UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR CHILDREN'S BUREAU - - - PUBLICATION No. 212

JUVENILE · COURT STATISTICS : 1930

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR W. N. DOAK, Secretary CHILDREN'S BUREAU GRACE ABBOTT, Chief

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS 1930

BASED ON INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY 92 COURTS

FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

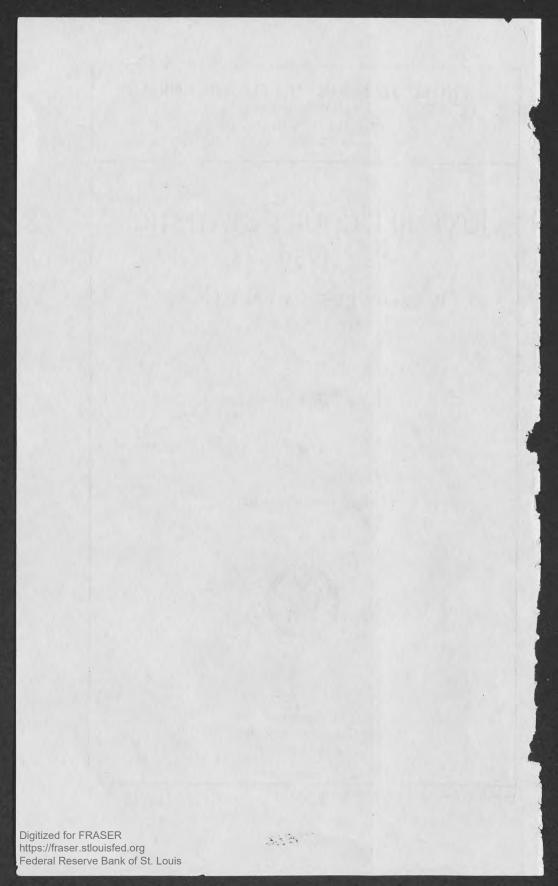
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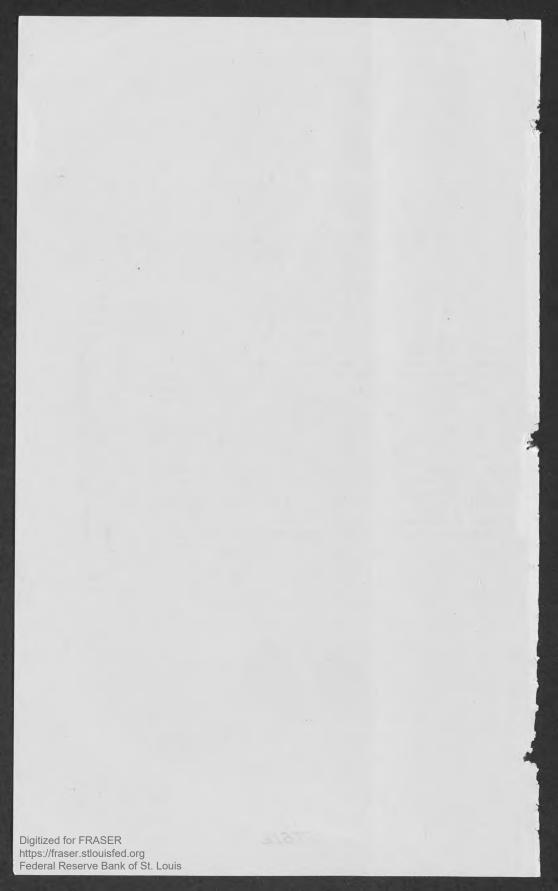
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JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

PLAN OF THE REPORT

This report, which is the fourth annual report based on data supplied by courts cooperating with the Children's Bureau in the plan for obtaining uniform statistics of delinquency, dependency and neglect, and other children's cases dealt with by juvenile courts, is arranged in three parts: I. General discussion and summary tables based upon figures received from all courts reporting in 1930; II. Discussion of juvenile-court delinquency rates for courts reporting in 1927, 1928, 1929, and 1930, including a table comparing rates for boys and girls in 1930, with similar rates based upon figures for the 3-year period 1927-1929; and III. Source tables giving figures for individual courts reporting in 1930. The courts as shown in the source tables comprising Part III fall into three groups, according to the census of 1930: (1) Those serving populations of 100,000 or more, (2) those serving populations of 25,000 to 100,000, and (3) those serving populations of less than 25,000. The tables dealing with what seem to be the more significant items show figures for individual courts in the first and second groups, but figures for all the courts in the third group have been consolidated; the remaining tables show figures for individual courts in the first group, but only totals are given for the second and the third group. The number of cases of each type reported by individual courts serving areas with populations of less than 25,000 for which totals only appear in the source tables is shown in the first of the summary tables (p. 3).

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PART I.—GENERAL DISCUSSION AND SUMMARY TABLES

THE COURTS COOPERATING

Ninety-two courts sent in statistical data for the entire calendar year 1930, as compared with 96 courts for 1929, 65 for 1928, and 43 for 1927.¹ The names of the 92 courts reporting for 1930, with the largest city or town in the area served by each court, are given in the appendix (p. 67). For convenience each court will be designated in all other places only by the territory over which it has jurisdiction. The cooperating courts reported 53,757 delinquency cases, 20,711 dependency and neglect cases, 933 cases of special proceedings,² and 7,562 cases of children discharged from supervision.³ The number of cases reported by each court for the year is shown in Table 1. Although all the courts have jurisdiction over delinquency cases and also over dependency and neglect cases, 8 courts reported delinquency cases only and 4 reported dependency and neglect cases only. Therefore 88 of the courts reported cases of delinquency and 84 reported cases of dependency and neglect. Cases of special proceedings were reported by 33 courts, and 62 courts (exclusive of New York City³) reported cases of children discharged from supervision. These figures representing the number of courts reporting each type of case will be used in the summary tables and discussion in this report.

The work of the court, as to both number and types of cases, was reported more completely by some courts than by others. Incomplete records or divided responsibility in checking cards was reponsible for many of the failures to report.⁴ All the courts were asked to report unofficial cases, but no such cases were reported by 30 courts,⁵

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although it is probable that in some of these courts a number of complaints were adjusted unofficially. In some courts records are not kept of unofficial work.

The failure of 29 courts (exclusive of New York City) to report cases of children discharged from supervision may be due to incomplete probation records or to the practice of allowing cases to become inactive without dismissal or removal from the list or index of active cases.

Table 1 shows wide variation among the courts in the relative number of delinquency and of dependency and neglect cases reported for the year. This variation is due in part to the extent to which local agencies other than the court are caring for dependent and neglected children in the different communities.

TABLE 1.—Number of boys' and of girls' delinquency, dependency and neglect, and
special-proceedings cases disposed of, and number of cases of children discharged
from supervision by 92 specified courts during 1930

Court	De	linquer cases	lcy	Dependency and neglect cases				Special-proceed- ings cases			Cases of children discharged from supervision		
	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	
Total cases	53, 757	45, 374	8, 383	20, 711	10, 673	10, 038	933	1 189	1 266	² 7, 562	² 5, 651	² 1, 911	
Alabama:							1		-		1		
Baldwin County	9	. 6	3	47	23	24				24	13	11	
Bibb County	2	1	1	71	32	39	1		1	22	7		
Bullock County				6	4	2							
Chambers County	11	9	2	6		4							
Clarke County	1	1		35		16	1	1					
Cleburne County	2	2		3	2	1							
Colbert County		15	12	93	35	58				15	3	1	
Conecuh County				9	5	4							
Coosa County	1	1		19	10	Ģ							
Crenshaw County	10		4	25						19	10		
Dallas County			-	37						1 10	1 10		
Elmore County		2		3									
Escambia County	5	5		4		2				7	5		
Etowah County			1				1		1	13			
Fayette County			î				1]	1	1 8			
Greene County	2	1	î										
Henry County	223	2	1	19		12				12			
Jackson County	8		3		1 .	4				12	0		
Lauderdale County		21	6	260	128	132							
	41	41	0			102				55			
Lee County	3			5 25						2	2		
Macon County				25	12					1		1.1	
Marion County										14			
Mobile County	177			4						25			
Perry County	5		2	66						14	9	1	
Pike County	10	10		107									
Sumter County	4	3	1	21			1	1		1		1111	
Washington County				28	15	13				4	1	1.1.1.3	
California: San Diego												1.1.12	
County	1,640	1, 449	191	395	192	203	32	21	11	207	183	2	
Connecticut: Bridgeport					1 34						1. 1. 1. 1.		
(city)	470		68	51						123	110	1	
District of Columbia	1,893		251	315	163	152							
Georgia: Fulton County	1,338	1, 110	228	440	219	221	1 12	8	4	130	94	3	
llinois: Rock Island	1		1.12										
County	35	24	11	154	78	76				48	17	3	
ndiana:							-					-	
Lake County	477	262	215	326	160	166	7	4	3	177	117	6	
Marion County	818	517	301	282		138				214			
Steuben County	2		1	2	1					2			
Vanderburgh County	84			-			1			-	-		
Wayne County	61		17										
owa:	01	11	11										
Johnson County	92	73	19	43	18	25				12	F		
Polk County								23	35		54		

Exclusive of Philadelphia which did not report sex of children in special-proceedings cases.
 Exclusive of New York City, because the report cards for 1 of the counties comprising the city were lost

² Exclusive of New York City, because the report cards for 1 of the counties comprising the city were lost in transit.

TABLE 1.—Number of boys' and of girls' delinquency, dependency and neglect, and special-proceedings cases disposed of, and number of cases of children dischargea from supervision by 92 specified courts during 1930—Continued

Court	Del	cases	псу		ndency glect ca			ial-proo 1gs case		disch	s of chi arged pervisi	from
	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
Louisiana:												
Caddo Parish	291 232	251 198	40 34	53 93	29 34	24 59	3	1	2 1	7	7	
Ouachita Parish Maryland: Baltimore	202	199	04	90	04	- 59	1		1			
(city)	2, 540	2, 278	262	466	236	230				127	85	4
Michigan:		100		000	150	100	1.00	1000		177		
Kent County Wayne County	520 3, 235	450 2,862	70 373	338 927	178 482	160 445			1	426	255	17
Minnesota:	0, 200	2,002				110	1		1		200	
Hennepin County	1,053	853	200	349	190	159				822	599	22
Ramsey County Winona County	517 51	437 45	80 6	115 18	61 9	54 9				400	326 17	7.
New Jersev:	01		0	10	0	0				50	11	1
Hudson County	1,974	1,736	238							219	176	4
Mercer County New York:	449	425	24							398	388	1
Buffalo (city)	1,094	1,005	89	78	40	38	1			161	144	1
Chemung County	112	72	40	107	46	61	1	1				
Clinton County	87	82	5	14	6 74	8		2		5	5	1
Columbia County Erie County (exclusive	79	65	14	158	14	84	4	-		37	24	1
of Buffalo)	212	191	21	70	44	26				146	138	3
Monroe County	170 7,867	138	32 1,010	228 3, 890	109	119			52	220	194	2
New York (city) Ontario County	68	6, 857 51	1,010	3, 890	2,026	1,864			04	(²) 6	(²) 5	(2)
Rensselaer County	414	329	85	161	83	78	4	3	1			
Westchester County	597	493	104	394	204	190	66	22	44	183	156	2
North Carolina: Buncombe County	134	112	22	65	42	23	20	8	12			
North Dakota:												
Third judicial district	12		9	30	18	12			1.11	0		
(in part) Fourth judicial district.	11	37	4	50	10	12				3		
Ohio:												
Allen County Auglaize County	25 81	18 65	7 16	60 10	30 2	30		2	2			
Clark County	303	254	49	60	35					51	49	
Franklin County	1,206		285	721	348	373	27	12	15			
Hamilton County Lake County	2,072	1,486	586 13	442	230 14	212 19		10	44	236		
Mahoning County	2, 151	1,802	349	214	102	112	6	3	37		0	
Montgomery County	598	368	230	321	158	163		5	7			2
Sandusky County Oregon: Multnomah	73	55	18	42	25	17				10	3	
County	1,172	1,024	148	475	232	243	3	1	2	259	119	14
Pennsylvania:	1 100			070		1						
Allegheny County Lycoming County	1, 128	955 16	173 10							2		
Montgomery County	96			10	8							
Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and	-	0.000	000	1	0.100	1			(0)			
county) South Carolina: Greenville	7, 517	6, 629	888	4,060	2, 166	1,894	478	(3)	(3)	1, 446	1, 025	6 42
County	106	85	21	74	27	47	7 7	3	4	38	27	1
Utah:									1.1.1			
First district	290 506	251 430	39							15		
Third district	972	732	240	175				8	1	69	46	3 2
Fourth district	443									. 10		
Fifth district	476	440	36		6					75	74	ł
Seventh district	127	123	4							21	21	
Other counties	25	23	2									
Virginia: Danville (city)	339	283	56	55	28	27	,			30	0	5
Lynchburg (city)	178		26		4	41				23		2
Norfolk (city) Rockbridge County	774		130					1	1			
Rockbridge County	29	23	6	7	3	4				. 5	1	
Washington: Pierce County	165	135	30	49	29	20		9	2			
Spokane County	653		92		82			10				
Wisconsin: Milwouldon County	2, 419	1 094	40*	1 904	000	010	3 7			0.5-	1	
Milwaukee County	2, 419	1,934	485	1, 304	686	618		2	E	5 375	226	5 14

* Not reported.

Most of the courts reporting have county-wide jurisdiction, but a few serve a city only.⁶ In most of the State of Utah the juvenile courts are organized on a district basis, each district including several counties.7 Utah is the only State in which all the juvenile courts reported.

The populations of the areas served by the courts shown in Table 1 varied from less than 25,000 to 500,000 or more in 1930. Eleven of the courts served populations of 500,000 or more; 26, populations of 100,000 to 500,000; 42, populations of 25,000 to 100,000; and 13, populations of less than 25,000. Ninety-two per cent of the delinquency cases and 90 per cent of the dependency and neglect cases were reported by courts coming within the first two groups.

The maximum age of original jurisdiction of the 92 courts varied from 16 to 21 years. Forty-eight courts had jurisdiction over children under 16 years of age;⁸ 5 had jurisdiction under 17 years;⁹ 31 had jurisdiction under 18 years; ¹⁰ and 1 (San Diego County, Calif.) had jurisdiction under 21 years. Of the remaining 7 courts, 5 (in Indiana) had jurisdiction over delinquent and dependent and neglected boys under 16 years, delinquent girls under 18 years, and dependent and neglected girls under 17 years; 1 (Rock Island County, Ill.) had jurisdiction over boys under 17 years and girls under 18 years; and 1 (Milwaukee County, Wis.) had jurisdiction over delinquent and neglected children under 18 years and dependent children under 16 years.

DELINQUENCY CASES

CHILDREN INVOLVED IN THE CASES 11

Age.

The extent to which the age limitation of original jurisdiction of the court affected the number of cases dealt with is shown in Table 2.12 In courts having jurisdiction over children up to 18 years of age, the cases of 16 and 17 year old children constituted more than one-third of the boys' cases and two-fifths of the girls' cases for which the age of the child was reported. In the one court having jurisdiction over children up to 21 years of age almost two-fifths of the boys' cases and two-fifths of the girls' cases were those of 16 and 17 year old children. Cases of 14 and 15 year old children constituted the largest group in the courts having jurisdiction under 17 years and those having jurisdiction under 16 years.

⁶ New York City includes 5 boroughs or counties, each of which has a subdivision of the court.
⁷ The courts for each of the remaining counties, although not organized on a district plan, have been dealt with in 1 group, "Other Counties," for statistical purposes.
⁸ 27 in Alabama, 1 in Connecticut, 1 in Georgia, 1 in Maryland, 2 in New Jersey, 10 in New York, 1 in North Carolina, 4 in Pennsylvania, and 1 in South Carolina.
⁹ 1 in the District of Columbia, 2 in Louisiana, and 2 in Michigan.
¹⁰ 2 in Iowa, 3 in Minnesota, 2 in North Dakota, 9 in Ohio, 1 in Oregon, 8 in Utah, 4 in Virginia, and 2 in Mashineton.

Washington.

Washington.' ¹¹ As a number of the children were dealt with more than once, the 53,757 delinquency cases reported for 1930 represented 47,633 children--39,773 boys and 7,860 girls. In 1927 and 1928, tables showing age and social characteristics of the children involved in the cases were based on "children" not "cases," the information about the child contained in the record of the first case disposed of during the year being used. A com-parison of tables relating to social data based on "children" and on "cases" revealed no significant differ-ences in per cent distribution. All tables for 1929 and 1930 are therefore based on "cases" each child being counted as many times during a year as he was referred on a new complaint. ¹¹ The inclusion in the tables of a few cases of children beyond the age of original jurisdiction may be explained by the fact that some courts have jurisdiction beyond the age of original jurisdiction in certain situations; for example, a case in which the offense was committed before the age limit was reached, even though the case did not come to the attention of the court until afterward; and a case in which a child, made a ward before reaching the age limit, was brought before the court on a new charge. Occasionally courts deal informally with children who are just beyond the age of juvenile-court jurisdiction.

an a l'angui s				Deli	inquency of	cases				
Mall I have	12.00		Ag	e limita	tion of orig	ginal cou	ırt jurisdio	etion		
Age and sex of child	Total	Under	16 years ²	Under	17 years	Under	18 years	Under 21 years ³		
		Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	
Total cases	53, 757	27, 735		6, 195		18, 187		1, 640		
Boys' cases	45, 374	24, 308		5, 427		14, 190		1, 449		
Age reported	44, 943	24, 065	100	5, 399	100	14, 030	100	1, 449	100	
Under 10 years 10 years, under 12 12 years, under 14 14 years, under 16 16 years, under 18 18 years and over	2,881 5,710 11,102 17,796 7,263 191	1, 899 3, 760 7, 148 10, 855 392 11	8 16 30 45 2 (4)	$173 \\ 611 \\ 1,250 \\ 2,102 \\ 1,253 \\ 10$	3 11 23 40 23 (4)	712 1, 266 2, 507 4, 387 5, 063 95	$5 \\ 9 \\ 18 \\ 31 \\ 36 \\ 1$	97 73 197 452 555 75	14 14 31 38	
Age not reported	431	243		28		160				
Girls' cases	8, 383	3, 427		768		3, 997		191		
Age reported	8, 340	3, 411	100	763	100	3, 975	100	191	100	
Under 10 years 10 years, under 12 12 years, under 14 14 years, under 16 16 years, under 18 18 years and over	264 450 1,484 4,038 2,019 85	135 243 787 2,092 144 10	4 7 23 61 4 (4)	8 33 132 418 170 2	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 4 \\ 17 \\ 55 \\ 22 \\ (4) \end{array} $	106 167 539 1,482 1,626 55	3 4 14 37 41 1	15 7 26 46 79 18	14 14 24 41 9	
Age not reported	43	16		5		22				

TABLE 2.—Age limitation of original court jurisdiction and age of boys and of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases. ² Includes truancy cases in Westchester and Rensselaer Counties, N. Y. (where jurisdiction is exercised to 17 years as authorized by the state-wide education law). ⁴ Includes only San Diego County, Calif.

4 Less than 1 per cent.

Color and nativity.

Colored boys were involved in almost one-fifth and colored girls in slightly more than one-fifth of the delinquency cases. (See Table 3A, p. 7.)

Few children of foreign birth are reported to the courts in delinquency cases. This is doubtless due, at least in part, to the fact that a smaller proportion of the foreign-born white population than of the native-born white population is of juvenile-court age.

