# Economic Indicators JUNE 1951 

Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report by the Council of Economic Advisers

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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.
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## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

## THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUD'GET

The buying wave in the first quarter lifted consumer expenditures more than the rise in incomes, resulting in a drop in personal net saving. Business investment continued at a high level. Government receipts increased more than expenditures.


## GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

Gross national product rose at an annual rate of $\$ 14$ billion in the first quarter, to reach a total of $\$ 314$ billion, according to revised estimates. About two-thirds of the increase reflected higher prices. The major changes were higher consumer purchases, lower business inventory accumulation, and increased Government purchases for the defense programs.


[^0] and related activities," Atomic Energy, and Mutual Defense Assistance.

2 Residual; expenditures by the Federal Government for other than 'national defense" and total expenditures by State and local governments.
Nore.- Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PRICES

CONSUMERS' PRICES
Consumers' prices edged up less than 0.1 percent between March 15 and April 15. Housefurnishings and apparel prices and rents moved up slightly, while the retail prices of food, fuel, electricity, and refrigeration declined a little.

$[1935-39=100]$

| Period | All items | Food | Apparel | Rent | Fuel, electricity, and refrigeration | Housefurnishings | Miscellane- ous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 99.4 | 95.2 | 100.5 | 104. 3 | 99.0 | 101. 3 | 100. 7 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 123. 7 | 138. 0 | 129. 7 | 108. 7 | 107.7 | 125. 6 | 115. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 125. 7 | 136. 1 | 138. 8 | 109. 1 | 109.8 | 136. 4 | 121. 3 |
| 1945 monthly average | 128.6 | 139. 1 | 145. 9 | 109. 5 | 110.3 | 145. 8 | 124. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 139.5 | 159.6 | 160.2 | 110. 1 | 112.4 | 159. 2 | 128.8 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 159.6 | 193.8 | 185. 8 | 113.6 | 121. 1 | 184. 4 | 139.9 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 171. 9 | 210.2 | 198.0 | 121. 2 | 133. 9 | 195.8 | 149.9 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 170.2 | 201.9 | 190. 1 | 126. 4 | 137. 5 | 189. 0 | 154. 6 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 171.9 | 204.4 | 187.7 | 131.0 | 140. 6 | 190.2 | 156. 5 |
| 1950: April 15 | 168. 5 | 197.3 | 184. 9 | 130. 1 | 140.3 | 185. 4 | 154. 7 |
| May 15 | 169.3 | 199.8 | 184. 7 | 130.6 | 138. 8 | 185. 0 | 155. 1 |
| June 15 | 170. 2 | 203. 1 | 184. 6 | 130.9 | 139. 1 | 184.8 | 154. 6 |
| July 15. | 172. 0 | 208. 2 | 184.5 | 131. 3 | 139. 4 | 186. 1 | 155. 2 |
| August 15 | 173.4 | 209. 9 | 185.7 | 131. 6 | 140. 2 | 189. 1 | 156. 8 |
| September 15. | 174. 6 | 210.0 | 189.8 | 131.8 | 141. 2 | 194. 2 | 157.8 |
| October 15 | 175. 6 | 210.6 | 193.0 | 132. 0 | 142. 0 | 198.7 | 158.3 |
| November 15 | 176. 4 | 210.8 | 194. 3 | 132.5 | 142. 5 | 201. 1 | 159. 2 |
| December 15 | 178.8 | 216.3 | 195. 5 | 132. 9 | 142.8 | 203. 2 | 160. 6 |
| 1951: January 15 | 181. 5 | 221.9 | 198. 5 | 133. 2 | 143.3 | 207. 4 | 162. 1 |
| February 15.. | 183. 8 | 226. 0 | 202. 0 | 134. 0 | 143. 9 | 209. 7 | 163. 2 |
| March 15 | 1845 | 226. 2 | 203. 1 | 134. 7 | 144. 2 | 210.7 | 164. 3 |
| April 15 | 184.6 | 225.7 | 203.6 | 135. 1 | 144. 0 | 211.8 | 164.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Data became available after chart was prepared.
Note.-Prices are for moderate-income families in large cities.
Source: Department of Lsbor.
The index has been revised, begianing with January 1940, to correct the downward bias resulting from the failure to take account of the differentials in rent between newly built housing and comparable existing dwellings. Certain changes, starting with January 1050 , in commodity coverage and weighing were linked into the index providing an improved and consistent series.

## WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices during May were slightly lower than in April. Farm products showed a rising tendency at the end of the month; industrial products continued a very slow decline.


| $[1926=100]$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All commodities | $\underset{\text { ucts }}{\text { Farm prod- }}$ | Foods | Other than farm products and foods |
| 1942 monthly average | 98.8 | 105. 9 | 99.6 | 95. 5 |
| 1946 monthly average.. | 121. 1 | 148.9 | 130. 7 | 109. 5 |
| 1947 monthly average | 152. 1 | 181. 2 | 168. 7 | 135. 2 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 165. 1 | 188.3 | 179.1 | 151. 0 |
| 1949 monthly average | 155.0 | 165. 5 | 161. 4 | 147. 3 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 161.5 | 170.4 | 166. 1 | 153. 2 |
| 1950: April. | 152. 9 | 159. 3 | 155. 3 | 146. 4 |
| May | 155. 9 | 164.7 | 159.9 | 147. 6 |
| June. | 157.3 | 165. 9 | 162. 1 | 148.8 |
| July --- | 162. 9 | 176. 0 | 171. 4 | 151.5 |
| August | 166. 4 | 177. 6 | 174. 6 | 155. 5 |
| September. | 169.5 | 180.4 | 177. 2 | 159.2 |
| October-..- | 169. 1 | 177. 8 | 172. 5 | 161. 5 |
| November | 171.7 | 183.7 | 175. 2 | 163. 7 |
| December | 175. 3 | 187.4 | 179.0 | 166. 6 |
| 1951: January | 180. 1 | 194. 2 | 182. 2 | 170. 3 |
| February | 183.6 | 202. 6 | 187.6 | 171. 8 |
| March | 184. 0 | 203.8 | 186. 6 | 172. 4 |
| April | 183.5 | 202.6 | 185.7 | 172. 1 |
| May ${ }^{1}$ - | 182. 9 | 199.8 | 187.2 | 171. 4 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |
| 1951: May 1 | 183. 4 | 201. 1 | 188.6 | 171. 6 |
| - 8 | 182. 8 | 198. 1 | 188. 8 | 171. 4 |
| 15 | 182. 2 | 197. 1 | 187. 7 | 171.2 |
| 22 | 182.4 | 198. 1 | 187. 3 | 171. 1 |
| 29 | 182.4 | 199.8 | 188. 1 | 170. 9 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on change in weekly data.
Source: Department of Labor.

## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

After rising steadily for over a year the index of prices paid by farmers dropped 1 point in May. At the same time prices received fell 4 points. The parity ratio declined for the third successive month.

$[1910-14=100]$

| Period | Prices received by farmers | Prices paid by farmers (includ ing interest, taxes, and wage rates) | Parity ratio ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average | 95 | 123 | 77 |
| 1942 monthly average.. | 158 | 152 | 104 |
| 1944 monthly average | ${ }^{2} 196$ | 182 | 108 |
| 1946 monthly average.. | ${ }^{2} 234$ | 207 | 113 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 275 | 239 | 115 |
| 1948 monthly average | 285 | 259 | 110 |
| 1949 monthly average | 249 | 250 | 100 |
| 1950 monthly average.. | 256 | 255 | 100 |
| 1950: April 15 | 241 | 250 | 96 |
| May 15.. | 247 | 253 | 98 |
| June 15.. | 247 | 255 | 97 |
| July 15 | 263 | 256 | 103 |
| August 15 | 267 | 258 | 103 |
| September 15 | 272 | 260 | 105 |
| October 15 | 268 | 261 | 103 |
| November 15 | 276 | 263 | 105 |
| December 15 | 286 | 265 | 108 |
| 1951: January 15 | 300 | 272 | 110 |
| February 15 | 313 | 276 | 113 |
| March 15 | 311 | 280 | 111 |
| April 15 | 309 | 283 | 109 |
| May 15. | 305 | 282 | 108 |

[^1]
## STOCK PRICES

Stock prices declined generally during May.


