# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Peter J. Brennan, Secretary 

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
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## OFFICE OF PRICES

AND LIVING CONDITIONS
W. John Layng, Assistant Commissioner
a monthly report on consumer price movements including statistical tables and technical notes.

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# Price Movements <br> June 1974 

The Consumer Price Index rose 1.0 percent in June to 147.1 of its 1967 base. The rise was due to higher prices for a wide range of consumer goods and services, notably new and used cars, medical care services, mortgage interest costs, household durables, and fresh fruits. Lower prices for some food items, particularly meats, partially offset these increases. The June CPI was 11.1 percent higher than a year ago.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the rise in the June CPI was also 1.0 percent. This compares with a 1.1 percent rise in May and 0.6 percent in April. The food index increased 0.3 percent after seasonal adjustment in June, following a 0.9 percent rise in May and a 0.4 percent decline in April. The index for nonfood commodities rose 1.3 percent in June, the sixth consecutive month of rapid rise. The services index rose 1.0 percent
in June, the same as in the preceding month and more than the average monthly increase in the first 4 months of this year.

## Prices in the second quarter

For the calendar quarter ending in June, the CPI increased at a seasonally-adjusted annual rate of 10.9 percent, compared with 14.2 percent for the preceding calendar quarter. The rise in the food index-which slowed from a 19.4 percent annual rate in the first quarter to 3.1 percent in the second quarter-was the smallest calendar quarter increase in 2 years. Prices of energy items-gasoline and motor oil, fuel oil and coal, gas, and electricity-also rose less rapidly than in the first quarter. However, prices of other nonfood com-

Table A. Percent changes in CPI and components, selected periods

| Month | Changes from preceding month |  |  |  |  |  |  | Changes in all items |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Compound annual rate <br> From 3 months ago | From 12 months ago |
|  | All items |  | Food |  | Commodities less food |  | Services <br> Unadjusted |  |  |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |  | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted |
| 1973: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 7.5 | 5.9 |
| July | . 2 | . 2 | . 8 | . 3 | -. 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| August | 1.8 | 1.9 | 6.0 | 6.1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 7 | 11.1 | 7.5 |
| September | . 3 | . 4 | -. 7 | -. 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 9 | 10.2 | 7.4 |
| October | . 8 | . 8 | . 1 | . 7 | . 9 | . 5 | 1.1 | 13.1 | 7.9 |
| November | . 7 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | 8.3 | 8.4 |
| December | . 7 | . 6 | . 9 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | 9.2 | 8.8 |
| 1974: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .. | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | . 6 | 1.3 | . 7 | 10.2 | 9.4 |
| February | 1.3 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 7 | 12.2 | 10.0 |
| March. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | . 8 | 14.2 | 10.2 |
| April. | . 6 | . 6 | -. 3 | -. 4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | . 6 | 12.1 | 10.2 |
| May . | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 11.4 | 10.7 |
| June . . . . . . . | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 4 | . 3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 10.9 | 11.1 |

modities and services rose at a faster rate in the 3 months ending in June than in the first 3 months of this year due to price increases for a wide range of items. The CPI, excluding food and energy items, rose at a 12.8 percent rate in the second quarter, up from 8.6 percent in the first quarter, and 5.5 percent in the fourth quarter of 1973.

The rise in prices of nonfood items began to accelerate in late 1973 as several sectors of the economy were decontrolled during Phase 4 of the Economic Stabilization Program. Price increases in the second quarter reflected the termination of remaining controls on wages, prices, and profit margins on April 30 and the passing on of previous and current cost increases through the various stages of production to the final purchase price. (See table B.)

Food. The slowdown in retail food prices followed earlier declines in wholesale prices for farm products and foods. Wholesale prices in the agricultural sector started falling last fall. After rising sharply at the start of this year due to transportation difficulties and uncertainties about supplies caused by the oil crisis, the downtrend resumed. Lower prices for livestock, poultry, eggs, and grains constituted much of the decline last fall and winter. Price declines spread to a wide range of agricultural commodities this spring as supplies increased and both domestic and foreign demand slowed. Consequently, prices for consumer foods at the wholesale level declined at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 16.7 percent in the second quarter-the first calendar quarter decline in almost 3 years. Prices declined for meats,

Table B. Percent change in selected components of the Consumer and Wholesale Price Indexes during the Economic Stabilization Program and 1973-74
(Seasonally adjusted, except services, compound annual rate)

| Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { Phase I } \\ \text { Aug. } 1971 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Nov. } 1971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Phase II } \\ \text { Nov. } 1971 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Jan. } 1973 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Phase III } \\ \text { Jan. } 1973 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { June } 1973 \end{gathered}$ | Freeze and Phase IV June 1973 tc Apr. 1974 | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 1973 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Sept. } 1973 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } 1973 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Dec. } 1973 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } 1973 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Mar. } 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } 1974 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { June } 1974 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONSUMER PRICE INDEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All items | 2.2 | 3.6 | 8.3 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 9.2 | 14.2 | 10.9 |
| Food . . . . . . . . | 2.7 | 6.5 | 20.2 | 16.2 | 26.7 | 11.0 | 19.4 | 3.1 |
| Commodities less food $\qquad$ | 1.0 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 9.4 | 3.6 | 7.6 | 16.0 | 15.8 |
| Services . . . . . . | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 11.0 |
| WHOLESALE PRICE <br> - INDEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities . . . | 1.4 | 6.9 | 22.2 | 15.2 | 13.2 | 8.7 | 24.5 | 12.2 |
| Farm products and processed foods and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| feeds . . . . . | 3.9 | 15.6 | 48.9 | 6.3 | 33.5 | -8.7 | 10.8 | -29.3 |
| Industrial commodities . . . . . . . | . 3 | 3.4 | 12.3 | 19.6 | 6.0 | 16.0 | 32.3 | 35.7 |
| Selected stage of processing indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude material except food . . | 1.0 | 10.8 | 24.9 | 56.7 | 27.7 | 54.4 | 88.7 | 10.4 |
| Intermediate materials except food. $\qquad$ | . 7 | 3.8 | 14.4 | 20.8 | 6.1 | 17.7 | 32.6 | 43.7 |
| Producers' finished goods | -1.7 | 2.5 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 13.2 | 27.2 |
| Consumer goods except food . . . . | . 4 | 2.3 | 7.7 | 15.5 | 4.1 | 12.2 | 28.3 | 25.3 |
| Consumer foods . . | 3.1 | 10.4 | 26.1 | 16.0 | 30.0 | 8.0 | 17.3 | -16.7 |

poultry, eggs, cereal and bakery products, and dairy products. Not all of the declines in wholesale food prices were reflected at the retail level because changes in wholesale prices appear in retail prices over a period of time. Also, just as retail price increases typically are smaller than wholesale when wholesale prices are increasing rapidly, retail prices either continue to rise or decline more slowly than wholesale when wholesale prices are declining.

At the retail level, the rise in prices of food purchased in grocery stores slowed from a seasonally adjusted 21.5 percent annual rate in the first quarter to 1.0 percent in the second quarter-the slowest rise since the second quarter of 1972. Prices declined sharply in the second quarter for meats, poultry, and eggs. And, price rises slowed for cereal and bakery products, dairy products, and processed fruits and vegetables. On the other hand, fresh fruit and vegetable prices rose more than in the first quarter due to smaller supplies. Higher prices for bananas reflecting the impostion of export tax by some Central American countries also contributed to the rise. Food products that contain large amounts of sugar continued to rise rapidly in response to sharp increases in sugar prices during the past year. Sugar supplies have been extremely tight relative to rising world demand particularly from newly developing countries. Higher coffee prices also contributed to the rise in food prices at the retail level. Although price increases for green coffee beans at the wholesale level have slowed considerably, there is a lag of 6 to 9 months before changes at the primary market level are reflected at the retail level.

The index for food away-from-home-restaurant meals and snacks-increased at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 12.5 percent, about the same as in the first quarter, and somewhat slower than in the last two quarters of 1973.

Nonfood commodities. In the second quarter, prices of norifood commodities in the CPI rose at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 15.8 percent-about the same as in the first quarter. Price rises for petroleum products-gasoline and fuel oil-became progressively smaller during the quarter, although the increase for the 3 months ending in June was still substantial. Price rises accelerated, however, for most other nonfood commodities.

The price rise for durable commodities in the CPI accelerated sharply to a 19.2 percent annual rate from 6.0 percent rate in the first quarter. Appliance prices, including radio and television sets, rose at a 6.5 percent annual rate, following a rise of 3.8 percent in the first quarter. In 1973, these prices declined slightly. Historically, appliance prices over long periods either have
declined or increased only moderately. Furniture prices rose at a 13.4 percent annual rate, exceeding any previous 3 -month increase since the CPI series began in 1956. Price rises also accelerated for floor coverings, automobiles, and tires. New car prices rose at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 18.3 percent, reflecting higher manufacturers' prices and transportation charges. Used car prices, which had declined steadily from mid-1973 through the first quarter of this year, advanced substanially in the second quarter. As a result of the temporary abatement of a fuel shortage and the prospect of higher new car prices in the coming model year, the demand for used cars has increased.

Among nondurable commodities, retail prices for apparel and footwear continued to show large increases, but the rate of advance remained about the same as in the first quarter. Apparel prices are highly sensitive to changes in consumer demand, which has eased since spring. Price rises accelerated, however, for other nondurable commodities such as housekeeping supplies, toilet goods, tobacco products, drugs and prescriptions, and reading materials.

The rapid rate of advance in prices for nonfood commodities at the retail level reflected the effects of the decontrol and pass-through of earlier and current price increases at the wholesale level. Throughout 1973 and in the first two quarters of this year, prices of nonfood commodities at the wholesale level increased at a faster rate than at the retail level. The WPI for consumer finished goods other than foods rose at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 25.3 percent in the second quarter. This increase was slightly less than the 28.3 percent rate in the first quarter because of a slower rise in gasoline and fuel oil prices. Price rises at the manufacturers' level for most other commodities such as apparel, footwear, automobiles, furniture, and appliances, rose at an even faster pace in the second quarter than in the first quarter.

Sharp increases in costs of materials were an important factor in the price rises during the past year for consumer goods at the wholesale level. In addition, the rise in other costs-particularly labor costs-have accelerated since the termination of controls. In the second quarter, the WPI for semifinished industrial materials, products, and components at the intermediate stage of processing - which are used to produce finished goodsincreased at a 43.7 percent annual rate, up from 32.6 percent in the first quarter. Prices continued to rise sharply for fabricated metal products such as metal containers, plumbing fixtures, heating equipment, electronic components, and structural metal products. These increases in fabricated metal products do not fully reflect the large second quarter increase in prices of basic steel
and aluminum mill products, especially those used in appliances and automobiles. Prices for paper and paper products continued to rise rapidly due to shortages of woodpulp and newsprint, strong demand, and capacity limitation. Prices of petroleum-related products such as plastic materials, industrial chemicals, manmade textile fibers, and nonmetallic mineral products, particularly asphalt roofing, also continued to increase in the second quarter.