Table 3B shows information obtained in 36,766 cases regarding the nativity of the parents of the native-born white children. These cases constituted the largest proportion of the delinquency cases. In nearly two-fifths of the delinquency cases of native-born white girls one or both parents were foreign born. The proportion was somewhat larger in cases of native-born white boys who became delinquent, as Table 3B reveals. In almost one-half of the boys' cases one or both parents were foreign born.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

	Delinquency cases										
Color and nativity of child	Т	otal	В	oys	Girls						
	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion					
Total cases	53, 757		45, 374		8, 383						
Color reported	53, 750	100	45, 367	100	8, 383	100					
White	43, 898	82	37, 361	82	6, 537	78					
Native Foreign born Nativity not reported	38, 786 919 4, 193	72 2 8	32, 671 765 3, 925	72 2 9	6, 115 154 268	73					
Colored	9, 852	18	8,006	18	1, 846	22					
Color not reported	7		7								

TABLE 3A. - Color and nativity of boys and of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 1

1 Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

TABLE 3B.—Parent nativity of native white boys and girls ¹ dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930

	Delinquency cases of native white children										
Parent nativity	To	otal	Во	oys	Girls						
1	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion					
Total cases	36, 766	100	30, 853	100	5, 913	100					
Native parentage Foreign or mixed parentage	19, 395 17, 371	53 47	15, 698 15, 155	51 49	3, 697 2, 216	63 37					

¹ Excludes cases of children for whom parent nativity was not reported. ² Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

Place child was living when referred to court and marital status of parents.

The figures relating to home conditions of delinquent children show a rather striking difference between the cases of boys and those of girls.

In two-thirds of the boys' cases, but in less than one-half of the girls' cases for which this information was reported, the children were living with both their own parents when they were referred to court. (Table 4A.) This difference between boys and girls is probably due to several factors. In slightly more than one-fifth of the boys' cases, but in nearly one-third of the girls' cases for which the information was reported, one or both parents were dead. (Table 4B.) The lack of normal family life may play a more significant part in the delinquency of girls than of boys. It is generally conceded that the difficulties which bring girls into court are usually more serious in character and probably more clearly related to home conditions than the difficulties of boys.

	Delinquency cases										
Place child was living when referred to court	та	otal	Во	oys	Girls						
	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion					
Total cases	53, 757		45, 374		8, 383						
Place reported	50, 633	100	42, 748	100	7, 885	100					
In own home	46, 474	92	39, 870	93	6,604	84					
With both own parents With mother and stepfather With father and stepmother With mother only With father only	32, 130 2, 849 1, 241 7, 387 2, 867	63 6 2 15 6	28, 385 2, 218 956 6, 032 2, 279		3,7456312851,355588	47 8 4 17 7					
In other family home In institution In other place	$3,213 \\ 477 \\ 469$	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 1\\ 1\end{array}$	2, 265 317 296	5 1 1	948 160 173	12 2 2					
Place not reported	3,124		2,626		498						

TABLE 4A. -Place boys and girls were living when referred to court in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

TABLE 4B. — Marital status of parents of boys and of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930¹

and the second second	Delinquency cases										
Marital status of parents	та	otal	В	oys	Girls						
	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	Number	Per cent distribu- tion					
Total cases	53, 757		45, 374		8, 383						
Status reported	49, 483	100	41, 864	100	7, 819	100					
Married and living together Separated or divorced	32, 627 4, 817	66 10	28, 701 3, 629	69 9	3, 926 1, 183	52 16					
Divorced. Father deserting mother Mother deserting father Other reasons	2,030 1,112 220 1,455	(²) 3	1,499 888 176 1,066	(*) 3	. 531 224 44 389	7 3 1 5					
Parents dead	11, 541	23	9, 195	22	2, 346	31					
Both Mother Father	$1,175 \\ 3,827 \\ 6,539$	2 8 13	914 2, 913 5, 368	2 7 13	261 914 1, 171	.3 12 15					
Parents not married to each other Other status	411 87	(2) 1	272 67	(²) 1	139 20	(²) 2					
Status not reported	4, 274		3, 510		764						

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases. ² Less than 1 per cent.

Table 4c shows the relation between the place where the child was living and the marital status of his parents at the time his case was referred to court. Of the cases of children whose mothers were dead, about three-fifths of the boys and about one-half of the girls were living with the father only; in one-eighth of the boys' cases, as com-pared with one-fifth of the girls' cases, the child was living in another

family home; the proportion of cases in which the child lived with the father and a stepmother was the same for both boys and girls. In the cases of children whose fathers were dead, about two-thirds of the boys and slightly more than one-half of the girls were living with the mother only; in slightly more than one-fourth of the boys' cases and in one-third of the girls' cases the child was living with the mother and a stepfather.

TABLE 4c. — Per cent distribution of marita	
child was living when referred to court, in	boys' and in girls' delinquency cases
disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 ¹	

			Per	cent d	listrib	ution	of de	linqu	ency	cases		
				1	Mar	ital s	tatus	of par	ents			
Place child was living when referred to court	Total	Married and living together	Divorced	Father desert- ing mother	Mother de- serting father	Separated for other reasons	Both parents dead	Mother dead	Father dead	Not married to each other	Other status	Status not re- ported
Boys' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
In own home	93	99	89	94	89	84		86	96	62	3	53
With both own parents With mother and stepfather With father and stepmother With mother only With father only	$ \begin{array}{r} 66 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 14 \\ 5 \end{array} $	99	(2) 32 8 39 10	2 (2) 92 (2)	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (2) \\ 67 \\ 16 \end{array} $		25 61	28 68	$ \begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 10 \\ 1 \\ 43 \\ 1 \end{array} $		23 12 13 5
In other family home In institution In other place	5 1 1	$\binom{(2)}{(2)}$ $\binom{(2)}{(2)}$		5 1 1	9 1 1	14 1 1	90 6 4	$\begin{array}{c} 12\\1\\1\end{array}$	(2) 1	37 1 (²)	81 13 3	36 7 4
Girls' cases	100	100	100	100	(3)	100	100	100	100	100	(8)	100
In own home	84	95	82	93		76		75	88	56		36
With both own parents With mother and stepfather With father and stepmother With mother only With father only	47 8 4 17 7	95	(2) 32 7 35 9	1 92 (³)		$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (2) \\ 61 \\ 14 \end{array}$		 25 49		$ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 38 \\ 1 \end{array} $		21 5 8 1
In other family home In institution In other place	12 2 2	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 1\\ 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}13\\3\\2\end{array}$	5 1 (²)		17 3 4	87 8 5	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{array}$	8 1 2	39 1 4		49 10 6

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

I Less than 1 per cent.
Not shown because number of cases was less than 50.

SOURCES OF REFERENCE TO COURT

Some indication of the relation of a court to the community may be gained from data on cases of delinquent children showing the proportions brought to the court by parents and relatives, other individuals, and social agencies. These proportions differ from one court to another because one court may be regarded as a general agency to deal with all conduct problems whereas another court is considered as an agency to deal only with cases of marked conflict with public authority. Three-fifths of the cases shown in Table 5 were reported by the police. Parents and relatives or other individuals referred one-fifth of the cases. Probation officers were reported as source of reference in a small percentage of the cases.¹³

¹⁹ Some courts may have reported the person signing the petition rather than the person making the original complaint, thus reporting "probation officer" as the source in cases actually referred by others. Digitized for FRASER https://fraser.stlouisfed.org Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

	Delinque	Delinquency cases			
Source of reference to court	Number	Per cent distribu- tion			
Total cases	53, 757				
Source reported	53, 720	100			
Police	32, 428 5, 338 2, 724 388 919 4, 442 7, 214 267	60 10 5 1 1 1 (1)			
Source not reported	. 37				

TABLE 5.—Source of reference to court of delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930

1 Less than 1 per cent.

PLACES OF CARE PENDING HEARING OR DISPOSITION

Table 6A shows the places in which delinquent children were cared for pending the hearing or disposition of their cases. In three-fifths of the cases for which this information was given, children were not detained but were allowed to remain in their own homes, or their cases were disposed of on the day the complaint was made. For the 19,569 children who were detained, the type of care given varied according to the facilities available in the local community, detention homes or other institutions and jails or police stations being the places most frequently used. Detention homes were used in almost two-thirds of the cases of children whom it was considered necessary to hold pending hearing or disposition of their cases. Most of the courts reporting care in detention homes are serving cities or counties of 100,000 or more population. Although a number of courts reported the use of institutions other than detention homes, including the institutional resources of private agencies, the majority of the cases in which children were so cared for were reported by the New York City court, where a cooperative arrangement exists with the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. (See Table VII, p. 56.) Of the delinquency cases in which detention care was reported, the place of care was a jail or police station in 9 per cent (or 1,486) of the boys' cases and in 2 per cent (or 95) of the girls' cases. Of these 1,581 children who were detained in a jail or police station, 532 were under 16 years of age.

A difference is shown in the type of detention care given children over 16 years of age and that given younger children. Older children were less frequently cared for in detention homes and other institutions and more frequently held in jails or police stations.¹⁴

Table 6B shows that white boys were less frequently detained than colored boys in the cases for which information was given regarding detention care. Of those detained, slightly larger proportions of the colored than of the white boys were cared for in detention homes, jails,

¹⁴ A few courts stated that a "detention room" for children was located in the courthouse or in the jail. Detention in a special room of the courthouse was classified as "Other," but detention in the same building as the jail was classified as detention in jail.

or police stations. Other institutions such as receiving homes or shelters of private agencies were less frequently used for colored than for white boys. Detention care was given in a slightly larger proportion of the cases of white girls than of colored girls. Detention homes were used in a larger proportion of the cases of colored girls than of white girls who were detained, while other institutions and boarding or other family homes were used in a larger proportion of the cases of white than of colored girls.

TABLE 6A.—Place of care pending	hearing or disposition and age of boys and of girls	
dealt with in delinquency co	ases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 ¹	

					Delin	quency	7 cases				
		-				Ag	e of ch	ild			
Place of detention care, and sex of child	То	tal		er 14 ars	14 y und	ears, er 16		ears, er 18		ears over	
	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bu- tion	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bu- tion	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bu- tion	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bu- tion	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bu- tion	Age not re- port- ed
Total cases	53, 757		21, 891		21, 834		9, 282		276		474
Boys' cases	45, 374		19, 693		17, 796		7, 263		191		431
No detention care Detention care overnight or longer_	25, 531 15, 747		11, 810 5, 771		9, 264 6, 754		4, 134 3, 104		101 90		222 28
Place of care reported	15, 746	100	5, 771	100	6, 753	100	3, 104	100	90	100	2
Boarding home or other family home	98 10, 194 3, 814 1, 486 154		3, 956 1, 638 110	69 28	4, 225 2, 040 392	63 30	132	63 4 30		1 42 57	1
Place of care not reported	1				1						
Not reported whether detention care was given	4, 096		2, 112		1, 778		25				18
Girls' cases	8, 383		2, 198		4, 038		2, 019		. 85		4
No detention care Detention care overnight or longer_	4, 333 3, 822		1, 293 824		1, 838 2, 062		1, 133 885		41 43		2
Place of care	3, 822	100	824	100	2,062	100	885	100	43	(5)	
Boarding home or other family home Detention home ^a Other institution Jail or police station ^a Other place of care ⁴	96 2,458 1,112 95 61	3 64 29 2 2	516 279 5	63 34 1		$2 \\ 59 \\ 36 \\ 1 \\ 2$		77 10 7	2 30 4 7		
Not reported whether detention care was given	228		81		138		1		1		

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.
³ Includes cases of children cared for part of the time in detention homes and part of the time elsewhere but excludes cases of children also held in jails or police stations.
³ Includes a few cases of children cared for part of the time in jails or police stations and part of the time elsewhere.

⁴ Includes a few cases of children held in more than 1 place of care but in places other than detention homes, jails, or police stations.
⁴ Per cent distribution not shown because number of cases was less than 50.

TABLE 6B.—Place of care pending hearing or disposition and color of boys and of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 1

			Delinque	ncy cases		
Direct of defaultion some and one of shild		White o	ehildren	Colored	children	Children
Place of detention care, and sex of child	Total	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number		whose color was not re- ported
Total cases	53, 757	43, 898		9, 852		7
Boys' cases	45, 374	37, 361		8,006		7
No detention care	25, 531 15, 747	21, 602 12, 507		3, 925 3, 237		43
Place of care reported	15, 746	12, 506	100	3, 237	100	3
Boarding home or other family home Detention home ³ Other institution Jail or police station ⁴ Other place of care ⁵	98 10, 194 3, 814 1, 486 154	86 8,002 3,121 1,158 139	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 64 \\ 25 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r}12\\2,192\\693\\325\\15\end{array}$	$\begin{pmatrix} (2) \\ 68 \\ 21 \\ 10 \\ (2) \end{pmatrix}$	3
Place of care not reported	1	1				
Not reported whether detention care was given	4, 096	3, 252		844		
Girls' cases	8, 383	6, 537		1, 846		
No detention care Detention care overnight or longer	4, 333 3, 822	3, 322 3, 040		1, 011 782		
Place of care	3, 822	3, 040	100	782	100	
Boarding home or other family home Detention home ³ Other institution Jail or police station ⁴ Other place of care ⁵	96 2,458 1,112 95 61	90 1, 910 921 75 44		6 548 191 20 17	$\begin{array}{c}1\\70\\24\\3\\2\end{array}$	
Not reported whether detention care was given	228	175		53		

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

⁴ Less than 1 per cent.
⁵ Less than 1 per cent.
⁵ Includes cases of children cared for part of the time in detention homes and part of the time elsewhere but excludes cases of children also held in jails or police stations.
⁴ Includes a few cases of children held part of the time in jails or police stations and part of the time

elsewhere.

⁵ Includes a few cases of children held in more than 1 place of care but in places other than detention homes, jails, or police stations.

REASONS FOR REFERENCE TO COURT 15

Although an attempt is being made to secure uniformity in the use of terms, the reasons reported for referring children to courts as delinquents give a very incomplete picture of their behavior problems. A child may have committed several offenses at or about the same time and yet be referred to the court for only one of them. The specific offense for which he is referred may be much less serious than offenses discovered in the course of the social investigation. When the case is investigated before the filing of a petition instead of afterward, the formal charge is usually more accurate, but even in such cases the offense stated in the complaint may reflect the desire of the court to protect the child.¹⁶ These differences in the attitudes and practices of the court are apparent in the proportion of cases referred for the various reasons by the different courts. (See Tables IIIA and IIIB, pp. 41 and 43.)

It is generally accepted that the reasons for which boys are referred. to court represent delinquency problems different from those which

¹⁸ The term "charge" was used in earlier reports.
¹⁶ A girl may be charged with incorrigibility instead of a sex offense, a boy with mischief instead of stealing, or a charge of burglary and entry be reduced to trespassing and taking the property of another.

bring girls into court. Table 7A shows that stealing ¹⁷ and acts of carelessness or mischief were the most usual offenses reported in boys' cases, whereas the closely related offenses of running away, being ungovernable, and sex offense were reported more often in girls' cases.

Larger proportions of white boys than of colored boys were referred to court for automobile stealing, burglary or unlawful entry, truancy, sex offenses, acts of carelessness or mischief, traffic violations, and a miscellaneous group of offenses classed as "other," whereas larger proportions of colored boys than of white boys were referred for holdups, other stealing, being ungovernable, and injuries to persons. White girls were referred in larger proportions than colored for truancy, running away, sex offenses, and traffic violations, whereas the colored girls were referred in larger proportions for burglary or unlawful entry, other stealing, being ungovernable, injuries to persons, and acts of carelessness or mischief.

			De	linquency	cases		
Reason for reference to court and	Г	otal	White	children	Colored	d children	Children
sex of child	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	whose color was not reported
Total cases	53, 757		43, 898		9,852		7
Boys' cases	45, 374		37, 361		8,006		7
Reason reported	45, 321	100	37, 327	100	7,987	100	7
Automobile stealing Burglary or unlawful entry Holdup Other stealing Truancy Running away Ungovernable Sex offense Injury to person Act of carelessness or mischief. Traffic violation Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs. Other reason Reason not reported.	3,563 2,441 2,769	6 11 26 8 5 6 2 2 27 3 1 3	2, 341 4, 290 213 8, 937 3, 082 2, 017 2, 195 706 783 10, 157 1, 266 269 1, 071 34	6 11 24 8 5 6 2 2 27 3 1 3	268 805 135 2,666 481 422 574 116 302 1,908 89 64 157 19	$ \begin{array}{c} 3\\3\\10\\2\\333\\6\\5\\7\\1\\4\\24\\1\\1\\2\\\end{array} $	3 2 1 1
Girls' cases	8, 383		6, 537		1, 846		
Reason reported	8, 365	100	6, 525	100	1,840	100	
Automobile stealing Burglary or unlawful entry Other stealing Truancy Running away Ungovernable Sex offense Injury to person Act of carelessness or mischief Traffic violation Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs Other reason	1,230	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (c)	26 26 4 731 975 986 1,607 1,458 77 465 41 60 69	(b) (b)	$\begin{array}{r} 4\\ 14\\ 1\\ 286\\ 110\\ 244\\ 508\\ 338\\ 90\\ 202\\ 3\\ 202\\ 3\\ 202\\ 18\\ \end{array}$	(b) = (b)	
Reason not reported	18		12		6		

TABLE 7A. —Reason for reference to court and color of boys and of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 °

" Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

^b Less than 1 per cent.

¹⁷ Subdivided on the tables into "automobile stealing," "burglary or unlawful entry," "holdup," and "other stealing."

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		Per ce	ent disti	ribution	of deli	nquenc	y cases			
Reason for reference to court and sex of child		Age of child								
reason for reference to court and sex of child	Total	Under 10 years	10 years, under 12		14 years, under 16		18 years and over	Age notre- ported		
Boys' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
Automobile stealing Burglary or unlawful entry Holdup Other stealing Truancy Running away Ungovernable Sex offense Injury to person Act of carelessness or mischief. Traffic violation Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs. Other reason	85	$\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 25 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 40 \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 14 \\ 1 \\ 29 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 34 \\ {}^{(2)} \\ {}^{(2)} \\ {}^{(2)} \\ 1 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 3 \\ 12 \\ 1 \\ 29 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 30 \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ 2 \end{array}$	8 11 25 9 5 7 2 3 24 2 (2) 4	$ \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 1 \\ 21 \\ 10 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 13 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 17 \\ 2 \\ 20 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 5 7 7 6 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 5 5 7 7 6 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 5 5 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 6 7 7 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 $	1 4 (²) 16 1 20 3 1 3 48 48 1 1		
Girls' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	(3)		
Automobile stealing Burglary or unlawful entry Holdup Other stealing. Truancy. Running away. Ungovernable Sex offense. Injury to person Act of carelessness or mischief. Traffic violation. Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs. Other reason.	25 21 2	(2) 27 13 4 15 11 3 24 (2) (2) (2)	$28 \\ 7 \\ 10 \\ 21 \\ 9 \\ 4 \\ 17 \\ 1 \\ 1$	(2) 1 (2) 1 (2) 18 10 16 24 15 3 12 (2) (2) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$ \begin{array}{c} (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ 10 \\ 13 \\ 17 \\ 29 \\ 22 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ (^2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} $	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ 15 \\ 18 \\ 33 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ \hline 4 \\ 7 \end{array} $			

TABLE 7B.—Per cent distribution, according to reason for reference to court, of cases of boys and of girls of each age period dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930¹

1 Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

² Less than 1 per cent. ³ Not shown because number of cases was less than 50.

The types of offenses committed by children vary with their age, reflecting changing interests and pursuits. Table 7B shows that the offenses committed by girls in the age groups under 12 years corresponded more closely to those committed by boys of those age groups than did the offenses of older girls to those of older boys. In boys' cases stealing and acts of carelessness or mischief were the major offenses in each age group under 18 years, although the type of stealing changed as the boys grew older. The proportion referred for traffic violation was almost as large as for act of carelessness or mischief in the group between 16 and 18.¹⁸ For the group 18 years and over, of which almost two-fifths of the cases were reported by San Diego County, Calif., stealing was still one of the major offenses, but the percentage referred for traffic violations was slightly greater than that referred for acts of carelessness or mischief. (In California courts have only concurrent jurisdiction between the ages of 18 and 21 years, and many cases of young people in this age group are dealt with by adult courts.) In girls' cases the percentages referred for running away, being ungovernable, and sex offenses were larger for the older than for the younger age groups with the exception of those

¹⁸ In 1927, 1928, and 1929 "traffic violation" was included under "act of carelessness or mischief." Digitized for FRASER https://fraser.stlouisfed.org Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis in the group 18 years of age and over who were referred for being ungovernable. In both boys' and girls' cases the percentages referred for acts of carelessness or mischief decreased as the age of the children increased, except in the cases of girls 18 years and over, while the percentages referred for sex offenses and offenses having to do with liquor or drug laws rose with slight variations as the age of the children increased.

