Ommercial & Financial Surunicle

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ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER JUNE 23, 1879; AT THE POST OFFICE AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK, UNDER THE ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

VOL. 146. Issued Weekly 35 Cents a Gopy-\$15.00 Per Year **NEW YORK, MAY 14, 1938**

William B.Dana Co., Publishers, William cor. Spruce Sts., N.Y. City

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May 14, 1938.

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Dividends

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY
Dividend No. 805
The Board of Directors has declared dividend
No. 805 of thirty-seven and one-half cents (\$.373/2)
per share of \$12.50 par value Capital Stock, payable May 25, 1938 to stockholders of record
3.00 o'clock P. M., May 20, 1938.
Checks will be mailed by Irving Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

R. A. CLARK, Secretary.

May 3, 1938.

For other dividends see page v.

13.371.038.33

7,841,450.49

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY

EXTRACTS FROM REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE STOCKHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1937

To the Stockholders of The New York Central Railroad Company:

THE YEAR'S BUSINESS

There was an improvement in the business of the company during the first nine months of the year, resulting in an increase of \$16,865,848 (6.45%) in total revenue for that period compared with the same period of the previous year. During the last quarter of the year, however, there was an abrupt downward trend in revenues, due to the general decline in business, resulting in a decrease of \$11,703,593.49 for that period and reducing the increase for the year to \$5,162,254.51 (1.43%) as compared with 1936.

Revenue freight handled amounted to 131,549,445 tons, an increase of 5,606,177 tons (4.45%). Freight revenue amounted to \$257,541,451.58, a decrease of \$172,967.79 (.07%). This decrease in revenue resulted from the discontinuance on December 31, 1936, of the so-called emergency rates which amounted to \$11,050,298.25 during that year and from increased charges against freight revenue in 1937 for pick up and delivery service amounting to \$1,989,778.

Tonnage of commodities handled, by classes, together with revenues therefrom (before deductions for absorbed switching, overcharges, etc.) compared with the previous year was:

		Increase (+)		Increase (+)
e filipatina kaj ligas di ligitario.	Tons	or		or
Class	Handled	Decrease ()	Revenue	Decrease (-)
Products of agriculture	7,780,013	-812,051	\$18,883,372	-\$1,042,588
Animals and products	2,255,764	-90,055	15,199,983	-1,309,214
Products of mines	77,144,043	+3,235,909	81,169,940	
Products of forests	3,095,353	+193,147	7,049,518	+634,118
Manufactures and miscellaneous	38,770,475	+2,782,668	125,392,186	+3,648,647
All less than carload traffic	2,503,797	+296,559	23,135,738	+2,426,767
Grand total	131,549,445	+5,606,177	\$270,830,737	+\$2,644,320
		and the second second		

The Company carried 51,171,829 revenue passengers, an increase of 2,902,753 (6.01%). Interline passengers increased 428,617 (17.92%), local passengers increased 3,338,099 (22.44%), while commutation passengers decreased 863,963 (2.78%). Passenger revenue amounted to \$66,405,563.93, an increase of \$3,829,739.72 (6.12%)

Net railway operating income was \$36,028,267.25, a decrease of \$9,250,358.39.

Net income for the year amounted to \$6,352,611.95, which was carried to the credit of profit and loss.

INCOME ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR Including All Leased Lines

Net revenue from railway operations	Operating Income— Railway operations: Railway oper. revenues. Railway oper. expenses.	Operated \$ 366,226,126.46	Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 11,218.81 Miles Operated \$ 361,063,871.95 268,830,436.27	Increase (+) or Decrease () -139.29 Miles +5,162,254.51 +15,170,002.61
To revenues Company Company	Net revenue from rail- way operations	82,225,687.58	92,233,435.68	-10,007,748.10
Equipment rents, net debit	to revenues	(77.55)		
debit Joint facility rents, net debit	Railway oper. income_	50,065,160.54	61,421,398.21	-11,356,237.67
Other Income— Revenues from miscellaneous operations. ous operations. 710,121.30 655,614.14 +54,507.16 Income from lease of road and equipment. 551,341.14 632,230.62 -80,889.48 Miscellaneous rent income Miscellaneous non-operating physical property. 1,335,227.85 1,225,304.13 +109,923.72 Separately operated properties—profit. 527,219.76 695,861.99 -168,642.23 Dividend income. 11,675,123.26 9,088,453.15 +2,586,670.11 Income from unfunded securities. 4,654,454.57 5,098,429.53 -443,974.96 Income from sinking and other reserve funds. 77,870.12 114,102.06 -36,231.94 Miscellaneous income. 74,233.79 175,887.66 -101,653.87 Total other income. 24,317,395.69 22,465,462.24 +1,851,933.45	Joint facility rents, net			
Revenues from miscellane- ous operations		36,028,267.25	45,278,625.64	-9,250,358.39
	Revenues from miscellane- ous operations. Income from lease of road and equipment. Miscellaneous rent income Miscellaneous non-operat- ing physical property. Separately operated proper- tiesprofit. Dividend income. Income from funded securities and accounts. Income from sinking and other reserve funds.	710,121.30 551,341.14 3,525,522.54 1,335,227.85 527,219.76 11,675,123.26 4,654,454.57 1,186,281.36	632,230.62 3,471,037.79 1,225,304.13 695,861.99 9,088,453.15 5,098,429.53 1,308,541.17	-80,889,48 +54,484.75 +109,923.72 -168,642.23 +2,586,670.11 -443,974.96 -122,259.81 -36,231.94
Total income 60,345,662.94 67,744,087.88 —7,398,424.94	Total other income	24,317,395.69	22,465,462.24	+1,851,933.45
	Total income	60,345,662.94	67,744,087.88	-7,398,424.94

	Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937	Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 11,218.81 Miles	Increase (+) or Decrease (-) -139.29 Miles
Miscellaneous Deductions from Income—	Operated \$		8
Expenses of miscellaneous operations	552,459.25	502,606.74	+49,852.51
Taxes on miscell operating property Miscellaneous rents Miscellaneous tax accruals	72,275.32 627,010.91 359,928.44	56,631.11 572,321.91 352,349.09	+15,644.21 +54,689.00 +7,579.35
Separately operated proper- ties—loss Miscell. income charges	648.22 183,664.63	7,509.04 177,944.77	$-6,860.82 \\ +5,719.86$
Total miscellaneous de- ductions	1,795,986.77	1,669,362.66	+126,624.11
Income available for fixed charges	58,549,676.17	66,074,725.22	-7,525,049.05
Fixed Charges— Rent for leased road and equipment— Interest on funded debt— Interest on unfunded debt—	25,163,018.97 26,404,466.26 629,578.99	26,707,626.73 28,777,854.14 1,656,069.37	-2.373.387.88
Total fixed charges	52,197,064.22	57,141,550.24	-4,944,486.02
Net income	6,352,611.95	8,933,174.98	-2,580,563.03
Equipment deprec. charges included in expenses	16,111,419	16,225,349	—113,930
Included in Other Income and Rent for Leased Roads and Equipment are certain intercompany transactions representing credits and correspond- ing debits amounting to- Also included in Other In- come are items represent- ing interest and dividends amounting to-	1,512,904	6,129,779 1,701,119	-426,731 -188,215
received on securities of an panies whose properties are portion of which a like am panies as rental and include	jointly used b ount was paid ed in Joint Fac	y this Company by the Compa cility Rents.	n, as to the major ny to those com-
PROFIT	AND LOSS	ACCOUNT	

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance to Credit of Profit and Loss, December 31, 1936 ._ \$189,128,381.65 Additions-

Donations_____ Miscellaneous credits_____ 14,861.68 488,928.56 \$202,499,419.98

Deductions-Surplus appropriated for investment in physical property.

Debt discount extinguished through surplus.

Debits from retired road and equipment (represents ledger value, less net salvage recovered, of roadway property not required for transportation service retired during the year and charged directly to Profit and Loss Account).

Miscellaneous debits. \$46,348.62 319,921.23

Balance to Credit of Profit and Loss, December 31, 1937__ \$194,657,969.49

OPERATING EXPENSES

Early in the year labor organizations representing employees of the company made demand for a general increase in wages. A committee representing the railroads was authorized to handle the negotiations on a national basis, and as a result of the negotiations and mediation, National Mediation Board, Docket Cases A-410 and A-395, the basic rates of train and engine service employees were increased 44 cents per day effective October 1 and the basic rates of other employees coming under the jurisdiction of the various other employees coming under the jurisdiction of the various other labor organizations were increased 5 cents per hour effective August 1. This increase in wages during the period in which it was effective resulted in additional payroll expense amounting to \$4,350,317. Increased cost of materials, supplies and fuel approximated \$2,041,600, which in some measure was due to a more extensive maintenance program. Together with the increased volume of traffic, these items constitute the principal factors responsible for an increase of \$15,170,002.61 in operating expenses.

By groups, operating expenses for 1937 were as follows:

Group—	Amount	Income
Maintenance of way and structures Maintenance of equipment Traffic expenses Transportation expenses Miscellaneous operations General expenses Transportation for investment—credit	6,780,674.01 $139,560,842.26$ $5,722,002.86$ $11.441,910.55$	\$4,442,676.85 2,840,254.29 213,684.08 8,242,030.01 489,218.35 x1,058,014.72 z153.75
	\$284,000,438.88	\$15,170,002.61

z Decre se in credit.

For comparative balance sheet, &c., see Investment News columns

Commercial & Chronicle

Vol. 146

MAY 14, 1938

No. 3803.

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Published Every Saturday Morning by the William B. Dana Company, 25 Spruce Street, New York City Herbert D. Selbert, Chairman of the Board and Editor; William Dana Selbert, President and Treasurer; William D. Riggs, Business Manager. Other offices: Chicago—In charge of Fred H. Gray, Western Representative, 208 South La Salle Street (Telephone State 0613). London—Edwards & Smith, 1 Drapers' Gardens, London, E. C. Copyright 1938 by William B. Dana Company. Entered as second-class matter June 23, 1879, at the poet office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879. Subscriptions in United States and Possessions, \$15.00 per year, \$9.00 for 6 months; in Dominion of Canada, \$16.50 per year, \$9.75 for 6 months, South and Central America, Spain, Mexico and Cuba, \$18.50 per year, \$10.75 for 6 months; Great Britain, Continental Europe (except Spain), Asia, Australia and Africa, \$20.00 per year, \$11.50 for 6 months. Transient display advertising matter, 45 cents per agate line. Contract and card rates on request. NOTE: On account of the fluctuations in the rates of exchange, remittances for foreign subscriptions and advertisements must be made in New York funds.

The Financial Situation

HERE are, unfortunately, no good grounds for doubting that Congress will in its own time give the President just about what he has asked for in pump-priming funds, but it is a fact nonetheless that almost nowhere is there to be found, either in Congress or elsewhere, anyone who seems to have great faith that business recovery can be induced by further fiscal recklessness. Even New Deal managers themselves seem to be Laodiceans in this matter. The Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation only a day or so ago in a public address remarked that the failure of the

Administration to find a "solution" of the economic ills of the day was obvious. Indeed few of the supporters of the President have at any time shown any great enthusiasm for the proposed revival of the old technique of attempting to squander our way out of the depression. As to serious-minded business men, they almost to a man from the very first have been less than lukewarm to the whole idea. has organized labor shown great interest or faith in the program. Plainly it is merely the personal influence and political power of the President, real or imaginary, plus the opportunity presented for what used to be termed "logrolling", that is lending vigor to the movement in Congress to yield boots and baggage to the President as far as his recovery program is concerned.

It is, therefore, not strange that emphasis is now being shifted from spending to ways and means of persuading or bludgeoning business to "cooperate" in producing

The technique here, too, is familiar recovery. enough. As on previous occasions, it consists of a strange admixture of condemnation, threats, and what are now termed friendly gestures. recently the Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, who seems at the moment to be particularly active as an advocate of New Deal methods, read the commercial bankers of the country a lecture about not lending money more freely, adding a warning that the matter would be taken out of their hands if they did not alter their course as desired. A member of the Securities and Exchange Commission, who, coming very recently from the ranks of business is evidently being similarly employed as official pleader in behalf of the Administration, has delivered a similar criticism of

the investment banking community. Meanwhile various Washington officials are busily engaged in an effort to "coordinate" the bank supervisory functions of the Government in such a way as virtually to eliminate any check upon reckless bank operation in order, presumably, that there may no longer be any "excuse" for good banking.

Friendly Gestures

Vigorous efforts are likewise in evidence to convince the public in general and the public utility managements in particular that the policies of the

> Commission under the socalled death sentence provisions of the Holding Company Act are to be conservative and considerate. The movement initiated some months ago to have various public authorities in the Tennessee Valley area purchase existing power plants seems to be bearing some fruit, and is of course pointed to by Administration spokesmen as further evidence of willingness on the part of the New Deal managers to "cooperate" with business. All this, however, mingles strangely with revived efforts to force a wages-hours measure through Congress at this session, with the message of the President concerning alleged concentration of control in industry, with the insistence of the President (finally successful) upon retaining the "principle" of the undistributed profits tax, and with a number of other projects and programs of the Administration about which not so much is said just at present.

Securities and Exchange

As to the apparent change of heart in Congress toward a number of Administration measures as a result (so one hears it said) of the Florida primary returns, the situation seems to be somewhat puzzling. It is the depression with its accompaniment of unemployment and distress that is supposed to have cost the President and his policies a good deal of their standing. Yet, as every one knows who has taken the trouble to inform himself, there has been no depression in the State of Florida. Employment in that State during the past year has increased substantially—a record of which practically no other State can boast-while the decline in employment elsewhere in the Nation has been about as striking. Just why the rank and file of the people of Florida had been expected to be

And Yet-!

Of the President's grandiose spending program Representative Snell early this week

"The people of the United States are deceived that this bill is a measure seriously calculated to stimulate business recovery. It is only another New Deal political raid upon the Treasury of the United States.

"In the face of declining revenue prospects, the President's program promises a Federal

"In the face of declining revenue prospects, the President's program promises a Federal deficit of at least \$5,000,000,000 for the next fiscal year, beginning July 1, 1938.

"The entire program is based upon the exploded theory that a nation may spend its way to prosperity. That delusion never has had a more extravagant trial than in the United States during the last five years.

"This trial has cost the taxpayers roundly \$40,000,000,000 and has led only to the sharpest and most sudden husiness depres-

sharpest and most sudden business depression in modern economic history—a depression which is experienced now in no other principal nation in the world. The Roose-

"Coming as it does after five years of reckless and demoralizing political squandering, this program threatens to plunge the nation at last into a cataclysmic inflation, which easily might wipe out the cultural, social and economic progress of an entire generation of our people. The sound and proper administration of adequate emergency relief, if divorced from New Deal politics, need never entail such risks.

"The minority insists the time has come to abandon the fantastic theory that recovery and security may be purchased with

to abandon the fantastic theory that recovery and security may be purchased with Treasury I.O.U.'s. There can be no solid and sustained recovery until the national finances are restored to some semblance of ordered stability."

Who is there to question the solidity of the essential argument here presented? Who in his right senses can ignore the warning with equanimity?

Yet apparently Congress will sign on the dotted line!

influenced by a depression existing elsewhere and of which they were aware only from the press, is not altogether clear. But whatever the cause, there are disheartening indications now that the President is more influential in Congress at this moment than he has been for a good while past. After all, however, the more important question is not whether the Chief Executive is or is not likely again to have his way but whether he ought to have it, and whether there is sound reason for the charges of non-cooperation by business or for a positive response to the appeals for certain lines of action by those responsible for the operating policies of American enterprises.

A Drive Against Sound Banking

The advance of Administration forces seems to be concentrated largely upon the financial community, the commercial and investment banking institutions of the country in large part. Possibly the reason for this fact is to be found in the difficulty of defending a demand that a manufacturing concern proceed to produce goods for which it cannot find sale or that a distributing enterprise buy goods to pile upon its shelves-particularly when so much has been said by this same Government in recent months about inventories and high pressure salesmanship. Banking, whether it has to do with capital transactions or commercial loans, seems, however, always to be a fair target. The rank and file of the Nation have only a very imperfect understanding of financial transactions and processes, and those who have been gathered in Washington to advise the President on these subjects seem to have no better understanding than the average man. These latter, however, are in the grip of many fallacious notions which from time to time through the ages seem to spread among the unthinking like a plague. They are also adept in making the worse appear the better reason. As is all too likely to be the case when banking matters are under consideration, it appears to be relatively easy to lead many people to suppose that there is some magic by which the banks of the country can be employed as instruments for stimulating business in a normal and wholesome way,

It probably is not fully realized by Administration forces, but it is a fact nonetheless, that these demands upon bankers are in essence demands upon the whole business community. A banker cannot lend, and an investment banker cannot finance an enterprise, unless there are individuals and enterprises desiring loans or permanent financing. Except by the process of credit inflation at the banks, enterprise cannot be afforded fixed capital unless those who own funds are willing to invest them. It may be said, and indeed is sometimes said, that these distinctions between borrowers and lenders and bankers in actual practice are not so clear as they are made to appear, since the banker is rather likely to be an influential adviser, perhaps a substantial owner or controlling director, of both potential borrowers and possible lending institutions such as saving banks, insurance companies, investment trusts and the like. This, however, is only another way of saying that certain groups in the community play dual or multiple roles in the economic system. The question still remains whether enterprises creating goods should borrow to expand or improve facilities or to continue production, not so much because they see, or think they see, an opportunity thereby to earn a profit but for the purpose of providing employment or stimulating recovery, as does the query whether the investor should place funds with would-be borrowers or with other seekers after capital when in doubt as to the safety of the commitment in order that some alleged duty to the public may be fulfilled.

The Real Question

The identity of the individuals who are called upon to make such decisions and their particular niche in the economic world are matters of secondary importance. The question really at issue is whether a business man should proceed with production or with plant expansion, when there is only small demand for his goods, in the hope that he may recoup his outlays or be able to earn a reasonable return upon invested funds at some later date when it is hoped that there will be better demand for goods. It is not a question merely as to "duty" in the premises, but as to whether, if these groups acted in the way indicated, any permanent social good would result. Very little study of the events of the 1920's and of the later inflationary boomlet of 1936 and early 1937 is required to discover the answer to these questions. A noted student of the once much vexed question of whether the stock market in boom times "absorbed" credit which otherwise might be used to finance industry and trade, some years ago remarked cryptically that it would be much better if only credit were so absorbed, or words to that effect. His remark was puzzling to many, but he took the trouble to explain, and his explanation is both pertinent and enlightening here.

Not Good, but Harm

What he had in mind was the fact that inflationary security markets supported by a large volume of artificially created bank credit, far from absorbing funds which otherwise would be employed to finance industry and trade, actually provide a channel through which such funds find their way in unwarranted amounts to industry and trade, there to become potent influences in inducing industrialists and others to undertake capital commitments which soon prove to have been unwise, since the projects in question can at best be operated profitably only during the period in which the inflationary process continues. Of course, just this type of economic evil was startlingly characteristic of the New Era which preceded the New Deal, both in this country and abroad where American funds supplied the means of inducing and financing it. We had not by a wide margin got through paying for such blunders in 1933 when the Roosevelt Administration brought forward essentially the same process as a cure for the ills from which we then suffered.

The inflationary program of the Administration, however, failed to induce a marked recrudescence of the recklessness of industrial spending for capital purposes that was so marked during the earlier era, a fact often the subject of sorrowful and even resentful comment by New Deal managers. The developments of the past year, however, have amply demonstrated the wisdom of industrialists who declined to proceed, as the Washington Administration would have liked, to "modernize" and to enlarge plant without careful reckoning of costs and equally careful study of the likelihood that these costs would prove to have been wisely laid out. At the same

time, however, we must not suppose that we have wholly escaped the same old evils. If business has been much more restrained in its undertakings, the national Government, the States, and the municipalities evidently have learned nothing from the unpleasant experience of business enterprise after 1929. They have proceeded to employ inflationary funds with an abandon which should be satisfactory to the most ardent of the exponents of squandering our way out of the depression. Public buildings of every description, parkways, playgrounds, and many other evidences of boondoggling have made their appearance throughout the land, and the public is yet to learn by actual experience that these projects, with very few exceptions, will not pay their own way, and that they will moreover demand large and continuing outlays for maintenance.

The demands being made upon the business community today are of course only a repetition of those heard in 1933 and for years thereafter. What they come to in the final analysis is an insistence that business shall see to it that what is probably the most troublesome of the ills of inflation be inflicted upon itself. It follows obviously that no business man can possibly owe a duty to anyone to incur expense of any sort that does not commend itself to his best judgment as a wise commitment in the ordinary management of his affairs. As to the allegation that friendly gestures by the Administration are laying the basis for sound capital expenditures, the wise business man will prefer to await developments, and meanwhile will not lose sight of the extent to which it would be necessary for the Administration to go to bring about any such condition of affairs-if indeed it is possible for it to create such a situation at all as long as its pump-priming activities continue.

Federal Reserve Bank Statement

ODEST credit and currency changes along expected lines are reported in the banking statistics, this week. Excess reserve balances of member banks, over legal requirements, moved up \$40,000,000 in the week to May 11, to a total of \$2,480,000,000. This was due mainly to reliance by the Treasury on its general account balance for ordinary expenditures and for retirement from the market of \$50,000,000 discount bills. After the month-end bulge, money in circulation tended to recede again, and this also contributed to the upbuilding of idle bank funds. So far as desterilization of gold and use of the large Treasury balance is concerned, the new credit policy appears to be of slower effect than probably was intended. The balance remains at no less than \$1,361,133,000, which indicates again that excess reserves well may move upward in the future to the level of about \$3,800,-000,000 anticipated when the credit program was announced. The monetary gold stock was increased \$10,000,000 in the statement week, to another high record of \$12,880,000,000, but the Treasury again failed to reimburse itself for the addition through deposit of gold certificates with the Federal Reserve banks.

Total reserves of the regional banks are reported in the combined condition statement at \$11,076,-868,000 as of May 11, down \$7,806,000 for the weekly period. Specie and other forms of currency included in "other cash" accounted for most of the decline, while holdings of gold certificates dipped \$500,000 to \$10,640,912,000. Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation declined \$15,660,000 to \$4,132,337,000. Total deposits with the regional banks moved up \$6,025,000 to \$9,291,768,000, with the account variations consisting of an increase of member bank reserve balances by \$56,852,000 to \$7,560,482,000; a drop in the Treasury general account balance by \$67,-560,000 to \$1,361,133,000; an increase of foreign bank deposits by \$8,234,000 to \$133,908,000, and an increase of other deposits by \$8,499,000 to \$236,-245,000. The reserve ratio remained unchanged at 82.5%. Discounts by the regional institutions fell \$27,000 in the week to \$8,165,000. Industrial loans continued their decline with a fall of \$377,000 to \$16,421,000, but commitments to make such advances finally showed a small increase of \$22,000 to \$12,700,000. Open market operations were confined merely to replacements, as bankers bill holdings remained at \$550,000 and holdings of United States Government securities were similarly motionless at \$2,564,015,000, with the proportions of bonds, notes and bills the same as the week before.

Failures in April

COMMERCIAL bankruptcies in April exceeded March by 2.5% and April, 1937, by 42% and, like the four preceding months, were larger than in the corresponding months of every year since 1934. An increase in April is contrary to the seasonal trend, and prior to the present year there were only four years since 1914 when April failures were more numerous than March. Liabilities in April were even more sharply increased, exceeding March by 30%, and the previous year by 125%; the April total is the largest of any month since June, 1934. April's insolvencies aggregated 1,116, involving \$20,106,000 liabilities, as compared with 1,088 involving \$15,567,000 in March and 786, involving \$8,906,000, in April, 1937.

Of the total 1,116 failures, 735 were in the retail field, with liabilities of \$7,140,000; in this group there were only 470 disasters a year ago, with liabilities of \$3,313,000. In the manufacturing division there were 184 casualties, with liabilities of \$4,383,000, while last year failures numbered 135 and liabilities amounted to \$2,165,000; 116 wholesale traders failed for \$1,959,000 as compared with 91 for \$1,045,000 in April 1937. Commercial service failures rose to 42 from 28 a year ago, while liabilities involved rose to \$5,449,000 from no more than \$440,000 last year. Construction failures for the second successive month departed from the general trend and were fewer than a year ago, numbering only 39 compared with 62 last year and involving but \$1,175,000 liabilities compared with \$1,943,000.

Dividing the month's insolvencies by Federal Reserve districts discloses that in every section of the country there were more failures than a year ago; and it would be difficult to say that any one district fared better than another. Bringing liabilities into the picture, however, reveals a decrease in this factor in both the Cleveland and Dallas districts. The Chicago district made probably the poorest showing of any, with 190 failures involving \$8,007,000 as compared with 105 involving only \$1,160,000 last year.

Winter Wheat Crop

WINTER wheat prospects improved considerably during April, according to the report of the Department of Agriculture, based on May 1 conditions, which found general crop conditions as of that date the best in several years. The crop is now estimated at 754,153,000 bushels, an increase of 28,-446,000 bushels over the forecast of a month earlier. and, if realized, will be the second largest in history. The private estimates issued prior to the Government's report ranged from 719,000,000 bushels to 771,000,000 bushels but averaged only 743,000,000 bushels. Evidently the market had pretty well discounted the official forecast, which was issued after the close on May 10, for during the following trading session, none of the contracts went more than fractionally below the previous close, and all ended the day higher than on the previous day.

The 57,316,000 acres planted to wheat last fall were very nearly the largest on record and were only exceeded in one other year, 1937 when 57,612,000 acres were planted. Winter killing however was exceptionally light this year, abandonment being estimated at only 11.6% compared with 18.5% last year and the ten year (1927-36) average of 18.2%; at April 1 it had been expected that 13% would be abandoned. As a consequence, 50,677,000 acres are believed left for harvest which is 3,731,000 acres more than the area harvested in 1937 and 13,396,000 acres greater than the 1927-36 average. The 1919 harvested area of 50,404,000 acres is the largest to date but it may rank second after this year. In addition to the large acreage expected to be harvested, a yield of 14.9 bushels per acre is forecast which exceeds both the 1937 yield of 14.6 bushels and the 1927-36 average of 14.5 bushels.

Gains over last year's harvest are expected to aggregate as much as 84,087,000 bushels in the States of Kansas, Nebraska, Washington, Montana and Oregon alone. Inasmuch as the gain for the country is only 69,053,000 bushels it is evident that in the remaining wheat growing States there is expected a net loss in production of 15,034,000 bushels as compared with 1937.

The Agriculture Department finds seeding conditions generally favorable in the spring wheat area and consequently it would appear probable now that this year's total production might not be far from a billion bushels. The record high of any year of 1,008,637,000 bushels was reached in 1915.

The rye crop estimate in the May 1 report was 51,755,000 bushels which compares with the 1937 harvest of 49,449,000 bushels and the 1936 crop of only 25,319,000 bushels; the 1927-36 average crop was 36,454,000 bushels. This year's crop is expected to yield 12.8 bushels per acre compared with 12.9 bushels in 1937 and the ten year average of 11.3 bushels. The larger anticipated crop, therefore, is due to an increase over 1937 of 5.7% in the estimated acreage to be harvested.

The New York Stock Market

NARROW and irregular price movements were the rule this week on the New York stock market. Small advances in one session usually were offset by similarly modest declines in the next, and net changes for the entire week were negligible, in most groups. Business reports made it ever clearer that an immediate upturn is unlikely, and the prospect of poor earn-

ings for much if not all of the current year made buyers hesitant. Pronounced selling also was lacking, however, indicating again that the general tendency now is to await genuine signs of a trade upturn or a rapprochement between government and business. There is immense room for improvement in both spheres, and not much chance that matters will get worse. Modestly encouraging is now the prospect of an early adjournment of Congress, but an offsetting factor is to be found in the further adverse laws hastily being passed at Washington. The tax bill fashioned after long debate affords mild encouragement, because the evil effects of the undistributed profits and capital gains taxes were modified. But Congress obviously is being dragooned once again into lump-sum relief appropriations which are to be subject to distribution by the President and his political collaborators.

There were several developments of particular significance to holders of utility, railroad and New York City traction securities. Leaders of the utilities and members of the SEC moved jointly toward some sort of adjustment of the "death sentence" requirements of the utility legislation regarding holding companies. The law will be exceedingly difficult to enforce without large losses to holders of utility securities, and the indications that due care and delicacy may be observed were followed by a mild spurt in utility securities. In the railroad field, notices were given by the managers, Thursday, of a 15% wage cut to be effective July 1. Negotiations on this matter presumably will start without delay, and the National Mediation Board doubtless will pass upon it eventually. New York City traction securities advanced sharply on indications that unification still is a live issue. Trading in the full sessions on the New York Stock Exchange approximated 1,000,000 shares early in the week, and dropped to lower levels in later sessions.

In the listed bond market trading was quiet, with United States Government securities well maintained. Dealers and larger institutional investors were inclined to await the June financing terms, and there was also some tendency to look for corporate offerings as a means of employing the huge total of idle funds. High grade corporate bonds were in steady demand. Utility holding company bonds were favorites all week, and sizable gains appeared in local traction issues. The more speculative carrier bonds tended to move moderately higher. Foreign dollar obligations were dull and not greatly changed. modity markets were calm and generally around former levels, despite the crop report, which was viewed favorably from some viewpoints and adversely from others. In the foreign exchange markets, wide swings of the Belga reflected the nervousness about Belgian currency induced by the French devaluation and the sizable repatriation of funds to Paris. Sterling and dollar rates did not vary much, owing in all likelihood to steady intervention of the enormous stabilization and equalization funds.

On the New York Stock Exchange 67 stocks touched new high levels for the year while 20 stocks touched new low levels. On the New York Curb Exchange 62 stocks touched new high levels and 24 stocks touched new low levels. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange remained unchanged at 1%.

On the New York Stock Exchange the sales at the half-day session on Saturday last were 556.240 shares; on Monday they were 1,018,250 shares; on Tuesday 1,044,140 shares; on Wednesday 978,400 shares; on Thursday 596,504 shares, and on Friday 604,950 shares. On the New York Curb Exchange the sales last Saturday were 105,990 shares; on Monday 203,835 shares; on Tuesday 223,220 shares; on Wednesday 198,685 shares; on Thursday 131,175 shares, and on Friday 111,450 shares.

The stock market this week was likened to the movements of a see-saw with advances and declines being well represented at the various sessions. A minimum of profit-taking occurred on Saturday last after a rather brisk advance the day before. Irregular movements were never pronounced at the short session and closing time found the market quite stable. Final hour rallies have often changed the complexion of the market and Monday proved to be no exception. After earlier irregularity, equities, supported by the utility shares moved forward in the final hour with much celerity to close with gains running up from one and in some instances touching four points. On an increased turnover of sales on Tuesday, utility issues in the morning session furnished the market its main support. Liquidation, however, brought to a close the forward advance and a gradual decline in values set in closing the day irregularly lower. The dominant factor in higher prices this week has been the utility shares and the basis for this reasoning is the general belief of a better feeling taking form between the government and the power companies. As a result of this the market on Wednesday again moved higher, but in a moderate sort of way. Weakness on Thursday caused stocks to lose most of the previous day's gains and sales turnover too, suffered a sharp reduction in volume. The will of traders to make any sizable commitments was lacking yesterday and equities in very narrow trading continued to drift downward right to the close. Changes for the week were mostly irregular. General Electric closed yesterday at 35\% against 35\% on Friday of last week; Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. at 25½ against 25½; Columbia Gas & Elec. at 7 against 7; Public Service of N. J. at 31½ against 30½; J. I. Case Threshing Machine at 791/8 against 82; International Harvester at 565% against 5934; Sears, Roebuck & Co. at 573/4 against 593/4; Montgomery, Ward & Co. at $32\frac{1}{4}$ against $32\frac{7}{8}$; Woolworth at $43\frac{1}{2}$ against $42\frac{1}{4}$, and American Tel. & Tel. at $131\frac{1}{2}$ against $130\frac{7}{8}$; Western Union closed vesterday at 22 against 23 on Friday of last week; Allied Chemical & Dye at 149 against 145; E. I. duPont de Nemours at 1013/4 against 1043/4; National Cash Register at 18 against 17: International Nickel at 46¾ against 47½; National Dairy Products at 133/8 against 127/8; National Biscuit at 22½ against 21¼; Texas Gulf Sulphur at 31 against 30; Continental Can at 393/8 against 391/8; Eastman Kodak at 156 against 151; Standard Brands at $7\frac{1}{8}$ against $7\frac{1}{4}$; Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. at $77\frac{7}{8}$ against $77\frac{1}{8}$; Lorillard at $16\frac{1}{4}$ against 16; Canada Dry at $16\frac{7}{8}$ against $15\frac{3}{8}$; Schenley Distillers at 171/4 against 161/4, and National Distillers at 20\% against 20\1/2.

The steel shares were mostly lower this week. United States Steel closed yesterday at 44% against 45% on Friday of last week; Inland Steel at 68 against 64; Bethlehem Steel at 47% against 48½, and Youngstown Sheet & Tube at 31¼ against 31½. In the motor group, Auburn Auto closed yesterday at 3½ against 3½ on Friday of last week; General

Motors at 30\% against 32\frac{1}{2}; Chrysler at 43\frac{1}{2} ex-div. against 451/8, and Hupp Motors at 3/4 against 7/8. In the rubber group, Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed yesterday at $18\frac{1}{2}$ against $18\frac{7}{8}$ on Friday of last week; United States Rubber at $27\frac{5}{8}$ against $27\frac{7}{8}$, and B. F. Goodrich at 141/8 against 141/4. The railroad shares show irregular changes this week. Pennsylvania RR. closed yesterday at 165% against 17 on Friday of last week; Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe at 293/8 against 291/4; New York Central at 131/4 against 13½; Union Pacific at 66 against 65½; Southern Pacific at 131/8 against 121/2; Southern Railway at 81/8 against 81/8, and Northern Pacific at 87/8 against 87/8. Among the oil stocks, Standard Oil of N. J. closed yesterday at 48% ex-div. against 49½ on Friday of last week; Shell Union Oil at 13 against 13, and Atlantic Refining at 21 1/8 against 22 1/2. In the copper group, Anaconda Copper closed yesterday at 281/8 against 28 % on Friday of last week; American Smelting & Refining at 373/4 against 395/8, and Phelps Dodge at 23½ against 243%.

Trade and industrial reports fail to reflect any improvement from the low level of business. Steel operations for the week ending today were estimated by the American Iron & Steel Institute at 30.4% of capacity, against 30.7% last week, 32.7% a month ago, and 91.2% at this time last year. Production of electric power for the week ended May 7 was reported by the Edison Electric Institute at 1,939,100,000 kilowatt hours, against 1,938,660,000 in the preceding week and 2,176,363,000 in the corresponding week of last year. Carloadings of revenue freight for the week to May 7 totaled 536,140 cars, the Association of American Railroads reports. This was a decline of 6,935 cars from the previous week and of 227,355 cars from the same week of last year.

As indicating the course of the commodity markets, the May option for wheat in Chicago closed yesterday at 81%c. against 80c. the close on Friday of last week. May corn at Chicago closed yesterday at 58½c. against 57¾c. the close on Friday of last week. May oats at Chicago closed yesterday at 29¼c. as against 28½c. the close on Friday of last week.

The spot price for cotton here in New York closed yesterday at 8.76c as against 8.70c. the close on Friday of last week. The spot price for rubber yesterday was 12.02c. as against 11.88c. the close on Friday of last week. Domestic copper closed yesterday at 10c. the close on Friday of last week.

In London the price of bar silver yesterday was 18 11-16 pence per ounce as against 185% pence per ounce on Friday of last week, and spot silver in New York closed yesterday at 423/4c. the close on Friday of last week.

In the matter of the foreign exchange, cable transfers on London closed yesterday at \$4.97 7-16 as against \$4.98 13-16 the close on Friday of last week, and cable transfers on Paris closed yesterday at 2.80c., the close on Friday of last week.

European Stock Markets

IN QUIET trading on stock markets in the leading European financial centers, modestly firm sessions alternated with dull periods, and the net result was an uncertain upward trend. Improvement on the New York market spurred the exchanges in London, Paris and Berlin, but monetary incidents and political dovelopments were even more important. It is now believed that the realistic policy of

the British Government has made war improbable for some time to come, and the occasional periods of quiet strength were attributed partly to that cause. Currency developments received the closest study, with the question still unanswered as to whether the French devaluation will prod others into similar steps. Repatriation of French fugitive funds continued this week, according to Paris reports, and a small increase of 1,000,000 francs in the gold holdings of the Bank of France, announced Thursday, may reflect the gorging of the French stabilization fund with gold. The Bank of France discount rate was lowered Thursday to 21/2% from 3%, in preparation for the huge armaments loan projected by the French Government. The belga was under pressure as a consequence of the French move, and the Belgian National Bank on Tuesday announced an increase of its discount rate to 4% from 2%, in order to check the outflow of funds. Also of some interest were gold movements this week which had no apparent relation to economic developments or requirements. A sizable gold shipment for British account to Canada, and a smaller shipment by Sweden to New York, both were regarded as cautionary measures with war possibilities in mind.

The London Stock Exchange was cheerful in the initial trading session of the week, partly as a result of favorable week-end advices from New York. Gilt-edged issues were steady, and industrial stocks moved quietly higher in response to steady investment demand. Gold and base metal mining stocks reflected inquiry, and international securities likewise improved. Another cheerful and fairly active session was reported Tuesday, at London. The giltedged group failed to hold early gains, but industrial stocks moved steadily forward under the leadership of aircraft and oil stocks. Mining stocks again were better, and Anglo-American trading favorites led the international group to higher ground. After a quiet and uncertain opening on Wednesday, gilt-edged issues closed steady, while industrials moved lower with the exception of aircraft stocks. Brazilian securities unsettled the foreign list, as quotations were marked lower on reports of the rebellion in Rio de Janeiro. Almost all foreign securities receded in a mild wave of liquidation. Dealings were small on Thursday, with the trend irregular. Gilt-edged issues held their ground, and aircraft stocks were steady among the industrials, but other groups were marked lower. Commodity stocks and international issues drifted downward in quiet trading. Gilt-edged issues were easy yesterday, while industrial stocks remained at former levels. The international group was irregular.

Dealings on the Paris Bourse were fairly active Monday, as the franc quotation was advanced modestly and owners of repatriated capital thus soothed into investing their holdings in French securities. Prompt settlement of a French shipping strike also aided the market. Rentes advanced steadily, and French equities of all descriptions also were in good demand. International issues were dull. The Bourse displayed a little nervousness, Tuesday, partly because of fears that Belgium would devalue. Rentes opened soft but strengthened late in the session, while French bank, utility and industrial stocks mostly lost ground. International securities came into renewed favor. The French market was unset-

tled, Wednesday, by rumors that the projected defense loan soon will be announced. Rentes drifted slightly lower, and modest liquidation also was the rule in French equities and international stocks. Suez Canal shares were a conspicuous exception, with the issue 500 francs up for the day. Selling was more pronounced in Thursday's trading on the Bourse, despite the lowering of the discount rate. Rentes drifted lower as the impression deepened that the armaments loan will be announced next week, and French equities also lost ground. Oil shares were firm among international issues. Sharp gains appeared yesterday, on reports that only part of the defense loan will be floated at present. Rentes and French equities soared, but international issues were quiet.

The Berlin Boerse was faced on Monday with an announcement of a second increase of the Reich loan of 1,000,000,000 marks, this time to a total of 1,600,000,000 marks. This indication that all surplus funds are to be drawn into the Government program occasioned a soft opening on the Boerse, and a late recovery modified the losses only a little. Losses were general in equities, while fixed-interest securities were dull. Dealings were quiet on Tuesday, with net changes unimportant at the end. Most movements were toward fractionally lower levels, but a few gains also were recorded. The Boerse turned upward on Wednesday, on a scale measured chiefly in fractions. Electrical issues were in better demand than others, but some of the heavy industrial stocks also improved. The fixed-income group remained dull and unchanged. The tone on Thursday was firm, with trading still on a small scale. Small price advances were recorded in almost all groups, and a few specialties showed larger gains. Price variations yesterday were inconsequential in a dull market.

B. I. S. Report

WORLD economic developments receive their usual comprehensive study in the annual report of the Bank for International Settlements, submitted to a general meeting of shareholders at Basle, Switzerland, last Monday. Compiled in large part by the Bank's economic adviser, Per Jacobsson, the report follows the custom of paying special attention to a prominent phase of the economic problem, and the phase now examined is that of governmental efforts to lift countries by their bootstraps out of depression conditions. Because the current depression started in the United States last year, and assuredly has attained its greatest incidence here, the experience of this country was set forth as a sort of object lesson to emphasize the futility of spendthrift nationalism. It is now clear, the report declares, that the mere stimulation of consumption by government expenditures does not provide a basis for a durable upswing. No other country experienced anything like the setback in the United States, it is noted, despite the most favorable natural situation of this country and the absence of international political troubles which we enjoy. In no country except those in which the government practically controls the whole of economic life has administrative action been so strong and widely spread as in the United States, the annual report adds. "Nowhere, however, has reaction been so violent," the document continues.

has proved to be infinitely more difficult to direct the trend of economic life by government action even in a country with a very large home market and an organized banking system than the weight of well-studied experience and an attentive survey of economic developments led many to believe."

This studious report, far removed from our own political dissensions, points out also that ordinary private activity was insufficient last year to carry on the forward movement in business, after the effect of government activities waned in the given conditions. Some highly interesting general conclusions are drawn, which are applicable everywhere. The fact should not be overlooked, the report states, that the main incentive to recovery over wide areas of the world is still the expectation of a sufficient margin of profit during a sufficiently long period. The interdependence of modern countries received due attention in a comment that the steep drop of business in the United States exercised a pronounced effect on raw material markets and on economic developments everywhere. It was further noted that economic nationalism and freedom to change monetary parities may allow nations to walk out of step, but it was cautioned that "this does not make them free to move independently of each other." Experience rather proves, the report stated, that the "chief effect of this walking out of step is greater disorder in the economic development of the world and a psychosis in which the feeling of living in depression never leaves the world, because it always is justified in one country or another." The report was submitted by the new President, J. W. Beyen. Profits of the B. I. S. for 1937 were reported at 9,071,000 Swiss francs, and the customary 6% dividend was declared.

Rome-Berlin Axis

IN THE week of conversations and celebrations that ended late last Monday, Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Premier Benito Mussolini demonstrated to the world that the understanding which exists between Germany and Italy remains in full effect, unshaken by the Anglo-Italian treaty or the proposed pact between France and Italy. The visit of the German dictator to his Italian colleague was unmarred by untoward incidents. Huge military demonstrations by every branch of Italian arms impressed the visitor, and almost equally distinctive and costly were the displays of fireworks and the hurried landscaping that Signor Mussolini ordered. Chancellor Hitler was duly cheered by many thousands of Italians, and when he returned to Berlin on Tuesday he was cheered again by thousands of Germans. Responsible officials of both countries thanked their stars that no bombs were thrown, and the rest of the world wondered about the actual accomplishments, if any. The results of the visit, however, are known only to the two dictators and their immediate advisers, just as knowledge of the real nature and effectiveness of the Rome-Berlin axis is confined to the same narrow circle.

Planned some months ago, the visit by Herr Hitler to Rome attracted additional attention because of the German absorption of Austria and the appearance of Reich troops on the Brenner Pass. To the limited extent that they cared to take the rest of the world into their confidence the two dictators expressed themselves on common problems last

Saturday, at an official banquet tendered the visitor by Premier Mussolini. Mutual declarations of everlasting friendship marked this function, and Chancellor Hitler added the declaration that the Alpine frontier shall forever be sacred. Each dictator reminded the other publicly of declarations of friendship made previously, and a good deal was made of the block of 120,000,000 people stretching from the Baltic to the Adriatic, who comprise the main fascist group. The impression was fostered that the German and Italian peoples remain linked, to whateven extent the Rome-Berlin axis links them, but beyond that even the most experienced foreign press correspondents were forced to generalize. report circulated in Europe that the two fascist leaders had agreed on German dominance down the Danube, and Italian importance in the Mediterranean, but there is nothing new in such rumors. British and French circles found satisfaction in reports that the axis does not exclude agreements with third parties, but the Anglo-Italian agreement already has made that point clear. Official circles in Rome and Berlin were said to be quite content with the results of the conversations. European trends hereafter, however, will be a more reliable guide than any immediate comments to the relative importance or unimportance of the specticular meeting between the dictators.

Germany's Eastward March

RESH international moves were started last Saturday, with the intention of modifying the effect upon Czechoslovakia of the German Drang nach Osten, which received such a startling manifestation in the annexation of Austria. In obvious compliance with the Anglo-French understanding, Ministers of the two great European democracies urged the Czech Government over the last week-end to make all possible concessions to any reasonable demands by the German minority in order to placate the Nazi regime at Berlin. Prague dispatches indicate that the British demarche was friendly but urgent, with commitments as to Czech independence lacking. The French advice was represented as warmer still, and concern was said to have been expressed in the representations regarding the political integrity of the small central European republic. In the official circles of Czechoslovakia, these statements apparently were received with a degree of relief, since the harshness that a real crisis might suggest was absent. The belief was fostered that there is nothing immediately imminent about the German threat to Czech independence, and an absence of further agitation by Konrad Henlein, the Sudeten German leader, also contributed to that impression. The French Government moved in other directions, as well, to assure a peaceful settlement of the Czech minorities problem. Paris reports of last Monday stated that Poland had been asked to state its views as to the Polish minority in Czechoslovakia, but Warsaw dispatches on Wednesday suggested that Poland refused to make any definite declaration.

Within Czechoslovakia a comparatively calm view seemed to prevail regarding the German minority demands and the prospect of German Nazi backing of Herr Henlein. Fairly comprehensive reports of the German army maneuvers in Austria were available, and these suggested that some flagrantly weak

spots were apparent to independent observers, especially in the tank corps of the mechanized German divisions. It was questioned, accordingly, whether the German Government really is in a position to risk war, and the obvious dissension that led to the German army purge of early February was recalled in that connection. The German absorption of Austria, on the other hand, remains a matter of general acceptance, although incidents resulting from the change of sovereignty are not lacking. It is clear that the German Government intends to treat external holders of Austrian obligations with the same degree of harshness meted out to those who trusted German promises to pay. In a more general sense the United States Government protested at Berlin, Tuesday, against the German decree of April 26, which requires all Jews of any nationality to declare property holdings in the Reich over and above a modest minimum, such sums to be subject to disposal "in harmony with the requirements of German economy." Ambassador Hugh R. Wilson pointed out, on instructions from the State Department, that this German ruling was an obvious violation of the 1923 treaty between the United States and Germany, which provides for reciprocal protection of nationals and the property of nationals.

League Council

POWER politics dominated completely the 101st session of the League of Nations Council, which opened at Geneva on Monday. The proceedings were dictated by the British and French delegations, jointly, in accordance with the previous decisions of those governments to move toward recognition of the Italian conquest of Ethiopia and prevent useful action in favor of the hard-pressed loyalist regime in Spain. These aims were realized by the British and French, but at the very considerable cost of bitter and open discussions in which the whole matter was put quite frankly. In effect, every last pretense was stripped from the League of attempts at fair dealing, or protection of weaker nations against their more powerful neighbors. The League was disclosed more clearly than ever as a mere instrument of British and French policies, and it is remarkable that other nations still care to contribute to its support. It may be noted, however, that there is a definite trend of small nations away from the League. Switzerland recently requested Geneva to formulate for that country a permanent neutrality measure which, to all intents and purposes, will relieve the Swiss of many League obligations.

Ethiopia and Spain were the principal problems before the Council, and the sessions were devoted exclusively to those matters. In accordance with previous notifications, Great Britain and France desired action by the Council which would relieve all members of their commitment not to recognize the Italian conquest of the full-fledged member State of Ethiopia. Haile Selassie, the exiled former Emperor of Ethiopia, appeared in person at the session and presented long memoranda summarizing the present situation from a military standpoint, and urging further action in aid of his cause. He was aided valiantly by the Spanish delegation, and backed by Russia and a number of delegations from

small countries, but on Thursday the Council nevertheless decided that members thereafter might act as they choose on the question of recognizing the Italian conquest. Spain's Foreign Minister, Julio Alvarez del Vayo, brought up on Wednesday the international aspects of the Spanish civil war, and he argued that Italian and German intervention justified League action. Lord Halifax, as the British representative, maintained that the war is a civil affair, with foreigners fighting on both sides. When the argument on Ethiopia closed, late Thursday, the delegate from New Zealand, W. J. Jordan, remarked that "this is a return to the laws of the jungle." Which seems to summarize the situation sufficiently.

May 14, 1938

Spanish War

BOTH loyalists and insurgents claimed modest gains this week in Spain, as fighting was intensified following a comparative lull occasioned by rainy weather. The immediate aim of the insurgent forces of General Francisco Franco apparently was to cut communications between Madrid and Valencia, and widen their inroads on the southern Spanish sector still held by the loyalists. Heavy thrusts were reported at various points with such ends in view, and there also were some fierce attacks far to the north, near the French border. But the loyalists displayed immensely improved morale and checked the drives with relatively small losses, despite the continued overwhelming superiority of the insurgents in war supplies. In the mountainous terrain of the north, loyalist contingents managed to make small gains here and there. On Thursday, General Franco resorted again to wholesale airplane bombings of Barcelona and Valencia, and casualties among the helpless civilians were large. The problem of foreign intervention in the Spanish war was debated fruitlessly at Geneva before the League of Nations Council. In Washington rumors circulated for a time that changes might be made in our neutrality legislation, which so far has been directed only against Spain, but it appeared early this week that no developments are probable. There were reports in London that the British Government had suggested to Washington the continued maintenance of our arms embargo on Spain, but Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain denied categorically Wednesday that any attempt to influence the United States stand had been made.

China and Japan

FIGHTING in the undeclared war between Japan and China presented a picture of intense confusion this week, as the stalemate continued in the north and the Japanese extended the area of conflict far to the south, where the city of Amoy was taken in a surprise naval attack, Wednesday. As the eleventh month of the warfare started, battles were in progress over an extremely wide area. The greatest efforts still were being made, however, to the northeast of Suchow, where the Chinese were on the offensive following the retreat of the Japanese force that tried to cut the Lunghai Railway. Everywhere, behind the Japanese lines, Chinese guerrilla forces were operating and making the positions of the invaders increasingly difficult. The most spectacular of such actions was staged

close to Peiping by the Eighth Route Army, commanded by communist officers. A force of about 13,000 men was said by Chinese authorities to be active near the former capital, which now is the supply base for all the Japanese divisions in north China. After a remarkably long delay, the Japanese finally began to move troops northward from the central Chinese area toward the Lunghai line, and they claimed last Sunday to have wiped out a guerrilla force that attacked their supply base of Nantung, on the Yangtze. Neither side was able to claim large gains in north or central China, although it is clear that the invaders are finding the situation increasingly hazardous, owing largely to their long lines of communication.

Notwithstanding the Japanese troubles with extended lines, naval forces of that country attacked the island seaport of Amoy, Wednesday, and occupied the place after a sharp battle. It was reported the next day that 60,000 Japanese soldiers are massed on Formosa, only 125 miles away, preparatory to an invasion of southern China. This move by the aggressors mystified all foreign observers. Some saw in it an indication that counsels of desperation are prevailing among Japanese leaders, possibly because the stalemate in central China is lowering the Japanese morale. A quick victory in unprepared southern Chinese ports may possibly be aimed at with the idea of bolstering morale, it was contended. It also was suggested that the naval command of Japan may be taking independent steps, perhaps because of dissatisfaction over the lack of progress by the army command. The Japanese step, in any event, finds no justification in the principles of strategy as they are known to the Occidental world. The Japanese forces already are regarded as far too thinly scattered over the large northern and central Chinese areas to assure the continued and uninterrupted communications which are vital to mechanized forces. Foreign experts at Shanghai estimate that 300 Japanese soldiers have been killed daily since early in February by Chinese guerrillas. Casualties in the war now are estimated at 1,000,000, and although the Chinese losses admittedly are far heavier than those of the invaders, the Japanese are far less able to withstand the huge losses.

Japanese officials continued to discuss their aims and purposes in China in a manner that took no apparent account of the difficulties being encountered by the military forces of the invaders. It was declared once again at Tokio, last Saturday, that Japan never will make peace with the Kuomintang regime of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. Foreign Minister Koki Hirota added on Monday that military operations will be extended until "friendly" regimes at Peiping, Nanking and Shanghai can be consolidated into a new Central Chinese Government that the Japanese can control and recognize. Although they have been proved worthless on many occasions, assurances once again were extended by the Foreign Minister that the open door will prevail in the vast conquered area. Official anxieties appear to be increasing, however, despite such bland statements. Mr. Hirota called on the Japanese people last Saturday to prepare for "possible extreme personal financial sacrifices," and he added soberly that "no optimistic view of the future is warranted."

Brazilian Revolt

PALACE revolutions are exceedingly common in Latin America, and it appears that another incident of this nature occurred in Brazil, early on Wednesday, with results that were unfortunate for the small group of rebels. The plot, charged to the outlawed Integralista party, obviously was directed toward the capture or murder of the current Brazilian dictator, Dr. Getulio Vargas, and the seizure of the government in the expected confusion. Guards at the presidential residence joined the malcontents, but their endeavors to effect the change in government were frustrated almost single-handed by Dr. Vargas himself. The President and his immediate entourage fought off the attackers until help arrived, in the form of loyal army detachments. The Navy Ministry in Rio de Janeiro was another point of attack. Only a few hours were required to quell the disturbance, which resulted in about 40 deaths, and the arrest of some 600 rebels and suspects. Incidents of this nature are not surprising, for Dr. Vargas preferred last year to set himself up as dictator rather than permit the constitutional course of a presidential election and the normal succession that would have retired him from office in a democratic manner. Because all opposition was sternly repressed, much of the responsibility for the resort to violence now reported must be laid at the door of the dictator. There was much conjecture in the Brazilian capital regarding possible foreign aid for the malcontents, who were labeled "fascists." It is to be hoped that more light will be thrown on this aspect of the matter, and in the meantime it is well to remember that Dr. Vargas was charged with fascist tendencies, possibly with some justice, when he engineered his own coup last year.

Discount Rates of Foreign Central Banks

HE National Bank of Belgium on May 10 raised its discount rate from 2% to 4%. The 2% rate had been in effect since May 15. 1935, at which time it was lowered from $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. The Bank of France on May 12 lowered its discount rate from 3% to 2½%. The 3% rate had been in effect since Nov. 12, 1937, at which time it was lowered from 31/2%. On May 12 the Bank also lowered its rates for loans on securities from 4% to $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ and on 30-day loans from 3% to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$.

Country	Rate in Effect May13	Date	Pre- vious Rate	Country	Rate in Effect May 13	Date	Pre- vious Rate
Argentina	31/2	Mar. 1 1936		Hungary		Aug. 28 1935	41/2
Batavia	4	July 1 1935	41/2	India		Nov. 29 1935	31/2
Belgium	4	May 10 1938	2	Ireland	3	June 30 1932	31/2
Bulgaria	6	Aug. 15 1935	7	Italy		May 18 1936	5
Canada	21/2	Mar. 11 1935		Japan		Apr. 6 1936	3.65
Chile	4	Jan. 24 1935	41/2	Java	3	Jan. 14 1937	4
Colombia	4	July 18 1933	5	Jugoslavia -	5	Feb. 1 1935	61/2
Czechoslo-	12 1 1			Lithuania		July 1 1936	6
vakia	3	Jan. 1 1936	31/2	Morrocco		May 28 1935	41/2
Danzig	4	Jan. 2 1937	5	Norway		Jan. 5 1938	4
Denmark	4	Oct. 19 1936	31/2	Poland	41/2	Dec. 17 1937	5
England	2	June 30 1932	21/2	Portugal	4	Aug. 11 1937	41/2
Estonia	5	Sept. 25 1934	51/2	Rumania		Dec. 7 1934	6
Finland	4	Dec. 4 1934	41/2	South Africa	31/2	May 15 1933	4
trance	234	May 12 1938	3	Spain	5	July 10 1935	51/2
Germany	4	Sept. 30 1932	5	Sweden	21/2	Dec. 1 1933	3
Greece	6	Jan. 4 1937	7	Switzerland	11/2	Nov. 25 1936	2
l'olland	2	Dec. 2 1936	21/2	Programme and the second			

Foreign Money Rates

N LONDON open market discount rates for short bills on Friday were 9-16%, as against 9-16% on Friday of last week, and 9-16% for three-months' bills, as against 9-16% on Friday of last week. Money on call at London on Friday was 1/2%. At Paris the open market rate was lowered on May 12 from 31/2% to 3%, while in Switzerland the rate remains at 11%.

Bank of England Statement

THE statement for the week ended May 11 shows a large contraction of £8,342,000 in note circulation as compared with increases in the corresponding weeks of the two preceding years. Total circulation, in consequence, is down to £482,190,000 in comparison with £479,909,358 a year ago. The present narrow spread between the amount of currency in circulation in corresponding weeks of 1937 and 1938 is in marked contrast to the situation in the beginning of the current year, when circulation was almost £30,000,000 higher than a year earlier. The effect of the currency decline was slightly offset by a loss of £28,457 in gold and the gain in reserves therefore was £8,314,000. The reserve proportion rose to 28.10% from 22.30% last week, and compares with 25.10% a year ago. Public deposits rose £25,853,000 to a total of £36,595,000, the highest of the year. At the same time other deposits fell off a total of £30,021,517, of which £29,508,886 was from bankers' Loans accounts and £512,631 from other accounts. on government securities decreased £12,295,000 and on other securities £442,280. The latter consists of discounts and advances which decreased £587,592, and securities, which rose £145,312. No change was made in the 2% discount rate. Below we show the different items with comparisons for preceding years:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	May 11, 1938	May 12, 1937	May 13, 1936	May 15, 1935	May 16, 1934
100	£	£	£	£	£
Circulation	482,190,000	479,909,358	424,290,249	390,320,982	378,442,751
Public deposits	36.595.000	32,519,863	13,330,790	7,367,406	11,215,132
Other deposits	123,402,337	124.849.070	120,217,347	141,498,622	135,410,854
Bankers' accounts_	87,943,730	87.664.190	83.214.574	103.008.172	99,928,490
Other accounts	35,458,607	37.184.880	37,002,773	38,490,450	35.482.364
Govt. securities	105,471,164	108,337,434	89.883.310	86,906,044	75.412.635
Other securities	27.011.769		21.092.190	16,733,400	15,368,368
Disct. & advances	7,601,817		8.826.368		
Securities	19,409,952		12,265,822		10.047.780
Reserve notes & coin		39,616,393	40.312.367	62,989,807	73,603,605
Coin and bullion		319.525.751	205.102,616	193,310,789	192.046.170
Proportion of reserve		010,020,101	-00,102,010	200,010,100	
to liabilities	28.10%	25.10%	30.18%	42.31%	50.19%
Bank rate	28.10%				2%

Bank of France Statement

HE weekly statement dated May 5 showed a further increase in note circulation of 441,-000,000 francs, which brought the total up to a new record high of 98,959,824,185 francs. Circulation a year ago aggregated 86,869,757,895 francs and the year before 83,988,284,680 francs. French commercial bills discounted, bills bought abroad and creditor current accounts recorded decreases of 443,-000,000 francs, 16,000,000 francs and 424,000,000 francs respectively. The Bank's gold holdings registered a slight increase of 374,836 francs, the total of which is now 55,807,334,668 francs, compared with 57,922,736 francs last year and 58,029,973,065 francs the previous year. Advances against securities rose 179,000,000 francs, while the items of credit balances abroad and temporary advances to State remained unchanged. The reserve ratio stands at 45.53%; a year ago it was 55.08% and the year before 62.33%. The discount rate was reduced on May 12 from 3 to 2½%. Below we furnish the different items with comparisons for previous years:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	May 5, 1938	May 7, 1937	May 8, 1936
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings	+374.836	55.807.334.668	57.358,922,736	58,029,973,065
Credit bals. abroad. aFrench commercial	No Change	20,026,562		277,619,054
bills discounted	443.000.000	10,424,757,830	8.058.524.897	17.048,573,580
b Bills bought abr'd	-16,000,000			1,292,904,597
Adv. against securs.	+179,000,000		3,906,460,262	3,503,120,023
Note circulation	+441.000.000	98,959,824,185	86,869,757,895	83,988,284,680
Credit current accts.	-424,000,000	23,614,167,589	17,263,648,026	9,107,730,343
c Temp. advs. with- out int. to State	No Change	40,133,974,773	19,991,307,016	
Propor'n of gold on hand to sight liab.		45.53%	55.08%	62.33%

Includes bills purchased in France. b Includes bills discounted abroad. c Repinting drafts on Treasury on 10-billion-franc credit opened at Bank.
Ince the statement of June 29, 1937, gold valuation has been at rate of 43 mg.
1, 0.9 fine, per franc; previous to that time and subsequent to Sept. 26, 1936,
1 valuation was 49 mg. per franc; prior to Sept. 26, 1936, there were 65.5 mg.
old to the franc.

Bank of Germany Statement

THE statement for the first quarter of May showed a decline in note circulation of 227,-000,000 marks, which brought the total down to 5,859,600,000 marks. A year ago circulation aggregated 4,816,000,000 marks and the year before 4,147,078,000 marks. Reserves in foreign currency rose 262,000 marks and silver and other coin 36,-466,000 marks. The Bank's gold holdings showed no change, the total remaining at 70,773,000 marks, compared with 68,432,000 marks last year and 70,969,000 marks the previous year. A decrease appeared in bills of exchange and checks of 229,-652,000 marks, in advances of 16,538,000 marks, in investments of 33,000 marks, in other assets of 102,789,000 marks, in other daily maturing obligations of 77,327,000 marks, and in other liabilities of 8,447,000 marks. The reserve proportion is now at 1.29%, compared with 1.54% a year ago and 1.84% two years ago. A comparison of the various items for three years is furnished below:

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	May 7, 1938	May 7, 1937	May 7, 1936
Assets—	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks
Gold and bullion	No change	70,773,000	68,432,000	70,969,000
Of which depos. abr'd	No change	20,333,000	19,359,000	19,520,000
Res've in for'n currency	+262,000	5,395,000	5,827,000	5,338,000
Bills of exch. & checks	-229,652,000	5,623,281,000	5,331,502,000	4,259,174,000
Silver and other coin	+36,466,000	188,719,000	147,665,000	190,607,000
Advances	-16,538,000	42,483,000	48,251,000	53,032,000
Investments	-33,000	417,911,000	415,332,000	548,216,000
Other assets	-102,789,000	1,358,695,000	749,668,000	503,164,000
Notes in circulation	-227,000,000	5,859,600,000	4,816,000,000	4,147,078,000
Other daily matur, oblig	-77,327,000	953,439,000	775,737,000	685,852,000
Other liabilities	-8.447,000	229,715,000	173,342,000	174,009,000
Propor'n of gold & for'n curr, to note circul'n	+0.05%	1.29%	1.54%	1.84%

New York Money Market

HE New York money market continued this week to present an unaltered picture of extreme ease, great abundance of available funds, and only a trickle of effective demand. The total of bankers' bills outstanding continues to decline, with business in these instruments dull, at unchanged rates. Commercial paper dealings are similarly quiet and uneventful. The Treasury sold last Monday another issue of \$50,000,000 discount bills due in 91 days, with awards at an average discount of 0.029%, computed on an annual bank discount basis. One unidentified bidder actually paid a premium of \$1 for an allotment of \$10,000 of these noninterest bills, the dollar representing a cost to the bidder of lending the money for nothing to the Treasury. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange held to 1% for all transactions, while time loans remained at 11/4% for maturities to 90 days, and 11/2% for four to six months' datings.

New York Money Rates

EALING in detail with call loan rates on the Stock Exchange from day to day, 1% was the ruling quotation all through the week for both new loans and renewals. The market for time money continues quiet, no transactions having been reported this week. Rates continued nominal at 11/4% up to 90 days and $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ for four to six months maturities. The market for prime commercial paper has been moderately active this week. The demand has been good, but the supply of prime paper has been light. Rates are quoted at 3/4@1% for all maturities.

Bankers' Acceptances

THE market for prime bankers' acceptances has been very dull throughout the week. a limited supply of prime bills has been available and the demand has been light. There has been no change in rates. Dealers' rates as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for bills up to and including 90 days are $\frac{1}{2}\%$ bid and 7-16% asked; for bills running for four months, 9-16% bid and $\frac{1}{2}\%$ asked; for five and six months, $\frac{5}{8}\%$ bid and 9-16% asked. The bill-buying rate of the New York Reserve Bank is $\frac{1}{2}\%$ for bills running from 1 to 90 days. The Federal Reserve Bank's holdings of acceptances remain unchanged at \$550,000.

Discount Rates of the Federal Reserve Banks

THERE have been no changes this week in the rediscount rates of the Federal Reserve banks. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate in Effect on May 13	Date Established	Previous Rate
Boston	11/2	Sept. 2, 1937	2
New York	1	Aug. 27, 1937	11/2
Philadelphia	11/2	Sept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935	2
Richmond	11/2	Aug. 27, 1937	2
Atlanta	11/2	Aug. 21, 1937	2
Chicago	11/2	Aug. 21, 1937	2
St. Louis	11/2	Sept. 2, 1937	2
Minneapolis	11/2	Aug. 24, 1937	2
Kansas City	11/2	Sept. 3, 1937	2
Dallas	11/2	Aug. 31, 1937	2 2 2
San Francisco	11/2	Sept. 3, 1937	1 2

Course of Sterling Exchange

TERLING exchange is ruling fractionally lower than in recent weeks. The foreign exchange market in New York was extremely limited during the past week and all events affecting exchange rates resulted from transactions in Europe. The slightly easier quotations for the pound seem to have been due largely to the return of French funds temporarily on deposit in London. On the whole, however, at present levels sterling must be considered as relatively firm in terms of the dollar. In the past few weeks there have been no indications of a preference for the dollar rather than the pound. The range for sterling this week has been between \$4.971/8 and $$4.98\frac{1}{4}$, compared with a range of between \$4.989-16and \$4.99 13-16 last week. The range for cable transfers has been between \$4.971/4 and \$4.983/8, compared with a range of between $$4.98\frac{5}{8}$$ and $$4.99\frac{7}{8}$$ a week ago.

The realignment of the franc with its new tie to sterling at the rate of 179 francs to the pound, the equivalent of 35.8 francs to the dollar or 2.79 cents a franc, and the consequent severe repercussions on neighboring currencies, is the predominant factor in the foreign exchange market. The slightly lower rates for sterling reflect heavy withdrawals of French funds from London. It is reported that French holders of gold in London are also converting their metal into sterling and buying francs. Since May 5 international securities in London in which French capital was invested have been freely liquidated, those affected most being South African gold shares, certain British Government stocks listed on the Paris Bourse, and shares of certain large oil companies. Sales of these securities represent repatriation of French capital for the most part.

Almost every country has been bearish on the French franc for a long time and it is the covering of such short positions which has accounted largely for the heavy demand for francs and the withdrawal of funds from London. The assumption that the new de facto franc might hold steady and even appre-

ciate slightly during the next few months also induced an initial return of working capital to Paris. At present it is believed that the covering of short positions and the return of French working capital has ended and is not likely to affect sterling further. The heavy outward movement of French francs from Belgium, Holland, and Switzerland also caused some withdrawals of funds of these countries on temporary deposit in London. It is believed that this trend has also ceased.

From now on trade and commercial factors should favor sterling and it is expected that tourist requirements will be an important element of strength in the pound. London bankers approve the withdrawal of superfluous foreign money but do not expect that it will have the slightest effect on money rates in London.

Financial London is chiefly concerned with the now clearly evident recession in many lines of trade and is watching anxiously for an upturn in business on this side. Recent business reports indicate that the recession is becoming more apparent in all countries. Thus far the decline in Great Britain is only moderate but the indices continue to point downward. Railway receipts are still falling. The decline in bank clearings proceeds unchecked and at an accelerated rate, while reports from individual industries indicate on the whole retardation in activity.

The business forecast by the Federation of British Industries for the second quarter of this year states that while business in the United States continues depressed, forces that are making for a slackening in world trading activity are likely to continue to gain headway.

London bankers continue to stress the advisability of foreign lending in order to stimulate the export trade as an offset to declining domestic sales. It is repeatedly pointed out that the bill market which for more than a century acted as a bulwark of international trade has been stagnating since 1931 and the bill houses have had to resort to other forms of investment in order to exist.

The bankers' acceptance market here closely corresponds to the bill market in London. Bankers' acceptances also reflect declining international trade. Acceptances outstanding during April dropped to the lowest level in more than 21 years.

J. W. Beyen, President of the Bank for International Settlements, in his survey of prospects for world recovery recently presented before representatives of 25 central banks takes an optimistic view of the situation. He declared that once again the basis is being laid for reestablishment of monetary order, since progress has been made in adjustment of currencies to levels that may be maintained permanently and stated that the burden of international indebtedness has been reduced by repayments, conversions, &c., to a point where it is not longer an obstacle to stability of exchanges.

An important factor affecting the future of foreign exchange was the lifting of the ban on forward dealings and loans in gold by the London authorities on May 7. The ban was imposed three years ago by means of informal restrictions on forward dealings in gold in the London open market and upon the use of gold as collateral for bank loans. The restrictions were put into effect in order to check unwarranted foreign exchange speculation at the time when the former European gold bloc was sub-

jected to heavy speculative attacks prior to their eventual suspension of gold.

Evidently the British monetary authorities believe that with devaluation of the franc conditions have become more normal. It is now possible for the holder of gold to take the metal to his bank as collateral for loans exactly as he would offer other security. The lifting of the ban it is believed will release much of the capital now locked up in the form of idle gold held in London safe deposit vaults. The new conditions in the London gold market now make it possible to use gold in a more normal and free way for hedging of foreign exchange commitments. Before lifting of the ban forward gold sales were permitted only if the buyer declared he needed the gold for commercial transactions. With regard to advances against gold banks do not expect any heavy demand and may still continue to use their discretion as to the granting of such loans.

Recent shipments of gold from England to Canada and from Sweden to the United States need explanation, but thus far no official information has been issued. It is known that some months ago British banking authorities advised central bank authorities in other countries to build up their gold reserves at safe points away from Europe, presumably as a safeguard against sudden outbreak of war. On May 10 a quantity of gold variously estimated at between \$10,-000,000 and \$25,000,000 was received from Great Britain and stored in the vaults of the Bank of Canada. Officials of the bank declined to discuss the shipment in any way, but it is generally believed that the specie was moved to Canada by the Bank of England for safekeeping in accordance with the newly developed policy of placing some part of its holdings out of range of bombing raids in time of war.

On May 10 the first shipment of Swedish gold to reach the United States since 1931 arrived in New York and was consigned to the Federal Reserve Bank. The shipment consisted of 45 cases of gold bars, valued at about \$2,500,000 according to private estimates. The transaction was obviously on official account and for an undisclosed purpose. The Swedish currency stands in no need of defense by means of gold shipments.

Money rates in Lombard Street continue unchanged from those of many weeks. Two,- three-, and four-months bills are 9-16%, and six-months bills are $\frac{5}{8}\%$.

Gold on offer in the London open market this week was taken for unknown destination, believed to be largely for private foreign account. It is understood that Dutch and Belgian interests have appeared in the market. There was some French selling of gold but there was also some buying of open market gold by French interests. On Saturday last there was available £436,000, on Monday £903,000, on Tuesday £713,000, on Wednesday £568,000, on Thursday £372,000, and on Friday £49,737.

At the Port of New York the gold movement for

At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week ended May 11, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was as follows:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK, MAY 5-MAY 11, INCLUSIVE

Imports Exports
None Net Change in Gold Earmarked for Foreign Account
Decrease: \$1,050,000

Note—We have been notified that approximately \$5,990,000 of gold was received at San Francisco, of which \$5,851,000 came from Japan and \$139,000 fro Australia.

The above figures are for the week ended on Wednesday. On Thursday there were no imports or exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account. On Friday there were no imports or exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account. It was reported on Friday that \$4,494,000 of gold was received at San Francisco from Japan.

Canadian exchange continues steady. Montreal funds ranged during the week between a discount of 11-16% and a discount of 9-16%.

The following tables show the mean London check rate on Paris, the open market gold price, and the price paid for gold by the United States:

MEAN LONDON CHE	CK RATE ON PARIS
Saturday, May 7:177.79 Monday, May 9177.78 Tuesday, May 10177.79	Thursday, May 12177.69
LONDON OPEN MA	RKET GOLD PRICE
Saturday, May 7139s. 8½d. Monday, May 9139s. 10d. Tuesday, May 10139s. 9½d.	Thursday, May 12_139s. 101/2d.

Referring to day-to-day rates, sterling exchange on Saturday last ruled slightly under previous close in nominal trading. Bankers' sight was \$4.98@ $$4.98\frac{1}{4}$; cable transfers, $$4.98\frac{1}{8}$ @ $$4.98\frac{3}{8}$. Monday the pound was fractionally easier. range was \$4.97 7-16@\$4.97 15-16 for bankers' sight and \$4.971/2@\$4.98 for cable transfers. On Tuesday sterling was steady. Trading on this side was limited. Bankers' sight was \$4.971/4@\$4.97 15-16; cable transfers, \$4.97 5-16@\$4.98. On Wednesday exchange was steady. The range was \$4.97 3-16@ \$4.97% for bankers' sight and \$4.97% @\$4.97 13-16 for cable transfers. On Thursday sterling continued steady with rates governed largely by European transactions. Bankers' sight was \$4.97\\(^1/8\)@\$4.97\\(^1/8\); cable transfers $\$4.97\frac{1}{4}$ @\$4.97 11-16. On Friday the pound continued steady. The range was 4.97%\$4.97 7-16 for bankers' sight and \$4.97 5-16@ \$4.97½ for cable transfers. Closing quotations on Friday were \$4.97% for demand and \$4.977-16 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at $$4.97\frac{1}{8}$, 60-day bills at $$4.96\frac{3}{8}$, 90-day bills at \$4.96 1-16, documents for payment (60 days) at $$4.96\frac{3}{8}$, and seven-day grain bills at $$4.96\frac{7}{8}$. Cotton and grain for payment closed at \$4.971/8.

Continental and Other Foreign Exchange

RENCH francs have been ruling steady and more in favor of Paris since the de facto devaluation of May 5, which established the rate at 179 francs to the pound and 35.80 francs to the dollar, or 2.79 cents a franc. The rate is now around 177.75 francs to the pound and has been ruling above 2.80 cents per franc in the New York market.

There has been prompt short covering in the franc and considerable repatriation of French funds from nearby markets, particularly from London. There is no way of estimating the exact amount of repatriated funds, but some well posted European authorities place the figure at around 30,000,000,000 francs, or approximately \$840,000,000. This has greatly relieved the Paris money market.

At present it is thought that there will be no further large scale repatriation of French funds domiciled abroad. The bulk of these funds must await a general clarification of political conditions on the Continent. It is variously estimated that

French funds which have taken flight in the past few years amount to between 85 and 100 billion francs. As matters now stand, the Daladier Government would count itself fortunate if even one-fifth of the fugitive capital were to return. A large part will probably never return.

The position of the National Treasury has been enormously improved, the heavy demand for short-term issues having provided ample funds. Industry has available cheap short-term money and day-to-day rates in Paris have fallen below 1%.

The Cabinet expects to launch within the next few days a new defense loan of not less than 15,-000,000,000 francs.

On May 12 the Bank of France lowered its rediscount rate from 3% to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. The 3% rate had been in effect since Nov. 12, 1937, when it was reduced from $3\frac{1}{2}\%$. The cut in the rediscount rate is in conformity with the Daladier Government's new easy money policy. At the same time the Bank lowered its rate for loans on securities from 4% to $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ and on 30-day loans from 3% to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$.

The Belgian currency has shown exceptional weakness since the devaluation of the French franc. On Monday last belgas fell to the lowest levels in more than three years. The unit has been displaying weakness for the past six months owing to trade depression and an unfavorable budget situation. Speculation against the Belgain exchange has also been facilitated by the menace of a political crisis. This is the first major attack which the belgas has suffered since it was stabilized on April 1, 1935.

Belgium was the first of the European gold bloc countries to devalue and for a time enjoyed competitive advantage because its currency was below that of France and other neighboring countries. Now the devalued French franc is 17% below the Belgian franc, five of which make one belga.

For a long time after devaluation and untill well into 1937 belga futures were generally quoted flat and quite often at a small premuim. Belga futures are now at wide discounts. On May 3 30-day belgas were quoted at four points discount from the basic cable rate. On May 5 this discount had increased to 26 points, and on May 7 to 80 points. Since then the discount has diminished to around 50 points. The discount on 90-day belgas was 13 points on May 3, widened rapidly to 110 points on May 9.

Renewed weakness developed in the belga on May 13, following news that the Belgian Cabinet had resigned. Thirty-day belgas dropped to 77 points under spot and 90-day belgas to 100 points under spot which closed in New York 16.82½ cents.

As a result of pressure on the unit, the Brussels authorities have been compelled to ship considerable quantities of gold, especially to London, in order to support the spot rate. Gold has also been shipped to New York.

For some weeks negotiations had been under way with a syndicate of Dutch, Swiss, and Swedish bankers for a 4% loan in guilders for the repayment of $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ gold Belgian franc loans of 1932 and 1933. Owing to the distressed exchange situation these negotiations were suspended on May 5.

On May 10 the National Bank of Belgium increased its rediscount rate from 2% to 4%. The 2% rate had been in effect since May 15, 1935,

when it was reduced from $2\frac{1}{2}\%$. Belgian financial authorities insist that technically there are ample resources with which to defend the currency and that there is no disparity between Belgian and world prices.

The following table shows the relation of the leading European currencies to the United States dollar:

	Old Dollar	New Dollar	Range
	Parity	Parity a	This Week
bc France (franc)	3.92	6.63	2.79% to 2.80%
Belgium (belga)	13.90	16.95	16.76½ to 16.93
Italy (lira)	5.26	8.91	5.261% to 5.261%
Switzerland (franc)	19.30	32.67	22.82½ to 22.89½
Holland (guilder)	40.20	68.06	55.35 to 55.58

a New dollar parity as before devaluation of the European currencies between Sept. 30 and Oct. 3, 1936.

b Franc cut from gold and allowed to "float" on June 30, 1937.

c On May 5, 1938, the franc was devalued on a de facto basis of 179 francs to the pound, or 2.79 cents a franc.

The London check rate on Paris closed on Friday at 177.67, against 178.12 on Friday of last week. In New York sight bills on the French center finished at 2.80, against 2.80; cable transfers at 2.80, against 2.80. Antwerp belgas closed at 16.82½ for bankers' sight bills and at 16.82½ for cable transfers, against 16.85 and 16.85. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 40.18½ for bankers' sight bills and 40.18½ for cable transfers, in comparison with $40.24\frac{1}{2}$ and 40.24½. Italian lire closed at 5.26¼ for bankers' sight bills and at 5.261/4 for cable transfers, against 5.261/4 and 5.261/2. Exchange on Czechoslovakia closed at 3.483/8, against 3.481/2; on Bucharest at 0.74, against 0.74; on Poland at 18.89, against 18.89; and on Finland at 2.20, against 2.203/4. Greek exchange closed at $0.91\frac{1}{4}$, against $0.91\frac{1}{2}$.

EXCHANGE on the countries neutral during the war is at present featured by sharp declines in the Dutch guilder and in the Swiss franc. The Scandinavian currencies continue to move in close sympathy with sterling. The decline in the guilder is due partly to an outward movement of French funds from Dutch securities into francs. There has also been a noticeable movement of Dutch funds to London, where much of these funds were invested in gold. The lower ruling rates for the Swiss franc also reflect an outward trend of funds to Paris. siderable emphasis is being placed on the outlook for turist trade this summer in Switzerland, one of the outstanding factors in Swiss economy. The cheap French franc virtually rules out the French visitor, always important in Swiss tourist trade. Austrian visitors have always played an important part in this trade, but in view of the exchange restrictions imposed following the Anschluss with Germany, tourist prospects from this source are uncertain.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 55.37, against 55.51 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 55.37, against 55.51; and commercial sight bills at 55.33, against 55.47. Swiss francs closed at 22.83½ for checks and at 22.83½ for cable transfers, against 22.91 and 22.91. Copenhagen checks finished at 22.20½ and cable transfers at 22.20½, against 22.26 and 22.26. Checks on Sweden closed at 25.64½ and cable transfers at 25.64½, against 25.70 and 25.70; while checks on Norway finished at 25.00 and cable transfers at 25.00, against 25.05 and 25.05.

EXCHANGE on the South American countries follows trends in evidence for many months. The South American units are held in close relationship to sterling. The regular fortnightly statement

of the Central Bank of Argentina for April 30 showed gold reserve ratio to notes in circulation of 118.72%. The bank's ratio of gold to total sight liabilities stood at 83.77%.

Argentine paper pesos closed on Friday at 33.16 for bankers' sight, against 33.25 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 33.16, against 33.25. The unofficial or free market close was 26.10@26.30, against 26.25@26.30. Brazilian milreis are quoted at 5.90 (official), against 5.90. Chilean exchange is quoted at 5.19 (official), against 5.19. Peru is nominally quoted at 24.00, against 24½.

EXCHANGE on the Far Eastern countries presents no new features. All these currencies are held in close alighment with sterling either through legal enactment or through exchange control. Japanese yen continue to be held to sterling at the rate of 1s. 2d. per yen although economic pressure is increasing in Japan and the control has sent large amounts of gold to both New York and London. It is estimated that since March, 1937 approximately \$295,000,000 of gold has been shipped from Japan to the United States.

Closing quotations for yen checks yesterday were 29.01, against 29.09 on Friday of last week. Hongkong closed at 30.90@31 1-16, against 31.10@31¼; Shanghai at 245%@24¾, against 25.92@26¼; Manila at 49.80, against 49.80; Singapore at 57 11-16, against 57.95; Bombay at 37.11, against 37.21; and Calcutta at 37.11, against 37.21.

Gold Bullion in European Banks

THE following table indicates the amounts of gold bullion (converted into pounds sterling at par of exchange) in the principal European banks as of respective dates of most recent statements, reported to us by special cable yesterday (Friday); comparisons are shown for the corresponding dates in the previous four years:

Banks of—	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934
	£	£	£	£	£
England	327,172,966	319,525,751	205,102,616	193,310,789	192,046,170
France	293,722,816	347,629,835	464,239,784	641,785,264	612,863,697
Germany b	2,522,000	2,453,650	2,572,450	3,024,100	6.078.750
Spain	c87,323,000	87,323,000	89,106,000	90,778,000	90,499,000
Italy	a25,232,000	25,232,000	42.575.000	63.015.000	74,022,000
Netherlands	123,357,000	82,046,000	59.170.000	53.783.000	66,446,000
Nat. Belg'm	89,237,000	102,267,000	97,977,000	84.838.000	77.261.000
Switzerland		83,549,000	48.229.000	49,925,000	61,117,000
Sweden	28,966,000	25,701,000	23,906,000	18,040,000	15,022,000
Denmark	6,540,000	6,549,000	6,554,000	7,394,000	7,397,000
Norway	7,442,000	6,602,000	6,604,000	6,601,000	6,577,000
Total week _	1,066,569,782	1.088,878,236	1,046,035,850	1,212,494,153	1,209,329,617
Prev. week_	1,066,686,266	1.078.304.764	1.066,439,305	1,213,411,312	1.206.969,807

a Amount held Dec. 31, 1936, latest figures available. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which is now reported at £1,016,650. c Amount held Aug. 1, 1936, the latest figure aballable. The gold of the Bank of France was revalued on July 23, 1937, at 43 milligrams of gold 0.9 fine, equal to one franc; this was the second change in the gold's value within less than a year, the previous revaluation took place on Sept. 26, 1936, when the gold was given a value of 49 milligrams to the franc as compared with 66.5 mgs. previously. On the basis of 65.5 mgs., approximately 125 trancs equaled £1 sterling at par; on basis of 49 mgs., about 165 francs equaled £1 sterling, and at 43 mgs., there are about 190 francs to £1.

The Courts and the Labor Board

The rebuke which the Supreme Court, in its decision in the Kansas City stock yards case on April 25, administered to Secretary Wallace bids fair to curb, even if it does not wholly eradicate, some of the abuses of administrative authority of which the National Labor Relations Board has long been guilty. The decision itself, it is true, was not concerned with the National Labor Relations Act, but with the action of Secretary Wallace in establishing sales commission rates for market agencies in the stock yards at Kansas City. The sharp criticisms which the Court passed upon Secretary Wallace, however, and the principles of administration which

it enunciated have an obvious bearing upon the conduct of every Federal agency which exercises quasi-judicial functions, and upon the rights of the parties against whom the orders of such agencies are directed.

The rates in question were promulgated in 1933, but the complaint under the Packers and Stockyards Act was filed in 1929, and hearings were held by the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture. "The bulky record" of evidence, made before Secretary Wallace took office, was, according to the Court's summary of the Secretary's testimony, "placed upon his desk and he dipped into it from time to time to get its drift. . . . The Secretary read the summary presented by appellants' briefs, and he conferred with his subordinates who had sifted and analyzed the evidence. We assume that the Secretary sufficiently understood its purport." No Government brief, however, was presented, no statement of the Government's contentions, outside of the oral arguments, was given to the appellants, and the appellants were not allowed to examine the Government findings until they had been served with the order.

The Court found this procedure to be "more than an irregularity in practice," and the order, in consequence, "fatally defective." "The rudimentary requirements of fair play" demand "a fair and open hearing, essential alike to the legal validity of the administrative regulation and to the maintenance of public confidence in the value and soundness of this important governmental process. . . . The right to a hearing embraces not only the right to present evidence, but also a reasonable opportunity to know the claims of the opposing party and to meet them. The right to submit argument implies that opportunity, otherwise the right may be a barren one. Those who are brought into contest with the Government in a quasi-judicial proceeding aimed at the control of their activities are entitled to be fairly advised of what the Government proposes and to be heard upon its proposals before it issues its final command."

The alacrity with which the Labor Relations Board has sought to change its procedure in a number of pending cases, and the attitude of some of the Federal courts toward its applications, suggest that the Board is a good deal alarmed lest the doctrine of the Kansas City case should be applied to overthrow its own well-known practices. On April 30 counsel for the Board applied to the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals at Philadelphia for a postponement of a hearing on the appeal of the Republic Steel Corporation from a ruling of the Board, on April 9, which held the corporation responsible for the deaths of three strikers during the "Little Steel" strike in Ohio last July, and ordered the reinstatement, with back pay, of some 5,000 strikers. The Board, according to counsel, regarded the order as "valid and enforceable," but stated that it was "seriously considering the reopening of the Republic and several other cases for the taking of the procedural steps outlined by the Supreme Court, and that would necessitate the withdrawal of these cases from the courts." The request for postponement was refused. On May 3 the Circuit Court, on the application of Republic Steel, issued an order restraining the Board from taking "any steps or proceedings whatsoever" in that case, and further directed the

Board to show cause why the entire record in the case should not be certified to the Court. The order was promptly challenged by the Board as contrary to the National Labor Relations Act, and a warning was given of a direct appeal to the Supreme Court if the order was not vacated. The court, however, was not perturbed by this prospect, and on Friday permission to set aside was again denied and this record "as it is" was ordered to be certified.

The apparent purpose of Republic Steel, in asking for the restraining order, was to get the Labor Board's record in the case before the court. If that were done, the conformity, or lack of conformity, of the Board's procedure to the "rudimentary requirements of fair play" upon which the Supreme Court insisted would be quickly shown. In the meantime another attack on the Board had been launched in the Ford Motor Company case. On May 2 counsel for the company applied to the Federal Circuit Court at Covington, Ky., for permission to interrogate the Chairman and some other members of the Board regarding their action in the case. Among the 57 questions to which the Court was asked to require answers under oath were "whether the Board or any member read all or any part of a stenographic transcript or other verbatim report of the testimony before the trial examiner," "whether the Board considered rulings of the trial examiner on objections to admissibility of testimony or exhibits," and whether the Board, before issuing its order which found the Ford Company guilty of violation of the Labor Relations Act, had consulted with various persons named, among them Benjamin V. Cohen and Thomas Corcoran, two well-known "inside" advisers of President Roosevelt, John L. Lewis, Homer Martin, or "any officer, representative or attorney for the U.A.W.A. or of the C.I.O."

Shortly after this application was made, counsel for the Board applied for permission to withdraw the order against the Ford Company. On May 5 the application was granted, but on May 9 the action was modified by a ruling refusing permission for the Board to withdraw the papers in the case, and directing that the papers be made a part of the record in the suit of the Ford Company to set aside the Board's order of Dec. 22, 1937. The effect of this ruling, if it prevails, would be to compel the Board, as in the case of Republic Steel, to proceed with the Ford case on the record on which its order was based, and again to show whether the "rudimentary requirements of fair play" had been met.

Three other cases are also to be noted. On April 23 the President of the Douglas Aircraft Company announced that a decision of the Board ordering the reinstatement, with back pay, of a number of employees involved in the February, 1937 strike would be fought "to the end." On May 11 the application of the company for a restraining order, intended to prevent the Board from setting aside its order in the case, of which proposed step it had given notice, was denied by the Federal Circuit Court at San Francisco. On May 5 the Circuit Court at Chicago ordered the Board to file with the Court its record in the Inland Steel Company case. In this case an order of April 5 had directed the company to recognize the Committee for Industrial Organization as the sole bargaining agency of its employees, and to make a collective wage agree-

ment with it. A motion to withdraw this order, made on May 9, was strongly opposed by the company. On May 10 the Federal Circuit Court at Covington, Ky., denied an application of the Board to enforce an order against the Thompson Products Company of Cleveland to reinstate certain employees and desist from opposition to the United Automobile Workers of America. The Court sharply criticized the Board's brief for "mingling statements of witnesses and expressions of opinion," and declared that the Board's finding "tends to promote discord among employers and employees instead of harmonious and joint discussion of their difficulties."

The legal technicalities of procedure involved in these various cases are, of course, matters for lawyers and judges, and the divergent views held by the different Circuit Courts must be regarded as resting in each instance upon what the judges felt to be good grounds. It is clear, however, that the Labor Relations Board is greatly disturbed over the possible effect of the Supreme Court's decision in the Kansas City stockyards case upon the validity of the Board's orders. It is matter of common knowledge that the Board's procedure, in many cases at least, has not accorded to employer defendants the fair hearing which the Supreme Court has declared to be a right that no administrative agency endowed with quasi-judicial powers may properly deny. The layman is not likely to see any essential difference, as far as legal propriety is concerned, between the procedure which the Supreme Court condemned in the case involving Secretary Wallace and that followed by the Labor Board and its trial examiners in the orders whose validity important industrial organizations are contesting.

There is small reason, however, for thinking that the Board has undergone any real change of heart. The statement issued on May 2 by J. Warren Madden, Chairman of the Board, in connection with the Ford Company case, is illuminating testimony on that point. Since the decision in the Kansas City case "has no direct bearing upon the procedure" of the Board, "the Board, accordingly," Mr. Madden said, "does not consider any change in its procedure to be necessary as a matter of legal requirement." Nevertheless, in order to "remove all question" about the inconsistency of its procedure in certain cases and the principles stated in the Kansas City case, the Board will take "such additional procedural steps as may seem wise." If the motion to withdraw its order in the Ford case is granted, "the Board will then set aside its order . . . , issue proposed findings to which the parties will be permitted to file exceptions and, if they so desire, argue objections before the Board, and thereafter make its decision and order, or take such further or other action as may be deemed advisable." The Board, in other words, admits no breach of legal propriety on its part, but in view of the Kansas City decision will grant some concessions in procedure. It is the same Board, with the same temper, concealing its apprehension by promising some formal improvement in conduct if it is allowed to get back for reconsideration some cases in which proper procedure has been violated. It is to be hoped that the fundamental issue at stake may not be long in reaching the Supreme Court.

From Rome to Geneva

The visit of Chancellor Hitler to Rome ended, as was expected, with no formal statement of principles or policies on which the Fuehrer and the Duce were agreed, but with some general pronouncements and intimations whose significance may turn out to be considerable. If public assurances are to be relied upon, the Berlin-Rome axis is intact and will remain so, there will be no German encroachment upon present Italian territory, and the spheres of German and Italian influence in Eastern Europe and the Balkans will be kept from overlapping. If anything resembling a military alliance resulted from the visit, it has not been divulged. On the surface, the visit produced nothing more explicit than a renewal of friendship between the two leaders, a more or less clear recognition of territorial and other interests which competition was not to jeopardize, and a mutual desire for European peace.

Yet the net effect, at one point, is disquieting. It is all very well for Hitler and Mussolini, in what may in general be called their expansion policies, to agree that neither shall interfere with the other. But what of the States to which their respective expansion activities may conceivably extend? Are the smaller States of Eastern and Southeastern Europe to be drawn into alliances of which Germany and Italy will be the respective heads and centers, or, failing to respond to diplomatic persuasion, are they to be coerced? Are some of them—Czechoslovakia, for example, on one side and Albania, perhaps, on the other-destined to go the way of Austria and lose their identity through merger and political and cultural absorption? Is Eastern Europe, in short, to become the hunting ground of German and Italian imperialisms under a tacit agreement that there shall be no quarrel over the disposition of the spoils? If this is what Hitler and Mussolini have in effect agreed upon, it will be of little advantage to the menaced States that the spheres of influence are to be kept distinct, since into one or the other sphere some, at least, of the coveted States will eventually fall.

There is special reason for thinking that, if such is the understanding, Eastern Europe will be the field for its application because Italy, in its recent agreement with Great Britain, has accepted, in terms or by implication, important restrictions upon its activities in the Mediterranean region and the Near East. If the Anglo-Italian agreement is supplemented, as on the whole seems probable, by an agreement with France, Italy will have renounced all claim to political or economic predominance in Spain, it will have no opportunity for territorial expansion in North Africa, and it will have bound itself to respect the integrity of Egypt and British claims in Palestine and a large part of Arabia. There will be no part of the Near East in which it can expand without coming into collision with either Great Britain or France. The field for economic penetration, moreover, which is offered by Yugoslavia, Greece, Bulgaria and Turkey is far less important than that afforded by Poland, Hungary and Rumania. If economic rather than political advantage was in mind in whatever understandings were reached at Rome, a conflict of "spheres" may not be easy to avoid unless Italy is willing to accept the lesser share.

The Anglo-Italian agreement, however, exists as yet only on paper. It will not go practically into effect until the war in Spain is settled and the vexed question of recognizing the Italian conquest of Ethiopia has been disposed of at Geneva. The scene at Geneva during the past week is one of the most extraordinary, and possibly quite the most momentous, that the League of Nations has witnessed. Great Britain, in conformity to the promise which it made as a part of its agreement with Italy, exerted itself to obtain from the Council a decision acquiescing, in effect, in the Ethiopian conquest and thereby paving the way for a general recognition of Italy as an empire. It had, in this task, the formal support of France. It encountered, however, determined and outspoken opposition, and had to listen to some plain speaking about the injustice of the proposed action and the encouragement that it would give to aggressors elsewhere. The representative of loyalist Spain, in turn, raked fore and aft the non-intervention pretensions of Great Britain and France, and insisted that the war had become a public war and hence one in which the League was bound to take an interest. Meantime the former Emperor of Ethiopia, pathetic figure of a ruler without a country, pleaded before a hostile Council the cause of his former country and its people, Switzerland demanded a renewed recognition of its complete neutrality, and Chile took further steps toward what is expected to be its early withdrawal from the League.

The outcome was about what had been expected. Without a formal vote, the President of the Council announced that "the great majority of members feel, despite regrets, that it is for individual members to decide as they choose." What they will choose is hardly open to question. Sweden let it be known on Thursday that it intended to accredit a Minister to the Italian Emperor, and most other countries will probably follow suit. Incidentally the German Government, on the same day, completed its formal recognition of Manchukuo by concluding a treaty establishing diplomatic and consular relations.

Moralists will see in the League action a tacit admission that, in international matters, might makes right. Viscount Halifax, British Foreign Secretary, tried hard to make it appear that the Ethiopian case was a special one, but it would be useless to deny the obvious fact that, as far as the League is concerned, any great Power that can successfully encroach upon a smaller one will be allowed to enjoy the fruits of its victory. The Covenant of the League still has something to say about how an aggressor nation should be dealt with, and the condemnation of Italy implied in the resort to sanctions still stands in the record, but aggression has been condoned. Anybody who can now believe that the League is a useful agency for promoting regard for ethical principles in international politics is in a state of mind to believe anything.

Yet there is no contesting the practical soundness of the British position. As Prime Minister Chamberlain told the House of Commons, he had to deal with a world in which there are dictators. Unless an amicable agreement could be made with Italy regarding the interests of the two countries in the Mediterranean and the Near East, the outcome, sooner or later, would be war, and the devastating

consequences of such a war no man could predict. It was essential to an agreement that Great Britain should accept the Ethiopian conquest and recognize such claims as Italy based upon it, and to pave the way to such recognition it was necessary that the League, by some action positive or negative, should release its members from any obligation that approval of sanctions imposed, and leave them free to accord or withhold recognition as they chose. This course has now been taken. The high moral pretensions of the League, to which Great Britain itself has in the past rendered homage, have been shattered by the compelling force of circumstances, but the peace of Europe has been kept from foundering on the rocks of a lost cause and an impossible loyalty.

Where does the Geneva settlement leave the Anglo-Italian agreement? Legally, perhaps, the situation has not been changed, for the agreement is not to go fully into effect until the Italian forces have been withdrawn from Spain, and that is not likely to be until the war is over. It seems probable, therefore, that attention will now be centered upon efforts to bring the war to a speedy conclusion. The League Council, having surrendered to Italy and Great Britain, is not likely to recognize the conflict as, in the legal sense, a public war, since under the Covenant the war would then become a concern of the League, and there is not a thing that the League can do about it. Non-intervention, on the other hand, has become a demonstrable farce. The way is open, apparently, for Italy to increase its activities in Spain. There can be no valid objection to this by Great Britain so long as the ultimate aim is peace, and once peace has been brought about the Anglo-Italian agreement can be given effect.

There remains the question whether, taking the Rome-Berlin understandings and the League action together, the conclusion of other bilateral agreements has been facilitated. On the whole, the way to such agreements would seem to have been made easier. If Hitler and Mussolini can pledge eternal friendship and mutual respect for their territorial and other interests, Hitler can hardly have objected to Italy's agreement with Great Britain, or looked upon the Anglo-French military alliance as an insuperable bar to an amicable agreement between Italy and France. Nothing that has happened, moreover, interposes any obstacle to the agreement with Germany which Mr. Chamberlain is bent upon making. It is entirely possible, therefore, that something resembling a four-Power understanding may be achieved in the form of a network of bilateral treaties. The uncertain factor in the problem is France, which must readjust its relations with both Italy and Germany before the network can be complete, but the pressure upon France will be strong to concede, since the alternative is a dangerous isolation which the military alliance with Great Britain would not wholly overcome. If such a result can be attained, Mr. Chamberlain will be able to claim that his policy of recognizing political realities has succeeded notwithanding that some moral principles of international conduct have been sacrificed in the process. No one can claim that it is an entirely satisfactory policy or one that clears the future of peril, but it will have to be accepted if in practice it works.

PWA'S Power Financings

By ERNEST R. ABRAMS

The Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, popularly known as PWA, was created in 1933 under the provisions of Title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act. Section 203 of that Act provides "(a) With a view to increasing employment quickly while reasonably securing any loans made by the United States, the President is authorized and empowered, through the Administrator or through such other agencies as he may designate or create, (1) to construct, finance, or aid in the construction or financing of any public works project included in the program prepared pursuant to Section 202; (2) upon such terms as the President shall prescribe, to make grants to States, municipalities, or other public bodies for the construction, repair, or improvement of any such project, but no such grant shall be in excess of 30 [by a later Act 45] per centum of the cost of the labor and materials employed upon such project. . . ." Section 202, it might be noted, merely directs the Administrator to prepare a comprehensive program of available and acceptable public works.

From the date of its creation until Jan. 10, 1938, PWA has made allotments in the form of loans and grants, or of grants, of more than \$3,700,000,000 for a wide variety of purposes and projects of which some \$146,642,000, or slightly less than 4% of all allotments, has been made for electric power purposes. It is with these power allotments, the nature of these power projects, and the possibility of further loans and grants for power purposes that this discussion is primarily concerned.

As of Jan. 10, 1938, the latest date for which official PWA power data have been released, a total of 301 non-Federal power projects, located in every State in the Union with the exception of Massachusetts, New Mexico and Wyoming, and in some of the insular possessions, have received power allotments in the total amount of \$146,641,907. With the total cost of these projects estimated at \$188,608,907, it is evident that only \$41,966,288 of the total cost, or about 221/4%, is to be borne by the benefited communities. Of these allotments, totaling \$146,641,907, loans have amounted to \$80,- $320,\!307$, and grants to $\$66,\!321,\!600$, or 45.3% of total allotments. In the case of eight of the projects included in the foregoing totals, purposes other than power development or distribution are involved, but these collateral services and activities are so intertwined with those of power that a separation of costs cannot be accurately determined. These eight projects involve total allotments of \$92,721,000.

Of the 301 projects to which allotments have been made, 113 are concerned with the construction of new facilities and the allotments therefor total \$129,502,906, which amount includes the \$92,721,000 allotted for multiple purposes previously mentioned. Of the 113 new-facility projects, 80 are for generating plants, with or without distribution systems, their total allotments amounting to \$114,203,893 and their total estimated cost to \$133,640,453. Thirty-two of the new-facility projects are concerned solely with transmission and distribution with no generation involved, and their allotments

total \$15,200,833 as compared with a total estimated cost of \$19,750,156.

Additions to existing systems were responsible for the creation of 129 projects for which \$11,972,940 has been allotted against a total cost of \$27,838,186; 51 projects are concerned with electric facilities for institutions with allotments totaling \$2,212,366 and total cost \$3,987,377; and nine projects involve transmission lines alone with allotments of \$3,051,875 against a total cost of \$3,392,023.

The several States have by no means shared equally in the allotment of Federal funds for power projects financed by PWA, 14 States having received 94.4% of all the funds loaned or granted for this purpose. Nebraska, with 17 projects, has received \$52,212,472 in allotments, of which \$19,-930,672 has been in the form of grants. Oklahoma, with nine projects, has been allotted \$22,730,697, of which \$9,199,213 has been grants. Texas, with 18 projects, has been allotted \$16,302,308, of which \$5,199,003 has been grants. Tennessee, with 15 projects, has been allotted \$11,486,612, of which \$6,502,712 has been grants. South Carolina, with two projects, has been allotted \$8,852,000, of which only \$882,000 has been grants. And California, with eight projects, has been allotted \$8,004,795, of which \$6,439,795 has been grants. Altogether, the 14 States of Nebraska, Oklahoma, Texas, Tennessee, South Carolina, California, Washington, North Carolina, Ohio, Alabama, Michigan, Illinois, New York and Virginia, with a total of 148 projects, have been allotted \$138,371,960, of which \$60,522,250 has been in the form of grants, while the remaining 31 States-Massachusetts, New Mexico and Wyoming having received no allotments—plus Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, have received but \$8,270,047, or 5.6% of total allotments, of which \$5,799,350 was in the form of grants.

Nebraska, it will be noted, has received 35.6% of all the funds allotted by PWA for non-Federal power projects, Oklohamo 15.5%, Texas 11.1%, Tennessee 7.8%, South Carolina 6.0%, California 5.4%, and Washington 2.2%, while North Carolina, Ohio, Alabama, Michigan, Illinois, New York and Virginia have received between 1% and 2% each.

Not all of these projects were under construction as of Jan. 10 last, 61 projects having been in litigation until the unanimous decision of the United States Supreme Court on Jan. 3 dissolved their restricting injunctions and cleared the way for the transfer of funds and actual construction. In all, \$99,637,952 in allotments against a total estimated cost of \$146,917,808 were released, and of this allotment total, 63.35% was in the form of loans and the balance in grants. The major projects freed by this decision were the Imperial Irrigation District of California, for which a loan of \$1,518,000 and a grant of \$1,242,000 had been allotted; the Sutherland. Columbus and Tri-County projects in Nebraska, with \$30,663,000 in loans and \$18,298,000 in grants; the Sandusky, Ohio, project, with a loan of \$1,085,000 and a grant of \$430,000; the Greenwood County and Santee-Cooper projects in South Carolina, with combined loans of \$7,970,000 and grants of \$882,000; and the Tennessee cities of Chattanooga, Knoxville and Memphis, with combined loans of \$4,382,000 and grants of \$5,640,000. It is interesting to note in this connection that Memphis received no loan from PWA, preferring to borrow

the required funds in the open market, but it did receive an outright gift from PWA of \$3,092,000.

Bills now under consideration by the Congress would place an added \$1,450,000,000 in the hands of the PWA Administrator, of which \$1,000,000,000 would be available for loans and \$450,000,000 for grants. Furthermore, Administrator Harold L. Ickes is reported to have advised the House Appropriations Subcommittee recently that 2,714 approved projects are on file awaiting additional funds for allotment. An April 10 release by PWA lists 86 approved projects involving power development, or power transmission and distribution, or power transmission alone, as examined and recommended by examining divisions for 55% loans and 45% grants. Total allotments for these 86 projects would amount to \$69,869,035, consisting of \$32,-579,000 in loans and \$37,290,035 in grants, against a total estimated cost of \$123,938,533.

The major projects tabulated in this release are a grant of \$12,542,310 to San Francisco for an electric distribution system; a grant of \$1,127,000 to Jacksonville, Fla., for improvements to its municipal power system; a loan of \$10,259,000 and a grant of \$8,393,036 to Flint, Mich., for the creation of a municipal electric system; a loan of \$780,000 and a grant of \$638,182 to Meridian, Miss., for a municipal power system; a loan of \$563,000 and a grant of \$459,000 to Cambridge, Neb., for improvements to the municipal electric system; a loan of \$2,855,000 and a grant of \$2,335,000 to Columbus, Neb., for a municipal distribution system; a loan of \$3,300,000 and a grant of \$2,700,000 to Camden, N. J., for a municipal electric system; a loan of \$1,925,000 and a grant of \$1,575,000 to Albuquerque, N. Mex., for a combined water and power system; a grant of \$2,770,000 to San Antonio, Tex., for a municipal electric plant; a loan of \$963,000 and a grant of \$787,000 to Wichita Falls, Tex., for a municipal power system, and a loan of \$838,800 and a grant of \$682,200 to Wisconsin Rapids, Wis., for electric power development.

If and when these approved projects receive their full allotments, PWA will have advanced for power purposes alone a total of \$216,510,942 to 387 projects with a total estimated cost of \$312,546,728, or roughly 69.3% of such cost. These allotments will consist of \$112,899,307 in loans and \$103,611,635-47.6% of total allotments—in the form of grants. Although a complete list of applications to PWA is not available, many requests for Federal funds for power purposes are probably on file, and there is strong possibility that PWA's power loans and grants will be substantially higher than the indicated figures. So far, most of the PWA-financed power projects have shown a tendency to exceed original estimates of cost and require additional allotments to complete the undertakings. It might, therefore, be worth while to inquire into a few of the more important projects so far financed by PWA.

The three major public power projects in Nebraska—Sutherland, Columbus and Tri-County—have been financed wholly by PWA loans and grants, there having been no contributions by the benefited communities or territories. Furthermore, although the data on PWA allotments used herein is as of Jan. 10, 1938, PWA made a further loan of \$1,061,000 to the Sutherland project on Jan. 13,

thereby bringing the total allotments to the three projects to \$52,336,000 as of April 10. Of these allotments, \$32,997,000 has been in the form of loans and \$19,339,000 in the form of grants.

The Sutherland project was promoted by the business interests of central Nebraska, partly as a means of putting much-needed water on lands already prepared for irrigation, but also as a method of securing much-needed Federal funds to relieve distressed conditions in a region already weakened by the slump in agricultural prices and severe droughts. Primarily, the project was an irrigation undertaking with incidental power features, and when application was first made to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for funds, the cost of the project was set at \$4,805,000. PWA came into existence, however, before funds had been advanced by the RFC and, taking over this project, it not only revamped the scheme into a power project with incidental irrigation, but its first allotment consisted of a loan of \$6,000,000 and a grant of \$1,500,000—\$7,500,000 against an original cost estimate of \$4,805,000. Today, a total allotment of \$11,226,000 has been made to the Sutherland project -\$8,646,000 in loans and \$2,580,000 in grants—and the ultimate cost of the undertaking promises to exceed \$12,000,000.

The Columbus project, purely a power development with no irrigation features, was promoted by Columbus, Neb., interests solely as a vehicle for bringing Federal funds into that section to alleviate distress. This project, too, made application to the RFC for funds, the original estimate of cost being \$5,961,000, and this application was likewise transferred to PWA for action. The first allotment to the Columbus undertaking was a loan of \$6,300,000 and a grant of \$1,000,000, while the total allotments now amount to \$11,014,000—loans of \$7,798,000 and grants of \$3,216,000—against an original cost estimate of \$5,961,000.

The Tri-County project, a combined irrigation and electric power undertaking, was promoted largely by southern Nebraska interests and, until prohibited by the Nebraska Supreme Court, was preparing to irrigate a vast territory south of the Platte River Valley. However, when the court ruled that water from one river valley could not be diverted for the benefit of the valley of another stream, the lands to be irrigated by this undertaking were reduced to some 200,000 acres, all in the Platte watershed. No record is available of the original estimate of the cost of this project, but it has already received \$16,533,000 in loans and \$13,543,000 in grants, while the total cost of the undertaking is estimated at more than \$50,000,000.

To operate successfully, these three projects, whose ultimate cost is expected to exceed \$75,000,000, are faced with the necessity of finding an immediate market for the developed power, since their costs have been tremendously increased by the undue expansion of their power features. Otherwise, the cost of water to the irrigators must be advanced to a point where it will no longer be economically feasible to irrigate the arid and semi-arid lands in the districts. Unfortunately, all but the doubtful farm market for electricity is now amply served by the private and municipal plants of the State, and even the municipal electric systems have shown no disposition to give up their dependable steam gen-

eration for the doubtful power supplies of the hydrodistricts. Accordingly, it has been proposed that these projects buy all the private utilities in the State and form a State-wide grid—a little Tennessee Valley Authority or a little Ontario Hydro.

One small private utility has already come to terms with the projects for the sale of its property, which terms have been reputedly approved by the Federal Power Commission, while negotiations have been carried on for months looking to the acquisition of other small private systems in the State. However, over three-quarters of the electric power and light business in Nebraska is now conducted by the strong private utilities serving the Omaha and Lincoln territories—over half the electric energy consumed in Nabraska is used in the City of Omaha alone—and these utilities are now producing power at a fuel cost well under half the delivered cost of the energy generated by the projects. Yet, should these districts be successful in the plan to acquire all the private electric utilities in the State, a further investment of around \$100,000,000 is indicated, to be reputedly obtained through the sale of revenue bonds to the investing public.

Another instance of PWA power financing is that of the Lower Colorado River Authority, created by the Texas Legislature and approved Nov. 13, 1934. A flood-control, reclamation and power development undertaking, the Authority has so far received a loan of \$10,000,000 from PWA, secured by its 4% revenue bonds, and grants of \$14,500,000, either directly from PWA or indirectly through the Reclamation Service. The interest rate on the total funds received to date is equivalent to 1.68% per annum. The Authority proposes to opertae four power dams, the Buchanan-the old Hamiltondam, some 60 miles upstream from Austin; the Inks dam, further downstream; the Marshall's Ford dam, still closer to Austin, and the present Austin dam. The Buchanan and Inks dams have been completed with power plants of maximum combined rated capacity of 37,500 kw., the Mashall's Ford dam is under construction, and the capacity of the power plant at the present Austin dam, which has been leased from the city, is being increased. Under the terms of that lease, provision is made for serving the City of Austin with the produced power.

A vociferous minority and a political clique in Fort Worth have for years been agitating for a municipal power system in that community, the pressure having become particularly strong in the spring of 1934, but substantial rate reductions succeeded in temporarily quieting that outcry. Recently, however, agitation for municipal ownership has started anew. Under date of April 1, 1938, the Federal Power Commission issued a statement to the effect that the Mayor and City Manager of Fort Worth, and the officials of the Lower Colorado River Authority, had appealed to it to make a preliminary estimate of cost for a publicly-owned electric distribution system in Fort Worth, and a forecast of the power requirements of the city during the next decade.

The Acting Chairman of the Commission, according to the press release, had advised the City Manager that the Commission would undertake the work, beginning about April 10, and that the charges to the city would be the actual cost to the

Commission. It was contemplated the survey could be completed in not to exceed 60 days. "The proposed survey," the release states, "does not contemplate appraisal and valuation of the privately-owned electric facilities now serving the city, but an engineering estimate of the cost of constructing a new distribution system capable of serving the entire city at the present time and for some years in the future." The city has been negotiating with the Authority for power, and while no application for Federal funds has been reported as made to or approved by PWA, there is every reason to believe that should such an application be filed it would receive favorable consideration by PWA, particularly since it would have the blessing of a sister bureau.

This Fort Worth situation is illuminating, since not only are the funds of the taxpayers, among whom the electric utilities of the country bulk large, possibly to be used to compete with private capital in the generation and distribution of electric power, but the Federal Power Commission, likewise supported by the taxpayers, has seen fit to compete directly with the recognized engineering profession, and upon terms under which private engineers would find it impossible to exist.

A third important example of PWA's power financings are the cities of Chattanooga, Knoxville and Memphis, all in Tennessee, and the major cities of that State which have so far voted to publicly distribute TVA-generated energy. With this free-

spending Federal agency offering Tennessee communities the funds necessary to construct electric distribution systems on a basis of only 55% repayments, and with TVA conducting a vigorous campaign to induce the larger cities of the State to desert their present serving utilities for public power distribution, in which campaign they have offered these cities electric energy at far below the true cost of generation and transmission, it is in no way surprising that Chattanooga, Knoxville and Memphis should have accepted so generous an offer. As a result, Chattanooga, which supplies about one third of the operating revenues of the Tennessec Electric Power Co.; Knoxville, which supplies roughly 80% of the operating revenues of Tennessee Public Service Co., and Memphis, which supplies about 60% of the operating revenues of Memphis Power & Light Co., will be lost to the private utilities now serving them.

In the light of past experience, it would appear that any further appropriation of the taxpayers' funds to PWA can but have an adverse effect on the electric utilities of the country. Where isolated communities of small or medium size are allotted funds for the construction of publicly-owned generation and distribution facilities, the effect on large systems may be negligible. But where large communities which form the very heart of operating systems are weaned away from private operation, bankruptcy with its certain loss to investors would appear the probable result.

Gross and Net Earnings of the United States Railroads for the Month of March

Operating statistics of the railroads for the month of March continue to reflect the startling depredations made on carrier earnings by the current depression. In the tabulation of gross and net earnings which we now present the contrast with the similar month of last year is especially adverse, for the business improvement that started in 1935 culminated in March, 1937. The situation now faced by the transportation industry is not, however, merely a question of comparatively poor earnings. The absolute position of many carriers has become precarious, and the danger at length is being recognized of large additions to the insolvent mileage, which already takes in nearly one-third of the railroads of the country. It is well known, and quite sufficiently obvious, that some of the largest and ordinarily soundest rail systems in the United States cannot long witstand the drains of high operating costs in a time of business prostration such as now prevails. The national importance of the problem slowly is being realized, and widespread attention is being directed toward solutions.

Although the financial statistics of railroad operations for March make cheerless reading, it should be borne in mind that the figures may well be the prelude to a modest improvement. It was at the end of that month that the carriers began to place in effect the advances in freight rates permitted by the Interstate Commerce Commission. On the other hand, there is no indication as yet of business advance, and the inadequate rate increases cannot solve the real problem of the railroads. That problem is best reflected by gross earnings of the railroads of only \$282,571,467 in March against

\$376,997,753 in March of last year, a decrease of no less than \$94,426,288, or 25.04%. Only a small part of this heavy loss could be offset by operating economies, and net earnings for the month fell to \$54,102,703 against \$111,501,626 in March, 1937, a drop of \$57,398,923, or 51.48%. Every region and area of the country was affected by this extraordinary decline, which we now set forth in tabular form:

Month of March-	1938	1937	Inc. (+) or 1	Dec. (-)
Mileage of 136 roads	234,828	235,829	-1.001	0.42%
Gross earnings	\$282,571,467	\$376,997,755	-\$94,426,288	25.04%
	228,468,764	265,496,129	-37.027.365	13.95%
Ratio of expenses to earnings_	(80.85)	(70.42)		
		_		

Net earnings_____ \$54,102,703 \$111,501,626 —\$57,398,923 51.48% One really necessary and advisable step toward relief from this plight was initiated by the railroad executives on April 26, when employees were asked to accept a 15% cut in wages, effective July 1. The railroad brotherhoods announced they would resist the cut, but it seems inevitable that a wage reduction will take place. It now is clear that the wage increases granted last year constituted an arbitrary addition to operating costs at a most unfortunate time. Levels were raised by the wage increases over and above even the high scales prevalent in 1929. and \$135,000,000 was added to operating costs, on an annual basis, by such advances. The railroad managers now are seeking to remove that burden and also a little more of the crushing weight of costs occasioned by wages. Less pertinent are the legislative steps so far contemplated by Congress in response to the Presidential message on the railroads. These comprise such items as greater freedom of lending to the railroads by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, special loans for equipment purchases, payment of full rates on government traffic now favored under the land grant rates, and similar ameliorations. The program remains vague, as it is still in the discussion stage.

Weather conditions are not, as a rule, a great drawback to railroad operations in March (January and February being the bad winter months), but in the early part of March the present year Southern California was visited by a five-day rainstorm which reached a climax in a gigantic flood which swept through five counties and caused one of the worst railroad tieups in the history of the State. More than 170 persons were reported dead or missing; 10,000 persons were made homeless, and property losses were estimated at \$65,000,000.

Underlying the poor operating results for March was, of course, the business prostration. In order to indicate in a simplified form the measure of trade activity in relation to its bearing on the revenues of the railroads during the month under review we have brought together in the subjoined table the figures indicative of activity in the more important industries, together with those pertaining to grain, cotton and livestock receipts and revenue freight car loadings for the month of March, 1938, as compared with the corresponding month in 1937, 1936, 1932 and 1929. On examination it will be readily seen that the output of all the industries covered was on a greatly reduced scale as compared with March a year ago, the falling off in the case of steel production having been particularly severe, reaching (according to the figures compiled by the American Iron and Steel Institute) no less than 61%. It follows, too, that the number of cars of revenue freight moved by the railroads was much smaller than in March last year. Receipts of cotton at the Southern outports, however, were considerably larger, and the receipts of the different farm products, too-with the single exception of rye-ran much heavier than a year ago, due to the recent bountiful harvests.

March	1938	1937	1936	1932	1929
Automobiles (cars): Production (passenger cars, trucks, &c.)_a	221,951	494,121	420,922	119,344	585,455
Building (\$000): Constr. contr. awarded b	\$226,918	\$231,246	\$198,762	\$112,235	\$484,818
Coal (net tons):	20.000.000		04 505 000	00 050 000	40 000 000
Pa. anthracite_d	3,995,000	51,315,000 4,865,000	3,061,000	4,789,000	4,859,000
Freight Traffic:		0.000.100	0 415 145	0.000.00	-0 000 000
Car loadings, all (cars)_e Cotton receipts, South-	x2,222,864	x2,986,166	x2,415,147	x2,280,837	x3,837,736
ern ports (bales)_f	294,409	261,746	193,078	644,554	375,133
Livestock receipts g: Chicago (cars)	7,228	7,318	7,405	11,954	16,762
Kansas City (cars)	3.013				
Omaha (cars)	1.839				
Western flour and grain receipts h:					
Flour (000 barrels)	1,557	1,502	1,507	1,453	1,785
Wheat (000 bushels)	9,681		9,895		
Corn (000 bushels)	18,162	8,324			
Oats (000 bushels)	4,180				
Barley (000 bushels)	5,636				
Rye (000 bushels)	791	898	1,677	576	992
Iron & Steel (gross tons):				1	
Pig iron production_k_	1,452,487	3,459,473	2,040,311	967,235	3,714,473
Steel ingot production_1_	2,011,840	5,216,243	3,342,619	1,403,723	5,058,258
Lumber (000 cubic feet):	1.00			× 1	
Production_m		z1,162,855			z1,538,058
Shipments_m		z1,304,999			z1,642,197
Orders received_m	z951,821	z1,254,918	z1,181,869	z691,753	z1,713,863

Note-Figures in above table issued by:

Note—Figures in above table issued by:
a United States Bureau of the Census. b F. W. Dodge Corp. (figures for 37 States east of Rocky Mounrains). c National Bituminous Coal Commission.
d United States Bureau of Mines. e Association of American Railroads. f Compiled from private telegraphic reports. g Reported by major stock yard companies in each city. h New York Produce Exchange. k "Iron Age." | American Iron and Steel Institute. m National Lumber Manufacturers Association (number of reporting mills varies in the different years). x Four weeks. z Five weeks.

