# Economic Indicators August 1951

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[Public Law 120—81st Congress; Chapter 237—1st Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]

To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

Charts drawn by Graphics Unit, Office of the Secretary, Department of Commerce

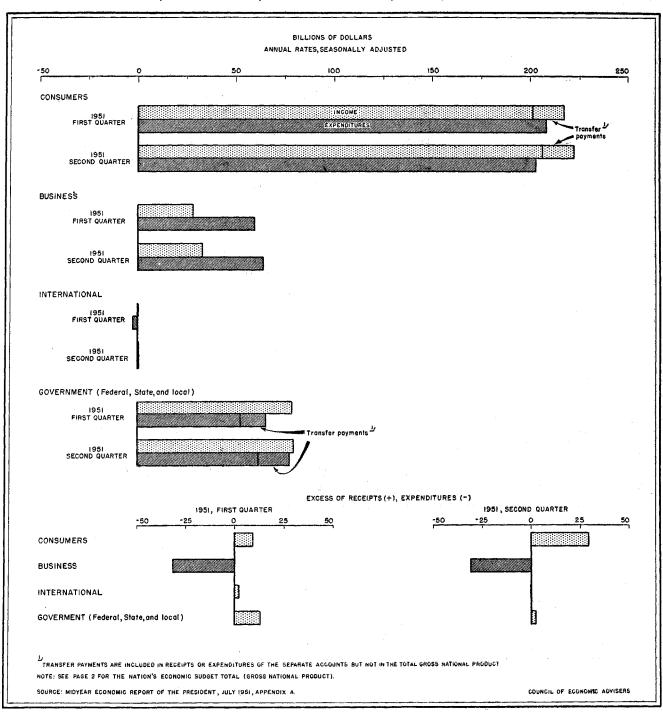
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## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

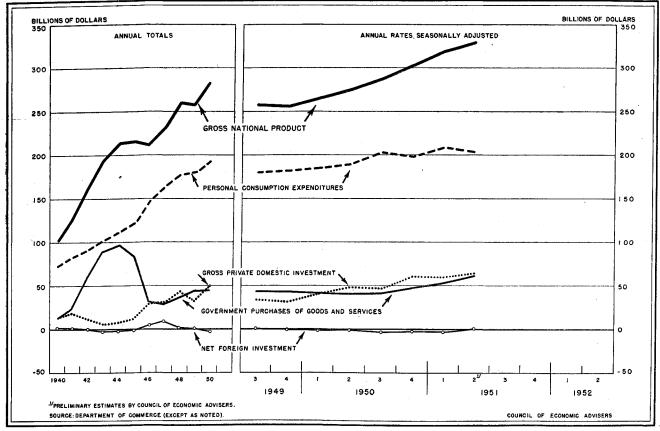
#### THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

Government cash payments rose by \$11.7 billion (annual rate) from the first to the second quarter of 1951. Business investment continued to rise, but consumer expenditures declined despite rising incomes.



#### GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

The gross national product rose from an annual rate of \$318.5 billion in the first quarter of this year to \$329 billion in the second quarter, a gain of about 3.3 percent, according to revised estimates. Since prices were relatively stable between the two quarters, almost all of this gain represented an increase in output of goods and services.



[Billions of dollars]

D : 1	Total gross	Personal consump-	Gross private	Net foreign	Government purchases of goods and services			
Period	national product	tion expend- itures	domestic investment	investment	Total	National defense <sup>1</sup>	Other 2	
1939	91. 3 213. 7 211. 1 233. 3 259. 0 257. 3 282. 6	67. 5 111. 6 146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 2 193. 6	9. 9 7. 7 28. 7 30. 2 42. 7 33. 0 48. 9	0. 9 -2. 1 4. 6 8. 9 1. 9 . 5 -2. 3	13. 1 96. 5 30. 9 28. 6 36. 6 43. 6 42. 5	1. 3 88. 6 21. 2 12. 2 11. 6 13. 5 14. 8	11. 8 7. 9 9. 7 16. 4 25. 0 30. 1 27. 7	
			Annual	rates, seasona	lly adjusted			
1949: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	259. 5 257. 9 256. 5 255. 5	178. 4 180. 0 180. 0 182. 3	36. 8 32. 1 32. 8 30. 5	1. 2 1. 3 . 2 5	43. 1 44. 5 43. 5 43. 3	13. 5 13. 9 13. 5 13. 3	29. 6 30. 6 30. 0 30. 0	
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	264. 4 275. 0 287. 4 303. 7	184. 7 188. 7 202. 5 198. 4	40. 1 47. 9 47. 3 60. 2	$egin{array}{ccc} -1.7 \ -1.6 \ -3.2 \ -2.7 \end{array}$	41. 3 40. 1 40. 8 47. 8	12. 5 12. 4 14. 2 20. 0	28. 8 27. 7 26. 6 27. 8	
1951: First quarter	318. 5 329. 0	208. 2 203. 0	59. 6 64. 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.3 \\ .5 \end{array} $	52. 9 61. 5	25. 1 33. 1	27. 8 28. 4	

Based on Treasury Bulletin break-down of Federal budgetary expenditures adjusted to the concept of purchases of goods and services; includes "national defense and related activities," Atomic Energy, and Mutual Defense Assistance.
 Residual; expenditures by the Federal Government for other than "national defense" and total expenditures by State and local governments.
 Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

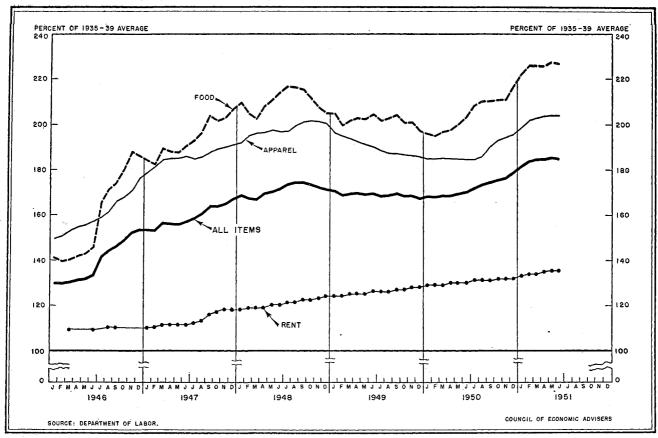
Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted),

## **PRICES**

#### CONSUMERS' PRICES

Consumers' prices declined between mid-May and mid-June for the first time in 16 months. The 0.1 percent decrease was primarily due to slightly lower retail food prices.



[1935-39=100]

Period	All items	Food	Apparel	Rent	Fuel, elec- tricity, and refrigeration	Housefur- nishings	Miscellane- ous
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1945 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average	99. 4 123. 7 125. 7 128. 6 139. 5 159. 6 171. 9 170. 2 171. 9	95. 2 138. 0 136. 1 139. 1 159. 6 193. 8 210. 2 201. 9 204. 4	100. 5 129. 7 138. 8 145. 9 160. 2 185. 8 198. 0 190. 1 187. 7	104. 3 108. 7 109. 1 109. 5 110. 1 113. 6 121. 2 126. 4 131. 0	99. 0 107. 7 109. 8 110. 3 112. 4 121. 1 133. 9 137. 5 140. 6	101. 3 125. 6 136. 4 145. 8 159. 2 184. 4 195. 8 189. 0 190. 2	100. 7 115. 8 121. 3 124. 1 128. 8 139. 9 149. 9 154. 6 156. 5
1950: June 15	170. 2 172. 0 173. 4 174. 6 175. 6 176. 4 178. 8	203. 1 208. 2 209. 9 210. 0 210. 6 210. 8 216. 3	184. 6 184. 5 185. 7 189. 8 193. 0 194. 3 195. 5	130. 9 131. 3 131. 6 131. 8 132. 0 132. 5 132. 9	139. 1 139. 4 140. 2 141. 2 142. 0 142. 5 142. 8	184. 8 186. 1 189. 1 194. 2 198. 7 201. 1 203. 2	154. 6 155. 2 156. 8 157. 8 158. 3 159. 2 160. 6
1951: January 15 February 15 March 15 April 15 May 15 1	181. 5 183. 8 184. 5 184. 6 185. 4 185. 2	221. 9 226. 0 226. 2 225. 7 227. 4 226. 9	198. 5 202. 0 203. 1 203. 6 204. 0 204. 0	133. 2 134. 0 134. 7 135. 1 135. 4 135. 7	143. 3 143. 9 144. 2 144. 0 143. 6 143. 6	207. 4 209. 7 210. 7 211. 8 212. 6 212. 5	162. 1 163. 2 164. 3 164. 6 165. 0 164. 8

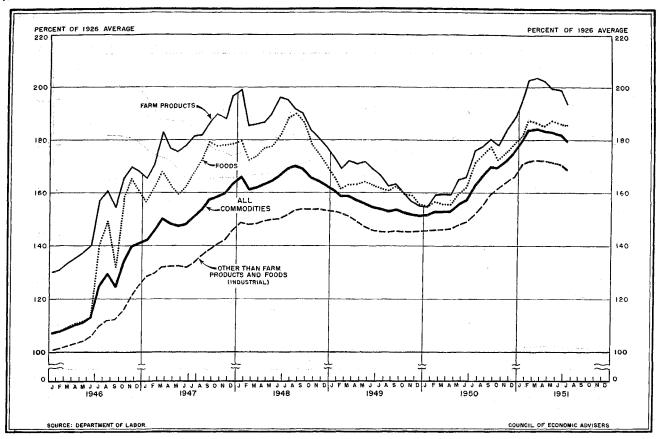
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A special survey of food prices indicated little change between May 15 and the end of the month.

Note.—Prices are for moderate-income families in large cities.

The index has been revised, beginning with January 1940, to correct the downward bias resulting from the failure to take account of the differentials in rent between newly built housing and comparable existing dwellings. Certain changes, starting with January 1956, in commodity coverage and weighting were linked into the index providing an improved and consistent series.

#### WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices continued their decline in July. All major components dropped, with the sharpest movement in prices of farm products.



