Economic Indicators APRIL 1953

Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report

by the Office of the Economic Adviser

to the President

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1953

JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE ECONOMIC REPORT

(Created pursuant to Sec. 5 (a) of Public Law 304, 79th Cong.)

JESSE P. WOLCOTT, Michigan, Chairman

RALPH E. FLANDERS, Vermont, Vice Chairman

RICHARD M. SIMPSON (Pennsylvania) HENRY O. TALLE (Iowa) GEORGE H. BENDER (Ohio)

EDWARD J. HART (New Jersey)
WRIGHT PATMAN (Texas)

RICHARD BOLLING (Missouri)

ROBERT A. TAFT (Ohio)

ARTHUR V. WATKINS (Utah) BARRY GOLDWATER (Arizona)

JOHN J. SPARKMAN (Alabama)

PAUL H. DOUGLAS (Illinois)

J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (Arkansas)

GROVER W. Ensley, Staff Director John W. Lehman, Clerk

OFFICE OF THE ECONOMIC ADVISER TO THE PRESIDENT

ARTHUR F. BURNS, Economic Adviser

[Public Law 120—81st Congress; Chapter 237—1st Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]

To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

Charts drawn by Graphics Unit, Office of the Secretary, Department of Commerce

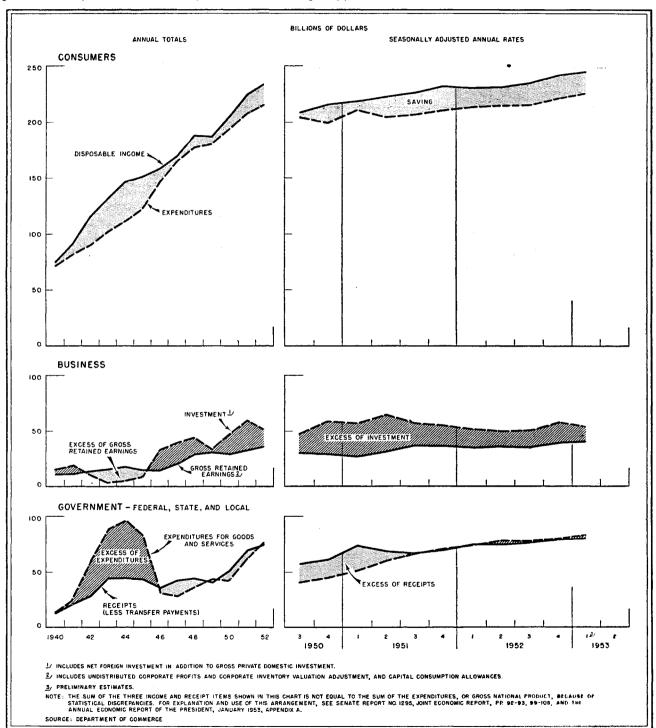
Contents

THE	TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY	Page
	The Nation's Economic Accounts	1 2
PRI	CES	
	Consumer Prices. Wholesale Prices. Prices Received and Paid by Farmers. Stock Prices.	3 4 5 6
EMI	PLOYMENT AND WAGES	
	Civilian Labor Force. Nonagricultural Employment—Selected Industries. Average Weekly Hours—Selected Industries. Average Hourly Earnings—Selected Industries. Average Weekly Earnings—Selected Industries.	7 8 9 10 11
PRO	DUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY	
	Industrial Production Weekly Production—Selected Indicators Production of Selected Manufactures Gross Private Domestic Investment Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment New Construction New Housing Starts Inventories and Sales Merchandise Exports and Imports	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
PUF	RCHASING POWER	
1	National Income Corporate Profits Personal Income Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving Per Capita Disposable Income Farm Income	21 22 23 24 25 26
CRE	EDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE	
	Bank Loans and Investments Consumer Credit Bond Yields and Interest Rates Money Supply Federal Budget Receipts and Expenditures Federal Cash Receipts From and Payments to the Public	27 28 29 30 31

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

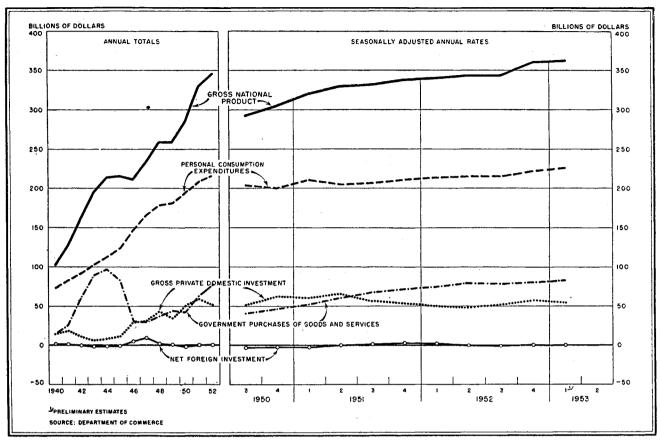
THE NATION'S ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

On the basis of the national income and product accounts, the excess of business investment over gross retained earnings declined from the fourth quarter of 1952 to the first quarter of 1953. There was a small rise in the excess of government expenditures over receipts. Personal saving dropped somewhat.



GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

The market value of the Nation's total output, as measured by gross national product, was \$363 billion (annual rate) in the first quarter, \$3 billion higher than in the fourth quarter of 1952. Expenditures by consumers and government exceeded peak rates of the fourth quarter while business investment dropped.



[Billions of dollars]

Down	Total gross Personal consump-		Gross private	Net foreign	Government purchases of goods and services				
Period	product	national tion expend-		investment	Total	National security 1	Other 2		
1939	91. 3 213. 7 211. 1 233. 3 259. 0 258. 2 284. 2 329. 2 346. 3	67. 5 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 6 194. 3 208. 0 216. 3	9. 9 7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 5 50. 3 58. 5 52. 1	0. 9 -2. 1 4. 6 8. 9 1. 9 -2. 3 .2	13. 1 96. 5 30. 9 28. 6 36. 6 43. 6 41. 9 62. 6 77. 8	1. 2 87. 5 18. 5 12. 0 15. 5 18. 9 18. 3 36. 7 48. 8	11. 9 9. 0 12. 4 16. 6 21. 1 24. 7 23. 6 25. 9 29. 0		
			Seasona	ally adjusted a	nnual rates				
1951: Third quarter Fourth quarter 1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1953: First quarter 3	330. 9 337. 1 339. 7 342. 6 343. 0 360. 1 363. 0	206. 4 210. 5 213. 2 214. 9 215. 0 222. 0 226. 0	56. 2 52. 9 50. 0 49. 3 51. 7 57. 3 54. 0	1. 1 2. 6 2. 2 . 4 -1. 6 . 2 0. 0	67. 3 71. 2 74. 4 78. 0 77. 9 80. 6 83. 0	41. 1 43. 8 46. 0 49. 9 49. 2 50. 1 51. 4	26. 2 27. 4 28. 4 28. 1 28. 7 30. 5		

¹ Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations (except foreign loans), atomic energy, merchant marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense; excludes Federal Government sales. For further detail, see Annual Economic Report of the President January 1953 (p. 165), and Survey of Current Business, July 1952 (p. 12).

1 Residual: expenditures by the Federal Government for other than "national security" and total expenditures by State and local governments.

2 Preliminary estimates by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

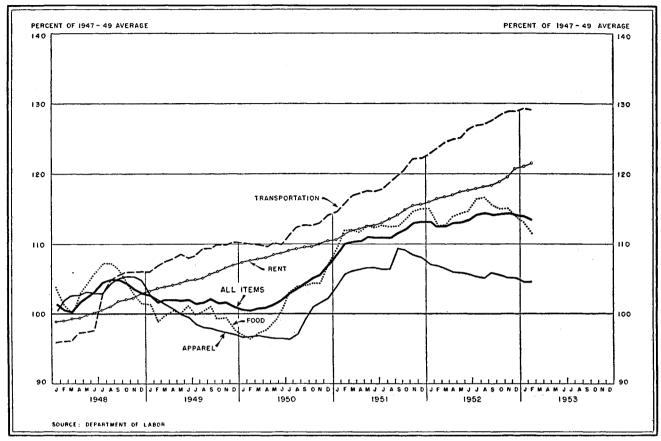
Note. - Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

PRICES

CONSUMER PRICES

Consumer prices declined 0.4 percent in February, chiefly because of a further drop of 1.4 percent in food prices. Apparel prices were steady, after dropping for 4 months. Rents continued to increase.



 $[1947-49=100]^{-1}$

Period	All	Food	Food Apparel		Housing		Medical	Personal	Reading and	Other goods
	items	1000	пррагег	Total	Rent	porta- tion	care	care	recrea- tion	and services
1939 monthly average 1942 monthly average 1945 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December	69. 7 76. 9 83. 4 102. 8 101. 8 101. 8 111. 0 113. 5 113. 1 112. 4 112. 4 112. 9 113. 0 113. 4 114. 1 114. 2	47. 1 61. 3 68. 9 79. 0 104. 1 100. 0 101. 2 100. 5 112. 6 114. 6 115. 0 112. 7 113. 9 114. 3 116. 6 115. 4 115. 0 115. 0	52. 5 64. 9 76. 3 83. 7 103. 4 98. 1 96. 5 106. 9 105. 8 106. 4 106. 0 105. 8 105. 3 105. 1 105. 8 105. 2	(2) (2) (2) (3) (1) 101. 7 103. 3 106. 1 104. 9 112. 4 114. 0 114. 0 114. 0 114. 0 114. 0 114. 6 114. 8 115. 2 115. 7 116. 4	86. 6 90. 4 90. 9 91. 4 100. 7 105. 0 108. 8 108. 7 113. 1 117. 9 116. 4 116. 4 117. 4 117. 4 117. 9 118. 2 118. 3 118. 8 119. 5	(2) (2) (3) (100. 9 108. 5 111. 3 109. 9 118. 4 126. 2 122. 8 123. 7 124. 4 124. 8 125. 1 126. 8 127. 0 127. 7 128. 4 128. 9	(*) (*) (*) 100. 9 104. 1 106. 0 105. 4 111. 1 117. 2 114. 8 115. 7 115. 9 116. 1 117. 8 118. 1 118. 8 118. 9 119. 3	(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	(a) (b) (c) (c) (d) (e) 100. 4 104. 1 103. 4 102. 5 106. 5 107. 0 106. 2 106. 2 106. 2 106. 2 106. 2 106. 3 107. 0 107. 0 107. 0 107. 4 108. 0	(1) (2) (3) (4) 100. 5 103. 4 105. 2 103. 7 109. 7 115. 4 114. 8 115. 2 115. 8 115. 8 115. 9 115. 9 115. 8 115. 8
1953: January February	113. 9	113. 1 3111. 5	104. 6 104. 6	116. 4 116. 6	121. 1 121. 5	129. 3 129. 1	119. 4 119. 3	112. 4 112. 5	107. 8 107. 5	115. 6 115. 8

¹ The new base 1947-49=100 is in compliance with recommendations of the U. S. Bureau of the Budget. Beginning with January 1953 the index structure has been changed.

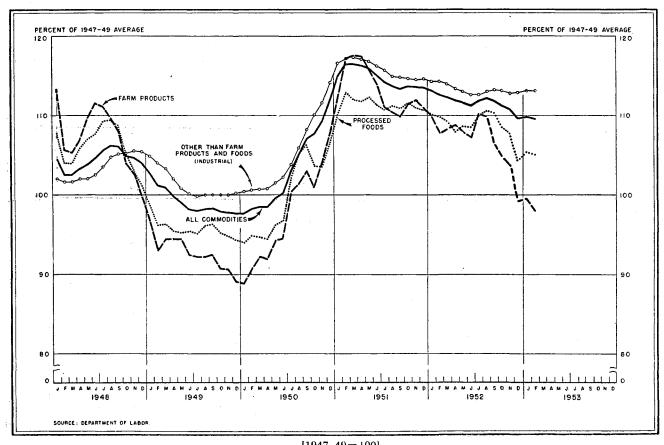
² Not available.