DISPOSITIONS¹⁰

The dispositions of the different types of cases varied greatly in the individual courts. Such variations are due in many instances to differences in court procedure and practice. For instance, the number of cases dismissed or held open without further disposition is likely to be small if trivial complaints are not accepted and if the courts investigate complaints before the filing of a petition, dropping those that are of minor importance or adjusting them unofficially, and report only those handled officially. The proportion of cases in which the child is officially placed under supervision in his own or some other family home is influenced by several factors. The number of cases dismissed or held open without further disposition upon first hearing, the extent to which unofficial supervision is used, and the local institutions available for short-time commitments very definitely affect the proportion of cases in which the child is officially placed under supervision in his own or some other family home. Another factor is the care with which children are selected for supervision and treatment both as to those likely to profit by it and as to the court's facilities for giving adequate supervision.

The nature of the dispositions shown in Table 8A indicates that in one-third of the cases the court or probation office assumed responsibility for the continued care and treatment of the child. In threefifths of the cases the court or probation office did not assume this responsibility but either dismissed the case, usually after warning or adjustment; committed the child to an institution, agency, or individual; referred the case elsewhere; or made some other disposition such as ordering restitution, the payment of fine or costs, or the return of a runaway. A small percentage of the cases were held open without any action being taken or supervision given so that they might be reconsidered if further complaints were received. In most of the cases in which the court assumed responsibility for care, the child was supervised by the probation officer in his own or some other family home; but in a small percentage of cases, although the court continued to keep in touch with the situation, actual supervision was delegated to an agency or individual, or the child was placed in the temporary care of an institution. The proportion of temporary commitments to institutions with the court retaining jurisdiction was slightly larger in girls' cases than in boys' cases. Dismissals, either with or without warning or adjustment, and orders of restitution, fine, or costs were proportionately more frequent in boys' cases than in girls' cases, while commitments to institutions were more frequent in girls' cases.

Dispositions in unofficial cases, reported by 51 courts, constituted almost one-third of the total number of dispositions. As might be

¹⁹ The classification of dispositions in this section differs from that used in earlier reports. Reclassification of dispositions constituted the major part of the revision of statistical cards effective January 1, 1930. On the original card different classifications were used for official and unofficial cases; on the revised card the same classification is used for both types of dispositions. This revised classification is divided into three major groups: "Child remaining under supervision of court," "Child not remaining under supervision of court," and "Case held open, but no further disposition anticipated."

expected, the dispositions of official and of unofficial cases were quite different. Seven-tenths of the unofficial cases as compared with slightly more than one-fourth of the official cases were disposed of by dismissal, warning, or adjustment. In only one-eighth of the unoffi-cial cases as compared with more than two-fifths of the official cases did the court or probation office assume the supervision of the child.

TABLE 8A.—Disposition and manner of	handling boys' and girls' delinquency cases
disposed of by 88	courts during 1930 ¹

			Delinque	ency cases	1	
Disposition of case and sex of child	To	otal	Off	icial	Unof	ficia) ²
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution
Total cases	53, 757		36, 431		17, 326	
Disposition reported	53, 748	100	36, 423	100	17, 325	100
Child remaining under supervision of court	17, 583	33	15, 576	43	2,007	12
Probation officer supervising in own or other family home. Agency or individual supervising. Under temporary care of an institution.	15, 862 713 1, 008	30 1 2	14, 006 621 949	38 2 3	1, 856 92 59	(³)
Child not remaining under supervision of court	32, 855	61	18, 174	50	14, 681	85
Dismissed, or dismissed after warning or adjustment	21, 936	41	9, 655	27	12, 281	71
State institution for delinquent children Other institution for delinquent	2, 129	4	2, 129	6		
children Penal institution Other institution Public department Other agency Individual Referred without commitment to:	$2,611 \\ 94 \\ 226 \\ 121 \\ 142 \\ 110$	5 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	$2, 611 \\ 94 \\ 226 \\ 121 \\ 142 \\ 110$	7 (³) 1 (³) (³) (³)		
Referred without commenter to: Institution Agency or individual Referred to other court Restitution Fine or costs Runaway returned Other disposition	$254 \\ 1,002 \\ 422 \\ 976 \\ 1,330 \\ 1,392 \\ 110$	(3) 2 1 2 2 3 (3)	$105 \\ 419 \\ 274 \\ 677 \\ 1, 325 \\ 226 \\ 60$	(3) 1 2 4 1 (3)	$149 \\ 583 \\ 148 \\ 299 \\ 5 \\ 1,166 \\ 50$	(³) (³)
Case held open but no further disposition anticipated	3, 310	6	2, 673	7	637	4
Disposition not reported	9		8		1	
Boys' cases	45, 374		30, 875		14, 499	
Disposition reported	45, 368	100	30, 870	100	14, 498	100
Child remaining under supervision of court	14, 572	32	12, 944	42	1, 628	11
Probation officer supervising in own or other family home Agency or individual supervising Under temporary care of an institution	13, 285 610 677	29 1 1	11, 769 538 637	38 2 2	1, 516 72 40	(3) (3)
Child not remaining under supervision of court	28, 126	62	15, 631	51	12, 495	86
Dismissed, or dismissed after warning or adjustment	19, 367	43	8,682	28	10, 685	74

51 courts reported unofficial cases.
Less than 1 per cent.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

			Delinque	ncy cases		
Disposition of case and sex of child	To	otal	Offi	cial	Unoff	icial
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution
Disposition reported—Continued. Child not remaining under supervision of court—Continued. Committed to: State institution for delinquent children.	1,635	4	1,635	5		
Other institution for delinquent						
children Penal institution Other institution Public department Other agency Individual	2, 029 82 137 85 85 87 65	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	2, 029 82 137 85 87 65	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)		
Referred without commitment to: Institution	350 940 1, 295	(³) 2 1 2 3 2 (³)	$93 \\ 352 \\ 251 \\ 657 \\ 1,290 \\ 149 \\ 37$	(³) 1 2 4 (³) (³)	$90 \\ 377 \\ 99 \\ 283 \\ 5 \\ 933 \\ 23$	(³) (³)
Case held open but no further disposition anticipated	2, 670	• 6	2, 295	7	375	3
Disposition not reported	6		5		1	
Girls' cases	8, 383		5 556		9 007	
			5, 556		2,827	
Disposition reported	8, 380	100	5, 553	100	2, 827	100
Child remaining under supervision of court	3, 011	36	2, 632	47	379	13
Probation officer supervising in own or other family home. Agency or individual supervising. Under temporary care of an institution.	$2,577 \\ 103 \\ 331$	31 1 4	2, 237 83 312	40 1 6	340 20 19	12 1 1
Child not remaining under supervision of court	4, 729	56	2, 543	46	2, 186	77
Dismissed, or dismissed after warning or adjustment Committed to:	2, 569	31	973	18	1, 596	56
State institution for delinquent children	494	6	494	9		
Other institution for delinquent children	582	7	582	10		
Penal institution Other institution Public department	$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 89\\ 36\end{array}$	(³) (³) 1	$\begin{array}{c}12\\89\\36\end{array}$	(3) 2 \cdot 1		
Other agency Individual Referred without commitment to:	55 45	1	55 45	1		
Agency or individual Referred to other court Restitution	$71 \\ 273 \\ 72 \\ 36$	1 3 1 (³)	$ \begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 67 \\ 23 \\ 20 \end{array} $	(3) (3) (3) (3)	$59 \\ 206 \\ 49 \\ 16$	2 7 2 1
Fine or costs Runaway returned Other disposition	$35 \\ 310 \\ 50$	(3) 4 1	35 77 23	(³)	233 27	
Case held open but no further disposition anticipated	640	8	378	7	262	9
Disposition not reported	3		3			

 TABLE 8A.—Disposition and manner of handling boys' and girls' delinquency cases
 disposed of by 88 courts during 1930—Continued

³ Less than 1 per cent.

Several factors are taken into consideration in making disposition of a child's case. Tables 8B, 8c, and 8D show dispositions in relation to color, age, and reason for reference. Although not brought out in these tables, the previous court history of the child also has a bearing upon disposition. For example, the disposition of a case involving a minor offense may seem more severe than the nature of the offense would warrant, but the present offense may be only the latest of several offenses, some of which were even more serious. Similarly a new case may be dismissed because the child is already on probation and will be continued on probation. The courts were instructed to classify as another probation order a dismissal granted because the child was already on probation, but not all of the courts followed this instruction. In order to simplify Tables 8B, 8c, and 8D, the major groupings of the dispositions of cases "Child remaining under supervision of court," "Child not remaining under supervision of court," and "Case held open but no further disposition anticipated" were not used, but similar types of dispositions were combined under the following headings: "Dismissed, warned, adjusted or held open without further disposition," "Supervised by probation officer," "Committed or referred to an agency or individual," "Committed or referred to an institution," "Restitution, fine, costs," and "Other disposition."

Some differences in the types of dispositions reported in cases of white and of colored children are shown in Table 8B. Cases of white boys were more frequently disposed of by dismissal or indefinite continuance than those of colored boys, and reference or commitment to the care of an agency or individual was more frequent in the cases of colored boys. No outstanding differences are apparent in the dispositions of the cases of white and of colored girls.

Table 8c shows that a larger percentage of cases of boys under 10 years of age were dismissed or held open indefinitely, and a smaller percentage were disposed of by the placement of the child in an institution, through commitment or reference, than in any of the higher age groups. Although the percentage of such placements was about the same in each of the older age groups, further analysis of the figures reveals that the proportion placed in State institutions increased steadily as the age of the boys increased. The decrease in the proportion placed under supervision of the probation officer in the age group 18 years and over is due largely to the reference of such cases to courts for adults. These cases were included under "Other disposition."

More than seven-tenths of the dispositions in cases of girls under 10 years of age were dismissals or indefinite continuances. Supervision by a probation officer and placement in an institution constituted much smaller percentages of the dispositions in this younger group than in each of the older age groups. Institutional care played a much larger part in the dispositions in the older than in the younger age groups. The decrease in the proportion of cases in which girls 18 years and over were placed under the supervision of the probation officer is due chiefly to the increase in the proportion placed in the care of an agency or individual, and in the proportion referred to other courts, which is included under "Other disposition."

Table 8p shows the treatment for different types of offenses in boys' and in girls' cases. Dismissal or indefinite continuance was the

disposition most often used in both boys' and girls' cases when the offense or reason for reference was truancy; injury to person; act of carelessness or mischief; use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs; or one of a miscellaneous group of offenses classed as "Other." Supervision by the probation officer was the most usual disposition in cases of both boys and girls referred for being ungovernable. In cases of stealing, boys were most frequently given supervision by the probation officer while girls were discharged or their cases indefinitely continued. Most of the cases of boys referred to the court for running away were disposed of by the return of the runaway, which constituted the majority of the dispositions classified as "Other," whereas girls referred for the same reason were most frequently placed under the supervision of the probation officer. The contrast in methods of dealing with boys and with girls committing sex offenses is striking, dismissal or indefinite continuance being ordered most often in boys' cases and placement in an institution most often in girls' cases. Dismissal or indefinite continuance was most often used in the cases of boys referred for traffic violations. The number of girls dealt with for this offense was very small.

TABLE 8B.—Disposition of case and color of boys and of girls dealt with a	in .	delin-
quency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930 ¹		

			Del	inquency	cases		
Disposition of case and sex of child	Т	otal	White	children	Colored	l children	Children
	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	Num- ber	Per cent distri- bution	whose color was not reported
Total cases	53, 757		43, 898		9, 852		7
Boys' cases	45, 374		37, 361		8,006		7
Disposition reported	45, 368	100	37, 356	100	8,005	100	7
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition Supervised by probation officer Committed or referred to an agency or individual Committed or referred to an institu- tion Restitution, fine, or costs Other disposition	22, 037 13, 285 1, 576 4, 743 2, 235 1, 492	49 29 3 10 5 3	18, 606 10, 919 888 3, 727 1, 967 1, 249	50 29 2 10 5 3	3, 426 2, 366 688 1, 016 268 241	43 30 9 13 3 3	
Disposition not reported	6		5		1		
Girls' cases	8, 383		6, 537		1, 846		
Disposition reported	8, 380	100	6, 534	100	1, 846	100	
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition Supervised by probation officer Committed or referred to an agency or individual. Committed or referred to an institu- tion. Restitution, fine, or costs. Other disposition.	3, 209 2, 577 512 1, 579 71 432	38 31 6 19 1 5	2, 527 1, 967 376 1, 263 54 347	39 30 6 19 1 5	682 610 136 316 17 85	37 33 7 17 15	
Disposition not reported	3		3				

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

	11.	Per c	ent dist	ribution	n of deli	nquenc	y cases				
Disposition of case and sex of child		Age of child									
	Total	Under 10 years	10 years, under 12	12 years, under 14	14 years, under 16	16 years, under 18	18 years and over	Age not re- ported			
Boys' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100			
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition	49 29	60 21	52 27	48 30	46 32	47 28	45 18	65 3			
Committed of referred to an agency of mut- vidual. Committed or referred to an institution Restitution, fine, or costs		4 7 5 2	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\10\\5\\2\end{array}$		3 11 4 3	4 10 6 6	3 10 5 19	2 4 5 20			
Girls' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	(2)			
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition	38 31	72 15	49 29	37 33	32 35	44 23	34 19				
Committed or referred to an agency or indi- vidual	6 19 1 5	6 5 1 1	6 12 1 3	7 18 1 4	6 21 1 5	5 20 1 8	16 16 1 13				

TABLE 8c.—Per cent distribution, according to disposition, of cases of boys and of girls of each age period dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930¹

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases. ¹ Not shown because number of cases was less than 50.

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TABLE 8D.—Per cent distribution according to disposition for each type of reason for reference to court of boys' and of girls' delinquency cases disposed of by 88 courts during 1930¹

				I	Per cent di	stribution	of delinque	ency cases					
	-	Reason for reference to court											
Disposition of case and sex of child	Total	Stealing	Truancy	Running away	Ungov- ernable	Sex of- fense	Injury to person	Act of careless- ness or mischief	Traffic violation	Use, pos- session, or sale of liquor or drugs	Other	Reason not re- ported	
Boys' cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition Supervised by probation officer Committed or referred to an agency or individual Committed or referred to an institution Restitution, fine, or costs Other disposition Girls' cases	49 29 3 10 5 3 100	35 41 4 14 4 1 100	46 32 3 17 1 1 1 100	20 19 5 13 43 100	35 37 7 20 (2) (2) 100	40 38 3 14 2 3 100	56 28 2 6 6 1 100	74 14 2 2 9 (²) 100	77 8 1 1 9 4 (³)	45 32 6 10 2 100	74 8 3 2 11 2 100	57 22 17 	
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition Supervised by probation officer Committed or referred to an agency or individual Committed or referred to an institution Restitution, fine, or costs Other disposition	38 31 6 19 1 5	41 39 5 11 3 2	63 25 4 6 1 1	(2) 19 30 7 20 (2) 25	34 36 7 23 (²) 1	24 31 8 33 (2) 4	56 26 5 6 7 1	72 18 3 5 2 (²)		61 22 2 9 2 4	55 18 7 15 5		

¹ Only 80 of the 88 courts reported girls' cases.

* Less than 1 per cent.

⁸ Not shown because number of cases was less than 50.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

DEPENDENCY AND NEGLECT CASES

Although the proportions of dependency and neglect and of delinquency cases reported by the different courts showed much variation,²⁰ dependency and neglect cases generally constituted a smaller part of the work of the courts than delinquency cases.²¹ Eight courts ²² dealing with delinquent children did not report dependency and neglect cases.

CHILDREN INVOLVED IN THE CASES 23

Tables 9, 10A, 10B, 11A, 11B, and 11c show the age, sex, race, nativity, nativity of parents, place where living when referred to court, and marital status of parents of children dealt with in de-pendency and neglect cases. Nearly as many girls as boys were dealt with in these cases and the children were distributed fairly evenly in the age groups under 14 years. The number who were 14 and 15 years of age was slightly smaller than the number in the lower age groups, and the number 16 years of age or older was very small.

A comparison of Tables 10A and 3A shows some difference in the frequency with which white and colored children were referred to court in dependency and neglect cases as compared with delinquency cases. A greater proportion of children dealt with in delinquency cases than in dependency and neglect cases were colored. There is also a significant difference in the percentages of native and foreignborn children dealt with in these two types of cases. However, there is a much more marked difference when parent nativity of the native-white group is considered. A much larger proportion of the children dealt with for dependency and neglect than for delinquency were of native parentage. (See Tables 10B and 3B.) In about one-fourth of the dependency and neglect cases (Table

11A) the children were living with both their own parents when referred to court. Table 11B shows that death of one or both parents was a factor in one-fourth of the dependency and neglect cases but that separation of the parents through desertion, divorce, or other causes was a factor in more than one-third. The percentage of cases in which parents were not married was small. Table 11c shows the relation between the place where the child was living and the status of his parents when the case was brought to court. In one-fourth of the cases in which parents were divorced and in more than one-fifth of the cases in which parents were living apart for reasons other than desertion or divorce the children were living in

 ⁴⁰ This variation in the proportions of dependency and neglect and of delinquency cases is due to several factors, among them the practice in some courts of filing the complaint against the adult responsible for the dependency or neglect instead of bringing the children into court as dependent or neglected. Another factor is the policy in some localities of bringing to the attention of the court only those dependency and neglect cases which require commitment or legal decision as to custody or parental obligation. In other localities the court is the principal or only local agency caring for such children. Cases of mothers' allowances, which frequently are administered by courts, are not included in the tabulations.
 ⁴¹ In 25 of the courts reporting both delinquency and dependency and neglect cases, the number of dependency and neglect cases was greater than the number of delinquency cases. Most of these were small courts in Alabama in which the county superintendent of child welfare is also probation officer of the juvenile court. In such situations it is frequently difficult for the worker to distinguish between unofficial juvenile-court cases and other child-welfare cases. Four Alabama courts reported dependency and neglect cases but no delinquency cases.
 ⁴⁰ Vanderburgh and Wayne Counties, Ind; Hudson and Mercer Counties, N. J.; fourth judicial district, N. Dak; and fourth and seventh districts, and other counties, Utah.
 ⁴¹ Because a number of the children were dealt with more than once, the 20,711 dependency and neglect cases were deal of the y gave the information about the child contained in the reases of the children involved in the cases of the first case disposed of during the y gave the information about the child contained in the reases of the children involved in the cases of "children" and on "cases" revealed no significant differences in per cent distribution. All tables for 1929 and 1928 showing age and social characteristics of the child

was referred on a new complaint.

foster homes, institutions, or in places other than with the parents. In less than 10 per cent of the cases in which the father had deserted the mother, and also of those in which the mother had deserted the father, were the children separated from both parents.

TABLE 9.—Ages	of	children	dealt	with	in	dependency	and	neglect	cases	disposed .	of
			by 84	4 cour	rts	during 1930					

		ency and et cases
Age of child	Number	Per cent distri- bution
Total cases	20, 711	
Age reported	20, 441	100
Under 2 years 2 years, under 4 4 years, under 6 6 years, under 8 8 years, under 10 10 years, under 12 12 years, under 14 14 years, under 16 16 years and over	2, 616 2, 482 2, 629 2, 808 2, 949 2, 544 2, 284 1, 786 343	13 12 13 14 14 14 14 12 11 2
Age not reported	270	

TABLE 10A. —Color and nativity of boys and of girls dealt with in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930¹

	Dependency and neglect cases									
Color and nativity of child	Тс	Total		oys	Gi	Girls				
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution				
Total cases	20, 711	100	10, 673	100	10, 038	100				
White	17, 704	85	9, 131	86	8, 573	85				
Native Foreign born Nativity not reported	17, 221 230 253	83 1 1	8, 853 129 149	83 1 1	8, 368 101 104	83 1 1				
Colored	3, 007	15	1, 542	14	1, 465	15				

¹83 of the 84 courts reported boys' cases and 81 reported girls' cases.