| Period | Composite index ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  | Trade, finance, and service | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Transportation | Utilities |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 90.6 | 93.4 | 92.5 | 94.2 | 99.1 | 97. 7 | 86.7 | 75.9 |
| 1942 | 74.9 | 75. 5 | 73.7 | 77.1 | 90.8 | 69.8 | 7 | 59.7 |
| 1944 | 108. 0 | 108. 9 | 104. 5 | 109.1 | 140.5 | 100.8 | 11: | 93.2 |
| 1946 | 149.6 | 146. 6 | 138.8 | 154. 4 | 202.6 | 121. 0 | 20 | '. 5 |
| 1948 | 132.3 | 136. 2 | 124.4 | 147. 0 | 158. 1 | 99.4 | 156. |  |
| 1949 | 127.6 | 132.1 | 116.0 | 147.2 | 138.8 | 98.1 | 160.5 |  |
| 1950 | 154.1 | 165. 7 | 150.4 | 180.2 | 159.9 | 107.2 | 183.8 |  |
| 1950: April | 148. 9 | 157.8 | 142.7 | 171.7 | 151. 4 | 112.8 | 178.4 |  |
| May | 154.7 | 165. 4 | 149.4 | 180. 2 | 152. 8 | 115.0 | 180.6 | 14. |
| June | 158.3 | 171. 1 | 156. 0 | 185. 0 | 149. 5 | 114.8 | 182.4 | 143. |
| July | 146.7 | 157.9 | 142.6 | 172. 2 | 150.0 | 105. 5 | 170.3 | 133. 7 |
| August | 154.4 | 167. 6 | 151. 8 | 182.2 | 164. 5 | 105. 9 | 176.6 | 146. 4 |
| Septembe | 159.3 | 173. 3 | 157. 5 | 187.9 | 168. 2 | 107. 1 | 187.8 | 150. 3 |
| October- | 164.9 | 180. 3 | 166. 0 | 193. 7 | 171. 4 | 107. 8 | 198.3 | 154. 5 |
| November | 165. 9 | 181. 8 | 166. 0 | 196. 5 | 171. 1 | 107. 4 | 200. 8 | 157. 6 |
| December | 165. 2 | 180.4 | 161.7 | 197. 9 | 184. 4 | 106. 5 | 195.7 | 159.7 |
| 1951: January | 176. 7 | 194. 2 | 174.8 | 212. 3 | 202.0 | 110.3 | 205. 1 | 175. 9 |
| February | 184.0 | 203. 0 | 181. 6 | 222. 8 | 213.1 | 112.1 | 213. 2 | 184. 2 |
| March | 179.9 | 198. 4 | 178.2 | 217.0 | 200.0 | 112.9 | 209.7 | 176. 7 |
| April | 183.1 | 203.8 | 181.2 | 224.8 | 201. 9 | 111.4 | 207.8 | 183.4 |
| May | 181.6 | 202. 6 | 175. 3 | 228.1 | 196. 7 | 110. 4 | 206. 0 | 187. 7 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1951: May 5 | 187.6 | 209.7 | 182. 8 | 234.8 | 205. 8 | 112.4 | 210.9 | 192.1 |
| 12 | 184, 2 | 206. 0 | 177. 1 | 233.0 | 200.7 | 110.4 | 209.0 | 191. 9 |
| 19 | 178. 9 | 199. 4 | 172. 4 | 224.6 | 192. 6 | 109.7 | 202.4 | 187. 1 |
| 26 | 175. 7 | 195. 3 | 168. 9 | 220.0 | 187.7 | 109.3 | 201. 7 | 179.8 |
| June $2^{2}$ | 178.8 | 199.2 | 171. 5 | 225. 1 | 191. 1 | 110. 4 | 202.4 | 183.6 |

1 Includes 265 common stocks, distributed as follows: 14 for mining, 98 for durable goods manufacturing, 72 for nondurable goods manufacturing, 21 for transportation, 28 for utilities, and 32 for trade, finance, and service.

2 Data became available after chart was prepared
Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Civilian employment increased more than 1 million in May, primarily because of the large seasonal jump in agricultural work. Unemployment declined still further to 1.6 million, a new postwar low level.


| Period | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  | Unemployment as percent of total civilian labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Employment ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Unem-ployment |  |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agricul- } \\ & \text { tural } \end{aligned}$ | Nonagricultural |  |  |
|  | Thousands of persons, 14 years of age and over |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 55, 230 | 45, 750 | 9,610 | 36, 140 | 9, 480 | 17.2 |
| 1944 monthly average | 54, 630 | 53, 960 | 8, 950 | 45, 010 | 670 | 1. 2 |
| 1947 monthly average | 60, 168 | 58, 027 | 8, 266 | 49, 761 | 2, 142 | 3. 6 |
| 1948 monthly average | 61, 442 | 59, 378 | 7, 973 | 51, 405 | 2, 064 | 3. 4 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 62, 105 | 58, 710 | 8, 026 | 50, 684 | 3, 395 | 5. 5 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 63, 099 | 59, 957 | 7,507 | 52, 450 | 3, 142 | 5.0 |
| 1950: April | 62, 183 | 58, 668 | 7, 195 | 51, 473 | 3,515 | 5. 7 |
| May- | 62, 788 | 59, 731 | 8, 062. | 51, 669 | 3, 057 | 4. 9 |
| June | 64, 866 | 61,482 | 9, $046{ }^{-}$ | 52, 436 | 3, 384 | 5. 2 |
| July | 64, 427 | 61, 214 | 8, 440 | 52, 774 | 3,213 | 5. 0 |
| August | 64, 867 | 62, 367 | 8,160 | 54, 207 | 2, 500 | 3. 9 |
| September | 63, 567 | 61, 226 | 7, 811 | 53, 415 | 2, 341 | 3. 7 |
| October-- | 63, 704 | 61, 764 | 8, 491 | 53, 273 | 1, 940 | 3. 0 |
| November | 63, 512 | 61, 271 | 7, 551 | 53, 721 | 2, 240 | 3. 5 |
| December | 62, 538 | 60, 308 | 6, 234 | 54, 075 | 2, 229 | 3. 6 |
| 1951: January_ | 61,514 | 59, 010 | 6, 018 | 52, 993 | 2, 503 | 4. 1 |
| February | 61, 313 | 58, 905 | 5,930 | 52, 976 | 2, 407 | 3. 9 |
| March ... | 62, 325 | 60, 179 | 6, 393 | 53, 785 | 2, 147 | 3. 4 |
| April | 61, 789 | 60, 044 | 6,645 | 53, 400 | 1,744 | 2. 8 |
| May | 62, 803 | 61, 193 | 7, 440 | 53, 753 | 1, 609 | 2. 6 |

1 Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment in durable goods industries dropped slightly in April as the result of cutbacks in output of such goods as passenger cars and television sets. Contract construction rose seasonally; Government employment continued to rise. Trade showed its customary post-Easter decline.


| Period | [Thousands of wage and salary workers ${ }^{1}$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Manufacturing |  |  | Contract construction | Trade | Finance and service | Government (Federal, State, local) | Transportation and public utilities | Mining |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 10, 078 | 4, 683 | 5, 394 | 1, 150 | 6, 612 | 4, 703 | 3, 987 | 2,912 | 845 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 17, 381 | 11, 077 | 6, 304 | 1,567 | 7, 189 | 5, 320 | 6, 049 | 3, 619 | 917 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 14, 461 | 7, 739 | 6, 722 | 1,661 | 8, 612 | 6, 207 | 5, 607 | 4, 023 | 852 |
| 1947 monthly average | 15, 247 | 8, 373 | 6, 874 | 1, 982 | 9, 196 | 6, 427 | 5, 454 | 4, 122 | 943 |
| 1948 monthly average | 15, 286 | 8,315 | 6,970 | 2, 165 | 9, 491 | 6, 515 | 5, 613 | 4, 151 | 981 |
| 1949 monthly average | 14, 146 | 7,465 | 6, 681 | 2, 156 | 9, 438 | 6,545 | 5, 811 | 3, 979 | 932 |
| 1950 monthly average | 14, 884 | 8, 008 | 6, 876 | 2, 318 | 9, 524 | 6,573 | 5,910 | 4, 010 | 904 |
| 1950: March | 14, 103 | 7,418 | 6, 685 | 1,907 | 9, 206 | 6, 499 | 5,769 | 3, 873 | 938 |
| April | 14, 162 | 7,548 | 6, 614 | 2, 076 | 9, 346 | 6, 560 | 5,915 | 3, 928 | 939 |
| May | 14, 413 | 7, 809 | 6, 604 | 2, 245 | 9, 326 | 6, 602 | 5, 900 | 3, 885 | 940 |
| June | 14, 666 | 7,964 | 6, 702 | 2, 414 | 9, 411 | 6, 653 | 5, 832 | 4, 023 | 946 |
| July | 14, 777 | 7,978 | 6, 799 | 2, 532 | 9, 390 | 6, 672 | 5, 741 | 4, 062 | 922 |
| August | 15, 450 | 8, 294 | 7, 156 | 2, 629 | 9, 474 | 6, 664 | 5, 793 | 4, 120 | 950 |
| September | 15, 685 | 8, 423 | 7, 262 | 2, 626 | 9, 641 | 6, 643 | 6, 004 | 4, 139 | 946 |
| October | 15, 827 | 8, 618 | 7, 209 | 2, 631 | 9, 752 | 6,578 | 6, 039 | 4, 132 | 939 |
| November | 15, 765 | 8, 664 | 7, 101 | 2, 571 | 9, 896 | 6, 543 | 6, 037 | 4, 123 | 938 |
| December | 15, 789 | 8,717 | 7,072 | 2, 403 | 10, 443 | 6, 522 | 6, 376 | 4, 125 | 37 |
| 1951: January | 15, 784 | 8, 742 | 7, 042 | 2, 281 | 9, 592 | 6, 497 | 6, 088 | 4, 072 | 932 |
| February | 15, 971 | 8, 870 | 7, 101 | 2, 222 | 9, 564 | 6, 499 | 6, 122 | 4, 079 | 933 |
| March ${ }^{\text {A }}{ }^{2}$ | 16, 022 | 8, 968 | 7, 054 | 2, 324 | 9, 717 | 6,537 | 6, 217 | 4, 110 | 930 918 |
| Ap | 15, 884 | 8, | 6,949 | 2, 45 | 9,645 | 6,615 | 6, 292 | 4,132 | 918 |

[^2]
## AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

The workweek in manufacturing industries in April was about an hour longer than a year ago but was a fraction shorter than in March of this year. The recent declines reflected the post-Easter reductions in the workweek in textiles, apparel, and leather products.