## Services

The services component of the CPI rose at an annual rate of 11.0 percent in the quarter ending in June, compared to 9.2 percent in the first quarter. Higher charges for household services (less rent), medical care, transportation, and other services contributed to the acceleration during the second quarter. In addition to the effects of the decontrol, a unique factor in the second quarter advance was the impact of the amendment to the Fair Labor Standards Act, which resulted in increased minimum wages to be paid effective May 1, 1974. The amendment also extended the coverage of those persons eligible to receive minimum wages and provided overtime to some service industries. About half of the services represented in the CPI fall within the Standard Industrial Classification category of "service industries." With some exceptions, labor costs constitute a high proportion of the final price of the output of these industries. Over 65 percent of the rise for consumer service charges during the second quarter resulted from higher charges for "labor intensive" services. The services component, less charges for rent, insurance and finance, and utilities and public transportation, accelerated from a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 10.8 percent in the first quarter, to 15.2 percent in the June quarter.

Included among these labor-intensive services are many series in the household services category. Housekeeping services, which includes charges for general housework, laundry flatwork, baby sitting, and day care services, rose 28.9 percent in the second quarter primarily in response to the minimum wage increase. In addition, home maintenance and repair services increased sharply as labor costs rose in all the repair and maintenance services included in the index. Prices for repair materials, particularly aluminum siding, asphalt shingles, and oil-based paints, also contributed to the increase in home repair costs.

Medical services-which are also labor-intensiverose significantly more than in the first quarter when price controls were lifted from the health care industry on April 30. The industry had been under mandatory controls since the Economic Stabilization Program
started in August 1971. Controls were relaxed slightly in the first quarter of this year. To some extent, increases during the second quarter reflected higher overhead costs such as renit and utilities, which the industry had absorbed previously when controls were in effect. Hospital service charges increased at an annual rate of 12.9 percent in the 3 months ending in June compared to 10.0 percent in the first quarter, as larger increases were noted in operating room charges and semiprivate room rates. The rise in physicians' fees continued to accelerate, to an annual rate of 15.4 percent in the June quarter, compared with 12.5 percent in the first quarter.

A faster rate of price increase in other service industries, such as drycleaning, laundry, beauty shop, and barber shop services, reflected higher costs for labor and materials. Auto repair and maintenance charges advanced in response to the higher costs for materials used in replacement and repair. Charges for water pump replacement and transmission work increased at the fastest rate among the various auto repairs priced.

Charges for utilities and public transportation, which make up about 15 percent of the services priced in the CPI, decelerated slightly during the second quarter. Electricity rate increases slowed-from a 42.7 percent annual rate to 19.1 percent-partly from smaller price increases for oil after the Arab oil embargo was lifted. Previously, many companies had raised prices based on the fuel adjustment factor that is built into the companies' rates, allowing the power companies to pass higher fuel costs through to the consumer. The increases were still large because of higher costs for natural gas, coal, and nuclear fuels, supplemented by higher plant costs and payrolls. Charges for residential gas rose at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 13.1 percent, about the same rate as in the first quarter.

Public transportation charges were up 6.5 percent partly because of airplane fare increases effective April 15 and sharp railroad fare increases. In contrast, local transit fare continued to decrease as increased subsidies resulted in lower fares, and more passengers and revenue.

Increases in insurance and finance costs which constitute about 27 percent of the services priced in the CPI, accelerated to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 8.6 percent in second quarter compared to 7.1 percent in the first quarter. A substantial share of the second quarter rise in this group of services was due to the increase in mortgage interest rates. Despite Federal support, building starts declined and inventories of unsold homes were relatively higher, with mortgages hard to get. Interest rates in competing segments of the money
market, corporate bond offerings, and high prime rates outstripped the return levels which some mortgage lenders offered, and prompted many savers to withdraw funds from savings institutions. Consequently, mortgage interest rates for conventional and VA and FHA insured loans rose. However, property taxes continued the decline that began in mid-1973. The decrease was
due in part to the increase in revenue sharing funds and additional revenue generated from other tax sources. Auto insurance rates which had declined in 1972 and 1973 rose slightly in the first quarter and again in the second quarter. Residential rent charges increased at an annual rate of 4.4 percent-about the same rate of increase as in the first quarter of 1974.

Chart 1. All items index and its rate of change, 1965-74
(1967=100)


[^0]Chart 2. Commodities less food index and its rates of change, 1965-74


1/ Computed from the unadjusted series. $\bar{U}$.s. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
bureau or labor statistics

Chart 3. Total food index and its rates of change, 1965-74


1/ Computed from the unadjusted series.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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Chart 4. Services index and its rates of change, 1965-74
(1967=100)


1/ Computed from the unadjusted series.
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Table l. Consumer Price Index-United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers,


1 Also includes infants' wear, sewing materials, and jewelry not shown separately.
Also includes hotel and motel rates not shown separately.
Includes home purchase, mortgage interest, laxes, insurance, and maintenance and repairs.
${ }_{5} 4$ Also includes residential telephone, fuel oil, coal, water, and sewerage service not shown separately.
b Calculated from the food at home component by excluding fish, nonalcoholic beverages, bananas, chocolate candy bars, chocolate syrup, and bout half of the index weight for sugar.

6 Calculated from the CPI beef and veal component by excluding veal cutlets and beef liver
NOTE: Index applies to month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Table 2. Consumer Price Index-United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers,
by commodity and service groups, and expenditure classes

| Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sea sonally adjusted indexes } \\ & (1967=100) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Sea sonally adjusted annual rate percent change for |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ | April <br> 1974 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | 3 months ending in |  |  |  | 6 monthe ending in |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } \\ 1973 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1973 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1973 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| All items | Commodity and service groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - | - | - | - | 10.2 | 9.2 | 14.2 | 10.9 | 9.7 | 12.6 |
|  | 141.1 | 141.9 | 143.6 | 144.9 | 11.6 | 9.4 | 16.9 | 11.2 | 10.5 | 14.0 |
| Food | 158.8 | 158.1 | 159.5 | 160.0 | 26. 7 | 11.0 | 19.4 | 3.1 | 18.6 | 10.9 |
|  | 160.0 | 158.9 | 160.2 | 160.4 | 29.5 | 10.0 | 21.5 | 1.0 | 19.3 | 10.8 |
| Cereals and bakery products .----------- | 158.4 | 161.1 | 164.1 | 165.6 | 33.0 | 60.0 | 28.4 | 19.5 | 45.9 | 23.9 |
|  | 169.7 | 163.1 | 158.9 | 154.8 | 70.9 | -17.7 | -. 9 | -30.8 | 18.6 | -17.2 |
|  | 151.2 | 153.7 | 154.6 | 154.0. | 22.3 | 51.9 | 18.2 | 7.6 | 36.3 | 12.8 |
| Fruits and vegetables --------1... | 162.7 | 160.7 | 173.7 | 175.0 | -13.8 | 31.5 | 39.9 | 33.8 | 6. 4 | 36.8 |
| Other foods at home ---.--------------------- | 149.9 | 152.3 | 152.6 | 156.9 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 31.1 | 20.0 | 16.5 | 25.4 |
| Food a way from home .-.--------------------- | 154.2 | 155.8 | 157.1 | 158.8 | 14.8 | 16.7 | 10.2 | 12.5 | 15.7 | 11.3 |
|  | 131.5 | 132.9 | 134.6 | 136.4 | 3.6 | 7.6 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 5.6 | 15.9 |
|  | 136.4 | 137.7 | 139.2 | 140.9 | 1.6 | 14.8 | 23.1 | 13.9 | 8.0 | 18.4 |
| Apparel commodities ${ }^{1}$ | 132.5 | 133.6 | 134.3 | 135.5 | 3. 8 | 3.8 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 3.8 | 9.5 |
| Men's and boys' ...- | 132.2 | 133.7 | 134.8. | 136.2 | 3. 2 | 2.9 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 3.0 | 12.9 |
|  | 132.1 | 133.1 | 133.3 | 133.9 | 4. 8 | 3.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 4. 0 | 6.3 |
|  | 134.9 | 135.9 | 136. 9 | 137.3 | 4. 4 | 3. 7 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 4.0 | 7.4 |
| Nondurables less food and apparel -------- | 138.6 | 140.1 | 142.2 | 144.3 | . 3 | 21.7 | 30.8 | 17.5 | 10.5 | 24.0 |
| Gasoline and motor oil -----------1.----1 | 157.7 | 161.2 | 164.2 | 166.2 | -7. 5 | 57.4 | 106.8 | 23.4 | 20.7 | 59.7 |
| Tobacco products (not seasonally <br> adjusted) <br> Alcoholic beverages (not sea sonally | 139.4 | 139.6 | 140.6 | 142.8 | 2. 1 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 10.1 | 1.8 | 6.3 |
| adjusted) ------------------------1.- | 127.1 | 128.3 | 129.1 | 130.0 | 3.0 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 9.4 | 5.0 | 7.6 |
|  | 199.3 | 205.3 | 210.8 | 214.8 | 6.5 | 178.9 | 74.9 | 34.9 | 72.4 | 53.6 |
| Other nondurables ---------------------------- | 126.8 | 127.8 | 129.7 | 132.2 | 3.4 | 5.7 | 12.6 | 18.2 | 4.5 | 15.3 |
| Durable commodities -------------------------- | 124.9 | 126.5 | 128.4 | 130.5 | 3. 7 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 19.2 | 2.3 | 12.4 |
|  | 123.8 | 125.0 | 126. 2 | 127.8 | 4. 4 | 3.4 | 9.2 | 13.6 | 3.9 | 11.4 |
|  | 112.0 | 112.8 | 114.4 | 116.8 | 4.8 | -5. 6 | 3.7 | 18.3 | -. 5 | 10.7 |
| Used cars (not seasonally adjusted) --- | 102.2 | 110.7 | 121.9 | 133.6 | -6. 4 | -23.2 | $-32.1$ | 192.0 | -15. 2 | 40.8 |
| Other durables ---------------------------1-1- | 135.0 | 135.7 | 136.4 | 137.2 | 3. 8 | 5.4 | 13.5 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 10.0 |
| Services (not seasonally adjusted) --------------- | 147.0 | 147.9 | 149.4 | 150.9 | 7. 4 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 11.0 | 8.4 | 10.1 |
| Rent (not sea sonally adjusted) ------1.---------- | 128.4 | 128.8 | 129.3 | 129.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
| Services less rent (not seasonally adjusted) | 150.4 | 15L. 4 | 153. 1 | 154.7 | 7.9 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 10.9 |
| Household services less rent --------------1-1 | 158.8 | 160.3 | 162.6 | 164.5 | 11.5 | 12.6 | 13.7 | 15.1 | 12.0 | 14.4 |
| Transportation services .-. | 139.2 | 139.7 | 140.4 | 141.4 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 2.6 | 3.9 |
|  | 152.4 | 153.3 | 155.2 | 157.8 | 4. 2 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 14.9 | 7.8 | 12.2 |
|  | 137.7 | 138.4 | 140.2 | 141.0 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 8.6 |
| Special indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 138.5 | 139.7 | 141.4 | 143.2 | 5. 3 | 8. 1 | 12.4 | 14.3 | 6. 7 | 13.4 |
|  | 147.1 | 147.7 | 149.2 | 150.2 | 14,4 | 11.9 | 20.8 | 8.7 | 13. 1 | 14.6 |
| Apparel commodities less footwear -----------------1-1 | 132.0 | 133. 1 | 133.9 | 135.1 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 3.7 | 9.9 |
| Services less medical care services (not seasonally adjusted) | 146.2 | 147.1 | 148.5 | 149.8 | 8. 1 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 9.6 |
|  | 158.8 | 159.6 | 160.7 | 162.1 | 13.4 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 7.8 |
| Utilities and public transportation --------------------- | 137.6 | 138.7 | 140.1 | 141.0 | 4. 7 | 9.2 | 11.9 | 10.3 | 6.9 | 11.1 |
| Housekeeping and home maintenance service --.-.- | 165.6 | 167.6 | 172.0 | 174.8 | 8. 1 | 9.1 | 18.9 | 24.1 | 8.6 | 21.5 |
| Appliances (including radio and TV) (not seasonally adjusted) | 106.5 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 108.3 | . 4 | . 8 | 3.1 | 6.9 | . 6 | 5.0 |
|  | Expenditure classes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All items - | - | - | - | - | 10.2 | 9.2 | 14.2 | 10.9 | 9.7 | 12.6 |
| Food -...- | 158.8 | 158.1 | 159.5 | 160.0 | 26.7 | 11.0 | 19.4 | 3.1 | 18.6 | 10.9 |
| Housing | 144.9 | 146.1 | 147.7 | 149.3 | 8.0 | 10.6 | 14.4 | 12.7 | 9.3 | 13.6 |
| Shelter ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 149.5 | 150.5 | 151.8 | 153.1 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.2 | 10.0 |
| Rent (not sea sonally a djusted) ------------- | 128.4 | 128.8 | 129.3 | 129.8 | 4.6 | 4. 9 | 4.8 | 4. 4 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
|  | 157.5 | 158.7 | 160.0 | 161.5 | 10.3 | 11. 5 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 11.4 |
|  | 144.2 | 146.3 | 148. 3 | 149.7 | 4. 5 | 30. 3 | 26.4 | 16.2 | 16.7 | 21.2 |
| Gas and electricity | 139.3 | 141.1 | 143.2 | 144.6 | 6.5 | 11.1 | 28.2 | 16.1 | 8.8 | 22.0 |
| ; Household furnishings and operation --------- | 132.7 | 133.9 | 136.7 | 138.8 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 15.2 | 19.7. | 6.2 | 17.4 |
|  | 132.5 | 133.6 | 134.5 | 135.6 | 4.2 | 4. 8 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 4.5 | 9.6 |
|  | 132.5 | 134.5 | 137.2 | 140.0 | 2.9 | 5.6 | 20.0 | 24.6 | 4.2 | 22.3 |
|  | 131.1 | 133.2 | 136. 2 | 139.0 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 23.0 | 26.4 | 4. 7 | 24.6 |
|  | 146.0 | 146.2 | 146.6 | 148.3 | 2.8 | 2. 2 | -1.1 | 6.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Health and recreation (not seasonally |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 135. 4 | 136.3 | 137.7 | 139.4 | 3. 4 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 12.4 | 4. 7 | 9.9 |
|  | 144.7 | 145.3 | 147. 1 | 149.3 | 4.2 | 10.2 | 8.7 | 13.3 | 7.1 | 11.0 |
|  | 131.8 | 133.0 | 134.6 | 136.4 | 5.2 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 14.7 | 7.2 | 11.5 |
|  | 129.9 | 130.4 | 131.9 | 133.2 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 7. 1 | 10.6 | 3. 4 | 8.8 |
|  | 132.9 | 133.7 | 134,5 | 135.9 | 1.6 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 9.3 | 3.4 | 7.1 |
| Special indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  | 141.5 | 142.3 | 143.9 | 145.4 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 15.1 | 11.5 | 9.9 | 13.3 |
|  | 143.2 | 144.0 | 145. 5 | 147.0 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 14.6 | 11.0 | 9.8 | 12.8 |
| All items less mortgage interest costs ------------- | 141.7 | 142.5 | 144.1 | 145, 4 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 13.8 | 10.9 | 9.0 | 12.3 |
| CPI - domestically produced farm foods (not sea sonally adjusted) | 161.7 | 159.9 | 160.4 | 160.2 | 32.7 | 5.4 | 25.7 | -3. 7 | 18.3 | 10.1 |
| CPI - selected beef cuts (not seasonally <br> adjusted) | 176.8 | 167.5 | 163.3 | 161.9 | 39.9 | -26.9 | 38. 1 | -29.7 | 1.1 | -1.5 |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Also includes infants' wear, sewing materials, and jewelry not shown separately.
2 Also includes hotel and motel rates not shown separately.
${ }^{3}$ Includes home purchase, mortgage interest, taxes, insurance, and maintenance and repairs.
4 Also includes residential telephone, fuel oil, coal, water, and sewerage service not shown separately.
NOTE: Index applies to month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Table 3. Consumer Price Index-United States and selected areas for urban wage earners and clerical workers,
all items most recent index and percent changes from selected dates