 TABLE 10B.
 Parent nativity of native white boys and girls ¹ dealt with in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930 ²

	Dependency and neglect cases of native white children									
Parent nativity	То	Total		oys	Girls					
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution				
Total cases	16, 578	100	8, 526	100	8, 052	100				
Native parentage Foreign or mixed parentage	11, 246 5, 332	68 32	5, 671 2, 855	67 33	5, 575 2, 477	69 31				

¹ Excludes cases of children for whom parent nativity was not reported. ³ 83 of the 84 courts reported boys' cases and 81 reported girls' cases.

		ncy and t cases	
Place child was living when referred to court	Number	Per cent distribu- tion	
Total cases	20, 711		
Place reported	19,045	100	
In own home	14, 745	77	
With both own parents With mother and stepfather With father and stepmother With mother only With father only	5, 122 419 311 5, 886 3, 007	27 2 2 31 16	
In other family home In institution In other place	3, 326 831 143	17 4 1	
Place not reported	1,666		

 TABLE 11A.—Place child was living when referred to court in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

 TABLE 11B.—Marital status of parents of children dealt with in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

		ency and et cases
Marital status of parents	Number	Per cent distribu- tion
Total cases	20, 711	
Status reported	18, 403	100
Married and living together	5, 231 6, 633	28 36
Divorced	862 1, 847 710 3, 214	5 10 4 17
Parents dead	4, 762	26
Both Mother Father	546 2, 510 1, 706	3 14 9
Parents not married to each other Other status	1, 513 264	81
Status not reported	2,308	

		Per c	ent d	istrib	ution	of de	pende	ncy a	nd ne	glect	cases	
		Marital status of parents										
Place child was living when referred to court	Total	Married and living together	Divorced	Father desert- ing mother	Mother desert- ing father	Separated for other reasons	Both parents dead	Mother dead	Father dead	Not married to each other	Other status	Status not reported
Total cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
In own home	77	97	76	. 91	91	77		71	84	62	2	13
With both own parents With mother and stepfather With father and stepmother	27 2 2	97	(1) 12 5	(1)		(1)		10	15	42	2	
With mother only With father only	31 16		50 9	(1) 90 1	9 82	53 24			69	54 2	(1)	
In other family home In institution In other place	17 4 1	2 1 (1)	20 4 1	6 3 (1)	7 1 1	17 5 (1)	88 9 3	$22 \\ 6 \\ 1$	12 3 1	24 13 1	93 4 1	71

TABLE 11c.—Per cent distribution of marital status of parents, according to place child was living when referred to court, in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

Less than 1 per cent.

SOURCES OF REFERENCE TO COURT AND REASONS FOR REFERENCE

Several children in a family may be referred to court at the same time and for the same reason. The families represented as well as the children's cases are shown in Tables 12 and 13, each family being counted only once for each time it was dealt with by the court on a new complaint involving one or more of the children.

It is to be expected that social agencies and parents or relatives would refer most of the dependency and neglect cases. In some localities the court prefers to have such cases investigated first by a social agency so that only those actually needing court action are brought to court. In other localities the court undertakes the initial work and receives complaints from any interested persons including parents and relatives. Table 12 shows that the largest group of families was referred by parents and relatives and the next largest by social agencies, these two groups accounting for almost three-fourths of the families brought to court.

Situations involving dependency primarily,²⁴ and some form of neglect on the part of parents or guardians were the two major reasons for bringing families to court. Almost three-fourths of the families were referred for dependency and almost one-fourth for neglect.²⁵ The percentage of families brought to court in order to obtain care of physically handicapped children was small.

²⁴ The courts were asked to interpret the term "without adequate care or support from parent or guardian," as inability rather than as neglect to provide for children.
²⁵ These figures can not be compared with corresponding items in earlier reports, because the revised statistical cards use a new classification of reasons for reference. It is believed that in earlier years, contrary to instructions, a number of courts reported cases involving only dependency as cases of "improper conditions in home." On the revised cards this item now reads "living under conditions injurious to morals."

	Dep	endency and	d neglect ca	ses	
Source of reference to court	Tota	l cases	Families represented		
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	
Total cases	20, 711		10, 403		
Source reported	20, 708	100	10,400	100	
Social agency Parents or relatives Other individual. Police Probation officer Other court School department Other source	7,8707,3271,9141,2601,4997271056	38 35 9 6 7 (1) 3 (1)	$\begin{array}{c} 3,584\\ 3,763\\ 1,065\\ 798\\ 728\\ 42\\ 389\\ 31 \end{array}$	34 36 10 8 7 (1) 4 (1)	
Source not reported	3		3		

 TABLE 12.—Source of reference to court and families represented in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

¹ Less than 1 per cent.

 TABLE 13.—Reason for reference to court and families represented in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

and the second second second second	Dependency and neglect cases						
Reason for reference to court	Total	cases	Families represented				
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution			
Total cases	20, 711		10, 403				
Reason reported	20, 694	100	10, 390	100			
Without adequate care or support from parent or guardian	15, 346 1, 818 483 2, 400 629 18 17	74 9 2 12 3 (1)	7,459 976 300 1,131 518 6 13	72 9 3 11 5 (1)			

¹ Less than 1 per cent.

PLACES OF CARE PENDING HEARING OR DISPOSITION

The detention of dependent and neglected children presents problems different from those involved in the detention of delinquent children. A comparison of Tables 6A and 14 shows that boarding and other family homes and other institutions were used more frequently for the detention of dependent and neglected than for delinquent children. The large number of cases in which children are described as detained in "other institutions" is due primarily to the inclusion of figures for New York and Philadelphia. Slightly more than three-fourths of the cases of children detained in "other institutions" were reported by these two courts. (See Table XII, p. 66.) The proportion of cases in which detention care was considered unnecessary was slightly larger in dependency and neglect cases than in delinquency cases.

	Depend negleo	ency and ct cases
otal cases	Number	Per cent distri- bution
Total cases	20, 711	
No detention care Detention care overnight or longer	13, 023 7, 319 7, 319	100
Boarding home or other family home Detention home ¹ Other institution	904 1,975 4,400 3 37	(3) (3) (3)
Not reported whether detention care was given	. 369	

TABLE 14 .- Place of care of child pending hearing or disposition in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

¹ Includes cases of children cared for part of the time in detention homes and part of the time elsewhere but excludes cases of children also held in jails or police stations. ² Includes a few cases of children cared for part of the time in jails or police stations and part of the time elsewhere

³ Less than 1 per cent.

Includes a few cases of children held in more than 1 place of care but in places other than detention homes, jails, or police stations.

DISPOSITIONS

In less than two-fifths of the dependency and neglect cases, as shown by Table 15A, the court assumed responsibility for the continued care and supervision of the child; in almost three-fifths of the cases the court came to the conclusion that dismissal or indefinite continuance, commitment or reference to institutions, agencies, or individuals, or some other disposition was in the interest of the child. In a very small proportion cases were merely held open to be reconsidered if further complaint were received. In three-fifths of the cases for which the court or probation office assumed responsibility for carrying out treatment, supervision was given by the probation officer; in onefifth the actual supervision was delegated to an agency or individual; and in another fifth of the cases the child was temporarily placed in an institution. In the group for which the court did not assume responsibility, about two-fifths of the cases were disposed of by dismissal, with or without warning or adjustment; more than two-fifths by the commitment of the child to an institution or an agency, the proportion receiving each type of care being practically the same; and the remaining cases were decided in various ways, including commitment of the child to an individual and reference without commitment to institutions, agencies, individuals, and other courts.

Unofficial cases were reported by 53 of the 84 courts which reported dependency and neglect cases. These unofficial cases constitute slightly more than one-fifth of the dependency and neglect cases reported. Table 15A shows that the types of dispositions differ greatly in official and in unofficial cases. In slightly more than onefifth of the unofficial cases as compared with two-fifths of the official cases the court assumed responsibility for supervision. Cases were dismissed with or without warning or adjustment in three-fifths of the unofficial cases but in only one-seventh of the official cases.

	Dependency and neglect cases									
Disposition of case	To	otal	Off	icial	Unofficial 1					
	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution	Number	Per cent distri- bution				
Total cases	20, 711		16, 155		4, 556					
Disposition reported	20, 706	100	16, 151	100	4, 555	100				
Child remaining under supervision of court	7, 682	37	6, 622	41	1,060	23				
Probation officer supervising in own or other family home Agency or individual supervising Under temporary care of an insti- tution	4,650 1,455 1,577	22 7 8	3,779 1,337 1,506	23 8 9	871 118 71	19 3				
Child not remaining under supervision of court	1, 377	59	8, 806	55	3, 342	73				
Dismissed, or dismissed after warn- ing or adjustment Committed to:	5, 085	25	2, 316	14	2, 769	61				
State institution Other institution Public department. Other agency Individual Referred without commitment to:	$306 \\ 2,461 \\ 664 \\ 2,028 \\ 512$	$1 \\ 12 \\ 3 \\ 10 \\ 2$	$306 \\ 2,461 \\ 664 \\ 2,028 \\ 512$	$2 \\ 15 \\ 4 \\ 13 \\ 3$						
Activity of the communication of the contract	119 646 101 226	(2) (1) (2)	$ \begin{array}{r} 66 \\ 216 \\ 36 \\ 201 \end{array} $	$\binom{(2)}{(2)}$ 1 $\binom{(2)}{1}$ 1	53 430 65 25	1 9 1 1				
Case held open but no further dis- position anticipated	876	4	723	4	153	3				
Disposition not reported	5		4		1					

 TABLE 15A.—Disposition and manner of handling dependency and neglect cases

 disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

¹53 courts reported unofficial cases.

² Less than 1 per cent.

The nature of the disposition in dependency and neglect cases varies according to the reason for reference to court. In order to simplify Table 15B similar types of dispositions have been combined. Nearly half of the cases brought to court because of abuse or cruel treatment were dismissed or continued indefinitely, either with or without warning or adjustment. A much smaller percentage of the cases dealt with because of physical handicap were so dismissed or continued. With the exception of cases dealt with because of abuse or cruel treatment, placement in the care of institutions, agencies, or individuals was the disposition most frequently used, and varied from slightly less to slightly more than half of the dispositions in the different types of cases. Of those cases brought because of abandonment or desertion, about the same proportion was dismissed or indefinitely continued as was given care by an agency or individual. Institutional care was the disposition most frequently used in cases of physically handicapped children brought before the courts.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

TABLE 15B.—Per cent distribution according to disposition for each type of reason for reference to court of dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 84 courts during 1930

1221 (1221 1323)	Per cent distribution of dependency and neglect cases								
origes an humb the any generation of	Sec. 1	Re	eason for	referenc	e to cour	t 1			
Disposition of case	Total	With- out ade- quate care or support from parent or guard- ian	Aban-	Abuse or cruel treat- ment	Living under condi- tions in- jurious to morals	Physi- cally handi- capped and in need of public care			
Total cases	100	100	100	100	100	100			
Dismissed, warned, adjusted, or held open without further disposition Supervised by probation officer. Committed or referred to an agency or individual Ormitted or referred to an institution Other disposition.	29 22 26 22 22	$ \begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 22 \\ 1 \end{array} $	32 14 32 21 1	49 20 21 10 1	30 22 29 17 2	17 11 13 39 20			

¹ Cases referred to court for other reasons and cases in which the reason was not reported are not shown because number of cases in each instance was less than 50.

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PART II.—COMPARATIVE DELINQUENCY RATES FOR 1930 AND THE 3-YEAR PERIOD 1927–1929

In comparing juvenile court delinquency rates it should be borne in mind that the delinquent children who come to the attention of the juvenile court are only a part of the total number in the community who might be so classified. The recorded number of delinquents is our only index of the volume of delinquency in one city as compared with another. Several factors may affect both the number of cases brought to the juvenile court and the number accepted and reported by the court and so influence the rates in given localities. The differences in the age jurisdiction of the courts have a definite bearing on rates even though they are computed on the number of children of juvenile-court age in the communities compared. In the average community there are fewer children of 16 and 17 years than of 14 and 15 and there are more delinquency cases in the older age group than in the younger. Cases of 16 and 17 year old children constitute more than one-third of the boys' cases and two-fifths of the girls' cases in courts having jurisdiction up to 18 years. To consider only children under 16 years would materially reduce the rate. That community factors are also significant is shown by the wide variations in rates of courts in cities or counties having the same age limit on the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts.

The position that the court occupies in the community's plan for dealing with conduct problems of children, its relationship to other agencies, and the extent to which these agencies refer cases to it, as well as variation in the amount of delinquency, affect the delinquency rates. In some communities the court is the only agency dealing with delinquency problems; in others there are available a number of other agencies doing case work with problem children and their families. The extent to which the police deal with children also varies greatly in the different localities. In some cities all children coming to the attention of the police and apparently requiring more than a warning are referred to the juvenile court; in others the police handle many cases involving minor offenses by such methods as unofficial probation and reporting children to parents. Occasionally special police are assigned to deal only with juvenile offenders. Some school departments may be sufficiently well staffed and well equipped to handle nearly all truancy cases and many behavior problems other than truancy, but others, because of lack of personnel and other facilities, may refer most of the children presenting conduct problems to the juvenile court.

The policy of the courts in the acceptance of complaints, in handling all or certain cases officially, and in the reporting of unofficial work also materially affects the delinquency rates. Although all courts were asked to report both official and unofficial cases, some courts reported only official cases, even though they dealt with some unofficially.

In spite of all these possible sources of error in comparing the delinquency rates for different cities or counties or for different years in the same city or in the same county, Table A, which gives

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the juvenile-delinquency rate for 1930 and for the 3-year period 1927-1929 for 18 courts, is interesting and useful to students of the subject. These 18 courts were the only ones serving areas having populations of more than 100,000 which reported comparable figures for the 4-year period.1 The rate for 1930 is compared with the average rate for the 3-year period because a 3-year period affords a better basis of comparison than a single year and because the methods of reporting were not sufficiently stabilized in some of the courts during the earlier years to make comparisons of individual years significant. The delinquency rate, it will be recalled, is the number of cases of delinquency reported per 1,000 boys and girls of juvenilecourt age in the city or county.

In 5 of these 18 cities and counties the delinquency rate for the boys was lower in 1930 than for the 3-year period 1927-1929, but the decrease was statistically significant ² in only 2, Marion County, Ind. (from 17 to 15), and Westchester County, N. Y. (from 17 to 10). The decrease in the rate for Westchester County may have been associated with changes in organization and personnel which came about when the Westchester County Department of Probation was created in 1930. The probation staff serving the children's court is now part of this department of probation. The rate for boys was higher in 11 cities or counties, and in 9 of these the increase was significant; namely, Ramsey County, Minn.; Hudson and Mercer Counties, N. J.; Buffalo and New York, N. Y.; Hamilton County, Ohio; Montgomery County and Philadelphia, Pa.; and Pierce County, Wash. The probable reason for the increase is known in only one of these communities-Mercer County, N. J. In this county the increase in rate was associated with a change in policy by which more minor offenses were brought before the court than formerly. The rates in Erie County, N. Y., and in the city of Norfolk, Va., were the same for 1930 as for the 3-year period 1927-1929.

The number of girls brought before the juvenile courts is much smaller than the number of boys, and the recorded delinquency is probably a less reliable index of the actual amount of delinquency among the girls in the community than among the boys. At any rate they furnish a better index than any other available figures and are therefore of interest. Of the 18 cities or counties for which rates are given in Table A, comparative rates for the years 1927-1929 are not available for Hamilton County, Ohio, and the rate was less than one per thousand in Montgomery County, Pa. Of the remaining 16 the rates for 1930 and for 1927-1929 were the same in 10 cities or counties; in 2-the District of Columbia and Westchester County, N. Y.-the rate was significantly lower in 1930; in 3-Lake County, Ind.; Buffalo, N. Y.; and Philadelphia, Pa.-it was significantly higher.

There was wide variation in the delinquency rates of these communities. In 1930 the rates for boys varied from 49 in Mahoning County, Ohio; 47 in Norfolk, Va.; and 41 in the District of Columbia

¹ Franklin County, Ohio, reported for all 4 years, but for the period 1927-1929 it reported official cases only, whereas in 1930 it reported both official and unofficial cases, and the figures are hence not comparable. It has been excluded from the group under consideration. ³Although the difference in the rates of one community may be numerically as great as that of another, the significance is affected by the size of the population under consideration because in places with relatively small populations a small change in the number of cases would materially affect the rates.

to 4 in Montgomery County, Pa.; 8 in Pierce County, Wash.; and 10 in Erie and Westchester Counties, N. Y., and Lake County, Ind. The high rate in Mahoning County, Ohio, which deals unofficially with a large proportion of its cases, is to a great extent due to the reporting of all complaints. The marked difference between the rates for New York (12) and Philadelphia (34) may be due partly to the large number of cases handled unofficially by the Philadelphia court.

Separate rates for white and for colored children are shown in Table A for courts serving areas in which either 10 per cent or at least 10,000 of the population were colored. In each court the rates for colored children were higher than for white children. Among the colored boys the 1930 rates were as high as 101 in Mahoning County, Ohio, 86 in the District of Columbia, 78 in Philadelphia, Pa., and 75 in Norfolk, Va., and as low as 38 in New York, N. Y., 27 in Westchester County, N. Y., and 19 in Montgomery County, Pa. The rate for 1930 among colored boys was lower than the rate for the 3-year period 1927–1929 in 4 of the 9 cities and counties for which comparable rates were available, but in only 1, Westchester County, N. Y., was this decrease significant. Although the rate for 1930 was higher in 4 cities or counties than the rate for the 3 years 1927–1929, this increase was significant in only 2, New York, N. Y., and Montgomery County, Pa. It is to be expected that delinquency rates will increase during a period of depression because of widespread unemployment and the lack of adequate food and clothes.

TABLE A.—Total population according to the 1930 census and number of delin-quency cases of boys and of girls per 1,000 estimated population of juvenile-court age¹ of the same sex and color in 1930 and in the 3-year period 1927-1929 for 18 specified courts reporting for each year

	Total pop- ulation	and popu	er of delinqu of girls per lation of juy ame sex and	r 1,000 venile-co	estimated
Court and color of child ²	according to 1930 census	1	Boys	G	irls
		1930	1927-1929	1930	1927-1929
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia. White Colored	146, 716 486, 869	28 41 23 86	27 43 26 87	5 6 2 16	5 8 3 17
Indiana: Lake County Marion County White Colored	422, 666	10 15 11 42	11 17 14 48	7 8 7 16	5 8 7 21
Minnesota: Hennepin County Ramsey County	517, 785 286, 721	16 14	17 10	4 3	4 3
New Jersey: Hudson County		23 23 62 21	21 21 65 16	4 4 10 1	4 3 10 1
New York: Buffalo (city) Eric County (exclusive of Buffalo) New York (city) White Colored Westchester County White Colored Objo:	573, 076 189, 332 6, 930, 446 520, 947	18 10 12 11 38 10 9 27	16 10 11 10 29 17 16 44	2 1 2 2 9 2 2 9	1 1 2 2 7 3 3 3 15
Hamilton County	236, 142	25 20 68 49 46 101	22 18 66 47 44 101	11 7 38 11 10 32	(8) (8) (3) 11 9 30
Pennsylvania: Montgomery County White Colored Philadelphia (city and county) White Colored	1, 950, 961	4 3 19 34 29 78	2 2 7 30 (*)	(4) (4) 3 5 4 16	
Virginia: Norfolk (city) White. Colored. Washington: Pierce County		47 33 75 8	47 34 72 6	$\begin{array}{c}10\\7\\14\\2\end{array}$	11 7 17 2

¹ The ages of jurisdiction over delinquent children in the States in which the 18 courts are located are as follows: Under 16 years in Connecticut, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; under 17 years in the District of Columbia; under 18 years in Minnesota, Ohio, Virginia, and Washington; and under 16 for boys and under 18 for girls in Indiana.
² Includes courts serving cities or counties with 100,000 or more population in 1930 reporting for each year of the 4-year period 1927-1930. Color is shown for courts serving cities or counties of this size with at least 10,000 or 10 per cent colored population.
³ Girls not reported in 1927 and 1928.
⁴ Less than 1 per thousand.
⁴ Color not reported in 1927 and 1928.

