# Economic Indicators JULY 1953

Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report
by the Office of the Economic Adviser
to the President

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1953

#### JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE ECONOMIC REPORT

(Created pursuant to Sec. 5 (a) of Public Law 304, 79th Cong.)

JESSE P. WOLCOTT, Michigan, Chairman

RALPH E. FLANDERS, Vermont, Vice Chairman

RICHARD M. SIMPSON (Pennsylvania) HENRY O. TALLE (Iowa)

GEORGE H. BENDER (Ohio) EDWARD J. HART (New Jersey)

WRIGHT PATMAN (Texas)

RICHARD BOLLING (Missouri)

ROBERT A. TAFT (Ohio)

ARTHUR V. WATKINS (Utah)

BARRY GOLDWATER (Arizona)

JOHN J. SPARKMAN (Alabama)

PAUL H. DOUGLAS (Illinois)

J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (Arkansas)

GROVER W. ENSLEY, Staff Director JOHN W. LEHMAN, Clerk

#### OFFICE OF THE ECONOMIC ADVISER TO THE PRESIDENT

ARTHUR F. BURNS, Economic Adviser

[Public Law 120—81st Congress; Chapter 237—1st Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]

To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

Charts drawn by Graphics Unit, Office of the Secretary, Department of Commerce

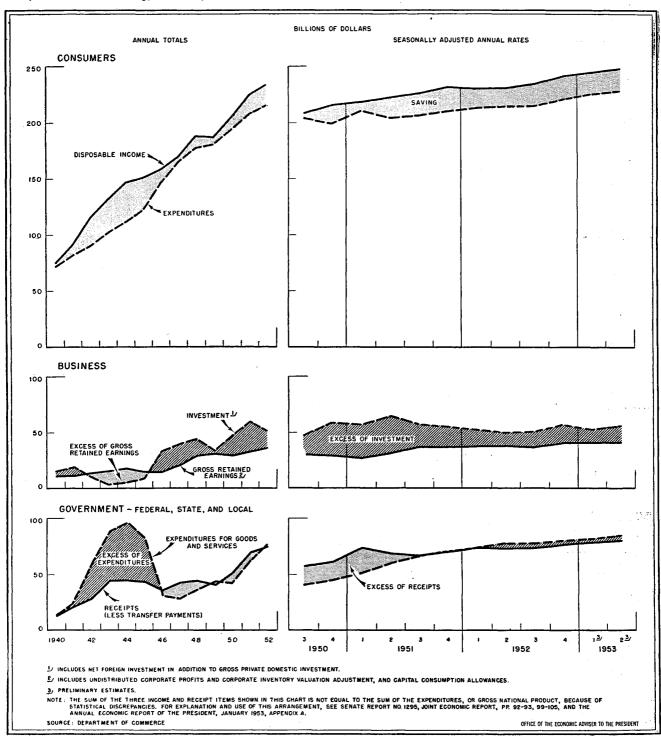
## **Contents**

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY	Page
The Nation's Economic Accounts	1 2
PRICES	
Consumer Prices	3 4 5 6
EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES	
Civilian Labor Force.  Nonagricultural Employment—Selected Industries.  Average Weekly Hours—Selected Industries.  Average Hourly Earnings—Selected Industries  Average Weekly Earnings—Selected Industries.	7 8 9 10 11
PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY	
Industrial Production Weekly Production—Selected Indicators Production of Selected Manufactures Gross Private Domestic Investment Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment New Construction New Housing Starts Inventories and Sales Merchandise Exports and Imports	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
PURCHASING POWER	
National Income Corporate Profits Personal Income Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving Per Capita Disposable Income Farm Income	21 22 23 24 25 26
CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE	
Bank Loans and Investments  Consumer Credit  Bond Yields and Interest Rates  Money Supply  Federal Budget Receipts and Expenditures  Federal Cash Receipts From and Payments to the Public	27 28 29 30 31 32

## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

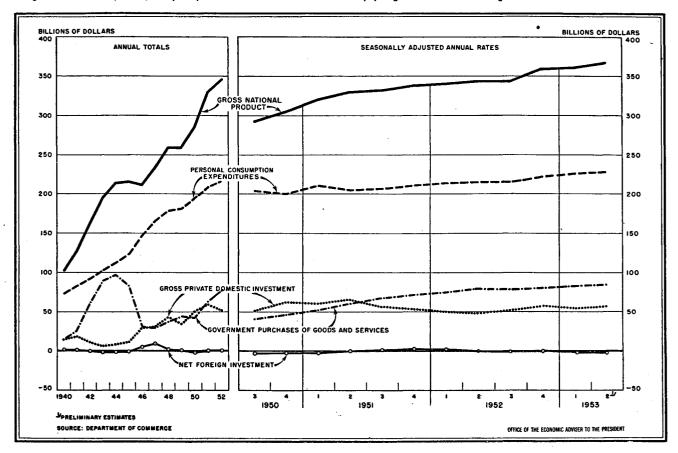
#### THE NATION'S ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

On the basis of the national income and product accounts, the excess of business investment over gross retained earnings increased from the first to the second quarter. Similarly, there was a rise in the excess of government expenditures over receipts. Personal saving, however, increased.



#### GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

Total output of goods and services rose in the second quarter to an annual rate of \$368 billion, according to preliminary estimates. Consumer spending increased, as did private domestic investment and government expenditures. But in the governmental sphere, only expenditures for national security programs were at a higher rate.



#### [Billions of dollars]

		Personal			Go	vernment	purchases	of goods	and servi	ces
	Total	con-	Gross private	Net			Fede	eral		
Period	gross national product	sump- tion expend- itures	domestic invest- ment	foreign invest- ment	Total	Total	National security 1	Other	Less Govern- ment sales	State and local
1939	258. 2 284. 2	67. 5 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 6 194. 3 208. 0 216. 3	9. 9 7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 5 50. 3 58. 5 52. 1	0. 9 -2. 1 4. 6 8. 9 1. 9 -2. 3 -2. 3	13. 1 96. 5 30. 9 28. 6 36. 6 43. 6 41. 9 62. 6 77. 8	5. 2 89. 0 20. 9 15. 8 21. 0 25. 4 22. 2 40. 9 54. 4	1. 3 88. 6 21. 2 13. 3 16. 1 19. 3 18. 5 37. 1 49. 2	3. 9 1. 6 2. 5 3. 8 5. 6 6. 6 3. 9 4. 2 5. 6	1. 2 2. 7 1. 3 . 6 . 4 . 2 . 4 . 4	7. 9 7. 5 10. 0 12. 8 15. 6 18. 2 19. 7 21. 7 23. 4
				Season	ally adjus	ted annu	al rates			
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1953: First quarter Second quarter 2	343. 0 359. 0 361. 0	213. 2 214. 9 215. 0 222. 0 226. 2 228. 0	50. 0 49. 3 51. 7 57. 3 54. 4 58. 0	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.2 \\ .4 \\ -1.6 \\9 \\ -2.0 \\ -2.5 \end{array}$	74. 4 78. 0 77. 9 80. 6 82. 4 84. 5	51. 2 54. 9 54. 8 56. 6 57. 5 59. 5	46. 4 50. 3 49. 6 50. 4 51. 2 53. 2	5. 2 5. 1 5. 6 6. 5 6. 5 6. 5	.4 .4 .3 .3 .2	23. 2 23. 0 23. 1 24. 0 25. 0 25. 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations (except foreign loans), atomic energy, merchant marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense. For further details, see *Annual Economic Report of the President*, january 1953 (p. 165), and *Survey of Current Business*, July 1952 (p. 12).

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business, July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

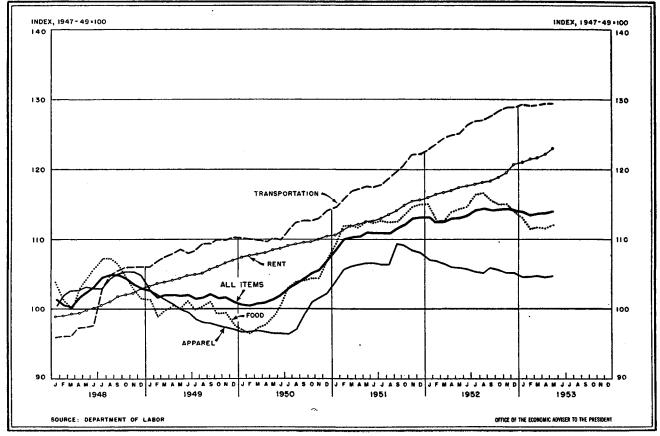
Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## **PRICES**

#### CONSUMER PRICES

The consumer price index rose 0.3 percent in May, the third month in a row in which there has been a rise. Prices for most major commodity groups advanced slightly. The largest increases were 0.5 percent for food and 0.4 percent for medical care.



[1947-49=100]

	_		[-0.		~1					
Period	All	Food	Hou	sing	Apparel	Trans- porta-		Personal		Other goods
10,700	items		Total	Rent	пррагег	tion	care	care	recrea- tion	and services
1939 monthly average 1942 monthly average 1945 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average	59. 4 69. 7 76. 9 83. 4 102. 8 101. 8 101. 8 111. 0 113. 5	47. 1 61. 3 68. 9 79. 0 104. 1 100. 0 101. 2 100. 5 112. 6 114. 6	(2) (3) (1) (2) 101. 7 103. 3 106. 1 104. 9 112. 4 114. 6	86. 6 90. 4 90. 9 91. 4 100. 7 105. 0 108. 8 108. 7 113. 1 117. 9	52. 5 64. 9 76. 3 83. 7 103. 5 99. 4 98. 1 96. 5 106. 9 105. 8	(a) (b) (c) (c) 100. 9 108. 5 111. 3 109. 9 118. 4 126. 2	(a) (b) (c) (c) (d) 100. 9 104. 1 106. 0 105. 4 111. 1 117. 2	(9) (9) (101. 3 101. 1 101. 1 99. 2 110. 5 111. 8	(a) (b) (c) (a) 100. 4 104. 1 103. 4 102. 5 106. 5 107. 0	(*) (*) (*) (*) 100. 5 103. 4 105. 2 103. 7 109. 7 115. 4
1952: April  May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December	114. 1 114. 2 114. 3 114. 1	113. 9 114. 3 114. 6 116. 3 116. 6 115. 4 115. 0 115. 0 113. 8	114. 0 114. 0 114. 0 114. 4 114. 6 114. 8 115. 2 115. 7 116. 4	116. 9 117. 4 117. 6 117. 9 118. 2 118. 3 118. 8 119. 5 120. 7	106. 0 105. 8 105. 6 105. 3 105. 1 105. 8 105. 6 105. 2 105. 1	124. 8 125. 1 126. 3 126. 8 127. 0 127. 7 128. 4 128. 9 128. 9	115. 9 116. 1 117. 8 118. 0 118. 1 118. 8 118. 9 118. 9 119. 3	111. 3 111. 6 111. 7 111. 9 112. 1 112. 1 112. 3 112. 4 112. 5	106. 2 106. 2 106. 8 107. 0 107. 0 107. 3 107. 6 107. 4	115. 2 115. 8 115. 7 116. 0 115. 9 115. 9 115. 8 115. 8
1953: January February March April May	113. 9 113. 4 113. 6 113. 7 114. 0	113. 1 111. 5 111. 7 111. 5 3 112. 1	116. 4 116. 6 116. 8 117. 0 117. 1	121. 1 121. 5 121. 7 122. 1 123. 0	104. 6 104. 6 104. 7 104. 6 104. 7	129. 3 129. 1 129. 3 129. 4 129. 4	119. 4 119. 3 119. 5 120. 2 120. 7	112. 4 112. 5 112. 4 112. 5 112. 8	107. 8 107. 5 107. 7 107. 9 108. 0	115. 6 115. 8 117. 5 117. 9 118. 0

The new base 1947-49=100 is in compliance with recommendations of the U. S. Bureau of the Budget. Beginning with January 1953 the index structure has been changed.

Not available.

