## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics Washington 25, D. C.

### CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR SEPTEMBER 1962

The Consumer Price Index rose by 0.6 percent in September, the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics announced today. Much of the advance resulted from substantial increases in meat prices which were attributed to the withholding of livestock from the markets by the farmers. In addition, egg prices rose seasonally, and apparel prices showed the largest September increase in a decade with the introduction of new fall and winter clothing.

Consumer prices averaged 1.4 percent higher than a year earlier, mostly because of increases for food and services. The Consumer Price Index for September 1962 was 106.1 percent of the 1957-59 average. (On the former base of 1947-49=100, it was 130.2).

FOOD The food price index advanced by 1.0 percent between August and September 1962, largely because of higher prices for meats and eggs. Prices of poultry and milk also increased, but fresh fruit and vegetable prices were off seasonally.

All cuts of beef were higher, with increases ranging from 4.7 percent for hamburger to 8.4 percent for chuck roast. Pork chop prices were up by 5.8 percent and pork roast 7.6 percent. Prices of frying chickens rose 3.6 percent. Egg prices rose by nearly 15 percent in September as production dropped seasonally, but they were still almost 1 percent below a year earlier and at their lowest September levels since 1959. Food prices averaged 2.1 percent higher than a year ago, led by an advance of 7.2 percent for meats, poultry, and fish, and smaller increases for cereals and bakery products, and for restaurant meals.

APPAREL

The rise of 2.0 percent in apparel prices was somewhat larger than the usual increase in September, when consumers begin to buy new fall and winter clothing in volume. Prices of women's and girls' apparel rose 3.7 percent, led by increases for coats, wool dresses, and wool skirts. Men's and boys' clothing prices were 1.1 percent higher, with increases for suits, topcoats, and jackets. Apparel prices averaged 1.0 percent higher than in September 1961.

OTHER GOODS
AND SERVICES
Transportation costs were up 0.4 percent, largely because of an increase of 3.8 percent in gasoline prices as price wars ended in several cities. A decline in dealers' selling prices of 1962 model automobiles, near the end of the model year, was offset by higher prices for used cars.

Housing costs edged up 0.1 percent, with seasonally higher prices for both solid and petroleum fuels and a slight increase in rents.

ADJUSTMENTS

Based on the September index, the wages of almost 60,000 workers will be increased by amounts ranging from 1 to 3 cents an hour. About one-fifth of these will receive 1 cent, about four-fifths 2 cents, either in cash or equivalents, while a small group of 1,000 workers will get 3 cents.

About 20,000 other workers will receive from 1 to 3 cents based on city indexes.

TABLE 1: Consumer Price Index--United States city average Major group, subgroup, and special group indexes, September 1962 and percent changes from selected datas

(1957-59=100 unless otherwise specified)

