

Economic Indicators MAY 1952

Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report by the Council of Economic Advisers

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1952

JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE ECONOMIC REPORT

(Created pursuant to Sec. 5 (a) of Public Law 304, 79th Cong.)

JOSEPH C. O'MAHONEY, Wyoming, Chairman EDWARD J. HART, New Jersey, Vice Chairman

JOHN J. SPARKMAN, Alabama PAUL H. DOUGLAS, Illinois WILLIAM BENTON, Connecticut ROBERT A. TAFT, Ohio RALPH E. FLANDERS, Vermont ARTHUR V. WATKINS, Utah WRIGHT PATMAN, Texas
RICHARD BOLLING, Missouri
CLINTON D. McKINNON, California
JESSE P. WOLCOTT, Michigan
CHRISTIAN A. HERTER, Massachusetts
J. CALEB BOGGS, Delaware

GROVER W. ENSLEY, Staff Director JOHN W. LEHMAN, Clerk

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

(Created pursuant to Sec. 4 (a) of Public Law 304, 79th Cong.)

LEON H. KEYSERLING, Chairman JOHN D. CLARK ROY BLOUGH

[Public Law 120—81st Congress; Chapter 237—1st Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]

To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

Charts drawn by Graphics Unit, Office of the Secretary, Department of Commerce

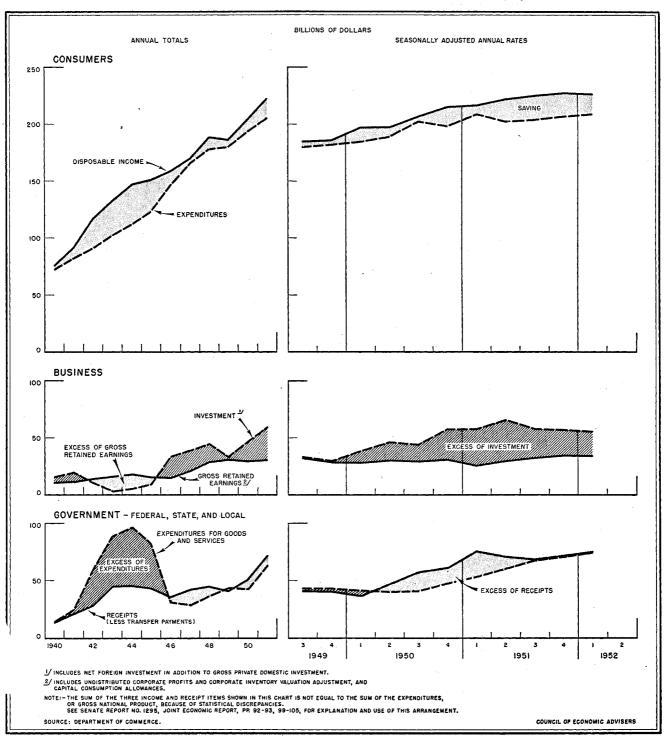
Contents

TH.	E TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY	Page
	The Nation's Economic Accounts. Gross National Product	1 2
PR	ICES	
	Consumers' Prices Wholesale Prices Prices Received and Paid by Farmers Stock Prices	3 4 5 6
EM	PLOYMENT AND WAGES	
	Civilian Labor Force. Nonagricultural Employment—Selected Industries. Average Weekly Hours—Selected Industries Average Hourly Earnings—Selected Industries Average Weekly Earnings—Selected Industries.	7 8 9 10 11
PR	ODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY	
	Industrial Production Weekly Production—Selected Indicators Production of Selected Manufactures Gross Private Domestic Investment Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment New Construction New Housing Starts Inventories and Sales Merchandise Exports and Imports	12 13 14 15 16 17 18
PU:	RCHASING POWER	
	National Income Corporate Profits Personal Income Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving Per Capita Disposable Income Farm Income	23 22 23 24 25 26
CR	EDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE	
	Bank Loans and Investments Consumer Credit. Bond Yields and Interest Rates. Money Supply. Federal Budget Receipts and Expenditures Federal Cash Receipts From and Payments to the Public.	25 28 29 30 3. 3.

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

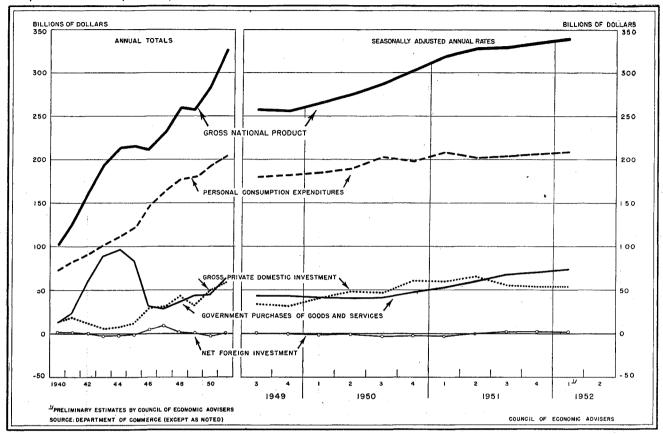
THE NATION'S ECONOMIC ACCOUNTS

On the basis of national income and expenditure accounts, consumer saving almost offset the excess of business investment over retained earnings in the first quarter of 1952. Government (Federal, State, and local) expenditures for goods and services were approximately equal to receipts, when adjusted for transfer payments.



GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

Gross national product in the first quarter of 1952 was at an annual rate of \$4½ billion higher than in the fourth quarter of last year according to preliminary estimates. Most of the increase was in national security expenditures, but personal consumption expenditures also rose.



[Billions of dollars]

Total gross	Personal consump-	Gross private	Net foreign	Government purchases of goods and services				
product		investment	investment	Total	National security ¹	Other 2		
91. 3 213. 7 211. 1 233. 3 259. 0 257. 3 282. 6 327. 8	67. 5 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 2 193. 6 205. 5	9. 9 7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 0 48. 9 59. 1	0. 9 -2. 1 4. 6 8. 9 1. 9 . 5 -2. 3 . 2	13. 1 96. 5 30. 9 28. 6 36. 6 43. 6 42. 5 63. 0	1. 2 87. 5 18. 5 12. 0 15. 5 18. 9 18. 9 37. 3	11. 9 9. 0 12. 4 16. 6 21. 1 24. 7 23. 6 25. 7		
Seasonally adjusted annual rates								
287. 4 303. 7	202. 5 198. 4	47. 3 60. 2	$\begin{bmatrix} -3.2 \\ -2.7 \end{bmatrix}$	40. 8 47. 8	17. 9 23. 9	22. 9 23. 9		
319. 5 328. 2 329. 5 334. 6	208. 8 202. 4 204. 0 206. 7	60. 2 65. 6 56. 6 54. 6	-2. 7 1 1. 2 2. 5	53. 2 60. 3 67. 7 70. 7	28. 7 35. 1 41. 6 43. 9	24. 5 25. 2 26. 1 26. 8 26. 9		
	91. 3 213. 7 211. 1 233. 3 259. 0 257. 3 282. 6 327. 8	10tal gross national product consumption expenditures 91. 3 67. 5 213. 7 111. 6 211. 1 146. 9 233. 3 165. 6 259. 0 177. 9 257. 3 180. 2 282. 6 193. 6 327. 8 205. 5 287. 4 202. 5 303. 7 198. 4 319. 5 208. 8 328. 2 202. 4 329. 5 204. 0 334. 6 206. 7	Consumption expenditures	Consumption expenditures	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

¹ Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations (except foreign loans), atomic energy, merchant marine, and promotion of defense production and economic stabilization; excludes Federal Government sales. For further detail, see Economic Report of the President, January 1952 (p. 167), and Survey of Current Business, February 1952 (p. 9).

² Residual; expenditures by the Federal Government for other than "national security" and total expenditures by State and local governments.

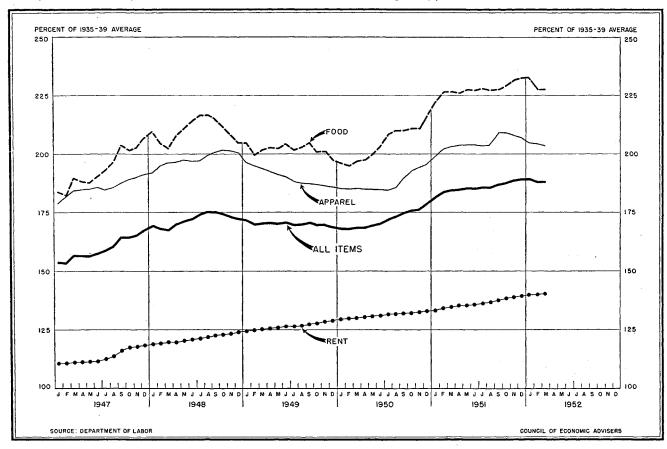
³ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

PRICES

CONSUMERS' PRICES

Consumers' prices, which had declined in February, rose 0.1 percent in March. Food prices, on the average, were stable; rents increased; and the prices of apparel and housefurnishings dropped a little.



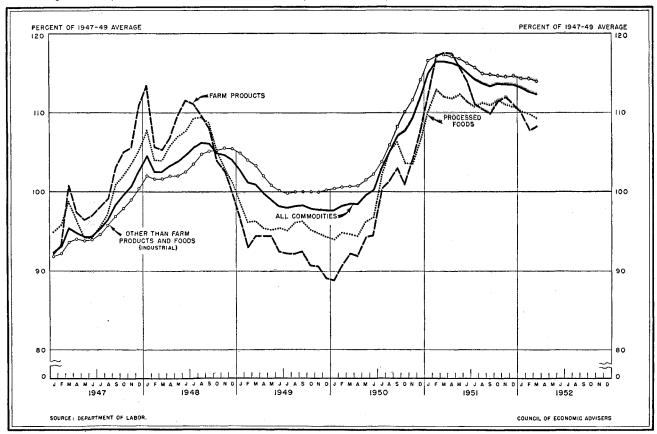
[1935-39=100]

Period	All items	Food	Apparel	Rent	Fuel, elec- tricity, and refrigeration	Housefur- nishings	Miscellane- ous
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1945 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 15	99. 4 123. 7 125. 7 128. 6 139. 5 171. 9 170. 2 171. 9	95. 2 138. 0 136. 1 139. 1 159. 6 210. 2 201. 9 204. 5 203. 1	100. 5 129. 7 138. 8 145. 9 160. 2 198. 0 190. 1 187. 7 184. 6	104. 3 108. 7 109. 1 109. 5 110. 1 121. 2 126. 4 131. 0	99. 0 107. 7 109. 8 110. 3 112. 4 133. 9 137. 5 140. 6 139. 1	101. 3 125. 6 136. 4 145. 8 159. 2 195. 8 189. 0 190. 2 184. 8	100. 7 115. 8 121. 3 124. 1 128. 8 149. 9 154. 6 156. 5
1951 monthly average 1951: February 15 March 15 April 15 June 15 July 15 August 15 September 15 October 15 November 15 1952: January 15	185. 6 183. 8 184. 5 184. 6 185. 4 185. 2 185. 5 186. 6 187. 4 188. 6 189. 1	227. 4 226. 0 226. 2 225. 7 227. 4 226. 9 227. 7 227. 0 227. 3 229. 2 231. 4 232. 2	204. 5 202. 0 203. 1 203. 6 204. 0 204. 0 203. 3 203. 6 209. 0 208. 9 207. 6 206. 8 204. 6	136. 2 134. 0 134. 7 135. 1 135. 4 135. 7 136. 2 136. 8 137. 5 138. 9 139. 2	144. 1 143. 9 144. 2 144. 0 143. 6 143. 6 144. 0 144. 2 144. 4 144. 6 144. 8 144. 9 145. 0	210. 9 209. 7 210. 7 211. 8 212. 6 212. 5 212. 4 210. 8 211. 1 210. 8 210. 2	165. 4 163. 2 164. 3 164. 6 165. 0 164. 8 165. 0 165. 4 166. 0 166. 6 168. 4 169. 1
1952: January 15 February 15 March 15 1	189. 1 187. 9 188. 0	232. 4 227. 5 227. 6	204. 6 204. 3 203. 5	139. 7 140. 2 140. 5	145. 0 145. 3 145. 3	209. 1 208. 6 207. 6	169. 170. 170.