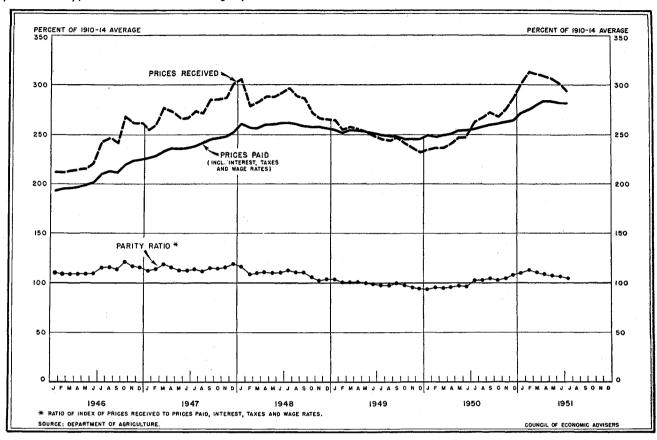
[1926 = 100]

Period	All com- modities	Farm prod- ucts	Foods	Other than farm products and foods
1942 monthly average	98. 8	105. 9	99. 6	95. 5
	121. 1	148. 9	130. 7	109. 5
	152. 1	181. 2	168. 7	135. 2
	165. 1	188. 3	179. 1	151. 0
	155. 0	165. 5	161. 4	147. 3
	161. 5	170. 4	166. 2	153. 2
1950: June	157. 3	165. 9	162, 1	148. 7
	162. 9	176. 0	171, 4	151. 6
	166. 4	177. 6	174, 6	155. 2
	169. 5	180. 4	177, 2	159. 5
	169. 1	177. 8	172, 5	161. 5
	171. 7	183. 7	175, 2	163. 7
	175. 3	187. 4	179, 0	166. 7
1951: January February March April May June July 1	180. 1	194. 2	182. 2	170. 3
	183. 6	202. 6	187. 6	171. 8
	184. 0	203. 8	186. 6	172. 4
	183. 6	202. 5	185. 8	172. 3
	182. 9	199. 6	187. 3	171. 7
	181. 7	198. 6	186. 3	170. 5
	179. 2	193. 4	185. 6	168. 1
Week ended:  1951: July 3	180. 2	197. 6	187. 2	168. 5
	179. 7	196. 3	186. 2	168. 2
	178. 7	191. 5	186. 4	168. 0
	178. 0	189. 0	185. 0	167. 7
	177. 9	189. 9	186. 0	167. 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates based on change in weekly data. Source: Department of Labor.

#### PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers decreased over 2 percent in July while the prices they paid were unchanged. Farm prices received and the parity ratio have declined for five successive months. Prices paid, after reaching a post-Korea peak in May, have since decreased slightly.



[1910-14=100]

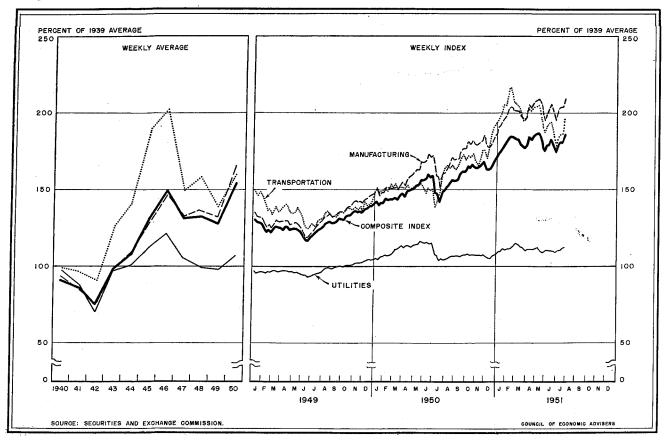
Period	Prices received by farmers	Prices paid by farmers (includ- ing interest, taxes, and wage rates)	Parity ratio <sup>1</sup>
1939 monthly average 1942 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950: June 15 July 15 August 15 September 15 October 15 November 15 December 15 1951: January 15 February 15 March 15 April 15 May 15 June 15	275 285 249 256 247 263 267 272 268 276 286 300 313 311 309 305	123 152 182 207 239 259 250 255 254 256 257 260 261 263 265 272 272 276 280 283 283 282	77 104 108 113 115 110 100 100 100 97 103 104 105 103 105 108 110 111 109 108 107 108

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ratio of index of prices received to index of prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates.
<sup>2</sup> Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946.

Source: Department of Agriculture.

#### STOCK PRICES

In July the composite index of stock prices rose close to the high reached in May, as all categories advanced over their June levels.



			[1939 = 100]	]				
Period	Com- posite index <sup>1</sup>	Total	Anufacturi Durable goods	Non- durable goods	Trans- portation	Utilities	Trade, finance, and service	Mining
Weekly average: 1940 1942 1944 1946 1948 1949	74. 9 108. 0	93. 4 75. 5 108. 9 146. 6 136. 2 132. 1 165. 7	92. 5 73. 7 104. 5 138. 8 124. 4 116. 0 150. 4	94. 2 77. 1 109. 1 154. 4 147. 0 147. 2 180. 2	99. 1 90. 8 140. 5 202. 6 158. 1 138. 8 159. 9	97. 7 69. 8 100. 8 121. 0 99. 4 98. 1 107. 2	86. 7 71. 3 117. 1 204. 3 156. 9 160. 5 183. 8	75. 9 59. 7 93. 2 125. 5 133. 2 129. 2 143. 5
1950: June	158. 3 146. 7 154. 4	171. 1 157. 9 167. 6 173. 3 180. 3 181. 8 180. 4	156. 4 156. 0 142. 6 151. 8 157. 5 166. 0 166. 0 161. 7	185. 0 172. 2 182. 2 187. 9 193. 7 196. 5 197. 9	149. 5 150. 0 164. 5 168. 2 171. 4 171. 1 184. 4	114. 8 105. 5 105. 9 107. 1 107. 8 107. 4 106. 5	182. 4 170. 3 176. 6 187. 8 198. 3 200. 8 195. 7	143. 0 133. 7 146. 4 150. 3 154. 5 157. 6 159. 7
1951: January February March April May June July	176. 7 184. 0 179. 9 183. 1 181. 6 178. 8 181. 8	194. 2 203. 0 198. 4 203. 8 202. 6 199. 9 204. 4	174. 8 181. 6 178. 2 181. 2 175. 3 168. 9 170. 3	212. 3 222. 8 217. 0 224. 8 228. 1 228. 7 236. 2	202. 0 213. 1 200. 0 201. 9 196. 7 188. 3 187. 9	110. 3 112. 1 112. 9 111. 4 110. 4 109. 9 111. 2	205. 1 213. 2 209. 7 207. 8 206. 0 200. 9 202. 2	175. 9 184. 2 176. 7 183. 4 187. 7 186. 0 195. 2
Week ended: 1951: July 7	179. 2 181. 2 180. 8 186. 1 188. 7	201. 3 203. 9 203. 1 209. 4 213. 7	169. 0 171. 3 168. 3 172. 5 176. 0	231. 4 234. 2 235. 6 243. 8 249. 0	183. 6 185. 4 186. 5 196. 2 195. 9	110. 2 110. 9 111. 2 112. 6 113. 2	200. 9 202. 7 201. 6 203. 6 204. 6	187. 4 188. 5 192. 2 212. 6 217. 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service.

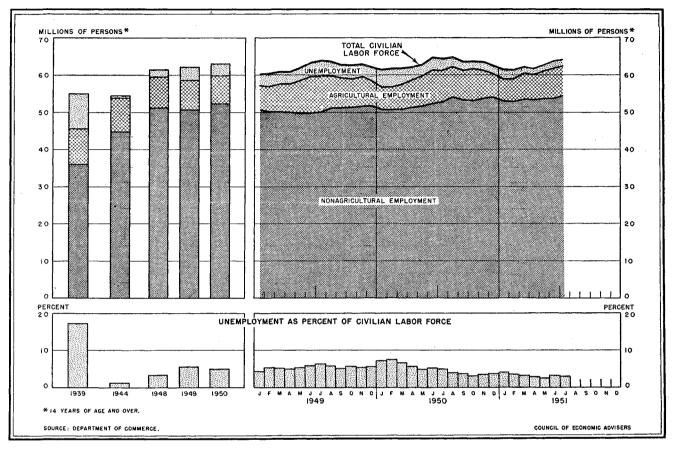
<sup>2</sup> Data became available after chart was prepared.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

### EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES

#### CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Civilian employment increased about 725,000 from June to July, reaching a new high of 62.5 million. Nonagricultural employment rose about 850,000 while agricultural employment declined seasonally. Unemployment decreased about 125,000 to a level just below 1.9 million, a postwar low for the month of July.



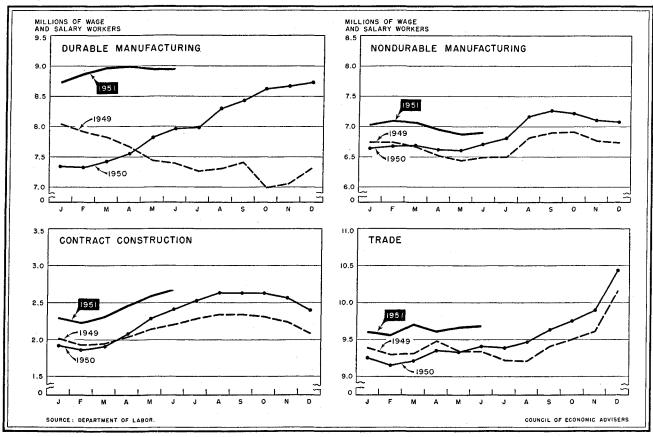
·		Civi	lian labor f	orce		Unemploy-
Period	m-4-1	E	mployment	; 1	Unem-	ment as per- cent of total
	Total	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	ploy- ment	civilian labor force
	Thous	d over				
1939 monthly average	55, 230 54, 630 60, 168 61, 442 62, 105 63, 099	45, 750 53, 960 58, 027 59, 378 58, 710 59, 957	9, 610 8, 950 8, 266 7, 973 8, 026 7, 507	36, 140 45, 010 49, 761 51, 405 50, 684 52, 450	9, 480 670 2, 142 2, 064 3, 395 3, 142	17. 2 1. 2 3. 6 3. 4 5. 5 5. 0
1950: June	64, 866 64, 427 64, 867 63, 567 63, 704 63, 512 62, 538	61, 482 61, 214 62, 367 61, 226 61, 764 61, 271 60, 308	9, 046 8, 440 8, 160 7, 811 8, 491 7, 551 6, 234	52, 436 52, 774 54, 207 53, 415 53, 273 53, 721 54, 075	3, 384 3, 213 2, 500 2, 341 1, 940 2, 240 2, 229	5. 2 5. 0 3. 9 3. 7 3. 0 3. 5 3. 6
1951: January	61, 514 61, 313 62, 325 61, 789 62, 803 63, 783 64, 382	59, 010 58, 905 60, 179 60, 044 61, 193 61, 803 62, 526	6, 018 5, 930 6, 393 6, 645 7, 440 8, 035 7, 908	52, 993 52, 976 53, 785 53, 400 53, 753 53, 768 54, 618	2, 503 2, 407 2, 147 1, 744 1, 609 1, 980 1, 856	4. 1 3. 9 3. 4 2. 8 2. 6 3. 1 2. 9

<sup>1</sup> Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

#### NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Durable goods manufacturing employment has shown little change recently as declines in employment in consumer durable industries have been offset by increases in defense industries. In June, construction employment rose seasonally to a new all-time high. The small increase in Federal Government employment was offset by a decline in State and local governments.



