# Economic Indicators AUGUST 1950 

## Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report by the Council of Economic Advisers



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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

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## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

## THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

Consumer income and saving in the 1 st half of 1950 were substantially higher than in 2 nd half of 1949 , due in part to payment of the National Service Life Insurance dividend. This payment ( $\$ 5.2$ billion at an annual rate) more than accounted for the Government cash deficit in the Ist half of 1950.

business

international


GOVERNMENT (Federal, stote, and lacol)


CONSUMERS
business
international

GOVERNMENT (Federol, stote, ond local)


4 transfer payments are included in feceipts or expenotures of the sefarate accounts but not in the total gross national probuct.
note: see paíe 2 for the nations economic budget total gross national product)
Source: economic report of the fresident, july 1950, appendik a.
COUNCLS OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

## GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

Gross national product rose $\$ 7.4$ billion (annual rate) from 1st to 2nd quarter 1950 to a peacetime high of $\$ 268$ billion. The chief factor in the rise was an increase of $\$ 4.4$ billion, or about 13 percent, in gross private domestic investment.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Total gross national product | Personal consumption expenditures | Gross private domestic investment | Net foreign investment | Government purchases of goods and services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 213.7 | 67.5 111.6 | 9.9 7.7 | 0.9 -2.1 | 96. 5 |
| 1946 | 211.1 | 146. 9 | 28.7 | 4. 6 | 30.9 |
| 1948 | 233. 3 | 165. 6 | 30.2 | 8. 9 | 28.6 |
| 1949 | 259. 1 | 177.4 | 43.1 | 1. 9 | 36.6 |
|  | 255.6 | 178.8 | 33.0 | . 4 | 43.3 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter } \\ & \text { Second quarter } \\ & \text { Third quarter } \\ & \text { Fourth quarter }\end{aligned}$ | 258.8 | 177.4 | 37.5 | 1. 0 | 42.9 |
|  | 255. 2 | 178.4 | 31.3 | 1. 3 | 44.3 |
|  | 254.4 | 179.0 | 32. 1 | . 1 | 43.2 |
|  | 253.8 | 180.6 | 31.2 | $-.7$ | 42.8 |
| 1950: First quarter- | 262.5 | 182.4 | 40. 5 | -1.9 | 41.4 |
|  | 269.9 | 184.5 | 45. 9 | $-2.0$ | 41.4 |

[^0]
## PRICES

## CONSUMERS' PRICES

In June, consumers' prices continued the relatively marked upward movement begun in May. Food prices rose shorply and rents moderately, while other prices changed little. A partial survey indicates a further rise of 2 to 3 percent in food prices between June 15 and July 15.



SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
$[1935-39=100]$

| Period | All items | Food | Apparel | Rent | Fuel, electricity, and refrigeration | House furnishings | Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 monthly average | 100. 2 | 96.6 | 101. 7 | 104. 6 | 99.7 | 100. 5 | 101. 1 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 116. 5 | 123. 9 | 124. 2 | 108. 5 | 105. 4 | 122. 2 | 110. 9 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 123. 6 | 138. 0 | 129. 7 | 108. 0 | 107.7 | 125. 6 | 115. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 125. 5 | 136. 1 | 138. 8 | 108. 2 | 109. 8 | 136. 4 | 121. 3 |
| 1945 monthly average | 128. 4 | 139. 1 | 145. 9 | 108. 3 | 110.3 | 145. 8 | 124. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 139. 3 | 159. 6 | 160. 2 | 108. 6 | 112.4 | 159.2 | 128. 8 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 159. 2 | 193. 8 | 185. 8 | 111. 2 | 121. 1 | 184.4 | 139.9 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 171. 2 | 210.2 | 198. 0 | 117. 4 | 133. 9 | 195.8 | 149.9 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 169.1 | 201. 9 | 190. 1 | 120.8 | 137.5 | 189.0 | 154. 6 |
| 1949: May 15. | 169. 2 | 202.4 | 191. 3 | 120. 4 | 135.4 | 189.5 | 154. 5 |
| June 15 | 169. 6 | 204. 3 | 190. 3 | 120.6 | 135. 6 | 187. 3 | 154. 2 |
| July 15.. | 168. 5 | 201. 7 | 188. 5 | 120. 7 | 135. 6 | 186. 8 | 154. 3 |
| August 15 | 168. 8 | 202.6 | 187.4 | 120.8 | 135.8 | 184. 8 | 154.8 |
| September 15 | 169. 6 | 204. 2 | 187. 2 | 121. 2 | 137. 0 | 185. 6 | 155. 2 |
| October 15 | 168. 5 | 200.6 | 186. 8 | 121.5 | 138. 4 | 185. 2 | 155. 2 |
| November 15 | 168. 6 | 200.8 | 186. 3 | 122. 0 | 139.1 | 185. 4 | 154. 9 |
| December 15 | 167.5 | 197.3 | 185. 8 | 122. 2 | 139.7 | 185. 4 | 155. 5 |
| 1950: January 15 | 166. 9 | 196. 0 | 185.0 | 122. 6 | 140.0 | 184. 7 | 155. 1 |
| February 15 | 166. 5 | 194.8 | 184. 8 | 122. 8 | 140.3 | 185. 3 | 155. 1 |
| March 15... | 167. 0 | 196. 0 | 185. 0 | 122.9 | 140.9 | 185. 4 | 155. 0 |
| April 15. | 167. 3 | 196. 6 | 185. 1 | 123. 1 | 141. 4 | 185. 6 | 154. 8 |
| May 15 | 168. 6 | 200. 3 | 185. 1 | 123. 5 | 138. 8 | 185.4 | 155. 3 |
| June 15 | 170. 2 | 204.6 | 185.0 | 123. 9 | 138.9 | 185.2 | 155. 3 |

Note.-Prices are for moderate-income families in_large_cities.
Source: Department of Labor.

## WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices rose sharply following the Korean outbreak, with farm and food prices leading the trend at first. More recently, industrial prices have also shown large rises.


${ }^{1}$ Estimates based on change in weekly data.
Source: Department of Labor.

## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers advanced 16 points from June 15 to July 15 , as prices for most agricultural commodities advanced. Prices paid rose I point.

$[1910-14=100]$

| Period | Prices received by farmers | Prices paid by farmers (including interest, taxes, and wage rates) | Parity ratio ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average | 95 | 123 | 77 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 158 | 152 | 104 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 2196 | 182 | 108 |
| 1946 monthly average. | ${ }^{2} 234$ | 207 | 113 |
| 1947 monthly average | 275 | 240 | 115 |
| 1948 monthly average | 285 | 259 | 110 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 249 | 250 | 100 |
| 1949: June 15_ | 249 | 252 | 99 |
| July 15 | 246 | 250 | 98 |
| August 15- | 244 | 249 | 98 |
| September 15. | 247 | 248 | 100 |
| October 15 | 242 | 246 | 98 |
| November 15 | 237 | 245 | 97 |
| December 15 | 233 | 246 | 95 |
| 1950: January 15-1 | 235 | 249 | 94 |
| February 15 | 237 | 248 | 96 |
| March 15... | 237 | 250 | 95 |
| April 15.- | 241 | 251 | 96 |
| May 15. | 247 | 254 | 97 |
| June 15 | 247 | 255 256 | 97 103 |
| July 15-- | 263 | 256 | 103 |

