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[Public Law 120—81st Congress; Chapter 237—1st Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]

To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

Charts drawn by Graphics Unit, Office of the Secretary, Department of Commerce

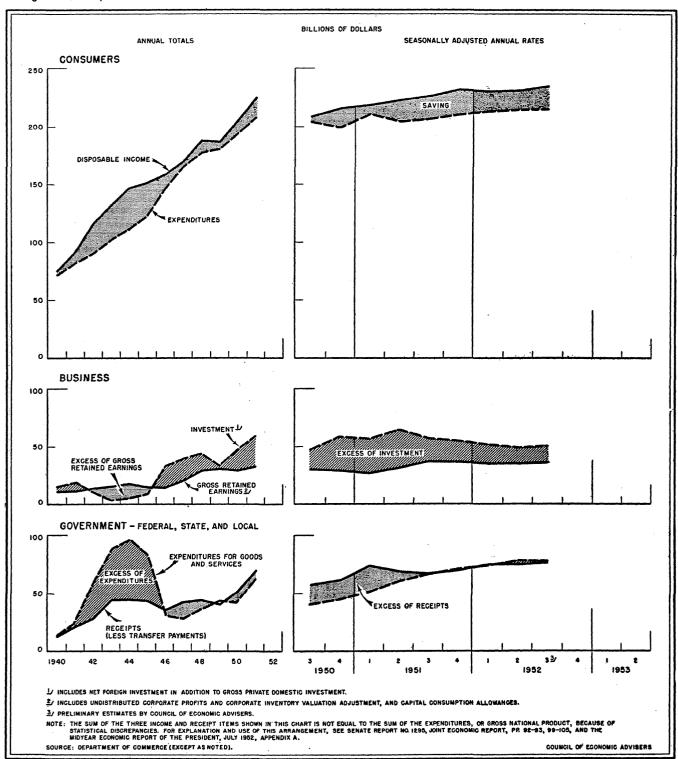
Contents

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY	Page
The Nation's Economic Accounts	1 2
PRICES	
Consumers' Prices Wholesale Prices Prices Received and Paid by Farmers Stock Prices	3 4 5 6
EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES	
Civilian Labor Force. Nonagricultural Employment—Selected Industries. A verage Weekly Hours—Selected Industries. A verage Hourly Earnings—Selected Industries. A verage Weekly Earnings—Selected Industries.	7 8 9 10 11
PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY	
Industrial Production Weekly Production—Selected Indicators Production of Selected Manufactures Gross Private Domestic Investment Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment New Construction New Housing Starts Inventories and Sales Merchandise Exports and Imports	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
PURCHASING POWER	
National Income Corporate Profits Personal Income Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving Per Capita Disposable Income Farm Income	21 22 23 24 25 26
CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE	
Bank Loans and Investments Consumer Credit Bond Yields and Interest Rates Money Supply Federal Budget Receipts and Expenditures Federal Cash Receipts From and Payments to the Public	27 28 29 30 31 32

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

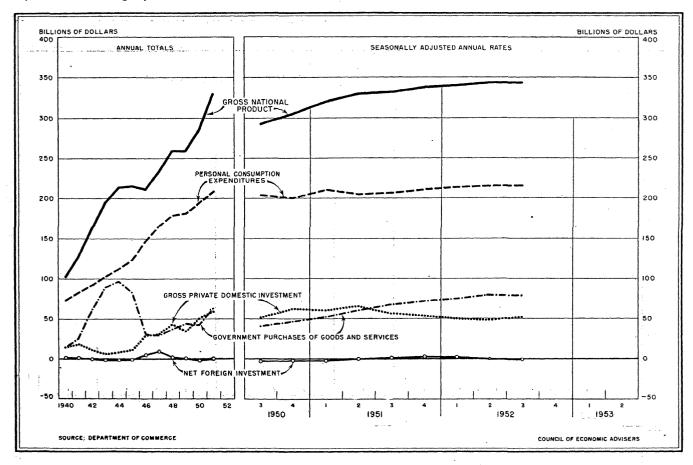
THE NATION'S ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

On the basis of the income and product accounts, the excess of government expenditures over receipts narrowed during the third quarter.



GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

In the third quarter, gross national product continued at about the level of the previous quarter. National security expenditures fell slightly.



Billions of dollars Government purchases of goods and Personal services Total gross Gross private consump-Net foreign Period national domestic tion expendinvestment product investment National Other 2 itures Total security 1 1939_ 91. 3 9. 9. 7. 7 28. 7 0.9 11.9 67. 5 13. 1 96. 5 30. 9 9. 0 12. 4 1944 213.7 87. 5 111.6 2. 1 211. 1 1946. 146. 9 4. 6 18. 5 30. 2 42. 7 1947. 233. 3 165.6 8.9 28. 6 12.0 16. 6 259.0 177.9 1. 9 36. 6 15. 5 21. 1 258. 2 180.6 33. 5 5 43.6 18.9 $\frac{1}{24}$. 7 284. 2 50. 3 1950____ 194.3 2. 3 41. 9 18.3 23. 6 329. 2 208. 0 1951____ 58. 5 62. 6 25. 9 36, 7 Seasonally adjusted annual rates 1951: First quarter_____ Second quarter____ 210.5 -2.7 -.2319.6 24. 6 59, 8 51: 9 27. 3 329.3 **204.** 5 65. **2** 59. 8 34. 5 **2**5. **3** 330. 9 56. **2** 206. 4 26. 2 Third quarter____ 1. 1 67. 3 41. 1 Fourth quarter ... 337. 1 210.5 52. 9 2. 6 71. 2 43. 8 27. 4 1952: First quarter ____ Second quarter ____ Third quarter ____ 339. 4 213. 2 50.0 1.9 74. 4 46. 0 28. 4 214. 9 342.6 49. 3 78. 0 28. 1 49. 9 343. 4 215.0

51. 7

-1.2

77. 9

49. 2

28.7

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce.

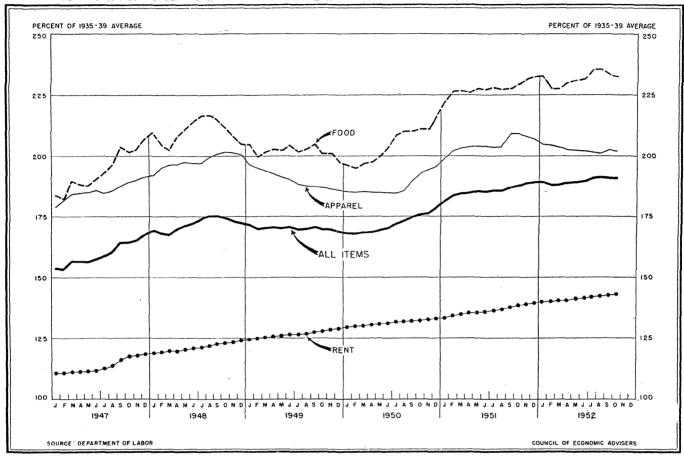
Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations (except foreign loans), atomic energy, merchant marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense; excludes Federal Government sales. For further detail, see Midyear Economic Report of the President, July 1952 (p. 139), and Survey of Current Business, July 1952 (p. 12).

Residual; expenditures by the Federal Government for other than "national security" and total expenditures by State and local governments.

PRICES

CONSUMERS' PRICES

From mid-September to mid-October, consumers' prices were practically unchanged. Retail food prices declined slightly during this period and showed no further change by mid-November.



[1935-39=100]

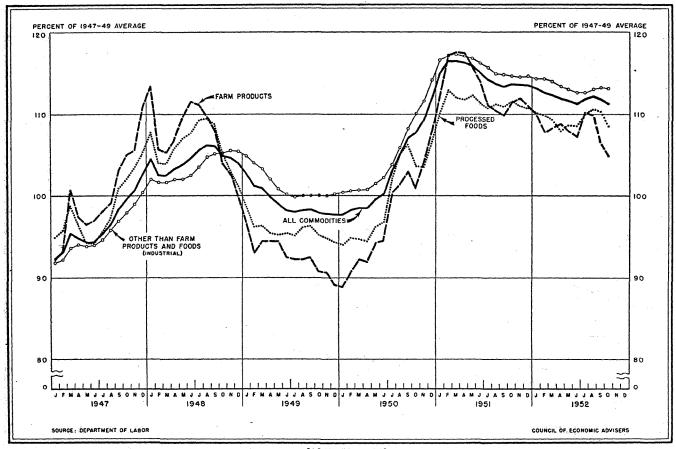
Period	All items	Food	Apparel	Rent	Fuel, elec- tricity, and refrigeration	Housefur- nishings	Miscellane- ous
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1945 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 15	99. 4 123. 7 125. 7 128. 6 139. 5 171. 9 170. 2 171. 9 170. 2 185. 6	95. 2 138. 0 136. 1 139. 1 159. 6 210. 2 201. 9 204. 5 203. 1 227. 4	100. 5 129. 7 138. 8 145. 9 160. 2 198. 0 190. 1 187. 7 184. 6 204. 5	104. 3 108. 7 109. 1 109. 5 110. 1 121. 2 126. 4 131. 0 130. 9 136. 2	99. 0 107. 7 109. 8 110. 3 112. 4 133. 9 137. 5 140. 6 139. 1 144. 1	101. 3 125. 6 136. 4 145. 8 159. 2 195. 8 189. 0 190. 2 184. 8 210. 9	100. 7 115. 8 121. 3 124. 1 128. 8 149. 9 154. 6 156. 5 154. 6
1951: September 15 October 15 November 15 December 15	186. 6 187. 4 188. 6 189. 1	227. 3 229. 2 231. 4 232. 2	209. 0 208. 9 207. 6 206. 8	137. 5 138. 2 138. 9 139. 2	144. 4 144. 6 144. 8 144. 9	211. 1 210. 4 210. 8 210. 2	166. 0 166. 6 168. 4 169. 1
1952: January 15	189. 1 187. 9 188. 0 188. 7 189. 0 189. 6 190. 8 191. 1 190. 8	232. 4 227. 5 227. 6 230. 0 230. 8 231. 5 234. 9 235. 5 233. 2	204. 6 204. 3 203. 5 202. 7 202. 3 202. 0 201. 4 201. 1 202. 3 202. 1	139. 7 140. 2 140. 5 140. 8 141. 3 141. 6 141. 9 142. 3 142. 4	145. 0 145. 3 145. 3 145. 3 144. 6 144. 8 146. 4 147. 3 147. 6 148. 4	209. 1 208. 6 207. 6. 206. 2 205. 4 204. 4 204. 2 204. 2 205. 0 204. 6	169. 6 170. 2 170. 7 171. 1 171. 4 172. 5 173. 0 173. 2 173. 8 174. 4

¹ Based on a special survey, the food index for November 15 is estimated at 232.4, unchanged from October 15.

Note.—Revised index of prices for moderate-income families in large cities.

WHOLESALE PRICES

The decline in farm and processed food prices, which lowered average wholesale prices in October, continued into November. Industrial prices have been at about the same level for the last three months.