| Area ${ }^{1}$ | Pricing schedule ${ }^{2}$ | Indexes |  |  | Percent change from: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $1967=100$ | 1957-59= | Other bases |  |  |  |
|  | M | June 1974 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ | May $1974$ |
|  |  | 147.1 | 171.1 |  | 11.1 | 2.8 | 1.0 |
|  | M | 145.9 | 165.7 |  | 10.8 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
|  | M | 148.7 | 170.9 |  | 11.2 | 2.6 | 1.4 |
|  | M | 141.8 | 166.7 |  | 10.4 | 3.1 | . 9 |
|  | M | 153.8 | 183.0 |  | 10.6 | 2. 0 | . 9 |
|  | M | 151.1 | 176.5 |  | 12.2 | 2.8 | 1.1 |
|  |  | April 1974 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April } \\ 1973 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { January } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 1 | 145.3 | 174.0 |  | 9.7 | 2.3 |  |
|  | 1 | 143.1 | 163.7 |  | 9.7 | 2.9 |  |
|  | 1 | 145. 2 | 168.3 |  | 11.0 | 3. 5 |  |
|  | 1 | 144.2 | 165.8 |  | 9.9 | 3.5 |  |
|  |  | May 1974 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 2 | 147.7 |  | ${ }^{3} 162.3$ | 10.9 | 2. 4 |  |
|  | 2 | 146.2 | 165. 1 |  | 10.2 | 2.9 |  |
|  | 2 | 143.3 |  | ${ }^{3} 155.0$ | 9.7 | 2. 7 |  |
|  | 2 | 142.1 | 160.5 |  | 9.3 | 2.2 |  |
|  | 2 | 145.3 | 163.9 | -152.8 | 11.2 | 3.6 |  |
|  | 2 | 147.7 172.1 |  |  | 10.8 | 2.6 |  |
|  | - | June 1974 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 3 | 147.5 | 169.6 |  | 11.2 | 2. 4 |  |
|  | 3 | 151.7 | 176.1 |  | 13.5 | 3.0 |  |
|  | 3 | 146.1 | 165.8 |  | 11.6 | 3.4 |  |
|  | 3 | 141.4 |  | ${ }^{5} 152.4$ | 10.9 | 2.7 |  |
|  | 3 | 143.6 | 170.5 |  | 10.6 | 3.6 |  |
|  | 3 | 141.4 | 165.2 |  | 10.4 | 2.3 |  |
|  | 3 | 144.1 | 171.4 |  | 10.3 | 3.5 |  |
| 1 Area coverage includes the urban portion of the corresponding Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) except for New York and Chicago where the more extensive Standard Consolidated Areas are used. Area definitions are those established for the 1960 Census and do not include revisions made since 1960. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Foods. fuels, and several other items priced every month in all cities; most other goods and services priced as indicated: <br> M - Every month. <br> 1-January, April, July, and October. . <br> 2 - February, May, August, and November. <br> 3 - March, June, September, and December. <br> ${ }^{3}$ November 1963=100. <br> * February 1965=100. <br> ${ }^{5}$ December 1963=100. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4. Consumer Price Index-United States and selected areas 'for urban wage earners and clerical workers, major groups, percent from May 1974 to June 1974

| Group | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { U.S. } \\ \text { city } \\ \text { average } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Chicago | Detroit | Los AngelegLong Beach | New YorkNortheastern New Jersey | Philadelphia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
|  | . 4 | . 8 | . 2 | . 7 | . 9 | . 1 |
| Housing -------------------------------------------------- | 1.1 | 1. 3 | 2.1 | . 5 | . 6 | . 8 |
|  | . 5 | . 7 | 1.2 | . 2 | -. 1 | 1. 2 |
|  | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
|  | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
|  | 1.5 | 2.9 | (i) ${ }^{9}$ | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| Personal care --------------------------------------- | 1.2 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ( ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
|  | 1.1 1.0 | I. 0 | -.5 4.0 | . 6 | +9 $\cdot 7$ | 2. 0 |
|  |  |  |  | . | . | 2.6 |

See footnote l, table 3.
2 Not available.

