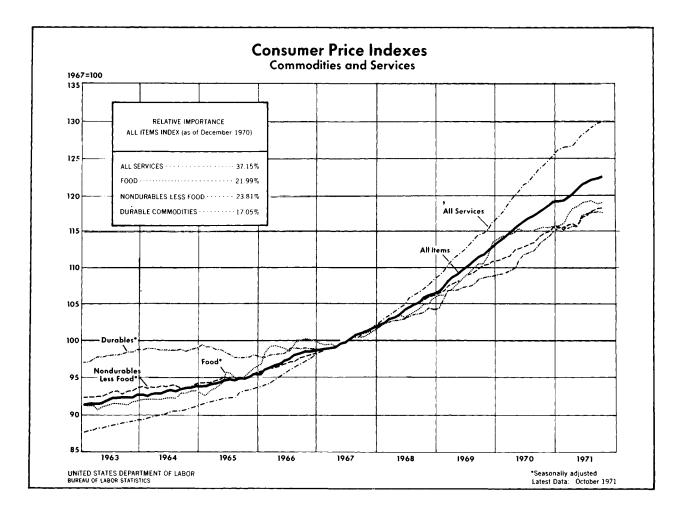


the consumer price index

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR J. D. Hodgson, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Geoffrey H. Moore, Commissioner

OFFICE OF PRICES AND LIVING CONDITIONS Joel Popkin, Assistant Commissioner a monthly report on consumer price movements including statistical tables and technical notes.



The Consumer Price Index rose 0.2 percent in October to 122.6 percent of its 1967 base. Prices for new cars, apparel commodities, and household services increased, while indexes for most food items declined. The October index was 3.8 percent higher than it was a year ago, the smallest year-to-year change since February 1968.

On a seasonally adjusted basis, the increase in the October index was 0.1 percent, the smallest rise since April 1967. The increase in October compares with 0.2 percent in September, and an average monthly increase of 0.4 percent during the 6 months from March through August. After seasonal adjustment, average food prices were unchanged in October after declining in September. The index for commodities other than food decreased 0.1 percent, the first decrease since February 1971. The index for service charges rose 0.2 percent in October, compared with increases of 0.4 to 0.6 percent in the preceding 5 months. The slower rate of increase was due in part to the regular annual adjustment to the health insurance component of the index.

The seasonally adjusted annual rate of change in the CPI during the 3 months ending in October was 3.0 percent. This compares with a 4.9 percent for the 3 months ending in July. The moderation in the rate of advance in the last 3 months resulted from a slower rise in prices of services and nonfood commodities, and a decline in prices of food. (See charts on pages 6, 7, 8 and 9.)

The September to October change in the index does not reflect exclusively changes in prices since the wage-price-rent freeze went into effect on August 15, since some prices are collected only every 3 months or less frequently. The October index also includes price changes for items exempt from the freeze, such as raw foods, or items subject to special regulations that permit increases under certain conditions.

		Ch	anges fr	om prece	eding mon	nth		1	items djusted 1 rate	
Month	All items		Food				Serv- ices	From	From 6 mos.	From 12 mos.
	Unadj.	Seas. adj.	Unadj.	Seas. adj.	Unadj.	Seas. adj.	Unadj.	3 mos. ago	ago	ago
0.4.1	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.1	0.5	F 0	5.0	F 0
October 1970	0.5	0.5	-0.2	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.5	5.2	5.0	5.8
November	.3	.3	5	.1	.5	.4	.6	5.6	4.7	5.6
December	.5	.5	.3	1	.3	.7	.6	5.3	4.9	5.5
January 1971	.1	.3	.2	.0	3	.2	.6	4.5	4.9	5.2
February	.2	.2	.3	.5	.0	1	.2	4.0	4.8	4.8
March	.3	.2	.9	9	.3	.2	.0	2.8	4.1	4.6
April	.3	.3	.7	.9	.3	.2	.2	2.8	3.6	4.3
May	.5	.6	.3	.2	.7	.7	.6	4.2	4.1	4.4
June	.6	.5	.8	.5	.4	.3	.5	5.3	4.0	4.5
July	.2	.2	.5	.1	1	.1	.5	4.9	3.9	4.4
August	.3	.4	.2	.1	.3	.5	.5	4.4	4.3	4.5
September	.2	.2	8	3	.4	.2	.4	3.3	4.3	4.2
October	.2	.1	2	.0	.4	1	.2	3.0	4.0	3.8

TABLE A. Percent changes in CPI and components, selected periods

THIS ISSUE OF THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX DOES NOT CONTAIN INDEX VALUES REVISED TO REFLECT THE REFUND, REQUIRED BY THE REVENUE ACT OF 1971, TO PURCHASERS OF THE FEDERAL EXCISE TAX ON NEW CARS. REVISED INDEXES FOR ALL AFFECTED COMPONENTS FOR THE MONTHS OF AUGUST, SEPTEMBER, AND OCTOBER 1971 WILL APPEAR IN THE NOVEMBER ISSUE OF THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX.

Effect of Phase I of the economic stabilization program

Two methods were used in analyzing the October CPI in relation to the wage-pricerent freeze; one examined the behavior of individual prices in the index and the other analyzed contributions of index components to the change in the all items index.

The October index includes more than 120,000 price comparisons based on prices directly collected by BLS, of which about 80 percent or 98,000 were priced during the September-October period. About 85 percent of these 98,000 prices are for food at home items, 6 percent are for nonfood items, and 9 percent for services. If the CPI were based on these monthly comparisons only, it would have shown no change between September and October.

Analysis of the monthly price comparisons, without regard to their weight in the index, shows that almost 87,000, or about 90 percent, remained unchanged or declined between September and October. The differences among food, nonfood commodities, and services appear in the following table.

Item	Total	No change	Decrease	Increase 1/
Total	100.0	78.6	10.4	11.0
Total excluding raw agricultural products	100.0	85.2	7.7	7.1
Food at home	100.0	76.7	11.0	12.3
Raw agricultural products	100.0	47.3	23.3	29.4
Other	100.0	84.3	7.8	7.9
Nonfood commodities	100.0	86.0	6.8	7.2
Services	100.0	91.2	7.6	1.2

TABLE B. Pe	ercent dist	ribution of	September t	o October	price com	parisons

 $\underline{1}$ / Regulations of the Cost of Living Council permit certain types of increases but it is not possible to determine from data used in the CPI whether allowable increases accounted for all increases shown in the table.

The October index also includes about 22,000 price comparisons from pre-freeze periods to October, since some prices are collected only once every 3 months or less frequently. The Bureau conducted a special collection and analysis program covering approximately half of these non-monthly comparisons, as it had done for the September index. Of the 10,250 price comparisons analyzed, only about 75 showed increases between September and October. About 5,000 rental units were surveyed for the October CPI and only 34, or 0.7 percent, increased between September and October. A special analysis of 5,250 prices for some services and restaurant meals for which July prices were compared with prices collected in October shows that less than 0.7 percent increased from September to October.

The effect of the wage-price-rent freeze on the October CPI can be analyzed also by examining the contributions to change of various components in which items are weighted by their relative importance in the CPI market basket. The October All Items CPI increased 0.2 percent, the same increase as in September. After removing the effect of items exempt from Phase I of the wage-price-rent freeze, such as raw foods, taxes, and mortgage interest rates, the increase in the October index is also 0.2 percent, half the comparable September figure of 0.4 percent. Since increases in mortgage interest rates and taxes in October were offset by decreases in exempted food items, the 0.2 percent rate of increase in the October CPI is not changed by removal of the effect of those items. Higher prices for apparel commodities and new cars account for virtually all of the 0.2 percent increase in the October index. About half of the increase--0.1 percent-is due to higher prices for apparel commodities, including fall and winter seasonal items in the quarterly cities which were last priced in July. The other half of the 0.2 percent increase resulted from higher prices for new cars. New car prices normally increase at this time of the year as new models begin to be introduced into the index. Manufacturers' suggested retail prices for domestic 1972 model cars in October were at about the same level as comparable 1971 models. The increase, therefore, is attributable to smaller discounts granted by dealers to buyers of 1972 models compared with discounts granted on the 1971 models in September. Smaller discounts, of course, result in higher prices to consumers. Prices of imported cars rose more than those of domestic cars because of the import surcharge and changes in world market prices. Although prices of imported cars rose, prices of other imported items in the index, especially apparel, declined. Imports, therefore, had practically no effect on the change in the index.

In addition, there were offsetting increases and decreases in other parts of the index affected by the freeze. The contribution of nonexempt food items purchased in grocery stores, which reflect price changes from September to October, was negative and had a large downward influence. This decrease was offset by increases in rent, some other services, and restaurant meals, all of which were based on comparisons from pre-freeze periods to October.

Food

The October index for food purchased in grocery stores--which was based entirely on prices collected during the Phase I of the wage-price-rent freeze declined 0.3 percent, the usual decline for October. The effects of lower prices for most food items more than offset higher prices for eggs, most fresh vegetables, and a few fresh fruits. Prices of restaurant meals and snacks rose 0.3 percent, the smallest increase since March of this year.

Prices of most fresh fruits declined considerably more than they usually do in October. Large supplies of apples and grapefruit contributed significantly to the decline. Fresh vegetable prices, on the other hand, rose more than seasonally as a result of reduced acreage for some fall crop items and adverse weather conditions in September which reduced yields and hampered harvesting. Prices of processed fruits and vegetables, which advanced steadily in the preceding 6 months, declined 0.2 percent mainly because of large price decreases for canned pears and tomatoes.

The meats, poultry, and fish index decreased 0.6 percent, a smaller than usual delcine for October. Price decreases of 0.5 percent for beef and veal and 0.6 percent for pork were less than seasonal. Beef production increased seasonally in September, as usual, but the increase of 6 percent in pork output was less than seasonal. Retail prices of poultry averaged 0.2 percent lower, prices of frying chickens were down 2.6 percent because of weaker demand. The price decline, however, was less than usual for October, as chicken production in September was 6 percent lower than in August. Fish prices rose an average of 0.2 percent in October, less than the average monthly increase of 0.5 percent during the May-October period. Prices of canned sardines continued to rise.

Prices of cereal and bakery products and dairy products declined contraseasonally in October. The index for cereal and bakery products declined 0.3 percent as a result of lower prices of white bread, cake, flour and rice as well as corn flake prices which continued to move down as a reflection of the record corn production this year. The index for dairy products decreased 0.1 percent as a result of lower prices for skim milk, ice cream, and milk purchased in grocery stores.