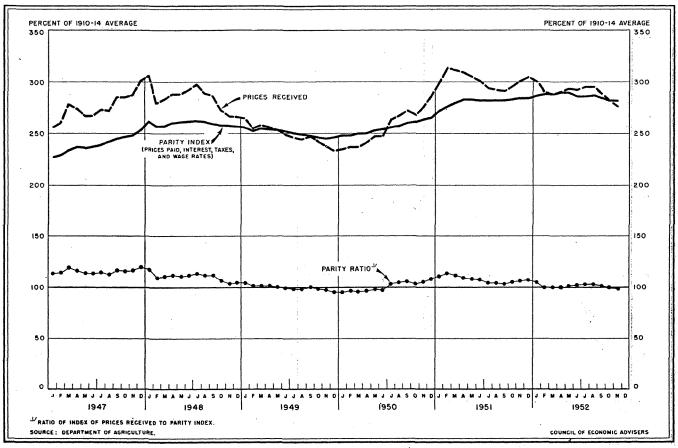


1946 monthly average 7 1947 monthly average 9 1948 monthly average 10 1949 monthly average 9 1950 monthly average 10		(1)	Other than farm products and foods (industrial) 68. 3 78. 3
1946 monthly average 7 1947 monthly average 9 1948 monthly average 10 1949 monthly average 9 1950 monthly average 10	8. 7 83. 2 6. 4 100. 0	(1)	
1949 monthly average 9 1950 monthly average 10	4.4 107.0		95. 3 103. 4
	9. 2 92. 8 3. 1 97. 5 0. 2 94. 5	95. 7 99. 8	105. 4 101. 3 105. 0 102. 2
1951 monthly average 11 1951: September 11 October 11	4. 8 113. 4 3. 4 109. 9 3. 7 111. 5	110. 9 111. 6	115. 9 114. 8 114. 6
December 11 1952: January 11	3. 6 112. 0 3. 5 111. 3 3. 0 110. 0 2. 5 107. 8	110. 7 110. 1	114. 5 114. 6 114. 3 114. 2
March 11 April 11 May 11	2. 3 108. 2 1. 8 108. 7 1. 6 107. 9	109. 2 108. 0 108. 6	113. 8 113. 3 113. 0
July	1. 2 107. 2 1. 8 110. 2 2. 2 109. 9 1. 8 106. 6	110. 0 110. 5	112. 6 112. 5 113. 0 113. 2
October 11 Week ended:	1. 2 104. 9 0. 0 104. 7	108. 5	113. 1
11 1811	0. 3 102. 6 0. 0 101. 7	105. 3 104. 5	113. 0 113. 0 113. 0 113. 0

i Not available. Note.—Revised index. For description of the revision see The Monthly Labor Review, February 1952, Source: Department of Labor.

PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

In November, the parity ratio fell below 100 for the first time since Korea as prices received by farmers declined more than prices paid.



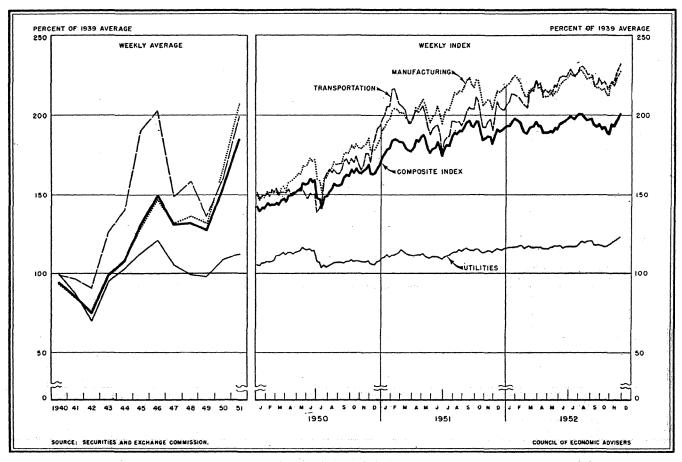
[1910-14=100]

Period	Prices received by farmers	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates)	Parity ratio ¹
1939 monthly average 1942 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 15 1951 monthly average 1951: October 15 November 15	95 158 2 196 2 234 275 285 249 256 247 302 296 301	122 151 182 207 239 259 250 255 254 281 283	78 105 108 113 115 110 100 100 97 107
December 15 1952: January 15 February 15 March 15 April 15 May 15 June 15 July 15 September 15 October 15 November 15	305 300 289 288 290 293 292 295 295 288 282 277	284 287 288 288 289 286 286 286 287 285 282 281	107 105 100 100 101 101 102 103 103 101 100 99

¹ Ratio of index of prices received by farmers to parity index..
3 Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946. Source: Department of Agriculture

STOCK PRICES

Stock prices in all major groups except mining averaged substantially higher in November than in October.



en e]	1939 = 100				and the second of the second o	
Period	Com- posite index 1	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Trans- portation	Utilities	Trade, finance, and service	Mining
Weekly average: 1940 1942 1946 1949 1950 June 1951: November December 1952: January February March April May June July August September October November	74. 9 149. 4 127. 7 154. 1 158. 3 184. 9 185. 8 190. 5 195. 8 193. 6 192. 9 191. 3 190. 4 196. 0	93. 4 75. 5 146. 6 132. 1 165. 7 171. 1 206. 8 207. 8 214. 8 222. 1 218. 7 216. 8 213. 7 221. 6 225. 3 225. 3 225. 2 219. 3 214. 7 222. 6	92. 5 73. 7 138. 6 116. 1 150. 2 156. 0 178. 5 179. 0 182. 7 186. 1 182. 9 182. 2 181. 7 181. 7 187. 1 191. 7 194. 3 190. 9 188. 3	94. 2 77. 1 154. 4 147. 2 187. 2 185. 0 233. 1 234. 6 244. 6 255. 4 251. 5 248. 8 245. 2 243. 3 253. 4 256. 3 253. 7 245. 6 239. 2	99. 2 90. 8 202. 4 136. 2 160. 0 149. 5 199. 0 194. 0 203. 5 210. 6 208. 6 214. 0 217. 1 215. 9 224. 6 226. 3 227. 9 221. 9 221. 9 225. 1	99. 9 69. 8 121. 0 98. 1 108. 9 114. 8 112. 6 114. 0 115. 2 116. 6 117. 0 116. 8 116. 1 116. 7 116. 8 116. 9 118. 6 118. 3 117. 6 121. 2	90. 4 71. 3 204. 3 160. 5 185. 7 182. 4 207. 7 208. 0 209. 1 210. 0 206. 8 203. 7 202. 9 201. 3 203. 8 208. 3 209. 5 201. 7 205. 2	75. 6 59. 7 125. 5 129. 2 143. 5 143. 0 204. 9 238. 8 238. 1 245. 8 258. 0 294. 9 298. 4 283. 2 290. 5 288. 9 278. 2 274. 8 259. 9
Week ended: 1952: November 7 14 21 28 December 5	194. 4 193. 6 197. 8 201. 3 201. 3	220. 2 218. 6 223. 8 228. 0 227. 4	192. 8 193. 0 198. 5 200. 9 200. 3	245. 5 242. 3 247. 2 253. 0 252. 4	221. 6 219. 8 226. 4 232. 7 233. 0	119. 0 120. 2 121. 9 123. 5 123. 9	202. 4 202. 9 205. 9 209. 6 211. 8	262. 4 256. 4 259. 7 261. 0 266. 2

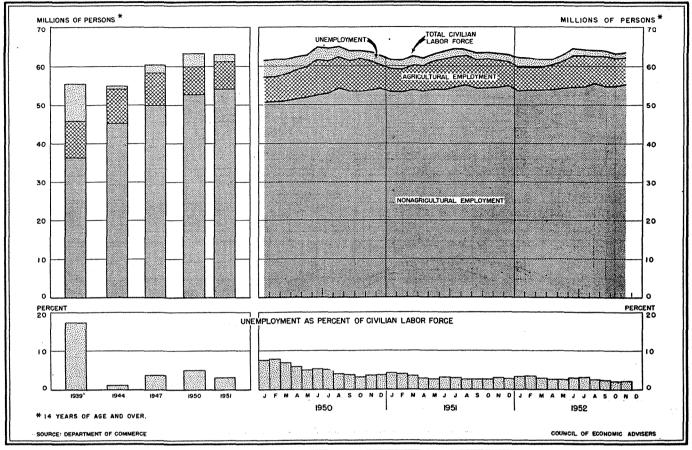
¹ Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

The civilian labor force increased in November for the first time since June. Nonagricultural employment jumped upward by 900,000, reaching an all-time high for November. Agricultural employment continued its seasonal decline. Unemployment rose slightly to a level of 1.4 million.



		Civi	lian labor f	orce		Unemploy-
Period	m . 1	E	mployment	է 1	Unem-	ment as per- cent of total
	Total	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	ploy- ment	civilian labor force
	Thous	d over				
1939 monthly average	62, 105 63, 099 64, 866 62, 884 63, 186 63, 452 63, 164	45, 750 53, 960 58, 027 59, 378 58, 710 59, 957 61, 482 61, 005 61, 580 61, 336 61, 336	9, 610 8, 950 8, 266 7, 973 8, 026 7, 507 9, 046 7, 054 7, 526 7, 668 7, 022	36, 140 45, 010 49, 761 51, 405 50, 684 52, 450 52, 436 53, 951 54, 054 54, 168 54, 314	9, 480 670 2, 142 2, 064 3, 395 3, 142 3, 384 1, 879 1, 606 1, 616 1, 828	17. 2 1. 2 3. 6 3. 4 5. 5 5. 2 3. 0 2. 5 2. 5 2. 9
December	61, 780 61, 838 61, 518 61, 744 62, 778 64, 390 64, 176 63, 958 63, 698 63, 146	61, 014 59, 726 59, 752 59, 714 60, 132 61, 176 62, 572 62, 354 62, 354 62, 360 61, 862 62, 228	6, 378 6, 186 6, 064 6, 012 6, 412 6, 960 8, 170 7, 598 6, 964 7, 548 7, 274 6, 774	54, 636 53, 540 53, 688 53, 702 53, 720 54, 216 54, 402 54, 636 55, 390 54, 712 54, 588 55, 454	1, 674 2, 054 2, 086 1, 804 1, 612 1, 602 1, 818 1, 942 1, 604 1, 438 1, 284 1, 418	2. 7 3. 3. 4 2. 9 2. 6 2. 8 3. 0 2. 5 3. 0 2. 2

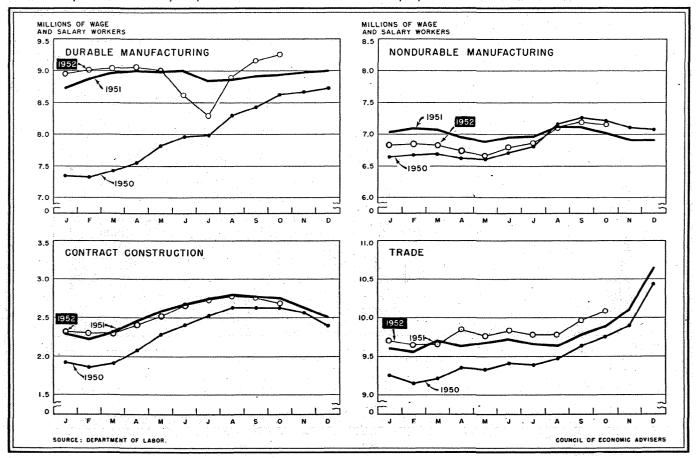
¹ Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment in October reached a post-World War II peak of 16.4 million. All of the increase was in durable goods manufacturing as employment declined in the nondurable goods sector. Employment in trade increased by more than 100,000, as retail stores added workers in preparation for Christmas sales.