[Hours per week, selected industries ${ }^{1}$ ]

| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Building construction | Retail trade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 37.7 | 38.0 | 37. 4 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| 1943 monthly average | 44. 9 | 46.6 | 42.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
| 1946 monthly average | 40. 4 | 40.2 | 40.5 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| 1947 monthly average | 40. 4 | 40. 6 | 40.1 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 40. 3 |
| 1948 monthly average | 40.1 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 37.3 | 40. 3 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 39.2 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 36. 7 | 40. 4 |
| 1950 monthly average | 40.5 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 36.3 | 40.5 |
| 1950: March_ | 39.7 | 40. 2 | 39.2 | 34. 5 | 40. 3 |
| April | 39.7 | 40.7 | 38.5 | 35. 6 | 40. 2 |
| May | 39.9 | 40.8 | 38. 9 | 36.5 | 40. 4 |
| June. | 40. 5 | 41.3 | 39.5 | 37.0 | 40. 9 |
| July | 40.5 | 41.1 | 39.8 | 36. 9 | 41. 2 |
| August | 41.2 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 37. 6 | 41. 1 |
| September | 41. 0 | 41.7 | 40.1 | 36. 7 | 40. 4 |
| October.-- | 41.3 | 42.1 | 40. 3 | 37. 4 | 40. 3 |
| November | 41. 1 | 41.8 | 40.3 | 37.3 | 40. 0 |
| December | 41. 4 | 42.2 | 40. 5 | 36.7 | 40. 7 |
| 1951: January | 41.0 | 41. 5 | 40. 2 | 36. 7 | 40.3 |
| February ${ }^{3}$ | 40. 9 | 41.5 | 40.0 | 35.4 | 40. 0 |
| March ${ }^{3}$ | 41. 0 | 41. 8 | 40. 0 | 35.9 | 39.6 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 40. 8 | 41. 7 | 39.6 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |

${ }^{1}$ For production and related workers.
' Not available.

- Preliminary estimates.

Source: Department of Labor

## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Hourly earnings in nondurable goods industries rose slightly between March and April, partly as a result of wage rate adjustments in a number of plants. Hourly earnings in durable goods industries remained about the same.

[Production and related workers in selected industries]

| , Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1939 monthly average | \$0.633 | \$1.090 | \$0.698 | \$1. 201 | \$0. 582 | \$1. 002 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average | 961 | 1. 335 | 1. 059 | 1. 471 | . 803 | 1. 115 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |
| 1946 monthly average | 1. 086 | 1. 337 | 1. 156 | 1. 424 | 1. 015 | 1. 250 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1. 237 | 1. 333 | 1. 292 | 1. 392 | 1. 171 | 1. 262 | (2) | (2) | \$1. 009 | \$1. 087 |
| 1948 monthly average | 1. 350 | 1. 350 | 1. 410 | 1. 410 | 1. 278 | 1. 278 | \$1. 848 | \$1. 848 | 1. 088 | 1. 088 |
| 1949 monthly average | 1. 401 | 1. 415 | 1. 469 | 1. 484 | 1. 325 | 1. 338 | 1. 935 | 1. 955 | 1. 137 | 1. 148 |
| 1950 monthly average | 1. 465 | 1. 465 | 1. 537 | 1. 537 | 1. 378 | 1. 378 | 2. 031 | 2. 031 | 1. 176 | 1. 176 |
| 1950: March | 1. 424 | 1. 453 | 1. 486 | 1. 516 | 1. 353 | 1. 381 | 1. 995 | 2. 036 | 1. 148 | 1. 171 |
| April | 1. 434 | 1. 463 | 1. 499 | 1. 530 | 1. 355 | 1. 383 | 1. 986 | 2. 027 | 1. 156 | 1. 180 |
| May | 1. 442 | 1. 464 | 1. 509 | 1. 532 | 1. 358 | 1. 379 | 1. 998 | 2. 028 | 1. 162 | 1. 180 |
| June | 1. 453 | 1. 468 | 1. 522 | 1. 537 | 1. 365 | 1. 379 | 1. 995 | 2. 015 | 1. 175 | 1. 187 |
| July | 1. 462 | 1. 461 | 1. 533 | 1. 531 | 1. 375 | 1. 374 | 2. 006 | 2. 004 | 1. 189 | 1. 188 |
| August | 1. 464 | 1. 451 | 1. 539 | 1. 525 | 1. 374 | 1. 362 | 2. 021 | 2. 003 | 1. 192 | 1. 181 |
| September | 1. 479 | 1. 456 | 1. 562 | 1. 537 | 1. 379 | 1. 357 | 2. 067 | 2. 034 | 1. 200 | 1. 181 |
| October | 1. 501 | 1. 468 | 1. 577 | 1. 543 | 1. 404 | 1. 374 | 2. 082 | 2. 037 | 1. 199 | 1. 173 |
| Novembe | 1. 514 | 1. 476 | 1. 587 | 1. 547 | 1. 419 | 1. 383 | 2. 093 | 2. 040 | 1. 198 | 1. 168 |
| December | 1. 543 | 1. 484 | 1. 619 | 1. 557 | 1. 443 | 1. 338 | 2. 120 | 2. 038 | 1. 187 | 1. 141 |
| 1951: January | 1. 555 | 1. 473 | 1. 630 | 1. 544 | 1. 456 | 1. 379 | 2. 135 | 2. 022 | 1. 237 | 1. 171 |
| February | 1. 560 | 1. 459 | 1. 638 | 1. 532 | 1. 457 | 1. 363 | 2. 153 | 2. 014 | 1. 240 | 1. 160 |
| March | 1. 569 | 1. 462 | 1. 651 | 1. 539 | 1. 460 | 1. 361 | 2. 171 | 2. 023 | 1. 236 | 1. 152 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 1. 574 | 1. 466 | 1. 652 | 1. 538 | 1. 465 | 1. 364 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

1 Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base $1950=100$.
Not available.

- Preliminary estimates.

Source:Department of Labor

## AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELECTED INDUSTRIEs

Weekly earnings declined slightly in both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing in April, primarily because of the somewhat shorter workweek.

[Production and related workers in selected industries]

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars } 1 \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ |
| 1939 monthly | \$23. 86 | \$41. 07 | \$26. 50 | \$45. 61 | \$21. 78 | \$37. 49 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| 1943 monthly average | 43. 14 | 59.92 | 49.30 | 68. 47 | 34. 12 | 47. 39 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1946 monthly average | 43. 82 | 53. 97 | 46. 49 | 57.25 | 41. 14 | 50.67 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1947 monthly average | 49. 97 | 53. 85 | 52. 46 | 56. 53 | 46. 96 | 50.63 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | \$40. 66 | \$43. 81 |
| 1948 monthly average | 54. 14 | 54. 14 | 57.11 | 57.11 | 50.61 | 50.61 | \$68. 85 | \$68. 85 | 43. 85 | 43. 85 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 54. 92 | 55.47 | 58. 03 | 58. 62 | 51. 41 | 51.93 | 70. 95 | 71. 67 | 45. 93 | 46. 31 |
| 1950 monthly average | 59.33 | 59.33 | 63. 32 | 63.32 | 54.71 | 54.71 | 73. 73 | 73.73 | 47. 63 | 47.63 |
| 1950: March | 56. 53 | 57.68 | 59. 74 | 60.96 | 53. 04 | 54.12 | 68. 83 | 70. 23 | 46. 26 | 47. 20 |
| April | 56. 93 | 58. 09 | 61. 01 | 62. 26 | 52. 17 | 53.23 | 70. 70 | 72. 14 | 46. 47 | 47. 42 |
| May | 57. 54 | 58.42 | 61.57 | 62. 51 | 52. 83 | 53. 63 | 72. 93 | 74. 04 | 46. 94 | 47. 65 |
| June | 58. 85 | 59.44 | 62. 86 | 63. 49 | 53. 92 | 54.46 | 73. 82 | 74.57 | 48. 06 | 48. 55 |
| July - | 59. 21 | 59. 15 | 63. 01 | 62. 95 | 54.73 | 54. 68 | 74. 02 | 73. 95 | 48. 99 | 48. 94 |
| August | 60. 32 | 59. 78 | 64. 33 | 63.76 | 55. 65 | 55. 15 | 75. 99 | 75. 31 | 48. 99 | 48. 55 |
| Septembe | 60. 64 | 59. 68 | 65. 14 | 64. 11 | 55. 30 | 54.43 | 75. 86 | 74. 67 | 48. 48 | 47. 72 |
| October | 61. 99 | 60.66 | 66. 39 | 64. 96 | 56.58 | 55. 36 | 77. 87 | 76. 19 | 48. 32 | 47. 28 |
| Novembe | 62. 23 | 60.65 | 66. 34 | 64. 66 | 57. 19 | 55.74 | 78. 07 | 76. 09 | 47. 92 | 46. 71 |
| Decemb | 63. 88 | 61.42 | 68.32 | 65. 69 | 58. 44 | 56.19 | 77. 80 | 74. 81 | 48. 31 | 46.45 |
| 1951: January | 63. 76 | 60.38 | 67.65 | 64. 06 | 58. 53 | 55. 43 | 78. 35 | 74. 20 | 49. 85 | 47. 21 |
| February | 63. 80 | 59. 68 | 67. 98 | 63. 59 | 58. 28 | 54. 52 | 76. 22 | 71. 30 | 49. 60 | 46. 40 |
| March ${ }^{3}$ | 64.33 | 59. 95 | 69. 01 | 64. 32 | 58. 40 | 54. 43 | 77. 94 | 72.64 | 48. 95 | 45. 62 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 64. 22 | 59. 80 | 68.89 | 64. 14 | 58.01 | 54. 01 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

