# Economic Indicators 

## MAY 1950

## Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report by the Council of Economic Advisers

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# JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE ECONOMIC REPORT 

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[Public Law 120-81st Congress; Chapter 237-1st Session]
JOINT RESOLUTION [S. J. Res. 55]
To print the monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators"
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee on the Economic Report be authorized to issue a monthly publication entitled "Economic Indicators," and that a sufficient quantity be printed to furnish one copy to each Member of Congress; the Secretary and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate; the Clerk, Sergeant at Arms, and Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives; two copies to the libraries of the Senate and House, and the Congressional Library; seven hundred copies to the Joint Committee on the Economic Report; and the required number of copies to the Superintendent of Documents for distribution to depository libraries; and that the Superintendent of Documents be authorized to have copies printed for sale to the public.

Approved June 23, 1949.

## Ta the Members of Congress:

From the time the Joint Committee on the Economic Report was established its members realized that one of its basic needs was a concise and meaningful picture of current economic trends and developments.

Fortunately, the joint committee found that Economic Indicators, a set of basic charts and tables compiled monthly by the Council of Economic Advisers, admirably filled this need. While this material was prepared originally for the use of the President, the Council, and other officials in the executive offices, the Council made it available to the joint committee.

Other Members of Congress also expressed an interest in being able to obtain a quick picture of current economic facts without having to go through voluminous and specialized documents. lit addition businessmen, farm leaders, labor organizations, and representatives of the press and radio indicated their desire for this information.

Accordingly, the joint committee provided the Congress and the public with limited number of copies of Economic Indicators as a committee print pending final action on authorizing the public action on a more permanent basis. As is indicated above such legislation has now been passed and the committee will issue the report on a regular monthly basis.

Comments or suggestions with respect to possible improvements in this prechtation will always be welcome.

(B,armisi. Jute Committee on the Economic Report.

## Letter of Transmittal

Hon. Joseph C. O'Mahoney, Chairman,<br>Joint Committee on the Economic Report, United States Congress, Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator: The Council of Economic Advisers is happy to cooperate with the Joint Committee on the Economic Report in making Economic Indicators available to the Congress as a whole and to the general public, in accordance with Public Law 120, Eightyfirst Congress.

In carrying out its mandate under the Employment Act of 1946, the Council has found it desirable to bring together in concise and graphic form the most important facts showing current trends in the Nation's economy. Thus the Executive Office is in a better position to point up the key problems of national economic policy and to promote the improvement and coordination of the Federal Government's widespread statistical services.

In this undertaking the Council has the full cooperation of the several agencies of the Federal Government that collect statistical material. In many cases these agencies supply advance estimates for use in Economic Indicators. While the charts are drawn through the courtesy of the Graphics Unit in the Office of the Secretary of Commerce, the Council takes complete responsibility for the graphic presentation.

This material has proven useful to the President, the Council, the executive departments, and the Congress. Furthermore, its usefulness to the general public has been impressed upon us, particularly by the representatives of business, labor, agriculture, and consumer organizations with whom we regularly consult.

We believe that the Congress is performing a service of real value by making this material available.

Sincerely yours,


## Contents

THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY
PageThe Nation's Economic Budget
Gross National Product ..... 2
PRICES
Consumers' Prices ..... 3
Wholesale Prices ..... 4
Prices Received and Paid by Farmers ..... 5
Stock Prices ..... 6
EMPLOYMENT
Labor Force ..... 7
Nonagricultural Employment-Selected Industries ..... 8
Average Weekly Hours-Selected Industries ..... 9
Work Stoppages ..... 10
PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY
Industrial Production ..... 11
Weekly Production-Selected Indicators ..... 12
Production of Selected Manufactures ..... 13
New Construction ..... 14
New Housing Starts ..... 15
Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment ..... 16
New Corporate Security Issues ..... 17
Inventories and Sales ..... 18
Merchandise Exports and Imports ..... 19
PURCHASING POWER
National Income ..... 20
Corporate Profits ..... 21
Personal Income ..... 22
Consumer Income, Spending, and Saving ..... 23
Personal Consumption Expenditures ..... 24
Per Capita Income ..... 25
Average Hourly Earnings-Selected Industries ..... 26
Average Weekly Earnings--Selected Industries ..... 27
Farm Income ..... 28
Consumer Credit ..... 29
MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE
Bank Loans and Investments ..... 30
Money Supply ..... 31
Federal Cash Receipts From and Payments to the Public ..... 32

## THE TOTAL OUTPUT OF THE ECONOMY

## THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

The peak rate of residential construction and continued high expenditures for consumer durable goods stimulated economic activity during 1 st quarter 1950. The payment of the National Service Life Insurance dividend to veterans resulted in a sharp rise in consumer disposable income, most of which was not spent during 1 st quarter.
1949 , 4 th Quarter $\quad$ (BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) ${ }^{1 /}$
TOTAL (Gross National Product)




1950, I st Quarter (BILLIONS of DOLLARS) 1/
TOTAL (Gross National Product)


[^0]- () M1)

SLE FCONOMIC REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT, JANUARY 1950, APPENDIX A
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISEAS

## GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

Gross national product - the market value of the Nation's output of goods and services - in Ist quarter of 1950 was obout 2 percent above 4 th quarter of 1949, according to preliminary data. Personal consumption expenditures and gross private domestic investment accounted for most of the increase.


SOURCE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

|  | [Billion | of dollars] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | Total gross national product | Personal consumption expenditures | Gross private domestic investment | Net foreign investment | Government purchases of goods and services |
| 1939 | 91. 3 | 67.5 | 9.9 | 0.9 | 13. 1 |
| 1944 | 213.7 | 111.6 | 7.7 | -2.1 | 96. 5 |
| 1946 | 212.6 | 147. 8 | 29.5 | 4. 7 | 30. 7 |
| 1947 | 235. 7 | 166. 9 | 31.1 | 8.9 | 28. 8 |
| 1948 | 262.4 | 178.8 | 45.0 | 1. 9 | 36. 7 |
| 1949. | 258.0 | 179.4 | 34.7 | . 5 | 43. 4 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1948: Third quarter. | 266. 5 | 180.3 | 47.1 | -0.1 | 39.2 |
| Fourth quarter | 270.3 | 180.9 | 48. 0 | 1.0 | 40.3 |
| 1949: First quarter | 262. 0 | 178. 7 | 40.0 | 1. 0 | 42. 3 |
| Second quarter | 257.9 | 179.3 | 33.2 | 1. 2 | 44.2 |
| Third quarter | 254. 6 | 179.7 | 32.1 | $-.3$ | 43.2 |
| Fourth quarter | 257.1 | 179.8 | 33.7 | -. 1 | 43.7 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{1}$ | 262.4 | 182.0 | 38.4 | $-2.0$ | 44.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers; based on incomplete data. Revised estimates by the Department of Commerce will be published in the Survey of Current Business, May 1950.
Note.- Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## PRICES

## CONSUMERS' PRICES

Consumers' prices rose slightly in March. The largest increase was in food prices but the advance was quite general.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
council of economic advisers

| $[1935-39=100]$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All items | Food | Apparel | Rent | Fuel, electricity, and refrigeration | House furnishings | Miscellane- ous |
| 1940 monthly average_ | 100. 2 | 96.6 | 101. 7 | 104.6 | 99.7 | 100.5 | 101. 1 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 105. 2 | 105. 5 | 106. 3 | 106. 2 | 102. 2 | 107. 3 | 104. 0 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 116. 5 | 123. 9 | 124. 2 | 108. 5 | 105. 4 | 122. 2 | 110.9 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 123. 6 | 138. 0 | 129. 7 | 108. 0 | 107. 7 | 125. 6 | 115. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 125. 5 | 136. 1 | 138. 8 | 108. 2 | 109.8 | 136. 4 | 121. 3 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 128. 4 | 139.1 | 145. 9 | 108. 3 | 110.3 | 145.8 | 124. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 139.3 | 159. 6 | 160.2 | 108. 6 | 112. 4 | 159.2 | 128. 8 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 159.2 | 193. 8 | 185. 8 | 111. 2 | 121. 1 | 184. 4 | 139. 9 |
| 1948 monthly average | 171. 2 | 210.2 | 198. 0 | 117.4 | 133. 9 | 195. 8 | 149.9 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 169.1 | 201.9 | 190.1 | 120.8 | 137.5 | 189.0 | 154. 6 |
| 1949: February 15. | 169.0 | 199. 7 | 195. 1 | 119.9 | 138.8 | 195. 6 | 154. 1 |
| 1010. March 15 | 169.5 | 201. 6 | 193. 9 | 120. 1 | 138.9 | 193.8 | 154.4 |
| April 15 | 169.7 | 202. 8 | 192. 5 | 120. 3 | 137. 4 | 191. 9 | 154. 6 |
| May 15 | 169.2 | 202. 4 | 191. 3 | 120.4 | 135.4 | 189. 5 | 154. 5 |
| June 15 | 169. 6 | 204. 3 | 190. 3 | 120.6 | 135. 6 | 187. 3 | 154. 2 |
| July 15 | 168.5 | 201. 7 | 188.5 | 120.7 | 135. 6 | 186. 8 | 154. 3 |
| August 15 | 168. 8 | 202.6 | 187.4 | 120.8 | 135. 8 | 184. 8 | 154.8 |
| September 15 | 169.6 | 204. 2 | 187. 2 | 121. 2 | 137. 0 | 185. 6 | 155.2 |
| October 15-. | 168. 5 | 200.6 | 186. 8 | 121.5 | 138. 4 | 185. 2 | 155. 2 |
| November 15 | 168. 6 | 200.8 | 186. 3 | 122. 0 | 139. 1 | 185. 4 | 154. 9 |
| December 15 | 167.5 | 197. 3 | 185. 8 | 122. 2 | 139.7 | 185. 4 | 155. 5 |
| 1950: January 15. | 166. 9 | 196. 0 | 185. 0 | 122. 6 | 140. 0 | 184. 7 | 155. 1 |
| February 15 | 166. 5 | 194. 8 | 184. 8 | 122.8 | 140.3 | 185. 3 | 155. 1 |
| March 15.. | 167.0 | 196.0 | 185. 0 | 122.9 | 140.9 | 185.4 | 155. 0 |

Note.-Prices are for moderate-income families ip large cities.
Source: Department of Labor.