In view of the foregoing, it is no surprise to find that when the figures of earnings of the separate roads and systems are scrutinized that the lists of roads reporting losses in excess of \$100,000, in both

the case of the gross and of the net, are very long (totaling 81 in the former and 73 in the latter), and embrace roads and systems of all classes and in every part of the country. The decreases, too (both gross and net), are in numerous instances of large amount. Only one solitary road—the Florida East Coast—is able to show a gain in both gross and net earnings in excess of \$100,000, and in both cases the increase is very small. In the table which follows we show all changes for the separate roads and systems for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net:

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1938

	Increase		Decrease	
Florida East Coast	\$258.692	Denver & Rio Gr West	\$465,743	
	4200,002	Seaboard Air Line	456,073	
	Decrease ·	Det Toledo & Ironton	438,001	
Pennsylvania	11 787 912	Texas & Pacific	416,720	
New York Centrala	10 630 506	Central of Georgia	397,643	
Chesapeake & Ohio	5.517.488	C N O & Texas Pacific	391,095	
Baltimore & Ohio	5,362,376	Chic & East Illinois	385,320	
Southern Pacific (2 rds)	3,587,053	St Louis Southwestern.	384,590	
Norfolk & Western	3,549,343	Yazoo & Mississippi Vall	372,850	
Union Pacific	3,366,065	Milw St P & SS S M	341,466	
Louisville & Nashville	2,955,516	Western Pacific	334,757	
Atch Topeka & S Fe	2,526,098	Chic Ind & Louisville	285,823	
Erie (2 roads)	2,376,752	Long Island	256,563	
Southern	2,349,791	Chicago Great Western	241.542	
Illinois Central	1,996,960	Nash Chatt & St Louis	237,611	
Reading	1.977.313	Det & Tol Shore Line	237,026	
Missouri Pacific	1.860,665	Alton	235,255	
Chicago Burl & Quincy	1,712,293	Alton Maine Central	213,247	
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	1,517,656	Clinchfield	211,475	
Lehigh Valley	1.346.815	Central Vermont	211,285	
Chic Milw St P & Pac	1,336,836	Monongahela	203,666	
Pere Marquette	1.334.225	Atlantic Coast Line	201,619	
NYNH& Hartford	1,306,881	N O Texas & Mex (3 rds)	190,467	
Wabash	1,300,132	Pittsburgh & West Va	183,807	
Northern Pacific		Virginian	175,680	
Grand Trunk Western	1.199.402	Colo & Southern (2 rds)	167,343	
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	1.184.482	Northwestern Pacific	167,123	
N Y Chic & St Louis	1,179,974	Illinois Terminal	158,911	
Chicago & North Western	1.121.196	Alabama Great Southern		
Boston & Maine	1.062.964	Internat Great Northern	147,551	
Del Lack & Western	840,659	Chic St P M & O	141,137	
Great Northern	831.876	Chic & Illinois Midland	135,772	
Delaware & Hudson	808.073	Mobile & Ohio	131,049	
Wheeling & Lake Erie	772,014	Spokane Portl & Seattle.	125,076	
St Louis-San Fran (2 rds)	723,447	Montour	107,156	
Western Maryland	662,301	Denver & Salt Lake	106,576	
Bessemer & Lake Erie	634,486	Gulf Mobile & Northern.	105,257	
Chie R I & Pac (2 rds)	500,529			
Central of New Jersey	487,130			
Missouri-Kansas-Texas	469,925	Total (81 roads)	\$92,574,104	

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the ased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, incinnati Northern, and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. Including Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is a decrease of \$11,814,988.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1938

회에 있으는 그림, 그리아 없는 하나요?	Increase		Decrease
Florida East Coast		Western Maryland	\$373,267
Florida East Coast	Φ210,002	Western Pacific	372.759
	Таннапа	Delaware & Hudson	372,759 371,735
	Decrease		349,153
New York Centrala	\$6,334,923	Det Toledo & Ironton	245 262
Chesapeake & Ohio	4,257,717	Atlantic Coast Line	345,262 337,707
Pennsylvania	3,353,902	Bessemer & Lake Erie	331,707
Norfolk & Western	3,086,158	C N O & Texas Pacific	334,975
Baltimore & Ohio	2,998,954	Chicago & Eastern Ill	333,741
Southern Pacific (2 rds) -	2.399.787	Yazoo & Mississippi Vall	330,583
Atch Topeka & S Fe	2,044,260	M St P & S S M	305,551
Louisville & Nashville	1,961,378	Central of New Jersey	295,707
Erie (2 roads)	1.872.974	Virginian	290,672
Southern	1.589.174	Central of Georgia	269,471
Reading	1.407.736	Alton	262,763
Chic Burlington & Quincy	1.165.855	Texas & Pacific	209,514
Missouri Pacific	1.152,621	Clinchfield	206,870
Union Pacific	1.142.271	Det & Tol Shore Line	203,181.
N Y N H & Hartford	1.109.334		201,028
Grand Trunk Western.	978.817	Maine Central	182,737
	954,243	Colo & Southern (2 rds)	170,128
Pere Marquette	933,380	Northwestern Pacific	160,604
Illinois Central		Chic R I & Pac (2 rds)	153,142
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	933,369	Chic Ind & Louisville	149,567
N Y Chicago & St Louis.	881,649		145,339
Lenigh Valley	821,235		140,716
Boston & Maine	817,172	N O Texas & Mex (3 rds)	126,204
Chic Milw St P & Pac	815,799	St Louis Southwestern.	125,869
Northern Pacific	792,172	Monongaheia	124,760
Wabasn	738,920	Chic & Llinois Midland	
Chicago & North Western	660,653	Alabama Great Southern	124,479
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	438,678	Internat Great Northern	123,512
Wheeling & Lake Erie	434,881	Llinois Terminal	117,436
St Louis-San Fran (2rds)	430,538	Spokane Portl & Seattle	109,480
Seaboard Air Line	417,973	Nash Chatt & St Lcuis	106,884
Missouri-Kansas-Texas	412,012	74. 3	
Great Northern	400,533		
Del Lackawanna & West	396,185	Total (73 roads)	\$55,590,049

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, Cincinnati Northern, and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. Including Pittsburgh & Lake Erle, the result is a decrease of \$6,773,601.

When the roads are arranged in groups, or geographical divisions, according to their location, it is found, as would be expected from the enumeration of widespread losses above, that all the three great districts-the Eastern, the Southern and the Western—as well as all the different regions grouped under these districts, show decreases in both gross and net alike, these losses being particularly heavy in the case of the net earnings, and extending, as already said, to all the different regions and districts. In the case of the Great Lakes region, in the Eastern district, the loss in the net is no less than 63.11%, and in the case of the Pocahontas region, in the Southern district, 62.94%. Our summary by groups is as below. As previously explained, we group the roads to conform with the classification of the ICC. The boundaries of the different groups and regions are indicated in the footnote to the table:

SUMMARY BY GROUPS

		RY BY GR			
District and Region Month of March— Eastern District—		1938	1937	Inc. (+) or De	c. (—
New England region (10 roa Great Lakes region (24 road Central Eastern region (18 r	8) 51	2,291,759 1,763,703	15,400,082 75,069,486 79,679,699	-3,108,323 -23,305,783 -25,088,403	20.18 31.04 31.48
Total (52 roads)	118	3,646,758 1	70,149,267	-51,502,509	30.2
Southern District— Southern region (28 roads). Pocahontas region (4 roads)			52,070,474 24,813,098	-10,282,734 -9,322,595	19.74 37.5
Total (32 roads)	57	,278,243	76,883,572	-19,605,329	25.50
Western District— Northwestern region (15 ros Central Western region (16 Southwestern region (21 roa	roads) _ 51	,926,467	35,474,317 64,492,648 29,997,951	-5,653,364 -12,566,181 -5,098,905	15.93 19.48 16.99
Total (52 roads)	106	3,646,466 1	29,964,916	-23,318,450	17.9
Total all districts (136 ros	ds)28	2,571,467 3	76,997,755	-94,426,288	25.0
Month of March———M Eastern District———1938 New England region——6.97 Great Lakes region—26,34 Central East'n region—24,73	1937 2 6,982 4 26,532	1938 \$ 2,204,623 8,508,328 12,090,908	23,064,35	Inc. (+) or D 3 -2,499,350 6-14,556,028 3-11,405,825	ec.(— 53.1: 63.1: 48.5:
Total 58,05	58,315	22,803,859	51,265,06	2-28,461,203	55.4
Southern District— Southern region 38,68 Pocahontas region 6,03		10,265,906 4,545,937		3 —7,083,907 1 —7,723,104	40.83 62.94
Total 44,71	44,798	14,811,843	29,618,85	4-14,807,011	49.9
Western District— Northwestern region_ 45,88 Central West'n reg'n 56,75 Southwestern region_ 29,41	57,103	3,512,787 7,708,088 5,266,126	15,222,18	7 —3,377,530 1 —7,514,093 2 —3,239,086	49.0 49.36 38.08
Total132,05	3 132,716	16,487,001	30,617,71	0-14,130,709	46.1
Total all districts_234,82	925 920	54,102,703	111 501 00		51.48

NOTE—Our grouping of the roads conforms to the classification of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the following indicates the confines of the different groups and regions:

EASTERN DISTRICT

New England Region-Comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region—Comprises the section on the Canadian boundary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region—Comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region east of a line from Chicago through Peorla to St. Louis and the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg, W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomac River to its mouth.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT

Southern Region—Comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic.

Pocahontas Region—Comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth.

WESTERN DISTRICT

Northwestern Region—Comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes Region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland, and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region—Comprises the section south of the Northwestern Region west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Southwestern Region—Comprises the section lying between the Mississippi River south of St. Louis and a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso, and by the Rio Grande to the Gulf of Mexico.

Western roads, taking them collectively, had the advantage of a very much larger grain traffic in March the present year than in the month a year ago, although it by no means equaled that of 1936, which was the largest for the month since 1931. With the single exception of rye, the receipts of which were considerably smaller than last year, all the different cereals, in greater or less degree, helped swell the receipts, the increase in the case of corn having been particularly pronounced. Altogether, the receipts of the five items, wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, at the Western primary markets for the four weeks ended March 26 aggregated 38,450,000 bushels as against 22,893,000 bushels in the same four weeks of 1937, but comparing with 45,590,000 bushels in 1936; 30,714,000 in 1932, and with 56,752,000 bushels in the corresponding weeks of 1929. In the subjoined table we give the details of the Western grain movement in our usual form:

	WESTER	N GRAIN	AND FLO	UR RECE	IPTS		
4 Weeks End. March 26	Flour (Barrels)	Wheat (Bushels)	Corn (Bushels)	Oats (Bushels)	Barley (Bushels)	Rye (Bushels)	
Chicago— 1938 1937	772,000 797,000	902,000 443,000	5,928,000 1,856,000	1,161,000 377,000	952,000 614,000	155,000 229,000	
Minneapolis— 1938 1937		1,808,000 1,493,000	1,319,000 327,000	414,000 104,000	2,015,000 1,187,000	272,000 253,000	
Duluth— 1938 1937		605,000 375,000	2,191,000	232,000 11,000	717,000 76,000	158,000 107,000	
Milwaukee— 1938 1937	70,000 57,000	30,000 8,000	456,000 407,000	30,000 67,000	1,593,000 694,000	50,000 54,000	
1938 1937		414,000 615,000	508,000 145,000	320,000 430,000	2,000 1,000	3,000 19,000	
Detroit— 1938 1937			*****				
Indianapolis & 6 1938 1937	Omaha—	817,000 638,000	2,257,000 1,796,000	960,000 1,184,000	4,000	24,000 71,000	
St. Louis— 1938 1937	472,000 430,000	864,000 686,000	2,820,000 1,725,000	442,000 810,000	142,000 111,000	50,000 22,000	
Peorta— 1938 1937	189,000 168,000	119,000 117,000	1,612,000 982,000	303,000 122,000	180,000 267,000	71,000 140,000	
1938 1937	54,000 50,000	3,195,000 2,251,000	626,000 812,000	132,000 206,000		:::: :	
St. Joseph— 1938 1937	=====	150,000 92,000	205,000 134,000	171,000 108,000	·		
Wichtta— 1938 1937 Stoux City—		741,000 433,000	3,000 3,000	2,000	. ::::::		
1938 1937		36,000 57,000	237,000 137,000	15,000 82,000	31,000 10,000	8,000 3,000	
Total all— 1938 1937	1,557,000 1,502,000	9,681,000 7,208,000	18,162,000 8,324,000	4,180,000 3,503,000	5,636,000 2,960,000	791,000 898,000	
3 Mos. End. March 26	Flour (Barrels)	Wheat (Bushels)	Corn (Bushels)	Oats (Bushels)	Barley (Bushels)	Rye (Bushels)	
1938 1937	2,359,000 2,810,000	2,181,000 1,401,000	16,496,000 8,848,000	3,485,000 2,034,000	2,867,000 2,105,000	718,000 492,000	
Minneapolis— 1938 1937		5,559,000 5,733,000	5,894,000 779,000	1,592,000 410,000	8,278,000 3,614,000	1,040,000 862,000	
Duluth— 1938 1937		1,995,000 720,000	5,761,000 3,000	968,000 26,000	2,116,000 405,000	516,000 383,000	
 Milwaukee— 1938 1937	215,000 182,000	37,000 18,000	678,000 1,405,000	98,000 126,000	6,435,000 3,347,000	305,000 189,000	
Toledo— 1938 1937		1,116,000 1,184,000	1,773,000 580,000	758,000 1,616,000	9,000 6,000	31,000 71,000	
1938 1937		47,000	2,000	40,000	64,000	48,000	
Indianapolis & C 1938 1937 St. Louis-	mana—	2,588,000 1,817,000	9,893,000 6,850,000	3,185,000 3,599,000	5,000	81,000 184,000	
1938 1937	1,359,000 1,537,000	2,622,000 2,389,000	16,194,000 6,940,000	1,374,000 2,423,000	363,000 541,000	82,000 53,000	
1938 1937 Kansas City—	557,000 553,000	333,000 336,000	5,963,000 3,555,000	855,000 432,000	839,000 900,000	254,000 533,000	
1938 1937 St. Joseph—	149,000 178,000	9,188,000 6,983,000	3,903,000 2,993,000	480,000 472,000			
1938 1937		518,000 313,000	904,000 355,000	504,000 735,000			
1938 1937 Sioux City—		2,547,000 1,596,000	35,000 34,000	2,000 24,000	====		
Neous Cuy			1 051 000	70.000	04.000	FO 000	
1938 1937		85,000 219,000	1,051,000 517,000	70,000 244,000	94,000 26,000	52,000 7,000	

Regarding the cotton traffic over Southern roads, this was considerably larger than in March, 1937, so far as the port receipts of cotton are concerned, but fell far below last year's movement in the case of overland shipments of the staple. It is proper to state, however, that the overland movement of cotton last year was the largest recorded for March in all recent years. Gross shipments overland in March the present year were only 153,749 bales against 189,912 bales in March, 1937, but comparing with only 92,310 bales in 1936; 43,122 in 1932, and 80,093 bales in March, 1929. Details of the port movement of the staple for the last three years are set out in the table which follows:

1938....... 4,639,000 28,769,000 68,545,000 13,371,000 21,006,000 3,079,000 1937...... 5,260,000 22,756,000 32,861,000 12,181,000 11,008,000 2,822,000

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PO

	Mo	Month of March			Since Jan. 1		
Ports	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936	
Galveston	69,302	45,502	44,535	333,520	145,208	199,699	
Houston, &c	51.713	33,345	51,455	328,287	110,729	288,127	
Corpus Christi	7.667	1.106	3.908	12,264	3,734	11,827	
Beaumont	662	0.00		2,312	11,065	6,783	
New Orleans	135.910	130,398	70.528	443,147	424,815	275,565	
Mobile	12,154	29,894	6.115	32,894	66,032	35,240	
Pensacola	787		5.042	1,522	350	6,957	
Savannah	3.274	8.215	4,603	7,940	23,309	16,220	
Charleston	4,290	5.724	4.281	16,090	14,795	13,71	
Lake Charles	847	1,102	105	4,553	2,173	653	
Wilmington	4.584	3,329	287	16,310	7,243	3,670	
Norfolk	3,219	3,111	2,208	13,298	11,596	6,639	
Jacksonville	1111	20	11	118	35	15	
Total	294.409	261,746	193.078	1,212,255	821,084	865,250	

In the following we furnish a summary of the March comparisons of the gross and net earnings of the railroads of the country for each year back to and including 1909:

		Gross Earnings				
Month of March	Year Given	Year Preceding	Inc. (+) or	Per Given	Year Preced'g	Year
1909	\$205,700,013	\$183.509.935	+\$22,190,078	+12.09	223,563	220,421
1910	238,725,772	205,838,832	+32,887,440	+15.98	230,263	226,965
1911	227,564,915	238,829,705	-11.264,790	-4.72	237,735	234,258
1912	237.564.332	224,608,654	+12,955,678	+5.77	238,218	234,692
1913	249,230,551	238,634,712	+10,595,839	+4.44	240,510	237,295
1914	250,174,257	249,514,091	+660,166	+0.26	245,200	243,184
1915	238,157,881	253,352,099	-15,194,218	-6.00	246.848	243,598
1916		238,098,843	+58,731,563	+24.67	247,363	246,548
1917		294,068,345	+27,249,215	+9.27	248,185	247,317
1918		312,276,881	+50,484,357	+16.16	230,336	228,835
1919				+2.92	226,086	225,631
1920	408,582,467	347,090,277	+61.492.190	+17.72	213,434	212,770
1921	456.978.940			-0.32	234.832	233,839
1922	473,433,886		+16,059,426	+3.51	234.986	234,202
1923				+12.62	235,424	235,470
1924	504.016.114		-30,618,340	-5.73	235,715	236,520
1925		504,362,976	-18.864.833	-3.74	236,559	236,048
1926				+9.00	236,774	236,500
1927				+0.08	237,804	236,948
1928			-26,410,659	-4.98		238,729
1929				+2.15	241.115	240,427
1930			-64,595,796	-12.50	242,325	241,964
1931				-16.95	242,566	242,421
1932			-85,983,406	-22.89	241,996	241,974
1933			-69,022,941	-23.89	240.911	241,489
1934				+34.44	239,228	241,194
1935				-4.20		239,246
1936				+9.75	237,054	238,226
1937				+22.53	236.158	236,607
1938						

Month	Net Earnings							
Month of March	Year Given	Year Preceding	Increase (+) or Decrease (-)	Pe t Cent				
1909	\$69,613,713	\$55,309,871	+\$14,303,842	+25.86				
1910	78,322,811	69.658.705	+8,664,106	+12.44				
1911	69,209,357	78.357,486	-9,048,129	-11.67				
1912	69,038,987	68,190,493	+848,494	+1.24				
1913	64,893,146	69.168,291	-4,275,145	-6.18				
1914	67,993,951	64,889,423	+3,104,528	+4.78				
1915	68,452,432	67,452,082	+1,000,350	+1.48				
1916	97.771.590	68,392,963	+29,378,627	+42.96				
1917	88,807,466	96,718,706	—7,911,240	-8.18				
1918	82.561.336	87,309,806	-4,748,470	-5.44				
1919	29,596,482	82,011,451	-52,414,969	-63.91				
1920	40.872,775	27,202,867	+13,669,908	+50.26				
1921	58,538,958	39,882,602	+18,656,316	+46.78				
1922	113,468,843	58,831,644	+54,637,199	+92.87				
1923	117,117,122	113,697,798	+3,419,324	+3.01				
1924	114,754,514	117,668,590	-2,914,076	-2.47				
1925	109,230,086	114,677,751	-5,447,665	-4.74				
1926	133,642,754	109,081,102	+24,561652	+22.52				
1927	135,691,649	134,064,291	+1,627,358	+1.21				
1928	131,840,275	135,874,542	-4,034,267	-2.96				
1929	139,639,086	132,122,686	+7,516,400	+5.69				
1930	101,494,027	139,756,091	-38,262,064	-27.38				
1931	84,648,242	101,541,509	-16,893,267	-16.64				
1932	67,670,702	84,706,410	-17,035,708	-20.11				
1933	43,100,029	68,356,042	-25,256,013	-36.95				
1934	83,939,285	42,447,013	+41,492,272	+97.75				
1935		83,942,886	-16,283,565	-19.40				
1936		68,205,090	+3,506,818	+5.14				
1937	111,515,431	71,708,880	+39,806,551	+55.51				
1938	54,102,703	111,501,626	1 -57,398,923	-51.48				

New Capital Issues in Great Britain

The following statistics have been compiled by the Midland Bank Limited. These compilations of issues of new capital, which are subject to revision, exclude all borrowings by the British Government for purely financial purposes; shares issued to vendors; allotments arising from the capitalization of reserve funds and undivided profits; sales of already issued securities which add nothing to the capital resources of the company whose securities have been offered; issues for conversion or redemption of securities previously held in the United Kingdom; short-dated bills sold in anticipation of long-term borrowings; and loans of municipal and county authorities which are not specifically limited. In all cases the figures are based upon the prices of issue.

SUMMARY TABLE OF NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM [Compiled by the Midland Bank Limited]

	Month of April	4 Months to April 30	Year to April 30
1929	£34,767,000	£149,014,000	1389,565,000
1930	21,271,000	90,735,000	195,470,000
1931	1.687,000	47,073,000	192,497,000
1932	18.013.000	45,008,000	86,601,000
1933	8.248,000	37,173,000	105,204,000
1934	9,590,000	34,533,000	130,229,000
1935	4.108.000	45,707,000	161.364,000
	10.456,000	71.068,000	208.185.000
1936	11,947,000	61,491,000	207,644,000
1937	5,039,000	38,144,000	147,559,000

NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM BY MONTHS [Compiled by the Midland Bank Limited]

	1935	1936	1937	1938
January	£16.592,347	£33,963,149	£27,614,265	£7,464,872
February	12,620,080	19,687,120	10,671,858	19,248,438
March	12,386,235	6,961,500	11,257,125	6,391,772
Alexander De Ti	4,108,238	10,456,037	11,947,382	5,038,715
3 months	45,706,900	71,067,806	61,490,630	38,143,797
April May	£19.727.811	£19,505,122	£11,410,592	
June	20,610,166	18,410,698	24,514,648	
July	53,909,166	24.402.925	20,305,459	
August	6.682,428	6.194.413	7,141,184	
September	7.719,440	9.546.101	1,963,697	
October	4,706,804	26.943.859	13,855,183	
November	12,543,554	20,939,125	12,400,174	
December	11,217,941	20,211,176	17,824,624	
Year	£182,824,210	£217,221,225	£170,906,191	

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM BY MONTHS [Compiled by the Midland Bank Limited]

	United Kingdom	India and Ceylon	Other Brit. Countries	Foreign Countries	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
1936-January	33,019,000	194,000	751,000		33,963,000
February	18,502,000	A	964,000	221,000	19,687,000
March	6,877,000			84,000	6,961,000
April	8,795,000	232,000	1,356,000	73,000	10,456,000
4 months	67,193,000	426,000	3,071,000	377,000	71,068,000
	17,196,000	27,000	2,014,000	268,000	19,505,000
May	15,344,000	27,000	2.939.000	128,000	18,411,000
June	20,712,000		3,537,000	153,000	24,403,000
July		CAN DETAILS THE SEC	1,770,000	78,000	6.194,000
August	4,346,000		1.528,000	78,000	9.546,000
September	8,018,000	451.000	3,763,000		26.944.000
October	22,730,000			568,000	20,939,000
November	18,271,000				20,333,000
December	16,997,000	155,000	1,572,000	1,487,000	20,211,000
Year	190,808,000	1,090,000	22,264,000	3,060,000	217,221,000
1937-January	24,802,000	J. A. Berne	2,405,000	407,000	27,614,000
February		31,000		17,000	10,672,000
March	9,756,000				11,257,000
April	7,135,000		4 800 000	20,000	11,947,000
4 months	49,736,000	65,000	11,245,000	445,000	61,491,000
	0.010.000	1,000,000	2.097,000		11,411,000
Мау	8,313,000			678,000	24,515,000
June	22,611,000			1.125.000	20,305,000
July	14,558,000		586,000	53,000	
August	6,503,000		96,000	00,000	1,964,000
September	1,867,000			2,000	13,855,000
October	13,141,000			13,000	12,400,000
November	11,372,000		1,015,000	4,885,000	17.825.000
December	10,667,000	30 mm	2,273,000	4,885,000	17,020,000
Year	138,768,000	1,634,000	23,304,000	7,200,000	170,906,000
1938—January	6.520,000		945,000		7,465,000
February	13,847,000		4 000 000		19,248,000
March	6.305.000				6.392,000
April	4.728.000		044.000		5,039,000
4 months	31,400,000)	4,342,000	1 2,402,000	38,144,000

The Course of the Bond Market

The rally in bonds has continued this week, resulting in gains for almost all groups. New highs for the year have again been recorded by lower-grade utilities, while lowergrade rails advanced vigorously. The average of 30 Aaa bonds now stands midway between the year's high and low, whereas United States Governments this week have recorded a new high point since Jan. 1.

Displaying a firmer undertone, high-grade railroad bonds have improved. Atchison gen. 4s, 1995, advanced 2 to 106%; Chicago Burlington & Quincy, Ill. Div. 4s, 1949, gained 1/4 at 100%; Oregon Short Line 5s, 1946, were ½ point higher Medium-grade and speculative railroad bonds at 1131/2. have been characterized in many cases by vigorous price recoveries. Alleghany 5s, 1944, advanced 75% to 69%; Southern Pacific 4½s, 1981, gained % point at 44; New York Central 3%s, 1946, were up 21/4 at 68. Defaulted railroad bonds have registered gains.

High-grade utilities have been firm, with certain individual issues at new highs for the year. Brooklyn Edison 34s, 1966, at 105% were up 4; Cleveland Electric Illuminating 34s, 1965, gained % at 112; Consolidated Gas of Baltimore 31/4s, 1971, advanced 1 to 1071/2. Lower grades have fluctuated within a narrow range, but issues influenced by the Tennessee Valley Authority have been strong on reports of favorable developments. Tennessee Elec. Pr. 5s, 1956, advanced 1 to 86; Mississippi Pr. & Lt. 5s, 1957, gained 3 at 87; Kentucky Utilities 5s, 1969, rose 1 to 811/2. Registration of new utility issues indicates a fairly large

volume of new financing in coming weeks.

A moderately rising trend has been evident among industrial bonds this week. In the steel group, Inland Steel 3%s, 1961, have risen % to 107%, while Otis Steel 4%s, 1962, gained 1 at 71. Oils have held up well, Tidewater Associated 31/2s, 1952, advancing 11/4 to 1033/4. In the building group, the principal advance has been made by Certain-teed Products 51/2s, 1948, with a rise of 21/3 to 611/3.

Outstanding in the paper group has been the rise of $2\frac{1}{2}$ points to $90\frac{1}{2}$ in International Paper 5s, 1947. Remington Rand $4\frac{1}{4}$ s, 1956 (w. w.), have continued their rise of last week with a gain of 2 to $97\frac{1}{2}$.

In the foreign list, Argentine obligations have continued to show improvement, while other South American issues have remained quiet. Brazilians have not been visibly affected by the attempted coup. In the European section, a slight recession has been noticeable in almost all issues except for some strength in French and Belgian bonds, and further gains by Rumanian 7s and Siemens & Halske 6½s. Japanese receded further.

Moody's computed bond prices and bond yield averages are given in the following tables:

MOODY'S BOND YIELD AVERAGES (REVISED) †
(Based on Individual Closing Prices)

MOOD	Y'S BOND PRICES (REVISED) †	
	(Based on Average Yselds)		
411 120	120 Domestic Cornorate *	120	Domass

1938 Dady	U. S. Govi. Bonds	All 120 Domes-	120		c Corpor	ate *		O Domes		1938	All 120 Domes-	120	Domestic by Ro		ue *		20 Dome:		30
Averages	Donas	Corp.*	Aaa	Aa	_ A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	A perages	Corp.	Aaa	Aa	. A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	For-
May 13	111.82	92,28	114.09	104.48	92.90	67.97	72.00	102.12	109.24	May 13	4.47	3.26	3.75	4.43	6.42	6.03	3.88	3.50	
12	111.85	92.43	113.89	104,48	92,90	68.37	72.43	102.12	109.05	12	4.46	3.27	3.75	4.43	6.38	5.99	3.88	3.51	
	111.76	92.43	113.89	104.48	92.59	68.37	72.54	101,94	109.05	11	4.46	3.27	3.75	4.45	6.38	5,98	3.89	3.51	
10	111.76	91.97	113.68	104.30	92.59	67.58	71.68	101.94	109.05	10	4.49	3.28	3.76	4.45	6.46	6.06	3.89	3.51	
9	111.73	91.97	113.68	104.30	92.43	67.58	71.68	101.94	108.85	9	4.49	3.28	3.76	4.46	6.46	6.06	3.89	3.52	
7	111,58	91.51	113.48	104,11	92,12	66.99	70.94	101.76	108.85	7	4.52	3.29	3.77	4.48	6.52	6.13	3.90	3.52	
" U 6	111.54	91.20	113.48	103,74	91.66	66.51	70.20	101.76	108.85	6	4.54	3.29	3.79	4.51	6.57	6.20	3.90	3.52	
5	111.68	90.44	113.48	103.74	91.35	64.82	68.97	101.23	108.66	5	4.59	3.29	3.79	4.53	6.75	6.32	3.93	3.53	
4	111.77	89.99	113.48	103.56	90.90	64.27	68.57	100.88	108.46	4	4.62	3.29	3.80	4.56	6.81	6.36	3.95	3.54	
3	111.73	89.69	113.48	103.20	90.59	63.91	68.07	100.53	108.46	3	4.64	3,29	3.82	4.58	6.85	6.41	3.97	3.54	
	111,72	89.55	113.07	103.20	90,59	63.73	68.17	100.35	108.27	2	4.65	3.31	3.82	4.58	6.87	6.40	3.98	3.55	
Weekly-		00.00			1				1	Weekly-					2. 4			1.8	10
Apr. 29	111.42	89.69	113.27	103.02	90.44	63.91	68.17	100.35	108.27	Apr. 29	4.64	3.30	3.83	4.59	6.85	6.40	3.98	3.55	
22	111,48	89.10	113.07	102,12	89.55	63.64	67.58	99.48	108.08	22	4.68	3.31	3.88	4.65	6.88	6.46	4.03	3.56	
14	110.08	87.35	111.64	100.53	87.78	61.98	66.22	97.78	106.17	14	4.80	3.38	3.97	4.77	7.07	6.60	4.13	3.66	
8	109.69	87.49	111.84	100.18	87.93	62.15	67.38	96.94	105.04	8	4.79	3.37	3.99	4.76	7.05	6.48	4.18	3.72	
1	109.58	85.24	111.64	98.97	86.07	58.70	63,73	96.11	104.30	1	4.95	3.38	4.06	4.89	7.47	6.87	4.23	3.76	
Mar.25	110.34	88.51	113.07	163.56	89 55	61 47	6 58	9× 45	106 73	Mar.25	4.72	3.31	3.80	4.65	7.13	6.46	4.09	3 63	
18	109 97		113.89	103.93	90.44	63.64	69.48	99.14	107 88	18	4 63	3.27	3 78	4.59	6.88	6 27	4.05	3 57	
11	110.57		114.51	105.98	92.75	u5.56	72.98	99 48	108.46	11	4 51	3 24	3.67	4.44	6.67	5.94	4.03	3.54	
4	110.70	94.01	14.93	106 54	94.49	69.58	71.60	100.00	108.46	4	4 36	3.22	3.64	4.33	6.26	5.54	4.00	3.54	
Feb. 25	110,50	94.49	115.14	106.92	94.81	70.62	79.20	99.48	108.46	Feb. 25	4.33	3.21	3.62	4.31	6.16	5.41	4.03	3.54	
	110.21		114.93	107.73	94.01	69.58	78.20	98.80	108.08	18	4.37	3.22	3.63	4.36	6.26	5.49	4.07	3.56	1
11	110.18		115.14	106.54	93.69	68.87	77.96	98.62	107.69	11	4.39	3.21	3.64	4.38	6.33	5.51	4.08	3.58	
4	110.16	92.28	113.89	105.79	92.28	67.68	75.70	98.45	106.92	4	4.47	3.27	3.68	4.47	6.45	5.70	4.09	3.62	
Jan. 28	110.07		114.09	105.04	92.59	66.41	73.99	98.62	107.69	Jan. 28	4.50	3.26	3.72	4.45	6.58	5.85	4.08	3.58	
	110.52		115.35	106.73	94.81	69.99	77.84	100.18	109.05	21	4.34	3.20	3.63	4.31	6.22	5.52	3.99	3.51	
14	110.15		116.00	107.69	95.62	72.32	80.84	100.53	109.24	14	4.25	3.17	3.58	4.26	6.00	5.28	3.97	3.50	
	109.97		115.78	107.88	95.46	72.00	81.35	99.83	108.46	7	4.26	3.18	3.57	4.27	6.03	5.24	4.02	3.54	
High 1938			116.00	108.27	95,95	72.65	82.13	102.12	109.24	High 1938	4.95	3 38	4.06	4.89	7.54	6.87	4.23	3.76	
Low 1938	109.58	85.24	111.64	98.97	86.07	58.15	63.73	96.11	104.30	Low 1938	4 24	3 17	3.55	4.24	5.97	5.18	3 88	3 50	
1 Yr. Ago										1 Yr. Ago			1. 7. 5.		7.7				
May 13'37	108.04	101.23	112.25	109.44	100.00	86.50	95.29	101.06	108.27	May 13'37	3.93	3.35	3.49	4.00	4.86	4.28	3.94	3.55	14 442
2 Yrs.Ago					No. of the last	* Y **				2 Y78.Ago								3.00	
May 13'36	109.87	100.53	113.48	1108.66	98.11	84.83	93.37	100.88	108.08	May 13'36	3.97	3.29	3.53	4.11	4.95	4.40	3.95	3.56	

^{*} These prices are computed from average yields on the basis of one "typical" bond (4% coupon, maturing in 30 years), and do not purport to show either the average level or the average movement of actual price quotations. They merely serve to illustrate in a more comprehensive way the relative levels and the relative movement of yield averages, the latter being the truer picture of the bond market. x Discontinued. † The latest complete list of bonds used in computing these indexes was published in the issue of April 23, 1938, page 2594.

The Business Man's Bookshelf

Seven Kinds of Inflation, and What to Do About Them

By Richard Dana Skinner. 273 pages. New York: Whittlesey House. \$2.50

The seven types of inflationary forces which Mr. Skinner considers fall into two groups. One, which he calls absolute, comprises those which increase the market value of bonds and notes, those that raise short-term interest rates, those that increase the market value of common stocks and property titles, and those that raise general prices and living costs. The other, which he calls relative, includes the growth of total debt in comparison with wealth, of interest rates in comparison with income, and of living costs in comparison with income. Each of these types is examined with reference to its nature, origin and course and the ways in which one type can be discriminated or compared with others. The main purpose of the book is to enable laymen to weigh the contentions of pessimists and optimists, and to warn against inflation "scares" where inflation does not exist.

rontentions of pessimists and optimists, and to warn against inflation "scares" where inflation does not exist.

For the measurement of the various forms of inflation the author specially commends the weekly reports of the Federal Reserve Board. The banks, he maintains, are "the most intimate and accurate registers we have of the economic condition of the American people, of the 'psychology' of the people, of the probable trend of business (to appear months later in corporation reports), of the actions of men with their money rather than of money upon men." The use and limitations of index figures are also explained. Each of the seven types of inflation receives a chapter, with an appended "arithmetic" of the situation for those who wish to go more deeply into the technical details of the subject. The author's explanations are notably clear when the inherent difficulties of the subject are considered, and tend to bear out his belief that "a daily newspaper and a little simple arithmetic" are all that the layman needs "to determine the truth for himself." It is obvious, however, that the layman must be intelligent and willing to devote more than passing attention to the subject.

layman must be intelligent and willing to devote more than passing attention to the subject.

One of the striking chapters of the book is concerned with the question of debt. The author traces rapidly, as a form of relative inflation, "the outlines of growing 'creditor dominance' in our national affairs, and the instinctive appeal of the masses of ordinary individuals to government for protection against that dominance." He emphasizes the fact that "every one of us must pay and does pay his proportionate share of the entire aggregate indebtedness of the country." The so-called "emergency" of 1932 and 1933 appears to him as "a struggle of gigantic proportions between the two conflicting principles of ownership capitalism and creditor-

ship capitalism." It was not, in the usual sense, a class war, but "an instinctive massing of great groups according to their function in our economic divided house" and perhaps a portent of "future economic earthquakes." The problem, the author concludes, is not that of steering a middle course between capitalism and communism, but of finding "a way in which the basis of ownership capitalism can be strengthened, brought to a far higher sense of integrity, and held to the full exercise of the moral responsibility that is an integral part of the very idea of ownership." In support of the argument for minimizing the importance of the debt system, a later passage notes that most of the aviation industry in this country and the larger part of British industry have been financed through sales of common stocks rather than by bond issues. The argument is further elaborated in appendices which discuss a possible technique of non-debt banking and trustee investments under equity financing. The bearing of the debt factor upon the general subject of inflation appears in the author's contention that over-extension of ownership is "one of the real and deepest meanings of inflation." The greatest inflation, probably, in our history was reached, he thinks, in 1932, and "from 1932 to early 1937 we were in the course of a deflation that perhaps rescued the whole principle of private ownership from imminent collapse."

Current Economic Delusions and Their Probable Future Effects

By E. C. Harwood. Including articles by Rufus S. Tucker and Henry H. Villard. 112 pages. Cambridge, Mass.: American Institute for Economic Research. \$1.00

Institute for Economic Research. \$1.00

The "current economic delusions" which this pamphlet examines are (1) "that all economists are fools," (2) "that gold has not been a good servant," (3) "that devaluation will double prices," (4) "that prices should behave," (5) "that the competitive system has failed," (6) "that all speculation is evil," (7) "that we save too much," (8) "the purchasing power fallacy," and (9) "that inflation can be closely controlled." The "probable future effects" include uncertainty about the ability to obtain and use the wisdom of economists for the public good as long as politics dominates the executive and legislative branches of the government; continued economic uncertainty and instability due to difficulty in returning to the gold standard; a continuing trend away from the competitive system and toward Socialism; disastrous deficits, and uncontrollable inflation if pump-priming, lavish expenditure and increasing taxation persist.

The contributions by Messrs. Tucker and Villard comprise, for the former, an article on "The Essential Historical Facts About 'Sensitive' and 'Administered' Prices," reprinted from "The Annalist," and, for the latter, extracts from an article in the "American Economic Review" offering some searching in the "Economic Review" offering some searching that the search of the search criticisms of estimates of savings and investments found in several publications of the Brookings Institution.

Statistical Year Book of International Tin Research and Development Council

1938 Edition. 206 pages. \$1.50. New York Office: 149 Broadway

The 1938 edition of the Statistical Year Book of the International Tin Research and Development Council, compiled by the Council's statistical office at The Hague, has just appeared. With the help of this Year Book we may follow the progress of tin mining in any part of the world from the beginning of the industry until the present time. British Malaya, for example, has increased its mine output. British Malaya, for example, has increased its mine output from about 7,000 tons in 1870 to a record of 77,542 tons in 1937. The Cornish industry, on the other hand, produced over 10,000 tons in 1870, but less than 2,000 tons in 1937. The book also contains a complete history in figures of the International Tin Control scheme.

Among the new features in this year's edition is a chart arranged in the style of a genealogical table, by measn of which tin may be traced from the form in which it leaves the smelter through all the processes to which it is subjected, to the numerous applications in which it is finally used. The Year Book gives statistics for all the industries which represent the state of the The Year Book gives statistics for all the industries which consume tin, including tinplate and canning, solder, bearing metals, bronze, collapsible tubes, tinfoil and pewter. It is estimated that the world now uses 65,000 tons of tin annually for tinplate manufacture, 30,000 tons for solder, 12,000 to 15,000 tons for bearing alloys, 10,000 to 12,000 tons for collapsible tubes, 9,000 to 11,000 tons for bronze, 5,000 to 6,000 tons for tinfoil and 2,000 tons for pewter. The quantity of tin used for foil is considerably smaller than the amount so used ten years ago, but in most other industries, particularly in tinplate and canning, the consumption of tin is increasing.

The Year Book is illustrated by a large number of graphs,

of tin is increasing.

The Year Book is illustrated by a large number of graphs, one of which represents the annual average price of tin over a period of nearly 70 years, and clearly shows variations analogous to trade cycles, with a general trend upwards. Those interested in the development of foreign markets will find comprehensive statistics of international trade in tin and all its products, the quantities imported and exported by each country being given in full detail by origin and destination.

Indications of Business Activity

THE STATE OF TRADE—COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, May 13, 1938.

Business activity shows no appreciable change, the trend continuing downward in most lines. This is especially noticeable as concerns the railroads, where earnings are slumping badly and preparations are under way for a substantial slash in wages. Happenings at Washington as far from stimulating. Opponents of the wage-hour bill now have little hope of defeating the measure. According to the "Journal of Commerce," business activity was lower last week, the weekly index declining to 69.1 and compares with a revised figure of 69.7 for a week ago and 103.0 for the corresponding week of 1937. According to this authority, steel production was off 1.3 points for the week, petroleum runs-to-stills were the lowest since the middle of March, and bituminous coal production continued to show a downward trend. Electric output and car loadings were about unchanged for the week, while automotive activity registered a gain. No sustained upward trend in steel production can be expected before late summer or early fall, and ingot production in the meanwhile is likely to go lower Business activity shows no appreciable change, the trend and ingot production in the meanwhile is likely to go lower rather than higher, "Iron Age" says in its current summary. It is suggested, however, that the appearance of some govrather than higher, "Iron Age" says in its current summary. It is suggested, however, that the appearance of some government-sponsored construction projects and possible railroad buying, as a result of congressional liberalization of carrier loans, may prevent production from slipping much. The production rate for the country is substantially unchanged at 30.5%, with Pittsburgh holding at 26% for the third week, the magazine states. Showing the influence of the decided lack of automotive buying, the Cleveland and Detroit districts have fallen to 18% and 20% of operations, respectively, it is noted. "A fair amount of construction activity is in prospect," the journal says. "Steel scrap prices appear to have hit bottom. For the first time in many weeks there has been no downward revision of No. 1 heavy melting steel in any important center." The "Iron Age" scrap composite price is unchanged at \$11.75, having deflated more than \$10 a ton from the 1937 peak." Production of electricity in the United States amounted to 1,939,100,000 kilowatt hours in the week ended May 7, a decrease of 10.9% when compared with the corresponding week of last year, according to the Edison Electric Institute. Output for the latest week registered a gain of 440,000 kilowatt hours over the previous week's total of 1,938,660,000. watt hours over the previous week's total of 1,938,660,000, but was 237,263,000 kilowatt hours below the total of 2,176,but was 237,263,000 kilowatt hours below the total of 2,176,363,000 in the same week last year. Engineering construction awards for the week total \$70,520,000, the fourth highest weekly volume of the year, 94% above last week, and 12% above the corresponding 1937 week, "Engineering News-Record" reported yesterday. Almost \$25,000,000 in waterworks contracts and over \$14,000,000 in highway lettings boost public construction volume to the highest week since Jan. 9, 1936. The current week's public volume is 158% higher than last week, and 66% above the 1937 week. Private construction is 9% above last week, but 44% below a year ago. The upturn in demand in recent weeks has encouraged manufacturers of sporting goods to hope that sales for the coming season will register only a moderate decrease from the 1937 level, despite the recession. Department store volumes in some districts have continued to show gains, while sales in other regions were registering partment store volumes in some districts have continued to show gains, while sales in other regions were registering declines of 15% and more. The Association of American Railroads reported today that 89 Class I railroads, representing 79.3% of total operating revenues of all Class I lines, had estimated operating revenues of \$212,144,487 in April compared with \$280,840,733 in April, 1937, and \$358,

988,143 in the same month of 1930. The April operating revenues were 24.5% below April last year and 40.9% below April, 1930. As a result of manufacturers tapering production earlier than had been expected, output of cars and trucks in United States and Canadian plants this week dropped to 47,415 units, a decrease of 5,970 units from the 53,385 last week, according to the estimate of Ward's Automotive Reports, Inc. In the corresponding week a year ago, the output amounted to 139,507 units. A definite turn of the seasonal trend toward lower levels was seen by Ward's, which revised its estimate of May production to 190,000 units. This compares with approximately 242,000 units in April and 540,377 in May last year. With bleak weather discouraging spring apparel buying, retail sales this week fell as much as 3% below the previous week, and from 5% to 12% under the 1937 comparative, it was revealed today in a national trade survey by Dun & Bradstreet. Car loadings of revenue freight by the Nation's railroads last week amounted to 536,140 cars, a decrease of 6,935 cars from a week earlier and 227,355 cars below the same 1937 week, the Association of American Railroads announced today. Unusually cool weather in many sections of the East and over nearly the entire western half of rantoaus last week amounted to 550,140 cars, a decrease of 6,935 cars from a week earlier and 227,355 cars below the same 1937 week, the Association of American Railroads announced today. Unusually cool weather in many sections of the East, and over nearly the entire western half of the country during the past week, was the outstanding weather feature. This cool weather retarded growth of vegetation decidedly and there was more or less frost damage reported rather generally from the central and northern Plains States westward to the Sierra Nevadas and the eastern portions of Washington and Oregon. The damage in general was not serious, being confined largely to truck crops and gardens, and here and there to fruit. The cold, wet weather in much of the West was reported as decidedly unfavorable for young lambs. East of the Mississippi River temperatures were more favorable, though the latter part of the week was too cool for good growth of tender vegetation. Farm work made satisfactory progress in most of the Eastern area, but in the West, especially in the upper Mississippi Valley, and the central States between the Mississippi and Rocky Mountains, outside operations were largely at a standstill because of heavy rains and cold weather. In the New York City area it was cold, cloudy and rainy during most of the week. Today it was fair and cool here, with temperatures ranging from 42 to 56 degrees. The forecast was for partly cloudy and continued cool tonight and Saturday. Overnight at Boston it was 44 to 66 degrees; Baltimore, 44 to 66; Pittsburgh, 34 to 52; Portland, Me., 44 to 56; Chicago, 40 to 50; Cincinnati, 34 to 54; Cleveland, 40 to 58; Detroit, 34 to 50; Charleston, 60 to 82; Milwaukee, 38 to 48; Savannah, 56 to 72; Oklahoma City, 62 to 78; Salt Lake City, 52 to 72; Seattle, 54 to 58; Montreal, 42 to 52, and Winnipeg, 36 to 60.

Moody's Commodity Index Advances

Moody's Commodity Index Advances

Moody's Commodity Index advanced moderately, from 136.7 a week ago to 137.8 this Friday. Cocoa, rubber, wheat, corn, hogs, steel scrap and cotton were higher. Silk, wool and sugar declined, and there were no net changes for hides, silver, copper, lead and coffee.

The movement of the index during the week was as follows:

"Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices During Week Ended May 11 Shows First Gain Since March 16

For the first time since March 16 the "Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices has shown a gain For May 11 the index stood at 80.4, as compared with 80.0 in the preceding week and 93.0 a year ago. In noting this, an announcement issued by the "Annalist" on May 12 also had the following to say:

Meat prices scored the widest gains, with quotations for steers and cows higher. Dairy products also had a respite from selling, and prices for eggs, cheese and butter improved. Although several bearish crop reports were issued during the week wheat and corn made slight advances.

Interest in the futures markets continued relatively limited. Cocoa was again weak, falling to new lows for the past four years. Coffee lost all of last week's gain. Cotton, silk and wool were easier, but cottonseed oil advanced in anticipation of a good April consumption report.

THE "ANNALIST" WEEKLY INDEX OF WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICES (1926=100)

	May 11, 1938	May 4, 1938	May 11, 1937
Farm products	77.0	76.0	100.6
Food products	• 71.2	70.7	79.6
Textile products	*57.7	x57.9	83.6
Fuels	*84.9	x85.0	90.3
Metals	102.4	102.4	108.5
Building materials	66.8	66.8	71.2
Chemicals	88.0	88.0	88.0
Miscellaneous	70.1	69.7	81.4
All commodities	80.4	80.0	93.0

^{*} Preliminary. x Revised.

Declining Trend in Retail Prices During April Was Smaller Than in March, According to Fairchild Publications Retail Price Index

Retail prices declined 0.5 of 1% in April, as compared with March and were 51/4% below the corresponding month a year ago, according to the Fairchild Publications retail The decrease under the preceding month was somewhat smaller than in March, when it amounted to 0.7 of 1%. Prices were 6.6% below the high reached in 0.7 of 1%. Frices were 0.0% below the figh reached in 1937 and were only 2.6% above the 1936 low. The latest index of 90.2 (Jan. 3, 1931=100) was the lowest since Nov. 1, 1936. However, retail prices remained 30.0% above the depression low recorded in May 1, 1933. The appropriate issued May 12 by Egizabild Publishing. announcement issued May 12 by Fairchild Publications went on to sav:

Each of the major groups showed a decline during April except infants' wear, which remained unchanged. The greatest decline below March was recorded in home furnishings and was due mainly to the decrease in sheets and blankets. The greatest decrease below a year ago was recorded in piece goods, which were influenced mainly by the reduction in prices of

A number of individual items showed no change as compared with March, 1938. These items include silk, piece goods, corsets, men's and women's shoes, men's clothing, men's shirts and infants' underwear, hose and shoes. Fur prices again led the decline below the preceding month, although at a slower rate. Furs and sheets have declined most as compared with a year ago, whereas men's, women's, and infant's shoes remain above a year ago.

The greatest part of the decline in retail prices has probably been seen, according to A. W. Zelomek, economist under shoe supervision the index is compiled. However, some further decreases during the next 60 to 90 days are likely. After some further decline has been recorded, prices should show greater stability, with some advances being recorded during the later months of the year.

THE FAIRCHILD PUBLICATIONS RETAIL PRICE INDEX JANUARY, 1931=100

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V <u>. 1</u> . 144 (4.1.)	May 1, 1933	May 1, 1937	Feb. 1, 1938	Mar. 1, 1938	Apr. 1, 1938	May 1, 1938
Composite index	69.4	95.2	92.4	91.2	90.6	90.2
Piece goods	65.1	88.6	87.0	86.1	85.6	85.4
Men's apparel	70.7	89.9	90.9	90.7	90.2	89.9
Women's apparel	71.8	93.4	92.9	92.2	91.4	
Infant's wear	76.4	95.7	97.2	96.8	96.8	90.8
Home furnishings	70.2	95.3	95.3	94.6		96.8
Piece goods:		50.0	00.0	84.0	94.2	93.5
Silks	57.4	65.0	65.0	65.0	64.1	011
Woolens	69.2	86.4	86.4	85.9	85.8	64.1
Cotton wash goods	68.6	114.5	109.6	107.4		85.6
Domestics:	00.0	111.0	108.0	107.4	106.8	106.6
Sheets	65.0	107.3	99.9	98.4	98.1	00.0
Blankets & comfortables	72.9	108.7	109.0	109.0		96.3
Women's apparel:		100.1	105.0	109.0	109.0	108.0
Hosiery	59.2	76.7	75.5	75.1	==0	
Aprons & house dresses.	75.5	106.2	107.5	107.5	75.0	74.8
Corsets and brassieres	83.6	93.0	93.0	93.0	106.6	106.0
Furs	66.8	114.1	106.8		92.7	92.7
Underwear	69.2	86.3	86.6	102.8	99.9	97.6
Shoes	76.5	84.5	87.8	86.6	86.2	86.0
Men's apparel:	.0.0	04.0	01.0	87.7	87.7	87.7
Hosiery	64.9	87.7	89.5	00.0		
Underwear	69.6	93.2	92.7	89.3	89.1	88.5
Shirts and neckwear	74.3	88.3	87.4	92.7	92.1	91.8
Hats and caps	69.7	84.0	84.5	87.3	86.7	86.7
Clothing, incl. overalls.	70.1	92.9	94.5	84.5	83.4	82.5
	76.3	93.0	96.8	93.5	92.9	92.9
Infants' wear:	10.0	93.0	80.8	96.8	96.8	96.8
Socks	74.0	100.7	100.7	100 7		
Underwear	74.3	94.0	95.0	100.7	100.6	100.6
Shoes	80.9	92.5		94.8	94.8	94.8
Furniture	69.4	100.2	96.0	96.0	96.0	96.0
Floor coverings	79.9		101.7	100.7	100.0	98.9
		114.2	117.2	115.8	114.5	114.0
Musical instruments	50.6 60.1	60.7	60.5	59.9	59.7	59.3
Luggage		79.2	80.2	79.9	78.7	78.4
Elec. household appliances	72.5	81.6	83.1	83.1	83.0	83.0
China	81.5	94.4	95.5	95.0	95.0	95.0

Revenue Freight Car Loadings in Week Ended May 7 Off 1.3% Loadings of revenue freight for the week ended May 7, 1038 totaled 536 140 cars. This is a decline of 6 935 cars

Loadings of revenue freight for the week ended May 7, 1938, totaled 536,140 cars. This is a decline of 6,935 cars or 1.3% from the preceding week; a decrease of 227,355 cars, or 29.8% from the total for the like week a year ago and a drop of 132,726 cars or 19.8% from the total loadings for the corresponding week two years ago. For the week ended April 30, 1938, loadings were 30.2% below those for the like week of 1937, and 19.1% below those for the like week of 1936. Loadings for the week ended April 23, 1938, showed a loss of 30.7% when compared with 1937 and a drop of 21.4% when comparison is made with the same week of 1936.

The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended

The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended May 7, 1938 loaded a total of 250,228 cars of revenue freight on their own lines, compared with 253,422 cars in the preceding week and 354,504 cars in the seven days ended May 8, 1937. A comparative table follows:

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (Number of Cars)

		d on Own ceks End		Received from Connection Weeks Ended—				
	May 7, 1938	Apr. 30 1938	May 8, 1937	May 7, 1938	A pril30 1938	May 8, 1937		
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry_	18.340	18,195	22,371	4.871	4,920	6,920		
Baltimore & Ohio RR	22,431	23,069						
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry	15,355	16.682						
Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.	12,731	12,703	14.036	6.381	6.139			
Chicago Milw. St. Paul & Pac Ry.	17,067	17,166	20,122	6.421	5,545	8,359		
Chicago & North Western Ry	12,330	12,294	19,921	8.684				
Gulf Coast Lines	3,156	3,193	2,913	1.493				
International Great Northern RR	2,060	2,015	2,274	2,583	2,708	2,291		
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR	3,728	3.720	4.292	2,634	2,401			
Missouri Pacific RR		11,579	13,883	8,037				
New York Central Lines	30,633	31,664	46,772	29,678	28,530	42,064		
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis Ry	3,954	3,930	5,439	7,641	7,455	10.027		
Norfolk & Western Ry	12,825	13,652	20,955	3,508				
Pennsylvania RR	46,957	47.053	72,418	30,510	29,353	48,617		
Pere Marquette Ry	4,372	4,468	7.017	3,937	3,703	3,770		
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR	3,447	3,253	7.771	3.344				
Southern Pacific Lines	24,767	24,079	30,486	7,513	7,819			
Wabash Ry	4,762	4,707	5,183	7,062	6,642	8,683		
Total	250.228	253,422	354,504	154.080	148.024	215.294		

TOTAL LOADINGS AND RECEIPTS FROM CONNECTIONS (Number of Cars)

	Weeks Ended-							
	May 7, 1938	April 30, 1938	May 8, 1937					
Chic Rock Island & Pac Illinois Central System St. Louis-San Francisco Ry	22,229 25,518 11,078	22,176 25,846 11,237	24,022 30,286 12,927					
Total	58,825	59,259	67,235					

The Association of American Railroads, in reviewing the week ended April 30, reported as follows:

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended April 30 totaled 543,075 cars. This was a decrease of 234,752 cars, or 30.2% below the corresponding week in 1937, and a decrease of 363,804 cars, or 40.1% below

corresponding week in 1937, and a decrease of 363,804 cars, or 40.1% below the same week in 1930.

Loading of revenue freight for the week of April 30 was an increase of 19,308 cars, or 3.7% above the preceding week.

Miscellaneous freight loading totaled 227,578 cars, an increase of 9,739 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 94,352 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 149,952 cars, an increase of 1,871 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 21,553 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Coal loading amounted to 76,471 cars, an increase of 1,112 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 1,871 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 48,249 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 35,338 cars, an increase of

the preceding week, but a decrease of 48,249 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 35,338 cars, an increase of 2,575 cars above the preceding week, and 7,879 cars above the corresponding week in 1937. In the Western districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week of April 30 totaled 22,382 cars, an increase of 2,081 cars above the preceding week, and an increase of 6,358 cars above the corresponding week in 1937.

Live stock loading amounted to 12,630 cars, an increase of 352 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 2,192 cars below the corresponding week in 1937. In the Western districts alone, loading of live stock for the week of April 30 totaled 9,426 cars, a decrease of 204 cars below the preceding week, and a decrease of 2,389 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Forest products loading totaled 26,560 cars, an increase of 2,398 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 10,317 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Ore loading amounted to 10,928 cars, an increase of 1,486 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 59,272 cars below the corresponding week, but a decrease of 59,272 cars below the corresponding week, but a decrease of 59,272 cars below the corresponding

the preceding week, but a decrease of 59,272 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

Coke loading amounted to 3,618 cars, a decrease of 227 cars below the preceding week, and a decrease of 6,696 cars below the corresponding week in 1937.

All districts reported decreases compared with the corresponding weeks in 1937 and 1930.

1938 1937 1930 Four weeks in January Four weeks in February
Four weeks in March
Week of April 2
Week of April 9
Week of April 16
Week of April 23
Week of April 30 2,714,449 2,763,457 2,986,166 721,229 711,079 746,523 756,248 777,827 2,256,423 2,155,451 2,222,864 523,489 521,978 537,585 3,347,717 3,506,236 3,529,907 885,324 908,059 911,316 892,706 906,879 523,767 543,075 9,284,632

In the following we undertake to show also the loadings for separate roads and systems for the week ended April 30, 1938. During this period only 12 roads showed increases when compared with the same week last year:

12.176,978

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (NUMBER OF CARS)-WEEK ENDED APRIL 30

Railroads		otal Revenu eight Loade		Total Loads from Cont	Received nections	Railroads		otal Revenue eight Loade		Total Loads from Con	Received nections
	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937		1938	1937	1936	1938	1937
Eastern District— Ann Arbor Bangor & Aroostook Boston & Maine Chicago Indianapolis & Louisv Central Indiana Central Vermont Delaware & Hudson Delaware Lackawanna & West Detroit & Mackinse	537 1,798 6,665 1,486 26 1,284 3,775 7,982 276	576 2,334 9,061 1,465 28 1,722 6,210 12,101 442	485 1,700 8,080 1,387 14 1,142 6,484 11,347 252	916 230 8,486 1,560 46 1,625 5,864 5,378 100	1,403 363 12,161 2,169 75 2,455 8,435 7,608 125	Southern District—(Concl.) Mobile & Ohio. Nashville Chattanooga & St. L. Norfolk Southern. Pledmont Northern. Richmond Fred. & Potomac. Seaboard Air Line. Southern System. Tennessee Central. Winston-Salem Southbound.	1,860 2,821 1,224 382 287 8,934 17,932 337 165	2,056 3,065 1,459 438 418 9,247 21,279 514 180	1,647 3,135 1,048 449 357 8,179 21,053 347 155	1,930 2,274 917 814 4,711 3,811 12,176 488 546	1,920 2,624 1,025 916 4,701 4,129 15,065 607 824
Detroit & Toledo & Ironton	1,428 187	3,151 421	2,845 376	929 1,549	1,288 3,009	Total	89,778	104,163	97,527	57,655	68,239
Erie Grand Trunk Western Lehigh & Hudson River Lehigh & New England Lehigh Valley Maine Central Monongahela Montour New York Central Lines N. Y. N. H. & Hartford New York Ontario & Western N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Pere Marquette Pittsburgh & Shawmut Pittsburgh & Shawmut Pittsburgh & West Virginia Rutland Wabash Wheeling & Lake Erie	10,419 3,391 278 1,697 2,297 2,782 31,664 8,517 1,289 3,930 3,930 4,468 210 309 631 4,700	16,169 5,791 274 2,523 11,162 3,163 4,037 12,458 47,727 12,126 1,617 5,821 1,617 5,821 1,33 3,13 1,202 1,368 5,437	12,394 5,473 317 2,817 9,993 2,837 3,745 1,962 39,191 10,861 1,894 4,812 238 6,636 6,236 6,236 238 341 942 6,636 6,236	8,708 5,301 1,507 1,012 6,177 2,474 190 28,530 9,654 1,423 7,455 3,580 3,703 1,076 183 1,076 6,642 6,642	16,007 8,089 2,340 1,242 9,286 3,201 272 25 44,440 13,687 2,068 10,016 7,332 5,853 180 1,273 8,998 3,936	Northwestern District— Chicago & North Western— Chicago Great Western— Chicago Great Western— Chicago Milw. St. P. & Pacific— Chicago St. P. Minn. & Omaha Duluth Missabe & I. R.— Duluth South Shore & Atlantic Elgin Jollet & Eastern— Ft. Dodge Des Moines & South— Great Northern— Green Bay & Western— Lake Superior & Ishpeming— Minneapolis & St. Louis— Minneapolis & St. Louis— Minneapolis & St. Louis— Northern Pacific— Spokane International— Spokane Portland & Seattle— Total—	12,662 2,464 17,046 3,519 1,720 3,49 4,121 416 9,998 525 230 1,895 4,683 8,163 8,163 1,611	19,025 2,584 19,850 3,852 22,979 1,353 9,034 466 20,856 6,88 3,354 1,703 9,803 9,803 1,137	17,119 2,392 18,976 3,862 3,473 837 7,288 395 10,718 1,240 1,898 5,264 8,630 1,242 84,811	7,783 2,078 5,545 2,488 325 4,055 4,055 1,48 2,358 468 70 1,598 2,007 2,633 366 1,134	10,616 2,894 7,811 3,752 214 417 7,021 180 3,540 637 63 63,540 3,788 2,729 3,788 324 1,271
Total	2,538	5,019	3,061 153,886	2,081	179,213	Central Western District					1.6
Alleghany District— Akron Canton & Youngstown— Baltimore & Ohlo —— Bessemer & Lake Erle— Buffalo Creek & Gauley —— Cambria & Indiana —— Central RR. of New Jersey —— Cornwall —— Cumberland & Pennsylvania —— Ligonier Valley —— Long Island —— Pennsylvania System —— Reading Co —— Reading Co —— Union (Pittsburgh) —— West Virginia Northern —— Western Maryland —— Total ———	398 23,069 1,522 262 721 5,404 540 165 77 597 781 47,053	33,585 6,943 403 950 8,229 566 124 122 127 121 121 121 123 12,627 121 13,370 16,374 44 3,549 164,405	29,257 3,448 307 873 7,425 853 258 95 869 1,169 60,699 16,567 12,812 54 3,153	479 12,129 15,56 9,099 27 11 2,267 1,053 29,353 13,377 1,108 0 4,668	719 18,624 2,927 6 15 13,413 557 23 42 3,515 1,610 49,517 18,624 6,523 0 6,917	Atch. Top. & Santa Fe System Alton	18,195 2,597 304 12,703 1,528 11,401 2,249 667 1,615 222 1,048 1,948 1,949 1,167 731 35 19,273 359 11,393	23,106 3,188 492 14,409 1,433 11,896 2,798 2,531 355 1,196 2,203 772 103 21,851 289 13,227 1,653	19,774 2,754 339 14,163 1,460 11,561 2,510 932 2,142 1,125 1,900 1,289 1,06 20,095 335 12,102 1,969 1,619	4,920 1,690 87 6,139 531 6,865 1,980 1,107 2,177 20 1,021 966 280 74 312 0 4,261 977 6,275 1,564	7,444 2,221 133 7,964 719 8,889 2,714 1,541 2,865 1018 1,018 1,458 250 130 144 68 5,660 1,287 7,874 2,040
Pocahontas District— Chesapeake & Ohlo	16,682	22,812	21,714	6,662	11,632	Total	89,330	104,907	95,504	41,256	54,645
Chesapeake & Ohio Norfolk & Western Virginian Total	13,652 3,257 33,591	22,909 4,088 49,809	20,329 3,288 45,331	3,601 961 11,224	5,011 885 17,528	Southwestern District— Burlington-Rock Island Fort Smith & Western Gulf Coast Lines	157 76 3,193	215 91 3,510	134 90 3,323	325 171 1,577	425 240 1,788
Southern District— Alabama Tennessee & Northern Atl. & W. P.—W. RR. of Ala. Atlanta Birmingham & Coast. Atlantic Coast Line Central of Georgia Charleston & Western Carolina Clinchfield Columbus & Greenville Durham & Southern Florida East Coast. Gainsville Midland Georgia Georgia Georgia & Fiorida Guil Mobile & Northern Illinois Central System Louisville & Nashville Macon Dublin & Savannab Macon Dublin & Savannab	676 593 9,017 3,553 410 1,100 336 1,54 1,992 262 1,527 17,734	277 831 627 10,382 4,474 413 1,223 452 153 1,590 303 1,974 19,415 22,049 178	257 868 622 9,445 4,129 1,086 267 153 1,371 44 899 322 1,564 18,637 20,709	151 1,175 893 3,943 2,511 984 1,604 264 372 846 88 1,373 510 1,038 8,775 4,562 625	161 1,208 1,075 4,683 2,923 1,295 1,942 298 390 879 91 1,598 489 976 11,599 5,947	Gulf Coast Lines. International-Great Northern Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf. Kansas City Southern Louisiana & Arkansas. Louisiana & Arkansas. Litchfield & Madison. Midland Valley Missouri & Arkansas. Missouri & Arkansas-Texas Lines Missouri & Arkansas-Texas Lines Missouri & Arkansas-Texas Lines Missouri Pacific Quanah Aeme & Pacific St. Louis-San Francisco. St. Louis-San Francisco. St. Louis-San Francisco. Texas & New Orleans Texas & Pacific Wichita Falis & Southern Wetherford M. W. & N. W. Total.	1,571 111 235 502 126 3,710 11,603 91 6,317 2,252 6,475 4,292 211 23	2,271 147 1,883 1,718 143 291 410 218 4,529 14,120 7,680 2,430 7,713 5,381 245 54	2,453 203 1,981 1,721 107 240 468 104 4,583 13,851 127 7,519 2,237 6,547 4,551 242 54	188 2,401 7,417 97 3,436 2,110 2,847 4,786 92 28	3,024 933 1,885 1,055 433 1,000 3,321 9,677 13 4,611 2,677 3,433 4,39 4,39 4,39 4,39 4,39 4,39 4,3

Note-Previous year's figures revised. * Previous figures.

United States Department of Labor Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices Declined 0.5% During Week Ended May 7

Continued weakness in wholesale prices of farm products, together with lower prices for foods, hides and leather products, textile products, and building materials, largely accounted for a decline of 0.5% in the index of the United State Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, during the first week of May, Commissioner Lubin announced on May 12. "Nine of the ten major commodity groups carried in the index showed declines." Mr. Lubin said. "The decrease placed the combined index of over 800 price series at 77.9% of the 1926 average, the lowest level reached since early in January, 1935. It is 0.8% lower than it was a month ago and 10.8% below a year ago. The Commissioner added:

In addition to the decreases in the farm products, foods, hides and leather

In addition to the decreases in the farm products, foods, hides and leather products, textile products, and building materials groups, smaller declines were registered by the fuel and lighting materials, metals and metal products, chemicals and drugs, and miscellaneous commodities groups. Housefurnishing goods remained unchanged at last week's level.

Prices of raw materials in the wholesale markets of the country fell 0.4% during the week ended May 7. Compared with the corresponding week of April, raw materials prices are down 0.8%. They are 19.9% lower than they were a year ago. Notwithstanding a decrease of 0.3% in wholesale prices of semi-manufactured commodities prices, the May 7 index is 0.5% above that for the corresponding week of April. It is 14.6% below that for the week ended May 8, 1937. Finished or manufactured commodities prices declined 0.5% to the lowest point reached since mid-November, 1936. The current index—82.4—is 0.8%, below a month ago and 5.7% below a year ago.

ber, 1936. The current index—82.4—is $0.8\%_{\rm m}$ below a month ago and 5.7% below a year ago.

According to the index for "all commodities other than farm products," non-agricultural commodities prices declined 0.5%. They are down 0.7% from a month ago and 7.2% from a year ago. Industrial commodities prices, as measured by the index for "all commodities other than farm products and foods," decreased 0.2% during the week. They are 0.2% below the level for the corresponding week of last month and 5.0% below that of last year.

Commissioner Lubin's remarks were contained in an announcement issued by the Department of Labor, from which the following is also taken:

A decrease of 1.5% in wholesale prices of shoes, together with lower prices for cow hides and sole leather, caused the hides and leather products group index to fall 0.9%. Higher prices were reported for calf skins, kip skins and luggage

The building materials group also declined 0.9%, largely because of a decrease of 3.0% in lumber, including yellow pine lath and timbers, hemlock, oak, Ponderosa pine and poplar. The paint and paint materials subgroup declined fractionally as a result of weakening prices for naval stores. No changes were reported in prices of brick and tile, cement, and structural

Wholesale food prices fell 0.7%, largely as a result of decreases of 2.1% Wholesale food prices fell 0.7%, largely as a result of decreases of 2.1% in fruits and vegetables, and 1.4% in meats and cereal products. Lower prices were reported for oatmeal, flour, hominy, grits, corn meal, bananas, onions, white potatoes, cured and fresh pork, veal, dressed poultry, cocoa beans, canned salmon, lard, pepper and raw sugar. Quotations were higher for citrus fruits, mutton, canned spinach and sweet potatoes. This week's food index—71.4—is the lowest since the latter part of July, 1934. It is 1.1% below the corresponding week of April and 15.7% below the week

week's food index—71.4—is the lowest since the latter part of July, 1954, It is 1.1% below the ecorresponding week of April and 15.7% below the week ended May 8, 1937.

Decreases of 1.2% in livestock and poultry prices and 0.8% in grains caused the farm products group index to recede 0.6% to the lowest level reached since mid-August, 1934. Quotations were lower for corn, oats, rye, cows, hogs, sheep, live poultry, cotton, applies (New York), alfalfa hay, hops, onions, and white potatoes. Quotations were higher for barley, wheat, calves, lambs, eggs, apples (Seattle), lemons, oranges, peanuts, and sweet potatoes. The current level of farm products prices—67.4—is 1.0% lower than it was a month ago and 25.9% lower than a year ago. Lower prices for clothing, cotton goods, raw silk, and Manila hemp caused the textile products group index to fall 0.6% to 66.1. Burlap and raw jute averaged higher and hosiery and underwear prices were steady. Average wholesale prices of cattle feed declined 4.3% during the week. Crude rubber dropped 3.2% and paper and pulp decreased 0.1%. Automobile tire and tube prices remained firm.

As a result of lower prices for anthracite and Pennsylvania fuel oil, the fuel and lighting materials group declined 0.1%. Bituminous coal prices averaged slightly higher and coke remained unchanged.

A decrease of 0.8% in non-ferrous metals, including antimony, quick-silver, solder, pig tin and pig zinc, caused the metals and metal products

group index to fall 0.1%. The agricultural implements, iron and steel, motor vehicles and plumbing and heating sub-groups were unchanged from

Declining prices for tallow caused the chemicals and drugs group index to decrease 0.1%. Prices of palm kernel oil were higher. No changes were reported in prices of drugs and pharmaceuticals, fertilizer materials and mixed fertilizers.

The index for the housefurnishing goods group remained steady at 88.6% the 1926 average. Wholesale prices of both furniture and furnishings of the 1926 average. were stationary.

The following table shows index numbers for the main groups of commodities for the past five weeks and for May 8, 1937, May 9, 1936, May 11, 1935, and May 12, 1934.

to a serious of the first series		(2000							
Commodity Groups	May 7 1938	Apr. 30 1938	Apr. 23 1938	Apr. 16 1938	9	8	May 9 1936	11	12
All commodities	77.9	78.3	78.6	78.6	78.5	87.3	78.6	79.9	73.8
Farm products	67.4	67.8	69.1	68.9	68.1	91.0	76.2	80.8	60.5
FoodsHides and leather products	$71.4 \\ 92.2$	71.9 93.0	$\frac{72.2}{92.6}$	$72.3 \\ 92.0$	$72.2 \\ 92.5$	84.7 107.7	78.0 94.9	84.1 88.1	67.3 89.3
Textile products Fuel and lighting materials	$\frac{66.1}{77.1}$	66 5 77.2	66 7 77.3	67 0 77.5	$67.0 \\ 77.6$	78.3 78.2	69.6 77.2	68.7 74.4	73.5
Metals and metal products Building materials	96.3	96.4	95.9 91.0	95.9 91.1	95.9 91.2	94.8	86.0 85.6	85.2 84.7	88.8 87.4
Chemicals and drugs	77.0	77.1	77.3	77.5	77.3	84.4	77.5	80.7	75.3
Housefurnishing goods Miscellaneous	88.6 73.0	88.6 73.3	88.7 73.3	88.7 73.1	88.7 73.1	90.8 80.4	82.8 68.4	82.0 68.9	83.0 70.1
Raw materials Semi-amnufactured articles	70.3 74.9	$70.6 \\ 75.1$	71.5	$71.3 \\ 74.1$	70.9 74.5	87.8 87.7	76.0 74.4	*	*
Finished productsAll commodities other than	82.4	82.8	82.9	83.0	83.1	87.4	80.8	*	*
farm productsAll commodities other than	80.2	80.6	80.7	80.7	80.8	86.4	79.1	79.7	76.6
farm products and foods	82.0	82.2	82.1	82.1	82.2	86.3	78.9	77.5	79.1

^{*} Not computed.

Wholesale Commodity Prices Again Decline in Week Ended May 7 Reaching New Low Level in the Recession Which Began Last Summer According to National Fertilizer Association

Continuing the downward trend of the two previous weeks Continuing the downward trend of the two previous weeks the wholesale commodity price index of the National Fertilizer Association in the week ended May 7 dropped to a new low point in the recession which began last summer. Last week the index (based on the 1926-28 average of 100%) registered 74% as compared with 74.2% in the preceding week. A month ago it stood at 75% and a year ago at 87.3%. In 1937 the high point was 88.8%, recorded in July, and the low point for the year was 78% reached in December. The Association's announcement, under date of May 9, went on to say:

on to say:

Six of the 11 principal commodity group indexes declined during the week while only one advanced. Declines, however, were generally small. Changes in foodstuff prices were relatively slight, the net result being a fractional rise in the group average. Farm product prices receded to a new low point for the current decline, dropping to 61.4% of the 1926-1928 average from 65% in the week preceding. Cotton and livestock had moderate losses during the week; in the grain group lower quotations for wheat were offset by slight increases in corn, oats, rye, and barley. Wool and burlap were the only items in the textile group to move upward and these increases were more than counterbalanced by declines in other fibers and cotton goods. The indexes representing the prices of fuels, building materials, fertilizer materials, and miscellaneous commodities were also fractionally lower.

Thirty-one price series included in the index declined during the week and 15 advanced; in the preceding week there were 41 declines and 16 advances; in the second preceding week there were 26 declines and 10 advances.

WEEKLY WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICE INDEX Compiled by the National Fertilizer Association. (1926-1928—1

Per Cent Each Group Bears to the Total Index	Group	Latest Weekt May 7, 1938	Preced'g Week Apr. 30, 1938	Month Ago Apr. 9, 1938	Year Ago May 8 1937
25.3	Foods	72.1	71.8	73.4	83.4
	Fats and oils	59.9	59.8	61.1	78.6
	Cottonseed oil	79.1	77.6	78.8	94.1
23.0	Farm products	*64.1	65.0	65.8	85.9
	Cotton	47.9	49.2	47.1	74.9
	Grains.	63.9	63.8	64.8	114.2
	Livestock	*68.0	69.2	70.5	78.9
17.3	Fuels	*79.2	79.4	80.1	83.5
10.8	Miscellaneous commodities	76.6	76.7	76.5	89.7
8.2	Textiles	59.3	59.6	58.9	81.4
7.1	Metals	96.1	96.1	96.2	105.2
6.1	Building materials	81.1	81.2	82.3	95.3
1.3	Chemicals and drugs	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.2
.3	Fertilizer materials	*71.8	71.9	72.0	71.4
.3	Fertilizers	76.9	76.9	77.8	77.0
.3	Farm machinery	98.0	98.0	98.0	94.3
100.0	All groups combined	*74.0	74.2	75.0	87.3

Retail Food Cost Index of United States Department of Labor Increased 1.1% During Month Ended April 12

A sharp upturn in the cost of fruits and vegetables and an advance of 2.1% in the cost of meats caused the retail food cost index to rise by 1.1% during the month ended April 12, Commissioner Lubin of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor announced on May 6. "Prices were lower for 50 of the 84 foods included in the index," Mr. Lubin said. "Costs rose in 41 cities, fell in 8 and in 2 cities they remained unchanged." The Commissioner added:

The April index was 79.4% of the 1923-25 average and was 72.2% below the level of April of last year, when the index was 85.6. Each commodity group registered lower costs over the year period. In spite of the current advance for fruits and vegetables, the present level for this group is 21.8% below that shown for April, 1937.

The cost of cereals and bakery products decreased 0.4% between March and April, continuing the steady decline which was first reported last August. The price of flour decreased 2.2% and reached the lowest level since the summer of 1933. White bread showed only a negligible decrease. Rice declined 1.6% and is now selling at lower prices than at any time since early in 1934. Price changes for other items in the group were unimportant.

unimportant.

Meat costs, which turned upward in March, advanced 2.1% during April.

Beef increased 3.1%. Cirloin and round steak showed an increase of slightly more than 5.0%. The advance of 1.4% for pork was due entirely to price increases of 4.4% for pork chops, 1.7% for loin roast, and 1.9% for whole ham. The cost of lamb rose 1.2%, with higher prices reported for each item. The price of roasting chickens showed a seasonal increase of 2.3%.

of 2.3%.

The index for dairy products declined 1.9%, due in large part to a seasonal decrease of 3.6% in the price of butter. Lower prices were reported for each item in the group. Price levels for butter, cheese and evaporated milk are lower than at any time since the summer of 1936. The average decrease of 1.0% for fresh milk resulted from a drop of 1c. a quart in Columbus, Ohio, and in St. Louis, Mo., with smaller decreases in four charge cities. in four other cities.

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY COMMODITY GROUPS (3-Year Average 1923-25=100)

Commodity Group	Арт. 12, 1938 х	Mar. 15, 1938	Feb. 15, 1938	Apr. 13, 1937	Арт. 15, 1933	Apr. 15, 1929
All foods	79.4	78.6	78.4	85.6	60.1	100.8
Cereals & bakery products_	92.5	92.9	93.2	93.8	69.8	98.2
Meats	94.8	92.9	90.6	97.7	63.4	120.7
Dairy products	79.8	81.4	81.9	81.6	60.4	102.9
Eggs	56.9	57.4	59.4	64.7	40.7	76.4
Fruits and vegetables	62.6	58.5	58.8	80.0	54.4	87.3
Fresh	61.2	56.6	56.9	79.5	54.0	85.1
Canned	78.9	79.1	79.4	82.8	65.2	97.3
Dried	59.8	59.9	60.6	76.4	48.2	101.7
Beverages and chocolate	67.2	67.7	67.7	69.6	68.4	111.0
Fats and oils	68.6	69.5	69.5	80.2	44.7	93.7
Sugar and sweets	64.9	65.6	65.9	66.0	58.1	72.8

The decrease of 0.8% for eggs was less than the usual seasonal decline. Lower prices were reported from 32 cities, and higher prices from 18. The average price of eggs is 12.1% below the level of the corresponding month of last year.

The index for facility is a facility of the corresponding to the cor

month of last year.

The index for fruits and vegetables, which has been stable during the past four months, increased 6.9% in April. This was due to a marked increase of 8.1% in the cost of fresh products. The seasonal advance of 14.0% for potatoes, which were higher in 39 cities, was the most important factor in this increase. Lettuce, which more than doubled in price, recorded the most unusual change. Prices of the staple items, cabbage and onions, decreased 5.8% and 0.5%, respectively, contrary to their usual seasonal trend. The canned and dried items showed cost decreases of less than 1.0%.

and onlone, decreased 5.8% and 0.5%, respectively, contrary to their usual seasonal trend. The canned and dried items showed cost decreases of less than 1.0%.

A decrease of 0.8% for coffee was the controlling factor in the decline of 0.6% for beverages and chocolate. Fats and oils were 1.2% lower. This was largely the result of a 3.0% decrease in the price of lard. Other price changes in the group were unimportant.

Sugar prices were down 1.9%. Lower prices for each item in the group contributed to a decline of 1.2% for sugar and sweets.

Of the 41 cities which contributed to the 1.1% advance in food costs, Chicago, with an increase of 3.6%, ranked first. In that city the cost of fruits and vegetables rose 20.7%, and the price of potatoes went up 1.3% per pound. In Rochester, which ranked second, with a rise of 2.7%, meats were 4.3% higher than last month, and fruits and vegetables increased 11.8%. Decreases of 1.0% or more were reported from only two cities—Mobile, 1.2%, and Houston, 1.0%. In these cities both meats and fruits and vegetables showed lower costs, contrary to the general movement for those commodity groups in other cities.

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY REGIONAL AREAS

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY REGIONAL AREAS (3-Year Average 1923-25=100)

Apr. 12, Mar. 15, Feb. 15, Apr. 13, 1938 x 1938 Regional Area Apr. 15, Apr. 15, 1933 1929 79.4 77.0 80.0 81.4 81.9 77.5 72.9 77.5 81.8 77.3 100.8 99.6 100.8 102.5 101.8 98.7 101.4 101.0 97.8 89.9 78.6 76.3 79.3 79.7 81.0 77.1 73.0 77.2 81.1 76.7 78.4 76.5 79.0 79.2 80.9 77.5 73.6 77.1 80.6 76.5 85.6 82.0 85.1 87.5 90.7 84.5 83.2 84.0 91.7 85.3 59.8 61.3 59.2 59.5 58.4 56.8 58.7 60.7 61.9

Canadian Industrial Operations in April Less Stable Than in March, Due to Irregularity in First Part of Month, Says A. E. Arscott, General Manager of Canadian Bank of Commerce

Industrial operations in the first part of April were quite irregular, and therefore less stable than in the preceding month, said A. E. Arscott, General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, in his monthly review of Canadian business, issued under date of May 9. He added:

Canadian business, issued under date of May 9. He added:

The recession deepened in several manufacturing groups owing to difficulties in disposing of stocks of finished goods built up during the winter, as well as to the failure of general business activity to respond fully to seasonal influences. Toward the end of the month, however, a change for the better was apparent as more recognition was given to the fact that Canadian economy had counter-balancing factors, in the form of greatly improved crop prospects, to external depressants. While we have found it advisable to warn against undue optimism regarding the Western crop outlook, we have for months past stressed the favorable moisture conditions which had developed since last summer.

Farm implement manufacturers were among the first to benefit from this comparatively good crop outlook, but other industrial units have recently found a rising demand from the Prairie Provinces. Thus, partly as a result of this greater prospective purchasing power, automobile plants were able to increase their production well above that of March, and even beyond that planned early in April.

New construction contracts awarded in April were 50% above those of March, but were of disappointing volume in comparison with those of the like month last year, when they were more than a third larger. The

x Preliminary.

total construction projects undertaken since the first of the current year were about 25% below those of the corresponding period of 1937, but practically all of this downswing took place in Ontario and New Brunswick.

Decrease in Department Store Sales from March to April Reported by Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System

Department store sales showed less than the usual seasonal increase from March to April, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System announced May 9, and the Board's adjusted index was 83 in April, as compared with 85 in March. The index is shown below for the last three months and for April, 1937:

INDEX OF DEPARTMENT STORE SALES 1923-25 Average=100

	April, 1938	March, 1938	February, 1938	A pril, 1937
Adjusted for seasonal variation Without seasonal adjustment	83	85	88	93
	85	77	70	89

Total sales in April were 3% less than in April, 1937, and in the first four months of this year were 8% less than in the corresponding period last year. The smaller decline in April than in the first four months reflects the fact that the date of Easter was April 17 this year and March 28 in 1937, said the Board, presenting the following compilation:

REPORT BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

	P. C. Change	from Year Ago	Number of	Number of
	*April	Four Months	Stores Reporting	Cities Included
Federal Reserve districts:	4.50 L/10 L			32
Boston	+3 -1	-4	51	30
New York	-1	-5 -12	55 31	15
Philadelphia	-10		36	11
Cleveland	-7	-12		28
Richmond	+10	-2	54	18
Atlanta	+4	-3	27	33
Chicago	—13	-13	95	18
St. Louis	-4	-5	35	17
Minneapolis	+8	-1	37	
Kansas City	0	-5 +2	25	19
Dallas	0		21	
San Francisco	+2	8	97	39
Total	-3	8	559	269

^{*} April figures preliminary; in most cities the month had the same number of unsiness days this year and last year, but in April this year there were five Saturdays is compared with four a year ago.

Electric Output for Week Ended May 7, 1938, 10.9% Below a Year Ago

The Edison Electric Institute, in its current weekly report, estimated that production of electricity by the electric light and power industry of the United States for the week ended May 7, 1938, was 1,939,100,000 kwh. This is a decrease of 10.9% from the output for the corresponding week of 1937, when production totaled 2,176,363,000 kwh. The output for the week ended April 30, 1938, was estimated to be 1,938,660,000 kwh., a decrease of 11.6% from the like week events where reserved to the corresponding to week a year ago.

PERCENTAGE DECREASE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR

Major Geographic	Week Ended	Week Ended	Week Ended	Week Ended
Regions	May 7, 1938	April 30, 1938	April 23, 1938	April 16, 1938
New England	11.4	12.1	10.5	13.7
Middle Atlantic	3.3	6.0	5.7	3.5
Central Industrial	17.7	18.4	18.7	17.7
West Central	5.5	7.2	6.4	3.7
Southern States	8.6	9.1	8.5	6.1
Rocky Mountain	21.3	26.8	24.6	22.5
Pacific Coast	8.7	3.5	0.4	1.4
Total United States	10.9	11.6	10.8	9.9

DATA FOR RECENT WEEKS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Week Ended	1938	1937	Per Cent Change 1938 from 1937	1936	1932	1929
Feb. 5	2,082,447 2,052,302 2,059,165 2,031,412 2,035,673 2,014,729 2,017,653 1,975,239 1,978,753	2,200,143	-6.7 -6.9 -8.0 -7.5 -9.0 -8.7 -10.2	1,962,827 1,952,476 1,950,278 1,941,633 1,903,363 1,893,311 1,900,803 1,862,387 1,867,093	1,588,853 1,578,817 1,545,459 1,512,158 1,519,679 1,538,452 1,537,747 1,514,553 1,480,208	1,728,203 1,726,161 1,718,304 1,699,250 1,706,719 1,702,570 1,687,229 1,683,262 1,679,589
Apr. 2	1,990,447 1,957.573 1,951,456 1,938,660 1,939,100	2,176,368 2,173,223 2,188,124 2,193,779	-8.5 -9.9 -10.8 -11.6	1,916,486 1,933,610 1,914,710 1,932,797 1,928,803	1,465,076 1,480,738 1,469,810 1,454,505	1,663,291 1,696,543 1,709,33 1,699,823

Easter Trade Boosts Chain Store Sales

April chain store business expanded moderately under the impetus given buying by the Easter holiday. Volume touched the highest level for the current year. The index of sales last month advanced to 105.2 of the 1929-1931 average, from 103.3 in March, according to the monthly review by "Chain Store Age," published on May 12. Business was still under a year ago when, reflected by the index, it stood at 111.0. In each instance adjustment is made for the seasonal factor. seasonal factor.

Sales of the variety chain group advanced to 108.6 in April from 107.0 in March. A year ago the index was 113.3.

The April sales index for the other groups compared as

follows:

Drug chains, 132.0 against 124.5 in March, and 131.3 in April, 1937.

Apparel group, 116.0, unchanged from March, and compared with 130. in April last year.

Grocery index—98.2 against 98.4 in March and 104.5 in April, 1937.

Shoe, 111.0 against 121.0 in March and 129.0 in April 1937.

Cost of Living of Wage Earners in United States In-creased Slightly from March to April, According to National Industrial Conference Board

The cost of living of wage earners in the United States rose slightly, 0.1%, from March to April, because of an increase in food prices, according to the National Industrial Conference Board. The other major groups of the budget averaged lower in cost in April than in March. Living costs in April, however, were 1.7% lower than a year ago and 12.3% lower than in April, 1929, but 21.1% higher than at the low point of 1933. The Conference Board, on May 10, further reported: further reported:

Food prices advanced more than seasonally, 1.0%, from March to April. In the latter month, they were 7.2% lower than a year ago, and 21.3% lower than in April, 1929, but 32.7% higher than at the low of 1933. Rents declined 0.3% from March to April, which brought them to a level 2.3% above that of April, 1937, 39.1% above the low of January, 1934, and 5.3% below the level of April, 1929. Clothing prices in April were 0.5% lower than in March, 1.4% lower than a year ago, 24.0% lower than in April, 1929, but 23.7% higher than at the low of 1933.

Coal prices declined seasonally, 0.9%, from March to April. They were, however, 1.7% higher than a year ago. Since April, 1929, coal prices have

however, 1.7% higher than a year ago. Since April, 1929, coal prices have receded 6.7%. —

The cost of sundries in April was 0.2% lower than in March, because of slight declines in carfare rates and in the prices of housefurnishings and candy. In April of this year the cost of sundries was 1.0% higher than in April of last year, 8.2% higher than at the low of 1933, but 2.7% lower than in April, 1929.

The purchasing value of the dollar was 115.2 cents in April, as compared with 115.3 cents in March, 113.3 cents in April, 1937, and 100 cents in 1923.

	Relative Importance	Indexes of Living—	% of Inc. (+) or Dec. (-) from Mar., '38	
Item.	in Family Budget	Apr., 1938	Mar., 1938	to Apr., '38
Food*	33 20 12 5	81.1 87.2 75.1 81.2 69.0 85.7 85.3 86.4 97.6	80.3 87.5 75.5 81.7 69.2 86.2 86.1 86.4 97.8	+1.0 -0.3 -0.5 -0.6 -0.3 -0.6 -0.9 -0.2
Weighted avge., all items	100	86.8	86.7	+0.1
Purchasing value of dollar		115.2	115.3	-0.1

^{*} Based on food price indexes of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for April 12, 1938, and March 15, 1938.

Factory Employment in New York State Declined 2% from Mid-March to Mid-April—Payrolls Down 4.5%

Preliminary tabulations from 2,042 reporting factories in New York State showed a drop of over 2.0% in employment from the middle of March to the middle of April, according to a statement issued in Albany, May 10, by Industrial Commissioner Elmer F. Andrews. Payrolls fell off about 4.5%. Although declines in both forces and payrolls were to be expected during this period, these net losses were sharper than usual, the Commissioner stated in his announcement, which went on to say:

The usual decreases, computed from the average movements from March to April over the last 23 years, are approximately 0.7% for employment and 1.7% for payrolls. The stone, clay and glass industry was the only group which reported a net gain in forces, reflecting seasonal building demands. The wood manufactures, fur, leather and rubber, textile, clothing and millinery, and metal and machinery industries showed net losses of

and millinery, and metal and managers, 3.0% or more.

The New York State Department of Labor's index of factory employment for April was 75.4. The corresponding payroll index was 67.4. These indexes are based on the average of the years 1925-27 as 100. These reports are collected and analyzed in the Division of Statistics and Information under the direction of Dr. E. B. Patton. This month's reporting factories were employing 372,165 workers on a total weekly payroll of \$9,646,099.

Losses in Six Out of Seven Industrial Districts

Losses in Six Out of Seven Industrial Districts

Six out of seven industrial districts reported net losses in both employment and payrolls in April. Utica was the only district which showed net gains this month. However, three districts, Buffalo, New York City and Binghamton-Endicott-Johnson City, reported net losses in employment of only slightly more than 1.0%.

In Utica, increased forces in the cotton and automobile, airplane, &c., industries were largely responsible for the net gains in the textile and metal groups. The metal and machinery group in Albany-Schenectary-Troy reported severe net losses in employment and payrolls, especially in ratiroad equipment and repair and machinery plants. Some knit goods mills were much busier than last month. In Rochester sharp reductions were made in several men's clothing factories and in individual concerns making products of leather and wood. In Syracuse, this month, the metal and machinery group had greater net declines than last month, with particularly heavy losses in iron and steel and instrument and appliance concerns. All reporting shoe factories in Binghamton-Endicott-Johnson City reduced forces and payrolls. Most men's clothing factories in New York City were either keeping the same forces or decreasing them. Women's clothing factories reported a net loss in employment, but women's millinery and underwear concerns showed net gains. In Buffalo the metal and machinery group had net gains due mainly to expansion in iron and steel and automobile plants, but declines in some of the other industry groups, especially wood manufactures, offset these gains.

City	March to April, 1938			
C aty	Employment	Payrolls		
Ibany-Schenectady-Troy	-6.1	-10.8		
tochester	-5.1	-5.7		
tochester yracuse linghamton-Endicott-Johnson City				
tochesteryracuse	-5.1 -2.8	-5.7 -2.7		

Weekly Report of Lumber Movement-Week Ended April 30, 1938

The lumber industry during the week ended April 30, 1938, stood at 49% of the 1929 weekly average of production and 59% of average 1929 shipments. Production was about 48% of the corresponding week of 1929; shipments, about 54% of that week's shipments. Reported shipments and new orders in the week ended April 30, 1938, gained over the preceding week; production was less. New business was 9% above output, shipments 18% above. All items in the week ended April 30, 1938, were appreciably lower than during the corresponding week of 1937. National production reported for the 1938 week by 10% fewer mills was 9% below the output (revised figure) of the preceding week; shipments were 5% above shipments, and new orders 8% above orders of the previous week, according to reports to the National Lumber Manufacturers Association from regional associations covering the operations of important hardwood and softwood mills. In the week ended April 30, 1938, production, shipments and orders as reported by 407 The lumber industry during the week ended April 30, 1938, production, shipments and orders as reported by 407 softwood mills were, respectively, 35%, 30% and 31% below similar items in corresponding week of 1937. The Association further reported:

During the week ended April 30, 1938, 491 mills produced 161,731,000 feet of hardwoods and softwoods combined; shipped 190,789,000 feet; booked orders of 176,521,000 feet. Revised figures for the preceding week were: Mills, 548; production, 178,004,000 feet; shipments, 180,980,000 feet; orders, 163,757,000 feet.

feet; orders, 163,757,000 feet.

All regions but Southern Cypress and Northern Hardwoods reported orders above production in the week ended April 30, 1938. All but Northern Hardwoods reported shipments above output. All regions reported orders, and all but California Redwood and Cypress reported shipments below similar items in the corresponding week of 1937. All softwood regions reported production below the 1937 week.

Lumber orders reported for the week ended April 30, 1938, by 418 softwood mills totaled 171,534,000 feet, or 9% above the production of the same mills. Shipments as reported for the same week were 184,644,000 feet, or 18% above production. Production was 156,861,000 feet, or 2% above production. Shipments as reported for the same week were 6,145,000 feet, or 26% above production. Production was 4,870,000 feet.

Identical Mill Reports

Last week's production of 407 identical softwood mills was 154,920,000 feet, and a year ago it was 236,962,000 feet; shipments were, respectively, 183,154,000 feet and 263,108,000 feet, and orders received, 169,827,000 feet and 247,256,000 feet.

Production and Shipments of Lumber During Four Weeks Ended April 30, 1938

We give herewith data on identical mills for four weeks ended April 30, 1938, as reported by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association on May 10:

An average of 525 mills reported as follows to the National Lumber Trade Barometer for the four weeks ended April 30, 1938:

(In 1,000 Feet)	Production		Ship	nents	Orders Received		
	1938	1937	1938	1937	1938	1937	
Softwoods	674,091 27,363	978,153 45,408	700,634 24,925	1,032,896 44,481	647,121 22,880		
Total lumber	701,454	1,023,561	725,559	1.077,377	670,001	1,028,033	

Production during the four weeks ended April 30, 1938, as reported by these mills, was 31% below that of corresponding weeks of 1937. Softwood production in 1938 was 31% below that of the same weeks of 1937 and 22% below the records of comparable mills during the same period of 1936. Hardwood output was 40% below production of the 1937 period. Shipments during the four weeks ended April 30, 1938, were 33% below those of corresponding weeks of 1937, softwoods showing loss of 32% and hardwoods loss of 44%.

those of corresponding weeks of 1937, softwoods showing loss of 32% and hardwoods loss of 44%.

Orders received during the four weeks ended April 30, 1938, were 35% below those of corresponding weeks of 1937. Softwood orders in 1938 were 35% below those of similar period of 1937 and 23% below the same weeks of 1936. Hardwood orders showed loss of 32% as compared with corresponding weeks of 1937.

On April 30, 1938, gross stocks as reported by 440 softwood mills were 3,715,689 M feet, the equivalent of 106 days' average production (three-year average, 1935-36-37), as compared with 3,239,395 M feet on May 1, 1937, the equivalent of 92 days' average production.

On April 30, 1938, unfilled orders as reported by 433 softwood mills were 506,988 M feet, the equivalent of 15 days' average production, compared with 1,245,770 M feet on May 1, 1937, the equivalent of 36 days' average production.

average production.

Rayon Production During April Equal to Consumption Reports "Rayon Organon"—Output for Quarter Smallest Since 1934

Production of rayon yarn in the United States during April was again about equal to the consumption demand for the period, according to records compiled by the "Rayon Organon," published by the Textile Economics Bureau, Inc., New York. As a result, surplus stocks of yarn held at the

end of April showed virtually no change for the month. The publication stated:

Producers' stocks of yarn on April 30 amounted to a 3.5 months' supply, based on average monthly shipments over the previous 12 months, as compared with a stock index of 3.3 in March. Poundage yarn stocks showed no change from the end of March to the end of April, the increase in this index being caused entirely by the decrease in the shipments

Production of rayon yarn in the United States aggregated 57,500,000 pounds during the first quarter of 1938, states the "Organon," compared with a total of 73,800,000 pounds during the final quarter of 1937, and with a total of 76,800,000 pounds for the first quarter of last year. The following is also from an announcement by the Textile Economics Bureau bearing on its publication:

Bureau bearing on its publication:

The output for the first three months was the smallest for any quarter since 1934. The average quarterly output of recent years, according to the records, show a total of 78,100,000 pounds for 1937; 69,400,000 pounds for 1936; 64,400,000 pounds for 1935; 52,200,000 pounds for 1934, and 53,400,000 pounds for 1933.

These figures, in the opinion of the "Organon," bring out two significant facts: First, they show that, although the first quarter production of 1938 is below any quarterly figure for 1936 or 1937, it exceeds the average quarterly production for 1933 and 1934 and is not far out of line with the 1935 average.

Second, they show the rapidity with which rayon adjusts itself to changes in demand. Despite the high rate of operations during the fourth quarter of 1937, the rayon industry was able to curtail its first-quarter 1938 production to 22% less than that reported for the previous quarter. The rayon industry has attuned itself to the decline in demand more quickly than any other branch of the textile industry.

Petroleum and its Products—Crude Oil Price Structure Sags in Mid-Continent and West Coast—Texas Orders Five-Day Week for Producing Wells—Oklahoma Slashes Output 55,000 Barrels—Daily Average Crude Oil Output Off—Petroleum Stocks

Crude oil price reductions in Kansas, northern Oklahoma, Wyoming and one California field during the past week testified to the seriousness of the current condition whereby top-heavy stocks of refined products combined with overproduction of crude oil have weakened the basic market structure for crude petroleum

production of crude oil have weakened the basic market structure for crude petroleum.

First crack in the price structure appeared Tuesday when the Ohio Oil Co. announced a reduction of 12 cents a barrel in the price of Grass Creek heavy Wyoming crude oil to 50 cents a barrel, effective immediately. This was not too serious at first glance, however, as the price changes there have little effect upon the general mid-continent area.

The following day, however, further weakness in the price

have little effect upon the general mid-continent area.

The following day, however, further weakness in the price structure became apparent when the Kanotex Refining Co.—a small independent refiner buying about 5,000 barrels daily—dropped its purchasing price for Kansas and Oklahoma grades 25 cents a barrel. Under the new schedule, effective immediately, Kansas and northern Oklahoma crude begins at 93 cents a barrel for 34. to 34.9 gravity crude, with a top of \$1.05 for 40 gravity, and above.

Also on Wednesday came news of a reduction of 23 to 26

Also on Wednesday came news of a reduction of 23 to 26 cents a barrel in the price of Santa Maria grade crude oil by the Union Oil Co. This oil is of low gravity and is used mainly for production of gas and fuel oils. On the preceding day, Standard of California had posted a 10-cent a barrel reduction for these refined products and the crude cut in turn reflected the weakening retail market.

State regulatory authorities in Texas and Oklahoma took immediate action to bolster the technical position of the crude price structure by making further drastic reductions in allowable schedules. The Oklahoma Corporation Commission had indicated that it would pare production to around the 400,000-barrel mark last week-end but it was not until the price cuts had been posted and Texas took action, that the official quota was set official quota was set.

In Austin, the Texas Railroad Commission ordered all wells In Austin, the Texas Railroad Commission ordered all wells on a five-day week for the balance of the month, paring production by about 215,000 barrels daily by this step. A decision on what quota will be set in the future will be made May 17 when a hearing on protests of operators against the original Sunday shut-downs initiated early this year is scheduled. Since then, however, the Commission has broadened the shot-down order to include Saturday as ordered this past week this past week.

Up to a late hour last night (Friday) no suit had been filed against the Texas Railroad Commission but J. C. Schroder, President of the East Texas Petroleum Association, said early in the day that the suit sching on injuration to rectain the

President of the East Texas Petroleum Association, said early in the day that a suit asking an injunction to restrain the Commission from enforcing its 5-day week order for all producing wells was being prepared. The suit also may involve the whole current method of oil proration, it was indicated. With the 215,000-barrel reduction in the Texas quota added to the 55,000-barrel slash ordered in the Oklahoma Corporation Commission in setting the May allowable at 405,000 barrels daily, the 260,000-barrel combined slash is expected by oil men to bring daily average production far below the 3,318,100-barrel May market estimate for crude oil set by the United States Bureau of Mines in its monthly forecast. Should the industry be able to hold production around 200,000 barrels under the Bureau's estimate, this would mean a weekly reduction of approximately 1,000,000 barrels in crude oil stocks.

The Oklahoma Corporation Commission set the 405,000-barrel quota at the request of Governor Marland, it was reported in dispatches from the mid-continent. The reduction is off about 55,000 from recently issued orders and is about 80,000 barrels less than the actual daily average output in Oklahoma. Governor Marland indicated that he believed the emergency would last only until midsummer when the statistical position of the refined branch of the industry is likely to be better.

A wire expressing regret at the price cut was sent to C. M. Boggs, President of the Kanotex Refining Co., by Charles F. Roeser, President of the Independent Petroleum Association of America. "While the producers are all extremely sympathetic with the present plight of the refiners," Mr. Roeser wired, "we deeply regret that you feel it necessary to take this step and do not believe it is the solution of your problem. The Oklahoma Corporation Commission set the 405,000-

to take this step and do not believe it is the solution of problem.

"During the past 10 years the two best years the refiners have enjoyed were the two years of highest prices for crude petroleum," he continued. "Since 1930, we have had eight years during which the price of crude was lower than the previous year. In seven of these years, the refiners' margin was also below the previous year. Reduction in the price of crude which in many cases is below the cost of production, emphasizes and enlarges an already depressed situation and must affect a great portion of the United States, which in turn will react on the petroleum outlet. In the interest of all the people, I sincerely trust this is only a local situation and will not spread."

Daily average production of crude oil in the United States

Daily average production of crude oil in the United States during the initial week of May was off 13,800 barrels to 3,382,350 barrels, according to the American Petroluem Institute. This was about 65,000 barrels above the 3,318,100-barrel market estimate for May of the Bureau of Mines, and compared with actual production in the corresponding 1937 period of 3,489,200 barrels daily.

Substantial reductions in California and Kansas contras substantial reductions in California and Kansas contrasted with gains in production for the other members of the "Big Five." California was off 19,400 barrels to 689,600, which compared with the Bureau of Mines' estimate of 667,800 barrels, and the Central Committee of California Oil Producers market recommendation of 620,000 barrels daily. Kansas was off 14,850 to 162,900 barrels, against the Bureau's 168,700 and the State quota of 173,000 barrels.

olkahoma producers opened up their wells after the monthend cut-back with a gain of 12,900 barrels lifting the total to 486,800 barrels daily, against the State quota of 475,000 and the Federal recommendation of 510,300 barrels. Texas showed a nominal gain of 2,000 barrels to 1,354,700, against the State quota of 1,543,268 barrels and the United States suggestion of 1,322,500 barrels daily. A gain of 1,650 barrels for Louisiana lifted the total to 262,250 barrels, against the State quota of 251,450 and the Federal recommendation of

State quota of 251,450 and the Federal recommendation of 243,200 barrels.

A decline of 57,000 barrels in stocks of domestic and foreign crude oil during the final week of April was reported by the Bureau of Mines, stocks dropping to 307,147,000 barrels.

Bureau of Mines, stocks dropping to 307,147,000 barrels.

The Second District Court in Mexico City on May 13 postponed until June 10 the hearing on the plea for an injunction restraining the Mexican government from expropriating foreign oil interests. President Cardenas has also made it known that payment for the seized properties cannot be made in cash at the present and must be made in "subsoil products."

The Mexican President offered to pay the expropriation debt with 60% of the total annual production over the 10-year period as provided in the national expropriation law. The remaining 40% would be retained for domestic requirements. When questioned concerning Mexico's other foreign indebtedness, he said that it would be taken care of once the oil situation is settled.

Price changes follow:

Price changes follow:

May 10-Ohio oil cut Grass Creek heavy Wyoming crude 12 cents a May 10—One oil cut Grass Creek heavy wyoming crude 12 cents a barrel to 50 cents.

Nay 11—Kanotex Refining cut Kansas and northern Oklahoma crude 25 cents a barrel to \$1.05 for 40-gravity and over.

May 11—Union Oil cut Santa Maria heavy crude 23 to 26 cents a barrel.

Prices of Typical Crudes per Barrel at Wells A gravitles where A. P. I. degrees are not shown)

	- Tildenede Ank 40 e1 97
Bradford, Pa	Eldorado, Ark., 40\$1.27
Lima (Ohio Oil Co.)	Rusk, Texas, 40 and over 1.35
Corning Pa 1.2	Darst Creek 1.09
Illinois 1.3	Central Field, Mich 1.42
Western Kentucky 1.40	Sunburst, Mont 1.22
Mid-Cont't. Okla., 40 and above., 1.30	Huntington, Calif., 30 and over 1.22
Rodessa Ark. 40 and above 1.2	Kettleman Hills, 39 and over 1.42
Smackover, Ark., 24 and over 0.90	Petrolia, Canada 2.10

REFINED PRODUCTS—MOTOR FUEL STOCKS SHOW HEAVY DROP—DRASTIC SLASH IN REFINERY RUNS PARES OUT-PUT—WEST COAST FUEL OIL PRICES CUT

Stocks of finished and unfinished gasoline dropped nearly 2,000,000 barrels during the initial May week, the sharpest drop to date this season and the heaviest in many months. The American Petroleum Institute report placed the May 7 total at 89,464,000 barrels, which is the equal of nearly 60 days' supply, against 55 days' supplies a year earlier. Refinery stocks, reflecting the sensational slash in operations at producing points, were off 2,325,000 barrels to 56,420,000. Inventories held in bulk terminals gained only 388,000 barrels to 25,566,000 barrels. Stocks of unfinished gasoline were up 62,000 barrels to 7,748,000 barrels. Gas

and fuel oil stocks were up 1,478,000 to 129,848,000 barrels. A drop of 3.4 point, in refinery operations pared production to 75.9% of capacity with daily average runs of crude oil to stills dropping 135,000 barrels to 3,080,000. The production of cracked gasoline was cut an average of 30,000 barrels daily to 715,000 barrels.

A reduction of 10 cents a barrel in prices of fuel and Diesel oil at California points was posted on May 10 by Standard

A reduction of 10 cents a barrel in prices of fuel and Diesel oil at California points was posted on May 10 by Standard of California. Under the new price list, fuel oil is 90 cents a barrel and Diesel oil \$1.55 a barrel at San Pedro.

"These reductions," the company announced, "reflect the very serious situation which exists in California owing to the production of crude oil far in excess of market demand."

Representative price changes follows:

Representative price changes follows:

May 10—Standard of California reduced fuel and Diesel oil prices 10 cents a barrel to 90 cents, and \$1.55 respectively at San Pedro

		e Transpire (Control of the Control
U. S. Gasoline (Abov	e 65 Octane), Tank Car L	ots, F.O.B. Refinery
New York-	New York—	Other Cities-
Socony-Vacuum08	Gulf	New Orleans
Tide Water Oll Co .0814	Shell Eastern07%	Gulf ports
		Tulsa04%04%
Warner-Ouinlan071/6	[편집 시] 시간 시간 나를 보고 있었다. [기업 10년] [1	
	Water White, Tank Car,	
New York-	North Texas\$ 04	New Orleans_\$.051/4051/
(Bayonne)\$.05%	Los Angeles 03 1/205	Tulsa03 1/804
Proof (M FOR Refinery of Te	rminal
N. Y. (Bayonne)-	California 24 plus D	New Orleans C \$.90
Bunker C\$1.05	\$1.00-1.25	Phila., Bunker C 1.05
Diesel 1,95	Electrical States and Control	
Gas C	il, F.O.B. Refinery or Ter	rminal
N. Y. (Bayonne)-	Chicago—	Tulsa3.02 %03
	28-30 D\$.053	Electric terms at 1 and 1 at 1
Gasolin	ne, Service Station, Tax In	ncluded
z New York\$.19	Newark\$.165	Buffalo \$.17
Brooklyn19	Boston	
z Not including 2% city	sales tax.	

Daily Average Crude Oil Production During Week Ended May 7, 1938, Placed at 3,382,350 Barrels

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily average gross crude oil production for the week ended May 7, 1938, was 3,382,350 barrels. This was a decline of 13,800 barrels from the output of the previous week, and the current week's figure was above the 3,318,100 barrels calculated by the United States Department of the Interior to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various oil-producing States during May. Daily average production to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various off-producing States during May. Daily average production for the four weeks ended May 7, 1938 is estimated at 3,401,000 barrels. The daily average output for the week ended May 8, 1937, totaled 3,489,200 barrels. Further details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal United States ports for the week ended May 7 totaled 771,000 barrels, a daily average of 110,143 barrels, compared with a daily average of 76,571 barrels for the week ended April 30 and 120,429 barrels daily for the four weeks ended May 7.

Receipts of California oil at Atlantic and Gulf Coast ports for the week ended May 7 totaled 76,000 barrels, a daily average of 10,857 barrels, compared with a daily average of 8,571 barrels for the week ended April 30 and 16,000 barrels in the four weeks ended May 7.

Reports received from refining companies owning 89.0% of the 4,159,000 barrel estimated daily potential refining capacity of the United States, indicate that the industry as a whole ran to stills, on a Bureau of Mines' basis, 3,080,000 barrels of crude oil daily during the week, and that all companies had in storage at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit and in pipe lines as of the end of the week, 89,464,000 barrels of finished and unfinished gasoline and 129,848 barrels of gas and fuel oil.

Cracked gasoline production by companies owning 94.8% of the poential charging capacity of all cracking units indicates that the industry as a whole, on a Bureau of Mines' basis, produced an average of 715,000 barrels daily during the week.

DAILY AVERAGE CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION

	B. of M., Dept. of Interior Calcu- lations (May)	State Allowable May 1	Week Ended May 7 1938	Change from Previous Week	Four Weeks Ended May 7 1938	Week Ended May 8 1937
Oklahoma	510,300 168,700	a475,000 a173,000	486,800 162,900	$^{+12,900}_{-14,850}$	489,450 168,100	645,150 186,200
Panhandle Texas			64,450 79,450 30,100 200,100 104,750 433,900 234,400 207,550	+450 +2,600 +1,500 +700 +850	29,750 197,050 102,450 432,700 233,350 207,000	209,450 121,900 459,950 229,450 203,500
Total Texas	1,322,500	ь1543268	1,354,700	+2,000	1,345,300	1,389,850
North Louisiana Coastal Louisiana			79,700 182,550			77,050 175,700
Total Louisiana	243,200	251,450	262,250	+1,650	262,150	252,750
Arkansas Eastern Michigan Wyoming Montana Colorado New Mexico	47,400 12,600 4,800		48,550 150,950 56,300 49,350 13,500 3,800 103,650	+5,250 +4,200 +3,000 -350 +150	146,250 52,850 49,400 13,350 3,950	113,950 44,800 50,500 16,450 4,650
Total east of Calif California			2,692,750 689,600		2,688,950 712,050	2,845,400 643,800
Total United States	3,318,100	1.75	3,382,350	_13,800	3,401,000	3,489,20

a These are April allowables which are to be continued until May allowables are definitely set. b Effective May 1. Sunday shut-downs continued as previously. c Recommendation of Central Committee of California Oil Producers.

Note—The figures indicated above do not include any estimate of any oil which might have been surreptitiously produced.

CRUDE RUNS TO STILLS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED AND UNFINISHED GASOLINE AND GAS AND FUEL OIL WEEK ENDED MAY 7, 1938 (Figures in thousands of barrels of 42 gallons each)

		y Refini apacity	ng				Stocks of Finish Unfinished Go		Stocks		
District	<u> </u>			2			*		lshed.	Unfin'd	
-1	Poten-	Repor	ting	Daily Aver-	P. C. Oper-	At Do	Terms	Nap'tha	Fuel		
	Rate	Total	P. C.	age	ated	fineries		Distil.	ou		
East Coast	669	669	100.0	495	74.0	8,349	13,224	1.266	10,246		
Appalachian.	146	129	88.4	96	74.4	1,454	1.688	241	1,365		
Ind., Ill., Ky.	529	489		402	82.2		3,404	818	7,841		
Okla., Kan.,											
Mo	452	383	84.7	273	71.3	4.481	2.819	546	3,812		
Inland Texas	355	201	56.6	121	60.2	2,070	201	294			
Texas Gulf	833	797	95.7	697	87.5			1,827	8,679		
La. Gulf	174	168	96.6	136	81.0		641	481	3,099		
No. LaArk.	91	58	63.7	45	77.6	321	96	105			
Rocky Mt.	89	62	69.7	44	71.0	2.143		114	799		
California	821	746	90.9	499	66.9	11,512	2,561	1,506	89,154		
Reported		3.702	89.0	2,808	75.9	52,510	24.946	7.198	127,218		
Estd.unrepd.	1	457		272		3,910	620	280	2,630		
xEst.tot.U.S.	8 8	1 111	1,74		a accord	1			t gert		
May 7 '38_	4.159	4,159	1. 1	3.080		56,420	25,566	7,478	129,848		
Apr. 30 '38	4,159	4,159		3,215		58,745	25,178	7,416	128,270		
U.S. B. of M. xMay 7 '37				z3,240		50.759	22,429	7,284	94,975		

x Estimated Bureau of Mines basis. z May 1937 daily average.

March Natural Gasoline Statistics

The daily average production of natural gasoline showed a material increase in March 1938, over February, but was under the January daily average, according to a report prepared by the Bureau of Mines for Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior. The daily average in March was 5,861,000 gallons, compared with 5,833,000 gallons in February and 5,295,000 gallons in March, 1937. The greatest gains in March occurred in the East Texas, Texas Gulf, Oklahoma City, and Kettleman Hills districts.

Stocks at refineries and plants and terminals increased from 210,714,000 gallons the first of the month to 232,302,000 gallons on March 31, most of the gain being in terminal stocks

PRODUCTION AND STOCKS OF NATURAL GASOLINE

PRODUCTION AND STOCKS OF NATURAL GASOLINE (In Thousands of Gallons)

	1	Prod	uction		Stocks			
			1 1	March:	31, 1938	Feb. 28, 1938		
	Mar., 1938	Feb., 1938	Jan Mar., 1938	Jan Mar., 1937	At Refin- eries	At Plants & Ter- minals	At Refin- eries	At Plants & Ter- minals
East Coast				2	5,124		6,300	
Appalachian	6,821	6,370				5,039	210	3,939
Ill., Mich., Ky	993	995				396		
Oklahoma	42,511			107,465	3,318	29,303		
Kansas	4,368					950	42	910
Texas	55,476			133,219		59,625	11,382	47,159
Louisiana	6,679					879	126	1,004
Arkansas	1,982	1,697			420	186	252	223
Rocky Mountain	6,112				1,848		2,562	1,836
California	56,750	51,497	165,052	149,637	103,362	2,174	98,196	2,186
Total	181,692	163.338	527.142	470,610	131.880	100.422	123,942	86,772
Daily aver_	5.861	5.833			,,,,,,,			
Total (thousands	-,		-,001	_,	2445	255	3000	
of barrels)	4.326	3,889	12,551	11,205	3,140	2,391	2,951	2,066
Daily aver.						_,001	-,001	_,000

Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products, March, 1938

The United States Bureau of Mines, in its monthly petroleum statement, reported that after declining for six months the daily average production of crude petroleum increased from 3,380,800 barrels in February to 3,436,300 barrels in March. The Bureau's report further disclosed:

Darrels in March. The Bureau's report further disclosed:

The principal feature in the State figures of production in March was the gain in Texas; in fact, daily average production outside of Texas was lower than in February. All of the major districts of Texas shared in the gain in output in March. Production in California and Oklahoma showed moderate declines, Kansas and New Mexico small declines, Louisiana a slight increase. The Louisiana Gulf Coast established another record for production. Production in Arkansas and Illinois continued to increase, as did the output in the Eastern States.

The increase in output, combined with the decline in crude runs, affected the stock picture so that about 3,000,000 barrels were added to stocks in March, compared with only about 150,000 barrels in February.

Refined Products

Refined Products

Gasoline production was curtailed in March by reducing crude runs and by a slight drop in the yield. Shipments exceeded expectations, probably due to the general rise in freight rates effective the latter part of the month, hence the decline in supply resulted in a much smaller increase in stocks than was anticipated. The domestic demand for motor fuel in March was 41,259,000 barrels, or nearly 2% higher than a year ago. Exports were 3,562,000 barrels (nearly 50% above a year ago), making total demand 4% higher than in March, 1937. Stocks of gasoline on March 31 totaled 92,320,000 barrels, a gain of only 40,000 barrels, compared with a normal increase of two or three million barrels.

The demand for light fuel oil declined sharply, or considerably more than the usual seasonal decrease. The yields of the three principal products (gasoline, residual fuel, and distillate fuel) all declined in March, hence the yields of others, particularly asphalt and unfinished oils, rose appreciably.

preciably.

According to data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the price index for petroleum products in March, 1938, was 57.9, compared with 58.0 in February and 58.6 in March, 1937.

The refinery data of this report were compiled from schedules of refineries having an aggregate daily crude oil capacity of 3,994,000 barrels. These refineries operated at 77% of capacity in March, compared with 78% in February.