¹ A special survey of food prices indicated an increase of 1.0 percent between March 15 and April 15. Note.—Revised index of prices for moderate-income families in large cities. Source: Department of Labor.

WHOLESALE PRICES

In March, wholesale prices generally were a little lower than in February. Farm prices increased slightly, while processed food and industrial prices edged downward. Week-to-week changes during April indicated some further weakening of food prices and a minor decline in the prices of farm products.



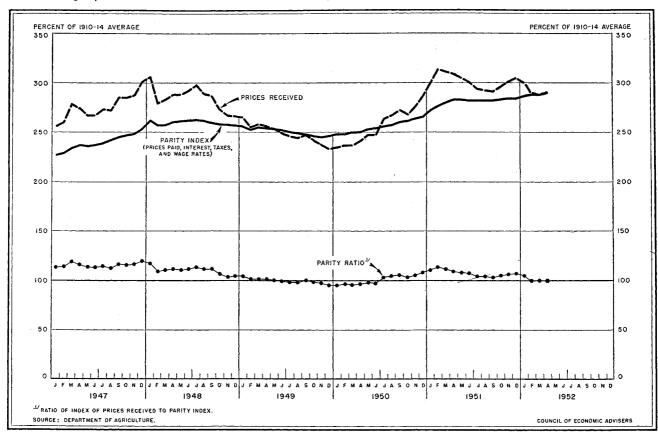
	47 - 49 = 100			
Period	All com- modities	Farm products	Processed foods	Other than farm products and foods (industrial)
1942 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1951: March April May June July August September October November December	64. 2 78. 7 96. 4 104. 4 99. 2 103. 1 100. 2 114. 8 116. 5 116. 3 115. 9 115. 1 114. 2 113. 7 113. 4 113. 6	(1) (1) 100. 0 107. 3 92. 8 97. 5 94. 5 113. 4 117. 6 117. 5 115. 7 113. 9 111. 1 110. 4 109. 9 111. 5 112. 0	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	68. 3 78. 3 95. 3 103. 4 101. 3 105. 0 102. 2 115. 9 117. 3 117. 1 116. 8 116. 2 115. 7 114. 9 114. 8 114. 5
1952: January February March Week ended: 1952: April 1 8 15 22 29	113. 5 113. 0 112. 5 112. 3 111. 8 111. 6 111. 5 111. 3	111. 3 110. 0 107. 8 108. 3 107. 6 107. 4 107. 2 106. 7	110. 7 110. 1 109. 5 109. 2 108. 3 107. 9 107. 9 107. 7	114. 6 114. 3 114. 2 113. 9 113. 4 113. 2 113. 2 113. 1

¹ Not available.

NOTE.—Revised index. For description of the revision see The Monthly Labor Review, February 1952. Source: Department of Labor.

PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

In April, for the third month in a row, the parity ratio held at 100. The "prices received" and "prices paid" indexes both rose slightly.



[1910-14=100]

Period	Prices received by farmers	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates)	Parity ratio ¹
1939 monthly average	² 234 275 285	122 151 182 207 239 259 250 255 254 281 280 283 283 282 282 282 282 282 282 283 284	78 105 108 113 115 110 100 100 97 107 111 109 108 107 104 104 103 105 106
1952: January 15		287 288 288 289	105 100 100 100

¹ Ratio of index of prices received by farmers to parity index.

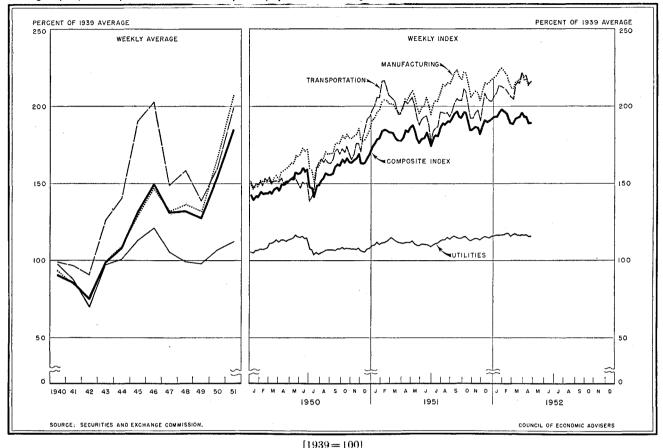
² Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946.

Source: Department of Agriculture.

98934—52——2

STOCK PRICES

During April, stock prices declined fairly sharply from their high levels reached in the last week of March.



		l	1939 = 1001					
		M	anufacturi	ng			Trade,	
Period	Com- posite index ¹	Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Trans- portation	Utilities	finance, and service	Mining
Weekly average:								
1940	90. 6	93. 4	92. 5	94. 2	99. 1	97. 7	86. 7	75. 9
1942	74. 9	75. 5	73. 7	77. 1	90. 8	69. 8	71. 3	59. 7
1946	149. 6	146. 6	138. 8	154. 4	202. 6	121. 0	204. 3	125. 5
1949	127. 6	132. 1	116.0	147. 2	138. 8	98. 1	160. 5	129. 2
1950	154. 1	165. 7	150. 4	180. 2	159. 9	107. 2	183. 8	143. 5
June	158. 3	171. 1	156. 0	185. 0	149. 5	114. 8	182. 4	143. 0
1951		206. 6	178. 3	233. 0	199. 2	112. 5	208. 0	204. 9
1951: April	183. 1	203. 8	181. 2	224. 8	201. 9	111. 4	207. 8	183. 4
May	181. 6	202. 6	175. 3	228. 1	196. 7	110. 5	206. 0	187. 7
June	178. 8	199. 9	168. 9	228. 7	188. 3	109. 9	200. 9	186. 0
July	181. 8	204. 4	170. 3	236. 3	187. 9	111. 2	202. 2	195. 2
August	189. 1	214. 0	177. 7	248. 0	195. 1	113. 9	205. 5	217. 4
September	194. 0	219. 9	184. 5	252. 8	202. 3	114. 9	213. 1	229, 4
October		215. 8	185. 1	244. 3	203. 3	114. 3	214. 0	243. 6 238. 8
$egin{array}{ccccc} \mathbf{November}_{} \\ \mathbf{December}_{} \end{array}$		207. 5 214. 5	178. 4 182. 1	234. 6 244. 6	194. 0 203. 6	113. 8 115. 0	207. 8 209. 0	238. 1
		I				1		I
1952: January	195. 3	221. 5	185. 2	255. 1	210. 6	116. 4	209. 1	245. 8
February	193. 1	218. 1	182. 6	251. 1	208. 6	116. 8	206. 0 202. 9	258. 0 294. 9
MarchApril		$ \begin{array}{c c} 216.3 \\ 214.5 \end{array} $	181. 5 181. 3	$248.4 \\ 245.0$	214.0 217.1	116. 7 116. 0	202. 9	294. 9
_	191.1	214. 0	101. 0	245.0	217.1	110.0	202. 0	290. 4
Week ended:	100.0	017.0	100 7	040.0	010.0	110 1	000 "	200.0
1952: April 5 12		217. 2	182. 7	248. 9	218. 6	116. 1	203. 5	300. 8 306. 9
	193. 4 189. 0	217. 4	182. 3 179. 7	249. 7	220. 4 213. 2	116.5	203. 2 201. 8	297. 5
$\begin{array}{c} 19$	189. 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} 211.6 \\ 211.8 \end{array} $	180. 6	240. 9 240. 4	216. 2	115. 8 115. 8	201. 8	297. 5 288. 5
4U	100.1	211.0	100.0	2±0. ±	410.2	110.0	201.4	200. 0

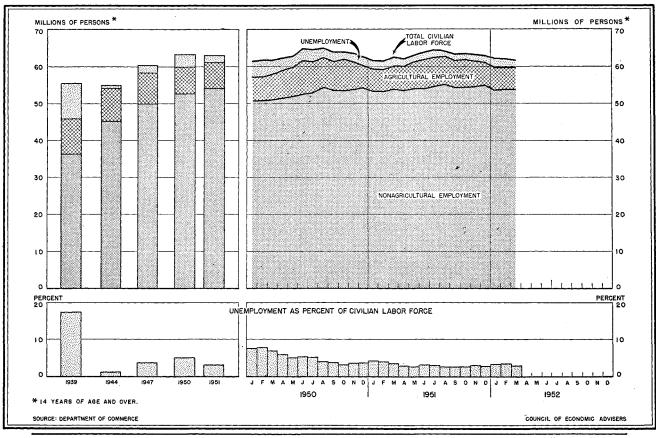
¹ Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

The 400,000 rise in civilian employment in April resulted from a seasonal increase in agricultural employment. There was practically no change in total nonagricultural employment. Unemployment dropped to 1.6 million, or 2.6 percent of the civilian labor force.



			Unemploy-			
Period		E	mployment	, 1	Unem-	ment as per- cent of total
	Total	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	ploy- ment	civilian labor force
	Thous					
1939 monthly average	60, 168 61, 442 62, 105 63, 099 64, 866	45, 750 53, 960 58, 027 59, 378 58, 710 59, 957 61, 482 61, 005	9, 610 8, 950 8, 266 7, 973 8, 026 7, 507 9, 046 7, 054	36, 140 45, 010 49, 761 51, 405 50, 684 52, 450 52, 436 53, 951	9, 480 670 2, 142 2, 064 3, 395 3, 142 3, 384 1, 879	17. 2 1. 2 3. 6 3. 4 5. 5 5. 0 5. 2 3. 0
1951: March April May June July August September October November December	62, 325 61, 789 62, 803 63, 783 64, 382 64, 208 63, 186 63, 452	60, 179 60, 044 61, 193 61, 803 62, 526 62, 630 61, 580 61, 336 61, 014	6, 393 6, 645 7, 440 8, 035 7, 908 7, 688 7, 526 7, 668 7, 022 6, 378	53, 785 53, 400 53, 753 53, 768 54, 618 54, 942 54, 054 54, 168 54, 314 54, 636	2, 147 1, 744 1, 609 1, 980 1, 856 1, 578 1, 606 1, 616 1, 828 1, 674	3. 4 2. 8 2. 6 3. 1 2. 9 2. 5 2. 5 2. 9 2. 7
1952: January February March April ²	61,838	59, 726 59, 752 59, 714 60, 132	6, 186 6, 064 6, 012 6, 412	53, 540 53, 688 53, 702 53, 720	2, 054 2, 086 1, 804 1, 612	3. 3 3. 4 2. 9 2. 6

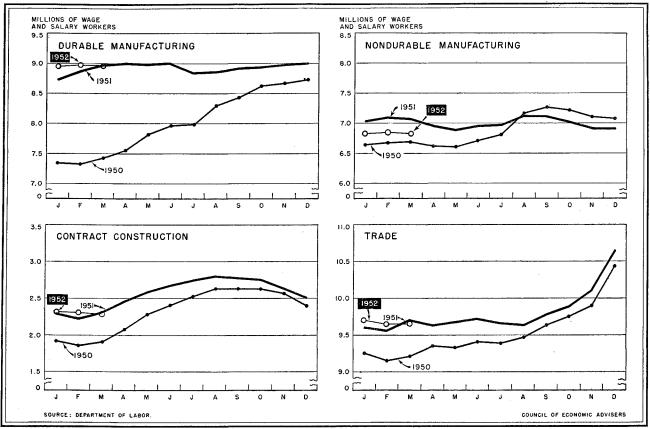
¹ Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial distincts
² Data became available after chart was prepared.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment declined slightly in March and was almost 250,000 below a year earlier. Reduced output of consumers' hard and soft goods was chiefly responsible for the March-to-March decline. However, defenserelated industries recorded significant employment gains over the year.



