# Economic Indicators 

## APRIL 1949

Prepared for the Joint Committee on the Economic Report
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## UNITED STATES

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## To the Members of Congress:

As has been stated in previous issues of Economic Indicators, from the time the Joint Committee on the Economic Report was established its members realized that one of its basic needs was a concise and meaningful picture of current economic trends and developments.

Fortunately, the Joint Committee finds that Economic Indicators, a set of basic charts and tables compiled monthly by the Council of Economic Advisers, admirably fills this need. While this material was prepared primarily for the use of the President, the Council and other officials in the executive offices, the Council has made it available to the Joint Committee.

Other Members of Congress have also expressed an interest in being able to obtain a quick picture of current economic facts without having to go through voluminous and specialized documents. In addition, businessmen, farm leaders, labor organizations, and representatives of the press and radio have indicated their
desire for this information. Since nothing contained in these charts and tables is of a confidential nature they have urged that the material be made available to the general public.

Accordingly, the Joint Committee has, since last July, provided the Congress and the public with a limited number of copies of Economic Indicators as a Committee print pending final action on authorizing the publicadion on a more permanent basis. Since such legislation is still under consideration, the Committee is continuing to issue the report on a monthly basis.

Comments or suggestions with respect to possible improvements in this presentation will always be welcome.


Chairman, Joint Committee on the Economic Report.

## Letter of Transmittal

Hon. Joseph C. O'Mahoney, Chairman, Joint Committee on the Economic Report, United States Congress, Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator: The Council of Economic Advisers is happy to cooperate with the Joint Committee on the Economic Report in your plans to make Economic Indicators available to the Congress as a whole and to the general public.

In carrying out its mandate under the Employment Act of 1946, the Council has found it desirable to bring together in concise and graphic form the most important facts showing current trends in the Nation's economy. Thus the Executive Office is in a better position to point up the key problems of national economic policy and to promote the improvement and coordination of the Federal Government's widespread statistical services.

We have realized, of course, that this material has a potential usefulness not only to the President, the Council and the executive departments, but also to the Congress. Furthermore, its usefulness to the general public has been impressed upon us, particularly by the representatives of business, labor, agriculture, and consumer organizations with whom we regularly consult.

We believe the Joint Committee will perform a service of real value by giving wide circulation to this material.

Sincerely yours,


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## THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

## THE NATION'S ECONOMIC BUDGET

Consumers' expenditures lagged behind the rise in income from the 1 st half to the 2 nd half of 1948
The Government surplus declined sharply as receipts fell and payments rose.


PRICES

## CONSUMERS' PRICES

Consumers' prices declined in February, primarily because of a drop in food prices. Rents continued slowly upward. The index for all items, after falling for 5 consecutive months, was 3.2 percent below the August-September peak.

-also includes housefurnishings, fuel, electricity, refrigefatiot, any misre li.aheuus glors and sepvices, nut showh on chart
SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

| [1935-39 = 100] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All items | Food | Apparel | Rent | Fuel, electricity, and refrigeration | House furnishings | Miscellane- ous |
| 1939 monthly average_ | 99.4 | 95.2 | 100. 5 | 104. 3 | 99.0 | 101. 3 | 100. 7 |
| 1940 monthly average. | 100. 2 | 96.6 | 101. 7 | 104. 6 | 99. 7 | 100. 5 | 101. 1 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 105. 2 | 105. 5 | 106. 3 | 106. 2 | 102. 2 | 107.3 | 104. 0 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 116. 5 | 123. 9 | 124. 2 | 108. 5 | 105. 4 | 122.2 | 110.9 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 123. 6 | 138. 0 | 129. 7 | 108. 0 | 107. 7 | 125. 6 | 115. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average | 125. 5 | 136. 1 | 138. 8 | 108. 2 | 109.8 | 136.4 | 121. 3 |
| 1945 monthly average | 128. 4 | 139.1 | 145.9 | 108. 3 | 110. 3 | 145. 8 | 124. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average_ | 139. 3 | 159.6 | 160. 2 | 108. 6 | 112.4 | 159.2 | 128.8 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 159.2 | 193. 8 | 185. 8 | 111. 2 | 121. 1 | 184. 4 | 139.9 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 171.2 | 210.2 | 198.0 | 117.4 | 133. 9 | 195.8 | 149.9 |
| 1948: February | 167. 5 | 204. 7 | 195. 1 | 116. 0 | 130.0 | 193.0 | 146.4 |
| March | 166. 9 | 202. 3 | 196. 3 | 116.3 | 130.3 | 194. 9 | 146. 2 |
| April | 169.3 | 207.9 | 196. 4 | 116.3 | 130. 7 | 194.7 | 147.8 |
| May | 170.5 | 210.9 | 197. 5 | 116. 7 | 131. 8 | 193.6 | 147. 5 |
| June. | 171. 7 | 214. 1 | 196. 9 | 117.0 | 132. 6 | 194. 8 | 147. 5 |
| July | 173. 7 | 216.8 | 197. 1 | 117.3 | 134. 8 | 195. 9 | 150. 8 |
| August | 174.5 | 216. 6 | 199. 7 | 117.7 | 136. 8 | 196. 3 | 152. 4 |
| September | 174. 5 | 215.2 | 201. 0 | 118. 5 | 137.3 | 198. 1 | 152. 7 |
| October- | 173. 6 | 211.5 | 201. 6 | 118. 7 | 137. 8 | 198. 8 | 153. 7 |
| November | 172. 2 | 207.5 | 201. 4 | 118.8 | 137.9 | 198. 7 | 153. 9 |
| December | 171. 4 | 205. 0 | 200.4 | 119.5 | 137.8 | 198. 6 | 154. 0 |
| 1949: January | 170.9 | 204. 8 | 196. 5 | 119. 7 | 138.2 | 196. 5 | 154. 1 |
| February | 169.0 | 199.7 | 195. 1 | 119.9 | 138.8 | 195. 6 | 154. 1 |

Note.-Prices are for moderate-income families in large cities.
Source: Department of Labor.

## WHOLESALE PRICES

Wholesale prices on the average during March moved within a narrow range. Industrial prices drifted downward. Farm and food prices declined moderately after recovering the early February drop.


| $[1926=100]$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | All commodities | Farm prod- ucts | Foods | Other than farm and foods |
| 1941 monthly average | 87. 3 | 82.4 | 82.7 | 89.0 |
| 1942 monthly average | 98. 8 | 105. 9 | 99.6 | 95.5 |
| 1946 monthly average | 121. 1 | 148. 9 | 130. 7 | 109. 5 |
| June | 112.9 | 140.1 | 112.9 | 105. 6 |
| 1947 monthly average | 152. 1 | 181. 2 | 168. 7 | 135. 2 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 165.0 | 188. 3 | 179.1 | 150.7 |
| 1948: February | 160.9 | 185. 3 | 172. 4 | 147.6 |
| March... | 161. 4 | 186. 0 | 173.8 | 147. 7 |
| April. | 162. 8 | 186. 7 | 176. 7 | 148. 7 |
| May | 163. 9 | 189. 1 | 177.4 | 149.1 |
| June | 166. 2 | 196. 0 | 181. 4 | 149.5 |
| July | 168. 7 | 195. 2 | 188. 3 | 151. 1 |
| August. | 169.5 | 191. 0 | 189.5 | 153. 1 |
| September | 168. 7 | 189.9 | 186. 9 | 153. 3 |
| October- | 165. 2 | 183. 5 | 178. 2 | 153. 1 |
| November | 164. 0 | 180. 8 | 174. 3 | 153. 5 |
| December | 162. 3 | 177.3 | 170. 2 | 153. 0 |
| 1949: January | 160.6 | 172.5 | 165. 8 | 152. 9 |
| February | 158. 1 | 168. 3 | 161.5 | 151. 4 |
| Week ended: Mar. | 159.0 | 171.0 | 165.8 | 151. 4 |
|  | 158.9 | 172.3 | 163. 4 | 151. 4 |
| 15. | 158. 4 | 170.6 | 162.9 | 151. 2 |
| 22 | 158. 2 | 170.8 | 163. 2 | 150.8 |
| 29 | 158. 1 | 170.8 | 162.9 | 150.7 |
| Apr. 5 | 158.0 | 171.5 | 164.7 | 149.7 |

Note.-The weekly index presented here is a revised index which permits direct comparison with the monthly index. It is not comparable with the old weekly index which does not permit such a comparison. Since chart was prepared, March data have been revised and April 5 data became available.

## PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS

Farm prices rose 1 percent ( 3 index points) from February 15 to March 15, reversing 7 months of continuous decline. The rise reflected higher prices of meat animals and some recovery of grains toward support levels.


| Period | Prices received by farmers ${ }^{1}$ | Prices paid by farmers (including interest and taxes) ${ }^{2}$ | Parity ratio ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 95 | 124 | 77 |
| 1941 monthly average | 124 | 132 | 94 |
| 1942 monthly average. | 159 | 150 | 106 |
| 1943 monthly average | 192 | 162 | 119 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 195 | 169 | 115 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 202 | 172 | 116 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 233 | 193 | 120 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 278 | 231 | 120 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 287 | 249 | 115 |
| 1948: February | 279 | 248 | 112 |
| March | 283 | 247 | 115 |
| April | 291 | 249 | 117 |
| May | 289 | 250 | 116 |
| June-- | 295 | 251 | 118 |
| July | 301 | 251 | 120 |
| August. | 293 | 251 | 117 |
| September | 290 | 250 | 116 |
| October-- | 277 | 249 | 111 |
| November. | 271 | 247 | 110 |
| December. | 268 | 248 | 108 |
| 1949: January | 268 | 248 | 108 |
| February | 258 | 245 | 105 |
| March | 261 | 246 | 106 |

[^0]
## STOCK PRICES

During March, stock prices showed a slightly rising trend ending the month above February level. Stock margins were cut from 75 to 50 percent in the last week in March.


SOURCE: STANDARD AND POOR'S GORPORATION.
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC QOVISERS
$[1935-39=100]$

| Period | Combined index ${ }^{1}$ | Industrials ${ }^{1}$ | Railroads ${ }^{1}$ | Utilities ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 94.2 | 94.8 | 74.7 | 98.6 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 80.0 | 80.4 | 70. 6 | 81. 0 |
| 1942 monthly average | 69.4 | 71. 3 | 66. 1 | 61.3 |
| 1943 monthly average | 91.9 | 94.1 | 88. 7 | 82.1 |
| 1944 monthly average | 99.8 | 101. 7 | 101.0 | 89.9 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 121. 5 | 123. 3 | 136. 9 | 106. 1 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 139. 9 | 143.4 | 143. 0 | 120. 2 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 123. 0 | 128.0 | 105. 3 | 102.9 |
| 1948 monthly average | 124. 4 | 130.6 | 114. 8 | 96.3 |
| 1948: February | 114. 2 | 119.2 | 101. 9 | 92.6 |
| March_- | 116. 4 | 121. 8 | 105. 2 | 93.0 |
| April. | 124. 6 | 130. 8 | 115.2 | 96.2 |
| May -- | 130. 2 | 136. 9 | 122.6 | 99.2 |
| June_ | 135.1 | 142.7 | 125. 6 | 100.6 |
| July | 131. 9 | 138. 9 | 124. 7 | 99.5 |
| August | 127. 1 | 133.5 | 119.7 | 97.3 |
| September | 125.7 | 131. 7 | 120.4 | 97.3 |
| October-- | 127.8 | 134.3 | 120.9 | 97.4 |
| November | 120.4 | 126.4 | 108. 8 | 94. 2 |
| December | 119.4 | 125.5 | 105. 8 | 92.9 |
| 1949: January | 121. 0 | 127. 3 | 105.9 | 94.2 |
| February | 117.2 | 122. 7 | 99.6 | 94. 4 |
| March | 118. 0 | 123. 7 | 97.4 | 95.3 |

[^1]
## EMPLOYMENT

## LABOR FORCE

Unemployment leveled off in March after increasing since October 1948. The labor force was I million obove a year ago with civilion employment up $\frac{1}{2}$ million, due to an increase in agricultural employment.


SOURCE : DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.
COLINCIL OF ECONOMIC AOVISERS


Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## EMPLOYMENT IN BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT

Employment in manufacturing, construction, and trade industries continued to decline in February; employment in most other industry groups showed little chonge. The drops resulted from seasonal factors as well as a continuation of nonseasonal declines in a number of industries.


| [Thousands of wage and salary workers ${ }^{\text {] }}$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | Durable manufacturing | Nondurable manufacturing | Trade | Finance and service | Government (Federal, State, local) | Transportation and public utilities | Contract construction | Mining |
| 1939 monthly average. | 4,357 | 5,720 | 6, 705 | 4,610 | 3,987 | 2,912 | 1,150 | 845 |
| 1943 monthly average. | 10, 297 | 7,084 | 7, 322 | 5,187 | 6, 049 | 3, 619 | 1, 567 | 917 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 7, 180 | 7, 335 | 8,820 | 6, 016 | 5,607 | 4,023 | 1,661 | 852 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 8, 055 | 7,846 | 9, 450 | 6,278 | 5,450 | 4, 059 | 1,921 | 911 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 8, 214 | 8, 063 | 9,746 | 6, 400 | 5,658 | 4,065 | 2,063 | 925 |
| 1948: January | 8,256 | 8, 011 | 9, 622 | 6, 403 | 5,498 | 4, 020 | 1, 871 | 922 |
| February | 8, 167 | 8, 016 | 9, 520 | 6, 420 | 5,492 | 4,019 | 1,731 | 914 |
| March. | 8, 258 | 8, 011 | 9, 598 | 6, 426 | 5,546 | 4, 032 | 1,805 | 924 |
| April | 8, 164 | 7,786 | 9,576 | 6, 472 | 5,577 | 3,974 | 1, 933 | 817 |
| May | 8, 114 | 7,778 | 9,617 | 6, 454 | 5, 624 | 4, 042 | 2, 052 | 935 |
| June_ | 8, 122 | 7,993 | 9, 670 | 6, 389 | 5, 607 | 4,105 | 2, 173 | 950 |
| July | 8, 165 | 8, 007 | 9, 646 | 6, 399 | 5, 604 | 4, 136 | 2, 219 | 922 |
| August | 8, 188 | 8, 253 | 9, 660 | 6, 383 | 5, 650 | 4,139 | 2, 253 | 952 |
| September | 8, 294 | 8, 403 | 9, 733 | 6,379 | 5,801 | 4,092 | 2, 239 | 948 |
| October- | 8, 318 | 8, 279 | 9,889 | 6, 364 | 5, 789 | 4, 091 | 2, 206 | 941 |
| November | 8, 303 | 8,158 | 10, 034 | 6,364 | 5, 714 | 4, 066 | 2, 162 | 938 |
| December | 8,226 | 8, 058 | 10, 381 | 6, 347 | 5,994 | 4, 066 | 2,079 | 939 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{2}$ | 8,006 | 7, 874 | 9, 625 | 6,255 | 5,761 | 3, 978 | 1,906 | 924 |
| February ${ }^{2}$ | 7, 889 | 7,858 | 9, 550 | 6,235 | 5,759 | 3,948 | 1, 793 | 925 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who worked or received pay during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces. Total derived from this table not comparable with estimates of nonagricultural employment of the civilian labor force reported by the Department of Commerce (p. 6) which include proprietors, self-employed persons, and domestic servants; which count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes; and which are based on an enumeration of population, whereas the estimates in this table are based on reports from employing establishments.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.

## AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

The average work week in manufacturing showed no change in February, according to preliminary data. While the average of 39.4 hours included significant amounts of overtime, it was one hour under last year's level.