SUPPLY AND DEMAND OF ALL OILS

	March, 1938	Feb., 1938	March, 1937	Jan. to March, 1938	Jan. to March, 1937
New Supply—	11,0	100	7 10		
Domestic production:	100	10000		1	
Crude petroleum	106,524	94,662	106,724	307,193	298,46
Daily average	3,436	3,381	3,443	3,413	3,316
Natural gasoline	4,326	3,889 132	3,908 255	12,551 422	11,208 729
Benzol_a	143 110,993	98,683	110.887	320,166	310.398
Daily average	3.580	3,524	3.577	3.557	3.449
Imports:b	0,000	0,021	0,017	0,001	0,11
Crude petroleum:	1.0		3.0	6 6 15	
Receipts in bond	373	131	136	613	136
Receipts for domestic use	2.196	1.752	1,922	5,934	3.654
The Alice of Communication of the Communication of	74. F. F. J.			May	- 1-1-
Receipts in bond	1,686	969	2,420	4,299	5,085
Receipts for domestic use	639	710	885	1,827	2,401
Total new supply, all oils	115,887	102,245	116,250	332,839	321,674
Daily average	3,738	3,652	3,750	3,698	3,574
Increase in stocks, all oils	5,650	7,300	7,566	24,243	15,496
Demand—		7			- F - 15
Total demand	110.237	94,945	108.684	308,596	306.178
Daily average	3,556	3,391	3,506	3,429	3,402
Exportarly		0.00	-,		-,
Crude petroleum	6,121	* 5,328	3,196	17,402	10,569
Refined products	9,204	8,605	7,014	25,797	21,685
Domestic demand:		g after a r	11, 11, 11	Charles I	
Motor fuel	41,259	31,861	40,561	108,296	106,257
Kerosene	5,150	5,017	4,786	15,527	14,309
Gas oil and distillate fuels	10,487	11,651	10,800	34,780	36,228
Residual fuel oils	25,696	23,627	29,682	75,167	85,144
Lubricants	2,195	1,311	2,490	4,977	5,659
WaxCoke	308	82 416	88 401	287 1,259	260 1.365
Asphalt	1,444	883	1.273	3,404	3,194
Road oil	131	168	159	450	601
Still gas	4.901	4.428	4.981	14.266	13,848
Miscellaneous	137	132	245	406	591
Losses	3,114	1,436	3,008	6,578	6,468
mand demonstratement	04.010	01 010	00 474	005 005	072 004
Total domestic demand Daily average	94,912 3.062	81,012 2,893	98,474 3,177	265,397 2,949	273,924 3,044
Daily average	. 0,002	2,090	3,177	2,040	3,044
Stocks—		100		100	
Crude petroleum:					
Refinable in United States	309,403	306,349	297,496	309,403	297,496
Heavy in California_c	16,069	15,563	d	16,069	d
Natural gasoline	5,531	5,017	4,799	5,531	4,799
Refined products_c	257,226	255,650	231,847	257,226	231,847
Total, all oils	588,229	582,579	534,142	588,229	534,142
Days' supply	165	172	152	172	157

a From Coal Division. b Imports of crude as reported to Bureau of Mines; all other imports and exports, from Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. c Beginning Jan. 1, 1938, unmixed heavy crude in California has been segregated from residual fuels. d Not available.

PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM BY STATES AND PRINCIPAL FIELDS (Thousands of Barrels)

	March, 1938		February, 1938		Jan. to March	
	Total	Daily Average	Total	Daily Average	1938	1937
Arkansas—Rodessa	230	7.4	221	7.9	741	
Rest of State	1.332	43.0	1.114	39.8	3,442	2.33
Total Arkansas	1.562		1,335		4,183	2.33
California—Huntington Beach_	1,061	34.2	973	34.8	3,104	3.24
Kettleman Hills	2,552	82.3	2.254		7,330	6.98
Long Beach	1.762	56.9	1.611	57.5	5.141	5.56
Santa Fe Springs	1,209	39.0	1.136	40.6	3,606	3,96
Rest of State	15,857	511.5	14,634	522.6	45,876	33,22
Total California	22,441	723.9	20,608		65,057	52.97
	116	3.7	104	3.7	334	37
Colorado	1.330	42.9	1.108	39.6	3,566	1.12
Illinois					209	190
Indiana	73	2.4	70			16.61
Kansas	5,292	170.7	4,786		15,758	
Kentucky	457	14.8	406	14.5	1,274	1,30
Louisiana—Gulf Coast	5,554	179.2	4,968	177.4	15,938	15,01
Rodessa	1,249	40.3	1,236	44.2	3,796	4,67
Rest of State_a	1,211	39.0	1,020	36.4	3,347	1,91
Total Louisiana	8,014	258.5	7,224	258.0	23,081	21,60
Michigan	1,610	52.0	1,429	51.0	4,603	2,83
Montana	408	13.2	369	13.2	1,152	1,47
New Mexico	3.159	101.9	2,905	103.8	9.320	8.70
New York	455	14.7	409	14.6	1,308	1.31
Ohio	301	9.7	258	9.3	807	85
Oklahoma-Oklahoma City	3,919	126.4	3,492	124.7	11.607	15.59
Seminole	3.753	121.1	3,461	123.6	11.146	12.23
Rest of State	8,625	278.2	8.033	286.9	25,939	28,52
Total Oklahoma	16,297	525.7	14.986	535.2	48,692	56,34
Pennsylvania	1,653	53.3	1,466	52.4	4.685	4,44
Texas—Gulf Coast	9.742	314.2	8.173	291.9	27,260	26,55
West Texas	6.220	200.6	5.181	185.0	17.229	17,60
East Texas	13,738	443.2	12,146	433.8	40.310	40.88
East lexas						6.59
Panhandle	2,101	67.8	1,738	62.1	5,902	
Rodessa	1,082	34.9	859	30.7	2.580	3,59
Rest of State	8,631	278.5	7,542	269.4	24,719	25,42
Total Texas	41,514	1,339.2		1272.9	118,000	120,64
West Virginia	337	10.9	294	10.5	921	92
Wyoming—Salt Creek	510	16.5	439	15.7	1,422	1,44
Rest of State	989	31.9	822	29.3	2,803	2,95
Total Wyoming	1,499	48.4	1,261	45.0	4,225	4,39
Other a	6		5		18	1.
Total United States	106,524	3,436.3	94,662	3380.8	307,193	298,46

Stocks of Coal in Consumers Hands on April 1, 1938

The United States Department of the Interior in its latest coal report showed that stocks of bituminous coal declined in the first quarter of 1938, and on April 1 stood at 35,380,000 net tons. This was a decrease of 11,694,000 tons, or 24.8%, below the reserves on the first day of the year. Compared with the stocks on April 1 a year ago, the decrease amounted to 17,773,000 tons, or 33.4%.

The amount of unbilled bituminous coal in cars stood at 2,280,000 net tons on April 1, an increase of 28% over Jan. 1.

Stocks of bituminous coal at the head of the lakes have continued their seasonal decline and stood at 4,962,000 net tons on April 1. This is 36.7% more, however, than the amount of coal in storage the corresponding date a year ago.

SUMMARY OF COMMERCIAL STOCKS OF BITUMINOUS COAL,

					P. C. of	Change
	April 1, 1938 d	March 1, 1938	Jan. 1, 1938	April 1, 1937	From Prev. Quar.	From Year Ago
Consumers' Stocks a Industrial, net tons Ret'l dealers,net tons		32,284,000 6,200,000	39,174,000 7,900,000	45,153,000 8,000,000	22.7 35.4	-32.9 -36.2
Total tons Days supply Coal in Transit—		38,484,000 35,2 days			-24.8 -10.3	$-33.4 \\ -2.7$
Unbilled loads b Stocks on lake docks c	2,280,000	2,230,000	1,781,000	665,000	+28.0	+242.9
Lake Superior Lake Michigan	3,469,000 1,493,000					$^{+46.6}_{+18.2}$
Total	4.962.000	5,764,000	8,271,000	3,630,000	-40.0	+36.7

a Coal in bins of householders is not included. Figures for industrial consumers below. Figures for retailers from sample data. b Coal in ears unbilled at the mines or in classification yards as reported to the Association of American Railroads. c Covers all commercial American docks on Lake Superior and on the west bank of Lake Michigan as far south as Racine and Kenosha, Wisconsin, but not including Chicago and Waukegan, Ill. Based on figures courteously supplied by the Maher Coal Bureau for Duluth-Superior and Ashland docks and on direct reports from all other commercial operators, not reporting to that Bureau. Figures include certain tonnage of railroad fuel which is also included in reports of consumers' stocks.

Industrial Bituminous Coal

Stocks of bituminous coal held by different classes of industrial consumers stocks of intuminous coar heighty difference classes of industrial constitutions have continued to decline since December, 1937. On April 1, 1938, they stood at 30,280,000 tons, a decrease of 2,004,000 tons, or 6.2%, when compared with those on hand on March 1, 1938. All classes of consumers, except the cement mills, shared in the decline, the largest decrease occurring

except the cement mills, shared in the decline, the largest decrease occurring at by-product coke ovens where stocks fell off 10.2%.

The consumption of bituminous coal at industrial plants showed an increase of 3.7% during March, 1938, in comparison with consumption in February. This is accounted for by the three additional days in the month, and if consumption is calculated on a daily basis, the amount of coal used in March showed a decrease of 6.4%.

INDUSTRIAL STOCKS AND CONSUMPTION OF BITUMINOUS COAL IN

THE UNITED STATES, EXCLUDING RETAIL YARDS (Determined jointly by F. G. Tryon, Market Statistics Unit, National Bituminous oal Commission, and Thomas W. Harris Jr., Chairman, Coal Committee, National ssociation of Purchasing Agents).

	March, 1938 (Preliminary)	Feb., 1938 (Revised)	Per Cent Change
Stocks, End of Month, at— Electric power utilities, a. By-product coke ovens, b. Steel and rolling mills, c. Coal-gas retorts, c. Cement mills, b. Other industrial, d. Raliroads (class I), e.	Net Tons 8,479,000 5,231,000 837,000 235,000 347,000 9,270,000 5,881,000	Net Tons 8,565,000 5,823,000 919,000 253,000 320,000 10,230,000 6,174,000	$\begin{array}{c} -1.0 \\ -10.2 \\ -8.9 \\ -7.1 \\ +8.4 \\ -9.4 \\ -4.7 \end{array}$
Total industrial stocks	30,280,000	32,284,000	-6.2
Industrial Consumption by— Electric power utilities, a By-product coke ovens_b Beehive coke ovens_b Steel and rolling mills_c Coal-gas retorts_c Cement mills_b Other industrial_d Railroads (class I)_e	3,011,000 3,795,000 154,000 787,000 144,000 228,000 8,710,000 6,420,000	2,888,000 3,539,000 165,000 725,000 138,000 169,000 8,630,000 6,169,000	+4.3 +7.2 -6.7 +8.6 +4.3 +34.9 +0.9 +4.1
Total industrial consumption	23,249,000	22,423,000	+3.7
Additional Known Consumption— Coal mine fuel Bunker fuel, foreign trade	223,000 125,000	225,000 123,000	-0.9 +1.6
Days Supply, End of Month, At— Electric power utilities By-product coke ovens Steel and rolling milis Coal-gas retorts Cement mills. Other industrial Railroads, (class I).	Days Supply 87 days 43 days 33 days 51 days 47 days 33 days 28 days	Days Supply 83 days 46 days 35 days 51 days 53 days 33 days 32 days	+4.8 -6.5 -5.7 0.0 -11.3 0.0 0.0
Total industrial	40 days	40 days	0.0

a Collected by the Federal Power Commissino. b Collected by the U. S. Bureau of Mines. c Collected by National Bituminous Coal Commission. d Estimates based on reports collected jointly by the National Association of Purchasing Agents and the National Bituminous Coal Commission from a selected list of 2,000 representative manufacturing plants. The concerns reporting are chiefly large consumers and afford a satisfactory basis for estimate. e Collected by the Association of American Railroads.

Industrial Anthracite

Stocks, consumption, and days' supply of anthracite by electric power utility plants, Class I railroads and miscellaneous manufacturing plants are shown in the following table:

ANTHRACITE AT ELECTRIC POWER UTILITIES, RAILROADS, AND OTHER INDUSTRIAL PLANTS (NET TONS)

Official	MINORIA	LIAL I LA	11110 (111			2 7 % (C)
	March, 1938 d	Feb., 1938	Dec., 1937	March, 1937	P. C of Change From Prev. Quar.	Change From Year Ago
Consumed during month.	1,411,046 145,001	1,433,259 127,528	166,348	173,074	-12.8	-16.2
Railroads (Class I) b-	145	315 days		St. a. C.	+11.2 -26.2	
Stocks, end of month	203,281	229,468		155.248	-4.3	
Consumed during month.	140,306					
Other Indust. Consumers (Selected representative plants c):		47 days	58 days	52 days	-22.4	
Stocks, end of month	278.673	290,304	269,796	289,667	+3.3	
Consumed during month	134,662		127.663	161,972	+5.5	
Days supply, end of mo.	64 days	61 days	66 days	55 days	-3.0	+16.4

a Collected by the Federal Power Commission. b Collected by the Association of American Railroads. c 102 firms reported for February and March, 1938; 109 firms for December, 1937; and 121 firms for March, 1937. d Subject to revision.

Domestic Anthracite and Coke

Stocks and days' supply of anthracite and coke for domestic purposes held by 341 representative retail dealers' yards are shown in the following table:

SUMMARY OF STOCKS OF DOMESTIC ANTHRACITE AND COKE

	April 1, 1938 b	Mar. 1, 1938	Jan. 1, 1938	Apr. 1, 1937	P C. of Change From Prev. Quar.	Change From Year Ago
Retail Stocks, 341 Selected Dealers— Anthracite, net tons—Anthracite, days supply a Coke, net tons—Coke, days supply—a—Anthracite in producers' storace yards—	242,338 25 days 31,678 24 days	22 days	36 days 64,944 35 days 2,154,429	24 days 39,760 19 days	-30.6 -51.2 -31.4 -41.3	$ \begin{array}{r} -20.3 \\ +26.3 \\ +47.0 \end{array} $

 ${\bf a}$ Calculated at the rate of deliveries to customers in the preceding month. ${\bf b}$ ject to revision.

Preliminary Estimates of Production of Coal for Month of April, 1938

of April, 1938

According to preliminary estimates made by the United States Bureau of Mines and the National Bituminous Coal Commission, bituminous coal output during the month of April, 1938, amounted to 22,195,000 net tons, compared with 26,041,000 net tons in the corresponding month last year and 26,745,000 tons in March, 1938. Anthracite production during April, 1938 totaled 3,108,000 net tons, as against 6,854,000 tons a year ago and 4,015,000 tons in March, 1938. The consolidated statement of the two aforementioned organizations follows:

	Total	Number	Average	Calendar
	for	of	per Working	Year to End
	Month	Working	Day	of April
	(Net Tons)	Days	(Net Tons)	(Net Tons)
c April, 1938 (prelim.)— Bituminous coal_a Anthracite_b Beehlve coke March, 1938 (perised)—	22,195,000	25.2	881,000	107,233,000
	3,108,000	25	124,300	15,477,000
	74,300	26	2,858	393,300
Bituminous coal_a	26,745,000 4,015,000	27 27	991,000 148,700	
Beehive coke April, 1937 (revised)—	97,300	27	3,604	
Bituminous coal a	26,041,000	25.2	1,033,000	161,064,000
Anthracite_b	6,854,000	25	274,200	19,242,000
Beehive coke	306,400	26	11,785	1,225,300

a Includes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience, the production of lignite and of anthracite and semi-anthracite outside of Pennsylvania. b Total production, including colliery fuel, washery and dredge coal, and coal shipped by truck from authorized operations. c Preliminary. d Not available. Note—All current estimates will later be adjusted to agree with the results of the complete canvass of production made at the end of the calendar years.

April Anthracite Shipments Off 16.56%

Shipments of anthracite Snipments on 16.50%

Shipments of anthracite for the month of April, 1938, as reported to the Anthracite Institute, amounted to 2,892,822 net tons. This is a decrease as compared with shipments during the preceding month of March of 574,226 net tons, or 16.56%, and when compared with April, 1937, shows a decrease of 3,087,738 net tons, or 51.63%.

Shipments by originating carriers (in net tons) are as follows:

	April, 1938	March 1938	A pril, 1937	March, 1937
Reading Company Lehigh Valley RR. Central RR. of New Jersey Delaware Lackawanna & West. RR. Delaware & Hudson RR. Corp. Pennsylvania RR. Erie RR. New York Ontarlo & Western Ry Lehigh & New England RR.	574,285 565,626 193,014 428,877 301,834 251,348 280,344 117,816 179,678	315,900	804,359 578,750 601,736 386,682	966,902 834,450 378,109 538,631 432,821 439,932 286,890 144,714 214,645
Total	2,892,822	3,467,048	5,980,560	4,235,094

Weekly Coal Production Statistics

Weekly Coal Production Statistics

The National Bituminous Coal Commission in its current weekly coal report disclosed that the total production of soft coal in the week ended April 30 is estimated at 5,155,000 net tons. This is a decrease of 31,000 tons, or 0.6%, from the output in the preceding week, and is in comparison with 6,915,000 tons in the corresponding week of 1937.

The cumulative production of soft coal in 1938 to date stands 33.1% behind that in 1937; the cumulative total of both hard and soft coal to date, 31.7% behind 1937.

The United States Bureau of Mines, in its weekly report, showed that a further decrease marked the production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended April 30. Total output is estimated at 655,000 tons, a loss of 2% over production during the week of April 23. Compared with the same week a year ago, there was a loss of 55%.

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL WITH

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL WITH COMPARABLE DATA ON PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM (In Thousands of Net Tons)

	w	Week Ended			r Year to	Date e
	Apr. 30 1938	Α pτ. 231 1938	May 1 1937	1938	1937	1929
Bituminous Coal a— Total, including mine fuel Daily average	c5,155 859	d 5,186 864	6,915 1,153	107,232 1,062	160,099 1,584	176,602 1,749
Crude Petroleum b— Coal equivalent of weekly output.	5,440	5,511	5,602	92,349	90,755	72,256

a Includes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience the production of lignite and anthracite and semi-anthracite outside of Pennsylvania. b Total barrels produced during the week converted to equivalent coal, assuming 6,000,000 B.t.u. per barrel of oil and 13,100 B.t.u. per pound of coal. c Subject to revision. d Revised. e Sum of 17 full weeks ended April 30, 1938, and corresponding periods in other years.

ESTIMATED PRODUCTION OF PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE AND BEEHIVE COKE (In Net Tons)

	P	Veek Ende	đ	Calendar Year to Date				
	April 30, 1938	April 23, 1938	May 1, 1937	1938	1937 с	1929 с		
Pa. Anthracite-	655,000	000,000	1 404 000	15 507 000	10 114 000	04.074.000		
Tot.,incl.col, fuel a Daily average	109.200	111.000		15,507,000 154,300				
Comm'l produc'n b				14,769,000		242,500 22,616,000		
United States total		17,000		393,600	1,227,400	2,073,800		
Daily average	2,867	2,833	12,250	3,821	11,917	20,134		

a Includes washery and dredge coal, and coal shipped by truck from authorized operations. b Excludes colliery fuel. c Adjusted to make comparable the number of working days in the three years.

ESTIMATED WEEKLY & MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF COAL, BY STATES (In Thousands of Net Tons)

[The current weekly estimates are based on railroad carloadings and river shipments and are subject to revision on receipt of monthly tonnage reports from district and State sources or of final annual returns from the operators.]

State	и	eek End	ed	Monthly Production		
State	Арт. 23 1938 р	Apr. 16 1938 p	Apr. 24 1937 r	Mar., 1938	Feb., 1938	Mar., 1937 r
AlaskaAlabama	221	2 226	2 21	13 980	9 970	1,448
Arkansas and Oklahoma	10	14	5	- 86	220	228
Colorado	61	76	72	429	536	767
Georgia and North Carolina	1	1	*	3	3	2
Illinois	548	579	504	2,904	3.619	6.918
Indiana	196	223	168	1,203	1.351	2,292
Iowa	47	52	19	283	308	550
Kansas and Missouri	87	86	42	447	624	930
Kentucky-Eastern	428	473	790	1.975	2,043	4,126
Western	89	97	101	572	627	1,236
Maryland	20	21	15	110	115	196
Michigan	5	10	2	60	58	83
Montana	33	38	33	197	239	328
New Mexico	20	21	32	96	108	199
North and South Dakota	22	20	20	130	250	137
Ohio	281	298	354	1,465	1,300	2,877
Pennsylvania bituminous	1,312	1,368	1,992	6,537	5,983	12,895
Tennessee	75	76	46	296	372	597
Texas	15	16	15	66	66	67
Utah	27	40	32	201	267	435
Virginia	151	186	193	926	927	1,490
Washington	26	24	30	117	124	178
West Virginia-Southern a	1,064	1,107	1,623	5,314	5,294	9,474
Northern b	372	391	465	1,936	1,660	3,431
Wyoming	73	73	71	396	365	594
Other Western States c		2	*	3	2	3
Total bituminous coal	5,186	5,520	6,647	26,745	27,440	51,540
Pennsylvania anthracite d	666	1,012	1,639	4,015	3,539	4,865
Grand total	5,852	6,532	8,286	30,760	30,979	56,405

a Includes operations on the N. & W., C. & O., Virginian, K. & M., B. C. & G., and on the B. & O. in Kanawha, Mason, and Clay counties. b Rest of State, incl. the Panhandle District and Grant, Mineral, and Tucker counties. c Includes Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, and Oregon. d Data for Pennsylvania antiracite from published record of the Bureau of Mines. c Average weekly rate for entire month. p Prelininary. r Revised. s Alaska, Georgia, North Carolina, and and South Dakota included with "other Western States." * Less than 1,000 tons.

March World Tin Production

The American Bureau of Metal Statistics reports that world production of tin on an ore basis during March amounted to 16,320 long tons, which compares with 13,642 tons in February, and 17,664 tons in March last year. Production in the first three months of the current year totaled 44,363 tons, against 46,755 tons in the same period last year.

Production by countries, for the first three months of

1938, in long tons, follows:

	March	February	January
Australia	280	270	300
Bolivia	3.148	2.046	2.578
British India	400	360	400
China	900	900	900
Netherland India	2.536	2,449	1.316
Malaya	5.053	4.270	5.026
Indo-China	125	120	120
Japan	200	190	190
Nigeria	812	601	910
Siam	1.408	971	1.136
South Africa	48	50	50
Great Britain	160	165	175
Belgian Congo	850	850	900
a Elsewhere	400	400	400
Totals	16,320	13,642	14,401

a Includes Mexico, Argentina, Portugal and sundries

International Tin Committee Proposes to Fix Export Quotas of Tin Under Buffer Stock Draft Plan— Effect Would Reduce Current 55% Export Quota to 40% and Allocate 15% to Buffer Stock

The following announcement was made by the Chairman of the International Tin Committee at its meeting in London on May 5, issued through the New York office of the International Tin Research and Development Council:

1. If buffer stock draft scheme now under consideration of signatory governments be accepted there will then be two quotas:

- (a) The ordinary international export quota which the International Tin Committee can vary from time to time, and
 (b) The buffer stock quota which should, it is contemplated, continue in operation until buffer stock which may be agreed upon has been accumulated.

- As the intention is to accumulate that stock in six months, buffer stock quota would normally be 15% of standard tonnages.

 2. Draft scheme suggested total amount of buffer stock which should be obtained but did not prescribe manner in which stock should with reference to international quotas be accumulated. It was recognized that circumstances might change materially and they have so changed since scheme was drafted.
- was drafted.

 3. In present circumstances and assuming that buffer stock draft scheme is accepted in near future, intention of the International Tin Committee is to fix quotas under (a) and (b) of paragraph one above so that com-

bined buffer stock and international quotas will amount to or near to present international quota of 55%. Effect of this would be to reduce current export quota to 40% or thereabouts and allocate 15% quota for buffer stock. Present rate of production would then remain substantially unchanged, roughly one-fourth of production would be held in buffer

4. If buffer stock scheme is accepted decisions as to definite international and buffer stock quotas to be fixed will be made by the International Tin Committee in the light of position as it then appears.

5. Recommendation which has been made to signatory governments concerned is that buffer stock, if agreed, should be financed on same general lines as former official buffer pool.

Non-Ferrous Metals—Foreign Copper Agreement Ex-tended—Zinc Again Reduced to 4c. St. Louis "Metal and Mineral Markets" in its issue of May 12 re-

"Metal and Mineral Markets" in its issue of May 12 reported that buying of non-ferrous metals was inactive in the week that ended May 11. Because of a moderate expansion in the movement of finished products, and on prospects that this improvement will continue, sentiment appeared to be more cheerful. Reports from Washington that Tenessee Valley Authority and the utilities are moving closer together were viewed as a highly favorable development. In reference to the London meeting of copper producers, the industry here understands that the foreign agreement has been extended. Zinc declined 15 points during the week, tin was up about 1c., with copper and lead unchanged. The publication further reported:

Copper

Copper

Unofficial advices from London indicate that the production and marketing agreement among foreign copper producers has been successfully concluded and will become effective for three years beginning July 1, 1938. Business in the domestic market was quiet all week, with sales for the period totaling 4.526 tons, compared with 5,720 tons in the previous week. Many in the industry anticipate only a moderate increase in domestic stocks for April, as curtailment in mine output, plus expected higher deliveries here, and fairly large exports of domestic copper (around 10.000 tons) will aid in improving the statistical picture in this country. The price continued at 10c. Valley.

Prices abroad moved within narrow limits during the week, with metal in steady demand for near-by delivery.

Copper production of the world, excluding the United States, on a smelter basis during the first quarter of 1938 totaled 378,400 short tons, according to the American Bureau of Metal Statistics. This compares with 399,000 tons in the fourth quarter of 1937.

United States exports of refined copper—foreign and domestic—during February and March, by countries of destination, in short tons:

To:

Feb. March To:

Feb. March Province To Parents.

Feb. March Province To Parents.

To:	Feb.	March		Feb.	March
Belgium	348	675	Poland and Danzig	414	583
Czechoslovakia	2,729	2,600	Sweden	1,511	729
Denmark		56	China and Hongkong	1,131	1,381
France	1,541	4,582	Japan	6.738	6,035
Germany	2,167		Other countries	2.685	1.148
Great Britain	1,536	2.879			
Italy	2,762	1.916			
Netherlands	168	246	Totals	23,730	25,094

Buying of lead was in fair volume last week, the quantity sold amounting to 2,690 tons, which compares with 2,083 tons in the preceding seven-day period. Again the demand was chiefly for near-by metal. Cable makers showed buying interest in the market for the first time in weeks and placed some orders for June shipment material. Sheet lead and pipe fabricators

Some orders for June snipment material. Sneet lead and pipe labricators also stood out as buyers.

Quotations continued at 4.50c., New York, the contract settling basis of the American Smelting & Refining Co., and at 4.55c., St. Louis. Business was booked by St. Joseph Lead on its own brands for delivery in the East at a premium. The undertone of the market was steady.

Two small producers announced suspension of operations, pending a higher market for lead. This action will curtail output by at least 1,500 tons of lead a month

tons of lead a month.

World production of refined lead during March totaled 151,113 short ns, which compares with 146,951 tons in February and 161,036 tons in

Zinc

April zinc statistics, showing a large increase in stocks, exerted a depressing influence in the industry. The trade believes the gain in supplies made consumers shy away from the 4.15c, level. On May 10, sellers dropped the quotation to 4.00c., St. Louis. Galvanizers report little change in business volume, but some consumers of High Grade zinc appear to be more active. Shipments of common grades to consumers during the week ended May 7 totaled 2,676 tons. Unfilled orders of the Prime Western division total 25,242 tons.

The Prime Western division of the zinc industry reports sales for April of 9,427 tons, against 6,052 tons in March, 6,393 tons in February and 871 tons in Journal of 19,427 tons in Jo

9.871 tons in January.

There was a fair demand for tin in the New York market on Friday May 6, but over the remainder of the week business was slow. The London market steadied on official confirmation that plans for the proposed don market steadied on official confirmation that plans for the proposed buffer pool had been revised and may prove more acceptable. The latest plan provides for production on the 55% basis, allocating 40% for current consumption and the remainder to be used in building the reserve. The International Tin Committee is to meet in Paris on June 2. Tin-plate operations in the United States are holding at about 50% of capacity. Straits tin settled at 37.80c., or about 1c. higher than a week ago.

Chinese tin, 99%, was nominally as follows: May 5th, 36.125c.; 6th, 36.125c.; 7th, 36.500c.; 9th, 36.350c.; 10th, 36.500c.; 11th, 36.300c.

DAILY PRICES OF METALS ("E. & M. J " QUOTATIONS)

	Electrolyt	ic Copper	Straits Tin	Le	Zinc	
	Dom., Refy.	Exp., Refy.	New York	New York	St. Louis	St. Louis
May 5	9.775	9.325	37.625	4.50	4.35	4.15
May 6	9.775	9.300	37.625	4.50	4.35	4.15
May 7	9.775	9.325	38.000	4.50	4.35	4.15
May 9	9.775	9.275	37.850	4.50	4.35	4.15
May 10	9.775	9.325	38.000	4.50	4.35	4.00
May 11	9.775	9.300	37.800	4.50	4.35	4.00
Awaraga	0 775	0.200	27 017	4 50	4 25	4.10

Average prices for calendar week ended May 7 are: Domestic copper, f.o.b. refinery, 9.775c.; export copper, 9.304c.; Straits tin, 36.729c.; New York lead, 4.500c.; St. Louis lead, 4.350c.; St. Louis zinc, 4.150c.; and silver, 42.750c.

The above quotations are "M. & M. M.'s" appraisal of the major United States markets, based on sales reported by producers and agencies. They are reduced to the basis of eash, New York or St. Louis, as noted. All prices are in cents per pound.

Copper, lead and zinc quotations are based on sales for both prompt and future deliveries; tin quotations are for prompt delivery only.

In the trade, domestic copper prices are quoted on a delivered basis; that is, delivered at consumers' plants. As delivery charges vary with the destination, the figures shown above are net prices at refineries on the Atlantic seaboard. Delivered prices in New England average 0.225c, per pound above the refinery basis.

Export quotations for copper are reduced to net at refinerles on the Atlantic seaboard. On foreign business in copper sellers usually name a c.i.f. price—Hamburg, Have, and Liverpool. The c.i.f. basis commands a premium of 0.350c. per pound above our f.o.b. refinery quotation.

Daily London Prices

	Coppe	r, Std.	Copper	Tin,	Sid.	Le	ad	Zi	nc
	Spot	3M	(Bid)	Spot	3M	Spot	3M	Spot	3M
May 5	381516	39316	43	16914			151/8	131/8	133/8
May 6	381/2	3834	43 43	165 ¾ 167 ¾	1661/4		14 1/8	131 ₁₆ 12 1/8	13516 13116
May 10 May 11	39316	39 3/8 39116	43 42 34	167¾ 167½		1411 ₁₆ 145/8	14 1/8	13 13	131/4

Prices for lead and zinc are the official buyers' prices for the first session of the andon Metal Exchange; prices for copper and tin are the official closing buyers' ices. All are in pounds sterling per long ton (2,240 lb.).

April Production and Shipments of Slab Zinc

The American Zinc Institute on May 5 released the following tabulation of slab zinc statistics:

SLAB ZINC STATISTICS (ALL GRADES)—1929-1938 (Tons of 2,000 Pounds)

	Produced During Period	Shipped During Period	Stock at End of Period	(a) Shipped for Export	Retorts Operating End of Period	Average Retorts During Period	Unfilled Orders End of Persod
Year 1929	631,601	602.601	75,430	6.352	57,999	68,491	18,585
Year 1930	504.463	436.275	143,618	196	31.240	47.769	26,651
Year 1931	300,738	314,514	129,842	41	19.875	23.099	18,273
Year 1932	213,531	218.517	124,856	170	21.023	18,560	8,478
Year 1933	324,705	344,001	105.560	239	27,190	23,653	15,978
Year 1934	366,933	352,663	119,830	148	32.944	28.887	30,786
Year 1935	431,499	465,746	83,758	59	38,329	32,341	51,186
Year 1936	523,166	561,969	44,955	0	42,965	37,915	78,626
1937	14 J. 37 L.		2 / A - 13		100	74 14 14	
January	40.047	51,227	33,775	0	40,285	40,613	76,544
rebruary	37.794	46,953	24,616	0	42,786	39,948	77,969
March	53,202	59,635	18,183	0	43,635	40,588	89,846
	at the late		1.5	1	*38,979	*38,417	Jack Control
April	52,009	56,229	13,963	0	43,660	41,177	81,448
					*39,019	*38,936	
Мау	55.012	55,201	13.774	0	43,724	43,429	67,143
				A Page 1	*43,270	*42,519	1.00
June	50,526	50.219	14.081	0	44.186	43,205	59,209
	00,020			1	*43.007	*42.186	
July	49.181	49,701	13,561	0	46.199	46,171	82.596
,,	10,101			1388	*45.175	*45,147	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
August	48,309	50,643	11,227	0	50,163	48,520	106187
arab and a server	20,000	50,010	100 2 4,100		*48.387	*47.190	1
September	50.027	47.737	13,517	0	51.809	51,715	92,319
Deptember	00,021				*49.860	*49,766	1
October	52,645	40,345	25,817	0	50.324	50,578	75.086
Ottober	02,010	20,020	20.01.	1 1	*47,552	*48,110	11
November	49,393	32.676	42,534	0	49,511	49,350	61,151
MOVEMBER	40,000	02,010	12,001	1	*46.311	*46,158	1
December	51,474	28,675	65,333	0	48,812	49.300	148.339
December	01,414	20,010	00,000	"	*45,704	*46,192	1
Total for yr_	589,619	569,241		0	1761756		
Monthly avge_	49,135	47,437		0		45,383	
1938			经营税 "收 "	AF ST	4.1	CONTRACTOR	10 40 PM
January	48.687	24,931	88,532	201	42,423	44.623	145,400
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,00.			1	*38,030	*41.659	1
February	41,146	21,540	108,138	0	39,267	41,644	38,891
rebruary	72,170	~1,010	.00,100	"	*34,583	*38.150	17
March	43,399	33,528	118.009	0	36,466	38,923	29.023
ATION UIT	20,000	00,020	1.3,000	1	*33,130	*34.977	1
April	38,035	20,806	135,238	0	34,691	35,321	27,069
Арги	00,000	20,000	.00,200	1	*29 710	*31,769	17

Equivalent retorts computed on 24-hour basis. a Export shipments are included total shipments.

April Iron Output Drops 2%

April Iron Output Drops 2%

Production of coke pig iron in April totaled 1,376,141 gross tons, compared with 1,452,487 tons in March, according to the "Iron Age" of May 12. The daily rate last month showed a loss of 2.1% from that in March, or from 46,854 tons to 45,871 tons. The "Iron Age" further reported:

On May 1 there were 79 furnaces making iron, operating at the rate of 42,310 tons daily, compared with 90 furnaces in blast on April 1, producing at the rate of 46,480 tons daily. Eleven furnaces were blown out or banked and none was put in operation. The United States Steel Corp. took off six units, independents took two furnaces off blast, and merchant producers blew out or banked three.

Among the furnaces blown out or banked were the following: Two Duquesne, two Edgar Thomson, Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corp.; one Monongahela, National Tube Co.; one Ensley, Tennessee Coal, Iron & RR. Co.; the Niagara furnace, Tonawanda Iron Corp.; one Haselton, Republic Steel Corp.; Riverside, Wheeling Steel Corp.; one City furnace.

DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN THE UNITED

DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN THE UNITED STATES BY MONTHS SINCE JAN. 1, 1933—GROSS TONS

	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938
January	18,348	39,201	47,656	65,351	103.597	46,100
February	19,798	45,131	57,448	62,886	107,115	46,367
March	17.484	52,243	57,098	65,816	111,596	46 854
April	20.787	57,561	55,449	80.125	113.055	.45,871
May	28.621	65,900	55.713	85,432	114,104	1 . S. S.
June	42,166	64,338	51.570	86,208	103,584	14.11
First six months.	24,536	54.134	54,138	74,331	108,876	
July	57.821	39,510	49.041	83,686	112,866	1 VEAS
August	59.142	34,012	56,816	87,475	116,317	
September	50,742	29,935	59,216	91.010	113,679	
October	43.754	30,679	63,820	96,512	93,311	
November	36,174	31.898	68,864	98.246	66,891	
December	38,131	33,149	67,950	100,485	48,075	
12 mos, average	26,199	43,592	67,556	63,658	100.305	19 1 To 1

PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON AND OF FERROMANGANESE

	Pig 1	ron x	Ferroman	ganese y
	1938	1937	1938	1937
January February March April May June	1,429,085 1,298,268 1,452,487 1,376,141	3,211,500 2,999,218 3,459,473 3,391,665 3,537,231 3,107,506	22,388 20,205 21,194 18,607	23,060 24,228 27,757 26,765 34,632 34,415
Half year		19,706,593		170,857
July		3,498,858 3,605,818 3,410,371 2,892,629 2,006,724 1,490,324		23,913 29,596 26,100 26,348 25,473 22,674
Year	11 17 17 17	36,611,317	1	324,961

x These totals do not include charcoal pig iron. y Included in pig iron figures

United States Steel Corp. Shipments Smaller

Shipments of finished steel products by subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corp. for the month of April, 1938 were 501,972 tons. The April shipments compare with 572,199 tons in March, 1938, a decrease of 70,227 tons and with 1,343,644 tons in the month of April, 1937, a decrease of 841,672 tons. For the year 1938 to date, shipments were 2,067,216 compared with 5,041,685 tons in the comparable period of 1937, a decrease of 2,984,469 tons or 59.0%.

59.0%.
In the table below we list the figures by months since January, 1934:

TONNAGE OF SHIPMENTS OF STEEL PRODUCTS BY MONTHS FOR YEARS INDICATED

Month	Year 1934	Year 1935	Year 1936	Year 1937	Year 1938
January	331.777	534,055	721,414	1,149,918	518,322
February	385,500	582,137	676.315	1,133,724	474,723
March	588,209	668,056	783,552	1,414,399	572,199
April	643,009	591,728	979,907	1,343,644	501,972
May	745,064	598,915	984.097	1,304,039	11.75
June	985.337	578,108	886,065	1.268,550	
July	369,938	547,794	950.851	1.186.752	
August	378.023	624,497	923,703	1,107,858	
September	370,306	614,933	961,803	1,047,962	1.00
October	343,962	686,741	1,007,417	792,310	
November	366,119	681.820	882,643	587,241	1
December	418,630	661,515	1,067,365	489,070	
Yearly adjustment.	(19,907)	-(23,750)	-(40,859)		
Total for year	5,905,966	7,347,549	10.784,273	12,825,467	

Substantially Unchanged Steel Ingot Production at 30.5%

The "Iron Age" in its issue of May 12 said that no marked The "Iron Age" in its issue of May 12 said that no marked change has occurred in the character of steel business nor is any expected during the next month or two at least. General opinion in the trade is that no sustained upward trend can be expected before late summer or early fall. Meanwhile ingot production is likely to go lower rather than higher, though the appearance of some Government-sponsored construction projects, together with whatever railroad buying may be induced by the bill soon to be passed by Congress liberalizing loans to the carriers, may prevent production from slipping very much below its present level. The "Iron Age" further reported:

Production by districts is still subject to the fluctuations that have be-

ilderalizing loans to the carriers, may prevent production from slipping very much below its present level. The "Iron Age" further reported:

Production by districts is still subject to the fluctuations that have become familier in recent months, but the rate for the country as a whole is substantially unchanged at 30.5%. For the third consecutive week the Pittsburgh rate has remained steady at 26%, but the Chicago average has dropped a point to 33%. The Wheeling-Weirton and Buffalo districts have moved up slightly, while in other areas output is unchanged or a little lower. Showing the influence of the decided lack of automotive buying, the Cleveland and Detroit districts are making the poorest showing. Cleveland having dropped to 18% operation, while Detroit has been running at under 20% for several weeks.

Attention is becoming focused on price announcements for the third quarter which are expected before the end of the month. As present wage rates and current prices were established by the United States Steel Corp., the independent companies are naturally awaiting action by the leading producer before making any commitments as to third quarter prices, although there have been a few inquiries.

Despite some irregularities in prices in recent weeks, there has been no intimation of a reduction in formal quotations for the next quarter. The leading producer has definitely gone on record that price cuts are not feasible without corresponding wage reductions, and, as there appears to be no disposition in the steel industry to reduce wages, the chances favor maintenance of the present price schedule.

Steel scrap prices appear to have hit bottom. For the first time in many weeks there has been no downward revision of No. 1 heavy melting steel in any important market center. The "Iron Age" scrap composite price is unchanged at \$11.75. Having been deflated more than \$10 a ton from the peak of 1937, steel scrap appears now to be in a position to reflect quickly any decided change for the better in the steel outlook.

9,000 tons of steel. Structural steel lettings in the week totaled about 15,000 tons, of which 10,000 tons is for the Main Street bridge, Cleveland, and 15,000 tons for an exhibition building at the New York World's Fair. Among pending jobs of nearly 12,000 tons are two of private character, 1,500 tons for a power house for the Consumers Power Co. at Kalamazoo, Mich., and 1,500 tons for a manufacturing building for the Toledo Scale Co., Toledo, Ohio. Outstanding public projects are bridges in Oklahoma, requiring 1,250 tons, and a municipal auditorium in Little Rock, Ark., calling for 1,000 tons. Awards of reinforcing steel bars totaled nearly 6,000 tons, with 6,900 tons in the market for bids.

Although automobile production edged upward last week and may make a further gain this week, the immediate outlook is not promising. Complete shutdowns of some plants are expected by mid-June or early July. Great Britain is now overstocked with pig iron and semi-finished steel. So many blast furnaces have been shut down that the British Government may buy a large pig iron war reserve to take the surplus off the market. Export buyers are holding off pending the renewal of the International Steel Cartel and in anticipation of lower prices.

THE "IRON AGE COMPOSITE PRICES Finished Steel

Finished Steel

May 10, 1938, 2.603 One week ago One month ago One year ago	2.605c. wire, rails, bla 2.605c. rolled strips.	ars, beams, tank plates, ack pipe, sheets and hot These products represent nited States output.
	Hiah	Low
1937	2.605c. Mar. 9	2.330c. Mar. 2
1936	2.330c. Dec. 28	2.084c. Mar. 10
1935	2.130c. Oct. 1	2.124c. Jan. 8
1934	2.199c. Apr. 24	2.008c. Jan. 2
	Pig Iron	

One month ago 23.25 One year ago 23.25	Philadelphia,		
	High	Low	
1937	23.25 Mar. 9	\$20.25 F	eb. 16

May 10, 1938, \$23,25 a Gross Ton Based on average of basic iron at Valley

	E	11gh	L	ow
1937	-\$23.25	Mar. 9	\$20.25	Feb. 16
1936	19.73	Nov. 24	18.73	Aug. 11
1935				May 14
1934	17.90	May 1	16.90	Jan. 27
Ste	el Scrap			

	(Based on No. 1 heavy, melting steel
One week ago\$11.75	quotations at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia
One month ago 12.58	and Chicago
One year ago 18.75	

One year ago	H	lah	L	ow
1938	\$14.00	Jan. 4	\$11.75	May 3
1937	21.92	Mar. 30	12.92	Nov. 16
1936				June 9
1935				Apr. 23
1934	13.00	Mar. 13	9.50	Sept. 25

The American Iron and Steel Institute on May 9 announced that telegraphic reports which it has received indicated that the operating rate of steel companies having 98% of the steel capacity of the industry will be 30.4% of capacity for the week beginning May 9, compared with 30.7% one week ago, 32.7% one month ago, and 91.2% one year ago. This represents a decrease of 0.3 point, or 1.0% from the estimate for the week ended May 2, 1938. Weekly indicated rates of steel operations since April 5, 1937, follows: 1937, follows:

1937—	1 1937—	1937—	1938—
		Nov. 1 48.6%	
		Nov. 8 41.0%	Feb. 1431.0%
	Aug. 285.5%		Feb. 21 30.4%
		Nov. 2231.0%	
		Nov. 2929.6%	
	Aug. 2383.8%		Mar. 1432.1%
		Dec. 1327.4%	
		Dec. 2023.5%	
		Dec. 2719.2%	
	Sept. 2076.1%		April 1132.7%
	Sept. 2774.4%		April 1832.4%
	Oct. 4 66.1%		April 2532.0%
	Oct. 1163.6%		May 230.7%
лшу 567.3%	Oct. 1855.8%	Jan. 2432.7%	May 930.4%
July 1282.7%	Oct. 25 52.1%	Jan. 3130.5%	

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel markets, on May 9 stated:

Spring seasonal factors having failed to support the market in expected degree, a slightly downward movement is apparent in steel buying.

Consumers show no tendency to buy for the future, covering only current needs and wherever possible resorting to inventory. With April showing a smaller volume of specifications than March, the first week in May has brought no indication of an upturn.

Factors in a mid-year revival are found in the new model season for automobiles, specifications for steel for an unusual volume of naval and private shipbuilding already placed, and the hope that government aid may bring additional railroad purchasing. How much effect may be felt from the "pump-priming" effort of the government is problematical and the time lag is likely to put this over for some time at best.

Aside from public work the structural field offers little tonnage, the total this year being somewhat more than half that bought in the same period last year. Agricultural implement activity is tapering, following the seasonal pattern, and this is felt in the volume of steel orders.

Eight of the 12 cargo ships on which the Maritime Commission opened bids last week have been awarded to Eastern yards, and placing of the remaining four is held in abeyance until the Commission can investigate the ability of the low bidder to handle so large a contract. Four ships were awarded to the Federal Shipbuilding & Drydock Co., Kearney, N. J., and a like number to Sun Shipbuilding & Drydock Co., Chester, Pa. About 45,000 tons of steel will be required for these eight. Confirmation of award of four cargo carriers to a builder at Tampa, Fla., makes a total of 12 now placed.

Impending navy building holds out promise for fair tonnages during

About 43,000 tons of steel will be required for these eight. Confirmation of sward of four cargo carriers to a builder at Tampa, Fla., makes a total of 12 now placed.

Impending navy building holds out promise for fair tonnages during last half. Bids will be opened June 22 on four destroyers and three submarines, with an equal number to be built in navy yards. About 15,000 tons of plates and shapes will be required.

Southern railway has awarded 5,550 freight cars, the largest order in more than a year. This assures this month having the largest total since April, 1937, when 9,772 cars were bought. The orders were well distributed to builders in various sections and the steel for their construction will be bought from several mills. The Erie is in the market for a tonnage of rails and fastenings, with the probability of 10,000 tons being bought econ. The national rate of steelworks operations receded one point last week of 31%. Continued dull conditions indicate this week may see a lower level of activity. Pittsburgh declined one point to 25%, Chicago one point to 32.5%, Wheeling five points to 41%, and Cleveland four points to 28%. Youngstown advanced one point to 30%, Cincinnati 10 points to 40%, and New England three points to 30%. At five centers the rate held unchanged

from the previous week, Eastern Pennsylvania at 27.5%, Buffalo at 28%, St. Louis at 36.3%, Birmingham at 66% and Detroit at 18%.

Pig iron production in April fell slightly under that of March, the daily average rate being 46,267 gross tons, which was 2.5% lower than the 47,426-ton daily rate in March. This was the lowest for any month since December, 1934, and the lowest for April since 1933. Total production in April was 1,388,008 gross tons, compared with 1,470,211 tons in March, a loss of 5.6%, partly due to the shorter month. This was the smallest monthly output since February, this year, and the lowest for any April since 1933. Output for four months aggregated 5,609,414 tons, compared with 13,110,853 tons for the same period of 1937, a decline of 57.2%.

Automobile production regained some of its lost ground last week with

Automobile production regained some of its lost ground last week with 53,385 units, compared with 50,755 the preceding week, but still below the 60,563 units of the week of April 23. Last week General Motors made 23,285 cars, compared with 14,670 the week before; Chrysler, 11,400 compared with 13,050; Ford, 11,885 compared with 15,785, and all others, 6,815 compared with 7,250.

6,815 compared with 7,250.

Decline in scrap prices continues but at a slower rate, the composite last week dropping 12c. to \$11.59. Scrap weakness also caused the iron and steel composite to move down 2c. to \$38.52. The finished steel composite continues steady at \$61.70.

Steel ingot production for the week ended May 9 is placed at about 31% of capacity, according to the "Wall Street Journal" of May 12. This compares with 32½% in the two previous weeks. The "Journal" further reported:

U. S. Steel is estimated at a shade under 30½%, against 31% in the week before and 30½% two weeks ago. Leading independents are credited with around 31%, compared with 33½% in the preceding week and 34%

two weeks ago.

The following table gives a comparison of the percentage of production with the nearest corresponding week of the previous years, together with the approximate changes, in points, from the week immdeiately preceding:

	Industry	U. S. Steel	Independents
1938	31 —1½	301/2 - 1/2	31 —21/2
1937	91	87 +2	93 -21/2
1936	69 —1	63 - 1/2	731/2 -11/2
1935	45 + 1/2	41 +1	48
1934	59 + 2	45 +2	700 +2
1933	341/2 +2	28½ +1	3914 +114
1931	46 +1	48 +1	45 +1
1930	76 - 1/2	80	72 —1
1929	971/2 + 1/2	1001/2 + 1/2	951/2 + 1/2
1928	841/2 -1	89 —1	80 -1
1927	80 —1	87 —2	73 -1

1932 not available.

April Steel Output Below March Total

Production of open-hearth and Bessemer steel ingots during April declined slightly from March, amounting to 1,925,166 gross tons, as against 2,012,406 gross tons in the preceding month, according to a report released May 7 by the American Iron and Steel Institute. In April, 1937, production totaled 5,070,867 gross tons.

The decline in tonnage between March and April reflected principally one less working day in the month, as the calculated weekly output in April of 448,757 gross tons was only slightly lower than March when weekly output was

was only slightly lower than March when weekly output was 454,268 gross tons.

As compared with April, 1937, however, when an average of 1,182,020 gross tons of ingots were produced per week, the figure for last month represented a decline of 62%.

Steel operations in April were equivalent to 33.44% of capacity, which compares with 33.85% in March and with 90.25% in April, 1937.

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF OPEN-HEARTH AND BESSEMER STEEL INGOTS—JANUARY, 1937, TO APRIL, 1938
(Calculations based on reports of companies which in 1936 made 98.26% of the open-hearth and 100% of the Bessemer ingot production)

Period—	Calculated Produc		Calculated Weekly	Number of Weeks in
Perioa—	Gross Tons	*Per Cent of Capacity	Production (Gross Tons)	Month
1938— January February March	a1,732,764 a1,703,726 a2,012,406	a29.15 a31.74 a33.85	a391,143 a425,932 a454,268	4.43 4.00 4.43
First quarter	a5,448,896	a31.58	a423,709	12.86
April	1,925,166	33.44	448,757	4.29
1937— January February March	b4,718,436 b4,414,699 b5,218,326	b81.32 b84.27 b89.94	b1,065,110 b1,103,675 b1,177,952	4.43 4.00 4.43
First quarter	b14,351,461	b85.20	b1,115,977	12.86
April	b5,070,867 b5,151,909 b4,184,723	b90.25 b88.79 b74.48	b1,182,020 b1,162,959 b975,460	4.29 4.43 4.29
Second quarter	b14,407,499	b84.55	b1,107,417	13.01
First six months	b28,758,960	b84.88	b1,111,672	25.87
July August September	b4,556,304 b4,877,826 b4,289,507	b78.48 b83.83 b76.30	b1,030,838 b1,101,089 b1,002,221	4.42 4.43 4.28
Third quarter	b13,723,637	b 79.58	b1,045,212	13.13
Nine months	b42,482,597	ъ83.09	b1,089,297	39.00
October	b3,392,924 b2,154,365 b1,473,021	b58.31 b38.23 b25,37	b765,897 b502,183 b333,263	4.43 4.29 4.42
Fourth quarter	ь7,020,310	b40.68	ь534,270	13.14
Total	b49.502.907	b72.38	b949,423	52.14

Note—The percentages of capacity operated are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,341,856 gross tons based on annual capacities as of Dec. 31, 1937, as follows: Open-hearth and Bessemer ingots, 69,964,356 gross tons.

a Revised. b Adjusted.

Current Events and Discussions

The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

During the week ended May 11 member bank reserve balances increased \$56,000,000. Additions to member bank reserves arose from decreases of \$11,000,000 in money in circulation and \$68,000,000 in Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve banks and increases of \$10,000,000 in gold stock and \$2,000,000 in Treasury currency, offset in part by increases of \$19,000,000 in Treasury cash and \$16,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts. Excess reserves of member banks on May 11 accounts. Excess reserves of member banks on May 11 were estimated to be approximately \$2,480,000,000, an increase of \$40,000,000 for the week.

The statement in full for the week ended May 11 will be

found on pages 3134 and 3135.
Changes in the amount of Reserve bank credit outstanding and related items were as follows:

			or Decrease (—)
	May 11, 1938	May 4, 1938	
	\$	\$	\$
Bills discounted	8,000,000		-8,000,000
Bills bought	1.000.000		-4,000,000
	2,564,000,000		+38,000,000
\$13,000,000 commitm'ts—May 11)	16,000,000	-1.000,000	-7.000,000
Other Reserve bank credit	*	+1,000,000	-6,000,000
Total Reserve bank credit	2.589.000.000		+13,000,000
Gold stock		+10,000,000	+998,000,000
Treasury currency		+2,000,000	+150,000,000
Member bank reserve balances	7.560,000,000	+56,000,000	+617,000,000
		-11,000,000	-9,000,000
	2.215.000.000	+19,000,000	-841,000,000
	1,361,000,000	-68,000,000	+1,255,000,000
eral Reserve accounts	632,000,000	+16,000,000	+138,000,000

^{*} Less than \$500,000.

Returns of Member Banks in New York City and Chicago-Brokers' Loans

Below is the statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the New York City member banks and also for the Chicago member banks for the current week, issued in advance of full statements of the member banks, which will not be available until the coming Monday.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES

(In Millions of Dollars)

-Nev	v York (City-		Chicago	
May 11 1938	May 4 1938	May 12 1937	May 11 1938	May 4 1938	May 12 1937 \$
				1.838	1,994
3,018 i				556	650
228	230	1.607	21	22	423
			348	350	4.61
			22	22	29
468	515	1,133	27	28	42
	207	284	65	66	81
118	118	130	12	12	14
. 92	80	80			3
218	219	412	21		58
1 197	198		35	35	
3,076		3,027	869	873	953
. 560	541				95
1,040	1,045				296
2,957	2,926				599
. 51	50				31
67	65				158
488	481	481	52	51	64
6.037	5.947	6,338	1,404	1,376	1,485
633	643	704	464	464	449
. 148	165	53		116	81
2.353	2,359	1,936			
277	287			.7	•
321	336	393			21
1,488	1,487	1,476	244	244	236
	May 11 1938 \$ 7,6948 3,018 1 2288 1,348 143 143 143 143 192 218 1197 3,076 7 500 1,040 1,040 2,957 488 488 6,037 488 6,037 488 6,037 488 2,2353 148 2,2353 148 2,2353	May 11 May 4 1938 1938 5, 694 7,702 3,018 3,056 1,348 1,345 1,43 1,44 468 515 - 206 207 118 118 92 80 218 219 1 197 198 3,076 3,060 7 560 541 1,040 1,045 2,957 2,926 5,1 67 65 488 481 - 6,037 5,947 633 643 148 165 - 2,353 2,359 277 287 - 321 336	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1938 1937 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 1932 1938 <td< td=""></td<>

Complete Returns of Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week

Reserve System for the Preceding Week

As explained above, the statements of the New York and Chicago member banks are given out on Thursday, simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks in 101 cities cannot be compiled.

In the following will be found the comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the close of business May 4:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101

OI DUSINESS May 4:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shows the following principal changes for the week ended May 4: A decrease of \$61,000,000 in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, an increase of \$123,000,000 in holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government, and a decrease of \$69,000,000 in "Other securities": decreases of \$117,000,000 in reserve balances with Federal Reserve banks and of \$148,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted, and an increase of \$88,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks.

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans declined \$32,000,000 in New York City, \$19,000,000 in the Chicago district, and \$61,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations increased \$21,000,000 in New York City and \$11,000,000 in the Richmond district, and declined \$21,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Clarage of the Clarage of the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Clarage of the Clarage of the Clarage of the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Clarage of the Clarage of the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Clarage of the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Clarage of the Chicago district and the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$12,00

\$21,000,000 in New York City and \$11,000,000 in the Richmond district, and declined \$21,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$12,000,000 in the Cleveland district, all reporting member banks showing a net increase of \$14,000,000 for the week. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government increased \$77,000,000 in New York City, \$17,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$123,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Holdings of "Other securities" declined \$70,000,000 in New York City, and \$69,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Demand deposits-adjusted declined \$123,000,000 in New York City, \$36,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$14,000,000 in the Cleveland district, and increased \$38,000,000 in the New York district outside New York City, and \$18,000,000 in the Boston district and \$11,000,000 in the Minneapolis district, all reporting member banks showing a net decline of \$148,000,000 for the week. Time deposits declined \$13,000,000 in New York City and increased \$12,000,000 in the San Francisco district, all reporting member banks showing a net decrease of \$4,000,000 for the week. Government deposits declined \$14,000,000 in New York City and \$17,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Deposits credited to domestic banks increased \$23,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$11,000,000 in the Boston and Richmond districts, and \$88,000,000 at 1 reporting member banks. Deposits credited to foreign banks seported no borrowings on May 4.

no borrowings on May 4.

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of the reporting member banks, together with changes for the week and year ended May 4, 1938, follows:

and year ended may 1, 10			
		Increase (+) or	r Decrease (—)
	May 4, 1938	A pril 27, 1938	
Assets-	\$	8	S
Loans and investments—total2	842,000,000	-2.000,000	-1,398,000,000
Loans—total	8,517,000,000		-1,016,000,000
Commercial, industrial and agri- cultural loans:	0,011,000,000		
On securities	561,000,000	+15,000,000	
Otherwise secured and unsec'd	3,565,000,000	-76,000,000	*
Open market paper	390,000,000	-3,000,000	
Loans to brokers and dealers in			
securities	646,000,000	-6,000,000	-695,000,000
Other loans for purchasing or			
carrying securities	593,000,000	+2,000,000	
Real estate loans	1,150,000,000	+1,000,000	7,000,000
Loans to banks	107,000,000	+3,000.000	-21.000,000
Other loans: On securities	692,000,000	-3,000,000	
Otherwise secured and unsec'd	813,000,000	-3,000,000	
	8,001,000,000	+14,000,000	-333,000,000
Obligations fully guaranteed by			
United States Government	1,322,000,000	+123,000,000	
Other securities	3,002,000,000	-69,000,000	
Reserve with Fed. Res. banks	5,943,000,000	-117,000,000	
Cash in vault	361,000,000	-11,000,000	
Balances with domestic banks	2,266,000,000	+10,000,000	+469,000,000
Labuities—			000 000 000
Demand deposits-adjusted1	4,450,000,000	-148,000,000	
Time deposits	5,226,000,000	-4,000,000	
United States Government deposits	568,000,000	-17,000,000	+335,000,000
Inter-bank deposits:			1 400 000 000
	5,720,000,000	+88,000,000	
Foreign banks	328,000,000	-9,000,000	-193,000,000
Borrowings			-38,000,000

* Comparable figures not available.

People Back Expropriation of British and American Oil Properties, President Cardenas Says—Mexican Oil Properties, President Cardenas Says—Mexican Chamber and President Roosevelt Exchange Greetings, Designed to Promote Cordial Relations After Act of Seizure—Proposed Payment

President Cardenas of Mexico, in an address in Mexico City, on April 27, reiterated his assertions that the Mexican people were supporting the government's expropriation of United States and British oil properties. Diplomatic exchanges incident to the seizure of American properties were described in the "Chronicle" of April 9, page 2293. On April 23 the Department of State in Washington made public an exchange of greetings between the Mexican Champublic an exchange of greetings between the Mexican Chamber of Deputies and President Roosevelt, indicating progress toward the reestablishment of cordial relations since the United States recognized the right of expropriation, provided the companies concerned be indemnified. A Washington dispatch of April 23 to the New York "Herald Tribune" evented from these communications as follows: quoted from these communications as follows:

The address of the Chamber of Deputies, dated April 18, expressed deep approval of President Roosevelt's attitude, and his restatement in his speech Thursday [April 14] before the Pan-American Union of the United States adherence to the principle of settling international differences by peaceful negotiations.

Text of Mexican Message

The text of the message of the Mexican Deputies follows:

April 18, 1938.

April 18, 1938.

His Excellency, Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States of North America,
Washington, D. C:

The members of the Chamber of Deputies of the 37th Congress of Mexico, through the chamles of its bloc, see with deep approval your attitude with regard to the economic liberation of the Indo-Spanish peoples and believe that the statement made by you that "international differences of all kinds can be settled by peaceful negotiations" is a foundation for good relations between all the peoples of America. World democracy has found in our President Cardenas and yourself its two most vigorous representatives; those composing this Chamber set a historical precedent in clasping your hand, and, in the name of the people of our own country, and that of the American people, which now joins the rest of the continent in interpreting laws which will achieve happiness for all our peoples by the deepest sentiments of social justice.

The President of the Bloc,
DEPUTY LEON GARCIA.

President Roosevelt's Reply

To this, President Roosevelt directed the United States Charge d'Affaires at Mexico City to deliver the following reply:

at Mexico City to deliver the following reply:

It is with sincere appreciation that I have received your eloquent message on behalf of the 37th Congress of Mexico, uniting with me in expressing the common aspiration of the peoples of the New World for justice and peace, and our common determination to solve our problems in a spirit of friendly cooperation. It is our present responsibility mutually to apply these principles of fairness and equity to the tasks confronting us, and I am confident that thereby those tasks will be carried to a satisfactory conclusion responsive alike to the desires and interests of our respective citizens.

I have been inoved by the gracious action of the Congress and I should be happy to have you convey to your eminent colleagues my thanks and my personal good wishes.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT,

President of the United States.

Ambassador Josephus Daniels, who is here to celebrate his fiftieth wedding anniversary, expressed the hope today, after a conference with Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, that the spirit of cordiality which animated the people of Mexico and the United States would make possible "a fair and friendly solution" of the dispute over the expropriation of the properties of the American oil companies.

According to United Press advices from Mexico City yesterday (May 13) a hearing on a plea for an injunction restraining the Government from expropriating foreign oil interests was postponed by the Second District Court as President Cardenas offered United States and British oil companies a plan for payment of their seized holdings. In part the United Press added:

The plea also involved an injunction setting aside the termination of outracts between the companies and their employees. It was postponed

until June 10.

Cardenas proposed to pay the petroleum expropriation debt in oil over a ten-year period. He said that Mexico's economic salvation rests on the payment of its obligations in sub-soil products and not in cash. Payment cash, he told foreign correspondents, was entirely out of the question at present.

The President emphasized that seizure of the foreign oil properties must stand and that return of the holdings—demanded by Great Britain—would not be granted.

Cardenas offered to pay the expropriation debt with 60% of the total annual production over the ten-year period provided in the national expropriation law. The remaining 40% would be retained for domestic re-

Payments, he said, could be arranged after experts decided the amount of the debt.

Associated Press advices of April 27 gave the following extracts from an address by President Cardenas in Mexico City:

The President reasserted his confidence in the ability of the petroleum workers to operate the oil industry and said the reduction in agricultural production was not a result of incompetence among the peasants.

He likewise said there was no basis for rumors of armed revolt, declaring: "The army and the people themselves are ready to maintain the public peace."

Government sources said Japan had offered to pay cash on the barrel head for \$3,000,000 worth of gasoline. It was said, however, that Gustavo Espinosa Mireles, general manager of the National Petroleum Export Co., was hesitant to close the deal for fear of stirring up opposition from Mexican and United States labor.

President Roosevelt's address before the Governing Board of the Pan-American Union was given in our issue of April 16, page 2464.

man Government Increases Original Loan of 1,000,000,000 Marks Twice to Total of 1,600,000,000 German to Meet Heavy Oversubscription

Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, President of the Reichsbank, announced on May 7 that the latest German public loan, originally placed at 1,000,000,000 marks and increased to 1,450,000,000 marks on May 5, was raised still further by 150,000,000 marks to make a total of 1,600,000,000. The increases were made in order it is stated to meet the oversubscription and it is reported to be the largest peace issue subscribed for. A Berlin dispatch of May 7 to the New York "Times" commented on the success of the issue as follows: commented on the success of the issue as follows:

Public subscription to the loan ceased last Wednesday, following which the loan was raised to 1,450,000,000 marks to absorb oversubscription. Of this total, 250,000,000 marks were subscribed by unrevealed institutions and, according to an official announcement, the second boost today was made to comply with the "urgent wish" of these institutions for additional amounts of the loan.

amounts of the loan.

What these institutions are may be inferred, perhaps, from the announcement that social insurance organizations now have the duty to invest 50% of their surpluses in governmental securities instead of 25%. Despite the huge amounts thus subscribed, the money market, which is strictly controlled for the government's special purposes, was again extremely liquid today, and the demand for first-class investments remained unsatisfied.

According to press reports, the subscriptions from Australia also exceeded all expectations.

Australia Floats £7,000,000 Loan in London—Underwriters Obliged to Take 66%

writers Obliged to Take 66%

The floating of an Australian loan of £7,000,000 (\$35,-000,000) on the London market was announced on May 3. This is the first time since 1929 that Australia is seeking "new money." The loan which includes £2,000,000 to be spent in Britain for defense and £5,000,000 for redeeming Treasury bills held by the Commonwealth Bank in London, bears interest at the rate of 3¾% and will be redeemable 1952-56. According to London advices of May 6 the loan was received poorly and it was estimated that underwriters had to take up about 66% of the amount offered. The issuing price of the loan was 99. Regarding the subscription to the offering we take the following from London Associated Press advices of May 6:

British investors responded half-heartedly today to the floating of an Australian loan of ?7,000,000 (\$35,000,000), the first Australian "new money" loan since 1929.

Underwriters had to take up about 66% of the amount offered and dealings in the new issue on the Stock Exchange started with a 1-point discount, or 98, compared to the issue price of 99.

Market men attributed the lukewarm reception of the issue to the large amount offered and the fact that the public lacks interest in securities in view of uncertainty in world politics.

Free Grain Market and Continuance of Futures Trading System of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange Recom-mended by Justice Turgeon in Report to House of Commons

Justice W. F. A. Turgeon, in his report on grain and grain marketing, presented on May 9, in the House of Commons, recommended the continuance of the futures trading system on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange. He also urged that vol-untary flexible wheat pools selling in line with world con-ditions should be encouraged. The report is the result of study and investigation extending over more than a year, and comprises 350 pages, embodying historical, statistical and analytical material about wheat, its growth and movement from the field to the table. The outstanding proposals in Justice Turgeon's report, as given in the Montreal "Gazette" of May 10, were:

Continuance of futures trading system to Winnipeg Exchange recom-

mended:

Futures trading at Winnipeg should be supervised by Board of Grain

Futures trading at Winnipeg should be supervised by Board of Grain Commissioners;
Compulsory government Wheat Marketing Board not practical;
Voluntary flexible wheat pools, selling in line with world conditions, should be encouraged;
Present Canadian Wheat Board should be continued because world wheat

markets uncertain:

Canada should receive proper share of overseas market, with reasonable selling policy;
Dominion should have London representative to investigate grain com-

Canadian marketing methods must be made acceptable to buyers in United

McFarland operations gave producers better prices but drew criticism

From the Toronto "Globe and Mail" of May 10 we also take the following:

Supervision of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange is also recommended, to be carried out by the appointment of an officer, technically qualified, under the Board of Grain Commissioners. For the protection of the public he would have authority to obtain full information and be required to report on any conditions prejudicial to the public interest.

While supervision of the Winnipeg Exchange is urged, and while recommendation is also made that the Canadian Wheat Board be maintained on a 'skeleton basis in event of another emergency such as struck the country in 1930, the Commissioner emphasizes the desirability of maintaining a free and open market.

taining a free and open market.

The report condemns any suggestion for a compulsory government Board. "The practicability of a compulsory Board will not stand analysis either from the point of view of overseas markets nor that of domestic conditions,"

the Commissioner wrote.

Particular stress is placed upon the future of the wheat industry in Canada and its dependence upon good sales policy and the growing of a good product.

Member Trading on New York Stock and New Y Curb Exchanges During Week Ended April 16 York

Member Trading on New York Stock and New York Curb Exchanges During Week Ended April 16

An increase during the week ended April 16 in trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the account of all members, except odd-lot dealers, in relation to total trading, was made known by the Securities and Exchange Commission yesterday (May 13). During the same week, however, the percentage of trading by members of the New York Curb Exchange for their own account to total transactions was below the previous week ended April 9. The week ended April 16 included one holiday, Good Friday (April 15), when the Exchanges were closed.

During the week ended April 16, according to the SEC, the total round-lot volume of trading for the account of members of the Stock Exchange was 2,071,519 shares, which was 21.64% of total transactions on the Exchange of 4,786,840 shares. In the preceding week ended April 9 the Stock Exchange members' transactions of 1,942,180 shares was 20.14% of total trading of 4,822,400 shares. On the Curb Exchange, member trading for their own account during the week ended April 16 was 231,490 shares, or 17.97% of total trading of 644,160 shares; this compares with a percentage during the previous week of 19.51%, member trading during that week having amounted to 299,110 shares and total volume to 766,715 shares.

The data issued by the SEC is in the series of current figures being published weekly in accordance with its program embodied in its report to Congress in June, 1936 on the "Feasibility and Advisability of the Complete Segregation of the Functions of Broker and Dealer." The figures for the week ended April 9 were given in the "Chronicle" of May 7, page 2936. The Commission, in making available the data for the week ended April 16, said:

The figures given for total round-tot volume in the table for the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange represent the

The figures given for total round-lot volume in the table for the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange represent the volume of all round-lot sales of stock effected on those exchanges as distinguished from the volume reported by the ticker. The total round-lot volume for the week ended April 16 on the New York Stock Exchange, 4.786,840 shares, was 8.7% larger than the volume reported on the ticker. On the New York Curb Exchange, total round-lot volume in the same

week, 644,160 shares exceeded by 7.1% the ticker volume (exclusive of

The data published are based upon reports filed with the New York tock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange by their respective tembers. These reports are classified as follows:

	Stock Exchange	Curb Exchange
Number of reports received	1,083	850
Reports showing transactions: As specialists*	206	104
Other than as specialists: Initiated on floor	266	38 82
Initiated off floorReports showing no transactions	275 510	638
*Note-On the New York Curb Exchange the round-lot	transactions	of specialists

*Note—On the New York Curb Exchange the round-lot transactions of specialists "in stocks in which registered" are not strictly comparable with data similarly designated for the New York Stock Exchange, since specialists on the New York Curb Exchange perform the functions of the New York Stock Exchange odd-lot dealer, as well as those of the specialist.

The number of reports in the various classifications may total more than the number of reports received because, at times, a single report may carry entries in more than one classification.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-TRANSACTIONS IN ALL STOCKS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS * (SHARES)

Week Ended April 16, 1938		
	Total for Week	Per Cent a
Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	4,786,840	
Round-lot transactions of members except transactions of specialists and odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered: 1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	361,030 358,540	
Total	719,570	7.52
2. Initiated off the floor—Bought	170,035 202,054	
Total	372,089	3.89
Round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered—Bought	489,830 490,030	
Total	979,860	10.23
Total round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered—Bought_Sold	1,020,895 1,050,624	
Total	2,071,519	21.64
Transactions for account of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered: 1. In round lots—Bought	240,480	
Total	370,640	3.87
2. In odd-lots (including odd-lot transactions of specialists) Bought	932,136	
Total		
THE		STOCK

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE—TRANSACTIONS IN ALL STOCKS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS * (SHARES) Week Ended April 16, 1938

Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	Total for Week 644,160	Cent s
Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered: 1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	12,800 12,725	-
Total	25,525	1.98
2. Initiated off the floor—Bought Sold	17,950 19,315	
Total	37,265	2.8
Round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered—Bought	85,450 83,250	
Total	168,700	13.1
Total round-lot transactions for accounts of all members: Bought	116,200 115,290	
Total	231,490	17.9
Odd-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered: Bought	47,852 43,601	
Total	91,453 their firms a	and the

*The term "members" includes all exchange members, their firms and their partners, including special partners.

a Percentage of members' transactions to total Exchange transactions. In calculating these percentages the total of members' transactions is compared with twice the total exchange volume for the reason that the total of members' transactions includes both purchases and sales while the total exchange volume includes only sales.

New York Curb Exchange Issues Monthly Report on Market Value of Listed Securities—Value of Stocks April 30 Totaled \$9,335,307,623, Compared with \$8,399,747,953 at End of March

The New York Curb Exchange on May 4 released the usual monthly tabulation which shows by classifications, the number of issues, the amount of securities outstanding, and the total market value thereof of securities on the Exchange as of April 30, 1938. For comparative purposes the tabulation also indicates the monthly totals of all stocks and all bonds and market value thereof beginning with Jan. 31, 1938. With the issuance of the monthly tabulation the Curb Exchange said: Exchange said:

All stocks on the Exchange had a market value at April 30, of \$9,335,307,623, as against \$8,399,747,953 as at March 31, 1938. The average price of each share is \$13.17, compared to \$11.28 per share as at the end of March, an increase of \$1.89 in average price per share. The total value of all bonds was \$4,090,638,360 or \$80.45 per \$100 par value at April 30, as

compared with \$3,856,561,998 total market value, and \$75.80 per \$100 par value of bonds at March 31, 1938.

The tabulation released by the New York Curb Exchange on May 4 follows:

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE MARKET VALUE OF SECURITIES AS OF APRIL 30, 1938

	No. of Issues	Amount Outstanding c	Total Market Value d	Average Price e
Common Stocks a— Listed Unlisted	389 407	226,421,571 425,861,684	\$1,095,880,318 6,143,025,317	\$4.83 14.42
Totals	796	652,283,255	\$7,238,905.635	\$11.09
Preferred Stocks b— Listed	119 205	12,418,260 43,686,626	\$335,333,004 1,761,068,984	\$27.00 40.31
Totals	324	56,104,886	\$2,096,401,988	\$37.36
Bonds— Listed — — — Unlisted — — — —	54 339	\$660,548,185 4,424,061,172	\$628,073,359 3,462,565,001	f\$95.08 f78.26
Totals	393	\$5,084,609,357	\$4,090,638,360	f\$80.45
All Stocks— Jan. 31, 1938 Feb. 28, 1938 Mar. 31, 1938 Apr. 30, 1938	1,125 1,125 1,123 1,120	745,981,856 747,140,258 744,101,064 708,388,141	10,447,518,333 8,399,747,953	*\$13.45 *13.98 11.28 13.17
All Bonds— Jan. 31, 1938 Feb. 28, 1938 Mar. 31, 1938 Apr. 30, 1938	397 395 393 393	\$5,205,858,132 5,124,613,832 5,087,310,157 5,084,609,357	4,149,560,132 3,856,561,998	

* Revised.

a Includes warrants and debenture rights.
b Includes securities not necessarily designated as "preferred" but which as to dividends or assets, or both, rank prior to junior securities.
c Represents as to listed securities, amounts actually outstanding as at dates of above tables. As to unlisted securities, the amounts outstanding are as per the latest report issued prior to the date of each period indicated in the above tables.
d Based on last sale price on last trading day of each period, or in absence of a sale on such day, the mean of the closing bid and asked price on such day. In some instances, in the absence of both sale and asked price on the last trading day in each period, the closing bid price was used in computing market values.
c Average price found by dividing the total market value by the total shares of stock or principal amount of bonds outstanding.
f Expressed in dollars per \$100 of par value.

Changes in Amount of Their Own Stock Reacquired by Companies Listed on New York Stock and New York Curb Exchanges

The monthly list of companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange reporting changes in the reacquired holdings of their own stock was issued by the Exchange on May 12. A previous list was given in these columns of April 16, page 2457. The following is the list made available by the Stock Exchange on May 12:

	reviously	Per Latest
Commany.	Reported	Report
Allied Stores Corp. 5% preferred	2,143	2,743
Alpha Portland Cement Co., common	5,000	5,100
American Agricultural Chemical Co., common	1,503 None	1,603 200
American Chiele Co., commonAmerican Commercial Alcohol Corp., common	None	12
A	60,500	62,000
American Water Works & Electric Co., common	2,415	9,951
American Woolen Co., 7% preferredAnchor Hocking Glass Corp., common	6,285	8,185
Anchor Hocking Glass Corp., common	3,000	None
		32,643
Artiantic Refining Co., common Attantic Refining Co., common Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co., common	74	535
Preferred	ii	267
	742.463	742,555
6% preferred	7,559	17,377
Baldwin Locomotive Works, common (v. t.)		6,000
Baldwin Locomotive Works, Common (V. S.) Barker Bros., 5½ % preferred Belding Heminway Co., common Bristol-Myers Co., common	1,086	1,180
Belding Heminway Co., common	6,032 $14,916$	6,532 $17,416$
Bristol-Myers Co., common.	None	2,700
Bristol-Myers Co., common Celotex Corp., common Century Ribbon Mills, Inc., 7% preferred	20	139
Clark Equipment Co. common	12,414	12,222
Clark Equipment Co., common Collins & Aikman Corp., 5% preferred	None	1,470
Consolidated Oil Corp., common Continental Diamond Fibre Co., capital	303,668	303,678
Continental Diamond Fibre Co., capital	53,500	54,400
		56,011 1,498
Davega Stores Corp., 5% preferred	100	4
Delaware & Hudson Co., capital	6,287	6,576
Detroit Edison Co., common Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc., capital	None	3
		32,360
		733
Electric Auto-Lite Co., common Federal Mining & Smelting Co., praferred	17,148	22,749
Federal Mining & Smelting Co., preferred	3,327	3,527 1,420
Federal Milling & Shielding Co., produced by Pederal Water Service Corp., class A common. Federated Department Stores, Inc., 44% preferred.	None	3,000
Florsheim Shoe Co., class A common	500	700
		None
Gannett Co., Inc., \$6 preferred. General Motors Corp., common	2,000	4,693
General Motors Corp., common	_831,045	579,815
Gabriel Co., class A General Realty & Utilities Corp., \$6 preferred	850	None 2,700
General Realty & Utilities Corp., \$6 preferred	- 400 - 1,271	1,275
W. T. Grant Co., 5% preferred H. L. Grenn Co., Inc., common	2,505	1,000
Household Finance Corp., common	473	485
		38,100
Yatamatanal Danor & Power Co common		4,226
rot analogod		4,114
		6,617 4,703
		91,420
		2,400
McCall Corp., common Mead Corp., \$5.50 preferred	_ 200	700
Mead Corp., \$5.50 presented	_ 1,089	1,309
\$6 preferred Murray Corp. of America, common	39,837	19,837
		556
6% preferred	31,750	9,451 42,950
National Department Stores Corp., common 6% preferred National Tea Co., common Omnibus Corp., common (v. t.)	21	2,253
Omnibus Corp., common (v. t.)	8.800	9,100
Omnibus Corp., common (V. t.) 8% preferred Outboard, Marine & Manufacturing Co., common Panhandle Producing & Refining Co., 8% preferred	3,600	4,00
Perhandle Producing & Refining Co., 8% preferred	- 672	70
Pathe Film Corp., common.	None	3,72
Panhandle Producing & Refining Co., 5% preferred————————————————————————————————	- 07 100	2,64
Plymouth Oil Co., common	27,100	30,000
Public Service Corp. of New Jersey, \$5 preferred	1,128 35,941	20,34
Remington Rand, Inc., \$4.50 preferred	1,216	
Republic Steel Corp., common 6% preferred	17	
0% preteriou	. T	

	Shares	Shares
그런다. 그런 왜 저는 모든 모든 사람들이 그렇게 살이 먹는데 가게 많아 없는 모든데	Previously	Per Latest
Name-	Reported	Report
Safeway Stores, Inc., 5% preferred	701	711
6% preferred	1.417	1.434
7% preferred	3.014	3.067
W. A. Sheaffer Pen Co., common	2.770	
Simonds Saw & Steel Co., common	2,770	2,820
Standard Oil Co. (Indiana), capital	None	3,000
Sweets Co. of America Transcript	36	38
Sweets Co. of America, Inc., capital	16,239	15,439
Swift & Co., capital	80,635	80,641
Tide Water Associated Oil Co., common	998	1.003
Transamerica Corp., capital	32,800	38,200
United Engineering & Foundry Co., common	14.020	12,360
United Gas Improvement Co., common	2 664	94.075
\$5 preferred		4.805
United Stores Corp., \$6 preferred		
Vadsco Sales Corp., preferred		3,100
		13
		4,177
Wheeling Steel Corp., 6% preferred	584	728
S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Co., capital	2,615	2,655
Wm. Wrigley Jr. Co., common.	38,088	40.533
Yellow Truck & Coach Manufacturing Co., class B	11	15
		20

Including indirect holdings of its own stock through a 50% owned company The New York Curb Exchange announced on May 12 that the following fully listed companies have reported changes in the amount of reacquired stock held:

경기 10일 그렇게 하게 살아 보다 하는 사람이 되었다.	Deendoord	Shares
Name-	Previously	Per Latest
	Reported	Report
Aero Supply Manufacturing Co., Inc., class A	400	600
Agfa Ansco Corp., common	9	12
Air Investors, Inc., conv. pref	4,200	None
American Cities Power & Light Corp.—		
Conv. A opt. div. ser	None	650
A opt. div. ser. 1936	None	3,300
American General Corp., \$2.50 div. ser. pref	100	150
\$2 div. ser. pref	3,752 5-10	4,952 5-10
Common	146 643 71-100	
Aviation & Transportation Corp., capital	13,300	146,650 78-100
Bickfords, Inc., preferred	2.063	None
Blue Ridge Corp., \$3 conv. preferred		2,403
Brillo Manufacturing Co., Inc., class A	None	3,800
Corrors & Co. Inc. class A	33	660
Carman & Co., Inc., class A Commonwealths Distribution, Inc., capital	3,927	4,027
Commonwealths Distribution, Inc., capital	53,171 1-20	33,477 5-20
Consolidated Retail Stores, Inc., common	277	1,665
Cooper-Bessemer Corp., \$3 prior preferred	None	1.800
Crown Central Petroleum Corp., common	352 32-75	359 62-75
Crown Drug Co., 7% preferred	200	300
Derby Oil & Refining Corp., A conv. pref	31,151	None
Common	8,565 65-100	70,867 65-100
Edison Bros. Stores, Inc., common	5,250	5,050
Electric Shareholdings Corp., \$6 conv. pref	None	2,775
Electographic Corp., common.	56	
Equity Corn \$2 gony prof	11 701 6 10	100
Equity Corp., \$3 conv. pref General Water, Gas & Electric Co., \$3 pref	11,791 0-10	11,991 6-10
Cubort (The A. C.) Co. professed	None	1,114
Gilbert (The A. C.) Co., preferred	2,775	2,765
Helena Rubinstein, Inc., common	2,110	1,510
Heller (Walter E.) & Co., 4s, 1946, w. w	None	\$51,000
7% preferred	None	2,255
Hygrade Food Products Corp., conv. 6s A, 1949\$		\$116,000
Conv. 6s B, 1949	\$7,100	\$13,200
Common	24,213 71-100	24,174 46-100
Lane Bryant, Inc., 7% pref	650	194
Lion Oil Refining Co., conv. 4½s, 1952	None	\$13,000
Common	3,065	None
	22,536	23,736
Michigan Gas & Oil Corp., common	5.100	
Navarro Oil Co., common		4,400
Niagara Hudson Power Corp., common	8,956	9,156
	199 2-6	2561/2
5% first preferred	200	15,678
A warrants	None	84 21-24
B warrants	None	282 8-24
Oilstocks, Limited, capital	2,307	2,712 4-5
Paramount Motors Corp., common	66,334	69,883
Prudential Investors, Inc., \$6 pref	4,604	4,614
Root Petroleum Co., \$1.20 conv. pref	700	None
Rustless Iron & Steel Corp., common	215	221
	17,200	17,300
Sonotone Corp., common	2,840	2,865
Standard Steel Spring Co., common	None	750
Stein (A.) & Co., 61/2 % preferred	1	730
Common	4,667	5,157
Sterchi Bros. Stores, Inc., 6% 1st pref	2,148	420
5% 2d preferred	2,462	572
Stroock (S.) & Co., Inc., capital	8,400	9,600
Ulen & Co		b2,996
	c1,123½	d1,1231/2
United Profit-Sharing Corp., common	311 139-160	311 148-160
Wentworth Manufacturing Co., conv. pref	5,505	6.085
Weyenberg Shoe Manufacturing Co., common (64,134
a 71/2 % preferred. b Series A preferred. c 5% pre		
	cicirca. a ser	ies B preferred

N. Y. Stock Exchange Transmits SEC Request for Trading Data on 20 Common and Capital Stocks

At the request of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange on May 7 sent to its members and to firms registered on the Exchange forms requesting data on trading in 20 representative stocks for the period March 21 to April 2. The information requested includes the positions existing at the opening and close of the period and a report of each transaction made for the account of an individual member, a general partner of a member firm, or for the account of the firm itself.

The stocks for which this information is requested are:

American Can Co.	1100	-	
American Can Co.	(AC)	Common stock	
American Smelting & Refining Co	(AR)	Common stock	
American Tel. & Tel. Co.	(T)	Capital stock	
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	(SF)	Common stock	
Case (J. I.) Co		Common stock	
Chrysler Corp	(CTM)	Common stock	
Davids Alamet Co. T.	(C)	Common stock	
Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc	(DOU)	Common stock	
General Motors Corp	(GM)	Common stock	
International Harvester Co	(HR)	Common stock	
International Paper & Power Co	(IP Pr)	Common stock	
Johns-Manville Corp		Preferred stock	
Loow's Inc	(JMP)	Common stock	
Loew's, Inc.	(LW)	Common stock	
Montgomery Ward & Co., Inc.	(M)	Common stock	
New York Central RR. Co	(CN)	Capital stock	
Radio Corp. of America	(RCA)	Capital stock	
Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey)	(J)	Capital stock	
U. S. Steel Corp		Capital stock	
Worten Union Walanash Ca	(X)	Common stock	
Western Union Telegraph Co	(W)	Common stock	
Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co	(WX)	Common stock	
Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co	(YB)	Common stock	
		Common stock	
Dobowt T Tishan Com	C /1 T	•	

Fisher, Secretary of the Exchange, in the circular issued to members says.

The Committee on Business Conduct requests that the desired informa-tion be reported to it on forms provided for the purpose, not later than Saturday, May 21.

Market Value of Listed Stocks on New York Stock Exchange May 1 \$35,863,767,775, as Compared with \$31,858,461,871 April 1—Classification of Listed

As of May 1, 1938, there were 1,257 stock issues aggregating 1,425,976,429 shares listed on the New York Stock Exchange, with a total market value of \$35,864,767,775. the Exchange announced on May 4. This compares with 1,254 stock issues aggregating 1,427,320,146 shares, listed on the Exchange April 1, with a total market value of \$31,-858,461,871, and with 1,232 stock issues aggregating 1,386,-653,884 shares with a total market value of \$57,962,789,210 on May 1, 1937. In its announcement of May 4 the Stock Exchange said: In its announcement of May 4 the Stock Exchange said:

Exchange said:
As of May 1, 1938, New York Stock Exchange member total net borrowings in New York City on collateral amounted to \$466,766,529. The ratio of these member total borrowings to the market value of all listed stocks, on this date, was therefore 1.30%. Member borrowings are not broken down to separate those only on listed share collateral from those on other collateral; thus these ratios usually will exceed the true relationship between borrowings on all listed shares and their market values.

As of April 1, 1938, New York Stock Exchange member total net borrowings on collateral amounted to \$521,116,919. The ratio of these member total borrowings to the market value of all listed xtock, on that date, was therefore 1.64%. In the following table listed stocks are classified by leading industrial groups, with the aggregate market value and

industrial groups with the aggregate market value and average price for each:

	May 1, 1938		April 1, 1938		
and the second s	Market Value	Aver. Price	Marke t Value	Aver. Price	
	\$	\$	S	3	
Autos and accessories		19.06	1,963,489,539	16.93	
Financial	797,209,730	15.30	699,712,597	13.43	
Chemicals	4,360,284,379	48.89	3,975,805,989	44.93	
Building		21.34	376,388,161	17.69	
Electrical equipment manufacturing		33.02	1,100,975,385	28.53	
Foods	2,522,726,007	27.90	2,267,654,491	25.08	
Rubber and tires	303,343,273	28.64	260,803,183	24.62	
Farm machinery	579.563.032	43.16		39.73	
Amusements	257,613,521	14.27	215,809,057	11.98	
Land and realty	29,460,364	5.84	24,360,971	4.82	
Machinery and metals	1,385,684,088	21.92	1,199,665,295	19.12	
Mining (excluding iron)	1,471,177,605	23.37	1,273,175,790	19.45	
Petroleum	4 346 532 002	22.62	3,774,737,886	19.64	
Paper and publishing	271,825,426	15.32	240,373,994	13.55	
Retail merchandising	1,834,227,932	24.94	1,596,601,987	21.71	
Ry. oper. & holding co.'s & eqpt. mfrs.	2,473,949,198	20.90	2,307,290,224	19.49	
Steel, iron and coke	1,696,504,293	34.18	1,535,066,198	30.93	
Textiles	171,936,974	13.24	150,090,547	11.55	
Gas and electric (operating)	1,742,360,344	21.86	1.606,236,229	20.15	
Gas and electric (holding)	997,371,278	10.27	878,894,998	9.05	
Communications (cable, tel. & radio)_	2;792,089,641	74.39	2,484,719,151	66.20	
Miscellaneous utilities	113,383,842	10.50	103,284,943	9.57	
Aviation	294,643,402	12.81	215,979,182	9.40	
Business and office equipment	296,507,507	26.06	269,967,727	23.73	
Shipping services	6,301,973	3.01	5,033,713	2.40	
omp operating and building	23,431,908	7.74	20,838,396	6.88	
Miscellaneous businesses	85,362,304	14.41	72,776,320	12.29	
Leather and boots	153,022,628	22,40	136,490,261	19.97	
l'obacco	1.344.747.321	47.94	1,236,535,316	44.09	
Garments		12.51	18.684.397	11.13	
J. S. companies operating abroad	532,727,072	16.40	426,467,111	13.21	
Foreign companies (incl. Cuba & Can.)	1,019,729,193	24.80	887.118.541	21.47	
경기 보고 하다 하는 것이 되는 것이 없는 그 없는 것이 없었다.	35,864,767,775	-		22.32	

We give below a two-year compilation of the total market value and the average price of stocks listed on the Exchange:

- 1		Market Value	Average Price		Market Value	Average Price
1936-	-			1937—	1000	7.07
May 1.		\$47,774,402,524	\$35.74	June 1	\$57,323.818,936	\$41.27
June 1.		49,998,732,557	37.35	July 1	54,882,327,205	39.21
		50,912,398,322	38.00	Aug. 1	59,393,594,170	42.30
Aug. 1.		54,066,925,315	40.30	Sept. 1	56,623,913,315	40.51
		54.532,083,004	40.56	Oct. 1	49,034,032,639	35.07
Oct. 1.		55,105,218,329	40.88	Nov. 1	*44,669,978,318	*31.77
Nov. 1.		58,507,236,527	43.36	Dec. 1	40,716,032,190	28.92
Dec. 1.		60,019,557,197	44.26	1938-	-0,1.10,002,150	20.02
1937-	-		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Jan. 1	38,869,140,625	27.53
Jan. 1.		59,878,127,946	44.02	Feb. 1	39,242,676,837	27.59
		61,911,871,699	45.30	Mar. 1	41,172,861,535	28,94
Mar. 1.		62,617.741,160	45.46	Apr. 1	31,858,461,871	22.32
Apr. 1.		62,467,777,302	47.26	May 1	35,864,767,775	25.15
May 1		57,962,789,210	41.80	100	50,501,707.775	20.10

Balancing Budget and Maintaining Sound Economic and Monetary Policies Most Effective Way Toward Recovery Says The First National Bank of Boston

The First National Bank of Boston in its current New England "Letter" says that "based upon the experience of 150 years of our own economic history as well as the results achieved by other countries that have made the best showing during the past few years, the most effective way toward recovery is through balancing the budget and maintaining sound economic and monetary policies that inspire confidence." "In this country," says the bank, "continued emphasis has been placed upon large public expenditures as a means of restoring purchasing power and of bringing about recovery. Under such a policy we have spent about 17,000,000,000 on recovery and relief since 1933 and we are now considering embarking upon a new spending-lending program of another \$5,000,000,000. Accordingly, we find that Great Britain and Sweden, with balanced budgets throughout most of the years since 1929, have made the most satisfactory gains while the United States and France, with hugh deficits, have trailed far behind."

In conclusion the bank said:

Based upon the above arallysis it would appear that the said:

In conclusion the bank said:

Based upon the above analysis, it would appear that the requisite for re-covery are that we maintain sound monetary and financial policies, provide an incentive for business to make reasonable profits, and make it possible

for goods to be produced at prices that consumers can afford. Recent developments in Washington in regard to tax measures are encouraging and should be followed by the modification of other laws that are hampering recovery. Serious attempts should be made to clear the atmosphere of misunderstanding. All interests—capital, labor, government and the general public—should work harmoniously in a common battle against the depression. If this is done, business will move forward.

Market Value of Bonds Listed on New York Stock Exchange May 1 Above April 1

The following announcement showing the total market value of listed bonds on the New York Stock Exchange as of May 1 was issued by the Exchange on May 6:

As of May 1, 1938, there were 1,373 bond issues aggregating \$48,279,224,-071 par value listed on the New York Stock Exchange, with a total market value of \$42,398,688,128.

On April 1, 1938, there were 1,373 bond issues aggregating \$48,360,358,911 par value listed on the Exchange with a total market value of \$41,450,248,311.

In the following table, listed bonds are classified by governmental and industrial groups with the aggregate market value and average price for each:

	May 1, 19	38	April 1, 19	38
	Market Value	Aver. Price	Market Value	Aver. Price
	8	s	s	\$
U. S. Govt. (incl. States, cities, &c.).	27.358.098.747	106.59	26.873.342.686	104.70
Foreign government	1.816.688.935	57.74	1.784,789,355	56.35
Autos and accessories	14,268,346	73.64	12,8/3,863	66.40
Financial	241,583,450		234.775.509	97.83
Chemical		90.86	83,557,812	84.45
Dullding	18,504,822			56.97
Electric equipment manufacturing	35,653,937			
Food	228,577,311	98.61	212,995,069	
Rubber and tires	150,802,208			
Amusements	69.380.776			
Land and realty	9.012.188			
	50.501.930			
Machinery and metals	118.436.796			
Mining (excluding iron)	425,994,616			
Petroleum				
Paper and publishing	32,432,058			
Retail merchandising	32,432,000	00.20	30,401,143	00.00
Railway operating and holding com-	5.677.675.606	53.04	5,455,206,402	50.96
panies and equip. manufacturers				
Steel, iron and coke	506,752,124			
Textile	1,556,844			
Gas and electric (operating)	2,850,549,492			
Gas and electric (holding)	160,851,033			
Communication (cable, tel. and radio)	986,971,714			
Miscellaneous utilities	189,055,754			
Business and office equipment	18,430,081			
Shipping services	12,709,938	47.13	12,665,231	
Shipbuilding and operating	10,189,118	44.37		
Leather and boots	4,430,216	105.13	4,431,826	100.2
Tobacco	42,592,397	123.64		
U. S. companies operating abroad	154,383,318			
Foreign cos. (incl. Cuba and Canada)	1,011,271,242			
Miscellaneous businesses	35,005,000	100.01	34,150,000	97.5
All listed bonds	42,398,688,128	87.82	41,450,248,311	85.7

The following table, compiled by us, gives a two-year comparison of the total market value and the total average price of bonds listed on the Exchange:

	Market Value	Average Price		Market Value	Average Price
1936—	8	S	1937—	S	\$
May 1	41.524.856.027	93.90	May 1	43,920,989,575	93.88
June 1	39,648,252,468	93.83	June 1	44,170,837,675	93.33
July 1	41.618.750.056	94.24	July 1	44,001,162,031	93.89
Aug. 1	41,685,172,818	94.78	Aug. 1	44,296,135,580	92.98
Sept. 1	42,235,760,556	95.39	Sept. 1	43,808,755.638	93.93
Oct. 1	43.305.464.747	95.79	Oct. 1	43.270.678.790	92.76
Nov. 1	43.179.898.504	95.92	Nov. 1	42,591,139,774	91.51
Dec. 1	43,779,640,206	97.01	Dec. 1	42,109,154,661	90.11
1937—	10,110,010,00	Transaction	1938-		89.26
Jan. 1	45.053,593,776	97.35	Jan. 1	42,782,348,673	
Feb. 1	45.113.047.758	96.83	Feb. 1	42,486,316,399	89.70
Mar. 1	45.007.329.915	89.45	Mar. 1	42,854,724,055	88.68
Apr. 1	44,115,628,647	96.64	Apr. 1	41,450,248,311	85.71
Apr. 1	11,110,020,011		May 1	42,398,688,128	87.82

Value of Commercial Paper Outstanding as Reported by New York Federal Reserve Bank—Total April 30 of \$271,400,000 Compares with \$296,600,000 March 31

The following announcement showing the total value of commercial paper outstanding on April 30 was issued on May 11 by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

Reports received by this bank from commercial paper dealers show a total of \$271,400,000 of open market paper outstaiding on April 30 1938.

This figure for April 30 compares with \$296,600,000 outstanding on March 31, and with \$285,000,000 at the close of April, 1937.

Below we furnish a two-year comparison of the figures:

1938—	1027	1 1936—
Apr. 30\$271,400,000	Aug 21 \$220 00	00.000 Dec. 31\$215,200,000
Mar. 31296.600,000		00.000 Nov. 30 191,300,000
Feb. 28292,600,000		00,000 Oct. 31198,800,000
Jan. 31299,300,000		00.000 Sept. 30197,300,000
1937—		00,000 Aug. 31205,200,000
Dec. 31\$279,200,000	Mar. 31290,40	00,000 July 31187,600,000
Nov. 30 311.000,000	Feb. 28267,60	00,000 June 30168,700.000
Oct. 31323,400,000	Jan. 31243,80	00,000 May 31184,300,000
Sept. 30331,400,000		Apr. 30173,700,000

Decrease of \$14,034,375 in Volume of Bankers' Acceptances During April—Lowest Figure in 21 Years—Total of \$278,707,940 Compares with \$292,742,315 March 31—Is \$116,323,339 Below Year Ago

The volume of bankers' acceptances outstanding on April 30 totaled \$278,707,940, the smallest amount reported since the issuance of monthly statements started in the beginning of 1925, it was made known on May 10 by the Acceptance Analysis Unit of the Federal Reserve Bank of

New York. However, an estimate of the amount outstanding at the end of 1916, when the acceptance market was only in the development stage, was smaller, the total being placed at about \$250,000,000. The April 30 figure is \$14,034,375 below March 31 total of \$292,742,315 and when compared with a year ago it is \$116,323,339 below the total of \$395,031,279 on April 30, 1937.

The declines during April in the volume was due to losses in all classifications of credit excepting those drawn for domestic warenouse credits, while the year-to-year loss is attributed to decreases in all lines of credit except dollar exchange. The report for April 30 was issued as follows by the New York Federal Reserve Bank:

BANKERS DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING—UNITED STATES

BANKERS DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING—UNITED STATES
—BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

Federal Reserve District	April 30, 1938	March 31, 1938	April 30, 1937
1. Boston	\$28,836,849	\$28,423,917	\$43,607,692
2. New York	199,751,151	209,208,741	281,378,994
3. Philadelphia	10,755,928	11,167,682	17,160,513
4. Cleveland	2.366.823	2,430,125	2,323,081
5. Richmond	959.771	974.412	1,582,433
6. Atlanta	1.561.501	1,959,081	1,842,962
7. Chicago	9.052.587	10,639,959	16,089,332
	723,431	813.271	571.369
8. St. Louis 9. Minneapolis 9.	1,189,771	1,430,176	1,274,949
10. Kansas City			2 400 000
11. Dallas	435,991	387,868	2,168,329
12. San Francisco	23,074,137	25,307,083	27,031,625
Grand total	\$278,707,940	\$292,742,315	\$395,031,279

Decrease for month, \$14,034,375. Decrease for year, \$116,323,339.

ACCORDING TO NATURE OF CREDIT

	April 30, 1938	March 31, 1938	April 30, 1937
Imports Exports Domestic shipments Domestic warehouse credits Dollar exchange	50,999,654 1,488,401	\$90,976,797 74,703,281 8,301,604 54,573,468 1,814,792	\$167,074,407 82,520,054 11,701,523 56,209,369 1,245,479
Based on goods stored in or shipped between foreign countries	61,279,757	62,372,373	76,280,447

BILLS	HELD	BY	ACCEPTING	BANKS

BILLS HELD BY ACCES THE DISTRICT	
Own bills	\$140,616,389
Bills of others	88,513,713
Ding of others	

.__ \$229,130,102 6.982,416

CURRENT MARKET RATES ON PRIME BANKERS ACCEPTANCES MAY 10, 1938

Days—	Dealers' Buying Rates	Dealers' Selling Rates	Days—	Dealers' Buying Rates	Dealers' Selling Rates
30	1/2	7-16	120 150 180	9-16	9-16
60	1/2	7-16		5/8	9-16
90	1/2	7-16		5/8	9-16

The following table, compiled by us, furnishes a record of the volume of bankers' acceptances outstanding at the close of each month since April 30, 1936:

1936—	1937—	1937—
Apr. 30 \$343,694,299	Jan. 30\$387,227,280	
May 30 330,531,460	Feb. 27 401,107,760	
June 30 316,531,732	Mar. 31 396,471,668	
July 31 315,528,440		1020
Aug. 31 308,112,141		
Sept. 30 315,000,590		
Oct. 31 330,205,152		
Nov. 30 349,053,490 Dec 31 372,816,963		

New Offering of \$50,000,000, or Thereabouts, of 91-Day Treasury Bills—To Be Dated May 18, 1938

Tenders to a new offering of \$50,000,000, or thereabouts, of 91-day Treasury bills, to be received at the Federal Reserve banks, or the branches thereof, up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, May 16, were invited on May 12 by Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury. The tenders will not be received at the Treasury Department, Washington.

The Treasury bills will be sold on a discount basis to the highest bidders. They will be dated May 18, 1938, and will mature on Aug. 17, 1938; on the maturity date the face amount of the bills will be payable without interest. There is a maturity of two series of Treasury bills on May 18 in amounts of \$50,063,000 and \$50,048,000. The following is from S. cretary Morgenthau's announcement of May 12:

They (the bills) will be issued in bearer form only, and in amounts or denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000

denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 (maturity value).

No tender for an amount less than \$1,000 will be considered. Each tender must be in multiples of \$1,000. The price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimal places, e.g., 99.125. Fractions must not be used.

Tenders will be accepted without cash deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated bank or trust company.

bank or trust company.

Immediately after the closing hour for receipt of tenders on May 16, 1938, all tenders received at the Federal Reserve banks or branches thereof up to the closing hour will be opened and public announcement of the acceptable prices will follow as soon as possible thereafter, probably on the following morning. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders, and to allot less than the amount applied for, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. Payment at the price offered for Treasury bills allotted must be made at the Federal Reserve banks in cash or other immediately available funds on May 18, 1938.

funds on May 18, 1938.

The Treasury bills will be exempt, as to principal and interest, and any gain from the sale or other disposition thereof will also be exempt, from

all taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes. (Attention is invited to Treasury Decision 4550, ruling that Treasury bills are not exempt from the gift tax.) No loss from the sale or other disposition of the Treasury bills shall be allowed as a deduction, or otherwise recognized, for the purposes of any tax now or hereafter imposed by the United States or any of its posceptage.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418, as amended, and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of their issue.

Liquidation of 33 Receiverships of National Banks Completed During April

Announcement of the completion of the liquidation of 33 receiverships of National banks during April was made on May 12 by Marshall B. Diggs, Acting Comptroller of the Currency. This makes a total of 1,070 receiverships finally closed or restored to solvency since the banking holiday of March, 1933. Acting Comtroller Diggs said:

Total disbursements, including offsets allowed, to depositors and other creditors of these 1,070 receiverships, exclusive of the 42 restored to solvency, aggregated \$407,138,261, or an average return of 80.27% of total liabilities, while unsecured creditors received dividends amounting to an average of 66,62% of their claims. Dividends distributed to creditors of all active receiverships during the month of April, 1938, amounted to \$2,512,090. Total dividends paid and distributions to depositors of all receiverships from March 16, 1933, to April 30, 1938, amounted to \$901,513,511.

The following are the 33 National banks liquidated and finally closed or restored to solvency during April:

INSOLVENT NATIONAL BANKS LIQUIDATED AND FINALLY CLOSED OR RESTORED TO SOLVENCY DURING THE MONTH OF APRIL, 1938

Name and Location of Bank	Date of Failure	Total Dis- bursements Including Offsets Allowed	Per Cent Total Dis- bursem'ts to Total Liabilities	Per Cent Dividend Declared to All Claimants
First Nat. Bank, Baldwin, Park, Calif.	10-22-31	\$178,799	67.53	42
Ogden National Bank, Chicago, Ill	10-31-31	345,344	57.8	43
Roseland National Bank, Chicago, Ill.	*3-29-37	66.193	102.64	103.76
First National Bank, Marengo, Ill	8-29-32	536,993	85	81.35
First National Bank, Morrison, Ill Commercial Nat. Bank, Wilmington,		393,400	105	ь100
III	a11 -1-33	257.704	107.83	111.65
First National Bank, Clinton, Ind	a10 -3-33	1,259,583	90.7	74.95
First National Bank, Chelsea, Iowa		155,688	104.56	106.6
Farmers Nat. Bank, Kingsley, Iowa	a10-30-33	99,870	73.44	63.1
Lynch National Bank. Lynch, Ky	a10 -3-33	291,781	103.92	113.28
Webster Nat. Bank, Webster, Mass	all -3-33	1,338,603	101.32	101.57
First National Bank, Almont, Mich	a10 -9-33	185,305	99.3	99.3
Lincoln Park National Bank, Lincoln Park, Mich.	2 -2-33	343,868	92.76	88
Jackson Nat. Bank in Jackson, Minn_	1-16-33	262,028	96.26	94.1
First National Bank, Swanville, Minn_	a12 -7-33	121,726	62.15	30.7
First Nat. Bank, West Concord, Minn	a6 -6-34	321,903	89.65	85.1
Norfolk National Bank, Norfolk, Neb.	12 -2-31	844,036	92.26	89.68
First National Bank, Roxboro, N. C	10-19-31	333,776	64.54	25.45
Coolville Nat. Bank. Coolville, Ohio	3-18-31	245,865	70.18	63.55
First National Bank, Wauseon, Ohio	8-22-31	464,379	76.06	69
Tecumseh Nat. Bank, Tecumseh, Okla	11-18-32	258.440	83.12	76.35
First National Bank, Burns, Ore	7 -7-32	251,736	87.95	65.9
Farmers N. B. & Tr. Co., Bedford, Pa_	a10-26-34	827,795	106.88	115.74
First National Bank, Hooversville, Pa.	a7-12-34	303,312	71.91	63.85
Farmers & Merchants National Bank,		77.2		-500
Tyrone, Pa	12-12-30	370,653	81.62	78.2
First National Bank, Woodruff, S. C	a11-10-33	157,710	99.87	101 4
First National Bank, Channing, Texas		70,296	83.43	78.55
Itasca National Bank, Itasca, Texas	1 -2-32	108,626	53.7	30
Plainview Nat. Bank, Plainview, Texas		834,284	44.23	26.01
Olympia Nat. Bank, Olympia, Wash	2 -3-32	1,758,163	89.03	68.05
Farmers Nat, Bank, Pomeroy, Wash	5-19-31	247,073	107.93	116.37
First N. B. & Trust Co., Baraboo, Wis.	a9-11-33	1,232,904	107.8	111.17
First National Bank, Neillsville, Wis	a10-26-33	419.931	101.01	102

*Receiver appointed to levy and collect stock assessment covering deficiency in value of assets sold, or to complete unfinished liquidation.

a Formerly in conservatorship.

b 7.62% interest in full to regular creditors. 7.4% partial interest paid to waiver certificate holders.

Reference to the liquidation of National banks completed during March was made in our issue of April 16, page 2461.

\$211,547,000 Received to Offering of \$50,000,000 of 91-Day Treasury Bills Dated May 11—\$50,109,000 Accepted at Average Rate of 0.029%—New Low

Announcement that bids of \$211,547,000 had been received to the offering of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts of 91-day Treasury bills, dated May 11 and maturing Aug. 10, 1938, was made May 9 by Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. The tenders were received up to 2 p. m. Eastern Standard Time, May 9 at the Federal Reserve banks and the branches thereof. Of the tenders received, Secretary Morgenthau said, \$50,109,000 were accepted. Reference to the offering of bills was made in our issue of May 7, page 2939. The following is from Secretary Morgenthau's announcement of May 9:

Total applied for \$211,547,000 Total accepted \$50,109,000 Range of bids accepted (excepting one bid of \$10,000):

High, 99.995; equivalent rate approximately 0.020%. Low, 99.992; equivalent rate approximately 0.032%. Average price, 99.993; equivalent rate approximately 0.029%. (89% of the amount bid for at the low price was accepted.)

Pointing out that the above offering set two unprecedented records, a Washington account, May 9, to the New York "Herald Tribune" added in part:

For the first time in the history of Treasury financing a bidder paid a premium for the privilege of buying a Government security. Secondly, the cost of financing through bills reached an all-time new low.

When bids for last week's\$50,000,000 offering of tax exempt 91-day bills were opened today, Treasury officials were stunned. A bank offered \$10,001 for a \$10,000 91-day Treasury bill. The bidder will get his security

and make history.

Because of the tax on personal bank deposits instituted by some States, it is believed that this lone institution chose to buy a tax-exempt Treasury

bill at a premium, lose the small yield which it would ordinarily be entitled to, in order to escape the State tax.

Record Low Interest

Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, beamingly told reporters at his press conference that the rate on Treasury bills fell to an all-time low on last week's offering. The low on the \$50,000,000 of 91-day bills maturing Aug. 10, 1938, was 0.032%, compared with 0.036% for the last offering.

Treasury Department Amends Regulations Governing Securities Eligible as Collateral for Government Deposits

The following circular dated May 5 was issued by President Harrison of the New York Federal Reserve Bank:

[Circular No. 1843, May 5, 1938. Reference to 1932 Treasury. Department Circular No. 92 Revised, as amended.]

Special Deposits of Public Moneys Under the Act of Congress Approved Sept. 24, 1917, as Amended

To designated special depositaries of public moneys and other banks and trust companies in the Second Federal Reserve District-

There is enclosed a copy of the Eighth Supplement dated April 27, 1938, Treasury Circular No. 92 (revised).

GEORGE L. HARRISON, President.

The Treasury Department's notice follows:

Special Deposits of Public Moneys Under the Act of Congress Approved Sept. 24, 1937, as Amended 1938—Eighth Supplement, Department Circular No. 92 (Revised)

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

Washington, April 27, 1938.

Accounts and Deposits

To Federal Reserve Banks and other banks and trust companies incorporated under the laws of the United States or of any State—

Treasury Department Circular No. 92, dated Feb. 23, 1932, as amended, is hereby further amended by the addition of the following paragraph under the caption "Collateral Security":

1-A. OBLIGATIONS GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES—Obligations fully and unconditionally guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; all at face value.

Paragraph 11 of the collateral security provisions of the circular is hereby

Paragraph 11 of the collateral security provisions of the circular is hereby amended to read as follows:

11. FEDERAL LAND BANK BONDS AND OBLIGATIONS OF FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS—Bonds of the Federal Land Banks and obligations of the Federal Home Loan Banks; all at face value.

WAYNE C. TAYLOR, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Secretary of Treasury Morgenthau Seeks to Effect Uniformity in Bank Examinations—Confers with Government Heads, Bankers and Others

At the request of President Roosevelt, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau is seeking to standardize the bank-examining methods and definitions of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

On May 3 representatives of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. and the Comptroller of the Currency presented to Mr. Morgenthau, preliminary recommendations for bank examining methods agreed upon in a series of conferences. In Associated Press advices from Washington on May 3 it was stated: was stated:

The recommendations, it was reported, deal with definitions for classifying various kinds of loans, valuing investments, accounting of investment profits and similar subjects.

Among those with whom Mr. Morgenthau conferred on May 4, according to the Associated Press were:

Tom K. Smith of St. Louis, former president of the American Bankers Association; Thomas Jefferson Coolidge of Boston, former Under Secretary of the Treasury; Joseph P. Broderick, of New York, former member of the Federal Reserve Board; William R. White, New York State Banking Superintendent; Robert M. Hanes, of Winston-Salem, N. C., a vice-president of the American Bankers Association and brother of Securities and Exchange Commissioner John W. Hanes, and Thomas J. Groome, of Washington. Washington.

Under date of May 9 advices from Washington to the New York "Times" stated:

Federal experts who conferred with Secretary Morgenthau this morning did not unanimously agree upon the uniform bank examination worked out by representatives of the Federal bank examining agencies, so Mr. Morgenthau asked them to study the proposal for another week in the hope of winning unanimous approval, the Secretary said at his press conference this afternoon.

Although a majority of those who met this morning favored the proposal, Although a majority of those who met this morning tavored the proposal, the Secretary said he wanted to get unanimous approval and therefore asked those present to "do a little more homework." The chief bank examiners for the Federal Reserve System, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and Comptroller of the Currency, as were several department heads and William R. White, New York State Superintendent of Banks,

secretary Morgenthau indicated that if he could not obtain complete agreement he might submit the facts he has collected to President Roosevelt, who asked him to call conferences in an effort to effect uniform bank examinations without legislation. If he obtains full agreement among the Federal officials, Secretary Morgenthau plans to submit the proposed form to State bank examining officials in the hope that they also will adopt it.

In an address yesterday (May 13) at Atlantic City before the New Jersey Bankers' Association Marriner S. Eccles, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System advocated a revision of Federal and State bank examination policies, in order to stimulate credit and business activity.

Return to Washington of President Roosevelt Following Recent Cruise—Hope to Avoid Future Depressions as Result of Anti-Monopoly Study
President Roosevelt who arrived in Washington on May 9, following his recent vacation cruise in Southern waters, expressed the hope yesterday (May 13) that Congress in its coming anti-monopoly study would cover methods of avoiding future depressions through avoidance of unabsorbed ing future depressions through avoidance of unabsorbed inventories and unwarranted high prices in some commodities. He made the remarks (at his press conference) in denying that his administrations original lending and spending program was a failure.

In part the Associated Press, in indicating this, further reported:

Asked a press conference whether he had any definite program to combat surplus inventories and high prices, the President said he had not but this was part of the anti-trust study he recommended to Congress.

He said that unabsorbed inventories and high prices were factors in

He said that unabsorbed inventories and high prices were factors in recessions but not the only ones.

These two factors, he said, were combatted in an experimental way under the national recovery act, but he pointed out that this had been halted when the NRA was held unconstitutional. Therefore, he said, the inventory-price problem continues to exist.

Masked about contentions that the first spending program was a failure, the President denied this and said certain economic and business methods

ran away with the ball. He said it was a misnomer to call his proposal for a Congressional study of anti-trust laws an anti-monopoly program, because it was a far wider problem and that the inventory-price situation would go hand in hand with it.

The President's cruise was referred to in these columns last week, page 2939.

President Roosevelt Says Our Conception of Freedom Embraces Freedom of Speech, Education and Press as Well as Liberty of Conscience and of Thought —In Message to Jewish Fraternal Order Warns —In Message to Jewish Against Alien Influences

Warning against "alien influences" seeking to undermine Warning against "alien influences" seeking to undermine American institutions, was voiced in a message addressed on May 9 by President Roosevelt to the convention of B'nai B'rith, Jewish Fraternal Order on which shortly before had heard Sigmund Livingston, Chicago, warning against the spread of anti-Jewish propaganda in the United States in an attempt to undermine democracy. An Associated Press advices from Washington, where the Convention was held, Mr. Livingston was quoted as follows:

Jews are not Communists and do not promote Communism, he declared calling on Jews and non-Jews to preserve the American ideal of liberty and freedom against Communism, Fascism and Nazism, which he called "the mortal enemies of democracy."

The President in his message, which was read by his son, James Roosevelt, said:

James Roosevelt, said:

It gives me great pleasure to extend greetings to the members of B'nai B'rith on the occasion of the triennial convention of the organization. For almost a century B'nai B'rith has effectively served the well-being of American Jewry and the Nation. Its philanthropic achievements are permanently enshrined within the walls of hospitals, orphanages, and homes for the aged which bless humanity in every section of our land lits endeavors in the realm of education exhibit a far-sighted understanding in the problems of the younger generation. No less important is B'ani B'rith's program of Americanism which fortifies the effort to keep Americanism the fordifies the effort to keep Americanism among the component elements comprising our American society.

In the conflict of policies and political principles which the world witnesses today, this Nation remains unshaken in its devotion to the ideals and the institutions of democracy. Except in so far as we deplore ill treatment of human beings anywhere, the domestic policies of other Nations are of no concern to the United States. When, however, alien influences seek to undermine the foundations of our own institutions we become definitely concerned.

cerned.

This country, for its own guidance and for the guidance of other Nations if they will follow it, has ever held aloft the torch of freedom. Our conception of freedom embraces complete liberty of conscience and of thought, freedom of education, freedom of the press, the right of free speech and of assembly. On that conception of liberty all of our happiness as a Nation has been built.

Representative Bankhead, Speaker of the House, addressed the Convention and according to the Associated Press he asserted that the United States, Great Britain, Ireland, France, the Scandinavian countries, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia and other democratic Nations constituted "a body of public opinion invulnerable in their might against the assaults of any or all totalitarian States." He added:

I do not utter this suggestion in the sense of a threat, or challenge, but as a token or great comfort and security, that democratic institutions will not perish from the face of the earth.

President Roosevelt and Secretary Hull Inaugurate Series of International Broadcasts—President Re-asserts Policy of Cooperation—Mr. Hull Restates Principles of Trade Treaty Program

Principles of Trade Treaty Program

The inauguration of the first of a series of international broadcasts on "economic cooperation in the Americas" occurred on May 8 when a message from President Roosevelt, read by Secretary of State Hull, opened the series. "The need for a joint effort in constructing a new and better world order" was emphasized by the President, who added that "cooperation in the solution of economic problems offers one of the practical approaches to the task." Secretary Hull later delivered an address in which he restated the principles of his reciprocal trade treaty program and said that it was the United States contribution to the need for world

economic cooperation. In the United Press advices from Washington he was quo ed as saying:

The people and the Government of the United States are determined to carry this policy vigorously forward. It is our firm conviction that there is not in the world today a more potent force making for economic well being everywhere, for social stability within Nations and for durable peace among Nations than expanding international trade, functioning on the basis of mutual advantage, fair dealing and non-discriminatory tr

The message from President Roosev lt which Mr. Hull read follows:

It is fitting that the first of these broadcasts dealing with economic cooperation in the Americas should be given from the Pan American Union. This building is a symbol of international cooperation. It is a creation of

This building is a symbol of international cooperation. It is a creation of cooperation among the American republics.

As we regard the world scene today, we cannot but be impressed by the need for a joint effort in constructing a new and better world order. Cooperation in the solution of economic problems offers one of the practical approaches to the task which the world must undertake. There is a general and growing realization that no Nation or group of Nations can enjoy prosperity and plenty when a large part of the world is in economic distress. The resolutions adopted at recent inter-American conferences make it apparent that the Nations of this Hemisphere are prepared to accept these conclusions and to act upon them. A start already has been made. Such action is an integral part of and is in entire harmony with our inter-American peace structure and the general system of inter-American cooperation. The Government of the United States is pledged to a course of international economic cooperation and will spare no effort in loyally continuing on that economic cooperation and will spare no effort in loyally continuing on that

In advices from Washington, May 8, the New York "Times" said in part:

The program originated in the Hall of the Americas of the Pan American Union here through the facilities of the Columbia Broadcasting System.