		exes		rcent change		Indexes		
<b>-</b>	(1957-	59=100)	Sept	ember 1962	from	1947-49=100	1939-100	
Group	September 1962	Aug <b>us</b> t 1962	August 1962	June 1962	September 1961	September 1962	Septembe 1962	
All items	106.1	105.5	0.6	0.8	1.4	130.2	219.1	
Food	104.8	103.8	1.0	1.3	2.1	123.7	262.6	
Food at home	103.5	102.3	1.2	1.4	2.1	120.3	255.4	
Cereals and bakery products	107.9	107.8	.1	.5	2.4	143.1	250.0	
Meats, poultry, and fish	106.3	102.6	3.6	6.6	7.2	117.2	282.0 236.8	
Dairy products	104.2	103.9 105.2	.3	1.5 -8.7	-0.9	118.0	272.9	
Fruits and vegetablesOther foods at home	102.2 97.8	95.2	2.7	4.7	8	108.1	223.3	
Food away from home	111.5	111.4	.i	.8	2.7	1/	<u>1</u> /	
Housing 2/	104.9	104.8	.1	.1	.9	133.7	175.7	
Rent	105.9	105.8	.1	.3	1.1	145.6	168.1	
Gas and electricity	108.0	108.0	,0,	1.3	.2	125.9	120.0 244.8	
Solid and petroleum fuels	101.3	100.1	1.2	1.9	-1.0	138.1	192.4	
Housefurnishings Household operation	98.7 107.6	98.5 107.4	.2	4	1.6	141.1	206.2	
Apparel	104.6	102.5	2.0	1.8	1.0	112.1	213.6	
Men's and boys'	104.0	102.9	1.1	.9	1.1	113.0	222.6	
Women's and girls'	103.6	99.9	3.7	3.1	.8	102.9	188.8	
Footwear	109.5	109.3	.2	.4	1.4	143.4	285.1	
Other apparel	101.2	100.3	.9	.8	2	93.2	229.5	
Transportation	107.8	107.4	.4	.5	1.7	151.9	216.3	
Private	106.7	106.2	.5	.7	1.5	139.0	212.3	
Public	115.7	115.7	0	.1	2.8	215.4	264.9	
Medical care	114.7	114.6	.1	.3	2.5	165.7	228.4	
Personal care	106.8	106.8	0	.7	1.9	136.8	229.6	
Reading and recreation	110.0	110.3	3	.7	1.9	127.4	202.	
Other goods and services	105.6	105.5	.1	.4	.6	134.5	190.7	
Special groups:								
All items less food	106.6	106.2	.4	.5	1.2	133.7	193.5	
All items less shelter	106.1	105.5	.6	.8	1.5	127.7	230.6	
Commodities	104.1	103.2	.9	1.0	1.3	120.2	233.	
Nondurables	104.7	103.5	1.2	1.3	1.6	122.9	239.	
Food	104.8	103.8	1.0	1.3	2.1	123.7	262.	
Hendurables less food	104.6	103.2	1.4	1.2	.8	122.5	208.	
Apparel	104.5	102.4	2.1	1.8	1.0	112.0	215.	
Apparel less feotwear	103.5	101.0	2.5	2.1	8.	106.5	<u>1</u> /   199.	
Mondurables less food and apparel Durables	104.6	103.7	.9	.8	.9	131.5	199.	
New Cars	101.6 100.4	101.7 101.0	1 6	-1,1	3	112.6 134.9	236.	
Used cars	120.5	119.1	1.2	2.9	7.3	1/	1/	
Durables less cars	98.6	98.7	1	2	4	101.7	177.	
Counselities less food	103.4	102.6	.8	.8	.8	117.5	197.	
Services	109.8	109.9	1	.3	1.8	155.9	193.	
Rent	105.9	105.8	.1	.3	1.1	145.6	168.	
Services less rent	110.5	110.6	1	.3	1.7	158.3	215.	
and electricity	108.6	108.5	.1	.1	1.2	142.5	163.	
Transportation services	110.5	111.7	-1.1	9	.5	190.9	238.	
Medical care services	117.5 109.3	117.3 109.3	0 .2	.5 .6	3.3 2.1	175.3 141.1	248.0 241.9	
Purchasing power of the consumer dollar (Reference period-\$1,00)	\$0.943	\$0.948	5	7	-1.4	\$0.769	\$0.45	

<sup>1/</sup> Not available.
2/ Includes house purchase, interest, taxes, insurance, and upkeep, net shown separately.
3/ Includes house purchase, interest, taxes, insurance, and upkeep services; shoe repairs, television repairs, barber and beauty shop services, end movies.

(1957-59=100 unless otherwise specified)

	(	Indexes 1957-59=100	))		change to 2 from	Indexes 1947-49-100 1939=100		
City	September 1962	June 1962	September 1961	June 1962	September 1961	September 1962	September 1962	
United States city average	106.1	105.3	104.6	0.8	1.4	130.2	219.1	
Cities priced monthly 1/		:		]				
Chicago	105.2 102.8 107.2 107.3	104.5 101.8 107.0 105.8	104.0 101.3 105.3 105.2	.7 1.0 .2 1.4	1.2 1.5 1.8 2.0	132.7 126.8 133.7 129.3	226.4 214.8 221.3 215.1	
Philadelphia	106.0	104.9	104.6	1.0	1,3	130.2	219.9	
Cities priced in March, June, September, December 2/	September 1962	June 1962	Sept <b>e</b> mber 1961	June 1962	September 1961	September 1962	September 1962	
Atlanta		104.0 104.8 103.3 104.4 107.5	103.6 104.4 103.0 104.1 106.3	.7 1.1 1.0 1.1 0	1.1 1.5 1.3 1.4 1.1	129.6 131.5 126.9 131.0 136.4	222.4 227.2 217.4 221.0 232.9	
Cities priced in February, May, August, November 2/	August 1962	Мау 1962	August 1961	Мау 1962	August 1 <b>9</b> 61	August 1962	August 1962	
Cleveland	104.6 106.0	103.5 104.7 105.7 106.3 104.2	103.6 102.5 104.2 104.9 104.0	.3 .1 .3 .4	0.2 2.0 1.7 1.7	128.9 128.9 126.5 134.1 125.9	217.9 216.5 216.2 226.6 208.4	
Cities priced in January, April, July, October 2/	July 1962	April 1962	July 1961	April 1962	July 1961	July 1962	July 1962	
Boston Kansas City Minneapolis Pittsburgh Portland, Oregon	105.7	107.1 105.7 105.5 105.7 103.9	105.2 104.9 104.4 105.2 104.4	.1 .3 .2 .3	1.9 1.0 1.2 .8	132.8 131.1 130.8 130.6 129.8	217.8 212.5 215.6 224.8 222.7	

