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Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report by the Council of Economic Advisers

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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

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## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

Government cash payments rose by $\$ 11.7$ billion (annual rate) from the first to the second quarter of 1951 . Business investment continued to rise, but consumer expenditures declined despite rising incomes.


## GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

The gross national product rose from an annual rate of $\$ 318.5$ billion in the first quarter of this year to $\$ 329$ billion in the second quarter, a sain of about 3.3 percent, according to revised estimates. Since prices were relatively stable between the two quarters, almost all of this gain represented an increase in output of goods and services.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period |  | Total gross national product | Personal consumption expenditures | Gross private domestic investment | Net foreign investment | Government purchases of goods and services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  |  |  | National defense ${ }^{1}$ | Other ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1939 |  |  | 91.3 | 67.5 | 9. 9 | 0. 9 | 13.1 | 1. 3 | 11.8 |
| 1944 |  | 213. 7 | 111.6 | 7.7 | -2.1 | 96.5 | 88.6 | 7.9 |
| 1946 |  | 211. 1 | 146. 9 | 28.7 | 4. 6 | 30. 9 | 21.2 | 9.7 |
| 1947 |  | 233.3 | 165.6 | 30.2 | 8. 9 | 28.6 | 12.2 | 16. 4 |
| 1948 |  | 259.0 | 177. 9 | 42. 7 | 1. 9 | 36. 6 | 11. 6 | 25. 0 |
| 1949 |  | 257.3 | 180. 2 | 33. 0 | . 5 | 43. 6 | 13. 5 | 30. 1 |
| 1950 |  | 282.6 | 193.6 | 48. 9 | -2.3 | 42. 5 | 14.8 | 27.7 |
|  |  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1949: | First quarter- | 259.5 | 178. 4 | 36. 8 | 1. 2 | 43. 1 | 13.5 | 29.6 |
|  | Second quarter | 257. 9 | 180.0 | 32.1 | 1.3 | 44. 5 | 13. 9 | 30.6 |
|  | Third quarter | 256. 5 | 180.0 | 32. 8 | . 2 | 43. 5 | 13. 5 | 30.0 |
|  | Fourth quarter. | 255.5 | 182.3 | 30.5 | -. 5 | 43. 3 | 13. 3 | 30. 0 |
| 1950: | First quarter.-- | 264. 4 | 184. 7 | 40.1 | $-1.7$ | 41. 3 | 12. 5 | 28.8 |
|  | Second quarter. | 275.0 | 188.7 | 47. 9 | -1.6 | 40. 1 | 12. 4 | 27. 7 |
|  | Third quarter--- | 287. 4 | 202. 5 | 47. 3 | -3.2 | 40. 8 | 14. 2 | 26.6 |
|  | Fourth quarter. | 303. 7 | 198.4 | 60.2 | -2.7 | 47.8 | 20. 0 | 27.8 |
| 1951: |  | $318.5$ | 208. 2 | 59.6 | $-2.3$ | 52.9 | 25. 1 | 27.8 |
|  | Second quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 329. 0 | 203.0 | 64.0 | . 5 | 61.5 | 33.1 | 28.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on Treasury Bulletin break-down of Federal budgetary expenditures adjusted to the concept of purchases of goods and services; includes "national defense and related activities," Atomic Energy, and Mutual Defense Assistance.
${ }^{2}$ Residual; expenditures by the Federal Government for other than "national defanse" and total expenditures by State and local governments.
${ }^{3}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
NOTE.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## PRICES

## CONSUMERS' PRICES

Consumers' prices declined between mid-May and mid-June for the first time in 16 months. The 0.1 percent decrease was primarily due to slightly lower retail food prices.


| $\lceil 1935-39=100\rceil$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All items | Food | Apparel | Rent | Fuel, eleotricity, and refrigeration | Housefurnishings | Miscellane- ous |
| 1939 monthly average.--- | 99. 4 | 95. 2 | 100. 5 | 104. 3 | 99.0 | 101. 3 | 100. 7 |
| 1943 monthly average.---- | 123.7 | 138. 0 | 129.7 | 108. 7 | 107.7 | 125. 6 | 115. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average....- | 125.7 | 136. 1 | 138. 8 | 109. 1 | 109.8 | 136. 4 | 121. 3 |
| 1945 monthly average...- | 128.6 | 139. 1 | 145. 9 | 109. 5 | 110.3 | 145. 8 | 124. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average .-- | 139.5 | 159. 6 | 160.2 | 110.1 | 112.4 | 159.2 | 128.8 |
| 1947 monthly average.... | 159.6 | 193.8 | 185.8 | 113.6 | 121. 1 | 184. 4 | 139.9 |
| 1948 monthly average.-.- | 171.9 | 210.2 | 198. 0 | 121. 2 | 133. 9 | 195.8 | 149.9 |
| 1949 monthly average...- | 170.2 | 201. 9 | 190.1 | 126.4 | 137.5 | 189. 0 | 154. 6 |
| 1950 monthly average...- | 171.9 | 204. 4 | 187.7 | 131. 0 | 140. 6 | 190.2 | 156.5 |
| 1950: June 15 | 170. 2 | 203. 1 | 184. 6 | 130.9 | 139. 1 | 184. 8 | 154. 6 |
| July 15-a | 172. 0 | 208. 2 | 184. 5 | 131. 3 | 139. 4 | 186. 1 | 155. 2 |
| August 15 | 173. 4 | 209.9 | 185. 7 | 131. 6 | 140. 2 | 189.1 | 156. 8 |
| September 15 | 174.6 | 210.0 | 189. 8 | 131. 8 | 141.2 | 194. 2 | 157.8 |
| October 15- | 175.6 | 210.6 | 193.0 | 132. 0 | 142. 0 | 198. 7 | 158. 3 |
| November 15.. | 176. 4 | 210.8 | 194. 3 | 132. 5 | 142.5 | 201. $\frac{1}{1}$ | 159. 2 |
| December 15 | 178.8 | 216.3 | 195.5 | 132. 9 | 142.8 | 203. 2 | 160. 6 |
| 1951: January 15 | 181.5 | 221. 9 | 198.5 | 133.2 | 143. 3 | 207. 4 | 162. 1 |
| February 15. | 183.8 | 226.0 | 202. 0 | 134. 0 | 143.9 | 209. 7 | 163. 2 |
| March 15.... | 1845 | 226. 2 | 203.1 | 134.7 | 144.2 | 210.7 | 164. 3 |
| April 15 | 184.6 | 225.7 | 203. 6 | 135. 1 | 144. 0 | 211. 8 | 164.6 |
| May 15 ${ }^{1}$-.------- | 185.4 | 227.4 | 204. 0 | 135. 4 | 143.6 | 212. 6 | 165. 0 |
| June 15---------- | 185. 2 | 226.9 | 204. 0 | 135. 7 | 143.6 | 212. 5 | 164.8 |

[^0] providing an improved and consistent series.

## WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices continued their decline in July. All major components dropped, with the sherpest movement in prices of farm products.


${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on change in weekly data.
Source: Department of Labor.

## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers decreased over 2 percent in July while the prices they paid were unchanged. Farm prices received and the parity ratio have declined for five successive months. Prices paid, after reaching a post-Korea peak in May, have since decreased slightly.

$[1910-14=100]$

| Period | Prices received by farmers | Prices paid by farmers (including interest, taxes, and wage rates) | Parity ratio ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 95 | 123 | 77 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 158 | 152 | 104 |
| 1944 monthly average | ${ }^{2} 196$ | 182 | 108 |
| 1946 monthly average.. | 2234 | 207 | 113 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 275 | 239 | 115 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 285 | 259 | 110 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 249 | 250 | 100 |
| 1950 monthly average... | 256 | 255 | 100 |
| 1950: June 15 | 247 | 254 | 97 |
| July 15 | 263 | 256 | 103 |
| August 15 | 267 | 257 | 104 |
| September 15 | 272 | 260 | 105 |
| October 15 | 268 | 261 | 103 |
| November 15 | 276 | 263 | 105 |
| December 15. | 286 | 265 | 108 |
| 1951: January 15 | 300 | 272 | 110 |
| February 15 | 313 | 276 | 113 |
| March 15 | 311 | 280 | 111 |
| April 15 | 309 | 283 | 109 |
| May 15.- | 305 | 283 | 108 |
| June 15 | 301 | 282 | 107 |
| July 15 | 294 | 282 | 104 |

${ }^{1}$ Ratio of index of prices received to index of prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates.
${ }^{2}$ Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946.
Source: Department of Agriculture.