[Thousands of wage and salary workers 1]

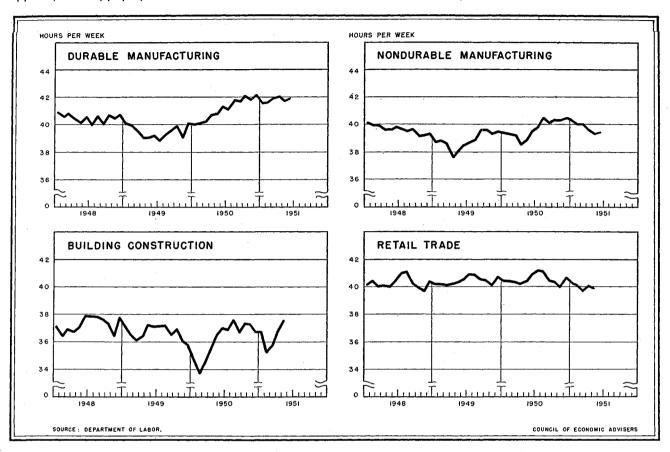
Period	M Total	anufacturi Durable goods	ng Nondu- rable goods	Contract construc- tion	Trade	Finance and service	Govern- ment (Federal, State, local)	Transportation and public utilities	Mining
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average	10, 078 17, 381 14, 461 15, 247 15, 286 14, 146 14, 884	4, 683 11, 077 7, 739 8, 373 8, 315 7, 465 8, 008	5, 394 6, 304 6, 722 6, 874 6, 970 6, 681 6, 876	1, 150 1, 567 1, 661 1, 982 2, 165 2, 156 2, 318	6, 612 7, 189 8, 612 9, 196 9, 491 9, 438 9, 524	4, 703 5, 320 6, 207 6, 427 6, 515 6, 545 6, 573	3, 987 6, 049 5, 607 5, 454 5, 613 5, 811 5, 910	2, 912 3, 619 4, 023 4, 122 4, 151 3, 979 4, 010	845 917 852 943 981 932 904
1950: May June July August September October November December	14, 413	7, 809	6, 604	2, 245	9, 326	6, 602	5, 900	3, 885	940
	14, 666	7, 964	6, 702	2, 414	9, 411	6, 653	5, 832	4, 023	946
	14, 777	7, 978	6, 799	2, 532	9, 390	6, 672	5, 741	4, 062	922
	15, 450	8, 294	7, 156	2, 629	9, 474	6, 664	5, 793	4, 120	950
	15, 685	8, 423	7, 262	2, 626	9, 641	6, 643	6, 004	4, 139	946
	15, 827	8, 618	7, 209	2, 631	9, 752	6, 578	6, 039	4, 132	939
	15, 765	8, 664	7, 101	2, 571	9, 896	6, 543	6, 037	4, 123	938
	15, 789	8, 717	7, 072	2, 403	10, 443	6, 522	6, 376	4, 125	937
1951: January	15, 784	8, 742	7, 042	2, 281	9, 592	6, 497	6, 088	4, 072	932
February	15, 978	8, 877	7, 101	2, 228	9, 554	6, 496	6, 122	4, 082	930
March	16, 022	8, 969	7, 053	2, 326	9, 713	6, 536	6, 217	4, 112	924
April <sup>2</sup>	15, 928	8, 977	6, 951	2, 472	9, 618	6, 608	6, 292	4, 132	910
May <sup>2</sup>	15, 839	8, 959	6, 880	2, 592	9, 670	6, 662	6, 377	4, 139	912
June <sup>2</sup>	15, 864	8, 960	6, 904	2, 674	9, 695	6, 723	6, 373	4, 164	917

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 7) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

Source: Department of Labor.

#### AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Weekly hours in durable goods industries have remained relatively constant in recent months. The June level of 39.4 hours in nondurable goods industries is somewhat below seasonal expectations, largely due to declines in textiles, apparel, leather, paper, and chemicals.



[Hours per week, selected industries 1]

		Manufacturing	5	Building	
Period	Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods	construction	Retail trade
1939 monthly average 1943 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average 1950: April  May June July August September October November December 1951: January	40. 4 40. 4 40. 1 39. 2 40. 5 39. 9 40. 5 40. 5 41. 2 41. 0 41. 3 41. 1 41. 4	38. 0 46. 6 40. 2 40. 5 39. 5 41. 2 40. 7 40. 8 41. 1 41. 8 41. 7 42. 1 41. 8 42. 2	37. 4 42. 5 40. 5 40. 1 39. 6 38. 8 39. 7 38. 5 38. 9 39. 8 40. 5 40. 1 40. 3 40. 5 40. 5	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) 36. 7 36. 3 35. 6 36. 5 37. 6 36. 9 37. 6 36. 7 37. 3 36. 7	(2) (2) (2) (2) 40. 3 40. 4 40. 5 40. 2 40. 4 40. 9 41. 2 41. 1 40. 3 40. 0 40. 7
February  March  April <sup>3</sup> May <sup>3</sup> June <sup>3</sup>	40. 9	41. 5 41. 6 41. 9 42. 0 41. 7 41. 9	40. 2 40. 0 40. 0 39. 6 39. 3 39. 4	35. 3 35. 8 36. 8 37. 6	40. 1 40. 1 39. 7 40. 0 39. 9

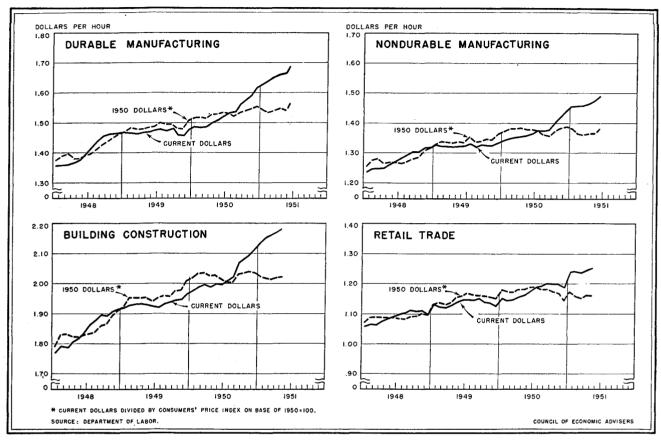
For production and related workers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not available.

Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor.

#### AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Average hourly earnings in both durable and nondurable manufacturing industries rose sharply in June. These increases, the largest this year, reflected higher wage rates (including cost-of-living adjustments) in many industries, and some overtime premiums.



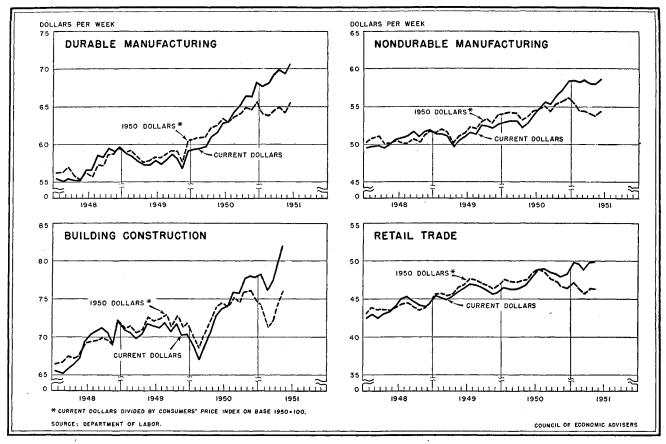
[Production and related workers in selected industries]

Di. J	All manu	All manufacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
Period	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	
1939 monthly average	1. 086 1. 237 1. 350 1. 401 1. 465 1. 442 1. 453 1. 462 1. 464 1. 479	\$1. 090 1. 335 1. 337 1. 333 1. 350 1. 415 1. 465 1. 464 1. 468 1. 461 1. 451 1. 456 1. 468 1. 476 1. 484 1. 473 1. 460 1. 464 1. 470 1. 489	\$0. 698 1. 059 1. 156 1. 292 1. 410 1. 469 1. 537 1. 509 1. 522 1. 533 1. 539 1. 562 1. 577 1. 587 1. 619 1. 630 1. 639 1. 654 1. 666 1. 664 1. 685	\$1. 201 1. 471 1. 424 1. 392 1. 410 1. 484 1. 537 1. 532 1. 537 1. 531 1. 525 1. 537 1. 547 1. 543 1. 544 1. 557 1. 544 1. 553 1. 544 1. 555 1. 555	\$0. 582 . 803 1. 015 1. 171 1. 278 1. 325 1. 378 1. 365 1. 375 1. 374 1. 379 1. 404 1. 419 1. 443 1. 456 1. 458 1. 466 1. 466 1. 476 1. 488	\$1. 002 1. 115 1. 250 1. 262 1. 278 1. 338 1. 379 1. 374 1. 362 1. 357 1. 357 1. 383 1. 383 1. 388 1. 364 1. 365 1. 368 1. 368	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (8) (1) (9) (8) (1) (9) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (6) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (2) (3) (4) (5) (5) (6) (7) (8) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (1) (2) (2) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (7) (7) (8) (8) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	

Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base 1950=100.
 Not available.
 Preliminary estimates.

#### AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Weekly earnings in both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries rose sharply in June.



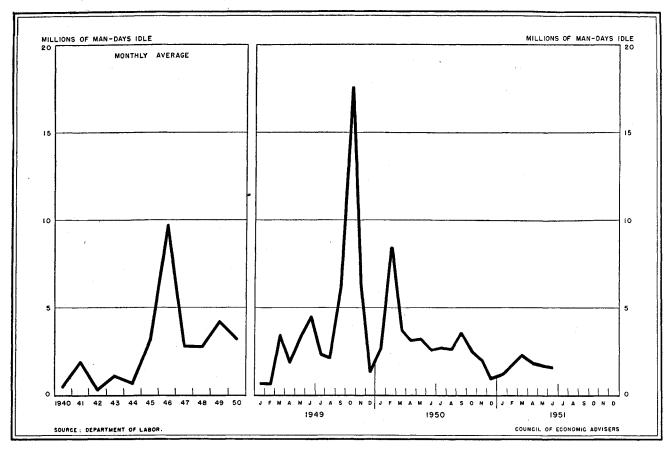
[Production and related workers in selected industries]

	All manı	ıfacturing		Durable goods manufacturing		Nondurable goods manufacturing		Building construction		Retail trade	
Period	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars 1	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	Current dollars	1950 dollars <sup>1</sup>	
1939 monthly average  1943 monthly average  1946 monthly average  1947 monthly average  1948 monthly average  1949 monthly average  1950 monthly average  1950: May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December	43. 82 49. 97 54. 14 54. 92 59. 33 57. 54 58. 85 59. 21 60. 32 60. 64 61. 99 62. 23 63. 88	\$41. 07 59. 92 53. 97 53. 85 54. 14 55. 47 59. 33 58. 42 59. 15 59. 78 59. 68 60. 66 60. 65 61. 42	\$26. 50 49. 30 46. 49 52. 46 57. 11 58. 03 63. 32 61. 57 62. 86 63. 01 64. 33 65. 14 66. 39 66. 34 68. 32	\$45. 61 68. 47 57. 25 56. 53 57. 11 58. 62 63. 32 62. 51 63. 49 62. 95 63. 76 64. 11 64. 96 64. 66 65. 69	\$21. 78 34. 12 41. 14 46. 96 50. 61 51. 41 54. 71 52. 83 53. 92 54. 73 55. 65 55. 30 56. 58 57. 19 58. 44	\$37. 49 47. 39 50. 67 50. 63 51. 93 54. 71 53. 63 54. 46 54. 68 55. 15 54. 43 55. 36 55. 74 56. 19	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) \$68. 85 70. 95 73. 73 72. 93 73. 82 74. 02 75. 99 75. 86 77. 87 78. 07 77. 80	(2) (2) (2) (2) (88. 85 71. 67 73. 73 74. 04 74. 57 73. 95 75. 31 74. 67 76. 19 76. 09 74. 81	(2) (2) (2) (3) \$40. 66 43. 85 45. 93 47. 63 46. 94 48. 99 48. 49 48. 48 48. 32 47. 92 48. 31	(2) (2) (2) \$43. 81 43. 85 46. 31 47. 63 47. 65 48. 55 48. 55 47. 72 47. 28 46. 71 46. 45	
1951: January February March April <sup>3</sup> May <sup>3</sup> June <sup>3</sup>	63. 84 64. 57 64. 74	60. 38 59. 72 60. 18 60. 28 59. 82 60. 76	67. 65 68. 18 69. 30 69. 72 69. 39 70. 60	64. 06 63. 78 64. 59 64. 92 64. 31 65. 55	58. 53 58. 32 58. 40 58. 05 58. 01 58. 63	55. 43 54. 56 54. 43 54. 05 53. 76 54. 44	78. 35 76. 14 77. 44 79. 86 82. 04 (2)	74. 20 71. 23 72. 17 74. 36 76. 03 (2)	49. 85 49. 56 48. 95 49. 92 49. 99 (2)	47. 21 46. 36 45. 62 46. 48 46. 33 (2)	

Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base 1950=100.
Not available.
Preliminary estimates.