TABLE 3: Consumer Price Index--Percent changes from August 1962 to September 1962 U.S. city average and five cities priced monthly All items and commodity groupe

City	All items	Food	Housing	Apparel	Transpor- tation	Medical oare	Personal care	Reading and recreation	Other goods & services
United States city average-	0.6	1.0	0.1	2.0	0.4	0.1	0	-0.3	0.1
Chicago Detroit Los Angeles Hew Tork Philadelphia	.8 .5 .6 .7	0.9 .8 1.1 1.2 1.2	.3 .3 .2 0	1.9 0.6 2.7 2.8 2.5	3.3 1.6 4 3	0 .1 1 1	-0.2 9 4 3 -1.1	2 0 .7 1	8 0 2 0

<sup>1/</sup> Rente priced bimonthly.
2/ Foods, fuels, and a few other items priced monthly; rente and other commodities and services priced quarterly.

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 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$ / Change from July 1962 to September 1962.  $\frac{1}{2}$ / Revised index August 1962 = 105.3.

# TABLE 5: Consumer Price Index--Food and its subgroups September 1962 Indexes and percent changes, August 1962 to September 1962 U.S. city average end 20 large cities (1957-59=100)

	Tot	al food		Total		als and products		poultry, fiah		Dairy oducte		ita and etablea		Other
City	Index	Percent change	Index	Percent change	Index	Percent change	Index	Barcont	Index	Dances	Index	Percent change	Index	Percent change
U. S. city average	104.8	1.0	103.5	1.2	107.9	0.1	106.3	3.6	104.2	0.3	102.2	_2.9	97.8	2.7
At lanta	104.3	0.9	104.0	1.1	104.2	1	106.5	3.5	102.2	3	104.5	-4.1	102.1	3.7
Baltimore	104.5	3.3	101.9	0.3	107.9	3	104.6	1.9	98.7	.1	101.2	-3.1	98.2	1.8
Boston	105.7	7	104.0	.4	108.2	Ö	106.6	1.9	99.1	.0	106.8	-2.6	99.4	1.3
Chicago	106.7	.9	106.2	.9	110.8	1 0 1	110,3	4.1	110.4	.2	101.0	-5.2	99.4	3.1
Cincinnati	103.7	1.5	102.9	8	109.4	5	106,2	3.6	101.4	.2	103.4	0.2	96.0	3.2
Cleve land	102.4	9	101.5	1.0	103.9	.2	107.3	3.4	99.3	.1	100.3	-4.0	94.9	2.7
Detroit	101.6	.8	100.7	.8	104.0	.1	103.9	3.9	106.6	.2	93.4	-5.0	96.3	3.0
Houston	104.0	1.1	101.9	1.4	105.5	.3	103.9	2.9	102.4	3.0	104.2	-2.0	95.0	1.6
Kansas City	105.1	ا و. ا	104.8	1.2	109.0	.3	107.0	5.6	107.9	4	102.4	-6.1	99.5	.3.5
Los Angeles	105.9	1.1	103.8	1.5	116.7	-1.4	102.1	3.3	106.8	0	106.4	.2	93.8	3.8
Minneapolis	102.5	.7	101.1	.9	101.4	9	103.9	2.9	105.3	2,6	96.8	-6.3	97.5	4.1
Naw York	107.0	1.2	104.5	1.7	108.6	0	107.3	4.2	103.9	.7	104.0	-1.8	98.5	3.1
Philadelphia	104.8	1.2	103.3	1.4	104.7	-1.1	105.3	4.1	101.9	1	103.9	-1.5	100.2	3.1
Pittsburgh	103.4	.9	103.2	1.0	106.9	.1	108.9	2.8	99.7	.2	99.1	-3.7	99.4	3.3
Portland, Oreg	104.8	1.4	103,3	1.7	104.9	1.2	106.7	3.6	106.7	.9	103.6	7	96.3	2.4
St. Louie	104.2	1.5	103.2	1.8	106.1	1.4	107.9	5.4	101.4	.9	102.0	-4.4	97.5	3.2
San Francisco	105.0	.7	103.1	.8	106.6	.1	104.7	1.7	105.7	.1	106.2	9	94.4	1.9
Scranton	103.8	1.5	102.8	1.8	108.7	0	106.0	4.5	101.7	2.6	97.5	-3.6	99.5	3.0
Seattle	106.6	.6	104.3	.7	107.1	0	107.8	2.8	106.4	4	103.8	-2.8	97.3	2.2
Washington, D. C	103.0	.4	101.6	.4	109.1	7	103.6	4.2	100.6	9	97.4	-5.4	98.5	2.4