## STOCK PRICES

In July the composite index of stock prices rose close to the high reached in May, as all categories advanced over their June levels.


| Period | $[1939=100]$ |  |  |  |  |  | Trade, finance, and service | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Composite index ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation | Utilities |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940.-.---- | 90. 6 | 93. 4 | 92.5 | 94.2 | 99.1 | 97.7 | 86.7 | 75. 9 |
| 1942 | 74. 9 | 75. 5 | 73. 7 | 77. 1 | 90.8 | 69.8 | 71. 3 | 59.7 |
| 1944 | 108. 0 | 108. 9 | 104. 5 | 109. 1 | 140.5 | 100. 8 | 117.1 | 93. 2 |
| 1946 | 149. 6 | 146. 6 | 138. 8 | 154. 4 | 202. 6 | 121. 0 | 204. 3 | 125. 5 |
| 1948 | 132. 3 | 136. 2 | 124. 4 | 147.0 | 158. 1 | 99.4 | 156. 9 | 133. 2 |
| 1949 | 127.6 | 132. 1 | 116. 0 | 147. 2 | 138. 8 | 98.1 | 160.5 | 129. 2 |
| 1950 | 154. I | 165. 7 | 150. 4 | 180. 2 | 159.9 | 107. 2 | 183. 8 | 143. 5 |
| 1950: June. | 158. 3 | 171.1 | 156. 0 | 185. 0 | 149. 5 | 114. 8 | 182. 4 | 143. 0 |
| July | 146. 7 | 157. 9 | 142. 6 | 172. 2 | 150. 0 | 105. 5 | 170.3 | 133. 7 |
| August | 154. 4 | 167. 6 | 151. 8 | 182. 2 | 164. 5 | 105. 9 | 176. 6 | 146. 4 |
| September | 159. 3 | 173. 3 | 157. 5 | 187. 9 | 168. 2 | 107. 1 | 187. 8 | 150. 3 |
| October... | 164. 9 | 180. 3 | 166. 0 | 193. 7 | 171. 4 | 107. 8 | 198. 3 | 154. 5 |
| November | 165. 9 | 181. 8 | 166. 0 | 196. 5 | 171. 1 | 107. 4 | 200. 8 | 157. 6 |
| December | 165. 2 | 180.4 | 161. 7 | 197. 9 | 184. 4 | 106. 5 | 195. 7 | 159.7 |
| 1951: January | 176. 7 | 194. 2 | 174. 8 | 212.3 | 202. 0 | 110.3 | 205. 1 | 175. 9 |
| February | 184. 0 | 203. 0 | 181. 6 | 222. 8 | 213.1 | 112. 1 | 213. 2 | 184. 2 |
| March | 179.9 | 198. 4 | 178. 2 | 217.0 | 200.0 | 112.9 | 209. 7 | 176. 7 |
| April | 183. 1 | 203. 8 | 181. 2 | 224. 8 | 201. 9 | 111. 4 | 207. 8 | 1834 |
| May | 181. 6 | 202. 6 | 175. 3 | 228. 1 | 196. 7 | 110.4 | 206. 0 | 187. 7 |
| June | 178. 8 | 199.9 | 168.9 | 228. 7 | 188. 3 | 109.9 | -200. 9 | 186. 0 |
| July | 181. 8 | 204. 4 | 170.3 | 236. 2 | 187. 9 | 111. 2 | 202. 2 | 195.2 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1951: July 7 | 179. 2 | 201. 3 | 169.0 | 231. 4 | 183. 6 | 110.2 | 200. 9 | 187. 4 |
| 14 | 181. 2 | 203. 9 | 171. 3 | 234.2 | 185. 4 | 110.9 | 202. 7 | 188. 5 |
| 21 | 180. 8 | 203. 1 | 168. 3 | 235. 6 | 186. 5 | 111. 2 | 201. 6 | 192. 2 |
| 28 | 186.1 | 209. 4 | 172. 5 | 243. 8 | 196. 2 | 112. 6 | 203. 6 | 212. 6 |
| August $4^{2}$ | 188. 7 | 213. 7 | 176. 0 | 249.0 | 195. 9 | 113. 2 | 204.6 | 217.3 |

[^1]
## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Civilian employment increased about 725,000 from June to July, reaching a new high of 62.5 million. Nonagricultural employment rose about 850,000 while agricultural employment declined seasonally. Unemployment decreased about 125,000 to a level just below 1.9 million, a postwar low for the month of July.


| Period | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  | Unemployment as percent of total civilian labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Employment ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Unem-ployment |  |
|  |  | Total | Agricultural | Nonagricultural |  |  |
|  | Thousands of persons, 14 years of age and over |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 55, 230 | 45, 750 | 9, 610 | 36, 140 | 9, 480 | 17.2 |
| 1944 monthly average | 54, 630 | 53, 960 | 8, 950 | 45, 010 | 670 | 1. 2 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 60, 168 | 58, 027 | 8, 266 | 49, 761 | 2, 142 | 3. 6 |
| 1948 monthly average | 61, 442 | 59, 378 | 7, 973 | 51, 405 | 2, 064 | 3. 4 |
| 1949 monthly average- | 62, 105 | 58, 710 | 8, 026 | 50, 684 | 3, 395 | 5. 5 |
| 1950 monthly average | 63, 099 | 59, 957 | 7, 507 | 52, 450 | 3, 142 | 5. 0 |
| 1950: June | 64, 866 | 61, 482 | 9, 046 | 52, 436 | 3, 384 | 5. 2 |
| July-- | 64, 427 | 61, 214 | 8, 440 | 52, 774 | 3, 213 | 5. 0 |
| August | 64, 867 | 62, 367 | 8, 160 | 54, 207 | 2, 500 | 3. 9 |
| September | 63, 567 | 61, 226 | 7, 811 | 53, 415 | 2,341 | 3. 7 |
| October | 63, 704 | 61, 764 | 8, 491 | 53, 273 | 1,940 | 3. 0 |
| November | 63, 512 | 61, 271 | 7, 551 | 53, 721 | 2, 240 | 3. 5 |
| December | 62,538 | 60, 308 | 6,234 | 54, 075 | 2,229 | 3. 6 |
| 1951: January | 61, 514 | 59, 010 | 6, 018 | 52,993 | 2, 503 | 4. 1 |
| February | 61, 313 | 58, 905 | 5, 930 | 52, 976 | 2, 407 | 3. 9 |
| March | 62, 325 | 60, 179 | 6, 393 | 53, 785 | 2, 147 | 3. 4 |
| April | 61, 789 | 60, 044 | 6, 645 | 53, 400 | 1,744 | 2. 8 |
| May | 62, 803 | 61, 193 | 7, 440 | 53, 753 | 1, 609 | 2. 6 |
| June | 63, 783 | 61, 803 | 8, 035 | 53, 768 | 1, 980 | 3. 1 |
| July | 64, 382 | 62, 526 | 7,908 | 54, 618 | 1,856 | 2. 9 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

Nots.--Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Durable goods manufacturing employment has shown little change recently as declines in employment in consumer durable indusiries have been offset by increases in defense industries. In June, construction employment rose seasonally to a new all-time high. The small increase in Federal Government employment was offset by a decline in State and local governments.

[Thousands of wage and salary workers 1]

| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Contract construction | Trade | Finance and service | Government (Federal, State, local) | Transportation and public utilities | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Nondu- } \\ \text { rablegoods } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 10, 078 | 4, 683 | 5, 394 | 1,150 | 6, 612 | 4, 703 | 3, 987 | 2,912 | 845 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 17, 381 | 11, 077 | 6, 304 | 1,567 | 7, 189 | 5, 320 | 6, 049 | 3, 619 | 917 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 14, 461 | 7, 739 | 6, 722 | 1,661 | 8, 612 | 6, 207 | 5, 607 | 4, 023 | 852 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 15, 247 | 8, 373 | 6, 874 | 1,982 | 9, 196 | 6, 427 | 5, 454 | 4, 122 | 943 |
| 1948 monthly average_ | 15, 286 | 8, 315 | 6, 970 | 2, 165 | 9, 491 | 6,515 | 5, 613 | 4, 151 | 981 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 14, 146 | 7, 465 | 6, 681 | 2, 156 | 9, 438 | 6,545 | 5, 811 | 3, 979 | 932 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 14, 884 | 8, 008 | 6,876 | 2,318 | 9, 524 | 6,573 | 5,910 | 4, 010 | 904 |
| 1950: May | 14, 413 | 7,809 | 6, 604 | 2, 245 | 9, 326 | 6, 602 | 5, 900 | 3, 885 | 940 |
| June | 14, 666 | 7,964 | 6, 702 | 2, 414 | 9, 411 | 6, 653 | 5, 832 | 4, 023 | 946 |
| July | 14, 777 | 7, 978 | 6, 799 | 2, 532 | 9, 390 | 6, 672 | 5, 741 | 4, 062 | 922 |
| August | 15, 450 | 8, 294 | 7, 156 | 2, 629 | 9, 474 | 6, 664 | 5, 793 | 4, 120 | 950 |
| September | 15, 685 | 8, 423 | 7,262 | 2, 626 | 9, 641 | 6, 643 | 6, 004 | 4, 139 | 946 |
| October-.. | 15, 827 | 8,618 | 7, 209 | 2, 631 | 9, 752 | 6,578 | 6, 039 | 4, 132 | 939 |
| November | 15, 765 | 8, 664 | 7, 101 | 2, 571 | 9, 896 | 6, 543 | 6, 037 | 4, 123 | 938 |
| December | 15, 789 | 8, 717 | 7,072 | 2, 403 | 10, 443 | 6, 522 | 6, 376 | 4, 125 | 937 |
| 1951: January | 15, 784 | 8, 742 | 7,042 | 2, 281 | 9, 592 | 6, 497 | 6, 088 | 4, 072 | 932 |
| February | 15, 978 | 8, 877 | 7, 101 | 2, 228 | 9, 554 | 6, 496 | 6, 122 | 4, 082 | 930 |
| March_ | 16, 022 | 8, 969 | 7, 053 | 2, 326 | 9, 713 | 6,536 | 6, 217 | 4, 112 | 924 |
| April ${ }^{2}$ | 15, 928 | 8, 977 | 6,951 | 2, 472 | 9, 618 | 6, 608 | 6, 292 | 4, 132 | 910 |
| May ${ }^{2}$ | 15, 839 | 8, 959 | 6, 880 | 2, 592 | 9, 670 | 6, 662 | 6, 377 | 4, 139 | 912 |
| June ${ }^{2}$ | 15, 864 | 8, 960 | 6,904 | 2, 674 | 9, 695 | 6, 723 | 6,373 | 4,164 | 917 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, selfemployed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor.

## AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Weekly hours in durable goods industries have remained relatively constant in recent months. The June level of 39.4 hours in nondurable goods industries is somewhat below seasonal expectations, largely due to declines in textiles, apparel, leather, paper, and chemicals.

[Hours per week, selected industries ${ }^{1]}$

| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Building construction | Retail trade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average_ | 37. 7 | 38.0 | 37. 4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average_ | 44. 9 | 46. 6 | 42. 5 | (2) | (2) |
| 1946 monthly average. | 40. 4 | 40. 2 | 40. 5 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| 1947 monthly average_ | 40. 4 | 40. 6 | 40.1 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 40. 3 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 40. 1 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 37.3 | 40.3 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 39.2 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 36.7 | 40.4 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 40.5 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 36.3 | 40.5 |
| 1950: April | 39.7 | 40.7 | 38. 5 | 35.6 | 40. 2 |
| May | 39.9 | 40. 8 | 38.9 | 36.5 | 40.4 |
| June. | 40.5 | 41.3 | 39.5 | 37.0 | 40.9 |
| July-- | 40.5 | 41. 1 | 39.8 | 36.9 | 41. 2 |
| August | 41. 2 | 41. 8 | 40.5 | 37.6 | 41.1 |
| September | 41. 0 | 41.7 | 40. 1 | 36.7 | 40. 4 |
| October--- | 41.3 | 42.1 | 40. 3 | 37.4 | 40.3 |
| November | 41.1 | 41. 8 | 40.3 | 37. 3 | 40. 0 |
| December | 41. 4 | 42. 2 | 40.5 | 36.7 | 40. 7 |
| 1951: January | 41. 0 | 41. 5 | 40. 2 | 36. 7 | 40.3 |
| February | 40.9 | 41. 6 | 40. 0 | 35. 3 | 40. 1 |
| March | 41.1 | 41. 9 | 40. 0 | 35.8 | 39. 7 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 41. 0 | 42. 0 | 39. 6 | 36.8 | 40. 0 |
| May ${ }^{3}$ | 40. 7 | 41.7 | 39.3 | 37.6 | ${ }^{2} 39.9$ |
| June ${ }^{3}$ - | 40. 8 | 41.9 | 39. 4 |  | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |

[^2]${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimates. Source: Department of Labor.

## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Average hourly earnings in both durable and nondurable manufacturing industries rose sharply in June. These increases, the largest this year, reflected higher wage rates (including cost-of-living adjustments) in many industries, and some overtime premiums.

[Production and related workers in selected industries]

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1939 monthly averag | \$0.633 | \$1. 090 | \$0. 698 | \$1.201 | \$0. 582 | \$1. 002 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average. | . 961 | 1. 335 | 1. 059 | 1. 471 | . 803 | 1. 115 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
| 1946 monthly average | 1. 086 | 1. 337 | 1. 156 | 1. 424 | 1. 015 | 1. 250 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1. 237 | 1. 333 | 1. 292 | 1. 392 | 1. 171 | 1. 262 | (2) | (2) | \$1. 009 | \$1. 087 |
| 1948 monthly average | 1. 350 | 1. 350 | 1. 410 | 1. 410 | 1. 278 | 1. 278 | \$1. 848 | \$1. 848 | 1. 088 | 1. 088 |
| 1949 monthly a verage. | 1. 401 | 1. 415 | 1. 469 | 1. 484 | 1. 325 | 1. 338 | 1. 935 | 1. 955 | 1. 137 | 1. 148 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 1. 465 | 1. 465 | 1. 537 | 1. 537 | 1. 378 | 1. 378 | 2. 031 | 2. 031 | 1. 176 | 1. 176 |
| 1950: May | 1. 442 | 1. 464 | 1. 509 | 1. 532 | 1. 358 | 1. 379 | 1. 998 | 2. 028 | 1. 162 | 1. 180 |
| June | 1. 453 | 1. 468 | 1. 522 | 1. 537 | 1. 365 | 1. 379 | 1. 995 | 2.015 | 1. 175 | 1. 187 |
| July - | 1. 462 | 1. 461 | 1. 533 | 1. 531 | 1. 375 | 1. 374 | 2. 006 | 2. 004 | 1. 189 | 1. 188: |
| August | 1. 464 | 1. 451 | 1. 539 | 1. 525 | 1. 374 | 1. 362 | 2. 021 | 2. 003 | 1. 192 | 1. 181 |
| September | 1. 479 | 1. 456 | 1. 562 | 1. 537 | 1. 379 | 1. 357 | 2. 067 | 2. 034 | 1. 200 | 1. 181 |
| October | 1. 501 | 1. 468 | 1. 577 | 1. 543 | 1. 404 | 1. 374 | 2. 082 | 2. 037 | 1. 199 | 1. 173 |
| November | 1. 514 | 1. 476 | 1. 587 | 1. 547 | 1. 419 | 1. 383 | 2. 093 | 2. 040 | 1. 198 | 1. 168 |
| December | 1. 543 | 1. 484 | 1. 619 | 1. 557 | 1. 443 | 1. 338 | 2. 120 | 2. 038 | 1. 187 | 1. 141 |
| 1951: January | 1. 555 | 1. 473 | 1. 630 | 1. 544 | 1. 456 | 1. 379 | 2. 135 | 2. 022 | 1. 237 | 1. 171 |
| February | 1. 561 | 1. 460 | 1. 639 | 1. 533 | 1. 458 | 1. 364 | 2. 157 | 2. 018 | 1. 236 | 1. 156 |
| March | 1. 571 | 1. 464 | 1. 654 | 1. 541 | 1. 460 | 1. 361 | 2. 163 | 2. 016 | 1. 233 | 1. 149 |
| April | 1. 579 | 1. 470 | 1. 660 | 1. 546 | 1. 466 | 1. 365 | 2. 170 | 2. 020 | 1. 248 | 1. 162 |
| May ${ }^{3}$ | 1. 586 | 1. 470 | 1. 664 | 1. 542 | 1. 476 | 1. 368 | 2. 182 | 2. 022 | 1. 253 | 1. 161 |
| June ${ }^{3}$ | 1. 604 | 1. 489 | 1. 685 | 1. 565 | 1. 488 | 1. 382 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | () | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

1 Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base $1950=100$.
1 Not available.
Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor

## AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Weekly earnings in both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries rose sharply in June:

[Production and related workers in selected industries]

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | ${\underset{1950}{1950}}_{\text {dollars }}$ |
| 1939 monthly a | \$23. 86 | \$41. 07 | \$26. 50 | \$45. 61 | \$21. 78 | \$37. 49 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average | 43. 14 | 59.92 | 49. 30 | 68.47 | 34. 12 | 47.39 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1946 monthly average. | 43. 82 | 53. 97 | 46. 49 | 57. 25 | 41. 14 | 50.67 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| 1947 monthly average. | 49. 97 | 53. 85 | 52. 46 | 56. 53 | 46. 96 | 50.63 | ${ }^{(2)}{ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | \$40. 66 | \$43. 81 |
| 1948 monthly average_ | 54. 14 | 54. 14 | 57.11 | 57.11 | 50.61 | 50. 61 | \$68. 85 | \$68. 85 | 43. 85 | 43. 85 |
| 1949 monthly average_ | 54. 92 | 55. 47 | 58. 03 | 58. 62 | 51.41 | 51. 93 | 70. 95 | 71. 67 | 45. 93 | 46. 31 |
| 1950 monthly average | 59.33 | 59. 33 | 63.32 | 63. 32 | 54.71 | 54. 71 | 73.73 | 73.73 | 47.63 | 47.63 |
| 1950: May | 57.54 | 58. 42 | 61. 57 | 62. 51 | 52. 83 | 53. 63 | 72. 93 | 74. 04 | 46. 94 | 47. 65 |
| June | 58. 85 | 59. 44 | 62. 86 | 63. 49 | 53. 92 | 54. 46 | 73. 82 | 74. 57 | 48. 06 | 48. 55 |
| July | 59.21 | 59. 15 | 63.01 | 62. 95 | 54.73 | 54.68 | 74. 02 | 73. 95 | 48. 99 | 48. 94 |
| August | 60.32 | 59. 78 | 64. 33 | 63. 76 | 55. 65 | 55. 15 | 75. 99 | 75. 31 | 48. 99 | 48. 55 |
| Septembe | 60. 64 | 59. 68 | 65. 14 | 64. 11 | 55.30 | 54. 43 | 75. 86 | 74. 67 | 48. 48 | 47.72 |
| October | 61. 99 | 60.66 | 66. 39 | 64. 96 | 56. 58 | 55. 36 | 77. 87 | 76. 19 | 48. 32 | 47. 28 |
| November | 62.23 | 60.65 | 66. 34 | 64. 66 | 57.19 | 55. 74 | 78. 07 | 76. 09 | 47.92 | 46. 71 |
| Dece | 63. 88 | 61. 42 | 68.32 | 65. 69 | 58.44 | 56. 19 | 77.80 | 74. 81 | 48. 31 | 46. 45 |
| 1951: January | 63. 76 | 60. 38 | 67.65 | 64. 06 | 58.53 | 55.43 | 78.35 | 74. 20 | 49. 85 | 47. 21 |
| February | 63. 84 | 59. 72 | 68. 18 | 63. 78 | 58.32 | 54. 56 | 76. 14 | 71. 23 | 49. 56 | 46. 36 |
| March | 64.57 | 60.18 | 69. 30 | 64. 59 | 58. 40 | 54. 43 | 77. 44 | 72. 17 | 48. 95 | 45. 62 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 64. 74 | 60.28 | 69. 72 | 64. 92 | 58.05 | 54. 05 | 79. 86 | 74. 36 | 49. 92 | 46. 48 |
| May ${ }^{3}$ | 64. 55 | 59. 82 | 69.39 | 64. 31 | 58.01 | 53.76 | 82. 04 | 76. 03 | 49. 99 | 46. 33 |
| June ${ }^{3}$ | 65. 44 | 60.76 | 70. 60 | 65. 55 | 58. 63 | 54. 44 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