[^1]
$[1935-39=100]$

| Period | Composite index ${ }^{1}$ | Industrials | Railroads | Utilities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |
| 1939------ | 94.2 | 94.8 | 74. 7 | 98.6 |
| 1942 | 69.4 | 71. 3 | 66. 1 | 61.3 |
| 1946 | 139.9 | 143.4 | 143. 0 | 120.2 |
| 1948 | 124. 4 | 130.6 | 114.7 | 96. 2 |
| 1949 | 121. 3 | 127.5 | 96.4 | 97.5 |
| 1949: June | 112.0 | 117.0 | 88.4 | 93.0 |
| July- | 117. 8 | 123. 8 | 90. 6 | 95. 4 |
| August | 121. 8 | 128. 0 | 94.2 | 98.5 |
| September | 123. 8 | 130.3 | 95.1 | 100.0 |
| October--- | 127.3 | 134. 4 | 97.6 | 101. 2 |
| November_ | 129. 7 | 136.5 140.3 | 96.2 101. 0 | 102. 6 |
| 1950: January | 135.1 | 142.6 | 107.8 | 105. 8 |
| February | 136. 7 | 144.4 | 107. 2 | 107. 4 |
| March. | 138.8 | 146. 5 | 108.5 | 109. 6 |
| April | 141. 8 | 150. 0 | 109.5 | 111. 0 |
| May | 146. 9 | 156.1 | 109.7 | 112. 8 |
| June | 147.7 | 157. 6 | 107. 1 | 111.5 |
| July | 138.2 | 147. 2 | 109. 7 | 103.0 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |
| 1950: July 5 | 140.9 | 150.4 | 102.5 | 106. 2 |
| 12 | 134.3 | 142.9 | 104.7 | 101. 2 |
| 19. | 138.8 | 147.8 | 111. 4 | 103. 2 |
| ${ }^{26}$ | 138. 9 | 147. 9 | 120.1 | 101. 3 |
| August 2...- | 143. 5 | 153.6 | 119.0 | 102.8 |

1 Composite index prior to June 23,1948 , was based on 402 common stocks, and included 354 industrials, 20 railroads, and 28 utilities; thereafter, 416 common stocks are represented, with 365 industrials, 20 railroads, and 31 utilities.

Data became available after chart was prepared.
Source: Standard \& Poor's Oorporation.

## EMPLOYMENT

## LABOR FORCE

Nonagricultural employment rose in July as school-age persons found jobs. Agricultural employment, however, dropped because of bad weather. There was a slight decrease in unemployment. The survey week ending July 8 was too early to reflect much of the impact of the Korean outbreak.




SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COUNOL OF EGONOMIG ADYISERS

| Period | Total labor force (including armed forces) | Armed forces | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  | Unemployment as percent of total civilian labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Totalcivilian labor force | Employment ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Unem-ployment |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Agricultural | Nonagricultural |  |  |
|  | Thousands of persons, 14 years of age and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 55, 600 | 370 | 55, 230 | 45, 750 | 9, 610 | 36, 140 | 9,480 | 17.2 |
| 1944 monthly average | 65,890 | 11, 260 | 54, 630 | 53, 960 | 8, 950 | 45, 010 | 670 | 1. 2 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 61, 608 | 1, 440 | 60, 168 | 58, 027 | 8,266 | 49, 761 | 2, 142 | 3. 6 |
| 1948 monthly average | 62, 748 | 1, 306 | 61, 442 | 59,378 | 7, 973 | 51, 405 | 2, 064 | 3.4 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 63, 571 | 1, 466 | 62, 105 | 58, 710 | 8,026 | 50, 684 | 3, 395 | 5.5 |
| 1949: June. | 64, 866 | 1, 468 | 63, 398 | 59, 619 | 9, 696 | 49, 924 | 3,778 | 6. 0 |
| July | 65, 278 | 1, 463 | 63, 815 | 59, 720 | 9, 647 | 50,073 | 4, 095 | 6. 4 |
| August | 65,105 | 1, 468 | 63, 637 | 59, 947 | 8, 507 | 51, 441 | 3, 689 | 5. 8 |
| September | 64, 222 | 1, 459 | 62, 763 | 59, 411 | 8, 158 | 51, 254 | 3, 351 | 5.3 |
| October- | 64, 021 | 1, 445 | 62, 576 | 59, 001 | 7, 710 | 51, 290 | 3,576 | 5. 7 |
| November | 64, 363 | 1, 436 | 62, 927 | 59, 518 | 7, 878 | 51, 640 | 3, 409 | 5. 4 |
| December | 63,475 | 1, 430 | 62, 045 | 58,556 | 6, 773 | 51, 783 | 3,489 | 5.6 |
| 1950: January | 62, 835 | 1,408 | 61, 427 | 56, 947 | 6, 198 | 50,749 | 4,480 | 7.3 |
| February | 63,003 | 1, 366 | 61,637 | 56, 953 | 6, 223 | 50, 730 | 4, 684 | 7. 6 |
| March | 63, 021 | 1,346 | 61, 675 | 57, 551 | 6, 675 | 50, 877 | 4, 123 | 6.7 |
| April | 63, 513 | 1, 330 | 62, 183 | 58, 668 | 7, 195 | 51, 473 | 3, 515 | 5. 7 |
| May | 64, 108 | 1,320 | 62, 788 | 59,731 | 8, 062 | 51, 669 | 3, 057 | 4.9 |
| June | 66, 177 | 1,311 | 64, 866 | 61, 482 | 9, 046 | 52, 436 | 3, 384 | 5.2 |
| July | 65, 742 | 1,315 | 64. 427 | 61. 214 | 8, 44.0 | 52.774 | 3,213 | 5.0 |

[^2]Note.--Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment rose by 230,000 in June, the greatest June rise since 1946 Employment in contract construction increased considerably more than usual, and employment in trade showed a larger than seasonal increase.





SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OE +. ABOR
COUNCIL OF EGONOMIG ADVISERS
[Thousands of wage and salary workers ${ }^{1}$ ]

| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Contract construction | Trade | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Finance } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { service } \end{aligned}$ | Government (Federal, State, local) | Transportation and public utilities | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondur- able goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 10, 078 | 4, 683 | 5, 394 | 1, 150 | 6, 705 | 4, 610 | 3,987 | 2, 912 | 845 |
| 1943 monthly average | 17, 381 | 11, 077 | 6, 304 | 1,567 | 7, 322 | 5,187 | 6, 049 | 3, 619 | 917 |
| 1946 monthly average | 14, 461 | 7, 739 | 6, 722 | 1, 661 | 8, 815 | 5, 994 | 5, 607 | 4, 023 | 852 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 15, 247 | 8, 373 | 6, 874 | 1, 982 | 9, 196 | 6, 427 | 5,454 | 4, 122 | 943 |
| 1948 monthly average | 15, 286 | 8, 315 | 6, 970 | 2, 165 | 9, 491 | 6, 515 | 5,613 | 4,151 | 981 |
| 1949 monthly average | 14, 146 | 7, 465 | 6, 681 | 2, 156 | 9, 438 | 6, 544 | 5,813 | 3, 977 | 932 |
| 1949: May | 13, 877 | 7, 441 | 6, 436 | 2, 137 | 9, 342 | 6, 567 | 5, 813 | 4, 021 | 974 |
| June_ | 13, 884 | 7, 392 | 6, 492 | 2, 205 | 9,336 | 6, 608 | 5,803 | 4, 031 | 968 |
| July | 13, 757 | 7, 255 | 6, 502 | 2, 277 | 9, 220 | 6, 631 | 5, 738 | 4, 007 | 943 |
| August | 14, 114 | 7, 302 | 6, 812 | 2, 340 | 9, 213 | 6, 616 | 5, 763 | 3, 992 | 956 |
| September | 14, 312 | 7, 409 | 6, 903 | 2, 341 | 9, 409 | 6, 604 | 5, 893 | 3, 959 | 948 |
| October | 13, 892 | 6, 986 | 6, 906 | 2, 313 | 9,505 | 6, 561 | 5, 866 | 3, 871 | 593 |
| November | 13, 807 | 7, 050 | 6, 757 | 2, 244 | 9, 607 | 6, 534 | 5, 783 | 3, 892 | 917 |
| Decemb | 14, 031 | 7, 303 | 6,728 | 2, 088 | 10, 156 | 6, 508 | 6, 041 | 3, 930 | 940 |
| 1950: January | 13, 980 | 7, 342 | 6, 638 | 1,919 | 9, 246 | 6, 473 | 5,777 | 3, 869 | 861 |
| February | 13,997 | 7,324 | 6,673 | 1,861 | 9, 152 | 6,473 | 5, 742 | 3, 841 | 595 |
| March | 14, 103 | 7, 418 | 6, 685 | 1,907 | 9, 206 | 6, 499 | 5, 769 | 3, 873 | 938 |
| April ${ }^{3}$ | 14, 167 | 7, 554 | 6, 613 | 2, 068 | 9, 338 | 6, 560 | 5, 915 | 3, 927 | 938 |
| May ${ }^{3}$ | 14, 416 | 7, 811 | 6, 605 | 2, 234 | 9, 333 | 6, 604 | 5, 900 | 3, 887 | 938 |
| June ${ }^{3}$ | 14, 645 | 7, 961 | 6,684 | 2,397 | 9, 396 | 6,654 | 5, 832 | 4, 000 | 941 |