³ Food prices declined 0.2 percent between February 15 and March 2 and then increased 0.1 percent by March 15, according to preliminary data.

Source: Department of Labor.

WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices of farm products moved irregularly during March but were lower at the end of the month than at the beginning. Prices of processed foods and industrial products were somewhat more stable.



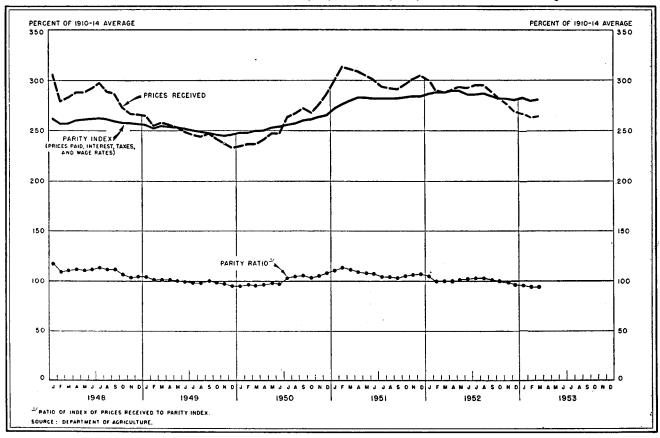
[194	47 - 49 = 100			
Period	All com- modities	Farm products	Processed foods	Other than farm products and foods (industrial)
1942 monthly average	64. 2 78. 7 96. 4 104. 4 99. 2	59. 2 83. 2 100. 0 107. 3 92. 8 97. 5	(1) (1) 98. 2 106. 1 95. 7	68. 3 78. 3 95. 3 103. 4 101. 3
1950 monthly average	103. 1 100. 2 114. 8 111. 6	94. 5 113. 4 107. 0 107. 8	99. 8 96. 8 111. 4 108. 8 109. 5	102. 2 115. 9 113. 2 114. 2
March April May June July	112. 3 111. 8 111. 6 111. 2 111. 8 112. 2	108. 2 108. 7 107. 9 107. 2 110. 2 109. 9	109. 2 108. 0 108. 6 108. 5 110. 0	113. 8 113. 3 113. 0 112. 6 112. 5
August	111. 8 111. 1 110. 7 109. 6	106. 6 104. 9 103. 6 99. 2	110. 3 108. 5 107. 7 104. 3	113. 2 113. 0 112. 8 112. 9
1953: January February Week ended: 1953: March 3	109. 9 109. 6 109. 9 109. 9	99. 6 97. 9 99. 1 98. 4	105. 5 105. 1 105. 5 105. 4	113. 1 113. 2 113. 3
17 24 31	110. 2 110. 0 109. 8	100. 1 99. 0 98. 0	104. 9 105. 0 104. 7	113, 4 113, 4 113, 3

Not available.

Source: Department of Labor.

PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers were up slightly between February 15 and March 15, after having dropped every month since last August. Prices paid by farmers also rose slightly, and the parity ratio remained unchanged.



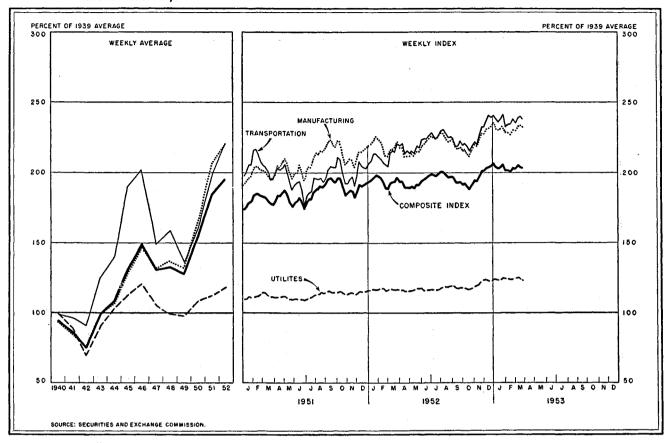
[1910-14=100]

Period	Prices received by farmers	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates)	Parity ratio 1
1939 monthly average	95	122	78
1942 monthly average	158	151	105
1944 monthly average	³ 196	182	108
1946 monthly average	2 234	207	113
1947 monthly average	275	239	115
1948 monthly average	285	259	110
1949 monthly average	249	250	100
1950 monthly average	256	255	100
June 15		254	97
1951 monthly average	302	281	107
1952 monthly average	288	286	101
1952: February 15	289	288	100
March 15	288	288	100
April 15	290	289	100
May 15		289	101
June 15	292	286	102
July 15	295	286	103
August 15	295	287	103
September 15	288	285	101
October 15	282	282	100
November 15	277	281	99
December 15	269	280	96
1953: January 15	267	282	95
February 15		280	94
March 15		281	94

¹ Ratio of index of prices received by farmers to parity index.
2 Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946. Source: Department of Agriculture.

DICON INTOFIS

Although stock price indexes for most industrial groups dropped during the latter part of March, averages for the month were above those for February.



			1939 = 100					
		М	anufacturi	ng			Trade,	
Period	Com- posite index 1	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Trans- portation	Utilities	finance, and service	Mining
Weekly average:								
1940	94. 2	93. 4	92. 5	94. 2	99. 2	99. 9	90.4	75. 6
1946	149. 4	146. 6	138. 6	154. 4	202. 4	121. 0	204. 3	125. 5
1949	127 7	132. 1	116. 1	147. 2	136. 2	98. 1	160. 5	129. 2
1950	154. 1	165. 7	150. 2	187. 2	160. 0	108. 9	185. 7	143. 5
June	158. 3	171. 1	156. 0	185. 0	149. 5	114. 8	182. 4	143. 0
1951	184. 9	206. 8	178. 5	233. 1	199. 0	112. 6	207. 7	204. 9
1952	195. 0	220. 2	188. 8	249. 3	220. 6	117. 9	205. 8	275. 7
1952: February	193. 6	218. 7	182. 9	251. 5	208. 6	117. 0	206. 8	258. 0
March	192. 9	216.8	182. 2	248. 8	214. 0	116.8	203. 7	294. 9
April	191. 3	214. 8	181. 7	245. 2	217. 1	116. 1	202. 9	298. 4
May	190. 4	213. 7	181. 7	243. 3	215. 9	116. 7	201. 3	283. 2
June	196. 0	221. 6	187. 1	253. 4	224. 6	116. 8	203. 8	290. 5
July	198. 7	225. 3	191. 7	256. 3	226. 3	116. 9	208. 3	288. 9
August	198. 7	225. 2	194. 3	253. 7	227. 9	118. 6	209. 5	278. 2
September	194. 1	219. 3	190. 9	245. 6	221. 3	118. 3	206. 3	274.8
October	190. 5	214. 7	188. 3	239. 2	218. 9	117. 6	201. 7	264. 5
November	196. 8	222. 6	196. 3	247. 0	225. 1	121. 2	205. 2	2 59. 9
December	203. 4	230. 8	204. 6	254. 9	237. 7	123. 2	212. 2	266. 8
1953: January	204. 7	232. 4	207. 7	255. 3	239. 2	124. 1	211. 9	261. 2
February	201. 9	228. 6	203. 6	251. 7	234. 8	124. 3	210. 4	255. 8
March	203. 9	232. 2	206. 8	255. 6	238. 1	124. 3	212. 4	262. 7
Week ended:	000 0	200 0	004.0	050.0	005 5	104 5	1	050.0
1953: March 6	203. 0	229. 9	204. 2	253. 8	235. 5	124. 7	211. 1	259. 2
13	205. 1	232. 7	208. 4	255. 2	238. 8	125. 2	211. 9	266. 0
20	204. 1	233. 5	208. 9	256. 2	240. 0	124. 0	212. 8	263. 0
27	203. 3	232. 5	205. 8	257. 0	238. 0	123. 4	213. 8	262. 5
April 3	197. 8	225. 4	197. 6	250. 9	228. 7	121. 5	210. 2	260. 3

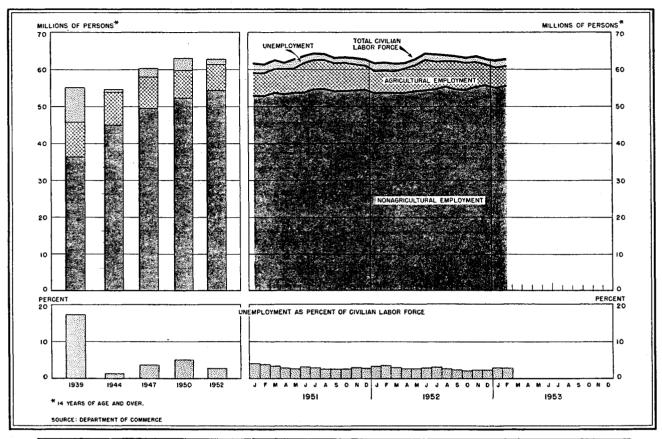
¹ Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Employment in March was about half a million higher than in February, largely because of the usual spring expansion in farm activity. Nonagricultural employment was little changed, but was by far the highest ever reached for the month. Unemployment continued at a level somewhat below that of a year earlier.



	Total labor		Civ	ilian labor fo	orce		Unemploy-
Period	force (in- cluding	T-4-1	E	mployment	1	Unem-	ment as per- cent of total
	armed forces)	Total	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	ploy- ment	civilian labor force
		Thousands o	of persons, 1	4 years of a	ge and over		
1939 monthly average	55, 600	55, 230	45, 750	9, 610	36, 140	9, 480	17. 2
1944 monthly average	65, 890	54, 630	53, 960	8, 950	45, 010	670	1. 2
1947 monthly average	61, 608	60, 168	58, 027	8, 266	49, 761	2, 142	3. 6
1948 monthly average	62, 748	61, 442	59, 378	7, 973	51, 405	2, 064	3. 4
1949 monthly average	63, 571	62, 105	58, 710	8, 026	50, 684	3, 395	5. 5
1950 monthly average	64, 599	63, 099	59, 957	7, 507	52, 450	3, 142	5. 0
June	66, 177	64. 866	61, 482	9, 046	52, 436	3, 384	5. 2
1951 monthly average	65, 832	62, 884	61, 005	7, 054	53, 951	1, 879	3. 0
1952 monthly average	(2)	62, 9f 6	61, 293	6, 805	54, 488	1, 673	2. 7
1952: February	65, 228	61, 838	59, 752	6, 064	53, 688	2, 086	3. 4
March		61, 518	59, 714	6, 012	53, 702	1, 804	2. 9
April		61, 744	60, 132	6, 412	53, 720	1, 612	2. 6
May	66, 298	62, 778	61, 176	6, 960	54, 216	1, 602	2. 6
June	67, 884	64, 390	62,572	8, 170	54, 402	1, 818	2. 8
July	67, 624	64, 176	62, 2 34	7, 598	54, 636	1, 942	3. 0
August	67, 419	63, 958	62, 354	6, 964	55 390	1,604	2. 5
September	67, 166	6 3 , 698	62, 260	7, 548	54, 712	1, 438	2. 3
October	[2]	63, 146	61, 862	7, 274	54, 588	1, 284	2. 0
November		63, 646	62, 228	6, 774	55, 454	1, 418	2. 2
December	(2)	62, 921	61, 509	5, 697	55, 812	1, 412	2. 2
1953: January	(2)	62. 416	60, 524	5. 452	55, 072	1.892	3. 0
February	(2)	62, 712	60, 924	5, 366	55, 558	1, 788	2. 9
March 3	(2)	63, 134	61, 460	5, 720	55, 740	1, 674	2. 7

Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, had weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

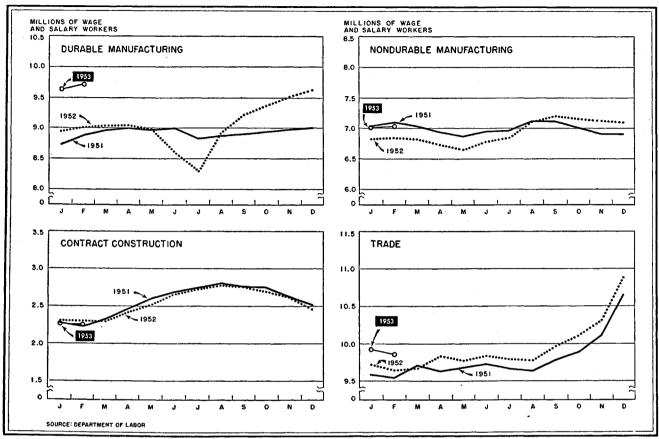
Not available.