[Hours per week, selected industries]

| Period | All manufacturing industries | Retail trade | Bituminous coal mining | Private building construction ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 37.7 | 43. 0 | 27.1 | 32.6 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 40.6 | 42.5 | 31.1 | 34. 8 |
| 1944 monthly average | 45.2 | 40.3 | 43.4 | 39. 6 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 43. 4 | 40.3 | 42.3 | 39.0 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 40. 4 | 40. 5 | 41. 6 | 38.1 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 40. 3 | 40. 2 | 40.6 | 37.6 |
| 1948 monthly average ${ }^{3}$ | 40.1 | 40.1 | 37.7 | 37.4 |
| 1948: January | 40. 5 | 39.8 | 40.9 | 37. 2 |
| February | 40. 2 | 40. 0 | 38.7 | 36. 7 |
| March_- | 40. 4 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 37.1 |
| April. | 40.1 | 39.8 | ${ }^{2} 27.0$ | 37.0 |
| May | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 37.1 |
| June_ | 40.2 | 40. 3 | 39.9 | 37. 9 |
| July .. | 39.8 | 40.8 | 34. 2 | 37.8 |
| August | 40.1 | 41. 0 | 39.4 | 37.8 |
| September | 39.8 | 40.2 | 37.9 | 37.5 |
| October--- | 40.0 | 39.7 | 38. 6 | 37. 4 |
| November | 39.8 | 39.5 | 37.1 | 37. 0 |
| December ${ }^{3}$ | 40.0 | 40.2 | 38.0 | 38. 0 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{3}$ | 39.4 | 40.0 | 38.4 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ |
| February ${ }^{3}$ | 39.4 |  |  |  |

[^2]
## WORK STOPPAGES

Man-days lost because of work stoppages continued at a low level in February.


| l'eriod | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Man-days } \\ & \text { idle } \\ & \text { (thousands) } \end{aligned}$ | Man-days idle as percent of estimated available working time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939: Monthly average April-peak month | $\begin{aligned} & 1,483 \\ & 4,902 \end{aligned}$ | 1. 3 |
| 1941: Monthly average April-peak month. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,917 \\ & 7,113 \end{aligned}$ | . 1.3 |
| 1942: Monthly average. | 348 | . 1 |
| 1943: Monthly average June-peak month | $\begin{aligned} & 1,125 \\ & 4,699 \end{aligned}$ | . 2 |
| 1944: Monthly average. | 727 | . 1 |
| 1945: Monthly average October-peak month. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,167 \\ & 8,610 \end{aligned}$ | .5 1.4 |
| 1946: Monthly average.............. February-peak month. | 9,667 22,900 | 1. 4 |
| 1947: Monthly average. April-peak month_ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,883 \\ & 8,540 \end{aligned}$ | 1. 4 |
| 1948: Monthly average ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 833 | . 4 |
| 1948: August ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 100 | . 3 |
| September ${ }^{1}$ | 2,500 | . 3 |
| October ${ }^{1}$-- | 2,000 | . 3 |
| November ${ }^{1}$ | 1, 900 | . 3 |
| December ${ }^{1}$ | 600 | . 1 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{1}$ | 800 | . 1 |

PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS ACTIVITY

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production in February was about 3 percent below the October-November peak, with the largest decrease occurring in mining. Preliminary March estimates indicate a further decline as the output of nondurable goods dropped and mining activities were curtailed by the "two-weeks holiday."

[1935-39 $=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Indexes, $1935-39=100$ |  |  |  |  | Points in total index, 1935-39 average for total $=100$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total industrial production | Manufactures |  |  | Mining | Manufactures |  | Mining |
|  |  | Total | Durable goods | Nondurable goods |  | Durable goods | Nondura, ble goods |  |
| 1935-39 monthly average. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 38 | 47 | 15 |
| 1943 monthly average..- | 239 | 258 | 360 | 176 | 132 | 136 | 83 | 20 |
| 1945 monthly average..- | 203 | 214 | 274 | 166 | 137 | 104 | 78 | 21 |
| 1946 monthly average.-- | 170 | 177 | 192 | 165 | 134 | 73 | 77 | 21 |
| 1947 monthly average..-- | 187 | 194 | 220 | 172 | 149 | 83 | 81 | 23 |
| 1948 monthly average..- | 192 | 198 | 225 | 177 | 155 | 85 | 83 | 24 |
| 1948: February | 194 | 201 | 226 | 180 | 155 | 86 | 84 | 24 |
| March | 191 | 200 | 229 | 177 | 142 | 87 | 83 | 22 |
| April---------. | 188 | 195 | 217 | 177 | 147 | 82 | 83 | 22 |
| May | 192 | 197 | 221 | 178 | 162 | 84 | 83 | 25 |
| June | 192 | 198 | 222 | 179 | 159 | 84 | 84 | 24 |
| July-------------- | 186 | 192 | 219 | 169 | 153 | 83 | 79 | 23 |
| August --.-.---..- | 191 | 197 | 223 | 175 | 159 | 84 | 82 | 24 |
| September---.---- | 192 | 199 | 225 | 178 | 156 | 85 | 83 | 24 |
| October-----.----- | 195 | 202 | 231 | 179 | 158 | 87 | 84 | 24 |
| November.--.-.--- | 195 | 201 | 229 | 178 | 161 | 87 | 83 | 25 |
| December......- | 192 | 199 | 231 | 173 | 156 | 87 | 81 | 24 |
| 1949: January - | 191 | 198 | 227 | 174 | 151 | 86 | 82 | 23 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 189 | 196 | 226 | 173 | 149 | 86 | 81 | 23 |
| March ${ }^{1}$-......... | 185 | 19-1 | 225 | 170 | 131 | 85 | 80 | 20 |

[^3]
## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED DURABLE MANUFACTURES

Iron and steel output continued to increase in February; nonferrous metals also rose; but decreases were registered for machinery and for lumber.

$[1935-39=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Tron and steel | Lumber and products | Machinery | Nonferrous metals and products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average | 114 | 106 | 104 | 113 |
| 1940 monthly average- | 147 | 116 | 136 | 139 |
| 1941 monthly average. | 186 | 134 | 221 | 191 |
| 1942 monthly average | 199 | 134 | 340 | 214 |
| 1943 monthly average | 208 | 129 | 443 | 267 |
| 1944 monthly average | 206 | 125 | 439 | 259 |
| 1945 monthly average | 183 | 109 | 343 | 204 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 150 | 131 | 240 | 157 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 195 | 143 | 276 | 187 |
| 1948 monthly average | 208 | 145 | 277 | 193 |
| 1948: January | 203 | 155 | 285 | 195 |
| 9, Frobruaiy | 203 | 150 | 284 | 199 |
| March.- | 207 | 151 | 283 | 201 |
| April | 177 | 14.5 | 275 | 200 |
| May- | 208 | 142 | 273 | 196 |
| June | 208 | 140 | 277 | 194 |
| July | 201 | 142 | 269 | 185 |
| August - . | 207 | 1.48 | 271 | 186 |
| September- | 214 | 143 | 273 | 192 |
| October-- | 221 | 147 | 277 | 192 |
| November. | 223 | 145 | 277 | 187 |
| December. | 222 | 143 | 275 | 184 |
| 1949: January - | 228 | 129 | 268 | 184 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 231 | 127 | 261 | 188 |

## PRODUCTION OF SELECTED NONDURABLE MANUFACTURES

Reduction of operations in the oil and gas industries in February cut the output of petroleum and coal products by 4 percent. Small declines occurred in textiles (rayon only) and in chemicals.

$[1935-39=100$, seasonally adjusted]

| Period | Textiles and products | Petroleum and coal products | Manufactured food products | Chemical products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-39 monthly average | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1943 monthly average.-. | 153 | 185 | 145 | 384 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 146 | 235 | 151 | 284 |
| 1946 monthly average | 162 | 173 | 150 | 236 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 163 | 193 | 157 | 251 |
| 1948 monthly average | 169 | 218 | 159 | 254 |
| 1948: January | 179 | 214 | 158 | 255 |
| February | 179 | 215 | 160 | 252 |
| March_ | 175 | 211 | 158 | 250 |
| April | 174 | 213 | 157 | 249 |
| May.- | 176 | 220 | 159 | 249 |
| June. | 174 | 221 | 163 | 256 |
| July .- | 154 | 217 | 160 | 251 |
| August. | 166 | 222 | 154 | 259 |
| September | 168 | 207 | 163 | 257 |
| October-. | 167 | 217 | 161 | 255 |
| November | 164 | 227 | 159 | 257 |
| December | 156 | 230 | 1.58 | 257 |
| 1949: January | 160 | 227 | 159 | 257 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 159 | 217 | 159 | 252 |

## 1 Preliminary estimate.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## WEEKLY PRODUCTION - SELECTED INDICATORS

Production of steel, continuing in March at peak levels reached in January, was above that for March 1948. Electric power was well above a year ago, cars and trucks just above, while biturninous coal was below