[^3]Not arallable.
Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor.

## WORK STOPPAGES

Both the number of work stoppages and the man-days of idleness decreased from May to June, despite a few large but brief stoppages resulting in an increase in the number of workers involved.


| Period | Man-days of idleness during period |  | Workers involved in stoppages |  | Number of stoppages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Monthly } \\ \text { average } \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent of estimated working time | $\begin{gathered} \underset{\text { in }}{\text { Beginning }} \\ \text { period } \\ \text { (thousands) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | In effect during month (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Beginning } \\ \text { period } \end{gathered}$ | In effect during month |
| 1939 | 1,483 | 0. 28 | 1,170 |  | 2, 613 |  |
| 1941 | 1, 917 | . 32 | 2, 360 |  | 4, 288 |  |
| 1942 | 1, 348 | . 05 | 840 |  | 2, 968 |  |
| 1944 | 727 | . 09 | 2, 120 |  | 4, 956 |  |
| 1945 | 3, 167 | . 47 | 3, 470 |  | 4,750 |  |
| 1946 | 9, 667 | 1. 43 | 4, 600 |  | 4,985 |  |
| 1947 | 2, 883 | . 41 | 2, 170 |  | 3, 693 |  |
| 1948 | 2, 842 | . 37 | 1, 960 |  | 3, 419 |  |
| 1949 | 4, 208 | . 59 | 3, 030 |  | 3, 606 |  |
| 1950 | 3,233 | . 44 | 2,410 |  | 4, 843 |  |
| 1950: May | 3,270 | . 44 | 354 | 508 | 485 | 723 |
| June | 2, 630 | . 34 | 278 | 373 | 483 | 768 |
| July | 2, 750 | . 39 | 224 | 389 | 463 | 732 |
| August... | 2, 660 | . 32 | 346 | 441 | 635 | 918 |
| September | 3, 510 | . 48 | 270 | 450 | 521 | 820 |
| October--- | 2,590 | . 32 | 197 | 330 | 550 | 801 |
| November | 2, 050 | . 27 | 200 | 308 | 329 | 605 |
| December-- | 912 | . 12 | 61 | 114 | 218 | 423 |
| 1951: January ${ }^{1}$ | 1,200 | . 15 | 185 | 215 | 400 | 550 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 700 | . 25 | 220 | 300 | 350 | 550 |
| March ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 300 | . 29 | 140 | 280 | 350 | 550 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 850 | . 25 | 165 | 235 | 350 | 550 |
| - May ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 750 | . 22 | 150 | 250 | 400 | 580 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ | 1,600 | . 21 | 190 | 260 | 375 | 560 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.

## PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Total industrial production in July declined sharply from the high plateau of the last few months, chiefly because of plant-wide vacations in the nondurable goods industries (for which adequate seasonal adjustment is not yet made). However, the further slackening in the textile markets and curtailment of automobile production were offset by a slight rise in defense production.


| Period | Total industrial production | Manufactures |  |  | Minerals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nonduraable goods |  |
| 1943 monthly average. | 239 | 258 | 360 | 176 | 132 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 170 | 177 | 192 | 165 | 134 |
| 1947 monthly average_ | 187 | 194 | 220 | 172 | 149 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 192 | 198 | 225 | 177 | 155 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 176 | 183 | 202 | 168 | 135 |
| 1950 monthly average | 200 | 209 | 237 | 187 | 148 |
| 1950: June. | 199 | 208 | 237 | 184 | 151 |
| July -- | 196 | 206 | 235 | 181 | 144 |
| August | 209 | 218 | 247 | 195 | 159 |
| September | 211 | 220 | 251 | 194 | 163 |
| October | 216 | 225 | 262 | 196 | 166 |
| November | 215 | 224 | 260 | 195 | 160 |
| December. | 218 | 229 | 268 | 197 | 157 |
| 1951: January | 221 | 231 | 268 | 201 | 164 |
| February | 221 | 232 | 271 | 201 | 158 |
| March | 222 | 234 | 277 | 199 | 158 |
| April. | 223 | 234 | 278 | 198 | 164 |
| May | 223 | 233 | 276 | 198 | 165 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ | 222 | 232 | 276 | 197 | 167 |
| July ${ }^{1}$ | 215 | 224 | 267 | 189 | 160 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Production of steel and motor vehicles in July was below the levels prevailing during the second quarter. Output of bituminous coal dropped in early July, as a result of the 10 -day vacation period in the coal fields. Electric power production averaged 13 percent above last July.


| Period | Steel |  | Electric power, by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bituminous } \\ & \text { coal } \\ & \text { (thousands of } \\ & \text { short tons) }{ }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | Cars and trucks (number) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of net tons | Percent of theoretical capacity ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,628 | 93.0 94.1 | 4, 821 | 2, 058 | 92, 163 |
| 1949 | 1,496 | 81.0 | 5, 500 | 1, 427 | 120, 350 |
| 1950 | 1,857 | 96.9 | 6, 183 | 1, 673 | 153, 546 |
| 1950: June | 1,898 | 99.6 | 6, 038 | 1, 762 | 192, 825 |
| July | 1,829 | 94.8 | 5,940 | 1, 404 | 168,967 |
| August | 1,861 | 96.5 | 6, 335 | 1, 855 | 177, 415 |
| September. | 1,917 | 99.4 | 6, 360 | 1,892 | 169, 631 |
| October | 1,976 | 102.4 | 6, 522 | 1,976 | 174, 346 |
| November. | 1,870 | 97.0 | 6, 615 | 1,820 | 141, 002 |
| December | 1,890 | 98.0 | 6, 852 | 1, 900 | 149, 905 |
| 1951: January | 1, 996 | 99.9 | 6, 866 | 1,980 | 133, 950 |
| February | 1, 941 | 97. 1 | 6, 948 | 1, 685 | 151, 052 |
| March | 2, 048 | 102.4 | 6, 827 | 1,662 | 170, 253 |
| April | 2, 061 | 103. 1 | 6,722 | 1, 734 | 152, 948 |
| May | 2, 053 | 102.7 | 6, 557 | 1,638 | 140, 461 |
| June ${ }_{-}$ | 2, 061 | 103.1 | 6, 804 | 1, 726 | 147, 582 |
| July ${ }^{3}$ | 2, 027 | 101. 4 | 6,699 | 1, 630 | 112, 368 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1951: July 7 | 2, 015 | 100. 8 | 6, 077 | 1, 480 | 91, 849 |
|  | 2, 029 | 101.5 | 6, 739 | 1,623 | 110, 127 |
| 21 | 2, 037 | 101.9 | 6,975 | 1, 713 | 123, 356 |
| 28 | 2, 027 | 101.4 | 7,005 | 1, 704 | 124, 138 |
| August 4 | 2, 029 | 101. 5 | 7,003 |  | 114,519 |
|  | 2, 021 | 101.1 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Based on weekly net ton capacity of $1,749,928$ for $1947,1,802,476$ for $1948,1,843,516$ for $1949,1,906,268$ for the first half of $1950,1,928,721$ beginning July 1,1950 , and $1,999,034$ beginning January 1, 1951 . 2 Daily average for week.

## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

Production of basic metals and machinery in June showed little change from the levels of recent months. Lumber production declined to the lowest level since last July. Among the nondurable goods industries, the decline in textile output reflected further easing of demand. Manufacture of chemicals and petroleum and coal products increased moderately.