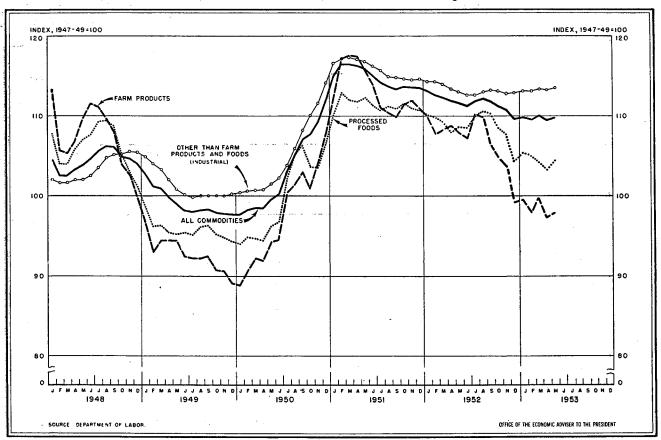
Food prices rose 1.9 percent between mid-May and mid-June, according to preliminary data.

Source: Department of Labor.

Digitized for FRASER

#### AATTOTIONINE T IVIOTIO

Wholesale prices, which were higher on the average in May than in April, fell slightly in June. Prices of farm products and foods declined throughout June, while industrial prices rose a little during the last half of the month.



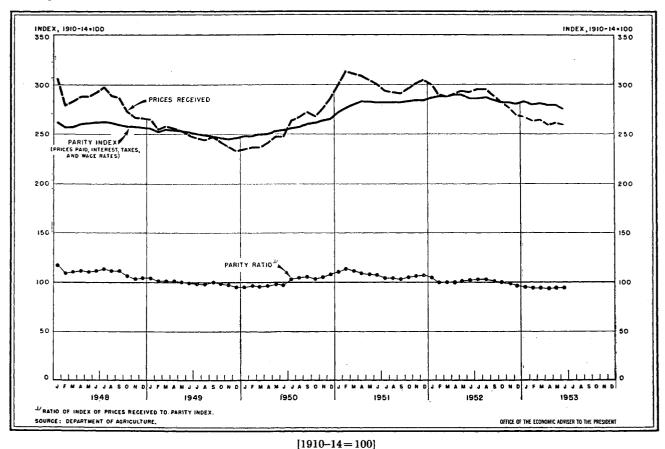
[194	47-49=100]			
Period	All com- modities	Farm products	Processed foods	Other than farm products and foods (industrial)
1942 monthly average	64. 2 78. 7 96. 4 104. 4 99. 2 103. 1 100. 2 114. 8 111. 6 111. 8 111. 2 111. 8 112. 2 111. 8 111. 1 110. 7 109. 6	59. 2 83. 2 100. 0 107. 3 92. 8 97. 5 94. 5 113. 4 107. 0 108. 7 107. 2 110. 2 110. 2 109. 9 106. 6 104. 9 103. 6 99. 2	(1) (2) 98. 2 106. 1 95. 7 99. 8 96. 8 111. 4 108. 6 108. 6 108. 5 110. 5 110. 3 108. 5	68. 3 78. 3 95. 3 103. 4 101. 3 105. 0 102. 2 115. 9 113. 2 113. 0 112. 6 112. 5 113. 0 113. 2
December  1953: January February March April May  Week ended: 2  1953: June 2 9 16 23 30	109. 6 109. 6 110. 0 109. 4 109. 8 109. 7 109. 6 109. 3 109. 4	99. 2 99. 6 97. 9 99. 8 97. 3 97. 9	104. 3 105. 5 105. 2 104. 1 103. 2 104. 4 104. 9 104. 2 103. 2 103. 2 103. 2	112. 9 113. 1 113. 1 113. 2 113. 5 113. 5 113. 5 114. 0 114. 1

Not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Weekly data not shown on chart.

#### PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers dropped 0.8 percent in June, thus continuing their decline over the past 2 years. Largely responsible for the drop were sharp decreases in cattle and wheat prices. Truck crops and fruit were the only products which showed price increases. Prices paid by farmers were 1.4 percent lower than in May and the parity ratio was unchanged.

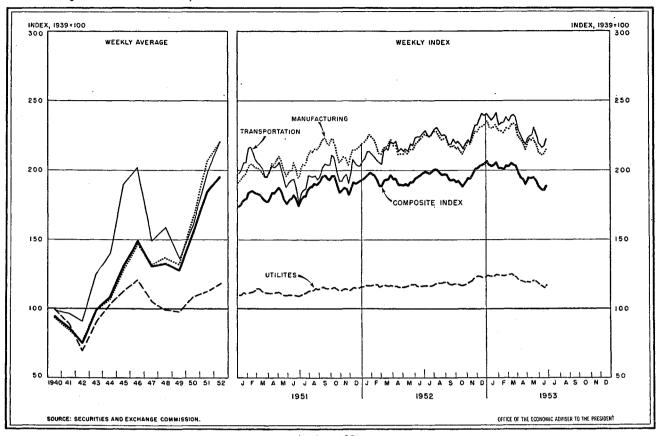


Parity index Prices (prices paid, Period received Parity ratio 1 interest, taxes, by farmers and wage rates) 1939 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 1942 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 196 1944 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 1946 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 1950 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ June 15 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average\_\_\_\_\_ 1952: May 15\_\_\_\_\_ June 15\_\_\_\_\_ July 15\_\_\_\_\_ August 15.\_\_ September 15\_\_\_\_\_ October 15\_. November 15\_\_\_\_ December 15 94 January 15 February 15 March 15 April 15\_\_\_\_\_ May 15\_\_\_\_\_ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ratio of index of prices received by farmers to parity index.

<sup>1</sup> Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946. Source: Department of Agriculture.

Stock prices of all industrial groups continued to decline during the early weeks of June, but toward the close of the month all registered some recovery.



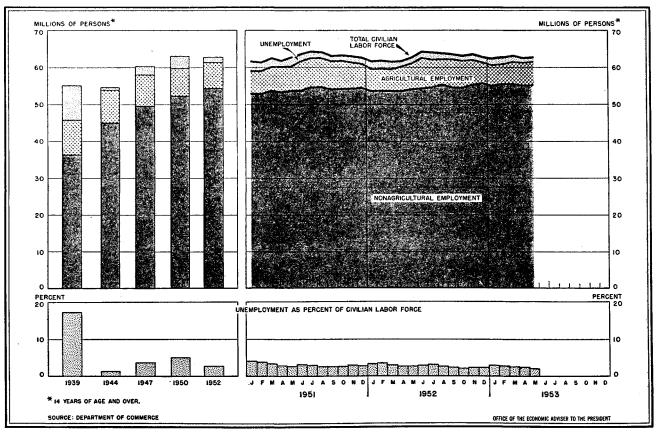
		1	1939 = 1001					
	Com-	<u>M</u>	anufacturi		m-	-	Trade,	
Period	posite index 1	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Trans- portation	Utilities	finance, and service	Mining
Weekly average:								
1940	94. 2	93. 4	92. 5	94. 2	99. 2	99. 9	90.4	75. 6
1946	149. 4	146. 6	138. 6	154. 4	202. 4	121. 0	204. 3	125. 5
1949	127. 7	132. 1	116. 1	147. 2	136. 2	98. 1	160. 5	129. 2
1950	154. 1	165. 7	150. 2	187. 2	160. 0	108. 9	185. 7	143. 5
June	158. 3	171. 1	156. 0	185. 0	149. 5	114.8	182. 4	143. 0
1951	184. 9	206. 8	178. 5	233. 1	199. 0	112. 6	207. 7	204. 9
1952	195. 0	220. 2	188. 8	249. 3	220. 6	117. 9	205. 8	275. 7
1952: May		213. 7	181. 7	243. 3	215. 9	116. 7	201. 3	283. 2
June	196. 0	221. 6	187. 1	253. 4	224. 6	116.8	203. 8	290. 5
July	198. 7	225. 3	191. 7	256. 3	226. 3	116. 9	208. 3	288. 9 278. 2
August	198. 7 194. 1	225. 2 219. 3	194. 3	253. 7 245. 6	227. 9 221. 3	118. 6 118. 3	209. 5 206. 3	278. 2 274. 8
SeptemberOctober	194. 1	219. 3	190. 9 188. 3	239. 2	218. 9	117. 6	200. 3	264. 5
November	196. 8	222. 6	196. 3	247. 0	225. 1	121. 2	205. 2	259. 9
December	203. 4	230. 8	204. 6	254. 9	237. 7	123. 2	212. 2	266. 8
1953: January	204. 7	232. 4	207. 7	255. 3	239. 2	124. 1	211. 9	261. 2
February	201. 9	228. 6	203. 6	251. 7	234. 8	124. 3	210. 4	255. 8
March	203. 9	232. 2	206. 8	255. 6	238. 1	124. 3	212. 4	262. 7
April	193. 7	220. 2	193. 8	244. 5	223. 2	120. 4	207. 0	252. 0
May	194. 1	220. 9	195. 9	243. 8	225. 7	120. 0	208. 8	247. 0
June	187. 3	212. 7	186. 8	236. 4	212. 2	116. 6	203. 8	237. 4
Week ended:			,					
1953: June 5	188. 2	213. 2	188. 2	236. 0	219. 9	117. 8	205. 1	<b>23</b> 8. 6
12	186. 0	211. 1	185. 4	234. 6	216. 8	116. 2	203. 6	235. 6
19	186. 2	211. 8	185. 8	235. 5	217. 6	115. 4	202. 8	236. 5
26	188. 8	214. 8	187. 6	239. 6	222. 4	117. 1	203. 7	<b>238.</b> 9
July 4 2	190. 1	216. 1	188. 3	241. 5	225. 6	118. 1	205. 7	238. 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining. 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service. Indexes are for weekly closing prices.

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

#### CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Seasonal factors accounted for the 1.8 million increase in the civilian labor force in June. Total employment reached an all-time peak of 63.2 million, with a larger-than-usual rise in agriculture and practically no change in nonagricultural industries. Unemployment rose somewhat as school-age youngsters entered the labor force to look for summer jobs; but it was the lowest postwar level for the month.

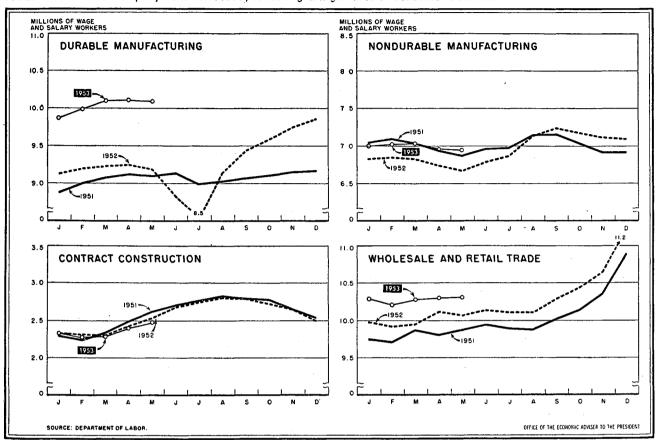


	Total labor		Civi	lian labor fo	rce		Unemploy-
Period	force (in- cluding	T-4-1	E	mployment	1	Unem-	ment as per- cent of total
	armed forces)	Total	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	ploy- ment	civilian labor force
		Chousands o	of persons, 1	4 years of a	ge and over		
1939 monthly average	55, 600	55, 230	45, 750	9, 610	36, 140	9, 480	17. 2
1944 monthly average	65, 890	54, 630	53, 960	8, 950	45, 010	670	1. 2
1947 monthly average	61, 608	60, 168	58, 027	8, 266	49, 761	2, 142	3. 6
1948 monthly average	62, 748	61, 442	59, 378	7, 973	51, 405	2, 064	3. 4
1949 monthly average	63, 571 64, 599	62, 105	58, 710	8, 026	50, 684	3, 395	5. 5
1950 monthly average	66, 177	63, 099 64, 866	59, 957	7, 507	52, 450	3, 142	5. 0 5. 2
June		62, 884	61, 482 61, 005	9, 046 7, 054	52, 436 53, 951	3, 384	3. 2
1951 monthly average		62, 966	61, 293	6, 805	54, 488	1, 8 <b>7</b> 9 1, 673	2. 7
1952: May		62, 778	61, 176	6, 960	54, 216	1, 602	2. 6
June	67, 884	64, 390	62, 572	8, 170	54, 402	1, 818	2. 8
July	1	64, 176	62, 234	7, 598	54, 636	1, 942	3. 0
August		63, 958	62, 354	6, 964	55, 390	1, 604	2. 5
September		63, 698	62, 260	7, 548	54, 712	1, 438	2. 3
October	66, 566	63, 146	61, 862	7, 274	54, 588	1, 284	2. 0
November	67, 047	63, 646	62, 228	6, 774	55, 454	1, 418	2. 2
December		62,921	61, 509	5, 697	55, 812	1,412	2. 2
1953: January	(2)	62,416	60, 524	5, 452	55, 072	1, 892	3. 0
February	(2)	62, 712	60, 924	5, 366	55, 558	1, 788	2. 9
March	(2)	63, 134	61, 460	5, 720	55, 740	1, 674	2. 7
April	(2)	62, 810	61, 228	6, 070	55, 158	1, 582	2. 5
May		62, 964	61, 658	6, 390	55, 268	1, 306	2. 1
June *	(2)	64,734	63, 172	7, 926	55, 246	1, 562	2. 4

<sup>1</sup> Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off,

#### NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The decline in manufacturing employment in May was less than is usual at this time of year. Federal employment dropped slightly again, but was more than offset by an increase at the State-and-local level. Although construction registered the smallest April-to-May gain in 7 years, it was above the May level of all earlier years except 1951 and 1952. Retail trade employment increased, reflecting a high level of consumer demand.