TABLE 6: Consumer Price Index--Average retail prices of selected foods

Food and unit	September August		Food and unit	September	August	
	1962	1962		1962	1962	
Cereals and bakery products:	<u>Centa</u>	Cents	Frank Caretains	<u>Centa</u>	<u>Centa</u>	
Flour, wheat5 lb.	57.2	57.3	FreshContinued Grapefruiteach	16.3	15.5	
Biscuit mix40 os.	48.0		Peaches *lb.	18.0	16.8	
Mecaroni	24.9	47.8	Strawberries *pt.	*	#	
Corn meallb.		24.8		22.6	25.9	
Rolled cats18 os.	14.2	14.1	Grapes, seedless *lb.	22.6		
Corn flakes12 os.	23.8	23.8	Watermelons *lb.		4.0	
	27.7	27.5	Potatoes10 1b.	62.3	68.5	
Rice, short grainlb.	19.3	19.3	Sweet potatoealb.	14.8	17.3	
Rice, long grainlb.	21.6	21.6	Corn *doz. ears	69.1	68.8	
Bread, whitelb.	21.2	21.2	Onionslb.	10.3	11.7	
Soda crackerslb.	31.1	31.0	Carrots1b.	14.7	15.8	
Sandwich cookies16 oz.	52.3	52.4	Lettucehead	19.7	16.5	
leats, poultry, and fish:			Celerylb.	12.9	15.7	
Round ateak1b.	112.6	106.5	Cabbage1b.	8.4	8.4	
Sirloin ateaklb.	117.5	110.7	Tomatoea1b.	19.8	21.4	
Chuck roast1b.	66.6	61.3	Beans, green1b.	22.7	21.9	
Rib roaatlb.	88.8	83.5	Canned:			
Hamburger1b.	53.9	51.5	Orange juice46 oz. can	40,8	41.1	
Veal cutletslb.	149.8	148.3	Pineapple juice46 oz. can	32.7	32.7	
Pork chops, center cutlb.	99.7	94.3	Peachea	32.2	33.1	
Pork roastlb.	71.4	66.4	Pineapple#2 can	39.1	39.1	
Bacon, slicedlb.	75.8	74.0	Fruit cocktail#303 can	25.5	25.9	
Ham, wholelb.	63.9	62.4	Corn, cream atyle#303 can	19.9	20.0	
Lamb, leg1b.	74.1	73.3	Peas, green#303 can	22.5	22.6	
Frankfurterslb.	64.2	63.5	Tomatoes#303 can	15.5	15.6	
Luncheon meat, canned12 oz.	50.4	50.4	Tomato juice46 oz. can	32.0	32.4	
Frying chickens, ready-to-cook-lb.	41.8	40.4	Baby foods43 to 5 oz.	10.8	10.7	
Ocean perch, fillet, frosenlb.	50.3	50.2	Dried:	. 10.0	10.7	
Haddock, fillet, frosenlb.	55.2	55.1	Prunes1b.	40.1	41.1	
Salmon, pink, canned16 oz.	75.9	77.5	Beans1b.	17.3		
Tuna fish, canned 6 to 64 oz.			Other foods at home:	17.3	17.3	
airy products:	35.3	35.1	Tomato soup10% to 11 oz. can	10.0	10 /	
Milk, fresh, (grocery)qt.	0/ -	1	Beans, with pork16 oz. can	12.3	12.4	
Milk, freah, (delivered)qt.	24.5	24.3	Picklea, sliced15 oz.	15.0	15.0	
Ice cream gal.	26.2	26.1	Catsup, tomato14 oz.	26.7	26.6	
Butterlb.	85.1	85.5	Potato chips4 oz.	23.1	23.1	
Cheese, American process 1b.	74.8	74.6	Coffeelb. can	27.9	27.9	
Milk, evaporated14% os. can	36.1	36.1	Coffee1b bag	71.4	71.3	
ruits and vegetables:	15.4	15.4	Coffee, instant6 oz.	57.5	57.4	
Frozen:		[	Tea bagspkg. of 16	91.9	90.3	
Strawberries10 oz.	27.1	27.1		24.5 50.1	<b>2</b> 4.4 50.1	
Orange juice concentrate6 os.	19.7	20.0	Cola drink, carton72 oz.		88.1	
Lemonade concentrate oz.			Shortening, hydrogenated3 1b.	85.6		
	13.4	13.2	Margarine, coloredlb.	27.9	28.1	
Peas, green10 os.	20.8	20.8	Lard1b.	20.2	20.0	
Beans, green	22.9	22.9	Salad dresaingpt.	38.3	38.3	
Potatoes, french fried9 os.	18.8	18.8	Peanut butter1b.	57.5	57.8	
Fresh:		1	Sugar5 1b.	58.8	58.6	
Appleslb.	16.0	21.1	Corn syrup24 oz.	27.4	27.4	
Bananaa1b.	16.1	15.9	Grape jelly12 oz.	29.7	29.6	
Oranges, sise 200dos.	87.1	79.0	Chocolate bar1 oz.	4.5	4.5	
Lemons1b.	20.5	19.5	Eggs, Grade A, largedoz.	58.9	51.3	
		I	Gelatin, flavored3 to 4 oz.	9.8	9.9	

