U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR<br>Bureau of Labor Statistics<br>Washington $25, \mathrm{D}$. C.

## CONSUEER PRICE INDEX - JUNE 1955

Consumer prices in U.S. cities rose 0.2 percent between May and June 1955, according to the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics. The increase was due principally to a seasonal rise in food prices and to small increases in a number of other elements in the family budget. The Consumer Price Index in June moved up to 114.4 ( $1947-49=100$ ). This was the first monthly change of more than 0.1 percent since last December. The index has fluctuated between 114.2 and 115.2 since Noverber 1953.

Prices were higher than a month earlier for food, housing, transportaticn, personal care, and medical care. Reading and recreation costs and apparel prices declined during the month.

FOOD
At 111.3, the food index was 0.2 percent higher than in May. Increases were reported for pork, poultry, fresh fruits, eggs, beef and real, lamb, and cereals and bakery products. Dairy products also increased slightly. In contrast, decreased costs to consumers were reported for fresh vegetables, restaurant meals, coffee, and tea. The food index showed increases in 26 cities and decreases in 17, while 3 large cities showed no change.

Retail prices of meats, poultry, and fish as a group rose 1.7 percent from May to June. In response to the sharp curtailment of hog marketings in late May and early June, prices for pork increased more than usual. Pork chops were up 8.4 percent on the average throughout the country; han prices also increased by 2.5 percent and bacon edged up slightly. Despite the continued large supply of young chickens, poultry prices increased 1.7 percent, following the substantial decline in May.

As a group, prices of fruits and vegetables decreased 0.6 percent, with fresh vegetables down an average of 10.7 percent. Fresh fruit prices rose 8.7 percent chiefly because of higher prices for apples, grapefruit, and watermelons. White potato prices declined to 71.7 cents per l0-pound bag, from an average price of 80.9 cents in May - the high for the year. This decline was quite general throughout the country. Retail prices of green beans, fresh tomatoes, lettuce, and cabbage also reflected considerable seasonal price declines ranging frow 11 to 27 percent.

Coffee and tea prices declined, with the U.S. average price of soffee down to 89 cents per pound, the first month since July 1953 in which it has been less than 90 cents. Egg prices edged up, as warm weather reduced production; and there were scattered increases in prices of bread and milk. Lower prices for restaurant mals were reported in some cities.

HOUSING The housing index rose 0.3 percent between May and June, as residential rents edged up 0.1 percent and costs of home maintenance and repairs and soms furnishings were higher. Sheets and a few other housefurnishings items returned to regular prices after May sales, but price reductions were reported for vacunm cleaners, bedroom furniture, living roon suites, and rugs. Dry cleaning prices advanced in several cities, but prices of laundry soap and detergents were slightly lower than in May. Highor prices for anthracite and bitumnous coal were announced, but there were reductions in gas bills in a few cities.

OTHER COMMODITIES The transportation index advanced 0.2 percent during the month, AND SERVICES as used car prices rose seasonally and gasolins prices also increased. Automobile insurance rates ware reduced in a number of cities and prices of tires declined slightly.

The rise of 0.7 percent in the personal care index during the month (the largest monthly change since April 1954 when Federal excise taxes were reduced) resulted primarily from higher prices for men's haircuts in several cities. Medical care costs continued upward in June, with higher rates for hospital and professional services.

The decline of 0.3 percent for reading and recreation was mainly due to sale prices for sporting goods and toys, although prices of television sets and radios also declined. Motion picture admission charges advanced, with some operators reporting higher prices for special features, while others returned to regular prices after temporary increases for special attractions.