Egg prices advanced more than usual in October--4.2 percent. The increase followed a sharp decline in September, when eggs were used extensively as a sale item. The October increase also reflected somewhat lower egg production in September compared with August.

Commodities less food

The index of nonfood commodities rose 0.4 percent, slightly less than the usual October rise. (The seasonally adjusted decrease of 0.1 percent was the first decline since February.) Over three-fourths of the rise in the price index for nonfood commodities resulted from price increases for new cars and apparel commodities.

New car prices increased 3.7 percent in October, reflecting the introduction of 1972 model cars. The increase was less than usual for October and the smallest September to October change since 1965. Concessions or discounts offered on the 1972 models sold in October were lower than these offered on the 1971 models in September. Domestic new car sales were at record levels in both September and October. President Nixon's new economic program, which rolled back price increases for the domestic 1972 models and recommended the elimination of the 7 percent excise tax on new cars, had a significant effect on automobile sales in both September and October. Domestic car sales were stimulated also by a backlog of demand created by lower-than-normal 1971 model year sales. Prices for imported cars were also higher and accounted for about 0.2 percent of the increase in the new car index. Sales of imported cars have been curtailed as a result of the East, West, and Gulf Coast dock strikes, lower dealer inventories, and higher prices due to currency revaluations.

The index for apparel commodities rose 0.9 percent, more than is usual for October. All major categories of apparel, including footwear, contributed to the rise. Women's and girls' apparel prices rose 1.2 percent and accounted for much of the rise in apparel prices. Men's and boys' apparel prices were up 0.8 percent. Winter seasonal items, which were priced in some cities for the first time this fall, were introduced at higher prices than prevailed at the end of the 1970 season. The index of household durables rose slightly. The furniture and bedding index rose as prices were returned to regular prices from summer sale prices. Prices for floor coverings and appliances were unchanged on average. Prices of homes increased 0.3 percent in October, reflecting higher prices in several cities.

Following larger increases in the 2 preceding months, gasoline prices edged up 0.1 percent in October. Price rises recorded in cities priced on the July-October cycle were just about offset by decreases recorded in cities on a monthly basis. The index for fuel oil and coal was unchanged. After rising 2.9 percent in the past 3 months, tobacco product prices were unchanged in October. The price index for alcoholic beverage rose somewhat due to price increases for beer.

Services

Charges for consumer services rose 0.2 percent in October, compared with increases of 0.4 to 0.6 percent in the preceding 5 months. The slower rate of increase was due in part to the regular annual adjustment to the health insurance component of the index. The index of service charges would have increased 0.3 percent instead of 0.2 percent if the annual adjustment to health insurance were not made. The annual adjustment for retained earnings of health insurance companies caused the medical care index to decrease 2.6 percent, the largest month-to-month decline ever recorded for that index.

The small rise in the service index also reflected the fact that charges for many services increased at a slower pace. The mortgage interest rate index rose 0.3 percent, less than the rises of 0.5 and 0.6 in August and September, respectively. All of the increase was due to rate changes for conventional loans. Home maintenance service charges rose 0.2 percent, the smallest monthly increase recorded since January 1967. Hospital costs rose 0.1 percent as the rise in charges for private and semi-private rooms slowed sharply in October. Charges for some services held steady, including local transit fares and all utilities. Charges for some other services declined. Automobile insurance decreased 0.8 percent, the first decline since February 1968. Parking fees decreased 0.1 percent as lower municipal fees offset higher private parking fees. Movie admission for adults dropped 0.7 percent.

A few service items recorded larger increases than last month. The residential property tax index rose 1.1 percent in October because of annual changes for several cities. Property insurance rates rose 0.7 percent due to higher homeowner's insurance rates in California. Fees charged by dentists rose 1.1 percent.

A NOTE ABOUT CALCULATING INDEX CHANGES

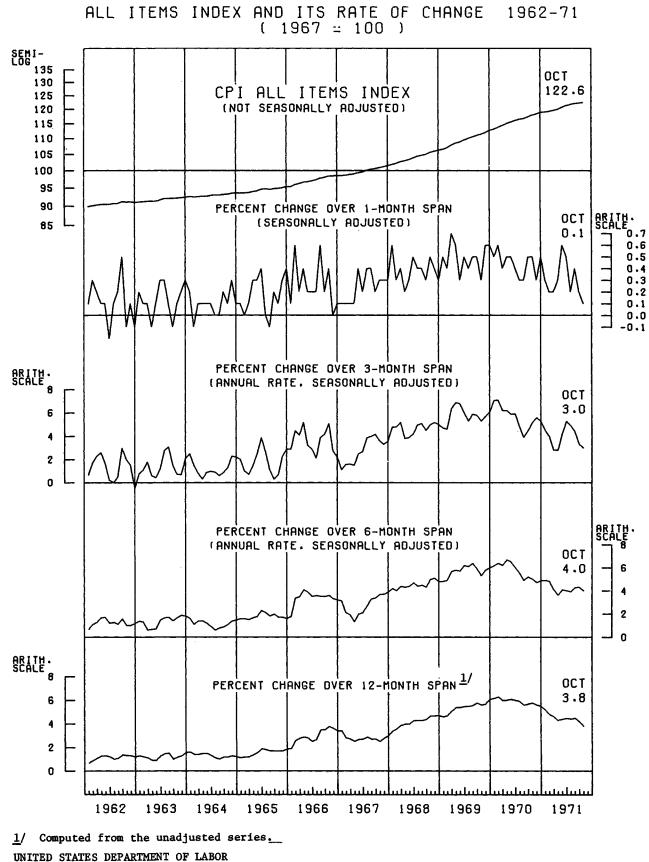
Effective with the February 1970 release, and continuing thereafter, percent changes expressed as annual rates will be computed according to the standard formula for compound growth rates. These data indicate what the percent change would be if the current rate were maintained for a 12-month period.

Movements of the indexes from one to another are usually expressed as percent changes rather than changes in the index points because index point changes are affected by the level of the index in relation to its base period while percent changes are not. The following example illustrates the computation of index point and percent changes:

Index Point Change		Percent Change
October 1971 CPI (1967=100)	122.6	Index point difference divided
less September index	122.4	by the index for the previous
index point difference =	0.2	period:
		$122.6 - 122.4 \times 100 = 0.2$
		122.4

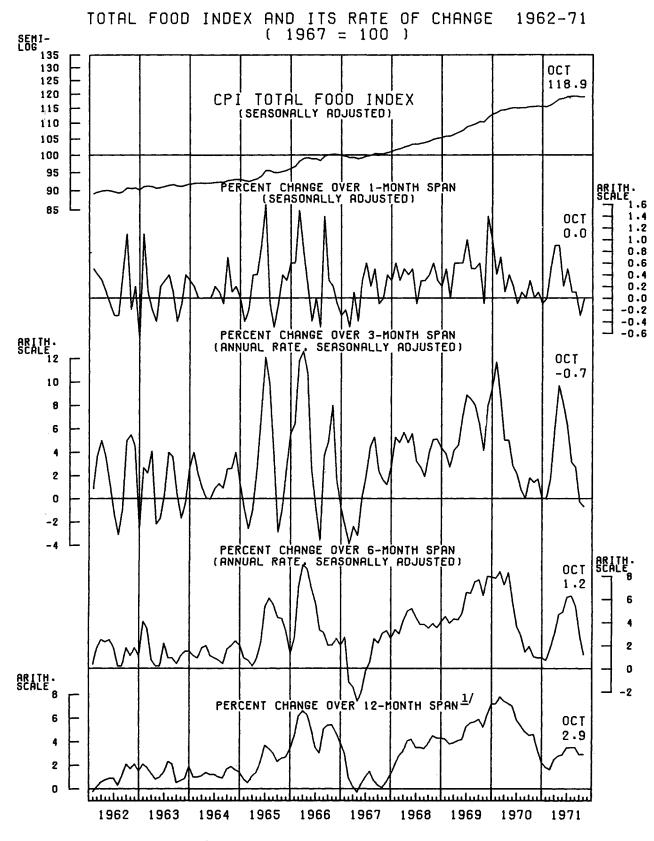
Index Point Change

Effective with the July 1970 release, and continuing thereafter, seasonally adjusted percent changes in the U.S. All Items Index will be based on seasonal adjustment factors and seasonally adjusted indexes carried to two decimal places. This procedure will help to eliminate rounding error in the percent changes.



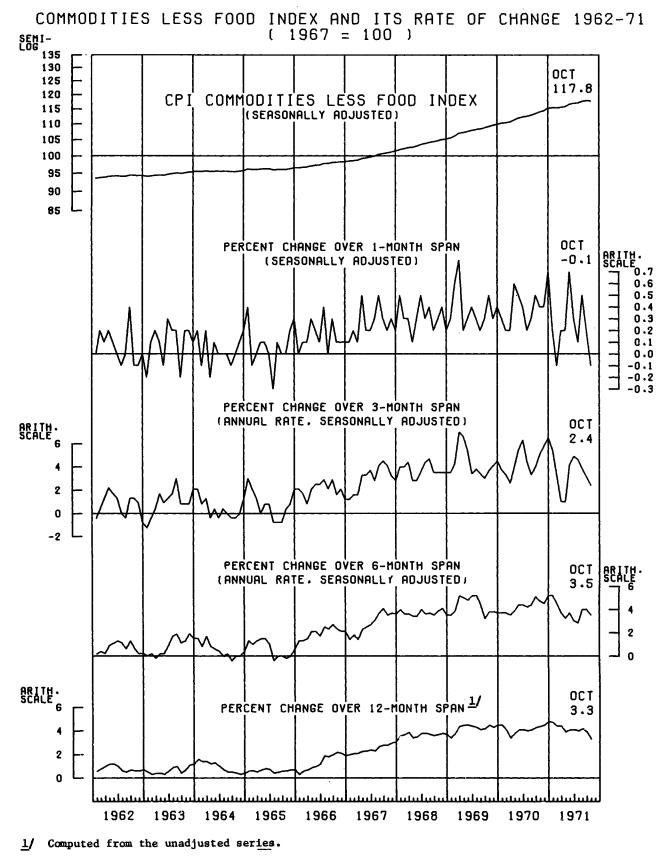
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BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS



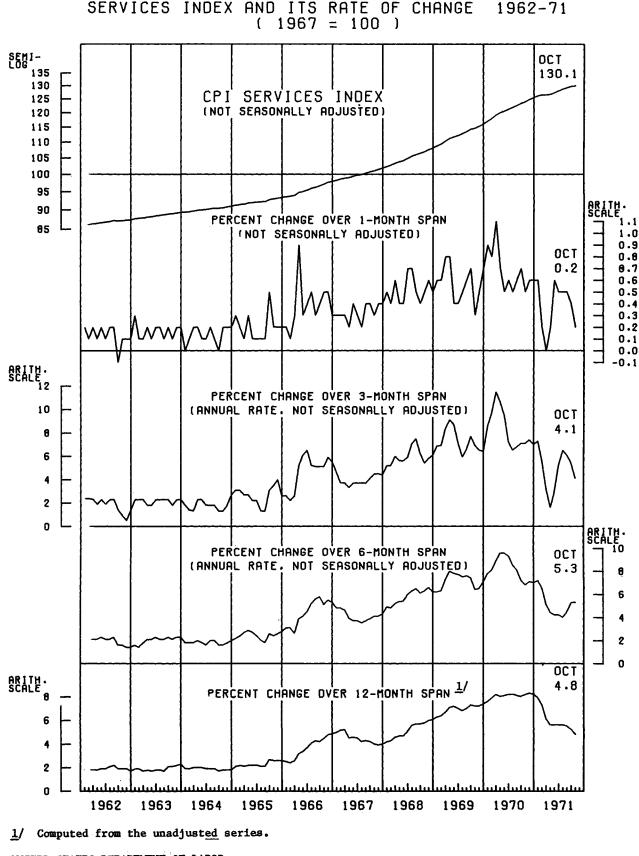
1/ Computed from the unadjusted series.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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TABLE 1. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, October 1971

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(<u>j</u>	ted, unless of	xes 1967=100		п		
Group			herwise spec		Percent c	hange to Octo	ber 1971 fro
	October 1971	September 1971	July 1971	October 1970	1 Month Ago	3 Months Ago	1 Year Ago
All items	122,6	122.4	121.8	118.1	0.2		
All items (1957-59=100)	142.6	142.3	141.7	137.4	0.2	0.7	3.8
			}				
Food	118.9	119.1	119.8	115.5	2	8	2.9
Food at home	116.6	116.9	118.1	113.8	3	- 1.3	2.5
Cereals and bakery products	114.3	114.6	114.8	111.0	3	4	3.0
Meats, poultry, and fish Dairy products	118.4	119.1	118.0	116.1	6	.3	2.0
Dairy products Fruits and vegetables	116.0	116.1	116.0	113.1	1	0	2.6
Other foods at home	115.6	116.6	126.0	110.0	9	- 8.3	5.1
Food away from home	116.2	115.5	115.7 126.5	115.5	.6	.4	.6
	120.0	127.0	120.5	121.9	.3	1.2	5.0
lousing	125.9	125.5	124.5	121.2	.3	1.1	3.9
Shelter <u>1</u> / Rent	130.6	130.1	128.8	126.5	.4	1.4	3.2
Rent	116.4	116.1	115.4	111.4	.3	.9	4.5
Homeownership 2/	135.7	135.1	133.5	131.9	.3	1.6	2.9
Fuel and utilities 3/ Fuel oil and coal	116.3	116.3	115.5	109.2	0	.7	6.5
Gas and electricity	117.8	117.8	117.5	112.5	0	.3	4.7
Household furnishings and operation	115.7	115.7	114.7	108.8	0	.9	6.3
Nousehold fullionings and operation	119.5	119.4	118.9	114.5	.1	.5	4.4
Apparel and upkeep 4/	121.6	120.6	119.3	118.2	.8	1.9	2.9
	121.8	120.8	119,9	119.0	.8	1.6	2.4
Women's and girls'	122.7	121.3	119.3	119.3	1.2	2.8	2.8
Footwear	122.7	122.2	120.9	119.0	.4	1.5	3.1
Transportation	120.6	119.8	119.5	115.2	.7	.9	4.7
Private	118.6	117.8	117.4	113.4	7	1.0	4.6
New cars	115.3	111.2	113.8	110.8	3.7	1.3	4.1
Used cars	111.7	111.6	113.5	107.2	.1	- 1.6	4.2
Gasoline	108.8	108.7	104.1	106.8	.1	4.5	1.9
Public	139.3	139.3	139.0	131.3	0	.2	6.1
Health and recreation	123.5	123.6	122.6	118.2	1	.7	4.5
Medical care	129.6	130.4	129.3	122.8	6	.2	5.5
Personal care	117.9	117,6	117.1	114.4	.3	.7	3,1
Reading and recreation	120.5	120.5	119,6	115.2	0	.8	4.6
Other goods and services	122.6	122.4	121.2	118.0	.2	1.2	3.9
Seasonally Adjusted:						a de la companya de la	
Food	118.9	118,9	119,1		0	2	
Apparel and upkeep	120.8	120.4	120.0		.3	.7	
Transportation	120.2	120.6	119.3	-	3	.8	-
Special Groups:					ł		
					1		
All items less foodAll items less medical care	123.7	123.3	122.4	118.9	.3	1.1	4.0
Commodities less food	122.2	121.9	121.4	117.9	.2		3.6
Commodities	118.3	117.8	117.0	114.5	.4	1.1	3.3
Nondurables	118.6 118.8	118.3 118.7	118.1 118.3	114.8 115.2	.3	.4	3.3
Nondurables less food	118.7	118.2	116.7	114.9	.4	1.7	3.3
Apparel commodities	122.0	120.9	119.5	118.8	.9	2.1	2.7
Durables	118.0	1 112 0	117 6	1100	.7	.4	3.6
Household durables	113.6	117.2 113.5	117.5 113.2	113.9 111.0	.1	.4	2.3
9		1 1					
Services	130.1	129.9	128.8	124.1	.2	1.0	4.8
Services less medical care	132.6 129.4	132.4 129.1	131.2 127.9	126.5 123.8	.2	1.1	4.8 4.5
Insurance and finance	129.4	139,6	138.3	123.8	.6	1.2	4.5
Utilities and public transportation	121.6	121.6	120.8	114.0	.0	.7	6.7
Housekeeping and home maintenance services	140.6	140.4	138.5	129.3	.1	1.5	8.7
Medical care services	134.6	135.6	134.4	129.5	7	.1	6.2
Purchasing Power of Consumer Dollar:							
1967=\$1.00	\$0.816	\$0,817	\$0.821	\$0,847	1	- ,6	- 3.7
1957=59=\$1.00	.701	.703	.706	.728	-		'-'
			•••••				
1/ Also includes hotel and motel rates not	shown senara	telv					

Also includes hotel and motel rates not shown separately.
 Includes home purchase, mortgage interest, taxes, insurance, and maintenance and repairs.
 Also includes telephone, water, and sewerage service not shown separately.
 Also includes infants' wear, sewing materials, jewelry, and apparel upkeep services not shown separately.

Note: Index applies to month as a whole, not to any specific date.

TABLE 2.	Consumer Price IndexThe United	States and selected	areas for	urban wage	earners and	i clerical workers,	, all items
most rece	ent index and percent changes from	selected dates					

			Indexes				
Area <u>1</u> /	Pricing Schedule <u>2</u> /	1967=100	1957-59=100	Other bases	Perc	ent change f	rom:
			October 1971		September 1971	July 1971	October 1970
U.S. City Average	м	122.6	142.6		0.2	0.7	3.8
Chicago Detroit Los Angeles-Long Beach N.YNortheastern N.J Philadelphia	M M M M	121.8 123.0 120.5 127.7 125.2	138.4 141.3 141.7 151.9 146.2		0 1 .3 .2 .3	.7 1.0 1.2 .7 1.2	2.9 3.1 3.7 5.4 3.9
			October 1971	_		July 1971	October 1970
Boston Houston Minneapolis-St. Paul Pittsburgh	1 1 1 1	124.6 122.7 123.7 123.1	149.3 140.4 143.3 141.5			1.4 1.2 1.5 1.1	4.4 4.1 3.8 3.5
			August 1971	<u></u>		May 1971	August 1970
Buffalo Cleveland Dallas Milwaukee San Diego Seattle Washington	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	122.9 123.3 122.8 121.5 120.9 117.7 123.6	139.1 137.2 138.3 144.0	<u>3</u> / 135.1 <u>3</u> / 132.7 <u>4</u> / 127.0		1.2 1.1 2.0 2.0 1.2 1.9 1.1	5.6 2.7 3.5 4.6 4.3 2.7 4.5
			September 197	/1		June 1971	September 1970
Atlanta Baltimore Cincinnati Honolulu Kansas City St. Louis	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	122.3 124.5 121.5 121.3 121.9 120.7 121.1	140.6 144.6 137.9 144.7 140.9 144.1	<u>5</u> / 130.8		0 .8 .7 2.4 1.1 .7 1.0	4.0 5.3 4.0 4.4 4.5 3.5 3.8

<u>1</u>/ Area coverage includes the urban portion of the corresponding Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) except for New York and Chicago where the more extensive Standard Consolidated Areas are used. Area definitions are those established for the 1960 Census and do not include revisions made since 1960. <u>2</u>/ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all cities; most other goods and services priced as

indicated:

M - Every month.

January, April, July, and October.
 February, May, August, and November.
 March, June, September, and December.

3/November 1963=100. 4/February 1965=100. 5/December 1963=100.

Note: The Consumer Price Index cannot be used for measuring differences in living costs among areas; it indicates price change within areas. Estimates of differences in living costs among areas are found in the family budgets.

TABLE 3. Consumer Price Index--The United States and selected areas 1/ for urban wage earners and clerical workers, major groups percent change from September 1971 to October 1971

Group	U.S. City Average	Chićago	Detroit	Los Angeles- Long Beach	New York- Northeastern New Jersey	Philadelphia
All items	0.2	0.0	- 0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3
Food Housing	2 .3	4 .8	5 1	.2	•1 •2	3 .9
Apparel and upkeepTransportation	.8 .7	2 6	1.3	3	1 .7	.3 .8
Health and recreation Medical care	1 6	4 - 1.0	2	7	1 3	.1 6
Personal care Reading and recreation	•3 0	(<u>2</u> /) 0	(2/) - 1.1	(<u>2</u> /) •5	(2/)	$(\underline{2}/)$
Other goods and services	•2	1	•2	0	0	(<u>2</u> /)

 $\frac{1}{2}$ See footnote 1, table 2. $\frac{2}{2}$ Not available.

