |
| 55 to 59 years. . | 2,211 | 2,241 | 2,089 | 46.7 | 47.4 | 45.0 |
| 60 to 64 years. . . | 1,419 | 1,412 | 1,355 | 34.8 | 34.7 9.9 | 33.8 |
| 65 years and over. . | 971 | 979 | 953 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.8 |

Table A-13: Employed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | (In thousands) |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| All industries. | 46,615 | 46,910 | 45,645 | 26,134 | 25,926 | 24,730 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,372 | 3,412 | 2,824 | 2,851 | 2,717 | 2,362 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,479 | 4,519 | 4,448 | 3,300 | 3,225 | 3,081 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,584 | 9,680 | 9,453 | 4,327 | 4,296 | 4,069 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,840 | 10,886 | 10,762 | 5,534 | 5,512 | 5,367 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,807 | 9,900 | 9,675 | 5,631 | 5,675 | 5,561 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,543 | 6,534 | 6,501 | 3,555 | 3,554 | 3,357 |
| 65 years and over. . | 1,990 | 1,978 | 1,981 | 937 | 949 | 932 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 43,509 | 43,559 | 42,398 | 25,595 | 25,149 | 24,192 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,046 | 3,000 | 2,524 | 2,804 | 2,629 | 2,324 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,299 | 4,303 | 4,217 | 3,266 | 3,187 | 3,047 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,168 | 9,252 | 9,048 | 4,263 | 4,210 | 3,994 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,268 | 10,284 | 10,176 | 5,416 | 5,339 | 5,231 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,157 | 9,214 | 9,013 | 5,502 | 5,492 | 5,443 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 5,951 | 5,939 | 5,861 | 3,440 | 3,396 | 3,268 |
| 65 years and over. . | 1,620 | 1,569 | 1,560 | 904 | 897 | 886 |
| Agriculture | 3,106 | 3,351 | 3,247 | 539 | 777 | 538 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 326 | 412 | 300 | 47 | 88 | 39 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 180 | 216 | 231 | 35 | 38 | 34 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 416 | 430 | 405 | 64 | 85 | 75 |
| 35 to 44 years. . | 573 | 603 | 585 | 118 | 173 | 136 |
| 45 to 54 years. . . . | 651 | 687 | 663 | 127 | 184 | 118 |
| 55 to 64 years. . . . | 592 | 594 | 640 | 115 | 158 | 89 |
| 65 years and over. . | 369 | 410 | 421 | 33 | 52 | 47 |

Table A-14: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

| Characteristics | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tocal |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1965 | Dec. . 1964 |
| CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totol . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 72,749 | 72,837 | 70,375 | 46,615 | 46,910 | 45,645 | 26,134 | 25,926 | 24,730 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 69,103 | 68,709 | 66,590 | 43,509 | 43,559 | 42,398 | 25,595 | 25,149 | 24,192 |
| Wage and salary workers | 62,497 | 62,075 | 59,687 | 38,841 | 38,909 | 37,414 | 23,656 | 23,166 | 22,273 |
| Private household workers | 2,596 | 2,641 | 2,581 | 233 | 257 | 241 | 2,362 | 2,384 | 2,339 |
| Government workers | 10,023 | 9,820 | 9,645 | 5,803 | 5,731 | 5.678 | 4,220 | 4,089 | 3,967 |
| Other wage and salary workers. | 49,878 | 49,614 | 47,461 | 32,805 | 32,921 | 31,495 | 17,074 | 16,693 | 15,967 |
| Self-employed workers. . . . . . . | 6,009 | 6,053 | 6,307 | 4,614 | 4,593 | 4,908 | 1,395 | 1,460 | 1,399 |
| Unpaid tamily workers. | 597 | 581 | , 596 | 53 | 57 | 76 3.247 | 544 | 524 | 520 |
| Agriculture. . . . . . . | 3,645 | 4,128 | 3,785 | 3,106 | 3,351 | 3,247 | 539 | 777 | 538 |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,118 | 1,355 | 1,114 | 980 | 1,126 | 995 | 138 | 229 | 119 |
| Self-employed workers. . | 2,029 | 2,137 | 2,168 | 1,907 | 1,995 | 2,061 | 121 | 142 | 107 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 499 | 637 | 503 | 219 | 230 | 191 | 280 | 407 | 312 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 72,749 | 72,837 | 70,375 | 46,615 | 46,910 | 45,645 | 26,134 | 25,926 | 24,730 |
| White-collar workers | 33,153 | 32,498 | 32,255 | 18,155 | 17,908 | 18,083 | 15,000 | 14,587 | 14,171 |
| Professional and technical. | 9,095 | 9,151 | 9,071 | 5,668 | 5,711 | 5,667 | 3,427 | 3,439 | 3,403 |
| Managers, officials, and proprieto | 7,250 | 7,026 | 7,448 | 6,153 | 5,977 | 6,398 | 1,097 | 1,048 | 1,050 |
| Clerical workers . . . . . . . . . | 11,623 | 11,463 | 10,766 | 3,332 | 3,274 | 3,120 | 8,292 | 8,189 | 7,646 |
| Sales workers . | 5,185 | 4,858 | 4,970 | 3,002 | 2,946 | 2,898 | 2,184 | 1,911 | 2,072 |
| Blue-collar workers | 26,560 | 26,915 | 25,409 | 22,222 | 22,626 | 21,260 | 4,336 | 4,290 | 4,150 |
| Crafrsmen and foremen | 9,283 | 9,466 | 8,918 | 9,047 | 9,227 | 8,650 | 236 | 239 | 268 |
| Operatives . . . | 13,648 | 13,773 | 13,084 | 9,653 | 9,830 | 9,301 | 3,995 | 3,944 | 3,784 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,628 | 3,676 | 3,407 | 3,522 | 3,569 | 3,309 | 105 | 107 | 98 |
| Service workers. . | 9,665 | 9,603 | 9,178 | 3,356 | 3,268 | 3,264 | 6,309 | 6,336 | 5,914 |
| Private household workers. | 2,396 | 2,432 | 2,407 | 60 | 58 | 64 | 2,336 | 2,375 | 2,344 |
| Ocher service workers. | 7,269 | 7,171 | 6,771 | 3,296 | 3,210 | 3,200 | 3,973 | 3,961 | 3,570 |
| Farm workers . . . . . | 3,372 | 3,819 | 3,530 | 2,882 | 3,106 | 3,036 | 489 | 713 | 497 |
| Farmers and farm managers | $2,014$ | 2,095 | 2,135 | $1,899$ | $1,961$ | $2,030$ | 115 | 134 | 106 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 1,358 | 1,724 | 1,395 | 983 | 1,145 | 1,006 | 374 | 579 | 391 |

Table A-15: Employed persons, by hours worked

| Hours worked | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  | Agriculture |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1964$ | Dec. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1965 | Nov. 1965 | Dec. 1964 |
| Tocal | 72,749 | 72,837 | 70,735 | 69,103 | 68,709 | 66.590 | 3,645 | 4,128 | 3,785 |
| With a job but not at work | 2,020 | 2,311 | 2,192 | 1,850 | 2,167 | 1,975 | 170 | 145 | 218 |
| At work. . . . . . . . . . | 70,729 | 70,525 | 68,182 | 67,254 | 66,542 | 64,615 | 3,476 | 3,983 | 3,567 |
| 1-34 hours. | 13,568 | 18,406 | 13,645 | 12,447 | 17,195 | 12,298 | 1,121 | 1,211 | 1,349 |
| 1-4 hours | 13,966 | 1,058 | 981 | 912 | 995 | 928 | 53 | 63 | 53 |
| 5-14 hours | 3,705 | 3,832 | 3,541 | 3,418 | 3,540 | 3,238 | 290 | 291 | 304 |
| 15-34 hours | 8,893 | 13,516 | 54,536 | 8,114 | 12,657 | 8,131 | 779 | 859 | 993 |
| 35 hours or more | 57,162 | 52,120 | 9,123 | 54,807 | 49,347 | 52,317 | 2,353 | 2,773 | $2,220$ |
| 35-40 hours | 32,913 | 28,966 | $31,671$ | 32,330 | 28,341 | 31,066 | 583 | . 625 | $605$ |
| 41 hours and over | 24,249 | $23,154$ | $22,865$ | $22,477$ | $21,006$ | 21,251 | $1,770$ | 2,148 | $1,615$ |
| Average hours, total at work | 40.4 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 40.1 | 43.8 | 45.6 | 41.4 |

Table A-16: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full- or part-time status | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bac. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 72,749 | 72,837 | 70,375 | 69,103 | 68,709 | 66.590 |
| With a job but not at work. | 2,020 | 2,311 | 2,192 | 1,850 | 2,167 | 1,975 |
| At work. . . . . . | 70,729 | 70,525 | 68,182 | 67,254 | 66,542 | 64,615 |
| On full-time schedules | 59,512 | 59,297 | 57,247 | 56,946 | 56,350 | 54,702 |
| 35 hours or more. | 57,162 | 52,120 | 54,536 | 54,807 | 49,347 | 52,317 |
| 1-14 hours for noneconomic reasons | 2,350 | 7,177 | 2,711 | 2,139 | 7,003 | 2,385 |
| Bad weather . . . . . . . . . | 346 | 341 | 713 | 248 | 259 | 495 |
| Induscrial dispute. | 12 | 42 | 4 | 12 | 42 | 4 |
| Vacation . . . . . | 237 | 289 | 263 | 226 | 281 | 260 |
| Illness. . | 999 | 888 | 847 | 972 | 857 | 819 |
| Holiday . | 65 | 4,824 | 230 | 61 | 4,814 | 228 |
| All other reasons. | 692 | 793 | 654 | 620 | 750 | 579 |
| On part time for economic reasons | 1,911 | 1,971 | 2,301 | 1,627 | 1,746 | 1,989 |
| Usually work full time . . . . . . | 956 | 955 | 1,223 | 761 | 830 | 1,021 |
| Average hours. . . . | 22.1 | 24.0 | 23.0 | 22.6 | 24.3 | 23.3 |
| Usually work part time. | 955 | 1,016 | 1,078 | 866 | 916 | 968 |
| Average hours . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 17.7 | 17.3 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 17.2 | 17.7 |
| On part time for noneconomic reasons; usually. work part time. | 9,308 | 9,258 | 8,634 | 8,682 | 8,445 | 7,924 |

Table A-17: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

| Reason not working | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total |  |  | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Number | Percent paid |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1964 | Dec. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total . | 2,020 | 2,311 | 2,192 | 1.850 | 2.167 | 1.975 | 1.597 | 1,848 | 1,639 | 44.3 | 44.6 | 45.6 |
| Bad weather | 62 | 53 | 175 | 41 | 26 | 104 | 31 | 19 | 54 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Industrial dispute | 29 | 34 | 23 | 29 | 34 | 23 | 29 | 34 | 23 | - | - | - |
| Vacation. . . . . | 465 | 568 | 465 | 444 | 559 | 450 | 411 | 507 | 416 | 86.9 | 79.7 | 89.4 |
| Mliness.. | 910 | 1,045 | 958 | 863 | 998 | 906 | 776 | 889 | 811 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 39.8 |
| All other reasons. | 553 | 611 | 572 | 473 | 550 | 491 | 349 | 399 | 335 | 18.3 | 22.1 | 14.6 |

1/ Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table A-18: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex

| Age, sex, and color | December 1965 <br> (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total labor force |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number | Percent of population | Total | Employed |  |  | Unemployed |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Keeping } \\ \text { house } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { In } \\ \text { school } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unable } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | Other |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Agri-cal- ture | Nonagricultural industries | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { labor } \\ \text { force } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male . | 51,148 | 76.9 | 48,340 | 46,615 | 3,106 | 43,509 | 1,726 | 3.6 | 15,340 | 154 | 7,054 | 1,108 | 7,025 |
| 14 and 15 years | 593 | 16.5 | 593 | 521 | 97 | 424 | 72 | 12.1 | 3,006 | 3 | 2,971 | 4 | 27 |
| 16 and 17 years | 1,430 | 40.6 | 1,390 | 1,174 | 126 | 1,048 | 217 | 15.6 | 2,093 | 15 | 1,999 | 10 | 69 |
| 18 and 19 years | 2,186 | 64.0 | 1,865 | 1,677 | 104 | 1,574 | 188 | 10.1 | 1,230 | - | 1,112 | 18 | 100 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5,933 | 86.7 | 4,729 | 4,479 | 180 | 4,299 | 250 | 5.3 | 907 | 4 | 784 | 30 | 89 |
| 25 to 29 years | 5,382 | 96.1 | 4,938 | 4,771 | 200 | 4,571 | 167 | 3.4 | 215 | - | 129 | 26 | 59 |
| 30 to 34 years | 5,247 | 97.7 | 4,916 | 4,813 | 216 | 4,597 | 103 | 2.1 | 121 | 2 | 38 | 23 | 59 |
| 35 to 39 years | 5,681 | 98.4 | 5,447 | 5,326 | 252 | 5,075 | 121 | 2.2 | 93 | , | 3 | 39 | 48 |
| 40 to 44 years | 5,772 | 96.4 | 5,632 | 5,514 | 321 | 5,193 | 118 | 2.1 | 217 | 4 | 5 | 71 | 136 |
| 45 to 49 years | 5,294 | 95.5 | 5,225 | 5,110 | 298 | 4,813 | 115 | 2.2 | 249 | 4 | 7 | 91 | 147 |
| 50 to 54 years | 4,830 | 94.7 | 4,809 | 4,697 | 353 | 4,344 | 112 | 2.3 | 268 | 7 | 1 | 79 | 181 |
| 55 to 59 years | 3,928 | 89.6 | 3,925 | 3,811 | 292 | 3,519 | 114 | 2.9 | 455 | 2 | 1 | 139 | 312 |
| 60 to 64 years | 2,827 | 77.2 | 2,826 | 2,732 | 300 | 2,432 | 94 | 3.3 | 834 | 9 | 1 | 161 | 663 |
| 65 to 69 years | 1,160 | 41.0 | 1,160 | 1,117 | 182 | 935 | 43 | 3.7 | 1,667 | 29 | - | 110 | 1,528 |
| 70 years and over . | 885 | 18.2 | 885 | 873 | 187 | 685 | 13 | 1.4 | 3,984 | 71 | 2 | 305 | 3,606 |
| White | 46,028 | 77.2 | 43,457 | 42,034 | 2,725 | 39,310 | 1,423 | 3.3 | 13,588 | 138 | 6,164 | 946 | 6,339 |
| Nonwhite. | 5,121 | 74.5 | 4,883 | 4,581 | 382 | 4,199 | 303 | 6.2 | 1,753 | 16 | 889 | 162 | 685 |
| Female | 27,329 | 38.6 | 27,296 | 26,134 | 539 | 25,595 | 1,162 | 4.3 | 43,408 | 35,099 | 6,823 | 700 | 786 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 440 | 12.6 | 440 | 410 | 7 | 403 | 30 | 6.9 | 3,054 | 40 | 2,988 | 4 | 22 |
| 16 and 17 years | 1,000 | 29.1 | 1,000 | 880 | 28 | 852 | 120 | 12.0 | 2,436 | 218 | 2,188 | 8 | 22 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,740 | 51.8 | 1,734 | 1,560 | 12 | 1,548 | 174 | 10.0 | 1,616 | 581 | 993 | 4 | 38 |
| 20 to 24 years | 3,493 | 51.0 | 3,480 | 3,300 | 35 | 3,266 | 180 | 5.2 | 3,355 | 2,766 | 534 | 22 | 33 |
| 25 to 29 years | 2,338 | 40.8 | 2,333 | 2,242 | 28 | 2,214 | 91 | 3.9 | 3,396 | 3,315 | 39 | 12 | 30 |
| 30 to 34 years | 2,184 | 39.5 | 2,181 | 2,085 | 36 | 2,049 | 96 | 4.4 | 3,343 | 3,278 | 20 | 12 | 33 |
| 35 to 39 years | 2,692 | 44.7 | 2,690 | 2,605 | 71 | 2,534 | 85 | 3.2 | 3,325 | 3,235 | 28 | 23 | 38 |
| 40 to 44 years | 3,060 | 48.3 | 3,058 | 2,929 | 47 | 2,882 | 129 | 4.2 | 3,278 | 3,232 | 12 | 13 | 21 |
| 45 to 49 years | 3,041 | 51.7 | 3,040 | 2,972 | 74 | 2,897 | 68 | 2.2 | 2,838 | 2,765 | 13 | 22 | 37 |
| 50 to 54 years | 2,738 | 50.6 | 2,737 | 2,659 | 53 | 2,605 | 78 | 2.9 | 2,673 | 2,603 | 5 | 35 | 30 |
| 55 to 59 years | 2,211 | 46.7 | 2,211 | 2,171 | 73 | 2,099 | 40 | 1.8 | 2,522 | 2,444 | 4 | 46 | 27 |
| 60 to 64 years | 1,419 | 34.8 | 1,419 | 1,384 | 42 | 1,341 | 35 | 2.5 | 2,662 | 2,548 | - | 39 | 75 |
| 65 to 69 years | 593 | 17.5 | 593 | 569 | 16 | 553 | 24 | 4.0 | 2,801 | 2,654 | - | 41 | 106 |
| 70 years and over. | 378 | 5.8 | 378 | 368 | 17 | 351 | 10 | 2.7 | 6,111 | 5,419 | - | 418 | 274 |
| White | 23,819 | 37.8 | 23,789 | 22,923 | 459 | 22,463 | 866 | 3.6 | 39,228 | 32,057 | 5,867 | 616 | 688 |
| Nonwhite. | 3,510 | 45.6 | 3,507 | 3,211 | 80 | 3,132 | 296 | 8.4 | 4,180 | 3,042 | 956 | 84 | 98 |

Table A-19: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry

| Industry | December 1965 <br> (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full- or part-time status |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | On <br> full- <br> time <br> sche- <br> dules | On part time |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { to } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \text { to } \\ 48 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons |  | $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Other } \\ \text { reasons }\end{array}\right]$Usually <br> work <br> part time |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Usually work full time | $\begin{gathered} \text { Usually } \\ \text { work } \\ \text { part time } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ${ }^{1}$. | 100.0 | 85.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 12.5 | 100.0 | 18.0 | 50.8 | 15.7 | 15.5 |
| Construction | 100.0 | 91.4 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 100.0 | 16.5 | 57.8 | 14.5 | 11.1 |
| Manufacturing. | 100.0 | 95.2 | 1.5 | . 4 | 2.9 | 100.0 | 8.3 | 57.8 | 18.8 | 15.1 |
| Durable goods | 100.0 | 97.2 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.5 | 100.0 | 6.3 | 58.4 | 19.5 | 15.8 |
| Nondurable goods. | 100.0 | 92.4 | 2.2 | . 6 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 10.9 | 57.1 | 17.7 | 14.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 100.0 | 93.5 | 1.4 | . 8 | 4.3 | 100.0 | 9.4 | 60.4 | 13.5 | 16.7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. . . . . | 100.0 | 75.7 | . 8 | 1.5 | 22.2 | 100.0 | 26.4 | 37.7 | 17.6 | 18.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 100.0 | 90.3 | . 4 | . 6 | 8.6 | 100.0 | 11.4 | 61.6 | 12.4 | 14.5 |
| Service industries. . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 72.3 | . 7 | 2.7 | 24.3 | 100.0 | 30.0 | 43.0 | 12.8 | 14.2 |

[^8]Table A-20: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation December 1965


Table A-21: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color
December 1965

| Occupation | Thousands |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | White |  |  | Nonwhite |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 72,749 | 46,615 | 26,134 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 33,153 | 18,155 | 15,000 | 45.6 | 38.9 | 57.4 | 48.6 | 41.3 | 62.1 | 20.0 | 17.2 | 24.0 |
| Professional and rechnical | 9,095 | 5,668 | 3,427 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 13.1 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 13.8 | 6.8 | 5.8 | 8.4 |
| Medical and ocher health | 1,482 | 607 | 875 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.6 |
| Teachers, except college | 1,995 | 551 | 1,444 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 5.7 | 2.2 | . 9 | 4.2 |
| Other professional and technical | 5,618 | 4,510 | 1,108 | 7.7 | 9.7 | 4.2 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 2.5 |
| Managers, officials, and proptietors | 7,250 | 6,153 | 1,097 | 10.0 | 13.2 | 4.2 | 10.8 | 14.3 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| Salaried workers. | 4,382 | 3,729 | 653 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 8.7 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 7 |
| Self-employed workers in retail trade | 1,345 | 1,057 | 288 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.2 | .7 | . 9 | . 5 |
| Self-employed workers, except retail trade | 1,523 | 1,367 | 156 | 2.1 | 2.9 | . 6 | 2.3 | 3.1 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 3 |
| Clerical workers | 11,623 | 3,332 | 8,292 | 16.0 | 7.1 | 31.7 | 16.9 | 7.2 | 34.5 | 8.6 | 6.4 | 11.6 |
| Stenographers, typists, and secretaries | 3,064 | 41 | 3,024 | 4.2 | . 1 | 11.6 | 4.5 | . 1 | 12.7 | 1.5 | . 1 | 3.5 |
| Other clerical workers . . . . . . . . . . | 8,559 | 3,291 | 5,268 | 11.8 | 7.1 | 20.2 | 12.3 | 7.1 | 21.8 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 8.1 |
| Sales workers | 5,185 | 3,002 | 2,184 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| Retail trade. | 3,305 | 1,299 | 2,007 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 7.7 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 8.4 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.3 |
| Other sales workers | 1,880 | 1,703 | 177 | 2.6 | 3.7 | . 7 | 2.8 | 4.0 | . 7 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 26,560 | 22,222 | 4,336 | 36.5 | 47.7 | 16.6 | 35.9 | 46.4 | 16.7 | 41.8 | 59.9 | 16.1 |
| Craftsmen, foremen | 9,284 | 9,047 | 236 | 12.8 | 19.4 | . 9 | 13.4 | 20.2 | . 9 | 7.2 | 11.7 | . 7 |
| Carpenters. . | 889 | 886 | 3 | 1.2 | 1.9 | (1) | 1.3 | 2.0 | (1) | . 7 | 1.2 | - |
| Construction craftsmen, except carpenters | 1,828 | 1,812 | 15 | 2.5 | 3.9 | . 1 | 2.6 | 4.0 | . 1 | 1.8 | 3.1 |  |
| Mechanics and repairmen | 2,323 | 2,305 | 19 | 3.2 | 4.9 | . 1 | 3.3 | 5.1 | . 1 | 2.0 | 3.4 | (1) |
| Metal craftsmen, except mechanics | 1,151 | 1,139 | 11 | 1.6 | 2.4 | (1) | 1.7 | 2.6 | (1) | . 8 | 1.2 | . 1 |
| Other craftsmen and kindred workers | 1,852 | 1,748 | 104 | 2.5 | 3.7 | . 4 | 2.7 | 3.9 | . 4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | . 2 |
| Foremen, not elsewhere classified | 1,241 | 1,157 | 84 | 1.7 | 2.5 | . 3 | 1.8 | 2.7 | . 3 | . 6 | . 8 | . 4 |
| Operatives | 13,648 | 9,653 | 3,995 | 18.8 | 20.7 | 15.3 | 18.5 | 20.1 | 15.4 | 21.2 | 25.9 | 14.6 |
| Drivers and deliverymen. | 2,510 | 2,459 | 52 | 3.5 | 5.3 | . 2 | 3.4 | 5.1 | . 2 | 4.1 | 6.8 | . 2 |
| Other operatives. | 11,138 | 7,194 | 3,943 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 17.2 | 19.1 | 14.4 |
| Durable goods manufacturing | 4,489 | 3,374 | 1,115 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 2.4 |
| Nondurable goods manufacturing | 3,692 | 1,673 | 2,018 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 7.7 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 7.9 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 6.5 |
| Other industries. . | 2,957 | 2,147 | 810 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,628 | 3,522 | 105 | 5.0 | 7.6 | . 4 | 4.0 | 6.0 | . 4 | 13.3 | 22.2 | . 7 |
| Construction | 713 | 709 | 4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | (1) | . 8 | 1.2 | (1) | 2.5 | 4.3 | . 1 |
| Manufacturing | 1,135 | 1,077 | 57 | 1.6 | 2.3 | . 2 | 1.2 | 1.8 | . 2 | 4.2 | 7.0 | . 2 |
| Other industries | 1,780 | 1,736 | 44 | 2.4 | 3.7 | . 2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | .1 | 6.6 | 11.0 | . 5 |
| Service workers | 9,665 | 3,356 | 6,309 | 13.3 | 7.2 | 24.1 | 10.9 | 6.3 | 19.5 | 32.8 | 15.4 | 57.6 |
| Private household workers. | 2,396 | 60 | 2,336 | 3.3 | . 1 | 8.9 | 2.1 | .1 | 5.8 | 13.1 | . 2 | 31.4 |
| Service workers, except private household | 7,269 | 3,296 | 3,973 | 10.0 | 7.1 | 15.2 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 13.7 | 19.7 | 15.1 | 26.2 |
| Protective service workers | 834 | 803 | 31 | 1.1 | 1.7 | . 1 | 1.2 | 1.8 | . 1 | . 6 | 1.0 | . 1 |
| Waiters, cooks, and bartenders | 2,018 | 609 | 1,409 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 7.4 |
| Other service workers | 4,417 | 1,884 | 2,533 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 9.7 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 8.4 | 14.4 | 11.4 | 18.7 |
| Farm workers | 3,372 | 2,882 | 489 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 2.3 |
| Farmers and farm managers | 2,014 | 1,899 | 115 | 2.8 | 4.1 | . 4 | 2.9 | 4.2 | . 5 | 1.6 | 2.5 | . 2 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 1,358 | 983 | 374 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 2.1 |
| Paid workers. | 863 | 766 | 97 | 1.2 | 1.6 | . 4 | . 9 | 1.3 | . 2 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 1.6 |
| Unpaid family workers | 495 | 217 | 277 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.1 | .4 | . 4 | . 5 |

1/ Less than 0.05 .

Table A-22: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics

December 1965

| Characteristics | (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { full- } \\ \text { cime } \\ \text { sched- } \\ \text { ules } \end{gathered}$ | On part time |  |  | Total work | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \text { to } \\ 40 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { hours } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ | Average hours, total ${ }_{\text {work }}$ |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons | Other reasons |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Usually } \\ & \text { work } \\ & \text { full time } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Usually } \\ \text { work } \\ \text { part time } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Usually } \\ \text { work } \\ \text { part time } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 67,254 | 100.0 |  | 84.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 12.9 | 100.0 | 18.5 | 48.1 | 33.4 | 40.2 |
| Male | 42,328 | 100.0 | 91.0 | 1.1 | . 8 | 7.1 | 100.0 | 12.2 | 46.0 | 41.8 | 43.1 |
| 14 to 17 years | 1,446 | 100.0 | 13.5 | - | 1.7 | 84.9 | 100.0 | 86.9 | 8.6 | 4.6 | 16.4 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,562 | 100.0 | 64.6 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 32.2 | 100.0 | 39.1 | 38.6 | 22.4 | 33.7 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,227 | 100.0 | 88.7 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 8.6 | 100.0 | 13.8 | 47.6 | 38.6 | 41.9 |
| 25 to 34 y ears. | 9,005 | 100.0 | 96.7 | 1.3 | . 5 | 1.5 | 100.0 | 6.7 | 47.6 | 45.7 | 45.1 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,046 | 100.0 | 97.8 | . 7 | . 6 | . 9 | 100.0 | 5.3 | 46.2 | 48.5 | 46.1 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 14,517 | 100.0 | 96.2 | 1.2 | . 7 | 1.8 | 100.0 | 7.3 | 49.7 | 42.9 | 44.5 |
| 65 years and over | 1,524 | 100.0 | 68.1 | . 7 | 1.7 | 29.5 | 100.0 | 34.7 | 37.6 | 27.7 | 35.1 35.4 |
| Female | 24,926 | 100.0 | 74.0 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 22.7 | 100.0 | 29.3 | 51.6 | 19.2 | 35.4 12.4 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 1,242 | 100.0 | 7.2 | . 6 | 1.7 | 90.4 | 100.0 | 92.9 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 12.4 32.4 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 1,533 | 100.0 | 68.2 | 1.6 | 4.3 | 25.9 12.4 | 100.0 100.0 | 35.3 19.3 | 51.6 | 13.1 | 32.4 37.8 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,192 | 100.0 | 84.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 19.3 24.8 | 61.1 | 19.6 | 37.8 36.4 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,150 | 100.0 | 79.5 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 17.6 21.4 | 100.0 100.0 | 24.8 27.9 | 56.1 53.0 | 19.2 19.1 | 36.4 36.2 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,286 | 100.0 | 75.2 79.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 2.0 | 21.4 17.6 | 100.0 | 27.9 23.9 | 53.0 53.7 | 19.1 22.4 | 36.2 37.8 |
| 45 to 64 years. . . | 8,672 851 | 100.0 100.0 | 79.3 56.3 | 1.19 | 2.0 1.1 | 17.6 41.8 | 100.0 100.0 | 23.9 44.8 | 33.7 | 22.4 23.0 | 37.8 32.6 |
| MARITAL STATUS AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male: Single | 6,840 | 100.0 | 65.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 31.1 | 100.0 | 36.4 | 41.2 | 22.3 | 33.6 |
| Married, wife present | 33,441 | 100.0 | 96.1 | 1.0 | . 5 | 2.4 | 100.0 | 7.2 | 46.8 | 46.0 | 45.0 |
| Other . . . . . . . . | 2,047 | 100.0 | 91.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 12.8 | 48.8 | 38.3 | 42.2 |
| Female: Single | 6,005 | 100.0 | 67.7 | . 7 | 2.1 | 29.6 | 100.0 | 34.9 | 48.7 | 16.5 | 32.1 |
| Married, husband present | 13,961 | 100.0 | 74.3 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 22.7 | 100.0 | 29.1 | 52.6 | 18.3 | 35.9 |
| Other. . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,959 | 100.0 | 80.5 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 14.4 | 100.0 | 22.7 | 52.4 | 24.9 | 38.1 |
| COLOR AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 60,126 | 100.0 | 85.2 | 1.0 | . 9 | 13.0 | 100.0 | 18.1 | 47.5 | 34.5 | 40.5 |
| Male | 38,249 | 100.0 | 91.4 | . 9 | . 6 | 7.2 | 100.0 | 11.9 | 45.0 | 43.2 | 43.4 |
| Female | 21,877 | 100.0 | 74.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 23.2 | 100.0 | 28.8 | 52.0 | 19.2 | 35.5 |
| Nonwhite | 7,128 | 100.0 | 80.5 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 12.0 | 100.0 | 22.8 | 52.7 | 24.5 | 37.9 |
| Male | 4,079 | 100.0 | 87.4 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 6.6 19.3 | 100.0 100.0 | 15.9 31.9 | 55.3 49.2 | 28.7 18.9 | 40.1 34.9 |
| Female | 3,049 | 100.0 | 71.2 | 2.1 | 7.4 | 19.3 | 100.0 | 31.9 | 49.2 | 18.9 | 34.9 |

Table A-23: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker
December 1965

| (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hours of work | Total | Agriculture |  |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Wage and salary workers | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid family workers | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid family workers |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Private households | Government | Other |  |  |
| Total at work . . .thousands Percenc. . . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r} 70,729 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,476 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,074 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,902 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 499 \\ 100.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67,254 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60,899 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,549 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,808 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,542 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,756 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 598 \\ 100.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 1 to 34 hours | 19.1 | 32.2 | 31.5 | 26.4 | 55.8 | 18.5 | 18.0 | 65.8 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 19.9 | 47.3 |
| 1 to 14 hours. | 6.6 | 9.8 | 13.2 | 10.5 | - | 6.4 | 6.3 | 42.1 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 8.3 | - |
| 15 to 21 houts | 5.1 | 10.2 | 9.0 | 5.5 | 30.5 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 11.3 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 28.3 |
| 22 to 29 hours | 3.7 | 8.2 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 19.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 7.7 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 13.6 |
| 30 to 34 hours | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 5.4 |
| 35 to 40 hours | 46.5 | 16.8 | 19.6 | 14.1 | 21.1 | 48.1 | 50.8 | 19.2 | 56.8 | 51.2 | 22.0 | 20.6 |
| 35 to 39 hours | 6.1 | 6.3 | 2.8 | 6.4 | 13.5 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 6.4 |
| 40 hours. | 40.4 | 10.5 | 16.8 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 42.0 | 44.5 | 14.6 | 50.5 | 44.9 | 17.9 | 14.2 |
| 41 houts and over | 34.3 | 51.0 | 48.9 | 59.4 | 23.2 | 33.4 | 31.2 | 15.0 | 27.6 | 32.7 | 58.2 | 32.3 |
| 41 to 47 hours | 8.4 | 4.5 | 6.8 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 9.1 | 7.5 | 6.1 |
| 48 hours. | 6.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.0 | . 7 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 6.3 | 6.2 |
| 49 hours and over. | 19.1 | 41.3 | 36.3 | 50.6 | 16.4 | 17.9 | 15.5 | 7.6 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 44.4 | 20.0 |
| 49 to 54 hours | 7.2 | 9.6 | 9.0 | 11.1 | 5.2 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 2.3 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 12.3 | 4.3 |
| 55 to 59 hours | 3.1 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 4.9 | 2.4 |
| 60 to 69 hours | 5.0 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 12.2 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 13.2 | 5.2 |
| 70 hours and over. | 3.8 | 15.7 | 9.9 | 21.8 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 14.0 | 8.1 |
| Average hours, total at work | 40.4 | 43.8 | 41.1 | 48.0 | 33.7 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 23.9 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 46.7 | 37.2 |

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A-24: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, seasonally adiusted

| Employment status | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Jan. 1965 | Dec. $1964$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total labo | 79,375 | 78,847 | 78,538 | 78,206 | 78,465 | 78,874 | 78,356 | 78,127 | 78,063 | 77,647 | 77,755 | 77,621 | 77,432 |
| Civilian labor force | 76,534 | 76,052 | 75,778 | 75,483 | 75,772 | 76,181 | 75,676 | 75,443 | 75,377 | 74,944 | 75,051 | 74,914 | 74,706 |
| Employed | 73,412 | 72,839 | 72,486 | 72,182 | 72,397 | 72,766 | 72,118 | 71,937 | 71,717 | 71,440 | 71,304 | 71,284 | 71,004 |
| Agriculture | 4,417 | 4,244 | 4,551 | 4,405 | 4,576 | 4,674 | 4,659 | 4,958 | 4,843 | 4,550 | 4,595 | 4,513 | 4,541 |
| Nonagriculcural industries | 68,995 | 68,595 | 67,935 | 67,777 | 67,821 | 68,092 | 67,459 | 66,979 | 66,874 | 66,890 | 66,709 | 66,771 | 66,463 |
| Unemployed | 3,122 | 3,213 | 3,292 | 3,301 | 3,375 | 3,415 | 3,558 | 3,506 | 3,660 | 3,504 | 3,747 | 3,630 | 3,702 |

Table A-25: Seasonally adiusted rates of unemployment

| Selected unemployment rates | Dec. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May }_{1} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1965 | Jan. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 20-24 years | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| 25 years and over | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3. |
| Women, 20 years and over | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Both sezes, 14-19 years. | 13.1 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 12.4 | 13.2 | 14.1 | 14.5 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 15.7 |
| Married men (wife present) | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Labor force time lost . | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 |

Table A-26: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment, seasonally adiusted

| Duration of unemployment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | June 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,521 | 1;556 | 1,576 | 1,697 | 1,739 | 1,826 | 1,802 | 1,876 | 1,858 | 1,719 | 1,752 | 1,663 | 1,719 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 863 | 909 | 1,015 | 858 | 990 | 988 | 1,023 | 1,058 | 1,027 | 966 | 1,037 | 1,032 | 1,055 |
| 15 weeks and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 665 | 652 | 703 | 736 | 705 | 659 | 806 | 696 | 809 | 800 | 905 | 823 | 889 |
| Percent of civilian labor force | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 |

Table A-27: Employment stotus, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

| Employment status, age and sex | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | oct. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug . } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1965 | Mar . <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1964 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civilian labor fors | 76,534 | 76,052 | 75,778 | 75,483 | 75,772 | 76,181 | 75,676 | 75,443 | 75,377 | 74,944 | 75,051 | 74,914 | 74,706 |
| Nen, 20 years and over | .44,700 | 44,507 | 44,513 | 44,573 | 44,877 | 44,958 | 44,996 | 45,052 | 44,947 | 44,943 | 45,038 | 44,930 | 44,687 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 24,128 | 23,933 | 23,760 | 23,716 | 23,772 | 23,878 | 23,895 | 23,375 | 23,455 | 23,380 | 23,501 | 23,489 | 23,375 |
| Both sexes, 14 to 19 years. | 7,706 | 7,612 | 7,505 | 7,194 | 7,123 | 7,345 | 6,785 | 7,016 | 6,975 | 6,621 | 6,512 | 6,495 | 6,644 |
| Employed, all industries. | 73,412 | 72,839 | 72,486 | 72,182 | 72,397 | 72,766 | 72,118 | 71,937 | 71,717 | 71,440 | 71,304 | 71,284 | 71,004 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 43,536 | 43,281 | 43,206 | 43,211 | 43,456 | 43,544 | 43,542 | 43,579 | 43,415 | 43,438 | 43,418 | 43,345 | 43,125 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 23,176 | 22,897 | 22,756 | 22,713 | 22,703 | 22,846 | 22,750 | 22,362 | 22,387 | 22,299 | 22,314 | 22,434 | 22,277 |
| Both sexes, 14 to 19 years. | 6,700 | 6,661 | 6,524 | 6,258 | 6,238 | 6,376 | 5,826 | 5,996 | 5,915 | 5,703 | 5,572 | 5,505 | 5,602 |
| Employed, nonagricultural industries | 68,995 | 68,595 | 67,935 | 67,777 | 67,821 | 68,092 | 67,459 | 66,979 | 66,874 | 66,890 | 66,709 | 66,771 | 66,463 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 40,544 | 40,357 | 40,063 | 40,085 | 40,282 | 40,342 | 40,262 | 40,213 | 40,135 | 40,265 | 40,182 | 40,159 | 39,954 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 22,410 | 22,209 | 22,019 | 22,029 | 21,952 | 22,097 | 22,011 | 21,526 | 21,570 | 21,572 | 21,553 | 21,674 | 21,502 |
| Boch sexes, 14 to 19 years. | 6,041 | 6,029 | 5,853 | 5,663 | 5,587 | 5,653 | 5,186 | 5,240 | 5,169 | 5,053 | 4,974 | 4,938 | 5,007 |
| Unemployed. | 3,122 | 3,213 | 3,292 | 3,301 | 3,375 | 3,415 | 3,558 | 3,506 | 3,660 | 3,504 | 3,747 | 3,630 | 3,702 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 1,164 | 1,226 | 1,307 | 1,362 | 1,421 | 1,414 | 1,454 | 1,473 | 1,532 | 1,505 | 1,620 | 1,585 | 1,562 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 952 | 1,036 | 1,004 | 1,003 | 1,069 | 1,032 | 1,145 | 1,013 | 1,068 | 1,081 | 1,187 | 1,055 | 1,098 |
| Both sexes, 14 to 19 years | 1,006 | 951 | 981 | 936 | 885 | 969 | 959 | 1,020 | 1,060 | 918 | 940 | 990 | 1,042 |

Table A-28: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full- or part-time status, seasonally adjusted (In thousands)

| Full- or part-time status | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | oct. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | June 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Jen. 1965 | Dec. 1964 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On fuli-time schedules | 55,884 | 55,191 | 54,671 | 54,955 | 54,920 | 55,153 | 54,656 | 54,185 | 53,906 | 54,335 | 54,147 | 54,175 | 53,682 |
| On part time for economic reasons | 1,751 | 1,792 | 1,834 | 1,774 | 2,018 | 2,116 | 2,002 | 1,895 | 1,825 | 1,959 | 1,997 | 2,128 | 2,132 |
| Usually work full time. | 778 | 804 | 852 | 840 | 955 | 977 | 966 | 950 | 818 | 877 | 952 | 1,000 | 1,044 |
| Usually work part cime | 973 | 988 | 982 | 934 | 1,063 | 1,139 | 1,036 | 945 | 1,007 | 1,082 | 1,045 | 1,128 | 1,088 |
| On part time for noneconomic reasons; usually work part time | 8,052 | 7,870 | 7,914 | 7,734 | 7,705 | 7,926 | 7,931 | 7,411 | 7,193 | 7,219 | 7,138 | 7,338 | 7,351 |

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLOYMENT

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division 1919 to date
(In thousands)

| Year and moath | total | Mining | Contract construction | Manufac. turing | Transporpublic utilities | Wholesale and recail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, estate | Service and miscel- laneous <br> laneous | Govemment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Wholesale | Retail |  |  | Total | Federal | State and local |
| 1919. | 27,088 | 1,133 | 1,021 | 10,659 | 3,711 | $4,514$ | - | - | 1,171 | 2,263 | 2,676 |  |  |
| 1920. | 27,350 | 1,239 | ${ }^{1} 848$ | $10,658$ | 3,998 | $4,467$ |  |  | 1,175 | 2,362 | 2,603 | - |  |
| 1921. | 24,382 | 962 | 1,012 | 8,257 | 3,459 | 4,589 |  |  | 1,163 | 2,412 | 2,528 |  |  |
| 1922. | 25,827 | 929 | 1,185 | 9,120 | 3,505 | 4,903 |  |  | 1,144 | 2,503 | 2,538 |  |  |
| 1923. | 28,394 | 1,212 | 1,229 | 10,300 | 3,882 | 5,290 | - | - | 1,190 | 2,604 | 2,607 | - | - |
| 1924 | 28,040 | 1,101 | 1,321 | 9,671 | 3,807 | 5,407 | - |  | 1,231 | 2,782 | 2,720 |  |  |
| 1925 | 28,778 | 1,089 | 1,446 | 9,939 | 3,826 | 5,576 |  |  | 1,233 | 2,869 | 2,800 | - |  |
| 1926. | 29,819 | 1,185 | 1,555 | 10,156 | 3,942 | 5,784 |  |  | 1,305 | 3,046 | 2,846 |  |  |
| 1927. | 29,976 | 1, 174, | 1,608 | 10,001 | 3,895 | 5,908 |  |  | 1,367 | 3,168 | 2,915 |  |  |
| 1928. | 30,000 | 1,050 | 1,606 | 9,947 | 3,828 | 5,074 | - | - | 1,435 | 3,265 | 2,995 | - |  |
| 1929 | 31,339 | 1,08? | 1,497 | 10,702 | 3,916 | 6,123 | - | - | 1,509 | 3,440 | 3,065 | 533 | 2,532 |
| 1930 | 29,424 | 2,009 | 1,372 | 9,562 | 3,685 | 5,797 | - |  | 1,475 | 3,376 | 3,14,8 | 526 | 2,622 |
| 1931. | 26,649 | 873 | 1,214 | 8,170 | 3,254 | 5,284 | - |  | 1,407 | 3,183 | 3,264 | 560 | 2,704 |
| 1932. | 23,628 | 731 | 970 | 6,931 | 2,816 | 4,683 |  |  | 1,341 | 2,931 | 3,225 | 559 | 2,666 |
| 1933. | 23,712 | 74 | 809 | 7,397 | 2,672 | 4,755 | - | - | 1,295 | 2,873 | 3,166 | 565 | 2,601 |
| 1934 | 25,953 | 883 | 862 | 8,501 | 2,750 | 5,281 |  | - | 1,319 | 3,058 | 3,299 | 652 | 2,647 |
| 193 | 27,053 | 897 | 912 | 9,069 | 2,786 | 5,431 |  |  | 1,335 | 3,142 | 3,481 | 753 | 2,728 |
| 1936 | 29,082 | 946 | 1, 145 | 9,827 | 2,973 | 5,809 |  |  | 1,388 | 3,326 | 3,668 | 826 | 2,842 |
| 1937 | 31,026 | 1,015 | 1,112 | 10,794 | 3,134 | 6,265 |  |  | 1,432 | 3,518 | 3,756 | 833 | 2,923 |
| 1938......... | 29,209 | 891 | 1,055 | 9,440 | 2,863 | 6,179 |  | - | 1,425 | 3,473 | 3,883 | 829 | 3,054 |
| 1939 | 30,618 | 854 | 1,150 | 10,278 | 2,936 | 6,426 | 1,684 | 4,742 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 | 32,376 | 925 | 1,294 | 10,985 | 3,038 | 6,750 | 1,754 | 4,996 | 1,462 | 3,517 | 3,995 | 905 | 3,090 |
| 1947 | 36,554 | 957 | 1,790 | 13,192 | 3,274 | 7,210 | 1,873 | 5,338 | 1,549 | 3,921 | 4,660 | 1,340 | 3,320 |
| 1942 | 40,125 | 992 | 2,170 | 15,280 | 3,460 | 7,118 | 1,821 | 5,297 | 1,538 | 4,084 | 5,483 | 2,213 | 3,270 |
|  | 42,452 | 925 | 1,567 | 17,602 | 3,647 | 6,982 | 1,741 | 5,242 | 1,502 | 4, 2148 | 6,080 | 2,905 | 3,174 |
| 1914. | 41,883 | 892 | 1,094 | 17,328 | 3,829 | 7,058 | 1,762 | 5,296 | 1,476 | 4,163 | 6,043 | 2,928 | 3,216 |
| 1945. | 40,394 | 836 | 1,132 | 15,524 | 3,906 | 7,314 | 1,862 | 5,452 | 1,497 | 4,241 | 5,944 | 2,808 | 3,137 |
| 1916. | 41,674 | 862 | 1,661 | 14,703 | 4,061 | 8,376 | 2,190 | 6,186 | 1,697 | 4,719 | 5,595 | 2,254 | 3,341 |
| 1947 | 43,881 | 955 | 1,982 | 15,545 | 4,166 | 8,955 | 2,361 | 6,595 | 1,754 | 5,050 | 5,474 | 1,892 | 3,582 |
| 1948 | 44,891 | 994 | 2,169 | 15,582 | 4,189 | 9,272 | 2,489 | 6,783 | 1,829 | 5,206 | 5,650 | 1,863 | 3,787 |
| 1949. | 43,778 | 930 | 2,165 | 14,4411 | 4,001 | 9,264 | 2,487 | 6,778 |  | 5,264 |  |  |  |
| 1950 | 45,222 | 901 | 2,333 | 15,241 | 4,034 | 9,386 | 2,518 | 6,868 | 1,919 | 5,382 | 6,026 | 1,928 | 4,498 |
| 1951. | 47,849 | 929 | 2,603 | 16,393 | 4,226 | 9,742 | 2,606 | 7,136 | 1,991 | 5,576 | 6,389 | 2,302 | 4,087 |
| 195 | 48,825 | 898 | 2,634 | 16,632 | 4, 24.8 | 10,004 | 2,687 | 7,317 | 2,069 | 5,730 | 6,609 | 2,420 | 4,188 |
| 195 | 50,232 | 866 | 2,623 | 17,549 | 4,290 | 10, 247 | 2,727 | 7,520 | 2,146 | 5,867 | 6,645 | 2,305 | 4,340 |
| 1954. | 49,022 | 791 | 2,612 | 16,314 | 4,084 | 10,235 | 2,739 | 7,496 | 2,234 |  | 6,751 |  | 4,563 |
| 1955. | 50,675 | 792 | 2,802 | 16,882 | 4,141 | 10,535 | 2,796 | 7,740 | 2,335 | 6,274 | 6,914 | 2,187 | 4,727 |
| 1956. | 52,408 52,894 | 882 | 2,999 | 17,243 | 4,244 | 10,858 | 2,884 | 7,974 | 2,429 | 6,536 | 7,277 | 2,209 | 5,069 |
| 1957. | 52,894 51,368 | 828 751 | 2,923 2,778 | 17,174 15,945 | 4,241 3,976 | 10,886 10,750 | 2,893 | 7,992 | 2,477 | 6,749 | 7,616 | 2,217 | 5,399 |
| 1958 | 51,368 | 751 | 2,778 | 15,945 | 3,976 | 10,750 | 2,848 | 7,902 | 2,519 | 6,811 | 7,839 | 2,191 | 5,648 |
| 1959......... | 53,297 | 732 | 2,960 | 16,675 | 4,011 | 11,127 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960. | 54,203 | 712 | 2,885 | 16,796 | 4,004 | 11,391 | 3,004 | 8,388 | 2,669 | 7,392 | 8,353 | 2,233 | 6,083 |
| 1961. | 53,989 | 672 650 | 2,816 | 16,326 | 3,903 | 11,337 | 2,993 | 8,344 | 2,731 | 7,610 | 8,594 | 2,279 | 6,315 |
| 1962.......... | 55,515 56,602 | 650 635 | 2,902 | 16,853 | 3,906 | 11,566 | 3,056 | 8,511 | 2,800 | 7,947 | 8,890 | 2,340 | 6,550 |
| 1964........... | 58,156 | 635 633 | 2,963 3,056 | 16,995 17,259 | 3,903 | 12,778 | 3,104 | 8,675 | 2,877 | 8,226 | 9,225 | 2,358 | 6,868 |
| 1965. | 60,432 | 628 | 3,211 | 17,984 | 4,037 | 12,132 | 3,173 | 8,959 | 2,964 | 8,569 | 9,595 | 2, 348 | 7,248 |
| 1964: | 59,896 | 633 | 3,007 | 17,547 | 4,002 | 13,084 | 3,263 | 9,322 9,844 | 3,043 2,981 | 8,903 | 10,046 10,015 | 2,379 2,483 | 7,667 7,532 |
| 1965: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,015 | , | 7,532 |
| January.. | 58,234 | 619 | 2,800 | 17,396 | 3,863 | 12,190 | 3,190 | 9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| February. | 58, 341 | 616 | 2,713 | 17,473 | 3,917 | 12,112 | 3,182 | 8,930 | 2,973 2,986 | 8,557 | 9,836 | 2,323 2,319 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,513 \\ & 7,601 \end{aligned}$ |
| March.... | 58,784 59,47 | 615 | 2,820 2,978 | 17,578 17,659 | 3,965 | 12,167 | 3,189 | 8,978 | 2,986 | 8,662 | 9,920 | 2,319 | 7,601 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { April..... } \\ & \text { May....... } \end{aligned}$ | 59,471 60,000 | 623 | 2,978 3,223 | 17,659 17,745 | 3,977 4,008 | 12,418 | 3,199 | 9,219 | 3,012 | 8,796 | 10,008 | 2,337 | 7,671 |
| June. . . . . | 60,848 | 640 | 3,4,412 | 17,745 | 4,008 4,070 | 12,437 12,596 | 3,213 | 9,224 | 3,029 | 8,905 | 0,024 | 2,338 | 7,686 |
| July..... | 60,694 | 641 | 3,476 | 18,016 | 4,083 | 12,596 | 3,269 | 9,327 | 3,062 3,098 | 9,008 | 10,033 | 2,374 | 7,659 |
| August... | 60,960 | 640 | 3,575 | 18,211 | 4,098 | 12,583 | 3,301 | 9,282 | 3,098 | 9,087 | 9,716 | 2,407 | 7,309 |
| September | 61,515 | 627 | 3,495 | 18,428 |  | 12,639 | 3,307 |  | 3,073 |  | 9,698 | 2,408 | 7,290 |
| October.. | 61,786 | 629 | 3,465 | 18,412 | 4,104 | 12,736 | 3,321 | 9,415 | 3,073 3,066 | 9,039 9,073 | 10,102 | 2,377 | 7,725 |
| November. | 61,984 | 637 | 3,379 | 18,444 | 4,093 | 12,949 | 3,327 | 9,622 | 3,061 | 9,033 | 10,304 | 2,402 | 7,917 |
| Decermber. | 62,563 | 631 | 3,200 | 18,413 | 4,086 | 13,622 | 3,344 | 11,278 | 3,058 | 9,013 | 10,540 | 2,402 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 7,992 \\ & 7,990 \end{aligned}\right.$ |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 ( 0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the
part for the 2 most recent months and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SIC } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec }_{6} \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Novo } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nova } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 3964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Nov}_{0} \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TOTAL. | 62,563 | 61,984 | 61,786 | 59.896 | 59,405 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MINING . | 631 | 631 | 629 | 633 | 640 |  | 495 | 494 | 497 | 504 |
| 10 | metal mining | - | 84.0 | 82.9 | 81.6 | 82.2 |  | 70.0 | 68.9 | 63.0 | 68.3 |
| 101 | Ifon ores | . | 26.1 | 26.4 | 24.5 | 25.2 |  | 22.1 | 22.3 | 20.7 | 21.4 |
| 102 | Copper ores |  | 30.6 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 28.9 |  | 25.1 | 24.0 | 24.1. | 23.7 |
| 11,12 | coal mining | . | 144.8 | 143.4 | 149.0 | 148.3 | - | 126.6 | 125.5 | 131.3 | 130.8 |
| 12 | Bituminous . | - | 133.9 | 132.7 | 137.6 | 136.8 | - | 116.8 | 115.9 | 121.2 | 120,6 |
| 13 | Crude petroleum and natural gas. . |  | 279.5 | 278.2 | 287.0 | 289.3 | - | 196. 2 | 195.2 | 202.5 | 204.5 |
| 131,2 | Crude petroleum and natural gas fields. |  | 151.6 | 151.9 | 156.3 | 157.1 |  | 85.2 | 85.4 | 88.9 | 89.8 |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services | . | 127.9 | 126.3 | 130.7 | 132.2 | - | 111.0 | 109.8 | 113.6 | 114.7 |
| 14 | Quarrying and monmetallic mining | - | 123.0 | 124.5 | 115.0 | 120.2 |  | 102.4 | 103.9 | 95.0 | 99.9 |
| 142 | Crushed and broken stone |  | 43.3 | 44.4 | 40.3 | 42.2 | - | 37.0 | 38.1 | 34.1 | 35.9 |
| 144 | Sand and gravel. | - | 40.8 | 42.3 | 37.6 | 41.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION . . . . . . . | 3,200 | 3,379 | 3,465 | 3,007 | 3,227 |  | 2,888 | 2,975 | 2,547 | 2,768 |
|  | GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS |  | 1,084.3 | 1,098.6 | 970.2 | 1,031.5 |  | 937.9 | 952.5 | 833.0 | 894.4 |
| 16 | heavy construction. | . | 684.6 | 730.9 | 544.4 | 644.3 | . | 597.4 | 642.3 | 460.8 | 562.6 |
| 161 | Highway and street construction |  | 353.8 | 390.4 | 253.5 | 328.2 | . | 318.2 | 354.6 | 219.8 | 294.5 |
| 162 | Other heavy construction. | $\cdot$ | 330.8 | 340.5 | 290.9 | 316.1 | - | 279.2 | 287.7 | 241.0 | 268.1 |
| 17 | special trade contractors | - | 1,610.3 | 1,635.5 | 1,492.4 | 1,551.3 | - | 1,352.9 | 1,380. 3 | 1,253.2 | 1,311.4 |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning. . . | - | 381.7 | 385.7 | 367.3 | 374.5 | - | 310.9 | 314.9 | 298.9 | 305.7 |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating . . | - | 142.2 | 151.8 | 129.4 | 142.1 |  | 127.8 | 137.3 | 116.0 | 128.5 |
| 173 | Electrical work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 246.1 | 245.4 | 233.6 | 234.0 | - | 197.4 | 197.1 | 187.7 | 188.5 |
| 174 | Masonry, plastering, stone and cile work. . | - | 245.7 | 252.3 | 231.6 | 243.9 | - | 223.8 | 230.7 | 211.3 | 223.3 |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work. | - | 118.5 | 120.1 | 107.6 | 114.7 | - | 97.6 | 99.0 | 87.1 | 93.9 |
|  | MANUFACTURING | 18,413 | 18,444 | 18,412 | 17,547 | 17,589 | 13,723 | 13,768 | 13,754 | 13,035 | 13,078 |
| 19,24,25,32-3s | durable goods | 10,709 | 10,691 | 10,623 | 10,050 | 10,027 | 7,957 | 7,950 | 7,900 | 7,435 | 7,412 |
| 20-23, 26-31 | nondurable goods | 7,704 | 7,753 | 7,789 | 7,497 | 7,562 | 5,766 | 5,818 | 5,854 | 5,600 | 5,666 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES........ | 247.2 | 247.3 | 243.8 | 232.5 | 235.1 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 108.2 | 100.7 | 102.2 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms . . . . . | 189.1 | 187.2 | 183.9 | 175.4 | 177.4 | 74.1 | 72.2 | 70.7 | 66.1 | 66.9 |
| 1925 | Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete | - | 163.5 | 160.7 | 156.0 | 157.5 | - | 54.1 | 52.9 | 51.7 | 52.1 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment . . . . |  | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.0 | - | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories | 45.2 | 47.3 | 47.2 | 44.3 | 44.7 | 30.2 | 32.3 | 32.4 | 29.3 | 29.8 |
|  | LUmber and wood products, except |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | FURNITURE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 604.5 | 614.3 | 617.8 | 589.9 | 601.8 | 529.6 | 539.1 | 543.1 | 518.3 | 529.5 |
| 241 | Logging camps and logging contractors | 81.7 | 89.7 | 91.0 | 82.5 | 88.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills. | 249.6 | 252.2 | 253.4 | 247.3 | 251.7 | 227.9 | 230.5 | 231.9 | 225.8 | 229.8 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general |  | 215.9 | 217.5 | 212.0 | 216.1 | - | 197.4 | 199.2 | 193.6 | 197.4 |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products . . | 162.2 | 162.4 | 163.4 | 155.2 | 156.2 | 136.9 | 135.9 | 137.8 | 131.0 | 131.9 |
| 2431 | Millwork | - | 69.1 | 69.8 | 67.0 | 67.6 | - | 55.7 | 56.4 | 54.3 | 54.8 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood. |  | 75.2 | 75.0 | 71.1 | 70.9 | - | 68.9 | 68.7 | 65.4 | 65.2 |
| 244 | Wooden containers | 34.4 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.3 | 34.7 | 31.0 | 30.5 | 30.8 | 30.9 | 31.4 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates |  | 26.4 | 26.5 | 26.4 | 26.8 |  | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.6 | 24.1 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products | 76.6 | 76.1 | 75.8 | 70.6 | 70.7 | 65.7 | 65.3 | 65.0 이 | 60.6 | 60.8 |