[Thousands of wage and salary workers 1]										
Period	M	[anufacturi	ng	Contract construc- tion	Trade	Finance and	Govern- ment (Federal,	Transpor- tation and	Mining	
	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods			service	State, local)	public utilities	***************************************	
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average	10, 078 17, 381 14, 461 15, 286 14, 146 14, 884 14, 666 15, 931	4, 683 11, 077 7, 739 8, 315 7, 465 8, 008 7, 964 8, 926	5, 394 6, 304 6, 722 6, 970 6, 681 6, 876 6, 702 7, 005	1, 150 1, 567 1, 661 2, 165 2, 156 2, 318 2, 414 2, 569	6, 612 7, 189 8, 602 9, 491 9, 438 9, 524 9, 411 9, 804	4, 703 5, 320 6, 207 6, 515 6, 545 6, 573 6, 653 6, 641	3, 987 6, 049 5, 607 5, 613 5, 811 5, 910 5, 832 6, 390	2, 912 3, 619 4, 023 4, 151 3, 979 4, 010 4, 023 4, 144	845 917 852 981 932 904 946 920	
1951: September October November December	16, 039 15, 965 15, 890 15, 913	8, 913 8, 942 8, 976 9, 000	7, 126 7, 023 6, 914 6, 913	2, 768 2, 761 2, 633 2, 518	9, 781 9, 893 10, 109 10, 660	6, 729 6, 668 6, 641 6, 614	6, 544 6, 532 6, 497 6, 881	4, 178 4, 166 4, 165 4, 161	917 917 917 916	
1952: January February March April May June July August 2 September 2 October 2	15, 776 15, 859 15, 869 15, 795 15, 654 15, 410 15, 162 16, 015 16, 361 16, 406	8, 946 9, 010 9, 035 9, 054 8, 991 8, 621 8, 301 8, 904 9, 157 9, 258	6, 830 6, 849 6, 834 6, 741 6, 663 6, 789 6, 861 7, 111 7, 204 7, 148	2, 316 2, 308 2, 296 2, 416 2, 522 2, 663 2, 722 2, 783 2, 763 2, 686	9, 720 9, 643 9, 668 9, 845 9, 773 9, 838 9, 792 9, 795 9, 970 10, 084	6, 580 6, 586 6, 618 6, 700 6, 754 6, 814 6, 836 6, 796 6, 737	6, 509 6, 490 6, 528 6, 551 6, 602 6, 585 6, 588 6, 589 6, 712 6, 714	4, 103 4, 111 4, 118 4, 096 4, 131 4, 168 4, 140 4, 201 4, 217 4, 220	909 902 904 896 893 814 784 887 874 858	

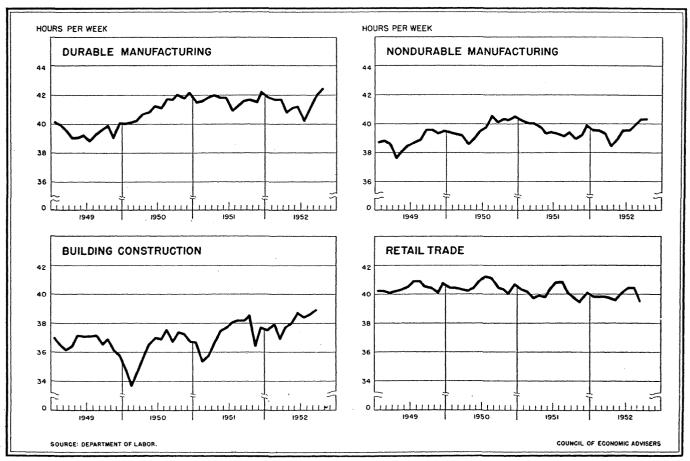
¹ Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

1 Preliminary estimates

Source: Department of Labor.

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The average workweek in manufacturing rose to 41.5 hours in October, the highest level for any month in the post-World War II period.



[Hours per week, selected industries 1]

		Manufacturing	3	Building	
Period	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	construction	Retail trade
1939 monthly average	40. 5 40. 7 40. 6 40. 5 40. 5 41. 2 40. 8 40. 7	38. 0 46. 6 40. 2 40. 6 40. 5 39. 5 41. 2 41. 3 41. 7 41. 6 41. 7 41. 5 42. 2 41. 8 41. 7	37. 4 42. 5 40. 1 39. 6 38. 8 39. 7 39. 5 39. 5 39. 9 39. 9 39. 5 39. 5 39. 5	32. 6 38. 4 38. 1 37. 3 36. 7 36. 3 37. 0 37. 3 38. 2 38. 5 36. 4 37. 7	(2) (2) (2) 40. 3 40. 3 40. 4 40. 5 40. 9 40. 1 40. 0 39. 8 39. 4 40. 1 39. 8 39. 8 39. 8 39. 8
April	39. 8 40. 2 40. 5 39. 9 40. 6 41. 3 41. 5	40. 8 41. 1 41. 2 40. 2 41. 1 42. 0 42. 4	38. 4 39. 0 39. 5 39. 5 39. 9 40. 3 40. 3	37. 6 37. 9 38. 7 38. 4 38. 6 38. 9	39. 6 40. 1 40. 4 40. 4 39. 5

¹ For production and related workers.

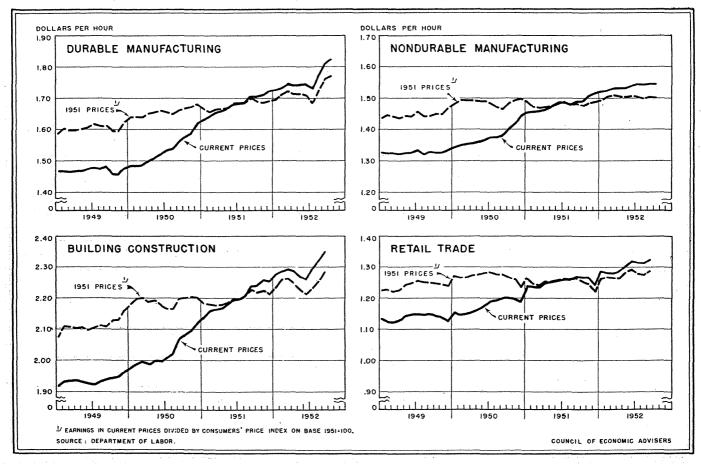
² Not strictly comparable with previous data.

² Not available.

⁴ Preliminary estimates.

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Factory workers' average hourly earnings, including overtime and other premium pay, rose by 1 cent during October to \$1.71, primarily because of more overtime pay associated with the longer workweek.



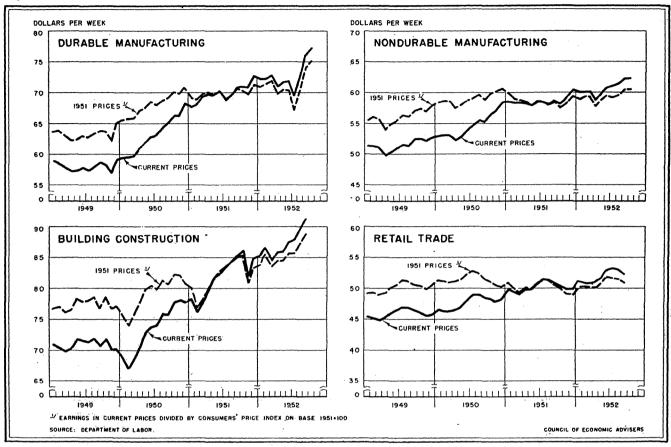
[Production and related workers in selected industries]

All r		facturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
	Current prices	1951 prices 1	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices 1	
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951: September October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August 4 September 4 October 4	1. 237 1. 350 1. 401 1. 465 1. 453 1. 594 1. 613 1. 626 1. 636 1. 644 1. 655 1. 658 1. 658 1. 658 1. 658	\$1. 181 1. 443 1. 444 1. 438 1. 458 1. 528 1. 582 1. 585 1. 594 1. 605 1. 609 1. 605 1. 625 1. 627 1. 622 1. 623 1. 621 1. 651 1. 655	\$0. 698 1. 059 1. 156 1. 292 1. 410 1. 469 1. 537 1. 522 1. 678 1. 707 1. 705 1. 712 1. 723 1. 726 1. 731 1. 746 1. 747 1. 733 1. 746 1. 747 1. 733 1. 769 1. 811 1. 823	\$1. 302 1. 590 1. 537 1. 502 1. 523 1. 602 1. 660 1. 667 1. 688 1. 685 1. 691 1. 710 1. 724 1. 713 1. 715 1. 709 1. 686 1. 717 1. 762 1. 772	\$0. 582 803 1. 015 1. 171 1. 278 1. 325 1. 378 1. 365 1. 481 1. 489 1. 491 1. 507 1. 515 1. 522 1. 530 1. 529 1. 531 1. 545 1. 545 1. 545 1. 546 1. 546	\$1. 086 1. 206 1. 350 1. 362 1. 380 1. 445 1. 488 1. 489 1. 481 1. 482 1. 476 1. 483 1. 487 1. 492 1. 504 1. 503 1. 504 1. 503 1. 504 1. 505	\$0. 932 1. 252 1. 478 1. 681 3 1. 848 1. 935 2. 031 1. 995 2. 201 2. 236 2. 239 2. 260 2. 253 2. 276 2. 285 2. 292 2. 261 2. 294 2. 294 2. 350 (2)	\$1. 739 1. 880 1. 965 1. 955 2. 110 2. 193 2. 176 2. 201 2. 225 2. 217 2. 224 2. 211 2. 234 2. 231 2. 232 2. 232 2. 232 2. 232 2. 233 2. 286 (2)	(2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	

¹ Earnings in current prices divided by consumers' price index on base 1951=100;
2 Not available.
3 Not strictly comparable with previous data.
4 Preliminary estimates.

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The increased workweek brought average weekly earnings in manufacturing industries in October to a new all-time high of \$70.80.



[Production and related workers in selected industries]

Dad. J	All manufacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
Period	Current prices	1951 prices 1	Current prices	1951 prices 1	Current prices	1951 prices 1	Current prices	1951 prices 1	Current prices	1951 prices 1
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951: September October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August 4 September 4 October 4	49. 97 54. 14 54. 92 59. 33 58. 85 64. 88 65. 49 65. 85 67. 40 66. 91 67. 40 65. 87 66. 65 67. 15 67. 70 67. 90	\$44. 51 64. 77 58. 27 58. 40 58. 47 59. 89 64. 07 64. 18 64. 88 65. 16 64. 76 66. 14 65. 66 66. 54 65. 70 65. 70 65. 83 68. 80	\$26. 50 49. 30 46. 49 52. 46 57. 11 58. 03 63. 32 62. 86 69. 97 71. 01 71. 10 72. 71 72. 15 72. 18 72. 81 71. 07 71. 76 71. 98 69. 67 72. 71 76. 06 77. 30	\$49. 44 74. 02 61. 82 61. 00 61. 67 63. 28 68. 38 68. 55 69. 97 70. 66 70. 40 69. 93 71. 35 70. 80 71. 32 71. 88 69. 88 70. 49 70. 43 67. 77 70. 59 73. 99 75. 12	\$21. 78 34. 12 41. 14 46. 96 50. 61 51. 41 53. 92 58. 50 58. 67 58. 00 59. 07 60. 45 60. 04 60. 12 60. 13 58. 71 60. 83 61. 03 61. 57 62. 30 62. 30	\$40, 63 51, 23 54, 60 54, 65 56, 06 59, 08 58, 50 58, 38 57, 43 59, 32 59, 31 59, 32 59, 37 59, 52 59, 57 59, 52 59, 57 59, 66 60, 54	\$30. 39 48. 13 56. 24 63. 30 70. 95 73. 73 73. 82 82. 10 85. 42 86. 20 82. 26 84. 94 85. 35 86. 60 84. 57 85. 92 86. 03 87. 50 88. 09 89. 59 91. 42	\$56. 70 72. 27 74. 36 74. 35 77. 37 79. 62 80. 50 82. 10 85. 00 85. 35 80. 96 83. 76 85. 57 83. 48 84. 51 85. 62 85. 69 88. 93	(2) (4) (4) (5) (4) (6) (6) (4) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)

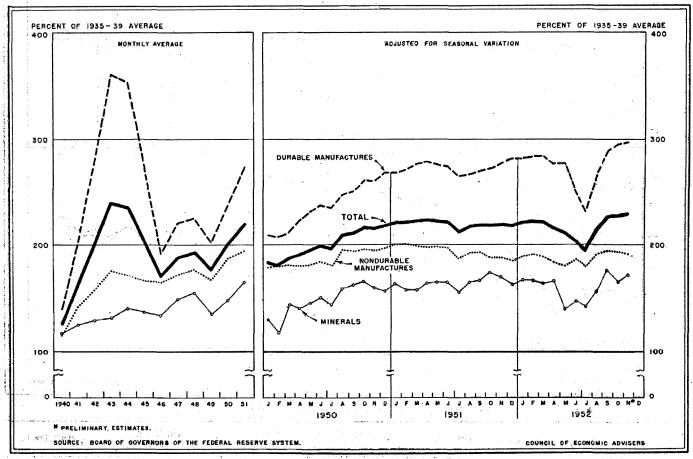
Earnings in current prices divided by consumers' price index on base 1951 = 100.
 Not available.