#### WORK STOPPAGES

Both the number of work stoppages and the man-days of idleness decreased from May to June, despite a few large but brief stoppages resulting in an increase in the number of workers involved.



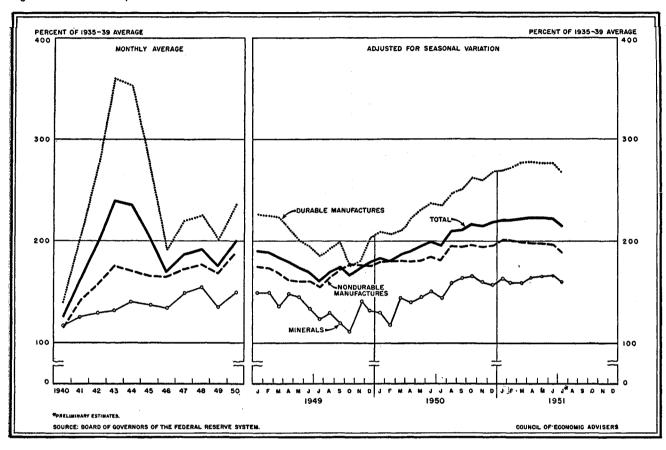
	Man-days during	of idleness period		nvolved in pages	Number of stoppages		
Period	Monthly average (thousands)	Percent of estimated working time	Beginning in period (thousands)	In effect during month (thousands)	Beginning in period	In effect during month	
1939 1941 1942 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1950: May June July August September October November December 1951: January <sup>1</sup> February <sup>1</sup> March <sup>1</sup> April <sup>1</sup> May <sup>1</sup> June <sup>1</sup> June <sup>1</sup>	1, 917 348 727 3, 167 9, 667 2, 883 2, 842 4, 208 3, 233 3, 270 2, 630 2, 750 2, 660 3, 510 2, 590 2, 050 912 1, 200 1, 700 2, 300	0. 28	1, 170 2, 360 840 2, 120 3, 470 4, 600 2, 170 1, 960 3, 030 2, 410 354 278 224 346 270 197 200 61 185 220 140 165 150	508 373 389 441 450 330 308 114 215 300 280 235 250 260	4, 288 2, 968 4, 956 4, 750	723 768 732 918 820 801 605 423 550 550 550 550	

Preliminary estimates.

## PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Total industrial production in July declined sharply from the high plateau of the last few months, chiefly because of plant-wide vacations in the nondurable goods industries (for which adequate seasonal adjustment is not yet made). However, the further slackening in the textile markets and curtailment of automobile production were offset by a slight rise in defense production.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

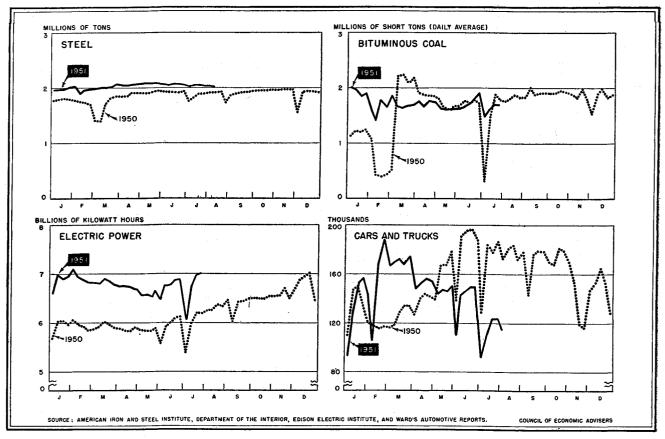
	Total	I	Manufacture	s	
Period	industrial production	Total	Durable goods	Nondura- able goods	Minerals
1943 monthly average	187 192 176 200	258 177 194 198 183 209	360 192 220 225 202 237 237	176 165 172 177 168 187	132 134 149 155 135 148
July	196 209 211 216	206 218 220 225 224 229	235 247 251 262 260 268 268	181 195 194 196 195 197	144 159 163 166 160 157
February	222 223 223 222	232 234 234 233 232 224	271 277 278 276 276 267	201 199 198 198 197 189	158 158 164 165 167 160

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Production of steel and motor vehicles in July was below the levels prevailing during the second quarter. Output of bituminous coal dropped in early July, as a result of the 10-day vacation period in the coal fields. Electric power production averaged 13 percent above last July.



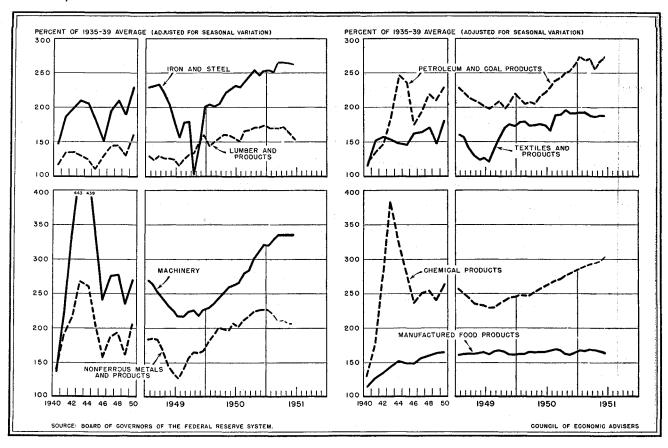
	St	eel	Electric power,	Bituminous	Cars and
Period	Thousands of net tons	Percent of theoretical capacity <sup>1</sup>	by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours)	coal (thousands of short tons) <sup>2</sup>	Cars and trucks (number)
Weekly average:					
1947	1, 628	93. 0	4, 821	2, 058	92, 163
1948 1949	1, 695 1, 496	94. 1 81. 0	5, 300 5, 500	1, 948	82, 340 120, 350
1950	1, 490	96. 9	6, 183	1, 427 1, 673	153, 546
1950: June	1, 898	99. 6	6, 038	1, 762	192, 825
July	1, 829	94. 8	5, 940	1, 404	168, 967
August	1, 861	96. 5	6, 335	1, 855	177, 415
September	1, 917	99. 4 102. 4	6, 360	1, 892	169, 631
November		97. 0	6, 522 6, 615	1, 976 1, 820	174, 346 141, 002
December		98. 0	6, 852	1, 900	149, 905
1951: January	1, 996	99. 9	6, 866	1, 980	133, 950
February	1, 941	97. 1	6, 948	1, 685	151, 052
March		102. 4	6, 827	1,662	170, 253
April		103. 1 102. 7	6, 722 6, 557	1, 734	152, 948
May June	2, 033 2, 061	102. 7	6, 804	1, 638 1, 726	140, 461 147, 582
July 3	$\frac{2}{2}, \frac{001}{027}$	101. 4	6, 699	1, 630	112, 368
Week ended:					
1951: July 7		100. 8	6, 077	1, 480	91, 849
14	2, 029	101. 5	6, 739	1, 623	110, 127
21	2, 037	101. 9	6, 975	1,713	123,356
28	2, 027	101. 4	7, 005	1,704	124, 138
August 4	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,029 \\ 2,021 \end{bmatrix}$	101. 5 101. 1	7,,003		114, 519

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on weekly net ton capacity of 1,749,928 for 1947, 1,802,476 for 1948, 1,843,516 for 1949, 1,906,268 for the first half of 1950, 1,928,721 beginning July 1, 1950, and 1,999,034 beginning January 1, 1951. 
<sup>2</sup> Daily average for week.

<sup>14</sup> Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

#### PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

Production of basic metals and machinery in June showed little change from the levels of recent months. Lumber production declined to the lowest level since last July. Among the nondurable goods industries, the decline in textile output reflected further easing of demand. Manufacture of chemicals and petroleum and coal products increased moderately.



[1935-39=100, seasonally adjusted]

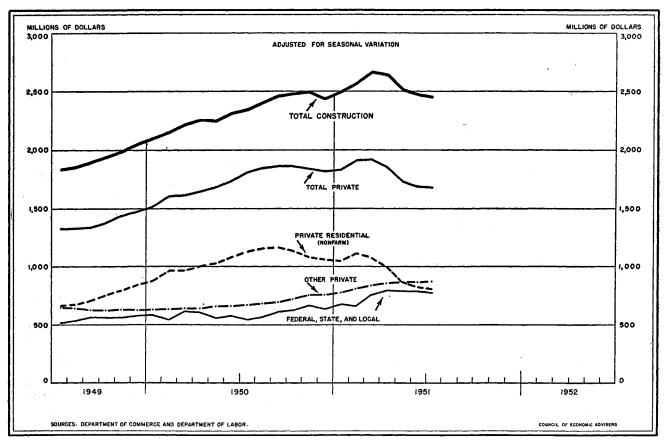
		Durable m	anufactures		Nondurable manufactures			
Period	Iron and steel	Lumber and products	Machinery	Nonferrous metals and products		Petroleum and coal products	Manufac- tured food products	Chemical products
1943 monthly average	208 150 195 208 188 229	129 131 143 145 130 159	443 240 276 277 234 270	267 157 187 193 160 207	153 162 163 170 147 182	185 173 193 218 209 229	145 149 157 159 163 164	384 236 251 254 241 263
1950: May	226 231 228 236 245 253 246 253 254 252 263 264 263	158 155 151 165 166 166 169 173 171 169 169 170 163 154	258 262 265 279 283 303 311 321 321 328 335 336 336	197 207 202 212 216 223 227 227 224 218 210 211 206 206	175 173 165 189 191 197 193 194 193 194 188 185 190 188	216 222 229 238 243 251 253 263 277 268 269 255 265 273	164 164 167 168 167 162 161 165 167 166 167 168 166 163	256 261 263 269 271 277 280 283 287 288 292 295 298 303

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### **NEW CONSTRUCTION**

Total new construction outlays in July (seasonally adjusted) declined for the fourth successive month. Residential nonfarm construction was 28 percent below the level of a year ago, while other private construction and total public construction were substantially higher than last July.