SOURCES: AMERICAN IRON ANO STEEL INSTITUTE, EDISON ELEGTRIC INSTITUTE, DEFARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WARO'S aUTOMOTIVE REPORTS

| Period | Steel (thotlsands of net tons) | Whectric power, by utilities (millions of kilowatt-hours) | Bituminous coal (thousands of short tons) ${ }^{1}$ | Motor vehicles (Ward's-number) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1947: High | 1, 711. 4 | 5, 368 | 2, 410 | 115,353 |
| Low | 1, 259, 9 | 4, 190 | 393 | 49,503 |
| Weekly average | 1,637. 4 | 4,821 | 2, 008 | 90, 860 |
| March: First week | 1,651.9 | 4,787 | 2, 130 | 99, 081 |
| Second week | 1, 676. 4 | 4, 764 | 2,228 | 100, 432 |
| Third week | 1, 686. 9 | 4,759 | 2, 148 | 102, 632 |
| Fourth week | 1, 697. 4 | 4,729 | 2,025 | 95, 289 |
| 1948: High. | 1, 804. 3 | 5,790 | 2, 371 | 119,037 |
| Low. | 1, 285. 2 | 4,760 | 348 | 68, 173 |
| Weekly averagc. | 1, 700. 2 | 5, 300 | 1,906 | 100, 670 |
| March: First week | 1, 705. 1 | 5,293 | 2, 173 | 102,841 |
| Second week | 1, 741. 2 | 5,285 | 2, 219 | 108, 438 |
| Third week | 1, 757.4 | 5,145 | 727 | 109, 475 |
| Fourth week | 1, 725.0 | 5,065 | 353 | 101,940 |
| 1949: High | 1, 880.4 | 5, 810 | 1,963 | 115, 671 |
| Low | 1, 753.8 | 5,404 | 478 | 79, 37\% |
| Weekly average ${ }^{2}$ | 1, 843. 1 | 5, 639 | 1, 718 | 106, 573 |
| March: First week | 1, 852.7 | 5,552 | 1,710 | 113, 317 |
| Second wrek | 1,869.3 | 5, 531 | 1,725 | 109, 101 |
| Third week | 1,880. 4 | 5, 496 | 478 | 115, 671 |
| Fourth week ${ }^{3}$ | 1, S68. 8 | 5.404 |  | 114. 110 |

${ }^{1}$ Daily average for the week.
${ }^{2}$ Weekly average for the first 13 weeks of the year with the exception of bituminoms coal produchon which is the daily average for the first 12 weeks of 1949.
${ }_{3}$ Preliminary estimate.
Sources: American Iron and Steel Institute, Edison Electric Institute, Department of the Interior, Ward's Automotive

## NEW CONSTRUCTION

Construction activity increased seasonally in March to a total dollar volume of $\$ 1.2$ billion, 18 percent above February and 2 percent above March 1948. Privately financed construction, which accounted for almost $3 / 4$ of the total dollor volume, was 6 percent below a year ago ond publicly financed construction was 39 percent higher.

[Millions of dollars]

| Period | Total new construction | Private construction |  |  | Federal, State, and local ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Residential (nonfarm) | Other |  |
| 1939 monthly average. | 526 | 317 | 176 | 141 | 208 |
| 1942 monthly average | 1, 118 | 251 | 110 | 141 | 867 |
| 1944 monthly average | 345 | 152 | 45 | 107 | 193 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 401 | 226 | 57 | 169 | 174 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 871 | 688 | 265 | 422 | 184 |
| 1947 monthly average | 1, 165 | 908 | 438 | 469 | 257 |
| 1948 monthly average. | 1, 472 | 1, 136 | 582 | 554 | 336 |
| 1948: February | 1, 009 | 837 | 400 | 437 | 172 |
| March..- | 1,166 | 940 | 475 | 466 | 226 |
| April | 1,311 | 1,024 | 525 | 499 | 287 |
| May | 1, 461 | 1, 120 | 585 | 535 | 341 |
| June_ | 1,616 | 1,235 | 635 | 600 | 381 |
| July | 1,715 | 1, 318 | 680 | 638 | 397 |
| August.... | 1,799 | 1,354 | 695 | 659 | 445 |
| September | 1, 782 | 1,332 | 685 | 647 | 450 |
| October-- | 1,707 | 1,265 | 650 | 615 | 442 |
| November | 1, 552 | 1,178 | 600 | 578 | 374 |
| December | 1, 391 | 1, 080 | 550 | 530 | 311 |
| 1949: January | 1, 221 | 973 | 450 | 484 | 287 |
| February ${ }^{2}$ | 1, 092 | 838 | 375 | 463 | 254 |
| March ${ }^{2}$ - | 1,195 | 881 | 400 | 481 | 314 |

${ }_{2}$ Includes public residential construction.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

## NEW HOUSING STARTS

About 46,000 new permanent dwelling units were started in February - 4,000 less than in February a year ago. Starts for the first two months of this year were 6 percent below those for the same period last year.


| Month | New nonfarm units started ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 |
| January | 39,300 | 52,600 | ${ }^{2} 50,000$ |
| February | 42, 800 | 49, 600 | ${ }^{2} 46,000$ |
| March | 56, 000 | 75, 100 | ----..- |
| April. | 67, 100 | 98, 800 | - |
| May... | 72, 900 | 99, 400 |  |
| June.- | 77, 200 | 97, 500 |  |
| July | 81, 100 | 93, 500 |  |
| August | 86, 300 | 86, 300 |  |
| September | 93, 800 | 82, 200 |  |
| October-- | 94, 000 | 72, 900 |  |
| November. | 79, 700 | ${ }^{2} 65,000$ |  |
| December. | 58, 800 | ${ }^{2} 56,000$ |  |
| Monthly average | 71, 125 | ${ }^{2} 77,408$ |  |

[^4]
## EXPENDITURES FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

SEC-Commerce survey made in January shows that nonagricultural business expenditures for plant and equipment in 2nd quarter of 1949 are expected to be slightly lower than in same quarter of 1948. It also shows that substantial declines in all fields except electric and gas utilities and mining are anticipated in 2 nd half of this year.


* not aowsteo for seasonal variation.

SOURCES: SEGURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.
[Millions of dollars, annual rates, not adjusted for seasonal]

| Period | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturing | Mining | Transportation |  | Electric and gas utilities | Commercial and miscellaneous ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Railroad | Other |  |  |
| 1939 | 5,200 | 1,930 | 380 | 280 | 280 | 480 | 1,850 |
| 1941 | 8, 190 | 3, 400 | 680 | 560 | 340 | 710 | 2,490 |
| 1945 | 6,630 | 3, 210 | 440 | 550 | 320 | 630 | 1, 480 |
| 1946 | 12, 040 | 5, 910 | 560 | 570 | 660 | 1,040 | 3,300 |
| 1947 | 16, 180 | 7,460 | 690 | 910 | 800 | 1,900 | 4,430 |
| 1948 | 19, 230 | 8, 340 | 800 | 1,320 | 700 | 2, 680 | 5, 390 |
| $1949{ }^{\circ}$ | 18, 310 | 7, 240 | 820 | 1,450 | 650 | 3, 130 | 5, 010 |
| 1947: First quarter | 12, 640 | 5, 800 | 600 | 640 | 720 | 1,320 | 3, 600 |
| Second quarter | 15, 760 | 7, 400 | 640 | 880 | 920 | 1, 800 | 4, 120 |
| Third quarter. | 16, 560 | 7, 480 | 720 | 920 | 800 | 2, 000 | 4, 640 |
| Fourth quarter | 19, 760 | 9,160 | 840 | 1,200 | 760 | 2,480 | 5,360 |
| 1948: First quarter | 16,680 | 7, 200 | 720 | 1, 080 | 720 | 2, 000 | 4, 960 |
| Second quarter | 19,280 | 8, 560 | 800 | 1, 240 | 760 | 2, 560 | 5,360 |
| Third quarter..- | 19, 320 | 8,360 | 800 | 1, 320 | 680 | 2, 760 | 5, 440 |
| Fourth quarter. | 21, 640 | 9,280 | 800 | 1, 640 | 680 | 3, 400 | 5, 760 |
| 1949: First quarter ${ }^{3}$ | 18, 720 | 7,760 | 720 | 1, 560 | 640 | 2,880 | 5, 160 |
| Second guarter ${ }^{3}$ | 19, 120 | 7, 4440 | 760 | 1, 640 | 720 | 3, 160 | 5, 440 |
| Serond half ${ }^{3}$ - | 17,700 | 6. 880 | 900 | 1,300 | 620 | 3,240 | 4,720 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes agriculture.
${ }^{2}$ Includes trade, service, finance, and communication.
${ }^{3}$ Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.
Note.-These figures do not agree with the totals included in the gross national product estimates of the Department of Commerce, principally because the latter cover agricultural investment and also certain equipment and construction outlays charged to current expense. Figures for 1939-44 are Federal Reserve Board estimates based on Securities and Exchange Commission and other data.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because annual rates are based on quarterly figures rounded to the nearest $10,000,000$.
Sources: Securities and Exchange Commission and Department of Commerce (except as noted).

## NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES

The seasonal increase in the 4th quarter, while less than in the preceding year, brought the yearly total of corporate security issues close to that of 1947.


SOURCE: SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.
[Millions of dollars]

| F'eriod | Estimated net proceeds | Proposed uses of net proceeds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New money |  |  | Retirement of debt and stock ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | Total | Plant and equipment | Working capital |  |
| 1939 quarterly average | 529 | 81 | 43 | 39 | 448 |
| 1943 quarterly average. | 287 | 77 | 35 | 42 | 210 |
| 1945 quarterly average. | 1,475 | ${ }^{270}$ | 159 | 111 | 1,206 |
| 1946 quarterly average. | 1,689 | 820 | 529 | 291 | 869 |
| 1947 quarterly average | 1,617 | 1,148 | 852 | 296 | 469 |
| 1948 quarterly average ${ }^{2}$ | 1,599 | 1, 388 | 1,032 | 356 | 210 |
| 1947: First quarter. | 1,054 | 706 | 402 | 305 | 348 |
| Second quarter | 1,727 | 1, 000 | 661 | 338 | 727 |
| Third quarter. | 1,374 | 884 | 692 | 192 | 490 |
| Fourth guarter. | 2,311 | 2,000 | 1, 654 | 347 | 310 |
| 1948: First quarter. | 1,614 | 1,400 | 845 | 555 | 214 |
| Second quarter. | 1, 663 | 1,353 | 1, 080 | ${ }_{280}^{274}$ | 309 |
| Third quarter- Fourth quarter | 1,266 1,852 | 1,046 | 165 1,438 | 280 316 | 221 97 |

[^5]
## INVENTORIES AND SALES

After an almost uninterrupted increase since 1945, manufacturers' inventories leveled off in February. Sales by manufacturers and department stores, in February, dipped below last years levels.


| Period | Manufacturing ${ }^{1}$ |  | Wholesale ${ }^{1}$ |  | Retail ${ }^{2}$ |  | Department stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inventories ${ }^{3}$ | Sales ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | Inventories ${ }^{3}$ | Sales ${ }^{4}$ | Inventories ${ }^{3}$ | Sales ${ }^{4}$ | Inventories | Sales |
|  | Millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1935-39=100, \text { seasonally } \\ \text { adjusted }^{5} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1939 | 11, 516 | 5,112 | 3, 200 | 2, 505 | 5,502 | 3, 504 | 102 | 106 |
| 1941 | 17, 024 | 8, 172 | 4, 151 | 3, 650 | 7,620 | 4, 624 | 131 | 133 |
| 1945. | 17,924 | 12, 371 | 4, 216 | 4, 777 | 7,502 | 6, 387 | 165 | ${ }_{207}^{168}$ |
| 1946 | 23, 435 | 12, 020 | 5, 823 | 6, 138 | 11, 049 | 8, 399 | 213 | 264 |
| 1947 | 28, 020 | 15, 671 | 7,545 | 7, 304 | 12, 953 | 9, 860 | 255 | 286 |
| 1948 | 31, 766 | 17, 593 | 8,315 | 7,867 | 14,556 | 10, 784 | 292 | 302 |
| 1948: February | 28,768 | 16, 225 | 7,885 | 7, 121 | 13,751 | 10,463 | 303 | 286 |
| March. | 29, 064 | 18, 117 | 7,869 | 7, 726 | 14, 040 | 10,658 | 312 | 284 |
| April | 29, 161 | 17, 279 | 7, 777 | 7,652 | 13, 907 | 10, 891 | 308 | 306 |
| May -- | 29,437 | 16, 777 | 7, 801 | 7,389 | 13, 951 | 10, 620 | 297 | 311 |
| June. | 29, 727 | 17, 871 | 7,953 | 7, 766 | 14,065 | 10, 862 | 285 | 312 |
| July--- | 30, 236 | 16,403 | 7,930 8 100 | 7, 796 | 14,080 | 10,857 | 275 | ${ }^{316}$ |
| August--- | 30,429 30,710 | 18,169 <br> 18 <br> 181 | 8, 8100 | 8, 1686 | 14, 14.531 | 10,893 10,968 | 268 | 312 |
| October | 30,848 | 18, 807 | 8, 400 | 8, 376 | 14, 576 | 10, 894 | 28.3 | 312 306 |
| November ${ }^{6}$ | 31, 225 | 17, 987 | 8,507 | 8, 242 | 14, 779 | 10, 771 | 303 | 287 |
| December ${ }^{6}$ | 31, 766 | 18, 195 | 8,315 | 8, 196 | 14,556 | 11, 062 | 305 | 310 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{6}$ | 31, 998 | 16, 859 | 8, 542 | 7, 192 | 14, 085 | 10,615 | 285 | 288 |
| February ${ }^{6}$ | 32, 000 | 16, 200 | 8, 602 | 6, 805 | 14,084 | 10,615 | $2 \times 7$ | 274 |

[^6]
## ${ }^{3}$ Book value, end of month. <br> ${ }^{4}$ Total for month.

${ }^{5}$ Indexes computed from data on retail value of sales for month and retail book value of inventories, end of month. ${ }_{6}$ Preliminary estimate.

Sources: Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of ihe Federal Reserve System.

## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Exports and imports changed little in February from the January levels. The averages for the first two months are obout the same as for the last six months of 1948.

regorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for orcupied areas

* recorded genehal merchandise imports.

SOURGES: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERGE, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, AND DEFARTMENT OF THE NAVY

| Period | Exports ${ }^{1}$ | Imports ${ }^{2}$ | Excess of exports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-38 monthly average. | 247 | 207 | 40 |
| 1943 monthly average...- | 1, 080 | 282 | 798 |
| 1945 monthly average.-- | , 877 | 346 | 531 |
| 1946 monthly average... | 849 | 410 | 439 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 1,278 | 478 | 801 |
| 1948 monthly average.- | 1, 051 | 589 | 461 |
| 1948: January .-. | 1,092 | 545 | 546 |
| February. | 1,086 | 582 | 504 |
| March | 1,138 | 666 | 473 |
| April | 1, 120 | 528 | 592 |
| May - | 1, 102 | 549 | 553 |
| June.-- | 1, 014 | 616 | 398 |
| July | 1, 020 | 558 | 461 |
| August. | - 986 | 598 | 387 |
| September | 926 | 558 | 368 |
| October-- | 1, 020 | 597 | 423 |
| November | 819 | 550 | 269 |
| December. | 1,284 | 721 | 563 |
| 1949: January | 1, 086 | 589 | 497 |
| February | 1,028 | 568 | 460 |

[^7]
## PURCHASING POWER

## NATIONAL INCOME

A steady rise throughout 1948 brought total national income for the year to 224 billion dollars, about 10 percent higher than for 1947.



[^8]
## CORPORATE PROFITS

Corporate profits in the first 3 quarters of 1948 ran above the 1947 levels.


[^9]SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.
gouncil of economic advisers
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Corporate profits before taxes | $\begin{gathered} \text { Corporate } \\ \text { tax } \\ \text { Iiability } \end{gathered}$ | Corporate profits after taxes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Dividend payments | Undistributed profits |
| 1929. | 9. 8 | 1. 4 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 2. 6 |
| 1939 | 6. 5 | 1. 5 | 5. 0 | 3. 8 | 1. 2 |
| 1943 | 24.5 | 14.2 | 10. 4 | 4. 5 | 5. 9 |
| 1946 | 21.8 | 9.0 | 12. 8 | 5. 6 | 7. 2 |
| 1947 | 29.8 | 11. 7 | 18. 1 | 6. 9 | 11.2 |
| 1948 | 32. 2 | 12.5 | 19.7 | 7. 8 | 11. 9 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1947: First quarter.-- | 28.9 | 11.4 | 17. 5 | 6. 4 | 11.1 |
| Second quarter.. | 28.8 | 11.3 | 17.5 | 6. 7 | 10.8 |
| Third quarter | 29.1 | 11. 4 | 17.7 | 6. 9 | 10.8 |
| Fourth quarter.- | 32.4 | 12. 7 | 19.7 | 7. 1 | 12.6 |
| 1948: First quarter- | 30. 5 | 11. 8 | 18. 7 | 7. 4 | 11. 3 |
| Second quarter | 32.1 | 12. 5 | 19.6 | 7. 4 | 12. 2 |
| Third quarter.- | 34.0 | 13.3 | 20.8 | 7. 7 | 13. 1 |

Note. - No allowance has been made for inventory valuation adjustment. See p. 19 for profits before taxes and inventory valuation adjustment.