TABLE 4. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers for selected groups, seasonally adjusted

Group		Indexes		Percent changes From:	
	October 1971	September 1971	July 1971	1 Month Ago	3 Months Ago
Food	118.9	118.9	119.1	0.0	- 0.2
Food at home	116.6	116.6	117.2	0.0	5
Meats, poultry, and fish	117.8	117.3	117.1	.4	5
Dairy products	115.7	116.0	116.1	3	3
Fruits and vegetables	119.9	119.3	120.7	5	7
Other foods at home	114.8	114.6	117.6	.2	- 2.4
Fuel and utilities 1/	116.6	116.5	115.6	.1	.9
Fuel oil and coal	118.0	118.2	118.1	2	1
Apparel and upkeep 2/	120.8	120.4	120.0	.3	.7
Men's and boys'	121.1	120.6	120.7	.4	.3
Women's and girls'	121.1	120.8	120.3	.2	.7
Footwear	122.5	122.2	121.4	.2	.9
Transportation	120.2	120.6	119.3	3	.8
Private	118.2	118.8	117.3	5	.8
New cars	113.5	114.6	115.1	- 1.0	- 1.4
Commodities	118.4	118.3	117.9	.1	.4
Commodities less food	117.8	117.9	117.1	1	.6
Nondurables	118.7	118.5	118.1	.2	.5
Nondurables less food	118.2	118.1	117.1	.1	.9
Apparel commodities	121.0	120.5	120.3	.4	.6
Durables	117.5	117.7	117.4	2	.1

(1967=100)

1/ Also includes telephone, water, and sewerage service not shown separately.
2/ Also includes infants' wear, sewing materials, jewelry, and apparel upkeep services not shown separately.

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TABLE 5. Consumer Price Index--United States and selected areas $\underline{1}$ / for urban wage earners and clerical workers, commodity groups October 1971 index and percent changes from July 1971

Group	U.S. City Average	Boston	Chicago	Detroit	Houston	Los Angeles- Long	Minn- eapolis- St. Paul	New York	Phila~ delphia	Pitts- burgh
		l	I(Inde	xes 1967=	100 unless	<u>Beach</u> otherwise	1	L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L
All items	122.6	124.6	121.8	123.0	122.7	120.5	123.7	127.7	125.2	123.1
Food	118.9	118.4	118.9	117.8	120.2	115.3	119.1	124.3	121.0	119.0
Food at home	116.6	116.4	117.2	116.2	115.8	113.8	116.5	120.9	118.2	117.0
Cereals and bakery products	114.3	111.4	119.2	114.3	112.4	111.1	121.8	115.4	117.8	114.6
Meats, poultry, and fish	118.4 116.0	121.2	118.0 115.6	120.5 114.9	116.4	116.6 114.4	118.2	123.9	119.4 119.8	116.8
Dairy products Fruits and vegetables	115.6	115.7	115.9	110.9	118.0	112.1	110.0	122.4	116.2	116.6
Other foods at home	116.2	113.6	116.5	114.8	115.9	112.7	116.2	119.1	116.5	117.4
Food away from home	128.0	125.8	125.8	125.5	135.4	119.4	130.3	134.9	132.8	131.4
Housing	125.9	130.2	121.5	130.1	126.0	125.5	130.8	131.0	128.4	127.1
Shelter	130.6	138.7	125.5	139.3	132.2	128.8	138.4	135.9	138.5	134.4
Rent	116.4	123.8	(2/)	117.9	110.3	(<u>2</u> /)	120.0	121.0	(2/)	115.7
Homeownership	135.7	145.4	131.9	143.6	139.7	132.3	141.5	146.7	143.2	139.6
Fuel and utilities Fuel oil and coal	116.3 117.8	113.4	111.5	111.3	111.9	121.9	116.8 115.8	119.8 120.2	110.6 111.9	116.6
Gas and electricity	115.7	117.6	109.1	112.1	115.8	124.3	119.8	113.8	112.1	120.8
Household furnishings and operation	119.5	123.5	115.8	113.9	122.0	116.0	117.3	124.9	120.7	118.5
	121.6	124.6	120.2	117.8	124.8	119.4	119.3	122.9	121.4	125.1
Apparel and upkeep Men's and boys'	121.8	124.0	118.1	120.2	117.0	117.3	119.3	124.5	125.2	120.9
Women's and girls'	122.7	128.5	124.3	114.2	135.6	123.0	119.9	122.6	119.4	132.4
Footwear	122.7	122.0	117.6	121.7	123.5	121.4	123.1	120.6	123.6	122.2
Transportation	120.6	122.1	126.0	115.5	114.9	118.3	116.5	130.9	124.8	121.6
Private	118.6	119.5	120.4	112.8	112.7	118.5	116.0	126.2	122.1	119.1
Public	139.3	138.2	161.2	148.9	150.1	113.5	125.0	148.8	140.7	138.3
Health and recreation	123.5	125.2	123.5	124.6	125.7	118.7	123.0	127.5	127.9	122.5
Medical care	129.6	130.3	128.6	136.2	131.5	126.8	124.6	136.9	139.3	123.5
Personal care	117.9	120.0	(<u>2</u> /)	116.6	120.0	$\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)$	119.0	$\binom{(2/)}{(2/)}$	117.6	115.4
Reading and recreation	120.5	126.4	120.2	120.3	121.4	112.6	124.3	124.7 125.8	125 . 1 (2/)	117.7
Other goods and services	. 122.6	121.3	124.7	118.5	125.7	116.7	120.4	125.0	<u>, i</u> , i	
			Perc	cent chang	es from Jul	y 1971 to	October 1971			
All items	0.7	1.4	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.5	0.7	1.2	1.1
Food	8	5	- 1.3	9	.1	4	- 2.2	4	3	- 1.1
Food at home	- 1.3	9	- 1.8	- 1.4	6	- 1.0	- 3.0	- 1.1	9	- 1.4
Cereals and bakery products	4	- 1.2	.7	- 2.5	2	8	- 1.4	5	- 1.5	2
Meats, poultry, and fish	.3	.4	7	1.2	•3	•6	- 1.7	•6	•6	.3 1
Dairy products Fruits and vegetables	- 8.3	- 6.8	2	1.7 - 9.8	.5 - 6.2	.3 - 6.4	- 1.1 - 10.4	•2 - 7•1	.8 - 6.4	- 9.1
Other foods at home	- 0,5	1.9	5	1	1.4	2	9	.2	.3	.7
Food away from home	1.2	1.2	.4	1.3	2.1	1.3	.9	1.4	2.1	1.1
Housing	1.1	3.3	1.8	1.4	.6	1.6	4.1	1.0	2.9	1.3
Shelter	1.4	5.3	2.5	1.7	.9	1.7	6.1	1.1	4.7	1.9
Rent	.9	.5	(<u>2</u> /)	<u>3</u> / .6	•4	(<u>2</u> /)	1.0	<u>3</u> / .7	(<u>2</u> /)	1.0
Homeownership	1.6	7.5	3.4	1.8	1.0	2.2	6.9	1.0	5.7	2.1
Fuel and utilities Fuel oil and coal	.7	.4 2.3	•2 •3	0 .7	.3	3.0	5	.3	•2 0	1.2
Gas and electricity	.9	8	.3	0	.3	0	• 7	.5	.3	1.9
Household furnishings and operation	•5	2	•3	.9	.4	.6	.4	1.1	•7	3
Apparel and upkeep	1.9	3.1	4.5	2.5	3.8	.7	1.7	3.3	3.3	6.8
Apparel and upkeep	1.6	.9	2.1	3.7	6.8	2.4	- 1.6	1.4	6.2	2.8
Women's and girls'	2.8	7.7	9.0	3.0	6.4	7	5.7	6.6	2.3	13.0
Footwear	1.5	- 1.9	.9	1.2	6	1.1	.3	3.1	3.1	3.8
Transportation	.9	•2	1	2.5	2.8	3.0	1.2	.4	•2	4
Private	1.0	.3	1	2.8	3.0	3.0	1.2	.5	•2	5
Public	•2	0	.1	.1	.1	.1	•1	0	0	0
Health and recreation	.7	.3	•2	.6	.3	•4	.2	.3	.1	.8
Medical care	.2	5	5	1.2	8	4	6	.1	4	•7
Personal care	•7	9	(2/)	0	1.6	$(\frac{2}{1})$.6	(2/)	•5	•2 1•4
Reading and recreation	.8 1.2	.9 .8	.8 .2	4	.9 .6	1.4	•5 •7	•4 •2	(2/)	.9
tent Boods and Scitteres	1	•°	•2	• *			• ′	•2	<u>`</u> <u></u>	

<u>1</u>/ See footnote 1, table 2.
<u>2</u>/ Not available.
<u>3</u>/ Change from August 1971.

TABLE 6. Consumer Price Index--United States and selected areas for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food and its subgroups, October 1971 indexes and percent changes from September 1971