[^3] the 15th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not com parable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce ( 9 . 6) which include proprietors, self employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an 2 Not
${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate.
Source: Department of Labor
8

## AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - selected industries

The average workweek for durable goods manufacturing was $1 / 2$ hour longer in June as record construction and automobile production continued. It was also $1 / 2$ hour longer in nondurable manufacturing, chiefly because of seasonal expansion in some industries. hours per weex





* not availagle prict to january ig4s

SOUACE: DEPARTME:NT OF LABOR


## WORK STOPPAGES

Work stoppages declined moderately in June. The number of workers involved in work stoppages decreased by 20 percent.


SOURCE. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.
council of economic adviseas

| Period |  | Man-days of idleness during period |  | Workers involved in stoppages |  | Number of stoppages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monthly } \\ & \text { average } \\ & \text { (thousands) } \end{aligned}$ | Percent of estimated working time |  | In effect during month (thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Beginning } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { period } \end{gathered}$ | In effect during month |
| 1939 |  | 1,483 | 0. 28 | 1, 170 |  | 2, 613 |  |
| 1941 |  | 1,917 | . 32 | 2, 360 |  | 4, 288 |  |
| 1942 |  | 348 | . 05 | 840 |  | 2,968 |  |
| 1944 |  | 727 | . 09 | 2, 120 |  | 4, 956 |  |
| 1945 |  | 3,167 | . 47 | 3, 470 |  | 4,750 |  |
| 1946 |  | 9, 667 | 1. 43 | 4, 600 |  | 4, 985 |  |
| 1947 |  | 2, 883 | . 41 | 2, 170 |  | 3, 693 |  |
| 1948 |  | 2, 842 | . 37 | 1,960 |  | 3, 419 |  |
| 1949 |  | 4,208 | . 59 | 3, 030 |  | 3, 606 |  |
| 1949: | May | 3, 430 | . 49 | 231 | 309 | 449 | 678 |
|  |  | 4, 470 | . 61 | 572 | 673 | 377 | 632 |
|  | July | 2,350 | . 35 | 110 | 249 | 343 | 603 |
|  | August | 2, 140 | . 27 | 134 | 232 | 365 | 643 |
|  | September | 6, 270 | . 87 | 507 | 603 | 287 | 536 |
|  | October-- | 17, 500 | 2. 49 | 570 | 977 | 256 | 475 |
|  | November | 6,270 1,350 | .93 .19 | 57 46 | 914 417 | 197 170 | 388 323 |
|  | December | 1,350 | . 19 | 46 | 417 | 170 | 323 |
| 1950: | January ${ }^{1}$ - | 2, 600 | . 38 | 185 | 300 | 225 | 340 |
|  | February ${ }^{1}$ | 7, 850 | 1. 27 | 75 | 515 | 210 | 325 |
|  | March ${ }^{1}$-- | 3, 750 | . 49 | 80 | 530 | 260 | 400 |
|  | April ${ }^{1}$ | 3, 150 | . 47 | 160 | 300 | 400 | 550 |
|  | May ${ }^{1}$-- | 3,000 <br> 2,750 | .40 .36 | 325 260 | 500 400 | 450 425 | 650 650 |

## PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production in July remained at the postwar peak reoched in June, according to preliminary estimates of the seasonally adjusted index. Output of durable goods rose slightly; mining fell.


| Period | Total industrial production | Manufactures |  |  | Minerals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |
| 1943 monthly average. | 239 | 258 | 360 | 176 | 132 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 170 | 177 | 192 | 165 | 134 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 187 | 194 | 220 | 172 | 149 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 192 | 198 | 225 | 177 | 155 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 176 | 183 | 202 | 168 | 135 |
| 1949: May | 174 | 179 | 201 | 161 | 145 |
| June. | 169 | 175 | 194 | 161 | 133 |
| July | 161 | 168 | 185 | 154 | 123 |
| August | 170 | 178 | 193 | 165 | 129 |
| September | 174 | 184 | 199 | 172 | 119 |
| October-- | 166 | 176 | 175 | 177 | 112 |
| November | 173 | 179 | 181 | 177 | 141 |
| December | 179 | 188 | 203 | 176 | 132 |
| 1950: January ${ }^{1}$ | 183 | 192 | 209 | 179 | 130 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 180 | 192 | 207 | 180 | 118 |
| March | 187 | 194 | 211 | 181 | 144 |
| April. | 190 | 199 | 222 | 180 | 140 |
| May | 195 | 203 | 231 | 181 | 145 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ | 199 | 207 | 236 | 183 | 151 |
| July ${ }^{1}$ | 199 | 207 | 238 | 182 | 148 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Production of many industries dropped during early July because of the holiday and vacations. By the end of the month, steel and automobiles had recovered part of their drop but were below their previous record rates. Electric power exceeded its previous peak.


SOURCES: AmERICAN iron and steel institute, edison electric institute, department of the interior, waro's automotive reports.
COUNGIL OF ECONOMIG ADVISERS


[^4]
## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

June output of metals, machinery, chemicals, and petroleum and coal products exceeded that in May. Lumber and cotton textiles decreased.