Apparel prices declined 0.1 percent during the month, with slight decreases for wom's rayon dresses and nylon hose and a fow itoms of men's and boys' apparel.

| Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May }_{1955} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apri1 } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1954 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & 1939 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This Month | Last Month | 2 Months Ago | Last Year | Pre-Korea | FreWorld War II |
|  | INDEXES ( $1947-49=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.LL ITEMS - | 114.4 | 114.2 | 114.2 | 115.1 | 101.8 | 59.4 |
| FOOD 1/. | 111.3 | 121.1 | 111.2 | 113.8 | 100.5 | 47.1 |
| Food at home . . | 110.3 | 110.0 | 110.1 | 113.3 | 100.5 | 47.1 |
| Cereals and bakery products | 124.0 | 123.8 | 123.9 | 121.3 | 102.7 | 57.2 |
| Meats, poultry and fish . . | 103.8 | 102.1 | 103.0 | 111.1 | 106.1 | 41.6 |
| Dairy products . . ${ }_{\text {Fruits and }}$ | 104.1 | 104.0 | 104.6 | 102.9 | 92.3 102.5 | 49.8 |
| Other foods at home. | 107.7 | 108.4 | 109.4 | 115.2 | 94.1 | 48.4 |
| housing 2/ | 119.7 | 119.4 | 119.5 | 118.9 | 104.9 | 76.1 |
| Rent | 130.4 | 130.3 | 129.9 | 128.3 | 108.7 | 86.6 |
| Gas and electricity . . . | 110.7 | 110.9 | 110.3 | 107.6 | 102.7 | 104.9 |
| Solid fuels and fuel oil | 122.7 | 122.5 | 125.7 | 120.9 | 107.6 | 56.4 |
| Housefurnishings | 103.8 | 103.7 | 104.5 | 105.8 | 97.4 | 53.4 |
| Household operation. | 119.2 | 119.0 | 118.1 | 117.2 | 99.6 | 68.4 |
| APPAREL • - | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.1 | 104.2 | 96.5 | 52.5 |
| Men's and boys'. . | 105.6 | 105.7 | 105.5 | 107.0 | 98.1 |  |
| Women's and girls' | 97.2 | 97.3 | 97.1 | 98.5 | 93.3 | $4 /$ |
| Footwear . . . | 117.4 | 117.4 | 116.9 | 116.3 | 102.1 88.4 | 4/ |
| Other apparel. | 90.1 | 90.3 | 90.2 | 91.0 | 88.4 |  |
| transportation | 125.8 | 125.5 | 125.3 | 128.9 | 109.9 | 68.9 |
| medical care - | 127.6 | 127.5 | 127.3 | 125.1 | 105.4 | 72.6 |
| fersonal care . | 114.7 | 113.9 | 113.7 | 112.7 | 99.2 | 59.6 |
| reading and recreation - $\cdot$ | 106.2 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 106.4 | 102.5 | 63.0 |
| other goods and services 3/. | 119.9 | 119.9 | 119.8 | 120.1 | 103.7 | 70.6 |
| PERCENT Change to Jone 1955 FROM: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | April $1955$ | June 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & 1939 \end{aligned}$ |
| ALI Itens . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 0.2 | 0.2 | - 0.6 | 12.4 | 92.6 |
| Foco 1/ |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | - 2.2 | 10.7 | 136.3 |
| Food at home . . . . . . . |  | 0.3 | 0.2 | - 2.6 | 9.8 | 134.2 |
| Cereals and bakery products |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 20.7 | 116.8 |
| Meate, poultry and fish. |  | 1.7 | 0.8 | - 6.6 |  | 149.5 |
| Dairy products . . |  | 0.1 | - 0.5 | 1.2 | 12.8 | 109.0 |
| Frudts and vegetables Other foods at home. |  | - 0.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 16.6 | 158.1 |
| Other foods at home. |  | - 0.6 | - 1.6 | - 6.5 | 14.5 | 122.5 |
| Housing 2/ |  | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 14.1 | 57.3 |
| Rent . . . . . |  | 0.1 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 20.0 | 50.6 |
| Gas and electricity - . |  | - 0.2 | 0.14 | 2.9 | 7.8 | 5.5 |
| Solld fuels and fuel oil |  | 0.2 | - 2.4 | 1.5 | 14.0 | 117.6 |
| Housefurnishings - |  | 0.1 | - 0.7 | - 1.9 | 6.6 | 94.4 |
| Household operation | -•• | 0.2 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 19.7 | 74.3 |
| APPAREL . . . . . . . . . . | -••••• | - 0.1 | 0.1 | - 1.0 | 6.9 | 96.6 |
| Men's and boys'... | -••••• | - 0.1 | 0.1 | - 1.3 | 7.6 |  |
| Women's and girls' . Footwear . | ! . . . . | -0.1 | 0.1 | -1.3 | 4.2 15.0 | 4/ |
|  | -••• | 0 -0.2 | -0.4 | 1.9 -1.0 | 15.0 1.9 | [/4 |
| trans Partation |  | 0.2 | 0.4 | - 2.4 | 14.5 | 82.6 |
| medical care | -•••• | 0.1 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 21.1 | 75.8 |
| PRERSORAL CARE . . . . . | . . . . - | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 15.6 | 92.4 |
| READING AND RECREATTON OTHER GOODS AND SERVICES $3 \%$ | - | -0.3 0 | - 0.4 | - 0.2 -0.2 | 15.6 15.6 | 68.6 69.8 |

