

EMPLOYMENT and EARNINGS

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Special Announcement

Beginning next month, all data and analysis that regularly appear in the two Department of Labor publications, Employment and Earnings and the Monthly Report on the Labor Force will be merged into a single publication. The title of the combined report will be Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force.

This consolidation is being made in the interest of economy and in order to speed up publication of the detailed industry employment, hours, and earnings statistics. The new publication will be available 2 weeks earlier than previous issues of Employment and Earnings, or about 5 weeks following the week for which data are reported.

Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force is available at a subscription price of \$7.00 per year (\$8.25 for foreign mailing). Current subscribers to Employment and Earnings will receive the new publication until expiration of their subscriptions. For details on ordering see page 16-E.

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1965 Annual Averages (Special Section (pp. 69-80)

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Establishment Data:

Preliminary 1965 annual averages for major divisions and two-digit manufacturing industries. Final annual averages for establishment data will appear in the March issue.

New Series

Employment (Table B-7), Hours and Earnings (Table C-8) for: Lawrence-Haverhill, Massachusetts Lowell, Massachusetts

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Caution

Periodically, the Bureau adjusts the industry employment series to a recent benchmark to improve their accuracy. These adjustments may also affect the hours and earnings series because employment levels are used as weights. All industry statistics after March 1964, the present benchmark date, are therefore subject to revision.

Beginning with December 1965 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings, data in tables B-1 through B-6, C-1 through C-7, and D-1 through D-4 are based on March 1964 benchmarks. Therefore, issues of Employment and Earnings prior to December 1965 cannot be used in conjunction with national industry data now shown in sections B, C, and D. Comparable data for prior periods will be published in Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-65, BLS Bulletin 1312-3.

When industry data are again adjusted to new benchmarks another edition of Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States will be issued containing the revised data extending from April 1964 forward to a current date, as well as the prior historical statistics.

Industry Employment Statistics in the United States Fifty Years of Development

by John P. Wymer*

Prior to 1915, the principal sources of employment data in the United States were the census surveys -- the decennial Census of Population and, beginning with 1899, the quinquennial Census of Manufactures. There existed no regular compilation of employment data between the census dates. By 1915, some State agencies were already compiling employment statistics but only three of these--Massachusetts, New York, and New Jersey--were collecting reasonably complete employment data. Although these three were important manufacturing States, the information collected by them failed to give an accurate cross section of manufacturing for the country as a whole because of the high degree of industrial specialization in these States. This was particularly true in Massachusetts, where manufacturing was restricted principally to the textile and boot and shoe industries.

In July 1915, at the time of publication of the first issue of the Monthly Labor Review, it was evident that lack of current employment statistics by industry for the Nation as a whole constituted a serious gap in the statistical program of the United States Government. The initial issue of the Monthly Labor Review contained reports on employment statistics for Germany, Great Britain, Australia, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Switzerland. Later issues during 1915 and 1916 contained additional data for several of these countries and for Austria and Italy. While the content and quality of the statistics for these countries varied considerably, data for the three largest countries--Great Germany, and France--were superior to any published for the United States until after World

Program Beginnings

As an initial step in closing this gap, the Bureau of Labor Statistics began to collect and publish employment statistics monthly, beginning with October 1915, for four industries—boots and shoes, cotton goods, cotton finishing, and hosiery and underwear. By November 1916, the monthly surveys had been expanded to cover nine additional industries—woolen textiles, silk textiles, men's readymade clothing, iron and steel, car building and repairing, cigar manufacturing, automobile manufacturing, leather manufacturing, and papermaking. At first, the series consisted merely of data on over—the—month changes in employment and payrolls, computed from small samples. In December 1916, the survey covered 574 establishments having a total employment of 519,185. 1

In February 1918, index series on employment and payrolls, using a January 1915 reference base, were developed for each of the 13 industries, but these series were dropped after March 1919.

The cooperative program with State agencies for the preparation of industry employment statistics for States and areas, which is now one of the outstanding features of the BLS industry employment statistics program, had its faint beginnings in this period. As early as March 1916, the Bureau of Labor Statistics had entered into a cooperative agreement with the New York State Department of Labor providing for use by both agencies of employment data collected by the latter agency. Beginning with March 1916, a monthly narrative report on employment in New York State prepared by the New York State Department of Labor, was frequently republished in the Monthly Labor Review. It is interesting to note that, at that time, the figures for New York were based on a larger, more representative sample than were the national statistics.

No new developments occurred in the program until after World War I. The short recession in 1918 and 1919 and the longer more

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¹ At that time, the most recent Census of Manufactures (for 1914) showed a total of 268,400 establishments and employment of 7,514,000 in all manufacturing.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The information shown in this publication is obtained through the joint cooperation of private individuals and organizations, business establishments, and several government agencies.

Labor force statistics, showing the employment status and hours of work of the noninstitutional population, both farm and nonfarm, are compiled each month from data obtained by personal interviews of a sample of 35,000 households in 357 areas throughout the country. Percentages of the population in a given category are derived from the sample and then applied to independent population estimates prepared by the Bureau of the Census. Monthly data on the labor force are collected and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census under contract with the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Payroll employment statistics, which provide detailed industry information for the Nation, States, and major areas are based on data supplied by employers. Each month a sample of industrial, commercial, and government establishments, employing collectively about 25 million workers, voluntarily submits data, drawn from payroll records, to the State agencies cooperating with BLS. In these agencies, data are extracted for preparation of estimates on State and area employment, hours, and earnings. The establishment reports are then sent to the BLS for use in the preparation of national estimates. This program is conducted jointly by State employment security agencies, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Bureau of Employment Security in 44 States and the District of Columbia; in the remaining States, the program is a cooperative endeavor by State Departments of Labor and the BLS.

Contribution (tax) reports filed by employers subject to State unemployment insurance laws are the major source of benchmarks by means of which overall estimates of nonfarm employment are prepared and adjusted. These reports, covering about three-fourths of the total number of nonfarm employees in the United States, are collected and tabulated by State employment security agencies under the direction of BES. Benchmark data for the remaining portion of nonfarm employment are obtained by BLS from information collected under the programs of the Social Security Administration, the Civil Service Commission, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies, either private or government.

Labor turnover statistics, showing the rate of accessions and separations, by industry, for the Nation and for selected States and areas are based on data voluntarily supplied by employers. The sample used is smaller than that for the payroll employment statistics and is limited to manufacturing, mining, and communication industries. The State agencies in the labor turnover statistics program have the same responsibilities as in the employment statistics program. In 50 States and the District of Columbia, the program is operated by the State employment security agencies, BLS, and BES.

intense postwar depression of 1920 and 1921 impelled a number of government officials, businessmen, labor leaders, and economists to address themselves to the problems of reconstruction and unemployment. As a result of their investigations, they became doubly aware of the need for more comprehensive information concerning the employment situation. A Conference on Unemployment was called by President Harding in 1921 and two committees were formed, one headed by Henry M. Robinson (the Committee on Employment Statistics) and the other headed by Owen D. Young (the Committee on Unemployment and Business Cycles) which addressed themselves to this problem. The reports of these committees stressed publication of nationwide statistics on employment to show (1) trends of employment and unemployment as a social condition affecting human beings and their welfare; and (2) trends of production and business activity.

Surveys Extended

Probably in part as a result of this recommendation, Congress made additional funds available to the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the fiscal year 1922-23, and the monthly employment surveys were extended in July 1922 to cover 29 additional manufacturing industries. The number was gradually increased to include a total of 52 manufacturing industries, grouped into 12 major categories (e.g., food and kindred products), by October 1923. In April 1924, indexes of employment for all manufacturing, the major groups, and the individual industries were published for the first time. This first series, which began with data for July 1922, was based on the 1923 average as 100, and was weighted by employment for the various industries as shown by the 1919 Census of Manufactures. In March 1925, a similar index series on payrolls was inaugurated. Between September 1928 and June 1929, eight nonmanufacturing groups were added to the list of industries for which the Bureau published over-the-month changes. In December 1929, the sample in manufacturing industries covered 12,200 establishments having 3,265,000 employees.2 For all industries surveyed, the sample included 34,400 establishments.

These advances in the program followed recommendations of committees appointed by the American Statistical Association in 1922 and 1923 to study the measurement of employment. These committees included leading statisticians of the Federal Government and of State departments of labor.

Federal-State Cooperation Initiated

Out of the committee activity, came a recommendation for greater participation of the State labor departments in the employment statistics program. In addition to the States which were collecting data before the Federal program was initiated, the Industrial Commission of Wisconsin began to collect employment statistics in 1915 and similar work was undertaken by several other States in the postwar depression of 1920-21.

Federal-State cooperation for the collection of employment statistics developed slowly during this period. Wisconsin joined New York as the second State in this program in July 1920, and five other States made agreements with the Bureau of Labor Statistics before 1928. Throughout the decade, employment statistics prepared by State agencies were published each month in the Monthly Labor Review. For example, in March 1925, data prepared by the State departments of labor for California, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Massachusetts, New York, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin were published. The statistical methods used in preparing these data were very primitive. In most cases, only the percentage changes between the current and previous month in employment and payrolls for a sample of identical establishments were presented. Data for broader categories, e.g., manufacturing, were obtained merely by adding together the samples for component industries. The statistics were not comparable among the various States, nor with the data for the Nation as a whole. Interest in employment statistics languished, however, during the prosperous years from 1923 to 1929, and little was done by other States toward developing reliable employment statistics.

Bureau Activity Reflects National Issues

During the twenties, the Bureau's employment and payroll statistics began to be used in economic analyses. One of the earliest examples

² The *Census of Manufactures* for 1929 covered 206,700 establishments with average annual employment of 9,660,000.

is the article in the Monthly Labor Review of March 1922 by the Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Ethelbert Stewart, entitled "Trend of Employment in the Manufacturing Industries in the United States, June 1914, to December 1921." In 1926, Ewan Clague was engaged by the Bureau to conduct a study of productivity in a number of industries. To derive indexes for use in computing productivity per man-hour, he made extensive use of the employment indexes in conjunction with Census of Manufactures data on man-hours and some of the Bureau's studies on wages and hours in specific industries.

The stock market crash in October 1929 was followed by the Great Depression. In 1930, the deepening economic crisis with its attendant problem of mass unemployment impelled President Hoover to appoint an Advisory Committee on Employment Statistics to study the need for expanded data in the subject field. This committee, headed by Professor Joseph H. Willits of the University of Pennsylvania, with Ewan Clague as one of its technical advisors, reported in the spring of 1931. Among the recommendations which were to have considerable impact on the subsequent development of employment statistics were: (a) the development of employment "indexes" for additional nonmanufacturing industries, notably contract construction and service industries; (b) the tabulation of employment data for some entire States and for some leading cities, especially in those areas where no State department of labor was conducting local tabulations; (c) the introduction of certain technical improvements, developed by the Division of Research and Statistics of the Federal Reserve Board, necessary to bring the BLS indexes of manufacturing employment and payrolls into alignment with data shown in the biennial Census of Manufactures for 1923 and following years; and (d) the development of a program for the collection of man-hours data for wage earners in manufacturing. To implement these recommendations, the Advisory Committee also recommended that Congress provide an additional appropriation of \$200,000 for the fiscal year 1932, with \$50,000 of this amount to be made available immediately in the spring of 1931. Congress granted a substantial portion of these recommended funds.

During the Great Depression when mass unemployment threatened to become a permanent aspect of American life, there was much controversy among various authorities concerning the actual number of unemployed. Even at this time, there were still no reliable measures of either unemployment or total employment. In the early years of the Roosevelt administration, however, the U.S. Secretary of Labor made frequent references to the Bureau's employment data for use as an indirect measure of unemployment. The need for more comprehensive measures of employment became increasingly urgent and current estimates of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments were developed not only for the segment as a whole, but in some industry detail. In 1936, the Bureau began its publication, as a mimeographed release, of a series on employment in nonagricultural establishments. After September 1940, estimates of total nonagricultural employment (including proprietors and firm members, self-employed persons, casual workers, and domestic workers)³ and of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments were published monthly in the Monthly Labor Review. In the case of employment in nonagricultural establishments, estimates were also given for major industry groups (e.g., mining, manufacturing). These series were based originally on the 1930 Census of Population data on employment and unemployment.

Benchmark Revisions Initiated

A comparison of the Bureau's indexes of manufacturing employment and payrolls with Census of Manufactures data over the period 1923-29 showed a downward bias of approximately 9 percent in the Bureau's indexes. If factory employment had been estimated for the year 1929 on the basis of the Bureau's unadjusted indexes, using the 1923 index as comparable to census factory employment for that year, the Bureau's estimate would have been below the 1929 census levels by approximately 1,000,000. Using a procedure developed by the Federal Reserve Board, the Bureau of Labor Statistics revised its indexes over the period

³This series on total nonagricultural employment was discontinued in October 1941, when the Works Progress Administration's Monthly Report on Employment (after August 1942, the Monthly Report on the Labor Force, by the Bureau of the Census) became available. This series provided estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment based on a nationwide sample of households.

1923-29 so that they approximated the census levels in each of the years 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, and 1931.4 This project was the first of the periodic revisions of establishment employment series to new "benchmark" levels. BLS Bulletin 610, which presented the revised indexes, also included for the first time monthly estimates of employment and payrolls for all manufacturing and its major industry groups. The series on manufacturing employment and payrolls were subsequently adjusted to benchmarks derived from the 1933, 1935, 1937, and 1939 Census of Manufactures as these appeared. Employment and payroll indexes for various nonmanufacturing industries were also adjusted to data from the several Censuses of Business taken during the 1930's.

Current Collection of Hours and Earnings Data Instituted

In 1932, the Bureau began the collection of data on production worker man-hours, and in January 1933 published average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and average weekly earnings, as well as indexes of employment and payrolls, for 90 manufacturing industries in 15 groups and for 14 nonmanufacturing industries. These new data formed an important adjunct to the Bureau's statistical series as they made available for the first time data on current trends in hours and earnings. Their importance as economic indicators was quickly recognized, as attested by their extensive use in articles in the Monthly Labor Review analyzing economic trends reflected by BLS statistical data. In later years, similar use was made of the newly developed series on nonagricultural employment.

State and Area Data Developed

Interest in employment data for States and areas was also stimulated in the 1930's by the overriding importance of the problem of unemployment. By 1935, employment data were being gathered in 19 States, including all the

major industrial States. This was an increase of nine States since 1928. Federal-State cooperation for the collection of employment statistics developed slowly during this period, however. By 1936, only 12 States participated in this program, an increase of only 5 States since 1928.

Beginning with data for December 1931, a table was published each month in the Monthly Labor Review showing percentage changes in employment and payrolls, by State, between the current and previous month for a sample of establishments. This tabulation presented data by State for all manufacturing, a selection of nonmanufacturing industries, and for all industries, combined. Although publication of this table was discontinued after July 1934, State employment statistics of the same type, but covering all industries and manufacturing only, were published monthly after July 1935. Also, beginning with December 1931, percentage changes in employment and payrolls, calculated from a sample for all industries, were published for the 13 cities which had populations in excess of 500,000 in 1930. Crude as these statistics were, they did represent the first attempt by the BLS to provide current employment data for all States and major cities on a monthly basis.

These statistics were not adequate representations of employment conditions in States and areas, so the Bureau constructed State indexes based on employment changes and weighted by industry employment. The weights used were derived from the 1933 Census of Manufactures and Census of Business and the 1932 Census of Mineral Industries. These indexes were based on 1932-33 averages and although not published, were used extensively to answer inquiries on the degree of recovery reached in any State, from the depths of the depression, and for comparison with other economic series.

During 1938-39, the need for estimates of actual State employment resulted in the creation of a unit whose sole responsibility was to compile estimates of nonagricultural employment. By 1940, estimates of employment levels for all 48 States and the District of Columbia were published. Each State series was the sum of 20 to 60 components. Unemployment compensation data, census data, and the BLS sample reports together with data from other sources provided the basic materials. The series were

⁴Revised Indexes of Factory Employment and Payrolls, 1919 to 1933 (BLS Bulletin 610, 1935), by Lewis E. Talbert and Alice Olenin. The techniques used were developed at the Federal Reserve Board by William A. Berridge, Woodlief Thomas, and Aryness Joy (Wickens) and at the Federal Bank of Philadelphia by J. Frederic Dewhurst.

revised in 1942 and publication of them continued until 1947.

Estimates at National Level

By 1935, data on employment, payrolls, and hours and earnings were published at the national level for all manufacturing, durable and nondurable goods manufacturing, 90 manufacturing industries, and 21 nonmanufacturing categories including building construction, Federal Government, and Class I railroads. No material change in program content occurred after 1935 until the beginning of World War II.

The onset of that conflict in 1939, followed by the entry of the United States after the assault on Pearl Harbor in December 1941. placed additional demands on the Bureau's employment statistics program. Perhaps the most noteworthy development of these years was that the additional responsibilities placed upon the system pointed up the need for greater uniformity between the various programs of establishment-based statistics on employment and related subjects as compiled by the BLS, the Bureau of the Census, and the agencies administering the emerging social insurance programs. Differences in concepts, in industrial classification, and in reporting practices often limited the usefulness of these statistics in wartime planning and in economic analysis. While most improvements had to await the end of the war, several important advances took place during those years.

After the adjustment of the national series for manufacturing industries to the 1939 Census of Manufactures, employment estimates were published monthly for all major groups and 157 industries in manufacturing. These series, first published in January 1943, provided estimates back to 1939. Estimates of employment in 11 nonmanufacturing industries were published in May 1943.

Recourse to Social Insurance Statistics

A most far-reaching decision was to use as employment benchmarks the statistical data which became available about 1940 as a byproduct of the newly organized social insurance programs. The Social Security Act, passed in 1935, provided for the collection of employment and payroll data from firms subject to the

provisions of the act. These data could be used for both statistical and administrative purposes. Summary tabulations of such materials became available about 1940 from the unemployment insurance program (prepared by the State employment security agencies, with the Bureau of Employment Security acting as coordinator). These data became the preferred sources of benchmarks because they encompassed industrial categories not covered by the censuses of manufactures and censuses of business, notably contract construction and finance, insurance, and real estate. Further benchmarks were available from the social insurance system on an annual basis, whereas after 1939, the Census of Manufactures was only taken for the years 1947, 1954, 1958, and 1963 and the final results were generally not published until 2 or 3 years afterward. The intervals between the other industrial censuses were of like magnitude. The statistics from the unemployment insurance system became the principal source of benchmarks for the BLS industry employment statistics program; this partly because the data become available on an annual basis, but mainly because of the close ties engendered between the State employment security agencies and the BLS, through development of the State and area employment statistics program in the 1940's and the 1950's. These benchmarks had to be supplemented, of course, by data from other sources in the case of industries which were not covered or were only partially covered by the unemployment insurance program. However, the unemployment insurance data cover about 75 percent of the total employment in nonagricultural industries, and reasonably adequate benchmarks are available for the remaining segments.

Program Effects of World War II

The efforts of the Bureau during the years 1940-45 were not directed primarily toward technical improvement, but toward providing the military and civilian war agencies with data on employment, payrolls, and hours and earnings in industries important to the war effort. To this end, series were inaugurated in 1942 for 67 additional manufacturing industries, largely those engaged in the production of materials of key importance in the war program. The division also prepared special

analyses and tabulations by industry and area for the Congress, the Army, the War Production Board, and the War Labor Board. A considerable number of requests for special tabulations of employment, hours, and earnings data were received each month by the Bureau, during the war years. In 1940, the War and Navy Departments began to use indexes of hourly earnings as the basis of escalator clauses in defense contracts. These clauses provided for additional compensation in the case of an advance in average hourly earnings between the time a contract was signed and completion of the material on order.

Several series which ultimately became a regular part of the industry employment statistics program were first developed during World War II. One was the series on straight-time hourly earnings in manufacturing industries. During the depression years, overtime work had been quite rare, and the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 were designed primarily to discourage scheduling of overtime. As the United States became more and more involved in the war effort, after 1939, the need for additional manpower was met in part by the use of overtime. Hence, the Bureau's monthly series on gross average hourly earnings no longer reflected the trend of straight-time earnings as they had before World War II. In 1942, the Bureau reviewed the information in its files on hours of work in manufacturing and derived a mathematical relationship between straight-time and gross hours which permitted the estimation on a current basis of straight-time earnings in manufacturing and its major industry groups.

Manpower needs during the war were also met by increased employment of women. Beginning with 1942, the Bureau collected semiannual data on the number of women production workers in manufacturing, but this survey was discontinued in 1947 when the Bureau's budget was reduced severely.

The concept of "spendable" weekly earnings was also developed during this period. Prior to the late 1930's, gross weekly earnings and "take-home" pay were practically synonymous. The introduction of payroll taxes for social insurance programs and, particularly, the practice after 1942 of withholding income taxes meant that there was considerable difference between actual weekly earnings and the amount of the worker's paycheck. The series on spend-

able earnings was first introduced in a *Monthly Labor Review*, March 1944 article entitled "Spendable Earnings of Factory Workers, 1941-43." This series, which was eventually carried back to 1939, has been published regularly since 1948.

When tabulations of employment data reported to State unemployment insurance agencies first became available, in the early 1940's, providing benchmarks for employment series, the feeling grew that the proper place to estimate State and area employment was in the State agencies. In 1944, as a first step in this direction, the preparation of State employment series was transferred to the Bureau's eight regional offices, where staffs were set up for the purpose of preparing employment statistics. In States with which the Bureau had cooperative agreements, the regional office staffs advised and assisted the State agencies. For the other States, the estimates were actually prepared in the regional offices.

One effect of World War II on the domestic economy was to eliminate the chronic mass unemployment which beset the entire decade of the 1930's. With the memory of that unhappy period in mind, Congress passed the Employment Act of 1946. When he signed the act, President Truman stated that it was a commitment of the Federal Government "to take measures necessary for a healthy economy, one that provides opportunities for those able, and willing, and seeking to work." Under this legislation, the President was given the duty of formulating programs to carry out the purposes of the law. His recommendations were to be presented to the Congress at the beginning of each session, in an "Economic Report." To assist the President in these duties, the Council of Economic Advisors was established in the Executive Office of the President. Within Congress, the Joint Committee on the Economic Report was set up under the act to study the recommendations of the President as embodied in his Economic Report. The responsibilities of the Council, combined with the activity of the Joint Committee, were ultimately to produce considerable demands that improved data and new statistical series be made available from the statistical agencies of the Federal Government.

⁵This series differed somewhat in concept from the currently published series in that it also reflected payroll deductions for War Bonds, a practice considered to be nearly universal during that period.

The immediate postwar period, however, was a period of program contraction. In 1947, the Congress reduced the Bureau's budget, to bring its activities back to the prewar level. In making curtailments, the Bureau dropped the series on women production workers in all manufacturing and discontinued the regional office preparation of employment statistics. The emphasis, as far as State and area employment statistics were concerned, was shifted toward their preparation by the State agencies under cooperative agreement with BLS.

Cooperative Program Includes All States

In the long run, this arrangement proved advantageous to both the Bureau and the State agencies. By 1949, the last State had joined the program.⁶ Thirty-two States became cooperators in the 5-year period, 1945-49. In most instances, the cooperating State agencies were State employment security agencies. As the program spread to all States, the view of the purposes of cooperation changed and broadened. Cooperation had been initiated primarily to reduce the burden of reporting statistics for employers, but even in the earlier years there had been some emphasis on the desirability of having adequate systems of State statistics developed by the cooperating State agencies. Cooperation on a national plane between the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of Employment Security brought about rapid development in the cooperative program of employment statistics. On the one side, the BLS was interested in developing the system to achieve maximum industrial detail, accuracy and comparability in national, State, and area statistics; on the other, the Bureau of Employment Security had an urgent need for accurate, current, and detailed employment statistics for States and local areas, to facilitate program operations of the various State employment security systems. Since 1949, when the BLS received augmented appropriations for its work on employment statistics and a joint program for financing the activity was worked out between BLS and BES, the program has been financed in part by the Federal grants toward administration of the employment security system, in part by appropriations to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and in the six States where the cooperating agency is other than the employment security agency, by State legislative action. Technical direction of the State program has been the responsibility of the BLS, effected in part through instructional materials developed in the national office, and in part by the advice and assistance supplied to the State agencies by technical staff working out of the BLS regional offices.

By the end of 1949, estimates of employment in manufacturing were being published for all States and the District of Columbia. Estimates of total employment in nonagricultural establishments were published for 30 States and 14 areas. For 10 additional areas, employment estimates were published for manufacturing. Hours and earnings averages for production workers in manufacturing were published for 27 States and 31 areas. Five years later, estimates of total employment were published for 46 States, the District of Columbia and 79 areas. Hours and earnings for manufacturing were published for 48 States and 103 areas.

Program Improvements, 1945-65

The period from 1945 to 1950 was characterized by a major overhaul of the techniques and procedures for estimating employment, hours, and earnings. The revision of the series to 1947 benchmarks, in 1949, was the most significant event in this process. As a result of this revision, estimates of employment at all levels of industry detail were for the first time revised to benchmarks derived directly from the unemployment insurance (UI) program operations. for those industries covered by the program. Prior to 1943, the unemployment insurance agencies had only tabulated the data at quite broad industry levels (e.g., food and kindred products; apparel), but in that year their reports were summarized at the next finer degree of industry detail. This made it possible to set up a list of industries in the detail desired by BLS which could be revised directly to coincide with UI benchmarks. Also, in 1947, the BLS adopted the same system of industrial classification as that used by the unemployment security agencies, the 1942 Social Security Board Classification system for nonmanufacturing, and the 1945 Standard Industrial Classification system for manufacturing, prepared by the Bureau of the

⁶ Alaska and Hawaii were brought into the cooperative program shortly after they were admitted to the Union in 1959.

Budget. Prior to this time, industry classification in the BLS industry employment statistics program had been closely tied to those used in the various Censuses of Manufactures and Censuses of Business taken during the 1920's and 1930's. There was also a substantial improvement in the quality of employment estimates for industries not covered by the unemployment insurance program, due to the development of new benchmark sources for these industries.

Considerable attention was also paid to the development of continuous historical series during this period. By 1950, as a result of this effort, national series on total employment in nonagricultural establishments and for each of the major divisions were prepared, and carried back to 1919. Series for individual industries and industry groups, going back in some instances for employment series to 1939 and for hours and earnings series back to 1932, were also prepared.

The program continued to show a steady growth throughout the 1950's, not only in terms of the volume of statistics provided, but also in meeting the increasing demand for information both on the part of Federal agencies and the public. In late 1949, the Bureau instituted a series on the number of women employed in manufacturing and, later, added series on employment of women in a number of nonmanufacturing industries. The Korean conflict of 1950-53 involved the Bureau of Labor Statistics in activities similar to those in which it had engaged in World War II. Among these was a quarterly survey of establishments in metalworking industries, to obtain information on plant operations and other matters. This project was conducted by the Bureau during 1951 and 1952.

In August 1954, the Bureau took over, from the Federal Reserve Board, the preparation of seasonally adjusted estimates of employment by industry division and major industry groups in manufacturing and began publishing these series on a regular monthly basis. Later, seasonally adjusted series were developed on average weekly hours and on aggregate manhours in manufacturing and certain nonmanufacturing categories. In January 1956, the collection of overtime man-hours in manufacturing was instituted, and before the end of the year, series were being prepared on average overtime hours in major industry groups in manufacturing.

The Bureau first made use of machine tabulation equipment to prepare its tabulations of employment and payroll data in the early 1930's. For a long time thereafter, however, the actual calculations of employment and payroll estimates and indexes and hours and earnings averages continued to be performed by statistical clerks using desk calculators. In the 1950's, however, increasingly efficient electronic data-processing equipment became available, and by the early 1960's, nearly all the routine calculations involved in estimation and benchmark adjustment, including the arithmetic tests of individual sample reports for reasonableness, were performed on EDP equipment.

A major adjustment of the series to 1958 and 1959 benchmarks was completed in 1961. This revision introduced a number of innovations. The 1957 Standard Industrial Classification was adopted for both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Benchmarks stratified by employment size became available for the first time, so that size stratification could be introduced into the estimation process. Estimates for a number of additional industries, particularly in manufacturing, were introduced. New benchmark sources became available, particularly for certain classes of nonprofit organizations as a result of the virtually total election of old-age, survivors, and disability insurance coverage by establishments in these categories under the 1950 amendments to the Social Security Act.

As a result of the revision, estimates of total employment were published at the national level for 365 industrial categories, an increase of almost 50 percent over the 246 for which data were previously published. The number of industries for which average hours and earnings were published decreased slightly, however, from 364 to 323; intensive review had indicated that for some industries these averages were not sufficiently reliable to meet publication standards. Employment series were published for every industry for which hours and earnings averages were published; previously. the corresponding employment data were not available for 160 series on hours and earnings. The number of manufacturing industries for which data on average overtime hours were published increased sixfold, from 24 to 143. These statistics were based on a sample which included, in the fall of 1965, nearly 140,000 reports from American industry and government.

v

This sample was used also to prepare a large body of employment statistics for States and areas. In September 1965, employment and hours and earnings series were available for 50 States, the District of Columbia and 170 areas of which 160 were Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in 1965. Approximately 7,200 employment series and hours and earnings series for about 3,300 industries are published by the States and areas.

As a part of the revision of the national series to 1964 benchmarks, all series hitherto unpublished were subjected to a thorough review to determine which could meet publication criteria. As a result of this review, employment series for 36 industries and hours and earnings series for 34 industries were considered to meet the criteria and included among those published.

An active sample expansion program is currently in progress, directed toward implementing a newly developed sample design. If additional resources are provided to bring this program to fulfillment, the sample will be considerably strengthened and monthly employment, hours, and earnings series can be published for many industries for which at present the samples are inadequate. Among these are employment series for nearly 200 industries for which only benchmark data are published annually for the month of March. As the performance of series becomes adequate, as measured by predetermined standards, they may be moved into the published category. In this way, a gradual expansion of published detail can be effected. It is hoped that, in the

next few years, current statistics on employment, hours, and earnings can be developed and published for the 64 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas not yet covered by the program.

Bulletins and Other Publications

Data produced in the course of the program have been published in the Monthly Labor Review since January 1916. A monthly bulletin containing the series has been is sued since June 1924. The latter publication was called Employment In Selected Industries until August 1928, at which time the title was changed to Trends of Employment. After July 1935, the bulletin was entitled Employment and Payrolls. After January 1948, the hours and earnings series growing out of the program were published in a separate bulletin called Hours and Earnings. In May 1954, these two publications were again combined into a single periodical, Employment and Earnings.

The past few years have witnessed an important addition to the Bureau's regular publication on employment statistics. A volume entitled *Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States* provides monthly data on all series produced at the national level, by the industry employment statistics program, back to the beginning of each series. This volume is revised annually. A companion volume, *Employment and Earnings Statistics for States and Areas*, provides annual averages for all employment and hours and earnings series published by State agencies, back to the beginning of the series. This publication is also issued each year.

Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, 1929 to date

(In thousands)

	·	· · · · · · · · ·		1	iousands)	C:	ilian labor force				T
		Total lab	or force			Employed 1		<u>-</u>	Unemployed	1	4
	Total noninsti-		Percent	1		Employed	Nonagri-		Perc	ent of force	Not in
Year and month	tutional popula- tion	Number	of popula- tion	Total	Total	Agri- culture	cultural indus- tries	Number	Not season- ally adjusted	Season- ally adjusted	labor force
1929	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	49,440 50,080 50,680 51,250 51,840	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	49,180 49,820 50,420 51,000 51,590	47,630 45,480 42,400 38,940 38,760	10,450 10,340 10,290 10,170 10,090	37,180 35,140 32,110 28,770 28,670	1,550 4,340 8,020 12,060 12,830	3.2 8.7 15.9 23.6 24.9	-	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1934	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	52,490 53,140 53,740 54,320 54,950	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	52,230 52,870 53,440 54,000 54,610	40,890 42,260 44,410 46,300 44,220	9,900 10,110 10,000 9,820 9,690	30,990 32,150 34,410 36,480 34,530	11,340 10,610 9,030 7,700 10,390	21.7 20.1 16.9 14.3 19.0		(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1939 1940 1941 1942	(2) 100,380 101,520 102,610 103,660	55,600 56,180 57,530 60,380 64,560	(2) 56.0 56.7 58.8 62.3	55,230 55,640 55,910 56,410 55,540	45,750 47,520 50,350 53,750 54,470	9,610 9,540 9,100 9,250 9,080	36,140 37,980 41,250 44,500 45,390	9,480 8,120 5,560 2,660 1,070	17.2 14.6 9.9 4.7 1.9	- - - -	(2) 44,200 43,990 42,230 39,100
1944	104,630 105,530 106,520 107,608 108,632	66,040 65,300 60,970 61,758 62,898	63.1 61.9 57.2 57.4 57.9	54,630 53,860 57,520 60,168 61,442	53,960 52,820 55,250 57,812 59,117	8,950 8,580 8,320 8,256 7,960	45,010 44,240 46,930 49,557 51,156	670 1,040 2,270 2,356 2,325	1.2 1.9 3.9 3.9 3.8	- - - -	38,590 40,230 45,550 45,850 45,733
1949	109,773 110,929 112,075 113,270 115,094	63,721 64,749 65,983 66,560 67,362	58.0 58.4 58.9 58.8 58.5	62,105 63,099 62,884 62,966 63,815	58,423 59,748 60,784 61,035 61,945	8,017 7,497 7,048 6,792 6,555	50,406 52,251 53,736 54,243 55,390	3,682 3,351 2,099 1,932 1,870	5.9 5.3 3.3 3.1 2.9	-	46,051 46,181 46,092 46,710 47,732
1954 1955 1956 1957	116,219 117,388 118,734 120,445 121,950	67,818 68,896 70,387 70,744 71,284	58.4 58.7 59.3 58.7 58.5	64,468 65,848 67,530 67,946 68,647	60,890 62,944 64,708 65,011 63,966	6,495 6,718 6,572 6,222 5,844	54,395 56,225 58,135 58,789 58,122	3,578 2,904 2,822 2,936 4,681	5.6 4.4 4.2 4.3 6.8	-	48,401 48,492 48,348 49,699 50,666
1959	123,366 125,368 127,852 130,081 132,124 134,143 136,241	71,946 73,126 74,175 74,681 75,712 76,971 78,357	58.3 58.0 57.4 57.3 57.4 57.5	69,394 70,612 71,603 71,854 72,975 74,233 75,635	65,581 66,681 66,796 67,846 68,809 70,357 72,179	5,836 5,723 5,463 5,190 4,946 4,761 4,585	59,745 60,958 61,333 62,657 63,863 65,596 67,594	3,813 3,931 4,806 4,007 4,166 3,876 3,456	5.5 5.6 6.7 5.6 5.7 5.2 4.6	-	51,420 52,242 53,677 55,400 56,412 57,172 57,884
1964: December	135,135	76,568	56.7	73,841	70,375	3,785	66,590	3,466	4.7	5.0	58,568
1965: January February March April May June July. August September	135,302 135,469 135,651 135,812 135,982 136,160 136,252 136,473 136,670	75,699 76,418 76,612 77,307 78,425 80,683 81,150 80,163 78,044	55.9 56.4 56.5 56.9 57.7 59.3 59.6 57.1	72,992 73,714 73,909 74,621 75,741 78,003 78,457 77,470 75,321	68,996 69,496 70,169 71,070 72,407 73,716 74,854 74,212 72,446	3,739 3,803 3,989 4,473 5,128 5,622 5,626 5,136 4,778	65,257 65,694 66,180 66,597 67,278 68,094 69,228 69,077 67,668	3,996 4,218 3,740 3,552 3,335 4,287 3,602 3,258 2,875	5.5 5.7 5.1 4.8 4.4 5.5 4.6 4.2 3.8	4.8 5.0 4.7 4.9 4.6 4.7 4.5 4.5	59,603 59,051 59,039 58,504 57,556 55,477 55,102 56,310 58,626
October November December	136,862 137,043 137,226	78,713 78,598 78,477	57.5 57.4 57.2	75,953 75,803 75,636	73,196 72,837 72,749	4,954 4,128 3,645	68,242 68,709 69,103	2,757 2,966 2,888	3.6 3.9 3.8	4.3 4.2 4.1	58,149 58,445 58,749

Data for 1947-56 adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were formerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)--those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days--were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56. ²Not available.

Beginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for total and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960 and ate therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

⁵Figures for periods prior to April 1962 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of 1960 Census data into the estimation procedure. The change primarily affected the lahor force and employment totals, which were reduced by about 200,000. The unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

NOTE: Data for 1929-39 based on sources other than direct enumeration.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date

(In thousands)

1965: January 69,712 25,487 36.6 25,455 23,940 492 23,447 1,515 6.0 5.8 44,225					(In thou	ısands)						
Total Prices Pr			Total lab				Civ	ilian labor forc	e			
MALE		Total	lotal lab	or rorce			Employed1		t	Jnemployed1		1
Tend Total Total Casher Cashe				_	1		Į	I				Not in
Popular Carlo Ca	Saw year and masth				l {				l .	labor	force	
MALE	Sea, year, and month		Number		Total	Total			Number	Not	Seasona	force
MALE 940. 12,000 83.9 13,160 35,550 8,450 27,100 5,930 13.3 - 8,300 1941. 131,500 16,670 80.6 13,760 14,767 6,933 34,75 1,550 3.7 - 8,240 1942. 131,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,767 6,933 34,75 1,550 3.7 - 8,240 1940. 13,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 1950. 194,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 1950. 194,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 14,500 1950. 194,500 14,	i						culture	_	.,			
	į			(101	1 1			tries				i
1940.										adjusted		<u> </u>
1944. 31,960	MALE				l							l
1947. 33,065 h, 1,944 b, 84,5 d, 5272 h, 1,677 6,953 39,725 h, 2,959 3.7 - 8,242 h, 1,944 h,	19 4 0	50,080		83.9	41,480	550 و 35	450 و44	27,100			-	
1949					35,460	35,110	7,020	28,090			1	
1949. 9, 94,028	1947					41,677	6,953	34,725			1	
1990	1948	53,513		04.7 91. F			6,623	35,045 21, 91,1			1	
1992. 59,300 47,000 84,7 43,44 42,237 5,623 6,521 1,220 2.9 - 6,322 1993 1993 1993 1994 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995	1949				111 STU		6 27				I	
1992			40,009 46,674		43.612	12,362	5.701	36.571	1,250		I	
1993.	1052		47,001		43,454		5.623	36.614	1.217		Į	
1995. 97, 404. 16,059 183.6 48,527 42,165 5,489 36,730 5,273 5,373 - 9,129 1997. 1997. 1998. 1997. 1998. 1997. 1998. 1997. 1998. 1997. 1998. 1997. 1998. 199	1953 2	56.534		84.4	44.194		5,496	37,470			1	
1955. 97, 1634 183,054 283,06 185,061 183,152 5,479 37,673 1,4939 1.2 - 9,430 1956. 98,104 183,779 83,4 7,4 7,5 185,7 8,4 183,9 92 5,263 95,733 1,759 1.3 6.0 - 9,450 1959. 99,100 19,000 19,000 19,000 180,17 185,000 18,17 183,0	1954		47,847		44,537		5,429	36,736	2,372		-	9,169
1956. 98,044 48,759 83.7 45,766 43,999 5,268 38,732 1,777 38,8 - 9,465 1957. 98,132 44,649 82.7 45,662 43,990 5,268 38,732 1,767 39,992 1,176 1958. 1,	1955	57,484	48,054		041,041		5.470	673,673	1,889		۱ -	9,430
1957. 93,813 48,649 82.7 45,662 43,960 5,037 20,922 1,993 4.1 - 10,164 1959. 94.8 46,602 82.1 45,602 41,1502 4,605 30,240 32,505 6.8 - 110,607 1959. 60,100 49,007 80.1.2 47,606 44,460 4,460 33,607 2,541 1,1003 1960. 62,117 49,918 80.3 47,376 44,460 4,460 33,607 2,541 1,1003 1962. 62,117 49,918 80.3 47,376 44,460 44,605 39,607 2,541 1,1003 1962. 63,224 50,175 79.3 47,360 44,460 44,605 39,607 2,541 1,1003 1963. 64,163 50,773 76,8 47,376 44,460 44,605 2,406 40,666 24,466 40,666 21,466 40,163 50,737 37,8 48,460 40,139 33,601 42,555 2,771 4.7 - 13,967 1964. 65,667 51,118 76.6 48,410 46,139 3,804 42,555 2,771 4.7 - 13,947 1965.	1956	58,044	48,579	83.7	45,756		5,268	731,			-	
1999	1957					43,990	1 5.037	38,952			I	
1960 3	1958					43,042	4,802	38,240	3,155		I	
1961	1959				140,002		1, 670		2 511	2.5	1	
1962 4	1900 3				1 41,047 17 378		1 50A		3,060		1	
1963. 64,163 50,573 76,6 kg,7,670 kg,330 kg,021 kl,3309 2,537 5.3 - 13,597 1965. 66,027 51,705 78.3 49,014 47,034 3,729 43,304 1,990 4.0 - 14,322 1966. becember: 65,516 50,460 77.0 47,784 45,645 3,247 42,38 2,139 4.0 5. 4.3 15,305 1965: January. 65,590 50,212 76.6 47,537 45,056 3,246 41,810 2,481 5.2 4.3 15,305 February. 65,664 50,538 77.0 47,866 45,307 3,296 42,011 2,558 5.3 4.3 15,315 April. 65,147 51,168 77.7 47,866 45,307 3,296 42,011 2,558 5.3 4.3 15,172 April. 65,147 51,168 77.7 48,513 46,422 3,738 42,623 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,112 April. 65,147 51,168 77.7 48,513 46,422 3,738 42,623 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,119 May. 65,887 31,908 78.7 48,513 46,422 3,738 42,625 1,248 3.2 4.9 14.4 4.3 14,649 1,464 1,4	1062 4						4.266	40,626	2,188		1	
1965. 66,027 51,118 78.6 48,410 46,139 3,894 42,255 2,271 4.7 - 13,947 1965 1966. 266,027 51,705 78.3 49,014 47,034 3,729 43,307 1,980 4.0 - 14,322 1964: December 65,516 50,406 77.0 47,784 45,645 3,247 42,398 2,139 4.5 4.3 15,035 1965: January. 65,564 5,590 50,212 76.6 47,537 45,565 3,246 44,810 2,481 5.2 4.3 15,037 84,566 45,307 3,246 44,810 2,481 5.2 4.3 15,037 49,711 65,644 50,538 77.0 47,866 45,307 3,296 42,011 2,588 5.3 4.3 15,137 49,711 65,817 51,168 77.7 47,957 45,575 3,422 42,255 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,119 49,711 65,887 51,168 77.7 47,957 45,575 3,422 42,255 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,119 49,711 65,887 51,168 77.7 46,513 46,422 3,738 42,683 2,091 4.3 4.3 14,649 June. 65,974 33,395 80.9 50,746 48,431 4,416 44,015 2,315 4.6 4.1 12,579 July. 66,041 43,019 81.8 13,356 49,287 4,344 44,098 43,216 1,941 3.9 4.2 13,985 89,19 40,19 4					47.867						I	13.590
1965:					48.410		3.884		2,271	4.7	I .	13,947
1964: December 65,516 50,480 77.0 47,784 45,645 3,247 42,398 2,139 4.5 4.3 15,035 1955: January 65,590 50,212 76.6 47,137 45,656 3,246 41,810 2,481 5.2 4.3 15,126 March 67,77 50,428 77.0 47,866 43,307 3,246 42,011 2,558 5.3 4.3 15,126 March 67,77 51,488 77.0 47,866 43,307 3,242 42,011 2,258 5.3 4.3 4.1 15,126 March 67,77 51,488 77.7 48,513 44,622 3,132 42,623 2,991 4.3 4.1 3,146,649 March 67,893 51,398 77.8 49,255 47,314 4.416 44,015 2,991 4.3 4.1 3,94 4.2 13,988 March 65,597a 53,395 80.9 50,746 48,431 4.416 44,015 2,915 4.6 4.1 12,579 August 66,1415 53,360 80.7 50,697 48,896 4.995 44,801 4.903 2,069 4.0 4.1 12,022 August 66,145 53,360 80.7 50,697 48,896 4.995 44,801 1,801 3.6 4.0 12,785 September 66,235 51,481 77.6 48,750 47,290 3,855 43,456 1,507 3.1 3.9 14,842 November 66,406 51,200 77.1 48,438 46,910 3,551 43,456 1,507 3.1 3.9 14,842 1940 50,300 14,160 28.2 14,160 11,970 1,090 10,880 2,190 1,726 3.6 3.5 15,340 FEMALE 1940 55,148 77,593 31.9 17,758 16,896 1,330 16,990 320 1.7 33,280 1944 55,148 77,678 79,599 31.9 17,758 16,896 1,338 15,510 735 41.1 37,750 1950 55,404 18,600 33.1 18,677 17,594 1,386 15,500 547 3.2 3.7 38,280 1945 57,7676 19,598 33.9 19,513 18,798 1,174 17,68 6.3 3.3 4.0 4							3,729		1,980	4.0		14,322
1965: January. 65,599 50,212 76.6 47,537 45,056 3,246 41,810 2,481 5.2 4.3 15,377 February. 65,664 59,538 77.0 47,866 45,307 3,296 42,011 2,558 5.3 4.3 15,151 40,472 11.6 65,747 50,628 77.0 47,977 45,5675 3,422 42,253 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,119 41,47 41.6 49,47 41.6 45,817 51,168 77.7 48,131 46,422 3,738 42,683 2,091 4.3 4.3 14,649 49,101 2,558 49,255 47,314 4,098 43,216 1,941 3.9 4.2 13,985 June. 65,974 53,395 80.9 50,746 48,431 4,416 44,015 2,315 4.6 4.1 12,579 July. 66,041 54,019 81.8 51,336 49,287 4,384 44,903 1,2069 4.0 4.1 12,022 40,408 40,401 40,40			l '		1				j -	ł	4.3	
February . 65,664 50,538 77.0 47,866 45,307 3,296 42,011 2,558 5.3 4.3 15,126 March . 65,747 50,628 77.0 47,873 45,675 3,422 42,253 2,283 4.8 4.1 15,119 April . 65,817 51,168 77.7 48,513 46,422 3,738 42,683 2,291 4.3 4.3 14,649 May . 65,893 51,908 78.8 49,225 47,314 4,098 43,216 1,941 3.9 4.2 13,985 June . 65,974 53,395 80.9 50,746 48,431 4,416 44,015 2,315 4.6 4.1 12,579 July . 66,041 54,019 81.8 51,356 49,287 4,884 44,903 2,696 4.0 4.1 12,579 August . 66,145 53,360 80.7 50,697 48,896 4,095 44,801 1,601 3.6 4.0 12,785 September . 66,235 51,398 77.6 48,706 47,199 3,763 44,486 1,507 3.1 3.9 14,842 November . 66,466 51,200 77.1 48,438 46,910 3,351 43,456 1,502 3.0 3.9 14,842 November . 66,466 51,200 77.1 48,438 46,910 3,351 43,456 1,462 3.0 3.9 14,842 November . 66,489 51,148 76.9 48,340 46,615 3,106 43,599 1,726 3.6 3.5 15,340 FEMALE . 1944 52,650 19,370 36.8 19,470 11,570 11,570 10,980 1,726 3.6 3.5 15,340 FEMALE . 1944 52,545 50 19,370 36.8 19,470 11,57				I					1 -	1	1	
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1944. 52,650 19,370 36.8 19,170 18,850 1,930 16,920 320 1.77 - 33,280 1947. 94,523 16,915 31.0 16,86 16,349 1,314 15,036 547 3.2 - 37,668 1948. 55,148 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,848 1,338 15,510 735 4.1 - 37,520 1949. 55,745 18,048 32.4 18,030 16,947 1,386 15,561 1,083 6.0 - 37,697 1950. 56,404 18,680 33.1 18,657 17,584 1,226 16,358 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 57,076 19,598 33.9 19,272 18,421 1,227 17,164 851 4.4 - 37,774 1952. 57,766 19,558 33.9 19,513 18,793 1,170 17,628 715 3.7 - 38,208 1953 2 58,561 1,9668 33.6 19,621 18,979 1,061 17,918 642 3.3 - 38,208 1954 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,784 1,067 17,657 1,207 6.1 - 39,232 1955. 59,904 20,842 34.8 20,806 19,790 1,239 18,551 1,016 4.9 - 38,833 1957. 61,632 22,097 35.9 22,064 21,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1958. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1958. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1959. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1959. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1958. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1958. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 2,924 1,042 19,882 1,526 6.8 - 39,990 1959. 63,265 22,865 36.1 22,832 21,492 1,087 20,405 1,340 5.9 - 40,401 1961 65,705 24,257 36.9 24,257 36.9 24,252 22,478 955 21,523 1,747 7.2 - 41,448 1963 6.5 66,848 23,619 36.7 23,587 22,196 1,045 21,151 1,390 5.9 - 40,401 1961 65,705 24,257 36.9 24,252 22,478 955 21,523 1,747 7.2 - 41,448 1965 7.0 - 41,448 1965 7			11. 160	09.0	34.360	11 070		10 990	0.700	1	ĺ	26 240
1947. 54,523 16,915 31.0 16,986 16,349 1,314 15,036 547 3.22 - 37,608 1948	1940	50,300			19 170	18 850	1,090	16,000	2,190		1	33 280
1948. 55,148 17,599 31.9 17,883 16,848 1,338 15,561 1,083 6.0 - 37,597 1950. 55,745 18,048 32.4 18,030 16,947 1,386 15,561 1,083 6.0 - 37,597 1950. 56,404 18,680 33.1 18,657 17,584 1,226 16,358 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 77,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,421 1,227 17,164 851 4,4 - 37,7724 1952. 57,766 19,558 33.9 19,513 18,798 1,170 17,628 715 3.7 - 38,208 1954. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,067 17,657 1,207 6.1 - 39,232 1955. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,067 17,657 1,207 6.1 - 39,232 1955. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,067 17,657 1,207 6.1 - 39,232 1955. 59,204 20,842 34.8 20,866 19,790 1,239 18,551 1,016 4.9 - 38,083 1954. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,401 1,067 4.9 - 38,083 1957. 61,632 22,097 35.9 22,664 21,021 1,184 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,555 1958. 62,472 22,482 36.0 22,451 20,924 1,087 20,405 1,340 5.9 - 40,401 1960 3 64,368 23,619 36.7 23,587 22,196 1,045 19,982 11,596 6.8 - 39,990 1959. 63,265 22,865 36.1 22,832 21,492 1,087 20,405 1,340 5.9 - 40,401 1960 3 64,368 23,619 36.7 23,587 22,196 1,045 21,151 1,390 5.9 - 40,401 1960 3 64,368 23,619 36.7 23,587 22,196 1,045 21,151 1,390 5.9 - 40,401 1960 3 64,368 23,619 36.7 23,587 22,196 1,045 21,151 1,390 5.9 - 40,401 1963 69,079 25,854 37.4 25,862 24,278 955 24,289 1,476 5.5 - 42,341 163. 69,079 25,854 37.4 25,862 24,278 955 24,228 1,476 5.5 - 42,341 1963 69,079 25,854 37.4 25,862 24,289 1,476 5.5 - 43,525 1965 10,461 69,904 25,984 37.2 25,592 24,494 567 23,927 1,458 5.6 6.0 5.8 44,225 1965 10,461 69,904 25,984 37.2 25,952 24,494 567 23,927 1,458 5.6 6.0 43,555 11,600 40,401 1960 37.0 40,401 1960 37.1 25,888 24,189 506 23,682 1,659 6.4 6.3 43,925 1965 10,461 19	1017	5k 523	16.015		16.896	16.340	1.314					37,608
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1948				17.583	16.848	1.338	15,510	735			
1950	1949.	55,745	18,048	32.4		16,947	1.386	15,561	1,083		_	
1951	1950	56,404	18,680			17,584	1,226	16,358	1,073		_	37,724
1954	1951	57,078		33.8			1.257	17,164			-	37,770
1954	1952	57,766	19,558			18,798	1,170	17,628	715		I	38,208
1955	1953 2					18,979	1,061	17,918		3.3	1	
1956			19,90	33.4	19,931							39,232
1957	1956		21 808		21.774		1 306	10,551	1,067	1.0	j	38 883
1958	1957						1.184	19.837	1.043	4.7	[39,535
1959				36.0			1.042	19.882	1.526		_	
1960 3			22,865				1,087		1,340		! -	
1961	1960 ³	64,368	23,619	36.7	23,587	22,196	1,045	21,151	1,390	5.9	-	40,749
1962 4	1961	65,705	24,257	36.9	24,225	22,478	955	21,523	1,747	7.2] -	41,448
1963	1962 4	66,848	24,507	36.7	474,474	22,954	924	22,031	1,519	6.2	-	42,341
1965	1963		25,141		25,109	23,479	925	22,554			-	
1964: December 69,619 26,086 37.5 26,056 24,730 541 24,192 1,327 5.1 6.1 43,533 1965: January 69,712 25,487 36.6 25,455 23,940 492 23,447 1,515 6.0 5.8 44,225 Rebruary 69,805 25,880 37.1 25,848 24,189 506 23,682 1,659 6.4 6.3 43,925 March 69,904 25,984 37.2 25,952 24,494 567 23,927 1,458 5.6 5.8 43,920 April 69,994 26,139 37.3 26,108 24,648 735 23,913 1,460 5.6 6.0 43,855 May 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 June 70,186 27,288 38.9 27,257 25,284 1,206 24,079 1,972 7.2 5.8 42,899 July 70,212 27,132 38.6 27,101 25,567 1,242 24,325 1,534 5.7 5.2 43,080 August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,528 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788	1964				25,823	24,218	877	23,341	1,605	6.2	-	43,225
1965: January 69,712 25,487 36.6 25,455 23,940 492 23,447 1,515 6.0 5.8 44,225 February 69,805 25,880 37.1 25,848 24,189 506 23,682 1,659 6.4 6.3 43,925 March 69,904 25,984 37.2 25,952 24,494 567 23,927 1,458 5.6 5.8 43,920 April 69,994 26,139 37.3 26,108 24,648 735 23,913 1,460 5.6 6.0 43,855 May 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 June 70,186 27,288 38.9 27,257 25,284 1,206 24,079 1,972 7.2 5.8 42,899 July 70,212 27,132 38.6 27,101 25,567 1,242 24,325 1,534 5.7 5.2 43,080 August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,525 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788	1965	70,215	26,653	38.0	26,621	25,145	856	24,289	1,4/6) 2.3	-	43,362
February 69,805 March 25,880 March 37.1 March 25,848 March 24,189 March 506 March 23,682 March 1,659 March 64 May 69,904 May 26,139 May 37.3 May 26,108 May 24,648 May 735 May 23,913 May 1,460 May 5.6 May 60,043 May 37.3 May 26,486 May 27,288 May 38.9 May 27,287 May 25,284 May 1,206 May 24,079 May 1,972 May 7.2 May 5.8 May 43,572 May July 70,186 May 27,132 May 38.6 May 27,101 May 25,567 May 1,206 May 24,079 May 1,972 May 7.2 May 5.8 May 43,852 May August 70,329 May 26,646 May 37.8 May 26,615 May 25,316 May 1,041 May 24,275 May 1,457 May 5.4 May 5.3 May 43,525 May September 70,434 May 26,646 May 37.8 May 26,615 May 25,246 May 1,015 May 24,232 May 5.1 May 5.3 May 43,525 May 3,788 May	1964: December	69,619	26,086	37.5	26,056	24,730	541	24,192	1,327	5.1	6.1	43,533
February 69,805 March 25,880 March 37.1 March 25,848 March 24,189 March 506 March 23,682 March 1,659 March 64 March 69,904 March 69,994 March 69,994 March 69,994 March 66,139 March 37.3 March 26,108 March 24,648 March 735 March 23,913 March 1,458 March 5.6 March 6.0 March 43,857 March June 70,186 March 27,288 March 38.9 March 27,257 March 25,284 March 1,206 March 24,079 March 1,972 March 7.2 March 5.8 March 43,852 March August 70,212 March 27,132 March 38.1 March 26,773 March 25,316 March 1,041 March 24,275 March 5.4 March 5.3 March 43,525 March September 70,434 March 26,646 March 37.8 March 26,615 March 25,246 March 1,041 March 24,232 March 5.1 March 5.3 March 43,525 March	1965: January	69,712	25,487	36.6	25,455	23,940	492			6.0	5.8	
March 69,904 25,984 37.2 25,952 24,494 567 23,927 1,458 5.6 5.8 43,920 Apr11 69,994 26,139 37.3 26,108 24,648 735 23,913 1,460 5.6 6.0 43,855 May 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 Jule 70,186 27,288 38.9 27,257 25,284 1,206 24,079 1,972 7.2 5.8 42,899 July 70,212 27,132 38.6 27,101 25,567 1,242 24,325 1,534 5.7 5.2 43,825 August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,525 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788												43,925
May												
June 70,186 27,288 38.9 27,257 25,284 1,206 24,079 1,972 7.2 5.8 42,899 July 70,212 27,132 38.6 27,101 25,567 1,242 24,232 1,534 5.7 5.2 43,080 August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,525 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788												
July 70,212 27,132 38.6 27,101 25,567 1,242 24,325 1,534 5.7 5.2 43,080 August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,525 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788												
August 70,329 26,804 38.1 26,773 25,316 1,041 24,275 1,457 5.4 5.3 43,525 September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788					27,257							
September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788												
												43,706
					27.365	25.926		25.149	1,438		5.4	43,240
November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,926 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 December 70,737 27,329 38.6 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408	December	70,737	27,329	38.6	27,296	26,134	539	25,595	1,162	4.3	5.1	43,240 43,408

1See footnote 1, table A-1. 2See footnote 3, table A-1. 3See footnote 4, table A-1. 4See footnote 5, table A-1.