$[1935-39=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Durable manufactures |  |  |  | Nondurable manufactures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iron and steel | Lumber and products | Machinery | Nonferrous metals and products | Textiles and products | Petroleum and coal products | Manufactured food products | Chemical products |
| 1943 monthly average. | 208 | 129 | 443 | 267 | 153 | 185 | 145 | 384 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 150 | 131 | 240 | 157 | 162 | 173 | 149 | 236 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 195 | 143 | 276 | 187 | 163 | 193 | 157 | 251 |
| 1948 monthly average | 208 | 145 | 277 | 193 | 170 | 218 | 159 | 254 |
| 1949 monthly average | 188 | 130 | 234 | 160 | 147 | 209 | 163 | 241 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 229 | 159 | 270 | 207 | 182 | 229 | 164 | 263 |
| 1950: May | 226 | 158 | 258 | 197 | 175 | 216 | 164 | 256 |
| June. | 231 | 155 | 262 | 207 | 173 | 222 | 164 | 261 |
| July | 228 | 151 | 265 | 202 | 165 | 229 | 167 | 263 |
| August | 236 | 165 | 279 | 212 | 189 | 238 | 168 | 269 |
| September | 245 | 166 | 283 | 216 | 191 | 243 | 167 | 271 |
| October--- | 253 | 166 | 303 | 223 | 197 | 251 | 162 | 277 |
| November | 246 | 169 | 311 | 227 | 193 | 253 | 161 | 280 |
| December- | 253 | 173 | 321 | 227 | 194 | 263 | 165 | 283 |
| 1951: January | 254 | 171 | 321 | 224 | 193 | 277 | 167 | 287 |
| February | 252 | 169 | 328 | 218 | 194 | 268 | 166 | 288 |
| March_- | 263 | 169 | 335 | 210 | 188 | 269 | 167 | 292 |
| April. | 264 | 170 | 336 | 211 | 185 | 255 | 168 | 295 |
| May | 263 | 163 | 336 | 206 | 190 | 265 | 166 | 298 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ | 261 | 154 | 336 | 206 | 188 | 273 | 163 | 303 |

## NEW CONSTRUCTION

Total new construction outlays in July (seasonally adjusted) declined for the fourth successive month. Residential nonfarm construction was 28 percent below the level of a year ago, while other private construction and totalpublic construction were substantially higher than last July.

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Total new construction | Private construction |  |  | Federal, State, and local ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Residential (nonfarm) | Other |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 683 | 366 | 223 | 142 | 317 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 1, 173 | 285 | 143 | 142 | 888 |
| 1944 monthly average_ | 438 | 182 | 68 | 114 | 256 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 1,000 | 803 | 335 | 469 | 197 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 1,798 | 1,389 | 715 | 674 | 409 |
| 1949 monthly average_ | 1,883 | 1,350 | 691 | 659 | 532 |
| 1950 monthly average_ | 2, 325 | 1,732 | 1, 050 | 682 | 593 |
| 1950: June_ | 2, 316 | 1, 737 | 1, 072 | 665 | 579 |
| July | 2, 347 | 1, 801 | 1, 124 | 677 | 546 |
| August | 2, 407 | 1,840 | 1, 151 | 689 | 567 |
| September | 2, 461 | 1, 860 | 1, 161 | 699 | 601 |
| October--- | 2, 479 | 1, 860 | 1, 134 | 726 | 619 |
| November | 2, 498 | 1, 833 | 1, 078 | 755 | 665 |
| December | 2, 439 | 1,807 | 1, 055 | 752 | 632 |
| 1951: January | 2,501 | 1,825 | 1, 049 | 776 | 676 |
| February | 2,572 | 1,908 | 1, 103 | 805 | 664 |
| March. | 2, 672 | 1,916 | 1, 078 | 838 | 756 |
| April | 2,645 | 1, 846 | 1,991 | 855 | 799 |
| May - | 2,518 | 1,728 | 864 | 864 | 790 |
| June ${ }_{\text {- }}$ | 2, 471 | 1,684 | 823 | 861 | 787 778 |
| July ${ }^{2}$-- | 2, 451 | 1,673 | 809 | 864 | 778 |
| 1 Includes public residential construction. <br> 2 Preliminary estimates. |  | Sources | Department of | rce and Dep | ment of Labor. |

## NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts in June, boosted by the large volume of public housing units started during the month, increased one-third over May. Private starts were 7 percent below the previous month.


| Month | New nonfarm units started |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 |
| January | 39,300 | 53, 500 | 50, 000 | 78,700 | 85, 900 |
| February | 42, 800 | 50, 100 | 50, 400 | 82, 900 | 80,600 |
| April.- | 67, 100 | 99, 500 | 88, 300 | 133, 400 | ${ }^{1} 88,000$ |
| May | 72, 900 | 100, 300 | 95, 400 | 149, 100 | 197. 000 |
| June | 77, 200 | 97, 800 | 95, 500 | 144, 300 | ${ }^{1} 130,000$ |
| July | 81,100 | 95,000 | 96, 100 | 144, 400 |  |
| August | 86, 300 | 86, 700 | 99, 000 | 141, 900 |  |
| September | 93, 800 | 82, 300 | 102, 900 | 120, 600 |  |
| October- | 94, 000 | 73, 400 | 104, 300 | 102, 500 |  |
| November. | 79, 700 | 63, 700 | 95, 500 | 87, 300 |  |
| December | 58, 800 | 52, 900 | 78, 300 | 93, 600 |  |
| Total | 849, 000 | 931, 600 | 1,025, 100 | 1, 396, 000 |  |
| Monthly average | 70,750 | 77, 600 | 85, 425 | 116, 300 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor.

## EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Nonfarm plant and equipment expenditures in the second quarter of 1951 are estimated at an all-time high, 48 percent above the second quarter of 1950, with manufacturing facilities outlays 74 percent above the second quarter of last year. Business plans to continue investment at about this record level through the third quarter.

[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal variation]

| Period | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing | Mining | Transportation |  | Electric and gas utilities | Commercial and miscellaneous ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |
| 1939 | 5, 200 | 1, 930 | 380 | 280 | 280 | 480 | 1, 850 |
| 1941 | 8, 190 | 3, 400 | 680 | 560 | 340 | 710 | 2, 490 |
| 1945 | 6, 630 | 3, 210 | 440 | 550 | 320 | 630 | 1, 480 |
| 1948 | 19,230 | 8, 340 | 800 | 1, 320 | 700 | 2, 680 | 5, 390 |
| 1949 | 18, 120 | 7, 250 | 740 | 1,350 | 520 | 3, 140 | 5, 120 |
| 1950 | 18,560 | 8, 220 | 680 | 1, 140 | 440 | 3, 170 | 4, 920 |
| 1949: First quarter | 17, 850 | 7, 410 | 760 | 1, 420 | 520 | 2, 710 | 5, 020 |
| Second quarter | 18, 640 | 7, 520 | 770 | 1,530 | 550 | 3, 120 | 5, 150 |
| Third quarter | 17, 470 | 6, 770 | 720 | 1,240 | 540 | 3, 180 | 5, 030 |
| Fourth quarter | 18, 530 | 7, 300 | 700 | 1,210 | 480 | 3, 550 | 5, 280 |
| 1950: First quarter- | 14, 800 | 6, 100 | 580 | 930 | 320 | 2, 610 | 4, 260 |
| Second quarter | 17, 310 | 7, 440 | 640 | 1,190 | 360 | 3, 030 | 4, 650 |
| Third quarter | 18, 800 | 8, 190 | 720 | 1, 140 | 490 | 3, 280 | 4, 980 |
| Fourth quarter. | 23, 330 | 11, 160 | 790 | 1,280 | 580 | 3, 740 | 5, 780 |
| 1951: First quarter | 20,650 | 9, 820 | 730 | 1,210 | 500 | 3, 010 | 5, 380 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 25, 700 | 12,970 | 890 | 1, 770 | 560 | 3, 810 | 5, 700 |
| Third quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 25, 610 | 13, 100 | 860 | 1,660 | 510 | 4,010 | 5,470 |

[^4]NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES
In the second quarter of 1951, net proceeds from new security issues again increased sharply, to almost $\$ 2.4$ billion. Three-fiffhs of this amount was used for plant expansion.


| Period | [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Estimated net proceeds | Proposed uses of net proceeds |  |  |  |
|  |  | New money |  |  | Retirement of debt and stock ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | Total | Plant and equipment | Working capital |  |
| 1939 quarterly average | 529 | 81 | 43 | 39 | 448 |
| 1943 quarterly average | 287 | 77 | 35 | 42 | 210 |
| 1946 quarterly average. | 1,689 | 820 | 529 | 291 | 869 |
| 1947 quarterly average. | 1, 617 | 1,148 | -852 | 296 | 469 |
| 1948 quarterly average- | 1,740 | 1, 482 | 1, 055 | 427 <br> 220 | 258 |
| 1949 quarterly average. | 1, 490 | 1, 152 | 931 | 220 | 338 |
| 1950 quarterly average | 1,535 | 971 | 741 | 230 | 564 |
| 1948: Fourth quarter | 2, 051 | 1,870 | 1, 469 | 401 | 182 |
| 1949: First quarter. | 1,210 | 970 | 784 | 186 | 240 |
| 104. Second quarter | 2, 441 | 1,986 | 1,675 | 312 | 456 |
| Third quarter. | 1,009 | 789 | -669 | 120 | 219 |
| Fourth quarter | 1,299 | 862 | 596 | 265 | 438 |
| 1950: Firsi quarter-- | 1,325 | 941 | 759 | 182 | 384 |
| Second quarter | 2,222 | 1, 251 | 948 | 302 | 971 |
| Third quarter- | 1,145 | 771 | 571 | 200 | 374 |
| Fourth quarter. | 1,569 | 1, 044 | 687 | 356 | 525 |
| 1951: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ | 1, 730 | 1,461 | 1, 167 | 293 | 270 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{2}$ | 2, 361 | 1, 987 | 1, 422 | 565 | 374 |