Not strictly comparable with previous data.
Preliminary estimates.

PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production in November rose 2 index points to 229 (1935–39=100), its highest postwar level, according to preliminary estimates. Practically all of the increase occurred in the metal-fabricating industries. Nondurable goods production declined slightly. Minerals output rose as bituminous coal production was resumed following the work stoppage in October.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

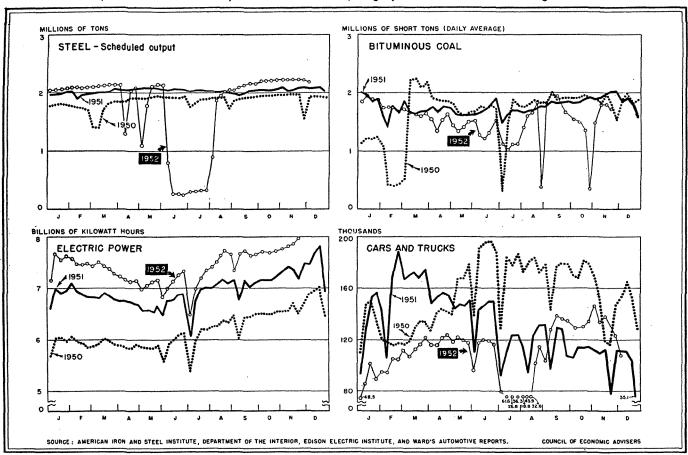
[1] A. Santa Manager, A. Santana, A. Sa		tal	to the state of th	Manufacture	es	11		
Period	industrial production		Total	Durable goods	Nondura- able goods	Minerals		
1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average		239 170 187 192 176 200 199	258 177 194 198 183 209 208	192 220 225 202 237 237	176 165 172 177 168 187 184	132 134 149 155 135 148 151		
1951 monthly average 1951: October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August September October 1		220 218 219 218 221 221 221 216 211 204 193 214 226 227	229 226 228 231 232 231 232 24 214 202 225 235 238	274 277 282 282 284 284 277 277 247 230 266 287	194 188 188 185 189 190 188 183 181 186 179 191 194 193	164 174 170 163 167 167 164 166 140 147 142 156 175		

Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Steel production during November continued high, though slightly below October peak rates. Coal output rose substantially, but was below last year's high November level. Electric power production rose seasonally, reaching new record levels, while motor vehicle production declined, largely because of model changeovers.



	Ste	el 1	Electric power,	Bituminous	Cars and
Period	Thousands of net tons	Percent of theoretical capacity	by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours)	coal (thousands of short tons) ²	trucks (number)
Weekly average:	1, 857	96. 9	6, 183	1, 687	154, 214
June 1951	1, 898 2, 018	99. 6 100. 9	6, 038 6, 958	1, 777 1, 772	192, 825 129, 828
1951: October November December		103. 0 102. 6 100. 6	7, 204 7, 340 7, 464	1, 914 1, 984 1, 760	112, 300 103, 362 82, 090
1952: January February March April May June July August September October November 3	2, 091 2, 123 1, 863 1, 852 382 368 1, 918	99. 3 100. 7 102. 2 89. 7 89. 2 18. 4 17. 7 92. 4 101. 9 106. 4 106. 3	7, 509 7, 443 7, 382 7, 158 7, 018 7, 176 7, 076 7, 622 7, 582 7, 699 7, 841	1, 919 1, 751 1, 580 1, 553 1, 383 1, 322 1, 183 1, 320 1, 875 1, 203 1, 753	82, 195 104, 161 115, 014 119, 700 114, 870 118, 361 44, 587 73, 216 125, 514 135, 446 127, 234
Week ended:	2 222	10 2 0	7 770	, ,,,,,,	,
1952: November 1	$egin{array}{c} 2,229 \ 2,200 \ 2,215 \ 2,212 \ 2,203 \ \end{array}$	107. 3 105. 9 106. 6 106. 5 106. 1	7, 753 7, 807 7, 884 7, 971 7, 701	1, 537 1, 800 1, 803 1, 738 1, 800	146, 654 134, 254 137, 903 123, 531 113, 250
December 6	2, 191	105. 5			128, 956

Weekly data are scheduled rates of operation; monthly figures are for actual output except latest month which is an average of the weekly estimates. Percent of capacity based on weekly net ton capacity of 1,843,516 for 1949, 1,906,268 for the first half of 1950, 1,928,721 beginning July 1, 1950, 1,999,034 beginning January 1, 1951, and 2,077,040 beginning January 1, 1952.

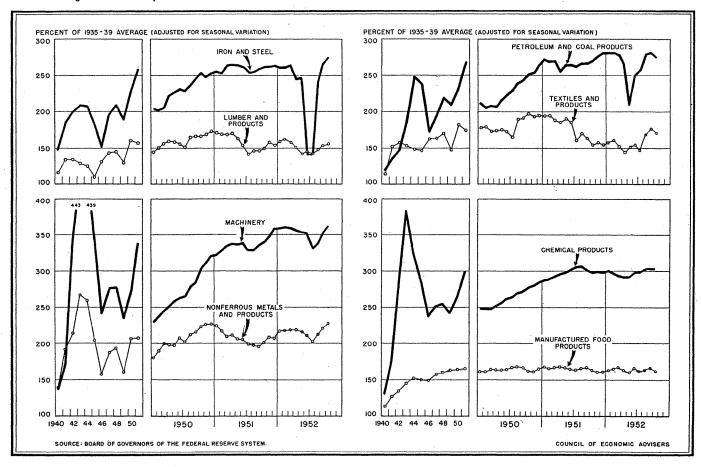
Daily average for week.

Preliminary estimates.

Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

Durable goods industries registered significant production increases in October. However, major nondurable goods industries, including textiles, petroleum and coal, and manufactured foods, decreased output. Chemicals production was unchanged from the previous month.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

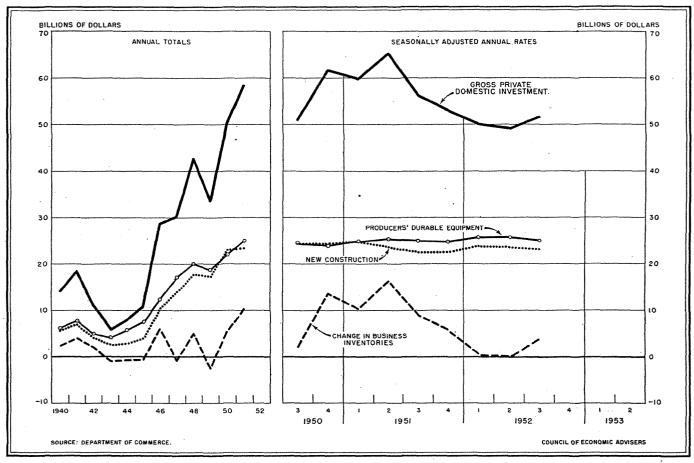
		Durable m	anufactures		. 1	Nondurable :	manufacture	28
Period	Iron and steel	Lumber and products	Machinery	Nonferrous metals and products	Textiles and products	Petroleum and coal products	Manufac- tured food products	Chemical products
1943 monthly average	195 208 188 229 231 259 258 261	129 131 143 145 130 160 155 157 146 149	443 240 276 277 234 270 262 336 336 340 347	267 157 187 193 160 206 207 207 207 196 201 209	153 162 163 170 147 182 173 174 163 154 157	185 173 193 218 209 229 222 268 266 269 276	145 149 157 159 163 164 165, 167 163 160	384 236 251 254 241 264 261 298 301 298
December	261 261 263 245 246 140 139	154 159 162 158 152 142 146 141 148 155	358 359 360 359 354 353 352 331 337 353 362	207 216 217 218 219 216 210 201 213 221 228	152 157 160 152 144 151 154 147 170 176 172	281 281 278 263 209 251 259 280 281	160 162 165 166 163 160 166 162 163 166 162	298 300 297 294 292 292 298 299 302 303 303

¹ Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT

The rise in total investment during the third quarter was more than accounted for by increased inventory accumulation. Expenditures for construction and producers' durable equipment declined slightly.



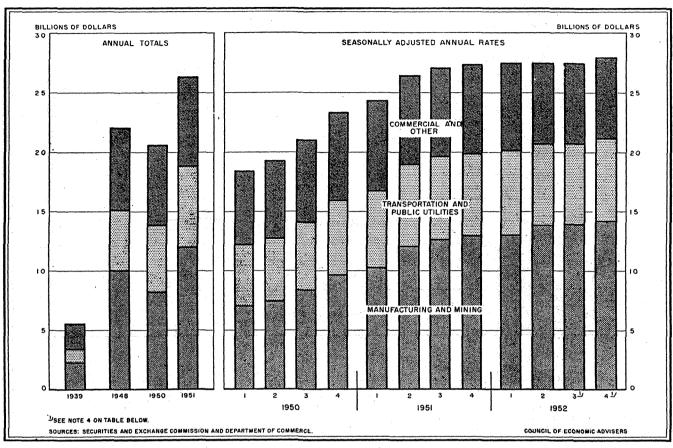
[D:II:ong	o.f	4.11	0-01

		[Dimielle of G							
	Total gross	N	lew construction	on.	Producers' Char				
Period	private domestic investment	Total	Residential nonfarm	Other	durable equipment	business inventories			
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 5 50. 3	4. 9 2. 8 10. 3 13. 9 17. 7 17. 2 22. 9 23. 3	2. 7 . 8 4. 0 6. 3 8. 6 8. 3 12. 6 11. 0	2. 2 2. 0 6. 3 7. 6 9. 1 9. 0 10. 3 12. 3	4. 6 5. 7 12. 3 17. 1 19. 9 18. 7 22. 0 24. 9	0. 4 8 6. 1 8 5. 0 -2. 5 5. 5 10. 3			
		Seasonally adjusted annual rates							
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	59. 8 65. 2 56. 2 52. 9	24. 7 23. 5 22. 4 22. 4	12. 8 10. 9 9. 9 10. 3	11. 9 12. 6 12. 5 12. 1	24. 8 25. 4 24. 9 24. 7	10. 3 16. 3 8. 9 5. 8			
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter	50. 0 49. 3 51. 7	23. 7 23. 6 23. 0	11. 0 11. 0 10. 9	12. 7 12. 6 12. 2	25. 7 25. 7 25. 0	. 6 . 1 3. 7			

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding, Source: Department of Commerce.

EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Expenditures for new plant and equipment, seasonally adjusted, for the third quarter were at the level of the two previous quarters, according to the survey of business intentions made in August. During the fourth quarter businessmen expect to increase this form of investment. Principal increases are planned in manufacturing, mining, and public utilities.