Table A-3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex

(In thousands)

	L	Total			Male		Female			
Employment status	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	
Total	137,226	137,043	135,135	66,489	66,406	65,516	70,737	70,638	69,619	
Total labor force	78,477	78,598	76,567	51,148	51,200	50,480	27,329	27,398	26,086	
Civilian labor force		75,803	73,841	48,340	48,438	47,784	27,296	27,365	26,056	
Employed		72,837	70,375	46,615	46,910	45,645	26,134	25,926	24,730	
Agriculture		4,128	3,785	3,106	3,351	3,247	539	777	538	
Nonagricultural industries		68,709	66,590	43,509	43,559	42,398	25,595	25,149	24,192	
Unemployed		2,966	3,466	1,726	1,528	2,139	1,162	1,438	1,327	
Looking for full-time work		2,196	2,757	1,352	1,172	1,763	859	1,024	994	
Looking for part-time work	676	770	709	373	356	376	303	414	333	
Not in labor force		58,445	58,568	15,340	15,205	15,035	43,408	43,240	43,533	

Table A-4: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

	The	usands of per	sons	Un	employment rai	e	Percent distribution			
Age and sex	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	
Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	
fale	1,726	1,528	2,139	3.6	3.2	4.5	59.8	51.5	61.8	
14 ro 19 years	476	420	464	12.4	10,9	14.1	16.5	14.1	13.4	
14 and 15 years	72	60	47	12.1	9.3	9.2	2.5	2.0	1.4	
16 to 19 years	405	359	417	12.4	11.3	15.0	14.0	12.1	12.0	
20 to 24 years	250	233	351	5.3	4.9	7.3	8.7	7.9	10.1	
25 to 34 years	270	212	378	2.7	2.1	3.8	9.4	7.1	10.9	
35 to 44 years	239	210	330	2.2	1.9	3.0	8.3	7.1	9.5	
45 to 54 years	227	189	314	2.3	1.9	3.1	7.9	6.4	9.1	
55 to 64 years	208	194	244	3.1	2.9	3.6	7.2	6.5	7.0	
65 years and over	56	71	60	2.7	3.5	2.9	1.9	2.4	1.7	
Gemale	1,162	1,438	1,327	4.3	5.3	5.1	40.2	48.5	38.2	
14 to 19 years	324	398	361	10.2	12.8	13.3	11.2	13.4	10.4	
14 and 15 years	30	17	11	6.9	3.8	2.9	1.0	.6	.3	
16 to 19 years	294	381	350	10.8	14.3	14.9	10.2	12.8	10.1	
20 to 24 years	180	253	210	5.2	7.3	6.4	6.2	8.5	6.1	
25 to 34 years	187	211	234	4.1	4.7	5.4	6.5	7.1	6.7	
35 to 44 years	214	260	248	3.7	4.5	4.4	7.4	8.8	7.2	
45 to 54 years	146	186	168	2.5	3.2	2.9	5.1	6.3	4.8	
55 to 64 years	75	101	86	2.1	2.8	2.5	2.6	3.4	2.5	
65 years and over	34	31	19	3.5	3.2	2.0	1.2	1.0	.5	

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

	ט	nemployment r	ate	Pe	rcent distribu	tion
Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
Total	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and salary workers	3.5	3.7	4.4	80.7	81.4	80.2
Agriculture	8.9	9.1	13.2	3.8	4.5	4.9
Nonagricultural industries	3.4	3.5	4.2	76.9	76.9	75.3
Mining, forestry, fisheries		2.6	6.3	1.2	.6	1.2
Construction		6.5	12.7	11.2	9.4	14.4
Manufacturing	3.4	3.5	4.2	23.8	23.6	23.2
Durable goods	2.9	3.0	4.0	11.3	11.5	12.2
Nondurable goods		4.2	4.6	12.5	12.2	11.0
Transportation and public utilities	2.6	1.9	2.4	4.3	3.0	3.2
Wholesale and retail trade		4.1	4.5	16.4	17.0	15.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.1	2.3	1.4
Service industries	2.9	3.5	3.2	16.1	18.7	14.2
Public administration	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.3
Self-employed and unpaid family workers	1.2	.7	1.1	3.7	2.2	3.2
No previous work experience			-	15.6	16.4	16.6
14 to 19 years		_	-	12.7	13.4	13.0
20 years and over		-	-	2.8	3.0	3.6

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

	Un	employment ra	te	P	ercent distribu	tion
Occupation	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
Total	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
White-collar workers	1.9	2.1	1.9	22.7	23.6	18.4
Professional and technical	1.3	1.3	1.0	4.2	3.9	2.6
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1.0	1.2	1.3	2.5	2.9	2.8
Clerical workers	2.6	2.9	3.0	10.7	11.5	9.5
Sales workers	2.9	3.1	2.4	5.3	5.2	3.5
Blue-collar workers	4.6	4.2	6.0	44.0	39.7	47.0
Craftsmen and foremen	3.2	2.5	4.7	10.7	8.2	12.8
Operatives	4.4	4.4	5.6	22.0	21.4	22.5
Nonfarm laborers	8.3	7.6	10.7	11.3	10.2	11.8
Service workers	3.9	4.7	4.8	13.5	16.0	13.3
Private household workers	3.0	4.5	3.1	2.6	3.8	2.3
Other service workers	4.2	4.8	5.3	10.9	12.2	11.0
Farm workers	3.4	3.2	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.7
Farmers and farm managers	•8	•5	1.0	.6	.3	.6
Farm laborers and foremen	7.1	6.3	9.2	3.6	3.9	4.1
No previous work experience	-	-	-	15.6	16.4	16.6

Table A-7: Unemployed persons, by color, marital status, and household relationship

	Th	ousands of per	sons	Un	employment re	ite	P	ercent distrib	ition
Characteristics	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
COLOR									
Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
White, total	2,289	2,328	2,750	3.4	3.5	4.2	79.3	78.5	79.3
Male	1,423	1,205	1,722	3.3	2.8	4.0	49.3	40.6	49.7
Female	866	1,123	1,028	3.6	4.7	4.5	30.0	37.9	29.7
Nonwhite, total	598	638	716	7.1	7.5	8.8	20.7	21.5	20.7
Male	303	323	418	6.2	6.5	8.7	10.5	10.9	12.1
Female	296	315	299	8.4	8.7	8.8	10.2	10.6	8.6
MARITAL STATUS			1						
Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	1,726	1,528	2,139	3.6	3.2	4.5	59.8	51.5	61.7
Married, wife present		676	1.061	2.0	1.8	2.9	26.1	22.8	30.6
Single	810	692	878	9.6	8.3	10.8	28.0	23.3	25.3
14 to 19 years	462	414	447	12.8	11.4	14.3	16.0	13.9	12.9
20 years and over		278	431	7.2	5.8	8.6	12.0	9.4	12.4
Other marital status		161	200	6.6	6.1	8.2	5.6	5.4	5.8
Female	1,162	1,438	1,327	4.3	5.3	5.1	40.2	48.5	38.3
Married, husband present		691	590	3.5	4.5	4.1	18.6	23.3	17.0
Single		474	438	5.8	7.2	7.0	13.1	16.0	12.6
14 to 19 years		325	296	9.7	12.0	12.4	9.2	11.0	8.5
20 years and over		150	142	2.9	3.9	3.7	3.9	5.1	4.1
Other marital status		273	299	4.5	5.0	5.6	8.5	9.2	8.6
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP							[
Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	3.8	3.9	4.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Household head		1,015	1,420	2.3	2.2	3.1	36.5	34.2	41.0
Living with relatives		794	1,185	2.1	2.0	3.0	29.5	26.8	34.2
Not living with relatives	204	221	235	3.8	4.1	4.4	7.1	7.5	6.8
Wife of head	517	665	570	3.5	4.4	4.0	17.9	22.4	16.4
Other relative of head		1,220	1,386	9.2	9.0	10.8	43.0	41.1	40.0
Non-relative of head		66	90	5.3	4.7	6.4	2.5	2.2	2.6

Table A-8: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

	Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution				Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution		
Duration of unemployment	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Category	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	2,888	2,966	3,466	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 5 weeks	1,442	1,620	1,630	49.9	54.6	47.0							Γ.
to 14 weeks	846	815	1,034	29.3	27.5	29.8	Persons on temporary		1		l		į
5 and 6 weeks	259	215	295	9.0	7.2	8.5	layoff	115	108	103	4.0	3.6	3.0
7 to 10 weeks	355	374	445	12.3	12.6	12.8							ł
11 to 14 weeks	233	226	294	8.1	7.6	8.5	Persons scheduled to begin				l		
5 weeks and over	600	531	802	20.8	17.9	23.2	new jobs within 30 days.	66	97	106	2.3	3.3	3.1
15 to 26 weeks	334	257	416	11.6	8.7	12.0					ŀ		
27 weeks and over	266	274	387	9.2	9.2	11.2	All other unemployed	2,707	2,761	3,257	93.7	93.1	94.0
Average (mean) duration,	11.6	11.1	12.8	i -	-	l -	1		1		1	1	1

Table A-9: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

Percent distribution In each group Percent distribution Percent distribut			Unemployed 15	weeks and over			Unemployed 27	weeks and ove	ī	Civilian labor
INDUSTRY	Characteristics			Percent di	stribution			Percent d	istribution	force (percent distribution)
Experienced wage and salary workers. 20.0 22.4 77.5 77.7 9.3 11.2 100.0 100.										
Experienced wage and salary workers. 120.0 22.4 77.5 77.7 9.3 11.2 81.3 80.6 87.2 Agriculture 16.5 13.5 3.0 2.9 4.6 7.6 1.9 3.4 1.6 Nonagricultural industries 20.2 23.0 74.5 74.9 9.5 11.5 79.4 3.4 1.6 Mining, torestry, fisheries. 11.0 11.1 1.2 1.7 1.0 1.0 3.0 2.3 8.6 Mining, torestry, fisheries. 20.2 23.0 74.5 74.9 9.5 11.5 79.4 7.3 85.6 Mining, torestry, fisheries. 20.6 9.4 7.2 5.8 3.7 4.0 4.5 5.2 5.4 Manufacturing. 20.6 25.1 23.5 25.1 8.0 11.1 20.6 23.3 26.5 Nondurable goods 23.1 30.0 12.5 15.8 6.8 15.1 8.2 16.5 15.0 Nondurable goods 18.3 19.7 11.0 9.3 9.1 6.8 15.1 24.4 6.7 11.5 Transportation and public utilities 28.5 27.0 5.8 3.7 13.0 16.2 6.0 4.7 6.2 Wholesale and retail trade 20.8 24.3 16.5 16.2 9.7 12.3 17.2 17.1 16.6 Finance, insurance, and retail reade 20.8 24.3 16.5 16.2 9.7 12.3 17.2 17.1 16.6 Finance, insurance, and retail reade 20.8 24.3 16.5 16.2 9.7 12.3 17.2 17.1 16.6 Self-employed and uspaid entary and uspaid family workers 26.9 27.0 4.8 3.7 21.3 14.4 8.6 4.1 12.2 No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6.0 No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6.0 No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6.0 Mining and technical 21.3 (11) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (1) 6.0 3.9 12.2 Managers, officials, and proprietors (11) (11) 2.7 3.0 (11) (11) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Professional and technical 21.3 (11) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (11) 6.0 3.9 12.2 Managers, officials, and proprietors (11) (11) 2.7 3.0 (11) (11) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Clerical workers 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 No slee workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 No Res 20.4 12.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.5 5.1 13.3 10.1 (11) 1.9 3.1 13.3 13.3 13.3 13.3 13.3 13.3 1	INDUSTRY									
salary workers. 20.0 22.4 77.5 77.7 9.3 11.2 81.3 80.6 87.2 Agriculture 16.5 13.5 3.0 2.9 4.6 7.6 1.9 3.4 1.6 Nonagricultural industries 20.2 23.0 74.5 74.9 9.5 11.5 79.4 77.3 85.6 Mining, forestry, fisheries (1) (1) 1.2 1.7 (1) (1) 3.0 2.3 8 Construction 13.6 9.4 7.3 5.8 3.7 4.0 4.5 5.2 5.8 Durable goods 18.3 19.7 11.0 9.3 9.1 16.8 12.4 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.8 12.4 16.5 16.7 11.5 Transportation and public utilities 28.5 27.0 5.8 3.7 13.0 16.2 6.0 4.7 6.2 Wholesale and retail trade 20.8 24.3 16.5 19.3 12.8	Total	20.8	23.1	100.0	100.0	9.2	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
salary workers. 20.0 22.4 77.5 77.7 9.3 11.2 81.3 80.6 87.2 Agricultural industries 16.5 13.5 3.0 2.9 4.6 7.6 1.9 3.4 1.6 Nonagricultural industries 20.2 23.0 74.5 74.9 9.5 11.5 79.4 77.3 85.6 Mining, forestry, fisheries (1) (1) 1.2 1.7 (1) (1) 3.0 2.3 8 Construction 13.6 9.4 7.3 5.8 3.7 4.0 4.5 5.2 5.8 Durable goods 23.1 30.0 12.5 15.8 6.8 15.1 8.2 16.5 16.5 Nondurable goods 18.3 19.7 11.0 9.3 9.1 16.2 6.0 4.7 11.5 Tansportation and public utilities 28.5 27.0 5.8 3.7 13.0 16.2 6.0 4.7 11.6 6.7	Experienced wage and									ł
Agriculture			22.4	77.5	77.7	9.3	11.2	81.3	80.6	87.2
Nongricultural industries 20-2 23.6 74.5 74.9 9.5 11.5 79.4 77.3 85.6 Mining, forestry, fisheries. (1) (1) 1.2 1.7 (1) (1) 3.0 2.3 8 8 6.0 Mining, forestry, fisheries. (1) (1) 1.2 1.7 (1) (1) 3.0 2.3 8 8 6.0 Mining, forestry, fisheries. (1) 20.6 25.1 23.5 25.1 8.0 11.1 20.6 23.3 26.5 Durable goods 23.1 30.0 12.5 15.8 6.8 15.1 8.2 16.5 15.0 Nondurable goods 18.3 19.7 11.0 9.3 9.1 6.8 12.4 6.7 11.5 Transportation and public utilities 28.5 27.0 5.8 3.7 13.0 16.2 6.0 4.7 6.2 17.5 Wholesale and retail trade 20.8 24.3 16.5 16.2 9.7 12.3 17.2 17.1 16.6 Finance, insutance, and real eatate, and service industries 21.2 28.6 18.5 19.3 12.8 14.6 25.1 20.4 25.1 Public administration (1) (1) 1.8 3.0 (1) (1) 3.0 4.4 5.0 Self-employed and unpaid family workers 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6.6 OCCUPATION Total 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 1	Agriculture		13.5	3.0	2.9	4.6	7.6	1.9	3.4	
Construction	Nonagricultural industries		23.0	74.5	74.9	9.5	11.5	79.4	77.3	
Construction 13,6 9,4 7,3 5,8 3,7 4,0 4,5 5,2 5,4	Mining, forestry, fisheries,	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.7	(1)	(1)		2.3	
Durable goods 23.1 30.0 12.5 15.8 6.8 15.1 8.2 16.5 15.0	Construction		9.4	7.3	5.8	3.7	4.0	4.5	5.2	
Durable goods	Manufacturing	20.6	25.1	23.5	25.1	8.0	11.1	20.6	23.3	26.5
Transportation and public utilities			30.0	12.5	15.8	6.8	15.1	8.2	16.5	
Transportation and public utilities	Nondurable goods	18.3	19.7	11.0	9.3	9.1	6.8	12.4	6.7	11.5
Wholesale and retail trade 20.8 24.3 16.5 16.2 9.7 12.3 17.2 17.1 16.6 Finance, insurance, and real estate, and service industries 21.2 28.6 18.5 19.3 12.8 14.6 25.1 20.4 25.1 Public administration (1) (1) 1.8 3.0 (1) (1) 3.0 4.4 5.0 Self-employed and unpaid family workers 26.9 27.0 4.8 3.7 21.3 14.4 8.6 4.1 12.2 No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6 OCCUPATION Total 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Philips and the chain and proprietors (1) (1) 1.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7 (1.5 8.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 (1.6 15.8 Sales workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 (1.6 15.8 Sales workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 (1.6 15.8 Sales workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 (1.6 15.8 Sales workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 7.1 9.3 12.2 (1.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfam laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers 18.7 18.6 10.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers 11.9 14.3 13.5 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Cher service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Cher service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Cher service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Cher service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Cher service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 12.6 5.2 2.7 14.1 12.5 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9										
Finance, insurance, and real estate, and service industries. 21.2 28.6 18.5 19.3 12.8 14.6 25.1 20.4 25.1 Public administration. (1) (1) 1.8 3.0 (1) (1) 3.0 4.4 5.0 Self-employed and unpaid family workers. 26.9 27.0 4.8 3.7 21.3 14.4 8.6 4.1 12.2 No previous work experience. 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 .6 OCCUPATION Total. 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 10	utilities				3.7	13.0	16.2	6.0	4.7	6.2
estate, and service industries. 21.2 28.6 18.5 19.3 12.8 14.6 25.1 20.4 25.1	Wholesale and retail trade	20.8	24.3	16.5	16.2	9.7	12.3	17.2	17.1	16.6
Public administration (1) (1) 1.8 3.0 (1) (1) 3.0 4.4 5.0 Self-employed and unpaid family workers 26.9 27.0 4.8 3.7 21.3 14.4 8.6 4.1 12.2 No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 6.6 OCCUPATION Totel 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0	Finance, insurance, and real		1							
Self-employed and unpaid family workers	estate, and service industries		28.6		19.3	12.8	14.6	25.1	20.4	25.1
Total	Public administration	(1)	(1)	1.8	3.0	(1)	(1)	3.0	4.4	5.0
Total	Self-employed and uppaid									
OCCUPATION Total 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 22 11.0		26.9	27.0	4.8	3.7	21.3	14.4	8.6	4.1	12.2
OCCUPATION Total 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 100.0 100.0 White-collar workers 23.6 31.9 25.8 25.3 11.7 17.6 28.8 28.9 44.7 Professional and technical 21.3 (1) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (1) 6.0 3.9 12.2 Managers, officials, and proprietors (1) (1) 2.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Clerical workers 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.43 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5	,									
Total 20.8 23.1 100.0 100.0 9.2 11.2 100.0 44.4 7.1 7.1 4.2 4.2 4.3 11.1 11.2 11.2 10.0 11.9 12.2 17.5 12.0 17.6 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 10.4	No previous work experience	23.5	25.9	17.6	18.6	6.0	10.3	10.1	15.2	•6
White-collar workers. 23.6 31.9 25.8 25.3 11.7 17.6 28.8 28.9 44.7 Professional and technical 21.3 (1) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (1) 6.0 3.9 12.2 Managers, officials, and proprietors (1) (1) (1) 2.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Clerical workers. 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers. 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen. 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives. 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9	OCCUPATION		,							
Professional and technical. 21.3 (1) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (1) 6.0 3.9 12.2 Managers, officials, and proprietors (1) (1) 2.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Clerical workers 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Other service workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 5. (1) (1) 2.6 5.5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9	Total	20.8	23.1	100.0	100.0	9.2	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional and technical 21.3 (1) 4.3 3.1 13.1 (1) 6.0 3.9 12.2	White-collar workers	23.6	31.9	25.8	25.3	11.7	17.6	28.8	28.9	44.7
Managers, officials, and proprietors (1) (1) 2.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7 Clerical workers 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Other service workers		21.3		4.3		13.1		_	1	
Proprietors (1) (1) 2.7 3.0 (1) (1) 1.9 3.1 9.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1	1 1 7		3.,	1
Clerical workers. 22.7 38.7 11.7 15.8 10.4 20.7 12.0 17.6 15.8 Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers <t< td=""><td></td><td>(1)</td><td>(1)</td><td>2.7</td><td>3.0</td><td>(1)</td><td>(1)</td><td>1.9</td><td>3.1</td><td>9.7</td></t<>		(1)	(1)	2.7	3.0	(1)	(1)	1.9	3.1	9.7
Sales workers 27.9 22.0 7.2 3.4 15.6 13.8 9.0 4.4 7.1 Blue-collar workers 19.0 17.9 40.2 36.2 9.1 7.5 43.1 31.8 36.8 Craftsmen and foremen 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8<		22.7	38.7	11.7		10.4		-		
Blue-collar workers		27.9	22.0	7.2		15.6				
Craftsmen and foremen. 14.3 12.7 7.3 7.0 8.1 6.6 9.4 7.5 12.7 Operatives. 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8.8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		19.0	17.9	40.2		9.1		43.1		
Operatives 21.4 20.4 22.7 19.8 11.2 7.4 26.6 15.0 18.9 Nonfarm laborers 18.7 18.6 10.2 9.5 5.8 8,8 7.1 9.3 5.2 Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farm laborers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 1.9 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		14.3		7.3		8.1				
Nonfarm laborers		21.4	20.4	22.7		11.2				
Service workers 18.7 30.0 12.2 17.2 9.5 17.8 13.9 21.2 13.3 Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		18.7		10.2		5.8				
Private household workers (1) (1) 4.3 3.1 (1) (1) 3.7 3.1 3.3 Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		18.7	30.0	12.2		9.5			1	13.3
Other service workers 14.9 29.6 7.8 14.1 8.6 18.3 10.1 18.1 10.0 Farm workers 20.8 13.5 4.2 2.7 9.2 6.7 4.1 2.8 4.6 Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		(1)		4.3		(1)				3.3
Farm workers		14.9	29.6	7.8		8.6				
Farmers and farm managers (1) (1) 1.7 .5 (1) (1) 2.6 .5 2.7 Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		20.8	13.5	4.2		9.2		4.1		
Farm laborers and foremen 14.4 12.7 2.5 2.2 3.8 6.3 1.5 2.3 1.9		(1)		1.7		(1)				-
	,	14.4	1	2.5		3,8	1 1			
No previous work experience 23.5 25.9 17.6 18.6 6.0 10.3 10.1 15.2 .6	1	23.5	25.9	17.6		6.0		10.1		.6

¹Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

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HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-10: Long-term unemployed by sex, age, color, and marital status

	υ	nemployed 15	weeks and ov	er	יט	nemployed 27	weeks and ove	r	Civilian labor forc
Characteristics		unemployed a group	Percent d	istribution	Percent of to		Percent di	stribution	(percent distribution
Characteristics	Dec. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965
AGE									
Total	20.8	23.1	100.0	100.0	9.2	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
ale	19.8	21.0	57.2	56.2	9.0	10.7	58.6	58.8	63.9
14 to 19 years	14.7	20.9	11.7	12.1	3.6	7.1	6.4	8.5	5.1
20 to 24 years	12.8	15.7	5.3	6.9	2.8	5.4	2.6	4.9	6.3
25 to 44 years	19.3	16.4	16.3	14.5	9.0	8.5	17.3	15.5	27.7
45 years and over	29.1	29.5	23.8	22.7	17.5	18.8	32.3	29.9	24.9
male	22.2	26.5	42.8	43.8	9.5	12.0	41.4	41.2	36.1
14 to 19 years	20.1	19.1	10.8	8.6	1.2	6.9	1.5	6.4	4.2
20 to 24 years	12.2	28.6	3.7	7.5	8.3	12.9	5.6	7.0	4.6
25 to 44 years	22.1	26.0	14.8	15.6	11.7	11.9	17.7	14.7	13.6
45 years and over	31.6	35.4	13.5	12.1	17.2	18.6	16.5	13.1	13.7
,						,			
COLOR									
Total	20.8	23.1	100.0	100.0	9.2	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
ite, total	19.1	22.1	73.0	75.7	9.0	10.1	78.2	72.3	88.9
Male	19.7	20.4	46.7	43.9	9.5	9.8	50.8	43.5	57.5
Female	18.2	24.8	26.3	31.8	8.4	10.8	27.4	28.8	31.5
onwhite, total	27.1	27.4	27.0	24.3	9.7	14.9	21.8	27.7	11.1
Male	20.5	23.4	10.3	12.2	6.9	14.1	7.9	15.3	6.5
Female	33.8	32.4	16.7	12.1	12.5	16.1	13.9	12.4	4.6
MARITAL STATUS							ļ	ł	
Total	20.8	23.1	100.0	100.0	9.2	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
ile	19.8	21.0	57.2	56.2	9.0	10.7	58.6	58.8	63.9
	20.8	20.0	26.1	26.4	12.3	12.3	35.1	33.9	49.5
Married, wife present	17.4	20.7	23.6	22.7	5.8	6.9	17.4	15.8	11.2
Single	15.2	21.0	11.8	11.7	3.7	6.9	6.4	8.0	4.8
14 to 19 years	20.4	20.4	11.8	11.0	8.3	7.0	10.9	7.8	6.4
20 years and over	27.3	28.0	7.3	7.0	9.9	18.0	6.0	9.3	3.2
Orher mariral status	22.2	26.5	42.8	43.8	9.5	12.0	41.4	41.2	36.1
male	21.7	25.3	19.4	18.6	10.2	9.8	20.8	15.0	20.2
Married, husband present	20.6	26.3	13.0	14.3	4.0	12.8	5.7	14.5	8.7
Single	21.7	21.3	9.5	7.9	1.5	7.4	1.5	5.7	3.7
14 to 19 years	18.8	36.6	3.5	6.5	9.8	23.9	4.2	8.8	5.0
20 years and over	25.7	29.4	10.5	11.0	16.3	15.1	15.1	11.6	7.2
Other marital status	25.7	27.4	10.5	1 11.0	10.3	13.1	1.0.1	11.0	1 '**

Table A-11: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex

Age and sex		ng for full-time ousands of pers			ng for part-time usands of perso			for part-time w unemployed in	
	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.
	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964
Total	2,211	2,196	2,757	676	770	709	23.4	26.0	20.5
Male	1,352	1,172	1,763	373	356	376	21.6	23.3	17.6
	186	151	218	290	268	246	60.9	64.0	53.0
Going to school All other. 20 to 24 years.	17	8	21	279	257	242	94.3	97.0	92.0
	169	143	199	12	11	6	6.6	7.1	2.9
	220	197	313	29	36	38	11.6	15.5	10.8
25 to 54 years	710	598	977	26	15	44	3.5	2.4	4.3
	236	225	255	29	40	51	10.9	15.1	16.7
Female	859	1,024	994	303	414	333	26.1	28.8	25.1
	169	207	199	155	192	162	47.8	48.1	44.9
Going to school	15	11	13	145	163	151	90.6	93.7	92.1
	154	195	187	12	29	11	7.2	12.9	5.6
	144	193	175	36	60	35	20.0	23.7	16.7
20 to 24 years	464	531	540	85	125	109	15,5	19.1	16.8
	83	94	80	26	37	26	23.9	28.2	24.5

Table A-12: Total labor force, by age and sex

Age and sex	Thous	ands of pe	rsons		Labor force ticipation r	
	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
Total	78,477	78,598		57.2	57.4	56.7
fale	51,148	51,200	50,480	76.9	77.1	77.0
14 to 19 years	4,209	4,187	3,787	39.9	39.9	37.6
14 and 15 years	593	645	512	16.5	18.0	14.5
16 and 17 years		1,417	1,287	40.6	40.2	36.0
18 and 19 years		2,124	1,988	64.0	62.8	67.1
20 to 24 years	5,933	5,936	5,746	86.7	87.0	87.2
25 to 34 years	10,629	10,656	10,589	96.9	97.2	97.0
35 to 44 years	11,453	11,463	11,494	97.4	97.4	97.0
45 to 54 years	10,124	10,176	10,075	95.1	95.7	95.5
55 to 64 years	6,755	6,732	6,749	84.0	83.8	85.0
55 to 59 years	3,928	3,926	3,899	89.6	89.7	90.1
60 to 64 years	2,827	2,806	2,850	77.2	76.7	78.9
65 years and over	2,045	2,049	2,041	26.6	26.6	26.8
Female	27,329	27,398	26,086	38.6	38.8	37.5
14 to 19 years	3,181	3,120	2,729	30.9	30.4	27.7
14 and 15 years	440	444	376	12.6	12.7	11.0
16 and 17 years	1,000	991	927	29.1	28.8	26.6
18 and 19 years	1,740	1,686	1,426	51.8	50.7	48.7
20 to 24 years	3,493	3,491	3,301	51.0	51.1	49.8
25 to 34 years		4,515	4,309	40.2	40.1	38.3
35 to 44 years	5,752	5,774	5,619	46.6	46.7	45.1
45 to 54 years		5,863		51.2	52.0	51.5
55 to 64 years	3,630	3,653		41.2	41.5	39.8
55 to 59 years		2,241		46.7	47.4	45.0
60 to 64 years	1,419	1,412		34.8	34.7	33.8
65 years and over	971	979	953	9.8	9.9	9.8

Table A-13: Employed persons, by age and sex

	Female	
Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
5,134	25,926	24,730
2,851	2,717	2,362
3,300	3,225	3,081
4,327	4,296	4,069
5,534	5,512	5,367
5,631	5,675	5,561
3,555	3,554	3,357
937	949	932
5,595	25,149	24,192
2,804	2,629	2,324
3,266	3,187	3,047
4,263	4,210	3,994
5,416	5,339	5,231
5,502	5,492	5,443
3,440	3,396	3,268
904	897	886
539	777	538
47	88	39
35	38	34
64	85	75
118	173	136
127	184	118
115	158	89
33	52	47
	115	115 158

Table A-14: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

			(In thousar	ıds)					
		Total			Male			Female	
Characteristics	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964
CLASS OF WORKER									
Total Nonagricultural industries Wage and salary workers Private household workers Government workers Other wage and salary workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers Agriculture Wage and salary workers Self-employed workers	72,749 69,103 62,497 2,596 10,023 49,878 6,009 597 3,645 1,118 2,029	72,837 68,709 62,075 2,641 9,820 49,614 6,053 581 4,128 1,355 2,137	70,375 66,590 59,687 2,581 9,645 47,461 6,307 596 3,785 1,114 2,168	46,615 43,509 38,841 233 5,803 32,805 4,614 53 3,106 980 1,907	46,910 43,559 38,909 257 5,731 32,921 4,593 57 3,351 1,126 1,995	45,645 42,398 37,414 241 5,678 31,495 4,908 76 3,247 995 2,061	26,134 25,595 23,656 2,362 4,220 17,074 1,395 544 539 138 121	25,926 25,149 23,166 2,384 4,089 16,693 1,460 524 777 229 142 407	24,730 24,192 22,273 2,339 3,967 15,967 1,399 520 538 119
Unpaid family workers	499	637	503	219	230	191	280	407	312
OCCUPATION Total White-collar workers. Professional and technical. Managers, officials, and proprietors Clerical workers Sales workers Blue-collar workers Craftsmen and foremen Operatives Nonfarm laborers Service workers. Private household workers Other service workers Farm workers Farm workers Farm boorers and foremen	72,749 33,153 9,095 7,250 11,623 5,185 26,560 9,283 13,648 3,628 9,665 2,396 7,269 3,372 2,014 1,358	72,837 32,498 9,151 7,026 11,463 4,858 26,915 9,466 13,773 3,676 9,603 2,432 7,171 3,819 2,095 1,724	70,375 32,255 9,071 7,448 10,766 4,970 25,409 8,918 13,084 3,407 9,178 2,407 6,771 3,530 2,135 1,395	46,615 18,155 5,668 6,153 3,332 3,002 22,222 9,047 9,653 3,522 3,356 60 3,296 2,882 1,899 983	46,910 17,908 5,711 5,977 3,274 2,946 22,626 9,227 9,830 3,569 3,268 58 3,210 3,106 1,961 1,145	45,645 18,083 5,667 6,398 3,120 2,898 21,260 8,650 9,301 3,309 3,264 64 3,200 3,036 2,030 1,006	26,134 15,000 3,427 1,097 8,292 2,184 4,336 236 3,995 105 6,309 2,336 3,973 489 115 374	25,926 14,587 3,439 1,048 8,189 1,911 4,290 239 3,944 107 6,336 2,375 3,961 713 134 579	24,730 14,171 3,403 1,050 7,646 2,072 4,150 268 3,784 98 5,914 2,344 3,570 497 106

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Table A-15: Employed persons, by hours worked

(In thousands)

er Lud		All industrie	s	Nonag	gricultural indu	stries	Agriculture			
Hours worked	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Dec. 1964	
Total	72,749	72,837	70,735	69,103	68,709	66,590	3,645	4,128	3,785	
ith a job but not at work		2,311 70,525	2,192 68,182	1,850 67,254	2,167 66,542	1,975 64,615	170 3,476	145 3,983	218 3,567	
1-34 hours	13,568	18,406 1,058	13,645 981	12,447 912	17,195 995	12,298 928	1,121 53	1,211 63	1,349	
1-4 hours	3,705	3,832	3,541	3,418	3,540	3,238 8,131	29 0 779	291 859	304 993	
15-34 hours	57,162	13,516 52,120	54,536 9,123	8,114 54,807	12,657 49,347	52,317	2,353	2,773	2,220	
35-40 hours	0/ 0/0	28,966 23,154 39.7	31,671 22,865 40.2	32,330 22,477 40.2	28,341 21,006 39.3	31,066 21,251 40.1	583 1,770 43.8	625 2,148 45.6	1,615 41.4	

Table A-16: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

All industries Nonagricultural industries Full- or part-time status 1965 1965 1964 1965 1965 1964 72.837 70.375 69,103 68,709 66,590 72,749 2,020 2,311 2,192 1,850 2.167 1.975 With a job but not at work..... 70,525 59,297 52,120 68,182 57,247 54,536 64,615 54,702 52,317 70,729 67.254 66,542 56,350 56,946 54,807 59,512 On full-time schedules 57,162 49,347 7,003 259 2,350 7,177 2,711 2,139 2,385 495 713 346 341 248 Industrial dispute..... 237 289 263 226 281 260 847 230 999 888 972 857 819 228 4,824 65 692 61 4.814 750 1,746 830 620 579 All other reasons 2,301 1,223

1,971 955

24.0

1,016

9,258

23.0

1,078 17.9

8,634

1,627 761

22.6

866

17.6

8,682

24.3

916 17.2

8,445

1.989 1,021

23.3

17.7

7.924

968

1,911 956

22.1

955

17.7

9,308

Table A-17: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

Nonagricultural industries Wage and salary workers All industries Total Reason not working Number Percent paid Nov. Dec. 1965 1964 1965 1965 1964 1965 1965 1964 1965 1964 1965 44.3 2,020 2.311 2.192 1.850 2.167 .975 .597 1,848 1,639 44.6 45.6 104 (1) (1) (1) 175 23 465 29 444 23 450 29 411 34 507 23 29 34 34 568 559 465 416 86.9 79.7 89.4 910 1,045 958 863 998 906 776 889 811 36.7 36.9 553 611 572 473 550 491 349 399 335 18.3 22.1 14.6 All other reasons.........

On part time for economic reasons......

^{1/} Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-18: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex

December 1965

(In thousands)

				(In t	nousands)	' . .							
	Total lab	oor force			Civilian l	abor force				Not i	n labor fo	rce	
					Employed		Unem	ployed					
Age, sex, and color	Number	Percent of population	Total	Total	Agri- cul- ture	Nonagri- cultural indus- tries	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	In school	Unable to work	Other
Male	51,148	76.9	48,340	46,615	3,106	43,509	1,726	3.6	15,340	154	7,054	1,108	7,025
14 and 15 years	593 1,430 2,186 5,933 5,382 5,247 5,681	16.5 40.6 64.0 86.7 96.1 97.7 98.4	593 1,390 1,865 4,729 4,938 4,916 5,447	521 1,174 1,677 4,479 4,771 4,813 5,326	97 126 104 180 200 216 252	424 1,048 1,574 4,299 4,571 4,597 5,075	72 217 188 250 167 103 121	12.1 15.6 10.1 5.3 3.4 2.1 2.2	3,006 2,093 1,230 907 215 121 93	3 15 - 4 - 2 2	2,971 1,999 1,112 784 129 38 3	10 18 30 26 23 39	27 69 100 89 59 59 48
40 to 44 years	5,772 5,294 4,830 3,928 2,827 1,160 885	96.4 95.5 94.7 89.6 77.2 41.0 18.2	5,632 5,225 4,809 3,925 2,826 1,160 885	5,514 5,110 4,697 3,811 2,732 1,117 873	321 298 353 292 300 182 187	5,193 4,813 4,344 3,519 2,432 935 685	118 115 112 114 94 43 13	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.9 3.3 3.7 1.4	217 249 268 455 834 1,667 3,984	4 4 7 2 9 29 71	5 7 1 1 1 -	71 91 79 139 161 110 305	136 147 181 312 663 1,528 3,606
White	46,028 5,121	77.2 74.5	43,457 4,883	42,034 4,581	2,725 382	39,310 4,199	1,423 303	3.3 6.2	13,588 1,753	138 16	6,164 889	946 162	6,339 685
Female	27,329	38.6	27,296	26,134	539	25,595	1,162	4.3	43,408	35,099	6,823	700	786
14 and 15 years. 16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 55 to 69 years	440 1,000 1,740 3,493 2,338 2,184 2,692 3,060 3,041 2,738 2,211 1,419	12.6 29.1 51.8 51.0 40.8 39.5 44.7 48.3 51.7 50.6 46.7 34.8 17.5	440 1,000 1,734 3,480 2,333 2,181 2,690 3,058 3,040 2,737 2,211 1,419 593	410 880 1,560 3,300 2,242 2,085 2,605 2,929 2,972 2,659 2,171 1,384	7 28 12 35 28 36 71 47 74 53 73 42	403 852 1,548 3,266 2,214 2,049 2,534 2,882 2,897 2,605 2,099 1,341 553	30 120 174 180 91 96 85 129 68 78 43 35	6.9 12.0 10.0 5.2 3.9 4.4 3.2 4.2 2.2 2.9 1.8 2.5 4.0	3,054 2,436 1,616 3,355 3,396 3,343 3,325 3,278 2,838 2,673 2,522 2,662 2,801	40 218 581 2,766 3,315 3,278 3,235 3,232 2,765 2,603 2,444 2,548 2,654	2,988 2,188 993 534 39 20 28 12 13 5 4	4 8 4 22 12 12 23 13 22 35 46 49 41	22 22 38 33 30 33 38 21 37 30 27 75
70 years and over	378 23,819	5.8 37.8	378 23,789	368	17 459	351 22,463	10 866	3.6	6,111	5,419 32,057	5,867	418 616	274 688
Nonwhite	3,510	45.6	3,507	3,211	80	3,132	296	8.4	4,180	3,042	956	84	98

Table A-19: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry

December 1965

(Percent distribution)

	(Fercent	distributi	011)							
	T	F	ull- or part-tir	ne status	_		Но	urs of w	ork	
		On		On part time						49
Industry	Total at	full- time	Econ reas		Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	hours
	work	sche- dules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	over
Total ¹	100.0	85.0	1.1	1.3	12.5	100.0	18.0	50.8	15.7	15.5
Construction Manufacturing. Durable goods Nondurable goods.	100.0	91.4 95.2 97.2 92.4	3.3 1.5 1.0 2.2	1.3 .4 .3	3.9 2.9 1.5 4.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	8.3	57.8 57.8 58.4 57.1		11.1 15.1 15.8 14.2
Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate Service industries.	100.0 100.0 100.0	93.5 75.7 90.3 72.3	1.4 .8 .4 .7	.8 1.5 .6 2.7	4.3 22.2 8.6 24.3	100.0	9.4 26.4 11.4 30.0	37.7	13.5 17.6 12.4 12.8	16.7 18.5 14.5 14.2

¹ Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-20: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation

December 1965

(Percent distribution)

			Full or p	art-time statu	s				Hours	of work	:		
	Tota	1	On	,	On part time								
Occupation	at work		full- time	Economic	reasons	Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours	Average hours, total	
	1 1		sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually Usually work work part time part time		work	hours	hours	hours	over	at work	
White-collar workers	32,352	100.0	86.0	.3	.6	13.1	100.0	16.5	48.2	13.9	21.4	41.4	
Professional and technical	8,913	100.0	89.0	.1	•5	10.4	100.0	13.8	48.6	14.6	23.0	41.8	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,033	100.0	95.7	.3	.0	3.9	100.0	6.5	32.4	17.3	43.7	49.4	
Clerical workers	11,356	100.0	84.0	.3	.6	15.0	100.0	18.7	63.3	11.2	6.7	37.6	
Sales workers	5,050	100.0	71.9	.5	1.2	26.3	100.0	29.4	35.7	14.1	20.7	37.9	
Blue-collar workers	25,738	100.0	90.2	2.3	1.3	6.2	100.0	14.1	51.9	18.2	15.8	41.1	
Craftsmen and foremen	9,015	100.0	95.2	1.6	.7	2.5	100.0	9.4	53.3	20.0	17.3	42.4	
Operatives	13,224	100.0	90.8	2.5	.9	5.9	100.0	13.2	51.7	18.8	16.4	41.6	
Nonfarm laborers	3,499	100.0	76.0	3.2	3.9	17.0	100.0	29.4	49.3	11.7	9.7	35.6	
Service workers	9,426	100.0	64.2	1.1	3.9	30.8	100.0	38.3	36.5	13.1	12.1	34.0	
Private household workers	2,353	100.0	34.7	1.1	9.0	55.2	100.0	66.5	19:3	6.8	7.4	23.7	
Other service workers	7,073	100.0	74.0	1.1	2.2	22.6	100.0	28.8	42.3	15.2	13.6	37.4	

Table A-21: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color

December 1965

Occupation								nt distrib	ution			
•	l							White		1	onwhite	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	72,749	46,615	26,134	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Thite-collar workers		18,155		45.6	38.9	57.4	48.6	41.3	62.1	20.0	17.2	24.0
Professional and technical	9,095	5,668	3,427	12.5	12.2	13.1	13.2	12.9	13.8	6.8	5.8	8.4
Medical and other health	1,482	607	875	2.0	1.3	3.3	2.1	1.3	3,6	1.2	.9	1.6
Teachers, except college	1,995	551	1,444	2.7	1.2	5.5	2.8	1.2	5.7	2.2	.9	4.2
Other professional and technical	5,618	4,510	1,108	7.7	9.7	4.2	8.2	10.3	4.5	3.4	4.0	2.5
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,250	6,153	1,097	10.0	13.2	4.2	10.8	14.3	4.6	2.6	3.4	1.5
Salaried workers	4,382	3,729	653	6.0	8.0	2.5	6.6	8.7	2.8	1.1	1.4	.7
Self-employed workers in retail trade	1,345	1,057	288	1.8	2.3	1.1	2.0	2.4	1.2	.7	.9	.5
Self-employed workers, except retail trade	1,523	1,367	156	2.1	2.9	.6	2.3	3.1	.6	.8	1.1	.3
Clerical workers	11,623	3,332	8,292	16.0	7.1	31.7	16.9	7.2	34.5	8.6	6.4	11.6
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	3,064	41	3,024	4.2	.1	11.6	4.5	.1	12.7	1.5	.1	3.5
Other clerical workers	8,559	3,291	5,268	11.8	7.1	20.2	12.3	7.1	21.8	7.1	6.3	8.1
Sales workers	5,185	3,002	2,184	7.1	6.4	8.4	7.7	7.0	9.2	2.0	1.6	2,6
Retail trade	3,305	1,299	2,007	4.5	2.8	7.7	4.9	3.0	8.4	1.6	1.1	2.3
Other sales workers	1,880	1,703	177	2.6	3.7	.7	2.8	4.0	.7	.4	.5	.3
Blue-collar workers	26,560	22,222	4,336	36.5	47.7	16.6	35.9	46.4	16.7	41.8	59.9	16.1
Craftsmen, foremen	9,284	9,047	236	12.8	19.4	.9	13.4	20,2	.9	7.2	11.7	.7
Carpenters	889	886	3	1.2	1.9	(1)	1.3	2.0	(1)	.7	1.2	_
Construction craftsmen, except carpenters	1,828	1,812	15	2.5	3.9	`.í	2.6	4.0	`.1	1.8	3.1	-
Mechanics and repairmen	2,323	2,305	19	3.2	4.9	.1	3.3	5.1	.1	2.0	3.4	(1)
Metal craftsmen, except mechanics	1,151	1,139	11	1.6	2.4	(1)	1.7	2.6	(1)	.8	1.2	.1
Other craftsmen and kindred workers	1,852	1,748	104	2.5	3.7	.4	2.7	3.9	.4	1.3	2.1	.2
Foremen, not elsewhere classified	1,241	1,157	84	1.7	2.5	.3	1.8	2.7	.3	.6	.8	.4
Operatives	13,648	9,653	3,995	18.8	20.7	15.3	18.5	20.1	15.4	21.2	25.9	14.6
Drivers and deliverymen	2,510	2,459	52	3.5	5.3	.2	3.4	5.1	.2	4.1	6.8	.2
Other operatives	11,138	7,194	3,943	15.3	15.4	15.1	15.1	15.0	15.2	17.2	19.1	14.4
Durable goods manufacturing	4,489	3,374	1,115	6.2	7.2	4.3	6.2	7.2	4.5	5.6	7.8	2.4
Nondurable goods manufacturing	3,692	1,673	2,018	5.1	3.6	7.7	5.0	3.4	7.9	5.6	5.0	6.5
Other industries.	2,957	2,147	810	4.1	4.6	3.1	3.8	4.4	2.8	6.0	6.3	5.5
Nonfarm laborers	3,628	3,522	105	5.0	7.6	.4	4.0	6.0	4	13.3	22.2	7.7
Construction	713	709	103	1.0	1.5	(1)	.8	1.2	(i)	2.5	4.3	.1
Manufacturing	1,135	1,077	57	1.6	2.3	.2	1.2	1.8	.2	4.2	7.0	.2
Other industries	1,780	1,736	44	2.4	3.7	.2	1.9	2.9		6.6	11.0	.5
Service workers	9,665	3,356	6,309	13.3	7.2	24.1	10.9	6.3		32.8	15.4	57.6
Private household workers	2,396	60	2,336	3.3	1.1	8.9			5.8	13.1	.2	1
Service workers, except private household	7,269	3,296	3,973	10.0	7.1	15.2	2.1 8.8	6.2	13.7	19.7		31.4
Protective service workers											15.1	26.2
	834	803	31	1.1	1.7	.1	1.2	1.8	.1	.6	1.0	1
Waiters, cooks, and bartenders	2,018	609	1,409	2.8	1.3	5.4	2.6	1.2	5.1	4.6	2.7	7.4
Other service workers	4,417	1,884	2,533	6.1	4.0	9.7	5.1	3.2	8.4	14.4	11.4	18.7
Farm workers	3,372	2,882	489	4.6	6.2	1.9	4.5	6.0	1.8	5.4	7.6	2.3
Farmers and farm managers	2,014	1,899	115	2.8	4.1	1 .4	2.9	4.2	.5	1.6	2.5	.2
Farm laborers and foremen	1,358	983	374	1.9	2.1	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.3	3.9	5.1	2.1
Paid workers	863	766	97	1.2	1.6	.4	•9	1.3	.2	3.4	4.7	1.6
Unpaid family workers	495	217	277	.7	.5	1.1	.7	.5	1.1	.4	.4	.5

^{1/} Less than 0.05.

Table A-22: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics

December 1965

			Full or pa	art-time statu					lours of wo		
	1		, F	are-time statu	s			rk			
	Tota	al	On		On part time						Average
Characteristics	at work	κ	full- time	Economic	reasons	Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 hours	hours,
	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	904	at work
AGE AND SEX											
Total	67,254	100.0	84.7	1.1	1.3	12.9	100.0	18.5	48.1	33.4	40,2
Male	42,328	100.0	91.0	1.1	.8	7.1	100.0	12.2	46.0	41.8	43.1
14 to 17 years	1,446	100.0	13.5	-	1.7	84.9	100.0	86.9	8.6	4.6	16.4
18 and 19 years	1,562	100.0	64.6	1.0	2.3	32.2	100.0	39.1	38.6	22.4	33.7
20 to 24 years	4,227	100.0	88.7	1.4	1.3	8.6	100.0	13.8	47.6	38.6	41.9
25 to 34 years	9,005	100.0	96.7	1.3	.5	1.5	100.0	6.7	47.6	45.7	45.1
35 to 44 years	10,046	100.0	97.8	.7	.6	.9	100.0	5.3	46.2	48.5	46.1
45 to 64 years	14,517	100.0	96.2	1.2	ž	1.8	100.0	7.3	49.7	42.9	44.5
65 years and over	1,524	100.0	68.1	.7	1.7	29.5	100.0	34.7	37.6	27.7	35.1
Female	24,926	100.0	74.0	1.3	2.1	22.7	100.0	29.3	51.6	19.2	35.4
	1,242	100.0	7.2	.6	1.7	90.4	100.0	92.9	5.1	1.9	12.4
14 to 17 years	1,533	100.0	68.2	1.6	4.3	25.9	100.0	35.3	51.6	13.1	32.4
18 and 19 years	3,192	100.0	84.3	1.5	1.8	12.4	100.0	19.3	61.1	19.6	37.8
20 to 24 years	4,150	100.0	79.5	1.1	1.9	17.6	100.0	24.8	56.1	19.2	36.4
25 to 34 years			75.2	1.5	1.9	21.4	100.0	27.9	53.0	19.1	36.2
35 to 44 years	5,286	100.0	79.3	• •		17.6	100.0	23.9	53.7	22.4	37.8
45 to 64 years	8,672	100.0		1.1	2.0	41.8	100.0	44.8	32.3	23.0	32.6
65 years and over	851	100.0	56.3	.9	1.1	41.0	100.0	44.0	32.3	23.0	32.0
MARITAL STATUS AND SEX											
Male: Single	6,840	100.0	65.8	1,1	1.9	31.1	100.0	36.4	41.2	22.3	33.6
Married, wife present	33,441	100.0	96.1	1.0	.5	2.4	100.0	7.2	46.8	46.0	45.0
Other	2,047	100.0	91.0	2.0	2.2	4.7	100.0	12.8	48.8	38.3	42.2
Female: Single	6,005	100.0	67.7	.7	2.1	29.6	100.0	34.9	48.7	16.5	32.1
Married, husband present	13,961	100.0	74.3	1.2	1.8	22.7	100.0	29.1	52.6	18.3	35.9
Other	4,959	100.0	80.5	2.2	2.9	14.4	100.0	22.7	52.4	24.9	38.1
COLOR AND SEX									Í		
White	60,126	100.0	85.2	1.0	.9	13.0	100.0	18.1	47.5	34.5	40.5
Male	38,249	100.0	91.4	.9	.6	7.2	100.0	11.9	45.0	43.2	43.4
Female	21,877	100.0	74.4	1.1	1.3	23.2	100.0	28.8	52.0	19.2	35.5
Nonwhite	7,128	100.0	80.5	2.6	4.9	12.0	100.0	22.8	52.7	24.5	37.9
Male	4,079	100.0	87.4	2.9	3.0	6.6	100.0	15.9	55.3	28.7	40.1
Female	3,049	100.0	71.2	2.1	7.4	19.3	100.0	31.9	49.2	18.9	34.9

Table A-23: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker

December 1965

(Percent distribution)

-			Agric	ulture				Nonagi	ricultural i	ndustries		
			Wage and	Self-	Unpaid		W		lary worke	rs	Self-	Unpaid
Hours of work	Total	Total	salary workers	employed workers	family workers	Total	Total	Private house- holds	Govern- ment	Other	employed workers	family workers
	70 700	0.476	1 07/	1 000	400	(7.05/	60.000	0.5/0		10 510	F 754	500
Total at workthousands Percent	70,729 100.0	3,476 100.0	1,074	1,902	499 100.0	67,254 100.0	60,899 100.0	2,549 100.0	9,808	100.0	5,756 100.0	598 100.0
											_	
1 to 34 hours	19.1	32.2	31.5	26.4	55.8	18.5	18.0	65.8	15.6	16.1	19.9	47.3
1 to 14 hours	6.6	9.8	13.2	10.5	-	6.4	6.3	42.1	5.5	4.6	8.3	-
15 to 21 hours	5.1	10.2	9.0	5.5	30.5	4.9	4.6	11.3	3.7	4.5	4.9	28.3
22 to 29 hours	3.7	8.2	5.9	6.5	19.6	3.5	3.4	7.7	2.4	3.4	3.3	13.6
30 to 34 hours	3.7	4.0	3.4	3.9	5.7	3.7	3.7	4.7	4.0	3.6	3.4	5.4
35 to 40 hours	46.5	16.8	19.6	14.1	21.1	48.1	50.8	19.2	56.8	51.2	22.0	20.6
35 to 39 hours	6.1	6.3	2.8	6.4	13.5	6.1	6.3	4.6	6.3	6.3	4.1	6.4
40 hours	40.4	10.5	16.8	7.7	7.6	42.0	44.5	14.6	50.5	44.9	17.9	14.2
41 hours and over	34.3	51.0	48.9	59.4	23.2	33.4	31.2	15.0	27.6	32.7	58.2	32.3
41 to 47 hours	8.4	4.5	6.8	2.8	6.1	8.6	8.7	4.3	7.9	9.1	7.5	6.1
48 hours	6.8	5.2	5.8	6.0	.7	6.9	7.0	3.1	4.0	7.8	6.3	6.2
49 hours and over	19.1	41.3	36.3	50.6	16.4	17.9	15.5	7.6	15.7	15.8	44.4	20.0
49 to 54 hours	7.2	9.6	9.0	11.1	5.2	7.1	6.6	2.3	6.6	6.8	12.3	4.3
55 to 59 hours	3.1	5.3	6.9	5.5	1.1	2.9	2.8	1.8	2.7	2.8	4.9	2.4
60 to 69 hours	5.0	10.7	10.5	12.2	5.2	4.7	3.9	1.5	3.9	4.1	13.2	5.2
70 hours and over	3.8	15.7	9.9	21.8	4.9	3.2	2.2	2.0	2.5	2.1	14.0	8.1
Average hours, total at work	40.4	43.8	41.1	48.0	33.7	40.2	39.6	23.9	40.1	40.3	46.7	37.2

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A-24: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Employment status	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
			78,538 75,778				78,356 75,676				77,755 75,051	77,621 74,914	
			72,486		72,397		72,118	71,937			71,304 4,595		71,004 4,541
•		68,595 3,213	67,935	67,777 3,301	67,821		67,459 3,558	66,979			66,709 3,747	66,771	66,463 3,702

Table A-25: Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment

Selected unemployment rates	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
Total (all civilian workers) Men, 20 years and over	4.1 2.6	4.2	4.3 2.9	4.4 3.1	4.5 3.2	4.5 3.1	4.7 3.2	4.6 3.3	4.9 3.4	4.7 3.3	5.0 3.6	4.8 3.5	5.0 3.5
20 - 24 years	5.0 2.3	5.6 2.4	5.6 2.6	6.2 2.7	5.8 2.8	5.8 2.8	7.2	6.9 2.8	7.1 3.0	6.3 3.0	6.9 3.2	7.1 3.1	6.8 3.1
Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 14-19 years	3.9 13.1	4.3 12.5	4.2 13.1	4.2 13.0	4.5 12.4	4.3	4.8 14.1	4.3 14.5	4.6 15.2	4.6 13.9	5.1 14.4	4.5 15.2	4.7 15.7
Married men (wife present) Experienced wage and salary workers	1.8	2.0 4.0	2.1 4.0	2.2 4.0	2.6 4.2	2.3	2.4	2.5 4.2	2.5 4.5	2.5	2.6 4.6	2.7 4.5	2.6 4.5
Labor force time lost	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.3	5.3

Table A-26: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Duration of unemployment	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	<u>Мау</u> 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
Less than 5 weeks	1,521 863	1,556 909	1,576 1,015	1,697 858		1,826 988	1,802 1,023	1,876 1,058	1,858 1,027	1,719 966	1,752 1,037		1,719 1,055
Number	665	652 .9	703 .9	736 1.0	705 .9	659 .9	806 1.1	696 .9	809 1.1	800 1.1	905 1.2	823 1.1	889 1.2

Table A-27: Employment status, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Employment status, age and sex	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	Мау 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
Civilian labor force	76,534	76,052	75,778	75,483	75,772	76,181	75,676	75,443	75,377	74,944	75,051	74,914	74,706
Men, 20 years and over	.44,700	44,507	44,513	44,573	44,877	44,958	44,996	45,052	44,947	44,943	45,038	44,930	44,687
Women, 20 years and over	24,128	23,933	23,760	23,716	23,772	23,878	23,895	23,375	23,455	23,380	23,501	23,489	23,375
Both sexes, 14 to 19 years	7,706	7,612	7,505	7,194	7,123	7,345	6,785	7,016	6,975	6,621	6,512	6,495	6,644
Employed, all industries	73,412	72,839	72,486	72,182	72,397	72,766	72,118	71,937	71,717	71,440	71,304	71,284	71,004
Men, 20 years and over	43,536	43,281	43,206	43,211	43,456	43,544	43,542	43,579	43,415	43,438	43,418	43,345	43,125
Women, 20 years and over	23,176	22,897	22,756	22,713	22,703	22,846	22,750	22,362	22,387	22,299	22,314	22,434	22,277
Both sexes, 14 to 19 years	6,700		6,524	6,258		6,376	5,826	5,996	5,915	5,703	5,572	5,505	5,602
Employed, nonagricultural industries	68,995	68,595	67,935	67,777	67,821	68,092	67,459	66,979	66,874	66,890	66,709	66,771	66,463
Men, 20 years and over	40,544	40,357	40,063		40,282	40,342	40,262	40,213	40,135	40,265	40,182	40.159	39,954
Women, 20 years and over	22,410	22,209	22,019	22,029	21,952	22,097	22,011	21,526	21,570	21,572	21,553	21,674	21,502
Both sexes, 14 to 19 years	6,041	6,029	5,853	5,663		5,653	5,186	5,240	5,169	5,053	4,974	4,938	5,007
Unemployed	3,122	3,213	3,292	3,301		3,415	3,558			3,504	3,747	3,630	3,702
Men, 20 years and over	1,164	1,226	1,307	1,362		1,414	1,454	1,473		1,505	1,620		1,562
Women, 20 years and over	952	1,036	1,004	1,003		1,032	1,145			1,081	1,187	1,055	1,098
Both sexes, 14 to 19 years	1,006		981	936		969				918			1,042

Table A-28: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full- or part-time status, seasonally adjusted

Full- or part-time status	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	Мау 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
On full-time schedules On part time for economic reasons Usually work full time. Usually work part time On part time for noneconomic reasons:	55,884 1,751 778 973	55,191 1,792 804 988	1,834	840	54,920 2,018 955 1,063	55,153 2,116 977 1,139	54,656 2,002 966 1,036	1,895 950	818	54,335 1,959 877 1,082	54,147 1,997 952 1,045	2,128	
usually work part time	8,052	7,870	7,914	7,734	7,705	7,926	7,931	7,411	7,193	7,219	7,138	7,338	7,351

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLOYMENT

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division 1919 to date

(In thousands)

					(In thou	sands)							
			Contract		Transpor-	Wholes	ale and reta	il trade	Finance, insurance,	Service and	(Governmen	t
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc- tion	Manufac- turing	tation and public utilities	Total	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	and real estate	miscel- laneous	Total	Federal	State and local
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923	27.350	1,133 1,239 962 929 1,212	1,021 848 1,012 1,185 1,229	10,659 10,658 8,257 9,120 10,300	3,711 3,998 3,459 3,505 3,882	4,514 4,467 4,589 4,903 5,290	:		1,111 1,175 1,163 1,144 1,190	2,263 2,362 2,112 2,503 2,684	2,676 2,603 2,528 2,538 2,607	-	-
1924 1925 1926 1927	28,778 29,819 29,976	1,101 1,089 1,185 1,114 1,050	1,321 1,446 1,555 1,608 1,606	9,671 9,939 10,156 10,001 9,947	3,807 3,826 3,942 3,895 3,828	5,407 5,576 5,784 5,908 5,874	-	-	1,231 1,233 1,305 1,367 1,435	2,782 2,869 3,046 3,168 3,265	2,720 2,800 2,846 2,915 2,995	-	-
1929 1930 1931 1932	26,649 23,628	1,087 1,009 873 731 744	1,497 1,372 1,214 970 809	10,702 9,562 8,170 6,931 7,397	3,916 3,685 3,254 2,816 2,672	6,123 5,797 5,284 4,683 4,755	-	- - -	1,509 1,475 1,407 1,341 1,295	3,440 3,376 3,183 2,931 2,873	3,065 3,148 3,264 3,225 3,166	533 526 560 559 5 65	2,532 2,622 2,704 2,666 2,601
1934 1935 1936 1937	27,053 29,082	883 897 946 1,015 891	862 912 1,145 1,112 1,055	8,501 9,069 9,827 10,794 9,440	2,750 2,786 2,973 3,134 2,863	5,281 5,431 5,809 6,265 6,179	- - -	-	1,319 1,335 1,388 1,432 1,425	3,058 3,142 3,326 3,518 3,473	3,299 3,481 3,668 3,756 3,883	652 753 826 833 829	2,647 2,728 2,842 2,923 3,054
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	36,554 40,125 42,452	854 925 957 992 925	1,150 1,294 1,790 2,170 1,567	10,278 10,985 13,192 15,280 17,602	2,936 3,038 3,274 3,460 3,647	6,426 6,750 7,210 7,118 6,982	1,684 1,754 1,873 1,821 1,741	4,742 4,996 5,338 5,297 5,241	1,462 1,502 1,549 1,538 1,502	3,517 3,681 3,921 4,084 4,148	3,995 4,202 4,660 5,483 6,080	905 996 1,340 2,213 2,905	3,090 3,206 3,320 3,270 3,174
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	41,674	892 836 862 955 994	1,094 1,152 1,661 1,982 2,169	17,328 15,524 14,703 15,545 15,582	3,829 3,906 4,061 4,166 4,189	7,058 7,314 8,376 8,955 9,272	1,762 1,862 2,190 2,361 2,489	5,296 5,452 6,186 6,595 6,783	1,476 1,497 1,697 1,754 1,829	4,163 4,241 4,719 5,050 5,206	6,043 5,944 5,595 5,474 5,650	2,928 2,808 2,254 1,892 1,863	3,116 3,137 3,341 3,582 3,787
1949 1950 1951 1952 1953	45,222 47,849 48,825	930 901 929 898 866	2,165 2,333 2,603 2,634 2,623	14,441 15,241 16,393 16,632 17,549	4,001 4,034 4,226 4,248 4,290	9,264 9,386 9,742 10,004 10,247	2,487 2,518 2,606 2,687 2,727	6,778 6,868 7,136 7,317 7,520	1,857 1,919 1,991 2,069 2,146	5,264 5,382 5,576 5,730 5,867	5,856 6,026 6,389 6,609 6,645	1,908 1,928 2,302 2,420 2,305	3,948 4,098 4,087 4,188 4,340
1954 1955 1956 1957 1958	50,675 52,408 52,894 51,368	791 792 822 828 751	2,612 2,802 2,999 2,923 2,778	16,314 16,882 17,243 17,174 15,945	4,084 4,141 4,244 4,241 3,976	10,235 10,535 10,858 10,886 10,750	2,739 2,796 2,884 2,893 2,848	7,496 7,740 7,974 7,992 7,902	2,234 2,335 2,429 2,477 2,519	6,002 6,274 6,536 6,749 6,811	6,751 6,914 7,277 7,616 7,839	2,188 2,187 2,209 2,217 2,191	4,563 4,727 5,069 5,399 5,648
1959	53,297 54,203 53,989 55,515 56,602 58,156 60,432	732 712 672 650 635 633 628	2,960 2,885 2,816 2,902 2,963 3,056 3,211	16,675 16,796 16,326 16,853 16,995 17,259 17,984	4,011 4,004 3,903 3,906 3,903 3,947 4,031	11,127 11,391 11,337 11,566 11,778 12,132 12,585	2,946 3,004 2,993 3,056 3,104 3,173 3,263	8,182 8,388 8,344 8,511 8,675 8,959 9,322	2,594 2,669 2,731 2,800 2,877 2,964 3,043	7,115 7,392 7,610 7,947 8,226 8,569 8,903	8,083 8,353 8,594 8,890 9,225 9,595 10,046	2,233 2,270 2,279 2,340 2,358 2,348 2,379	5,850 6,083 6,315 6,550 6,868 7,248 7,667
December.	59,896	633	3,007	17,547	4,002	13,084	3,240	9,844	2,981	8,627	10, 015	2,4 83	7,532
January February. March April May June	58,341 58,784 59,471 60,000 60,848	619 616 615 623 629 640	2,800 2,713 2,820 2,978 3,223 3,412	17,396 17,473 17,578 17,659 17,745 18,027	3,863 3,917 3,965 3,977 4,008 4,070	12,190 12,112 12,167 12,418 12,437 12,596	3,190 3,182 3,189 3,199 3,213 3,269	9,000 8,930 8,978 9,219 9,224 9,327	2,973 2,986 2,999 3,012 3,029 3,062	8,905	9,836 9,920 9,978 10,008 10,024 10,033	2,323 2,319 2,326 2,337 2,338 2,374	7,513 7,601 7,652 7,671 7,686 7,659
July August September October November. December.	60,960 61,515 61,786 61,984	641 640 627 629 631 631	3,476 3,575 3,495 3,465 3,379 3,200	18,016 18,211 18,428 18,412 18,444 18,413	4,083 4,098 4,112 4,104 4,093 4,086	12,583 12,574 12,639 12,736 12,949 13,622	3,301 3,312 3,307 3,321 3,327 3,344	9,282 9,262 9,332 9,415 9,622 10,278	3,098 3,102 3,073 3,066 3,061 3,058	9,081 9,062 9,039	9,716 9,698 10,102 10,301 10,540	2,407 2,408 2,377 2,384	7,309 7,290 7,725 7,917 7,992 7,990