SOURGE: BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
courcil of economic advisers
[1935-39 $=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Durable manufactures |  |  |  | Nondurable manufactures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iron and steel | Lumber and products | Machinery | Nonferrous metals and products | Textiles and products | Petroleum and coal products | Manufactured food products | Chemical products |
| 1943 monthly average | 208 | 129 | 443 | 267 | 153 | 185 | 145 | 384 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 150 | 131 | 240 | 157 | 162 | 173 | 149 | 236 |
| 1947 monthly average | 195 | 143 | 276 | 187 | 163 | 193 | 157 | 251 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 208 | 145 | 277 | 193 | 170 | 218 | 159 | 254 |
| 1949 monthly average | 188 | 130 | 234 | 160 | 147 | 209 | 163 | 241 |
| 1949: May_ | 204 | 126 | 232 | 145 | 123 | 207 | 163 | 234 |
| June | 177 | 123 | 225 | 133 | 126 | 202 | 165 | 233 |
| July | 156 | 115 | 217 | 127 | 120 | 198 | 161 | 228 |
| August. | 178 | 126 | 216 | 141 | 140 | 203 | 166 | 229 |
| September | 179 | 132 | 224 | 157 | 155 | 208 | 167 | 236 |
| October--- | 102 | 133 | 226 | 164 | 169 | 198 | 165 | 240 |
| November | 145 | 147 | 217 | 163 | 175 | 205 | 160 | 243 |
| December- | 201 | 158 | 227 | 165 | 173 | 219 | 160 | 246 |
| 1950: January | 203 | 144 | 229 | 179 | 178 | 211 | 161 | 248 |
| February | 201 | 150 | 237 | 188 | 179 | 205 | 161 | 247 |
| March | 205 | 156 | 243 | 199 | 173 | 207 | 166 | 247 |
| April.- | 222 | 159 | 251 | 196 | 174 | 206 | 164 | 252 |
| May | 226 | 158 | 259 | 195 | 175 | 216 | 164 | 256 |
| June ${ }^{1}$ | 229 | 150 | 264 | 202 | 173 | 220 | 164 | 261 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## NEW CONSTRUCTION

New construction, continuing to expand in July, was over 2.5 percent higher than a year earlier. The July rise was relatively uniform in all categories of private construction.

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Total new construction | Private construction |  |  | Federal State, and local ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Residential (nonfarm) | Other |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 683 | 366 | 223 | 142 | 317 |
| 1942 monthly average | 1, 173 | 285 | 143 | 142 | 888 |
| 1944 monthly average | 438 | 182 | 68 | 114 | 256 |
| 1946 monthly average | 1,000 | 803 | 335 | 469 | 197 |
| 1947 monthly average | 1,386 | 1,094 | 526 | 568 | 291 |
| 1948 monthly average | 1, 798 | 1,389 | 715 | 674 | 409 |
| 1949 monthly average | 1,883 | 1,350 | 691 | 659 | 532 |
| 1949: June. | 1,838 | 1, 309 | 644 | 665 | 529 |
| July. | 1,834 | 1,319 | 666 | 653 | 515 |
| August | 1,853 | 1, 322 | 676 | 646 | 531 |
| September | 1, 897 | 1, 333 | 706 | 627 | 564 |
| October | 1,934 | 1,375 | 752 | 623 | 559 |
| November | 1,985 | 1, 428 | 792 | 636 | 557 |
| December | 2,039 | 1, 471 | 842 | 629 | 568 |
| 1950: January | 2, 068 | 1,506 | 863 | 643 | 562 |
| February | 2, 127 | 1, 600 | 956 | 644 | 527 |
| March_-- | 2, 167 | 1,579 | 938 | 641 | 588 |
| April | 2,183 | 1, 604 | 957 | 647 | 579 |
| May | 2, 209 | 1,649 | -990 | 659 | 560 |
| June ${ }^{2}$ | 2, 254 | 1, 686 | 1,022 | 664 | 568 |
| July ${ }^{2}$ | 2,300 | 1,739 | 1,066 | 673 | 561 |

1 Includes public residential construction.
2 Preliminary estimate.
Note.-Construction data have been revised. See May 1950 Supplement to Construction and Oonstruction Materials. The chart has not yet been revised to take account of the revisions

## NEW HOUSING STARTS

Housing starts rose moderately in June to an all-time record of 142,000. During the first half of this year there were 686,900 starts, compared with 449,000 in the corresponding period last year.


SOURGE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR COUMCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

| Month | New nonfarm units started |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 |
| January | 39,300 | 53,500 | 50, 000 | 78, 700 |
| February | 42, 800 | 50, 100 | 50, 400 | 82, 900 |
| March | 56, 000 | 76, 400 | 69, 400 | 117, 300 |
| April | 67, 100 | 99, 500 | 88, 300 | ${ }^{1} 1126,000$ |
| May | 72, 900 | 100, 300 | 95, 400 | ${ }^{1} 140,000$ |
| June_ | 77, 200 | 97, 800 | 95, 500 | ${ }^{1} 142,000$ |
| July | 81, 100 | 95, 000 | 96, 100 |  |
| August | 86, 300 | 86, 700 | 99, 000 |  |
| September | 93, 800 | 82, 300 | 102, 900 |  |
| October-. | 94, 000 | 73, 400 | 104, 300 |  |
| November. | 79, 700 | 63, 700 | 95, 500 |  |
| December | 58, 800 | 52, 900 | 78, 300 |  |
| Total | 849, 000 | 931, 600 | 1, 025, 100 |  |
| Monthly average | 70,750 | 77, 600 | 85, 425 |  |

## EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPIMENT

Plant and equipment expenditures by nonogricultural business firms rose more than seasonally in 2 nd quarter of 1950 and were only 3 percent below the level of a year previous. Outlays in 2 nd quarter by manufacturing companies and gas and electric utilities were considerably higher than the same quarter last year.

sources: segurities and exchange r,uiluissiun and u. s.department of commerce
courcil of economic advisers
[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal variation]

| Period | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing | Mining | Transportation |  | Electric and gas utilities | Commercial and miscellaneous ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |
| 1939 | 5, 200 | 1,930 | 380 | 280 | 280 | 480 | 1, 850 |
| 1941 | 8, 190 | 3,400 | 680 | 560 | 340 | 710 | 2,490 |
| 1945 | 6, 630 | 3,210 | 440 | 550 | 320 | 630 | 1,480 |
| 1948 | 19, 230 | 8, 340 | 800 | 1,320 | 700 | 2, 680 | 5, 390 |
| 1949 | 18, 120 | 7, 250 | 740 | 1,350 | 520 | 3, 140 | 5, 120 |
| 1948: Third quarter | 19,320 | 8,360 | 800 | 1, 320 | 680 | 2,760 | 5, 440 |
| Fourth quarter | 21, 640 | 9,280 | 880 | 1, 640 | 680 | 3,400 | 5,760 |
| 1949: First quarter. | 17, 840 | 7, 400 | 760 | 1, 440 | 520 | 2,720 | 5, 040 |
| Second quarter | 18, 640 | 7, 520 | 760 | 1,520 | 560 | 3, 120 | 5, 160 |
| Third quarter- | 17, 480 | 6, 760 | 720 | 1, 240 | 560 | 3, 160 | 5, 040 |
| Fourth quarter | 18, 520 | 7, 320 | 720 | 1, 200 | 480 | 3, 560 | 5, 280 |
| 1950: First quarter | 14, 800 | 6, 080 | 600 | 920 | 320 | 2, 600 | 4,240 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 18, 120 | 7, 880 | 640 | 1,200 | 360 | 3, 400 | 4, 680 |
| Third quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 17,920 | 7,680 | 680 | 1, 160 | 400 | 3, 280 | 4, 720 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes agriculture.
${ }_{2}$ Commercial and miscellaneous romposed of trade, service, finance, and communication.
s Figures for second and third quarters of 1950 are based on anticipated capital expenditures reported in the May 1950 survey.
Note. -These figures do not agree with the totals includerl in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for $1939-44$ are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other data

Detail will not necessarily add to totals becanse annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest $10,000,000$.
Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES

Net proceeds from new security issues increased about $\$ 800$ million in 2 nd quarter. Over half of the increased proceeds was used for retirement of debt and stock.



SOURCE: SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
council of economic aditeris
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Includes small amount for other purposes.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Revision in data for 1948-50 became available after the chart was prepared.
Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

## INVENTORIES AND SALES

Manufacturers' and retailers' sales reached new postwar peaks in June. Manufacturers' inventories rose moderately but were still below levels of a year previous.