				Food	at home			l
Area <u>1</u> /	Total food	Total	Cereals and bakery products	Meats, poultry, and fish	Dairy products	Fruits and vegetables	Other foods at home	Food away from home
			(Indexe	s 1967=100 un1	ess otherwise	specified)		
U.S. City Average	118.9	116.6	114.3	118.4	116.0	115.6	116.2	128.0
Atlanta	118.4	115.5	113.1	114.5	116.2	119.6	115.5	127.8
Baltimore	121.8	119.7	116.6	121.5	118.2	121.3	118.5	130.0
Boston	118.4	116.4	111.4	121.2	115.2	115.7	113.6	125.8
Buffalo	119.8	118.1	119.0	119.2	117.6	115.2	118.3	129.3
Chicago	118.9	117.2	119.2	118.0	115.6	115.9	116.5	125.8
Cincinnati	118.9	117.2	115.2	116.3	117.5	119.1	118.0	125.1
Cleveland Dallas	118.1	116.8	111.5	117.3	120.3	118.5	115.3	125.6
Dallas	118.7 117.8	114.9	113.7	115.9	111.4	116.3	114.8	132.6
Honolulu	117.8	116.2	114.3	120.5	114.9	110,9	114.8	125.5
Houston	121.8	115.8	112.4	122.5	114.5	135.9 118.0	115.4 115.9	128.0
Kansas City	119.5	116.8	116.9	116.2	124.1	112.0	116.2	128.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach -	115.3	113.8	111.1	116.6	114.4	112.1	112.7	119.4
Milwaukee	116.3	114.4	117.0	117.2	113.4	109.7	112.8	(2/)
Minneapolis-St. Paul	119.1	116.5	121.8	118.2	117.1	110.0	116.2	130.3
N. Y. Northeastern N. J.	124.3	120.9	115.4	123.9	118.6	122.4	119.1	134.9
Philadelphia	121.0	118.2	117.8	119.4	119.8	116.2	116.5	132.8
Pittsburgh	119.0	117.0	114.6	116.8	119.4	116.6	117.4	131.4
St. Louis	118.3	115.8	119.9	114.9	119.4	116.5	111.1	130.3
San Diego	117.7	114.5	111.3	119.4	113.5	112.5	111.1	(2/)
San Francisco-Oakland	116.3	114.2	110.0	116.7	115.0	112.8	113.7	123.4
Seattle	116.3	113.6	110.9	115.5	115.3	109.0	114.5	124.8
Washington	121.4	117.4	118.4	114.5	110.6	125.0	120.4	131.8
			Percent	changes Septemi	ber 1971 to Oc	tober 1971		
U.S. City Average	- 0.2	- 0.3	- 0.3	- 0.6	- 0.1	- 0.9	0.6	0.3
Atlanta	_							1
	5	7	9	9	3	- 3.5	1.2	0
Baltimore	5	7	9 3	9	3	- 3.5 - 4.4	1.2	0
Boston	3 1	4	3 6	.7				
Boston Buffalo	3 1 .2	4 2 .2	3 6 .3	.7 3 - 1.1	.2	- 4.4	.4	.1
Boston Buffalo Chicago	3 1 .2 4	4 2 .2 6	3 6 .3 2	.7 3 - 1.1 - 2.0	.2 .5 3 .1	- 4.4 7 2.4 2	.4 .7 .7 .9	.1 .3 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati	3 1 .2 4 .2	4 2 .2 6 .2	3 6 .3 2 .4	.7 3 - 1.1 - 2.0 4	.2 .5 3 .1 1	- 4.4 7 2.4 2 1.4	.4 .7 .7 .9 .1	.1 .3 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland	3 1 .2 4 .2 1	4 2 6 .2 2	3 6 .3 2 .4 2	.7 3 - 1.1 - 2.0 4 3	.2 .5 3 .1 1 .3	- 4.4 7 2.4 2 1.4 7	.4 .7 .7 .9 .1 .3	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1	3 6 .3 2 .4 2 6	.7 3 - 1.1 - 2.0 4 3 2	.2 .5 3 .1 1 .3 1	- 4.4 7 2.4 2 1.4 7 2	.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Detroit	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9	$ \begin{array}{r}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3 \end{array} $.2 .5 3 .1 1 .3 1 4	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } - 4.4 &7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ - 1.9 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1	$ \begin{array}{c} .1\\ .3\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .1\\ .1\\ .1\\ .1 \end{array} $
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Detroit Honolulu	3 1 .2 4 .2 4 .1 5 .3	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9 .3	$ \begin{array}{r}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7 \end{array} $.2 .5 3 .1 1 1 1 4 3	$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} - 4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ - 1.9 \\7 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Bonolulu Houston	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 2 .1 9 .3 0	3 6 .3 2 .4 2 6 - 1.9 - 1.6 .3	$ \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\end{array} $.2 .5 3 .1 1 .3 1 4 4 3 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Bonolul Honolul	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4	$ \begin{array}{c}4 \\2 \\ .2 \\6 \\ .2 \\2 \\ .1 \\9 \\ .3 \\ 0 \\6 \\ \end{array} $	3 6 .3 2 .4 2 6 - 1.9 - 1.6 .3 .1	$\begin{array}{c} & .7 \\ & .3 \\ -1.1 \\ -2.0 \\ & .4 \\ & .3 \\2 \\ -1.3 \\ 1.7 \\6 \\ -1.4 \end{array}$.2 .5 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .4 .4 .3 .1 .1 .1	$ \begin{array}{c} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\ .1 \\ -1.7 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6	.1 .3 .2 .2 0 .6 .1 1.1 .3 .3 .3
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas Detroit Honolulu Honolulu	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 2 2 2 1 9 .3 0 6 2	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} & .7 \\3 \\ - 1.1 \\ - 2.0 \\4 \\3 \\2 \\ - 1.3 \\ 1.7 \\6 \\ - 1.4 \\3 \end{bmatrix}$.2 .5 .3 .1 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .4 .4 .3 .1 .4 .1 .2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} - 4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ - 1.9 \\7 \\ .1 \\ - 1.7 \\2 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .9	.1 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Bonolul Honolul	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & .7 \\ & .3 \\ -1.1 \\ -2.0 \\ & .4 \\ & .3 \\2 \\ -1.3 \\ 1.7 \\6 \\ -1.4 \end{array}$.2 .5 .3 .1 .3 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .4 .4 .3 .1 .1 .2 .1	$ \begin{array}{c} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\ .1 \\7 \\ .1 \\2 \\ -1.4 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .9 0	$ \begin{array}{c} .1\\ .3\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2$
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas Dallas Botroit Honolulu Kouston Kansas City Los Angeles-Long Beach - Milwaukee	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 4	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5 6 1	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ \end{array} $	$\left \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\end{array}\right $.2 .5 .3 .1 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .4 .4 .3 .1 .4 .1 .2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} - 4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ - 1.9 \\7 \\ .1 \\ - 1.7 \\2 \\ \end{array} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .9	$\begin{array}{c} .1\\ .3\\ .2\\ .2\\ .2\\ .6\\ .6\\ .1\\ 1.1\\ .3\\ .3\\ .1\\ .1\\ .2\\ .5\end{array}$
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cleveland Dallas Potroit	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 4 .3 .1 .3 .1 4 .3 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .3 .1 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3	4 2 6 .2 2 1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5 6	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\\8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .5 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\1 \\ -1.7 \\2 \\1 \\ -1.7 \\2 \\1.4 \\ -1.9 \end{vmatrix} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .6 .9 0 2	.11 .33 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas Bonolulu	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 4 .2 3 .1	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5 6 1	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\5 \\ \end{array} $	$\left \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\\8\\3\end{array}\right $	$\begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .5 \\3 \\ .1 \\1 \\ .3 \\1 \\4 \\3 \\1 \\1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\2 \\ .1 \end{array}$	$\left \begin{array}{c} -4.4\\7\\ 2.4\\2\\ 1.4\\2\\ 1.4\\7\\2\\ -1.9\\7\\ .1\\ -1.7\\2\\ -1.4\\ -1.9\\2\end{array}\right $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .6 .9 0 2 .5	
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas Bonolulu	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 1 .1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .3 .1 4 .2 .4 .3 .1 .1 .3 .3 .1 .3 .1 .3 .3 .1 .3 .3 .3 .1 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3 .3	4 2 .2 6 .2 2 .1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5 6 1 6	$\begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\5 \\ - 1.2 \end{array}$	$\left \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\\8\\3\\1\end{array}\right $	$\begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .5 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .4 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .3 \end{array}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\1 \\ -1.7 \\2 \\ -1.4 \\ -1.9 \\2 \\ -2.8 \\ -2.2 \\ -3.4 \end{vmatrix} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .9 0 2 .5 .2	
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 4 3 .1 3 3 4 1	$\begin{array}{c}4\\2\\ .2\\6\\ .2\\2\\2\\2\\9\\ .3\\ 0\\6\\ .2\\5\\6\\1\\6\\3\\5\\1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\5 \\ - 1.2 \\ .5 \\ \end{array}$	$\left \begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\\8\\3\\1\\4\\ \end{array}\right $	$\begin{array}{c} .2\\ .5\\ .3\\ .1\\ .3\\ .1\\ .3\\ .1\\ .3\\ .1\\ .3\\ .1\\ .2\\ .1\\ .2\\ .1\\ .2\\ .1\\ .3\\ 0\end{array}$	$\left \begin{array}{c} -4.4\\7\\ 2.4\\2\\ 1.4\\7\\2\\ -1.9\\7\\2\\ -1.9\\7\\2\\ -1.4\\ -1.9\\2\\ -2.8\\ -2.2\end{array}\right $	$ \begin{array}{c} .4\\ .7\\ .7\\ .9\\ .1\\ .3\\ .8\\ 1.1\\ .3\\ .6\\ .6\\ .9\\ 0\\2\\ .5\\ .2\\ .2\\ .4\\ .9\end{array} $	
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas Dallas Honolulu	$\begin{array}{c}3 \\1 \\ .2 \\4 \\ .2 \\1 \\1 \\5 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\4 \\3 \\ .1 \\3 \\3 \\3 \\3 \\1 \\7 \end{array}$	4 2 6 .2 1 9 .3 0 6 .2 5 6 1 6 3 5 5 1 8	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\5 \\ - 1.2 \\ .5 \\ 0 \\ .3 \\1 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ -1.1\\ -2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ -1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ -1.4\\3\\5\\8\\3\\1\\4\\2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .5 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ 0 \\ .3 \end{array}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\1 \\ -1.7 \\2 \\ -1.4 \\ -1.9 \\2 \\ -2.8 \\ -2.2 \\ -3.4 \end{vmatrix} $.4 .7 .9 .1 .3 .8 1.1 .3 .6 .6 .6 .9 0 2 .5 .2 .2 .2 .4	$ \begin{array}{c} $
Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Dallas	3 1 .2 4 .2 1 5 .3 .1 4 .2 4 3 .1 3 3 4 1	$\begin{array}{c}4\\2\\ .2\\6\\ .2\\2\\2\\2\\9\\ .3\\ 0\\6\\ .2\\5\\6\\1\\6\\3\\5\\1\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c}3 \\6 \\ .3 \\2 \\ .4 \\2 \\6 \\ - 1.9 \\ - 1.6 \\ .3 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ - 1.0 \\ .2 \\5 \\ - 1.2 \\ .5 \\ 0 \\ .3 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} .7\\3\\ - 1.1\\ - 2.0\\4\\3\\2\\ - 1.3\\ 1.7\\6\\ - 1.4\\3\\5\\8\\3\\1\\4\\2\\7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .5 \\3 \\ .1 \\1 \\ .3 \\1 \\4 \\3 \\1 \\4 \\3 \\1 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .3 \\ 0 \\ .3 \\ 0 \end{array}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} -4.4 \\7 \\ 2.4 \\2 \\ 1.4 \\7 \\2 \\ -1.9 \\7 \\1 \\1 \\ -1.7 \\2 \\1.4 \\ -1.9 \\2 \\ -2.8 \\ -2.2 \\ -3.4 \\1 \end{vmatrix} $	$ \begin{array}{c} .4\\ .7\\ .7\\ .9\\ .1\\ .3\\ .8\\ 1.1\\ .3\\ .6\\ .6\\ .9\\ 0\\2\\ .5\\ .2\\ .2\\ .4\\ .9\end{array} $	

1/ See footnote 1, table 2.

<u>2</u>/ Not available.