| Group | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { city } \\ \text { average } \end{gathered}$ | Chicago | Detroit | Los AngelesLong Beach | New YorkNortheastern New Jersey | Philadelphia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Indexes ( $1967=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 147. 1 | 145.9 | 148.7 | 141.8 | 153.8 | 151.1 |
|  | 160.3 | 160.1 | 162.8 | 155.3 | 164.3 | 163.2 |
|  | 160.9 | 161.3 | 163.7 | 157.6 | 164.9 | 162.5 |
|  | 165.3 | 172.4 | 185.0 | 161.9 | 164.9 | 165.9 |
|  | 155. 1 | 154.0 | 157.4 | 155. 5 | 158.8 | 159.5 |
|  | 153.8 | 150.9 | 157.9 | 149.1 | 156.7 | 153.2 |
|  | 183.1 | 185.7 | 174.8 | 174.4 | 196.6 | 184.1 |
|  | 154. 4 | 155.7 | 156.5 | 151.5 | 155.3 | 154.0 |
|  | 158.6 | 155.4 | 159.3 | 148.8 | 163.0 | 166.5 |
|  | 149.2 | 143.3 | 150.3 | 141.2 | 159.3 | 155.8 |
|  | 152.8 | 146. 8 | 158.7 | 142.5 | 162. 5 | 163.9 |
|  | 129.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 129.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 143. 1 | $\left(^{2}\right.$ ) |
|  | 161.2 | 156.0 | 164.5 | 147.2 | 177.1 | 171.4 |
|  | 149.4 | 138.9 | 141.9 | 142.0 | 170.0 | 156.8 |
|  | 214.2 | ${ }^{3} 211.3$ | 210.2 | - | 216.7 | 205.6 |
|  | 144.5 | 130.9 | 143.9 | 159.7 | 173.0 | 160.7 |
|  | 139.2 | 135.2 | 130.2 | 136.4 | 144.8 | 140.2 |
|  | 135.7 | 132.3 | 131.3 | 132.7 | 134.5 | 131.9 |
|  | 137.0 | 130.9 | 135.1 | 126.6 | 137.0 | 140.9 |
|  | 133.6 | 133.4 | 120.7 | 134. 1 | 128.2 | 120.7 |
|  | 137.4 | 131.7 | 145.6 | 135. 5 | 132.5 | 138.7 |
|  | 140.7 | 143.6 | 142.0 | 141.3 | 148.2 | 143.3 |
|  | 139.8 | 140.5 | 140.9 | 142. 7 | 144.1 | 142.7 |
|  | 148.6 | 162.9 | 155.6 | 115.9 | 164. 1 | 147.2 |
|  | 139.4 | 142.1 | 144.1 | 133.6 | 146.8 | 145.3 |
|  | 149.4 | 150.7 | 160.8 | 146. 9 | 159.9 | 163.1 |
|  | 136.5 | 137.6 | (2.) | 128.4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $(2)^{2}$ |
|  | 133.5 | 135.9 | 132.4 | 124.4 | 140.6 | 138.4 |
|  | 135.8 | 141.6 | 139.0 | 128.4 | 144.2 | 140.0 |
|  | Percent changes March 1974 to June 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 2.8 |
|  | . 8 | . 4 | -. 2 | 2.3 | . 7 | . 1 |
|  | . 2 | 0 | -1.0 | 2. 0 | . 1. | -. 7 |
| Cereals and bakery products | 4. 2 | 5. 5 | 5. 0 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 5.1 |
|  | -9.6 | -9. 4 | -10.7 | -10.0 | -8. 5 | -9.3 |
|  | 1. 5 | . 7 | 1.0 | 7. 7 | $1{ }^{7} 7$ | . 7 |
|  | 12.7 | 14.3 | 11. 3 | 15. 7 | 13.7 | 9.9 |
|  | 2. 8 | 2. 2 | 2. 2 | 4. 2 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
|  | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 3. 1 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
|  | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3. 3 | 1. 8 | 1.3 | 3.9 |
|  | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1,0 | . 6 | 3.1 |
|  | 1. 1 | ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ | 4.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 4 | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
|  | 2.5 | 2. 4 | 3. 1 | 1.0 | . 1 | 3.6 |
|  | 3.1 | 4. 3 | 4.0 | 1.5 | . 8 | 7.0 |
|  | 6.3 3.2 | 12.1 2.3 | 4. 7 | 2. 3 | 2.8 .5 | 2.7 |
|  | 5. 0 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 3.3 |
|  | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2. 7 | 2.8 | . 4 | 1. 4 |
|  | 3.9 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 3. 0 | 1. 3 | 3. 5 |
| Women's and girls | 1.5 | 1.4 | $\cdots 4$ | 1.2 | -1.8 | -. 8 |
| Footwear ------------------------------------------------------------------------------- | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1. 2 | 1.9 | -. 5 | 1.5 |
|  | 6.6 | 6.3 | 5. 3 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 5. 5 |
|  | 7.2 | 7.6 | 5.9 | 7.5 -3.0 | 6.5 1.0 | 6.3 1.5 |
|  | 1.4 | -. 6 | -. 1 | -3.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
|  | 3. 0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3. 6 | 3. 8 | 4.1 |
|  | 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 3. 2 | 3. ${ }^{7}$ | 4.6 |
|  | 3.6 | 3.2 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | 5.6 | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
|  | 3. 1 | 4. 3 | . 8 | 4. 0 | 5. 0 | 3. 8 |
| Other goods and services | 2.3 | 1. 1 | 5.1 | 2. 4 | 2.5 | 4.3 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Consumer Price Index-United States and selected areas ${ }^{1}$ for urban wage earners and clerical workers, commodity groups, June 1974, and percent changes from March 1974-Continued

| Group | Atlanta | Baltimore | Cincinnati | Honolulu | Kansas City | San Franciico- Oakland | St. Louis |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Indexes (1967=100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 147.5 | 151.7 | 146. 1 | 141.4 | 143.6 | 144. 1 | 141.4 |
|  | 162.5 | 161.9 | 162.1 | 156.6 | 160.4 | 154.9 | 157.7 |
|  | 163.5 | 161. 3 | 164.1 | 157.6 | 161.3 | 158.6 | 157.9 |
| Cereals and bakery products -----------------1-1- | 171.5 | 163.6 | 175.4 | 176. 3 | 165.4 | 156. 4 | 172.9 |
|  | 157.4 | 158.4 | 153. 5 | 155.7 | 152.3 | 157. 5 | 143.9 |
|  | 159.9 | 151. 3 | 165. 2 | 152.6 | 174.8 | 149. 2 | 159.3 |
|  | 186.1 | 180.5 | 177.6 | 153.4 | 167.2 | 175.2 | 180.4 |
|  | 155.5 | 156. 3 | 161.0 | 153.0 | 157.3 | 155.0 | 150.3 |
|  | 158.9 | 164.1 | 154.6 | 153.0 | 157.7 | 142. 2 | 156.9 |
|  | 149.3 | 160.5 | 142.9 | 138.1 | 140.8 | 147.4 | 137.0 |
|  | 154.7 | 170.4 | 145.6 | 141.7 | 146.0 | 151.9 | 135.4 |
|  | 124.7 | 120.9 | 115. 3 | 142.5 | 115.1 | 138.4 | 112.5 |
|  | 163.6 | 191. 3 | 159. 5 | 141. 3 | 158.0 | 158.9 | 141.7 |
|  | 140.8 | 153.7 | 146. 1 | 127.9 | 129.3 | 132.8 | 138. 1 |
|  | - | 217.6 | - | - | - | - | 223.2 |
|  | 143. 3 | 151.1 | 135.1 | 135.4 | 133.3 | 140.1 | 128.2 |
| Household furnishings and operation ------------ | 141.7 | 142.6 | 134.0 | 131.7 | 134.5 | 139.8 | 139.6 |
|  | 133.8 | 140. 5 | 135.3 | 132.5 | 137. 1 | 136. 1 | 128.8 |
|  | 141.6 | 149.1 | 135.0 | 126.8 | 132.7 | 138. 6 | 133.0 |
|  | 129.0 | 126. 3 | 129.1 | 130.5 | 139.3 | 135.9 | 124.3 |
|  | 125.2 | ${ }^{5} 149.4$ | 146.1 | 133.4 | 145. 2 | 133.2 | 137.6 |
| Transportation | 135.1 | 136.9 | 137.8 | 136.9 | 139.4 | 139.1 | 137.8 |
| Private <br> Public $\qquad$ | 138.5 91.3 | 138.8 123.7 | 142.3 103.0 | 136.8 120.9 | 138.9 146.4 | 138.9 141.9 | 141.0 99.0 |
|  | 145. 3 | 142.4 | 142. 3 | 134.9 | 138. 0 | 135.0 | 136.7 |
| Medical care | 163.4 | 166.2 | 157.3 | 147.7 | 147.0 | 142.5 | 138.7 |
|  | 144.6 | 135.6 | 144.7 | 139.0 | 138.7 | 135.4 | 137.2 |
|  | 134. 0 | 131.6 | 127.6 | 135.3 | 127. 2 | 128.4 | 132.5 |
|  | 131.4 | 134.9 | 140.4 | 117.9 | 139.6 | 131.7 | 137.9 |
|  | Percent changes March 1974 to June 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.3 |
| Food ----------------------------------------------------------- | - 2 | . 3 | 1.3 | . 8 | . 5 | 2.2 | -. 5 |
|  | -1.0 | -1,0 | 1.1 | . 4 | -. 3 | 2. 0 | -1.1 |
|  | 3.9 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3. 8 | 3. 4 | 4.2 |
|  | -9. 9 | -9.4 | -9.2 | -4.5 | -10.3 | -6. 3 | -12.8 |
|  | . 5 | -. 3 | 1.8 | 6.3 | 1. 2 | 5.7 | . 8 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 10.3 | 8.7 | 14.3 | - 1 | 10.0 | 13.1 | 11.4 |
|  | 1. 0 | 2.5 | 5.4 | 3. 5 | 3. 5 | 4.4 | 2.6 |
|  | 2.5 | 6.0 | 2.0 | 2. 1 | 3. 1 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| Housing | 1.1 | 4. 2 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 5. 4 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
|  | . 4 | 3. 3 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 6. 4 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
|  | . 9 | 1. 2 | . 9 | 2. 3 | . 7 | . 8 | . 6 |
|  | . 1 | 3. 9 | 3. 5 | . 3 | 8. 2 | 2. 8 | 2. 6 |
|  | 1.1 | 6.3 | 7. 7 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 2. 1 |
| Fuel oil and coal | - 7 | 3. 3 | 6 | - | - |  | 7. 1 |
| Gas and electricity | 1. 7 | 12.3 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 4. 8 | 2. 3 | . 8 |
| Household furnishings and operation ------------- | 2.7 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 5.9 |
|  | 2. 7 | 1. 7 | 1.8 | 1. 8 | 2. 0 | 3.0 | 2. 1 |
|  | 3. 1 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1. 3 | 1. 8 | 4.4 | 7. 7 |
|  | 2.6 | . 2 | . 5 | - 3 | 1. 5 | 2.1 | -1.3 |
|  | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 2. 3 | 2.9 | . 9 |
|  | 7.6 | 6.0 | 9.5 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 6. 7 |
|  | 7.7 | 6.7 | 10.1 | 4.5 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7. 0 |
|  | 8.4 | . 7 | 2. 5 | 3.0 | 2. 2 | 2. 4 | 3.0 |
|  | 4. 1 | 3. 2 | 2. 5 | 5. 7 | 2. 8 | 3.8 | 2. 4 |
|  | 5. 7 | 5.7 | 1.4 | 5.9 | 2. 1 | 2.8 | 1. 2 |
|  | 4. 2 | 3. 0 | 6. 1 | 9.5 | 4. 4 | 7.2 | 2. 9 |
|  | 2.4 | 1. 3 | 2. 3 | 6.9 | 3. 5 | 3.3 | 5. 3 |
|  | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2. 4 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 4.6 | . 9 |

${ }_{2}$ See footnote l, table 3.
2 Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Revised index: May 1974, 207. 4.
4 Change from April 1974.
5 Revised index: March 1974, 147.2.