[Billions of dollars]

		· M	lanufacturi	ng		Transpor	rtation	70 111	Commercial and other 2 2. 08 2. 70 6. 90
Period	Total 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondur- able goods	Mining	Railroads	Other	Public utilities	
1939	5. 51 8. 69 22. 06 19. 28 20. 60 26. 33 27. 48	1. 94 3. 98 9. 13 7. 15 7. 49 11. 13 12. 81	0. 76 1. 59 3. 48 2. 59 3. 14 5. 17 6. 00	1. 19 2. 39 5. 65 4. 56 4. 36 5. 96 6. 81	0. 33 . 38 . 88 . 79 . 71 . 91 . 84	0. 28 . 55 1. 32 1. 35 1. 11 1. 47 1. 45	0. 36 . 57 1. 28 . 89 1. 21 1. 49 1. 48	0. 52 . 50 2. 54 3. 12 3. 31 3. 85 4. 07	2. 70
1951: First quarter	24. 29 26. 40 27. 07 27. 30 27. 43 27. 49 27. 49 27. 92	9. 48 11. 08 11. 72 12. 02 12. 04 12. 95 13. 07 13. 32	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (4) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	. 82 . 95 . 93 . 93 . 93 . 87 . 81	1. 28 1. 53 1. 46 1. 60 1. 57 1. 48 1. 26 1. 28	1. 45 1. 50 1. 50 1. 50 1. 47 1. 35 1. 48 1. 48	3. 70 3. 86 3. 97 3. 85 4. 14 3. 99 4. 04 4. 20	7. 57 7. 48 7. 49 7. 40 7. 27 6. 85 6. 84 6. 79

1 Excludes agriculture.

Commercial and other includes trade, service, finance, communications, and construction.

Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce.

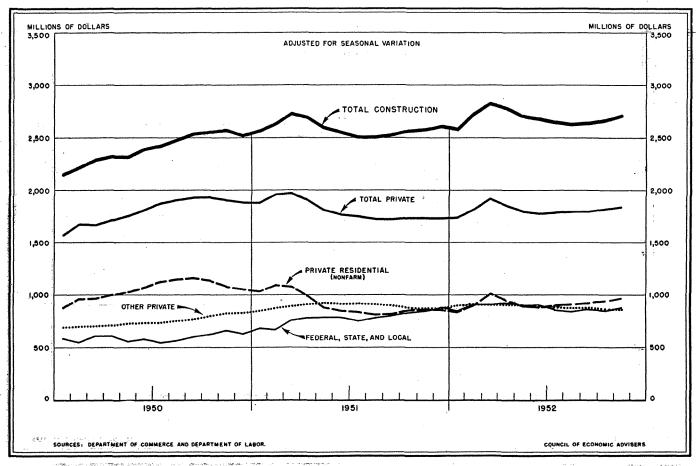
Not available.

Estimates for third and fourth quarters based on anticipated capital expenditures as reported by business in August.

Nors.—Revised series; see Survey of Current Business, August 1952. These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

NEW CONSTRUCTION

New construction, seasonally adjusted, increased substantially in November, continuing an upward trend begun in September. Private nonfarm residential construction rose for the fifth consecutive month, and was 13 percent above the level of November 1951.



[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

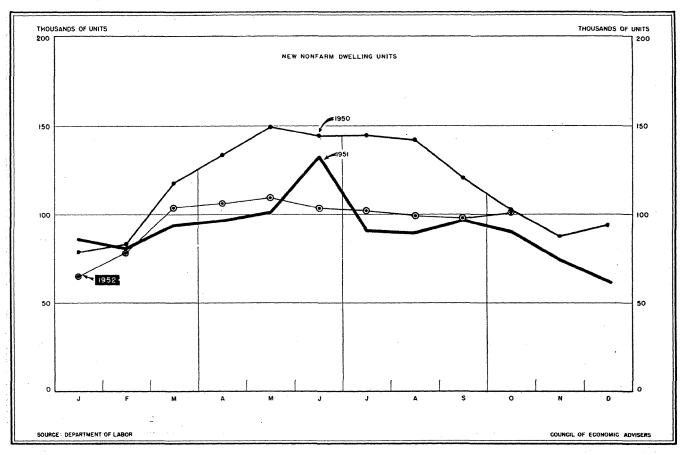
	Total new	P	rivate construc	tion	Federal,
Period	construction	Total private	Residential (nonfarm)	Other	State, and local 1
1939 monthly average 1942 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951: October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August September	1, 173 438 1, 000 1, 806 1, 899 2, 396 2, 389 2, 585 2, 561 2, 577 2, 607 2, 584 2, 725 2, 837 2, 781 2, 706 2, 687 2, 644 2, 639	366 285 182 803 1, 404 1, 365 1, 801 1, 808 1, 732 1, 734 1, 734 1, 738 1, 812 1, 921 1, 858 1, 801 1, 775 1, 786 1, 791 1, 796	223 143 68 335 715 689 1,050 1,072 914 855 864 862 836 901 1,011 954 904 886 897 903 912	143 142 114 468 689 676 751 736 893 877 870 872 902 911 910 904 897 889 889 889	317 888 256 197 402 534 595 581 778 829 843 873 846 913 916 923 905 912 858 848
September October November 2	2, 668	1, 816 1, 842	944 975	872 867	852 876

Includes public residential construction.
 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate, increased sharply in October to an estimated 1,156,000 units. Actual starts totalled 101,000 units, 12 percent above October 1951 and only slightly below October starts in the record high year of 1950.

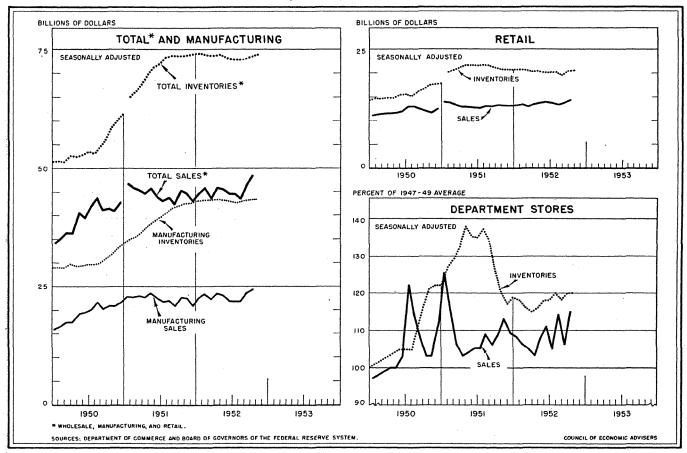


			New nonfarm	units started					
Month					19	52			
	1948	1949	1950	1951	Monthly total	Seasonally adjusted annual rate			
January	53, 500 50, 100 76, 400 99, 500 100, 300 97, 800 95, 000 86, 700 82, 300 73, 400	50, 000 50, 400 69, 400 88, 300 95, 400 96, 100 99, 000 102, 900 104, 300	78, 700 82, 900 117, 300 133, 400 149, 100 144, 400 144, 400 141, 900 120, 600 102, 500	85, 900 80, 600 93, 800 96, 200 101, 000 132, 500 90, 500 96, 400 96, 400 90, 000	64, 900 77, 700 103, 900 106, 200 109, 600 103, 500 102, 600 198, 000 198, 000	1, 040, 000 1, 073, 000 1, 035, 000 1, 091, 000 1, 156, 000			
November	63, 700 52, 900	95, 500 78, 300	87, 300 93, 600	74, 500 60, 800					
Total Monthly average	931, 600 77, 600	1, 025, 100 85, 425	1, 396, 000 116, 300	1, 091, 300 90, 900					

¹ Preliminary estimates. Source: Department of Labor.

INVENTORIES AND SALES

During October, business sales (seasonally adjusted) increased about 4 percent at each level of business. Inventories rose again with wholesalers' stocks showing the largest rate of increase.



	Total business 1			tail	M	anufacturii	ng	Departm	ent stores
Period	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories ²	Sales 3	Inven- tories ²	Sales 3	New orders 3	Inven- tories 4	Sales 3
		M	illions of d	ollars, seas	onally adju	sted		Index 1947 seasonally	
1939 1943 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1951: September October November December. 1952: January	51, 455 61, 564 53, 626 574, 059 73, 662 73, 677 73, 883 74, 059 73, 996	10, 803 21, 920 27, 151 33, 157 36, 438 34, 663 39, 425 39, 538 5 44, 453 42, 429 45, 180 44, 637 42, 794	5, 534 7, 561 11, 852 14, 060 15, 828 14, 502 17, 793 15, 574 5 20, 754 21, 113 20, 795 20, 818 20, 754 20, 681	3, 504 5, 270 8, 541 9, 967 10, 877 10, 893 11, 974 12, 059 5 13, 185 12, 992 13, 230 13, 239 13, 067	11, 465 20, 098 24, 498 28, 920 31, 734 28, 973 34, 118 29, 603 43, 039 42, 067 42, 437 42, 692 43, 039	5, 112 12, 820 12, 617 15, 918 17, 630 16, 416 19, 312 19, 502 22, 334 20, 892 22, 726 22, 373 20, 962	5, 354 12, 705 13, 694 15, 622 17, 351 15, 903 20, 966 20, 505 24, 431 21, 133 24, 297 23, 406 22, 174 22, 695	35 55 77 93 107 100 110 105 129 127 121 117 119	35 56 90 98 104 98 105 103 109 106 109 113 109
February March April May June July August 6 September 6 October 6	73, 620 73, 876 73, 074 72, 913 72, 765 72, 714 73, 437	45, 866 43, 431 45, 748 45, 533 44, 381 44, 455 43, 612 46, 276 48, 149	20, 625 20, 321 20, 477 20, 069 20, 125 20, 127 19, 745 20, 281 20, 511	13, 406 13, 020 13, 348 13, 838 14, 000 13, 648 13, 343 13, 558 14, 110	43, 168 43, 237 43, 402 43, 144 42, 892 42, 748 43, 107 43, 224 43, 310	23, 506 22, 085 23, 538 23, 247 21, 888 21, 858 21, 898 23, 663 24, 632	23, 493 23, 075 24, 569 23, 284 24, 341 23, 807 21, 792 24, 386 25, 100	116 115 116 118 118 120 118 120	106 105 103 108 111 105 114 106 115

Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Also includes wholesale, not shown separately in this table.

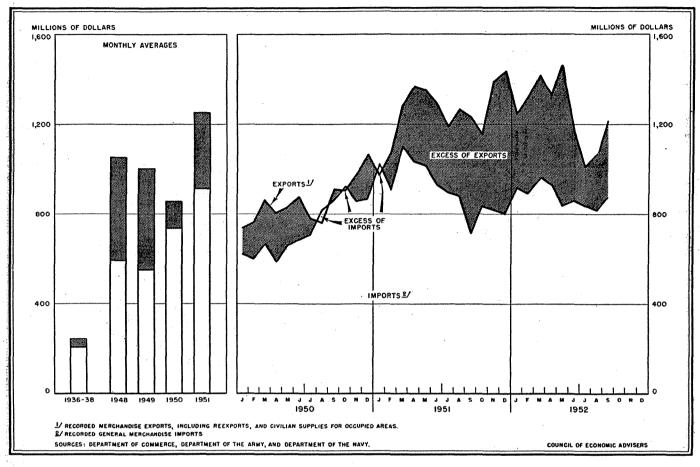
Book value, end of period.

Monthly average for year and total for month
Book value, end of period, except annual data, which are monthly averages.

⁵ Revised series beginning with 1951; not comparable with previous data. See Survey of Current Business, September and November, 1952, for detail. ⁶ Preliminary estimates.