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

			(In a	housands)							
eic			Al	l employees				Produc	ction worker	s ¹	
SIC Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	TOTAL	62,563	61,984	61,786	59,896	59,405					
	MINING	631	631	629	633	640		495	494	497	504
10	METAL MINING		84.0		81.6			70.0		68.0	68.3
101 102	Iron ores		26.1 30.6	26.4 29.3	24.5 29.2	25.2 28.9		22.1 25.1	22.3 24.0	20.7 24.1	21.4 23.7
	oopper vice								_		
11,12 12	COAL MINING	:	144.8 133.9	143.4 132.7	149.0 137.6	148.3 136.8		126.6 116.8	125.5 115.9	131.3 121.2	130.8 120.6
13 131,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields	:	279.5 151.6	278.2 151.9	287.0 156.3	289.3 157.1	•	196.2 85.2	195.2 85.4	202.5 88.9	204.5 89.8
138	Oil and gas field services		127.9	126.3	130.7	132,2	-	111.0			
14	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING		123.0	124.5	115.0	120.2		102.4		95.0	99.9
142 144	Crushed and broken stone	-	43.3 40.8	44.4 42.3	40.3 37.6	42.2 41.0	-	37 . 0	38.1	34 .1 -	35 . 9
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,200	3,379	3,465	3,007	3,227		2,888	2,975	2,547	2,768
		İ	1 00/ 2		070.0				250 5	222.0	20/ /
	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS		1,084.3	1,098.6	970.2	1,031.5		937.9	952.5	833.0	894.4
16	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION		684.6	730.9	544.4	644.3		597.4	642.3	460.8	562.6
161	Highway and street construction		353.8	390.4	253.5	328.2	•	318.2			
162	Other heavy construction		330.8	340.5	290.9	316.1	•	279.2	287.7	241.0	268.1
17	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	_	1,610,3	1,635.5	1,492.4	1,551.3	_	1,352.9	1,380.3	1,253,2	1,311.4
171	Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	-	381.7	385.7	367.3	374.5	-	310.9	314.9	298.9	305.7
172 173	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Electrical work	_	142.2 246.1	151.8 245.4	129.4 233.6	142.1 234.0		127.8 197.4			
174	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work	-	245.7				-	223.8			
176	Roofing and sheet metal work	18,413	118.5 18,444	120,1 18,412	107.6 17,547	114.7 17,589	- 13,723	97.6 13,768	99.0 13,754	87.1 13,035	93.9 13,078
	MANUFACTURING	10,709	10,691	10,623	10,050	10,027	7,957	7,950	7,900	7,435	7,412
19,24,25,32-39 20-23,26-31	DURABLE GOODS	7,704	7,753	7,789	7,497	7,562	5,766	5,818	5,854	5,600	5,666
20-25,20-51	NORDURABLE GOODS	/,/	',''33	',''	,,,,,,	,,502	3,,	3,020	3,034	3,000	3,000
	Durable Goods								:		
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	247.2									
192 1925	Ammunition, except for small arms	189.1			175.4 156.0		74.1	72.2 54.1			66.9
194	Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment	-	163.5 12.8		12.8		_	5.3		51.7 5.3	
191,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	45.2	47.3	47.2	44.3	44.7	30.2	32.3		29.3	29.8
24	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT	,,, -	611. 0	£17 0	E00 0	603.0	F00 1	F20. 7	F43 1	F10.0	F20 -
24 241	FURNITURE	604.5 81.7						539.1	543.1	518.3 -	529 . 5
242	Sawmills and planing mills			253.4	247.3	251.7	227.9				
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general	-	215.9				-	197.4			
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products										
2431 2432	Millwork		69.1 75.2					55.7 68.9			
244	Wooden containers										
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates		26.4	26.5	26.4	26.8	l –	23.7	23.8	23.6	24.1
249	Miscellaneous wood products	76.6	76.1	75.8	70.6	70.7	65.7	65.3	65.0	60.6	60.8

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

			(In	thousands)							
SIC				All employee	s			Pro	duction work	ers 1	
Code	Industry	Dec.	Nov.	Oct.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Nov.	Oct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov.
		1965	1965	1965	1964	1964	1965	1965	1965	1964	1964
					İ		Ī				
											i
	Durable GoodsContinued										
				1			1				
							1				
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	443.5	441.7	439.8	417.7	419.1	369.2	367.2	366.0	347.1	348.4
251	Household furniture	323.8	322.1	319.0	303.6	303.9	278.3	276.4	273.5	260,4	260.8
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered Wood house furniture, upholstered	_	168.6 83.2	166.8 81.9	159.6 76.8	159.3	-	150.6	148.8	142.9	142.5
2512 2515	Mattresses and bedsprings	_	37.3	37.5	35.3	76.4 35.9	l -	69.8	68.5	64.2 27.6	63.9
252	Office furniture	_	29.2	29.3	28.4	28.6	_	22.8	23.0	22.3	28.1 22.5
254	Partitions; office and store fixtures	-	44.7	45.4	40.2	40.9	-	33.0	34.0	29.4	29.9
253,9	Other furniture and fixtures	45.3	45.7	46.1	45.5	45.7	34.7	35.0	35.5	35.0	35.2
							}			,	
	1										
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	621.2	632.1	635.5	604.3	617.2	498.5	509.1	511.3	485.3	498.0
321	Flat glass	_	33.4	33.2	31.8	32.3	-	27.0	26.9	25.8	26.3
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	113.8	114.8	115.4	109.5	111.3	99.2	100.2	99.9	95.6	97.4
3221 3229	Glass containers	_	61.8 53.0	62.9 52.5	59.9 49.6	60.5 50.8	_	54.5	54.6	52.7	53.3
324	Cement, hydraulic	37.2	38.9	38.9	38.6	38.9	28.5	45.7 30.0	45.3 30.2	42.9 30.1	44.1 30.4
325	Structural clay products	70.9	72.3	72.5	69.5	70.6	60.1	61.5	61.5	58.9	60.1
3251	Brick and structural clay tile	-	32.7	32.8	30.6	31.2		29.1	29.1	26.8	27.6
326	Pottery and related products	-	43.3	44.1	41.2	41.6	-	37.1	37.7	34.6	35.0
327	Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	171.6	177.2	179.9	167.1	173.8	132.3	137.5	139.5	128.8	135.2
328,9 3291	Other stone and mineral products Abrasive products	129.8	130.1 25.7	129.6 25.4	127.0 24.4	128.4 24.3	97.1	97.5	97.5	95.7	97.0
3291	norasive products		2507	-3.4	24.4	24.3		17.2	16.9	15.9	15.8
									l		1
33		1,269.6	1,259.6	1,270.2	1,267.3	1,260.5		1,020.9	1,031.6	1,036.1	1,029.4
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	(*)	617.3 541.8	631.2 555.6	653.3 579.9	649.7 576.2	(*)	497.6 438.0	511.0	537.9	534.3
3312 332	Iron and steel foundries	230.4	225.2	225.2	219.3	217.1	197.1	192.4	451.3 192.5	479.9 188.5	476.3 186.6
3321	Gray iron foundries	-	135.1	136.0	131,5	129.6	-	116.4	117.3	114.0	112.1
3322	Malleable iron foundries	-	27.2	26.8	25.6	25.4	-	23.2	22.8	22.0	21.9
3323	Steel foundries	-	62.9	62.4	62.2	62.1		52.8	52.4	52.5	52.6
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	73.0	72.6	72.3	70.4	70.3	56.8	56.5	56.2	54.6	54.4
335	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding Copper tolling, drawing, and extruding	195.3	196.8 45.5	195.9 45.4	186.2 44.6	186.1 45.1	151.3	152.3 35.2	151.6 35.1	142.2	141.8
3351 3352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding		63.4	63.6	61.2	60.9	_	49.3	49.4	34.3 46.6	34.5 46.4
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	-	67.9	67.2	62.5	62.2	-	53.5	53.0	48.8	48.4
336	Nonferrous foundries	81.3	80.7	79.2	75.6	75.1	68.6	67.9	66.7	62.9	62.5
3361	Aluminum castings	-	39.0	38.0	36.2	35.9	_	33.3	32.5	30,6	30.3
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings	1	41.7 67.0	41.2 66.4	39.4	39.2		34.6	34.2	32.3	32.2
339 3391	Miscellaneous primary metal industries Iron and steel forgings	66.1	45.2	44.9	62.5	62.2 42.5	53.6	54.2 37.3	53.6 37.0	50.0 34.8	49.8 34.8
3391	non and steel torganger					1	ļ	37.5] 37.0	34.0	34.0
		1			1		1				
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	1.306.5	1,306,1	1,292.2	1,222.0	1,214.9	1,017.9	1,018.2	1,004.5	944.1	936.6
341	Metal cans	61.0	62.0	61.5	59.9	60.6	51.4	52.2	51.8	50.3	50.8
342	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	158.0	159.4	156.3	153.1	152.1	126.1	127.0	123.8	121.6	120.7
3421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws	-	61.6	60.2	58.1	57.6	-	49.2	47.8	45.8	45.3
3429	Hardware, n.e.c	79.9	97.8 80.3	96 .1 79 . 6	95.0 79.4	94.5 80.6	60.3	77.8 60.6	76.0 60.0	75.8 59.7	75.4
343 3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods .		37.5	36.6	37.0	37.0	- 00.3	30.6	29.7	30.1	60.7 30.2
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	_	42.8	43.0	42.4	43.6	-	30,0	30.3	29.6	30.5
344	Fabricated structural metal products	391.9	392.6	388.9	363.2	365.7	285.0	286.4	282.8	259.7	261.9
3441	Fabricated structural steel	-	107.6	106.7	101.9	102.5	-	80.7	79.9	75.1	75.7
3442	Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim		73.6 101.4	73.3 100.5	93.0	69.0 92.1		54.1	53.9	47.5	49.8
3443 3444	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) Sheet metal work		67.8	67.3	62.7	62.7	_	71.7 49.1	70.8 48.5	63.2 46.0	62.2 46.0
3446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work		42.2	41.1	39.0	39.4	-	30.8	29.7	27.9	28.2
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc		95.9	94.5	89.6	90.3	77.4	76.1	74.8	70.1	70.9
3451	Screw machine products	-	40.9	40.2	38.4	38.0	1 -	35.1	34.3	32.5	32.1
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers.	1 225 2	55.0	54.3	51.2	52.3	102.6	41.0	40.5	37.6	38.8
346 347	Meral stampings		234.3 75.7	75,5	71.5	201.6 72.2	193.6	192.5 63.8	190.0 63.3	175.2 60.4	163.7
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products		64.3	63.2	59.7	59.7	63.5 53.2	52.2	51.2	48.1	48.1
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	141.7	141.6	141.5	132.2	132.1	107.4	107.4	106.8	99.0	99.0
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings		81.9	82.8	76.6	76.2	ı -	59.4	60.0	55.5	55.2

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

			(In	thousands)							
SIC				All employee				Proc	duction work	ers 1	
Code	Industry	Dec.	Nov.	0ct.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Nov.	0ct.	Dec.	Nov.
		1965	1965	1965	1964	1964	1965	1965	1965	1964	1964
	Durable GoodsContinued				1	ļ					ŀ
35	MACHINERY.	1,766.5	1,749.9	1,730,9	1,651,7	1,621.7	1,240.7	1,227.0	1,211,5	1,155.0	1,125.6
351	Engines and turbines	93.2	93.2	91.8	88.5	87.3	64.3	64.3	63.0	60.0	58.7
3511	Steam engines and turbines	_	32.7	32.4	32,3	31.7		19.1	18.8	18.2	17.5
3519	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c	-	60.5	59.4	56.2	55,6	-	45.2	44.2	41.8	41.2
352	Farm machinery and equipment	l	134.8	131.9	129.0	122.0	l	98.0	95.7	94.0	87.0
353	Construction and related machinery	252.1	253.8	251.9	243.2	237.1	172,9	174.4	172.8	167.1	161.1
3531,2 3533	Construction and mining machinery Oil field machinery and equipment	_	137.1 37.6	136.2 37.5	133.1 35.6	127.5 35.5	_	97.5 25.9	96.5 25.8	94.8	89.2 24.1
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes.	1 -	36.3	36.2	33.5	33.4	I -	24.0	24.0	22.2	22.2
354	Metalworking machinery and equipment	308.2	304.1	300.6	289.8	282.9	232.5	229.7	226.8	218.4	211.6
3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types	-	77.3	76.6	70.6	69.2		54.7	54.1	49.5	48.2
3544	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	-	102.9	101.0	99.0	96.0	-	85.2	83.6	81.4	78.1
3545	Machine tool accessories	[-	53.7	53.1	49.7	49.3	j -	39.4	38.9	36.4	36.0
3542,8 355	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	195.8	70.2 194.1	69.9 192.8	70.5 184.8	68.4 183.0	136.4	50.4 134.7	50.2 133.4	51.1	49.3 126.0
3551	Food products machinery		39.3	39.1	37.4	37.4	- 130,4	25.5	25.3	127.8 24.2	24.2
3552	Textile machinery	i –	43.6	43.0	41.1	40.5	-	34.0	33.5	32.0	31.3
3555	Printing trades machinery	-	27.3	27.3	26.2	26.1	-	19.4	19.2	18.6	18.5
356	General industrial machinery	265.2	263.0	261.7	249.5	246.9	179.8	177.7	176.6	168.3	166.3
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	-	72.6	72.2	69.0	67.9	-	42.1	41.8	39.9	38.9
3562 3566	Ball and roller bearings	-	59.5 49.6	59.2 49.5	56.2 48.2	55.9 47.9	_	47.2 37.0	46.9	44.4	44.1
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	210.8	209.0	205.2	182.8	180.9	126.3	125.2	36.8 122.6	36.0 107.9	35.8 106.5
3571	Computing machines and cash registers .	-	160.3	156.8	138.2	136.6	-	91.9	89.9	77.4	76.4
358	Service industry machines	109.4	108.6	108.9	107.9	107.0	75.6	74.9	75.2	74.7	73.7
3585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators .		65.5	65.8	67.1	66.5	-	44.8	44.9	46.6	46.1
359	Miscellaneous machinery	191.8	189.3	186.1	176.2	174.6	150.3	148,1	145.4	136.8	134.7
26	ELECTRICAL FOUNDATION AND CHERT LES	1,773.7	1,761.1	1,740.8	1,601.6	1,594.2	1,228.7	1,219.2	1,202.9	1,090.5	1,084.5
36 361	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES Electric distribution equipment	181.4	180.2	178.1	166.4	165.7	124.6	123.7	121.9	113.1	112,5
3611	Electric measuring instruments	-	61.0	59.7	54.3	54.5		40.7	39.5	35.7	35.8
3612	Power and distribution transformers	-	48.0	47.5	44.1	43.5	-	34.3	33.9	31.0	30.5
3613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	-	71.2	70.9	68.0	67.7	-	48.7	48.5	46.4	46.2
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	199.7	197.2	196.6	183.9	181.4	141.3	139.0	138.2	128.1	125.4
3621 3622	Motors and generators	-	107.5	106.3	99.6	98.0	_	76.6	75.4	70.5	69.0
363	Household appliances	171.8	54.8 169.9	54.4 168.8	49.9 165.3	48.9 165.5	135.5	36.4 133.5	36.0 132.6	32.7 129.1	31.7 129.5
3632	Household refrigerators and freezers		53.2	53.8	54.7	53.7	-55.5	43.0	43.4	44.7	43.8
3633	Household laundry equipment	-	25.9	25.0	25.6	25.5	-	19.8	19.1	19.8	19.7
3634	Electric housewares and fans	-	41.2	40.9	37.7	38.9	-	32.9	32.6	29.5	30.7
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	172.7	173.6	171.6	161.7	161.5	135.0	136.1	134.1	126.6	126.6
3641 3642	Electric lamps	_	33.1 60.9	32.7 60.3	30.6 56.6	30.4 57.1	_	29.3 47.7	28.8 47.0	26.9	26.8
3643,4	Wiring devices		79.6	78.6	74.5	74.0] _	59.1	58.3	44.0 55.7	44.5 55.3
365	Radio and TV receiving sets	157.5	157.5	155.2	129.0	132.4	126.8	127.2	125.1	101.5	105.0
366	Communication equipment	449.0	445.2	439.1	416.4	414.6	227.0	224.5	220.2	208.6	207.7
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	-	122.7	121.0	111.3	109.4	-	85.2	83.7	76.4	74.7
3662 367	Radio and TV communication equipment Electronic components and accessories - • • •	333.7	322.5 331.8	318.1 325.0	305.1 279.1	305.2 277.7	25/ 5	139.3	136.5	132.2	133.0
367 3671-3	Electron tubes	- 333.7	73.3	71.4	66.6	66.6	254.5	253.1 51.9	248.0 50.1	206.9 45.3	205.5 45.0
3674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c.	_	258.5	253.6	212.5	211.1	-	201.2	197.9	161.6	160.5
369	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	107.9	105.7	106.4	99.8	95.4	84.0	82.1	82.8	76.6	72.3
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	-	56.4	55.9	54.2	49.4	-	44.4	43.7	42.1	37.3
]				
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		1,820.2		1,683.8	1,660.7		1,308.4		1,197.6	1,175.1
371	Motor vehicles and equipment		896.2	884.7	826.3	803.7		706.3		648.2	627.0
3711	Motor vehicles	_	381.2 73.4	375.9 71.6	345.0	338,6	_	288.3	283.0	259.5	253.5
3712 3713	Truck and bus bodies	_	33.6	34.2	68.4	66.8 30.7	-	60.4 27.2	58.9 27.7	56.7 25.2	55.2
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	-	382.0	377.4	358.0	347.9	_	310.2	307.3	288.6	24.6 279.2
372	Aircraft and parts	659.6	648.0	637.0	598,3	597.7	383.1	375.6	369.0	336.6	334.9
3721	Aircraft	-	350.3	344.2	313,2	314.5	-	195.7	193.5	171.1	172.2
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	-	193.6	190.5	188.0	187.1	-	108.6	105.9	100.2	99.0
3723,9	Other aircraft parts and equipment	166.0	104.1	102.3	97.1	96.1		71.3	69.6	65,3	63.7
373	Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing	166.3	163.2	163.4	154.1	153.7	138.3	135.6	136.6	128.7	128.3
3731 3732	Boat building and repairing	-	133.2 30.0	135.0 28.4	125.6 28.5	125.7 28.0		110.8 24.8	113.0 23.6	105.0 23.7	105.1 23.2
374	Railroad equipment	_	56.8	53.9	53.4	52.8	-	44.7	41.9	41.7	41.3
375,9	Other transportation equipment	-	56.0	56.3	51.7	52.8		46.2		42.4	43.6
		•		•		•	-				

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

			(m ti	nousands)							
SIC	1		A	ll employee:	S	<u> </u>		Proc	luction work	ers 1	
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
-		1,50,5	1903	1 200	1904	1.1904	1 1965	1983	1903	1504	1904
	Durable GoodsContinued						i				Ì
38	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	397.1	397.3	394.0	374.6	374.5	256,1	256.8	254.3	238.2	238.3
381	Engineering and scientific instruments	l	70.6	70.4	68.4	68.7	l . . .	37.4	36.9	35.4	35.7
382	Mechanical measuring and control devices .	100.3	100.5	99.0	98.2	97.9	65.8	66.0	64.5	64.6	64.4
3821 3822	Mechanical measuring devices	_	61.7	61.5	60.1	59.9	-	38.6	38.4	37.6	37.5
383,5	Optical and ophthalmic goods	47.0	38.8 47.1	37.5 47.0	38.1	38.0 44.5	33.9	27.4 33.9	26.1 34.0	27.0 31.7	26.9
385	Ophthalmic goods	47.0	32.7	32.5	30.3	30.3	55,9	24.9	24.9	22.8	31.5
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment	59.8	59.8	58.9	55.8	55.5	41.7	41.4	40.8	38.5	38.2
386	Photographic equipment and supplies	(*)	85.5	85.1	77.7	77.8	(*)	50.2	50.3	44.3	44.4
387	Watches and clocks	-	33.8	33.6	29.8	30.1	_	27.9	27.8	23.7	24.1
	MISCELL ANEOUS MANUFACTURING	İ			l		ł		1		ļ
39	INDUSTRIES	440.9	461.3	462.2	404.5	426.8	354.7	374.1	375.5	322.4	344.7
391	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	46.4	46.2	46.2	45.0	45.3	36.7	36.3	36.4	35.7	35.9
394	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	-	147.3	149.0	107.3	123.7] -	126.3	127.9	88.6	104.8
3941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	103.5	105.2	67.3	83.2	-	90.0	91.7	56.6	72.5
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c.		43.8	43.8	40.0	40,5	-	36.3	36.2	32.0	32.3
395	Pens, pencils, office, and art materials Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions	_	35.3	34.8	32.5	33.7] -	26.2	25.8	24.1	25,1
396 393,8,9	Other manufacturing industries		56.5	56.1	55.4	56.9	3	46.8	46.5	45.7	47.2
393,0,9	Musical instruments and parts	173.1	176.0 26.4	176.1 25.8	164.3 23.7	167.2 23.8	135.8	138.5	138.9	128.3	131.7
373	laustear instruments and parts	_	20.4	25.0	23.7	25.0	-	22.1	21.5	19.6	19.8
	Nondurable Goods			Ì							İ
20	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,729.3	1,778.8	1,822.6	1,732.9	1,773.9	1,144.5	1,192.3	1,232.5	1,141.8	1,183.2
201	Meat products	310.8	316.0	315.7	319.5	323.9	248.0	253.3	252.9	255.8	259.8
2011	Meat packing	-	189.5	189.3	195.0	197.1	-	146.9	146.7	152.1	153.5
2013	Sausages and other prepared meats	-	50.3	50.4	52.1	51.8	-	36.1	36.1	37.5	37.4
2015	Poultry dressing and packing		76.2	76.0	72.4	75.0		70.3	70,1	66,2	68.9
202	Dairy products	276.8	278.2	281.3	280.8	281.8	124.7	125.7	127.5	128.8	129.7
2024 2026	Ice cream and frozen desserts		28.1	29.6	28.9	28.9		14.5	15.3	15.4	15.3
2020	Canned and preserved food, except meats	_	203.1	203.8 315.7	204.5 228.2	205,2 256,7	_	75.3 236.4	75.5 273.8	77.6 189.0	78.2 217.7
2031,6	Canned, cured, and frozen sea foods	-	40.3	42.0	39.8	40.4		36.3	37.7	35.5	36.0
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-	139.4	170.9	111.0	129.2	~-	114.5	145.6	88.0	106.5
2037	Frozen food, except sea foods	-	59.3	62.4	48.6	53.6		53,7	56.8	43.3	48.3
204	Grain mill products	121.4	123.0	126.4	123.8	124.3	84.7	86.3	89.8	87.2	87.6
2041	Flour and other grain mill products	-	30.2	30.3	31.9	32.5	-	21.8	22.0	23.0	23.4
2042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls Bakery products	070	52.8	55.2	53.3	53.4		34.6	36.9	35.2	35.5
205 2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	279.6	281.9 239.3	283.2 239.8	290.3 248.0	291.8	162.6	164.8	165.4	166.7	168.9
2052	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	1 -	42.6	43.4	42.3	248.4 43.4	_	129.4 35.4	129.0 36.4	131.7 35.0	132.9
206	Sugar	-	52.3	48.8	47.7	49.1	-	45.3	41.7	40.7	36.0 42.0
207	Confectionery and related products	80.9	83.9	83.3	83.4	83.7	66.0	68.9	68.3	67.6	68.Ŏ
2071	Candy and other confectionery products		69.2	68.4	69.2	69.0	<u></u>	58.2	57.5	57.5	57.5
208	Beverages	216.9	222.2	224.6	216.2	217.9	111.1	115.3	117.2	111.4	113.0
2082	Malt liquors	1 -	60.7 116.9	60.6 117.7	60.8 114.5	61.0 113.7	_	39.9 42.7	39.6 43.2	40.3 42.0	40.1 41.7
2086 209	Bottled and canned soft drinks Miscellaneous food and kindred products	142.8	143.9	143.6	143.0	144.7	94.7	96.3	95.9	94.6	96.5
21	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	86.0	86.7	98.2	93.7	99.2	74,1	74.9	86.0	81.9	87.2
211	Cigarettes	-	37.8	37.9	37.6	37.6	7701	31.4	31.5	31.4	31.3
212	Cigars	-	23,7	23.8	25,8	26.1	-	22.1	22.1	24.2	24.6
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	931.9	937.0	935.0	898.3	903.6	832,2	837.0	835.3	803.3	808.1
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	234.8	233.5	232.0	228.8	229.1	215.4	214.1	212.8	210.6	210.9
222	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	92.8 42.8	92.3	91.6	90.5	90.6	83.9	83.5	82.8	81.6	81.6
223	Weaving and finishing broad woolens		43.0	43.1	42.4	42.8	83.9 37.5	37.6	37.7	37.0	37.3
224	Narrow fabrics and small wares	29.8	29.5	29.6	28.7	28.6	26.7	26.3	26.4	25.4	25.2
225	Knitting	230.2	238.3	240.4	215.8	221,6	205.9	214.1	216.4	193.7	199.1
2251	Women's full and knee length hosiery	-	53.7	53.4	51.5	51.2	-	49.0	48.7	47.1	46.9
2252	Miscellaneous hosiery and socks Knit outerwear	-	44.2	44.9	43.1	43.5 69.7	_	40,5	41.4	39.7	40,1
2252		-	77,4	79.2	64.8	69.7	- 1	68.4	70.2	56.7	61.5
2253		l _ !	ુ રૂર તાં	રૂવ છા	21 21					78 4	
2254	Knit underwear	74.6	33.9	33.8 74.2	31.3 76.6	31.4 76.2	63.4	30.7 62.8	30.5 63.0	28.4 65.7	28.4 65.4
2254 226	Knit underwear	- 74.6	74.0	74.2	76.6	76.2	63.4	62.8	63.0	65.7	65.4
2254	Knit underwear	74.6 - 113.0					63.4 - 104.9 59,9				

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

/In	thousear	del

		<u> </u>		thousands)			<u> </u>	Pro	duction work	are l	
SIC	Industry	Dec.	Nov.	Oct.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Nov.	Oct.	Dec.	Nov.
Code		1965	1965	1965	1964	1964	1965	1965	1965	1964	1964
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	1,367.1	1,379.2	1,380.3	1,319.0	1,332.4	1,215.9	1,227.9	1,229.3	1,174.4	1,187.0
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	121.5	119.4	118.0	118.0	116.5	109.0	107.2	105.8	105.5	104.1
232	Men's and boys' furnishings	357.7	359.2	359.3	334.5	335.2	323.3	324.8	325.5	303.4	304.1
2321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	~	129.0	129,2	121.2	122.0	1 -	116.7	117.1	109.9	110.7
2327	Men's and boys' separate trousers	-	74.6	75.2	69.7	69.5	-	69.9	70.4	65.7	65.4
2328	Work clothing		76.3	76.0	71.5	71.1	-	68.3	68.2	63.9	63.6
233	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	411.0	414.3	415.6	401.7	408.2	368.3	371.3	372.2	360.2	366.0
2331 2335	Women's misses', and juniors' dresses	-	53.0	52.9 197.5	52.7	53.1	_	48.5	48.5	48.5	48.9
2337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	_	193.3 94.1	94.1	187.0 87.5	190.4 91.3	_	172,8 84,8	176.7	167.2	170.2
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c	-	73.9	71.1	74.5	73.4	_	65,2	84.6 62.4	78.6 65.9	82.0 64.9
234	Women's and children's undergarments	126.9	129.6	129.2	124.3	127.4	111.9	114.6	114.1	109.7	112.8
2341	Women's and children's underwear	_	83.9	83.6	80.4	83.5	-	76.2	76.0	73.2	76.1
2342	Corsets and allied garments	-	45.7	45.6	43.9	43.9	-	38,4	38.1	36.5	36.7
235	Hats, caps, and millinery	-	29.1	29.7	30.4	28.8	_	25.8	26.4	27.2	25.5
236	Girls' and children's outerwear	77.5	78.4	79.4	76.4	76.8	69.4	70,2	71.3	67.9	68.6
2361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts	· -	36.9	36.8	35.2	36.0	_	33.4	33.2	31.7	32.6
237,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel	1	79.1	79.3	74.0	75.9	ł	68.7	69.1	64.6	66,2
239 2391,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products . Housefurnishings	168.0	170.1 61.0	169.8 60.3	159.7 59.6	163.6 61.3	143.0	145.3 53.0	144.9 52.2	135.9 51.5	139.7 53.2
26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	649.9	649.8	647.0	629.8	632.8	507.5	507.4	504.7	491.7	494.6
261,2,6	Paper and pulp	210.0	210.7	210.3	209.8	212.8	166.6	166.8	166.7	166.5	169.2
263	Paperboard	67.8	67.8	68.2	66.9	66.3	53.9	54.0	53.8	52.9	52.7
264	Converted paper and paperhoard products	161.6	161.0	159.8	153.7	154.0	118.5	118.6	117.5	113.6	113.7
2643	Bags, except textile bags	-	38.3	37.9	37.6	37.7	-	30.8	30.3	30.2	30.1
265	Paperboard containers and boxes	210.5	210.3	208.7	199.4	199.7	168.2	168.0	166.7	158.7	159.0
2651,2 2653	Folding and setup paperboard boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes] =	71.6 92.1	70.8 9 1. 7	67.6 87.6	67.7 87.7	-	59.6 7 1. 2	58.7 71.1	55.9 67.4	55.9 67.7
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED										:
27	INDUSTRIES	1,000.2	994.7	989.6	967.4	961.7	636.1	633.0	630.4	613.5	610.1
271	Newspaper publishing and printing	352.6	350.8	350.6	342.5	338.3	180.1	179.0	179.9	174.7	171.9
272	Periodical publishing and printing	ſ -	70.3	70.0	69.4	69.5	1 -	25,2	25.3	25.6	26.0
273	Books	-	80.0	79.6	77.6	76.3		49.3	48.9	48.0	46.7
275	Commercial printing	318.5	316.0	313.2	307.8	306.6	250.1	248.3	245.7	240.8	240.2
2751	Commercial printing, except lithographic. Commercial printing, lithographic	-	205.8 99.4	204.0 98.5	200.5 96.0	200.0 95.7	1 -	163.7 76.0	162.1	158.2	158.3
2752 278	Bookbinding and related industries	52.4	52.1	51.4	49.2	49.6	42.8	42.6	75.1 42.2	73.4 39.8	73,1 40,2
274,6,7,9	Other publishing and printing industries	125.5	125.5	124.8	120.9	121.4	88.4	88.6	88.4	84.6	85.1
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	917.6	909.5	907.2	879.8	878.8	549.1	543.2	542.6	528.7	527.3
281	Industrial chemicals	292.8	289.6	288.7	287.5	287.5	166.0	164.2	163.6	164.7	164.5
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	_	22.4	22.4	24.1	24.1		15.5	15.6	17.3	17.3
2818	Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c	-	118.0	117.5	112.8	112,7	- 1	54.6	54.3	53.6	53.5
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	i	90.9	90.7	94.2	94.1	-	55.8	55.5	56.8	56.6
282	Plastics and synthetics, except glass	206.5	205.7	203.4	188.6	187.3	138.7	137.9	136.1	128.3	126.3
2821 2823,4	Plastics and synthetics, except fibers Synthetic fibers	1 [88.2 102.9	86.8 101.9	81.9 92.7	82.2 91.1		56.0	54.9	52.9	52.3
283	Drugs	119.3	118.1	117.4	112.3	111.9	63.0	72.6 62.1	72.0 61.4	66.0 59.0	64.6
2834	Pharmaceutical preparations	1.23.3	87.7	87.0	83.1	82.9	- 05.0	44.6	43.9	42.2	59.0 42.2
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	103.8	104.3	105.6	102.4	103.4	62.8	63.4	65.1	62.6	63.6
2841	Soap and detergents	-	36.9	37.4	37.0	37.2	-	25.3	26.1	25.6	25.8
2844	Toilet preparations	-	38.5	38.7	36.9	37.7	-	23.1	23.4	22.2	23.1
285	Paints, vamishes, and allied products	64.2	64.7	64.8	63.4	63.4	35.9	36.2	36.2	35.1	35.3
287	Agricultural chemicals	48.7	48.1	48.5	47.7	47.0	30.4	30.0	30.7	30.2	29.7
2871,2 286,9	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only Other chemical products	82.3	35.3 79.0	35.8 78.8	35.3 77.9	34.7 78.3	52.3	23.6 49.4	24.3 49.5	24.1 48.8	23.7 48.9
	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED	""							77.3		
29	INDUSTRIES	175.6	176.4	178.4	177.0	179.4	108.5	109,5	111.0	108.0	110.3
291	Petroleum refining	140.9	141.2	141.4	144.5	144.9	84,6	84.9	84.9	85.9	86.1
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products	34.7	35.2	37.0	32.5	34.5	23.9	24.6	26,1	22.1	24.2
30	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS	486.9	482.8	476.4	445.0	446.4	201 0	377.9	371.9	345.1	26.6.6
301	Tires and inner tubes	106.4	106.0	104.9	100.1	100.0	381.2 76.1	75.8	74.7	72.2	346.6
302,3,6	Other rubber products	177.8	176.5	174.5	166.9	167.0	141.4	140.6	138.5	131.7	72.0 131.8
307	Miscellaneous plastics products	202.7	200.3	197.0	178.0	179.4	163.7	161.5	158.7	141.2	142.8
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	359.9	358.4	354.2	354.1	353.7	316.9	315.0	310.7	311.1	311.1
311	Leather tanning and finishing	32.5 235.9	32.3	32.1	31.9	31.7	28.4	28.2	. 27.9	27.7	27.6
314 312,3,5-7,9	Footwear, except tubber		233.1	230.1	233.6	230.4	210.4	207.4	204.6	207.8	204.6
317	Handbags and personal leather goods	91.5	93.0 39.7	92.0 39.1	88.6 38.8	91.6 41.2	78.1	79.4	78.2 34.1	75.6	78.9
J. 1	1 .vandougs and personal reasurer goods		1 32.7	J701	, 50.0	. 41.2		34,5	34.1	33.7	36.1

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

			(In	thousands)	···							
SIC	Tad			All employee			Production workers 1					
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	
	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC			Ì	İ							
-	UTILITIES	4,086	4,093	4,104	4,002	3,984						
40	RAIL ROAD TRANSPORTATION	_	730.9	738.0	745.7	744.9						
4011	Class I railroads ²	_	633.6	640.2	649.1	653.3						
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER		1	ŀ						İ		
41	TRANSIT		270.3	270.9	271.8	270.4		_	_	_	_	
411	Local and suburban transportation		83.2	83.2	83.2	83.4		78.8	78.9	79.1	79.3	
412	Taxicabs		108.1	107.3	111.0	109.0		5.0				
413	Intercity and rural bus lines		41.1	42.0	41.0	41.2		37.8	38.7	37.7	37.7	
	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND			1 005 /							26- 2	
42 422	STORAGE		1,002.2	1,005.4 87.8	949.4 85.1	950.9 89.7	:	915.1 79.3	917.0 77.9	866.6 75.2	867.2 79.7	
45	AIR TRANSPORTATION		240.7	237.6	220.2	218.8		_	_			
451,2	Air transportation, common carriers		215.0	212.7	197.5	196.2		-	_	-) -	
46	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION		18.9	19.0	19.5	19.5		15.7	15.9	16.5	16.5	
44,47	OTHER TRANSPORTATION		320.8	321.1	325.5	311.2						
48	COMMUNICATION		892.1	889.9	858.3	857.7		706.0	704.9	681.3	681.5	
481	Telephone communication	-	743.7	741.7	714.9	714.0	_	593.1	591.7	571.8	571.9	
482	Telegraph communication 3	-	31.1	31.0	31.4	31,5	-	21.7	21.6	22.1	22.2	
483	Radio and television broadcasting	-	110.9	110.8	105.6	105.8	-	89.1	89.6	85.6	85.6	
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES	-	617.4	621.6	611.3	610.6	-	535.3	540.5	531.8	531.2	
491 492	Electric companies and systems	_	248.3 155.6	251.8 155.8	248.1 152.9	247.7 153.0	_	209.6 135.8	213.5 136.1	210.4 134.3	210,4 134,3	
493	Combined utility systems	_	175.6	176.1	173.2	172.6	_	156.8	157.9	155.0	154.3	
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems	-	37.9	37.9	37.1	37.3	-	33.1	33.0	32.1	32.2	
-	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE 4	13,622	12,949	12,736	13,084	12,448	-	11,568	11,364	11,767	11,133	
50 501	WHOLESALE TRADE	3,344	3,327 253.7	3,321 252,5	3,240 247.2	3,220	-	2,826	2,821 212.5	2,764	2,743	
502	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment . Drugs, chemicals, and allied products		199.5	198.3	193.7	248.1 193.4	_	165.9	164.6	208.2 161.1	160.8	
503	Dry goods and apparel	-	141.7	141.2	136.4	136.1	-	115.0	114.1	111,3	111.1	
504	Groceries and related products	} →	505.2	506.6	498.9	499.7	-	446.0	447.6	440.5	441.8	
506 507	Electrical goods	_	262.3 153.5	260.4 152.5	245.8 147.0	244.6 146.9	=	216.6	214.9	204.0	203,1	
508	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods	-	574.2	573.4	548.5	547.6	-	130.7 485.3	129.9 485.0	125.4 464.7	125.5 464.1	
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers	-	1,138.7	1,135.6	1,101.4	1,092.3	-	967.9	964.2	940.6	931.8	
52-59	RETAIL TRADE 4	10,278	9,622	9,415	9,844	9,228	-	8,742	8,543	9,003	8,390	
53	GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	-	2,053.6	1,905.0	2,319.5	1,925.2	-	1,892.9	1,749.8	2,161.6	1,771.2	
531 532	Department stores] =	1,288.0	1,186.3	1,469.7	1,199.9	_	1,186.2		1,374.8	1,108.0	
533	Limited price variety stores	_	148.6 336.0	129.7 314.1	145.5 395.4	131.9 325.6	-	141.0 315.4	122.5 293.7	138.2 371.6	124.8 301.6	
54	FOOD STORES	_	1,508.5	1,492.6	1,470.8	1,446.7	_	1,398,1	ļ	1,368,9	1,345.8	
541-3	Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores	-	1,337.0	1,324.9	1,294.4	1,277.8		1,237.3		1,202.2	1,186.6	
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STORES	_	647.1	629.9	750.6	636.7	-	583.4	566.9	687.8	576.0	
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	-	110.9	105.4	132.2	103.8	-	100.0	94.7	121.6	93.9	
562 565	Women's ready-to-wear stores Family clothing stores	-	235.6 104.3	231.1	271.6 136.1	236.6 107.7	_	213.5 97.1	209.8 93.8		215.5 100.8	
566	Shoe stores	-	121.6	119.8	133.3	118.2	_	106.3	104.1		103.1	
57	FURNITURE AND APPLIANCE STORES	_	423.1	417.3	416.7	403.7	_	373.4	367.7	371.1	358.2	
571	Furnimre and home furnishings	-	273.8	270.0	271.6	263.3	-	241.6	237.4	241.7	233.8	
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	<u> </u>	1,899.9	1,910.8	1,829.1	1,846.0	-	1,768.1		1,702.3	1,715.6	
52,55,59 52	OTHER RETAIL TRADE	-	3,089.6 549.1	3,059.2 547.0	3,057.7 532.3	2,969.5 536.4	_	2,725.7 473.7	2,695.8 471.7	2,711.1 460.0	2,623.6 463.5	
55	Auto dealers and service stations	_	1,441.2	1,433.5	1,394.0	1,376.2	-	"-"			753.3	
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	-	738.5	734.9	701.9	696.4	-	634.9	631.8	604.6	599.3	
553,9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers	_	183.3	178.4	179.8	171.0	<u> </u>	159.4	154.7	157.8	148.5	
554 59	Miscellaneous retail stores	_	519.4	520.2 1,078.7	512.3 1,131.4	508.8 1,056.9		-	-	_	-	
591	Drug stores		416.6	409.6	417.0	396.8	-	380.1	373.2	383.0	363.6	
596	Farm and garden supply stores	-	93.3	95.8	92.2	91.8	-	1 -	_	_	-	
598			110.9	107.8	116.6	109.0	1 -	97.6	94.4	103.9	95.9	

Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

			Ā	ll employees	3		Production workers !					
SIC Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	
			İ						1			
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL			l								
	ESTATE 5	3,058	3,061	3,066	2,981	2,982		2,444	2,451	2,394	2,397	
60	Banking	-	788.8	787.5	770.4	768.0	-	660.1	658.9	647.2	645.9	
61	Credit agencies other than banks	-	334.9	334.3	323.7	321.8	-	268.4	268.6	261.3	259.8	
612	Savings and loan associations	-	94.1	94.6	94.5	94.2	-	76.9	77.4	78.1	77.9	
614	Personal credit institutions	-	183.3	182.8 129.0	173.3 126.7	171.6 126.3	-	114.6	113.8	111 0	111.5	
62 63	Security dealers and exchanges Insurance carriers		919.4	918.7	900.4	900.4	_	645.7	645.5	111.8 640.0	641.4	
631	Life insurance	_	485.4	485.0	477.5	478.0	_	277.8	277.3	279.0	280.9	
632	Accident and health insurance	_	57.2	57.1	56,1	56.1		48.5	48.5	47.6	47.7	
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	-	330.5	330.2	321.7	321.4	1-1	280.6	280.8	275.4	275.0	
64	Insurance agents, brokers, and services	-	234.4	234.2	227.9	227.5	-	-	-	-	-	
65	Real estate	-	572.1	580.3	552.0	558.3	-	1 -	-	-	-	
656	Operative builders	i -	46.0	48.1	43.7	45.5	-	-	-	i -	-	
66,67	Other finance, insurance, and real estate	_	81.6	81.6	80.0	• 79.3	-		-	· .	-	
-	SERVICES AND MISCELL ANEOUS	9,013	9,033	9,073	8,627	8,648				<u> </u>		
70	Hotelsand lodging places	_ ا	645.7	666.7	610.5	614.4	_	l _	1 _			
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels	-	595.4	613.3	561,2	564.1	-	556.2	574.4	524.5	528,6	
72	Personal services	_	975.3	977.2	955.4	957.1	_	-	_	l _	l _	
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants	_	540.5	543.4	532.3	532.2	-	486,3	488.7	475.5	475.3	
73	Miscellaneous business services	-	1,110.3	1,105.3	1,032.6	1,019.8	-	-	-	-	-	
731	Advertising	-	113.5	114.2	111.7	111.6	-	-	-	-	-	
732 78	Credit reporting and collection agencies . Morion pictures	-	67.2 181.6	66.7 185.5	64.6 173.9	64.5 175.1	_	-	-	-	-	
78 781	Motion picture filming and distributing	-	52.5	51.7	47.0	45.2	_	31.9	31.7	29.0	27.7	
782,3	Motion picture theaters and services	_	129.1	133.8	126.9	129.9	_		32.7			
80	Medical and other health services		2,200.2	2,192.9	2,098.0	2,094.9	-	-		_	I _	
806	Hospitals	-	1,468.9	1,466.5	1,414.5	1,412.7	-	-	-	-	_	
81	Legal services	-	182.8	182.4	176.9	175.9	-	-	-	-	_	
82	Educational services		1,011.9	1,005.9	945.2	948,6	-	-	-	-	-	
821	Elementary and secondary schools	-	342.6	337.0	323.5	325.7	-	-	-	- '	-	
822	Higher educational institutions	-	599.8 457.5	599.8 454.5	556.5 430.6	557.7 427.5		_	_		-	
89 891	Engineering and architectural services	_	250.7	248.2	229.2	228.0		_	l	_	_	
891 892	Nonprofit research organizations	<u> </u>	62.7	62.6	61.4	61.4	-	_		_	-	
_	GOVERNMENT	10,540	10,394	10,301	10,015	9,887					-	
	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT 6	2,550	2,402	2,384	2,483	2,352						
	Executive	_	2,370.4	2,352.7	2,452,2	2,321.7	_					
	Department of Defense	<u>-</u>	955.7	949.4	922.9		_	1 -	_	l -	1	
	Post Office Department	_	617.8	608.0	734.7		_	_	_	_		
	Other agencies	_	796.9	795.3	794.6		-	-	-	-	-	
	Legislative	l -	25.6		24.5		-	1 -	-	_	-	
	Judicial	-	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	-	-	-	_	-	
92,93	STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT	7,990	7,992	7,917	7,532	7,535						
92	State government	-	2,060.9		1,919.9		-	-	-			
/ -	State education	-	764.8	745.3	666.0		-	-	-	-		
	Other State government	-	1,296.1	1,300.6	1,253,9	1,256.0	-	-	-	-	-	
		-	F 000 -	F 071 0	F 612 3	E 600 6	-	-	-	_	-	
	Local government	-	5,930.7				-	-	-	-	_	
	Local education	-	3,355.7 2,575.0				-	-	-	-		
	Other local government		2,3/3.0	2,370.1	2,,,,,,,,	-,,	-	_				
		İ	l	l		L	L	<u> </u>	L			

¹For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

²Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more.

*Not available.
Note: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

³ Data for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.

 $^{^{4}\,\}mathrm{Beginning}$ January 1964, data for nonsupervisory workers include eating and drinking places.

Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

⁶ Prepared by the U.S. Civil Service Commission. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude Central Intelligence and National Security Agencies.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-4: Indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division,
1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adjusted

1957-59=100

										,			
		l			Transpor-	Wholes	ale and retail	l trade	Finance,	Service	G	overnment	
			Contract	Manufac-	tation and	i	T		insurance,	and			Γ
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc-	turing	public		Wholesale	Retail	and real	miscel-		l	State
		1	tion	1	utilities	Total	trade	trade	estate	laneous	Total	Federal	and
				1									local
		T											
1919	51.6	147.1	35.4	64.2	91.0	41.3	-	-	43.9	32.8	34.1	-	-
1920	52.1	160.9	29.4	64.2	98.1	40.9	-	-	46.4	34-3	33.2	-	-
1921	46.4	124.9	29.4 35.1	49.7	84.9	42.0	İ	_	46.0	35.0	32.2	-	_
1922	49.2	120.6	41.0	54.9	86.0	44.9	l -		45.2	36.3	32.3	-	_
1923	54.1		42.6	62.1	95.2	48.4	_		47.0	38.9	33.2	_	_
1723	7401	157.4	42.0	02.1	37.2	10.7	_	-	71.00	30.9	25.4	i -	_
100h	F2 1.	143.0	45.8	58.3	93.4	49.5	_	_	48.7	40.4	34.7	_	_
1924	53.4	141.4		59.9	93.9	51.1	_		48.7	41.6		_	_
1925	54.8		50.1			53.0	_	ļ .		44.2	35.7	ļ.	•
1926	56.8	153.9	53.9	61.2	96.7		_	-	51.6		36.3	-	-
1927	57.1	144.7	55•7	60.3	95.6	54.1	-	-	54.0	46.0	37.2	-	•
1928	57.1	136.4	55.6	59•9	93•9	53.8	-	-	56.7	47.4	38.2	•	-
		1 .					1	1					
1929	59.7	141.2	51.9	64.5	96.1	56.1	-	-	59.6	49.9	39.1	24.1	45.0
1930	56.0	131.0	47.5	57.6	90.4	53.1	-	-	58.3	49.0	40.1	23.8	46.6
1931	50.7	113.4	42.1	49.2	79.8	53.1 48.4	-	-	55.6	46.2	41.6	25.3	48.0
1932	45.0	94.9	33.6	41.8	69.1	42.9	-	-	53.0	42.5	41.1	25.2	47.3
1933	45.1	96.6	28.0	44.6	65.6	43.5	-	۱ -	51.2	41.7	40.4	25.5	46.2
~yJJ••••••	47.1	,,,,,				","		1 -	/		70.7	-/•/	
1001	he t	771	20.0	51.0	67 =	48.4	1 -	1	E0 3	44.4	42.0	امما	47.0
1934	49.4	114.7	29.9	51.2	67.5		1 -	-	52.1			29.4	
1935	51.5	116.5	31.6	54.6	68.4	49.7	_	-	52.8	45.6	44.4	34.0	48.4
1936	55.4	122.9	39•7	59.2	72.9	53-2	-	-	54-9	48.3	46.7	37•3	50.5
1937	59.1	131.8	38.5	65.0	76.9	57.4	-	-	56.6	51.0	47.9	37.6	51.9
1938	55.6	115.7	36.5	56.9	70.2	56.6	-	-	56.3	50.4	49.5	37.4	54. 2
		/			• • •			I		- 1			
1939	58.3	110.9	39.8	61.9	72.0	58.8	58.1	59.1	57.8	51.0	50.9	40.9	54.9
1940	61.6	120.1	44.8	66.2	74.5	61.8	60.6	62.3	59.4	53.4	53.6	45.0	56.9
1941	69.6	124.3	62.0		80.3	66.0	64.7	66.5	61.2	56.9	59.4		58.9
	76.4			79•5		65.2	62.9				69.9	60.5	58.1
1942		128.8	75.2	92.1	84.9			66.0	60.8	59.3		100.0	56.4
1943	80.8	120.1	54•3	106.0	89.5	63.9	60.1	65.3	59•4	60.2	77•5	131.2	JU 84
						0.0	C= 0		-0 -		777.0		EE 2
1944	79.7	115.8	37•9	104.4	93•9	64.6	60.8	66.0	58. 3	60.4	77.0	132.2	55.3
1945	76.9	108.6	39.2	93.5	95.8	67.0	64.3	67.9	59.2	61.5	75.8	126.8	55.7
1946	79.3	111.9	57•5	93•5 88 . 6	9 9.6	76.7	75.6	77.1	67.1	68.5	71.3	101.8	59.3
1947	79•3 83•6	124.0	68.7	93•7	102.2	82.0	81.5	82.2	69.3	73-3	69.8	85.5	6 3.6
1948	85.5	129.1	75.i	93.9	102.8	84.9	85.9	84.5	72.3	75.5	72.0	84.1	67.2
		,	12	, ,		_	1		,=	,,,,,		1	
1949	83.4	120.8	75.0	87.0	98.2	84.8	85.9	84.5	73.4	76.4	74.6	86.2	70.1
1950	86.1	117.0	80.8	91.8	99.0	85.9	86.9	85.6	75.8	78.1	76.8	87.1	72.8
	91.1		90.2	98.8	103.7	89.2	90.0	88.9		80.9	81.4	104.0	72.6
1951	93.0	120.6					92.8		78.7		84.2		74.4
1952		116.6	91.2	100.2	104.2	91.6		91.2	81.8	83.1	84.7	109-3	77.1
1953	95.6	112.5	90.9	105.7	105.3	93.8	94.2	93•7	84.8	85.1	04.1	104.1	114-
				-0 -				١.,			96.0	1	81.0
1954	93.3 96.5	102.7	90.5	98.3	100.2	93.7	94.6	93.4	88.3	87.1	86.0	98.8	83.9
1955	96.5	102.9	97•1	101.7	101.6	96.5	96.5	96.4	92.3	91.0	88.1	98.8	
1956	99. 8	106.8	103.9	103.9	104.1	99.4	99.6	99.4	96.0	94.8	92.7	99.8	90.0
1957	100.7	107.5	101.2	103.5	104.0	99•7	99•9	99.6	97•9	97•9	97.1	100.1	95•9
1958	97.8	97.5	96.2	96.1	97•5	98.4	98.3	98.5	99.6	97•9 98•8	99-9	99.0	100.3
• •			_										
1959	101.5	95.1	102.5	100.5	98.4	101.9	101.7	102.0	102.5	103.2	103.0	100.9	103.9
1960	103.2	92.5	9 9•9	101.2	98.2	104.3	103.7	104.5	105.5	107.3	106.5	102.5	108.0
1961	102.8	87.3	97.5	98.4	95.8	103.8	103.3	104.0	107.9	110.4	109.5	102.9	112.1
1962	105.7	84.4	100.5	101.5	95.8	105.9	105.5	106.1	110.7	115.3	113.3	105.7	116.3
1963	107.8	82.5	102.6	102.4	95.8	107.8	107.2	108.1	113.7	119.4	117.6	106.5	121.9
1964	110.7	82.2	105.9	104.0	96.8	111.1							_
1965		81.6		108.4			109.6	111.6	117.2	124.3	122.3	106.1	128.7
	115.0		111.2		9 8.9	115.2	112.7	116.2	120.3	129.2	128.0	107.5	136.1
1964: December.	112.6	82.5	110.1	105.8	98.0	112.7	110.7	113.4	118.5	126.3	124.7	106.1	132.0
		1 1				1						1	
1965: January	112.9	82.3	110.3	106.3	96.3	113.3	110.8	114.2	118.7	126.7	124.9	105.8	132.5
February.	113.4	82.3	111.2	106.7	97.8	113.8	111.1	114.7	119.1	127.3	125.4	105.6	133.2
March	113.9	82.1	112.2	107.0	98.6	114.1	111.6	115.0	119.5	127.6	126.0	105.8	134.0
April	113.9	81.7	108.9	107.3	98.5	114.4	111.9	115.3	119.5	127.9	126.5	105.9	134.6
May	114.3	81.4	110.4	107.5	98.6	114.8	112.3	115.6	119.8	128.3	126.9	105.9	135.1
June	114.8	81.3	110.7	108.1		115.2	113.0	116.0	120.2			106.1	136.0
		1 1	110.1	100.1	99.0		√.ريد ا	110.0	120.2	128.5	127.6	106.4	±30.0
July	115.2	82.2	109.2	108.6	98.9	115.5	113.3	116.4	120.5	129.6	128.1	107.3	136.3
August	115.4	81.4	110.5	108.9	99.3	115.4	113.0	116.2	120.7	129.8	128.5	107.5	136.8
September	115.7	80.1	110.4	109.0	99.8	115.7	113.3	116.6	121.0	130.1		107.5	
October	116.1	80.8	110.4	109.4		116.1	113.5				129.0		137.4
November.	117.0				99.9			117.1	121.3	130.9	129.6	107.8	138.2
		81.4	113.3 117.2	110.4	100.1	116.7	114.0	117.7	121.5	131.5	130.7	108.4	139.4
December.	117.7	82.2	771.5	111.0	100.0	117.3	114.2	118.4	121.6	132.0	131.2	108.9	140.0
						l		l	L				

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

799-429 O-66-3

ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table B-5: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

(In thousands)													
Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
TOTAL	61,797	61,430	61,001	60,756	60,621	60,501	60,290	60,032	59,846	59,814	59,581	59,295	59,163
MINING	633	627	622	617	627	633	626	627	629	632	634	634	635
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,383	3,271	3,202	3,186	3,189	3,154	3,195	3,188	3,145	3,238	3,211	3,185	3,179
MANUFACTURING	18,428	18,323	18,163	18,098	18,072	18,032	17,943	17,835	17,803	17,762	17,703	17,638	17,565
DURABLE GOODS	10,699	10,621	10,523	10,494	10,476	10,424	10,345	10,266	10,241	10,194	10,150	10,098	10,044
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products Machinery Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	245 619 443 634 1,280 1,303 1,772 1,756 1,804 395 448	245 612 436 628 1,274 1,296 1,769 1,740 1,786 394 441	243 605 432 624 1,284 1,274 1,745 1,722 1,767 392 435	242 601 430 622 1,308 1,269 1,736 1,697 1,771 390 428	239 603 427 618 1,318 1,263 1,728 1,683 1,781 388 428	236 602 430 618 1,317 1,269 1,728 1,677 1,740 389 418	234 601 428 612 1,306 1,259 1,707 1,665 1,735 383 415	231 603 428 613 1,285 1,251 1,692 1,647 1,722 378 416	229 607 428 619 1,285 1,247 1,683 1,635 1,712 379 417	230 614 425 623 1,284 1,678 1,624 1,700 378 416	230 603 423 619 1,283 1,243 1,669 1,681 376 414	231 600 420 621 1,282 1,230 1,663 1,596 1,670 374 411	231 604 417 617 1,278 1,218 1,657 1,586 1,652 373 411
NONDURABLE GOODS	7,729	7,702	7,640	7,604	7,596	7,608	7,598	7,569	7,562	7,568	7,553	7,540	7,521
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products. Rubber and plastic products Leather and leather products	82 935	1,760 81 932 1,367 647 990 915 177 477 356	1,733 81 928 1,362 643 984 909 177 469 354	1,717 79 924 1,356 640 980 910 179 465 354	1,723 80 921 1,345 637 981 911 179 466 353	1,733 87 921 1,343 641 981 908 179 464 351	1,728 86 916 1,367 634 975 900 177 463 352	1,734 86 914 1,346 633 971 894 176 460 355	1,729 86 915 1,344 633 971 893 178 460 353	1,746 86 912 1,340 632 969 892 1797 355	1,749 87 909 1,334 632 967 890 179 453 353	1,753 88 905 1,334 631 963 887 179 447 353	1,756 89 901 1,324 629 961 886 180 443 352
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,078	4,081	4,071	4,067	4,049	4,031	4,034	4,020	4,013	4,017	3,985	3,926	3,994
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.	12,807	12,744	12,684	12,641	12,600	12,619	12,580	12,532	12,494	12,460	12,423	12,374	12,303
WHOLE SALE TRADE	3,308 9,499	3,301 9,443	3,288 9,396	3,281 9,360	3,273 9,327	3,281 9,338	3,272 9,308	3,252 9,280	3,241 9,253	3,231 9,229	3,217 9,206	3,209 9,165	3,205 9,098
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3,076	3,073	3,069	3,061	3,053	3,049	3,041	3,032	3,024	3,023	3,013	3,003	2,999
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	9,095	9,060	9,019	8,967	8,946	8,929	8,857	8,843	8,814	8,794	8,771	8,732	8,705
GOVERNMENT	10,297	10,251	10,171	10,119	10,085	10,054	10,014	9,955	9,924	9,888	9,841	9,803	9,783
FEDERAL	2,410 7,887	2,400 7,851	2,386 7,785	2,379 7,740	2,379 7,706	2,376 7,678	2,355 7,659	2,345 7,610	2,344 7,580	2,342 7,546	2,338 7,503	2,342 7,461	2,348 7,435

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-6: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)													
Major industry group	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
MANUFACTURING	13,732	13,642	13,507	13,457	13,440	13,405	13,340	13,252	13,238	13,220	13,158	13,116	13,045
DURABLE	7,946	7,877	7,798	7,781	7,769	7,721	7,662	7,599	7,588	7,557	7,515	7,476	7,427
Ordnance and accessories	109	108	107	105	104	102	100	99	98	99	99	99	99
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	544	537	530	527	530	528	527	529	532	541	531.	528	532
Furniture and fixtures	368	362	35 8	357	354	357	356	356	356	354	351	349	346
Stone, clay, and glass products	511	504	500	500	495	495	490	491	498	502	498	501	497
Primary metal industries	1,040	1,035	1,046	1,068	1,079	1,077	1,068	1,050	1,050	1,052	1,050	1,050	1,046
Fabricated metal products	1,014	1,007	987	983	977	983	973	968	966	943	962	951	940
Machinery	1,243	1,243	1,224	1,218	1,208	1,208	1,192	1,181	1,176	1,174	1,164	1,161	1,157
Electrical equipment and supplies	1,213	1,197	1,182	1,163	1,152	1,149	1,142	1,127	1,119	1,109	1,097	1,085	1,077
Transportation equipment	1,288	1,276	1,263	1,267	1,280	1,238	1,237	1,227	1,218	1,210	1,192	1,185	1,167
Instruments and related products	254	254	252	251	248	250	245	239	241	240	240	238	237
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	362	354	349	342	342	334	332	332	334	333	331	329	329
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,786	5,765	5,709	5,676	5,671	5,684	5,678	5,653	5,650	5,663	5 ,6 43	5,640	5,618
Food and kindred products	1,165	1,172	1,144	1,129	1,135	1,141	1,134	1,141	1,136	1,155	1,155	1,160	1,162
Tobacco manufactures	70	69	70	68	68	75	75	74	74	74	75	76	77
Textile mill products	835	833	828	825	823	822	818	817	818	815	812	809	806
Apparel and related products	1,221	1,216	1,212	1,205	1,195	1,196	1,221	1,198	1,197	1,193	1,186	1,189	1,179
Paper and allied products	506	503	500	499	497	500	494	493	494	493	493	492	490
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	630	629	625	621.	622	622	616	615	615	615	613	612	608
Chemicals and allied products	554	547	544	546	548	548	542	538	538	540	537	535	53 4
Petroleum refining and related industries	111	111	110	111	170	וננ	110	108	110	110	110	110	110
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	379	372	365	362	363	361	359	357	358	356	352	347	343
Leather and leather products	31.5	313	31.1	310	310	308	309	312	310	31.2	310	310	309