Table 6. Consumer Price Index-United States and selected areas for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food and its subgroups, June 1974, and percent changes from May 1974

| Area ${ }^{1}$ | Total food | Food at home |  |  |  |  |  | Food away from home |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cereals } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { bakery } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Meats, poultry, and fish, | Dairy products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fruits } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { vegetables } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | Indexes ( $1967=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 160.3 | 160.9 | 165.3 | 155.1 | 153.8 | 183. 1 | 154.4 | 158.6 |
|  | 162. 5 | 163.5 | 171.5 | 157.4 | 159.9 | 186.1 | 155.5 | 158.9 |
|  | 161.9 | 161,3 | 163.6 | 158. 4 | 151.3 | 180.5 | 156.3 | 164. 1 |
|  | 159.8 | 160.8 | 161.8 | 160.5 | 149.1 | 179.4 | 153.4 | 155.8 |
|  | 159.8 | 159.2 | 169.0 | 156. 3 | 151.4 | 179.5 | 146.6 | 163.6 |
|  | 160. 1 | 161. 3 | 172. 4 | 154.0 | 150.9 | 185. 7 | 155.7 | 155.4 |
|  | 162.1 | 164.1 | 175. 4 | 153. 5 | 165.2 | 177.6 | 161.0 | 154.6 |
| Cleveland ---------------------------------- | 158.8 | 159. 2 | 164.1 | 149.8 | 165.4 | 180.1 | 150.7 | 156.9 |
|  | 155. 4 | 153. 3 | 159.1 | 146.3 | 148.6 | 169.4 | 151.2 | 163.0 |
| Detroit ----------------------------------- | 162.8 | 163.7 | 185. 0 | 157.4 | 157. 9 | 174.8 | 156.5 | 159.3 |
| Honolulu --------------------------------- | 156. 6 | 157.6 | 176. 3 | 155.7 | 152.6 | 153.4 | 153.0 | 153.0 |
|  | 161. 4 | 159. 1 | 163. 1 | 153.9 | 162.9 | 168.9 | 154.9 | 169.5 |
|  | 160. 4 | 161.3 | 165. 4 | 152.3 | 174.8 | 167.2 | 157.3 | 157.7 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach ............- | 155. 3 | 157.6 | 161.9 | 155.5 | 149.1 | 174.4 | 151.5 | 148.8 |
| Milwaukee ------------------------------- | 156. 2 | 156.9 | 166. 3 | 150.0 | 154. 3 | 174.9 | 151.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
|  | 162. 1 | 161. 6 | 177. 5 | 157.6 | 159.0 | 165. 4 | 156. 8 | 164.3 |
| N. Y. -Northeastern N. J -------------- | 164. 3 | 164.9 | 164.9 | 158.8 | 156. 7 | 196.6 | 155.3 | 163.0 |
| Philadelphia ----------------------------- | 163.2 | 162.5 | 165.9 | 159.5 | 153.2 | 184. 1 | 154.0 | 166.5 |
|  | 162.8 | 162.1 | 168.8 | 153.3 | 150. 4 | 192.6 | 156.0 | 167.3 |
| St. Louis ---------------------------------- | 157. 7 | 157.9 | 172.9 | 143.9 | 159. 3 | 180.4 | 150.3 | 156.9 ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | 158.3 | 156. 1 | 157.3 | 158.0 | 148. 3 | 168. 5 | 148.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| San Francisco-Oakland .-...........-- | 154.9 | 158. 6 | 156. 4 | 157.5 | 149.2 | 175. 2 | 155.0 | 142.2 |
| Seattle ------------------------------------------ | 155. 4 | 157.9 | 160. 1 | 157.5 | 151. 3 | 166. 5 | 155.9 | 147.3 |
|  | 163.9 | 162.5 | 169.2 | 153, 1 | 145.0 | 194.8 | 161. 7 | 167. I |
|  | Percent changes May 1974 to June 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | -2. 2 | -0. 5 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 1.0 |
|  | -. 1 | -. 6 | . 7 | -2.8 | -. 6 | -. 1 | 1.4 | 1. 5 |
|  | -. 2 | -1.0 | . 9 | -2. 6 | -3.8 | 1.1 | . 6 | 2.9 |
|  | . 6. | . 6 | -. 6 | -. 5 | -. 5 | 2. 3 | 2.5 | . 6 |
| Buffalo ------------------------------------ | . 1 | -. 1 | . 1 | -1.8 | -. 5 | 1.8 | 1. 3 | 1.0 |
| Chicago ----------------------------------- | . 8 | . 7 | 1.8 | - 1 | -. 9 | 2. 0 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
|  | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | -3. 6 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 3.1 | . 8 |
|  | -. 7 | -1.0 | -. 1 | -2. 3 | -1. 3 | -1. 6 | 1. 5 | . 7 |
|  | -. 3 | -. 7 | . 2 | -4. 4 | -. 9 | 3. 2 | 1. 0 | 1.0 |
|  | . 2 | . 1 | 3.8 | -4.4 | . 3 | 2. 3 | 4.0 | . 8 |
|  | . 2 | . 3 | -. 1 | -. 6 | . 8 | . 3 | 1.6 | 0 |
| Houston -------------------------------------- | -. 1 | -. 4 | . 6 | -5. 0 | -. 2 | 4. 5 | 1.9 | 1. 3 |
| Kansas City ----------------------------- | $\cdots$ | -. 2 | . 5 | -4.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | . 3 |
|  | . 7 | . 8 | ${ }^{+4}$ | -2.4 | -. 1 | 7.0 | 1. 6 | $\left(i^{4}\right.$ |
|  | ${ }^{0} 4$ | 0 | 1. 8 | -3.7 | -. 4 | 4. 2 | 1.9 | (2) |
|  | . 4 | .2 1.0 | .5 1.4 | -2.8 | -8 -.9 | 2. 6 | 2.3 | 1.0 |
| N. Y. - Northea stern N. J -------------------------------- | . 9 | 1,0 -.1 | 1.4 -.2 | -1.7 -1.4 | -.9 | 5.1 | 3.1 | . 8 |
| Philadelphia ------------------------------------------------ | .1 | $\cdots$ | -.2 . | -1. 4 | -.6 -2.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1. 1 |
|  | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | -2. 1 | -2.0 | 2.4 | 2. 4 | . 7 |
|  | -. 1 | -. 4 | . 3 | -3.9 | . 8 | 1.9 | 1. 5 | 1.0 |
| San Diego -------------------------------- | . 6 | . 8 | 1. 3 | -1. 3 | $\cdots 4$ | 4. 4 | 1.7 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
|  | . 8 | 1.0 | . 7 | -. 7 | -. 2 | 4.4 | 1.6 | . 6 |
|  | . 2 | . 3 | 1. 1 | -2. 3 | -. 8 | 1.9 | 2. 8 | 0 |
|  | -. 2 | -. 4 | 1.3 | $-1.2$ | -2.0 | -. 7 | . 9 | . 5 |

1 See footnote l, table 3.
2 Not available.

Table 7. Consumer Price Index-United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food items, June 1974 indexes, and percent changes from selected dates

| Item and group | Index |  | Percent change to June 1974from- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1974 |  | June 1973Unadjusted | May 1974 |  |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |  | Unadjusted | Sea sonally adjusted |
|  | 160.3 | 160.0 | 14.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
|  | 158.6 | 158.8 | 13.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
|  | 159.1 | 159.1 | 13.2 | . 9 | . 9 |
|  | 155.9 | 156. 2 | 14.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
|  | 160.9 | 160.4 | 15.0 | . 3 | . 1 |
|  | 165. 3 | 165.6 | 34. 4 | . 6 | . 9 |
|  | 172.9 | 173.8 | 47.7 | -4.9 | -4.2 |
|  | 188.7 | 187.9 | 32. 3 | 2. 3 | 2.2 |
|  | 131.5 245.3 | 131.4 245.8 | 25.2 93.5 | 6.1 .3 | 6.6 .7 |
|  | 159.5 | 160.3 | 31.5 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
|  | 161.8 | 163.1 | 26.8 | -. 5 | 0 |
|  | 140.8 | 141.9 | 26. 1 | -. 1 | 1.4 |
|  | 154.3 | 154.6 | 22.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
|  | 160.2 | 160.0 | 24.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Meats, poultry, and fish $\qquad$ <br> Meata $\qquad$ | 155.1 154.8 | 154.8 154.6 | -1.9 -1.2 | -2.2 | -2.6 |
|  | 163.9 | 163.4 | . 2 | -1.1 | -1.0 |
|  | 159.6 | 159.0 | . 9 | -. 4 | -. 1 |
|  | 152.7 | 151.8 | . 9 | 1.1 | . 7 |
| Steak, porterhouse ------------------------------------------- | 154. 7 | 153.6 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 4 |
|  | 156. 7 | 155.6 | 1.2 | -. 6 | -. 3 |
|  | 162. 1 | 162.3 | -. 9 | -. 8 | -. 2 |
|  | 160.1 | 160.6 | -7.2 | -2. 3 | -. 9 |
|  | 171.8 | 171.1 | -. 2 | -2.0 | -1.9 |
|  | 156.0 | 155.4 | -. 1 | -7. 2 | -6.6 |
|  | 197.9 | 197.1 | 5.0 | $-2$ | . 2 |
|  | 141.2 | 142.8 | -6. 7 | -5. 1 | -5.9 |
|  | 138.8 | 140.5 | -6. 7 | -2. 7 | -4.5 |
|  | 144.0 | 145. 7 | -6. 4 | -4.3 | -5. 8 |
|  | 161.9 | 162.2 | -3.1 | -5.8 | -6. 4 |
|  | 135.8 | 138.1 | -2. 7 | -5. 2 | -5.1 |
|  | 142. 1 | 144.4 | -10.1 | -6. 3 | -4.9 |
|  | 133.4 | 134.5 | -9.4 | -7.1 | -7.9 |
|  | 154.1 | 153.9 | 3. 3 | -1.9 | -2.0 |
|  | 157.4 | 156.8 | 9. 5 | 4.2 | 3.4 |
|  | 151.5 | 151.8 | -3. 3 | -3.6 | -3.6 |
|  | 148.9 158.1 | 149.9 157.8 | 5.8 1.0 | -4.9 | -4.2 |
|  | 155.7 | 155. 1 | 4.0 | -2.6 -2.2 | -3.0 |
|  | 153.0 | 152.8 | 3. 3 | -2. 2 | -2.2 |
| Poultry -------------------------------------------------------------- | 135.8 | 133.8 | -9.9 | -2.1 | -3.0 |
| Frying chicken | 135. 7 | 133.2 | -11.7 | -1.9 | -2.8 |
|  | 138.3 | 137.9 | -4.9 | -1. 7 | -1.5 |
|  | 134. 2 | 134.2 | -6. 0 | -3.3 | -4.1 |
| Fish ------------------------------------------------------------------ | 187. 1 | 186. 7 | 14.3 | 0 | . 1 |
|  | 169.3 | 167.8 | 7.9 | -1. 5 | -2.0 |
|  | 215.3 | 215. 1 | 13.6 | -. 8 | -. 6 |
|  | 169.6 | 168.9 | 17. 2 | . 7 | . 8 |
|  | 194.7 | 195.3 | 18.8 | 1.8 | 2. 4 |
|  | 153.8 | 154.0 . | 23.9 | -. 5 | -. 4 |
|  | 155.5 | $156.0^{\text {. }}$ | 26.6 | -. 6 | -. 3 |
|  | 167.8 | 167.8 | 28. 1 | -. 1 | . 2 |
|  | 172.3 | 171.6 | 29.1 | . 7 | . 6 |
|  | 133. 1 | 133.8 | 20. 3 | 2.1 | 2. 2 |
|  | 171.7 | 171.0 | 26. 3 | -1.5 | -1. 7 |
|  | 109.9 | 110.3 | 7.1 | -3. 3 | -3. 5 |

See footnote at end of table.