[^9]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

| SIC <br> Code | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov }_{8} \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov, } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Dutable Goods-.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 443.5 | 441.7 | 439.8 | 417.7 | 419.1 | 369.2 | 367.2 | 366.0 | 347.1 | 348.4 |
| 251 | Household furniture . . : . | 323.8 | 322.1 | 319.0 | 303.6 | 303.9 | 278.3 | 276.4 | 273.5 | 260.4 | 260.8 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered | - | 168.6 | 166.8 | 159.6 | 159.3 | - | 150.6 | 148.8 | 142.9 | 142.5 |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered. . | - | 83.2 | 81.9 | 76.8 | 76.4 | - | 69.8 | 68.5 | 64.2 | 63.9 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 37.3 | 37.5 | 35.3 | 35.9 | - | 29.3 | 29.7 | 27.6 | 28.1 |
| 252 | Office fumiture | - | 29.2 | 29.3 | 28.4 | 28.6 | - | 22.8 | 23.0 | 22.3 | 22.5 |
| 254 | Partitions; office and store fixtures | - | 44.7 | 45.4 | 40.2 | 40.9 | - | 33.0 | 34.0 | 29.4 | 29.9 |
| 253,9 | Other furniture and fixtures | 45.3 | 45.7 | 46.1 | 45.5 | 45.7 | 34.7 | 35.0 | 35.5 | 35.0 | 35.2 |
| 32 | Stone, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS. | 621.2 | 632.1 | 635.5 | 604.3 | 617.2 | 498.5 | 509.1 | 511.3 | 485.3 | 498.0 |
| 321 | Flat glass | - | 33.4 | 33.2 | 31.8 | 32.3 | - | 27.0 | 26.9 | 25.8 | 26.3 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 113.8 | 114.8 | 115.4 | 109.5 | 111.3 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 99.9 | 95.6 | 97.4 |
| 3221 | Glass containers. | - | 61.8 | 62.9 | 59.9 | 60.5 | - | 54.5 | 54.6 | 52.7 | 53.3 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | - | 53.0 | 52.5 | 49.6 | 50.8 | - | 45.7 | 45.3 | 42.9 | 44.1 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic | 37.2 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 28.5 | 30.0 | 30.2 | 30.1 | 30.4 |
| 325 | Structural clay products. | 70.9 | 72.3 | 72.5 | 69.5 | 70.6 | 60.1 | 61.5 | 61.5 | 58.9 | 60.1 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. | $-$ | 32.7 | 32.8 | 30.6 | 31.2 |  | 29.1 | 29.1 | 26.8 | 27.6 |
| 326 | Pottery and related products. | - | 43.3 | 44.1 | 41.2 | 41.6 | - | 37.1 | 37.7 | 34.6 | 35.0 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products. | 171.6 | 177.2 | 179.9 | 167.1 | 173.8 | 122.3 | 137.5 | 139.5 | 128.8 | 135.2 |
| 328,9 | Other stone and mineral products. | 129.8 | 130.1 | 129.6 | 127.0 | 128.4 | 97.1 | 97.5 | 97.5 | 95.7 | 97.0 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products | - | 25.7 | 25.4 | 24.4 | 24.3 |  | 17.2 | 16.9 | 15.9 | 15.8 |
| 33 | PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 1,269.6 | 1,259.6 | 1,270.2 | 1,267.3 | 1,260.5 | 1,031.2 | 1,020.9 | 1,031.6 | 1,036.1 | 1,029.4 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic steel products. | (*) | 617.3 | 631.2 | 653.3 | 649.7 | (*) | 497.6 | 511.0 | 537.9 | 534.3 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills. | - | 541.8 | 555.6 | 579.9 | 576.2 | - | 438.0 | 451.3 | 479.9 | 476.3 |
| 332 | Iton and steel foundries. . . . . . . . . . . | 230.4 | 225. 2 | 225.2 | 219.3 | 217.1 | 197.1 | 192.4 | 192.5 | 188.5 | 186.6 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries | - | 135.1 | 136.0 | 131.5 | 129.6 | - | 116.4 | 117.3 | 114.0 | 112.1 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | - | 27.2 | 26.8 | 25.6 | 25.4 | - | 23.2 | 22.8 | 22.0 | 21.9 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries. | - | 62.9 | 62.4 | 62.2 | 62.1 | - | 52.8 | 52.4 | 52.5 | 52.6 |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and refining . . . . . . . | 73.0 | 72.6 | 72.3 | 70.4 | 70.3 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 56.2 | 54.6 | 54.4 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. . | 195.3 | 196.8 | 195.9 | 186.2 | 186.1 | 151.3 | 152.3 | 151.6 | 142.2 | 141.8 |
| 3351 | Copper tolling, drawing, and extruding. . | - | 45.5 | 45.4 | 44.6 | 45.1 | - | 35.2 | 35.1 | 34.3 | 34.5 |
| 3352 | Aluminum zolling, drawing, and extruding. | - | 63.4 | 63.6 | 61.2 | 60.9 | - | 49.3 | 49.4 | 46.6 | 46.4 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating . | - | 67.9 | 67.2 | 62.5 | 62.2 | - | 53.5 | 53.0 | 48.8 | 48.4 |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries . . . . . . . . . . . . | 81.3 | 80.7 | 79.2 | 75.6 | 75.1 | 68.6 | 67.9 | 66.7 | 62.9 | 62.5 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 39.0 | 38.0 | 36.2 | 35.9 | - | 33.3 | 32.5 | 30.6 | 30.3 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings . . . . . . . . . | - | 41.7 | 41.2 | 39.4 | 39.2 | - | 34.6 | 34.2 | 32.3 | 32.2 |
| 339 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. . . | 66.1 | 67.0 | 66.4 | 62.5 | 62.2 | 53.6 | 54.2 | 53.6 | 50.0 | 49.8 |
| 3391 | Iron and steel forgings. . . . . . . . . . . | - | 45.2 | 44.9 | 42.7 | 42.5 | - | 37.3 | 37.0 | 34.8 | 34.8 |
| 34 | FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 1,306.5 | 1,306.1 | 1,292.2 | 1,222.0 | 1,214.9 | 1,017.9 | 1,018.2 | 1,004.5 | 944.1 | 936.6 |
| 341 | Metal cans . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 61.0 | 62.0 | 61.5 | 59.9 | 60.6 | 1,017.9 | 52.2 | 51.8 | 50.3 | 50.8 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware. . | 158.0 | 159.4 | 156.3 | 153.1 | 152.1 | 126.1 | 127.0 | 123.8 | 121.6 | 120.7 |
|  | Curlery and hand tools, including saws . . | - | 61.6 | 60.2 | 58.1 | 57.6 | - | 49.2 | 47.8 | 45.8 | 45.3 |
| $3429$ | Hardware, n.e.c. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - 9 | 97.8 | 96.1 | 95.0 | 94.5 | $\cdots$ | 77.8 | 76.0 | 75.8 | 75.4 |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures. . | 79.9 | 80.3 | 79.6 | 79.4 | 80.6 | 60.3 | 60.6 | 60.0 | 59.7 | 60.7 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods . | - | 37.5 | 36.6 | 37.0 | 37.0 | , | 30.6 | 29.7 | 30.1 | 30.2 |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric. . . . | - | 42.8 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 43.6 | - | 30.0 | 30.3 | 29.6 | 30. 5 |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products . . . . | 391.9 | 392.6 | 388.9 | 363.2 | 365.7 | 285.0 | 286.4 | 282.8 | 259.7 | 261.9 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel . . . . . . . . | - | 107.6 | 106.7 | 101.9 | 102.5 | 285.0 | 80.7 | 79.9 | 75.1 | 75.7 |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim. . . . | - | 73.6 | 73.3 | 66.6 | 69.0 | - | 54.1 | 53.9 | 47.5 | 49.8 |
| 3443 | Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) . . . . | - | 101.4 | 100.5 | 93.0 | 92.1 | - | 71.7 | 70.8 | 63.2 | 62.2 |
| 3444 | Sheet metal work. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 67.8 | 67.3 | 62.7 | 62.7 | - | 49.1 | 48.5 | 46.0 | 46.0 |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and misc. metal work. . . . | $\bar{\square}$ | 42.2 | 41.1 | 39.0 | 39.4 | - | 30.8 | 29.7 | 27.9 | 28.2 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolts, etc. . . . . . | 97.3 | 95.9 | 94.5 | 89.6 | 90.3 | 77.4 | 76.1 | 74.8 | 70.1 | 70.9 |
| 3451 | Screw machine products . . . . . . . . . . | - | 40.9 | 40.2 | 38.4 | 38.0 |  | 35.1 | 34.3 | 32.5 | 32.1 |
| 3452 | Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers . | - | 55.0 | 54.3 | 51.2 | 52.3 | - | 41.0 | 40.5 | 37.6 | 38.8 |
| 346 | Meral stampings. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 235.8 | 234.3 | 231.2 | 213.4 | 201.6 | 193.6 | 192.5 | 190.0 | 175.2 | 163.7 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services . . | 75.6 | 75.7 | 75.5 | 71.5 | 72.2 | 63.5 | 63.8 | 63.3 | 60.4 | 60.8 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products. . . . | 65.3 | 64.3 | 63.2 | 59.7 | 59.7 | 53.2 | 52.2 | 51.2 | 48.1 | 48.1 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricated metal products... | 141.7 | 141.6 | 141.5 | 132.2 | 132.1 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 106.8 | 99.0 | 99.0 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings. | 1 - | 81.9 | 82.8 | 76.6 | 76.2 |  | 59.4 | 60.0 | 55.5 | 55.2 |

[^10]| SIC Code | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | MACHINERY. | 1,766.5 | 1,749.9 | 1,730.9 | 1,651,7 | 1,621.7 | 1,240.7 | 1,227.0 | 1,211.5 | 1,155.0 | 1,125.6 |
| 351 | Engines and turbines | 93.2 | 93.2 | 91.8 | 88.5 | 87.3 | 64.3 | 64.3 | 63.0 | 60.0 | 58.7 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and turbines | - | 32.7 | 32.4 | 32.3 | 31.7 | - | 19.1 | 18.8 | 18.2 | 17.5 |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n.e.c. | - | 60.5 | 59.4 | 56.2 | 55.6 | - | 45.2 | 44.2 | 41.8 | 41.2 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment. | - | 134.8 | 131.9 | 129.0 | 122.0 | - | 98.0 | 95.7 | 94.0 | 87.0 |
| 353 | Construction and related machinery | 252.1 | 253.8 | 251.9 | 243.2 | 237.1 | 172.9 | 174.4 | 172.8 | 167.1 | 161.1 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | - | 137.1 | 136.2 | 133.1 | 127.5 | - | 97.5 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 89.2 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery and equipment . | - | 37.6 | 37.5 | 35.6 | 35.5 | - | 25.9 | 25.8 | 24.2 | 24.1 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes. |  | 36.3 | 36.2 | 33.5 | 33.4 | - | 24.0 | 24.0 | 22.2 | 22.2 |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment . . . | 308.2 | 304.1 | 300.6 | 289.8 | 282.9 | 232.5 | 229.7 | 226.8 | 218.4 | 211.6 |
| 3541 | Machine tools, metal cutzing types . | - | 77.3 | 76.6 | 70.6 | 69.2 | 23.5 | 54.7 | 54.1 | 49.5 | 48.2 |
| 3544 | Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures | - | 102.9 | 101.0 | 99.0 | 96.0 | - | 85.2 | 83.6 | 81.4 | 78.1 |
| 3545 | Machine cool accessories | - | 53.7 | 53.1 | 49.7 | 49.3 | - | 39.4 | 38.9 | 36.4 | 36.0 |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalworking machinery | - | 70.2 | 69.9 | 70.5 | 68.4 |  | 50.4 | 50.2 | 51.1 | 49.3 |
| 355 | Special industry machinery | 195.8 | 194.1 | 192.8 | 184.8 | 183.0 | 136.4 | 134.7 | 133.4 | 127.8 | 126.0 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery |  | 39.3 | 39.1 | 37.4 | 37.4 |  | 25.5 | 25.3 | 24.2 | 24.2 |
| 3552 | Textile machinery | - | 43.6 | 43.0 | 41.1 | 40.5 | - | 34.0 | 33.5 | 32.0 | 31.3 |
| 3555 | Printiog trades machinery | - | 27.3 | 27.3 | 26.2 | 26.1 | - | 19.4 | 19.2 | 18.6 | 18.5 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery | 265.2 | 263.0 | 261.7 | 249.5 | 246.9 | 179.8 | 177.7 | 176.6 | 168.3 | 166.3 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors | - | 72.6 | 72.2 | 69.0 | 67.9 |  | 42.1 | 41.8 | 39.9 | 38.9 |
| 3562 | Ball and roller bearings. | - | 59.5 | 59.2 | 56.2 | 55.9 | - | 47.2 | 45.9 | 44.4 | 44.1 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods |  | 49.6 | 49.5 | 48.2 | 47.9 |  | 37.0 | 36.8 | 36.0 | 35.8 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 210.8 | 209.0 | 205.2 | 182.8 | 180.9 | 126.3 | 125.2 | 122.6 | 107.9 | 106.5 |
| 3571 | Computing macbines and cash registers . |  | 160.3 | 156.8 | 138.2 | 136.6 |  | 91.9 | 89.9 | 77.4 | 76.4 |
| 358 | Service industry machines . . . . . . . . | 109.4 | 108.6 | 108.9 | 107.9 | 107.0 | 75.6 | 74.9 | 75.2 | 74.7 | 73.7 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators . | 191 | 65.5 | 185.8 | 176.1 | 66.5 |  | 44.8 | 44.9 | 46.6 |  |
| 359 | Miscellaneous machinery . . . . . . . . . . | 191.8 | 189.3 | 186.1 | 176.2 | 174.6 | 150.3 | 148.1 | 145.4 | 136.8 | 134.7 |
| 36 | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES. | 1,773.7 | 1,761.1 | 1,740.8 | 1,601.6 | 1,594.2 | 1,228.7 | 1,219.2 | 1,202.9 | 1,090.5 | 1,084.5 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment. . | 181.4 | 180.2 | 178.1 | 166.4 | 165.7 | 124.6 | 123.7 | 121.9 | 113.1 | 112.5 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments | - | 61.0 | 59.7 | 54.3 | 54.5 |  | 40.7 | 39.5 | 35.7 | 35.8 |
| 3612 | Power and distribution transformers | - | 48.0 | 47.5 | 44.1 | 43.5 | - | 34.3 | 33.9 | 31.0 | 30.5 |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparatus |  | 71.2 | 70.9 | 68.0 | 67.7 |  | 48.7 | 48.5 | 46.4 | 46.2 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus | 199.7 | 197.2 | 196.6 | 183.9 | 181.4 | 141.3 | 139.0 | 138.2 | 128.1 | 125.4 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators |  | 107.5 | 106.3 | 99.6 | 98.0 |  | 76.6 | 75.4 | 70.5 | 69.0 |
| 3622 | Industrial controls. | - | 54.8 | 54.4 | 49.9 | 48.9 | - | 36.4 | 36.0 | 32.7 | 31.7 |
| 363 | Household appliances. | 171.8 | 169.9 | 168.8 | 165.3 | 165.5 | 135.5 | 133.5 | 132.6 | 129.1 | 129.5 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers | - | 53.2 | 53.8 | 54.7 | 53.7 |  | 43.0 | 43.4 | 44.7 | 43.8 |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment. | - | 25.9 | 25.0 | 25.6 | 25.5 | - | 19.8 | 19.1 | 19.8 | 19.7 |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans | - 7 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 37.7 | 38.9 |  | 32.9 | 32.6 | 29.5 | 30.7 |
| 364 | Elecuic lighting and wiring equipment | 172.7 | 173.6 | 171.6 | 161.7 | 161.5 | 135.0 | 136.1 | 134.1 | 126.6 | 126.6 |
| 3641 | Electric Lamps. |  | 33.1 |  | 30.6 | 30.4 |  | 29.3 | 28.8 | 26.9 | 26.8 |
| 3642 | Lighting tixures | - | 60.9 | 60.3 | 56.6 | 57.1 | - | 47.7 | 47.0 | 44.0 | 44.5 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices. |  | 79.6 | 78.6 | 74.5 | 74.0 | - | 59.1 | 58.3 | 55.7 | 55.3 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets | 157.5 | 157.5 | 155.2 | 129.0 | 132.4 | 126.8 | 127.2 | 125.1 | 101.5 | 105.0 |
| 366 | Communication equipment | 449.0 | 445.2 | 439.1 | 416.4 | 414.6 | 227.0 | 224.5 | 220.2 | 208.6 | 207.7 |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparatus | - | 122.7 | 121.0 | 111.3 | 109.4 |  | 85.2 | 83.7 | 76.4 | 74.7 |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment. | -33.7 | 322.5 | 318.1 | 305.1 | 305.2 | - | 139.3 | 136.5 | 132.2 | 133.0 |
| 367 | Elecuonic components and accessories ... | 333.7 | 331.8 | 325.0 | 279.1 | 277.7 | 254.5 | 253.1 | 248.0 | 206.9 | 205.5 |
| 3671-3 | Electron tubes | - | 73.3 | 71.4 | 66.6 | 66.6 | - | 51.9 | 50.1 | 45.3 | 45.0 |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, n.e.c. . | - | 258.5 | 253.6 | 212.5 | 211.1 | - | 201.2 | 197.9 | 161.6 | 160.5 |
| 369 | Misc. electrical equipment and supplies | 107.9 | 105.7 | 106.4 | 99.8 | 95.4 | 84.0 | 82.1 | 82.8 | 76.6 | 72.3 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines | - | 56.4 | 55.9 | 54.2 | 49.4 | - | 44.4 | 43.7 | 42.1 | 37.3 |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 1,838.4 | 1,820.2 | 1,795.3 | 1,683.8 | 1,660.7 |  | 1,308.4 | 1,290.6 |  | 1,175.1 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment. | (*) | 896.2 | 884.7 | 826.3 | 803.7 | (*) | 706.3 | 696.6 | 648.2 | 627.0 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles | - | 381.2 | 375.9 | 345.0 | 338.6 |  | 288.3 | 283.0 | 259.5 | 253.5 |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies. | - | 73.4 | 71.6 | 68.4 | 66.8 | - | 60.4 | 58.9 | 56.7 | 55.2 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies. | - | 33.6 | 34.2 | 31.4 | 30.7 | - | 27.2 | 27.7 | 25.2 | 24.6 |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories | 55 | 382.0 | 377.4 | 358.0 | 347.9 | - | 310.2 | 307.3 | 288.6 | 279.2 |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts. | 659.6 | 648.0 | 637.0 | 598,3 | 597.7 | 383.1 | 375.6 | 369.0 | 336.6 | 334.9 |
| 3721 | Aircraft. | - | 350.3 | 344.2 | 313.2 | 314.5 | - | 195.7 | 193.5 | 171.1 | 172.2 |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts. | - | 193.6 | 190.5 | 188.0 | 187.1 | - | 108.6 | 105.9 | 100.2 | 99.0 |
| 3723,9 | Ocher aircraft parts and equipnent | 166 | 104.1 | 102.3 | 97.1 | 96.1 | - | 71.3 | 69.6 | 65.3 | 63.7 |
| 373 | Ship and boat building and repairing. Ship building and repairing . | 166.3 | 163.2 133.2 | 163.4 135.0 | 154.1 125.6 | 153.7 | 138.3 | 135.6 | 136.6 | 128.7 | 128.3 |
| 3731 3732 | Ship building and repairing Boat building and repairing | - | 133.2 30.0 | 135.0 28.4 | 125.6 28.5 | 125.7 28.0 | - | 110.8 24.8 | 113.0 23.6 | 105.0 23.7 | 105.1 |
| 374 | Railroad equipment. . . | - | 56.8 | 53.9 | 53.4 | 52.8 | - | 44.7 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 23.2 41.3 |
| 375,9 | Other tran sportation equipment | - | 56.0 | 56.3 | 51.7 | 52.8 |  | 46.2 | 46.5 | 42.4 | 43.6 |

[^11]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Dec. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1964 |
|  | Durable Goods.*Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 397.1 | 397.3 | 394.0 | 374.6 | 374.5 | 256.1 | 256.8 | 254.3 | 238.2 | 238.3 |
| 381 | Engineering and scientific instruments | - | 70.6 | 70.4 | 68.4 | 68.7 | - | 37.4 | 36.9 | 35.4 | 35.7 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 100.3 | 100.5 | 99.0 | 98.2 | 97.9 | 65.8 | 66.0 | 64.5 | 64.6 | 64.4 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices. | - | 61.7 | 61.5 | 60.1 | 59.9 | - | 38.6 | 38.4 | 37.6 | 37.5 |
| 3822 | Automatic temperature controls | - | 38.8 | 37.5 | 38.1 | 38.0 | - | 27.4 | 26.1 | 27.0 | 26.9 |
| 383,5 | Optical and ophthalmic goods | 47.0 | 47.1 | 47.0 | 44.7 | 44.5 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.0 | 31.7 | 31.5 |
| 385 | Ophthalmic goóds . . . . . | - | 32.7 | 32.5 | 30.3 | 30.3 | - | 24.9 | 24.9 | 22.8 | 22.8 |
| 384 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. . | 59.8 | 59.8 | 58.9 | 55.8 | 55.5 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 38.5 | 38.2 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies . | (*) | 85.5 | 85.1 | 77.7 | 77.8 | (*) | 50.2 | 50.3 | 44.3 | 44.4 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks.. | ( | 33.8 | 33.6 | 29.8 | 30.1 | ( | 27.9 | 27.8 | 23.7 | 24.1 |
|  | MISCELLANEOUS MAMUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | INDUSTRIES.. | 440.9 | 461.3 | 462.2 | 404.5 | 426.8 | 354.7 | 374.1 | 375.5 | 322.4 | 344.7 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware. | 46.4 | 46.2 | 46.2 | 45.0 | 45.3 | 36.7 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 35.7 | 35.9 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods . . . | - | 147.3 | 149.0 | 107.3 | 123.7 | - | 126.3 | 127.9 | 88.6 | 104.8 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vebicles | - | 103.5 | 105.2 | 67.3 | 83.2 | - | 90.0 | 91.7 | 56.6 | 72.5 |
| 3949 | Sporting and athletic grods, n.e.c. . | - | 43.8 | 43.8 | 40.0 | 40.5 | - | 36.3 | 36.2 | 32.0 | 32.3 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office, and art materials . . . | - | 35.3 | 34.8 | 32.5 | 33.7 | - | 26.2 | 25.8 | 24.1 | 25.1 |
| 396 | Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions . . . | - | 56.5 | 56.1 | 55.4 | 56.9 | - | 46.8 | 46.5 | 45.7 | 47.2 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries. . . . . . . . | 173.1 | 176.0 | 176.1 | 164.3 | 167.2 | 135.8 | 138.5 | 138.9 | 128.3 | 131.7 |
| 393 | Musical instrumenss and parts | - | 26.4 | 25.8 | 23.7 | 23.8 | - | 22.1 | 21.5 | 19.6 | 19.8 |
|  | Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. | 1,729.3 | 1,778.8 | 1,822.6 | 1,732.9 | 1,773.9 | 1,144.5 | 1,192.3 | 1,232.5 | 1,141.8 | 1,183.2 |
| 201 | Meat products | 310.8 | 316.0 | 315.7 | 319.5 | 323.9 | 248.0 | 253.3 | 252.9 | 255.8 | 259.8 |
| 2011 | Meat packing . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 189.5 | 189.3 | 195.0 | 197.1 | - | 146.9 | 146.7 | 152.1 | 153.5 |
| 2013 | Sausages and other prepared meats. . . . . | - | 50.3 | 50.4 | 52.1 | 51.8 | - | 36.1 | 36.1 | 37.5 | 37.4 |
| 2015 | Poultry dressing and packing. . . . . . . . | - | 76.2 | 76.0 | 72.4 | 75.0 | - | 70.3 | 70.1 | 66.2 | 68.9 |
| 202 | Dairy products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 276.8 | 278.2 | 281.3 | 280.8 | 281.8 | 124.7 | 125.7 | 127.5 | 128.8 | 129.7 |
| 2024 | Ice cream and frozen desserts | - | 28.1 | 29.6 | 28.9 | 28.9 | - | 14.5 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.3 |
| 2026 | Fluid milk. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 203.1 | 203.8 | 204.5 | 205.2 | - | 75.3 | 75.5 | 77.6 | 78.2 |
| 203 | Canned and preserved food, except meats . . | - | 277.4 | 315.7 | 228.2 | 256.7 | - | 236.4 | 273.8 | 189.0 | 217.7 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured, and frozen sea foods . . . . | - | 40.3 | 42.0 | 39.8 | 40.4 | - | 36.3 | 37.7 | 35.5 | 36.0 |
| 2032,3 | Canned food, except sea foods . . . . . . | - | 139.4 | 170.9 | 111.0 | 129.2 | - | 114.5 | 145.6 | 88.0 | 106.5 |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea foods . . . . . . . | - | 59.3 | 62.4 | 48.6 | 53.6 | - | 53.7 | 56.8 | 43.3 | 48.3 |
| 204 | Grain mill products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 121.4 | 123.0 | 126.4 | 123.8 | 124.3 | 84.7 | 86.3 | 89.8 | 87.2 | 87.6 |
| 2041 | Flour and other grain mill products. . . . . |  | 30.2 | 30.3 | 31.9 | 32.5 | - | 21.8 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 23.4 |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls |  | 52.8 | 55.2 | 53.3 | 53.4 | - | 34.6 | 36.9 | 35.2 | 35.5 |
| 205 | Bakery products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 279.6 | 281.9 | 283.2 | 290.3 | 291.8 | 162.6 | 164.8 | 165.4 | 166.7 | 168.9 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products . . . | - | 239.3 | 239.8 | 248.0 | 248.4 | - | 129.4 | 129.0 | 131.7 | 132.9 |
| 2052 | Biscuic, crackers, and pretzels . . . . . . | - | 42.6 | 43.4 | 42.3 | 43.4 | - | 35.4 | 36.4 | 35.0 | 36.0 |
| 206 | Sugar. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -0,9 | 52.3 | 48.8 | 47.7 | 49.1 | 66.0 | 45.3 | 41.7 | 40.7 | 42.0 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products . . . . . | 80.9 | 83.9 69. | 83.3 | 83.4 | 83.7 | 66.0 | 68.9 | 68.3 57.5 | 67.6 57.5 | 68.0 |
| 2071 | Candy and other confectionery products. . | 216.9 | 69.2 | 68.4 | 69.2 216.2 | 69.0 217.9 | 111.1 | 58.2 | 57.5 | 57.5 | 57.5 |
| 208 | Beverages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 216.9 | 222.2 | 224.6 | 216.2 | 217.9 | 111.1 | 115.3 | 117.2 | 111.4 | 113.0 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 60.7 | 60.6 | 60.8 | 61.0 | 1 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 40.3 | 40.1 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks . . . . . . | - | 116.9 | 117.7 | 114.5 | 113.7 | - | 42.7 | 43.2 | 42.0 | 41.7 |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred products . . | 142.3 | 143.9 | 143.6 | 143.0 | 144.7 | 94.7 | 96.3 | 95.9 | 94.6 | 96.5 |
| 21 | TOBACCO MANUFACTURES. | 86.0 | 86.7 | 98.2 | 93.7 | 99.2 | 74.1 | 74.9 | 86.0 | 81.9 | 87.2 |
| 211 | Cigarettes | - | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.6 | - | 31.4 | 31.5 | 31.4 | 31.3 |
| 212 | Cigars. . | - | 23.7 | 23.8 | 25.8 | 26.1 | - | 22.1 | 22.1 | 24.2 | 24.6 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS . | 931.9 | 937.0 | 935.0 | 898.3 | 903.6 | 832.2 | 837.0 | 835.3 | 803.3 | 808.1 |
| 221 | Cotton broad woven fabrics | 234.8 | 233.5 | 232.0 | 228.8 | 229.1 | 215.4 | 214.1 | 212.8 | 210.6 | 210.9 |
| 222 | Silk and synthecic broad woven fabrics | 92.8 | 92.3 | 91.6 | 90.5 | 90.6 | 83.9 | 83.5 | 82.8 | 81.6 | 81.6 |
| 223 | Weaving and finishing broad woolens . . . . | 42.8 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 37.0 | 37.3 |
| 224 | Narrow fabrics and small wares | 29.8 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 28.7 | 28.6 | 26.7 | 26.3 | 26.4 | 25.4 | 25.2 |
| 225 | Knitting. . . . . . | 230.2 | 238.3 | 240.4 | 215.8 | 221.6 | 205.9 | 214.1 | 216.4 | 193.7 | 199.1 |
| 2251 | Women's full and knee length hosiery | - | 53.7 | 53.4 | 51.5 | 51.2 | - | 49.0 | 48.7 | 47.1 | 46.9 |
| 2252 | Miscellaneous hosiery and socks. | - | 44.2 | 44.9 | 43.1 | 43.5 | - | 40.5 | 41.4 | 39.7 | 40.1 |
| 2253 | Knit outerwear . . . . . | - | 77.4 | 79.2 | 64.8 | 69.7 | - | 68.4 | 70.2 | 56.7 | 61.5 |
| 2254 | Knit underwear. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 33.9 | 33.8 | 31.3 | 31.4 | - | 30.7 | 30.5 | 28.4 | 28.4 |
| 226 | Finishing textiles, except wool and knit. . . | 74.6 | 74.0 | 74.2 | 76.6 | 76.2 | 63.4 | 62.8 | 63.0 | 65.7 | 65.4 |
| 227 | Floor covering. | - | 41.9 | 41.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | - | 34.6 | 34.3 | 33.7 | 33.4 |
| 228 | Yarn and thread. | 113.0 | 112.1 | 111.0 | 106.7 | 106.2 | 104.9 | 103.8 | 102.7 | 98.8 | 98.4 |
| 229 | Miscellaneous textile goods. . | 72.0 | 72.4 | 71.4 | 68.3 | 68.3 | 59.9 | 60.2 | 59.2 | 56.8 | 56.8 |

[^12]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods*-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 1,367.1 | 1,379.2 | 1,380.3 | 1,319.0 | 1,332.4 | 1,215.9 | 1,227.9 | 1,229.3 | 1,174.4 | 1,187.0 |
| 231 | Men's and boys' suits and coats | 121.5 | 119.4 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 116.5 | 109.0 | 107.2 | 105.8 | 105.5 | 104.1 |
| 232 | Men's and boys' furnishings | 357.7 | 359.2 | 359.3 | 334.5 | 335.2 | 323.3 | 324.8 | 325.5 | 303.4 | 304. 1 |
| 2321 | Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear | - | 129.0 | 129.2 | 121.2 | 122.0 | - | 116.7 | 117.1 | 109.9 | 110.7 |
| 2327 | Men's and boys' separate trousers | - | 74.6 | 75.2 | 69.7 | 69.5 | - | 69.9 | 70.4 | 65.7 | 65.4 |
| 2328 | Work clothing . . . | - | 76.3 | 76.0 | 71.5 | 71. 1 | - | 68.3 | 68.2 | 63.9 | 63.6 |
| 233 | Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear . . | 411.0 | 414.3 | 415.6 | 401.7 | 408. 2 | 368.3 | 371.3 | 372.2 | 360.2 | 366.0 |
| 2331 | Women's blouses, waists, and shirts . . . | - | 53.0 | 52.9 | 52.7 | 53.1 | - | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.9 |
| 2335 | Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses | - | 193.3 | 197.5 | 187.0 | 190.4 | - | 172.8 | 176.7 | 167.2 | 170.2 |
| 2337 | Women's suits, skirts, and coats | - | 94.1 | 94.1 | 87.5 | 91.3 | - | 84.8 | 84.6 | 78.5 | 82.0 |
| 2339 | Women's and misses' ourerwear, n.e.c. | - | 73.9 | 71.1 | 74.5 | 73.4 | -11.0 | 65.2 | 62.4 | 65.9 | 64.9 |
| 234 | Women's and children's undergarments | 126.9 | 129.6 | 129.2 | 124.3 | 127.4 | 111.9 | 114.6 | 114.1 | 109.7 | 112.8 |
| 2341 | Women's and children's underwear | - | 83.9 | 83.6 | 80.4 | 83.5 | - | 76.2 | 76.0 | 73.2 | 76.1 |
| 2342 | Corsets and allied garments | - | 45.7 | 45.6 | 43.9 | 43.9 | - | 38.4 | 38.1 | 36.5 | 36.7 |
| 235 | Hats, caps, and millinery | - | 29.1 | 29.7 | 30.4 | 28.8 | - | 25.8 | 26.4 | 27.2 | 25.5 |
| 236 | Girls' and children's outerwear . . . . . . | 77.5 | 78.4 | 79.4 | 76.4 | 76.8 | 69.4 | 70.2 | 71.3 | 67.9 | 68.6 |
| 2361 | Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts . . Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel . . | $\underline{-}$ | 36.9 | 36.8 79.8 | 35.2 | 36.0 75.0 | 69.4 | 33.4 | 33.2 | 31.7 | 32.6 |
| $237,8$ | Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel . . . . | - | 79.1 | 79.3 | 74.0 | 75.9 | - | 68.7 | 69.1 | 64.6 | 66. 2 |
| $239$ | Miscellaneous fabricared rextile products | 168.0 | 170.1 | 169.8 | 159.7 | 163.6 | 143.0 | 145.3 | 144.9 | 135.9 | 139.7 |
| $2391,2$ | Housefurnishings |  | 61.0 | 60,3 | 59.6 | 61.3 |  | 53.0 | 52.2 | 51.5 | 53.2 |
| 26 | PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS | 649.9 | 649.8 | 647.0 | 629.8 | 632.8 | 507.5 | 507.4 | 504.7 | 491.7 | 494.6 |
| 261,2,6 | Paper and pulp | 210.0 | 210.7 | 210.3 | 209.8 | 212.8 | 166.6 | 166.8 | 166.7 | 166.5 | 169.2 |
| 263 | Paperboard | 67.8 | 67.8 | 68.2 | 66.9 | 66.3 | 53.9 | 54.0 | 53.8 | 52.9 | 52.7 |
| 264 | Converred paper and paperboard products | 161.6 | 161.0 | 159.8 | 153.7 | 154.0 | 118.8 | 118.6 | 117.5 | 113.6 | 113.7 |
| 2643 | Bags, except textile bags | - | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.7 |  | 30.8 | 30.3 | 30.2 | 30.1 |
| 265 | Paperboard containers and boxes ... | 210.5 | 210.3 | 208.7 | 199.4 | 199.7 | 168. 2 | 168.0 | 166.7 | 158.7 | 159.0 |
| 2651,2 | Folding and setup paperboard boxes | 210.5 | 71.6 | 70.8 | 67.6 | 67.7 |  | 59.6 | 58.7 | 55.9 | 55.9 |
| 2653 | Corrugated and solid fiber boxes . . | - | 92.1 | 91.7 | 87.6 | 87.7 |  | 71.2 | 71.1 | 67.4 | 67.7 |
|  | PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 994.7 | 989.6 | 967.4 | 961.7 | 636.1 | 633.0 | 630.4 | 613.5 | 610.1 |
| 27 271 | Industries . . . . . . . . . . . . Newspaper publishing and printing | $1,000.2$ 352.6 | 994.7 350.8 | 350.6 | 967.4 342.5 | 961.7 338.3 | 636.1 180.1 | 633.0 179.0 | 630.4 179.9 | 613.5 | 610.1 171.9 |
| 272 | Periodical publishing and printing | - | 70.3 | 70.0 | 69.4 | 69.5 | - | 25.2 | 25.3 | 25.6 | 26.0 |
| 273 | Books . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 80.0 | 79.6 | 77.6 | 76.3 | - | 49.3 | 48.9 | 48.0 | 46.7 |
| 275 | Commercial printing . . . . . . . . . . . | 318.5 | 316.0 | 313.2 | 307.8 | 306.6 | 250.1 | 248.3 | 245.7 | 240.8 | 240.2 |
| 2751 | Commercial printing, except lithographic . | - | 205.8 | 204.0 | 200.5 | 200.0 |  | 163.7 | 162.1 | 158.2 | 158.3 |
| 2752 | Commercial printing, lithographic . . . . . |  | 99.4 | 98.5 | 96.0 | 95.7 | - | 76.0 | 75.1 | 73.4 | 73.1 |
| 278 | Bookbioding and related industries . . . . .. | 52.4 | 52.1 | 51.4 | 49.2 | 49.6 | 42.8 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 39.8 | 40.2 |
| 274,6,7,9 | Other publishing and printing industries . . . | 125.5 | 125.5 | 124.8 | 120.9 | 121.4 | 88.4 | 88.6 | 88.4 | 84.6 | 85.1 |
| 28 | CHEmicals and allied Products. | 917.6 | 909.5 | 907.2 | 879.8 | 878.8 | 549.1 | 543.2 | 542.6 | 528.7 | 527.3 |
| 281 | Industrial chemicals . . . . | 292.8 | 289.6 | 288.7 | 287.5 | 287.5 | 166.0 | 164.2 | 163.6 | 164.7 | 164.5 |
| 2812 | Alkalies and chlorine | - | 22.4 | 22.4 | 24.1 | 24.1 | - | 15.5 | 15.6 | 17.3 | 17.3 |
| 2818 | lodustrial organic chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 118.0 | 117.5 | 112.8 | 112.7 | - | 54.6 | 54.3 | 53.6 | 53.5 |
| 2819 | Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 90.9 | 90.7 | 94.2 | 94.1 | - | 55.8 | 55.5 | 56.8 | 56.6 |
| 282 | Plastics and synthetics, except glass. | 206.5 | 205.7 | 203.4 | 188.6 | 187.3 | 138.7 | 137.9 | 136.1 | 128.3 | 126.3 |
| 2821 | Plastics and synthetics, except fibers |  | 88.2 | 86.8 | 81.9 | 82.2 |  | 56.0 | 134.9 | 52.9 | 52.3 |
| 2823,4 | Synthetic fibers | - | 102.9 | 101.9 | 92.7 | 91.1 | - | 72.6 | 72.0 | 66.0 | 64.6 |
| 283 | Drugs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 119.3 | 118.1 | 117.4 | 112.3 | 111.9 | 63.0 | 62.1 | 61.4 | 59.0 | 59.0 |
| 2834 | Pharmaceurical preparations |  | 87.7 | 87.0 | 83.1 | 82.9 |  | 44.6 | 43.9 | 42.2 | 42.2 |
| 284 | Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods | 103. 8 | 104.3 | 105.6 | 102.4 | 103.4 | 62.8 | 63.4 | 65.1 | 62.6 | 63.6 |
| 2841 | Soap and detergents |  | 36.9 | 37.4 | 37.0 36.9 | 37.2 |  | 25.3 | 26.1 | 25.6 | 25.8 |
| 2844 | Toilet preparations . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 38.5 | 38.7 | 36.9 | 37.7 | - | 23.1 | 23.4 | 22.2 | 23.1 |
| 285 | Paints, vamishes, and allied products .. | 64.2 | 64.7 | 64.8 | 63.4 | 63.4 | 35.9 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 35.1 | 35.3 |
| 287 | Agricultural chemicals . . . . . . . . . | 48.7 | 48.1 | 48.5 | 47.7 | 47.0 | 30.4 | 30.0 | 30.7 | 30.2 | 29.7 |
| 2871,2 | Fertilizers, complete and mixing only | 88.7 | 35.3 | 35.8 | 35.3 | 34.7 |  | 23.6 | 24.3 | 24.1 | 23.7 |
| 286,9 | Other chemical products | 82.3 | 79.0 | 78.8 | 77.9 | 78.3 | 52.3 | 49.4 | 49.5 | 48.8 | 48.9 |
|  | PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | INDUSTRIES | 175.6 | 176.4 | 178.4 | 177.0 | 179.4 | 108.5 | 109.5 | 111.0 | 108.0 | 110.3 |
| 291 | Petroleum refining. . . . . . . . . | 140.9 | 141.2 | 141.4 | 144.5 | 144.9 | 84.6 | 84.9 | 84.9 | 85.9 | 86.1 |
| 295,9 | Other petroleum and coal products | 34.7 | 35.2 | 37.0 | 32.5 | 34.5 | 23.9 | 24.6 | 26.1 | 22.1 | 24.2 |
|  | RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | PRODUCTS | 486.9 | 482.8 | 476.4 | 445.0 | 446.4 | 381.2 | 377.9 | 371.9 | 345.1 | 346.6 |
| 301 | Tires and inner tubes | 106.4 | 106.0 | 104.9 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 76.1 | 75.8 | 74.7 | 72.2 | 72.0 |
| 302,3,6 | Other rubber products . . . . . . Miscellaneous plastics products | 177.8 | 176.5 | 174.5 | 166.9 | 167.0 | 141.4 | 140.6 | 138.5 | 131.7 | 131.8 |
| 307 | Miscellaneous plastics products | 202.7 | 200.3 | 197.0 | 178.0 | 179.4 | 163.7 | 161.5 | 158.7 | 141.2 | 142.8 |
| 31 | LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS | 359.9 | 358.4 | 354.2 | 354.1 | 353.7 | 316.9 | 315.0 | 310.7 | 311.1 | 311.1 |
| 311 | Leather tanning and finishing | 32.5 | 32.3 | 32.1 | 31.9 | 31.7 | 28.4 | 28.2 | . 27.9 | 27.7 | 27.6 |
| 314 | Footwear, except tubber | 235.9 | 233.1 | 230.1 | 233.6 | 230.4 | 210.4 | 207.4 | 204.6 | 207.8 | 204.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 312,3,5-7,9 \\ & 317 \end{aligned}$ | Other leather products . . . . . . . . . . . . . Handbags and personal learhet goods | 91.5 | 93.0 39.7 | 92.0 | 88.6 38.8 | 91.6 41.2 | 78.1 | 79.4 34.5 | 78.2 34.1 | 75.6 33.7 | 78.9 36.1 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SIC } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } 9 \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov: } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{ct}_{\mathrm{g}} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec } 9 \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov: } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| - | TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. | 4,086 | 4,093 | 4,104 | 4,002 | 3,984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | rail road transportation. | - | 730.9 | 738.0 | 745.7 | 744.9 |  | $\cdots$ | . |  |  |
| 4011 | Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$. |  | 633.6 | 640.2 | 649.1 | 653.3 |  | .. |  |  |  |
| 41 | LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER TRANSIT |  | 270.3 | 270.9 | 271.8 | 270.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | Local and suburban transportation |  | 83.2 | 83.2 | 83.2 | 83.4 |  | 78.8 | 78.9 | 79.1 | 79.3 |
| 412 | Taxicabs . . . . . . . . . |  | 108.1 | 107.3 | 111.0 | 109.0 |  |  |  | - |  |
| 413 | Intercity and rural bus lines |  | 41.1 | 42.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 |  | 37.8 | 38.7 | 37.7 | 37.7 |
| 42 | motor freight transportation and storage |  | 1,002.2 | 1,005.4 | 949.4 | 950.9 |  | 915.1 | 917.0 | 866.6 | 867.2 |
| 422 | Public warehousing |  | $1,002.2$ 89.1 | 1,87.8 | 85.1 | 89.7 |  | 79.3 | 77.9 | 75.2 | 79.7 |
| 45 | air transportation |  | 240.7 | 237.6 | 220.2 | 218.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 451,2 | Ait transportation, common carriers. |  | 215.0 | 212.7 | 197.5 | 196.2 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 46 | Pip Eline transportation. |  | 18.9 | 19.0 | 19.5 | 19.5 |  | 15.7 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 16.5 |
| 44,47 | OTHER TRANSPORTATION |  | 320.8 | 321.1 | 325.5 | 311.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | communication |  | 892.1 | 889.9 | 858.3 | 857.7 |  | 706.0 | 704.9 | 681.3 | 681.5 |
| 481 | Telephone communication, | - | 743.7 | 741.7 | 714.9 | 714.0 | - | 593.1 | 591.7 | 571.8 | 571.9 |
| 482 | Telegraph communication ${ }^{3}$ | - | 31.1 | 31.0 | 31.4 | 31.5 | - | 21.7 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 22.2 |
| 483 | Radio and television broadcasting | - | 110.9 | 110.8 | 105.6 | 105.8 | - | 89.1 | 89.6 | 85.6 | 85.6 |
| 49 | electric, gas, and sanitary services. . | - | 617.4 | 621.6 | 611.3 | 610.6 | - | 535.3 | 540.5 | 531.8 | 531.2 |
| 491 | Electric companies and systems. . . . . . . | - | 248.3 | 251.8 | 248.1 | 247.7 | - | 209.6 | 213.5 | 210.4 | 210.4 |
| 492 | Gas companies and systems | - | 155.6 | 155.8 | 152.9 | 153.0 | - | 135.8 | 136.1 | 134.3 | 134.3 |
| 493 | Combined utility systems. | - | 175.6 | 176.1 | 173.2 | 172.6 | - | 156.8 | 157.9 | 155.0 | 154.3 |
| 494.7 | Watex, steam, and sanitary systems | - | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 37.3 | - | 33.1 | 33.0 | 32.1 | 32.2 |
| - | Wholesale and retail. TRADE ${ }^{4}$ | 13,622 | 12,949 | 12,736 | 13,084 | 12,448 | - | 11,568 | 11,364 | 11,767 | 11,133 |
| 50 | WHOLESALE TRADE | 3,344 | 3,327 | 3,321 | 3,240 | 3,220 | - | 2,826 | 2,821 | 2,764 | 2,743 |
| 501 | Motor vehicles and automotive equipment | - | 253.7 | 252.5 | 247.2 | 248.1 | - | 213.4 | 212.5 | 208. 2 | 208.1 |
| 502 | Drugs, chemicals, and allied products ... | - | 199.5 | 198.3 | 193.7 | 193.4 | - | 165.9 | 164.6 | 161.1 | 160.8 |
| 503 | Dry goods and apparel . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 141.7 | 141.2 | 136.4 | 136.1 | - | 115.0 | 114.1 | 111.3 | 111.1 |
| 504 | Groceries and related products | $\cdots$ | 505.2 | 506.6 | 498.9 | 499.7 | - | 446.0 | 447.6 | 440.5 | 441.8 |
| 506 | Electrical goods . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . . . . . . . . . . | - | 262.3 | 260.4 | 245.8 | 244.6 | - | 216.6 | 214.9 | 204.0 | 203.1 |
| 507 | Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .. | - | 153.5 | 152.5 | 147.0 | 146.9 | - | 130.7 | 129.9 | 125.4 | 125.5 |
| 508 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies . . . . | - | 574.2 | 573.4 | 548.5 | 547.6 | - | 485.3 | 485.0 | 464.7 | 464.1 |
| 509 | Miscellaneous wholesalers ..... | - | 1,138.7 | 1,135.6 | 1,101.4 | 1,092.3 | - | 967.9 | 964.2 | 940.6 | 931.8 |
| 52.59 | RETAIL TRADE ${ }^{4}$. . . . . . | 10,278 | 9,622 | 9,415 | 9,844 | 9,228 | - | 8,742 | 8,543 | 9,003 | 8,390 |
| 53 | GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES |  | 2,053.6 | 1,905.0 | 2,319.5 | 1,925.2 | - | 1,892.9 | 1,749.8 | 2,161.6 | 1,771.2 |
| 531 | Deparments stores | - | 1,288.0 | 1,186.3 | 1,469.7 | 1,199.9 | - | 1,186.2 | 1,089.3 | 1,374.8 | 1,108.0 |
| 532 | Mail order houses | - | 148.6 | 129.7 | 145.5 | 131.9 | - | 141.0 | 122.5 | 138.2 | 124.8 |
| 533 | Limired price variecty stores | - | 336.0 | 314.1 | 395.4 | 325.6 | - | 315.4 | 293.7 | 371.6 | 301.6 |
| 54 | FOOD Stores | - | 1,508.5 | 1,492.6 | 1,470.8 | 1,446.7 | - | 1,398.1 | 1,385.7 | 1,368.9 | 1,345.8 |
| 541-3 | Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores | - | 1,337.0 | 1,324.9 | 1,294.4 | 1,277.8 | . | 1,237.3 | 1,227.9 | 1,202.2 | 1,186.6 |
| 36 | APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STORES | - | 647.1 | 629.9 | 750.6 | 636.7 | - | 583.4 | 566.9 | 687.8 | 576.0 |
| 961 | Men's and boys' apparel stores . . . . . . . . | - | 110.9 | 105.4 | 132.2 | 103.8 | - | 100.0 | 94.7 | 121.6 | 93.9 |
| 562 | Women's ready-to-wear stores . . . . . . . . | - | 235.6 | 231.1 | 271.6 | 236.6 | - | 213.5 | 299.8 | 250.1 | 215.5 |
| 565 | Family eloching stores . | - | 104.3 | 100.8 | 136.1 | 107.7 | - | 97.1 | 93.8 | 128.2 | 100. 8 |
| 566 | Shoe stores . . . . . . . | - | 121.6 | 119.8 | 133.3 | 118.2 | - | 106.3 | 104.1 | 118.0 | 103.1 |
| 57 | FURRITURE AND APPLIANCE STORES . | - | 423.1 | 417.3 | 416.7 | 403.7 | - | 373.4 | 367.7 | 371.1 | 358.2 |
| 571 | Furnimure and bome furnishings. |  | 273.8 | 270.0 | 271.6 | 263.3 | - | 241.6 | 237.4 | 241.7 | 233.8 |
| 58 | EATING AND DRINKING PLACES | - | 1,899.9 | 1,910.8 | 1,8.29.1 | 1,846.0 | - | 1,768.1 | 1,777.5 | 1,702.3 | 1,715.6 |
| 52,55,59 | OTHER RETAIL TRADE | - | 3,089.6 | 3,059.2 | 3,057.7 | 2,969.5 | - | 2,725.7 | 2,695.8 | 2,711.1 | 2,623.6 |
| 52 | Building materials and hardware | - | 549.1 | 547.0 | 532.3 | 536.4 | - | 473.7 | 471.7 | 460.0 | 463.5 |
| 35 | Auco dealers and secvice stations | - | 1,441.2 | 1,433.5 | 1,394.0 | 1,376.2 | - | - |  |  |  |
| 551,2 | Motor vehicle dealers | - | 738.5 | 734.9 | 701.9 | 696.4 | - | 634.9 | 631.8 | 604.6 | 599.3 |
| 593,9 | Ocher vehicle and accessory dealers .. | - | 183.3 | 178.4 | 179.8 | 171.0 | - | 159.4 | 154.7 | 157.8 | 148.5 |
| 554 59 | Gasoline service stations. | - | 519.4 | 520.2 | 512.3 | 508.8 | - | - |  |  |  |
| 59 591 | Miscellaneous retail stores | - | 1,099.3 | 1,078.7 | 1,131.4 | 1,056.9 | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - |
| 591 596 | Dug stores . . . . . . . . . Farm and garden supply stores | - | 416.6 93.3 | 409.6 95.8 | 1. 417.0 92.2 | $\begin{array}{r}396.8 \\ 91.8 \\ \\ \hline 1.8\end{array}$ | - | 380.1 | 373.2 | 383.0 | 363.6 |
| 598 | Fuel and ice dealers. . . . . . | - | 110.9 | 107.8 | 116.6 | 109.0 | - | 97.6 | 97.4 | 103.9 | 95.9 |