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonogricultural payrolls

(In

	State and area	TOTAL				Mining		Cont	ract constru	ction	Manufacturing			
	bivie and area	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	
1	ALABAMA Birmingham Huntsville Mobile	875.8	874.8	850.1	8.2	7.9	8.6	49.5	51.2	49.7	276,2	274.6	261.8	
2		214.6	211.8	209.1	4.2	3.9	4.4	11.5	11.8	11.5	65,9	63.7	63.6	
3		74.5	74.3	71.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.6	4.8	5.4	14,1	14.0	12.4	
4		104.1	105.1	104.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.9	6.0	6.6	21,7	22.4	20.4	
5	ALASKA	68.2	73.0	65.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	6.0	8.8	6.2	4.7	5.5	4.8	
6	ARIZONA Phoenix Tucson	414.6	409.2	396.6	15.8	15.7	15.4	23.0	23.3	27.0	70.6	68.8	61.7	
7		244.0	240.4	230.1	.1	.1	.1	13.7	13.8	15.8	54.2	53.1	46.4	
8		78.1	76.5	76.1	3.8	3.7	3.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	6.7	5.9	6.7	
9	ARKANSAS Fayetteville Fort Smith Little Rock-North Little Rock Pine Bluff	453.4	456.3	437.8	4.9	4.8	4.6	25.3	27.4	26.7	135.9	135.9	129.6	
10		20.4	20.4	17.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.3	.9	6.6	6.6	5.0	
11		36.8	36.6	38.2	.5	.5	.5	1.7	1.8	2.5	13.0	12.9	13.0	
12		97.8	98.3	94.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.5	7.8	7.2	19.7	19.8	18.7	
13		21.4	21.4	20.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.2	1.1	5.7	5.7	5.5	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	CALIFORNIA Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove. Bakersfield Fresno Los Angeles-Long Beach Oxnard-Ventura Sacramento San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario San Diego San Francisco-Oakland Z San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose San Jose	73.3 233.9 247.9	5,916.4 298.1 82.6 103.3 2,514.7 73.3 238.2 245.8 270.6 1,108.1 277.7 65.7 78.3 58.0	5,640.2 279.4 78.5 98.1 2,432.2 69.6 223.0 237.5 262.6 1,060.8 258.1 63.1 69.7 53.1	32.0 1.8 7.4 1.2 10.2 2.6 .3 2.1 .5 1.9 .1	32.2 1.8 7.5 1.2 10.2 2.6 .3 2.0 .5 1.9 1.0 .1	31.2 1.7 7.4 1.2 10.1 2.4 1.5 .4 1.8	326.0 20.5 3.4 4.9 117.2 4.3 13.6 15.9 13.6 65.3 17.0 3.5 3.8 2.4	331.2 21.0 3.6 5.2 118.3 4.6 15.0 15.3 13.7 66.2 17.7 3.7 4.1 2.7	308.8 21.0 3.3 4.8 115.5 4.3 13.0 16.7 15.2 60.6 16.2 4.2 3.5 2.3	1,432.7 99.5 8.4 16.6 774.8 12.6 29.7 43.4 51.5 199.3 89.4 10.6 14.1 6.1	1,454.1 99.6 8.4 17.6 771.2 12.9 33.2 50.8 204.3 90.2 10.5 17.0 6.1	1,383.9 93.2 8.1 16.1 744.3 12.6 32.6 41.3 49.3 196.7 82.8 10.2 13.5 5.1	
28	COLORADO	597.5	598.6	580.2	12.9	12.9	12.0	37.9	38.9	37.3	92.7	92.8	90.0	
29		375.0	375.3	369.8	3.5	3.5	3.1	22.8	23.6	22.0	64.3	64.2	63.3	
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	CONNECTICUT Bridgeport Hartford New Britain New Haven Stamford Waterbury	1,044.1 139.7 273.6 43.1 143.9 66.5 71.5	1,036.1 138.6 271.3 42.9 142.8 66.3 71.4	1,004.4 136.0 264.0 41.4 137.2 63.6 69.6	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	50.4 6.0 12.9 2.0 8.8 3.9 2.5	51.1 6.0 13.2 2.1 9.1 4.0 2.6	51.9 6.1 12.3 1.7 8.7 3.6 2.3	446.6 71.7 100.4 24.1 46.3 23.0 38.2	442.9 71.1 99.3 24.0 45.8 23.0 38.2	425.3 69.2 94.6 23.6 43.6 21.9 37.5	
37	DELAWARE	181.7	180.2	172.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.5	14.3	12.9	67.2	66.8	64.4	
38	Wilmington	165.4	164.3	158.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	12.1	11.9	10.7	65.0	64.7	63.8	
39	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 4 Washington SMSA	626.3	623.9	606.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	27.1	28.1	25.2	21.2	21.2	20.4	
40		942.9	936.6	893.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	67.0	68.5	63.8	41.6	41.4	39.0	
41 42 43 44 45 46	FLORIDA Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Jacksonville Miami Orlando Tampa-St. Petersburg	1,631.5 106.9 161.7 351.8 105.2 238.6	1,600.7 103.1 161.1 347.8 101.7 234.9	1,565.7 100.2 158.9 342.9 103.1 228.8	10.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	10.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	9.7 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	142.4 14.8 11.8 21.1 8.5 19.9	142.8 14.5 11.7 21.5 8.4 19.6	135.5 14.1 11.7 21.0 8.9 18.8	256.7 11.7 21.9 54.4 18.0 42.8	248.4 11.4 22.4 53.6 17.4 42.4	244.0 10.4 22.0 52.3 19.0 40.8	
4 7	GEORGIA	1,265.4	1,257.8	1,205.0	4.8	4.9	5,6	74.5	74.3	69.0	404.7	402.3	385.1	
48		485.4	481.5	457.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	31.5	31.5	31.6	110.5	109.8	102.9	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

for States and selected areas, by industry division

thousands)

	nsportation a		Wholes	sale and reta	il trade		ance, insurar d real estate		Service	and miscells	ın eou s		Government		\prod
Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	
1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	
50.1	50.4	49.2	166.0	165.2	162.9	35.1	35.1	35.2	108.2	108.4	105.8	182.5	182.0	176.9	1
16.6	16.6	16.3	49.6	49.4	48.6	14.8	14.8	14.5	26.9	26.8	26.5	25.1	24.8	23.7	2
2.0	2.0	1.8	11.7	11.5	11.2	1.7	1.6	1.6	14.6	14.6	13.0	25.8	25.8	25.6	3
9.8	10.0	10.0	22.3	22.2	22.7	4.4	4.4	4.3	14.5	14.6	13.9	25.5	25.5	26.7	4
6.9	7.4	6.5	10.1	10.2	9.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	7•5	7.7	7.3	29.8	30.1	28.5	5
24.7	24.4	25.0	97.1	95.7	94.1	22.2	22.1	21.5	67.6	66.8	63.5	93.6	92.4	88.4	6
13.4	13.3	13.7	60.8	59.8	58.8	16.0	15.9	15.4	40.4	39.7	37.5	45.4	44.7	42.4	7
5.0	5.0	5.2	17.9	17.7	17.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	13.9	13.7	13.8	21.7	21.4	20.4	8
30.0	30.6	29.9	94.6	95.0	93.4	17.6	17.5	17.4	60.1	60.7	57.6	85.0	84.4	78.6	9
1.6	1.6	1.5	4.1	4.1	4.0	.5	.5	.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	4.0	4.0	3.6	10
2.7	2.6	2.6	8.3	8.2	8.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	4.2	4.2	5.1	11
8.5	8.5	8.1	21.4	21.5	21.3	7.6	7.6	7.4	14.3	14.4	14.3	18.7	18.7	18.0	12
2.7	2.8	2.7	4.0	3.9	4.0	.8	.8	.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	4.4	4.3	4.0	13
393.4 10.4 6.0 8.0 150.3 3.4 17.7 17.5 15.2 108.7 12.3 3.2 5.9 2.8	395.4 10.5 6.0 7.8 150.3 3.3 17.8 17.6 15.0 110.0 12.6 3.2 6.1	375.9 9.3 5.9 7.9 144.7 3.2 17.3 16.7 14.1 10.9 3.0 5.8 2.6	1,304.0 64.4 18.0 27.8 564.3 16.3 49.5 53.0 61.3 241.7 51.3 15.1 17.4	1,290.3 62.4 18.2 29.1 555.2 16.1 49.4 52.6 60.0 238.4 50.4 15.1 18.0 10.2	1,253.1 58.8 17.3 26.8 546.3 15.5 46.9 51.0 58.6 237.7 47.9 14.6 17.0 9.3	322.5 13.7 2.8 4.6 146.8 2.3 9.9 9.5 14.1 81.8 10.8 2.6 2.5	322.7 13.6 2.8 4.6 146.8 2.3 9.9 9.5 14.1 82.0 10.8 2.6 2.5	310.5 12.8 2.9 4.5 141.8 2.1 9.3 9.2 13.2 80.1 10.4 2.5 2.4	950.3 43.7 12.8 17.4 425.6 9.4 41.8 46.7 173.9 52.4 14.4 10.3	952.2 43.3 12.7 17.3 424.3 9.4 27.6 41.1 47.2 174.3 51.4 14.3	901.4 40.4 11.5 16.7.9 8.5 25.6 38.5 165.3 47.9 13.5 9.6 7.3	1,142.8 46.6 23.5 20.7 339.4 22.4 85.8 64.7 70.0 232.7 45.5 15.6 20.4 26.5	1,138.3 45.9 23.4 20.5 338.4 22.1 85.0 64.5 69.3 231.0 44.5 15.3 20.0 26.2	1,075.4 42.2 22.1 321.6 21.0 78.1 62.9 66.3 214.5 41.9 14.2 17.8 24.6	18 19
44.6	44.7	44.5	141.0	140.6	138.8	31.1	31.0	30.5	95.5	96.2	92.0	141.8	141.5	135.1	28
30.5	30.7	30.5	94.7	94.5	93.4	23.7	23.7	23.5	64.1	64.3	61.9	71.4	70.8	72.1	29
46.7	46.1	46.1	189,6	186.9	180.3	59.4	59.1	58.4	136.2	136.5	131 _{.6} 6	115.1	113.6	110.8	32
5.9	5.8	5.8	25,2	24.8	24.6	4.1	4.1	4.2	15.7	15.7	15 _. 1	11.2	11.0	11.0	
9.9	9.4	9.8	52,0	50.9	51.2	34.9	35.0	33.9	34.1	34.2	33 _{.3} 3	29.5	29.3	28.9	
1.9	1.8	1.8	6,4	6.4	6.1	1.0	1.0	.9	4.2	4.1	4 _{.0} 0	3.5	3.5	3.2	
13.2	13.0	12.6	28,3	28.0	26.6	7.1	7.1	7.4	26.0	26.0	24 _{.6} 6	14.2	13.9	13.8	
2.8	2.8	2.9	14,9	14.6	14.1	2.6	2.6	2.7	13.0	13.0	12 _{.3} 3	6.4	6.4	6.1	
2.8	2.8	2.8	11,1	10.9	10.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.4	8.4	8 _{.2} 2	6.7	6.6	6.6	
10.2	10.2	10.0	34.3	33.4	32.7	6.9	6.9	6.7	23.2	23.1	22.0	25.4	25.5	24.2	37
8.8	8.7	8.5	30.7	29.9	29.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	20.8	21.0	19.7	21.6	21.7	20.3	38
30.6	30.7	29 . 9	89.8	88.0	89.9	31.8	31.8	30.9	115.8	115.5	109.7	310.0	308.6	300.1	
49.6	49.8	47 . 7	186.6	181.2	176.6	54.9	55.3	51.5	189.1	187.8	174.8	354.1	352.6	340.4	
111.9 5.5 16.8 37.8 6.0 17.0	111.5 5.5 16.7 37.5 6.1 16.9	107.9 5.4 16.2 35.7 6.0 16.8	435.0 31.0 45.0 94.1 33.1 68.9	419.7 29.1 44.4 92.3 31.1 67.1	421.6 29.5 44.6 95.0 32.0 67.1	96.2 7.1 14.6 24.9 6.7 14.1	96.4 7.0 14.5 24.8 6.7 14.0	95.0 7.2 14.7 24.1 6.4 13.6	280.7 20.2 23.5 71.9 17.6 38.8	275.9 19.2 23.6 71.0 16.9 38.1	268.9 18.2 23.2 70.0 16.3 36.8	298.6 16.6 28.1 47.6 15.3 37.1	296.0 16.4 27.8 47.1 15.1 36.8	283.1 15.4 26.5 44.8 14.5 34.9	42 43 44 45
85.1	84.9	80.5	267.8	263.4	253.6	58.7	58.9	58.2	142.0	142.3	138.2	227 _• 8	226.8	214.8	
45.8	45.5	42.4	129.1	126.3	121.0	33.2	33.3	32.5	66.7	66.9	64.0	68 _• 6	68.2	63.0	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In

	<u> </u>		TOTAL			Mining		Cont	ract constitu	ction		fanufacturin	В
	State and area	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964
1	GEORGIA (continued) Savannah	57.0	56.8	54.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.4	3.4	2.9	15.5	15.5	14.5
2	HAWAII	218.0 184.2	215.9 182.0	208.8 176.0	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	17.7 15.1	17.9 15.3	16.6 13.7	21.3 14.7	21.5 14.6	21.9 14.8
4	IDAHO	181.5	182.3	174.0	3,4	3.4	3.4	11.9	12.4	10.6	36.5	36.3	34.5
5		31.4	31.5	30.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.1	1.9	3.2	3.3	3.2
6	ILLINOIS Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Peoria Rockford	3,883.8	3,869.5	3,752.1	24.7	24.9	25.3	162.2	170.1	159.7	1,311.6	1,302.2	1,252.4
7		2,681.8	2,664.9	2,602.4	6.7	6.8	6.5	102.6	106.5	99.9	919.4	911.8	881.7
8		(5)	122.9	119.7	(5)	(3)	(3)	(5)	6.7	6.8	(5)	46.2	44.8
9		(5)	117.6	112.5	(5)	(3)	(3)	(5)	8.1	7.0	(5)	46.6	44.1
10		(5)	93.9	89.3	(5)	(3)	(3)	(5)	4.0	4.2	(5)	50.4	47.0
11 12 13 14 15 16	INDIANA Evansville. Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond-East Chicago Indianapolis. South Bend Terre Haute.	1,666.5 76.6 98.3 197.5 362.5 89.0 47.3	1,658.5 76.0 98.2 199.0 361.1 88.5 47.4	1,585.6 76.8 94.9 197.6 349.7 84.6 46.0	7.8 2.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.1 2.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.6 2.4 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	82.1 4.2 4.6 12.5 15.9 3.3 1.6	82.1 4.2 4.8 12.5 16.7 3.3 1.6	75.4 4.1 4.8 11.9 14.5 3.1	680.4 28.5 39.8 102.0 124.7 35.3 12.8	678.8 28.3 39.7 103.7 124.2 35.1 13.0	647.9 28.5 37.9 104.8 119.4 32.2 12.4
18	IOWA 2	768 ₀ 3	770.1	731.7	3.4	3.5	3,5	41.9	43.6	36.7	195.6	195.7	185.6
19		58 ₀ 4	57.7	54.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.9	2.8	2.7	24.7	24.4	22.3
20		106 ₀ 9	107.5	105.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.2	5.3	4.8	22.0	22.0	21.8
21	KANSAS	606.5	607.1	595.9	13.6	13.4	14.5	33.1	34.5	31.5	123.6	122.7	122.2
22		53.6	53.4	52.1	.1	.1	.1	2.9	3.0	3.0	7.4	7.2	6.7
23		134.3	133.4	134.0	2.9	2.9	3.2	6.6	7.0	5.6	45.8	44.8	47.8
24	KENTUCKY	797.8	797.7	749.9	30.7	30.7	30.3	63.0	64.4	52.3	211.6	209.6	195.9
25		274.0	273.1	264.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.0	1 4.2	13.2	97.0	96.3	91.4
26	LOUISIANA	936.4	933.1	887.3	50.9	50.6	47.2	87.1	89.4	75.3	167.3	163.3	162,4
27		84.6	83.9	78.4	.3	.2	.2	10.9	11.2	7.7	16.1	16.0	15.5
28		339.4	339.8	327.3	11.7	11.6	10.9	29.6	29.9	24.7	56.9	56.8	56.3
29		79.3	79.0	77.6	5.3	5.3	5.5	6.1	6.1	6.6	11.3	11.0	9.8
30	MAINE	291.0	291.5	284.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.5	14.8	14.2	107.3	106.9	104.2
31		25.3	24.8	24.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.2	1.2	12.2	11.8	11.7
32		57.4	57.5	56.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.7	3.7	3.6	14.4	14.4	13.6
33	MARYLAND	1,085.3	1,081.7	1,039.3	2,5	2.5	2.5	83.6	85.3	81.9	263.7	266.4	258.2
34		677.8	674.4	661.4	.9	.9	.9	42.0	42.8	41.9	188.0	189.9	188.1
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton 2 Fall River Lawrence-Haverhill 6 Lowell 6 New Bedford Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke Worcester	1,157.0 45.1 43.2 73.8 48.3 50.0 182.9 120,6	-		(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	95.5 57.0 2.0 (1) 2.2 2.5 1.6 7.0	97.0 58.4 2.1 (1) 2.4 2.6 1.7 7.5	93.1 57.0 1.9 (1) 2.3 2.4 1.7 7.0	673.6 289.1 16.6 21.4 38.6 19.9 26.1 71.2	672.1 288.6 16.2 21.4 38.4 19.9 26.2 71.6 49.5	654.6 278.4 16.4 21.6 40.3 19.9 25.8 70.6 48.1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

thousands)

Tran P	nsportation a ublic utilitie	and es	Wholes	ale and retai	l trade		nce, insurar d real estate		Service	and miscella	an eou s		Government		
Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0et.	Nov.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	<u> </u>
1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	
5.7	5.8	6.0	12.7	12.6	12.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	7.6	7.5	7.2	9.4	9.3	9.1	1
16.5	16.5	15.7	51.4	50.3	49.3	13.3	13.2	12.5	38.6	38.6	37,1	59.2	57 . 9	55.7	2 3
13.9	13.9	13.4	43.9	42.9	42.3	12.3	12.3	11.6	32.5	32.4	31,8	51.8	50 . 6	48.4	
14.3	14.3	14.1	43.4	43.4	42.2	7.0	7.0	6.9	24.9	25.3	23.7	40.1	40.2	38.6	4 5
2.9	2.9	2.8	8.8	8.7	8.6	2.2	2.2	2.2	4.6	4.6	4.5	7.7	7.7	7.4	
274.9 196.0 (5) (5) (5)	276.2 196.4 6.2 6.4 3.2	272.7 194.6 6.3 6.4 3.1	833.3 588.5 (5) (5) (5)	821.5 575.3 24.6 24.4 16.3	813.6 578.1 24.2 24.1 16.0	200.8 155.4 (5) (5) (5)	201.5 156.3 4.7 4.2 2.8	197.6 155.4 4.7 4.1 2.7	564.0 423.6 (5) (5) (5)	566.1 426.1 14.4 15.3 10.2	545.5 410.0 14.0 14.6 9.7	512.4 289.7 (5) (5) (5)	507.1 285.7 20.0 12.8 7.0	485.2 276.2 18.9 12.2 6.6	7 8 9
93.7 4.8 7.0 12.4 24.6 4.5 4.3	93.5 4.8 7.0 12.6 24.6 4.5 4.3	89.8 5.0 6.8 12.4 24.0 4.5 4.1	323.0 16.9 21.5 31.9 79.4 18.5 12.1	319.9 16.7 21.3 31.5 78.0 18.3 12.0	308.7 16.6 21.0 30.6 77.2 18.2	64.5 2.8 5.0 5.4 23.2 4.6 1.7	64.3 2.8 5.0 5.3 23.3 4.6 1.7	63.6 2.9 4.9 5.3 23.2 4.7 1.6	173.5 9.7 11.9 16.7 40.3 14.4 5.2	173.9 9.7 11.9 16.8 40.0 14.3	164.9 9.8 11.3 16.4 38.3 13.8 5.1	241.3 7.7 8.5 16.6 54.4 8.4 8.6	237.9 7.5 8.5 16.6 54.3 8.4 8.6	226.7 7.5 8.2 16.2 53.1 8.1 8.2	12 13 14 15 16
49.8	50.2	48.3	188.5	188.4	180.5	35.7	35.9	34.7	112.6	113.2	106.5	140.9	139.6	136.1	19
3.0	3.1	2.9	12.2	11.9	12.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	7.7	7.6	7.2	5.4	5.3	5.0	
7.9	7.8	7.7	28.2	28.4	27.5	11.8	11.9	11.9	16.6	16.7	16.7	15.5	15.6	15.0	
49.9	50.2	50.5	141.9	141.4	137.1	25.9	25.9	25.7	84.3	85.1	81.8	134.2	133.9	132.6	22
7.1	7.1	7.0	11.7	11.6	11.5	3.1	3.1	3.0	8.3	8.3	8.1	13.2	13.2	12.8	
7.2	7.2	7.0	29.8	29.5	29.4	6.1	6.0	6.3	19.2	19.3	18.9	16.8	16.9	16.1	
54.4	54.7	52.8	161.5	160.6	153.7	30.3	30.3	28.8	101.7	102.3	99.6	144.6	145.2	136.4	
21.1	21.1	20.7	58.1	57.6	57.4	14.0	14.0	13.8	39.3	39.2	38.3	30.4	30.7	29.4	
87.7 4.9 41.8 8.6	87.2 4.9 42.4 8.6	83.5 4.7 41.4 8.6	202.8 17.8 79.7 20.3	200.0 17.5 78.5 20.3	193.4 17.1 77.6 20.1	41.0 4.2 19.2 3.8	41.1 4.2 19.4 3.8	39.4 3.9 19.1 3.9	124.4 10.6 54.7 11.2	124.8 10.4 54.7 11.1	118.1 10.3 53.3 11.0	175.2 20.0 45.9 12.6	176.7 19.5 46.5 12.6	168.0 18.8 43.8 12.2	27 28
16.3	16.5	16.4	55.7	55.7	55.2	10.0	10.0	9.8	32.5	33.1	32.1	54.7	54.5	53.0	31
.9	.9	.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	.8	.8	.8	3.5	3.4	3.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	
4.7	4.9	4.7	15.2	15.1	15.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	8.8	8.9	8.7	6.4	6.3	6.2	
72.8	72.9	72.2	246.1	239.6	232.7	53.7	53.8	52.0	171.9	172.2	160.9	191.0	189.0	178.9	
53.4	53.6	53.2	147.4	142.9	142.6	35.2	35.3	34.8	102.3	101.6	97.9	108.6	107.4	102.0	
102.4 65.1 2.9 1.5 1.9 1.9 2.2 8.4 4.1	101.8 64.7 2.8 1.5 1.9 1.9 2.2 8.4 4.1	103.3 65.5 2.8 1.5 2.1 1.9 2.2 8.3 4.2	419.5 258.2 10.4 8.5 13.4 9.2 8.7 35.7 22.6	415.8 254.6 10.3 8.4 13.4 9.1 8.8 35.5 22.3	408.5 252.1 10.2 8.4 13.1 9.1 8.9 35.9 22.5	106.8 77.8 1.4 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.5 5.9	106.6 77.4 1.4 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.6 5.9	106.7 77.6 1.3 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.4 5.8	363.3 246.2 4.9 7.4 8.2 7.2 7.4 27.5	365.7 246.7 5.0 7.5 8.9 7.2 7.5 27.7 18.6	351.8 239.0 4.7 7.2 8.1 7.0 7.2 27.1 18.1	284.2 163.6 6.9 4.4 7.4 6.3 4.0 24.6 14.6	284.1 163.4 6.9 4.8 7.4 6.3 4.0 24.3 14.5	272.5 158.4 6.3 4.0 7.0 6.2 4.1 23.7 14.1	36 37 38 39 40 41 42

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In

			TOTAL			Mining		Cont	ract constru	ction		danufacturin	8
	State and area	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	MICHIGAN Ann Arbot Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Kalamazoo. Lansing Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw	151.7 165.1 64.2 108.5 48.8	2,675.9 93.1 1,356.0 150.3 164.7 64.5 107.8 48.5 65.0	2,547.8 84.9 1,289.6 145.0 157.5 62.1 101.6 45.3 60.7	14.9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	13,6 (1) ,9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	13.7 (1) .9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	123.9 2.9 56.4 6.3 8.6 3.4 4.5 1.6 3.0	127.2 2.9 57.4 6.7 9.1 3.7 4.8 1.6 3.1	109.8 2.7 52.0 5.3 7.7 2.7 4.4 1.3 3.0	1,113.2 33.5 580.9 85.2 73.8 26.7 39.0 26.8 30.8	1,106.0 33.2 576.8 84.0 73.4 26.8 38.2 26.6 30.6	1,041.1 28.3 539.3 80.8 69.2 26.9 34.7 24.1 28.1
10 11 12	MINNESOTA Duluth-Superior Minneapolis-St. Paul		1,096.1 53.3 648.7	1,050.9 50.6 624.6	14.3 (1) (1)	15.1 (1) (1)	13.8 (1) (1)	62.8 3.0 36.3	66.7 2.9 38.4	58.6 2.4 34.5	260,1 9,6 173,5	262.3 9.7 173.1	250.9 9.7 165.8
13 14	MISSISSIPPI	495•3 77•8	494•2 77•1	471.9 75.0	5.6 .8	5.6 .8	5.9 1.0	29.5 5.8	30.1 5.5	29.0 5.7	158.3 12.8	156.8 12.6	144.7 11.8
15 16 17	MISSOURI Kansas City 2 St. Louis.	1,479.6 449.7 812.6	1,475.5 448.0 814.4	1,436.2 438.7 793.0	8.2 .6 2.9	8.2 .6 2.9	8.0 .7 2.8	86.5 24.8 46.6	87.3 26.0 48.1	80.0 25.2 45.9	415.4 116.6 276.4	413.7 116.6 275.6	404.4 113.6 270.3
18 19 20	MONTANA Billings Great Falls	183.9 24.8 22.3	186.8 25.0 22.5	178.4 25.1 22.3	7.3 (1) (1)	7•3 (1) (1)	7.7 (1) (1)	14.2 1.7 2.2	15.2 1.8 2.5	12.0 1.9 2.5	23.3 3.1 3.2	23.9 3.2 3.1	22.3 3.1 3.1
21 22	NEBRASKA	417.5 174.3	417.4 173.6	407.5 171.1	2.0 (3)	2.0 (3)	2.0 (3)	25.6 10.2	25.2 10.0	24,2 9,3	69.8 35.2	70.4 35.3	68.5 36.2
23 24	NEVADA	157.2 47.6	154.6 48.3	149.2 43.8	3.7 (7)	3.7 (7)	3.2 (7)	12.0 4.9	12.2 5.1	13.2 4.2	6.5 2.6	6.6 2.6	7.0 2.5
25 26	NEW HAMPSHIRE	216.3 45.6	220.6 45.5	207.2 43.9	(1)2	(1)2	(1)	10.8 2.3	11.2 2.4	10.1 2.2	91.1 17.5	90.6 17.4	86.3 16.7
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	NEW JERSEY Atlantic City Jersey City 8 Newark 9 Paterson-Clifton-Passaic 9 Terth Amboy Trenton.	2,271.8 52.7 253.9 721.4 423.0 215.1 119.3	2,267.2 55.5 253.7 716.2 422.3 213.6 118.1	2,190.4 50.9 253.2 701.4 407.2 205.6 116.1	3.6 - - .9 .4 .7	3.6 - - .9 .4 .7	3.6 .8 .5 .8	115.0 3.3 6.9 31.1 24.3 11.3 5.8	117.0 3.5 7.1 31.6 24.7 11.3 5.9	110.9 3.4 6.3 30.9 23.7 11.1 5.2	838.6 8.8 112.3 248.5 172.3 99.4 40.4	835.8 9.0 112.3 245.3 172.7 99.4 39.7	812.2 8.1 113.7 238.7 164.9 94.7 39.9
34 35	NEW MEXICO ²	267 . 2 95 . 4	267.3 95.6	257.8 92.3	17.2 (1)	17.1 (1)	17.1 (1)	20.4 7.0	20.8 7.1	19.2 7.7	17.0 8.2	17.0 8.2	17.2 8.4
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Nassau and Suffolk Counties 10 New York-Northeastern New Jersey New York SMSA 6 New York City 10 Rochester Syracuse Utica-Rome	247.3 101.1 454.4 35.5 567.3 6,121.1 4,507.6 3,627.0 305.8 200.8 104.7	6,568.5 246.7 100.5 455.9 35.6 6,105.2 4,499.4 3,622.8 305.3 201.0 104.9 265.9	6,461.0 239.6 95.6 440.2 33.7 542.9 6,019.4 4,452.0 3,607.7 293.4 193.5 101.8 257.7	9,2 (1) (1) (1) - (1) 4,7 2,7 2,1 (1) (1) (1) (1)	9.3 (1) (1) (1) 4.8 2.8 2.2 (1) (1) (1)	9,5 (1) (1) (1) - (1) 5,0 2,9 2,3 (1) (1) (1) (1)	266.5 11.7 4.5 19.8 - 35.1 237.3 163.7 110.0 12.7 10.1 3.4 15.9	274.7 11.9 4.8 20.8 - 36.1 241.0 166.3 111.5 14.1 10.8 3.7 15.9	276.0 10.4 3.3 19.1 - 39.5 253.7 181.7 123.9 14.1 9.7 2.8 15.6	1,871.0 64.2 47.3 177.5 15.4 133.1 1,729.7 1,097.2 878.0 137.1 67.0 40.3 72.5	1,873.4 63.9 46.6 178.7 15.3 131.7 1,731.4 1,101.7 884.1 136.3 66.6 40.0 72.4	1,834.7 61.9 44.0 168.3 13.9 125.4 1,710.1 1,098.1 888.1 129.8 64.7 37.4 71.4

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

thousands)

Tras P	asportation : ublic utilitie	and es	Wholes	sale and retai	il trade		ance, insurar drealestate		Service	and miscell	aneous		Government		
Nov.	0ct。	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	1
1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	
139.8 2.3 75.1 5.0 9.2 2.2 3.2 2.4 4.0	138.7 2.3 74.8 4.9 9.2 2.2 3.2 2.4 4.0	133.6 2.2 72.2 4.7 9.3 2.2 3.1 2.3 3.8	504.0 11.4 272.0 22.8 33.0 11.4 18.9 7.4 11.7	493.7 11.3 264.0 22.3 32.6 11.3 18.6 7.4 11.6	480.3 9.8 258.2 22.3 31.2 10.6 18.2 7.1	95.6 1.4 56.3 3.3 5.5 1.8 3.5 1.3	95.5 1.4 56.4 3.3 5.4 1.8 3.5 1.3	93.0 1.4 55.3 3.2 5.5 1.7 3.3 1.2 1.6	324.4 6.8 178.5 13.5 20.9 7.4 9.9 4.7 7.4	324.6 6.7 176.0 13.4 20.9 7.4 10.0 4.7 7.5	312.9 6.9 169.9 13.3 20.9 7.3 9.7 4.7 6.7	377.3 35.4 150.3 15.6 14.0 11.5 29.5 4.6 6.4	376.6 35.4 149.6 15.7 14.0 11.4 29.4 4.5 6.4	363.3 33.6 141.8 15.5 13.9 10.7 28.2 4.6 6.3	
82.0	82.2	79.4	262.0	260.7	254.5	52.0	52.0	52.0	163.2	163.9	157.0	193.7	193.2	184.7	
9.4	9.6	8.5	12.2	12.1	11.5	1.9	2.0	2.0	9.2	9.2	9.0	8.0	7.9	7.6	
51.6	51.4	50.0	160.5	158.8	155.8	38.2	38.2	38.2	101.6	102.3	96.9	87.7	86.5	83.3	
26.6	27.2	27.2	93.2	92.5	92.0	16.8	16.7	16.5	56.0	56.4	54.9	109.3	108.8	101.6	
4.8	4.8	4.7	17.7	17.6	17.1	5.3	5.3	5.2	13.0	13.1	12.9	17.5	17.5	16.7	
117.0	118.2	115.7	333.1	330.1	327.7	77.4	77•7	76.7	216.0	216.5	209.7	226.0	223.8	214.0	
45.0	45.1	44.6	112.3	109.2	109.3	28.8	28•8	28.4	63.7	64.1	61.9	57.9	57.6	55.0	
61.3	64.0	62.9	168.9	167.5	163.8	40.1	40•3	39.7	124.4	124.9	119.3	92.0	91.1	88.3	
17.5	17.8	· 17.4	42.2	42.9	41.9	7.0	7.0	6.9	24.9	25.2	24.9	47.5	47.5	45.3	
2.4	2.4	2.6	7.6	7.7	7.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.0	3.9	3.9	
2.0	2.0	2.0	5.8	5.9	5.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	4.4	4.2	4.2	
35.9	36 _• 4	36.3	104.5	104.0	101.1	24.7	24.8	24.7	65.3	65.2	63.1	89.7	89.4	87.7	
19.9	20 _• 2	20.1	42.7	42.3	41.4	14.4	14.4	14.3	28.2	27.9	27.3	23.9	23.6	22.8	
11.9	11.9	11.5	29.8	30.0	28.3	6.2	6.2	6.0	57.8	54.8	52.1	29.3	29.2	27.9	-
4.3	4.3	4.1	10.3	10.2	9.3	2.5	2.5	2.3	14.5	15.1	13.5	8.5	8.5	7.9	
9.5	9.5	9.6	39.0	39 . 9	37.9	8.4	8.4	8.2	30.3	33.7	28.7	27.0	27.1	26.1	100
2.8	2.7	2.7	9.5	9 . 5	9.4	2.7	2.7	2.6	6.9	7.0	6.6	3.9	3.9	3.8	
158.3	157.6	154.3	441.6	437.3	427.3	99.1	99.1	97.6	315.0	317.7	300.4	300.6	299.1	284.1	
3.4	3.4	3.4	13.5	14.1	13.6	2.8	2.8	2.9	12.0	13.7	10.9	8.9	9.0	8.6	
35.5	35.2	35.7	37.4	37.3	37.0	8.8	8.8	8.8	25.1	25.1	24.7	27.9	27.9	27.0	
52.1	51.7	51.7	140.3	138.2	138.4	49.0	48.8	48.2	112.1	112.7	109.1	87.4	87.0	83.6	
23.9	23.7	23.3	91.8	90.6	89.8	14.7	14.9	14.1	54.3	54.2	52.1	41.3	41.1	38.8	
9.8	9.8	9.8	37.8	36.3	35.7	4.3	4.3	4.2	20.3	20.3	19.7	31.6	31.5	29.6	
6.3	6.3	6.2	20.1	19.5	19.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	19.6	19.7	19.0	22.6	22.5	21.8	
20.3	20.3	20.1	56 .1	55.7	54.3	11.6	11.6	11 ₀ 2	47.6	47.7	45.3	77.0	77.1	73.4	
6.8	6.8	6.8	23 . 6	23.3	21.6	5.7	5.7	5 ₀ 7	21.9	22.0	21.0	22.2	22.5	21.1	
82.5 13.8 4.7 31.3	483.2 13.9 4.7 31.7	477.7 13.9 4.6 31.2	1,345.3 48.6 15.7 88.2 6.7	1,324.7 47.7 15.6 87.4 6.5	1,328.2 47.7 15.7 87.1 6.4	507.2 9.7 2.8 16.8	508.3 9.7 2.8 16.7	503.4 9.5 2.8 16.4	1,126.1 39.3 10.5 57.9	1,134.3 39.7 10.4 58.3	1,092.8 38.2 9.9 57.3	967.2 60.0 15.6 62.9	960.5 59.9 15.5 62.3	938.7 58.0 15.3 60.8	
26.4 488.7 367.4 321.8 12.8 13.0 5.2 17.0	26.4 487.3 366.9 321.4 12.9 13.0 5.2 16.9	25.6 482.8 362.3 318.0 12.8 12.6 5.2	145.9 1,285.2 977.9 764.0 54.3 42.7 16.4	142,9 1,263.8 961.4 751.9 53.1 42.5 16.6	138.1 1,257.9 957.1 754.3 51.8 40.4 16.3	24.8 514.7 437.9 399.2 10.0 9.7 4.0 12.2	24.9 515.5 438.7 399.9 10.0 9.8 4.0 12.2	23.3 508.8 433.5 396.7 9.5 9.6 4.1 11.9	847.8 689.9 41.8 29.0 11.6	98.9 1,064.0 851.8 691.9 41.9 29.3 12.1	91.7 1,025.6 820.0 672.1 39.3 28.3 11.2	104.3 801.1 612.9 461.9 36.9 29.2 23.8 35.7	103.3 797.4 609.9 459.9 36.9 29.0 23.4 35.6	99.3 775.5 596.5 452.3 36.1 28.3 24.8 34.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In

	State and area		TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act construc	tion		Manufacturin	8
	State and area	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964
1	NORTH CAROLINA		1,452.4	1,392,3	3.0	2.8	2.5	89,8	88.7	81.1	601,2	606.2	581.4
2	Charlotte	138.5	137.1	133.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	9.9	9.8	9.8	35.1	34.8	34.
3	Greensboro-High Point	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.1	7.0	6.7	47.4	47.3	45.0
4	Winston-Salem	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38.2	38.9	37.7
5	NORTH DAKOTA	147.4	148.7	146.6	1,9	2.0	1.9	12.1	13,7	13.7	8.3	8.3	8.8
5	Fargo-Moorhead	34.3	34.3	33,4	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.7	2,5
7	оню		3,376.4	3,286.6	20.7	20.8	20.6	145.8	152.3	146.0	1,324,8	1,325.2	1,277.4
3	Akron	210.9	209.6	204.2	•2	•2	•2	7.3	7.5	7.2	93.0	92.9	90.
?	Canton	118.3	118.4	116.2	،3	•3	3 ،	4.0	4.1	3.9	58.3	58.5	57.
기	Cincinnati	436,3	435.0	427.6	. 4	.4	•4	20.4	21.1	20.2	154.6	154.4	150.
1	Cleveland	774.9	772,4	754.4	1.0	1.1	.9	35.1	36.1	35.7	295.8	296.5	286.
2	Columbus	319.1	317.7	306.1	.9	1.0	•9	16.4	16.9	15.7	82.0	31.8	79.
3	Dayton	286.5	283.5	273.9	•5	•5	•5	12.2	12.4	11.2	118.2	116.8	111.
4	Toledo	207.7	206.3	199.3	•3	•3	•3	8.2	8.7	8.4	77.4	76.9	74.
5	Youngstown-Warren	167.5	168.9	165.0	٠4	.4	•4	7.5	7.6	7.2	76.8	78.9	78.
5	OKLAHOMA	652.8	653.2	630.9	41.6	41.9	42.6	34.7	36.4	34.3	105.3	104.7	97.
7	Oklahoma City	214.3	214.1	206.2	6.8	6.8	6.8	13,3	13.8	13.8	29.4	29.1	26.
1	Tulsa	149.6	149.7	145.8	12.8	12.8	12,7	8.8	9.1	9.4	35.8	35.7	32.
	OREGON 2	622.0	628.7	583.6	1.6.	1.8	1.4	33.4	36.0	30,2	161.6	165.8	152.
51	Eugene	61.8	62.2	57.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.6	4.0	3,8	19.9	19.9	18.
L	Portland 2	322.6	324.0	300.9	(i)	(1)	(1)	16.0	16.4	14.6	75.1	76.5	69.
2	PENNSYLVANIA	3 007 2	3,900,6	3,834.5	45.3	45.6	46.5	163.5	170,1	163.5	1,491.2	1,490,8	1,460.
3	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	198.8	197.6	193.0	5.5	.5	.5	7.8	8.0	7.5	102.5	101.8	99.
í	Altoona	43.5	43.4	42.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.4	1.4	1.3	13.6	13,4	12.
5	Erie	85.8	85.5	83.2	(i)	(1)	(i)	2.8	2.9	2.4	41.5	41.6	40.
6	Harrisburg	159.6	159.9	156.8	(1)	(1)	(i)	9.8	9.7	7.6	35.7	36.4	35.
7	Johnstown	71.8	72.4	70.8	5.3	5.4	5,1	2.2	2.2	1.9	25.6	26.1	25.
8	Lancaster	107.1	107.0	101.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.9	7.1	5.6	52.9	52.7	49.
9	Philadelphia		1,532,1	1,557.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	70.7	73.9	73.2	555.9	553.8	537.
ó	Pittsburgh	779,7	780.0	731.9	9.7	9.6	9.6	33.0	33.9	35.7	276.8	278.0	283.
1	Reading	112.1	111.9	108.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.3	4.5	4.3		56.3	53.
2	Scranton	78,4	78.3	76.4	9	(و ا	1.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	56.4 32.5	32.5	31.
3	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	109.2	109.1	107.3	4.1	4.1	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.2	47.3	47.3	46.
4	York	113.9	113.1	103.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.6	5.8	5.7	58.1	57.6	55.
5	RHODE ISLAND	310.6	310.3	307.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	15.1	15.4	15.7	117.4	117.3	117.
6	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick .	328.5	327.8	320.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	15.3	15.6	16.2	137.9	137.4	133.
7	SOUTH CAROLINA 2	699.9	698.1	666.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	45.7	46.4	39.3	298.6	297.7	283.
8	Charleston	72.5	71.5	67.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.8	5.9	5.1	11.5	11.3	11.
9	Columbia	83.4 99.3	83.1 98.7	30.5 94.7	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	6.7 6.7	6.7 6.8	5.7 6.2	16.8 50.2	16.9 49.8	16. 47.
									1				
1	SOUTH DAKOTA	150.7	151,4	152.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	9.5	10.4	9.3	13,5	13.3	13,
2	Sioux Falls	30.2	30.2	30.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.5	2.6	1.9	5.3	5.3	5.
3	TENNESSEE	1,132.8	1,128,4	1,072.8	7.0	6.9	7.0	60.7	61.6	58.6	393.7	391,5	369.
4	Chattanooga	108.2	107.8	103.0	.2	.2	.2	5.3	5.0	4.8	45.4	45,4	42.
5	Knoxville	131.9	130.1	127.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	6.1	6.1	5.9	45.9	44.9	43.
6	Memphis	224.2	223,5	217.8	.2	3	.2	12.3	12.2	11.9	50.9	50.9	49.
1	Nashville	190.8	189.6	181.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.0	13.4	12.2	56.2	55.5	52.
	TEXAS	2,931.6	2,922.8	2,829,9	110.2	110.3	111.5	184.7	188.8	185.2	565.8	561.8	542。
١	Austin		-,,,,,,	-, -, -, -					200,0	-	6.4	6.4	542
ó	Beaumont-Port Arthur		_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	33.3	33.6	34.
	Corpus Christi	_	_	_	_	_ 1		<u>.</u> l	_	-	10.4	10.4	10.
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ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

thousands)

	nsportation a		Wholes	ale and retai	I trade		ance, insura d real estat		Service	and miscella	aneous		Government		ſ
Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	1
76.0	75.9	72.4	266.5	262.8	257.2	54.2	54.2	52.0	158.3	159.8	150.9	203,3	202.0	194.8	†:
14.9	14.9	14.5	37.4	36.5	35.4	9.1	9.1	8,8	17.4	17.4	16.8	14.7	14.6	13.6	:
6.2	6.3	5.8	24,2	23.1	22,4	6.9	6.9	6,8	-	-	-	-	-	-	E
-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	•	-	ľ
11.9 3.0	12.0 3.1	12.0 3.0	41.0 10.4	40.8 10.4	39.7 10.1	6.1 2.1	6.2 2.1	6.2 2.0	25.5 6.5	25.5 6.5	25 _• 0	40.4	40.3	39.3	
٥.٥	3.1	٥.٠	10.4	10.4	10.1	2,1	2.1	2.0	0.5	6.0	6.2	7.5	7.2	7.2	
05.8	205.5	199.7	657.6	647.2	649.9	132.1	132.0	129.6	420.7	424.5	410.7	472.8	468.9	452,9	1
13.7 6.0	13.6 6.1	13.4 5.9	39.5 21.6	39.2 21.3	38.7 21.3	5.8 3.8	5.8 3.9	5.7 3.9	24.9 13.8	24.9 14.0	24.1 13.1	26.4 10.4	25.6 10.3	24.5 10.6	
31.8	32.0	31.8	93.8	91.1	92.4	23.9	23.9	23.4	57 .1	57.8	56.8	54 . 3	54.2	51.8	
48.2	47.9	46.7	158.7	155.6	156,9	36.2	36.2	35.4	106.3	107.4	102.9	93.6	91.7	89.5	1
19.5	19.4	13.8	66.9	65.9	65.9	20.0	19.8	19.1	46.8	47.6	44.2	66.6	65.3	62.6	١
10.8 15.3	10.8 15.2	10.3 14.4	50.3 44.0	48.7 43.4	49.5 42.8	8.1	8.0 6.7	7.5 6.5	36.0 28.9	36.1 28.8	34.6 27.4	50.4 26.9	50.1 26.4	49°2 24°7	
9.0	8.9	8.7	30.9	30.1	29.5	6.7 4.5	4.5	4.3	21.7	21.8	20.8	16.7	16.6	15.8	
48.5	48.4	45.7	146.5	146.3	146.5	31.0	31.2	30.8	88.9	89.1	86.5	156.3	155.2	146.8	
13.8 14.4	13.9 14.4	13.5 14.1	50.5 34.2	50.5 34.0	49.5 34.1	13.4 7.3	13.3 7.3	13.1 7.2	29.8 22.0	29.7 22.1	28.7 21.4	57.3 14.3	57.0 14.3	54.8 14.1	
46.7	46.8	45.1	141.8	141.5	132,6	28.6	25,4	26,9	86.6	87.6	80.0	121.7	120.8	115.2	
3.7	3.8	3.6	12.4	12.4	11.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	7.7	7.7	6.7	12,2	12.1	11.2	1
28.3	28.4	27.6	80.5	79.9	76.2	19.1	19.1	18.0	50.0	50 _• 4	46.1	53.6	53,3	48.9	
60.1 10.7	260.9 10.7	259.2 10.6	717.0 31.2	705.9 30.5	705.2 30.9	163.2 5.3	163.1 5.3	160.0 5.3	550.7 24.1	553 .7 24 . 4	542.6 23.4	516.2 16.7	510.5 16.4	497.5 15.6	
8.9	8.9	9.2	7.3	7.4	7.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.2	5.2	5.1	
4.9	4.9	4.7	14.5	14.2	14.2	2.7	2.6	2.5	10.7	10.7	10.6	8.7	8.6	8.3	
12.7	12.7	12.6	28.3	27.7	27.4	7.0	7.0	6.8	22.0	22.1	20.7	44.1	44.3	46.0	
4.7 5.0	4.7 5.0	4.9 4.9	12.0 18.0	11.9 17.7	11.6 17.8	1.8 2.3	1.8 2.3	1.8 2.3	10.0 13.2	10.1 13.4	9.9 12.8	10.2 8.8	10.2 ಕಿ.ಕಿ	10.0 8.9	
06.1	106.7	105.6	320.6	314.0	316.8	85.7	85.8	85.2	241.0	239.1	237.5	210.3	207.4	200.5	
54.4	54.2	54.7	157.2	155.0	153.0	32.1	31.9	32.0	128.1	129.6	127.9	88.4	87.8	85.8	
5.8	5.8	5.6	16.9	16.6	16.4	4.1	4.1	4.4	14.1	14.2	13.9	10.5	10.4	10.1	
5.8 5.7	5.7 5.7	5.6 5.7	14.6 18.4	14.4 18.3	14.3 18.3	2.3 3.5	2.4 3.5	2.4 3.4	11.3 12.3	11.3 12.3	10,9 12,0	8.8 13.2	8.8 13.2	8.5 12.8	
5.7	5.7	5.6	18.9	18.6	18.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	12.4	12.4	12.1	10.8	10.6	9.8	
15.1 14.6	15.1 14.6	14.8 14.3	57.2 58.5	56.4 57.7	57.7 57.9	13.8 13.8	13.8 13.8	13.5 13.5	47.2 46.3	47.7 46.8	45.7 44.6	44.8 42.1	44.6 41.9	43.0 40.2	
28.4	28.4	27 . 5	116.1	115.1	112,0	23.5	23.5	11/24.3	68.9	69.0	67 . 3	117.0	116.3	111.0	
4.5	4.3	4.3	14.9	14.5	14.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	8.0	8.0	7.6	25.0	24.7	22,6	
5.1 3.7	5.1 3.8	4.9 3.5	17.5 16.2	17.2 15.9	17.1 15.7	5.8 3.6	5.8 3.6	5.7 3.6	9.9 10.1	9.9 10.1	9.9 10.0	21.6 8.8	21.5 8.7	21.1 8.5	
10.1 2.9	10.0 2.8	10.1 2.8	39.6 9.1	39.6 9.0	40.5 9.0	6.7 1.7	6.8 1.7	6.8 1.8	23.9 4.9	24.2 5.0	24.9 5.4	45.1 3.8	44.8 3.8	44.9 3.8	
58.4	58.5	57.3	225.2	222.6	214.1	46.6	46.8	45.4	149.4	149.8	143.1	191.8	190.7	178.3	
5.2 6.9	5.2 6.9	5.1 6.6	19.6 27.2	19.2 26.6	19.6 26.3	5.7 4.6	5.7 4.6	5.6 4.5	12.9 15.6	13,2 15,5	12.3 15.1	13.9 23.9	13.9 23.8	12.7 23.8	
17.4	17.3	17.1	59.1	58.3	57.9	11.9	11.9	11.8	32.9	32.8	32.5	39.5	39.8	37.0	
11.2	11.3	11.0	39.7	39,3	39.0	11.9	11.9	11.5	29.2	28.9	28.9	29.6	29.3	26.7	
21.6	221.3	219.3	736.0	729.1	70/4.2	154.1	154.5	148.7	431,1	431.6	408.0	528.1	525.4	510.5	
-	- ,	-	-	-	_	_	_		_	-	-		-	:	
_	!		l -			_	-		_	_	۱ ـ		l <u>.</u>	I _	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In

			TOTAL			Mining		Cont	act construc	ction	M	anufacturing	
أ	State and area	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1964
1 2 3 4 5	TEXAS (continued) Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Houston San Antonio	488.8 - - - -	485.7	461.9 - - - -	7.6 - - -	7.7	7.6 - - -	27.4 - - 11.3	27.4 - - 11.6	29.9 - - 11.6	122.8 17.3 61.9 105.9 25.7	121.2 17.1 61.6 105.5 25.8	111.3 16.2 60.2 101.3 25.9
6	UTAH	307.2	308.8	299.2	12.3	12.4	11.8	17.9	18.6	17.3	49.2	50 _• 5	51.7
7		165.2	165.5	163.0	6.8	6.9	6.6	10.8	11.5	10.4	28.5	28 _• 7	28.9
8 9 1 0	VERMONT	120.8 27.3 12.9	121.3 27.1 12.7	111.8 23.0 12.2	1.2 - -	1.2 - -	1.3	6.9 - -	7.1 - -:	6.6 - -	40.7 7.7 7.1	40.3 7.5 7.0	35.0 4.8 6.2
11	VIRGINIA 4 Newport News-Hampton 2 Norfolk-Portsmouth Richmond Roanoke	1,241.6	1,239.2	1,195.8	15.1	15.1	15.1	93.3	94.1	90.5	331.8	332.7	320.1
12		83.1	83.2	82.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.8	5.8	5.3	25.4	25.6	27.2
13		170.3	170.3	165.4	.1	.1	.1	15.1	15.0	14.0	18.7	19.0	18.0
14		201.4	200.5	194.2	.2	.2	.2	14.3	14.3	13.8	49.6	49.7	48.0
15		69.1	69.0	65.7	.1	.1	.1	5.5	5.7	4.9	16.7	16.6	15.7
16	WASHINGTON Seattle-Everett Spokane Tacoma	917.7	922.1	866.5	2.0	2.0	1.8	50.4	49.5	41.3	233.4	237.7	219.5
17		426.7	425.6	400.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	20.2	21.2	18.6	125.4	125.3	111.2
18		76.8	77.4	74.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.6	3.8	3.3	12.5	12.6	12.3
19		87.6	87.8	83.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.5	5.1	4.2	18.0	18.3	17.4
20	WEST VIRGINIA Charleston Huntington-Ashland Wheeling	472.3	470.9	466.4	48.6	48.4	48.7	21.9	23.4	23.4	127.2	127.2	127.6
21		75.4	74.8	75.8	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.8	3.0	3.4	20.5	20.2	21.3
22		73.9	74.0	73.8	.9	.9	.9	4.2	4.3	5.0	25.0	25.4	25.1
23		51.6	51.4	53.1	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.8	16.0	16.1	16.5
24	WISCONSIN Green Bay Kenosha La Crosse Madison Milwaukee Racine	1,347.8	1,350.4	1,293.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	63.0	65.1	60.8	491.3	493.1	470.8
25		44.6	44.6	42.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.2	2.1	2.1	15.0	15.2	13.9
26		36.5	36.4	37.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.4	1.5	1.3	20.4	20.2	22.3
27		25.7	25.5	23.5	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.0	1.0	1.1	8.8	8.6	7.0
28		94.9	94.9	90.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.3	6.7	5.9	14.7	14.7	14.1
29		507.5	503.6	486.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	24.2	24.2	22.6	202.5	200.8	192.3
30		52.7	52.7	49.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.2	2.3	1.7	26.6	26.4	24.7
31	WYOMING	96.4	98.0	97.2	8.9	8.9	9.2	7.8	7.9	9.1	7.1	7.2	8.5
32		17.3	17.3	18.3	3.0	3.0	3.4	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.5
33		16.9	17.4	19.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.1	1.3	2.0	.7	.8	2.0

¹ Combined with service.
2 Series revised to 1965 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
9 Combined with construction.
4 Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia sectors of the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area is included in data for District of Columbia.
5 Not available.
6 Initial inclusion in this publication.
7 Combined with manufacturing.
8 Area included in New YorksNortheastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.

⁹ Area included in New York-Mortheastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area,
⁹ Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately,
10 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area,
11 Data for 1964 not comparable with 1965.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary,
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

thousands)

	nsportation a ublic utilitie		Wholes	ale and retai	l trade		nce, insurar d real estate		Service	and miscells	neous		Government		J
lov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1964]
38.9	38.8	36.8	135.6	133.9	126.2	39.1	39.1	38.4	66.4	67.1	62.8	50.8	50.4	48.8	
_	-	_ [_	_	_ [-	_	_ [_	_		_	_	-	1
-	-		-	_	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	1
9.7	9.7	9.6	-	-	-	13.2	13.2	13.0	-	-	-	59.3	59.3	56.8	
21.3 13.7	21.7 13.7	21.6 13.7	69 .1 43 . 9	68.7 43.3	67.6 43.1	12.8 9.9	12.9 10.0	12.7 9.8	42.8 23.0	43.0 23.0	40.9 22.7	81.8 28.6	81.0 28.4	75.6 27.8	
7.0 1.6 .8	7.0 1.6 .8	6.9 1.6 .8	22.3 5.8 1.6	22.6 5.7 1.6	21.7 5.3 1.6	4.3 -	4.3 - -	4.2 - -	20 . 2	21.0	18.9 - -	18.4	18.0 -	17.5 -	
87.2	87.1	83.6	258,4	254.2	248.8	54.6	54.7	52,6	165.4	166. 3	157 . 5	235.8	235.0	227.6	
3.9	3.9	4.0	13.7	13,6	13.5	2.4	2.4	2,3	8.9	8.9	8.5	23.0	23.0	22.1	
15.1	15,1	14.4	41.7	41.3	40.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	21.7	22.1	21.6	51.0	50.8	49.9	
9.0	16.1 8.9	15.5 8.7	45.9 15.5	45 .1 15 . 4	44.7 15.0	15.2 3.5	15.2 3.5	14.9 3.4	25.8 10.1	25.9 10.1	24.8 9.8	34,2 8,7	34.0 8.7	32.3 8.1	
61.5	62,5	60.1	203,5	204.4	194.2	43.9	44.1	42.8	123.1	123.9	116.6	199.9	198.0	190.2	
31.6	31.7	30.2	94.1	93.4	90.4	26.0	25.9	25.0	57.9	58.0	55.2	71.5	70.1	69.7	
7.2 5.3	7.3 5.4	7.1 5.4	20.9 19.6	21.0 19.6	20.1 18.3	4.3 4.4	4.4 4.4	4.2 4.2	13.9 13.1	14.3 12.8	13.5 12.5	14.4 22.7	14.0 22.2	13.6 21.1	
40.5	40.5	40.4	81.4	80.0	81.1	13,6	13.6	13.7	57.3	57.3	55.1	81.7	80.5	76.3	
8.5	8.5	8.6	16.5	16.1	16.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	9.7	9.6	9.4	10.8	10.8	9.9	
6.9 3.7	7.0 3.7	6.8 3.7	15.7 10.7	15.4 10.5	15.9 11.2	2.8 1.9	2.8 1.9	2.7 1.9	8.3 7.8	8.2 7.8	7•9 7•7	10.3 6.0	10.2 6.0	9.5 5.9	
76.0	76.2	75•4	280,5	277.1	271.1	52.7	52.9	50 . 6	174.1	176.7	167.3	207•4	206.5	195.1	
4.1	4.0	4.0	11.0	11.1	10.6	1.3	1.3	1.2	6.5	6.5	6.2	4.5	4.5	4.4	
1.5	1.5	1.7	5.4	5.3	5.0	.7	.8	•7	4.0	4.0	3.9	3,1	3.2	3.0	
2.1 4.9	2.1 4.9	2.0 4.7	5.8 19.5	5.8 19.2	5.7 18.7	•5 4•8	.6 4.9	•6 4•7	4.3 13.5	4.3 13.6	4.1 12.5	3.2 31.2	3.2 31.0	3.0 29.6	
28.6	28.7	28.6	105.0	102.5	101.5	24.5	24.5	23.8	65.9	66.3	64.0	56.9	56.7	53.4	
1.9	1.9	1.9	9.0	8.9	8.7	1.3	1,3	1.3	6.2	6.3	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.3	
10.1	10.3	10.5	21.1	21.5	20.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	11.4	11.9	11.0	26.5	26.8	24.9	
1.6 2.5	1.6 2.6	1.7 2.5	4.1 4.0	4.2 4.0	4.3 4.2	.8 1.0	.8 1.0	.8 1.0	2.3 2.5	2.3 2.6	2.3 2.5	3.1 5.1	3.0 5.1	2.8 5.2	
2.5	4.0	2.5	4.0	***	"• ²	1.0	1.0	1.0	203	2.0	روء	J.1	, ,,,	3.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls
1919 to date

	1	Manufacturin	ŧ	1	Durable good	•	Жо	ndurable go	ods
Year and month	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
1919	\$21.84	46.3	\$0.472	-	-	-	_	_	_
1920	26.02	47.4	•549	-	-	-	1 - 1	-	-
1921	21.94	43.1	•509	-	-	-	-	-	-
1922	21.28	44.2	.482			-		-	1 -
1923	23.56	45.6	.516	\$25.42		- '	\$21.50	-	-
1924	23.67	43.7	.541	25.48		-	21.63	-	-
1925	24.11	44.5	.541	26.02		-	21.99	-	-
1926	24.38	45.0	•542	26.23		-	22.29	-	-
1927	24.47	45.0	-544	26.28		-	22.55	-	-
1928	24.70	44.4	.556	26.86		-	22,42	-	-
1929	24.76	44.2	.560	26.84	-	-	22.47	-	-
1930	23.00	42.1	•546	24.42	-	-	21.40	-	-
1931	20.64	40.5	509	20.98		40 100	20.09		1
1932	16.89	38.3	.441	15.99	32.5	\$0.492	17.26	41.9	\$0.412
1933	16.65	38.1	•437	16.20	34.7	.467	16.76	40.0	.419
1934	18.20	34.6	•526	18.59	33.8	• 550	17.73	35.1	•505
1935	19.91	36.6	• 544	21.24	37.2	•571	18.77	36.1	.520
1936	21.56	39.2	•550	23.72	40.9	•580	19.57	37•7	•519
1937	23.82	38.6	.617	26.61	39.9	.667	21.17	37•4	•566
1938	22.07	35.6	.620	23.70	34.9	.679	20.65	36.1	•572
1939	23.64	37•7	.627	26.19	37•9	.691	ല.36	37•4	.571
1940	24.96	38.1	.655	28.07	39.2	.716	21.83	37.0	•590
1941	29.48	40.6	.726	33.56	42.0	•799	24.39	38.9	.627
1942	36.68	43.1	.851	42.17	45.0	•937	28.57	40.3	•709
1943	43.07	45.0	•957	48.73	46.5	1.048	33-45	42.5	.787
1944	45.70	45.2	1.011	51.38	46.5	1.105	36.38	43.1	.844
1945	44.20	43.5	1.016	48.36	44.0	1.099	37.48	42.3	.886
1946	43.32	40.3	1.075	46.22	40.4	1.144	40.30	40.5	•995
1947	49.17	40.4	1.217	51.76	40.5	1.278	46.03	40.2	1.145
1948	53.12	40.0	1.328	56.36	40.4	1.395	49.50	39.6	1.250
1949	53.38	39.1	1,378	57.25	39•4	1.453	50.38	38.9	1.295
1950	58.32	40.5	1.440	62.43	41.1	1.519	53.48	39.7	1.347
1951	63.34	40.€	1.56	68.48	41.5	1.65	56.88	39.5	1.44
1952	67.16	40.7	1.65	72.63	41.5	1.75	59.95	39.7	1.51
1953	70.47	40.5	1.74	76.63	41.2	1.86	62.57	39.6	1.58
1954	70.49	39.6	1.78	76.19	40.1	1.90	63.18	39•0	1.62
1955	75.70	40.7	1.86	82.19	41.3	1.99	66.63	39.9	1.67
1956	78.78	40.4	1.95	35.28	41.0	2.08	70.09	39.6	1.77
1957	81.59	39.8	2.05	88.26	40.3	2.19	72.52	39.2	1.85
1958	82.71	39.2	2.11	89.27	39•5	2.26	74.11	38.8	1.91
1959	88 .2 6	40.3	2.19	96.05	40.7	2.36	78.61	39•7	1.98
1960	89.72	39.7	2.26	97.44	40.1	2.43	80.36	39.2	2.05
1961	92.34	39.8	2.32	100.35	40.3	2.49	82.92	39.3	2.11
1962	96.56	40.4	2.39	104.70	40.9	2.56	85.93	39.6	2.17
1963	99.63	40.5	2.46	108.09	41.1	2.63	87.91	39.6	2.22
1964	102.97	40.7	2.53 2.61	112.19	41.4	2.71	90.91	39.7 40.1	2.29
1965	107.27	41.1		117.18	42.0	2.79	94.64		2.36
1964: December	107.07	41.5	2.58	117.02	42.4	2.76	93.50	40.3	2.32
1965: January	105.52	40.9	2.58	115.37	41.8	2.76	92.50	39.7	2.33
February	105.93	40.9	2.59	115.79	41.8	2.77	92.73	39.8	2.33
March	106.71	41.2	2.59	117.04	42.1	2.78	93.20	40.0	2.33
April	105.82	40.7	2.60	115.93	41.7	2.78	92.20	39.4	2.34
May June	107.53 107.79	41.2 41.3	2.61 2.61	117.46 117.74	42.1 42.2	2.79	94.00 94.47	40.0 40.2	2.35 2.35
July	107.01	41.0	2.61	116.06	41.6	2.79	94.87	40.2	2.36
August	106.45	41.1	2.59	115.51	41.7	2.77	95.11	40.2	2.36
September	107.83	41.0	2.63	117.18	41.7	2.81	95.68	40.2	2.38
October	108.62	41.3	2.63	118.72	42.1	2.82	95.68	40.2	2.38
November	109.71	41.4	2.65	119.43	42.2	2.83	96.32	40.3	2.39
	110.92	41.7	2.65 2.66	120.98	42.6	2.84	97.20	40.5	2.40
December									

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the hours and earnings series.