Table 7. Consumer Price lndex-United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, food items, June 1974 indexes, and percent changes from selected dates-Continued

| Item and group | Index |  | Percent change to June 1974from- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1974 |  | $\frac{\text { June } 1973}{\text { Unadjusted }}$ | May 1974 |  |
|  | Unadjusted | $\begin{gathered} \text { Seasonally } \\ \text { adjusted } \end{gathered}$ |  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted. |
| Food-Continued <br> Food at home-Continued <br> Fruits and vegetables |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 190.3 | 176.7 | 13.1 | 4. 7 | 0.7 |
|  | 168.0 | 156.0 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 4.5 |
|  | 175.9 | 157.9 | 6. 4 | 7.4 | -1.3 |
|  | 149. 1 | 144.1 | 35. 4 | 24.0 | 20.4 |
|  | 149.5 | 153.0 | 10.4 | 2.0 | -. 1 |
|  | 139.0 | 139.1 | 4. 7 | . 7 | . 3 |
|  | 147.0 | 141.5 | 2.4 | 6.4 | -6. 2 |
|  | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | - | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | (1) | (1) |
| Strawberries ------------------------------------------------ | 132. 3 | 135.8 | 3.6 | 8.4 | 4.2 |
|  | 215. 7 | 181. 3 | 29.4 | (1) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
|  | 208. 4 | 192.4 | 14.0 | 0 | $-9$ |
|  | 323.1 | 292.4 | 42.8 | -2.0 | -11.0 |
|  | 150. 7 | 140. 1 | -25. 8 | 5.3 | . 1 |
|  | 168.7 | 180.4 | 7. 7 | 11.3 | 14.2 |
|  | 164.8 | 156.7 | 1.5 | 10.2 | 15.2 |
|  | 151.4 | 148.6 | 10.7 | 13.2 | 8.2 |
|  | 155.8 | 153. 2 | 7. 7 | 7.6 | 9.0 |
|  | 139.5 | 138.7 | 1.2 | -18. 7 | -13.9 |
|  | 188.6 | 187. 3 | -15. 4 | 4. 5 | 5.5 |
|  | 171.7 | 156.2 | 11.6 | -12. 4 | 15.5 |
|  | 177.2 | 179.0 | 10.6 | 2.9 | 3.5 |
|  | 180.8 | 167.9 | 32.4 | . 9 | -1. 7 |
|  | 172.3 | 172.8 | 35.5 | . 4 | . 5 |
|  | 148.9 | 149.3 | 15. 1 | 1. 2 | 1.6 |
| Pears, canned -------------------------------------------------- | 136. 7 | 136.8 | 9.4 | . 7 | . 6 |
|  | 129.7 | 130.0 | 8. 4 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
|  | 141. 2 | 141.5 | 4. 1 | . 4 | . 4 |
|  | 132.9 | 133.4 | 11.5 | . 8 | 1. 8 |
|  | 158.6 | 158. 3 | 14.6 | 1.0 | . 7 |
|  | 124.6 | 125.0 | 13.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
|  | 145.6 | 145. 3 | 16.7 | . 6 | . 5 |
|  | 433.9 | 439.6 | 191.2 | -1. 3 | -1.1 |
|  | 134.5 | 134.1 | 10.0 | . 4 | . 1 |
|  | 154. 4 | 156.9 | 20.9 | 2.1 | 2. 8 |
|  | 128.4 | 144.9 | -12.4 | -3.6 | 1.3 |
| Fats and oils: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 195. 2 | 194.4 | 55.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
|  | 128.2 | 128.6 | 16.0 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
|  | 192.6 | 192.8 | 50.8 | -. 3 | 0 |
|  | 184. 1 | 183.9 | 44.3 | 4. 7 | 5.0 |
|  | 234.7 | 234.7 | 91.3 | 14.0 | 14.0 |
|  | 162.7 | 162.2 | 21.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
|  | 191. 0 | 190.6 | 40.5 | . 5 | . 4 |
|  | 155.2 | 155.4 | 33.6 | . 8 | 1.5 |
|  | 153.8 | 153.6 | 17.0 | 3.0 | 3. 1 |
|  | 160.4 | 160.9 | 16.8 | 2. 4 | 2.9 |
|  | 158.4 | 157.5 | 19.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
|  | 119.0 | 118.4 | 7.0 | 1. 4 | 1.1 |
|  | 158.6 | 158.0 | 20.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
|  | 158. 1 | 157.5 | 20.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
|  | 142.3 | 142.3 | 20.3 | 3. 0 | 3.1 |
|  | 166.8 | 166.6 | 41.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
|  | 129.1 | 129.4 | 22.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
|  | 139.1 | 139.4 | 12.2 | 3. 7 | 3. 9 |
|  | 137.2 | 136. 2 | 15.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
|  | 146.3 136.8 | 146.3 137.2 | 28.2 19.3 | 1.8 2.9 | 1.8 3.2 |
|  | 140.7 | 141.4 | 7.2 | -. 4 | . 3 |
| Pretzels --------------------------------------------------------------- | 142.0 | 141.4 | 20.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 |

[^1]Table 8. Consumer Price Index-United Statea city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers, indexes for selected items and groups, June 1974, and percent changes from selected dates

| ltem and group | Other <br> index <br> base | Indexes |  | Percent change to June 1974 from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | May $1974$ | June 1974 | June 1973 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 147.6 | 149.2 | 11.4 | 1,1 |
| Shelter ${ }^{1}$ |  | 151. 3 | 152.8 | 9.6 | 1.0 |
| Rent, residential |  | 129.3 | 129.8 | 4.7 | . 4 |
|  |  | 159.4 | 161. 2 | 11.2 | 1.1 |
|  |  | 134.9 | 136.8 | 15.2 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 149.9 | 149.9 | -1. 7 | 0 |
|  |  | 124. 7 | 124.6 | -. 2 | $-1$ |
|  |  | 167.6 | 171.2 | 13.0 | 2. 1 |
|  |  | 150.5 | 153.1 | 10.9 | 1.7 |
|  |  | 132.3 | 135.5 | 14.0 | 2. 4 |
|  |  | 128.1 | 131.1 | 8. 8 | 2. 3 |
|  |  | 175.0 | 179.0 | 13.9 | 2. 3 |
|  |  | 184. 4 | 188. 4 | 10.3 | 2. 2 |
|  |  | 190.3 | 196.1 | 19.5 | 3. 0 |
|  |  | 165. 1 | 169.6 | 16.8 | 2. 7 |
|  |  | 171.5 | 174.0 | 12.5 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 172.7 | 175.1 | 8.2 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 148.6 | 149.4 | 18.9 | . 5 |
|  |  | 211.0 | 214.2 | 62.8 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 210.2 | 213.8 | 63.7 | 1. 7 |
|  |  | 143.9 | 144.5 | 15.2 | . 4 |
|  |  | 146.3 | 147.7 | 18.5 | 1.0 |
| Other utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 121.1 | 121. 1 | 4.5 | 0 |
|  |  | 153.9 | 154.4 | 5.2 | 3 |
|  |  | 137.0 | 139.2 | 11.6 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 127.6 | 129.6 | 8. 8 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 129.1 | 131.1 | 12.6 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 133.2 | 137.5 | 13.9 | 3.2 |
|  |  | 125.3 | 125.3 | 10.5 | 0 |
|  |  | 134. 1 | 135.9 | 20.7 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 148.6 | 151.8 | 19.2 | 2.2 |
|  |  | 109.7 | 110.4 | 2.2 | . 6 |
|  |  | 123.0 | 125.2 | 8. 0 | 1.8 |
|  |  | 134.7 | 136.3 | 8.4 | 1.2 |
| Bedroom furniture, chest and dresser ----------------- - - - | Mar. 70 | 119.0 | 120.7 | 9.8 | 1.4 |
| Sofas, upholstered |  | 128.9 | 130.8 | 5.2 | 1.5 |
|  | Dec. 71 | 113.3 | 115.7 | 10.7 | 2.1 |
|  | Mar. 70 | 119.4 | 120.7 | 10.5 | 1.1 |
|  | Dec. 71 | 105. 1 | 105. 1 | 5.2 | 0 |
|  |  | 127.9 | 128.0 | 6.6 | . 1 |
|  | June 70 | 115.6 | 118.1 | 10.4 | 2.2 |
|  |  | 143.4 | 142.2 | 7.6 | -. 8 |
|  |  | 135. 1 | 137.0 | 10.2 | 1. 4 |
|  |  | 115.1 | 117.0 | 8.4 | 1.7 |
| Broadloom, carpeting, manmade fibers -------------- |  | 109.0 | 111.0 | 8.2 | 1.8 |
|  |  | 127.3 | 127.9 | 6.1 | . 5 |
|  |  | 131.2 | 134.3 | 12.1 | 2. 4 |
|  |  | 112.4 | 113.7 | 3.6 | 1. 2 |
| Washing machines, electric, automatic ---------------- |  | 113.5 | 114.7 | 3.4 | 1,1 |
|  |  | 105.6 | 107.3 | 3.0 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 110.2 | 111.4 | 3.0 | 1.1 |
| Ranges, free standing, gas or electric .-...............- |  | 112.4 | 113.9 | 3.8 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 117.5 | 119.2 | 4.2 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 112.6 | 113.9 | 3.0 | 1.2 |
| Room heaters, electric, portable --------------------------- |  | $(5)^{5}$ ) | $(5)^{5}$ | ${ }^{5}$ ) | (5) |
| Garbage disposal units Other housefurnishings: |  | 114.9 | 115.9 | 3.8 | . 9 |
|  |  | 141.6 | 144.5 | 11.0 | 2.0 |
|  |  | 144.2 | 145. 3 | 10.3 | . 8 |
|  |  | 132.4 | 134.5 | 4.2 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 130.7 | 132.7 | 9.0 | 1.5 |
| Electric drills, hand-held Housekeeping supplies: |  | 112.4 | 112.1 | 5,1 | -. 3 |
|  |  | 125.1 | 128.3 | 13.7 | 2.6 |
|  |  | 158.7 | 163.2 | 17.3 | 2.8 |
|  |  | 151.8 | 154.3 | 20.7 | 1.6 |
| Housekeeping services: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 173. 8 163.8 | 176. 4 | 20.8 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 163.8 175.3 | 167.8 175.3 | 18.0 19.6 | 2.4 |
|  |  | 168.0 | 170.8 | 14.9 | 1.7 |
| Licensed day care services, preschool child .-...........- |  | 139.3 | 140.7 | 8.6 | 1.0 |
|  |  | 162.2 | 164. 1 | 10.3 | 1.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Consumer Price Index-United States city average for urban wage earners and clerical workers indexes for selected items and groups, June 1974, and percent changes from selected dates-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