TABLE 7. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food items October 1971 indexes and percent changes from selected dates

(1967=100 unless otherwise specified)

	Inc		Percent change	to October 19	71 from
Item or Group	October		Septembe		October 1970
- F		Seasonally		Seasonally	
	Unadjusted	adjusted	Unadjusted	adjusted	Unadjusted
Total food	118 .9	118.9	- 0.2	0.0	2.9
Food away from home	128.0	1 -	.3		5.0
Restaurant meals	127.7	-	.3	-	5.0
Snacks	129.5	-	.7	-	5.1
Food at home	116.6	116.6	3	0	2.5
Cereals and bakery products	114.3	-	3		3.0
Flour	101.1	1 -	4	-	1.8
Cracker meal	131.6		.1	-	8.8
Corn flakes	103.6	-	6	-	. 3.0
Rice	109.9	l _	2	<u> </u>	3.1
Bread, white	112.1		- 1.1	-	.4
Bread, whole wheat	119.2		.1	1 .	5.3
Cookies	109.9		0	_	3.8
Layer cake	120.7		7		3.9
Cinnamon rolls	119.6		.8		4.5
Meats, poultry, and fish	118.4	117.8	6	.4 '	2.0
Meats	118.3	117.4	4	.4	1.0
Beef and veal	127.1	126.5	11	.3	5.4
Steak, round			5	.3	
Steak, sirloin	125.5	125.0	5	1 :4	5.6 5.4
Steak, Siriorn	125.3	-	- 2.0	-	
Steak, porterhouse Rump roast	127.3	-	15	-	6.7
	125.2		1.0	-	6.1
Rib roast	129.3	128.8	- 1.1	3	8.2
Chuck roast	125.6	124.7	2	•2	3.9
Hamburger	127.6	127.0	5	0	3.7
Beef liver	114.8	1	•7	<u>-</u>	1.3
Veal cutlets	146.7	146.7	.5	1.0	10.7
Pork	105.8	104.0	6	.8	- 6.5
Chops	109.8	108.3	1	2.3	- 2.7
Loin roast	108.7	-	- 1.2	-	- 4.3
Pork sausage	112.8	-	2	-	- 4.0
Ham, whole	102.0	102.0	- 1.7	- 1.6	- 6.1
Picnics	107.9	-	1.1		- 5.8
Bacon	96.6	94.2	- 1.1	.7	- 14.0
Other meats	116.5	116.0	4	3	1.0
Lamb chops	123.4		- 1.0	-	5.0
Frankfurters	116.0	115.2	0	.9	.2
Ham, canned	107.8	1 -	2	-	- 2.7
Bologna sausage	120.1	- 1	2	-	2.1
Salami sausage	116.8	- 1	8	-	.5
Liverwurst	114.5	- 1	3	-	.1
Poultry	110.0	-	- 2.0	-	4.4
Frying chicken	109.0	110.7	- 2.6	1.3	5.6
Chicken breasts	111.3	- 1	- 1.2	-	3.8
Turkey	113.7	-	.4	-	1
Fish	132.8	133.1	•2	•2	9.4
Shrimp, frozen	120.1	-	.3	-	4.0
Fish, fresh or frozen	143.0	143.3	.4	•6	11.8
Tuna fish, canned	128.9	-	2	-	6.4
Sardines, canned	139.1	-	.4	-	14.6
Dairy products	116.0	115.7	1	3	2.6
Milk, fresh, grocery	115.3	114.6	1	6	2.6
Milk, fresh, delivered	118.1	1 -	0	-	2.0
Milk, fresh, skim	120.3	-	4	-	2.5
Milk, evaporated	121.4	-	•2	-	5.7
Ice cream	106.1	- 1	7	-	•3
Cheese, American process	122.1	122.3	.2	0	5.0
Butter	105.8	105.3	0	6	•5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 7. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food items October 1971 indexes and percent changes from selected dates--Continued

(1967=100 unless otherwise specified)

	Ind October		Percent change to October 197 September 1971		1 from October 1970	
Item or Group	occober	Seasonally	Septembe	Seasonally	0000001 177	
	Unadjusted	adjusted	Unadjusted	adjusted	Unadjusted	
ruits and vegetables	115.6	119.9	- 0.9	0.5	5.1	
Fresh fruits and vegetables	113.6	120.6	- 1.5	.6	3.7	
Apples	101.8	118.9	- 18.8	3.2	6.5	
Bananas	101.8	96.7	3.4	.4	- 1,5	
Oranges	137.1	121.0	9	- 6.4	4.7	
Orange juice, fresh	129.1	-	2	-	5.6	
Grapefruit	153.5	130.7	- 10.5	- 8.0	10.3	
Grapes 1/	119.6	133.9	6	- 4.1	- 1.2	
Strawberries 1/	$(\underline{1})$	$(\underline{1}')$	(1/)	$(\underline{1}/)$	$(\underline{1}/)$	
Watermelon 1/ Potatoes	(1/)	$(\underline{1}/)$	$(\frac{1}{2})$	$(\underline{1}/)$	(1/)	
Onions	111.2	120.9 117.1	- 3.3 - 1.3	2.1 3.7	.3 9.0	
Asparagus <u>1</u> /	(1/)	11/.1	(1/)	-	(1/)	
Cabbage	106.4	118.2	2.9	4	1	
Carrots	117.3	121.2	- 6.5	- 5.8	12.0	
Celery	111.5	120.5	-3	8	- 3.5	
Cucumbers	96.6		13.9	-	10.1	
Lettuce	123.2	117.6	10.6	•4	3.1	
Peppers, green	97.5	-	7.4	-	7.3	
Spinach	130.8	-	2.1	-	5.2	
Tomatoes	106.0	130.1	11.1	- 1.4	5.0	
Processed fruits and vegetables	118.4	-	2	-	7.0	
Fruit cocktail, canned	120.0	1 -	2	-	7.3	
Pears, canned	117.5	-	2	-	5.1	
Pineapple-grapefruit juice, drink	114.5	-	.4	-	2.0	
Orange juice concentrate, frozen	136.0	136.5	2	•4	14.1	
Lemonade concentrate, frozen	115.9	-	.3	-	7.2	
Beets, canned	117.4	- 1	1	-	5.6	
Peas, green, canned Tomatoes, canned	107.0	-	9 8	-	3.9 2.1	
Dried beans	115.7	-	8		23.3	
Broccoli, frozen	117.9		4		2.8	
Other food at home	116.2	114.8	.6	•2	.6	
Eggs	106.7	99.1	4.2	2.2	- 11.2	
Fats and oils:	100.7					
Margarine	118.1	-	.4	-	8.5	
Salad dressing, Italian	109.9	- 1	3	-	5.3	
Salad or cooking oil	123.4	-	.1		10.4	
Sugar and sweets	120.1	-	1	-	2.8	
Sugar	113.4	-	1	-	3.5	
Grape jelly	121.2	-	3	-	5.9	
Chocolate bar	131.5	- 1	.1	-	1.2	
Syrup, chocolate flavored	113.0	-	2	-	.6	
Nonalcoholic beverages	121.2	-	•2	-	2 - 4.6	
Coffee, can and bag Coffee, instant	119.3	-	•2	-	- 4.6	
Tea	125.3	-	1 2	-	.8	
Cola drink	107.8 127.3		.2		5.2	
Carbonated fruit drink	127.8		.2	-	4.2	
Prepared and partially prepared foods	113.4	-	0	-	2.3	
Bean soup, canned	114.7	-	0	-	1.3	
Chicken soup, canned	106.5	-	1	-	.3	
Spaghetti, canned	117.7	-	0	- 1	1.7	
Mashed potatoes, instant	110.4	-	0	-	1.1	
Potatoes, french fried, frozen	109.9	- 1	4	-	4	
Baby foods, canned	111.6	-	2	-	1.7	
Sweet pickle relish	120.0		.4	-	7.2	
	114.4		1		4.8	

TABLE 8. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, indexes for selected items and groups, October 1971 and percent changes from selected dates

(1967=100 unless otherwise; specified)

Item and group		Indexes		Percent change to October 1971	
Item and group	index bases	October 1971	September 1971	September 1971	October 1970
using	Dases	125.9	125.5	0.3	3.9
Shelter 1/		130.6	130.1	.4	3.3
Rent		116.4	116.1	.3	4.5
Homeownership costs 2/		135.7	135.1	.4	2.9
Mortgage interest rates		119.1	118.7	.3	- 10.9
Property taxes			133.1	1.1	8.7
Property insurance rates		134.6			6.7
Maintenance and repairs		122.4	121.5	.7	8.0
Commodities 3/		137.0	136.8	.1 0	4.9
Enternand Lawren and a		120.9	120.9	ő	
Exterior house paint Interior house paint		116.5	116.5	-	3.2
	1	115.6	115.5	•1	4.0
Services		144.0	143.7	•2	9.1
Repainting living and dining rooms		153.1	153.0	•1	10.5
Reshingling house roof	1	150.7	150.1	•4	13.0
Residing house	[133.1	132.8	•2	6.5
Sink replacement	}	143.4	143.4	0	8.1
Furnace repair		149.2	148.9	•2	9.8
uel and utilities		116.3	116.3	0	6.5
Fuel oil and coal		117.8	117.8	0	4.7
Fuel oil, #2		116.4	116.4	0	4,9
Gas and electricity		115.7	115.7	0	6.3
Gas		116.8	116.8	0	7.3
Electricity	1	114.6	114.6	0	5.5
Other utilities:	1	110.0	110.0		67
Residential telephone services	. I	110.2	110.2	0	6.7
Residential water and sewerage services		135.0	135.0	0	9.9
Nousehold furnishings and operation <u>4</u> /		119.5	119.4	.1	4.4
Housefurnishings		115.1	114.9	•2	2.6
Textiles	i .	112.2	111.9	.3	2.3
Sheets, percale or muslin		113.4	114.0	5	•2
Curtains, tailored, polyester]	111.5	111.3	•2	4.0
Bedspreads, chiefly cotton		107.8	107.4	.4	.3
Drapery fabric, cotton or rayon/acetate	(119.5	118.8	.6	2.5
Pillows, bed, polyester, acrylic, or kapok		108.2	108.0	• 2	4.3
Slipcover, throws, ready made chiefly cotton		112.5	111.6	.8	2.3
Furniture and bedding		119.9	119.7	.2	3.1
Bedroom furniture, chest and dresser	Mar. 70	104.7	104.6	.1	3.5
Living room suites, good and inexpensive quality		116.5	116.4	.1	2.5
Lounge chairs, upholstered	[:	125.0	125.6	5	4.3
Dining room chairs	Mar. 70	103.3	103.4	1	2.5
Sofas, upholstered	[119.4	117.5	1.6	3.4
Sofas, dual purpose		116.4	116.3	•1	.3
Bedding, mattress and box springs	June 70	104.1	103.7	.4	3.6
Aluminum folding chair 5/		(5/)	(57)	(5/)	(5/)
Cribs		118.0	118.4	3	3.6
Floor coverings		106.5	106.5	0	1.2
Broadloom, carpeting, manmade fibers		102.3	102.2	.1	4
Vinyl sheet goods		116.0	116.1	1	5.6
Vinyl asbestos tile		116.7	116.7	0	3.8
Appliances 6/		105.8	105.8	0	1.2
Washing machines, electric, automatic		110.0	110.1	1	2.3
Vacuum cleaners, canister type		104.1	104.3	2	1.1
Refrigerators or refrigerator-freezers electric		108.3	108.3	õ	1.7
Ranges, free standing, gas or electric	1	112.0	111.2	.7	2.2
Clothes dryers, electric, automatic	1	113.1	113.4	3	3.6
Air conditioners, demountable	1	(5/)	(5/)	(5/)	(5/)
Room heaters, electric, portable 5/		108.0	(57)	(5/)	.1
Garbage disposal units		110.2	110.3	- 1	.1
Other housefurnishings:		110.2	110.5		
Dinnerware, chinaware		119.3	119.2	.1	5.1
Flatware, stainless steel		122.1	121.7	.3	1.9
Table lamps, with shade		122.0	122.2	2	3.5
Lawn mowers, power, rotary type		(5/)	(5/)	(5/)	(5/)
Electric drills, hand held		107.2	107.2	_0	_ 0
Housekeeping supplies:				l	1
Laundry soaps and detergents		110.9	111.1	2	4.2
Paper napking		128.8	128.3	.4	6.5
Toilet tissue		123.9	123.7	.2	4.4
Housekeeping services:		123+7	1		1
Domestic service, general housework		135.3	135.1	.1	3.9
Baby sitter service	1	132.3	132.1	.2	5.6
Postal charges	1	146.6	146.6	ō	25.3
Laundry, flatwork, finished service	1	135.4	135.0	.3	7.0
Licensed day care service, preschool child	1	119.4	119.1	.3	2.6
Washing machine repairs		137.6	137.4	.1	7.8
AGAINING MERITIME ICHAILS		1 10/+0	1 10/07	1 11	1 1.0