Data became available after chart was prepared.

Not available. Data became available after chart was prepared Notz.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment rose by 100,000 in February. Principal increases occurred in metal producing, machinery, transportation equipment, textile, and leather industries. Employment in contract construction and retail trade dropped seasonally.



[Thousands of wage and salary workers 1]

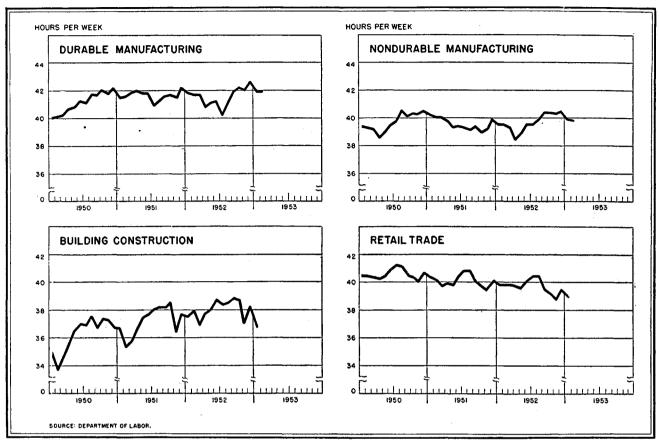
Period	M	anufacturi	ng	Contract	Trade	Finance and	Govern- ment (Federal,	Transpor- tation and	Mining
1 enou	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods	tion	Trade	service	State, local)	public utilities	
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November	15, 654 15, 410 15, 162 16, 028 16, 430 16, 542 16, 642	4, 683 11, 077 8, 315 7, 465 8, 008 7, 964 8, 926 9, 051 8, 946 9, 010 9, 035 9, 054 8, 991 8, 621 8, 301 8, 916 9, 372 9, 519	5, 394 6, 304 6, 970 6, 681 6, 702 7, 005 6, 940 6, 830 6, 849 6, 834 6, 741 6, 663 6, 789 6, 861 7, 112 7, 212 7, 170 7, 123	1, 150 1, 567 2, 165 2, 156 2, 318 2, 414 2, 569 2, 547 2, 308 2, 296 2, 416 2, 522 2, 663 2, 722 2, 781 2, 763 2, 697 2, 618	6, 612 7, 189 9, 491 9, 438 9, 524 9, 411 9, 804 9, 720 9, 643 9, 668 9, 845 9, 773 9, 838 9, 792 9, 784 9, 970 10, 114 10, 320	4, 703 5, 320 6, 515 6, 545 6, 553 6, 653 6, 642 6, 723 6, 580 6, 586 6, 618 6, 700 6, 754 6, 814 6, 848 6, 837 6, 800 6, 745 6, 709	3, 987 6, 049 5, 613 5, 811 5, 910 5, 832 6, 390 6, 628 6, 509 6, 490 6, 558 6, 551 6, 558 6, 558 6, 589 6, 712 6, 695 6, 663	2, 912 3, 619 4, 151 3, 979 4, 010 4, 023 4, 144 4, 168 4, 103 4, 111 4, 118 4, 196 4, 131 4, 168 4, 140 4, 208 4, 228 4, 228 4, 242 4, 233	845 917 981 932 904 946 920 875 909 902 904 896 893 814 784 897 886 873 873
December 2 1953: January 2 February 2	16, 727 16, 649 16, 755	9, 628 9, 639 9, 720	7, 099 7, 010 7, 035	2, 467 2, 266 2, 255	10, 881 9, 928 9, 858	6, 690 6, 665 6, 671	7, 051 6, 650 6, 608	4, 238 4, 158 4, 150	872 867 857

Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

Source: Department of Labor.

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Although the average factory workweek dropped very slightly to 41.0 hours in February, it was a post-World War-II high for the season. Pre-Easter increases in average weekly hours in apparel and leather goods industries were more than offset by seasonal reduction in food and tobacco industries.



[Hours per week, selected industries 1]

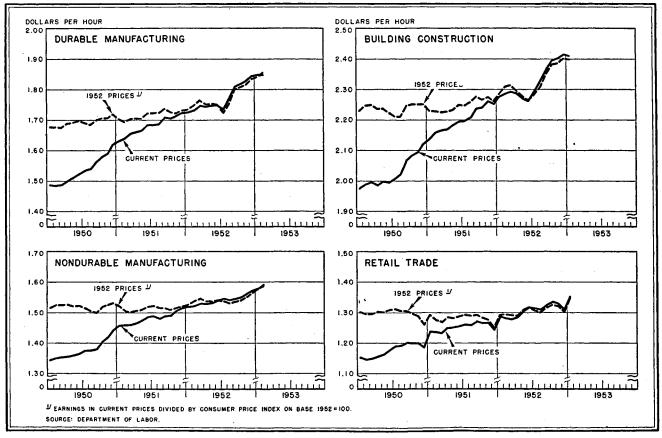
	1	Manufacturing	3	Dil di	
Period	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Building construction	Retail trade
1939 monthly average	37. 7 44. 9 40. 4 40. 1 39. 2 40. 5 40. 5	38. 0 46. 6 40. 2 40. 6 40. 5 39. 5 41. 2 41. 3 41. 7	37. 4 42. 5 40. 5 40. 1 39. 6 38. 8 39. 7 39. 5	32. 6 38. 4 38. 1 37. 6 37. 3 36. 7 36. 3 37. 0 37. 3	(2) (2) (2) 40. 3 40. 3 40. 4 40. 5 40. 9 40. 1 39. 7
1952 monthly average 4	40. 7 40. 8 40. 7 40. 7 39. 8 40. 5 39. 9 40. 6 41. 3 41. 4 41. 7	41. 5 41. 8 41. 7 40. 8 41. 1 40. 2 41. 0 41. 9 42. 2 42. 0 42. 6	39. 7 39. 5 39. 5 39. 3 38. 4 39. 0 39. 5 40. 0 40. 4 40. 4 40. 3	38. 0 37. 5 37. 9 36. 9 37. 6 37. 9 38. 4 38. 5 38. 8 38. 7 37. 1 38. 2	39. 8 39. 8 39. 8 39. 7 39. 6 40. 1 40. 4 40. 4 39. 5 39. 2 38. 8
1953: January ⁴ February ⁴	41. 1 41. 0	41. 9 41. 9	39. 9 39. 8	36. 8	(2) 39. 0

For production and related workers.
 Not strictly comparable with previous data.

Not available.Preliminary estimates.

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Average hourly earnings in manufacturing industries continued in February at a record level of \$1.74. The increase over the past year was about 10 cents.



[Production and related workers in selected industries]

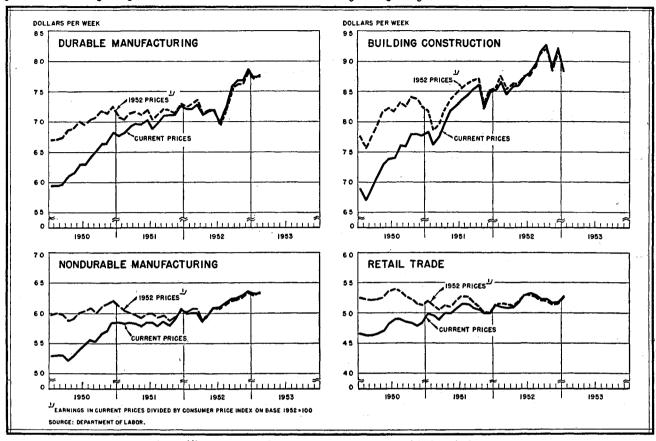
Period	All manufacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices ¹	Current prices	1952 prices ¹	Current prices	1952 prices ¹
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December 4 1953: January 4 February 4	. 961 1. 086 1. 237 1. 350 1. 401 1. 465 1. 653 1. 640 1. 655 1. 658 1. 658 1. 668	\$1. 210 1. 474 1. 478 1. 471 1. 490 1. 562 1. 617 1. 620 1. 630 1. 673 1. 663 1. 663 1. 665 1. 660 1. 657 1. 688 1. 695 1. 707 1. 723 1. 733 1. 734	\$0. 698 1. 059 1. 156 1. 292 1. 410 1. 469 1. 537 1. 726 1. 770 1. 726 1. 731 1. 746 1. 747 1. 748 1. 747 1. 768 1. 810 1. 843 1. 848 1. 848	\$1. 335 1. 624 1. 573 1. 556 1. 556 1. 638 1. 696 1. 697 1. 716 1. 770 1. 733 1. 748 1. 751 1. 753 1. 753 1. 724 1. 754 1. 801 1. 808 1. 817 1. 834 1. 841 1. 850	\$0. 582 . 803 1. 015 1. 171 1. 278 1. 325 1. 378 1. 365 1. 481 1. 541 1. 520 1. 522 1. 530 1. 529 1. 531 1. 545 1. 545 1. 545 1. 550 1. 563 1. 572 1. 583 1. 583 1. 583	\$1. 113 1. 232 1. 381 1. 392 1. 411 1. 477 1. 521 1. 514 1. 526 1. 537 1. 545 1. 537 1. 537 1. 537 1. 531 1. 531 1. 531 1. 552 1. 552 1. 577 1. 589	\$0. 932 1. 252 1. 478 1. 681 1. 848 1. 935 2. 031 1. 995 2. 201 2. 322 2. 276 2. 285 2. 292 2. 285 2. 292 2. 261 2. 294 2. 327 2. 363 2. 395 2. 402 2. 413 2. 409	\$1. 782 1. 920 2. 011 1. 999 2. 040 2. 157 2. 242 2. 224 2. 251 2. 322 2. 285 2. 308 2. 315 2. 296 2. 279 2. 263 2. 283 2. 311 2. 381 2. 385 2. 499 (2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (2) (3) (4) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1

Earnings in current prices divided by consumer price index on base 1952=100,
 Not available.
 Not strictly comparable with previous data.
 Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor.

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

During February, average weekly earnings of factory production workers dropped 9 cents to \$71.42. However, there was an average gain over the year of \$4.51, or 7 percent, for all manufacturing workers, with those in durable goods industries getting \$5.25 more and those in nondurable goods getting \$3.04 more.