[Thousands of wage and salary workers 1]

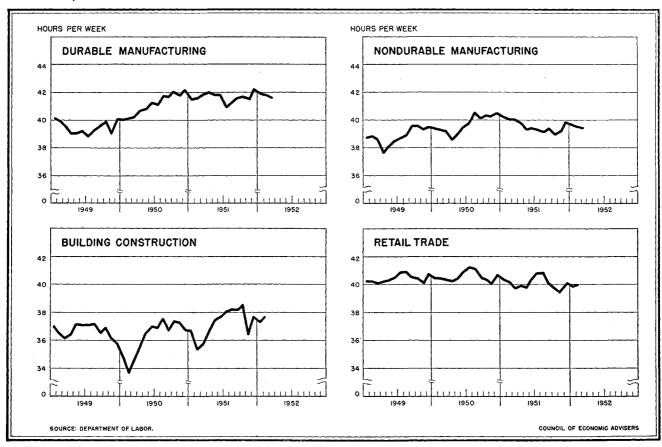
N.	[anufacturi	ng	Contract construc-	Trade	Finance	Govern- ment	Transpor- tation	Mining
Total	Durable goods	Nondu r - able goods	tion	Trade	service	State, local)	public utilities	Mining
17, 381 14, 461 15, 286 14, 146 14, 884 14, 666 15, 931 15, 978 16, 022 15, 853 15, 853 15, 853 16, 003 16, 039 15, 965	4, 683 11, 077 7, 739 8, 315 7, 465 8, 008 7, 964 8, 926 8, 877 8, 969 9, 003 8, 975 8, 998 8, 839 8, 878 8, 913 8, 913	5, 394 6, 304 6, 722 6, 970 6, 681 6, 876 6, 702 7, 101 7, 053 6, 952 6, 878 6, 958 6, 974 7, 130 7, 126 7, 023	1, 150 1, 567 1, 661 2, 165 2, 156 2, 318 2, 414 2, 569 2, 228 2, 326 2, 471 2, 598 2, 686 2, 754 2, 809 2, 768 2, 768 2, 761	6, 612 7, 189 8, 602 9, 491 9, 438 9, 524 9, 411 9, 804 9, 713 9, 627 9, 683 9, 732 9, 664 9, 781 9, 893	4, 703 5, 320 6, 207 6, 515 6, 545 6, 573 6, 653 6, 641 6, 536 6, 610 6, 663 6, 728 6, 753 6, 753 6, 668 6, 753 6, 753 6, 668 6, 753 6, 753 753 753 753 753 753 753 753 753 753	3, 987 6, 049 5, 607 5, 613 5, 811 5, 910 5, 832 6, 292 6, 217 6, 292 6, 377 6, 356 6, 401 6, 544 6, 532 6, 497	2, 912 3, 619 4, 023 4, 151 3, 979 4, 010 4, 023 4, 144 4, 182 4, 112 4, 137 4, 161 4, 176 4, 190 4, 178 4, 164	845 917 852 981 932 904 946 920 930 924 911 915 927 906 922 917 917
15, 913 15, 777 15, 836	9, 000 8, 950 8, 990	6, 913 6, 827 6, 846	2, 518 2, 309 2, 304	10, 660 9, 719 9, 643	6, 614 6, 581 6, 586	6, 881 6, 509 6, 490	4, 161 4, 107 4, 110	916 909 908 907
	Total 10, 078 17, 381 14, 461 15, 286 14, 146 14, 884 14, 666 15, 931 15, 978 16, 022 15, 955 15, 853 15, 956 15, 813 16, 008 16, 039 15, 965 15, 890 15, 913	Total Durable goods 10, 078	10,078	Total Durable goods Nondurable goods 10, 078 4, 683 5, 394 1, 150 17, 381 11, 077 6, 304 1, 567 14, 461 7, 739 6, 722 1, 661 15, 286 8, 315 6, 970 2, 165 14, 146 7, 465 6, 681 2, 156 14, 884 8, 008 6, 876 2, 318 14, 666 7, 964 6, 702 2, 414 15, 931 8, 926 7, 005 2, 569 15, 978 8, 877 7, 101 2, 228 16, 022 8, 969 7, 053 2, 326 15, 955 9, 003 6, 952 2, 471 15, 853 8, 975 6, 878 2, 598 15, 956 8, 998 6, 958 2, 686 15, 813 8, 839 6, 974 2, 754 16, 008 8, 878 7, 130 2, 809 16, 039 8, 913 7, 126 2, 768 15, 965 8, 942 7, 023 2, 761 15, 890 8, 976 6, 914 2, 633 15, 913 9, 000 6, 913 2, 518 15, 777 8, 950 6, 827 2, 309 15, 836 8, 990 6, 846 2, 304	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total Durable goods Nondurable goods Trade tion Trade service 10, 078 4, 683 5, 394 1, 150 6, 612 4, 703 17, 381 11, 077 6, 304 1, 567 7, 189 5, 320 14, 461 7, 739 6, 722 1, 661 8, 602 6, 207 15, 286 8, 315 6, 970 2, 165 9, 491 6, 515 14, 146 7, 465 6, 681 2, 156 9, 438 6, 545 14, 884 8, 008 6, 876 2, 318 9, 524 6, 573 14, 666 7, 964 6, 702 2, 414 9, 411 6, 653 15, 931 8, 926 7, 005 2, 569 9, 804 6, 641 15, 978 8, 877 7, 101 2, 228 9, 554 6, 496 16, 022 8, 969 7, 053 2, 326 9, 713 6, 536 15, 955 9, 003 6, 952 2, 471 9, 627 6, 610 15, 853 8, 975 6,	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total Durable goods Nondurable goods Trade Trade Service Trade State, local Durable goods Trade State, local State, local Durable goods Trade State, local Durable goods Trade State, local Dublic utilities

Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

Source: Department of Labor.

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The average workweek in both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries has been declining since the end of last year.



[Hours per week, selected industries 1]

		Manufacturing	3	Duilding	
Period	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	Building construction	Retail trade
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average 1951: February March April May June July August September October November December	44. 9 40. 4 40. 1 39. 2 40. 5 40. 5 40. 7 40. 9 41. 1 41. 0 40. 7 40. 7 40. 2 40. 3	38. 0 46. 6 40. 2 40. 6 40. 5 39. 5 41. 2 41. 3 41. 7 41. 6 41. 9 42. 0 41. 8 40. 9 41. 3 41. 6 41. 7 41. 6 41. 7 41. 6	37. 4 42. 5 40. 5 40. 1 39. 6 38. 8 39. 7 39. 5 40. 0 40. 0 39. 7 39. 3 39. 4 39. 3 39. 1 39. 4 38. 9 39. 9	32. 6 38. 4 38. 1 37. 6 37. 3 36. 7 36. 3 37. 3 35. 8 36. 8 37. 5 38. 2 38. 2 38. 2 38. 5 36. 4	(2) (2) (2) (2) (40. 3 40. 4 40. 5 40. 9 40. 1 40. 1 39. 7 39. 9 39. 8 40. 4 40. 8 40. 8 40. 8 40. 8 40. 8
1952: January ⁴ February ⁴ March ⁴	40. 9 40. 8 40. 7	41. 9 41. 8 41. 6	39. 6 39. 5 39. 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 37.3\\ 37.7\\ \end{array}^{(2)} $	39. 8 39. 9 (²)

¹ For production and related workers.

Source: Department of Labor.

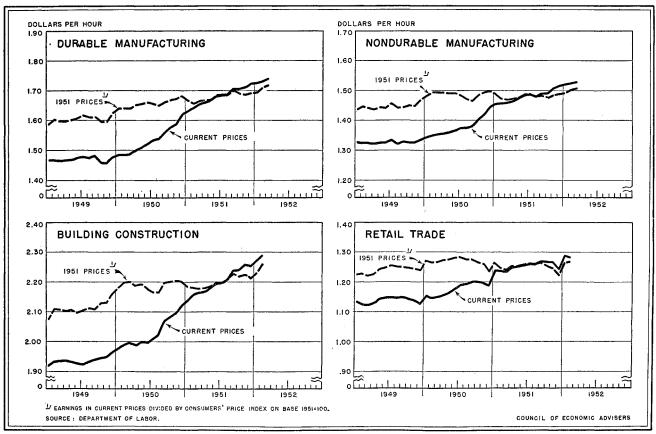
³ Not available.

^{*} Not strictly comparable with previous data.

⁴ Preliminary estimates.

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

In March, average hourly earnings in durable goods industries increased about 1 cent, while those in the nondurable goods industries rose somewhat less.



[Production and related workers in selected industries]

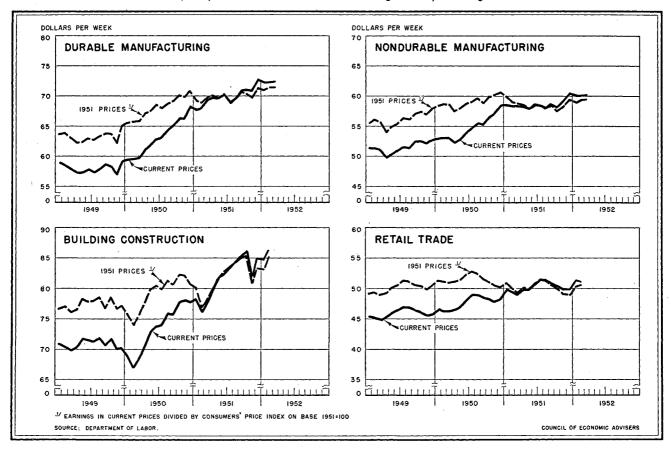
Period	All manufacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951: February March April May June July August September October November December 1952: January 4 February 4 March March April	1. 086 1. 237 1. 350 1. 401 1. 465 1. 453 1. 594	\$1. 181 1. 443 1. 444 1. 438 1. 458 1. 528 1. 585 1. 594 1. 577 1. 580 1. 586 1. 588 1. 602 1. 600 1. 598 1. 605 1. 605 1. 608 1. 608 1. 608 1. 608	\$0. 698 1. 059 1. 156 1. 292 1. 410 1. 469 1. 537 1. 522 1. 678 1. 639 1. 654 1. 665 1. 681 1. 682 1. 707 1. 705 1. 712 1. 723 1. 725 1. 729 1. 740	\$1. 302 1. 590 1. 537 1. 502 1. 523 1. 602 1. 660 1. 666 1. 666 1. 667 1. 664 1. 667 1. 684 1. 688 1. 688 1. 685 1. 691 1. 693 1. 708 1. 708	\$0. 582 . 803 1. 015 1. 171 1. 278 1. 325 1. 378 1. 365 1. 481 1. 465 1. 465 1. 474 1. 484 1. 488 1. 481 1. 481 1. 507 1. 515 1. 520 1. 522 1. 528	\$1. 086 1. 206 1. 350 1. 362 1. 380 1. 445 1. 488 1. 489 1. 481 1. 473 1. 469 1. 475 1. 487 1. 482 1. 483 1. 487 1. 483 1. 487 1. 492 1. 504 1. 508	\$0. 932 1. 252 1. 478 1. 681 3 1. 848 1. 935 2. 031 1. 995 2. 201 2. 157 2. 163 2. 167 2. 182 2. 194 2. 195 2. 207 2. 236 2. 239 2. 260 2. 253 2. 273 2. 288 (2)	\$1. 739 1. 880 1. 965 1. 955 3 1. 996 2. 110 2. 193 2. 176 2. 201 2. 179 2. 178 2. 184 2. 198 2. 197 2. 209 2. 225 2. 217 2. 224 2. 211 2. 231 2. 261 (2)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (8) (7) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) 1. 173 1. 175 1. 240 1. 253 1. 253 1. 253 1. 255 1. 263 1. 263 1. 264 1. 254 1. 222 1. 264 1. 222 1. 268

Earnings in current prices divided by consumers' price index on base 1951=100.
 Not available.
 Not strictly comparable with previous data.
 Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor.

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Reflecting the decline in the length of the workweek since December, average weekly earnings in March were slightly lower than at the end of 1951, in spite of a slow increase in average hourly earnings.