[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

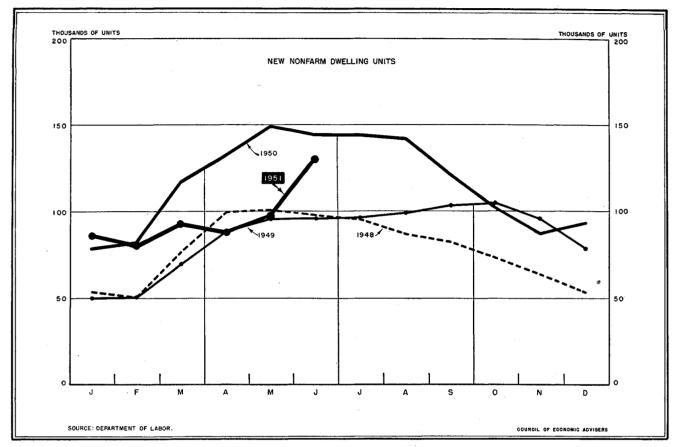
	Total new		rivate construc	tion	Federal.
Period	construction	Total private	Residential (nonfarm)	Other	State, and local 1
1939 monthly average	1, 173 438 1, 000 1, 798 1, 883	366 285 182 803 1,389 1,350	223 148 68 335 715 691 1,050	142 142 114 469 674 659 682	317 888 256 197 409 532 593
1950: June	2, 316 2, 347 2, 407 2, 461 2, 479 2, 498	1, 737 1, 801 1, 840 1, 860 1, 860 1, 833 1, 807	1, 072 1, 124 1, 151 1, 161 1, 134 1, 078 1, 055	665 677 689 699 726 755 752	579 546 560 601 619 665 632
1951: January	2, 572 2, 672 2, 645 2, 518 2, 471	1, 825 1, 908 1, 916 1, 846 1, 728 1, 684 1, 673	1, 049 1, 103 1, 078 991 864 823 809	776 805 838 855 864 861 864	676 664 756 799 790 787 778

Includes public residential construction.
 Preliminary estimates.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

#### NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts in June, boosted by the large volume of public housing units started during the month, increased one-third over May. Private starts were 7 percent below the previous month.

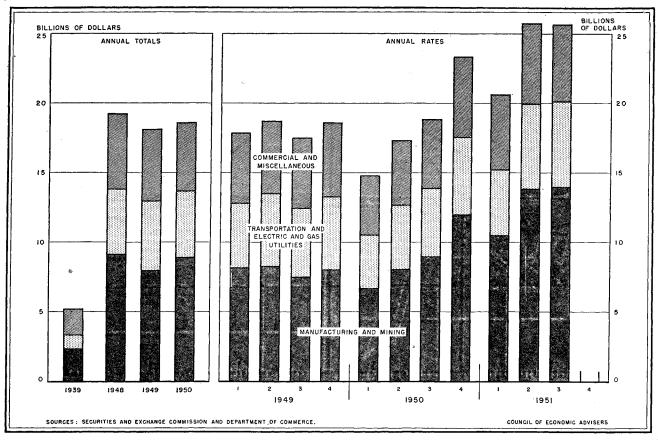


<b>X</b>	New nonfarm units started							
Month	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951			
January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	39, 300 42, 800 56, 000 67, 100 72, 900 77, 200 81, 100 86, 300 93, 800 94, 000 79, 700 58, 800	53, 500 50, 100 76, 400 99, 500 100, 300 97, 800 95, 000 86, 700 82, 300 73, 400 63, 700 52, 900	50, 000 50, 400 69, 400 88, 300 95, 500 96, 100 99, 000 102, 900 104, 300 95, 500 78, 300 1, 025, 100	78, 700 82, 900 117, 300 133, 400 149, 100 144, 300 144, 400 120, 600 120, 600 102, 500 87, 300 93, 600	85, 900 80, 600 93, 800 1 88, 000 1 97, 000 1 130, 000			
Monthly average	70, 750	77, 600	85, 425	116, 300				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates.

#### EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Nonfarm plant and equipment expenditures in the second quarter of 1951 are estimated at an all-time high, 48 percent above the second quarter of 1950, with manufacturing facilities outlays 74 percent above the second quarter of last year. Business plans to continue investment at about this record level through the third quarter.



[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal variation]

Period	Total 1	Manufac-	Mining	Transpo	ortation	Electric and	Commercial and miscel-	
renod	10tal	turing	Wining	Railroad	Railroad Other		laneous 2	
1939	5, 200	1, 930	380	280	280	480	1, 850	
	8, 190	3, 400	680	560	340	710	2, 490	
	6, 630	3, 210	440	550	320	630	1, 480	
	19, 230	8, 340	800	1, 320	700	2, 680	5, 390	
	18, 120	7, 250	740	1, 350	520	3, 140	5, 120	
	18, 560	8, 220	680	1, 140	440	3, 170	4, 920	
1949: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	17, 850	7, 410	760	1, 420	520	2, 710	5, 020	
	18, 640	7, 520	770	1, 530	550	3, 120	5, 150	
	17, 470	6, 770	720	1, 240	540	3, 180	5, 030	
	18, 530	7, 300	700	1, 210	480	3, 550	5, 280	
1950: First quarter	14, 800	6, 100	580	930	320	2, 610	4, 260	
Second quarter	17, 310	7, 440	640	1, 190	360	3, 030	4, 650	
Third quarter	18, 800	8, 190	720	1, 140	490	3, 280	4, 980	
Fourth quarter	23, 330	11, 160	790	1, 280	580	3, 740	5, 780	
1951: First quarter	20, 650	9, 820	730	1, 210	500	3, 010	5, 380	
Second quarter <sup>3</sup>	25, 700	12, 970	890	1, 770	560	3, 810	5, 700	
Third quarter <sup>3</sup>	25, 610	13, 100	860	1, 660	510	4, 010	5, 470	

Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

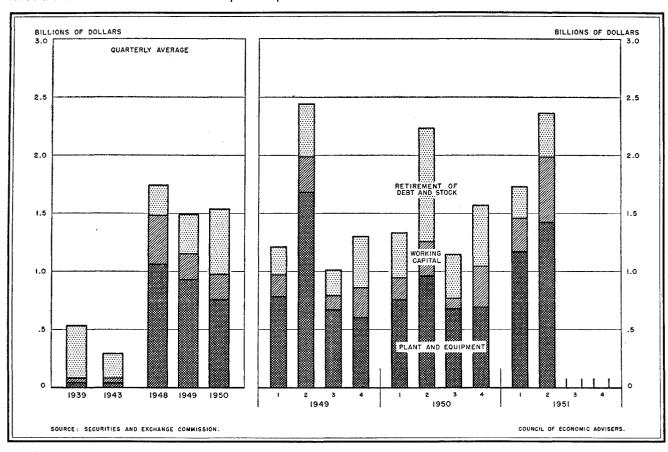
<sup>1</sup> Excludes agriculture.
2 Commercial and miscellaneous composed of trade, service, finance, and communication.
3 Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditure of business as reported in a survey made during May and June of this year.

Note.—These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for 1939-44 are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other data.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest 10,000,000.

#### NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES

In the second quarter of 1951, net proceeds from new security issues again increased sharply, to almost \$2.4 billion. Three-fifths of this amount was used for plant expansion.



#### [Millions of dollars]

		·	Proposed uses	of net proceeds	8
Period	Estimated net pro-		New money		D !!
1 61100	ceeds	Total	Plant and equipment	Working capital	Retirement of debt and stock 1
1939 quarterly average 1943 quarterly average 1946 quarterly average 1947 quarterly average 1948 quarterly average 1949 quarterly average 1950 quarterly average 1950 quarterly average 1948: Fourth quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter 1950: First quarter Second quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter Fourth quarter	1, 689 1, 617 1, 740 1, 490 1, 535 2, 051 1, 210 2, 441 1, 009 1, 299 1, 325 2, 222 1, 145	81 77 820 1, 148 1, 482 1, 152 971 1, 870 970 1, 986 789 862 941 1, 251 771 1, 044	43 35 529 852 1, 055 931 741 1, 469 784 1, 675 669 596 759 948 571 687	39 42 291 296 427 220 230 401 186 312 120 265 182 302 200 356	448 210 869 469 258 338 564 182 240 456 219 438 384 971 374 525
1951: First quarter <sup>2</sup>	1, 730	1, 461 1, 987	1, 167 1, 422	293 565	270 374

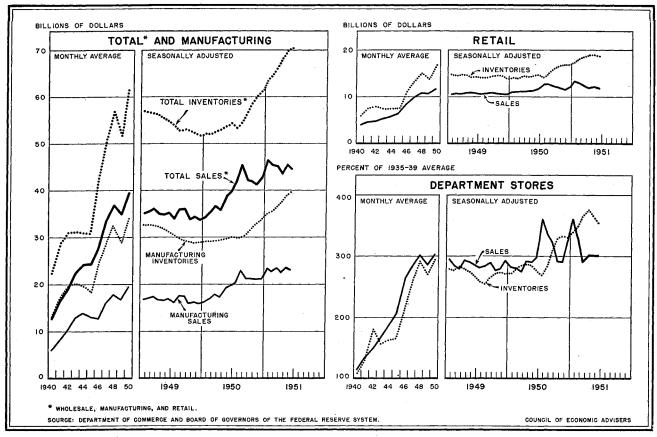
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes small amount for other purposes.
<sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

NOTE.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

#### INVENTORIES AND SALES

Manufacturing inventories, primarily in defense industries, increased \$900 million in June while wholesale and retail inventories dropped. Sales at all levels—retail, wholesale, and manufacturing—were lower than in May. All comparisons are based on seasonally adjusted data.