| Itern and group | Other index base | Indexes |  | Percent change to June 1974 from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 137.6 | 140.7 | 12.9 | 2.3 |
|  |  | 136.6 | 139.8 | 14.2 | 2.3 |
|  |  | 114.6 | 116.4 | 4.9 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 121.9 | 133.6 | 9.2 | 9.6 |
|  |  | 165. 4 | 166.9 | 41.0 | . 9 |
| Motor oil, premium --------------------------------------------1. |  | 143.7 | 145.2 | 13.7 | 1.0 |
| Tires, new, tubeless ---------------------------------------------- |  | 116.3 | 118.9 | 7.6 | 2.2 |
| Auto repairs and maintenance ${ }^{8}$-----------------------------------1-1- |  | 153.1 | 154. 3 | 8.6 | . 8 |
|  |  | 138.6 | 138.2 | 0 | -. 3 |
|  |  | 128.9 | 128.9 | 4. 2 | 0 |
|  |  | 157. 1 | 157.5 | 3. 3 | . 3 |
|  |  | 146.3 | 148.6 | 2.6 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 148. 3 | 147.5 | -1.9 | -. 5 |
|  |  | 145. 4 | 154. 1 | 11.4 | 6.0 |
|  |  | 127.1 | 140.5 | 14.6 | 10.5 |
|  |  | 141.4 | 148.2 | 10. 2 | 4.8 |
|  |  | 159.0 | 159.5 | 9.3 | . 3 |
|  |  | 137.7 | 139.4 | 7.2 | 1.2 |
|  |  | 147.2 | 149.4 | 9.1 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 108.0 | 108.7 | 2.6 | . 6 |
|  |  | 115.6 | 116.6 | 3.6 | . 9 |
|  |  | 96.3 | 96.7 | 2.7 | . 4 |
|  |  | 119.5 | 120.4 | 2.6 | . 8 |
|  |  | 104.9 | 105. 7 | 3.9 | . 8 |
|  |  | 133.1 | 135. 2 | 5.9 | 1.6 |
|  |  | 115.7 | 115.8 | 1.1 | . 1 |
|  |  | 119.5 | 121.0 | 4.9 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 101.6 | 102.0 | 1.6 | . 4 |
|  |  | 67.7 | 67.8 | -4. 4 | . 1 |
|  |  | 137. 3 | 138.0 | 6.8 | . 5 |
|  |  | 104.7 | 104.6 | . 8 | -. 1 |
|  |  | 109.0 | 109.3 | 1. 5 | . 3 |
|  |  | 144.1 | 145. 5 | 6.0 | 1.0 |
| Cardiovasculars and antihypertensives --..----...---.- |  | 114.2 | 115.0 | 2.0 | . 7 |
|  |  | 111.9 | 112.4 | . 6 | . 4 |
| Anti-obesity -------------------------------------------------------- |  | 121.3 | 121.1 | 3.6 | -. 2 |
| Hormones ---------------------------------------------------------- |  | 94.1 | 95.0 | 3.9 | 1.0 |
| Professional services: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 147.7 | 150.3 | 8.9 | 1.8 |
|  |  | 150.7 | 154.1 | 10.8 | 2.3 |
|  |  | 147.9 | 151.2 | 6.9 | 2.2 |
|  |  | 150.9 | 152.4 | 6.9 8.9 | 1.4 1.0 |
| Psychiatrist, office visits ---------------------------------- |  | 139.6 | 140.1 | 4.9 | . 4 |
|  |  | 136.3 | 137.6 | 4.9 | 1.0 |
|  |  | 141.0 | 142. 5 | 7. 1 | 1.1 |
|  |  | 143.8 | 145.7 | 7.1 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 147. 0 | 149.0 | 7. 7 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 143. 3 | 145.3 | 7.4 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 137.8 | 139.4 | 5.4 | 1.2 |
| Other professional services: <br> Examination, prescription, and dispensing of |  |  |  |  |  |
| eyeglasses |  | 138.0 | 139.0 | 7.3 | . 7 |
| Routine laboratory tests, urinalysis ---------..---..-- |  | 131.2 | 133.0 | 8.8 | 1.4 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 112.0 | 113.6 | 7.9 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 194. 5 | 198.4 | 9.4 | 2.0 |
|  |  | 192. 2 | 196.9 | 10.0 | 2.4 |
|  |  | 137.9 | 138.3 | 5.3 | . 3 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 108.9 | 110. 3 | 6.8 | 1. 3 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 105. 4 | 104.1 | 6.8 | -1. 2 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 107.9 | 108.5 | 3.4 | . 6 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 109.7 | 111.6 | 6.8 | 1. 7 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 107.7 | 108. 0 | 4.0 | . 3 |
| Physical therapy, whirlpool bath ------------------------------ | Jan. 72 | 113.4 | 114.1 | 7.1 | . 6 |
|  | Jan. 72 | 108.8 | 110.2 | 6.9 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 134.9 | 136.5 | 9.3 | 1.2 |
|  |  | 130.2 | 132.4 | 10.8 | 1.7 |
|  |  | 112.6 | 113.8 | 4.0 | 1.1 |
|  |  | 163.1 | 172.3 | 34.8 | 5.6 |
|  |  | 131.4 | 133.3 | 6.1 | 1.4 |
|  |  | 109.0 | 109.9 | 1.0 | . 8 |
|  |  | 153.0 | 154.0 | 5.3 | . 7 |
|  |  | 104.9 | 103.4 | -1.2 | -1.4 |
|  |  | 151.9 | 154.6 | 24.6 | 1.8 |
|  |  | 110.9 | 111.9 | 2.3 | . 9 |
|  |  | 139.9 | 140.8 | 7.8 | . 6 |
|  |  | 142.1 | 143.5 | 7.8 | 1. 0 |
|  |  | 138. 3 | 138.8 | 7.7 | . 4 |
|  |  | 146.6 | 146.9 | 9.9 | . 2 |
|  |  | 141.6 | 142.0 | 7.3 | - 3 |
|  |  | 122.8 | 123.6 | 6.1 | . 7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

| Item and group | Other index base | Indexes |  | Percent change to June 1974 from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ |
| Health and recreation-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 132.0 | 133.5 | 6.0 | 1.1 |
|  |  | 113.7 | 114.3 | 4.8 | . 5 |
|  |  | 98. 3 | 98.5 | . 7 | . 2 |
|  |  | 139.1 | 139.6 | 3. 7 | . 4 |
|  |  | 101.4 | 101. 5 | 2.2 | . 1 |
|  |  | 95.2 | 95.1 | 2.0 | -. 1 |
|  |  | 110.7 | 111.3 | 2. 6 | . 5 |
|  |  | 91.6 | 91.6 | 3. 3 |  |
|  |  | 111. 3 | 112.7 | 5. 0 | 1.3 |
|  |  | 104.2 | 104.3 | 1.2 | - 1 |
|  |  | 131.9 | 132.7 | 4.4 | . 6 |
|  |  | 114.0 | 114.8 | 4.8 | . 7 |
|  |  | 118.0 | 119.4 | 3. 4 | 1.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 144.0 | 145.2 | 18.2 | . 8 |
|  |  | 139.7 | 140.3 | 5.7 | . 4 |
|  |  | 160.4 | 157.8 | 6.3 | -1.6 |
|  |  | 160.6 | 155.5 | 6. 4 | -3.2 |
|  |  | 159.6 | 164.2 | 5.9 | 2.9 |
|  |  | 157.8 | 164.1 | 8. 7 | 4.0 |
|  |  | 129.4 | 129.2 | 5.0 | -. 2 |
|  |  | 145.8 | 147.3 | 7.0 | 1.0 |
|  |  | 101.1 | 101. 5 | 1. 5 | . 4 |
| Film developing, color ------------------------------------------- |  | 117.2 | 117.7 | 1.8 | . 4 |
| Reading and education: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 150.2 | 157.4 | 15. 4 | 4.8 |
| Magazines, single copy and subscription ------------.----- |  | 133.7 | 140.7 | 3. 4 | 5.2 |
|  |  | 132.2 | 132.7 | 5. 7 | . 4 |
| Other goods and services |  | 134.4 | 135.8 | 5.3 | 1. 0 |
|  |  | 140.6 | 142.8 | 4.0 | 1. 6 |
|  |  | 142.3 | 144.8 | 4.2 | 1.8 |
|  |  | 142.4 | 144.5 | 3.5 | 1.5 |
|  |  | 118.7 | 119.4 | 5. 7 | . 6 |
|  |  | 129.1 | 130.0 | 6. 3 | . 7 |
|  |  | 123.6 | 124.6 | 8.2 | . 8 |
| Whiskey, spirit blended and straight bourbon -----------1. |  | 109.7 | 109.7 | . 7 | 0 |
|  |  | 146.1 | 146.6 | 7.4 | 3 |
|  |  | 142. 1 | 143.6 | 6.5 | 1. 1 |
| Financial and miscellaneous personal expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 134.0 | 134.9 | 7. 0 | . 7 |
|  |  | 103. 3 | 103. 2 | -3.9 | -. 1 |
|  |  | 173.5 | 175.5 | 10.1 | 1.2 |

[^2]Table 9. Consumer Price Index-United States average and areas grouped by size of population ${ }^{1}$ for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items and major groups, June 1974, and percent changes from selected dates

| Area and group | $\begin{gathered} \text { Relative } \\ \text { importance } \end{gathered}$ | Indexes ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 1967=100) |  |  | Percent change to June 74 from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100.000 | 132.4 | 143.1 | 147.1 | 11.1 | 2.8 |
|  | 24.810 | 139.8 | 159.1 | 160.3 | 14.7 | . 8 |
| Housing --- | 33.321 | 133.9 | 144.9 | 149.2 | 11.4 | 3.0 |
|  | 9.945 | 126.8 | 132.2 | 135.7 | 7.0 | 2.6 |
|  | 12.602 | 124.6 | 132.0 | 140.7 | 12.9 | 6.6 |
|  | 18.946 | 130.0 | 135.4 | 139.4 | 7.2 | 3.0 |
| Class A-1 ( 3.5 million or more): |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 32. 751 | 134.9 | 145.9 | 149.4 | 10.7 | 2.4 |
|  | 8. 356 | 141.5 | 160.7 | 161.9 | 14.4 | . 7 |
|  | 10.766 | 136.9 | 148.4 | 151.5 | 10.7 | 2. 1 |
|  | 3. 311 | 125.2 | 131.5 | 133.3 | 6.5 | 1.4 |
|  | 4.081 | 130.2 | 136.8 | 144.8 | 11.2 | 5.8 |
|  | 6.237 | 132.3 | 138.3 | 143.2 | 8.2 | 3. 5 |
| Class A-2 ( 1.4 million to 3.5 million): |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11.740 | 132.1 | 142. 3 | 146.3 | 10.7 | 2. 8 |
|  | 2.958 | 139.5 | 158.2 | 159.4 | 14.2 | . 8 |
|  | 3.911 | 132.6 | 142.8 | 147.3 | 11.1 | 3. 2 |
|  | 1.188 | 127.4 | 133.3 | 137.2 | 7.7 | 2.9 |
| Transportation | 1. 454 | 124.9 | 131.5 | 140.0 | 12.1 | 6.5 |
| Health and recreation | 2. 229 | 130.2 | 135.1 | 138.6 | 6.5 | 2.6 |
| Class B ( 250,000 to 1.4 million): |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25.649 | 131.7 | 141.9 | 146.0 | 10.9 | 2. 9 |
| Food -- | 6.070 | 139.0 | 158.] | 159.2 | 14.5 | . 7 |
|  | 8. 745 | 133.2 | 143.2 | 147.4 | 10.7 | 2.9 |
| Apparel and upkeep | 2. 541 | 128.2 | 133.5 | 137.0 | 6.9 | 2.6 |
| Transportation .-.---- | 3. 360 | 122.4 | 130.0 | 139.3 | 13.8 | 7.2 |
| Health and recreation | 4.933 | 130.0 | 135.3 | 138.7 | 6.7 | 2.5 |
| Class C ( 50,000 to 250, 000) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12.462 | 131.3 | 141.8 | 146.1 | 11.3 | 3. 0 |
|  | 3. 094 | 138.9 | 158.1 | 158.5 | 14.1 | 3 |
|  | 4. 168 | 133.3 | 144.1 | 149.4 | 12.1 | 3.7 |
| Apparel and upkeep | 1. 260 | 128.2 | 132.4 | 138.0 | 7.6 | 4.2 |
|  | 1. 585 | 120.8 | 128.8 | 137.6 | 13.9 | 6.8 |
|  | 2. 355 | 128.6 | 133.6 | 136.7 | 6.3 | 2.3 |
| Class D (2,500 to 50, 000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17.022 | 130.0 | 141.2 | 146.1 | 12.4 | 3.5 |
| Food | 4.332 | 138.5 | 158.8 | 160.8 | 16.1 | 1.3* |
| Housing - | 5.732 | 130.9 | 142.6 | 148.3 | 13.3 | 4.0 |
| Apparel and upkeep | 1,644 | 126.3 | 130.1 | 135. 2 | 7.0 | 3.9 |
| Transportation | 2. 121 | 120.9 | 129.3 | 138.7 | 14.7 | 7.3 |
|  | 3. 193 | 126.8 | 132.0 | 136.1 | 7.3 | 3.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Based upon 1960 Census of Population.