FFT13 3				11
[Thousands	of wan	e and sala	arv work	ters 1

Period	M	lanufacturi	ng	Contract construc-	Wholesale and retail	Finance, service,	Govern- ment (Federal,	Transpor- tation and	Mining
	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods	tion	trade	etc.	State, local)	public utilities	
1939 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: May June July August September October November December	15, 321 14, 178 14, 967 14, 733 16, 082 16, 209 15, 624 15, 402	4, 683 11, 077 8, 312 7, 473 8, 085 8, 035 9, 071 9, 262 9, 189 8, 833 8, 530 9, 142 9, 440 9, 594 9, 750 9, 856	5, 394 6, 304 7, 010 6, 705 6, 882 6, 698 7, 011 6, 946 6, 666 6, 791 6, 872 7, 138 7, 240 7, 184 7, 124 7, 096	1, 150 1, 567 2, 169 2, 165 2, 333 2, 430 2, 588 2, 572 2, 543 2, 690 2, 751 2, 812 2, 794 2, 728 2, 648 2, 497	6, 612 7, 189 9, 519 9, 513 9, 645 9, 534 10, 013 10, 251 10, 108 10, 110 10, 295 10, 442 10, 650 11, 218	4, 703 5, 320 6, 636 6, 736 6, 894 6, 992 7, 068 7, 237 7, 373 7, 379 7, 378 7, 378 7, 276 7, 239 7, 215	3, 987 6, 049 5, 614 5, 837 5, 992 5, 978 6, 633 6, 629 6, 456 6, 427 6, 616 6, 704 6, 742 7, 095	2, 912 3, 619 4, 141 3, 949 3, 977 3, 984 4, 166 4, 220 4, 184 4, 225 4, 198 4, 258 4, 281 4, 286 4, 293	845 917 982 918 889 929 913 872 887 816 784 893 886 871 871
1953: January February March <sup>2</sup> April <sup>2</sup> May <sup>2</sup>	16, 884 17, 013 17, 131 17, 077	9, 880 9, 989 10, 101 10, 113 10, 090	7, 004 7, 024 7, 030 6, 964 6, 949	2, 303 2, 280 2, 292 2, 402 2, 480	10, 283 10, 214 10, 280 10, 304 10, 315	7, 161 7, 171 7, 219 7, 327 7, 395	6, 675 6, 625 6, 632 6, 614 6, 616	4, 210 4, 210 4, 231 4, 239 4, 274	866 856 846 833 829

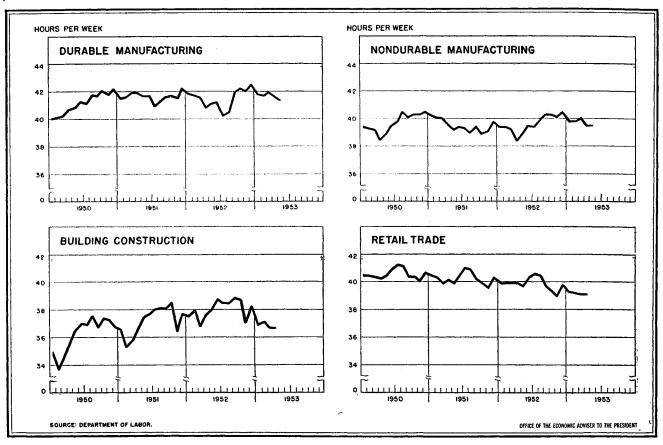
Revised series; see Employment and Payrolls, April 1953. Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor.

#### AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The average length of the workweek for manufacturing industries was 40.6 hours in May, as overtime continued to be widespread. This represented a small reduction from the April level, but was about equal to the post-World War II peak for the month reached in 1951.



	Hours per wee	k 1]			
		Manufacturing	g		
Period	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Building construction	Retail trade
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 spril May June June July August September October November December	40. 4 40. 4 40. 1 39. 2 40. 5 40. 5 40. 7 40. 7 39. 8 40. 5 39. 9 40. 5 41. 2 41. 1	38. 0 46. 6 40. 2 40. 6 40. 5 39. 5 41. 2 41. 3 41. 6 41. 5 40. 8 41. 1 41. 2 40. 2 41. 0 41. 9 42. 2 41. 9 42. 5	37. 4 42. 5 40. 5 40. 1 39. 6 38. 8 39. 5 39. 5 39. 6 38. 4 38. 9 39. 5 39. 4 39. 9 40. 3 40. 3 40. 1	32. 6 38. 4 38. 1 37. 6 2 37. 3 36. 3 37. 0 37. 2 38. 1 37. 6 37. 9 38. 8 38. 5 38. 5 38. 7 37. 1	42. 7 40. 3 40. 7 40. 3 40. 4 40. 5 40. 9 40. 2 39. 9 39. 7 40. 3 40. 6 40. 5 39. 7 39. 4 39. 8
1953: January February March <sup>3</sup> April <sup>3</sup> May <sup>3</sup>	41. 0 40. 9 41. 1 40. 8	41. 8 41. 7 41. 9 41. 6 41. 3	39. 8 39. 8 40. 0 39. 5 39. 5	36. 9 37. 1 36. 7 36. 7 (4)	39. 3 39. 2 39. 1 39. 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revised series; see Employments and Payrolls, April 1953.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates.

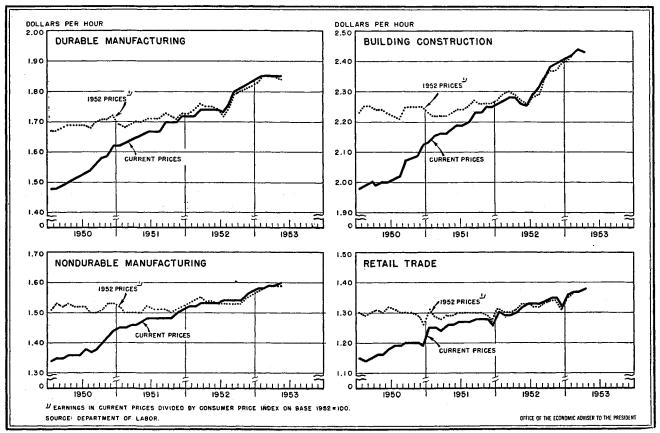
Source: Department of Labor.

Data beginning with January 1948 are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods.

<sup>4</sup> Not available.

#### AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Average hourly earnings in manufacturing, including overtime, continued at \$1.75 in mid-May for the third consecutive month. Again they were 10 cents higher than in the corresponding month of last year. The figures do not reflect the recent wage agreements in the automobile and steel industries.



[Average hourly earnings 1]

Period	All manu	facturing		e goods cturing		ble goods cturing	Buil constr	ding uction	Retail	trade
renod	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: April  May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December  1953: January  February	\$0. 63 . 96 1. 09 1. 24 1. 35 1. 40 1. 45 1. 59 1. 67 1. 65 1. 65 1. 65 1. 64 1. 69 1. 70 1. 71 1. 73 1. 74 1. 74	\$1. 20 1. 47 1. 48 1. 47 1. 49 1. 56 1. 61 1. 62 1. 63 1. 67 1. 66 1. 65 1. 65 1. 68 1. 69 1. 70 1. 70 1. 72 1. 73 1. 74	\$0. 70 1. 06 1. 16 1. 29 1. 41 1. 47 1. 52 1. 67 1. 76 1. 74 1. 74 1. 73 1. 76 1. 80 1. 81 1. 82 1. 83 1. 83 1. 84 1. 85	\$1. 34 1. 63 1. 58 1. 56 1. 64 1. 70 1. 76 1. 75 1. 75 1. 75 1. 75 1. 79 1. 80 1. 81 1. 82 1. 82 1. 83 1. 83	\$0. 58 . 80 1. 02 1. 17 1. 28 1. 32 1. 38 1. 36 1. 54 1. 53 1. 53 1. 53 1. 54 1. 54 1. 54 1. 54 1. 55 1.	\$1. 11 1. 23 1. 39 1. 41 1. 47 1. 52 1. 52 1. 51 1. 54 1. 54 1. 53 1. 53 1. 53 1. 53 1. 55 1. 55	\$0. 93 1. 25 1. 48 1. 68 2 1. 85 1. 94 2. 03 2. 00 2. 19 2. 31 2. 28 2. 25 2. 25 2. 35 2. 38 2. 40 2. 41 2. 42	\$1. 78 1. 92 2. 01 2. 00 2. 04 2. 16 2. 24 2. 31 2. 29 2. 27 2. 25 2. 28 2. 29 2. 34 2. 37 2. 37 2. 39 2. 40 2. 42	\$0. 54 . 68 . 89 1. 01 1. 19 1. 14 1. 18 1. 26 1. 32 1. 30 1. 32 1. 33 1. 33 1. 33 1. 34 1. 35 1. 35	\$1. 03 1. 04 1. 21 1. 20 1. 20 1. 27 1. 30 1. 32 1. 32 1. 33 1. 33 1. 33 1. 33 1. 34 1. 34 1. 31 1. 35 1. 37
March 4 April 4 May 4	1. 75	1. 75 1. 75 1. 74	1. 85 1. 85 1. 85	1. 85 1. 85 1. 84	1. 59 1. 59 1. 60	1. 59 1. 59 1. 59	2. 44 2. 43 ( <sup>5</sup> )	2. 44 2. 43 ( <sup>5</sup> )	1. 37 1. 38 ( <sup>5</sup> )	1. 37 1. 38 ( <sup>5</sup> )

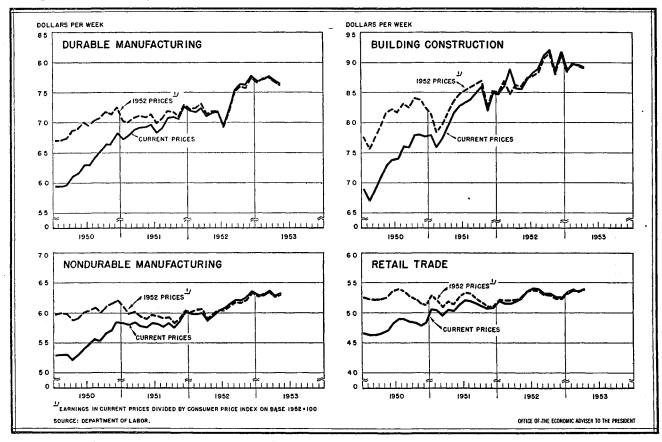
Source: Department of Labor.

Revised series; see Employment and Payrolls, April 1953.
 Earnings in current prices divided by consumer price index on base 1952=100.
 Data beginning with January 1948 are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods.

Preliminary estimates.
Not available.

#### AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Average weekly earnings of \$71.05 in May were 35 cents below April but \$4.72 above May of last year. The gain over a year ago reflects higher wage rates and longer hours as well as a larger proportion of workers in the higher-paid durable goods industries.