[^13]Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | oct. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1264 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE 5 | 3,058 | 3,061 | 3,066 | 2,981 | 2,982 |  | 2,444 | 2,451 | 2,394 | 2,397 |
| 60 | Banking | - | 788.8 | 787.5 | 770.4 | 768.0 | - | 660.1 | 658.9 | 647.2 | 645.9 |
| 61 | Credit agencies other than banks | - | 334.9 | 334.3 | 323.7 | 321.8 | - | 268.4 | 268.6 | 261.3 | 259.8 |
| 612 | Savings and loan associations | - | 94.1 | 94.6 | 94.5 | 94.2 | - | 76.9 | 77.4 | 78.1 | 77.9 |
| 614 | Personal credit institutions | - | 183.3 | 182.8 | 173.3 | 171.6 | - | - | - | \% | - |
| 62 | Security dealers and exchanges | - | 130.0 | 129.0 | 126.7 | 126.3 | - | 114.6 | 113.8 | 111.8 | 111.5 |
| 63 | Insurance carriers | - | 919.4 | 918.7 | 900.4 | 900.4 | - | 645.7 | 645.5 | 640.0 | 641.4 |
| 631 | Life insurance | - | 485.4 | 485.0 | 477.5 | 478.0 | - | 277.8 | 277.3 | 279.0 | 280.9 |
| 632 | Accident and healch insurance | - | 57.2 | 57.1 | 56.1 | 56.1 | - | 48.5 | 48.5 | 47.6 | 47.7 |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and casualty insurance | - | 330.5 | 330.2 | 321.7 | 321.4 | - | 280.6 | 280.8 | 275.4 | 275.0 |
| 64 | Insurance agents, brokers, and services. | - | 234.4 | 234.2 | 227.9 | 227.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 65 | Real estate . | - | 572.1 | 580.3 | 552.0 | 558.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 656 | Operative builders | - | 46.0 | 48.1 | 43.7 | 45.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 66,67 | Other finance, insurance, and real estate. | - | 81.6 | 81.6 | 80.0 | - 79.3 | - |  |  |  | - |
| - | SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS | 9,013 | 9,033 | 9,073 | 8,627 | 8,648 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70 | Horekand lodging places | - | 645.7 | 666.7 | 610.5 | 614.4 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 701 | Hotels, tourist courts, and motels | - | 595.4 | 613.3 | 561.2 | 564.1 | - | 556.2 | 574.4 | 524.5 | 528.6 |
| 72 | Personal services.. | - | 975.3 | 977.2 | 955.4 | 957.1 | - |  |  |  | - |
| 721 | Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants | _ | 540.5 | 543.4 | 532.3 | 532.2 | - | 486,3 | 488.7 | 475.5 | 475.3 |
| 73 | Miscellaneous business services | - | 1,110.3 | 1,105.3 | 1,032.6 | 1,019.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 731 | Advertising | - | 113.5 | 114.2 | 111.7 | 111.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 732 | Credit reporting and collection agencies | - | 67.2 | 66.7 | 64.6 | 64.5 | - | - | - | $-$ | - |
| 78 | Motion pictures . . . . . . . . | _ | 181.6 | 185.5 | 173.9 | 175.1 | - | - | $\overline{-}$ | - | - |
| 781 | Motion picture filming and distribucing. | - | 52.5 | 51.7 | 47.0 | 45.2 | - | 31.9 | 31.7 | 29.0 | 27.7 |
| 782,3 | Mocion picture theaters and services | - | 129.1 | 133.8 | 126.9 | 129.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 80 | Medical and ocher healch services | - | 2,200.2 | 2,192.9 | 2,098.0 | 2,094.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 806 | Hospitals. | - | 1,468.9 | 1,466.5 | 1,414.5 | 1,412.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 81 | Legal services. | - | 182.8 | 182.4 | 176.9 | 175.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 82 | Educational services | - | 1,011.9 | 1,005.9 | 945.2 | 948.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 821 | Elementary and secondary schools | - | 342.6 | 337.0 | 323.5 | 325.7 | - | - | - | - . | - |
| 822 | Higher educational instimutions | - | 599.8 | 599.8 | 556.5 | 557.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 89 | Miscellaneous services | - | 457.5 | 454.5 | 430.6 | 427.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 891 | Engineèring and architectural services | - | 250.7 | 248.2 | 229.2 | 228.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 892 | Nonprofit research organizations | - | 62.7 | 62.6 | 61.4 | 61.4 | - |  | . |  | - |
| - | GOVERNMENT. | 10,540 | 10,394 | 10,301 | 10,015 | 9,887 |  |  |  |  | - |
|  | Federal government ${ }^{\circ}$ | 2,550 | 2,402 | 2,384 | 2,483 | 2,352 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Executive | - | 2,370.4 | 2,352.7 | 2,452.2 | 2,321.7 | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Deparment of Defense | - | 955.7 | 949.4 | 922.9 | 926.5 | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Post Office Deparment | - | 617.8 | 608.0 | 734.7 | 596.0 | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Other agencies. | - | 796.9 | 795.3 | 794.6 | 799.2 | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Legislative | - | 25.6 | 25.6 | 24.5 5.8 | 24.8 5.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Judicial | - | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 92,93 | State and local government | 7,990 | 7,992 | 7,917 | 7,532 | 7,535 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92 | State government | - | 2,060.9 | 2,045.9 | 1,919.9 | 1,925.6 | - | - | - |  |  |
|  | State education | - | 764.8 | 745.3 | 666.0 | 669.6 | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Other State government | - | 1,296.1 | 1,300.6 | 1,253.9 | 1,256.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Local govemment | - | 5,930.7 | 5,871.2 | 5,612.1 | 5,609.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Local education | - | 3,355.7 | 3,301.1 | 3,131,8 | 3,124.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Other local government . . . . . . . . | -- | 2,575.0 | 2,570.1 | 2,480.3 | 2,484.9 | - | - | - |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries,
to nonsupervisory workers.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more.
${ }^{3}$ Data for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ Beginning January 1964, data for nonsupervisory workers include eating and drinking places.
${ }^{5}$ Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.
${ }^{6}$ Prepared by the U.S. Civil 5 ervice Commission. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude Central Intelligence and National Security Agencies. *Not available.
Note: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B-4: Indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, 1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adiusted

| Year and monch | total | Mining | Concract construction | Manufacturing | Transportation and public utilities | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, inssurance, and real estate | Service and miscellaneous | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Wholesale trade | Retail trade |  |  | Total | Federal | State <br> and <br> local |
| 1919............. | 51.6 | 147.1 | 35.4 | 64.2 | 91.0 | 41.3 | - | - | 43.9 | 32.8 | 34.1 | - | - |
| 1920.............. | 52.1 | 160.9 | 29.4 | 64.2 | 98.1 | 40.9 | - | - | 46.4 | 34.3 | 33.2 | - |  |
| $1921 .$. | 46.4 | 124.9 | 35.1 | 49.7 | 84.9 | 42.0 |  |  | 46.0 | 35.0 | 32.2 | - |  |
| 1922. | 49.2 | 120.6 | 41.0 | 54.9 | 86.0 | 44.9 | - |  | 45.2 | 36.3 | 32.3 | - |  |
| 1923............. | 54.1 | 157.4 | 42.6 | 62.1 | 95.2 | 48.4 | - | - | 47.0 | 38.9 | 33.2 | - | - |
| 1924.... | 53.4 | 143.0 | 45.8 | 58.3 | 93.4 | 49.5 | - | - | 48.7 | 40.4 | 34.7 | - | - |
| 1925............. | 54.8 | 141.4 | 50.1 | 59.9 | 93.9 | 51.1 |  |  | 48.7 | 41.6 | 35.7 | - |  |
| 1926............. | 56.8 | 153.9 | 53.9 | 61.2 | 96.7 | 53.0 |  |  | 51.6 | 44.2 | 36.3 | - |  |
| 1927............. | 57.1 | 244.7 | 55.7 | 60.3 | 95.6 | 54.1 |  |  | 54.0 | 46.0 | 37.2 |  |  |
| 1928............. | 57.1 | 136.4 | 55.6 | 59.9 | 93.9 | 53.8 | - | - | 56.7 | 47.4 | 38.2 | - | - |
| 1929............. | 59.7 | 141.2 | 51.9 | 64.5 | 96.1 | 56.1 | - | - | 59.6 | 49.9 | 39.1 | 24.1 | 45.0 |
| 1930............. | 56.0 | 131.0 | 47.5 | 57.6 | 90.4 | 53.1 | - | - | 58.3 | 49.0 | 40.1 | 23.8 | 46.6 |
| 1931............ | 50.7 | 113.4 | 42.1 | 49.2 | 79.8 | 48.4 |  |  | 55.6 | 46.2 | 41.6 | 25.3 | 48.0 |
| 1932............ | 45.0 | 94.9 | 33.6 | 41.8 | 69.1 | 42.9 |  |  | 53.0 | 42.5 | 41.1 | 25.2 | 47.3 |
| 1933............. | 45.1 | 96.6 | 28.0 | 44.6 | 65.6 | 43.5 | - | - | 51.2 | 41.7 | 40.4 | 25.5 | 46.2 |
| 1934....... | 49.4 | 114.7 | 29.9 | 51.2 | 67.5 | 48.4 | - | - | 52.1 | 44.4 | 42.0 | 29.4 | 47.0 |
| 1935............. | 51.5 | 116.5 | 31.6 | 54.6 | 68.4 | 49.7 | - | - | 52.8 | 45.6 | 44.4 | 34.0 | 48.4 |
| 1936............ | 55.4 | 122.9 | 39.7 | 59.2 | 72.9 | 53.2 | - |  | 54.9 | 48.3 | 46.7 | 37.3 | 50.5 |
| 1937............ | 59.1 | 131.8 | 38.5 | 65.0 | 76.9 | 57.4 | - | - | 56.6 | 51.0 | 47.9 | 37.6 | 51.9 |
| 1938............ | 55.6 | 115.7 | 36.5 | 56.9 | 70.2 | 56.6 | - | - | 56.3 | 50.4 | 49.5 | 37.4 | 54.2 |
| 1939............. | 58.3 | 110.9 | 39.8 | 61.9 | 72.0 | 58.8 | 58.1 | 59.1 | 57.8 | 51.0 | 50.9 | 40.9 | 54.9 |
| 1940............. | 61.6 | 120.1 | 44.8 | 66.2 | 74.5 | 61.8 | 60.6 | 62.3 | 59.4 | 53.4 | 53.6 | 45.0 | 56.9 |
| 1941............ | 69.6 | 124.3 | 62.0 | 79.5 | 80.3 | 66.0 | 64.7 | 66.5 | 61.2 | 56.9 | 59.4 | 60.5 | 58.9 |
| 1942............ | 76.4 | 128.8 | 75.2 | 92.1 | 84.9 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 66.0 | 60.8 | 59.3 | 69.9 | 100.0 | 58.1 |
| 1943............. | 80.8 | 120.1 | 54.3 | 106.0 | 89.5 | 63.9 | 60.1 | 65.3 | 59.4 | 60.2 | 77.5 | 131.2 | 56.4 |
| 1944............. | 79.7 | 115.8 | 37.9 | 104.4 | 93.9 | 64.6 | 60.8 | 66.0 | 58.3 | 60.4 | 77.0 | 132.2 | 55.3 |
| 1945............. | 76.9 | 108.6 | 39.2 | 93.5 | 95.8 | 67.0 | 64.3 | 67.9 | 59.2 | 61.5 | 75.8 | 126.8 | 55.7 |
| 1946............. | 79.3 | 111.9 | 57.5 | 88.6 | 99.6 | 76.7 | 75.6 | 77.1 | 67.1 | 68.5 | 71.3 | 101.8 | 59.3 |
| 1947............. | 83.6 | 124.0 | 68.7 | 93.7 | 102.2 | 82.0 | 81.5 | 82.2 | 69.3 | 73.3 | 69.8 | 85.5 | 63.6 |
| 1948............. | 85.5 | 129.1 | 75.1 | 93.9 | 102.8 | 84.9 | 85.9 | 84.5 | 72.3 | 75.5 | 72.0 | 84.1 | 67.2 |
| 1949. | 83.4 | 120.8 | 75.0 | 87.0 | 98.2 | 84.8 | 85.9 | 84.5 | 73.4 | 76.4 | 74.6 | 86.2 | 70.1 |
| 1950 | 86.1 | 117.0 | 80.8 | 91.8 | 99.0 | 85.9 | 86.9 | 85.6 | 75.8 | 78.1 | 76.8 | 87.1 | 72.8 |
| 1951............. | 91.1 | 120.6 | 90.2 | 98.8 | 103.7 | 89.2 | 90.0 | 88.9 | 78.7 | 80.9 | 81.4 | 104.0 | 72.6 74.4 |
| 1952............. | 93.0 | 116.6 | 91.2 | 100.2 | 104.2 | 91.6 | 92.8 | 91.2 | 81.8 | 83.1 | 84.2 | 109.3 | 74.4 |
| 1953............. | 95.6 | 112.5 | 90.9 | 105.7 | 105.3 | 93.8 | 94.2 | 93.7 | 84.8 | 85.1 | 84.7 | 104.1 | 77.1 |
| 1954.. | 93.3 | 102.7 | 90.5 | 98.3 | 100.2 | 93.7 | 94.6 | 93.4 | 88.3 | 87.1 | 86.0 | 98.8 | 81.0 83.9 |
| 1955.. | 96.5 | 102.9 | 97.1 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 96.5 | 96.5 | 96.4 | 92.3 | 91.0 | 88.1 | 98.8 | 83.9 90.0 |
| 1956............. | 99.8 | 106.8 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 104.1 | 99.4 | 99.6 | 99.4 | 96.0 | 94.8 | 92.7 | 99.8 | 90.0 |
| 1957.............. | 100.7 | 107.5 | 101.2 | 103.5 | 104.0 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 99.6 | 97.9 | 97.9 | 97.1 | 100.1 | 95.9 100.3 |
| 1958............. | 97.8 | 97.5 | 96.2 | 96.1 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 98.3 | 98.5 | 99.6 | 98.8 | 99.9 | 99.0 | 100.3 |
| 1959............. | 101.5 | 95.1 | 102.5 | 100.5 | 98.4 | 101.9 | 101.7 | 102.0 | 102.5 | 103.2 | 103.0 | 100.9 | 103.9 |
| 1960............ | 103.2 | 92.5 | 99.9 | 101.2 | 98.2 | 104.3 | 103.7 | 104.5 | 105.5 | 107.3 | 106.5 | 102.5 | 108.0 |
| 1961. | 102.8 | 87.3 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 95.8 | 103.8 | 103.3 | 104.0 | 107.9 | 110.4 | 109.5 | 102.9 | 112.1 |
| 1962. | 105.7 | 84.4 | 100.5 | 101.5 | 95.8 | 105.9 | 105.5 | 106.1 | 110.7 | 115.3 | 113.3 | 105.7 | 116.3 |
| 1963 | 107.8 | 82.5 | 102.6 | 102.4 | 95.8 | 107.8 | 107.2 | 108.1 | 113.7 | 119.4 | 127.6 | 106.5 | 121.9 |
| 1964............ | 110.7 | 82.2 | 105.9 | 104.0 | 96.8 | 113.1 | 109.6 | 111.6 | 117.2 | 124.3 | 122.3 | 106.1 | 128.7 |
| 1965.. | 115.0 | 81.6 | 117.2 | 108.4 | 98.9 | 115.2 | 112.7 | 116.2 | 120.3 | 129.2 | 128.0 | 107.5 | 136.1 |
| 1964: December. | 112.6 | 82.5 | 110.1 | 105.8 | 98.0 | 112.7 | 110.7 | 113.4 | 118.5 | 126.3 | 124.7 | 106.1 | 132.0 |
| 1965: January.. | 112.9 | 82.3 | 110.3 | 106.3 | 96.3 | 113.3 | 110.8 | 134.2 | 118.7 | 126.7 | 124.9 | 105.8 | 132.5 |
| February. | 113.4 | 82.3 | 111.2 | 106.7 | 97.8 | 113.8 | 111.1 | 114.7 | 119.1 | 127.3 | 125.4 | 105.6 | 133.2 |
| March.... | 113.9 | 82.1 | 112.2 | 107.0 | 98.6 | 124.1 | 111.6 | 115.0 | 119.5 | 127.6 | 126.0 | 105.8 | 134.0 |
| April.... | 113.9 | 81.7 | 108.9 | 107.3 | 98.5 | 114.4 | 111.9 | 115.3 | 119.5 | 127.9 | 126.5 | 105.9 | 134.6 |
| May...... | 114.3 | 81.4 | 110.4 | 107.5 | 98.6 | 114.8 | 112.3 | 115.6 | 119.8 | 128.3 | 126.9 | 105.9 | 135.1 |
| June..... | 114.8 | 81.3 | 110.7 | 108.1 | 99.0 | 115.2 | 113.0 | 116.0 | 120.2 | 128.5 | 127.6 | 106.4 | 136.0 |
| July..... | 115.2 | 82.2 | 109.2 | 108.6 | 98.9 | 115.5 | 113.3 | 116.4 | 120.5 | 129.6 | 128.1 | 107.3 | 136.3 |
| August... | 115.4 | 81.4 | 110.5 | 108.9 | 99.3 | 115.4 | 113.0 | 116.2 | 120.7 | 129.8 | 128.5 | 107.5 | 136.8 |
| September | 115.7 | 80.1 | 110.4 | 109.0 | 99.8 | 115.7 | 113.3 | 116.6 | 12.0 | 130.1 | 129.0 | 107.5 | 137.4 |
| October.. | 116.1 | 80.8 | 110.9 | 109.4 | 99.9 | 116.1 | 113.5 | 117.1 | 121.3 | 130.9 | 129.6 | 107.8 | 138.2 |
| November. | 117.0 | 81.4 | 113.3 | 110.4 | 100.1 | 116.7 | 114.0 | 117.7 | 121.5 | 131.5 | 130.7 | 108.4 | 139.4 |
| December. | 117.7 | 82.2 | 117.2 | 111.0 | 100.0 | 117.3 | 214.2 | 118.4 | 12.6 | 132.0 | 131.2 | 108.9 | 140.0 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 ( 0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959
benchmark monch.
Deta for the 2 most recent months and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
Table B-5: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. <br> 1965 | Aug. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1964 |
| TOTAL | 61,797 | 61,430 | 61,001 | 60,756 | 60,621 | 60,501 | 60,290 | 60,032 | 59,846 | 59,814 | 59,581 | 59,295 | 59,163 |
| MINING | 633 | 627 | 622 | 617 | 627 | 633 | 626 | 627 | 629 | 632 | 634 | 634 | 635 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION . . . . | 3,383 | 3,271 | 3,202 | 3,186 | 3,189 | 3,154 | 3,195 | 3,188 | 3,145 | 3,238 | 3,211 | 3,185 | 3,179 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 18,428 | 18,323 | 18,163 | 18,098 | 18,072 | 18,032 | 17,943 | 17,835 | 17,803 | 17,762 | 17,703 | 17,638 | 17,565 |
| dURABLE GOODS | 10,699 | 10,621 | 10,523 | 10,494 | 10.476 | 10,424 | 10,345 | 10,266 | 10,241 | 10,194 | 10,150 | 10,098 | 10,044 |
| Ordanace and accessories. | 245 | 245 | 243 | 242 | 239 | 236 | 234 | 231 | 229 | 230 | 230 | 231 | 231 |
| Lumber and wood products | 619 | 612 | 605 | 601 | 603 | 602 | 601 | 603 | 607 | 614 | 603 | 600 | 604 |
| Furniture and firtures. . . | 443 | 436 | 432 | 430 | 427 | 430 | 428 | 428 | 428 | 425 | 423 | 420 | 417 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products . . | 634 | 628 | 624 | 622 | 618 | 618 | 612 | 613 | 619 | 623 | 619 | 621 | 617 |
| Primary metal industries. . . . . . . | 1,280 | 1,274 | 1,284 | 1,308 | 1,318 | 1,317 | 1,306 | 1,285 | 1,285 | 1,284 | 1,283 | 1,282 | 1,278 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1,303 | 1,296 | 1,274 | 1,269 | 1,263 | 1,269 | 1,259 | 1,251 | 1,247 | 1,222 | 1,243 | 1,230 | 1,218 |
| Machinery . . | 1,772 | 1,769 | 1,745 | 1,736 | 1,728 | 1,728 | 1,707 | 1,692 | 1,683 | 1,678 | 1,669 | 1,663 | 1,657 |
| Electrical equipment | 1,756 | 1,740 | 1,722 | 1,697 | 1,683 | 1,677 | 1,665 | 1,647 | 1,635 | 1,624 | 1,609 | 1,596 | 1,586 |
| Transportation equipment . | 1,804 | 1,786 | 1,767 | 1,771 | 1,781 | 1,740 | 1,735 | 1,722 | 1,712 | 1,700 | 1,681 | 1,670 | 1,652 |
| Instruments and related products . | 395 448 | 394 441 | 392 435 | 390 428 | 388 428 | 389 418 | 383 415 | 378 416 | 379 417 | 378 416 | 376 414 | 374 411 | 373 411 |
| nondurableg goods. | 7,729 | 7,702 | 7,640 | 7,604 | 7,596 | 7,608 | 7,598 | 7,569 | 7,562 | 7,568 | 7,553 | 7,540 | 7,521 |
| Food and kindred products | 1,752 | 1,760 | 1,733 | 1,717 | 2,723 | 1,733 | 1,728 | 1,734 | 1,729 | 1,746 | 1,749 | 1,753 | 1,756 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 82 | 81 | 81 | 79 | 80 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 |
| Textile mill products. | 935 | 932 | 928 | 924 | 921 | 921 | 916 | 914 | 915 | 912 | 909 | 905 | 901 |
| Apparel and related products. | 1,372 | 1,367 | 1,362 | 1,356 | 1,345 | 1,343 | 1,367 | 1,346 | 1,344 | 1,340 | 1,334 | 1,334 | 1,324 |
| Paper and allied products. | - 649 | 647 | 643 | 640 | 637 | 641 | 634 | 633 | 633 | 632 | 632 | 631 | 629 |
| Printing and publishing . . . | 993 | 990 | 984 | 980 | 981 | 981 | 975 | 97 | 971 | 969 | 967 | 963 | 961 |
| Chemicals and allied products. . . | 924 | 915 | 909 | 910 | 911 | 908 | 900 | 894 | 893 | 892 | 890 | 887 | 886 |
| Pecroleum and related products . . | 179 | 177 | 177 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 177 | 176 | 178 | 179 | 179 | 179 | 180 |
| Rubber and plastic products . . . . | 485 | 477 | 469 | 465 | 466 | 464 | 463 | 460 | 460 | 457 | 453 | 447 | 443 |
| Leather and leather products. | 358 | 356 | 354 | 354 | 353 | 351 | 352 | 355 | 353 | 355 | 353 | 353 | 352 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. | 4,078 | 4,081 | 4,071 | 4,067 | 4,049 | 4,031 | 4,034 | 4,020 | 4,013 | 4,017 | 3,985 | 3,926 | 3,994 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 12,807 | 12,744 | 12,684 | 12,641 | 12,600 | 12,619 | 12,580 | 12,532 | 12,494 | 12,460 | 12,423 | 12,374 | 12,303 |
| Wholesale trade | 3,308 | 3,301 | 3,288 | 3,281 | 3,273 | 3,281 | 3,272 | 3,252 | 3,241 | 3,231 | 3,217 | 3,209 | 3,205 |
| retail trade. | 9,499 | 9,443 | 9,396 | 9,360 | 9,327 | 9,338 | 9,308 | 9,280 | 9,253 | 9,229 | 9,206 | 9,165 | 9,098 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE . | 3,076 | 3,073 | 3,069 | 3,061 | 3,053 | 3,049 | 3,041 | 3,032 | 3,024 | 3,023 | 3,013 | 3,003 | 2,999 |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS. . | 9,095 | 9,060 | 9,019 | 8,967 | 8,946 | 8,929 | 8,857 | 8,843 | 8,814 | 8,794 | 8,771 | 8,732 | 8,705 |
| GOVERNMENT . . . . | 10,297 | 10,251 | 10,171 | 10,119 | 10,085 | 10,054 | 10,014 | 9,955 | 9,924 | 9,888 | 9,841 | 9,803 | 9,783 |
| federal. | 2,410 | 2,400 | 2,386 | 2,379 | 2,379 | 2,376 | 2,355 | 2, 345 | 2, 344 | 2,342 | 2,338 | 2, 342 | 2, 448 |
| state and local. | 7,887 | 7,851 | 7,785 | 7,740 | 7,706 | 7,678 | 7,659 | 7,610 | 7,580 | 7,546 | 7,503 | 7,462 | 7,435 |

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-6: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adiusted


NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract construction |  |  | Manufactaring |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. }_{6} 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1964$ |
| 1 | alabama | 875.8 | 874.8 | 850.1 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 49.5 | 51.2 | 49.7 | 276.2 | 274.6 | 261,8 |
| 2 | Bi mingham | 214.6 | 211.8 | 209.1 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 11.5 | 11,8 | 11.5 | 65.9 | 63.7 | 63.6 |
| 3 | Huntsville. | 74.5 | 74.3 | 71.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 14. 1 | 14.0 | 12.4 |
| 4 | Mobile | 104.1 | 105.1 | 104.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 21.7 | 22.4 | 20.4 |
| 5 | al aska | 68.2 | 73.0 | 65.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 6.0 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 4.8 |
| 6 | Arizona | 414.6 | 409.2 | 396.6 | 15.8 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 23.0 | 23.3 | 27.0 | 70.6 | 68.8 | 61.7 |
| 7 | Phoenix | 244.0 | 240.4 | 230.1 | . 1 | .1 | .1 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 15.8 | 54.2 | 53.1 | 46.4 |
| 8 | Tucson | 78.1 | 76.5 | 76.1 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 6.7 |
|  | Arkansas | 453.4 | 456.3 | 437.8 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 25.3 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 135.9 | 135.9 | 129.6 |
| 10 | Fayetteville | 20.4 | 20.4 | 17.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 9 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 5.0 |
| 11 | Fort Smith | 36.8 | 36.6 | 38.2 | ${ }^{.5}$ | ${ }^{.5}$ | . 5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 13.0 |
| 12 | Little Rock-North Little Rock | 97.8 | 98.3 | 94.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 19.7 | 19.8 | 18.7 |
| 13 | Pine Bluff | 21.4 | 21.4 | 20.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| 14 | California | 5,903.7 | 5,916.4 | 5,640.2 | 32.0 | 32.2 | 31.2 | 326.0 | 331.2 | 308.8 | 1,432.7 | 1,454.1 | 1,383.9 |
| 15 | Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove. | 300.6 | 298.1 | 279.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 20.5 | 21.0 | 21.0 | 99.5 | 99.6 | 93.2 |
| 16 | Bakersfield | 82.3 | 82.6 | 78.5 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.1 |
| 17 | Fresno | 101.2 | 103.3 | 98.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 16.6 | 17.6 | 16.1 |
| 18 | Los Angeles-Long Beach | 2,528.6 | 2,514.7 | 2,432.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 117.2 | 118.3 | 115.5 | 774.8 | 771.2 | 744.3 |
| 19 | Oxnard-Ventura | 73.3 | 73.3 | 69.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 12.6 |
| 20 | Sacramento | 233.9 | 238.2 | 223.0 | .3 | . 3 | . 2 | 13.6 | 15.0 | 13.0 | 29.7 | 33.2 | 32.6 |
| 21 | San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario. | 247.9 | 24.5 .8 | 237.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 15.9 | 15.3 | 16.7 | 43.4 | 43.2 | 41.3 |
| 22 | San Diego . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 272.9 | 270.6 | 262.6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 15.2 | 51.5 | 50,8 | 49.3 |
| 23 | San Francisco-Oakland $2 \ldots$. | 1,105.3 | 1,108.1 | 1,060.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 65.3 | 66.2 | 60.6 | 199.3 | 204.3 | 196.7 |
| 24 | San Jose ${ }^{2}$. | 278.8 | 277.7 | 258.1 | . 1 | .1 | . 1 | 17.0 | 17.7 | 16.2 | 89.4 | 90.2 | 82.8 |
| 25 | Santa Barbara | 65.9 | 65.7 | 63.1 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.2 |
| 26 | Stockton...... | 74.5 | 78.3 | 69.7 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 14.1 | 17.0 | 13.5 |
| 27 | Valleio-Napa ${ }^{2}$ | 58.0 | 58.0 | 53.1 | . 2 | .2 | . 2 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.1 |
| 28 | COLORADO | 597.5 | 598.6 | 580.2 | 12.9 | 12.9 | 12.0 | 37.9 | 38.9 | 37.3 | 92.7 | 92.8 | 90.0 |
| 29 | Denver ${ }^{2}$ | 375.0 | 375.3 | 369.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 22.8 | 23.6 | 22.0 | 64.3 | 64.2 | 63.3 |
| 30 | connecticut | 1,044.1 | 1,036.1 | 1,004.4 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 50.4 | 51.1 | 51.9 | 446.6 | 442.9 | 425.3 |
| 31 | Bridgeport. | 139.7 | 138.6 | 136.0 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 71.7 | 71.1 | 69.2 |
| 32 | Hartford | 273.6 | 271.3 | 264.0 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 12.9 | 13.2 | 12.3 | 100.4 | 99.3 | 94.6 |
| 33 | New Britain. | 43.1 | 42.9 | 41.4 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 24.1 | 24.0 | 23.6 |
| 34 | New Haven | 143.9 | 142.8 | 137.2 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 8.8 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 46.3 | 45.8 | 43.6 |
| 35 | Stamford. | 66.5 | 66.3 | 63.6 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 21.9 |
| 35 | Waterbury | 71.5 | 71.4 | 69.6 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 37.5 |
| 37 | delamare | 181.7 | 180.2 | 172.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 14.5 | 14.3 | 12.9 | 67.2 | 66.8 | 64.4 |
| 38 | wilmington | 165.4 | 164.3 | 158.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 12.1 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 65.0 | 64.7 | 63.8 |
| 39 | district of columbia | 626.3 | 623.9 | 606.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 27.1 | 28.1 | 25.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 20.4 |
| 40 | Washington SMSA . . . . . . | 942.9 | 936.6 | 893.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 67.0 | 68.5 | 63.8 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 39.0 |
| 41 | FLorida | 1,631.5 | 1,500.7 | 1,565.7 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 142.4 | 142.8 | 135.5 | 256.7 | 248.4 | 244.0 |
| 42 | Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood | 106.9 | 103.1 | 100.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 14.8 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 10.4 |
| 43 | Jack sonville | 161.7 | 161.1 | 158.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 22.0 |
| 44 | Miami. | 351.8 | 347.8 | 342.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 21,1 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 54.4 | 53.6 | 52.3 |
| 45 | Orlando . . . | 105.2 | 101.7 | 103.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 18.0 | 17.4 | 19.0 |
| 46 | Tampa-St. Petersburg | 238.6 | 234.9 | 228.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 19.9 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 40.8 |
| 47 | georgia | 1,265.4 | 1,257.3 | 1,205.0 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 74.5 | 74.3 | 69.0 | 404.7 |  |  |
| 48 | Aclanra. | 485.4 | 481.5 | 457.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.6 | 110.5 | 109.8 | 102.9 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
for States and selected areas, by industry division
thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Governmeat |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ilov- } \\ 1964 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct }_{-} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 50.1 | 50.4 | 49.2 | 166.0 | 165.2 | 162.9 | 35.a | 35.1 | 35.2 | 108.2 | 108.4 | 105.8 | 182.5 | 182.0 | 176.9 | 1 |
| 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.3 | 49.6 | 49.4 | 48.6 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.5 | 26.9 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 25.1 | 24.8 | 23.7 | 2 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 13.0 | 25.8 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 3 |
| 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 22.3 | 22.2 | 22.7 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 25.5 | 25.5 | 26.7 | 4 |
| 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 29.8 | 30.1 | 28.5 | 5 |
| 24.7 | 24.4 | 25.0 | 97.1 | 95.7 | 94.1 | 22.2 | 22.1 | 21.5 | 67.6 | 66.8 | 63.5 | 93.6 | 92.4 | 88.4 | 6 |
| 13.4 | 13.3 | 13.7 | 60.8 | 59.8 | 58.8 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.4 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 37.5 | 45.4 | 14.7 | 42.4 | 7 |
| 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 17.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 13.9 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 21.7 | 21.4 | 20.4 | 8 |
| 30.0 | 30.6 | 29.9 | 94.6 | 95.0 | 93.4 | 17.6 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 60.1 | 60.7 | 57.6 | 85.0 | 84.4 | 78.6 | 9 |
| 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 10 |
| 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 11 |
| 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 21,4 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 18.0 | 12 |
| 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 13 |
| 393.4 | 395.4 | 375.9 | 1,304.0 | 1,290.3 | 1,253.1 | 322.5 | 322.7 | 310.5 | 950.3 | 952.2 | 901.4 | 1,142.8 | 1,138.3 | 1,075.4 | 14 |
| 10.4 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 1,34.4 | 1, 62.4 | 1,258.8 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 12.8 | 43.7 | 43.3 | 40.4 | + 46.6 | 1, 45.9 | 42.2 | 15 |
| 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 17.3 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 23.5 | 23.4 | 22.1 | 16 |
| 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 27.8 | 29.1 | 26.8 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 16.7 | 20.7 | 20.5 | 20.1 | 17 |
| 150.3 | 150.3 | 144.7 | 564.3 | 555.2 | 546.3 | 146.8 | 146.8 | 141.8 | 425.6 | 424.3 | 407.9 | 339.4 | 338.4 | 321.6 | 18 |
| 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 16.3 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 22.4 | 22.1 | 21.0 | 19 |
| 17.7 | 17.8 | 17.3 | 49.5 | 49.4 | 46.9 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 25.6 | 85,8 | 85.0 | 78.1 | 20 |
| 17.5 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 53.0 | 52.6 | 51.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 41.8 | 41.1 | 38.2 | 64.7 | 64.5 | 62.9 | 21 |
| 15.2 | 15.0 | 14.5 | 61.3 | 60.0 | 58.6 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.2 | 46.7 | 47.2 | 45.1 | 70.0 | 69.3 | 66.3 | 22 |
| 108.7 | 110.0 | 104.1 | 241.7 | 238.4 | 237.7 | 81.8 | 82.0 | 30.1 | 173.9 | 174.3 | 165.3 | 232.7 | 231.0 | 214.5 | 23 |
| 12.3 | 12.6 | 10.9 | 51.3 | 50.4 | 47.9 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 52.4 | 51.4 | 47.9 | 45.5 | 44.5 | 41.9 | 24 |
| 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 14.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 13.5 | 15.6 | 15.3 | 14.2 | 25 |
| 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 17.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 20.4 | 20.0 | 17.8 | 26 |
| 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 26.5 | 26.2 | 24.6 | 27 |
| 44.6 | 44.7 | 44.5 | 141.0 | 140.6 | 138.8 | 31.1 | 31.0 | 30.5 | 95.5 | 96.2 | 92.0 | 141.8 | 141.5 | 135.1 | 28 |
| 30.5 | 30.7 | 30.5 | 94.7 | 94.5 | 93.4 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.5 | 64.1 | 64.3 | 61.9 | 71.4 | 70.8 | 72.1 | 29 |
| 46.7 | 46.1 | 46.1 | 189.6 | 186.9 | 180.3 | 59.4 | 59.1 | 58.4 | 136.2 | 136.5 | 131.6 | 115.1 | 113.6 | 110.8 | 30 |
| 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 25.2 | 24.8 | 24.6 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.1 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 31 |
| 9.9 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 52.0 | 50.9 | 51.2 | 34.9 | 35.0 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.2 | 33.3 | 29.5 | 29.3 | 28.9 | 32 |
| 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | $\cdot 9$ | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 33 |
| 13.2 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 26.6 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 26.0 | 26.0 | 24.6 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 34 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 14.9 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.3 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 35 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 11.1 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 36 |
| 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 34.3 | 33.4 | 32.7 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 23.2 | 23.1 | 22.0 | 25.4 | 25.5 | 24.2 | 37 |
| 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 30.7 | 29.9 | 29.4 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 20.8 | 21.0 | 19.7 | 21.6 | 21.7 | 20.3 | 38 |
| 30.6 | 30.7 | 29.9 | 89.8 | 88.0 | 89.9 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 30.9 | 115.8 | 115.5 | 109.7 | 310.0 | 308.6 | 300.1 | 39 |
| 49.6 | 49.8 | 47.7 | 186.6 | 181.2 | 176.6 | 54.9 | 55.3 | 51.5 | 189.1 | 187.8 | 174.8 | 354.1 | 352.6 | 340.4 | 40 |
| 111.9 | 111.5 | 107.9 | 435.0 | 419.7 | 421.6 | 96.2 | 96.4 | 95.0 | 280.7 | 275.9 | 268.9 | 298.6 | 296.0 | 283.1 | 41 |
| 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 31.0 | 29.1 | 29.5 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 20.2 | 19.2 | 18.2 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 15.4 | 42 |
| 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.2 | 45.0 | 44.4 | 44.6 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 14.7 | 23.5 | 23.6 | 23.2 | 28.1 | 27.8 | 26.5 | 43 |
| 37.8 | 37.5 | 35.7 | 94.1 | 92.3 | 95.0 | 24.9 | 24.8 | 24.1 | 71.9 | 71.0 | 70.0 | 47.6 | 47.1 | 44.8 | 44 |
| 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 33.1 | 31.1 | 32.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 17.6 | 16.9 | 16.3 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 14.5 | 45 |
| 17.0 | 16.9 | 16.8 | 68.9 | 67.1 | 67.1 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 38.8 | 38.1 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 36.8 | 34.9 | 46 |
| 85.1 | 84.9 | 80.5 | 267.8 | 263.4 | 253.6 | 58.7 | 58.9 | 58.2 | 142.0 | 142.3 | 138.2 | 227.8 | 226.8 | 214.8 | 47 |
| 45.8 | 45.5 | 42.4 | 129.1 | 126.3 | 121.0 | 33.2 | 33.3 | 32.5 | 66.7 | 66.9 | 64.0 | 68.6 | 68.2 | 63.0 | 48 |


|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Concract construction |  |  | Manufacraring |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nove } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct } \\ 1965 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nova } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct }_{0} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novo } \\ 1964 \end{gathered}$ | Noy 1965 | Oct 1965 | Nov 1964 |
| 1 | GEORGIA (continued) Savannah. | 57.0 | 56.8 | 54.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 14.5 |
| 2 | hamail | 218.0 | 215.9 | 208.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.7 | 17.9 | 16.6 | 21.3 | 21.5 | 21.9 |
| 3 | Honolulu | 184.2 | 182.0 | 176.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 15.1 | 15.3 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| 4 | idaho | 181.5 | 182.3 | 174.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 11.9 | 12.4 | 10.6 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 34.5 |
| 5 | Boise | 31.4 | 31.5 | 30.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
|  | ILLINOIS . | 3,883.8 | 3,869.5 | 3,752.1 | 24.7 | 24.9 | 25.3 | 162.2 | 170.1 | 159.7 | 1,311.6 | 1,302.2 | 1,252.4 |
| 7 | Chicago . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,681,8 | 2,664.9 |  |  |  | 6.5 | 102.6 | 106.5 | 99.9 | 919:4 | 911.8 | 1,881.7 |
| 8 | Davenport-Rock Island-Moline . | (5) | 122.9 | $2,119.7$ 112.5 | (5) | (3) | (3) | (5) | 6.7 | 6.88 | (5) | +16.2 | 844.8 |
| 9 | Peoria | (5) | 117.6 | 112.5 | (5) | (3) | (3) | (5) | 8.1 | 7.0 | (5) | 46.6 | 44.1 |
| 10 | Rockford. | (5) | 93.9 | 89.3 | (5) | (3) | (3) | (5) | 4.0 | 4.2 | (5) | 50.4 | 47.0 |
| 11 | indiana | 1,666.5 | 1,658.5 | 1,585.6 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 82.1 | 82.1 | 75.4 | 680.4 | 678.8 | 647.9 |
| 12 | Evansville. | 76.6 | 76.0 | 76,8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 28.5 | 28.3 | 28.5 |
| 13 | Fort Wayne | 98.3 | 98.2 | 94.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 37.9 |
| 14 | Gary-Hammond-East Chicago. | 197.5 | 199.0 | 197.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 12.5 | 12.5 | 11.9 | 102.0 | 103.7 | 104.8 |
| 15 | Indianapolis. | 362.5 | 361.1 | 349.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 15.9 | 16.7 | 14.5 | 124.7 | 124.2 | 119.4 |
| 16 | Souch Bend | 89.0 | 88.5 | 84.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 35.3 | 35.1 | 32.2 |
| 17 | Terre Haute. | 47,3 | 47.4 | 46.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 12.4 |
| 18 | IOwA Cedar Rapids 2 | 768.3 58.4 | 770.1 | 731.7 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 41.9 | 43.6 | 36.7 | 195.6 | 195.7 | 185.6 |
| 19 | Cedar Rapids ${ }^{2}$ Des Moines | 58.4 | 57.7 | 54.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 24.7 | 24.4 | 22.3 |
| 20 | Des Moines 2 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 105.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 22.0 | 22.0 | 21.8 |
| 21 | KANSAS . | 606.5 | 607.1 | 595.9 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 14.5 | 33.1 | 34.5 | 31.5 | 123.6 | 122.7 | 122.2 |
| 22 | Topeka. | 53.6 | 53.4 | 52.1 | .1 | .1 | . 1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.7 |
| 23 | Wichita. | 134.3 | 133.4 | 134.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 45.8 | 44.8 | 47.8 |
| 24 | KENTUCKY | 797.8 | 797.7 | 749.9 | 30.7 | 30.7 | 30.3 | 63.0 | 64.4 | 52.3 | 211.6 | 209.6 | 195.9 |
| 25 | Louisville. | 274.0 | 273.1 | 264.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 14.0 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 97.0 | 96.3 | 91.4 |
| 26 | Louisiana. . | 936.4 | 933.1 | 887.3 | 50.9 | 50.6 | 47.2 | 87.1 | 89.4 | 75.3 | 167.3 | 163.3 | 162,4 |
| 27 | Baton Rouge | 84.6 | 83.9 | 78.4 | $\cdot 3$ |  | -2 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.5 |
| 28 | New Orleans | 339.4 | 339.8 | 327.3 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 29.6 | 29.9 | 24.7 | 56.9 | 56.8 | 56.3 |
| 29 | Shreveport. | 79.3 | 79.0 | 77.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 11,3 | 11.0 | 9.8 |
| 30 | maine . . | 291.0 | 291.5 | 284.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 14.5 | 14.8 | 14.2 | 107.3 | 106.9 | 104.2 |
| 31 | Lewi ston-Auburn. | 25.3 | 24.8 | 24.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| 32 | Porcland | 57.4 | 57.5 | 56.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 13.6 |
| 33 | MARYLAND | 1,085.3 | 1,081.7 | 1,039.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 83.6 | 85.3 | 81.9 | 263.7 | 266.4 | 258.2 |
| 34 | Baltimore | 677.8 | 674.4 | 661,4 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 42.0 | 42.8 | 41.9 | 188.0 | 189.9 | 188.1 |
| 35 | MASSACHUSETTS | 2,045.3 | 2,043.1 | 1,990.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 95.5 | 97.0 | 93.1 | 673.6 | 672.1 | 654.6 |
| 36 |  | 1,157.0 | 1,153.8 | 1,128.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 57.0 | 58.4 | 57.0 | 289.1 | 288.6 | 278.4 |
| 37 38 | Brockton 2 Fall River. | 45.1 | 44.7 | 43.6 42.7 | - | - | - | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 16.4 |
| 38 39 | Fall River.......il | 43.2 73.8 | 43.6 74.5 | 42.7 75.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 21.4 | 21.4 | 21.6 |
| 40 | Lowell 6 . . . . | 73.8 48.3 | 74.5 48.3 | 75.0 47.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 40.3 |
| 41 | New Bedford . . . . . . . . . . | 50.0 | 50.4 | 49.9 | (1) |  |  | 2.5 1.6 | 2.6 1.7 | 2.4 1.7 | 19.9 26.1 | 19.9 26.2 | 19.9 25.8 |
| 42 | Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke . . | 182.9 | 183.6 | 181.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.0 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 26.1 | 26.2 71.6 | 25.8 70.6 |
| 43 | Worcester | 120.6 | 120.2 | 117.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 49.8 | 49.5 | 48.1 |