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Exports and imports both increased in September over their low August level, largely because of seasonal factors, but still remained below the 1951 monthly average:



[Millions of dollars]

Period	Exports ¹	Imports 3	Excess of exports (+), imports (-)
1936-38 monthly average	247 1, 080 812 1, 278 1, 054 1, 003 856 877 1, 252	207 282 412 480 594 552 738 687 914	+40 +799 +400 +799 +461 +452 +119 +190 +339
1951: August	1, 270 1, 232 1, 152 1, 388 1, 438	881 721 834 819 800	$+390 \\ +510 \\ +319 \\ +569 \\ +638$
1952: January February March April May June July August September	1, 253 1, 339 1, 424 1, 338 1, 462 1, 164 1, 016 1, 074 1, 217	922 893 964 932 835 861 838 817 877	$egin{array}{c} +331 \\ +446 \\ +460 \\ +406 \\ +628 \\ +304 \\ +178 \\ +257 \\ +340 \\ \end{array}$

¹ Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and Department of Defense shipments under the Mutual Security Program,
2 Recorded general merchandise imports.

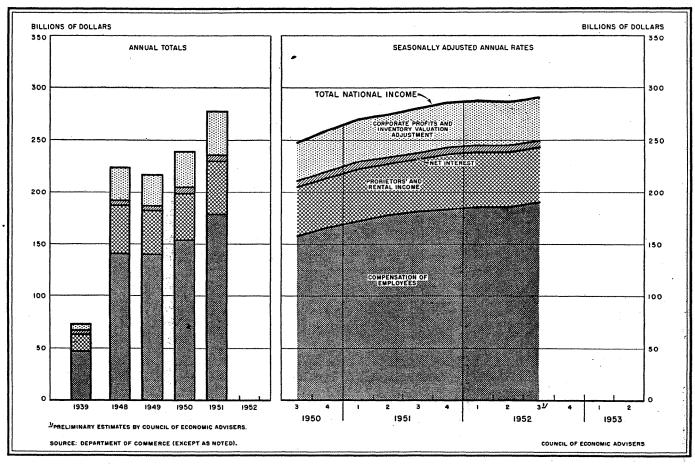
NOTE: Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

PURCHASING POWER

NATIONAL INCOME

National income increased about \$4½ billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) during the third quarter. All major components contributed to the rise, with compensation of employees accounting for most of it.



				_
[Ri	llions	٥f	doll	aral

Period	'I'otal	Compensa-	Proprietors' (business,			te profits and i uation adjustn				
	national income	tion of employees	professional, farm) and rental income	Net interest	Total	Profits before taxes	Inventory valuation adjustment -0.73 -5.2 -5.8 -2.1 +2.1 -4.8 -1.3			
1939	72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 3 239. 2 277. 6	47. 8 121. 2 117. 1 128. 0 140. 2 139. 9 153. 4 178. 9	14. 7 35. 5 42. 0 42. 4 47. 3 42. 1 45. 2 50. 6	4. 2 3. 1 2. 9 3. 5 4. 3 5. 0 5. 8 6. 4	5. 8 24. 0 18. 3 24. 7 31. 7 29. 2 34. 8 41. 6	6. 5 24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 27. 1 39. 6 42. 9	3 5. 2 5. 8 2. 1 +-2. 1 4. 8			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Seasonally	adjusted ann	ual rates	al rates				
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1952: First quarter Second quarter	269. 6 274. 8 280. 2 285. 6 288. 0 286. 9	172. 9 178. 2 181. 0 183. 4 186. 5 186. 9	49. 7 49. 0 50. 8 53. 1 52. 1 51. 9	6. 3 6. 4 6. 5 6. 6 6. 7 6. 9	40. 7 41. 2 41. 9 42. 5 42. 7 41. 2	50. 1 43. 3 38. 6 39. 5 42. 7 39. 5	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.1 \\ +3.2 \\ +3.0 \\1 \\ +1.7 \end{array} $			
Third quarter	¹ 291. 5	190. 3	52. 5	7. 1	141.6	141.0	+. 6			

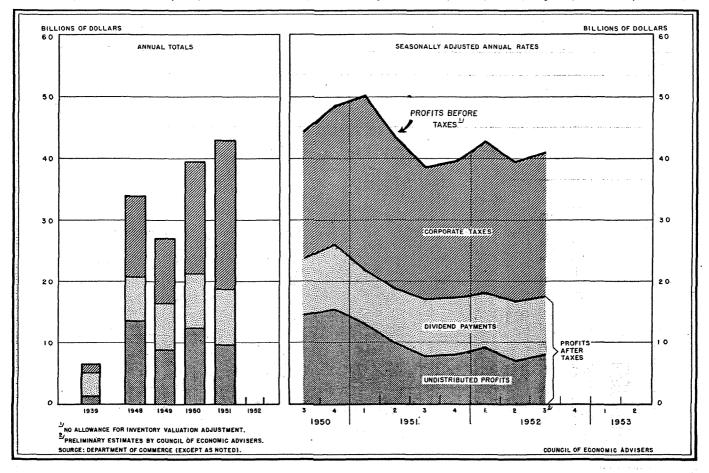
¹ Preliminary estimates by Council of Economic Advisers.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

CORPORATE PROFITS

Corporate profits (seasonally adjusted annual rate) rose during the third quarter, according to preliminary estimates.



[Billions of dollars]

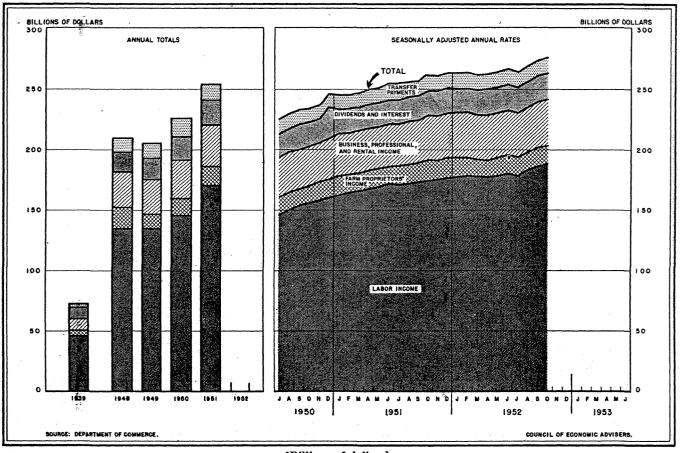
Period	Corporate	Corporate	rate profits af	s after taxes		
Period	profits before taxes	tax liability	Total	Dividend payments	Undistributed profits	
1939	24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 27. 1	1. 5 13. 5 9. 6 11. 9 13. 0 10. 8 18. 4 24. 2	5. 0 10. 8 13. 9 18. 5 20. 7 16. 3 21. 2 18. 7	3. 8 4. 7 5. 8 6. 6 7. 2 7. 5 9. 0 9. 0	1. 2 6. 1 8. 1 12. 0 13. 5 8. 8 12. 3 9. 6	
		Seasona	lly adjusted an	nual rates		
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter	38. 6 39. 5 42. 7 39. 5	28. 4 24. 5 21. 8 22. 2 24. 7 22. 9 23. 5	21. 7 18. 8 16. 9 17. 3 18. 1 16. 6 17. 5	8. 6 9. 0 9. 2 9. 3 8. 9 9. 6 9. 3	13. 1 9. 8 7. 7 8. 0 9. 2 7. 0 8. 2	

¹ Preliminary estimates by Council of Economic Advisers.

Note.—See p. 21 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment. Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income increased at an annual rate of \$2 billion in October largely because of a rise in wages and salaries in durable goods industries. Farm proprietors' income declined, but the increase in other proprietors' income offset this drop.



[Billions of dollars]

		Labor income	Proprietor	s' income 1		
Period	Total per- sonal income	(salaries, wages, and other labor income) ¹	Farm	Business, professional, and rental income	Dividends and personal interest	Transfer payments
1939	72. 6 165. 9 209. 5 205. 9 226. 3 254. 1	45. 7 116. 2 134. 9 134. 3 146. 5 170. 7	4. 5 11. 8 17. 7 13. 0 13. 3 15. 6	10. 3 23. 7 29. 6 28. 4 31. 9 35. 0	9. 2 10. 6 16. 0 17. 1 19. 5 20. 4	3. 0 3. 6 11. 3 12. 4 2 15. 1 12. 4
		Seas	sonally adjust	ed annual rate	s	
1950: June	261. 7 260. 9 263. 4 263. 5 261. 9 262. 5 264. 5 266. 7 263. 9 269. 6 273. 8	144. 9 173. 0 174. 8 175. 5 176. 9 177. 4 178. 8 178. 2 177. 8 179. 0 180. 3 178. 4 183. 5 186. 4 188. 2	12. 1 15. 8 17. 4 16. 4 17. 1 16. 6 15. 2 14. 4 14. 4 14. 6 15. 5 15. 0 14. 8 15. 7 15. 3	31. 7 35. 1 36. 0 36. 1 36. 2 36. 5 36. 6 35. 9 36. 8 37. 0 36. 8 37. 9	18. 7 21. 0 20. 8 20. 5 21. 1 20. 1 20. 5 21. 0 21. 5 21. 5 21. 4 21. 3 21. 4 21. 4 21. 4	13. 6 12. 4 12. 7 12. 4 12. 1 12. 8 12. 4 12. 3 12. 6 12. 5 12. 4 13. 1 12. 9 13. 0

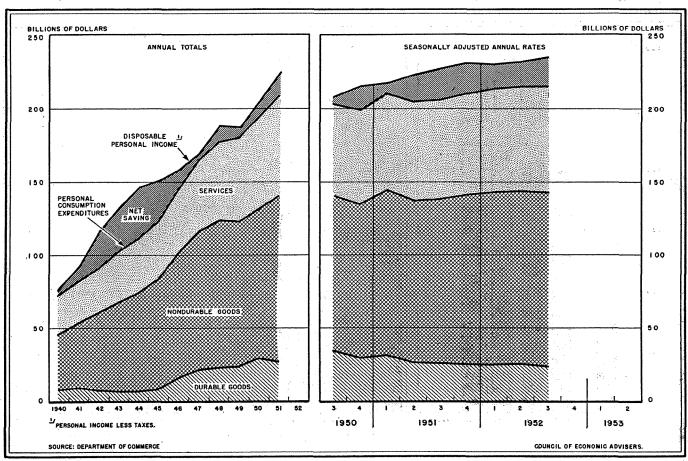
¹ Excludes employee contributions for social insurance, and self-employed contributions (which became effective January 1952)
3 Includes \$2.7 billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
3 Preliminary estimates.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

The rate of personal saving rose to more than 8 percent of disposable income during the third quarter. The annual rate of disposable income increased almost \$4 billion, while total consumption expenditures were unchanged.