TABLE I.—Number of white and o	f colored boys' and girls' delinquency and dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 79 specified courts	;
	and 13 other courts during 1930	

			1	Delinque	ency case	S				, De	ependen	cy and n	eglect cas	ses	
Court	4	w	nite child	lren	Col	ored child	lren	Chil- dren		Wł	nite child	lren	Cold	ored child	dren
	Total	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	whose color was not re- ported	Total	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
Total cases	53, 757	43, 898	37, 361	6, 537	9, 852	8,006	1, 846	7	20, 711	17, 704	9, 131	8, 573	3, 007	1, 542	1, 46
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	49, 469	40, 154	34, 173	5, 981	9, 308	7, 555	1, 753	7	18, 572	15, 670	8, 124	7, 546	2, 902	1, 486	1, 410
Alabama: Mobile County	1, 640 470 1, 893 1, 338 477	87 1, 578 447 679 543 399 578 74 545 168 1, 611	75 1, 398 385 628 466 225 344 65 420 151 1, 486	12 180 62 51 77 174 234 9 125 17 125	90 62 23 1, 214 795 78 240 10 65 123 929	77 51 17 1,014 644 37 173 7 43 100 792	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 11 \\ 6 \\ 200 \\ 151 \\ 41 \\ 67 \\ 3 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 137 \\ 137 \\ \end{array} $		4 395 51 315 440 326 282 559 53 466	4 367 48 126 395 255 236 508 44 335	1 179 21 69 197 125 120 262 27 174	3 188 27 57 198 130 116 246 17 161	28 3 189 45 71 46 51 9 131	13 3 94 22 35 24 20 2 62	14 94 23 34 25 35 65
Kent County Wayne County Minnesota:	520 3, 235	503 2, 783	433 2, 456	70 327	17 452	17 406	46		338 927	333 782	173 404	160 378	5 145	5 78	6
Hennepin County Ramsey County New Jersey:	1, 053 517	1, 007 501	814 421	193 80	46 16	39 16	7		349 115	339 112	183 60	156 52	10 3	71	
New Jersey: Hudson County Mercer County New York:	1, 974 449	1, 876 363	1, 651 342	$\begin{array}{c} 225\\ 21 \end{array}$	98 86	85 83	13 3								
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo) Monroe County	$1,094 \\ 212 \\ 170$	1, 043 205 170	959 187 138	84 18 32	51 7	46 4	5 3		78 70 228	78 65 227	40 41 109	38 24 118	5	3	
New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County RASER	7, 867 414 597	6, 962 408 537	6, 120 324 450	842 84 87	905 6 60	737 5 43	168 1 17		3, 890 161 394	3, 426 154 363	1,760 79 188	1, 666 75 175	464 7 31	266 4 16	19

Ohio: Franklin County	1, 206 2, 072 2, 151 598 1, 172	958 1,457 1,871 492 1,151	732 1,090 1,584 306 1,009	226 367 287 186 142	248 615 273 106 21	189 396 211 62 15	59 219 62 44 6	7	721 442 214 321 475	542 331 179 232 463	265 168 90 115 224	277 163 89 117 239	179 111 35 89 12	83 62 12 43 8	96 49 23 46 4
Pennsylvania: Allegheny County	1,128	967	833	134	161	122	39		970	855	468	387	115	54	61
Montgomery County	96	77	69	8	1 000	$16 \\ 1,633$	3 287		10 4,060	10 3,062	8 1.663	2 1.399	998	503	495
Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County	7, 517 106	5, 597 70	4,996	601 16	1,920	1,000	201		4,000	5, 002 65	1,003	43	996	5	4
Utah: Third district	972	967	729	238	5	3	2		175	175	84	91			
Virginia: Norfolk (city)	774	355	295	60	419	349	70		152	116	50	66	36	19	17
Washington:									10						
Pierce County	165	159	131	28	6	4	22		49	47	28 81	19 78	25	1	1
Spokane County	653	645	555	90	8 98	6 82	16		164 1,304	$159 \\ 1,237$	646	591	67	40	27
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	2, 419	2, 321	1,852	469	98	84	10		1, 304	1, 201	040	091	07		
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000		1.1.1													
POPULATION IN 1930	3, 871	3, 527	3,007	520	344	288	56		1,825	1,752	866	886	73	36	37
Alabama:						11 1 2 1			47	47	23	24			
Baldwin County	9	9	6	3							20 2	24			
Chambers County	11	11	9	2					6 35	6 31	18	13			
Clarke County	1				1	1			93	77	30	47	16	1,	11
Colbert County	27	23	11	12	4	4			85	9	5	41	10	0	11
Conecuh County										37	22	4			
Dallas County	2	2	2						37	01	3	15			
Elmore County	2	2	2						0	0	3				
Escambia County	5	4	4		1	1			4	1	2	2			
Etowah County	43	25	24	1	18	18			6	5	3	2	1		1
Jackson County	8	8	5	3					4	4		4			
Lauderdale County	27	24	20	4	3	1	2		260	258	128	130	2		2
Lee County									5	5	4	1			
Macon County	3	2	2		1	1			25	24	11	13	1	1.	
Marion County	5	5	3	2					25	25	13	12			
Perry County	5	2	2		3	1	2		66	66	33	33			
Pike County	10	5	5		5	5			107	103	54	49	4	2	2
Sumter County	4				4	3	1		21	21	12	9			
Illinois: Rock Island County	35	30	20	10	5	4	1		154	151	77	74	3	1	2
Indiana: Wayne County	61	45	31	14	16	13	3								
Iowa: Johnson County	92	92	73	19					43	42	18	24	1		1
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	232	181	154	27	51	44	7		93	92	33 -	59	1	1 .	
Minnesota: Winona County	51	51	45	6					18	18	9	9			
New York:		1.1			1000	N CARLON		1.1.2		.77. (Ce ti	26 1 11	
Chemung County	112	108	68	40	4	4			107	105	45	60	2	1	1
Clinton County	87	87	82	5					14	14	6	8			
Columbia County	79	76	63	13	3	2	1		158	153	72	81	5	2	3
Ontario County	68	68	51	17	0	~	-		86	86	45	41			
North Carolina: Buncombe County	134	76	60	16	58	52			65	58	38	20	7	4	2

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

			1	Delinque	ency case	s				De	ependen	cy and ne	eglect cas	ies	
· Court		WE	nite child	ren	Col	ored child	dren	Child- ren		Wh	nite child	lren	Cold	ored child	dren
	Total	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	whose color was not re- ported	Total	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930—Continued. North Dakota: Third judicial district (in part) Fourth judicial district Ohio:	12 11	12 11	37	94					30	30	18	12			
Allen County Auglaize County Clark County Lake County Sandusky County Pennsylvania: Lycoming County Utah:	25 81 303 85 73 26	24 80 236 81 70 26	18 64 200 69 53 16	6 16 36 12 17 10	1 1 67 4 3	$\begin{array}{c}1\\54\\3\\2\end{array}$	1 13 1 1		60 10 60 33 42 59	53 10 53 32 35 56	25 2 30 14 21 27	28 8 23 18 14 29	7 7 1 7 3	5 5 	
First district	290 506 443	290 493 441	251 419 393	39 74 48	13 2	 11 1	2		13 11	13 11	7 6	6 5			
Fifth district Sixth district Seventh district	476 122 127	476 122 127	440 119 123	36 3 4					11 1	11 1	6 1	5			
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	178	102	90	12	76	62	14		4	3	3		1	1	
OURTS SERVING ABEAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	417	217	181	36	200	163	37		314	282	141	141	32	20	

TABLE I.—Number of white and of colored boys' and girls' delinquency and dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 79 specified courts and 13 other courts during 1930—Continued

Digitized for FRASER https://fraser.stlouisfed.org Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

Boys' delinquency cases Age limitation of Age of boy original Court court jurisdic-Total Age Under tion years. vears. vears vears. vears not under under under under and reyears over ported Total cases 45, 374 2,881 5, 710 11, 102 17, 796 7, 263 COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930 41, 735 2,650 5, 305 10, 354 16, 615 6, 261 Alabama: Mobile County_ Under 16_ Under 21_ California: San Diego 1, 449 County Connecticut: Bridgeport Under 16 (city). District of Columbia_____ Georgia: Fulton County____ Under 17. 1.642 Under 16_. 1, 110 Lake County. do. Mario County_____ Vanderburgh County____ Iowa: Polk County____ Louisiana: Caddo Paris____ Maryland: Baltimore (city)_ ____do_____ do Under 18_. Under 17. Under 16.. 2, 278 Michigan: Kent County_____ Wayne County_____ Under 17___ __do____ 2,862 1, 176 Minnesota: Hennepin County_____ Ramsey County_____ Under 18_ ----....do...... New Jersey: Hudson County_____ Under 16_. 1, 736 Mercer County_____ New York: Buffalo (city)_____ ---do-----....do 1,005 Erie County (exclusive --- do------Monroe County_____ New York (city)_____ Rensselaer County_____ Westchester County_____ . do ---do_----6, 857 2,081 3, 572 __do___ .do ... Ohio Franklin County_____ Hamilton County_____ Under 18_ __do___ Mahoning County_ ...do_. 1,802 Montgomery County____ Oregon: Multnomah County_ ___do____ --do--1,024 Pennsylvania: Allegheny County_____ Montgomery County_____ Philadelphia (city and Under 16_ ...do.... -__do_ 6, 629 1,096 1, 890 2, 753 county). South Carolina: Greenville ...do_ County. Utah: Third district..... Under 18... Virginia: Norfolk (city) _____ ____do___ Washington: Pierce County_____ ---do_. Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee ____do_ ---do-----1,934 County.

 TABLE IIA.—Age limitation of original court jurisdiction and age of boys dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts ¹ and 11 other courts during

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

TABLE IIA.—Age limitation of original court jurisdiction and age of boys dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts and 11 other courts during 1930—Continued

				Boys	' deling	uency o	cases		
Court	Age limi- tation of original			·.+.	A	ge of bo	y		
Court	court jurisdic- tion	Total	Under 10 years	10 years, under 12	12 years, under 14	14 years, under 16	16 years, under 18	18 years and over	Age not re- porte
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930		3, 295	215	375	695	1, 066	878	21	4
Alabama:			- 1						
Baldwin County	Under 16	6				6			
Chambers County	do	9			1			3	
Calbert County	00	1 15		3	4		1		
Alaoama: Baldwin County Chambers County Colbert County Dallas County Elmore County Escambia County Etowah County Iseksen County	do	15		0		,0			
Elmore County	do	2			1				
Escambia County	do	5			1	4			
Jackson County	0	42 5		9 1		16	1		
Lauderdale County				2		12			
Macon County	do	3				2			
Marion County	do	3			1	1	1		
Perry County Pike County	00	3 10			15	5			
Sumter County	do	3			1	2			
Illinois: Rock Island County. Indiana: Wayne County Iowa: Johnson County	Under 17	24			11	5	8		
Indiana: Wayne County	Under 16	44		2	15				
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	Under 18 Under 17	73 198						, 1	
Minnesota: Winona County_		45		5				2	
New York:								19000	1
Chemung County	Under 16	72		10		31			
Clinton County Columbia County	00	82 65		17 12					
Ontario County	do	51						1.56.6.9	
Ontario County North Carolina: Buncombe County.	do	112				45	1		
North Dakota: Third judicial district (in part).	Under 18	3		1		2	1		
Fourth judicial district	do	7		1	2	2	2		
Ohio: Allen County	do	18			3	6	8	1	1000
Auglaize County	do	65		6			25	1	
Auglaize County Clark County	do	254							
Lake County	do	72 55					22		
Sandusky County Pennsylvania: Lycoming County.	Under 16	16			4		3		
Utah:	TT 1. 10	071		0.			07		
First district Second district	Under 18	251 430							
Fourth district	do	394							
Fifth district	do	440	18	35	93	130	158	4	
Sixth district Seventh district	do	119 123							
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	do	123							
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH									
LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION	Section 1	344	10	30	53	115	124		
IN 1930		344	16	30	03	110	124	0	1

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 TABLE IIB.—Age limitation of original court jurisdiction and age of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 71 specified courts¹ and 9 other courts during 1930

				Girl	s' deline	quency	cases		
Count	Age lim- itation of			213	A	ge of gi	rl		
Court	original court jur- isdiction	Total	Un- der 10 years	10 years, under 12	12 years, under 14	14 years, under 16	16 years, under 18	18 years and over	Age not re ported
Total cases		8, 383	264	450	1, 484	4, 038	2, 019	85	43
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH									
100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930		7, 734	235	406	1, 366	3, 778	1, 828	81	4
Alabama: Mobile County	Under 16	25		4	8	10	3		
California: San Diego County.	Under 21	191	15	7	26	46	79	18	
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city).	Under 16	68	9	9	16	33	1		
District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	Under 17 Under 16	251 228	13	15 22	62 75	116 109	54 6	3	
Lake County	Under 18	215	1	9	28	107	70		
Marion County	do	301	2	5	48	140	106		
Vanderburgh County	do	12			2	5	4		
Iowa: Polk County	do	147	13	12	22	54	46		
Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city). Michigan:	Under 17 Under 16	$\begin{array}{c} 40\\ 262 \end{array}$	16	2 23	6 77	18 108	$12 \\ 32$	3	
Kent County	Under 17	70	3	7	8	31	17	1	
Minnesota:	00	373	1	6	45	241	80		
Hennepin County Ramsey County	Under 18	200	1	8	21	70	98		
New Jersey:		80 238		4	8 41	32 • 168	35	1	
Hudson County Mercer County	do	200	14	15	41 6	108	4		
New York:		-1		ч	0	11			
Buffalo (city)	Under 16	89		12	18	58	1		
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo).				1	4	16			
Monroe County New York (city)	do	32		1	2	29			
New York (city)	do	1, 010 85	20 3	62 2	221 5	702 33	3 42		
Rensselaer County Westchester County	do	104	2	3	15	58	25	1	
Ohio:					-0		-0	-	
Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County	Under 18	285	7	10	36	118	111	3	
Hamilton County	do	586	4	22	80	198	247	30	
Mahoning County	do	349	18	16 12	37	143	129 73	5	
Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County	do	$230 \\ 148$	13 1	12	44 19	86 50	13 65	1 3	
Pennsylvania:		140	-	0	10	00	00	0	
Allegheny County	Under 16	173		3	40	109	18	3	
Montgomery County	do	11	1	1	3	6			
Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county).		888	44	64	228	541	1		10
South Carolina: Greenville County.	do	21	5	4	4	7			1
Utah: Third district	Under 18	240	8	7	20	65	138	1	1
Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:		130	7	3	20 28	37	53	2	
Pierce County	do	30		4	2	16	8		
Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee	do	92		1	10	33	44	1	
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County.	do	485	12	23	51	171	225	3	

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

TABLE IIB.—Age limitation of original court jurisdiction and age of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 71 specified courts and 9 other courts during 1930—Continued

The Contraction of the Contracti	-10-			Girl	s' delina	quency	cases		
Court	Age lim- itation of original			ale in	А	ge of gi	irl		
	court jur- isdiction	Total	Un- der 10 years	10 years, under 12	12 years, under 14	14 years, under 16	16 years, under 18	18 years and over	Age not re porte
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930		576	26	39	104	243	159	4	
Alabama:									
Baldwin County	Under 16	3			3			1	
Chambers County	do	2				2			
Colbert County	do	12		1	1	8	2		
Etowah County	do	1				ĩ			
Etowah County Jackson County	do	3				2	1		
Lauderdale County	do	6			2	3	1		
Marion County	do	- 2				1	1		
Perry County	do	2				2			
Sumter County	do	1					1		
Illinois: Rock Island County_ Indiana: Wayne County	Under 18	11	2		1	3	5		
Indiana: Wayne County	do	17	1	1		10	5		
Iowa: Johnson County Louisiana: Ouachita Parish_	do	19	2	1	6	5	4	1	
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish Minnesota: Winona County New York:	Under 17 Under 18	34 6		3	11 2	12 1	73	1	
Cheming County	Under 16	40	7	2	3	28		and the second	15.00
Chemung County Clinton County	do	5		ĩ	ĩ	3			
Columbia County	do	14		ī	2	10	1		
Ontario County	do	17		3	24	10			
Ontario County. North Carolina: Buncombe County. North Dakota:	do	22	2	5	2	10	3		
Third judicial district (in part).		9				3	5	1	
Fourth judicial district	do	4			1	1	2:		
Ohio:							1.1.1.1	1.2.2.2.1	
Allen County	00	. 7	+		1	3	3		
Allen County Auglaize County Clark County	do	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 49 \end{array}$	1	3	7	7 16	23		
Lake County	00	13	1	0	2	10	23		
Sandusky County	do	18	-	1	4	7	6		
Lake County Sandusky County Pennsylvania: Lycoming County.	Under 16	10	1		1	8			
Utah:		1		1			11 5 16.		
First district	Under 18	39	4	3	8.	11	13		
Second district	do	76	3	10	23	21	19		
Fourth district	do	49		1	6	22	19	1	
Fifth district	do	36			2	10	24		
Sixth district	0	3				$\frac{1}{2}$	2		
Seventh district Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	do	26	2	3	<u>5</u>	12	1 4		
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH		20	-	0	0	12	-		
LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION		1							1
IN 1930		73	3	. 5	14	17	32	A DOLLAR	

40

				Boy	vs' del	linqu	iency	cases				
				R	eason	for 1	eferei	nce to	court			
Court	Total	Stealing	Truancy	Running away	Ungovernable	Sex offense	Injury to person	Act of carelessness or mischief	Traffic violation	Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs	Other reason	Reason not reported
Total cases	45, 374	19, 658	3, 563	2, 441	2, 769	823	1, 085	12, 066	1, 355	333	1, 228	5
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930			3, 138	2, 297	2, 626	763	969	11, 004	1, 286	228	1, 163	4
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County Indiana: Lake County	$152 \\ 1,449 \\ 402 \\ 1,642 \\ 1,110$	75 507 181 811 594	94 11 49	21 23	16 163	2 49 5 6 14	19 14 11 39 24	$132 \\ 447$	2 288 6 86 3		61 19 13 4	
Marion County Vanderburgh County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michican:	$262 \\ 517 \\ 72 \\ 463 \\ 251 \\ 2,278$	120 308 59 166 108 792	57 1 12 1	5 15 23		13 14 10 3 14	3 6 11 16 57	9 162 68	36 12 14	1 2 7 3	21 1 8 19	2
Kent County Wayne County Minnesota: Hennepin County Ramsey County	853	237 1, 872 561 300	16 307 4 2	3 25 8 5	28 173 52 20	9 81 35 11	11 65 12 9	69 258 118 50	77 69 44	 10 7 3	12	
New Jersey: Hudson County Mercer County New York:	1.1	628 272	517 29	31 4.	124 14	30 7	45 11	349 83	19 	0 1 1	18 11 4	
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of	1, 005	663		26	58	3	23	228	4			
Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County	493	83 94 2, 353 65 196	2 1 70 197 131	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 8 \\ 468 \\ 13 \\ 16 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 7 \\ 519 \\ 22 \\ 30 \end{array} $		5 229 3 15	64 22 2, 564 28 76	7 47 14	1	4 529 1	12
Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania:		405 664 578 115 481	$\begin{array}{r} 82 \\ 12 \\ 291 \\ 116 \\ 63 \end{array}$	56 201 132 18 52	$31 \\ 53 \\ 132 \\ 18 \\ 46$	53 16 35 9 29	$12 \\ 13 \\ 33 \\ 10 \\ 22$	244 296 479 76 249	$ \begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 142 \\ 42 \\ 1 \\ 35 \end{array} $	9 8 4 5 11	10 81 76 35	1
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:	85	532 75 2, 303 63 403 240	183 167 2 161 34	59 637 2 32 24	82 3 321 6 21 68	20 2 85 21 8	$17 \\ 1 \\ 158 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ 44$	58 4 2, 673 5 73 128	27 3 68	2 35 11 29	1 223 3 1	
Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County		103 221 980	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\12\\210\end{array}$	3 33 72	6 12 118	1 8 87	1 3 17	$ \begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 172 \\ 283 \end{array} $	3 83 136	1 13 27	4	