TABLE 8. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, indexes for selected items and groups, October 1971 and percent changes from selected dates--Continued

(1967=100 unless otherwise specified)

. .	Other	Inde	xes	Percent change	to occoper 197
Item and group	index bases	October 1971	September 1971	from: September 1971	October 1970
			1	1	
rel and upkeep 7/		121.6	120.6	0.8	2.9
parel commodities	1	122.0	120.9	.9	2.7 2.6
Apparel commodities less footwear	ļ	121.9	120.7	1.0	2.0
Men's and boys!	1	121.8	120.8	••	2.4
Men's:	ł				
Topcoats, wool or all-weather coats,	1	123.4	121.9	1.2	.5
polyester blends 5/	ł	132.4	130.5	1.5	4.2
Suits, year round weight	ĺ	(5/)	(5/)	(5/)	(5/)
Jackets, lightweight	Į	112.9	112.2	.6	- 2
Slacks, wool or wool blends	1	118.2	118.2	ō	1.1
Slacks, cotton or manmade blends	1	133.9	132.5	1.1	6.4
Trousers, work, cotton or polyester/cotton	1	114.0	113.7	.3	2.9
Shirts, work, cotton or polyester/cotton		114.6	114.2	.4	4.1
Shirts, business, polyester/cotton	1	113.0	113.0	0	•6
T-shirts, chiefly cotton	1	118.9	118.8	.1	.1
Socks, cotton or manmade fibers		115.7	115.2	.4	0
Bandkerchiefs, cotton or polyester/cotton	1	115.7	115.4	.3	1.3
Boy's:	1		1		1
Coats, all purpose, cotton or cotton blend 5/ -	1	119.2	(<u>5</u> /)	(5/)	.3
Sport coats, wool or wool blend 5/	1	128.1	123.5	3.7	3.3
Dungarees, cotton or cotton blend	1	123.2	123.2	0	3.6
Undershorts, cotton	1	119.6	119.6	0	.6
Women's and girls'	1	122.7	121.3	1.2	2.8
Women's:	1			· · -	
Coats, heavyweight, wool or wool blend 5/	1	127.2	121.7	4.5	2.5
Carcoats, heavyweight, cotton 5/	1	130.3	128.0	1.8	4.6
Sweaters, wool or acrylic 5/	1	124.0	121.9	1.7	8.4
Skirts, wool, wool blend or manmade fibers 5/ -	1	135.7	131.1	3.5	6.3
Skirts, cotton or polyester/cotton	1	(5/)	(<u>5</u> /)	(5/)	(5/)
Blouses, cotton or manmade fibers	į	120.0	122.1	- 1.7	.9
Dresses, street, chiefly manmade fiber	[129.4	127.5	1.5	- 1.5
Dresses, street, wool or wool blend 5/	1	144.3	140.3	2.9	10.4
Slips, nylon	1	111.1	111.1	0	1.8 2.0
Panties, acetate or nylon tricot	1	115.4	115.8	3	4.2
Girdles, manmade blend	1	117.7	117.1	.5	5.4
Brassiers, nylon lace	i	123.0	122.2	•7	- 2.1
lose, or panty hose, nylon seamless	1	98.1	97.9	•2	- 1.4
Anklets, or knee-length socks, various fibers -		114.6	114.8	2	- 1.4
Gloves, fabric, nylon or cotton	ł	109.5	109.9		7.0
Handbags, rayon faille or plastic	}	134.8	135.6	6	/
Girls':		118.5	115.6	2.5	2.6
Raincoats, vinyl, cotton, or polyester blends		109.0	105.2	3.6	- 1.7
Skirts, wool, wool blends, or acrylic 5/ Dresses, cotton, manmade fibers or blends	1	110.3	109.3	.9	3.3
Slacks, cotton or chiefly cotton 5/		131.8	(5/)	(5/)	4.9
Slips, polyester blends	ł	110.9	111.0	1	2.3
Handbags, plastic	1	129.3	128.3	.8	.5
Footwear		122.7	122.2	.4	3.1
Men's:					l
Shoes, street	{	119.8	120.9	9	3.5
Shoes, work, high		120.1	120.0	.1	4.2
Women's:	}	1		1	1
Shoes, street, pump	ł	124.5	123.2	1.1	1.5
Shoes, evening, pump	Į	121.0	120.3	•6	.8
Shoes, casual	ł	125.7	124.3	1.1	2.3
Houseslippers, scuff	l	123.5	123.4	•1	2.6
Children's:	l		1	1.	
Shoes, oxford		123.8	122.8	.8	4.6
Sneakers, boys', oxford type	1	119.7	119.5	•2	4.7
Dress shoes, girls', strap or pump	1	128.4	127.3	.9	6.6
Miscellaneous apparel:	l I		1	· .	
Diapers, cotton gauze or disposable	Į	112.8	112.7	.1	2.7
Yard goods, polyester blend	1	122.1	122.1	0	3
Wrist watches, men's and women's	1	113.3	113.4	1	2.0
Apparel services:	1			I .	
Drycleaning, men's suits and women's dresses		117.2	117.1	.1	3.1
Automatic laundry service		113.3	113.3	0	1.5
Laundry, men's shirts		119.2	119.1	•1	2.5
Tailoring charge, hem adjustment		130.0	129.6	.3	4.7
Shoe repair, women's heel lift	ł	114.0	113.5	•4	5.0
	l				
	1	1		1	1

TABLE 8. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, indexes for selected items and groups, October 1971 and percent changes from selected dates--Continued

(1967=100 unless otherwise specified)

Item and group	Other index			Percent change to October 1971 from:		
	bases	October 1971	September 1971	September 1971	October 1970	
Transportation		120.6	119.8	0.7	4.7	
Private 8/		118.6	117.8	.7	4.6	
Automobiles, new		115.3	111.2	3.7	4.1	
Automobiles, used		111.7	111.6	.1	4.2	
Gasoline, regular and premium		108.8	108.7	i .1	1.9	
Motor oil, premium		121.7	121.5	•2	4.9	
Tires, new, tubeless Auto repairs and maintenance 9/		117.6	117.5	•1	1.9	
Auto insurance rates		131.3	131.2	8	7.0 8.8	
Auto registration		123.7	123.7	0	4.9	
Parking fees, private and municipal		136.5	136.6	1	7.2	
Public		139.3	139.3	0	6.1	
Local transit fares		144.0	144.0	0	4.8	
Taxicab fares Railroad fares, coach		131.7	131.7	0	11.9	
Airplane fares, chiefly coach		127.7 129.6	127.7 129.6	0	2.7 6.6	
Bus fares, intercity		135.9	135.9	0	13.4	
halth and momentan		100 5	100 (
Health and recreation		123.5 129.6	123.6 130.4	1	4.5	
Drugs and prescriptions		129.6	130.4	6 1	5.5	
Over-the-counter items		110.4	110.3	1	2.0	
Multiple vitamin concentrates		95.4	95.1	.3	- 2.9	
Aspirin compounds		115.8	115.1	.6	5.3	
Liquid tonics		100.9	100.7	.2	4	
Adhesive bandages, package		123.6	124.1	4	5.7	
Cold tablets or capsulesCough syrup		112.0	112.0	0	3.2	
Prescriptions		111.4 101.6	111.4 101.8	0	1.3	
Anti-infectives		79.6	79.9	2	.5 - 8.2	
Sedatives and hypnotics		123.8	124.2	3	4.4	
Ataractics		102.5	102.6	1	1.8	
Anti-spasmodics		107.9	108.1	2	3.8	
Cough preparations		127.4	127.9	4	5.0	
Cardiovasculars and anti-hypertensives Analgesics, internal		112.0	112.0	0	4.0	
Anti-obesityi		107.7	108.3	6	1.6	
Hormones		117.0 94.7	117.1 94.9	1 2	6.8	
Professional services:		24.7	54.5	2	1	
Physicians' fees		131.7	131.5	.2	6.5	
General physician, office visits		133.0	133.0	0	6.1	
General physician, house visits Obstetrical cases		133.9	133.6	•2	7.7	
Pediatric care, office visits		131.5	131.3	•2	6.7	
Psychiatrist, office visits		133.6	133.5	.1	7.1	
Herniorrhaphy, adult		125.9 125.2	125.7 124.4	•2 •6	4.2 7.2	
Tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy		128.2	128.0	.0	7.0	
Dentists' fees		129.6	128.2	1.1	6.5	
Fillings, adult, amalgam, one surface		131.0	129.5	1.2	7.0	
Extractions, adult Dentures, full upper		128.9	127.7	.9	5.8	
Other professional services:		127.7	126.0	1.3	6.0	
Examination, prescription, and dispensing of	İ					
eyeglasses		122.6	122.1	.4	6.6	
Routine laboratory tests		117.8	117.6	•2	5.3	
ospital service charges: Daily service charges		164.6	164.4	I , I	10.4	
Semiprivate rooms		167.0	166.8	•1 •1	10.6 11.0	
Private rooms		161.1	160.9	.1	10.0	
Operating room charges		159.1	158.0	.7	8.3	
X-ray, diagonstic series, upper G.I		126.5	126.5	0	6.4	
Totlat mode		117.9	117.6	.3	3.1	
Toilet goods		114.9	114.6	.3	3.1	
Toothpaste, standard dentifrice Toilet soap, hard milled		108.8	108.6	.2	•8 • 4	
Hand lotions, liquid		118.4 120.5	115.2 119.7	2.8 .7	8.6 3.8	
Shaving cream, aerosol		107.1	107.2	1	3.5	
Face powder, pressed		123.9	124.1	2	1.9	
Deodorants, aerosol		106.3	106.4	1	.9	
Cleansing tissues		122.6	124.1	- 1.2	2.9	
Home permanent wave kits		111.8	111.7	.1	2.5	
Personal care services		121.0	120.8	.2	2.9	
Beauty shop services		123.7	123.4	•2	2.3	
Women's haircuts		119.1	118.9	-2	3.5	
Shampoo and wave sets, plain		119.8 122.6	119.4 122.5	.3	2.6 4.2	
				1 +1	. → +∠	