PERCENT OF 1935-1939 AVERAGE


* wholesale, manufactuaing, and retall
source: ofpartment of commerce ano board of governors of the fegeral reserve system
COUNCL OF ECONOMLC AOVISERS

| Period | Total business ${ }^{1}$ |  | Manufacturing |  |  | Retail |  | Department stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{3}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | New orders ${ }^{4}$ | Inventories ${ }^{2}$ | Sales ${ }^{8}$ | Inventories ${ }^{5}$ | Sales ${ }^{5}$ |
|  | Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1935-39=100, \text { season- } \\ \text { ally adjusted } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939 | 20, 172 | 11, 109 | 11, 465 | 5,100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ | 5, 532 | 3, 504 | 102 | 106 |
| 1943 | 31, 143 | 22, 372 | 20, 098 | 12, 822 | (8) | 7, 361 | 5, 277 | 155 | 168 |
| 1945 | 30, 571 | 24, 181 | 18, 390 | 12, 883 | (6) | 7,543 | 6, 315 | 166 | 207 |
| 1946 | 42, 709 | 27, 800 | 24, 818 | 12, 841 | 14, 004 | 11, 226 | 8, 358 | 213 | 264 |
| 1947 | 51, 692 | 34, 739 | 29, 818 | 17, 076 | 16,768 | 13, 221 | 9, 909 | 255 | 286 |
| 1948 | 58, 546 | 38, 190 | 34, 066 | 18, 998 | 18, 694 | 14, 969 | 10,837 | 291 | 302 |
| 1949 | 53, 628 | 35, 997 | 30, 899 | 17, 815 | 17, 189 | 13, 698 | 10,682 | 270 | 285 |
| 1949: May | 56, 858 | 36, 039 | 33, 566 | 17, 741 | 15, 734 | 14, 139 | 10, 759 | 273 | 291 |
| June | 56, 435 | 36, 391 | 33, 251 | 17, 989 | 16, 300 | 14, 182 | 10,684 | 265 | 285 |
| July | 55, 320 | 34, 820 | 32, 367 | 17, 114 | 15, 496 | 13, 862 | 10,549 | 256 | 280 |
| August | 54, 631 | 37, 137 | 31, 638 | 18, 946 | 18, 697 | 13, 932 | 10,669 | 253 | 283 |
| Septembe | 54, 617 | 37, 239 | 31, 076 | 18,865 | 19, 441 | 14, 355 | 10, 856 | 263 | 289 |
| October. | 54, 356 | 34, 603 | 30, 744 | 16, 805 | 18, 359 | 14, 475 | 10,678 | 270 | 276 |
| Novembe | 53, 996 | 35, 496 | 30,547 | 17,313 | 18, 138 | 14, 336 | 10,630 | 273 | 277 |
| December | 53, 628 | 34, 651 | 30, 899 | 16, 857 | 16, 775 | 13, 698 | 10,503 | 271 | 293 |
| 1950: January | 54, 125 | 35, 678 | 31, 136 | 17, 650 | 18, 646 | 13, 998 | 10,855 | 272 | 282 |
| Februar | 53, 932 | 36, 463 | 31, 098 | 18, 035 | 17, 983 | 13, 800 | 11, 101 | 279 | 280 |
| March | 54, 513 | 37, 946 | 31, 103 | 19, 144 | 20, 228 | 14, 282 | 11, 125 | 285 | 274 |
| April ${ }^{7}$ | 54, 756 | 36, 895 | 31, 219 | 18, 456 | 18, 594 | 14, 138 | 11, 080 | 286 | 292 |
| May ${ }^{7}$ | 55, 419 | 40, 039 | 31, 509 | 20, 695 | 20, 345 | 14, 416 | 11, 328 | 285 | 290 |
| June ${ }^{7}$ | 56, 475 | 41, 118 | 32, 200 | 21, 200 | 22, 600 | 14, 784 | 11, 660 | 276 | 295 |

1 Total business includes manufacturing, retail, and wholesale (not shown separately in this table).
Book value, end of period.
Monthly average for year and total for month.
8 Indexes computed from data on retail value of sales for month and retail book value of inventories, end of period.

4 Data for new orders not adjusted for seasonal variation.
Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Imports rose again in June, bringing the average for the quarter to record levels. Since exports were also higher, the export surplus increased moderately over the May figure.



* recoroeo merchanoise exports. including reexports, ano civilian supples for occupied areas.
** Recorded genegal merchandise imports.
Sources: department of commerce, department of the army, and department of the navy.
[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Exports ${ }^{1}$ | Imports ${ }^{2}$ | Excess of exports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-38 monthly average | 247 | 207 | 40 |
| 1943 monthly average...- | 1, 080 | 282 | 798 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 849 | 410 | 439 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1,278 | 478 | 801 |
| 1948 monthly average_ | 1, 054 | 592 | 462 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 1,000 | 552 | 448 |
| 1949: May | 1, 094 | 541 | 554 |
| June. | 1,107 | 526 | 581 |
| July -- | 900 | 456 | 443 |
| August | 883 | 491 | 393 |
| September | 909 | 530 | 379 |
| October | 852 | 557 | 296 |
| November | 841 | 593 | 248 |
| December | 944 | 605 | 339 |
| 1950: January | 746 | 623 | 122 |
| February | 773 | 600 | 173 |
| March_- | 868 | 664 | 204 |
| April | 810 | 583 | 227 |
| May. | 824 | 659 | 166 |
| June_ | 876 | 686 | 190 |

[^5]
## PURCHASING POWER

## NATIONAL INCOME

Total national income increased by about $\$ 6$ billion (annual rate) in 2nd quarter of 1950. according to preliminary data. The rise in compensation of employees was the principal factor.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OT GOMMERCE (EXCEPT AS NOTED).


[^6]
## CORPORATE PROFITS

Preliminary data indicate that corporate profits before taxes continued to rise in 2nd quarter of 1950 , reaching an annual rate of $\$ 32$ billion. Dividend payments were unchanged from 1st quarter and undistributed profits $\$ 1,7_{2}$ billion_higher.


| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corporate } \\ & \text { profits } \\ & \text { before taxes } \end{aligned}$ | Corporate tax liability | Corporate profits after taxes |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividend payments | Undistributed profits |
| 1939 | 6.5 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 3. 8 | 1.2 |
| 1944 | 24.3 | 13. 5 | 10. 8 | 4. 7 | 6. 1 |
| 1946 | 23.5 | 9. 6 | 13. 9 | 5. 8 | 8. 1 |
| 1947 | 30.5 | 11. 9 | 18. 5 | 6. 6 | 12.0 |
| 1948 | 33. 9 | 13.0 | 20. 9 | 7.5 | 13.4 |
| 1949 | 27. 6 | 10.6 | 17. 0 | 7. 8 | 9. 2 |
| 1949: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter- } \\ \text { Second quarter } \\ \text { Third quarter- } \\ \text { Fourth quarter }\end{array}$ | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|  | 28. 3 | 10.9 | 17. 4 | 7. 9 | 9. 5 |
|  | 26. 4 | 10. 0 | 16. 4 | 7. 7 | 8. 7 |
|  | 28. 2 | 10. 8 | 17. 3 | 7. 4 | 10. 0 |
|  | 27.6 | 10.6 | 16. 9 | 8. 2 | 8.7 |
| 1950: First quarter | 29.2 | 11. 4 | 17.8 | 8. 1 | 9.7 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 32. 0 | 12. 5 | 19.5 | 8.1 | 11. 4 |

[^7]
## PERSONAL INCOME

The advance in personal income in June was paced by an increase in salaries and wages in manufacturing. The rise in proprietors' income was about evenly divided between farm and nonfarm.