[^0]

1/These are the same indexes shown in column 1, converted to a base of 1935-39 $=100$.
2/ Foods, fuels, rents, and a few other itome priced monthly; other commodities and services priced quarterly. 3/ Jme 1950; formeriy priced March, Jume, Septomber, Decomber.
4/ Kay 1950; formerly priced Pebruary, May, Augast, November.

TABLE 3. CONSUNER PRICE IMDEX -- PBRCBIT CHANGES FROM MAY 1955 TO JUNE 1955 U.S. City Average and Five Cities Priced Monthly

All Items and Commodity Groups

| City | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Apparel | Transportation | Medical Care | Personal Care | $\begin{gathered} \text { Reading } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Recreation } \end{gathered}$ | Other <br> Goods \& Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. CITY AVERAGE | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | - 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.7 | -0.3 | 0 |
| Chicago | 0.2 | 0 | 0.4 | - 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | - 0.4 | -0.7 |
| Detroit . . . . . . | 0.3 | - 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 0 | 5.9 | 0.3 | 0 |
| Los Angeles | - 0.1 | - 0.6 | 0.8 | - 0.3 | - 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 |
| New York . - | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | - 0.2 | - 0.2 | 0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0 |
| Yhiladelphia . . . . . | 0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - 0.2 | 0.3 | 0 | -0.3 | - 0.4 | 0 |