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Department of Commerce.

## PERSONAL INCOME

Personal income dropped $\$ 21 / 2$ billion (annual rate) in February as a result of decreased employment and lower farm income.

[Billions of dollars]


[^10]
## CONSUMER INCOME, SPENDING, AND SAVING

At the end of the year consumerṣ' saving was apparently running at an annual rate of about 18 billion dollars--considerably more than the estimates for 1946 and 1947.


* personal income less taxes

SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC AOVISERS
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Disposable personal income | Less: Personal consumption expenditures | Equals: Personal saving |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 70. 2 | 67. 5 | 2. 7 |
| 1940 | 75. 7 | 72. 1 | 3. 7 |
| 1941 | 92.0 | 82.3 | 9. 8 |
| 1942 | 116. 2 | 90.8 | 25. 4 |
| 1943 | 131. 6 | 101.6 | 30. 0 |
| 1944 | 145. 6 | 111.4 | 34.2 |
| 1945 | 149. 4 | 122.8 | 26.6 |
| 1946 | 159.2 | 147.4 | 11.8 |
| 1947 | 173. 6 | 164.8 | 8. 8 |
| 1948 | 192. 6 | 177.7 | 14. 9 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |
| 1947: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter_ } \\ \text { Second quarte } \\ \text { Third } \\ \text { Fourter } \\ \text { Fourth quarte }\end{array}$ | 169. 7 | 158.1 | 11.6 |
|  | 168. 2 | 164. 2 | 4. 1 |
|  | 175. 0 | 165.6 | 9. 4 |
|  | 180.9 | 171. 1 | 9. 7 |
| 1948: First quarter. | 183. 9 | 172. 5 | 11.4 |
| Second quarter | 179.2 | 177.3 | 12.9 |
| Third quarter.. | 196. 2 | 180. 1 | 16. 1 |
| Fourth quarter | 199.4 | 181.0 | 18. 4 |

${ }^{1}$ Income less taxes.
Nore.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Department of Commerce (except fourth quarter, 1948).

## PER CAPITA INCOME*

The last quarter of 1948 registered a moderate gain in the real purchasing power of consumers, reflecting a continued rise in incomes and a drop in prices.


| Period | Per capita disposable personal income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Consumers' price index ${ }^{3}$ $1948=100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | 1948 dollars ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| 1939 | \$536 | \$923 | 58.1 |
| 1940 | 574 | 981 | 58.5 |
| 1941 | 691 | 1,125 | 61.4 |
| 1942 | 863 | 1,256 | 68.7 |
| 1943 | 964 | 1,306 | 73.8 |
| 1944 | 1,054 | 1,391 | 75. 8 |
| 1945 | 1,070 | 1,374 | 77.9 |
| 1946 | 1,127 | 1,351 | 83. 4 |
| 1947 | 1,205 1,313 | 1,294 1,313 | 93.1 100.0 |
|  | Annual rat | seasonally ted | Not adjusted for seasonal variation |
| 1947: First quarter | \$1, 186 | \$1,308 | 90.7 |
| Second quarter. <br> Third quarter | 1,170 1,212 | 1,280 1,291 | 91.4 |
| Fourth quarter-- | 1, 246 | 1, 291 | 96.5 |
| 1948: First quarter.. | 1,263 | 1,289 | 98.0 |
| Second quarter | 1,286 1,318 | 1,291 1,295 | 99. 6 |
| Fourth quarter- | 1,351 | 1, 342 | 100.7 |

[^11]
## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Average hourly earnings continued to rise slightly in most industries in January. Preliminary February data for manufacturing industries show a small drop in actual hourly rates but some increase when adjusted for price changes.


* current dollars oivideo by consuhers' price index on the base 1948:100

SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
[Selected industries]

| [Selected industries] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | Manufacturing |  | Retail trade |  | Bituminous coal mining |  | Private building construc-tion |  |
|  | Current dollars | ${ }_{\text {dollars }}{ }^{2}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Current dollars | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ \text { dollars }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| 1939 monthly average | 0.633 | 1. 090 | 0. 536 | 0.923 | 0. 886 | 1. 525 | 0. 932 | 1. 604 |
| 1941 monthly average. | . 729 | 1. 187 | . 568 | . 925 | . 9.993 | 1. 617 | 1. 010 | 1. 645 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 1. 019 | 1. 381 | . 724 | . 981 | 1. 186 | 1. 607 | 1. 319 | 1. 787 |
| 1945 monthly average | 1. 023 | 1. 313 | . 773 | - 992 | 1. 240 | 1. 592 | 1. 379 | 1. 7770 |
| 1946 monthly average- | 1. 0821 | 1. 2311 | . 878 | 1. 053 | 1. 1.6301 | 1. 1.750 | 1. 1.681 | 1. 77206 |
| 1948 monthly average ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ | 1. 327 | 1. 327 | 1. 067 | 1. 067 | 1. 897 | 1. 897 | 1. 863 | 1. 863 |
| 1948: February | 1. 287 | 1. 316 | 1. 050 | 1. 074 | 1. 826 | 1. 867 | 1. 806 | 1. 847 |
| March | 1. 289 | 1. 322 | 1. 044 | 1. 071 | 1. 842 | 1. 889 | 1. 805 | 1. 851 |
| April.- | 1. 292 | 1. 306 | 1. 055 | 1. 067 | 41. 821 | 1. 1.841 | 1. 818 | 1. 838 |
| May--- | 1. 301 | 1. 306 | 1. 064 | 1. 068 | 1. 841 | 1. 848 | 1. 835 | 1. 842 |
| June-.. | 1. 1.316 | 1. 312 | 1. 1070 | 1. 1.067 | 1. 1.830 | 1. 1.844 | 1. 1.858 | 1. 1.852 |
| August | 1. 349 | 1. 324 | 1. 080 | 1. 060 | 1. 967 | 1. 930 | 1. 901 | 1. 866 |
| September | 1. 362 | 1. 337 | 1. 086 | 1. 066 | 1. 970 | 1. 933 | 1. 919 | 1. 883 |
| October- | 1. 366 | 1. 347 | 1. 080 | 1. 065 | 1. 959 | 1. 932 | 1. 919 | 3. 892 |
| November ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1. 372 | 1. 364 | 1. 084 | 1. 078 | 1. 951 | 1. 939 | 1. 906 | 1. 895 |
| December ${ }^{3}$ | 1. 376 | 1. 375 | 1. 072 | 1. 071 | 1. 955 | 1. 953 | 1. 918 | 1. 916 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{3}$ | 1. 381 | 1. 384 | 1. 110 | 1. 112 | 1. 959 | 1. 963 | (5) | ${ }^{5}$ ) |
| February ${ }^{3}$ - | 1. 377 | 1. 395 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^12]
## AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Weekly earnings in manufacturing industries continued in January and February near the levels reached last fall.