<sup>\*</sup> Priced only in season.

## Brief Explanation of the CPI

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures average changes in prices of goods and services usually bought by city families of wage earners and clerical workers. It is based on prices of about 300 items which were selected so that their price changes would represent the movement of prices of all goods and services purchased by wage and clerical families; they include all of the important items in family spending. Prices for these items are obtained in 46 cities which were chosen to represent all urban places in the United States; they are collected from grocery and department stores, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments which wage-earner and clerical-worker families patronize.

Prices of foods, fuels, and a few other items are obtained every month in all 46 cities. Prices of most other commodities and services are collected every month in the 5 largest cities and every 3 months in other cities. Mail questionnaires are used to obtain local transit fares, public utility rates, newspaper prices, fuel prices, and certain other items which change in price infrequently. Prices of most other goods and services are obtained by personal visits of the Bureau's trained representatives.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each city are averaged together with weights which represent their importance in family spending. City data are then combined in the total index with weights based on the 1950 populations of cities they represent. Index numbers are computed on the base 1957-59 = 100.

The national index (the United States city average) includes prices from the 20 large cities for which separate indexes are published in this report, as well as from the following 26 medium-sized and small cities:

Anna, Illinois
Camden, Arkansas
Canton, Ohio
Charleston, W. Virginia
Evansville, Indiana
Garrett, Indiana
Glendale, Arizona
Grand Forks, N. Dakota
Grand Island, Nebraska

Huntington, W. Virginia Laconia, New Hampshire Lodi, California Lynchburg, Virginia Madill, Oklahoma Madison, Wisconsin Middlesboro, Kentucky Middletown, Connecticut Newark, Ohio

Pulaski, Virginia
Ravenna, Ohio
Rawlins, Wyoming
San Jose, California
Sandpoint, Idaho
Shawnee, Oklahoma
Shenandoah, Iowa
Youngstown, Ohio

Comparisons of city indexes show only that prices in one city changed more or less than in another. The city indexes cannot be used to measure differences in price levels or in living costs between cities.

A description of the index and historical tables of index numbers for the United States city average and for 20 large cities are available on request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics in Washington or any of its regional offices (addresses below). The historical tables for the U.S. include index numbers for All Items, Food, Apparel, and Rent for periods from 1913 to date; and for other groups of goods and services from 1935 to date.

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