Mr. Hull and Secretary of Commerce Daniel C. Roper, together with
officials of the State Department and of the Latin-American embassies,
were among an audience of several hundred.

were among an audience of several hundred.

Speaking from Washington on the program this afternoon on "Economic Cooperation in the Americas," a subject directly suggesting the principal cause of rivalry between the United States and the European dictators with respect to Latin America, were Secretary Hull, Dr. Don Louis Fernando Guachalla, Minister of Bolivia, Dr. Pimentel Brandao, Ambassador of Brazil and Ricardo Castro Beeche, Minister of Costa Rica.

From their capitals, speaking via short wave to the United States, the Foreign Ministers of Chile, Colombia and Cuba spoke but only the Cuban reception could be heard clearly in the Hall of the Americas due to interference.

Naval Expansion Bill Carrying \$1,000,000,000 for Con-struction Sent to White House After Senate and House Adopt Conference Report

House Adopt Conference Report

The Administration's billion-dollar Naval Expansion Bill was sent to the White House yesterday (May 13) for the President's signature after the Senate adopted a conference report on the measure. The House passed the conference report on the bill on May 11 by a vote of 67 to 31 following the approval of the compromise bill by the Senate-House Conference Committee on May 9. The conference group, which was appointed to adjust differences as both branches of Congress had adopted separate measures, approved a compromise draft carrying appropriations estimated at \$1,091,000,000. The Associated Press, reporting this in its May 13 advices from Washington, likewise said:

The measure, pending in Congress since February, authorizes construc-

The measure, pending in Congress since February, authorizes construction of 46 new fighting ships, 26 auxiliaries and 950 airplanes. Funds to carry out the program must be appropriated later.

Separate bills originally were passed by both chambers. A joint committee worked out a compromise carrying authorizations estimated at \$1,090,000,000, and this was approved in the House by a 67 to 31 vote

S1,090,000,000, and this was approved in the House by a 67 to 51 vote Wednesday.

Three new battleships and two 20,000-ton aircraft carriers are provided by the compromise bill. The battleships will be limited to 35,000 tons, unless the President finds that larger vessels are necessary in the interest of national defense. Upon such a finding, ships of up to 45,000 tons could

be built.

The bill also carries authorization for a \$3,000,000 dirigible provided the

President finds one is needed.

President Roosevelt is expected to ask Congress before adjournment for funds to start work on some of the vessels.

Passage of the bill by the Senate on May 3 was noted in our issue of last week, page 2943.

Senate Passes Bill Amending Deposit Insurance Sec-tion of Federal Reserve Act Affecting Double Liability of Closed Banks

Liability of Closed Banks

A bill which passed the House on April 14 and which passed the Senate in amended form on May 5, affects the deposit insurance provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. As explained in a report by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, every State but four have removed the double liability of bank stock holders, and in the Senate on May 5 Senator Wagner stated "all our National banks have removed it, as have most of the State banks." Under the bill the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation waives its right of subrogation to the assets of closed banks in so far as the double liability of stockholders is concerned. In advices from its Washington bureau, May 5, the New York "Journal of Commerce" said:

advices from its Washington bureau, May 5, the New York "Journal of Commerce" said:

The bill, in effect, seeks to establish a uniform rule of subrogation to be applied by the FDIC with respect to stockholders' double liability. Under its provisions the FDIC will waive that portion of any claim against any person which arises out of stockholders' individual liability which is in excess of the liability of the stockholders to the bank or its creditors for the amount unpaid upon his stock in such bank.

The bill applies, however, only with respect to banks which are closed after the date the bill is enacted, and any such waiver is to apply only in

favor of the person against whom such liability may be asserted and is to be effected in such manner and on such terms and conditions as will not increase recoveries of dividends on account of claims to which the corporation is not subrogated.

As a result of the Senate changes, the bill was returned to the House for concurrence.

Bill Passed by Congress Extending for One Year Time Within Which Loans to Executive Officers of Member Banks Must Be Repaid

A bill passed by Congress, and signed by President Roosevelt on April 25, extends for one year (from June 16, 1938, to June 16, 1939) the time within which loans made prior to June 16, 1933, by member banks of the Federal Reserve System to their executive officers must be repaid. which amends the Federal Reserve Act, passed the Senate on March 25, while the House passed it on April 14. Under date of April 29 the Federal Reserve Bank of New York made public as follows, through its President, George L. Harrison, the provision of Reserve Act as amended under the new legislation. the new legislation:

LOANS TO EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF MEMBER BANKS (Section 22(g) of the Federal Reserve Act as Amended April 25, 1938) To All Member Banks in the Second Federal Reserve District:

The following bill (S. 3400), passed by both houses of Congress, was approved by the President on April 25, 1938:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That subsection (g) of section 22 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, sec. 375a), is amended by striking out the word "five" in the first sentence of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six."

"six."

The first sentence of subsection (g) of section 22 of the Federal Reserve Act, as thus amended, reads as follows:

(g) No executive officer of any member bank shall borrow from or otherwise become indebted to any member bank of which he is an executive officer, and no member bank shall make any loan or extend credit in any other manner to any of its own executive officers; Provided, That loans made to any such officer prior to June 16, 1933, may be renewed or extended for periods expiring not more than six years from such date where the board of directors of the member bank shall have satisfied themselves that such extension or renewal is in the best interest of the bank and that the officer indebted has made reasonable effort to reduce his obligation, these findings to be evidenced by resolution of the board of directors spread upon the minute book of the bank: Provided further, That with the prior approval of a majority of the entire board of directors, any member bank may extend credit to any executive officer thereof, and such officer may become indebted thereto, in an amount not exceeding \$2,500.

The text of the remainder of subsection (g) of section 22 will be

The text of the remainder of subsection (g) of section 22 will be found in the Appendix to Regulation O of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, effective Jan. 1, 1936.

Senate Passes Bill Amending Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938—Would Allow Reallotment of "Frozen" Cotton Production Allotments—Also Provides for Increased Allotments for Tobacco

Under bill passed by the Senate on May 5, payments of subsidies on the 1937 cotton crop would be expedited and the use of "frozen" cotton production allotments, made under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, would be permitted. The bill would also increase by 2% the quotas for several types of tobacco provided under the recent amendments to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938. Regarding the Senate action, May 4, Associated Press advices, May 4, from Washington said: 4, from Washington said:

An amendment by Senator Connally, Democrat of Texas, would make possible the early payment of \$130,000,000 which Congress provided as a bonus on the 1937 cotton crop for producers who complied with the 1938

quotas.

The Connally amendment would enable the Department of Agriculture to determine compliance with the 1938 program on the basis of acreage planted, instead of waiting until harvest time.

The Senate also accepted amendments to increase by 2% the 1938 quotas on flue-cured, dark air cured and dark fire cured tobacco. Senator George, Democrat of Georgia, said that the flue-cured increase would mean an addition of about 14,000,000 pounds to the total crop.

The amendment also provided for establishment of quotas on the basis

The amendment also provided for establishment of quotas on the basis

of pounds rather than acres.

of pounds rather than acres.

The text of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 was given in our issue of Feb. 26, page 1305. Later a bill was passed by Congress and signed by President Roosevelt on April 7 embodying a number of amendments to the Act of 1938. The new measure was referred to in these columns April 9, page 2292, while its text appeared on page 2619 of our April 16 issue. During the discussion in the Senate on May 4 on the pending amendments, Mrs. Caraway (of Arkansas) explained that "the trouble in my State in the case of cotton is that in many of the counties farmers do not want to grow cotton on the acreage that has been alloted, while other farmers who want to grow cotton have insufficient allotments. What we want to do is to allow the "frozen acres" to be realloted to the cotton growers." At the same time, according to Washington advices May 4 to the New York "Herald Tribune," Senator Josiah W. Bailey, Democrat of North Carolina, one of the few southern Senators who voted against the original farm bill, said it had "brought a degree of resentment, unrest and complaint in my State a degree of resentment, unrest and complaint in my State the like of which I have not known since I have been in the Senate." The account from which we quote added:

The Agricultural Adjustment Act is a perfect model of Fascism and, of course, every one knows it. If we took the same Act and applied it to the other activities in America we would have Fascism. There is no question about that. I am sorry, Mr. President, that conditions are as they are. I voted against the bill. That fact does not give me satisfaction. I am sorry for what is going on. We are sowing dragon's teeth in the South and we shall reap dragons. Mark my words.

Comment in the Senate on May 4 by Senator Smith Democrat of South Carolina, regarding the legislation carried

in the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 is taken from the "Congressional Record":

the "Congressional Record":

The bill as passed is what the farmers asked for. I do not think the Administration has carried out, so far as tobacco is concerned, the real purport of the bill, but as to the cotton provisions they have carried them out according to law. Each farmer has been apportioned his acreage for cotton. Some of them did not want it after they got it. They said it might be that in another year they would take it, but this year they did not want it. The only question in reference to cotton is, shall what are called the "frozen acres," that is, acres alloted to farmers who did not want to use them, be redistributed so that the State will not lose its acreage in cotton?

As to the amendment affecting flue-cured tobacco, Senator George, Democrat of Georgia, had the following to say in the Senate on May 4:

The Denate on May 4:

If this amendment should be adopted and finally become law, it would increase the total poundage 4%, just as has been done in the case of cotton. By an amendment made in early April, cotton acreage was increased 4%, and, therefore, the quota for each State was increased 4%. At the same time I offered the amendment increasing the tobacco poundage by 4%, but in conference the amendment which I offered was cut in half, and the percentage was reduced to 2%. This amendment merely brings it back to 4%.

\$3,054,425,000 Recovery Appropriation Bill Passed by House—Measure Designed to Provide 4,135,000 Jobs Next Fiscal Year—Recovery Plans Approved by Mayor La Guardia

The Administration's \$3,054,425,000 recovery bill, de-The Administration's \$3,054,425,000 recovery bill, designed to assure jobs for 4,135,000 persons next year, was passed by the House on May 12 by a vote of 329 to 70; 11 Democrats and 59 Republicans voted against the bill. Before the final vote a Republican motion to recommit the bill was rejected by a vote of 308 to 89—The measure was favorably reported to the House on May 9 by the House Appropriations Committee, and the House prepared for immediate debate on the measure, which makes direct appropriations of \$2,519,425,000 for lending and spending under the President's new lending-and-spending program. The bill also carries authorizations of \$535,000,000.

The bill was introduced in the House on May 9 by Chairman Taylor of the Appropriations Committee. Representa-tive Rayburn, majority leader, said he would keep the House in session until the measure was acted upon. The President's lending-spending program was recommended in a message to Congress on April 14, given in our April 16 issue, page 2466; a further reference to the proposals ap-

peared in these columns April 23, page 2622.

The bill passed the House at 9:10 p. m. May 12 with only one major upset, said advices from Washington on that date to the New York "Herald Tribune" which in part added:

The upset came when the House overturned the Appropriations Committee's fairly conservative proposal to furnish the Rural Electrification Administration with an additional \$60,000,000. Instead, the aroused power bloc, headed by Representative John E. Rankin, Democrat, of Mississippi, succeeded in stepping the R. E. A.'s new fund up to \$100,000,000. The vote on the Rankin amendment was 259 to 139.

Amendments Beaten Down

Otherwise, throughout seven hours of hit-and-miss debate the Democratic leaders were able to beat down scores of amendments ranging from the Republican proposal to turn the problem of relief back to the States to a bi-partisan drive to eliminate the new formula for making loans by the revived Public Works Administration.

The adoption of two minor amendments, both dealing with rural relief, had been the only successful assembles on the bill before the Appropriations.

had been the only successful assaults on the bill before the Appropriations Committee stepped into its difficulty with R. E. A. These minor affairs were on language changes which would permit "needy" farmers to go on Works Progress Administration rolls in rural sections and which would permit WPA to institute "lime" distributing projects in rural areas. Representative Mark Wilcox, Democrat, of Florida, who was defeated for the Senatorial nomination in the recent Florida primary, made a stiff effort to strip WPA of all its opportunity to function as a political organization.

ganization.

The Wilcox amendment was rejected by a vote of 110 to 79 as was a similar attempt by Representative Bruce Barton, Republican of New York, whose amendment would have brought the WPA organization and its activities within the scope of the Federal corrupt practices Act, now enforced on political parties, their officials and their campaign contributions. The vote on the Barton amendment was 87 to 48.

Four amendments calculated to fix a WPA wage in one form or other were offered as Representative Clifton A. Woodrum, Democrat, of Virginia, in charge of the bill for the Roosevelt Administration, pleaded with the House to remember they were considering a "relief and recovery" bill, not the Wage-Hour measure.

One amendment to fix a WPA flat minimum of \$40 a month was defeated, 91 to 17; another to make it \$32.50, by a voice vote, and still another to

91 to 17; another to make it \$32.50, by a voice vote, and still another to permit differentials not in excess of 10% went down by a vote of 78 to 57.

permit differentials not in excess of 10% went down by a vote of 78 to 57.

Hearings on the President's program had since been held before a subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee, and on May 6 the subcommittee, in completing its draft of the bill, agreed to make appropriations for the recovery program direct to relief agencies instead of to the Chief Executive. In discussing the bill, a Washington dispatch of May 9 to the New York "Times" said:

Reports on the proposed legislation during the hearings of the Appropriations Committee indicated that attempts were to be made to curtail the President's control over the funds. The bill was so drawn, but today, after Chairman Taylor's return from a White House conference, the committee made alteration by inserting this phrase in pencil: "Subject to the approval of the President."

Administration opponents indicated tonight that they would make a fight on the floor for decentralization of relief spending and the curtailment of the President's control over the program. Representative Snell, minority leader, has summoned all Republicans of the House to meet with him tomorrow to study the bill and agree on the attitude to be taken on its provisions.

on its provisions.

Mr. Snell said tonight that the purpose of the meeting was chiefly to explain the program to members in preparation for the debate. He added that there would probably be no formal action by the meeting, but that decentralization of relief had long been a Republican policy and he expected the minority to be solidly for it.

The bill approved by the House subcommittee on May 6

provides (according to the Associated Press):

1. For the Works Progress Administration works-relief program: \$1,250.

1. For the Works Progress Administration Works-relief program, \$4,,500.000,000, to last until next Jan. 31.

2. For the Public Works Administration: \$750,000,000 for grants for locally sponsored projects, authority to lend \$250,000,000 to local sponsors and the right to use up to \$500,000,000 or more from the PWA revolving fund for loans having no connection with grants.

3. For the Farm Security Administration: \$175,000,000 for rehabilitation loans and grants to farmers.

4 For the National Youth Administration: \$75,000,000.

4. For the National Youth Administration: \$75,000,000

5. For post offices and other Federal buildings, a \$25,000,000 appropriation and an authorization for future appropriations of \$25,000,000.

In the May 9 advices to the "Times" it was stated:

The WPA appropriation allocates \$425,000,000 for highways, roads and streets; \$575,000,000 for public buildings, parks, public utilities, conservation, rural electric transmission lines, sewer systems, water supplies and like projects. The sum of \$250,000,000 is earmarked for education and other white-collar projects.

Woodrum Amendment Included

The bill embodies the Woodrum amendment, now in the law, to govern the spending of WPA funds. It would prorate the money to be spent on a month-by-month basis over the seven months ending Feb. 1, 1939. It also provides that any unexpended balances remaining at the end of the present

provides that any unexpensed balances remaining at the end of the present fiscal year continue to be available.

At this point in the measure the first insertion was made to provide for Presidential approval of all WPA expenditures.

The measure would extend the life of the WPA, the National Youth Administration, the Farm Security Administration, the National Resources Committee and the Prison Industries Reorganization Board until June 30, 1930 Committee and June 30, 1939.

June 30, 1939.

It also would liberalize the regulations for obtaining WPA jobs. Persons in "actual need," although not registered on the relief rolls, would have equal eligibility.

The framers sought to avoid competition with private industry by provisions that "no relief worker shall be eligible for employment on any project of the WPA who has refused to accept employment on any other Federal or non-Federal project at a wage rate comparable with or higher than the wage rate established for similar work of the WPA."

Wage Rate Regulated

Persons taking private jobs would be eligible to return to WPA work when private employment stopped. The measure also provides for the same rate of pay on WPA projects as is being paid for similar work in the locality.

Principal provisions of the bill were given as follows in United Press Washington advices of May 10:

In addition to jobs carried by the pending bill, the committee said, the Civilian Conservation Corps, which already has received its 1939 funds, will employ 300,000 youths, and the Federal program for public roads, parks, flood control and similar work will provide employment for another 500,000, making a grand total of 4,935,000 persons receiving Federal jobs in the next fiscal year aside from nearly 1,000,000 in the regular Federal service.

The committee gave a breakdown of the employment as follows:

Works Progress Administration	2,800,000
National Youth Administration	275,000
Federal Buildings	60,000
Public Works Administration	1,000,000
Total	4.135.000

The report showed that the public works program contemplates 7,000 to 7,500 projects at an average cost of \$240,000. The PWA at present has 2,700 project applications on file. New projects totaling from 4,800

The committee submitted an analysis of persons receiving relief showing that in March an unduplicated total of 20,100,000 persons were being aided from various government sources.

aided from various government sources.

This total compared with a peak in February, 1934, of 7,900,000 households, including 27,600,000 persons receiving relief, and low in September, 1937, of 4,800,000 households, including 14,000,000 persons.

The Appropriations Committee reported a joint resolution carrying a supplemental appropriation of \$2,500,000 to the Social Security Board for administration of State unemployment compensation in 1938.

It explained that the additional money was made necessary "due to the symmetry of State unemployment compensation in 1938. expansion of State programs at a greater rate than was anticipated at the time the budget for 1838 was made up." The amount already appro-priated is \$38,840,678. The committee added that the \$40,000,000 budgeted

for fiscal year 1939 probably would prove insufficient by \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000. for iscal year 1939 probably would prove insufficient by \$15,000,000 of \$20,000,000.

The House Rules Committee deferred until tomorrow a vote on a rule for consideration of the recovery bill. The action, however, does not interfere with the start of debate today, because a unanimous consent agreement permits general debate for 10 hours. The rule will be necessary before the bill can be read for amendments.

The first action of the House was to approve unanimously the \$2,500,000 appropriation for Social Security Board unemployment compensation.

Republican opponents indicated that they would concentrate their fight on the relief program, demanding that its administration be given over to the States. Representative John Taber, Republican of New York, ranking minority member of the deficiency subcommittee which drafted the bill, charged that waste is tremendous under the present system.

Under a previous unanimous consent agreement, general debate will be limited to 10 hours, but a rule covering amendments is necessary before the bill can be disposed of.

House leaders, who conferred yesterday with Mr. Roosevelt, hoped to speed the measure to the Senate, but it was not certain that the House would act this week.

act this week.

They plan to put the bill aside temporarily tomorrow so that the conference report on the \$5,330,000,000 1938 tax bill—approved yesterday by the Senate—can be considered.

by the Senate—can be considered.

The recovery bill appropriates lending and spending funds direct to the agencies which will handle them. This differs from the practice of previous years, when lump sum appropriations were made to the President for

allocation. The bill provides, however, that the spending agencies must obtain presidential approval for their projects.

Before the House Appropriations Subcommittee, on May 2, Mayor LaGuardia of New York proposed that it set up a permanent committee to study recovery plans during the summer and submit a bill next October for enactment at a special session if necessary. We quote from United Press accounts from Washington, on May 2, which also stated, in part: in part:

Pending outcome of such a study, however, Mayor LaGuardia indorsed President Roosevelt's current lending-spending program, on which the com-

gram and urged that it be so drafted as to provide jobs for 3,500,000 unemployed persons.

Mayor LaGuardia followed William Green, President of the American

Mayor LaGuardia followed William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, before the committee.

The Mayor told of the economic situation in New York and other cities. He said he told the committee that there should be a great deal of thinking about where the money is being spent so that when the program is over we will not be in the same plight as we are now.

Mayor LaGuardia, a former member of the House, said he was asked what he would engest.

Mayor LaGuardia, a former member of the House, said he was asked what he would suggest.

He recommended that the House set up a permanent recovery committee to number about 15 members, its personnel recruited from the senior members of the House Committees on Appropriations, Ways and Means, Judiciary, Labor, Agriculture, Interstate Commerce, and Banking.

He proposed that various bills for permanent recovery go to this committee and that it stay here all summer seeking to draft one bill which could be presented by October.

The Mayor said there must be a distinction between relief of the present emergency economic situation and a permanent recovery program.

The New York Mayor appeared at the final day's hearing on the recovery program after Mr. Green testified that unemployment has increased from

program after Mr. Green testified that unemployment has increased from 7,500,000 to 11,200,000 during the current depression, and that Mr. Roosevelt's program is necessary to meet the "serious" situation.

Republican members of the Appropriations Committee on May 11 filed a minority report or the bill, in which they charged that the program threatens National solvency. The report also said that the plan was inadequate for its It was summarized in the following United Press Washington advices of May 11:

Declaring the program "inadequate to meet the serious condition of the country," the report, filed by Representatives John Taber of New York, Robert L. Bacon of New York and Richard B. Wigglesworth of Massachusetts, demanded that the administration of relief be returned to the States. They recommended a congressional investigation of the WPA.

Their report charged that the program, which the President said would cost about \$4,512,000,000, in reality was "part of a broad program which involves a new draft of \$6,000,000,000 upon the Treasury of the United States."

The minority concluded their report with twelve recommendations and

e warning:
"Words are not sufficient; action is imperative now."
The three Republican members of the committee which drafted legislation for the administration's lending-spending program recommended:

- 1. That relief be administered by a bi-partisan board in Washington, with bi-partisan local administration, on the basis of Federal relief grants limited to 80% of each State's needs.
- 2. Elimination of title II of the pending bill which appropriates \$965,000,-
- 000 for the PWA.

 3. An amendment forbidding use of any WPA or PWA funds on projects competing with private business or enterprise if recommendations one and two are not incorporated.
- 4. Congressional investigation of administration of WPA and expenditure of relief funds—"especially in Pennsylvania and other States where charges of politics and flagrant misuse of funds have been made publicly."
- 5. Outright repeal of the undistributed profits tax and revision of "anti-quated Federal tax structure."
- 6. Elimination of tax exempt securities.
 7. Reduction at once of "unnecessary and burdensome" social security
- 8. Elimination of harassing restrictions and administration assaults on
- 9. Restrictions of Government competition with private enterprise
- 10. Revision of the national labor relations act to promote harmony "and not discord, as at present" between employees and employers.
- 11. Repeal at once of the Thomas greenback law.
 12. Elimination of waste and extravagance throughout the entire Federal Government to reduce expenditures and bring about a balanced budget.

Senate and House Approve Conference Report on Tax Revision Bill—Measure, Intended to Raise \$5,300,-000,000, Sent to President Roosevelt for Signature

The tax revision bill was sent to the White House for President Roosevelt's signature on May 11, after the House on that date, by a vote of 242 to 89, had approved the conference report on the measure. The conference report was adopted by the Senate May 9 without a record vote. The new revenue bill is designed to raise \$5,300,000,000 in taxes. The bill represents a compromise between the wishes of President Roosevelt and the group in Congress who believe that one of the most important means of recovery is to free President Roosevelt and the group in Congress who believe that one of the most important means of recovery is to free business and industry from harsh taxation and penalties. Passage of the bill by the House was described in the following Washington dispatch of May 11 to the Associated Press: "You are leaving in this bill," asserted Representative Allen T. Treadway, of Massachusetts, the ranking minority member of the Ways and Means Committee, "the seed of what may spring up again to injure business."

ness."
"We have done our dead level best," said Representative Carl Vinson, Democrat, of Kentucky, an Administration tax spokesman, "to bring to the House a bill that will be helpful to business."
The bill, re-enacting much of the existing law, is estimated to yield the revenues of \$5,000,000,000 annually. It exempts corporations with incomes of less than \$25,000 from the tax on undistributed profits. Corporations with income above that figure would pay an income tax of 16½%

if all profits were disbursed to stockholders and of 19% if all profits were retained. For a partial disbursement of profits the rate is graduated between the 16 and 19% figures.

By comparison, under the present law—upon which business has laid a major share of the blame for the present depression—all corporations pay a tax of 8 to 15% on their earnings, and an added impost of 7 to 27% on such portions of those earnings as are not converted into dividends. While the smaller corporations are exempted by the new law from the operations of the undistributed profits tax, they are required to pay a flat corporate income tax of 12½ to 16%, graduated in accordance with the extent of their profits.

corporate income tax of 12½ to 16%, graduated in accordance with the extent of their profits.

The new bill also drastically revised the tax on capital gains—which also has been blamed for depression ills. Instead of the present graduated tax on capital gains, it would impose the regular income tax rates upon gains from assets held no longer than 18 months. A flat 20% would be levied upon gains from assets held from 18 to 24 months and a 15% rate would be applied to gains from assets held longer than two years.

While the Senate struck out the undistributed profits tax in its entirety, the House had approved a bill retaining the remnant finally approved to a process of the senate strucks of the senate strucks of the senate strucks of the senate strucks of the remnant finally approved a bill retaining the remnant finally approved as the senate strucks of the senate strucks of the senate senate senate the senate se

While the Senate struck out the undistributed profits tax in its entirety, the House had approved a bill retaining the remnant finally approved today. A delicate conference situation developed between the two Houses, in which President Roosevelt intervened in defense of the principle of the tax. A compromise retaining the House view on the profits tax and the Senate attitude toward the capital gains levy was finally worked out. This, approved by the Senate on Monday, was brought before the House today.

The bill was referred to in the "Chronicle" of April 30, page 2779. A Washington dispatch of May 9 to the New York "Times" outlined the Senate's action in approving the conference report as follows:

the conference report as follows:

Senator Vandenberg read a statement, also signed by Senator Capper, which they issued nearly two weeks ago. Mr. Vandenberg said the compromise bill was a "long step toward restoration of tax sanity," but he criticized President Roosevelt for insisting that the principle of the un-

criticized President Roosevelt for insisting that the principle of the undistributed profits tax be retained.

Senator Connally asked if he had signed the conference report of his "own free will and accord."

"Yes, we signed it of our own free will and accord under the circumstances," Mr. Vandenberg replied.

Doughton to Analyze Changes

Representative Doughton, Chairman of the conferees, said tonight that he would spend tomorrow in preparation of a report showing the changes

wrought in the conference room.

House leaders believe the debate will consume no more than an hour and expect to send the measure to the White House by Thursday or Friday

The bill is the result of more than two weeks of bitter debate in con-

The bill is the result of more than two weeks of bitter debate in conference over two provisions, the undistributed profits tax principle and the capital gains levy.

The undistributed profits principle was retained in a modified form with a tax penalty of a maximum of 2½% for full retention. The bill provides, however, that this provision shall expire at the end of two years.

Borah Silent on Tax Exemption

In return for their concessions on the undistributed profits tax, the Senate conferees, led by Senator Harrison, insisted on changing the capital gains tax to a flat 20% on gains realized on property held bweteen 18 and 24 months and 15% on assets held longer than 24 months. The profits on assets realized within 18 months of their purchase would be taxed as

regular income.

The Borah amendment, at first accepted by the Finance Committee, providing for taxation of the income from future issues of Federal securities, was deleted. Mr. Borah had said that he would oppose the conference measure because of this elimination, but today offered no objection, stating that he would have something to say later on this subject.

The bill retains the added 25 cents a gallon tax on distilled spirits, a House amendment, and includes the House provision for publicity on incomes of \$75,000 annually and above. Present law provides publicity on incomes above \$15,000.

incomes above \$15,000.

From Washington advices May 11 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" we take the following:

"Journal of Commerce" we take the following:

The President would like to have seen the conference committee adopt the principle of the House bill on capital gains taxation, but he is believed to be reconciled to this defeat since he won out over the Senate in the matter of the undistributed profits tax principle.

As the bill goes to the White House complete exemption from the undistributed profits tax is granted to approximately 88% of the corporations—those with net incomes of \$25,000 or less. These corporations will be subject to a sliding tax scale of 12½% on the first \$5.00 of income, 14% on the next \$15,000 and 16½% on the last \$5,000.

Corporations with incomes in excess of \$25,000 will be subject to an undistributed profits tax of from 16½% to 19% on their net incomes, depending upon the amount of income disbursed. Under the bill this tax would expire, however, at the close of 1939.

however, at the close of 1939.

Treatment of Banks

Banks, insurance companies, corporations in receivership and corporations coming out of bankruptcy would pay at lattax of $16\frac{1}{2}\%$. All corporations will be permitted to make a new declaration of their capital stock value on June 30 of this year and every three years thereafter.

Numerous changes are made in excise provisions, the most important being the increase of 25c a gallon in the present \$2 per gallon tax on distilled spirits. Another change in present law is complete elimination of the 3c per \$100 of commodities futures transactions. To aid home construction the bill will permit free entry of Northern white pine, Norway pine and Western white spruce. and Western white spruce.

Resignation of Representative Vinson

Before adopting the conference report and sending the bill to the White House, members of the Ways and Means Committee paid high tribute to Representative Vinson (Dem. Ky.) for his work on the bill. Mr. Vinson is expected to resign from the House within a few days, now that the tax bill has been disposed of, to accept his appointment to District of Columbia Court of Appeals. Court of Appeals.

Republicans Voice Criticism

In the debate on the report Republicans critized retention of the un-

In the debate on the report Republicans critized retention of the undistributed profits tax principle, warning that the House was leaving in the law "the seed that may spring up again to injure business."

Representative Crowther (Rep., N. Y.) called for simplification of the tax laws and expressed hope that further study of the structure would be made next session with this end in view. Representative Jenkins (Rep., Ohio) said that public sentiment was against the tax and appealed to the Republicans to "stand together against this nefarious principle of texation". taxation.

House Banking Committee Approves Bill Providing for Loans to Railroads Through RFC—Provisions Affecting Reorganizations Opposed

Affecting Reorganizations Opposed

On May 11 the House Banking and Currency Committee approved the bill authorizing the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to make loans to railroads for equipment and maintenance. In our issue of a week ago, page 2943, we indicated that the Senate Banking and Currency Committee had favorably reported a similar bill. Associated Press advices from Washington on May 11 said that the principal change made in the bill approved by the Senate Committee would allow the RFC to determine what portion of the loans should be used for re-employment of furloughed or part-time workers and what part for equipment purchases. Originally the bill said 75% should be used for re-employment and 25% for equipment. The same advices said:

The [House] Committee also inserted a provision that workers put back on the payroll shall be hired at wage rates and working conditions covered by agreements between employees and carriers prevailing at the time the

In advices from its Washington bureau May 12 the "Wall Street Journal," said:

Legislation to allow RFC railroad loans on more liberal terms neared passage in Congress yesterday with the prospect that it will retain the rider which would allow the RFC to sell collateral of a railroad in reorganization

under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act.

Senate consideration of the measure is expected today in view of the return of Senator Wagner, who is sponsoring the bill in the Senate.

The bill is a product of the White House rail conference and subsequent meetings of Administration officers and rail leaders and has Administration

The rider was kept by the House Committee over the objections of representatives of bondholders' committees and banks that it would upset reorganization plans of railroads who borrowed from the RFC before they

reorganization plans of railroads who borrowed from the RFC before they went into bankruptcy.

The potent argument offered by the RFC for the provision was that it would be reluctant to make railroad loans unless this protection was provided, RFC officials said. The effect of the rider, it was explained to the Committee, would be to prevent any bankruptcy court from enjoining sale of collateral while the road was under its supervision.

The bill as approved by the Senate and House Committees sets no maximum limit on the amount of loans which may be made. The money available for railroads under the bill would come from the recent authorization of \$1.500,000,000 RFC money for loans to businesses, but the proportion of that sum which would go to the carriers would be determined by the RFC. the RFC

The liberalizing provisions of the measure would allow loans to railroads, receivers or trustees for financing, reorganization, consolidation, maintenance or construction without certification by the Interstate Commerce Commission that the roads are not in need of reorganization.

The ICC would have to find only that prospective earning power of the roads together with the character and value of the security offered give assurance of repayment. The relaxed requirement on such loans would last until June 30, 1939.

Testimony to the effect that the legislation would tend to injure rather than aid railroads in difficulties was offered before the House Banking Committee on May 9, according to advices May 9 from Washington to the New York "Times" from which we also take the following:

The two who testified, Elihu Root Jr., representing a security holders committee of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, and Marcus Bell, general counsel of the railroad, based their objection on the closing paragraphs of the proposed amendment. These would have the effect, they said, of exempting the RFC from court orders impounding the collateral held by creditors of the railroad going through reorganization proceedings

Mr. Root objected particularly to the application of this provision to loans made by the RFC "heretofore."

RFC Made Preferred Creditor

"The question here is whether the RFC should be singled out from among all the other creditors to have preferred treatment." Mr. Root said.

"The question appears to me to be this," interjected Chairman Steagall, "whether or not the RFC, which is acting only in the public interet, using taxpayers' money for its loans, should be subjected to an injunction impounding the collateral it holds if it should want to protect itself and the taxpayers against loss by selling this collateral."

Mr. Root said the theory behind the bankruptcy law, for the purpose of aiding in reorganizations and preventing a rush of holders of liens to realize what they could in a mad scramble, was to bring about a suspension of liens and not a foreclosing. The provision in the amendment, he declared, had the effect of changing the bankruptcy act. had the effect of changing the bankruptcy act.

Would Delay Reorganizations

Would Delay Reorganizations

"Its enactment would have the effect of delaying reorganizations and postponing their good effect," he said. Arguing that the United States Government as a lending agency could well afford to take the same risks that other lending agencies take, he said:

"The country is so strong that it can afford to be merciful and not jeopardize the holdings of other security holders."

Representative McKeough interrupted at this point and asked the witness if he was one of those who still considered the national credit good.

"Its credit is perfectly good," answered the witness. "It is not in any way impaired."

On May 6 Chairman Jesse Jones of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation indicated that railroads might put 25,000 to 40,000 men back to work under the RFC maintenance and equipment loans.

Bill Removing \$25,000,000 Limitation on Amount of Government Bonds Issued Under Second Liberty Loan Act Reported by House Committee—State-ment by Secretary Morgenthau

A bill removing the restrictions on the amount of bonds which the Treasury may issue under the Second Liberty Loan Act was favorably reported to the House on May 6 by the House Ways and Means Committee. The action it is stated was taken after a closed hearing of the Committee,

at which Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. testified. United Press advices from Washington May 6 said:

Existing law limits to \$25,000,000,000 the amount of bonds that may be outstanding at any one time and restricts the aggregate of outstanding notes, certificates of indebtedness and bills to \$20,000,000,000.

The bill would merely eliminate the restriction of bonds, fixing at \$45,000,000,000 the total amount that may be outstanding in both

Following the meeting Secretary Morgenthau issued a statement which said:

The total combined amounts that may be issued under the two limita-tions are, I believe, sufficient for the present but the division as between bonds and notes, certificates of indebtedness and Treasury bills should be adjusted in order to give the Treasury more latitude as to the kind of securities it can issue.

securities it can issue.

In the months of June, September, and December, 1938, the Treasury has maturities of Treasury notes aggregating more than \$1,600,000,000 face amount and it will probably be necessary during this period to raise additional cash between \$500,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000 making the total financing during the next eight months' period, exclusive of Treasury bill operations, of more than \$2,600,000,000.

It may be highly desirable, from the standpoint of the public debt program and the Government security market, for the Treasury to meet the maturing notes and to raise whatever additional cash is necessary, or a major portion thereof, through the issuance of additional Treasury bonds, rather than through the issuance of Treasury notes.

After reserving \$248,000,000 to meet the estimated additional issues of United States savings bonds during this period, only \$1,450,000,000 would be available for further bond issues under the present limitation. This might not be sufficient to meet the Treasury requirements in connection with the maturing notes aggregating more than \$1,600,000,000.

I should like to emphasize that we are not asking for an increase in the total limitation on the aggregate of the public debt obligations which may be outstanding at any one time under authority of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, but we are asking only for a consolidation of the present limitations on the two classes of securities mentioned in that act so as to give the Treasury greater flexibility in its financing operations. In the months of June, September, and December, 1938, the Treasury

so as to give the Treasury greater flexibility in its financing operations.

From advices from Washington May 6 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" we take the following:

"Journal of Commerce" we take the following:

The bill introduced late yesterday by Chairman Robert L. Doughton (Dem., N. C.) at the request of the Secretary, amends the present authority of the department to issue bonds by removing the restriction that not more than \$25,000,000,000 of bonds might be outstanding at any time. In addition to this limitation the law prohibits the Department from having more than \$20,000,000,000 of short term securities outstanding.

Figures submitted to the Committee showed that the Treasury was within \$1,698,033,944 of the limit of the law on maximum amount of bonds that may be outstanding and within \$6,169,990,950 of the \$20,000,000,000 limitation on notes, certificates of indebtedness and Treasury bills. Bonds outstanding as of April 30 consisted of \$20,927,252,250 of Treasury bonds \$1,546,000,000 (maturity value) of United States savings bonds and \$828,713,806 of veterans' adjusted service bonds. Outstanding short term securities consisted of \$11,309,276,050 of Treasury notes, \$767,455,000 of certificates of indebtedness and \$1,753,268,000 of Treasury bills.

Under a recapitulation it shows that of the total limit of \$45,000,000,000 of bonds and short term securities that may be outstanding at any time under the provisions of the Second Liberty Bond Act that is proposed to be amended by the present legislation, a total of \$37,131,975,106 has been issued, leaving a leeway in financing operations of but \$7,868,024,894.

Senate Committee Tables Nye Resolution to Repeal Arms Embargo—Would Have Amended Neutrality Act to Permit Export of Arms to Spain—Secretary Hull Opposed Amendment

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee by a vote of 17 to 1 yesterday (May 13) tabled the resolution of Senator Nye to repeal the embargo on United States shipment of arms of the Spanish Government. The Committee acted after Secretary Hull opposed action at this time. Associated Press advices from Washington yesterday added:

Secretary Hull told the Committee in a communication that "from the standpoint of the best interests of the United States in the circumstances which now prevail, I would not feel justified in recommending affirmative

which now prevail, I would not reer justified in recommending arministration action on the resolution under consideration."

Reconsideration of the present neutrality legislation, Secretary Hull said, should be delayed until effects of the law can be viewed in its broader aspects "rather than to rewrite it piecemeal in relation to a particular situation."

Congressional leaders predicted this week that no changes would be made during this session in neutrality legislation and that President Roosevelt would not urge such action, despite the introduction of a resolution by Senator Nye of North Dakota, one of the original authors of the legislation, to repeal the application of the measure to civil wars and thus lift the general embargo on ship-ments of arms to Spain. It was unofficially reported that the President did not wish a change in the law at this time. In discussing probable congressional action, a Washington dispatch to the New York "Herald Tribune" of May 9 said:

dispatch to the New York "Herald Tribune" of May 9 said:
Thus, pressure from individuals and organizations demanding a lifting
of the embargo on arms shipments to Spain will come to naught for the
time being. The activity of these individuals, who have wanted to help
the Spanish loyalists or, as they put it, to counteract German and Italian
aid to the rebels, resulted in a series of mistaken reports that the Roosevelt Administration and congressional leaders were all set for repealing
results lifts provisions.

neutrality provisions.

After seeing the President at the White House today, Representative Sam Rayburn, majority floor leader of the House, declared that the Neutrality Act had been discussed incidentally, and that speaking for himself he could say: "I am against monkeying with the neutrality laws at this time." Putting it in a little stronger terms, later, he added: "The House is not going to make any change in the neutrality legislation this session."

Whether they so informed it.

this session."

Whether they so informed the President or not is unknown, but Speaker William B. Bankhead of the House and Mr. Rayburn could also have told the President that the House Foreign Affairs Committee would have nothing to do with lifting the embargo. Notice to this effect has been

served on the House leaders by the committee. Today, Representative Sam D. McReynolds, committee chairman, said: "The House committee has no idea of reporting out any neutrality bill or repeal of any neutrality law this session. If a bill of that kind should come before the House, I know it would meet with most stubborn opposition."

Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, who conferred with Mr. Roosevelt soon after his return, was described as drafting a message to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee which would give no strong impetus in that body for adoption of the pending Nye resolution to end the Spanish embargo by changing the neutrality law.

Senator Key Pittman, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said his group would probably act whichever way the Administration advised.

Senator Nye's viewpoint was explained in the following Washington dispatch of May 8 to the "Herald Tribune":

Senator Nye has offered a resolution which would repeal the application of the neutrality legislation to civil wars and thus lift the general embargo on arms to Spain. Sympathizers of the loyalists, to whom a new arms supply might be open, have been agitating with increasing pressure for this result. result

this result.

Senator Nye said today, in an interview: "I wish somehow I could get across the idea that I have no intent whatsoever to repeal or alter the neutrality policy except as it may relate to civil strife. As to that, there ought to be an elimination from the law. But as to the main body of the neutrality legislation I would confine any change to a move toward in the law. eliminating discretion.'

Secretary of State Hull, in analyzing United States exports of arms and ammunition, on May 7, sought to show they were a negligible factor in German rearmament. A Washington dispatch of May 7 to the New York "Times"

Quoted the Secretary:

Careful observation by the Munitions Control Board has shown that none of the shipments to Germany has been transshipped to Spain, against which the United States has laid down a neutrality embargo, although airplanes have been reshipped from Germany to South Africa and other

At the same time it was revealed that a few months ago the United States refused to issue an export license to a French company for 20 American planes, having become convinced that the planes were intended for Spain. France is a member of the Non-Intervention Committee, but there was nothing officially to show that the French Government was a party to the plan.

Mr. Hull defended the record of the United States with reference to

disarmament at the press conference, which was a continuation of the one held yesterday, when questions were asked concerning neutrality and other foreign policies.

foreign policies.

Secretary Hull again denied that the United States had been "conniving" with the German Government to help it violate treaties and help

trearm.

United States exports of war materials to Germany for the year ending Nov. 30, 1936, he said, were valued at \$502,587.20. Of that amount, he added, \$391,000 was for engines "for commercial airplanes, most of which were sold to different countries by Germany after they were put in commercial planes, and \$92,000 of it comprised propellers."

"The result," Mr. Hull declared, "was there was about \$4,000 or \$5,000 of strictly military supplies that went into Germany, and much of that was sporting rifles and revolvers."

During the year ending Nov. 30, 1937, the Germans bought \$1,042,000 worth of war materials, of which \$856,000 was for engines for commercial airplanes and \$181,000 for propellers for the commercial planes. That left less than \$10,000 for other items, and the latter went to individuals, not the German Government.

not the German Government.

\$103 in Exports in January

"In December, 1937, the United States licensed \$70,000 worth of munitions to Germany, all for engines and propellers for commercial airplanes," Mr. Hull declared. "In January, 1938, we licensed for export to Germany \$103.

"This is our aid to that feverish armament of a great nation of 65,000,000 people that is arresting the attention of everybody here to the exclusion of everything else. Then for February we licensed for export

exclusion of everything else. Then for February we licensed for export to Germany \$4,757.35.

"We seem to be getting armed almost to the teeth by this time. Then in March we licensed for export to Germany \$14,780."

Mr. Hull commented that "there is still evidence about our ulterior purposes here," and then he added:

"For April licenses for exports to Germany of this character—not one single penny."

single penny.

single penny."

Official information obtained, Mr. Hull said, is that "a large portion of the commercial airplanes sent to Germany, after being equipped with engines and propellers, went to South Africa, away from the war zone entirely."

The British Government on May 11 denied in the House of Commons that it was seeking to persuade the United States to continue the embargo on shipment of arms to Spain. A London dispatch of May 11 to the "Times" said:

Spain. A London dispatch of May 11 to the "Times" said:
Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain denied in the House of Commons
today that the British Government was trying to prevent the United
States from lifting its embargo on arms to Spain.
Asked for information on the resolution of Senator Gerald P. Nye of
North Dakota that would lift the ban on such shipments, Mr. Chamberlain
pointed out that they were now prohibited under a joint resolution of
Congress and declared that it was impossible to say what further action

Congress and declared that it was impossible to say what further action the United States would take.

Arthur Henderson, Laborite, asked whether it was a fact that popular feeling in the United States considered the arms embargo "a gross betrayal of Spanish democracy," and at the same time Geoffrey Mander, Liberal, asked: "Is there foundation for the belief that the British Government is trying to discourage the American Government from taking action?"

"No foundation at all," Mr. Chamberlain replied, and the discussion

United States Appeals Court Rebukes NLRB in Denying Enforcement Order—Says Board Tends "to Promote Discord Among Employers and Employees'

The Sixth United States Circuit Court of Appeals at Covington, Ky., on May 10 denied a petition by the National Labor Relations Board for an enforcement order against

Thompson Products Co. of Cleveland, for an alleged violation of the Wagner National Labor Relations Act. The Court ruled that the NLRB order "tends to destroy the purpose of the Labor Relations Act and to promote discord among employers and employees, instead of harmonious and joint discussion of their difficulties." The opinion, written by Judge Elwood Hamilton, said the Board's findings were "not sustained by substantial evidence," and remarked that the company would have been justified in discharging three men "had there been no effort to organize employees in a union." Further comments on the ruling were given in the following Associated Press advices of May 10 from Covington: ington:

Judge C. C. Simons concurred, although Judge Florence E. Allen dis-

sented in part to observe that two of the workers were discharged "because of union membership and activities."

The Board last August directed the company to reinstate three employees and cease purported opposition to the United Automobile Workers of America, a C. I. O. affiliate.

America, a C. I. O. affiliate.

The Board's brief had "mingled statements of witnesses and expressions of opinion," Judge Hamilton wrote, adding:

There should be a cleancut statement of the ultimate facts without the reasoning by which the Board arrived at its findings.

The Board's finding tends to promote discord among employers and employees instead of harmonious and joint discussion of their difficulties.

The court's action was the second reversal suffered by the NLRB in two days. Yesterday, the tribunal amended a previous order and thus blocked efforts of the Board to withdraw its record in the Ford Motor Co. case, in which it ordered reinstatement of 29 workers in Michigan plants.

The Ford case is referred to elsewhere in this issue today.

Banks and Their Employees Held to Be Within Jurisdiction of New York State Labor Relations Act—Ruling Given by State Supreme Court in Action by Bank of Yorktown in New York City to Enjoin Labor Board from Conducting Employee Election— Views of State Banking Superintendent

In the New York Supreme Court, on May 6, Justice Thomas F. Noonan denied an application by the Bank of Yorktown, in New York City, for an injunction to restrain the New York State Labor Board from conducting an election among the bank's employees. The effect of the action of Justice Noonan is to hold banks and banking employees to be within the invicilities of the revisions of the November 1985. to be within the jurisdiction of the provisions of the New York State Labor Relations Act. In the New York "Post" of May 6 it was stated:

The bank has maintained that since it is a depository of government funds it is a governmental agency and thus exempt from the provisions of the Labor Relations Δct .

Appeal to Be Taken

The bank also contended that the Labor Act was unconstitutional; that it did not apply to white-collar workers, and that banks are under the exclusive supervision of the State Superintendent of Banking.

"There is nothing in the statute which precludes its application to banking institutions or banking employees," Justice Noonan declared.

Richard Mackey, counsel for the Bank of Yorktown, said an appeal would be taken.

would be taken.

Burton A. Zorn, counsel for the Board, on the other hand, welcomed the ruling as upholding the wide powers of the Board.

The bank's petition had sought to block an election to determine whether the employees wished to be represented by the United Office and Professional Workers, Committee for Industrial Organization. Mr. Zorn said the election would now proceed.

The issue had been pending since last October, when the C. I. O. affiliate referred to indicated that it planned to go before the Labor Relations Board to secure official certification as bargaining agent for the bank's employees. At that time it was stated in the "Wall Street Journal" of Oct. 26 that this brought into the open for the first time the campaign of the union to organize bank and brokerage employees. Mrs. Elinore M. Herrick, regional director of the National Labor Relations Passed in the Samuel Labor Relations Passed in the Samuel Rel the National Labor Relations Board, informed the Financial Workers Organizing Committee on Nov. 6 that "there seems to be nothing in the National Labor Relations Act which denies to bank employees the same rights accorded to other employees. In stating this, the New York "Times" of Nav. 7 added.

Nov. 7 added:

Mrs. Herrick's letter was made public by Richard Lewis, Chairman of the committee, a subdivision of the United Office and Professional Workers of America, C. I. O., who had asked for an opinion on the organizational rights of bank workers.

Later the same month it was indicated in the New York "Herald Tribune" that on Nov. 19 William R. White, State Superintendent of Banking, sent the following letter to Mr. Lewis:

Dear Mr. Lewis:

This will acknowledge your letter of Nov. 11, asking for information concerning the right of State and National bank employees to bargain collectively and to strike, and requesting this department to advise you if there is any law or precedent which would deny to bank employees the rights accorded other employees under the State and Federal Labor Rela-

The banking law of this State, the only law which this department is authorized to administer, contains no provision relative to the question which you have submitted, nor are we aware of any precedent having a

bearing upon your inquiry.

In view of the nature of the question which you have raised, we suggest that you may wish to inquire of the National Labor Relations Board concerning the right of employees of National banks to bargain collectively and to strike, and of the State Labor Relations Board concerning the right of employees of State banking institutions.

At a hearing in the case, on Feb. 8, when Supreme Court Justice Noonan had reserved decision, Richard Mackey, of

Mackey & Herlick, counsel for the bank, argued that the Board had no jurisdiction over the bank in as much as the statute does not apply to financial institutions. He con-tended that employees of a bank were not industrial labor-ers, that the Superintendent of Banks is expressly charged with the supervision of banks, and that the bank is a semi-governmental institution as it is a member of the Federal Reserve System and Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-tion. In reporting this, the New York "Herald Tribune" of

Feb. 9 added, in part:

"The question," Mr. Mackey said, "is whether financial institutions are to be invaded by the C. I. O. and other labor unions. The Bank of Yorktown is a small bank with only 44 employees, clearly not laborers, and the C. I. O. wants this bank to submit to collective bargaining." He

and the C. I. O. wants this bank to submit to collective bargaining." He added that a strike might start a run on the bank.

Burton A. Zorn, counsel for the State Labor Relations Board, said that on Justice Noonan's decision depends whether 50% of the workers in the country, known as white-collar employees, are included within the provisions of the Labor Relations Acts, national and State.

In its May 6 issue, commenting on Justice Noonan's ruling

of that day, the New York "World-Telegram" said:

The ruling is expected to have an important bearing on the dispute between the Insurance Agents' Union and the C. I. O. and the life insurance

companies.

Yesterday the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. declined to bargain with the union or to recognize an election won by it under the State Labor

the union or to recognize an election won by it under the State Labor Board's auspices.

The company claims the Board has no jurisdiction over insurance companies, since they are subject by the State Insurance Department. . . . Meanwhile the Insurance Agents' Union filed a complaint with the Board this morning, charging refusal to bargain to the Metropolitan.

The complaint was based on a letter received yesterday from Charles G. Taylor, Second Vice-President of Metropolitan, declining to bargain with the C. I. O. union.

In it Mr. Taylor said the Board had illegally "assumed jurisdiction" ever the insurance company and an appeal would be taken as soon as possible. The letter also attacked the Act, as well as the Board, as being discriminatory against employers.

Illinois Court Holds Sit-Down Strike Illegal-Appellate Tribunal in Fansteel Case Unanimously Rules That Wagner Act Will Not Aid Violators of State

The sit-down strike is illegal and the Wagner Labor Relations Act will not protect strikers who violate State laws, it was held on May 10 by a unanimous decision of the Second Illinois Appellate Court at Ottawa, Ill. The tribunal sustained the Lake County Circuit Court in imposing fires sustained the Lake County Circuit Court in imposing lines and imprisonment upon two organizers for the Committee for Industrial Organization and on 37 sit-down strikers in 1937, for refusing to leave the plant of the Fansteel Metallurgical Corp. at North Chicago until police drove them out with tear-gas bombs. United Press advices of May 10 from Ottawa, Ill., quoted from the Appellate Court decision as follows: follows:

"The seizure and detention of property was illegal," the Court asserted in a strongly worded opinion. The judges concurred in the lower court's opinion that refusal of the strikers to evacuate the Fansteel works in compliance with an injunction was contempt of court.

The Wagner Act takes no precedence over a State court of equity in a labor dispute, the Appellate Court held.

The strikers and organizers were arrested by the Lake County Sheriff 13 months ago for refusing to heed an injunction to surrender the plant of the Fansteel corporation.

the Fansteel corporation.

The plant had been closed by Illinois's first sit-down strike which ended when police and Sheriff's deputies, employing a wooden "battle tower" mounted on a truck, fired hundreds of tear gas projectiles into the plant and drove the strikers off.

and drove the strikers off.

The Lake County Circuit Court convicted those arrested and sentenced them to pay fines and serve jail terms for contempt. In upholding the fines and sentences, the Appellate Court asserted:

"There is nothing in the Wagner Act which deals with the subject of violence or any illegal acts comm tted by employees in the course of industrial disputes and in our opi ion Congress did not by enactment of the Wagner Act deprive the States of police powers to protect property rights or punish illegal acts committed in the course of labor disputes.

"Because an employer refuses to bargain with its employees collectively does not justify those employees in their conduct of a strike in seizing the factory of their employer and, without authority of any kind, evict their foreman, barricade the doors, deny the rightful owner admission to his own property and defy those whom they know to be officers charged by law to carry out the orders and decrees of a court."

Ford Motor Co. Resists Efforts of NLRB to Withdraw Order Against Company and Avoid Court Case— NLRB Also Attempts to Vacate Orders in Cases Affecting Inland Steel and Republic Steel—Court Permits NLRB to Withdraw Douglas Aircraft Co. Order

Order

The Ford Motor Co. on May 9 obtained an order from the Sixth United States Circuit Court of Appeals, at Covington, Ky., directing that the National Labor Relations Board's record of its case against the company be made a part of the company's suit to set aside the order of the NLRB of Dec. 22 last. Previously, on May 5, the Court granted the Board's request to withdraw the record, but the May 9 order amended that ruling. As a consequence, the NLRB on May 11 abandoned its efforts to rescind its order, which directed reinstatement of 29 workers in Ford's Michigan plants who were discharged for asserted union activity, and asked the Court to hear, in June, the suit brought by the company. the company.

Press dispatches of May 11 quoted Philip H. Phillips, Regional Director of the NLRB, as saying:

We are confident that our procedure in this case was valid and legal. We would like to see its validity tested as quickly as possible. We have no desire to avoid a determination of this matter.

Events leading up to the above situation were, briefly, as follows: The Ford Motor Co. on April 28 filed an affias follows: The Ford Motor Co. on April 28 filed an affi-davit in the Circuit Court of Appeals at Covington, Ky., charging that the NLRB was "improperly influenced by extraneous considerations, political and otherwise," in arriv-ing at the findings contained in its order against the com-pany last December. It was contended by counsel for the company that the company had not had a full, fair and open hearing, an argument which influenced the United States Supreme Court to set aside commission rates authorized by Supreme Court to set aside commission rates authorized by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace for market agencies in the Kansas City Stockyards in a ruling handed down on April 25. (See April 30 issue of the "Chronicle," page 2780.)

Associated Press dispatches of April 28 from Covington

said:

The affidavit, prepared by Frederick H. Wood of New York, company counsel, sought continuance of a hearing scheduled for May 9 to permit the taking of depositions from 32 officers and attaches of the NLRB, including Chairman Madden. Mr. Wood petitioned that the hearing on the Ford Co.'s contest of the order be delayed until the June session.

Citing 11 reasons why, in his opinion, the court should permit the taking of depositions, Mr. Wood contended that "neither the Board nor any member thereof, heard, was quickly wasted or a purposite the

any member thereof heard, read or judiciously weighed or appraised the evidence in the proceedings before the Bord," which in January denied a rehearing of the case, based on the discharge of 29 workers for alleged

union activity.

Neither the Board's "findings, decision nor the order of the Board were actually made by the Board," Mr. Wood set forth, "but were made by its subordinates."

"The respondent was not accorded a reasonable opportunity to except, object or argue to the findings," he added.

The company submitted to the court a list of questions and asked that the different members of the NLRB be required to give answers to them under oath. The company also requested the court to permit it to determine whether the NLRB had consulted various individuals, including Thomas Corcoran, Benjamin V. Cohen and John L. Lewis, before rendering its order in the Ford case.

On May 2 the NLRB asked the court to permit it to withdraw its order against the Ford Co., asserting through Chairman Madden that it was motivated by a desire to be cnairman Madden that it was motivated by a desire to be consistent with the Supreme Court decision in the Wallace case mentioned above. It was indicated that a new hearing would be called if the motion was granted. A petition opposing the Board's request was filed by the company, counsel for the company remarking that the Board was "prompted by a desire to patch up its record if it can and also to avoid judicial inquiry into the manner in which it proceeded in this case."

That the Board intended to seek to withdraw orders in

That the Board intended to seek to withdraw orders in other cases also was indicated by Chairman Madden of the

other cases also was indicated by Chairman Madden of the NLRB, according to a Washington dispatch of May 2 to the New York "Times," which said:

J. Warren Madden, Chairman of the NLRB, announced today that the Board would reexamine certain cases in which it may be alleged that employers did not have fair hearings, in order to eliminate unnecessary legal controversies before the cases are refiled for final court decisions.

The Board's action, according to Mr. Madden, was not taken as a matter of legal requirement but so that it may be consistent with the Supreme Court ruling in the case of Morgan vs. United States decided last week. The court held that in the Morgan case Secretary Wallace had not personally reviewed the dispute but had accepted the findings of one not personally reviewed the dispute but had accepted the findings of one of his bureaus.

of his bureaus.

Acting upon the Board's decision, as announced by Chairman Madden, a petition was filed in the Circuit Court of Appeals in Covington, Ky., asking leave to withdraw the request for enforcement of the court's order against the Ford Motor Co.

Similar action will be taken in the Republic Steel Co. case and possibly several others, including the H. J. Heinz Co. In these cases the Board simplified its procedure and skipped over the stage at which the trial examiner would make an interim report and serve copies on the interested parties

However, Republic Steel Corp. forestalled action by the Board when, according to a dispatch of May 3 from Philadelphia to the "Times," the corporation, in an unheralded move, obtained from the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals at Philadelphia an order restraining the Board from "taking any steps or proceedings whatsoever" before May 13 in its case against the corporation. The "Times" advices case against the corporation. added:

With the restraining order the court, through Judge Joseph Buffington, issued a rule requiring the Labor Board to show cause why it should not certify to the court the entire record of its case against Republic.

This means, court observers pointed out, that pending argument on the rule, 10 days hence, the NLRB cannot even withdraw its order against the corporation preparatory to reopening the case under a modified procedure. The immediate effect, according to some observers, would be to halt the Board in any steps that it might have considered to "patch up" the record.

The Board on April 8, as a result of testimony given before one of its examiners, directed that the corporation reemploy immediately 5,000 workers who engaged in last summer's "little steel" strike and that, upon their application, it give them back pay from April 8, the date of the order, less other earnings.

The Board's April ruling was referred to in our issue of April 16, page 2472.

April 16, page 2472.

According to the "Wall Street Journal" of May 10, three judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on May 9 reserved decision on the petition of the NLRB to vacate a restraining order so that the Board can reopen its case against the Republic Steel Corp., declining, however, a request by the Board's counsel for an immediate

ruling so that the case could go to the United States Su-

runing so that the case count go to preme Court.

The NLRB on May 9 notified Inland Steel Co. of its intention to withdraw its order in case against that company which was issued April 5, mention of which appeared in these columns April 16, page 2472. The May 9 action of the Board followed the filing of suit by Inland on May 4 in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago asking that the order of the Board be set aside. As a result, the court on May 6 ordered the NLRB to file with it a record of the Inland Steel Co. proceedings. Advices from the Chicago bureau of the "Wall Street Journal" of May 10 contained the following:

Contained the following:

The NLRB has served notice upon attorneys for Inland Steel Co. that unless sufficient cause to the contrary is shown it will vacate and set aside its finding and order in the company's case made on April 5, 1938. Withdrawal of the order, in which the Inland Steel was told to bargain with the Steel Workers Organizing Committee and come to a definite understanding in a written agreement, was made for the purpose of further proceedings before the Board to try the case on its merits. Fearing that the precedent set in Kansas stockyards' case decision handed down by the United States Supreme Court would throw doubt on the procedure in the Inland case, the NLRB is reversing its stand permitting the trial examiner to submit another report.

The Board is taking this procedure under Section 10-D, which permits it.

to submit another report.

The Board is taking this procedure under Section 10-D, which permits it, upon reasonable notice, to modify or set aside in whole or in part any finding or order made or issued by it.

On May 4 Inland Steel filed a petition to set aside the Board order charging that the trial examiner was prejudiced against the company and limited the company's cross-examination of the Board's witnesses. The company also claimed it should not be forced to sign a contract with the SWOC because it is not a labor organization, under Section 2-5 of the Labor Act and therefore, incapable of representing the employees.

In the case of Douglas Aircraft Co. the NLRR's efforts to

In the case of Douglas Aircraft Co., the NLRB's efforts to In the case of Douglas Aircraft Co., the NLRB's efforts to withdraw its orders met with a greater degree of success. The action in this instance came before the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in San Francisco, which on May 11, in an oral decision, overruled application of the company to obstruct withdrawal and granted the Board the right to cancel its order of April 21, which found the company guilty of violating the Wagner Act and ordered it to reinstate, with back pay, 45 C. I. O. sitdown strikers. This gives the Board the opportunity of reopening the case and correcting possible procedural defects.

It is said that this case differed from that of the Ford Motor

It is said that this case differed from that of the Ford Motor Co. in that no transcript of the record of the Douglas case had been filed in a Circuit Court. It appears that the Wagner Act empowers the NLRB to withdraw or make changes in its orders until such time as the record has been so filed.

Secretary of State Hull Restates U. S. Policy Toward Territory Acquired by Force—Remarks Respecting Attitude Toward Italy's Conquest of Ethiopia

Secretary of State Hull said on May 12 that the United States has not changed its policy of refusing to recognize territory acquired by force in violation of existing treaties. His remarks were reported as follows in United Press Washington advices of May 12:

The restatement of American policy in this connection was presented by

Ington advices of May 12:

The restatement of American policy in this connection was presented by Mr. Hull in response to press conference questions as to whether any change of National policy was contemplated in view of the debate in the League of Nations' Council today over recognition of Italy's conquest of Ethiopia.

The Secretary said the United States has not deviated and that this Government does not intend to deviate from the basic principles governing international relations laid down by him in a public statement last July 16.

This statement of principles, of which the non-recognition of territory gained by force was a keystone, was sent to every Government in the world through diplomatic channels.

An overwhelming majority of the world governments advised the United States that they subscribed wholeheartedly to these principles. Japan, Italy, Germany and Portugal entered reservations.

Asked whether there was prospect of a change in the American non-recognition policy, in view of an apparently impending recession from that position by the League of Nations concerning Ethiopia, Mr. Hull said:

"There is nothing new to be said in that connection. Our policy remains absolutely unchanged. I may add that on July 16 of last year I gave an outline of the basic and fundamental principles deemed necessary for maintaining any satisfactory structure of international order and normal and peaceful relations between nations. We have not deviated and we do not intend to deviate from any of those principles or policies.

"The President's comment on the recent British-Italian conversations was not intended to affect or alter in any way our general position with regard to any of these principles."

Budget Director Bell Estimates That Spendings Under Administration's Recovery Appropriation Bill Will Raise Deficit to Over \$3,000,000,000 in Budget for Fiscal Year Beginning July 1—Views of Harry L. Hopkins and Secretary Ickes

Starting with the \$950,000,000 deficit predicted in the original budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, Budget Director Bell told a subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee (according to Associated Press advices from Washington, May 7) that the addition of these prospective appropriations would raise the figure to \$3,722,000,000:

\$3,722,000,000:

Highways. \$110,000,000; flood centrol and reclamation, \$87,000,000; public buildings, \$25,000,000; national defense, \$50,000,000; agricultural adjustment program, \$50,000,000; Civilian Conservation Corps, \$50,000,000; Works Progress Administration, for first seven months, \$250,000,000 more than the \$1,000,000,000 included in the original budget for relief, and \$900,000,000 for the remaining five months; Public Works Administration, \$1,000,000,000; National Youth Administration, \$75,000,000, and Farm Security Administration, \$175,000,000.

Harry L. Hopkins, Works Progress Administrator, during his testimony before the House Appropriations Subcommittee, was asked about the possibility that private industry would be able, eventually, to absorb all the Nation's employable persons. From the May 7 Associated Press accounts we quote:

we quote:

"Do you think that the situation will ever correct itself automatically?"
Representative Ludlow of Indiana inquired.

"I do not think it will ever be entirely corrected," said Mr. Hopkins.

"We have a constant increase in the working population. Since 1935 we have had an increase of over 1,000,000 and there is a net increase every year of 500,000 workers."

He told the committee the relief problem could be attacked most efficiently by Federal administration of funds.

"I think that from a financial and from an administrative standpoint the program can be administered far better by the Federal Government than by 3,100 counties," he said.

Secretary Ickes told the committee that the Public Works Administration should not be required to use relief labor on its projects.

"You can get better labor if you do not have to go to relief rolls for it," he said.

He explained that the PWA program required labor that was much more

He explained that the PWA program required labor that was much more skilled than were WPA workers.

Move by Utility Holding Companies to Cooperate With SEC in Solution of Differences—Chairman Douglas of SEC Regards Action as Constructive Step

of SEC Regards Action as Constructive Step
Cooperation on the part of 14 utility holding companies
with the Securities and Exchange Commission in working
out a program for compliance with the utility holding company act has been proposed in a letter by the executives of
the companies to William O. Douglas, Chairman of the Commission. It was indicated therein that they have named a
committee of five to cooperate with the Commission "to
bring about sound and constructive solution of the problems
confronting these companies." In Associated Press advices
from Washington on May 10 it was stated that President
Roosevelt expressed gratification when informed of the
action of the utilities and Chairman Douglas on the same
date was said to have viewed the move as a constructive step.
From the Washington Associated Press advices May 10 we
take the following: take the following:

take the following:

The letter of the utility executives to Mr. Douglas expressed the opinion
"the fundamental principle of diversity of investment" should be "preserved
in the public interest." Such diversity, the executives added, was an important factor in raising additional capital.

Members of the utility committee are C. E. Groesbeck, Chairman Electric
Bond and Share Co.; J. F. Fogarty, President North American Co.; Wendell
L. Willkle, President Commonwealth and Southern Corp.; P. L. Smith,
President Middle West Corp., and John E. Zimmermann, President United
Gas Improvement Co. Gas Improvement Co.

Gas Improvement Co.

In the discussions with the Commission they will represent, as well as their own companies, American Gas and Electric Co., American Water Works and Electric Co., Associated Gas and Electric Co.; Cities Service Power and Light Co., Columbia Gas and Electric Corp., Engineers Public Service Co., New England Power Association, Standard Gas and Electric Co. and United Light and Power Co.

John W. Hanes of the SEC Believes There Is Emerging a New Spirit of "Fair Play" Between Government and Business—Remarks Before Pennsylvania Group of Investment Bankers' Association of America

In addressing the Western Pennsylvania group of the Investment Bankers' Association of America at Pittsburgh on May 6, John W. Hanes, a member of the Securities and Exchange Commission enumerated five steps taken by the Exchange Commission enumerated five steps taken by the President and Congress to bring about business recovery, and said "if you admit that they are necessarily the first steps, you will also have to admit that they will fail utterly unless Government and business are able to relight the fires of individual initiative, now smoldering, to renew the flow of private capital, to stimulate the machinery of idle industry." In United Press accounts from Washington, Mr. Hanes was also reported as saying:

If government effort is not followed through by private and business effort, then we could have a threat to democracy.

In spite of an extreme view here and there I feel that out of the confusion of tongues in America there is emerging a new spirit of reasonableness, fair play and honorable compromise.

In the New York "Times" of May 7, Mr. Hanes' address was given in part as follows:

Appeals for Joint Effort

Appeals for Joint Effort

Can the Government and business, bringing to bear to the uttermost their joint efforts, arrest this deflationary spiral and again put the Nation back on the road to recovery? Can we, all working together, really move the life of the Nation forward? My answer is "Yes," but a qualified "Yes." We can miss in a hundred ways, and each of these ways can seem sound. But there is at least one way, it seems to me, in which we can do it, and I am going to have the temerity to state that way. We can do it only by whole-hearted, tolerant, determined cooperation. We can do it I've will to do it.

only by the first of the past five months. Whether we approve or disapprove, let us examine some of the more important steps it has taken

1. Congress has amended the Federal Housing Act to stimulate a substantial increase in new building, both on small scale and on large scale. This action seems to be making for a rather substantial pick-up in construction. It is worth while, I think, to remind you that the erection of new houses for the past eight years has not gone forward at a rate sufficient even to balance the depreciation and the destruction of houses during the same period.

same period.

2. Congress has passed, and the President may soon sign, the 1938 Revenue Bill. This bill gives great relief and promise to individual and

corporate taxpayers. It means an improved, a less burdensome and a more sound tax structure. It encourages business to go ahead. It opens the door of investment to private capital. Its spur to our economic life should not be minimized. It helps restore confidence.

3. The President has recommended, and Congress has passed, legislation to make capital more readily available in substantial amount to legitimate enterprise through the RFC lending program.

4. The President has recommended that Congress give immediate attention to the plight of the railroads, and has suggested initial effort now to save the railroads from going through the wringer, and study of the information available through the Interstate Commerce Commission with a view to more far-reaching, permanent aid by the next Congress.

5. The President has recommended additional measures to stimulate purchasing power.

purchasing power.

purchasing power.

I should like to make one suggestion to each of you individually, I believe that the time has come for businessmen to cease harping on the theme that the Government is the enemy of business. And it shall be my everlasting endeavor to dissuade government officials from uttering publicly or privately the thought that business is the enemy of government. The importance of putting an end to this sort of talk may be illustrated by reference to the utilities. For the past two years, the struggle for regulation went on between the utilities and the Government. This battle has been fought. There is no good in fighting it over. Let us have peace. If we have peace and have teamwork and cooperation between the utilities and the Government, a conservative estimate would indicate that several hundred million dollars of new capital would flow annually into investments for new construction and replacement.

dollars of new capital would now almuany into investments to the struction and replacement.

So far, it seems to me, both the President and business have received good response to the efforts they are making. The issue at stake is too vital for loose talk. It is too vital for any of us to hold malice in our hearts. It is too vital for us not to be good patriots.

SEC Urges Congress to Adopt Federal Incorporation or Licensing Law for the Protection of Investors Seeks Way to Eliminate Reorganization Abuses-Use of Federal Taxing Power Seen as Possible Substitute for Licensing

Substitute for Licensing

The Securities and Exchange Commission on May 10 transmitted to Congress a report dealing with voluntary reorganizations, in which the Commission advocated a Federal incorporation or licensing law, with uniform standards for the protection of investors in corporations engaged in interstate commerce, and the establishment of a central protective agency to represent security holders in corporate matters. As an alternative to Federal licensing the SEC suggested use of Federal taxing powers to make it more difficult for corporations to use the statutes of certain States which were "noteworthy for their liberality to corporate organizers and their disregard of the interests of security organizers and their disregard of the interests of security holders.

In summarizing its conclusions and recommendations, a statement issued by the SEC said:

The Commission states that it study and investigation of management plans without aid of committees demonstrates the necessity of providing means for the protection of investors affected by these plans. The Commission's recommendations to that end include requirements for full disclosure, restrictions on solicitation of proxies, deposits and assents, and the elimination of conflicting interests on the part of those engaging in such solicitation. Suggestions were also made as to measures designed to correct the situation created by lax State corporation laws, and as to the formation of protective agencies for investors. The Commission's recommendations

of protective agencies for investors. The Commission's recommendations and suggestions are as follows:

(1) Because of the failure of corporate managements in the past, with some exceptions, to make full and informative disclosure of the scope and some exceptions, to make full and informative disclosure of the scope and operation of proposed voluntary plans and their effect upon both investors and management, it is recommended that legislation be enacted requiring full disclosure in the case of substantially all plans of reorganization or readjustment effected without resort to judicial proceedings. Such legislation is necessary because existing statutory regulation touches only a small portion of the field. Thus the great majority of management plans effected by charter amendment, sale of assets, consolidation or merger, or by an exchange of segurities if certain conditions are fulfilled, are not subject to the registration and prospectus requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Furthermore the powers conferred by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 over the solicitation of proxies are limited to securities traded on National securities exchanges.

(2) On the theory that the requirement of full disclosure, althrough important, is not sufficient of itself to correct the abuses resulting from conflicts of interests, the Commission further recommends the enactment of legislation designed to limit the right of corporate managements to solicit proxies, deposits and assents to cases where the interests of the management

flicts of interests, the Commission further recommends the enactment of legislation designed to limit the right of corporate managements to solicit proxies, deposits and assents to cases where the interests of the management do not conflict with those of the investors. Similar disqualifications are recommended for other persons having adverse interests. The Commission also takes the position that solicitation should be permitted only by the beneficial owners of the securities solicited, or their representatives. In addition, the Commission states, the necessary legislation should prohibit such solicitation unless the deposit agreements, proxies or assents contain appropriate restrictions and limitations for the protection of investors and unless they are free from unfair and oppressive provisions.

(3) The Commission points out that many of the abuses prevailing in voluntary reorganizations or readjustments are based on loose corporate practices made possible by lax State corporation laws. With respect to this broader problem, the Commission states:

"It may be that an effective solution requires action by the Federal Government. One approach to the problem is by way of a Federal incorporation or licensing law imposing uniform standards for the protection of investors on corporations engaged in interstate commerce. Another approach is to use the Federal taxing power in a manner to render more difficult and less attractive the migration of corporations to States whose corporation statutes are noteworthy for their liberality to corporate organizers and their disregard of the interests of security holders."

(4) Finding that voluntary reorganization plans often embody primarily the management's viewpoint and reflect its self-interest, leaving the interests of investors to be protected only by the exigencies of the case and the dictates of the management's conscience, the Commission concludes that there is need that security holders be afforded means for taking collective action. Pointing out that the formation and

function would be the representation of security holders in all corporate matters involving their interests. The report points out that, should such an agency come into being under proper government supervision, one of its most significant functions would be the representation of investors in the field of repursery reports. field of voluntary corporate reorganization.

Secretary Wallace Regards "Corn Belt" Opposition arm Program as Due to Politics and Misunderstanding

The opposition which has developed in the "corn belt" against the Agricultural Adjustment Administration's acreage allotments was ascribed by Secretary of Agriculture Wallace on May 4 to "politics" and misunderstanding, according to Washington advices May 4 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" which also had the following to say:

Denying that the Farm Administration had assumed "a take it or leave it" attitude with regard to protests against corn allotments, the Secretary, however, indicated definitely that there will be no general changes made in the acreage quotas for the commodity.

Explanation of Wallace

According to the explanation offered by Mr. Wallace, farmers received their allotments, at first thought they were lower than expected, but upon comparing acreages with their neighbors, found them all right.

A considerable part of the opposition to allotments is of political origin, he said, expressing the opinion that this was true of the Macomb, Ill., corn

belt Liberty League meetings. The Department has a report on who was behind that meeting, but does not care to make a statement at this time

Farmers understand their allotments better now, the Secretary is conramers understand their anothents better now, the Secretary is convinced, and are more content with them than they were two weeks ago. State and country acreage allotments are fixed by legal formula and the farmers are pretty well satisfied with the over-all situation, although fault has been found with individual allotments, he said. While a certain degree of flexibility is possible in these, Secretary Wallace pointed out that corn planting started three weeks ago and asserted that "as a practical proposition you just cannot do anything about it at this late date."

Hasty Inauguration Blamed

Hasty inauguration of the new farm program was blamed for most of Hasty inauguration of the new farm program was blamed for most of the difficulty. "We hope very much we can go into this whole question before another crop year comes around," Secretary Wallace stated. He explained that the new program got under way only in February and that it was necessary to get the allotments out in a hurry. A good many million computations were involved, he explained, acknowledging the possibility of error. He declared allotments would be made known earlier next year so farmers might have more time to appeal from their allotments before planting time. planting time.

On April 28 Claude R. Wickard, director of the north central region of the AAA was reported as stating that no changes would be made in the 1938 corn program which has been subjected to widespread protest in the corn belt. From Associated Press accounts from Washington April we quote:

The director said AAA officials had decided that, under terms of the new crop control law, the National as well as State corn acreage allotments could not be enlarged in order to give individual growers larger acreages.

In Macomb, Ill., leaders of the Corn Belt Liberty League projected plans for a ination-wide agrarian revolt against Federal crop control programs after a mass meeting last night.

Commenting on complaints received by the Department and members on

after a mass meeting last night.

Commenting on complaints received by the Department and members on Congress as well as on protest meetings in mid-western States, Mr. Wickard said "a misunderstanding of the program was largely to blame."

He said local AAA committees were being instructed to hold meetings to explain the program to farmers who had protested against their allotment. Senator Edwin C. Johnson, Democrat of Colorado, said, meanwhile, he was not surprised at protests against the new farm program.

"My prediction is that the Farm Act eventually will cause a political revolution in all farm sections." he said. "It hink it will either be drastically revised, or repealed, at the January session of Congress."

Senator Johnson added that he had received no protests from his area, because, he said, "it has not yet gone into operation in the wheat region."

Both Houses of New Jersey Legislature Pass Bill For-bidding Retailers to Sell Motor Fuels Below Cost and Selling Expenses

After sidetracking a bill passed by the New Jersey Assembly, which created a State Board to fix prices for Assembly, which created a State Board to 11x prices for retail sale of gasoline, the New Jersey Senate adopted and passed a measure on May 9 which forbids retailers from selling motor fuels below wholesale cost plus marketing expense. The bill also prohibits rebates and requires retailers to post prices, including taxes. The bill likewise passed the Assembly, May 9, when it awaited the signature of Governor A. Harry Moore. The "Jersey Observer" of May 10 in advisor from Tranton, said in part. May 10, in advices from Trenton, said, in part:

Both houses last night passed the measure by Senator Foran, Republican of Hunterdon, forbidding retail sales of gasoline below net cost plus

can of Hunterdon, forbidding retail sales of gasoline below het cost plus selling expenses.

The companion measures of Assemblyman Kerner of Union and Wilensky of Passaic, the former amending the Fair Trade Act to bring within its provisions products sold from gasoline stations, and the Wilensky measure increasing from \$2 to \$5 a year the license fee for retail gasoline dealers were also passed.

Speaker Herbert J. Pascoe of Union explained that while his original bill for a price-fixing board to regulate the industry has been dropped in the final settlement, yet he took satisfaction in the fact that some remedial legislation had been passed.

New Jersey Assembly Approves Monday for Observance of Most Holidays

A bill was approved on May 9 by the New Jersey Assembly which would cause most holidays to be celebrated on Mondays, regardless of the calendar day of the week on which they may fall. The measure, however, does not become effective unless similar laws are adopted by New York and Pennsylvania. The New York "Sun," in advices from Trenton, May 10, reported the action as follows:

By a margin of 31 votes, the House on May 9 approved a bill which would cause the birthdays of Lincoln and Washington, Memorial Day, the Fourth of July, Columbus Day and Armistice Day to be celebrated on Mondays, regardless of the calendar day of the week on which they may fall. The measure is not to become effective, however, even if the Senate passes it and it is approved by the Governor, until New York and Pennsylvania adopt similar laws.

Assemblyman Frank S. Farley, Republican of Atlantic County, who introduced the bill, said that it was "unique" and designed to "give the poor man a break."

RFC to Offer \$25,000,000 of 2% Notes of the Federal National Mortgage Association on May 18

Jesse H. Jones, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, on May 10 announced that on May 18 the Federal National Mortgage Association, the entire capital stock of which is owned by RFC, will offer \$25,000,000 of its 2% notes maturing in five years. The notes and the income derived therefrom are exempt from Federal, State, municipal and local taxation except surtaxes, estate, inheritance and gift taxes. The notes will be offered by the RFC. They will be dated May 16, 1938 and will bear interest from that date at the rate of 2% per annum. They will mature May 16, 1943.

The organization of the Association by the RFC was noted

in our issue of Feb. 12, page 1010.

Report of Operations of RFC Feb. 2, 1932, to March 31, 1938—Loans of \$12,227,012,727 Authorized During Period — \$1,858,536,177 Canceled — Secretary of Treasury Canceled \$2,688,151,334 of Corporation's Notes in March—\$6,877,589,464 Disbursed for Loans and Investments—\$4,926,673,980 Repaid

Authorizations and commitments of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in the recovery program during March amounted to \$31,030,171, recissions of previous authorizations and commitments amounted to \$2,942,939, making total authorizations through March 31, 1938, and tentative commitments outstanding at the end of the month tentative commitments outstanding at the end of the month of \$12,227,012,727, it was announced on April 14 by Jesse H. Jones, Chairman. This latter amount includes a total of \$1,040,567,066 authorized for other governmental agencies and \$1,800,000,000 for relief from organization through March 31, 1938. Authorizations aggregating \$2,508,416 were canceled or withdrawn during March, Mr. Jones said, making total cancellations and withdrawals of \$1,858,536,177. A total of \$662,490,622 remains available to borrowers and to banks in the purchase of preferred stock, capital notes and debentures. Under authority of an Act approved Feb. 24, 1938 (Public No. 432—Seventy-fifth Congress), the Secretary of the Treasury, during March, canceled notes of the Corporation in the total principal amount of \$2,688,-15124, and amount he total principal amount of \$2,688,-15124, and amount of \$ of the Corporation in the total principal amount of \$2,088,151,334, such amount being equal to the outstanding funds of the Corporation disbursed prior to March 31, 1938, for allocation to other governmental agencies and relief, together with the interest paid to the Treasury thereon.

During March, \$27,846,153 was disbursed for loans and investments and \$14,621,984 was repaid, making total disbursements through March 31, 1938, of \$6,877,589,464 and

repayments of \$4,926,673,980 (approximately 72%). Chair-

man Jones continued:

man Jones continued:

During March, loans were authorized to 11 banks and trust companies (including those in liquidation) in the amount of \$1,611,707. Cancellations and withdrawals of loans to banks and trust companies (including those in liquidation) amounted to \$1,697,274; \$444,422 was disbursed and \$3,365,487 repaid. Through March 31, 1938, loans have been authorized to 7,521 banks and trust companies (including those in receivership) aggregating \$2,536,607,528. Of this amount \$475,328,427 has been withdrawn, \$54,804,279 remains available to borrowers, and \$2,006,474,822 has been disbursed. Of this latter amount \$1,859,191,747, or 93%, has been repaid. Only \$9,913,887 is owing by open banks and that includes \$8,242,460 from one mortgage and trust company.

During March, authorizations were made to purchase preferred stock, capital notes and debentures of seven banks and trust companies in the aggregate amount of \$623,600. Through March 31, 1938, authorizations have been made for the purchase of preferred stock, capital notes and debentures of 6,757 banks and trust companies aggregating \$1,272,675,944 and 1,121 loans were authorized in the amount of \$23,322,755 to be secured by preferred stock, a total authorization for preferred stock, capital notes and debentures in 6,840 banks and trust companies of \$1,295,998,689; \$109,388,052 of this has been withdrawn and \$34,880,600 remains available to the banks when conditions of authorizations have been met.

remains available to the banks when conditions of authorizations have been met.

During March, loans were authorized for distribution to depositors of nine closed banks in the amount of \$1,559,207, cancellations and withdrawals amounted to \$1,697,274, disbursements amounted to \$543,930, and repayments amounted to \$2,744,114. Through March 31, 1938, loans have been authorized for distribution to depositors of 2,756 closed banks aggregating \$1,321,919,698; \$296,605,182 of this amount has been withdrawn and \$55,490,470 remains available to the borrowers; \$969,824,045 has been disbursed, and \$890,707,648, approximately 92%, has been repaid.

During March the authorizations to finance drainage, levee and irrigation districts were increased \$1,371,000, authorization in the amount of \$248,194 were withdrawn, and \$61,168 was disbursed. Through March 31, 1938, loans have been authorized to refinance 623 drainage, levee and irrigation districts aggregating \$141,066,419, of which \$18,506,456 has been withdrawn, \$42,739,947 remains available to the borrowers, and \$79,820,016 has been disbursed.

Under the provisions of Section 5(d), which was added to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act June 19, 1934, 44 loans to industry aggregating \$5,615,074 were authorized during March. Authorizations in the amount of \$238,668 were canceled or withdrawn during March. Through March 31, 1938, including loans to mortgage loan companies to assist business and industry in cooperation with the National Recovery Administration program, the Corporation has authorized 2,340 loans for

the benefit of industry aggregating \$177,153,666. Of this amount \$57,489,072 has been withdrawn and \$22,504,023 remains available to the borrowers. In addition, the Corporation agreed to purchase participations amounting to \$1,362,300 in loans to 11 businesses during March and similar authorizations aggregating \$12,396 were withdrawn. Through March 31, 1938, the Corporation has authorized or has agreed to the purchase of participations aggregating \$23,527,223 of 418 businesses, \$9,628,888 of which has been withdrawn and \$5,966,953 remains available. During March the Corporation purchased from the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works three blocks (two issues) of securities having a par value of \$3,075,000 and sold securities having par value of \$2,767,800 at a premium of \$53,796, but securities having par value of \$1,241,000 were not actually paid for and delivered at the close of business March 31, 1938. The Corporation also collected maturing PWA securities having par value of \$715,477. Through March 31, 1938, the Corporation has purchased from the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works 3,850 blocks (2,862 issues) of securities having par value of \$600,437,874. Of this amount securities having par value of \$169,246,152 are still held. In addition, the Corporation has agreed with the Administrator to purchase, to be held and collected or sold at a later date, such part of securities having an aggregate par value of \$90,701,599 as the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works is in a position to deliver from time to time.

The report listed as follows disbursements and repay-

The report listed as follows disbursements and repay ments for all purposes from Feb. 2, 1932, to March 31, 1938:

Disbursements

Loans under Section 5:		Repayments
Banks and trust companies (incl. receivers)	1,991,114,369.95	1,847,187,623.43
Railroads (including receivers) Federal Land banks	550,659,239.11	*182,188,521.08 379,715,074.01
Mortgage loan companies	411,431,295.91	279,959,515.62
Regional Agricultural Credit corporations	173,243,640.72	173,243,640.72
Building and loan associations (incl. receivers).	117,934,752.39	115,608,471.64
Insurance companies	89,675,416.42	87,113,678.97
Joint Stock Land banks Livestock Credit corporations	20,030,851.30 12,971,598.69	16,125,069.10 12,971,598.69
State funds for insurance of deposits of public moneys		13,064,631.18
Federal Intermediate Credit banks	9,250,000.00	9,250,000.00
Agricultural Credit corporations	5,643,618.22	5,555,125.15
Fishing industry	719,375.00	243,699.42
Credit unions	600,095.79	458,033.21
cessing tax	14,718.06	14,718.06
Total loans under Section 5 Loans to Secretary of Agriculture to purchase	3,783,589,602.74	3,122,699,400.28
cotton	3,300,000.00	3,300,000.00
Loans for refinancing drainage, levee and irriga- tion districts.	79,820,016.29	2,298,173.39
of teachers' salaries and for refinancing out-		
standing indebtednessLoans to aid in financing self-liquidating construc-	22,450,000.00	22,300,000.00
Loans for repair and reconstruction of property	293,760,506.48	62,768,121.74
damaged by earthquake fire tornado flood	11,987,555.32	E 910 42E 20
and other catastrophes. Loans to aid in financing the sale of agricultural		
surpluses in foreign markets Loans to industrial and commercial businesses	20,224,586.66 99,390,118.26 3,507,500.00	20,177,690.67 26,702,513.51
Loans to mining businesses. Loans on and purchases of assets of closed banks.	3,507,500.00	26,702,513.51 1,017,251.64 12,004,123.28
Loans to finance the carrying and orderly market-	15,360,451.99	12,004,123.28
ing of agricultural commodities and livestock: Commodity Credit Corporation	760 115 400 05	005 000 100 51
Other	760,115,408.05 19,484,491.78	665,066,428.54 18,580,463.74
Loans to Rural Electrification Administration	19,484,491.78 31,757,000.00	2,425.46
Total loans, excl. of loans secured by pref. stock. Purchase of preferred stock, capital notes and debentures of banks and trust companies (in- cluding \$18,148,730 disbursed and \$7,840,-		3,962,727,027.55
	1,091,730,036.56	527,158,689.78
Purchase of stock of the RFC Mortgage Co Purchase of stock of the National Mtgc. Assn Loans secured by preferred stock of insurance companies (including \$100,000 disbursed for	25,000,000.00 11,000,000.00	
the purchase of preferred stock)	34,375,000.00	7,047,609.94
Total	1,162,105,036.56	534,206,299.72
Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works security transactions.	570,737,189.68	429,740,652.79
Works security transactions	570,737,189.68 3,877,589,463,81	429,740,652.79
Works security transactions		
Works security transactions	3,877,589,463.81	
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corn	200,000,000.00	
Allocations to Governmental agencies under pro- visions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Feders Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to:	3,877,589,463.81	
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock of Federal Home Loan Corp Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to:	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Morks security transactions. Total	3,877,589,463.81 200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Works security transactions. Total	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Morks security transactions. Total	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 10,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Total	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 125,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Muge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revenitions.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 10,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federsi Home Loan banks Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers Joint Stock Land banks Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund For other purposes Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net) Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations.	200,000,000,00 124,741,000.00 125,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Commodity Credit Corporation.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Commodity Credit Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for:	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Commodity Credit Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for:	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 97,000,000.00 44,500,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Commodity Credit Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for:	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 44,500,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mage. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for Purchase of capital stock (incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Administrative.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 97,000,000.00 41,500,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278,6 12,938,252,92	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Commodity Credit Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for:	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 55,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.91 114,921.13	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corpaphal stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mage. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fundfore the farm Corporation for corporation for evolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation for Purchase of capital stock (Incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Administrative.	200,000,000,00 124,741,000,00 124,741,000,00 12,600,000,00 55,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 48,521,074,55 115,000,000,00 97,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 44,500,000,00 44,500,000,00 3,108,278,64 12,938,252,92 114,921,13 126,871.85	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corpcapital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Seo. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Osmandity Credit Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for: Purchase of capital stock (incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933 Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corpaphial stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85 909,150,399.09	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Seo. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for: Purchase of capital stock (incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Since May 26, 1933 Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief. Total allocations to Governmental agencies For relief.—To States directly by Corporation. To States on certification of Federal Relief Administrator. Under Emergency Appropriation Act.—1935. Under Emergency Relief Appropriation Act.—1935.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 97,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for: Purchase of capital stock (ncl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Since May 26, 1933 Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief. Total allocations to Governmental agencies For relief.—To States directly by Corporation. To States on certification of Federal Relief Administrative Emergency Appropriation Act.—1935. Under Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1935.	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85 909,150,399.09 299,984,999.00 499,997,748.11 500,000,000.00	a17,159,232.30
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul, for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock—Disaster Loan Corporation. Regional Agricultural Credit corporations for: Purchase of capital stock (ncl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Since May 26, 1933 Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief. Total allocations to Governmental agencies For relief.—To States directly by Corporation. To States on certification of Federal Relief Administrative. Under Emergency Appropriation Act.—1935. Under Emergency Relief Appropriation Act.—	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85 909,150,399.09 299,984,999.00 499,997,748.11 500,000,000.00	4,926,673,980.06
Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Feders Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mige. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporation. Stock.—Obsaster Loan Corporation. Stock.—Obsaster Loan Corporation for: Purchase of capital stock (Incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses.—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 26, 1933. Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief. Total allocations to Governmental agencies For relief.—To States directly by Corporation. To States on certification of Federal Relief Administrator. Under Emergency Appropriation Act.—1935. Under Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1935. Total for relief	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 114,921.13 126,871.85 909,150,399.09 299,984,999.00 499,997,748.11 500,000,000.00	a17,159,232.30
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Allocations to Governmental agencies under provisions of existing statutes: Secretary of the Treasury to purchase: Capital stock Home Owners' Loan Corp. Capital stock of Federal Home Loan banks. Farm Loan (now Land Bank) Commissioner for loans to: Farmers. Joint Stock Land banks. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. for loans to farmers. Federal Housing Administrator: To create mutual mortgage insurance fund. For other purposes. Sec. of Agricul. for crop loans to farmers (net). Governor of the Farm Credit Administration for revolving fund to provide capital for production Credit corporations. Stock.—Obasster Loan Corporation. Stock.—Obasster Loan Corporation for: Furchase of capital stock (Incl. \$37,000,000 held in revolving fund). Expenses.—Prior to May 27, 1933. Since May 28, 1933. Administrative. Administrative Expense—1932 relief. Total allocations to Governmental agencies For relief.—To States directly by Corporation. To States on certification of Federal Relief Administrator. Under Emergency Appropriation Act.—1935. Under Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1935. Total for relief	200,000,000.00 124,741,000.00 145,000,000.00 2,600,000.00 55,000,000.00 48,521,074.55 115,000,000.00 40,500,000.00 10,000,000.00 44,500,000.00 44,500,000.00 3,108,278.64 12,938,252.92 14,921.13 126,871.85 909,150,399.09 299,984,999.00 499,997,748.11 500,000,000.00 1,799,982,747.11 33,177,419,82 otes of the Cansialance due on local significance of the Cansialance o	a17,159,232.30 a17,159,232.30 a1943,833,212.36 ddan Pacific Ry san made to the

a In addition to the repayments of f Relief and Construction Act of 1932.

in the amount of \$2,688,151,333.72, equivalent to the balance of the amount dis-bursed for allocations to other governmental agencies and for relief by direction of Congress and the interest paid thereon, pursuant to the provisions of an Act (Public No. 432) approved Feb. 24, 1938.

The loans authorized and authorizations canceled or withdrawn for each railroad, together with the amount disbursed to and repaid by each are shown in the following table (as of March 31, 1938), contained in the report:

		Authorizatio		
	Authorized	Canceled of Withdrawn		Repaid \$
Aberdeen & Rockfish RR. Co	127,000	•	127,000	127,000
Ale Tonn & Mortharn PR Corn	275 000		275,000	
Alton RR. Co	2,500,000		2.500.000	605,367
Ann Arbor RR. Co. (receivers)	634,757		634,757	434,757 400,000
Religious & Obje RR Co (note)	400,000 95 358 000	14,600	95 343 400	12,150,477
Baltimore & Ohio RR. Co. (note) Birmingham & So'eastern RR.Co.	41,300	12,000	95,343,400 41,300	41,300
Boston & Maine RR Buffalo Union-Carolina RR	9,569,437		9,569,437	
Buffalo Union-Carolina RR	53,960	53,960	******	122.222
Carlton & Coast RR. Co Central of Georgia Ry. Co	549,000 3,124,319	13,200	535,800 3,124,319	123,632 220,692
Central RR. Co. of N. J.	500,000	35,701	464,299	464.299
Central RR. Co. of N. J. Charles City Western Ry. Co. Chicago & Eastern III. RR Co.	140,000		140,000	32,000 155,632
Chicago & Eastern III. RR Co	5,916,500		5,916,500	155,632
Chicago & North Western RR. Co	46,589,133 1,289,000	1,000	46,588,133 1,289,000	4,338,000 838
Chicago Great Western RR. Co Chic Gt. West. RR. Co. (receiver)	150.000		150,000	24,000
Chic. Milw. St.P. & Pac. RR. Co. Chic. Milw. St.P. & Pac. RR. Co.	12,000,000	500,000	11,500,000	537
Chie. Milw. St.P. & Pac. RR Co.	2 940 000		2 940 000	E07 000
(receiver)	3,840,000		3,840,000 1,150,000	597,000
Chicago R. I. & Pac. Ry. Co	1,150,000 13,718,700 10,398,925		13,718,700	
Chicago R. I. & Pac. Ry. Co Cincinnati Union Terminal Co	10,398,925	2,098,925	13,718,700 8,300,000	8,300,000
Colorado & Southern Ry. Co	28,978,900	53,600	28,925,300	1,481,000
Copper Range RR Co	60,000 53,500	60,000	53,500	53,500
Copper Range RR. Co. Denver & Rio Grande W. RR. Co. Denver & Rio Grande W. RR. Co.	8,300,000	219,000	8,081,000	500,000
Denver de zero Crando il e zeres. Os		7.5 × 26		
(receivers)	1,800,000		1,800,000	71 200
Denver & Balt Lake West, RR.Co.	3,182,150 16,582,000 3,000		3,182,150 16,582,000	71,300 582,000
Eureka Nevada Rv. Co	3,000	3,000		
Fla. E. Coast Ry. Co. (receivers)	717.075	90,000	627,075 227,434	393,706
Ft.Smith & W.Ry.Co.(receivers)	227,434 8,176,000		227,434	
Erie RR. Co. Eureka Nevada Ry. Co. Fla. E. Coast Ry. Co. (receivers) Ft. Smith & W.Ry. Co. (receivers) Ft. Worth & Den. City Ry. Co. Fredericksburg & North, Ry. Co.	15 000	15,000	8,176,000	
Gainesville Midland Ry. (receivers)	10.539	10,539		
Gainesville Midland RR. Co	78,000			
Galv. Houston & Hend. RR. Co.	1,061,000		1,061,000	
Greet Northern Ry Co. (receivers)	105 492 400	99,422,400	354,721 6,000,000	6,000,000
Gainesville Midland Ry. (recel vers) Gainesville Midland RR. Co. Galv. Houston & Hend. RR. Co. Georgia & Fla. RR. Co. (recelvers) Great Northern Ry. Co. Green County RR. Co.	13,915		13,915	13 915
Gulf, Mobile & Northern RR. Co. Illinois Central RR. Co.	520,000 35,312,667		520,000	520,000 105,000 8,500,000
Illinois Central RR. Co	35,312,667	22,667	35.290.000	105,000
Lehigh Valley RR. Co Litchfield & Madison Ry. Co	9,500,000 800,000	1,000,000	8,500,000 800,000	800,000
	2,550,000		2,550,000	2,550,000
Maryland & Penna. RR. Co	2,550,000 200,000	3,000	197,000	50,000
Meridian & Bigbee River Ry. Co.	* 500 050	744 050	005 000	
Minn. St. P. & SS. Marie Ry. Co.	1,729,252 6,843,082	744,252	985,000 6,843,082	*6,843,082
Mississippi Export RR, Co	100,000		100,000	62,500
Mississippi Export RR. Co	2,300,000		2,300,000	2,300,000
Missouri Pacific RR, Co	23,134,800		23,134,800	10.000
Missouri Southern Ich. Co	99,200 785,000		99,200 785,000	10,200 785,000
Mobile & Ohio RR. Co	1,070,599		1,070,599	770,599
Murfreesboro-Nashville Ry. Co	25,000		25,000	
Murfreesboro-Nashville Ry. Co New York Central RR. Co N. Y. Chic. & St. L. RR. Co N. Y. N. H. & Hartford RR. Co	27,499,000		27,499,000	27,499,000
N. Y. Chie, & St. L. RR. Co	18,200,000 7, 7 00,000	221	18,200,000	18,200,000 175,102
	29,500,000	600,000	7,699,778 28,900,000	28,900,000
Pere Marquette Ry Co	3 000 000		3,000,000	3,000,000
Pioneer & Fayette RR	17,000		17,000 4,475,207	10,500
Ploneer & Fayette RR Pittsburgh & W. Va. RR. Co Puget Sound & Cascade Ry. Co	17,000 4,975,207 300,000		300,000	750,000 300,000
St. Louis-San. Fran. Rv. Co	7.995.175		7.995.175	2.805,175
St. Louis-San, Fran, Ry, Co St. Louis-Southwestern Ry, Co	18,790,000	117,750	7,995,175 18,672,250 200,000	2,805,175 18,672,250
Salt Lake & Utah RR. (receivers)	7,995,175 18,790,000 200,000		200,000	100 000
Southern Pacific Co	162,600 23,200,000 19,610,000	1,200,000	162,600 22,000,000	162,600 22,000,000
Southern Ry. Co	19.610.000	1,200,000	19,610,000	2,264,336
Sumpter Valley Ry Co	100,000 5,147,700 108,740		100,000 5,147,700	100,000 147,700
Tennessee Central Ry. Co	5,147,700	100.510	5,147,700	147,700
Salt Lake & Utah RR, (receivers) Sand Springs Ry. Co Southern Pacific Co Southern Ry. Co Southern Ry. Co Sumpter Valley Ry Co Tennessee Central Ry. Co Texas Okla, & Eastern RR, Co	700,000	108,740	700,000	700,000
Texas & Pacific Ry. Co Texas Southern-Eastern RR. Co.	700,000		30,000	30,000
Tuckerton RR. Co.	30,000 45,000	6,000	39,000	30,000 39,000
Wabash Ry. Co. (receivers)	15,731,583		15,731,583	1 400 000
Wabash Ry. Co. (receivers) Western Pacific RR. Co. Western Pac. RR. Co. (trustees)	1,000,000		4,366,000 1,000,000	1,403,000
Wichita Falls & Southern RR.Co.	1,000,000		400,000	100,000
Wrightsville & Tennille RR	400,000 22,525		22,525	22,525
Totale	E1 E07 705	100 202 552	EEO 050 000	107000 101
Totals	01,097,795	100,090,006	000,009,289	10/008,021

* The loan to Minneapolis St. Paul & Sault Ste Marie Ry. Co. (The Soo Line) was secured by its bonds, the interest on which was guaranteed by the Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. and when the "Soo Line" went into bankruptcy, we sold the balance due on the loan to the Canadian Pacific, receiving \$662,245.50 in cash and Canadian Pacific Ry. Co.'s notes for \$5,500,000, maturing over a period of 10 years.

In addition to the above loans authorized the Corporation has approved, in principle, loans in the amount of \$61,155,984.65 upon the performance of specified conditions.

NLRB Chairman Madden Supports Bill to Bar Violators of Law from Government Contracts or Grants— Senator Burke Starts "One-Man Crusade" to Amend Legislation

J. Warren Madden, Chairman of the National Labor Re-J. Warren Madden, Chairman of the National Labor Relations Board, on May 3 urged a House Judiciary Subcommittee to strengthen and approve a bill prohibiting violators of the Wagner Labor Act from receiving government contracts, loans or grants. Meanwhile, on April 27, Senator Burke of Nebraska announced that he would conduct a "one-man campaign" to amend the law for the benefit of labor as well as for business men. He said he would send out 200 000 few letters throughout the United States to out 200,000 form letters throughout the United States to business management and labor groups as well as individuals seeking their reaction to the Wagner Act.

In reporting the testimony of Mr. Madden, United Press Washington advices of May 3 said:

He said the bill would make compliance with Labor Board orders more prompt and "effective," and extend the benefits of the Act to persons not now protected by the Act.

Mr. Madden said Circuit Court decisions had been handed down on more than 30 orders, "and I remember of only two reversals, and two partial modifications."

Mr. Madden proposed broadening the bill to provide withdrawal of contracts or grants whether violations occur on government or private contract on government work. Other amendments he suggested:

1. To provide for withdrawal of business from an employer who persisted in disregarding, after passage of the bill, an order made by the abor Board before the bill was enacted.

abor Board before the bill was enacted.

2. To provide for remedying past unfair labor practices.

3. To provide that disqualification for contracts terminate automatically upon a Board finding that remedial action had bee ntaken by an employer, that an "adequate period" had passed without violations, or that an employer was "not likely" to continue violations.

4. To provide that an employer signing a contract with the government would agree "not to engage in unfair labor practices."

Ivan G. McDaniel, Los Angeles, representing the Agricultural Producers Labor Committee, composed of producers' organizations, urged exemption

Labor Committee, composed of producers' organizations, urged exemption of agricultural workers, pointing out that everything the farmers produce now is selling below cost of production."

Senator Burke's plans were amplified as follows in a Washington dispatch of April 27 to the New York "Herald

Tribune":

By the end of the year, Senator Burke predicts, he will have so much data of such convincing force that even Senator Wagner will favor his amendments. The Nebraskan emphasized that he does not wish to repeal the Act, but to amend it. If it is not amended, he claims, it will defeat the purposes for which it was intended.

Senator Burke admits there is no hope for Congress to consider his amendments before next session. They have not been drafted, but have been adumbrated in conformity to various criticisms which business and labor have made. Senator Burke is in receipt of assurances from labor groups that they want the Act amended.

Only today Joseph A. Padway, counsel for the American Federation of Labor, appearing before the House Judiciary Subcommittee, accused the NLRB of "bias and prejudice." He was testifying concerning passage of the Walsh-Healey bill, which would require persons holding government contracts or obtaining government loans or grants to abide by the Wagner Act. The labor counsel demanded that the bill be amended so that the Federal courts would have jurisdiction in place of the NLRB.

The Labor Board should be reconstituted, in Senator Burke's opinion, with one member representing management, one labor and the third the public. Rules of evidence applicable in courts are recommended rather than the mass of hearsay testimony which make up the records before the NLRB today.

NLRB today.

NLRB Begins New Procedure, Giving More Liberty to Employers in Collective Bargaining Cases—Decides Union Members May Change Allegiance

The National Labor Relations Board on May 9 instituted a new procedure as a result of the Supreme Court decision in the Kansas City Stockyards case (referred to in our April 30 issue, page 2780), under which the Board's "proposed findings of fact" are intended to give employers the posed findings of fact" are intended to give employers the right to file exceptions, present oral arguments or file briefs in cases where formerly matters were speeded up to expedite decisions. The NLRB issued "proposed findings of fact" against the Smith Wood Products, Inc., of Oregon, but in its decision held that workers might transfer from the American Federation of Labor to the Committee for Industrial Organization during the life of a contract. In describing the ruling, United Press Washington advices of May 9 said: May 9 said:

May 9 said:

The Smith Wood Co. was notified that the Board proposed to order reinstatement of 175 employees discharged by the company after they shifted from the A. F. of L.'s United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America to the C. I. O.'s International Woodworkers of America.

As in the M. & M. Woodworking Co. case, where a similar question was involved, the Board did not pass upon whether the contract between the carpenters' local union legally passed to the I. W. A. or became extinct when the workers voted to change affiliation. It did hold, however, that the workers and their local union "legally withdrew" from the carpenters' union.

union.

The Board said that George A. Ulett, company Vice-President and Manager, sought to dissuade the employees from bolting to the C. I. O., telling them the plant would be forced to close because of a boycott ordered by the Carpenters Union on C. I. O.-produced lumber. Mr. Ulett offered them indefinite employment if they stayed with the Federation, the NLRB said, and declared that "if the law would permit him, he would gladly pay their per capita tax to the American Federation of Labor."

State Labor Relations Board Makes Two Important Decisions

The State Labor Relations Board on May 8 made known two important decisions. One of these ordered an election to choose a collective bargaining agency by employees of whom a plurality had previously voted not to be represented by a union, and the other ordering an election among employees of a concern which already has a closed-shop union contract. An item in the New York "Herald Tribune" of May 9 said in part: May 9 said in part:

In an election on April 21 among employees of Daniel Reeves, Inc., grocery store chain, 531 voted for the United Retail Employees of America, a Committee for Industrial Organization affiliate; 421 voted for Local 21519 of the American Federation of Grocery Employees, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and 626, a plurality, voted against representation by either. sentation by either.

In the new election, which will be held within 30 days, only the names of

In the new election, which will be held within 30 days, only the names of the two unions will appear on the ballots, the Board ordered. The Board gave as reason for its order the fact that a majority of the employees who voted wished to be represented by one of the two unions.

The second election order affects more than 188 men in the Triboro Coach Corporation, which operates bus routes in Queens, and follows a petition from the Transport Workers Union of America, a C. I. O. affiliate, alleging the existence of a labor controversy and requesting a poll of the company's workers on their choice of bargaining representative.

The T. W. U., which has grown to dominate the transportation field in the city only recently, showed the Board membership application cards from 109 of the 188. However, in order to get its franchise, the Triboro Coach Corporation had to conclude a contract with a bona fide labor or-

ganization, which it did in Jan., 1936, with the Local 1104 of the Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway and Motor Coach Employees of America, affiliated with the A. F. of L.

or America, artifated with the A. F. of L.

The contract, which provides a closed shop and check-off of dues, expires on Jan. 9, 1939. The A. F. of L. union contended that its existence prevented intervention by the Labor Board. However, the Board ruled that the employees, who had necessarily joined the Amalgamated under the closed shop agreement, never have had an opportunity to show whether they wished to be represented by it. It also held that a ratification meeting ast summer was invalid because only 50 employees attended.

Judge J. C. Knox Says Sit-Down Strikes Are Open Invitation to Violence and Bloodshed-Sees Nations' Economic System Threatened

Invitation to Violence and Bloodshed-Sees Nations' Economic System Threatened

The Nation's economic system is threatened by "the voracious octopus of government," Federal Judge John C. Knox of New York City, a former Assistant United States Attorney, charged on May 7 in a speech before the Broome County Bar Association, at Binghamton, N. Y. Judge Knox attacked sit-down strikes, as to which he is reported to have said that the government had countenanced, and he declared that they were "a constant threat to the public at large and an open invitation to violence and bloodshed." He asserted that "a disregard of healthful political living" caused the present business and economic depression. Associated Press advices of May 7 from Binghamton reported his additional remarks as follows:

For labor's discontent, Judge Knox said, "thanks may be given to certain labor leaders whose lust for power and position outstrip their true allegiance to the workers whom they assume to represent."

"When," he added, "the executives of labor unions, without interference or molestation upon the part of public authorities, and in an effort to collect dues of union members who refuse voluntarily to pay them, can stop the hum of industry, impair the stability and security of capital, prevent willing workers from earning a livelihood and increase the burden of home relief, it would appear that the time has come for officialdom to recognize its obligation to the public which as yet is unorganized."

He charged that efforts are now being made in the New York constitutional convention to make the "theory that labor is always right and capital always wrong" an integral part of the State Constitution.

Declaring that wealth "has not always been well behaved," and that "certain corporate managements are not to be credited with a proper sense of their responsibility," he added:

"For those who have offended, I have neither sympathy nor excuse.

"But, as the lash of the law cuts into the shoulders of the guilty, it will be most unjust if the tho

Railway Workers Notified of Proposed Wage Reduction

The Nation's railroads started on May 12 the machinery by which they hope to reduce their employees' basic rates of pay 15%. Through the Carriers Joint Conference Com-mittee the roads notified Chairmen of the various railway labor organizations of the intention to reduce pay, effective on July 1.

Since spokesmen for the railway brotherhoods already have announced their unwillingness to accept any reduction, the controversy must take the course provided by the Railway Labor Act, which ordinarily requires several months.

Meantime, both sides must maintain the status quo.

The next step is for the Brotherhoods to refuse formally to accept the reduction, after which the carriers will ask the National Mediation Board to act.

A 150 reduction would amount to \$250,000,000 or more

A 15% reduction would amount to \$250,000,000 or more annually.

The carriers' committee said its action "is compelled by conditions now confronting the railroad industry."

"The railroad industry faces a crisis more difficult than in 1932," it added in a public statement. "Present railroad difficulties are due to the simple fact that present costs of operation are higher than the industry can carry under

existing conditions.

"Railroad carloadings are less than they were in 1932. The railroads are receiving a lower average revenue per ton-mile than in 1932. Railroad taxes are higher than in 1932. Net earnings are far below 1932. Yet railway wage rates are now approximately 20% higher than they were in 1932."

Strength of Nation's Banks Described as Feature of Economic Situation—Leo T. Crowley Tells New Jersey Bankers Convention FDIC Has Aided Sound-ness of Financial Institutions

ness of Financial Institutions

The excellent condition of the country's banking system is the most notable feature of the current economic situation, Leo T. Crowley, Chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp., told the annual convention of the New Jersey Bankers Association at Atlantic City yesterday (May 13). A large part of the blame for the banking system's record during the past decade, he said, must be ascribed to "the unprecedented breakdown to which our whole economy was subjected. Banks joined heartily in the general feeling of optimism that led to the excesses of the boom period and they were not exempt from the effects of the deflation which followed explosion of the economic bubble." He continued, in part:

The past few years have seen a notable improvement in the quality of

The past few years have seen a notable improvement in the quality of assets held by our banks. Nearly three and one-half billion dollars of bad assets have been eliminated since 1933. This housecleaning was made possible by the injection of large amounts of new capital into our banks by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and by local investors, by the revival of values, and by improved bank earnings. For the most part sound and acceptable assets have been taken into our banks to offset the growth in deposits which occurred during the past four years. Cash and due from banks at the end of 1937 constituted 28% of the assets of insured commercial banks of the country. United States Government securities made up another 25%. Bank loans appear on the whole to be sound. Only a relatively small proportion of the securities held by the banks are of a low credit status.

Deposit insurance is essentially a mutual proposition, aimed at safety for depositors through the soundness of the whole banking system. Mutuality implies not only that the costs shall be borne by all bankers but also that all participants shall play according to the same rules. I consider it the responsibility of bankers in each State to discover and to remedy factors which are retarding their progress and which are likely to develop in that state a drain upon the Corporation's resources not commensurate with the volume of deposits insured.

W. L. Clayton Urges Abandonment of New Deal Farm Programs-Would Reopen Foreign Markets for Programs-Wou Farm Products

"Agricultural distress, resulting from the new economic nationalism, has been greatly intensified by government loans, government price-pegging and government-subsidized curtailment of production," said W. L. Clayton, of Anderson, Clayton & Co., of Houston, Tex., in speaking at the annual dinner in Washington on May 5 of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. "Such measures," Mr. Clayton went on to say, according to the Washington "Post," "grow out of the mistaken notion that the United States Government can fix the price of world grops such as cotton "grow out of the mistaken notion that the United States Government can fix the price of world crops, such as cotton and wheat. The experience of 2,000 years cries out to the contrary." Abandonment of the New Deal farm programs and rehabilitation of American agriculture through reopened foreign markets, with consequent lowering of tariffs and removal of other barriers of world trade were urged by Mr. Clayton, who was quoted in advices to the New York "Journal of Commerce" from its Washington bureau as saving: saying:

Saying:

"To solve the agricultural problem we must reopen foreign markets for farm products. And this waits primarily upon the lowering of tariffs and other barriers to world trade."

The reciprocal trade agreements program, Mr. Clayton believed, is a step in the right direction.

step in the right direction.

"The (reciprocal) program," he continued, "is the first effective, if modest, approach on a broad front to the problem of measurably restoring the principle of the division of labor on an international basis. There are powerful foes of the trade agreements program. It is argued that a reduction in the tariff would lower wages and reduce the American standard of living. step in the right direction. "The (reciprocal) programmer

"If there is one thing on which economists agree, it is that the tariff cannot protect the level of wages in the long run. Assuming a given stage of technological advance, wages are high in those countries enjoying a high proportion of capital or natural resources to population, and low where the reverse is true."

Would Release Surpluses

Would Release Surpluses

"In our interest, we must make available to other nations our great surpluses of food and fiber and raw materials at competitive world prices and on terms which will make other things than gold valid for payment. We already have their gold. The alternative is continued deterioration in the economic, social and political fabric here and elsewhere.

"The farmers have learned the meaning of subsidy. It would be a mistake to assume that they will ever surrender their subsidies until the rest of the country has the right to demand it on the basis of subsidy for none.

"Government subsidy and regimentation walk hand in hand. Do not make the mistake of thinking that agriculture can be regimented in this country and industry remain free, or that we in the United States can regiment ourselves without taking the remaining democracies with us. . . . "The only way we will ever get out of this depression is to trade and work our way out. If we will lower the barriers to international trade, remove other impediments to domestic and foreign trade, and release the initiative of the American people in the field of capital investments, there will be work for all who want to work."

One of the resolutions adopted at the convention, to which reference was made in these columns last week, pages 2948 and 2949, urged government efforts to increase foreign markets for agriculture, instead of attempting to control production.

T. W. Lamont Warns Against Turning Americans into "Robots"—Financier Says Capital and Labor Can Work Out Own Problems—Presents Gold Medal to Walter S. Gifford at Dinner of National Institute of Social Sciences

Thomas W. Lamont, a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., speaking on May 5 at the annual dinner of the National Institute of Social Sciences in New York City, declared that capital and labor are capable of solving their own problems. Mr. Lamont, who presented a gold medal to Walter S. Gifford, President of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., warned the audience that "we must not turn our sturdy Americans into robots, marching to the goose-step of regimentation." The Institute's gold medal, presented Mr. Gifford by Mr. Lamont, was awarded "for distinguished service to humanity." Similar medals were presented to John W. Davis, former Ambassador to Great Britain, and Dorothy Thompson, special Writer for the New York "Herald Tribune."

Mr. Lamont said that business men nowadays accept the fact that corporations are now subjected to a greater degree of governmental supervision than formerly, "yet the proper regulation of large business should by no means imply a supervision reaching down into the details of management." He continued:

We are passing through a time of great disillusionment, great perplexity, and it is true, as some one has said, that today the world is in a sort of winter of the spirit, so bleak and forbidding that spring, with its quickening, seems far behind. Yet in many of our sister Nations even now men of goodwill are steadily working to bring about appeasement. Physical force is never the power that will endure. Thus, despite violence and strife in parts of the globe, can we not still believe, without being blandly optimistic, that there is no real reason to despair? The world at various periods in the past has faced prospects just as bleak or bleaker. Nearly three centuries ago, James Howell wrote these words to the Earl of Dorset, and except for the turn of his quaint phrases, they might be uttered today:

"And now, my Lord, to take all Nations in a lump: I think God Almighty hath a quarrel lately with all mankind, and hath given the reins to the ill spirit to compass the whole Earth, for within these 12 years, there have been the strangest revolutions, the horridest things, happen'd, not only in Europe, but all the World over, that have befallen mankind . . . so that it seems the whole Earth is off the Hinges."

And so I am one of those who cling to the conviction that the very ex-

seems the whole Earth is off the Hinges."

And so I am one of those who cling to the conviction that the very extremes of some of these foreign experiments in government will finally bring reaction, will restore once more the old time liberties of the individual, and thus lead to a saner, a more just, a better order world.

As to how America can offer encouragement to such revival and renewal of the individual, as contrasted with the State, I cannot say. Yet at least we ought to try to show clearly to the world that a democratic State like ours is capable of ordering its own internal affairs with intelligence and success. We should demonstrate that class slogans or hatreds have no part in the American scheme of things; that, in multiplying our material possessions, we are not losing our real wealth which consists in the higher things of this life; that capital and labor are capable of solving their own problems in a spirit of goodwill; that America can give an example of tolerance and of generosity exercised both within and without its borders—that these are the achievements that will make a Nation truly great and powerful. powerful.

powerful.

Intelligence, integrity and the gift of leadership will win out tomorrow as they do today, as they did yesterday. The Telephone Co. is a product of these qualities, exercised in a free society. It is a monument to the possibilities of private enterprise, just as, in this American world of ours, you, Mr. Gifford, are, through personal public service in private life, the exemplar of personal achievement. If we are to avoid either extreme of government management of our lives, such as is now prevalent on the continent of Europe, it will be by making individualism work, as Mr. Gifford is making it work, with charity for those in need, with fairness to employees and to the public it serves, and with fair profits to the public who provide the capital for the enterprise. for the enterprise.

Bernarr Macfadden Proposes Government Lift Taxes on Business for Year and Use \$5,000,000,000 Recovery Fund for Trade Revival—Publisher Debates with Senator Schwellenbach

A recovery suggestion that the government collect no taxes from business for one year and that the proposed \$5,000,000,000 "pump-priming" program be diverted for the exclusive use of encouraging trade revival was made on May 8 by Bernarr Macfadden, New York magazine publisher, in a radio debate with Senator Lewis B. Swellenbach of Washington, in a discussion of the Administration's recovery policies. Mr. Macfadden declared against some New Deal methods, including "Hitlerized restrictions" in the Wagner Labor Act, and he charged that the National Labor Relations Board has proved "just a modern Spanish inquisition." Extracts from both addresses follow, as given in Lutted Press, Washington edulors of May 8.

quisition." Extracts from both addresses follow, as given in United Press Washington advices of May 8:

The pending wages-hours bill, he [Mr. Macfadden] said, would be another "sledge-hammer blow to business," and he appealed to the people to barrage their Congressmen with letters and telegrams demanding that they vote against it. New Deal regulatory policies, he said, are in harmony with "Hitler's or Mussolini's plan of government" and threaten

harmony with "Hitler's or Mussolini's plan of government" and threaten American democracy.