## WHOLESALE PRICES

Industrial prices, which had been virtually stable since last June, showed a rising trend during April. Farm and food prices increased at the end of the month.


| [1926 $=100$ ] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All commodities | $\underset{\text { ucts }}{\text { Farm prod- }}$ | Foods | Other than farm products and foods |
| 1942 monthly average | 98.8 | 105. 9 | 99.6 | 95.5 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 121. 1 | 148. 9 | 130. 7 | 109.5 |
| June ............ | 112.9 | 140.1 | 112.9 | 105. 6 |
| 1947 monthly average | 152. 1 | 181. 2 | 168. 7 | 135.2 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 165. 1 | 188. 3 | 179. 1 | 151. 0 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 155. 0 | 165.6 | 161.6 | 147. 3 |
| 1949: March. | 158. 4 | 171.5 | 162. 9 | 150.7 |
| April | 156. 9 | 170.5 | 162.9 | 148.9 |
| May | 155. 7 | 171.2 | 163. 8 | 146. 8 |
| June. | 154. 5 | 168.8 | 162.4 | 145. 6 |
| July -- | 153. 5 | 166. 2 | 161. 3 | 145. 0 |
| August | 152. 9 | 162. 3 | 160. 6 | 145. 0 |
| September- | 153.6 | 163. 1 | 162. 0 | 145. 3 |
| October.- | 152.2 | 159.6 | 159.6 | 145. 0 |
| November | 151. 6 | 156. 8 | 158. 9 | 144. 9 |
| December | 151. 2 | 154.9 | 155.8 | 145. 5 |
| 1950: January | 151. 5 | 154. 7 | 154. 8 | 145. 8 |
| February | 152. 7 | 159. 1 | 156. 7 | 145. 9 |
| March | 152. 6 | 159.4 | 155. 5 | 146. 0 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 153. 1 | 159. 6 | 156. 0 | 146. 6 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |
| 1950: April 4 | 152. 0 | 157.6 | 156. 0 | 145. 6 |
| - 11 | 152. 1 | 157.9 | 155. 0 | 145. 7 |
| 18 | 152. 2 | 157.5 | 155. 0 | 146. 1 |
| 25 | 153. 7 | 160.8 | 157. 8 | 146. 5 |
| May 2. | 154. 3 | 162. 1 | 159.0 | 146.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimate based on change in weekly data.

[^1]
## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Prices received by farmers rose 4 points in the index, or nearly 2 percent, from March 15 to April 15 with soybeons, corn, and beef cattle showing the largest gains. Prices paid were up only 1 point. As a result, the parity ratio increased I point.

$[1910-14=100]$

| Period | Prices received by farmers | Prices paid by farmers (including interest, taxes, and wage rates) | Parity ratio ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 95 | 123 | 77 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 158 | 152 | 104 |
| 1944 monthly average. | ${ }^{2} 196$ | 182 | 108 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 2206 | 189 | 109 |
| 1946 monthly average | ${ }^{2} 234$ | 207 | 113 |
| 1947 monthly average | 275 | 240 | 115 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 285 | 259 | 110 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 249 | 250 | 100 |
| 1949: March 15 | 258 | 255 | 101 |
| April 15 | 256 | 254 | 101 |
| May 15 | 253 | 253 | 100 |
| June 15 | 249 | 252 | 99 |
| July 15 | 246 | 250 | 98 |
| August 15 | 244 | 249 | 98 |
| September 15 | 247 | 248 | 100 |
| October 15 | 242 | 246 | 98 |
| November 15 | 237 | 245 | 97 |
| December 15 | 233 | 246 | 95 |
| 1950: January 15 | 235 | 219 | 94 |
| February 15 | 237 | 248 | 96 |
| March 15---- | 237 | 250 | 95 |
| April 15..-- | 241 | 251 | 96 |

[^2]
## STOCK PRICES

Stock prices continued their irregular advance, which began last June.

$[1935-39=100]$

| Period | Combined index ${ }^{1}$ | Industrials | Railroads | Utilities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weekly average: |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 94.2 | 94. 8 | 74.7 | 98.6 |
| 1942 | 69.4 | 71. 3 | 66.1 | 61.3 |
| 1946 | 139.9 | 143. 4 | 143. 0 | 120.2 |
| 1948 | 124. 4 | 130.6 | 114. 7 | 96.2 |
| 1949 | 121. 3 | 127. 5 | 96.4 | 97.5 |
| 1949: March | 118. 0 | 123. 7 | 97.4 | 95.3 |
| April. | 118. 5 | 124. 2 | 97.1 | 96. 1 |
| May | 117. 7 | 123. 5 | 95. 8 | 95.3 |
| June. | 112. 0 | 117.0 | 88.4 | 93.0 |
| July - | 117.8 | 123. 8 | 90.6 | 95. 4 |
| August | 121. 8 | 128. 0 | 94.2 | 98. 5 |
| September | 123. 8 | 130.3 | 95.1 | 100. 0 |
| October- | 127. 3 | 134. 4 | 97.6 | 101. 2 |
| November. | 129. 1 | 136.5 | 96.2 | 102. 6 |
| December | 132. 7 | 140. 3 | 101. 0 | 104. 1 |
| 1950: January. | 135. 1 | 142. 6 | 107. 8 | 105. 8 |
| February | 136.7 | 144. 4 | 107. 2 | 107. 4 |
| March | 138. 8 | 146. 5 | 108. 5 | 109. 6 |
| April | 141. 6 | 150. 0 | 109.4 | 111.1 |
| Week ended: |  |  |  |  |
| 1950: April 5.- | 140.6 |  | 108. 7 | 110.9 |
| -12. | 142. 9 | 151.2 | 110.4 | 111. 5 |
| 19 | 142. 1 | 151. 0 | 111. 4 | 111.5 |
| May ${ }^{26}$ | 140. 8 | 149. 0 | 107. 3 | 110.4 |
| May $3^{2}$ | 144.7 | 153. 4 | 110.3 | 111.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Combined index prior to June 23, 1948, was based on 402 common stocks, and included 354 industrials, 20 railroads, and 28 utilities; thereafter, 416 common stocks are represented, with 365 industrials, 20 railroads, and 31 utilities.

## EMPLOYMENT

## LABOR FORCE

The number of unemployed persons in April was $3 \frac{1}{2}$ million, representing o decline of 600,000 from the March level. With a marked increase in the number of farm and nonfarm jobs ovailable, total civilian employment increased by 1.1 million.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

| Period | Total labor force, including armed forces | Civilian employment ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Armed forces | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Unemploy- } \\ & \text { ment } \end{aligned}$ | Unemployment as percent of total labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | In nonagricultural industries | In agriculture |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 55, 600 | 45,750 | 36, 140 | 9,610 | 370 | 9, 480 | 17. |
| 1944 monthly average. | 65, 890 | 53, 960 | 45, 010 | 8,950 | 11,260 | 670 | 1. 0 |
| 1947 monthly average | 61, 608 | 58, 027 | 49,761 | 8, 266 | 1, 440 | 2, 142 | 3.5 |
| 1948 monthly average | 62, 748 | 59, 378 | 51, 405 | 7,973 | 1,307 | 2, 064 | 3. 3 |
| 1949 monthly average | 63, 571 | 58, 710 | 50,684 | 8, 026 | 1,466 | 3, 395 | 5. 3 |
| 1949: March | 62, 305 | 57, 647 | 50, 254 | 7, 393 | 1, 491 | 3,167 | 5. 1 |
| April | 62, 327 | 57, 819 | 49, 999 | 7, 820 | 1,492 | 3,016 | 4. 8 |
| May. | 63,452 | 58, 694 | 49,720 | 8,974 | 1,469 | 3, 289 | 5. 2 |
| June. | 64, 866 | 59,619 | 49,924 | 9,696 | 1, 468 | 3, 778 | 5. 8 |
| July | 65, 278 | 59, 720 | 50, 073 | 9, 647 | 1, 463 | 4,095 | 6. 3 |
| August | 65, 105 | 59, 947 | 51, 441 | 8, 507 | 1,468 | 3, 689 | 5. 7 |
| September | 64, 222 | 59, 411 | 51, 254 | 8, 158 | 1, 459 | 3, 351 | 5. 2 |
| October-- | 64, 021 | 59, 001 | 51, 290 | 7,710 | 1, 445 | 3, 576 | 5. 6 |
| November | 64, 363 | 59,518 | 51, 640 | 7, 878 | 1, 436 | 3,409 | 5. 3 |
| December | 63, 475 | 58, 556 | 51,783 | 6, 773 | 1,430 | 3, 489 | 5. 5 |
| 1950: January | 62, 835 | 56, 947 | 50, 749 | 6, 198 | 1,408 | 4,480 | 7. 1 |
| February | 63, 003 | 56,953 | 50,730 | 6, 223 | 1,365 | 4, 684 | 7. 4 |
| March | 63,021 | 57,551 | 50, 877 | 6,675 | 1,346 | 4, 123 | 6. 5 |
| A pril | 63, 513 | 58,668 | 51, 473 | 7,195 | 1,330 | 3,515 | 5. 5 |

' Includes part-time workers and those who had jobs but were not at work for such reasons as vacation, illness, bad weather, Whoperny lay-off, and industrial disputes.