[^14]for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued
thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estace |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novo } \\ 1964 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nov.n } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nov }_{0} \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 1 |
| 16.5 | 16.5 | 15.7 | 51.4 | 50.3 | 49.3 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 37,1 | 59.2 | 57.9 | 55.7 | 2 |
| 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.4 | 43.9 | 42.9 | 42,3 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 11.6 | 32.5 | 32.4 | 31.8 | 51.8 | 50.6 | 48.4 | 3 |
| 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 42.2 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 24.9 | 25.3 | 23.7 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 38.6 | 4 |
| 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 5 |
| 274.9 | 276.2 | 272.7 | 833.3 | 821.5 | 813.6 | 200.8 | 201.5 | 197.6 | 564.0 | 566.1 | 545.5 | 512.4 | 507.1 | 485.2 | 6 |
| 196.0 | 196.4 | 194.6 | 588.5 | 575.3 | 578.1 | 155.4 | 156.3 | 155.4 | 423.6 | 4,26.1 | 410.0 | 289.7 | 285.7 | 276.2 | 7 |
| (5) | 6.2 | 6.3 | (5) | 24.6 | 24.2 | (5) | 4.7 | 4.7 | (5) | 14.4 | 14.0 | (5) | 20.0 | 18.9 | 8 |
| (5) | 6.4 | 6.4 | (5) | 24.4 | 24.1 | (5) | 4.2 | 4.1 | (5) | 15.3 | 14.6 | (5) | 12.8 | 12.2 | 9 |
| (5) | 3.2 | 3.1 | (5) | 16.3 | 16.0 | (5) | 2.8 | 2.7 | (5) | 10.2 | 9.7 | (5) | 7.0 | 6.6 | 10 |
| 93.7 | 93.5 | 89.8 | 323.0 | 319.9 | 308.7 | 64.5 | 64.3 | 63.6 | 173.5 | 173.9 | 164.9 | 241.3 | 237.9 | 226.7 | 11 |
| 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 16.9 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 12 |
| 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 13 |
| 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.4 | 31.9 | 31.5 | 30.6 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 14 |
| 24.6 | 24.6 | 24.0 | 79.4 | 78.0 | 77.2 | 23.2 | 23.3 | 23.2 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 38.3 | 54.4 | 54.3 | 53.1 | 15 |
| 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 18.5 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 16 |
| 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 17 |
| 49.8 | 50.2 | 48.3 | 188.5 | 188.4 | 180.5 | 35.7 | 35.9 | 34.7 | 112.6 | 113.2 | 106.5 | 140.9 | 139.6 | 136.1 | 18 |
| 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 19 |
| 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 27.5 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 16,7 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 20 |
| 49.9 | 50.2 | 50.5 | 141.9 | 141.4 | 137.1 | 25.9 | 25.9 | 25.7 | 84.3 | 85.1 | 81.8 | 134.2 | 133.9 | 132.6 | 21 |
| 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 22 |
| 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 29.8 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 16.1 | 23 |
| 54.4 | 54.7 | 52.8 | 161.5 | 160.6 | 153.7 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 28.8 | 101.7 | 102.3 | 99.6 | 144.6 | 145.2 | 136.4 | 24 |
| 21.1 | 21.1 | 20.7 | 58.1 | 57.6 | 57.4 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 38.3 | 30.4 | 30.7 | 29.4 | 25 |
| 87.7 | 87.2 | 83.5 | 202.8 | 200.0 | 193.4 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 39.4 | 124.4 | 124.8 | 118.1 | 175.2 | 176.7 | 168.0 | 26 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 17.8 | 17.5 | 17.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 18.8 | 27 |
| 41.8 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 79.7 | 78.5 | 77.6 | 19.2 | 19.4 | 19.1 | 54.7 | 54.7 | 53.3 | 45.9 | 46.5 | 43.8 | 28 |
| 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 20.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 11.2 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 29 |
| 16.3 | 16.5 | 16.4 | 55.7 | 55.7 | 55.2 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 32.5 | 33.1 | 32.1 | 54.7 | 54.5 | 53.0 | 30 |
| . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 31 |
| 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 32 |
| 72.8 | 72.9 | 72.2 | 246.1 | 239.6 | 232.7 | 53.7 | 53.8 | 52.0 | 171.9 | 172.2 | 160.9 | 191.0 | 189.0 | 178.9 | 33 |
| 53.4 | 53.6 | 53.2 | 147.4 | 142.9 | 142.6 | 35.2 | 35.3 | 34.8 | 102.3 | 101.6 | 97.9 | 108.6 | 107.4 | 102.0 | 34 |
| 102.4 | 101.8 | 103.3 | 419.5 | 415.8 | 408.5 | 106.8 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 363.3 | 365.7 | 351.8 | 284.2 | 284.1 | 272.5 | 35 |
| 65.1 | 64.7 | 65.5 | 258.2 | 254.6 | 252.1 | 77.8 | 77.4 | 77.6 | 246.2 | 246.7 | 239.0 | 163.6 | 163.4 | 158.4 | 36 |
| 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 37 |
| 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 38 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 39 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 40 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 41 |
| 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 35.7 | 35.5 | 35.9 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 27.5 | 27.7 | 27.1 | 24.6 | 24.3 | 23.7 | 42 |
| 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 22.6 | 22.3 | 22.5 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 18.4 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 43 |



See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
for States and selected areas，by industry division－－Continued
thousands）

| Tran sportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance，insurance， and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 2964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov }_{9} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { oct. }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nova } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NVO}_{1} \\ 1.965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 139.8 | 138.7 | 133.6 | 504.0 | 493.7 | 480.3 | 95.6 | 95.5 | 93.0 | 324.4 | 324.6 | 312．9 | 377.3 | 376.6 | 363.3 | 1 |
| 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 9.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 6．8 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 35.4 | 35.4 | 33.6 | 2 |
| 75．1 | 74．8 | 72．2 | 272.0 | 264.0 | 258．2 | 56．3 | 56.4 | 55.3 | 178．5 | 176．0 | 169．9 | 150．3 | 149.6 | 141．8 | 3 |
| 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 22.8 | 22．3 | 22.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3．2 | 13.5 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 4 |
| 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 33.0 | 32.6 | 31.2 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20．9 | 14．0 | 14.0 | 13．9 | 5 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 10.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 6 |
| 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 18.9 | 18.6 | 18． 2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 28.2 | 7 |
| 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 8 |
| 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 11．2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 9 |
| 82.0 | 82.2 | 79.4 | 262.0 | 260.7 | 254.5 | 52.0 | 52.0 | 52.0 | 163.2 | 163.9 | 157．0 | 193.7 | 193.2 | 184.7 | 10 |
| 9.4 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 12．2 | 12.1 | 11.5 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 11 |
| 51.6 | 51.4 | 50.0 | 160.5 | 158.8 | 155.8 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 101.6 | 102．3 | 96.9 | 87.7 | 86.5 | 83.3 | 12 |
| 26.6 | 27.2 | 27.2 | 93.2 | 92.5 | 92.0 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16．5 | 56.0 | 56.4 | 54.9 | 109.3 | 108.8 | 101.6 | 13 |
| 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 17.1 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5．2 | 13．0 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 16.7 | 14 |
| 117.0 | 118.2 | 115.7 | 333.1 | 330.1 | 327.7 | 77.4 | 77.7 | 76.7 | 216.0 | 216.5 | 209.7 | 226．0 | 223.8 | 214.0 | 15 |
| 45.0 | 45.1 | 44.6 | 112.3 | 109．2 | 109．3 | 28.8 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 63.7 | 64.1 | 61.9 | 57.9 | 57.6 | 55.0 | 16 |
| 61.3 | 64.0 | 62.9 | 168．9 | 167.5 | 163.8 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 124.4 | 124．9 | 119.3 | 92.0 | 91.1 | 88.3 | 17 |
| 17.5 | 17.8 | － 17.4 | 42.2 | 42.9 | 41．9 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 24.9 | 25.2 | 24.9 | 47.5 | 47.5 | 45.3 | 18 |
| 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 19 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 20 |
| 35.9 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 104.5 | 104．0 | 101．1 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 24.7 | 65.3 | 65.2 | 63.1 | 89.7 | 89.4 | 87.7 | 21 |
| 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.1 | 42.7 | 42.3 | 41.4 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 28.2 | 27.9 | 27.3 | 23.9 | 23.6 | 22.8 | 22 |
| 11.9 | 11.9 | 11．5 | 29.8 | 30.0 | 28.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 57.8 | 54.8 | 52.1 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 27.9 | 23 |
| 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 14.5 | 15.1 | 13.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 24 |
| 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 37.9 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 30.3 | 33.7 | 28.7 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 26．1 | 25 |
| 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 26 |
| 158.3 | 157.6 | 154.3 | 441.6 | 437.3 | 427.3 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 97.6 | 315.0 | 317.7 | 300.4 | 300.6 | 299.1 | 284.1 | 27 |
| 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 13.5 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 12.0 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 28 |
| 35.5 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 37.0 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 25.1 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 27．9 | 27.9 | 27.0 | 29 |
| 52.1 | 51.7 | 51.7 | 140.3 | 138．2 | 138.4 | 49.0 | 48.8 | 48.2 | 112．1 | 112.7 | 109.1 | 87.4 | 87.0 | 83.6 | 30 |
| 23.9 | 23.7 | 23.3 | 91.8 | 90.6 | 89.8 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 14.1 | 54.3 | 54.2 | 52.1 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 38.8 | 31 |
| 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 37.8 | 36.3 | 35.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 19.7 | 31.6 | 31.5 | 29.6 | 32 |
| 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 20.1 | 19.5 | 19.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 19.0 | 22.6 | 22.5 | 21.8 | 33 |
| 20.3 | 20.3 | 20.1 | 56.1 | 55.7 | 54.3 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11．2 | 47.6 | 47.7 | 45.3 | 77.0 | 77.1 | 73.4 | 34 |
| 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 23.6 | 23.3 | 21.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 21.9 | 22.0 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 21.1 | 35 |
| 482.5 | 483.2 | 477.7 | 1，345．3 | 1，324．7 | 1，328．2 | 507.2 | 508.3 | 503.4 | 1，126．1 | 1，134．3 | 1，092．8 | 967.2 | 960.5 | 938.7 | 36 |
| 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 48.6 | 47.7 | 47．7 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 39.3 | 19．7 | 38．2 | 60.0 | 59.9 | 58.0 | 37 |
| 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 15.7 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 9.9 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 38 |
| 31.3 | 31.7 | 31.2 | 88.2 | 87.4 | 87.1 | 16.3 | 16.7 | 16.4 | 57.9 | 58.3 | 57.3 | 62.9 | 62.3 | 60.8 | 39 |
| 26.4 | 26.4 | 25.6 | 6．7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | － | － | － | 7 | － | － 7 | － | － | － | 40 |
| 26.4 | 26.4 | 25.6 | 145.9 | 142.9 | 138.1 | 24.8 | 24.9 | 23.3 | 97.7 | 98.9 | 91.7 | 104.3 | 103.3 | 99.3 | 41 |
| 488.7 | 487.3 | 482.8 | 1，285．2 | 1，263．8 | 1，257．9 | 514.7 | 515.5 | 308.8 | 1，059．7 | 1，064．0 | 1，025．6 | 801.1 | 797.4 | 775.5 | 42 |
| 367.4 321.8 | 366.9 321.4 | 362.3 318.0 | 977.9 764.0 | 961.4 | 957.1 | 437.9 | 438.7 | 433.5 | 847.8 | 851.8 | 820．0 | 612.9 | 609.9 | 596．5 | 43 |
| 321.8 12.8 | 321.4 | 318.0 | 764.0 54.3 | 751.9 | 754.3 | 399.2 | 399.9 | 396.7 | 689.9 | 691.9 | 672.1 | 461.9 | 459.9 | 452.3 | 44 |
| 12.8 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 54.3 | 53.1 | 51.8 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 39.3 | 36.9 | 36.9 | 36.1 | 45 |
| 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 40.4 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 29.0 | 29.3 | 28.3 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.3 | 46 |
| 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 23.8 | 23.4 | 24.8 | 47 |
| 17.0 | 16.9 | 16.5 | 59.6 | 58.3 | 57.4 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 53.9 | 54.6 | 50.8 | 35.7 | 35.6 | 34.2 | 48 |

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract con struction |  |  | Manufacturing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1964$ | Nov. 1965 | $\begin{gathered} \text { uct. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Nov. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | NORTH CAROLINA | 1,452.3 | 1,452.4 | 1,392.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 89.8 | 88.7 | 81.1 | 601.2 | 606.2 | 581.4 |
| 2 | Charlotte. | 138.5 | 137.1 | 133.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 35. 1 | 34.8 | 34.1 |
| 3 | Greensboro-High Point. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 47.4 | 47.3 | 45.6 |
| 4 | Winston-Salem | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 33.2 | 38.9 | 37.7 |
| 5 | north dakota | 147.4 | 148.7 | 146.6 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.8 |
| 6 | Fargo-Moorhead | 34.3 | 34.3 | 33.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 |
| 7 | OHIO | 3,380.4 | 3,376.4 | 3,286.6 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 20.6 | 145.8 | 152.3 | 146.0 | 1,324.8 | 1,325. 2 | 1,277.4 |
| 3. | Akron. | 210.9 | 209.6 | 204. 2 | .2 | . 2 | . 2 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 93.0 | 92.9 | 90.3 |
| 9 | Canton | 118.3 | 118.4 | 116.2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 58.3 | 58.5 | 57.3 |
| 10 | Cincinnati | 436.3 | 435.0 | 427.6 | . 4 | .4 | . 4 | 20.4 | 21.1 | 20.2 | 154.6 | 154.4 | 150.8 |
| 11 | Cleveland | 774.9 | 772.4 | 754.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 9 | 35.1 | 36.1 | 35.7 | 295.8 | 296.5 | 286.2 |
| 12 | Columbus | 319.1 | 317.7 | 306.1 | .9 | 1.0 | . 9 | 16.4 | 16.9 | 15.7 | 82.0 | 31.8 | 79.0 |
| 13 | Dayton | 286.5 | 283.5 | 273.9 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 118.2 | 116.8 | 111.1 |
| 14 | Toledo. | 207.7 | 206.3 | 199.3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 77.4 | 76.9 | 74.8 |
| 15 | Youngstown-Warren | 167.5 | 168.9 | 165.0 | .4 | . 4 | . 4 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 76.8 | 78.9 | 78.3 |
| 16 | oxlahoma | 652.8 | 653.2 | 630.9 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 34.7 | 36.4 | 34.3 | 105.3 | 104.7 | 97.7 |
| 17 | Oklahoma City | 214.3 | 214.1 | 206.2 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 13.0 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 26.0 |
| 18 | Tulsa. | 149.6 | 149.7 | 145.8 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 35.8 | 35.7 | 32.8 |
| 19 | OREGON ${ }^{2}$ | 622.0 | 628.7 | 583.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 33.4 | 36.0 | 30.2 | 161.6 | 165.8 | 152.2 |
| 20 | Eugene. | 61.8 | 62.2 | 57.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 19.9 | 19.9 | 13.8 |
| 21. | Portland 2 | 322.6 | 324.0 | 300.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 16.0 | 16.4 | 14.6 | 75.1 | 76.5 | 69.5 |
| 22 | Pennsylvania | 3,907.2 | 3,900.6 | 3,834.5 | 45.3 | 45.6 | 46.5 | 163.5 | 170.1 | 163.5 | 1,491.2 | 1,490,8 | 1,460.0 |
| 23 | Allentown-Bechlehem-Easton. | 198.8 | 197.6 | 193.0 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 102.5 | 101.8 | 99.2 |
| 24 | Altoona. | 43.5 | 43.4 | 42.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 12.3 |
| 25 | Erie. | 85.8 | 85.5 | 83.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 40.5 |
| 26 | Harrisburg | 159.6 | 159.9 | 156.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 9.2 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 35.7 |
| 27 | Johnstown. | 71.8 | 72.4 | 70.8 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 25.6 | 26.1 | 25.6 |
| 28 | Lancaster . | 107.1 | 107.0 | 101.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.9 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 52.9 | 52.7 | 49.5 |
| 29 | Philadelphia | 1,591.7 | 1,532.1 | 1,557.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 70.7 | 73.9 | 73.2 | 555.9 | 553.8 | 537.5 |
| 30 | Pitssburgh. | 779.7 | 780.0 | 731.9 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 33.0 | 33.9 | 35.7 | 276.8 | 278.0 | 283.2 |
| 31 | Reading | 112.1 | 111.9 | 108.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 56.4 | 56.3 | 53.7 |
| 32 | Scranton | 78.4 | 78.3 | 76.4 | -9 |  | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 31.5 |
| 33 | wilkes-Barre-Hazieton | 109.2 | 109.1 | 107.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 47.3 | 47.3 | 46.1 |
| 34. | York. | 113.9 | 113.1 | 108.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 58.1 | 57.5 | 55.2 |
| 35 | RHODE island. . | 310.6 | 310.3 | 307.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 15.1 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 117.4 | 117.3 | 117.4 |
| 36 | Providence-Pawtucker-Warwick . | 328.5 | 327.8 | 320.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 15.3 | 15.6 | 16.2 | 137.9 | 137.4 | 133.4 |
| 37 | South carolina | 699.9 | 698.1 | 666.1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 45.7 | 46.4 | 39.3 | 298.6 | 297.7 | 283.1 |
| 38. | Charleston. | 72.5 | 71.5 | 67.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| 39 | Columbia. | 83.4 | 83.1 | 30.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.7 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 16.1 |
| 40 | Greenville | 99.3 | 98.7 | 94.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 50.2 | 49.8 | 47.2 |
| 42 | south dakota | 150.7 | 151.4 | 152.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 9.5 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 13.8 |
| 42 | Sioux Falls | 30.2 | 30.2 | 30.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.5 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| 43 | TENNESSEE | 1,132,8 | 1,128.4 | 1,072.8 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 60.7 | 61.6 | 58.6 | 393.7 | 391.5 | 369.0 |
| 44 | Chattanooga. | 108.2 | 107.8 | 103.0 | .2 | . 2 | .2 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 42.7 |
| 45 | Knoxville | 131.9 | 130.1 | 127.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 45.9 | 44.9 | 43.6 |
| 46 | Memphis | 224.2 | 223.5 | 217.8 | .$^{2}$ | . 3 | .$^{2}$ | 12.3 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 50.9 | 50.9 | 49.4 |
| 47 | Nashville | 190.8 | 189.6 | 181.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 13.0 | 13.4 | 12.2 | 56.2 | 55.5 | 52.4 |
| 48 | texas | 2,931.6 | 2,922.8 | 2,829.9 | 110.2 | 110.3 | 111.5 | 184.7 | 188.8 | 185.2 | 565.8 | 561.8 | 542.5 |
| 49 | Austin | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| 50 | Beaumont-Port Arthur | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.6 | 34.0 |
| 51 | Corpus Christi | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.0 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.
for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued
thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail crade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & O_{c} \mathbf{t}_{0} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov }_{6} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov }_{0} \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 76.0 | 75.9 | 72.4 | 265.5 | 262.8 | 257.2 | 54.2 | 54.2 | 52.0 | 158.3 | 159.8 | 150.9 | 203.3 | 202.0 | 194.8 | 1 |
| 14.9 | 14.9 | 14.5 | 37.4 | 36.5 | 35.4 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 16.8 | 14.7 | 16,6 | 13.6 | 2 |
| 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 24.2 | 23.1 | 22.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 39.7 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 25.5 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 5 |
| 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6 |
| 205.8 | 205.5 | 199.7 | 657.6 | 647.2 | 649.9 | 132.1 | 132.0 | 129.6 | 420.7 | 424.5 | 410.7 | 472.8 | 468.9 | 452.9 | 7 |
| 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 24.1 | 26.4 | 25.6 | 24.5 | 8 |
| 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 21.6 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 13.1 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 9 |
| 31.8 | 32.0 | 31.8 | 93.8 | 91.1 | 92.4 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 23.4 | 57.1 | 57.8 | 56.8 | 54.3 | 54.2 | 51.8 | 10 |
| 48.2 | 47.9 | 46.7 | 158.7 | 155.6 | 156.9 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 35.4 | 106.3 | 107.4 | 102.9 | 93.6 | 91.7 | 89.5 | 11 |
| 19.5 | 19.4 | 13.8 | 66.9 | 65.9 | 65.9 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 19.1 | 46.8 | 47.6 | 44.2 | 66.6 | 65.3 | 62.6 | 12 |
| 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 50.3 | 48.7 | 49.5 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 34.6 | 50.4 | 50.1 | 49.2 | 13 |
| 15.3 | 15.2 | 14.4 | 44.0 | 43.4 | 42.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 28.9 | 28.8 | 27.4 | 26.9 | 26.4 | 24.7 | 14 |
| 9.0 | 3.9 | 8.7 | 30.9 | 30.1 | 29.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 21.7 | 21.8 | 20.8 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 15.8 | 15 |
| 48.5 | 48.4 | 45.7 | 146.5 | 146.3 | 146.5 | 31.0 | 31.2 | 30.8 | 83.9 | 89.1 | 86.5 | 156.3 | 155.2 | 146. 8 | 16 |
| 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.5 | 50.5 | 50.5 | 49.5 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 28.7 | 57.3 | 57.0 | 54.8 | 17 |
| 14.4 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 34.2 | 34.0 | 34.1 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 21.4 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 18 |
| 46.7 | 46.8 | 45.1 | 141.8 | 141.5 | 132.6 | 28.6 | 23.4 | 26.9 | 86.6 | 87.6 | 80.0 | 121.7 | 120.8 | 115.2 | 19 |
| 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 11.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 20 |
| 28.3 | 28.4 | 27.6 | 80.5 | 79.9 | 76.2 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.0 | 50.0 | 50.4 | 46.1 | 53.6 | 53.3 | 48.9 | 21 |
| 260.1 | 260.9 | 259.2 | 717.0 | 705.9 | 705.2 | 163.2 | 163.1 | 160.0 | 550.7 | 553.7 | 542.6 | 516.2 | 510.5 | 497.5 | 22 |
| 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 31.2 | 30.5 | 30.9 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 23.4 | 16.7 | 16.4 | 15.6 | 23 |
| 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 24 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 25 |
| 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 28.3 | 27.7 | 27.4 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 20.7 | 44.1 | 44.3 | 46.0 | 26 |
| 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 27 |
| 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 18.0 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 12.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 28 |
| 106.1 | 106.7 | 105.6 | 320.6 | 314.0 | 316.8 | 85.7 | 85.8 | 85.2 | 241.0 | 239.1 | 237.5 | 210.3 | 207.4 | 200.5 | 29 |
| 54.4 | 54.2 | 54.7 | 157.2 | 155.0 | 153.0 | 32.1 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 128.1 | 129.6 | 127.9 | 88.4 | 87.8 | 85.8 | 30 |
| 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 16.9 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 31 |
| 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 32 |
| 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 18.4 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 33 |
| 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 18.9 | 18.6 | 18.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.1 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 34 |
| 15.1 | 15.1 | 14.8 | 57.2 | 56.4 | 57.7 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 13.5 | 47.2 | 47.7 | 45.7 | 44.8 | 44.6 | 43.0 | 35 |
| 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 58.5 | 57.7 | 57.9 | 13.8 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 46.3 | 46.8 | 44.6 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 40.2 | 36 |
| 28.4 | 28.4 | 27.5 | 116.1 | 115.1 | 112.0 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 11/24.3 | 68.9 | 69.0 | 67.3 | 117.0 | 116.3 | 111.0 | 37 |
| 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 14.9 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 25.0 | 24.7 | 22.6 | 38 |
| 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 21.1 | 39 |
| 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 16.2 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 40 |
| 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 40.5 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 23.9 | 24.2 | 24.9 | 45.1 | 44.8 | 44.9 | 41 |
| 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 42 |
| 58.4 | 58.5 | 57.3 | 225.2 | 222.6 | 214.1 | 46.6 | 46.8 | 45.4 | 149.4 | 149.8 | 143.1 | 191.8 | 190.7 | 178.3 | 43 |
| 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 19.6 | 19.2 | 19.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 12.9 | 13.2 | 12.3 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 12.7 | 44 |
| 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 27.2 | 26.6 | 26.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 15.1 | 23.9 | 23.3 | 23.8 | 45 |
| 17.4 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 59.1 | 58.3 | 57.9 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 32.9 | 32.8 | 32.5 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 37.0 | 46 |
| 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 29.2 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.6 | 29.3 | 26.7 | 47 |
| 221.6 | 221.3 | 219.3 | 736.0 | 729.1 | 70\%.2 | 154.1 | 154.5 | 148.7 | 431.1 | 431.6 | 408.0 | 528.1 | 525.4 | 510.5 | 48 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | . | 49 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | $\square$ | $\because$ |  | - | 50 51 |


|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract construction |  |  | Manofacruring |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct }_{0} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. }_{0} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TEXAS (concinued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Dallas. | 488.8 | 485.7 | 461.9 | 7.6 | 7,7 | 7.6 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 29.9 | 122.8 | 121.2 | 111.3 |
| 2 | El Paso | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17.3 | 17.1 | 16.2 |
| 3 | Fort Worch | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 61.9 | 61.6 | 60.2 |
| 4 | Houston | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 105.9 | 105.5 | 101.3 |
| 5 | San Antonio | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 25.7 | 25.8 | 25.9 |
| 6 | UTAH | 307.2 | 308.8 | 299.2 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 17.9 | 18.6 | 17.3 | 49.2 | 50.5 | 51.7 |
| 7 | Salt Lake City | 165.2 | 165.5 | 163.0 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 10.8 | 11.5 | 10.4 | 28.5 | 28.7 | 28.9 |
| 8 | VERMONT | 120.8 | 121.3 | 111.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 35.0 |
| 9 | Burlington ${ }^{9}$ | 27.3 | 27.1 | 23.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.7 | 7.5 | 4.8 |
| 10 | Springfield ${ }^{9}$ | 12.9 | 12.7 | 12.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.2 |
| 11 | virginia ${ }^{4}$...... | 1,241.6 | 1,239.2 | 1,195.8 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 93.3 | 94.1 | 90.5 | 331.8 | 332.7 | 320.1 |
| 12 | Newport News-Hampton ${ }^{2}$ | 83.1 | 83.2 | 82.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 25.4 | 25.6 | 27.2 |
| 13 | Norfolk-Portsmouth, | 170.3 | 170.3 | 165.4 | . 1 | -1 | - 1 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 18.7 | 19.0 | 18.0 |
| 14 | Richmond | 201.4 | 200.5 | 194.2 | .2 | .2 | . 2 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 49.6 | 49.7 | 48.0 |
| 15 | Roanoke. | 69.1 | 69.0 | 65.7 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 15.7 |
| 16 | washington. | 917.7 | 922.1 | 866.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 50.4 | 49.5 | 41.3 | 233.4 | 237.7 | 219.5 |
| 17 | Seatle-Everett | 426.7 | 425.6 | 400.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 20.2 | 21.2 | 18.6 | 125.4 | 125.3 | 111.2 |
| 18 | Spokane | 76.8 | 77.4 | 74.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.3 |
| 19 | Tacoma | 87.6 | 87.8 | 83.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 18.0 | 18.3 | 17.4 |
| 20 | mest virginia | 472.3 | 470.9 | 466.4 | 48.6 | 48.4 | 48.7 | 21.9 | 23.4 | 23.4 | 127.2 | 127.2 | 127.6 |
| 21 | Charleston | 75.4 | 74.8 | 75.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 21.3 |
| 22 | Huntington-Ashland | 73,9 | 74.0 | 73.8 | .9 | .9 | . 9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 25.0 | 25.4 | 25.1 |
| 23 | Wheeling | 51,6 | 51.4 | 53.1 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.5 |
| 24 | wisconsin | 1,347.8 | 1,350.4 | 1,293.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 63.0 | 65.1 | 60.8 | 491.3 | 493.1 | 470.8 |
| 25 | Green Bay | 44.6 | 44.6 | 42.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 13.9 |
| 26 | Kenosha. . | 36.5 | 36.4 | 37.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 22.3 |
| 27 | La Crosse | 25.7 | 25.5 | 23.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 7.0 |
| 28 | Madison | 94.9 | 94.9 | 90.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.3 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.1 |
| 29 | Milwaukee | 507.5 | 503.6 | 486.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 24.2 | 24.2 | 22.6 | 202.5 | 200.8 | 192.3 |
| 30 | Racine. | 52.7 | 52.7 | 49.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 26.6 | 26.4 | 24.7 |
| 31 | wyoming | 96.4 | 98.0 | 97.2 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 8.5 |
| 32 | Casper. | 17.3 | 17.3 | 18.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| 33 | Cheyenne | 16.9 | 17.4 | 19.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.0 | . 7 | . 8 | 2.0 |

1 Combined with service.
2 Series revised to 1965 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
${ }^{3}$ Cambined with construction.
${ }^{4}$ Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia sectors of the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical
Area is included in data for District of columbia.
5 Not avallable.
${ }^{6}$ Initial inclusion in this publication.
7 Combined with manufacturing.
${ }^{8}$ Area included in New York-Northeastern Wew Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
9 Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.
Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separat
10 Subarea of New York Standard Ketropolitan Statistical Area.
${ }^{11}$ Data for 1964 not comparable with 1965.
NOTR: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.
for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued
thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, in surance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nove } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & \text { 1965 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov。 } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 38.9 | 38.8 | 36.8 | 135.6 | 133.9 | 126.2 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 66.4 | 67.1 | 62.8 | 50.8 | 50.4 | 48.8 | 1 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.6 | - | " | - | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.0 | - | - | - | 59.3 | 59.3 | 56.8 | 4 5 |
| 21.3 | 21.7 | 21.6 | 69.1 | 68.7 | 67.6 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 12.7 | 42.8 | 43.0 | 40.9 | 81.8 | 81.0 | 75.6 | 6 |
| 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 43.9 | 43.3 | 43.1 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 22.7 | 28.6 | 28.4 | 27.8 | 7 |
| 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 22.3 | 22.6 | 21.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 20.2 | 21.0 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 8 |
| 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 |
| 87.2 | 87.1 | 83.6 | 258.4 | 254.2 | 248.8 | 54.6 | 54.7 | 52.6 | 165.4 | 166.3 | 157.5 | 235.8 | 235.0 | 227.6 | 11 |
| 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 22.1 | 12 |
| 15.1 | 15.1 | 14.4 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 21.6 | 51.0 | 50.8 | 49.9 | 13 |
| 16.2 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 45.9 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 24.8 | 34.2 | 34.0 | 32.3 | 14 |
| 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 15.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 15 |
| 61.5 | 62.5 | 60.1 | 203.5 | 204.4 | 194.2 | 43.9 | 44.1 | 42.8 | 123.1 | 123.9 | 116.6 | 199.9 | 198.0 | 190.2 | 16 |
| 31.6 | 31.7 | 30.2 | 94.1 | 93.4 | 90.4 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 25.0 | 57.9 | 58.0 | 55.2 | 71.5 | 70.1 | 69.7 | 17 |
| 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 20.9 | 21.0 | 20.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 13.5 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 13.6 | 18 |
| 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 18.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 13.1 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 22.7 | 22.2 | 21.1 | 19 |
| 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 81.4 | 80.0 | 81.1 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 57.3 | 57.3 | 55.1 | 81.7 | 80.5 | 76.3 | 20 |
| 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 21 |
| 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 15.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 9.5 | 22 |
| 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 23 |
| 76.0 | 76.2 | 75.4 | 280.5 | 277.1 | 271.1 | 52.7 | 52.9 | 50.6 | 174.1 | 176.7 | 167.3 | 207.4 | 206.5 | 195.1 | 24 |
| 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 10.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 25 |
| 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.0 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 26 |
| 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 27 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 19.5 | 19.2 | 18.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 12.5 | 31.2 | 31.0 | 29.6 | 28 |
| 28.6 | 28.7 | 28.6 | 105.0 | 102.5 | 101.5 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 23.8 | 65.9 | 66.3 | 64.0 | 56.9 | 56.7 | 53.4 | 29 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 30 |
| 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 21.1 | 21.5 | 20.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 26.5 | 26.8 | 24.9 | 31 |
| 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 32 |
| 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 33 |

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS 

Table C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls 1919 to date

| Year and month | Menufacturing |  |  | Durable soods |  |  | Nondurable doods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { weekly } \\ & \text { earnings } \end{aligned}$ | Average weekly hour: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { hourly } \\ & \text { earaings } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Averafe } \\ \text { weokly } \\ \text { earnlngs } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { veekly } \\ & \text { houss } \end{aligned}$ | Averade hourly earnings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { weekly } \\ & \text { earnings } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { weelcly } \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | Averade hourly earnings |
| 1919.................... | \$21.84 | 46.3 | \$0.472 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1920................... | 26.02 | 47.4 | . 549 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1921..................... . | 21.94 | 43.1 | . 509 | - | - | - |  | - |  |
| 1922.................... | 21.28 | 44.2 | . 482 |  |  | - |  | - | - |
| 1923.................... | 23.56 | 45.6 | . 516 | \$25.42 |  | - | \$21.50 | - | - |
| 1924...................... | 23.67 | 43.7 | . 541 | 25.48 |  | - | 21.63 | - | - |
| 1925.................... | 24.11 | 44.5 | - 541 | 26.02 |  | - | 21.99 | - | - |
| 1926..................... | 24.38 | 45.0 | . 542 | 26.23 |  | - | 22.29 | $\cdots$ | - |
| 1927.................... | 24.47 | 45.0 | . 544 | 26.28 |  | - | 22.55 | - | - |
| 1928..................... | 24.70 | 44.4 | . 556 | 26.86 |  | - | 22.42 | - | - |
| 1929..................... | 24.76 | 44.2 | . 560 | 26.84 | - | - | 22.47 | - | - |
| 1930................... | 23.00 | 42.1 | . 546 | 24.42 | - | - | 21.40 | - | - |
| 1931................... | 20.64 | 40.5 | . 509 | 20.98 |  | - | 20.09 | - | - ${ }^{-1}$ |
| 1932................... | 16.89 | 38.3 | . 441 | 15.99 | 32.5 | \$0.492 | 17.26 | 41.9 | \$0.412 |
| 1933. ................... | 16.65 | 38.1 | . 437 | 16.20 | 34.7 | .467 | 16.76 | 40.0 | . 419 |
| 1934..................... | 18.20 | 34.6 | . 526 | 18.59 | 33.8 | . 550 | 17.73 | 35.1 | . 505 |
| 1935.................... | 19.91 | 36.6 | . 544 | 21.24 | 37.2 | . 571 | 18.77 | 36.1 | . 520 |
| 1936.................... | 21.56 | 39.2 | . 550 | 23.72 | 40.9 | . 580 | 19.57 | 37.7 | . 519 |
| 1937.................... | 23.82 | 38.6 | . 617 | 26.61 | 39.9 | . 667 | 21.17 | 37.4 | . 566 |
| 1938................... | 22.07 | 35.6 | . 620 | 23.70 | 34.9 | . 679 | 20.65 | 36.1 | . 572 |
| 1939.................... | 23.64 | 37.7 | . 627 | 26.19 | 37.9 | . 691 | 21.36 | 37.4 | . 571 |
| 1940..................... | 24.96 | 38.1 | . 655 | 28.07 | 39.2 | . 716 | 21.83 | 37.0 | . 590 |
| 1941................... | 29.48 | 40.6 | . 726 | 33.56 | 42.0 | . 799 | 24.39 | 38.9 | . 627 |
| 1942...................... | 36.68 | 43.1 | . 851 | 42.17 | 45.0 | .937 | 28.57 | 40.3 | . 709 |
| 1943.................... | 43.07 | 45.0 | . 957 | 48.73 | 46.5 | 1.048 | 33.45 | 42.5 | . 787 |
| 1944................... | 45.70 | 45.2 | 1.011 | 51.38 | 46.5 | 1.105 | 36.38 | 43.1 | . 844 |
| 1945..................... | 44.20 | 43.5 | 1.016 | 48.36 | 44.0 | 1.099 | 37.48 | 42.3 | . 886 |
| 1946................... | 43.32 | 40.3 | 1.075 | 46.22 | 40.4 | 1.144 | 40.30 | 40.5 | . 995 |
| 1947.................... | 49.17 | 40.4 | 1.217 | 51.76 | 40.5 | 1.278 | 46.03 | 40.2 | 1.145 |
| 1948.................... | 53.12 | 40.0 | 1. 328 | 56.36 | 40.4 | 1.395 | 49.50 | 39.6 | 1.250 |
| 1949.................... | 53.30 | 39.1 | 1.378 | 57.25 | 39.4 | 1.453 | 50.38 | 38.9 | 1. 295 |
| 1Y50................... | 50.32 | 40.5 | 1.440 | 62.43 | 41.1 | 1.519 | 53.48 | 39.7 | 1. 347 |
| 1951.................... | 63.34 | 40.6 | 1.56 | 68.43 | 41.5 | 1.65 | 56.88 | 39.5 | 1.44 |
| 1952.................... | 67.16 | 40.7 | 1.65 | 72.63 | 41.5 | 1.75 | 59.95 | 39.7 | 1.51 |
| 1953................... | 70.47 | 40.5 | 1.74 | 76.63 | 41.2 | 1.86 | 62.57 | 39.6 | 1.58 |
| 1954.................... | 70.49 | 39.6 | 1.78 | 76.19 | 40.1 | 1.90 | 63.18 | 39.0 | 1.62 |
| 1955................... | 75.70 | 40.7 | 1.86 | 82.19 | 41.3 | 1.99 | 66.63 | 39.9 | 1.67 |
| 1956.................... | 78.78 | 40.4 | 1.95 | 35.28 | 41.0 | 2.08 | 70.09 | 39.6 | 1.77 |
| 1957................... | 81.59 | 39.8 | 2.05 | 88.26 | 40.3 | 2.19 | 72.52 | 39.2 | 1.85 |
| 1958. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 82.71 | 39.2 | 2.17 | 89.27 | 39.5 | 2.26 | 74.11 | 38.8 | 1.91 |
| 1959..................... | 88.26 | 40.3 | 2.19 | 96.05 | 40.7 | 2.36 | 78.61 | 39.7 | 1.98 |
| 1960................... | 89.72 | 39.7 | 2.26 | 97.44 | 40.1 | 2.43 | 80.36 | 39.2 | 2.05 |
| 1961.................... | 92.34 | 39.8 | 2.32 | 100.35 | 10.3 | 2.49 | 82.92 | 39.3 | 2.11 |
| 1962................... | 96.56 | 40.4 | 2.39 | 104.70 | 40.9 | 2.56 | 85.93 | 39.6 | 2.17 |
| 1963.... . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.63 | 40.5 | 2.46 | 108.09 | 41.1 | 2.63 | 87.91 | 39.6 | 2.22 |
| 1964..................... | 102.97 | 40.7 | 2.53 | 112.19 | 41.4 | 2.71 | 90.91 | 39.7 | 2.29 |
| 1965.................... | 107.27 | 41.1 | 2.61 | 117.18 | 42.0 | 2.79 | 94.64 | 40.1 | 2.36 |
| 1964: December....... | 107.07 | 41.5 | 2.58 | 117.02 | 42.4 | 2.76 | 93.50 | 40.3 | 2.32 |
| 1965: January........ | 105.52 | 40.9 | 2.58 | 115.37 | 41.8 | 2.76 | 92.50 | 39.7 | 2.33 |
| February....... | 105.93 | 40.9 | 2.59 | 115.79 | 41.8 | 2.77 | 92.73 | 39.8 | 2. 33 |
| March. . . . . . . . | 106.71 | 41.2 | 2.59 | 117.04 | 42.1 | 2.78 | 93.20 | 40.0 | 2.33 |
| April. . . . . . . | 105.82 | 40.7 | 2.60 | 115.93 | 41.7 | 2.78 | 92.20 | 39.4 | 2. 34 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 107.53 | 41.2 | 2.61 | 117.46 | 42.1 | 2.79 | 94.00 | 40.0 | 2. 35 |
| June........... | 107.79 | 41.3 | 2.61 | 117.74 | 42.2 | 2.79 | 94.47 | 40.2 | 2.35 |
| July. ........... | 107.01 | 41.0 | 2.61 | 116.06 | 41.6 | 2.79 | 94.87 | 40.2 | 2. 36 |
| August.......... | 106.45 | 41.1 | 2.59 | 115.51 | 41.7 | 2.77 | 95.11 | 40.3 | 2.36 |
| September...... | 107.83 | 41.0 | 2.63 | 117.18 | 41.7 | 2.81 | 95.68 | 40.2 | 2. 38 |
| October......... | 108.62 | 41.3 | 2.63 | 118.72 | 42.1 | 2.82 | 95.68 | 40.2 | 2.38 |
| November. . . . . . | 109.71 | 41.4 | 2.65 | 119.43 | 42.2 | 2.83 | 96.32 | 40.3 | $2.39$ |
| December....... | 110.92 | 41.7 | 2.66 | 120.98 | 42.6 | 2.84 | 97.20 | 40.5 | 2.40 |

NOIE: Data include Alaska and Hawail beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the hours and earnings series. Data for the 2 most recent montns and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA hOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry

| $\underset{\text { Code }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1965 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & \underline{1965} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov }_{0} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 2965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 2964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MINING |  | \$123.61 | \$126.26 | \$120.12 | \$120.98 | - | \$2.95 | \$2.95 | \$2.86 | \$2.86 |
| 10 | metal mining |  | 130.00 | 130.31 | 126.72 | 124.01 | - | 3.14 | 3.14 | 3.01 | 3.01 |
| 101 | Ifon ores |  | 130.49 | 129.36 | 127.80 | 125.06 | - | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.14 | 3.15 |
| 102 | Copper ores |  | 140.71 | 143.11 | 137.02 | 134.54 | - | 3.22 | 3.26 | 3.10 | 3.10 |
| 11,12 | coal mining |  | 129.78 | 143.24 | 135.20 | 134.67 | - | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.33 | 3.35 |
| 12 | Biruminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . Crude petroleum and nat ural |  | 132.33 | 146.30 | 138.17 | 136.21 | - | 3.51 | 3.50 | 3.37 | 3.38 |
| 13 | GAS |  | 118.15 | 115.92 | 113.36 | 115.18 |  | 2.78 | 2.76 | 2.68 | 2.71 |
| 131,2 | Crude petroleum and oatural gas fields. |  | 126.69 | 123.42 | 122.40 | 123.41 |  | 3.09 | 3.04 | 3.00 | 3.01 |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services. . . . . . . |  | 111.18 | 109.91 | 107.01 | 108. 38 |  | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.46 | 2.48 |
| 14 | Quarrying and nonmetallic mining |  | 123.29 | 123.87 | 108.75 | 113.54 |  | 2.64 | 2.63 | 2.50 | 2.49 |
| 142 | Crushed and broken stone |  | 121.38 | 124.71 | 106.68 | 115.17 |  | 2.55 | 2.54 | 2.43 | 2.44 |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION |  | 135.40 | 144.01 | 133.95 | 131.73 | - | 3.73 | 3.76 | 3.63 | 3.57 |
| 15 | general building contractors |  | 126.35 | 132.49 | 124.94 | 123.53 | - | 3.61 | 3.62 | 3.49 | 3.47 |
| 16 | heavy construction. |  | 135.09 | 149.45 | 127.20 | 129.68 | - | 3.42 | 3.50 | 3.27 | 3.21 |
| 161 | Highway and street construction |  | 133.60 | 151.70 | 118.49 | 125.97 | - | 3.34 | 3.44 | 3.11 | 3.08 |
| 162 | Other heayy construction .... |  | 136.54 | 146.01 | 135.43 | 133.33 | - | 3.51 | 3.57 | 3.42 | 3.35 |
| 17 | Special trade contractors |  | 142.16 | 150.00 | 142.07 | 138.68 |  | 3.96 | 4.00 | 3.85 | 3.81 |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning |  | 149.29 | 156.01 | 152.09 | 145.16 |  | 3.96 | 3.99 | 3.87 | 3.81 |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating |  | 131.48 | 140.54 | 129.59 | 127.45 |  | 3.80 | 3.84 | 3.63 | 3.57 |
| 173 | Electrical work. |  | 166.57 | 174.39 | 172.62 | 164.11 | - | 4.43 | 4.46 | 4.37 | 4.33 |
| 174 | Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work |  | 129.09 | 137.11 | 124.32 | 127.25 | - | 3.90 | 3.94 | 3.70 | 3.71 |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work . | - | 112.85 | 127.41 | 111.54 | 112.82 | - | 3.43 | 3.51 | 3.30 | 3.27 |
|  | MANUFACTURING | \$110.92 | 109.71 | 108.62 | 107.07 | 104. 30 | \$2.66 | 2.65 | 2.63 | 2.58 | 2.55 |
| 19,24,25,32-39 | DURABLE GOODS. | 120.98 | 119.43 | 118.72 | 117.02 | 113.42 | 2.84 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.76 | 2.72 |
| 20-23,26-31 | NONDURABLE GOODS | 97.20 | 96.32 | 95.68 | 93.50 | 92.17 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.32 | 2.31 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES | 137.81 | 133.56 | 133.56 | 127.31 | 124.95 | 3.19 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.09 | 3.07 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms | 143.22 | 138.55 | 138.13 | 131.33 | 128.30 | 3.30 | 3.26 | 3.25 | 3.18 | 3.16 |
| 1925 | Guided missiles and.spacecraft, complete | - | 149.82 | 148.78 | 139.36 | 135.79 | 3.30 | 3.46 | 3.46 | 3.35 | 3.32 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment . | - | 127.39 | 124.40 | 126.14 | 126.67 |  | 3.13 | 3.11 | 3.13 | 3.12 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories . . | 125.40 | 123.97 | 124.10 | 119.48 | 117.50 | 2.93 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 2.90 | 2.88 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE | 89.40 | 89.57 | 91.49 | 84.42 | 85.01 | 2.17 | 2.19 | 2.21 | 2.10 | 2.12 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills | 82.01 | 82.22 | 84.26 | 78.60 | 79.40 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 1.97 | 1.98 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general. |  | 84.44 | 85.89 | 79.99 | 81.00 |  | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.02 | 2.03 |
| 243. | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 99.41 | 97.81 | 98.47 | 93.94 | 94.16 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.28 | 2.28 |
| 2431 | Millwork | - | 94.13 | 95.94 | 91.08 | 90.23 | - | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.26 | 2.25 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood |  | 100.39 | 101.29 | 97.29 | 98.64 |  | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.30 | 2.31 |
| 244 | Wooden containers. | 74.05 | 74.46 | 75.96 | 70.64 | 69.55 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.80 | 1.74 | 1.73 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates |  | 72.07 | 73.33 | 68.71 | 68.04 | - | 1.72 | 1.75 | 1.68 | 1.68 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products. . . | 86.11 | 85.91 | 86.32 | 82.80 | 81.80 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| 25 | FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 91.58 | 90.30 | 90.73 | 88.83 | 86.73 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.15 | 2.09 | 2.07 |
| 251 | Household furniture . . | 87.76 | 85.68 | 85.88 | 84.97 | 83.13 | 2.06 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 1.99 | 1.97 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered. | - | 80.51 | 80.46 | 79.61 | 78.87 | - | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.83 | 1.83 |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered | - | 94.75 | 92.77 | 94.39 | 90.07 | - | 2.24 | 2.23 | 2.19 | 2.16 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 90.68 | 94.53 | 87.74 | 86.51 | - | 2.29 | 2.30 | 2.21 | 2.19 |
| 252 | Office furniture. | - | 106.68 | 106.75 | 101.46 | 97.99 | - | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.41 | 2.39 |
| 254 | Partitions; office and store fixrures | - | 111.92 | 115.87 | 107.98 | 107.18 | 5. | 2.71 | 2.72 | 2.64 | 2.64 |
| 253,9 | Other furniture and fixtures | 94.53 | 94.08 | 93.68 | 91.79 | 89.23 | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.17 | 2.15 |
| 32 | Stone, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 113.21 | 112.67 | 112.94 | 106.50 | 107.26 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.56 | 2.56 |
| 321 | Flat glass. |  | 157.18 | 152.76 | 146.46 | 151.28 |  | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.43 | 3.51 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 111. 24 | 109.34 | 108.00 | 104.70 | 103.94 | 2.70 | 2.68 | 2.66 | 2.56 | 2.56 |
| 3221 | Glass containers | - | 109.89 | 109.48 | 106.55 | 104.60 | - | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2.58 | 2.57 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | - | 108.65 | 106.75 | 102.62 | 102.87 | - | 2.65 | 2.61 | 2.54 | 2.54 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic | 127.31 | 131.25 | 126.79 | 119.72 | 123.85 | 3.09 | 3.14 | 3.10 | 2.92 | 2.97 |
| 325 | Structural clay products | 94.85 | 95.08 | 95.72 | 91.46 | 91.88 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.22 | 2.23 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. | - | 90.10 | 91.16 | 86.29 | 87.55 | - | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.04 | 2.06 |
| 326 | Portery and related products | - | 96.88 | 96.32 | 95.11 | 95.71 | - | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.36 | 2.34 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum and plaster products | 115,80 | 115.72 | 118.46 | 105.83 | 109.19 | 2.62 | 2.63 | 2.65 | 2.49 | 2.51 |
| 328,9 | Other stone and mineral products | 115.56 | 113.25 | 113.10 | 108.94 | 108.26 | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.60 | 2.59 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products. | - | 117.18 | 114.67 | 108.79 | 109.61 | - | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2.66 | 2.68 |

See foomotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

| $\underset{\text { Code }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MINING |  | 41.9 | 42.8 | 42.0 | 42.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | metal mining |  | 41.4 | 41.5 | 42.1 | 41.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 101 | Iron ores |  | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 39.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 102 | Copper ores |  | 43.7 | 43.9 | 44.2 | 43.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,12, | coal mining. |  | 37.4 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 40.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Biruminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL |  | 37.7 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 40.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | gas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 42.5 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 131,2 | Crude pecroleum and natural gas fields |  | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 41.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services ..... . |  | 43.6 | 43.1 | 43.5 | 43.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.4 | quarrying and nonmetallic mining |  | 46.7 | 47.1 | 43.5 | 45.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 142 | Crushed and broken stone . . . . . . . |  | 47.6 | 49.1 | 43.9 | 47.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. |  | 36.3 | 38.3 | 36.9 | 36.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | GEMERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS |  | 35.0 | 36.6 | 35.8 | 35.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | heavy construetion |  | 39.5 | 42.7 | 38.9 | 40.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 161 | Highway and street construction. |  | 40.0 | 44.1 | 38.1 | 40.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 162 | Ocher heavy construction |  | 38.9 | 40.9 | 39.6 | 39.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Special trade contractors |  | 35.9 | 37.5 | 36.9 | 36.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air corditioning |  | 37.7 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 38.1 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating |  | 34.6 | 36.6 | 35.7 | 35.7 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 173 | Electrical work . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 37.6 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 37.9 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 174 | Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work |  | 33.1 | 34.8 | 33.6 | 34.3 | - | - |  |  |  |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work .... | - | 32.9 | 36.3 | 33.8 | 34.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | MANUFACTURING. | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 |
| 19,24,25,32-39 | DURABLE GOODS | 42.6 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 41.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| 20-23,26-31 | nondurable goods | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ordnance and accessories | 43.2 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 41.2 | 40.7 |  | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms | 43.4 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 41.3 | 40.6 |  | 3.7 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 1925 | Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete. | - | 43.3 | 43.0 | 41.6 | 40.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 194 | Sighring and fire control equipment | - | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.6 |  | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories | 42.8 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 40.8 |  | 4.0 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT fURNITURE | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 40.2 | 40.1 | - | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills . . . . . | 40.6 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 39.9 | 40.1 | - | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general |  | 40.4 | 40.9 | 39.6 | 39.9 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 42.3 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 41.3 | - | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| 2431 | Millwork . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 40.4 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood | , | 42.9 | 43.1 | 42.3 | 42.7 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 244 | Wooden containers... | 41.6 | 41.6 | 42.2 | 40.6 | 40.2 | - | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. | - | 41.9 | 41.9 | 40.9 | 40.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products. | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 40.9 |  | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| 25 | furniture and fixtures. | 42.4 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 41.9 |  | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 3.7 |
| 251 | Household furniture . . . | 42.6 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 42.7 | 42.2 |  | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered. | - | 42.6 | 42.8 | 43.5 | 43.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered. | - | 42.3 | 41.6 | 43.1 | 41.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 39.6 | 41.1 | 39.7 | 39.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 252 | Office furniture. | - | 42.5 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 41.0 |  | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| 254 | Particions; office and store fixtures | - | 41.3 | 42.6 | 40.9 | 40.6 |  | 3.8 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| 253,9 | Other furniture and fixtures | 42.2 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 41.5 |  | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.3 |
| 32 | Stone, Clay, and glass products. . | 42.4 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 41.6 | 41.9 |  | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| 321 | Flat glass. | - | 43.3 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 43.1 |  | 6.3 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 5.7 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.6 |  | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| 3221 | Glass containers . . . . . . . . . . |  | 40.7 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 40.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | - | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 324 | Cement, bydraulic | 41.2 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.7 |  | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| 325 | Structural clay products | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 41.2 | . | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile | - | 42.5 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 42.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 326 | Pottery and related products | - | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.9 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum and plaster products. | 44.2 | 44.0 | 44.7 | 42.5 | 43.5 |  | 6.2 | 6.8 | 4.9 | 6.0 |
| 328,9 | Other stone and mineral products | 42.8 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.8 | - | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products. | - | 42.0 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.9 |  | - | - | - | - |

[^15]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry.-Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 2965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods ..-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Primary metal industries | \$131. 84 | \$129.83 | \$130.06 | \$133.14 | \$130.83 | \$3.20 | \$3.19 | \$3.18 | \$3.14 | \$3.13 |
| 331 | Blast fumace and basic steel products. | (*) | 130.64 | 132.01 | 141.36 | 139.26 | (*) | 3.42 | 3.42 | 3.39 | 3.38 |
| 3312 | Blast fumaces, steel and rolling mills |  | 131.17 | 132.55 | 142.35 | 140.56 |  | 3.47 | 3.47 | 3.43 | 3.42 |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries. | 128.18 | 126.14 | 125.86 | 124.68 | 120.40 | 2.94 | 2.92 | 2.90 | 2.84 | 2.80 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries. | - | 125.86 | 124.41 | 124.88 | 120.18 | - | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.80 | 2.75 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries |  | 129.25 | 128.41 | 122.38 | 120.54 | - | 3.07 | 3.05 | 2.90 | 2.87 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries |  | 124.95 | 127.89 | 125.42 | 120.80 |  | 2.94 | 2.94 | 2.91 | 2.89 |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and refining | 127.20 | 125.70 | 125.58 | 122.22 | 121.35 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.91 | 2.91 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, drawiog, and excrudiag. | 133.32 | 131.97 | 131.67 | 125.85 | 123.25 | 3.03 | 3.02 | 3.02 | 2.92 | 2.90 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, draving, and exuruding. - |  | 132.13 | 134.29 | 130.20 | 126.23 | - | 3.08 | 3.08 | 3.00 | 2.97 |
| 3352 | Alumioum rolling, drawing, and extruding | - | 137.90 | 135.88 | 129.63 | 127.98 | - | 3.17 | 3.15 | 3.05 | 3.04 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating . |  | 128.32 | 127.74 | 119.78 | 117.98 |  | 2.89 | 2.89 | 2.76 | 2.75 |
| 336 | Nooferrous foundries . . . . . . . . . . . | 116.75 | 115.23 | 115.08 | 112.67 | 110.66 | 2.76 | 2.75 | 2.74 | 2.67 | 2.66 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | - | 115.93 | 115.09 | 112.52 | 110.92 | - | 2.78 | 2.76 | 2.66 | 2.66 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings |  | 114.51 | 114.78 | 112.67 | 110.12 |  | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.66 |
| 339 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. | 148.82 | 148.48 | 148.72 | 140.94 | 137.38 | 3.39 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.24 | 3.24 |
| 3391 | Ifon and steel forgings | - | 152.77 | 152.95 | 146.45 | 139.86 | - | 3.52 | 3.50 | 3.39 | 3.37 |
| 34 | FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 119.99 | 119.00 | 118.30 | 115.60 | 112.98 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.72 | 2.69 |
| 341 | Meral cans | 134.41 | 136.32 | 134.40 | 130.24 | 129.13 | 3.17 | 3.20 | 3.20 | 3.05 | 3.06 |
| 342 | Cutiery, hand cools, and general hardware | 117.15 | 114.93 | 112.71 | 111.04 | 107.38 | 2.75 | 2.73 | 2.69 | 2.65 | 2.60 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutlery and hand tools, including saws |  | 108.94 | 108.26 | 104.83 | 104.00 |  | 2.60 | 2.59 | 2.52 | 2.50 |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.c. |  | 118.58 | 115.50 | 114.24 | 109.74 |  | 2.81 | 2.75 | 2.72 | 2.67 |
| 343 | Heating equipanent and plumbing fixtures. | 108.67 | 107.73 | 109.59 | 103.68 | 104,04 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.66 | 2.56 | 2.55 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | - | 108.14 | 110.00 | 105.56 | 105.15 | - | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.60 | 2.59 |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric | - | 107.59 | 109.59 | 101.81 | 103.07 |  | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.52 | 2.52 |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products | 118.85 | 116.89 | 117.45 | 113.28 | 111.76 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.71 | 2.68 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. |  | 118.16 | 119.85 | 113.57 | 112.47 |  | 2.82 | 2.84 | 2.73 | 2.71 |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and crim | - | 101.52 | 102.43 | 98.47 | 96.05 | - | 2.40 | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.36 |
| 3443 | Fabricated place work (boiler shops) | - | 124.12 | 123.40 | 119.71 | 118.85 | - | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.81 | 2.79 |
| 3444 | Sbeet metal work . . . . . . . . . . | - | 119.97 | 121.40 | 119.56 | 117.04 | - | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.84 | 2.80 |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and misc. metal work | - | 119.14 | 118.44 | 111.38 | 113.30 | - | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.71 | 2.73 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolts, etc. | 124.76 | 124.76 | 123.20 | 117.12 | 116.48 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.68 | 2.69 |
| 3451 | Screw machine products. | - | 116.24 | 114.22 | 110.93 | 109.55 | - | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.55 | 2.53 |
| 3452 | Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers |  | 131.85 | 130.82 | 122.92 | 122.11 |  | 2.93 | 2.92 | 2.80 | 2.82 |
| 346 | Metal stampings . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 131.81 | 131.81 | 130.20 | 133.06 | 125.72 | 3.03 | 3.03 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.89 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services | 105.83 | 103.00 | 102.58 | 99.17 | 97.44 | 2.49 | 2.47 | 2.46 | 2.35 | 2.32 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products. | 108.54 | 108.03 | 106.85 | 103.32 | 102.83 | 2.56 | 2.56 | 2.55 | 2.46 | 2.46 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricated mecal products | 116.05 | 114.53 | 115.23 | 112.71 | 110.81 | 2.75 | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.69 | 2.67 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings. | - | 116.90 | 116.90 | 115.78 | 114.93 | - | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2.75 | 2.73 |
| 35 | MACHINERY | 133.18 | 130.20 | 129.47 | 126.44 | 123.11 | 3.02 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.92 | 2.89 |
| 351 | Engines and turbines | 135.08 | 134.69 | 136.08 | 132.82 | 129.78 | 3.24 | 3.23 | 3.24 | 3.17 | 3.15 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and turbines. | - | 142.54 | 147.15 | 143.22 | 145.86 | - | 3.41 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.44 |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n.e.c. | - | 131.36 | 131.46 | 128.63 | 122.91 | - | 3.15 | 3.16 | 3.07 | 3.02 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment . | - | 126.54 | 123.79 | 121.93 | 118.37 | - | 3.02 | 2.99 | 2.91 | 2.88 |
| 353 | Construction and related machinery | 130.50 | 128.10 | 130.33 | 123.38 | 122.38 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.01 | 2.91 | 2.90 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | - | 130.09 | 132.37 | 124.68 | 122.96 | - | 3.09 | 3.10 | 2.99 | 2.97 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery and equipment | - | 120.93 | 120.93 | 119.46 | 119.74 | - | 2.78 | 2.78 | 2.74 | 2.74 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industriai cranes |  | 127.02 | 131.26 | 121.92 | 118.85 |  | 2.90 | 2.93 | 2.79 | 2.79 |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment. | 150.01 | 146.51 | 144.00 | 142.73 | 135.69 | 3.24 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.13 | 3.07 |
| 3541 | Machine tools, metal cutting types | - | 141.51 | 139.81 | 139.23 | 135.15 | - | 3.11 | 3.10 | 3.04 | 3.01 |
| 3544 | Special dies, cools, jigs, and fixtures . . | - | 161.58 | 159.27 | 156.18 | 142.00 | - | 3.46 | 3.44 | 3.33 | 3.22 |
| 3545 | Machine tool accessories | - | 133.64 | 130.54 | 127.02 | 124.56 | - | 2.95 | 2.94 | 2.90 | 2.89 |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metal working machinery . | - | 136.03 | 133.67 | 136.19 | 134.23 | - | 3.12 | 3.08 | 3.04 | 3.03 |
| 355 | Special industry machinery. | 125.77 | 122.36 | 121.52 | 121.00 | 117.78 | 2.82 | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.75 | 2.72 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery. | - | 126.14 | 124.10 | 121.40 | 119.13 | - | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.87 | 2.85 |
| 3552 | Textile machinery . . . . . | - | 105.85 | 103.01 | 103.40 | 99.30 | - | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.35 | 2.32 |
| 3555 | Printing trades machinery. | - | 128.23 | 130.46 | 129.07 | 127.01 | - | 3.01 | 3.02 | 2.94 | 2.94 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery | 132.28 | 129.90 | 129.17 | 125.13 | 123.11 | 3.02 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.91 | 2.89 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors. | - | 124.42 | 124.70 | 123.67 | 121.67 | - | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.83 | 2.81 |
| 3562 | Ball and roller beazings. . | - | 135.84 | 134.11 | 126.35 | 123.90 | - | 3.13 | 3.09 | 2.98 | 2.95 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods . . | ${ }^{-}$ | 132.16 | 131.12 | 127.46 | 125.72 | - | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2.91 | 2.89 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 130.85 | 130.11 | 129.38 | 124.62 | 123.02 | 3.05 | 3.04 | 3.03 | 2.96 | 2.95 |
| 3571 | Computing machines and cash registers. | - | 138.56 | 136.85 | 131.86 | 129.69 | - | 3.20 | 3.19 | 3.11 | 3.11 |
| 358 | Service industry machines | 114.39 | 113.57 | 112.61 | 110.00 | 108.12 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.65 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators. |  | 112.61 | 111.93 | 110.43 | 107.73 |  | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.70 | 2.66 |
| 359 | Miscellaneous machinery | 128.08 | 124.36 | 123.36 | 120.56 | 116.10 | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.74 | 2.70 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Darable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Primary metal industries | 41.2 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 42.4 | 41.8 |  | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic steel products . . | (*) | 38.2 | 38.6 | 41.7 | 41.2 |  | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills | - | 37.8 | 38.2 | 41.5 | 41.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries. | 43.6 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.9 | 43.0 |  | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 4.7 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries. | - | 43.7 | 43.5 | 44.6 | 43.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | - | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.0 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3323 | Steel foundries | - | 42.5 | 43.5 | 43.1 | 41.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and refining | 42.4 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.7 |  | 3.7 | 3.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.2 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. | 44.0 | 43.7 | 43.6 | 43.1 | 42.5 |  | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding. . | - | 42.9 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 42.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding | - | 43.5 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 42.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wite drawing and insulating . | - | 44.4 | 44.2 | 43.4 | 42.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries . . . . . . . . . . . | 42.3 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.6 |  | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.2 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | - | 41.7 | 41.7 | 42.3 | 41.7 |  |  | - |  |  |
| 3362,9 | Other nonfetrous castings | - | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.4 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 339 | Miscellan eous primary meral industries. | 43.9 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.5 | 42.4 |  | 5.9 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
| 3391 | Iron and steel forgings . . . . . . . . | - | 43.4 | 43.7 | 43.2 | 41.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.0 |  | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| 341 | Metal cans . | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.0 | 42.7 | 42.2 |  | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware | 42.6 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.3 |  | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutery and hand rools, including saws | - | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 41.6 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.c. . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 42.2 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbing fixcures. | 40.7 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 40.8 |  | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 | $2 \cdot 3$ |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | - | 40.5 | 41.2 | 40.6 | 40.6 |  |  |  | - |  |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric . . | - | 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 40.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products . . . . | 42.6 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 41.7 |  | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. . | - | 41.9 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 41.5 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim. | - | 42.3 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 40.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3443 | Fabricated plate work (boiler shops). | - | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.6 |  | - | - | . | . |
| 3444 | Sheet metal work. | - | 41.8 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and misc. metal work |  | 42.4 | 42.3 | 41.1 | 41.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolts, etc. | 44.4 | 44.4 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 43.3 |  | 6.1 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| 3451 | Screw machine products. | - | 43.7 | 43.1 | 43.5 | 43.3 |  | - |  | - | - |
| 3452 | Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers | - | 45.0 | 44.8 | 43.9 | 43.3 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 346 | Metal srampings. | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.4 | 44.5 | 43.5 |  | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.0 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services | 42.5 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 42.0 |  | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| 348 | Miscellan eous fabricated wite products. . | 42.4 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 |  | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricated metal products. | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.5 |  | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe firtings.. | - | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.1 |  | 3. | 3 | 3 |  |
| 35 | machinery. | 44.1 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 42.6 |  | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.9 |
| 351 | Engines and turbines. | 42.0 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.2 |  | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and turbines | - | 41.8 | 42.9 | 42.0 | 42.4 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n.e.c.. . . . | - | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 40.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment | - | 41.9 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 41.1 |  | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.3 |
| 353 | Construction and related machinery. | 43.5 | 42.7 | 43.3 | 42.4 | 42.2 |  | 4.3 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | - | 42.1 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 41.4 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 3533 , | Oil field machinery and equipment . . . | - | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 43.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes | - | 43.8 | 44.8 | 43.7 | 42.6 |  | $\overline{-}$ | - | $\overline{7}$ | - |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment . . | 46.3 | 45.5 | 45.0 | 45.6 | 44.2 |  | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 5.5 |
| 3541 | Machine tools, metal cutting types. . . . | - | 45.5 | 45.1 | 45.8 | 44.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3544 | Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures. . | - | 46.7 | 46.3 | 46.9 | 44.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3545 | Machine rool accessories. . . . . . . . . | - | 45.3 | 44.4 | 43.8 | 43.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalworking machinery . | - | 43.6 | 43.4 | 44.8 | 44.3 |  | - | - | - | , |
| 355 | Special industry machinery . . . . . . . . . | 44.6 | 43.7 | 43.4 | 44.0 | 43.3 |  | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery | - | 43.2 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3552 | Textile machinery | - | 43.6 | 43.1 | 44.0 | 42.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3555 | Printing crades machinery | , | 42.6 | 43.2 | 43.9 | 43.2 | - | - | , | 4 |  |
| 356 | General industrial machinery . . . . . . . . | 43.8 | 43.3 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 42.6 | - | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors. |  | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.7 | 43.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3562 | Ball and roller bearings. . . . . . . . . . | - | 43.4 | 43.4 | 42.4 | 42.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods . . | - | 44.2 | 44.0 | 43.8 | 43.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 42.9 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 41.7 | - | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| 3571 | Computing machines and cash registers. | - | 43.3 | 42.9 | 42.4 | 41.7 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 358 | Service industry machines . . . . . . . . . | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 40.8 | - | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators. | - | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.5 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 359 | Miscellaneous machinery. | 45.1 | 44.1 | 43.9 | 44.0 | 43.0 |  | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 4.8 |

[^16]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 c t . \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. <br> 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND <br> SUPPLIES $\qquad$ |  | \$108.32 | \$107.12 | \$10 | \$103.32 | \$2.62 | \$2.61 | \$2.60 | \$2. 55 | \$2. 52 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 115.35 | 115.23 | 114.68 | 114.24 | 112.17 | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.72 | 2.69 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments | 115.35 | 101.09 | 101.66 | 101.52 | 100.12 | , | 2.49 | 2.51 | 2.47 | 2.46 |
| 3612 | Power and distribution transformers | - | 121.84 | 120.98 | 119.28 | 116.75 | - | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.80 | 2.76 |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparatus. | - | 122.11 | 121.25 | 120.84 | 118.86 |  | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.85 | 2.83 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus . . . . . | 117.30 | 114.95 | 114.68 | 114.06 | 112.14 | 2.76 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.69 | 2.67 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators . . . . . | 117.30 | 117.74 | 117.46 | 116.03 | 113.01 | 2.7 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.73 | 2.71 |
| 3622 | Industrial controls. | - | 111.07 | 109.86 | 112.78 | 112.73 |  | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.66 | 2.64 |
| 363 | Household appliances . . . . . . . . . . . . | 122.11 | 120.69 | 119.28 | 112.88 | 111.37 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.72 | 2.69 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers .. | - | 135.77 | 135.02 | 124.62 | 124.20 | - | 3.15 | 3.14 | 2.96 | 2.95 |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment.. . . . . . . | - | 123.77 | 124.79 | 111.52 | 115.36 |  | 2.94 | 2.95 | 2.74 | 2.80 |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans . . . . . . | - | 102.42 | 101.60 | 97.41 | 94.89 | - | 2.48 | 2.46 | 2.37 | 2.32 |
| 364 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment . . | 102.59 | 101.68 | 101.27 | 96.46 | 95.75 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.47 | 2.37 | 2.37 |
| 3641 | Electric lamps . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 102.59 | 107.17 | 105.47 | 99.70 | 99.79 | - | 2.57 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 2.47 |
| 3642 | Lighting firtures . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 100.37 | - 99.72 | 96.29 | 93.69 | - | 2.46 | 2.45 | 2.36 | 2.36 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices. . | - | 99.96 | 100.28 | 95.06 | 95.71 | - | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.33 | 2.34 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets. | 95.58 | 93.09 | 93.03 | 90.90 | 88.36 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.32 | 2.25 | 2.22 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. . . . . . . . . . | 123.40 | 120.12 | 119.26 | 116.20 | 115.23 | 2.89 | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.78 | 2.77 |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparatus . . . | 123. | 121.80 | 120.22 | 121.41 | 120.28 |  | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.83 | 2.83 |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | - | 119.28 | 118.71 | 1.13 .71 | 112.61 | - | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.76 | 2.74 |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories . . | 92.96 | 91.84 | 89.91 | 89.79 | 88.29 | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.19 | 2.18 |
| 3671-3 | Electron tubes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 92.96 | 112.01 | 107.35 | 102.06 | 101.82 | - | 2.54 | 2.52 | 2.43 | 2.43 |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, n.e.c.. . . . . | - | 86.43 | 85.60 | 85.88 | 84.40 |  | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.11 | 2.11 |
| 369 | Misc. electrical equipment and supplies . . | 118.14 | 119.00 | 116.06 | 119.11 | 104.28 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 2.62 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines... | - | 123.19 | 120.18 | 122.69 | 103.25 | - | 2.99 | 2.96 | 2.88 | 2.71 |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 146.30 | 144. 10 | 141.48 | 140.68 | 132.71 | 3.31 | 3.29 | 3.26 | 3.19 | 3.13 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment | (*) | 156.18 | 151.53 | 153.72 | 139.64 | (*) | 3.44 | 3.39 | 3.32 | 3.24 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles. . | ( | 163.79 | 162.51 | 168.56 | 147.17 | - | 3.53 | 3.51 | 3.44 | 3.36 |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies | - | 169.46 | 146.56 | 167.92 | 157.08 | - | 3.66 | 3.54 | 3.55 | 3.46 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies | - | 113.85 | 114.11 | 110.81 | 111.76 | - | 2.75 | 2.73 | 2.67 | 2.68 |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories. . . | - 23. | 152.43 | 148.41 | 144.30 | 133.56 | - | 3.41 | 3.35 | 3.25 | 3.15 |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 139.96 | 136.96 | 134.51 | 129.36 | 127.91 | 3.21 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.08 | 3.06 |
| 3721 | Aircraft . . . | 139.96 | 137.07 | 133.34 | 127.30 | 125.86 | - | 3.21 | 3.19 | 3.06 | 3.04 |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts . . . | - | 137.92 | 135.78 | 132.93 | 131.04 | - | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.15 | 3.12 |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parts and equipment . . . | $1{ }^{1}$ | 135.29 | 135.29 | 129.13 | 127.93 | , | 3.11 | 3.11 | 3.01 | 3.01 |
| 373 | Ship and boat building and repairing . . . . | 124.85 | 123.53 | 125.86 | 123.11 | 124.12 | 3.06 | 3.05 | 3.04 | 3.01 | 3.02 |
| 3731 | Ship building and repairing . . . . . . . . . | - | 130.24 | 132.29 | 130.29 | 131.24 | , | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.17 | 3.17 |
| 3732 | Boat building and repairing . . . . . . . | - | 92.98 | 96.05 | 91.54 | 91.08 | - | 2.36 | 2.36 | 2.30 | 2.30 |
| 374 | Railroad equipment . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 132.92 | 129.03 | 134.18 | 134.50 | - | 3.29 | 3.25 | 3.21 | 3.21 |
| 375.9 | Ocher transportation equipment . . . . . . | - | 94.77 | 97.11 | 93.15 | 93.32 |  | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.30 | 2.31 |
| 38 | INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 111.83 | 110.88 | 109.78 | 107.49 | 106.14 | 2.65 | 2.64 | 2.62 | 2.59 | 2.57 |
| 381 | Eogineering and scientific instruments . . | - ${ }^{-}$ | 129.32 | 124.80 | 123.26 | 121.36 | - $\overline{67}$ | 3.05 | 3.00 | $2.97$ | 2.96 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 112.14 | 111.34 | 110.92 | 108.58 | 106.55 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.61 | 2.58 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices | - | 112.98 | 112.56 | 110.72 | 108.16 | - | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.63 | 2.60 |
| 3822 | Automatic temperature controls. . . . . . | 9 | 109.03 | 108.62 | 105.52 | 104.45 | 2 | 2.64 | 2.63 | 2.58 | 2.56 |
| 383,5 | Oprical and ophthalmic goods . . . . . . . | 99.54 | 99.59 | 98.70 | 98.23 | 97.34 | 2.37 | 2.36 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.34 |
| 385 | Ophthalmic goods |  | 90.47 | 89.40 | 88.13 | 88.13 |  | 2.18 | 2.17 | 2.16 | 2.16 |
| 384 386 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. . | $94.73$ | 93.43 | 91.94 | 91.35 | 89.87 | 2.32 | 2.29 | 2.27 | 2.25 | 2.23 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies . . | (*) | 130.07 | 131.26 | 125.70 | 124.55 | (*) | 2.99 | 2.99 | 2.93 | 2.91 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 89.54 | 88.94 | 86.55 | 87.67 | - | 2.20 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.17 |
| 39 | MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES. | 87.48 | 86.05 | 86.46 | 84.82 | 83.20 | 2.16 | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.11 | 2.08 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 104.30 | 102.48 | 100.14 | 99.33 | 97.94 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.31 | 2.31 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods . . . | , | 75.84 73.49 | 77.39 75.39 | 74.88 | 74.47 | - | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.92 | 1.89 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vebicies . . | - | 73.49 | 75.39 | 70.67 | 71.55 | - | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.85 | 1.83 |
| 3949 | Sporting and achletic goods, n.e.c.. . . . | - | $82.21$ | $81.80$ | 81.81 | 80.80 | - | 2.05 | 2.05 | 2.03 | 2.02 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office andart materials... | - | $86.11$ | 85.49 | 82.82 | 80.80 | - | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 2.01 |
| 396 | Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions. . . | . 0 | 77.62 | $77.03$ | 75.45 | 74.47 | , | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.91 | 1.89 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries . . . . . | 95.00 | 93.79 | 94.60 | 91.94 | 90.00 | 2.34 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.27 | 2.25 |
| 393 | Musical instruments and parts . . . . . Nondurable Goods | -- | 101.22 | 101.22 | 97.53 | 99.96 | - | 2.41 | 2.41 | 2.35 | 2.38 |
| 20 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 101.43 | 100.77 | 100.19 | 99.60 | 98.29 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.38 |
| 201 | Meat products | 108.39 | 109.56 | 108.05 | 112.49 | 111.45 | 2.65 | 2.64 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 2.61 |
| 2011 | Meat packing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 130.05 | 127.26 | $133.50$ | 133.21 | - | 3.06 | 3.03 | 2.96 | 2.98 |
| 2013 | Sausages and other prepared meats | - | 118.86 62.88 | 115.21 64.24 | 116.88 61.23 | 114.24 60.92 | - | 2.83 1.60 | 2.81 1.59 | 2.75 1.57 | 2.72 1.57 |

[^17]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry--Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.0 |  | 5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.6 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.7 | - | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments |  | 40.6 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 40.7 | - | 3 | 3.5 | 3.3 |  |
| 3612 | Power and distribucion transformers. | - | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparatus. . | - | 42.4 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 42.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus . . . . . . | 42.5 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 42.0 | - | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators | - | 41.9 | 41.8 | 42.5 | 41.7 | - | $-$ | - | - | - |
| 3622 | Industrial controls | - | 41.6 | 41.3 | 42.4 | 42.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 363 | Household appliances | 42.4 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 41.4 | - | 3.9 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers | - | 43.1 | 43.0 | 42.1 | 42.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment.. . . . . | - | 42.1 | 42.3 | 40.7 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans. | - | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 364 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.4 | - | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| 3641 | Electric lamps | - | 41.7 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 40.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3642 | Lighting fixtures | - | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 39.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices. . | - | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets. | 41.2 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 39.8 | - | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.8 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. . | 42.7 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.6 | - | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparatus . . | - | 42.0 | 41.6 | 42.9 | 42.5 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | - | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 41.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories . . | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 40.5 | - | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| 3671-3 | Electron tubes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 44.1 | 42.6 | 42.0 | 41.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, n.e.c.. | - | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.0 | $\cdots$ | , | - | - | - |
| 369 | Misc. electrical equipment and supplies | 41.6 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 43.0 | 39.8 | - | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 2.0 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines. . . . |  | 41.2 | 40.6 | 42.6 | 38.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | $44.2$ | 43.8 | 43.4 | 44.1 | 42.4 |  | 5.9 |  | $5.7$ | 4.1 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment | (*) | 45.4 | 44.7 | 46.3 | 43.1 |  | 7.3 | 6.6 | 7.9 | 5.1 |
| 3711 | Moror vehicles. . . . | ( | 46.4 | 46.3 | 49.0 | 43.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies | _ | 46.3 | 41.4 | 47.3 | 45.4 | - | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies | - | 41.4 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 41.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories. | - | 44.7 | 44.3 | 44.4 | 42.4 | - | ${ }^{-} 7$ | - | - | - |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.6 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 41.8 | - | 4.7 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| 3721 | Aircraft. . . . . | . | 42.7 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts | - | 42.7 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parts and equipment. | - | 43.5 | 43.5 | 42.9 | 42.5 | _ | - | - | - | - |
| 373 | Ship and boat building and repairing. | 40.8 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 41.1 | - | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| 3731 | Ship building and repairing. . . . . | - | 40.7 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3732 | Boar building and repairing | - | 39.4 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 39.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 374 | Railroad equipment . . . . . . | - | 40.4 | 39.7 | 41.8 | 41.9 | $\cdots$ | 2.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| 375,9 | Other transportation equipment | - | 40.5 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 40.4 |  | 2.9 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| 38 | INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS. . | 42.2 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.3 | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| 381 | Engineering and scientific inscruments . . | 2.2 | 42.4 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.0 | - | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.3 | _ | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices | 42.0 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.6 | - | - | 3 | 3.3 |  |
| 3822 | Automatic temperature controls | - | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.8 | _ | - | - | - | - |
| 383,5 | Optical and ophthalmic goods . . . . . . . | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.6 | - | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 385 | Ophthalmic goods . . . . . . . . . . . . | , | 41.5 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.8 | _ | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 384 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment . | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.3 | - | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies . . | (*) | 43.5 | 43.9 | 42.9 | 42.8 | - | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 40.7 | 40.8 | 39.7 | 40.4 |  | 3.1 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| 39 | MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES $\cdots \vdots$ | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.0 |  | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware . . . . | 43.1 | 42.7 | 41.9 | 43.0 | 42.4 |  | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.3 |
| 394 | Toys, amu sement, and sporting goods . . . | -- | 39.5 | 40.1 | 39.0 | 39.4 | - | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles . | - | 39.3 | 40.1 | 38.2 | 39.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3949 | Sporting and achletic goods, n.e.c.. .. | - | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 40.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office and art materials . . . | - | 41.6 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 40.2 | - | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| 396 | Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions. . . | -- | 39.6 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.4 | - | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries . . . . . . | 40.6 | 40.6 42.0 | 40.6 42.0 | 40.5 41.5 | 40.0 42.0 | - | 3.1 4.3 | 3.1 4.0 | 2.8 3.6 | 2.7 3.6 |
| 393 | Musical instruments and parts . . . . | - | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 42.0 | - | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 20 | Nondurable Goods FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS . . . . . . | $41.4$ | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.3 |  | 3.8 4.9 | 4.0 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 5.4 |
| 201 | Mear. products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.9 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 43.1 | 42.7 | $\rightarrow$ | 4.9 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.4 |
| 2011 | Meat packing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 42.5 | 42.0 | 45.1 | 44.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Sausages and ocher prepared meats . . . | - | 42.0 | 41.0 | 42.5 | 42.0 | - | _ | _ | - | - |
| 2015 | Poultry dressing and packing . . . . . . |  | 39.3 | 40.4 | 39.0 | 38.8 | - | - | - |  |  |

[^18]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA hOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Noy. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Noy } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \mathbf{1 9 6 6 5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{\text {Dec }} 196$ |  |
|  | Nonduable Goods--Continmed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS-CONLinued Dairy products. | \$107.44 | \$105.75 | \$105.59 | \$102.66 | \$103.57 | \$2.54 | \$2.53 | \$2.52 | \$2.45 | \$2.46 |
| 2024 | Ife cream and frozen desserts. | - | 102.18 | 103.75 | 102.68 | 103.06 | - | 2.62 | 2.62 | 2.58 | 2.57 |
| 2026 | Fluid milk | - | 111.09 | 110.66 | 107.02 | 108.20 |  | 2.62 | 2.61 | 2.53 | 2.54 |
| 203 | Canaed and preserved food, except meats. |  | 77.22 | 80.20 | 76.44 | 73.53 |  | 1.96 | 1.99 | 1.95 | 1.90 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured and trozeo sea foods. |  | 58.55 | 62.16 | 55.49 | 53.96 | - | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.55 | 1.52 |
| 2032,3 | Canned food, except sea foods | - | 82.98 | 84.04 | 83.79 | 79.20 |  | 1.99 | 2.03 | 2.10 | 1.98 |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea foods | - | 74.10 | 76.25 | 75.14 | 71.76 |  | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.86 | 1.84 |
| 204 | Grain mill products. | 127.07 | 115.26 | 117.76 | 110.75 | 210.75 | 2.59 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| 2041 | Flour and other grain mill products |  | 127.24 | 130.82 | 115.72 | 124.16 |  | 2.76 | 2.76 | 2.63 | 2.67 |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls. . |  | 99.43 | 100.11 | 96.04 | 92.82 |  | 2.19 | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.10 |
| 205 | Bakery products. | 102.36 | 102.62 | 104.39 | 97.11 | 97.76 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.44 | 2.45 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products. | 102.3 | 104.60 | 103.79 | 98.31 | 98.80 |  | 2.57 | 2.55 | 2.47 | 2.47 |
| 2052 | Biscuit, crackers, and preezels. | - | 96.53 | 106.14 | 94.40 | 92.83 |  | 2.45 | 2.48 | 2.36 | 2.35 |
| 206 | Sugar. | - | 104.88 | 97.14 | 107.86 | 105.11 |  | 2.29 | 2.51 | 2.29 | 2.29 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products | 83.53 | 83.32 | 85.20 | 80.38 | 80.99 | 2.12 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.04 | 2.04 |
| 2071 | Candy andother confectionery products. |  | 79.95 | 81.18 | 76.83 | 78.01 |  | 2.05 | 2.05 | 1.96 | 1.97 |
| 208 | Beverages. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 116.69 | 116.24 | 114.62 | 111.08 | 210.12 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.83 | 2.77 | 2.76 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors | - | 148.34 | 144.20 | 141.29 | 239.79 | - | 3.69 | 3.66 | 3.55 | 3.53 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks | - | 82.62 | 82.42 | 81.40 | 79.79 |  | 2.05 | 2.03 | 2.00 | 1.98 |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred products . | 98.64 | 101.56 | 99.56 | 96.93 | 97.18 | 2.31 | 2.34 | 2.31 | 2.27 | 2.26 |
| 21 | tobacco manuFacture | 82.99 | 80.35 | 77.62 | 82.01 | 73.92 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 1.98 | 2.02 | 1.93 |
| 211 | Cigarettes. |  | 100.73 | 97.99 | 106.17 | 93.94 |  | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.51 | 2.44 |
| 212 | Cigars | - | 67.30 | 66.13 | 65.40 | 65.40 | - | 1.73 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.69 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 81.37 | 80.56 | 79.99 | 77.04 | 76.68 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.83 | 1.83 |
| 221 | Corton braad woven fabrics. | 84.73 | 84.34 | 83.18 | 79.67 | 79.12 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.84 | 1.84 |
| 222 | Silk and syathecic broad woven fabrics | 87.67 | 86.24 | 85.22 | 83.66 | 83.10 | 1.97 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.88 | 1.88 |
| 223 | Veaving and finishing broad woolens | 85.80 | 83.58 | 83.78 | 79.04 | 77.74 | 2.00 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.90 | 1.91 |
| 224 | Narrow fabrics and smallwares. | 78.91 | 77.56 | 77.19 | 75.24 | 74.26 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.80 | 1.82 |
| 225 | Koitting | 69.60 | 70.35 | 70.31 | 67.51 | 68.21 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.74 | 1.74 |
| 2251 | Women's full and knee length hosiery | - | 71.91 | 70.98 | 70.00 | 70.07 | - | 1.78 | 1.77 | 1.75 | 1.73 |
| 2252 | Miscellaneous hosiery and socks | - | 60.51 | 61.46 | 57.07 | 57.99 | - | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.53 | 1.53 |
| 2253 | Koit outerweat. | - | 72.20 | 72.77 | 69.56 | 71.05 | - | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.86 | 1.86 |
| 2254 | Knit underwear |  | 67.43 | 66.42 | 65.67 | 64.68 |  | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.65 | 1.65 |
| 226 | Finishing textiles, except wool and knit. | 91.08 | 90.05 | 87.74 | 86.57 | 86.83 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 1.99 | 2.01 |
| 227 | Floor covering. |  | 85.11 | 83.96 | 81.03 | 81.22 |  | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.85 | 1.85 |
| 228 | Yarn and thread | 76.64 | 76.64 | 76.11 | 70.81 | 70.56 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.67 | 2.68 |
| 229 | Miscellaneous textile goods | 93.52 | 92.66 | 90.95 | 87.34 | 85.28 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.12 | 2.06 | 2.05 |
| 23 | apparel and related products | 67.70 | 67.70 | 67.52 | 65.16 | 65.70 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.80 | 1.81 |
| 231 | Men's and boys' suits and coacs | 84.70 | 84.20 |  | 78.49 | 77.59 | 2.20 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.11 | 2.12 |
| 232 | Men's and boys' furnishings | 58.72 | 58.88 | 58.81 | 57.60 | 57.60 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.56 | 1.54 | 1.54 |
| 2321 | Men's and boys' shirts and nighrwear | - | 58.34 | 59.28 | 56.61 | 57.61 | - | 1.56 | 1.56 | 1.53 | 1.52 |
| 2327 | Nen's and boys' separate trousera | - | 58.03 | 57.66 | 57.22 | 56.00 | - | 1.56 | 1.55 | 1.53 | 1.53 |
| 2328 | Vork cloching |  | 57.38 | 57.23 | 55.50 | 55.13 |  | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.48 | 1.49 |
| 233 | Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear . | 68.41 | 68.41 | 68.27 | 66.19 | 67.06 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 1.97 | 1.99 |
| 2331 | Vomen's blouses, waists, and shirss. . | - | 60.90 | 59.68 | 56.95 | 57.78 |  | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.68 | 1.67 |
| 2335 | Vomen's, misses', and juniors' dresses |  | 66.22 | 66.46 | 65.20 | 64.84 |  | 2.05 | 2.09 | 2.00 | 2.02 |
| 2337 | Vomen's suits, skirts, and conts. |  | 81.89 | 82.23 | 78.68 | 82.80 |  | 2.43 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.40 |
| 2339 | Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c.. |  | 62.59 | 61.20 | 60.82 | 60.98 |  | 1.71 | 1.70 | 1.68 | 1.68 |
| 234 | Fomen's and children's undergaments. | 61.66 | 62.50 | 62.29 | 59.82 | 61.99 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.67 | 1.63 | 1.64 |
| 2341 | Vomen's and children's underw | - | 60.75 | 60.16 | 57.10 | 60.04 |  | 1.62 | 1.60 | 1.56 | 1.58 |
| 2342 | Corsects and allied garments. | - | 66.07 | 65.69 | 64.75 | 66.02 |  | 1.81 | 1.79 | 1.75 | 1.77 |
| 235 | Hats, caps, and millinery |  | 66.53 | 68.95 | 71.22 | 66.01 |  | 1.89 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.87 |
| 236 | Girls' and children's outerwear | 61.52 | 60.84 | 61.01 | 58.08 | 59.59 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.65 | 1.66 |
| 2361 2378 | Children's dreases, blouses, and shints. |  | 60.84 73.16 | 60.42 75.68 | 57.44 71.20 | 59.26 72.54 |  | 1.69 2.01 | 1.66 2.04 | 1.66 1.94 | 1.66 1.95 |
| 237,8 | Fur goods and miscellaneons apparel . . . |  | 73.16 77.42 | 75.68 75.66 | 71.20 73.12 | 72.54 72.15 |  | 2.01 1.98 | 2.04 1.94 | 1.94 1.87 | 1.95 1.85 |
| ${ }_{2391,2}$ | Miscellineous fabricated testile products . Housefunishings . . . . . . . . . | 77.22 | 77.42 65.91 | 75.66 66.25 | 73.12 62.69 | 72.15 63.18 | 1.98 | 1.98 1.69 | 1.94 1.69 | 1.87 1.62 | 1.85 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS. | 117.65 | 116.58 | 117.12 | 112.32 | 109.82 | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.60 | 2.59 |
| 261,2,6 | Paper and pulp | 133.42 | 131.12 | 131.56 | 124.80 | 121.54 | 2.94 | 2.94 | 2.93 | 2.83 | 2.82 |
| 263 | Paperboard. . | 140.13 | 136.80 | 136.64 | 127.97 | 120.41 | 3.02 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.85 | 2.82 |
| 264 | Converted paper and papertoned products. | 103.28 | 100.67 | 100.74 | 99.36 | 96.88 | 2.43 | 2.42 | 2.41 | 2.36 | 2.34 |
| 2643 | Bags, except textile begs |  | 96.46 | 95.58 | 94.11 | 91.69 |  | 2.33 | 2.32 | 2.23 | 2.22 |
| 235 | Paperboard contriners and boxes | 107.14 | 107.07 | 107.32 | 103.52 | 102.61 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.49 | 2.43 | 2.42 |
| 2651,2 | Folding and setup paperboard boxes. | - | 96.02 | 95.34 | 93.91 | 92.82 |  | 2.27 2.64 | 2.27 | 2.22 | 2.21 |
| 2653 | Corrugered and solid fiber bores. | - | 115.90 | 119.08 | 110.77 | 110.77 |  | 2.64 | 2.67 | 2.57 | 2.57 |

See footnotes at end of cuble. NOTE: Data for the 2 most raceat montha are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

| sic | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deci } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novi } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec: } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 | Nov 1964 |
|  | Nondurable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS--Continued Dairy products . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 42.3 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 |  | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| 2024 | Ice cream and frozen desserts. | - | 39.0 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 40.1 | - |  |  | - | - |
| 2026 | Fluid milk | - | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.6 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 203 | Canned and preserved food, except meats | - | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.2 | 38.7 | - | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured and frozen sea foods | - | 35.7 | 37.9 | 35.8 | 35.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2032,3 | Canned food, except sea foods . . | - | 41.7 | 41.4 | 39.9 | 40.0 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea foods |  | 38.0 | 39.1 | 40.4 | 39.0 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 204 | Grain mill products. . . . . . . . | 45.2 | 4.5 | 46.0 | 44.3 | 44.3 | - | 6.2 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 5.9 |
| 2041 | Flour and ocher graio mill products | - | 46.1 | 47.4 | 44.0 | 46.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls. | - | 45.4 | 47.0 | 45.3 | 44.2 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 205 | Bakery products. | 40.3 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 | - | 3.4 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products. | - | 40.7 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 40.0 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 2052 | Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels. | - | 39.4 | 42.8 | 40.0 | 39.5 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 206 | Sugar. | - | 45.8 | 38.7 | 47.1 | 45.9 | - | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.9 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products | 39.4 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 39.7 | - | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| 2071 | Candy andother confectionery products. |  | 39.0 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 208 | Beverages. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 39.9 | - | 3.2 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors | - | 40.2 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks |  | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred producrs. | 42.7 | 43.4 | 43.1 | 42.7 | 43.0 |  | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| 21 | tobacco manufacturers | 38.6 | 37.9 | 39.2 | 40.6 | 38.3 |  | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| 211 | Cigaretes. | - | 38.3 | 37.4 | 42.3 | 38.5 |  | . 6 | 1.0 | 2.2 | . 8 |
| 212 | Cigars . | - | 38.9 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.7 |  | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MiLL PRODUCTS | 42.6 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 41.9 |  | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 221 | Cotton broad woven fabrics. | 43.9 | 43.7 | 43.1 | 43.3 | 43.0 |  | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| ${ }^{222}$ | Silk and synchetic broad woven fabrics. | 44.5 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 44.5 | 44.2 |  | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 223 | Weaving and finishing broad woolens | 42.9 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.6 | 40.7 |  | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| 224 | Narrow fabrics and smallwares | 42.2 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 40.8 |  | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| 225 | Knitting | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 39.2 |  | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| 2251 | Women's full and knee length hosiery | - | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.5 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 2252 | Miscellaneous hosiery and socks | - | 38.3 | 38.9 | 37.3 | 37.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2253 | Knit outerwear. | - | 37.8 | 38.3 | 37.4 | 38.2 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2254 | Knit underwear |  | 39.9 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 39.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 226 | Finishing texiles, except wool and knit. | 44.0 | 43.5 | 42.8 | 43.5 | 43.2 |  | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| 227 | Floor covering. . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 44.1 | 43.5 | 43.8 | 43.9 |  | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.9 |
| 228 | Yam and thread | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 42.0 | - | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| 229 | Miscellaneous textile goods | 43.7 | 43.3 | 42.9 | 42.4 | 41.6 |  | 5.2 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| 23 | apparel and related products | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.2 | 36.3 |  | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 231 | Men's and boys' suits and coats | 38.5 | 38.1 | 38.0 | . 37.2 | 36.6 | - | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| 232 | Men's and boys' fumishings | 37.4 | 37.5 | 37.7 | 37.4 | 37.4 | - | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| 2321 | Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear | - | 37.4 | 38.0 | 37.0 | 37.9 | _ | - | - | - | - |
| 2327 | Men's and boys' separate trousers | - | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.4 | 36.6 | - | _ | - | _ | - |
| 2328 | Work cloching | - | 38.0 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 37.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 233 | Women's, misses', and juniors', outerwear | 33.7 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 33.6 | 33.7 | - | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 2331 | Women's blouses, waists, and shirs. . . |  | 34.8 | 34.1 | 33.9 | 34.6 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 2335 | Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses | - | 32.3 | 31.8 | 32.6 | 32.1 | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2337 | Women's suits, skirts, and coars. | - | 33.7 | 33.7 | 33.2 | 34.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2339 | Women's and misses' outerweat, n.e.c.. | - | 36.6 | 36.0 | 36.2 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 234 | Women's and children's sundergarments. | 36.7 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 36.7 | 37.8 | - | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| 2341 | Women's and children's underwear. | 36 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 38.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2342 | Corsers and allied gaments. | - | 36.5 | 36.7 | 37.0 | 37.3 | - |  | - |  | - |
| 235 | Hats, caps, and millinery . . . | - | 35.2 | 36.1 | 36.9 | 35.3 | - | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| 236 | Girls' and children's outerwear . . . . . . . | 36.4 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 35.2 | 35.9 | - | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| 2361 | Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts. | - | 36.0 | 36.4 | 34.6 | 35.7 | - | - | - | - | $\sim$ |
| 237,8 | Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel . | - | 36.4 | 37.1 | 36.7 | 37.2 | - | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| 239 | Miscellaneous fabricared textile products. | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.0 | - | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 2391,2 | Housefumishings. |  | 39.0 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 39.0 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 26 | paper and allied products. | 43.9 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.2 | 42.4 | - | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| 261,2,6 | Paper and pulp |  | 44.6 | 44.9 | 44.1 | 43.1 | - | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| 263 | Paperboard. . . | 46.4 | 45.6 | 45.7 | 44.9 | 42.7 | - | 7.8 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 6.4 |
| 264 | Converred paper and paperboard products | 42.5 | 41.6 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 41.4 | - | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.3 |
| 2643 | Bags, except texuile bags |  | 41.4 | 41.2 | 42.2 | 41.3 | - | 5 | - | . | - |
| 265 | Paperboard containers and boxes. . . . | 43.2 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 42.6 | 42.4 | - | 5.4 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| 2651,2 | Folding and sectup paperboard bozes. |  | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2653 | Corrugared and solid fiber boxes.. | - | 43.9 | 44.6 | 43.1 | 43.1 |  |  | - | - | - |