| Group | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { CITY } \\ \text { AVERAGE } \end{gathered}$ | Atranta | Baltimore | Chicag o | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cincin } \\ \text { nati } \end{gathered}$ | Detroit | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Los } \\ \text { Angeles } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Nem <br> Foric | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Phila- } \\ \text { delphia } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | St. Louis | $\underset{\text { Prancisco }}{\text { San }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 1955 Inderes ( 1947 -49-100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALL ITEMS - | 114.4 | 116.0 | 115.0 | 117.4 | 113.7 | 116.7 | 115.3 | 111.8 | 115.5 | 115.9 | 115.3 |
| FOOD | 111.3 | 111.0 | 112.2 | 109.2 | 112.9 | 113.9 | 111.4 | 110.8 | 113.1 | 112.4 | 113.4 |
| Food at home | 110.3 | 109.6 | 110.7 | 107.6 | 112.0 | 112.8 | 109.2 | 109.7 | 111.9 | 110.1 | 112.9 |
| Cereals and bakery products | 124.0 | 118.4 | 121.9 | 118.7 | 124.7 | 119.9 | 127.9 | 128.7 | 119.9 | 118.5 | 130.9 |
| Meats, poultry and fish | 103.8 | 107.6 | 104.2 | 98.2 | 105.2 | 102.3 | 102.7 | 105.9 | 106.7 | 103.6 | 106.7 |
| Dairy products | 104.1 | 108.1 | 108.1 | 104.6 | 106.4 | 105.6 | 103.2 | 101.5 | 106.1 | 91.1 | 104.9 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 119.5 | 118.7 | 118.6 | 116.0 | 120.2 | 132.9 | 113.4 | 111.6 | 123.1 | 126.7 | 123.5 |
| Other foods at home | 107.7 | 101.3 | 107.4 | 112.8 | 112.6 | 108.8 | 107.0 | 109.6 | 107.7 | 115.7 | 108.4 |
| HOUSING . | 119.7 | 124.4 | 115.8 | 129.5 | 117.4 | 122.0 | 126.5 | 114.9 | 114.2 | 119.3 | 116.3 |
| Rent . . | 130.4 | - | - | - | 131.9 | - | - | - | - | 136.0 | 132.1 |
| Gas and electricity . | 110.7 | 121.0 | 99.9 | 110.5 | 119.0 | 108.5 | 116.2 | 109.1 | 102.3 | 103.8 | 136.3 |
| Solid fuels and fuel ofl | 122.7 | 112.3 | 121.7 | 126.6 | 125.4 | 118.8 | - | 123.9 | 113.1 | 132.9 | - |
| Housefurnishings | 103.8 | 107.0 | 97.7 | 105.7 | 98.8 | 107.9 | 105.7 | 103.4 | 105.? | 101.5 | 104.6 |
| Household operation | 119.2 | 130.2 | 111.9 | 122.3 | 122.7 | 112.0 | 124.6 | 119.3 | 114.3 | 119.0 | 109.7 |
| APPAREL . | 103.2 | 109.4 | 102.5 | 104.0 | 103.0 | 102.0 | 103.4 | 101.2 | 103.9 | 103.5 | 103.2 |
| Men's and boys'. | 105.6 | 111.1 | 101.4 | 109.5 | 103.4 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 106.0 | 104.3 | 106.7 | 104.3 |
| Women's and girls' | $97 . ?$ | 103.9 | 98.9 | 94.5 | 97.6 | 94.6 | 97.3 | 93.1 | 101.2 | 96.0 | 98.6 |
| Footwear | 117.4 | 124.0 | 117.9 | 121.2 | 123.7 | 113.3 | 118.0 | 116.8 | 111.5 | 119.7 | 118.5 |
| Other apparel. | 90.1 | 91.4 | 94.2 | 92.5 | 87.4 | 87.1 | 81.8 | 92.5 | 91.5 | 95.6 | 87.8 |
| TRANSPCRTATION | 125.8 | 124.1 | 137.0 | 130.4 | 123.2 | 122.6 | 122.7 | 128.6 | 139.1 | 134.8 | 137.9 |
| MEDICAL CARE | 127.6 | 122.9 | 134.4 | 128.5 | 127.6 | 132.5 | 121.5 | 126.1 | 135.1 | 140.0 | 123.8 |
| Personal care . | 114.7 | 115.2 | 109.0 | 115.2 | 113.9 | 126.3 | 117.4 | 108.9 | 117.3 | 117.3 | 110.9 |
| READING ARD RECREATION | 106.2 | 107.0 | 114.4 | 112.6 | 100.1 | 108.0 | 98.3 | 105.1 | 112.6 | 92.1 | 106.2 |
| OTHER GOODS AND SERVICES | 119.9 | 119.2 | 122.6 | 117.3 | 116.6 | 124.8 | 114.8 | 121.0 | 123.4 | 116.7 | 115.0 |