[Average weekly earnings 1]

Postad	All manu	facturing		le goods cturing		ble goods		lding ruction	Retail	l trade
Period	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1954 monthly average 1955 May  June July  August September October  November December  1953: January February March 4 April 4 May 4	43. 14 43. 82 49. 97 54. 14 54. 92 59. 33 58. 85 64. 71 67. 97 66. 33 66. 83 65. 44 67. 23 69. 63 70. 38 70. 28 72. 14 71. 34 71. 17 71. 93	\$45. 62 66. 17 59. 62 59. 42 59. 76 61. 23 65. 61 66. 17 67. 97 66. 60 66. 90 65. 11 66. 76 69. 28 69. 96 69. 79 71. 78 71. 06 71. 24 71. 86 71. 26 70. 77	\$26. 50 49. 30 46. 49 52. 46 57. 11 58. 03 63. 32 62. 86 69. 47 73. 04 70. 99 71. 51 71. 69 69. 55 72. 16 75. 42 76. 38 76. 26 77. 78 76. 91 77. 15 77. 52 76. 96 76. 41	\$50. 67 75. 61 63. 25 62. 38 63. 04 64. 69 69. 89 70. 08 71. 03 73. 04 71. 35 71. 76 69. 20 71. 66 75. 04 75. 92 76. 60 77. 23 77. 44 76. 81 76. 11	\$21. 78 34. 12 41. 14 46. 96 50. 61 51. 41 54. 71 53. 92 58. 46 60. 98 58. 75 59. 52 60. 44 60. 68 61. 45 62. 06 62. 06 62. 56 63. 59 62. 88 63. 60 62. 81 63. 20	\$41. 64 52. 33 55. 97 55. 84 55. 86 57. 31 60. 39 60. 11 59. 78 60. 98 59. 05 60. 50 60. 38 61. 02 61. 75 61. 69 62. 13 63. 27 62. 63 62. 94 63. 54 62. 68 62. 95	\$30. 39 48. 13 56. 24 63. 30 3 68. 85 73. 73 73. 82 81. 47 88. 01 85. 65 87. 30 88. 17 88. 94 91. 18 92. 11 88. 67 91. 68 88. 93 89. 78 89. 55 89. 18	\$58. 11 73. 82 76. 52 75. 27 75. 99 79. 10 81. 38 82. 30 83. 30 88. 01 86. 16 85. 99 87. 73 88. 32 90. 73 91. 56 88. 05 91. 22 88. 58 89. 87 89. 46 89. 00 (5)	\$23. 14 27. 36 36. 35 40. 66 43. 85 47. 63 48. 06 50. 65 52. 67 51. 87 52. 40 53. 80 53. 80 53. 19 52. 65 52. 54 53. 70 53. 59 65 53. 57 53. 96	\$44. 24 41. 46 49. 46 48. 35 48. 40 51. 57 52. 57 52. 67 52. 63 53. 65 53. 73 53. 50 52. 28 53. 75 52. 28 53. 75 53. 58 53. 75 53. 58 53. 58 54. 58 55. 58 56. 58 5

Prevised series; see Employment and Payrolls, April 1953.

Earnings in current prices divided by consumer price index on base 1952=100.

Digitized for FRASERata beginning with January 1948 are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods.

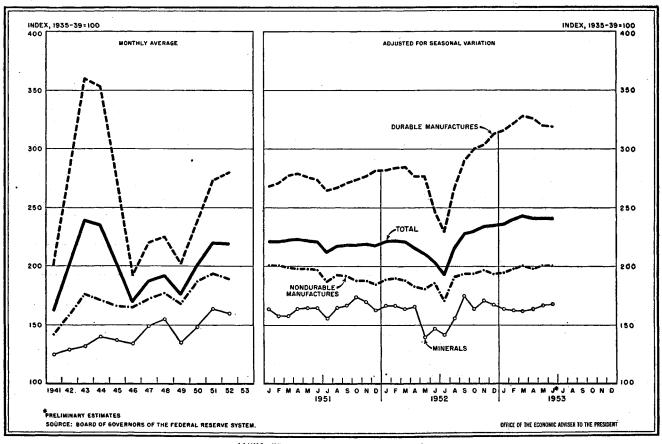
<sup>4</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Not available.
Source. Department of Labor.

## PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

According to preliminary estimates, industrial production in June, while slightly below the March figure, was at the same level as in April and May. There was a very small drop in durable goods output, largely because of declines in steel production and truck assemblies. Nondurable goods production was again at a record level. Mineral fuels production increased.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

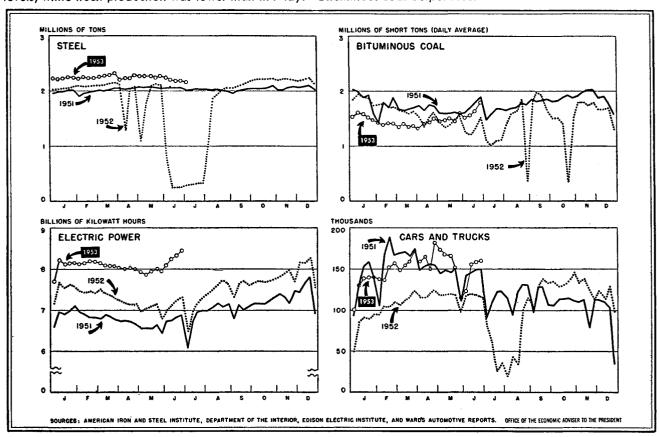
<b>5</b>	Total	N	Manufactu <b>r</b> e	<b>.</b> 5	
Period	industrial production	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- able goods	Minerals
1943 monthly average	239	258	360	176	132
1946 monthly average	170	177	192	165	134
1947 monthly average	187	194	220	172	149
1948 monthly average	192	198	225	177	155
1949 monthly average	176	183	202	168	135
1950 monthly average	200	209	237	187	148
June	199 [	208	237	184	151
1951 monthly average	220	229	273	194	164
1952 monthly average	219	230	280	189	160
1952: May	211	224	277	181	140
June	204	214	247	186	147
July	193	202	230	179	142
August	215	225	267	191	156
September October	228	237	290	194	175
October	230	242	300	195	164
November	234	245	304	197	171
December	235	247	313	194	168
1953: January	236	249	316	195	164
February	240	254	322	199	163
March	243	258	328	201	162
April	241	255	326	198	164
May 1	241	254	320	201	167
June 1	241	254	319	201	168

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

The steel industry operated at nearly full capacity levels during June. Electric power generation increased during the month as a result of hot weather and high industrial activity. Auto assemblies approached their previous high levels, while truck production was lower than in May. Bituminous coal output rose.



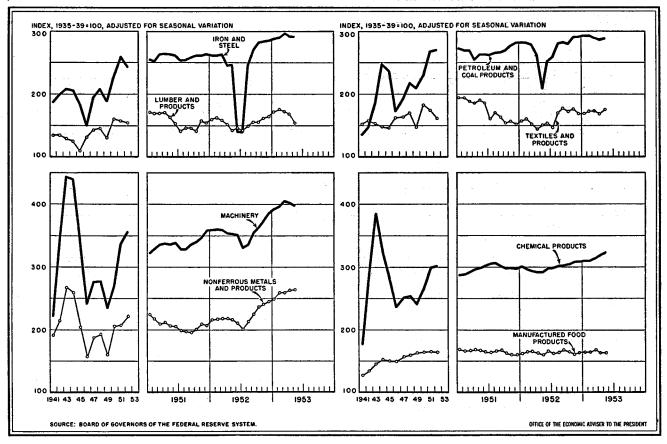
	Ste	el	Electric power,	Bituminous	Cars and
Period	Thousands of net tons	Percent of theoretical capacity 1	by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours)	coal (thousands of short tons) 2	trucks (number)
Weekly average: 1950	1, 857	96. 9	6, 183	1, 687	154, 214
June	1, 898	99. 6	6, 038	1, 777	192, 825
1951	2, 018	100. 9	6, 958	1, 772	129, 828
1952	1, 782	85. 8	7, 451	1, 542	106, 765
1952: May		89. <b>2</b>	7, 026	1, 381	114, 006
June	382	18. 4	7, 176	1, 321	118, 361
July	368	17. 7	7,076	1, 183	44, 587
August	1, 919	92. 4	7, 622	1, 314	73, 216
September	2, 118	102. 0	7, 599	1, 875	127, 345
October		106. <b>6</b>	7, 707	1, 213	135, 640
November		10 <b>5</b> . <b>9</b>	7, 841	1, 762	127, 234
December		105. <b>6</b>	7, 970	1,643	113, 122
1953: January	2, 234	99. 1	8, 156	1, 510	137, 890
February		99. 1	8, 136	1, 413	146, 188
March		101. 8	8, 116	1, 387	158, 658
April		98. 7	8, 018	1, 463	166, 322
May	2, 257	100. 1	7, 956	1, 466	149, 709
June 3	2, 205	97. 8	8, 279	1, 628	150, 252
Week ended:	0.040	00.0	0.000	1 500	100 500
1953: June 6		99. 6	8, 096	1, 523	123, 798
13		97. 9	8, 245	1, 558	155, 794
20	2, 183	96. 8	8, 329	1, 637	158, 490
27		96. 8	8, 446	1, 795	162, 924
July 43	2, 166	96. 1			180, 046

Percent of capacity based on weekly net ton capacity of 1,906,268 for the first half of 1950, 1,928,721 beginning July 1, 1950, 1,999,034 beginning January 1, 1951, 2,077,040 beginning January 1, 1952, and 2,254,459 beginning January 1, 1953.

Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

#### PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

Among the durable goods industries, only nonferrous metals increased output in May. The declines were minor except for lumber and products which experienced a further cut of 8 percent. All of the major nondurable goods industries equaled or exceeded their April production levels.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

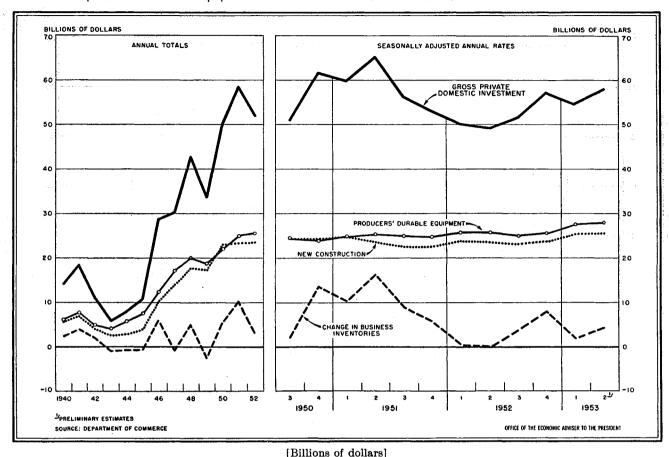
,		Durable m	anufactures		Nondurable manufactures				
Period	Iron and steel	Lumber and products	Machinery	Nonferrous metals and products	Textiles and products	Petroleum and coal products	Manufac- tured food products	Chemical products	
1943 monthly average	208 150 195 208 188 229 231 259 243	129 131 143 145 130 160 155 157	443 240 276 277 234 270 262 336 356	267 157 187 193 160 206 207 207 222	153 162 163 170 147 182 173 174	185 173 193 218 209 229 222 267 270	145 149 157 159 163 164 164	384 236 251 254 241 264 261 299 301	
1952: April  May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December	245 246 140	152 142 146 141 149 155 155 161	354 353 352 331 336 354 363 371 385	218 216 210 201 213 225 237 240 246	144 151 154 147 170 177 172 176 169	261 209 251 259 280 282 279 290	163 160 166 162 164 168 165 161	292 292 298 299 302 302 304 308 309	
1953: January February March April May ¹	287 290 297 292 291	171 175 172 168 154	393 398 405 402 398	249 259 259 263 264	169 173 173 168 175	293 293 289 286 288	165 165 168 164 164	310 310 314 319 323	

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

#### GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT

Gross private domestic investment rose \$3.6 billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the second quarter, according to preliminary estimates. There was a sharp upturn in the rate of inventory accumulation and a small increase of investment in producers' durable equipment and in nonresidential construction.