	Total b	ısiness 1	Re	tail	M	lanufacturi	ng	Departme	ent stores
Period	Inven- tories <sup>2</sup>	Sales 3	Inven- tories 2	Sales 3	Inven- tories <sup>2</sup>	Sales 3	New orders	Inven- tories 5	Sales 5
		Million	s of dollars	, seasonally	adjusted		dollars) 4	1935-39=1 ally ad	00, season- justed
1939	20, 172 31, 143 30, 571 42, 389 50, 794 56, 756 51, 594 61, 569 53, 553 54, 241 53, 243 54, 496 56, 404 58, 660 60, 269 61, 569	11, 109 22, 372 24, 181 27, 559 33, 571 37, 023 34, 886 39, 611 38, 652 39, 896 41, 982 45, 275 42, 142 41, 821 41, 318 42, 472	5, 532 7, 361 7, 548 11, 226 13, 221 13, 698 16, 754 14, 416 14, 720 14, 125 15, 793 16, 697 16, 787	3, 504 5, 277 6, 315 8, 358 9, 909 10, 837 10, 682 11, 670 11, 327 11, 699 12, 700 12, 682 12, 133 11, 759 11, 387 12, 194	11, 465 20, 098 18, 390 24, 498 28, 920 32, 276 28, 865 34, 061 29, 659 30, 028 29, 858 30, 732 31, 770 33, 007 34, 061	5, 100 12, 822 12, 883 12, 617 15, 918 17, 811 16, 666 19, 605 19, 309 19, 838 20, 269 22, 956 21, 154 21, 246 21, 112 21, 284	(6) (6) (7) 13, 694 15, 622 17, 504 16, 102 21, 099 19, 097 20, 666 22, 223 27, 323 23, 760 24, 704 22, 371 23, 160	102 155 166 213 255 291 270 294 285 276 269 284 309 329	106 168 207 264 286 302 286 303 290 297 362 335 320 291 290 325
1951: January	63, 388 64, 424 66, 458 68, 579 69, 885 70, 402	46, 655 45, 356 45, 196 43, 546 45, 546 44, 464	17, 422 17, 817 18, 642 18, 977 18, 958 18, 738	13, 307 13, 075 12, 324 12, 025 12, 065 11, 865	34, 928 35, 474 36, 415 37, 849 38, 939 39, 800	23, 166 22, 646 23, 399 22, 389 23, 838 23, 000	28, 860 25, 403 28, 574 23, 927 23, 318 23, 400	338 349 366 377 365 353	362 326 291 302 301 301

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total business includes manufacturing, retail, and wholesale (not shown

Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Indexes computed from data on retail value of sales for month and retail book value of inventories, end of period.
 Not available.
 Preliminary estimates.

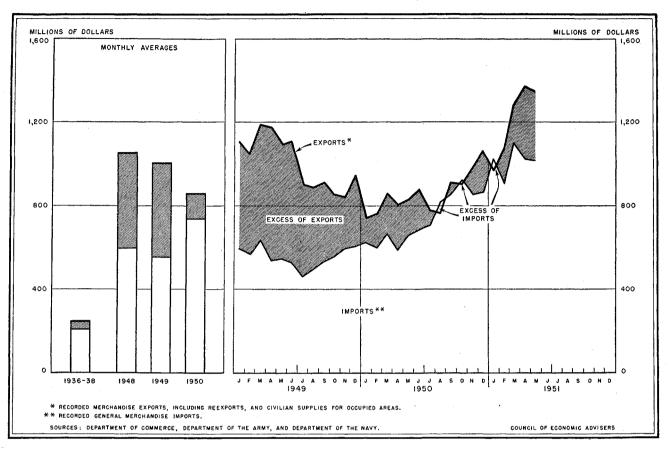
<sup>\*\*</sup>Book value, end of period.

\*\*Monthly average for year and total for month.

\*\*Data for new orders not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

In May, exports declined slightly for the first time since January. Imports and the export surplus were not significantly changed from April.



[Millions of dollars]

Period	Exports 1	Imports <sup>2</sup>	Excess of exports (+), imports (-)
1936–38 monthly average	247 1, 080 849 1, 278 1, 054 1, 003 856 829 878 779 762 911 906 977 1, 064 972 1, 076 1, 284 1, 374 1, 350	207 282 410 480 594 552 737 659 687 709 820 861 922 853 866 1, 023 908 1, 099 1, 099 1, 018	+40 +798 +439 +799 +461 +451 +119 +170 +191 +70 -58 +50 -17 +124 +198 -51 +167 +185 +350 +333

Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
 Recorded general merchandise imports.

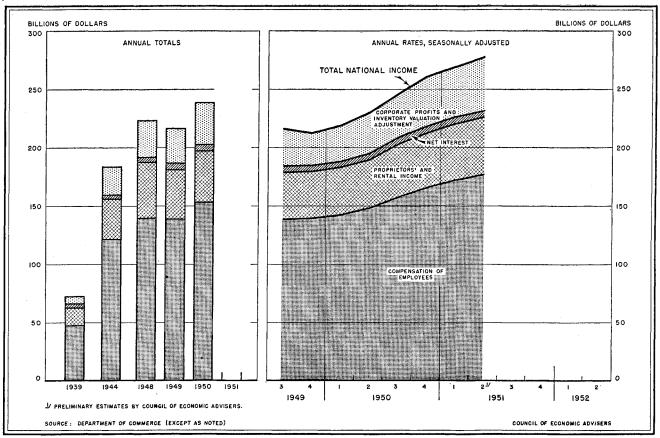
Note: Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

## PURCHASING POWER

#### NATIONAL INCOME

National income continued its rapid expansion from the first to the second quarter of this year, rising at an annual rate of about \$8½ billion. Wages and salaries and farm income gained substantially, while the decline in corporate profits before taxes was less than the increase in the adjustment for inventory valuation.



#### [Billions of dollars]

	Total	Compensa-	Proprietors' (business,			te profits and i uation adjustm	
Period	national income	tion of employees	professional, farm) and rental income	Net interest	Total	Profits before taxes	Inventory valuation adjustment
1939 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949	72. 5 183. 8 180. 3 198. 7 223. 5 216. 7 239. 0	47. 8 121. 2 117. 1 128. 0 140. 2 139. 9 153. 3	14. 7 35. 5 42. 0 42. 4 47. 3 41. 4 44. 0	4. 2 3. 1 2. 9 3. 5 4. 3 4. 9 5. 4	5. 8 24. 0 18. 3 24. 7 31. 7 30. 5 36. 2	6. 5 24. 3 23. 5 30. 5 33. 8 28. 3 41. 4	$\begin{array}{c} -0.7 \\ -3 \\ -5.2 \\ -5.8 \\ -2.1 \\ +2.1 \\ -5.1 \end{array}$
			Annual ra	tes, seasonally	adjusted		- 1-
1949: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	221. 5 216. 8 216. 1 212. 6	141. 0 139. 8 139. 3 139. 5	43. 5 41. 6 40. 3 40. 4	4. 8 4. 9 5. 0 5. 0	32. 2 30. 5 31. 5 27. 7	31. 8 26. 7 28. 0 27. 0	$egin{pmatrix} +. \ 4 \ +3. \ 8 \ +3. \ 6 \ +. \ 7 \end{matrix}$
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	219. 3 230. 6 245. 8 260. 1	142. 2 148. 6 157. 3 165. 2	41. 4 41. 8 45. 6 47. 2	5. 2 5. 3 5. 5 5. 6	30. 5 34. 8 37. 4 42. 2	31. 9 37. 5 45. 7 50. 3	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.4 \\ -2.7 \\ -8.3 \\ -8.2 \end{array} $
1951: First quarter Second quarter 1	269. 4 277. 8	172. 1 177. 1	48. 8 49. 0	5. 6 5. 7	42. 9 46. 0	51. 8 48. 5	$ \begin{array}{r} -8.9 \\ -2.5 \end{array} $

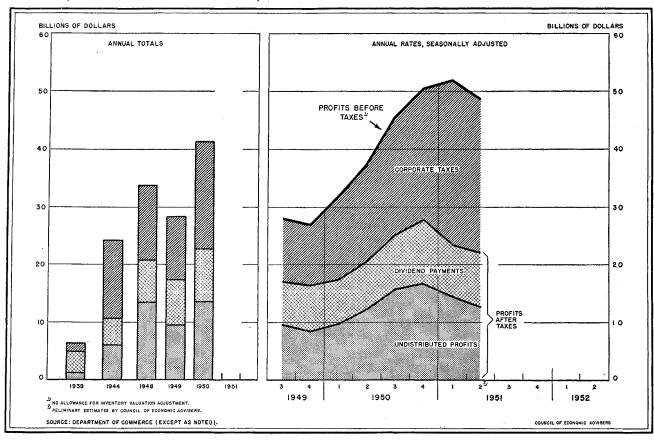
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

#### CORPORATE PROFITS

After reaching an all-time peak in the first quarter of 1951, corporate profits before taxes, according to preliminary indications, turned downward in the second quarter.



[Billions of dollars]

	Corporate	Corporate	Corpo	rate profits after taxes		
Period	profits before taxes	tax liability	Total	Dividend payments	Undistributed profits	
1939	23. 5 30. 5	1. 5 13. 5 9. 6 11. 9 13. 0 11. 0 18. 6	5. 0 10. 8 13. 9 18. 5 20. 7 17. 3 22. 8	3. 8 4. 7 5. 8 6. 6 7. 2 7. 6 9. 2	1. 2 6. 1 8. 1 12. 0 13. 6 9. 7 13. 6	
		. Annual r	ates, seasonall	y adjusted		
1949: First quarter	28. 0	12. 3 10. 3 10. 9 10. 5	19. 4 16. 4 17. 1 16. 5	7. 4 7. 5 7. 4 8. 0	12. 0 8. 9 9. 7 8. 5	
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	37. 5 45. 7	14. 4 16. 9 20. 5 22. 5	17. 5 20. 6 25. 2 27. 8	7. 8 8. 4 9. 4 11. 1	9. 7 12. 2 15. 8 16. 7	
1951: First quarter Second quarter 1	51. 8 48. 5	28. 5 26. 5	23. 3 22. 0	8. 8 9. 5	14. 5 12. 5	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

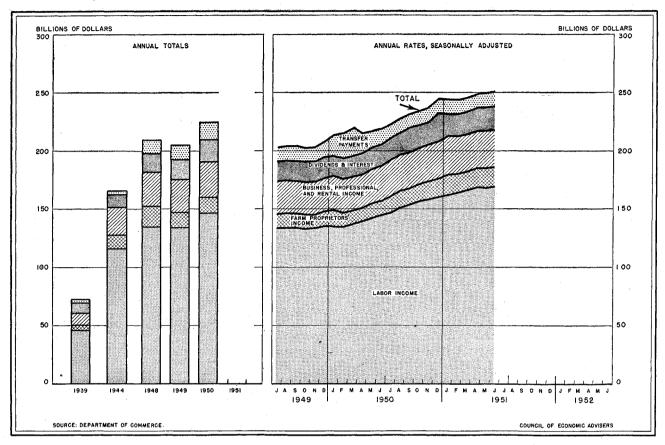
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

Note.—No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 22 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

#### PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income rose by \$1.3 billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) from May to June. Most of the rise was due to a moderate gain in labor income.