## Porcent Change - March 1955 to June 1955



1/ Change from December 1954 to June 1955.
$(1947-49=100)$

| C1ty | Total Food |  | Total |  | Cereals * Bakery Products |  | Meats, Poultry $\&$ Fish |  | DairyProducts |  | Fruits * Yegetables |  | Other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Index | Percent Change | Index | Percent Change | Index | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Percent } \\ \text { Change } \end{array}$ | Index | Percent Change | Index | Percent Change | Index | Percent Change | Index | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| U.S. CITY AVERAGE | 111.3 | 0.2 | 110.3 | 0.3 | 124.0 | 0.2 | 103.8 | 1.7 | 104.1 | 0.1 | 119.5 | - 0.6 | 107.7 | - 0.5 |
| Atlanta | 111.0 | - 0.1 | 109.6 | 0.1 | 118.4 | 0.7 | 107.6 | 1.5 | 108.1 | -0.7 | 118.7 | - 1.6 | 101. 3 | - 0.2 |
| Baltimore | 112.2 | 0.8 | 110.7 | 0.9 | 121.9 | 0 | 104.2 | 2.5 | 108.1 | 0 | 118.6 | 1.5 | 107.4 | -0.3 |
| Boston | 109.5 | 0.6 | 108.0 | 0.7 | 119.1 | -0.1 | 101.2 | 1.5 | 105.2 | 1.1 | 115.9 | 1.2 | 103.9 | - 0.1 |
| Chicago . | 109.2 | 0 | 107.6 | -0.1 | 118.7 | - 0.1 | 98.2 | 1.3 | 104.6 | 1.2 | 116.0 | - 2.2 | 112.8 | - 1.0 |
| Cincinnati | 112.9 | 0.4 | 112.0 | 0.4 | 124.7 | - 0.2 | 105.2 | 1.4 | 106.4 | 0 | 120.2 | 1.2 | 112.6 | - 1.0 |
| Cleveland | 109.3 | -0.3 | 108.3 | - 0.3 | 120.1 | 0 | 102.1 | 1.3 | 96.5 | 0 | 116.5 | - 2.3 | 111.0 | - 1.2 |
| Detroit | 113.9 | -0.4 | 112.8 | - 0.4 | 119.9 | - 0.1 | 102.3 | 2.0 | 105.6 | $-0.2$ | 132.9 | - 3.1 | 108.8 | - 1.1 |
| Houston - | 110.2 | - 0.5 | 108.9 | - 0.6 | 118.1 | 0 | 101.5 | 0.2 | 108.5 | - 0.1 | 116.8 | - 2.0 | 106.9 | - 1.2 |
| Kansas City | 107.4 | 0.3 | 105.9 | 0.4 | 120.7 | - 0.2 | 99.8 | 1.3 | 104.4 | 0 | 111.2 | 1.2 | 101.3 | - 0.9 |
| Los Angeles | 111.4 | - 0.3 | 109.2 | - 0.4 | 127.9 | 0 | 102.7 | 0.9 | 103.2 | 0.3 | 113.4 | - 2.2 | 107.0 | - 1.0 |
| Minneapolis | 111.7 | 0.3 | 111.0 | 0.4 | 126.1 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 1.9 | 102.5 | -0.1 | 125.6 | 0.5 | 114.4 | - 1.5 |
| New York | 110.8 | 0.3 | 109.7 | 0.4 | 128.7 | 0.5 | 105.9 | 1.8 | 101.5 | - 0.1 | 111.6 | - 1.6 | 109.6 | 0.1 |
| Philadelphia | 113.1 | 0.2 | 111.9 | 0.2 | 119.9 | - 0.8 | 106.7 | 1.7 | 106.1 | 0.1 | 123.1 | - 1.0 | 107.7 | -0.3 |
| Pittsburgh | 112.5 | 1.1 | 112.0 | 1.4 | 124.3 | 0.3 | 101.5 | 2.7 | 106.7 | -0.1 | 122.1 | 3.3 | 116.2 | -0.4 |
| Portland, Ore. | 110.7 | 0.5 | 110.4 | 0.6 | 124.8 | 0.6 | 103.5 | 1.5 | 103.3 | 0.4 | 120.1 | 0.9 | 108.9 | 0 |
| St. Louis | 112.4 | -0.1 | 110.1 | 0 | 118.5 | -0.3 | 103.6 | 1.3 | 91.1 | - 0.2 | 126.7 | - 0.4 | 115.7 | - 1.3 |
| San Francisco | 113.4 | 0 | 112.9 | 0.3 | 130.9 | 0 | 106.7 | 0 | 104.9 | 0 | 123.5 | 1.3 | 108.4 | 0 |
| Scranton | 108.9 | 0.3 | 108.8 | 0.4 | 119.6 | 1.9 | 103.9 | 1.9 | 105.0 | 0.1 | 114.3 | - 2.3 | 105.4 | - 0.2 |
| Seattle . | 113.0 | -0.2 | 112.1 | - 0.2 | 127.8 | 0 | 102.1 | 0.5 | 108.2 | - 0.2 | 125.2 | - 1.2 | 108.7 | - 0.2 |
| Washington, D.C. | 111.3 | 0 | 109.7 | 0 | 121.9 | -0.1 | 101.7 | 2.4 | 109.1 | -0.4 | 114.7 | - 2.5 | 107.7 | - 0.3 |