Nope. Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - SELECTED INDUSTRIES

Manufacturing employment increased 92,000 in March with almost all of the gain taking place in the durable segment. Employment in mining also increased significantly due to the settlement of the coal strike. All other industrial and commercial industries showed some increase.


MILLIONS OF WAGE




SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
COUNCH OF ECONOMLG ADVISEAS
[Thousands of wage and salary workers ${ }^{1]}$

| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Contract construction | Trade | Finance and service | Government (Federal, State, local) | Transportation and public utilities | Mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average | 10, 078 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1,150 | 6, 705 | 4, 610 | 3,987 | 2, 912 | 845 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 17, 381 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 1, 567 | 7, 322 | 5,187 | 6,049 | 3, 619 | 917 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 14, 461 | ( ${ }^{2}$ | (2) | 1,661 | 8,815 | 5,994 | 5,607 | 4,023 | 852 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 15, 247 | 8,373 | 6, 874 | 1, 982 | 9, 196 | 6,427 | 5,454 | 4,122 | 943 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 15, 286 | 8,315 | 6, 970 | 2, 165 | 9, 491 | 6,515 | 5,613 | 4,151 | 981 |
| 1949 monthly average- | 14, 146 | 7,465 | 6, 681 | 2,156 | 9, 438 | 6,544 | 5,811 | 3,979 | 932 |
| 1949: February | 14, 649 | 7, 923 | 6, 726 | 1,926 | 9, 292 | 6, 447 | 5,737 | 4,024 | 986 |
| March | 14, 475 | 7,819 | 6, 656 | 1,947 | 9,310 | 6, 469 | 5, 761 | 3,975 | 981 |
| April. | 14, 177 | 7,656 | 6,521 | 2, 036 | 9,478 | 6,525 | 5, 775 | 3, 991 | 984 |
| May | 13, 877 | 7, 441 | 6, 436 | 2, 137 | 9, 342 | 6,567 | 5, 813 | 4,021 | 974 |
| June_ | 13, 884 | 7, 392 | 6, 492 | 2, 205 | 9,336 | 6,608 | 5, 803 | 4,031 | 968 |
| July-- | 13, 757 | 7, 255 | 6,502 | 2, 277 | 9, 220 | -6,631 | 5,738 | 4, 007 | 943 |
| August.-.- | 14, 114 | 7,302 | 6, 812 | 2,340 | 9,213 | 6,616 | 5,763 | 3,992 | 956 |
| September | 14, 312 | 7, 409 | 6,903 | 2, 341 | 9, 409 | 6, 604 | 5, 893 | 3,959 | 948 |
| October-- | 13, 892 | 6, 986 | 6,906 | 2, 313 | 9,505 | 6, 561 | 5, 866 | 3, 871 | 593 |
| November | 13, 807 | 7,050 | 6, 757 | 2,244 | 9,607 | 6, 534 | 5, 783 | 3,892 | 917 |
| December | 14, 031 | 7,303 | 6, 728 | 2, 088 | 10,156 | 6,508 | 6,041 | 3,930 | 940 |
| 1950: January ${ }^{3}$ |  | 7, 347 | 6,634 | $1,919$ | 9,273 | 6, 474 | 5,777 | 3, 868 | 859 |
| February ${ }^{2}$ | $13,999$ | 7,335 | 6,664 | $1,855$ | 9, 179 | 6, 473 | $5,742$ | 3,839 | 600 |
| March ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 14, 091 | 7,421 | 6,670 | 1,903 | 9,262 | 6,499 | 5,769 | 3,872 | 927 |

[^3]${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
Source: Department of Labor.

## AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS - SElected industries

The workweek in durable manufacturing industries was slightly longer in April; in nondurable manufacturing it was slightly shorter.


| Period | Manufacturing |  |  | Building construction | Retail trade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 37. 7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average. | 44. 9 | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| 1946 monthly average. | 40. 4 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | (2) |
| 1947 monthly average. | 40. 4 | 40.6 | 40.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 40. 3 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 40.1 | 40. 5 | 39. 6 | 37.3 | 40.3 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 39.2 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 36.6 | 40.4 |
| 1949: January | 39. 5 | 40.1 | 38.7 | 37.0 | 40. 2 |
| February | 39. 4 | 39. 9 | 38.8 | 36. 5 | 40. 2 |
| March_ | 39. 1 | 39.5 | 38.6 | 36. 1 | 40.1 |
| April | 38. 4 | 39.0 | 37.6 | 36. 4 | 40. 2 |
| May | 38. 6 | 39.0 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 40. 3 |
| June. | 38. 8 | 39.2 | 38. 5 | 37.1 | 40.5 |
| July | 38.8 | 38.8 | 38. 7 | 37.1 | 40. 9 |
| August | 39.1 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 37.2 | 40.9 |
| September | 39. 6 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 36. 5 | 40. 5 |
| October - | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 36.9 | 40. 4 |
| November | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.3 | 36.1 | 40. 1 |
| December | 39. 8 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 35.8 | 40. 7 |
| 1950: January ${ }^{3}$ | 39. 7 | 40. 0 | 39. 3 | 34.8 | 40. 4 |
| February ${ }^{8}$ | 39.7 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 33.6 | (2) 40.3 |
| March ${ }^{3}$ | 39.7 | 40.3 | 39.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |

[^4]
## WORK STOPPAGES

Man-doys of idleness dropped significantly in March, due primarily to the settlement of the dispute in coal mining.


| Period | Man-days of idleness during period |  | Workers invoived in stoppages |  | Number of stoppages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly average (thousands) | Percent of estimated working time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Beginning } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { period } \\ & \text { (thousands) } \end{aligned}$ | In effect during month (thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Beginning } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { period } \end{aligned}$ | In effect during month |
| 1939. | 1,483 | 0. 28 | 1,170 |  | 2, 613 |  |
| 1941 | 1,917 | . 32 | 2,360 |  | 4,288 |  |
| 1942 | 348 | . 05 | 840 |  | 2,968 |  |
| 1943 | 1, 125 | . 15 | 1,980 |  | 3,752 | ------- |
| 1944 | 727 | . 09 | 2, 120 |  | 4,956 |  |
| 1945 | 3, 166 | . 47 | 3, 470 |  | 4, 750 | ------.-- |
| 1946 | 9, 667 | 1. 43 | 4, 600 |  | 4,985 | --- |
| 1947 | 2, 883 | . 41 | 2,170 |  | 3, 693 |  |
| 1948 | 2, 842 | . 37 | 1,960 |  | 3, 419 | --- |
| 1949 | 4,208 | . 59 | 3, 030 |  | 3, 606 |  |
| 1949: February | 675 | . 10 | 78 | 106 | 239 | 369 |
| March. | 3, 460 | . 45 | 490 | 520 | 289 | 436 |
| April | 1, 880 | . 27 | 160 | 208 | 360 | 531 |
| May | 3, 430 | . 49 | 231 | 309 | 449 | 678 |
| June. | 4,470 | . 61 | 572 | 673 | 377 | 632 |
| July -- | 2, 350 | . 35 | 110 | 249 | 343 | 603 |
| August | 2, 140 | . 27 | 134 | 232 | 365 | 643 |
| September | 6, 270 | . 87 | 507 | 603 | 287 | 536 |
| October- | 17, 500 | 2. 49 | 570 | 977 | 256 | 475 |
| November | 6, 270 | . 93 | 57 | 914 | 197 | 388 |
| December | 1, 350 | . 19 | 46 | 417 | 170 | 323 |
| 1950: January ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 600 | 38 | 185 | 300 | 225 | 340 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 7, 850 | 1. 27 | 75 | 515 | 210 | 325 |
| March ${ }^{1}$ | 3,750 | . 49 | 80 | 530 | 260 | 400 |

1 Preliminary estimate.
Source: Department of Labor,

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production was substantially higher in March as coal mining was resumed and output of durobles expanded. Preliminary April dota indicate that output of durables increased still further but production of nondurables and minerals declined.