· <u></u>		(Dillons of d	Unars			
	Total gross	N	ew constructio	a	Producers'	Change in
Period	domestic investment Total Residential nonfarm Other		du <b>rabl</b> e equipment	business inventories		
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 5 50. 3 58. 5	4. 9 2. 8 10. 3 13. 9 17. 7 17. 2 22. 9 23. 3 23. 5	2. 7 . 8 4. 0 6. 3 8. 6 8. 3 12. 6 11. 0	2. 2 2. 0 6. 3 7. 6 9. 1 9. 0 10. 3 12. 3 12. 4	4. 6 5. 7 12. 3 17. 1 19. 9 18. 7 22. 0 24. 9 25. 5	0. 4 8 6. 1 8 5. 0 -2. 5 5. 5 10. 3 3. 1
		S	easonally adjus	sted annual ra	tes	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1953: First quarter	49. 3 51. 7 57. 3	23. 7 23. 6 23. 0 23. 7 25. 2	11. 0 11. 0 10. 9 11. 6 12. 2	12. 7 12. 6 12. 2 12. 0	25. 7 25. 7 25. 0 25. 6 27. 5	. 6 . 1 3. 7 8. 1 1. 7
Second quarter 1		25. 5	12. 0	13. 5	28. 0	4. 5

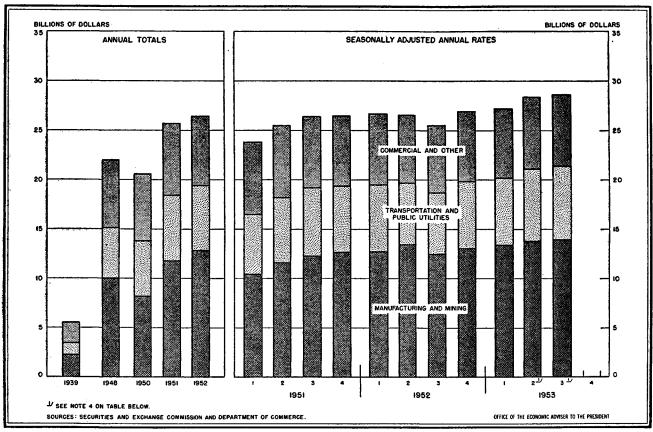
Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President. Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

Note.—The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business, July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

#### EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Business plans to spend about \$28.7 billion (annual rate) for new plant and equipment in the third quarter, according to a survey made in May. This is about the same as the total for the second quarter of this year, but about \$3 billion more than was spent in the third quarter of last year. All major industry groups reported plans for spending more than a year ago.



[Billions of dollars]

		M	anufacturi	ng		Transportation		Public	Commer-
reriod	Total 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- ble goods	Mining	Railroads	Other	utilities	cial and other 2
1939 1945 1948 1949 1950 1951	5. 51 8. 69 22. 06 19. 28 20. 60 25. 64 26. 46	1. 94 3. 98 9. 13 7. 15 7. 49 10. 85 11. 99	0. 76 1. 59 3. 48 2. 59 3. 14 5. 17 5. 78	1. 19 2. 39 5. 65 4. 56 4. 36 5. 68 6. 21	0. 33 . 38 . 88 . 79 . 71 . 93 . 88	0. 28 . 55 1. 32 1. 35 1. 11 1. 47 1. 39	0. 36 . 57 1. 28 . 89 1. 21 1. 49 1. 36	0. 52 . 50 2. 54 3. 12 3. 31 3. 66 3. 84	2. 08 2. 70 6. 90 5. 98 6. 78 7. 24 6. 99
			s	easonally a	djusted ar	nnual rates			
1951: Third quarter Fourth quarter	26. 49 26. 56	11. 30 11. 69	(3) (3)	(3) (3)	0. 96 . 96	1. 52 1. 60	1. 58 1. 43	3. 85 3. 73	7. 28 7. 15
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter		11. 78 12. 24 11. 64 12. 23	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	. 93 . 90 . 83 . 87	1. 56 1. 44 1. 24 1. 32	1. 44 1. 36 1. 27 1. 38	3. 82 3. 75 3. 71 4. 04	7. 19 6. 89 6. 80 7. 12
1953: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter	27. 18 28. 41 28. 68	12. 48 12. 90 13. 02	(3) (3) (3)	(3) (3)	. 86 . 88 . 91	1. 38 1. 42 1. 31	1. 27 1. 27 1. 36	4. 20 4. 67 4. 77	6. 98 7. 27 7. 30

Note.—These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce.

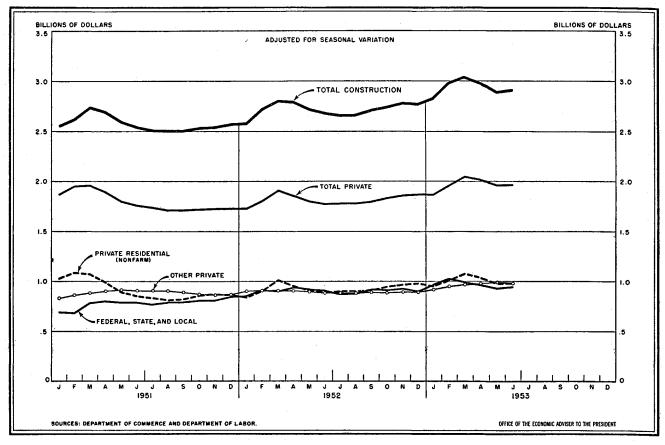
<sup>1</sup> Excludes agriculture.

Commercial and other includes trade, service, finance, communications, and construction. Not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures reported by business in May 1953.

#### **NEW CONSTRUCTION**

Expenditures for new construction, seasonally adjusted, have been about \$2.9 billion each month since January. Expenditures continue to exceed those of a comparable period a year ago, with the total for the first half-year being 8 percent above the first half of 1952.



[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

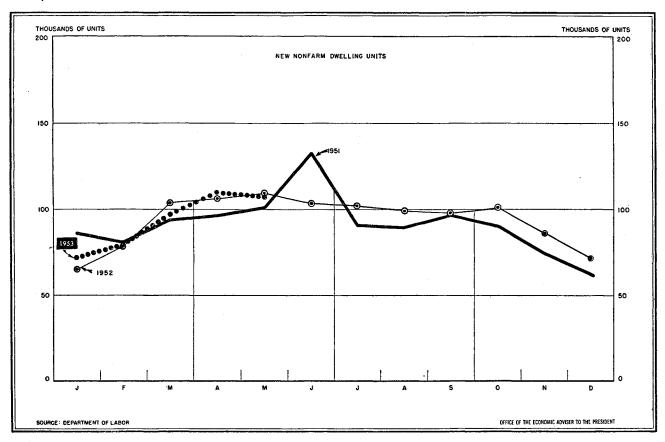
	M-4-1	P	Federal.		
Period	Total new construction 1	Total private	Residential (nonfarm)	Other	State, and local 2
1939 monthly average	. 683	366	223	143	317
1942 monthly average		285	143	142	888
1944 monthly average		182	68	114	256
1946 monthly average	1,000	803	335	468	197
1943 monthly average	1,806	1, 404	715	689	402
1949 monthly average		1, 365	689	676	534
1950 monthly average	2, 371	1, 788	1, 050	738	583
June		1, 793	1, 072	721	573
1951 monthly average		1, 797	914	883	778
1952 monthly average	2, 720	1, 818	925	893	902
1952: May	2, 721	1, 803	908	895	918
June	2, 683	1, 775	894	881	908
July		1, 784	901	883	875
August		1, 784	902	882	874
September		1, 797	908	889	916
October		1, 832	946	886	912
November		1, 856	965	891	925
December		1, 871	980	891	903
1953: January	2, 829	1, 865	949	916	964
February	2, 985	1, 959	1, 011	948	1, 026
March		2, 045	1, 080	965	993
April		2, 015	1, 038	977	966
May		1, 959	968	991	933
June 3		1, 963	982	981	946

Revised series, beginning with 1950.
 Includes public residential construction.
 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

#### NEW HOUSING STARTS

New nonfarm housing units started totaled 107,000 in May, a decrease of about 3,000 from April and the first April-to-May decrease since World War II.



	New nonfarm units started									
Month				19	)52	19	1953			
	1949	1950	1951	Monthly total	Seasonally adjusted annual rate <sup>1</sup>	Monthly total	Seasonally adjusted annual rate 1			
January February March April May June July August September October November December	50, 000 50, 400 69, 400 88, 300 95, 400 95, 500 96, 100 99, 000 102, 900 104, 300 95, 500 78, 300	78, 700 82, 900 117, 300 133, 400 149, 100 144, 300 144, 400 141, 900 120, 600 102, 500 87, 300 93, 600	85, 900 80, 600 93, 800 96, 200 101, 000 132, 500 90, 500 89, 100 96, 400 90, 000 74, 500 60, 800	64, 900 77, 700 103, 900 106, 200 109, 600 103, 500 102, 600 99, 100 100, 800 101, 100 86, 100 71, 500	1, 040, 000 1, 073, 000	79, 200 <sup>2</sup> 97, 000 <sup>2</sup> 110, 000 <sup>2</sup> 107, 000				
Total	1, 025, 100 85, 400	1, 396, 000 116, 300	1, 091, 300 90, 900	1, 127, 000 93, 900						

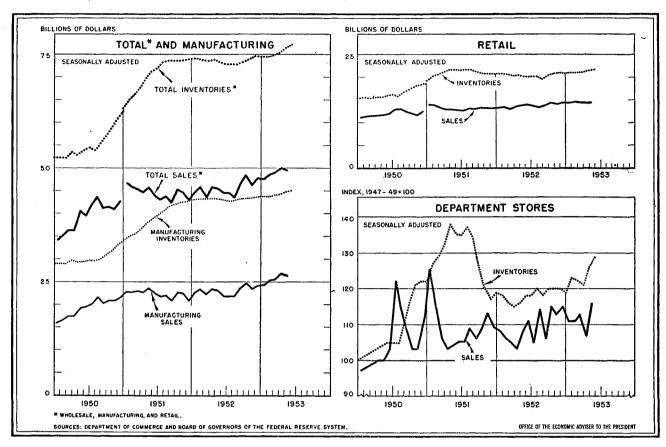
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Seasonally adjusted annual rate data are shown monthly beginning with June 1952, the first month used in determining "periods of residential credit control relaxation" pursuant to the provisions of the Defense Production Act Amendments of 1952 (sec. 607). For method of computing seasonally adjusted annual rates, see special release of August 28, 1952, by the Department of Labor.

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor.

#### INVENTORIES AND SALES

Total business inventories, seasonally adjusted, increased in May while total sales declined. However, retail sales rose moderately and manufacturers' new orders were unchanged.



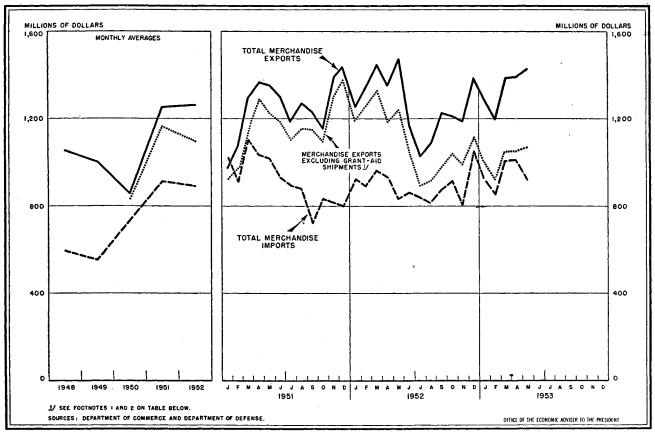
	Total bu	isiness 1	Ret	ail	M	anufacturii	ng	Departme	nt stores	
Period	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	New orders	Inven- tories 4	Sales 3	
		Mi	llions of de	llars, seaso	nally adjus	ted		Index 1947-49=100, seasonally adjusted		
1939. 1943. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949. 1950. June. 1951. 1952. 1952: April May. June. July. August. September October November. December 1953: January. February. March.	42, 942 50, 605 55, 647 52, 264 62, 423 54, 191 74, 059 73, 876 73, 074 72, 713 72, 765 72, 714 73, 437 74, 189 74, 682 74, 757 74, 619 74, 941	10, 802 21, 920 27, 150 33, 156 36, 438 34, 664 39, 548 45, 568 45, 568 45, 545 44, 474 43, 628 46, 288 46, 229 48, 023 47, 383 47, 383 47, 383 47, 383 48, 927 49, 104	5, 534 7, 561 11, 852 14, 060 15, 828 15, 311 18, 652 16, 139 520, 754 20, 804 20, 477 20, 069 20, 125 20, 127 19, 745 20, 281 20, 895 20, 895 20, 894 20, 814 20, 973 21, 096	3, 503 5, 270 8, 541 9, 967 10, 877 10, 893 11, 974 12, 069 \$13, 185 13, 3674 13, 363 13, 850 14, 014 13, 667 13, 359 14, 026 14, 410 14, 140 14, 140 14, 144	11, 465 20, 098 24, 498 28, 920 31, 734 28, 973 34, 118 29, 603 43, 039 43, 824 43, 402 43, 144 42, 892 42, 748 43, 107 43, 224 43, 415 43, 596 43, 824 43, 766 43, 848 44, 056	5, 112 12, 820 12, 617 15, 917 17, 630 16, 416 19, 312 19, 502 22, 335 23, 538 23, 538 21, 888 21, 888 21, 888 21, 873 24, 753 24, 753 24, 276 24, 292 25, 469	5, 354 12, 705 13, 694 15, 622 17, 351 15, 906 20, 506 24, 431 23, 606 24, 251 22, 748 25, 042 23, 434 21, 852 24, 516 24, 152 23, 061 24, 466 24, 270 25, 530 24, 591	35 555 77 93 107 100 109 105 129 118 116 117 118 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 121	35 56 90 98 104 98 105 109 109 103 108 111 105 114 106 115 113 115 111	
April May <sup>6</sup>	76, 474	50, 050 49, 378	21, 656 21, 739	14, 354 14, 425	44, 574 45, 048	26, 838 26, 314	25, 708 25, 700	126 129	107 116	

Also includes wholesale, not shown separately in this table.
 Book value, end of period.
 Monthly average for year and total for month.
 Book value, end of period, except annual data, which are monthly averages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Revised series beginning with 1951; not comparable with previous data. See Survey of Current Business, September and November 1952, for detail.
<sup>6</sup> Preliminary estimates.

#### MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Commercial exports and grant-aid shipments rose in May for the third consecutive month, while imports dropped sharply. As a result, the gap between imports and commercial exports, which has recently been narrowing, widened.



		[Millions of do	llars]			
-	Me	erchandise expe	orts		Excess of e	xports (+) rts (-)
Period	Total	Grant-aid shipments <sup>1</sup>	Excluding grant-aid shipments	Merchandise imports	Total	Excluding grant-aid shipments
1936-38 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: April May June July August September October November	247 812 1, 278 1, 054 1, 003 856 877 1, 253 1, 264 1, 352 1, 474 1, 167 1, 027 1, 086 1, 227 1, 215 1, 189	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) 1, 164 1, 099 1, 185 1, 238 1, 238 1, 980 916 980 1, 042	207 412 480 594 552 738 687 914 893 932 834 861 839 817 876 918	+40 +400 +799 +461 +452 +119 +339 +371 +420 +640 +306 +188 +269 +351 +297 +385	(3) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2
December	1, 383 1, 287 1, 196 1, 388 1, 392 1, 430	276 277 272 337 340 360	1, 107 1, 010 924 1, 051 1, 052 1, 070	1, 052 922 856 1, 004 1, 012 920	+331 +365 +340 +384 +379 +510	+55 +88 +68 +47 +40 +150

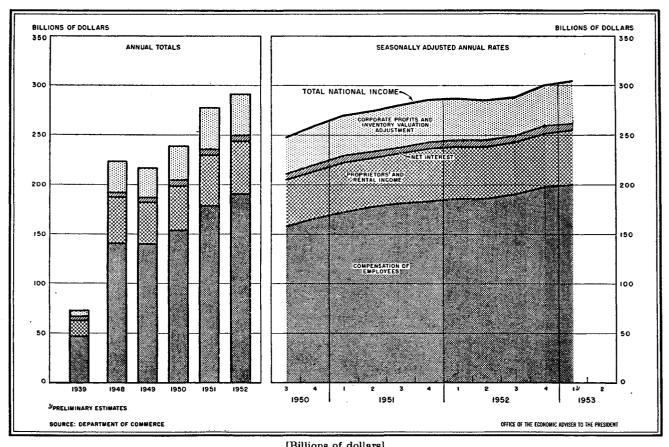
Department of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment and supplies under the Mutual Security Program. Shipments began in July 1950. For the year 1950, total grant-aid shipments amounted to 282 million dollars. Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Defense.

### PURCHASING POWER

#### NATIONAL INCOME

Compensation of employees rose at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$4 billion in the second quarter, with private industries accounting for practically all of the increase. Both higher employment and increased wage rates contributed to the increase. Proprietors' and rental income was slightly lower as the drop in farm proprietors' income was only partially offset by a rise in business, professional, and rental income. Interest payments increased slightly.



		Į.	Billions of doll	arsj			
	Total	Compensa-	Proprietors' (business, professional,	_		e profits and i	
Period	national income	national tion of		Net interest	Total	Profits before taxes	Inventory valuation adjustment
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 3 239. 2 277. 6 290. 4	47. 8 121. 2 117. 1 128. 0 140. 2 139. 9 153. 4 178. 9 190. 4	14. 7 35. 5 42. 0 42. 4 47. 3 42. 1 45. 2 50. 6 52. 5	4. 2 3. 1 2. 9 3. 5 4. 3 5. 0 5. 8 6. 4 7. 0	5. 8 24. 0 18. 3 24. 7 31. 7 29. 2 34. 8 41. 6 40. 5	6. 5 24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 27. 1 39. 6 42. 9 39. 7	-0.7 3 -5.2 -5.8 -2.1 +2.1 -4.8 -1.3 +.8
			Seasonally	y adjusted ann	ual rates		
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	288. 0 285. 6 287. 7 300. 2	186. 5 186. 9 190. 3 197. 9	52. 1 51. 9 52. 5 53. 6	6. 7 6. 9 7. 1 7. 2	42. 7 39. 9 37. 8 41. 5	42. 7 38. 2 37. 2 40. 3	1 +1. 7 +. 6 +1. 2
1953: First quarter Second quarter <sup>1</sup>	<sup>1</sup> <b>304.</b> 9 ( <sup>2</sup> )	201. 6 205. 5	53. 6 53. 0	7. 4 7. 5	<sup>1</sup> 42. 3	<sup>1</sup> 42. 8 ( <sup>2</sup> )	5 . 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

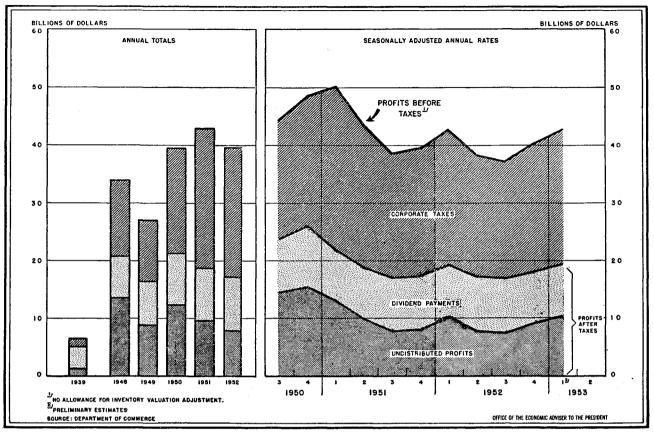
Note.—The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Pusiness, July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

#### CORPORATE PROFITS

Corporate profits and dividends in the first quarter are estimated to have been about the same as a year earlier.



[Billions of dollars]

	Corporate	Corporate	Corporate profits after taxes				
Period	profits before taxes	tax liability	Total	Dividend payments	Undistributed profits		
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	27. 1 39. 6	1. 5 13. 5 9. 6 11. 9 13. 0 10. 8 18. 4 24. 2 21. 8	5. 0 10. 8 13. 9 18. 5 20. 7 16. 3 21. 2 18. 7 17. 9	3. 8 4. 7 5. 8 6. 6 7 2 7. 5 9. 0 9. 0 9. 1	1. 2 6. 1 8. 1 12. 0 13. 5 8. 8 12. 3 9. 6 8. 8		
		Seasona	lly adjusted ar	nual rates	-		
1951: Third quarterFourth quarter	38. 6 39. 5	21. 8 22. 2	16. 9 17. 3	9. 2 9. 3	7. 7 8. 0		
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	38. 2 37. 2	23. 4 21. 0 20. 4 22. 1	19. 3 17. 2 16. 8 18. 2	8. 9 9. 6 9. 3 9. 0	10. 4 7. 6 7. 5 9. 2		
1953: First quarter 1	42. 8	23. 5	19. 3	9. 1	10. 2		

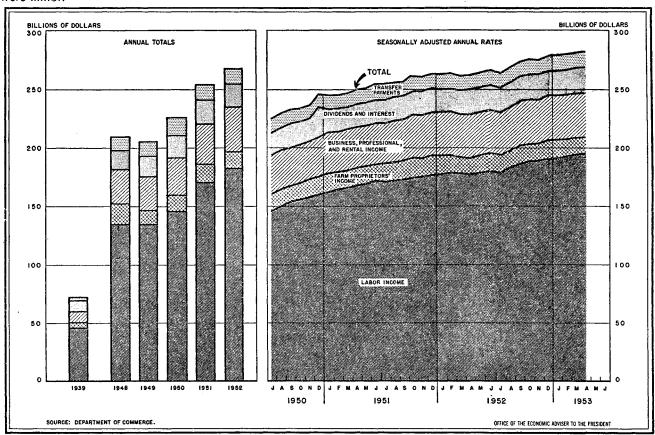
<sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—See p. 21 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment. Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business, July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

Personal income rose to \$285 billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the second quarter, according to pre-liminary estimates. Salaries and wages accounted for most of the increase. Farm proprietors' income dropped moderately, primarily as a result of the further decline in agricultural prices. Changes in other major income shares were minor.



(Billions	a of	dall	0 -01
LDIMOUS	9 01	COL	B.FSI

	<del></del>	<del></del>	Proprieto	rs' income	ı i	
Period	Total personal income	Labor income (salaries, wages, and other labor income) <sup>1</sup>	Farm	Business, professional, and rental income!	Dividends and personal interest	Transfer payments
1939 1944 1948 1949 1950 1951	205. 9 226. 3	45. 7 116. 2 134. 9 134. 2 146. 5 170. 7 182. 4	4. 5 11. 8 17. 7 12. 8 13. 3 15. 6 15. 2	10. 3 23. 7 •29. 6 29. 3 31. 9 35. 0 37. 0	9. 2 10. 6 16. 0 17. 1 19. 5 20. 4 21. 1	3. 0 3. 6 11. 3 12. 4 2 15. 1 12. 4 12. 7
		Seas	sonally adjust	ed annual rate	s	
1950: June	221. 0	144. 9	12. 1	31. 7	18. 7	13. 6
1952: May	266. 7 263. 9 269. 6 273. 8 276. 1 275. 8	179. 0 180. 3 178. 4 183. 5 186. 4 188. 6 189. 0 191. 1	14. 6 15. 5 15. 0 14. 8 15. 7 15. 3 15. 1	36. 8 37. 0 36. 8 36. 8 37. 9 37. 6 38. 4	21. 5 21. 4 21. 3 21. 4 21. 4 21. 3 21. 3 21. 2	12. 6 12. 5 12. 4 13. 1 12. 9 13. 0 12. 8 13. 4
1953: First quarter January February March Second quarter 3	280. 6 280. 9 282. 8	192. 9 191. 2 192. 9 194. 6 196. 8	14. 9 15. 7 14. 6 14. 4 14. 2	38. 4 38. 7 38. 5 38. 3 38. 5	21. 5 21. 4 21. 5 21. 7 21. 9	13. 6 13. 4 13. 8 13. 6

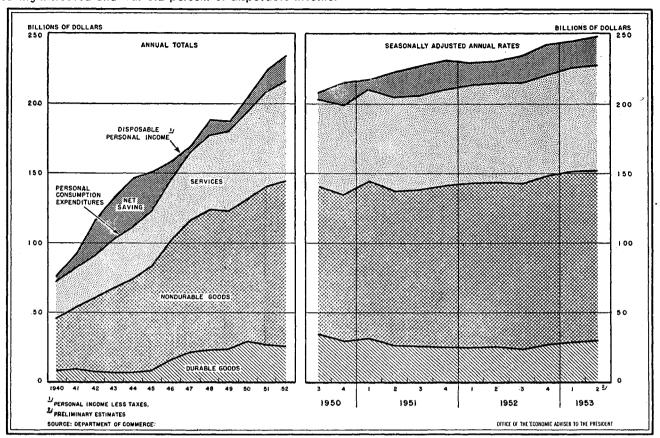
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Excludes social insurance contributions of employees and, beginning January 1952, of self-employed persons.

<sup>2</sup> Includes \$2.7 billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year. Preliminary estimates by Office of Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business. July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

#### CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

Disposable personal income rose more than consumer spending in the second quarter. In consequence, personal saving increased and was 8.2 percent of disposable income.