1 Inchudes veterans' insurance dividend. During first quarter, the payment was at annual rate of $\$ 8.5$ billion (or $\$ 2.1$ billion, quarterly total) and during second quarter at $\$ 2.0$ billion (or $\$ 502$ million, quarterly total).
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, ANDSAVING

Disposable personal income in 2 nd quarter declined about $\$ 2$ billion (annual rate) from the Ist quarter postwar peak rate of nearly $\$ 198$ billion when the bulk of the NSLI dividend was distributed. Consumer expenditures continued to rise.



${ }_{2}^{1}$ Income less taxes. Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after the chart was prepared.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Consumer expenditures increased again in 2nd quarter, with nondurables, especially food and clothing, registering the major gains. Expenditures for durable goods continued at a high level.

[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nondurable } \\ & \text { goods } \end{aligned}$ | Durable goods | Services |
| 1939 | 67.5 | 35.3 | 6. 7 | 25.5 |
| 1944 | 111.6 | 67.1 | 7.1 | 37.4 |
| 1946 | 146. 9 | 85.8 | 16.6 | 44.5 |
| 1947 | 165.6 | 95.1 | 21.4 | 49.1 |
| 1948 | 177. 4 | 100.9 | 22.9 | 53.7 |
| 1949 | 178. 8 | 98.5 | 23.8 | 56.4 |
| 1949: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter } \\ & \text { Second quarter } \\ & \text { Third quarter- } \\ & \text { Tourth quarter } \\ & \text { For }\end{aligned}$ | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
|  | 177.4 | 99.4 | 22.4 | 55.6 |
|  | 178. 4 | 99.2 | 23. 0 | 56. 2 |
|  | 179.0 | 97.6 | 24.7 | 56.6 |
|  | 180.6 | 97.9 | 25.3 | 57.4 |
| 1950: First quarter | 182.4 | 97.5 | 26. 9 |  |
| Second quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 184.5 | 99.0 | 26. 7 | 58. 8 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers. Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after the chart was prepared.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PER CAPITA INCOME*

Per capita disposable incorre declined in 2 nd quarter of 1950 , both in terms of current dollars and in real purchasing power, os a result of the tapering off of the NSLI dividend


| Period | Per capita disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Consumers' price index ${ }^{3}$$1949=100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | 1949 dollars ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| 1939 | \$536 | \$912 | 58.8 |
| 1941 | 691 | 1, 110 | 62.2 |
| 1942 | 867 | 1, 247 | 69.5 |
| 1944 | 1, 065 | 1,388 | 76. 7 |
| 1946 | 1, 125 | 1,333 | 84.4 |
| 1947 | 1, 177 | 1,248 | 94.3 |
| 1948 | 1,285 | 1,270 | 101. 2 |
| 1949 | 1,256 | 1,256 | 100.0 |
|  | Annual rat adj | seasonally <br> ted | Not adjusted for seasonal variation |
| 1949: First quarter-- | \$1,280 | \$1,275 | 100. 4 |
| Second quarter. Third quarter.. | 1,264 | 1, 261 | 100.2 99.9 |
| Third quarter.-- | 1,237 1,243 | 1,239 1,249 | 99.9 99.5 |
| 1950: First quarter_ | 1,310 | 1,329 | 98.6 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{4}$ | 1,291 | 1,294 | 99.8 |

[^8]
## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SElected industries

Hourly earnings in manufacturing passed the May peak to reach a new high of over $\$ 1.45$ in June The increases in durable goods manufacturing were greater than those in nondurables.

[Selected industries ${ }^{1]}$

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | ${\underset{1949}{ }{ }^{19} 2}^{2}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\text { dollars }^{2}$ | Current dollars | $\underset{\text { dollars }^{2}}{ }$ | Current dollars | ${\underset{\text { dollars }}{ }{ }^{2}}^{2949}$ |
| 1939 monthly average | \$0.633 | \$1. 077 | \$0. 698 | \$1. 187 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average | . 961 | 1. 286 | 1. 059 | 1. 418 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(8)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1946 monthly average | 1. 086 | 1. 287 | 1. 156 | 1. 370 | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | (3) |
| 1947 monthly average | 1. 237 | 1. 312 | 1. 292 | 1. 370 | \$1. 171 | \$1. 242 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | \$1.009 | \$1. 070 |
| 1948 monthly average | 1. 350 | 1. 334 | 1. 410 | 1. 393 | 1. 278 | 1. 263 | \$1. 848 | \$1.826 | 1. 088 | 1. 075 |
| 1949 monthly average | 1. 401 | 1. 401 | 1. 469 | 1. 469 | 1. 325 | 1. 325 | 1.935 | 1.935 | 1. 137 | 1. 137 |
| 1949: May | 1. 401 | 1. 400 | 1. 467 | 1. 466 | 1. 323 | 1. 322 | 1. 930 | 1. 928 | 1. 141 | 1. 140 |
| June | 1. 405 | 1. 401 | 1. 475 | 1. 471 | 1. 324 | 1. 320 | 1. 924 | 1. 918 | 1. 147 | 1. 144 |
| July | 1. 408 | 1. 414 | 1. 477 | 1. 483 | 1. 332 | 1. 337 | 1. 922 | 1. 930 | 1. 148 | 1. 153 |
| August | 1. 399 | 1. 402 | 1. 473 | 1. 476 | 1. 319 | 1. 322 | 1. 932 | 1. 936 | 1. 146 | 1. 148 |
| Septemb | 1. 407 | 1. 403 | 1. 482 | 1. 478 | 1. 328 | 1. 324 | 1. 938 | 1. 932 | 1. 150 | 1. 147 |
| October | 1. 392 | 1. 398 | 1. 458 | 1. 464 | 1. 325 | 1. 330 | 1. 944 | 1. 952 | 1. 140 | 1. 145 |
| Novembe | 1. 392 | 1. 396 | 1. 457 | 1. 461 | 1. 325 | 1. 329 | 1. 947 | 1. 953 | 1. 138 | 1. 141 |
| Decembe | 1. 408 | 1. 421 | 1. 476 | 1. 489 | 1. 334 | 1. 346 | 1. 964 | 1. 982 | 1. 126 | 1. 136 |
| 1950: January | 1. 418 | 1. 437 | 1. 485 | 1. 505 | 1. 343 | 1. 361 | 1. 976 | 2. 002 | 1. 153 | 1. 168 |
| February | 1. 420 | 1. 442 | 1.483 | 1. 506 | 1. 350 | 1. 371 | 1. 988 | 2. 018 | 1. 145 | 1. 162 |
| March. | 1. 424 | 1. 441 | 1. 486 | 1. 504 | 1. 353 | 1. 369 | 1. 995 | 2. 019 | 1. 148 | 1. 162 |
| April ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1. 434 | 1. 450 | 1. 498 | 1. 515 | 1. 356 | 1. 371 | 1. 986 | 2. 008 | 1. 153 | 1. 166 |
| May ${ }^{4}$ | 1. 443 | 1. 447 | 1. 509 | 1. 514 | 1. 359 | 1. 363 | 2. 000 | 2. 006 | 1. 160 | 1. 163 |
| June ${ }^{4}$ | 1. 454 | 1. 444 | 1. 525 | 1. 514 | 1. 364 | 1. 355 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ |

Production and related workers
Not available.
Source: Department of Labor.

## AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SElected industries

Weekly earnings in manufacturing industries continued to rise for the seventh consecutive month, reaching a record figure of $\$ 58.89$ in June. The gain of almost $\$ 1.50$ in durable and of about $\$ 1.00$ in nondurable manufacturing was due primarily to increased hours.