[^19]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Induscry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamiags |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Deco } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \hline 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec } \\ 1964 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novi } \\ & \\ & \hline 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods-.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | printing, publishing, and allied industries | \$121.99 | \$119.27 | \$119.66 | \$117.39' | \$114.82 | \$3.12 | \$3.09 | \$3.10 | \$3.01 | \$2.99 |
| 271 | Newspaper publishing and printing. | 126.48 | 122.30 | 122.33 | 121.32 | 117.98 | 3.40 | 3.36 | 3.37 | 3.27 | 3.25 |
| 272 | Periodical publishing and printing. | 126.48 | 124.26 | 128.47 | 127.00 | 124.14 | - | 3.17 | 3.18 | 3.09 | 3.05 |
| 273 | Books | - | 111.38 | 111.51 | 107.33 | 106.80 |  | 2.71 | 2.70 | 2.65 | 2.65 |
| 275 | Commercial printing | 124.09 | 121.75 | 122.14 | 119.40 | 117.21 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.10 | 3.00 | 2.99 |
| 2751 | Commercial printing, except litho. |  | 118.56 | 119.65 | 117.22 | 115.35 | - | 3.04 | 3.06 | 2.96 | 2.95 |
| 2752 | Commercial printing, lichographic |  | 128.96 | 128.15 | 123.72 | 120.96 |  | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.07 | 3.07 |
| 278 | Bookbinding and related industries | 93.69 | 91.48 | 92.11 | 91.03 | 89.55 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.32 |
| 274,6,7,9 | Other publishing and printing industries. | 124.90 | 121.27 | 121.99 | 118.78 | 115.80 | 3.17 | 3.10 | 3.12 | 3.03 | 3.00 |
| 28 | CHEmicals And allied products | 122.93 | 123.06 | 122.06 | 119.13 | 118.14 | 2.92 | 2.93 | 2.92 | 2.85 | 2.84 |
| 281 | Industrial chemicals. | 138.55 | 138.65 | 137.34 | 134.72 | 133.34 | 3.26 | 3.27 | 3.27 | 3.20 | 3.19 |
| 2812 | Alkalies and chlorine |  | 140.04 | 132.89 | 133.67 | 130.62 | - | 3.19 | 3.21 | 3.16 | 3.14 |
| 2818 | Industrial organic'chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 147.40 | 146.20 | 141.12 | 141.12 | - | 3.46 | 3.44 | 3.36 | 3.36 |
| 2819 | Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c. . | - | 132.89 | 131.93 | 132.82 | 129.68 | - | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.17 | 3.14 |
| 282 | Plastics and synthetics, except glass .. | 122.40 | 122.40 | 120.69 | 118.72 | 118.30 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.80 | 2.79 |
| 2821 | Plastics and synthetics, except fibers. |  | 135.89 | 133.93 | 128.44 | 127.87 | - | 3.04 | 3.03 | 2.98 | 2.96 |
| 2823,4 | Syntbetic fibers . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 110.00 | 108.12 | 107.68 | 107.68 |  | 2.67 | 2.65 | 2.57 | 2.57 |
| 283 | Drugs . . . | 110.56 | 110.15 | 109.20 | 105.41 | 104.49 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.67 | 2.59 | 2.58 |
| 2834 | Pharmaceutical preparations | - | 105.44 | 104.52 | 101.20 | 99.90 | - | 2.61 | 2.60 | 2.53 | 2.51 |
| 284 | Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods | 117.59 | 115.92 | 115.49 | 110.16 | 108.95 | 2.82 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.72 | 2.69 |
| 2841 | Soap and detergents |  | 138.36 | 140.03 | 134.82 | 131.02 | - | 3.31 | 3.35 | 3.21 | 3.18 |
| 2844 | Toilet preparations. | - | 97.00 | 95.18 | 88.17 | 89.67 |  | 2.36 | 2.35 | 2.29 | 2.27 |
| 285 | Paints, vamishes, and allied products. | 113.58 | 113.30 | 113.44 | 110.00 | 108.12 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.74 | 2.67 | 2.65 |
| 287 | Agricultural chemicals | 101.46 | 100.38 | 100.01 | 98.79 | 96.60 | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.33 | 2.30 |
| 2871,2 | Ferrilizers, complete and mixing only . |  | 94.69 | 96.02 | 94.35 | 92.62 |  | 2.26 | 2.27 | 2.22 | 2.20 |
| 286,9 | Other chemical products PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED | 114.68 | 218.30 | 118.86 | 115.33 | 115.75 | 2.77 | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.72 | 2.73 |
| 29 | industries | 141.54 | 142.89 | 141.10 | 135.11 | 134.69 | 3.37 | 3.37 | 3.32 | 3.24 | 3.23 |
| 291 | Petroleum refining | 149.58 | 150.72 | 147.49 | 141.86 | 141.52 | 3.57 | 3.58 | 3.52 | 3.41 | 3.41 |
| 295,9 | Other petroleum and coal products. | 212.52 | 116.04 | 119.97 | 109.46 | 110.40 | 2.66 | 2.68 | 2.69 | 2.60 | 2.61 |
| 30 |  |  | 111.94 |  |  |  | 2.66 |  |  |  |  |
| 301 | Products … Tires and inner tubes | 169.55 | 161.37 | 165.62 | 152.77 | 147.20 | 3.67 | 3.61 | 3.65 | 2.59 | 2.56 |
| 302,3,6 | Other rubber products | 107.78 | 106.34 | 104.39 | 102.92 | -99.88 | 2.56 | 2.55 | 3.64 2.54 | 3.48 2.48 | 3.48 |
| 307 | Miscellaneous plastic products | 93.41 | 93.02 | 93.44 | 92.16 | 90.47 | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.21 | 2.18 |
| 31 | LEATHER AND LEATHER Products | 74.87 | 72.77 | 71.82 | 72.15 | 69.56 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 1.85 |
| 311 | Leather canning and finishing | 103.57 | 101.50 | 101.02 | 96.59 | 95.65 | 2.46 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.35 | 2.35 |
| 314 | Footwear, except rubber | 71.94 | 69.00 | 67.53 | 69.63 | 66.23 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.79 | 1.79 |
| 312,3,5-7,9 | Other leather products. . . . . . | 7.81 | 72.73 | 72.56 | 69.50 | 68.94 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.81 | 1.80 |
| 317 | Handbags and personal leather goods |  | 71.53 | 70.80 | 66.35 | 67.38 |  | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 1.75 |
| - | TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4011 | RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$. |  | (*) | (*) | 128.03 | 121.70 |  | (*) | (*) | 2.89 | 2.85 |
|  | local and interurgan passenger transit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | Local and suburban uransportacion | - | 111.54 | 110.08 | 104.42 | 105.59 |  | 2.60 | 2.59 | 2.51 | 2.52 |
| 413 | Intercity and rural bus lin | - | 137.02 | 135.91 | 119.25 | 124.49 | - | 3.10 | 3.11 | 2.93 | 2.95 |
| 42 | MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AMD Storage. | - | 131.44 | 133.18 | 128.65 | 124.27 |  | 3.10 | 3.09 | 3.02 | 2.98 |
| 422 | Public warehousing | - | 95.17 | 93.06 | 94.07 | 92.60 | - | 2.31 | 2.20 | 2.30 | 2.21 |
| 46 | Pipeline transportation | - | 149.92 | 147.50 | 143.44 | 147.68 | - | 3.63 | 3.58 | 3.49 | 3.55 |
| 48 | COMMUNICATION | - | 120.38 | 116.97 | 113.24 | 114.67 | $\rightarrow$ | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.81 | 2.79 |
| 481 | Telephone communication | - | 115.92 | 111.66 | 108.68 | 109.86 | - | 2.76 | 2.73 | 2.69 | 2.66 |
| 4817 4818 | Switchboard operating employees ${ }^{3}$ | - | 88.88 | 83.63 | 79.13 | 85.75 | - | 2.25 | 2.23 | 2.18 | 2.16 |
| 4818 | Line construction employees ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | - | 164.95 125.71 | 159.74 124.56 | 157.88 116.34 | 155.82 116.34 | - | 3.48 | 3.45 | 3.41 | 3.38 |
| 483 | Radio and television broadcastiag | - | 125.11 149.20 | 124.96 151.93 | 116.34 143.05 | 116.34 144.97 | - | 2.91 3.73 | 2.89 3.77 | 2.77 3.64 | 2.77 3.67 |
| 49 | electric, gas, and samitary services | - | 134.37 | 134.69 | 129.17 | 128.13 | - | 3.23 | 3.23 | 3.12 | 3.11 |
| 491 | Electric companies and systems | - | 134.55 | 134.96 | 131.24 | 129.88 | - | 3.25 | 3.26 | 3.17 | 3.16 |
| 492 | Gas companies and sy stems. | - | 124.50 | 125.52 | 119.07 | 119.77 | - | 3.00 | 3.01 | 2.89 | 2.90 |
| 493 | Combined acility systems | - | 148.26 | 147.77 | 141.78 | 138.43 | - | 3.53 | 3.51 | 3.40 | 3.36 |
| 4947 | Weter, stene, and sanicary systems. . . .l | - | 108.16 | 106.50 | 102.75 | 103.09 | $-$ | 2.60 | 2.56 | 2.47 | 2.49 |

See footnotea at end of table. NOTE: Date for the 2 most recent monchs are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry--Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Indusery | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noy. } \\ & -1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{ct} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deg } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noy } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deg } \\ & 1905 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Noy. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{ct} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deqf } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NOY}_{5} \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods --Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | industries | 39.1 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 39.0 | 38.4 | - | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| 271 | Newspapet publishing and printing. | 37.2 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 37.1 | 36.3 | - | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| 272 | Petiodical publishing and ptinting. | 3 | 39.2 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 40.7 | - | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| 273 | Books . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 41.1 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 40.3 | - | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| 275 | Commercial printing | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.2 | _ | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| 2751 | Commercial printing, except litho . . . . | - | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 39.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2752 | Commercial printing, lithographic . . . | - | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 39.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 278 | Bookbinding and related industries | 39.2 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 38.6 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| 274,6,7,9 | Other publishing and printing industries . | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 38.6 | - | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| 28 | CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS. | 42.1 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.6 | $\cdots$ | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 281 | Industrial chemicals. . | 42.5 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.8 | - | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| 2812 | Alkalies and chlorine. | , | 43.9 | 41.4 | 42.3 | 41.6 | _ | 3. | 3.1 | _ | . |
| 2818 | Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c. . . | - | 42.6 | 42.5 | 42.0 | 42.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2819 | Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c.. | - | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 41.3 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 282 | Plastics and synthecics, except glass. | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.4 | - | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 28.21 | Plastics and synthetics, except fibers | - | 44.7 | 44.2 | 43.1 | 43.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2823,4 | Synthetic fibers. | - | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 283 | Drugs | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.5 | - | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| 2834 | Phamaceurical preparations | - | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 39.8 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 284 | Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.5 | - | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| 2841 | Soap and detergents | - | 41.8 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2844 | Toilet preparations | - | 41.1 | 40.5 | 38.5 | 39.5 | - | - |  | - |  |
| 285 | Paints, varnishes, and allied products. | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 40.8 | - | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| 287 | Agriculcural chemicals . . . . . . . . . . | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.0 | - | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| 2871,2 | Ferilizers, complete and mixing only . |  | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 286,9 | Other chemical products . . . . . . . . . | 41.4 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.4 |  | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| 29 | Petroleum refining and related industries . . . . . . . . . . . . | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 41.7 | 41.7 |  | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| 291 | Petroleum refining | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.5 | - | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 295,9 | Other petroleum and coal products. . . . | 42.3 | 43.3 | 44.6 | 42.1 | 42.3 | - | 5.3 | 6.1 | 3.6 | 4.5 |
| 30 | RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC PRODUCTS . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.3 | - | 4.7 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| 301 | Tires and inner tubes | 46.2 | 44.7 | 45.5 | 43.9 | 42.3 | - | 6.5 | 7.4 | 5.4 | 4.8 |
| 302,3,6 | Other rubber products | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 40.6 | - | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| 307 | Miscellaneous plastic products | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.5 | - | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.6 |
| 31 | Leather and leather Products ... | 39.2 | 38.3 | 37.8 | 39.0 | 37.6 | - | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| 311 | Leather tanning and finishing. . . | 42.1 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.7 | - | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| 314 | Footwear, except rubber | 39.1 | 37.5 | 36.9 38.8 | 38.9 | 37.0 | - | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 |
| 312,3,5-7,9 | Other leather products. | 38.4 | 39.1 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 38.3 | - | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| 317 | Handbags and personal leacher goods. . | - | 39.3 | 38.9 | 37.7 | 38.5 | - | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| - | TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$. |  | (*) | (*) | 44.3 | 42.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER TRANSIT: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | Local and suburban transportation. . . |  | 42.9 | 42.5 | 41.6 | 41.9 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 413 | Intercity and rural bus lines. . . . . . . |  | 44.2 | 43.7 | 40.7 | 42.2 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 42 | MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND Storage. |  | 42.4 | 43.1 | 42.6 | 41.7 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 422 | Public warehousing . . . . . . . . . . |  | 41.2 | 42.3 | 40.9 | 41.9 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 46 | PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION |  | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.6 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 48 | COMMUNICATION .. |  | 41.8 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 41.1 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 481 | Telephone communication |  | 42.0 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 41.3 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 4817 | Switchboard operating employees ${ }^{3}$. |  | 39.5 | 37.5 | 36.3 | 39.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 4818 | Line construction employees ${ }^{4}$. . |  | 47.4 | 46.3 | 46.3 | 46.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 482 | Telegraph communication ${ }^{5}$. . |  | 43.2 | 43.1 | 42.0 | 42.0 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 483 | Radio and television broadcasting . . . . |  | 40.0 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 39.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 49 | ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES, |  | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.2 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 491 | Electric companies and systems . . . . | - | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.1 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 492 | Gas companies and systems. . . . . . . | -- | 41.5 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 41.3 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 493 | Combined utility systems . . . . . . . . | - | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 494-7 | Water, steam, and sanitary systems. . . . | - | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - |  |

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA hOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1965 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \\ & \hline 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dec. } \\ & -1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1.965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \hline 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 3.964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE ${ }^{6}$ |  | \$76.80 | \$77.42 | \$74.68 | \$74.25 |  | \$2.07 | \$2.07 | \$1.96 | \$1.98 |
| 50 | Wholesale trade |  | 107.71 | 107.57 | 104.81 | 104.45 |  | 2.64 | 2.63 | 2.55 | 2.56 |
| 501 | Motor vehicles and automorive equipment |  | 101.16 | 100.91 | 98.51 | 97.86 |  | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.34 | 2.33 |
| 502 | Drugs, chemicals, and allied products. |  | 1.11 .24 | 110.84 | 106.49 | 107.18 |  | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.61 | 2.64 |
| 503 | Dry goods and apparel |  | 104.98 | 105.46 | 99.68 | 101.41 |  | 2.77 | 2.79 | 2.63 | 2.69 |
| 504 | Groceries and related products |  | 96.56 | 97.10 | 96.18 | 94.30 |  | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.29 | 2.30 |
| 506 | Electrical goods . . . . . . . |  | 128.19 | 127.02 | 119.71 | 118.72 |  | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.81 | 2.80 |
| 507 | Hardware, plumbing, and hearing goods . |  | 104.04 | 104.19 | 98.66 | 99.38 |  | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.43 | 2.46 |
| 508 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies. |  | 117.16 | 116.75 | 114.12 | 114.12 |  | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.77 | 2.77 |
| 509 | Miscellaneous wholesalers | -- | 108.54 | 107.74 | 107.45 | 105.85 |  | 2.70 | 2.68 | 2.64 | 2.62 |
| 52-59 | retail trade ${ }^{6}$ | - | 66.96 | 67.33 | 65.84 | 64.79 |  | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.77 | 1.78 |
| 53 | General merchandise stores | - | 58.56 | 59.79 | 58.41 | 56.45 |  | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.65 | 1.69 |
| 531 | Department stores | - | 61.56 | 63.69 | 61.60 | 60.21 |  | 1.90 | 1.93 | 1.77 | 1.83 |
| 532 | Mail order houses | - | 68.99 | 69.81 | 81.80 | 66.61 |  | 1.89 | 1.95 | 1.83 | 1.83 |
| 533 | Limited price variery stores | - | 44.64 | 44.62 | 43.36 | 42.08 |  | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.31 | 1.34 |
| 54 | Food stores . . . . . . . . | - | 71.19 | 70.51 | 68.40 | 68.88 |  | 2.10 | 2.08 | 2.00 | 2.02 |
| 541-3 | Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores | - | 72.21 | 7.87 | 69.43 | 70.11 |  | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.03 | 2.05 |
| 56 | Apparel and accessories stores | - | 57.23 | 57.93 | 57.77 | 54.95 |  | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.66 | 1.65 |
| 561 | Men's and boys' apparel stores | - | 69.05 | 69.89 | 69.38 | 66.60 |  | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.87 | 1.85 |
| 562 | Women's ready-to-mear stores | - | 51.36 | 51.99 | 52.10 | 49.83 |  | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.51 | 1.51 |
| 565 | Family clothing stores | - | 56.42 | 57.61 | 55.06 | 53.46 |  | 1.72 | 1.73 | 1.61 | 1.63 |
| 566 | Shoe stores . . . . . | - | 55.36 | 57.33 | 57.73 | 53.35 |  | 1.78 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 1.71 |
| 57 | Furniture and appliance stores | - | 88.48 | 89.15 | 89.98 | 87.42 |  | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.20 | 2.18 |
| 571 | Furniure and home fumishings | - | 87.91 | 88.18 | 88.15 | 85.60 |  | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.15 | 2.14 |
| 58 | Eating and drinking places ${ }^{7}$ | - | 45.62 | 46.02 | 44.96 | 44.58 |  | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.27 | 1.27 |
| 52,55,59 | Other retail trade | - | 84.03 | 83.84 | 81.58 | 80.38 |  | 2.08 | 2.07 | 1.98 | 1.97 |
| 52 | Building materials and hardware | - | 89.88 | 90.52 | 86.31 | 85.69 |  | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.06 | 2.05 |
| 551,2 | Motor vehicle dealers . . . . |  | 105.90 | 105.22 | 101.87 | 99.43 |  | 2.44 | 2.43 | 2.37 | 2.27 |
| 553,9 | Other vehicle and accessory dealers. . | - | 85.73 | 86.17 | 86.48 | 85.30 |  | 1.98 |  | 1.97 | 1.97 |
| 591 | Drug stores . . . . |  | 61.93 | 61.94 | 60.45 | 60.00 |  | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.67 | 1.69 |
| 598 | Fuel and ice dealers |  | .99.92 | 98.21 | 98.78 | 94.38 |  | 2.34 | 2.30 | 2.24 | 2.20 |
|  | FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE ${ }^{\text {B }}$ |  | 90.27 | 89.65 | 87.28 | 86.81 |  | 2.42 | 2.41 | 2.34 | 2.34 |
| 60 | Banking. |  | 80.35 | 80.35 | 77.58 | 77.58 |  | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.08 | 2.08 |
| 61 | Gredit agencies other than banks | - | 84.90 | 84.67 | 82.62 | 82.03 |  | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.18 | 2.17 |
| 612 | Saviags and loan associations | - | 84.44 | 84.82 | 84.00 | 83.63 |  | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2.24 | 2.23 |
| 62 | Securiry dealers and excbanges | - | 136.08 | 131.89 | 123.09 | 124.07 |  | 3.60 | 3.48 | 3.30 | 3.39 |
| 63 | Insurance carriers | - | 96.12 | 95.86 | 93.62 | 93.74 |  | 2.57 | 2.57 | 2.51 | 2.52 |
| 631 | Life insurance | - | 95.37 | 94.79 | 92.96 | 92.57 |  | 2.59 | 2.59 | 2.54 | 2.55 |
| 632 | Accident and health insurance | - | 85.47 | 84.50 | 83.17 | 82.43 |  | 2.31 | 2.29 | 2.26 | 2.24 |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and casualry insurance. SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: |  | 99.06 | 99.18 | 96.39 | 97.16 |  | 2.60 | 2.61 | 2.53 | 2.55 |
| 701 | Hotels and lodging places: Horels, tourist courts, and motels ${ }^{7}$ |  | 51.71 | 52.30 | 51.17 | 50.01 |  | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.35 | 1.33 |
|  | Personal Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 721 | Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants. Motion pictures: |  | 58.83 | 60.14 | 57.57 | 56.74 |  | 1.54 | 1.55 | 1.48 | 1.47 |
| 781 | Motion picture filming and distributing | - | 155.23 | 161.18 | 144.27 | 140.85 | - | 3.96 | 3.97 | 3.58 | 3.53 |

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent monchs are preliminary.

Toble C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry-Continued

|  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIC Code | Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 | Nov. $1964$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1.965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE ${ }^{6}$ |  | 37.1 | 37.4 | 38.1 | 37.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 501 | Motor vehicles and automotive equipment |  | 41.8 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 42.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 502 | Drugs, chemicals, and allied products. . |  | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 503 | Dry goods and apparel. |  | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 504 | Groceries and related products |  | 40.4 | 40.8 | 42.0 | 41.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 506 | Electrical goods . . |  | 43.9 | 43.5 | 42.6 | 42.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 507 | Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods |  | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 508 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies . |  | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 509 | Miscellaneous wholesalers |  | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 40.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52-59 | Retall trade 6 |  | 36.0 | 36.2 | 37.2 | 36.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | General merchandise stores |  | 32.9 | 33.4 | 35.4 | 33.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 531 | Department stores |  | 32.4 | 33.0 | 34.8 | 32.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 532 | Mail order houses . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 36.5 | 35.8 | 44.7 | 36.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 533 | Limited price variery stores. |  | 31.0 | 31.2 | 33.1 | 31.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | Food stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 541-3 | Grocery meat, and vegetable stores . . |  | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56 | Apparel and accessories stores . . . . . |  | 32.7 | 33.1 | 34.8 | 33.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 561 | Men's and boys' apparel stores. . . . . |  | 34.7 | 35.3 | 37.1 | 36.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 562 | Women's ready-to-wear stores . . . . . . | . | 32.3 | 32.7 | 34.5 | 33.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 565 | Family clothing stores | . | 32.8 | 33.3 | 34.2 | 32.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 566 | Shoe stores | . | 31.1 | 31.5 | 32.8 | 31.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | Furniture and appliance stores . . . . . . |  | 39.5 | 39.8 | 40.9 | 40.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 571 | Furniture and home fumishings . . . . . |  | 39.6 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 40.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | Eating and drinking places | . | 34.3 | 34.6 | 35.4 | 35.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52,55,59 | Other retail trade | - | 40.4 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 40.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Building materials and hardware | . | 42.0 | 42.3 | 41.9 | 41.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 551,2 | Motor vehicle dealers | - | 43.4 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 43.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 553,9 | Other vehicle and accessory dealers | - | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.9 | 43.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 591 | Drug stores | - | 34.6 | 34.8 | 36.2 | 35.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 598 | Fuel and ice dealers <br> FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL |  | 42.7 | 42.7 | 44.1 | 42.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ESTATE ${ }^{8}$ |  | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | Banking. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61 | Credit agencies other than banks. |  | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 612 | Savings and loan associations . . . . |  | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 | Security dealers and exchanges .... |  | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.3 | 36.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Insurance carriers . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 37.4 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 37.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 631 | Life insurance . |  | 36.8 | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 632 | Accident and health insurance . . . . |  | 37.0 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and casualty insurance. . SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: |  | 38.1 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | SERVICES AND MIS Hotels and lodging places: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 701 | Hotels, tourist courts, and motels Personal Services: |  | 37.2 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 721 | Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants. Motion pictures: |  | 38.2 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 38.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 781 | Motion picture filming and distribucing. | - | 39.2 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | - |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more.
${ }^{3}$ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.
${ }^{4}$ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.
${ }^{5}$ Data relate to nonsupervisory employees except messengers.
${ }^{6}$ Beginning January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.
${ }^{7}$ Money payments only; tips, not included.
${ }^{8}$ Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from all series in this division. * Not ayailabie.

Note: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

## HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-3: Average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

| Major industry group | Average hourly earnings excluding overtimel |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $1964$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | \$2.54 | \$2.53 | \$2.52 | \$2.47 | \$2.45 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.64 | 2.61 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | - | 3.02 | 3.02 | 3.02 | 3.00 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture |  | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.01 | 2.03 |
| Furniture and fixtures |  | 2.05 | 2.05 | 1.99 | 1.98 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products |  | 2.54 | 2.53 | 2.45 | 2.44 |
| Primary metal industries. |  | 3.06 | 3.06 | 3.02 | 3.00 |
| Fabricated metal products. |  | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.61 | 2.57 |
| Machinery |  | 2.84 | 2.83 | 2.77 | 2. 76 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies |  | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.46 | 2.45 |
| Transportation equipment |  | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3.00 | 2.98 |
| Instruments and selated products | - | 2.53 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.49 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | - | 2.05 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 2.01 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS. | 2.30 | 2.29 | 2.28 | 2, 24 | 2.23 |
| Food and kindred products | - | 2.33 | 2.31 | 2,29 | 2.27 |
| Tobacco manufactures. |  | 2.09 | 1.95 | 1.98 | 1.90 |
| Textile mill producrs. | - | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.74 | 1.75 |
| Apparel and related products. | - | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.77 | 1.77 |
| Paper and allied products. | (2) | 2.52 | 2.51 | 2.46 | 2.44 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Chemicals and allied products | - | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.76 | 2.75 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries: | - | 3.26 | 3.20 | 3.16 | 3.14 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | - | 2.50 | 2.51 | 2.47 | 2.46 |
| Leather and leather products. | - | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1. 80 | 1.81 |

'Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.
${ }^{2}$ Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable goods total has little effect.

NOTE: Dasa for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Toble C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in current and 1957-59 dollars ${ }^{1}$

| Industry | Gross average weekly eamings |  |  | Spendable average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Worker with no dependents |  |  | Worker with three dependents |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nove } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. }_{*} \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | \$123.61 | \$126. 26 | \$120.98 | \$101.98 | \$104. 10 | \$98.60 | \$110.35 | \$112.59 | \$107. 11 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 111.76 | 114.37 | 111.30 | 92. 21 | 94.29 | 90.71 | 99.77 | 101.98 | 98.54 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 135.40 | 144.01 | 131.73 | 111.43 | 118.26 | 107.08 | 120.33 | 127.49 | 116. 12 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 122.42 | 130.44 | 121.19 | 100.75 | 107.12 | 98.51 | 108.80 | 115.48 | 106.83 |
| MANUFACTURING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 109.71 | 108. 62 | 104.30 | 90. 83 | 89.95 | 85.45 | 98.61 | 97.69 |  |
| 1957-59 dollars | 99.20 | 98,39 | 95.95 | 82.12 | 81.48 | 78.61 | 89.16 | 88.49 | 85.81 |
| wholesale and retail trade: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 76.80 | 77.42 | 74.25 | 64.42 | 64.91 | 61.65 | 71. 34 | 71.85 | 68.91 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 69.44 | 70.13 | 68,31 | 58.25 | 58.80 | 56.72 | 64.50 | 65,08 | 63.39 |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; for wholesale and retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-5: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours ond payrolls in industrial and construction activities ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacruring, data refer to producrion and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-6: Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries 1 seasonally adjusted

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1964 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MINING | 42.9 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.2 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 39.4 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 36.2 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 37.1 | 37.5 | 37.0 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 39.0 |
| MANUFACTURING | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| Overtime hours | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| durable goods | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.0 |
| Overtime hours | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.7 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.7 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.8 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.7 |
| Srone, clay, and glass products. | 43.2 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.4 |
| Primary metal industries | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 43.7 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.2 |
| Fabricated metal products | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 42.6 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.2 |
| Machinery. | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 42.3 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.0 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 |
| Transportation equipment. | 43.0 | 43.3 | 43.0 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 42.9 |
| Instruments and related products | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.1 |
| Overtime hours | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Food and kindred products . | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.3 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 37.3 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 37.4 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 36.7 | 38.3 | 38.9 | 38.5 | 39.2 |
| Textile mill products | 42.3 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 |
| Apparel and related products | 36.7 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.0 | 36.2 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.0 | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.5 | 36.5 |
| Paper and allied products . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.7 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.0 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 38.7 | 38.7 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.7 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries . . . . | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 42.0 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.6 |
| Leather and leather products | 38.4 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 37.7 | 38.2 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE ${ }^{\text {? }}$. | - | 37.4 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.9 |
| Wholesale trade . . . | - | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.8 |
| retail trade ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$. | - | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.7 | 36.8 | 36.6 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 36.9 |

[^20]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table C-7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activities 1 seasonally adiusted

| 1957.59=100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Induscry | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 2965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Apr. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mer. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 114.0 | 111.3 | 109.6 | 108.1 | 108.8 | 108.5 | 108.2 | 108.0 | 107.1 | 108.6 | 107.9 | 107.5 | 107.5 |
| MINING | 84.5 | 81.7 | 81.8 | 80.4 | 83.1 | 84.4 | 81.5 | 82.5 | 82.0 | 83.3 | 82.3 | 83.0 | 83.4 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 124.4 | 112.0 | 109.3 | 106.5 | 109.9 | 108.8 | 109.8 | 110.7 | 107.3 | 112.9 | 112.0 | 212.3 | 115.4 |
| MANUFACTURING | 113.6 | 122.7 | 121.1 | 109.8 | 110.0 | 109.7 | 109.2 | 108.9 | 108.3 | 109.1 | 108.4 | 108.0 | 107.2 |
| durable coods . | 118.5 | 217.3 | 115.6 | 274.1 | 114.3 | 113.8 | 113.2 | 112.7 | 112.0 | 112.6 | 121.6 | 111.0 | 110.1 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 131.0 | 128.2 | 127.3 | 123.8 | 123.2 | 122.5 | 127.6 | 116.2 | 113.6 | 115.6 | 114.8 | 274.2 | 113.4 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | 101.4 | 99.2 | 97.2 | 95.2 | 96.2 | 95.4 | 93.8 | 96.8 | 97.2 | 99.0 | 95.5 | 95.9 | 96.8 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 123.2 | 127.4 | 119.5 | 217.5 | 117.6 | 218.6 | 218.6 | 119.1 | 218.6 | 129.0 | 128.3 | 116.8 | 116.1 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 112.9 | 108.5 | 106.9 | 107.2 | 105.8 | 105.6 | 104.3 | 105.2 | 105.2 | 107.6 | 107.2 | 107.9 | 107.8 |
| Primary metal industries | 108.0 | 107.8 | 109.7 | 213.1 | 215.1 | 215.7 | 213.9 | 112.0 | 216.3 | 212.7 | 112.5 | 212.5 | 111.8 |
| Fabricated metal products | 122.8 | 121.2 | 118.3 | 115.8 | 125.4 | 116.4 | 115.8 | 125.4 | 124.1 | 113.8 | 115.3 | 113.7 | 112.4 |
| Machinery. | 128.4 | 128.2 | 125.6 | 123.6 | 121.7 | 122.3 | 120.9 | 119.8 | 127.4 | 119.7 | 128.4 | 118.1 | 117.4 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | 135.1 | 133.0 | 130.3 | 126.7 | 126.4 | 125.5 | 125.9 | 124.6 | 121.9 | 122.9 | 121.3 | 119.6 | 118.8 |
| Transportation equipment. | 111.4 | 171.2 | 109.3 | 106.6 | 108.7 | 105.4 | 106.8 | 106.2 | 104.7 | 105.9 | 103.9 | 103.5 | 100.7 |
| Instruments and celated products | 116.6 | 216.1 | 215.2 | 124.2 | 112.2 | 113.2 | 111.2 | 109.0 | 107.0 | 108.9 | 108.6 | 107.5 | 107.0 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 118.9 | 216.2 | 124.0 | 171.2 | 111.7 | 108.3 | 107.4 | 107.9 | 107.8 | 108.2 | 107.6 | 107.2 | 107.2 |
| nondurable coods . | 107.3 | 106.7 | 105.2 | 104.1 | 104.2 | 104.5 | 104.2 | 103.9 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 104.2 | 104.1 | 103.5 |
| Food and kindred products | 95.0 | 95.4 | 92.9 | 91.0 | 92.4 | 93.5 | 92.1 | 92.6 | 92.2 | 94.0 | 94.2 | 95.1 | 95.0 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 79.6 | 79.9 | 80.5 | 78.4 | 77.5 | 87.1 | 85.1 | 84.1 | 82.8 | 86.4 | 89.0 | 89.2 | 92.0 |
| Textile mill products | 104.3 | 103.3 | 102.2 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 100.5 | 100.0 | 100.1 | 100.3 | 100.9 | 100.5 | 100.4 | 99.5 |
| Apparel and related products. | 117.5 | 116.4 | 125.7 | 213.8 | 113.4 | 213.9 | 116.9 | 124.4 | 123.0 | 214.5 | 113.8 | 213.8 | 122.9 |
| Paper and allied products | 112.9 | 211.9 | 210.7 | 109.5 | 108.8 | 109.5 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 107.7 | 108.4 | 108.4 | 108.2 | 107.5 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 112.0 | 171.9 | 110.3 | 210.2 | 110.3 | 210.3 | 109.0 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 109.1 | 108.7 | 108.6 | 107.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 112.1 | 110.7 | 109.8 | 11.0 | 110.3 | 109.8 | 108.9 | 108.8 | 109.4 | 109.0 | 108.4 | 107.7 | 107.3 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries | 77.5 | 77.9 | 77.2 | 78.3 | 77.6 | 77.2 | 76.1 | 75.3 | 77.0 | 76.5 | 76.1 | 75.4 | 76.3 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 141.0 | 139.0 | 135.8 | 132.4 | 133.8 | 132.7 | 132.0 | 130.9 | 129.4 | 132.1 | 130.6 | 128.8 | 125.5 |
| Leather and leather products . . . . . . . . . | 99.0 | 99.1 | 98.2 | 97.4 | 96.1 | 95.5 | 95.6 | 98.0 | 97.2 | 97.5 | 96.9 | 95.6 | 96.6 |

[^21]NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly bours |  |  | Average hourly earninfs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1965 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| ALABAMA | \$94.66 | \$94.05 | \$90.67 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.4 | \$2.27 | \$2.25 | \$2.19 |
| Birmingham | 119.43 | 117.04 | 115.23 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.79 |
| Mobile | 113.74 | 113.48 | 107.02 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.53 |
| ALASKA | (1) | 152.83 | 155.24 | (1) | 38.4 | 39.5 | (1) | 3.98 | 3.93 |
| ARIZONA | 118.14 | 117.31 | 110.42 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 40.3 | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.74 |
| Phoenix | 119.00 | 117.88 | 111.65 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 40.6 | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.75 |
| Tucson. | 125.76 | 125.33 | 114.37 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 38.9 | 3.09 | 3.11 | 2.94 |
| ARKANSAS | 75.26 | 76.54 | 71.96 | 40.9 | 41.6 | 40.2 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.79 |
| Fort Smith. | 74.93 | 74.44 | 71.02 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 39.9 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.78 |
| Litule Rock-North Little Rock | 74.89 | 74.85 | 71.46 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 39.7 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.80 |
| Pine Bluff . | 92.29 | 90.13 | 90.94 | 41.2 | 40.6 | 42.1 | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.16 |
| CALIFORNIA | 127.10 | 126.28 | 119.60 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.0 | 3.10 | 3.08 | 2.99 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove. | 126.38 | 125.14 | 120.09 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 2.98 |
| Bakersfieid | 135.60 | 132.00 | 130.97 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 3.34 | 3.30 | 3.21 |
| Fresno | 104.52 | 106.52 | 96.00 | 39.0 | 39.6 | 37.5 | 2.68 | 2.69 | 2.56 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 125.86 | 124.12 | 118.67 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 2.93 |
| Oxnard-Ventura | 110.04 | 107.62 | 104.56 | 39.3 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.73 |
| Sacramento | 133.79 | 132.66 | 130.87 | 39.7 | 41.2 | 39.9 | 3.37 | 3.22 | 3.28 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario | 123.42 | 123.52 | 118.30 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.1 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 2.95 |
| San Diego | 137.37 | 134.89 | 125.22 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 39.5 | 3.31 | 3.29 | 3.17 |
| San Francisco-Oakland. | 133.67 | 134.20 | 127.01 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 39.2 | 3.35 | 3.33 | 3.24 |
| San Jose. | 128.52 | 128.84 | 120.69 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.7 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.04 |
| Santa Barbara. | 122.51 | 120.80 | 120.48 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 3.04 | 2.99 | 3.05 |
| Stockton | 123.22 | 122.36 | 115.24 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 38.8 | 3.05 | 2.97 | 2.97 |
| Vallejo-Napa | 111.15 | 113.62 | 102.21 | 37.3 | 38.0 | 36.9 | 2.98 | 2.99 | 2.77 |
| COLORADO | 117.45 | 115.21 | 110.15 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 2.83 | 2.31 | 2.74 |
| Denver | 124.41 | 118.66 | 112.59 | 43.5 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.78 |
| CONNECTICUT | 116.02 | 115.45 | 111.14 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.64 |
| Bridgeport. | 121.24 | 121.09 | 113.01 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 41.7 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.71 |
| Hartford | 122.41 | 121.41 | 117.00 | 42.8 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 2.86 | 2.83 | 2.74 |
| New Britain | 116.89 | 118.00 | 113.52 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.69 |
| New Haven | 111.64 | 111.49 | 107.42 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.62 |
| Stamford | 116.48 | 113.71 | 113.15 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 2.78 | 2.74 | 2.72 |
| Waterbury | 116.14 | 113.79 | 111.83 | 42.7 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 2.72 | 2.69 | 2.65 |
| delamare | 119.83 | 119.99 | 118.58 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.79 |
| Wilmington. | 132.51 | 132.71 | 129.93 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 3.14 | 3.13 | 3.05 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: <br> Washington SMSA | 114.80 | 115.09 | 109.81 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.78 |
| FLORIDA | 93.96 | 93.51 | 90.31 | 43.1 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.12 |
| Jacksonville | 91.98 | 91.53 | 96.48 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 42.5 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.27 |
| Miami. | 86.52 | 85.86 | 86.53 | 42.0 | 40.5 | 41.6 | 2.06 | 2.12 | 2.08 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | 99.01 | 98.35 | 90.94 | 44.2 | 44.5 | 43.1 | 2.24 | 2.21 | 2.11 |
| GEORGIA | 87.35 | 84.65 | 80.14 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 2.07 | 2.03 | 1.95 |
| Atlanta. | 116.21 | 106.24 | 98.49 | 43.2 | 41.5 | 40.2 | 2.69 | 2.56 | 2.45 |
| Savannah. | 106.60 | 105.50 | 101.68 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.5 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.45 |
| Hawall | 91.87 | 93.93 | 90.35 | 38.6 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.27 |
| IDAHO . . | 103.35 | 109.85 | 98.94 | 39.0 | 39.8 | 38.8 | 2.65 | 2.76 | 2.55 |
| ILLINOIS | 119.61 | 119.04 | 114.98 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.78 |
| Chicago | 121.51 | 120.80 | 116.84 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 2.91 | 2.89 | 2.82 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline | (1) | 129.45 | 125.71 | (1) | 40.8 | 40.9 | (1) | 3.17 | 3.07 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

| State and area | Average weekiy earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Nov. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov, } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ |
| ILLINOIS- (continued) <br> Peoria | (1) | \$134.44 | \$127.55 | (1) | 42.1 | 41.7 | (1) | \$3.20 | \$3.06 |
| Rockford. | (1) | 123.07 | 117.55 | (1) | 44.1 | 43.6 | (1) | 2.79 | 2.70 |
| INDIANA | \$123.11 | 123.48 | 115.86 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.0 | \$2.95 | 2.95 | 2.83 |
| Indianapolis. | (1) | 128.10 | 122.29 | (1) | 42.8 | 42.4 | (1) | 2.99 | 2.88 |
| IOWA | 115.62 | 115.73 | 113.27 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 2.83 | 2.81 | 2.76 |
| Cedar Rapids. | 121.28 | 121.65 | 116.93 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 41.9 | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.79 |
| Des Moines | 124.83 | 124.38 | 118.80 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 3.12 | 3.13 | 2.99 |
| KANSAS | 115.83 | 115.47 | 114.94 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.72 |
| Topeka. | 130.37 | 134.30 | 119.47 | 44.1 | 45.0 | 42.6 | 2.96 | 2.98 | 2.80 |
| Wichita. | 120.89 | 118.28 | 120.53 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 2.90 | 2.84 | 2.89 |
| KENTUCKY | 103.82 | 104.17 | 100.12 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 40.7 | 2.52 | 2.51 | 2.46 |
| Louisville. | 123.14 | 123.64 | 116.76 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 2.94 | 2.94 | 2.80 |
| LOUISIANA | 111.76 | 111.02 | 107.50 | 44.0 | 43.2 | 43.7 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.46 |
| Baton Rouge | 135.01 | 133.40 | 132.92 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 3.23 | 3.23 | 3.18 |
| New Orleans | 112.88 | 115.08 | 108.47 | 41.5 | 42.0 | 41.4 | 2.72 | 2.74 | 2.62 |
| Shreveport. | 107.69 | 108.82 | 102.19 | 44.5 | 44.6 | 43.3 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.36 |
| MAINE | 86.94 | 86.94 | 83.43 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.5 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.06 |
| Lewiston-Auburn | 72.50 | 70.49 | 67.32 | 39.4 | 38.1 | 37.4 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.80 |
| Portland | 90.23 | 89.76 | 89.51 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.21 |
| MARYLAND. | 107.30 | 106.23 | 106.14 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 2.63 | 2.61 | 2.57 |
| Baltimore | 113.02 | 111.78 | 112.61 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 2.77 | 2.76 | 2.72 |
| MASSACHUSETTS | 100.00 | 99.10 | 96.24 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 2.50 | 2.49 | 2.40 |
| Boston | 107.06 | 106.13 | 103.22 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.60 |
| Brockton. | 85.97 | 80.15 | 81.72 | 38.9 | 36.6 | 39.1 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.09 |
| Fall River. | 65.80 | 70.30 | 65.81 | 32.9 | 34.8 | 34.1 | 2.00 | 2.02 | 1.93 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill 2 | 92.43 | 92.59 | 89.44 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.27 |
| Lowell 2 | 84.32 | 84.77 | 82.22 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 38.6 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.13 |
| New Bedford | 78.75 | 77.02 | 73.43 | 37.5 | 36.5 | 36.9 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 1.99 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 104.34 | 103.68 | 100.21 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.9 | 2.57 | 2.56 | 2.45 |
| Worcester | 111.51 | 108.39 | 108.00 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 2.70 | 2.65 | 2.59 |
| MTCHIGAN | 149.01 | 145.41 | 135.51 | 45.5 | 44.7 | 43.6 | 3.28 | 3.25 | 3.11 |
| Ann Asbor . | 151.65 | 132.80 | (1) | 45.0 | 40.6 | (1) | 3.37 | 3.27 | (1) |
| Detroit . | 157.62 | 154.44 | 141.57 | 45.7 | 45.0 | 43.2 | 3.45 | 3.43 | 3.28 |
| Flint 3 | 173.80 | 162.67 | 150.68 | 47.1 | 45.3 | 44.2 | 3.69 | 3.59 | 3.41 |
| Grand Rapids 3 | 121.65 | 123.22 | 117.22 | 42.4 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.81 |
| Lansing | 169.72 | 157.02 | 146.75 | 47.7 | 45.2 | 44.7 | 3.56 | 3.47 | 3.28 |
| Muskegon-Muskegon Heights | 129.21 | 126.85 | 116.78 | 42.8 | 42.1 | 40.2 | 3.02 | 3.01 | 2.91 |
| Saginaw . . . . . . . . . . . | 156.56 | 148.01 | 134.03 | 46.1 | 45.0 | 43.9 | 3.40 | 3.29 | 3.05 |
| MINNESOTA . | 113.34 | 113.58 | 108.41 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 2.76 | 2.74 | 2.66 |
| Duluth-Superior | 110.60 | 109.53 | 107.98 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.72 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 119.54 | 120.68 | 113.17 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 40.3 | 2.90 | 2.90 | 2.81 |
|  | 77.61 | 78.31 | 73.39 | 41.5 | 42.1 | 41.0 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.79 |
| Jackson.. | 85.80 | 85.80 | 81.03 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 43.8 | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.85 |
| MISSOURI . | 103.80 | 107.80 | 102.43 | 39.2 | 40.5 | 39.8 | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.57 |
|  | 120.30 | 117.49 | 113.61 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 2.89 | 2.87 | 2.78 |
| St. Louis. | 115.52 | 122.09 | 116.73 | 39.0 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.87 |
| MONTANA | 109.48 | 113.57 | 109.47 | 39.1 | 41.0 | 40.1 | 2.80 | 2.77 | 2.73 |
| NEBRASKA | 104.95 | 104.03 | 104.80 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.42 |
| Omaha | 115.67 | 112.94 | 116.68 | 43.4 | 42.9 | 43.9 | 2.66 | 2.63 | 2.66 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