[Production and related workers in selected industries]

Don't d	All manufacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
Period	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹	Current prices	1951 prices ¹
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951: February March April May June July August September October November December 1952: January 4 February 4 March 4	43. 14 43. 82 49. 97 54. 14 54. 92 59. 33 58. 85 64. 88 63. 84 64. 57 64. 55 65. 08 64. 24 65. 49 65. 41 65. 85 67. 40 67. 04 67. 03	\$44. 51 64. 77 58. 27 58. 10 58. 47 59. 89 64. 07 64. 18 64. 48 64. 96 65. 03 64. 30 64. 38 65. 16 64. 76 64. 81 65. 79 66. 14 66. 14 66. 24 66. 34	\$26. 50 49. 30 46. 49 52. 46 57. 11 58. 03 63. 32 62. 86 69. 97 68. 18 69. 30 69. 68 70. 27 68. 79 69. 55 71. 01 71. 10 71. 05 72. 71 72. 28 72. 27 72. 38	\$49. 44 74. 02 61. 82 61. 00 61. 67 63. 28 68. 38 68. 55 69 97 68. 87 69. 72 70. 03 69. 67 70. 41 68. 86 69. 62 70. 66 70. 40 69. 93 71. 35 70. 93 71. 41 71. 45	\$21. 78 34. 12 41. 14 46. 96 50. 61 51. 41 54. 71 53. 92 58. 50 58. 32 58. 40 58. 16 57. 93 58. 47 58. 48 57. 91 58. 67 58. 00 59. 07 60. 45 60. 19 60. 12 60. 20	\$40. 63 51. 23 54. 71 54. 60 54. 65 56. 06 59. 08 58. 50 58. 75 58. 45 57. 97 58. 54 57. 97 58. 38 57. 97 58. 32 59. 07 59. 41 59. 41	\$30. 39 48. 13 56. 24 63. 30 3 68. 85 70. 95 73. 73 73. 82 82. 10 76. 14 77. 44 79. 75 81. 83 82. 71 83. 63 84. 31 85. 42 86. 20 82. 26 84. 94 84. 78 86. 26 (2)	\$56. 70 72. 27 74. 79 73. 60 2 74. 35 77. 37 79. 62 80. 50 82. 10 76. 91 77. 91 80. 15 81. 91 82. 88 83. 71 84. 39 85. 00 85. 35 80. 96 83. 36 83. 20 85. 24	(2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (6) (4) (5) (6) (4) (6) (6) (7) (8) (7) (8) (8) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(2) (2) (2) (3) (47. 28 47. 35 50. 09 51. 44 52. 41 50. 25 50. 06 49. 25 50. 84 51. 54 51. 42 50. 55 49. 93 49. 13 48. 99 50. 30 50. 58 (2)

 $^{^1}$ Earnings in current prices divided by consumers' price index on base 1951=100. 3 Not available.

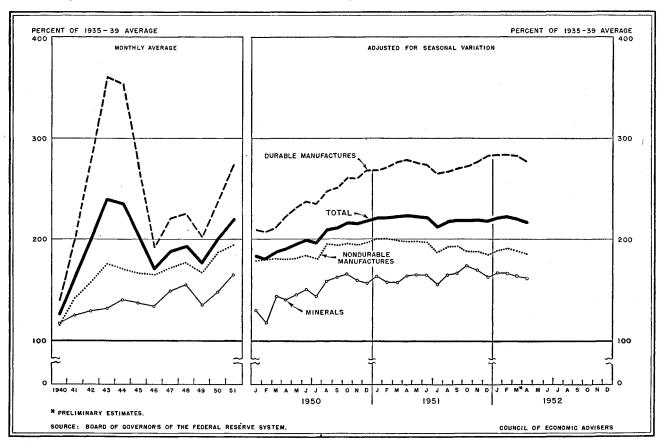
Source: Department of Labor.

<sup>Not strictly comparable with previous data.
Preliminary estimates.</sup>

PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Total industrial production in April was more than 1 percent below the March level, according to preliminary estimates. About one-half of the decline was due to the loss of steel output when furnaces were banked early in the month in expectation of a strike. Production of nondurable goods and of minerals also declined.



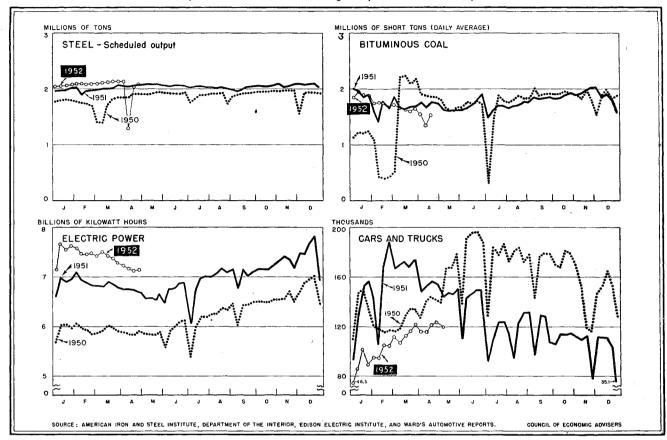
[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

	Total	ľ	Manufacture	s		
Period	industrial production	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- able goods		
1943 monthly average	239	258	360	176	132	
1946 monthly average	170	177	192	165	134	
1947 monthly average	187	194	220	172	149	
1948 monthly average	192	198	225	177	155	
1949 monthly average	176	183	202	168	135	
1950 monthly average	200	209	237	187	148	
June	199	208	237	184	151	
1951 monthly average	220	22 9	273	194	164	
1951: March	222	234	277	199	158	
April	223	234	279	198	164	
May	222	233	276	198	165	
June	221	231	274	197	165	
July	212	222	265	187	156	
August	217	226	267	193	165	
September	218	228	271	192	167	
October	218	226	274	188	174	
November	219	228	277	188	170	
December	218	228	282	185	163	
1952: January	221	231	283	189	167	
February	222	232	283	190	167	
March 1	220	230	282	188	164	
April 1	217	227	277	186	162	

¹ Preliminary estimates.

WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

After the drop in steel production early in April, previous record weekly levels were almost regained, only to have another shutdown disrupt production in the final days of the month. In April, electric power production continued the seasonal decline begun in March. Bituminous coal output decreased, and was below April a year ago. At the end of the month motor vehicle production reached the highest point since last September.



	Ste	eel 1	Electric power,	Bituminous	Cars and
Period	Thousands of net tons	Percent of theoretical capacity	by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours)	coal (thousands of short tons) 2	trucks (number)
Weekly average: 1950 June 1951	1, 898 2, 016	96. 9 99. 6 100. 9	6, 183 6, 038 6, 958	1, 687 1, 707 1, 777	154, 211 192, 825 129, 807
1951: February March April May June July August September October November December	2, 048 2, 061 2, 053 2, 018 1, 964 1, 971 2, 022 2, 058 2, 050	97. 1 102. 4 103. 1 102. 7 100. 9 98. 2 98. 6 101. 2 102. 9 102. 5	6, 879 6, 828 6, 722 6, 557 6, 804 6, 760 7, 114 7, 012 7, 204 7, 340 7, 464	1, 672 1, 661 1, 734 1, 643 1, 707 1, 688 1, 748 1, 790 1, 918 1, 990 1, 765	157, 760 171, 212 152, 948 140, 461 147, 582 112, 786 120, 311 115, 721 112, 300 103, 362 90, 476
1952: January February March April ³	2, 062 2, 091 2, 118	99. 3 100. 7 102. 0 90. 7	7, 509 7, 443 7, 382 7, 158	1, 919 1, 751 1, 581 1, 508	82, 195 104, 161 115, 014 119, 700
Week ended: 1952: April 5 12 19 26	$1,294 \\ 2,038$	102. 1 62. 3 98. 1 100. 4	7, 219 7, 154 7, 120 7, 140	1, 537 1, 342 1, 533 1, 622	116, 282 115, 879 121, 805 124, 832

Weekly data are scheduled rates of operation; monthly figures are for actual output except latest month which is an average of the weekly estimates. Percent of capacity based on weekly net ton capacity of 1,843,516 for 1949, 1,906,268 for the first half of 1950, 1,928,721 beginning July 1, 1950, 1,999,034 beginning January 1, 1951, and 2,077,040 beginning January 1, 1952.

2 Daily average for week.

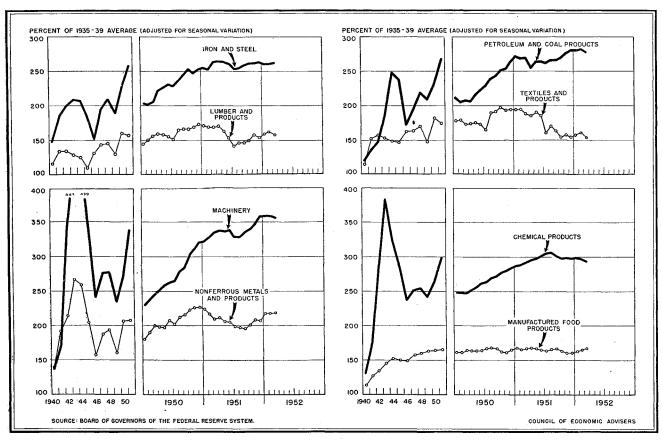
3 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

13

PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

In March, there was little change in the output of iron and steel and nonferrous metals. Lumber production fell 3 percent, and machinery also declined. The output of petroleum and coal products, chemicals, and textiles decreased. Manufactured food production increased moderately.



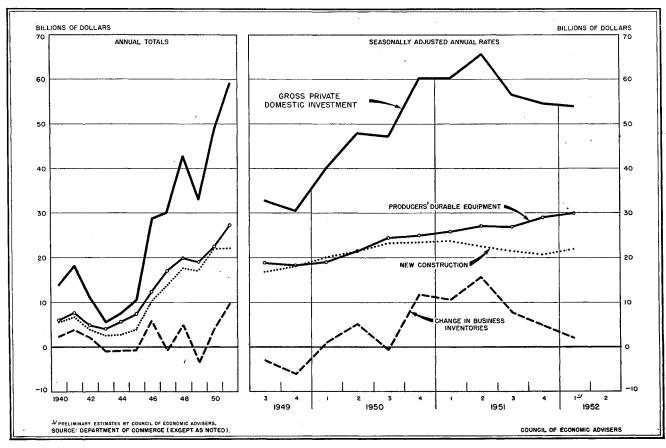
[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

		Durable m	anufactures		Nondurable manufactures				
Period	Iron and steel	Lumber and products	Machinery	Nonferrous metals and products		Petroleum and coal products	Manufac- tured food products	Chemical products	
1943 monthly average	195 208 188 229 231	129 131 143 145 130 160 155	443 240 276 277 234 270 262 336	267 157 187 193 160 206 207 207	153 162 163 170 147 182 173 174	185 173 193 218 209 229 222 268	145 149 157 159 163 164 164 165	384 236 251 254 241 264 261 298	
1951: February March April May June July August September October November December	252 263 264 263 261 253 254 258 261 261	169 169 170 163 153 141 146 146 149 157	328 335 337 336 338 328 328 336 340 347 358	217 209 211 206 205 199 197 196 201 209 207	194 188 185 190 185 160 170 163 154 157	269 269 255 263 263 262 265 266 269 276 281	166 167 168 167 165 164 166 167 163 160	288 292 296 298 302 305 306 301 298 299	
1952: January February March ¹	261	159 162 157	359 358 355	217 217 218	157 160 153	281 282 277	163 165 167	299 296 293	

¹ Preliminary estimates.

GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT

In the first quarter of 1952, the rate of inventory accumulation continued to drop, while investment in plant and equipment and expenditures for residential construction were higher than in the fourth quarter of 1951.



[Billions of dollars]

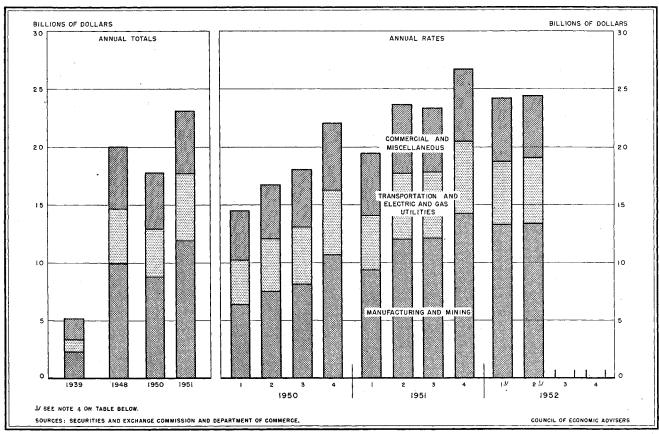
	Total gross	N	ew construction	n	Producers'	Change in				
Period	private domestic investment	Total	Residential nonfarm	Other	durable equipment	business inventories				
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 0	4. 9 2. 8 10. 3 13. 9 17. 7 17. 2 22. 1 22. 2	2. 7 . 8 4. 0 6. 3 8. 6 8. 3 12. 6 10. 9	2. 1 2. 0 6. 3 7. 6 9. 1 8. 9 9. 5 11. 3	4. 6 5. 7 12. 3 17. 1 19. 9 19. 0 22. 5 27. 3	0. 4 8 6. 1 8 5. 0 -3. 2 4. 3 9. 7				
	Seasonally adjusted annual rates									
1950: Third quarterFourth quarter	47. 3 60. 2	23. 4 23. 4	13. 7 13. 1	9. 7 10. 3	24. 5 25. 0	7 11. 8				
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	65. 6 56. 6	23. 8 22. 6 21. 6 20. 7	12. 9 10. 9 9. 8 10. 1	10. 9 11. 7 11. 8 10. 6	25. 9 27. 2 27. 0 29. 0	10. 6 15. 8 8. 0 4. 9				
1952: First quarter 1	54. 0	22. 0	10. 5	11. 5	30. 0	2. 0				

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Expenditures for new plant and equipment for the first quarter of 1952 were estimated to be about 24 percent above actual expenditures in the first quarter of 1951. Business plans to spend this year a total of \$24.1 billion for new plant and equipment, or about 4 percent above the previous high in 1951, according to the latest survey (made in February). Expenditures of only commercial and miscellaneous businesses are expected to be significantly less in 1952 than in 1951.