Data for the 2 most recent months and 1965 annual averages are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

			Averag	e weekly ea	rnings			Avera	ge hourly ear	nings	
SIC Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	MINING		\$123.61	\$126.26	\$120,12	\$120.98		\$2.95	\$2.95	\$2.86	\$2.86
10	METAL MINING		130,00	130.31	126.72	124.01	_	3.14	3.14	3.01	3.01
101	Iron ores		130,49	129,36	127.80	125.06	-	3,23	3.21	3.14	3.15
102	Copper ores		140.71	143.11	137.02	134.54	l -	3.22	3.26	3.10	3.10
11,12	COAL MINING		129.78	143.24	135.20	134.67	l –	3.47	3.46	3.33	3.35
12	Bituminous		132.33	146.30	138.17	136.21	-	3.51	3.50	3.37	3.38
	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL					1	l				
13	GAS		118,15	115.92	113.36	115.18		2.78	2.76	2,68	2.71
131,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields.		126.69	123.42	122,40	123.41	ĺ	3.09	3.04	3.00	3.01
138	Oil and gas field services		111.18	109.91	107.01	108.38	l	2.55	2.55	2.46	2.48
14	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING		123.29	123.87 124.71	108.75	113.54 115.17	1	2.64	2.63	2.50 2.43	2.49
142	Crushed and broken stone		121.38	124.71	100.00	115.17		2.33	2,54	2,43	2.44
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION		135,40	144.01	133,95	131.73	-	3.73	3.76	3.63	3.57
15	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS		126.35	132.49	124.94	123.53	-	3.61	3.62	3.49	3.47
16	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION		135.09	149.45	127.20	129.68	-	3.42	3.50	3.27	3.21
161	Highway and street construction		133.60 136.54	151.70 146.01	118.49	125.97 133.33	-	3.34 3.51	3.44 3.57	3.11 3.42	3.08 3.35
162 17	Other heavy construction		142.16	150.00	142.07	138.68	-	3.96	4.00	3.42	3.81
171	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	Ì	149.29	156.01	152.09	145.16	_	3.96	3.99	3.87	3.81
172	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating		131,48	140.54	129,59	127.45	l –	3.80	3.84	3,63	3,57
173	Electrical work		166.57	174.39	172.62	164.11	l -	4.43	4.46	4.37	4.33
174	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work		129.09	137.11	124.32	127.25	-	3.90	3.94	3.70	3.71
176	Roofing and sheet metal work	-	112.85	127.41	111.54	112.82	-	3.43	3.51	3.30	3.27
	MANUFACTURING	\$110.92	109.71	108.62	107.07	104.30	\$2.66	2,65	2,63	2,58	2,55
19,24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	120.98 97.20	119.43 96.32	118.72 95.68	117.02 93.50	113.42 92.17	2.84	2.83 2.39	2.82 2.38	2.76 2.32	2.72
20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	37.20	90.32	95.00	33,30	,,,,,	2.40	2.39	2,30	2.52	2.31
		107.41									
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	137.81		133.56	127.31	124.95	3,19	3.15	3,15	3.09	3.07
192	Ammunition, except for small arms	143,22	138.55	138,13	131.33	128.30	3,30	3.26	3,25	3,18	3,16
1925	Guided missiles and spacecraft,	_	149.82	148.78	139.36	135.79	l _	3,46	3,46	3.35	3.32
194	complete	_	127.39	124.40	126.14	126.67	-	3.13	3.11	3.13	3.32
191,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	125.40	123.97	124.10	119,48	117.50	2.93	2.91	2.92	2.90	2.88
	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT		1								
24	FURNITURE	89,40	89.57	91.49	84,42	85.01	2.17	2,19	2.21	2.10	2,12
242	Sawmills and planing mills	82.01	82.22	84.26	78.60	79.40	2.02	2.03	2.05	1.97	1.98
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general.	_	84.44	85.89	79.99	81.00	_	2.09	2.10	2.02	2.03
243-	Millwork, plywood, and related products	99.41	97.81	98.47	93.94	94.16	2.35	2.34	2.35	2.28	2.28
2431	Millwork	_	94.13	95.94	91.08	90.23	1 -	2.33	2.34	2.26	2.25
2432	Veneer and plywood	a-	100.39	101.29	97.29	98.64	l	2.34	2.35	2.30	2.31
244	Wooden containers	74.05	74.46	75.96	70.64	69,55	1,78	1.79	1.80	1.74	1.73
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates	e <u>c</u> 11	72.07	73.33	68.71	68.04	ا <u></u> ا	1.72	1.75	1.68	1.68
249	Miscellaneous wood products	86.11	85.91	86,32	82.80	81.80	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.00	2.00
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	91.58	90.30	90.73	88.83	86,73	2.16	2.15	2.15	2.09	2.07
251	Household furniture	87.76	85.68	85.88	84.97	83.13	2.06	2.04	2.04	1.99	1.97
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered.	_	80.51	80.46	79.61	78.87	-	1.89	1.88	1.83	1.83
2512	Wood house furniture, upholstered	-	94.75	92.77	94.39	90.07	-	2,24	2.23	2.19	2.16
2515	Mattresses and bedsprings	- 1	90.68	94.53	87.74	86.51	-	2.29	2.30	2.21	2.19
252	Office furniture	-	106.68	106.75	101.46	97.99	-	2.51	2.50	2.41	2.39
254	Partitions; office and store fixtures	94.53	94.08	93.68	107.98 91.79	107.18 89.23	2.24	2.71	2.72	2.64 2.17	2.64
253,9	Other furniture and fixtures	74.55	74.00	33.00	31.77	09.23	*•**	2.24	2.22	2.17	2.13
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	113.21	112.67	112.94	106.50	107.26	2.67	2.67	2.67	2.56	2.56
321	Flat glass	111 01	157.18	152.76	146.46	151.28	۱ <u></u>	3.63	3.62	3.43	3.51
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	111.24	109.34	108.00	104.70	103.94	2.70	2.68	2.66	2.56	2.56
3221	Glass containers	-	109.89	109.48	106.55	104.60	-	2.70	2.71	2.58	2.57
3229	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.	127 31	108.65	106.75	102.62	102.87	3 00	2.65	2.61	2.54	2.54
324	Cement, hydraulic	127.31	131.25	126.79	119.72	123.85	3.09	3,14	3.10	2.92	2.97
325	Structural clay products	94.85	95.08	95.72 91.16	91.46	91.88	2.28	2.28	2.29	2,22	2.23
3251 126	Brick and structural clay tile	_	90.10 96.88	96.32	86.29	87.55 95.71	_	2.12	2.13	2.04	2.06
326 327	Pottery and related products	_	30,00	10.32	95.11	133.71	\	2.41	2.39	2.36	2.34
J=1	products	115.80	115.72	118.46	105.83	109.19	2.62	2.63	2,65	2.49	2.51
328,9	Other stone and mineral products	115.56	113.25	113.10	108.94	108.26	2.70	2.69	2,68	2.60	2.59
3291	Abrasive products	_	117.18		108.79	109.61	-	2.79	2.79	2.66	2.68
		1	ı	1	1	1		1	1	1	l .

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

SIC				ge weekly h					ge overtime l		
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	MINING		41.9	42.8	42.0	42.3			•		
.0	METAL MINING		41.4	41.5	42.1	41.2	i				
01	Iron ores		40.4	40.3	40.7	39.7					
02	Copper ores		43.7	43.9	44.2	43.4					ŀ
1,12,	COAL MINING		37.4	41.4	40.6	40.2					
2	Bituminous		37.7	41.8	41.0	40.3					
	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL			· -							
3	GAS		42.5	42.0	42.3	42.5					
31,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields		41.0	40.6	40.8	41.0					
38	Oil and gas field services		43.6	43.1	43.5	43.7			1		
4	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING		46.7	47.1	43.5	45.6					
42	Crushed and broken stone		47.6	49.1	43.9	47.2					
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION		36.3	38.3	36.9	36.9					
.5	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS .		35.0	36.6	35.8	35.6					1
.6	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION		39.5	42.7	38.9	40.4					l
61	Highway and street construction		40.0	44.1	38.1	40.9					
162	Other heavy construction		38.9	40.9	39.6	39.8					į.
7	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS		35.9	37.5	36.9	36.4					
71	Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.7	39.1	39.3	38.1		-			
72	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating		34.6	36.6	35.7	35.7		-			
.73	Electrical work		37.6	39.1	39.5	37.9		-			
74	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work		33.1	34.8	33.6	34.3		_			
76	Roofing and sheet metal work	~	32.9	36.3	33.8	34.5	-	-	-	-	-
	MANUFACTURING	41.7	41.4	41.3	41.5	40.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.3
9,24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	42.6	42.2	42.1	42.4	41.7	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.5
20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	40.5	40.3	40.2	40.3	39.9	3,3	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.0
	Durable Goods		ļ								
9	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	43.2	42.4	42.4	41.2	40.7		3.7	3.7	2.0	2.0
92	Ammunition, except for small arms	43.4	42.5	42.5	41.3	40.6		3.7	3.6	2.0	1.9
925	Guided missiles and spacecraft,			1							
	complete	_	43.3	43.0	41.6	40.9		_		_	_
94	Sighting and fire control equipment	_	40.7	40.0	40.3	40.6		2.6	2.5	1.2	1.0
91,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	42.8	42.6	42.5	41.2	40.8		4.0	4.1	2.2	2.2
	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT										
24	FURNITURE	41.2	40.9	41.4	40.2	40.1	-	3.8	4.1	3.3	3.5
242	Sawmills and planing mills	40.6	40.5	41.1	39.9	40.1	~	3.6	4.0	3.2	3.4
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general	_	40.4	40.9	39.6	39.9	_ '	_	_	_	_
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products	42.3	41.8	41.9	41.2	41.3	_	4.4	4.3	3.5	3.7
2431	Millwork	_	40.4	41.0	40.3	40.1		_	_	_	_
2432	Veneer and plywood		42.9	43.1	42.3	42.7	_	_	_		_
244	Wooden containers	41.6	41.6	42.2	40.6	40.2	_	3.9	4.5	3.0	2,7
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates	_	41.9	41.9	40.9	40.5	-	_	_	_	-
249	Miscellaneous wood products	41.6	41.5	41.7	41.4	40.9		3.5	3.9	3.6	3.5
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	42.4	42.0	42.2	42.5	41.9		4.1	4.2	4.2	3.7
251	Household furniture	42.6	42.0	42.1	42.7	42.2	1	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.0
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered.	_	42.6	42.8	43.5	43.1	1		-	_	-
2512	Wood house furniture, upholstered	_	42.3	41.6	43.1	41.7		_	-	-	-
515	Mattresses and bedsprings	_	39.6	41.1	39.7	39.5		_	-	_	-
52	Office furniture		42.5	42.7	42.1	41.0		3.9	4.0	3.4	3.0
54	Partitions; office and store fixtures	_	41.3	42.6	40.9	40.6		3.8	4.9	2.6	2.6
53,9	Other furniture and fixtures	42.2	42.0	42.2	42.3	41.5		3.7	3.9	3.9	3.3
2	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	42.4	42.2	42.3	41.6	41.9		4.5	4.6	3,6	4.1
321	Flat glass	_	43.3	42.2	42.7	43.1]	6.3	4.9	4.0	5.7
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	41.2	40.8	40.6	40.9	40.6		4.3	4.2	3.7	3.6
3221	Glass containers	_	40.7	40.4	41.3	40.7		-	-		l -
1229	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.	-	41.0	40.9	40.4	40.5		_	-	-	-
24	Cement, hydraulic	41.2	41.8	40.9	41.0	41.7		2.2	1.9	1.7	2.1
325	Structural clay products	41.6	41.7	41.8	41.2	41.2		3.8	3.8	3.1	3.4
3251	Brick and structural clay tile		42.5	42.8	42.3	42.5		_		-	-
326	Pottery and related products	_	40.2	40.3	40.3	40.9	-	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.3
	Concrete, gypsum and plaster			44.7	42.5	43.5		6.2	6.8		6.0
327						445		. 67			
328,9	products	44.2 42.8	44.0 42.1	42.2	41.9	41.8		4.0	4.0	4.9 3.2	3.2

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

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Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry.-Continued

SIC	Tadessess			ge weekly e					e hourly ea		
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Durable GoodsContinued										
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	\$131.84	\$129.83	\$130.06	\$133.14	\$130.83	\$3,20	\$3.19	\$3.18	\$3.14	\$3.13
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products	(*)	130.64	132.01	141.36	139.26	(*)	3.42	3.42	3.39	3,38
312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	-	131.17	132.55	142.35	140.56	_	3,47	3.47	3.43	3,42
32	Iron and steel foundries	128.18	126.14	125.86	124.68	120.40	2.94	2.92	2.90	2.84	2.80
3321	Gray iron foundries	-	125.86	124.41	124.88	120.18	1 -	2.88	2.86	2.80	2.75
3322	Malleable iron foundries	-	129.25 124.95	128.41 127.89	122.38 125.42	120.54 120.80	-	3.07 2.94	3.05 2.94	2,90 2,91	2.89
3323 33,4	Steel foundries	127.20	125.70	125.58	122.22	121.35	3.00	3.00	2.99	2.91	2.91
35	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	133,32	131.97	131.67	125.85	123.25	3.03	3.02	3.02	2.92	2.90
351	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding.	_	132.13	134.29	130, 20	126,23	_	3.08	3.08	3.00	2.97
352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	137.90	135.88	129.63	127.98	-	3.17	3.16	3,05	3.04
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating .		128.32	127.74	119.78	117.98	l <u>-</u>	2.89	2.89	2.76	2.75
336	Nonferrous foundries	116.75	115.23	115.08	112.67	110.66	2.76	2.75	2.74	2.67	2.66
3361	Aluminum castings	-	115.93	115.09	112,52	110.92	-	2.78	2.76	2,66	2,66
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings	148.82	114.51	114.78 148.72	112.67 140.94	110.12 137.38	3.39	2.72 3.39	2.72 3.38	2.67 3.24	3.24
339 3391	Miscellaneous primary metal industries	140.02	148.48 152.77	152.95	146.45	139.86	3.39	3.52	3.50	3.39	3.37
5591	Iron and steel forgings	_	132	132.73	140.43	135,00	_	3.32	3,30	3.33	
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	119.99	119.00	118.30	115.60	112,98	2.81	2,80	2.79	2.72	2,69
341	Metal cans	134.41	136.32	134,40	130.24 111.04	129.13 107.38	3.17	3.20 2.73	3.20 2.69	3.05 2.65	2,60
342 3421,3,5	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware.	117.15	114.93 108.94	112.71 108.26	104.83	104.00	2.75	2.60	2.59	2.52	2.50
3429	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws , Hardware, n.e.c	_	118.58	115.50	114.24	109.74	_	2.81	2.75	2,72	2.6
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	108.67	107.73	109,59	103.68	104.04	2.67	2,66	2.66	2,56	2.5
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods.	_	108.14	110.00	105.56	105.15	<u> </u>	2.67	2.67	2,60	2.5
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	~	107.59	109.59	101.81	103.07	-	2,65	2,66	2,52	2.5
44	Fabricated structural metal products	118,85	116.89	117.45	113.28	111.76	2.79	2.77	2.77	2.71	2.6
3441	Fabricated structural steel	-	118.16 101.52	119.85 102.43	113.57 98.47	112.47 96.05	-	2.82 2.40	2.84 2.41	2.73 2.39	2.7
3442 3443	Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim Fabricated place work (boiler shops)		124.12	123.40	119.71	118.85	_	2.90	2.89	2.81	2.79
3444	Sheet metal work	-	119.97	121.40	119.56	117.04	_	2.87	2.87	2.84	2.8
3446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work	_	119.14	118.44	111.38	113.30	l -	2.81	2,80	2.71	2.7
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	124.76	124.76	123.20	117.12	116.48	2.81	2.81	2.80	2.68	2.69
3451	Screw machine products	-	116.24	114,22	110.93	109.55	-	2.66	2.65	2,55	2.5
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers		131.85	130,82	122.92	122.11	-	2.93	2.92	2.80	2.8
346	Metal stampings	131.81	131.81 103.00	130.20 102.58	133.06 99.17	125.72 97.44	3.03	3.03 2.47	3.00 2.46	2.99 2.35	2.8
347 348	Coating, engraving, and allied services Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	105.83	108.03	106.85	103.32	102.83	2.49 2.56	2.56	2,55	2,46	2.4
349	Miscellaneous fabricated wite products	116.05	114.53	115.23	112.71	110.81	2.75	2.74	2.75	2.69	2.6
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	_	116.90	116.90	115.78	114.93	-	2.79	2.79	2.75	2.7
35	MACHINERY	133.18	130.20	129.47	126.44	123.11	3.02	3.00	2.99	2.92	2.89 3.1
351 3511	Engines and turbines	135.08	134.69 142.54	136.08 147.15	132.82 143.22	129.78 145.86	3,24	3.23 3.41	3.24 3.43	3.17 3.41	3.4
3519	Internal combustion engines,n.e.c	-	131.36	131.46	128.63	122.91	_	3.15	3.16	3.07	3.0
352	Farm machinery and equipment	_	126.54	123.79	121,93	118.37	_	3,02	2.99	2.91	2.8
153	Construction and related machinery	130.50	128.10	130.33	123.38	122.38	3,00	3.00	3.01	2.91	2.9
531,2	Construction and mining machinery	-	130.09	132.37	124.68	122,96	-	3.09	3.10	2.99	2.9
533	Oil field machinery and equipment	-	120.93	120.93	119.46	119.74	-	2.78	2.78	2.74	2.7
535,6 54	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes Metalworking machinery and equipment	150.01	127.02 146.51	131.26 144.00	121.92 142.73	118.85 135.69	3,24	2.90 3.22	2.93 3.20	2.79 3.13	2.7° 3.0
541	Machine tools, metal cutting types	120.01	141.51	139.81	139.23	135.15	-	3.11	3.10	3.04	3.0
544	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	_	161.58	159.27	156.18	142.00	_	3,46	3.44	3.33	3.2
545	Machine tool accessories	-	133.64	130.54	127.02	124.56	-	2.95	2.94	2.90	2.8
542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery.	-	136.03	133.67	136,19	134.23	-	3.12	3.08	3.04	3.0
55 551	Special industry machinery	125.77	122.36	121.52	121.00	117.78	2.82	2.80	2.80	2.75	2.7
551 552	Food products machinery	-	126.14	124.10	121.40	119.13	-	2.92	2.92	2.87	2.8
555	Textile machinery	_	105.85 128.23	103.01 130.46	103.40 129.07	99.30 127.01	-	2.41 3.01	2.39 3.02	2.35 2.94	2.3
56	General industrial machinery	132.28	129.90	129.17	125.13	127.01	3.02	3.01	2.99	2.94	2.8
561	Pumps; air and gas compressors		124,42	124.70	123.67	121.67	_	2,88	2.88	2.83	2.8
562	Ball and roller bearings	-	135,84	134.11	126.35	123.90	_	3.13	3,09	2.98	2.9
566	Mechanical power transmission goods	-	132.16	131.12	127.46	125.72	-	2.99	2.98	2.91	2.8
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	130.85	130.11	129.38	124.62	123.02	3,05	3.04	3.03	2.96	2.9
3571	Computing machines and cash registers.		138.56	136.85	131.86	129.69	-	3.20	3.19	3.11	3.1
58	Service industry machines	114.39	113.57	112.61	110.00	108.12	2.73	2.73	2.72	2.67	2.6
585 59	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators. Miscellaneous machinery	128.08	112.61 124.36	111.93 123.36	110.43 120.56	107.73 116.10	2.84	2.74 2.82	2.73 2.81	2.70 2.74	2.6 2.7

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC				age weekly l					e overtime l		
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Durable GoodsContinued										
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	41.2	40.7	40.9	42.4	41.8		3.4	3.4	3.6	3.5
331 3312	Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	(*)	38.2	38.6	41.7	41.2		1.4	1.6	2.7	2.9
1312	Iron and steel foundries	43.6	37.8 43.2	38.2 43.4	41.5 43.9	41.1 43.0		5.6	5.7	5.4	4.7
321	Gray iron foundries	+3.0	43.7	43.5	44.6	43.7		'.0	2.1		7.1
322	Malleable iron foundries	-	42.1	42.1	42.2	42.0		-	-	-	-
323	Steel foundries	-	42.5	43.5	43.1	41.8		-	-	-	-
33,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	42.4	41.9	42.0	42.0	41.7		3.7	3.5	3∙3	3.2
35	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	44.0	43.7	43.6	43.1	42.5		5.5	5.4	4.2	4.2
351 352	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding. Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	_	42.9	43.6	43.4 42.5	42.5 42.1			_	_	_
357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating .	_	43.5 44.4	43.0 44.2	43.4	42.9		_	_	_	_
36	Nonferrous foundries	42.3	41.9	42.0	42.2	41.6		4.2	4.0	3.8	3.2
361	Aluminum castings		41.7	41.7	42.3	41.7			-	-	=
362,9	Other nonferrous castings	_	42.1	42.2	42.2	41.4		[-	-	-	-
39	Miscellaneous primary meral industries	43.9	43.8	44.0	43.5	42.4		5.9	6.0	4.7	4.6
391	Iron and steel forgings	-	43.4	43.7	43.2	41.5		_	-	-	_
14) ₁ 0 =	105	42.4	42.5	42.0), ,	J. e	20	2 77
4	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS Metal cans	42.7 42.4	42.5 42.6	42.4	42.7	42.0		4.4 3.6	4.5 3.6	3.9 3.0	3.7 3.2
42	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	42.6	42.1	41.9	41.9	41.3		4.0	3.8	3.5	2.9
421,3,5	Cutlery and hand rools, including saws .	-	41.9	41.8	41.6	41.6		-	-	-	
3429	Hardware, n.e.c.	-	42.2	42.0	42.0	41.1		-	-	-	-
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	40.7	40.5	41.2	40.5	40.8		2.7	3.2	2.3	2.3
431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods.	-	40.5	41.2	40.6	40.6		-	-	-	-
433	Heating equipment, except electric	1.0.6	40.6	41.2	40.4	40.9		-		-	
44	Fabricated structural metal products	42.6	42.2	42.4	41.8	41.7		4.0	4.4	3.3	3.4
441 442	Fabricated structural steel Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim	_	41.9 42.3	42.2	41.6 41.2	41.5 40.7			_	_	_
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	_	42.8	42.5 42.7	42.6	42.6		_	_		
3444	Sheet metal work	_	41.8	42.3	42.1	41.8		! -	-	-	_
446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work	-	42.4	42.3	41.1	41.5] ~	-	-	-
45	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	44.4	44.4	44.0	43.7	43.3		6.1	5.9	4.9	5.0
3451	Screw machine products	-	43.7	43.1	43.5	43.3		-	-	-	-
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	1.2.5	45.0	44.8	43.9	43.3				- 0	
346	Metal srampings	43.5 42.5	43.5	43.4	44.5 42.2	43.5		5.6	5.5	5.8	5.0 4.3
347 348	Coating, engraving, and allied services Miscellaneous fabricated wite ptoducts	42.4	41.7 42.2	41.7 41.9	42.2	42.0 41.8		4.5 4.5	4.7 4.4	4.2 3.4	3.6
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	42.2	41.8	41.9	41.9	41.5		3.6	3.8	3.1	2.9
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe firtings	-	41.9	41.9	42.1	42.1			_		-
35	MACHINERY	44.1	43.4	43.3	43.3	42.6		5.0	4.9	4.5	3.9
351	Engines and turbines	42.0	43.4 41.7	43.3 42.0	43.3 41.9	41.2		3.9	4.9 4.4	4.1	3.9 3.5
511	Steam engines and turbines	-	41.8	42.9	42.0	42.4		-	_	_	l <u>-</u>
519 52	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c Farm machinery and equipment	_	41.7	41.6	41.9	40.7		-			1
153	Construction and related machinery	43.5	41.9 42.7	41.4 43.3	41.9 42.4	41.1 42.2		2.9 4.3	2.9 4.7	2.7 3.8	2.3
531,2	Construction and mining machinery	-	42.1	42.7	41.7	41.4			. - '	5.5	3.9
533	Oil field machinery and equipment	_	43.5		43.6		1	-	-	-	-
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes	_	43.8	43.5 44.8	43.7	43.7 42.6	1	-	- .	-	-
354	Metalworking machinery and equipment	46.3	45.5	45.0	45.6	44.2		7.1	6.4	6.7	5.5
3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types	-	45.5	45.1	45.8	44.9		-	-	-	-
544	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures Machine rool accessories	-	46.7 45.3	46.3 44.4	46.9 43.8	44.1		_	_	_	-
545 542,8	Miscellaneous metal working machinery	_	45.3	44.4	44.8	43.1 44.3	1		_	_	I -
1542,8	Special industry machinery	44.6	43.7	43.4	44.0	43.3	1	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.5
5551	Food products machinery	-	43.2	42.5	42.3	41.8	1	/-3		'- -	'
552	Textile machinery	-	43.6	43.1	44.0	42.8	1	-	-	-	-
3555	Printing trades machinery	-	42.6	43.2	43.9	43.2	-	_			- _
356	General industrial machinery	43.8	43.3	43.2	43.0	42.6	-	5.0	4.8	4.1	3.8
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	-	43.2	43.3	43.7	43.3	-	_	_	_	
3562 3566	Ball and roller bearings	-	43.4	43.4	42.4	42.0	_	I -	_	-	_
3566 157	Mechanical power transmission goods Office, computing, and accounting machines		44.2 42.8	44.0 42.7	43.8 42.1	43.5	l	1), o	2.1	20
357 357 1	Computing machines and cash registers.	42.9	43.3	42.7	42.4	41.7 41.7	_	4.3	4.0	3.1	2.9
358	Service industry machines	41.9	41.6	41.4	41.2	40.8	_	3.0	3.2	2.4	2.1
3585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators.	-	41.1	41.0	40.9	40.5	1] - 3.0	J•2	-:-	
359	Miscellaneous machinery	45.1	44.1	43.9	44.ó	43.6	I	5.9	5.6	1 5.5	4.8

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC			Aveta	ge weekly e				Avera	ge hourly ear	nings	
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Durable GoodsContinued	-	:								
	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND							l	1		
36	SUPPLIES	1	\$108.32	\$107.12	\$105.83	\$103.32	\$2.62	\$2.61	\$2.60	\$2.55	\$2.52
61 411	Electric distribution equipment	115.35	115.23	114.68	114.24	112.17	2.74	2.75 2.49	2.75	2.72 2.47	2.46
611 612	Electric measuring instruments Power and distribution transformers	-	121.84	120.98	119.28	116.75		2.86	2.84	2.80	2.76
613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus.	_	122.11	121.25	120.84	118.86	_	2.88	2.88	2.85	2.83
62	Electrical industrial apparatus	117.30	114.95	114.68	114.06	112.14	2.76	2.75	2.75	2.69	2.67
621	Motors and generators	-	117.74	117.46	116.03	113.01	-	2.81	2.81	2.73	2.71
622	Industrial controls		111.07	109.86	112.78	112.73		2.67	2.66	2.66	2.64
63 632	Household sefricerators and femaless	ł	120.69	119.28	112.88	111.37	2.88	3.15	2.84 3.14	2.72 2.96	2.69
633	Household refrigerators and freezers Household laundry equipment	_	123.77	124.79	111.52	115.36	-	2.94	2.95	2.74	2.80
634	Electric housewares and fans	_	102.42	101.60	97.41	94.89	_	2.48	2.46	2.37	2.32
64	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	102.59	101.68	101,27	96.46	95•75	2.49	2.48	2.47	2.37	2.37
641	Electric lamps	-	107.17	105.47	99.70	99•79	-	2.57	2.56	2.48	2.47
642	Lighting fixtures		100.37	99.72	96.29	93.69	-	2.46	2.45	2.36	2.36
643,4 65	Wiring devices		99.96	93.03	95.06	95.71 88.36	2 22	2.45	2.44	2.33 2.25	2.34
66	Radio and TV receiving sets Communication equipment	95.58	120.12	119.26	116.20	115.23	2.32	2.86	2.86	2.78	2.77
661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	123.40	121.80	120.22	121.41	120.28		2.90	2.89	2.83	2.83
662	Radio and TV communication equipment	_	119.28	118.71	113.71	112.61	-	2.84	2.84	2.76	2.74
57	Electronic components and accessories	92.96	91.84	89.91	89.79	88.29	2.24	2.24	2.22	2.19	2.18
671-3	Electron tubes	-	112.01	107.35	102.06	101.82	-	2.54	2.52	2.43	2.43
674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c	110 11	86.43	85.60	85.88	84.40	2.84	2.15	2.14	2.11	2.11
69 694	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	118.14	119.00	116.06	119.11	104.28 103.25	-	2.99	2.79 2.96	2.77 2.88	2.62
7 71	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	146.30	144.10 156.18	141.48 151.53	140.68	132.71 139.64	3.31 (*)	3.29 3.44	3.26	3.19 3.32	3.13 3.24
71 711	Motor vehicles and equipment	(*)	163.79	162.51	168.56	147.17	\ \	3.53	3.39 3.51	3.44	3.36
712	Passenger car bodies	_	169.46	146.56	167.92	157.08	_	3.66	3.54	3.55	3.46
713	Truck and hus bodies	-	113.85	114.11	110.81	111.76	l –	2.75	2.73	2.67	2,68
714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories		152.43	148.41	144.30	133.56	-	3.41	3.35	3.25	3.15
72	Aircraft and parts	139.96	136.96	134.51	129.36	127.91	3.21	3.20	3.18	3.08	3.06
721 722	Aircraft	_	137.07	133.3 ⁴ 135.78	127.30 132.93	125.86	-	3.21	3.19	3.06	3.04
722 723,9	Aircraft engines and engine parts Other aircraft parts and equipment	_	135.29	135.29	129.13	127.93	-	3.23 3.11	3.21 3.11	3.15 3.01	3.12 3.01
73	Ship and boat building and repairing	124.85	123.53	125.86	123.11	124.12	3.06	3.05	3.04	3.01	3.02
731	Ship building and repairing		130.24	132.29	130.29	131.24	_	3.20	3.18	3.17	3.17
732	Boat building and repairing	-	92.98	96.05	91.54	91.08	-	2.36	2.36	2.30	2.30
74 75,9	Railroad equipment Other transportation equipment	-	132.92	129.03 97.11	134.18 93.15	134.50 93.32	_	3•29 2•34	3.25 2.34	3.21 2.30	3.21 2.31
3	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS .	111.83	110.88	109.78	107.49	106.14	2.65	2.64	2.62	2.59	2.57
81	Engineering and scientific instruments	110.1	129,32	124.80	123.26	121.36	2.67	3.05	3.00	2.97	2.96
32 321	Mechanical measuring and control devices Mechanical measuring devices	112.14	111.34	110.92	108.58	106.55	2.01	2.67	2.66 2.68	2.61 2.63	2.58 2.60
322	Automatic temperature controls	_	109.03	108.62	105.52	104.45	_	2.64	2.63	2.58	2.56
3,5	Optical and ophthalmic goods	99.54	99.59	98.70	98.23	97.34 88.13	2.37	2.36	2.35	2.35	2.34
35	Ophthalmic goods	l	90.47	89.40	88.13		l	2.18	2.17	2.16	2.16
4	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment	94.71	93.43	91.94	91.35	89.87	2.31	2.29	2.27	2.25	2.23
86 87	Photographic equipment and supplies Watches and clocks	(*)	130.07 89.54	131.26 88.94	125.70 86.55	124.55 87.67	(*)	2.99 2.20	2.99 2.18	2.93 2.18	2.91 2.17
))1	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	87.48 104.30	86.05 1 0 2.48	86.46	84.82 99.33	83.20 97.94	2.16 2.42	2.13	2.14 2.39	2.11 2.31	2.08 2.31
91	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	104.30	75.84	77•39	74.88	74.47		1.92	1.93	1.92	1.89
941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	73.49	75.39	70.67	71.55	-	1.87	1.88	1.85	1.83
949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	82.21	81.80	81.81	80.80	-	2.05	2.05	2.03	2.02
95	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	-	86.11	85.49	82.82	80.80	-	2.07	2.07	2.05	2.01
96	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions		77.62	77.03	75+45	74.47	ا م آ	1.96	1.96	1.91	1.89
93,8,9	Other manufacturing industries	95.00	93.79	94.60	91.94	90.00	2.34	2.31 2.41	2.33 2.41	2.27	2.25
93	Nondurable Goods			Ì	97.53	99.96				2.35	2.38
)	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	101.43	100.77	100.19	99,60	98.29	2.45	2.44	2.42	2.40	2.38
)1)11	Meat products	108.39	109.56 130.05	108.05 127.26	112.49 133.50	111.45 133.21	2.65	2.64 3.06	2.61 3.03	2.61 2.96	2.61 2.98
013	Sausages and other prepared meats	_	118.86	115.21	116.88	114.24	_	2.83	2.81	2.75	2.72
015	Poultry dressing and packing		62.88	64.24	61.23	60.92	1 -	1.60	1.59	1.57	1.57

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC			Aver	age weekly l				Avera	ge overtime		
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Durable GoodsContinued										
36	SUPPLIES	41.9	41.5	41.2	41.5	41.0		3•5	3.2	3.0	2.6
61	Electric distribution equipment	42.1	41.9	41.7	42.0	41.7	-	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.0
3611	Electric measuring instruments	_	40.6	40.5	41.1	40.7	_	-	-		_
3612	Power and distribution transformers		42.6	42.6	42.6	42.3	-	-	-	_	_
3613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		42.4	42.1	42.4	42.0	_	<u> </u>	-	- _	-
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	42.5	41.8	41.7	42.4	42.0	-	3.6	3.5	3.8	3•5
3621	Motors and generators	-	41.9	41.8	42.5	41.7	-	-	_	-	_
622	Industrial controls	42.4	41.6 42.2	41.3	42.4 41.5	42.7 41.4	-		1	2.9	2.9
363 3632	Household appliances	42.4 -	43.1	42.0 43.0	42.1	42.1	_	3•9	3.9	2.9	2.9
633	Household laundry equipment	_	42.1	42.3	40.7	41.2				_	_
634	Electric housewares and fans	_	41.3	41.3	41.1	40.9	_	_	_	_	_
64	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	41.2	41.0	41.0	40.7	40.4	_	3.2	3.1	2.4	2.3
641	Electric lamps	-	41.7	41.2	40.2	40.4	_				
642	Lighting fixtures	_	40.8	40.7	40.8	39•7	_	_	_	_	_
643,4	Wiring devices	-	40.8	41.1	40.8	46.9	_	-	-	_	-
65	Radio and TV receiving sets	41.2	40.3	40.1	40.4	39.8	-	3.1	3.1	2.5	1.8
66	Communication equipment	42.7	42.0	41.7	41.8	41.6	-	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.8
661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	-	42.0	41.6	42.9	42.5	_	-	_	_	-
3662	Radio and TV communication equipment		42.0	41.8	41.2	41.1	-				
167	Electronic components and accessories	41.5	41.0	40.5	41.0	40.5	-	3•3	2.6	2.6	2.4
3671-3	Electron tubes	-	44.1 40.2	42.6 40.0	42.0 40.7	41.9 40.0	-	-	_	_	_
3674,9 369	Electronic components, n.e.c Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	1.1 6	41.9	41.6	43.0	39.8	-	4.0	3.6	4.3	2.0
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	41.6	41.2	40.6	42.6	38.1	_	-	-	-	-
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	44.2	43.8	43.4	44.1	42.4		5•9	5.4	5•7	4.1
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	(*)	45.4	44.7	46.3	43.1		7•3	6.6	7•9	5.1
3711	Motor vehicles	-	46.4	46.3	49.0	43.8	-	-	-	-	-
3712	Passenger car bodies	-	46.3	41.4	47.3	45.4	-	-	-	_	-
3713	Truck and bus bodies	-	41.4	41.8	41.5 44.4	41.7	-	-	-	-	_
3714 372	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	1.0.0	44.7 42.8	44.3 42.3	42.0	42.4 41.8	_	4.7	4.0	2.9	2.7
3721	Aircraft and parts	43.6	42.7	41.8	41.6	41.4	-	7.1	-	-	
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	_	42.7	42.3	42.2	42.0	-	_	-	_	_
3723,9	Other aircraft parts and equipment	_	43.5	43.5	42.9	42.5	_	_	_	_	_
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	40.8	40.5	41.4	40.9	41.1		3,8	4.1	3.6	3.5
3731	Ship building and repairing	_	40.7	41.6	41.1	41.4	l –	_	_		
3732	Boat building and repairing	-	39.4	40.7	39.8	39.6	-	-	-	-	-
374	Railroad equipment	-	40.4	39•7	41.8	41.9	-	2.5	2.2	3.7	4.0
375,9	Other transportation equipment	-	40.5	41.5	40.5	40.4		2.9	3.7	2.8	2.5
38 381	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Engineering and scientific instruments	42.2	42.0 42.4	41.9 41.6	41.5 41.5	41.3 41.0	-	3•5 4•1	3.5 3.8	3.0 2.9	2.8 2.5
382	Mechanical measuring and control devices	42.0	41.7	41.7	41.6	41.3	_	3.2	3.5	3.3	2.9
3821	Mechanical measuring devices		42.0	42.0	42.1	41.6		_	-	J.J	
3822	Automatic temperature controls	_	41.3	41.3	40.9	40.8	-	_	_	-	_
383,5	Optical and ophthalmic goods	42.0	42.2	42.0	41.8	41.6	-	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.7
385	Ophthalmic goods		41.5	41.2	40.8	40.8	-	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.2
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment.	41.0	40.8	40.5	40.6	40.3		2.7	2.5	2.4	2.1
386 387	Photographic equipment and supplies Watches and clocks	(*) -	43.5 40.7	43.9 40.8	42.9 39.7	42.8 40.4	_ '	4.7 3.1	4.8 3.0	4.1 1.6	4.1 2.0
39	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	40.5	40.4	40.4	40.2	40.0		3.2	3.3	2.9	2.8
391	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	43.1	42.7	41.9	43.0	42.4		4.8	4.9	5.0	4.3
394	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	-	39•5	40.1	39.0	39.4	-	3.0	3.3	2.5	2.7
3941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	39•3	40.1	38.2	39.1	_		-	_	-
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	40.1	39.9	40.3	40.0		-	_	_	-
395	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	-	41.6	41.3	40.4	40.2		3.3	3.0	2.5	2.0
396	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions	10.	39.6	39.3	39•5	39.4	_	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.5
393,8,9 193	Other manufacturing industries	40.6 -	40.6 42.0	40.6 42.0	40.5 41.5	40.0 42.0		3.1 4.3	3.1 4.0	2.8 3.6	2.7 3.6
20	Nondurable Goods FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	41.4	41.3	41.4	41.5	41.3		3.8	4.0	3•7	3.8
201	Mear products	40.9	41.5	41.4	43.1	42.7		4.9	4.4	5.2	5.4
2011	Meat packing		42.5	42.0	45.1	44.7	-	-	-	-	-
2013	Sausages and other prepared meats	-	42.0	41.0	42.5	42.0	-	_	_	_	-
2015	Poultry dressing and packing		l 39 . 3	40.4	39.0	l 38.8	-	l -	l –	-	l

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-Continued

SIC Code 202 2024 2026	Industry Nondurable GoodsContinued	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Noy.	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov.
2024		l			1904	1964	1965	1965	1965	1964	Nov. 1964
2024											
2024											1
2024	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS-Continued Dairy products	\$107 bb	\$105.75	\$105.59	\$102.66	\$103.57	\$2.54	\$2.53	\$2.52	\$2.45	\$2.46
	Ice cream and frozen desserts	φ <u>τ</u> ο (102.18	103.75	102.68	103.06	Ψ2•)+	2.62	2.62	2.58	2.57
	Fluid milk	-	111.09	110.66	107.02	108.20	_	2.62	2.61	2.53	2.54
203	Canned and preserved food, except meats .	-	77.22	80.20	76.44	73.53	-	1.96	1.99	1.95	1.90
2031,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods	-	58.55	62.16	55.49	53.96	-	1.64	1.64	1.55	1.52
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-	82.98 74.10	84.04 76.25	83.79 75.14	79 . 20 71 . 76	-	1.99	2.03 1.95	2.10 1.86	1.98
2037 204	Frozen food, except sea foods Grain mill products	117.07	115.26	117.76	110.75	110.75	2.59	1.95 2.59	2.56	2.50	2.50
2041	Flour and other grain mill products	- 1-1	127.24	130.82	115.72	124.16		2.76	2.76	2.63	2.67
2042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls	-	99.43	100.11	96.04	92.82	-	2.19	2.13	2.12	2.10
205	Bakery products	102.36	102.62	104.39	97.11	97.76	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.44	2.45
2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	ļ. -	104.60 96.53	103.79	98.31 94.40	98.80 92.83	_	2.57 2.45	2.55 2.48	2.47	2.47
2052 206	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels Sugar	<u>-</u>	104.88	97.14	107.86	105.11	_	2.49	2.51	2.36 2.29	2.35
207	Confectionery and related products	83.53	83.32	85.20	80.38	80.99	2.12	2.12	2.13	2.04	2.04
2071	Candy and other confectionery products.	-	79-95	81.18	76.83	78.01	-	2.05	2.05	1.96	1.97
208	Beverages	116.69	116.24	114.62	111.08	110.12	2.86	2.87	2.83	2.77	2.76
2082	Malt liquors	-	148.34	144.20	141.29 81.40	139•79 79•79	-	3.69 2.05	3.66 2.03	3.55 2.00	3.53 1.98
2086 209	Bottled and canned soft drinks Miscellaneous food and kindred products .	98.64	101.56	99.56	96.93	97.18	2.31	2.34	2.31	2.27	2.26
21	TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS		80.35	77.62	82.01	73.92	_	2.12	1.98	2.02	1.93
211	Cigarettes	82.99	100.73	97.99	106.17	93.94	2.15	2.63	2.62	2.51	2.44
212	Cigars	_	67.30	66.13	65.40	65.40	-	1.73	1.70	1.69	1.69
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	81.37	80.56	79.99	77.04	76.68	1.91	1.90	1.90	1.83	1.83
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	84.73	84.34	83.18	79.67	79.12	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.84	1.84
222	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	87.67	86.24	85.22	83.66	83.10	1.97	1.96	1.95	1.88	1.88
223 224	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	85.80 78.91	83.58	83.78 77.19	79.04 75.24	77•74 74•26	2.00	1.99 1.86	1.99 1.86	1.90 1.80	1.91
225	Narrow fabrics and smallwares Knitting	69.60	70.35	70.31	67.51	68.21	1.87 1.78	1.79	1.78	1.74	1.74
2251	Women's full and knee length hosiery	07.00	71.91	70.98	70.00	70.07		1.78	1.77	1.75	1.73
2252	Miscellaneous hosiery and socks	_	60.51	61.46	57.07	57-99	_	1.58	1.58	1.53	1.53
2253	Knit outerwear	-	72.20	72.77	69.56	71.05	-	1.91	1.90	1.86	1.86
2254	Knit underwear		67.43 90.05	66.42 87.74	65.67 86.57	64.68 86.83	0.05	1.69 2.07	1.69 2.05	1.65 1.99	2.01
226 227	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit Floor covering	91.08	85.11	83.96	81.03	81.22	2.07	1.93	1.93	1.85	1.85
228	Yarn and thread	76.64	76.64	76.11	70.81	70.56	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.67	1.68
229	Miscellaneous textile goods	93-52	92.66	90.95	87.34	85.28	2.14	2.14	2.12	2.06	2,05
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	67.70	67.70	67.52	65.16	65.70	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.80	1.81
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	84.70	84.20 58.88	84.36 58.81	78.49	77.59 57.60	2.20	2.21	2.22	2.11 1.54	2.12
232 2321	Men's and boys' furnishings	58.72	58.34	59.28	57.60 56.61	57.61	1.57	1.57 1.56	1.56 1.56	1.53	1.54
2327	Men's and boys' separate trousers		58.03	57.66	57.22	56.00	_	1.56	1.55	1.53	1.53
2328	Work clothing	_	57.38	57-23	55-50	55•13	_	1.51	1.51	1.48	1.49
233	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerweat .	68.41	68.41	68.27	66.19	67.06	2.03	2.03	2.05	1.97	1.99
2331	Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	-	60.90	59.68 66.46	56.95 65.20	57.78 64.84	-	1.75 2.05	1.75 2.09	1.68 2.00	1.67 2.02
2335 2337	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses Women's suits, skirts, and coats	_	81.89	82.23	78.68	82.80	-	2.43	2.44	2.00	2.40
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c	-	62.59	61.20	60.82	60.98	_	1.71	1.70	1.68	1.68
234	Women's and children's undergaments	61.66	62.50	62.29	59.82	61.99	1.68	1.68	1.67	1.63	1.64
2341	Women's and children's underwear	-	60.75	60.16	57.10	66.04	-	1.62	1.60	1.56	1.58
2342	Corsets and allied garments	-	66.07	65.69 68.95	64.75	66.02 66.01	-	1.81 1.89	1.79 1.91	1.75 1.93	1.77 1.87
235 236	Hats, caps, and millinery	61.52	60.84	61.01	58.08	59.59	1.769	1.69	1.69	1.65	1.66
2361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.	-	60.84	60.42	57.44	59.26		1.69	1.66	1.66	1.66
237,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel	_	73.16	75.68	71.20	72.54		2.01	2.04	1.94	1.95
239	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products.	77.22	77.42	75.66	73.12	72.15	1.98	1.98	1.94	1.87	1.85
2391,2	Housefurnishings	_	65.91	66.25	62.69	63.18	-	1.69	1.69	1,62	1.62
26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS,	117.65	116.58	117.12	112.32	109.82	2.68	2.68	2.68	2.60	2.59 2.82
261,2,6	Paper and pulp	131.42 140.13	131.12	131.56 136.64	124.80	121.54 120.41	2.94 3.02	2.94 3.00	2.93 2.99	2.83 2.85	2.82
263 264	Paperboard	103.28	100.67	100.74	127 . 97 99 . 36	96.88	2.43	2.42	2.41	2.36	2.34
2643	Bags, except textile bags		96.46	95.58	94.11	91.69	,,	2.33	2.32	2.23	2.22
265	Paperboard containers and boxes	107.14	107.07	107.32	103.52	102.61	2.48	2.49	2,49	2.43	2.42
2651,2	Folding and setup paperboard boxes	_	96.02	95•34	93.91	92.82	-	2.27	2,27	2,22	2,21
2653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		115.90	119.08	110.77	110.77	-	2.64	2.67	2.57	2,57

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,1 by industry.-Continued

SIC				age weekly l				Avera	ge overtime l		
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
202	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTSContinued Dairy products	42.3	41.8	41.9	41.9	42.1	l	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.2
2024	Ice cream and frozen desserts	-	39.0	39.6	39.8	40.1			3.7	3.3	J
2026	Fluid milk	_	42.4	42.4	42.3	42.6	_	_		-	
203	Canned and preserved food, except meats.	-	39•4	40.3	39-2	38.7	_	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.4
2031,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods	-	35•7	37.9	35.8	35.5	-	-	-	-	-
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-	41.7 38.0	41.4 39.1	39•9 40•4	40.0 39.0	-	-	-	-	-
2037 204	Frozen food, except sea foods	45.2	44.5	46.0	44.3	44.3	-	6.2	7•5	5.5	5.9
2041	Flour and other grain mill products		46.1	47.4	44.0	46.5			'-'		
2042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls		45.4	47.0	45.3	44.2	-	 - .	'		-
205	Bakery products	40.3	40.4	41.1	39.8	39.9	- 1	3.4	4.0	2.8	3.0
2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	40.7	40.7	39.8	40.0	-	-	-	-	-
2052 206	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	-	39•4 45•8	42.8 38.7	40.0 47.1	39.5 45.9	_	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.9
207	Confectionery and related products	39.4	39.3	40.0	39.4	39.7	_	2.5	3.0	2.4	2.5
2071	Candy and other confectionery products.		39.0	39.6	39.2	39.6	-		_	_	
208	Beverages	40.8	40.5	40.5	40.1	39.9	-	3.2	3.5	2.6	2.5
2082	Malt liquors	-	40.2	39.4	39.8	39.6	-	-	-	-	-
2086 209	Bottled and canned soft drinks	42.7	40.3 43.4	40.6 43.1	40.7 42.7	40.3 43.0		5.1	4.7	4.0	4.3
209	miscerianeous food and kindred products.	72.1	+3.4	43.1	44.	73.0		J•••	4.1	4.0	7•3
21	TOBACCO MÂNUFACTURERS	38.6	37.9	39.2	40.6	38.3	ļ	1.0	1.3	1.8	1.1
211	Cigarettes	-	38.3	37.4	42.3	38.5	Ì	.6	1.0	2.2	.8
212	Cigars	_	38.9	38.9	38.7	38.7	i	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	42.6	42.4	42.1	42.1	41.9		4.7	4.5	4.1	4.1
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	43.9	43.7	43.1	43.3	43.0		5.4	5.0	5.0	5.0
222	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	44.5	74.0	43.7	44.5	44.2	j	5.4	5•3	5.6	5.6
223	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	42.9	42.0	42.1	41.6	40.7		4.2	4.1	3.5	3•3
224 225	Narrow fabrics and smallwares	42.2 39.1	41.7 39.3	41.5 39.5	41.8 38.8	40.8 39.2		4.1 2.9	4.1	3•5 2•4	3.5
2251	Women's full and knee length hosiery	39.1	40.4	40.1	40.0	40.5	i :	2.9	3.0	-	2.5
2252	Miscellaneous hosiery and socks	_	38.3	38.9	37.3	37.9]	_	_	_	_
2253	Knit outerwear		37.8	38.3	37•4	38.2		_	_	-	_
2254	Knit underwear	, <u> </u>	39•9	39•3	39.8	39.2		,		,	
226 227	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit.	44.0	43.5 44.1	42.8 43.5	43.5 43.8	43.2 43.9	1 ·	5.6	4.8	4.6	5.0
228	Floor covering	43.3	43.3	43.0	42.4	42.0		6.1 5.3	5.6 5.0	5•3 4•3	5•9 4•1
229	Miscellaneous textile goods	43.7	43.3	42.9	42.4	41.6	l :	5.2	5.1	3.9	3.7
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	36.4	36.4	36.3	36.2	36.3		1.7	1.6	1.3	1.4
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	38.5	38.1	38.0	37.2	36.6		1.7	1.7	1.1	1.0
232	Men's and boys' furnishings	37.4	37.5	37.7	37.4	37.4	_	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.2
2321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	-	37•4	38.0	37.0	37.9	-	_	-	-	_
2327	Men's and boys' separate trousers	-	37.2	37•2	37.4	36.6	-	-	-	-	-
2328 233	Work clothing	33.7	38.0	37.9	37•5 33•6	37.0	-	1 2	1 2	,-	1 2
2331	Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	22+1	33.7 34.8	33.3 34.1	33.9	33•7 34•6	1 -	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
2335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	_	32.3	31.8	32.6	32.1	-	_	_	_	-
2337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	-	33.7	33.7	33.2	34.5	-	_	-	-	-
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c		36.6	36.0	36.2	36.3	-	<u>.</u>			
234 2341	Women's and children's undergaments Women's and children's underwear	36.7	37.2	37.3 37.6	36.7 36.6	37.8 38.0	-	1.9	1.9	1.4	2.0
2342	Corsers and allied garments	-	37•5 36•5	36.7	37.0	37.3	_	_	_	-	-
235	Hats, caps, and millinery	_	35.2	36.1	36.9	35.3		•9	1.3	1.4	1.0
236	Girls' and children's outerwear	36.4	36.0	36.1	35.2	35.9	-	1.6	1.4	1.0	1.3
2361 237,8	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.	-	36.0 36.4	36.4	34.6	35.7	-		,-	,-	1 70
237,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel Miscellaneous fabricated textile products .	39.0	39.1	37.1 39.0	36.7 39.1	37•2 39•0		2.0 3.0	1.9 2.6	1.6 2.2	1.8
2391,2	Housefumishings	-	39.0	39.2	38.7	39.0	-	-	-		
26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	43.9	43.5	43.7	43.2	42.4	_	5.6	5.7	5.0	4.9
261,2,6	Paper and pulp	44.7 46.4	44.6	44.9	44.1	43.1	-	6.4	6.4	5.8	5.8
263	Paperboard		45.6	45.7	44.9	42.7	-	7.8	7.9	6.6	6.4
264 2643	Converted paper and paperboard products .	42.5	41.6 41.4	41.8 41.2	42.1 42.2	41.4 41.3	-	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.3
2643 265	Bags, except textile bags	43.2	43.0	43.1	42.6	42.4	_	5.4	5.6	4.5	4.6
			42.3	42.0	42.3	42.0	1	1 /• .	/ .	ı '''	-
2651,2	Folding and setup paperboard boxes	_	1 42.3	72.00	74.03	74.00	-			-	_

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	T		Avera	ge weekly es	umings			Avera	ge hourly es	mings	
Code	Induscry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
		1,00,0	1 2007	1 200	1304	1904	2,007	<u> </u>	1300	1,204	170
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
27	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	\$121.99	\$119.27	\$119.66	\$117.39	\$114 . 82	\$3.12	\$3.09	\$3.10	\$3.01	\$2.99
271	Newspaper publishing and printing	126.48	122.30	122.33	121.32	117.98	3.40	3.36	3.37	3.27	3.25
272	Periodical publishing and printing	-	124.26	128.47	127.00	124.14	-	3.17	3.18	3.09	3.05
273 275	Books	124.09	111.38	111.51 122.14	107.33	106.80	3.11	2.71 3.09	2.70 3.10	2.65 3.00	2.65
2751	Commercial printing, except lisho	124.09	118.56	119.65	117.22	115.35	J.11	3.04	3.06	2.96	2.95
2752	Commercial printing, lithographic		128.96	128.15	123.72	120.96	-	3.20	3.18	3.07	3.07
278 274,6,7,9	Bookbinding and related industries Other publishing and printing industries .	93.69 124.90	91.48	92.11	91.03 118.78	89.55	2.39 3.17	2•37 3•10	2.38 3.12	2.34 3.03	2.32 3.00
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	122.93	123.06	122.06	119.13	118.14	2.92	2.93	2.92	2.85	2.84
281	Industrial chemicals	138.55	138.65	137.34	134.72	133.34	3.26	3.27	3.27	3.20	3.19
2812 2818	Alkalies and chlorine	<u>-</u>	140.04	132.89	133.67 141.12	130.62	- -	3.19 3.46	3.21 3.44	3.16	3.14 3.36
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	_	132.89	131.93	132.82	129.68	_	3.21	3.21	3.36 3.17	3.14
282	Plastics and synthetics, except glass	122,40	122.40	120.69	118.72	118.30	2.88	2.88	2.86	2.80	2.79
2821 2823,4	Plastics and synthetics, except fibers. Synthetic fibers	<u>-</u>	135.89	133.93 108.12	128.44	127.87		3.04 2.67	3.03 2.65	2.98 2.57	2.96
283	Drugs	110.56	110.15	109.20	105.41	104.49	2.69	2.68	2.67	2.59	2.58
2834	Pharmaceutical preparations		105.44	104.52	101.20	99.90		2.61	2.60	2.53	2.51
284 2841	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Soap and detergents	117.59	115.92	140.03	110.16	108.95	2.82	2.80 3.31	2.81 3.35	2.72 3.21	2.69 3.18
2844	Toilet preparations		97.00	95.18	88.17	89.67	-	2.36	2.35	2.29	2.27
285	Paints, varnishes, and allied products	113.58	113.30	113.44	110.00	108.12	2.75	2.75	2.74	2.67	2.65
287 2871,2	Agricultural chemicals	101.46	100.38	100.01 96.02	98•79 94•35	96.60 92.62	2.41	2.39 2.26	2.37	2•33 2•22	2.30
286,9	Other chemical products	114.68	118.30	118.86	115.33	115.75	2 .7 7	2.81	2.83	2.72	2.73
29	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES	1 2 kg mk	142.89	141.10	135.11	134.69	2 27	2 27	2 20	2 01	ł
291	Petroleum refining	141.54 149.58	150.72	147.49	141.86	141.52	3.37 3.57	3•37 3•58	3.32 3.52	3.24 3.41	3.23 3.41
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products	112.52	116.04	119.97	109.46	110.40	2.66	2.68	2.69	2.60	2.61
30	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC PRODUCTS	113.85	111.94	112.10	109.04	105.73	2.66	2.64	2.65	2 50	0.56
301	Tires and inner tubes		161.37	165.62	152.77	147.20	3.67	3.61	3.64	2.59 3.48	2.56 3.48
302,3,6	Other rubber products	107.78	106.34	104.39	102.92	99.88	2.56	2.55	2.54	2.48	2.46
307 31	Miscellaneous plastic products LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	93.41	93.02 72.77	93.44 71.82	92.16 72.15	90.47 69.56	2.24 1.91	2.22 1.90	2.23 1.90	2.21 1.85	2.18 1.85
311	Leather tanning and finishing	103.57	101.50	101.02	96.59	95.65	2.46	2.44	2.44	2.35	2.35
314	Footwear, except rubber	71.94	69.00	67.53	69.63	66.23	1.84	1.84	1.83	1.79	1.79
312,3,5-7,9 317	Handbags and personal leather goods	71.81	72.73 71.53	72.56 70.80	69.50	68 . 94 67 . 38	1.87	1.86 1.82	1.87 1.82	1.81	1.80
-	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:							1		:	
	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION:		(")								_
4011	Class I railroads ²		(*)	(*)	128.03	121.70		(*)	(*)	2,89	2.85
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER		1		1						
411	TRANSIT: Local and suburban transportation		111.54	110.08	104.42	105.59		260	0.50	0.51	0.50
413	Intercity and rural bus lines	-	137.02	135.91	119.25	124.49	-	2.60 3.10	2.59 3.11	2.51 2.93	2.52 2.95
	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND										
42	STORAGE	-	131.44	133.18	128.65	124.27	-	3.10	3.09	3.02	2.98
422 46	Public warehousing	_	95.17 149.92	93.06 147.50	94.07 143.44	92.60 147.68	-	2.31 3.63	2.20 3.58	2.30 3.49	2.21 3.55
48	COMMUNICATION	_	120.38	116.97	113.24	114.67	-	2.88	2.86		i
481	Telephone communication	_	115.92	111.66	108.68	109.86	_	2.76	2.73	2.81 2.69	2.79 2.66
4817 4818	Switchboard operating employees ³	-	88.88	83.63	79-13	85.75	-	2.25	2.23	2.18	2.16
4818 482	Line construction employees ⁴ Telegraph communication ⁵	-	164.95 125.71	159.74 124.56	157.88 116.34	155.82 116.34	-	3.48 2.91	3.45	3.41	3.38
483	Radio and television broadcasting	-	149.20	151.93	143.05	144.97	-	3•73	2.89 3.77	2.77 3.64	2.77 3.67
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES		134.37	134.69	129.17	128.13	-	3.23	3.23	3.12	3.11
491 492	Electric companies and systems	_	134.55 124.50	134.96 125.52	131.24 119.07	129.88	-	3.25	3.26	3.17	3.16
493	Combined utility systems	Ξ.	148.26	147.77	141.78	119•77 138•43	_	3.00 3.53	3.01 3.51	2.89 3.40	2.90 3.36
494- 7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems	_	108.16	106.50	102.75			2.60	2.56	2.47	2.49