1 Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base $1950=100$.
2 Not available.
a Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor,

## WORK STOPPAGES

The number of stoppages beginning in April was the same as in the two previous months. Man-days of idleness were less than in March.


| Period | Man-days of idleness during period |  | Workers involved in stoppages |  | Number of stoppages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly average (thousands) | Percent of estimated working time | Beginning in period (thousands) | In effect during month (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Beginning } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { period } \end{gathered}$ | In effect during month |
| 1939 | 1, 483 | 0. 28 | 1, 170- |  | 2, 613 |  |
| 1941 | 1, 917 | . 32 | 2, 360 |  | 4, 288 |  |
| 1942 |  | . 05 | 840 |  | 2, 968 |  |
| 1944 | 727 | . 09 | 2, 120 |  | 4, 956 |  |
| 1945 | 3, 167 | . 47 | 3, 470 |  | 4, 750 |  |
| 1946 | 9, 667 | 1. 43 | 4, 600 |  | 4, 985 |  |
| 1947 | 2, 883 | . 41 | 2, 170 |  | 3, 693 |  |
| 1949 | 2,842 4,208 | $\begin{array}{r}.37 \\ .59 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, 9600 |  | 3,419 3,606 |  |
| 1950 | 3, 233 | . 44 | 2, 410 |  | 4, 443 |  |
| 1950: March | 3, 870 | . 51 | 85 | 566 | 298 | 453 |
| April | 3,280 | . 49 | 159 | 294 | 407 | 605 |
| May | 3, 270 | . 44 | 354 | 508 | 485 | 723 |
| June | 2, 630 | . 34 | 278 | 373 | 483 | 768 |
| July | 2, 750 | . 39 | 224 | 389 | 463 | 732 |
| August-- | 2, 660 | . 32 | 346 | 441 | 635 | 918 |
| September | 3, 510 | . 48 | 270 | 450 | 521 | 820 |
| October--- <br> November | 2, 590 | - 32 | 197 | 330 | 550 | 801 |
| December | 2,050 912 | $\begin{array}{r}.27 \\ .12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 100 61 | 114 | 329 218 | 605 423 |
| 1951: January ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 1,200 | 15 | 185 | 215 | 400 | 550 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 700 | . 25 | 220 | 300 | 350 | 550 |
| March ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 300 | . 29 | 140 | 280 | 350 | 550 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 850 | 25 | 165 | 235 | 350 | 550 |

${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimates:

## PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production was practically unchanged in May from the high level reached in March and April, according to preliminary estimates. Among the durable goods industries, increased output of industrial and munitions machinery was about offset by lower production of consumer durables. The small change in production of nondurable goods resulted from the resumption of work in the textile mills.


| Period | Total industrial production | Manufactures |  |  | Minerals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nonduraable goods |  |
| 1943 monthly average_ | 239 | 258 | 360 | 176 | 132 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 170 | 177 | 192 | 165 | 134 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 187 | 194 | 220 | 172 | 149 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 192 | 198 | 225 | 177 | 155 |
| 1949 monthly average_ | 176 | 183 | 202 | 168 | 135 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 200 | 209 | 237 | 187 | 148 |
| 1950: April | 190 | 199 | 222 | 180 | 140 |
| May | 195 | 204 | 231 | 181 | 145 |
| June. | 199 | 208 | 237 | 184 | 151 |
| July | 196 | 206 | 235 | 181 | 144 |
| August | 209 | 218 | 247 | 195 | 159 |
| September | 211 | 220 | 251 | 194 | 163 |
| October | 216 | 225 | 262 | 196 | 166 |
| November_ | 215 | 224 | 260 | 195 | 160 |
| December-- | 218 | 229 | 268 | 197 | 157 |
| 1951: January | 221 | 231 | 268 | 201 | 164 |
| February | 221 | 232 | 271 | 200 | 158 |
| March_- | 222 | 234 | 277 | 199 | 158 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 222 | 233 | $\stackrel{275}{ }$ | 199 | 164 |
| May ${ }^{1}$ | 223 | 234 | 276 | 200 | 164 |

[^3]Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Steel output in May reached the highest weekly rate ever attained. The auto industry maintained production at the lower levels established at the beginning of April. Electric power production in May reached the lowest weekly levels of 1951, although well above May of last year. Bituminous coal mining fell below the average for April, and continued below output last year.




SOURGE : AMERICAN IRON AND STEEL'INSTITUTE, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, EDISON ELECTRIG INSTITUTE, AND WARD'S AUTOMOTIVE REPORTS.
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC AOVISERS

| Period | Steel |  | Electric power, by utilities millions of kilowatt-hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bituminous } \\ & \text { coal } \\ & \text { (thousands of } \\ & \text { short tons) } \end{aligned}$ | Cars and trucks (number) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of net tons | Percent of theoretical capacity ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-- | 1,628 | 93.0 | 4, 821 | 2, 058 | 92, 163 |
| 1948 | 1,695 | 94.1 | 5, 300 | 1,948 | 82, 340 |
| 1949 | 1, 496 | 81.0 | 5, 500 | 1, 427 | 120, 350 |
| 1950 | 1,857 | 96.9 | 6, 183 | 1, 673 | 153, 546 |
| 1950: April | 1,917 | 100.6 | 5, 877 | 1, 903 | 130, 167 |
| May | 1, 933 | 101. 4 | 5, 821 | 1, 728 | 158, 025 |
| June- | 1, 1,898 | 99.6 | 6, 038 | 1, 762 | 199, 524 |
| July - | 1, 829 | 94.8 | 5, 940 | 1, 404 | 160, 997 |
| August | 1, 861 | 96.5 | 6, 335 | 1, 855 | 185, 127 |
| September | 1, 917 | 99.4 | 6, 360 | 1, 892 | 167, 358 |
| October-- | 1, 976 | 102. 4 | 6, 522 | 1,976 | 173, 135 |
| November | 1, 870 | 97.0 | 6,615 | 1,820 | 140, 612 |
| December | 1, 890 | 98.0 | 6, 852 | 1, 900 | 141, 766 |
| 1951: January | 1,996 | 99.9 | 6, 866 | 1,960 | 140, 216 |
| February | 1, 941 | 97. 1 | 6, 948 | 1, 610 | 151, 053 |
| March | 2, 048 | 102. 4 | 6, 827 | 1,648 | 170, 253 |
| April | 2, 059 | 103.0 | 6, 722 | 1,735 | 152, 948 |
| May ${ }^{3}$ | 2, 075 | 103.8 | 6,585 | 1,614 | 147, 546 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1951: May 5 | 2, 079 | 104. 0 | 6, 560 | 1,618 | 144, 794 |
| 12 | 2, 073 | 103. 7 | 6, 567 | 1, 603 | 148, 400 |
| 19 | 2,077 | 103. 9 | 6, 559 | - 1,609 | 146, 292 |
| 26 | 2,071 | 103. 6 | 6, 653 | - 1,626 | 150, 697 |
| June 2 | 2, 053 | 102.7 |  |  | 113, 844 |
|  | 2,063 | 103.2 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Based on weekly net ton capacity of $1,749,928$ for $1947,1,802,476$ for $1948,1,843,516$ for $1949,1,906,268$ for the first half of $1950,1,928,721$ beginning July 1,1950 , and $1,999,034$ beginning January 1,1951 .

2 Daily average for week.

## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

The rise in machinery output slowed somewhat in April but has since picked up, according to preliminary data. Production of lumber and products fell, along with output of such nondurable goods as textiles and petroleum and coal products. Chemicals continued their steady rise.