He questioned whether the new recovery fund would be used for political purposes and vigorously condemned the pump-priming policy.

"Imagine what would happen," he said "if we could make our officials understand that business is the source of prosperity and they would then take this huge relief fund which Congress is now considering and instead of dispensing it as now proposed would use it to encourage and promote business. Suppose business could be told that for one year there would be no taxes and that thereafter the taxes would be only a sufficient amount to support the government.

Billions upon billions would be released which are now hidden away or invested in frozen securities."

Senator Schwellenbach ridiculed contentions that American democracy is threatened by New Deal policies. But if it is in danger, he said, "the danger comes from those who want the government to ignore the people who have a right to control it."

Newspaper Publishers Annual Convention Adopts Resolution Pledging Defense of All in Fight for Freedom of Press—Condemn NLRB for "Lawless" Actions

The American Newspaper Publishers Association, in concluding its annual convention on April 28, reelected all officers and adopted a resolution criticizing "lawless" activities of the National Labor Relations Board. Another resolution pledged the Association to defend anyone in the United States whose rights to a free press are infringed, with confidence that those rights will be upheld by the United States Supreme Court. Five hundred editors who attended the convention charged the NLRB with acting in attended the convention charged the NLRB with acting in direct violation of "the constitutional guarantee of the freedom of the press." Still another resolution criticized the senatorial committee formerly headed by Supreme Court Justice Hugo L. Black for "unconstitutional activities" and praised publisher Frank L. Gannett for resisting an "illegal demand" for private records in connection with the recent controversy over the government reorganization bill.

In commenting on the A. N. P. A. resolutions, the New York "Times" of April 29 said:

The convention held closed sessions, and when the publicity representative of the Association made public copies of the resolutions adopted he withheld the names of those who had proposed and seconded them. . . .

The members were warned that they must keep up their fight for freedom of the press to prevent encroachment by Federal, State and local officials, in a report by the Committee on Freedom of the Press, and in an address by Elisha Hanson, general counsel to the Association.

The report said the committee took pleasure in reporting that the Supreme Court on March 28 "again upheld the freedom of the press in another unanimous decision" in the case of Alma Lovell against the City of Griffin, Ga. This was the decision in which the protection of the First Amendment to the Constitution was extended to a field not hitherto adjudicated—that of distributing circulars. It resulted in the abandonment by Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City of a local ordinance involved in his recent dispute with the Committee for Industrial Organization over the distribution of union literature on public streets.

Not only should the decision "silence those people who have been pretending that our long battle to maintain freedom of the press has been a selfish effort to maintain a special privilege," the report said, but it also threw "into sharp relief" the cases referred to in the Association's resolution on the National Labor Relations Board.

After citing two cases in which the NLRB compelled or sought to compel testimony by "implied threat of fine and imprisonment," the report said: "The American Newspaper Publishers Association, through its Committee on Freedom of the Press will take an interest in every attack upon

testimony by "implied threat of fine and imprisonment," the report said:
"The American Newspaper Publishers Association, through its Committee on Freedom of the Press, will take an interest in every attack upon that freedom wherever it takes place and whoever is responsible. The membership is invited again to avail itself of these services and is asked to inform the Association promptly of any infringements, actual or threatened, which come to the attention of any member."

Merchants' Association of New York in Letter to Members of Congress Urges Vote Against Wage and Hour Bill

The Merchants' Association of New York announced on May 12 that it had sent a letter to each member of the New York State delegation in the House of Representatives urging a vote against the Wages and Hours Bill which is now before the House. In part the letter says:

now before the House. In part the letter says:

The Merchants' Association of New York urges that you vote against the Wages and Hours Bill amending S. 2475. The Association, after careful investigation and study, opposed the Wages and Hours Bill, S. 2475, while it was under consideration by the Senate. Except for a change in administrative methods and the fact that the minimum wage of 40 cents an hour and a maximum work week of 40 hours is arrived at in several steps, the effect of the amended bill would be substantially the same as the Wages and Hours Bill, S. 2475, which was passed by the Senate.

The Merchants' Association of New York has taken the stand that "the universal payment of fair wages, the elimination of industrial exploitation of children and the maintenance of fair working conditions are worthy objectives and deserve wide support." However, while the objectives sought by the amended bill, as outlined in Section 2, under the heading "Findings and Declaration of Policy," may be desirable, it is convinced that the new bill would saddle the Federal Government with supervisory and administrative activities which would be extremely cumbersome, complicated, extensive and probably costly.

In any case, the objectives outlined in Section 2 could be accomplished by the States themselves, with the added advantage that the State laws could be made more workable and easily administered. Because the State scould and undoubtedly would develop in their own jurisdictions equitable standards of wages and hours, competition between employers in the different States would be conducted on a greatly improved basis as a result of such State laws.

Since this amended bill has such serious and adverse implications for business, particularly at a time when the welfare of the country requires that business receive as much encouragement from government as possible.

Since this amended bill has such serious and adverse implications for business, particularly at a time when the welfare of the country requires that business receive as much encouragement from government as possible, we trust you will vote against it and discourage any similar legislation which would make the Federal Government the arbiter of hours and wages, or assign to it responsibility for the nation-wide supervision and administration of activities of this type.

Cessation of Government Competition in Public Utility Field Urged by National Association of Mutual Savings Banks—Better Outlook for Mortgage and Realty Market Viewed by Stewart McDonald of FHA

In additions to the resolutions for the betterment of the railroad situation adopted at the annual meeting in New York City of the National Association of Mutual Savings Banks (given in our May 6 issue, page 2947), a resolution was also adopted "urging that in the interest of general business recovery there be a cessation of Government competition in the public utility field." We quote from the New York "Times" of May 5, which likewise said:

The resolution declared that when and if the Government withdrew from ompetition its action would encourage institutional investors to produce he "funds needed for improvement and expansion" in the utility field. The association adopted another resolution advocating State laws re-

quiring more uniformity in the financing and accounting methods of municipalities and other State divisions.

The resolution with respect to the utilities followed an address by Thomas N. McCarter, President, of the Public Service Corp. of New Jersey to which reference was made in our item of a week ago.

An optimistic statement on the outlook for stabilized mortgage and realty market was made before the conference of the Association on May 6 by Stewart McDonald, Administrator of the Federal Housing Administration. He said:

In three and a half years we have insured 230,000 mortgages amounting to \$930,000,000. We have selected out of counties thousands of applications 400,000 mortgages for \$1,660,000,000, and of that number have accepted for insurance 300,000 for \$1,200,000,000. In other words, about 22%, for various reasons, either have not or could not materialize as mortgages as worthy of Government insurance.

In explaining the functioning of the FHA, Mr. McDonald continued in part:

In many ways the system is unique in that it seeks to encourage what is considered sound practice rather than attempting to forbid what is now generally accepted as bad practice. Its success depends entirely upon the voluntary cooperation by established lenders, and that cooperation comes

through enlightened self-interest. Under it, the creation of an intelligent and unified home mortgage market in the United States is encouraged, a system to replace the previous disorganization which in 1933 faced countless of their shelters to no profit or benefit of any group

A better and sounder mortgage structure is being built out of the experience with past mortgage difficulties, it was stated on May 6 by John H. Fahey, Chairman of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, at the closing session of the conference who was also reported to the following effect in the "Times."

Mr. Fahey declared further that the shortage of houses was the greatest in the country's history, that the housing problem was one of the nation's greatest and, concerning the Home Owners Loan Corporation's foreclosure on some 70,000 homes, that "the outstanding fact is not that the corporation may ultimately have 15% of foreclosures but that 85% or more of homes that were absolutely lost have been saved." Mr. Fahey announced that he was opposed to any reduction in the interest rates.

Literary Digest Purchased by Time

It was announced on May 9, by Ralph McAllister Ingersoll, publisher of "Time" weekly news magazine, that "Time" had purchased the "Literary Digest" and that beginning with the May 23 issue, the two magazines would be issued as one with both names being used on the mast-head. From the New York "Herald Tribune" of May 12 we take the following regarding the purchase: following regarding the purchase:

following regarding the purchase:

The name "The Literary Digest" will be continued on "Time's" masthead. "The Digest," which had absorbed "The Review of Reviews," "World's Work" and "Current Opinion," is the second old-established weekly purchased by Time, Inc., in the last two years. In 1936, the company bought the 53-year-old humorous magazine "Life" and changed it into a news picture weekly, retaining the name.

In commenting on the sale of "The Digest," which was founded in 1890 by Isaac Kauffman Funk and Adam Willis Wagnalls, Mr. Ingersoll said: "The Literary Digest' has held an honored place in American publishing for more than two generations. In our generation we hope that "Time" is the worthy journalistic successor of these great magazines, whose subscribers remained loyal to the very end, shall disappear from the American scene."

Several Newspapers in East, Including New York "Times" and "Herald Tribune" Raise Prices Due to Increases in Production Costs—Two Papers Suspend Publication

Substantial increases in the costs of newspaper publishing Substantial increases in the costs of newspaper publishing has made necessary increased rates for daily newspapers in the Eastern section of the country. The New York "Times" and New York "Herald Tribune," both daily morning newspapers, raised their prices from 2 to 3 cents on May 2. Similar increases were announced for 3 Philadelphia papers; the "record," and "Inquirer," morning dailies, and the "Evening Bulletin" the change in price becoming effective May 9. Both the Syracuse "Herald" and the Syracuse "Journal" raised the rates for their daily editions on May 2. The weekly rate for editions delivered to homes was increased The weekly rate for editions delivered to homes was increased from 18 to 20 cents and the newsstand sale price from 3 to 5

On April 30 the suspension of publication by the St. Paul (Minn.) "Daily News" and the Providence (R. I.) "Tribune" was announced. As to the reasons for halting publication on the St. Paul paper, Associated Press advices from St. Paul on April 20 gold. Paul on April 30 said:

Paul on April 30 said:

The St. Paul "Dally News" suspended publication as a daily subscription newspaper today and will be printed twice weekly henceforth as "The St. Paul Shopper., for free distribution.

The "News" was established March 1, 1900.

In a statement the paper said "the present depression has intensified losses to a point where it is no longer possible to maintain the newspaper as a daily publication," and added that because of rising publication costs and declining revenues the paper had operated at a loss since May, 1935.

The suspension leaves St. Paul with only one morning daily and yaper, "The Pioneer Press," and one evening daily "The Dispatch."

Proceedings the Providence paper an Associated Press

Regarding the Providence paper, an Associated Press Providence dispatch of April 30 stated:

The "Providence Tribune" suspended publication today. The Providence Journal Co., which had published it in regular form at and later as a tabloid since it bought all assets of the paper at a receivership sale last winter, made the announcement. As "The Star-Tribune" the paper had been published previously by Walter E. O'Hara, former Narragansett Race Track manager.

In our issue of Feb. 26, page 1338 we gave a list of numerous newspapers throughout the country which have raised prices due to higher production costs.

Death of Ralph T. Crane, Vice-President and Director of Brown Harriman & Co.—Was Former President of Investment Bankers Association

Ralph T. Crane, Vice-President and Director of Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., died suddenly of a heart attack at his home in Montelair, N. J., on May 10. Mr. Crane, who was formerly President of the Investment Bankers Association of America was a member of its Board of Governors and was also actively engaged in the work of the Investment Bankers Conference, Inc. as a member of its Governing Committee. He was at his office as usual on May 9, had suffered no recent illness and was apparantly in the best of health. The following regarding Mr. Crane's career is from an announcement in the matter:

Mr. Crane was born in Montelair, N. J., on May 22, 1878. After ob-

Mr. Crane was born in Montclair, N. J., on May 22, 1878. After obtaining his early business training in New York he became an executive of the Montclair Savings Bank. In 1914 he became a member of Ludwig & Crane, a municipal bond house in New York, and during the war was

loaned by that firm to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. At the end of the war he became Manager of the Member Banks Relations Department of the Federal Reserve Bank. In 1921 he became associated with Brown Brothers & Co. and was admitted to partnership in that firm in 1929. He continued as a partner of the successor firm of Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., until the organization in June, 1934, of Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., of which he then became Vice-President and Director.

He was also a Director of American Ice Co., Knickerbocker Ice Co., Grand Union Co., and West Indies Sugar Corp., a member of the Board of Voting Trustees of Valspar Corp and was a member of the Board of Managers of the Montclair Savings Bank. He was President of the Bond Club of New York in 1935-1936, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York.

Mr. Crane was active in the work of the Investment Bankers Association over a period of more than 12 years. He was a member of the National Committee of 22 which drafted the fair practice provisions of the Investment Bankers code and in his capacity as President of the Investment Bankers Association and latterly, as a member of the Governing Committee of the Investment Bankers Conference, worked untiringly and with great success to raise the standards of the business and to promote harmonious relationships within the investment banking community and between relationships within the investment banking community and between dealers generally and those charged by Congress with responsibility for the administration of the Securities Act and other regulatory laws.

Death of Charles H. Coe, a Vice-President of Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Reserve Bank of New York
Charles H. Coe, a Vice-President of the Federal Reserve
Bank of New York, died of a heart attack on May 7 at his
home in Maplewood, N. J. He was 59 years old. Mr. Coe
had been connected with the Federal Reserve Bank of New
York since it was established in 1914. He was made an
Assistant Deputy Governor in 1928 and Deputy Governor
in 1934. In February, 1936, when provisions of the Banking
Act of 1935 changed the titles of Federal Reserve officers, Mr.
Coe beggmen a Vice-President Coe became a Vice-President.

Senator Donahey Named to Head Joint Congressional Committee Investigating TVA—House Committee-men Propose Questioning TVA Heads

on April 27 the membership of the Joint Congressional Committee named to investigate the Tennessee Valley Authority elected Senator Donahey, Democrat of Ohio, as its Chairman, and Representative Mead, Democrat of New York, Vice-Chairman. Although the actual inquiry is not expected to start until after the adjournment of Congress, the committee authorized Senator Donahey to employ a clerk to take care of the preliminary work.

The House members of the committee on May 7 proposed that the inquiry be expedited by asking the three directors of the TVA Board to make detailed statements of the con-

of the TVA Board to make detailed statements of the controversy. According to Associated Press advices from Washington, May 7, Representative Mead had the following to say regarding this plan:

to say regarding this plan:

Representative Mead, Democrat of New York, Vice-Chairman, said he thought the committee should call Arthur E. Morgan, Harcourt Morgan and David Lilienthal to "tell us what they know" about the controversy which led to President Roosevelt's removal of Arthur E. Morgan as Chairman of the directors.

"Our idea is that they should appear and make whatever statements they want to, without cross-examination or many questions," Mr. Mead said. "Then, as soon as expedient, we could make a tour of the Tennessee Valley Authority, start an audit of the books, examine the records and, after we got the whole thing in our minds, start hearings."

Senator Frazier, Republican of North Dakota, a committee member, proposed that there be a group tour after Congress adjourns.

Chamber of Commerce of State of New York Elects 23 to Membership

At the annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of At the annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, on May 5, 23 business executives were elected to membership, among whom were James H. Rand Jr., President and Chairman of the Board of Remington Rand, Inc.; Albert W. Hawkes, President of Congoleum-Nairn, Inc.; Harry C. Beaver, President of Worthington Pump & Machinery Corp.; Herbert R. Gallagher, President of Consolidated Oil Corp.; Karl D. Gardner, President of W. T. Grant Co., and Wilson P. Foss Jr., Chairman of the Board of New York Trap Rock Corp. The others elected were: Chairman of the Board of New York Trap Rock Corp. To others elected were:

Albert C. Bruce, President United States Hoffman Machinery Corp. Harry Brandon of Anglo-French Drug Co.
Benjamin J. Buttenwieser of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.
Charles D. Draper of H. N. Whitney & Sons.
Arthur S. Jenkins, President Consolidated Laundries Corp.
Herbert T. Kalmus, President Technicolor Motion Picture Corp.
F. Carlton Loeber, Partner Metal Craft Studios.
Thomas F. McCarthy, President Austin, Nichols & Co.
Arthur J. Morris, President Morris Plan Industrial Bank.
John A. Morris of Gude Winmill & Co.
Roy W. Moore, President Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc.
Robert Newhouse of Newhouse & Sayre.
William P. Pickhardt, Chairman of the Board, Agfa Ansco Corp.
Mark W. Potter, President Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Corp.
Harold V. Smith, President Home Insurance Co.
Clyde S. Stilwell, Vice-President National Biscuit Co.
Italo E. Verrando, General Manager Italian Line.

v York Stock Exchange Elects Entire Slate in Record Vote—W. McC. Martin Chosen Chairman— 27 Others Named to Board—924 Members Cast Vote

At the annual election of the New York Stock Exchange, held May 9, the entire official slate of the Nominating Committee was elected without opposition. The total vote cast was 924 out of 1,375 members, compared with a total

vote last year of 659, and it s said to be the largest vote east for an uncont sted election. William McC. Martin, Jr., of A. G. Edwards & Sons, was elected to the newly created post of Chairman of the Board of Governors for a one-year term. He received 913 votes. In addition to Mr. Martin: 27 Governors of the Exchange were elected. The names of these and the number of votes they received are as follows,

For Fifteen Governors (Members of the Exchange)

Five for the Term of One Year—	
Edward E Bartlett, Jr., E. A. Pierce & Co.	843
Benjamin H. Brinton, Brinton & Co	898
R. Lawrence Oakley, Maynard, Oakley & Lawrence	841
Winton G. Rossiter, Jas. H. Oliphant & Co.	
H. Allen Wardle	876
Five for the Term of Two Years—	
Joseph D. Gengler	
Charles B. Harding, Smith, Barney & Co	911
Harry K. Smith, Shearson, Hammill & Co	891
Tacch C. Stone, Asiel & Co.	900
Sidney J. Weinberg, Goldman, Sachs & Co	793
Five for the Term of Three Years—	
William Kurt Beckers, Spencer Trask & Co	912
Robert P. Boylan, Clement, Curtis & Co	899
John A. Coleman, Adler, Coleman & Co.	896
Joseph Klingenstein, Wertheim & Co	859
Robert L. Stott, Wagner, Stott & Co	878
For Six Governors	
(Non-Members—Residing in the Metropolitan Area of the City of New York)	
Two for the Term of One Year-	
John M. Hancock, Lehman Brothers	919
Robert V. White, Jackson & Curtis	918
Two for the Term of Two Years-	
Robert A. Drysdale, Drysdale & Co	920
Paul V. Shields, Shields & Co.	

For Six Governors

(Members or Non-Members—Residing outside of the Metropolitan Area of the City of New York)

For Trustee of the Gratuity Fund

For the Term of Five Years—
William D. Scholle, Scholle Brothers______913

Governing Committee of New York Stock Exchange Adopts Resolution Honoring Charles R. Gay, Retiring President

The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange at its meeting on May 11 adopted a resolution recording "its gratitude to Charles R. Gay and its respect and warm affection for him" and paying tribute to him for the part he played in the advancement of the Exchange. Mr. Gay's term as President expires on May 16 after serving the Exchange for three consecutive years. The resolution follows: the Exchange for three consecutive years. follows:

follows:

On May 16, 1938, Charles R. Gay completes his third consecutive term as President of the New York Stock Exchange. His incumbency has coincided with a period of profound difficulty. In a world distraught by threats of war and plunged again into economic disorder by a major recession in business, it has required calm judgment and steadfastness of purpose to maintain the high traditions of the Exchange. In a period of declining prices and a vastly reduced volume of business which has threatened the very existence of many member firms and in the face of increasing demands upon the administration of the Exchange to cope with the new duties and obligations imposed by the Federal regulation of securities exchanges, it has required unswerving loyalty to sound principle in discharging the duties of President of the Exchange. Mr. Gay possessed these qualities in high degree and in addition absolute impartiality in representing the interests of every member of the Exchange irrespective of the nature of his business. With tireless energy and unselfish devotion, he has subordinated his personal interests completely to the advancement of the Exchange and it is due in no small part to his personal qualities that its administrative organization has been modernized and equipped to meet the demands of a rapidly changing world.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Governing Committee of the Exchange, in behalf of the entire membership of the Exchange, records

the Exchange, in behalf of the entire membership of the Exchange, records its gratitude to Charles R. Gay and its respect and warm affection for him.

George H. Davis Re-elected President of Chamber of Commerce of United States—Two New Vice-Presidents Elected—18 Directors Named

Presidents Elected—18 Directors Named
George H. Davis, Kansas City, Mo., grain operator, was re-elected President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States for another year by the Board of Directors on May 5. The Board also re-elected John W. O'Leary, Chicago manufacturer, as Chairman of the Chamber's Executive Committee. Two new Vice-Presidents were elected; W. Gibson Carey, of New York, President of Yale & Towne Manufacturing Co. and W. C. Mullendore, of Los Angeles, Executive Vice-President of Southern California Edison Co. The Vice-Presidents re-elected were:

Clem D. Johnston, Roanoke, Va., vice-president of Roanoke Public Warehouse; Joseph W. Evans, of Houston, Tex., Evans & Co.; James S. Kemper, Chicago, president Lumbermen's Mutual Casualty Co., and Fred H. Clausen, Horicon, Wis., President of Van Brunt Manufacturing Co.

Robert V. Fleming, Washington, D. C., President and Chairman of the Board of Riggs National Bank, was reelected Treasurer.

Delegates to the chamber's annual convention elected 18

Delegates to the chamber's annual convention elected to Directors. They were:
Clifford S. Anderson, Worcester, Mass.; H. W. Prentis, jr., Lancaster, Pa.; Thomas C. Boushall, Richmond, Va.; Thomas R. Preston, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Raymond H. Berry, Detroit; Sterling Morton, Chicago; Thomas J. Strickler, Kanass City; F. A. Irish, Fargo, N. Dak.; Rober D. Lapham, San Francisco; Clinton H. Haskell, Chicago; William Fortune, Indianapolis; R. E. Campbell, Lincoln, Nebr.; Charles F. Zimmerman, Huntingdon, Pa.; James W. Spangler, Seattle; J. H. R. Timanus, Philadelphia; Jesse A. Bloch, Wheeling, W. Va.; James F. Owens, Oklahoma City, and Samuel T. Bledsoe, Chicago. Bledsoe, Chicago

New York Stock Exchange Building Co. Elects B. H. Brinton as President—Board Reduced to Five Members

The New York Stock Exchange Building Co., at a meet-The New York Stock Exchange Building Co., at a meeting on May 10, elected Benjamin H. Brinton, President; Edward E. Bartlett Jr., Vice-President; John A. Coleman, Treasurer, and John Rutherford, Assistant Treasurer. These four officers, together with William McC. Martin Jr., who will take office on May 16 as Chairman of the Board of the Exchange, will constitute the Board of Directors of the Building Co., which was reduced from nine to five members. The 39 Broad Street Corp., which is a subsidiary company of the Building Co., made similar changes in its officers and Board of Directors.

O. C. Billings Elected President of New York Quotation Co.—Other Officers and Board Chosen

The New York Quotation Co., at a meeting on May 11, elected Oliver C. Billings, President; Dean K. Worcester, Vice-President, and John A. Cissel, Treasurer. These three officers, together with Arthur F. Broderick and A. Heyward McAlpin, will constitute the Board of Directors of the Quotation Co., which was reduced from seven to five

A. M. Betts Nominated as Chairman of Board of Governors of Chicago Stock Exchange—Annual Election to Be Held June 6

Arthur M. Betts, senior partner of the brokerage firm of Alfred L. Baker & Co., Chicago, was nominated on May 5 by the Nominating Committee of the Chicago Stock Exchange for the office of Chairman of the Board of Governors to succeed Thaddeus R. Benson, who was elected Chairman and appointed President on March 31 under the new constitution to effect a temporary organization Mr. unairman and appointed President on March 31 under the new constitution to effect a temporary organization. Mr. Betts, who became a member of the Exchange in 1930, has served as a member of the Governing Committee continuously since 1931. The annual election of officers of the Chicago Stock Exchange will be held on June 6.

The following were nominated to serve three years on the Board of Governors: Laurance H. Armour, Thaddeus R. Benson, William T. Bacon, John J. Bryant Jr., Richard W. Phillips, Alfred E. Turner, Herbert M.

Governors: Laurance H. Armour, Thaddeus R. Benson, William I. Bacon, John J. Bryant Jr., Richard W. Phillips, Alfred E. Turner, Herbert M. Weil and Hugh H. Wilson.

Ralph Chapman was nominated to serve two years and Warren A. Lamson to serve one year on the Board of Governors.

The following were nominated to serve on the 1939 Nominating Committee: Leeds Mitchell, Chairman; John R. Burdick Jr., Wentworth P. Mackenzie, Winthrop H. Smith and John C. Stewart.

Of the 10 nominees for the Board of Governors, the Exchange said, Messrs. Armour, Bacon, Bryant, Phillips, Turner and Lamson, whose terms expire June 6, were renominated. Messrs. Weil, Wilson and Chapman are not now members of the Board of Governors and are nominated to succeed Messrs. Kingman Douglas, Wentworth P. Mackenzie, Alfred W. Mansfield and Harold J. Mills, whose terms also expire June 6 next. Of the 10 nominees for the Board of Governors,

President Roosevelt Nominates John W. Hanes as Assistant Secretary of Treasury

President Roosevelt on May 12 nominated John W. Hanes, a member of the Securities and Exchange Commission, to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Hanes has been a member of the SEC since last Dec. 10 but did not assume his duties until Jan. 14, as was noted in our Jan. 22 issue, page 538. The appointment was made following a brief conference between the President, Secretary Morgenthau and Mr. Hanes.

Appointment of Roy Blough as Director of Tax Research in Treasury Department Announced by Secretary Morgenthau

Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. announced on May 9 the appointment of Roy Blough, Ph.D., Associate Professor in the Department of Economics, Graduate School of Public Administration, of the University of Cincinnati, as Director of Tax Research in the Treasury Department, the appointment to be effective June 1. The following regarding Mr. Blough is from the Treasury's announcement:

Treasury's announcement:

Treasury's announcement:

Dr. Blough is well known as a tax statistician and economist and writer on tax problems. Before joining the faculty of the University of Cincinnati he was Chief Statistician of the Wisconsin State Tax Commission. He was associate director of a tax study recently completed by the Twentieth Century Fund and was co-author of the resulting book, entitled "Facing The Tax Problem," published by the Fund. He has contributed numerous articles on tax problems to technical journals. He is Chairman of the Committee on Social Security Legislation and Administration of the National Tax Association and has acted as consultant to the Bureau of Research and Statistics of the Social Security Board. He participated in a study of tax problems for the Treasury Department in August and September of last year, under the direction of Under Secretary Magill.

Charles West Resigns as Under-Secretary of Interior-H. Slattery Nominated by President Roosevelt

Charles West resigned as Under-Secretary of the Interior, it was announced yesterday (May 13). Shortly after his resignation was made known at the White House, President Roosevelt nominated Harry Slattery of South Carolina to succeed Mr. West. Mr. Slattery is now a personal assistant to Secretary Ickes in the Interior Department.

Richard C. Patterson Jr. Named by President Roosevelt as Assistant Secretary of Commerce

President Roosevelt on April 29 nominated Richard C. Patterson Jr., of New York, to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce to take the place left vacant since the appointment of Ernest G. Draper as a member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. A reference to the appointment of Mr. Draper appeared in our March 25 issue, page 1978. issue, page 1978.

J. A. Elbe Elected President of New York Chapter of American Institute of Banking

At the annual meeting of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking held May 10, John A. Elbe, Cashier of the Lincoln Savings Bank of Brooklyn, was elected to the office of President of the Chapter. Mr. Elbe, present First Vice-President, will assume office on June 1, succeeding J. Stanley Brown of the Chemical Bank and

He becomes the administrative head of the local chapter of 4,800 members drawn from the financial institutions of the metropolitan district, the largest single unit of the 238 chapters of the American Institute of Banking scattered

Other officers elected for a concurrent term were:

Daniel F. O'Meara, Public National Bank & Trust Co., First Vice-

President.
President.
Clinton W. Schwer, Chase National Bank, Second Vice-President.
H. Miller Lawder, Irving Trust Co., Treasurer.
Clarence V. Joerndt, National City Bank, Chief Consul.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, &c.

Arrangements were made May 12 for the sale of two New York Curb Exchange memberships at \$10,800 and \$11,000 respectively. The latter showed a gain of \$3,000 over the last previous sale on April 7, 1938.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Grace National Bank, New York, it was announced that Edward Adams, Jr., Assistant Cashier, was made Assistant Vice-President of the Grace National Bank. Mr. Adams graduated from Rutgers College in 1927 and joined the Grace National Bank in Sept., 1928, and has been connected with the institution since that time.

Edward Strecker, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Union National Bank of Troy, N. Y., and associated with the institution for 58 years, died at his home in Troy, on May 9, after a long illness. He was 71 years old.

John A. Lowell Blake, Vice-Treasurer of the Provident Institution for Savings of Boston, Mass., and a partner for more than 30 years in the recently dissolved Stock Exchange firm of Blake Brothers & Co. of New York and Boston, died suddenly of a heart attack at his summer home in Beverly Farms, Mass., on May 9. The deceased banker, who was 58 years old, was born in Boston and was graduated from Harvard University in 1902. Subsequently for two years, 1910 and 1911, he served as Comptroller of Harvard University. Mr. Blake had only been associated with the Provident Institution for Savings as Vice-Treasurer for a week at the time of his death. Among many other interests, he was a director of the Plymouth Cordage Co., the Union Twist Drill Co., the Gilchrist Co. and the Nashua Manufacturing Co. He was also a Lieutenant Colonel in the Tenth Regiment of Infantry, Massachusetts State Guard.

C. Barton Brewster has been elected a Vice-President of the Provident Trust Co. of Philadelphia and has assumed charge of its real estate and mortgage departments, accord-ing to "Money and Commerce" of May 7, which went on to sav:

Mr. Brewster was born in Philadelphia, the grandson of Judge F. Carrol Brewster, former Attorney General of Pennsylvania. After some years as a practicing attorney, he became an officer of the old Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Co., and is now President of the Provident Title Co. (an affiliate of the Provident Trust Co.), which office he will continue to hold for the present.

At a recent meeting of the directors of the People's Trust Co. of Tamaqua, Pa., E. G. Wade, who had been Secretary-Treasurer of the bank since its organization, was promoted to Vice-President while continuing as Treasurer. He succeeds in his new office the late John M. Nester. Advices from Tamaqua, printed in "Money and Commerce" of March 7, from which this is learned, added:

F. P. Krebs, who has served as Solicitor since the bank was organized, was elected Secretary-Solicitor of the institution. Howard B. Reiman, Teller, was elected Trust Officer

Teller, was elected Trust Officer.

Plans have been completed for the opening on May 16 of the new Union Bank of Commerce of Cleveland, Ohio, in the banking quarters formerly occupied by the Union Trust Co., of which it is a reorganization. On the same artist Co., or which it is a reorganization. On the same date, Union Trust Co. depositors will receive by mail checks drawn on the new bank and deposit slips aggregating almost \$38,000,000, representing a 35% dividend on their deposits in the old bank. This will bring the total amount received by depositors to 80% of their claims, the remaining 20% being paid in the form of five-year creditors' notes of Union Properties, Inc. Cleveland advices in the matter went on to say in part: went on to say, in part:

Went on to say, in part:

The bank will be primarily a commercial banking institution. It will offer services including commercial checking accounts, commercial loans, collateral loans, collections, correspondent bank facilities, foreign banking, acceptances, letters of credit, travelers' checks, checking accounts for individuals, safe deposit, and safe keeping of securities.

Officers are: Oscar L. Cox, President; Clare W. Banta, Executive Vice-President; C. B. Anderson, H. F. Burmester, H. E. Hills and E. N. Wagley, Vice-Presidents; G. R. Herzog, Cashier; G. W. Andrews, Louis L. Cox and E. F. Meyers, Assistant Cashiers.

Capital funds consist of \$4,000,000 of common stock, \$1,000,000 of preferred stock, \$2,000,000 surplus, and \$1,000,000 undivided profits.

Howard S. Alsip, for 16 years an employee of the First National Bank of Chicago, was elected President of the Chicago Chapter of the American Institute of Banking, at the annual meeting on May 10. Over two thousand members voted in the election. T. Alex Vaughey of the City National Bank & Trust Co., was elected Vice-President and George S. Allen of the Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Treasurer. The American Institute of Banking, with over 60,000 members, is the educational section of the American Bankers Association. The Chicago Chapter is one of the largest units in the organization, with over 4,000 members.

A charter was issued on April 30 for the Skala National Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. The new institution, which represents a conversion of the Skala State Bank, is capitalized at \$200,000. Joseph Skala is President of the new bank and W. P. Horvat, Cashier.

The directors of the First National Bank of Monroe, Mich., have elected H. Lee Rauch President of the First National Bank of Monroe, Mich., to succeed his father, the late Edward C. Rauch, who had served as President since 1915, it is learned from the "Michigan Investor" of May 7, which added: which added:

Mr. Rauch was recently named President of the Consolidated Paper Co. ince Aug. 9, 1921, Mr. Rauch has been a member of the bank's Board of Directors.

Carl P. Smith was elected Vice-President and Trust Officer of the Citizens National Trust & Savings Bank of Los Angeles, Calif., at the May meeting of the Board of Directors. As Assistant Trust Officer he had long been closely associated with the late Halcott B. Thomas, whom he succeeds. The bank's announcement continued:

For a number of years Mr. Smith has had immediate charge of corporate trusts for the Citizens. To that work he brought not only his legal training but an extended experience in corporate affairs. He was Assistant to the late J. Ross Clark, who built the Los Angeles & Salt Lake RR., and following the merger of that line with the Union Pacific became Assistant General Manager of the latter system. He left that position to enter the trust department of the Citizens in 1924.

THE CURB EXCHANGE

Higher prices and a moderately increased turnover were the outstanding features of the trading on the New York Curb Exchange during fore part of the present week. There were occasional periods of selling that checked the advance temporarily, but the trend of the market generally pointed upward until Thursday when prices turned downward. Public utilities and mining and metal stocks have been in good demand and there has been considerable interest apparent in the industrial specialties, but the gains in these groups have been less pronounced.

Trading on the Curb market was fairly brisk during the short session on Saturday, and while there were brief bursts of selling apparent from time to time, it was quickly absorbed without noticeable check to the steady upward trend. Mining and metal shares were particularly active and some modest gains were recorded in this group. Public utilities were strong during the early trading but slowed up as the day advanced. Industrial specialties also attracted some speculative attention and registered a few small advances, and oil shares were quiet. The transfers for the day were approximately 106,000 shares against 34,000 on the preceding Saturday. The gains included among others Aluminium, Ltd., 2 points to 89½; Babcock & Wilcox, 1½ points to 23½; and Sherwin-Williams, 1½ points to 89½.

Prices held fairly steady during the morning trading on Monday but turned sharply upward in the final hour and a number of trading favorites among the industrials and public utilities registered substantial gains as the market closed. There were some wide swings among the odd lots, but the market, as a whole, held most of its gains to the close. Industrial specialties were in good demand and a number of the trading favorites moved higher in the closing spurt. Prominent among the leaders registering substantial advances were Aluminum Co. of America, 4 points to 82; Fisk Rubber pref., 5 points to 60; Niagara Hudson 2 pref. (5), 6 points to 66; Singer Manufacturing Co., 2 points to 230; Newmont Mining, 2½ points to 59 and Technicolor, 2½ points to 22¾.

Industrial specialties assumed the market leadership on Tuesday and many prominent stocks in the group climbed

points to 22%.

Industrial specialties assumed the market leadership on Tuesday and many prominent stocks in the group elimbed upward from 1 to 3 or more points. In other sections of the list the gains were less pronounced though there were some scattered advances of a point or more among the preferred stocks in the public utility issues. Oil shares were quiet and mining and metal stocks were steady but showed few changes. The volume of sales moved up to approximately 223 000. mining and metal stocks were steady but showed few changes. The volume of sales moved up to approximately 223,000 shares with 371 issues traded in. Noteworthy advances included among others, Brown Co. pref., 4½ points to 25; Consolidated Gas & Electric of Baltimore, 2 points to 66; Mead Johnson, 2½ points to 100; Safety Car Heating & Lighting, 9½ points to 75; and United Shoe Machinery pref., 2½ points to 66½.

Curb market trading fell off to some extent on Wednesday but prices continued to hold fairly steady and in some instances, notably the public utilities and industrial specialty stocks, a number of modest gains were registered. There were a few scattering advances among the slow selling and generally inactive stocks and modest gains were apparent

were a few scattering advances among the slow selling and generally inactive stocks and modest gains were apparent among the mining and metal shares. Outstanding among the gains at the close of the market were National Power & Light pref., 4½ points to 61; American Potash & Chemical, 7 points to 42; Humble Oil, 1½ points to 68½; Newmont Mining, 1 point to 60; Bridgeport Machine Co., 4½ point to 80½; Pa. Salt., 1½ points to 123¼ and United Shoe Machinery, 1½ points to 68.

Stocks were slightly higher during the opening hour on Thursday, and while some of the more active shares slipped back as the trading progressed, the losses were largely in minor fractions. Profit taking was apparent in some of the public utilities but this was generally absorbed with only small losses. Some of the oil issues showed fractional gains but the mining and metal stocks and industrial specialties

small losses. Some of the oil issues showed fractional gains but the mining and metal stocks and industrial specialties were off as the market closed. The transfers for the day were down to 131,285 shares against 198,985 on the preceding day. Prominent on the side of the decline were Aluminum Co. of America 1 point to 82; Carrier Corp., 13% points to 25%; Newmont Mining, 1 point to 59; Standard Power & Light pref., 4½ points to 18; Nehi Corp., 1 point to 39 and Niagara Hudson Power 1 pref., 1 point to 77.

Declining prices and quiet trading were the features of the market on Friday. Public utilities and industrial specialties attracted moderate buying during the morning dealings, but lost part of their gains as profit taking appeared. The volume of transfers was comparatively light, the total sales reaching approximately 111,000 shares. As compared with Friday of last week prices were slightly higher, Aluminum Co. of America closing last night at 79 against 78 on Friday a week ago; American Cyanamid B at 18¼ against 17¾; Consolidated Gas of Baltimore at 67 against 64, and United Shoe Machinery at 66½ against 62¾. Shoe Machinery at 66½ against 62¾

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

	Stocks (Number		Bonds (Par Value)				
Week Ended May 13, 1938	of Shares)	Domestic	Foreign Governme				
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Thursday Trusday Trusday	105,990 \$1,162,00 203,835 1,752,00 223,220 1,793,00 198,685 1,598,00 131,175 1,697,00 111,450 1,690,00 974,355 \$9,692,00		34,0 29,0 44,0 13,0	000 4,0 000 12,0 000 27,0 000 6,0 000 22,0	00 1,795,000 00 1,839,000 00 1,654,000 00 1,747,000		
Sales at New York Curb	Week E	inded May 1	3	Jan. 1 to	May 13		
Exchange	1938	1937	1938		1937		
Stocks—No. of shares Bonds Domestic Foreign government Foreign corporate	\$9,692,00	00 \$7,899 ,		16,001,421 19,433,000 2,785,000 2,521,000	\$9,228,372 \$200,977,000 6,247,000 5,509,000		
Total	\$9,932,00	00 \$8,138.	.000 \$1	24,739,000	\$212,733,00		

THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,407,160 on April 20 showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday. In the open market about £2,940,000 of bar gold changed hands at the daily fixing during the week. There was a good demand—mainly from the Continent for holding purposes—and the fixed prices included a premium over dollar exchange parity.

Outstaigns:

Quotations.	Per Fine Ounce
April 21	139s, 61/4d.
April 22	139s. 6d.
April 23	
April 25	
April 26	139s. 5½d.
April 27	
Average	1398. 6.420.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold gistered from mid-day on the 16th instant to mid-day on the 25th instant:

Imports		Exports	
British South Africa	£2,831,336	British India	£7,500
British East Africa	16,553	United States of America.	295,219
British India		Central & South America.	17,578
British Guiana	10,584	France	10,812
Australia		Netherlands	389,315
New Zealand	27,120	Switzerland	55,685
Canada	17,396	Sweden	505,578
U.S. of America		Yugoslavia	28,200
Peru	38,392	Other countries	2,575
Soviet Union			
Belgium			
France	28,876		
Switzerland			
Netherlands			
Other countries	12,601		

£8.095.927 £1.312.462 20,993,927 £1,312,462 No gold shipments were made from Bombay during the week under review.

The following are the details of United Kingdom imports and exports

of gold for the month of March, 1938:	Imports	Eumonto
Tinion of Courth Africa	£8.737.712	Exports
Union of South Africa	20,101,112	
Southern Rhodesia	531,926	
British West Africa	869.784	
British East Africa	86,455	700 000
British India	1,029,512	£6,035
Hong Kong	700 000	161,340
Australia	726,222	
New Zealand	25,747	22-222
Canada	614,041	19,930
British West India Island and British Guiana	18,642	
United States of America	556,822	7,685,941
Mexico	272,260	
Venezuela	76,097	
Central and South America (foreign)		32,595
Peru Soviet Union	271,158	
Soviet Union	2,261,654	
(iermany	9.925	
Netherlands	1.268.740	541,572
Belgium	11,124,099	
France	66.198	924,046
Sweden		1.522.788
Switzerland	251.805	1,455,629
Yugoslavia		597.053
YugoslaviaOther countries	30,398	
이번 교회의 경기가 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 되었다.		

£28,829,197 £12,972,584 SILVER

Conditions have been quiet and during the past week prices have shown only small fluctuations. Sales have been made on Continental account and there has been some speculative selling, offerings having been offset by buying by the Indian Bazars and demand to cover bear sales.

The outlook for the moment appears fairly steady and the low level to which stocks have declined in Bombay would indcite the likelihood of shipments of silver being made to that quarter in the near future.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 16th instant to mid-day on the 25th instant:

registered from mid-day on the	he 16th in		
Imports		Exports U. S. of America British India	
Australia.	£29.471	U. S. of America	£39,900
New Zealand	2.572	British India	10.030
Japan	11.382	Canada	11.313
	z25.785	Germany	12.035
France	11 458	Austria	2 780

Japan11,382	Canada	11.313
Belgiumz25,785	Germany	12,035
France	Austria	2,780
Germany	Aden & Dependencies	*30,213
Other countries 2,413	Palestine	
	Other countries	
£91,275		£121,470

* Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom. z Including £16,666 in coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom. x Coin of legal tender in the United Kingdom.

Quotations during the week:

	IN LONDON			IN NEW	YORK
	-Bar Silver	per Ox. Std		(Per Ounce	.999 Fine)
er da le la della le					
	18 13-16d.	18%d.			43 cents
April 22	18 13-16d.	18%d.			43 cents
April 23	18 15-16d.	18¾d.			43 cents
April 25		18 I1-16d.			43 cents
April 26	18 15-16d.	18¾d.			43 cents
April 27		18%d.	April	26	43 cents
Average	18.865d.	18.677d.			

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from April 21 to April 27 was \$4.99% and the lowest \$4.98.

CURRENT NOTICES

-Embree H. Henderson and John A. Edwards have become associated with Jackson Bros., Boesel & Co., members of the New York Stock

—George P. Williams, formerly a partner of F. M. Zeiler & Co., is now sociated with Langill & Co., 134 S. La Salle St., Chicago.

—Hoit, Rose & Troster, 74 Trinity Place, New York City, have prepared an analysis of American Distilling Co. of Maryland.

—S. Marshall Kempner has been admitted as a general partner in Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just passed:

We collect documentary or clean drafts drawn on any part of the United States and on foreign countries.

MANUFACTURERS TRUST COMPANY

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND FOREIGN DEPARTMENT 55 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

European Representative Office: 1, Cornhill, London, E.C.3

Member Federal Reserve System Member New York Clearing House Association Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1930 MAY 7, 1938, TO MAY 13, 1938, INCLUSIVE

Country and Monetary	Noon	Buying R. Value	ate for Cab	le Transfer d States M	s in New Ioney	York
Unit	May 7	May 9	May 10	May 11	May 12	May 13
Europe-	\$	\$	8	\$	8	\$
Belgium, belga	.167655	.168226	.168252	168277	168980	.168196
Bulgaria, lev	012525*	012525*	012500*	.012525*	.012525*	.012525*
Czechoslov'ia, koruna	.034814	.034814	.034816	.034812	.034810	.034814
Denmark, krone	.222400	.222154	.222137	.222025	.222012	.222003
Engl'd, pound sterl'g	4.981041	4.976208	4.976042	4.974458	4.973541	4.973402
Finland, markka	.022020	.021987	.021975	.022002	.021962	.021975
France, franc	.028002	.027991	.027994	.027980	.027987	.027988
Germany, reichsmark	.402033	.401911	.401880	.401729	.401831	.401806
Greece, drachma	.009132*	.009126*	.009125*	.009112*	.009114*	.009100*
Hungary, pengo	.197775*	.197775*	.197825*	.197775*	.197775*	.197775*
Italy, lira	.052605	.052609	.052609	.052607	.052603	.052603
Netherlands, guilder.	.555289	.553710	.553967	.553792	.553933	.553794
Norway, krone	.250303	.250058	.250041	.249900	.249893	.249875
Poland, zloty	.188533	.188600	.188566	.188533	.188533	.188566
Portugal, escudo	.044933	.044925	.044925	.044908	.044912	.044908
Rumania, leu	.007414*	.007342*	.007346*	.007350*	.007342*	.007346*
Spain, peseta	.057000*	.057500+	.058333*	.057916*	.059000*	.059000*
Sweden, krona	.256757	.256483	.256495	.256345	.256350	.256337
Switzerland, franc	.228721	.228671	.228575	.228255	.228300	.228250
Yugoslavia, dinar	.023320*	.023275*	.023275*	.023320*	.023275*	.023275*
China-	the Market		14 L		S	Mary No.
Chefoo (yuan) dol'r	.247083*	.246250*	.251250*	.248333*	.246666*	.243750*
Hankow (yuan) dol	.247083*	.246250*	.251250*	.248333*	.246666*	.243750
Shanghai (yuan) dol		.245312*	.250625*	.248125*	.245625*	.242812*
Tientsin (yuan) dol.	.245937*	.244687*	.250312*	.247500*	.245000*	.242187
Hongkong, dollar.	.309531	.309093	.309093	.308343	.308656	.308531
British India, rupee	.371582	.371350	.371442	.371000	.370943	.370875
Japan, yen	.290268	.290133	.290071	.289710	.289683	.289700
Straits Settlem'ts, dol Australasia—		.575812	.575750	.575312	.575562	.575312
Australia, pound	3.967875	3.964187	3.965000	3.962687	3.962750	3.962625
New Zealand, pound.	3.997864	3.996250	3.995125	3.993562	3.993645	3.993750
South Africa, pound. North America—	生工分类类	4.927375	4.933750	4.924500	4.924895	4.924479
Canada, dollar	.994105	.993629	.993533	.993473	.993496	.993242
Cuba, peso	.999166	.999166	.999166	.999166	.999333	.999333
Mexico, peso	.231928*					,226900
Newfoundl'd, dollar. South America—	1200	.991152	.991074	.990937	.990937	.990625
Argentina, peso	.332112*					.331600
Brazil, milreis	.058740*					
Chile, peso-official.						.051680
" export.						
Colombia, peso						
Uruguay, peso	.655558*	.654585*	.654790*	.654378*	654502*	.654375

^{*} Nominal rate.

COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS

Bank clearings this week will again show a decrease compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us, based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ended today (Saturday, May 14), bank clearings from all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly returns will be 12.5% below those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary total stands at \$5,337,593,563, against \$6,097,809,035 for the same week in 1937. At this center there is a loss for the week ended Friday of 7.3%. Our comparative summary for the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph Week Ending May 14	1938	1937	Per Cent
New York	\$2,588,789,531	\$2,792,437,890	-7.3
Chicago	226,745,079	279,091,253	-18.8
Philadelphia	274,000,000	319,000,000	-14.1
Boston	162,516,088	193,961,000	-16.2
Kansas City	62,850,561	79,152,458	-20.6
St. Louis	60,500,000	78,200,000	-22.6
San Francisco	108,061,000	121,866,000	-11.3
Pittsburgh	83,862,600	124,679,838	-32.7
Detroit	58.618.087	101,631,912	-42.3
Cleveland	63,631,257	90,059,003	-29.3
Baltimore	50,391,328	59,256,806	-15.0
Eleven cities, five days	\$3,739,965,531	\$4,239,336,160	-11.8
Other cities, five days	708,029,105	808,307,935	-12.4
Total all cities, five days	\$4,447,994,636	\$5,047,644,095	-11.9
All cities, one day	889,598,927	1,050,164,940	-15.3
Total all cities for week	\$5,337,593,563	\$6,097,809.035	-12.5

1937. Outside of this city there was a decrease of 12.3%, the bank clearings at this center having recorded a loss of 6.2%. We group the cities according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) the totals register a decrease of 6.9%, in the Boston Reserve District of 12.4%, and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 6.8%. In the Cleveland Reserve District the totals are smaller by 15.2%, in the Richmond Reserve District by 7.6%, and in the Atlanta Reserve District by 9.6%. The Chicago Reserve District shows a loss of 18.3%, the St. Louis Reserve District of 11.2%, and the Minneapolis Reserve District of 0.9%. In the Kansas City Reserve District there is a falling off of 9.7%, in the Dallas Reserve District of 13.8%, and in the San Francisco Reserve District of 9.1%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve districts:

SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARING	UMMARY	OF BANK	CLEARINGS
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Week Ended May 7, 1938	1938	1937	Inc.or Dec.	1936	1935
Federal Reserve Dists.	8	8	%	8	8
1st Boston 12 cities	252,732,617	288,668,291	-12.4	247,483,655	217,019,241
2nd New York 13 "	3,613,684,466	3,881,379,387	-6.9	3,615,520,463	3,172,650,368
3rd Philadelphia10 "	376,223,639	403,888,646	-6.8	357,272,337	313,796,381
4th Cleveland 5 "	264,284,359	311,595,820	-15.2	257,879,203	198,661,907
5th Richmond _ 6 "	128,904,838	139,571,519	-7.6	115,929,286	99,664,354
6th Atlanta 10 "	139,270,662	154,029,219	-9.6	134,267,983	106,663,599
7th Chicago18 "	424, 317,606	519,717,559	-18.3	434,562,875	390,472,357
8th St. Louis 4 "	125,330,755	141,108,060	-11.2	122,930,916	104,685,504
9th Minneapolis 7 "	103,071,723	104,038,000	0.9	94,617,222	82,162,493
10th Kansas City 10 "	129,144,253	142,977,373	-9.7	124,556,606	123,071,713
11th Dallas 6 "	56,138,352	65,089,176	-13.8	49,989,902	40,946,028
12th San Fran11 "	229,329,021	252,159,645	-9.1	211,061,902	185,927,854
Total112 cities	5,842,632,291	6.404,222,695	-8.8	5,766,072,350	5,035,721,799
Outside N. Y. City	2,338,138,811	2.666,109,817	-12.3	2,264,345,312	1,967,967,856
Canada32 cities	428,887,128	469,407,423	-8.6	548,381,000	347,669,490

We now add our detailed statement showing last week's figures for each city separately for the four years:

Clearings at-		Wee	k Ended	May 7	
	1938	1937	Inc. or	1936	1935
	8	\$	%	8	8
First Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Boston	-		
Me.—Bangor Portland	578,008 1,913,495	775,613 2,057,771	-25.5		687,157
Mass.—Boston	212,947,800	244,145,008	-7.0 -12.8	2,021,562	1,572,874
Fall River	651,826	645.674	+1.0	211,567,345 560,065	183,714,192 608,973
Lowell	319.620	377.494	-15.3	391,391	311,736
New Bedford	689,171 2,832,755	738,485	-6.7	627.557	597 582
Springfield Worcester	2,832,755	3,355,857	1-10.0	3.084.008	2,625,000 1,219,592
Conn. — Hartford	1,984,300	2.196,119	-9.6	1.889,201	1,219,592
New Haven	16,115,743 4,262,523	18,632,050 4,480,745	-13.5 -4.9	10.079.770	14.043.288
R.IProvidence	1 9.904.500	10.627.800	-6.8	4,041,568 8,676,700	2,987,003 7,556,400
N H.—Manches'r	532,876	10,627,800 635,675	-16.2	454,432	495,444
(Total 12 cities)	252,732,617	1 2000 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	-12.4	247,483,655	217,019,241
Second Feder	al Reserve D	istrict—New			
N. Y.—Albany Binghamton	8,434,673	23,667,264	-64.4	11,314,348	17,749,323
Buffalo	1,198,530	1,542,676	-22.3	1,036,660	738,702 27,400,000
Elmira	28,600,000	35,200,000	-18.8	28,500,000	27,400,000
Jamestown	621,357 773,072	883,113 671,261	$-29.6 \\ +15.2$	705,752 523,385 3,501,727,038	552,414 434,391
New York	3,504,493,480	13.738.112.878	-6.2	3.501.727.038	3,067,753,943
Rochester	8,795,402	8,980,538 4,380,237	-4.1	7,394,402	
Syracuse Westchester Co	4,799,663	4,380,237	+9.6	7,394,402 3,637,298 3,041,797	3,243,681
Conn —Stamford	4,835,376 4,483,636	4,302,749	+12.4	3,041,797	3,243,681 2,503,729
Conn.—Stamford N. J.—Montclair	554 017	5,011,142 628,902	-10.5	3,958,307	2.824.070
Newark	19,297,381	21,850,191	-11.8 -11.7	450,000 21,426,860	400,000 16,424,679
Northern N. J.	26,796,979	36,148,436	-25.9	31,804,616	26,254,145
Total 13 cities)	3,613,684,466	3,881,379,387	-6.9	3,615,520,463	3,172,650,368
Third Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Philad	elphia	- 1	
Pa.—Altoona Bethlehem	507,420 *525,000	643,473	-21.1	435,562	427,536
Chester	345,680	591,430 404,662	-11.2 -14.6	630,330 321,668	410,687
Lancaster	1,205,578	1,344,999	-10.4	1,240,699	299,603 984,648
Philadelphia	363,000,000	388,000,000	-6.4	345,000,000	301,000,000
Reading	1,615,849	1,683,473	-4.0	1,385,839	1,135,028
Beranton	2,287,911 1,622,268	2.581.944	-11.4	2,457,071	1,707,906
Wilkes-Barre	1,022,268	1,224,149	+32.5	1,590,574	945,571
N. J.—Trenton	1,584,133 3,529,800	1,971,116 5,443,400	-19.6 -35.2	1,373,594 2,837,000	1,189,802 5,695,600
Total (10 cities)	376,223,639	403,888,646	-6.8	357,272,337	313,796,381
Fourth Feder	al Reserve D	istrict-Clev	eland-		
Jiio-Canton 1	x	x	. x	x	x
Cincinnati	60,141,331	64,245,806	-6.4	50,755,552	41,943,850
Columbus	83,600,509 9,983,600	93,925,888 14,102,400	-11.0	75.023,629	57,957,811
Mansfield	1,388,857	2,293,090	$-29.2 \\ -39.4$	12,297,100 1,500,406	9,910,700
Youngstown	x	x	X X	1,500,400	1,177,934
Pa.—Pittsburgh .	109,170,062	137,028,636	20.3	118,302,516	87,671,612
Total (5 cities)_	264,284,359	311,595,820	-15.2	257,879,203	198,661,907
Fifth Federal	Reserve Dist	rict—Richm	ond-	5.1340	
V.Va.—Hunt'ton	385,956	412,289 2,873,000	-6.4	265,101 2,451,000	128,271
Richmond	2,429,000	2,873,000	-15.5	2,451,000	2,509.000
. C.—Charleston	32,467,821 1,326,380	35,772,529 1,250,000	$-9.2 \\ +6.1$	29,120,971 1,080,100	20,707,413
dd.—Baltimore	68,784,254	71,294,161	-3.5	59,109.459	971,069 51,714,700
C.—Wash'g'n	23,511,427	27,969,540	-15.9	23,902,655	17,573,901
Total (6 cities)	128,904,838	139,571,519	-7.6	115,929,286	99,664,354
Sixth Federal	Reserve Dist		a-		
enn.—Knoxville Nashville	3,308,449	3,699,268	-10.6	3,607,671	2,678,326
a.—Atlanta	15,968,669 46,500,000	17,629,940	-9.4 -12.9	13,625,313	12,928,046
Augusta	*1.050.000	53,400,000 1,312,583	-12.9 -20.0	43,200,000 1,223,981	35,400,000
Macon	934,427	1,164,170	-19.7	856.1481	937,563 742,798
la.—Jack'nville.	17,420,000	19,527,000	-10.8	27,507.000	14,506.000
la.—Birm'ham	17,270,138	19,527,000 19,791,108	-12.7	27,507,000 15,553,508	14,506,000 15,243,425
Mobile liss.—Jackson	1,584,858	1,728,591	-8.3	1,354,898	1,075,086
Vicksburg	149,794	170 450	X	X	X
	140,104	179,459	-16.5	121,881	116,752
a.—New Orleans	35,084,327	35,597,100	1.4	27,217,583	23,035,603

Clearings at-	17.2	Wee	k Ended	May 7	1222
	1938	1937	Inc. of	1936	1935
Seventh Feder MichAnn Arbon	\$ al Reserve 1 405,84	s istrict—Ch 480,94	cago-	\$ 290.98	\$ 524.761
Detroit	2,122,38 1,039,90 17,490,00	3.812,49 2 2,006,89 3 1,404,68 6 21,693,00	3 -28. 9 +5. 1 -26. 0 -19.	2 86,778,28 0 2,707,64 8 1,234,49 0 1,149,79 4 15,442,00	75,518,678 1 1,813,449 17 1,123,828 802,930 16,064,000
Terre Haute Wis.—Milwaukee Ia.—Ced. Rapids Des Moines Sioux City	4,281,25 19,993,45 1,185,38 10,319.00 3,156,01	22,016,21 9 1,199,30 4 11,899,15	$\begin{bmatrix} -23 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ -1 \\ -13 \end{bmatrix}$	5 4,305,74 2 18,788,25 2 1,103,22 3 8,900,84	$egin{array}{lll} 4 & 4,031,665 \\ 4 & 16,671,249 \\ 1 & 1,270,226 \\ 2 & 9,885,622 \end{array}$
Ill.—Bloomington Chicago	272,648,34 895,72 4,080,12 1,247,57	6 428,27 6 327,769,40 8 862,14 5 4,569,47 1,517,01	$5 -10.8 \\ -16.3 \\ +3.8 $	0 380,05 8 280,758,74 9 792,85 7 4,821,47 902,25	3 471,071 6 253,568,455 5 643,095 8 2,559,496
Springfield Total (18 cities	1,288,57				_
Eighth Federa Mo.—St. Louis. Ky.—Louisville. Tenn.—Memphis Ill.—Jacksonville	80,700,000 29,521,700 14,500,040	87,000,00 6 35,182,111 18,236,94	0 2 -16. 8 -20.	1 28,331,38 5 16,195,53 x	0 12,139,936 x
Quincy Total (4 cities) _	125,330,75		-		
Ninth Federal Minn.—Duluth.	Reserve Dia		eapoli:		2,132,486
Minneapolis_ St. Paul N. D.—Fargo S. D.—Aberdeen_ Mont.—Billings	67,279,367 27,043,259 2,161,514 680,654 648,706 2,463,128	69,624,860 24,873,347 2,083,41	7 +8.3 1 +3.3 0 -10.4	62,459,91 7 23,977,50 7 2,117,81 5 588,49	1 52,725,481 3 21,898,479 1 1,776,491 4 594,088
Helena Total (7 cities)	2,463,128		-8.6	2,157,59	2,539,684
Tenth Federal	Reserve Dis			,	
Neb.—Fremont Hastings Lincoln Omaha Kan.—Topeka Wichita	111,083 165,669 2,820,084 34,164,123 2,411,174 3,325,159	145,012 2,863,304 30,104,843 2,314,727	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	124,549 155,320 3,192,331 30,890,150 2,398,263	90,380 2,198,761 28,959,138 2,144,506
Mo.—Kan. City_ St. Joseph Colo.—Col. Sprgs Pueblo	82,227,563 2,538,252 834,320 546,826	99,935,937 2,875,116 724,075	-17.7 -11.7 $+15.2$	80,711,379 3,111,154 629,615	83,072,060 2,850,784 595,412
Total (10 citles)	129,144,253	142,977,373	-9.7	124,556,600	123,071,713
Eleventh Fede Texas—Austin Dallas Ft. Worth	1,392,732 41,926,702 6,282,850	District—Da 1,579,303 47,473,420 9,248,917 2,183,000	-11.8 -11.7 -32.1	37,563,703 6,088,621	31,416,843 4,683,026
Galveston Wichita Falls La.—Shreveport Total (6 citles)	2,268,000 1,086,717 3,181,351 56,138,352	2,183,000 833,612 3,770,924 65,089,176	+3.9 $+30.4$ -15.6 -13.8	1,863,000 638,067 2,664,248 49,989,902	1,517,000 677,152 1,718,479
Twelfth Feder		istrict—San	Franc	isco—	
Wash.—Seattle Spokane Yakima Ore.—Portland Utah—S. L. City	31,814,127 7,639,000 916,926 26,766,268 12,239,369	38,658,630 8,621,000 1,072,537 30,163,891 16,057,416	-17.7 -11.4 -14.5 -11.3 -23.8	30,219,123 7,962,000 828,678 24,165,206 12,709,963	27,270,835 7,505,000 579,898 21,468,344 11,447,295
Utah—S. L. City Calif.—L'g Beach Pasadena—— San Francisco— San Jose—— Santa Barbara— Stockton———	4,002,120 3,842,951 125,690,000 2,578,725 1,734,161	4,193,517 4,014,769 142,389,000 3,131,707 1,524,585	-4.6 -4.3 -4.7 -17.7 +13.7	3,839,060 3,192,833 122,781,121 2,217,108 1,343,075	3,156,586 2,758,852 107,682,138 1,742,038 939,634
Total (11 cities)	2,105,374 229,329,021	2,332,593 252,159,645	-9.7 -9.1	1,803,735 211,061,902	1,377,234
Grand total (112 cities)5 Outside New York 2		6,404,222,695 2,666,109,817			5,035,721,799
Clearings at—		Week	Ended M	lay 5	
	1938	1937	Inc. or Dec.	1936	1935
Canada— Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver Ottawa	\$ 134,708,989 140,409,946 36,006,786 17,984,894 46,122,977	\$ 146,256,159 140,421,443 44,765,769 19,836,527	$ \begin{array}{r} $	\$ 161,886,753 157,562,153 81,768,965 19,827,856 71,418,518	\$ 102,452,086 81,493,584 36,838,703 12,983,893
Quebec Halifax Hamilton Calgary St. John	7,329,920 2,731,689 5,650,266 4,370,571 2,196,350	19,836,527 61,395,435 6,377,515 2,927,322 6,485,056 6,205,665 2,986,333	$ \begin{array}{r} +14.9 \\ -6.7 \\ -12.9 \\ -29.6 \\ -26.5 \end{array} $	5,675,951 2,952,144 5,149,392 8,012,516 2,323,350	75,054,404 3,765,455 2,231,712 3,538,610 4,414,874 1,824,682
Victoria London Edmonton Regina Brandon Lethbridge	1,953,553 3,001,929 4,345,685 5,565,369 362,137 444,997	2,002,562 3,374,220 4,693,405 4,995,426 335,900 442,392	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.4 \\ -11.0 \\ -7.4 \\ +11.4 \\ +7.8 \\ +0.6 \end{array} $	1,986,316 3,937,183 4,420,675 5,923,683 357,849 500,878	1,521,364 2,737,850 3,688,807 2,958,204 320,753 390,247
Saskatoon Moose Jaw Brantford Fort William New Westminster Medicine Hat	1,786,516 681,257 1,112,247 724,210 805,731 223,522	1,780,388 806,617 1,260,460 868,084 706,584 273,803	$ \begin{array}{r} +0.3 \\ -15.5 \\ -1.2 \\ -16.6 \\ +14.0 \\ -18.4 \end{array} $	1,694,973 714,422 1,228,893 961,110 712,644 273,455 736,206	1,414,340 392,335 763,468 668,525 494,314 208,199 601,202
Peterborough	706,498 898,545 1,348,229 3,111,291 374,187 929,055	668,419 744,038 1,367,770 3,242,225 421,633	+5.7 +20.8 -1.4 -4.0 -11.3 -1.0	1,261,821 2,275,938 491,550	601,202 550,601 1,210,386 2,133,072 318,421 588,312
Kingston Chatham Barnia Sudbury	929,055 680,651 726,324 519,072 1,073,735	938,812 708,789 567,080 519,025 1,032,567	-1.0 -4.0 $+28.1$ $+0.1$ $+4.0$	777,980 722,475 614,033 562,753 835,262	588,312 579,635 397,880 473,932 659,640
Total (32 cities)	428,887,128	469,407,423	-8.6	548,381,000	347,669,490

COMPILED FROM LATEST REPORTS RECEIVED BY THE TREASURY

THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

	Sat., May 7	Mon., May 9	Tues., May 10	Wed., May 11	Thurs., May 12	Frt., May 13	
Boots Pure Drugs		41/9	41,-	41/-	41/-	41/-	
British Amer Tobacco.		105/-	105/-	105/-	104/6	104/3	
Cable & Wordinary		£581/2	£59	£5834	£581/2	£573/4	
Canadian Marconi		4/-	4/-	4/-	4/-	4/-	
Central Min & Invest.		£211/2	£211/2	£213/8	£2114	£21	
Cons Goldfields of S A.		70/-	70/71/2	70/71/2	70/-	70/-	
Courtaulds S & Co		39/-	39/-	39/-	39/-	38/6	
De Beers		£756	£8	£814	£81/8	£81/4	
Distillers Co		95/6	95/6	95/6	94/6	93/6	ď.
Flectric & Musical Ind.		13/-	13/-	13/-	13/-	12/-	
Ford Ltd	Holie	19/-	19/-	19/6	19/-	19/3	
Gaumont Pictures ord.	day-	4/-	4/-	4/-	4/-	41/-	
A		1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6	
Hudsons Pay Co		19/6		19/6	19/-	19/6	
Imp Tob of G B & I		135/-	135/-	135/6	135/-	135/-	
London Midland Ry		£197%	£191/2	£185%	£18¾	£181/8	
Metal Box		67/6	68/6	68/9	68/-	68/-	
Rand Mines		£814	£81/2	£81/2	£81/2	£81/2	
Rio Tinto		£14 5/8	£14 1/8		£14 %		
Roan Antelope Cop M.		16/-	16/3	17/-	16/6	16/6	
Rolls Royce		91/3	91/3	91/3	91/3	91/101/2	
Royal Dutch Co		£351/2	£36	£36	£36	£36	
Shell Transport		£41/8	£4 3016	£41/8	£41/8	£41/8	
Unileve- Ltd		37/6	37/-	37/3	38/-	55.75	
United Molasses		23/6	23/-	23/3	23/6	23/6	
Vickers		22 /-	22/-	21/9	21/71/2	21/7½	
West Witwatersrand						0004	
Areas		£81/4	£81/4	£81/4	£83/8	£83/8	
	_						

ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKET—PER CABLE

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

ld, p. fine oz. nsols, 2½% - tish 3½% V. L tish 4%		£74%	18 11-16d. 139s.9 ½d. £74 ½ £101 ½	139s.11d. £74¾	18 11-16d 139s10 ½d £74 5-16	. 18 11-16d. 139s. 11d. £74% £101¼
nsols, 2½% - tish 3½% V. L tish 4%	Holiday	£74%	£741/2	£74%	£745-16	£74%
nsols, 2½% - tish 3½% V. L tish 4%	Holiday	£74%		PARTY SECTION		
V. L tish 4%	Holiday	£101%	£101½	£101%	£1011/8	£101¼
960-90	Holiday	£113¼	£113¼	£1131⁄8	£1131/8	£1131/8
				in cents) in the	United
ates on th	ie same	days ha	s been:			
r N.Y.(for'n)	Closed	4234	4234	42¾	4234	42¾
S. Treasury	64.64	64 64	64.64	64.64	64.64	64.64
	ates on the N.Y.(for n) S. Treasury	ates on the same	ates on the same days har N.Y.(for'n) Closed 423/4 S. Treasury	ates on the same days has been: r N.Y.(for'n) Closed 42¾ 42¾ s. Treasury	ates on the same days has been: rN.Y.(for'n) Closed 42½ 42¾ 42¾ S. Treasury	ates on the same days has been: rN.Y.(for'n) Closed 42% 42% 42% 42% 42%

NATIONAL BANKS

The following information regarding National banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

Department:

CHARTER ISSUED

April 30—The Skala National Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.___\$200,000

Capital stock consists of \$200,000, all common stock. President
Joseph Skala. Cashier, W. P. Horvat. Conversion of the
Skala State Bank, Chicago, Ill.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

y 4—The First National Bank of Gregory, Texas. \$25,000
ffective April 20, 1938. Liquidating agent, E. N. Tutt,
Taft, Texas. Absorbed by the First National Ban of Taft,
Texas, Charter No. 12309.

COMMON CAPITAL STOCK INCREASED Amt. of
y 3—The Corpus Christi National Bank, Corpus Christi, Increase
exas. From \$200,000 to \$300,000.

MONTHLY REPORT ON GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES AS OF MARCH 31, 1938

MARCH 31, 1938

The monthly report of the Treasury Department, showing assets and liabilities as of March 31, 1938, of governmental corporations and credit agencies, financed wholly or in part by the United States, was contained in the Department's "Daily Statement" for April 30, 1938.

The report for March 31 shows in the case of agencies financed wholly from Government funds a proprietary interest of the United States as of that date of \$2,831,996,489, which compares with \$2,805,959,435 Feb. 28, 1938.

The Government's proprietary interest in agencies financed partly from Government funds and partly from private funds as of March 31 was shown to be \$1,256,231,361. This compares with \$1,253,335,562 as of Feb. 28, 1938. In the case of these Government agencies, the Government's proprietary interest is the excess of assets over liabilities, exclusive of interagency items, less the privately-owned interests.

FOOTNOTES FOR ACCOMPANYING TABLE

FOOTNOTES FOR ACCOMPANYING TABLE

a Non-stock (or includes non-stock proprietary interests).
b Excess interagency assets (deduct).
c Deficit (deduct).
d Exclusive of interagency assets and liabilities (except bond investments).
e Also includes real estate and other property held for sale.
f Adjusted for interagency items and items in transit.
g Includes legal reserves and divided profits totaling \$6.221,258.
h Subject to minor qualification as indicated under liabilities of RFC and FHA.
the latter being included under caption "Other."
i Includes U. S. Housing Corporation, U. S. Railroad Administration, U. S.
Spruce Production Corporation, and notes received on account of sale of surplus war supplies.
I Includes Disaster Loan Corp. Floatite Home and Form Authority.

includes U.S. Housing Corporation, and notes received on account of sale of surplus war supplies.

Jincludes Disaster Loan Corp.; Electric Home and Farm Authority; Farm Credit Administration (crop-production and other loans); Farm Security Administration; Federal Prisons Industries, Inc.; Indian Rehabilitation loans; Inland Waterways Corporation; National Mortgage Association of Washington; Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration; Rutal Electrification Administration; The RFC Mortgage Company; Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, Inc.; Tennessee Valley Authority; Ioans to railroads, municipalities, &c., and interagency interest held by the United States Treasury.

k Net after deducting estimated amount of uncollectible obligations held by the Farm Credit Administration.

I includes \$4,569,294 due to Federal Land banks from the U.S. Treasury for subscriptions to paid-in surplus.

m Shares of State building and Ioan associations, \$39,075,270; shares of Federal savings and Ioan associations, \$169,838,300.

n Less than \$1,000.

o Assets not classified. Includes only the amount of capital stock held by the United States.

q In liquidation.

r Represents capital stock, paid-in surplus, and other proprietary interagency interests which are not deducted from the capital stock and paid-in surplus of the corresponding organizations.

s Excludes unexpended balance of appropriated funds;

Assets d Investments Accounts E		_			Assets d	d	Accounts	Real Estate			Liabu		erres d	Excess	4	roprietar	Proprietary Interest		roprietary Interest Distribution of U. S. Interests
(In Thousands of Dollars—Last Three Figures Omltted) For footnotes see bottom of previous column.	Loans S	Preferred Capital Stock, &c.	Cash 8	United States Securities	Securities Guaranteed by United States	All Other	and Other Recetvables	and Other Business Property	Other e	Total	Guaranteed by United States	Not Guar- anteed by United States	Total		Assets Over Lyabitaties d	Assets Over Liabilities Owned d	1	Privately Owned	Privately by Owned United States
I. Financed wholly from Government funds h— Reconstruction Finance Corporation.————————————————————————————————————	1,179,876 21,745 15,312	\$ 534,363	\$ f4,862 112 1,299	\$ 48,008	60		\$ 17,453 1,048 10			1,7		\$ 60,377 122		946 377 122		_	1,439,588 155,562 16,510 66,503	\$ \$ 1,439,588	1,439,588 5,00,000 f 155,562 1,55,562 155,562 10,000 16,503 0,65,503 21,000 66,503 466,503 466,503
Export-Import Bank Public Works Administration. Fullid Works Housing Authority Federal Housing Administration. Froduction Credit Corporations Froduction Credit Corporations Froduction Credit Corporations United States Maritime Commission. War Pinergency corporations and agencies i.	44,208 9,959 15,164 	22.4	17,552 3,893 8,059 6,303 6,303 48,102	19,561 4,877 9,439 123 4,491	13,834	102,012 2,431 10,092 60 2,170	9,542 768 417 444 19,938 1,827 6,813	120,108 894 894 26,151 30,216 56 213,331	22,295 467 131 131 131 1165 6 1,165 1,165 120,885	147,620 7 34,359 7 24,123 121,517 2 45,113 130,159 7 7,562 7 703,053	370	0 816 4,027 167 936 31,463 21,897		1,187 4,027 167 936 31,463		147,620 33,172 20,096 121,349 44,176 98,696 7,562 681,155	147,620 147,620 147,620 147,620 121,340 121,340 141,174 141,174 141,174 141,174 17,666 17,666 17,666 17,662 181,156	147,620 147,620 147,620 147,620 121,340 121,340 141,174 141,174 141,174 141,174 17,666 17,666 17,666 17,662 181,156	147,650 147,650 147,650 147,650 148
Total Group I	1,959,905	534,395	91,198	86,502	13,895	116,767	58,265	391,189	58,001	3,310,121	300,434	177,691		178,125	478,125 2,831,996		2,831,996	2,831,996	2,831,996
II. Financed parily from Gord, and parily from private funds— Federal Land banks. Federal Intermediate Credit banks. Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Banks for cooperatives. Home Loan banks. Home Owners Loan Corporation Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation	2,052,655 199,814 803,509 82,379 183,125 2,323,995	m208,913	38,346 12,440 25,640 19383 45,303 86,381 113	51,263 63,704 57,440 21,805 1,100 8,852	10,000 29,212 14,219 101,986	1,335 761,129 9,007	148,619 2,874 29,320 1,159 624 20,825 1,954	5,942 1 34 1 6,034	2 117,583 2 29,901 4 178 4 493,041 4 493,041 4 24,261	2,415,752 2,289,045 1,649,501 1,649,501 8,189,181 5,265,234 1,140,291 1,140,293 1,140,293 1,140,639	1 1,426,759 1 1 2,960,994	1,900,425 202,739 9 f65,047 98,691 112,874 1,017		900,428 2002,738 491,807 2,423 98,691 073,869 1,017	1,900,425 1,900,425 86,306 1,491,807 157,693 166,423 3,073,869 166,423 110,17 47,802 130,533 289,299	1964年4月1日	515,326 86,306 157,693 186,758 166,543 166,422 111,918 47,802 289,299	515,326 187,097 86,306 157,633 3,650 166,543 g41,802 66,422 66,423 41,802 47,802 11,918 47,802 139,299	515,326 187,097 328,229 86,306 157,693 187,769 183,108 186,758 186,758 241,502 124,741 66,422 111,918 47,802 289,299 139,299 150,000
War Finance Corporation q	5 658 325	256 716	236.745	565,546	155,424	771,473	207,862	12,047	7 665,264	8,529,406	6 4,387,754	2,513,571	1	01,32	6,901,325 1,628,080	1,628,080	1 1	1,628,080 371,849	1,628,080 371,849 1,256,231
10tal, Group 11	1			1	1	888.240	266,128	8 403,236	2	723,266 11,839,528	8 4,688,188	-	2 7,37	9,45	79,451 4,460,077	2,691,262 7,379,451 4,460,077 371,849		79,451 4,460,077 371,849 4,088,227 6,504,038	1

TREASURY STATEMENT SHOWING APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR RECOVERY AND RELIEF AS OF APRIL 30, 1938

The various agencies of the Federal Government, it is shown in a tabulation given in the Treasury's "Daily Statement" of April 30, had appropriated \$20,944,993,428 for recovery and relief up to the end of February. The Treasury's tabulation for April 30 follows:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED AND ALLOCATED FOR RECOVERY AND RELIEF, EXPENDITURES THEREFROM, AND UNEXPENDED BALANCES AS OF APRIL 30, 1938

		in the state	Воитсе	s of Funds			Exp	enditures	
	\$ \$1,0454 B	Appro	opriations	Experience		100000		The same of	
Organizations		Statutory	y and Executive	Allocations					
	Specific	National Industrial Recovery Act Approved June 16, 193	Emergency Appropriation Act 1935, Approved June 19, 193	Appropriation	Corporation	Total	Piscal Year 1938	Fiscal Yea 1937 and Prior Years	Unexpended
Agricultural aid: Agricultural Adjustment Adminis'n	- c160,770,82	\$ 4 37,455,63	6 8	3	\$	\$ 198,226,46	8		\$
Federal Farm Mtge. Corporation: Capital stock Reduction in int. rate on mtges				-			0	198,226,46	00
Federal Land banks; Capital stock Paid-in surplus Reduction in int. rates on mtgcs	_1 189.000.00	0				125,000,000 189,000,000	4,736,77 25,582,73	75 120,064,74 142,160,46	8 21,256,79
Relief: Federal Emergency Relief Adminis d. Civil Works Administration. Civilian Conservation Corps. Department of Agriculture, relief.	h332,199,220	399,482,873 317,538,028	480,590,00 321,033,92	934,592,35 593,894,73	9 911,040,00 88,960,00	0 3,083,152,978 0 820,642,094 1,325,568,316	3,485,05 176,79 1,331,81	3,074,249,69 3 817,423,10 1 1,318,407,42	6 5,418,22 2 3,042,19 5,829,08
Public works (including work relief): Public highways River & harbor work & flood control Rural Electrification Administration Works Progress Administration All other	255,488,217	7 438,041,638 256,295,622	2,239 93,708,050	506.899.69	0 0 0 3 46,500,000	1,200,431,786 537,194,393 61,984,573 4,699,136,926 1,612,955,513	77,803,79 25,616,27 34,670,66 1,148,192,64	7 1,061,243,46 4 467,177,38 4 11,673,70 0 3,160,108,14	0 61,384,52 5 44,400,73 6 15,640,20 8 390 836 12
Aid to home owners: Home-loan system: Home Loan Bank stock	150,000,000			82,676,043 24,784,742	125,000,000 200,000,000 	125,000,000 200,000,000 50,000,000 105,152,287 31,607,967	4,734,900 10,313 22,455,756 17,430,506 10,211,044	200,000,000 49,952,826 82,490,036 47,208,553	259,060 36,860 206,501 14,177,461 3,101,477
Miscellaneous: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Administration for Industrial Recovery Tennessee Valley Authority		19,307,748 50,000,000	4,992,511 25,000,000			150,000,000 24,300,260 75,000,000	g4,505	150,000,000	59 200
Subtotal	2,171,911,641	2,555,747,243	1,106,181,012	8,188,747,986	1,631,021,074	15653608,958	1,740,317,836	13137010,229	776,280,892
Revolving funds (net): e Agricultural ald: Commodity Credit Corporation Farm Credit Administration	57,635,551	3,000,000 59,489,199	90,369,858	16,884,473	f468,874,025 216,191,379	471,874,025 440,570,462	98,014,366 g12,101,482	122,125,135	
Public Works: Loans and grants to States, municipalities, &c Loans to railroads	}	589,345,574	107,647,690	313,339,437	(i)	1,010,332,702	105,056,640		286,406,438
Miscellaneous: Export-Import Bank of Washington-Reconstruction Finance Corporation —direct loans and expenditures		1,250,000			45,000,000	46,250,000	g31,258	18,166,574	28,114,684
Subtotal	57,635,551	653,084,773	198,017,548		3,160,944,784			1,697,331,270	
Total					3,891,010,189			2,828,838,845	
nallocated funds	40,000	610,262	262,482	3,518,971,897 160,499,748	5,522,031,263	20783 580,934 161,412,493	1,987,384,174	15965849,074	
Grand total	2.229.587 102	n3209442 270	1304461 042	0070 471 045		-01,112,190			161,412,493

b The emergency expenditures included in this statement for the period prior to the fiscal year 1934 include only expenditures on account of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and subscriptions to capital stock of Federal land banks under authority of the Act of Jan. 23, 1932. Expenditures by the several departments and establishments for public works under the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 were made from general disbursing accounts, and, therefore, are not susceptible to segregation from the general expenditures of such departments and establishments on the basis of the daily Treasury statements.

- c The sum of \$160,770,824.40 represents the balance under appropriations provided by the Acts of May 12, 1933, May 25, 1934, and Aug. 24, 1935.
- ${f d}$ Includes expenditures made by Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation from funds provided for the Federal Emergency Relief Administration.
- e Expenditures are stated on a net basis, i. e., gross expenditures less repayments and collections, the details of which are set forth in the supplementary statement below.
- ${f f}$ Net, after deducting repayments to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. g Excess of credits (deduct)
- h The appropriation of \$950,000.000 provided in the Act of Feb. 15, 1934, was allocated by the President as follows: Federal Emergency Relief Administration, \$604,995,000, of which \$131,542.23 has been transferred to the Emergency Relief appropriation and \$1.669,70 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury; Civil Works Administration, \$344,965,000, of which amount \$7,540,000 has been transferred to the Emergency Relief appropriation, \$5,218,250 transferred to the Employees' Compensation Commission, and \$7,529.21 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury; leaving an unallocated balance of \$40,000.
- i Under the provisions of the Emergency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1935, the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, of 1937, the Reconstruction Fin

Corporation is authorized to purchase marketable securities acquired by the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works. The purchase of such securities by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is reflected as expenditures of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and as credits against expenditures of the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works.

- j Includes \$700,000 allocated for savings-and-loan promotion as authorized by Sec. 11 of the Act of April 27, 1934.
 - k Includes allocations and expenditures on account of subsistence homesteads.
- m Exclusive of the \$90,372,316,04 transfer referred to in note o, and \$185,404.21 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury.

 n Exclusive of the \$40,274,759.65 and \$50,204,412.27 transfers referred to in note o, and \$5,500,000 transferred to salaries and expenses, Farm Credit Administration; and \$25,734,784.20 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury.
- tration; and \$25,734,784.20 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury.

 o Includes \$4,000,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of April 8, 1935, \$1,425,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of June 22, 1936, \$789,000,000 specific appropriation under Act of Feb. 9, 1937, \$1,500,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of June 29, 1937, \$250,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of June 29, 1937, \$250,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of Mar. 2, 1938, and transfers of unexpended balances as follows: From the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, \$500,000,000 for the appropriation of \$3,300,000,000 for National Industrial Recovery, \$90,372,316,04; from the appropriation of \$350,000,000 for relief in stricken agricultural areas provided in the Emergency Appropriation Act of 1935, approved June 19, 1934, \$40,274,759,65; from the appropriation of \$950,000,000 for relief and public works provided in the Emergency Appropriation Act of 1935, approved June 19, 1934, \$50,204,412.27; from the appropriation of \$950,000,000 for remergency relief and civil works provided in the Act of Feb. 15, 1934, \$7,671,542.23; from unobligated moneys referred to in Sec. 4 of the Act of Mar. 31, 1933, \$21,527,113,76; and moneys transferred pursuant to Sec. 15 (f) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, \$12,921,502.64, less transfer of \$7,500,000 to War Department under Act of July 19, 1937.

DETAILS OF REVOLVING FUNDS INCLUDED IN GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Organizations .		This Month	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Fiscal Year 1938	
	Payments	Repayments and Collections	Net Expenditures	Payments	Repayments and Collections	Net Expenditures
Commodity Credit Corporation Farm Credit Administration Loans and grants to States, municipalities, &c. Loans to railroads Export-Import Bank of Washington Reconstruction Finance Corporation—direct loans & expenditures	\$8,721,281.92 92,021.00 13,541,022.62 715,986.01 51,713,875.70	\$1,353,336.77 353,352.18 4,489,405.79 107,012.25 17,617,869.90	\$7,367,945.15 a261,331.18 9,051,616.83 608,973.76 34,096,005.80	\$108,060,457.60 1,198,408.42 185,150,863.91 20,650.50 3,075,196.11 411,214,969.06	\$10,046,091.48 13,299,891.21 76,785,758.75 3,329,115.38 3,106,455.05 355,086,896.32	\$98,014,366.12 a12,101,482.79 108,365,105.16 a3,308,464.88 a31,258.94 56,128,072.74

a Excess of repayments and collections (deduct)

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

The Secretary of the Treasury reports receipts and dis-resements for April. 1938 and 1937, and the 10 months

bursements for April, 19 of the fiscal years 1937-3	38 and 188 and 198	937, and 36-37 as	the 10 property that the the the the the the the the the th	months
General & Special Accounts —	-Month of 2		-July 1 to AT	ortl 30 1936-37
Receipts— Internal Revenue:	\$	\$	\$	\$,563,879,985
Miscell internal revenue Unjust enrichment tax	49,348,268 154,386,940 351,407		1,926,054,668 1 4,607,221	,802,608,006 2,767,176
Taxes under Social Secur. Act Taxes upon carriers and their	33,348,885	77,514,895	494,729,255	140,783,268
employees	584,115 24,429,963	71,246 46,252,163	123,793,650 314,901,218	321,675 398,389,361
Miscellaneous receipts: Proceeds of Govtowned se-				
curities: Principal—for'n obliga'ns			71,649	69,547
Interest—for'n obligations. All other	1,687,768	1,973,403	170,322 60,690,322	357,897 64,944,951
Panama Canal tolls, &c Seigniorage	1,977,173 1,590,187	2,189,393 2,784,069	20,802,259 32,159,664	20,081,813 43,408,503 53,886,529
Other miscellaneous Total receipts	4,924,814	9,238,047	69,915,090 5,092,316,930	4,091,498,611
Expenditures—	47,443,886	41,754,787	478,956,875	426,368,612
1. General:—Departmental a Public buildings a	3,865,113 6,962,557	3,717,445 6,077,497	52,687,263 131,483,403	26,520,822 80,476,875
Public highways aRiver and harbor work and flood control a	11,096,467	11,561,743	138,458,737	113,555,513
Reclamation projects a b Panama Canal a	4,875,877 886,490	867,215	34,640,158 9,470,726	10,012,174
Postal deficiency c	d f4,398,085	720,381	24,407,438 d f1,812,570	32,560,412 3,625,668
Social Security ActU. S. Housing Authority a	32,442,862 737,801	16,190,726	245,908,107 432,493	148,025,655
Dist. of Col. (U. S. share) National defense: a			5,000,000	5,000,000
Navy	34,122,844 46,933,060	29,598,928 49,566,040	334,825,397 468,813,930 485,992,226	298,921,093 407,664,980 482,943,683
Agricultural Adjust. Program	48,914,907 69,654,206	49,897,491 91,067,026	253,715,316 603,978	446,637,623
Farm Tenant Act Civilian Conservation Corps a	311,569 24,564,957	34,722,922	276,276,130 4,280,867	266,160,936 17,352,827
Farm Credit Administration_a Tennessee Valley Authority	8,138,923 3,449,478 66,145,412	13,468,810 3,840,580 57,658,879	35,418,381 684,582,206	35,453,058 663,321,027
Interest on the public debt Refunds:	1,203,871	1,508,392	14,572,080	13,333,568
Internal revenue Processing tax on farm prod.	3,297,455 866,728	3,941,123 195,468	27,503,235 7,711,050	25,473,559 5,809,589
Sub-total	411,504,378	426,355,453	3,713,927,426	3,499,217,674
2. Recovery and relief: Agricultural aid:				
Federal Farm Mtge. Corp. —reduction in int. rate			3,597,063	
on mortgages Federal Land banks	11,091,582 675,276	15,753,813 1,795,212	61,510,756 4,995,978	62,630,437 74,565,656
ReliefPublic works (incl. work relief) Reclamation projects b	1,659,814	589,592	21,579,458	9,169,297
Public highways River and harbor work and	3,539,404	10,449,013	77,803,797	230,743,855
flood control Rural Electrification Adm_	2,420,764 2,212,345	3,364,830 1,091,904	25,616,275 34,670.665	86,267,818 6 278,521 1,614,374,471
Works Progress Admin	145,596,150 13,375,333	146,302,248 26,823,127	1,148,192,641 159,277,070	312,864,356
Aid to home-owners: Home Loan system Emergency housing	86 3,481	3,274 6,448,954	4,745,214 22,455,756	20,681,126 38,870,344
U. S. Housing Authority Federal Housing Admin	2,333,513 1,483,554	821,983	17,430,506 10,211,044	13,872,572
Farm Security Administra'n Miscellaneous:	19,394,967	29,579,894	148,236,119	165,658,965
Admin. for Indus. Recovery Sub-total	203,786,287	243,024,316	1,740,317,837	11,370 2,635,988,788
3. Revolving funds (net): e Agricultural aid:				
Commodity Credit Corp Farm Credit Administra'n.	7,367,945 d261,331	d24,279,526 d519,519	98,014,366 d12,101,483	d100,736,334 d16,739,608
Public works: Loans and grants to States,		00 000 501	108,365,105	190,478,014
municipalities, &c	9,051,617	22,867,521 14,235	d3,308,465	d3,198,049
Miscellaneous: Export-Import Bank of	608,973	d854,474	d31,259	d342,333
Washington Reconstruction Finance Corp.—direct loans and				
expenditures Sub-total	34,096,006 50,863,210	d3,780,520 d6,552,283	56,128,073 247,066,337	d337,817,652 d268,355,962
4. Transfers to trust accts., &c.: Old-age reserve account	10,800,000	45,000,000	384,800,000	180,100,000
Railroad retirement account Adjusted service ctf. fund	₫8,602,587	9,423	f145,602,587	55,960,649
Govt. employees' retirement funds (U. S. share)			73,255,000	46,735,300
Sub-total	19,402,587	45.009,423	603,657,587	282,795,949
fund, &c.)	1,385,400 686,941,863	17,364,850 725,201,758	58,018,450 6,362,987,637	96,537,450
Total expenditures Excess of receipts		362,152,601	1,270,670,707	2,154,685,288
Excess of expenditures	414,313,343	362,152,001	2,210,010,101	
Summary Excess of expenditures (+) or				
receipts (—) Less public debt retirements	+414,313,343 1,385,400	+362,152,601 17,364,850	+1,270,670,707 58,018,450	+2,154,685,288 96,537,450
Excess of expenditures (+) or receipts (—) (excluding public				
debt retirements) Trust accts., increment on gold,	+412,927,943	+344,787,751	+1,212,652,257	+2,058,147,838
&c., excess of receipts () or expenditures (+)	-4,654,922	-1,226,105	-217,042,285	
Less nat. bank note retirem'ts	+408,273,021 3,154,050	+343,561,646 6,960,835	+995,609,972 45,672,230	87,498,380
Total excess of expenditures (+) or receipts (-)		+336,600,811	+949,937,742	+2,142,083,261
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in general fund balance		-124,215.488	+135,395,524	-979,997,390
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in the gross public debt	—46,355,156	+212,385,322	+1,085,333,266	+1,162,085,871
Gross public debt at beginning	37,556,302,154	34,728,244,04	36,424,613,732	33,778,543,494
Gross public debt this date Trust Accounts, Incremen	37,509,946,998	34,940,629,365	37,509,946,998	34,940,629,365
on Gold, &c. Receipts—				Ann mar ==
Trust accounts	21,307,810	23,431,19		
tion in weight of gold dollar.	6,299,974	62,05 2,904,31 34,439,53	77,467,021	34,569,040
Unemployment trust fund Old-age reserve account Railroad retirement account	10,800,000	45,000,00		180,100,000
Total		105,837,10		
	and the second second			

on Gold, &c. (Concl.) Expenditures— Trust accounts Transactions in checking acc'ts of Govt. agencies (net), &c Chargeable against increment on gold:	1938 \$ 19,760,074	1937 \$ 21,522,416	1937-38 \$ 253,042,667	1936-87
Transactions in checking acc'ts of Govt. agencies (net), &c Chargeable against increment on	19,700,074			236,568,046
	4,613,910	d8,497,486	d166,598,316	119,664,343
Melting losses, &c	1,893		33,780	297,473
(sec. 13b, Fed. Res. Act, as amended)			125,000	875,000
For retirement of national	2.154.050	6,960,835	45,672,229	87,498,379
Unemployment trust fund:	3,154,050		h428,370,000	207,929,000
Withdrawals by States Old-age reserve account:	h16,500,000 40,850,000	39,625,000	117,810,000	650,000
Investments Benefit payments	10,800,000 841,022	45,000,000 230	379,800,000 3,749,882	230
Railread retirement account: Investments	d10,000,000		70,000,000	
Benefit payments	112,896,553 66,417,502	104,610,995	1,195,924,582	833,482,471
Excess of receipts or credits	4,654,922	1,226,105	217,042,285	171,433,803
Excess of expenditures		-		171,400,000
Public Debt Accounts Receipts—Market operations: Cash:				
Treasury bills	350,983,000	350,516,000	3,104,986,000 219,035,700	2,903,681,000
Treasury bonds			293,513,250	1,221,413,000
unclassified sales)	40,166,021	34,774,104	434,923,781	462,2877,978
Treasury savings securities. Deposits for retirement of				
national bank notes Sub-total	391,149,021	385,290,104	4,053,058,773	4,587,971,978
Adjusted service bonds	871,750	2,396,700	11,171,450	136,560,800
Exchanges:			788,943,700	204,425,400
Treasury notes			698,308,700	1,546,939,100
Sub-total			1,487,252,400	1,751,304,000
Special series: Adjusted service certif.			32,000,000	54,900,000
fund (certificates) Unemploy, trust fund (ctfs.)_		39,625,000	457,870,000	207,979,000
Old-age reserve acc't (notes) - Railroad retirem't acc't (notes)	10,800,000	45,000,000	379,800,000 80,000,000	
Civil service retirement fund n Foreign Service retirem't f'd n	1,100,000	,	80,800,000 367,000	43,700,000 363,000
Canal Zone retirement fund n		15,000	469,000 257,000	500,000 35,000
Alaska RR retirem't fund n Postal Savs. Sys. (notes) Federal Deposit Insurance	30,000	15,000	25,000,000	
Corporation (notes)		84,640,000	25,000,000	487,477,000
Sub-total Total public debt receipts	11,930,000	472,326,804	6,633,045,623	6,963,374,278
Expenditures-Market operations	The second second second			
Cash: Treasury bills	402,381,000	210,065,000	3,652,978,000	2,915,289,000 2,181,250
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes	11,550 1,390,700	52,250 15,290,650	1,006,300 60,784,850	69,226,350
Treasury bonds U. S. savings bonds	10,000 7,214,059	4,440,151	319,500 53,836,517	376,400 26,921,300
Adjusted service bonds	4,644,850	10,408,000	71,190,250	671,499,650 12,251,950
First Liberty bonds Fourth Liberty bonds	1,358,200 582,450	1,478,050	14,607,900	17,534,150 1,784,240
Postal Savings bonds Other debt items	720 46,048	6,020 32,275		350,009
National bank notes and Fed. Res. bank notes	3,701,350	8,600,985	52,355,880	100,671,608
Sub-total	421,340,928	251,417,481	3,921,893,957	3,818,085,907
Exchanges: Treasury notes			1,487,252,400	1,751,364,500
Treasury bonds			1,487,252,400	1,751,364,500
Sub-total Special series:			2,101,202,100	
Adjusted service certificate fund (certificates)	1,100,000	2,000,000	42,800,000	139,800,000
Unemploy, trust fund (ctfs.)_	3,000,000			50,000
Railroad retirem't acc't (notes) Civil servicere tirement fund n	1,800,000	1,500,000	17,800,000	
Foreign Service retirem't f'd n Canal Zone retirement fund n	34,000 31,000	24,000	210,000	172,000
Postal Savings System (notes) Fed. Dep. Ins. Corp. (notes).	3,000,000	5,000,000	3,000,000	70,000,000 5,000,000
Sub-total	28,965,000	8,524,000	138,566,000	231,838,000
Total public debt expend's.		259,941,48	STREET, STREET	5,801,288,407 1,162,085,871
Excess of receipts Excess of expenditures		212,385,32	1,000,000,200	1,102,000,000
Increase (+) or Decrease (-)				
Market operations: Treasury bills			—547,992,000 —1,006,300	-11,608,000 -2,181,250
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes		15 200 65	-540.057.850	-1,616,165,450
Bonds Other debt items	+27,227,492	+19,794,48	3+1,284,243,454	+2,637,423,188 -350,009
National bank notes and Fed				
eral Reserve bank notes				+906,446,871
Special series	Company of the Compan	+76,116,00	+942,997,000	
Total	-46,355,156		2+1,085,333,266	

PRELIMINARY DEBT STATEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES APRIL 30, 1938

The preliminary statement of the public debt of the United States April 30, 1938, as made up on the basis of the daily Treasury statement, is as follows:

the daily Treasury statement, is	as follows:	
Bonds— 3% Panama Canal loan of 1961	\$49,800,000.0	
3% Conversion bonds of 1946-47. 2½% Postal Savings bonds (15th to 49th ser.)	28,894,500.0 118,065,420.0	
Treasury bonds:	recorded the	- \$196,759,920.00
4½% bonds of 1947-52	\$758,945,800.00 1,036,692,900.00	
3 1/2 bonds of 1946-56	489,080,100.00)
3¾% bonds of 1943-47	454,135,200.00 352,993,450.00	9
3%% bonds of 1940-43	544.870.050.00	
3% bonds of 1951-55	755,434,500.00	
3¼% bonds of 1941 3¼% bonds of 1943–45	818,627,000.00 755,434,500.00 834,453,200.00 1,400,528,250.00	}
3½% bonds of 1944-46	1,518,737,650.00 1,035,874,400.00	
3¼ % bonds of 1943-45 3¼ % bonds of 1944-46 3% bonds of 1946-48. 3¼ % bonds of 1949-52 2½ % bonds of 1955-60 2¾ % bonds of 1945-47 2¾ % bonds of 1945-61 2¾ % bonds of 1955-54 2¾ % bonds of 1956-59 2½ % bonds of 1956-59	491,375,100.00	
234 % bonds of 1945-47.	2,611,095,150.00 1,214,428,950.00	í
2% % bonds of 1948-51	1,223,496,350.00 1,626,687,650.00	
2¾ % bonds of 1956-59 2½ % bonds of 1949-53	1,626,687,650.00 981,827,550.00 1,786,147,050.00	
2½% bonds of 1945 2½% bonds of 1948	540,843,550.00	
도면하면 있다. 그는 그리고 이 이 사람들은 모든 모든 기계를 하면 있다. -	450,978,400.00	20,927,252,250.00
U. S. Savings bonds (current redemp. value): Series A-1935	\$182,313,359.75	
Series B-1936 Series C-1937	336,825,603.50 445,890,724.50	
Series C-1938	152,414,793.75	
Unclassified sales	63,291,684.71	1,180,736,166,21
Adjusted Service bonds of 1945	\$328,555,850.00 500,157,956.40	
	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	828,713,806.40
Treasury Notes.		3 23,133,462,142.61
2½% series B-1938, maturing June 15, 1938 2½% series D-1938, maturing Sept. 15, 1938 1½% series E-1938, maturing Dec. 15, 1938 2½% series A-1939, maturing June 15, 1939	\$618,056,800.00 596,416,100.00	
	433,460,900.00 1,293,714,200.00 526,233,000.00	
1% % series B-1939, maturing Dec. 15, 1939- 112 % series C-1939, maturing Mar. 15, 1939-	526,233,000.00	
	941,613,750.00 426,554,600.00	
158 % series A-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940- 112 % series B-1940, maturing June 15, 1940-	1,378,364,200.00 738,428,400.00	
19% % series A-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940 19% % series B-1940, maturing June 15, 1940 19% % series C-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1940 19% % series A-1941, maturing Mar. 15, 1941	737,161,600.00 676,707,600.00	
138 % series B-1941, maturing June 15, 1941 14 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941	303,877,300.00	
174 % series A-1942, maturing Mar. 15, 1942	204,425,400.00 426,349,500.00	
2% series B-1942, maturing Sept. 15, 1942 13/4 % series C-1942, maturing Dec. 15, 1942	342,143,300.00 232,375,200.00	
- 1	10,075,882,050.00	
3% Old-Age Reserve account series, maturing June 30, 1941 and 1942	646,900,000.00	
3% Railroad retirement account series, ma- turing June 30, 1942		
4% Civil Service retirement fund, series 1938	70,000,000.00	
to 1942 4% Foreign Service retirement fund, series	372,400,000.00	
1938 to 1942	3,228,000.00	
to 1942	3,557,000.00	
maturing June 30, 1941 and 1942	309,000.00	
2% Postal Savings System series, maturing June 30, 1940 and 1942	52,000,000.00	
2% Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation series, maturing Dec. 1, 1939 and 1942	85,000,000.00	
Certificates of Indebtedness—		11,309,276,050.00
4% Adjusted Service Certificate Fund series	202 200 000 00	
maturing Jan. 1, 1939 2½ Unemployment Trust Fund series, ma-	\$26,800,000.00	
turing June 30, 1938	740,665,000.00	767,465,000.00
Treasury bills (maturity value)		1,753,268,000.00
Total interest-bearing debt outstanding		36,963,471,192.61
Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 (excluding Postal Savings bonds)	\$3,927,680.26	
3½%, 4% and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds	45,720.00	
of 1932-47 4% and 414% Second Liberty Loan bonds of	15,861,300.00	
	1,337,250.00	
4½% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928	2,173,650.00 24,147,650.00	
Treasury notes, at various interest rates	672,400.00 19,670,000.00	
Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills.	4,993,100.00	
Treasury savings certificates	19,191,000.00 247,500.00	
Debt Bearing No Interest—	0040 000	92,267,250.26
United States notes	\$346,681,016.00 156,039,430.93	
	\$190,641,585.07	
Deposits for retirement of National bank and Federal Reserve bank notes		
Old demand notes and fractional currency—— Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassi-	258,282,421.50 2,031,729.30	
fied sales, &c	3,252,819.74	
Total gross debt		454,208,555.61 37,509,946,998.48
		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

TREASURY CASH AND CURRENT LIABILITIES
The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood April 30, 1938, are set out in the following. The figures are taken entirely from the daily statement of the United States Treasury of April 30, 1938.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Assets—
GOLD
S12 868 652 552 26

Gold	\$12,868,652,553.36
Total	212,000,002,000.00
Total Liabilities—	
Gold certificates—Outstanding (outside of Treasury)	\$2,895,662,509,00
Gold certificate fund—Board of Governors, Fed. Res. System.	
Bodomation fund Bodows Hols, Fed. Res. System	7,825,950,860.38
Redemption fund—Federal Reserve notes	8,837,669.82
Gold reserve	150 000 400 00
Note-Reserve against \$346,681,016 of United States notes	100,039,430.93
and \$1,169.672 of Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding. Treas	
and \$1,109.072 of freasury notes of 1890 outstanding. Treas	
ury notes of 1890 are also secured by silver dollars in Treasury	
Exchange stabilization fund	
Gold in general fund	
	182,162,083.23
Total	\$12,868,652,553,36
	014,000,002,553.36

A 22012	
Assets— Silver	\$1,007,284,781.08 503,876,571.00
Total	The state of the s
Silver certificates outstanding Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding Silver in general fund	1 160 679 00
	21,110,100.00
Total	\$1,511,161,352.08
GENERAL FUND	
A88et8—	
Gold (as above)	\$182,162,083.23
Silver (as above)	27,775,755.08
United States notes	1 914 139 00
Federal Reserve notes	11 020 400 00
Federal Reserve bank notes	515 508 00
National Dank notes	702 308 00
Subsidiary silver coin	9,217,941.65
Minor coin	
Silver bullion (cost value)	4,579,554.81
Silver bullion (recoinage value)	465,313,340.33
Incloseffed Collections for	572,524.69
Unclassified—Collections, &c	2,538,329.38
Deposits in—Federal Reserve banks	1,359,930,216.17
Special depositaries account of sales of Govt. securities National and other bank depositaries:	
To credit of Treasurer United States	16,068,703.70
To credit of other Government officers	28,668,207.51
Foreign depositaries—To credit of Treasurer United States	368,353.20
To credit of other Government officers	2 617 586 48
Philippine Treasury—To credit of Treasurer United States	2,145,865.13
Total Liabitutes—	\$2,845,192,896.36
Tressurer's checks outstanding	40 000 750 70
Deposits of Govt. officers—Post Office Department	3,526,331.65
5% reserve, lawful money	59,300,000,00
Other deposits	39,300,000.00
Postmasters clerks of courts dishursing officers to	7,684.582.70
Deposits for:	70,119,730.65
Redemption of National bank notes (5% fund, lawful money) Uncollected items, exchanges, &c	335,031.62 11,748,047.57
Balance today—Increment resulting from re-	\$156,323,474.97
Balance today—Increment resulting from re- duction in the weight of the gold dollar— Seignlorage (silver) (see Note 1)————————————————————————————————————	
Seigniorage (silver) (see Note 1) 433,154,801,78	
Seigmorage (silver) (see Note 1) 433,154,801.78	
Working balance 2,113,860,563.38	
	2,688,869,421.39
Total	\$2,845,192,896.36
Note 1—This item of seignforage represents the difference betwand the monetary value of silver bullion revalued and held to certificates issued on account of silver acquired under the Silve 1934 and under the President's proclamation dated Aug. 9, 1934. Note 2—The amount to the credit of disbursing officers and cert was \$1,976,805,915.17.	o secure the silver r Purchase Act of

TREASURY MONEY HOLDINGS

The following compilation, made up from the daily Government statements, shows the money holdings of the Treasury at the beginning of business on the first of February, March, April, and May, 1938:

Holdings in U. S. Treasury	Feb. 1, 1938	Mar. 1, 1938	Apr. 1, 1938	May 1, 1938
	\$	s	8	3
Net gold coin and bullion.	1.746.560.907	1.711.653.554	1.690.901.985	338,201,514
Net silver coin and bullion	512,424,052	498,619,541		493,661,620
Net United States notes	3,645,646			1.914.139
Net National bank notes.	468,803			
Net Federal Reserve notes	15,117,262			
Net Fed Res. bank notes	503,006			515,508
Net subsidiary silver	6,805,089			
Minor coin, &c	8,239,899			
Total cash in Treasury_	2,293,764,664	2.245.267.355	2 210 512 219	*863,269,395
Less gold reserve fund	156,039,431			156,039,431
Cash balance in Treas	2,137,725,233	2.089,227,924	2.054.472.788	707,229,964
Dep. in spec'l depositories				
account Treas'y bonds. Treasury notes and cer-	1 3 3 3			
tificates of indebtedness	775,731,000	775,514,000	811,207,000	728.164.000
Dep. in Fed. Res. banks	168,389,919	208,509,682		
Dep. in National banks-	100,000,010	200,000,002	010,001,001	1,000,000,210
To credit Treas, U. S	16,458,071	17,367,894	15,522,535	16,068,704
To credit disb. officers.	30,584,389	28,432,051	28,285,688	28,668,208
Cash in Philippine Islands	1,850,681	1,976,216		2,145,865
Deposits in foreign depts.	2,521,891	3,130,072		2,985,939
Net cash in Treasury	77.7			
and in banks	3,133,261,184	3 124 157 839	3 287 287 602	9 845 109 906
Deduct current liabilities_	183,681,115	149,480,479	146,944,053	156,323,475
Available cash balance	2,949,580,069	2.974.677.360	3.140.343.549	2.688.869.421

* Includes on May 1 \$465,885,865 silver by as included in statement "Stock of Money."

COMPARATIVE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

	Mar. 31, 1917, Pre-War Debi	Aug. 31, 1919, When War Debt Was at its Peak	Dec. 31, 1930, Lowest Post-War Debt
Gross debt Net bal. in gen. fund	\$1,282,044,346.28 74,216,460.05	\$26,596,701,648.01 1,118,109,534.76	\$16,026,087,087.07 306,803,319.55
Gross debt less net bal. in gen. fund		\$25,478,592,113.25	\$15,719,283,767.52
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int. per annum on interest- bearing debt outstand-	\$12.36	\$250.18	\$129.66
ing (percent)	2.395	4.196	3.750
	April 30, 1937, A Year Ago	March 31, 1938, Last Month	April 30, 1938
Gross debt Net bal, in gen. fund	\$34,940,629,364.65 1,701,512,813.45	\$37,556,302,154.55 3,140,343,548.62	\$37,509,946,998.48 2,688,869,421.39
Gross debt less net bal. in general fund	\$33,239,116,551.20	\$34,415,958,605.93	\$34,821,077,577.09
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int.	\$270.47	a\$289.17	a\$288.66
per annum on interest- bearing debt outstand- ing (percent)	2,568	2.563	2 565

Subject to revision.

REDEMPTION CALLS AND SINKING FUND NOTICES

Below will be found a list of bonds, notes and preferred stocks of corporations called for redemption, together with sinking fund notices. The date indicates the redemption or last date for making tenders, and the page number gives the location in which the details were given in the "Chronicle":

location in which the details were given in the	CHIOMOTO	
50 TO 보고 NOTE CONTROL TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SECOND STATE OF THE SEC	Date	Page
Alton Water Co. 1st mortgage 5s, 1956	May 14	2673
Aluminium, Ltd. 5% sinking fund debentures	May 20	3000
		1389
Appalachian Power Co., 1st 5s, 1941*Beech Creek Coal & Coke Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1944	June 1	3174
Beech Creek Coal & Coke Co. 18t mige. 58, 1944	May 14	2358
Biltmore Hats, Ltd., 7% preference stock	Tuno 1	3005
Biltmore Hats, Ltd., 7% preference stock Budd Realty Corp., 1st mortgage 6s, 1941 California Packing Corp., 10-year 5% bonds	July 1	2842
California Packing Corp., 10-year 5% bonds	July 1	2844
Chicago Daily News, 5% debentures, 1945	3/for 16	3007
Cleve. Cin. Chicago & St. Louis Ry., 1st con. tr. bonds	May 10	3008
Colorado Power Co., 1st mortgage 5s, 1953————————————————————————————————————	Tuly 1	3009
Connecticut Railway & Lighting Co., 18t & rel. 4728	July 1	3180
*Container Corn of America 1st IIIIve. Ds. 1940	June 10	2846
Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y., Inc., 20-yr., 41/2s, 1951	June 1	3011
Driver-Harris Co., 1st mortgage 6s, 1942	June 1	1875
Driver-Harris Co., 1st mortgage 6s, 1942 Framerican Indust, Development Corp., 20-yr. 71/2s 1942	July 1	2850
Reick-Reid Supply Corn 15-year 6% dependires	June 1	2850
Gemmer Manufacturing Co., 5½ % debs due 1940	May 14	3016
Gemmer Manufacturing Co., 5½ % debs., due 1940 Heller Brotners Co., 1st mortgage 7s	June 1	3018
International Paper Co., 1st 5s. Kanawha Bridge & Terminal Co., mortgage bonds	May 10	2857
Kanawha Bridge & Terminal Co., mortgage bonds	June 1	2049
(Glenn L.) Martin Co., 6% notes 1939 Metropolitan Playhouses. Inc., 5% debs, 1945	May 23	3022
Metropolitan Playhouses. Inc., 5% debs, 1945	May 25	2378
		2861
Morris 5 & 10c. to \$1 Stores, Inc., 5% debs., due 1950	May 15	2863
Paris-Orleans RR. Co., 6% bonds	June 1	2383
Morris 5 & 10c. to \$1 Stores, Inc., 5% debs., due 1950 Paris-Orleans RR. Co., 6% bonds. Pearl River Valley Lumber Co. ref. inc. bonds, 1945	July 1	2865
Peoples Natural Gas Co., 5% preferred stock*Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. 1st gen. mtge	_July 1	2000
*Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. 1st gen. mige	3 for 01	3201
bonds	-May of	2383
Pittsfield Coal Gas Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1952	June 1 June 1	3028
Power Securities Corn collateral trust Dollos	_June I	2868
Safeway Stores, Inc., 10-year 4% debs., 1947	July 1	120
St Joseph Ry., Light, Heat & Power Co., 1st 58, 1940	July 1	3202
*;St. Louis Rocky Mountain & Pacific Co. 1st mtge. 5s	Nor 10	3030
Savannah Electric & Power Co., 1st 5s, 1955	Tuly 19	2385
(Robert) Simpson Co., Ltd., 1st mtge. 58, 1952	May 16	1890
Robert) Simpson Co., Ltd., 1st mtge. 5s, 1952	Imay 10	3032
Staten Island Railway. 1st 41/28, 1943	Mar 16	2550
Staten Island Railway, 1st 4½s, 1943 Swift & Co. 1st mtge. 3¾s, 1950	-May 10	2872
		3034
Terre Haute Traction & Light Co., 1st mtge. 58	-May 11	2388
Terre Haute Traction & Light Co., 1st mtge. 5s	June 1	2873
		2874
		2226
		1389
Virg nia Power Co 1st 58, 1942	Sept. 1	1898
Virg nia Power Co 1st 5s, 1942 (Raphael) Weill & Co., 8% preferred stock	July 1	2875
Wilson Line, Inc., 1st mtge. bonds, 1945	_ouly 1	2010
* Announcements this week.		

CURRENT NOTICES

—Herman Johnson, for the past five years associated with Gruntal & Co., has joined Alexander Eisemann & Co. in their 499 Seventh Ave., New York City office.

—Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co. announce the opening of a new uptown New York City office at 1441 Broadway under the management of Benjamin K. Kaufman.

—Willard L. Flint is now associated with Wm. R. Stuart & Co. of Chicago as Vice-President.

DIVIDENDS

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid. Further details and record of past dividend payments in many cases are given under the company name in our "General Corporation and Investment News Department" in the week when declared.