[Production and related workers in selected industries]

Period	All manufacturing			Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
renod	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices 1	Current prices	1952 prices 1	
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December 4	43. 82 49. 97 54. 14 54. 92 59. 33 58. 85 64. 88 68. 17 66. 91 67. 40 65. 87 66. 65 67. 76 67. 76 70. 04 70. 59 70. 82 72. 22	\$45. 62 66. 17 59. 62 59. 42 59. 76 61. 23 65. 49 65. 61 66. 34 67. 18 67. 59 68. 08 66. 92 67. 22 65. 43 67. 29 69. 69 70. 17 70. 33 71. 86	\$26. 50 49. 30 46. 49 52. 46 57. 11 58. 03 63. 32 62. 86 69. 97 73. 51 72. 15 72. 18 72. 81 71. 07 71. 76 71. 98 69. 67 72. 49 75. 84 76. 76 76. 86 78. 51	\$50. 67 75. 61 63. 25 62. 38 63. 04 64. 69 70. 08 71. 54 73. 51 72. 91 73. 55 71. 43 72. 05 72. 05 69. 32 71. 99 76. 30 76. 33 78. 12	\$21. 78 34. 12 41. 14 46. 96 50. 61 51. 41 54. 71 53. 92 58. 50 61. 16 60. 04 60. 12 60. 13 58. 71 60. 83 61. 03 61. 68 62. 42 62. 62 62. 99 63. 67	\$41. 64 52. 33 55. 87 55. 84 55. 86 57. 31 60. 39 60. 11 59. 82 61. 16 60. 73 60. 74 59. 01 59. 95 60. 73 61. 25 62. 25 62. 55 63. 35	\$30. 39 48. 13 56. 24 63. 30 68. 85 70. 95 73. 73 73. 82 82. 10 88. 28 85. 35 86. 60 84. 57 85. 92 86. 03 87. 50 88. 09 89. 59 91. 68 92. 69 89. 11	\$58. 11 73. 82 76. 52 75. 27 75. 99 79. 10 81. 38 82. 30 83. 95 88. 28 85. 69 87. 47 85. 42 86. 38 87. 59 87. 65 88. 97 91. 122 92. 14 88. 49 91. 72	(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (6) (4) (6) (6) (6) (7) (7) (8) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9	(2) (2) (2) (3) \$48. 35 48. 40 51. 20 52. 57 53. 58 51. 38 51. 49 51. 49 51. 23 51. 89 52. 90 52. 83 52. 63 52. 04 51. 98	
1953: January 4 February 4	71. 51 71. 42	71. 23 71. 49	77. 43 77. 43	77. 12 77. 5 1	63. 16 63. 16	62. 91 63. 41	88. 65 (2)	88. 30 (2)	52. 81 (2)	52. 60 (2)	

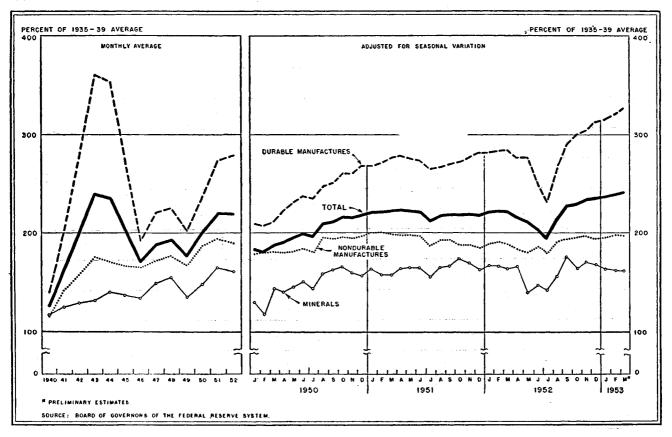
Rarnings in current prices divided by consumer price index on base 1982 = 100.
 Not available.

Not strictly comparable with previous data.
 Preliminary estimates.

PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production in March reached a new post-World War II peak for the seventh consecutive month, according to preliminary data. To a considerable degree, the gain reflected greater output in the automobile industry and its suppliers.



[1935–39=100, seasonally adjusted]

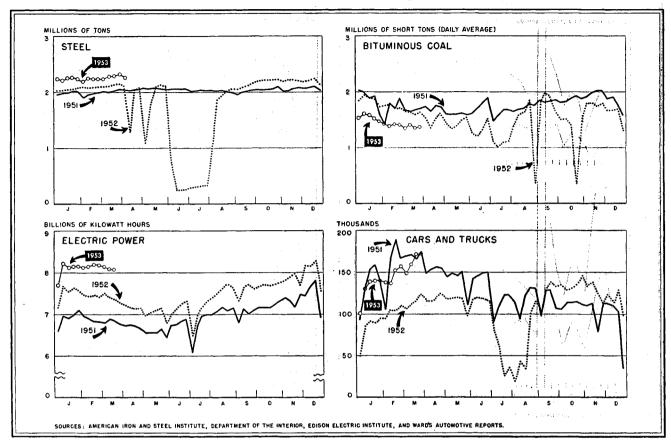
	Total		Manufacture	28	
Period	industrial production	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- able goods	Minerals
1943 monthly average	170 187 192 176 200 199 220 219 222 221 216 211 204 193 215 228	258 177 194 198 183 209 208 229 230 232 231 225 224 214 202 225 237 242	360 192 220 225 202 237 237 273 280 284 285 277 277 277 247 230 267 290 300	176 165 172 177 168 187 184 194 189 190 188 183 181 186 179 191 194 195	132 134 149 155 135 148 151 164 160 167 164 166 140 147 142 156
November December		245 247	304 313	197 194	171 168
1953: January February ¹ March ¹	236 239 241	249 253 255	316 322 327	195 198 197	164 163 162

l Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Steel production in March was at an all-time high, as output in each week set a new peak. Electric power generation remained substantially above a year earlier. Assemblies of cars and trucks rose sharply during the month and were at the highest level in 2 years. Bituminous coal production declined again.



	Ste	el ¹	Electric power,		Cars and
Period	Thousands of net tons	Percent of theoretical capacity	by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours)	coal (thousands of short tons) 2	trucks (number)
Weekly average:	1, 857	96. 9	6, 183	1, 687	154, 214
June 1951 1952	2, 018	99. 6 100. 9 85. 8	6, 038 6, 958 7, 451	1, 777 1, 772 1, 542	192, 825 129, 828 106, 765
1952: February	2, 091	100. 7 102. 2	7, 443 7, 382	1, 750 1, 576	104, 161 115, 014
April May June		89. 7 89. 2 18. 4	7, 124 7, 026	1, 545 1, 381	119, 425 114, 006
July August	368 1, 918	18. 4 17. 7 92. 4	7, 176 7, 076 7, 622	1, 321 1, 183 1, 314	118, 361 44, 587 73, 216
September October November	2, 117 $2, 214$	101. 9 106. 6 105. 9	7, 599 7, 707 7, 841	1, 875 1, 213	127, 345 135, 640
December 1953: January	2, 192	105. 6 105. 6 99. 1	7, 970 8, 156	1, 762 1, 643 1, 510	127, 234 113, 122 137, 890
February		99. 1 101. 6	8, 136 8, 116	1, 310 1, 413 1, 371	146, 188 158, 855
Week ended: 1953: March 7		100. 3	8, 173	1, 350	149, 612
14 21 28		101. 3 101. 5 103. 1	8, 138 8, 078 8, 075	1,410 $1,353$ $1,367$	155, 608 159, 329 170, 870
April 4	2, 190		8, 019		171, 669

¹ Weekly data are scheduled rates of operation; monthly figures are for actual output except latest month which is an average of the weekly estimates. Percent of capacity based on weekly net ton capacity of 1,906,268 for the first half of 1950, 1,928,721 beginning July 1, 1950, 1,999,034 beginning January 1, 1951, 2,077,040 beginning January 1, 1952, and 2,254,459 beginning January 1, 1953.

2 Daily average for week.

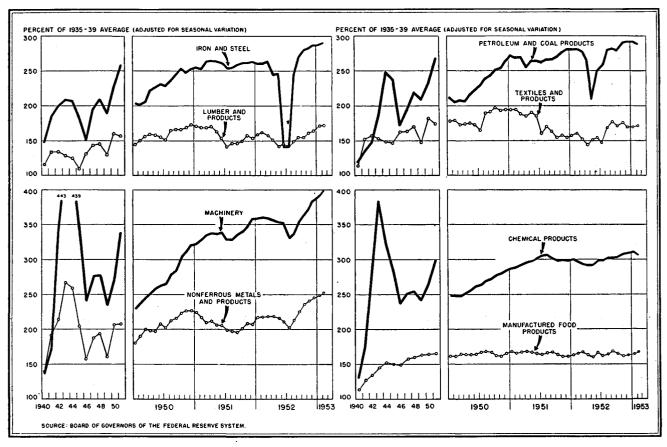
3 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

13

PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

Output in most of the major manufacturing industries increased moderately in February.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

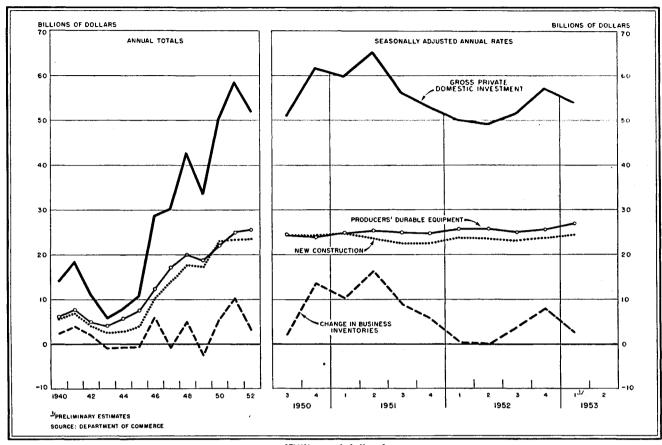
		Durable m	anufactures		1	Nondurable :	manufacture	8
Period	Iron and steel	Lumber and products	Machinery	Nonferrous metals and products	Textiles and products	Petroleum and coal products	Manufac- tured food products	Chemical products
1943 monthly average	208 150 195 208 188 229 231 259 243	129 131 143 145 130 160 155 157	443 240 276 277 234 270 262 336 356	267 157 187 193 160 206 207 207	153 162 163 170 147 182 173 174	185 173 193 218 209 229 222 267 270	145 149 157 159 163 164 164	384 236 251 254 241 264 261 299 301
1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December	261 261 263 245 246 140 139 244	159 162 158 152 142 146 141 149 155 155 161	359 360 359 354 353 352 331 336 354 363 371 385	216 217 218 218 216 210 201 213 225 236 240 246	157 160 152 144 151 154 147 170 177 172 176 169	281 281 278 261 209 251 259 280 282 279 290 291	162 165 166 163 160 166 162 164 168 165	301 297 294 292 292 298 299 302 302 304 308
1953: January February 1	287 291	171 172	392 399	249 253	169 171	291 288	165 168	310 306

Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT

Total investment (seasonally adjusted annual rates) dropped about \$3 billion in the first quarter because of a sharp drop in the rate of inventory accumulation, according to preliminary estimates. Investment in new construction and producers' durable equipment, which account for most of total investment, increased moderately.



		[Billions of d	ollars]			
	Total gross	N	ew construction	n	Producers'	Change in
Period	private domestic investment	domestic Residential		durable equipment	business inventories	
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 5 50. 3	4. 9 2. 8 10. 3 13. 9 17. 7 17. 2 22. 9 23. 3 23. 5	2. 7 . 8 4. 0 6. 3 8. 6 8. 3 12. 6 11. 0 11. 1	2. 2 2. 0 6. 3 7. 6 9. 1 9. 0 10. 3 12. 3 12. 4	4. 6 5. 7 12. 3 17. 1 19. 9 18. 7 22. 0 24. 9 25. 5	0. 4 8 6. 1 8 5. 0 -2. 5 5. 5 10. 3 3. 1
		S	easonally adjus	sted annual ra	tes	
1951: Third quarterFourth quarter	56. 2 52. 9	22. 4 22. 4	9. 9 10. 3	12. 5 12. 1	24. 9 24. 7	8. 9 5. 8
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	49. 3 51. 7	23. 7 23. 6 23. 0 23. 7	11. 0 11. 0 10. 9 11. 6	12. 7 12. 6 12. 2 12. 0	25. 7 25. 7 25. 0 25. 6	. 6 . 1 3. 7 8. 1
1953: First quarter 1	54. 0	24. 5	11. 8	12. 7	27. 0	2. 5

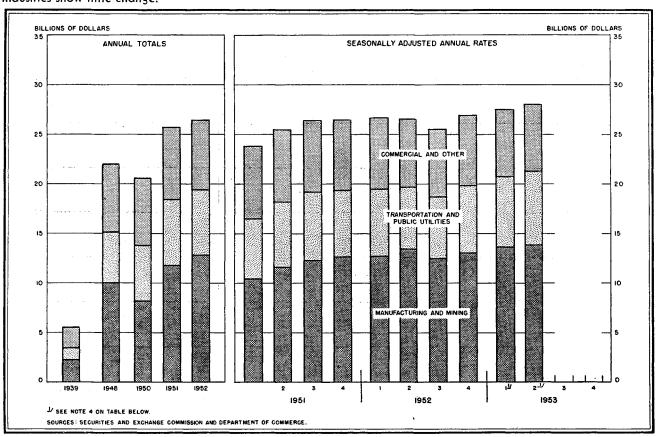
¹ Preliminary estimates by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Business plans to spend \$27 billion on new plant and equipment in 1953, according to a survey made in February and early March. This compares with \$26.5 billion in 1952 and \$25.6 billion in 1951. The survey shows that during 1953 public utilities plan to spend 14 percent more than last year and railroads 7 percent less, while other industries show little change.