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC			Ave	age weekly	hours		ļ	Avena	ge ovenime	hours	
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										<u> </u>
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED								l .		1
27	INDUSTRIES	39.1	38.6 36.4	38.6 36.3	39.0	38.4 36.3	-	3.2 2.7	3.4 2.8	3.3 3.1	2.9
271 272	Newspaper publishing and printing Petiodical publishing and printing	37.2	39.2	40.4	37.1 41.1	40.7		3.5	4.4	4.3	4.0
273	Books	_	41.1	41.3	40.5	40.3	-	4.4	4.3	3.4	3.1
275	Commercial printing	39.9	39.4	39.4	39.8	39•2		3.4	3.6	3.6	3.1
2751	Commercial printing, except litho	-	39.0	39.1	39.6	39.1	-	-	_	_	-
2752	Commercial printing, lithographic	~~~	40.3 38.6	40.3	40.3 38.9	39-4	-	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.2
278 274,6,7,9	Bookbinding and related industries Other publishing and printing industries .	39.2 39.4	39.1	38.7 39.1	39.2	38.6 38.6	-	3.1	3.4	3.2	2.6
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	42.1	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.6		3.0	3.0	2.7	2.7
281 2812	Industrial chemicals	42.5	12.4	42.0	42.1	41.8	-	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.7
2818	Alkalies and chlorine	-	43.9 42.6	41.4 42.5	42.3 42.0	41.6 42.0	[]	-	i -	-	-
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	-	41.4	41.1	41.9	41.3		_	-	-	<u> </u>
282	Plastics and synthetics, except glass .	42.5	42.5	42.2	42.4	42.4	۱ -	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8
2821	Plastics and synthetics, except fibers		14.7	44.2	43.1	43.2	-	-	-	-	_
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	-	41.2	40.8	41.9	41.9	-	2 ^	2.0	2).	2.0
283 2834	Drugs	41.1	41.1	40.9 40.2	40.7 40.0	40.5 39.8] [3.0	2.8	2.4	2.2
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	41.7	41.4	41.1	40.5	40.5	_	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.6
2841	Soap and detergents		41.8	41.8	42.0	41.2	-	_	-	_	-
2844	Toilet preparations		41.1	40.5	38.5	39•5	1 -				·
285 287	Paints, varnishes, and allied products.	41.3	41.2 42.0	41.4 42.2	41.2 42.4	40.8 42.0	-	2.5 3.3	2.6 3.6	2.2 3.4	1.8 3.4
2871,2	Agricultural chemicals	42.1	41.9	42.3	42.5	42.1] -	J•J	3.0	J•4	J
286,9	Other chemical products	41.4	42.1	42.0	42.4	42.4	[3.2	2.9	3.1	3.1
	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED		1		,		}]		
29 291	INDUSTRIES	42.0	42.4 42.1	42.5 41.9	41.7 41.6	41.7 41.5		3.0 2.3	3.1 2.2	2.3 2.0	2.5 1.9
295,9	Petroleum refining Other petroleum and coal products	41.9 42.3	43.3	44.6	42.1	42.3]	5.3	6.1	3.6	4.5
->>,>	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTIC	1,213		i		,		i		3	'''
30	PRODUCTS	42.8	42.4	42.3	42.1	41.3	-	4.7	4.8	3.9	3•5 4•8
301	Tires and inner tubes	46.2	44.7 41.7	45.5 41.1	43.9 41.5	42.3 40.6	<u>-</u>	6.5	7.4	5.4	
302,3,6 307	Other rubber products	42.1 41.7	41.9	41.9	41.7	41.5	-	4.0 4.3	3.8 4.4	3.1 4.0	2.7 3.6
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	39.2	38.3	37.8	39.0	37.6	-	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.7
311	Leather tanning and finishing	42.1	41.6	41.4	41.1	40.7	-	3.9	3.5	3.4	3.2
314	Footwear, except rubber	39.1	37.5	36.9	38.9	37.0	-	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.2
312,3,5-7,9 317	Other leather products	38.4	39•1 39•3	38.8 38.9	38.4 37.7	38.3 38.5	_	2.8 2.9	2.4	2.2 1.8	2.3
-	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:	_									
	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads ²		(*)	(*)	ħħ•3	42.7					
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER)				<u>.</u>		
	TRANSIT:		1,00		1	,			ļ		
411 413	Local and suburban transportation Intercity and rural bus lines		42.9 44.2	42.5 43.7	41.6 40.7	41.9 42.2		:	-	-	
42	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND		42.4	12.3	42.6	la z				}	}
42 422	STORAGE Public warehousing		42.4	43.1 42.3	40.9	41.7 41.9			-	_	
46	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION		41.3	41.2	41.1	41.6			-	_	-
48	COMMUNICATION		41.8	40.9	40.3	41.1			-	-	-
481	Telephone communication		42.0	40.9	40.4	41.3			-	-	-
4817 4818	Switchboard operating employees 3 Line construction employees 4		39•5 47•4	37.5	36.3 46.3	39.7	1		-	_	_
482	Telegraph communication 5		43.2	46.3 43.1	42.0	46.1 42.0		-	-	_	-
483	Radio and television broadcasting		40.0	40.3	39.3	39•5	1	-	-	-	-
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES		41.6	41.7	41.4	41.2		-	-	-	
491 492	Electric companies and systems	-	41.4 41.5	41.4 41.7	41.4 41.2	41.1 41.3	l <u>-</u>	l <u>-</u>		_	1
493	Combined utility systems	_	42.0	42.1	41.7	41.2] -	-	_	_	
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems	_	41.6	41.6	41.6	41.4	l -	-	-	۱ -	i

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-Continued

SIC			Averag	ge weekly ea	tnings			Ачега	ge hourly ea	mings	
Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE		\$76.80	\$77.42	\$74.68	\$74.25		\$2.07	\$2.07	\$1.96	\$1.98
50	WHOLESALE TRADE		107.71	107.57	104.81	104.45		2.64	2.63	2.55	2.56
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		101.16	100.91	98.51	97.86		2.42	2.42	2.34	2.33
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products		111.24	110.84	106.49	107.18		2.74	2.73	2.61	2.64
503	Dry goods and apparel		104.98	105.46	99.68	101.41		2.77	2.79	2.63	2.69
504	Groceries and related products		96.56	97.10	96.18	94.30		2.39	2.38	2.29	2.30
506	Electrical goods		128.19	127.02	119.71	118.72		2.92	2.92	2.81	2.80
507	Hardware, plumbing, and hearing goods .		104.04	104.19	98.66	99.38		2.55	2.56	2.43	2.46
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies		117.16	116.75	114.12	114.12		2.83	2.82	2.77	2.7
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers		108.54	107.74	107.45	105.85		2.70	2.68	2.64	2.6
52-59	RETAIL TRADE 6	_	66.96	67.33	65.84	64.79		1.86	1.86	1.77	1.78
53	General merchandise stores	_	58.56	59.79	58.41	56.45		1.78	1.79	1.65	1.69
531	Department stores	_	61.56	63.69	61.60	60.2i		1.90	1.93	1.77	1.83
532	Mail order houses	_	68.99	69.81	81.80	66.61	ļ	1.89	1.95	1.83	1.8
533	Limited price variery stores		44.64	44.62	43.36	42.08		1.44	1.43	1.31	1.3
54	Food stores	_	71.19	70.51	68.40	68.88		2.10	2.08	2.00	2.02
541-3	Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores	_	72.21	71.87	69.43	70.11		2.13	2.12	2.03	2.09
56 56	Apparel and accessories stores	_				54.95		1.75	1.75	1.66	1.6
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	_	57.23	57.93 69.89	57.77	66.60		1.99	1.98	1.87	1.8
	Women's ready-to-wear stores	_	69.05		69.38	49.83				1.51	
562			51.36	51.99	52.10			1.59	1.59	1.61	1.51
565	Family clothing stores	-	56.42	57.61	55.06	53.46		1.72	1.73		1.63
566	Shoe stores	_	55.36	57.33	57.73	53-35		1.78	1.82	1.76	1.71
57	Furniture and appliance stores		88.48	89.15	89.98	87.42		2.24	2.24	2.20	2.18
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	87.91	88.18	88.15	85.60		2.22	2.21	2.15	2.14
58	Eating and drinking places 7	-	45.62	46.02	44.96	44.58		1.33	1.33	1.27	1.27
52,55,59	Other retail trade	-	84.03	83.84	81.58	80.38		2.08	2.07	1.98	1.97
52	Building materials and hardware	-	89,88	90.52	86.31	85.69		2.14	2.14	2.06	2.05
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	-	105.90	105.22	101.87	99.43		2.44	2.43	2.31	2.27
553,9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers		85.73	86.17	86.48	85.30	Ì	1.98	1.99	1.97	1.9
591	Drug stores		61.93	61.94	60.45	60.00		1.79	1.78	1.67	1.69
598	Fuel and ice dealers		99.92	98.21	98.78	94.38		2.34	2.30	2.24	2.20
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL				l				l .		l .
	ESTATE 8		90.27	89.65	87.28	86.81		2.42	2.41	2.34	2.34
60	Banking		80.35	80.35	77.58	77.58	İ	2.16	2.16	2.08	2.08
61	Credit agencies other than banks	_	84.90	84.67	82.62	82.03		2.24	2.24	2.18	2.17
612	Savings and loan associations	_	84.44	84.82	84.00	83.63	i	2.27	2.28	2.24	2.23
62	Security dealers and exchanges	_	136.08	131.89	123.09	124.07		3.60	3.48	3.30	3.39
63	Insurance carriers	_	96.12	95.86	93.62	93.74	i	2.57	2.57	2.51	2.52
631	Life insurance	_	95.31	94.79	92.96	92.57		2.59	2.59	2.54	2.5
632	Accident and health insurance	_	85.47	84.50	83.17	82.43		2.31	2.29	2.26	2.2
633	Fire, marine, and casualry insurance		99.06	99.18	96.39	97.16		2.60	2.61	2.53	2.55
	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places:										l
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 7		51.71	52.30	51.17	50.01	Ì	1.39	1.38	1.35	1.3
/01	Personal Services:		7	الردءر	1 72.21	70.01		1.35	کر د ا	1.37	3.
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.		58.83	60.14	57.57	56.74		1.54	1.55	1.48	1.47
121	Motion pictures:		,0.03	, ~·	1 /1.//	70.14		1	1	1.70	1
781	Motion pictures: Motion picture filming and distributing	_	155.23	161.18	144.27	140.85	_	3.96	3.97	3.58	3.5
101	I morton bicinic timinis and distributing		177.23	1 707.10	1	1 240.00	L	1 3.30	1 2.21	1 2.70	1 200

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

			Aver	age weekly h	ours			Averag	ge overtime h	nours	
SIC Code	Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov 196
	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE		37.1	37,4	38.1	37.5					
50	WHOLESALE TRADE		40.8	40.9	41.1	40.8	1				
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		41.8	41.7	42.1	42.0					
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products		40.6	40.6	40.8	40.6	ł		'		
503	Dry goods and apparel		37.9	37.8	37.9	37.7					
504	Groceries and related products		40.4	40.8	42.0	41.0	l				
506	Electrical goods		43.9	43.5	42.6	42.4					
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .		40.8	40.7	40.6	40.4	ł		ĺ	1	
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies		41.4	41.4	41.2	41.2	1			!!	
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers		40.2	40.2	40.7	40.4			1		
52-59	RETAIL TRADE 6		36.0	36.2	37.2	36.4					
53	General merchandise stores		32.9	33.4	35.4	33.4		l.	})	
531	Department stores		32.4	33.0	34.8	32.9	1		1		
532	Mail order houses		36.5	35.8	44.7	36.4	1			l l	
533	Limited price variety stores		31.0	31.2	33.1	31.4	1		l	i l	
54	Food stores		33.9	33.9	34.2	34.1	1		İ	1 1	
541-3	Grocery meat, and vegetable stores		33.9	33.9	34.2	34.2	İ	Ì			
56	Apparel and accessories stores		32.7	33,1	34.8	33.3			1		
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores		34.7	35.3	37.1	36.0	i	ŀ	1		
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores		32.3	32.7	34.5	33.0	i	1		1	
565	Family clothing stores		32.8	33.3	34.2	32.8			1	i	
566	Shoe stores		31.1	31.5	32.8	31.2	ļ				i
57	Furniture and appliance stores		39.5	39.8	40.9	40.1	1				ĺ
571	Furniture and home furnishings		39.6	39.9	41.0	40.0		l			
58	Eating and drinking places		34.3	34.6	35.4	35.1		1		[
52,55,59	Other retail trade		40.4	40.5	41.2	40.8				1	1
52	Building materials and hardware		42.0	42.3	41.9	41.8		1			
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers		43.4	43.3	44.1	43.8	1				}
553,9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers		43.3	43.3	43.9	43.3	(l		1	ì
591	Drug stores		34.6	34.8	36.2	35.5					l
598	Fuel and ice dealers	ļ	42.7	42.7	44.1	42.9	Į				
J2 0	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL	}	12.	172.		1	į.			1	
	ESTATE ⁸	ĺ	37.3	37.2	37.3	37.1	1	ļ			
60	Banking	l	37.2	37.2	37.3	37.3	1			1	ĺ
61	Credit agencies other than banks)	37.9	37.8	37.9	37.8	1				l
612	Savings and loan associations	ì	37.2	37.2	37.5	37.5	1			1	[
62	Security dealers and exchanges		37.8	37.9	37.3	36.6	1				l
63	Insurance carriers	Į.	37.4	37.3	37.3	37.2	1	1			l
631	Life insurance	i	36.8	36.6	36.6	36.3	1	1		l	l
632	Accident and health insurance		37.0	36.9	36.8	36.8	1			1	
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		38.1	38.0	38.1	38.1	1			1	l
V))	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places:				30.1						
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels Personal Services:		37.2	37.9	37.9	37.6			ı		
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants. Motion pictures:		38.2	38,8	38.9	38.6					
	Motivii pictures.	1	1	1	40.3	,	,	1	,	,	,

¹ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

*Not available.

Note: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

 $^{^2}$ Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more.

³ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

artenants. In 1994, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting nours and earnings data.

⁴ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

⁵Data relate to nonsupervisory employees except messengers.

⁶ Beginning January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.

⁷ Money payments only; tips, not included.

⁸ Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from all series in this division.

Table C-3: Average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

		Average hou	ırly earnings excludi	ng overtime!	
Major industry group	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct, 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
MANUFACTURING	\$2,54	\$2.53	\$2.52	\$2.47	\$2,45
DURABLE GOODS .	2.70	2.69	2,68	2,64	2,61
Ordnance and accessories	-	3.02	3.02	3.02	3.00
Lumber and wood products, except furniture		2,09	2.10	2.01	2.03
Furniture and fixtures		2.05	2.05	1,99	1.98
Stone, clay, and glass products		2.54	2,53	2.45	2.44
Primary metal industries		3.06	3.06	3.02	3.00
Fabricated metal products		2.66	2,65	2,61	2,57
Machinery		2.84	2.83	2.77	2.76
Electrical equipment and supplies		2.51	2.50	2.46	2.45
Transportation equipment		3,09	3.07	3.00	2.98
Instruments and related products	_	2.53	2.52	2.50	2,49
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	2.05	2,05	2,04	2.01
NONDURABLE GOODS	2.30	2.29	2,28	2.24	2.23
Food and kindred products	-	2.33	2.31	2,29	2,27
Tobacco manufactures		2,09	1.95	1.98	1.90
Textile mill products	-	1.81	1.80	1.74	1.75
Apparel and related products	-	1.82	1.82	1.77	1.77
Paper and allied products	-	2.52	2.51	2,46	2.44
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Chemicals and allied products	-	2.83	2.82	2.76	2.75
Petroleum refining and related industries	-	3,26	3,20	3.16	3.14
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	-	2,50	2.51	2.47	2.46
Leather and leather products	_	1,85	1.85	1,80	1.81

¹Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in current and 1957-59 dollars ¹

				1	Spend	lable averag	e weekly ea	rnings	
Industry	Gross a	verage weekl	y earnings	Worker	with no dep	endents	Worker	with three de	pendents
Tuonattà	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964
MINING:	2200 62								
Current dollars		1			\$104.10	\$98,60	\$110.35	\$112.59	\$107.11
1957-59 dollars	111.76	114.37	111.30	92.21	94.29	90,71	99.77	101,98	98.54
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION:								1	
Current dollars	135.40	144.01	131.73	111.43	118.26	107.08	120,33	127.49	116.12
1957-59 dollars	. 122,42	130.44	121.19	100.75	107.12	98,51	108.80	115.48	106.83
MANUFACTURING:		1						İ	
Current dollars	109.71	108,62	104.30	90,83	89.95	85.45	98,61	07.60	00.00
1957-59 dollars	1 00 00		95.95	82.12	81.48	78.61	89.16	97.69 88.49	93.28 85.81
WNOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE:2			1	l		[
Current dollars	76.80	77,42	74,25	64,42	64.91	61.65	71.34	71.85	68.91
1957-59 dollars		70.13	68,31	58.25	58.80	56.72	64.50	65.08	63.39
1,7,7,7,7	97111	1 ,0.23	00.51	70,25	30,00	30.72	04,30	1 03.00	1 03.39

¹For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; for wholesale and retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

²Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable goods total has little effect.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Beginning}$ January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.

Table C-5: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours and payrolls in industrial and construction activities ¹

1957-59=100

Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Dec. 1964	Nov. 1964
			Man-hours		
DTAL	112.5	112.5	113.8	106.1	106,6
MINING	84.0	82.4	83.9	82.9	84.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	110.4	114.2	124.1	102.3	111.3
MANUFACTURING	114.3	113.7	113.5	107.9	106.9
DURABLE GOODS	119.7	118.4	117.5	111.2	109.1
Ordnance and accessories	132.9	131.1	129.1	116.8	116.9
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	97.4	98.3	100.3	93.1	94.8
Furniture and fixtures	125.9	124.0	124.2	118.6	117.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	108.2	109.9	110.7	103.3	106.7
Primary metal industries	107.6	105.3	106.9	111.3	109.1
Fabricated metal products	123.2	122.5	120.8	113.6	111.5
Machinery	129.1	125.7	123.8	118.0	113.0
Electrical equipment and supplies	138.6	136.0	133.4	121.9	119.5
Transportation equipment	117.6	115.3	112.7	106.4	100.2
Instruments and related products	118.3	118.1	116.7	108.3	107.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	117.3	123.4	124.0	105.9	112.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	107.3	107.7	108.2	103.6	104.0
Food and kindred products	93.9	97.5	101.0	93.9	96.8
Tobacco manufactures	87.1	86.6	102.8	101.4	101.8
Textile mill products	104.7	104.8	103.8	99.8	99.9
Apparel and related products	116.0	117.1	117.2	111.4	112.9
Paper and allied products	113.6	112.6	112.5	108.5	107.2
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	114.2	112.2	111.9	110.0	107.7
Chemicals and allied products	111.2	110.0	109.2	106.4	105.8
Petroleum refining and related industries	75•3	76.6	78.0	74.4	75.9
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	143.4	140.8	138.4	127.6	126.0
Leather and leather products	101.6	98.7	96.0	99.2	95.8
		T	Payrolls		
MINING	-	97.6	99.4	95.1	97.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION		151.0	165.3	131.5	140.8
MANUFACTURING	143.8	142.3	141.4	131.5	128.9

¹ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED HOURS

Table C-6: Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries 1 seasonally adjusted

Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
MINING	42.9	42.0	42.2	42.2	42.7	42.6	41.9	42.3	42.0	42.3	41.7	42.0	42.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	39.4	37.0	37.0	36.2	37-3	37.4	37.1	37.5	37.0	37.5	37.5	37.6	39.0
MANUFACTURING	41.4 3.8	41.4 3.8	41.2 3.8	40.9 3.5	41.0 3.4	41.0 3.4	41.0 3.5	41.1 3.6	41.0 3.2	41.3 3.7	41.2 3.6	41.2 3.6	41.2 3.4
DURABLE GOODS	42.2 4.1	42.2 4.1	42.0 4.1	41.6 3.7	41.7 3.7	41.7 3.8	41.8 3.8	42.0 3.9	41.9 3.8	42.2 4.0	42.1 4.1	42.1 3.9	42.0 3.7
Ordnance and accessories	42.7	42.2	42.3	41.9	42.1	42.7	41.8	41.7	41.2	41.5	41.2	41.0	40.7
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	41.8	41.4	41.1	40.5	40.7	40.5	39.9	41.0	40.9	41.0	40.3	40.7	40.8
Furniture and fixtures	41.6	41.7	41.5	40.9	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.6	41.4	41.8	41.9	41.6	41.7
Stone, clay, and glass products	43.2	42.1	41.8	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.6	41.9	41.3	41.9	42.1	42.1	42.4
Primary metal industries	41.0	41.1	41.4	41.8	42.1	42.4	42.1	42.1	43.7	42.3	42.3	42.3	42.2
Fabricated metal products	42.4	42.5	42.3	41.6	41.7	41.8	42.0	42.1	41.7	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.2
Machinery	43.8	43.7	43.5	43.0	42.7	42.9	43.0	43.0	42.3	43.2	43.1	43.1	43.0
Electrical equipment and supplies	41.4	41.3	41.0	40.5	40.8	40.6	41.0	41.1	40.5	41.2	41.1	41.0	41.0
Transportation equipment	43.0	43.3	43.0	41.8	42.2	42.3	42.9	43.0	42.7	43.5	43.3	43.4	42.9
Instruments and related products	41.9	41.7	41.7	41.5	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.6	40.5	41.4	41.3	41.2	41.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	40.2	40.2	40.0	39.8	40.0	39.7	39.6	39.8	39•5	39.8	39.8	39.9	39.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	40.3 3.3	40.3 3.3	40.1 3.2	40.1 3.2	40.0 3.0	40.0 3.0	39.9 3.0	40.0 3.1	39.9 3.0	40.2 3.1	40.2 3.1	40.1 3.1	40.1 3.1
Food and kindred products	41.2	41.1	41.0	40.7	41.1	41.4	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.1	41.2	41.4	41.3
Tobacco manufactures	37.3	38.0	37.7	37.8	37.4	38.1	37-2	37-3	36.7	38.3	38.9	38.5	39.2
Textile mill products	42.3	42.0	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.5	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.8
Apparel and related products	36.7	36.5	36.4	36.0	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.4	36.0	36.6	36.6	36.5	36.5
Paper and allied products	43.7	43.6	43.4	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.0	43.1	42.7	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	38.7	38.7	38.4	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.5	38.5	38.5	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6
Chemicals and allied products	42.0	42.0	41.9	42.2	41.8	41.6	41.7	42.0	42.2	41.9	41.9	41.8	41.7
Petroleum refining and related industries	42.3	42.5	42.5	42.7	42.7	42.1	41.9	42.2	42.4	42.1	41.9	41.5	42.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	42.3	42.5	42.3	41.6	41.9	41.8	41.8	41.7	41.1	42.2	42.2	42.2	41.6
Leather and leather products	38.4	38.7	38.6	38.4	37.9	37.9	37.8	38.4	38.3	38.2	38.2	37.7	38.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE 2		37.4	37.5	37.5	37.8	37.8	37•7	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.9
WHOLESALE TRADE	-	40.8	40.9	40.8	41.0	40.7	40.8	40.9	40.7	40.9	40.8	40.8	40.8
RETAIL TRADE ²		36.4	36.4	36.5	36.7	36.8	36.6	36.8	36.9	36.8	36.8	36.8	36.9
										'			

¹For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for wholesale and retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

²Beginning January 1964, data include eating and drinking places.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table C-7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activities?

seasonally adjusted

1957-59=100

1957-59=100													
Industry	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965	Apr. 1965	Mar. 1965	Feb. 1965	Jan. 1965	Dec. 1964
TOTAL	114.0	111.3	109.6	108.1	108.8	108.5	108.2	108.0	107.1	108.6	107.9	107.5	107.5
MINING	84.5	81.7	81.8	80.4	83.1	84.4	81.5	82.5	82.0	83.3	82.3	83.0	83.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	124.4	112.0	109.3	106.5	109.9	108.8	109.8	110.7	107.3	112.9	112.0	111.3	115.4
MANUFACTURING	113.6	112.7	111.1	109.8	110.0	109.7	109.2	108.9	108.3	109.1	108.4	108.0	107.2
DURABLE GOODS	118.5	117.3	115.6	114.1	114.3	113.8	113.2	112.7	112.0	112.6	111.6	111.0	110.1
Ordnance and accessories	131.0	128.2	127.3	123.8	123.2	122.5	117.6	116.2	113.6	115.6	114.8	114.2	113.4
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	101.4	99.2	97.2	95.2	96.2	95.4	93.8	96.8	97.1	99.0	95.5	95.9	96.8
Furniture and fixtures	123.2	121.4	119.5	117.5	117.6	118.6	118.6	119.1	118.6	119.0	118.3	116.8	116.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	112.9	108.5	106.9	107.2	105.8	105.6	104.3	105.2	105.2	107.6	107.2	107.9	107.8
Primary metal industries	108.0	107.8	109.7	113.1	115.1	115.7	п3.9	112.0	116.3	112.7	112.5	112.5	111.8
Fabricated metal products	121.8	121.2	118.3	115.8	115.4	116.4	115.8	115.4	114.1	113.8	115.3	113.7	112.4
Machinery	128.4	128.2	125.6	123.6	121.7	122.3	120.9	119.8	117.4	119.7	118.4	118.1	117.4
Electrical equipment and supplies	135.1	133.0	130.3	126.7	126.4	125.5	125.9	124.6	121.9	122.9	121.3	119.6	118.8
Transportation equipment	111.4	111.2	109.3	106.6	108.7	105.4	106.8	106.2	104.7	105.9	103.9	103.5	100.7
Instruments and related products	116.6	116.1	115.2	114.2	112.2	113.2	111.2	109.0	107.0	108.9	108.6	107.5	107.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	118.9	116.2	114.0	111.2	111.7	108.3	107.4	107.9	107.8	108.2	107.6	107.2	107.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	107.3	106.7	105.2	104.1	104.2	104.5	104.2	103.9	103.5	104.5	104.2	104.1	103.5
Food and kindred products	95.0	95.4	92.9	91.0	92.4	93-5	92.1	92.6	92.2	94.0	94.2	95.1	95.0
Tobacco manufactures	79.6	79.9	80.5	78.4	77.5	87.1	85.1	84.1	82.8	86.4	89.0	89.2	92.0
Textile mill products	104.3	103.3	102.2	101.6	101.6	100.5	100.0	100.1	100.3	100.9	100.5	100.4	99.5
Apparel and related products	117.5	116.4	115.7	113.8	113.4	113.9	116.9	114.4	113.0	114.5	113.8	113.8	112.9
Paper and allied products	112.9	111.9	110.7	109.5	108.8	109.5	108.4	108.4	107.7	108.4	108.4	108.2	107.5
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	112.0	111.9	то.3	110.2	110.3	110.3	109.0	108.8	108.8	109.1	108.7	108.6	107.9
Chemicals and allied products	112.1	110.7	109.8	111.0	110.3	109.8	108.9	108.8	109.4	109.0	108.4	107.7	107.3
Petroleum refining and related industries	77.5	77.9	77.2	78.3	77.6	77.2	76.1	75-3	77.0	76.5	76.1	75.4	76.3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	141.0	139.0	135.8	132.4	133.8	132.7	132.0	130.9	129.4	132.1	130.6	128.8	125.5
Leather and leather products	99.0	99.1	98.2	97.4	96.1	95.5	95.6	98.0	97.2	97.5	96.9	95.6	96.6

¹ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas

		e weekly e			e weekly		Average		
State and area	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1964
									1704
LABAMA	\$94.66 119.43	\$94.05 117.04	\$90.67	41.7	41.8	41.4	\$2.27	\$2.25	\$2.19
Mobile	113.74	117.04	115.23	42.2 42.6	41.8 42.5	41.3 42.3	2.83 2.67	2.80 2.67	2.79 2.53
	113.74	113.40	107.02	1 -2.0	72.5	42.5	2.07	2.07	2.55
LASKA	(1)	152.83	155.24	(1)	38.4	39.5	(1)	3.98	3.93
RIZONA	118.14	117.31	110.42	41.6	41.6	40.3	2.84	2.82	2.74
Phoenix	119.00	117.88	111.65	41.9	41.8	40.6	2.84	2.82	2.75
Tucson	125.76	125.33	114.37	40.7	40.3	38.9	3.09	3.11	2.94
RKANSAS	75.26	76.54	71.96	40.9	41.6	40.2	1.84	1.84	1.79
ort Smith	74.93	74.44	71.02	41.4	40.9	39.9	1.81	1.82	1.78
ittle Rock-North Little Rock	74.89 92.29	74.85 90.13	71.46 90.94	40.7 41.2	40.9	39,7	1.84	1.83	1.80
ine Bluff	92.29	90.13	90.94	41.2	40.6	42.1	2.24	2.22	2.16
ALIFORNIA	127.10	126.28	119.60	41.0	41.0	40.0	3.10	3.08	2.99
naheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	126.38	125.14	120.09	41.3	41.3	40.3	3.06	3.03	2.98
akersfield	135.60	132.00	130.97	40.6	40.0	40.8	3.34	3.30	3.21
resno	104.52	106.52	96.00	39.0	39.6	37.5	2.68	2.69	2.56
os Angeles-Long Beach	125.86 110.04	124.12 107.62	118.67 104.56	41.4 39.3	41.1 38.3	40.5 38.3	3.04 2.80	3.02 2.81	2.93
acramento	133.79	132.66	130.87	39.7	41.2	39.9	3.37	3.22	3.28
an Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario	123.42	123.52	118.30	40.6	40.9	40.1	3.04	3.02	2.95
an Diego	137.37	134.89	125.22	41.5	41.0	39.5	3.31	3.29	3.17
an Francisco-Oakland	133.67	134,20	127.01	39.9	40.3	39.2	3.35	3,33	3.24
an Jose	128.52	128.84	120.69	40.8	40.9	39.7	3.15	3.15	3.04
anta Barbara	122.51	120.80	120.48	40.3	40.4	39.5	3.04	2.99	3.05
tockton	123.22 111.15	122.36 113.62	115.24	40.4 37.3	41.2 38.0	38.8 36.9	3.05 2.98	2.97 2.99	2.97
LORADO	117.45	115.21	110.15	41.5	41.0	40.2	2.83	2.31	2.74
lenver	124.41	118.66	112.59	43.5	41.2	40.5	2.86	2.88	2.78
NNECTICUT	116.02	115.45	111.14	42.5	42.6	42.1	2.73	2.71	2.64
ridgeport	121.24	121.09	113.01	43.3	43.4	41.7	2.80	2.79	2.71
artford	122.41 116.89	121.41 118.00	117.00 113.52	42.8 42.2	42.9 42.6	42.7 42.2	2.86 2.77	2.83	2.74
lew Haven	111.64	111.49	107.42	41.5	41.6	41.0	2.69	2.77 2.68	2.69
Stamford	116.48	113.71	113.15	41.9	41.5	41.6	2.78	2.74	2.72
aterbury	116.14	113.79	111.83	42.7	42.3	42.2	2.72	2.69	2.65
LAWARE	119.83	119.99	118.58	41.9	42.1	42.5	2.86	2.85	2.79
Wilmington	132.51	132.71	129.93	42.2	42.4	42.6	3.14	3.13	3.05
STRICT OF COLUMBIA: Vashington SMSA	114.80	115.09	109.81	40.0	40.1	39.5	2.87	2.87	2.78
ORIDA	93.96	93.51	90.31	43.1	42.7	42.6	2.18	2,19	2.12
[acksonville	91.98	91.53	96.48	40.7	40.5	42.5	2.26	2.19	2.12
liami	86.52	85.86	86.53	42.0	40.5	41.6	2.06	2.12	2.08
ampa-St. Petersburg	99.01	98.35	90.94	44.2	44.5	43.1	2.24	2.21	2.11
GORGIA	87.35	84.65	80.14	42.2	41.7	41.1	2.07	2.03	1.95
atlanta	116.21	106.24	98.49	43.2	41.5	40.2	2.69	2.56	2.45
avannah	106.60	105.50	101.68	42.3	42.2	41.5	2.52	2.50	2.45
									_
WAII	91.87	93.93	90.35	38.6	39.3	39.8	2,38	2,39	2.27
ано	103.35	109.85	98.94	39.0	39.8	38.8	2,65	2.76	2.55
LINOIS	119.61	119.04	114.98	41.6	41.6	41.4	2.88	2 96	2 70
Chicago	121.51	120.80	114.98	41.8	41.8	41.4	2.88	2.86 2.89	2.78 2.82
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	(1)	129.45	125.71	(1)	40.8	40.9	(1)	3.17	3.07
				· \-/			\-/		

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

		e weekly e			ge weekly		Average	e hourly e	arnings
State and area	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.	Nov.	0ct.	Nov.
	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964
ILLINOIS-(continued)									
Peoria	(1)	\$134.44	\$127.55	(1)	42.1	41.7	(1)	\$3.20	\$3.06
	(1)	123.07	117.55	(1)	44.1	43.6	(1)	2.79	2.70
INDIANA	\$123.11	123.48	115.86	41.8	41.9	41.0	\$2.95	2.95	2.83
	(1)	128.10	122.29	(1)	42.8	42.4	(1)	2.99	2.88
IOWA	115.62	115.73	113.27	40.8	41.2	41.1	2.83	2.81	2.76
	121.28	121.65	116.93	42.7	43.1	41.9	2.84	2.82	2.79
	124.83	124.38	118.80	40.1	39.8	39.8	3.12	3.13	2.99
KANSAS	115.83	115.47	114.94	42.4	42.6	42.2	2.73	2.71	2.72
Topeka	130.37	134.30	119.47	44.1	45.0	42.6	2.96	2.98	2.80
Wichita	120.89	118.28	120.53	41.6	41.7	41.7	2.90	2.84	2.89
KENTUCKY Louisville	103.82	104.17	100.12	41.2	41.5	40.7	2.52	2.51	2.46
	123.14	123.64	116.76	41.8	42.1	41.7	2.94	2.94	2.80
LOUISIANA Baton Rouge New Orleans Shreveport	111.76	111.02	107.50	44.0	43.2	43.7	2.54	2.57	2.46
	135.01	133.40	132.92	41.8	41.3	41.8	3.23	3.23	3.18
	112.88	115.08	108.47	41.5	42.0	41.4	2.72	2.74	2.62
	107.69	108.82	102.19	44.5	44.6	43.3	2.42	2.44	2.36
MAINE	86.94	86.94	83.43	41.4	41.4	40.5	2.10	2.10	2.06
	72.50	70.49	67.32	39.4	38.1	37.4	1.84	1.85	1.80
	90.23	89.76	89.51	41.2	40.8	40.5	2.19	2.20	2.21
MARYLAND	107.30	106.23	106.14	40.8	40.7	41.3	2.63	2.61	2.57
	113.02	111.78	112.61	40.8	40.5	41. 4	2.77	2.76	2.72
MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton Fall River Lawrence-Haverhill ² Lowell ² New Bedford Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	100.00 107.06 85.97 65.80 92.43 84.32 78.75 104.34 111.51	99.10 106.13 80.15 70.30 92.59 84.77 77.02 103.68 108.39	96.24 103.22 81.72 65.81 89.44 82.22 73.43 100.21 108.00	40.0 39.8 38.9 32.9 39.5 39.4 37.5 40.6 41.3	39.8 39.6 36.6 34.8 39.4 39.8 36.5 40.5	40.1 39.7 39.1 34.1 39.4 38.6 36.9 40.9 41.7	2.50 2.69 2.21 2.00 2.34 2.14 2.10 2.57 2.70	2.49 2.68 2.19 2.02 2.35 2.13 2.11 2.56 2.65	2.40 2.60 2.09 1.93 2.27 2.13 1.99 2.45 2.59
MICHIGAN Ann Arbor Detroit Flint 3 Grand Rapids 3 Lansing Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw	149.01	145.41	135.51	45.5	44.7	43.6	3.28	3.25	3.11
	151.65	132.80	(1)	45.0	40.6	(1)	3.37	3.27	(1)
	157.62	154.44	141.57	45.7	45.0	43.2	3.45	3.43	3.28
	173.80	162.67	150.68	47.1	45.3	44.2	3.69	3.59	3.41
	121.65	123.22	117.22	42.4	42.7	41.7	2.87	2.89	2.81
	169.72	157.02	146.75	47.7	45.2	44.7	3.56	3.47	3.28
	129.21	126.85	116.78	42.8	42.1	40.2	3.02	3.01	2.91
	156.56	148.01	134.03	46.1	45.0	43.9	3.40	3.29	3.05
MINNESOTA Duluth-Superior Minneapolis-St. Paul	113.34	113.58	108.41	41.1	41.4	40.7	2.76	2.74	2.66
	110.60	109.53	107.98	39.5	39.2	39.7	2.80	2.79	2.72
	119.54	120.68	113.17	41.2	41.6	40.3	2.90	2.90	2.81
MISSISSIPPI	77.61	78.31	73.39	41.5	42.1	41.0	1.87	1.86	1.79
	85.80	85.80	81.03	44.0	44.0	43.8	1.95	1.95	1.85
MISSOURI	103.80	107.80	102.43	39.2	40.5	39.8	2.65	2.66	2.57
	120.30	117.49	113.61	41.6	41.0	40.9	2.89	2.87	2.78
	115.52	122.09	116.73	39.0	41.3	40.6	2.96	2.96	2.87
MONTANA	109.48	113.57	109.47	39.1	41.0	40.1	2.80	2.77	2.73
NEBRASKA	104.95	104.03	104.80	43.3	43.3	43.3	2.42	2.40	2.42
	115.67	112.94	116.68	43.4	42.9	43.9	2.66	2.63	2.66

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

799-429 O-66-5

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

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Atlantic City			e weekly ea			ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
NEW FADA \$122,18 \$126,85 \$123,12 \$36,3 \$3,8 \$40,7 \$3,19 \$3,24 \$3,00 \$NEW FAMPSHER \$5,48 \$85,67 \$82,01 \$40,9 \$40,4 \$2,09 \$2,08 \$2,01 \$1,93 \$NEW FAMPSHER \$5,48 \$76,75 \$76,25 \$38, \$39,2 \$39,1 \$2,02 \$2,08 \$2,01 \$1,93 \$NEW FAMPSHER \$114,68 \$114,66 \$109,75 \$41,4 \$41,4 \$49,8 \$2,27 \$2,16 \$2,20 \$1,93 \$NEW FAMPSHER \$114,68 \$114,66 \$109,75 \$41,4 \$41,4 \$49,8 \$2,27 \$2,16 \$2,20 \$1,93 \$NEW FAMPSHER \$114,68 \$114,125 \$105,37 \$41,1 \$40,9 \$40,6 \$2,74 \$2,72 \$2,62 \$1,93 \$1	State and area		I .	1	E .		1	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.
NEW FIRMPSHIRE	NEVADA									
Manchemer		\$122.18	\$128.95	\$123.32	38.3	39.8	40.7	\$3.19	\$3.24	\$3.03
NEW JERSEY										L .
Atlantic City	Manchester	78.38	/8.79	76.25	38.8	39.2	39.1	2.02	2.01	1.95
Jessey City 4	NEW JERSEY		1		1					2.69
Newak 4	Atlantic City			1						
Tennom.	Newark 4									
Tennom.	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic 4									
NEW MEXICO 95.76 97.16 89.40 41.1 41.7 38.7 2.33 2.31 2.31 Abbuqueque 99.33 96.32 94.95 39.2 40.3 39.4 42.3 92.39 2.39 2.41 NEW YORK 107.73 108.00 103.74 39.9 40.0 39.4 2.39 2.39 2.39 2.41 NEW YORK 109.36 108.00 103.74 39.9 40.0 39.9 2.70 2.50 Binghamon 109.36 108.00 101.84 41.9 41.7 41.4 2.61 2.59 2.83 Binghamon 119.33 102.31 11.33 126.42 42.4 42.1 42.0 31.13 31.2 3.01 Elmita 111.43 109.89 104.88 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.59 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.1 40.2 2.2 2.85 2.65 2.57 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.7 40.1 40.1 2.2 2.85 2.65 2.57 New York Ordenstam New Jessey 106.38 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9 40.9	Perth Amboy 4								2.88	2.78
Albany-exheneresary-Troy 108.00 107.72 108.00 108.74 39.9 40.0 39.9 2.70 2.60 Albany-Scheneresary-Troy 112.18 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.79 118.79 118.79 118.70 118.	renton	114,26	114.40	110.97	41.1	41.3	41.1	2.78	2.77	2,70
Albany-exheneresary-Troy 108.00 107.72 108.00 108.74 39.9 40.0 39.9 2.70 2.60 Albany-Scheneresary-Troy 112.18 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.78 118.79 118.79 118.79 118.70 118.	NEW MEXICO	95.76	97.16	89.40	41.1	41.7	38.7	2.33	2.33	2.31
Albany-Schenectady-Trey. 122.18 118.78 116.88 41.7 41.7 41.1 41.3 2.93 2.99 2.283 Binghanton 109.36 108.00 101.84 41.9 41.7 41.7 41.2 2.61 2.95 2.48 Binghanton 109.36 108.00 101.84 41.9 41.7 41.7 42.61 2.95 2.95 2.48 Binghanton 110.43 109.89 104.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 3.13 3.12 3.01 Elaira 110.43 109.89 104.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.70 2.50 Nasau and Suffolk Counties 5 110.43 109.89 104.38 40.9 40.7 40.3 2.70 2.70 2.70 2.56 New York City Services 106.38 106.38 106.29 107.39 39.4 39.5 39.1 2.70 2.70 2.66 New York City Services 108.38 106.39 107.60 40.8 40.5 40.0 2.70 2.70 2.66 New York City Services 108.38 108.29 107.39 39.4 39.5 39.1 2.70 2.70 2.61 New York City Services 112.26 12.70 11.64 42.6 42.7 42.2 2.87 2.87 2.55 2.76 New York City Services 112.26 12.70 11.64 42.6 42.7 42.7 2.87 2.87 2.87 2.87 2.87 2.87 2.87 2										
Binghance 109,36 108,00 101,86 41,9 41,7 41,4 2,61 2,59 2,46 Buffalo 132,71 131,35 126,42 42,4 42,4 42,1 42,0 31,33 12,30 2,26 2,270 2,50 2,50 2,50 2,70 2,60 8 8 40,0 40,3 40,3 2,0 2,70 2,70 2,70 2,70 2,70 2,61 8 8 13,2 2,90 2,96 2,93 3,94 3,94 3,93 3,27 2,00 2,61 2,61 2,82 2,68 2,42 2,61 2,82 2,46 8 2,16 2,82 2,46 8 2,16 3,83 3,93 2,70 <		107.73	108.00	103.74	39.9	40.0	39.9	2.70	2.70	2,60
Buffalo										
Elmira 110,43 109,89 104,38 40,9 40,7 40,3 2,70 2,70 2,50 New York-Northeastern New Jersey 106,38 106,92 102,73 39,4 40,0 2,70 2,70 2,69 New York-Northeastern New Jersey 106,38 106,92 102,73 39,4 39,6 39,3 2,70 2,70 2,69 New York-Northeastern New Jersey 106,38 106,92 102,73 39,4 39,6 39,3 32,70 2,70 2,69 New York City 5 38,36 99,79 96,52 37,4 37,8 38,0 2,63 2,64 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 116,65 115,64 110,47 42,6 42,7 42,2 2,87 2,85 2,65 2,54 2,54 2,54 116,65 115,64 110,47 42,6 42,7 42,2 2,87 2,85 2,65 2,64 2,54 2,54 116,65 115,64 110,16 41,2 4,1 41,1 2,81 2,80 2,69 3,1 41,1 41,1 2,81 2,80 2,69 3,1 41,1 41,1 41,1 41,1 41,1 41,1 41,1										
Nasau and Suffolk Countries										
New York-Northeastern New Jersey 106,38 106,92 102,73 39,4 39,6 39,3 2,70 2,61 2,51 New York City 5 38,36 99,79 96,52 37,4 37,8 38,0 2,63 2,64 2,54 2	Nassau and Suffolk Counties 5	110.16	109.35	107.60	40.8					
New York City 5										
Rochester 122,26 121,70 116,47 42,6 42,7 42,2 2,287 2,85 2,75 Syrscuse 116,62 115,56 110,56 41,5 41,1 2,81 2,80 2,69 Utica-Rome 103,82 103,73 100,12 41,2 41,0 41,2 22,52 2,53 2,69 NORTH CAROLINA 78,54 76,91 74,23 42,0 41,8 41,7 1,87 1,84 1,78 Charlone 82,26 83,07 81,03 42,4 42,6 43,1 1,94 1,95 1,88 Greensboro-High Point 78,88 77,33 75,21 41,3 40,7 41,6 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,54 2,53 2,57 2,23 ONTH DAKOTA 107,88 109,55 108,86 105,25 41,7										
Syracuse										
NORTH CAROLINA 78.54 76.91 74.23 42.0 41.8 41.7 1.87 1.84 1.78 Chalone. 82.26 83.07 81.03 42.4 42.6 43.1 1.94 1.95 1.88 Greensboro-High Point. 78.88 77.33 75.21 41.3 40.7 41.1 1.91 1.90 1.83 1.88 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83							41.1			
NORTH CAROLINA 78.54 76.91 74.23 42.0 41.8 41.7 1.87 1.84 1.78 Chalone. 82.26 83.07 81.03 42.4 42.6 43.1 1.94 1.95 1.88 Greensboro-High Point. 78.88 77.33 75.21 41.3 40.7 41.1 1.91 1.90 1.83 1.88 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83 1.83	Westebasse Covers 5									
Charlotre. 82.26 83.07 81.03 42.4 42.6 43.1 1.94 1.95 1.88			1]	1	40.4	41.0	2.72	2,69	2.64
Transport										
NORTH DAKOTA										
Fargo-Morchead	_									1103
Farge-Moorhead 109.55 108.86 105.25 41.7 42.4 41.8 2.63 2.57 2.52	NORTH DAKOTA	107.88	109.51	95.62	42.5	43.2	41.6	2,54	2.54	2.30
Akron 142,80 144,53 137,09 42,6 42,9 42,3 3,35 3,37 3,24 Canton 123,44 124,48 119,02 40,2 40,9 40,3 3,07 3,04 2,95 Cincinnati 122,57 120,85 115,81 42,8 42,5 42,2 2,28 2,84 2,74 Clereland 133,44 132,17 124,93 43,0 42,7 41,8 3,10 3,10 2,99 Columbus 120,06 118,01 114,55 40,7 40,4 40,9 2,95 2,92 2,80 Dayron 144,43 145,80 132,35 43,4 43,9 42,4 3,33 3,32 3,12 Toledo 137,17 138,71 128,78 128,15 131,62 39,4 39,0 41,2 3,27 3,29 3,19 OKLAHOM 103,70 102,79 100,73 42,5 42,3 42,5 2,44 2,43 2,37 Tuisa 114,33 114,17 110,24 42,5 42,6 42,2 <t< th=""><th>Fargo-Moorhead</th><th>109.55</th><th>108.86</th><th>105.25</th><th>41.7</th><th>42.4</th><th>41.8</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Fargo-Moorhead	109.55	108.86	105.25	41.7	42.4	41.8			
Canton 123,44 124,48 119,02 40.2 40.9 40.3 3,07 3,04 2,95 Cincinnati 122,57 120,85 115,81 42.8 42.5 40.2 40.2 2.86 2.84 2,74 Cleveland 133,44 132,17 124,93 43.0 42.7 41.8 3.10 3.10 2.99 Columbus 120,06 118.01 114,55 40.7 40,4 40.9 2.95 2.92 2.80 Dayron 144,43 145.80 132,35 43.4 43.9 42.4 3.33 3.32 3.12 Toledo 137,17 138.71 128.50 43.2 42.8 41.8 3.18 3.24 3.07 Youngstown-Warren 128.78 128.15 131.62 39.4 39.0 41.2 3.27 3.29 3.19 OKL AHOMA 103,70 102,79 100,73 42.5 42.4 42.5 2.44 2.43 2.37 Ok				122.18	42.2	42.2		3.06	3.04	2.93
Cincinati 122,57 120,85 115,81 42,8 42,5 42,2 2,86 2,84 2,74 Cleveland 133,44 132,17 124,93 43.0 42,7 41,88 3.10 3,10 2,99 Columbus 120,06 118,01 114,55 40,7 40,4 40,9 2,95 2,92 2,80 Dayron 144,43 145,80 132,35 43,4 43,9 42,4 3,33 3,32 3,12 Toledo 137,17 128,50 43,2 42,8 41,8 3,18 3,24 3,07 Youngstown-Warren 128,78 128,15 131,62 39,4 39,0 41,2 3,27 3,29 3,19 OKLAHOMA 103,70 102,79 100,73 42,5 42,3 42,5 2,44 2,43 2,37 Oklaboma City 98,64 98,44 96,50 42,7 42,8 42,7 231 2,30 2,26 Tulsa 117,81 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>										
Cleveland										
Dayron	Cleveland									
Toledo 137.17 138.71 128.50 43.2 42.8 41.8 3.18 3.24 3.07 Youngstown-Warren 128.78 128.15 131.62 39.4 39.0 41.2 3.27 3.29 3.19 OKLAHOMA 103.70 102.79 100.73 42.5 42.3 42.5 2.44 2.43 2.37 Oklahoma City 98.64 98.44 96.50 42.7 42.8 42.7 2.31 2.30 2.26 2.60 OREGON 117.81 117.31 107.91 39.4 39.9 37.6 2.99 2.94 2.87 Portland 118.40 118.59 108.95 39.6 40.2 37.7 2.99 2.95 2.39 PENNSYLVANIA 107.30 106.63 103.57 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.63 2.62 2.57 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton 104.80 104.41 98.30 39.4 39.4 38.7 2.66 2.65 2.54 Altoona 90.13 89.24 86.66 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.14 Erie 114.78 113.94 113.05 42.2 42.2 42.5 42.5 2.72 2.70 2.66 Harrisburg 94.83 94.24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 10.0 hastown 105.36 106.41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Pittsburgh 105.36 106.41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Pittsburgh 114.95 114.11 106.93 41.2 40.9 39.9 2.79 2.79 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 31.3 31.1 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.32 2.72 2.70 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 31.3 31.1 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.31 Philadelphia 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 31.3 31.1 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00 Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton 75.28 74.37 70.76 36.9 36.1 36.1 2.04 2.06 1.96 York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 40.5 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.21 2.12								2.95	2.92	
Youngstown-Warren 128.78 128.15 131.62 39.4 39.0 41.2 3.27 3.29 3.19 OKLAHOMA 103.70 102.79 100.73 42.5 42.3 42.5 2.44 2.43 2.37 Oklahoma City 98.64 98.44 96.50 42.7 42.8 42.7 2.31 2.30 2.26 Tulsa 114.33 114.17 110.24 42.5 42.6 42.4 2.69 2.68 2.60 OREGON 117.81 117.91 39.4 39.9 37.6 2.99 2.94 2.87 Portland 118.40 118.59 108.95 39.6 40.2 37.7 2.99 2.95 2.39 PENNSYLVANIA 107.30 106.63 103.57 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.63 2.62 2.57 Allentown-Berthlehem-Easton 104.80 104.41 38.30 39.4 39.4 38.7 2.66 2.65 2.54 Altoona 9										
Oklahoma City 98.64 98.44 96.50 42.7 42.8 42.7 2.31 2.30 2.26 Tulsa 114.33 114.17 110.24 42.5 42.6 42.4 2.69 2.68 2.60 OREGON 117.81 117.31 107.91 39.4 39.9 37.6 2.99 2.94 2.87 Portland 118.40 118.59 108.95 39.6 40.2 37.7 2.99 2.95 2.39 PENNSYLVANIA 107.30 106.63 103.57 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.63 2.62 2.57 Allenoma Bethlehem-Easton 104.80 104.41 98.30 39.4 39.4 38.7 2.66 2.65 2.54 Altona 90.13 89.24 86.46 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.14 Barrisburg 94.83 94.24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4										
Oklahoma City 98,64 98,44 96,50 42,7 42,8 42,7 2.31 2.30 2.26 Tulsa. 114,33 114,17 110,24 42.5 42.6 42.4 2.69 2.68 2.60 OREGON 117,81 117,31 107,91 39.4 39.9 37.6 2.99 2.94 2.87 Portland 104,40 118,59 108,95 39.6 40.2 37.7 2.99 2.95 2.89 PENNSYLVANIA 107,30 106,63 103,57 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.63 2.62 2.57 Alleonae 90,13 89.24 86.46 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.14 Erie 114,78 113.94 113.05 42.2 42.2 42.5 2.72 2.70 2.66 Harrisburg 94,83 94,24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 Johnstrown 105,36 106,41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 <		103.70	102.79	100.73	42.5	42.3	42.5	2.44	2.43	2.37
OREGON 117.81 117.31 107.91 39.4 39.9 37.6 2.99 2.94 2.87 Portland 118.40 118.59 108.95 39.6 40.2 37.7 2.99 2.95 2.89 PENNSYLVANIA 107.30 106.63 103.57 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.63 2.62 2.57 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton 104.80 104.41 98.30 39.4 39.4 38.7 2.66 2.65 2.54 Altoona 90.13 89.24 86.46 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.14 Erie 114.78 113.94 113.05 42.2 42.2 42.5 2.72 2.70 2.66 Harrisburg 94.83 94.24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 105.36 106.41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Lancaster 101.52 100.44 96.10 42.3 42.2 41.6 2.40 2.38 2.31 Phitadelphia 114.95 114.11 106.93 41.2 40.9 39.9 2.79 2.79 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 31.3 3.11 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00 Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton 75.28 74.37 70.76 36.9 36.1 36.1 2.04 2.06 1.96 York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.21 2.12 Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.21 2.12								2.31	2.30	2.26
Portland				ĺ	1	42.6	42.4	2.69	2.68	2.60
PENNSYLVANIA	_				1					
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton 104,80 104,41 98,30 39,4 39,4 38.7 2.66 2.65 2.54 Altoona 90.13 89,24 86.46 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.14 2.14 114.78 113,94 113.05 42.2 42.2 42.5 2.72 2.70 2.66 Harrisburg 94,83 94,24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 Johnstown 105,36 106,41 104,35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Lancaster 101.52 100,44 96.10 42.3 42.2 41.6 2.40 2.38 2.31 Philadelphia 114,95 114,11 106,93 41.2 40.9 39.9 2.79 2.79 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 3.13 3.11 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 175.28 74.37 70.76 36.9 36.1 36.1 2.04 2.06 1.96 York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 42.3 2.19 2.18 2.07 RHODE ISLAND 90.35 89.51 85.81 40.7 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.21 2.12 RProvidence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.12	i			108.95	39.6	40.2	37.7	2.99	2.95	2.89
Altoona 90.13 89.24 86.46 40.6 40.2 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.14 Erie 114.78 113.94 113.05 42.2 42.2 42.5 2.72 2.70 2.66 Harrisburg 94.83 94.24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 Johnstown 105.36 106.41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Lancaster 101.52 100.44 96.10 42.3 42.2 41.6 2.40 2.38 2.31 Philadelphia 114.95 114.11 106.93 41.2 40.9 39.9 2.79 2.79 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 3.13 3.11 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00 42.86 42.86 42.5 42.8 32.99 42.8 Scranton 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 42.3 2.19 2.18 2.07 RHODE ISLAND 90.35 89.51 85.81 40.7 40.5 40.1 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.12	PENNSYLVANIA									2.57
Erie										
Harrisburg. 94.83 94.24 90.50 40.7 40.1 40.4 2.33 2.35 2.24 Johnstown. 105.36 106.41 104.35 37.1 37.6 37.4 2.84 2.83 2.79 Lancaster 101.52 100.44 96.10 42.3 42.2 41.6 2.40 2.38 2.31 Philadelphia 114.95 114.11 106.93 41.2 40.9 39.9 2.79 2.79 2.68 Pittsburgh 124.57 124.09 128.65 39.8 39.9 41.5 3.13 3.11 3.10 Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00 Wilkes-Barre—Hazleton 75.28 74.37 70.76 36.9 36.1 36.1 2.04 2.06 1.96 York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 42.3 2.19 2.18 2.07 RHODE ISLAND 90.35 89.51 85.81 40.7 40.5 40.1 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.12										
Johnstown	Harrisburg	94.83	94.24	90.50						
Philadelphia							37.4	2.84	2.83	2.79
Pittsburgh										
Reading 99.12 97.10 92.34 41.3 40.8 40.5 2.40 2.38 2.28 Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00 Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton 75.28 74.37 70.76 36.9 36.1 36.1 2.04 2.06 1.96 York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 42.3 2.19 2.18 2.07 RHODE ISLAND 90.35 89.51 85.81 40.7 40.5 40.1 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucker-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.12										
Scranton 81.62 80.81 74.40 38.5 38.3 37.2 2.12 2.11 2.00	Reading	99.12	97.10	92.34	41.3					
York 93.29 92.65 87.56 42.6 42.5 42.3 2.19 2.18 2.07 RHODE ISLAND 90.35 89.51 85.81 40.7 40.5 40.1 2.22 2.21 2.14 Providence-Pawtucker-Warwick 89.91 90.13 85.65 40.5 40.6 40.4 2.22 2.22 2.12								2.12	2.11	2.00
RHODE ISLAND										
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick										

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.
	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964	1965	1965	1964
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$81.02	\$80.41	\$76.73	42.2	42.1	41.7	\$1.92	\$1.91	\$1.84
Charleston	88.19	89.04	84.87	41.6	42.0	41.2	2.12	2.12	2.06
Greenville	80.65	80.70	75.60	42.9	42.7	42.0	1.88	1.89	1.80
	00.05	00.74	'5.00				1.00		2.50
SOUTH DAKOTA	106.36	104.05	113.92	44.5	43.9	48.0	2.39	2.37	2.37
Sioux Falls	125.09	123.63	137.96	47.1	46.7	53.6	2.66	2.65	2.57
TENNESSEE	87.77	87.56	84.05	41.4	41.5	41.0	2,12	2.11	2.05
Chattanooga	94.58	93.52	90.03	41.3	41.2	41.3	2.29	2.27	2.18
Knoxville	97.03	97.92	94.47	40.6	40.8	49.2	2.39	2.40	2.35
Memphis	96.14	98.33	96.14	41.8	42.2	41.8	2.30	2.33	2.30
Nashville	96.87	95.40	90.45	42.3	41.3	41.3	2.29	2.31	2.19
TEXAS	105.42	1.04.83	101.26	42.0	42.1	41.5	2.51	2.49	2.44
Austin	73.99	72.80	75.62	41.8	40.9	39.8	1.77	1.78	1.90
Beaumont-Port Arthur	136.53	138.69	132.52	41.0	41.4	40.9	3.33	3.35	3.24
Corpus Christi	123.54	118.40	119.99	42.6	41.4	42.1	2.90	2.86	2.85
Dallas	97.16	97.67	90.64	41.7	42.1	41.2	2.33	2.32	2.20
El Paso	76.03	75.44	72.90	38.4	38.1	40.5	1.98	1.98	1.30
Fort Worth	116.14	112.67	106.50	42.7	42.2	41.6	2.72	2.67	2.56
Houston	124.82	124.41	119.99	42.6	42.9	42.7	2.93	2.90	2.81
San Antonio	78.85	78.69	76.91	41.5	41,2	41.8	1.90	1.91	1.84
IIT 411	113.93	114.28	112,72	40.4	40,1	40.4	2,82	2.85	2,79
UTAH Salt Lake City	113.93	112.75	108.94	41.5	41.0	40.4	2.74	2.03	2.79
Salt Lake City	113.71	112.75	100.94	41.5	41.0	40.0	2.74	2.75	2.07
VERMONT	91.76	93.51	86,32	41.9	42.7	41.5	2.19	2.19	2.08
Burlington	104.63	102.05	95.04	45.1	43.8	41.5	2.32	2.33	2.29
Springfield	105.92	108.43	97.86	42.2	43.2	42.0	2.51	2.51	2.33
VIRGINIA	88.40	87.57	86.32	41.7	41.7	41.7	2.12	2.10	2.07
Norfolk-Portsmouth	94.33	98.34	86.09	42.3	4/1.1	40.8	2.23	2.23	2.11
Richmond	97.58	94.30	93.84	41.0	40.3	40.8	2.38	2.34	2.30
Roanoke	89.15	89.32	87.80	43.7	44.0	43.9	2.04	2.03	2.00
WASHINGTON	125.14	120.74	113.85	39.6	39.2	37.7	3.16	3.08	3.02
Seattle-Everett	129.68	1.20.82	118.27	39.9	38.6	38.4	3.25	3.13	3.08
Spokane	123.72	123.64	120.29	39.4	39.5	39.7	3.14	3.13	3.03
Tacoma	120.98	121.52	116.05	38.9	39.2	38.3	3,11	3.10	3.03
WEST VIRGINIA	110.29	109.75	108.68	40.4	40.2	40.4	2.73	2.73	2.69
Charleston	134.72	137.10	127.51	41.2	41.8	41.0	3.27	3.28	3.11
Huntington-Ashland	115.74	113.68	117.09	39.1	38.8	40.1	2.96	2.93	2.92
Wheeling	110.76	111.60	108.94	39.7	40.0	40.2	2.79	2.79	2.71
WISCONSIN	117.90	116.42	115.56	42.2	42.0	42.4	2.79	2.77	2.73
Green Bay	116.65	116.17	114.92	44.3	44.2	44.0	2.63	2.63	2.61
Kenosha	122.80	136.69	150.78	38.9	42.0	45.6	3.15	3.25	3.31
La Crosse	106.76	105.31	103.94	39.1	38.7	39.7	2.73	2.72	2.62
Madison	126.49	121.36	124.36	42.1	40.8	42.5	3.00	2.97	2.93
Milwaukee	128.28	127.68	124.68	41.7	41.5	41.8	3.08	3.08	2.99
Racine	121.57	121.91	119.55	41.0	41.1	41.4	2.96	2.97	2.88
WYOMING	107.73	102.39	107.64	37.8	36.7	37.9	2.85	2.79	2.34
Casper	128.97	124.12	127.76	37.6	37.5	39.8	3.43	3.31	3.21
•			[l	1				
	<u> </u>	·							

¹Not available.