	Dispos-							
Period	able per- sonal income 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods	Services	Personal net saving	as percent of dis- posable income	
		Billions of dollars						
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 187. 2 205. 5	67. 5 82. 3 91. 2 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 6 194. 3 208. 0 216. 3	6. 7 9. 8 7. 1 7. 1 16. 6 21. 4 22. 9 23. 8 29. 2 27. 1 25. 8	35. 3 44. 0 52. 9 67. 1 85. 8 95. 1 100. 9 99. 2 102. 8 113. 5 119. 0	25. 5 28. 5 31. 2 37. 4 44. 5 49. 1 54. 1 57. 5 62. 4 67. 3 71. 5	2. 7 9. 8 25. 6 35. 4 12. 0 3. 9 10. 5 6. 7 11. 2 17. 0 18. 0	3. 8 10. 7 21. 9 24. 1 7. 6 2. 3 5. 6 3. 6 5. 5 7. 6 7. 7	
	Seasonally adjusted annual rates							
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	230. 8 234. 8	213. 2 214. 9 215. 0 222. 0	25. 2 26. 4 24. 2 27. 3	118. 0 117. 8 118. 9 121. 4	70. 0 70. 8 71. 9 73. 3	16. 3 15. 9 19. 8 20. 5	7. 1 6. 9 8. 4 8. 5	
1953: First quarter Second quarter <sup>2</sup>	245. 6	226. 2 228. 0	29. 8 30. 0	121. 7 122. 2	74. 6 75. 8	19. 5 20. 5	7. 9 8. 2	

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

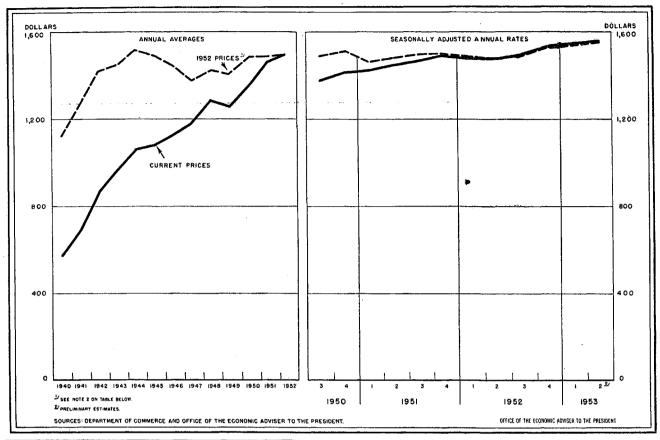
<sup>1</sup> Income less taxes.
2 Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—The figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business, July 1953 and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

#### LEK CULITY DISLOSUDIE INCOME

In the second quarter, per capita disposable income in both current and constant prices increased about 1 percent further to a new record high.



Period	Total dispose income (billio	able personal ns of dollars)1	Per capita di sonal incon	Population	
	Current prices	1952 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1952 prices 2	(thousands)3
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	92. 0 116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 187. 2 205. 5 225. 0	138. 2 169. 1 191. 0 210. 0 204. 2 198. 0 208. 4 209. 6 225. 1 229. 4 234. 3	536 690 865 1,062 1,124 1,176 1,285 1,255 1,355 1,458 1,493	1, 055 1, 268 1, 416 1, 517 1, 445 1, 374 1, 421 1, 405 1, 484 1, 486 1, 493	131, 028 133, 402 134, 860 138, 397 141, 389 144, 126 146, 631 149, 188 151, 677 154, 360 156, 981
		Seasonall	y adjusted anı	nual rates	
1952: First quarter	229. 5 230. 8 234. 8 242. 5	230. 9 230. 8 234. 1 241. 5	1, 471 1, 473 1, 492 1, 534	1, 480 1, 473 1, 488 1, 528	156, 064 156, 669 157, 370 158, 122
1953: First quarter. Second quarter 4	245. 6 248. 5	244. 4 247. 3	1, 547 1, 559	1, 539 1, 551	158, 752 159, 362

Income less taxes.

Income less taxes.

Dollar estimates in current prices divided by an over-all implicit price index for personal consumption expenditures. This price index is based on Department of Commerce data, shifted from a 1939 base.

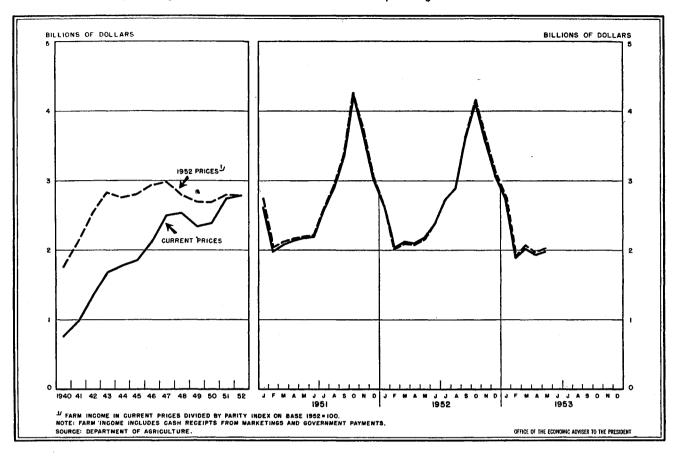
Including armed forces overseas, Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.

Preliminary estimates by Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

MOTE.—The income figures beginning with 1950 are being revised by the Department of Commerce and will be published in Survey of Current Business, July 1966. and Economic Indicators, August 1953.

#### FARM INCOME

Farm income in May was again well below the level of the corresponding month in both 1952 and 1951.



Period	Farm income (millions of current dollars)	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates) 1952=100 1	Farm income (millions of 1952 dollars)
1939 monthly average 1941 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average  June 1951 monthly average	968 1, 763 2, 111 2, 539 2, 344 2, 384 1, 889 2, 742	43 46 64 72 91 87 89 89	1, 663 2, 104 2, 755 2, 932 2, 790 2, 694 2, 679 2, 122 2, 798
1952 monthly average	2, 100 2, 176 2, 381 2, 711 2, 882 3, 620 4, 123 3, 546 3, 072	100 101 101 100 100 100 100 99 98 98	2, 785 2, 079 2, 154 2, 381 2, 711 2, 882 3, 620 4, 165 3, 618 3, 135
1953: January February March April <sup>3</sup> May <sup>3</sup>	1, 889 2, 025 1, 934	99 98 98 98 98	2, 770 1, 928 2, 066 1, 973 2, 032

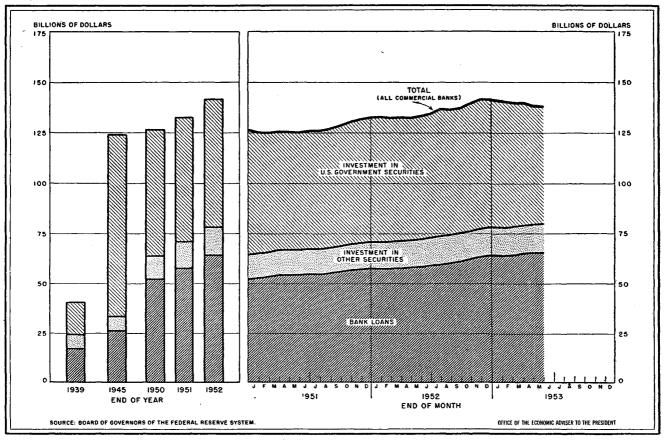
Converted from the reported base, 1910-14=100, to the base 1952=100.
Farm income in current dollars divided by parity index on base 1952=100.
Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Farm income includes cash receipts from marketings and Government payments. Source: Department of Agriculture.

## CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

#### BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans rose about \$200 million in May. Holdings of U. S. Government securities declined for the sixth consecutive month.



[Billions of dollars]

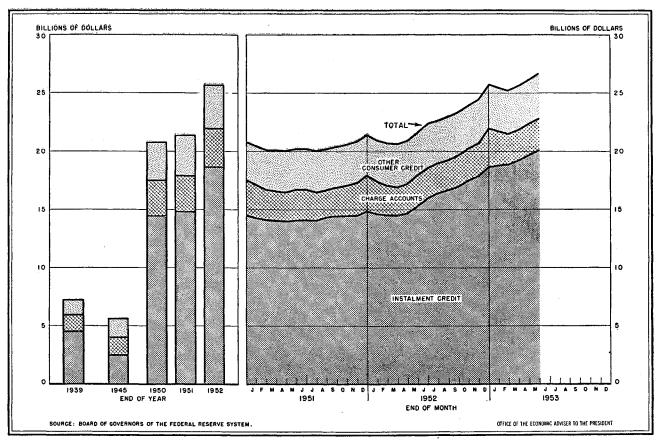
Counties   Counties			Weekly						
Doans and investments   Bank loans   Total   U. S.   Other securities   Doans	End of weets d	Total			Investments				
1945	End of period	loans and	Bank loans	Total	Government		banks— business loans 1		
March 140. 0 65. 2 74. 8 60. 5 14. 3 April 138. 4 65. 3 73. 1 58. 8 14. 4	1945 1947 1949 1950 June 1951 1952 1952: April May June July August September October November December 1953: January February March April	124. 0 116. 3 120. 2 126. 7 121. 8 132. 6 141. 6 132. 3 133. 1 134. 4 136. 8 136. 6 137. 1 139. 4 141. 7 141. 6 140. 8 140. 1 140. 0 138. 4	26. 1 38. 1 43. 0 52. 2 44. 8 57. 7 64. 2 58. 5 59. 7 60. 2 61. 2 63. 4 64. 2 63. 4 64. 2 65. 3	97. 9 78. 2 77. 4 74. 9 77. 5 74. 1 75. 2 77. 0 76. 3 75. 9 77. 5 76. 9 76. 0 74. 8	90. 6 69. 2 67. 0 62. 0 65. 8 61. 5 63. 3 60. 7 61. 2 62. 9 62. 0 61. 63. 3 62. 8 61. 9 64. 1 63. 3	7. 3 9. 0 10. 2 12. 4 11. 2 13. 3 14. 1 13. 7 13. 8 14. 0 14. 1 14. 4 14. 3 14. 2 14. 1 14. 2 14. 1 14. 2	4. 4 7. 3 14. 6 13. 9 17. 8 13. 6 21. 6 23. 4 21. 0 20. 7 21. 0 20. 8 21. 1 21. 8 22. 5 23. 4 23. 0 22. 9 23. 3 23. 4		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans; revised series beginning January 1952. Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates.

#### CONSUMER CREDIT

Consumer credit outstanding at the end of May was almost \$550 million higher than a month earlier. Although all types of credit expanded, instalment credit, largely for automobiles, continued to account for the bulk of the increase.



			[M:	illions of do	ollarsj					
	Total		Ins	stalment cı	edit		Noninstalment credit			
End of period	consumer credit outstand- ing	Total	Auto- mobile paper 1	Other consumer goods paper 1	Repair and moderni- zation loans 2	Personal loans	Total	Charge accounts	Other <sup>3</sup>	
1939	20, 813 18, 417 21, 468 25, 705 20, 940 21, 705 22, 446 22, 751 23, 030 23, 414 24, 050 24, 525	4, 503 2, 462 14, 490 12, 931 14, 837 18, 639 14, 731 15, 308 16, 032 16, 465 16, 728 17, 047 17, 572 17, 927 18, 639	1, 497 455 6, 342 5, 724 6, 242 8, 110 6, 186 6, 539 6, 974 7, 200 7, 272 7, 388 7, 639 7, 866 8, 110	1, 620 816 4, 337 3, 679 4, 270 5, 301 4, 053 4, 169 4, 324 4, 433 4, 539 4, 669 4, 871 4, 943 5, 301	298 182 1,006 912 1,090 1,386 1,098 1,138 1,178 1,221 1,258 1,300 1,347 1,376 1,376	1, 088 1, 009 2, 805 2, 616 3, 235 3, 842 3, 394 3, 462 3, 556 3, 611 3, 659 3, 690 3, 715 3, 742 3, 842	2, 719 3, 203 6, 323 5, 486 6, 631 7, 066 6, 209 6, 397 6, 414 6, 286 6, 302 6, 367 6, 478 6, 598 7, 066	1, 414 1, 612 3, 006 2, 350 3, 096 3, 313 2, 535 2, 659 2, 661 2, 573 2, 579 2, 642 2, 776 2, 826 3, 313	1, 305 1, 591 3, 317 3, 136 3, 535 3, 753 3, 674 3, 738 3, 713 3, 723 3, 725 3, 702 3, 772 3, 753	
1953: January February March April May 4	25, 262 25, 676 26, 172	18, 785 18, 860 19, 267 19, 656 20, 085	8, 273 8, 470 8, 778 9, 074 9, 380	5, 256 5, 131 5, 154 5, 185 5, 235	1, 378 1, 377 1, 383 1, 401 1, 428	3, 878 3, 882 3, 952 3, 996 4, 042	6, 723 6, 402 6, 409 6, 516 6, 631	2, 956 2, 662 2, 602 2, 677 2, 758	3, 767 3, 740 3, 807 3, 839 3, 873	

Includes all consumer credit extended for the purpose of purchasing automobiles and other consumer goods and secured by the items purchased.