table 6. retail food prices for jung 1955 and may 1955
U.S. City Average

| Food and Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | Food and Unit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | May <br> 1955 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CEREALS AND BAKERY PRODUCTS: | (Cents) | (Cents) | Fresh (continued) | (Cents) | (Cents) |
| Flour, wheat 5 lb . | 53.9 | 53.9 | Grapefruit * each |  | 10.4 |
| Biscuit mix 20 oz . | 27.4 | 27.4 | Peaches * ib. |  |  |
| Corn meal ib. | 12.6 | 12.6 | Strawberries * pt. | 29.1 | 29.7 |
| Rice ib. | 17.9 | 17.8 | Grapes, seedless * lb. |  |  |
| Rolled oats 20 oz . | 19.2 | 19.1 | Watermelons * ib. | 6.4 |  |
| Corn Plakes 12 oz . | 21.9 | 22.0 | Potatoes 20 lb . | 71.7 | 80.9 |
| Bread, white ib. | 17.7 | 17.7 | Sweetpotatoes 1b. | 16.0 | 15.9 |
| Soda crackers lb. | 27.0 | 27.1 | Onions | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Vanilla cookies 7 oz . | 23.8 | 23.8 | Carrots lb. | 13.0 | 12.5 |
| MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH: |  |  | Lettuce head | 13.4 | 15.2 |
| Round steak $\mathbf{l b}$. | 90.1 | 89.2 | Celery 1b. | 13.9 | 14.3 |
| Chuck roast 1 lb . | 49.8 | 49.8 | Cabbage 1b. | 8.0 | 10.5 |
| Rib roast 1 lb . | 70.8 | 70.7 | Tomatoes lb. | 26.9 | 30.2 |
| Hamburger 1 l . | 39.4 | 39.6 | Beans, green 1b. | 18.3 | 25.1 |
| Veal cutlets 1 lb | 109.5 | 109.5 | Canned |  |  |
| Pork chops, center cut lb. | 89.8 | 82.9 | Orange juice 46 oz . can | 33.4 | 33.0 |
| Bacon, sliced ib. | 65.7 | 65.5 | Peaches \#2 it can | 33.9 | 33.7 |
| Ham, whole lb. | 61.9 | 60.4 | Pineapple \#2 can | 32.8 | 32.8 |
| Lamb, leg lb. | 69.5 | 67.4 | Fruit cocktail \$303 can | 26.4 | 26.4 |
| Frankfurters lb. | 52.8 | 53.0 | Corn, cream style \#303 can | 16.9 | 16.9 |
| Luncheon meat, canned 12 oz . | 43.4 | 43.7 | Peas, green \#303 can | 21.5 | 21.5 |
| Frying chickens, dressed ib. | 46.6 | 46.0 | Tomatoes \#303 can | 15.3 | 15.2 |
| Frying chickens, ready-to-cook ib. | 58.6 | 57.5 | Baby foods $4 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}-5 \mathrm{oz}}$ | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Ocean perch, fillet, frozen ib. | 42.5 | 43.0 | Dried |  |  |
| Haddock, fillet, frozen lb. | 46.6 | 47.0 | Prunes 1b. | 33.7 | 33.4 |
| Salmon, pink, canned 16 oz . | 55.5 | 55.3 | Navy beans lb. | 18.8 | 18.8 |
| Tuna fish, canned 7 oz. | 37.5 | 37.6 | OTHER FOODS AT HOME: |  |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS: ${ }_{\text {MHIk, }}$ fresh, (grocery) (t. |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Vegetable soup } & 11 \mathrm{oz}, \text { can } \\ \text { Beans with pork } & 16 \mathrm{oz.} \text { can }\end{array}$ | 14.1 14.9 | 14.1 |
| Milk, Presh, (grocery) qt. | 21.4 | 21.4 | Beans with pork $16 \mathrm{oz}$. can | 14.9 | 14.8 |
| Milk, Presh, (delivered) Ice cream | 22.5 29.0 | 22.5 29.1 |  | 28.0 | 28.1 |
| Butter lb. | 70.4 | 70.4 | Coffee 1b. | 89.0 | 92.2 |
| Cheese, American procesa 1 l . | 57.8 | 57.7 | Tea $\ddagger$ lb. | 40.3 | 40.8 |
| Milk, evaporated $14 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{oz}$. can | 13.7 | 13.7 | Cola drink carton of 6, 6 oz. | 32.4 | 32.5 |
| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES: |  |  | Shortening, hydrogenated lb. | 34.4 | 34.4 |
| Frozen |  |  | Margarine, colored | 28.6 | 28.8 |
| Strawberries 10 oz . | 30.7 | 30.8 | Lard lb. | 20.8 | 21.0 |
| Orange juice concentrate $\quad 6 \mathrm{oz}$. | 18.1 | 18.0 | Salad dressing pt. | 35.3 | 35.3 |
| Peas, green 10 oz . | 19.6 | 19.6 | Peanut butter 1b | 54.4 | 54.4 |
| Beans, green 10 oz . | 24.2 | 24.2 | Sugar 5 lb . | 52.0 | 52.1 |
| Fresh |  |  | Corn syrup 24 oz. | 23.7 | 23.7 |
| Apples | 18.8 | 17.2 | Grape jelly 12 oz . | 26.0 | 26.0 |
| Bananas lb. | 17.0 | 16.9 | Chocolate bar 7/8 oz. | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Oranges, size 200 doz. | 52.9 | 52.2 | Eggs, Grade A, large toz. | 53.6 | 53.2 |
| Lemons $\mathbf{1 b}$. | 17.5 | 18.0 | Gelatin, flavored 3-4 oz. | 8.6 | 8.5 |