	Dispos-	Less: Pe	rsonal cons	umption exp	enditures	Equals:	Net saving as percent	
Period	able per- sonal income 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondu- rable goods	Services	Personal net saving	of disposable income	
		Billions of dollars						
1939	92. 0 116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 187. 2 205. 5	67. 5 82. 3 91. 2 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 6 194. 3 208. 0	6. 7 9. 8 7. 1 7. 1 16. 6 21. 4 22. 9 23. 8 29. 2 27. 1	35. 3 44. 0 52. 9 67. 1 85. 8 95. 1 100. 9 99. 2 102. 8 113. 5	25. 5 28. 5 31. 2 37. 4 44. 5 49. 1 54. 1 57. 5 62. 4 67. 3	2. 7 9. 8 25. 6 35. 4 12. 0 3. 9 10. 5 6. 7 11. 2 17. 0	3. 8 10. 7 21. 9 24. 1 7. 6 2. 3 5. 6 3. 6 5. 5 7. 6	
		Seasonally adjusted annual rates						
1951: First quarterSecond quarterThird quarterFourth quarter	227. 1	210. 5 204. 5 206. 4 210. 5	31. 3 26. 3 25. 5 25. 3	113. 3 111. 3 113. 2 116. 2	65. 9 66. 9 67. 6 69. 0	7. 5 18. 7 20. 7 21. 1	3. 4 8. 4 9. 1 9. 1	
1952: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter	231. 5	213. 2 214. 9 215. 0	25. 2 26. 4 24. 2	118. 0 117. 8 118. 9	70. 0 70. 8 71. 9	17. 3 16. 5 20. 3	7. 5 7. 1 8. 6	

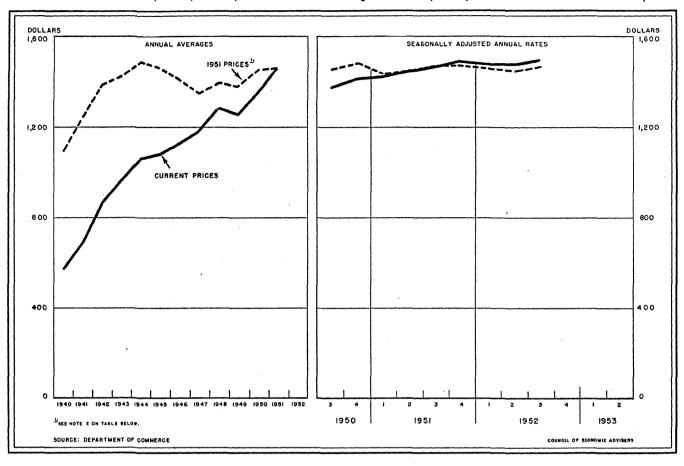
¹ Income less taxes.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

There was a small rise in per capita disposable income during the third quarter, in both current and constant prices.



Period	Total dispose income (billio	able personal ns of dollars) ¹	Per capita di sonal incom	sposable per- ne (dollars) ¹	Population	
7 67704	Current prices	1951 prices ²	Current prices	1951 prices ³	(thousands)3	
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	92. 0 116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 187. 2	135. 5 166. 1 187. 3 205. 9 200. 4 194. 4 204. 8 205. 7 220. 7 225. 0	536 690 866 1,062 1,124 1,176 1,285 1,255 1,355 1,458	1, 035 1, 245 1, 390 1, 487 1, 417 1, 349 1, 397 1, 379 1, 455 1, 458	130, 880 133, 377 134, 831 138, 390 141, 398 144, 129 146, 621 149, 149 151, 677 154, 360	
		Seasonall	y adjusted ann	ual rates		
1951: First quarter	218. 0 223. 2 227. 1 231. 5	219. 8 223. 6 227. 3 229. 0	1, 421 1, 449 1, 468 1, 489	1, 432 1, 452 1, 469 1, 473	153, 399 154, 016 154, 722 155, 442	
1952: First quarter	230. 5 231. 5 235. 3	227. 3 227. 0 230. 5	1, 477 1, 478 1, 495	1, 457 1, 449 1, 464	156, 064 156, 669 157, 370	

Sources: IDe partment of Commerce and Council of Economic Advisers,

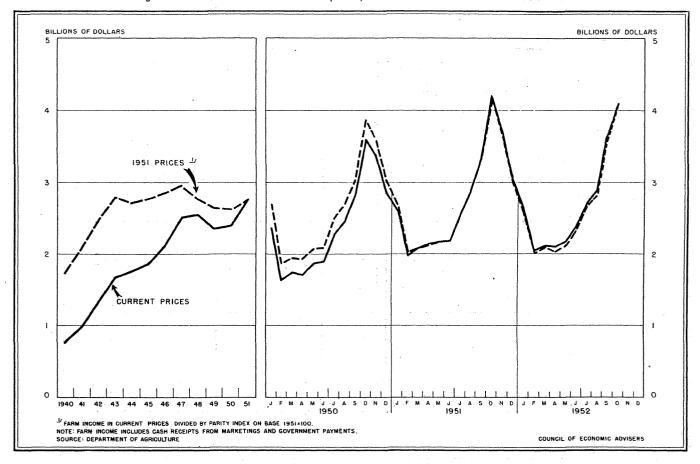
Income less taxes.

Dollar estimates in current prices divided by an over-all implicit price index for personal consumption expenditures. This price index is based on Department of Commerce data, shifted from a 1939 base.

Provisional intercensal estimates of the population of the United States including Armed Forces overseas, taking into account the final 1950 Census total population count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.

FARM INCOME

Farm income rose during October to its usual seasonal peak, but was lower than in October 1951.



Period	Farm income (millions of current dollars)	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates) 1951=100 1	Farm income (millions of 1951 dollars)
1939 monthly average	968 1, 763 2, 111 2, 539 2, 344 2, 384 1, 889 2, 742 3, 348 4, 216 3, 712 3, 012	43 47 65 74 92 89 91 90 100 100 101 101	1, 663 2, 060 2, 712 2, 853 2, 760 2, 634 2, 620 2, 099 2, 742 3, 348 4, 174 3, 675 2, 982
1952: January February March April May June July August September 3 October 3	2, 043 2, 122 2, 100 2, 176 2, 381 2, 711 2, 882	102 102 102 103 103 102 102 102 101	2, 590 2, 003 2, 080 2, 039 2, 113 2, 334 2, 658 2, 825 3, 584 4, 123

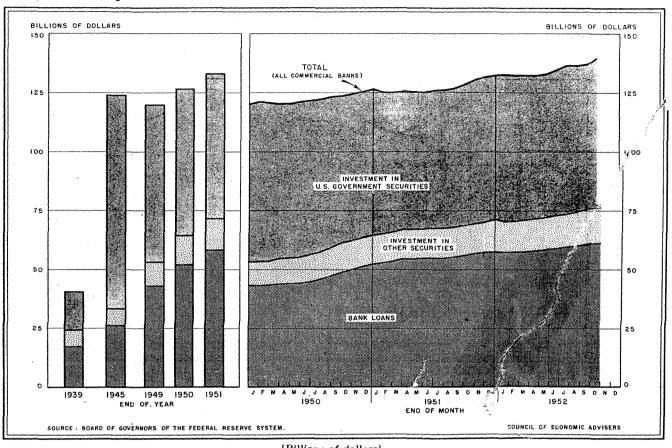
NOTE.—Farm income includes cash receipts from marketings and Government payments. Source: Department of Agriculture.

<sup>Converted from the reported base, 1910-14=100, to the base 1951=100.
Farm income in current dollars divided by parity index on base 1951=100.
Preliminary estimates.</sup>

CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Total loans increased \$1.2 billion during October, making the net growth for the year \$4.7 billion or 8 percent, compared with 9 percent during the corresponding period of 1951. Investment in U. S. Government securities rose \$1.3 billion, while holdings of other securities declined for the second consecutive month.



[Billions of dollars]

		Weekly				
End of period	Total		Investments			reporting member
and or period	loans and investments	Bank loans	Total	U. S. Government securities	Other securities	banks— Business loans 1
1939 1945 1947 1948 1949 1950 June 1951: October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August September	124. 0 116. 3 114. 3 120. 2 126. 7 121. 8 132. 6 130. 5 131. 9 132. 8 132. 2 132. 5 132. 3 133. 1 134. 4 136. 8 136. 6	17. 2 26. 1 38. 1 42. 5 43. 0 52. 2 44. 8 57. 7 56. 8 57. 3 57. 7 57. 5 57. 6 57. 6 57. 8 58. 2 58. 5 59. 2 60. 2 61. 2	23. 4 97. 9 78. 2 71. 8 77. 2 74. 4 77. 9 73. 7 74. 6 74. 9 75. 3 74. 6 74. 7 74. 5 75. 2 77. 0 76. 3 75. 9	16. 3 90. 6 69. 2 62. 6 67. 0 62. 0 65. 8 61. 5 60. 9 61. 6 61. 5 62. 0 61. 3 61. 1 60. 7 61. 2 62. 9 62. 0 61. 6 61. 2	7. 1 7. 3 9. 0 9. 2 10. 2 12. 4 11. 2 13. 3 12. 9 13. 0 13. 3 13. 4 13. 6 13. 7 13. 8 14. 0 14. 1 14. 4	4. 4 7. 3 14. 6 15. 6 13. 9 17. 8 13. 6 21. 6 20. 9 21. 6 21. 2 21. 2 21. 4 20. 8 20. 6 20. 9 21. 6 21. 2 21. 3

Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans.

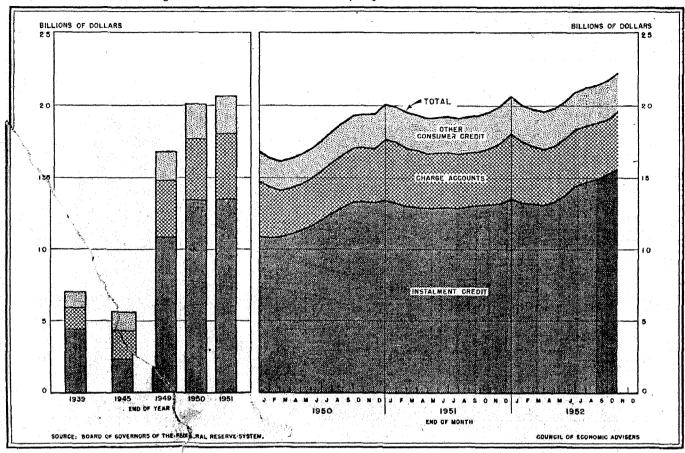
¹ Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

COTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

CONSUMER CREDIT

During October, consumer credit outstanding expanded more than \$600 million to lift the total to \$22.3 billion, or \$2.7 billion above the level of the year before. Instalment credit rose \$400 million, primarily because of an increase in automobile sales. Charge account credit was seasonally higher.



[Millions of doll	ars
-------------------	-----

	/II)		In					
T-3 (4	Total consumer credit							Other consumer
End of period	outstand- ing	instalment credit	Total	Automo- bile sale credit	Other sale credit	Loans 1	accounts	credit.2
1939 1946 1949 1950 June 1951: September October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August September October 3	19, 585 19, 989 20, 644 20, 126 19, 717 19, 565 19, 788	4, 424 4, 000 10, 890 13, 459 12, 105 13, 510 13, 167 13, 196 13, 271 13, 510 13, 314 13, 185 13, 156 13, 319 13, 806 14, 409 14, 745 14, 939 15, 196 15, 595	2, 792 1, 648 6, 240 7, 904 6, 995 7, 346 7, 327 7, 355 7, 400 7, 546 7, 322 7, 158 7, 047 7, 099 7, 421 7, 820 8, 039 8, 149 8, 339 8, 669	1, 267 544 3, 144 4, 126 3, 790 4, 039 4, 175 4, 134 4, 100 4, 039 3, 962 3, 927 3, 946 4, 171 4, 446 4, 597 4, 634 4, 708 4, 892	1, 525 1, 104 3, 096 3, 778 3, 205 3, 507 3, 152 3, 321 3, 300 3, 507 3, 360 3, 231 3, 153 3, 153 3, 250 3, 374 3, 442 3, 515 3, 631 3, 777	1, 632 2, 352 4, 650 5, 555 5, 110 5, 964 5, 841 5, 871 5, 964 5, 992 6, 109 6, 220 6, 385 6, 706 6, 790 6, 857 6, 926	1, 544 3, 909 4, 239 3, 392 4, 587 3, 696 3, 868 4, 190 4, 587 4, 253 3, 967 3, 855 3, 913 3, 921 3, 980 3, 891 3, 902 3, 848 4, 071	1, 063 1, 623 2, 010 2, 399 2, 154 2, 547 2, 499 2, 521 2, 528 2, 547 2, 559 2, 565 2, 566 2, 572 2, 572 2, 592 2, 617 2, 645

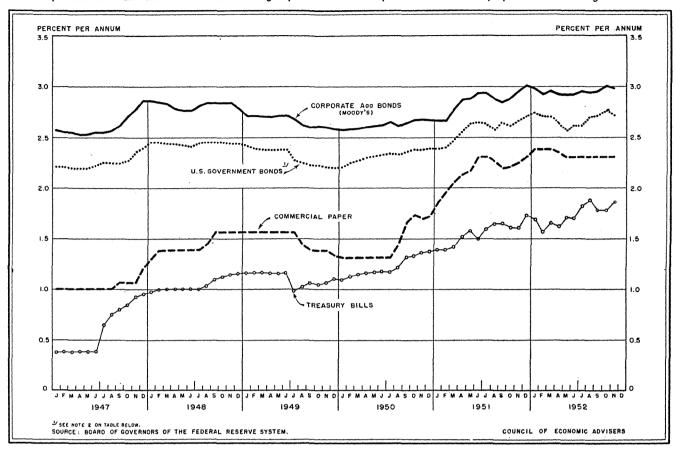
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
Includes loans by pawabrokers, service credit, and unclassified single-payment loans under \$3,000 made by commercial banks.
Preliminary estimates.