The dividends announced this week are:

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable		
Acme Steel Co. (quar.) (reduced)	25c	June 11	May	26
	18134		June	
Agricultural Insurance (N. Y.) (quar.)	75c	July 1	June	20
Alpha Portland Cement Co	25c	June 25	June	1
American Box Board preferred (quar.)	17½c	June 1	May	18
American Business Shares, Inc. (quar.)	6c	Juhe 1	May	16
American Business shares, Inc. (qual.)	\$1	June 15		1
American Chicle (quar.)	50c	June 15	June	1
Extra American Dock Co. preferred (quar.) American Factors (monthly)	\$2	June 20		1
American Dock Co. preferred (quai.)	10c	May 10	Apr.	30
American Factors (monthly)	75c	June 1	May	17
American General Corp. \$3 preferred (quar.)	62½c		May	
\$2.50 preferred (quar.)	50c		May	
\$2.50 preferred (quar.) \$2 preferred (quar.) American Investment Co. of Illinois (quar.)	40c		May	
American Investment Co. of Illinois (quar.)	20c	June 1	May	20
American Laundry Machinery (quar.)	\$1		May	
Andian National Corp. (sa.)	0.1		May	
Extra		June 30	Tuno	20
Ashland Oil & Refining (quar.)	10c	June 50	June	14
5% preferred (quar.) Bangor Hydro-Electric 7% preferred (quar.)	\$114	June 15	June	14
Bangor Hydro-Electric 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134	July 1	June	10
			June	10
Hank of Nova Scotia (quar.)		July 2	June	15
		June 15 June 1	May	31
Barlow & Seelig Manufacturing A (quar.)	30c	June 1	May	19
nind & Con Inc & preferred (quar)	\$11/4		May	21
Boston Elevated Ry. (quar.) Brach (E. J.) & Sons (quar.) Brazilian Traction Light & Power Co., Ltd.	\$114		June	
Proch (F. I.) & Sons (quar.)	30c	July 1	June	15
Progilian Traction Light & Power Co., Ltd.	‡50c	July 5	May	31
Brown Fence & Wire (action postponed to June 1)			17.5	
Comp (no action May 11)	12 1-21	1	1 2	
Canada Vinegars, Ltd. (quar.)	30c	June 1	May	20
Canada vinegars, Liu. (quai.) ====================================	‡10c	May 1	Apr.	15
Canadian Exploration (reduced) (sa.)	4200	-		
Canadian Internat. Investment Trust, Ltd.—	18114	June 1	May	16
5% preferred	\$134	June 30	June	20
Canfield Oil 7% preferred (quar.) Central Arkansas Public Service 7% pref. (qu.)	\$1.75	June 1	May	16
Central Arkansas Public Service 7 % prei. (qu.)-	3c	May 25		
Central Tube Co		May 15	May	- 5
Champion Hardware (quar.)	50c	June 1	May	15
Champion Hardware (quar.) Chicago Corp. preferred (reduced)	91	June 30	Tung	20
Chicago Flevible Shaft (quar.)	\$1 25c	June 15	Mar	25
Chickasha Cotton Oil (special)	200	June 19	May	20
Chickasha Cotton Oil (special)————————————————————————————————————	011/	7	35000	10
5% preferred (quar.) Clearfield & Mahoning RR. (sa.)	\$114	June 1	Viay	10
Clearfield & Mahoning RR. (sa.)	\$11/2	July 1	June	20
Colon Development Co., Ltd.—		100	3.	01
607 redeemable conv. preferred	11/2%		Mar.	31
Colon Development Co., Ltd.— 6% redeemable conv. preferred Columbia Broadcasting System—		1		0.00
Class A (quar.) (reduced)	25c	June 10	May	27
Class B (quar.) (reduced)	25c	June 10	May	27
Columbia Broadcasting System— Class A (quar.) (reduced) Class B (quar.) (reduced) Columbian Carbon Co. v. t. c. (quar.)	\$1	June 10	May	20

Name of Company	Per Share	When Holders Payable of Record
	\$1.121/2	July 1 June 10
Continental Can \$4.50 preferred (quar.) Continental Casualty Co. (Chicago) (quar.) Cook Paint & Varnish Co. (quar.)	15c	June 1 May 16 June 1 May 20
Preferred (quar.) Corrugated Paper Box. Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1 1\$134	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 16
Preferred (quar.) Corrugated Paper Box, Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.) Crane Co. preferred (quar.) Creole Petroleum Corp	\$1 \$1,34 \$1,4 \$2,5c 2,5c	June 15 June 1 June 10 May 27
Crown Cork & Seal Co. \$2.25 preferred w. w	25c 56¼c	June 10 May 27 June 15 May 31
\$2.25 preferred x wCrown Zellerbach Corp. \$5 conv. pref. (quar.)	56 14 c 56 14 c \$1 14	Tune 15 May 21
	10c 25c 25c	June 13 May 23 June 15 May 31
Devoila Notorous (inquiating) Devoilan Oil Dictaphone Corp., common Preferred (quar.) Dixio-Vortex Co Class A (quar.) Eastman Kodak (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	25c \$2	June 1 May 16 June 13 May 23 June 15 May 31 June 1 May 13 June 1 May 13
Dixie-Vortex CoClass A (quar.)		July 1 June 10
Eastman Kodak (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	62½c \$1½ \$1½ \$1½	July 2 June 5 July 2 June 5
Electric Shareholdings, pref. (optional)— 44-1000ths of a share of common or \$1½ in ca	sh ora	June 1 May 18
Equity Corp., \$3 convertible pref."(quar.)	25c 75c 75c	June 1 May 23 June 1 May 16
Federal Bake Snops, Inc., 5% preferred (sa.) Federal Compress & Warehouse (quar.)	40c	June 30 June 16 June 1 May 18 June 15 June 1
Federated Publications, v. t. c. (reduced)	\$134 20c 15c	May 5 Apr. 27 June 30 June 20
Preferred A (quar,)	834c 35c	June 30 June 20 May 15 May 5
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$1	May 15 May 5 June 1 May 20
Goodall Securities Corp	62½c \$1	May 2 Apr. 26 May 16 May 10
Preferred (quar.) Electric Shareholdings, pref. (optional)— 44-1000ths of a share of common or \$1½ in ca Electrigraphic Corp. (quar.) Equity Corp., \$3 convertible pref. (quar.). Federal Bake Shops, Inc., 5% preferred (sa.)— Federal Mining & Smelting, preferred (quar.) Federal Mining & Smelting, preferred (quar.)— Federated Publications, v. t. c. (reduced)— Finance Co. of Amer., class & & B (quar.)— Preferred A (quar.)— Gallaher Drug Co., 7% partic. pref. (quar.)— 7% preferred (quar.)— Goodall Securities Corp. Gosnold Mills Corp., 5% prior pref. (sa.)— Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Preferred (quar.)— Great Northern Paper (quar.)— Extra— Extra— **Transcriptor** *	\$1 \$1 \$4 25c	June 1 May 13
Great Northern Paper (quar.)	13c	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20
Hammermill Paper Co., 6% preferred (quar.)—Hammond Instruments Co., 6% pref. (quar.)—	\$1½ 75c 15c	July 1 June 15 May 16 May 20 June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20
Class B (quar.)	15c	June 1 May 20 July 1 June 20
Hanna (M. A.) Co., \$5 preferred	\$134 \$114 75c	June 1 May 16 June 15 June 1
Extra Hammermill Paper Co., 6% preferred (quar.)— Hammond Instruments Co., 6% pref. (quar.)— Hanes (P. H.) Knitting Co. (quar.)— Class B (quar.)— T% preferred (quar.)— Hanna (M. A.) Co., \$5 preferred Hazeltine Corp. (quar.)— Hecla Mining (No action May 11). Hudson Bay Co. (ordinary shares) Ordinary shares—	3%	
Ordinary shares.	3% 1% ‡75c	May 16 Apr. 25 May 16 Apr. 25 June 27 May 27 July 1 June 11
Ordinary snares Hudson Bay Mining & Smelting, Ltd. Illinois Central RR., leased lines (sa.) Illinois Water Service 6 % pref. (quar.) Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd.— Control of the reason and d. Dec. 31	\$11/2	July 1 June 111 June 1 May 16
Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd.— Final dividend for the year ended Dec. 31.		
Final dividend for the year ended Dec. 31. 1937 less British income tax	5½% 25c	June 8 Apr. 21 June 1 May 18 June 1 May 18
ExtraInternational Petroleum Co. (sa.)	37½c 75c	June 1 May 20
Special International Power Secur., 6% preferred A	50c †\$3 60c	June 17 June 1
International Safety Razor A (quar.)	\$2 \$3	July 1 June 15
Investment Corp. of Philadelphia	75c 175c	June 15 June 1
Special International Power Secur., 6% preferred A International Safety Razor A (quar.) Second preferred (sa.) Investment Corp. of Philadelphia Irving Oil Co. Ltd., 6% preferred Kansas City Stock Yards (reduced)	\$1 \$1 14	
Keystone Custodian Fund "S-2" (sa.)	50c \$134	May 15 May 5 June 1 May 17
Kansas City Stock Yards (reduced) 5% preferred (quar.). Keystone Custodian Fund "S-2" (sa.) Kobacker Stores, pref. (quar.). Lang (John A.) & Sons, Ltd. (quar.). Langendorf United Bakeries— 6% preferred (initial quar.)	- \$17½c	July 2 June 15
6% preferred (initial quar.)	- 75c 50c	June 15 May 25
Lincoln Stores, Inc., common (quar.)	- 25c - 25c	June 1 May 24
Preferred (quar.) Louisville Provision 8% pref. (sa.)	- \$134 - 40	Llune 11May 31
Langendorf United Bakeries— 6% preferred (initial quar.)— Class A (quarterly)— Le Tourneau (R. G.) Inc., com— Lincoln Stores, Inc., common (quar.)— Preferred (quar.)— Mallory Hat Co., 7% pref. (sa.)— Masonite Corp., (quar.)— Preferred (quar.)— Mercantile Acceptance Corp. of California— 5% preferred (quar.)— 5% preferred (quar.)— 5% preferred (quar.)— 5% preferred (quar.)— 6% preferred (quar.	\$1\\\ 25c - \\$1\\\\	June 10 May 23 June 1 May 23
Mercantile Acceptance Corp. of California—	250	
5% preferred (quar.) Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.— 4% preferred B	_ \$1	June 1 May 20
Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.— 4% preferred B. Monroe Chemical Co. \$3.50 pref. (quar.) Moran Towing, pref. (quar.) Mount Diablo Oil Min. & Dev. (quar.). Murphy (G. C.) Co. (quar.). Nashau Gummed & Coated Paper (reduced). Nash-Kelvinator Corp. (no action)	- 87 ½ c	June 1 May 20 July 1 June 16 June 1 May 15 June 1 May 15
Mount Diablo Oil Min. & Dev. (quar.)	- 75c	June 1 May 21
Nashau Gummed & Coated Paper (reduced) Nash-Kelvinator Corp. (no action)	- 50c	
Nashau Gummed & Coated Paper (Teduced)— Nash-Kelvinator Corp. (no action) National Baking Co., com. (irregular) 6% preferred (quar.) National Battery, preferred (quar.) National Life & Accident Insurance (Tenn.) National Oce	250 \$1½ - 550 - 300 - 250 - \$1¾ - \$1½ - 500	June 11 May 26 June 11 May 26 July 1 June 17 June 1 May 20 June 1 May 21
National Life & Accident Insurance (Tenn.)	300	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 21
Nebraska Power 7% preferred (quar.)	- \$134 \$11/2	June 1 May 13 June 1 May 13
Newberry (J. J.) Co. (reduced) Newmarket Mfg. Co. (Div. omitted May 6)	500	
New Mexico Gas, common 6% convertible preferred (sa.)	- \$1½	May 17 May 9 May 17 May 9
National Life & Accident Insurance (Tenn.)—National Oats (quar.)—Nebraska Power 7% preferred (quar.)—6 % preferred (quar.)—(when y and y a	320	May 25 May 10
Alcohol & Distillery	34c 26c	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Aviation	180	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Building supplies	136 426 136	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Chemical Fleetric equipment	130	May 25 May 10
FoodGovernment bonds	300	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Insurance stocksMachinery	200 330 200 320	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Merchandising Metals Metals	320	May 25 May 10 May 25 May 10
Public utilities	20	c May 25 May 10 c May 25 May 10
Railroad equipment	130	c May 25 May 10 c May 25 May 10
New York Air Brake (action deferred May 10) New York Stocks— Agricultural Alcohol & Distillery Automobile Aviation Bank stocks Building supplies Business equipment Chemical Electric equipment Food Government bonds Insurance stocks Machinery Merchandising Metals Oils Public utilities Railroad Railroad equipment Steel Tobacco Nineteen Hundred Corp., class B North Pennsylvania RR. (quar.) Northern Oklahoma Gas.	121/2	c May 25 May 10 c May 16 May 10
		May 25 May 10
North Pennsylvania RR. (quar.) Northern Oklahoma Gas Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd. (reduced) monthly Ogilvie Flour Mills preferred (quar.) Ohio Associated Telephone Co. 6 % pref.[(quar Ohio Oil, preferred (quar.) Common omitted, May 7. Oklahoma Gas & Electric 7% pref. (quar.) 6 % preferred (quar.)	\$13	c IMay in May 5
Ohio Associated Telephone Co. 6% pref.[(quar Ohio Oil, preferred (quar.)	\$13 \$13 \$13 \$13	June 15 May 31
Common omitted, May 7. Oklahoma Gas & Electric 7% pref. (quar.)	\$13 \$11 10	June 15 May 31 June 15 May 31
6% preferred (quar.) Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc., common (quar.)	100	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20
Patterson-Sargent (quar.)	25 40	C June 1 May 16 C Oct. 1 Sept. 15
Peoples Drug Stores (quar.)	\$15 \$15	July 1 June 8 June 15 June 1 May 20 May 11
Oklahoma Gas & Electric 7% pref. (quar.). 6% preferred (quar.). Oshkosh B Gosh, Inc., common (quar.). Convertible preferred (quar.). Patterson-Sargent (quar.). Peninsular Telephone Co. (quar.). Peoples Drug Stores (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Praddler Co. (quar.). 6% preferred. Pioneer Gold Mines of B. C. (quar.).	\$15 \$ \$11 \$110	May 20 May 11 May 20 May 20
Pioneer Gold Mines of B. C. (quar.)	_' ‡10	c July 2 June 1

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Placer Development (Ltd.) semi-annual Prentice Hall (quar.)	50c	June 15	May 20 May 19 May 20 May 20 May 25 June 15
Placer Development (Ltd.) semi-annual	60c	June 10	May 10
Prentice Hall (quar)	70c	June 1	May 20
Preferred (quar)	75c	Tuno 1	May 20
Preferred (quar.). Procter & Gamble 5% pref. (quar.). Rich's, Inc., 6½% preferred (quar.). Royalite Oil Co., Ltd. (semi-ann.).	811/	June 15	May 20
Rich's Inc 614 % preferred (quar)	1 6012	June 15	May 25
Royalita Oil Co. Ltd. (comi-ann.)	50c	June ou	June 15
Extra	250	June 1	May 20
San Francisco Remedial Loan Assn. (quar.)	25c	June 1	May 20 May 20 June 14
Second Canadian International	75c	June 30	June 14
Investment Co. Itd. nextic prof (cure)	+10-	12000	
Shottrole (Frank C) asserted Prof. (quar.)	110c	June 1	May 16
Showin & Williams (Conside) professed	100	June 21	June 1
Investment Co., Ltd., partic. pref. (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	1731.75	July 2	June 15
snerwood swan & Co.—		-	
6% partic. pref. class A (quar.)	15c	June 15 June 15	June 4
Simmons Saw & Steel (irregular)	10c	June 15	May 28
Simmons Saw & Steel (irregular)	\$1	June 21	June 10
\$6 preferred (quar.)	\$11/2	June 21	June 10
\$6 preferred (quar.)Southeastern Greyhound Lines, Inc.—	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 1000	
6% convertible preferred (quar.)	30c	June 1	May 20
Spencer Kellogg & Sons (quar.)	40c	June 10	May 25
Spencer Kellogg & Sons (quar.) Standard Dredging \$1.60 preferred (quar.)	40c	June 10 June 1	May 20
Standard Oil of Ohio (quar.)	25c	June 15	Mar 21
Preferred (quar)	\$114	Tuler 15	Tuno 20
Preferred (quar.) Standard Wholesale Phosphate & Acid Works—	0174	July 15	arme 30
Special	30c	3/10- 05	M 00
wan-Finch Oil 6% preferred (quar.)	271/0	May 25	May 20
Sylvanite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	01720	June 1	May 18
Bearer shares	15c	June 1 June 30	May 21
Bearer shares	1.00	Line 30	
Texamerica Oil (monthly)	7 1/2 C	June 1 June 15 June 1	May 15
Tilo Roofing Co. (quar.)	25c	June 15	May 25
Imken-Detroit Axie, preferred	\$134 25c	June 1	May 20
Title Insurance Corp. of St. Louis	25c	May 31	May 21
Fimken-Detroit Axle, preferred Fitle Insurance Corp. of St. Louis Frinidad Leasehold, Ltd.—	1. 1. 1.	1.00	1 - 4 - 1 - 1
Ordinary registered (interim)	10%	May 27	May 16
Ordinary registered (interim) Trust Shares of America (bearer)	10% 9c	May 27 May 16	
Registered shares Underwood Elliott Fisher Co. (quar.)	9c	May 16 June 30	May 5
Underwood Elliott Fisher Co. (quar.)	50c	June 30	lune 11
United Aircraft Corp. United Amusement Corp. A (reduced)	50c	June 15	Tune 1
United Amusement Corp. A (reduced)	30c	May 21	Mar 14
Class B (reduced)	30c	May 31 May 31 June 24	May 14
Inited Elastic Corn	10c	Tune 24	June 2
Inited States Gypsum common (quar)	50c	Julie 24	une 3
7% preferred (quar.)	9136	July 1.	une 15
Iniversal Insurance Co (quar.)	\$134 25c	July 1	une 15
In Posts Co. Inc. common	25C	June 1	May 14
Jniversal Insurance Co. (quar.) An Raalte Co., Inc., common 1st preferred (quar.)	50c	July 1. June 1 June 1 June 1	May 19
1st preferred (quar.)	\$134	June 1	May 19
entures, Ltd. (interim)	12½c	July 5	fune 17
ogt Mfg. Corp. (no action May 5)	3.47	1. 19-11	
Veisbaum BrosBrower Co. (quar.)	10c	June 1	May 16
Vestern Auto Supply Co. (reduced)		June 1	May 16 May 20
Vheeling Electric Co., 6% preferred (quar.)	\$116	June 1	May 9
Velsbaum Bros. Brower Co. (quar.) Vestern Auto Supply Co. (reduced) Vheeling Electric Co., 6% preferred (quar.) Villiams (J. B.) Co. (quar.)	\$1½ 25c	May 14	May 4
Preferred		May 14	
Vilson Products, Inc. (no action, May 10)	200	May 14	viay 4
Voolworth (F W) Co Ltd preferred (e -)	201	Tune 1	F 11
Amer den rete for 607 prof (a.a.)	379	June 1	May 14
Vilson Products, Inc. (no action, May 10) Voolworth (F. W.) Co., Ltd., preferred (sa.) Amer, dep. rets, for 6% pref. (sa.) Vright, Hargreaves Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	3% 3% 10c	June 8	May 13
Extra	10c	July 11 July 11	May 23
			May 23

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. The list *does not* include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Acme Gas & Oil Co., Ltd. (resumed)	- 1c	May 25	May 14
Acme Gas & Oil Co., Ltd. (resumed) Acme Wire Co vtc com Akron Brass Mfg. (resumed) Allegheny Steel Co., 7% pref. (quar.). Allied Products Corp. class A (quar.). Allied Stores Corp. 5% preferred (quar.). Aluminum Ltd., pref. (quar.). Aluminum Mfrs., Inc. (quar.).	1212c 1212c 1212c \$134 4334c \$114 \$112 50c	May 14	May 14 Apr. 30
Alloghory Steel (10 707 more)	- 12½c	May 20	May 10
Allied Products Corp. class A (quar.)	- \$134	June 1	May 14
Allied Stores Corp. 5% preferred (quar)	- 43740	July 1	June 13
Aluminum, Ltd., pref. (quar.)	\$113	July 1 June 1	June 21 May 14
Aluminum Mfrs., Inc. (quar.)	50c	June 30	
Quarterly	- 50c	Sept. 30 Dec. 31 June 30 Sept. 30 Dec. 31	Sept. 15
Quarterly Quarterly 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) American Arch Co American Bakerles Corp. 7% preferred (s-a.) American Can Co. (quar.) American Cap Corp. \$5\text{\scrtee} prior preferred (quar. American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (qu.) 7% preferred A (quarterly) 7% preferred A (quarterly) American Home Products Corp., (monthly) American Metal Co. Ltd. Preferred (quar.)	- 50c	Dec. 31	Dec. 15
7% preferred (quarterly)	\$134 \$134 \$134	June 30	June 15
7% Dreferred (quarterly)	- \$1%	Sept. 30	Sept. 15
American Arch Co	25c	June 1	Dec. 15 May 20
American Bakeries Corp. 7% preferred (sa.)	\$316	Journe I	June 15
American Can Co. (quar.)	\$3½ \$1	May 16	Apr. 25*
American Cap Corp. \$51/2 prior preferred (quar.	\$13%	June 1	May 14
American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (qu.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 20c	June 1	May 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	\$134	Sept. 1	Aug. 25
American Home Products Corn (monthly)	\$1%	Dec. 1	Nov. 25
American Metal Co. Ltd	25c	June 1 June 1	May 14*
Preferred (quar.)	\$116		May 20 May 20
American News Co	250	Max 16	May 9
American Re-Insurance Co	400	May 16	Apr. 29
American Smelting & Refining Co	. o50c	May 31	Apr. 29 May 6
American Steel Foundries (no action)	1014-	12-1	
American Thread Co. \$5 preferred (sa.)	12½c \$1¼	July 1	May 31
Amoskeag Co., common (sa.)	\$1	June 1 July 5	May 10
Preferred (semi-ann.)	\$214		June 25 June 25
Amoskeag Co., common (sa.) Preferred (semi-ann.) Archer-Daniels-Midland	\$214 25c 20c	Tuno 1	Marr O1
	1 200	Mar 16	Apr. 16
Arthorn Corp., preferred. Associated Dry Goods Corp. 6% 1st preferred. 7% of preferred (over preferred)	\$134	May 16 June 1	May 16
7% 2d preferred (quar)	\$1.73	June 1 June 1 June 1	May 13
7% 2d preferred (quar.) Associated National Shares series A (bearer)	\$134 \$114 \$194 15.533c	June 1	May 13
	49c	May 16 May 14	Apr. 30
\$6 1st preferred (quar.)	42c		Apr. 30
\$6 1st preferred (quar.) Atlantic Macaroni Co., Inc. (quar.) Atlantic Refining Co. Atlas Corp. 6% preferred (quar.) Atlas Powder Co.	\$1	May 20	Apr. 25
Atlas Corp 80 professed (suces)	25c	June 15	May 20
Adias Corp. o % preferred (quar.) Atlas Powder Co Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Bandini Petroleum Co. (quar.) Bangor & Aroostook RR. Co. (quar.) 5% conv. pref. (quar.) Bankers & Shippers Insurance (N. Y.) (quar.) Baton Rouge Electric Co. \$6 pref. (quar.) Bedon Mfg. Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Bedding-Corticelli, Ltd. (quar.)	75c	June 1	May 14
Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. (quar.)	50c	June 10	May 31
6% preferred (quar.)	15c	June 1	May 16 May 16
Bandini Petroleum Co. (quar.)	30	May 201	Marr
Bangor & Aroostook RR. Co. (quar.)	3c 62c	July 1	May 31 May 31 May 9
Bankong & Chippen (quar.)	\$1¼ \$1¼	July 1 July 1 May 17	May 31
Baton Rouge Floatric Co. 26 prof. (quar.)	\$114	May 17	May 9
Beacon Mfg. Co. 6% pref (quar.)	\$113	June 1	May 1
Belden Mfg. Co.	3172	May 16	Apr. 30
Bedding-Corticelli, Ltd. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Bensenhurst National Bank (quar.) Best & Co., Inc. Bethlehem Steel, 7% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/2 \$1 1/2 5c \$1	May 16 1 July 2	May 5
Preferred (quar.)	\$13/	July 2	une 15 June 15
Bensonhurst National Bank (quar.)	\$134 75c	June 30	une 30
Pothlohom Chael 707	40c	May 16	Apr. 25
5% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c	July 1	fune 3
Bigelow-Sanford Carnet preferred (quar)	25C	July 1	une 3
5% preferred (quar.) Bigelow-Sanford Carpet, preferred (quar.) Biltumore Hats, Ltd., 7% preferred	25c \$1 ½ 1.16 2-3 25c 75c 75c	June 1 May 14	May 14
Blauner's (quar.)	25c		May 2
Preferred (quar.)	75c	May 16	May 2
Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 conv. pref. (quar.)	75c	June 1	May 5
Borden Co. 1-32 sh. of com. or cash.	1 10	100	
Boss Mfg Co. common (radical)	30c	June 1	May 16
Blauner's (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 conv. pref. (quar.) Opt. div. 1-32 sh. of com. or cash. Borden Co. common (interim) Boss Mfg. Co. common (reduced) Boston Fund, Inc. (quar.) Baton Rouge Electric Co., \$6 pref. (quar.) Bourjois, Inc., \$2% preferred (quar.) Brewers & Distillers of Vancouver, Ltd. Extra	25c	May 16 A	pr. 30
Baton Rouge Electric Co., \$6 pref. (quar.)	18c	May 20	pr. 30
Bourjois, Inc., \$2% preferred (quar.)	68%C		May 1 May 2
Brewers & Distillers of Vancouver, Ltd.	150c	May 20	pr. 30
Extra	\$1 ½ 68 ¾ c ±50c ±50c	May 20 A May 20 A June 30 J	pr. 30
Bridgenort (leg Light (guest)	50c	Tuno 20 I	une 16
Bridgeport Gas Light (quar.) Bristol-Myers Co. (quar.)	60c	June 11	une 10

Name of Company	Per Share	When	Holders of Record
Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.)	\$	_	
Brown Shoe Co. common (quar.) Buck Hill Falls Co. Buckeye Pipe Line Co. Buffalo Ankerite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.) Bullocks, Inc.	250	June 1 June 1 May 16	May 13 May 21 May 30 May 1
Buckeye Pipe Line Co Buffalo Ankerite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	12 1/2 0 500 250	Joune 10	IVIAV ZI
Bullocks, Inc. Bulolo Gold Dredging Co. (interim) Bunte Bros., 5% pref (quar)	\$11/2	May 16 June 1 May 21	May 11 May 19
Bullocks, Inc. Bulloic Gold Dredging Co. (interim) Bunte Bros., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% pref. (quar.) 5% pref. (quar.) Burlington Mills Corp. Burroughs Adding Machine Co. Butler Bros., 5% conv. pref. (quar.) Byron Jackson Co. Calamba Sugar Estates (quar.) California Packing Corp. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$114 \$114 \$114 \$114	May 21 June 1 Sept. 1 Dec. 1	Aug. 26 Nov. 25
Burlington Mills Corp Burroughs Adding Machine Co	250 100	May 16 June 6	Apr. 30
Byron Jackson Co. Calamba Sugar Estates (quar.)	100 37 1/20 250 400	June 1 May 16	May 12
California Packing Corp. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) California Water Service Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Cambria Iron Co. (semi-annual)	37 1/2 c 62 1/2 c \$1 1/2	July 1 May 16 May 16 May 15 Oct. 1	Apr. 30
Cambria Iron Co. (semi-annual)	\$11/2	May 15 Oct. 1	Apr. 30 Sept. 15
	\$37 ½ c \$\$1 \$1 5%	June 1 May 15	May 15 May 5
Canada Wire & Cable preferred (quar.) Canadian Foreign Investment Corp. (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.)	\$40c \$2	July 1	June 15
Canadian Oil, Ltd. (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.)	‡12½c ‡\$2	May 16 July 2	May 2 June 20
Canadian Foreign Investment Corp. (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) Canadian Oil, Ltd. (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) Carman & Co., Inc., class A Carolina Telephone & Telegraph (quar.) Catawissa RR. Co., 5% 1st & 2nd pref. (sa.) Caterpillar Tractor (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	†50c \$2 \$1 1/4	June 1 July 1	May 14 June 24
Caterpillar Tractor (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c \$1.4 25c	July 1 May 23 May 25 May 25 May 16	May 14 May 14
Preferred (quar.) Central Cold Storage Co. (quar.) Central Illinois Public Service 6% preferred \$6 preferred	781		
Central Vermont Public Service pref. (quar.) —— Centrifugal Pipe Corp. (quar.) —— Quarterly ————————————————————————————————————	*131 \$11/2 10c	June 15 June 16 May 16	May 20 Apr. 30 May 5
Quarterly Quarterly Century Ribbon Mills pref. (quar.)	10c 10c \$134	Aug. 15 Nov. 15	Aug. 5 Nov. 5
	200	Aug. 15 Nov. 15 June 11 May 16 July 1. June 11	May 18 May 2
Champion Paper & Fibre Co. 6% pref (quar.)— Chartered Investors, Inc., \$5 preferred (quar.)— Chester Water Service Co. \$5½ pref. (quar.)— Chicago District Electric Generating Corp.— \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$11/2 \$11/4 \$13/8	June 1 May 16	May 1 May 5
Chicago District Electric Generating Corp.— \$6 preferred (quar.) Chicago Yellow Cab (quar.) Chile Copper Co		June 1	May 14
Chrysler Corp	\$1½ 25c 50c 50c	May 27	May 20 May 10
Cincinnati Union Terminal 5% pref. (qu.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4	July 1 . Oct. 1 S	May 16 June 20 Sept. 19
5% preferred (quar.) City of New Castle Water, 6% preferred (quar.) Clark Equipment preferred (quar.)	\$114 \$114 \$114 \$114 \$114 \$114 \$114 8714 8714 8714 8714	Jan. 1 I June 1	Dec. 19 May 20
Clear Springs Water Service Co. \$6 pref. (quar.) Cleveland & Pittsb. RR. Co., reg. guar. (quar.)	\$1 1/2 87 1/4 C	June 15 I May 16 I June 1 I June 1 I	May 5
Special guaranteed (quarterly) Regular guaranteed (quarterly)	50c 87⅓c	Dobo. Tie	May 10 May 10 Aug. 10
Cincinnati Union Terminal 5% pref. (qu.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) City of New Castle Water, 6% preferred (quar.) Clark Equipment preferred (quar.) Cleveland & Pittsb. RR. Co., reg. guar. (quar.) Special guaranteed (quarterly) Regular guaranteed (quarterly) Special guaranteed (quarterly) Special guaranteed (quarterly) Special guaranteed (quarterly) Special (guaranteed) Coca-Cola Co. Class A (sa.) Coca-Cola International common	87 14 c 50 c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Coca-Cola Co Class A (sa.) Coca-Cola International common	DUC	July 11J	Nov. 10 June 11 June 11
	\$11/2 \$3.88 \$3	July 1 J July 1 J	une 11 une 11
Collins & Aikman Corp. 5% conv. pref. (quar.)	\$11/2 25c	June 1 1	une 6 May 19 May 19
Class A (sa.). Colgate-Palmolive-Peet, 6% pref. (quar.). Collins & Alkman Corp. 5% conv. pref. (quar.). Colonial Ice Co. common. Common. \$7 cum. preferred (over.).	\$11/4 \$1 \$1	May 27 N	May 16
Cumulative preferred, series B (quar.)	\$134 \$114 \$114 \$114 6834 c	Duly 11J	une 20 une 20 une 20
6% pref. A (quar.) Columbia Pictures Corp. \$2% conv. pref. (qu.)	\$112 68% C	May 15 A May 15 A May 16 N	Tav 2
Commonwealth International Corp. (quar.) Commonwealth Util. Corp. 6½% pref. C (qu.)	\$1 5/8 50c	May 14 A June 1 N May 16 A June 1 N	pr. 14 Aay 14
Columbia Gas & Electric Corp., 5% pref. 6% pref. A (quar.). Columbia Pictures Corp., \$2½ conv. pref. (qu.). Commonwealth International Corp. (quar.). Commonwealth Util. Corp. 6½% pref. O (qu.). Community Public Service. Compania Swift Internacional. Compressed Industrial Gases (no action) Concord Gas Co., 7% preferred.	50c	June 1 N	pr 25 Iay 15
Confederation Life Assoc. (Toronto) (quar.)		May 16 A June 30 J Sept. 30 S Dec. 31 D	pr 30 une 25
	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1	June 30 June 1 May 16 A May 16 May 15 A May 16 May 15 May 15 May 16 May	ept. 25 lec. 25
Quarterly Connecticut Light & Power pref. (quar.) Connecticut River Power Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Consolidated Cigar Corp., preferred (quar.) Consolidated Edison Consolidated Cidar Corp. (preferred Consolidated Cidar Corp.)	\$11/2	June 1 M June 1 M	lay 16 lay 16
Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc	\$13% \$13% \$134 50c 20c	June 15 M May 14 A	Tay 13 pr. 15
Consolidated Oil Corp. (quar.) \$5 pref. (quar.) Continental Can Co., Inc., com. (quar.) Cooksville Co., Ltd., 5% pref. (quar.) Copperweld Steel Co. (quar.) Copporate Investors, Ltd. Cosmos Imperial Mills Ltd. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1¼ 50c \$1¼	May 14 A May 16 A	pr. 23
Copperweld Steel Co. (quar.) Corporate Investors, Ltd	30c 7c	June 10 Ju May 16 A	ine 1 pr. 30
5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Creameries of America, Inc., preferred (quar.) Cresson Consol, Gold Mining & Milling (quar.) Crown Cork & Seal Co., Ltd. (quar.) Crown Drug Co. 7% conv. pref. (quar.) Crum & Forster Insurances Shares A and B Preferred (quar.)	30c 7c 25c 25c 25c 87 1/4 c	May 14 A July 15 Ju	pr. 30 une 30
Cresson Consol. Gold Mining & Milling (quar.) Crown Cork & Seal Co., Ltd. (quar.)	2c 25c	May 15 A May 16 A	pr. 30 pr. 30
Crum & Forster Insurances Shares A and B	43 % c	May 16 M May 31 M	lay 10 lay 18
Cosmos Imperial Mills Ltd. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Creameries of America, Inc., preferred (quar.) Cresson Consol. Gold Mining & Milling (quar.) Crown Corok & Seal Co., Ltd. (quar.) Crown Drug Co. 7% conv. pref. (quar.) Crum & Forster Insurances Shares A and B Preferred (quar.) (Quarterly) Cuban Tobacco, 5% pref. Cunco Press, Inc., 6 ½% pref. (quar.) Curtis Publishing Co. preferred Cushman's Sons 7% preferred Dayton Power & Light 4 ½% pref. (quar.) Deere & Co. preferred (quar.) Dentist's Supply Co. of N. Y. (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly 7% preferred (quar.) Denver Union Stockyards Co. 5½% pref. (qu.) Darby Oll & Refining preferred Detroit Gasket & Mfg. 6% pref. ww (quar.) Detroit Hilsdale & Southwestern (sa.)	\$2 152 15	June 30 Ju June 30 Ju	ine 20
Cureo Press, Inc., 6½% pref. (quar.) Curtis Publishing Co. preferred Cushman's Sons 7% preferred	\$15% 25c	June 15 Ju July 1 M	ine 1 lay 31
Dayton Power & Light 4½% pref. (quar.)	\$11% 35c	June 1 M June 1 M	ay 16 ay 20
Dentist's Supply Co. of N. Y. (quar.) Quarterly	75c 75c	June 1 M Sept. 1 A	ay 19 ug. 22
7% preferred (quar.)	75c	Dec. 1 N July 1 Ju	ov. 19
Quarterly. 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Denver Union Stockyards Co. 5½% pref. (qu.). Derby Oil & Refining preferred deletroit Gasket & Mfg. 6% pref. ww (quar.). Detroit Hillsdale & Southwestern (sa.). Semi-annually.	\$134	Dec. 23 D June 1 M	ec. 23
Detroit Gasket & Mfg. 6% pref. ww (quar.)	30c	June 1 M June 1 M	ay 20 ay 14
Semi-annually Diamond Match Company—	\$2 \$2		
Semi-annually Diamond Match Company— Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Stock div of 1-10th a sh of Pen American	25c	June 1 M Sept. 1 A	ay 10 ug. 10
Match Corp. for each sh Diamond Match	25c	Dec. IIN	ov. 10
held Partic. preferred Partic. preferred. Partic. preferred. Partic. preferred Partic preferred Partic preferred Partic preferred (quar.)	50c	June 1 M June 1 M	ay 10 ay 10 ig. 10
Partic. preferred. Diem & Wing Paper Co. 507, preferred (over)	75c	3-1-39 12-	10-39
Divco-Twin Truck (no action) Dr. Pepper Co. (quar.)		May 15 Ar June 1 M	
Quarterly Quarterly Dome Mines I + 4 ald start-1	25c 25c	June 1 M Sept. 1 Au Dec. 1 No July 20 Ju July 20 Ju	ıg. 18 ov. 18
New stock. Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd. (quar.)	\$1 50c ‡30c	July 20 Ju July 20 Ju May 14 A	ne 30
Divoo-Twin Truck (no action) Dr. Pepper Co. (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly Dome Mines, Ltd., old stock New stock Dominion Bridge Co., Ltd. (quar.) Dow Chemical Co., common Preferred (quar.) Eastern Utilities Assoc. (quar.) El Dorado Oll Works (quar.)	75c \$114	May 14 At May 16 M May 16 M May 16 M May 16 M June 1 M	ay 2 ay 2
El Dorado Oil Works (quar.)	50c 40c	May 16 M June 1 M	ay 6 ay 20

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
East St. Louis & Interurban Water— 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$1½	June 1 June 1	May 20 May 20
East 85. Louis & Interurpan Water— 7% preferred (quar.). 6% preferred (quar.). Eastern Shore Public Service Co.— \$6/4 preferred (quar.). \$6 preferred (quar.). Filestral Luc. 6% completive preferred	\$15%	June 1	May 10
\$6 preferred (quar.) Electrol, Inc., 6% cumulative preferred Elizabeth & Trenton kR. Co. (semi-ann.) 5% preferred (semi-ann.)	100	June 15	May 2 May 16
Elizabeth & Trenton RR. Co. (semi-ann.) 5% preferred (semi-ann.) El Paso Electric Co. (Texas) \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$1 14 \$1 14	Oct. 1 Oct. 1 July 1	Sept. 20 Sept. 20 June 30
5% preferred (semi-ann.) El Paso Electric Co. (Texas) \$6 pref. (quar.) Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co Ist preferred (sa.)	\$1 \frac{40c}{\$1}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$25c \$3 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$3 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$3 \frac{1}{4}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{4}\$	June 1 July 15 July 15	Sept. 20 Sept. 20 June 30 May 21 July 2 July 2
2d preferred (sa.) Empire & Bay State Teleg. Co. 4% gtd. (qu.) Empire Capital Corp., class A (quar.)	- 100		May 16
Extra. Empire Casualty (Dallas) (quar.) Ouarterly		Nov I	
Quarterly Employers Reinsurance Corp. (quar.) Emporium Capwell Co. 4½% pref. A (quar.) 4½% preferred A (quar.) 4½% preferred A (quar.) Emsco Derrick & Equipment Equity Funq, Inc. (quar.) Equity Shares, Inc. Ewa Plantation Co. (reduced) (quar.)	56 14 c	May 16 July 1 Oct. 1	Sept. 17
4½% preferred A (quar.) Emsco Derrick & Equipment	56 % c 56 % c 56 % c 15c 5c	May 25	Dec. 24 May 11 May 7
Equity Fund, Inc. (quar.). Equity Shares, Inc. Ewa Plantation Co. (reduced) (quar.) Faber, Coe & Gregg, Inc. (quar.) Fairbanks-Morse & Co., 6% conv. pref. (quar.) Additional div. of 50c. per sh. representing distribution our of proportionate interest is div. of the Fajardo Sugar Growers' Assoc.	10c 20c	May 18 May 14	May 5
raber, Coe & Gregg, Inc. (quar.) Fairbanks-Morse & Co., 6% conv. pref. (quar. Fajardo Sugar Co. of Porto Rico	50c \$1½ 50c	June J June J June J	May 12 May 16
Additional div. of 50c. per sh. representing distribution our of proportionate interest in div. of the Fajardo Sugar Growers' Assoc.	a. n		
Fansteel Metallurgical Corp., \$5 pref. (quar.)	- \$11	June 30 July Oct.	June 15 June 10 Sept. 10
Quarterly Quarterly & Traction Co. preferred (quar.) Frier Assoc. of Philadelphia (sa.) Firemen's Insurance Co. (Newark, N. J.) (sa. Firestone Tire & Rubber 6% pref. A (quar.) First National Bank of Jersey City (quar.)	\$112	June May 1	May 16 Apr. 22
Firemen's Insurance Co. (Newark, N. J.) (sa. Firestone Tire & Rubber 6% pref. A (quar.) First National Bank of Jersey City (quar.)	15c \$1½ 1%	May 14 June 30 June 30	May 15 June 23 June 22
First National Bank of Jersey City (quar.) First National Bank (Toms River, N.J.) (qu.) -First Security Corp. of Ogden, cl. A & B (sa.) Fishman (M. H.) (quar.)	\$1½ 1% - 87½c - 50c - 15c	June 1.	June 22 June 10 May 14
First Security Corp. of Ogden, cl. A&B (sa.) Fishman (M. H.) (quar.) Florida Power Corp., 7% pref. A (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Ford Motor of Canada, 5½% pref. (semi-ann. Class A&B (quar.) Class A&B (quar.)	\$134 871/20 \$234	June June	1 May 16 1 May 16
		June 1	8 May 28
American dep. rcts ord. reg. (final)	- 5% - 62½c - 62½c		LiJuly 25
\$2½ prior preferred (quar.) Freeport Sulphur Co. (quar.)	- 62 1/2 c - 50 c - \$1 3/4	June	1 Oct. 25 1 May 12 1 June 23
7% preferred (quar.) Gamewell Co. common	- \$1 % - \$1 % - 25c	Oct	1 Sept. 22 5 May 14
Less tax and deduction for dep. expenses, Franklin Rayon Corp., \$2½ prior pref. (quar.). \$2½ prior preferred (quar.). Freienort Sulphur Co. (quar.). Fuller Brush 7% pref. (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Gamewell Co. common. \$6 conv. pref. (quar.) Garner Royalties Co. Ltd., class A. Gaylord Container Corp. (quar.). Preferred (quar.).	- \$1 ½ - 12 ½ c - 25 c	June 1	4 May 10 5 May 31
Preferred (quar.) ————————————————————————————————————	- 68¾c - 30c - 37½c 10c	May 1	6 May 5
Preferred (quar.) General Acceptance, 6% preferred (quar.) \$1½ preferred (quarterly) General Crude Oil Co. (initial) General Foods Corp. (quar.) General Gas & Electric Corp. (Del.) \$5 prior preferred (quar.)	- 10c 50c	June 3 May 1	0 May 31
So prior preferred (quar.) General Metals Corp. (quar.) General Motors Corp.	- \$1¼ - 25c - 25c	May 1	5 May 16 4 Apr. 30 3 May 12
General Motors Corp \$5 preferred (quar). General Outdoor Advertising 6% pref. (quar). General Public Utilities, Inc., \$5 pref. (quar).	\$1\frac{1}{4}\$ -\frac{1}{4}\$	June 1 Aug. May 2	3 May 16
General Public Utilities, Inc., \$5 pref. (quar.). Gibson Art Co. (quar.). Globe Democrat Publishing Co. 7% pref. (qu Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. \$5 conv. pref. (qu	50c .) \$134	July	1 June 20 1 June 20 1 May 20
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. \$5 conv. pref. (qu Common (no action) Goesard (H. W.) Co.	.) \$1¼ 25c	June 1	5 May 16
Godygar Hea Rubble Co. 35 Conv. Pres. (4a Common (no action) Gossard (H. W.) Co. Grand Union Co. \$3 conv. preferred (quar.) Graton & Knight Co. 7% pref. (quar.) \$1.80 prior preferred (sa.). Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Co Great Southern Life Insurance Co. (quar.).	- \$134 900	June May 1	1 May 10 5 Apr. 30 5 Apr. 30
Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Co	90c - 25c - 35c	May 1 July 1	4 May 3
Quarterly Great Western Electro Chemical Co- Guggenheim & Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Gulf States Utilities \$5½ preferred (quar.)	900	May 1 May 1	1 May 16 1 May 10 5 Apr. 36 5 Apr. 36 4 May 3 1 July 1 0 Oct. 4 4 May 4 5 Apr. 29 5 May 31 6 May 2 1 May 17 1 May 17 1 May 16
Gulf States Utilities \$5½ preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) \$7 preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	June 1 June 1 May 1	5 May 31 5 May 31 6 May 2
Gulf States Utilities \$5/\$ preferred (quar.). \$6 preferred (quar.). Gurd (Chas. & Co. preferred (quar.). Hackensack Water Co. (sa.). Hamilton Watch Co. 6% pref. (quar.). Hancock Oil of Calif., class A & B (quar.). Class A & B extra. Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. Preferred (quar.).	75c - \$1½ - 25c - 20c	June June June	6 May 17 1 May 17 1 May 20 1 May 16
Class A & B extraHarbison-Walker Refractories Co	- 20c 25c	June	1 May 16
Preferred (quar.)	50c - 50c - 175c	June May 1	0 July 6 1 May 14 6 May 2 3 May 13
Hawaiian Pineapple (year-end) Hayes Steel Products, Ltd., 6% non-cum. pref.	- \$1 60c \$1 1/4	June o	1 June 1
Heileman (G.) Brewing	\$114 250 \$114 750	May 1 May 1	1 June 13 6 May 2 4 May 3 6 Apr. 2
Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. Preferred (quar.). Hart-Carter Co., conv. pref. (quar.). Havana Electric & Utilities Co., 6% cum. pref. Hawainan Pineapple (year-end) Hayes Steel Products, Ltd., 6% non-cum. pref. Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. (quar.). Heileman (G.) Brewing Hercules Powder. pref. (quar.). Hershey Chocolate Corp. (quar.). Conv. pref. (quarterly). Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly). Monthly. Mires (Chas. E.) Co. class A common (quar.).	- \$1 15c	May 1 May 2	6 Apr. 25
Monthly Hires (Chas. E.) Co. class A common (quar.) Hobart Mfg. Co. class A (quar.)	15c 50c 37½c	June June	1 May 1 1 May 1
Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines, Ltd. (monthly). Holt (Henry) & Co. partic. A.———————————————————————————————————	100 37½0	June May 2	1 May 1: 5 May 2
Hormel (Geo. A.) Preferred A (quar.)	37 ½ 0 100 37 ½ 0 37 ½ 0 37 ½ 0 31 ½ 0 8 ¾ 0 4 50	May I May I June	6 Apr. 30 6 Apr. 30 1 May 16
Hibbard. Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly) Monthly Hires (Chas. E.) Co. class A common (quar.). Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines, Ltd. (monthly) Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines, Ltd. (monthly) Hott (Henry) & Co. partic. A Homestake Mining Co. (monthly) Hormel (Geo. A.) Preferred A (quar.). Horn (A. C.) Co. 1st prior pref. (quar.) 2d partic. pref. (quar.). Horn & Hardart (N. Y.) 5% pref. (quar.). Huntington Water Corp., 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	45c	June June	6 May 12 4 May 13 6 Apr. 25 6 Apr. 25 7 May 17 1 May 14 1 May 14 1 May 14 20 May 20 6 Apr. 30 6 Apr. 30 6 Apr. 30 6 Apr. 30 1 May 16 1 May 16 1 May 16 1 May 16 1 May 16
Idaho Maryland Mines (monthly)	00	June May 2	1 May 20 22 May 10
Imperial Life Assurance Co. (Canada) (quar.) Quarterly. Indiana Pipe Line Co Ingersoll-Rand Co International Harvester Co. preferred (quar.) International Nickel Co. of Canada, Ltd International Rys. Central America, 5% pref. Iowa Union Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Iron Fireman Mfg. vtc conv. (quar.) vtc com. quarterly	\$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$2 \\ \$1 \\ \$2 \\ \$3 \\ \$4 \\ \$5 \\ \$5 \\ \$6 \\	Oct. Jan	1 May 12 1 May 20 1 May 20 22 May 10 22 June 30 1 Sept. 30 3 Dec. 31 4 Apr 22 1 May 13
Indiana Pipe Line CoIngersoll-Rand Co	300 \$1 500	Tuno	1 May 13
International Harvester Co. preferred (quar.) International Nickel Co. of Canada, Ltd.	\$134 1500	June 3	1 May 13 1 May 13 10 May 3 16 May 16 16 May 10
International Rys. Central America, 5% pref. Iowa Union Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Iron Fireman Mfg. vtc conv. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/2 \$100	June	
		Dec.	1 Aug. 10 1 Nov. 10
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	June June June	1 May 1 1 May 2 20 June 1 June 1 1 May 2
Keith-Albee-Orpheum 7% conv. pref. Kemper-Thomas, 7% special pref. (quar.)	\$134 \$134	July June Sept	1 June 1 1 May 2
Ironwood & Bessemer Ry. & Lighting Co.— 7% preferred (quar.). Jantzen Knitting Mills, preferred (quar.). Jewel Tea Co., Inc., common (quar.). Keith-Albee-Orpheum 7% conv. pref Kemper-Thomas, 7% special pref. (quar.). 7% special preferred (quar.). 7% special preferred (quar.). Kendall Co., cumul & partic. pref. ser. A (qu. Participating preferred A. Participating dividend.	31 % 31 %	Dec June	1 Aug 22 1 Nov. 2 1 May 10 1 May 10
Participating preferred A	\$1.84	June	1 May 10

	Per	When Holders
Name of Company Kentucky Utilities 7% ir. preferred	Share 87½c	May 20 May 2 June 1 Apr. 30
Kentucky Utilities 7% jr. preferred Kirkland Lake Gold Mining Co. (sa.) Kresge (S. S.) Co.	30c \$146	June 1 Apr. 30 June 13 June 1 June 30
6% class A preferred (quar.)	87½c 14c 30c \$1½ \$1½ \$1½ 40c	June 13 June 1 June 30 Sept. 30 Dec. 31 June 1 May 10
6% preferred (quar.)	\$114	July 1 June 17 Aug. 1 July 20
Kirkland Lake Gold Mining Co. (sa.)	\$1\frac{40c}{\$1\frac{1}{3}}\$\$\$1\frac{3}{4}\$\$\$1\frac{3}{4}\$\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$25c\$\$2	June 1 May 16
Lake Superior District Power 7% pref. (quar.)-6% preferred (quar.). Landis Machine (quar.). Quarterly. 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Lanston Monotype Machine. Laura Secord Candy Shops (quar.). Lessings. Inc.	25c 25c 25c	May 15 May 5 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Nov. 15 Nov. 5
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	Sept. 15 Sept. 3
Lanston Monotype Machine Laura Secord Candy Shops (quar.)	\$1 75c \$1	Dec. 15 Dec. 5 May 31 May 20 June 1 May 14 July 1 June 14
Lessings, Inc. Lessington Water Co. 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 25c	June 10 June 3 June 1 May 20 June 15 May 31
Lessings, Inc. Lexington Water Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass. Life Savers Corp. Liggett & Myers Tobacco (quar.). Class B (quar.). Lincoln National Life Insurance (Ft. Wayne)	40c \$1 \$1	June 1 May 2 June 1 May 17
Lincoln National Life Insurance (Ft. Wayne) Quarterly.	30c 30c	June 1 May 17 Aug. 1 July 26 Nov. 1 Oct. 26
Lindsay (C. W.) & Co., Ltd., 61/4 % preferred_ Lindsay Light & Chemical Link Belt Co	10c 25c	May 15 Apr. 30 May 25 May 7 June 1 May 14 July 1 June 15
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 % 50c 50c	July 1 June 15 June 10 May 25 Sept. 10 Aug. 25
Special quaranteed (quarterly) Original capital Original capital	\$1 10 \$1.10	Dec. 10 Nov. 25 June 10 May 25 Sept. 10 Aug. 25
Original capital Lock-Joint Pipe Co. 8% pref. (quar.)	\$1.10 \$2 \$2	Sept. 10 Aug. 25 Dec. 10 Nov. 25 July 1 Jule 21 Oct. 1 Sept. 21
Class B (quar.) Lincoln National Life Insurance (Ft. Wayne) Quarterly Lindsay (C. W.) & Co., Ltd., 6½% preferred. Lindsay Light & Chemical Link Belt Co. Preferred (quar.) Little Miami RR., special guaranteed (quar.). Special guaranteed (quarterly) Special guaranteed (quarterly) Original capital Original capital Original capital Lock Joint Pipe Co. 8% pref. (quar.). 8% preferred (quarterly). 8% preferred (quarterly). Loblaw Groceterlas class A and B Extra. Loew's Inc. \$6.50 pref. (quar.). Longhorn Portland Cement Co.—	\$2 125c	Jan. 3 Dec. 24 June 1 May 10 June 1 May 10
Low's Inc . \$6.50 pref. (quar.) Longhorn Portland Cement Co.—	\$1%	May 14 Apr. 29 June 1 May 20
5% refunding participating pref. (quar.) Extra 5% refunding participating pref. (quar.)	25c	Sept 1 Aug 20
5% refunding participating pref. (quar.)	\$114	Sept. 1 Aug. 20 Dec. 1 Nov. 21 Dec. 1 Nov. 21
Extra Loose Wiles Biscuit, pref. (quar.) Lord & Taylor 1st preferred (quar.) Louisville Gas & Electric class A & B (quar.) Louisville Handerson & St. Louis R R	\$11/4 \$11/2 37/20	July 1 June 17 June 1 May 17 June 25 May 31
Louisville Henderson & St. Louis RR 5% preferred (semi-ann) Ludlow Manufacturing Associates	\$21/2 \$11/2	Aug 15 Aug. 1 Aug 15 Aug. 1 June 1 May 17
Ludium Steel Co. (no action)	the state of the s	May 16 Apr. 22 July 1 June 21
Lumbermen's Insurance (Phila.) (sa.) Lunkenheimer Co , 6½% preferred (quarterly) 6½% preferred (quarterly) 6½% preferred (quarterly)	\$1 34 \$1 56 \$1 58 \$1 58 25c	Oct. 1 Sept. 21 Jan. 1 Dec 21 May 14 May 4
Reduced. Luzerne County Gas & Elec. \$7, 1st pref. (qu.) \$6, 1st preferred (quar.) Lynch Corp. Lynch Corp.	\$1 1/2 \$1 1/2 50c	May 16 Apr. 30
Lynch Corp. Lynchburg & Abingdon Telegraph Co. (sa.) McClatchy Newspapers, 7% pref. (quar.)	\$3	Inly 1 Inna 15
McClatchy Newspapers, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) McColl-Frontenac Oil Co. (quar.)	43% 0	Nov 30 Nov 29 June 15 May 14
McGol-Frontenac Oil Co. (quar.) McGraw Hill Publishing (no action). McGntyre Porcupine Mines Ltd. (quar.) McKenzie Red Lake Gold Mines Ltd. (quar.)	50c	June 15 June 1
McKinley Mines Securities	2160	July 1 June 30
Mabbett (G.) & Sons 7% 1st & 2d pref. (quar.) Macy (R. H.) & Co. Madison Square Garden Corp. Magnin (I.) & Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Managed Investments, Inc. (quar.) Manhattan Shirt Co. Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.) Extra. Massachusetts Plate Glass, Inc. (sa.) Matson Navigation Co. (quar.) May Dept. Stores (quar.) Quarterly Mead Corp., \$6 preferred A (quar.) \$5.50 pref. B (quar.) Meadville Telep, Co. (quar.) Meadville Telep, Co. (quar.) Mercantile Stores Co., Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Merchants & Mfrs. Securities Co. cl. A & B (qu. Participating pref. (part.)	50c \$1 \$1 1/2	May 20 May 9 May 15 May 5
Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Managed Investments, Inc. (quar.)	\$1 14 \$1 14 \$1 14 50 250	Nov. 15 Nov. 5 May 16 May 2
Manhattan Shirt Co Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.) Extra	25c 40c 10c	May 16 May 2 May 16 May 2 May 16 May 2
Massachusetts Plate Glass, Inc. (sa.)	50c 25c 75c 75c \$1 \frac{1}{2}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{2}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{2}\$ \$1 \frac{1}{2}\$	July 1 June 30 May 15 May 10 June 2 May 17 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 June 1 May 14
Quarterly Mead Corp , \$6 preferred A (quar.)	75c \$1½ \$1¾	Line 1 May 14
Meadville Telep. Co. (quar.) Mercantile Stores Co. Inc. 7% pref. (quar.)	37 1/20 \$1 3/4	May 15 May 1 May 16 Apr. 30 May 16 May 6
Participating pref. (part.) Metal Textile Corp., partic. pref. (quar.)	26c 81 1/4 c 25c	May 16 May 6 June 1 May 20 May 16 Apr. 30
Mid-Continent Petroleum Mid-Continent Petroleum Midland Grocery Co. 6% pf. (semi-ann.)	25c \$3 50c	June 1 May 2 July 1 June 30 June 15 May 14*
Midwest Oil Co. (sa.) Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. Monmouth Consol. Water \$7 preferred (quar.)	500 \$134 †250	May 20 May 4
Monolith Portland Cement, 8% preferred	\$2 \frac{1}{2} \fr	June 1 May 10 May 16 Apr. 30
Merchants & Mfrs. Securities Co. cl. A & B (qu. Participating pref. (part.) Metal Textile Corp., partic. pref. (quar.) Messenger Corp. (interim) Mid-Continent Petroleum Midland Grocery Co. 6% pf. (semi-ann.) Midwest Oil Co. (sa.) Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. Monmoulth Consol. Water \$7 preferred (quar.) Monsanto Chemical Co. \$4½ class A pref. (sa. Montreal Light, Heat & Power (quar.) Moody's Investor's Service part. pref. (quar.) Moore (W. R.) Dry Goods (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	\$11/2 \$11/2 \$11/2	May 16 Apr. 30 May 15 May 2 July 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Jan. 2 Jan. 2 June 1 May 27 Sept. 1 Aug. 27 Dec. 1 Nov 26 May 16 Apr. 30
Quarterly Morris Plan Insurance Society (quar.) Quarterly	\$1 1/2 - \$1 - \$1 - \$1	Jan. 2 Jan. 2 June 1 May 27 Sept. 1 Aug. 27
Quarterly Morse Twist Drill & Machine Co	500 300	May 10 Apr. 20
Quarterly. Quarterly. Morse Twist Drill & Machine Co Mountain Producers Corp. (sa.). Mullins Mfg. preferred (no action). Muncle Water Works 8% preferred (quar.). Muskoge Co. 6% cum. pref. (quar.). Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer. 6% pref. (qu.).	\$134	June 15 June 1 June 1 May 14
Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer. 6% pref. (qu.)	\$1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \fr	June 28 June 16 Sept. 28 Sept. 15 Dec. 28 Dec. 15
Mutual Telep. Co. (Hawaii) (quar.) National Biscuit Co	200 400	June 15 June 6 July 15 June 17 May 31 May 13
National Container Corp	\$134 \$114 1216 \$134 \$134	May 15 Mar. 30 June 1 May 10
National Lead Co., preferred A (quar.) National Paper & Type. 5% pref. (semi-ann.) National Power & Light, common (quar.)	\$1 14 150	Aug. 15 July 30 June 1 May 2
Neiman-Marcus Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) Co. 5% pref. A (quar.) New Jersey Zinc Co. (quar.)	\$134 \$134 500	June 10 May 16 June 10 May 20
New York & Queens Elec, Light & Power (quar.) Preferred (quar.) 1900 Corp., Class A (quar.)	\$134 - 500	June 1 May 20 May 16 May 10
Class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Norfolk & Western Ry. adjust pref. (quar.)	50c 50c	Nov 15 Nov 1 May 19 Apr. 30
Muskogee Co. 6% cum. pref. (quar.) Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer. 6% pref. (qu.) 6% preferred (quar.) Mutual Telep. Co. (Hawaii) (quar.) National Biscuit Co. Preferred (quar.) National Casket Co., Inc. (semi-ann.) National Container Corp. National Container Corp. National Paper & Type. 5% pref. (semi-ann.) National Paper & Type. 5% pref. (semi-ann.) Neiman-Marcus Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) Co. 5% pref. (quar.) New Jorsey Zinc Co. (quar.) New York & Queens Elec, Light & Power (quar.) Preferred (quar.) 1900 Corp., Class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Norfolk & Western Ry. adjust pref. (quar.) Common quarterly North River Insurance	\$2 1/2 \$1 1/2 250	June 15 May 14* 2 June 15 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1 May 14 June 28 June 16 Sept. 28 Sept. 15 Dec. 28 Dec. 15 June 15 June 6 July 15 June 6 July 15 Mar 30 June 1 May 10 June 15 May 27 June 1 May 20 June 1 May 30

Name of Company	Per Share	When Holders Payable of Record
Northeastern Water & Electric pref. (quar.) Northern Pipe Line Co Northwestern Yeast (liquidating)	\$1 20c \$2 \$2 \$2	June 1 May 13
Liquidating	\$2 \$2	
Liquidating Nova Scotia Light & Power, pref. (quar.) Oahu Railway & Land Co. (monthly) Monthly	\$1½ 150	Dec. 15 June 1 May 14 May 15 May 12 June 15 June 12 May 16 May 5 June 1 May 9 June 1 May 14 June 1 May 14 June 1 May 14
Oahu Railway & Land Co. (monthly) Monthly Occidental Insurance Co. (quar.) Ohio Power Co., 6% preferred (quar.) Ohio Public Service 5%, pref. (mo.) 6% preferred (monthly) 7% preferred (monthly) Ohio River Sand 7% preferred Ohio Water Service A. Okonite Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Ontario & Quebec Ry. Co. (sa.) 5% debenture stock (sa.) Otis Steel Co., \$5½ conv. 1st preferred Owens-Illinois Glass Co. Pacific Fire Insurance Co. (quar.)	30c \$1½	June 15 June 12 May 16 May 5 June 1 May 9
Ohio Public Service 5%, pref. (mo.)	50c 58 1-3c	June 1 May 14 June 1 May 14 June 1 May 14
Ohio River Sand 7% preferred Ohio Water Service A	†\$1 70c	June 1 May 14 June 1 May 15 June 30 June 15 June 1 May 19 June 1 May 2 June 1 May 2 June 15 June 1 May 15 Apr. 29 May 14 May 8
Ontario & Quebec Ry. Co. (sa.) 5% debenture stock (sa.)	\$3 21/2%	June 1 May 19 June 1 May 2 June 1 May 2
Otis Steel Co., \$5½ conv. 1st preferred Owens-Illinois Glass Co Pacific Fire Insurance Co. (quar.)	\$138 250	June 15 June 1 May 15 Apr. 29 May 14 May 6
Pacific Gas & Electric 6% pref. (quar.) 54% preferred (quar.) Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Parker Pen Co. Parker Rust-Proof Co.	37 ½c 34 ½c	May 16 Apr. 30 May 16 Apr. 30
Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Parker Pen Co Parker Rust-Proof Co	37 ½c	June 1 May 14 June 1 May 10
Parker Rust-Proof Co- Preferred (sa.) Peerless Woolen Mills 6½% Ist preferred (sa.) Pender (David) Grocery, class A (quar.) Penman's, Ltd. (quar.) Peninsular Telephone Co. common 7% A preferred 7% A preferred	75c 20c 3½% \$1½% 87½c 75c 40c	June 1 May 10 June 1 May 16 June 1 May 20
Penman's, Ltd. (quar.) Peninsular Telephone Co. common	75c 40c	June 1 May 20 May 16 May 5 July 1 June 15
7% A preferred	\$134 \$134 \$134 55c	May 16 May 5 July 1 June 15 May 15 May 5 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Nov. 15 Nov. 5
7% A preserred Pennsylvania Power Co., \$6.60 pref. (mo.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Pennsylvania State Water \$7 preferred (quar.) Peoples Natural Gas Co. 5% preferred (quar.) Petroleum Corp. of America (irregular) Pharis Tire & Rubber Co.	55c \$114	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20
Pennsylvania State Water \$7 preferred (quar.) Peoples Natural Gas Co. 5% preferred (quar.) Petroleum Corp. of America (irregular)	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 62 1/4 c 40 c	June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20 June 1 May 20 July 1 June 15 May 28 May 12 May 20 May 5 June 10 May 24 June 1 May 12 May 30 Apr. 20
Pharis Tire & Rubber Co	15c	May 20 May 5 June 10 May 24
Philippine Long Distance Telep. Co Philippine Long Distance Telep. Co Philips Petroleum Co. (quar.)	\$1½ 42c 50c	June Ilwiav b
Phelps Dodge Corp Philadelphia Suburban Water Co., pref. (quar.) Philippine Long Distance Telep. Co. Phillippine Long Distance Telep. Co. Phoenix Hosiery Co., 7% preferred. Pilsbury Flour Mills Co. (quar.) Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter (quar.) Pitsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (sa.)	87 ½c 40c	June 1 May 18 June 1 May 14
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (sa.) 6% preferred (sa.)	10c 75c \$1½	May 20 May 2 Oct. 1 Sept. 15 June 1 May 14 June 1 May 20*
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (sa.) 6% preferred (sa.). Pittsburgh Coke & Iron Co., \$5 pref. Pitts Ft, W. & Chicago Ry. 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Suburban Water Service Co.— \$5% preferred (quar.)	75c \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44 \$1,44	July 5 June 10
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	\$192	Oct. 4 Sept. 10 1-3-39 12-10-38 4-1-39 3-10-39 7-1-39 6-10-39
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134	7-1-39 6-10-39 10-1-39 9-10-39 1-2-40 12-10-39
Pittsburgh Suburban Water Service Co.— \$5½ preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry.—	\$13%	May 16 May 5
7% preferred (quarterly)	\$134 \$134	June 1 May 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 20
7% preferred (quarterly) Pollock Paper & Box Co. 7% preferred (quar.)	\$1 34 \$1 34	Dec 1 Nov. 21
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Portland & Ogdensburg RR. (quar.)	\$134 50c	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Dec. 15 Dec. 15 May 31 May 20 June 1 May 16
Potomac Electric Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% preferred (quarterly) Procter & Gamble Co. (quar.)	\$1 ½ \$1 38 500	June 1 May 16 June 1 May 16
Pitisburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry.— 7% preferred (quarterly). 7% preferred (quarterly). 7% preferred (quarterly). Pollock Paper & Box Co. 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Portland & Ogdensburg RR. (quar.). Potomac Electric Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.). 5½% preferred (quarterly). Procter & Gamble Co. (quar.). Prosperity Co., Inc., pref. (quar.). Public Electric Light Co. 6% pref. (quar.). Public Service Co. of Colorado, 7% pref. (mo.). 6% preferred (monthly).	\$1 ½ \$1½	June 1 May 16 May 14 Apr. 25* July 15 July 1 June 1 May 19
Public Service Co. of Colorado, 7% pref. (mo.) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) 7% preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) Purity Bakeries Corp. (quar.) Quaker Oats Co. 6% pref. (quarterly) Quaker State Oil Refining (no action). Quebec Power Co	50c 41 2-3c	June 1 May 14
Public Service Corp. of N. J. 8% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 55 preferred (quar.)	\$1 34	June 1 May 14 June 15 May 16 June 15 May 16 June 15 May 16 May 16 Apr. 29 June 15 May 16
6% preferred (monthly)	50c 50c	May 16 Apr. 29 June 15 May 16
Quaker Oats Co 6% pref. (quarterly) Quaker State Oil Refining (no action).	\$1½	May 31 May 2
Quaker State Oil Refining (no action). Quebec Power Co. Reading Co., 1st preferred (quar.) Regent Knitting Mills, Ltd., non-cum, pref Republic Insurance Co. (Texas) (quar.) Republic Petroleum, 5½% preferred A (quar.). Reybarn Co., Inc.	50c	May 16 Apr. 25 June 9 May 19 June 1 May 14
Republic Insurance Co. (Texas) (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	40c 30c 68% c	June 1 May 14 May 25 May 10 May 15 May 5
Reybarn Co., Inc. Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco.	6834 c 30c 60c	May 20 May 5 May 16 Apr. 25
Riverside Silk Mills Co., class A (quar.) Rochester Button Co. preferred (quar.)	60c 50c 37⅓c	July 2 June 14
Rochester Gas & Electric 5% pref. E (quar.) 6% preferred C & D (quar.) Roeser & Pendleton Inc. (quar.)	37 1/4 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/2 25c	June 1
Rolland Paper Co., Ltd. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	25c \$1½	July 1 June 10 May 16 May 6 June 1 May 16
Saco-Lowell Shops conv. pref. A & B (quar.) Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co	\$1 ½ 62 ½ c 20 c \$1	June 1 May 14 May 14 May 6 June 1 May 14
St. Joseph Lead Co. St. Louis Bridge Co., 1st pref. (sa.)	25c \$3 \$1½	June 20 June 10 July 1 June 15
Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco Common B Riverside Silk Mills Co., class A (quar.) Rochester Button Co. preferred (quar.) Rochester Gas & Electric 5% pref. E (quar.) 6% preferred C & D (quar.) Roeser & Pendleton Inc. (quar.) Rolland Paper Co., Ltd. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Rustless Iron & Steel \$2.50 conv. pref. (quar.) Saco-Lowell Shops conv. pref. A & B (quar.) Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co St. Joseph Lead Co Type Common Co San Carlos Mill, Ltd Savannah Electric & Power 8% debentures A 7½% debentures B (quar.) 7½% debentures C (quar.) 6½% debentures D (quar.) Cott Paper Co., common (quar.) Scott Paper Co., common (quar.) Seaboard Oil Co. (Del.) (quar.) Seaboard Surety Co Sears, Roebuck & Co (quar.) Securities Acceptance Corp. of Omaha, (qu.) 66% preferred (quar.) Selfridge Provincial Stores, Ltd. American deposit receipts. Seevel, Inc. pref. (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Salvan American Common. Shawinigan Water & Power (quar.)	20c \$2	May 16 May 6 June 1 May 16 June 1 May 14 May 14 May 14 June 20 June 10 July 1 June 15 July 1 June 15 July 1 June 20 July 1 June 30 June 15 June 16 June 14 May 6
7% debentures B (quar.) 7% debentures C (quar.) 64% debentures D (quar.)	\$2 \$17/8 \$18/4 \$15/8 40c	July 1 June 20 July 1 June 20
Scott Paper Co., common (quar.) Scotten Dillon Co.	40c 30c	June 15 June 1 May 14 May 6
Seaboard Surety Co. Sears, Roebuck & Co (quar.)	400	June 15 June 1 May 16 Apr. 30 June 10 May 10
Securities Acceptance Corp. of Omaha, (qu.)6% preferred (quar.)	25c 37½c	June 15 June 10 June 10 May 16 Apr. 30 June 10 May 10 July 1 June 10 July 1 June 10 May 31 May 14 June 7 May 13 June 7 May 13 June 1 June 1
American deposit receipts Servel. Inc pref. (quarterly)	\$13%	
Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Common	\$1 % 25c	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Jan. 3 Dec. 17
Common. Shawinigan Water & Power (quar) Shenango Valley Water Co. 6% pref. (quar) Shenango Valley Water Co. 5% preferred series AAA (quar.) Simon (W.) Brewing (quar.)	‡20c \$1½ 50c	June 1 May 18 May 16 Apr 25 June 1 May 20 May 16 Apr. 30
NAME OF TAXABLES O	50C	June 1 May 14
5% preferred series AAA (quar.) Simon (W.) Brewing (quar.)	2c	May 31 May 11
Singer Manufacturing Co., Ltd., ord, registered	\$1¼ 2c 2c 6%	June 1 May 14 May 31 May 11 May 31 May 11 May 18 Apr. 20
Singer Manufacturing Co., Ltd., ord. registered Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.)	\$1 \$1	May 31 May 11 May 31 May 11 May 18 Apr. 20 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Nov. 1 Nov. 1 May 16 Apr. 15
Singer Manufacturing Co., Ltd., ord. registered Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.)	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$13%	Nov. 1 Nov. 1 May 16 Apr. 15
Singer Manufacturing Co., Ltd., ord. registered Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.)	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$13%	Nov. 1 Nov. 1 May 16 Apr. 15
Singer Manufacturing Co., Ltd., ord. registered Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.) Quarterly Solvay American Corp. 5½% pref. (quar.)	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$13%	Nov. 1 Nov. 1 May 16 Apr. 15

Name of Company	Per Share		Holder of Reco
Standard Brands, Inc., \$4.50 pref. (quar.) Standard Cap & Seal (quar.) Conv. pref. (quar.) Standard Oil Co. (Calif.)	\$11% 40c	June 15 June 1	June 1
Conv. pref. (quar.)	40c	June 1	May 14
Standard Oil of Indiana (guar.)	25c 50c	June 15 June 15	May 16 May 16
Extra	50c	Llune 15	May 16
\$100 par (sa.) Extra Stanley Works 5% pref. (quar.)	\$2 \$2 \$1 \$2 15c 95c	June 15	May 16
Stein (A.) & Co	15c	May 16	May
Strawbridge & Clothier 6% preferred (quar.)	\$1½ \$1½ \$15%	June 1	May 14
Stanley Works 5% pref. (quar.). Stein (A.) & Co. Sterling Products, Inc. (quar.). Strawbridge & Clothier 6% preferred (quar.) Stromberg Carlson Telep. Mfg. preferred (quar.) Stullivan Consolidated Mines, Ltd. Sun Oil Co. (quar.). 6% pref. (quar.). Sunray Oil Corp Sunray Oil Corp	\$1 % 20c		May 16
Sullivan Consolidated Mines, Ltd Sun Oil Co. (quar.)	21/2 c 25c	June 15	May 3
6% pref. (quar.)	\$1½ 5c	June 15 June 16 May 15 June 1	May 16
Super Mold Corp. of California (quar.)	20c 50c	May 15	Apr. 2
Tampa Electric Co. (quar.)	56c	May 16	Apr. 29
Tennessee Electric Power Co. 5% 1st pref. (qu.	\$134 \$114 \$112 \$134	July 1	June 1
7% 1st preferred (quar.)	\$134	July 1 July 1	June 1
7.2% 1st preferred (quar.) 6% 1st preferred (monthly)	\$1.80 50c	July 1 June 1	June 13 May 16
6% 1st preferred (monthly)	50c 60c	July 1	June 18
7.2% 1st preferred (monthly)	60c	July 1	June 15
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. (quar.)	\$134 10c	June 1 July 1 June 1 June 1 June 16 June 15 June 1 June 4	May 11
Thew Shovel Co., pref. (quar.)	90c \$134 25c	June 15	June 1
Tide Water Assoc. Oil Co Timken Roller Bearing	25c 25c	June 1 June 4	May 10 May 17
Sunray Oil Corp. Supray Oil Corp. Supray Oil Corp. Supray Oil Corp. Swift International Co., Ltd., dep. ctfs. Tampa Electric Co. (quar.) Preferred A (quar.) Tennessee Electric Power Co. 5% 1st pref. (qu. 6%) 1st preferred (quar.) 7% 1st preferred (quar.) 6% 1st preferred (quar.) 6% 1st preferred (monthly) 6% 1st preferred (monthly) 7.2% 1st preferred (monthly) 7.2% 1st preferred (monthly) Terre Haute Water Works Corp. 7% pref. (qu. 7) Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. (quar.) Thatcher Mfg., conv. pref. (quar.) Tide Water Assoc. Oil Co. Timken Roller Bearing Tobacco Securities Trust Co., Ltd. Less British Income tax.	5%	May 23	Apr. 28
Toburn Gold Mines, Ltd.	2c	May 21 May 21	May 4
Toledo Edison Co., 7% preferred (monthly)	581-3c	June 1	May 16
5% preferred (monthly)	41 2-3c	June 1	May 16
6% 1st preferred (quar.)	\$11/2	June 1	May 24
Semi-annually	\$134	Dec. 15	June 1 Dec. 1
Extra Toledo Edison Co., 7% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) Trane Co. (quar.) 6% lst preferred (quar.)	‡20c	June 15 June 1	May 20 May 16
United Biscutt Co. of Amer. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) United Bond & Share Ltd., common United Corp., Ltd., class A (quar.) United Dyewood Corp. pref. (quar.) Preferred (quarterly)	25c	June 1	May 13
United Bond & Share Ltd., common		Aug. 1 July 15 May 16 July 1 Oct. 1	June 30
United Dyewood Corp. pref. (quar.)	37c \$134 \$134 \$134 50c	July 1	June 10
Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) United Engineering & Foundry Co. (quar.)	\$134	Jan. 3	Dec. 9
United Engineering & Foundry Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c	Jan. 3 May 17 May 17 June 1	May 6 May 6
Officed Engineering & Foundry Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) United Gas Corp., \$7 non-vot. 1st pref. (quar.) United Gas Improvement Co. Preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 25c	June 1	May 12 May 31
Preferred (quar.)	\$114	June 30 June 30 June 1	May 31
7% prior preferred (monthly)	58 1-3c	July 1	June 15
6.36% prior preferred (monthly)	53c	July 1	May 16 June 15
6% prior preferred (monthly)	50c	June 1 July 1	May 16 June 15
United New Jersey RR. & Canal (quar.) United States Casualty Co. cum. conv. preferred	\$21/2 221/6C	July 1 July 10 June 1	June 20 May 17
United Gas Corp., \$7 non-vot. 1st pref. (quar.) United Gas Improvement Co. Preferred (quar.). 7% prior preferred (monthly). 6.36% prior preferred (monthly). 6.36% prior preferred (monthly). 6% prior preferred (monthly). 6% prior preferred (monthly). United New Jersey RR. & Canal (quar.). United States Casualty Co. cum. conv. preferred united States Casualty & Power Shares Series B. United States Pipe & Foundry Co. com. (quar.).	30	1	
United States Pipe & Foundry Co., com. (quar.) Common (quarterly) Common (quarterly) United States Playing Card (quar.)	50c 50c	May 16 June 20 Sept. 20	May 31
Common (quarterly)	50c	Dec. 20	Nov. 30
		Sept. 20 Dec. 20 July 1 July 1 May 20 July 15	June 15
United States Steel Corp., 7% pref. (quar.) United States Sugar Corp., pref. (quar.) United Wall Paper Factories, Inc.—	\$114	July 15	June 15
Prior preference			
Prior preference Universal Commodity Corp. (monthly) Monthly	5c 5c	June 27	May 10 Apr. 10
Tanor Car Heating Co. Inc. 707 prof (ques)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$100	June 10	June 1
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7/grmont & Boston Telegraph Co.	\$132	Dec. 10	Dec. 1
Vick Chemical Co. (quar.)	50c	June 1	May 16
Extra Extra Irginia Coal & Iron Co. (quar.) 'ulcan Detinning pref. (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) Nalgreen Co., 4½% pref. w w (quar.) Walker (H.)-Gooderham & Worts, Ltd. (qu.) Preferred (quar.)	10c 25c	June 1 June 27 May 27 June 10 Sept. 10 Dec. 10 July 1 June 1 June 1 June 1 May 21	мау 16 Мау 5
Preferred (quarterly)	\$134	July 20 . Oct. 20	July 11 Oct. 10
Walgreen Co., 4½% pref. w w (quar.)	\$118	June 15	May 25 June 4
Walker (H.)-Gooderham & Worts, Ltd. (qu.) Preferred (quar.) Waltham Watch Co. 6% pref. (quar.) 8% preferred (quarterly) Prior preferred (quar.) Prior preferred (quar.) Washington Ry. & Electric Co. 5% pref (quar.) 5% pref (quar.) 5% pref (smi-ann.) Weill (Raphael) & Co. 8% pref (sa.) Ventworth Mfg. Co. 81 conv. pref (quar.) Conv. pref. (quar.) Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc.— \$4 Convertible preferred (quar.) Vest Jensey & Neashore RR. (sa.) 6% special gtd. (sa.) Vest Penn Electric Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Vest Penn Electric Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Vest Penn Electric Co. 6% preferred (quar.)	25°C \$1.20°C \$	June 1 May 21 July 20 Oct. 20 June 15 June 15 June 15 June 15 June 15 July 2 Oct. 3 July 2 Oct. 3 May 31	June 4
6% preferred (quarterly)	\$113	Oct. 3	Sept. 24
Prior preferred (quar.)	\$1 32	Oct. 3	Sept 24
5% pref (quar.)	\$114	June 1	May 16 May 16
5% preferred (semi-ann.) Veill (Raphael) & Co 8% pref (sa.)	\$114 \$214 \$4 25c	June 1 Sept. 1	May 16
Ventworth Mfg. Co. \$1 conv. pref (quar.)	25c 25c	May 15 May 16	May 1
Vesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc.—	21	Tuno 1	Mar 10
Vest Jersey & Seashore RR. (sa.)	\$11/2	June 1	June 15
Vest Penn Electric Co. 6% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/2	May 16	Apr. 22
Vest Penn Electric Co. 6% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Vest Virginia Pulp & Paper preferred (quar.) Vestern Public Service Co. preferred A Vestinghouse Air Brake Co., quarterly	\$1 \$1½ \$1½ \$1½ \$1¼ \$1¾	July 1 June 1 May 16 May 16 May 16	Apr. 22 May 2
Vestern Public Service Co. preferred AVestinghouse Air Brake Co., quarterly	118¾c 25c	June 1 July 30	May 16 June 30
Quarterly Vestinghouse Electric & Mfg	25c 50c	Oct. 31 9 May 27	May 10
Quarterly Vestinghouse Electric & Mfg Participating preferred. Vestvaco Chlorine Products (quar.) Vhite (S. S.) Dental Mfg.(quar.) Vhitaker Paper Co. (reduced) 7% preferred (quar.)	50c 75c 25c	May 161 June 11 July 30 Oct. 31 May 27 May 27 June 11 June 11 May 16	May 10
White (S. S.) Dental Mfg.(quar.)	30c	May'16	Apr. 30
7% preferred (quar.)	\$1 % \$1 %		June 18
vnitaker Faper Co. (requeed) 7% preferred (quar.) Vnitman (Wm.) & Co., Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Villiamsport Water Co. \$6 preferred (quar.) Vinsted Hosier Co (quarterly) Extra.	\$134 \$142 \$142 \$146 50c	July 1 J July 1 J June 1 I	May 20
Vinsted Hosier Co (quarterly)	\$11/2	Aug. 1.	uly 15
	\$114 50c	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
	18 % c	Nov. 1 C May 16 A June 1 A May 15 I June 1 I July 1 J Aug. 1 J Sept. 1 S	Apr. 30
Vorcester Salt Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$11/2	May 15	May 3
Monthly (WIII.) Jr. Co. (Monthly)	\$1 ½ 25c 25c 25c	July 1 J	une 20
Monthly		A 110 1 1	OO
Voolworth (F. W.) Co. (quar.) Vorcester Salt Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Vrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly) Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly	25c 25c 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 20 Sept. 20

^{*}Transfer books not closed for this dividend,
†On account of accumulated dividends.
‡Payable in Canadian funds, and in the case of non-residents of Canada, deduction of a tax of 5% of the amount of such dividend will be made.

Weekly Return of the New York City Clearing House

The weekly statement issued by the New York City Clearing House is given in full below:

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION FOR THE WEEK ENDED SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1938

Clearing House Members	* Capital	* Surplus and Undivided Profits	Net Demand Deposits, Average	Time Deposits, Average
	and the second		\$	\$
Bank of N Y & Trust Coi	6,000,000	13,389,000	142,199,000	11,464,000
Bank of Manhattan Co.	20,000,000	25,867,200	400,192,000	37,846,000
National City Bank	77,500,000	58,493,500	a1,437,627,000	174,367,000
Chem Bank & Trust Co.	20,000,000	54.648.700	474,582,000	8,279,000
Guaranty Trust Co	90,000,000	181,840,400	b1.340,213,000	53,983,000
Manufacturers Trust Co	42,381,000	45,129,400	461,844,000	95,303,000
Cent Hanover Bk&Tr Co	21,000,000		c695,684,000	54,685,000
Corn Exch Bank Tr Co.	15,000,000	18,309,200	248,083,000	25,287,000
First National Bank	10,000,000		494,929,000	2,826,000
Irving Trust Co	50,000,000	61,612,100	447,041,000	6,160,000
Continental Bk & Tr Co	4.000,000	4.198,800	51,821,000	9,551,000
Chase National Bank	100,270,000	128,391,400	d1,909,600,000	55,197,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000		47,302,000	2,351,000
Bankers Trust Co	25.000,000			32,109,000
Title Guar & Trust Co	10,000,000		12,634,000	2,214,000
Marine Midland Tr Co-	5,000,000			10,076,000
New York Trust Co	12,500,000			30,003,000
Comm'l Nat Bk & Tr Co	7,000,000			2,294,000
Public Nat Bk & Tr Co.	7,000,000			52,458,000
* As per official repor	523,151,000	908,102,600	9,474,010,000	666,453,000

As per official reports: National, March 7, 1938; State, March 31, 1938; trust companies, March 31, 1938, 1938. Includes deposits in foreign branches as follows: a \$283,676,000; b \$95,885,000; c \$4,410,000; d \$127,955,000; c \$33,662,000.

The New York "Times" publishes regularly each week returns of a number of banks and trust companies which are not members of the New York Clearing House. The following are the figures for the week ended May 6:

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN CLEARING HOUSE WITH THE CLOSING OF BUSINESS FOR THE WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1938 NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—AVERAGE FIGURES

	Loans, Disc. and Investments	Other Cash, Including Bank Notes	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	s	8	\$	\$	\$
Grace National	21,274,587	120,704	6,858,438	3,087,316	27,444,362
Sterling National	19,560,000			4,673,000	26,612,000
Trade Bank of N. Y.	4,309,048		2,168,188	258,440	5,886,677
Lafayette National	6,601,000	278,100	1,291,100	635,500	7,910,000
People's National	4,953,000			430,000	5,512,000

TRUST COMPANIES-AVERAGE FIGURES

	Loans, Disc. and Investments	Cash	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan	\$	s	8	\$	\$
Empire	51,698,900	*7.780.800	12,801,200	3.556,700	65,864,000
Federation	9.379,918			1,834,187	10,745,858
Fiduciary	12.916.268		1.008.087	22,884	12,675,465
Fulton	19,917,000			251,000	20,987,500
	28,414,600		1,085,900		40,474,900
United States	64,951,552		15,276,369		75,852,580
Brooklyn	82.330.000	3,266,000	36,040,000	71,000	114,328,000
Kings County	33,536,427				47,877,528

) * Includes amount with Federal Reserve as follows: Empire. \$5,772,100; Fiduciary, \$941,423; Fulton, \$4,710,500; Lawyers, \$12,353,600.

Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business May 11, 1938, in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding date last year:

	May 11, 1938	May 4, 1938.	May 12, 1937
	\$	\$	
Assets—Gold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury_x	4,526,529,000 927,000 98,499,000	927,000	
Total reserves	4,625,955,000	4,644,854,000	3,392,884,000
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations, direct or fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	2,335,000 403,000		
Total bills discounted	2,738,000	2,265,000	8,234,000
Bills bought in open marketIndustrial advances	215,000 3,44 6,000	215,000 4,464,000	
United States Government securities: Bonds Treasury notes Treasury bills	191,191,000 346,716,000 207,948,000	346,716,000	330,742,000
Total U.S. Government securities	745,855,000	745,855,000	725,029,000
Total bills and securities	753,254,000	752,799,000	741,752,000
Due from foreign banks	4,025,000 133,382,000 9,907,000 13,602,000	6,275,000 132,359,000 9,907,000 13,345,000	4,775,000 157,936,000 10,071,000 13,075,000
Total assets	5,540,190,000	5,559,604,000	4,320,580,000
Liabilities— F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member bank reserve acc't U. S. Treasurer—General account Foreign bank Other deposits	888,495,000 3,483,916,000 677,597,000 48,194,000 189,105,000	3,478,045,000 706,040,000 45,659,000	2,986,064,000 60,791,000 38,716,000
Total deposits	4,398,812,000	4,408,212,000	3,154,650,000
Deferred availability items Capital paid in Surplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13b). Reserve for contingencies All other liabilities.	50,981,000 51,943,000 7,744,000	50,946,000 51,943,000 7,744,000 8,210,000	51,273,000 51,474,000 7,744,000 9,091,000
Total liabilities	5,540,190,000	5,559,604,00	4,320,580,000
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined	87.5%		
Commitments to make industrial advances	3,886,000	3,865,00	6,044,000

eserve bank notes.

These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken ver from the Reserve banks when the dollar was, on Jan. 31, 1934, devalued from 00 cents to 59.06 cents, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the lifterence the difference testel having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury nder the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, giving the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the reporting member banks in 101 leading cities from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The comment of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions", Immediately preceding which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

Commencing with the statement of May 19, 1937, various changes were made in the breakdown of loans as reported in this statement, which were described in an announcement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of April 20, 1937, as follows:

The changes in the report form are confined to the classification of loans and discounts. This classification has been changed primarily to show the

described in an announcement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of April 20, 1937, as follows:

The changes in the report form are confined to the classification of loans and discounts. This classification has been changed primarily to show the amounts of (1) commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, and (2) loans (other than to brokers and dealers) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. The revised form also eliminates the distinction between loans to brokers and dealers in securities located in New York City and those located eutside New York City. Provision has been made also to include "acceptances of own bank purchased or discounted" with "acceptances and commercial paper bought in open market" under the revised caption "open market paper," instead of in "all other loans," as formerly.

Subsequent to the above announcement it was made known that the new items "commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans" and "other loans" would each be segregated as "on securities" and "otherwise secured and unsecured."

A more detailed explanation of the revisions was published in the May 20 1027 issue of the "Chronicle" page 3590.

A more detailed explanation of the revisions was published in the May 29, 1937, issue of the "Chronicle," page 3590.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN 101 LEADING CITIES BY DISTRICTS, ON MAY 4, 1938, (In Millione of Dollars)

Federal Reserve Districts—	Total	Boston	New York	Phtla.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan, Cuy	Dalla.	San Fran.
ASSETS	8	18	8	\$	8	8	\$	\$ 2,852	\$ 663	\$ 365	\$ 626	\$ 481	\$ 2,125
Loans and investments—total	20,842 8,517	1,168 616		1,105 439	1,728 693	625 237	555 284	868	296			232	
Commercial, indus, and agricul, loans:		S 5 2 2	2.0				11	40	44	0	16	11	42
On securities	561	37	243	48	48	12	141	479	131			137	
Otherwise secured and unsecured	3,565	246	1,447	159	234	96 10	141	39	10		19	2	32
Open market paper	390	76		24	13	10	3	31	10	1	3	3	32 11
Loans to brokers and dealers in secs	646	22	523	16	21	3	0	91					100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Other loans for purchasing or carrying	day team	Callet 11					10	77	12	7	12	14	57
securities	593	32	279	34	37	16 30	16 28	89	47	6	21	20	
Real estate loans	1,150	83		58	172	30	28	09	77		il	1	2
Loans to banks	107	3	80	2	2	1	3		Sagran L		-		Beef Sec.
Other loans:				A 14 2		00	0.0	45	11	11	12	10	75
On securities	692	55		48	122	28	26 50		28			34	
Otherwise secured and unsecured	813	62		50		41						168	
United States Government obligations	8,001	396		312	703	294	156	1,309	58			31	134
Obligations fully guar. by U. S. Govt.	1,322	125		87	80	35	38	424	92			50	
Other securities	3.002	131		267	252	59	77	973	132			98	
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	5,943	309		261	357	128		56	10			10	
Cash in vault	361	103		17	36	17	11		120			199	
Balances with domestic banks	2,266	148	158	162	235	134	133		23			25	
Other assets—net	1,310	74	595	83	102	36	38	84	20	10	20		
LIABILITIES					F 18 8 18			0.004	393	231	457	391	843
Demand deposits—adjusted	14,450	1,014		780		404	324		186		144	130	
Time deposits	5,226	262		288	735	198	182	872	23		18	25	
United States Government deposits	568	13	173	20	18	12	23	145	23	1	10	20	
Inter-bank deposits:	14. 10. 10.				1 400			007	- 249	126	346	180	243
Domestic banks	5.720	241		292	329	210	204	867	249	120	340	100	12
Foreign banks	328	10	289	6	1		1	8		1			
Borrowings											3		316
Other liabilities	793	22	348	15	18	23	6	23 370	90	55		82	
Canital account	3.637	240	1 616	227	351	93	90	370	90	99	34:	02	022

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The following was issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Thursday afternoon. May 12, showing the condition of the twelve Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. The first table presents the results for the System as a whole in comparison with the figures for the eight preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resource and liabilities separately for each of the twelve banks. The Federal Reserve notes that week the resulting transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve note statement (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve Agents and the Federal Reserve banks. The comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the returns for the latest week appear in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS MAY 11, 1938

Three ciphers (000) omitted	May 11, 1938.	May 4, 1938.	April 27, 1938.	April 20, 1938.	April 13, 1938.	April 6, 1938.	Mar. 30, 1938.	Mar. 23, 1938.	Mar. 16. 1938.	May 12, 1937.
ASSETS Gold ctts. on hand and due from U. S. Treas.x Redemption fund (Federal Reserve notes) Other cash *	\$ 10,640,912 8,886 427,070	\$ 10,641,412 8,386 434,876	\$ 10,641,911 9,360 451,582	\$ 10,642,413 8,860 452,812	9,140	\$ 9,222,003 9,140 444,855	\$ 9,212,708 9,874 473,506	9.874	\$ 9,188,602 9,600 478,179	\$ 8,839,40 11,71 288,28
Total reserves	11,076,868	11,084,674	11,102,853	11,104,085		9,675,998	9,696,088		9,676,381	9,139,40
Bills discounted: Secured by U.S. Government obligations, direct or fully guaranteed	5,321 2,844	5,379 2,813	5,592 2,879	6,472 3,068	9,730 3,194	7,741 3,599	8,174 3,866		5,193 2, 956	12,94 2,70
otal bills discounted	8,165	8,192	8,471	9,540	12,924	11,340	12,040		8,149	15,65
Bills bought in open marketIndustrial advances	550 16,421	550 16,798	550 16,973	550 17,056	550 16,887	550 16,952	550 17,177	542 17,314	542 17,259	4,53 22,77
United States Government securities—Bonds	657,253 1,191,905	657,253	657,253	677,831	785,588	779,539	733,320	732,320	723,595	732,42
Treasury notes	714,857	1,191,905 714,857	1,191,905 714,857	1,179,171 707,013	1,160,691 617,736	1,165,691 618,785	1,165,691 665,004	1,165,691 666,004	1,164,191 676,229	1,152,39 641,46
Total U. S. Government securities	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,526,29
Coreign loans on gold					- ::::::		- :::::			
Total bills and securities	2,589,151	2,589,555	2,590,009	2,591,161	2,594,376	2,592,857	2,593,782	2,591,394	2,589,965	2,569,25
Gold held abroad. Due from foreign banks. Federal Reserve notes of other banks. Uncollected ttems. Bank premises. All other assets.	19,973 527,996 44,730 46,396	170 23,005 550,492 44,717 45,214	170 20,672 523,357 44,765 45,339	170 19,952 578,264 44,804 44,400	170 16,632 663,496 44,806 47,978	169 19,683 520,270 44,795 45,831	170 20,138 502,834 44,837 42,940	177 19,889 531,219 44,852 42,130	177 20,613 742,758 44,865 40,698	23,542 666,762 45,782 45,956
Total assets	14,305,284	14,337,827	14,327,165	14,382,836	13,073,636	12,899,603	12,900,789	12,914,581	13,115,457	12,488,935
LIABILITIES	4 100 000									
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member banks' reserve account	4,132,337 7,560,482	4,147,997 7,503,630	4,120,373 7,661,269	4,120,798	4,136,806	4,158,154	4,121,705	4,119,858	4,124,888	4,193,868
United States Treasurer—General account. Foreign banks	1,361,133 133,908 236,245	1,428,693 125,674 227,746	1,321,319 131,802 211,655	7,547,076 1,427,718 135,486 213,212	7,472,143 140,874 118,010 198,604	7,296,340 244,166 122,005 212,038	7,311,529 292,237 117,228 198,121	7,333,050 269,586 113,661 198,646	7,328,137 263,623 103,356 222,136	6,942,727 106,177 104,979 131,566
Total deposits	9,291,768 527,933	9,285,743 551,583	9,326,045	9,323,492	7,929,631	7,874,549	7,919,115	7,914,943	7,917,252	7,285,449
Apital paid in urplus (Section 7) urplus (Section 13-B) Leserve for contingencies.	133,523 147,739 27,683 32,915	133,482 147,739 27,683 32,915	527,113 133,478 147,739 27,683 32,915	586,356 133,489 147,739 27,683 32,915	655,841 133,495 147,739 27,683 32,950	517,044 133,298 147,739 27,683 32,950	510,023 133,302 147,739 27,683 32,950	530,381 133,306 147,739 27,683 32,950	724,619 133,297 147,739 27,683 32,950	660,697 132,193 145,854 27,490 35,974
II other liabilities	11,386	10,685	11,819	10,364	9,491	8,186	8,272	7,721	7,029	7,410
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	82.5%	82.5%	82.6%	82.6%	13,073,636 80.4%	12,899,603 80.4%	12,900,789 80.5%	12,914,581 80.5%	13,115,457 80.4%	79.6%
'oreign correspondents	1,357 12,700	1,357	1,103	1,103	523	330	82	222	630	1,532
	12,700	12,678	12,735	12,825)2,982	12,920	13,110	12,904	12,911	17,183
Maturity Distribution of Bills and Short-term Securities— 1-15 days bills discounted -80 days bills discounted -80 days bills discounted -90 days bills discounted -90 days bills discounted	6,572 330 702 268 293	6,527 285 709 362 309	6,836 288 508 573 266	7,830 280 589 547 294	11,274 412 430 466 342	9,703 365 507 429 336	10,289 625 445 299	7,817 558 454 247	6,489 426 584 320	14,580 133 465 218
Total bills discounted	8,165	8,192	8,471	9,540	12,924	11,340	12,040	9,523	8,149	15,654
1-15 days bills bought in open market	178 75 297	166 87 	223 95 75 157	297 178 75	156 224 170	297 253	220 255 75	449	47 	874 136 666 2,858
Total bills bought in open market	550	550	550	550	550	550	550	549	549	4.524
1-15 days industrial advances 6-30 days industrial advances 1-60 days industrial advances 1-90 days industrial advances ver 99 days industrial advances	1,419 234 522 960 13,286	1,581 204 567 974 13,472	1,665 96 470 541 14,201	1,669 153 570 496 14,168	1,510 274 462 545 14,096	1,563 192 502 552 14,143	550 1,777 64 343 640 14,353	1,898 72 346 610 14,388	1,577 416 330 463 14,473	4,534 795 206 577 1,101 20,100
Total industrial advances	16,421	16,798	16,973	17,056	16,887	16,952	17,177	17,314	17,259	22,779
1-15 days U. S. Government securities 1-80 days U. S. Government securities 1-80 days U. S. Government securities 1-90 days U. S. Government securities	115,354 85,874 357,781 191,294 1,813,712	116,668 104,311 353,460 186,586 1,802,990	93,734 115,354 338,218 217,672 1,799,037	76,209 113,610 321,701 225,169 1,827,326	72,472 82,166 175,878 282,846 1,950,653	63,623 72,939 192,321 287,451	56,482 72,472 183,568 292,688	56,383 63,623 173,474 287,477	86,903 56,482 158,638 183,218	27,870 24,667 68,121 73,108
Total U. S Government securities	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015	1,958,805 2,564.015	1,983,058 2,564,015	2,564,015	2,332,524
-15 days other securities										
Total other securities.										
Federal Reserve Notes— sued to Federal Reserve Bank by F R. Agent eld by Federal Reserve Bank	4,425,484 293,147	4,425,523 277,526	4,434,356 313,983	4,435,562 314,764	4,443,518	4,453,791	4,436,672	4,441,195	4,439,952	4,501,461
In actual circulation	4,132,337	4,147,997	4,120,373	4,120,798	4,136,806	295,637 4,158,154	4,121,705	4,119,858	4,124,888	4 193 868
Collateral Held by Agent as Security for Notes Issued to Bank— Notes Issued to Bank— Other of the Collater of	4,539,632 7,208	4,519,632 7,271	4,541,632 7,463	4,527,632 8,472	4,487,632 11,780 25,000	4,489,632 10,223 25,000	4,501,632 10,741	4,509,632 8,349	4,532,632 7,088	4,536,632 16,344
Total collateral	4,546,840		4,549,095	4,536,104	4,524,412	4,524,855	4,527,373	4,532,981	4,549,720	4,597,976

a These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents on Jan 31, 1934, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference teelf naving open appropriated as profit by the Freasury under provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Concluded)

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS MAY 11, 1938

Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
- s	s	\$	8	S	\$	8	\$	\$	8		\$	8
10,640,912 8,886	311	927	543,064 653 27,763	719,755 832 39,500	309,345 804 30,997	1,035	793	295,864 562 18,136	193,307 889 9,443	288,307 338 29,227	186,116 413 15,903	726,027 1,329 36,513
											909 429	763,869
				413	135	259,626	2,087,398	314,562	50	43	167	263
2,844	157	403	563	192	334	475		40	62	173	152	293
8,165	729	2,738	1,458	605	469	713	210	40	112	216	319	556
550 16,421 657,253 1,191,905 714,857	85,982	346.716	56 3,080 53,966 97,866 58.696	51 918 63,027 114,299 68,551	24 1,477 35,882 65,070 39,027	73 28,560 51,793	677 71,067 128,877	159 30,561 55,420	551 22,654 41,081	465 31,947 57,934	16 901 24,937 45,223 27,123	1,297 56,049 101,644
2,564,015	184,962	745,855	210,528	245,877	139,979	111,416	277,239	119,220	88,375	124,627	97,283	218,654
2,589,151 170 19,973 527,996 44,730 46,396	12 479 51,439 2,982	4,025 133,382 9,907	215,122 17 846 41,211 4,783 4,504	247,451 16 1,461 52,434 6,164 4,980	141,949 7 1,351 44,383 2,674 3,043	2,065 18,964 2,105	70,456 4,548	1,659 24,915 2,325	844 14,148 1,518	1,451 28,283 3,130	536 21,748 1,282	2,510 26,633 3,312
14,305,284	874,653	5,540,190	837,963	1,072,593	534,553	397,046	2,447,620	464,771	310,830	478,044	326,147	1,020,874
4,132,337	345,229	888,495	304,674	409,149	190,291	145,734	963,481	175,675	137,165	166,168		
7,560,482 1,361,133 133,908 236,245	48,206 9,628	677,597 48,194	49,358 13,104	60,031 12,302	51,956 5,750	46,318 4,680	150,370 15,913	49,296	31,791	45,282 3,878	48,639 3,878	102,289
9,291,768	453,243	4,398,812	459,154	579,150	286,350	219,352	1,367,105	252,385	150,85	273,167	213,277	638,916
527,933 133,523 147,739 27,683 32,915 11,386	9,405 9,900 2,874 1,448	50,961 51,943 7,744 8,210	12,258 13,466 4,411 2,000	13,370 14,323 1,007 3,177	4,950 4,964 3,409 1,401	4,445 5,626 730 1,603	13,100 22,387 1,429 7,229	3,897 4,667 548 1,218	2,90 3,15 1,00 1,92	4,147 3,613 1,142 2 934	3,937 3,892 1,270 1,776	10,149 9,805 2,121 3,2,000
14,305,284	98	488	133	125	58	4	161	4	3	1 39	39	
	\$ 10,640,912 8,886 427,070 11,076,868 5,321 2,844 8,165 550 16,421 657,253 1,191,905 714,857 2,564,015 2,589,151 19,973 3527,996 44,730 46,396 14,305,284 4,132,337 7,560,482 1,361,133 133,908 236,245 9,291,768 527,933 133,523 147,739 27,683 32,915 11,386 14,305,284	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 40,970 98,499 11,076,868 628,802 4,625,955 5,321 572 2,335 2,844 157 40,33 8,165 729 2,738 550 41 2,377 4,446 657,253 1,91,905 714,857 51,568 207,948 2,564,015 184,962 745,855 2,589,151 184,962 745,855 2,589,151 188,109 753,254 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 65 40,025 170 12 130,800 14,305,284 874,653 5,540,190 4,132,337 345,229 888,495 48,194 433,1523 48,206 147,739 9,005 10,943 189,105 177,739 9,005 10,943 11,386 812 11,386 812 3,135 14,485 812 3,135 14,485 812 3,135 14,485 812 3,135 14,305,284 874,653 5,540,190 11,357 98 488	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3 3 3 3 10,640,912 587,521 4,526,529 543,064 719,755 8,886 311 927 653 39,600 11,076,868 628,802 4,625,955 571,480 760,087 5,321 572 2,335 895 413 2,844 167 403 563 192 8,165 729 2,738 1,458 605 550 41 215 566 51 16,421 2,377 4,446 3,080 99 657,253 47,412 191,191 53,966 63,027 1,191,905 85,982 346,716 97,866 114,299 2,564,015 184,962 745,855 210,528 245,877 2,589,151 185,109 753,254 11,212 247,451 527,996 51,439 133,382 41,211 52,434 44,730 2,982 9,907 4,783 6,164 4,305,284 </td <td>\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td> <td>\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td> <td>\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td> <td>\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td> <td>\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c </td> <td>\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td> <td>\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td>	\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
Federal Reserve notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	\$ 4,425,484 293,147	\$ 372,899 27,670		\$ 322,451 17,777	\$ 432,050 22,901	\$ 201,239 10,948	\$ 161,376 15,642		\$ 191,725 16,050			\$ 85,850 7,682	
In actual circulation Collateral held by Agent as security for notes issued to banks:	4,132,337	345,229	888,495	304,674	409,149	190,291	145,734	963,481	175.675	137,165	166,168	78,168	328,108
Gold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury Eligible paper	4,539,632 7,208	390,000 699	1,000,000 2,626	337,000 1,121			164,000 504	1,000,000 210	196,632	143,500 112		88,500 317	
Total collateral	4,546,840	390,699	1,002,626	338,121	436,452	203,409	164,504	1,000,210	196,632	143,612	177,206	88,817	404,552

United States Treasury Bills-Friday, May 13 Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	B14	Asked		B14	Asked
May 18 1938	0.05%		June 29 1938	0.08%	101111111
May 25 1938	0.05%		July 6 1938	0.08%	
June 1 1938	0.05%		July 13 1938	0 08%	
June 8 1938	0.05%		July 20 1938	0.08%	
June 15 & 16 1938	0.05%		July 27 1938	0.08%	
June 17 & 18 1938	0.05%		Aug. 3 1938	0.08%	
June 22 1938	0.08%		Aug. 10 1938	0.08%	

Quotations for United States Treasury Notes—Friday, May 13 Figures after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

	R. T. KELLER	1815 31 31					111111	
Maturtty	Int. Rate	Bta	Asked	Maturity	Rate Bid		Asked	
Dec. 15 1938			101.10	Dec 15 1940	114%	102 14	102.16	
Dec. 15 1941	114%	102 1		Mar. 15 1940	15/8 %	102.14	102.16	
Sept. 15 1939	136%	101.26	101.28	Mar. 15 1942	1%%	103.13	103.15	
Dec. 15 1939	136%	101.31		Dec. 15 1942	1%%	103.26		
June 15 1941	1%%	102.7		Sept. 15 1942	2%	104.25		
Mar. 15 1939	114%	101.18		June 15 1939	216%	102.17		
Mar. 15 1941	116%	102.15		Sept. 15 1938	216%	101.23		
June 15 1940	116%	102 12	102.14	June 15 1938	216%	101.15	101.17	

THE BERLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing prices of representative stocks as received by cable

each day of the past week:						
	May	May 9	May 10	May 11	May	May
	7				12	13
5 3			Per Cen	t of Pa	r	
Allgemeine Elektrizitaets-Gesellschaft 4%	122	122	123	123	125	124
Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft (612%)	129	128	128	128	127	128
Berliner Kraft u. Licht (8%)	163	163	162	162	162	162
Commerz-und Privat-Bank A. G. (5%)	116	116	116	116	116	166
	126	125	124	124	125	124
	120	120	120	120	120	120
	142	142	142	143	143	143
Deutsche Reichsbahn (German Rys. pf. 7%)x	126	126	126	126	126	126
Dresdner Bank (4%)	114	114	113	113	113	113
Farbenindustrie I. G. (7%)	158	157	156	157	159	158
Gestuerel (6%)	148	147	145	147	148	147
Hamburger Elektrizitaetswerke (8%)	151	152	150	150	150	150
Hapag			78	78		77
	115	115	114	115	115	115
Nordeutscher Lloyd	80		80			
Reichsbank (8%)	198	197	196	196	197	197
Rheinische Braunkohlen (8%)		231	230		233	233
Salzdetfurth (6%)	164					165
Stemens & Halske (8%)	212	212	212	212	212	211
x Ex-dividend.						

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange-See following page.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly-See page 3151.

Stock and Bond Averages—See Page 3151.

THE PARIS BOURSE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

May 7 May 9 May 10 May 11 May 12 May 13

France France France

	May 7	May 9		May 11	May 12	Muy 10	
	Francs	Francs		Francs		Francs	
Bank of France		7.800	7,700	7,700	7,500	7,600	
Banque de Paris et Des Pays Bas		1,439	1,390	1,380	1,348		
Banque de l'Union Parisienne		524	508	505	491		
Canadian Pacific		212	218	211	210	209	
Canal de Suez cap		23,900	24.300	24.800	24,600	24,600	
Cie Distr d'Electricite		755		717	708		
Cie Generale d Electricite		1.500			1,420	1,430	
Cie Generale d'Electricité		36	36	36	38	36	
Cie Generale Transatiantique		555	535	531	520		
Citroen B.	1000	855		815	817		
Comptoir Nationale d'Escompte		200				200	
Coty S A		272	262		257		
Courrieres		570			531		
Credit Commercial de France.		1,760			1.660	1,720	
Credit Lyonnaise		1,520			1,440	1.440	
Eaux des Lyonnaise cap		328	336	325	325	392	
Energie Electrique du Nord							
Energie Electrique du Littoral	** **	584					
Kuhlmann		747			1,290	1,300	
L'Air Liquide		1,370					
Lyon (P L M)		900			834		
Nord Ry		869					
Orleans Ry 6%		375			401		
Pathe Capital		19			19		
Pechiney	of the purious	2,090				75.00	
Rentes Perpetual 3%		76.50				75.90	
Rentes 4%. 1917	W 755 C.S.	77.30				76.25	
Rentes 4%, 1918		76.40			75.20	74.70	
Rentes 41/2 %, 1932, A		82.40					
Rentes 41/2 %. 1932 B		80.30				79.30	
Rentes 5%, 1920		101.75					
Royal Dutch		6,370		6,360			
Saint Gobair C & C		2,274			2,155		
Schneider & Cie		1,200					
Societe Francaise Ford		74)
Societe Generale Fonciere		100					
Societe Lyonnaise		1.519	1,487	1,468			è
Societe Marselliaise		580					
Tubize Artificial Silk preferred	9,10	148		140	139		
Union d'Electricite	4.4 40.00	464		452	440		
Wagon-Lits		103					
A SECTION							

May 14, 1938

Stock and Bond Sales—New York Stock Exchange DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Occupying Altogether Sixteen Pages—Page One

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the day's range, unless they are the only transaction of the day. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange

Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Treasury, Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds on the New York Stock Exchange during the current week.

Quotations after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Freasury	High		118.8	118.10	118.10	118.12	118.14	T
Freasury 41/48, 1947-52	Low.		118.4	118.8	118.8	118.12	118.14	11
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close		118.8	118.10 20	118.10 7	118.12 15	118.14	1
3 %s, 1943-45{	High	109.12 109.12	109.11 109.11	109.15 109.13	109.17 109.15	109.18 109.15	109.20 109.18	1
0/46, 1010 10	Close	109.12	109.11	109.14	109.15	109.18	109.18	
Total sales in \$1,000 un	F 10.1	. 5		Gran Hall	7	17	11	100
48, 1944-54	High Low.			114.5 114.2	114.4 114.4	114.6 114.6	114.6 114.6	
Total sales in \$1,000 uni	Close		114.2	114.3 18	114.4	114.6 10	114.6	
	1000		112.12		112.14	112.21	112.20	2 , 7
3 %s. 1946-56	Low_		112.12		112.14	112.20	112.20	10
Total sales in \$1,000 uni	Us				112.14	112.20 75	112.20	
	High			110.1				
8548. 1943-47	Low_ Close			110.1				23
Total sales in \$1,000 uni	18	77		110.1				-
3. 1051.55	High	105.30	106	106.2	106.4	106.7	106.7	91
3s, 1951-55	Close	105.30 105.30	105.31 106	106.1	106.1 106.3	106.6 106.6	106.3 106.3	23
Total sales in \$1,000 uni		1	12	. 1	221	29	6	
8a. 1946-48	High	107.8	107.8	107.7 107.7	107.9	107.15	107.14 107.14	Pe
86, 1946-48	Close	107.6 107.6	107.8	107.7	107.9 107.9	107.12 107.13	107.14	
Total sales in \$1,000 ung	18	4	1	4	2	7	4	21 T
3%s, 1940-43	High Low.	106.16 106.16	106.16 106.16	106.18 106.18	106.16 106.16			Fe
10	Close	106.16	106.16	106.18	106.16			- tuk
Total sales in \$1,000 unit		2	5	. 5	1			
8%8, 1941-43	High			107.20 107.20		107.21		Fe
2 10 11	C10861	1		107.20		107.21 107.21		
Total sales in \$1,000 unit	18	1		1		2		ir.
3 1/4 8, 1946-49	High		107.29	107.31		108.4		Fe
(Table 1 and	Close		107.29 107.29	107.30 107.31		108.1		
Total sales in \$1,000 unit	8		*1	47		11		
314s. 1949-52	ligh			107.27 107.27		107.29		Ho
3 1949-52	Close			107.27		107.29 107.29		•
Total sales in \$1,000 unit	*			1		1		Ho
8 % s, 1941	ligh		107.31	108.2 108.2		108.3		. 2
(0	Close		107.31 107.31	108.2		108.1 108.3		
Total sales in \$1,000 unit	8		*2	30		111		Ho 2
8 % s. 1944-46	High ow.		109.10 109.10			109.18 109.16	109.18 109.18	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	lose		109.10			109.18	109.18	*
	3.0		104	104			104.5	
2 1/18, 1955-60 {L	W.			103.29	103.30	104.1	104.1	bo
Total sales in \$1,000 units	8	103.29	103.28 104 24	104	24	31	39	5 T
24/e 1945-47	ligh		105.31	105.29	106	106	06.3	2 7
2%s, 1945-47	lose		105.29 105.31	105.27 105.27		106	06.3	
Total sales in \$1,000 units			51	3		17	4	

May 7	May 9	May 10	May 11	May 12	May 13
n	104.4	104.4		104.4	104.7
		104.4			104.7
e	104.4	104.4		104.4	104.7
	1	29		1	1
		103.5	103.3	103.8	103.7
					103.5
			103.3		103.5
3 - 7 - 7 -	59	55	3	31	12
102.25		102.31	102.29	103.2	103
102.25					102.30
102.25					102.30
15	69	18	5	24	6
10.00	101.19	101.22	101.22	101.24	101.24
	101.18	101.18	101.18	101.22	101.22
					101.24
	16	11	18	31	33
105.10	105.9	105.9	105.9	105.10	105.18
105.10				105.10	105.15
	105.9	105.9			
2	1	1	1	1	56
103.12	103.15	103.16		103.18	
103.12	103.15	103.15		103.18	
103.12				103.18	
i "	111	0.4		*	
1		106	106.1	106.5	106.5
					106.5
		106	106.1	106.5	106.5
100		*	32	*	
		105.15		105.20	105.22
					105.22
	105.13	105.15		105.20	105.22
1	1	2		9	1
	105.18	105.18			105.27
					105.26
	105.18	105.18			105.27
27.77.7	17	5			14
					104.19
					104.17
					104.19
					12
105.16	105.16	105.20	105.21	105.25	105.27
105.13		105.15	105.18	105.23	105.25
	105.16		105.21	105.25	105.27
35	2		4	19	17
					102.30
102.26	102.27				102.28
102.26	102.30				102.30
103 1	0				103.10
					103.10
103.1					103.10
		-50.0	22	14	-30.10
	102.25 102.25 102.25 102.25 105.10 105.10 105.10 103.12 103.12 103.12 105.15 150.15	104.4 104.4 104.4 104.4 104.4 104.4 103.4 103.1 103.1 103.1 103.1 104.2 103.1 104.2 104.	104.4 103.5 103.4 103.4 103.4 103.4 103.4 103.4 102.25 102.21 102.30 102.25 102.21 102.30 102.25 102.31 102.30 102.25 102.31 102.30 101.18 101.18 101.18 101.18 101.19 101.22 101.18 101.18 101.19 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.10 105.10 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.10 105.11 103.12 103.15 103.15 103.15 103.15 103.15 103.15 103.15 105.15 105.15 105.15 105.15 105.15 105.15 105.15 105.16 105.18 1	104.4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The above table includes only sales of coupon Transactions in registered bonds were:

sury 3%s 1940-1943 sury 3%s, 1944-46 sury 2%s 1955-1960

United States Treasury Bills—See previous page.
United States Treasury Notes, &c.—See previous page.