Not available.

Initial inclusion in this publication.

Data for 1965 not comparable with earlier years because of change in area definition.

Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.

Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing
1956 to date

(Per 100 employees)

					(P	er 100 emplo	yees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An nual average
						Total acces	sions						
1956	3.8 3.7 2.9 3.8 4.0 3.7 4.1 3.6 3.6	3.6 3.3 2.6 3.7 3.5 3.6 3.3 3.5	3.6 3.3 2.8 4.1 3.3 4.0 3.8 3.5 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.4 3.1 4.1 3.4 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8	4.1 3.6 3.6 4.2 3.9 4.3 3.9 4.1	5.1 4.7 5.4 5.4 5.0 5.6 5.6	4.22 4.43 4.44 3.44 4.46 4.46 4.55	4.9 4.1 4.9 5.2 4.9 5.3 5.1 4.8 5.4	5.1 5.0 5.1 4.7 4.8 4.7 4.8 5.5	5.1 3.5 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.9 3.9 4.5	3.6 2.6 3.2 3.4 2.9 3.4 3.0 2.9 3.2	2.7 2.0 2.7 3.6 2.3 2.6 2.4 2.5	4.2 3.6 3.6 4.2 3.8 4.1 4.1 3.9 4.0
						New hire	s						
1956	2.5 2.3 1.2 2.0 2.2 1.5 2.2 1.9 2.0 2.4	2.4 2.0 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.4 2.1 1.8 2.0 2.4	2.2 2.0 1.1 2.4 2.0 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.2 2.8	2.5 2.1 1.3 2.5 2.0 1.8 2.4 2.4 2.6	2.8 2.3 1.5 2.7 2.3 2.1 2.8 2.5 2.5 3.0	3.6 3.2 3.7 3.7 3.9 3.3 3.6 3.3	98 1 04 5 9 7 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	3.4 7.4 7.9 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	3.4.5.6.5.8.0.1.2.5.0 3.2.2.3.2.3.3.3.3.4	3.2 2.1 2.6 2.7 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.5 2.6 3.5	2.3 1.3 1.7 1.9 1.5 2.0 1.8 2.2 2.9	1.8 .8 1.3 1.5 1.0 1.4 1.2 1.4	2.8 2.2 1.7 2.6 2.2 2.2 2.5 2.4 2.6
						Total separ	ations						
1956	4.1 3.8 5.4 3.7 3.6 4.7 3.9 4.0 4.0 3.7	4.1 3.4 4.1 3.5 3.9 3.4 3.2 3.3	3.9 3.7 4.5 3.3 4.0 3.6 3.5 3.4	3.4.6.6.5.7 3.4.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	4.3 3.9 3.9 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.6 3.6	4.2 3.7 3.6 4.0 3.8 4.5 3.6	3.8 3.7 3.7 4.0 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.3	4.6 4.7 4.1 4.6 4.8 4.2 5.1 4.3 5.1	5.5 5.5 5.3 5.3 5.0 4.9 5.7	4.4 5.0 4.1 5.5 4.7 4.2 4.4 4.1 4.2	4.9 3.6 4.7 4.5 4.0 4.0 3.6 3.8	3.4 4.6 3.5 3.9 4.8 4.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9
						Quits						.	
1956	1.6 1.5 .9 1.1 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2	1.6 1.4 .8 1.0 1.2 .8 1.1 1.0	1.7 1.5 .8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.8 1.6 .8 1.4 1.0 1.3 1.3	1.8 1.6 .9 1.5 1.3 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.4	2.0 1.6 1.0 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.7	1.9 1.7 1.1 1.6 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.8	2.7 2.3 1.5 2.1 1.8 1.7 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.6	3279633344 2.9633344 2.75	2.1 1.6 1.3 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.7 2.2	1.6 1.1 1.0 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.7	1.2 .8 .8 1.0 .7 .9 .8 .8	1.9 1.6 1.1 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.4
						Layoffs							
1956	1.9 1.7 4.0 2.1 1.8 3.2 2.1 2.2 2.0 1.6	2.0 1.5 2.9 1.5 1.7 2.6 1.7 1.6 1.6	1.7 1.5 3.3 1.6 2.2 2.3 1.6 1.7	1.6 1.7 3.2 1.6 2.2 1.9 1.6 1.4 1.3	1.9 1.8 2.6 1.4 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.5	1.6 1.4 2.0 1.4 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.3	1.5 1.6 2.3 1.8 2.4 2.3 2.0 2.1 1.8	1.4 1.9 2.1 1.8 2.4 1.8 2.2 1.9 1.4	1.8 2.1 2.0 2.4 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.5	1.7 3.0 2.3 3.2 2.8 2.0 2.2 1.9 1.8	1.9 3.4 2.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 1.7	1.8 3.4 2.4 2.4 3.6 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.1	1.7 2.1 2.6 2.0 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.7

Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and rotal separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.

Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 er										
		Tot	Accessio	n rates New l	ires	Tot	al	Separatio Qui		Lay	offs
SIC Code	Industry	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.
		1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
					İ	1					
								[
	MANUFACTURING	3.9	4.5	2.9	3.5	3.8	4.4	1.7	2.2	1.4	1.4
										i	
					l						,
						1]			1
19,24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	3.8	4.2	2.9	3.4	3.4	4.1	1.5	2.0	1.1	1.2
20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	4.0	4.8	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.9	1.9	2.5	1.8	1.7
				,	J	"	,				'
					İ	l		1			
	Durable Goods	l			l	!	1	ĺ			l
				Ì	1	1		}			
					İ			1			
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES		3.5	1.2	2.1	1.9	2.4	.8	1.2	.6	.6
192	Ammunition, except for small arms.		3.2	.9	1.8	1.8	2.3	.8	1.2	.6	-5
194 191,3,5,6,9	Sighting and fire control equipment	3.0 3.1	2.4 4.6	2.5	1.4	1.9	1.8 2.8	1.0	1.0	.3	1.1
1,21,31,5,01,5	Outer ordinance and accessories	J	4.0	2.7	3.5	2.2	2.0	1.0	1.2	••	1
24		١, ,		١,.		l	١,.				_
24 242	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE		5.4 4.9	4.0 3.6	4.8	5.9 4.8	6.1	3.0 2.6	3.9 3.8	2.1	1.2
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general	3.8	4.6	3.3	4.2	4.7	5.6 5.3	2.5	3.6	1.5	9 .9
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products	4.0	4.7	3.6	4.3	4.2	5.7	2.7	3.4	.8	1.3
2431	Millwork		3.7	2.6	3.4	3.3	5.4	2.0	2.9	.8	1.5
2432 244	Veneer and plywood	1	5.4	4.4	5.0	4.1	5.8	3.1	3.9	.1	.9
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates		6.2 5.7	4.9 5.5	4.8	7.2	6.3	2.9	3.3	3.1	2.0
249	Miscellaneous wood products	4.2	5.7	5.5 3.6	4.6	7.2 4.8	6.7 5.4	3.1 2.4	3.3 3.3	2.9	2.3
		ł	l	1		1	Ì				ł
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	5.1	6.2	4.4	5.4	4.4	5.6	2.8	3.6	.6	ه. ا
251	Household furniture	5.4	6.5	4.7	5.8	4.3	5.5	3.0	3.8	.4	:8
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered		6.0	4.8	5.6	4.3	5.3	3.1	3.8	•,3	.4
2512 2515	Wood house furniture, upholstered		6.3	4.3 4.3	5.8 4.4	4.0	4.7 5.3	2.7 3.2	3.3 3.0	.4	1.0
252	Office furniture	5.3	4.1	4.3	3.6	4.9	3.5	2.9	2.4	.4	.3
					-						
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	2.7	3.4	2.0	2.8	3.8	4.1	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.4
321	Flat glass	1.6	2.0	.1	.9	2.8	1.8	.2	.4	2,5	1.1
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		3.1	1.4	2.3	3.1	4.1	.8	1.6	1.4	1.4
3221 3229	Glass containers. Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c	2.2	3.0	1.3	2.2	2.5	5.0 3.0	.9 .8	2.0	2.3	1.9
324	Cement, hydraulic	.7	1.4	5	.8	3.2	1.5	.5	5	2.4	.7
325	Structural clay products	3.2	3.5	2.7	3.2	4.4	4.2	2.3	2.6	1.5	.9
3251 326	Brick and structural clay tile		3.9	3.5	3.7	4.4	4.4 4.1	2.9	3.1	8.8	1.5
3291	Abrasive products		2.1	3.0 1.8	3.5	1.2	1.9	1.5	1.9	2.2	1.2
			1							1	
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	2.7	2.5	1.5	1.6	3.3	4.8		1.2	1.8	2.6
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products		1.5	1.3	1.5	4.3	6.2	.9	.8	3.2	4.5
3312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	2.4	1.3	.2	-3	4.5	6.6	.4	.7	3.6	4.8
332	Iron and steel foundries		4.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	4.1	1.8	2.1	.5	1.0
3321 3322	Malleable iron foundries	3.4 4.5	3.9	2.8 4.2	3.0	3.0 3.9	4.3 4.2	1.9	2.3	.1	1.1
3323	Steel foundries		3.9	2.9	3.4	2.9	3.6	1.2	1.6	.8	8.
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.5	1.6	3.2	.7	.9	-3	.4
335	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding		2.9	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.5	.8	1.0	.4	.9
3351 3352	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding		2.2	1.8	1.1	2.5	1.7 2.1	.6	8.	1.1	.4
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing, and insulating	(1)	4.7	(i)	2.9	(1)	3.8	(i)	.9 1.4	(1)	1.8
336	Nonferrous foundries	4.7	5.5	4.3	4.7	3.3	4.8	2.0	2.7	.4	.8
3361	Aluminum castings		6.5	4.0	5.3	3.3	5.2	2.2	2.9	-3	.7
3362,9 339	Other nonferrous castings		4.6	4.7	4.1	3.3 1.9	4.3 2.4	1.0	2.5 1.3	.5	:2
3391	Iton and steel forgings		2.5	2.7	2.2	1.9	2.1	1.1	1.0	.2	.4
	1		Ι ΄	l í	1	1	J	l	l	I	ł

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			Accession	n rates				Separation			
SIC	Industry	Tot		New l		Tot		Qui		Layo	
Code	moustry	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1965	0e 19
	Durable GoodsContinued										
4	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	4.2	4.9	3.5	4.0	3.7	4.8	1.9	2.3	0.9	1
41	Metal cans	5.3	4.2		1.3	4.8	8.5	.7	1.0	3.2	6
42	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	4.4	5.2	1.5 3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	1.9	2.0	.9	ľ
421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws	3.2	4.0	2.9	3.6	2.5	3.2	1.4	2.0	.4	l
429	Hardware, n.e.c.	5.1	6.0	4.3	3.9	4.7	4.3	2.2	2.0	1.3	1
43	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	3.4	4.0	2.8	3.2	3.3	4.3	1.6	2.2	.9	1
431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods	3.0	3.4	2.6	2.4	3.1	3.8	1.6	2.0	.8	1
433	Heating equipment, except electric	3.8	4.5	3.1	3.9	3.4	4.7	1.6	2.4	1.0	1
44	Fabricated structural metal products	3.7	4.8	3.2	4.2	3.8	5.2	1.7	2.5	1.1] 1
441	Fabricated structural steel	4.2	4.6	3.2	3.9	4.4	5.6	1.7	2.2	1.8	1
443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3.2	3.7	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	1.4	1.9	1.0	1
446,9	Architectural and miscellaneous metal work	3.4	4.6	3.1	4.3	3.5	5.7	1.7	2.9	-9	1
15	Screw machine products, bolts, erc.	3.9	4.3	3.4	3.9	2.9	3.7	1.9	2.5	.4	l
452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.9	2.1	2.9	1.2	1.8	• <u>3</u>	١.
46	Metal stampings	4.2	5.3	3.5	3.8	3.4	4.1	1.9	1.8	.7	נ
48	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	3.5	5.2	3.2	4.9	3.0	4.2 3.4	1.9	3.0	1 .4	İ
49	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	3.4	3.9	2.9	3.3	2.7	3.1	1.7	1.9	.3	
494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	3.4	3.4	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.1	1.0	1.9	ے، ا	
5	MACHINERY	3.5	3.3	2.8	2.7	2.4	3.0	1.3	1.5	.4	
51	Engines and turbines	3.4	4.2	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.9	.9	1.4	•3	
511	Steam engines and turbines	2.1	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	2.3	.4	1.1	.1	
519	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c.	4.1	5.3	3.0	3.1	2.5	3.3	1.2	1.5	.5	Ι.
52	Farm machinery and equipment	5.3	4.2	2.9	3.3	3.6	4.4	1.5	1.6	1.4]]
53	Construction and related machinery	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.9	1.3	1.3	.4	l
31,2	Construction and mining machinery	2.7	2.9	2.2	2.6	2.1	3.0 2.3	1.2	1.5	.2	i
i33 i35,6	Oil field machinery, and equipment	2.8			2.3	2.6	3.2	1.5	1.6	.5	
55,6 54	Metalworking machinery and equipment	3.4	3.1	3.3	2.6	2.0	2.9	1.2	1.5	.2	ļ
541	Machine tools, metal cutting types.	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.4	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.3	.2	ļ
545	Machine tool accessories.	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.8	2.2	1.2	1.4	.1	}
542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	3.4	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.8	3.1	1.2	1.2	.1	1 :
55	Special industry machinery	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.5	1.9	2.5	1.1	1.5	.3	'
551	Food products machinery	2.4	2.7	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.8	1.2	1.5	.6	
552	Textile machinery	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.1	2.8	1.3	1.8	.2	ĺ
56	General industrial machinery	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.7	1.2	1.4	•3	}
561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.5	1.2	1.7	•3	}
562	Ball and roller bearings	3.2	2.9	2.8	1.8	2.0	2.4	1.1	.9	.5	1
566	Mechanical power transmission goods	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.5	2.0	2.9	1.1	1.2	.2	1
57	Office, computing, and accounting machines	3.5	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.0	2.6	1.1	1.4	.1	ł
571	Computing machines and cash registers	3.6	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.0	2.5	1.0	1.2	.1	
58 585	Service industry machines	4.1	3.7	3.0	2.6	3.4 3.8	4.0 4.0	1.7	1.7	.9 1.2	
,0,		7.7] ,,,	"	3.0	7,0				'
5	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	3.9	4.6	3.0	3.7	2.6	3.2	1.4	1.8	-5	ĺ
51 511	Electric distribution equipment	2.6	3.4	2.2	2.8	2.0	2.4 2.5	1.0	1.6	.3	i
612	Power and distribution transformers	3.3	4.3	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.4	1.1	1.4	.2	1
513	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3.1	3.1	1.5	2.4	1.8	2.4	8.	1.3	.4	ł
52	Electrical industrial apparatus	3.5	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.9	1.4	1.6	.3	1
21	Motors and generators	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.4	2.5	3.2	1.4	1.6	.3 .4	
22	Industrial controls	3.0	3.7	2.3	3.3	2.0	2.4	1.0	1.6	.3	ł
53	Household appliances	3.3	4.9	2.3	4.0	2.8	3.4	1.2	1.9	.5	1
32	Household refrigerators and freezers	3.4	4.3	1.9	3.2	3.5	3.1	1.1	1.5	.3 .5 .6]
33	Household laundry equipment	3.1	4.7	2.1	4.0	1.3	2.2		1.4	1.1	1
34	Electric housewares and fans	3.5	6.8	2.6	5.7	3.7	5.2	2.0	3.1	.7 .8	1
i4	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	4.3	4.3	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.4		2.0		
41	Electric lamps	2.7		2.4	2.4	1.4	1.6		.8	.2	
42	Lighting fixtures	5.1	4.6	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.2	1.9	2.1	1.5	l
543,4 **	Wiring devices	4.4	4.7	3.8	3.9	3.0	3.6		2.4	.6	1
55 56	Radio and TV receiving sets	3.8	7.5	3.0	6.0	3.4	4.8		2.9	.7	1
561	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3.4 (1)	3.5	2.7 (i)	2.7	1:9 (i)	2.3 1.6	1:2 (i)	1.3	(i)	1
562	Radio and TV communication equipment	3.7	3.8	2.9	2.7	2.2	2.6		1.5	1.4	ļ .
67	Electronic components and accessories	5.5	6.2	4.2	5.1	3.4	3.9		2.4	.6	}
571-3	Electron tubes	3.8	3.9	2.9	2.7	2.0	2.8		1.7	.2	1
67 4,9	Electronic components; n.e.c.	5.9	6.9	4.6	5.8	3.7	4.2		2.6	.7	l
69	Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies.	4.4	4.4	3.5	3.8	3.1	3.7		1.6	.6	
											Ì
369 4	Electrical equipment for engines	4.7		3.5	2.9	2.9	3.3		1.3		

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

	(Per 100 em	ployees)						2			
		Tot	Accessio	n rates New l		To	al .	Separatio Qui		Lavo	
SIC Code	Industry	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	Oct.
		1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
	Durable GoodsContinued										
37 371 3711 3712 3713 3714 372 3721 3722 3723,9 373 3731 374 375,9	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles Passenger car bodies Truck and bus bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts Aircraft Aircraft and equipment Other aircraft parts and equipment Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Railroad equipment Other transportation equipment	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 3.8 3.7 3.0 5.3 10.0	4.4.350007784.98008 3.778.4.995.6	3.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) 3.3 3.3 2.4 4.2 3.5 1.7 4.5	3.5 3.1 3.3 4.8 2.7 3.1 2.1 4.6 6.1 5.0 6.0	3.7 (1) (1) (1) (1) 2.1 1.7 2.0 3.4 11.1 12.3 4.8 7.8	4.0 3.4 4.5 5.4 2.3 2.0 2.4 3.27 11.0 8.4	1.2 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 1.1 .9 .9 1.9 1.9	1.5 1.4 .7 2.2 1.1 1.4 1.9 2.4 1.4 4.2	1.5 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) .5 .4 .5 .6 8.2 9.9 3.1 3.2	1.4 1.1 .8 2.5 1.1 .4 .3 .5 5.5 7.5 7.5 1.3 2.5
38 381 382 3821 3822 383,5 384 386 387	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Engineering and scientific instruments Mechanical measuring and control devices Mechanical measuring devices Automatic temperature controls Optical and ophthalmic goods Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. Photographic equipment and supplies Watches and clocks	2.9 3.0 2.5 3.8 2.9 3.5	3.2 2.9 3.1 2.6 3.8 3.7 3.3 2.6 5.3	2.4 2.2 2.3 2.5 2.6 3.2 1.9 2.1	2.8 2.56 2.4 2.9 3.0 2.52 4.2	2.2 2.2 2.2 2.0 2.6 2.5 2.6 1.3	3.1 1.9 2.8 2.4 3.5 3.2 3.1 4.9	1.3 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.5 1.5	2.0 1.3 1.6 1.5 1.7 2.0 1.8 3.1 2.8	.3 .4 .3 .3 .5 .5	.4 .2 .5 .3 .8 .3 .7 .2
39 391 394 3941-3 3949 395 396 393,8,9	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware. Toys, amusement, and sporting goods Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c Pens, pencils, office and art materials Costume, jewelry, buttons, and notions Other manufacturing industries	5.8 5.7 5.9	6.3 4.9 7.9 8.3 7.1 3.8 7.8 5.3	3.6 3.0 4.6 4.8 4.0 4.0 2.9	5.3 4.4 6.8 7.4 5.4 3.6 4.4	5.9 2.7 10.0 12.4 4.8 2.9 5.6 4.0	5.7 4.0 8.3 9.5 5.6 3.7 6.9 4.1	2.4 1.7 3.5 3.7 2.9 1.7 2.7	3.3 2.8 4.6 5.0 3.7 2.4 4.2 2.3	2.5 .5 5.1 7.0 1.0 .7 1.5	1.2 .5 1.9 2.5 .7 .5 1.4
	Nondurable Goods										
20 201 2011 2015 204 2041 2042 205 2051 2052 207 2071 208 2082	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS Meat products. Meat packing Poultry dressing and packing Grain mill products Flour and other grain mill products Prepared feeds for animals and fowls Bakery products Bread, cake, and perishable products Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels Confectionery and related products Candy and other confectionery products Beverages Malt liquors	5.6 4.6 9.0 8.6 2.8 5.5 4.5 5.5 2.9	6.1 4.7 3.38 3.1 3.0 4.6 8.3 4.6 4.5 6	3.5 3.46 1.69 2.96 2.96 2.5 3.2 3.50 2.4	4.8 3.9 1.7 10.4 2.9 2.6 2.9 2.8 3.5 7.3 3.0 1.2	75841334933946 5484253266643	7.94 5.2 10.9 3.7 3.6 5.7 7.0 8.5 5.5 5.2	2.2 2.4 1.0 6.7 1.3 1.0 1.6 1.9 1.9 2.9 3.3	3.2 3.1 1.2 8.7 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.3 2.3 4.4 2.3	3.9 2.4 3.6 2.1 1.0 2.8 1.0 2.7 2.7	3.96 3.59 1.3 1.3 1.9 2.7 1.92 2.4 4.0
21 211 212	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	.4	4.7 .9 4.1	1.2 .3 2.2	3.1 .7 3.0	10.7 1.4 3.2	8.1 .9 4.3	1.1 .3 2.2	1.6 .4 3.2	9.3 .9 .4	6.0 (2) .6

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 er	npioyees)	Accessio	0 5050				Separatio	0 19100		
SIC		Tot		New h	ires	Tot		Qui		Lay	offs
Code	industry	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct.	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
22 221 222 223 224 225 2251 2252 2254 226 227 228 229	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS Cotton broad woven fabrics Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics Weaving and finishing broad woolens. Narrow fabrics and smallwares. Knitting Women's full and knee length hosiery Miscellaneous bosiery and socks. Knit underwear Finishing textiles, except wool and knit Floor covering Yarn and thread Miscellaneous textile goods	3.0 3.7 3.2 3.1 3.2 3.4 4.7	6 34 2 36 7 18 54 38 4 4 4 4 4 3 4 3 3 5 6 4	3.8 3.15,59 2.976,479 2.479 3.36	3.8 3.56 3.6 3.8 3.6 3.0 3.6 3.7 4.0	8133058067087	4864170999940 4335443330454	2.3 2.3 2.3 1.9 2.2 2.3 2.0 1.7 2.5 2.1	2.9976006750803 3.66750803	0.8 .1 .2 1.7 .6 1.7 .2 1.3 .4 .8 .5	0.5 .1 .2 1.5 .4 1.0 .2 .7 .4 .3 .4 .4
23 231 232 2321 2327 2328 234 2341 2342	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS Men's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear Men's and boys' speparate trousers Work clothing Women's and children's undergaments. Women's and children's underwear Corsets and allied garments	4.9 4.1 4.6 4.9 3.7 3.8	5.7 3.3 5.1 4.4 5.5 5.6 5.4	3.2 1.8 3.3 3.1 3.3 3.9 2.9 2.8	4.0 2.6 4.0 3.7 3.5 4.6 4.1 4.1	5.0 2.7 4.4 5.5 4.0 3.9 4.1 3.5	5.4.9.7.0.0.8.0.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5.4.5	2.3 1.2 3.0 3.1 3.5 3.2 2.3 2.1	2.9 1.8 3.6 3.7 3.9 3.2 3.3	1.9 1.1 .9 .7 1.3 .4 1.0 1.1	1.9 1.9 .7 .5 .6 .6 .9
26 261,2,6 263 264 264 2643 265 2651,2 2653	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Paper and pulp Paperboard Converted paper and paperboard products Bags, except textile bags Paperboard containers and boxes Folding and setup paperboard boxes. Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2.8 1.6 1.4 3.7 4.6 3.6 4.5 3.2	3.4 1.8 1.9 4.3 5.2 5.0 5.9	2.3 1.3 1.0 3.0 3.3 3.2 4.0 2.9	3.0 1.5 1.6 3.8 4.1 4.4 5.2	2.7 1.4 1.5 3.6 4.8 3.6 4.0	3.70 2.00 4.86 4.50 5.4	1.4 .6 .8 1.8 2.0 2.3 2.1	1.9 .9 1.1 2.4 2.8 2.8 2.7	.6 .4 .3 1.1 1.7 .7	.6 .3 .2 .8 1.0 .7
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	3.0	3.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	3.2	1.5	1.8	.8	8.
28 281 282 2821 2821 2833,4 283 2834 2841 2844 285 286,9	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Industrial chemicals Plastics and synthetics, except glass. Plastics and synthetics, except fibers Synthetic fibers Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods. Soap and detergents Toilet preparations Paints, varnishes, and allied products. Other chemical products	1.8 1.1 1.5 1.7 1.3 2.1 2.3 2.8 2.2 3.6 1.7 2.9	2.1 1.2 1.6 1.8 1.5 2.2 2.6 3.6 5.0 1.9	1.4 .9 1.1 1.5 .8 1.8 2.0 1.9 3.0 1.6 2.3	1.7 1.0 1.3 1.6 1.0 2.0 2.3 3.0 4.5 1.7 2.3	1.8 .9 1.4 1.35 1.52 1.39 4.95 8.1 2.18	2.2 1.1 1.6 1.7 1.8 4.6 6.3 3.1 2.9	.7 .4 .6 .6 .6 .7 .7 1.33 .5 2.2 1.0	1.0 .6 .8 1.0 .7 1.1 1.8 .9 2.9 1.4	.7 .1 .4 .2 .5 .2 .3 .8 .5 .6 .6 .7	.6 .1 .4 .2 .6 .3 1.3 1.3 2.1 .6
29 291 295,9	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES Petroleum refining Other petroleum and coal products		1.6 1.1 3.7	.9 (1) (1)	1.4 .9 3.3	1.9 (1) (1)	2.1 1.3 5.2	;7 (1) (1)	.9 .5 2.2	(1) (1)	.7 .4 2.0
30 301 302,3,6 307	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes Other rubber products. Miscellaneous plastics products.	1.7	4.9 1.8 4.3 7.0	3.5 1.2 3.1 5.1	4.0 1.3 3.4 6.0	4.0 1.3 3.7 5.6	4.5 1.4 3.9 6.7	2.1 .4 2.0 3.2	2.5 .5 2.1 3.9	.9 .3 1.0	1.0 .2 .9 1.4

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

	Industry	Accession rates				Separation rates					
SIC Code		Total		New hires		Total		Quits		Layoffs	
		Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
31 311 314	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather tanning and finishing Footwear, except rubber	4.2	5.5 4.5 5.0	4.5 3.5 4.3	4.3 3.6 3.7	4.8 4.1 4.5	5.2 3.9 5.1	3.0 2.2 3.0	3.5 2.2 3.5	1.0 1.1 .7	1.0 1.0 .9
	NONMANUFACTURING] -		: :	·
10 101 102	METAL MINING. Iron ores Copper Ores.	(1)	2.6 1.5 2.4	1.8 (1) 1.3	2.0 1.2 1.4	2.3 (1) 1.3	3.1 2.9 2.0	1.1 (1) .6	1.5 .5 1.1	.7 (1) .2	.8 1.9 .1
11,12 12	COAL MINING. Bituminous.		1.8	1.0 1.0	1.1	1.5 1.4	1.7	.6 .6	.7 .8	.4 •3	.5 .5
481 482	COMMUNICATION: Telephone communication Telegraph communication 3		1.8 1.9	-	-	(1) (1)	1.7	(1) (1)	1.2	(1) (1)	.1 .6

¹ Not available.
2 Less than 0.05.
3 Data relate to all employees except messengers.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date seasonally adjusted

				(Per	100 employ	ees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				I	otal accessi	ons						
1956	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.0
1957	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.3	3.3	3-3	3.1	3.0
1958	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5 4.1	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9 3.8	3.9 4.2	4.2
1959 1	4.0 4.2	4.3	4.6	4.3 3.6	3.8	4.2 3.7	4.1 3.6	4.1 3.9	4.0 3.8	3.5	3.6	5.6 3.6
1960 1961	3.9	4.1 3.7	3.7 4.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.1
1962	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8
1963	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.0
1964	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.0
1965	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.5	5.0	
***************************************		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	New hire:	l		<u> </u>				
1956	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.9
1957	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.3
1958	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2
1959	2.4	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.6 1.8
1960 1961	2.6 1.8	2.8 1.8	2.4 1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1 2.3	1.9 2.5	1.9 2.5	2.5
1962	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
1963	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5
1964	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.9
1965	2,9	3.0	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.7	
					Total separa	tions						
1956	4.2	4.9	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.4	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.7
1957	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9
1958	5.4	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.7
1959 ¹	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8 4.4	3.8 4.2	3.9 4.4	4.0	4.4	4.2 4.2	5.0	4.6 4.4	4.1
1960 1961	3.6 4.6	4.1 4.6	4.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.3 4.0	3.8	4.0	4.3 3.9	4.0	5.0 4.1
1962	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.7	3.9	4.1	4.0	
1963	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.4	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9 3.8
1964	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.8
1965	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.8	
		!	l	ł	Quits	<u> </u>		L	l	L	L	L
1956	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
1957	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
1958	1.1	1.1	1.0	.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
1959	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
1960 1961	1.5	1.6	1.5 1.1	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1
1962	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3
1963	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
1964	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6
1965	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	
			L	L,	Layoffs	<u>L</u>	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L	L
1956	1.6	2.3	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.5
1957	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
1958	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9
1959	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.9	2.5	1.9
1960 1961	1.5	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8
1962	2.7 1.8	3.0 1.9	2.5 1.7	2.1 1.8	2.2	2.3	2.2 2.1	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9 2.0	2.0 1.9
1963	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7
1964	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.6		1.6
1965	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.5 1.2	
		l	i	Į.	l	į.]	1	1	I	1	l

Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.

Data for the current month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

(Per 100 employees)

			100 emp	loyees/	,					
	<u> </u>		n rates		<u> </u>			on rates	1	0.0
State and area		tal		hires		tal		its		offs
	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct,	Sept.	0ct.	Sept.
	1965	1965	1965	1965	<u> 1965</u>	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
ALABAMA 1	3.6	4.2	2.4	3.1	4.4	5.4	1.9	2.9	1.8	1.8
Birmingham	3.7	3.4	2.4	2.7	4.1	7.0	1.2	2.1	2.3	4.3
Mobile 1	5.9	5.2	3.0	3.3	8.8	6.2	2.2	3.4	5.9	2.1
	1	1			1	Ī			Į.	į
ALASKA .	12.6	14.4	9.5	11.4	23.1	42.4	8,5	10.4	13.5	27.0
ALASKA	12.0	14.4	7.3	11.4	23.1	72.7	1	10.4	13.5	
ARIZONA	6.4	8.1	4.9	6.7	3.8	5.5	2.0	3.3	.9	1.2
Phoenix	6.5	8.8	5.5	7.4	3.9	5.5	2.0	3.4	1.0	1.0
		ł		1	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	1	Ì
	ļ	1	,	ł	ŀ	ŀ	1		1	l
ARKANSAS	6.3	8.1	5.3	6.8	5.7	7.8	3.9	5.5	.9	1.2
Fort Smith	7.7	10.2	7.0	8.7	7.9	11.4	4.8	7.5	2.3	2.9
Little Rock-North Little Rock	6.2	8.1	5.2	6.8	5.0	7.1	3.5	5.1	.5	.6
Pine Bluff	5.0	6.9	4.6	5.8	3.9	6.4	3.2	4.6	.3	1.2
	ĺ	ļ		į		1			İ	1
a	١.,		1				1	١	1	1
CALIFORNIA 1	4.9	5.8	3.9	4.5	4.7	5.6	2.2	3.2	1.5	1.4
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove 1	4.3	4.7	3.5	3.8	4.2	5.1	2.2	3.0	.8	1.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach 1	5.2	6.2	4.3	4.9	4.6	5.6	2.3	3.2	1.2	1.2
Sacramento 1	2.6	4.2	1.7	2.5	3.9	4.4	1.2	2.1	2.2	1.6
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario 1	4.3	4.9	3.5	4.1	4.2	5.0	1.8	3.2	1.3	.9
San Diego 1	4.7	4.6	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.2	1.7	2.0	.8	.6
San Francisco-Oakland 1	5.5	5.8	3.8	4.0	6.0	6.3	1.7	3.0	3.3	2.4
San Jose 1	3.4	3.7	2.8	3.1	3.3	4.0	1.6	2.4	1.0	.9
Stockton 1	4.9	7.0	3.6	5.6	6.4	6.5	2.2	3.2	3.3	2.4
	1			1		1				
	1					Ì				
COLORADO	8.3	5.1	4.0	4.0	4.6	5.8	1.9	3.9	2.0	1.2
COLORADO	0.3)	1 4.0	4.0	1 7.0	1 3.0	1.,] ,,,	1	1
				1		i			1	
CONNECTICUT	3.5	3.9	3.0	3.3	3.1	4.6	2.0	3.3	.4	.4
Bridgeport	3.3	4.4	3.0	3.7	2.7	4.3	1.6	3.0	.5	.6
Hartford	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.8	1.9	2.8	.2	.2
New Britain	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	4.6	1.5	3.0	1 .2	.2
New Haven	3.6	4.4	3.0	3.8	3.7	5.4	2.3	3.9	.4	.4
Stamford	2.9	3.6	2.6	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.3	2.6	4	.2
Waterbury	2.9	3.5	2.0	2.5	2.5	4.1	1.4	3.0	1 .6	.4
Tactionity	1	1 3.3			[-:-			3.0		• •
DELAWARE 1	2.6	8.0	2.2	2.8	2.2	3.9	1.1	2.3	.4	.8
Wilmington 1	2.4	7.6	1.8	2.3	2.1	3.9	1.0	2.2	.3	.8
										1
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:	1	ļ	l	1		ł]		
Washington SMSA	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.9	3.7	2.2	2.9	.3	.2
	ŀ	Į		1		1	1	[i	ŀ
FLORIDA	6.7	7.5	4.7	5.5	5.0	5.0	2.9	3.2	1.2	1.0
Jacksonville	4.0	7.5	3.4	5.0	2.7	4.4	1.8	2.1	.3	1.1
Miami	5.9	7.5	4.6	6.2	4.5	6.0	2.6	3.5	1.0	1.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg	9.9	6.9	5.2	4.7	7.8	6.4	2.6	3.4	3.5	1.7
		Ì			l	l				Į.
GEORGIA	, ,		١ , ,	l , ,	4.5					١ .
	4.7	7.3	3.9	4.4	4.3	5.5	2.8	3.8	.6	.8
Atlanta 2	5.3	11.4	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.7	2.9	3.4	-4	.4
]	1	j	1 .			
HAWAII 3	2.5	3.8	2.0	3.2	3.0	4.0	1.7	2.0	.4	
	2.5] ,,,	2.0	3.2	٠.٠	7.0			• •	'
			j		1	1	1 .			
IDAHO ⁴	4.6	5.7	4.1	5.4	6.0	8.3	3.1	6.3	2.0	1.2
		1	1		I	"			}	
		1	1	1 1					[
ILLINOIS:			1] i	[i .			
Chicago	4.9	5.4	4.3	4.8	4.7	6.0	2.9	4.0	.7	1
		1) i	Ī	1			1	
		1	1] i]	1			1	
INDIANA 1	, ,	1 , -	2.0	أيرا	٠, ١		2.2	2 5		_
INDIANA *	4.0	4.7	3.2	3.5	4.0	5.3		3.5	.9	.9
Indianapolis ⁵	3.6	3.9	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.7	2.1	3.1	.6	.8
		1		1	1	1				
IOWA	4.3	5.3	3,3	4.2	3.9	5.8	2.4	4.0	1.0	1.1
Cedar Rapids		l	l	1 1	4.3	5.0	2.9	3.2	.8	1.1
Des Moines	5.0	5.3	3.8 1.7	3.7	5.4	7.5	1.5	3.7	3.4	2.4
	2.5	4.3	1 1./	3.7	۰,4	٠٠٠ ا	i *•-	J.,	J.7	

See footnotes at end of table, NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			r 100 emp	Toyees	;)		Separation rates			
	To	tal	1	hires	To	tal	, 	its	Lay	offs
State and area	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.
KANSAS	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
Topeka	4.3 2.9	5.1 3.4	3.3 2.8	3.9 3.1	3.7 3.0	4.8 5.4	2.0	3.1 3.6	1.0	0.9
Wichita	3.9	5.0	2.8	3.6	3.1	3.8	2.0	2.5	.3	1.0
	3.7	"		""	311	""			1	1
KENTUCKY	3.6	4.9	2.5	3.4	3.7	4.5	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.2
Louisville	3.1	4.3	2.3	2.7	2.9	4.0	1.3	2.2	8.	.9
LOUISIANA	5.7	4.7	3.7	3.1	4.3	4.7	1.6	2.4	1.8	1.0
New Orleans 6	4.8	5.3	2.9	2.7	5.0	6.1	1.7	2.1	1.9	1.6
								<u> </u>		
MAINE			i		١.,					
Portland	6.3 4.4	6.4	4.7 3.7	5.0 4.2	6.8 4.2	10.0 7.4	3.7 2.9	6.1 5.5	2.3	3.0 1.3
	7.7	1	"	\	7	/	1	3.3		1
				1	l					
MARYLAND Baltimore	3.9	6.1	2.8	3.4	4.8	6.6	1.9	3.0	2.4	2.9
Dattimore	3.6	5.9	2.5	2.8	4.9	6.0	1.6	2.7	2.7	2.7
			1							
MASSACHUSETTS	4.3	5.8	3.5	4.3	3.9	5.6	2.3	3.8	.8	.8
Boston	3.8	5.4	3.0	3.7	3.9	4.8	2.0	3.2	1.0	2.4
Fall River	4.3 5.1	6.3 5.9	3.4	4.7	4.5 4.0	6.6 6.5	1.9	3.6 4.2	1.9	1.1
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	5.0	5.8	4.4	5.1	4.6	5.9	2.8	4.3	.6	.5
Worcester	3.3	3.9	2.7	3.3	3.1	4.9	1.9	3.3	.7	.6
			ł				ł	[
MICHIGAN	4.4	6.1	3.3	4.1	3.9	5.4	1.6	2.8	1.1	1.4
Detroit	4.0	5.6	3.1	2.1	3.8	5.3	1.5	2.5	.9	1.1
Grand Rapids	5.6	8.5	4.4	5.4	4.3	6.8	2.4	4.4	1.0	1.6
Kalamazoo	2.2	2.9	1.9	2.6	2.1	3.8	1.2	2.7	.2	.4
Lansing	6.4	7.3	5.5	6.0	4.0	3.5	1.5	1.5	1.1	.8
Muskegon-Muskegon Heights	3.3	5.1	2.0	3.1	3.3	4.9	1.9	3.5	.8	.5
Saginaw	4.5	4.5	2.2	2.4	4.3	6.7	1.1	2.4	2.2	3.4
MINNESOTA	5.1	6.2	3.5	4.6	5.3	7.2	2.3	4.8	2.3	1,7
Duluth-Superior	5.0	4.8	4.4	3.5	7.5	8.0	2.1	4.0	4.5	3.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul	4.3	5.0	3.2	3.7	3.5	5.2	1.9	3.5	.9	.9
							l			
MISSISSIPPI	5.5	6.9	4.6	5.7	4.7	6.1	3.1	4.2	.8	.9
Jackson	5.0	6.4	4.8	5.8	4.1	5.3	2.8	4.3	.6	.2
MISSOURI	2.0	, .	3.1	3.7	, ,	4.7	2.0	2.9	, ,	1.0
Kansas City	3.9 4.5	4.8 5.0	3.7	3.6	3.8 3.7	4.7	2.0	2.9	1.1 .9	1.0 .9
St. Louis	3.1	4.3	2.5	3.4	3.7	4.4	1.6	2.6	1.3	9
<u> </u>										
MONTANA 4	2.0								١.,	
MONTANA T	3.8	7.0	3.6	6.1	6.3	8.9	3.2	6.2	1.2	1.5
				}			İ			
NEBRASKA	5.7	4.6	3.3	3.8	4.8	5.2	2.6	3.7	1.6	
				l I		-		i		
NEVADA	3.6	6.6	3.4	5.8	6.2	7.8	3.4	4.1	1.9	2.7
NEVADA	3.0	0.0	3.4	1 3.0	0.2	/ * *	7.7	7.1	1	
				1 1				į		
NEW HAMPSHIRE	5.3	5.9	4.5	5.1	4.8	6.5	3.4	4.8	7	
NEW JERSEY:						ł	1	l		
Jersey City	3.6	3.2	2.3	2.4	3,2	4.4	1.2	1.7	1.2	2.0
Paterson-Clifron-Passaic	3.7	4.0	3.1	3.4	3.4	4.5	1.8	2.6	.8	1.0
Perth Ambov	2.5	3.4	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.8	1.2	2.6	.8	.4
Trenton	4.1	3.8	2.0	2.6	3.0	4.7	1.2	2.1	1.2	1.8
i	4.7	4.5	3.1	4.1	3.4	5.3	1.7	3.3	.7	1.2
NEW MEXICO	4.7 3.3	3.4	2.5	3.0	2.9	3.8	1.6	2.7	.6	.4
Albuquerque	3.3	3.4		3.0	/	3.0	1.0	-•		•
1										
NEW YORK	4.5	5.2	3.4	3.6	4.4	4.9	1.9	2.7	1.7	1.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	2.6	3.1	1.9	2.2	2.8	3.9	1.2	2.0	.7	.7
Binghamton	3.1	3.7 6.4	2.6 2.1	3.0	2.1	3.3	1.5	2.3	.1 2.3	.1 1.3
pinghamton			. / 1	2.3	4.0	4.5	1.1	2.6		
Buffalo Elmira	2.9 3.6	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.8	4.6	2.0	3.1	.7	.5

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

(Per 100 employees)

			100 emp	loyees)	3)					
-			n rates		I			on rates		
State and area	Oct.	tal Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	tal Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	offs Sept.
	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
NEW YORK (continued)										
Nassau and Suffolk Counties 7	4.0	4.7	3.4	4.0	3.8	4,3	1.9	2.8	1 1 1	0.7
New York SMSA	4.7	4.9	3.4	3.6	4.6	4.8	1.7	2.3	1.1	1.6
	4.9	4.8	3.5	3.6	4.9	5.0	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.0
New York City 7	4.8	5.9	4.2	4.7	5.1	4.3	3.5	3.0		
Rochester		1	í	I .	1	L	ı		1.1	.7
Syracuse	3.8	4.0	3.1	3.2	3.1	4.2	1.8	3.0	.5	.5
Utica-Rome	4.7 4.6	4.3	3.7	3.3	3.5	4.6	1.5	2.5	.9	1.4
westchester County	4.0	6.5	3.3	3.7	4.8	5.5	1.7	2.8	2.2	1.7
NORTH CAROLINA	4.7	6.2	3.9	5.0	4.4	5.3	2.8	4.0	1.0	.6
Charlotte	5.2	6.8	4.7	6.3	4.4	5.8	3.4	4.8	.2	.2
Greensboro-High Point	5.1	5.8	4.4	5.1	4.5	5.8	3.6	4.8	.ī	.1
NORTH DAKOTA	3.2	4.0	2.6	3.0	3.3	8.3	1.6	3.9	1.0	3.1
Fargo-Moorhead	16.3	5.0	7.1	2.8	3.8	8.3	1.4	3.7	1.3	3.6
оню	3.2	4.6	2.4	3.0	3.9	4.8	1.4	2.9	1.8	1.1
Akron	2.5	3.2	1.8	2.6	1.8	3.1	1.0	1.7	.3	.8
Canton	3.3	3.0	2.2	2.0	5.6	4.8	1,7	2.7	2.9	1.2
Cincinnati	3.4	3.4	2.6	2.5	3.7	4.3	1.7	2.2	1.2	1.3
Cleveland	3.2	5.9	2.6	3.2	3.8	4.9	1.6	3.2	1.4	.8
Columbus	3.1	3.4	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.8	1.2	1.9	.9	1.0
Dayton	3.7	5.1	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.4	1.3	2.1	.5	.6
Toledo	3.6	4.6	2.7	3.4	3.6	5,2	1.3	2.8	1.3	1.2
Youngstown-Warren	2.2	4.0	1.6	1.6	6.8	5.7	1.0	2.7	5.1	2.3
OKLAHOMA 8	4.3	4.5	3.4	4.2	4.0	4.8	2.5	3.3	.7	.5
Oklahoma City	7.1	7.6	6.2	6.8	5.3	5.7	3.5	3.4	1.0	1.0
Tulsa 8	3.5	4.4	3.0	4.2	3.4	4.9	1.9	3.5	.7	.4
OREGON 1	6.3	6.8	5.4	6.0	5.9	8.6	3.2	5.9	1.8	1.8
Portland 1	6.5	6.4	5.5	5.7	5.3	7.8	2.6	5.0	2.1	1.9
PENNSYLVANIA	3.3	3.8	2.3	2.7	4.0	4.6	1,5	2.6	1.8	1.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	3.1	3.9	2.1	2.8	3.4	4.7	1.7	2.8	1.2	1.3
Altoona	3.1	4.3	2.8	3.5	4.5	4.3	2.0	3.4	2.1	.6
Erie	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.5	3.6	5.1	1.9	3.1	1.0	1.1
Harrisburg	2.5	3.5	2.0	2.4	4.8	4.6	1.6	2.7	2.8	.8
Johnstown	3.2	3.1	1.1	2.4	4.3	7.2	1.0	2.9	2.8	3.7
Lancaster	3.2	3.7	3.0	3.4	3.1	4.2	2.1	3.3	.5	.4
Philadelphia	3.2	3.6	2.3	2.7	3.1	4.3	1.4	2.3	1.0	1.1
Pittsburgh	1.9	2.1	1.0	1.3	4.4	4.5	.6	1.9	2.9	1.9
Reading	4.4	4.5	3.4	3.3	3.5	4.1	2.2	3.0	6	.6
Scranton	4.1	4.9	2.9	3.5	4.6	4.5	1.9	2.4	2.1	1.5
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	4.0	4.2	2.5	2.9	4.4	4.7	1.6	2.3	2.2	1.6
York	6.1	7.8	4.9	5.1	4.7	6.5	3.4	4.6	.9	1.3
RHODE ISLAND	5.7 6.0	6.9 7.3	4.6 4.9	5.6 6.0	5.3 5.1	7.6 7.8	3.3 3.3	5.1 5.5	.9 .8	1.5 1.2
SOUTH CAROLINA 9.	4.9	5.4	4.1	4.5	4.5	5.0	3.1	3.8	.5	.4
Charleston	6.7	5.7	5.3	4.7	4.2	5.9	3.0	3.5	.6	1.5
Greenville	(10)	5.7	(10)	5.0	(10)	5.1	(10)	4.3	(10)	.1
SOUTH DAKOTA	4.3	7.0	2.6	4.5	4,0	7,5	1.8	5.2	1.0	2.0
Sioux Falls	5.7	5.1	2.6	2.2	6.3	6.4	2,1	3.1	1.8 4.0	3.0
TENNESSEE 9	3.9	4.5	3.2	3.4	3.2	4.4	1.9	2.9	.8	.7
TENNESSEE ⁹	4.2	3.6	3.9	3.1	3.4	4.1	2.3	2.8	.5	.6
Knoxville	2.2	3.7	1.9	2.4	1.7	3.6	1.2	2.2	.2	.3
Memphis	5,5	5.7	4.8	4.1	4.7	6.2	2.6	3.7	1.0	1.3
Nashville	4.3	4.5	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.9	2.3	3.1	.5	.3
TEXAS 11	4.1	4.5	3.2	3.4	3.4	4.7	2.0	3.2	,	۰
Dallar 11	5.0	4.1	4.5	3.7	3.4	4.7	2.3	3.4	.7	.8 .7
Fort Worth 11	4.1	9.5	3.3	2.9	3.8	4.5	2.3	3.4	1.1	1.0
Dallas 11 Fort Worth 11 Houston 11	3.6	3.3	2.4	2.8	2.8	4.5	1.8	3.3	.4	.5
San Antonio 11	3.6	2.7	2.9	2.3	3.6	3.5	2.0	2.0	:4	 9
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See footnotes at end of table, NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	Accession rates Total New hires					Separation rates						
State and area	To	tal	New	hires	To	tal	Qu	ts	Lay	offs		
State and area	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Sept.		
	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965		
UTAH 4	3.4	4.4	2.6	3.1	4.6	6.6	2.0	3.5	2.1	2.2		
Salt Lake City 4	3.4	3.9	2.7	3.3	3.1	5.2	2.2	3.2	.5	1,2		
VERMONT	4.5	5.1	3.7	4.3	3.1	5.2	2.3	4.2	.2	.3		
Burlington	8.6	6.7	6.9	5.4	2.9	5.9	2.1	4.1	.1	1.4		
Springfield	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.5	3,6	1.1	3.2	(12)	.1		
VIRGINIA	3.9	5.0	3.1	3.8	3.6	4.3	2.1	3.0	.8	.6		
Norfolk-Portsmouth	3.4	5.1	2.6	3.5	3.5	4.3	1.5	2.1	1.4	1.5		
Richmond	3.5	4.9	3.3	4.3	3.9	4.2	2.4	3.2	.8	.2		
Roanoke	3.9	6,1	3.3	5.0	3.8	4.6	2.2	3.5	.8	.2		
WASHINGTON 13	5.6	5.5	4.3	4.8	5.2	6.7	2.5	4.4	1.6	1.3		
Seattle-Everett 13	5.7	5.5	4.4	4.8	4.6	5.3	2.3	3.3	1.1	1.1		
Spokane 13	3.9	4.3	2.6	3.3	4.2	7.9	1.1	4.0	2.5	3.1		
Tacoma 13	5.4	6.1	4.2	5.6	6.0	7.6	2.9	5.1	2.2	1.3		
WEST VIRGINIA	2.7	4.1	1.7	2.1	3.1	3.5	1.1	2.0	1,3	.8		
Charleston	2.1	2.0	.8	1.0	.8	1.9	.4	1.3	.1	.2		
Huntington-Ashland	1.6	2.0	1.1	1.5	3.1	3.6	.9	2.1	1.8	1.0		
Wheeling	3.4	3.9	2.0	1.6	4.9	2.5	.7	1.2	3.3	.7		
WISCONSIN	3.7	5.0	2.9	3.9	4.4	7.0	2.2	4.8	1.4	1.4		
Green Bay	2.4	5.6	2.2	5.3	3.1	6.8	2.1	5.4	.5	.9		
Kenosha	3.2	6.9	1.0	1.2	3.1	4.1	1.0	1.7	1.5	1.3		
La Crosse	4.6	3.9	2.8	3.1	4.3	6.5	1.3	2.8	2.0	2.9		
Madison	3.3	5.3	2.4	4.0	4.3	4.6	2.5	3.4	1.1	.7		
Milwaukee	3.5	3.9	2.8	3.0	3.5	5.1	1.9	3.6	.7	.6		
Racine	4.1	5.2	3.8	4.8	4.0	5.8	2.5	4.7	.5	.2		
WYOMING 4	2.9	4.3	2.4	3.5	5.5	7.4	3.1	4.4	1.1	1.5		

¹ Excludes canning and preserving,

2 Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufacturing.

3 Excludes canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jellies.

4 Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.

5 Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.

6 Excludes printing and publishing.

7 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

8 Excludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.

9 Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.

10 Not available.

¹⁰Not available.