* Priced only in seasone

1/ Formerly published as sweet gherkins.

The Consumer Price Index measures the average change in prices of goods and services customarily purchased by city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. Index numbers are presented on the base $1947-49=100$, and show the average increase or decrease in prices from the 1947-49 average. For the convenience of users, indexes are also calculated on the base 1935-39 = 100 .

About 300 items are priced for the index to estimate the average change in prices of a fixed quantity of goods and services from one period to the next. Among these are all the important items that wage and clerical workers buy, and they are selected so that their average price change will be representative of the price changes on all items. Prices are collected in 46 cities which are representative of all cities in the United States.

Foods, fuels, rents, and a few other items are priced every month in eacn city. Prices of most other goods and services are obtained every month in the 5 largest cities, every 3 months in 16 other large cities and in 9 medium-sized cities, and every 4 months in 16 small cities. In each city, prices are reported by representative retail stores and service establishments patronized by wage and clerical worker families.

Indexes are calculated for all cities combined (the U.S. city average) and for each of the 20 largest cities. No separate index numbers are calculated for the following 26 medium-sized and small cities which are included in the U.S. average:
Anna, Illinois
Camden, Arkansas
Canton, Ohio
Charleston, W. Virginia
Evansville, Indiana
Garrett, Indiana
Glendale, Arizona
Grand Forks, N. Dakota
Grand Island, Nebraska

Huntington, W. Virginia
Laconia, Jew Hampshire
Lodi, California
Lynchburg, Virginia
Madill, Oklahoma
Madison, Wisconsin
Middlesboro, Kentucky
Middletown, Conner.ticut
Newark, Ohio

Pulaski, Virginia Ravenna, Ohio Rawlins, Wyoming San Jose, California Sandpoint, Idaho Shawnee, Oklahoma Shenandoah, Iowa Youngstown, Ohio

In the calculation, price changes on individual items are weighted by their importance in wage-earner and clerical-worker family spending. City data are combined by weighting with 1950 population data to arrive at the U.S. city average.

Comparison of city indexes shows only that prices in one city changed more or less than in another. City indexes do not measure differences in price level between cities.

A detailed description of the index containing lists of items priced, their weights, cities included, and an explanation of the index calculation, its uses and limitations, is available in Bureau of Labor Statistics Bulletin No. 1140 - "The Consumer Price Index - A Layman's Guide," for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. Price 20 cents.

A more technical description of the Consumer Price Index is available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Historical series of index numbers for the U.S. city average and 20 individual large cities are available upon request. These series include index numbers for All Items, Food, Apparel, and Rent for periods from 1913 to date; and for other groups of goods and services from 1947 to date.


[^0]:    $1 /$ Includes restaurant meals not shown separately.
    2/ Includes home purchase and other home-owner costs not shown separately.
    $\overline{3}$ / Includes tobacco, alcoholic beverages, and "miscellaneous services"(such as legal services, banking fees, burial services, etc.).
    4/ Not available.

