# U.S. DEPARTMEAT OF LABOR <br> Bureau of Labor Statistics <br> Washington 25, D. C. 

## CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - MAY 1955

The Consumer Price Index was unchanged between April and May, remaining at 114.2 percent of the 1947-49 average, according to the U.S. Departmant of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics. This index has varied by only 0.1 percent in the past 6 months.

Prices for the food, housing, and reading and recreation categories each declined 0.1 percent, while prices of transportation, apparel, medical care, and personal care each rose 0.2 percent. The "other goods and services" category increased 0.1 percent.

FOOD The decline in food prices was the first since last Decenber. However, half the 46 cities surveyed reported higher average food prices between April and May. At 111.1 , the food index was 1.9 percent lower than a year earlier and 10.5 percent above June 1950.

The slight change represented largely the net effect of decreases for poultry, eggs, and beef, and increases for pork and fresh fruits and vegetables, particularly potitoes and apples. of food at home, only fruits and vegetables averaged higher between April and May. Prices of restaurant mals edged higher.

Fresh fruit and vegetable prices avaraged about 3.4 percent higher over the month, somewhat more than usual for this period of the year. The retail prices of white potatoes again advanced (about 15 percent) following the sharp price rise recorded in April. Reflecting the late March freese, average potato prices increased almost 50 percent from March to May to about 80 cents for 10 pounds. The retail prices of apples, which have been increasing steadily since October 1954, increased another 12 percent over the manth. The prices of oranges also advanced, about 5 percent. Prices of lettuce, fresh tomatces, and strawberries decreased over the month as greater supplies moved into the market.

As supplies increased, poultry prices declined 7.3 percent over the month, following 4 nonths of steady advance. Yeat prices averaged higher in Yay as prices for pork chops and ham increased 6.6 percent and 2.5 percent respectively, with the seasonal decreases in marketing of hogs. However, prices of all other meat itens were lower. Chuck roast prices were down 3.5 percent and round steak, 1.8 percent.

Eggs were a better buy in nost cities as the average price decreased 3.1 percent to the lowest for any May since 1950. Dairy products declined for the fifth consecutive month.

Coffee prices continued down, but only slightly, for the fourth consecutive month. Tea prices fell a little following 13 months of continuous advance. The slight decline in the cereals and bakery products index constituted its first decrease in more than a year.

Between April and May, the housing index declined 0.1 percent.
There were price decreases for housefurnishings and solid fuels and fuel oil while rents, gas and electric bills, and household operation costs were slightly higher. Housefurnishings prices declined 0.8 percent over the month. Traditional May white sales resulted in reduced prices for sheets. Prices for refrigerators, cook stoves, and washing machines were also lower in some cities as retailers cut prices to meet competition and to promote increased volume.

Substantial price decreases for anthracite, and smaller reductions for bituminous coal and fuel oil, brought the solid fuels and fuel oil index down 2.5 percent from April. These declines are customary with the onset of warmer weather.

Residential rents resumed their gradual increase in May, moving to a level 0.3 percent above April. The majority of rental dwellings reported no change in rent over the month.

Gas and electric bills increased 0.5 percent, on the average, between April and Miay. The rise of 0.8 percent in household operation costs was due almost entirely to substantial increases in water rates in several cities.

OTHER COMMODITIES The transportation index rose as a firmer market for used cars was AND SERVICES reported in May. Sharp competition among service stations in a few cities brought about large reductions in local gasoline prices.

The apparel index rose slightly between April and May. Some scattered increases were reported in prices for men's street oxfords, reflecting recent advances in leather prices. Shoe repairs were also higher in some cities because of increases in costs of leather and rubber heels.

The medical care index advanced as higher fees for physicians' and surgeons' services were reported in some cities, and higher room rates were posted in a number of hospitals.

Higher prices for haircuts in one city and beauty shop services in a few others were responsible for the increase in the personal care index. Some stores reported reduced prices for television sets and radios to meet competition. Cigarette prices were up in a few cities.


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1/ These are the same indexes shown in column 1, comverted to a base of $1935-39=100$.
2/ Foods, fuels, rents, and a few other items priced monthly; other comodities and services priced quarteriy.
/ Jume 1950; formerly priced in March, June, September, December.
May 1950; formarly priced February, May, August, November.