[Selected industries ${ }^{1]}$

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods\| manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | ${\underset{\text { dollars }}{ }{ }^{1949}}^{2}$ |
| 1939 monthly average | \$23. 86 | \$40. 58 | \$26. 50 | \$45. 07 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (3) |
| 1943 monthly average. | 43. 14 | 57.75 | 49. 30 | 66.00 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |
| 1946 monthly average. | 43. 82 | 51.92 | 46. 49 | 55. 08 | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1947 monthly average_ | 49.97 | 52.99 | 52.46 | 55.63 | \$46.96 | \$49.80 | (3) | (3) | \$40. 66 | \$43. 12 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 54. 14 | 53. 50 | 57.11 | 56. 43 | 50.61 | 50.01 | \$68.85 | \$68. 03 | 43. 85 | 43. 33 |
| 1949 monthly average _ | 54.92 | 54.92 | 58.03 | 58. 03 | 51. 41 | 51.41 | 70.95 | 70. 95 | 45.93 | 45.93 |
| 1949: May | 54. 08 | 54. 03 | 57.21 | 57. 15 | 50.41 | 50. 36 | 71.81 | 71.74 | 45. 98 | 45. 93 |
| June | 54.51 | 54. 35 | 57.82 | 57. 65 | 50.97 | 50. 82 | 71.44 | 71. 23 | 46. 45 | 46. 31 |
| July | 54.63 | 54. 85 | 57.31 | 57.54 | 51.55 | 51. 76 | 71. 28 | 71. 57 | 46. 95 | 47. 14 |
| August | 54.70 | 54. 81 | 57.89 | 58. 01 | 51.31 | 51. 41 | 71. 95 | 72. 09 | 46. 87 | 46.96 |
| September | 55.72 | 55. 55 | 58.69 | 58. 51 | 52.59 | 52. 43 | 70.69 | 70. 48 | 46.58 | 46. 44 |
| October | 55.26 | 55. 48 | 58.17 | 58.40 | 52.47 | 52. 68 | 71. 80 | 72. 09 | 46. 06 | 46. 24 |
| November | 54.43 | 54.59 | 56.82 | 56. 99 | 52.07 | 52. 23 | 70.21 | 70.42 | 45. 63 | 45. 77 |
| December. | 56.04 | 56.55 | 59.19 | 59.73 | 52.69 | 53. 17 | 70.26 | 70. 90 | 45.83 | 46. 25 |
| 1950: January | 56. 29 | 57. 03 | 59.40 | 60. 18 | 52.91 | 53.61 | 68. 76 | 69. 67 | 46. 58 | 47. 19 |
| February | 56.37 | 57. 23 | 59.47 | 60. 38 | 53.06 | 53. 87 | 67.00 | 68.02 | 46. 26 | 46. 96 |
| March | 56.53 | 57.22 | 59.74 | 60.47 | 53.04 | 53. 68 | 68.83 | 69.67 | 46. 26 | 46. 82 |
| April 4 | 56. 93 | 57.56 | 60. 97 | 61. 65 | 52. 21 | 52. 79 | 70.70 | 71. 49 | 46. 47 | 46. 99 |
| May ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 57. 72 | 57.89 | 61. 72 | 61. 91 | 52. 87 | 53. 03 | 73. 60 | 73. 82 | 46. 86 | 47. 00 |
| June ${ }^{4}$ | 58.89 | 58.48 | 63. 14 | 62. 70 | 53.74 | 53. 37 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |

[^9]
## FARM INCOME

Farm income advanced slightly in June but was 10 percent below the level of June 1949.

*includes cash farm income from marketing and government payments.
SOU income in current dollars divioed by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxEs, ANO wabe fates, 1949:100.
source: department of agriculture.

| Period | Farm income (millions of current dollars) ${ }^{1}$ | Prices paid by farmers (incl. interest, taxes, and wage rates) $1949=100^{2}$ | Farm income (millions of 1949 dollars ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average | 724 | 49 | 1,478 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 981 | 53 | 1,851 |
| 1942 monthly a verage. | 1,339 | 61 | 2, 195 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 1,764 | 73 | 2,416 |
| 1946 monthly average.. | 2, 136 | 83 | 2,573 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 2,527 | 96 | 2, 632 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 2,567 | 104 | 2, 468 |
| 1949 monthly average.. | 2, 290 | 100 | 2, 290 |
| 1949: May! | 1, 946 | 101 | 1, 927 |
| June.- | 2, 053 | 101 | 2, 033 |
| July | 2,177 | 100 | 2, 177 |
| August | 2, 417 | 100 | 2, 417 |
| September. | 2, 608 | 99 | 2, 634 |
| October- | 3, 139 | 98 | 3, 203 |
| November. | 3, 050 | 98 | 3, 112 |
| December... | 2, 326 | 98 | 2,373 |
| 1950: January | 2, 254 | 100 | 2, 254 |
| February | 1,614 | 99 | 1, 630 |
| March | 1,707 | 100 | 1,707 |
| ${ }^{\text {April }}$ | 1,594 | 100 | 1, 594 |
| May ${ }^{\text {J }}$ - | 1,809 1,851 | 102 | 1,774 1,815 |

1 Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments.
${ }^{2}$ Converted from the reported base, $1910-14=100$, to the base $1949=100$.
${ }_{4}^{3}$ Freliminary in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, $1949=100$.
4 Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Agriculture.

## CONSUMER CREDIT

Consumer instalment credit continued to rise sharply in June, reflecting a strong demand for both automobiles and other consumer durables.

[Millions of dollars]

| End of period |  | Total consumer credit outstanding | Instalment credit |  |  | Charge accounts | Other consumer credit ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Automobile } \\ & \text { sale } \\ & \text { credit } \end{aligned}$ | Other sale credit and loans |  |  |
| 1939 |  |  | 7, 969 | 4, 424 | 1, 267 | 3, 157 | 1, 544 | 2, 001 |
| 1943 |  | 5, 378 | 2, 001 | 175 | 1, 826 | 1, 498 | 1,879 |
| 1946 |  | 10, 191 | 4, 000 | 544 | 3, 456 | 3, 054 | 3, 137 |
| 1947 |  | 13, 673 | 6, 434 | 1, 151 | 5, 283 | 3, 612 | 3, 627 |
| 1948 |  | 16, 319 | 8, 600 | 1, 961 | 6,639 | 3, 854 | 3, 865 |
| 1949 |  | 18, 779 | 10, 890 | 3, 144 | 7, 746 | 3,909 | 3,980 |
| 1949: | May | 15, 843 | 8, 888 | 2, 386 | 6, 502 | 3, 235 | 3, 720 |
|  | June_ | 16, 124 | 9, 123 | 2, 499 | 6, 624 | 3, 274 | 3, 727 |
|  | July | 16, 198 | 9, 335 | 2, 610 | 6, 725 | 3, 123 | 3,740 |
|  | August | 16, 453 | 9, 622 | 2, 761 | 6, 861 | 3, 064 | 3, 767 |
|  | September | 16, 803 | 9, 899 | 2,876 | 7, 023 | 3, 123 | 3, 781 |
|  | October--- | 17, 223 | 10, 166 | 2,986 | 7,180 |  | 3, 860 |
|  | November | 17, 815 | 10, 441 | 3, 085 | 7, 356 | 3, 454 | 3, 920 |
|  | December | 18, 779 | 10, 890 | 3, 144 | 7, 746 | 3, 909 | 3,980 |
| 1950: | January | 18, 344 | 10, 836 | 3, 179 | 7,657 | 3, 506 | 4,002 |
|  | February | 18, 126 | 10,884 | 3, 256 | 7,628 | 3, 233 | 4,009 |
|  | March. | 18, 302 | 11, 077 | 3, 355 | 7, 722 | 3, 211 | 4, 014 |
|  | April | 18,620 | 11, 322 | 3, 470 | 7, 852 | 3, 241 | 4, 054 |
|  | May | 19, 077 | 11, 668 | 3, 600 | 8, 068 | 3, 290 | 4, 128 |
|  | June | 19,627 | 12, 063 | 3, 761 | 8, 302 | 3, 399 | 4,165 |