[Billions of dollars]

		M	anufacturi	ng		Transportation		D. L.Y.	Commer-
Period	Total 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- ble goods	Mining	Railroads	Other	Public utilities	cial and other 2
1939	5. 51	1. 94	0. 76	1. 19	0. 33	0. 28	0. 36	0. 52	2. 08
1945	8. 69	3. 98	1. 59	2. 39	. 38	. 55	. 57	. 50	2. 70
1948	22. 06	9. 13	3. 48	5. 65	. 88	1. 32	1. 28	2. 54	6. 90
1949	19. 28	7. 15	2. 59	4. 56	. 79	1. 35	. 89	3. 12	5. 98
1950	20. 60	7. 49	3. 14	4. 36	. 71	1. 11	1. 21	3. 31	6. 78
1951	25. 64	10. 85	5. 17	5. 68	. 93	1. 47	1. 49	3. 66	7. 24
1952	26. 46	11. 99	5. 78	6. 21	. 88	1. 39	1. 36	3. 84	6. 99
1953	26. 99	12. 04	5. 52	6. 52	. 91	1. 29	1. 38	4. 37	7. 00
			S	easonally a	djusted a	nnual rates		-	
1951: Third quarter	26. 49	11. 30	(3)	(3)	. 96	1. 52	1. 58	3. 85	7. 28
Fourth quarter	26. 56	11. 69	(3)	(3)	. 96	1. 60	1. 43	3. 73	7. 15
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	26. 72	11. 78	(3)	(3)	. 93	1. 56	1. 44	3. 82	7. 19
	26. 58	12. 24	(3)	(3)	. 90	1. 44	1. 36	3. 75	6. 89
	25. 49	11. 64	(3)	(3)	. 83	1. 24	1. 27	3. 71	6. 80
	26. 96	12. 23	(3)	(3)	. 87	1. 32	1. 38	4. 04	7. 12
1953: First quarter 4	27. 54	12. 78	(3)	(3)	. 84	1. 31	1. 23	4. 55	6. 83
Second quarter 4	28. 07	12. 99	(3)		. 84	1. 48	1. 16	4. 84	6. 76

¹ Excludes agriculture

Commercial and other includes trade, service, finance, communications, and construction.
Not available.

Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures as reported by business between February 15 and March 15.

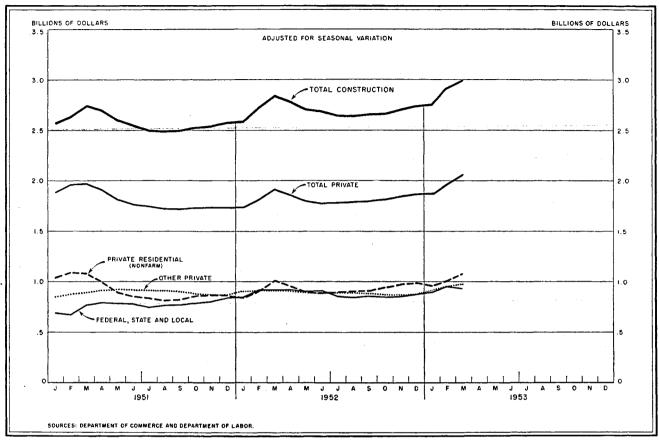
Note.—These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce.

NEW CONSTRUCTION

The value of new construction put in place during March, seasonally adjusted, was at an all-time peak of nearly \$3 billion, or 3 percent larger than in February. Expenditures for both private residential and nonresidential construction increased, while public construction dropped somewhat.



[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

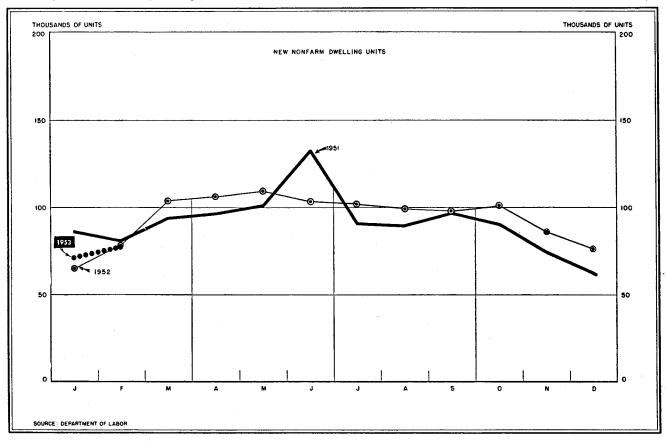
	Total	Pı	rivate construc	tion	Federal,	
Period	Total new construction	Total private	Residential (nonfarm)	Other	State, and local 1	
1939 monthly average	683	366	223	143	317	
1942 monthly average	1, 173	285	143	142	888	
1944 monthly average	438	182	68	114	256	
1946 monthly average	1,000	803	335	468	197	
1943 monthly average	1,806	1, 404	715	689	402	
1949 monthly average	1, 899	1, 365	689	676	534	
1950 monthly average	2, 396	1, 801	1, 050	751	598	
June	2, 389	1, 808	1, 072	736	581	
1951 monthly average	2, 574	1, 807	914	893	767	
1952 monthly average	2, 694	1, 815	925	890	879	
1952: February	2,723	1, 811	900	911	912	
March	2, 835	1, 920	1, 010	910	91	
April	2, 779	1, 857	953	904	922	
May	2, 701	1, 798	902	896	903	
June		1, 773	885	888	910	
July	2, 640	1, 784	896	888	85	
August	2, 634	1, 789	902	887	84	
September		1, 794	911	883	860	
October		1, 81 2	942	870	848	
November		1, 846	973	873	85	
December	2, 738	1, 864	992	872	87	
1953: January	2, 768	1, 868	950	918	900	
February 2	2, 914	1, 965	1, 015	950	949	
March 2	2, 998	2, 061	1, 084	977	933	

¹ Includes public residential construction. ² Preliminary estimates.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts in February rose more than seasonally to 77,000. This was 6,000 more than in January and about the same as in February 1952. Starts for the first 2 months of this year totaled 148,000, compared with 143,000 and 167,000 in the corresponding periods of 1952 and 1951, respectively.



	New nonfarm units started									
Month				19	952	1953				
	1949	1950 1	1951	Monthly total	Seasonally adjusted annual rate 1	Monthly total	Seasonally adjusted annual rate 1			
January February March April May June July August September October November December	50, 000 50, 400 69, 400 88, 300 95, 400 95, 500 96, 100 99, 000 102, 900 104, 300 95, 500 78, 300	78, 700 82, 900 117, 300 133, 400 149, 100 144, 300 144, 400 141, 900 120, 600 102, 500 87, 300 93, 600	85, 900 80, 600 93, 800 96, 200 101, 000 132, 500 90, 500 89, 100 96, 400 90, 000 74, 500 60, 800	64, 900 77, 700 103, 900 106, 200 109, 600 103, 500 102, 600 99, 100 100, 800 101, 100 86, 100 276, 000		2 77, 000	² 1, 157, 000 ² 1, 227, 000			
Total Monthly average	1, 025, 100 85, 400	1, 396, 000 116, 300	1, 091, 300 90, 900	² 1, 131, 500 ² 94, 300						

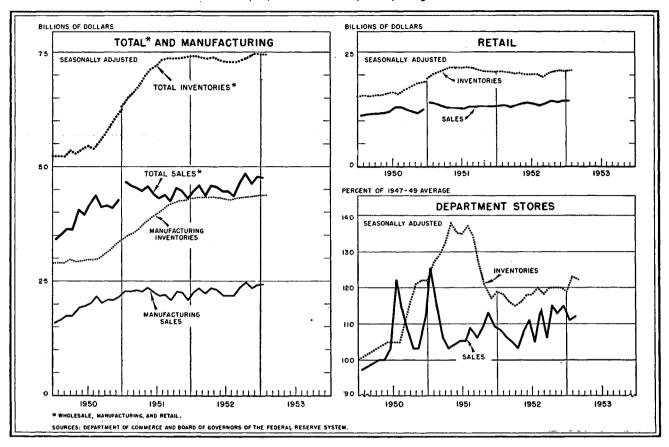
¹ Seasonally adjusted annual rate data are shown monthly beginning with June 1952, the first month used in determining "periods of residential credit control relaxation" pursuant to the provisions of the Defense Production Act Amendments of 1952 (sec. 607). For method of computing seasonally adjusted annual rates, see special release of August 28, 1952, by the Department of Labor.

³ Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor.

INVENTORIES AND SALES

Business inventories (seasonally adjusted) rose moderately in February, with the largest increase occurring at the retail level. The increase in sales was much sharper, with all levels participating in the rise.



	Total b	usiness 1	Ret	tail	M	anufacturin	ıg	Departme	nt stores
Period	Inven- tories ²	Sales *	Inven- tories 2	Sales *	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	New orders	Inven- tories 4	Sales 3
		Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted							49=100, adjusted
1939 1943 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1952 1952: January February March April May June June July August September October	31, 343 42, 942 50, 605 55, 647 52, 264 62, 423 54, 191 74, 059 74, 757 73, 829 73, 620 73, 876 72, 765 72, 714 73, 437	10, 802 21, 920 27, 150 33, 156 36, 438 34, 664 39, 548 44, 454 45, 866 44, 792 45, 866 43, 431 45, 533 44, 381 44, 455 43, 612 46, 276 48, 329	5, 534 7, 561 11, 852 14, 060 15, 828 15, 311 18, 652 16, 139 20, 754 20, 804 20, 681 20, 625 20, 321 20, 477 20, 069 20, 125 20, 127 19, 745 20, 281 20, 652	3, 503 5, 270 8, 541 9, 967 10, 877 10, 893 11, 974 12, 069 513, 185 13, 662 13, 154 13, 406 13, 348 14, 000 13, 648 13, 343 14, 000 13, 648 13, 343 14, 187	11, 465 20, 098 24, 498 28, 920 31, 734 28, 973 34, 118 29, 603 43, 039 43, 824 43, 178 43, 168 43, 237 43, 402 43, 144 42, 892 42, 748 43, 107 43, 224 43, 107	5, 112 12, 820 12, 617 15, 917 17, 630 16, 416 19, 312 19, 502 22, 335 23, 065 22, 634 23, 506 22, 085 23, 547 21, 888 21, 858 21, 898 21, 898 23, 663 24, 753	5, 354 12, 705 13, 694 15, 622 17, 351 15, 903 20, 966 20, 506 24, 431 23, 493 23, 075 24, 569 24, 327 23, 688 21, 792 24, 386 24, 386 24, 152	35 55 77 93 107 100 109 105 129 118 116 115 116 118 118 120 118	35 56 90 98 104 98 105 103 109 109 108 106 105 103 108 111 105 114
November December 1953: January February 6	74, 757 74, 619	46, 230 48, 023 47, 383 49, 025	20, 895 20, 804 20, 814 21, 006	14, 027 14, 410 14, 140 14, 581	43, 596 43, 824 43, 766 43, 865	23, 430 24, 276 24, 292 25, 288	23, 061 24, 466 24, 270 25, 000	120 119 123 122	113 115 111 112

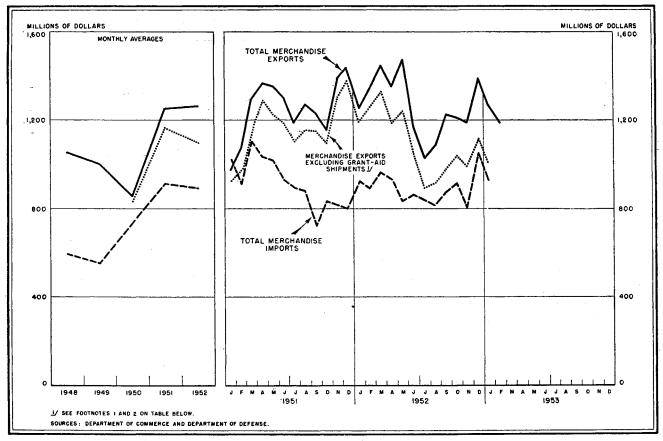
Also includes wholesale, not shown separately in this table.
 Book value, end of period.
 Monthly average for year and total for month.
 Book value, end of period, except annual data, which are monthly averages.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Revised series beginning with 1951; not comparable with previous data.
 See Survey of Current Business. September and November, 1952. for detail.
 Preliminary estimates. Data became available after chart was prepared.