[Billions	of	dolla	rsl

		Labor income	Proprietors' income			
Period	Total personal income	(salaries, wages, and other labor income)	Farm	Business, professional, and rental income	Dividends and personal interest	Transfer payments
1939 1944 1947 1948 1950	191. 0 209. 5	45. 7 116. 2 122. 3 134. 9 134. 2 146. 4	4. 5 11. 8 15. 6 17. 7 13. 0 13. 7	10. 2 23. 7 26. 8 29. 6 28. 4 30. 3	9. 2 10. 6 14. 5 16. 0 17. 1 19. 3	3. 0 3. 6 11. 8 11. 3 12. 4 15. 1
	Annual rates, seasonally adjusted					
1950: May	219. 0 222. 7 227. 7 231. 5 234. 1 236. 4 244. 4 243. 6 243. 3 245. 5 249. 0 249. 8	141. 8 144. 6 146. 8 150. 8 153. 3 156. 0 157. 9 159. 6 161. 7 163. 8 166. 0 168. 6 168. 9 169. 8	12. 7 12. 3 14. 1 14. 5 14. 3 15. 1 16. 0 16. 3 17. 5 15. 9 15. 8 16. 4 16. 2 16. 4	29. 7 30. 2 31. 2 31. 6 31. 0 31. 2 31. 8 33. 0 32. 3 31. 9 31. 7 31. 8	18. 4 18. 4 18. 9 21. 6 19. 7 19. 5 25. 0 18. 8 19. 2 19. 7 20. 2 20. 2 20. 2	14. 3 13. 5 12. 2 11. 9 11. 3 12. 1 11. 8 11. 7 12. 6 12. 1 12. 1 12. 1 12. 7 12. 8

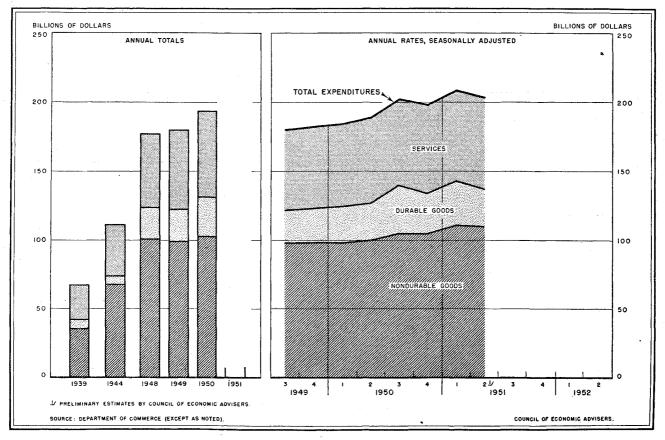
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes \$2.7 billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
<sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce.

#### PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Second quarter sales of durable consumer goods, seasonally adjusted, were the lowest of any quarter since the Korean outbreak. Expenditures for nondurable goods were below those of the first quarter, while those for services continued to rise.



	_		
[Billions]	of	dollarsi	

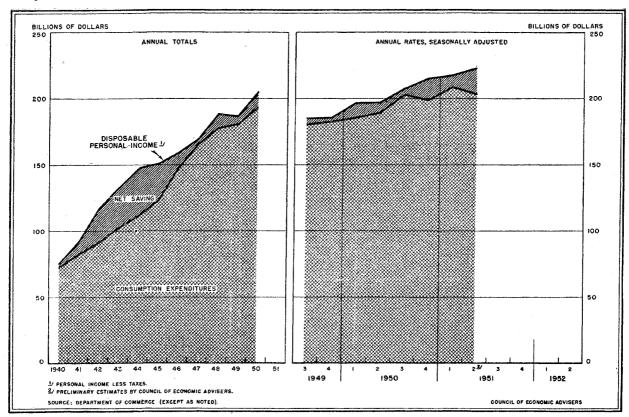
	Personal consumption expenditures				
Period	Total	Nondurable goods	Durable goods	Services	
1939	67. 5	35. 3	6. 7	25. 5	
	111. 6	67. 1	7. 1	37. 4	
	146. 9	85. 8	16. 6	44. 5	
	165. 6	95. 1	21. 4	49. 1	
	177. 9	100. 9	22. 9	54. 1	
	180. 2	98. 7	23. 9	57. 6	
	193. 6	102. 3	29. 2	62. 1	
	An	nual rates, seas	sonally adjuste	d	
1949: First quarter	178. 4	99. 6	22. 4	56. 3	
	180. 0	99. 4	23. 6	57. 1	
	180. 0	97. 6	24. 6	57. 9	
	182. 3	98. 3	25. 1	58. 9	
1950: First quarter	184. 7	98. 4	26. 3	60. 1	
	188. 7	100. 4	26. 6	61. 6	
	202. 5	105. 5	34. 3	62. 7	
	198. 4	104. 9	29. 4	64. 0	
1951: First quarter	208. 2	111. 5	31. 5	65. 2	
Second quarter <sup>1</sup>	203. 0	110. 0	27. 0	66. 0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers. Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

#### CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

With disposable personal income rising during the second quarter and consumption expenditures dropping, personal saving increased.



Period	Disposable personal income <sup>1</sup>	Less: Personal consumption expenditures	Equals: Personal net saving	Net saving as percent of dis- posable income
	-	Billions of dollars	3	
1939 1941	70. 2 92. 0	67. 5 82. 3 91. 2	2. 7 9. 8 25. 6	3. 8 10. 7 21. 9
1942 1944	116. 7 147. 0	111.6	25. 0 35. 4	21. 9
1946	186, 4	146. 9 165. 6 177. 9 180. 2 193. 6	12. 0 3. 9 10. 5 6. 3 10. 7	7. 6 2. 3 5. 6 3. 4 5. 2
1950	204. 3			
1949: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	188. 6 186. 7	Annual rates, sea 178. 4 180. 0 180. 0 182. 3	10. 3 6. 7 4. 8 3. 4	5. 5 3. 6 2. 6 1. 8
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter		184. 7 188. 7 202. 5 198. 4	12. 5 8. 9 4. 6 16. 8	6. 3 4. 5 2. 2 7. 8
1951: First quarter Second quarter <sup>2</sup>	217. 5 222. 8	208. 2 203. 0	9. 3 19. 8	4. 3 8. 9

Income less taxes.

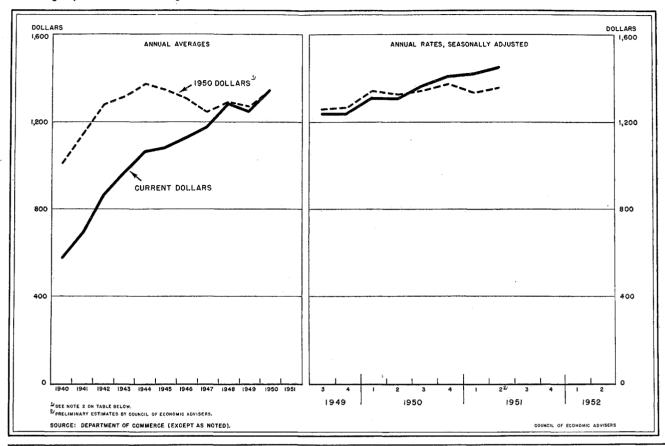
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers,

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted),

#### PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

Per capita disposable income in constant prices rose about 2 percent from the first to the second quarter, bringing the level slightly above the average for 1950.



Period		otal disposable personal ome (billions of dollars) <sup>1</sup>		Per capita disposable personal income (dollars) <sup>1</sup>	
renou	Current prices	1950 prices <sup>2</sup>	Current prices	1950 prices <sup>2</sup>	(thousands)3
1939 1941 1942 1944 1946 1947 1948 1949	116. 7 147. 0 158. 9 169. 5 188. 4 186. 4	124. 9 152. 6 172. 6 190. 4 184. 3 179. 2 189. 0 189. 4 204. 3	536 690 866 1, 062 1, 124 1, 176 1, 285 1, 250 1, 347	954 1, 144 1, 280 1, 376 1, 303 1, 243 1, 289 1, 270 1, 347	130, 880 133, 377 134, 831 138, 390 141, 398 144, 129 146, 621 149, 149 151, 689
	Annual rates, seasonally adjusted				
1949: First quarter	184. 8	191. 1 189. 4 188. 0 189. 7	1, 272 1, 254 1, 236 1, 236	1, 289 1, 272 1, 257 1, 263	148, 282 148, 862 149, 522 150, 234
1950: First quarter	197. 5 207. 1	202. 4 200. 7 204. 2 209. 7	1, 308 1, 305 1, 362 1, 409	1, 342 1, 326 1, 343 1, 373	150, 847 151, 390 152, 068 152, 774
1951: First quarter Second quarter 4		204. 2 208. 8	1, 418 1, 447	1, 331 1, 356	153, 396 154, 010

<sup>1</sup> Income less taxes.
<sup>2</sup> Dollar estimates in current prices divided by the price index of personal consumption expenditures. This price index was based on the Department of Commerce data, shifted from 1930 base.

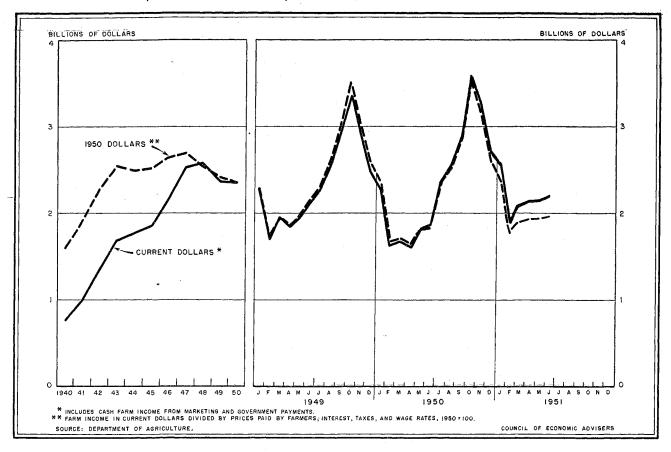
<sup>8</sup> Provisional intercensal estimates of the population of the United States including Armed Forces overseas, taking into account the final 1950 Census total population count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.

<sup>4</sup> Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.

Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted),

#### FARM INCOME

In current dollars, farm income in June was 18 percent above June 1950. Allowing for higher prices paid by farmers, their real income was 6 percent above that of a year earlier.



Period	Farm income (millions of current dollars) 1	Prices paid by farmers (incl. interest, taxes, and wage rates) 1950=100 2	
1939 monthly average 1941 monthly average 1944 monthly average 1946 monthly average 1947 monthly average 1948 monthly average 1949 monthly average 1950 monthly average	981 1, 764 2, 136 2, 527 2, 567 2, 359 2, 349	48 52 71 81 94 101 98 100	1, 508 1, 887 2, 484 2, 637 2, 688 2, 542 2, 407 2, 349
1950: May June July August September October November December	1, 859 2, 356 2, 551 2, 913 3, 584 3, 277 2, 692 2, 539 1, 899	100 100 100 101 102 102 103 104 107	1, 819 1, 859 2, 356 2, 526 2, 856 3, 514 3, 182 2, 588 2, 373 1, 758
March April May <sup>4</sup> June <sup>4</sup>	2, 071 2, 137 2, 153 2, 193	110 111 111 111	1, 883 1, 925 1, 940 1, 976

Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments.

Converted from the reported base, 1910-14=100, to the base 1950=100.