$[1935-39=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Durable manufactures |  |  |  | Nondurable manufactures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iron and steel | Lumber and products | Machinery | Nonferrous metals and products | Textiles and products | Petroleum and coal products | Manufactured food products | Chemical products |
| 1943 monthly average | 208 | 129 | 443 | 267 | 153 | 185 | 145 | 384 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 150 | 131 | 240 | 157 | 162 | 173 | 149 | 236 |
| 1947 monthly average | 195 | 143 | 276 | 187 | 163 | 193 | 157 | 251 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 208 | 145 | 277 | 193 | 170 | 218 | 159 | 254 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 188 | 130 | 234 | 160 | 147 | 209 | 163 | 241 |
| 1950 monthly average_ | 229 | 159 | 270 | 207 | 182 | 229 | 164 | 263 |
| 1950: March | 205 | 156 | 243 | 200 | 173 | 207 | 165 | 247 |
| April | 222 | 159 | 251 | 198 | 174 | 206 | 164 | 252 |
| May | 226 | 158 | 258 | 197 | 175 | 216 | 164 | 256 |
| June. | 231 | 155 | 262 | 207 | 173 | 222 | 164 | 261 |
| July | 228 | 151 | 265 | 202 | 165 | 229 | 167 | 263 |
| August | 236 | 165 | 279 | 212 | 189 | 238 | 168 | 269 |
| September | 245 | 166 | 283 | 216 | 191 | 243 | 167 | 271 |
| October-.. | 253 | 166 | 303 | 223 | 197 | 251 | 162 | 277 |
| November | 246 | 169 | 311 | 227 | 193 | 253 | 161 | 280 |
| December | 253 | 173 | 321 | 227 | 194 | 263 | 165 | 283 |
| 1951: January | 254 | 171 | 321 | 224 | 193 | 277 | 167 | 287 |
| February | 252 | 169 | 328 | 218 | 194 | 268 | 166 | 288 |
| March_- | 263 | 169 | 335 | 212 | 188 | 269 | 169 | 292 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 264 | 165 | 337 | 214 | 185 | 256 | 170 | 297 |

## NEW CONSTRUCTION

Total new construction (seasonally adjusted) fell about $\$ 140$ million in May. Privare residential outlays decreased more than $\$ 150$ million from April, or 16 percent, while other private building and public construction continued to rise.

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Total new construction | Private construction |  |  | Federal, State, and local ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Residential (nonfarm) | Other |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 683 | 366 | 223 | 142 | 317 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 1, 173 | 285 | 143 | 142 | 888 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 438 | 182 | 68 | 114 | 256 |
| 1946 monthly average_ | 1, 000 | 803 | 335 | 469 | 197 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 1, 798 | 1, 389 | 715 | 674 | 409 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 1,883 | 1,350 | 691 | 659 | 532 |
| 1950 monthly average_ | 2,310 | 1, 721 | 1, 042 | 679 | 589 |
| 1950: April | 2, 227 | 1, 648 | 1,000 | 648 | 579 |
| May | 2, 250 | 1, 685 | 1, 025 | 660 | 565 |
| June. | 2, 293 | 1,729 | 1, 065 | 664 | 564 |
| July | 2, 333 | 1, 786 | 1, 110 | 676 | 547 |
| August | 2, 388 | 1, 824 | 1,140 | 684 | 564 |
| September | 2, 427 | 1, 836 | 1, 145 | 691 | 591 |
| October-- | 2, 454 | 1, 842 | 1,125 | 717 | 612 |
| November. | 2, 479 | 1, 813 | 1, 070 | 743 | 666 |
| December- | 2, 472 | 1, 767 | 1,030 | 737 | 705 |
| 1951: January | 2,501 | 1, 825 | 1, 049 | 776 | 676 |
| February | 2,572 | 1,908 | 1, 103 | 805 | 664 |
| March.. | 2, 672 | 1, 916 | 1, 078 | 838 | 756 |
| April. | 2, 628 | 1, 846 | 991 | 855 | 782 |
| May ${ }^{2}$ | 2,486 | 1, 699 | 837 | 862 | 787 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes public residential construction.
Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimates.

## NEW HOUSING STARTS

New housing starts dropped 5 percent from March to April to a level below that of any April during the past three years.


| Month | New nonfarm units started |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 |
| January | 39,300 | 53, 500 | 50,000 | 78, 700 | 85, 900 |
| February | 42, 800 | 50, 100 | 50, 400 | 82, 900 | ${ }^{180} 8000$ |
| March | 56, 000 | 76, 400 | 69, 400 | 117, 300 | 193, 000 |
| April | 67, 100 | 99, 500 | 88, 300 | 133, 400 | ${ }^{1} 88,000$ |
| May | 72, 900 | 100, 300 | 95, 400 | 149, 100 |  |
| June_ | 77, 200 | 97, 800 | 95, 500 | 144, 300 |  |
| July | 81, 100 | 95, 000 | 96, 100 | 144, 400 |  |
| August | 86, 300 | 86, 700 | 99, 000 | 141, 900 |  |
| September | 93, 800 | 82, 300 | 102, 900 | 120, 600 |  |
| October--- | 94, 000 | 73, 400 | 104, 300 | 102, 500 |  |
| November | 79, 700 | 63, 700 | 95, 500 | 87, 300 |  |
| December. | 58, 800 | 52, 900 | 78, 300 | 93, 600 |  |
| Total | 849, 000 | 931, 600 | 1, 025, 100 | 1, 396, 000 |  |
| Monthly average_ | 70,750 | 77, 600 | 85, 425 | 116, 300 |  |

1 Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Labor.

## EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Nonfarm plant and equipment expenditures in the fourth quarter of 1950 were at a record level, 26 percent above those of a year earlier. For manufacturing facilities alone, the increase was 52 percent. There was probably a less than normal seasonal decline in the first quarter of 1951. Business plans to invest at a still higher rate during the rest of this year.

[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal variation]

| Period | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing | Mining | Transportation |  | Electric and gas utilities | Commercial and miscellaneous ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |
| 1939 | 5, 200 | 1,930 | 380 | 280 | 280 | 480 | 1,850 |
| 1941 | 8, 190 | 3, 400 | 680 | 560 | 340 | 710 | 2, 490 |
| 1945 | 6,630 | 3, 210 | 440 | 550 | 320 | 630 | 1,480 |
| 1948 | 19, 230 | 8, 340 | 800 | 1,320 | 700 | 2, 680 | 5, 390 |
| 1949 | 18, 120 | 7,250 | 740 | 1,350 | 520 | 3, 140 | 5, 120 |
| 1950 | 18,560 | 8,220 | 680 | 1, 140 | 440 | 3, 170 | 4,920 |
| $1951{ }^{3}$ | 23,910 | 11, 920 | 890 | 1, 520 | 620 | 3,540 | 5,410 |
| 1949: First quarter | 17, 840 | 7, 400 | 760 | 1, 440 | 520 | 2, 720 | 5, 040 |
| Second quarter | 18, 640 | 7,520 | 760 | 1,520 | 560 | 3, 120 | 5,160 |
| Third quarter | 17, 480 | 6, 760 | 720 | 1, 240 | 560 | 3,160 | 5, 040 |
| Fourth quarter | 18,520 | 7, 320 | 720 | 1,200 | 480 | 3,560 | 5, 280 |
| 1950: First quarter. | 14, 800 | 6, 080 | 600 | 920 | 320 | 2, 600 | 4,240 |
| Second auarter | 17, 320 | 7, 440 | 640 | 1,200 | 360 | 3, 040 | 4,640 |
| Third quarter | 18, 800 | 8,200 | 720 | 1, 160 | 480 | 3, 280 | 4, 960 |
| Fourth quarter | 23, 320 | 11, 160 | 800 | 1,280 | 560 | 3,760 | 5, 760 |
| 1951: First quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 22, 000 | 10,680 | 760 | 1,440 | 600 | 3, 320 | 5, 200 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 24, 320 | 11, 840 | 840 | 1, 720 | 560 | 3, 600 | 5,800 |
| . Second half ${ }^{3}$--- | 24, 660 | 12,580 | 980 | 1, 460 | 660 | 3, 620 | 5, 320 |

[^4]
## NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES

In the first quarter of 1951, net proceeds from new security issues again increased sharply. Over $\$ 1$ billion of this amount was used for plant expansion, a postwar record level for a first quarter.

[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Estimated net proceeds | Proposed uses of net proceeds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New money |  |  | Retirement of debt and stock ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | Total | Plant and equipment | Working capital |  |
| 1939 quarterly average | 529 | 81 | 43 | 39 | 448 |
| 1943 quarterly average | 287 | 77 | 35 | 42 | 210 |
| 1946 quarterly average | 1,689 | 820 | 529 | 291 | 869 |
| 1947 quarterly average. | 1,617 | 1, 148 | 852 | 296 | 469 |
| 1948 quarterly average | 1, 740 | 1, 482 | 1, 055 | 427 | 258 |
| 1949 quarterly average. | 1,490 | 1, 152 | 931 | 220 | 338 |
| 1950 quarterly average | 1,535 | 971 | 741 | 230 | 564 |
| 1948: Fourth quarter. | 2, 051 | 1,870 | 1, 469 | 401 | 182 |
| 1949: First quarter | 1,210 | 970 | 784 | 186 | 240 |
| 1010. Second quarter. | 2, 441 | 1,986 | 1,675 | 312 | 456 |
| Third quarter- | 1, 009 | 789 | 669 596 | 120 | 219 |
| Fourth quarter. | 1, 299 | 862 | 596 | 265 | 438 |
| 1950: Firsu quarter- | 1,325 | 941 | 759 | 182 | 384 |
| Second quarter | 2, 222 | 1,251 | 948 | 302 | 971 |
| Third quarter | 1, 110 | 736 | 571 | 165 | 374 |
| Fourth quarter. | 1, 482 | 957 | 687 | 269 | 525 |
| 1951: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ - | 1, 730 | 1,461 | 1,167 | 293 | 270 |

[^5]
## INVENTORIES AND SALES

Sales continued to fall and inventories to rise in April at the manufacturing, wholesale, and retail levels. Inventories at each level have been rising since midsummer 1950 and are now at record values. All these changes are based on seasonally adjusted data.