TABLE 3. CONSUNER PRICE INDEX - PERCENT CHANGES FROM APRIL 1955 TO MAY 1955 U.8. City Average and Five Cities Priced Monthly A11 Items and Conmodity Groups

| City | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { Items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Apparel | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trans- } \\ & \text { portation } \end{aligned}$ | Kedical Care | Personal Care | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Reading } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Recreation } \end{aligned}$ | Other Goods \& Services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.8. CITY AVERAGE | 0 | - 0.1 | - 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Chicago | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0 | - 0.3 | 0 | 0 |
| Detroit . | 0.2 | 1.0 | - 0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - 0.2 | - 1.0 | 0.1 |
| Los Angeles | 0.8 | - 0.8 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 0 | - 0.1 | - 0.4 | 0.3 |
| New York . . | - 0.4 | - 1.0 | - 0.3 | 0 | - 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.1 | - 0.2 | 0 |
| Philadelphia . . . . . | -0.3 | - C.l | -0.8 | - 0.4 | 1.2 | 0 | - 0.1 | 0.5 | - 0.1 |


| Group | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { CITY } \\ \text { AVERAGE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Chicago | Cleve land | Detroit | Houston | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Los } \\ \text { Angeles } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { York } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phila- } \\ & \text { delphia } \end{aligned}$ | Scranton | Seattle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tashing- } \\ & \text { ton, D.C } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 1955 Indexos (1947-49. 100 ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALL ITEMS | 114.2 | 117.2 | 115.3 | 116.4 | 115.5 | 215.4 | 111.8 | 115.5 | 111.4 | 116.8 | 113.5 |
| FOCD | 111.1 | 109.2 | 109.6 | 114.4 | 110.7 | 112.1 | 110.5 | 112.9 | 108.6 | 113.2 | 111.3 |
| Food at home | 110.0 | 107.7 | 108.6 | 113.2 | 109.6 | 109.6 | 109.3 | 111.7 | 108.4 | 112.3 | 109.7 |
| Cereals and bakery products | 123.8 | 118.8 | 120.1 | 120.0 | 118.1 | 127.9 | 128.0 | 120.9 | 117.4 | 127.8 | 122.0 |
| Neats, poultry and fish | 102.1 | 96.9 | 100.8 | 100.3 | 101.3 | 101.8 | 104.0 | 104.9 | 102.0 | 101.6 | 99.3 |
| Dairy products . | 104.0 | 103.4 | 96.5 | 105.8 | 108.6 | 102.9 | 101.6 | 106.0 | 104.9 | 108.4 | 109.5 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 120.2 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 137.2 | 119.2 | 116.0 | 113.4 | 124.4 | 117.0 | 126.7 | 117.7 |
| Other foods at home. | 108.4 | 113.9 | 212.3 | 110.0 | 108.2 | 108.1 | 109.5 | 108.0 | 105.6 | 108.9 | 108.0 |
| HOUSIIIG | 119.4 | 129.0 | 122.0 | 121.8 | 122.0 | 125.5 | 114.9 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 121.3 | 116.9 |
| Rent - | 130.3 | 5 | - ${ }^{-1}$ | 108* | 106 8 | 139.2 | 200 | - ${ }^{-}$ | 123.3 | -80 | 123.5 |
| Gas and electricity . | 110.9 | 110.5 | 109.1 | 108.7 | 106.8 | 116.2 | 109.0 | 102.3 | 119.4 | 88.8 | 121.5 |
| Solid fuels and fuel oil | 122.5 | 126.2 | 120.3 | 119.0 | - | - | 123.9 | 113.1 | 121.3 | 130.3 | 128.6 |
| Housefurnishings | 103.7 | 105.5 | 102.5 | 107.6 | 99.2 | 105.8 | 103.6 | 105.0 | 99.9 | 104.8 | 105.4 |
| Household operation | 119.0 | 121.1 | 113.8 | 112.0 | 127.0 | 124.5 | 119.3 | 114.3 | 109.9 | 114.5 | 119.4 |
| APPAREL . | 103.3 | 104.? | 103.8 | 101.9 | 107.1 | 103.7 | 101.4 | 104.1 | 106.3 | 105.4 | 101.1 |
| Men's and boys' | 105.7 | 109.6 | 108.5 | 106.8 | 105.5 | 107.4 | 105.7 | 104.3 | 107.2 | 108.8 | 104.7 |
| Women's and girls' | 97.3 | 94.8 | 96.1 | 94.4 | 101.5 | 97.4 | 93.6 | 101.6 | 101.4 | 99.1 | 94.8 |
| Pootwear . . | 117.4 | 121.2 | 117.0 | 113.3 | 128.7 | 118.0 | 116.8 | 111.5 | 121.2 | 121.0 | 115.2 |
| Other apparel | 90.3 | 92.6 | 92.7 | 87.1 | 90.7 | 82.4 | 92.9 | 91.1 | 91.8 | 85.9 | 90.1 |
| transportation | 125.5 | 130.2 | 117.9 | 120.9 | 121.9 | 124.0 | 128.8 | 138.7 | 127.4 | 126.8 | 128.6 |
| MEDICAL CARE | 127.5 | 128.0 | 136.6 | 132.5 | 124.5 | 121.4 | 126.1 | 135.1 | 119.7 | 130.7 | 118.4 |
| Perssonal care . | 113.9 | 114.9 | 214.6 | 119.3 | 119.6 | 117.2 | 108.5 | 117.7 | 121.5 | 117.5 | 110.9 |
| READIMG AND RECREATIOS | 106.5 | 113.1 | 114.3 | 107.7 | 108.2 | 96.9 | 104.7 | 113.0 | 118.5 | 109.0 | 105.3 |
| OTHER GOODS ARD SERVICES | 119.9 | 128.1 | 118.1 | 124.8 | 119.2 | 114.6 | 121.0 | 123.4 | 115.1 | 128.4 | 129.9 |