[^5]
## INVENTORIES AND SALES

Manufacturing inventories, primarily in defense industries, increased $\$ 900$ million in June while wholesale and retail inventories dropped. Sales at all levels-retail, wholesale, and manufacturing-were lower than in May. All comparisons are based on seasonally adjusted data.


| Period | Total business ${ }^{1}$ |  | Retail |  | Manufacturing |  |  | Department stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | New orders | Inventories ${ }^{5}$ | Sales ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  | (millions of dollars) ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1935-39=100, \text { season- } \\ \text { ally adjusted } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939 | 20, 172 | 11, 109 | 5, 532 | 3, 504 | 11, 465 | 5, 100 | $\left.{ }^{6}\right)$ | 102 | 106 |
| 1943 | 31, 143 | 22, 372 | 7, 361 | 5, 277 | 20, 098 | 12, 822 | (6) | 155 | 168 |
| 1945 | 30, 571 | 24, 181 | 7,543 | 6, 315 | 18, 390 | 12,883 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 166 | 207 |
| 1946 | 42, 389 | 27, 559 | 11, 226 | 8,358 | 24, 498 | 12, 617 | 13, 694 | 213 | 264 |
| 1947 | 50, 794 | 33, 571 | 13, 221 | 9,909 | 28, 920 | 15, 918 | 15, 622 | 255 | 286 |
| 1948 | 56, 756 | 37, 023 | 14, 969 | 10, 837 | 32, 276 | 17, 811 | 17,504 | 291 | 302 |
| 1949 | 51, 594 | 34, 886 | 13, 698 | 10, 682 | 28, 865 | 16, 666 | 16, 102 | 270 | 286 |
| 1950 | 61,569 | 39, 611 | 16, 754 | 11, 670 | 34, 061 | 19,605 | 21, 099 | 294 | 303 |
| 1950: May | 53, 553 | 38, 652 | 14, 416 | 11, 327 | 29, 659 | 19,309 | 19, 097 | 285 | 290 |
| June | 54, 241 | 39, 896 | 14, 720 | 11, 699 | 30, 028 | 19,838 | 20, 666 | 276 | 297 |
| July | 53, 243 | 41, 982 | 14, 125 | 12, 700 | 29, 830 | 20, 269 | 22, 223 | 269 | 362 |
| August | 54, 496 | 45, 275 | 15, 076 | 12, 682 | 29, 858 | 22, 956 | 27, 323 | 284 | 335 |
| Septembe | 56, 404 | 42, 142 | 15, 793 | 12, 133 | 30, 732 | 21, 154 | 23, 760 | 309 | 320 |
| October | 58, 660 | 41, 821 | 16, 697 | 11, 759 | 31, 770 | 21, 246 | 24, 704 | 329 | 291 |
| November | 60, 269 | 41, 318 | 16, 787 | 11, 387 | 33, 007 | 21, 112 | 22,371 | 332 | 290 |
| December | 61, 569 | 42, 472 | 16, 754 | 12, 194 | 34, 061 | 21, 284 | 23, 160 | 329 | 325 |
| 1951: January | 63, 388 | 46, 655 | 17, 422 | 13, 307 | 34, 928 | 23, 166 | 28, 860 | 338 | 362 |
| February | 64, 424 | 45, 356 | 17, 817 | 13, 075 | 35, 474 | 22, 646 | 25, 403 | 349 | 326 |
| March | 66, 458 | 45, 196 | 18, 642 | 12, 324 | 36, 415 | 23, 399 | 28, 574 | 366 | 291 |
| April 7 | 68, 579 | 43, 546 | 18, 977 | 12, 025 | 37, 849 | 22, 389 | 23, 927 | 377 | 302 |
| May ${ }^{7}$ | 69, 885 | 45, 546 | 18, 958 | 12, 065 | 38, 939 | 23, 838 | 23, 318 | 365 | 301 |
| June ${ }^{7}$ | 70, 402 | 44, 464 | 18, 738 | 11, 865 | 39, 800 | 23, 000 | 23, 400 | 353 | 301 |

[^6]
## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

In May, exports declined slightly for the first time since January. Imports and the export surplus were not significantly changed from April.

[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Exports ${ }^{1}$ | Imports ${ }^{2}$ | Excess of exports ( + ), imports ( - ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-38 monthly average | 247 | 207 | $+40$ |
| 1943 monthly average.- | 1,080 | 282 | +798 |
| 1946 monthly average.. | 849 | 410 | +439 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1,278 | 480 | +799 |
| 1948 monthly average.. | 1, 054 | 594 | +461 |
| 1949 monthly average.- | 1, 003 | 552 | +451 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 856 | 737 | +119 |
| 1950: May .-- | 829 | 659 | +170 |
| June. | 878 | 687 | $+191$ |
| July | 779 | 709 | +70 |
| August | 762 | 820 | -58 |
| September | 911 | 861 | $+50$ |
| October-..- | 906 | 922 | -17 |
| November | 977 | 853 | $+124$ |
| December | 1, 064 | 866 | +198 |
| 1951: January -- | 972 | 1, 023 | -51 |
| February | 1,076 | 1,908 | +167 |
| March. | 1,284 | 1, 099 | +185 |
| April | 1, 374 | 1,024 | +350 +333 |
| May | 1,350 | 1,018 | $+333$ |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
2 Recorded general merchandise imports.
Note: Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

## PURCHASING POWER

## NATIONAL INCOME

National income continued its rapid expansion from the first to the second quarter of this year, rising at an annual rate of about $\$ 81 / 2$ billion. Wages and salaries and farm income gained substantially, while the decline in corporate profits before taxes was less than the increase in the adjustment for inventory valuation.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Total national income | Compensation of employees | Proprietors' (business, professional, farm) <br> and rental income | Net interest | Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Profits before taxes | Inventory valuation adjustment |
| 1939 | 72.5 | 47.8 | 14. 7 | 4. 2 | 5. 8 | 6. 5 | $-0.7$ |
| 1944 | 183. 8 | 121. 2 | 35. 5 | 3.1 | 24.0 | 24.3 | $-.3$ |
| 1946 | 180. 3 | 117.1 | 42.0 | 2. 9 | 18. 3 | 23.5 | $-5.2$ |
| 1947 | 198. 7 | 128. 0 | 42.4 | 3. 5 | 24.7 | 30.5 | -5. 8 |
| 1948 | 223.5 | 140.2 | 47.3 | 4. 3 | 31.7 | 33.8 | -2. 1 |
| 1949 | 216.7 | 139. 9 | 41.4 | 4. 9 | 30.5 | 28.3 | +2.1 |
| 1950. | 239.0 | 153.3 | 44.0 | 5. 4 | 36.2 | 41.4 | $-5.1$ |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter-- } \\ & \text { Second quarter } \\ & \text { Third quarter. } \\ & \text { Fourth quarter }\end{aligned}$ | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 221.5 | 141. 0 | 43. 5 | 4. 8 | 32.2 | 31.8 | $+.4$ |
|  | 216. 8 | 139.8 | 41. 6 | 4. 9 | 30.5 | 26. 7 | +3.8 |
|  | 216.1 | 139. 3 | 40. 3 | 5. 0 | 31.5 | 28.0 | +3.6 |
|  | 212.6 | 139.5 | 40. 4 | 5. 0 | 27.7 | 27.0 | +. 7 |
| 1950: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second quarter } \\ \text { Sher } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{array}$ | 219.3 | 142. 2 | 41.4 | 5. 2 | 30.5 | 31. 9 | -1. 4 |
|  | 230. 6 | 148. 6 | 41. 8 | 5. 3 | 34.8 | 37.5 | -2. 7 |
|  | 245. 8 | 157.3 | 45. 6 | 5. 5 | 37. 4 | 45. 7 | -8. 3 |
|  | 260.1 | 165.2 | 47.2 | 5. 6 | 42. 2 | 50.3 | -8.2 |
| 1951: First quarter | $\begin{gathered} 269.4 \\ 9778 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 172. } 1 \\ & \text { 177. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.8 \\ & 49.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5. } 6 \\ & \text { 5. } 7 \end{aligned}$ | 42.9 46.0 | 51.8 48.5 | -8.9 -2.5 |
|  | 277.8 | 177. 1 | $\text { 49. } 0$ | 5.7 |  | 48.5 | -2.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Souree: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## CORPORATE PROFITS