1 Includes single-payment loans of commercial banks and pawnbrokers and service credit.
2 Preliminary estimates.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals beoause of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE



| End of period |  | Total loans and investments | [Billions of dollars, all commercial banks] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bank loans | Investments |  |  |
|  |  | Total | U. S. Government securities | Other securities |
| 1929 |  |  | 49.5 | 36.0 | 13.5 | 4.8 | 8.7 |
| 1939 |  | 40.7 | 17. 2 | 23.4 | 16.3 | 7.1 |
| 1945 |  | 124.0 | 26. 1 | 97.9 | 90.6 | 7.3 |
| 1947. |  | 116.3 | 38.1 | 78.2 | 69.2 | 9.0 |
| 1948. |  | 114.3 | 42.5 | 71.8 | 62.6 | 9.2 |
| 1949 |  | 120.2 | 43.0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10.2 |
| 1949: | May | 113. 4 | 40.9 | 72.5 | 63.2 | 9. 3 |
|  | June | 113.8 | 41.0 | 72.7 | 63.2 | 9.5 |
|  | July | 114.7 | 40.5 | 74.3 | 64.4 | 9.8 |
|  | August. | 117.9 | 41.2 | 76. 7 | 66.7 | 10.0 |
|  | September | 118. 5 | 41.7 | 76.8 | 66.7 | 10.2 |
|  | October.. | 119.5 | 41.8 | 77.7 | 67.6 | 10. 1 |
|  | November | 119.7 | 42.7 | 77.0 | 66.9 | 10. 1 |
|  | December | 120.2 | 43.0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10.2 |
| 1950: | January -- | 121. 2 | 42. 9 | 78. 3 | 68.0 | 10.3 |
|  | February | 120.6 | 43. 1 | 77. 5 | 67.1 | 10.4 |
|  | March.. | 120.3 | 43.7 | 76. 7 | 65.8 | 10.9 |
|  | April | 120. 4 | 43. 8 | 76.6 | 65.6 | 11.0 |
|  | May --- | 121. 2 | 44.1 | 77.1 | 66. 1 | 11.0 |
|  | June ${ }^{1}$ | 122.1 | 45.0 | 77.2 | 66.0 | 11. 2 |

[^10]
## MONEY SUPPLY

The money supply was slightly higher in June.

[Billions of dollars]

| End of period |  | Total pri-vately-held money supply | Currency outside banks | Adjusted demand deposits ${ }^{1}$ | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 |  | 63.3 | 6. 4 | 29.8 | 27.1 |
| 1943 |  | 112.4 | 18.8 | 60.8 | 32.7 |
| 1946 |  | 164.0 | 26.7 | 83.3 | 54.0 |
| 1947 |  | 170.0 | 26.5 | 87.1 | 56.4 |
| 1948 |  | 169.1 | 26.1 | 85.5 | 57.5 |
| 1949 |  | 169.8 | 25. 4 | 85.8 | 58.6 |
| 1949: | May | 165.6 | 25. 0 | 82.5 | 58.2 |
|  | June_ | 165. 6 | 25. 3 | 81.9 | 58.5 |
|  | July | 166.3 | 24. 9 | 83.1 | 58.4 |
|  | August | 166. 9 | 25. 1 | 83.4 | 58.4 |
|  | September | 166.3 | 24. 9 | 83.1 | 58.4 |
|  | October. | 167.7 | 24.9 | 84.3 | 58.4 |
|  | November | 168. 1 | 25. 1 | 85.0 | 58.0 |
|  | December | 169.8 | 25. 4 | 85.8 | 58.6 |
| 1950: | January | 169.7 | 24. 5 | 86.4 | 58.7 |
|  | February | 168. 2 | 24.7 | 84.5 | 59.0 |
|  | March | 167. 1 | 24. 6 | 83.3 | 59.3 |
|  | April | 168. 5 | 24. 6 | 84.5 | 59.5 |
|  | May ${ }^{3}$ | 169.5 | 24. 7 | 85.3 | 59.5 |
|  | June ${ }^{3}$ | 169.7 | 24.6 | 85.4 | 59.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and $U$. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
${ }^{2}$ Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Systom.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

## FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

In 2nd quarter of 1950 , cash payments to the public were $\$ 1.8$ billion larger than receipts. Receipts were larger and payments less than in the corresponding quarter of 1949.

preliminary estimates
SOURGE: bureau of the budget and treasury department
COUNCIL OF ECOHOMIG AOVISERS

| Calendar years | Federal cash receipts from the public | Federal cash payments to the public | Excess of receipts ( + ) or payments (-) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calendar year total: |  |  |  |
| 1946 | 41, 426 | 41,372 | $+54$ |
| 1947 | 44, 279 | 38, 584 | +5,695 |
| 1948 | 44, 920 | 36, 954 | +7,967 |
| 1949 | 41, 346 | 42, 634 | -1, 288 |
| Quarterly total, not adjusted for seaso |  |  |  |
| 1947: Third quarter. | 10, 220 | 10, 257 | -37 |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 869 | 8, 536 | +1,331 |
| 1948: First quarter | 15, 037 | 8, 637 | +6,400 |
| Second quarter | 10, 238 | 9, 033 | +1,205 |
| Third quarter. | 10, 085 | 8, 798 | +1,287 |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 560 | 10, 486 | $-925$ |
| 1949: First quarter. | 13, 122 | 9, 964 | +3,158 |
| Second quarter | 8, 814 | 11, 389 | -2, 575 |
| Third quarter.. | 10, 143 | 10, 528 | -385 |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 267 | 10, 753 | -1,486 |
| 1950: First quarter | 12, 235 | 10,760 | +1,475 |
| Second quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 9,308 | 11, 105 | -1,802 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates based on incomplete data.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.


[^0]:    Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after chart was prepared.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of Commerce.

[^1]:    Ratio of index of prices received to index of prices paid, interest. taxes, and wage rates. 1946 Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, temporary lay-off, and industrial disputes.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes all full- and part-tire wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on weekly net ton capacity of $1,749,928$ for $1947,1,802,476$ for $1948,1,843,515$ for $1949,1,906,268$ for the first half of 1950, and increased capacity figures, beginning July 1, 1950 .
    y Daily average for week.
    Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

[^5]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Recorded merchandise exports. including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
    ${ }^{2}$ Recorded general merchandise imports.
    Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers. Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after the chart was prepared.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department"of Commerce (except as noted).

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers. Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after the chart was prepared.

    Notr.-No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 20 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment.

    Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

[^8]:    1 Income less taxes.
    Current dollars divided by the consumers' price index on the base $1949=100$
    ${ }_{3}$ The consumers' price index has been roughly adjusted to take account of the understatement from December 1941-February 1947. This adjustment is in line with the report of the Mitchell Committee. The unadjusted index will be found on page 3 .
    ${ }^{4}$ Revised estimates, based on additional data, became available after the chart was prepared.
    Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

[^9]:    1 For production and related workers.
    Not available.
    1 Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on the base $1949=100$. See note 3 tostable\%on page 25.
    1 Proliminary estimates.
    Source: Department of Labor.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimates.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