799-429 O-66-5

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected oreas--Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earninǵs |  |  | Averaǵe weekly hours |  |  | Average hourdy earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \mathrm{ct} . \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { iNov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct, } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1964 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| NEVADA | \$122.18 | \$128.95 | \$123.32 | 38.3 | 39.8 | 40.7 | \$3.19 | \$3.24 | \$3.03 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE | 85.48 | 85.07 | 82.01 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 2.03 |
| Manchester | 78.38 | 78.79 | 76.25 | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 1.95 |
| NEW JERSEY | 114.68 | 114.26 | 109.75 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 2.77 | 2.76 | 2.69 |
| Atlantic City | 83.38 | 83.85 | 81.58 | 38.6 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.13 |
| Jersey City | 112.61 | 111.25 | 106.37 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 2.74 | 2.72 | 2.62 |
| Newark 4 | 113.16 | 114.26 | 108.53 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 40.8 | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.66 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 117.32 | 116.62 | 111.65 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.71 |
| Perth Amboy | 122.69 | 123.26 | 112.31 | 42.6 | 42.8 | 40.4 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.78 |
| Trenton. | 114.26 | 114.40 | 110.97 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 2.78 | 2.77 | 2.70 |
| NEW MEXICO | 95.76 | 97.16 | 89.40 | 41.1 | 41.7 | 38.7 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.31 |
| Albuquerque | 93.93 | 96.32 | 94.95 | 39.3 | 40.3 | 39.4 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.41 |
| NEW YORK | 107.73 | 108.00 | 103.74 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.60 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 122.18 | 118.78 | 116.88 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 2.93 | 2.89 | 2.83 |
| Biaghamton | 109.36 | 108.00 | 101.84 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 2.61 | 2.59 | 2.46 |
| Buffalo. | 132.71 | 131.35 | 126.42 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 3.13 | 3.12 | 3.01 |
| Elmira | 110.43 | 109.89 | 104.38 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.59 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties | 110.16 | 109.35 | 107.60 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.69 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey | 106.38 | 106.92 | 102.73 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.61 |
| New Yock SMSA | 100.70 | 101.50 | 98.69 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 2.65 | 2.65 | 2.57 |
| New York City | 98.36 | 99.79 | 96.52 | 37.4 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 2.63 | 2.64 | 2.54 |
| Rochester. | 122.26 | 121.70 | 116.47 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 2.87 | 2.85 | 2.76 |
| Syracuse . | 116.62 | 115.64 | 110.56 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.69 |
| Utica-Rome | 103.82 | 103.73 | 100.12 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 2.52 | 2.53 | 2.43 |
| Westchester County | 108.26 | 108.68 | 108.24 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 2.72 | 2.69 | 2.64 |
| NORTH CAROLINA | 78.54 | 76.91 | 74.23 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 1.87 | 1.84 | 1.78 |
| Charlotte. | 82.26 | 83.07 | 81.03 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 43.1 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.88 |
| Greensboro-High Point | 78.88 | 77.33 | 75.21 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.83 |
| north dakota | 107.88 | 109.51 | 95.62 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 41.6 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.30 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 109.55 | 108.86 | 105.25 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 2.63 | 2.57 | 2.52 |
| OHIO | 128.94 | 128.37 | 122.18 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 3.06 | 3.04 | 2.93 |
| Akro | 142.80 | 144.53 | 137.09 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 42.3 | 3.35 | 3.37 | 3.24 |
| Canton | 123.44 | 124.48 | 119.02 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 3.07 | 3.04 | 2.95 |
| Cincinnati. | 122.57 | 120.85 | 115.81 | 42.8 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.74 |
| Cleveland. | 133.44 | 132.17 | 124.93 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 41.8 | 3.10 | 3.10 | 2.99 |
| Columbus | 120.06 | 118.01 | 114.55 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 2.95 | 2.92 | 2.80 |
| Dayton | 144.43 | 145.80 | 132.35 | 43.4 | 43.9 | 42.4 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.12 |
| Toledo | 137.17 | 138.71 | 128.50 | 43.2 | 42.8 | 41.8 | 3.18 | 3.24 | 3.07 |
| Youngstown-Warcen | 128.78 | 128.15 | 131.62 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 41.2 | 3.27 | 3.29 | 3.19 |
| oklahoma | 103.70 | 102.79 | 100.73 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 2.44 | 2.43 | 2.37 |
| Oklahoma City | 98.64 | 98.44 | 96.50 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 2.31 | 2.30 | 2.26 |
| Tulsa. | 114.33 | 114.17 | 110.24 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 2.69 | 2.68 | 2.60 |
| OREGON | 117.81 | 117.31 | 107.91 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 37.6 | 2.99 | 2.94 | 2.87 |
| Portland | 118.40 | 118.59 | 108.95 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 37.7 | 2.99 | 2.95 | 2.39 |
| Pennsylvania | 107.30 | 106.63 | 103.57 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.57 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton. | 104.80 | 104.41 | 98.30 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 38.7 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.54 |
| Altoona | 90.13 | 89.24 | 86.46 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.14 |
| Erie | 114.78 | 113.94 | 113.05 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 2.72 | 2.70 | 2.66 |
| Harrisburg. | 94.83 | 94.24 | 90.50 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 2.33 | 2.35 | 2.24 |
| Johnstown. | 105.36 | 106.41 | 104.35 | 37.1 | 37.6 | 37.4 | 2.84 | 2.83 | 2.79 |
| Lancaster | 101.52 | 100.44 | 96.10 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.31 |
| Philadelphia | 114.95 | 114.11 | 106.93 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 39.9 | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2.68 |
| Pitesburgh. | 124.57 | 124.09 | 128.65 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 41.5 | 3.13 | 3.11 | 3.10 |
| Reading | 99.12 | 97.10 | 92.34 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.28 |
| Scranton | 81.62 | 80.81 | 74.40 | 38.5 | 38.3 | 37.2 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.00 |
| wilkes-Barre-Hazleton | 75.28 | 74.37 | 70.76 | 36.9 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 2.04 | 2.06 | 1.96 |
| York | 93.29 | 92.65 | 87.56 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.07 |
| RHODE ISLAND | 90.35 | 89.51 | 85.81 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.14 |
| Providence-Pawtucket-Watwick | 89.91 | 90.13 | 85.65 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.12 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Averase weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1964 | Nov. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \subset E . \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | \$81.02 | \$80.41 | \$76.73 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 41.7 | \$1.92 | \$1.91 | \$1.84 |
| Charleston. | 48.19 | 89.04 | 84.87 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 41.2 | 2.12 | 2.12 | 2.06 |
| Greenville | 80.65 | 80.70 | 75.60 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.80 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | 106.36 | 104.05 | 113.92 | 44.5 | 43.9 | 43.0 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.37 |
| Sioux Falls | 125.09 | 123.63 | 137.96 | 47.1 | 46.7 | 53.6 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.57 |
| TENNESSEE | 87.77 | 87.56 | 84.05 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.05 |
| Chattanooga | 94.58 | 93.52 | 90.03 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 2.29 | 2.27 | 2.18 |
| Knoxville | 97.03 | 97.92 | 94.47 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 49.2 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2.35 |
| Memphis | 96.14 | 98.33 | 96.14 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 2.30 | 2.33 | 2.30 |
| Nashville | 96.87 | 95.40 | 90.45 | 42.3 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 2.29 | 2.31 | 2.19 |
| TEXAS | 105.42 | 104.83 | 101.26 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 41.5 | 2.51 | 2.49 | 2.44 |
| Austin | 73.99 | 72.80 | 75.62 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 39.8 | 1.77 | 1.78 | 1.90 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur | 136.53 | 138.69 | 132.52 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 3.33 | 3.35 | 3.24 |
| Corpus Christi | 123.54 | 118.40 | 119.99 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 42.1 | 2.90 | 2.86 | 2.85 |
| Dallas | 97.16 | 97.67 | 90.64 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 41.2 | 2.33 | 2.32 | 2.20 |
| El Paso | 76.03 | 75.44 | 72.90 | 38.4 | 38.1 | 40.5 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 1.80 |
| Fort Worth | 116.14 | 112.67 | 106.50 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.56 |
| Houston | 124.82 | 124.41 | 119.99 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 2.93 | 2.90 | 2.81 |
| San Antonio | 78.85 | 78.69 | 76.91 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 1.90 | 1.91 | 1.84 |
| UTAH | 113.93 | 114.28 | 112.72 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 2.82 | 2.85 | 2.79 |
| Sale Lake City | 113.71 | 112.75 | 108.94 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.67 |
| VERMONT | 91.76 | 93.51 | 86.32 | 41.9 | 42.7 | 41.5 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.08 |
| Burlington. | 104.63 | 102.05 | 95.04 | 45.1 | 43.8 | 41.5 | 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.29 |
| Springfield. | 105.92 | 108.43 | 97.86 | 42.2 | 43.2 | 42.0 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.33 |
| VIRGINIA | 88.40 | 87.57 | 86.32 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 2.12 | 2.10 | 2.07 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth | 94.33 | 98.34 | 86.09 | 42.3 | 44.1 | 40.8 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.11 |
| Richmond | 97.58 | 94.30 | 93.84 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.30 |
| Roanoke | 89.15 | 89.32 | 87.80 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 43.9 | 2.04 | 2.03 | 2.00 |
| WASHINGTON | 125.14 | 120.74 | 113.85 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 37.7 | 2.16 | 3.08 | 3.02 |
| Seattle-Everett. | 129.68 | 120.82 | 118.27 | 39.9 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 3.25 | 3.13 | 3.08 |
| Spokane | 123.72 | 123.64 | 120.29 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 3.14 | 3.13 | 3.03 |
| Tacoma. | 120.98 | 121.52 | 116.05 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 38.3 | 3.11 | 3.10 | 3.03 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | 110.29 | 109.75 | 108.68 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.69 |
| Charleston. | 134.72 | 137.10 | 127.51 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 3.27 | 3.28 | 3.11 |
| Huntington-Ashland. | 115.74 | 113.68 | 117.09 | 39.1 | 38.8 | 40.1 | 2.96 | 2.93 | 2.92 |
| Wheeling. | 110.76 | 111.60 | 108.94 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2.71 |
| WISCONSIN | 117.90 | 116.42 | 115.56 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 2.73 |
| Green Bay . | 116.65 | 116.17 | 114.92 | 44.3 | 44.2 | 44.0 | 2.63 | 2.63 | 2.61 |
| Kenosha | 122.80 | 136.69 | 150.78 | 38.9 | 42.0 | 45.6 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.31 |
| La Crosse | 106.76 | 105.31 | 103.94 | 39.1 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 2.73 | 2.72 | 2.62 |
| Madison | 126.49 | 121.36 | 124.36 | 42.1 | 40.8 | 42.5 | 3.00 | 2.97 | 2.93 |
| Milwaukee. | 128.23 | 127.68 | 124.68 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 3.08 | 3.08 | 2.99 |
| Racine | 121.57 | 121.91 | 119.55 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 2.96 | 2.97 | 2.88 |
| WYOMING | 107.73 | 102.39 | 107.64 | 37.8 | 36.7 | 37.9 | 2.85 | 2.79 | 2.34 |
| Casper | 128.97 | 124.12 | 127.76 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 39.8 | 3.43 | 3.31 | 3.21 |

${ }^{1}$ Not available.
${ }^{2}$ Initial inclusion in this publication.
${ }_{4}^{3}$ Data for 1965 not comparable with earlier years because of change in area definition.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
${ }^{5}$ Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Coopereting State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing
1956 to date


Total separations

| 1956.......... | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 4.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957.......... | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.2 |
| 1958. ......... | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| 1959 i ........ | 3.7 | 3.1. | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| 1.960. . . . . . . . . | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| 1961. . . . . . . . | 14.7 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| 1962. . . . . . . . | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| 1963......... | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 1964......... | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 1965.......... | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.8 |  |  |
| Quits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956. | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| 1957.......... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.6 |
| 1958.......... | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| 1959.......... | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| 1960.......... | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | - 9 | - 7 | 1.3 |
| 1961........... | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | - 9 | 1.2 |
| 1962.......... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 |
| 1963.......... | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 |
| 1964.......... | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| 1965.......... | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.7 |  |  |
| Layoffs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956. | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1957.......... | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| 1958........... | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 1959.......... | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| 1960........... | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 2.4 |
| 1961.......... | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.2 |
| 1962........... | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| 1963........... | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 1964.......... | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 7.4 | 1.7 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| 1965.......... | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |  |  |

Beginning with January 1959, transfers berween establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and rotal separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable wirh prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.
Data for the curtent month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D.2: Labor turnover rates, by industry

| $\underset{\text { Code }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MANUFACTURING | 3.9 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 19,24,25,32-39 | durable coods | 3.8 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| 20-23,26-31 | NONDURABLE GOODS | 4.0 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ordnance and accessories | 2.2 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.4 | . 8 | 1.2 | .6 | . 6 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small ams. | 1.9 | 3.2 | . 9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 6 | . 5 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.8 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories | 3.1 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE | 4.6 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 1.2 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills. | 4.1 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 1.5 | . 9 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general | 3.8 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 1.6 | . 9 |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 3.4 | . 8 | 1.3 |
| 2431 | Millwork . | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 2.0 | 2.9 | . 8 | 1.5 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood. | 4.8 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 3.1 | 3.9 | . 1 | . 9 |
| 244 | Wooden containers | 5.8 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.0 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crares | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products | 4.2 | 5.6 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| 25 | Furniture and fixtures | 5.1 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 3.6 | .6 | . 9 |
| 251 | Household furniture. | 5.4 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 3.8 | . 4 | . 6 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 3.8 | . 3 | . 4 |
| 2512 | Wood house fumiture, upholstered. | 4.7 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | . 4 | . 5 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | 5.2 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 | . 4 | 1.0 |
| 252 | Office furniture | 5.3 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.4 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 32 | Stone, CLAY, and class products | 2.7 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| 321 | Flat glass . . . . . . . . . | 1.6 | 2.0 | .1 | . 9 | 2.8 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 4 | 2.5 | 1.1 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown. | 2.5 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 4.1 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 3221 | Glass containers. . | 2.2 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 5.0 | . 9 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, | 2.8 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 5 | . 7 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic . ... | . 7 | 1.4 | . 5 | . 8 | 3.2 | 1.5 | . 5 | . 5 | 2.4 | . 4 |
| 325 | Structural clay products. | 3.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.5 | . 9 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | . 8 | . 5 |
| 326 | Pottery and relared products. | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products. | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.9 | . 7 | 1.1 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 33 | PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES | 2.7 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 4.8 | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic steel products. | 2.4 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 5 | 4.3 | 6.2 | . 4 | . 8 | 3.2 | 4.5 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills. | 2.4 | 1.3 | . 2 | . 3 | 4.5 | 6.6 | . 4 | . 7 | 3.6 | 4.8 |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundrie | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | .5 | 1.0 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 2.3 | .4 | 1.1 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | .1 | 1.2 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries. | 3.6 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 8 |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and refining. . | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 3.2 | $\cdot 7$ | . 9 | $\cdot 3$ | . 4 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. | 2.1 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.5 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 4 | . 9 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding | 1.3 | 1.4 | . 7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 8 | . 1 | . 4 |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and excruding | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.1 | . 7 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing, and insulating. | (1) | 4.7 | (1) | 2.9 | (1) | 3.8 | (1) | 1.4 | (1) | 1.8 |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries. | 4.7 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 2.0 | 2.7 | . 4 | . 8 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | 4.4 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 2.9 | . 3 | . 7 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings. . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 1.0 1.0 | 2.5 1.3 | $\cdot .5$ | . 9 |
| 339 3391 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. Iton and steel forgings. . . . . . | 3.2 2.9 | 2.8 2.5 | 2.8 2.7 | 2.4 2.2 | 1.9 1.9 | 2.4 2.1 | 1.0 1.1 | 1.3 1.0 | . 2 | . 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 4 |

[^22]Table D.2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | (Per 100 employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total |  | New bires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | Fabricated metal products | 4.2 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| 341 | Mecal cans | 5.3 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 8.5 | . 7 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 6.3 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand tools, and genetal hardware | 4.4 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | . 9 | . 9 |
| 3421,3,5 | Curlery and hand cools, including saws. | 3.2 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 2.0 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.c. | 5.1 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbing firtures | 3.4 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 3.2 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 4.3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | . 9 | 1.2 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 2.0 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric. | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products | 3.7 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. . . | 4.2 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 3443 | Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) | 3.2 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.0 | . 8 |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and miscellaneous metal work | 3.4 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 5.7 | 1.7 | 2.9 | . 9 | 1.9 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolts, erc. | 3.9 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 2.5 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 3452 | Bolss, nuts, screws, rivers, and washers | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 4 |
| 346 | Metal stampings | 4.2 | 5.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | . 7 | 1.3 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products | 3.5 | 5.2 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 3.0 | .4 | . 3 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricared metal products | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 2.0 | - 3 | - 7 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 5 |
| 35 | MACHINERY. | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 7 |
| 351 | Engines and curbines | 3.4 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.9 | . 9 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 6 |
| 3511 | Steam engiaes and turbines | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 | .4 | 1.1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n | 4.1 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 1.2 | 1.5 | .5 | . 8 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipmenc. | 5.3 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| 353 | Construcrion and related machinery. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 | .4 | . 5 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | .4 | . 6 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery, and equipment | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes. | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 | .5 | . 9 |
| 354 | Metalworkiag machinery and equipment | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.5 | .2 | .6 |
| 3541 | Machine cools, mecal cutcing types. | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | . 9 | 1.3 | . 2 | . 1 |
| 3545 | Machine tool acces sories. . . . | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalworking wachinery | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 1 | 1.0 |
| 355 | Special industry machinery | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 4 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 | . 6 | $\cdot 7$ |
| 3552 | Tertile machinery | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 3 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery. | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | - 3 | . 7 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 3562 | Ball and roller bearings. . . . | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.1 | . 9 | . 5 | . 9 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods. . | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 2 | 1.0 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 3571 | Computing machines and cash registers | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 358 | Service industry machines . . | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | . 9 | 1.4 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| 36 | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES | 3.9 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 5 | .4 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipmeat . . . . . | 2.6 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments | 3.3 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 3612 | Power and discribution cransformers. | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.4 | .2 | . 2 |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.4 | . 8 | 1.3 | .4 | . 2 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus. | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 6 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators. . . . | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 4 | . 8 |
| 3622 | Industrial controls. | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 363 | Household appliances . . . . . . . . . | 3.3 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.9 | . 5 | . 4 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers | 3.4 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | .6 | - 3 |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment | 3.1 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 2.2 | . 6 | 1.4 | .1 | . 1 |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans. | 3.5 | 6.8 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 3.1 | - 7 | . 8 |
| 364 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | . 8 | . 6 |
| 3641 | Electric lamps | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 2 | . 1 |
| 3642 | Lighring fixtures | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices. | 4.4 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.4 | . 6 | . 4 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets | 3.8 | 7.5 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 2.9 | . 7 | - 3 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. . . . . . . | 3.4 | 3.5 |  | 2.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 |  | 1.3 |  | (a) |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparaus . . . | (1) | 2.7 | (1) | 2.4 | (1) | 1.6 | (1) | 1.0 | (1) | (2) |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | 3.7 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | .4 | . 4 |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories. | 5.5 | 6.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | . 6 | $\cdot 5$ |
| 3671-3 | Electron tubes | 3.8 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 4 |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components; n.e.c. | 5.9 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 2.6 | . 7 | . 5 |
| 369 | Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplie | 4.4 | 4.4 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.7 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | .6 .4 | . 8 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines. | 4.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.3 | . 4 | . 4 |

[^23]Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued


Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued


[^24]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-2: Labor turnover rotes, by industry--Continued


Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date seasonally adiusted

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Ocr. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Tocal accessions

| 1956. | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957..................... | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.9 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| 1958. | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| 1959 ${ }^{1}$................... | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5.6 |
| 1960...................... | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 1961.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| 1962...................... | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| 1963..................... | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| 1964. | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| 1965.................... | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 |  |

New hises

| 1956. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| 1958. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 1959.................... | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 1960. | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| 1961. ................... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| 1962. | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| 1963. | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| 1964................... | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| 1965..................... | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 |  |

Total separations

| 1956...................... | 4.2 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957................. | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| 1958. | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| $1959{ }^{1}$ | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.1 |
| 1960.. | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| 1961.................... | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| 1962. | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| 1963..................... | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| 1964................... | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| 1965. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.8 |  |


| 1956..................... | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1957..................... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1958. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| 1959. | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1960. | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 1961. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 1962. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 1963. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 1964. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1965..................... | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 |  |


| Layoffs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1956. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| 1957..................... | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 1958. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 1959...................... | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| 1960. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| 1961. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| 1962. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 1963. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1964. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1965. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 |  |

[^25]Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New | ires | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{Oct} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| ALABAMA 1 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Birmingham | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 7.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 4.3 |
| Mobile ${ }^{1}$ | 5.9 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 2.1 |
| ALASKA | 12.6 | 14.4 | 9.5 | 11.4 | 23.1 | 42.4 | 8.5 | 10.4 | 13.5 | 27.0 |
| ARIZONA. | 6.4 | 8.1 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 2.0 | 3.3 | . 9 | 1.2 |
| Phoenix | 6.5 | 8.8 | 5.5 | . 7.4 | 3.9 | 5.5 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Arkansas | 6.3 | 8.1 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 5.5 | . 9 | 1.2 |
| Fort Smith. | 7.7 | 10.2 | 7.0 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 11.4 | 4.8 | 7.5 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 6.2 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 7.1 | 3.5 | 5.1 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Pine Bluff. | 5.0 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 6.4 | 3.2 | 4.6 | . 3 | 1.2 |
| CALIFORNIA ${ }^{1}$ | 4.9 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ara-Garden Grove ${ }^{1}$ | 4.3 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 3.0 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach ${ }^{1}$ | 5.2 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Sacramento 1 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario ${ }^{1}$ | 4.3 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 1.3 | . 9 |
| San Diego 1 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | . 8 | . 6 |
| San Francisco-Oakland 1 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.4 |
| San Jose, ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 3.4 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | . 9 |
| Stockton ${ }^{1}$ | 4.9 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.4 |
| COLORADO | 8.3 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.2 |
| CONNECTICUT | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 3.3 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Bridgeport | 3.3 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 3.0 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Hartford | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 2.8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| New Bricain | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 3.0 | . 2 | . 2 |
| New Haven | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 2.3 | 3.9 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Stamford | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.6 | . 4 | . 2 |
| Waterbury | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 3.0 | . 6 | . 4 |
| DELAvare 1 | 2.6 | 8.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 1.1 | 2.3 | .4 | . 8 |
| Wilmington ${ }^{1}$ | 2.4 | 7.6 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 2.2 | . 3 | . 8 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Washington SMSA | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.9 | .3 | . 2 |
| FLORIDA | 6.7 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| Jacksonville | 4.0 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 | . 3 | 1.1 |
| Miami. | 5.9 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Tampa-Sc. Petersburg | 9.9 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 1.7 |
| GEORGIA | 4.7 | 7.3 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 3.8 | . 6 | . 8 |
| Aclanta ${ }^{2}$ | 5.3 | 11.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 3.4 | .4 | . 4 |
| Hawall ${ }^{3}$ | 2.5 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 2.0 | . 4 | - |
| IDAHO ${ }^{4}$. | 4.6 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 8.3 | 3.1 | 6.3 | 2.0 | 1.2 |
| ILLINOIS: Chicago . | 4.9 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 2.9 | 4.0 | . 7 |  |
| INDIANA ${ }^{1}$ | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 3.5 | . 9 | . 9 |
| Indianapolis 5 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 3.1 | . 6 | . 8 |
| 10wA | 4.3 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Cedar Rapids. | 5.0 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| Des Moines | 2.5 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued


See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OcE. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct: } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { סce. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| NEW YORK (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties 7 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| New York Smsa | 4.7 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| New York City 7 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Rochester | 4.8 | 5.9 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 1.1 | . 7 |
| Syracuse. | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 1.8 | 3.0 | . 5 | . 5 |
| Utica-Rome | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 1.5 | 2.5 | . 9 | 1.4 |
| We stchester County ${ }^{7}$ | 4.6 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.7 |
| north Carolina | 4.7 | 6.2 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 1.0 | . 6 |
| Charlote. | 5.2 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 4.8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Greensboro-High Point. | 5.1 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 4.8 | . 1 | . 1 |
| NORTH DAKOTA | 3.2 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 8.3 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 3.1 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 16.3 | 5.0 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 8.3 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 3.6 |
| OHIO | 3.2 | 4.6 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| Akron. | 2.5 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 8 |
| Canton | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| Cincinnati. | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Cleveland | 3.2 | 5.9 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 1.4 | . 8 |
| Columbus | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | . 9 | 1.0 |
| Dayton | 3.7 | 5.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Toledo | 3.6 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Youngstown-Warren | 2.2 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 2.3 |
| oklahoma ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4.3 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 3.3 | . 7 | . 5 |
| Oxlahoma City | 7.1 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Tulsa 8 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 1.9 | 3.5 | . 7 | . 4 |
| OREGON ${ }^{1}$ | 6.3 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Portland ${ }^{1}$ | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 7.8 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| PENNSYLVANIA | 3.3 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Altoona. | 3.1 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 2.1 | . 6 |
| Erie. | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Harrisburg | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | . 8 |
| Johnstown. | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.7 |
| Lancaster. | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 3.3 | . 5 | . 4 |
| Philadelphia | 3.2 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Pittsburgh. | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | . 6 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.9 |
| Reading | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 3.0 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Scrancon | 4.1 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.5 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton | 4.0 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| York. | 6.1 | 7.8 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 4.6 | . 9 | 1.3 |
| RHODE ISLAND | 5.7 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 7.6 | 3.3 | 5.1 | . 9 | 1.5 |
| Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick | 6.0 | 7.3 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 5.5 | . 8 | 1.2 |
| south carolina ${ }^{9}$. | 4.9 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 3.8 | . 5 | . 4 |
| Charleston. | 6.7 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 3.5 | . 6 | 1.5 |
| Greenville. | (10) | 5.7 | (10) | 5.0 | (10) | 5.1 | (10) | 4.3 | (10) | . 1 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | 4.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 7.5 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Sioux Falls | 5.7 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| TEnnessee 9 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 2.9 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Chatranooga ${ }^{6}$ | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 2.8 | . 5 | . 6 |
| Knoxville | 2.2 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Memphis | 5.5 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Nashville | 4.3 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | . 5 | . 3 |
| texas 11 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 3.2 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Dallas ${ }^{11}$. | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 3.4 | .3 | . 7 |
| Fort Worth 11 . | 4.1 | 9.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Houscon 11. | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.4. | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 1.8 | 3.3 | . 4 | . 5 |
| San Antonio ${ }^{11}$ | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | . 4 | . 9 |

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected 5tates and areas--Continued

| State and area | (Per 100 employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { OCE. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| UTAH ${ }^{4}$ | 3.4 | 4.4 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Salt Lake City ${ }^{4}$ | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 3.2 | . 5 | 1.2 |
| VERMONT | 4.5 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 4.2 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Burlington. | 8.6 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 5.9 | 2.1 | 4.1 | . 1 | 1.4 |
| Springfield. | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 3.2 | (12) | . 1 |
| VIRGINIA | 3.9 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 3.0 | . 8 | . 6 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth | 3.4 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Richmond | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 3.2 | . 8 | . 2 |
| Roancke | 3.9 | 6.1 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 3.5 | . 8 | . 2 |
| WASHINGTON ${ }^{13}$ | 5.6 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Seattle-Everett | 5.7 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Spokane 13 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 7.9 | 1.1 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| Tacoma 13 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 7.6 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 1.3 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | 2.7 | 4.1 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.3 | . 8 |
| Charleston. | 2.1 | 2.0 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.9 | . 4 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Huntington-Ashland. | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 3.6 | . 9 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| Wheeling. | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 2.5 | . 7 | 1.2 | 3.3 | . 7 |
| WISCONSIN | 3.7 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Green Bay. | 2.4 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 2.1 | 5.4 | . 5 | . 9 |
| Kenosha | 3.2 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| La Crosse. | 4.6 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| Madison | 3.3 | 5.3 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 1.1 | . 7 |
| Milwaukee. | 3.5 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 3.6 | . 7 | . 6 |
| Racine | 4.1 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 4.7 | . 5 | . 2 |
| WYOMING 4. | 2.9 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 5.5 | 7.4 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 1.5 |

1 Excludes canning and preserving.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufacturing.
${ }^{3}$ Excludes canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jellies.
4 Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.
${ }^{5}$ Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.
${ }^{6}$ Excludes printing and publishing.
${ }^{7}$ Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
${ }^{8}$ Excludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.
${ }^{9}$ Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.
${ }^{1}$ Not available.
llexcludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
${ }^{12}$ Less than 0.05 .
${ }^{13}$ Excludes canning and preserving, printing and publishing. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

## Cantents

## SECTION A-LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT

A- 1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, 14 years and over, by sex ..... 70
A- 2: Unemployed persons, by age and sex ..... 70
A- 3: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job ..... 70
A- 4: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job. ..... 71
A- 5: Unemployed persons, by color, marital status, and household relationship. ..... 71
A- 6: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment ..... 72
A- 7: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job ..... 72
A- 8: Long-term unemployed by sex, age, color, and marital status ..... 73
A- 9: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex ..... 73
A-10: Total labor force, by age and sex ..... 74
A-11: Employed persons, by age and sex ..... 74
A-12: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation ..... 74
A-13: Employed persons, by hours worked. ..... 75
A-14: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status ..... 75
A-15: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status ..... 75
A-16: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex ..... 76
A-17: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry ..... 76
A-18: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation ..... 77
A-19: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color. ..... 77
A-20: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics. ..... 78
A-2l: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker ..... 78
SECTION B--PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT, HOURS AND EARNINGS, BY INDUSTRY
B- 1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry ..... 79
B- 2: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry ..... 80
B- 3: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry. ..... 80

## HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-I: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 136,241 | 134,143 | 132,124 | 66,027 | 65,065 | 64,163 | 70,215 | 69,079 | 67,962 |
| Total labor force. | 78,357 | 76,971 | 75,712 | 51,705 | 51,118 | 50,573 | 26,653 | 25,854 | 25,141 |
| Civilian labor force | 75,635 | 74,233 | 72,975 | 49,014 | 48,410 | 47,867 | 26621 | 25,823 | 25,109 |
| Employed | 72,179 | 70,357 | 68,809 | 47,034 | 46,139 | 45,330 | 25,145 | 24,218 | 23,479 |
| Agriculture. | 4,585 | 4,761 | 4,946 | 3,729 | 3,884 | 4,021 | 856 | 877 | 925 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 67,594 | 65,596 | 63,863 | 43,304 | 42,255 | 41,309 | 24,289 | 23,341 | 22,554 |
| Unemployed. | 3,456 | 3,876 | 4,166 | 1,980 | 2,271 | 2,537 | 1,476 | 1,605 | 1,629 |
| Looking for full-time work | 2,817 | 3,201 | 3,536 | 1,655 | 1,933 | 2,222 | 1,162 | 1,268 | 1,313 |
| Looking for part-time work. | 639 | 676 | 631 | 325 | 339 | 315 | 314 | 337 | 316 |
| Not in labor force. | 57,884 | 57,172 | 56,412 | 14,322 | 13,947 | 13,590 | 43,562 | 43,225 | 42,822 |

Table A-2: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 3,456 | 3,876 | 4,166 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 1,980 | 2,271 | 2,537 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 57.3 | 58.6 | 60.9 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 545 | 553 | 566 | 13.1 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 13.6 |
| 14 and 15 years | 66 | 66 | 65 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| 16 to 19 years | 479 | 487 | 500 | 14.1 | 15.8 | 17.2 | 13.9 | 12.6 | 12.0 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 311 | 384 | 396 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.9 | 9.5 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 293 | 345 | 444 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 10.7 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 284 | 323 | 386 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 9.3 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 253 | 319 | 358 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 8.6 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 221 | 262 | 289 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| 65 years and over | 75 | 85 | 97 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Female. | 1,476 | 1,605 | 1,629 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 39.1 |
| 14 to 19 years. . | 420 | 409 | 413 | 14.3 | 15.0 | 15.7 | 12.1 | 10.6 | 9.9 |
| 14 and 15 years | 24 | 24 | 31 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 7.6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 7 |
| 16 to 19 years | 395 | 386 | 383 | 15.7 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 11.4 | 10.0 | 9.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 246 | 276 | 262 | 7.3 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.3 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 236 | 262 | 286 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 263 | 281 | 287 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 6.9 |
| 45 ro 54 years. | 183 | 223 | 231 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| \$5 to 64 years. . . . . 6 | 101 | 122 33 | 120 29 | 2.8 2.8 | 3.5 3.4 | 3.6 3.2 | $\begin{array}{r}2.9 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 3.1 .9 | 2.9 .7 |
| 65 years and over ..... | 27 | 33 | 29 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.2 | . 8 | -9 | . 7 |

Table A-3: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

| Industry | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total. | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 79.5 | 81.4 | 82.5 |
| Agriculture . . | 7.3 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 76.1 | 77.2 | 78.5 |
| Mining, forestry, fisheries | 5.5 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Construcrion | 9.0 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 11.4 |
| Manufacturing. | 4.0 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 22.5 | 24.4 | 25.6 |
| Durable goods. | 3.4 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 11.1 | 12.9 | 13.8 |
| Nondurable goods. | 4.6 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.8 |
| Transporration and public utilities | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.3 |
| Wholesale and retail trade . . . . | 5.0 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 17.1 | 16.9 | 16.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Service industries. | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 15.2 |
| Public administration | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Self-employed and uapaid family workers | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| No previous work experience. | - | - | - | 17.7 | 16.0 | 14.8 |
| 14 to 19 years.. | - | - | - | 14.6 | 12.5 | 11.7 |
| 20 years and over | - | - | - | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.1 |

Table A-4: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

| Occupation | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total. | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Whire-collar workers | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 21.8 | 21.2 | 21.2 |
| Professional and technical | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Clerical workers | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.4 |
| Sales workers . . | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
| Blue-collar workers. . | 5.3 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 42.5 | 44.4 | 46.8 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.9 |
| Operatives.... | 5.5 | 6.5 | 7.4 | 22.4 | 23.3 | 24.1 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 8.4 | 10.6 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 11.8 |
| Service workers | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 13.8 |
| Privare bousehold workers | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Other service workers. | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 10.8 |
| Farm workers. | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| Farmers and farm managers | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Farm laborers and foremen | 4.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| No previous work experience. | - | - | - | 17.7 | 16.0 | 14.8 |

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by color, marital status, and household relationship


## HOUSEHOLD DATA

 ANNUAL AVERAGESTable A-6: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  | Category | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |  | 1965 | . 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 3,456 | 3,876 | 4,166 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | Total . . . . . . . . . | 3,456 | 3,876 | 4,166 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,718 | 1,787 | 1,847 | 49.7 | 46.1 | 44.3 |  | 108 | 109 | 116 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 983 | 1,116 | 1,231 | 28.5 | 28.8 | 29.5 | Persons on temporary layoff . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 and 6 weeks | 286 | 314 | 358 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 8.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 to 10 weeks. | 422 | 483 | 519 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 to 14 weeks | 276 | 319 | 354 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.5 | Persons scheduled to begin new jobs within 30 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 weeks and over | 755 | 973 | 1,088 | 21.8 | 25.1 | 26.1 |  | 138 | 137 | 138 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 404 | 490 | 535 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 12.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 weeks and over. . | 351 | 482 | 553 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 13.3 | All other unemployed . . . | 3,210 | 3,630 | 3,912 | 92.9 | 93.7 | 93.9 |
| Average (mean) duration. . | 11.8 | 13.3 | 14.0 | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-7: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

| Characreristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribution) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totol . | 21.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers. . . . . | 22.8 | 26.0 | 83.1 | 84.3 | 10.5 | 12.8 | 82.6 | 83.8 | 85.9 |
| Agriculture . . . . . | 20.5 | 17.3 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 8.5 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| Nonagricultucal industries | 22.9 | 26.5 | 79.9 | 81.4 | 10.6 | 13.1 | 79.8 | 81.3 | 83.8 |
| Mining, foresrry, fisheries. | (1) | (1) | 1.3 | 2.3 | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 3.5 | . 8 |
| Construction . . . . . . . | 21.2 | 22.0 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 6.3 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 5.6 |
| Manufacturing. | 24.4 | 29.6 | 25.2 | 28.6 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 26.5 | 29.5 | 26.0 |
| Durable goods | 26.0 | 31.9 | 13.3 | 16.5 | 13.0 | 16.8 | 14.2 | 17.5 | 14.8 |
| Nondurable goods | 22.8 | 26.6 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 10.9 | 13.1 | 12.3 | 12.1 | 11.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities . . . . . . . . . | 28.3 21.7 | 28.3 24.7 | 4.8 17.0 | 4.4 16.7 | 15.7 10.5 | 15.8 11.5 | 5.7 17.7 | 5.0 15.6 | 6.1 15.7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ... | 21.7 | 24.7 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 10.5 | 11.5 | 17.7 | 15.6 | 15.7 |
| estate, and service industries. | 21.8 | 24.0 | 18.9 | 17.2 | 10.0 | 11.9 | 18.5 | 17.3 | 24.5 |
| Public administration . . . . . | 22.2 | 34.5 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 12.5 | 14.9 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 5.1 |
| Self-employed and unpaid family workers . . . . . . . . . . | 24.5 | 28.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 17.0 | 14.6 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 13.2 |
| No previous work experience . . | 17.0 | 20.0 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 7.4 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 13.1 | . 8 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers. | 21.9 | 27.5 | 21.9 | 23.3 | 11.0 | 13.3 | 23.6 | 22.7 | 43.4 |
| Professional and technical. | 20.1 | 24.5 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 11.9 |
| Managers, officials, and propriecors . . . . . . . | 32.1 | 32.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 17.9 | 18.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 9.8 |
| Clerical workers, . . . | 20.8 | 29.0 | 10.3 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 13.2 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 15.3 |
| Sales workers . | 20.4 | 23.1 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 9.9 | 12.8 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 6.4 |
| Blue-collar workers | 23.4 | 26.4 | 45.6 | 46.8 | 10.3 | 13.0 | 43.2 | 46.6 | 36.9 |
| Craftsmen and foremen. | 23.9 | 26.4 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 12.3 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 12.6 |
| Operatives | 23.6 | 26.4 | 24.3 | 24.6 | 10.3 | 13.5 | 22.7 | 25.4 | 18.7 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 22.4 | 26.2 | 10.5 | 11.5 | 9.7 | 12.6 | 9.7 | 11.2 | 5.6 |
| Service workers | 23.0 | 24.7 | 15.5 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 12.8 | 17.3 | 15.2 | 13.0 |
| Private household workers | 23.5 | 20.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 12.2 | 9.2 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 3.1 |
| Other service workers | 22.9 | 25.9 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 12.9 | 9.9 |
| Farm workers . . . . . . | 21.2 | 18.3 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 5.8 |
| Farmers and farm managers | (1) | (1) | . 5 | . 4 | (I) | (1) | 1.1 | . 4 | 3.0 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 19.4 | 16.8 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| No previous work experience . . . . | 17.0 | 20.0 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 7.4 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 13.1 | . 8 |

${ }^{1}$ Percenr not shown where base is less than 50,000 .

HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-8: Long-term unemployed by sex, age, color, and marital status

| Characteristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribution) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group. |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 | 1964 | 1965 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 23.2 | 26.7 | 60.8 | 62.3 | 11.5 | 13.8 | 65.0 | 64.8 | 64.8 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 14.7 | 17.2 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 5.5 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 16.4 | 19.3 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.5 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 24.0 | 26.0 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 19.1 | 16.0 | 27.8 |
| 45 years and over. | 34.6 | 39.5 | 25.2 | 27.1 | 19.3 | 24.5 | 30.2 | 33.5 | 25.0 |
| Female. | 20.0 | 22.7 | 39.2 | 37.7 | 8.3 | 10.5 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.2 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 14.8 | 14.4 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.9 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 15.0 | 20.7 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 9.8 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 21.2 | 24.9 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 13.7 | 12.1 | 13.3 |
| 45 years and over | 29.3 | 30.6 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 13.8 | 16.2 | 12.3 | 12.6 | 13.6 |
| COLOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White, total | 21.1 | 24.4 | 77.1 | 77.1 | 9.5 | 11.8 | 74.6 | 74.7 | 88.8 |
| Male | 22.5 | 26.1 | 47.9 | 49.2 | 10.9 | 13.2 | 49.6 | 50.2 | 58.3 |
| Female | 19.1 | 21.9 | 29.2 | 27.9 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 25.1 | 24.5 | 30.6 |
| Nonwhite, total | 24.6 | 27.6 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 12.7 | 14.9 | 25.4 | 25.3 | 11.2 |
| Male | 26.0 | 29.1 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 14.3 | 16.0 | 15.4 | 14.7 | 6.5 |
| Female | 23.1 | 25.5 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 13.8 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 4.6 |
| marital status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21.8 | 25.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 23.2 | 26.7 | 60.8 | 62.3 | 11.5 | 13.8 | 65.0 | 64.8 | 64.8 |
| Married, wife present | 26.0 | 29.3 | 30.5 | 31.3 | 13.5 | 14.7 | 33.8 | 31.7 | 49.5 |
| Single. | 18.8 | 21.5 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 22.7 | 21.6 | 11.9 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 14.8 24.4 | 17.3 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 6.1 12.6 | 7.8 | 9.1 13.6 | 8.7 | 5.2 6.6 |
| 20 years and over. | 24.4 | 26.2 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 6.6 |
| Other marital status. | 31.0 | 38.5 | 7.7 | 9.0 | 16.0 8.3 | 24.3 | 8.5 | 11.4 | 3.5 |
| Female.. | 20.0 | 22.7 | 39.2 | 37.7 | 8.3 | 10.5 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.2 19.6 |
| Married, husband present | 19.6 | 23.5 | 17.2 | 17.6 | 7.7 | 10.0 | 14.5 | 15.1 | 19.6 8.5 |
| Single. | 16.1 | 19.3 | 11.3 | 10.7 5 | 7.9 4.2 | 8.9 | 8.8 4.3 | 10.2 4.4 | 8.5 3.4 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 15.0 | 14.6 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 4.2 9.8 | 5.9 15.5 14. | 4.3 | 4.4 5.8 | 5.4 |
| 20 years and over. . Other marital status. | 19.0 28.0 | 28.7 26.5 | 4.1 10.7 | 5.3 9.3 | 9.8 14.2 | 15.5 14.1 | 4.5 11.6 | 5.8 10.0 | 7.1 |
| Other marital staus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-9: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-fime work, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Looking for full-time work (thousands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-time work (Housands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-cime work as a percent of unemployed in each group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 2,817 | 3,201 | 3,536 | 639 | 676 | 631 | 18.5 | 17.4 | 15.1 |
| Male. | 1,655 | 1,933 | 2,222 | 325 | 339 | 315 | 16.4 | 14.9 | 12.4 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 305 | 323 | 361 | 240 | 230 | 202 | 44.0 | 41.6 | 35.9 |
| Major activity: Going to school | 47 | 52 | 51 | 182 | 171 | 150 | 79.5 | 76.7 | 74.6 |
| All other. | 258 | 271 | 312 | 58 | 59 | 54 | 18.4 | 17.9 | $14.7$ |
| 20 to 24 years. | 280 | 350 | 365 | 31 | 34 | 31 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 7.8 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 811 | 961 | 1,163 | 19 | 25 | 28 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| 55 years and over. | 260 | 298 | 334 | 36 | 49 | 52 | 12.2 | 14.1 | 13.5 |
| Female. | 1,162 | 1,268 | 1,313 | 314 | 337 | 316 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 19.4 |
| 14 to 19 years | 285 | 273 | 285 | 135 | 137 | 130 | 32.1 | 33.4 | 31.3 |
| Major activity: Going to school. | 51 | 41 | 42 | 96 | 91 | 86 | 65.3 | 68.9 | 67.2 |
| All other. | 234 | 231 | 243 | 39 | 45 | 45 | 14.3 | 16.3 | 15.6 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 211 | 241 | 228 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 13.0 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 570 | 636 | 683 | 113 | 129 | 121 | 16.5 | 16.9 | 15.0 |
| 55 years and over. | 97 | 118 | 117 | 31 | 35 | 31 | 24.2 | 22.9 | 20.9 |

## HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-10: Total labor force, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Labor force participarion rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total. | 78,357 | 76,971 | 75,712 | 57.5 | 57.4 | 57.3 |
| Male | 51,705 | 51,118 | 50,573 | 78.3 | 78.6 | 78.8 |
| 14 to 19 years | 4,591 | 4,307 | 4,142 | 44.5 | 43.6 | 43.5 |
| 14 and 15 years. . | 759 | 731 | 738 | 21.4 | 20.8 | 20.9 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 1,577 | 1,549 | 1,372 | 44.6 | 43.6 | 42.7 |
| 18 and 19 years. . | 2,254 | 2,026 | 2,034 | 70.0 | 72.0 | 73.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5,926 | 5,704 | 5,471 | 88.0 | 88.2 | 88.3 |
| 25 co 34 years. | 10,653 | 10,636 | 10,635 | 97.4 | 97.5 | 97.3 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,504 | 11,559 | 11,589 | 97.4 | 97.4 | 97.6 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,131 | 10,043 | 9,923 | 95.6 | 95.8 | 95.8 |
| 5s to 64 years.... | 6,768 | 6,745 | 6,679 | 84.7 | 85.6 | 86.2 |
| 55 to 59 years. | 3,929 | 3,914 | 3,865 | 90.2 | 91.1 | 91.3 |
| 60 to 64 years. | 2,839 | 2,831 | 2,814 | 78.0 | 79.1 | 80.1 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,131 | 2,123 | 2,135 | 27.9 | 28.0 | 28.4 |
| Female. | 26,653 | 25,854 | 25,141 | 38.0 | 37.4 | 37.0 |
| 14 to 19 years | 2,940 | 2,732 | 2,643 | 29.2 | 28.3 | 28.4 |
| 14 and 15 years. . | 421 | 411 | 405 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.8 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 954 | 950 | 850 | 27.7 | 27.4 | 27.1 |
| 18 and 19 years. . | 1,565 | 1,371 | 1,388 | 49.4 | 49.3 | 50.6 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,375 | 3,220 | 2,970 | 50.0 | 49.5 | 47.6 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,336 | 4,187 | 4,181 | 38.6 | 37.3 | 37.2 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,724 | 5,618 | 5,604 | 46.1 | 45.0 | 44.9 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 5,714 | 5,682 | 5,505 | 50.9 | 51.4 | 50.6 |
| 55 co 64 years. | 3,587 | 3,447 | 3,332 | 41.1 | 40.2 | 39.7 |
| 55 to 59 years. . | 2,209 | 2,132 | 2,054 | 47.1 | 46.4 | 45.6 |
| 60 to 64 years... | 1,378 | 1,315 | 1,278 | 34.0 | 33.1 | 32.9 |
| 65 years and over. . | 976 | 966 | 905 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.6 |

Table A-ll: Employed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| All indus | 47,034 | 46,139 | 45,330 | 25,145 | 24,218 | 23,479 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,612 | 3,253 | 3,079 | 2,515 | 2,316 | 2,223 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,583 | 4,370 | 4,118 | 3,119 | 2,934 | 2,697 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,611 | 9,531 | 9,431 | 4,093 | 3,918 | 3,888 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,837 | 10,832 | 10,801 | 5,457 | 5,335 | 5,313 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,792 | 9,637 | 9,479 | 5,528 | 5,457 | 5,272 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,542 | 6,477 | 6,385 | 3,486 | 3,326 | 3,211 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,057 | 2,039 | 2,039 | 948 | 934 | 877 |
| Nonagriculcural |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industries | 43,304 | 42,255 | 41,309 | 24,289 | 23,341 | 22,554 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,057 | 2,672 | 2,486 | 2,407 | 2,195 | 2,096 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,329 | 4,084 | 3,834 | 3,071 | 2,883 | 2,638 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,165 | 9,058 | 8,917 | 3,984 | 3,786 | 3,746 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,218 | 10,181 | 10,107 | 5,280 | 5,155 | 5,128 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,048 | 8,906 | 8,732 | 5,318 | 5,258 | 5,073 |
| 55 to 64 years.... | 5,869 | 5,788 | 5,666 | 3,339 | 3,195 | 3,055 |
| 65 years and over. . | 1,618 | 1,566 | 1,568 | 890 | 869 | 817 |
| Agriculture | 3,729 | 3,884 | 4,021 | 856 | 877 | 925 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 555 | 581 | 593 | 108 | 121 | 127 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 254 | 286 | 284 | 48 | 50 | 59 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 446 | 471 | 513 | 108 | 131 | 141 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 619 | 650 | 694 | 177 | 179 | 186 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 744 | 732 | 747 | 210 | 200 | 198 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 673 | 690 | 719 | 147 | 131 | 155 |
| 65 years and over. . | 438 | 474. | 470 | 58 | 66 | 59 |

Table A-12: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation


Table A-13: Employed persons, by hours worked

| Hours worked | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  | Agriculture |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 72,179 | 70,357 | 68,809 | 67,594 | 65,596 | 63,863 | 4,585 | 4,761 | 4,946 |
| With a job but not at work | 3,525 | 3,494 | 3,501 | 3,368 | 3,326 | 3,327 | 157 | 169 | 1744,772 |
| At work. | 68,654 | 66,863 | 65,308 | 64,227 | 62,270 | 60,536 | 4,427 | 4,592 |  |
| $1-34$ hours. | 14,019 | 15,360 | 13,412 | 12,617 | 13,850 | 11,856 | 1,402 | 1,511 | 1,556 |
| I-4 hours | 1,004 | 982 | 920 | 934 | 918 | 855 | 70 | 64 | 64 |
| 5-14 hours | 3,413 | 3,402 | 3,341 | 3,091 | 3,053 | 2,972 | 322 | 345 | 368 |
| 15-34 hours | 9,601 | 10,977 | 9,151 | 8,590 | 9,877 | 8,028 | 1,011 | 1,101 | 1,124 |
| 35 hours or more | 54,635 | 51,502 | 51,896 | 51,611 | 48,421 | 48,679 | 3,027 | 3,079 | 3,216 |
| 35-40 hours | 31,494 | 29,817 | 30,138 | 30,802 | 29,127 | 29,422 | 692 | 689 | 715 |
| 41 hours and over | 23,141 | 21,685 | 21,758 | 20,809 | 19,294 | 19,257 | 2,335 | 2,390 | 2,501 |
| Average hours, total at work | 40.5 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 45.7 | 45.1 | 45.0 |

Table A-14: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full- or part-time status | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 | 1965 | 1964 | 1963 |
| Total | 72,179 | 70,357 | 68,809 | 67,594 | 65,596 | 63,863 |
| With a job but not at work. | 3,525 | 3,494 | 3,501 | 3,368 | 3,326 | 3,327 |
| At work. . . . . . . . . . . | 68,654 | 66,863 | 63,308 | 64,227 | 62,270 | 60,536 |
| On full-time schedules | 57,979 | 56,252 | 54,941 | 54,692 | 52,871 | 51,439 |
| 35 hours or more. | 54,635 | 51,502 | 51,896 | 51,611 | 48,421 | 48,679 |
| 1-34 hours for nonecocomic reasons | 3,344 | 4,750 | 3,045 | 3,081 | 4,450 | 2,760 |
| Bad weather | 458 | 718 | 472 | 298 | 534 | 314 |
| Industrial dispute. | 30 | 22 | 21 | 30 | 22 | 21 |
| Vacation . . . . . | 325 | 333 | 290 | 316 | 320 | 279 |
| Hiness. | 865 | 757 | 765 | 828 | 727 | 722 |
| Holiday . | 980 | 2,225 | 808 | 977 | 2,216 | 806 |
| All other reasons. | 686 | 695 | 689 | 632 | 631 | 618 |
| On part time for economic reasons. | 2,209 | 2,455 | 2,620 | 1,928 | 2,137 | 2,288 |
| Usually work full time . . . . . . | 1,052 | 1,148 | 1,227 | 897 | 986 | 1,069 |
| Average hours. . . . | 23.0 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 23.3 | 23.4 | 23.6 |
| Usually work part time. | 1,157 | 1,307 | 1,393 | 1,031 | 1,151 | 1,219 |
| Average hours. . . . . . . . . | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.5 |
| On part time for noneconomic reasons, usually work part time. | 8,466 | 8,155 | 7,746 | 7,607 | 7,262 | 6,808 |