[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal variation]

. !		M	anufacturi	ng		Transportation		Electric	Commer-
Period	Total ¹	Total	Durable goods	Nondur- able goods	Mining	Railroad	Other	and gas utilities	cial and miscel- laneous ²
1939	5, 213 8, 190 7, 406 20, 032 18, 021 17, 832 23, 290 24, 123 18, 048 22, 068	1, 943 3, 400 3, 983 9, 134 7, 149 7, 491 11, 130 12, 070 7, 436 9, 896	756 (3) 1. 590 3. 483 2, 594 3, 135 5, 168 5, 994 3, 088 4, 344	1, 187 (3) 2, 393 5, 651 4, 555 4, 356 5, 962 6, 076 4, 368 5, 528	380 680 443 802 738 684 796 852 720 792	280 560 552 1, 319 1, 350 1, 136 1, 541 1, 539 1, 140 1, 280	280 340 321 700 525 437 511 609 492 580	480 710 630 2, 683 3, 140 3, 167 3, 577 3, 864 3, 284 3, 740	1, 850 2, 490 1, 477 5, 394 5, 119 4, 917 5, 735 5, 189 4, 976 5, 780
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1952: First quarter 4 Second quarter 4	19, 452 23, 652 23, 376 26, 688 24, 204 24, 392	8, 616 11, 208 11, 364 13, 340 12, 480 12, 480	3, 692 4, 924 5, 452 6, 608 6, 460 6, 312	4, 920 6, 284 5, 904 6, 732 6, 020 6, 164	732 812 796 844 852 940	1, 212 1, 648 1, 508 1, 796 1, 580 1, 604	500 544 480 520 560 620	3, 012 3, 572 3, 732 3, 992 3, 352 3, 448	5, 380 5, 868 5, 496 6, 196 5, 380 5, 300

¹ Excludes agriculture.
² Commercial and miscellaneous composed of trade, service, finance, and communication.

Not available.
 Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures of business as reported in a survey made in February and early March 1952.

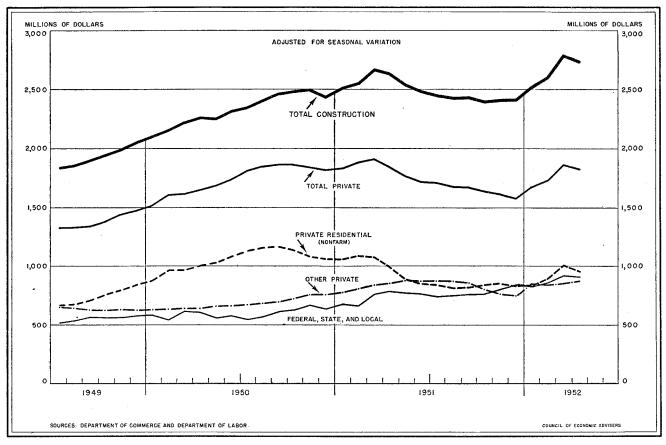
Note.—These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for 1939-44 are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other data.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

NEW CONSTRUCTION

New construction expenditures, seasonally adjusted, fell in April after rising continuously during the preceding 5 months. A drop of \$17 million in total public construction and \$60 million in private nonfarm residential was partially offset by a rise of \$19 million in "other" private construction.



[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

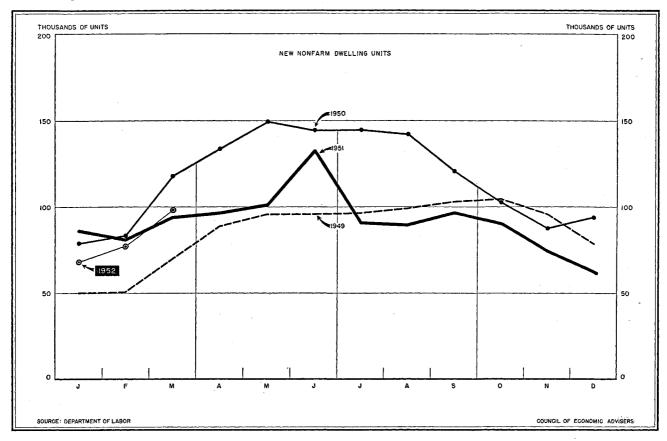
	Total new		rivate construct	ion	Federal,
Period	construction	Total private	Residential (nonfarm)	Other	State, and local 1
1939 monthly average	1, 173	366 285	223 143	142 142	317 888
1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average	1,000	182 803 1, 389	68 335 715	114 469 674	256 197 409
1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,882 \\ 2,325 \end{array}$	1, 348 1, 732	689 1, 050	660 682	534 593
June 1951 monthly average	2, 489	1, 737 1, 735	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,072 \\ 910 \end{array}$	665 826	579 755
1951: March April May	2, 627 2, 532	1, 908 1, 845 1, 763	1, 072 991 888	836 854 875	759 782 769
June July August	2, 443	1, 717 1, 708 1, 677	849 836 808	868 872 869	760 73: 740
September October	2, 428 2, 392	1,671 $1,634$	815 837	856 797	75°
November December	2, 412	1, 608 1, 574	849 828	759 746	798 838
1952: January February March April ²	2, 786	1, 683 1, 739 1, 866 1, 825	837 901 1, 011 951	$846 \\ 838 \\ 855 \\ 874$	82: 86: 92: 90:

Includes public residential construction.
 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts rose sharply in March to 98,000 units, which was 27 percent above the February total. This was the largest number of starts since last June, and 4,200 units more than in March a year ago.

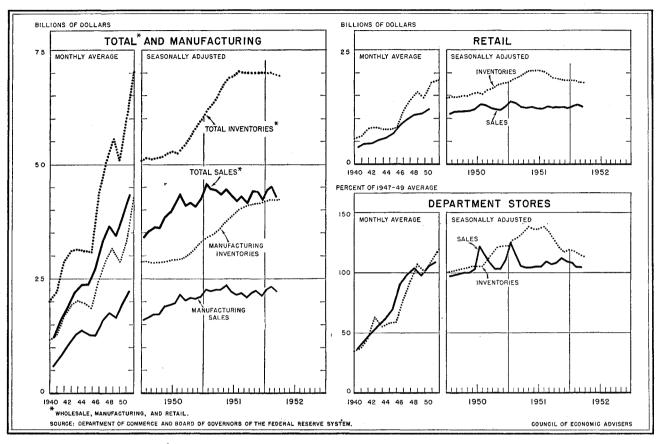


March	New nonfarm units started									
Month -	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952				
January February March April May June July August September October November December	39, 300 42, 800 56, 000 67, 100 72, 900 77, 200 81, 100 86, 300 93, 800 94, 000 79, 700 58, 800	53, 500 50, 100 76, 400 99, 500 100, 300 97, 800 95, 000 86, 700 82, 300 73, 400 63, 700 52, 900	50, 000 50, 400 69, 400 88, 300 95, 500 96, 100 99, 000 102, 900 104, 300 95, 500 78, 300	78, 700 82, 900 117, 300 133, 400 149, 100 144, 300 144, 400 120, 600 102, 500 87, 300 93, 600	85, 900 80, 600 93, 800 96, 200 101, 000 132, 500 90, 500 89, 100 96, 400 90, 000 74, 500 60, 800	1 68, 000 177, 000 198, 000				
Total	849, 000	931, 600	1, 025, 100	1, 39 6 , 0 00	1, 091, 300					
Monthly average	70, 750	77, 600	85, 425	116, 300	90, 900					

¹ Preliminary estimates. Source: Department of Labor.

INVENTORIES AND SALES

Business sales, seasonally adjusted, declined in March at the retail, wholesale, and manufacturing levels; inventories showed little change.



	Total bu	usiness 1	Ret	tail	M	anufacturi	ng	Departme	nt stores
Period	Inventories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories ²	Sales 3	New orders	Inven- tories 5	Sales 3
		Millions	s of dollars,	seasonally	adjusted		(millions of dollars) 4	Index 1947 seasonally	
1939	20, 051 31, 343 42, 942 50, 605 55, 647 50, 921 60, 434 52, 828 70, 107	10, 802 21, 920 27, 151 33, 156 36, 438 34, 467 39, 051 39, 239 43, 453	5, 534 7, 561 11, 852 14, 060 15, 828 14, 502 17, 793 15, 574 18, 093	3, 504 5, 270 8, 541 9, 967 10, 877 10, 893 11, 974 12, 069 12, 549	11, 465 20, 098 24, 498 28, 920 31, 734 28, 690 33, 253 29, 123 42, 014	5, 112 12, 820 12, 617 15, 918 17, 630 16, 339 19, 064 19, 271 22, 036	(6) (6) 13, 694 15, 622 17, 337 15, 791 20, 731 20, 922 23, 991	35 55 77 93 107 100 110 105 129	35 56 90 98 104 98 105 103
1951: February	63, 416 65, 240 67, 361 68, 981 69, 442 70, 268 70, 083 69, 965 70, 068 69, 991 70, 107	44, 804 44, 222 43, 448 44, 728 43, 052 41, 691 42, 930 41, 215 44, 175 43, 648 41, 609	19, 044 19, 743 20, 346 20, 643 20, 282 20, 045 19, 429 18, 761 18, 545 18, 280 18, 093	13, 321 12, 633 12, 285 12, 411 12, 240 12, 058 12, 429 12, 258 12, 551 12, 492 12, 318	34, 657 35, 557 36, 908 38, 068 39, 909 39, 908 40, 621 41, 132 41, 424 41, 676 42, 014	22, 261 22, 605 22, 479 23, 434 22, 133 21, 249 21, 677 20, 591 22, 463 22, 214 20, 761	25, 765 28, 490 23, 820 23, 580 24, 100 22, 482 22, 974 21, 314 23, 916 22, 912 20, 344	129 133 138 136 136 138 134 128 121 117	115 105 104 104 105 105 109 107 108 112
1952: January 7 February 7 March 7	70, 218 69, 885 69, 769	43, 898 45, 202 42, 809	18, 061 17, 975 17, 833	$12,650 \\ 12,908 \\ 12,450$	$\begin{array}{c c} 42,206 \\ 42,193 \\ 42,200 \end{array}$	22, 484 23, 332 22, 100	22, 326 22, 192 22, 900	118 116 114	$108 \\ 106 \\ 105$

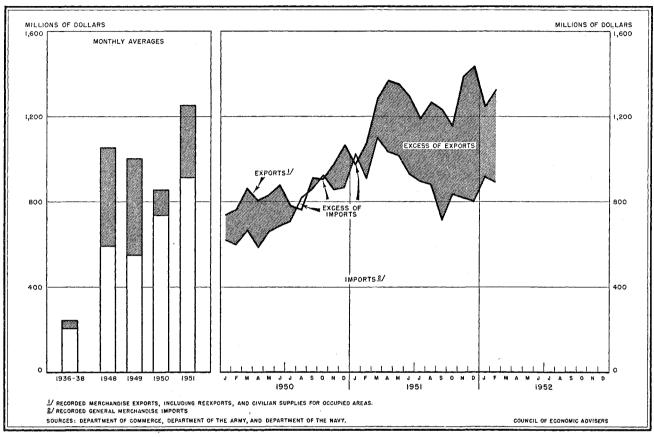
Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Also includes wholesale, not shown separately in this table.
 Book value, end of period. Revised trade data not available prior to 1948.
 Monthly average for year and total for month.
 Data for new orders not adjusted for seasonal variation.