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Imports declined 12 percent in January from the 1952 high reached in December, but were about 4 percent above the 1952 monthly average. While exports also fell substantially, they were slightly above last year's monthly average. Preliminary estimates indicate a further drop in both imports and exports in February.



		[Millions of do	llars]			·
-	Me	rchandise expo	orts			xports (+) rts (-)
Period	Total Grant-aid shipments 1 grant-aid shipments		Merchandise imports	Total	Excluding grant-aid shipments	
1936-38 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December	247 812 1, 278 1, 054 1, 003 856 877 1, 253 1, 263 1, 254 1, 344 1, 447 1, 352 1, 473 1, 167 1, 027 1, 027 1, 027 1, 253 1, 244 1, 187 1, 283	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (1, 164 1, 098 1, 189 1, 260 1, 330 1, 185 1, 237 1, 053 890 916 978 1, 040 992 1, 107	207 412 480 594 552 738 687 914 893 922 893 964 932 834 861 839 817 876 918 804 1,051	+40 +400 +799 +461 +452 +1190 +339 +371 +332 +451 +483 +483 +4638 +269 +348 +296 +383 +332	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1953: January February ³	1, 276 1, 194	268 272	$1,008 \\ 922$	927 855	$^{+349}_{+339}$	$+81 \\ +67$

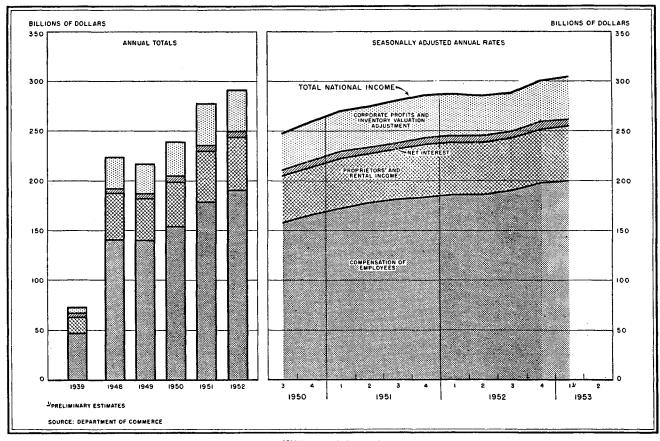
Department of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment and supplies under the Mutual Defense Assistance and Mutual Security Programs
 Shipments began in July 1950. For the year 1950, total grant-aid shipments amounted to 282 million dollars.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

PURCHASING POWER

NATIONAL INCOME

National income (seasonally adjusted) increased slightly in the first quarter, according to preliminary estimates. There was a small rise in compensation of employees and corporate profits before taxes, and practically no change in proprietors' and rental income and net interest.



[Billions of dollars]

	income employees farm) and rental income	Compensa-	(business,		Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment			
Period		Net interest	Total	Profits before taxes	Inventory valuation adjustment			
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 3 239. 2 277. 6 290. 4	47. 8 121. 2 117. 1 128. 0 140. 2 139. 9 153. 4 178. 9 190. 4	14. 7 35. 5 42. 0 42. 4 47. 3 42. 1 45. 2 50. 6 52. 5	4. 2 3. 1 2. 9 3. 5 4. 3 5. 0 5. 8 6. 4 7. 0	5. 8 24. 0 18. 3 24. 7 31. 7 29. 2 34. 8 41. 6 40. 5	6. 5 24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 27. 1 39. 6 42. 9 39. 7	-0.7 3 -5.2 -5.8 -2.1 +2.1 -4.8 -1.3 +.8	
,			Seasonally	y adjusted ann	ual rates			
1951: Third quarter Fourth quarter	280. 2 285. 6	181. 0 183. 4	50. 8 53. 1	6. 5 6. 6	41. 9 42. 5	38. 6 39. 5	+3. 2 +3. 0	
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	288. 0 285. 6 287. 7 300. 2	186. 5 186. 9 190. 3 197. 9	52. 1 51. 9 52. 5 53. 6	6. 7 6. 9 7. 1 7. 2	42. 7 39. 9 37. 8 41. 5	42. 7 38. 2 37. 2 40. 3	1 +1. 7 +. 6 +1. 2	
1953: First quarter 1	304. 3	200. 5	53. 7	7. 3	42. 8	42. 8	. 0	

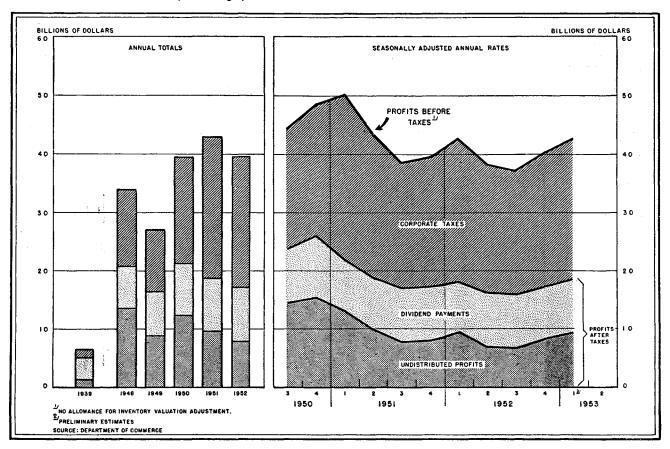
¹ Preliminary estimates by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted.)

CORPORATE PROFITS

Corporate profits are estimated to have increased in the first quarter to about the rate of a year ago. Dividend payments were the same as in the preceding quarter.



(Billions of dollars)

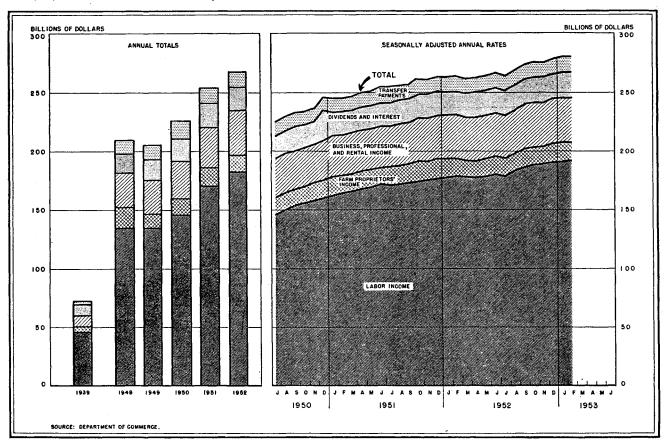
·	Corporate	Corporate	Corporate profits after taxes					
Period	profits tax before taxes liability		Total	Dividend payments	Undistributed profits			
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	27. 1	1. 5 13. 5 9. 6 11. 9 13. 0 10. 8 18. 4 24. 2 22. 6	5. 0 10. 8 13. 9 18. 5 20. 7 16. 3 21. 2 18. 7 17. 1	3. 8 4. 7 5. 8 6. 6 7. 2 7. 5 9. 0 9. 0 9. 1	1. 2 6. 1 8. 1 12. 0 13. 5 8. 8 12. 3 9. 6 8. 0			
•		Seasonal	lly adjusted an	nual rates				
1951: Third quarterFourth quarter	38. 6 39. 5	21. 8 22. 2	16. 9 17. 3	9. 2 9. 3	7. 7 8. 0			
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter		24. 3 21. 8 21. 2 23. 0	18. 4 16. 4 16. 0 17. 3	8. 9 9. 6 9. 3 9. 0	9. 5 6. 8 6. 7 8. 3			
1953: First quarter ¹	42. 8	24. 4	18. 4	9. 0	9. 4			

³ Preliminary estimates by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—See p. 21 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment. Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

PERSONAL INCOME

Total personal income showed practically no change between January and February. A downward movement in farm proprietors' income was offset by an increase in labor income.



		[Billions o	f dollars]			
		Labor income	Proprietor	s' income 1		
Period	Total personal income	(salaries, wages, and other labor income) ¹	Farm	Business, professional, and rental income	Dividends and personal interest	Transfer payments
1939	205 9 226. 3	45. 7 116. 2 134. 9 134. 2 146. 5 170. 7 182. 4	4. 5 11. 8 17. 7 12. 8 13. 3 15. 6 15. 2	10. 3 23. 7 29. 6 29. 3 31. 9 35. 0 37. 0	9. 2 10. 6 16. 0 17. 1 19. 5 20. 4 21. 1	3. 0 3. 6 11. 3 12. 4 2 15. 1 12. 4 12. 7
		Seaso	nally adjuste	ed annual rate	s	
1950: June	221. 0	144. 9	12. 1	31. 7	18. 7	13. 6
1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December	263. 5 261. 9 262. 5 264. 5 266. 7 263. 9 269. 6 273. 8 276. 1 275. 8 280. 0	177. 4 178. 8 178. 2 177. 8 179. 0 180. 3 178. 4 183. 5 186. 4 188. 6 189. 0 191. 1	16. 6 15. 2 14. 4 14. 6 15. 5 15. 0 14. 8 15. 7 15. 3 15. 1	36. 5 36. 6 35. 9 36. 5 36. 8 36. 8 36. 8 37. 9 37. 6 38. 4	20. 1 20. 5 21. 0 21. 5 21. 4 21. 3 21. 4 21. 3 21. 3 21. 3 21. 2	12. 8 12. 4 12. 4 12. 3 12. 6 12. 5 12. 4 13. 1 12. 9 13. 9 12. 8 13. 4
1953: January February 3	280. 6 280. 4	191. 2 192. 1	15. 7 14. 6	38. 7 38. 8	21. 4 21. 5	13. 6 13. 4

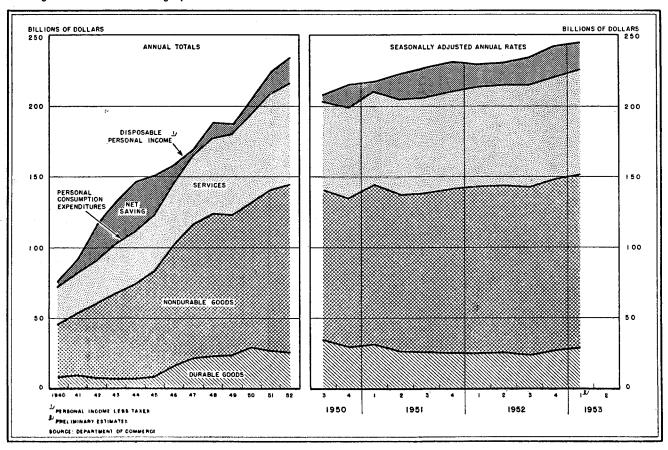
¹ Excludes employee contributions for social insurance, and self-employed contributions (which became effective January 1952).
2 Includes \$2.7 billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
3 Preliminary estimates.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

Consumer spending rose more than disposable income in the first quarter. In consequence the saving rate dropped, although it remained at a high peacetime level.