* wholesale, manufacturing, and retail.

SOURGE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERGE AND BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.
COUNGIL OF ECONOMIC AOVISERS

| Period |  | Total business ${ }^{1}$ |  | Retail |  | Manufacturing |  |  | Department stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { orders } \end{aligned}$ | Inventories ${ }^{5}$ | Sales ${ }^{5}$ |
|  |  | Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} (\text { millions of } \\ \text { dollars })^{4} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 1935-39=100, \text { season- } \\ \text { ally adjusted } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939 |  | 20, 172 | 11, 109 | 5,532 | 3, 504 | 11, 465 | 5,100 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 102 | 106 |
| 1943 |  | 31, 143 | 22, 372 | 7, 361 | 5,277 | 20, 098 | 12, 822 | (6) | 155 | 168 |
| 1945 |  | 30, 571 | 24, 181 | 7,543 | 6,315 | 18, 390 | 12, 883 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 166 | 207 |
| 1946 |  | 42, 389 | 27, 559 | 11, 226 | 8,358 | 24, 498 | 12, 617 | 13, 694 | 213 | 264 |
| 1947 |  | 50, 794 | 33, 571 | 13, 221 | 9, 909 | 28, 920 | 15, 918 | 15, 622 | 255 | 286 |
| 1948 |  | 56, 756 | 37, 023 | 14, 969 | 10, 837 | 32, 276 | 17, 811 | 17, 504 | 291 | 302 |
| 1949 |  | 51, 594 | 34, 886 | 13, 698 | 10,682 | 28, 865 | 16, 666 | 16, 102 | 270 | 286 |
| 1950 |  | 61, 569 | 39, 611 | 16, 754 | 11, 670 | 34, 061 | 19,605 | 21, 099 | 294 | 303 |
| 1950: | March | 52, 484 | 36,599 | 14, 282 | 11, 125 | 29, 073 | 17, 797 | 18, 810 | 285 | 274 |
|  | April | 52, 906 | 35, 645 | 14, 138 | 11, 080 | 29, 384 | 17, 206 | 17, 182 | 286 | 292 |
|  | May | 53, 553 | 38, 652 | 14, 416 | 11, 327 | 29, 659 | 19, 309 | 19, 097 | 285 | 290 |
|  | June | 54, 241 | 39, 896 | 14, 720 | 11, 699 | 30, 028 | 19, 838 | 20, 666 | 276 | 298 |
|  | July | 53, 243 | 41, 982 | 14, 125 | 12, 700 | 29, 830 | 20, 269 | 22, 223 | 269 | 362 |
|  | August | 54, 496 | 45, 275 | 15, 076 | 12, 682 | 29, 858 | 22, 956 | 27, 323 | 284 | 335 |
|  | Septembe | 56, 404 | 42, 142 | 15, 793 | 12, 133 | 30, 732 | 21, 154 | 23, 760 | 309 | 320 |
|  | October- | 58, 660 | 41, 821 | 16,. 697 | 11, 759 | 31, 770 | 21, 246 | 24, 704 | 329 | 291 |
|  | November. | 60, 269 | 41, 318 | 16, 787 | 11, 387 | 33, 007 | 21, 112 | 22, 371 | 332 | 290 |
|  | December | 61, 569 | 42, 472 | 16, 754 | 12, 194 | 34, 061 | 21, 284 | 23, 160 | 329 | 325 |
| 1951: | January | 63, 388 | 46, 655 | 17, 422 | 13, 307 | 34, 928 | 23, 166 | 28, 860 | 338 | 362 |
|  | February | 64, 424 | 45, 356 | 17, 817 | 13, 075 | 35, 474 | 22, 646 | 25, 403 | 349 | 326 |
|  | March ${ }^{7}$ | 66, 436 | 45, 176 | 18, 642 | 12, 325 | 36, 397 | 23, 396 | 28, 574 | 366 | 290 |
|  | April ${ }^{7}$ | 68, 271 | 43, 391 | 18, 920 | 11, 960 | 37, 700 | 22, 400 | 23, 800 | 377 | 306 |

1 Total business includes manufacturing, retail, and wholesale (not shown separately in this table).

Book value, end or period

- Data for new order year and total for month.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System:

## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Merchandise imports rose by 21 percent and exports by 19 percent in March. Imports, at $\$ 1,100$ million, were at the highest dollar value on record while exports were the highest in more than two years.

[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Exports ${ }^{1}$ | Imports ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Excess of } \\ & \text { exports }(+), \\ & \text { imports }(-) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-38 monthly average. | 247 | 207 | $+40$ |
| 1943 monthly average.-- | 1, 080 | 282 | +798 |
| 1946 monthly average | 849 | 410 | +439 |
| 1947 monthly average | 1,278 | 480 | +799 |
| 1948 monthly average... | 1, 054 | 594 | +461 |
| 1949 monthly average.. | 1, 003 | 552 | +451 |
| 1950 monthly average. | 856 | 737 | +119 |
| 1950: March | 860 | 665 | +196 |
| April | 803 | 585 | +218 |
| May | 829 | 659 | $+170$ |
| June--- | 878 | 687 | +191 |
| July | 779 | 708 | $+70$ |
| August. - | 762 | 820 | $-58$ |
| September. | 911 | 861 | +50 |
| October-. | 906 | 922 | -17 |
| November | 977 | 853 | $+124$ |
| December | 1, 065 | 866 | +198 |
| 1951: January | 973 | 1,022 | -49 |
| February | 1, 076 | 907 | +169 |
| March.-- | 1, 280 | 1, 100 | $+181$ |

[^6]
## PURCHASING POWER

## NATIONAL INCOME

National income rose at an annual rate of $\$ 9$ billion in the first quarter of 1951, bringing the total to $\$ 265$ billion, according to revised estimates. The major part of the increase was in employees' compensation, but proprietors' income also rose substantially.


Billions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
NOTE.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted)

## CORPORATE PROFITS

Preliminary indications are that corporate profits before taxes in the first quarter of 1951 reached new records.


| Period | Corporate profits before taxes | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corporate } \\ & \text { tax } \\ & \text { liability } \end{aligned}$ | Corporate profits after taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividend payments | Undistributed profits |
| 1939 | 6. 5 | 1. 5 | 5. 0 | 3. 8 | 1. 2 |
| 1944 | 24.3 | 13. 5 | 10.8 | 4. 7 | 6. 1 |
| 1946 | 23.5 | 9. 6 | 13. 9 | 5. 8 | 8. 1 |
| 1947 | 30.5 | 11. 9 | 18.5 | 6. 6 | 12. 0 |
| 1948 | 33.9 | 13. 0 | 20.9 | 7. 5 | 13. 4 |
| 1949 | 27.6 | 10.6 | 17.0 | 7. 8 | 9. 2 |
| 1950 | 41. 0 | 18.2 | 22.8 | 9. 4 | 13. 5 |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} \text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second } \\ \text { Suarter } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{aligned}$ | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|  | 28. 3 | 10. 9 | 17.4 | 7. 9 | 9. 5 |
|  | 26. 4 | 10. 0 | 16. 4 | 7. 7 | 8.7 |
|  | 28. 2 | 10. 8 | 17. 3 | 7. 4 | 10.0 |
|  | 27. 6 | 10.6 | 16.9 | 8.2 | 8.7 |
| 1950: First quarter | 29.2 | 13. 2 | 16.0 | 8. 1 | 7. 9 |
| Second quarter | 37. 4 | 16. 5 | 20.9 | 8. 2 | 12. 7 |
| Third quarter | 46. 4 | 20. 6 | 25. 8 | 9.3 | 16.5 |
| Fourth quarter. | 50.8 | 22. 3 | 28.5 | 11. 5 | 17. 0 |
| 1951: First quarter ${ }^{1}$-. | 51.0 | 26.7 | 24.3 | 9. 3 | 15.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on incomplete data; by Council of Economic Advisers.
Note.-No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 22 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income rose at an annual rate of $\$ 2$ billion between March and April. Farm income moved up sharply and labor income continued to increase. On the other hand, nonfarm entrepreneurial income continued to recede from the January level.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Total personal income | Labor income (salaries, wages, and other labor income) | Proprietors' income |  | Dividends and personal interest | Transfer payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Farm | Business, professional, and rental income |  |  |
| 1939 | 72. 6 | 45.7 | 4. 5 | 10. 2 | 9. 2 | 3. 0 |
| 1944 | 165. 9 | 116. 2 | 11. 8 | 23.7 | 10. 6 | 3. 6 |
| 1947 | 191. 0 | 122. 3 | 15. 6 | 26. 8 | 14.5 | 11. 8 |
| 1948 | 209.5 | 134. 9 | 17. 7 | 29. 6 | 16. 1 | 11. 2 |
| 1949 | 206. 1 | 134. 9 | 13. 4 | 28.3 | 17. 2 | 12. 3 |
| 1950 | 223. 2 | 145.4 | 13. 1 | 30.5 | 19.2 | ${ }^{1} 15.0$ |
| 1950: March | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 219. 3 | 136. 9 | 11. 4 | 28. 8 | 18. 0 | 24. 2 |
| April. | 213. 8 | 138. 6 | 11. 0 | 28. 8 | 18. 2 | 17. 2 |
| May | 214.5 | 141. 1 | 12.1 | 29. 4 | 17. 8 | 14. 1 |
| June. | 217.1 | 143. 6 | 12. 1 | 30. 2 | 17.8 | 13. 4 |
| July - - | 220.7 | 145. 1 | 13. 6 | 31.9 | 17. 8 | 12. 3 |
| August | 225. 4 | 148. 9 | 13. 7 | 32.4 | 18. 4 | 12. 0 |
| September | 228. 7 | 151. 2 | 13.3 | 31.7 | 21.1 | 11. 4 |
| October-- | 231. 1 | 154. 1 | 13. 9 | 31.8 | 19.2 | 12. 1 |
| November | 232. 9 | 155. 5 | 14. 6 | 31. 6 | 19. 4 | 11. 8 |
| December | 241.0 | 157. 7 | 14.7 | 32.3 | 24.7 | 11. 6 |
| 1951: January | 240.9 | 160. 2 | 15. 5 | 33. 8 | 19.0 | 12. 4 |
| February | 241.3 | 162. 2 | 14. 5 | 33. 2 | 19.3 | 12. 1 |
| March | 243. 2 | 164. 0 | 14. 9 | 32.7 | 19. 5 | 12. 1 |
| April ${ }^{2}$-- | 245. 2 | 165. 1 | 16.0 | 32. 3 | 19.7 | 12. 1 |