TABLE IIIA.—Reason for reference to court in boys' delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts ¹ and 11 other courts during 1930

			Re	ason	for r	eferen	ice to c	ourt			
				1	-						
	Stealing	Truancy	Running away	Ungovernable	Sex offense	Injury to person	Act of carelessness or mischief	Traffic violation	Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs	Other reason	Reason not reported
295	1, 317	384	139	130	53	93	964	60	87	65	
$ \begin{array}{c} 6\\9\\1\\5\\2\\2\\5\\42\\5\\21\\3\\3\\10\\3\\24\\44\\73\\845\\72\\825\\51\\112\\3\end{array} $	3 6 1 1 5 2 2 1 4 4 24 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 1 7 5 1 9 10 17 1 10 2 5 1 19 	 	9 22 21 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3	 	1 1 1 6 6 2 2 1 1 1 1 	1 		1 1 1 1 1 4 4 	 1 1 7 7 7 1 1 1 7 7	
$\begin{array}{c} 7\\ 18\\ 65\\ 254\\ 72\\ 55\\ 16\\ 251\\ 430\\ 394\\ 440\\ 119\\ 123\\ 152\\ \end{array}$	15 17 108 22 34	1 47 3 7 4 33 55 56 32 4 	14 6 4 45 14 	18 5 4 6 27 12 2	7 5 4 2 11 2 1 1 2 1 1	1 2 1 3 17 8	$ \begin{array}{r} 26\\ 4\\ 1\\ 78\\ 114\\ 117\\ 189\\ 47\\ 60\\ \end{array} $	5 9 9 9 8 1	1 6 9 21 17 10 5	8 15 5	
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	295 1, 317 384 139 130 53 93 964 60 6 3 1 1 1 9 6 1 1 1 15 5 7 1 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	295 1, 317 384 139 130 53 93 964 60 87 65 6 3 1 1 1 9 6 1 1 1 1 1 15 5 7 1 1

TABLE IIIA.—Reason for reference to court in boys' delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts and 11 other courts during 1930—Continued

				Gir	ls' del	linque	ency	case	S			
4				Re	ason f	or ref	eren	ce to	cour	t		
Court	Total	Stealing	Truancy	Running away	Ungovernable	Sex offense	Injury to person	Act of carelessness or mischief	Traffic violation	Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs	Other reason	Reason not reported
Total cases	8, 383	1, 092	1, 085	1, 230	2, 115	1, 796	167	667	44	82	87	1
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	7, 734	1,000	933	1, 186	2,001	1,654	145	617	42	67	73	10
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia. Georgia: Fulton County Indices	25 191 68 251 228	22	4 21 5 10 11	3 23 4 14	2 49 8 99	14	 1 15	 11 4 47	18		428	
Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan:	$\begin{array}{c} 215\\ 301\\ 12\\ 147\\ 40\\ 262 \end{array}$	18 29 3 13 2 62	20 32 3 9		53 138 3 63 4 86	95 62 6 19 14 22	5 2 11 10	7 1 25 1 31	1 1 1	1 2 4	1 8 2 15	1
Kent County Wayne County Minnesota: Hennepin County		13 11	9 97	2 18	23 79	20 163	ī	1	2 2	ī		
Ramsey County New Jersey: Hudson County	80	36 19	1	23 2	43 27	80 29	1	7	3	4	4	
New York:	24	8 6	109 3	14 1	60 5	35 6	7 1	4 2			1	
Buffalo (city) Eric County (exclusive of Buffalo) Monroe County	32 1,010 85	35 1 148 2 9	 8 66 49	14 5 4 254 2	$22 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 375 \\ 14 \\ 16$	12 6 24 101 25	 24 1	6 4 91 1 4	1	1	1	7
Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County	349 230 148	24 60 27 17 19	49 19 70 40 7	30 120 34 40 17	37 146 71 25 40	$ \begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 152 \\ 86 \\ 82 \\ 50 \end{array} $	1 22 12 1 1	19 55 43 23 10	1 1	6 3 3 2 1	4 8 3	1
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city)	$ \begin{array}{r} 173 \\ 11 \\ 888 \\ 21 \\ 240 \\ 130 \\ \end{array} $	25 3 89 6 43 14	26 25 132 10	50 1 302 1 8 16	42 3 228 5 15 41	25 4 78 3 36 18	1 6 2 2 15	3 144 2 13	1	1.	1 2 1	
Washington: Pierce County	30 92 485	6 7 65	3 8 87	7 17 47	3 21 103	11 28 155	2	3	1	6	1	

 TABLE IIIB.—Reason for reference to court in girls' delinquency cases disposed of by 71 specified courts ¹ and 9 other courts during 1930

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

				Girl	s' del	linque	ency	cases	3			
				Rea	son f	or refe	erend	e to	cour	t		
Court	Total	Stealing	Truancy	Running away	Ungovernable	Sex offense	Injury to person	Act of carelessness or mischief	Traffic violation	Use, possession, or sale of liquor or drugs	Other reason	Reason not reported
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	576	79	145	41	100	126	17	42	1	10	14	
Alabama: Baldwin County	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 2\\ 122\\ 12\\ 3\\ 3\\ 6\\ 6\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\$	2 2 1 12 1 4 4 6 6 2 8 8 1 1 4 5 2 2 1 1 	22 22 24 15 33 1 1 1 1 2 33 32 2 2	 	1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 1 8 8 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	222277 113311 	 1 1 	 1 1 1 6 		 	2 2 1 7	
Utah: First district Second district Fourth district Fifth district Seventh district	10 39 76 49 36 3 4	1 7 10 10 10 10	2 5 22 16 13	9 4	11 17 6 1	67	6	3 6 3 9 3	 1	 2 1	4	
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	4 26		17		1 3		$1 \\ 3$	3				
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	73	13	7	3	14	16	5	8	1	5		

 TABLE IIIB.—Reason for reference to court in girls' delinquency cases disposed of by 71 specified courts and 9 other courts during 1930—Continued

C	D	elinquency	cases
Court	Total	Official	Unofficial
Total cases	53, 757	36, 431	17,32
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN			
1930	49, 469	33, 989	15,48
Alabama: Mobile County	177	177	
	1,640	623	1,01
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)	470	104	36
District of Columbia	1,893	1.485	40
Georgia: Fulton County	1,338	1,313	
Indiana.	1,000	1,010	2
Lake County	477	325	15
Marion County	818	573	24
Vanderburgh County	84	84	
10Wa: Polk County	610	253	
Louisiana: Uaddo Parish	291	204	8
Maryland: Baltimore (city)	2, 540	2,540	0
	2,040	2, 040	
Kent County	520	518	
Wayne County	3,235	3,235	1 march 1
Munnesona:	0,200	0,200	
Hennepin County	1,053	1,053	
Ramsey County	517	517	
New Jersey:		OLI	
Hudson County	1,974	1 974	
Mercer County	449	449	
New York:	110	110	
Buffalo (city)	1.094	1.094	
Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo)	212	1,094	
Monroe County			
New York (city)	170	170	
Popped on Country	7,867		
Rensselaer County	414	414	
Westchester County Ohio:	597	517	80
Franklin County	1,206	542	
Hamilton County	2,072	96	1,976
Mahoning County	2,151	514	
Montgomery County	598	244	
Oregon: Multnomah County	1,172	431	74
Pennsylvania:	-,	404	
Allegheny County	1.128	1,128	
Montgomery County	96	96	
Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county)	7.517		
South Carolina: Greenville County	106	2,807	4,710
Utah: Third district		75	31
Virginia: Norfolk (city)	972	340	632
Washington:	774	774	
Pierce County	165	165	
Spokane County	653	230	
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County			423
and an area water of the second secon	2,419	846	1, 57

TABLE IVA.—Manner of handling delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts ¹ and 11 other courts during 1930

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930. ³ Unofficial cases were reported for part of the year only.

	D	elinquency	cases
Court	Total	Official	Unofficial
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930.	3, 871	2,052	1.81
Alabama:			
Baldwin County	9	9	1 march 100
Chambers County	11	9	
Clarke County	1	1	
Colbert County	27	25	
Dallas County	2	2	
Elmore County	2	2	
Escambia County	5	5	
Etowah County	43	43	
Jackson County	8	6	
Lauderdale County	27	26	
Macon County	3		
Marion County	5	5	
Perry County	5	4	
Pike County	10	4	
Sumter County	4	3	
Illinois: Rock Island County	35	32	
Indiana: Wayne County	61	9	5
Iowa: Johnson County	92	44	4
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	232	55	17
Minnesota: Winona County New York:	51	22	2
Chemung County	112	112	
Clinton County	87	39	4
Columbia County	79	79	
Ontario County	68	68	
North Carolina: Buncombe County North Dakota:	134	9	12
Third judicial district (in part)	12	1	1
Fourth judicial district	11	11	
Ohio:			
Allen County	25	25	
Auglaize County	81	7	7
Clark County	303	60	24
Lake County.	85	63	2
Sandusky County	73	26	4
Pennsylvania: Lycoming County	26	26	
Utah: First district	000	89	
First district	290 506	136	20
Fourth district		382	
Fourth district	443 476	382 247	6
		247 66	22
	122 127	00 122	5
		122	
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	178	178	
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN			
1930	417	390	2
		000	

TABLE IVA.—Manner of handling delinquency cases disposed of by 77 specified courts and 11 other courts during 1930—Continued

TABLE IVB.—Disposition of boys' delinquency cases by 77 specified courts 1 and 11 other courts during 1930

						Boys'	delinquenc	y cases					
The state of the state		Child ren	naining un ision of cou	der super- irt		Child n	ot remainin	ng under s	upervision	of court			
Court	Total	Probation	Agency or	Under tempo-	Dis- missed, or dismissed	Commi	tted to—		l without nent to—	Restitu-	Other	Case held open but no further disposi-	Disposition no
		officer supervis- ing	individ- ual super- vising	rary care of an insti- tution	after warning or adjust- ment	Institu- tion	Agency or individ- ual	Institu- tion	Agency or individ- ual	tion, fine, or costs	disposi- tion	tion antic- ipated	reporte
Total cases	45, 374	13, 285	610	677	19, 367	3, 883	237	183	729	2, 235	1, 492	2,670	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	41,735	12, 154	524	632	18, 063	3, 677	227	168	701	1,754	1, 346	2,486	
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia. Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	$152 \\ 1,449 \\ 402 \\ 1,642 \\ 1,110$	3 393 45 595 389	2 10 279 3	32	39 637 284 437 53	$102 \\ 34 \\ 16 \\ 25 \\ 285$	 6 40	9 2 7	$22 \\ 32 \\ 65 \\ 2$	9 14	1 123 17 30	5 180 180 347	
Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County	262 517 72	75 144 31	47 5 21	$1 \\ 6$	42 65	59 64	7 1	3 1	13 3	6 36	4 8	5 184	
Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city)	463 251 2, 278	133 7 225	4	1	252 98 1, 357	36 79 402	2 2 8 3	2	1 10 116	$5 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 96$	$\begin{array}{r}12\\22\\25\end{array}$		
Michigan: Kent County Wayne County Minnesota:	450 2, 862	163 1, 548	1 24	84 3	131 628	30 367	1 4		6	9	4 37	27 245	
Hennepin County Ramsey County New Jersey:	853 437	429 282	2 1	149 49	60 38	50 27	1	37		7	$\begin{array}{c} 14\\ 32\end{array}$	139	
Hudson County Mercer County	1,736 425	322 375	4	1	611	412 43	19	5	1	358		37	

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

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						Boys'	delinquenc	y cases					
		Child ren vi	naining une sion of cou	der super- ert		Child n	ot remaini	ng under s	upervision	of court			
Court	Total	Probation		Under tempo-	Dis- missed, or dismissed		tted to—		l without nent to—	Restitu-	Other	Case held open but no further disposi-	Dianasi
	superv	officer supervis- ing	individ- ual super- vising	rary care of an insti- tution	after	after arning adjust- tion		Institu- tion	Agency or individ- ual	tion, fine, or costs	disposi- tion	tion antic- ipated	Toportou
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930—Contd. New York: Buffalo (city) Eric County (exclusive of Buffalo) Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County Ohio:	1, 005 191 138 6, 857 329 493	139 118 119 2, 560 12 269		122	680 44 2,715 222 159	108 20 19 392 30 11	6	1 3		63 1 534 12 10	4 	15 4 522 40 8	
Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multhomah County Pennsylvania:	921 1, 486 1, 802 368 1, 024	$218 \\ 239 \\ 221 \\ 76 \\ 276$	9 6 11 16	18 22 17 19	476 687 1, 122 181 531	120 25 98 57 38	3 4 1 1	10 21 10 1 9	10 183 27 5 10	5 4 137 5 9	35 184 106 9 39	19 112 66 16 75	
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city)	955 85 6, 629 85 732 644	815 61 749 41 213 270	4 1 8 34	90	2 4,488 14 399 121	41 22 404 11 54 24	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 91 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 11 \end{array} $	6	160 1 13	229 29 99	1 421 5 20 33	1 81 11 3 39	
Washington: Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	135 561 1,934	65 37 497	10 16	1 3 11	285 1, 200	41 41 83	71	5 15	6 14	2 51 1	15 92 7	1 18 105	

TABLE IVB.—Disposition of boys' delinquency cases by 77 specified courts and 11 other courts during 1930—Continued

100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	3, 295	1,041	68	45	1, 232	174	4	13	26	398	127	165	2
Alabama:													
Baldwin County	6	5				1							
Chambers County	9				1	8							
Clarke County	1					1							
Colbert County	15	10				4					1		
Dallas County	2	2											
Elmore County	2	~				2							
Escambia County	5	9		1		2							
Etowah County	42	20		-	6	14			1			1	
	5	20				5			-			in the second	
Jackson County	21	15				6							
Lauderdale County		10				0							
Macon County	3	3									1		
Marion County	3	1				1					1		
Perry County	3	2	1										
Pike County	10	5			3	1						1	
Sumter County	3	2				1							
Hlinois: Rock Island County	24	21		1		2							
Indiana: Wayne County	44	6			31	2				3	2		
Iowa: Johnson County	73	13	10	3	25	3			3	5	7	4	
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	198	26	1	1	116	15	2	1	8	4	21	3	
Minnesota: Winona County	45	28			14	3							
New York:	10	20											
New TOTE.	72	14	and all a set	Sec. and	25	8	1	3	in and the	9	3	9	
Chemung County	82	23			52	9	-	0		2		2	
Clinton County		23	1		26	4			0		7	17	
Columbia County	65	9			20	4			4	0		9	
Ontario County	51	36		1	0	4				2		2	
North Carolina: Buncombe County	112	85		12	8	1		2		4		4	
North Dakota:							1.000						
Third judicial district (in part)	3	2			1								
Fourth judicial district	7					7							
Ohio:							1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2						
Allen County	18		1			2			4			11	
Auglaize County	65	2	2	3	22			1	1	20	13	1	
Clark County	254	30		7	189	12				9	2	5	
Lake County	72	8	6	6	4	3				35	9	1	
Sandusky County	55	13	9	0	23	3					13	1	
Pennsylvania: Lycoming County	16	10	2		20	10							
	10	4	4			10							1000
Utah:	051	FO	1	0	124	10				35	8	13	
First district	251	58 217	1	2	93	10				34	36	35	
Second district	430		5	-		8				49	2	9	
Fourth district	394	190	2	6	134	8		1 1		114	4	45	
Fifth district	440	93			175	12		1		35		40	
Sixth district	119	- 21	13		40			1	1		1	4	
Seventh district	123	59	19		13	4	1	1	1	23	1	1	
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	152	16	2		99	7		2	5	17		2	2
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN													
					72	32			2	83	19	19	

						Girls'	delinquend	y cases					
		Child ren	naining un sion of cou	der super- irt		Child n	ot remaini	ng under s	upervision	of court			
Court	Total	Probation	Agency or indi-	Under tempo-	Dis- missed, or dis-	Commit	tted to—	Referred		Restitu-	Other	Case held open but no further disposi-	Disposi- tion not reported
		super- vising	vidual super- vising	of an in-	missed af- ter warn- ing or ad- justment	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	tion, fine, or costs	disposi- tion	tion antic- ipated	reported
Total cases	8, 383	2, 577	103	331	2, 569	1, 177	136	71	273	71	432	640	3
Courts Serving Areas with 100,000 or More Population in 1930	7, 734	2, 393	97	324	2, 345	1,077	126	69	263	47	406	584	3
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)	$25 \\ 191 \\ 68 \\ 68$	50	1	8	5 83 31	16 5 9	23	3	3 25	1	19	3 17	
District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	251 228	110 110	23 2	2	36 5	46 12	2 1	$\frac{1}{3}$	777		7	26 79	
Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County	215 301 12	51 85 3	18 4	3	55 111	46 30	12	$1 \\ 1$	8 8	6 3	11 18	4 41	
Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish	147 40	28	2	27	57 13	$\begin{smallmatrix}&5\\13\\19\end{smallmatrix}$	1	3	1 1	1	11 11 5		
Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan: Kent County	262 70	28 14	1	1	104 28	100	2	6	11	5	5		
Wayne County Minnesota:	373	217	3	9	57	49	1				1	36	
Hennepin County Ramsey County New Jersey:	200 80	81 23		63 29	8 11	$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	1				2	31	
Hudson County Mercer County New York:	238 24	$\begin{array}{c} 69\\ 13\end{array}$	2		88	55 10	5			16		3 1	
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo)	89 21	21 10			40 4	24 5	1		1	2	1		
Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County	$1,010 \\ 85$	9 558 3	1	40	215 60	21 179 9	2			1	1	16 12	
for FRASER for FRASER	104	45	1		34	12	6					6	

TABLE IVc.—Disposition of girls' delinquency cases by 71 specified courts 1 and 9 other courts during 1930

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485	172	1	17	186	43	1	2	3		2	58	
576	171		7	911	70	0		10				
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	$\begin{array}{c} \overline{586} \\ 349 \\ 230 \\ 148 \\ 173 \\ 11 \\ 888 \\ 210 \\ 130 \\ 300 \\ 130 \\ 300 \\ 300 \\ 92 \\ 485 \\ 576 \\ - \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

						Girls'	delinquenc	y cases					
		Child ren	naining un sion of cou	der super- irt		Child n	ot remaini	ng under s	upervision	of court			
Court	Total	officer vi super- vi	or indi-	or indi- tempo-		Commi	tted to-	Referred	without nent to—	Restitu-	Other	Case held open but no further disposi-	Disposi- tion not
			vidual super- vising		or dis- missed af- ter warn- ing or ad- justment	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	tion, fine, or costs	disposi- tion	tion antic- ipated	reported
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930—Continued. Pennsylvania: Lycoming County Utah:	10		1			9							
First district Second district Pourth district Fifth district Sixth district	39 76 49 36 3	13 45 21 1			20 18 23 10	$\begin{array}{c}1\\4\\3\end{array}$			1	4	2 2 2	3 2 2 18	
Seventh district Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	4 26	1			3 2 20	$\frac{1}{2}$	1			1		2	
DURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	73	13	2		13	21	4			9	3	8	

TABLE IVc.-Disposition of girls' delinquency cases by 71 specified courts and 9 other courts during 1930-Continued

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 TABLE VA.—Color, nativity, and parent nativity of boys dealt with in deli quency cases disposed of by 37 specified courts 1 and 51 other courts during 1930

	100			Boys	s' delinqu	iency c	ases		
				White	boys				
Court	Total	Total	Native, native parent- age	Native, foreign or mixed parent- age	Native, parent- age not re- ported	For- eign born	Nativ- ity not re- ported	Col- ored boys	Boys whose color was not re ported
Total cases	45, 374	37, 361	15, 698	15, 155	1, 818	765	3, 925	8,006	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	41, 735	34, 173	12, 879	14, 942	1, 685	756	3, 911	7, 555	
Alabama: Mobile County	152	75	73	1		1			
California: San Diego County	1,449	1,398	984	330	16	57	11	77 51	
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)_	402	385	58	309	9	6	3	17	
District of Columbia	1,642	628	536	45	14	3	30	1,014	
Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	1, 110	466	460	1	2		3	644	
Lake County	262	225	61	163		1		37	
Marion County Vanderburgh County	517 72	344 65	323 65	20		1		173	
Iowa: Polk County	463	420	377	38	1	3	1	7 43	
Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city)	251	151	149	2				100	
Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan:	2, 278	1,486	700	592	180	14		792	
Kent County	450	433	228	145	42	1	17	17	
Wayne County Minnesota:	2,862	2, 456	641	1, 598	19	161	37	406	
Hennepin County	853	814	440	353	1	19	1	39	
Ramsey County New Jersey:	437	421	266	150		5		16	
Hudson County	1,736	1,651	367	1, 236		48		85	
Mercer County New York:	425	342	98	239		5		83	
Buffalo (city)	1,005	959	245	671		43		46	
Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo)	191	107	FO	101			1	1 1 2	
Monroe County	191	187	52 40	131 95	1	42		4	
New York (city)	6,857	6, 120	1, 495	4, 380	7	229	9	737	
New York (city) Rensselaer County	329	324	168	153		3		5	
westchester County	493	450	97	334	5	13	1	43	
Ohio: Franklin County	921	732	651	04	10			100	
Hamilton County	1, 486	1,090	64	64 23	10 997	35	4	189 396	
Mahoning County	1,802	1, 584	297	653	71	17	546	211	;
Montgomery County	368	306	197	15	90	2	2	62	
Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania:	1,024	1,009	658	253	38	18	42	15	
Allegheny County	955	833	227	593	7	6		122	
Montgomery County	85	69	24	40		3	2	16	
Philadelphia (city and		1 000							
county) South Carolina: Greenville	6, 629	4,996	638	1, 155	36	30	3, 137	1, 633	
County	85	54	52	2			1	31	
Utah: Third district	732	729	536	116	73	4		3	
Virginia: Norfolk (city)	644	295	279	16				349	
Washington: Pierce County	135	131	121	9	1				
Spokane County	561	555	413	138	3		1	4	
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County_	1, 934	1,852	799	879	62	49	63	82	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH									
25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN									
1930	3, 295	3,007	2, 638	213	133	9	14	288	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH									
LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION									
IN 1930	344	181	181					163	

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.