| Period | Manufacturing |  | Retail trade |  | Bituminous coal mining |  | Private building construction |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current dollars | 1948 dollars | Current dollars | 1948 dollars | Current dollars | 1948 dollars | Current dollars | 1948 dollars |
| 1939 monthly average. | 23. 86 | 41. 07 | 21.17 | 36. 44 | 23. 88 | 41. 10 | 30. 39 | 52.31 |
| 1941 monthly average | 29. 58 | 48. 18 | 21. 94 | 35. 73 | 30. 86 | 50.26 | 35. 14 | 57. 23 |
| 1944 monthly average. | 46. 08 | 62.44 | 26. 58 | 36. 02 | 51.27 | 69.47 | 52.18 | 70. 70 |
| 1945 monthly average. | 44. 39 | 56. 98 | 28. 31 | 36. 34 | 52. 25 | 67. 07 | 53. 73 | 68. 97 |
| 1946 monthly average. | 43. 74 | 52. 45 | 32. 55 | 39. 03 | 58.03 | 69. 58 | 56. 24 | 67. 43 |
| 1947 monthly average - | 49. 25 | 52. 90 | 36. 67 | 39. 39 | 66. 86 | 71. 81 | 63. 30 | 67. 99 |
| 1948 monthly average ${ }^{3}$ | 53.15 | 53.15 | 39. 83 | 39. 83 | 72. 06 | 72. 06 | 69.71 | 69.71 |
| 1948: February | 51.75 | 52.91 | 38. 33 | 39. 19 | 70. 54 | 72. 13 | 66.31 | 67. 80 |
| March_ | 52. 07 | 53. 41 | 38.89 | 39. 89 | 74. 84 | 76. 76 | 66. 89 | 68.61 |
| April. | 51. 79 | 52.37 | 39. 27 | 39. 71 | 449.53 | ${ }^{4} 50.08$ | 67.31 | 68.06 |
| May- | 51.86 | 52.07 | 39. 84 | 40.00 | 74.08 | 74. 38 | 68. 13 | 68.40 |
| June | 52.85 | 52. 69 | 40. 52 | 40. 40 | 73.87 | 73.65 | 70.49 | 70. 28 |
| July | 52. 95 | 52.17 | 41. 19 | 40.58 | 67.62 | 66.62 | 71. 38 | 70. 33 |
| August | 54. 05 | 53.04 | 41. 19 | 40. 42 | 78. 10 | 76. 64 | 71. 89 | 70. 55 |
| September | 54. 18 | 53.17 | 40. 48 | 39. 73 | 75. 52 | 74. 11 | 72. 06 | 70. 72 |
| October- | 54. 65 | 53. 90 | 40. 32 | 39.76 | 76.40 | 75. 34 | 71. 69 | 70. 70 |
| November | 54.56 | 54.23 | 39. 67 | 39. 43 | 73. 52 | 73. 08 | 70.73 | 70. 31 |
| December ${ }^{3}$ | 55.03 | 54.98 | 40.62 | 40.58 | 74.87 | 74. 80 | 73. 32 | 73. 25 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{3}{ }^{-1}$ | 54.41 54.25 | $54.52$ | 41. 79 | 41. 87 | 75. 61 | 75.76 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | ${ }^{(5)}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Covers only employees at the site of privately financed building projects.
${ }^{2}$ Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on the base $1948=100$.
${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate.
${ }^{4}$ Based on pay period during coal stoppage.
Not available. This series is in process of revision.

## FARM INCOME

Cosh farm income in February fell below thot of the corresponding period a year ago for the third successive month.


| Period | Farm income (millions of current dollars) ${ }^{1}$ | Prices paid by farmers (incl. interest and taxes) $1948=$ $100^{2}$ | Farm income (millions of 1948 dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 monthly average. | 723 | 49.8 | 1,452 |
| 1941 monthly average.. | 981 | 53.0 |  |
| 1942 monthly average. | 1,340 | 60.2 | 2, 226 |
| 1943 monthly average | 1,678 | 65.1 | 2,578 |
| 1944 monthly average | 1,753 | 67. 9 | 2, 582 |
| 1945 monthly average | 1,857 | 69.1 | 2, 687 |
| 1946 monthly average . | 2, 136 | 77.5 | 2, 756 |
| 1947 monthly average. | 2, 542 | 92.8 | 2, 739 |
| 1948 monthly average | 2, 609 | 100.0 | 2, 609 |
| 1948: February | 1,862 | 99.6. | 1,869 |
| March.--- | 1,932 | 99.2 | 1,948 |
| April. | 2, 075 | 100.0 | 2, 075 |
| May | 2, 119 | 100. 4 | 2, 111 |
|  | 2, 437 | 100.8 | 2, 418 |
| July-- | $\stackrel{2}{2,63}$ | 100.8 | , , 672 |
| August, | ${ }^{2}, 722$ | 100.8 | 2, 700 |
| September | 3, ${ }^{3} 1314$ | 100.4 | 3, 714 |
| November | 3, 314 | 99.2 | 3, 341 |
| December | 2, 740 | 99.6 | 2, 751 |
| 1949: January ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2, 383 | 99. 6 | 2,393 |
| February ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 1,783 | 98.4 | 1,812 |

[^13]
## PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES

Expenditures for both durable and nondurable goods increased less in 1948 than in 1947. Expenditures for services, however, increased more than in the preceding year.


SOURCE: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.
council of economic abuisers
[Billions of dollars]

| Period | Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nondurable goods | Durable goods | Services |
| 1939 | 67.5 | 35.3 | 6. 7 | 25.5 |
| 1944 | 111. 4 | 67.5 | 6. 9 | 37.0 |
| 1945 | 122.8 | 75. 4 | 8. 3 | 39.2 |
| 1946 | 147.4 | 87.5 | 16. 2 | 43. 6 |
| 1947 | 164. 8 | 96.5 | 21.0 | 47.3 |
| 1948 | 177.7 | 103. 6 | 22. 7 | 51.4 |
|  | Annual rates, seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| 1947: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter- } \\ \text { Second quarte } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarte }\end{array}$ | 158. 1 | 92.5 | 19.6 | 46. 0 |
|  | 164. 2 | 96.3 | 21.1 | 46.7 |
|  | 165. 6 | 96.8 | 21. 1 | 47.7 |
|  | 171.1 | 100. 2 | 22.1 | 48.8 |
| 1948: $\begin{array}{r}\text { First quarter- } \\ \text { Second quarte } \\ \text { Third quarter } \\ \text { Fourth quarte }\end{array}$ | 172.5 | 101. 4 | 21. 3 | 49.8 |
|  | 177.3 | 103. 7 | 22. 8 | 50.8 |
|  | 180. 1 | 104. 3 | 23.7 | 52.1 |
|  | 181. 0 | 105. 1 | 22. 9 | 53.0 |

[^14]
## CONSUMER CREDIT

From December to February there was a billion dollar contraction in total outstanding consumer credit.


## [Billions of dollars]

| End of period | Total consumer credit outstanding | Instalment credit ${ }^{1}$ | Charge accounts | Other consumer credit ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 | 7. 6 | 3.2 | 1. 7 | 2. 7 |
| 1939 | 8. 0 | 4. 4 | 1. 5 | 2. 0 |
| 1941 | 9. 9 | 5. 9 | 1. 8 | 2. 2 |
| 1943 | 5. 3 | 1. 9 | 1. 5 | 1.9 |
| 1945 | 6. 6 | 2. 3 | 2. 0 | 2. 3 |
| 1946 | 10. 1 | 3. 9 | 3. 1 | 3. 1 |
| 1947 | 13. 4 | 6. 2 | 3. 6 | 3. 6 |
| 1948 | 15.9 | 8. 2 | 3. 9 | 3. 9 |
| 1948: February | 13. 1 | 6. 3 | 3. 1 | 3. 7 |
| March. | 13. 5 | 6. 6 | 3. 3 | 3. 7 |
| April. | 13. 8 | 6. 8 | 3. 2 | 3. 7 |
| May. | 14.0 | 7. 0 | 3. 2 | 3. 7 |
| June.- | 14.3 | 7.2 | 3. 4 | 3. 8 |
| July .- | 14. 4 | 7. 4 | 3. 2 | 3. 8 |
| August.---- | 14.5 | 7. 6 | 3. 1 | 3. 8 |
| September-. | 14. 8 | 7.8 | 3. 2 | 3. 8 |
| October | 15.1 | 7. 8 | 3. 5 | 3. 8 |
| November | 15.3 | 7. 9 | 3. 6 | 3. 9 |
| December. | 15.9 | 8.2 | 3. 9 | 3. 9 |
| 1949: January | 15.3 | 8.0 | 3. 5 | 3. 9 |
| February ${ }^{3}$ | 14.9 | 7. 9 | 3. 2 | 3.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes automobile and other sale credit and repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.

2 Includes single-payment loans of commercial banks and pawnbrokers and service credit.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
Note.- Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY, BANKING, AND FEDERAL FINANCE

## BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

In February, banks decreased their total volume of outstanding loans as well as their holdings of Government securities.