1 Includes $\$ 2.7$ billion National Service Life Insurance dividend, most of which was paid in the first half of the year.
2 Preliminary estimates.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Personal consumption expenditures, after declining in the last quarter of 1950, increased in the first quarter of this year. A rise of $\$ 9$ billion (annual rate) brought the total dollar value above the previous record reached during the buying spurt in the third quarter of last year. Purchases of durable goods, however, were substantially below their third quarter level.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nondurable goods | Durable goods | Services |
| 1939 | 67.5 | 35.3 | 6. 7 | 25.5 |
| 1944 | 111. 6 | 67.1 | 7. 1 | 37.4 |
| 1946 | 146. 9 | 85. 8 | 16. 6 | 44.5 |
| 1947 | 165. 6 | 95.1 | 21.4 | 49. 1 |
| 1948 | 177. 4 | 100. 9 | 22. 9 | 53. 7 |
| 1949 | 178.8 | 98.5 | 23.8 | 56.4 |
| 1950 | 190.8 | 101. 6 | 29.2 | 59.9 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| 1949: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second quarter } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{array}$ | 177.4 | 99.4 | 22.4 | 55. 6 |
|  | 178.4 | 99.2 | 23.0 | 56.2 |
|  | 179.0 | 97.6 | 24.7 | 56. 6 |
|  | 180.6 | 97.9 | 25.3 | 57.4 |
| 1950: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter } \\ \text { Second quarter } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{array}$ | 182.6 | 97.9 | 26.4 | 58.3 |
|  | 185. 8 | 99.9 | 26. 5 | 59.5 |
|  | 198. 9 | 104. 5 | 34.0 | 60.4 |
|  | 195.8 | 104.3 | 30.0 | 61.5 |
| 1951: First quarter. | 204. 8 | 110.7 | 31.6 | 62.6 |

Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

Personal disposable income rose at a less rapid rate than expenditures in the first quarter, resulting in a drop in personal net saving.



[^7]
## PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE INCOME

Per capita disposable income increased in the first quarter but the quarterly gain dropped below that of the previous two quarters, as higher income taxes became fully effective. In terms of the purchasing power of the 1950 dollar, there was a decline from the fourth quarter level.


| Period | Total disposable personal income (billions of dollars) |  | Per capita disposable personal income (dollars) ${ }^{1}$ |  | $\underset{\text { (thousands) }}{\text { Population }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current prices | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { prices }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current prices | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { prices }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939 | 70.2 | 125. 1 | 536 | 956 | 130, 880 |
| 1941 | 92.0 | 152.8 | 690 | 1, 146 | 133, 377 |
| 1942 | 116. 7 | 173.1 | 866 | 1,284 | 134, 831 |
| 1944 | 147.0 | 190.7 | 1, 062 | 1, 378 | 138, 390 |
| 1946 | 158. 9 | 184.8 | 1, 124 | 1, 307 | 141, 398 |
| 1947 | 169.5 | 179. 6 | 1, 176 | 1, 246 | 144, 129 |
| 1948 | 188. 4 | 190.7 | 1,285 | 1, 301 | 146, 621 |
| 1949 | 187. 4 | 190.6 | 1,256 | 1, 278 | 149, 149 |
| 1950 | 202.7 | 202.7 | 1, 336 | 1,336 | 151,689 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1949: First quarter. | 189. 9 | 192.2 | 1,281 | 1,296 | 148, 282 |
| Second quarter | 188. 2 | 191.3 | 1,264 | 1,285 | 148, 862 |
| Third quarter | 185. 1 | 189. 1 | 1,238 | 1,265 | 149, 522 |
| Fourth quarter | 186. 8 | 190. 4 | 1,243 | 1, 267 | 150, 234 |
| 1950: First quarter | 197. 4 | 202.5 | 1,309 | 1,342 | 150, 847 |
| Second quarter. | 195. 6 | 198.8 | 1,292 | 1,313 | 151, 390 |
| Third quarter | 204. 6 | 201. 8 | 1,345 | 1, 327 | 152, 068 |
| Fourth quarter | 211. 6 | 206.2 | 1,385 | 1,350 | 152, 774 |
| 1951: First quarter_ | 214. 9 | 202.2 | 1,401 | 1,318 | 153, 396 |

[^8]
## FARM INCOME

Farm income increased more than 5 percent in April. Thus far this year, it has been running well ahead of last year.

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{c|r|r|r}\hline \text { Period } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Farm income } \\
\text { (millions of } \\
\text { current } \\
\text { dollars) }{ }^{1}\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Prices paid by } \\
\text { farmers (incl. } \\
\text { interest, taxes, } \\
\text { and wage rates }\end{array}
$$ <br>

1950=100^{2}\end{array}\right)\)| Farm income |
| :---: |
| (millions of |
| 1950 dollars) |

${ }^{1}$ Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments
Farm income in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, $1950=100$.
4 Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Agricalture.

CONSUMER CREDIT
Consumer credit outstanding decreased about $\$ 250$ million during April. It was the fourth consecutive monthly decline.

[Millions of dollars]

| End of period | Total consumer credit outstanding | Instalment credit |  |  | Charge accounts | Other consumer credit ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Automobile sale credit | Other sale credit and loans |  |  |
| 1939 | 7, 031 | 4, 424 | 1, 267 | 3, 157 | 1,544 | 1, 063 |
| 1943 | 4, 600 | 2, 001 | 175 | 1, 826 | 1, 498 | 1,101 |
| 1946 | 8, 677 | 4,000 | 544 | 3, 456 | 3, 054 | 1,623 |
| 1947 | 11, 862 | 6, 434 | 1, 151 | 5, 283 | 3, 612 | 1, 816 |
| 1948 | 14, 366 | 8, 600 | 1, 961 | 6, 639 | 3, 854 | 1, 912 |
| 1949 | 16, 809 | 10, 890 | 3, 144 | 7, 746 | 3, 909 | 2, 010 |
| 1950 | 20, 097 | 13, 459 | 4, 126 | 9, 333 | 4, 239 | 2, 399 |
| 1950: March | 16, 338 | 11,077 | 3, 355 | 7, 722 | 3, 211 | 2, 050 |
| April. | 16, 639 | 11, 322 | 3, 470 | 7, 852 | 3, 241 | 2, 076 |
| May | 17, 077 | 11, 667 | 3, 600 | 8, 067 | 3, 290 | 2, 120 |
| June | 17, 651 | 12, 105 | 3, 790 | 8, 315 | 3, 392 | 2, 154 |
| July - | 18, 295 | 12, 598 | 3, 994 | 8, 604 | 3, 527 | 2, 170 |
| August | 18, 842 | 13, 009 | 4, 107 | 8, 902 | 3, 636 | 2,197 |
| September | 19,315 | 13, 337 | 4, 213 | 9, 124 | 3, 741 | 2, 237 |
| October- | 19, 398 | 13, 389 | 4, 227 | 9, 162 | 3, 703 | 2, 306 |
| November | 19, 405 | 13, 306 | 4, 175 | 9, 131 | 3, 739 | 2, 360 |
| Decembe | 20,097 | 13, 459 | 4, 126 | 9, 333 | 4,239 | 2, 399 |
| 1951: January | 19, 937 | 13, 252 | 4, 056 | 9, 196 | 4, 248 | 2, 437 |
| February | 19, 533 | 13, 073 | 3, 990 | 9, 083 | 4, 010 | 2, 450 |
| March ${ }^{2}$ | 19, 378 | 12, 975 | 3, 946 | 9, 029 | 3, 938 | 2,465 |
| April ${ }^{2}$ - | 19, 121 | 12, 906 | 3, 930 | 8, 976 | 3, 744 | 2,471 |

[^9] revised in November to exclude loans over $\$ 3,000$. See Federal Reserve Bulletin for November 1950, pages 1465-6.