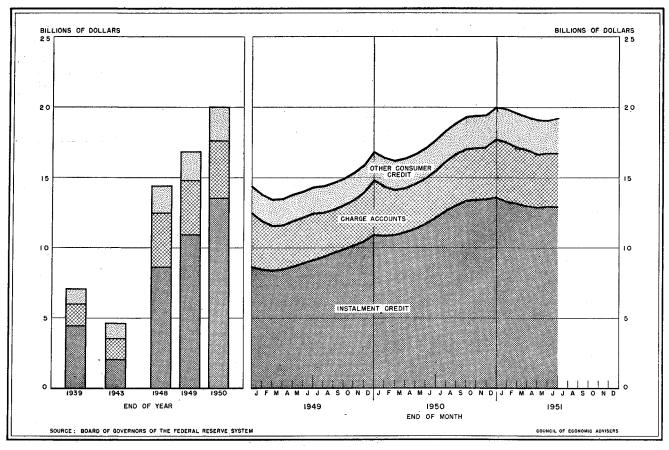
Farm income in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, 1950=100.

Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Agriculture.

#### CONSUMER CREDIT

Consumer credit outstanding rose slightly from May to June as charge accounts and automobile sale credit expanded. Other types of instalment credit and loans declined for the sixth successive month.



#### [Millions of dollars]

	Total	Ir	stalment cred	it		Other
End of period	consumer credit outstanding	Total	Automobile sale credit	Other sale credit and loans	Charge accounts	consumer credit 1
1939	4, 600 8, 677 11, 862	4, 424 2, 001 4, 000 6, 434 8, 600 10, 890 13, 459	1, 267 175 544 1, 151 1, 961 3, 144 4, 126	3, 157 1, 826 3, 456 5, 283 6, 639 7, 746 9, 333	1, 544 1, 498 3, 054 3, 612 3, 854 3, 909 4, 239	1, 063 1, 101 1, 623 1, 816 1, 912 2, 010 2, 399
1950: May	18, 295 18, 842 19, 329 19, 398	11, 667 12, 105 12, 598 13, 009 13, 344 13, 389 13, 306 13, 459	3, 600 3, 790 3, 994 4, 107 4, 213 4, 227 4, 175 4, 126	8, 067 8, 315 8, 604 8, 902 9, 131 9, 162 9, 131 9, 333	3, 290 3, 392 3, 527 3, 636 3, 741 3, 703 3, 739 4, 239	2, 120 2, 154 2, 170 2, 197 2, 244 2, 306 2, 360 2, 399
1951: January February March April May <sup>2</sup> June <sup>2</sup>	19, 937 19, 533 19, 379 19, 124 19, 193 19, 224	13, 252 13, 073 12, 976 12, 902 12, 906 12, 925	4, 056 3, 990 3, 946 3, 934 3, 980 4, 041	9, 196 9, 083 9, 030 8, 968 8, 926 8, 884	4, 248 4, 010 3, 938 3, 744 3, 793 3, 812	2, 437 2, 450 2, 465 2, 478 2, 494 2, 487

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes loans by pawnbrokers, service credit, and single-payment loans under \$3,000 made by commercial banks. The single-payment loan item was revised in November to exclude loans over \$3,000. See Federal Reserve Bulletin for November 1950, pages 1465-6.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimates.

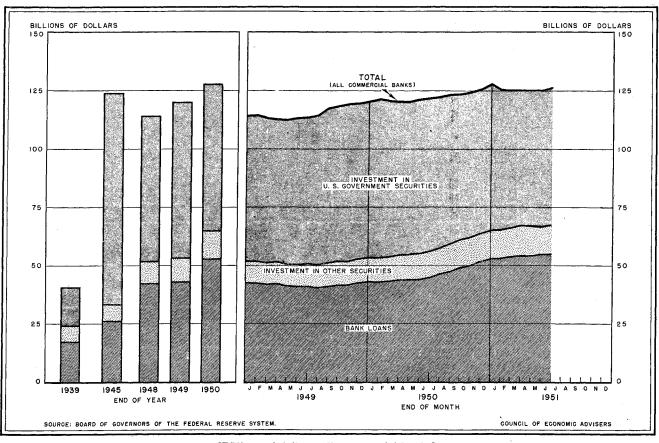
Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

#### BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans and investments expanded \$1.1 billion during June, compared with a decline of \$300 million during May. Loans increased \$500 million and holdings of U. S. Government securities, which had been declining steadily since December 1950, rose by the same amount.



[Billions of dollars, all commercial banks]

	Total Investmen					
End of period	loans and investments	Total	U. S. Government securities	Other securities		
1939	116. 3 114. 3 120. 2 126. 7 121. 2 121. 8	17. 2 26. 1 38. 1 42. 5 43. 0 52. 2 44. 1 44. 8	23. 4 97. 9 78. 2 71. 8 77. 2 74. 4 77. 1 77. 0	16. 3 90. 6 69. 2 62. 6 67. 0 62. 0 66. 1 65. 8	7. 1 7. 3 9. 0 9. 2 10. 2 12. 4 11. 0 11. 2	
July August	123. 3 123. 6 124. 4	46. 0 47. 3 48. 9 49. 8 51. 5 52. 2	76. 3 76. 0 74. 6 74. 6 73. 9 74. 4	65. 0 64. 2 62. 5 62. 5 61. 7 62. 0	11. 4 11. 8 12. 1 12. 1 12. 1 12. 4	
1951: January	125. 0 125. 0 125. 7 125. 4 125. 1 126. 2	52. 7 53. 5 54. 4 54. 4 54. 5 55. 0	72. 3 71. 5 71. 3 71. 0 70. 6 71. 2	60. 0 59. 1 58. 8 58. 5 58. 1 58. 6	12. 4 12. 4 12. 6 12. 6 12. 5 12. 6	

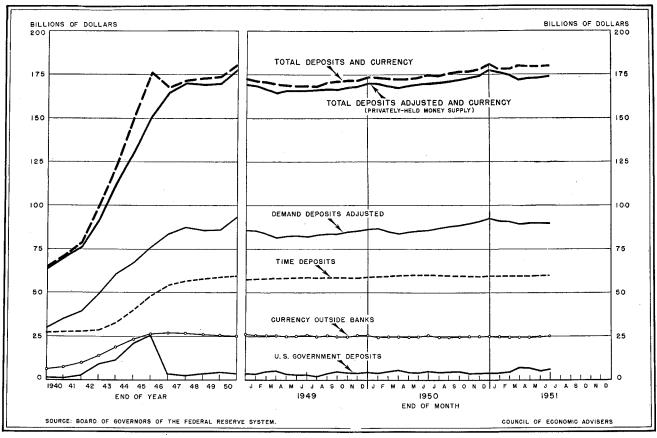
Preliminary estimates

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

#### MONEY SUPPLY

The privately held money supply increased \$500 million during June. Most of the expansion was in time deposits, which surpassed the previous high of June 1950, from which they had been drawn down as much as \$1 billion during the post-Korean buying wave.



[Billions of dollars]

	Total de-	U. S. Gov-		posits adjuste privately held r		
End of period	posits and currency	ernment deposits 1	Total	Currency outside banks	Adjusted demand deposits 2	Time deposits 4
1939	64. 7 176. 4 167. 5 172. 3 172. 7 173. 9 180. 6 173. 0 174. 7 174. 4 175. 5 176. 3 176. 3 177. 4 180. 6	1. 5 25. 6 3. 5 2. 3 3. 6 4. 1 3. 7 3. 8 4. 8 4. 1 4. 5 4. 8 3. 5 3. 5 3. 7	63. 3 150. 8 164. 0 170. 0 169. 1 169. 8 176. 9 169. 2 170. 0 170. 2 171. 0 171. 6 172. 8 173. 9 176. 9	6. 4 26. 5 26. 7 26. 5 26. 1 25. 4 25. 4 24. 7 25. 2 24. 4 24. 5 24. 5 24. 6 24. 9 25. 4	29. 8 75. 9 83. 3 87. 1 85. 5 85. 8 92. 3 85. 0 86. 5 87. 4 88. 0 89. 2 90. 3	27. 1 48. 5 54. 0 56. 4 57. 5 58. 6 59. 2 59. 5 59. 4 59. 1 59. 0 59. 0 58. 7 59. 2
1951: January February March April May June <sup>5</sup>	178. 8 178. 9 179. 9 179. 8 179. 2 180. 8	3. 6 4. 7 7. 4 6. 5 5. 4 6. 6	175. 2 174. 2 172. 5 173. 3 173. 7 174. 2	24. 6 24. 6 24. 4 24. 6 24. 9 25. 0	91. 6 90. 6 89. 0 89. 5 89. 5 89. 5	59. 0 59. 0 59. 1 59. 2 59. 3 59. 8

<sup>1</sup> Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks, commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open

Includes deposits and currency held by State and local governments.

Includes deposits and currency held by State and local governments.

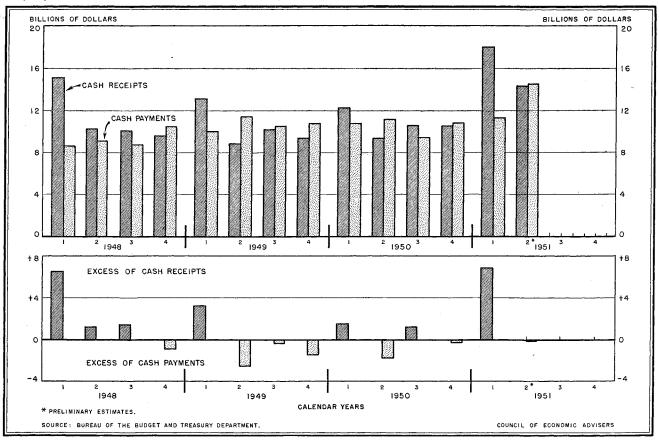
Includes deposits and deposits, other than interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.

Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits.

Preliminary estimates.

# FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

Cash receipts declined seasonally from the first to the second quarter, while payments jumped by \$3.3 billion, reflecting the progress of the defense effort. For the fiscal year 1951, the cash surplus amounted to \$7.6 billion.



#### [Millions of dollars]

Calendar year	Federal cash receipts from the public	Federal cash payments to the public	Excess of receipts (+) or payments ()
Calendar year total:  1946	41, 441 44, 282 44, 922 41, 346 42, 419	41, 399 38, 616 36, 897 42, 642 41, 969	$\begin{array}{c} +42\\ +5,666\\ +8,027\\ -1,295\\ +450 \end{array}$
1948: First quarterSecond quarterThird quarterFourth quarter	15, 037 10, 239 10, 085 9, 560	8, 641 9, 033 8, 735 10, 488	$+6,399 \\ +1,205 \\ +1,349 \\ -926$
1949: First quarterSecond quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	13, 122 8, 814 10, 143 9, 267	9, 964 11, 389 10, 528 10, 762	+3,159 $-2,574$ $-386$ $-1,495$
1950: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	12, 235 9, 303 10, 494 10, 387	10, 760 11, 105 9, 351 10, 754	$^{+1,475}_{-1,803}_{+1,143}_{-367}$
1951: First quarter Second quarter <sup>1</sup>	18, <b>051</b> 14, 462	11, 179 14, 521	$+6,874 \\ -59$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary estimates based on incomplete data. Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

Note.—Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.