After reaching an all-time peak in the first quarter of 1951, corporate profits before taxes, according to preliminary indications, turned downward in the second quarter.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Corporate profits before taxes | Corporate tax liability | Corporate profits after taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividend payments | Undistributed profits |
| 1939 | 6. 5 | 1. 5 | 5. 0 | 3. 8 | 1. 2 |
| 1944 | 24. 3 | 13. 5 | 10. 8 | 4. 7 | 6.1 |
| 1946 | 23.5 | 9.6 | 13.9 | 5. 8 | 8.1 |
| 1947 | 30.5 | 11. 9 | 18. 5 | 6. 6 | 12.0 |
| 1948 | 33.8 | 13. 0 | 20.7 | 7.2 | 13.6 |
| 1949 | 28.3 | 11.0 | 17.3 | 7.6 | 9.7 |
| 1950 | 41. 4 | 18. 6 | 22. 8 | 9.2 | 13.6 |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} \text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second quarter } \\ \text { Third quarter-- } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{aligned}$ | . Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|  | 31. 8 | 12.3 | 19. 4 | 7. 4 | 12. 0 |
|  | 26. 7 | 10.3 | 16. 4 | 7. 5 | 8. 9 |
|  | 28. 0 | 10. 9 | 17. 1 | 7. 4 | 9. 7 |
|  | 27.0 | 10. 5 | 16. 5 | 8.0 | 8. 5 |
| 1950: $\begin{aligned} \text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second } \\ \text { Tharter }\end{aligned}$ | 31.9 | 14. 4 | 17. 5 | 7. 8 | 9. 7 |
|  | 37. 5 | 16. 9 | 20. 6 | 8. 4 | 12. 2 |
|  | 45. 7 | 20.5 | 25. 2 | 9. 4 | 15. 8 |
|  | 50.3 | 22.5 | 27.8 | 11. 1 | 16. 7 |
| 1951: First quarter-- | 51. 8 | 28.5 | 23.3 | ${ }_{8}^{8.8}$ | 14. 5 |
|  | 48. 5 | 26.5 | 22.0 | 9. 5 | 12. 5 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
Note.-No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 22 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income rose by $\$ 1.3$ billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) from May to June. Most of the rise was due to a moderate gain in labor income.



[^7]
## PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Second quarter sales of durable consumer goods, seasonally adjusted, were the lowest of any quarter since the Korean outbreak. Expenditures for nondurable goods were below those of the first quarter, while those for services continued to rise.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nondurable goods | Durable goods | Services |
| 1939 | 67.5 | 35.3 | 6. 7 | 25.5 |
| 1944 | 111.6 | 67.1 | 7.1 | 37.4 |
| 1946 | 146. 9 | 85.8 | 16.6 | 44.5 |
| 1947 | 165. 6 | 95.1 | 21.4 | 49.1 |
| 1948 | 177. 9 | 100. 9 | 22.9 9 | 54.1 |
| 1949 | 180.2 | 98.7 | 23.9 | 57.6 |
| 1950 | 193. 6 | 102.3 | 29.2 | 62.1 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter } \\ & \text { Second quarte } \\ & \text { Third } \\ & \text { Fuarter } \\ & \text { Fourth quarte }\end{aligned}$ | 178.4 | 99. 6 | 22.4 | 56.3 |
|  | 180.0 | 99.4 | 23.6 | 57. 1 |
|  | 180.0 | 97.6 | 24. 6 | 57.9 |
|  | 182.3 | 98.3 | 25.1 | 58. 9 |
| 1950: First quarter | 184. 7 | 98. 4 | 26. 3 | 60.1 |
| Second quarter. | 188. 7 | 100. 4 | 26.6 | 61. 6 |
| Third quarter | 202.5 | 105.5 | 34.3 | 62.7 |
| Fourth quarter | 198.4 | 104.9 | 29.4 | 64.0 |
| 1951: First quarter | 208.2 | 111.5 | 31.5 | 65.2 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 203. 0 | 110.0 | 27.0 | 66.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals becanse of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

With disposable personal income rising during the second quarter and consumption expenditures dropping, personal saving increased.


| Period | Disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ | Less: Personal consumption expenditures | Equals: Personal net saving | Net saving as percent of disposable income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 70.2 | 67.5 | 2.7 | 3. 8 |
| 1941 | 92.0 | 82.3 | 9. 8 | 10. 7 |
| 1942 | 116. 7 | 91.2 | 25. 6 | 21. 9 |
| 1944 | 147. 0 | 111. 6 | 35.4 | 24. 1 |
| 1946 | 158. 9 | 146. 9 | 12.0 | 7. 6 |
| 1947 | 169.5 | 165. 6 | 3. 9 | 2. 3 |
| 1948 | 188. 4 | 177.9 | 10. 5 | 5. 6 |
| 1949 | 186. 4 | 180. 2 | 6. 3 | 3. 4 |
| 1950 | 204. 3 | 193.6 | 10.7 | 5. 2 |
| 1949: First quarter | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
|  | 188. 6 | 178. 4 | 10. 3 | 5.5 |
| Second quarter.-. | 186. 7 | 180.0 | 6. 7 | 3. 6 |
| Third quarter | 184. 8 | 180. 0 | 4. 8 | 2. 6 |
| Fourth quarter--. | 185. 7 | 182. 3 | 3. 4 | 1. 8 |
| 1950: First quarter | 197. 3 | 184. 7 | 12. 5 | 6. 3 |
|  | 197. 5 | 188. 7 | 8. 9 | 4. 5 |
|  | 207. 1 | 202. 5 | 4. 6 | 2. 2 |
|  | 215. 2 | 198. 4 | 16. 8 | 7. 8 |
| 1951: First quarter.-. | 217.5 | 208. 2 | 9.3 | 4. 3 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{2}$ | 222.8 | 203. 0 | 19.8 | 8. 9 |

1 Income less taxes.
a Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers,
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totels because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commeree (except as noted),

## PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

Per capita disposable income in constant prices rose about 2 percent from the first to the second quarter, bringing the level slightly above the average for 1950.

${ }_{2}$ Dollar estimates in current prices divided by the price index of personal consumption expenditures. This price index was based on the Department of Commerce data, shifted from 1939 base.
${ }^{3}$ Provisional intercensal estimates of the population of the United States including Armed Forces overseas, taking into account the final 1950 Census total population count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthiy figures.
${ }^{3}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## FARM INCOME

In current dollars, farm income in June was 18 percent above June 1950. Allowing for higher prices paid by farmers, their real income was 6 percent above that of a year earlier.



[^8]
## CONSUMER CREDIT

Consumer credit outstanding rose slightly from May to June as charge accounts and automobile sale credit expanded. Other types of instalment credit and loans declined for the sixth successive month.

[Millions of dollars]

| End of period | Total consumer credit outstanding | Instalment credit |  |  | Charge accounts | Other consumer credit ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Automobile sale credit | Other sale credit and loans |  |  |
| 1939 | 7, 031 | 4, 424 | 1, 267 | 3,157 | 1,544 | 1, 063 |
| 1943 | 4, 600 | 2, 001 | 175 | 1, 826 | 1, 498 | 1, 101 |
| 1946 | 8, 677 | 4, 000 | 544 | 3,456 | 3, 054 | 1,623 |
| 1947 | 11, 862 | 6, 434 | 1,151 | 5, 283 | 3, 612 | 1,816 |
| 1948 | 14, 366 | 8, 600 | 1, 961 | 6, 639 | 3, 854 | 1, 912 |
| 1949 | 16, 809 | 10, 890 | 3, 144 | 7,746 | 3, 909 | 2, 010 |
| 1950 | 20, 097 | 13, 459 | 4, 126 | 9, 333 | 4, 239 | 2,399 |
| 1950: May | 17,077 | 11, 667 | 3, 600 | 8,067 | 3, 290 | 2, 120 |
| June. | 17, 651 | 12, 105 | 3, 790 | 8, 315 | 3, 392 | 2, 154 |
| July. | 18, 295 | 12, 598 | 3, 994 | 8, 604 | 3, 527 | 2, 170 |
| August | 18, 842 | 13, 009 | 4,107 | 8,902 | 3, 636 | 2, 197 |
| September | 19, 329 | 13, 344 | 4, 213 | 9, 131 | 3, 741 | 2, 244 |
| October- | 19,398 | 13, 389 | 4, 227 | 9, 162 | 3, 703 | 2, 306 |
| November | 19, 405 | 13, 306 | 4, 175 | 9, 131 | 3, 739 | 2, 360 |
| Decembe | 20, 097 | 13, 459 | 4,126 | 9, 333 | 4, 239 | 2,399 |
| 1951: January | 19, 937 | 13, 252 | 4, 056 | 9, 196 | 4, 248 | 2, 437 |
| February | 19, 533 | 13, 073 | 3, 990 | 9, 083 | 4, 010 | 2, 450 |
| March | 19, 379 | 12, 976 | 3, 946 | 9, 030 | 3, 938 | 2, 465 |
| April | 19, 124 | 12, 902 | 3, 934 | 8, 968 | 3, 744 | 2, 478 |
| May ${ }^{2}$ | 19, 193 | 12, 906 | 3, 980 | 8, 926 | 3, 793 | 2, 494 |
| June ${ }^{2}$ | 19,224 | 12,925 | 4, 041 | 8, 884 | 3, 812 | 2,487 |

[^9] revised in November to exclude loans over $\$ 3,000$. See Federal Reserve Bulletin for November 1950, pages $1465-6$.