TABLE 8. Consumer Price Index--United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, indexes for selected items and groups, October 1971 and percent changes from selected dates--Continued

(1967=100 unless otherwise Specified)

Item and aroun		her Lndexes dex		Percent change to Oct from:	
Item and group	bases	October 1971	September 1971		October 1970
		120.5	120.5	0.0	4.6
eading and recreation 10/		107.2	107.1	.1	1.8
Recreational goods		100.2	100.0	.2	•2
TV sets, portable and console			123.4	.6	2.7
TV replacement tubes		124.1			
Radios, portable and table model		98.1	98.5	4	7
Tape recorders, portable		92.7	93.0	3	- 2.9
Phonograph records, stereophonic		106.5	106.5	0	6.7
Movie cameras, Super 8, zoom lens		89.2	89.1	.1	- 1.9
Film, 35mm, color		108.3	108.4	1	1.0
		104.8	104.8	0	.6
Golf balls, liquid center or solid core		125.7	125.4	.2	5.0
Basketballs, rubber or vinyl cover		110.8	110.8	0	.9
Fishing rods, fresh water spincasting				0	3.2
Bowling balls		112.6	112.6	-	
Bicycles, boys'		114.0	113.7	•3	4.1
Tricycles		111.9	112.0	1	2.1
Dog food, canned or boxed		110.5	110.7	2	4.7
Recreational services		126.2	126.3	- 1	3.8
Indoor movie admissions		138.3	138.9	4	3.1
Adult		138.0	139.0	7	3.0
		139.1	138.6	.4	3.6
Children's				1	4.2
Drive-in movie admissions, adult		142.3	142.5		4.2
Bowling fees, evening		116.7	116.1	.5	
Golf green fees		128.3	128.4	1	4.5
TV repair, color picture tube replacement		98.4	98.5	1	2.3
Film developing, color		118.1	118.3	2	4.2
Reading and education:					
		130.5	130.6	- 1	5.8
Newspapers, street sale and delivery			126.3	- 1.2	6.0
Magazines, single copy and subscription		124.8			2,4
Piano lessons, beginner		121.5	121.4	.1	2.4
ther goods and services		122.6	122.4	•2	3.9
Tobacco products		128.9	128.9	0	4.2
		130.2	130.2	0	4.0
Cigarettes, nonfilter tip, regular size			130.2	ő	4.6
Cigarettes, filter tip, king size		130.8		-	3.0
Cigars, domestic, regular size		108.7	108.5	•2	
Alcoholic beverages		117.9	117.6	•3	3.6
Beer		113.6	113.4	•2	3.3
Whiskey, spirit blended and straight bourbon		106.8	107.0	2	1.2
Wine, dessert and table		124.7	124.5	•2	6.0
Away from home		127.7	127.1	.5	4.3
Financial and miscellaneous personal expenses:					
		118.8	118.4	.3	4.0
Funeral services, adult				- 1.4	- 1.7
Bank service charges, checking accounts		109.3	110.9		- 1.7 8.1
Legal services, short form will		139.9	137.4	1.8	0,1
her special groups:					
All items less shelter		120.6	120.4	.2	4.0
Commodities less food		118.3	117.8	.4	3.3
Nondurables less food and apparel		116.8	116.6	.2	3.7
Household services less rent		134.7	134.2	.4	3.8
	l		134.2	.1	6.8
Transportation services Other services	1	134.5			4.2
		123.8	123.7	.1	7.4

Also includes hotel and motel rates not shown separately.

Also includes hotel and motel rates not snown separately.
 Also includes home purchase costs not shown separately.
 Also includes pine shelving, furnace air filters, packaged dry cement mix, and shrubbery not shown separately.
 Also includes venetian blinds, window shades, nails, carpet sweepers, utility pails, air deodorizers, steel wool scouring
 Also includes reupholstering, and moving expenses.

4/ Also includes venetian blinds, window shades, nails, carpet sweepers, utility pails, air deodorizers, steel wool scouring pads, envelopes, reupholstering, and moving expenses.
 5/ Priced only in season.
 6/ Also includes radios and television sets, shown separately under reading and recreation.
 7/ Also includes readios and television sets, shown separately under reading and recreation.
 8/ Also includes readios and television sets, shown separately under reading and recreation.
 8/ Also includes men's sweaters, sport shirts, women's and girls' lightweight coats, women's slacks, cocktail dresses, bathing suits, girls' robes, cotton and polyester blend skirts, shorts, earrings, and zippers not shown separately.
 8/ Also includes storage batteries and drivers' license fees not shown separately.
 9/ Includes prices for water pump replacement, motor tune-up, automatic transmission repair, exhaust system repair, front and chassis lubrication.

end alignment, and chassis lubrication. 10/ Also includes outboard motors, nondurable toys, college tuition fees, paperback books, and college textbooks, not shown separately.

Reliability of Percent Changes in the CPI

A system of "replicated" samples introduced into the index structure in the 1964 revision permits an estimate of sampling error for the CPI. 1/ The table below shows standard errors for monthly, quarterly, and annual <u>percent changes</u> in the CPI for all items and for nine commodity groupings based on 1970 averages. The figures may be interpreted as follows: the changes are about 95 out of 100 that the percent change in the CPI as computed differs from the corresponding "complete coverage" change by less than twice the standard error.

Because the CPI is rounded to one decimal place, some ambiguity may arise in interpreting small index changes. The table below indicates, for example, that a monthto-month change of 0.1 percent in the all-items CPI is significant. Because of rounding, however, a change of this size in the published index might result from a much smaller change in the unrounded value. Hence, any particular change of 0.1 percent may or may not be significant. On the other hand, a published change of 0.2 percent is almost always significant, regardless of the time period to which it relates.

Component	Standard Error				
	Monthly Change	Quarterly Change	Annual Change		
All Items	.04	.06	.09		
Food at home	.08	.13	.18		
Food away from home	.11	.21	.36		
Housing	.06	.10	.19		
Apparel	.15	.26	.29		
Transportation	.10	.16	.19		
Medical care	.12	.15	.29		
Personal care	.13	.23	.34		
Reading and recreation	.11	.17	.23		
Other goods and services	.10	.16	.41		

Average Standard Errors of Percent Changes in the CPI Based on 1970 Data

This replaces the table of average errors based on 1969 data which was included in the CPI report through December 1970.

1/ The method of deriving these estimates is described in a paper by Marvin Wilkerson, "Measurement of Sampling Error in the Consumer Price Index," Journal of the American Statistical Association, September 1967.

Brief Explanation of the CPI

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures average changes in prices of goods and services usually bought by urban wage earners and clerical workers, both families and single persons living alone. It is based on prices of about 400 items which were selected to represent the movement of prices of all goods and services purchased by wage earners and clerical workers. Prices for these items are obtained in urban portions of 39 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) and 17 smaller cities, which were chosen to represent all urban places in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii. They are collected from grocery and department stores, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments which wage earners and clerical workers patronize.

Prices of foods, fuels, and a few other items are obtained every month in all 56 locations. Prices of most other commodities and services are collected every month in the 5 largest SMSA's and every 3 months in other SMSA's and cities. Mail questionnaires are used to obtain local transit fares, public utility rates, newspaper prices, fuel prices, and certain other items which change in price infrequently. Prices of most other goods and services are obtained by personal visits of the Bureau's trained representatives.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights which represent their importance in the spending of all wage earners and clerical workers. SMSA and city data are then combined in the total index with weights based on the 1960 populations of SMSA's and cities they represent. Index numbers are computed on the base 1967=100, and are also available on the base of 1957-59=100.

The national index (the United States city average) includes prices from the 23 SMSA's for which separate indexes are published in this report, as well as from the following additional locations:

Alabama - Florence	Louisiana - Baton Rouge*	Ohio - Findlay
Alaska - Anchorage	Maine - Portland*	Oklahoma - Mangum
California - Bakersfield*	Massachusetts - Southbridge	Oregon - Klamath Falls
Colorado - Denver*	Michigan - Niles	Pennsylvania - Lancaster*
Connecticut - Hartford*	Minnesota - Crookston	South Carolina - Union
Florida - Orlando*	Mississippi - Vicksburg	Tennessee - Nashville*
Indiana - Indianapolis*	New Jersey - Millville	Texas - Austin*
Indiana - Logansport	New York - Kingston	Texas - McAllen
Illinois - Champaign-Urbana*	North Carolina - Durham*	Utah - Orem
Iowa - Cedar Rapids*	North Dakota - Devils Lake	Virginia - Martinsville
Kansas - Wichita*	Ohio - Dayton*	Wisconsin - Green Bay*

*Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

Comparisons of indexes for individual SMSA's show only that prices in one location changed more or less than in another. The SMSA indexes cannot be used to measure differences in price levels or in living costs between areas.

A description of the index and historical tables of index numbers for the United States city average and for 23 large SMSA's are available on request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D. C. 20212 or any of its regional offices.

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