Index of book value, end of period, except annual data, which are averages of monthly figures.
 Not available.
 Preliminary estimates.

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

In February, exports of all classes of commodities except crude materials increased over January levels. Total imports declined slightly but no more than could be explained by the shortness of the month. On a working-day basis, imports of semimanufactured goods fell but other categories of imports rose.



[Millions of dollars]

Period	Exports 1	Imports 2	Excess of exports (+), imports (-)
1936–38 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1951 monthly average 1951: January February March April May June July August September October November December	247 1, 080 812 1, 278 1, 054 1, 003 856 877 1, 252 974 1, 076 1, 285 1, 370 1, 354 1, 294 1, 190 1, 269 1, 232 1, 155 1, 388 1, 438	207 282 412 480 594 552 738 687 914 1, 024 910 1, 101 1, 033 1, 018 930 894 880 721 833 818 800	+40 +799 +400 +799 +461 +452 +119 +190 +339 -50 +166 +184 +337 +337 +364 +296 +389 +511 +321 +570 +637
1952: JanuaryFebruary	1, 247 1, 328	922 892	$^{+325}_{+436}$

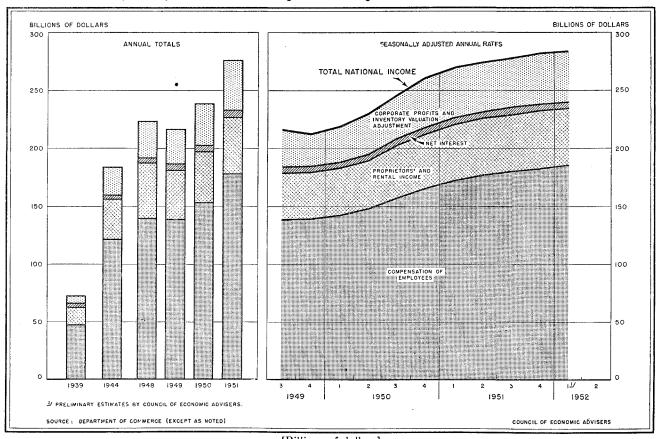
Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
 Recorded general merchandise imports.
 Note: Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

PURCHASING POWER

NATIONAL INCOME

In the first quarter of 1952, national income increased at an annual rate of \$3 billion above the fourth quarter of last year. Compensation of employees, with the largest increase since the second quarter of last year, rose at a rate of \$3½ billion while proprietors' and rental income declined from the peak level reached in the fourth quarter of 1951. Other major components showed no significant changes.



	[Billions of doll	ars]				
Total	Compensa-	Proprietors' (business,		Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment			
	tion of employees	farm) and rental income	Net interest	Total	Profits before taxes	Inventory valuation adjustment	
72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 7 239. 0 275. 8	47. 8 121. 2 117. 1 128. 0 140. 2 139. 9 153. 3 178. 1	14. 7 35. 5 42. 0 42. 4 47. 3 41. 4 44. 0 48. 9	4. 2 3. 1 2. 9 3. 5 4. 3 4. 9 5. 4 5. 7	5. 8 24. 0 18. 3 24. 7 31. 7 30. 5 36. 2 43. 0	6. 5 24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 28. 3 41. 4 44. 5	$\begin{array}{c} -0.7 \\3 \\ -5.2 \\ -5.8 \\ -2.1 \\ +2.1 \\ -5.1 \\ -1.5 \end{array}$	
		Seasonally	adjusted ann	ual rates	-		
245. 8 260. 1	157. 3 165. 2	45. 6 47. 2	5. 5 5. 6	37. 4 42. 2	45. 7 50. 3	-8.3 -8.2	
269. 4 274. 3 278. 0 281. 2 284. 0	172. 1 177. 5 180. 6 182. 0 185. 5	48. 8 48. 1 49. 1 49. 8 49. 0	5. 6 5. 7 5. 8 5. 8 5. 9	42. 9 43. 0 42. 6 43. 6 43. 7	51. 8 45. 4 39. 8 41. 1 42. 5	$ \begin{array}{r} -8.9 \\ -2.3 \\ +2.8 \\ +2.5 \\ +1.2 \end{array} $	
	72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 7 239. 0 275. 8 245. 8 260. 1 269. 4 274. 3 278. 0 281. 2	Total national income	Total national income Total national income Total national income Total tion of employees Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of employees Total tion of employees Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of employees Total tion of employees Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness, professional, farm) and rental income Total tion of clustness of clustne	Total national income Compensation of employees (business, professional, farm) and rental income Net interest 72. 5 47. 8 14. 7 4. 2 183. 8 121. 2 35. 5 3. 1 180. 3 117. 1 42. 0 2. 9 198. 7 128. 0 42. 4 3. 5 223. 5 140. 2 47. 3 4. 3 216. 7 139. 9 41. 4 4. 9 239. 0 153. 3 44. 0 5. 4 275. 8 178. 1 48. 9 5. 7 Seasonally adjusted ann 245. 8 157. 3 45. 6 5. 5 260. 1 165. 2 47. 2 5. 6 269. 4 172. 1 48. 8 5. 6 274. 3 177. 5 48. 1 5. 7 278. 0 180. 6 49. 1 5. 8 281. 2 182. 0 49. 8 5. 8	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

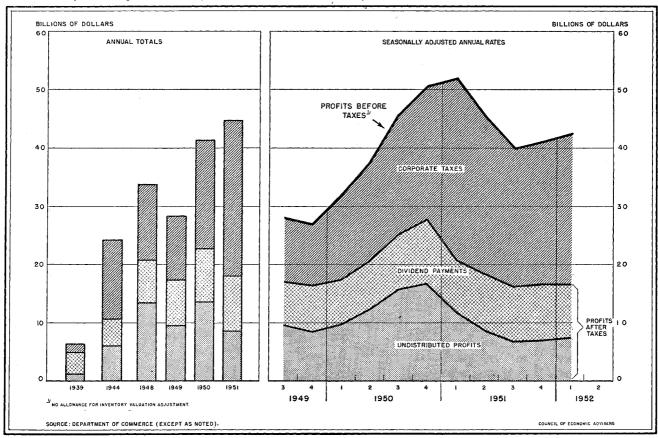
¹ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

CORPORATE PROFITS

In the first quarter of 1952, corporate profits before taxes were slightly above the fourth quarter of 1951 but were considerably below the peak reached a year ago, according to preliminary estimates. Corporate profits after taxes were virtually unchanged, reflecting for the first time the full impact of the 1951 tax increase.



[Billions of dollars]

	Corporate	Corporate	Corpo	Corporate profits after taxes				
Period	profits before taxes	tax liability	Total	Dividend payments	Undistributed profits			
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 28. 3	1. 5 13. 5 9. 6 11. 9 13. 0 11. 0 18. 6 26. 6	5. 0 10. 8 13. 9 18. 5 20. 7 17. 3 22. 8 18. 0	3. 8 4. 7 5. 8 6. 6 7 2 7. 6 9. 2 9. 4	1. 2 6. 1 8. 1 12. 0 13. 5 9. 8 13. 6 8. 6			
		Seasonal	lly adjusted an	nual rates				
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter		14. 4 16. 9 20. 5 22. 5	17. 5 20. 6 25. 2 27. 8	7. 8 8. 4 9. 4 11. 1	9. 7 12. 2 15. 8 16. 7			
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	51. 8 45. 4 39. 8 41. 1	31. 1 27. 0 23. 7 24. 5	20. 7 18. 4 16. 1 16. 7	8. 8 9. 6 9. 6 9. 8	11. 9 8. 8 6. 5 6. 9			
1952: First quarter 1	42. 5	25. 9	16. 6	9. 0	7. 6			

¹ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

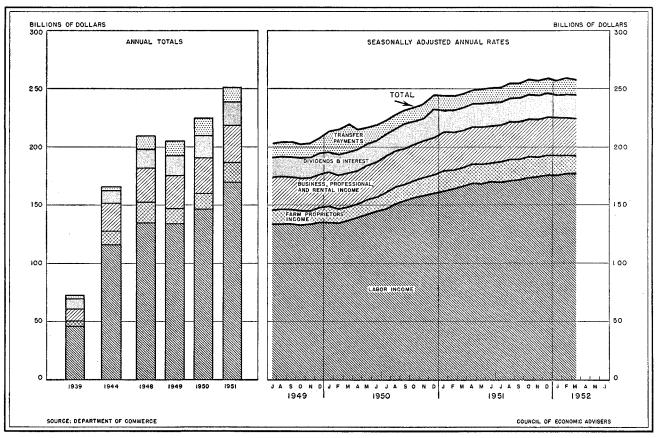
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

Note.—No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 21 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

PERSONAL INCOME

The small drop in personal income for March primarily reflected lower proprietors' income. Salaries and wages were unchanged; dividends increased.



[Billions of dollars]

		-								
,		Labor income	Proprietor	s' income 1						
Period	Total personal income	(salaries, wages, and other labor income) ¹	Farm	Business, professional, and rental income	Dividends and personal interest	Transfer payments				
1939	165. 9 209. 5 205. 1	45. 6 116. 2 134. 9 134. 2 146. 4 169. 7	4. 5 11. 8 17. 7 13. 0 13. 7 16. 9	10. 3 23. 7 29. 6 28. 4 30. 3 32. 0	9. 2 10. 6 16. 0 17. 1 19. 3 20. 0	3. 0 3. 6 11. 3 12. 4 2 15. 1 12. 5				
		Seasonally adjusted annual rates								
1950: June	219. 0	144. 6	12. 3	30. 2	18. 4	13. 5				
1951: February March April May June July August September October November December	245. 5 249. 0 249. 8 251. 0 252. 4 253. 7 253. 6 257. 5 256. 5 258. 6	163. 8 166. 0 168. 6 168. 9 170. 2 170. 9 171. 2 172. 1 173. 3 174. 6 175. 8	15. 9 15. 8 16. 4 16. 2 17. 3 17. 6 16. 8 18. 2 17. 1	32. 3 31. 9 31. 8 31. 8 31. 8 31. 9 32. 1 31. 5 32. 3 32. 0 32. 2	19. 2 19. 7 20. 2 20. 2 20. 0 19. 7 20. 1 20. 7 20. 8 20. 2 20. 7	12. 1 12. 1 12. 1 12. 8 12. 6 12. 7 12. 5 12. 9 12. 6 12. 3				
1952: January February March 3		176. 0 177. 6 177. 6	17. 1 15. 7 15. 0	32. 4 32. 5 32. 0	19. 3 19. 9 20. 6	12. 9 12. 6 12. 6				

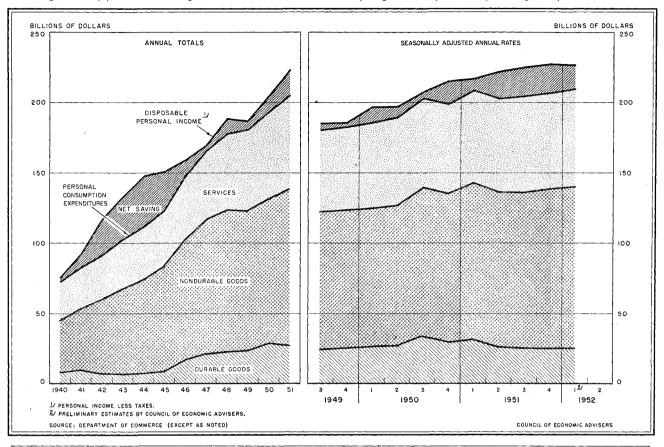
¹ Excludes employee contributions for social insurance, and self-employed contributions (which became effective January 1952).
2 Includes \$2.7 billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
3 Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

With expenditures for nondurable goods and services rising slightly in the first quarter of 1952 and disposable income declining a little, personal saving fell somewhat below the very high levels prevailing during the previous 9 months.