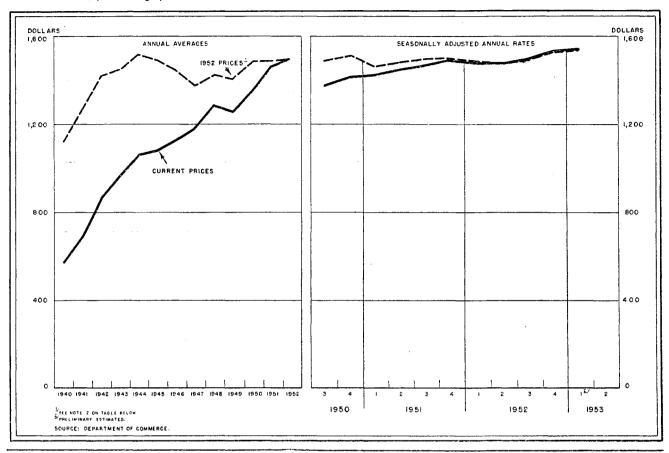
	Dispos-	Less: Pe	rsonal consu	mption expe	enditures	Equals:	Net saving as percent	
Period	able per- sonal income 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods	Services	Personal net saving	of dis- posable income	
		Billions of dollars						
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	188. 4 187. 2 205. 5	67. 5 82. 3 91. 2 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 6 194. 3 208. 0 216. 3	6. 7 9. 8 7. 1 7. 1 16. 6 21. 4 22. 9 23. 8 29. 2 27. 1 25. 8	35. 3 44. 0 52. 9 67. 1 85. 8 95. 1 100. 9 99. 2 102. 8 113. 5 119. 0	25. 5 28. 5 31. 2 37. 4 44. 5 49. 1 54. 1 57. 5 62. 4 67. 3 71. 5	2. 7 9. 8 25. 6 35. 4 12. 0 3. 9 10. 5 6. 7 11. 2 17. 0 18. 0	3. 8 10. 7 21. 9 24. 1 7. 6 2. 3 5. 6 3. 6 5. 5 7. 6 7. 7	
			Seasonally	adjusted ar	nual rates	<u> </u>	···	
1951: Third quarterFourth quarter		206. 4 210. 5	25. 5 25. 3	113. 2 116. 2	67. 6 69. 0	20. 7 21. 1	9. 1 9. 1	
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	230. 8 234. 8	213. 2 214. 9 215. 0 222. 0	25. 2 26. 4 24. 2 27. 3	118. 0 117. 8 118. 9 121. 4	70. 0 70. 8 71. 9 73. 3	16. 3 15. 9 19. 8 20. 5	7. 1 6. 9 8. 4 8. 5	
1953: First quarter ²	245. 0	226. 0	29. 0	122. 5	74. 5	19. 0	7. 8	

Income less taxes.
 Preliminary estimates by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the President.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding-Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

In the first quarter, per capita disposable income in both current and constant prices increased again, but at a slower rate than in the preceding quarter.

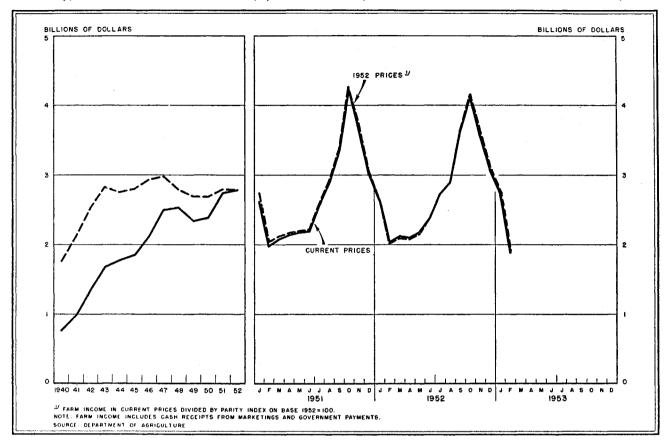


Period	Total dispose income (billion		Per capita di sonal incom	Population	
	Current prices	1952 prices ²	Current prices	1952 prices ²	(thousands)3
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	92. 0 116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 187. 2 205. 5	138. 2 169. 1 191. 0 210. 0 204. 0 198. 0 208. 4 209. 6 225. 1 229. 4 234. 3	536 690 865 1,062 1,164 1,176 1,285 1,255 1,355 1,458 1,493	1, 055 1, 268 1, 416 1, 517 1, 443 1, 374 1, 421 1, 405 1, 484 1, 486 1, 493	131, 028 133, 402 134, 860 138, 397 141, 389 144, 126 146, 631 149, 188 151, 677 154, 360 156, 981
		Seasonall	y adjusted ani	nual rates	· ·
1951: Third quarterFourth quarter	227. 1 231. 5	231. 7 233. 6	1,468 1,489	1, 498 1, 503	154, 722 155, 442
1952: First quarter	230. 8 234. 8 242. 5	230. 9 230. 8 234. 1 241. 5	1, 471 1, 473 1, 492 1, 584	1, 480 1, 473 1, 488 1, 527	156, 064 156, 669 157, 370 158, 122
1953: First quarter 4	245. 0	244. 0	1, 543	1,537	158, 758

Income less taxes.
Dollar estimates in current prices divided by an over-all implicit price index for personal consumption expenditures. This price index is based on Department of Commerce data, shifted from a 1939 base.
Provisional intercensal estimates of the population of the United States including armed forces overseas, taking into account the final 1950 Census total population count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.
Preliminary estimates.

FARM INCOME

In February, farm income declined more sharply than in February 1952, and was at the lowest level since May 1950.



Period	Farm income (millions of current dollars)	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates) 1952=100 1	
1939 monthly average 1941 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1952 monthly average 1952 January February March April May June July August September October November	968 1, 763 2, 111 2, 539 2, 344 2, 384 1, 889 2, 742 2, 785 2, 642 2, 043 2, 122 2, 100 2, 170 2, 381 2, 711 2, 882 3, 620 4, 123 3, 546	43 46 64 72 91 87 89 89 98 100 101 101 101 101 100 100 100 99 98 98	1, 663 2, 104 2, 755 2, 932 2, 790 2, 694 2, 679 2, 122 2, 798 2, 785 2, 642 2, 023 2, 101 2, 079 2, 154 2, 381 2, 711 2, 882 3, 620 4, 165 3, 618
December	2, 742	99 98 98	3, 135 2, 770 1, 928

Converted from the reported base, 1910-14=100. to the base 1952=100.
 Farm income in current dollars divided by parity index on base 1952=100.
 Preliminary estimates.

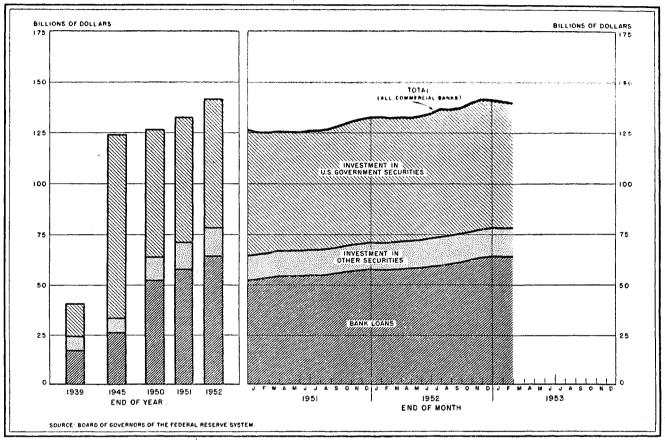
Note.—Farm income includes cash receipts from marketings and Government payments,

Source: Department of Agriculture.

CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans, which had declined seasonally in January, rose slightly during February. Investments in U. S. Government securities declined \$800 million. There was again no change in holdings of other securities.



[Billions of dollars]

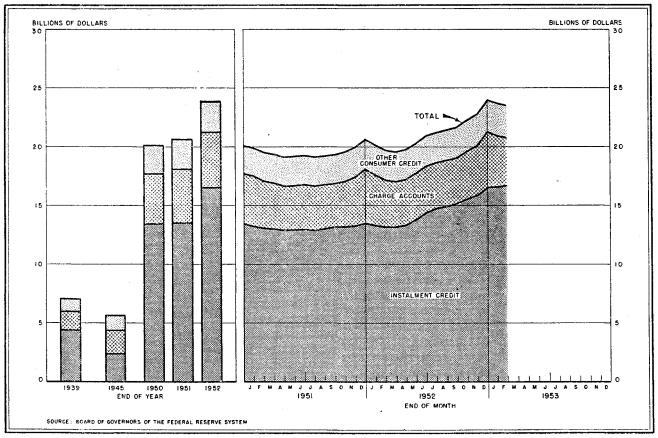
		Weekly					
End of mariod	Total			Investments			
End of period	loans and investments	Bank loans	Total	U. S. Government securities	Other securities	banks— Business loans 1	
1939 1945 1947 1949 1950 June 1951 1952 1952: February March April May June July August September October	116. 3 120. 2 126. 7 121. 8 132. 6 141. 6 132. 2 132. 5 132. 3 133. 1 134. 4 136. 8 136. 6 137. 1 139. 4	17. 2 26. 1 38. 1 43. 0 52. 2 44. 8 57. 7 64. 3 57. 6 57. 8 58. 5 58. 5 59. 2 59. 7 60. 2 61. 2	23. 4 97. 9 78. 2 77. 2 74. 4 77. 3 74. 7 74. 1 74. 5 75. 2 77. 0 76. 3 77. 0	16. 3 90. 6 69. 2 67. 0 62. 0 65. 8 61. 5 63. 2 61. 3 61. 1 60. 5 60. 7 61. 2 62. 9 62. 9 61. 6	7. 1 7. 3 9. 0 10. 2 12. 4 11. 2 13. 3 14. 1 13. 4 13. 6 13. 7 13. 8 14. 0 14. 1 14. 4 14. 3	4. 4 7. 3 14. 6 13. 9 17. 8 13. 6 21. 6 23. 2 21. 2 21. 4 20. 8 20. 5 20. 6 20. 9 21. 6 22. 3	
November December		63. 5 64. 3	78. 2 77. 3	64. 0 63. 2	14. 2 14. 1	22. 9 23. 2	
1953: January February March 2	140. 1	64. 0 64. 2	76. 8 75. 9	62. 6 61. 8	14. 1 14. 1	22. 8 22. 7 23. 3	

Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans revised series beginning March 1953.
Digitized for FRASER
Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

² Preliminary estimates. Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

CONSUMER CREDIT

Total consumer credit outstanding declined slightly in February, reflecting a seasonal reduction in charge accounts. Instalment credit rose for the eleventh consecutive month.



[Millions of dollars]

	T-4-1		In	stalment cree	dit			
End of named	Total consumer credit	Total		Sale credit			Charge	Other consumer
End of period	outstand- ing	instalment credit	Total	Automo- bile sale credit	Other sale credit	Loans 1	accounts	credit 2
1939	20, 644 23, 952 20, 126 19, 717 19, 565 19, 788 20, 293 20, 961 21, 213 21, 433 21, 657	4, 424 2, 364 13, 459 12, 105 13, 510 16, 507 13, 314 13, 185 13, 156 13, 319 13, 806 14, 409 14, 745 14, 939 15, 193 15, 573 15, 885 16, 507	2, 792 942 7, 904 6, 995 7, 546 9, 399 7, 322 7, 158 7, 047 7, 099 7, 421 7, 820 8, 039 8, 149 8, 339 8, 653 8, 653 8, 917 9, 399	1, 267 227 4, 126 3, 790 4, 039 5, 205 3, 962 3, 927 3, 891 3, 946 4, 171 4, 446 4, 597 4, 634 4, 708 4, 882 5, 038 5, 205	1, 525 715 3, 778 3, 205 3, 507 4, 194 3, 360 3, 231 3, 156 3, 153 3, 250 3, 374 3, 442 3, 515 3, 631 3, 771 3, 879 4, 194	1, 632 1, 422 5, 555 5, 110 5, 964 7, 108 5, 992 6, 027 6, 109 6, 220 6, 385 6, 790 6, 790 6, 854 6, 968 7, 108	1, 544 1, 981 4, 239 3, 392 4, 587 4, 745 4, 253 3, 967 3, 855 3, 913 3, 921 3, 980 3, 891 3, 902 3, 848 4, 075 4, 242 4, 745	1, 063 1, 282 2, 399 2, 154 2, 547 2, 700 2, 559 2, 565 2, 556 2, 556 2, 572 2, 577 2, 592 2, 616 2, 641 2, 671 2, 700
1953: January 3 February 3	23, 676 23, 521	16, 538 16, 689	9,365 $9,460$	5, 309 5, 452	4, 056 4, 008	7, 173 7, 22 9	4, 397 4, 060	2, 741 2, 772

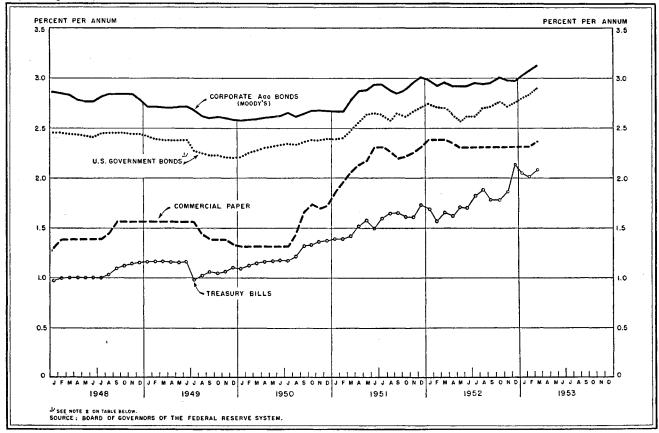
Note: - Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

¹ Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
3 Includes loans by pawnbrokers, servcie credit, and unclassified single-payment loans under \$3,000 made by commercial banks.
4 Preliminary estimates.