Includes only such loans held by financial institutions; those held by retail outlets are included in "other consumer goods paper."

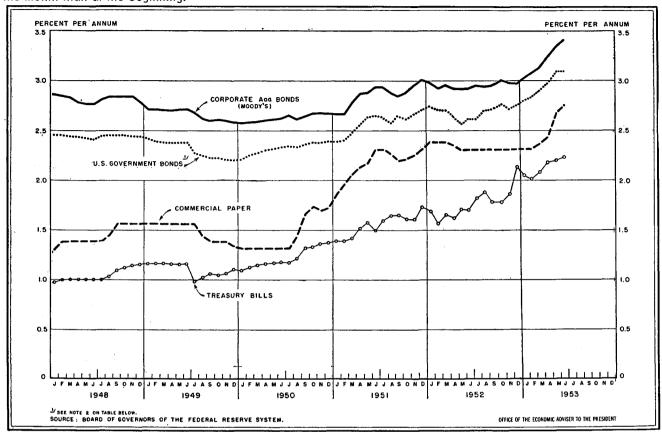
Single-payment loans and service credit.

Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Revised series; see Federal Reserve Bulletin, April 1953. Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### BOND YIELDS AND INTEREST RATES

Yields on 3-month Treasury bills averaged higher in June than in May. Yields on long-term Government bonds averaged the same in June as in May. However, the yield on these Government securities was lower at the end of the month than at the beginning.



[Percent per annum]

	U. S. Government	security yields	Corporate	Prime commercial paper, 4-6 months	
Period	3-month . Treasury bills <sup>1</sup>	Taxable bonds <sup>2</sup>	Asa bonds (Moody's)		
Average:  1939  1946  1948  1949  1950  June  1951  1952  1952: June  July	. 375 1. 040 1. 102 1. 218 1. 174 1. 552 1. 766 1. 700 1. 824	(3) 2. 19 2. 44 2. 31 2. 32 2. 33 2. 57 2. 68 2. 61 2. 61	3. 01 2. 53 2. 82 2. 66 2. 62 2. 86 2. 96 2. 94 2. 94 2. 94	0. 59 . 81 1. 44 1. 45 1. 31 2. 17 2. 33 2. 31 2. 31 2. 31	
AugustSeptember October November December	1. 786 1. 783 1. 862 2. 126	2. 70 2. 71 2. 74 2. 71 2. 75	2. 95 3. 01 2. 98 2. 97	2. 31 2. 31 2. 31 2. 31	
1953: January February March April May June	2. 018 2. 082 2. 177	2. 80 2. 83 2. 89 2. 97 3. 09 3. 09	3. 02 3. 07 3. 12 3. 23 3. 34 3. 40	2. 31 2. 31 2. 36 2. 44 2. 68 2. 75	
Week ended: 1953: June 6	2. 229 1. 954	3. 15 3. 10 3. 10 3. 05 3. 01	3. 39 3. 41 3. 42 3. 41 3. 36	2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75	

<sup>1</sup> Rate of new issues within period.

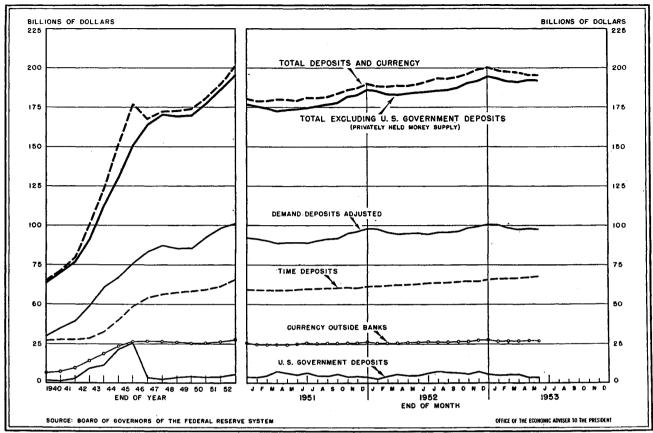
Digitized for FRASER April.

http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

Bonds in this classification were first issued in March 1941. Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### MONEY SUPPLY

There was a slight decline in the total private money supply in May.



[Billions	οf	dollarsi	

	Total de-	u.s.	Total excluding U. S. Government deposits (privately held money supply)					
End of period	posits and currency	Government deposits 1	Total	Currency outside banks	Demand deposits adjusted <sup>2</sup>	Time deposits *		
1939 1945 1946 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1952 1952: April May June July August September October November December 1953: January	167. 5 172. 7 173. 9 180. 6 174. 7 189. 8 200. 4 188. 8 189. 3 191. 4 193. 4 193. 1 194. 2 196. 1 198. 9 200. 4	1. 5 25. 5 3. 6 4. 1 7 4. 3. 9 5. 6 5. 4. 9 6. 7 6. 9 7. 6. 9 8 5. 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	63. 3 150. 8 164. 0 169. 1 169. 8 176. 9 170. 0 186. 0 194. 8 183. 8 184. 4 184. 9 185. 8 186. 2 187. 4 190. 2 191. 6 194. 8	6. 4 26. 5 26. 7 26. 1 25. 4 25. 2 26. 3 27. 5 26. 0 26. 5 26. 5 26. 6 26. 7 27. 4 27. 5	29. 8 75. 9 83. 3 85. 5 85. 8 92. 3 85. 0 98. 2 101. 5 95. 1 95. 3 94. 8 95. 8 96. 4 98. 6 99. 4 101. 5	27. 1 48. 5 54. 0 57. 5 58. 6 59. 2 59. 7 61. 4 65. 8 62. 7 63. 8 64. 1 64. 9 64. 8 65. 8		
February March April May 4		5. 8 3. 2 3. 3	191. 0 192. 2 192. 1	26. 9 27. 0 27. 0	97. 4 98. 0 97. 5	66. 8 67. 2 67. 6		

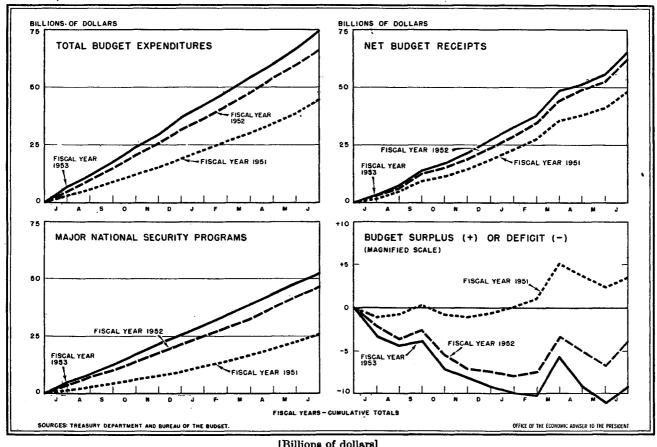
<sup>1</sup> Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks and commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, 

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

#### FEDERAL BUDGET RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Total budget expenditures increased in June, due to heavy interest payments which fall due at the end of the fiscal year. The rise in budget receipts reflected quarterly income tax payments. The budget deficit was \$9.4 billion for the fiscal year 1953.



			попист	R OI GOHBLE	J					
	Budget expenditures				Net budg	et receipts	Budget surplus (+) or deficit (-)		1)	
Period	Total for	ctal Cumula-		national programs <sup>1</sup> Cumula-	Total for	tive uscai	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year	Public debt (end of period) <sup>3</sup>	
	period	tive fiscal year totals	boriod	tive fiscal year totals		year totals		totals		
Fiscal year 1944Fiscal year 1947	95. 3 39. 3		88. 2 20. 9		43. 9 40. 0		-51.4		202. 6 258. 4	
Fiscal year 1948 Fiscal year 1949	33. 8				42. 2		+8.4		252. 4 252. 8	
Fiscal year 1950 Fiscal year 1951	40. 2				37. 0		-3.1		257. 4 255. 3	
Fiscal year 1952 Fiscal year 1953	66. 1		* 47. 2 * 52. 7		62. 1 65. 2		-4. 0 -9. 4		259. 2 266. 1	
1952: May June	5. 7 6. 9	59. 2 66. 1	4. 5 4. 3	41. 9 46. 2	3. 8 9. 8	52. 3 62. 1	-1.9 +2.9	-6.9 -4.0	260. 0 259. 2	
July	6. 1 6. 4 5. 2	6. 7 11. 8 17. 8 24. 2 29. 4 36. 5	4. 7 3. 8 4. 5 4. 4 3. 9 4. 6	4. 7 8. 5 13. 0 17. 4 21. 2 25. 9	3. 3 4. 0 6. 6 3. 1 4. 2 6. 0	3. 3 7. 4 14. 0 17. 0 21. 2 27. 2	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.4 \\ -1.0 \\ +.5 \\ -3.3 \\ -1.0 \\ -1.1 \end{array} $	-3. 4 -4. 4 -3. 9 -7. 2 -8. 2 -9. 3	263. 1 263. 2 262. 7 265. 0 267. 5 267. 4	
1953: January	5. 6 6. 2 6. 4	42. 2 47. 8 54. 0 60. 4 66. 6 74. 6	4. 2 4. 2 4. 7 4. 6 4. 5 4. 8	30. 1 34. 2 38. 9 48. 5 47. 9 52. 7	5. 1 5. 5 10. 5 2. 8 4. 4 9. 7	32. 3 37. 7 48. 2 51. 1 55. 5 65. 2	$ \begin{array}{r}7 \\1 \\ +4.3 \\ -3.5 \\ -1.9 \\ +1.8 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} -10.0 \\ -10.1 \\ -5.8 \\ -9.3 \\ -11.1 \\ -9.4 \end{array}$	267. 5 267. 6 264. 5 264. 6 266. 6 266. 1	

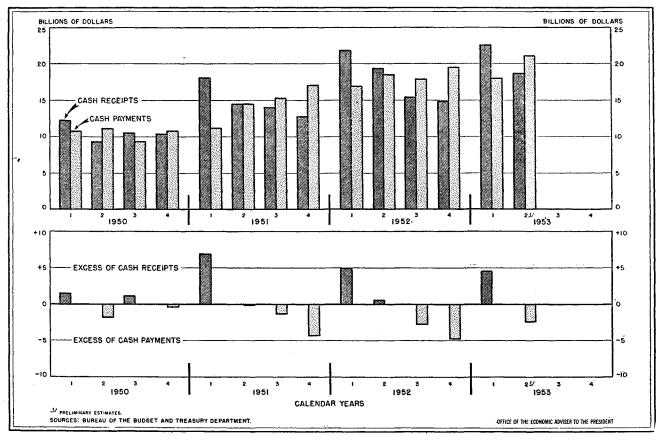
Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations, development and control of atomic energy, promotion of the merchan marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense.

Includes guaranteed securities, except those held by the Treasury.

Data for fiscal year not strictly comparable with monthly figures.

# FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

The \$2.4 billion excess of cash payments over receipts in the second quarter, the closing quarter of the fiscal year 1953, brought the total cash deficit for the fiscal year to \$5.3 billion.



#### [Millions of dollars]

Calendar year	Federal cash receipts from the public	Federal cash payments to the public	Excess of receipts (+) or payments (-)
Calendar year total:  1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	41, 441 44, 282 44, 922 41, 346 42, 419 59, 278 71, 339	41, 399 38, 616 36, 897 42, 642 41, 969 58, 034 72, 979	
Quarterly totals, not adjusted for seasonal variation:  1951: Third quarter	13, 993	15, 270	-1, 277
Fourth quarter	15, 354	17, 064 16, 921 18, 701 17, 921 19, 436	-4, 295 +4, 953 +688 -2, 567 -4, 715
1953: First quarter Second quarter <sup>1</sup>	22, 539 18, 700	18, 166 21, 050	$\begin{array}{r} +4,373 \\ -2,350 \end{array}$

Preliminary estimates.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Sources: Bureau of the Budget and Treasury Department.