Preliminary estimates.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals becsuse of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans and investments expanded $\$ 1.1$ billion during June, compared with a decline of $\$ 300$ million during May. Loans increased $\$ 500$ million and holdings of U. S. Government securities, which had been declining steadily since December 1950, rose by the same amount.

[Billions of dollars, all commercial banks]

| End of period | Total loans and investments | Bank loans | Investments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | U. S. <br> Government securities | Other securities |
| 1939 | 40. 7 | 17. 2 | 23.4 | 16. 3 | 7. 1 |
| 1945 | 124. 0 | 26.1 | 97.9 | 90.6 | 7. 3 |
| 1947 | 116. 3 | 38.1 | 78.2 | 69.2 | 9. 0 |
| 1948 | 114. 3 | 42. 5 | 71.8 | 62. 6 | 9. 2 |
| 1949 | 120. 2 | 43. 0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10.2 |
| 1950 | 126. 7 | 52.2 | 74.4 | 62.0 | 12. 4 |
| 1950: May | 121. 2 | 44. 1 | 77. 1 | 66. 1 | 11. 0 |
| June | 121. 8 | 44.8 | 77. 0 | 65.8 | 11. 2 |
| July -- | 122. 3 | 46.0 | 76.3 | 65.0 | 11. 4 |
| August | 123. 3 | 47.3 | 76.0 | 64.2 | 11. 8 |
| September | 123. 6 | 48.9 | 74. 6 | 62.5 | 12. 1 |
| October--- | 124. 4 | 49.8 | 74. 6 | 62.5 | 12.1 |
| November. | 125. 4 | 51.5 | 73.9 | 61.7 | 12. 1 |
| December. | 126. 7 | 52.2 | 74.4 | 62.0 | 12. 4 |
| 1951: January | 125. 0 | 52.7 | 72.3 | 60.0 | 12. 4 |
| February. | 125. 0 | 53.5 | 71.5 | 59.1 | 12. 4 |
| March | 125. 7 | 54. 4 | 71.3 | 58.8 | 12. 6 |
| April | 125. 4 | 54. 4 | 71. 0 | 58.5 | 12. 6 |
| May -- | 125.1 | 54.5 | 70.6 | 58.1 | 12. 5 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ - | 126. 2 | 55. 0 | 71.2 | 58.6 | 12.6 |

[^10]
## MONEY SUPPLY

The privately held money supply increased $\$ 500$ million during June. Most of the expansion was in time deposits, which surpassed the previous high of June 1950, from which they had been drawn down as much as $\$ 1$ billion during the post-Korean buying wave.

[Billions of dollars]

| End of period | Total deposits and currency | U. S. Government deposits ${ }^{\text { }}$ | Deposits adjusted and currency (privately held money supply) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Currency outside banks | Adjusted demand deposits ${ }^{3}$ | Time deposits ${ }^{4}$ |
| 1939 | 64.7 | 1. 5 | 63.3 | 6. 4 | 29.8 | 27.1 |
| 1945 | 176. 4 | 25. 6 | 150.8 | 26. 5 | 75. 9 | 48.5 |
| 1946 | 167.5 | 3. 5 | 164. 0 | 26. 7 | 83.3 | 54.0 |
| 1947 | 172. 3 | 2.3 | 170.0 | 26. 5 | 87.1 | 56.4 |
| 1948 | 172. 7 | 3. 6 | 169. 1 | 26. 1 | 85. 5 | 57.5 |
| 1949 | 173. 9 | 4. 1 | 169. 8 | 25. 4 | 85.8 | 58.6 |
| 1950 | 180. 6 | 3. 7 | 176. 9 | 25. 4 | 92.3 | 59.2 |
| 1950: May | 173. 0 | 3. 8 | 169.2 | 24. 7 | 85.0 | 59.5 |
|  | 174.7 | 4. 8 | 170. 0 | 25. 2 | 85.0 | 59. 7 |
| July | 174. 4 | 4. 1 | 170.2 | 24.4 | 86.5 | 59. 4 |
| August | 175. 5 | 4. 5 | 171.0 | 24.5 | 87.4 | 59.1 |
| September. | 176. 3 | 4. 8 | 171. 6 | 24. 5 | 88.0 | 59.0 |
| October-- | 176. 3 | 3. 5 | 172. 8 | 24. 6 | 89.2 | 59. 0 |
| November. | 177. 4 | 3. 5 | 173. 9 | 24. 9 | 90.3 | 58.7 |
| December | 180.6 | 3. 7 | 176. 9 | 25. 4 | 92.3 | 59.2 |
| 1951: January | 178. 8 | 3. 6 | 175. 2 | 24. 6 | 91.6 | 59.0 |
| February | 178. 9 | 4. 7 | 174.2 | 24. 6 | 90.6 | 59. 0 |
| March--- | 179.9 | 7. 4 | 172. 5 | 24.4 | 89. 0 | 59.1 |
| April | 179.8 | 6. 5 | 173. 3 | 24. 6 | 89. 5 | 59. 2 |
| May | 179.2 | 5. 4 | 173. 7 | 24. 9 | 89.5 | 59.3 |
| June ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 180.8 | 6. 6 | 174. 2 | 25. 0 | 89. 5 | 59.8 |

[^11]
## FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

Cash receipts declined seasonally from the first to the second quarter, while payments jumped by $\$ 3.3$ billion, reflecting the progress of the defense effort. For the fiscal year 1951, the cash surplus amounted to $\$ 7.6$ billion.

[Millions of dollars]

| Calendar year | Federal cash receipts from the public | Federal cash payments to the public | Excess of receipts ( + ) or payments (-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calendar year total: |  |  |  |
| 1946 | 41, 441 | 41, 399 | +42 |
| 1947 | 44, 282 | 38, 616 | +5,666 |
| 1948 | 44, 922 | 36, 897 | +8,027 |
| 1949 | 41, 346 | 42, 642 | -1,295 |
| 1950 | 42, 419 | 41, 969 | +450 |
| Quarterly total, not adjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |
| 1948: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter } \\ & \text { Second quar } \\ & \text { Third quarte } \\ & \text { Fourth quar }\end{aligned}$ | 15, 037 | 8, 641 | +6,399 |
|  | 10, 239 | 9, 033 | +1,205 |
|  | 10, 085 | 8, 735 | +1,349 |
|  | 9,560 | 10, 488 | -926 |
| 1949: First quarter- | 13, 122 | 9, 964 | +3,159 |
| Second quarter | 8, 814 | 11, 389 | -2, 574 |
| Third quarter- | 10, 143 | 10, 528 | -386 |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 267 | 10,762 | -1,495 |
| 1950: First quarter- | 12, 235 | 10,760 | +1,475 |
| Second quarter | 9, 303 | 11, 105 | -1, 803 |
| Third quarter | 10, 494 | 9, 351 | +1,143 |
| Fourth quarter- | 10,387 | 10, 754 | -367 |
| 1951: First quarter. | 18, 051 | 11, 179 | +6,874 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 14, 462 | 14, 521 | -59 |

[^12]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ A special survey of food prices indicated little change between May 15 and the end of the month.
    Note.-Prices are for moderate-income families in large cities.
    Source: Department of Labor.
    The index has been revised, beginning with January 1940, to correct the downward bias resulting from the failure to take account of the differentials in rent between newly built housing and comparable existing dwellings. Certain changes, starting with January 1950, in commodity coverage and weighting were linked into the index

[^1]:    Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable golsds manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, fnance, and service.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data became a vailable after chart was prepared.
    Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^2]:    For production and related workers.

[^3]:    1 Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base $1950=100$.

[^4]:    Excludes agriculture.
    Commercial and miscellaneous composed of trade, service, finance, and communication.
    Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditure of business as reported in a survey made during May and June of this year.
    Nota.-These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for $1939-44$ are Federal Reserve atter cover agricultural in vestment and asso certain equipiment and construction

    Detail will not necessarily add to totals because annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest $10,000,000$.
    Sources: Sacurities and Exchange Commission and Department of,Commerce (except as noted).

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes small amount for other purposes.
    ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimates.
    Nots.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^6]:    1 Total business includes manufacturing, retail, and wholesale (not shown separately in this table).

    - Book value, end of period

    Monthly average for year and total for month

    - Indexes computed from data on retail value of sales for month and retail
    book value of inventories, end of period.
    book value of inve
    Not available.
    - Preliminary estimates.
    - Data for new orders not adjusted for seasonal variation

    Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes $\$ 2.7$ billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
    Preliminary estimates.
    NOTE.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of Commerce.

[^8]:    1 Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments.
    Converted from the reported base, $1910-14=100$, to the base $1950=100$.
    Farm income in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, $1850=100$.
    Preliminary estimates.
    Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes loans by pawnbrokers, service credit, and single-payment loans under $\$ 3,000$ made by commercial banks. The single-payment loan item was

[^10]:    1 Preliminary estimates.
    Nots.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

[^11]:    1 Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks, commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes deposits and currency held by State and local governments
    Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
    Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits.
    Preliminary estimates.
    Nota.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates based on incomplete data.
    Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