Table A-15: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status


[^26]1965
(In thousands)

| Age, sex, and color | Total labor force ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number | Percent of population | Total | Employed |  |  | Unemployed |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Keeping } \\ & \text { house } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { school }}{\text { In }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Unable } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { work } \end{aligned}$ | Other |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agri- } \\ & \text { cul- } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ | Nonagri cultural tries | Number | Percent of labor force |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male . | 51,705 | 78.3 | 49,014 | 47,034 | 3,729 | 43,304 | 1,980 | 4.0 | 14,322 | 143 | 5,517 | 1,090 | 7,572 |
| 14 and 15 years | 759 | 21.4 | 759 | 694 | 182 | 512 | 66 | 8.6 | 2,795 | 6 | 2,302 | 5 | 482 |
| 16 and 17 years | 1,577 | 44.6 | 1,531 | 1,284 | 224 | 1,061 | 247 | 16.1 | 1,956 | 7 | 1,634 | 11 | 304 |
| 18 and 19 years | 2,254 | 70.0 | 1,866 | 1,634 | 149 | 1,485 | 232 | 12.4 | 965 | 2 | 811 | 14 | 138 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5,926 | 88.0 | 4,894 | 4,583 | 254 | 4,329 | 311 | 6.3 | 807 | 3 | 640 | 29 | 136 |
| 25 to 29 years | 5,370 | 96.9 | 4,944 | 4,782 | 197 | 4,585 | 163 | 3.3 | 172 | 1 | 91 | 20 | 60 |
| 30 to 34 years | 5,283 | 98.0 | 4,958 | 4,829 | 249 | 4,580 | 130 | 2.6 | 108 | 3 | 21 | 28 | 57 |
| 35 to 39 years | 5,693 | 97.9 | 5,466 | 5,322 | 275 | 5,047 | 144 | 2.6 | 125 | 2 | 8 | 46 | 69 |
| 40 to 44 years | 5,811 | 97.0 | 5,655 | 5,515 | 344 | 5,171 | 140 | 2.5 | 181 | 6 | 6 | 59 | 110 |
| 45. to 49 years | 5,307 | 96.1 | 5,241 | 5,111 | 346 | 4,765 | 130 | 2.5 | 213 | 4 | 2 | 75 | 132 |
| 50 to 54 years | 4,825 | 95.0 | 4,804 | 4,681 | 398 | 4,283 | 123 | 2.6 | 254 | 7 | 2 | 76 | 170 |
| 55 to 59 years | 3,929 | 90.2 | 3,925 | 3,800 | 347 | 3,453 | 125 | 3.2 | 428 | 7 | - | 138 | 283 |
| 60 to 64 years | 2,839 | 78.0 | 2,838 | 2,742 | 326 | 2,416 | 96 | 3.4 | 799 | 9 | - | 164 | 627 |
| 65 to 69 years | 1,209 | 43.0 | 1,209 | 1,159 | 203 | 955 | 50 | 4.2 | 1,602 | 20 | - | 104 | 1,479 |
| 70 years and over | 922 | 19.1 | 922 | 898 | 235 | 663 | 25 | 2.7 | 3,916 | 66 | - | 322 | 3,528 |
| White | 46,531 | 78.6 | 44,069 | 42,466 | 3,236 | 39,230 | 1,603 | 3.6 | 12,692 | 120 | 4,837 | 920 | 6,815 |
| Nonwhite. | 5,174 | 76.0 | 4,945 | 4,568 | 493 | 4,075 | 377 | 7.6 | 1,631 | 23 | 680 | 170 | 757 |
| Female | 26,653 | 38.0 | 26,621 | 25,145 | 856 | 24,289 | 1,476 | 5.5 | 43,562 | 35,413 | 5,577 | 649 | 1,922 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 421 | 12.2 | 421 | 397 | 42 | 355 | 24 | 5.7 | 3,031 | 87 | 2,393 | 7 | 544 |
| 16 and 17 years | 954 | 27.7 | 954 | 790 | 40 | 750 | 164 | 17.2 | 2,494 | 280 | 1,853 | 8 | 353 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,565 | 49.4 | 1,559 | 1,328 | 26 | 1,302 | 231 | 14.8 | 1,605 | 649. | 814 | 6 | 136 |
| 20 to 24 years | 3,375 | 50.0 | 3,364 | 3,119 | 48 | 3,071 | 246 | 7.3 | 3,376 | 2,854 | 415 | 17 | 90 |
| 25 to 29 years | 2,212 | 38.9 | 2,208 | 2,083 | 43 | 2,039 | 125 | 5.7 | 3,471 | 3,389 | 32 | 14 | 36 |
| 30 to 34 years | 2,124 | 38.2 | 2,121 | 2,010 | 65 | 1,945 | 111 | 5.2 | 3,435 | 3,369 | 19 | 12 | 36 |
| 35 to 39 years | 2,648 | 43.6 | 2,646 | 2,518 | 85 | 2,433 | 128 | 4.8 | 3,423 | 3,340 | 18 | 16 | 50 |
| 40 to 44 years | 3,076 | 48.5 | 3,074 | 2,939 | 92 | 2,847 | 135 | 4.4 | 3,262 | 3,188 | 13 | 20 | 41 |
| 45 to 49 years | 3,019 | 51.7 | 3,018 | 2,910 | 118 | 2,792 | 107 | 3.6 | 2,820 | 2,736 | 10 | 29 | 45 |
| 50 to 54 years | 2,695 | 50.1 | 2,694 | 2,618 | 92 | 2,526 | 76 | 2.8 | 2,685 | 2,610 | 3 | 31 | 41 |
| 55 to 59 years | 2,209 | 47.1 | 2,209 | 2,145 | 83 | 2,062 | 64 | 2.9 | 2,481 | 2,400 | 2 | 34 | 46 |
| -60 to 64 years | 1,378 | 34.0 | 1,378 | 1,341 | 64 | 1,277 | 37 | 2.7 | 2,670 | 2,563 | 2 | 39 | 66 |
| 65 to 69 years | , 585 | 17.4 | 585 | 567 | 27 | 539 | 18 | 3.1 | 2,786 | 2,638 | 1 | 47 | 100 |
| 70 years and over | 391 | 6.1 | 391 | 381 | 31 | 351 | 9 | 2.4 | 6,022 | 5,312 | 1 | 371 | 339 |
| White | 23,147 | 37.0 | 23,118 | 21,966 | 675 | 21,291 | 1,152 | 5.0 | 39,456 | 32,396 | 4,812 | 558 | 1,690 |
| Nonwhite. | 3,506 | 46.1 | 3,503 | 3,179 | 181 | 2,998 | 324 | 9.3 | 4,106 | 3,017 | 765 | 91 | 233 |

Table A-17: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full-or part-time status, hours of work, and industry 1965

| Industry | Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full- or part-cime status |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total at work | On <br> full- <br> time <br> sche- <br> dules | On part time |  |  | Total at work | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { to } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \text { to } \\ 48 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | 49 hours and over |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons |  | Other reasons |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Usually work full time | Usually work part time | Usually work part time |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ${ }^{1}$. | 100.0 | 85.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 11.4 | 100.0 | 19.3 | 50.9 | 15.1 | 14.8 |
| Construction | 100.0 | 91.0 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 100.0 | 18.7 | 54.5 | 14.2 | 12.8 |
| Manufacturing. | 100,0 | 95.0 | 1.9 | . 5 | 2.8 | 100.0 | 10.5 | 58.9 | 17.5 | 13.3 |
| Durable goods | 100.0 | 97.1 | 1.2 | . 3 | 1.4 | 100.0 | 8.3 | 59.7 | 17.9 | 14.1 |
| Nondurable goods | 100.0 | 91.8 | 2.7 | . 8 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 13.2 | 57.7 | 16.9 | 12.2 |
| Transportation and public urilities | 100.0 | 93.9 | 1.3 | . 9 | 3.9 | 100.0 | 10.5 | 59.7 | 13.7 | 16.1 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. . . . . . | 100.0 | 77.6 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 19.1 | 100.0 | 25.9 | 38.3 | 18.0 | 18.8 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 100.0 | 90.2 | . 4 | .6 | 8.7 | 100.0 | 15.3 | 59.5 | 10.9 | 14.2 |
| Service industries . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 72.5 | . 9 | 3.3 | 23.2 | 100.0 | 31.6 | 42.1 | 12.3 | 13.9 |

[^27]Table A-18: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation 1965

| Occupation | (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full or part-ime status |  |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ |  | On time schedules | On part time |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \\ \text { to } 40 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { to } 48 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & \text { hours } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ | Average hours, total at work |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons | Otherreasons $\|$Usually <br> work <br> part time |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Usually } \\ & \text { work } \\ & \text { full time } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Usually } \\ & \text { work } \\ & \text { part time } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-collar workers | 30,440 | 100.0 |  | 86.9 | . 5 | . 7 | 11.9 | 100.0 | 17.6 | 48.3 | 13.3 | 20.8 | 41.3 |
| Professional and rechnical. | 8,283 | 100.0 | 89.1 | . 4 | . 4 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 16.2 | 48.6 | 13.7 | 21.4 | 41.4 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors. | 7,003 | 100.0 | 95.7 | . 5 | . 2 | 3.6 | 100.0 | 7.6 | 32.8 | 16.8 | 42.8 | 49.4 |
| Clerical workers | 10,661 | 100.0 | 85.2 | . 5 | . 8 | 13.5 | 100.0 | 20.2 | 63.9 | 10.1 | 5.8 | 37.4 |
| Sales workers. | 4,493 | 100.0 | 73.5 | . 7 | 1.6 | 24.2 | 100.0 | 29.2 | 35.2 | 14.5 | 21.1 | 37.8 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 25,165 | 100.0 | 90.2 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 5.7 | 100.0 | 15.5 | . 51.7 | 17.4 | 15.4 | 40.7 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 8,777 | 100.0 | 94.8 | 1.7 | . 9 | 2.6 | 100.0 | 10.9 | 52.3 | 19.1 | 17.7 | 42.3 |
| Operatives | 12,701 | 100.0 | 91.0 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 14.4 | 52.7 | 17.5 | 15.3 | 41.2 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,687 | 100.0 | 75.9 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 16.3 | 100.0 | 30.6 | 46.3 | 13.2 | 10.0 | 35.5 |
| Service workers . . | 8,933 | 100.0 | 64.8 | 1.4 | 4.7 | 29.2 | 100.0 | 38.4 | 35.6 | 12.9 | 13.2 | 34.4 |
| Private household workers. | 2,189 | 100.0 | 36.3 | 1.2 | 10.5 | 52.0 | 100.0 | 65.9 | 19.1 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 24.1 |
| Other service workers. | 6,744 | 100.0 | 73.9 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 21.8 | 100.0 | 29.4 | 40.9 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 37.8 |

Table A-19: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color
1965

|  |  | Thousands |  |  |  |  | Percen | $\mathfrak{d i s u r i b u t ~}$ | ation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Occupation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | White |  |  | onwhite |  |
|  |  | Male | Female | Toral | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total | 72,179 | 47,034 | 25,145 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.01 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 32,104 | 17,964 | 14,137 | 44.5 | 38.2 | 56.2 | 47.5 | 40.5 | 60.9 | 19.5 | 16.5 | 23.7 |
| Professional and technical | 8,883 | 5,602 | 3,280 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 13.7 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 8.4 |
| Medical and other healch | 1,486 | 593 | 893 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 1.2 | . 7 | 1.9 |
| Teachers, except college | 1,881 | 554 | 1,327 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 5.3 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 4.6 |
| Other professional and technical | 5,516 | 4,455 | 1,060 | 7.6 | 9.5 | 4.2 | 8.2 | 10.1 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 7,340 | 6,229 | 1,110 | 10.2 | 13.2 | 4.4 | 11.1 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| Salaried workers. . . . . | 4,427 | 3,773 | 654 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 2.6 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 2.9 | 1.1 | 1.5 | . 6 |
| Self-employed workers in retail trade | 1,389 | 1,082 | 306 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 1.3 | . 8 | . 9 | .7 |
| Self-employed workers, except retail trade | 1,524 | 1,374 | 150 | 2.1 | 2.9 | . 6 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 6 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 3 |
| Clerical workers . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 11,166 | 3,293 | 7,873 | 15.5 | 7.0 | 31.3 | 16.3 | 7.1 | 34.1 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 11.8 |
| Stenographers, typists, and secretaries | 2,880 | 52 | 2,828 | 4.0 | .1 | 11.2 | 4.3 | . 1 | 12.4 | 1.4 | . 1 | 3.4 |
| Other clerical workers. | 8,286 | 3,241 | 5,045 | 11.5 | 6.9 | 20.1 | 12.1 | 7.0 | 21.8 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 8.4 |
| Sales workers | 4,715 | 2,840 | 1,874 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Retail trade. | 2,877 | 1,202 | 1,674 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 2.7 | 7.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| Other sales workers | 1,838 | 1,638 | 200 | 2.5 | 3.5 | . 8 | 2.8 | 3.8 | . 9 | . 5 | . 7 | . 2 |
| Blue-collat workers. | 26,466 | 22,314 | 4,153 | 36.7 | 47.4 | 16.5 | 36.2 | 46.3 | 16.6 | 40.7 | 58.0 | 15.9 |
| Crattsmen, toremen | 9,221 | 8,951 | 270 | 12.8 | 19.0 | 1.1 | 13.5 | 19.9 | 1.1 | 6.7 | 10.9 | . 7 |
| Carpenters. . | 850 | 849 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.8 | (1) | 1.3 | 1.9 | (1) | . 5 | . 9 | (1) |
| Construction craftsmen, except carpenters | 1,839 | 1,826 | 13 | 2.5 | 3.9 | .1 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 1 | 1.8 | 3.1 | (1) |
| Mechanics and repairmen. | 2,337 | 2,322 | 15 | 3.2 | 4.9 | ${ }^{1}$ | 3.4 | 5.1 | $1{ }^{1}$ | 1.9 | 3.2 | (1) |
| Metal craftsmen, except mechanics | 1,112 | 1,100 | 12 | 1.5 | 2.3 | (1) | 1.6 | 2.5 | (1) | . 7 | 1.1 | $\cdot 1$ |
| Other craftsmen and kindred workers | 1,818 | 1,679 | 139 90 | 2.5 1.8 | 3.6 2.5 | . 6 | 2.7 1.9 | 3.7 2.7 |  | 1.3 .5 | 1.9 | . 4 |
| Foremen, not elsewhere classified Operatives . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,265 13,390 | 1,175 | 3,772 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 15.0 | 18.2 | 19.8 | 15.1 | 21.3 | 26.1 | 14.4 |
| Drivers and deliverymen. | 2,505 | 2,462 | 44 | 3.5 | 5.2 | . 2 | 3.4 | 5.0 | . 2 | 4.3 | 7.3 | . 1 |
| Other operatives.... . | 10,885 | 7,158 | 3,728 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 17.0 | 18.8 | 14.4 |
| Durable goods manufacturing | 4,298 | 3,288 | 1,011 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 8.0 | 2.6 |
| Nondurable goods manufacturing | 3,700 | 1,740 | 1,960 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 7.8 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 8.1 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 5.8 |
| Other industries. | 2,887 | 2,130 | 757 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.0 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,855 | 3,743 | 111 | 5.3 | 8.0 | . 4 | 4.5 | 6.5 | (1) | 12.7 | 21.1 | . 7 |
| Construction | 805 | 801 |  | 1.1 | 1.7 | (1) | . 9 | 1.4 | (1) | 2.9 | 4.9 | - |
| Manufacturing | 1,091 | 1,038 | 53 | 1.5 | 2.2 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | .2 | 3.5 | 5.8 | . 3 |
| Other industries | 1,959 | 1,904 | 54 | 2.7 | 4.0 | .2 | 2.3 | 3.4 | . 2 | 6.3 | 10.4 | . 5 |
| Service workers | 9,342 | 3,287 | 6,057 | 12.9 | 7.0 | 24.1 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 19.6 | 31.7 | 15.5 | 54.9 |
| Privare household workers | 2,251 | 57 | 2,195 | 3.1 | . 1 | 8.7 | 2.0 | . 1. | 5.6 | 12.7 | . 4 | 30.3 |
| Service workers, excepr private household | 7,091 | 3,230 | 3,862 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 15.4 | 8.7 | 6.0 | 14.0 | 19.0 | 15.1 | 24.5 |
| Protective service workers | 874 | 833 | 41 | 1.2 | 1.8 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 5 | . 7 | . 1 |
| Waiters, cooks, and bartenders | 1,958 | 558 | 1,401 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 5.8 |
| Other service workers | 4,259 | 1,839 | 2,420 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 9.6 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 8.3 | 14.7 | 11.9 | 18.7 |
| Farm workers | 4,265 | 3,466 | 799 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 8.1 | 9.9 | 5.5 |
| Farmers and farm managers | 2,244 | 2,112 | 132 | 3.1 | 4.5 | . 5 | 3.3 | 4.7 | . 5 | 1.8 | 2.7 | . 5 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 2,021 | 1,354 | 667 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 5.1 |
| Paid workers | 1,249 | 1,041 | 208 | 1.7 | 2.2 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.8 |  | 5.3 | 6.5 | 3.6 |
| Unpaid family workers | 772 | 313 | 459 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1.8 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1.9 | 1.0 | . 7 | 1.4 |

1/ Less than 0.05

## HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-20: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics

1965

| Characteristics | (Percent distribution)Full or part-ime status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { at } \\ & \text { work } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { on } \\ \text { full- } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { sched- } \\ \text { ules } \end{gathered}$ | On part time |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Towal } \\ \text { ar } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. to } \\ & 34 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { ro } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 41 } \\ \text { hours } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ | Average hours, total work |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons | Ocherreasons $\|$Usually <br> work <br> part time |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent |  |  | Usually work full time | $\begin{gathered} \text { Usually } \\ \text { work } \\ \text { parr time } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 64,227 | 100.0 |  | 85.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 11.8 | 100.0 | 19.6 | 47.9 | 32.5 | 40.2 |
| Male | 41,366 | 100.0 | 91.1 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 6.4 | 100.0 | 13.4 | 46.0 | 40.5 | 42.9 |
| 14 to 17 years | 1,533 | 100.0 | 21.0 | . 9 | 6.1 | 72.0 | 100.0 | 80.5 | 12.0 | 7.5 | 18.8 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,452 | 100.0 | 69.0 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 24.9 | 100.0 | 34.6 | 39.7 | 25.7 | 35.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,206 | 100.0 | 89.6 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 100.0 | 14.6 | 46.6 | 38.7 | 42.0 |
| 25 to 34 y ears. | 8,836 | 100.0 | 96.8 | 1.3 | . 6 | 1.4 | 100.0 | 7.9 | 47.5 | 44.7 | 45.0 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 9,773 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 1.0 | . 6 | . 7 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 46.7 | 46.4 | 45.6 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 14,082 | 100.0 | 96.0 | 1.3 | . 9 | 1.9 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 49.9 | 41.0 | 44.2 |
| 65 years and over | 1,483 | 100.0 | 67.8 | . 7 | 1.9 | 29.5 | 100.0 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 27.5 | 35.6 |
| Female . . . . . | 22,861 | 100.0 | 74.3 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 21.6 | 100.0 | 30.9 | 51.5 | 17.6 | 35.2 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 1,090 | 100.0 | 15.8 | . 8 | 4.3 | 79.1 | 100.0 | 84.8 | 10.7 | 4.5 | 15.4 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 1,273 | 100.0 | 70.5 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 22.4 | 100.0 | 33.6 | 54.0 | 12.4 | 33.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 2,934 | 100.0 | 84.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 11.9 | 100.0 | 21.5 | 62.4 | 16.1 | 36.9 |
| 25 to 34 y ears. | 3,744 | 100.0 | 78.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 18.4 | 100.0 | 27.5 | 55.8 | 16.8 | 35.8 |
| 35 to 44 y years. | 4,940 | 100.0 | 76.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 20.1 | 100.0 | 29.3 | 52.7 | 18.0 20.8 | 36.0 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 8,061 | 100.0 | 78.5 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 17.6 | 100.0 | 27.2 50.2 | 52.1 29.8 | 20.8 20.0 | 37.1 31.2 |
| 65 years and over | 818 | 100.0 | 53.5 | . 7 | 2.9 | 42.9 | 100.0 | 50.2 | 29.8 | 20.0 | 31.2 |
| MARITAL STATUS AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male: Single . . . . . . . . | 6,854 | 100.0 | 68.9 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 26.0 | 100.0 | 35.0 | 41.1 | 24.0 | 34.5 |
| Married, wife present | 32,424 | 100.0 | 95.9 | 1.1 | . 6 | 2.4 | 100.0 | 8.8 | 46.8 | 44.4 | 44.7 |
| Other . . . . . | 2,087 | 100.0 | 90.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 5.2 | 100.0 | 14.7 | 49.6 | 35.7 | 42.1 |
| Female: Single ... | 5,497 | 100.0 | 70.9 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 25.0 | 100.0 | 33.6 | 51.1 | 15.2 | 32.8 |
| Married, husband present | 12,675 | 100.0 |  | 1.7 | 1.9 | 22.8 | 100.0 | 31.8 | 51.3 | 16.9 | 35.3 |
| Other. . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,689 | 100.0 | 80.2 | 1.8 | 3.5 | 14.5 | 100.0 | 25.2 | 52.2 | 22.6 | 37.5 |
| COLOR AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 57,492 | 100.0 | 85.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 11.9 | 100.0 | 19.1 | 47.5 | 33.4 | 40.4 |
| Male | 37,460 | 100.0 | 91.4 | 1.2 | . 9 | 6.5 | 100.0 | 13.1 | 45.2 | 41.7 | 43.2 |
| Female | 20,031 | 100.0 | 74.9 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 22.0 | 100.0 | 30.4 | 51.9 | 17.8 | 35.3 |
| Nonwhite | 6,735 | 100.0 | 80.9 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 11.4 | 100.0 | 24.4 | 51.6 | 24.0 | 37.8 |
| Male . . . . . | 3,905 | 100.0 | 88.3 | 2.6 | 3.4 | $\begin{array}{r}5.6 \\ \hline 19.4\end{array}$ | 100.0 | 17.1 34.5 | 53.7 48.6 | 29.1 | 40.2 34.5 |
| Female | 2,830 | 100.0 | 70.5 | 2.2 | 7.9 | 19.4 | 100.0 | 34.5 | 48.6 | 16.9 | 34.5 |

Table A-21: Persons at work, by hours of work, and closs of worker 1965

| Hours of work | Total |  |  | cent | ibution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Agriculture |  |  |  | Nonagriculural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Wage and salary workers | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid family workers | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid family workers |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tocal | Private households | Govenment | Orher |  |  |
| Total at work . . .thousands Percent. . . . . . . | 68,654 100.0 | 4.427 180.0 | 1.457 100.0 | 2,185 100.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 786 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ | 64,227 100.0 | 57,749 100.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,484 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | 8,932 100.0 | 46,333 100,0 | 5,864 100.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 614 \\ 100.0 \end{array}$ |
| 1 to 34 hours | 20.5 | 31.6 | 34.6 | 23.2 | 49.6 | 19.6 | 19.3 | 66.8 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 20.7 | 42.7 |
| 1 to 14 hours. | 6.4 | 8.8 | 12.6 | 9.5 | - | 6.3 | 6.1 | 41.7 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 9.0 | - |
| 15 to 21 hours | 5.1 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 5.3 | 25.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 12.2 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 23.5 |
| 22 to 29 hours | 4.0 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 16.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 7.9 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 10.8 |
| 30 to 34 hours | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 7.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 8.4 |
| 35 to 40 bours. | 45.8 | 15.6 | 19.3 | 12.4 | 17.8 | 47.9 | 50.9 | 18.5 | 57.1 | 51.5 | 21.4 | 22.4 |
| 35 to 39 hours | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 11.1 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 8.2 |
| 40 hours. . . | 39.5 | 9.0 | 13.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 41.6 | 44.4 | 13.6 | 51.2 | 44.8 | 17.2 | 14.2 |
| 41 hours and over | 33.8 | 52.7 | 46.0 | 64.4 | 32.6 | 32.5 | 29.9 | 14.7 | 25.6 | 31.3 | 58.1 | 34.8 |
| 41 to 47 hours. | 8.0 | 5.6 | 7.3 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 3.8 | 7.6 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 5.8 |
| 48 hours. . . | 6.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 2.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 4.1 |
| 49 hours and over. | 19.3 | 42.9 | 34.4 | 55.5 | 23.6 | 17.6 | 14.8 | 7.9 | 13.7 | 15.3 | 44.7 | 24.9 |
| 49 to 54 hours | 6.7 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 11.2 | 6.8 |
| 55 to 59 hours | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 2.6 |
| 60 to 69 hours | 5.2 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 15.0 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 14.2 | 6.2 |
| 70 hours and over. | 4.5 | 19.3 | 10.5 | 28.7 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 14.7 | 9.3 |
| Average hours, total at mork | 40.5 | 45.7 | 40.8 | 51.8 | 37.6 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 23.5 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 46.8 | 39.1 |

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table B-I: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table B-2: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $1965{ }^{1}$ | 1964 | 1963 | 1962 | Change to 1965 from |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1964 | 1963 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 13,376 | 12,769 | 12,555 | 12,488 | 607 | 821 |
| DURABLE GOODS | 7,692 | 7,209 | 7,027 | 6,935 | 483 | 665 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 102.3 | 106.1 | 115.2 | 119.3 | -3.8 | -12.9 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 531.9 | 530.2 | 526.6 | 526.7 | 1.7 | 5.3 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 356.4 | 337.1 | 324.1 | 319.6 | 19.3 | 32.3 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 498.7 | 492.2 | 483.9 | 477.7 | 6.5 | 14.8 |
| Primary metal industries. | 1,055.7 | 1,001.9 | 947.4 | 937.3 | 53.8 | 108.3 |
| Fabricated metal products | 976.3 | 912.5 | 881.6 | 863.7 | 63.8 | 94.7 |
| Machinery | 1,199.2 | 1,117.8 | 1,059.2 | 1,037.8 | 81.4 | 140.0 |
| Electrical equipment | 1,145.0 | 1,038.5 | 1,034.3 | 1,050.7 | 106.5 | 110.7 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,240.3 | 1,120.3 | 1,112.3 | 1,059.9 | 120.0 | 128.0 |
| Inscruments and related products. | 246.3 | 233.8 | 232.3 | 229.1 | 12.5 | 14.0 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing . | 339.8 | 318.7 | 310.4 | 313.2 | 21.1 | 29.4 |
| nondurable goods | 5,684 | 5,560 | 5,527 | 5,553 | 124 | $157$ |
| Food and kindred products | 1,146.9 | 1,154.3 | 1,167.1 | 1,178.4 | -7.4 | -20.2 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 72.0 | 77.4 | 76.6 | 78.7 | -5.4 | -4.6 |
| Texcile mill products. | 821.2 | 797.5 | 793.4 | 812.1 | 23.7 | 27.8 |
| Apparel and relared producrs | 1,202.6 | 1,157.8 | 1,138.0 | 1,122.9 | 44.8 | 64.6 |
| Paper and allied products | 497.1 | 488.7 | 486.4 | 486.0 | 8.4 | 10.7 |
| Princing and publishing | 619.6 | 601.4 | 590.3 | 594.5 | 18.2 | 29.3 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 542.9 | 528.6 | 525.3 | 519.3 | 14.3 | 17.6 |
| Perroleum and relared products. | 110.1 | 113.6 | 119.9 | 125.5 | -3.5 | -9.8 |
| Rubber and plastic products, | 361.0 | 334.7 | 322.7 | 316.5 | 26.3 | 38.3 |
| Leather and leather products | 310.8 | 306.3 | 307.8 | 378.9 | 4.5 | 3.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary.

Table B-3: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

| Induscry | Average weekly bours |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1965{ }^{1}$ | 1964 | 1963 | 1962 | $1965{ }^{1}$ | 1964 | 1963 | 1962 | $1965{ }^{1}$ | 1964 | 1963 | 1962 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.4 | \$2.61 | \$2.53 | \$2.46 | \$2.39 | \$07.27 | \$102.97 | \$99.63 | \$96.56 |
| Overtime hours | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 |  | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| DURABLE GOODS | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 2.79 | 2.71 | 2.63 | 2.56 | 117.18 | 112.19 | 108.09 | 104.70 |
| Overtime hours. | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 2.36 | 2.29 | 2.22 | 2.17 | 94.64 | 90.91 | 87.91 | 85.93 |
| Overtime bours | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 41.9 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 3.12 | 3.02 | 2.93 | 2.83 | 130.73 | 122.37 | 120.42 | 116.60 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 2.16 | 2.11 | 2.04 | 1.99 | 88.13 | 85.24 | 81.80 | 79.20 |
| Furniture and fistures. . . . | 41.5 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 2.11 | 2.05 | 2.00 | 1.95 | 87.57 | 84.46 | 81.80 | 79.37 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 2.62 | 2.53 | 2.47 | 2.41 | 109.78 | 105.50 | 102.26 | 98.57 |
| Primary metal industries..... | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 3.18 | 3.11 | 3.04 | 2.98 | 133.88 | 130.00 | 124.64 | 119.80 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 2.76 | 2.67 | 2.61 | 2.55 | 116.20 | 171.34 | 108.05 | 104.81 |
| Machinery | 43.1 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 2.95 | 2.87 | 2.78 | 2.71 | 127.15 | 121.69 | 116.20 | 113.01 |
| Electrical equipment | 41.0 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 2.58 | 2.51 | 2.46 | 2.40 | 105.78 | 101.66 | 99.14 | 97.44 |
| Transportation equipment | 42.9 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 3.21 | 3.09 | 3.01 | 2.91 | 137.7 | 130.09 | 126.72 | 122.22 |
| Instruments and related products | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 2.61 | 2.54 | 2.49 | 2.44 | 108.05 | 103.63 | 101.59 | 99.80 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing . | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 2.13 | 2.08 | 2.03 | 1.98 | 84.99 | 82.37 | 80.39 | 78.61 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.43 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.24 | 99.87 | 97.17 | 94.30 | 91.84 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 37.8 | 38.8 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 2.11 | 1.96 | 1.91 | 1.85 | 79.76 | 76.05 | 73.92 | 71.41 |
| Textile mill products. | 41.8 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 1.87 | 1.79 | 1.71 | 1.68 | 78.17 | 73.39 | 69.43 | 68.21 |
| Apparel and related products | 36.4 | 35.9 | 36.1 | 36.2 | 1.83 | 1.79 | 1.73 | 1.69 | 66.61 | 64.26 | 62.45 | 61.18 |
| Paper and a illied producrs | 43.1 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 2.65 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 2.40 | 114.22 | 109.57 | 105.90 | 102.00 |
| Printing and publishing | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 3.06 | 2.97 | 2.89 | 2.82 | 118.12 | 114.35 | 110.69 | 108.01 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 2.89 | 2.80 | 2.72 | 2.65 | 121.09 | 116.48 | 112.88 | 110.24 |
| Petroleum and related products. | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 3.28 | 3.19 | 3.16 | 3.05 | 138.42 | 133.66 | 131.77 | 126.88 |
| Rubber and plastic products. . . | 42.0 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 2.61 | 2.54 | 2.47 | 2.44 | 109.62 | 104.90 | 100.78 | 100.04 |
| Leather and leather products | 38.2 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 1.72 | 71.82 | 68.98 | 66.00 | 64.67 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary unweighted averages.


#### Abstract

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series-concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations--is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Use order blank on page 13-E.


## INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews and (2) payroll reports from employers.

Data based on bousebold interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides a comprehensive measure of the labor force, i.e., the total number. of persons 14 years of age and over who are employed or unemployed. It also provides data on their personal and economic characteristics such as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households throughout the country and is based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas.

The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12 th of the month.

## Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are described as follows:

## Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), selfemployed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobbolding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week-that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on paid sick leave, paid vacation, or paid holiday are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire paytoll period.

## Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did
not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agrict ltural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Statistical Research Service (SRS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reasons for some noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes contract construction, professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Not all nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 32 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

# Labor Force Data 

## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Sur vey (CPS). (A detailed description of this survey appears in "Concepts and Methods Used in Housebold Statistics on Employment and Unemployment from the Current Pop. ulation Survey", Bureau of Labor Statistics Report No. 279. This report is available from BLS on request.)

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumera-
tions and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Until August 1962 , the sample for CPS was spread over 333 areas. Between August 1962 and March 1963, the number of sample areas was increased to 357 , comprising 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. This revision takes account of the changes in population distribution and characteristics shown by the 1960 Census. The number of households remains unchanged at 35,000 .

Each month, 35,000 occupied units are designated for interview. About 1,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent. In addition to the 35,000 occupied units there are 5,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for approximately three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year ago.

## CONCEPTS

Employed Persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all either as paid employees, or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed cirizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy (e.g., Mexican migratory farm workers).

Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed Persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) werk waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community. Persons in this latter category will usually be residents of a community in which there are only a few dominant industries which were shut down during the survey week. Not included in this category are persons who say they were not looking for work because they were too old, too young, or handicapped in any way.

The Unemployment Rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force, i.e., the sum of the employed and unemployed. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc. When applied to industry and occupation groups, the labor force base for the unemployment rate also represents the sum of the employed and the unemployed, the latter classified according to industry and occupation of the ir latest full-time civilian job.

Duration of Unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their line of work $o$ in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of anemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of
their most recent employment. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The Civilian Labor Force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also inc ludes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

Not in Labor Force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work", because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. 户ersons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, Industry, and Class of Worker apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1960 Census of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The induscrial classification system used in the Census of Population and the current Population Survey differs some what from that used by the BLS in its reports on employment, by industry. Employment levels by industry from the household survey, although useful for many analytical purposes, are not published in order to avoid public misunderstanding since they differ from the payroll series because of differences in classification, sampling variability, and other reasons. The industry figures from the household survey are used as a base for published distributions on hours of work, unemployment rates, and other characteristics of industry groups such as age, sex, and occupation.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are relared by blood or marriage.

Hours of Work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working "full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time." Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find fulltime work. "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and fulltime worker only during peak season.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The estimating procedure is essentially one of using sample results to obtain percentages of the population in a given category. The published estimates are then obtained by multiplying these percentage distributions by independent estimates of the population. The principal steps involved are shown below. Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

1. Nominterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for six groups-color (white and nonwhite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 3 to 5 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
a. First-stage ratio estimate. 'This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1960 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1960 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Nation and for the sample areas.
b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent
current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1960) to take account of subsequent aging of the population, mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.
3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample ( 75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the levels for most items.

## Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table A shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for past months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table A. The standard errors of level shown in table A are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year to year change.

Table A. Average standard error of major employment status categories

| Employment status and sex | Average standard error of-- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly level | Month-to-month change (consecutive months only) |
| BOTH SEXES |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment | 250 | 180 |
| Agriculture . . | 200 | 120 |
| Nonagricultural employment. | 300 | 180 |
| Unemployment .. . | 100 | 100 |
| MALE |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment | 120 | 90 |
| Agriculture . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 180 | 90 |
| Nonagricultural employment. $\therefore$. | 200 | 120 |
| Unemployment . . | 75 | 90 |
| FEMALE |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment | 180 | 150 |
| Agriculture . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 55 |
| Nonagricultural employment. . . . | 180 | 120 |
| Unemployment . . . . . . . . . . . | 65 | 65 |

The figures presented in table $B$ are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table $C$, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table $B$, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table $C$ corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table $C$ applies to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table $B$ are acceptable approximations.

Table B. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size of estimate | Both sexes |  | Male |  | Female |  |
|  | Totol or white | Nonwhite | Total or white | Nonwhite | Total or white | Nonwhite |
|  | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 50. | 11 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 100 | 15 | 14 | 20 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 250 | 24 | 21 | 31 | 21 | 22 | 21 |
| 500 | 34 | 30 | 43 | 30 | 31 | 30 |
| 1,000. | 48 | 40 | 60 | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| 2,500 | 75 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 70 | 50 |
| 5,000 | 100 | 50 | 110 | -•• | 100 | - |
| 10,000. | 140 | $\cdots$ | 140 | -•• | 130 | -•• |
| 20,000. | 180 | -•• | 150 | -•• | 170 | -•• |
| 30,000 | 210 | - | -•• | $\cdots$ | - | -• |
| 40,000 . . . | 220 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• |

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the rotal number of persons working a specific number of hours as $15,000,000$, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table B shows that the standard error of $15,000,000$ is about 160,000 . Consequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the sample estimate differs by less than 160,000 from the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number' of persons working the given number of hours. Using the 160,000 as the
standard error of the monthly level in table $C$, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

## Table C. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change

| (In thousands) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard error of month-to-month change |  |
| Standard error of monthly level | Estimates relating to agricultural employment | All estimates except those relating to agricultural employment |
| 10.................. | 14 | 12 |
| 25. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 35 | 26 |
| 50.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | 70 | 48 |
| 100 . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 90 |
| 150 . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 130 |
| 200 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 250 | 160 |
| 250 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -•• | 190 |
| 300 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -•• | 220 |

The reliability of an estimated percentage, come puted by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large ( 50 percent or greater). Table $D$ shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table $D$.

Table D. Standard error of percentages

| Base of percentages (thousands) | Estimated percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | 50 |
| 150 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.9 |
| 250 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 500 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| 1,000 | . 4 | .5 | .9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 2,000 | . 3 | . 4 | .6 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 3,000 | . 2 | . 3 | . 5 | . 7 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 5,000 . . | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 8 | .8 | . 9 |
| 10,000 | .1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | .5 | . 6 | .6 |
| 25,000 | .1 | .1 | . 2 | . 2 | .3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 4 |
| 50,000 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | .2 | .3 | . 3 |
| 75,000 | .1 | .1 | .1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |

## COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location.

## Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only one employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, insures maximum comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series.

## Shuttle Schedules

Two types of data collection schedules are used: Form BLS 790--Monthly Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours; and Form DL 1219--Monthly Report on Labor Turnover. These schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year. The schedule is returned to the respondent each month by the collecting agency so that the next month's data can be entered. This procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures he has reported for previous months.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which most nearly coincides with the standard survey reference week (the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12 th of the month). The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

## CONCEPTS

## Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a supplement to the monthly 790 or 1219 report. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

All national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification Manual Bureau of the Budget, 1957, as amended by the 1963 Supplement.

## Industry Employment

Employment data for all except the Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civiilian employees; Federal military personnel are excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

## Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in contract construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining nonfarm components. For Federal Government, hours and earnings relate to all employees who worked or received pay during the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. Terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 week, figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and related workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plent), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc.,
whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included. only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

## Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly' earnings are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Shifts in the volume of employment between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on
the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the pro-duction-worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisoryemployee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multtplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

## Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

## Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee worked on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction, from month-tomonth; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industrygroup level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

## Railroad Hours and Eamings

The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

## Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for a worker with no dependents, and a worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production or nonsupervisory workers in the industry division without regard to marital status, family composition, or total family income.
"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings averages for the current month. The resulting level of earnings expressed in 1957-59 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period.

## Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total productionworker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

## Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and manhours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1957-59 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employement.

## Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included, beginning with January 1959.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll, including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed in the establishment (except employees transferring from another establishment of the same company) or of former employees not recalled by the employer.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires, including transfers from another establishment of the company.

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: Quits, layoffs, and other separations, are defined as follows:

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces for a period expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

## Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entirecalendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period which includes the 12th of the month; and (2) employees on strike are not counted as turnover actions although such employees are excluded from the employment estimates if the work stoppage extends through the report period.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the industry statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of
ratio estimation, and (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks, and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

## The "Link Relative" Technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a link relative. The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." Other features of the general procedures are described later in the table, Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover. Further details are given in the technical notes on Measurement of Employment, Hours, and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries and on Measuremnt of Labor Tumover, which are available upon request.

## Size and Regional Stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of es~ tablishment and/or by region, and the stratified produc-tion- or nonsupervisory-worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

## Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with comprehensive counts of employment which provide "benchmarks" for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1964 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary source of benchmark information is the employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations, covering three-fourths of the total nonfarm employment in the United States, are prepared under the direction of the Bureau of Employment Security. Bench. mark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates relating to the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under
this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment, while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are therefore subject to revision. To provide users of the data with a convenient reference source for the revised data, the BLS publishes as soon as possible after each benchmark revision a summary volume of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics. The current volume in this series is Employment and Eamings Statistics for the United States, 1909-65, Bulletin 1312-3 (Dec. 1965), and contains monthly statistics from the earliest date of availability through August 1965.

## the sample

## Design

The sampling plan used in the current employment statistics program is an optimum allocation design known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." The universe of establishments is stratified first by industry and then within each industry by size of establishment in terms of employment. For each industry the total size of sample is distributed among the size class cells on the basis of average employment per establishment in each cell. In practice, this is equivalent to distributing the predetermined total number of establishments required in the sample among the cells on the basis of the ratio of employment in each cell to total employment in the industry. Within each stratum the sample members are selected at random.

Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the samples for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in a relatively few establishments, a large percentage of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the larger establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments, and also for a substantial number of the smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and service divisions fall into this category. In order to keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to accept samples in these divisions with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS employment and labor turnover statistics program, with their emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries: With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after reports are mailed by respondents, and at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail. The tendency of such a sample to produce biased estimates of the level of earnings for certain industries is counteracted by the stratified estimating procedure described under "Estimating Methods."

## Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. The table that follows shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March $1964^{1}$

| Industry division | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number reported | Percent of total |
| Mining | 287,000 | 47 |
| Contract construction | 596,000 | 22 |
| Manufacturing . | 10,975,000 | 65 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |
| Railroad transportation (ICC) | 729,000 | 97 |
| Other transportation and public utilities. . . . . . . . . . | 1,738,000 | 55 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. ... . | 2,293,000 | 19 |
| Finance, insurance and real estate. $\qquad$ | 922,000 | 32 |
| Service and miscellaneous. | 1,522,000 | 18 |
| Government: |  |  |
| $\text { Commission) }{ }^{2} \text {. . . . }$ | 2,323,000 | 100 |
| State and local | 3,367,000 | 46 |

${ }^{1}$ Since a few establishments do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.
${ }^{2}$ State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on reports from a sample of Federal establishments, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

The table below shows the approximate coverage, in terms of employment, of the labor turnover sample.

| Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover <br> sample, March $\mathbf{1 9 6 4}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Industry | Employees |  |
|  | Number <br> reported | Percent <br> of total |
|  |  |  |
| Manufacturing . . . . . . . | $10,029,700$ | 59 |
| Metal mining. . . . . . | 63,200 | 80 |
| Coal mining. . . . . . | 59,100 | 40 |
| Communication: |  |  |
| Telephone . . . . . . | 587,800 | 85 |
| Telegraph . . . . . . | 22,600 | 69 |

## Reliability of the Employment Estimate

One measure of the reliability of an employment estimate projected from a benchmark is the amount by which it differs from the new benchmark at the next adjustment period. The BLS uses this criterion rather than the standard error of the estimates. An approximation of the accuracy of the BLS employment estimates is shown by the following table:

Nonagricultural payroll employment estimates, by industry division, as a percentage of the benchmark for recent years

| Industry division | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.3 | 101.0 | 100.0 |
| Mining . . . . . . . . . | 99.2 | 100.3 | 100.0 |
| Contract construction . . . . . . | 93.9 | 101.5 | 101.5 |
| Manufacturing . . . . . . . . . | 99.4 | 100.1 | 100.2 |
| Transportation and public |  |  |  |
| utilities. . . . . . . . . . . | 100.4 | 100.0 | 100.4 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. . . | 100.1 | 100.6 | 100.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and |  |  |  |
| real estate. . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.4 |
| Service and miscellaneous . . . | 98.0 | 100.8 | 99.7 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 103.8 | 99.0 |

For some detailed industries, the relative size of the correction to benchmarks is somewhat greater than is indicated for the major industry divisions in the preceding table.

Differences between the benchmarks and the estimates, as well as the sampling and response errors, result from changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product), which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks. At more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major
cause of benchmark adjustments; however, they become less important at broader aggregations of industries. Another cause of differences, generally minor, between the estimates and the benchmark arises from improvements in the quality of benchmark data. A detailed description of the latest adjustment, "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1964 Benchmark Levels" was published in the December 1965 issue of Employment and Earnings. Reprints of this article are available upon request to the Bureau.

For the most recent months, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary, and are so footnoted in the tables. These particular figures are based on less than the full sample and consequently are subject to revisions when all the reports in the sample have been received. Studies of these revisions of preliminary estimates in the past indicate that they have been relatively small (and most frequently upward) for employment, and even smaller for hours and earnings.

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State
agencies in cooperacion with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of Employment and Earnings that contains State and area annual averages. Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Users of State and area employment, hours, and earnings statistics may be interested in Employment and Eamings Statistics for States and Areas, 1939-64, BLS Bulletin $1370-2$. For the States and the areas shown in the $B$ and $C$ sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented from the earliest data of availability of each series through 1964.

## Seasonal Adjustment

Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern--that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series-it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment method used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in the booklet, The BLS Seasonal Factor Method (1964), which may be obtained from the Bureau on request. An earlier version of the method is described in Appendix $G$ of the 1962 Report of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics, Measuring Employment and Unemployment.

For establishment data, the seasonally adjusted series on weekly hours and labor turnover rates for industry groupings are computed by applying factors directly to the corresponding unadjusted series, but seasonally adjusted employment totals for all employees and production workers by industry divisions are obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data which are published for component industries. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours seasonally adjusted, for mining, contract construction, and the major industries in manufacturing are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production workers, seasonally adjusted and dividing by the 1957-59 base. For total, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods, the indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1957-59 base.

The seasonally adjusted establishment data for Federal Government are based on a series which excludes the Christmas temporary help employed by the Post Office Department in December. The employment of these workers constitutes the only significant seasonal change in Federal Government employment during the winter months. Furthermore, the volume of such employment may change substantially from year to year because of administrative decisions by the Post Office Department.

Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the data upon which the seasonally adjusted series is based. Factors currently in use for the establishment data are shown in the December 1965 Employment and Earnings, and revisions will be made coincidental with the adjustment of series to new benchmark levels.

For each of the three major labor force components-agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and unem-ployment--data for four age-sex groups (male and female workers under age 20 , and age 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give seasonally adjusted total figures. In order to produce seasonally adjusted total employment and civilian labor force data, the appropriate series are
aggregated. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the seasonally adjusted civilian labor force (the sum of twelve seasonally adjusted age-sex components).

The seasonal adjustment factors applying to current data are based on a pattern shown by past experience. These factors are revised in the light of the pattern revealed by subsequent data. Revised seasonally adjusted series for major components of the labor force based on data through December 1964 are published in the February 1965 Employment and Earnings. Revisions will be made annually as each additional year's data become available.

Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics
on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

| Item: | Basic estimating cells (industry, region, size, or region/size cell) | Aggregate industry levels (divisions, groups and, where stratified, individual cells) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly Data |  |
| All employees | All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. | Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells. |
| Production or nonsupervisory workers; women employees. | All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees. | Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells. |
| Gross average weekly hours. | Production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. | Average, weighted by production- or nonsuper-visory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells. |
| Average weekly overtime hours. | Production-worker overtime man-hours divided by number of production workers. | Average, weighted by production-worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells. |
| Gross a verage hourly earnings . . | Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker payroll divided by total production- or nonsuper-visory-worker man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells. |
| Gross average weekly earnings. . | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Labor turnover rates (total, men, and women). | The number of particular actions (e.g., quits) in reporting firms divided by total employment in those firms. The result is multiplied by 100. For men (or women), the number of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed. | Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component cells. |
|  | Annual Average Data |  |
| All employees and production or nonsupervisory workers; | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12 . | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. |
| Gross average weekly hours | Annual total of aggregate man-hours (productionor nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate man-hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers. |
| Average weekly overrime hours | Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers. |
| Gross average hourly earnings. | Annual total of aggregate payrolls (productionor nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekly earnings) divided by annual aggregate man-hours. | Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate man-hours. |
| Gross average weekly earnings. | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Labor turnover rates. | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12 . | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12 . |

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- Department of Employment, Boise 83701
- Division of Research and Statistics, Department of Labor, Chicago 60606
- Employment Security Division, Indianapolis 46204
-Employment Security Commission, Des Moines 50319
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Topeka 66603
- Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Economic Security, Frankfort 40601
- Division of Employment Security, Department of Labor, Baton Rouge 70804
- Employment Security Commission, Augusta 04330
- Department of Employment Security, Baltimore 21201
- Division of Statistics, Department of Labor and Industries, Boston 02108 (Employment). Division of Employment Security, Boston 02215 (Turnover),
- Employment Security Commission, Detroit 48202
-Department of Employment Security, St. Paul 55101
- Employment Security Commission, Jackson 39205
- Division of Employment Security, Jefferson City 65102
- Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena 59601
- Division of Employment, Department of Labor, Lincoln 68501
- Employment Security Department, Carson City 89701
- Department of Employment Security, Concord 03301
- Department of Labor and Industry: Bureau of Statisticsand Records (Employment); Division of Employment Security (Turnover), Trenton 08625
-Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque 87103
-Research and Statistics Office, Division of Employment, State Department of Labor, State Campus Building 12, Albany 12201
-Division of Statistics, Department of Labor, Raleigh 27602 (Employment). Bureau of Employment Security Research, Employment Security Commission, Raleigh 27602 (Turnover).
-Unemployment Compensation Division, Workmen's Compensation Bureau, Bismarck 58502
- Division of Research and Statistics, Bureau of Unemployment Compensation, Columbus 43216
-Employment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 73105
- Department of Employment, Salem 97310
- Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Labor and industry, Harrisburg 17121
- Division of Statistics and Census, Department of Labor, Providence 02903 (Employment). Department of Employment Security, Providence 02903 (Turnover).
- Employment Security Commission, Columbia 29202
- Employment Security Department, Aberdeen 57401
- Department of Employment Security, Nashville 37219
- Employment Commission, Austin 78701
- Department of Employment Security, Salt Lake City 84110
- Department of Employment Security, Montpelier 05602
- Division of Research and Statistics, Department of Labor and Industry, Richmond 23214 (Employment). Employment Commission, Richmond 23211 (Turnover).
-Employment Security Department, Olympia 98501
- Department of Employment Security, Charleston 25305
- Unemployment Compensation Department, Madison 53701
-Employment Security Commission, Casper 82602


[^0]:    *Of the Division of Industry Employment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ At that time, the most recent Census of Manufactures (for 1914) showed a total of 268,400 establishments and employment of $7,514,000$ in all manufacturing.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ The Census of Manufactures for 1929 covered 206,700 establishments with average annual employment of 9,660,000.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ This series on total nonagricultural employment was discontinued in October 1941, when the Works Progress Administration's Monthly Report on Employment (after August 1942, the Monthly Report on the Labor Force, by the Bureau of the Census) became available. This series provided estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment based on a nationwide sample of households.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ Revised Indexes of Factory Employment and Payrolls, 1919 to 1933 (BLS Bulletin 610, 1935), by Lewis E. Talbert and Alice Olenin. The techniques used were developed at the Federal Reserve Board by William $A_{\text {. }}$ Berridge, Woodlief Thomas, and Aryness Joy (Wickens) and at the Federal Bank of Philadelphia by J. Frederic Dewhurst.

[^5]:    ${ }^{5}$ This series differed somewhat in concept from the currently published series in that it also reflected payroll deductions for War Bonds, a practice considered to be nearly universal during that period.

[^6]:    ${ }^{6}$ Alaska and Hawaii were brought into the cooperative program shortly after they were admitted to the Union in 1959.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, table A-1. ${ }^{2}$ See footnote 3, table A-1. ${ }^{3}$ See footnote 4, table A-1. ${ }^{4}$ See footnote 5 , table A-1.

[^8]:    Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

[^9]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^10]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^11]:    See foomotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

[^12]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ mosr recent months are preliminary.

[^13]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary

[^14]:    see footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^15]:    See foomotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent monchs are preliminary.

[^16]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^17]:    See foomotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary

[^18]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent monchs are preliminary.

[^19]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^20]:    ${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for wholesale and retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.
    ${ }^{2}$ Beginaing January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.
    NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

[^21]:    ${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

[^22]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^23]:    See foornotes at end of table. NOTE; Data for the current monch are preliminary.

[^24]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the curfent month are preliminary.

[^25]:    ${ }^{1}$ Beginning with January 1959, transfers berween establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with priot data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

    NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.
    Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^26]:    1/ Percent not shown where base is less than 50,000

[^27]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