New York Stock Record

	D HIGH SA			RE, NOT	PER CENT	Sales	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK	Range Sin		Range for Year	
Saturday May 7	Monday May 9	Tuesday May 10	Wednesday May 11	Thursday May 12	Friday May 13	the Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
\$ per share 43 43 43 43 *30 40 *3214 37 9 9 9 *16 20% 20% 214 214 457% 4612 *78 10 *18 98 98 98 8 *712 812 *10 11558 *712 858 *71	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ per share *41	28 28 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	*16 2712 *20 2012 214 214 4612 4712 *34 1 934 978	*3212 341 3212 3212 3212 3212 912 994 *16 17 *20 2012 214 214 46 78 17 978 978 118 118 *812 998 814 814 814 98 814 814 10 10 10 153 16 *25 71 *6 712 149 152 *6 24 *718 88 *144 44 *4414 48 *428 431 178 178 *149 26 63 63 *5512 66 63 63 *5512 66 *5512 66		Abbort Laboratories No par Abraham & Straus No par Acme Steel Co. 25 Adams Express No par Address-Multigr Corp. 10 Advance Rumely No par Ar Reduction Inc. No par Air Reduction Inc. No par Air Reduction Inc. No par Air Way El Appliance. No par Alsesheny Corp. No par 53% pt A with \$30 war 100 534% pt A with \$40 war 100 534% pf A with \$40 war 100 534% pf A with \$40 war 100 534% pf A with \$40 war 100 Allegheny Steel Co. No par Aleghany & W. Ry 6% gtd 100 Allen Industries Inc. No par Allied Kindson & Dye No par 5% preferred. 100 Allis-Chalmers Mig. No par 100 Allis-Chalmers Mig. No par Allis-Chalmers Mig. No par Amaignam Leasher Coe Inc. 1 6% conv preferred. 50 Amerada Corp. No par Amaignam Leasher Coe Inc. 1 6% conv preferred. 50	3014 Mar 23 3158 Apr 29 614 Mar 30 1416 Mar 31	\$ per share 45 Mar 11 52 Jan 14 10% Jan 10 23 Jan 24 22% May 22% May 20 114 Jan 10 115 Jan 10 115 Jan 12 1174 Jan 12 1175 Jan 12 1175 Jan 12 1175 Jan 12 1176 Jan 10 1179 Jan 10 118 Jan 11 119 Jan 11	778 Nov 1712 Oct 1812 Oct 112 Oct 142 Nov 12 Oct 146 Oct 11 Oct 12 Oct 13 Oct 145 Nov 714 Dec 10 Oct 145 Nov 714 Dec 10 Oct 145 Nov 145 Nov 146 Oct 147 Oct 148 Oct 149 Oct 141 Oct 149 Oct 141 Oct 141 Oct 142 Oct 143 Oct 144 Oct 149 Oct 141 Oct 151 Oct 151 Oct 151 Oct 151 Oct 152 Oct 153 Oct 154 Oct 155	\$ per share 55 Mar 69 Mar 85 Aug 223 Mar 85 Jan 8014 Jan 154 Feb 156 Feb 59 Feb 551 Feb 551 Feb 551 Feb 455 Mar 10 Jan 1278 Aug 3318 Jan 2178 Aug 3318 Jan 394 Jan 394 Jan 394 Jan 3954 Mar 1148 Mar 11478 Mar

Volume 146		Nev	v York	Stock	Reco	'd—Continued—Pag	e 2		3	137_
LOW AND HIGH SA		PER SHAR	E, NOT P	ER CENT	Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Range Sinc On Basis of 10	0-Share Lots	Range for 1 Year 1	937
May 7 May 9 \$ per share \$ per share	May 10	May 11 \$ per share	May 12 \$ per share	May 13 \$ per share	Shares	Par Am Brake Shoe & Fdy_No par	Lowest sper share	Highest \$ per share 4212 Jan 3	\$ per share \$ 28 Oct	per share 80% Feb
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 123 & 12318 \\ 881_2 & 891_4 \\ 1611_2 & 1611_2 \\ 187_8 & 197_8 \\ 361_4 & 361_4 \\ 13 & 131_4 \\ *80 & 90 \\ 106 & 107 \\ *15 & 23 \\ 7 & 71_8 \\ 101_2 & 101_2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3218 3218 *12014 124 8712 8712 162 162 1812 1834 35 35 1212 1212 *80 95 *10658 110 *15 23 *614 7 1012 1012	2,000 260 2,700 500 4,800 600 4,300 	54% conv pref	2314 Mar 31 114 Apr 21 7034 Jan 3 16014 Mar 30 27 Mar 30 27 Mar 31 912 Mar 29 8912 Feb 18 8812 Mar 31 1912 Feb 7 412 Mar 29 9 Mar 29 9 Mar 30 84 Mar 30	4212 Jan 3 12512 Feb 2 9112 Feb 23 167 Feb 8 2712 Jan 12 50 Jan 15 1753 Jan 17 10012 Jan 24 108 May 12 1912 Feb 7 818 Feb 21 1324 Jan 12	109 Dec 69 Dec 15178 Oct 1514 Oct 36 Oct 1114 Oct 86 Oct	160 Feb 121 Jan 174 Jan 71 Feb 104½ Feb 33¾ Aug 150 Apr 112 Aug 29 Jan 235 ₈ Mar 30¾ Mar 3054 Mar
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*7714 7812 334 334 *4 9 *170 500 * 358 378 2014 2134 914 1012 1814 1814	$*77^{5}_{8}$ 78^{1}_{2} 3^{7}_{8} 3^{7}_{8} $*4$ 70^{3}_{8} $*170$ 500 $*$ 21 21^{3}_{4} 10^{1}_{8} 10^{7}_{8} 18^{3}_{4} 19^{1}_{4}	$*77^{5}_{8}$ 78^{1}_{2} $*3^{3}_{4}$ 3^{7}_{8} $*4$ 7^{3}_{8} *170 $5003^{3}_{4} 3^{7}_{8}21$ $2110 10^{1}_{4}*16$ 19	77 77 ⁵ 8 3 ³ 4 3 ³ 4 *4 7 ³ 8 *170 500 3 ¹ 2 3 ³ 4 20 ¹ 2 20 ¹ 2 9 ¹ 2 9 ⁷ 8 *16 18 ⁷ 8	70 2,000 9,900 2,800 6,200	6 % 1st preferred	77 May 13 21 ₂ Mar 25 4 Mar 29 177 Jan 22 21 ₄ Mar 30 131 ₈ Mar 29 51 ₈ Mar 30	83 Jan 18 454 Jan 12 612 Jan 17 177 Jan 22 458 Jan 13 2514 Feb 25 1112 Jan 14 1954 Feb 25 12 Jan 18	21 ₂ Oct 171 ₂ Dec 58 ₄ Oct 141 ₄ Dec	9914 Mar 1312 Jan 17 Jan 225 Mar 1324 Jan 6878 Jan 5878 Jan 5878 Jan 5878 Jan
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 3 *1714 20 *36 38 *158 184 *158 66 668 612 51712 1838 58 58 1212 1212 334 334 32 33 *10212 110	*9 1012 3 3 *1834 19 *36 37 *158 134 *1512 16 614 612 1718 1814 *57 59 1212 1212 334 4 32 3214 *10212 110 *	*9 1012 278 3 19 19 *36 39 *158 184 1584 16 *6 612 1714 18 *57 59 1284 1284 378 378 3184 3184 *105 110	*9 1012 *278 3 *18 20 37 37 *158 134 *1518 1534 6 618 1634 1718 55 57 1234 13 334 334 31 31 *105 110 24 24	200 1,100 100 300 500 3,100 4,500 600 700 2,500 3,000 	American Hide & Leather 1 6% preferred 50 American Home Products 1 American Ice No par 6% non-cum pref 100 Amer Internst Corp No par American Locomotive No par American Locomotive No par Amer Mach & Fdy Co No par Amer Mach & Metais No par Amer Metail Co Ltd No par 6% conv preferred 100 American News Co new No par Amer News No new No par 80 News News News News News News News News	918 May 9 2 Mar 29 12 Mar 29 3084 Mar 26 112 Mar 30 1334 Mar 28 418 Mar 30 1238 Mar 29 45 Mar 31 10 Mar 31 23 Mar 30 9912 Mar 30 20 Mar 29	48g Jan 13 26 Jan 13 3784 Jan 14 21g Feb 26 18 Mar 2 77g Jan 11 231g Feb 25 741g Jan 10 514 Jan 12 3884 Jan 12 1051g Mar 2 291g Jan 18	784 Oct 212 Oct 2012 Oct 3214 Oct 118 Oct 14 Oct 584 Dec 1412 Oct 53 Oct 1018 Oct 2484 Nov 100 Nov 26 Dec	1114 Mar 5534 Mar 5238 Mar 434 Mar 2758 Feb 1734 Mar 5878 Feb 125 Feb 2938 Mar 1358 Jan 6834 Mar 12912 Feb 3112 Dec
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	57,200 11,800 16,100 25,300 30 5,800 400 1,300 800 300 20,800	Amer Power & Light No par \$6 preferred No par \$5 preferred No par \$5 preferred 100 American Rolling Mill 25 4½% conv pref 100 American Safety Razor 18.50 American Safety Razor 18.50 American Seating Co No par Amer Ship Building Co No par Amer Smelting & Refg No par Preferred 100 American Snutf 25	314 Mar 29 19 Mar 31 1618 Mar 31 9 Mar 30 15134 May 10 1318 Mar 30 58 Mar 29 1538 Mar 31 718 Mar 26 2234 Apr 1 2818 Mar 31	718 Jan 12 4012 Jan 12 33 Jan 12 1414 Feb 23 16512 Jan 12 2278 Jan 16 78 Jan 15 2078 Jan 12 1414 Jan 12 3512 Jan 11 5644 Jan 12 131 Jan 17	3 Oct 31 Oct 26 Oct 914 Oct 140 Oct 1512 Oct 6318 Dec 1514 Dec 2419 Dec 41 Nov 122 Dec	161 ₂ Jan 871 ₈ Jan 721 ₂ Jan 291 ₂ Feb 170 Jan 451 ₄ Mar 101 ₅₈ Aug 36 Feb 29 Feb 58 Mar 105 ₄ Mar 105 ₄ Jan
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} *49^{1}{}_{2} 51 \\ 140 140 \\ 21^{1}{}_{8} 21^{1}{}_{2} \\ *7^{1}{}_{2} 8 \\ *10^{7}{}_{8} 107^{1}{}_{5} \\ 17^{1}{}_{8} 17^{1}{}_{8} \\ 131^{1}{}_{2} 133 \\ 69^{1}{}_{2} 69^{1}{}_{2} \\ 71 \\ *136^{5}{}_{8} 1393 \\ 5^{3}{}_{8} 55 \\ 9^{1}{}_{2} 10^{1}{}_{8} \end{array}$	100 10 13,700 900 1,400 200 300 7,400 1,100 2,400 1,400 1,400 3,2300 38,800	American Sautf	130 Jan 17 1558 Mar 31 2112 Mar 30 10138 Mar 31 1258 Mar 30 111 Mar 30 58 Mar 30 58 Mar 30 5334 Mar 31 130 Apr 1 378 Mar 38	721 ₈ May 7 731 ₄ May 7 1393 ₄ May 11 77 ₈ Jan 21 131 ₂ Jan 12	10478 Oct 14 Oct 140 Oct 57 Dec 5884 Dec 12814 May 414 Oct 8 Oct	6812 Jan 148 Feb 7314 Jan 2612 Jan 5678 Jan 14374 Jan 2578 Jan 187 Jan 99 Jan 9978 Feb 15012 Jan 2018 Feb 2912 Jan 107 Feb
*61	$ \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 41_2 \\ 30 \\ 57_8 \\ 6 \\ 281_4 \\ 301_2 \\ 57_8 \\ 6 \\ 281_4 \\ 301_2 \\ 297_8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 35_3 \\ 35_3 \\ 4 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 100 \\ 102 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 23_8 \\ 27_8 \end{bmatrix} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*4 41 ₂ 29 ³ 4 301 ₂ 51 ₂ 55 ³ 4 *26 ¹ 8 33 28 ³ 8 29 ¹ 4 36 ¹ 2 36 ¹ 2 *14 ³ 4 16 *102 104 *12 14 *21 ₂ 3 *21 ₂ 3 *21 ₂ 3 *121	412 45 ₁ 2914 30 512 55 ₂ *25 33 277 ₈ 281 ₂ *331 ₈ 361 ₂ *145 ₈ 151 ₂ 104 104 *12 14 *21 ₂ 3	2,900 6,200 54,300 2 300 2 100 20	American Woolen	314 Mar 31 235 ₈ Mar 30 43 ₈ Mar 30 25 Mar 26 215 ₈ Mar 31 29 Mar 29 105 ₄ Mar 31 97 Apr 6 10 Mar 31 2 Mar 31 2 O Apr 1 119 Jan 6	55 ₅ Jan 12 35 ₃ 4 Feb 23 31 ₂ Jan 10 40 Jan 10 36 ₃ 4 Jan 11 50 Jan 11 18 Jan 15 1077 ₈ Jan 3 19 Jan 11 31 ₈ Feb 24 3014 Jan 13 1211 ₂ Mar 2	312 Oct 2514 Dec 314 Oct 22712 Oct 2412 Nov 39 Oct 10 Oct 96 Oct 7 Oct 212 Dec 22 Der 11634 May	14% Jan 79 Jan 20 Feb 79% Feb 6912 Mar 97 Feb 24% Aug 111 Feb 3712 Jan 1014 Feb 12114 Feb
*89	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*92 99 458 43, 36 36 *50 75 29 29 *712 77, 318 31, *	700 2,300 900 700 7,800 400 42	Armour & Co(Del) pf 7% gtd100 Armour & Co of Illinois	82 Mar 30 37 ₆ Mar 26 50 Mar 19 50 Mar 19 51 Mar 25 51 ₂ Mar 25 51 ₂ Mar 30 4 Mar 29 252 May 12 681 ₄ Mar 5 27 Mar 30 72 Mar 30 72 Mar 30	67g Jan 10 72 Jan 12 941g Jan 31 39 Jan 12 734May 12 51g Jan 13 69 Jan 12 6814 Mar 5 35 Jan 18 804 Feb 24	4% Oct 57 Dec 96 Feb 30 Oct 47% Oct 25% Oct 80 Nov 6 Dec 58 Dec 83 Nov 33 Dec 71% Dec	111 Mar 13 ³ 4 Feb 99 ¹ 2 Mar 126 Jan 70 ¹ 2 Mar 16 ¹ 4 Feb 17 ³ 8 Jan 100 July 24 ³ 4 Mar 101 Jan 125 Mar 57 ¹ 2 Feb 106 Feb
7514 757	58 2938 3112 46 4612 58 1914 20 58 5 558 12 9 9 9 58 22 2218 84 10634 10634 718 738 *41 4112 *40 42	75°14	*75¹4	*7514 2778 281 *42 46 *1878 187 *458 55 *734 91 *107 110 634 67 *4058 411	16,200 1,200 1,200 8 3,900 8 100 5,200 6,400 2	\$5 pref without warrants 100 Atch Topeka & Santa Fe. 100 5% preferred	72 Jan 22 2214 Mar 31 4014 Apr 13 114 Mar 31 114 Mar 31 114 Mar 35 117 414 Mar 35 117 414 Mar 31 110178 Apr 12 1534 Mar 30 13834 Mar 26 136 Mar 29 105 Jan 3	27384 Mar 14 42 Jan 12 72 Jan 14 2786 Jan 12 784 Jan 11 1412 Jan 10 24 Mar 1 107 Jan 8 978 Jan 11 43 Jan 11 119 Mar 2	70 Dec 327s Nov 6612 Dec 18 Oct 5 Oct 9 Oct 18 Oct 18 Oct 18 Oct 18 Oct 18 Oct 28 10143 Sept 71s Dec 3914 Oct 38 Nov 101 Dec	88 June 948 May 104 Feb 5512 Ma' 29 Mar 44 Jan 37 Mar 11612 Feb 1812 Mar 5218 Mar 5218 Mar 133 Jan
512 512 *5 6 6 312 312 33 2 312 33 2 312 33 3 313 3 313 3 313 3 3 48 4	78 512 512 334 4 212 *214 212 1512 18 4 414 51 512 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518	*518 6 *312 334 *238 212 *15 1734 .4 418 	*518 6 312 31; *214 21; *1414 177; 4 41; 778 8 618 61; 8 81; *32 34 *88 90	*5 51 2 31 ₂ 31 2 *21 ⁴ 21 5 *131 ₂ 177 8 3 ⁷ 8 3 ⁷ 7 ³ 8 7 ⁸ 2 5 ⁷ 8 61 7 ⁸ 8 7 ⁵ 3 7 ⁸ 8 7 ⁵ 4 32 34 *88 90	2 900 2 140 8 8,800 4 13,900 4 18,300 6,000 100	Atlas Tack Corp	7 3 Mar 28 7 2 Mar 25 7 1214 Mar 30 3 21 ₂ Mar 29 7	10% Feb 22 101 13% Jan 14 15% Jan 15 15% Jan 16 15% Jan 16 15% Jan 16 15% Jan 17 15% Jan	412 Oct 318 Dec 9 2 Sept 15 Dec 9 214 Oct 318 Sept 3 Sept 15 Oct 10 Oct 10 Oct 13 30 Oct 14 30 Oct 15 30 Oct 16 30 Oct 17 Oct 18 30 Oct	18 ¹ 8 Jan 36 ³ 4 Feb 91 ₂ Feb 53 ¹ 2 Mar 91 ₄ Jan 11 ¹ 4 Jan 91 ₂ Jan 23 ³ 4 Aug 40 ¹ 2 Mar 47 ³ 4 Mar 45 Feb 110 ¹ 2 Feb
1684 1676 1612 17. 714 714 714 714 714 714 714 714 714 714	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1638 1634 712 7121 *2512 2612 1334 1438 12 12 *110 115 *1512 16 a95 95 *24 31 *9912 105 *714 710	1658 1658 *714 778 2512 2511 1384 1384 *1110 115 *1512 16 *93 9718 *25 *10014 105 *714 718	8 1638 163 8 7738 77 2 *2512 261 4 1334 141 *1114 12 *110 115 1512 151 8 *93 971 *25 *10014 105 714 71	8 3,500 600 2 10 8 12,900 10 2 100 8 100 	Barber Asphalt Corp. Barker Brothers. No pa 514% preferred	10 12.8 Mar 30 10 21.8 Mar 30 10 10.8 Mar 30 10 9 Mar 30 10 9 Mar 30 11 9 Mar 30 10 90.1 Apr 29 10 25 Apr 29 10 94.2 Apr 3 10 94.2 Apr 3	30 Jan 19 30 Jan 19 163 ₅ Feb 22 115 Jan 31 115 Jan 31 174 Jan 19 1961 ₂ Jan 19 1037 ₅ Feb 29 83 Jan 19	784 Dec 9 20 Nov 3 10 Oct 9 Oct 1 108 Oct 1 108 Oct 1 Oct 9 Nov 2 2912 Dec 9014 Oct 78 Oct	42 Jan 3514 Feb 2014 Jan 115 Aug 2834 Feb 10534 Mar 4314 Feb 11434 July 1534 Feb
*7512 7918 *7512 79 1158 1214 1148 1214 1172 1214 1174 1772 1758 1774 1774 1774 1774 1774 1774 1774 177	18 *7512 7918 14 1144 1288 12 1712 1758 3312 3312 38 4734 4938 44 1412 14458 14 88 88 19 20 1334 14 78 12 1234 12 *12 1712	*75 ¹ 2 98 ¹ 8 11 ³ 4 12 17 ¹ 2 17 ¹ 2 *32 33 47 ⁵ 8 49 *14 14 ³ 4 *87 ³ 8 88 ¹ 4 19 19 *13 ³ 4 14 12 12 ¹ 2 *13 17 ¹ 4	*76 791 111 ₂ 117 ₄ 171 ₈ 171 ₄ 32 327 ₄ 475 ₈ 481 ₄ *141 ₄ 143 ₆ 88 881 ₄ *19 193 ₆ 131 ₈ 131 ₉ 123 ₄ 123 ₆ *13 171 ₈	8 *76 791 8 11 1 11 14 *173 171 8 32 321 4 4718 483 4 1412 141 4 87 87 4 19 19 8 13 13 13 4 12 12 8 *13 171	8	Beiglan Nat Rys part prei- Bendix Aviation No po Benetic Co No po Best & Co No po Bethlehem Steel (Del) No po 5% preferred 2 7% preferred 10 Bigelow Sani Carp Ino. No po Black & Decker Mig Co No po Blaw Knox Co No po Bloomingdie Brothers. No po	7 /44 Mar 12 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6 /6	9 83 Jan 1: 147 ₈ Jan 1: 19 Mar : 40½ Feb 2: 657 ₈ Jan 1: 16½ Jan 1: 98½ Jan 2: 28 Jan 1: 15½ Jan 2: 15½ Jan 2: 17½ Jan 2:	821g Dec 814 Oct 2 15 Oct 8 29 Dec 1 14 Oct 1 0 851g Nov 2 2214 Dec 1 1314 Nov 9 Oct 1 152g Dec 3 50 Dec	10512 Mar 20 Jan 12912 Feb 6934 Feb 38 Jan 2978 Mar 3212 Jan 9412 Jan
*371 ₂ 62 * 62 263 ₄ 28 28 263 ₈ 27 195 ₈ 195 ₈ 20 20 *- Bid and asked pr	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*20 2034	*37 45 25 ³ 4 26 ¹ 4 *19 ³ 4 20 ¹ 5 ‡ In receive	*101a 20	500		5 2014 Mar 31 1538 Mar 31	3512 Jan 11 30 Jan 11	7 16 Oct	49% Mar 48% Feb

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\$\text{per share} \begin{tabular}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	2	S Per share S Per shar
3512 3576 344 37 3514 371 3512 3714 3576 3643 3516 3614 70,000 General Electric	100 1084 Apr 1 12012 Feb 1 2 2 2 4 Mar 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2
11	11 1 Mar 31 17s Jan 11 12 18 Mar 30 135s Jan 11 13 17 103s Mar 30 1814 Jan 16 10 19 Apr 5 227s Jan 16 10 20 Jan 3 23 Jan 24 17 914 Mar 30 151s Jan 17 17 22 Jan 18 32 Jan 14 17 22 Jan 18 32 Jan 14 18 Jan 17 23 Jan 12 18 Jan 18 Jan 18 18 Jan 18 Jan 18 19 Jan 18 Jan 18 19 Jan 18 Jan 18 10 Jan 18 Jan 18 11 Jan 18 12 Jan 18 13 Jan 18 14 Jan 18 15 Jan 18 16 Jan 18 17 Jan 18 18 Jan 18 18 Jan 18 19 Jan 18 18 Jan 18 19 Jan 18 20 Jan 18 21 Jan 18 21 Jan 18 22 Jan 18 23 Jan 18 24 Jan 18 25 Jan 18 26 Jan 18 27 Jan 18 28 Jan 18 29 Jan 18 20 Jan 18 21 Jan 18 21 Jan 18 22 Jan 18 23 Jan 18 24 Jan 18 25 Jan 18 26	116 Oct 55% Jan 10 Oct 27% Jac 13 Dec 48% Feb 13 Dec 48% Feb 14 Dec 22% Dec 10 Oct 27% Jan 19% Dec 22% Dec 10 Oct 28% Mar 2012 Dec 56% May 2312 Oct 42% Jan 5012 Sept 64% Mar 5012 Sept 64% Mar 70 Cot 39% Mar 78 Oct 43% Jan 78 Oct 43% Jan 78 Oct 59% Mar 12 Oct 59% Jan 31% Oct 171% Mar 12 Oct 59% Mar 231% Dec 34% Feb 24% Oct 205% Feb 120 Oct 59% Sep 31% Oct 17% Mar 12

700

Called for redemption

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly

NOTICE—Prices are "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds. Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

	- 1	Sign of					6. 974:	į,			
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended May 13	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's But & Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended May 13	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Ask	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
U. S. Government	. 8		Low High	No.	Low High	Fereign Govt. & Mun. (Cont.)		467	Low High	No.	Low High
Treasury 4¼sOct. 15 1947-1952 Treasury 3½sOct. 15 1943-1945 Treasury 4sDec. 15 1944-1954 Treasury 3½sMar. 15 1946-1956 Treasury 3½sMar. 15 1948-1947 Treasury 3½sSept. 15 1951-1955 Treasury 3sSup. 15 1946-1948 Treasury 3sJune 15 1940-1943 Treasury 3½sJune 15 1940-1943 Treasury 3½sJune 15 1940-1943	JD	109.18 114.6	109.11 109.20 114.2 114.6	57 48 87 3 77	116.4 118.14 107.2 109.20 111.22114.6 110.8 112.21 107.18110.1 103.26 106.8	Copenhagen (City) 5s	M N F A F A J J	52 82	96 97 92 1/6 94 *	37 23 	80 80 43 6214 81 90
Treasury 3½sJune 15 1946-1949 Treasury 3½sDec. 15 1949-1952 Treasury 3½sAug. 16 1941 Treasury 3½sApr. 15 1944-1946 Treasury 2½sMar. 15 1955-1960	J D J D F A M S	109.18	107.20 107.21 107.29 108.4 107.27 107.29 107.31 108.3 109.10 109.18	13 59 2 143 28	105.2 107.15 105.21 106.20 106.29 108 105.27 108.4 105.19 107.29 107.4 108.13 107 109.18 101.24 104.6	Costa Rica (Rep of) 78	M A A J D O		17% 18% 104 104 103¼ 103¼ 98½ 98% 101¾ 102 68½ 71 74 75 74% 75	17 1 3 4 59 23 23	16 1/4 24 101 1/4 104 103 1/4 110 1/4 96 1/4 102 101 1/4 106 62 1/4 78 1/4
Treasury 24s Sept. 15 1945-1947 Treasury 24s Sept. 15 1948-1951 Treasury 24s Sept. 15 1956-1959 Treasury 24s Dec. 15 1949-1953 Treasury 24s Dec. 15 1947 Treasury 24s 1948	M S J D M S J D J D	106.3 104.7 103.5 102.30 101.24 105.18	105.27 106.3 104.4 104.7 103.1 103.8 102.25 103.2 101.18 101.24 105.9 105.18	79 32 160 137 109 62	103.25 106.7 101.27 104.9 100.26 103.9 100.14 103.3 99.18 101.24 102.14 105.18 101 103.21	Denmark 20-year extl 6s	J J F A A O M S	105% 99½ 96%	74% 75 103 103½ 99½ 100 95¾ 96¾ *89 58 58	97 58 35	56 105 101½ 106¾ 98 104 95¾ 102 83 91 55¼ 67
Federal Farm Mortgage Corp— 3 \(\)	M N J J B	105.22 105.27 104.19	105.13 105.22 105.16 105.27 104.17 104.19	61 14 36 12	103.28 106.5 103.4 105 22 103.22 105.27 102.9 104.19 103.9 105.27	Ist ser 51/5 of 1926	A 0 M 5 A 0 A 0 M N		*55 60 *55 64 *51 60 *50 60 *50 58 *201/8 211/2		60 62 59 64 55 64 58 62 51 62 19 22
Foreign Govt. & Municipals— Agricultural Mtge Bank (Colombia)		102.30	103.1 103.11	124	101.9 103.13 101.5 103.12	◆El Salvador 8s etfs of dep. 1948, Estonia (Republic of 7s. 1967, Finland (Republic) ext 6s. 1945, Frankfort (City of) s f 6 ⅓s. 1953, French Republic 7 ⅓s stamped. 1941, 7⅓s unstamped. 1941, External 7s stamped. 1949,	M S M N J D	105¼ 102½	*23 ½ 28 95 ½ 95 ½ 105 ¼ 105 ½ 20 ½ 20 ¾ 100 ¾ 102 ½ *94 ¾ 98 108	1 6 7 25	22¼ 30 95 100¼ 104¼ 108¾ 19¼ 22 99 1½ 101 104½ 108¼
*Gtd sink fund 6s	10.	836 858 814 856 714	22½ 22½ 22 22 8¼ 8½ 8¼ 8½ 8¼ 8% 8¼ 8% 7 7¾ 7¼ 7¼	6 1 14 15 17 12 15 3	1614 2314 1714 2314 6 814 6 814 6 814 6 814 6 814 6 814 714 5 714	7s unstamped	D A O	27 26¼	*98% 26 27 23 23 1/6 *21 1/4 25 1/2 30 1/8 31 1/8 26 26 1/4	107 20 20 17	99¼ 100¾ 24¼ 28¼ 22½ 24¼ 30¾ 34¼ 24½ 27¼
*External sec s f 7s 3d series . 1955! Antwerp (City) external 5s 1958! Argentine (National Government) S f external 4/s 1971! S f extl conv loan 4s Feb 1972! S f extl conv loan 4s Apr 1972! S f extl conv loan 4s Apr 1955! External 5s of 1927 1957!	MN	7 94½ 92½ 83½ 83¾ 104¾ 104¾	7 7% 94 94¾ 90½ 93½ 81½ 84½ 81½ 84¼ 104¼ 105¼	15 16 84 117 112 19	514 7% 94 10014 8714 9614 7834 8814 7834 8814 99 10614 9834 10614	*(Cons Agric Loan) 6 ½ 1958. Greek Governments 6 ser 7s. 1964 *7s part paid. 1964 *Sink fund secured 6s. 1968 *5s part paid. 1968 Haiti (Republic) s f 6s ser A. 1952	F A	2714	27¼ 27¼ *	1 5	24¼ 29 29¼ 32¼ 26¼ 30¼ 22¼ 29 19¼ 27 70 85
*Bavaria (Govt's) s f 7s	ASIJ	23 105¼	100% 101% 35 35% 23 23 105% 106% 104 104% 111% 112%	38 129 3 1 37 59 23	98% 106% 96% 102 28 105% 109 23 100 108 100 107% 115% 115%	*Hamburg (State) 6s	Z. O.	13	20¼ 20¼ 17 17 *104¼ 105½ 13 13½ 13 13 *13 18	6 2 4	19 22½ 16½ 17½ 104 105½ 11½ 19 11½ 18½ 13 18 11½ 13
Bergen (Norway) extl st 5s. 1980) *Berlin (Germany) st 6 ½s. 1980) *External sinking fund 6s. 1988 J *Brazil (U 8 0f) external 8s. 1941 J *External st 6 ½s of 1926. 1987 J *External st 6 ½s of 1927. 1987 J *Ts (Central Ry) 1962 J Brisbane (City) st 5s. 1957 R Sinking fund gold 5s. 1958 S 20-year st 6s. 1956 J	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1534	100% 101% 21 21 ½ 20½ 20% 15% 16½ 15 14% 15 13¼ 15 19% 99% 99%	35 7 29 55 26 46 13 17	100 102 14 1914 23 14 1814 24 1214 23 1014 1914 1014 1914 1014 1914 9614 102 95 101 14 98 102 14	*Hungary (Kingdom of) 7½s - 1944 *Extended at 4½s to 1970 Irish Free State extl s f 5s 1960 Italy (Kingdom of) extl 7s 1961 Italian Cred Consortium 7s ser B '47 Italian Cred Consortium 7s ser B '47 Italian Public Utility extl 7s 1962 Japanese Govt 30-yr s f 6½s 1964 Extl sinking fund 5½s 1964 *Juyoslavia (State Mtge Bk) 7s 1967	ANDS	114½ 79¼ 77% 64 71 58%	*39½ 42 37½ 37¾ 114¼ 114½ 78 79½ 77½ 78½ 63 64¼ 69½ 71½ 57 58½	5 77 18 25 177 115	37 59% 32% 37% 114% 117% 72 82 70% 80% 56 65% 68% 81 49% 64%
*Budapest (City of) 6s	D S S	a12 5/8	a125% a125% *65 106 *60 77 *60	3 87 13 20	12 23 78¼ 85 66¼ 78¼ 64 79¼ 51 70¾ 52½ 70¾ 53 70½	*Medellin (Colombia) 6 178 1947 [94] •Medellin (Colombia) 6 1/48 1984 J •Mexican Irrig assenting 4 1/48. 1943 N •Mexico (US) exti 5e of 1899 £. 1945 C *Assenting 5e of 1899 1945 C	AD		* 33 8½ 9¾ *1¼ 2½ *1½ 4	14	35 45¼ 20¼ 22¼
•Secured s f 781967 J •Stabilization loar 7 ½s1968 N Canada (Dom of) 30-yr 4s1660 A	1 N	1095%	63 63 39% 43¼ *33 33¼ - 33% 34½ - 109 109¾ 112% 113%	2 28 14 81 42	36¾ 53 31¼ 34¼ 32¼ 35¼ 105¼ 110	*Assenting 5s small	D		*1½ 1¾ 1¾	 i	1 3 1 3¼ 1 2¾ 2 3 3 ¼ 1 5 3 3
20-year 2/8 Aug 15 1945 20-year 3/8 1961 7-year 2/8 1961 7-year 2/8 1961 6-year 38 1967 Carlabad (City) sf 8s 1964 6-year 38 1964	J J J J	101 38 102 ½ 101 ½ 97 58	101½ 102⅓ 102¼ 102⅓ 101⅓ 101½	47 7 121 4 	109¼ 113¼ 98 102½ 98¼ 102¾ 97¼ 101½ 92¼ 97½ 27¼ 62¼ 35 38 29 32	*Sec extl s f 6 ½s 1958 N *Sec extl s f 6 ½s 1959 N *Montevideo (City) 7s 1952 N *6s series A 1959 N	1 S 1 S 1 N	85% 85% 10234 102½	85% 85% 85% 9 40 40 371½ 102½ 103% 101¾ 102½	35 1 11 5 2 48 15	57 67 6¼ 10¾ 7 11 38¼ 61 37½ 57½ 97¼ 104¼ 98¼ 103¾
*Farm Loan 8 ser A Apri 5 1638 A *Farm Loan 8 ser A Apri 5 1638 A *Chile (Rep)—Extl s f 78 1942 N *External sinking fund 6s 1960 A *Extl sinking fund 6s Jan 1961 J *Extl sinking fund 6s Jan 1961 J *Extl sinking fund 6s 1961 J *Extl sinking fund 6s 1961 S	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	30 % 30 % 18 ½ 18 ½ 18 ½ 18 ½	30 % 31 30 % 32 18 18 ½ 17 % 18 % 17 % 18 ½ 17 % 18 ½ 17 % 18 ½	45 25 30 62 40 30 13	28 32 29¼ 32¼ 14¼ 18¼ 14¼ 18¾ 15 18¼ 15 18¼ 15 18¼	New So Wales (State) extl 5s. 1957 F External s t 5s	A S O A D A	106 103 ¼ 101 ¾ 100 ¾	105% 106 105½ 106 102¾ 103¼ 101¼ 102 100% 101 102½	12 29 31 39 33 8	103 % 107 104 107 % 99 % 106 % 99 % 104 % 98 % 103 % 102 % 102 %
*Chile Mtge Bank 6 1/8 1957 J *Sink fund 6 1/8 of 1928 1961 J *Guar sink fund 6 1961 A *Guar sink fund 6 1962 M *Chiles Core Muse 7 1962 M	KODOX		17% 18% 18½ 16¼ 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16%	30 40 11 15 21 39 55	15 1858	Orlental Devel guar 68 1953 M Ext deb 5½8 1958 M Oslo (City) 8 f 4½8 1955 A Panama (Rep) ext i 5½6 1963 M *Ext is 6 f6 ser A 1963 M *Stamped 1963 M *Pernambuco (State of) 78 1947 M	NOD.	1031/2	55¼ 56½ 50¼ 51¾ 103 103 103½ 103½ *37⅓ 43¼ 36 37	21 16 3	51 62 % 47 % 57 % 96 % 103 % 100 104 % 42 % 46 % 32 41
*Chinese (Hukuang Ry) 58. 1950 M Cologne (City) Germany 5/4s. 1950 M Colombia (Republic of)	0	21 15¾ 15¾	20¾ 21 15¼ 16¼ 15¼ 16½ 22¼ 22¼ 22¼ 22¼ 22 23½	9 35 65 1 1	19% 21%	Peru (Rep of) external 7s. 1947 M Peru (Rep of) external 7s. 1959 M Nat Loan extl s f 6s lst ser. 1960 J Nat Loan extl s f 6s 2d ser. 1961 A Poland (Rep of) gold 6s. 1940 A Stabilization loan s f 7s. 1947 A External rink fund g 8s. 1950 J	D 0	9 87/8 55 ³ /4	7½ 8 9½ 10 8% 9% 8½ 9% 54 55¾ 71 72 53 54¼	23 78 99 17 8 6	5% 9% 7% 11% 7% 11% 7% 11% 44% 67% 60% 82% 42 62
For footnotes see page 3151								1			

Volume 146	N	ew York	Во	nd Reco	rd—Continued—Page 2 3147_
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended May 13	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Friday's Bid & Ask	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended May 13 Priday Week's Range or Since Since Price Bid & Asked Since Jan. 1
Foreign Govt. & Munic. (Concl.) *Porto Alegre (City of)88	J 71/8	Low High 9 % 9 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 7 % 20 % 20 % 104 % 107 29 29 8 % 9 % 7 % 8 %	7 13 17 9 7 22 4 1	Low High 73% 111% 51% 101% 62 983% 19 223% 19 23 1025% 103% 1093% 25 31 63% 12 104%	Belvidere Delaware cons 3 \(\frac{1}{3} \) 1043 \(\frac{1}{3} \) 1
*Extl see 6 ½s	O	7½ 5% 9½ 10 7¾ 8¼ 8¾ 9½ 64¾ 66½ 22 25½ *20½ 25	43 5 24 10 6 10 218	5% 10% 7% 13 6 10% 5% 10% 6% 10% 60 73 20% 38	Boston & Maine 1st 5s A C 1967 M S 31 31½ 33 28 23½ 45½
\$*8s external 1930 J *8s external 1950 J *7s ext! Water loan 1968 J *6s ext! Dollar loan 1968 J Secured \$ 17s. 1940 A	J 91/2 4 S 85/8 0 32	17 17 9½ 9½ 9½ 9% 8% 9 32 36¼ 25½ 25½ 25½ 25%	19 2 7 4 15 21 1 10 37	7¼ 11½ 5½ 10½ 13¼ 17 7½ 13¼ 7½ 13 6¼ 11¼ 24½ 47¾ 23 25½ 24 26 20¼ 33½	18t
*Slaking fund g 6 ½s	J 501/8	43½ 45 51¼ 52¾ 43½ 46	48 1 10 4 4 65	20% 33% 41% 60% 25 29 99% 104% 48% 60 40 50 47% 60% 41 54%	Consol 5s. 1955 J J *333% 37 26½ 42 Bush Term Bldgs 5s gu. 1960 A O 45 45 45 Calif-Oregon Power 4s. 1966 A O 91 91 93¼ 45 79 93¼ ¶Cal Pack conv deb 5s. 1940 J J 1021t 102½ 7 102 104½ Canada Sou cons gu 5s A 1962 A O 86 85% 86½ 21 80 109 Canadian Nat gold 4½s. 1957 J J 115 114½ 115 17 11 115½ Guaranteed gold 5s. July 1969 J J 116½ 1165% 1165% 155 114½ 117½
*External 8 f 08 1900 in *External 8 f 08 1904 in *External 8 f 08 1904 in *34.4-414 % extl read] 1979 in *4.44.44 % extl read] 1978 in *348 extl read] 1978 in *4.44.44 % extl read] 1978 in *4.44.45 % extl read] venetian Prov Mtge Bank 78 1962 in *Venna (City of 08 1962 in *1962 in	1 N 43% 4 N 41¾ 5 A 52	43½ 44½ 41 42½ 42¼ 42% *37 40 67¼ 67¼ *18 26½ 52 52	22 2 32 9 1 1 2 22	38½ 54 40¼ 53¼ 37½ 53 38 50 38¾ 42¼ 67¼ 67¼ 27½ 100 40¼ 62 53½ 65	Guaranteed gold 5sOct 1969 A 0 1201/4 1191/4 1201/4 29 117 121. Guaranteed gold 5sOct 1970 F A 1191/4 1191/4 2 116 1201/4 Guaranteed gold 41/5s1970 F A 1191/4 1171/4 1 1141/4 1181/4 Guaranteed gold 41/5s1956 F A 1155/4 115/4 115/4 115/4 115/4 115/4 Guaranteed gold 41/5s1956 F A 115/4 114/5 115/4
\$\$\circ*\text{Abitibi Pow & Paper 1st 5s. 1953}\$ Adams Express coil tr g 4s	M 8	*88¼ 92¾ 92¾ 92¾ 99¾ 100 69¾ 72	9 	98 101 1/2 67 78 100 105	Carriers & Gen Corp deb 5s w w 1950 M N *82 89 39 56
Coll & conv 5s	M S 1063	103 1/2 105 1/2 82 1/2	20 42 14 2 8 139 2	44 67½ 25 41½ 18 38 101 109 80 92¾ 79 87 96 106¾ 35 100 38⅓ 58⅓	*Chatt Div pur money g 48. 1961 J
Amer I G Chem conv 5 ½ 8 1949! Am Internat Corp conv 5 ½ 8 1949. Amer Telep & Teleg— 20-year sinking fund 5 ½ 8 1943. 3 ½ 8 debentures 1961. 3 ½ 8 debentures 1966. 4 Am Type Founders conv deb. 1950. Amer Wat Wks & Elec 68 ser A. 1975. Anaconda Cop Min 8 deb 4 ½ 8 1950. 4 Anglo-Chilean Nitrate— 8 f income deb 1967.	M N 1133 A O 1023 J D 102 M N 93 A O 105 Jan	103 103% 94¼ 96 113¼ 113½ 102 102% 101% 102¼ 97½ 98½ 92 93 105 105½ 29 29%	23 8 117 143 102 18 10 38	99½ 104¾ 80 98¾ 112¾ 113¾ 99¾ 102¾ 99¾ 102¾ 97½ 107 84 97 102¾ 105½	Through Short L 1st gu 4s 1954 A O 4734 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 64 O 54½ 64 St. 25½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52 52 52½ 69 39½ 74½ 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52
TAIN AFDOY 18T g 48. 18930 Ark & Mem Bridge & Term 5s.1964! 1964! Armour & Co (Del) 48 series B.1955 1st M s f 4s ser C (Del)	M 8 F A 937 J 943 A O 1063 Nov M N 87	(93¾ 94½ (104½ 107½ 85¾ 85¾ 85½ 87 *89¾ 91¼ (89½ 90¾ * 91	182 65 11	98 100 88 95 86¾ 94¾ 98¾ 103¼ 75⅓ 103¼ 98¼ 102 89⅓ 104¼ 89 101	Potts Creek Branch 1st 44 1940 J
Conv so of 1905	J D M S M N M N .58 J J 231	*95¼ 98¾ *106¾ 107½ 103½ 104½ *108¼	38 2 49 91 100 57 28	95¾ 103¾ 100 112¾ 99¾ 112 107 108 84¾ 97 73 104¼ 71¾ 94 54½ 77¼ 63 88 45 76¼ 14¼ 31¾	\$\text{\$\frac{1}{4}\$\colon \text{Cat E III } \text{\$\text{III } \$\text{
Becond mortgage 4s. 1948 At Gulf & W I SS coll tr 5s. 1959 †Auburn Auto conv deb 4½s.1939 Austin & N W 1st gu g 5s. 1941 Baldwin Loco Works 5s stmpd.1940 Bait & Ohio 1st g 4s. July 1948 Refund & gen 5s series A. 1995 1st gold 5s. July 1948 Ref & gen 6s series C. 1995 P L E & W Va Sys ref 4s. 1941	J J 20 J J M N A O 47 J D 223	20 21½ 55 55 17 17 * 80½ 45½ 47½ 45½ 47½ 41½ 23½ 47½ 49½ 6 22½ 26	20 3 1 6 50 118 78 155	14 31 50 ½ 60 15 30 81 ½ 85 97½ 102 39¼ 78½ 15½ 39½ 40 82½ 17 45	Chic Milwaukee & St Paul— Gen 4s series A.—May 1 1989 J J 26 23 26 64 20 35¼ Gen 6 4 3 3 3 20¼ 30 Gen 7 5 20¼ 36 67 5 20¼ 36 Gen 4 ½s series B.—May 1 1989 J J 26 23 26 67 5 20¼ 36 Gen 4 ½s series E.—May 1 1989 J J 26 23 26 57 21 35½ Gen 4 ½s series E.—May 1 1989 J J 25½ 23 26 57 21 35½ Gen 4 ½s series F.—May 1 1989 J J 25½ 25 12 19¼ 34½ Gen 4 ½s series F.—May 1 1989 J J 25½ 25 12 19¼ 34½ Chic Milw St P P Pao 5s A.—1975 F A 9½ 8½ 10½ 220 7½ 13½ Chory a0 55———3an 1 2000 A 0 3½ 3 3½ 143 2½ 4½ Cony a0 55———3an 1 2000 A 0 3½ 3 3½ 143 2½ 4½ Cony a0 55———3an 1 2000 A 0 3½ 3 3½ 143 2½ 4½ 18%
Bouthwest Div 1st 3 ½8-081950) Tol & Cin Div 1st ret 4s A1959 Ret & gen 5s series D2000 Conv 4 ½8	J J 33 J 30 M 8 21 F A 19 M 8 21 J J J J J J J J	28½ 30 21 23½ 17¾ 20½ 21 23½ *106¼	11 123 440 220	26½ 59% 28½ 46 16 38½ 11¼ 34 15 39 105½ 112½ 95 106 99 108	*General 4s
Beech Creek ext is 18 2 373	J J	11714 118	26	115% 119%	

Bennett Bros. & Johnson

RAILROAD BONDS

New York, N. Y.

One Wall Street
Private Wire
DIgby 4-5200
Connections
Randolph 7711
N. Y. 1-761 + Bell System Teletype + Cgo. 543

BONDS	rest	Frida;	We Barn	ek's ge or	8	l Banas
N Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended May 13	Interest	Sale Price	Frie Bid &	day's	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
†\$ Chicago Ruliways 1st 5s stpd Feb 1 1938 25% part paid. † Chic R 1 & P Ry gen 4s1988 • Certificates of deposit	M S M N J D D J D D J D D J	18 734 61/2 8 41/2	51/8 7 61/4	8 61/4 41/2 62 597/8 59 501/2	74 2 104 167 7 1 14 1	Low H401 42 51 14¼ 19¾ 5¼ 9¾ 5 8 8¾ 5⅓ 10 5¼ 8 8¾ 3 5¾ 55 65 86 86 78¼ 78¼ 49 67 40 54¾
Chicago Union Station— Guaranteed 4s	M J S ON A ON A ON N N N N N N M N	1051/8 101 893/8	*104½ 106 104¼ 101 88 88¼ 58 *9 105¼ 109¾ 109¾ 102 108¾ 104¾	105½ 107½ 105½ 101½ 89¾ 89¾ 18 105¾ 109¾ 102 108½ 106 75	64 46 23 67 36 9 	102½ 107½ 107 103 110 100 109½ 97½ 105½ 107 100 71 92½ 48% 68% 14 14½ 102½ 105½ 106¼ 109½ 102 107½ 109 102 108%
Cleve Cin Chic & St L gen 4s 1993 General 5s series B 1993 Ref & Impt 4½s series E 1997 Calro Div 1st gold 4s 1939 Cin Wabash & M Div 1st 4s. 1991 St L Div 1st coll tr g 4s 1990 Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s 1940 W W Val Div 1st g 4s 1940 Cleve-Cliffs fron 1st mige 4½s 1965 Cleve & Pgh gen gu 4½s ser B.1942 Series B 3½s guar 1942 Series B 3½s guar 1942 Series B 3½s guar 1948 Series D 3½s guar 1948 Series D 3½s guar 1948 Series D 3½s guar 1950 Gen 4½s series B.1981 Cleve Short Line 1st gu 4½s 1961 Cleve Union Term gu 5½s 1972 Ist s f 5s series B guar 1973 Ist s f 4½s series C 1977 Coal River Ry 1st gu 4s 1945 Colo Fuel & Iran Co gen s f 5s 1943 55 Income mige 1930	JJMMJJMJAAJOOOODA	54 	*66 *53 98½* -70 *-70 *105 111¼* *104 *102 *102¼ *98 *-93½ 89½ 77½ -96½	98½ 82% 70 104¼ 95% 105 112¼ 	51 3 4 2 28 10 37 33 23	59 90 \$\frac{90}{92}\psi 92 \psi 92 \p
Commercial Invest Tr deb 3½ 1951 . Commonwealth Edison Co—	M N O J A O A O D J	38¾ 93½ 93 107½ 100 102 104	42 1/8 38 1/2 89 1/2 *90 89 1/4 *101 *106 107 98 7/8 101 7/8 103 5/8	94 1/6 93 3/4 94 1/6 110 107 5/6 100 102 1/4	9 14 219 120 40 111 41 31	40 65 30 47 14 86 98 86 98 85 96 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11
lst mtge g 5s series A 19554 1st mtge 5s series B 1954 1st mtge g 4½s series C 1956 1st mtge g 4½s series D 1957 1st mtge g 4½s series F 1981 1st mtge g 45 series F 1981 1st mtge g 45 series H 1965 1onn & Passum Riv 1st 4s 1943 1conn Ry & L 1st & ref 4½s 1951 1conn Riv Pow s f 3½s A 1981 1cons Riv Pow s f 3½s A 1981 1consol Edison (N Y) deb 3½s 1944 3½s debentures 1956 3½s debentures 1958 1566 1576 1576 1576 1576 1576 1576 1576	DO J S O O J J A O O J J A O O J		110½ 110½ 111¼ 111¼ 107⅙ 106 * *108 107⅙ 107⅙ 107⅙ 107⅙ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½		18 10 2 6 37 8 3 18 74 107 115	110½ 113½ 110 113 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110
of Upper Wuertemberg 78. 1956 Consol Oil conv deb 3½s. 1951 **Consol Ny non-conv deb 4s. 1955 **Debenture 4s. 1955 **Debenture 4s. 1955 **Debenture 4s. 1956 **Consolidation Coal s f 5s. 1960 Consumers Power 3½s. May 1 1965 1st mtge 3½s. May 1 1965 1st mtge 3½s. 1967 1st mtge 3½s. 1967 1st mtge 3½s. 1966 Container Corp 1st 6s. 1946 15-year deb 5s. 1943 Crane Co s f deb 3½s. 1951 Crown Willamette Paper 6s. 1951 Crown Willamette Paper 6s. 1951 Cuba Nor Ry 1st 5½s. 1942		101 109 105¾ 105 101½	*20% 100¼ 11 *10½ *10½ *10½ *10½ 41½ 108 105¼ 101½ 101½ 103¾ 101½ 102½ 103¾ 103¾ 101½ 33¾	241/8 1011/4 113 	154 2 3 7 8 2 69 3 15 4 15 4 2 34	20 ½ 24 ½ 92 ½ 101 ½ 10 17 ½ 11 ½ 11 ½ 11 ½ 11 ½ 15 ½ 15 ½ 40 54 109 101 ½ 106 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 100 ½ 105 ½ 103 ¼ 103
Cuba RR 1st 5s g			38 48 39 108¼ 35½ *108 *104 *107½ 108 11¼ 12¼	39 ½ 51 ¼ 39 108 ¾ 39 108 ¾ 108 12 ¾ 14	22 15 2 113 2 3 24 5	31½ 54½ 41 58½ 35 52 105½ 108½ 28 54½ 106 ½ 108½ 106 108 106 108 107 ½ 108½ 107 ½ 108½ 10 16

Dow Chemical deb 3s	Htgh 8 714 1014 4 2 11334 10914 10714 37 33
# Assented (sub) to plan)	8 7¼ 10½ 4 42 113¾ 109¼ 107¼ 37 33
Detroit Term & Tunnel 4\(\frac{1}{2}\)s. 1961 M N 96 295 96 10 94 1 Dow Chemical deb 3s. 1961 J D 104\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 104 105 23 102\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 2D 108 Suo Shore & Atl g 5s. 1937 J 16 18\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 2D 109\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 100 23 106 1 East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s. 1948 A 0 105 105 105 106 1 East T Va & Ga Div 1st 5s. 1956 M N 74\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 74\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 74\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 74\(\frac{1}{2}\)ft 10 105 103 1 Ed EI II Rklyn 1st cops 4s 1939 I 1	37 33 109
Ed El III Bkivn let cong 4g 10201 1 1810012 104 1 10012	23
Ed El III (N Y) 1st cons g 59_1995 J*131 ½ 131 ½ 1	
Series C 3/3s	01 ¼ 00 ½ 70 ½ 53 51 36 ½ 21 ¾ 43 42 ½
**Genessee River 1st s f 6s_1957 J J	05 85
Federal Light & Traction lat 5s 1942 M S	97 92½ 97½ 00 85 97 40 58 7½
*Certificates of deposit	6% 2% 2 1%
\$\frac{1}{3}\cdot Galv Hous & Hend Ist 5\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	97 02 % 99 % 48 % 48 % 48 % 04 %
## 45% 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 3	98 1/4 57 1/4 21 25 34 98 99 1/4 83 1/4
Grays Point Term 1st gu 5s. 1941 J J 1014 100 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	111/2
General 4\(\frac{4}{2}\)s series D \(\text{1976} \) \(\text{J} \) \(\text{77} \) \(\text{15} \) \(\text{77} \) \(\text{51} \) \(\text{60} \) \(6	99 % 90 ½ 39 % 93 % 95 32 30
Statuse Steels (* 145s	02 88 04 1/2 03 3/4
Hoe (R) & Ist cons g 4½8 1999 J J 113½ 113½ 17 108 11 Hoe (R) & Co 1st mtge 1944 A O 64½ 64½ 64½ 9 52 64 154 Housatonic Ry cons g 58 1937 M N 36 36 36 10 36 3 Houston Oil 8th gund 5½8 A 1940 M N 101 101½ 8 99½ 10 Hudson Co dal 1st s f 58 ser A 1962 J D 24½ 22½ 25½ 117 13 3 Hudson Co Gas 1st g 55 1949 M N 120 120 1 118½ 12 Hudson & Manhat 1st 58 ser A 1957 F A 45½ 44½ 46½ 55 40 55	9¾ 9¾ 84¾ 88¼ 11½
Illinois Bell Telep 3 ½s ser B . 1970 A O 110 109½ 110½ 54 106½ 11 11 11 101 201	014 18 13 14 17 14 14
40-year 4 \(\) 48 - 40 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 59 \(\) 48 - 48 \(\) 59 \(\) 58 - 58 \(\) 59 \(\) 58 - 58 \(\) 59 \(\)	516 516 816 4
Springfield Div 1st g 3½s. 1951 J J ** 72% 90 ** 50½ 51 ** 50½ 7	5

1st mtges f 4	s ser C	19	RTIIA	NI 9	, ,	ษษ	99	781	יוספ		90	100 %
e Cash sales	transacted	during	the	current	week	and	not	inclu	ded	in	the	yearl
ange. No sales.		100										

911/4

101

11

3151

Range Since Jan. 1

6¾ 14¼ 9 11¼ 6¾ 13½ 10 11½ 7 13

6¾ 6¾

100 105 56 71 69 82 63% 79% 29 43%

104 108¼ 107¼ 110 103¾ 105¼ 121¼ 123 98¼ 102¼ 116 120¾ 109¾ 111 106¾ 109¾ 101¾ 104¾

68½ 93 73½ 98½ 97½ 108¾ 16 21 16 21 15½ 20 51½ 68½ 47¾ 70 20½ 24 49 75½ 49 75½ 105½ 103¼ 79½ 93 10½ 92½ 4 7½ 100 101°10 107½ 109½

71 86 107% 109% 8 15% 6% 14% 5% 8% 6% 6% 104 106 5 5%

Bonds

-5 40 20 45 30

23

13

64

īõ

9 9 --5

11½ 14 6½

105¾ 9¾

*106 11 *8 6 *5½ 105¼ *3%

- r Cash sale; only transaction during current week. a Deferred delivery sale; only transaction during current week. n Odd lot sale, not included in year's range. x $\pm x$ -interest. § Negotiability impaired by maturity. † The price represented is the dollar quotation per 200-pound unit of bonds. Accrued interest payable at exchange rate of \$4.8484.
- T Bonds called for redemption or nearing maturity.
- Companies reported as being in bankruptcy, receivership, or reorganized under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.
- * Friday's bid and asked price. No sales transacted during current week.
- · Bonds selling flat.
- z Deferred delivery sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

 Detroit Term. & Tunn. 41/28 1961, May 9 at 93.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

Week Ended May 13, 1938	Stocks, Number of Shares	Railroad & Miscell. Bonds	State, Municipal & For'n Bonds	United States Bonds	Total Bond Sales
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	556,240 1,018,250 1,044,140 978,400 596,504 604,950	6,363,000 4,830,000	1,018,000 1,012,000 838,000 937,000	\$78,000 318,000 443,000 206,000 562,000 235,000	\$3,830,000 7,120,000 7,478,000 7,407,000 6,329,000 6,026,000
Total	4.798.484	\$31,274,000	\$5,074,000	\$1,842,000	\$38,190,000

Sales at	Week Ende	d May 13	Jan. 1 to May 13				
New York Stock Exchange	1938	1937	1938	1937			
Stocks-No. of shares_	4,798,484	5,483,570	86,676,773	203,754,260			
Bonds Government State and foreign Railroad and industrial	\$1,842,000 5,074,000 31,274,000	\$6,158,000 5,764,000 35,345,000	\$64,988,000 96,598,000 504,486,000	\$241,710,000 156,750,000 1,044,450,000			
Total	\$38,190,000	\$47,267,000	\$666,072,000	\$1,442,910,000			

Stock and Bond Averages

Below are the daily closing averages of representative stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co.:

		Sto	cks		Bonds									
Date	30 Indus- trials	20 Rail- roads	20 Utili- ties	Total 70 Stocks	10 Indus- trials	10 First Grade Rails	Second Grade Rails	10 Utili- ties	Total 40 Bonds					
May 13. May 12. May 11. May 10. May 9. May 7.	118.52 117.93 119.43	23.48 23.19 23.50	19.93 20.24 20.45 20.08 20.46 19.85		150.99 105.99 105.83 105.75	92.83 92.93 93.17 92.81 92.85 92.63	49.98 50.36 50.90 49.63 49.43 48.41	104.09 104.20 104.17 104.16 104.20 104.33	88.11 88.06					

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for the week beginning on Saturday last (May 7, 1938) and ending the present Friday (May 13, 1938). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Exchange itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bond, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered:

which any dealings	Friday		g the	week cove	erea:		Friday	71	Sates		14 H7
STOCKS Par	Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	for Week		Jan. 1, 1938	STOCKS (Continued)	Last	Week's Range	for Week		Jan. 1, 1938
Acme wire v t c com20	17700	Low High	Shares	Low 1914 Apr	High 34 Feb	Blauner's com		Low High	Shares	Low 10 Mar	High
Aero Supply Mig class A.*		3 1/8 3 3 3/4	600	1416 Feb 216 Apr	17 Jan	Bliss (E W) new comI		6¾ 7¼ 15½ 15½	1,000 125	4% Mar 11 Mar	9¼ Jan 21¾ Jan
Agfa Ansco Corp com1 Ainsworth Mfg common5	6 1/2	28 28	50 400	23 Jan 5¼ Mar		Blue Ridge Corp com1	3616	36 361/2	600 200	1 Mar 34 Apr	11/4 Jan 391/4 Jan
Air Devices Corp com1	136	7% 1 1% 1½	800 200	1 Mar 1 Mar	1 1/2 Jan 2 Jan	Blumenthal (S) & Co* Bohack (H C) Co com*		6½ 7¼ 1¼ 1½	1,000 675	414 Mar 1 Mar	9¾ Jan 2¾ Jan
Conv preferred*				11½ Mar ¼ Mar	15½ Apr ½ Jan	7% 1st preferred100 Borne Scrymser Co25		111/8 111/2	140	1016 Mar 10 Mar	16¼ Jan 11 Mar
Alahama Gt Southern_50 Ala Power \$7 pref* \$6 preferred*	68	60 34 68 38	150	33¾ Apr 50¾ Mar	68% May	Bourjois Inc* Bowman-Biltmore com. *		3¾ 3¾	100	2% Apr % Mar	416 Jan 1% Feb
Alles & Fisher Inc com		5934 62	20	4414 Mar 2 Mar	62 May 214 Jan	7% 1st preferred100 2d preferred100 Brazilian Tr Lt & Pow*	 11	10½ 12	400	7 Jan 1½ Jan 7¾ Mar	16½ Feb 3 Feb
Alliance Invest com* Allied Internat Invest com* \$3 conv pref* Allied Products com10				% Apr % Feb 8% Mar	1% Feb % Feb 10% Jan	Breeze Corp1 Brewster Aeronautical1	5	10½ 12 4½ 5 4½ 5¼	700 6,600	7% Mar 4 Mar 2% Mar	12% Jan 7% Jan 5% Jan
Allied Products com10 Class A conv com25				7 Feb 12% Mar	9 Jan 15 Feb	Bridgeport Gas Light Co.*		614 678	900	25 Apr 534 Mar	25½ Mar 10¼ Jan
Aluminum Co common*	79	78 84 100 101 1/4	1,750 600	58 Mar 93 Apr	90 Feb 106 1/4 Jan	Preferred 100 Bright Star Elec cl B * Brill Corp class B *		79 801/2	20	76 May	88 Mar
Aluminum Goods Mig* Aluminum Industries com *		35% 35%	100	15 Apr 31/4 Mar	16¼ Mar 5½ Feb	Brill Corp class B* Class A*		1¼ 1¼ 2¾ 2¾	100	2 Apr	2½ Jan 4¼ Jan
Aluminium Ltd common.*		85 90 103½ 103½	1,850 50	67 Mar 9414 Feb	9514 Mar 10314 May	Class A *** 7% preferred *** 100 Brillo Mtg Co common ***	25	21 251/2	625	6% Apr	2714 Jan 858 Feb
American Airlines Inc10 American Beverage com1 American Book Co100			1,600	8 Mar 4 Mar 44 Mar	13½ Apr 1½ Jan	Class A* British Amer Oil coupon* Registered*	2007-00			2812 Mar 18 Apr 1974 Apr	28½ Mar 21 Jan
Amer Box Board Co com_1 American Capital—		48¼ 50 7½ 8½	110 300	614 Mar	52 Feb 10% Jan	Registered* British Amer Tobacco— Am dep rets ord bearer£1		25¾ 25¾	100	19% Apr 22% Mar	20 1/2 Jan 27 1/2 Apr
Class A common10c Common class B10c				2 Mar 14 Mar	3. Feb	Amer dep rcts reg£1 British Celanese Ltd—		2074 2074		25% Feb	26 1/2 Jan
\$5.50 prior pref*				10% Mar 56 Apr	23 14 Jan 259 14 Feb	Am dep rcts ord reg10s British Col Power class A_*				33 Jan	
Amer Centrifugal Corp. 1 Am Cities Power & 1.4— Class A	2	134 214	2,500	1% Jan	3¼ Mar	Class B Brown Co 6% pref100		20 251/2	1,050	15¼ Mar	31 Jan
Class A with warrants_25		22 1/8 23 1/2 22 24	1,200	16 Apr 1614 Apr	28 Jan 2614 Jan	Class A pref*		51/8 51/8	200	5 Jan 14 Apr	8 Mar 22 Jan
Class B1 Amer Cyanamid class A_10 Class B n-v10	23/8	21/4 25/8	7,000	1% Mar 27% Jan 15% Mar	3½ Jan 27½ Jan	Brown Forman Distillery_1 \$6 preferred* Brown Rubber Co com1		11/2 13/4	700	1½ May 40 May	314 Jan 40 May
Amer Foreign Pow warr Amer Fork & Hoe com*	18¼	18 1938 132 132	7.900 100	1514 Mar 14 Mar 814 Mar	26% Feb 11% Jan 12% Feb	Bruce (E L) Co com5 Buckeye Pipe Line50		2 1/8 3 1/4 	900	214 Apr 716 Feb 3214 Apr	9 Feb 39 Jan
Amer Gas & Elec com* Preferred*	29 105¾	28½ 31½ 105¾ 108½	15,500 675	1916 Mar 104 Apr	31 % May 111 % Feb	Buff Niag & East Pr pref25 \$5 1st preferred*	213/4	21¾ 22 97 97¾	500 300	18% Apr 88 Apr	39 Jan 22¼ Mar 100¼ Jan
American General Corp 10c \$2 preferred1	4	4 4 241/2 241/2	1,200	21/2 Mar 23 Apr	5 Jan 26 Mar	Bunker Hill & Sullivan 2.50 Burma Corp Am dep rcts		13 141/8	400	10 Mar 214 Apr	18 Jan 314 Jan
\$2.50 preferred1 Amer Hard Rubber Co50				25 Mar 8 Mar	27% Jan 13 Jan	Burry Biscuit Corp121/2 c Cable Elec Prods v t c*		2 21/4	200 600	1% Mar	3½ Jan
Amer Invest of Illinois* Amer Laundry Mach20				21% Mar 14% Mar	21% Mar 18% Jan	Cables & Wireless Ltd— Amer dep rets pref shs_£;			7.073	4% Apr	5 Jan
Amer Lt & Trac com25 6% preferred25 Amer Mfg Co common 100			3,100	10 Mar 22% Mar 11% Apr	14 % Jan 24 % May	Calamba Sugar Estate20 Canadian Car & Fdy pfd 25 Canadian Indus Alcohol A*		251/2 251/2	25	18 Apr 19 Mar	22 Jan 26 Apr
Amer Maragaba Co		14¾ 15½	1.600	11% Apr 54 Apr % Mar	23 Jan 63 1 Feb 1 Jan	B non-voting* Canadian Marconi1	11/8	3 3 3 3 1/2	1,900	2 Mar 2 Mar 1816 Mar	4 1/4 Jan 3 1/4 Jan 1 1/4 Jan
Amer Pneumatic Serv*		21 1/2 22 1/2	300	16 Apr	28 14 Inn	Capital City Products *	1 , , ,	1 11/8	3,600	7 Apr	10½ Jan 1¾ Jan
American Republics10		42 42 71/8 71/2	100 2,700	30 Jan 5 Mar	42 May 9% Jan	Carlb Syndicate25c Carman & Co class A* Class B*				15 Feb 21/2 Apr	16 Apr 314 Jan
Am Superpower Corp com *	<u>i</u>	4 ½ 4 5/8 1816 1	12,300	3 Mar 16 Mar	71% Jan 11% Jan	Carnation Co common* Carnegle Metals com1	11116	19 19 11 ₁₆ 34	200 400	17% Apr	21¼ Mar 1% Jan
1st preferred* Preferred* American Thread pref5	143/8	60 62 143% 1634	4,700	58 Apr 81 Mar	75 Jan 18 Jan	Carolina P & L \$7 pref*	73	72 74 65 65	130	65 Mar 60 Mar	85 Jan 80 Jan
Anchor Post Fence* Angostura Wupperman_1	35/8	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100 400 900	3% Jan 1% Mar 3% Mar	4 Feb 214 Jan 4 Jan	Carrier Corp* Carter (J W)Co common_1 Casco Products*	25¾ 4¾	25 27½ 4% 4%	7,200	17% Apr 4% May 6% Mar	32 Jan 614 Jan
Apex Elec Mig Co com* Appalachian El Pow pref.*	10 98¾	8½ 10 98¾ 99½	600	71 Apr 96 Apr	16½ Feb 103¾ Jan	Castle (A M) com10 Catalin Corp of Amer1	25/8	2% 2%	1,700	6% Mar 17 Apr 1% Apr	1514 Jan 25 Jan 314 Jan
Arkansas Nat Cas com	3/8	3 3 3 1/8	1,300 1,400	14 Mar 214 Mar	11 Feb 4% Jan	Celanese Corp of America			2,100	59 Apr	82 Jan
Common class A* Preferred10	31/8	31/8 31/2 7 71/4	8,600 2,000	214 Mar 414 Mar	4 1/4 Jan 71/4 May	Celluloid Corp common. 15		3% 3% 18½ 19	100 125	3 Mar 14 Mar	23% Feb
Arkansas P & L \$7 pref* Art Metal Works com5 Ashland Oil & Ref Co1		72¾ 75 6½ 6½	100	59 Mar 5 Mar	7 Jan	lst preferred* Cent Hud G & E com*		121/2 123/4	200	57 Apr 1034 Mar	69 Jan 12¾ May
Associated Elec Industries Amer deposit rcts£1	4	31/8 4 91/4 91/4	2,800	31/2 Mar 81/2 Mar	4 Jan	Cent Maine Pw 7% pref100 Cent N Y Pow 5% pref100 Cent Ohio Steel Prod1		83 86	70	68½ May 75% Apr 5% Apr	84 Feb 90 Jan
Assoc Gas & Elec-	4	5/8 3/4	400	on Mar	l Jan	Cent Pow & Lt 7% pref100 Cent & South West Util 50c	134	74¼ 76 1¾ 2⅓	2.600	5% Apr 64 Mar 1 Mar	8% Jan 77% Jan 2% Jan
Class A	81/4	1 1½ 8 95%	5,100 2,000	3% Apr	1% Jan 9% May	Cent States Elec com1	6	5 1/2 7 1/2	4,200 2,375	3 Apr 3 Mar	¾ Jan 7½ May
Option warrants		1 ₃₂ 1 ₃₂	500	103 Jan 16 Mar	Jan Jan	7% preferred100 Conv preferred100 Conv pref opt ser '29_100	121/8	121/8 15 10 10	550 25	6 Mar 8 Apr	15 Jan 10 Apr
Atlan Brimingham & Coast RR Co pref100 Atlanta Gas Lt 6% pref 100				70 Mar 67 Mar	70 Mar	Centrifugal Pipe *	35/8	5% 7¼ 3½ 3%	700 400	3 Mar 31 Mar	7½ Feb 4 Jan
Atlantic Coast Fisheries.		3¼ 3¼ 20 20	500	67 Mar 21 Mar 16 Mar	67 Mar 41% Jan 30 Jan	Chamberlin Metal Weather Strip Co		5¾ 6	200	514 Mar 5 Mar	8¼ Jan 7¾ Jan
Atlas Corp warrants*		1 1 8¼ 85%	1,000	Mar 64 Mar	1½ Jan 15½ Jan	Charis Corp				20% Jan	7¾ Jan 21 Jan 110 Mar
Atlas Corp warrants Atlas Plywood Corp Austin Silver Mines Automatic Products Automatic Products Automatic Voting Mach		1/4 3/8	7,300	14 Mar 18 Mar	¾ Jan 2¼ Jan	Chicago Flexible Shaft Co 5 Chic Rivet & Mach 4	57	53 57	350	40 Jan 514 Mar	60 Feb
Avery (B F) 5 6% preferred w w 25 6% pref xw 25	7 1/2	7½ 75/8	700	614 Mar 4 Mar	814 Mar 814 Jan	Chief Consol Mining 1 Childs Co preferred 100	281/2	24 281/2	425	2014 Mar	39 Feb
6% pref xw25 Warrants				15 Apr 13 Mar 25 Jan	21 Jan 13 Mar 2% Jan	Citles Service new com_10 Preferred*	101/4	91/8 11 40 45	7,000 2,300	7¾ May 21¼ Mar 2 Mar	11 May 47% May
Axton-Fisher Tobacco—		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14,100	2% Jan 1% Mar	2 1/4 Jan 2 1/4 Jan	Preferred B* Preferred BB* Cities Serv P & L \$7 pref.*	57	5 5 40 41 57 58	100 70 75	2 Mar 20 Mar 29 Feb	5 May 46 May 72 Feb
Class A common10 Babcock & Wilcox Co* New common*		20 21 3/8	500	13½ Mar 63½ Mar	23 1/2 Apr 93 Jan	\$6 preferred *	55	55 55 45% 45%	25 300	26 Feb	67 Feb
Baldwin Locomotive-		23 2534	3,700	20 May	25¾ May	City Auto Stamping * City & Suburban Homes 10 Clark Controller Co 1		14 141/2	100	2% Mar 14 May	3⅓ Feb 20 Jan
Purch warrants for com. 7% preferred30 Baldwin Rubber Co com.1	3	3 3½ 15½ 6 6¼	2,700 250 1,100	21/2 Mar 111/2 Apr 45/2 Mar	4% Jan 17 Feb 9% Jan	Clayton & Lambert Mfg. *	11/2	11/2 15/8	1,300	1 Jan 21/2 Mar	2 Mar
Bardstown Distill Inc1 Barlum Stainless Steel1	11/2	13/8 11/2	3,300	4% Mar 1 Mar 1 Mar	9% Jan 1% Jan 2% Jan	Cleveland Elec Illum. * Cleveland Tractor com. * Clinchfield Coal Corp. 100	33 ¼ 4 7/8	3314 3314 412 5	50 800	30 1/2 Feb 31/4 Mar 2 Apr	3514 Mar 6% Feb 314 Jan
Barlow & Seelig Mfg A5. Bath Iron Works Corp1		8½ 8½ 5¼ 5%	50 800	75% Mar 41% Mar	10 Jan 81/2 Jan	Club Alum Utensil Co* Cockshutt Plow Co com. *				1 Mar 7 Mar	3½ Jan 1½ Jan 10 Jan
7% 1st pref100				51 Mar	631/2 Mar	Colon Development ord	534	5¾ 6 2 2⅓	300 1,000	5% May 1% Mar	6¼ Jan 3¼ Jan
Beaunit Mills Inc com10 Beech Aircraft Corp1 Bell Aircraft Corp com1	3 11/4	3 3 11/4 13/8 13 13/2	500 600 900	3 May 14 Mar 8% Mar	614 Jan 214 Jan	6% conv pref£1	5	41/8 41/8 41/2 51/8	6,800 1,500	34 Mar 34 Mar	41% Jan 71% Jan
Bellanca Aircraft.com	3 1/8	3 18 4 160 160	500	8% Mar 2% Mar 147 Apr	16 Jan 414 Jan 165 Jan	Columbia Gas & Elec—	EE1/	54 5514	50	45 Mar	61 Feb
Bell Tel of Pa 6½% pf. 100 - Benson & Hedges com*		116 116 1/8		114½ Apr 5½ Mar	1194 Feb 614 Apr	Conv 5% preferred 100 Columbia Oil & Gas 1 Commonwealth & Southern	55¼ 3¾	54 55 ¼ 3% 4	7,100	48 Mar 2% Mar	60 Jan 4% Jan
Berkey & Gay Furniture 1		5/8 5/8	100	1416 Mar	20 Mar 1½ Jan	Commonw Distribut	316	1/8 2 ₁₆ 7/8 7/8	18,800 100	14 Jan 14 Feb	¼ Jan % May
Purchase warrants Bickfords Inc common* \$2.50 conv pref*			7	916 Mar	Jan 10 ¼ Jan	Community P & L \$6 pref * Community Pub Service 25	23½ 24½	23½ 25½ 24½ 25¼	150 450	16 Mar 1814 Mar	28 Jan 25¼ May
Birdsboro Steel Foundry & Machine Co com*		7 7	300	30 Mar 6% Apr	301/2 Mar	Community Water Serv 1		1/2 1116	200	1/4 Apr	1 Jan
			300	U/S Apr	9 Mar		.				
Por footnetes	1.57		1		mar mari				. 1		
For footnotes see page 3	157		8								

volume 140			1 F71		Sales	
(Continued)	Last Week's Range Sale of Prices W	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938	STOCKS Lo (Continued) Sa	ust Week's Range ale of Prices	for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 19:
	Friday Week's Range Solid	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938	Florida P & L \$7 pref. ** Ford Motor Co Ltd. ** Am dep rets ord reg. £1 Ford Motor of Can el A. ** Class B. ** Ford Motor of France— Ame dep rets. 100 fres Fox (Peter) Brew Co. 5 Franklin Rayon Corp. 1 Froedtert Grain & Malt— Common. 1 Conv preferred. 15 Fruehud Trailer Co. 1 Fuller (Geo A) Co com. 1 \$3 conv preferred. 100 Gamewell Co \$6 conv pf. ** Gatineau Power Co com. ** 5% preferred. 00 General Alloys Co. ** General Alloys Co. ** General Alloys Co. ** General Investment com. 1 \$6 preferred. ** Warrants. Gen Outdoor Adv 6% pf100 Gen Pub Serv \$6 pref. ** General Tree Rubber— 6% preferred. ** General Trelephone com. 20 \$3 conv preferred. ** General Trelephone com. 20 \$3 conv preferred. ** General Tree Rubber— 6% preferred. ** Godchaux Sugars class A. ** \$7 preferred. ** Glien Alden Coal. ** Godchaux Sugars class A. ** \$7 preferred. ** Goldfield Consol Mines. 1 Gorham Mig Co. ** Gorham Mig Co. ** Grand Rapids Varnish. ** Grand Ra	Iday	Week Shares 150	Low High

3154					ork Cur	b Excl	ha	nge—Continued—	-	e 3		May 14,	1938
STOCKS (Continued)	Par	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Since	Jan. 1, 19:	38	STOCKS (Continued) Par	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range Since Jan	n. 1, 1938 High
International Cigar Internat Hydro-Elec Pref \$3.50 series. A stock purch wa Internat Metal Indu	Mach *50 rrants. s cl A *	151/2	15½ 17½ ¾ ¾	2,500 100	16% Mar 8% Apr % Feb 6 Apr	22 J 17% M % M	Jan Iay Iay Iar	Monroe Loan Soc A1 Montana Dakota Util10 Montgomery Ward A* Montreal Lt Ht & Pow* Moody Investors pref*	137 30¼	5 % 5 % 135 ½ 137	100 190 100	28 Apr 2114 Mar	2 Jan 5% May 40 Jan 31 Feb 27 Mar
Internat Paper & Po International Petrole Registered International Produ Internat Radio Corp Internat Safety Razo	w warr	261/8	2% 3 25¼ 26¼ 3% 3¾ 7% 8¼	6,200 5,900 300 2,300	1¼ Mar 23 Mar 24¼ Apr 2½ Mar 5 Mar ¼ Jan	3½ J 31¼ M 31 M 4½ F 8½ J	lan lar lar Feb lan Feb	Moody Investors pret* Moore Corp Ltd com* Class A 7% pret100 Moore (Tom) Distillery_1 Mtge Bk of Col Am shs Mountain City Cop com 5c Mountain Producers10	5	78 78 5 5% 514 5%	200 4,000 1,900		33½ Feb 45 Jan 2 Jan 3½ Feb 9½ Jan 5½ May
Class A	i		34 7% 7% 25% 25%	2,200 100 100	6 Mar 14 Mar 71% Apr 24% Apr	9 J 1 J 914 J 2814 M	lan lan lan	Mountain States Power_* Mountain Sta Tel & Tel 100 Murray Ohio Mfg Co* Muskegon Piston Ring_2½ Machman-Springfilled*	834	8 8½ 8¾ 8¾	1,700 200	100 Mar 12 6 Mar	34 Jan 21 Jan 10 Jan 1214 Jan 814 Mar
International Vitam Interstate Home Ed Interstate Hosiery M Interstate Power \$7	nin1 puip1 fills* pref*	31/4	3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 5 6½ 3% 7 ₁₆	700 900 200 520 2,000	116 Feb 216 Mar 316 May 2516 Feb 216 Mar 36 May	4 J 41 J 28 J 61 M	lan lan lan lan lay lan	Nat Auto Fibre com	434	4¾ 5 5¾ 5¾ ½ ¾ 	200 1,600	4½ Mar 5% Mar 7 May 6% Apr	7 Jan 7 Jan 1 Jan 7 May 111/2 Jan 37 Jan
Investors Royalty Iron Fireman Mfg v Irving Aur Chute Italian Superpower Jacobs (F L) Co Jeannette Glass Co.	A1 1		9 10 12 9 16 2 2 16 2 2 2 16	300 400 14,300 200	11% Mar 7% Mar % Mar 2 May 1% Mar	15% J 12% J % J 7% J	lan lan lan lan lan	\$3 conv pref50 National Container (Del) 1 National Fuel Gas* Nat Mfg & Stores com* National Oil Products4 National P & L \$6 pref* National Refining Co25	58%	$\begin{array}{cccc} 6\frac{1}{2} & 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 13\frac{1}{2} & 14 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{cccc} 17\frac{1}{2} & 17\frac{1}{2} \\ 58\frac{1}{2} & 61 \end{array}$	200 700 100 2,550	6¼ Apr 12¼ Apr 2 Mar 15 Mar 38¼ Mar	9 Feb 14% Jan 3 Jan 20% Jan 63 Jan
Jersey Central Pow 5½% preferred 6% preferred 7% preferred	100 100 100		63 67 1 1 1 2 28 29 14	2,500 800	52¼ Apr 61 Apr 68 Apr 1½ Apr 21 Mar	73 J 85 J 3 J	lan lan lan lan lan	Nat Rubber Mach* Nat Service common1 Conv part preferred* National Steel Car Ltd* National Sugar Refining.*		3¾ 4 116 1/8 1½ 1½ 13½ 13¾	300 200 100 400		4% Jan 5% Jan Feb 2 Feb 41% Feb 18% Jan
Jones & Laughlin St Kansas G & E 7% p Keith(G E)7% 1st p Kennedy's Inc. Ken-Rad Tube & La Kingsbury Brewerie Kings Co Ltg 7% p	mp A *		47/8 5	200	107 Jan 21% Jan 4 Mar 5% Apr % Feb	108½ M 21¾ J 7¼ M 11¾ J	lar lan lar lan lan	National Tea 5½ % pref_10 National Transit12.50 Nat Tunnel & Mines* Nat Union Radio Corp1 Navarro Oli Co* Nebel (Oscar) Co com*	8 17/8	8 8¼ 17% 2⅓ 15% 5% 14 14⅓	1,200 700 300 200	4½ Jan 7½ Mar 1½ Jan ¾ Mar 12½ Mar	5½ Jan 9½ Jan 3 Jan 15 Feb
Kingston Products Kirby Petroleum	1 1 o Ltd 1	17/8	1 1/8 2 3 3/4 3 3/4	1,200 200 1,000	28½ Mar 22 Mar 1½ Mar 3½ Jan 1516 Mar 14½ Apr	30 J 314 J 5 F 114 J	lar lan lan leb lan	Nebraska Pow 7% prer_100 Nehi Corp common* Nelson (Herman) Corp_5 Neptune Meter class A* Nestle Le Mur Co cl A*	391/2	391/4 403/4	500		14 Mar 11 Jan 17 Feb 6 Jan 71 Jan 18 Mar
Klein (D Emil) Co o Kleinert (I B) Rubbe Knott Corp common Kobacker Stores com Koppers Co 6% pref Kress (S H) & Co Kreuger Brewing Co Lackawanna BR (N	mon.*		99½ 100	125	5% Mar 25% Mar 10% Jan 95 Mar 11% Feb 5% Mar	5% M 9 J 12% F 102% J 12% F	lar lan lan lan leb	Nevada Calif Elec com_100 7% preferred100 New Engl Pow Assoc* 6% preferred100 \$2 pref* New England Tel & Tel 100		1034 1034 48 5034 88 88	25 200	10 Apr 36 Mar 15 Apr	5¼ Apr 50 Mar 10¾ May 32 Jan 15 Apr 02 Jan
Lackawanna RR (N Lake Shores Mines I Lakey Foundry & M Lane Bryant 7% pre Langendorf United Class A Class B	td 1	401/	47 51 ½ 2½ 2½	9,000 500	39 Mar 4514 Mar 114 Mar 65 Mar	46 F 5814 F 314 J 8514 J	eb eb lan lan	New Haven Clock Co* New Jersey Zinc25 New Mex & Ariz Land1 Newmont Mining Corp. 10		53 54¾ 56 60	600 1,300	414 Mar 4514 Mar 114 Mar 42 Mar 18 Mar	10 Jan 72½ Jan 2½ Jan 72 Jan 19¼ Mar
Class A	mon.1	31/2	14 14 5% 5% 13¼ 13¼ 3½ 3% 716 ½	100 1,200 1,000	14 May 3 Apr 3 Jan 121 Feb 314 Mar 31 Mar	5½ M 1½ F 13½ J 5 F	lay lay leb lan leb	New Process Co com* N Y Auction Co com* N Y City Omnibus— Warrants N Y & Honduras Rosario 10 N Y Merchandise10 N Y Pr & Lt 7% pref_100	1½ 	1½ 1½ 9¼ 11 23 23 	400 100 	514 Mar 20 Mar 614 Apr	2 Jan 11 May 30 Jan 10 Jan 01 Jan
Le Tourneau (R G) Line Material Co- Lino Oil Refining. Lipton (Thos J) class 6% preferred. Lit Brothers commo Loblaw Groceterias Lock Steel Chain. Lockheed Aircraft Lone Star Gas Cor- Lone Star Gas Cor-	Inc1 *** *** **** **** *****	20 5/8	181/2 19	200	13 Mar 16% Apr 15% Mar 10% Jan 19% Apr	19 M 20¼ J 25¼ J 14 F 25 J	lay lan lan leb lan	\$6 preferred ** N Y Shipbuilding Corp Founders shares 1 New York Transit Co 5 N Y Water Serv 6% pf 100 Niagara Hudson Power 1	86¾ 6¼	85½ 86¾ 6¼ 7 17¾ 18	300 	5 Mar 4 Jan	94% Jan 9% Jan 4% Jan 19 Jan
Long Island Lightin	Ø	/ •	1,0 -,0	_,000	6% Mar	22¼ M 10¼ M 10⅓ J	lan lay lay lan lan	Common 10 5% 1st pref 100 5% 2d preferred 100 5% 2d pref el B 100 Class A opt warr Class B opt warr			20,800 525 25 1,300	70 Mar 60 May 16 Feb	814 Jan 79 Jan 36 Jan
Common 7% preferred 6% pref class B Loudon Packing Louisiana Land & E Lucky Tiger Comb C	xplor_1	716	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,500 90 375 700 4,900	1 Mar 30 Apr 25½ Apr 1½ Mar 6½ Mar ½ Mar	42 J 34 14 J 2% J	lan lan lan lan lan	Class B opt warr Niagara Share Class B common5 Class A pref100 Niles-Bement Pond* Nineteen Hundred Corp B1	536	11/8 11/8 51/4 51/8 	1,500 2,400	3% Mar 89% Jan	1½ Feb 6½ Jan 39½ Jan 38½ Jan 9½ Feb
Lynch Corp commo Majestic Radio & To Mangel Stores	n5 el1 1 Co*	2	28½ 30½ 2 2 15 16½	200 100 400	24 Mar 1% Apr 36½ Apr 15 May	38 J 114 J 314 J	an lan lan reb	Nipissing Mines5 Noma Electric1 Nor Amer Lt & Pow— Common1 \$6 preferred*	15% 37½	134 178 334 414 158 218 3712 3712	5,200 100	3 Mar 3 Mar 3 Mar 31 Mar	2½ Feb 4½ Jan 2½ May 37½ Jan
Marconi Intl Marine Communica'ns ord Margay Oil Corp Marion Steam Shov. Mass Util Assoc v t Massey Harris com Master Electric Co. May Hostory Mile 1	reg £1		5 5	100	7¼ Jan 18 Mar 3¼ Mar 1½ Mar 4% Mar	24 M 7¼ J 2¼ J 7¼ F	lan lar lan lan leb	Class B com*\ 6% prior preferred50 No Am Utility Securities_* Nor Central Texas Oil5 Nor European Oil com1		19 20 5% 5% 50 50 50	400 100 1,000	1134 Mar 2 42 Apr 4 34 Mar 314 Mar 14 Jan	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
Massey Harris com Master Electric Co. May Hoslery Mills I \$4 preferred w w. McCord Rad & Mig McWilliams Dredgi Mead Johnson & Cc Memphis Nat Gas c Memphis P & L \$7 p Mercantile Stores c Merchants & Mig cl Participating pref Merrit Chapman & Warrants 614 % A preferred Mesabi Iron Co. Metal Taxile Corn. Metal Taxile Corn. Metal Taxile Corn.	nc— * B*		52 53 97% 101% 97% 101	100 1,300 275	11½ Mar 47 Feb 1½ Mar 7½ Mar 90 Mar	53 M 314 J 12 J	lan lan lan lan	Nor Ind Pub Ser 6% pt_100 7% preferred100 Northern Pipe Line10 Nor Sts Pow com cl A_100 Northwest Engineering_* Novadel-Agene Corp*		59 59 66 70 117% 135% 1214 1214 20 2114	7,500 100 400	4 Mar 61 Mar 81 Mar	36 Jan 77 Jan 6 Feb 141/4 Jan 131/4 Jan 241/6 Jan
Memphis Nat Gas of Memphis P & L \$7 p Mercantile Stores of Merchants & Mfg of Participating pref	om5 ref* om* A1 erred_*	4	4 4%	700	31 Mar 45 Mar 131 Mar 3 Mar 21 Mar	41/4 M 55 J 19 J 43/4 J 23/4 M	iar lan lan lan	Ohio Brass Co cl B com* Ohio Edison \$6 pref	25¾	25¾ 26¾ 87 87 	175 50 20	23¼ Apr 8 87 May 9 100 May 10 109¼ Apr 11 94¾ Jan 10	34% Jan 94% Feb 99% Jan 12% Mar 91% Mar
New partic prefer	red15		3 3 % ½ ½ 40 % 40 % % 7 16	1,100 100 25 3,500	2 Mar % Apr 30½ Mar ¼ Mar ¼ Jan 25 Apr	50 J % J 1% F	lan lan lan lan leb	6% 1st preferred	91/8 28	91/8 93/4 273/4 281/2 90 90 13/8 15/8	1,800 900 25 700	8% Mar 6% Mar 21% Jan 89 May 1% Mar	91% Jan 9% Jan 10% Jan 31 Feb 93 Mar 2% Jan
Metropolitan Ddisor \$6 pref. Mexico-Ohio Oil- Michigan Bumper C Michigan Gas & Oil- Michigan Steel Tub	orn 1	741/4	14		74¼ May % Mar % Mar 2 Apr	75 A 1616 J 76 J 554 J	pr lan lan lan	Onver United Filters of B.* Overseas Securities* Pacific Can Co com* Pacific G & E 6% 1st pf.25 51%% 1st preferred25	29¾	3 3 291/6 30 273/6 275/8	1,200 400 150	514 Mar 3 Jan 416 Mar 2714 Mar 2516 Apr	5½ Mar 3½ Jan 6½ Feb 30½ Jan 27½ Jan
Michigan Sugar Co. Preferred Middle States Petro Class A v t c Class B v t c	10	3	3 3 3 % 9 ₁₆ 11 ₁₆	500 500	3½ May 1½ Apr ½ Mar	5 F 4 J 34 A	an Feb Ian Ipr	Pacific P & L 7% pref_100 Pacific Public Service* \$1.30 1st preferred* Pan-Amer Airways* Pantepec Oil of Venez1	143/8 47/8	103 ¼ 105 60 60 5¾ 5¾ 13 ½ 15 ½ 3¾ 5 ¼	5,900 80,100	46 Apr 6 3% Mar 15% Apr 1 12% Mar 1 3% May	50 May 5% May 17% Jan 19% Jan 7% Feb
Middle West Corp o Warrants Midland Oil Corp- \$2 conv pref Midland Steel Prod \$2 non-cum div sl Midwest Co Mid-West Abrasive. Midwest Piping & S Mining Corp of Can Minnesota Mining & Minnesota P & L 7% Miss River Power p Missouri Pub Serv oc	ucts—	0%	6¼ 6% %	2,200 500	916 Apr 3% Apr 9% Mar	78 M 10 F x14⅓ M	lay lay Feb	Paramount Motors Corp_1 Parker Pen Co10 Parkersburg Rig & Reel_1 Patchogue-PlymouthMills* Pender (D) Grocery A** Class B*		14½ 14½	100	14 Feb 1 13 Mar 1 21 Jan 2 18 Mar 2	4% Jan 15 Jan 19 Jan 23 Jan 24% Jan 4 Jan
Midvale Co	50c 10 up* ada_* Mfg *		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	200 400 100 100	61 Apr 1 Mar 6% Mar 8% Mar 1% Mar	80 1/3 J 1 1/3 J 8 1/4 M 211 1/4 F 2 1/4 F	an lay leb leb lpr	Patchogue-PlymouthMills* Pender (D) Grocery A. * Class B. * Peninsular Telph com. * Preferred				21 Jan 10714 Apr 11 24 Mar 2 234 Apr	26 Jan 10 Feb 26 Apr 8½ Feb
Mock, Jud, Voehrin	ger— \$2.50	83%	8 83%	400	75 Feb 103 May 21 Mar 64 Jan	76 M 107 J 35 M	far	Penn Mex Fuel Co	8516	85½ 87¾ 80½ 81	4,000 150 110	2½ Apr 2½ Mar 1½ Mar 79½ Mar 74 Mar	214 Apr 214 Mar 214 Jan 9014 Jan 82 Jan
Molybdenum Corp. Monarch Machine I Monogram Pictures	com_1	15/8	11/4 13/4	2,900 1,700	3½ Mar 12¼ Mar 1¾ Mar	13 M	eb far fan	Penn Salt Mfg Co50 Pa Water & Power Co* Pepperell Mfg Co100 Perfect Circle Co*	661/2	123¼ 123¼ 66 67 61 62½	25 700 275	59 Mar	1914 Jan 7214 Jan 77 Jan 2414 Mar
l For footnotes se	e page	ð 157						**************************************				naven — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	

Volume 140	Fr4dan		110	Sales 1		uib					Friday)			Sales			
STOCKS (Continued)	Sale	Week's Ro of Price Low H	8	for Week Shares	Range St Low		an, 1, 1 High		STOCKS (Continued)		Last Sale	Week's i of Pri Low	ces	for Week Shares	Range Since	Jan. 1,	
Pharis Tire & Rubber 1.1 Philadelphia Co com 2.4 Phila Elec Co \$5 pref 2.5 Philips Packing Co 2.4 Phoenix Sequities 2.4	3	7%	5¼ 7¾ 3	700 500 800	2914	Apr Mar Feb Mar Mar	5½ 7¾ 115¼ 31½ 4	May May Mar Feb Jan	Sioux City G & E 7% I Smith (H) Paper Mill Solar Mfg. Co- Sonotone Corp Soss Mfg com- South Coast Corp con Southern Calif Ediso	ls* 1 1 n1		2½ 15% 3¾	2½ 15% 4	200 200 300	88 Jan 13 Mar 114 Mar 114 Mar 314 Mar 214 Mar	88 13 3¼ 1¼ 6¾ 3¼	Jan Mar Mar Jan Jan Jan
Phoenix Securities— Common1 Conv pref series A10 Pierce Governor common.* Pines Winterfront1 Ploneer Gold Mines Ltd1	121/4		2 3/4 3 3/4 3 1/2	400 50 300 3,200		Jan	31/2 21 171/2 11/4 31/4	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	5% original preferr 6% preferred B 5½% pref series C_ Southern Colo Pow cl	ed_25 25 25 A_25	27½ 25½	27¼ 24½ 1¾	27½ 25½ 1¾	300 700 100	34½ Apr 25½ Mar 23¼ Mar 1¼ Mar	36 % 27 % 25 % 2	Jan Feb Feb Feb
Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter* Pitts Bess & L E RR50 Pittsburgh Forgings1 Pittsburgh & Lake Erie_50	63%	614	6½ 7½ 13½	900 900 260	514 3714 414 3414	Jan Mar Mar Mar	6% 39 9% 62%	Mar Mar Jan Jan	7% preferredSouth New Engl Tel_Southern Pipe Line_Southern Union Gas_Southland Royalty C South Penn Oil	10	23/8	42 23/8 6	23/8 63/4 34	200 1,300	42 May 140 Feb 3% Mar 2 Mar 5% Mar 28% Apr		May Feb Jan Apr Jan Mar
Pittsburgh Metallurgical 10 Pittsburgh Plate Glass 25 Pleasant Valley Wine Co 1 Plough Inc 25c Poterro Sugar common 5	74	73½ 7½ 7½ 2¾	75¼ 78 7¾ 2¾	2,400 200 900 200	55 %4 6 3% 2 34	Mar Mar Apr Mar Feb Mar	7% 90 1% 8% 3% 1%	Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan	So West Pa Pipe Lin Spanish & Gen Corp-	1050		34 ½ 		100	28% Apr 19% Mar 19% Feb 14 Jan 3 Mar	2214	Jan
Powdrell & Alexander			3¾ 11½ 20 2	300 800 50 	2¾ 11¼ 95 18¼	Mar Mar Feb Apr Mar	4 1/4 14 3/4 95 21 3/4 23/4	Jan Feb Feb Jan Feb	Am dep rets ord reg Am dep rets ord bea Spencer Shoe Corp Stahl-Meyer Inc com Standard Brewing Co Standard Cap & Seal o Conv preferred Standard Dredging C	com_1 10		17 x22½	17 ½ 22 ½	200 200	1½ Jan ¼ Jan 12¾ Man 18 Jan	1 1 1/4 1/8 18 22 1/4	Jan Jan Jan Mar
Prentice-Hail Inc. Pressed Metals of Amer. Producers Corp	1 ₁₆	13½ 116 5¼ 7	13 1/8 1 1/8 5 1/4 7	100 300 200 50	9½ 116 3¾	Mar Apr Mar Mar	37 18 6% 7% 6%	Mar Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	\$1.60 conv preferre Standard Invest \$5½ Standard Oil (Ky) Standard Oil (Neb)_ Standard Oil (Ohio) C	ed20 pref* 10 25 com 25	163%	10 161/8	10 167/8 183/4	50 1,400	2 Apr 11 Apr 5 Mar 15 Mar 614 Mar 1614 Mar	12 1414 18 716	Jan Jan Jan
\$6 preferred	29 17	29 16¾	5¼ 30¼ 17¼	270 260	91 1/4 22 11 1/4	Mar Feb Jan Jan	98 35% 22%	Jan Mar Mar	5% preferred Standard Pow & Lt Common class B Preferred Standard Products Co	1 * *	1 1	97 1 1 18 6	97 11/4 11/8 181/2 83/8	6,300 500 150 4,200	94% Ap % Ma % Ma 18 Ma 3% Ma	99% 1 1% 1 1% 1 18% 1 8%	Jan Jan Jan May May
7% 1st preferred 100 Pub Serv of Nor III com 60 Common 60	1041/2	104½ 1		30 10	95 103¾		106	Feb Feb	Standard Silver Lead Standard Steel Spring Standard Tube cl B. Standard Wholesale & Acid Works com Starrett (The) Corp.	Phosp		7 1/4 7 1/4 2 3/4	7 ½ 2¾ 2¾	800 100 300	614 Ma 2 Ap 2 Ap	9 % 3 3 %	Jan Apr
7% prior lien pref100 Pub Util Secur 87 pt pf1 Puget Sound P & L *5 preferred	328/	31	80 35% 16%	925 575	89 3% 23%	Apr Jan May Mar Mar	89 % 35% 17%	May Feb	Starrett (The) Corp v Stein (A) & Co comm 6½% preferred Sterchl Bros Stores 1st preferred	* 50		25/8 25	25/8 25	300 25	10½ Ap 2¼ Ap 24¼ Ma 7 Ma	r 12¾ r 4¾ r 29 r 7	Jan Jan Jan Mar
\$6 preferred	5			50 50 60	5 7 414 90 136	Apr May Mar Mar May	7¼ 7¼ 7 100% 140	Jan May Jan Jan Feb	Sterling Aluminum I Sterling Brewers Inc. Sterling Inc Stetson (J B) Co con Stinnes (Hugo) Corp Strock (S) Co	1 n*	21/4	41/8 21/4 51/2 81/2		200 400 125	3½ Ma 2 Ma 5½ Ma 1½ Ja	r 4% r 3% r 8% n 2	Jan Jan
Quebec Power Co Ry & Light Secur com Railway & Util Invest A Rainbow Luminous Prod— Class A	*	1434 878	15¼ 8¾ 18	400 25 400	13¼ 7¾ ¼	Mar Feb Mar	10 %	Jan Feb	Stinnes (Hugo) Co	t B*	21/2	7¾ 2½ 32	7¾ 21/8 32	1,700 100	7 Ja 8 Ma 214 Ma	n 10 r 1314 or 3614	Mar Feb Jan
Class B Raymond Concrete Pile— Common. \$3 conv preferred Raytheon Mfg com50 Red Bank Oli Co50 Reeves (Daniel) common.		15	15¾	150 6,900	10% 29 1% 3%	Feb Feb Mar Jan	16 34 21/8	Feb May May Mar	\$3.30 class A partic Swan Finch Oil Corp Taggart Corp com_ Tampa Electric Co c Tastyeast Inc class Taylor Distilling Co	cipat.* 015 1 com* A1				1,400 200 400	26% Fe	b 30%	May Jan
Reliance Elec & Eng'g Reybarn Co Inc	5	914	25 3¾ 516 10	200 500 900 400	2¼ ¼ 9 2¼	Man	1114 214 1116	Feb Jan Jan Mar Jan	Technicolor Inc com Teck-Hughes Mines Tenn El Pow 7% 1st Texas P & L 7% pref Texon Oil & Land C	mon.* s1 pf_100 f100	95	65 95 41/8	23 7/8 65 95 4 1/4	17,600 100 500	1414 Mg 414 Mg 10 44 Mg 10 94 Mg 10 314 Mg	23 7 5 8 1 65 2 102 1 4 8	May Jan May Jan Jan
Rice Stix Dry Goods Richmond Radiator Ric Grande Valley Gas Co Voting trust etfs	1	11/4	4% 1½ 95¼ 12%	100 500 150 100	90 34	Ap	96%	Jan Jan Feb	Tilo Roofing Inc Tishman Realty & C Tobacco Allied Stock Tobacco Prod Expor	Constrates	31/8	537/8	10¼ 54¾	50	7½ Ma 3 A ₁ 50 Ma 2½ Ma	or 55 ar 55 ar 83	Mar Feb Apr Feb
Rome Cable Corp com Roosevelt Field Inc Root Petroleum Co	5 2	123% 6 13% 2	6 13/8 21/8	100 100 400	1 15% 37%	Mai Jar Mai Mai Jar	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Jan Mar Jan Jan Feb	Am dep rcts ord re Am dep rcts def re Todd Shipyards Cor Toledo Edison 6% p 7% preferred A.	eg£1 eg£1 rp* oref_100	50	50	521/2	17	98½ A	b 13 ar 56 or 953 ar 103	Jan Mar Jan Jan
Rossia International. Royal Typewriter Russeks Fifth Ave2; Rustless Iron & Steel. \$2.50 conv pref Ryan Consol Petrol.		51/2	51/2 67/8 367/8 31/8	900 100 600	30 ¼ 4 ¼ 5 35 2 ½	Ma Ma Ma Ma Ma	49 6 7 6 7 94 7 38 7 4	Jan Jan Jar Fel Jan	Tonopah Mining of Trans Lux Pict Sc Common Transwestern Oil Co	rants	23/1	53/	23/8 6	2,00	2 M 0 45% M	ar 33 ar 75 ar 75	Jan Jan Jan Jan
Rustless Iron & Steel. \$2.50 conv pref. Ryan Consol Petrol. Ryerson & Haynes com Safety Car Heat & Lt. St Lawrence Corp Ltd. \$2 conv pref A. The Regis Paper com	00	511/2	3 1/2 52 1/2	11,600	12¾ 2¾ 42	Ma Ap Ma Ma	r 92 r 13 r 414 r 6334	Jan Apr Jan Jan	Trunz Pork Stores I Tubize Chatillon Co	orp		73/4	8 3/8 23 7/8 5 1/4	30	0 22 A 2 M 0 434 A	ar 73 ar 115 pr 35 ar 33 pr 73	Mar Jan Jan Jan Jan
Samson United Corp com Savoy Oll Co Schiff Co common Scovill Mfg Scranton Elec \$6 pref Scranton Lace common-	.5 * 25 *	11/2	21/2 1 /2 21		8	Ma Ma Ma	2 15 r 15 r 29 1 r 113	Jan Jan	Series B pref	com	1 111			40	2 M 11½ M 3½ M	ar 2 ar 15 ar 15	Mai Mai Jan Jan
Scranton Spring Brook Water Service pref Scullin Steel Co com Warrants	*	1878 514 916	20 6 5/8 13/8	50 300 1,000 300	16 14 3 14 0 1	Jan Ma Ma Ma	n 20 r 7% r 1% r 1%	Apr Jan Jan May	Union Traction Co \$17.50 paid-in United Aircraft Tr. Warrants United Chemicals c	(Pa)— 5 anspor	103	-	113/		2½ M 0 4½ M 2 M 30 M	ar 12! ar 4	Mai Mai Jar Jar Fel
Seeman Bros Inc. Segal Lock & Hardware. Seiberling Rubber com. Selby Shoe Co Selected Industries Inc.	1 *	76	2 3/8	400	1234	Ma Ma Ap	1 1 4 4 1 1 7 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Jan Jan Jan	Un Cigar-Whelan S United Corp warra United Gas Corp co 1st \$7 pref non-v Ontion warrants	onts om oting_	1 41 * 861 1	8 4	43/	$\begin{array}{c} 3,00 \\ 26,50 \end{array}$	0 % M 0 2% M 0 69 M	ar ar ar 100 ar 1	Jai
Selfridge Prov Stores Amer dep rets reg	£1	561/2	561/	50	4814 4954	Ma Ma Fe	8 % 60 % 61 ½	Jan Mar Mar Feb	United G & E 7% I United Lt & Pow c Common class B \$6 1st preferred United Milk Produ	om A.	* 27 * 247	8 22	263	1,20 8 20,60	0 1½ M 0 1¾ A 0 13½ M 17½ J	pr 4 26	Jai Jai Ap
Sentry Safety Control Seton Leather common Seversky Aircraft Corp Shattuck Denn Mining. Shawinigan Wat & Pow Sherwin-Williams com	* 25 -5 7 -5 88	2 1/8 6 1/2 86	27/ 75/ 893/	2,400 1,900	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ma 4 Ja 4 Ma 4 Ap Ap	or 20 or 95	April Jan	Am dep rets ord United N J RR & Ca United Profit Share United Shipyards c	l reg anal 10 new 25	0 1 83	55	8 55 8 7 8 83	8 10 8 10 4 11,90	5 % M 228 J 00 % F 214 J	ay 6 230 eb 1 9	Jai Jai Jai May
5% cum pref ser AAA l Shreveport El Dorado Pi Line stamped Silex Co common Simmons-Broadman Pub	00 1083 pe 25 -*	10834 2	110 }	270	0 107	Ja	n 1111 n 83	Api A Jar May	Class B United Shoe Mach Preferred United Specialties of U S Foil Co class B	com_2	5 663 5	- 403 23	4 41 3	4 50	00 5014 M 00 39 J 00 234 M	ar 77 an 42 far 6	1/8 Jan
Conv preferred	-* 1 00 234		15 234	3	0 212	Mark Mark	2 3 4 5 5 4 2 4 3	Jan Jan						1. 1. 1. 3.			
								* 1									
For footnotes see pag	ze 3157			1	1.		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	. 1	1	

Total Communication Property Property
B. S.
Birmingham Filed 4\(\frac{4}{1}\) 1088

Volume 146			Nev	v Yo	rk Cı	ırb	Exc	han
BONDS (Continued)	Sale	Week's Ra of Price Low H	8	Sales for Week Shares	Range S	ince Jo	an. 1, 1 High	938
Lake Sup Dist Pow 3½s '66 Lehigh Pow Secur 6s2026 *Leonard Tietz 7½s1946 Lexington Utilities 5s1952 Libby MoN & Libby 5s '42 Long Island Ltg 6s1945 Louislana Pow & Lt 5s 1957	96½ 98½ 104½ 89 104½	96½ 9 95¾ 9 \$24½ 2 90 9 104 10 84% 9	61/2	2,000 78,000 3,000 7,000 18,000 45,000	84 101 76	Mar Apr Apr Apr	103 25 97½ 104% 100	Mar Jan Mar Jan Mar Feb Mar
**************************************		‡26¼ 101½ 10	013/2	2,000	24¼ 97 55	Apr Jan Apr		Apr May Jan
Memphis Commi Appeal- Deb 4½s1952 Memphis P & L 58 A1948 Mengel Co conv 4½s. 1947 Metropolitan Ed 48 E.1971 4s series G1965 Middle States Pet 6½s *45 Midland Valley RR 5s 1943 Milw Gas Light 4½s1967	8934 80 1061/2 573/4	86½ 9 80 8 104¾ 10 105% 10 84 8	92½ 90 80 05¾ 06½ 84 58½ 94¾	39,000 2,000 22,000 24,000 3,000 5,000	100	Apr Feb Mar Apr Mar Jan Apr Jan	90 1 93 1061/2	Apr May Jan Jan May Apr Feb Jan
Minn P & L 4½s	77% 67	89½ 97¾ 73 85¾ 109½ 67	94 98¾ 77¾ 87	86,000 12,000 58,000 21,000 11,000 27,000 6,000	83 87¾	Apr Apr Mar Mar Jan Apr	94 100 77% 87 110¼ 70½	May Jan May Jan Apr May
• Munson SS 6 ½s ctfs. 1937 Nassau & Suffolk Ltg 5s '46 Nat Pow & Lt 6s A. 2026 Deb 5s series B	84 79½ 110½	\$1\frac{12\frac{5\frac{1}{81\frac{1}{2}}}{81\frac{1}{2}}}{84}\$ \$4\frac{177}{44\frac{3}{4}}\$ \$110 1 116 1 188	3¼ 82½ 87 79¾ 44¾ 10½ 16 95	6,000 16,000 78,000 9,000 2,000 1,000	21/8	Mar May Mar Apr Jan Mar Apr Apr	514 95 87 7934 4434 11034 116 9316	Feb Jan May May Jan May Feb Jan
New Amsterdam Gas as 42 N if Gas & El Assn 5s 1947 5s1944 Conv deb 5s195 New Eng Power 31/s.1961 New Eng Pow Assn 5s.1961 Debenture 51/s195	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	78 116¼ 1 54¾ 55 54 104½ 1 81¼	83 16½ 57 56¾ 57¾ 05 82½ 86	71,000 4,000 42,000 17,000 97,000 23,000 41,000 11,000	69 1151/4 40 40 391/4 102 70 74	Apr Jan Mar Apr Mar Feb Mar Mar	83 118 57% 57% 58% 105 85 87	May Jan Feb Feb Feb May Jan Jan
New Orleans Pub Serv— 5s stamped1942 •Income 6s serles A_1949 N Y Central Elec 5½s 1950 New York Penn & Ohio—		89 76¼ 100 1	91½ 80½ .00	20,000 20,000 1,000		Feb Feb	91½ 80½ 100¼	Apr May Mar
•Ext 4½s stamped_1956 N Y P & L Corp 1st 4½s'6' N Y State E & G 4½s 1981 N Y & Westch'r Ltg 4s 200 Debenture 5s195: Nippon El Pow 6½s195: No Amer Lt & Power—	7 107 ½ 0 93 5/8 4 3	107 1 92 1041/4 1 1113 1558/4	55½ 07½ 94 04¼ 59	15,000 19,000 78,000 5,000	45 105 88 103 4 112 4 53 4	May Apr Apr Jan Jan Jan	84 108¼ 97¼ 105¾ 113½ 62¼	Feb Jan Jan Apr Mar Mar
5½s series A195 Nor Cont'l Util 5½s_194 No Indiana G & E 6s_195 Northern Indiana P S—	8 423	40 107½ 1	82 43½ 108	13,000 22,000	30 105½	Apr Mar Apr	82 43½ 108¾	May May Mar
5s series C	9 99 9 95 101 1/2 7 101 1/2 7 90 105 1/2 106 3/2 100 93 1/2 8	98% 1 94% 1 101 1 104½ 1 86 2 105½ 1 106% 1 106% 1 99½ 4 89 75½	$\frac{106\%}{105\%}$	18,000 86,000 29,000 111,000 36,000 15,000 17,000 60,000 30,000 7,000 4,000	93¾ 86⅓ 97% 102 80⅓ 103¾ 104⅓ 103¾ 96 83 69	Feb Apr Apr Jan Feb Apr Jan Mar Feb Jan Apr Apr Mar	100 ½ 100 ½ 95 % 101 ¼ 105 91 105 ½ 107 106 ¼ 100 ½ 95 82 103 %	May May May Mar May Feb Jan Jan May Mar May
Pacific Gas & Elec Co— 1st 6s series B. 194 Pacific Invest 5s ser A. 194 Pacific Lys & Pow 5s. 194 Pacific Pow & Ltg 5s. 195 Palmer Corp 6s. 193 Park Lexington 3s. 196 Penn Cent L & P 4½s. 197 1st 5s. 197 Penn Electric 4s F. 197	1 1151 8 83 2	83 \$114½ 68 \$100½ 29½	115½ 83 117 74 100¼ 31 88½ 93 88¾	27,000 2,000 91,000 13,000 25,000 2,000 41,000	79 113 55 99 28 74½ 78	Mar Apr Apr Mar Feb Mar Mar Mar Apr	116 % 88 ½ 113 ¾ 74 101 34 ¾ 88 ½ 93 88 ¾	Feb Mar Feb May Jan Jan May May May
6s series A 195 Deb 5½s series B 195 Penn Pub Serv 6s C 194 5s series D 195 Penn Water & Pow 5s 194 4½s series B 196	96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 9	- 104 ½ 98 ½ 108 - 108	96¼ 94 105 100 108½ 108	6,000	75 99 93 106% 106%		94 107¾ 103½ 108½ 109	May May Feb Jan May Jan
4s series B	19 18 33 10 57 3	89½ 7½ 111½ 58½ 1106 93¼ 120¾ 55 107 104 137	90¾ 92 9¼ 112¼ 67 59 108 93¼ 23½ 57¾ 107 108 47	48,000 15,000 37,000 1,000 13,000 2,000 35,000 11,000 5,000	0 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Mar Mar Jan May Apr Jan Jan Jan May Mar	92 101/4 1131/2 79 61 108 100 22 581/2 1071/2 108 65	Feb Feb Jan Apr Feb Jan Apr Jan
Prussian Electric 68_193 Public Service of N J— 6% perpetual certificat Pub Serv of Nor Illinois— 1st & ref 58 193	es 1353	22½ 135½ 111½ 1105	111½ 106¼	8,00 1,00	0 20 % 0 130 0 110 103 %	Jan Jan Apr Apr	22¾ 137⅓ 113 107	Mar Feb Mar
58 series C196 4 ½6 series D197 4 ½6 series E198 1st & ref 4 ½6 ser F _ 198 4 ½6 series I196 Pub Serv of Oklahoma— 48 series A196	30	103¾ 104¾ 104 105	103 ¾ 105 ¼ 104 ¾ 105 102 ¼	9,00 5,00 5,00 5,00 10,00	0 102 % 101 % 101 % 104 % 104 % 98 %	Apr Apr Mar Apr	104 105 14 104 104 106 14 102 14	
Puget Sound P & L 5 ½ 8 4 1st & ref 5s ser C 196 1st & ref 4 ½ s ser D _ 196 Oueens Boro Gas & Elec-	50 713 50 66	63 1/2	75 71 ¼ 66 ½ 81	70,00 8,00 51,00 43,00	59	Mar Apr Jan Apr	71¼ 66½	1 4
54/s series A 191 • Ruhr Gas Corp 61/s 191 • Ruhr Housing 61/s 191 Safe Harbor Water 41/s 191 • San Antonio P S 58 B 191 San Anguin L & P 68 B 193 • Sauda Falls 58 193 • Sanda Falls 58 193 • Sanda Falls 58 195 • Sanda Falls 68 195 •	52 80 53	14 ½ 105 ½ 130 ¼ 112 127 ½ 26 ½ 100 ½ 44 ¾ 106 ¾	81 29 ½ 26 109 ¾ 15 105 ¼ 112 40 27 100 ¾ 45 ½ 106 ¾ 106 ¾	46,00 9,00 27,00 3,00 5,00 12,00 3,00 4,00	0 25 ½ 21 108 ¼ 0 108 ¼ 0 102 ½ 0 128 ½ 0 111 ½ 25 21 ¾ 0 96 ½ 0 38 ½ 0 106 ½	Feb Mar Jan Jan Feb Mar Jan Jan Apr Apr	29½ 25 110½ 15 105¼ 130½ 112 28 27 102 50 107¼ 105¼	May Apr Mar May Mar Apr Feb Mar May Jan Jan Jan Mar
Shawinigan W & P 4½/8 ' 1st 4½/s series B19/ 1st 4½/s series D19/ Sheridan Wyo Coal 6s 19/ Sou Carolina Pow 5s.19/	70 47 58	104¾ 104¼ 104⅓ 104⅓ 58 77	105% 104% 104% 58 78	2,00	0 102 0 102 0 54½	Mer	1053/8 105 63 3/4	Mar

BONDS (Concluded)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's R of Pric		Sales for Week Shares	Range S	ince Jo	High	
outheast P & L 6s2025	93		93	50,000	7114	Mar	9514	Jan
ou Calif Edison Ltd-	1061/4	1051/8 1		32,000	1011/	Apr	107	Mar
Debenture 3 1 - 1945 Ref M 3 1 1960 Ref M 3 1 B July 1 '60	10614	106 1	06 16	48,000 23,000	10234	Apr	106%	Mar Mar
1st & ref mtge 4s1960	109 5/8	105 % 1 109 ½ 1 104 ¼ 1	10	13 000 21,000	106%	Apr	1103/8	May
ou Counties Gas 41/28 1968 ou Indiana Ry 481951	104 1/2	39	39	$21,000 \\ 1,000$	351/2	Apr	5634	Mar Jan
western Assoc Tel 5s 1961 western Lt & Pow 5s 1957		951/2	951/2	3,000	85 93	Feb	951/2	May May
o'west Pow & Lt 6s_2022 o'west Pub Serv 6s_1945		99¾ 1	81 1/4	11,000	551/2	Mar		May Jan
Stand Gas & Elec 6s 1935	52	100 1/8 1 52	53 8	$\frac{2,000}{10,000}$	40	Mar Mar	55	Jan
*Certificates of deposit *Convertible 6s1935	51 16	51 52 ½	54 53 1/8	$35,000 \\ 20,000$		Mar Mar	55 55	Jan Jan
*Convertible 6s1935 *Certificates of deposit		50 34	53 1/2	30,000	391/2	Mar	55 56	Jan Jan
Debenture 6s1951 Debenture 6s_Dec 1 1966	52 1/4 52	51 50 34	54 53¾	63,000 43,000	361/2	Mar Mar	56	Jan
tandard Investg 5½s 1939 Standard Pow & Lt 6s1957	493/8	60 48¾	60 52 3/8	1,000 96,000	54 36	Apr	721/2 541/4	Jan Jan
Starrett Corp Inc 5s_1950 tinnes (Hugo) Corp—	31	301/4	31 34	36,000		Mar	31 34	May
2d stamped 4s1940 2d stamped 4s1946		‡50	51 1/2		43	Jan	5134	May
uper Power of III 4 1/28 108	1 10514	105 1	46	2,000	39 104	Jan Apr	48 106 1/2	May Jan
1st 4 1/2s1970 ennessee Elec Pow 5s 1956	10434	104 % 1	055/8	15,000	103 1/4 65 1/4	Apr	106 14	Feb May
enn Public Service 5s 1970	87	83 1/4	87 90	277,000	5714	Feb	90	May
'erni Hydro-El 6 ½s1953 'exas Elec Service 5s_1960	5834 9214	58¾ 90	58 ¾ 93 ½	68,000	48½ 82¾	Apr	61 100½	Feb Jan
exas Power & Lt 5s1956	103 14	102	104 1/2	15,000 28,000 277,000 5,000 68,000 67,000	94 9014	Mar	1041/2	May Jan
6s series A2022 ide Water Power 5s1979	84	93 84	93 ½ 84	3,000 10,000	751/2	Mar Apr	8634	Jan
letz (L) see Leonard	11.00	1. Sant 1.	and a	89,000	106	Feb	108%	Jan
oledo Édison 5s1962 Win City Rap Tr 5½s '52	5714	57	59 1/2	21,000		Mar	63 34	Jan
llen Co— Conv 6s 4th stamp_1950	361/8	361/8	38	6,000		Mar	47	Jan
Inited Elec N J 4s1949 Inited El Serv 7s1956	114 1/2	36 1/8 114 1/2 60	114 ½° 61	4,000 4,000	112%	Apr	114¾ 62	Jan Apr
United Industrial 61/69'41	1000	1261/8	271/2		24	Feb	27¼ 28	Apr
Inited Lt & Pow 6s1945	74	26 1/8 71	26¼ 75	2,000 86,000	56	Jan Mar	75	May
• 1st s f 6s 1944 Inited Lt & Pow 6s 1975 6 ½s 1974 5 ½s 1955 In Lt & Rys (Del) 5 ½s '52	75	75	76½ 100	19,000	571/8	Apr	76½ 100½	May Jan
In Lt & Rys (Del) 51/28 '52			82 1/2	7,000 13,000	6414	Feb	100 ½ 82 ½	May
Jnited Lt & Rys (Me)— 6s series A1955	2	104 1/2	106	15,000		Feb	1061/8	Jan
6s series A1973 Jtah Pow & Lt 6s A2023	74	72 .1 78	74 80 ½	13,000	53 1/2	Jan Feb	74 80½	May May
4½8194	1	86	86	5.000	75	Feb Apr	86 90¾	May
Inited Lt & Rys (Me)— 68 series A	86 1	8134	88 34 83 1/2	9,000 32,000 2,000	75	Apr	85	Jan
6s1940 Registered	3		76 721/2	2,000 1,000	65 721/2	Apr	84 1/2 72 1/2	Feb May
Valdorf-Astoria Hotel-	4 00:	4 - 20 - 50		1000		Mar	21	May
*5s income deb195 Wash Gas & Light 5s_195	8	104 1/8	$\frac{21}{105 \frac{1}{4}}$	16,000 19,000	1031/8	Apr	10516	Jar
Fromb Tom C. Tilles de 105	11 1079	1073%	107 3/8	1.000	10634	Jan Apr	10734 106	Jar
West Penn Elec 5s203	0 100 1	99	100 14	11,000	97	Feb Mar	102 103 ½	Jar Jar
Wash Ry & Elec 48195 Wash Water Power 5s 196 West Penn Elec 5s203 West Penn Traction 5s '6 West Texas Util 5s A 195 West Newspaper Un 6s '4 West Newspaper Un 6s '4	7 92	901/2		131,000	1 14 12	Mar	93	May
West Newspaper Un 6s '4 West United G & E 51/2s'5	4 36 5 105 ½	36	39 105¼	7.000	103	Apr	39 1/8 105 1/2	Jai
Wheeling Elec Co 5s194	1 108	108	108	1,000	107 32	Feb Jan	108 107	May
Wisc-Minn Lt & Pow 5s'4 Wisc Pow & Lt 4s196	6 953		106¼ 96	14,000 43,000 37,000	86 1/2	Apr	9614	Jan
Yadkin River Power 5s '4 York Rys Co 5s193	1 102	100	102 84 ½	37,000 20,000	96 581/2	Feb Apr	105½ 85	Fel Ma
FOREIGN GOVERNMEN And Municipalities—	I -							
Agricultural Mtge Bk (Co	0	9014	003	1.00	171	Jan	2314	Ap
*20-year 7s194 *20-year 7s194	7	2234	2234 23	1,00 6,00	0 20	Jan	231/	Ap
Baden 78195	1	- ‡20%	22		2014	Mar		
•7s stamped195	2	- 170	75 75		- 70 65	Mar		Fe Ja
•7s stamped195 •7½s stamped194 •Cauca Valley 7s194	8	- 170 - 10	75 10	2,00				Ma
Ocent Bk of German State Or Banks 68 B195	OC.	_ 26	26	1,00	0 2234			Ja
+6s series A195	2	25%	253	2.00	0 25	Jan	28	Ma Fe
Danish 5½s195 5s195	3 98	991/2	981	1,00		May		
Danzig Port & Waterway External 6 1/28195	78	144	46		_ 44	Apr	591	Ma
Gorman Con Munic 78 '4	71 203	4 2034	21	15,00	0 1934	Jan	221	Ma Ma
•Secured 6s194 •Hanover (City) 7s193 •Hanover (Prov) 6½s_194	7 21	211/	22	6,00	0 20	Jan	23	M
Hanover (Prov) 6 1/28-194	9 20	4 2034	21	13,00 13,00	01 93	Jan Apr	131	i Ja
•Lima (City) Peru 61/28 '	8	- 110	15		161	Jar	183	5 Fe
 Medellin 7s series E_198 Mendoza 4s stamped_198 	51	79	80	11,00 34,00	0 64	Fet		Ma
Mtge Bk of Bogota 7s_194	17	‡21	243	(_ 21	Feb	233	ME
Issue of Oct 1927 Mtge Bk of Chile 6s-193		121	23		163	Jar	23	Ja Ma
68 Stamped	1	151/2	16 14	8,00				
Mitoo Rk of Denmark as	(21	1961/	97	12012	- 96	Ap		
◆Parana (State) 7s196 ◆Rio de Janeiro 6%s_196	59	914	77	8 3,00	6	Ap	103	4 Ja
•Russian Govt 6 /28 19	9	1 1 1 1	3	8	- 3	§ Jar	1 3	4 M
•5½819:	21	3/4		1,00	00 3	2 Jai	1	M
*5½s certificates19: *5½s certificates19: *Santa Fe 7s stamped 19:	21 15 57	53 1	57	9,00	00 45	Ma	r 65	Ja
•Santiago 7819	201	14 14	141		00 113	a Jai		
•7s190	31	141	141	2,00	101 . 117	4 000		COLUMN TO STATE OF

*No par value. a Deferred delivery sales not included in year's range. n Under the rule sales not included in year's range. r Cash sales not included in year's range. z Ex-dividend.

‡ Friday's bid and asked price. No sales were transacted during current week.

† Reported in receivership.

¿ Cash sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or yearly range:

No sales.

y Under-the-rule sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or yearly range:

No sales.

¿ Deferred delivery sales transacted during the current week and not included in weekly or yearly range:

No sales.