BOND YIELDS AND INTEREST RATES

Average yields on new issues of 3-month Treasury bills increased moderately in March, after declining for 2 months from the peak level of December 1952. The rate on commercial paper rose from the level which had prevailed for 10 consecutive months. Yields on U. S. Government taxable bonds and high grade corporate bonds continued to rise, setting new post-World War II records.



[Percent per annum]

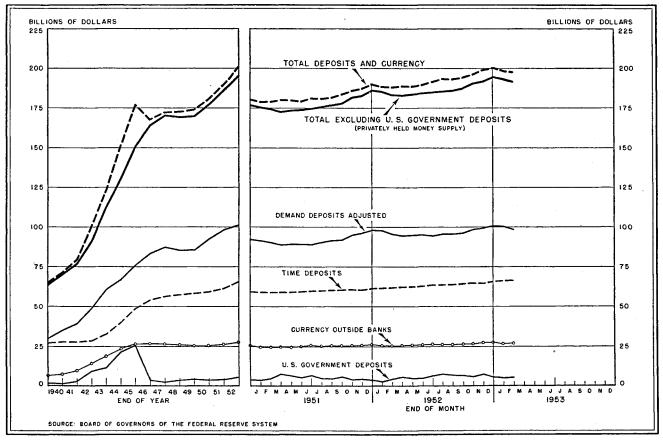
	U. S. Governi yie	ment security lds	Corporate	Prime commercial	
Period	3-month Treasury bills 1	Taxable bonds ²	Aaa bonds (Moody's)	paper, 4-6 months	
Average: 1939 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1952: February March April May June July August September October November		2. 19 2. 25 2. 44 2. 31 2. 32 2. 33 2. 57 2. 68 2. 71 2. 70 2. 64 2. 57 2. 61 2. 70 2. 71 2. 71 2. 71	3. 01 2. 53 2. 61 2. 82 2. 66 2. 62 2. 82 2. 96 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 94 2. 95 3. 01 2. 95 3. 02 3. 03 3. 03	0. 59	
December	2. 042 2. 018	2. 75 2. 80 2. 83 • 2. 89	2. 97 3. 02 3. 07 3. 12	2. 31 2. 31 2. 31 2. 36	

¹ Rate of new issues within period. ² 15 years and over prior to April 1952; 12 years and over beginning in April.

Bonds in this classification were first issued in March 1941-Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

MONEY SUPPLY

The total money supply dropped \$900 million in February, extending the decline of the preceding month. Bank sales of U. S. Government securities and shifts of funds from private to Government accounts were major factors in the \$2.2 billion decline in demand deposits.



Billi	ona	οf	dali	arel
וווועבו	ODB	U.	UUII	ואנשו

		guomicaj	or domain;				
	Total de-	U. S.	Total excluding U. S. Government deposits (privately held money supply)				
	posits and currency	Government deposits 1	Total	Currency outside banks	Demand deposits adjusted ²	Time deposits ³	
1939 1945 1946 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1952: 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November December	64. 7 176. 4 167. 5 172. 7 173. 9 180. 6 174. 7 189. 8 200. 1 188. 2 188. 0 188. 7 188. 7 189. 3 191. 4 193. 1 194. 1 196. 1 198. 9 200. 1	1. 5 25. 6 3. 5 3. 6 4. 17 4. 8 3. 9 5. 0 4. 8 4. 9 6. 5 7. 6 6. 7 7. 5. 9 7. 3	63. 3 150. 8 164. 0 169. 1 169. 8 176. 9 170. 0 186. 0 194. 5 185. 2 183. 4 182. 9 183. 8 184. 4 184. 9 185. 8 186. 2 187. 4 190. 2 191. 6	6. 4 26. 5 26. 7 26. 1 25. 4 25. 2 26. 3 27. 5 25. 6 25. 7 25. 9 26. 0 26. 2 26. 3 26. 3 27. 5	29. 8 75. 9 83. 3 85. 5 85. 8 92. 3 85. 0 98. 2 101. 2 97. 9 95. 7 94. 8 95. 1 95. 3 94. 8 95. 7 95. 8 96. 4 98. 6 99. 4 101. 2	27. 1 48. 5 54. 0 57. 5 58. 6 59. 7 61. 4 65. 7 62. 0 62. 8 63. 0 63. 7 64. 1 64. 5 64. 8	
1953: January February 4	198. 3 197. 4	5. 0 5. 8	193. 3 191. 6	26. 8 26. 9	100. 5 98. 3	66. 0 66. 3	

Includes U.S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks and commercial and savings banks, and U.S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account.

Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.

Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits.

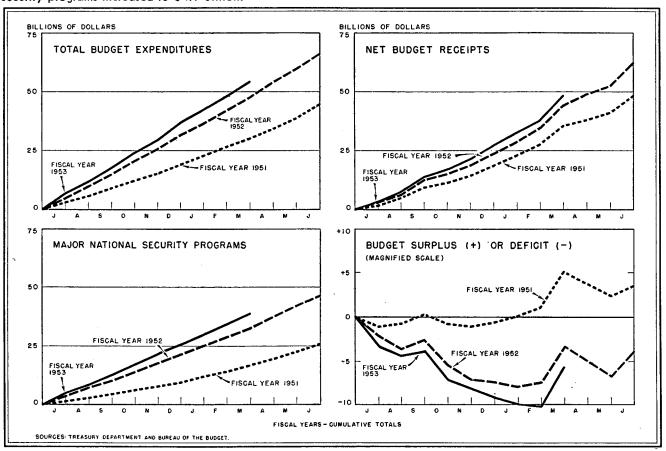
Preliminary estimates.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

FEDERAL BUDGET RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Receipts of \$10.5 billion in March exceeded the previous record in March 1952 by \$600 million and reduced the budget deficit for the first 9 months of the current fiscal year to \$5.8 billion. In March, expenditures for major national security programs increased to \$4.7 billion.



				_
IRiI	lions	Ωf	4al	lorel

	Budget expenditures				Net budget receipts		Budget surplus (+) or deficit (-)		Public
Period	To	tal		national programs ¹	Total for	Cumula-	Total for	Cumula- tive fiscal	debt (end of
	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	period	tive fiscal year totals	pariod	year totals	period) ²
Fiscal year 1944	39. 3 33. 8 40. 1 40. 2 44. 6		88. 2 20. 9 16. 4 19. 1 17. 8 26. 4 3 47. 2		43. 9 40. 0 42. 2 38. 2 37. 0 48. 1 62. 1		-51. 4 +. 8 +8. 4 -1. 8 -3. 1 +3. 5 -4. 0		202. 6 258. 4 252. 4 252. 8 257. 4 255. 3 259. 2
1952: February March April May June	5. 7 6. 0 5. 7 6. 9	41. 8 47. 5 53. 6 59. 2 66. 1	3. 8 4. 1 4. 5 4. 5 4. 3	28. 8 32. 8 37. 3 41. 9 46. 2	5. 6 9. 9 4. 3 3. 8 9. 8	34. 3 44. 2 48. 5 52. 3 62. 1	$\begin{array}{c} +.4 \\ +4.2 \\ -1.7 \\ -1.9 \\ +2.9 \end{array}$	-7. 5 -3. 3 -5. 0 -6. 9 -4. 0	260. 4 258. 1 258. 3 260. 0 259. 2
July	5. 0 6. 1 6. 4 5. 2 7. 1 5. 7 5. 6	6. 7 11. 8 17. 8 24. 2 29. 4 36. 5 42. 2 47. 8 54. 0	4.7 3.8 4.5 4.4 3.9 4.6 4.2 4.2	4. 7 8. 5 13. 0 17. 4 21. 2 25. 9 30. 1 34. 2 4 38. 9	3. 3 4. 0 6. 6 3. 1 4. 2 6. 0 5. 1 5. 5 10. 5	3. 3 7. 4 14. 0 17. 0 21. 2 27. 2 32. 3 37. 7 48. 2	$\begin{array}{c} -3.4 \\ -1.0 \\ +.5 \\ -3.3 \\ -1.0 \\ -1.1 \\7 \\1 \\ +4.3 \end{array}$	-3.4 -4.4 -3.9 -7.2 -8.2 -9.3 -10.0 -10.1 -5.8	263. 1 263. 2 262. 7 265. 0 267. 5 267. 4 267. 5 267. 6 264. 5

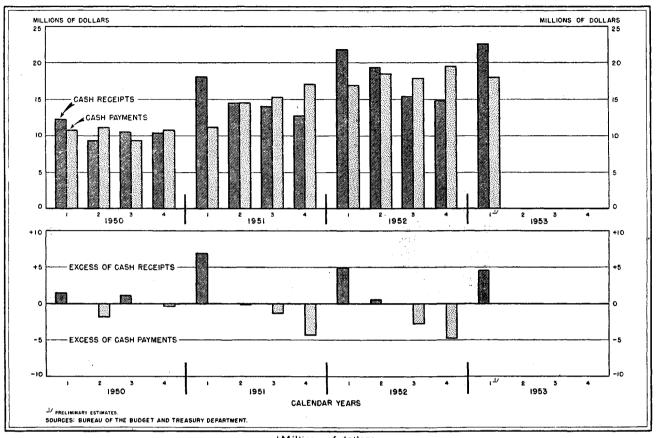
Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations, development and control of atomic energy, promotion of the merchant marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense.

Includes guaranteed securities, except those held by the Treasury.

Data for fiscal year not strictly comparable with monthly figures.

FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

The seasonal rise in cash receipts in the first quarter of 1952 resulted in a large cash surplus. But the surplus was about \$600 million smaller than in the first quarter of 1951, reflecting cash payments about \$1.2 billion higher than a year ago and cash receipts \$600 million higher.



Millions of dollars

Calendar year	Federal cash receipts from the public	Federal cash payments to the public	Excess of receipts (+) or payments (-)
Calendar year total:			
1946	41, 441	41, 399	+42
1947	44, 282	38, 616	+5,666
1948	44, 922	36, 897	+8,027
1949	41, 346	42, 642	-1,295
1950	42, 419	41, 969	+450
1951	59, 278	58, 034	+1,244
1952	71, 339	72, 979	-1,641
Quarterly totals, not adjusted for seasonal variation:			•
1951: First quarter	18, 051	11, 179	+6,874
Second quarter	14, 462	14, 521	-59
Third quarter	13, 993	15, 270	-1,277
Fourth quarter.	12, 770	17, 064	-4.295
1952: First quarter	21, 874	16, 921	+4, 953
	19, 389	18, 701	+688
Second quarter	15, 354	17, 921	-2.567
Third quarterFourth quarter	15, 354 14, 722	19, 436	-2,307 -4,715
roundi quanton	14, 122	1.7, 400	-4, 710
1953: First quarter 1	22, 500	18, 100	+4,400

¹ Preliminary estimates.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Sources: Bureau of the Budget and Treasury Department.