## Percent Change -- February 1955 to May 1955



1/ Change from November 1954 to May 1955.
( $1947-49=100$ )

| City | Total Food |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { To } \\ \text { Food } \end{array}$ | Total |  <br> Bakery Products |  | Meats, Poultry \& Fish |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dairy } \\ \text { Products } \end{gathered}$ |  | Fruits \& Vegetables |  | Foods | er $t$ Home |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Index | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Inder | Percent Change | Index | Percent Change | Inder | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Index | Percent Change | Inder | Percent Change | Inder | Percent Change |
| U.S. CITY AVERAGE | 111.1 | - 0.1 | 110.0 | - 0.1 | 123.8 | - 0.1 | 102.1 | -0.9 | 104.0 | - 0.6 | 120.2 | 2.3 | 108.4 | - 0.9 |
| Atlanta | 111.1 | 0.3 | 109.5 | 0.4 | 117.6 | - 0.3 | 106.0 | - 0.9 | 108.9 | 0.8 | 120.6 | 2.9 | 101.5 | 0 |
| Baltimore | 111.3 | - 0.3 | 109.7 | - 0.4 | 121.9 | 0 | 101.7 | - 1.5 | 108.1 | -0.1 | 116.9 | 2.0 | 107.7 | - 1.1 |
| Boston | 108.8 | - 0.2 | 107.2 | - 0.3 | 119.2 | 0.1 | 99.7 | - 0.9 | 104.1 | - 1.1 | 114.5 | 2.2 | 104.0 | - 1.0 |
| Chicago | 109.2 | 0.2 | 107.7 | 0.1 | 118.8 | - 0.1 | 96.9 | - 0.3 | 103.4 | - 2.0 | 118.6 | 3.9 | 113.9 | - 0.7 |
| Cincinnati | 112.5 | 0 | 111.5 | - 0.1 | 124.9 | - 1.2 | 103.7 | - 0.2 | 106.4 | 0 | 118.8 | 2.8 | 113.7 | - 1.4 |
| Cleveland | 109.6 | 1.4 | 108.6 | 1.7 | 120.1 | - 0.3 | 100.8 | 2.0 | 96.5 | - 0.2 | 119.3 | 7.5 | 112.3 | - 1.0 |
| Detroit | 114.4 | 1.0 | 113.2 | 1.2 | 120.0 | - 0.2 | 100.3 | - 0.4 | 105.8 | 3.6 | 137.2 | 4.3 | 110.0 | - 0.5 |
| Houston | 110.7 | - 0.4 | 109.6 | - 0.4 | 118.1 | - 0.5 | 101.3 | 0.1 | 108.6 | - 0.1 | 119.2 | - 0.5 | 108.2 | - 1.0 |
| Kansas City | 107.1 | 0.1 | 105.5 | 0 | 120.9 | 0.1 | 98.5 | -0.2 | 104.4 | - 0.1 | 109.9 | 1.8 | 102.2 | - 0.9 |
| Los Angeles | 1 | - 0.8 | 109.6 | - 1.0 | 127.9 | 0 | 101.8 | - 0.3 | 102.9 | 0 | 116.0 | - 4.6 | 108.1 | 0 |
| Minneapolis | 111.4 | - 0.1 | 110.6 | - 0.2 | 126.0 | - 0.1 | 98.1 | - 0.6 | 102.6 | -0.3 | 124.8 | 1.4 | 116.2 | - 0.9 |
| New York | 110.5 | - 1.0 | 109.3 | - 1.3 | 128.0 | - 0.2 | 104.0 | - 2.4 | 101.6 | - 2.4 | 113.4 | 1.8 | 109.5 | - 1.8 |
| Philadelphia | 112.9 | - 0.4 | 111.7 | - 0.5 | 120.9 | - 0.1 | 104.9 | - 2.0 | 106.0 | - 0.3 | 124.4 | 3.8 | 108.0 | - 2.5 |
| Pittsburgh | 111.3 | - 0.2 | 110.5 | - 0.2 | 123.9 | -0.5 | 98.8 | - 0.5 | 106.8 | - 0.1 | 118.2 | 2.2 | 116.7 | - 1.4 |
| Portland, Ore. | 110.1 | 0.1 | 109.7 | 0.1 | 124.1 | -0.2 | 102.0 | - 0.1 | 102.9 | - 0.6 | 119.0 | 1.3 | 108.9 | -0.4 |
| St. Louis | 112.5 | 0 | 110.1 | 0 | 118.8 | - 0.1 | 102.3 | - 0.2 | 91.3 | 1.1 | 127.2 | 1.0 | 117.2 | - 0.9 |
| San Francisco | 113.4 | - 0.1 | 112.6 | - 0.2 | 130.9 | 0 | 106.7 | - 0.7 | 104.9 | 0.3 | 121.9 | 0.1 | 108.4 | 0 |
| Scranton | 108.6 | -0.4 | 108.4 | - 0.5 | 117.4 | - 1.0 | 102.0 | 0 | 104.9 | -0.2 | 117.0 | 1.6 | 105.6 | - 2.4 |
| Seattle | 113.2 | 1.2 | 112.3 | 0.9 | 127.8 | 0.4 | 101.6 | 1.1 | 108.4 | 0.2 | 126.7 | 2.0 | 108.9 | 0.6 |
| Washington, D.C. | 111.3 | -0.2 | 109.7 | - 0.5 | 122.0 | -0.2 | 99.3 | - 1.2 | 109.5 | -0.5 | 117.7 | 2.2 | 108.0 | - 1.8 |