	Dispos-	Less: Pe	rsonal cons	umption expe	enditures	Equals:	Net saving as percent
Period	able per- sonal income 1	Total	Durable goods	Nondur- able goods	Services	Personal net saving	of disposable income
·			Billions	of dollars			
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	92. 0 116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 186. 4	67. 5 82. 3 91. 2 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 2 193. 6 205. 5	6. 7 9. 8 7. 1 7. 1 16. 6 21. 4 22. 9 23. 9 29. 2 26. 8	35. 3 44. 0 52. 9 67. 1 85. 8 95. 1 100. 9 98. 7 102. 3 111. 8	25. 5 28. 5 31. 2 37. 4 44. 5 49. 1 54. 1 57. 6 62. 1 66. 8	2. 7 9. 8 25. 6 35. 4 12. 0 3. 9 10. 5 6. 3 10. 7 17. 2	3. 8 10. 7 21. 9 24. 1 7. 6 2. 3 5. 6 3. 4 5. 2 7. 7
			Seasonally	v adjusted ar	nual rates		
1950: Third quarterFourth quarter	207. 1 215. 2	202. 5 198. 4	34. 3 29. 4	105. 5 104. 9	62. 7 64. 0	4. 6 16. 8	2. 2 7. 8
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	221. 8	208. 8 202. 4 204. 0 206. 7	31. 3 25. 9 25. 2 25. 0	112. 1 110. 1 111. 5 113. 6	65. 4 66. 5 67. 3 68. 1	7. 8 19. 4 20. 8 20. 5	3. 6 8. 7 9. 2 9. 0
1952: First quarter ²	226. 5	209. 0	25. 0	115. 0	69. ,0	17. 5	7. 7

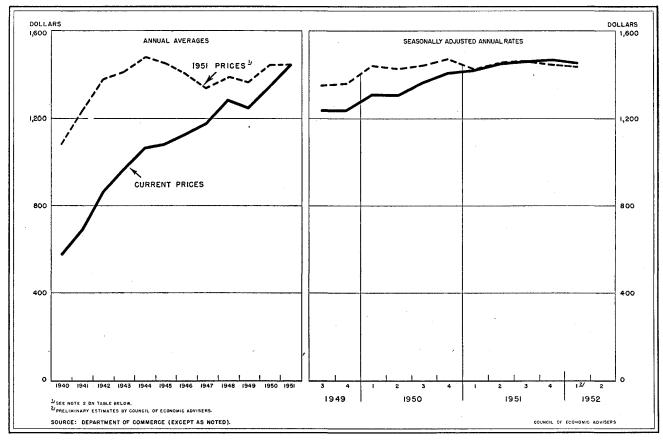
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

¹ Income less taxes. ² Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

Per capita disposable income in both current and constant prices declined in the first quarter of 1952.



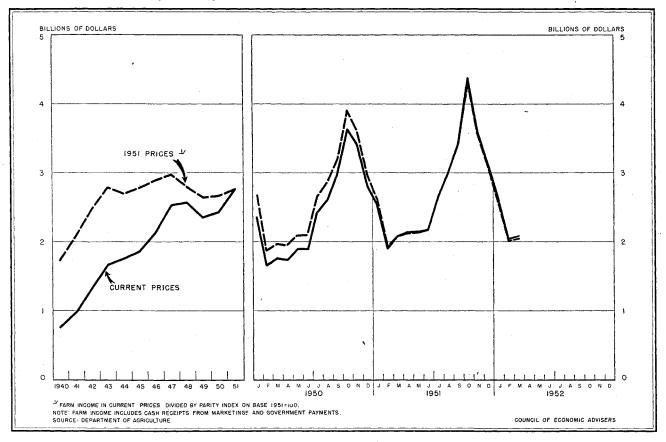
Period	Total dispose income (billio		Per capita di sonal incom	Population	
Teriod	Current prices	1951 prices ²	Current prices	. 1951 prices ²	(thousands)3
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 186. 4 204. 3	134. 5 164. 3 185. 8 205. 0 198. 4 193. 1 203. 7 204. 2 219. 2 222. 6	536 690 866 1, 062 1, 124 1, 176 1, 285 1, 250 1, 347 1, 442	1, 028 1, 232 1, 378 1, 481 1, 403 1, 340 1, 389 1, 369 1, 445 1, 442	130, 880 133, 377 134, 831 138, 390 141, 398 144, 129 146, 621 149, 149 151, 689 154, 353
		Seasonall	y adjusted anı	nual rates	
1950: Third quarterFourth quarter	207. 1 215. 2	219. 4 225. 1	1, 362 1, 409	1, 443 1, 473	152, 068 152, 774
1951: First quarter	221. 8 224. 9	217. 6 222. 5 225. 4 224. 7	1, 411 1, 440 1, 454 1, 461	1, 419 1, 445 1, 457 1, 445	153, 396 154, 011 154, 724 155, 466
1952: First quarter 4	226. 5	224. 0	1, 451	1, 435	156, 098

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

¹ Income less taxes.
2 Dollar estimates in current prices divided by the price index of personal consumption expenditures. This price index was based on the Department of Commerce data, shifted from 1939 base.
3 Provisional intercensal estimates of the population of the United States including Armed Forces overseas, taking into account the final 1950 Census total population count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.
4 Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

FARM INCOME

In March, farm income was about 2 percent higher than in February, in both current and constant prices. This rise was far short of the February-March gain in 1951.



Period	Farm income (millions of current dollars)	Parity index (prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates) 1951=100 ¹	Farm income (millions of 1951 dollars) ²
1939 monthly average 1941 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average June 1951 monthly average	979 1, 753 2, 136 2, 567 2, 350 2, 421 1, 885 2, 756	43 47 65 74 92 89 91 90	1, 684 2, 083 2, 697 2, 886 2, 790 2, 640 2, 660 2, 094 2, 756
1951: February March April May June July August September October November December	2, 071 2, 137 2, 153 2, 169 2, 652 2, 992 3, 395 4, 355 3, 601 3, 115	98 100 101 101 100 100 100 101 101 101 10	1, 938 2, 071 2, 116 2, 132 2, 169 2, 652 2, 992 3, 395 4, 312 3, 565 3, 084
1952: January February ³ March ³	[2,043]	102 102 102	2, 590 2, 003 2, 046

Source: Department of Agriculture.

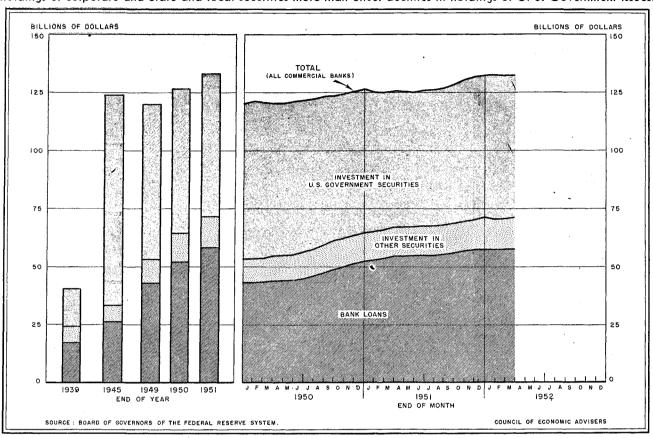
¹ Converted from the reported base, 1910-14=100. to the base 1951=100.
² Farm income in current dollars divided by parity index on base 1951=100.
⁸ Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Farm income includes cash receipts from marketings and Government payments.

CREDIT, MONEY, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans rose during March at the same moderate rate as in February. Investments expanded slightly, as increased holdings of corporate and State and local securities more than offset declines in holdings of U. S. Government issues.



[Billions of dollars]

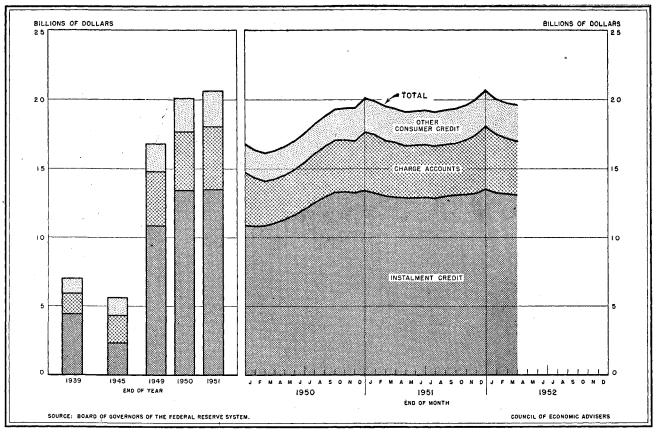
- 6 - 6		Weekly				
End of poriod	Total			reporting member		
End of period	loans and investments	Bank loans	Total	U. S. Government securities	Other securities	banks— Business loans ¹
1939	116. 3 114. 3 120. 2 126. 7 121. 8 132. 6 125. 7 125. 4 125. 4 126. 0 126. 1 127. 0 128. 6 130. 5 131. 9 132. 6	17. 2 26. 1 38. 1 42. 5 43. 0 52. 2 44. 8 57. 7 54. 4 54. 5 54. 8 54. 6 55. 2 56. 0 56. 8 57. 7	23. 4 97. 9 78. 2 71. 8 77. 2 74. 4 77. 0 71. 3 71. 0 70. 6 71. 2 71. 5 71. 5 72. 6 73. 7 74. 6 74. 9	16. 3 90. 6 69. 2 62. 6 67. 0 62. 0 65. 8 61. 5 58. 5 58. 1 58. 5 58. 7 59. 7 60. 9 61. 6	7. 1 7. 3 9. 0 9. 2 10. 2 12. 4 11. 2 13. 3 12. 6 12. 5 12. 7 12. 8 12. 7 12. 9 13. 0 13. 3	4. 4 7. 3 14. 6 15. 6 13. 9 17. 8 13. 6 21. 6 19. 2 19. 1 19. 0 19. 2 19. 0 19. 2 20. 6 20. 9 21. 6
1952: January February March ² April	132. 2 132. 5	57. 5 57. 6 57. 8	75. 3 74. 6 74. 7	62. 0 61. 3 61. 1	13. 3 13. 4 13. 6	21. 2 21. 2 21. 4 20. 9

¹ Commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

CONSUMER CREDIT

Consumer credit outstanding declined about \$150 million during March, largely because of a reduction in charge accounts. At the end of March, total consumer credit was more than \$1 billion, or 5 percent, below the December 1951 level.



[Millions of dollars]

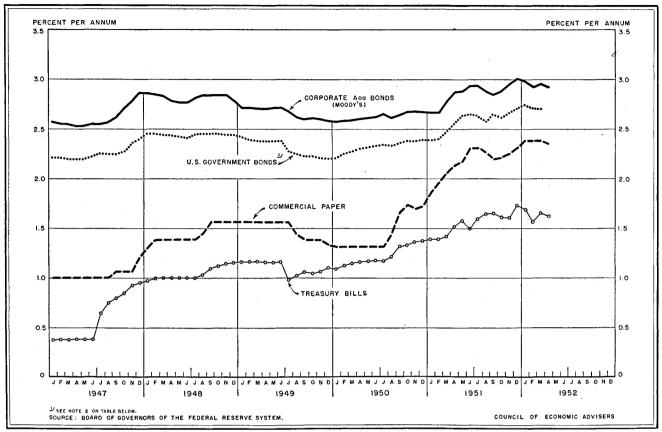
	/D - 4 - 1		In	stalment cred	dit			
Trad of molecular	Total consumer credit	Total		Sale credit			Charge accounts	Other consumer
End of period	outstand- ing	instalment credit	Total	Automo- bile sale credit	Other sale credit	Loans 1		credit ²
1939	16, 809 20, 097 17, 651 20, 644 19, 533 19, 379 19, 126 19, 207 19, 256 19, 132 19, 262 19, 362 19, 585 19, 989 20, 644 20, 126	4, 424 2, 001 4, 000 10, 890 13, 459 12, 105 13, 510 13, 073 12, 976 12, 904 12, 920 12, 955 12, 903 13, 045 13, 167 13, 196 13, 271 13, 510 13, 314 13, 184 13, 184	2, 792 882 1, 648 6, 240 7, 904 6, 995 7, 546 7, 521 7, 368 7, 270 7, 248 7, 234 7, 173 7, 347 7, 355 7, 400 7, 546 7, 322 7, 158 7, 158 7, 047	1, 267 175 544 3, 144 4, 126 3, 790 4, 039 3, 946 3, 934 3, 980 4, 041 4, 061 4, 138 4, 175 4, 134 4, 100 4, 039 3, 962 3, 962 3, 981	1, 525 707 1, 104 3, 096 3, 778 3, 205 3, 507 3, 531 3, 422 3, 336 3, 193 3, 112 3, 109 3, 152 3, 221 3, 300 3, 507	1, 632 1, 119 2, 352 4, 650 5, 555 5, 110 5, 964 5, 552 5, 608 5, 672 5, 721 5, 730 5, 840 5, 841 5, 964 5, 871 5, 964 6, 102	1, 544 1, 498 3, 054 3, 909 4, 239 3, 392 4, 587 4, 010 3, 938 3, 744 3, 793 3, 804 3, 743 3, 724 3, 696 3, 868 4, 190 4, 587 4, 253 4, 253 3, 865	1, 063 1, 101 1, 623 2, 010 2, 399 2, 154 2, 547 2, 450 2, 465 2, 478 2, 494 2, 497 2, 486 2, 493 2, 493 2, 492 2, 521 2, 528 2, 547 2, 558 2, 565 2, 555 2, 555 2, 555

¹ Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
2 Includes loans by pawnbrokers, service credit, and unclassified single-payment loans under \$3,000 made by commercial banks.
3 Preliminary estimates.