3 Preliminary estimates.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Bank loans and investments declined $\$ 300$ million during April. The drop was entirely accounted for by decreased holdings of $U$. S. Government securities. There was no change in loans or investment in other securities.

[Billions of dollars, all commercial banks]

| End of period | Total loans and investments | Bank loans | Investments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | U.S. <br> Government <br> securities | Other securities |
| 1939 | 40.7 | 17. 2 | 23.4 | 16.3 | 7. 1 |
| 1945 | 124.0 | 26. 1 | 97.9 | 90.6 | 7.3 |
| 1947 | 116.3 | 38.1 | 78.2 | 69.2 | 9. 0 |
| 1948 | 114.3 | 42.5 | 71. 8 | 62.6 | 9. 2 |
| 1949 | 120.2 | 43. 0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10.2 |
| 1950 | 126.7 | 52.2 | 74.4 | 62.0 | 12.4 |
| 1950: March | 120.3 | 43. 7 | 76.6 | 65. 8 | 10.8 |
| 1050. April | 120.3 | 43. 8 | 76.5 | 65. 5 | 11.0 |
| May | 121. 2 | 44.1 | 77.1 | 66.1 | 11.0 |
| June-- | 121. 8 | 44.8 | 77.0 | 65.8 | 11.2 |
| July- | 122.3 | 46. 0 | 76.3 | 65.0 | 11.4 |
| August | 123.3 | 47. 3 |  | 64.2 | 11.8 |
| September | 123. 6 | 48. 9 | 74. 6 | 62. 5 | 12. 1 |
| October--- | 124. 4 | 49.8 5 515 | 74. 6 | 62.5 61.7 | 12. 1 |
| November | 125. 4 | 51.5 52.2 5.7 | 73.9 74.4 | 61.7 62.0 | 12.1 12.4 |
| 1951: January | 125. 0 | 52.7 | 72.3 | 60.0 | 12.4 |
| February | 125. 0 | 53.5 | 71.5 | 59.1 | 12.4 |
| March.-. | 125. 7 | 54.4 | 71.3 | 58.8 | 12.6 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 125. 4 | 54.4 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 12.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY SUPPLY

The privately held money supply increased $\$ 800$ million during April, following three months of subsfanfial declines. The principal cause of the rise was the shift of funds out of Government bank deposits.

[Billions of dollars]

| End of period | Total deposits and currency | U. S. Government deposits ${ }^{1}$ | Deposits adjusted and currency (privately held money supply) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Currency outside banks | Adjusted demand deposits ${ }^{3}$ | Time deposits ${ }^{4}$ |
| 1939 | 64.7 | 1. 5 | 63.3 | 6. 4 | 29.8 | 27.1 |
| 1945 | 176. 4 | 25.6 | 150.8 | 26.5 | 75. 9 | 48. 5 |
| 1946 | 167.5 | 3. 5 | 164. 0 | 26.7 | 83.3 | 54.0 |
| 1947 | 172. 3 | 2. 3 | 170.0 | 26.5 | 87.1 | 56.4 |
| 1948 | 172. 7 | 3. 6 | 169. 1 | 26.1 | 85.5 | 57.5 |
| 1949 | 173.9 | 4. 1 | 169. 8 | 25. 4 | 85.8 | 58.6 |
| 1950 | 180.6 | 3. 7 | 176. 9 | 25.4 | 92.3 | 59.2 |
| 1950: March | 172. 4 | 5. 3 | 167.1 | 24.6 | 83.3 | 59.3 |
| April | 172.5 | 4. 1 | 168. 4 | 24. 6 | 84.3 | 59.5 |
| May. | 173. 0 | 3. 8 | 169.2 | 24. 7 | 85.0 | 59. 5 |
| June_ | 174. 7 | 4. 8 | 170.0 | 25. 2 | 85.0 | 59.7 |
| July - | 174. 4 | 4. 1 | 170. 2 | 24.4 | 86.5 | 59. 4 |
| August | 175. 5 | 4. 5 | 171. 0 | 24. 5 | 87.4 | 59. 1 |
| September | 176. 3 | 4. 8 | 171.6 | 24.5 | 88.0 | 59.0 |
| October-- | 176. 3 | 3. 5 | 172.8 | 24.6 | 89.2 | 59.0 |
| November | 177. 4 | 3. 5 | 173. 9 | 24. 9 | 90.3 | 58.7 |
| December_ | 180.6 | 3. 7 | 176.9 | 25.4 | 92.3 | 59.2 |
| 1951: January | 178.8 | 3. 6 | 175. 2 | 24.6 | 91.6 | 59.0 |
| February | 178. 9 | 4. 7 | 174.2 | 24. 6 | 90.6 | 59.0 |
| March | 179.9 | 7. 4 | 172. 5 | 24.4 | 89.0 | 59. 1 |
| April ${ }^{5}$ | 179.8 | 6. 5 | 173.3 | 24.6 | 89.5 | 59.2 |

[^10]FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

In the first quarter of 1951, cash receipts from the public exceeded payments by nearly $\$ 6.9$ billion. The excess of receipts was greater than that in any previous quarter.

[Millions of dollars]

| Calendar year | Federal cash receipts from the public | Federal cash payments to the public | Excess of receipts ( + ) or payments (-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calendar year total: |  |  |  |
|  | 41, 441 | 41, 399 | ${ }_{+}^{+42}$ |
| 1947 | 44, 282 | 38, 616 | +5,666 |
| 1948 | 44, 922 | 36, 897 | +8,027 |
| 1949 | 41, 346 | 42, 642 | -1,295 |
| $1950{ }^{1}$ | 42, 419 | 41, 969 | +450 |
| Quarterly total, not adjusted for seaso |  |  |  |
| 1948: First quarter | 15, 037 | 8, 641 | +6,399 |
| Second quarter | 10, 239 | 9, 033 | +1,205 |
| Third quarter | 10, 085 | 8, 735 | +1, 349 |
| Fourth quarter | 9,560 | 10, 488 | -926 |
| 1949: First quarter | 13, 122 | 9, 964 |  |
| Second quarter | 8, 814 | 11, 389 | $-2,574$ -386 |
| Third quarter-- | 10, 143 | 10, 528 | -386 $-1,495$ |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 267 | 10, 762 | -1, 495 |
| 1950: First quarter | 12,235 | 10, 760 | +1,475 |
| Second quarter | 9, 303 | 11, 105 | -1, 803 |
| Third quarter | 10, 494 | 9, 351 | +1,143 |
| Fourth quarter | 10, 387 | 10, 754 | -367 |
| 1951: First quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 18, 051 | 11, 179 | +6,872 |

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on Treasury Bulletin break-down of Federal budgetary expenditures adjusted to the concept of purchases of goods and services; includes 'national defense

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Ratio of inder of prices received to index of prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates.
    Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cattle, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946.
    Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^2]:    1 Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the l5th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived rom this table not comemployed persons, and domestic servants; which count the civinan labor force repter are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.
    a Preliminary estimates.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.

[^4]:    1 Excludes agriculture.
    Commercial and miscellaneous composed of trade, service, finance, and communication.
    ${ }^{3}$ Estimates for 1951 based on anticipated capital expenditure of business as reported in a survey made during the first quarter of this year.
    Note.-These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally becanse the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for 1939-44 are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commpission and other data.

    Detail will not necessarily add to totals because annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest $10,000,000$.
    Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes small amount for other purposes.
    2 Preliminary estimates.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
    ${ }^{2}$ Recorded general merchandise imports.
    Notm: Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

[^7]:    1 Income less taxes.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of Commerce.

[^8]:    ${ }_{2}$ Income less taxes. merce data, shifted from 1939 base. lation count. Annual data as of July 1; quarterly data centered in the middle of the period, interpolated from monthly figures.

    Source: Department of Commerce.

[^9]:    1 Includes loans by pawnbrokers, service credit, and single-payment loans under $\$ 3,000$ made by commercial banks. The single-payment Ioan item wes

[^10]:    I Includes U. S. Government deposits at Federal Reserve banks, commercial and savings banks, and U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, ofeen account.
    ${ }_{2}^{2}$ Includes deposits and currency held by State and local governments.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Includes deposits and currency held by State and leposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
    4 Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System, but excludes interbank deposits.

    - Preliminary estimates.

    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