table 6. RETAIL FOOD PRICES FOR MAY 1955 AND APRIL 1955

| Food and Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apri1 } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Food and Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 1955 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CEREALS AND BAKERY FRODUCTS: | (Cents) | (Cents) | Fresh (continued) | (Cents) | (Cents) |
| Flour, wheat 5 lb . | 53.9 | 54.1 | Grapefruit * each | 10.4 | 9.9 |
| Biscuit mix $20 \mathrm{oz}$. | 27.4 | $27 \cdot 4$ | Peaches * 1 l . |  |  |
| Corn meal | 12.6 | 12.6 | Strawberries * pt. | 29.7 | 35.8 |
| Rice 1b. | 17.8 | 17.8 | Grapes, seedless * 1b. |  |  |
| Rolled oats 20 oz. | 19.1 | 19.0 | Watermelons * 1b. |  |  |
| Corn flakes 12 oz | 22.0 | 22.0 | Potatoes 10 lb . | 80.9 | 70.6 |
| Bread, white | 17.7 | 17.7 | Sweetpotatoes 1b. | 15.9 | 15.4 |
| Soda crackers ib. | 27.1 | 27.0 | Onions | 8.5 | 8.5 |
| Vanilla cookies $7 \mathrm{oz}$. | 23.8 | 23.8 | Carrots lb | 12.5 | 12.7 |
| MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH: |  |  | Lettuce head | 15.2 | 17.6 |
| Round steak lb. | 89.2 | 90.8 | Celery 1 lb . | 14.3 | 14.9 |
| Chuck roast ib. | 49.8 | 51.6 | Cabbage | 10.5 | 9.4 |
| Rib roast 1 lb . | 70.7 | 71.6 | Tomatoes lb. | 30.2 | 32.3 |
| Hamburger 1 lb . | 39.6 | 39.9 | Beans, green 1b. | 25.1 | 24.4 |
| Veal cutlets ib. | 109.6 | 110.1 | Canned |  |  |
| Pork chops, center cut ${ }^{\text {lb }}$. | 82.9 | 77.8 | Orange juice $46 \mathrm{oz.can}$ | 33.0 | 32.8 |
| Bacon, sliced 1 lb . | 65.5 | 65.9 | Peaches \#z ì can | 33.7 | 33.5 |
| Ham, whole ib. | 60.4 | 58.9 | Pineapple ${ }^{\text {H2 }}$ can | 32.8 | 32.8 |
| Lamb, leg ib. | 67.4 | 68.7 | Fruit cacktail $\quad$ F303 can | 26.4 | 26.5 |
| Frankfurters 1b. | 53.0 | 53.3 | Corn, cream style \#303 can | 16.9 | 17.0 |
| Luncheon meat, canned 12 oz . | 43.7 | 44.3 | Peas, green \#303 can | 21.5 | 21.5 |
| Frying chickens, dressed 1 lb . | 46.0 | 50.3 | Tomatoes \#303 can | 15.2 | 15.1 |