* preliminary estimate

SOURCE: BDARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
GOUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

| Period | [1935-39 $=100$, seasonally adjusted] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total industrial production | Manufactures |  |  | Minerals |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  |
| 1943 monthly average. | 239 | 258 | 360 | 176 | 132 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 170 | 177 | 192 | 165 | 134 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 187 | 194 | 220 | 172 | 149 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 192 | 198 | 225 | 177 | 155 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 176 | 183 | 202 | 168 | 135 |
| 1949: February .-. | 189 | 196 | 225 | 173 | 149 |
| March | 184 | 193 | 223 | 168 | 136 |
| April | 179 | 184 | 212 | 162 | 148 |
| May | 174 | 179 | 201 | 161 | 145 |
| June. | 169 | 176 | 194 | 161 | 133 |
| July.- | 161 | 168 | 185 | 154 | 123 |
| August | 170 | 177 | 193 | 165 | 129 |
| September | 174 | 184 | 199 | 173 | 119 |
| October-. | 166 | 176 | 175 | 177 | 112 |
| November. | 173 | 179 | 181 | 177 | 141 |
| December- | 179 | 188 | 203 | 176 | 132 |
| 1950: January.- | 183 | 192 | 209 | 179 | 130 |
| February | 181 | 192 | 207 | 180 | 118 |
| March ${ }^{1}$ | 187 | 195 | 212 | 180 | 143 |
| April ${ }^{1}$ | 188 | 196 | 214 | 178 | 140 |

[^5]Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Syatem.

## WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Steet production in April was near or above stated capacity levels and at an all time high in tons produced. Electric power, although still at a high rate, was slightly lower than in March. Bituminous coal mining dropped below the rates of mid-Morch. Automobile production increased further.


SOURCES: AMERICAN IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE, EDISON ELECTRIC INSTITUTE, DEPARTMENT OF THE interior, WARD'S AUTOMOTIVE REPORTS.
GOUNCIL of economg advisers


[^6]
## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MANUFACTURES

With the output of most durable goods industries increasing in March, producticn was about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ percent above February levels. The output of most nondurables was maintained or increased; textiles dropped more than 3 percent.

[1935-39 $=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Durable manufactures |  |  |  | Nondurable manufactures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iron and steel | Lumber and products | Machinery | Nonferrous metals and products | Textiles and products | Petroleum and coal products | Manufactured food products | Chemical products |
| 1943 monthly average | 208 | 129 | 443 | 267 | 153 | 185 | 145 | 384 |
| 1946 monthly average | 150 | 131 | 240 | 157 | 162 | 173 | 150 | 236 |
| 1947 monthly average | 195 | 143 | 276 | 187 | 163 | 193 | 157 | 251 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 208 | 145 | 277 | 193 | 169 | 218 | 159 | 254 |
| 1949 monthly average.. | 188 | 131 | 234 | 159 | 147. | 209 | 163 | 240 |
| 1949: February | 232 | 123 | 262 | 185 | 157 | 221 | 162 | 250 |
| March | 233 | 129 | 252 | 183 | 142 | 213 | 162 | 245 |
| April | 219 | 126 | 240 | 167 | 129 | 209 | 162 | 237 |
| May . | 204 | 126 | 232 | 145 | 123 | 207 | 163 | 234 |
| June.- | 177 | 123 | 225 | 133 | 126 | 202 | 165 | 233 |
| July | 156 | 115 | 217 | 127 | 120 | 198 | 161 | 228 |
| August | 178 | 126 | 216 | 141 | 140 | 203 | 166 | 229 |
| September | 179 | 132 | 224 | 157 | 155 | 208 | 167 | 236 |
| October-.- | 102 | 133 | 226 | 164 | 169 | 198 | 165 | 240 |
| November | 145 | 147 | 217 | 163 | 175 | 205 | 160 | 243 |
| December. | 201 | 159 | 227 | 165 | 173 | 219 | 160 | 246 |
| 1950: January | 203 | 144 | 229 | 179 | 178 | 211 | 161 | 248 |
| February | 201 | 150 | 237 | 188 | 179 | 204 | 161 | 247 |
| March ${ }^{1}$ - | 205 | 157 | 243 | 194 | 173 | 208 | 166 | 247 |

1 Preliminary estimate.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## NEW CONSTRUCTION

New construction continued to rise in April, both in relation to the previous month and to the previous year.


SOURGES: DEPARTMENT OF GOMMERCE AND DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Total new construction | Private construction |  |  | Federal, State, and local 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Residential (nonfarm) | Other |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 526 | 317 | 176 | 141 | 208 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 1,118 | 251 | 110 | 141 | 867 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 345 | 152 | 45 | 107 | 193 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 871 | 688 | 265 | 422 | 184 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1, 194 | 932 | 438 | 493 | 262 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 1,565 | 1,214 | 602 | 612 | 351 |
| 1949 monthly average. | 1,611 | 1,172 | 585 | 586 | 439 |
| 1949: March. | 1,267 | 951 | 420 | 531 | 316 |
| April.- | 1,370 | 989 | 445 | 544 | 381 |
| May | 1,576 | 1,108 | 530 | 578 | 468 |
| June. | 1,735 | 1,229 | 600 | 629 | 506 |
| July | 1,833 | 1,301 | 650 | 651 | 532 |
| August. | 1,903 | 1,343 | 675 | 668 | 560 |
| September | 1, 922 | 1,368 | 710 | 658 | 554 |
| October--- | 1, 879 | 1,343 | 715 | 628 | 536 |
| November. | 1, 767 | 1,295 | 715 | 580 | 472 |
| December. | 1,612 | 1, 225 | 690 | 535 | 387 |
| 1950: January | 1,496 | 1, 139 | 650 | 489 | 357 |
| February | 1,395 | 1, 068 | 590 | 478 | 327 |
| March | 1,540 | 1,155 | 650 | 505 | 385 |
| April ${ }^{2}$ | 1,697 | 1,254 | 720 | 534 | 443 |

[^7]
## NEW HOUSING STARTS

Housing starts set an all time record for March. Preliminary reports indicate this record was broken in April.


| Month | New nonfarm units started |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 |
| January | 39,300 | 53, 500 | 50,000 | ${ }^{1} 80,000$ |
| February | 48, 800 | 50, 100 | 50, 400 | ${ }^{1} 80,000$ |
| March_- | 56,000 | 76, 400 | 69, 400 | ${ }^{1} 110,000$ |
| April | 67, 100 | 99, 500 | 88, 300 |  |
| May | 72, 900 | 100,300 | 95, 400 |  |
| June | 77, 200 | 97, 800 | 95, 500 |  |
| July -- | 81, 100 | 95, 000 | 96, 100 |  |
| August | 86,300 | 86, 600 | 99, 000 |  |
| September | 93,800 | 82, 200 | 102, 900 |  |
| October- | 94, 000 | 73, 400 | 104, 300 |  |
| November | 79, 700 | 63, 600 | 95, 500 |  |
| December | 58, 800 | 52, 900 | 78,300 |  |
| Total | 849,000 | 931, 300 | 1, 025, 100 |  |
| Monthly average. | 70,750 | 77,600 | 85,425 |  |

[^8]
## EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Plant and equipment expenditures by nonagricultural business firms in 1949 were 6 percent less than in 1948. Anticipated expenditures during Ist half of 1950 are reported 8 percent below those of ist half of 1949 while those for the year 1950 are reported 11 percent below 1949.

[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal]

| Period | Total 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manufac- } \\ & \text { turing } \end{aligned}$ | Mining | Transportation |  | Electric and gas utilities | Commercial and miscellaneous ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |
| 1939 | 5,200 | 1,930 | 380 | 280 | 280 | 480 | 1, 850 |
| 1941 | 8, 190 | 3, 400 | 680 | 560 | 340 | 710 | 2,490 |
| 1945 | 6, 630 | 3, 210 | 440 | 550 | 320 | 630 | 1, 480 |
| 1948 | 19, 230 | 8,340 | 800 | 1, 320 | 700 | 2, 680 | 5, 390 |
| 1949 | 18, 120 | 7, 250 | 740 | 1,350 | 520 | 3, 140 | 5, 120 |
| $1950{ }^{3}$ | 16, 090 | 6,740 | 650 | 930 | 350 | 2, 940 | 4, 480 |
| 1948: Third quarter | 19,320 | 8, 360 | 800 | 1,320 | 680 | 2, 760 | 5, 440 |
| Fourth quarter | 21, 640 | 9, 280 | 880 | 1, 640 | 680 | 3, 400 | 5,760 |
| 1949: First quarter. | 17, 840 | 7, 400 | 760 | 1, 440 | 520 | 2, 720 | 5, 040 |
| Second quarter | 18, 640 | 7,520 | 760 | 1,520 | 560 | 3, 120 | 5,160 |
| Third quarter | 17, 480 | 6, 760 | 720 | 1,240 | 560 | 3, 160 | 5, 040 |
| Fourth quarter | 18, 520 | 7, 320 | 720 | 1, 200 | 480 | 3, 560 | 5, 280 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 16, 440 | 6, 760 | 680 | 1,000 | 320 | 2,960 |  |
| Second quarter | 17, 040 | 6, 960 | 680 | 1, 040 | 360 | 3, 240 | 4, 720 |
| Second half ${ }^{3}$ | 15, 440 | 6, 620 | 620 | 840 | 360 | 2, 780 | 4,260 |

1 Excludes agriculture.
${ }^{9}$ Commercial and miscellaneous composed of trade, service, finance, and communication.
${ }^{3}$ Figures for 1950 are based on anticipated capital expenditures.
Note.-These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for 1939-44 are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other data.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest $10,000,000$.
Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES

New corporate security issues during Ist quarter of this vear remaned at the soonong high rate of 4 th quarter, and substantially above 1 st quarter of last year.