Table 10. Consumer Price Index-United States average and areas grouped by region for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items and major groups, J une 1974, and percent changes from selected dates

| Area and group | Relative importance | Indexes (1967 $=100)^{\text {l }}$ |  |  | Percent change to June 74 from: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1974 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1974 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1973 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 1974 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100. 000 | 132.4 | 143. 1 | 147.1 | 11.1 | 2.8 |
| Food---- | 24.810 | 139.8 | 159.1 | 160.3 | 14.7 | . 8 |
| Housing -- | 33.321 | 133.9 | 144.9 | 149. 2 | 11.4 | 3.0 |
| Apparel and upkeep - | 9.945 | 126.8 | 132.2 | 135.7 | 7.0 | 2.6 |
| Transportation ------ | 12.602 | 124.6 | 132.0 | 140.7 | 12.9 | 6.6 |
|  | 18.946 | 130.0 | 135.4 | 139.4 | 7.2 | 3.0 |
| Northeast: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 33. 041 | 136.1 | 147.4 | 150.8 | 10.8 | 2.3 |
|  | 8. 742 | 141.3 | 161.1 | 162.4 | 14.9 | . 8 |
|  | 10.672 | 139.5 | 152.1 | 155.5 | 11.5 | 2. 2 |
|  | 3.493 | 127. 3 | 133.7 | 135.7 | 6.6 | 1. 5 |
|  | 3. 861 | 129.3 | 135.4 | 142.9 | 10.5 | 5.5 |
|  | 6. 273 | 133.5 | 138.7 | 143.0 | 7.1 | 3.1 |
| North Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 38.001 | 130.9 | 141.2 | 145.3 | 11.0 | 2.9 |
|  | 6.926 | 139.5 | 159.7 | 160.5 | 15.1 | . 5 |
|  | 9. 313 | 129.5 | 138.6 | 142.9 | 10.3 | 3.1 |
|  | 2. 666 | 126.6 | 131.2 | 135. 2 | 6.8 | 3. 0 |
| Transportation ----- | 3. 722 | 124.7 | 132.4 | 141.6 | 13.6 | 6.9 |
| Health and recreation ------- | 5. 374 | 130.4 | 136.3 | 139.9 | 7.3 | 2.6 |
| South: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21.836 | 132.1 | 143.5 | 148.0 | 12.0 | 3.1 |
|  | 5.293 | 141.0 | 160.8 | 160.9 | 14.1 | . 1 |
|  | 7. 397 | 134.0 | 146.4 | 151.9 | 13.4 | 3.8 |
| Apparel and upkeep | 2. 254 | 127.9 | 132.6 | 137.4 | 7.4 | 3.6 |
|  | 2. 816 | 120.9 | 129.7 | 139.2 | 15. I | 7.3 |
|  | 4.076 | 129.5 | 135.3 | 139.6 | 7.8 | 3.2 |
| West: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16. 291 | 128.7 | 137.7 | 142.4 | 10.6 | 3.4 |
| Food | 3. 727 | 136.0 | 152.0 | 155.2 | 14.1 | 2.1 |
| Housing | 5.797 | 131.6 | 140.7 | 145.2 | 10.3 | 3.2 |
| Apparel and upkeep | 1.496 | 124.5 | 129.4 | 133.7 | 7.4 | 3. 3 |
| Transportation ---------- Health and recreation | 2. 142 3.129 | 121.3 123.7 | 128.3 128.5 | 137.3 132.2 | 13.2 6.9 | 7. 0 |

1 Regional index and relative importance data exclude Anchorage, Alaska, and Honolulu, Hawaii which are included in the U. S. level data. Consequently, regional relative importances will not add to U.S. totals.

## Brief Explanation of the CPI

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures average changes in prices of goods and services usually bought by urban wage earners and clerical workers. It is based on prices of about 400 items which were selected to represent the movement of prices of all goods and services purchased by wage earners and clerical workers. Prices for these items are obtained in urban portions of 39 major statistical areas and 17 smaller cities, which were chosen to represent all urban places in the United States. They are collected from about 18,000 establishmentsgrocery and depart ment stores, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments.

Prices of foods, fuels, and a few other items are obtained every month in all 56 locations. Prices of most other commodities and services are collected every month in the five largest areas and every 3 months in other areas. Prices of most goods and services are obtained by
personal visits of the Bureau's trained representatives. Mail questionnaires are used to obtain local transit fares, public utility rates, newspaper prices, fuel prices, and certain other items.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights which represent their importance in the spending of all wage earners and clerical workers. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Separate indexes are also published for 23 areas.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date-- 1967 - which equals 100.0 . An increase of 22 percent, for example, is shown as 122.0 . This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: The price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services bought by urban wage earners and clerical workers has risen from $\$ 10$ in 1967 to $\$ 12.20$.

## A Note About Calculating Index Changes

Movements of the indexes from one month to another are usually expressed as percent changes rather than changes in index points because index point changes are affected by the level of the index in relation to its base period while percent changes are not. The example in the accompanying box illustrates the computation of index point and percent changes.

Seasonally adjusted percent changes in the U.S. All Items Index are based on seasonal adjustment factors and seasonally adjusted indexes carried to two decimal places. This procedure helps to eliminate rounding error in the percent changes.

Percent changes for 3 -month and 6 -month periods are expressed as annual rates and are computed according to the standard formula for compound growth rates. These data indicate what the percent change would be if the current rate were maintained for a 12 -month
period. BLS does not publish annual rates based on data for 1 month.

| Index Point Change |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CPI | 123.8 |
| Less previous index | 123.2 |
| Equals index point change: | 0.6 |
| Percent Change |  |
| Index point difference, | 0.6 |
| Divided by the previous index, | 123.2 |
| Equals, | 0.005 |
| Results multiplied by one hundred | $0.005 \times 100$ |
| Equals percent change: | 0.5 |

## A Note on Seasonally Adjusted and Unadjusted Data

Because price data are used for different purposes by different groups, the Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes seasonally adjusted as well as unadjusted changes each month.

For analyzing general price trends in the economy, seasonally adjusted changes are usually preferred, since they eliminate the effect of changes that normally occur at the same time and in about the same magnitude every year-such as price movements resulting from changing
climatic conditions, production cycles, model changeovers, holidays, and sales.

The unadjusted data are of primary interest to consumers concerned about the prices they actually pay. Unadjusted data are also used extensively for escalation purposes. Many collective bargaining contract agreements and pension plans, for example, tie compensation changes to the Consumer Price Index unadjusted for seasonal variation.

## Reliability of Percent Changes in the CPI

A system of "replicated" samples introduced into the index structure in the 1964 revision permits an estimate of sampling error for the CPI. ${ }^{1}$ The table below shows standard errors for monthly, quarterly, and annual percent changes in the CPI for all items and for nine commodity groupings based on 1973 averages.

Average standard errors of percent changes in the CPI based on 1973 data

| Component | Standard error |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly change | Quarterly change | Annual change |
| All items | . 04 | . 06 | . 08 |
| Food at home. | . 10 | . 15 | . 17 |
| Food away from home $\qquad$ | . 14 | . 26 | . 29 |
| Housing | . 06 | . 10 | . 17 |
| Apparel and upkeep. | . 19 | . 26 | . 29 |
| Transportation . . . | . 06 | . 10 | . 17 |
| Medical care . . . . . | . 08 | . 14 | . 18 |
| Personal care . . . . | . 14 | . 20 | . 39 |
| Reading and recreation | . 09 | . 14 | . 17 |
| Other goods and services . . . . . . . . | . 09 | . 11 | . 27 |

The figures may be interpreted as follows: The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the percent change in the CPI as computed differs from the corresponding "complete coverage" change by less than twice the standard error.

Because the CPI is rounded to one decimal place, some ambiguity may arise in interpreting small index changes. As the table indicates, for example, a month-to-month change of 0.1 percent in the all-items CPI is significant. Because of rounding, however, a change of this size in the published index might result from a much smaller change in the unrounded value. Hence, any particular change of 0.1 percent may or may not be significant. On the other hand, a published change of 0.2 percent is almost always significant, regardless of the time period to which it relates.

This replaces the table of average errors based on 1971 data which was included in the CPI report through January 1974.

[^3]
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[^0]:    1/ Computed from the unadjusted series.
    U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
    bureau of labor statistics

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Priced only in season.

[^2]:    ${ }_{2}$ Also includes hotel and motel rates not shown separately.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Also includes home purchase costs not shown separately.
    Also includes pine shelving, furnace filters, packaged dry cement mix, and shrubbery not shown separately.
    ${ }^{4}$ Also includes window shades, nails, carpet sweepers, air deodorizers, steel wool scouring pads, envelopes, reupholstering and moving expenses.

    6 Priced only in season
    ${ }^{6}$ Also includes men's sport shirts, women's and girls' lightweight coats, women's slacks, bathing suits, girls' shorts, earrings, and zippers not shown separately
    a Also includes storage batteries and drivers' license fees not shown separately. Includes prices for water pump replacement, motor tune-up, automatic transmission repair, exhaust system repair, front end alignment and chassis lubrication.

    Also includes outboard motors, nondurable toys, college tuition fees, paperback books, and college textbooks, not shown separately.

[^3]:    The method of deriving these estimates is described in a paper by Marvin Wilkerson, "Measurement of Sampling Error in the Consumer Price Index," Journal of the American Statistical Association, September 1967.