| Frying chickens, ready-to-cook ib. | 57.5 | 61.7 | Baby foods 4 者-5 oz. | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Ocean perch, fillet, frozen ib. | 43.0 | 42.9 | Dried |  |  |
| Haddock, fillet, frozen 16. | 47.0 | 47.3 | Prunes 1b. | 33.4 | 32.9 |
| Salmon, pink, canned 16 oz . | 55.3 | 54.9 | Navy beans 1b. | 18.8 | 18.9 |
| Tuna fish, canned 7 oz. | 37.6 | 37.7 | OTHER FOODS AT HOME: |  |  |
| DAIRY FRODUCTS: |  |  | Vegetable soup 11 oz , can | 14.1 | 14.1 |
| Milk; fresh, (grocery) qt. | 21.4 | 21.6 | Beans with pork 16 oz . can | 14.8 | 14.9 |
| Milk, fresh, (delivered) qt. | 22.5 | 22.6 | Pickles, sweet $1 / \mathrm{l}$ ( 7 oz. | 28.1 | 28.2 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ice cream } & \mathrm{pt} \\ \text { Butter } & \text { lb. }\end{array}$ | 29.1 70.4 | 29.1 70.8 | Catsup, tomato 14 oz . | 22.4 | 22.3 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Butter } & \text { lb. } \\ \text { Cheese, American process } & \text { lb }\end{array}$ | 70.4 | 70.8 | Coffee 1b. | 92.2 | 92.5 |
| Cheese, American process ${ }^{\text {a }}$ lb. | 57.7 13.7 | 57.6 13.7 | Tea 4 lb . | 40.8 | 41.1 |
| Milk, evaporated $14 \frac{\mathrm{l}}{\mathrm{oz}} \mathrm{ozan}$ | 13.7 | 13.7 | Cola drink carton of 6, 6 oz . | 32.5 | 32.6 |
| FRUITS AND VEGETABLES: -Frozen |  |  | Shortening, hydrogenated 1 lb . | 34.4 | 35.0 |
| Frozen Strawberries |  |  | Margarine, colored lb. | 28.8 | 29.1 |
|  | 30.8 18.0 | 30.6 17.9 | Lard ${ }_{\text {lb }}$ | 21.0 | 20.8 |
| Peas, green 16 oz . | 19.5 | 19.6 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Salad dressing } \\ \text { Peanut butter } & \text { pt. } \\ & \text { lb }\end{array}$ | 35.3 54.4 | 35.4 54.3 |
| Beans, green, 10 oz . | 24.2 | 24.2 | Sugar 5 lb . | 52.1 | 52.1 |
| Fresh |  |  | Corn syrup 24 oz. | 23.7 | 23.7 |
| Apples lb. | 17.2 | 15.3 | Grape jelly 12 oz . | 26.0 | 25.9 |
| Bananas lb. | 16.9 | 17.0 | Chocolate bar 7/8 oz. | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Oranges, size 200 doz. | 52.2 | 49.9 | Eggs, Grade A, large doz. | 53.2 | 54.9 |
| Lemons lb. | 18.0 | 18.3 | Gelatin, flavored 3-4 oz. | 8.5 | 8.5 |