¹¹Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
12Less than 0.05.
13Excludes canning and preserving, printing and publishing.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

ANNUAL AVERAGES

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Looking for part-time work

639

57,172

57,884

Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex

(In thousands) Total Male Female Employment status 1965 1964 1963 1965 1964 1965 1964 1963 1963 67,962 136,241 132,124 66,027 65,065 64,163 70,215 69,079 134,143 76,971 74,233 25,854 25,141 25,109 50,573 75,712 51,118 26,653 26 621 Total labor force....... 78,357 51,705 49,014 47,034 3,729 43,304 48,410 46,139 3,884 42,255 2,271 25,823 24,218 877 75,635 72,975 47,867 70,357 4,761 65,596 3,876 68,809 4,946 63,863 4,166 72,179 45,330 25,145 23,479 925 4,021 41,309 2,537 4,585 67,594 856 24,289 Agriculture . . 23,341 22,554 Nonagricultural industries Unemployed.. 3,456 1,980 1,476 1,605 1,629 1,268 337 Looking for full-time work 2,817 3,201 676 3,536 1,655 1,933 339 2,222 315 1,162 1,313 316 631

Table A-2: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

56,412

325

13,947

13,590

14,322

314

43,225

42,822

43,562

Age and sex	Tho	usands of per	sons	Ur	nemployment ra	ite	Pe	ercent distribut	ion
nge and sex	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
Total	3,456	3,876	4,166	4.6	5.2	5.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male. 14 to 19 years 14 and 15 years 16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over Female. 14 to 19 years 16 and 15 years 16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1,980 545 66 479 311 293 284 253 221 75 1,476 420 24 395 246 236	2,271 553 66 487 384 345 323 319 262 85 1,605 409 24 386 276 262 281	2,537 566 65 500 396 444 386 358 289 97 1,629 413 383 262 286 287	4.0 13.1 8.6 14.1 6.3 3.0 2.6 2.5 3.3 3.5 5.5 14.3 5.7 7.3 5.5	4.7 14.5 9.0 15.8 8.1 3.5 2.9 3.2 3.9 4.0 6.2 15.0 5.9 16.7 8.6 6.3 5.0	5.3 15.5 8.8 17.2 8.8 4.5 3.6 4.3 4.5 6.5 15.7 7.6 17.2 8.9 6.9 5.1	57.3 15.8 1.9 13.9 9.0 8.5 8.2 7.3 6.4 2.2 42.7 12.1 7.1 6.8 7.6	58.6 14.3 1.7 12.6 9.9 8.3 8.2 6.8 2.2 41.4 10.6 10.0 7.1 6.8	60.9 13.6 1.6 12.0 9.5 10.7 9.3 8.6 6.9 2.3 39.1 9.9 7.7 9.2 6.3 6.9
45 ro 54 years	183 101 27	223 122 33	231 120 29	3.2 2.8 2.8	3.9 3.5 3.4	4.2 3.6 3.2	5.3 2.9 .8	5.8 3.1 .9	5.5 2.9 .7

Table A-3: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

Industry	Uı	nemployment ra	ate	Pe	rcent distribut	ion
niqustry	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
Total	4.6	5.2	5.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and salary workers Agriculture. Nonagricultural industries Mining, forestry, fisheries Construccion Manufacturing. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Service industries Public administration Self-employed and unpaid family workers No previous work experience 14 to 19 years 20 years and over	4.2 7.3 4.2 5.5 9.0 4.0 3.4 4.6 2.7 5.0 2.3 3.8 1.9	5.0 9.3 4.8 7.6 9.9 4.7 5.3 3.3 5.7 2.5 4.1 2.3	5.5 8.9 5.4 7.5 11.9 5.7 5.4 6.0 3.9 6.2 2.7 4.4 2.5	79.5 3.4 76.1 1.0 10.9 22.5 11.1 11.4 3.7 17.1 2.1 16.8 2.1 2.7 17.7 14.6 3.1	81.4 4.2 77.2 1.3 10.5 24.4 12.9 11.5 3.9 16.9 2.0 16.0 2.2 2.7 16.0 12.5 3.4	82.5 3.9 78.5 1.2 11.4 25.6 13.8 11.8 4.3 16.7 1.9 15.2 2.7 14.8 11.7

Table A-4: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

	Ur	nemployment ra	te	Pe	rcent distribu	tion
Occupation	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
Total	4.6	5.2	5.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Thite-collar workers	2.3	2.6	2.8	21.8	21.2	21.2
Professional and technical	1.5	1.7	1.8	3.8	3.9	3.7
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1.1	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.7	2.6
Clerical workers	3. 2	3.7	4.0	10.8	10.6	10,4
Sales workers	3.3	3.4	4.2	4.7	4.0	4.5
Riue-collar workers	5.3	6.3	7.2	42.5	44.4	46.8
Craftsmen and foremen	3.6	4.2	4.8	9.9	10.1	10.9
Operatives	5.5	6.5	7.4	22.4	23.3	24.1
Nonfarm laborers	8.4	10.6	12.1	10.2	11.0	11.8
ervice workers	5.2	5.8	6.0	14.8	14.7	13.8
Private bousehold workers	4.2	4.9	5.2	2.9	3.1	3.0
Other service workers	5.5	6.1	6.2	11.9	11.6	10.8
Farm workers	2.6	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.7	3.4
Farmers and farm managers	.4	.5	.5	.3	.3	.3
Farm laborers and foremen	4.8	5.8	5.5	3.0	3.4	3.1
To previous work experience	-	i -	-	17.7	16.0	14.8

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by color, marital status, and household relationship

	The	ousands of per	sons	Un	employment ra	te	Pe	rcent distribut	ion
Characteristics			ļ	ĺ					
	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
COLOR									
Total. White, total. Male. Female	3,456 2,754 1,603 1,152 702	3,876 3,064 1,829 1,235 812	4,166 3,281 2,028 1,253 885	4.6 4.1 3.6 5.0 8.3	5.2 4.6 4.2 5.5 9.8	5.7 5.1 4.7 5.8 10.9	100.0 79.7 46.4 33.3 20.3	100.0 79.1 47.2 31.9 20.9	100.0 78.8 48.7 30.1 21.2
Nonwhite, total	377 324	443 369	509 376	7.6 9.3	9.1	10.6	10.9 9.4	11.4	12.2
MARITAL STATUS									
Total Male Married, wife present. Single. 14 to 19 years. 20 years and over. Other marital status.	3,456 1,980 883 909 528 381 187	3,876 2,271 1,039 1,006 538 469 226	4,166 2,537 1,235 1,058 552 506 243	4.6 4.0 2.4 10.1 13.4 7.6 7.2	5.2 4.7 2.8 11.5 14.9 9.1 8.9	5.7 5.3 3.4 12.4 15.9 10.0 9.6	100.0 57.3 25.6 26.3 15.3 11.0 5.4	100.0 58.6 26.8 26.0 13.9 12.1 5.8	100.0 60.9 29.6 25.4 13.3 12.1 5.8
Female Married, husband present Single. 14 to 19 years. 20 years and over. Other marital status.	1,476 664 522 359 163 289	1,605 727 538 356 181 340	1,629 743 534 350 184 353	5.5 4.5 8.2 13.9 4.3 5.4	6.2 5.1 8.7 14.8 4.8 6.4	6.5 5.4 8.9 15.2 5.0 6.7	42.7 19.2 15.1 10.4 4.7 8.4	41.4 18.8 13.9 9.2 4.7 8.8	39.1 17.8 12.8 8.4 4.4 8.5
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP									
Total Household head Living with relatives Not living with relatives. Wife of head Other relative of head Non-relative of head	3,456 1,257 1,023 233 641 1,485	3,876 1,462 1,186 277 699 1,623	4,166 1,645 1,382 263 716 1,699	4.6 2.8 2.5 4.4 4.4 10.6 5.1	5.2 3.2 3.0 5.4 5.0 11.8 6.4	5.7 3.7 3.5 5.4 5.3 12.7 6.7	100.0 36.4 29.6 6.7 18.6 43.0 2.1	100.0 37.7 30.6 7.1 18.0 41.9 2.4	100.0 39.5 33.2 6.3 17.2 40.8 2.5

HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

	Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution				Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution		
Duration of unemployment	1965	1964	1963	1965	1965 1964 1963 Category		1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	
Total	3,456	3,876	4,166	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	3,456	3,876	4,166	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	1,718	1,787	1,847	49.7	46.1	44.3							
5 to 14 weeks	983	1,116	1,231	28.5	28.8	29.5	Persons on temporary		}				
5 and 6 weeks	286	314	358	8.3	8.1	8.6	layoff	108	109	116	3.1	2.8	2.8
7 to 10 weeks	422	483	519	12.2	12.5	12.5	1		ł		1		
11 to 14 weeks	276	319	354	8.0	8.2	8.5	Persons scheduled to begin		1		l (
15 weeks and over	755	973	1,088	21.8	25.1	26.1	new jobs within 30 days.	138	137	138	4.0	3.5	3.3
15 to 26 weeks	404	490	535	11.7	12.6	12.8			l		1 [
27 weeks and over	351	482	553	10.2	12.4	13.3	All other unemployed	3,210	3,630	3,912	92.9	93.7	93.9
Average (mean) duration	11.8	13.3	14.0	•	-	-	, ,			·			

Table A-7: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

		Unemployed 15	weeks and over	· · · · ·		Unemployed 27	weeks and over		Civilian labor
Characreristics	Percent of in each	unemployed group	Percent d	istribution	Percent of u		Percent di	stribution	force (percent distribution)
	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
INDUSTRY									
Total	21.8	25.1	100.0	100.0	10.2	12.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and									1
salary workers	22.8	26.0	83.1	84.3	10.5	12.8	82.6	83.8	85.9
Agriculture	20.5	17.3	3.2	2.9	8,5	7.4	2.8	2.5	2.1
Nonagricultural industries	22.9	26.5	79.9	81.4	10.6	13.1	79.8	81.3	83.8
Mining, forestry, fisheries	(1)	(1)	1.3	2.3	(1)	(1)	2.0	3.5	.8
Construction	21.2 24.4	22.0	10.6	9.2	6.3	9.1	6.8	7.7	5.6
Manufacturing	26.0	29.6	25.2	28.6	12.0	15.0 16.8	26.5	29.5	26.0
Durable goods	22.8	31.9 26.6	13.3	16.5	13.0	13.1	14.2	17.5 12.1	14.8
Nondurable goods	22.0	20.0	12.0	12.1	10.9	13.1	12.3	12.1	11.2
Transportation and public	28.3	28.3	4.8	4.4	15.7	15.8	5.7	5.0	6.1
utilities	21.7	24.7	17.0	16.7	10.5	11.5	17.7	15.6	15.7
Wholesale and retail trade	2	24.7	17.0	10.7	10.3	1	1/0/	15.0	1 -5.7
estate, and service industries	21.8	24.0	18.9	17.2	10.0	11.9	18.5	17.3	24.5
Public administration	22.2	34.5	2.1	3.1	12.5	14.9	2.6	2.7	5.1
Tubile administration	-		1	1	1				
Self-employed and unpaid		1		i		į			
family workers	24.5	28.2	3.1	3.0	17.0	14.6	4.6	3.1	13.2
,		į					1		
No previous work experience	17.0	20.0	13.8	12.8	7.4	10.2	12.8	13.1	.8
OCCUPATION									
Total	21.8	25.1	100.0	100.0	10.2	12.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
	27.2		21.9	00.0	11.0	100	22.6	00.7	1 ,,,
White-collar workers	21.9	27.5	3.6	23.3	11.0	13.3 10.6	23.6 4.3	22.7 3.3	43.4 11.9
Professional and technical	20.1	24.5	3.0	3.0	112	10.0	4.3	3.3	11.9
Managers, officials, and	32.1	32.7	3.6	3.5	17.9	18.3	4.3	4.0	9.8
proprietors	20.8	29.0	10.3	12.3	9.9	13.2	10.5	11.2	15.3
Clerical workers	20.4	23.1	4.4	3.7	9.9	12.8	4.5	4.2	6.4
Sales workers	23.4	26.4	45.6	46.8	10.3	13.0	43.2	46.6	36.9
Blue-collar workers	23.9	26.4	10.9	10.6	11.1	12.3	10.8	10.0	12.6
	23.6	26.4	24.3	24.6	10.3	13.5	22.7	25.4	18.7
Operatives	22.4	26.2	10.5	11.5	9.7	12.6	9.7	11.2	5.6
Service workers	23.0	24.7	15.5	14.5	12.0	12.8	17.3	15.2	13.0
Private household workers	23.5	20.0	3.1	2.5	12.2	9.2	3.4	2.3	3.1
Other service workers	22.9	25.9	12.5	12.0	11.9	13.7	13.9	12.9	9.9
Farm workers	21.2	18.3	3.2	2.7	9.7	8.5	3.1	2.5	5.8
Farmers and farm managers	(1)	(1)	.5	.4	(i)	(1)	1.1	.4	3.0
Farm laborers and foremen	19.4	16.8	2.7	2.3	6.8	7.6	2.0	2.1	2.8
No previous work experience	17.0	20.0	13.8	12.8	7.4	10.2	12.8	13.1	.8
		<u> </u>		1			1		1

¹Percent not shown where base is less than 50,000.

Table A-8: Long-term unemployed by sex, age, color, and marital status

	U	nemployed 15	weeks and or	rer	U	nemployed 27 v	weeks and over	•	Civilian labor forc
Characteristics	Percent of v		Percent o	lístribution	Percent of u	nemployed group	Percent di	stribution	(percent distribution
	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
AGE									
Total	21.8	25.1	100.0	100.0	10.2	12.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
ale	23.2	26.7	60.8	62.3	11.5	13.8	65.0	64.8	64.8
14 to 19 years	14.7	17.2	10.6	9.8	5.9	7.8	9.1	8.8	5.5
20 to 24 years	16.4	19.3	6.8	7.6	7.4	8.1	6.6	6.4	6.5
25 to 44 years	24.0	26.0	18.3	17.9	11.7	11.7	19.1	16.0	27.8
45 years and over	34.6	39.5	25.2	27.1	19.3	24.5	30.2	33.5	25.0
emale	20.0	22.7	39.2	37.7	8.3	10.5	35.0	35.2	35.2
14 to 19 years	14.8	14.4	8.2	6.1	4.3	5.9	5.1	4.9	3.9
20 to 24 years	15.0	20.7	4.9	5.9	5.7	9.8	4.0	5.6	4.4
25 to 44 years	21.2	24.9	14.0	13.9	9.6	10.9	13.7	12.1	13.3
	29.3	30.6	12.1	11.8	13.8	16.2	12.3	12.6	13.6
45 years and over	2,00	30.0	12.1	11.0	1 23.0	10.2	****	12.0	1
COLOR					1				
Total	21.8	25.1	100.0	100.0	10.2	12.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
nite, total	21.1	24.4	77.1	77.1	9.5	11.8	74.6	74.7	88.8
Male	22.5	26.1	47.9	49.2	10.9	13.2	49.6	50.2	58.3
Female	19.1	21.9	29.2	27.9	7.6	9.6	25.1	24.5	30.6
onwhite, total	24.6	27.6	22.9	22.9	12.7	14.9	25.4	25.3	11.2
Male	26.0	29.1	13.0	13.3	14.3	16.0	15.4	14.7	6.5
Female	23.1	25.5	9.9	9.7	10.8	13.8	10.0	10.6	4.6
	-501		1						
MARITAL STATUS	01.0	25.1	100.0	100.0	10.2	12.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	21.8	26.7			11.5	13.8	65.0	64.8	64.8
ale	23.2		60.8	62.3			1		49.5
Married, wife present	26.0	29.3	30.5	31.3	13.5	14.7	33.8	31.7	11.9
Single	18.8	21.5	22.6	22.2	8.8	10.4	22.7	21.6	5.2
14 to 19 years	14.8	17.3	10.3	9.6	6.1	7.8	9.1	8.7	
20 years and over	24.4	26.2	12.3	12.7	12.6	13.2	13.6	12.9	6.6
Other marital status	31.0	38.5	7.7	9.0	16.0	24.3	8.5	11.4	3.5
emale	20.0	22.7	39.2	37.7	8.3	10.5	35.0	35.2	35.2
Married, husband present	19.6	23.5	17.2	17.6	7.7	10.0	14.5	15.1	19.6
Single	16.1	19.3	11.3	10.7	5.9	8.9	8.8	10.2	8.5
14 to 19 years	15.0	14.6	7.2	5.3	4.2	5.9	4.3	4.4	3.4
20 years and over	19.0	28.7	4.1	5.3	9.8	15.5	4.5	5.8	5.0
Other marital status	28.0	26.5	10.7	9.3	14.2	14.1	11.6	10.0	7.1

Table A-9: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex

Age and sex		ng for full-time v			ng for part-time sands of persor		Looking for part-time work as a percent of unemployed in each group			
	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	
Total	2,817	3,201	3,536	639	676	631	18.5	17.4	15.1	
Male	1,655	1,933	2,222	325	339	315	16.4	14.9	12.4	
14 to 19 years	305	323	361	240	230	202	44.0	41.6	35.9	
Going to school	47	52	51	182	171	150	79.5	76.7	74.6	
All other	258	271	312	58	59	54	18.4	17.9	14.7	
20 to 24 years	280	350	365	31	34	31	10.0	8.9	7.8	
25 to 54 years	811	961	1,163	19	25	28	2.3	2.5	2.4	
55 years and over	260	298	334	36	49	52	12.2	14.1	13.5	
Female	1,162	1,268	1,313	314	337	316	21.3	21.0	19.4	
14 to 19 years	285	273	285	135	137	130	32.1	33.4	31.3	
Major activity:		1		<u> </u>	:					
Going to school	51	41	42	96	91	86	65.3	68.9	67.2	
All other	234	231	243	39	45	45	14.3	16.3	15.6	
20 to 24 years	211	241	228	35	35	34	14.2	12.7	13.0	
25 to 54 years	570	636	683	113	129	121	16.5	16.9	15.0	
55 years and over	97	118	117	31	35	31	24.2	22.9	20.9	

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Table A-10: Total labor force, by age and sex

Age and sex	Thous	ands of pe	rsons		Labor force	
	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
Total	78,357	76,971	75,712	57.5	57.4	57.3
lale	51,705	51,118	50,573	78.3	78.6	78.8
14 to 19 years	4,591	4,307	4,142	44.5	43.6	43.5
14 and 15 years	759	731	738	21.4	20.8	20.9
16 and 17 years	1,577	1,549	1,372	44.6	43.6	42.7
18 and 19 years		2,026	2,034	70.0	72.0	73.1
20 to 24 years	5,926	5,704	5,471	88.0	88.2	88.3
25 to 34 years	10,653	10,636	10,635	97.4	97.5	97.3
35 to 44 years	11,504	11,559	11,589	97.4	97.4	97.6
45 to 54 years	10,131	10,043	9,923	95.6	95.8	95.8
55 to 64 years	6,768	6,745	6,679	84.7	85.6	86.2
55 to 59 years	3,929	3,914	3,865	90.2	91.1	91.3
60 to 64 years	2,839	2,831	2,814	78.0	79.1	80.1
65 years and over	2,131	2,123	2,135	27.9	28.0	28.4
emale	26,653	25,854	25,141	38.0	37.4	37.0
14 to 19 years	2,940	2,732	2,643	29.2	28.3	28.4
14 and 15 years	421	411	405	12.2	12.0	11.8
16 and 17 years	954	950	850	27.7	27.4	27.1
18 and 19 years	1,565	1,371	1,388	49.4	49.3	50.6
20 to 24 years	3,375	3,220	2,970	50.0	49.5	47.6
25 to 34 years	4,336	4,187	4,181	38.6	37.3	37.2
35 to 44 years	5,724	5,618	5,604	46.1	45.0	44.9
45 to 54 years	5,714	5,682	5,505	50.9	51.4	50.6
55 to 64 years	3,587	3,447	3,332	41.1	40.2	39.7
55 to 59 years	2,209	2,132	2,054	47.1	46.4	45.6
60 to 64 years	1,378	1,315	1,278	34.0	33.1	32.9
65 years and over	976	966	905	10.0	10.1	9.6

Table A-11: Employed persons, by age and sex

	(In thousands)												
Age and sex		Male			Female								
	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963							
All industries	47,034	46,139	45,330	25,145	24,218	23,479							
14 to 19 years	3,612	3,253	3,079	2,515	2,316	2,223							
20 to 24 years	4,583	4,370	4,118	3,119	2,934	2,697							
25 to 34 years	9,611	9,531	9,431	4,093	3,918	3,888							
35 to 44 years	10,837	10,832	10,801	5,457	5,335	5,313							
45 to 54 years	9,792	9,637	9,479	5,528	5,457	5,272							
55 to 64 years	6,542	6,477	6,385	3,486	3,326	3,211							
65 years and over	2,057	2,039	2,039	948	934	877							
Nonagricultural													
industries	43,304	42,255	41,309	24,289	23,341	22,554							
14 to 19 years	3,057	2,672	2,486	2,407	2,195	2,096							
20 to 24 years	4,329	4,084	3,834	3,071	2,883	2,638							
25 to 34 years	9,165	9,058	8,917	3,984	3,786	3,746							
35 to 44 years	10,218	10,181	10,107	5,280	5,155	5,128							
45 to 54 years	9,048	8,906	8,732	5,318	5,258	5,073							
55 to 64 years	5,869	5,788	5,666	3,339	3,195	3,055							
65 years and over	1,618	1,566	1,568	890	869	817							
Agriculture	3,729	3,884	4,021	856	877	925							
14 to 19 years	555	581	593	108		127							
20 to 24 years	254	286	284	48	50	59							
25 to 34 years	446	471	513	108		141							
35 to 44 years	619	650	694	177	179	186							
45 to 54 years	744	732	747	210	200	198							
55 to 64 years	673	690	719	147	131	155							
65 years and over	438	474	470	58	66	59							

Table A-12: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

			(In thousa	nds)					
		Total			Male			Female	
Characteristics	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963
CLASS OF WORKER									
otal	72,179	70,357	68,809	47,034	46,139	45,330	25,145	24,218	23,479
Nonagricultural industries	67,594	65,596	63,863	43,304	42,255	41,309	24,289	23,341	22,554
Wage and salary workers	60,765	58,736	57,081	38,434	37,312	36,412	22,331	21,423	20,669
Private household workers	2,548	2,621	2,583	334	340	329	2,214	2,282	2,254
Government workers	9,623	9,363	9,093	5,685	5,581	5,456	3,938	3,782	3,636
Other wage and salary workers	48,594	46,752	45,405	32,415	31,391	30,627	16,179	15,359	14,779
Self-employed workers	6,213	6,266	6,195	4,794	4,866	4,816	1,419	1,400	1,379
Unpaid family workers	616	594	587	77	77	81	540	517	506
Agriculture	4,585	4,761	4,946	3,729	3,884	4,021	856	878	925
Wage and salary workers	1,492	1,582	1,676	1,243	1,322	1,375	249	260	300
Self-employed workers	2,307	2,366	2,437	2,170	2,229	2,301	137	137	136
Unpaid family workers	786	813	834	316	333	345	470	480	489
OCCUPATION			}						
otal	72,179	70,357	68,809	47,034	46,139	45,330	25,145	24,218	23,479
White-collar workers	32,104	31,125	30,182	17,964	17,701	17,261	14,137	13,421	12,920
Professional and technical	8,883	8,550	8,263	5,602	5,438	5,311	3,280	3,110	2,951
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,340	7,452	7,293	6,229	6,342	6,180	1,110	1,109	1,113
Clerical workers	11.166	10,667	10,270	3,293	3,214	3,128	7,873	7,453	7,142
Sales workers	4,715	4,456	4,356	2,840	2,707	2,642	1,874	1,749	1,714
Blue-collar workers	26,466	25,534	24,982	22,314	21,546	21,151	4.153	3,990	3,831
Craftsmen and foremen	9,221	8,986	8,924	8,951	8,736	8,683	270	250	241
Operatives	13,390	12,924	12,507	9,620	9,276	9,011	3,772	3,649	3,496
Nonfarm laborers	3,855	3,624	3,551	3,743	3,534	3,457	111	91	94
Service workers	9,342	9,256	9,032	3.287	3,269	3,165	6,057	5,988	5,867
Private household workers	2,251	2,322	2,306	57	63	60	2,195	2,259	2,246
Other service workers	7,091	6,934	6,726	3,230	3,206	3,105	3,862	3,729	3,621
Farm workers	4,265	4,444	4,615	3,466	3,620	3,751	799	821	864
	2,244	2,320	2,396	2,112	2,187	2,265	132	132	131
Farmers and farm managers	2,021	2,124	2,219	1,354	1,433	1,486	667	689	733
raim laborers and loremen	2,021	-,	-,	1 1,354	1 -, 755	1 -, 400	1 007	1 009	1 /33

Table A-13: Employed persons, by hours worked

(In thousands) All industries Nonagricultural industries Agriculture Hours worked 1965 1964 1963 1964 1965 1964 1963 72,179 67,594 4,585 70,357 68,809 65,596 63,863 4,761 4,946 3,525 68,654 14,019 3,494 66,863 3,501 65,308 3,368 3,326 62,270 3,327 60,536 157 With a job but not at work 4,592 4,772 64,227 4,427 15,360 982 13,412 920 12,617 13,850 11,856 1,402 1,511 1,556 1-34 hours..... 1,004 934 85**5** 70 3,413 3.091 2,972 322 345 3,402 3,341 3,053 368 9,877 48,421 9,151 9,601 10,977 51,502 8,590 8,028 1,011 1,101 1,124 15-34 hours 54,635 51,896 51,611 48,679 3,027 3,079 3,216 30,802 20,809 31,494 29,817 30,138 29,127 29,422 692 689 715 23,141 2,335 2,390 21.685 21.758 19,294 39.7 19,257 2,501 40.0 40.2 45.1 45.0 Average hours, total at work

Table A-14: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

(In thousands) All industries Nonagricultural industries Full- or part-time status 1965 1964 1963 1965 1964 1963 68,809 67,594 65,596 63,863 72,179 70,357 3,525 3,501 3,368 3,326 3,327 3,494 68,654 66,863 63,308 64,227 62,270 60,536 57,979 56,252 54,941 54,692 52,871 51,439 51,611 48,421 48,679 51,502 51,896 54.635 4,750 4,450 2,760 3,344 3,045 3,081 458 718 472 298 534 **3**14 30 22 21 30 22 21 325 320 279 333 290 316 765 828 727 722 865 Illness..... 980 2,225 808 977 2,216 806 632 618 All other reasons..... 686 695 689 631 2,209 2,455 2,620 1,928 2,137 2,288 On part time for economic reasons...... 897 23.3 1,069 23.6 1,052 1,148 1,227 986 23.4 23.4 23.0 23.1 Average hours............ 1,393 1,307 1,151 1,219 1.157 1.031 Usually work part time..... 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 ĺ7.5 6,808 8,466 8,155 7,746 7,607 7,262

Table A-15: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

				(In thou	ısands)									
				Nonagricultural industries										
	A	ll industrie	es				Wage and salary workers							
Reason not working				Total			Number		Percent paid					
	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963	1965	1964	1963		
Total	3,525	3,494	3,501	3,368	3,326	3,327	3,019	2,948	2,928	56.7	55.6	55.2		
Bad weather Industrial dispute Vacation Illness All other reasons.	1,738 1,039	108 51 1,635 994 707	106 41 1,655 1,000 698	55 48 1,717 982 566	70 51 1,612 943 651	75 41 1,632 936 642	35 48 1,616 878 443	45 51 1,511 835 509	45 41 1,541 820 483	79.5 36.1 24.2	(1) 79.6 37.6 23.2	(1) 78.5 36.3 22.2		

^{1/} Percent not shown where base is less than 50,000

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25 to 29 years

30 to 34 years

35 to 39 years

40 to 44 years

45 to 49 years

50 to 54 years

55 to 59 years

'60 to 64 years

65 to 69 years

70 years and over

Nonwhite.....

3,375

2,212

2.124

2,648

3,076

3,019 2,695

2,209

1,378 585

23,147

391

50.0

38.9

38.2

43.6

48.5

51.7

50.1

47.1

34.0

17.4

37.0

46.1

3,364

2,208

2.121

3.074

3,018

2,694

2,209 1,378

391

23,118

3,503

3,119

2,083

2,010

2.518

2,939

2,910

2,618

2,145

1,341

381

3,179

48

43

65

85

92

118

92

83

64

27

31

181

3,071

2,039

1,945

2,433

2,847

2,792

2,526

2,062

1,277

21,291

2,998

351

246

125

111

135

107

76 64

37

18

1,152

324

7.3

5.7

4.4

3.6

2.8

2.9

2.7

2.4

9_3

3,376 3,471

3,435

3,423

3,262

2,820

2,685

2,481

2,670

2,786

6.022

4,106

2.854

3,389

3,369

3,340

3,188

2,736

2.610

2,400

2,563

2,638

5,312 32,396

3,017

415

32

19

18

10

4,812

765

17

12

16

20

29

31

34

39

47

371

558

90

36

50

41

45

41

100

339

1,690

233

Table A-16: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex 1965

(In thousands)

Total labor force Not in labor force Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unable Keeping ĪΩ Percent Nonagri-cultural Total to Other Agri-cul-Number Total house school Age, sex, and color work population Total labor industure tries force 47,034 1,980 14,322 143 5,517 1,090 7,572 78.3 49,014 3,729 43,304 4.0 51,705 8.6 2.795 2,302 21.4 694 182 304 1.284 224 1,061 247 16.1 1,956 1,577 44.6 1.531 1,634 2.254 70.0 1,866 149 1,485 232 12.4 965 811 14 138 18 and 19 years 4,583 4,782 5,926 88.0 4,894 254 4,329 311 6.3 807 640 29 136 20 to 24 years 172 197 20 60 5,370 96.9 4,944 4.585 163 3.3 4,958 4,580 130 108 21 28 57 98.0 4,829 30 to 34 years 5, 283 5,693 97.9 5,466 5,322 275 5,047 144 2.6 125 2 46 69 35 to 39 years 181 110 5,515 97.0 5,655 5,811 40 to 44 years 4,765 5,241 346 130 2.5 213 2 75 132 5.307 96.1 45 to 49 years 4,825 95.0 4,804 4,681 398 4,283 123 2.6 254 76 170 50 to 54 years 428 125 138 55 to 59 years 3,925 2,838 3,800 347 3,453 3.2 3,929 90.2 2,742 326 2,416 799 164 627 78.0 60 to 64 years 2.839 1,209 1,209 1,159 203 955 50 4.2 1,602 20 104 1,479 65 to 69 years 3,916 322 922 19.1 922 898 235 663 25 2.7 66 3.528 70 years and over 1,603 44,069 46,531 42,466 3,236 39,230 12,692 120 4,837 920 6,815 76.0 4,945 4,568 493 4,075 377 7.6 1,631 23 680 170 757 Nonwhite..... 5,174 35,413 649 1,922 25,145 856 24,289 1,476 5.5 43,562 5,577 26,653 38.0 26,621 3,031 12.2 2,393 421 397 355 87 40 750 164 17.2 2,494 1,853 353 954 790 16 and 17 years 954 27.7 1,565 49.4 1,559 1,328 26 1,302 231 1,605 649 814 136

Table A-17: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry

(Percent distribution) Full- or part-time status Hours of work On part time 49 Total full-Economic Other 1 to 35 to 41 to Total hours Industry reasons time 40 48 at at 34 and sche-Usually Usually Usually hours hours work work over dules work full time part time 100.0 85.6 1.4 1.6 11.4 100.0 19.3 50.9 15.1 14.8 Total 1..... 100.0 2.0 3.6 100.0 18.7 12.8 58.9 100.0 95.0 1.9 2.8 100.0 17.5 13.3 10.5 1.2 1.4 8.3 .3 100.0 100.0 91.8 2.7 .8 4.7 100.0 13.2 57.7 16.9 12.2 Nondurable goods..... 59.7 100.0 .9 100.0 10.5 13.7 93.9 1.3 3.9 16.1 77.6 1.1 2.3 19.1 100.0 25.0 38.3 18.0 18.8 100.0 100.0 15.3 59.5 10.9 100.0 72.5 .9 3.3 23.2 100.0 31.6 42.1 12.3 13.9

¹Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

Table A-18: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation 1965

(Percent distribution)

					<u> </u>							
			Full or p	art-time statu	s		<u> </u>	,	Hours	of work		
	Tota	I	On		On part time	!	l					
Occupation	at work	:	full- time	ne Economic reasons		Other reasons	Total	1 to	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours and	Average hours, total
	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	over	at work
White-collar workers	30,440	100.0	86.9	.5	.7	11.9	100.0	17.6	48.3	13.3	20.8	41.3
Professional and technical		100.0	89.1	.4	.4	10.0	100.0	16.2	48.6	13.7	21.4	41.4
Managers, officials, and proprietors		100.0	95.7	.5	.2	3.6	100.0	7.6	32.8	16.8	42.8	49.4
Clerical workers		100.0	85.2	•5	.8	13.5	100.0	20.2	63.9	10.1	5.8	37.4
Sales workers	4,493	100.0	73.5	.7	1.6	24.2	100.0	29.2	35.2	14.5	21.1	37.8
Blue-collar workers	25,165	100.0	90.2	2.5	1.6	5.7	100.0	15.5	51.7	17.4	15.4	40.7
Craftsmen and foremen	8,777	100.0	94.8	1.7	.9	2.6	100.0	10.9	52.3	19.1	17.7	42.3
Operatives	12,701	100.0	91.0	2.9	1.2	4.8	100.0	14.4	52.7	17.5	15.3	41.2
Nonfarm laborers	3,687	100.0	75.9	3.1	4.8	16.3	100.0	30.6	46.3	13.2	10.0	35.5
Service workers	8,933	100.0	64.8	1.4	4.7	29.2	100.0	38.4	35.6	12.9	13.2	34.4
Private household workers	2,189	100.0	36.3	1.2	10.5	52.0	100.0	65.9	19.1	7.1	7.9	24.1
Other service workers	6,744	100.0	73.9	1.4	2.8	21.8	100.0	29.4	40.9	14.7	14.9	37.8

Table A-19: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color

1965

	1	Thousands	5				Perce	nt distrib	ution			
Occupation								White		1	Vonwhite	
<i>F</i>	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	72,179	47,034	25,145	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White-collar workers	32,104 8,883	17,964 5,602	14,137 3,280	44.5 12.3	38.2 11.9	56.2 13.0	47.5 13.0	40.5 12.6	60.9 13.7	6.8	16.5 5.6	23.7 8.4
Medical and other health	1,486	593 554	893 1,327	2.1 2.6	1.3 1.2	3.5 5.3	2.2 2.6	1.3 1.2	3.8 5.4	2.5	.7 1.1	1.9 4.6
Other professional and technical	5,516 7,340	4,455 6,229	1,060	7.6 10.2	9.5 13.2	4.2	8.2 11.1	10.1 14.3	4.5 4.8	2.6	3.9 3.4	1.9 1.5
Salaried workers Self-employed workers in retail trade	4,427 1,389	3,773 1,082	654 306	6.1 1.9	8.0 2.3	1.2	6.7 2.1	8.7 2.5	2.9 1.3	.8	1.5	.6 .7
Self-employed workers, except retail trade	1,524 11,166	1,374 3,293	150 7,873	2.1 15.5	7.0	31.3	2.3 16.3	3.1 7.1	.6 34.1	8.2	1.0 5.7	.3 11.8
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	2,880 8,286	52 3,241	2,828 5,045	4.0 11.5	6.9	11.2 20.1	4.3 12.1	.1 7.0	12.4 21.8	6.7	.1 5.6	
Sales workers	4,715 2,877	2,840 1,202	1,874 1,674	6.5 4.0	6.0 2.6	7.4 6.7	7.1 4.3	6.5 2.7	8.2 7.4	1.4	1.8	2.0 1.8
Other sales workers	1,838 26,466	1,638 22,314	200 4,153	2.5 36.7	3.5 47.4	16.5	2.8 36.2	3.8 46.3	.9 16.6	40.7	.7 58.0	.2 15.9
Craftsmen, foremen	9,221 850	8,951 849	270	12.8	19.0	(1)	13.5 1.3	19.9 1.9	1.1 (1)	.5	10.9	-
Construction craftsmen, except carpenters	1,839 2,337	1,826 2,322	13 15	2.5 3.2	3.9 4.9	.1	2.6 3.4	4.0 5.1	.1	1.9	3.1	(1)
Metal craftsmen, except mechanics	1,112	1,100	12 139	1.5 2.5	2.3 3.6	(1)	1.6 2.7	2.5 3.7	(1)	1.3	1.1	
Foremen, not elsewhere classified	1,265 13,390	1,175 9,620	90 3,772	1.8 18.6	2.5	15.0	1.9	2.7 19.8		21.3	26.1	14.4
Drivers and deliverymenOther operatives	2,505 10,885	2,462 7,158	3,728	3.5 15.1	5.2 15.2	14.8	3.4 14.9	5.0 14.8	14.9	17.0	7.3 18.8	14.4
Durable goods manufacturing	4,298 3,700	3,288 1,740	1,011	6.0 5.1	3.7	7.8	6.0 5.2	6.9 3.6	8.1	4.9	4.3	5.8
Other industries	2,887 3,855	2,130 3,743		4.0 5.3	8.0	3.0	3.7 4.5	6.5		12.7	21.1	.7
Construction	1,091	1,038		1.1	2.2		1.3	1.4	1.2	3.5	5.8	.3
Other industries	1,959 9,342	1,904 3,287	6,057		7.0	24.1	2.3 10.7	6.1	19.6	31.7	10.4	54.9
Privare household workers	2,251 7,091	57 3,230	3,862	3.1 9.8	6.9	15.4	2.0 8.7	6.0	14.0	19.0	15.1	24.5
Protective service workers	874 1,958	833 558	1,401	1.2 2.7	1.2	5.6	1.3 2.6	1.9	5,5	3,8	2.5	5.8
Other service workers	4,259 4,265	1,839 3,466	799	5.9	7.4	3.2	4.8 5.6	7.1	2.8	8.1	9.9	5.5
Farmers and farm managers	2,244 2,021	2,112	667	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.3 2.4 1.3	2.4	2.	6.3	7.2	5.1
Paid workers Unpaid family workers	1,249 772	1,041 313		1.7	2.2		1.1		1 -		.7	

^{1/} Less than 0.05

HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table A-20: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics

1965

				cent distribut							
			Full or p	art-time statu	s			<u> </u>	lours of wo	rk	,
	Tota ar work	-	On full- time	Economic	On part time	Other reasons	Total	1 to	35 to	41 hours	Average hours,
Characteristics	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work parr time	Usually work part time	at work	34 hours	40 hours	and over	total at Work
AGE AND SEX											
Total	64,227	100.0	85.2	1.4	1.6	11.8	100.0	19.6	47.9	32.5	40.2
Male	41,366	100.0	91.1	1.3	1.1	6.4	100.0	13.4	46.0	40.5	42.9
14 to 17 years	1,533	100.0	21.0	.9	6.1	72.0	100.0	80.5	12.0	7.5	18.8
18 and 19 years	1,452	100.0	69.0	2.5	3.6	24.9	100.0	34.6	39.7	25.7	35.2
20 to 24 years	4,206	100.0	89.6	1.9	1.3	7.1	100.0	14.6	46.6	38.7	42.0
25 to 34 years	8,836	100.0	96.8	1.3	.6	1.4	100.0	7.9	47.5	44.7	45.0
35 to 44 years	9,773	100.0	97.7	1.0	.6	.7	100.0	6.9	46.7	46.4	45.6
45 to 64 years	14,082	100.0	96.0	1.3	.9	1.9	100.0	9.2	49.9	41.0	44.2
65 years and over	1,483	100.0	67.8	.7	1.9	29.5	100.0	36.2	36.2	27.5	35,6
Female	22,861	100,0	74.3	1.6	2.5	21.6	100.0	30.9	51.5	17.6	35.2
14 to 17 years	1,090	100.0	15.8	.8	4.3	79.1	100.0	84.8 33.6	10.7 54.0	4.5 12.4	15.4 33.2
18 and 19 years	1,273	100.0	70.5	2.6 1.6	4.5 2.4	22.4 11.9	100.0	21.5	62.4	16.1	36.9
20 to 24 years	2,934 3,744	100.0	78.4	1.5	1.8	18.4	100.0	27.5	55.8	16.8	35.8
25 to 34 years	4,940	100.0	76.2	1.7	2.0	20.1	100.0	29.3	52.7	18.0	36.0
35 to 44 years	8,061	100.0	78.5	1.5	2.5	17.6	100.0	27.2	52.1	20.8	37.1
45 to 64 years	818	100.0	53.5	7.7	2.9	42.9	100.0	50.2	29.8	20.0	31.2
MARITAL STATUS AND SEX											
Male: Single	6,854	100.0	68.9	1.9	3.3	26.0	100,0	35.0	41.1	24.0	34.5
Married, wife present	32,424	100.0	95.9	1.1	.6	2.4	100.0	8.8	46.8	44.4	44.7
Other	2,087	100.0	90.4	2.0	2.4	5.2	100.0	14.7	49.6	35.7	42.1
Female: Single	5,497	100.0	70.9	1.1	2.9	25.0	100.0	33.6	51.1	15.2	32.8
Married, husband present	12,675	100.0	73.6	1.7	1.9	22.8	100.0	31.8	51.3	16.9	35.3
Other	4,689	100.0	80.2	1.8	3.5	14.5	100.0	25.2	52.2	22.6	37.5
COLOR AND SEX											
White	57,492	100.0	85.6	1.3	1.2	11.9	100.0	19.1	47.5	33.4	40.4
Male	37,460	100.0	91.4	1.2	.9	6.5	100.0	13.1	45.2	41.7	43.2
Female	20,031	100.0	74.9	1.5	1.7	22.0	100.0	30.4	51.9	17.8	35.3
Nonwhite	6,735	100.0	80.9	2.4	5.3	11.4	100.0	24.4	51.6	24.0	37.8
Male	3,905	100.0	88.3	2.6	3.4	5.6	100.0	17.1 34.5	53.7 48.6	29.1 16.9	40.2
Female	2,830	100.0	70.5	2.2	7.9	19.4	100.0	34.3	40.0	10.9	34.5

Table A-21: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker

1965

(Percent distribution) Nonagricultural industries Agriculture Wage and salary workers Self-Unpaid Self-Unpaid Wage and Private Hours of work Total salary Total employed family Total family Governemployed Total Other workers workers workers holds ment workers workers 2,185 100.0 64,22**7** 100.0 57,749 100.0 2,484 100.0 8,932 100.0 46,333 100.0 5,864 100.0 68,654 100.0 4,427 100.0 1,457 100.0 Total at work . . . thousands 100.0 100.0 42.7 49.6 19.3 66.8 17.2 17.1 20.7 31.6 34.6 23.2 19.6 20.5 9.5 5.3 41.7 4.0 12.6 6.3 6.1 1 to 14 hours..... 6.4 8.8 4.5 12.2 7.9 5.0 23.5 10.3 10.0 25.0 4.7 3.7 4.2 4.0 5.0 7.2 5.3 6.3 5.7 16.7 7.9 3.2 3.1 10.8 4.3 3.7 3.6 4.9 5.0 5.0 6.3 4.8 3.6 8.4 4.1 30 to 34 hours 45.8 6.3 15.6 12.4 50.9 18.5 57.1 51.5 21.4 22.4 19.3 5.5 13.8 5.8 6.6 6.5 44.4 4.9 13.6 5.9 51.2 6.7 44.8 4.2 17.2 6.6 11.1 6.3 8.2 39.5 33.8 9.0 41.6 14.2 6.7 40 hours..... 25.6 7.6 4.3 64.4 32.6 32.5 29.9 31.3 34.8 52.7 46.0 14.7 41 hours and over 8.4 6.7 8.0 5.6 7.3 4.1 6.4 8.2 3.8 8.7 6.8 5.8 6.5 4.2 4.3 4.8 2.6 23.6 6.7 3.0 7.9 7.3 6.6 4.1 14.8 13.7 15.3 24.9 34.4 55.5 17.6 19.3 42.9 5.5 2.4 6.7 7.7 8.8 8.0 5.0 6.2 3.0 6.5 11.2 6.8 6.6 2.7 4.6 14.2 4.5 3.8 3.0 2.8 2.6 1.3 2.6 3.7 1.5 3.3 6.2 5.2 12.0 10.6 15.0 6.1 4.7 3.9 2.5 9.3 3.5 2.3 2.1 14.7 28.7 9.5 70 hours and over......... 4.5 19.3 10.5 45.7 40.8 51.8 37.6 40.2 39.5 23.5 40.0 40.3 46.8 39.1

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

(In thousands)

Industry	1965 ¹	1964	1963	1962	Change fr	
					1964	1963
TOTAL	60,432	58,156	56,602	55,515	2,276	3,830
MINING	628	633	635	650	-5	
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,211	3,056	2,963	2,902	155	248
MANUFACTURING	17,984	17,259	16,995	16,853	725	989
DURABLE GOODS	10,379	9,813	9,616	9,480	566	763
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	605.8 429.1 620.5 1,292.5 1,260.8 1,713.9 1,671.1 1,739.3	247.1 602.5 405.9 611.8 1,231.2 1,187.3 1,606.1 1,548.4 1,604.8 369.3 398.5	265.5 592.6 389.9 600.8 1,172.2 1,150.1 1,553.9 1,659.7 364.8 386.8	264.4 589.3 385.1 592.3 1,165.6 1,127.7 1,493.2 1,567.0 1,547.0 358.7 389.6	-10.7 3.3 23.2 9.1 61.3 73.5 107.8 122.7 134.5 15.5 25.9	-29.1 13.2 39.2 20.1 120.3 110.7 184.6 117.2 129.6 20.0 37.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	7,604	7,446	7,380	7,373	158	224
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products Rubber and plastic products Leather and leather products	83.5 919.3 1,350.8 637.5 977.3 902.7 178.1 463.9	1,745.8 89.1 891.1 1,302.0 625.2 950.5 877.4 182.7 433.6 348.4	1,752.0 88.6 885.4 1,282.8 618.5 930.6 865.3 188.7 418.5 349.2	1,763.0 90.5 902.3 1,263.7 614.4 926.4 848.5 195.3 408.4 360.7	-8.1 -5.6 28.2 48.8 12.3 26.8 25.3 -4.6 30.3	-14.3 -5.1 33.9 68.0 19.0 46.7 37.4 -10.6 45.4
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,031	3,947	3,903	3,906	84	128
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	12,585	12,132	11,778	11,566	453	807
WHOLESALE TRADE	3,263 9,322	3,173 8,959	3,104 8,675	3,056 8,511	90 363	159 647
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3,043	2,964	2,877	2,800	79	166
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	8,903	8,569	8,226	7,947	334	677
GOVERNMENT	10,046	9,595	9,225	8,890	451	821
FEDERAL	. 2,379 . 7,667	2,348 7,248	2,358 6,868	2, 340 6,550	31 419	2 <u>1</u> 799

¹ Preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

Table B-2: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

(In thousands)

	(In thousands)											
Industry	1965 ¹	1964	1963	1962	Change to 1969							
industry	1907	1904	1903	1902	1964	1963						
IANUFACTURING	13,376	12,769	12,555	12,488	607	821						
DURABLE GOODS	7,692	7,209	7,027	6,935	483	665						
Ordnance and accessories	102.3	106.1	115.2	119.3	-3.8	-12.9						
Lumber and wood products	531.9	530.2	526.6	526.7	1.7	5.3						
Furniture and fixtures	356.4	337.1	324.1	319.6	19.3	32.3						
Stone, clay, and glass products	498.7	492.2	483.9	477.7	6.5	14.8						
Primary metal industries	1,055.7	1,001.9	947.4	937-3	53.8	108.3						
Fabricated metal products	976.3	912.5	881.6	863.7	63.8	94.7						
Machinery	1,199.2	1,117.8	1,059.2	1,037.8	81.4	140.0						
Electrical equipment	1,145.0	1,038.5	1,034.3	1,050.7	106.5	110.7						
Transportation equipment	1,240.3	1,120.3	1,112.3	1,059.9	120.0	128.0						
Instruments and related products	246.3	233.8	232.3	229.1	12.5	14.0						
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339.8	318.7	310.4	313.2	21.1	29.4						
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,684	5,560	5,527	5,553	124	157						
Food and kindred products	1,146.9	1,154.3	1,167.1	1,178.4	-7.4	-20.2						
Tobacco manufactures	72.0	77.4	76.6	78.7	-5.4	-4.6						
Textile mill products	821.2	797.5	793.4	812.1	23.7	27.8						
Apparel and related products	1,202.6	1,157.8	1,138.0	1,122.9	44.8	64.6						
Paper and allied products	497.1	488.7	486.4	486.0	8.4	10.						
Printing and publishing	619.6	601.4	590.3	594.5	18.2	29.1						
Chemicals and allied products	542.9	528.6	525.3	519.3	14.3	17.6						
Petroleum and related products	110.1	113.6	119.9	125.5	-3.5	-9.8						
Rubber and plastic products	361.0	334.7	322.7	316.5	26.3	38.3						
Leather and leather products	310.8	306.3	307.8	318.9	4.5	3.0						

Preliminary.

Table B-3: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

		Average we	ekly bours			Average hou	urly earnings	3		Average we	ekly earning	s
Industry	1965¹	1964	1963	1962	1965¹	1964	1963	1962	1965 ¹	1964	1963	1962
MANUFACTURING. Overtime bours. DURABLE GOODS. Overtime bours. NONDURABLE GOODS. Overtime bours. Durable goods	41.1 3.6 42.0 3.9 40.1 3.1	40.7 3.1 41.4 3.3 39.7 2.9	40.5 2.8 41.1 2.9 39.6 2.7	40.4 2.8 40.9 2.8 39.6 2.7	\$2.61 2.79 2.36	\$2.53 2.71 2.29	\$2.46 2.63 2.22	\$2.39 - 2.56 - 2.17	\$2.07.27 117.18 94.64	\$102.97 112.19 90.91	\$99.63 108.09 87.91	\$96.56
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods	41.9 40.8 41.5 41.9 42.1 43.1 41.0 42.9 41.4 39.9	40.5 40.4 41.7 41.8 41.7 42.4 40.5 42.1 40.8 39.6	41.1 40.1 40.9 41.4 41.0 41.4 40.3 42.1 40.8 39.6	41.2 39.8 40.7 40.9 40.2 41.1 41.7 40.6 42.0 40.9 39.7	3.12 2.16 2.11 2.62 3.18 2.76 2.95 2.58 3.21 2.61 2.13	3.02 2.11 2.05 2.53 3.11 2.67 2.87 2.51 3.09 2.54 2.08	2.93 2.04 2.47 3.04 2.78 2.46 3.49 2.03	2.83 1.99 1.95 2.41 2.98 2.55 2.71 2.40 2.44 1.98	130.73 88.13 87.57 109.78 133.88 116.20 127.15 105.78 137.71 108.05 84.99	122.31 85.24 84.46 105.50 130.00 111.34 121.69 101.66 130.09 103.63 82.37	120.42 81.80 81.80 102.26 124.64 108.05 116.20 99.14 126.72 101.59 80.39	116.60 79.20 79.37 98.57 119.80 104.81 113.01 97.44 122.22 99.80 78.61
Food and kindred products	41.1 37.8 41.8 36.4 43.1 38.6 41.9 42.0 38.2	41.0 38.8 41.0 35.9 42.8 38.5 41.6 41.9 41.3	41.0 38.7 40.6 36.1 42.7 38.3 41.5 41.7 40.8 37.5	41.0 38.6 40.6 36.2 42.5 38.3 41.6 41.6 41.0 37.6	2.43 2.11 1.87 1.83 2.65 3.06 2.89 3.28 2.61 1.88	2.37 1.96 1.79 1.79 2.56 2.97 2.80 3.19 2.54 1.82	2.30 1.91 1.71 1.73 2.48 2.89 2.72 3.16 2.47 1.76	2.24 1.85 1.68 1.69 2.40 2.82 2.65 3.05 2.44	99.87 79.76 78.17 66.61 114.22 118.12 121.09 138.42 109.62 71.82	97.17 76.05 73.39 64.26 109.57 114.35 116.48 133.66 104.90 68.98	94.30 73.92 69.43 62.45 105.90 110.69 112.88 131.77 100.78 66.00	91.84 71.41 68.21 61.18 102.00 108.01 110.24 126.88 100.04 64.67

¹Preliminary unweighted averages.

Technical Note

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series--concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations--is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Use order blank on page 13-E.

INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews and (2) payroll reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides a comprehensive measure of the labor force, i.e., the total number of persons 14 years of age and over who are employed or unemployed. It also provides data on their personal and economic characteristics such as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households throughout the country and is based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas.

The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are described as follows:

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobbolding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week--that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on paid sick leave, paid vacation, or paid holiday are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did

not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Statistical Research Service (SRS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reasons for some noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes contract construction, professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Not all nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 32 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

Labor Force Data

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). (A detailed description of this survey appears in "Concepts and Methods Used in Household Statistics on Employment and Unemployment from the Current Population Survey", Bureau of Labor Statistics Report No. 279. This report is available from BLS on request.)

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumera-

tions and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Until August 1962, the sample for CPS was spread over 333 areas. Between August 1962 and March 1963, the number of sample areas was increased to 357, comprising 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. This revision takes account of the changes in population distribution and characteristics shown by the 1960 Census. The number of households remains unchanged at 35,000.

Each month, 35,000 occupied units are designated for interview. About 1,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent. In addition to the 35,000 occupied units there are 5,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be ehumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for approximately three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year ago.

CONCEPTS

Employed Persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all either as paid employees, or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy (e.g., Mexican migratory farm workers).

Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed Persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community. Persons in this latter category will usually be residents of a community in which there are only a few dominant industries which were shut down during the survey week. Not included in this category are persons who say they were not looking for work because they were too old, too young, or handicapped in any way.

The Unemployment Rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force, i.e., the sum of the employed and unemployed. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc. When applied to industry and occupation groups, the labor force base for the unemployment rate also represents the sum of the employed and the unemployed, the latter classified according to industry and occupation of their latest full-time civilian job.

Duration of Unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their line of work or in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of

their most recent employment. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The Civilian Labor Force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

Not in Labor Force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, Industry, and Class of Worker apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1960 Census of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The industrial classification system used in the Census of Population and the current Population Survey differs somewhat from that used by the BLS in its reports on employment, by industry. Employment levels by industry from the household survey, although useful for many analytical purposes, are not published in order to avoid public misunderstanding since they differ from the payroll series because of differences in classification, sampling variability, and other reasons. The industry figures from the household survey are used as a base for published distributions on hours of work, unemployment rates, and other characteristics of industry groups such as age, sex, and occupation.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Hours of Work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working "full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time." Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and full-time worker only during peak season.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The estimating procedure is essentially one of using sample results to obtain percentages of the population in a given category. The published estimates are then obtained by multiplying these percentage distributions by independent estimates of the population. The principal steps involved are shown below. Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for six groups--color (white and non-white) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 3 to 5 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1960 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1960 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Nation and for the sample areas.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent

current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1960) to take account of subsequent aging of the population, mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the levels for most items.

Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table A shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for past months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table A. The standard errors of level shown in table A are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year to year change.

Table A. Average standard error of major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Average standard error of--Month-Employment status to-month and sex Monthly level change (consecutive months only) **BOTH SEXES** 180 250 Labor force and total employment 200 120 Nonagricultural employment.... 300 180 100 100 Unemployment....... MALE 120 90 Labor force and total employment 90 180 120 Nonagricultural employment. ... 90 Unemployment FEMALE Labor force and total employment 180 150 55 Agriculture Nonagricultural employment.... 180 120

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Unemployment

The figures presented in table B are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table C, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table B, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table C corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table C applies to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table B are acceptable approximations.

Table B. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

(In thousands)

	Both sexes		M	ale	Female		
Size of estimate	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	
10	5	5	7	5	5	5	
50	11	10	14	10	10	10	
100	15	14	20	14	14	14	
250	24	21	31	21	22	21	
500	34	30	43	30	31	30	
1,000	48	40	60	40	45	40	
2,500	75	50	90	50	70	50	
5,000	100	50	110		100		
10,000	140		140		130		
20,000	180		150		170		
30,000	210						
40,000	220						

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the total number of persons working a specific number of hours as 15,000,000, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table B shows that the standard error of 15,000,000 is about 160,000. Consequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the sample estimate differs by less than 160,000 from the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of hours. Using the 160,000 as the

standard error of the monthly level in table C, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table C. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change

(In thousands)

	Standard error of month- to-month change		
Standard error of monthly level	Estimates relating to agricultural employment	All esti- mates ex- cept those relating to agricultural employment	
10	14	12	
25	35	26	
50	70	48	
100	100	90	
150	110	130	
200	250	160	
250		190	
300		220	

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large (50 percent or greater). Table D shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table D.

Toble D. Standard error of percentages

Base of			Es	timate	d perc	entag	•		
percent- ages (thou- sands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	35 or 65	50
150	1.0	1.4	2,2	3.0	3,5	4.0	4.2	4.7	4.9
250	.8	1.1	1.7	2.3	2.8	3,1	3.4	3.7	3,9
500	.6	.8	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.4	2,6	2.8
1,000	.4	.5	.9	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9
2,000	.3	.4	.6	.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1,4
3,000	.2	.3	.5	.7	.8	.9	1.0	1.1	1,1
5,000	.2	.2	.4	.5	.6	.7	•8	.8	.9
10,000 .	.1	.2	.3	.4	,4	۰,5	,5	•6	.6
25,000 .	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	•3	.3	.4	.4
50,000	.1	-1	.1	.2 .1	.2	.2 .2	.2 .2	.3	.3 .2
75,000 .	,1	,1	<u>_ • </u>				.2	• 2	

Establishment Data

COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location.

Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only one employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, insures maximum comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series.

Shuttle Schedules

Two types of data collection schedules are used: Form BLS 790--Monthly Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours; and Form DL 1219--Monthly Report on Labor Turnover. These schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year. The schedule is returned to the respondent each month by the collecting agency so that the next month's data can be entered. This procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures he has reported for previous months.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which most nearly coincides with the *standard survey reference week* (the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month). The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

CONCEPTS

Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a supplement to the monthly 790 or 1219 report. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

All national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series are classified in accordance with the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual* Bureau of the Budget, 1957, as amended by the 1963 Supplement.

Industry Employment

Employment data for all except the Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in contract construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining nonfarm components. For Federal Government, hours and earnings relate to all employees who worked or received pay during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than I week, figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and related workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc.,

whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Shifts in the volume of employment between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on

the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part—time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee worked on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction, from month-tomonth; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry-group level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for a worker with no dependents, and a worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production or nonsupervisory workers in the industry division without regard to marital status, family composition, or total family income.

"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings averages for the current month. The resulting level of earnings expressed in 1957-59 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period.

Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total productionworker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly $Labor\ Review$, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and manhours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1957-59 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employement.

Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included, beginning with January 1959.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll, including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed in the establishment (except employees transferring from another establishment of the same company) or of former employees not recalled by the employer.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires, including transfers from another establishment of the company.

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause; Quits, layoffs, and other separations, are defined as follows:

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces for a period expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period which includes the 12th of the month; and (2) employees on strike are not counted as turnover actions although such employees are excluded from the employment estimates if the work stoppage extends through the report period.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the industry statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of

ratio estimation, and (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks, and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

The "Link Relative" Technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a link relative. The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." Other features of the general procedures are described later in the table, Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover. Further details are given in the technical notes on Measurement of Employment, Hours, and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries and on Measuremnt of Labor Turnover, which are available upon request.

Size and Regional Stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production— or nonsupervisory—worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with comprehensive counts of employment which provide "benchmarks" for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1964 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary source of benchmark information is the employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations, covering three-fourths of the total nonfarm employment in the United States, are prepared under the direction of the Bureau of Employment Security. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates relating to the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under

this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment, while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are therefore subject to revision. To provide users of the data with a convenient reference source for the revised data, the BLS publishes as soon as possible after each benchmark revision a summary volume of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics. The current volume in this series is *Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States*, 1909-65, Bulletin 1312-3 (Dec. 1965), and contains monthly statistics from the earliest date of availability through August 1965.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The sampling plan used in the current employment statistics program is an optimum allocation design known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." The universe of establishments is stratified first by industry and then within each industry by size of establishment in terms of employment. For each industry the total size of sample is distributed among the size class cells on the basis of average employment per establishment in each cell. In practice, this is equivalent to distributing the predetermined total number of establishments required in the sample among the cells on the basis of the ratio of employment in each cell to total employment in the industry. Within each stratum the sample members are selected at random.

Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the samples for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in a relatively few establishments, a large percentage of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the larger establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments, and also for a substantial number of the smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and service divisions fall into this category. In order to keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to accept samples in these divisions with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS employment and labor turnover statistics program, with their emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after reports are mailed by respondents, and at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail. The tendency of such a sample to produce biased estimates of the level of earnings for certain industries is counteracted by the stratified estimating procedure described under "Estimating Methods."

Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. The table that follows shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1964¹

	Employees			
Industry division	Number reported	Percent of total		
Mining	287,000 596,000 10,975,000 729,000 1,738,000 2,293,000 922,000 1,522,000	47 22 65 97 55 19 32 18		
State and local	3,367,000	46		

¹ Since a few establishments do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

The table below shows the approximate coverage, in terms of employment, of the labor turnover sample.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample, March 1964

	Employees		
Industry	Number reported	Percent of total	
Manufacturing	10,029,700	5 9	
Metal mining	63,200	80	
Coal mining Communication:	59,100	40	
Telephone	587,800	85	
Telegraph	22,600	69	

Reliability of the Employment Estimate

One measure of the reliability of an employment estimate projected from a benchmark is the amount by which it differs from the new benchmark at the next adjustment period. The BLS uses this criterion rather than the standard error of the estimates. An approximation of the accuracy of the BLS employment estimates is shown by the following table:

Nonagricultural payroll employment estimates, by industry division, as a percentage of the benchmark for recent years

Industry division	1962	1963	1964
Total	99.3	101.0	100.0
	99.2	100.3	100.0
	93.9	101.5	101.5
	99.4	100.1	100.2
	100.4	100.0	100.4
	100.1	100.6	100.4
	99.9	99.8	99.4
	98.0	100.8	99.7
	100.0	103.8	99.0

For some detailed industries, the relative size of the correction to benchmarks is somewhat greater than is indicated for the major industry divisions in the preceding table.

Differences between the benchmarks and the estimates, as well as the sampling and response errors, result from changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product), which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks. At more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major

² State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on reports from a sample of Federal establishments, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

cause of benchmark adjustments; however, they become less important at broader aggregations of industries. Another cause of differences, generally minor, between the estimates and the benchmark arises from improvements in the quality of benchmark data. A detailed description of the latest adjustment, "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1964 Benchmark Levels" was published in the December 1965 issue of Employment and Earnings. Reprints of this article are available upon request to the Bureau.

For the most recent months, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary, and are so footnoted in the tables. These particular figures are based on less than the full sample and consequently are subject to revisions when all the reports in the sample have been received. Studies of these revisions of preliminary estimates in the past indicate that they have been relatively small (and most frequently upward) for employment, and even smaller for hours and earnings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State

agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages. Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Users of State and area employment, hours, and earnings statistics may be interested in *Employment and Earnings Statistics for States and Areas*, 1939-64, BLS Bulletin 1370-2. For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented from the earliest data of availability of each series through 1964.

Seasonal Adjustment

Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern -- that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series -- it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment method used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in the booklet, The BLS Seasonal Factor Method (1964), which may be obtained from the Bureau on request. An earlier version of the method is described in Appendix G of the 1962 Report of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics, Measuring Employment and Unemployment.

For establishment data, the seasonally adjusted series on weekly hours and labor turnover rates for industry groupings are computed by applying factors directly to the corresponding unadjusted series, but seasonally adjusted employment totals for all employees and production workers by industry divisions are obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data which are published for component industries. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours seasonally adjusted, for mining, contract construction, and the major industries in manufacturing are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production workers, seasonally adjusted and dividing by the 1957-59 base. For total, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods, the indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1957-59 base.

The seasonally adjusted establishment data for Federal Government are based on a series which excludes the Christmas temporary help employed by the Post Office Department in December. The employment of these workers constitutes the only significant seasonal change in Federal Government employment during the winter months. Furthermore, the volume of such employment may change substantially from year to year because of administrative decisions by the Post Office Department.

Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the data upon which the seasonally adjusted series is based. Factors currently in use for the establishment data are shown in the December 1965 *Employment and Earnings*, and revisions will be made coincidental with the adjustment of series to new benchmark levels.

For each of the three major labor force components-agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four age-sex groups (male and female workers under age 20, and age 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give seasonally adjusted total figures. In order to produce seasonally adjusted total employment and civilian labor force data, the appropriate series are

aggregated. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the seasonally adjusted civilian labor force (the sum of twelve seasonally adjusted age-sex components).

The seasonal adjustment factors applying to current data are based on a pattern shown by past experience. These factors are revised in the light of the pattern revealed by subsequent data. Revised seasonally adjusted series for major components of the labor force based on data through December 1964 are published in the February 1965 Employment and Earnings. Revisions will be made annually as each additional year's data become available.

Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics

on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

Item		ing cells (industry, region, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry levels (divisions, groups and, where stratified, individual cells)
		Monthi	y Data
All employees	plied by ratio of month to all emp	nate for previous month multi- all employees in current loyees in previous month, for ments which reported for both	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers; women employees.	plied by (1) ratio	nate for current month multi- of production or nonsuper- o all employees in sample or current month, (2) ratio of ployees.	Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Gross average weekly hours .		supervisory-worker man-hours er of production or nonsuper-	Average, weighted by production- or nonsuper- visory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours .	Production-worker by number of pro-	overtime man-hours divided duction workers.	Average, weighted by production-worker employ- ment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Gross average hourly earnings		r nonsupervisory-worker pay- otal production- or nonsuper- n-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Gross average weekly earnings	Product of gross avaverage hourly es	verage weekly hours and arnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
Labor turnover rates (total, men, and women).	in reporting firms in those firms. 100. For men (o	icular actions (e.g., quits) s divided by total employment The result is multiplied by r women), the number of men t is divided by the total number employed.	Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component cells.
	Annual Average Data		
All employees and production or non- supervisory workers+	Sum of monthly est	imates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Gross average weekly hours	or nonsupervisor	gregate man-hours (production- y-worker employment multiplied ly hours) divided by annual sum	Annual total of aggregate man-hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	(production-work	gregate overtime man-hours er employment multiplied by overtime hours) divided by nployment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Gross average hourly earnings .	or nonsupervisor	gregate payrolls (production- ry-worker employment multiplied ngs) divided by annual aggregate	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annua aggregate man-hours.
Gross average weekly earnings		verage weekly hours and	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	average hourly e		1

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