I/ detail not available
SOURCE: SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.
[Millions of dollars]

| Period |  |  | Estimated net proceeds | Proposed uses of net proceeds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | New money | Retirement of debt and stock ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Plant and equipment | Working capital |
| 1939 q | quarterly average |  |  | 529 | 81 | 43 | 39 | 448 |
| 1943 qu | uarterly average. |  |  | 287 | 77 | 35 | 42 | 210 |
| 1946 q | uarterly average |  | 1,689 | 820 | 529 | 291 | 869 |
| 1947 qu | uarterly average. |  | 1, 617 | 1,148 | 852 | 296 | 469 |
| 1948 q | uarterly average |  | 1, 748 | 1,491 | 1,060 | 431 | 257 |
| 1949 q | quarterly average |  | 1, 520 | 1,209 | 948 | 261 | 311 |
| 1948: | First quarter.- |  | 1, 769 | 1, 511 | 918 | 593 | 260 |
|  | Second quarter |  | 1,817 | 1,493 | 1,091 | 402 | 325 |
|  | Third quarter-- |  | 1,352 | 1, 087 | 1,774 | 314 | 265 |
|  | Fourth quarter |  | 2, 054 | 1, 874 | 1,459 | 415 | 180 |
| 1949: | First quarter--- |  | 1,195 | 954 | 762 | 193 | 241 |
|  | Second quarter |  | 2,475 | 2, 088 | 1,679 | 409 | 386 |
|  | Third quarter... |  | 1,006 | 834 | 677 | 157 | 172 |
|  | Fourth quarter |  | 1, 403 | 960 | 675 | 285 | 444 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 1,412 |  |  |  |  |

[^9]
## INVENTORIES AND SALES

The upword trend in wholesale and manufacturers' sales continued in March. Wholesale and retail inventories increased while manufacturers' showed little change.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
COUNCIL OF EGONOMIC ADVISERS

| Period | Wholesale |  | Retail |  | Manufacturers |  | Department stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inventories ${ }^{1}$ | Sales ${ }^{2}$ | Inventories ${ }^{1}$ \| | Sales ${ }^{2}$ | Inventories ${ }^{1}$ | Sales ${ }^{2}$ | Inventories ${ }^{8}$ \| | Sales ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1935-39=100 \text {, seasonally } \\ \text { adjusted } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 139 | 3, 175 | 2, 505 | 5,532 | 3, 504 | 11, 465 | 5, 100 | 102 | 106 |
| 143 | 3, 684 | 4, 273 | 7, 361 | 5, 277 | 20, 098 | 12, 822 | 155 | 168 |
| 145 | 4, 638 | 4, 983 | 7,543 | 6, 315 | 18, 390 | 12, 883 | 166 | 207 |
| 146 | 6, 665 | 6, 601 | 11, 226 | 8, 358 | 24, 818 | 12, 841 | 213 | 264 |
| 147 | 8, 653 | 7, 754 | 13, 221 | 9, 909 | 29, 818 | 17, 076 | 255 | 286 |
| 148 | 9,511 | 8,355 | 14,969 | 10, 837 | 34, 066 | 18,998 | 291 | 302 |
| 149. | 9, 031 | 7, 511 | 13,698 | 10, 682 | 30, 899 | 17, 815 | 270 | 285 |
| 49: February | 9, 479 | 7,680 | 14, 479 | 10, 706 | 34, 408 | 18, 175 | 277 | 281 |
| March. | 9, 293 | 7, 890 | 14, 700 | 10,724 | 34, 223 | 18,451 | 283 | 277 |
| April.-- | 9, 330 | 7, 422 | 14, 458 | 10, 814 | 34, 018 | 17, 643 | 280 | 294 |
| May | 9, 153 | 7, 539 | 14, 139 | 10,759 | 33, 565 | 17,741 | 273 | 292 |
| June. | 9, 002 | 7, 718 | 14, 182 | 10, 684 | 33, 250 | 17, 990 | 265 | 285 |
| July- | 9, 091 | 7, 158 | 13, 862 | 10,549 | 32,367 31 | 17, 114 | 256 | 280 |
| ${ }_{\text {August }}$ | 9, 061 | 7, 522 | 13,932 | 10,669 | 31,638 31,060 | 18,945 18866 | 253 | 283 289 |
| October.- | 9, 137 | 7, 120 | 14, 475 | 10,678 | 30, 744 | 16, 805 | 270 | 276 |
| November | 9, 113 | 7,553 | 14, 336 | 10, 630 | 30, 547 | 17, 313 | 273 | 276 |
| December_ | 9, 031 | 7, 291 | 13,698 | 10, 503 | 30, 899 | 16, 857 | 271 | 293 |
| 150: January ${ }^{5}$ | 8,991 | 7, 173 | 13, 998 | 10, 855 | 31, 136 | 17, 650 | 272 | 282 |
| February ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 9, 044 | 7, 327 | 13, 800 | 11, 102 | 31,098 31 | 18, 035 | 279 284 | 280 |
| March ${ }^{5}$-... | 9, 204 | 7,656 | 14, 175 | 11, 020 | 31, 100 | 19, 100 | 284 | 274 |

## ${ }^{1}$ Book value, end of period.

${ }^{2}$ Monthly average for year and total for month.
3 Indexes computed from data on retail value of sales for month and retail book value of inventories, end of period.
All dollar figures, except for retail sales, have been revised and do not agree with data published prior to October 1949.

- Preliminary estimates.


## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Total exports rose in March but were about the same as in February per working day and continued 26 percent below last year. Total imports also rose to nearly the highest level of any normal peacetime month, but, per working day, were slightly below February.


* recorded merthandise exports, including reexports, and civilan supplies for occupieo areas.
** aecorded general merchandise imports.
SOURCES: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, AND DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY.
[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Exports ${ }^{1}$ | Imports ${ }^{2}$ | Excess of exports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-38 monthly average | 247 | 207 | 40 |
| 1943 monthly average.- | 1,080 | 282 | 798 |
| 1946 monthly average.- | 849 | 410 | 439 |
| 1947 monthly average | 1,278 | 478 | 801 |
| 1948 monthly average | 1, 054 | 592 | 462 |
| 1949 monthly average_- | 1,000 | 553 | 447 |
| 1949: February | 1,043 | 567 | 476 |
| March_ | 1,177 | 633 | 544 |
| April. | 1, 166 | 534 | 632 |
| May--.-- | 1, 092 | 541 | 551 |
| June..-.-. | 1, 104 | 526 | 578 |
| July---- | 899 | 457 | 442 |
| August | 880 | 491 | 389 |
| September | 906 | 536 | 370 |
| October--- | 852 | 559 | 293 |
| November. | 837 | 594 | 243 |
| December | 944 | 605 | 339 |
| 1950; January | 745 | 623 | 122 |
| February | 770 | 599 | 171 |
| March | 867 | 663 | 204 |

[^10]
## PURCHASING POWER

## NATIONAL INCOME

National income, after declining during each quarter of 1949, turned up in Ist quarter of 1950, according to preliminary data. The increase represented a rise in all major components except interest.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (except os noted).
COUNGL OF EGONOMIC ADVISERS
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Total national income | Compensation of employees | Proprietors' (business, professional, farm) and rental income | Net interest | Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Profits before taxes | Inventory valuation adjustment |
| 1939. | 72.5 | 47.8 | 14. 7 | 4.2 | 5. 8 | 6.5 | -0.7 |
| 1944 | 183. 8 | 121. 2 | 35.5 | 3. 1 | 24. 0 | 24.3 | $-.3$ |
| 1946 | 179.6 | 117.0 | 41.3 | 3. 0 | 18.3 | 23.6 | $-5.3$ |
| 1947 | 201. 7 | 127.6 | 45. 1 | 3. 4 | 25. 6 | 31.6 | -6.0 |
| 1948 | 226. 2 | 140.3 | 49.5 | 3.8 | 32.6 | 34.8 | -2.2 |
| 1949 | 1221.2 | 141. 1 | 44.8 | 4.2 | ${ }^{1} 31.1$ | ${ }^{1} 28.4$ | $+2.6$ |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948: Third quarter. | 230.4 | 143. 3 | 49.9 | 3.9 | 33.3 | 36. 6 | $-3.3$ |
| Fourth quarter | 234.3 | 144.9 | 49.7 | 4.1 | 35. 7 | 34.5 | +1.2 |
| 1949: First quarter. | 224.7 | 141. 9 | 47.1 | 4.1 | 31.6 | 29. $4^{\text {²}}$ | +2.2 |
| Second quarter | 220.8 | 140.8 | 45. 1 | 4.2 | 30.7 | 26. 4 | +4.3 |
| Third quarter | 220.7 | 141. 1 | 43. 1 | 4. 2 | 32. 3 | 28. 9 | +3.3 |
| Fourth quarter. | ${ }^{1} 218.6$ | 140.9 | 43.7 | 4.3 | 129.7 | 129.0 | $+.7$ |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{1}$-- | 221.5 | 142.4 | 44.8 | 4.3 | 30.0 | 30.5 | $-.5$ |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers; based on incomplete data. Revised estimates by the Department of Commerce will be published in the Survey of Current Business, May 1950. Source: Department of Commerce (except ias noted),

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

## CORPORATE PROFITS

Preliminary estimates indicate that the improvement in profits which began in the last half of 1949 has continued into 1950


|  | [Bill | of dollars] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | Corporate profita before taxes | Corporate tax liability | Corporate profits after taxes |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividend payments | Undistributed profits profits |
| 1929. | 9.8 | 1.4 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 2.6 |
| 1939 | 6.5 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 3. 8 | 1. 2 |
| 1944 | 24.3 | 13. 5 | 10. 8 | 4. 7 | 6. 1 |
| 1946 | 23.6 | 9. 6 | 13.9 | 5. 8 | 8.1 |
| 1947 | 31.6 | 12.5 | 19.1 | 7.0 | 12.1 |
| 1949 | 34. 8 | 13.6 | 21.2 | 7. 9 | 13.2 |
|  | 28.4 | 11.3 | 17.2 | 8.4 | 8.8 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1948: Third quarter_- | 36.6 | 14.4 | 22.2 | 7. 9 | 14.3 |
| Fourth quarter | 34.5 | 13. 6 | 20.9 | 8.3 | 12. 6 |
| 1949: First quarter... | 29.4 | 11.5 |  | 8.3 | 9.6 |
| Second quartor. | 26.4 | 10.6 | $1!$ | 8.2 | 7. 6 |
| Third quarter Fourth quarter | 28.9 29.0 | 11. 4 | litimin | 8. 8.1 | 9.4 8.5 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 30.5 | 12.2 | 18.3 | 8.5 | 9.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Councll of Demomle Advisers; based on incomplete data.
Note.-No allowane ham been made for inventory valustion adjustment. See p. 20 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation hduntment.