Nors.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

BOND YIELDS AND INTEREST RATES

Average yields on new issues of 3-month Treasury bills increased substantially during November, while yields on both corporate and Government bonds fell slightly. The rate on prime commercial paper was unchanged.



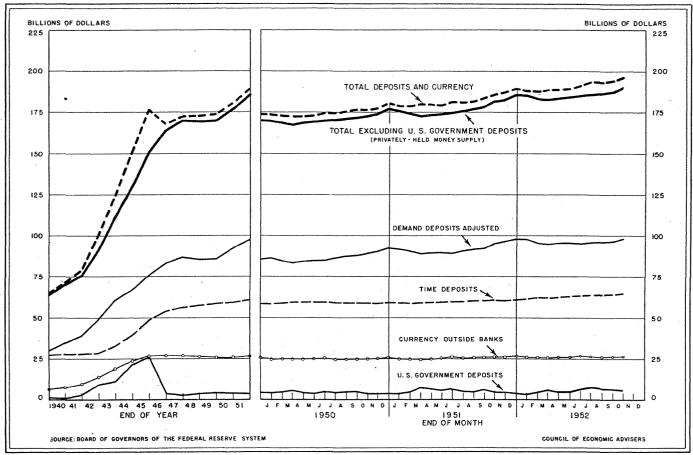
[Percent per annum]

		ment security	Corporate	Prime	
Period	3-month Treasury bills ¹	Treasury hands 1		commercial paper, 4–6 months	
Average: 1939 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 June 1951 1951: October November December 1952: January February March April May June July August	. 594 1. 040 1. 102 1. 218 1. 174 1. 552 1. 608 1. 608 1. 731 1. 688 1. 574 1. 658 1. 623 1. 710 1. 700 1. 824 1. 876	2. 19 2. 25 2. 44 2. 31 2. 32 2. 33 2. 57 2. 61 2. 66 2. 70 2. 74 2. 71 2. 70 2. 64 2. 57 2. 61 2. 57 2. 61 2. 57	3. 01 2. 53 2. 61 2. 82 2. 66 2. 62 2. 86 2. 89 2. 96 3. 01 2. 98 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 93 2. 94	0. 59	
September October November	1. 786 1. 783	2. 71 2. 76 2. 71	2. 95 3. 01 2. 98	2. 31 2. 31 2. 31	

Rate on new issues within period.
 15 years and over prior to April 1952; 12 years and over beginning in April.
 Bonds in this classification were first issued in March 1941.

MONEY SUPPLY

During October, total deposits and currency expanded \$2 billion, primarily because of the rise in commercial bank loans and investments. The privately-held money supply increased \$2.8 billion, while U. S. Government deposits declined \$800 million.



[Billions of dollars]

	Total de-	U. S.	,					
End of period	posits and currency	Government deposits ¹	Total	Currency outside banks	Demand deposits adjusted ²	Time deposits ²		
1939 1945 1946 1948 1949 1950 June 1951: September October November December 1952: January February March April May June June	174. 7 189. 8 183. 8 185. 8 187. 1 189. 8 188. 2 188. 0 188. 7 188. 7 189. 3 191. 4 193. 4	1. 5 25. 6 3. 5 3. 6 4. 1 3. 7 4. 8 3. 9 5. 9 4. 2 4. 4 3. 9 3. 0 5. 9 4. 9 6. 5 7. 6 6. 7	63 3 150 8 164 0 169 1 169 8 176 9 170 0 186 0 177 9 181 6 182 7 186 0 185 2 183 4 184 4 184 9 185 8 186 2	6. 4 26. 5 26. 7 26. 1 25. 4 25. 2 26. 3 25. 4 25. 7 25. 8 26. 3 25. 6 25. 6 25. 7 26. 0 26. 5 26. 3 26. 3	29. 8 75. 9 83. 3 85. 5 85. 8 92. 3 85. 0 98. 2 92. 0 95. 0 96. 3 98. 2 97. 9 95. 7 94. 8 95. 1 95. 3 94. 8	27. I 48. 5 54. 0 57. 5 58. 6 59. 2 59. 7 61. 4 60. 5 60. 9 60. 6 61. 4 61. 7 62. 0 62. 5 62. 8 63. 0 63. 7 63. 8 64. 1		
September October 4	194. 1 196. 1	5. 9	190. 2	26. 7	96. 4 98. 6	64. 5 64. 9		

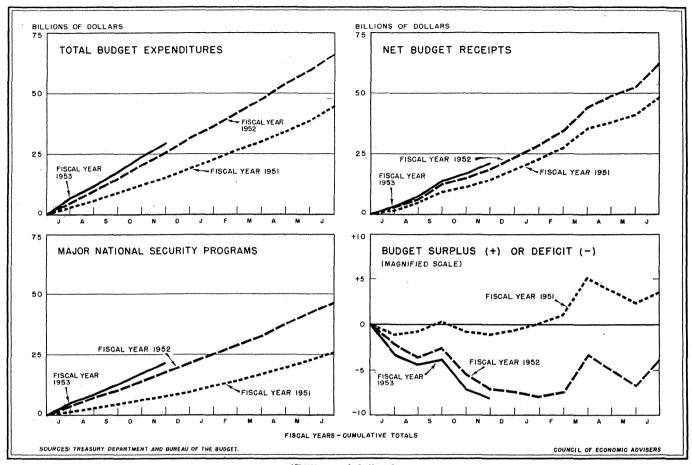
¹ Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks and commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits. open account.
Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits
Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

FEDERAL BUDGET RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Expenditures for major national security programs declined in November, which was a short month in terms of the number of working days. The cumulative budget deficit for the fiscal year was \$8.2 billion at the end of November, or \$1.1 billion more than at the same time last year.



[Billions of dollars]

	Budget expenditures				Net budg	et receipts	Budget su or defi	ırplus (+) cit (-)	Public
Period	То	otal		national programs ¹	Total for	Cumula-	Total for	Cumula- tive fiscal	debt (end of
	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	period	tive fiscal year totals	period	year totals	period) ²
Fiscal year 1944 Fiscal year 1947 Fiscal year 1948 Fiscal year 1949 Fiscal year 1950 Fiscal year 1951 Fiscal year 1952	39. 3 33. 8 40. 1 40. 2 44. 6		88. 2 20. 9 16. 4 19. 1 17. 8 26. 4 2 46. 3		43. 9 40. 0 42. 2 38. 2 37. 0 48. 1 62. 1		$ \begin{array}{r} -51.4 \\ +.8 \\ +8.4 \\ -1.8 \\ -3.1 \\ +3.5 \\ -4.0 \end{array} $		202. 6 258. 4 252. 4 252. 8 257. 4 255. 3 259. 2
1951: October November December	5. 5 5. 2 5. 6	20. 5 25. 6 31. 3	3. 7 3. 6 3. 7	13. 8 17. 4 21. 1	2. 6 3. 5 5. 3	15. 0 18. 5 23. 8	-2. 8 -1. 7 3	-5. 5 -7. 1 -7. 5	258. 3 259. 6 259. 5
1952: January February March April May June June	5. 1 5. 7 6. 0	36. 7 41. 8 47. 5 53. 6 59. 2 66. 1	3. 9 3. 8 4. 1 4. 5 4. 5 4. 3	25. 0 28. 8 32. 8 37. 3 41. 9 46. 2	5. 0 5. 6 9. 9 4. 3 3. 8 9. 8	28. 8 34. 3 44. 2 48. 5 52. 3 62. 1	$ \begin{array}{r}5 \\ +.4 \\ +4.2 \\ -1.7 \\ -19 \\ +2.9 \end{array} $	-8.0 -7.5 -3.3 -5.0 -6.9 -4.0	259. 8 260. 4 258. 1 258. 3 260. 0 259. 2
July August September October November	5. 0 6. 1 6. 4	6. 7 11. 8 17. 8 24. 2 29. 4	4. 7 3. 8 4. 5 4. 4 4 3. 9	4. 7 8. 5 13. 0 17. 4 4 21. 2	3. 3 4. 0 6. 6 3. 1 4. 2	3. 3 7. 4 14. 0 17. 0 21. 2	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.4 \\ -1.0 \\ +.5 \\ -3.3 \\ -1.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{rrrr} -3.4 \\ -4.4 \\ -3.9 \\ -7.2 \\ -8.2 \end{array} $	263. 1 263. 2 262. 7 265. 0 267. 5

Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations, development and control of atomic energy, promotion of the merchant marine, promotion of defense production and economic stabilization, and civil defense.

Includes guaranteed securities, except those held by the Treasury.

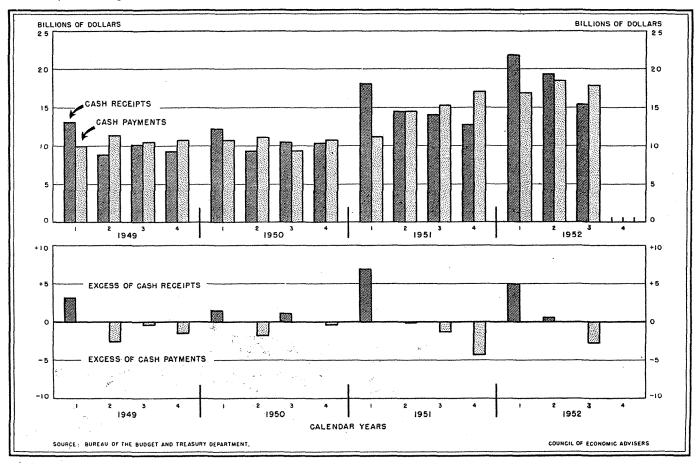
Preliminary estimates.

NOTE. - Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

In the third quarter, cash payments exceeded cash receipts by \$2.6 billion, compared with a cash deficit of \$1.3 billion in the corresponding quarter of 1951. Cash payments were 17 percent higher than last year and cash receipts were 10 percent higher.



[Millions of dollars]

Calendar year	Federal cash receipts from the public	Federal cash payments to the public	Excess of receipts (+) or payments (-)
Calendar year total: 1946	44, 282 44, 922	41, 399 38, 616 36, 897 42, 642 41, 969 58, 034	+42 +5,666 +8,027 -1,295 +450 +1,245
Quarterly totals, not adjusted for seasonal variation: 1950: Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	9, 303 10, 494 10, 387 18, 051 14, 462 13, 993 12, 770	11, 105 9, 351 10, 754 11, 179 14, 521 15, 270 17, 064	$ \begin{array}{r} -1,803 \\ +1,143 \\ -367 \\ +6,874 \\ -59 \\ -1,277 \\ -4,295 \end{array} $
1952: First quarterSecond quarter Third quarter	21, 874 19, 389	16, 921 18, 701 17, 921	+4, 953 +688 -2, 567

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.