* Priced only in season.

1/Formerly published as sweet gherkins.

The Consumer Price Index measures the average change in prices of goods and services customarily purchased by city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. Index numbers are presented on the base $1947-49=100$, and show the average increase or decrease in prices from the $1947-49$ average. For the convenience of users, indexes are also calculated on the base 1935-39 $=100$.

About 300 items are priced for the index to estimate the average change in prices of a fixed quantity of goods and services from one period to the next. Among these are all the important items that wage and clerical workers buy, and they are selected so that their average price change will be representative of the price changes on all items. Prices are collected in 46 cities which are representative of all cities in the United States.

Foods, fuels, rents, and a few other items are priced every month in eacn city. Prices of most other goods and services are obtained every month in the 5 largest cities, every 3 months in 16 other large cities and in 9 medium-sized cities, and every 4 months in 16 small cities. In each city, prices are reported by representative retail stores and service establishments patronized by wage and clerical worker families.

Indexes are calculated for all cities combined (the U.S. city average) and for each of the 20 largest cities. No separate index numbers are calculated for the following 26 medium-sized and small cities which are included in the U.S. average:

| Anna, Illinois | Huntington, W. Virginia | Pulaski, Virginia |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Camden, Arkansas | Laconia, Iew Hampshire | Ravenna, Ohio |
| Canton, Ohio | Lodi, California | Rawlins, Wyoming |
| Charleston, W. Virginia | Lynchburg, Virginia | San Jose, California |
| Evansville, Indiana | Madill, Oklahoma | Sandpoint, Idaho |
| Garrett, Indiana | Madison, Wisconsin | Shawnee, Oklahoma |
| Glendale, Arizona | Middlesboro, Kentucky | Shenandoah, Iowa |
| Grand Forks, N. Dakota | Middletown, Connecticut | Youngstown, Ohio |

In the calculation, price changes on individual items are weighted by their importance in wage-earner and clerical-worker family spending. City data are combined by weighting with 1950 population data to arrive at the U.S. city average.

Comparison of city indexes shows only that prices in one city changed more or less than in another. City indexes do not measure differences in price level between cities.

A detailed description of the index containing lists of items priced, their weights, cities included, and an explanation of the index calculation, its uses and limitations, is available in Bureau of Labor Statistics Bulletin Fo. 1140 - "The Consumer Price Index - A Layman's Guide," for sale by the euperintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. Price 20 cents.

A more technical description of the Consumer Price Index is available upon request to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C.

Historical series of index numbers for the U.S. city average and 20 individual large cities are available upon request. These series include index numbers for All Items, Food, Apparel, and Rent for periods from 2913 to date; and for other groups of goods and services from 1947 to date.


[^0]:    $\frac{1}{2}$ / Includes restaurant meals not shown separately.
    2/ Includes home purchase and other home-owner costs not shown separately.
    3/ Includes tobacco, alcoholic beverages, and "miscellaneous services" (such as legal services, banking fees, burial services, etc.).
    4/ Not available.