Detail will not nomemarlly nidd to totala because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commeron (except as noted).

## PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income reached a new high for the 3rd successive month. Salaries and wages rose over $\$ 2$ billion (annual rate). In addition, the rate of payment of the veterans' dividend increased over $\$ 1$ billion (annual rate). Farm income declined.


* terminal leave bond cashing started in september, i94t; national insurange divioeno payment starteo in januaby, 1950

SOURGE: DEPARTMENT OF GOMmERCE
COUNCIL OF ECONONIC ADVISERS
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Total personal income | Salaries, wages, and other labor income | Proprietors' (business, professional, farm) and rental income | Dividends and personal interest | Transfer payments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 | 72.6 | 45.7 | 14. 7 | 9.2 | 3. 0 |
| 1944 | 165.9 | 116. 2 | 35.5 | 10. 6 | 3.6 |
| 1947 | 193.5 | 122. 0 | 45. 1 | 14.8 | 11.7 |
| 1948 | 211.9 | 135. 1 | 49. 5 | 16. 2 | 11. 1 |
| 1949. | 209.9 | 135. 6 | 44. 8 | 17.2 | 12.3 |
| 1949: February | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
|  | 211. 3 | 136. 1 | 46. 6 | 17. 0 | 11.6 |
|  |  | 134. 4 | 46. 2 | 17. 0 | 12. 6 |
| April. | 210.5210.2 | 136. 0 | 45. 0 | 17. 1 | 12. 4 |
| May |  | 135. 8 | 45. 2 | 17.0 | 12. 2 |
| June. | 209.4 | 135. 0 | 45. 1 | 17. 0 |  |
| July. | 207. 2 | 135. 1 | 42. 8 | 16. 9 | 12. 12. 4 |
| August | 209. 1 | 135. 5 | 43. 9 | 17. 1 | 12. 6 |
| September |  | 135. 8 | 42. 7 | 17.2 | 12. 6 |
| October-- | 207.0 | 134. 7 | 42.9 | 17.4 | 12. 0 |
| November | 209.4 |  | 44. 9 |  | 12. 4 |
| December. | 211.9 | 136. 6 | 43.5 | 18.9 | 12. 8 |
| 1950: January | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{1} 218.1 \\ & 1219.1 \\ & 1222.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135.9 \\ & 135.3 \\ & 137.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 46. } 5 \\ & \text { 44. } 1 \\ & \text { 43. } 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.4 \\ & 17.6 \\ & 17.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18.3 \\ { }^{1} 18.3 \\ { }^{1} 22.1 \\ { }^{1} 23.5 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^11]Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce.

## CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

Payment of the special insurance dividend to veterans during 1 st quarter in 1950 distorted disposoble personal income. It accounted for most of the increase of $\$ 10$ billion (annual rate). Expenditures increased by only $\$ 2$ billion, indicating that the insurance dividend was being spent slowly. Correspondingly, consumer saving was temporarily high.

*personal income less taxes. **preliminary estimates by council of economic advisers.
SOURGE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EXCEPT AS NOTED)


COUNCIL of economic advisers
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ | Less: Personal consumption expenditures | Equals: Personal saving |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 | 70.2 | 67.5 | 2. 7 |
| 1940 | 75. 7 | 72.1 | 3. 7 |
| 1941 | 92.0 | 82.3 | 9. 8 |
| 1942 | 116. 2 | 90.8 | 25. 4 |
| 1943 | 131.6 | 101. 6 | 30. 0 |
| 1944 | 147.0 | 111. 6 | 35.4 |
| 1945 | 151. 1 | 123. 1 | 28. 0 |
| 1946 | 158. 1 | 147.8 | 10. 3 |
| 1947 | 172. 0 | 166. 9 | 5. 1 |
| 1948 | 190.8 | 178.8 | 12. 0 |
| 1949 | 191. 2 | 179.4 | 11.8 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |
| 1948: Third quarter Fourth quarter | 195. 2 | 180.3 | 15. 0 |
|  | 196.2 | 180.9 | 15.3 |
| 1949: First quarter. | 193.4 | 178.7 | 14.8 |
|  | 191. 4 | 179.3 | 12. 1 |
|  | 189. 5 | 179.7 | 9.8 |
|  | 190.7 | 179.8 | 10.8 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ | 201.0 | 182.0 | 19.0 |

[^12]2 Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers; based on incomplete data. Revised estimates by the Department of Commerce will be published in the Survey of Current Business, May 1950.

Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Personal consumption expenditures in Ist quarter of 1950 were above the peak rate of 4 th quarter of 1948, according to preliminary estimates.

*preliminary estimates by counch of economec adisers.
SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (EXCEPT AS NOTED).
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nondurable } \\ \text { goods } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Durable } \\ & \text { goods } \end{aligned}$ | Services |
| 1939 | 67.5 | 35.3 | 6. 7 | 25.5 |
| 1944 | 111.6 | 67.1 | 7.1 | 37.4 |
| 1946 | 147.8 | 86.8 | 16. 5 | 44.5 |
| 1947 | 166. 9 | 96.2 | 22.0 | 48.8 |
| 1949 | 178.8 | 102. 2 | 23.5 | 53.1 |
|  | 179.4 | 98. 9 | 24.4 | 56.1 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| 1948: Third quarter | 180.3 | 101.8 | 24.8 | 53.7 |
| Fourth quarter | 180.9 | 103.3 | 22.9 | 54.8 |
| 1949: First quarter | 178.7 | 100.4 | 23. 0 | 55.3 |
| Second quarter | 179.3 | 99.8 | ${ }^{23.6}$ | 55. 9 |
| Third quarter-- | 179.7 | ${ }_{97}^{976}$ | 25.7 | 56.5 |
| Fourth quarter | 179.8 | 97.7 | 25. 2 | 56.9 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{1}$. | 182.0 | 98.7 | 26.0 | 57.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers; based on incomplete data. Revised estimates by the Department of Commerce will be published in the Survey of Current Business, May 1950.

Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PER CAPITA INCOME*

Per capita disposable income (including veterans' insurance dividend) increased in Ist quarter of 1950, both in terms of current dollars and in real purchasing power, according to preliminary estimates.


| Period | Per capita disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Consumers' price index ${ }^{\text {B }}$$1948=100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | 1948 dollars: |  |
| 1939 | \$536 | \$923 | 58.1 |
| 1940 | 574 | 981 | 58.5 |
| 1941 | 691 | 1,125 | 61.4 |
| 1942 | 867 | 1, 262 | 68.7 |
| 1943 | 970 | 1, 314 | 73. 8 |
| 1944 | 1, 065 | 1, 405 | 75. 8 |
| 1945 | 1,082 | 1, 389 | 77.9 |
| 1946 | 1, 119 | 1, 342 | 83.4 |
| 1947. | 1,194 | 1,282 | 93.1 |
| 1948 | 1,302 | 1, 302 | 100. 0 |
| 1949 | 1,281 | 1,297 | 98.8 |
|  | Annual rat adj | seasonally ted | Not adjusted for seasonal variation |
| 1948: Third quarter | 1,328 | 1,305 | 101. 8 |
| Fourth quarter | 1, 328 | 1, 319 | 100.7 |
| 1949: First quarter- | 1,304 | 1,315 | ${ }^{99.2}$ |
| Second quarter.. | 1,285 | 1, 298 | 99.0 |
| Fourth quarter. | 1,269 | 1,292 | 98.2 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{4}$--- | 1,332 | 1,368 | 97.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Income less taxes. $\quad 2$ Current dollars divided by the consumers' price index on the base $1948=100$. : The consumers' price index has been roughly adjusted to take account of the understatement from December 1941-February 1947. This adjustment is in line with the report of the Mitchell Committee. The unadjusted index will be found on page 3 ,
${ }_{4}^{4}$ Estimates by Council of Economic Advisers; based on incomplete data. Revised estimates by the Department of Commerce will be published in the Survey of Current Business, May 1950.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS - SELected industries

In March there was almost no change in overage hourly earnings for workers in either durable or nondurable manufocturing industries.