SOURCE. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserye System

* pfeliminary Estimate

Council of Economic Advisers

| End of period | [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total loans and investments | Bank loans | Investments |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | U.S. <br> Government <br> securities | Other securities |
| 1929. | 49.5 | 36.0 | 13. 5 | 4. 8 | 8.7 |
| 1939 | 40.7 | 17. 2 | 23. 4 | 16. 3 | 7. 1 |
| 1945. | 124. 0 | 26. 1 | 97.9 | 90.6 | 7.3 |
| 1946 | 114. 0 | 31.1 | 82.9 | 74.8 | 8.1 |
| 1947 | 116. 4 | 38. 1 | 78.3 | 69.3 | 9.0 |
| 1948 | 114.3 | 42. 7 | 71.6 | 62.5 | 9.1 |
| 1948: February | 115. 5 | 38. 7 | 76. 9 | 67.9 | 9. 0 |
| March.-- | 113. 6 | 38.9 | 74.7 | 65.5 | 9.3 |
| ApriL | 114.3 | 38. 8 | 75.5 | 66. 3 | 9. 2 |
| May | 114.5 | 39. 4 | 75.1 | 65.9 | 9.2 |
| June. | 113. 9 | 39.9 | 74.0 | 64.8 | 9.2 |
| July | 114. 8 | 40.1 | 74.6 | 65.3 | 9.3 |
| August | 115.1 | 40.6 | 74.5 | 65.1 | 9.4 |
| September | 113.6 | 41.7 | 71.9 | 62.5 | 9.4 |
| October.-. | 114.1 | 41. 6 | 72.5 | 63.3 | 9.2 |
| November | 114.2 | 42. 3 | 71.9 | 62.8 | 9.1 |
| December | 114.3 | 42.7 | 71.6 | 62.5 | 9.1 |
| 1949: January | 114. 4 | 42. 4 | 72.0 | 63. 0 | 9.1 |
| February ${ }^{1}$ | 113.4 | 42.0 | 71. 4 | 62. 2 | 9.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate.
Nots.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## MONEY SUPPLY

The total money supply declined nearly $\$ 2$ billion in February, chiefly as a result of reduced demand deposits.


| End of period | Total money supply | Currency outside banks | Adjusted demand deposits ${ }^{1}$ | Time deposits ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929. | 54. 6 | 3. 6 | 22. 8 | 28.2 |
| 1939 | 63.3 | 6. 4 | 29.8 | 27.1 |
| 1941 | 76.3 | 9. 6 | 39.0 | 27.7 |
| 1943 | 112. 3 | 18. 8 | 60.8 | 32.7 |
| 1945 | 150.9 | 26. 5 | 75. 9 | 48.5 |
| 1946 | 164.0 | 26. 7 | 83.3 | 54.0 |
| 1947. | 170.0 | 26.5 | 87. 1 | 56.4 |
| 1948 | 168. 7 | 25. 7 | 85. 8 | 57.3 |
| 1948: February | 167.1 | 25.7 | 84.6 | 56.8 |
| March | 164.0 | 25. 6 | 81.5 | 56. 9 |
| April | 165.0 | 25.4 | 82.7 | 56. 9 |
| May | 165. 2 | 25.4 | 82.8 | 57.0 |
| June.- | 165. 7 | 25.6 | 82.7 | 57.4 |
| July--- | 166. 2 | 25.5 | 83.4 | 57.3 |
| August.... | 166. 7 | 25. 6 | 83.8 | 57.3 |
| September | 166. 9 | 25. 7 | 83.9 | 57.3 |
| October | 168. 0 | 25.7 | 85. 0 | 57.3 |
| November | 167. 9 | 25.9 | 85.0 | 57. 0 |
| December_ | 168. 7 | 25. 7 | 85.8 | 57.3 |
| 1949: January | 168. 0 | 25. 2 | 85.3 | 57. 6 |
| February ${ }^{3}$ - | 166. 1 | 25.1 | 83.3 | 57. 7 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
${ }^{2}$ Includes deposits in commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and Postal Savings System.
${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## FEDERAL CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

The cash surplus of about $\$ 3$ billion during the first quarter, which includes the seasonally high March tax receipis, was less than half as great as during the same quarter of 1948.


SOURCE: - bureau of the budget and treasury department.
COUNGIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calendar years | Federal cash receipts from the public ${ }^{1}$ | Federal cash payments to the public ${ }^{1}$ | Excess of receipts ( + ) or payments ( - ) |
| Calendar year total: |  |  |  |
|  | 41, 426 | 41, 372 | ${ }_{+}^{+54}$ |
| 1947 | 44, 279 | 38, 584 | +5,695 |
| 1948 | 44, 920 | 36, 954 | $+7,967$ |
| Quarterly total, not adjusted for seasonal: |  |  |  |
| 1946: First quarter - . | 12,632 | 12, 244 | $+388$ |
| Second quarter | 9, 462 | 12, 008 | -2,547 |
| Third quarter. | 9,702 9,630 | 8,449 8,671 | $+1,252$ +959 |
| 1947: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarter } \\ & \text { Second quarte } \\ & \text { Third quarter } \\ & \text { Fourth quarter }\end{aligned}$ | 14,345 | 9,163 | +5,182 |
|  | 9, 847 | 10,628 | -781 |
|  | 10, 220 | 10, 257 | -37 |
|  | 9,869 | 8,536 | +1,331 |
| 1948: $\begin{aligned} & \text { First quarte } \\ & \text { Second quar } \\ & \text { Third quarte } \\ & \text { Fourth quar }\end{aligned}$ | 15, 037 | 8, 637 | +6,400 |
|  | 10, 238 | 9,033 | +1,205 |
|  | 10,085 9,560 | 8,798 10,486 | $+1,287$ -925 |
| 1949: First quarter ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Payments of refunds of Government receipts are now reported as deductions from total receipts; previously, they were reported as expenditures. <br> 2 Preliminary estimate. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Source: Treasury Department and Bureau of the Budget. |  |  |  |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ August 1909-July $1914=100$.
    ${ }^{2} 1910-14=100$.
    Ratio of prices received to prices paid, interest, and taxes.
    Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Combined index prior to June 23, 1948, was based on 402 common stocks, and included 354 industrials, 20 railroads, and 28 utilities; thereafter, 416 common stocks are represented, with 365 industrials, 20 railroads, and 31 utilities.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Covers only employees at the site of privately financed building projects.
    ${ }^{2}$ Based on pay period during coal stoppage.
    ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate.
    ${ }^{4}$ Not available. This series is in process of revision.
    Source: Department of Labor.

[^3]:    1 Preliminary estimate.
    Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Conventional and prefabricated units. Excludes temporary units after 1947 when program ended.
    ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary
    Source: Department of Labor.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes small amount for other purposes.
    ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary estimate.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Not adjusted for seasonal variation.
    ${ }^{2}$ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Recorded merchandise exports, including reexports, and civilian supplies for occupied areas.
    : Recorded general merchandise importe.
    Sources: Department of Commerce, Department of the Army, and Department of the Navy.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate; ineludes estimate of corporate profits and iuventory valuation adjustment for fourth quarter.
    2 Not available
    Note.- Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding. Digiti20 for FRASER Source: Department of Commerce (except fourth quarter, 1948).

[^9]:    * no allowange forinventory valyation aojistment.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Preliminary estimate. Data became available after chart was prepared.
    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of Commerce.

[^11]:    1 Income less taxes.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Current dollars divided by the consumers' price index on the base $1948=100$.
    ${ }^{3}$ The consumers' price index has been roughly adjusted to take account of the understatement from December 1941-February 1947. This adjustment is in line with the report of the Mitchell Committee. The unadjusted index will be found on page 2.

    Sources: Department of Commerce and Department of Labor.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Covers only employees at the site of privately financed building projects.
    ${ }_{2}$ Current dollars divided by consumers' price index on the base $1948=100$. See note 3 to table on page 24.
    3 Preliminary estimate.
    ${ }^{4}$ Based on pay period during coal stoppage.
    ${ }^{5}$ Not available. This series is in process of revision.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes cash farm income from marketings and Government payments.
    ${ }^{2}$ Converted from the reported base, $1910-14=100$, to the base $1948=100$.
    ${ }^{3}$ Farm income in current dollars divided by prices paid by farmers, interest, and taxes, $1948=100$.
    ${ }^{4}$ Preliminary.
    Source: Department of Agriculture.

[^14]:    Note.-Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
    Source: Department of $f_{2}$ Commerce ${ }_{x}$ (except fourth quarter, 1948).