				Girls' de	linquend	ey cases		
				White	e girls			
Court	Total	Total	Native, native parent- age	Native, foreign or mixed parent- age	Native, parent- age not re- ported	For- eign born	Nativ- ity not re- ported	Col- ored girls
Total cases	8, 383	6, 537	3, 697	2, 216	202	154	268	1,864
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	7, 734	5, 981	3, 207	2, 178	175	154	267	1, 753
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia. Georgia: Fulton County	25 191 68 251 228	12 180 62 51 77	$ \begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 141 \\ 18 \\ 39 \\ 77 \\ \end{array} $	25 43 1	3	71	4	13 11 6 200 151
Indiana: Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County	215 301 12	$ \begin{array}{r} 174 \\ 234 \\ 9 \end{array} $	76 219 9	93 15		5		41 67
Louisiana: Caddo Parish	147 40	125 17	113 17	10		1	1	3 22 23
Maryland: Baltimore (city)	262	125	54	43	26	2		137
Kent County Wayne County Minnesota:	70 373	70 327	53 120	16 161	1 6	30	10	46
Ramsey County New Jersey:	200 80	193 80	104 60	84 19	1 1	4		7
Hudson County Mercer County New York:	238 24	$\begin{array}{c} 225\\ 21 \end{array}$	61 8	156 13		8		13 3
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo) _ Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County Ohio:	89 21 32 1,010 85 104	84 18 32 842 84 87	16 3 13 255 55 21	65 15 16 537 28 57	1 2	3 3 49 1 7		5 3 168 1 17
Franklin County Ha.nilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County Penneyuranie.	586 349 230 148	226 367 287 186 142	$202 \\ 320 \\ 103 \\ 124 \\ 118$	20 19 100 9 16	1 28 12 52 5	1 9 1 3	2 63	59 219 62 44 6
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County	$ \begin{array}{r} 173 \\ 11 \\ 888 \\ 21 \end{array} $	134 8 601	36 3 168	95 4 278	2 1	1		39 3 287
Utah: Thi d district Viginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:	240 130	$\begin{array}{r}16\\238\\60\end{array}$	16 192 53	27 7	17	2		5 2 70
Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	30 92 485	28 90 469	20 76 232	8 12 186		2 13	23	2 2 16
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	576	520	454	38	27		1	56
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	73	36	36					37

TABLE VB.—Color, nativity, and parent nativity of girls dealt with in delinquency cases disposed of by 37 specified courts ¹ and 43 other courts during 1930

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.

			D	elinqu	iency	7 cas	es			
A line and a suite			Sc	ource o	f refe	erenc	e to co	urt		
Court	Total	Police	School depart- ment	Probation of- ficer	Other court	Social agency	Parents or rel- atives	Other individ- ual	Other source	Source not re-
Total cases	53, 757	32, 428	5, 338	2, 724	388	919	4, 442	7, 214	267	37
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	49, 469	30, 963	4, 615	1, 803	334	864	4, 221	6, 445	197	27
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	177 1, 640 470 1, 893 1, 338	49 822 340 1, 371 690		$13 \\ 29 \\ 5 \\ 200 \\ 213$	7 203 6 1	13 17 10 7 3	24 163 16 185 77	43 239 74 129 307		
Lake County Marion County Vanderburgh County Iowa: Polk County	477 818 84 610	157 478 63 214	$ \begin{array}{r} 134 \\ 110 \\ 2 \\ 60 \end{array} $	$71 \\ 16 \\ 6 \\ 4$	6	8 13 	68 126 5 74	39 66 7 229	ī ī	1
Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan:	291 2, 540	181 2, 081	17 131	59 14	4	63	2 85	30 128	1 27	1
Kent County Wayne County Minnesota:	520 3, 235	358 2, 281	27 409	33		5 103	59 183	53 254	14 2	
Hennepin County Ramsey County New Jersey:	1, 053 517	764 355	16 4	5 1	2	29 4	117 12	113 141	7	
Hudson County Mercer County New York:	1, 974 449	632 314		91 15		29 1	95 15	480 71		
Buffalo (city)	$1,094 \\ 212 \\ 170 \\ 7,867 \\ 414 \\ 597$	$1,022 \\ 121 \\ 98 \\ 4,337 \\ 69 \\ 217$	7 1 506	13 1 1 2 4 1	2	12 14 29 181 1 48	44 11 20 1, 188 25 31	2 58 21 1, 638 45 109	13	
Ohio: Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County	1,206 2,072 2,151	$595 \\ 1,400 \\ 962 \\ 162 \\ 816$	$ \begin{array}{r} 116 \\ 461 \\ 183 \end{array} $	79 10 28 28 12	85	36 72 27 17 23	$123 \\ 205 \\ 209 \\ 111 \\ 52$	273 206 445 92 162	11	
Pennsylvania: Allegheny County. Montgomery County. Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County Utob. Dhird distance	96 7, 517 106	85 6, 255 68	201	577 2 1	2 2 1	13 1 25 11	138 4 478 9	6 556 15	2	
Utah: Third district Virginia: Notfolk (city) Washington: Pierce County	165	456 508 121	318 51 11	34 46		43	11	107 125 1	20	
Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	653 2, 419	498 1, 702	39 201	8 208	22 2	10 19	31 140	35 146		3
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	3, 871	1, 235	669	887	53	55	208	698	61	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	417	230	54	34	1		13	71	9	

TABLE VI.—Source of reference to court of delinquency cases disposed of by 37 specified courts ¹ and 51 other courts during 1930

¹Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.

biotique				Delin	quency	cases			
			Deten	tion care		ght or l place	onger i	n speci-	Not re-
Court	Total cases	No de- ten- tion care	Board- ing home or other family home	Deten- tion home ²	Other insti- tution	Jail or police sta- tion ³	Other place of care 4	Place of care not re- ported	wheth- er de- ten- tion care was given
Total cases	53, 757	29, 864	194	12, 652	4, 926	1, 581	215	1	4, 324
Courts Serving Areas with 100,000 or More Population in 1930	49, 469	26, 319	111	12, 389	4, 891	1, 399	40	1	4, 319
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County	$177 \\ 1, 640 \\ 470 \\ 1, 893 \\ 1, 338$	85 1, 135 421 1, 526 739	74	90 389 13 595	$ \begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 27 \\ 367 \\ 3 \end{array} $	2 90 5		1	1
Indiana: Lake County Marion County	477 818	275 394	21	191 407	35	6 10			1
Vanderburgh County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city)	84 610 291 2,540	82 363 190 2,403	4 6	217 80	5 1 130	$2 \\ 21 \\ 13 \\ 5$	2		1
Michigan: Kent County Wayne County	520 3, 235	334 1, 431	3 2	175 1, 791	1 10		1		7
Minnesota: Hennepin County Ramsey County New Jersey:	1, 053 517	799 284	51 1		7 68	193 164	1		
Hudson County Mercer County New York:	1, 974 449	1, 177 424	1	792 25	3	1			
Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buf- falo)	1,094 212 170	715 150 65	1 2	377	1 59 105	1			
Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County	7, 867 414 597	4, 056 318 461	4		3, 807 96 100		35		
Ohio: Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County	1, 206 2, 072 2, 151 598	468 741 1,079 385	1 3	499 1, 325 792 140	8 3 4 5	230 276 67			
Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania: Allegheny County Montgomery County	1, 172 1, 128 96	857 146 20	2	140 661 75	31	130 4 1			12 312
Philadelphia (city and coun- ty)	7, 517	2, 219		1, 302	13		1		3, 982
South Čarolina: Greenville Coun- ty Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:	106 972 774	75 815 412	1 9 2	131 272	1	29 16 88			i
Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	165 653 2, 419	26 406 843		$ \begin{array}{c} 109\\225\\1,576\end{array} $	1 6	29 16			
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	3, 871	3, 216	69	263	35	159	125		4
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	417	329	14			. 23	50		

 TABLE VII.—Place of care of child pending hearing or disposition in delinquency cases disposed of by 37 specified courts 1 and 51 other courts during 1930

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.
 ³ Includes cases of children cared for part of the time in detention homes and part of the time elsewhere but excludes cases of children also held in jails or police stations.
 ⁴ Includes a few cases of children cared for part of the time in jails or police stations and part of the time

⁴ Includes a few cases of children held in more than 1 place of care but in places other than detention homes, jails, or police stations.

TABLE VIII.—Reason for reference to court of families represented in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 72 specified courts ¹ and 12 other courts during 1930

1.1.1	Fa	milies re	presente	d in dep	endency	and neg	lect cas	es
			Re	ason for	reference	e to cour	t	
Court	Total	With- out ade- quate care or support from parent or guard- ian	Aban- don- ment or de- sertion	Abuse or cruel treat- ment	Living under condi- tions injur- ious to morals	Physi- cally handi- capped and in need of public care	Other reason	Rea- son not re- ported
Total cases	10, 403	7, 459	976	300	1, 131	518	6	13
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	9, 463	6, 846	905	268	1,000	429	2	13
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County	$3 \\ 226 \\ 24 \\ 184 \\ 264$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 103 \\ 16 \\ 155 \\ 186 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 12\\1\\6\\21\end{array}$	36	60 7 19 44	15 4 3		
Indiana: Lake County Marion County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city)	202 151 310 39 284	131 79 193 30 236	18 29 24 4 18	7 5 6 1 6	18 34 26 4 9	28 4 60	1	
Michigan: Kent County Wayne County	160 454	143 396	3 39	4	4 8	6 11		
Minnesota: Hennepin County Ramsey County	182 75	125 75	28	3	26			
New York: Buffalo (city) Erie County (exclusive of Buf-	30	17			13			
falo) Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County	25 87 1, 954 98 251	15 76 1,609 81 108	1 51 7 5	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\28\\2\\2\\2\end{array}$	8 10 204 8 26	62 110		
Ohio: Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County	389 232 119 161 251	264 98 78 119 196	16 21 6 17 6	18 10 3 10	52 81 18 20 37	39 22 17 2 1		
Pennsylvania: Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county)_ South Carolina: Greenville County_ Utah: Third district	394 4 1, 877 36 84		50 2 382 3 12	11 59 2 6	18 119 5 30	5 20 4	1	
Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington: Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	91 34 107 681	75	7 8 3 105	4 1 6 26	23 5 17 47	1 6 6		

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

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 TABLE VIII.—Reason for reference to court of families represented in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 72 specified courts and 12 other courts during 1930—Continued

	F	amilies re	presente	ed in dep	endency	and neg	lect cas	es
State of the second second			Re	ason for	reference	e to cour	t	
Court	Total	With- out ade- quate care or support from parent or guard- ian	Aban- don- ment or de- sertion	Abuse or cruel treat- ment	Living under condi- tions injur- ious to morals	Physi- cally handi- capped and in need of public care	Other reason	Rea- son not re- ported
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	821	524	63	27	122	81	4	
Alabama:					1 1			
Baldwin County Chambers County	16 4	14			1	1		
Clarke County	13	9	3	1	1	2		
Colbert County	26	23	2	1	1	4		
Conecuh County	3	3						
Dallas County	11	10	1					
Elmore County	1		1					
Escambia County Etowah County	15		1					
Jackson County	2	32	1		1			
Lauderdale County	96	78	4		13	1		
Lee County	4	2			2	-		
Macon County	13	5	1	1	3	3		
Marion County	8	7	1					
Perry County	17	15				2		
Pike County	34	30	1			3		
Sumter County Illinois: Rock Island County	6 83	2 56	2 9		1	$\frac{1}{2}$		
Iowa: Johnson County	20	14	9	4	12 4			
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	58	40	3	1	12	2		
Minnesote Winone County	12	9		3				
New York:								
Chemung County	76	19	1	5	15	36		
New York: Chemung County Clinton County Columbia County	8 60	3	1	1	3			
Ontario County	32	35 26	1	2	11	7	4	
North Carolina: Bun-	04	20			5	1		
combe County	48	24	13	1	10	The second	Grand	
North Dakota: Third judicial dis-					10			
trict (in part)	15	9			4	2		
Ohio: Allen County	27							
Auglaize County	4	15 2	32		2	7		
Clark County	40	23	3	2	7	5		
Lake County	18	16	1	-	í	0		
Sandusky County	19	8	2	2	$\hat{2}$	5		
Pennsylvania: Lycoming County	19	11	1	1	6			
Utah: First district					11 11			
First district Second district	67	4	1		1			
Fifth district	75	4	2	1	$^{2}_{1}$			
Sixth district	1	1	2	1	1			
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	3	1	1		1			
COTTRES SERVICE ADDIE TO								
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	119	00	0					
1 10100 1 01 01 A 11014 114 1930	118	89	8	5	9	8		

TABLE IXA.—Manner of					of by 72
specified	courts 1 an	nd 12 other o	courts durin	g 1930	

	Depende	ncy and neg	lect cases
Court	Total	Official	Unofficial
Total cases	20, 711	16, 155	4, 556
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN			
1930	18, 572	15, 080	3, 492
Alabama: Mobile County	4	4	
California: San Diego County	395	157	238
	51	45	
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)		40 315	6
District of Columbia	315		
Georgia: Fulton County	440	405	35
Indiana:	326	188	138
Lake County			138
Marion County	282	282	
Iowa: Polk County	559	312	247
Louisiana: Caddo Parish	53	51	2
Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan:	466	466	
Kent County	338	338	
Wayne County	927	927	
	021	021	
Minnesota:	0.00	349	
Hennepin County	349		
Ramsey County	115	115	
New York:		11 1 2 1	
Buffalo (city)	78	78	
Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo)	70	70	
Monroe County	228	228	
New York (city)	3,890	3.890	
Rensselaer County	161	161	
Westchester County	394	394	
Ohio:	001	001	
Franklin County	721	462	259
	442	329	113
Hamilton County		137	
Mahoning County	214		77
Montgomery County	321	198	123
Oregon: Multnomah County	475	266	209
Pennsylvania:	000	070	
Allegheny County	970	970	
Montgomery County	10	10	
Philadelphia (city and county)	4,060	2, 541	1, 519
South Carolina: Greenville County	74	34	40
Utah: Third district	175	125	50
Virginia: Norfolk (city)	152	152	
Washington:			
Pierce County	49	49	
	164	80	84
Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	1, 304	952	

Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

Caunt	Depende	ency and neg	lect cases
Court	Total	Official	Unofficia
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN			
1930	1, 825	1,000	8:
Alabama:			
Baldwin County	47	4	
Chambers County	6	4	4
Clarke County	35	10	1
Colbert County	93	12	
Conecuh County		16	
Dallas County	9	6	
Elmore County	37		
Encomplia	3	3	
Escambla County	4	4	
Etowah County	6	6	
Jackson County	4		
Lauderdale County	260	40	2
Lee County	5	2	
Macon County	25	5	
Marion County	25	4	
Perry County	66		
Pike County	107		1
Sumter County	21		-
Illinois: Rock Island County	154	153	
Iowa: Johnson County	43	31	1
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	93	- 26	1
Minnesota: Winona County	18	- 20	
New York:	10	0	
Chemung County	107	107	
Clinton County	107	107	
Columbia County	14	13	
Columbia County	158	158	
Ontario County	86	86	
North Carolina: Buncombe County	65	42	
North Dakota: Third judicial district (in part)	30	24	
Allen County	60	60	
Auglaize County	10	10	
Clark County	60	59	
Lake County	33	31	
Sandusky County	42	17	
Pennsylvania: Lycoming County	59	59	
Utah:		- 09	
First district	13	5	
Second district	11	1	
Fifth district	11	7	1.0
Sixth district	1		
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	4	4	
OURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN			
1930	314	75	
	014	75	2

TABLE IXA.—Manner of handling dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 72 specified courts and 12 other courts during 1930—Continued

TABLE IXB.—Disposition of dependency and neglect cases by 72 specified courts 1 and 12 other courts during 1930

					1	Dependen	cy and ne	glect case	S				
		Child i super	emaining vision of	court		Child no	t remainir	ng under s	supervisio	n of court		Case	
Court	Total	Proba-	Agency	vidual super- vising tempo- rary care of an insti- tution	Dis- missed, or dis-	Committed to-		Referred without commitment to-		Other	held open but no further disposi-	Dispos tion not re-	
		tion officer super- vising	or indi- vidual super- vising		missed after warning or ad- justment	Institu- tion	Agency	Individ- ual	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	Other disposi- tion		ported
Total cases	20, 711	4, 650	1, 455	1, 577	5, 085	2, 767	2, 692	512	119	646	327	876	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULA- TION IN 1930.	18, 572	3, 512	1, 363	1, 493	4, 901	2, 640	2, 571	443	68	557	277	743	
Alabama: Mobile County California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County	$ \begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 395 \\ 51 \\ 315 \\ 440 \\ \end{array} $	56 12 4	2 2 173 99	32	235 22 15 33	2 22 22 8 25	3 3 35 6		4	45 4 10 59	7 5 3	9 57 190	
Indiana: Lake County Marion County Iowa: Polk County. Louisiana: Caddo Parish	326 282 559 53	20 1 73	68 74 30	19 50 20	65 1 174 2	57 141 167 31	1	19 11 4 17	18 6 1	16 1 64 2	16 1 17	28 2 3	
Maryland: Baltimore (city) Michigan: Kent County Wayne County Minnesota:		85 10 145	3 24 392	1 72 28	59 190 104	183 18 24	110 2 23	1 4 6	6	21 1 12	2 2 5	1 15 182	
Hennepin County Ramsey County New York: Buffalo (city)	349 115 78	1 18 3	164 25	11	88 7	20 1 9	68 50 65	1 3				7	
Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo) Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County	70 228 3,890	37 1,433 1 18	3	9 340	1 3 1,258 15 12	169 816 139	61 9 5	1 		34	1 1 111	4	

* Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 25,000 or more population in 1930.

JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

TABLE IXB.—Disposition of dependency and neglect cases by 72 specified courts and 12 other courts during 1930—Continued

					1	Dependen	cy and ne	glect cases	S	-			
1240 - 10 - 11	Child remaining under supervision of court Child not remaining under supervision of court								Case				
Court	Total	Fotal Proba- tion officer super- vising	Agency		empo- cy care missed of an after nsti- warning	d. Committed to-		Referred without commitment to-			held open but no further disposi-	Disposi- tion not re-	
			vidual super- rary of ins	rary care of an insti- tution		tion	Agency	Individ- ual	Institu- tion	Agency or indi- vidual	Other disposi- tion	tion an- tici- pated	ported
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULA- TION IN 1930—Continued. Ohio: Franklin County Hamilton County	721 442	73 33	117 6	98 12	127 36	138 11	24 297	60 10		68 21	12 6	4 10	
Mahoning County Montgomery County Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania:	214 321 475	2 9 89	11 3 76	43 16 57	41 67 131	34 107 7	16 12 12	$\begin{array}{c}12\\10\\23\end{array}$	6 2	, 51 39	10 8 12	18 38 24	
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Greenville County	970 10 4,060	905 5 261	2	50	4	401	4 1, 536	144	1		3	1 25 28	
South Carolina: Greenville County Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:	175	4 6 14	26	. 9 23 4	9 79 26	4 27 4	12	8 13 12	6	10 20 15	17	1 1 22	
Pierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	164	$3 \\ 28 \\ 163$	6 18 37	2 12 582	$\begin{array}{c}1\\28\\375\end{array}$	6 3 56	15 37	10 15 16	1 6	27 11	6 30 2	2 19	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 to 100,000 POPULA- TION IN 1930	1, 825	967	75	84	136	126	96	61	46	74	41	118	
Alabama: Baldwin County Chambers County Clarke County Colbert County	35	43 2 22 70			2 1 17	1	74	2		34			
Conecuti County Dallas County FRASEE	9	37		2			1			3	5		

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JUVENILE-COURT STATISTICS, 1930

Escambia County]	41	4									-		
Etowah County	6	5					1						
Jackson County	4	1										3	
Lauderdale County	260	231		1	13			3		2	10		
	5	A	1	-						Conversion of			
Lee County	25	12	1							1	5	1	
Macon County	25			1			0			-	0	+	
Marion County	25	24					1						
Perry County	66	66											
Pike County	107	106		1									
Sumter County	21	21											
Tilinois: Rock Island County	154	111	1	35						2	5		
	43	16	7	2	5	A		2		6			1
Iowa: Johnson County			1 4	1	31	1		1		26	2	A	
Louisiana: Ouachita Parish	93	10	1	1	31	1	1	1	4	90	0	4	
Minnesota: Winona County	18	6			1	3			3			5	
New York:													
Chemung County	107				9	15	17	8	33	5		20	
Clinton County	14	1		1			9			1	2		
	158	42	5	-	19	11	11		4	3	1	62	Salar Co
Columbia County	86	68	0		1 10	0		1	1	1	-	4	
Ontario County			2	0	4	4		1	1	1		т	
North Carolina: Buncombe County	65	14	3	24	8	9		6		1			
North Dakota: Third judicial district (in part)	30	17			1			3			2 .		
Ohio:									1.000	1			
Allen County	60	7	1	the state of the s	1	36	7	4				5	
	10	3	-	1		. 4	and the second second	and the second				2	
Auglaize County		0				25	16		1				
Clark County	60	1	1	0	1	40		9	1				
Lake County	33	4	1		5	3	12	8					
Sandusky County	42	6			11	2	4	4			3	12	
Pennsylvania: Lycoming County	59	2	48	2		3		4					
Utah:		-					1.00 10000						
First district	13	1	3		7	and the second	Section 1	2					
	10	1	0		0			-		4			
Second district		5			2					9			
Fifth district	11	4						1		2	4		
Sixth district	1 .				1								
Virginia: Lynchburg (city)	4			2				2					
TERING, DJHONNER (000)/													
URTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULA-						1							
	314	171	17	15.000	48	1	25	8	5	15	9	15	
ION IN 1930	014	111	11		Dr IO	1	20	0	0	10		10	

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TABLE X.—-Color, nativity, and parent nativity of children dealt with in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 34 specified courts ¹ and 50 other courts during 1930

			Deper	dency a	nd negled	et cases		
			1	White c	hildren			
Court	Total	Total	Native, native parent- age	Native, foreign or mixed parent- age	Native, parent- age not report- ed	For- eign born	Na- tivity not re- ported	Col- ored chil- dren
Total cases	20, 711	17, 704	11, 246	5, 332	643	230	253	3, 007
Courts Serving Areas with 100,000 or More Population in 1930	18, 572	15, 670	9, 389	5, 229	586	225	-241	2, 902
Alabama: Mobile County	4	4	4					
California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)	395	367	254	83	15	15		28
District of Columbia	51 315	48 126	25 90	20	2	1		3
Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	440	395	90 393	8	8 1		20 1	189 45
Lake County	326	255	136	109	5	5		71
Marion County Iowa: Polk County	282 559	236 508	213	19	4			46
Louisiana. Caddo Parish	53	508 44	486	19		3		51
Maryland: Baltimore (city)	466	335	168	67	96	2	2	9 131
Kent County	338	333	244	34	21		34	5
Wayne County Minnesota:	927	782	300	377	64	21	20	145
Hennepin County Ramsey County	349 115	339 112	204 77	84 35	46	4	1	10
New LORK:				00				3
Buffalo (city)	78	78	39	39				
Erie County (exclusive of Buffalo)_ Monroe County	70 228	65	41	24				5
Nonroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westebeater County	3,890	227 3,426	118 1,454	104	5			1
Rensselaer County	161	154	1,404	1,840 12	18	111	3	464
Ohio:	394	363	128	209	12	14		7 31
Franklin County	721	542	504	27	7	1	3	179
Hamilton County Mahoning County	442 214	331	281	19	26	2	3	111
Montgomery County	321	179 232	110	44	11	2	12	35
Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania:	475	463	178 409	25 29	29 3	4	18	89 12
Allegheny County Montgomery County	970 10	855 10	476 5	354	25			115
South Carolina: Greenville County	4,060	3,062	1,675	1, 237	34	30	86	998 9
Utan: Third district	175	175	138	20	16	1		9
Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington: Pierce County	152	116	106	10 _				36
Spokane County	49 164	47 159	44 147	1 9	2 -			2
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	1, 304	1, 237	692	366	132	9	38	5 67
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	1, 825	1, 752	1, 575	103	57	5	12	73
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	314	282	282					32

1 Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.

TABLE XI.—Source of reference to court of families represented in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 34 specified courts¹ and 50 other courts during 1930

		Fan	ilies rep	presente	d in de	pendenc	y and I	neglect o	cases	
				S	ource of	referen	ce to co	urt		
Court	Total	Social	Par- ents or rela- tives	Other indi- vidual	Police	Proba- tion officer	Other court	School de- part- ment	Other	Source not re- ported
Total cases	10, 403	3, 584	3, 763	1, 065	798	728	42	389	31	3
Courts Serving Areas with 100,000 or More Popula- tion in 1930	9, 463	3, 448	3, 402	864	765	612	32	311	27	2
Alabama: Mobile County.	3	3								
California: San Diego County Connecticut: Bridgeport	226	46	57	63	25	2	6	24	3	
(city) District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County	$ \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 184 \\ 264 \end{array} $	21 57 18	1 51 51	1 5 40	1 41 19	7 112	1	20 22	3 1	
Indiana: Lake County Marion County Iowa: Polk County Louisiana: Caddo Parish	202 151 310 39	41 35 65 1	40 44 128 28	29 17 38 4	11 46 28 5	52 4 8 1	5 2 6	23 3 36	1	
Maryland: Baltimore (city)	284	142	52	17	56	15				2
Michigan: Kent County Wayne County	160 454	34 337	76 35	27 30	7 42	2 4	1	85	6	
Minnesota: Hennepin County Ramsey County	182 75	178 66		1 2	17			2		
New York: Buffalo (city)	30	22			7	1				
Erie County (exclu- sive of Buffalo) Monroe County New York (city) Rensselaer County Westchester County Ohio:	25 87 1, 954 98 251	22 85 992 133	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 596 \\ 70 \\ 21 \end{array} $	46 20 78	246 4	3 2 3		$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 72 \\ 1 \\ 18 \end{array} $		
Franklin County Hamilton County Mahoning County Montgomery County_	$ \begin{array}{r} 389 \\ 232 \\ 119 \\ 161 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 103 \\ 153 \\ 53 \\ 37 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 27 \\ 23 \\ 68 \end{array} $	47 21 12 20	24 5 16 15	58 5 14 13	1 2 3	9 12 1 4	7	
Oregon: Multnomah County	251	68	61	71	30	9		12		
Pennsylvania: Allegheny County Montgomery County_	394 4	189 2	38	21	9	130	3	4		
Philadelphia (city and county) South Carolina: Green-	1, 877	390	1, 422	40	2	3		. 18	2	
ville County Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city) Washington:	36 84 91	11 18 29	13 25 42	10 18 5	2 10 2	10 13		2	1	
Bierce County Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee	34 107	2 24	14 18	11 50	2 6	5	2	7		
County	681	71	252	120	96	136		- 6		
Courts Serving Areas with 25,000 to 100,000 Popula- tion in 1930	821	124	318	167	29	100	10	68	4	
Courts Serving Areas with Less Than 25,000 Popula- tion in 1930	. 119	12	43	34	4	16		10		

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930.

TABLE XII.—Place of care of child pending hearing or disposition in dependency and neglect cases disposed of by 34 specified courts¹ and 50 other courts during 1930

			Depen	dency an	d negleo	t cases		
			Deten	tion care spe	overnig cified pl		iger in	Not re-
Court	Total	No deten- tion care	Board- ing home or other family home	Deten- tion home ²	Other insti- tution	Jail or police station ³	Other place of care 4	ported whether deten- tion care was given
Total cases	20, 711	13, 023	904	1, 975	4, 400	3	37	36
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 100,000 OR MORE POPULATION IN 1930	18, 572	11, 178	750	1, 928	4, 315	3	32	36
Alabama: Mobile County	4 395	2 314	9	20	2 52			
California: San Diego County	51	23	5	20	23			
Connecticut: Bridgeport (city)	315	271	1	*******	40		2	
District of Columbia Georgia: Fulton County Indiana:	440	360	11	65	4			
Lake County	326	192	24	99	11			
Marion County	282	158	12	29	83			
Iowa: Polk County	559	290	38	211	19	1		
Louisiana: Caddo Parish Maryland: Baltimore (city)	53 466	28 435	15 5	9	22	1	4	
Michigan: Kent County Wayne County	338 927	259 636	5 107	48 39	16 144		1	
Minnesota: Hennepin County	349 115	237 28	104 78		6 9		. 2	
Ramsey County New York: Buffalo (city)	78	69		9				
Erie County (exclusive of			1		-	Dia hint		
Buffalo)	70	27	22		21			
Monroe County	228	100	2		126			
New York (city) Rensselaer County	3, 890	1,074	7		2,806			
Rensselaer County Westchester County Ohio:	161 394	142 232	135		19 7		20	
Franklin County	721	572	16	107	26	and and	heart	1
Hamilton County	442	237	41	3	161			
Mahoning County	214	128	3	71	12			
Montgomery County	321	214	25	77	5			
Oregon: Multnomah County Pennsylvania:	475	358	60	18	22			
Allegheny County Montgomery County Philadelphia (city and coun-	970 10	120 3	1	512 7	4			
south Carolina: Greenville	4,060	3, 448		. 4	606			
County	74	72			2			
Utah: Third district Virginia: Norfolk (city)	175 152	113 103	5 17	14 10	39 22		3	
Washington: Pierce County	49	35		13	1	in the second		1
Spokane County Wisconsin: Milwaukee County	164	85 813	2	74 489	32			
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION IN 1930	1, 825	1, 577		47	83		- 5	
COURTS SERVING AREAS WITH LESS THAN 25,000 POPULATION IN 1930	314	268	43		2			-

¹ Includes all courts reporting that served areas with 100,000 or more population in 1930. ² Includes cases of children cared for part of the time in detention homes and part of the time elsewhere but excludes cases of children also held in jails or police stations. ³ Includes a few cases of children held part of the time in jails or police stations and part of the time else-

where. 4 Includes a few cases of children held in more than 1 place of care but in places other than detention homes, jails, or police stations.

APPENDIX.—COURTS FURNISHING STATISTICAL MATERIAL FOR 1930

Reports were received from 92 courts in 23 States and the District of Columbia for the entire calendar year 1930. (Cards were submitted by 91 courts and tables were prepared by 1 court—Philadelphia.) The names of these courts with the largest city or town in the area served by each court are as follows:

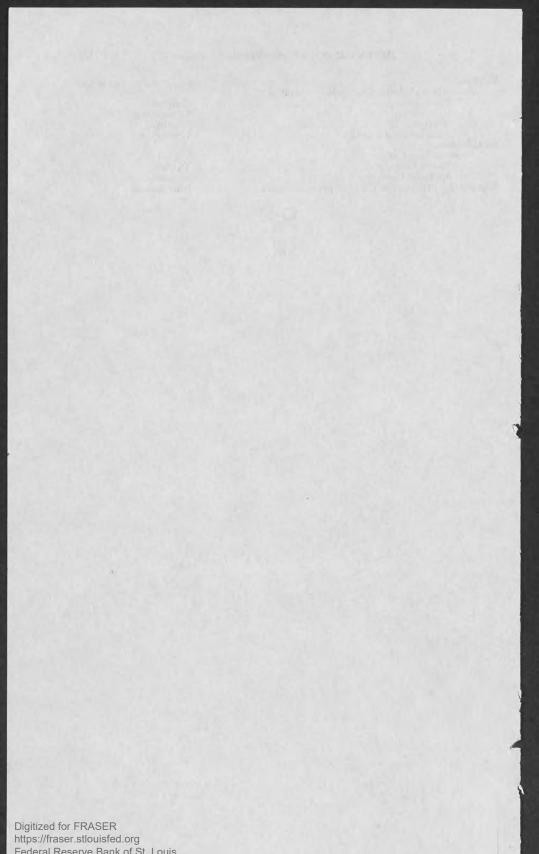
Alabama:	Largest city or town	in area
Juvenile court of—	served	
Baldwin County	Fairhope.	
Bibb County	West Blocton.	
Bullock County	Union Springs.	
Chambers County	Lanett.	
Clarke County	Jackson.	
Cleburne County	Heflin.	
Colbert County	Sheffield	
Conecuh County	Evergreen	
Coosa County	Good Water	
Crenshaw County	Luverne	
Dallas County	Solmo	
Elmore County	Wotumpka	
Escambia County	Atmono	
Etowah County	Codedon	
Fayette County	Gausden.	
Groopa County	Fayette.	
Greene County	Eutaw.	
Henry County	Abbeville.	
Jackson County	Bridgeport.	
Lauderdale County	Florence.	
Lee County Macon County Marion County Marion County	Phenix City.	
Macon County	Tuskegee.	
Marion County	Winfield.	
Mobile County	Mobile.	
Perry County	Marion.	
Pike County	Trov.	
Sumter County	Vork	
Washington County	The second se	
California: Juvenile court of San Diego County Connecticut: Juvenile court of the city of Bridgeport	San Diego.	
Connecticut: Juvenile court of the city of Bridgeport	Bridgeport.	
District of Columbia: Juvenile court of the District of	0.1	
Columbia	Washington.	
Georgia: Fulton County juvenile court	Atlanta.	
Illinois: Juvenile court of Rock Island County	Rock Island.	
Indiana:	200000 20000000	
Juvenile court of—		
Lake County	Gary	
Marion County	Indiananolia	
Steuben County	Angola	
Vanderburgh County	Fyongvillo	
Wayne County	Bighmond	
Iowa:	monu.	
District court of Iowa, eighth judicial district, juvenile		
division	T (1'+	
division Polk County juvenile court	Iowa City.	
Louisiana:	Des Moines.	
	~	
Juvenile court of Caddo Parish	Shreveport.	
Juvenile court, Parish of Ouachita	Monroe.	
Maryland: Juvenile court of the city of Baltimore	Baltimore.	
Michigan:	And the state of a set	
Juvenile court, Kent County	Grand Rapids.	
Probate court, Wayne County, juvenile division	Detroit.	
Minnesota:		
Juvenile court of—		
Hennepin County	Minneapolis.	
Ramsey County	St. Paul.	
Ramsey County Winona County juvenile court	Winona.	
	pre	

New Jersey:	Largest city or town in are
Juvenile court of the-	served
County of Hudson County of Mercer	Jersey City.
New York:	rienton.
Children's court of Buffalo	Buffalo.
Chemung County children's court	Elmira.
Clinton County children's court	Plattsburg.
Columbia County children's court Erie County children's court Monroe County court, children's division	Hudson.
Erie County children's court	Lackawanna.
Children's court of the city of New York	New Vork
Ontario County court, children's part	Geneva.
Children's court of Rensselaer County	Trov.
Westchester County children's court North Carolina: Juvenile court of Buncombe County	Yonkers.
North Carolina: Juvenile court of Buncombe County	Asheville.
North Dakota:	
District court— Third judicial district ¹	Wahneton
Fourth judicial district ²	Bismarck.
Ohio:	
Juvenile court of—	
Allen County	Lima.
Auglaize County	St. Marys.
Clark County Court of common pleas, division of domestic rela-	Springfield.
tions, Franklin County	Columbus.
Common-pleas court of Hamilton County, division	Cordina das
of domestic relations, juvenile court, and marital	
relations	
Juvenile court of Lake County	Painesville.
Common-pleas court of Mahoning County, division	Youngstown.
of domestic relations Court of common pleas, division of domestic rela-	1 oungstown.
tions Montgomery County	Davton.
Juvenile court of Sandusky County	Fremont.
Juvenile court of Sandusky County Oregon: Court of domestic relations, County of Mult-	
nomah	Portland.
Pennsylvania: Juvenile court of—	
Allegheny County	Pittshurgh
Lycoming County	Williamsport.
Lycoming County Montgomery County	Norristown.
Municipal court of Philadelphia, juvenile division	Philadelphia.
South Carolina: Children's court of Greenville County	Greenville.
Utah:	
Juvenile court— First district ⁸	Logan
Second district 4	Ogden.
Third district ⁵	Salt Lake City.
Third district ⁵ Fourth district ⁶	Provo.
Fifth district 7	Richfield.
Sixth district 8	Cedar City.
Seventh district ⁹ Juvenile courts, other counties ¹⁰	Price. Panguitch
Juvenne courts, other counties	i anguiten.
1 Emmons, McIntosh, Logan, La Moure, Dickey, Sargent, Ransom, and	Richland Counties.
 ² Burleigh, McLean, Sheridan, and Kidder Counties. ³ Cache, Box Elder, and Rich Counties. 	
Weber, Morgan, and Davis Counties.	
 Salt Lake, Summit, Tooele, and Daggett Counties. Utah, Juab, and Wasatch Counties. 	
⁷ Piute, Sanpete, Sevier, Garfield, and Wayne Counties.	
⁸ Millard, Beaver, Iron, and Washington Counties.	
 Carbon, Emery, Duchesne, and Uintah Counties. Grand, Wane, and San Juan Counties. 	

Virginia: Juvenile and domestic-relations court of—	Largest city or town in area served
Danville	Danville
Lynchburg	Lynchhurg
NOTIOIK	Norfolk
Rockbridge County	Lexington.
Washington:	
Juvenile court of—	
Pierce County	Tacoma.
Spokane County	Snokana
Wisconsin: Milwaukee County juvenile court	Milwaukee.

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