[Selected industries ${ }^{1}$ ]

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars } 2 \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| ; 9 monthly average | \$0.633 | \$1. 090 | (3) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (8) |
| 3 monthly average | . 961 | 1. 302 | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |
| : 6 monthly average | 1. 084 | 1. 300 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |  |  |
| :7 monthly average | 1. 237 | 1. 329 | \$1. 292 | \$1. 388 | \$1. 171 | \$1. 258 | ${ }^{3}$ | (3) | \$1. 009 | \$1. 084 |
| : 8 monthly average | 1. 350 | 1. 350 | 1. 410 | 1. 410 | 1. 278 | 1. 278 | \$1. 848 | \$1. 848 | 1. 088 | 1. 088 |
| 9 monthly average | 1. 402 | 1. 419 | 1. 469 | 1. 487 | 1. 325 | 1. 342 | 1. 935 | 1. 960 | 1. 137 | 1. 151 |
| 9: February | 1. 401 | 1. 419 | 1. 466 | 1. 485 | 1. 323 | 1. 340 | 1. 930 | 1. 955 | 1. 123 | 1. 138 |
| March_ | 1. 400 | 1. 414 | 1. 464 | 1. 480 | 1. 323 | 1. 336 | 1. 933 | 1. 953 | 1. 121 | 1. 132 |
| April. | 1. 401 | 1. 414 | 1. 467 | 1. 480 | 1. 321 | 1. 333 | 1. 934 | 1. 952 | 1. 127 | 1. 137 |
| May | 1. 401 | 1. 418 | 1. 467 | 1. 485 | 1. 323 | 1. 339 | 1. 930 | 1. 953 | 1. 141 | 1. 155 |
| June- | 1. 405 | 1. 418 | 1. 475 | 1. 488 | 1. 324 | 1. 336 | 1. 924 | 1. 941 | 1. 147 | 1. 157 |
| July - | 1. 408 | 1. 431 | 1. 477 | 1. 501 | 1. 332 | 1. 354 | 1. 922 | 1. 953 | 1. 148 | 1. 169 |
| August | 1. 399 | 1. 419 | 1. 473 | 1. 494 | I. 319 | 1. 338 | 1. 932 | 1. 959 | 1. 146 | 1. 162 |
| September | 1. 407 | 1. 420 | 1. 482 | 1. 495 | 1. 328 | 1. 340 | 1. 938 | 1. 956 | 1. 150 | 1. 160 |
| October- | 1. 392 | 1. 415 | 1. 458 | 1. 482 | 1. 325 | 1. 347 | 1. 944 | 1. 976 | 1. 140 | 1. 159 |
| November | 1. 392 | 1. 413 | 1. 457 | 1. 479 | 1. 325 | 1. 345 | 1. 947 | 1. 977 | 1. 138 | 1. 155 |
| December | 1. 408 | 1. 440 | 1. 476 | 1. 509 | 1. 334 | 1. 364 | 1. 964 | 2. 008 | 1. 126 | 1. 151 |
| j0: January ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 1.418 | 1. 454 | 1. 485 | 1. 523 | 1. 343 | 1. 377 | 1. 976 | 2. 027 | 1. 157 | 1. 187 |
| February ${ }^{4}$ | 1. 420 | 1. 459 | 1. 483 | 1. 524 | 1. 350 | 1. 387 | 2. 001 | 2. 057 | 1. 151 | 1. 183 |
| March ${ }^{\text {- }}$-- | 1. 425 | 1. 462 | 1. 488 | 1. 526 | 1. 353 | 1. 388 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |

[^13]
## AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS - SELEcted industries

Average weekly earnings for workers in durable manufacturing industries increased 50 cents in March to a record level of $\$ 59.97$. In nondurables, they dropped a few cents to $\$ 52.90$.

[Selected industries ${ }^{1}$ ]

| Period | All manufacturing |  | Durable goods manufacturing |  | Nondurable goods manufacturing |  | Building construction |  | Retail trade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | ${\underset{\text { dollars }}{ }{ }^{2} 948}^{2}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| 1939 monthly average | \$23. 86 | \$41. 07 | (3) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1943 monthly average_ | 43. 14 | 58.46 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |
| 1946 monthly average. | 43. 74 | 52.45 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |
| 1947 monthly average | 49. 97 | 53. 67 | \$52. 46 | \$56. 35 | \$46. 96 | \$50. 44 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | \$40. 66 | \$43. 67 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 54.14 | 54. 14 | 57.11 | 57.11 | 50.61 | 50.61 | \$68. 85 | \$68. 85 | 43. 85 | 43. 85 |
| 1949 monthly average_ | 54. 88 | 55. 57 | 57. 96 | 58.67 | 51. 46 | 52.10 | 70. 92 | 71. 80 | 45. 94 | 46. 52 |
| 1949: February | 55. 20 | 55. 93 | 58. 49 | 59. 26 | 51.33 | 52. 01 | 70. 53 | 71. 46 | 45. 14 | 45. 73 |
| March | 54.74 | 55. 29 | 57. 83 | 58. 41 | 51.07 | 51. 59 | 69. 83 | 70.54 | 44.95 | 45. 40 |
| April | 53.80 | 54. 29 | 57.21 | 57. 73 | 49.67 | 50.12 | 70.33 | 70. 97 | 45. 31 | 45. 72 |
| May | 54.08 | 54. 74 | 57. 21 | 57. 90 | 50.41 | 51. 02 | 71. 81 | 72.68 | 45. 98 | 46. 54 |
| June. | 54.51 | 55. 00 | 57.82 | 58. 35 | 50.97 | 51. 43 | 71. 44 | 72. 09 | 46. 45 | 46.87 |
| July | 54.63 | 55.52 | 57.31 | 58.24 | 51.55 | 52. 39 | 71. 28 | 72. 44 | 46. 95 | 47. 81 |
| August | 54. 70 | 55. 48 | 57.89 | 58.71 | 51. 31 | 52.04 | 71.95 | 72. 97 | 46. 87 | 47. 54 |
| September | 55.72 | 50. 23 | 58. 69 | 59. 22 | 52.59 | 53. 07 | 70.69 | 71. 33 | 46. 58 | 47. 00 |
| October- | 55. 26 | 56. 16 | 58.17 | 59. 12. | 52.47 | 53.32 | 71. 80 | 72.97 | 46.06 | 46.81 |
| November | 54.43 | 55. 26 | 56. 82 | 57.68 | 52. 07 | 52. 86 | 70.21 | 71. 28 | 45.63 | 46. 32 |
| December. | 56.04 | 67. 30 | 59. 19 | 60.52 | 52.69 | 53.87 | 70. 26 | 71. 84 | 45. 83 | 46.86 |
| 1950: January | 56. 29 | 57.73 | 69. 40 | 60.92 | 52.78 | 54. 13 | 68. 76 | 70.52 | 46. 74 | 47. 94 |
| February | 56.37 | 57. 93 | 59.47 | 61. 12 | 53. 06 | 54. 53 | 67. 23 | 69. 09 | 46. 39 | 47. 68 |
| March ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 56.57 | 58.12 | 59.97 | 61.51 | 52. 90 | 54. 26 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | ${ }^{(8)}$ |

[^14]
## FARM INCOME

Farmers' cash receipts during Ist quarter of 1950 were about 10 percent below the corresponding period of last year. Prices poid were down only 2 percent.


* ingludes cash farmincome from marketing and government payments.
* farm income in curfent dollars divided by prices paio by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, $194 a=100$. SOURCE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

| Period | Farm income (millions of current dollars) ${ }^{1}$ | Prices paid by farmers (incl interest, taxes, and wage rates) $1948=100^{2}$ | Farm income (millions of 1948 dollars) ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average | 724 | 47 | 1,540 |
| 1941 monthly average... | 981 | 51 | 1,924 |
| 1942 monthly average.- | 1, 340 | 59 | 2, 271 |
| 1944 monthly average.. | 1, 765 | 70 | 2, 521 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 1, 857 | 73 | 2,544 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 2, 110 | 80 | 2, 638 |
| 1947 monthly average | 2,542 | 93 | 2, 733 |
| 1948 monthly average | 2, 609 | 100 | 2, 609 |
| 1949 monthly average | 2, 309 | 97 | 2, 380 |
| 1949: February --- | 1,783 | 97 | 1, 838 |
| March. | 1, 973 | 98 | 2, 013 |
| April | 1, 850 | 98 | 1, 888 |
| May | 1, 944 | 98 | 1, 984 |
| June-- | 2, 053 | 97 | 2, 116 |
| July - | 2, 177 | 97 | 2, 244 |
| August | 2,417 | 96 | 2, 518 |
| September | 2, 608 | 96 | 2, 717 |
| October--- | 3, 139 | 95 | 3, 304 |
| November | 3, 050 | 95 | 3, 211 |
| December. | 2, 326 | 95 | 2, 448 |
| 1950: January | 2, 254 | 96 | 2, 348 |
| February ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 1, 614 | 96 | 1,681 |
| March ${ }^{4}$ | 1,707 | 97 | 1,760 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments.
${ }^{2}$ Converted from the reported base, $1910-14=100$, to the base $1948=100$.
${ }^{3}$ Farm income in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, taxes, and wage rates, $1948=100$.
4 Preliminary estimates.
Source: Department of Agriculture.

## CONSUMER CREDIT

Total instalment credit in March reached more than $\$ 11$ billion, $\$ 2.5$ billion greater than a year ago.