NOTE. - Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

BOND YIELDS AND INTEREST RATES

Yields on Treasury bills and corporate bonds and the rate on prime commercial paper fell slightly in April. Reported yields on Government bonds showed a more substantial decline, but part of the drop reflected a change in the issues included in the averages.



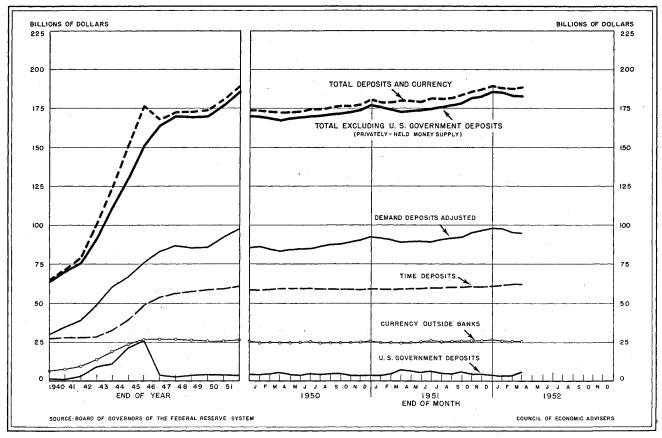
Percent		

	U. S. Governi yie	ment security lds	Corporate	Prime	
Period	3-month Treasury bills 1 Taxable bonds 2		Aaa bonds (Moody's)	commercial paper, 4–6 months	
Average: 1939	0. 023 . 375	(3)	3. 01 2. 53	0. 59 . 81	
1947	. 594 1. 040 1. 102	2. 25 2. 44 2. 31	2. 61 2. 82 2. 66	1. 03 1. 44 1. 48	
1950	1. 218 1. 174	2. 32 2. 33 2. 57	2. 62 2. 62 2. 86	1. 45 1. 31 2. 17	
1951: March April	1. 422 1. 520	2. 47 2. 56	2. 78 2. 87 2. 88	2. 06 2. 13 2. 17	
May June July	1. 499 1. 593	2. 63 2. 65 2. 63	2. 94 2. 94	2. 31 2. 31	
August September October	1. 646 1. 608	2. 57 2. 56 2. 61	2. 88 2. 84 2. 89	2. 26 2. 19 2. 21	
November December 1952: January	1. 731	2. 66 2. 70 2. 74	2. 96 3. 01 2. 98	2. 25 2. 31 2. 38	
February MarchApril	1. 574 1. 658	2. 71 2. 70 2. 64	2. 93 2. 96 2. 93	2. 38 2. 38 2. 35	

Rate on new issues within period.
 15 years and over prior to April 1952; 12 years and over beginning in April.
 Bonds in this classification were first issued in March 1941.

MONEY SUPPLY

The total money supply, including Government deposits, climbed \$800 million during March. However, the privately held money supply decreased \$500 million as tax payments resulted in a transfer of funds from private to Government balances.



	_		
[Billions	of	dol	larsi

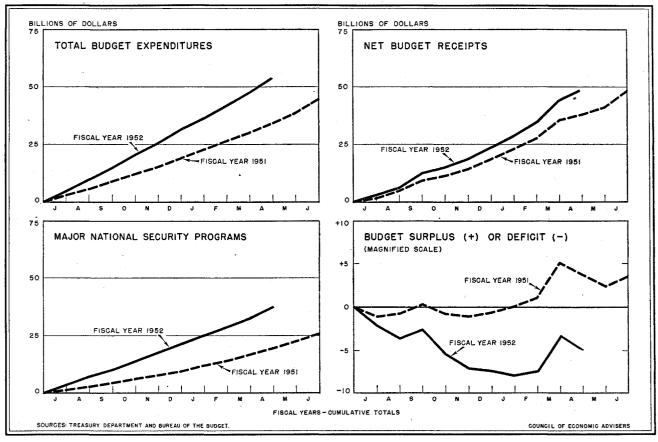
	Total de-	U.S.	Total excluding U. S. Government deposits (privately-held money supply)				
End of period	posits and currency	Government deposits 1	Total	Currency outside banks	Demand deposits adjusted ²	Time deposits 3	
1939	167. 5 172. 7 173. 9 180. 6 174. 7 189. 8 178. 9 179. 9	1. 5 25. 6 3. 5 3. 6 4. 1 3. 7 4. 8 3. 9 4. 7 7. 4 6. 5	63. 3 150. 8 164. 0 169. 1 169. 8 176. 9 170. 0 186. 0 174. 2 172. 5 173. 3	6. 4 26. 5 26. 7 26. 1 25. 4 25. 2 26. 3 24. 6 24. 4 24. 9	29. 8 75. 9 83. 3 85. 5 85. 8 92. 3 85. 0 98. 2 90. 6 89. 0 89. 5	27. 1 48. 5 54. 0 57. 5 58. 6 59. 2 59. 7 61. 4 59. 0 59. 1 59. 2	
June July August September October November December 1952: January February March 4	181. 3 180. 8 181. 6 183. 8 185. 8 187. 1 189. 3 188. 2 188. 0	6. 6 5. 0 4. 6 5. 9 4. 2 4. 4 3. 9 3. 0 3. 6 5. 8	174. 7 175. 8 177. 0 177. 9 181. 6 182. 7 186. 0 185. 2 183. 4 182. 9	25. 8 25. 1 25. 3 25. 4 25. 7 25. 8 26. 3 25. 6 25. 6 25. 7	89. 0 90. 7 91. 4 92. 0 95. 0 96. 3 98. 2 97. 8 95. 7 94. 8	59. 9 60. 1 60. 4 60. 5 60. 9 61. 4 61. 7 62. 0 62. 4	

Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks and commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account.
 Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
 Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits.
 Preliminary estimates.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

FEDERAL BUDGET RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Budget expenditures in April rose to \$6.0 billion, or 50 percent more than in April 1951. On the receipts side, there was a smaller-than-seasonal decline from March to April. The cumulative budget deficit for the first 10 months of the current fiscal year was \$5.0 billion, compared to a cumulative surplus of \$3.8 billion at the same time last year.



[Billions of dollars]

		Budget ex	penditures		Net budg	et receipts		rplus (+) cit (-)	Deale 13 -
Period	То	tal		national programs ¹	Total for	Cumula-	Total for	Cumula-	Public debt (end of
	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	Total for period	Cumula- tive fiscal year totals	Total for period	tive fiscal year totals	Total for period	tive fiscal year totals	period) ²
Fiscal year 1939 Fiscal year 1944 Fiscal year 1948 Fiscal year 1950 Fiscal year 1951	95. 3 33. 8 40. 2		1. 1 88. 2 16. 4 17. 8 3 26. 4				$\begin{array}{c c} -3.9 \\ -51.4 \\ +8.4 \\ -3.1 \\ +3.5 \end{array}$		45. 9 202. 6 252. 4 257. 4 255. 3
1951: February March April May June	4. 1 4. 0	26. 1 30. 1 34. 1 38. 7 44. 6	2. 2 2. 5 2. 7 3. 1 3. 5	14. 4 16. 9 19. 6 22. 7 26. 2	4. 3 8. 1 2. 6 3. 1 7. 1	27. 2 35. 3 37. 9 41. 1 48. 1	$egin{array}{c} +1.0 \\ +4.1 \\ -1.4 \\ -1.4 \\ +1.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} +1.1 \\ +5.1 \\ +3.8 \\ +2.4 \\ +3.5 \end{array}$	256. 0 255. 0 254. 7 255. 1 255. 3
JulyAugustSeptember OctoberNovember November	5. 1 5. 2 5. 5 5. 2	4. 7 9. 8 15. 0 20. 5 25. 6 31. 3	3. 4 3. 6 3. 1 3. 7 3. 6 3. 7	3. 4 7. 0 10. 1 13. 8 17. 4 21. 1	2. 6 3. 6 6. 2 2. 6 3. 5 5. 3	2. 6 6. 2 12. 4 15. 0 18. 5 23. 8	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.2 \\ -1.5 \\ +1.0 \\ -2.8 \\ -1.7 \\ 3 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} -2.2 \\ -3.7 \\ -2.6 \\ -5.5 \\ -7.1 \\ -7.5 \end{array}$	255. 7 256. 7 257. 4 258. 3 259. 6 259. 5
1952: January February March April	5. 1 5. 7	36. 7 41. 8 47. 5 53. 6	3. 9 3. 8 4. 1 44. 5	25. 0 28. 8 32. 8 4 37. 3	5. 0 5. 6 9. 9 4. 3	28. 8 34. 3 44. 2 48. 5	$ \begin{array}{c c}5 \\ +.4 \\ +4.2 \\ -1.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -8.0 \\ -7.5 \\ -3.3 \\ -5.0 \end{array} $	259. 8 260. 4 258. 1 258. 3

¹ Includes expenditures for military services, international security and foreign relations, development and control of atomic energy, promotion of the merchant marine, and promotion of defense production and economic stabilization.

2 Includes guaranteed securities, except those held by the Treasury.

3 Data for fiscal year not strictly comparable with monthly figures.

4 Preliminary estimates.

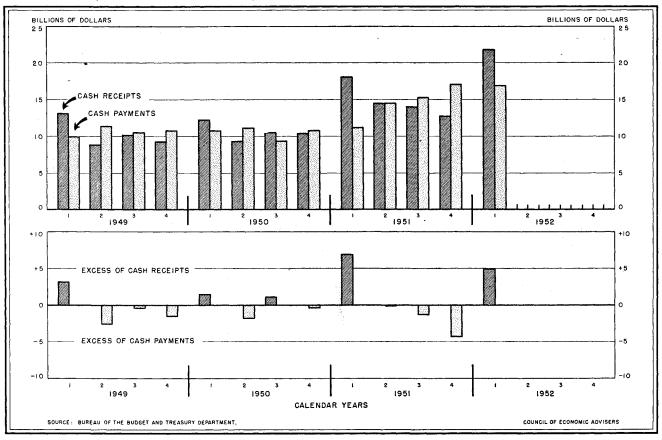
21

Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

The sharp seasonal rise in cash receipts in the first quarter of 1952 resulted in a large cash surplus. However, the surplus was less than three-fourths as large as in the first quarter of last year. Cash payments were \$5.7 billion higher than a year ago, while cash receipts were \$3.8 billion higher. There was a cumulative cash deficit of \$0.6 billion in the first three quarters of the current fiscal year.



[Millions of dollars]

Calendar year	Federal cash receipts from the public	Federal cash payments to the public	Excess of receipts (+) or payments (-)
Calendar year total: 1946	44, 922 41, 346	41, 399 38, 616 36, 897 42, 642 41, 969 58, 034	+42 +5, 666 +8, 027 -1, 295 +450 +1, 245
1949: Third quarterFourth quarter	10, 143 9, 267	10, 528 10, 762	-386 $-1,495$
1950: First quarterSecond quarter Third quarterFourth quarter	9, 303 10, 494	10, 760 11, 105 9, 351 10, 754	+1,475 $-1,803$ $+1,143$ -367
1951: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter	14, 462 13 993	11, 179 14, 521 15, 270 17, 064	$ \begin{array}{r} +6,874 \\ -59 \\ -1.277 \\ -4,295 \end{array} $
1952: First quarter	21, 874	16, 921	+4,953

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.