SOURCE: board of governors of the federal reserve system
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIG ADVISERS

## [Millions of dollars]

| End of period | Total consumer credit outstanding | Instalment credit |  |  | Charge accounts | Other consumer credit ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Automobile } \\ & \text { sale } \\ & \text { credit } \end{aligned}$ | Other sale credit and loans |  |  |
| $1_{939}$ | 7, 969 | 4, 424 | 1,267 | 3, 157 | 1, 544 | 2,001 |
| 1943 | 5,378 | 2, 001 | 175 | 1, 826 | 1,498 | 1, 879 |
| 1946 | [10, 191 | 4, 000 | 544 | 3, 456 | 3, 054 | 3, 137 |
| 1947 | -13, 673 | 6, 434 | 1, 151 | 5,283 | 3, 612 | 3, 627 |
| 1948 | 16, 319 | 8, 600 | 1, 961 | 6, 639 | 3, 854 | 3, 865 |
| 1949 | 18, 779 | 10, 890 | 3, 144 | 7, 746 | 3,909 | 3, 980 |
| 1949: February | 15,325 | 8,339 | 1, 996 | 6, 343 | 3,169 | 3, 817 |
| March | 15, 335 | 8, 429 | 2, 105 | 6, 324 | 3, 121 | 3, 785 |
| April | 15, 595 | 8, 630 | 2,241 | 6,389 | 3, 232 | 3, 733 |
| I May | 15, 843 | 8, 888 | 2, 386 | 6,502 | 3, 235 | 3,720 |
| - June | 16, 124 | 9, 123 | 2, 499 | 6, 624 | 3,274 | 3, 727 |
| July | 16, 198 | 9, 335 | 2, 610 | (i, 725 | 3, 123 | 3, 740 |
| August | 16, 453 | 9, 622 | 2, 761 | 6, 861 | 3, 064 | 3, 767 |
| September | 16, 803 | 9, 899 | 2, 876 | 7,023 | 3, 123 | 3,781 |
| October--- | 17, 223 | 10, 166 | 2,986 | 7. 180 | 3, 197 | 3, 860 |
| November | 17, 815 | 10, 441 | 3,085 | 7. 356 | 3,454 | 3, 920 |
| December | 18,779 | 10, 890 | 3,144 | 7,746 | 3, 909 | 3, 980 |
| 1950: Jamuary | 18. 344 | 10, 836 | 3,179 | 7. 61.7 | 3, 506 | 4, 002 |
| Fehruary | 18, 139 | 10, 896 | 3. 256 | 3.610 | 3, 233 | 4,010 |
| Mareh: | 18, 328 | 11, 103 | 3, 363 | \%,236 | 3,209 | 4,016 |

I Ineladen sinpleptayment loans of commercial banks and pawnbrokers and marviee aredit.
3 Preliminary estimates.
Nome -.menthil will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding,
Bonime: Bhat of Covermors of the Federal Reserve System.

ィONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

## BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Loans of commercial banks continued to rise in March; their holdings of Government securities declined nearly \$ 1.5 billion.


SOURGE : BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIG ADVISERS

| [Billions of dollars, all commercial banks] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of period |  |  | Total loans and investments | Bank loans | Investments |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | U. S. <br> Government securities | Other securities |
| 1929 |  |  | 49.5 | 36. 0 | 13. 5 | 4.8 | 8. 7 |
| 1939 |  |  | 40. 7 | 17. 2 | 23.4 | 16. 3 | 7. 1 |
| 1945 |  |  | 124. 0 | 26. 1 | 97.9 | 90.6 | 7. 3 |
| 1947. |  |  | 116. 3 | 38. 1 | 78. 2 | 69.2 | 9. 0 |
| 1948 |  |  | 114.3 | 42. 5 | 71.8 | 62.6 | 9.2 |
| 1949 |  | --------- | 120. 2 | 43. 0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10. 2 |
| 1949: | February |  | 113. 4 | 42. 0 | 71. 4 | 62.2 | 9.1 |
|  | March |  | 112. 5 | 42. 4 | 70. 1 | 60.9 | 9.2 |
|  | April.-- |  | 112.5 | 41.3 | 71. 2 | 62.0 | 9.2 |
|  | May |  | 113.4 | 40.9 | 72.6 | 63.2 | 9.3 |
|  | June-..--- |  | 113.8 | 41.0 | 72.7 | 63.2 | 9.5 |
|  | July |  | 114. 8 | 40. 5 | 74.3 | 64.4 | 9.8 |
|  | A ugust |  | 117.9 | 41.2 | 76.7 | 66.7 | 10. 0 |
|  | September |  | 118.5 | 41.7 | 76.8 | 66.7 | 10. 2 |
|  | October... |  | 119.5 | 41.8 | 77.7 | 67. 6 | 10. 1 |
|  | November |  | 119.7 | 42.7 | 77.0 | 66.9 | 10. 1 |
|  | December | ------- | 120. 2 | 43. 0 | 77.2 | 67.0 | 10.2 |
| 1950: | January-. |  | 121. 2 | 42. 9 | 78.3 | 68.0 | 10.3 |
|  | February |  | 120. 6 | 43. 1 | 77.5 | 67. 1 | 10. 4 |
|  | March ${ }^{1}$ |  | 120. 3 | 43.6 | 76.7 | 65.8 | 10.8 |

Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

[^15]
## MONEY SUPPLY

Primarily as a result of the seasonally high tox collections, the money supply declined about \$ 1 billion in March.


| [Billions of dollars] |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| End of period |  |

' Incluftew dumand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collmalion.

- Inthita dopaitn in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System.
-ralobitiary matinutes.
*ax llath will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Hantw Homil of Cinvernors of the Federal Reserve System.


## FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

The cash surplus of about $\$ 1.5$ billion for the 1 st quarter of 1950 compares with a surplus of about $\$ 3.2$ billion for the same quarter of 1949, reflecting a decline of about $\$ 900$ million in receipts and an increase of $\$ 800$ million in payments.


pregiminary estimates
SOURGE: gureau of the qudget and treasury department.
COUNOIL OF ECONOMIC AOVISERS

| Calendar years | Federal cash receipts from the public ${ }^{1}$ | Federal cash payments to the public ${ }^{1}$ | Excess of receipts (+) or payments ( - ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calendar year total: |  |  |  |
| 1946...--.-.-- | 41, 426 | 41, 372 | $-+54$ |
| 1947 | 44, 279 | 38, 584 | +5,695 |
| 1948 | 44, 920 | 36, 954 | + 7,967 |
| 1949 | 41,346 | 42,634 | -1,288 |
| Quarterly total, not adjusted for seaso |  |  |  |
| 1947: First quarter. | 14,345 | 9,163 | +5,182 |
| Second quarter | 9,847 | 10,628 | -781 |
| Third quarter. | 10, 220 | 10, 257 | +1,37 |
| Fourth quarter | 9,869 | 8,536 | +1,331 |
| 1948: First quarter | 15, 037 | 8, 637 | +6,400 |
| Second quarter | 10, 238 | 9, 033 | +1,205 |
| Third quarter | 10, 085 | 8,798 | +1,287 |
| Fourth quarter | 9, 560 | 10, 486 | -925 |
| 1949: First quarter | 13, 122 | 9, 964 | +3,158 |
| Second quarter | 8,814 | 11, 389 | $-2,575$ |
| Third quarter | 10, 143 | 10,528 | -385 -1.486 |
| Fourth quarter. | 9, 267 | 10,753 | -1,486 |
| 1950: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ | 12,235 | 10,759 | +1,476 |

[^16]
[^0]:    ambinal "alits, seagonally adusteo

    - manolm bavminis afe incelded in receipts or expenoitubes of the separate accounts but not in the total gross national product.

[^1]:    Source: Department of Labor.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Ratio of index of prices received to index of prices paid, interest, taxes, and wage rates.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes wartime subsidy payments paid on beef cathe, sheep, lambs, milk, and butterfat between October 1943 and June 1946.

    Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^3]:    Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestie servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 6) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.

    Not available.

[^4]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ For production and related workers.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not available.
    ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate.
    Source: Department of Labor.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on weekly net ton capacity of $1,749,928$ for $1947,1,802,476$ for $1948,1,843,516$ for 1949, and 1, 906,268 for 1950.
    ${ }^{2}$ Daily average for week.
    ${ }^{3}$ Data became available after chart was prepared.
    Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, and Ward's Automotive Reports.

[^7]:    1 lncludes public residential construction.
    2 Preliminary estimate.
    Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate.
    Source: Department of Labor.

[^9]:    1 Includes small amount for other purposes.
    2 Preliminary 'estimate, detail not available.
    Notw.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Securities and Exchange_Commission.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civiiian supplies for occupied areas.
    ${ }^{2}$ Recorded general merchandise imports.
    Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes veterans' insurance dividend- $\$ 5.4$ billion, annual rate (or $\$ 450$ million, monthly total) in January, $\$ 9.5$ billion annual rate ( $\$ 800$ million, monthly total) in February, and $\$ 10.5$ billion, annual rate (or $\$ 887$ million, monthly total) in Mareh.
    ${ }_{2}$ Preliminary estimate.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Income less taxes.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Production and related workers.
    ${ }^{2}$ Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on base $1948=100$. See note 3 to table on page 25.
    3 Not available.
    4 Preliminary estimates.

[^14]:    1 For production and related workers.
    ' Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on the base $1948=100$. See note 3 to table on page 25 .

    - Not available.
    - I'roliminary estimates.

    Kourev: Department of Labor.

[^15]:    Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ Payments of refunds of Government receipts are now reported as deductions from total receipts; previously, they were reported as expenditures.
    ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimates based on incomplete data.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Sources: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget.