Abbretations Used Above—"cod," certificates of deposit; "cons," consolidated; "cum," cumulative; "conv," convertible; "M." mortgage; "n-v," non-voting stock; "vt c," voting trust certificates: "w i," when issued; "w w." with warrants; "x-w "without warrants

Other Stock Exchanges

New York Real Estate Securities Exchange Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, May 13

Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask	Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask
B'way 38th St Bldg— 781945 Bryant Park Bldg 6 1/8 1945 11 West 42d St 6 1/481945	75 26 29	==	Internat Commerce Bldg— 6½s———————————————————————————————————	5 6 77 10	==

Baltimore Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	H	gh
Arundel Corp* Balt Transit Co com v t c.* Ist pref v t c* Black & Decker com* Consol Gas E L & Pow*	67	16½ 5% 1¾ 13¼ 64	671/2	50 7 115 77 364	12 1/8 1/4 1/8 9 1/8 5 5 1/8	Mar Apr Mar Mar Mar	175% 1 2½ 17¾ 70	Jan
5% preferred100 Eastern Sugar Assoc com_1 Preferred1	1131/4	113¼ 6 14	115 61/8 141/2	156 120 100	112½ 4¾ 11	Apr Mar Mar	115 8½ 18½	Feb Jan Jan
Fidelity & Deposit	28 1/8 1 3/4 1 3/4 1 2	96 % 28 7	99 18 29 16 14 6 14 6 14 2 1 14 12 22 5%	134 137 5 550 30 84 47 1,625 200 20 235	75% 28% 1½ 11½ 6½ 11¾ 6¼ 1¾ 10 21	Mar Apr May Mar Apr May Mar May Mar Apr	104½ 35½ 1½ 17½ 7 % 3 2½ 16¾ 25%	Jan Jan May Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
	121/4	44 1/8 9 5/8 1 1/8 67 1/4 11 3/8	441/8 10 11/8 671/4 13	25 476 1,000 55 2,466	42¾ 7¾ 1¼ 59¼ 8%	Apr Mar May Apr Mar	44 1/8 11 3/4 1 5/6 75 15 1/8	May Jan Jan Jan Jan
Bonds— Balt Transit Co 4s (flat) '75 A 5s flat1975 B 5s flat1975 Finance Co of Am 4%_1942 4%1947	20	18¼ 20 80¼ 99½ 93	20 22 81 99½ 93	\$5,500 1,850 1,500 1,000 1,000	15 15½ 78 96¾ 92	Mar Mar Mar Feb Apr	23 ¾ 27 85 99 ¾ 94	Jan Jan Feb Mar Apr

Boston Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

| Friday | | Sales |

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Ht	gh
Amer Pneumatic Ser— Common * 6% non-cum pref 50 1st preferred 50 Amer Tel & Tel 100 Associated Gas & Elec A 1		11/4 14 14 1287/8	1½ 14 133½ 1½	40 80 30 2,074 48	32e 1 11 110 %		80c 1 7/8 15 149 5/8 1 7/8	Feb Mar May Jan Apr
Bigelow-Sanford Carp com* Boston & Albany100 Boston Edlson Co100 Boston Elevated100 Boston Herald-Traveller_* Boston & Maine—	79 120 57 1434	1938 77 119 57 1418	19% 79 121 58% 15	40 696 549 150 161	60 108 4814 1314	Mar	21 108 ½ 125 58 ½ 20 ½	Feb Jan Apr May Jan
Preferred std	11/8 8 21/8 21/2 25/8 	1 1/8 7 3/8 2 2 1/2 2 5/8 8 1/2 3 5	1 1/8 8 2 1/2 2 1/2 2 5/8 9 1/2 40	65 104 183 110 100 35 25	1 1/8 5 1/2 1 1/2 2 1/8 2 1/2 8 1/2 3 5	Mari	25% 12 4 414 5 1212 75	Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan Jan Jan
Calumet & Hecla25 Copper Range25 East Gas & Fuel Assn—	41/2	6 1/8 4 1/2	7½ 4½	310 130	5 3/8 4 1/4	Mar Mar	103% 734	Jan Jan
Common ** 4½% prior preferred 100 6% preferred ** 100 East Mass St Ry*	51 51	25/8 49 233/4	21/8 51 243/4	125 194 255	2½ 42½ 20	Mar Mar Mar	3 51 ½ 30 %	Jan Jan Jan
Common	19	24 8 3 13 18½	27 8 3 13 20	80 75 10 50 20 875	13 3/4 3 1/4 2 1/2 12 15 3/6	Jan Apr Apr Apr Feb Apr	27 8 334 13 20	Feb May May Jan Feb Mar
Georgian Ind pref cl A20 Gillette Safety Razor* Maine Cent 5% cum pf. 100 Mass Utilities Assoc v tc.1 Mergenthaler Linotype* Narragausett Racing Ass'n	81%	1½ 8⅓ 15 1⅓ 21	1½ 8½ 15 1% 22	100 225 20 110 50	1 1/2 7 1/2 1 1/2 1 1/4 1 8 1/8	Feb Mar Mar Mar Mar	15% 11 22 21% 24½	Feb Jan Jan Jan
Inc1 Natl Tunnel & Mines Co.* New England Tel & Tel 100 N Y N H & Hartf RR100 North Butte2.50	41/8 88 45c	4 1 3 4 8 7 1 1 4 4 5 c	47/8 13/4 881/2 11/2 50c	200 100 410 140 1,740	35% 13% 81 114 37¢	Jan Jan Mar Mar Mar	5 % 2 5 % 102 2 7 % 79 c	Feb Jan Jan Jan Jan
Old Colony RR	133% 165% 2 16	2 1 60c 133% 165% 2 16 9 81%	2¼ 1¼ 60c 13½ 17% 2 16 9½ 9½	232 115 30 80 522 370 10 277 1,228	2 1 30c 91/2 131/2 2 15 9	Apr May Jan Mar May Mar May Jan Mar	5 3¾	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan
Forrington Co (The) * Julon Twist Drill Co. 5 Juited Shoe Mach Corp. 25 Preferred. 25 Juah Metal & Tunnel. 1 Valdorf System * Varren Brothers *	16½ 66½ 	21 3/4 16 3/2 63 40 960 6 3/8 2 5/8	22 17 68 5% 40 34 1.00 7 2 34	425 50 1,052 33 1,900 60 391	17 15 50 38 1/8 55 c 5 3/4 1 1/8	Apr Apr Mar Jan Mar Mar Mar	27 ·20 ½ 77 ½ 41 ¼ 1 ½ 8 ½ 4 ½	Jan Feb Jan Jan Jan Jan
Bonds— Castern Mass St Ry— Series A 4½s1948		60	60	2,000	49	Mar	63 1/2	Jan

CHICAGO SECURITIES Listed and Unlisted

Paul H.Davis & Go.

Chicago Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade 10 So. La Salle St., CHICAGO

Chicago Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Stocks— Par	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's of P Low	Range rices High	Week	Range		Jan. 1,	
Abott Laboratories— Common (new)* Adams (J D) Mfg com* Adams Oil & Gas com*	7500	42 8¼	43	250 40	36¼ 7¾	Apr	46	Mar Mar
Adams Oil & Gas com* Advance Alum Castings_5 Aetna Ball Bearing com_1		5 1/8 3 4 3/4	63/8 3 43/4	750 300 100	47/8 2 4	Mar Mar	73/8	Jan
Amer Pub Serv Co pref 100 Armour & Co common5		53 45%	53	20 850	45 37/8	Mar Apr Mar	7½ 56 6%	Jan Jan Jan
Aro Equip Corp com1 Asbestos Mfg Co com1		634	7 11/8	200 400	5½ 5½ 78	Apr	7 13/8	Feb
Assoc Investment com* Athey Truss Wheel cap4		29½ 3¼	30 3 3/8	350 100	27	Mar Apr	365/8 43/4	Jan Jan
Automatic Products com.5 Aviation & Trans C cap.1	11/8	1 134	11/8	100 800	1 11/8	Mar Mar	11/2	Jan Jan
Barlow&Seelig Mfg A com5 Bastian-Blessing Co com.*		87/8 101/4	9 1034	100 450	734	Apr	101/2	Jan Jan
Belden Mfg Co com10 Bendix Aviation com5 Berghoff Brewing Co1		7 111/2	7½ 12¾	950 900	7 8¾	Mar Mar	13 141/8	Jan Jan
Berghoff Brewing Co1 Binks Mfg Co cap1	8 4¾	7¾ 4¾	8	700 100	534	Mar Mar	81/8 63/4	Mar
Bliss & Laughlin Inc cap_5		151/4	16	200	121/2	Mar	221/2	Jan
(New) common5 Brach & Sons (E J) cap*	201/8	20¾ 13¾	22 1/4 13 7/8	3,800 100	16½ 10	Mar Mar	28½ 13½	Jan May
Brown Fence & Wire—		1434	1434	50	14	Apr	221/4	Jan
Bruce Co (E L) com* Burd Piston Ring com1	3 1/4	71/8 31/4	8 31/2	250 300	61/2	Mar Mar	9 7/8 5 1/2	Jan Jan
Castle & Co (A M) com_10	18	61/8 18	6½ 18	2,200 100	5 14 1/2	Mar Mar	85/8 25	Jan Jan
Central Cold Stor com20 Cent Ill Pub Serv pref*	51	11 50¾	11 51½	100 280	411/2	Mar Mar	14 511/2	Jan May
Central Ill Sec— Common——————————————————————————————————		1/2	1/2	500	1/2	Mar		Jan
Convertible pref* Central S W—		45%	45/8	100	4	Apr	61/2	Jan
Common1 Prior lien pref* Central States P & Lt pref*	17/8	1 34 93 ½	21/8 943/4	6,900	90	Mar Apr	97	Jan Jan
Chain Belt Co com*	5	125%	5 125%	280	1234	Apr	51/8 151/2	Jan Mar
Cherry Burrell Corp com_5 Chicago Corp common_*	2	15 2	15 21/8	100 4,950	15	May Mar	211/8	Jan Jan
Preferred* Chic Flexible Shaft com5	57	28½ 53	29½ 57	1,200 850	25¾ 38½	Mar Jan	34 591/2	Feb Feb
Chic & No West Ry com100 Chicago Towel Co—		7/8	1	100	3/4	Mar	15/8	Jan
Convertible pref* Cities Service Co—		98¾	99	30	961/4	Apr	100	Jan
(New) com10 Commonwealth Edison— New capital25		10	101/8	1,150		May		May
Compressed Ind Gases cap*	26 5/8 14 3/4	25¾ 12½	28 151/2	16,450 1,450	22 12	Mar May	28 25	May Jan
Consolidated Biscuit com_1 Consumers Co—		51/4	51/2	450	33/8	Mar		Мау
		51/8 49	51/8 493/4	30	48	Feb May	6¼ 70	Jan Feb
Cunningham Dr Stores 21/2	75%	121/2	13 1/8	650	11%	Apr	15%	Jan
Dayton Rubber Mfg com.* Decker (Alf) & Cohn com10 Dixle Vortex Co com*		75/8 21/4 141/2	8 23/8 147/8	200 150	15%	Mar Mar	10¾ 3⅓	Jan Jan
Class A * Dodge Mfg Corp com*		3014	3134 91/2	250 150 50	14 30 7½	Apr Mar	16¾ 34	Jan Jan
Elec Household Util cap_5	31/8	3 17	31/4 18	450 200	15	Mar Mar Mar	14 ½ 4¼ 24	Jan Jan Jan
Four-Wheel Drive Auto_10	10	5	5 101/8	100 550	5 8	Mar Mar	634	Mar May
Fox (Peter) Brewing com_5 Fuller Mfg Co com1 Gen Finance Corp com1	27/8	17/8	27/8	100 150	11/2 21/2	Mar Mar	234	Jan Jan
Gen Household Util— Common	11/8	1	11/6	2,100	1	Mar	234	Jan
Gossard Co (H W) com_* Great Lakes D & D com_*		734	734	100	6	Mar Mar	834	Jan Feb
Hall Printing Co com10 Heileman Brew Co G cap_1		634	634	50 450	5 514	Mar Jan	71/4	Jan Apr
Hein Werner Motor Parts 3 Horders Inc com*	5	5 1234	51/4 13	600 100	1214	Mar Apr	614	Jan Jan
Houdaille-Hershey cl B* Hubbell Harvey Inc com.5		7½ 9½	814	700	51/8 81/2	Mar Mar	11¾ 11	Jan Jan
Hupp Motors com1 Ill North Util pref100		107	107	200	100	Mar Mar	108	Jan Jan
Indep Pneu Tool s t c* Indiana Steel Prod com1	19	1834	19 41/2	250 150	141/2	Mar May	29	Jan Jan
Jarvis (W B) Co cap1 Jefferson Electric com*		13¼ 19	13 1/2	300 50	111/2	Mar Mar	18¾ 23⅓	Jan Jan
Kellogg Switchboard & Sup	61/4	61/8	61/4	200		Mar	71/4	Jan
Ken-Rad T & Lamp comA*	80	80	80 87/8	70 250	65 51/2	Feb Mar	80 12	Apr Jan
Kentucky Util jr cum pf 50 6% pref100	551/2	55 ½	23 55½	80 10	20 53	Mar	28½ 60½	Jan Jan
Kingsbury Breweries cap 1		334	1	400 100	3 3/8	Mar Feb	5 .	Mar Mar
Lib McNeil & Libby com.* Lincoln Printing Co com.*		678	6 1/8 3 1/4	350	6 2	Mar Apr	9	Jan Jan
Lion Oil Ref Co com* Loudon Packing com*	21 3/8	21 3/8	314 2138 178	100 100	15%	Mar Apr	25 21/4	Jan Jan
Manhattan Dearborn com * Marshall Field com*	8	8 8	81/2	350 2,445		Mar Mar	934	Jan Jan
Mer & Mfrs Sec cl A com_1 Prior preferred*	41/4	$\frac{4}{22}$	22	500 20		Mar Mar	25	Jan Apr
Mickelberry's Food Prod— Common 1		21/2	25/8	300	134	Mar	3	Jan
Middle West Corp cap5 Stock purchase warrants	61/4	6 5/8	67/8	12,250 2,100	41/8	Mar Mar	7 2	Jan Jan
Midland United Co— Common *		414	3/8	900	14	Jan	3/8	Jan
Conv preferred A* Midland Util—			41/2	250	3	Feb	5	Jan
6% pref A100 7% prior lien100		134	2 7/8	20 270	. 1 1/2	Apr	134	Mar Jan

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr Low	ices High	Week Shares	Lot	0	Hig	h
Miller & Hart Inc conv pf_*		3	3	100	21/8	Jan	47/8	Feb Jan
Montgomery Ward cl A *	137	136	137	250	126	Apr	140	Jan
National Pressure Cooker 2		434	434	50	4	Mar	61/2	Mar
Nat Republic Inv Tr pref.*		51/8	51/8	80	31/4	Jan	61/8	
National Standard com_10	161/2	161/2	16%	200	131/4	Apr	231/2	Jan
Noblitt-Sparks Ind com 5	151/2	1514	15%	400	12	Mar	2314	Jan
North American Car com20		17/8	17/8	300	134	Apr	25%	Jan
Northwest Bancorp com *		6	614	1,300	5	Mar	834	Jan
Northwest Util 7% pf_100	17	15	191/2	120	81/2	Mar		May Jan
Prior lien pref100		28	31	90	181/2	Apr	32	Feb
Oshkosh B'Gosh conv pfd *		26	26	20	26	May	271/2	
Parker Penn Co com10		1514	1514	50		Jan		
Peabody Coal cl B com*	1/2	1/2	1/2	2.600		Apr	1	Jan
Penn Elec Switch conv A 10		131/4	1314	50		Apr		Mar
Peoples G L & Coke cap 100		3134	321/8	100		Mar	33	Feb
Prefect Circle Co*		24	24	40		Mar	29	Jan
Pines Winterfront com1		5/8	5/8	50		Mar	11/4	Jan
Potter Co (The) com1		5/8	3/4	600	5/8	May	11/2	Jan
Quaker Oats Co common.*		931/4	3.9	140		Mar	100%	Jan
Raytheon Mfg 6% pf v t c 5		11/8	11/4	150		Jan	· 11/4	Feb
Common v t c500		27/8	31/8	500		Mar	31/2	May
Reliance Mfg Co com10	91/2	91/2	91/2	50		Mar	111/4	Jan
Rollins Hos Mills com1		11/8	11/8	1,350		Mar	11/8	Jan
Sangamo Elec com	181/8	181/8	181/8	100		Mar	27	Jan
Sears Roebuck & Co com_		581/2	60	200		Mar	63 1/8	Feb
Serrick Corp cl'B com1	31/4	31/4	31/4	150		Mar	53/8	Jan
Singer Steel Castings com.		10	101/4	70	10	May	13	Feb
Sou Bend Lathe Wks cap-	1514	151/4	1514	100			17	Feb
Southw Gas & El 7% pf 100)	95	95	80		Apr	100	Jan
St Louis Natl Stkyds cap.		63 1/2	63 1/2			Jan	64	Mar
Standard Dredge com	k	. 2	21/4	300			31/4	
Convertible preferred_20)	1114	12	200		Mar	13	Jan
Swift International1	5	1 00	2614	200		Mar		Jan
Swift & Co2			1634	800	15	Mar		Jan
Trane Co (The) common_		16	1614	400				
Utah Radio Products com		1	11/8	1,500	1/8	Mar		Jan
Util & Ind conv pref			17/8	400	11/4	Mar		Feb
Common				400		Jan		
Walgreen Co common					15	Mar		
Williams Oil-O-Matic com		3	3	100		Mar		
Wisc Bankshares com		334	4	700	334	Mar		
Woodall Indust com	2 31/			150	234	Apr		
Zenith Radio Corp com	*	115			988	Mar	171/2	Jan

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Cincinnati Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since J	Ian. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	Low P	rices High	Shares	Lot	w	Hig	h
Aluminum Industries * Aluminum Industries * Amer Prod part pref * Champ Paper & Fibre * Apreferred 100 Churngold * Cin Gas & Elect pref 100 Cin Street 50 Cin Telephone 50 Crosley Radio * Eagle-Picher 10 Gibson Art * Goldsmith * Hatfield part pref 100 Kroger * Little Mami Guar * Manischewitz *	9½ 96 8½ 9½	16¼ 5 18½ 98½	16¼ 5 20 99¼ 9½ 96 3⅓ 78 8⅓ 9½ 24 5⅓ 6	79 30 21 46 5 327 20 105 100 27 186 100 40 27 2	15 5 18½ 97¾ 6½ 90 3 75 6 75 6 22½ 5	Mar Feb May Apr Feb Apr May Jan Mar Mar Mar Mar Jan Mar	18½ 5½ 31 105½ 9½ 100¼ 5 81 10½ 77 7 17½ 100 10½	Jan Apr Jan Mar Apr Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
P & G * 8% pref 100 Rapid * U S Playing Card 10 Wurlitzer 10 Preferred 100		46 215 18 23½ 7½ 70		123 1 15 26 100 14	21¼ 7½	Mar Jan Apr Jan Mar Mar	50 58 217 27 24 1/2 10 80	Jan Apr Jan May Jan Mar

Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities Members Cleveland Stock Exchange



Union Trust Building, Cleveland A. T. & T. CLEV. 565 & 566 Telephone: CHerry 5050

Cleveland Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Last	Week's			Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par Price		rices High	Week Shares	Lo	w.	Hig	h
Airway Elec Appl pref 100 Amer Coach & Body 5 City Ice & Fuel * Preferred _ 100 Clark Controller _ 1 Cleve Cliffs Iron pref _ * Cleve El Illum \$4.50 pref . * Cleveland Railway _ 100 Cliffs Corp vt c _ * 14½	91/8 11 63 16 48 107 231/2	91/8 11 63 16 491/2 107	10 25 210 5	4 1/8 8 10 63 14 1/2 44 107 20 11	Apr Mar May Apr Mar May Apr May	6 11½ 12¾ 65½ 20⅓ 64⅓ 111½ 32 18¾	Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan Jan
Elect Controller & Mfg _* Faultless Rubber* Halle Bros pref100 Harbauer Co* Interlake Steamship* 30	19¾ 33½ 5½ 30	33 ¾ 5 ½ 32	30 100 190	313/8 5	Jan May Apr Jan Mar	70 21½ 37½ 6½ 44½	Mar Feb Jan Jan
Kelley Isl Lime & Tra* 15 Lamson & Sessions* Leland Electric* 9 Lima Cord Sole & Heal1	15 5 9 2	15 5 9 21/4	26 5 15 125	14¾ 3½ 8 2	Mar Mar Jan Apr	18½ 6¼ 10¼ 4	Jan Jan Jan Jan

		Week's	Week's Range		Range Since Jan. 1, 1			1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	ices High	Week Shares	Lor	0	Hig	h
National Refining 25 National Tile *	21/8	3 2	3 21/8	108 140	25%	Mar Mar	4¾ 3	Jan Jan
Patterson-Sargent * Peerless Corp 3	61/4	16 5	16 6¾	81 1,300	16 4	Mar Mar	19½ 6¼	Feb May
Reliance Electric & Eng. 5 Richman Bros. * Seiberling R 8% cum pf 100	95/8 34 14	95/8 32 13	95/8 34 14	35 38 20	8¾ 30 12	Apr Mar Apr	$11\frac{1}{2}$ $36\frac{1}{2}$ $32\frac{1}{2}$	Jan Jan Jan
Van Dorn Iron Works ** Vichek Tool ** Warren Refining ** Weinberger Drug Inc **	51/8	2½ 5½ 2 17	2½ 5½ 2 17	65 85 90 50	5	Mar Mar Mar May	35/8 7 21/2 20	Apr Feb Jan Jan

WATLING, LERCHEN & HAYES

New York Stock Exchange

New York Curb Associate
Chicago Stock Exchange DETROIT

Buhl Building Telephone: Randolph 5530

Detroit Stock Exchange
May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since J	an. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Pri	ces High	Week Shares	Lor	0 .	Hig	h
Allen Electric com1	7.7	88c	90c	300	1318	Jan	11/2	Jan
Auto City Brew com1	40c		40c	700	37c	May	3/4	Jan
Baldwin Rubber com1	6	6	61/8	1.190	43/4	Mar	914	Jan
Briggs Mfg com*		193/8	1934	1,260	131/2	Mar	26	Jan
Durroughe Add Mach *	153/8	153%	1614	740	153/8	Apr	2014	Jan
Burroughs Add Mach* Burry Biscuit com121/2	20/8	21/8	214	210	1 1/8	Mar	31/8	Jan
Brown McClaren		114	11/4	100	11/4	May	11/4	May
Chrysler Corp com5	431/2	43	46 5/8	2,887	36	Mar	62 1/8	Jan
Consolidated Paper com_10	20/2		135%	725	1314	Mar	15%	Feb
Congumers Steel			90c	. 341	87c	Mar	11/8	Apr
Consumers Steel		114	13/8	300	11/8	Mar	11/8	Jan
Detroit Edigon com 100		88	89	39	77	Mar	108	Jan
Det Gray Iron com5		116	11/2	100	11/4	Mar	2	Jan
Det-Mich Stove com1		1 1/2 2 1/8	21/8	650	2	Jan	31/4	Jan
Det Paper Prod com1	21/8	21/8	21/4	400	17/8	Mar	35/8	Jan
Det Steel Corp com5	2/8	1034	10%	570		Apr	16	Jan
Ex-Cell-O Aircraft com3		13	1314	938	9	Mar	131/2	Jan
71 1	1 1 5/		15/8	1.000	1	Mar	15/8	Jan
Conoral Motors com	30%		32 5/8	2,701	25%	Mar	38	Jan
General Motors com10 Goebel Brewing com1	3078	3	3	515	25/8	Mar	3 1/8	Jan
Grand Valley Brew com1	1 0		65c				70c	Feb
Grand valley brew com			21/4	100		Mar	33/8	Jan
Hall Lamp com* Hoover Ball & Bear com_10		71/2	71/2	232			121/2	Jan
		7 7/8	7 7/8	125		Mar	11 1/8	Jan
Houdaille-Hershey B *		63%	65%	530			9 1/8	Jan
Hudson Motor Car com*	500	50c	50c			Apr	3/4	Jan
Hurd Lock & Mfg com1	17		1 1/8	548			31/2	Jan
Kingston Prod com1	11/	181/8	181/8	1,150		Mar	1814	Jan
Kresge (SS) com10 Lakey Fdy & Mach com_1		21/8	21/8	200		Mar	31/4	Jan
Masco Screw Prod com1	1 1	900	95c	685	81c	Mar	15/8	Jan
McClanahan Oil com1			41c		1/4	Mar	55c	
McClanahan Ref com1		71c	72c			Mar	11/4	Jan
Mich Sugar com	600		60c		40c	Mar	3/4	Jan
Mid-West Abrasive com500		i	11/8	225	1	Mar	2	Jan
Murray Corp com10	53/		534	1,320	41/6	Mar	71/2	Jan
Packard Motor Car com*	0/2		4	534		Mar	51/2	Jan
Parke Davis com*		36 1/2	361/2	728		Jan	371/4	Feb
Parker Wolverine com			61/2	264		Apr	12	Jan
Penin Metal Prod com	15/		1 1%	800		May	31/2	Jan
Penin Metal Frod Com	170		134	400	11/6	Apr	23/8	Jan
Prudential Investing com			31/2	818	27/8	Mar	4	Jan
Rickel (H W) com2		21/2	21/2			Mar	43/8	Jan
River Raisin Paper com		24	2434	228		Jan	27	Feb
Scotten-Dillon comI	21/2	21/2	234	888			4	Jan
Standard Tube B com	47		96	45		Jan	96	May
Stearns (Fred'k) pref100		934	934	150			14	Jan
Timken-Det Axle com10			314	980		Mar	41/2	Mar
Tivoli Brewing com	31/						17/8	Jan
Tom Moore Dist com	90	4	4	370		Mar	61/8	Jan
Union Investment com United Shirt Dist com			31/8	100			5	Jan
United Shirt Dist com		31/8	3 78	100		Mar	55%	Jan
			2	350			3 1/2	
		1 7/8	2	200		Apr	25/8	Jan
		1 7/8					13/8	
Warner Aircraft com	77							Jan
Wolverine Brewcom	lana-	26c				May	65%	Jan
Wolverine Tube com	41	4 1/2	41/2	200	11 4 72	way	078	- Out

WM.CAVALIER & Co.

Chicago Board of Trade New York Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange San Francisco Stock Exchange 523 W. 6th St. Los Angeles Teletype L.A. 290

Los Angeles Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's			Range	Since J	an. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Pr	ices High	Week Shares	Lo	10	Hig	h
Bandini Petroleum Co1 Berkey & Gay Furn Co1 Bolsa-Chiea Oil A com10 Buckeye Union Oil com1 Broadway Dept Store Chrysler Corp Chrysler Corp Claude Neon Elec Prods Consolidated Oil Corp Consolidated Oil Corp Creameries of Amer v t c Douglas Aircraft Co Exeter Oil Co A com General Motors com Gladding-McBean & Co Globe Grain & Milling Zibo Corp	62½c 2½ 3c 7¾ 45 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 6 5c 32 7 % 8	2½ 3c 7¼ 45 75% 8% 4 4½ 47 62½c 31¾ 8	2% 65c 2½ 3c 7½ 46 8 85% 4 47,67,20 32¼ 75% 8	400 2,000 400 200 1,500 200 200 1,900 400 200 1,900	52½c 1¾ 3c 7½ 36 6½ 2½ 3% 43 60c 25¾ 7	May Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar	4 1.00 23% 5c 8 62½ 10½ 47% 43% 47 95c 37% 9	Jan Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan May Jan Jan Mar Feb Jan

For footnotes see page 3161.

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938
Stocks (Concluded) Pa		Low	High	Shares	Low	High
Hancock Oil Co A com Holly Development Hupp Motor Car Corp	72½c	75c	75c 75c	400 400 100	25¼ Jan 65c Mar 75c May	30¼ Mar 95c Apr 1.50 Jan
Intercoast Petroleum	55c 4c 5c	4c	4c	1,100 1,100 1,000	52½c Apr 35c Jan 5c Jan	57 1/2 Apr 35c Jan
Kinner Airpl & Motor	11c	3c 11c	4c	25,318 800	3c May 10c Apr	7c Apr 12c Apr 18c Jan
Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 Los Angeles Industries2	93/8	9 25%	91/2	1,100	5% Mar 2 Jan	10½ Jan 3½ Mar
Los Angeles Investment10 Mascot Oil Co1	3 % 50c	3 5/8 49c	3 % 55c	2,600	3½ Mar 49c May	4% Feb 75c Jan
Menasco Mfg Co1 Mt Diablo Oil M & Dev_1	1 80c	80c 52⅓c	90c 55c	1,200 500	80c Mar 52½c May	1% Jan 70c Jan
Nordon Corp Ltd1 Occidental Petroleum1	21c	8c 21c	9c 21c	200 1,100	8c Apr 19c Apr	15c Jan 30c Jan
Oceanic Oil Co1 Pacific Clay Products*	90c 5¾	85c	90c 5¾ 27¾	400 200	80c Marl	1.20 Jan 716 Mar
Pacific Gas & Elec com25 6% 1st pref25	27 1/8	27 1/8 29 1/8	27 1/8	100	23½ Mar 28 Mar	27 % May
Pacific Lighting com* 6% preferred*	38	38 103¾	38 104	200	32% Mar	391/2 Jan
Pacific Public Serv com* 1st preferred*	5 % 17 %	55%	5 % 17 %	500	4% Mar	104% Jan 5% May
Puget Sound Pulp & Tbr_*	45%	17 1/8 4 5/8	45%	100 100	17% May 4% May	17% May 7% Feb
Republic Petroleum com_1 5½% preferred50	33	33	45% 34½	1,600 112	3 Mar 30 Mar	5¼ Jan 37¼ Jan
Rice Ranch Oil Co1 Richfield Oil Corp com* Ryan Aeronautical Co1	25c 5% 1.20	23c 55% 1.20	25c 61/8 1.30	2,200 2,200 400	17c Mar 5 Mar 1.05 Mar	25c May 7½ Jan 1½ Jan
Samson Corp B com*	2	2	2	402	1.25 Apr	2.00 May
6% preferred10 Sierra Trading Corp25c	4½ 5c	4 5c	4½ 6c	20,000	2½ Mar 5c Mar	4½ May 12c Jan
Sontag Chain Stores Co*	22	22	23	200 100	20 Feb 7¾ Jan	271/8 Apr
6% pref B 25	22 % 27 ½	22¼ 27¼	223/8 273/2	200 300	193% Mar 253% Apr	24 1/8 Jan
6% pref B25 5½% pref C25 to Calif Gas 6% pref A _ 25 outhern Pacific Co100	25 1/8 29 3/4	25 2934	25¼ 29¾	500	23½ Apr	25 1/2 Feb
outhern Pacific Co100	1414	121/4	141/4	1,300	28¼ Apr 9½ Mar	30% Jan 21% Jan
standard Oil Co of Calif* Sunray Oil Corp1	273/4	273/4	3034 258	1,000 200	25½ Mar 2¼ Mar	33 1/4 Jan 3 1/4 Jan
uperior Oil Co (The)25 ransamerica Corp2	31 934	31 9½	31 97/8	1,500	26 Mar 81/8 Mar	36¼ Feb 12¾ Jan
Inion Oil of Calif25 Iniversal Consol Oil10	18%	185%	20 11½	1,400	17¼ Mar	2156 Feb
Weber Shwese & Fix 1st pf*	3	3	3	15	3 1/2 Apr	11½ Apr 3½ Apr
Vestern Air Exprights1 Vosemite Ptld Cement pf10	30c 31/8	25c 3	30c 31/8	200 200	15c May 2½ Mar	30c Apr 3¼ Jan
Mining— Blk Mammoth Cons M 10c	23c	22½c	23c	4,000	12c Mar	23с Мау
alumet Gold10c	1c 12c	1c 12c	1c 12c	19,000	1c Jan 10c Mar	2c May 22c Jan
Consol Chollar G & S M1 mperial Development_25c	3 1½c	3 1½c	3 1½c	8,000	3 Mar 1c Mar	4¼ Apr 3c Apr
Unlisted— merican Rad & Std Sani_*	1234	1234	1234	100	9% Mar	141/8 Feb
viation Corp (The) (Del)3 Caterpillar Tractor Co*	41/8	41/8	41/8	100 200	3 Mar 36¾ Mar	4½ Jan 44% Feb
Commonwealth & South* Curtiss-Wright Corp1	134	134	134	300	11/8 Apr	1% May
nternational Tel & Tel*	834	834	834	200 100	3½ Mar 5% Mar	5¼ Jan 8¾ Apr
ennecott Copper Corp_* fontgomery Ward & Co_*	35 33 5/8	35 33 1/8	35 33 5/8	100	27% Mar 29 Mar	41 Jan 36¾ Feb
lew York Central RR* For American Aviation1 Forth American Co*	14 9¼ 21¼	14 9 20	95/8 211/4	1,300 200	10% Mar 6 Mar 15 Mar	193% Jan 103% Jan 213% Jan
hio Oil Co* ackard Motor Car Co*	101/8	101/6	101/2	300	10½ May	12½ Apr
'aramount Pictures Inc*	378 818	3 1/8 7 1/8	3 1/8 8 1/8	100	3% Mar 6% Apr	5% Jan 8½ Apr
ears Roebuck & Co* Inited Aircraft Corp5	601/8	601/8	601/8	100	60 1/8 May 24 1/4 Apr	60 1/8 May 28 May
J S Rubber Co * J S Steel Corp *	28½ 46¼	28½ 46¼	28½ 46¼	100	25¾ Apr 38¼ Mar	31 3/8 Mar 61 3/4 Jan
Warner Bros Pictures 5	514	514	514	200	31/8 Mar	7½ Jan

Established 1874

DeHaven & Townsend

Members New York Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange

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Philadelphia Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range	Stnce	Jan. 1.	1938
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	w	Hi	gh
American Stores*	75	73%	. 81/8	329	61/8	Mar	115%	Jar
American Tel & Tel100	132 1/2	128 7/8	132 1/8	367	1111%	Mar	1495%	Jar
Barber Co10		171/8	171/8	21	1214	Mar	1878	Fet
Bell Tel Co of Pa pref 100	11634	1161/4	11714	286	1141/8	Mar	11916	Jan
Budd (EG) Mfg Co*		4 3/8	416	116	3 7/8		65%	Jar
Budd Wheel Co*		35/8	334	60	21/8		53%	Jar
Chrysler Corp5	4334	4234	46 3/8	1.147	36	Mar	63 1/8	Jai
Elec Storage Battery 100		25 1/8	263/8	240	21 7/8		313/8	
General Motors10	301/8	301/8	32 7/8	822	251/2	Mar	4134	Feb
Horn & Hard (Phila) com_*		101	10114	25	100%	Jan	1081/2	Mai
(N Y) com*	225/8	221/4	23 5%	191	211/4	Feb	2434	Mai
Lehigh Coal & Navigation *		334	334	78	31/8	Mar	47/8	Feb
Lenigh Valley50		41/2	41/2	29	3	Mar	678	Feb
Natl Power & Light*	8	73/8	81/8	656	4 7/8	Mar	814	Jar
Pennroad Corp v t c1	178	134	2	2.063	11/2	Mar	27/8	Jar
Pennsylvania RR50	16 %	163%	175%	1,205	141%	Mar	30 1/4	Jar
Phila Elec of Pa \$5 pref *		1131/2	11514	69	112	Feb	11614	Mai
Phila Elec Pow pref25		301/8	30 34	330	291/8	Apr	321/8	Feb
Phila Insulated Wire **		171/2	171/2	40	171/2	May	1912	Feb
Phila Rapid Tran 7% pf_50		21/2	3	212	2	Mar	41/2	Jan
Salt Dome Oil Corp1	251/6	231/4	27 1/8	14.565	10%	Jan	27 7/8	May
Scott Paper*		40	41	21	3514	Mar	421/2	Jan
Tonopah-Belmont Devel_1	116	116	116	500	110	Jan	1/8	Feb
Tonopah Mining1	7/8	3/4	3/8	1,310	. 1/2	May	11/2	Jar
Transit Invest Corp pref		1	114	431	7/8	Apr	21%	Mar
Union Traction50		2 7/8	3	175	15%	Jan	31/8	Mar
United Corp com*	31/8	27/8	33/8	1,237	1 1/8	Mar	35/8	Jan
Preferred*		30	325/8	465	221/2		325/8	May
United Gas Improv com *	10 1/8	10%	111/8	6,553	85/8	Mar	1116	Jan
Preferred*	105 78	105	1061/8	153	997/8	Mar	1063%	Jan
Westmoreland Inc*	9	9	9	25	6 3/8	Apr	10 1/8	Jar
Westmoreland Coal *		. 9	918	48	678	Apr	101%	Jar

H. S. EDWARDS & CO.

UNION BANK BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA.
Tel. Court-6800 A. T. & T. Tel. Pitb-391

120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Specialists in Pittsburgh Securities

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Week's Range Sale of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938				
Stocks Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Los	w	Hig	h
Allegheny Steel com*		161/8	161/8	35	11%	Mar	21 7/8	Jan
Arkansas Natural Gas *		31/4	31/4	100	21/2	Mar	4	Jan
Armstrong Cork Co*		30	30	200	2434	Mar	39	Jan
Blaw-Knox Co*	121/8	121/8	12%	101	103/8	Mar	15	Mar
Byers (A M) com*	95%	81/8	95%	63	614	Mar	113%	Jan
Carnegie Metals Co1	70c	70c	75c	880	60c	Mar	134	Jan
Clark (D L) Candy Co *		41/2	. 5	300	334	· Jan	51/4	Apr
Columbia Gas & Electric. *		67/8	75%	575	5	Mar	91/2	Jan
Duquesne Brewing Co5		10	101/2	720	8	Apr	14	Jan
Follansbee Bros pref100		81/4	81/4	80	5	Mar	11	Jan
Fort Pitt Brewing1		70c	75c	600	70e	Feb	80c	Jan
Jones & Laughlin St pfd 100		55	55	10	501/2	Apr	731/	Jan
Koppers G & Coke pref 100	100	100	1001/2	57	96	Apr	105	Jan
Lone Star Gas Co*		8.	8	605	65%	Mar	9	Jan
McKinney Mfg Co*		1	11/8	300	90c	Apr	11/2	Feb
Mountain Fuel Supply 10		5	51/8	662	43/8	Apr	65/8	Jan
Phoenix Oil common25c	2c	2c	2c	1.500		May	5c	Jan
Pittsburgh Forging Co1		61/2	7	355	47/8	Mar	914	Jan
Pittsburgh Plate Glass25	74%	731/4	743/8	191	56	Apr	901/4	Jan
Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt *		61/8	65%	128	51/8	Mar	9	Jan
Plymouth Oil Co5	1834	1834	1834	50	153/8	Mar	20	Mar
Shamrock Oil & Gas1		21/2	21/2	100	11/2	Apr	4	Jan
United Engine & Foundry 5		29 7/8	29 7/8	10	22	Mar	34 1/8	Jan
		1	1	36	1	May	11/2	Jan
Westinghouse Air Brake *		20 1/8	225%	345	15 1/8	Mar	2714	Jan
Westinghouse El & Mfg. 50	77 1/8	761/2	81 1/8	287	621/4	Mar	1073/8	Jan
Unlisted—	3.5		100			10.4		
Pennroad Corp v t c1		2	2	60	11/2	Mar	3	Jan

ST. LOUIS MARKETS

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SAUCE BRUCE St. Louis Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938			
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Low		High	
American Inv com*		201/2	201/2	250	20	May	23	Mar
Brown Shoe com*		28	30	161	28	May	401/2	Jan
Burkart Mfg com1		131/2	131/2	20	101/2	Mar	21	Jan
Coca-Cola Bottling com1		32	32	343	26	Jan	32 -	May
Dr Pepper com * Falstaff Brew com 1		321/2	32 1/8	. 40	231/8	Jan	32 7/8	May
Falstaff Brew com1		91/4	91/4	28	61/2	Mar	10	Apr
Griesedieck-West Br com_*		371/2	3734	155	275%	Jan	38	May
Hussmann-Ligonier com*		11	11	50	11	May	141/2	
Hyde Park Brew com10		381/2	381/2	10	27	Jan	381/2	May
Hydraulic Pr Brick pref 1001		21/2			21/2	May	3	Mar
International Shoe com*	303%		3134	388	281/2	Apr	36	Jan
Knapp Monarch com* McQuay-Norris com*	10 %	10 7/8		15	101/2	Jan	113/8	Mar
McQuay-Norris com*		27	27	15	25	Apr	32	Jan
Mo Port Cement com25	101/8	101/8	103%	332	91/2	Apr	13	Jan
Midwest Pipe & Sply com_*		10	1036	160	814	Feb	101/2	May
Natl Bearings Metals of 100		102	102	25	90	Apr	102	May
Natl Candy com*		71/8		666	5	Mar	8	May
Rice-Stix Dry Gds com*	5	5	. 5	20	4	Apr		Mar
St Louis B Bl Equip com *		2	2	30	2	May	3	Jan
St Louis Car com10		834	834	50	6	Mar	83/4	May
Scruggs-V-B Inc com5	5	5	51/2	247	4	Apr	614	Jan
Southwest Bell Tel pref_100	122	122	123	156	11916	Mar	1231/2	Mar
Scullin Steel wts		60c		20	50c	Mar	1.23	
Wagner Electric com15	21	201/2	2132	197	191/8	Mar	27	Jan
Bonds-								
†Scullin Steel 3s1941		461/2	461/2	\$1,000	401/2	Mar	50	Jan
†United Railways 4s1934	201/2	201/2	21	2,000	20	May	28	Jan
†United Ry 4s c-d's		201/2	20 5/8	9,000	20	Apr	27	Jan

DEAN WITTER & Co.

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San Francisco Seattle Tacoma Portland New York Honolulu Los Angeles
Oakland Sacramento Stockton Fresno Beverly Hills Posadena Long Beach

San Francisco Stock Exchange

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938			
Stocks- Par		Low	High		Lo	w i	Hig	h
Alaska Juneau Gold Min 10 Anglo Am Mine Corp1 Assoc Insur Fund Inc10	230	23c	10 23c 41/8	351 200 2,519	9 23e 2¾	Mar May Jan	13 3/8 45c 4 1/8	Feb Jan Apr

For footnotes see page 3161.

Stocks (Concluded) Par	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's of Pri Low		Sales for Week Shares	Range St	nce Jo	in. 1, 1 High	77
Atlas Imp Diesel Eng Co_5 Bishop Oil Co5 Byron Jackson Co*	9½ 4½ 16	6¾ 4½ 16	91/8 41/2 163/8	3,375 340 768	31/2 1	Mar Mar Mar	9¼ 5¾ 19½	Jan Mar Jan
Calamba Sugar com20	18¾ 20¼	18¾ 20¼	18¾ 20¼	227 200	17	Mar	21 201/2	Jan Jan
Calaveras Cement Co— 7% pref 100 Calif Art Tile B * Calif-Engels Mining Co 1	49 1.25	49 1.25	49 1.25	10 20	49 N 1,25 N	Лау Лау	50 1.75	Jan Feb
Cam Cotton Mins com. 100	25c 71/8	25c 71/8	25c 73/8	500 300	25c 516	Jan Mar	38c 12½ 24	Jan Jan Jan
Calif Packing Corp com* Preferred50 Carson Hill Gold Min cap 1	21¼ 49 25c	20 1/8 48 20c	21¼ 50 20c	993 180 2,658	451/2	Apr Apr	50 30c	Jan Jan
Caterpillar Tractor com* Central Eureka Min com_1	44½ 1.85	44½ 1.75	45 1.85	595 1,150	1.65	Mar Jan May	52¾ 2.35 2.35	Jan Jan Jan
Preferred1 Chrysler Corp5 Clorox Chemical Co10 Coast Counties Gas pf_100	1.85 461/8 30	1.75 463/8 30	1.85 461/8 30	3,210 370 125	371/2	Mar Mar	6234	Jan Jan
Coast Counties Gas pf_100 Calude Neon El Prod(Del)* Cons Chem rts*	105 8 44c	105 8 36c	105 8 47c	100 100 37,784		Apr Mar May	106½ 8¼ 50c	Feb Mar Apr
Consol Aircraft Corp1 Cons Chem Indus A*	173/8 235/8	17¼ 23¾	173/8 24	200 2,410	16½ 22½	Apr	18 33	Jan Jan
Creameries of Amer Inc. 1 Crown Zeller Corp com. 5 Preferred. *	41/8 101/4 71	41/8 91/2 681/4	41/8 101/4 71	3.377 200	71/2	Mar Mar Mar	45/8 12 73	Jan Jan Jan
DiGiorgio Fruit Corp com 10 \$3 pref100	4½ 22½	22	4 1/2 22 1/2	397 50	3 181/4	Mar Mar	51/8 28 145/8	Jan Jan Jan
Emporium Capwell Corp.* 4½% cum pref ww50 Fireman's Fund Insur 25	11 32 741/4	10% 32 74%	11½ 32 74¼	1,097 60 123	2614	Mar Mar Mar	34¾ 76	Jan Jan
Food Mach Corp com10 Galland Merc Laundry*	26¾ 22	26¾ 22	27 24	312 50	17 19	Mar Apr Mar	33 25% 38	Jan Apr Jan
General Motors com10 General Paint Corp com _* Gladding McBean & Co*	30½ 75% 7¾	30½ 7% 7¾	32 5/8 8 8 1/2	1,165 445 340	61/8	Mar Jan	9	Jan Mar
Hale Bros. Stores Inc*	35/8 111/2	35/8 111/2 29	$3\frac{5}{8}$ $11\frac{1}{2}$ $29\frac{1}{4}$	365 180 405	2¼ 11½ 25¼	Apr Apr Mar	41/8 131/2 30	Jan Jan Apr
Hanock Oil Co of Cal A* Hawaiian Pineapple* Home F & M Ins Co10	29 23¼ 34½	231/4	25 1/4 34 1/2	1,920 80	20½ 32½	Apr	29¼ 36	Jan Mar
Honolulu Oil Corn *	17 2.35	17 2.35	17½ 2.35 8½	304 120 40		Mar Mar Apr	$\frac{19}{2.63}$	Jan Mar Jan
Hunt Bros pref10 Hutch Sugar Plant15 Langdendorf U Bk A unst * Preferred*	8½ 14 38	14 37¼	14½ 37¼	1,214 160	12 32½	Apr May	14½ 39	Apr Jan
B* Leslie Salt Co10 Le Tourneau (R G) Inc_1	5½ 34 18½	34	55/8 34 181/2	1,900 115 340	321/2	Apr Apr Mar	5½ 39 18¼	May Jan Mar
Libby McNeill & Lib com * Lockheed Aircraft1 Magnavox Co Ltd2½	7 % 9 ½	73/8	73/8 93/2	3,360	55%	Mar Mar	8¼ 10%	Jan Jan
Magnavox Co Ltd2½ I Magnin & Co com* Marchant Cal Mach com_5	650 9 1256	9	65c 9 125/8	180 1,123 420	8	Jan Mar Mar	11/8 13 145/8	Jan Jan Jan
Market St Ry prior pref 100 Meier & Frank Co10	1414	81/8	141/4	200 240	91/4	Mar Mar	14¼ 95%	May
Natl Automotive Fibres1 Natomas Co* North Amer Oil Cons10	9 1/4 11 3/4	914	5 9¼ 11¾	800 100 740	75/8	Mar Mar Mar	7¼ 10⅓ 13⅓	Jan Jan Feb
Occidental Petroleum 20	58	200	21c	1,844	20c 61/4	Mar May	30c 10¾ 18½	Jan Jan Mar
Oliver United Filters A* B* Paauhau Sugar15	07	6	18½ 6½ 4¾	578 578	35%	Mar Mar May	63/4 12	Jan Jan
Pac Coast Aggregates 10	1.80	1.75	1.80	4,831	23	Jan Mar Mar	2.05 28¼ 30½	Jar Jar Jar
6% 1st pref25 5½% pref25 Pac Lighting com*	297 271 375	27 375/8	27 1/8 38 1/8	687	241/2	Mar Mar	28 40	Jan Jan
6% pref* Pac Pub Ser non-vot com.*	104	103½ 55% 175%	6	957 600	35%	Mar Mar Mar	105 6 18	Mai Jar May
Ist pref	101	101	101 136¼	30 70	871/2	Apr	119¾ 137	Jan Feb
		46	46	20	45	Mar Apr Mar	42 56½ 25	Feb Jan
Rayonier Inc com1 \$2 cum pref25 Republic Petroleum com_1	181	181/2	20	600	18 27%	Mar Mar	29% 5% 14¼	Jar Jar
Rheem Mfg Co com1 Richfield Oil Corp com* S J L & Pow 7% pr pref 100	534		11 34 6 1/8 119	1,730	47/8	Mar Mar Mar	71/8 119	Jan Jan May
Schlesinger Co(B F) pf25 Signal Oil & Gas Co A*	22	22	24 % 13 %	180 310 2,10	20	Apr Mar Mar	26 23	Jan Apr Jan
Soundview Pulp Co com5 Preferred100 Sou Cal Gas 6% pf ser A_25				10	0 60 28	Mar Apr	83	Feb
So Pac Golden Gt A Southern Pacific Co cap 100	13	c 500 123/8	500 14 30%	3,320	91/2	Jan Mar Mar	636 2214 3314	Jai
Standard Oil Co of Calif Texas Consol Oil Co1 Transamerica Corp	75		750	5,93 3,98	70c	Mar Mar	1.20	Jai Jai
Treadwell Yukon CorpLtd1 Union Oil Co of Calif25	187	8 18%	20	1.55	8 171/8	Apr Mar Mar	21 3/2 9 1/4	Fel May
United Air Lines Trans5 Universal Consol Oil10 Waialua Agricultural Co 20	30 3	10 301/4	30 1	2,22	9 6½ 0 28½	Jan Mar	411/	Jai
Western Pipe & Steel Co 10 Yel Checker Cab Co ser I 50	19	17 24	19 25	48		Mar May	22% 32	Jan Jan
Unlisted— American Tel & Tel100	1323	1311	133 c 54	11 30		Jan Mar	1491	
Amer Toll Bridge (Del)5 Anaconda Copper5 Anglo Nat Corp A com	293	8 285	291	89	5 22½ 5 11	Jan Apr	36 17	Ja Ja
Arkansas Nat Gas A	65	8 65	8 65	á 18	7 65%	Mar May Mar	35/ 85/ 51/	Ja
Bankamerica-Blair Corp. Bunker Hill & Sullivan 2.50 Cities Service com10	13 1	13 1 10 3 10 3 10 3 10 3 10 3 10 3 10 3	13½ 10½	10 8 38	0 101/2	Mar May	171	Ja Ma
Claude Neon Lights com_ Curtiss-Wright Corp	1 15	8 15	. 5	44	1 33%	Jan Mar May	5½ 5½ 50	í Ja
Dumbarton Bridge1 Electric Bond & Share Great West Elec Chem cm	87 * 55	8 8 54	55	2,16	0 51/2 0 441/2	Mar Mar	93 59	Ja Ja
Hawaiian Sugar Co2	0 273 * 50	27 bc 50	27½ c 50	c 10	0 27½ 0 35c	May Mar	353 50 6.2	c Fe 5 Ma
Idaho-Maryland Mines_ International Tel & Tel cm Italo Petroleum com	* 87 1 33	8 83 c 33	6 35	c 1,11 c 84	3 6 5 27e	Feb Mar	83 50	g Ja c Ja
Preferred Kleiber Motor Co1 M J & M & M Cons1	1 2.0	0 2.0 c 12	0 2.1 c 14 c 21	5 80 c 24 c 4.10	2 120	Mar May Mar	3.2 17 38	c Fe
Mountain City Copper_5 No American Aviation	c 53	8 5½ 8 9	8 55 93	2,37	5 61/8	Mar	93	Ja Ja
Oahu Sugar Co Ltd cap_2	0 223	221	11 6 61	12 2 4 24	0 11	May May Mar	35 20 71	Ja Ja § Ja
Radio Corp of America Riverside Cement Co A So Calif Edison 51/2% pf 2:	293	4 291	6 1/2 29 1/2	31	0 5 24	Apr	251	Fe Fe
U S Petroleum Co	453	6 45	461	,29	2 40 7/8 0 1	Mar Mar Mar	1.5 60½ 15	j Ja
Utah-Idaho Sugar com Western Air Exprights		8 3				May		

a 2nd Liq. Div. Pay. Endorsed. b Ex-stock dividend.
7 Cash sale—Not included in range for year. z Ex-dividend. y Ex-rights.
2 Listed. † In default.

Statement of Sugar Statistics of AAA for First Three Months of 1938-Deliveries Below Year Ago

The Sugar Section of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration on May 4 issued its monthly statistical statement covering the first three months of 1938, consolidating reports obtained from cane refiners, beet sugar processors, importers, and others. In issuing the statement the Sugar Section said:

Section said:

Total deliveries of sugar during the first quarter of 1938 amounted to 1,250,544 short tons, raw value. Deliveries during the same period last year, in terms of raw sugar value, totaled 1,953,993 short tons. (The total refiners' deliveries for domestic consumption during 1938 are converted to raw value by using the factor 1.059, which is the ratio of refined sugar produced to meltings of raw sugar during the years 1936 and 1937.)

Distribution of sugar in the continental United States, in form for consumption, during the period January-March, 1938, was as follows: By refiners, 837,191 short tons (deliveries shown in Table 2, less exports); by beet sugar factories, 207,144 short tons (Table 2); by importers, 103,542 short tons (Table 3); and by continental cane sugar mills, 29,463 short tons (Table 4). These deliveries, converted to raw value, total 1,250,544 short tons. The distribution of sugar for local consumption in the Territory of Hawaii for the first three months of 1938 was 3,260 tons, and for Puerto Rico it was 11,895 tons (Table 5).

Stocks of sugar on hand March 31 were as follows: Raw sugar held

3,260 tons, and for Puerto Rico it was 11,895 tons (Table 5).

Stocks of sugar on hand March 31 were as follows: Raw sugar held by refiners, 297,816 short tons; refined sugar held by refiners, 391,858 short tons; refined sugar held by beet factories, 821,139 short tons, and direct-consumption sugar held by importers (in terms of refined sugar), 124,424 short tons. These stocks, converted to raw value, equal 1,724,541 short tons as compared with 1,035,417 short tons on the same date last year. Such stocks do not include raws for processing held by importers other than refiners, or stocks of sugar held by continental cane factories.

The data which cover the first three months of 1938 were obtained in the administration of the Sugar Act of 1937, which requires the Secretary of Agriculture to determine consumption requirements and establish quotas for the various sugar producing areas. The statement of charges against the 1938 sugar quotas during the period January-March was released on April 6.

Sugar Statistical Reports-Vol. 5, Report 2, Period: Jan.-March, 1938 TABLE 1—RAW SUGAR: REFINERS' STOCKS, RECEIPTS, MELTINGS AND DELIVERIES FOR DIRECT CONSUMPTION FOR JANUARY-MARCH, 1938 *

(In Short Tons, Raw Sugar Value)

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1938	Receipts	M eltings			Stocks on Feb. 31, 1938
Cuba	41,607	473,500	418,659	292	0	96,156
Hawaii	28.747	121.362	96,664	839	0	52,606
Puerto Rico	54.296	125,104	116,070	138	699	62,493
Philippines	3.878	209,009	161,652	33	0	51,202
Continental	57,060	97,976	125,353	115	0	29,568
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other countries	10.627	26,548	31.384	0	0	5,791
Miscell. (sweepings, &c.)		179	179	0	0	0
Total	196,215	1,053,678	949,961	1,417	699	297,816

*Compiled in the AAA Sugar Section, from reports submitted on Forms SS-15A by 18 companies representing 23 refineries. The companies are: American Sugar Refining Co.; Arbuckle Brothers; J. Aron & Co., Inc.; California & Hawalian Sugar Refining Corp., Ltd.; Colonial Sugar Co.; Godehaux Sugars, Inc.; William Henderson; Imperial Sugar Co.; W. J. McCahan Sugar Refining & Molasses Co.; National Sugar Refining Co. of New Jersey; Ohio Sugar Co.; Pennsylvania Sugar Co.; Revere Sugar Refinery; Savannah Sugar Refining Corp.; South Coast Corp.; Sterling Sugars, Inc.; Sucrest Corp. and Western Sugar Refinery.

TABLE 2-STOCKS, PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF CANE AND BEET SUGAR BY UNITED STATES REFINERS AND PROCESSORS, JANUARY MARCH 1938

(In Terms of Short Tons Refined Sugar as Produced)

	Refiners	Domestic Beet Factories	Refiners and Beet Factories
Initial stocks of refined, Jan. 1, 1938 Production Deliveries New Archael Streeting March 31, 1938	354,810	1,007,951	1,362,761
	886,574	20,332	906,906
	a849,531	b207,144	1,056,675
	391,853	821,139	1,212,992

Compiled by the AAA, Sugar Section, from reports submitted by refiners and eet sugar factories.

beet sugar factories.

a Deliveries include sugar delivered against sales for export. The Department of Commerce reports that exports of refined sugar amounted to 12,340 short tons during the first three months of 1938.

b Larger than actual deliveries by a small amount representing losses in transit, through reprocessing, &c.

TABLE 3-STOCKS, RECEIPTS, AND DELIVERIES OF DIRECT-CONSUMPTION SUGAR FROM SPECIFIED AREAS, JANUARY-MARCH, 1938

(In Terms of Short Tons of Refined Sugar)

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1938	Receipts	Deliveries or Usage	Stocks on March 28, 1938
Cuba	a30,708 0 14,708 6,127 342 0 a7,428	114,400 783 43,800 8,691 49 8 922	60,503 783 32,846 5,984 391 8 3,027	a84,605 0 25,662 8,834 0 0 a5,323
Total	59,313	168,653	103,542	124,424

Compiled in the AAA Sugar Section from reports and information submitted on forms SS-15B and SS-3 by importers and distributors of direct-consumption sugar. a Includes sugar in bond and in customs' custody and control.

TABLE 4—DELIVERIES OF DIRECT-CONSUMPTION SUGAR FROM CONTINENTAL CANE SUGAR MILLS

Deliveries of direct consumption sugar by Louisiana and Florida mills amounted to 29,463 short tons, in terms of refined sugar, during the first three months of 1938

TABLE 5-DISTRIBUTION OF SUGAR FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION IN THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND PUERTO RICO, JANUARY-MARCH, 1938 (Short Tons, Raw Value)

| 3,260 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11,895 | 11

Canadian Markets LISTED AND UNLISTED

Provincial and Municipal Issues

Closing	bid and	asked	quotations.	Frida	v. May 13

Province of Alberta-	Bid	I Ask	Province of Ontario-	Bid	Ask
5sJan 1 1948	1481/2	50	5sOct 1 1942		11236
4½8Oct 1 1956	148	4934	6sSept 15 1943		117%
Prov of British Columbia-		1. 10	58May 1 1959	1211/4	
5sJuly 12 1949	99	100	4sJune 1 1962		1081/2
4½sOct 1 1953	93	941/2	4½sJan 15 1965		11634
Province of Manitoba—		,	4.7		
4½8Aug 1 1941	92	94	Province of Quebec-		000
5sJune 15 1954	98%	99%	4½8Mar 2 1950	109	110
5sDec 2 1959	91	93	4sFeb 1 1958	108	
Prov of New Brunswick-			4 4s May 1 1961		11014
4½8Apr 15 1960	106	1071/2			/2
4½8Apr 15 1961	103%	104%	Prov of Saskatchewan-		8. 100
Province of Nova Scotia-	ida i	1 3 4	5sJune 15 1943	74	77
4½8Sept 15 1952	1071/2	109	51/28Nov 15 1946	73	76
5sMar 1 1960	116	118	4½sOct 1 1951	74	76

Railway Bonds

Canadian Pacific Ry—		Ask	Canadian Pacific Ry-	Bid	Ask
4s perpetual debentures_6sSept 15 1942 4½sDec 15 1944 5sJuly 1 1944	103¼ 95¾	10334	4 1/28Sept 1 1946	99	991/2

Dominion Government Guaranteed Bonds

Canadian National Ry-	Bid	Ask 1	Canadian Northern Ry-	Bid	Ask
Alka Sent 1 1051	11474	1158/	6½sJuly 1 1946	****	
4%sJune 15 1955	117%	118 1	6728July 1 1946	124 1/8	124%
4½8Feb 1 1956	115%	115%	Grand Trunk Pacific Ry-		
4½sJuly 1 1957	115	1151/2			
5sJuly 1 1969		1171/2		9914	100
58Oct 1 1969 58Feb 1 1970		120%		12	

Montreal Stock Exchange May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

١	and the state of t	Last Sale	Week's	Range rices	for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
۱	Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hi	gh
	Agnew-Surpass Shoe*		934		250	91/2	Apr	11	Jar
۱	Alberta Pacific Grain A*	95	25	31/4	80	2	Mar	4	Api
۱	Preferred Solve So	25	131/2	25 13½	5 20	12 11½	Jan	13¾ 13½	Mai
۱	Assoc Tel & Tel pref*		34	34	25	34	Apr	431/2	Apr
I	Bathurst Power & Paper A*	81/4	81/4	834	835	7	Mar	1016	Jan
۱	Bawlf (N) Grain*		2	2	600	1.15	Mar	2.25	Apr
ı	Brazilian Tr I + & Power *	1117	159%		403	147	Mar	166	Jan
۱	British Col Power Corp A *	1178	10¾ 29	121/8 291/2	6,667 225	7½ 27¾	Mar	121/8 33 5/8	Jan Feb
I	Bruck Silk Mills Bruck Silk Mills Canada Cement Preterred Canada Steamship (new) Preferred 50		4	4	95	31/4	Apr Mar	5	Feb
١	Bruck Silk Mills*		31/4	31/4	20	3 1/2 2 1/2	Mar	4	Jan
١	Building Products A*		46	46	20	38	Apr	521/2	Jan
۱	Preferred 100		95/8		1,182	714	Mar	1234	Jan
١	Can Northern Power*	1716	1716	93	143 100	89 171/2	Apr	110	Jan
١	Canada Steamship (new) _*	3	3	33%	1,066	2	Mar	19½ 3½	Jan Jan
I	Preferred50 Canadian Bronze*	934		101/4	1,241	7	Mar	112	Jan
١	Canadian Bronze	351/2	351/2	3516	60	30	Mar	40	Feb
١	Canadian Car & Foundry * Preferred ** Canadian Car & Foundry ** Canadian Car & Foundry **	12 26	12	1214	1,943	714	Mar	121/2	Apr
١	Canadian Celanese *	11	251/2	26 11 5/8	851 280	181/2	Mar Mar	26 1·20	Apr
ı	Canadian Celanese ** Preferred 7% *** 100		100	100	5	97	Apr	106	Jan Jan
۱	Rights*	222222	18	18	20	1634	Mar	20	Jan
١	Canadian Cottons100		67	67	75	65	Mar	67	May
I	Can Foreign Invest		104	104	1 1	104	Jan	108	Jan
I	Preferred100 Can Foreign Invest* Canadian Indus Alcohol_*	3½ 3½	31/2	14½ 3½	7 700	14	May	19	Feb
١	Class B*	316	3 3/8	35%	7,790 2,650	2½ 1.50	Mar Mar	47/8	Jan Jan
l	Class B ** Canadian Locomotive **		7	7	60	6	Mar	101/2	Mar
ı	Canadian Pacific Rv25	61/8	6	614	3,460	5	Mar	212	Jan
١	Cockshutt Plow ** Con Min & Smelt new 25	814	814	91/8	635	634	Mar	111/4	Jan
١	Distill Corp Seagrams *	56 13½	56 13½	5734	2,599	47 11	Mar Mar	6414	Jan
l	Preferred100	70	70	71	30	70	Apr	1578 75	Jan Jan
١	Preferred 100 Dominion Bridge * Dominion Coal pref 25	271/2	271/2	28	267	21	Mar	321/2	Jan
ı	Dominion Coal pref25		18	181/2	510	16	Mar	26	Jan
۱	Dominion Glass pref100		98 150	100	20	98	Mar	108	Jan
ı	Dominion Steel & Coal B25	19	12	150	3,915	145	Feb Mar	150 161/2	May
۱	Dom Tar & Chemical *	71/4	7	714	420	434	Mar	10	Jan
I	Dom Tar & Chemical ** Preferred 100 Dominion Textile ** Dryden Paper **		78	78	5	8034	Mar	84	Feb
ı	Dryden Peper *	≰₁60	160	65	356	60	Mar	70	Jan
ı	Eastern Dairies *		6 70c	6¼ 75c	110 20	55c	Mar	81/2	Jan
ı	Dryden Paper Eastern Dairles Electrolux Corp Ingilish Electric A B Famous Players C Corp Foundation Co of Can Gatineau Preferred Preferred Goodyear T pref inc 1927 50 Goodyear T pref inc 1927 50		131/4	1314	205	1134	Apr	1.35	Jan Jan
ı	English Electric A*		27	27	110	24	Mar	32	Jan
ı	Formary Players C.C.	7	7	7	5	7	Jan	10	Jan
ı	Foundation Co of Can *		231/2	$\frac{23\frac{1}{2}}{11\frac{1}{2}}$	10	22	Mar	241/2	Apr
I	Gatineau*	97/8	95%	978	10 517	8¾ 7½	Mar Mar	15 ½ 10 ½	Jan Mar
H	Preferred100		85	85	185	75	Mar	185	May
ı	General Steel Wares*	534	5 1/2	6	985	5	Mar	. 834	Mar
ı	Goodyeer T pref inc 1927 50		57 521/2	57	. 5	45	Mar	70	Mar
ı	Goodyear T pref inc 1927 50 Gurd (Charles) ** Gypsum Lime & Alabas **		1 634	634	28	53 5	Mar	56	Feb
۱	Gypsum Lime & Alabas *	5	47/8	53/8	750	4	Mar Mar	7½ 83%	Jan Jan
I			534	57/8	45	5	Mar	₩ 834	Jan
I	Preferred100		35	35	15	35	Apr	834 53	Jan
١	Preferred 100 Hollinger Gold Mines 5 Howard Smith Paper 100 Preferred 100	131/4	13 14½	1314	948	1114	Mar	141/4	Jan
ı	Preferred100		92	14½ 92	90 20	101/2	Mar Mar	16 98	Feb
ı	Hudson Bay Mining* Imperial Oil Ltd*		26 5%	27	1,085	2014	Mar	281/2	Feb Mar
I	Imperial Oil Ltd*	16761	1634	173/8	7,534	15	Mar	193%	Feb
١	Imperial Tobacco of Can_5	141/8	14	141/8	2,747	131/4	Jan	1434	Feb
١	Int Nickel of Canada* Internat Pet Co Ltd*	46 1/8 26 1/2	46%	483/8	4,531	37	Mar	5234	Feb
I	International Power pf_100	2072	25½ 174	26 ½ 74 %	4,510	23 34	Mar	$\frac{31}{84}$	Mar
١	Jamaica Pub Serv Ltd *		33	33	13	32	Mar	34	Feb Jan
١	Preferred100	125	125	125	4 5	125	May	130	Jan
1	Lake of the Woods*	12	12	12	370		Mar	161/2	Jan
١	Lang & Sons (John A) *	91/4	914	110	12 75	120 10	Apr	120	Apr
1	Legare Ltd *	8	8	8	= 30	8	Apr May	8.	Jan May
I	International Power pf. 100	7	5	5	15	3	Mar	5	Jan
١	Massey-Harris	7	634	7	1,580		Mar	75/8	Feb
١	Montreal Cottons pref_100	13	11¾ 96	13	1,511	11 95	Jan	981/	Feb
•	made Coulous pret 100	'	90	200	D	250	Apr'	98 1/4	Mar

Montreal Stock Exchange

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hi	gh
Mont L H & P Consol *	291/2	29	291/2	3.726	27	Mar	31	Jan
Montreal Loan & Mtge25		28	28	30	28	May	28	May
Montreal Telegraph 40		56	56	39	50	Jan	62	Jan
Montreal Tramways 100	84	831/4		10	83	Apr	89	Feb
National Breweries *	38	38	381/2	1.865	34 7/8	Apr	411/	Jan
National Steel Car Corp *	411/	411/	42	78	31	Mar	421/8	Apr
Niagara Wire Weaving *	261/2	261/2		70	261/2	Mar	31	Jan
Noranda Mines*	61 1/2	61	621/2	4,864	48	Mar	621/2	May
N S Steel & Coal pref 100		12	12	39	12	May	14	Jan
Ogilvie Flour Mills **		28	2814	313	23	Mar	31	Feb
Ottawa L H & Power100		80	80	5	80	Feb	86	Jan
Ottawa Electric Ry*	27	27	29	160	23	May	331/4	Mar
Power Corp of Canada *		1134	12	253	914	Mar	15	Jan
Price Bros & Co Ltd*	121/4	11%		2.970	85%	Mar	1634	Jan
5% pref!100		38	38	25	34	Mar	50	Jan
Quebec Power*		151/2	151/2	210	14	Mar	18	Feb
Rolland Paper v t		14	14	160	14	May	1716	Feb
Saguenay Power pref 100		100	100	56	95	Feb	100	Feb
St Lawrence Corp*	4	334	4	3,785	25%	Mar	51/2	Jan
A preferred50	1344	121/2	13%	830	81/2	Mar	17	Jan
St Lawrence Paper pref 100	331/2	33	36	410	24	Apr	48	Jan
Shawinigan W & Pow*	20	191/8	20	1.426	1734	Mar		
Sherwin Williams of Can.*	20	131/3	131/6		10	Mar	21 5/8	Jan
Southern Canada Power*		1134	1134	60			16	
Steel Co of Canada **	641/2			25	111/2	Mar	131/4	Jan
Preferred25	0472	641/2	6434	941	56	Mar	69	Jan
Tooke Bros pref100	101/	601/2	61	42	541/2	Mar	63	Jan
Tuckett Tobacco pref100	10½	10½ 150	101/2	10	10	Apr	101/2	Apr
United Steel Corp*			150	11	100	Mar	150	Apr
Western Grocers Ltd*	41/2	41/2	434	310	3	Mar	6	Jan
Preferred100		60	60	10	591/4	Mar	65	Jan
		108	108	5	108	Mar	108	Mar
Windsor Hotel pref100	7	7	7	40	1.50	Apr	3	Jan
Winnipeg Electric A*		1.85	21/4	3,150	1.25	Mar	234	Jan
B*		1.60	2.25	782	7	Mar	141/2	Jan
Preferred100 Banks—		10	10	120				
Canada50		59	59	29	58	Jan	60	Feb
		162	163	9	160	Jan	1621/2	Feb
Commerce100		163	163	93	160	Apr	178	Jan
Montreal100		209	211	79	197	Mar	208	Jan
Nova Scotia100	12.11	298	298	11	296	May	305	Feb
Royal100	1721	171	1721/2	173	170	Mar	191%	Jan

HANSON BROS canadian Government

INCORPORATED

ESTABLISHED 1883

255 St. James St., Montreal

56 Sparks St., Ottawa 330 Bay St., Toronto Municipal

Public Utility and Industrial Bonds

Montreal Curb Market 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hi	gh
Abitibi Pow & Paper Co *	1.80	1.75		4,030	1.00	Mar	21/4	Jan
6% cum pref100	17	15	17	1,907	91/2	Mar	19	Jan
Asbestos Corp Ltd*	611/2	60%	62	647	47	Mar	651/2	Feb
Bathurst P & P Ltd B*		3	3	50	21/4	Mar	41/2	Jan
Beauharnois Pow Corp*	31/2	3%	35/8	1,828	23/8	Mar	5 1/8	Jan
Belding-Cort 7% cm pf_100 Brewers & Distill of Van_5		133	133	. 5	132	Feb	133	Feb
Brit Amer Oil Co Ltd*	20	20	$\frac{5\frac{3}{4}}{20\frac{1}{2}}$	20	5¼ 17	Jan Mar	75/8	Feb
British Columbia Packers *	20	12	12	3,419 15	10	Jan	21 5/8 14	Jan
Calgary Pw 6% cm pref100		8434	8434	5	85	Apr	85	Mar
Can & Dom Sugar Co. *		711/2	711/2	10	591/2	Apr	68 1/2	Feb
Can & Dom Sugar Co* Canada Malting Co*		32	32	44	27%	Mar	36	Jan
Can Nor P 7% cum pf_100		107	107	51	103	Jan	110	Feb
Can Breweries Ltd *	1.85	1.75	1.85	265	1.10		1.90	Apr
Preferred*	1.85	171/2	181/2	425	1414	Apr	181/2	Mar
Cndn Pw & Pa Inv Ltd*		1.50	1.50	42	1.00	Jan	2.00	Jan
50% cum pref *		9	9	44	8	Feb	9	May
Can Vickers Ltd*	8	71/2	8	355	3	Mar	81/2	Apr
		33	33	45	18	Mar	31 1/2	Apr
Canadian Wineries Ltd*		21/2	21/2	1,150	2	May	31/4	Apr
Catelli Food Prods Ltd *		31/2	31/2	80		May	6	Feb
Celtic Knitting Co Ltd*		2	2	10	2	Mar	2	Mar
City Gas & Electric Ltd* Claude Neon Gen Adv*		250	25c	500		May	70c	Mar
Commercial Alcohols Ltd.*		15	15 1.25	200	15c	Mar	35c	Jan
Consolidated Paper Ltd. *	534	1.25	578	$\frac{25}{14,277}$	90c 35/8	Mar Mar	1.60	Feb Jan
the stage of the t	0/4		19 2 7 70	14,211	0 78	Mai	67/8	Jan
David & Frere Ltee A*		31/2	31/2	50	3 .	Apr	4	Apr
Dom Engineering Works_*		23	23	60	22	Apr	35	Feb
Donnacona Paper A*	478	478	51/8	810	31/4		6 1/8	Jan
EaKootenayP7% cm pf100	41/2	41/2	5	55	3 .	Mar	614	Jan
East'n Dairies 7% cm pf100	4	10	10	120	31/2	Feb	10	Apr
Fairchild Aircraft Ltd5	61/2	61/8	65%	3.562	3	Apr	678	Jan
Fleet Aircraft Ltd*	0/2	7	71/2	145	41/2	Jan	81/2	Jan
Ford Motor Co of Can A.*	173/8	17	17 1/2	560	1434	Mar	181/2	Jan
Foreign Pow Sec Corp *		40c	40c	95	40c	Feb	50c	Feb
Fraser Companies Ltd*		15	15	42	9	Mar	161/2	Feb
Voting trust ctfs*	15	1434	16	1.795	10.	Mar	1716	Jan
Freiman (A J) 6% cm pf100		37	37	40	37	Mar	39	Apr
Internat Utilities Corp B. 1		70c	75c	825	55c	Mar	1.00	Jan
Lake St John P & P*	191/2	191/2	191/2	197	13	Mar	31	Jan
Lake Sulphite50	3 ½ 70c	31/2	4	565	23/4		121/8	Jan
Mackenzie Air Service *		70c	75c	425	40c	Mar	1.00	Jan
MacLaren Pow & Paper _*	10	814	1014	900	7	Mar	17	Jan
Massey-Har 5% cum pf 100		41 3/4	43 1/2	155	321/2		50	Feb
McColl-F Oil 6% cm pf 100 Preferred10		97 5¾	98	265 266	861/2	Jan Mar	971/2	May
Preferred10 Mitchell (Robt) Co*Ltd_*		101/2	1034	355	5½ 7½	Mar	15%	Jan
		97	98	25	92	Mar	993%	Mar
Ougher Tol & Down A *		4	4	3	41/4	Mar	43/8	Jan
Reliance Grain Co Ltd*	53/	534	534	115	534	May	534	May
Sou Can Pow 6% cm pf 100		105	105 1/2	35	10414	Feb	106	Jan
United Amusement A*	13.	151/2	1516	7	15	Feb	171/4	Mar

Canadian Markets—Listed and Unlisted

r dang panahan	Friday Last	Week's Ran		les	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1938
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Prices	W	eek ares	Low	High
United Securities Ltd100	5.40	10 10	10 1 12 No. 1	58	10 May	15 Ma
Walker-Good & Worts(H)*			14	663	3214 Mar	44¾ Ja
\$1 cum pref*	181/8	17% 18	3/4	480	32¼ Mar 17½ May	19 Fe
	1000			1		
Mines—				200	42c Mar	67c Ja
Idermac Copper Corp*	430	43c 48	20 2	,800	1c Mar	31/4 e Ja
Aldermac Copper Corp* Alexandria Gold1	1 1/20	13/20 1 76/20 76	20 1	600	68c Mar	90c Ap
Sankileid			1c 4	,900	17c Mar	33c Fe
Bankfield		35c 35	4c 3	,100	35c Mar	57c Ja
Bouscadillac Gold Mines_1 Brazil Gold & Diamond1 Brownlee Mines (1936)1		7c 8	4c 7	800	7c May	13c Fe
Brazil Gold & Diamond_1	11.00	3c	3c 1	,800	3c May	8c Fe
Brownlee Mines (1936)1		4%c	5c 1	,800	4% c May	10c Fe
Bulolo Gold Dredging 5	273/8	26 1/2 2	3/8	985	241/2 Apr	30 Ja
Can Malartic Gd M Ltd*		1.00 1	.00	100	77c Mar	1.27 Fe 91/4 Ja
Capitol-RouynGold1		4c	5c 7	,000 2,500	3¼c Mar	9¼c Ja 15c Fe
Capitol-RouynGold1 Cartier-Malartic G M Ltd 1 Central Cadillac G M Ltd 1			2c 2	,500	5c Jan 24c Mar	75c AI
Central Cadillac G M Ltd 1	390	310	9c 154	000	2.12 Mar	3.20 Ms
Central Patricia Gold1		2.55 2 30c	30c	200	20c Mar	41c Fe
Consol Chibougamau1 Dome Mines Ltd*	551/4			820		60 Fe
Duparquet Mining Co1	40	4c 4		,400	47½ Mar 35%c Mar	6¼c Ja
East Malartic Mines 1	1 64	1.60 1	.68 8	3,700	1.05 Jan	1 72 AT
East Malartic Mines1 Eldorado Gold M Ltd1		2.35 2	53 11	,500	1.96 Mar	3.25 Ms
Falconbridge Mickel*	Tet.) (2017).	5.75 5	75	250	4.90 Mar	6.95 Ja
Federal-Kirkland1	1,45,000	614c	7c 1	,500	4½c May	13c Ja
Francoeur Gold M Ltd*	35c	35c	35ct 1	,300	28c Mar	551/2c Fe
J-M Consol Gold(New) Kirkland Gd Rand Ltd1 Lake Shore Mines1		14c 15 15c	2c 4	1,558	14c May	15½c Ma
Kirkland Gd Rand Ltd1		15c	15c 1	,167	10c Apr	27c Fe
Lake Shore Mines1	4934	48% 5	1/2 3	3,850	46¼ Mar	58¼ Fe 5c Fe
amague Contact Gold *	No. of Street, or other Parket.	1 3 1/8C 3	%c 1 2c 1	,500	31/8c May 11/4c Mar	21/4 c Ja
Lee Gold1	20			1,000	1¼c Mar 3.50 Mar	5.50 Ja
Macassa Mines1					80c Mar	
Mackenzie-Red Lake1		1.01 1 40c 40		321	35 1/8 Mar	
McIntyre-Porcupine5 McVittie-Graham1	20160	20c 20	16c 1	1,000	1616c Jan	
			16c 2	2,800	30½c Jan	80c Ma
Normetal Mining*			35c 1	1,200	60c May	1.14 Ja
O'Brien Gold1	3.60		.90 12	2,455	2.75 Mar	5.40 Ja
Pandora Cad1		34c	10c 6	2,455 $3,250$	30c Mar	
Pandora Cad1 Pato Consol Gd Dredging 1	2.00	1.75 2	.00	1,450	1.55 Apr	2.70 Ja
Pend Oreille M & Met1	1.60		.70	700	1.40 Mar	2.65 Ja 1.77 Fe
Perron Gold Mines Ltd1	1.35	1.32 1	.53 14	1,300	1.02] Jan	1.77 Fe 5.15 Ja
Pickle Crow Gd M Ltd1				1,515	3.90 Mar	17½c Fe
Placer Development1		140	.00	100 200	13¼c Mar 1.70 Mar	2.09 Ma
Powell-Rouyn Gold1 Read Authier Mine1	9.00		.90	400	2.60 Mar	4.50 Ja
Read Authler Mine	2.90	2.90 2 9c		1,500	9c May	
Red Crest*	40			,400	31/20 Apr	61/20 Fe
Reward Mining1	210	20c		3,150	3½c Apr 16½c Apr	33c Ma
Shawkey1 Sherritt-Gordon1 Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd1		1.10 1	.16	2,100	96c Mar	1.78 Ja
Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd. 1	2.17	2.17 2	.35 6	3,025	2.05 Mar	3.40 Ja
Sladen Mal1	1.17	1.15 1	.23 8	3,850	88c Mar	1.39 Ma
Stadacona (new)*	600	60c	70c 7	7,839	60c Apr	78c Ma
Stadacona (new)* Sullivan Consolidated1		98c 1	.00 4	1,150	80c Mar	
Teck-Hughes Gold1		4.70 4	.70	100	4.40 Apr	5.60 Ja
Teck-Hughes Gold1 Thompson Cad1 Ventures Ltd* Wood Cad1	250	25c	29c 19	,800	19c Mar	
ventures Ltd*	260	5.00 5 26c	.00 31c 10	100	4.75 Apr 22c Mar	5.00 A1
Wright Hargreaves*	7.50		.50	400	6.55 Mar	
Oil—	•					1
Anglo-Can Development			.50	700	1.42 Feb	1.51 M
Brown Oil		. 52 1/2C	56c	7,300	41½c Mar 1.86 Mar	
Calgary & Edmonton*	2.59		.67	1,800	1.86 Mar 40c Mar	
Brown Oil* Calgary & Edmonton* Dalhousie Oil Co Ltd*		FEG	48c	650	43c Feb	
Davies*	1.26	550	55c	700 3,185		1.45 A
Okalta Olla I 44	1.60	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.25 & 1 \\ 1.60 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.72	1,000		2.20 J
Davies ** Home Oil Co ** Okalta Olls Ltd ** Pacalta	1.00	90	90	1,000		
Pecalta* Royalite Oil Co*		43 4	5 1/2	905		47% F

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	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range S	ince .	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Low		Hig	h
Abitibi*	1.85	1.75	1.85	2,653		Mar	21/4	Jar
6% preferred100		1514	1714	1,525	81/2	Mar	191/2	Jar
Acme Gas & Oil*		91/20	91/2c	500	7c	Mar	14c	May
Afton Mines Ltd1		21/4 c		3,000	17%c	Mar	4 1/2 C	Mai
Alberta Pacific Grain pf 100		221/2	25	675	101/4	Jan	25	May
A P Consolidated Oil	77.50	22c		600		Mar	361/2c	Jar
Aldermac Copper*	42c	42c		25,600	40c	Mar	70c	Fet
Amer Cyanamid B 10	14.6	18%		300	261/4	Jan	261/4	Jar
Amm Gold Mines1	26c	22c		228,000	1614c	Jan	27c	Mai
Anglo-Can Hold Dev *	1.50	1.50		14,420		Mar	1.65	Jar
Anglo-Huronian*	1.00	3.25		937	3.10	Apr	4.15	Jar
Arntfield Gold1	22c			8,300	15c	Feb	33e	Mai
Ashley Gold1		61/20		8,000	5e	Mar	10c	Jar
Astoria-Rouyn1		21/20	3c	26,900	21/4 c	Mar	41/4 c	Jar
Augite-Porcupine Gold1	28½c	27e		38,000		Mar	44c	Fet
Aztec Mining50c	20/20	93/40		3,000		Apr	11c	Fel
Bagamac Mines1	18c		1814c	10,750		Mar	27e	Jar
	74c			19,881	62c	Jan	1.03	Feb
Bankfield Cons1	140	59	60	22	571/2C	Jan	60c	Fel
Bank of Canada50 Bank of Montreal100		2091/2		105		Mar	207	Jai
Bank of Nova Scotia 100		298	300	90		Apr	305	Fel
Bank of Nova Scotta 100	227	227	235	8		May	249	Jai
Bank of Toronto100		36e		5,000		Mar	45c	Fel
Base Metals Min*		81/2	81/2	75	200	Feb	101/2	Ma
Bathurst Power A*				50	2 7/8 1		41/2	Jai
	31/2	2 1/8 3 1/4	3 1/2	555		Mar	53%	
Beauharnois*		1591/2		501	146 1/21		16614	
Bell Tel Co of Canada 100				18,400	2001		50c	Feb
Bloodgood Kirkland 1	2734 c			5.750	30c 4		58c	Jan
Big Missouri	35c	35c		100	9 \$		1134	
Biltmore Hats*		9 % 31	32 9 5/8	22	30		34	Jai
Blue Ribbon preferred50	32	10c		5,700	7e #		12c	Jai
Bobjo Mines1	10c				8.00	Mar	9.15	Feb
Bralorne Mines*		8.90		580 15		Apr	24	Jar
Brantford Cordage pref_25		24	24			Mar	13	Jar
Brazil Traction*	111/8	10%	1214	5,540	7¾ 1 5	Jan		
Brewers & Distillers5		51/8	51/2				211/	Feb
B A Oil*	20	19%	201/2	3,125	16%			
Brown Oil*	52½c	51 ½c		43,810		Feb	68½c	
Preferred100		65	65	130		Mar	72	Api
Buffalo-Ankerite1	1514 c		15 1/2 c	2,015		Mar	17¼c	
Buffalo-Canadian*	4 %c	4 % c		129,125	2½cT		61/4 c	
Building Products*		471/2		10	37 4		521/2	
Bunker Hill	12c	12c		7,800	12c 1		22c	Jar
Burry Biscuit12 12 1/2 C		23/8	23/8	10	2	Apr		UWA
Burt (F N)20	10 /2	161/2	161/2	110		May	23 1/2	Feb
Calgary & Edmonton *		2.50	2.70	12,340	1.80		3.10	Jar
Calmont Oils1	38c			4,200		Mar	62c	Jar
Canada Bread*		31/4	334	35		Mar	41/2	Feb
A		- 88	88	10		Mar	921/8	Jan
Canada Cement		9 5/8	101/4	485		Mar	13	Jar
Preferred100	93	921/2	93	160		Apr	108	Jar
Canada Malting*	30%	3034	32	841	29	Apr	36	Jan

Toronto Stock Excha	nue	

1	Toroi	ito S	Stock E	xcha	nge	10.00
		Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week	Range Since	High
i	Stocks (Continued) Par		Low High	Shares	Low	
1	Canada Packers*	135	66 67 130 135	70 28	58 Mar 128 May	72 Jan 150 Jan
١	Canada Permanent100 Canada Steamships*	31/4	234 33/8	418	2 Mar	3 1/8 Jan
1	Preferred50 Canada Wire A*	10	8 10½ 56 56	686 45	6½ Apr 55 May	12 Jan 67 Mar
١			151/2 161/2	76	1514 Mov	22 Jan
l	Canadian Breweries ** Preferred **	1.90	1.60 1.90	2,733	1.10 Mar	1.90 Apr 18½ Mar
١	Cndn Bk of Commerce_100	16214	17 18½ 162 162½	215 47	14½ Mar 157 Mar	18½ Mar 177 Jan
ł	Canadian Connergiat of 20		171/2 171/2	10	16 Apr	17½ Mar
١	2d preferred * Can Car & Foundry * Preferred 25 Canadian Dredge * Canadian Ind Alcohol A *	117%	8 8¼ 11% 12%	335 500	6¼ Apr 7¼ Mar	9 Jan 12% Apr
۱	Preferred25		25 % 26	125	1834 Mar	26 Apr
ı	Canadian Dredge*	271/2	271/2 28	45	22 Apr	35 Jan 4¾ Jan
١		31/2	3 1/4 3 1/4 3 1/4 3 1/4	6,941 350	2¼ Mar 2% Mar	4¾ Jan 4 Feb
ı	Canadian Malartic *	372	99c 1.03	10,205	74c Mar	1.28 Feb
۱	Canadian Oil* Preferred100		10 101/2	90	10 Mar	16 Jan 115 Mar
١	C P R25	61/8	115 115 6 63/8	25 5,461	110 Jan 5 Mar	81/2] Jan
ı	Cndn Wallpaper A*		10 10	20	8 Mar	12 Mar
ı	Canadian Wineries* Cndn Wirebound Box*	18	2½ 25% 18 18½	85 35	2 Mar 17 May	33/8 Apr 20 Feb
ı	Caribon Gold	2 18	2.10 2.18		1.65 Jan	2.25 Feb
١	Carnation pref. 100 Castle-Trethewey 11 Central Patricla 11 Central Porcupine 11		102 102	- 10	98½ Jan	104 Feb
ı	Castle-Trethewey	68c 2.42	66c 68c 2.42 2.60	6 125	54c Mar 2.10 Jan	73c Feb 3.20 Feb
۱	Central Porcupine	2.42	120 130	8,500	8½c Mar	15c Feb
١			30c 30c	700	26c Mar	45c Feb 72c Feb
١	Chromium Mining ** Cockshutt Plow ** Coniaurum Mines **		54c 56c 8½ 9%		43c Jan 7 Mar	72c Feb 11¾ Jan
١	Conjaurum Mines *	81/2	$8\frac{1}{2}$ $9\frac{3}{8}$ 1.20 1.25	2,679	1.10 Mar	1.84 Jan
1	Commoll Ltd*	80c	80c 85c	7,600	80c May	85c May
١	Conduits Nati Co	141/2	4½ 4½ 14½ 14½	10	4½ May 11½ Mai	5 Apr 16 Jan
1	Cons Bakeries* Consol Chibougama1		26c 32c	1,700	20c Mar	42c Feb
١	Cons Smelters5 Consumers Gas100	561/2	561/2 571/2	1,231	46½ Mar	64½ Jan 199¾ Jan
١	Cosmos	183	183 184 19 19	90	178½ Mar 18 Apr	24 Feb
١	Preferred100		103 103	15	102 Apr	105 Mar
I	Preferred 100 Crows Nest Coal 100		32 32 13e 13e	1,200	29 Apr 12c Apr	38 Feb 23½c Feb
1	Darkwater	52½c	13e 13e 50e 59e	21.896	40 Jan	73 Mar
١	Davies Petroleum* Denison Nickel Mines1	21c	20c 21 1/20	8,200	19c Mar	46c Jan
١	Distillers Seagrams*		13 1/4 13 3/4	1,070	11 Mar 471/8 Apr	16 Jan 60 Feb
١	Dome Mines* Dominion Bank100	5434	54% 56 196 197½	2,975 50	189 Apr	206 Feb
I			3560 40	3.000	3½c Mar	7c Mar
١	Dominion Foundry		32 33¾ 102 102	45 50	25½ Jan 101 Apr	34 Mar 102 May
١	Preferred100	12	12 1234		9 Mar	16½ Jan
۱	Dominion Stores **	5	5 51	25	4¾ Mar	8¾ Jan
۱			7 7 75 75	10	4% Mar 75 May	10 Jan 84 Jan
ı	Preferred100 Dorval Siscoe1	12c	12e 13	15,100		26c Mar
١	East Crest ()	1 HC	90 91/2	1,900	7c Mar	15c Jan
١	East Malartic1	1.62	1.61 1.70 21/8 3	23,650 450	1.05 Mar 2% Mar	1.74 Apr 5 Feb
١	Easy Washing ** Eldorado **1	2.36	2.31 2.5	61,660	1.97 Mar	3.25 Mar
١	Falconbridge	5.90	5.75 5.90	625		
١	Famous Players vot*	173/2	24 24 17½ 18	10 465	21 Mar 16 Mar	24½ Mar 21¾ Jan
1	Famous Players vot* Fanny Farmer1 Federal-Kirkland1	60	5160 7	66.700	3 1/4c May	14c Jan
١	Fernland Gold1 Firestone Petroleum25c	27c	22c 30	173,700 2,700	21c May	30c Apr
١	Firestone Petroleum25c		21c 21 7c 8	3,800	13¼c Mar 7c Apr	20c Feb
1	Ford A	171/4	161/2 171	2,077	1434 Mar	18½ Jan
1	Foundation Pete* Francoeur*		20c 21	6,900		
١	Francoeur*		35c 35 9¼ 9¾	1,200		101/ Feb
1	Gatineau Power	8434	841/2 843/	140	74% Mar	8434 May
	General Steel Wares *	5 1/8		105 158,900		83/8 Mar 32c Apr
	Gillies Lake Gold	3 ½ c		1.500	31/sc Mar	5c Jan
1	God's Lake Mine*	440	44c 48	0 13,159	31c Mar	68c Jan
1	Goldale Mines1	18c	18c 19½ 36c 36	8,300 e 500	14c Mar 30c Jan	
1	Gold Engle	21 ½c	20c 23	ci 20,700	20c May	40c Feb
1	Goodfish Mining1	41/20	4 /20 0	6,250	4½c May	12c Jan
1	Preferred. 100 General Steel Wares. * Gillies Lake Gold	54		30	52 Apr	72 3/8 Jan 56 Jan
I	Preferred50 Graham Bousquet1	41/20	41/20 41/2	500	4c Mar	914c Feb
1	Granada Mines 1	10000	51/2c 6	1,500	5c Mar	
	Grandora Mines	70	70 7%	e 11,500 182	5c Mar 4¾ Mar	
١	Grandora Mines* Great Lakes Paper* Preferred*		22 221	86	16 Mar	33 Jan
١	Great West Saddlery* Preferred50	2	2 2	35	2 May	
1	Preferred50			10	10 May	12 Jan
	Greening Wire	3340	3%c 4%	c 3,000	3¾ May	10 Jan
1	Gunnar Gold1	700	700 75	c 13,275	61c Mar	
	Gypsum Lime & Alabas Halcrow-Swayze Harding Carpets Hard Rock Hard Rock	51/8	31/sc 4	6,600	2c Apr	4c May
1	Harding Carpets		3 3	50	234 Apr	3 1/8 Jar
1	Hard Rock	2.20 100		6 77,550 c 7.500	1.10 Jan 9c Mar	
1	Harker1 Hedley-Mascot Gold1 Highwood-Sarcee	1.10	1.10 1.1	0 200	1.00 Mar	1.40 Feb
1	Highwood-Sarcee		12c 12	c 1,500	8c Mar	20c Jar 17½ Feb
1	Highwood-SarceeHinde & Dauch	15 13¼	14 15 131/8 131/	3,090	11 Mar	141/4 Jar
	Home Oil Co	1.25	1.25 1.3	6,255	91c Mar	1.47 Apr
1	Transaction of OU 1	953/-	15c 19	c 2,200 c 2,900	15c May 22c Mar	33c Jar
	Homestead On	25%		2,325	20% Mar	28½ Mai
-	Howey Gold	1	62 65	17	57 Apr	67¼ Jar
-	Howey Gold1 Hudson Bay Min & Sm_* Huron & Erie 100		61/2 61	82 82		214 Jar
	Howey Gold1 Hudson Bay Min & Sm_* Huron & Erie 100	200	200 201			
	Howey Gold1 Hudson Bay Min & Sm_* Huron & Erie 100	200	200 201 16¾ 17½		10 1110	
	Howey Gold1 Hudson Bay Min & Sm_* Huron & Erie 100	200			13¼ Mar	
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm _* Huron & Erie 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Oil 4 Imperial Tobacco 5	200 16¾	16¾ 17½ 13¾ 14½	154	13¼ Mar	14% Jar 9¼ Jar
-	Howey Gold	200 16¾	16¾ 17½ 13¾ 14½ 6 7 70 70	154 155 30	13¼ Mar 1 4½ Mar 1 68 Apr	9¼ Jar 76 Mai
-	Howey Gold	200 16¾	16¾ 17⅓ 13¾ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓	154 155 30 6 10	13¼ Mar 5 4½ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May	9¼ Jar 76 Mar 102½ Mar
	Howey Gold	200 16¾	16¾ 17⅓ 13¾ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46% 48¾	154 155 30 10 19,143	13¼ Mar 4 ½ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May 37 Mar	14% Jan 9¼ Jan 76 Man 102½ Man 52% Man 31½ Man
	Howey Gold	200 16¾ 98¾ 47⅓ 26¾	16¾ 17⅓ 13¾ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46⅓ 48⅓ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75c 80	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361	13¼ Mar 4 ½ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 50c Mar	147% Jar 914 Jar 76 Mar 10212 Mar 5234 Mar 3114 Mar 1.00 Jar
	Howey Gold	200 16¾ 	16¾ 17⅓ 14⅓ 14⅓ 16 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46⅓ 48⅓ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75€ 80 40€ 50	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361	13¼ Mar 4 ½ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 50c Mar	14% Jan 9¼ Jan 76 Man 102½ Man 52¾ Man 31½ Man 1.00 Jan 53c Jan
	Howey Gold	200 16¾ 	16¾ 17⅓ 14⅓ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46⅙ 48¾ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75c 80 40c 50 18c 21	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361 c 700 c 47,250 c 11,203	13¼ Mar 4½ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 20 Mar 30e Feb 13¼c May	9¼ Jan 76 Mai 102½ Mai 52¾ Mai 31½ Mai 1.00 Jan 53c Jan 40c Mai
	Howey Gold	200 16¾ 	16¾ 17⅓ 14⅓ 14⅓ 16 7 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46¾ 48¾ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75c 80 40c 50 18c 21 46⅓c 54	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361 c 700 c 47,250 c 67,820	13¼ Mar 68 Apr 98¾ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 50c Mar 32e Feb 13¼c May 38½c Jar	14% Jan 9¼ Jan 76 Ma 102½ Ma 52% Ma 31½ Ma 1.00 Jan 53c Jan 40c Ma 82c Ma
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm - Huron & Erie 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Oil - Simperial Tobacco 100 Imperial Tobacco 100 Imperial Tobacco 100 International Metals A Preferred 100 International Nickel International Pete International Utilities B International Utilities B International Utilities B Jack Waite 1 Jallicce Cons 1	200 16¾ 98¾ 47½ 26¾ 48c 18c 47c	16¾ 17⅓ 13¾ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46⅓ 48¾ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75c 80 40c 50 18c 21 46⅙ 54	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361 c 700 47,250 11,203 c 67,820 e 10,568	13¼ Mar 4 ¼ Mar 6 8 Apr 98¼ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 50c Mar 32c Feb 13¼c May 38½c Jar 313¾c May	14% Jan 9¼ Jan 76 Ma 102½ Ma 52¾ Ma 31½ Ma 1.00 Jan 53c Jan 40c Ma 82c Ma 16c Ma
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm - Huron & Erie 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Oil - Simperial Tobacco 100 Imperial Tobacco 100 Imperial Tobacco 100 International Metals A Preferred 100 International Nickel International Pete International Utilities B International Utilities B International Utilities B Jack Waite 1 Jallicce Cons 1	200 16¾ 98¾ 47½ 26¾ 48c 18c 47c	16¼ 17¾ 13¾ 14⅓ 6 7 70 70 70 98¾ 99⅓ 46¾ 48¾ 25⅓ 26⅓ 75c 80 40c 50 18c 21 14c 15⅓ 1.70 1.9	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361 700 c 47,250 c 67,820 e 10,568 4 74,063	13¼ Mar 4 ¼ Mar 6 8 Apr 98¼ May 37 Mar 23 Mar 50c Mar 32c Feb 313¼c May 38½c Jar 313¼c May 5135 Mar 313 Mar 32c Feb 313¼c May	9¼ Jar 76 Mai 102½ Mai 102½ Mai 102½ Mai 11½ Mai 1.00 Jar 40c Mai 82c Mai 16c Mai 2.30 Mai 1.50 Jar
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm - Huron & Erie. 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Oil - 5 Imperial Tobacco. 5 International Metals A - Preferred 100 Intl Milling pref 100 International Nickel International Pete International Utilities B 1 Jack Waite. 1 Jacola Mines 11 Jacilicoc Cons 1 J M Consol (New stock) 1 Kerr Addison 1 Kirk Hud Bay 1	98¾ 47⅓ 26¾ 48c 18c 47c 13¼c 1.89 85c	16½ 17½ 13¾ 14½ 6 7 70 70 98¾ 99½ 46¾ 48¾ 255¾ 26¾ 40c 50 18c 21 46½c 51 13½c 15½ 1.70 1.9 80c 85 1.03 1.0	154 155 30 10 19,143 14,361 10 10 10 11,203	13¼ Mar 5 4% Mar 6 8 Apr 9834 May 37 Mar 23 Mar 20 Mar 13½c May 13½c May 38½c Jar 313½c May 60c Mar 60c Mar 450 Mar	9¼ Jai 76 Mai 102½ Mai 52¾ Mai 31½ Mai 1.00 Jai 53c Jai 40c Mai 82c Mai 1.6c Maj 2.30 Mai 1.50 Jai
	Howey Gold	98¾ 47⅓ 26¾ 48c 47c 13¼c 1.89 85c 1.04	16¾ 17¾ 13¾ 14¾ 13¾ 14¾ 16 7 70 70 98¾ 993 463¾ 483 25¾ 263 40c 50 18c 21 46¾c 54 13¾c 15¾ 26 13¾c 15¾ 36 85 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 34c 37	154 155 10,100 10,600 11,203 14,361 14,361 14,725 11,203 1	13¼ Mar 5 4 1% Mar 68 Apr 9834 May 37 Mar 23 Mar 1 50c Mar 1 32c Feb 1 334c May 3834c Jar 3134c May 3834c May 3846 Jar 60c Mar 60c Mar 60c Mar 60c Mar 60c Mar	14% Jar 914 Jar 76 Mai 102½ Mai 102½ Mai 1031¼ Mai 1.00 Jar 53c Jar 40c Mai 82c Mai 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm - Huron & Erie. 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Tobacco 5 International Metals A - Preferred 100 Intl Milling pref 100 International Nickel International Pete International Utilities B 1 Jack Waite 1 Jacola Mines 11 Jacola Mines 1	200 16¾ 47¼ 26¾ 48c 47c 13¼c 1.89 85c 1.04 34c 49½	16% 173, 13% 144, 13% 144, 13% 144, 144, 145, 146, 146, 146, 146, 146, 146, 146, 146	154 155 30 4 19,143 4 14,361 6 700 6 47,256 6 67,820 6 67,820 6 11,203 6 2,400 8 17,121 6 12,477 6 12,	13¼ Mar 14	14% Jar 914 Jar 76 Mai 10214 Mai 10234 Mai 1100 Jar 100 Mai 100 Mai 100 Mai 100 Jar 100 Jar 100 Jar 100 Jar 100 Mai 100 Jar 100 Jar
	Howey Gold Hudson Bay Min & Sm - Huron & Erie. 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Tobacco 5 International Metals A - Preferred 100 Intl Milling pref 100 International Nickel International Pete International Utilities B 1 Jack Waite 1 Jacola Mines 11 Jacola Mines 1	200 16¾ 47¼ 26¾ 48c 47c 13¼c 1.89 85c 1.04 34c 49½	16¼ 17¾ 13¾ 14¾ 16% 17% 18¾ 14¾ 16% 17% 17% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18% 18	154 155 30 19,143 414,361 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670 670	13¼ Mar 13¼ Mar 16 4¼ May 168 Apr 198¾ May 137 Mar 23 Mar 132c Feb 13¼c May 138½c May 138½c May 160c Mar 160c Mar 160c Mar 128c Jar 146 Mar 124 Mar 11½ Mar	143% Jar 914 Jar 76 Mai 10234 Mai 5234 Mai 1.00 Jar 53c Jar 40c Mai 82c Mai 1.6c Maj 2.30 Mai 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar
	Howey Gold. Hudson Bay Min & Sm. * Huron & Erie. 100 20% 100 Imperial Bank 100 Imperial Tobacco 5 International Metals A. * Preferred. 100 International Nickel. * International Nickel. * International Nickel. * International Utilities B. I Jacola Mines. 1 Jacola Mines. 1 Jacola Mines. 1 Jacola Mines. 1 Jiacola	200 16¾ 47¼ 26¾ 48c 47c 13¼c 1.89 85c 1.04 34c 49½	16% 173 13% 143 6 7 70 70 98% 99 46% 483 25% 263 75c 80 40c 50 18c 21 46½c 54 13¼c 15½ 1.70 1.03 1.00 34c 37 48% 51 33% 41 12 12 34c 33	154 155 30 19,143 14,361 14,361 14,361 11,203 11,20	13¼ Mar 14¼ Mar 16 4¼ Mar 16 8 Apr 19 88¼ May 137 Mar 23 Mar 150c Mar 132c Feb 13¼c May 38½c Jar 1.35 Mar 160c Mar 45c Mar 128c Jar 145c Mar 150c Mar	14% Jar 9¼ Jar 76 Mai 102½ Mai 52½ Mai 1.00 Jar 53c Jar 40c Mai 82c Mai 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar 1.50 Jar 59c Mai 58% Fel 13 Jar 13½ Fel 5c Fel

Canadian Markets—Listed and Unlisted

Tananta	Charle	F	
Toronto	STOCK	Excha	nae

1010	nto	3100	, n I	Exch	ange			
	Friday Last Sale	Week's		e Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1	, 1938
Stocks (Continued) Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	w	H	igh .
Lava Cap Gold1 Lebel Oro1	886			4,500		Apr		
Lee Gold	100	21/40	21/40	2,000	1 1½c	Mar	23/80	
Leitch Gold 1 Little Long Lac Loblaw A	4.15	78c 4.15	4.30	4.495		Mar		
Loblaw A	2234 201/2	221/8	2234	348	1914	Mar	24	Ja
B. Macassa Mines	4.40	4.40		3,993	18 3.50	Mar	5.55	
MacLeod Cockshutt1 Madsen Red Lake1	3.50 38c		3.80	3,993 87,393 47,325	1.30 25c	Jan Mar	3.90) Ma
McDougall-Segur1		20½c 1¾c	20160	2.000	17c	Mar	270	Ja
Manitoba & East* Maple Leaf Gardens*		3½c	31/20	10	3160	Apr		Ja Ap
Maple Leaf Gardens* Maple Leaf Gardens prkf10 Maple Leaf Milling*	27/8	21/2	7 21/8	200 910	5	Apr	7	Fe
Preferred * Maralgo Mines * 1	10½c	4	41/4	19	3	A pr	5	Fe
Massey Harris	634	634	71/8	3,966	47/8	Mar Mar	19160	
McColl Frontenac *	41¾ 13	12	43 13	385 341	11	Mar Mar		Ja:
McColl Frontenac ** Preferred ** McIntyre Mines 5	99	9634	99	236 1,056	8614	Jan Mar	97	Ar
McIntyre Mines	1.03		1.12	18,650	690	Mar	1.10	
McKenzie Red Lake	44c	43c	21 ½c 54c	37,000	10c 32c	Mar Jan		
Mercury Oil*	10½c	10½c 1.80	10½c 1.85	700	10½c	Apr	18c 2.49	Jai
Minto Gold*		214c	21/4 c	1,000	21/4 c	Mar Mar	41/20	
Moneta Porcupine1	2.15	2.05	18¼ c 2.20	1,300 13,130	1.60	Mar Mar	20a 2.56	
Moore Corp*		28%	30	97	25	Apr	3514	Jar
Morris Kirkland1		145 1/2 8c	91/2C	6,000	143 7e	Apr	17c	Feb
Murphy Gold1 National Brew*		1%c	2c 38	2,000	1% c 38	A pr May	31/20	Jan
National Brew * National Sewerpipe * Naybob Gold 1 Newbec Mines * New Golden Rose 1	12 31 ¾ c	12 26 ½c	12	50 596,450	12	May	19	Jan
Newbec Mines *	2¾c	234 c	234 C	2,000	13 ½c 2c	Apr May	35 1/s c 4 1/4 c	Feb
Noranda Mines	6134	15c	17c 62½	2.300	15c 48	May	380	Mar
Nordon Oil		8c	10c	6,504 1,700 7,500	70	Mar Apr	62 14c	Feb Jan
Norgold Mines 1 Normetal * North Star Oll *	3¼c	3 1/4 c 64 c	69c	5,075	50c	Mar	5 1/4 c	May Jan
Preferred	1.00	1.00	1.00	100 50	1.00	May	1.50	Feb
O'Brien Gold	3.60	3.50	3½ 3.85	20,000	2.75	May Mar	3¾ 5.45	Mar Jan
O Brien Gold 1 Okaita Olis 6 Olga Gas 4 Omega Gold 1	1.60 23/8 c	1.60 2c	1.75 2½c 47c	$10,075 \\ 10,500$	1.23 21/4 c	Mar	2.30 5%c	Jan Jan
Omega Gold	43c 1.00	43c 98c	47c 1.09	50,205 17,100		Mar Jan	48c 1,45	Apr
Pacalta Olls	100		78.3					
Page-Hersey *	8½c	8½c 89	90 9c	6,500	78 8c	Apr	17c	Feb Feb
	3.55	3.55 39c	3.65 39c	6,779 1,300		Mar	4.30	Feb
Pantepec Oil1		4	47/8	1 200	4	Mar Mar	63c	Feb Feb
Paulore Gold	9c.	12c 9c	14c 9½c	8,100	716e	Jan May	20c 22c	Jan
Pantepee Oil 1 Partanen-Maiartic Paulore Gold Paymaster Cons Payrore Gold 1	45c	45c 15c	48c 16c	12,500 8,100 22,750 27,200	38e	Mar	6 9 c	Feb
Perron Gold1	1.01	1.34	1.55	19,000	1236c 1.02	Jan Jan	1.76	Mar Feb
Pioneer Gold	4.60	3.00	4.75 3.10	$\frac{11,505}{2,580}$		Mar	5.10 3.30	Jan Mar
Pickie Crow	$\frac{2.01}{12\frac{1}{2}}$	1.95	2.10 12½	35,655	1 37	Mai	2.41	Feb
Prairie Royalties25c	48 12C	48½c	50c	16,600	97/8 30c	Apr Mar	15 52c	Jan
	1.96	1.95	2.04	2,200		Mar Mar	2 42 19	Feb Jan
Pressed Metals Preston E Dome 1 Prospectors Airways *	87½c	87c	90c	61,400	70c	Mar	1 34	Feb
		60c 46c	60c 46c	1,000	41c	Mar Mar	70c	Mar Jan
Read Authier	2.90 20c	2.85 16c 2	2.95	750 129,050	2.60 16c 1	Mar	4 55 36 14c	Jan Jan
	52c	30c	30c	500	30c I	May .	55c	Jan
Roche Long Lac1	11 ½c	50c 11c 1	54c 2½c	8,450 9,000	39 160 10c	Jan Jan	84c 24c	Feb
Roche Long Lac 1 Royal Bank 100 Royalite Oil * aguenay Power pref 100 It Anthony	172	171 1	72 1/8 45	668	170	Feb Mar	190	Jan Jan
aguenay Power pref100 -	13c	100 1	00 1	. 5	971/2	Feb		May
tt Anthony 1 tt Lawrence A 50 san Antonio 1 thawkey Gold 1 theep Creek 50c therritt Gordon 1 thursons 1	130	12c 13½	13c 13½	7,740		Mar Mar	20¢	Mar Jan
hawkey Gold	20½c	1.25 19% c	1.28 23c	1,630 5,400		Mar	1.55	Jan
heep Creek50c		96c	97c	3,900	94c 1	Mar		Mar
impsons A*	1.10		$\frac{1.19}{12}$	12,357				Feb
Impsons B	-==			30		Mar	1 80	Feb Jan
	77		4	30	12 N	Aay Aay	1 80 18 814	Feb Jan Mar Jan
iscoe Gold	77 2.20	77	4 78 2.34	30 21 35 9.455	12 N 3 N 71 2 05 N	Aay Apr Mai	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Jan
Iscoe Gold	2.20 1.16 9c	77 2.16 1.15 8c	4 78 2.34	30 21 35 9.455	12 N 3 N 71 2 05 N 86c N	Aay Apr Mai Mar	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Jan Mar
scoe Gold	2.20 1.16 9c 60½c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 60c 70	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169	12 N 3 N 71 2 05 N 86c N 7c A	May May Apr Mai Mar Apr Apr	1 80 18 8¼ 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan May
tadacona • (andard Steel pref * edman Bros Ltd *	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42	77 2.16 1.15 8c 5 60c 70 40 4 161/4 1	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 12	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5	12 N 3 N 71 2 05 N 86c N 7c 55c 40 N	Aay Apr Mai Mar Apr	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May Apr
tadacona • (tandard Steel pref * tedman Bros Ltd *	2.20 1.16 9c 60½c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 5 60c 70 40 4 161/4 1	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 42 16½	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5	12 M 71 2 05 M 86c M 7c 40 M 16 1/2 M 56 M	May May Mar Mar Apr Apr May May May	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 240 770 1 42 117 34 69 34	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May Apr Jan
adacona	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42	77 2.16 1.15 8c 9 60c 70 40 4 16 1 64 661 661 7c 8	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 12 16½ 35	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 188 25	12 N 3 N 71 2 05 N 86c N 7c 55c 40 N 16 ½ N 56 N 56 N	May May May Mar Apr Apr Iay Mar Apr Apr Apr	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1 42 17 14 69 14 63 1/2 15 1/3 c	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May Apr Jan Jan Jan
adacona (andacona) andard Steel pref * edman Bros Ltd * teel of Canada Preferred 25 raw Lake Beach addury Basin addury Basin andacona	2.20 1.16 9c 60½c 42 64 8½c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 9 60c 70 40 4 16½ 1 64 66 7c 8 2.30 1	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 42 16½ 35 32 8½c 2.55 1½c	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 188 25	12 M 71 205 M 86c M 70 55c 40 M 161/2 M 56 M 54 6c 4	May May May Mar Apr Apr Iay Mar Apr	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1 42 17 34 69 14 63 1/2 15 1/3 c 3 .80	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May Apr Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
adacona (andacona) andard Steel pref * edman Bros Ltd * teel of Canada Preferred 25 raw Lake Beach addury Basin addury Basin andacona	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42 64 8 ½c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 9 60c 70 40 40 61 64 61 62 11 14 6 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 42 16½ 33 8½c 2.55 1½c 1.00	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 188 25 14,500 1,005 1,700 3,325	12 M 3 M 71 2 05 M 86c M 55c M 1634 M 56 M 54 M 50 M 10c M 85c M	May May May May Mar Apr Apr May Mar Apr May Mar Apr Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar	1 80 18 8½ 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1 42 17¾ 69½ 63½ 15¾c 3.80 19c 1.23	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May Apn Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Mar Mar
adacona adard Steel pref. * andard Steel pref. * teel man Bros Ltd. * teel of Canada • Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach • adbury Basin • adbury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 persilk A *	2.20 1.16 9c 60½c 42 64 8½c 11½c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 60c 70 40 40 16 4 661 66 2.30 11 1/2 c 11 95 c 1.75 3.15	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 42 16½ 35 32 8½c 2.55 1½c 1.00 1.75 3.25	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 10,169 135 188 25 14,500 1,005 1,700 3,325 4,460	12 M 3 M 71 2 05 M 86c M 75c 40 M 16 2 M 66 M 60 M 85c M 1.25 M 1.25 M	May May May May May A pr A pr I ay I ay Mar A pr Mar A pr Mar A pr Mar A pr Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1 42 17 34 69 14 63 14 15 14 c 1 19 c 1 19 c 1 2 2 2 5 3 60	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan May May May Apr Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Mar Feb
tadacona tadacona tadard Steel pref. * tedman Bros Ltd. * teel of Canada * Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach * udbury Basin * udbury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 ipersilk A * tytysnite Gold	2.20 1.16 9c 60 3/c 42 64 83/c 113/c 1.75 3.15 13 2c	77 2.16 1.15 8c 9 60c 70 40 4 16 1/4 16 64 66 61 6 62 30 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	4 78 2.34 1.23 9 ½ c 0 ½ c 142 16 ½ 35 32 8 ½ c 2.55 1 ½ c 1.00 1.75 1.35 3.25 1.32 2.33 2.33 3.25 1.34 2.35	30 31 35 9,455 19,200 10,169 13,700 10,169 135 5 188 25 14,500 1,005 1,700 3,325 165 4,460 75 9,000	12 M 71 71 2 05 M 86c M 755c M 16 M M 85c M 1.25 M 85c M 1.25 M 813 M 85c M 1.25 M 13 M 1	May May May May May Mar Apr Apr May Mar Apr Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar	1 80 18 8 14 95 3 40 1 38 240 770 1 17 14 63 14 15 140 1 3 80 1 90 1 1 23 1 2 2 25 1 3 60 16	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan May May Apr Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar
tadacona (andard Steel pref. * tedman Bros Ltd. * teel of Canada • Preferred. 25 traw Lake Beach 25 traw Lake Beach 1 illivan Cons 1 illivan	2.20 1.16 9c 60½c 42 64 8½c 11½c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65	77 2.16 1.15 8c 6 60c 7c 40 4 16 4 66 61 6 8 2.30 11 ½c 11 95c 11 3½ 1 13½ 1 4.60	4 78 2.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 42 16 16 2.55 11 1½c 1.75 3.25 13 2 4.80	30 21 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 14,500 1,005 1,700 3,325 1,460 4,460 9,000 9,865	12 M 71 71 205 M 86c M 70 M 16 ½ M 66 M 10c M 85c M 10c M 85c M 11.25 M 2c M 13 2c M 4.40 M	May May May Mar Mar Mar Apr May Mar Apr May Mar Apr Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Ma	180 18 814 95 3 40 1 38 240 77c 1 42 17 34 69 34 69 34 15 3 60 1 9c 1 2 2 5 3 .60 16 3 3 40 16 3 3 40 1 3 8 1 5 4 1 5 4 1 5 5 6 1 6 7 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 7 8 1 8 8 1 9	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan May May Apr Jan Jan Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
adacona andard Steel pref. ** cedman Bros Ltd. ** teel of Canada ** Preferred. 25 traw Lake Beach dubury Basin. ** udbury Basin. ** udbury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 illivan	2.20 1.16 9c 60 3/2c 42 64 83/2c 11 3/2c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.25	77 2.16 1.15 8c 6 600 7 40 4 16 4 6 61 6 2.30 1 11 ½ 1 95c 1 75 3.15 3 13 ½ 1 3 4.60 4 4.60 4 1.02 10	4 78 1.23 9½c 0½c 12 16 16 35 32 1.40 1.75 1.70 1.75 1.3½ 2.55 1.1½ 2.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 14,500 1,700 3,325 4,460 7,700 2,865 3,425	12 M 3 N 71 205 F 86c F 7c 40 M 16½ N 66 M 554 85c M 10c M 85c M 11.25 M 2.60 M 13 2c 4.40 M 101	May May May Mar Mar Apr Mar Apr Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Ma	180 18 814 95 3 40 1 38 24c 77c 1 42 17 34 69 34 15 34c 3 .80 19c 1 .23 1 .23	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan May May May May May Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Feb Jan
tadacona tandard Steel pref tedman Bros Ltd. * teel of Canada * Teel of C	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42 64 8 ½c 11 ½c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.25 102	77 2.16 1.15 8c 6 60 70 40 4 66 1 66 61 66 1.35 11 34c 11 32c 11	4 78 78 9 ½c 0 ½c 16 ½ 35 16 ½ 35 1 ½c 1 1.00 1 1.75 3 .25 1 ½c 1 1.75 3 .25 1 ½c 4 .80 1 1.29 12 15 ½c	30 21 35 9,455 19,200 10,169 135 5 188 25 14,500 3,325 1,700 3,325 4,460 75 9,000 2,865 3,425 5 220	12 M 3 N 71 205 F 86c F 7c 55c M 16 1/2 M 6c M 85c M 10c M 85c M 1.25 M 2.60 M 1.10 M 1.10 M 1.11 M 1.11 M	May May May Mar	180 18 814 95 3 40 1 38 240 77c 1 1734 6914 1514 6314 1514 6314 1554 6314 1557 108	Feb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan May May May May Jan
tadacona tandard Steel pref. ** ted andard Steel pref. ** ted of Canada ** teel of Canada ** Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach ** udbury Basin ** udbury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 illivan Cons 1 illivan Cons 1 amblyns * sek Hughes ** texas Canadian 1 prorotto Elevators 100 tronto General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgare 50 pronto deneral Trusts 100 pronto Mortgare 50	2.20 1.16 9c 60 3/4c 42 64 83/4c 11.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65 11.25	77 2.16 80 80 64 40 40 16 40 66 61 62 2.30 11 40 11 40 11 40 11 55 11 40	4 72.34 1.23 9½c 0½c 12 16½ 33 8½c 1.36 1.46 1.75 1.36 1.46 1.75 1.32 4.80 2.55 1.29 1.29	30 21 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 5 188 25 14,500 1,005 1,700 1,005 1,700 4,460 75 9,000 2,865 3,425 220 20 25	12 M 3 N 71 205 P 86c P 70c P 55c P 10c P	May	1 80 18 95 3 40 1 38 240 77c 1 42 17 42 17 46 15 46 3.80 19c 1.23 3.60 16 5.70 1 57 108 17 48	Feb Jan Mar
tadacona tadacona tandard Steel pref. ** ted nor Fore Ltd. ** teel of Canada	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42 64 8 ½c 11 ½c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.25 1.25	77 2.16 8c 9 60c 76 40 4 6 64 66 61 7c 8 2.30 11.75 3.15 8 1.25 11	4 78 78 72 34 11.23 9 ½ c 0 ½ c 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	30 21 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 188 214,500 1,005 1,700 3,325 4,460 7,000 2,865 3,425 3,425 20 20 25 18	12 M 3 N 71 205 P 86c P 70c P 55c P 66 N 164 M N 10c P 85c P 125 M 125 M 125 M 121 M 110 M 112 M 110 M 133c M 33c	May	1 80 18 814 95 3 40 1 38 240 77c 1 1734 6914 6314 1514 3 80 19c 1 .23 1 .23 1 .2	Feb Jan
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andacona andard Steel pref. andard Steel pref. andard Steel pref. steel of Canada Preferred. 25 traw Lake Beach dubury Basin dubury Contact 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42 64 8 ½c 11 ½c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.25 102	77 2.16 8c 9 60c 77 40 40 46 16 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	4 22.34 1.23 9½c 1.23 9½c 1.23 9½c 1.23 1.24 1.25 1.46 1.75 1.75 1.32 2.55 1.40 1.75 1.20	30 21 9,455 19,200 10,169 13,700 10,169 13,700 1,005 1,000 1,0	12 M 3 N 71 205 P 86e F 76 40 M 16 ½ M 56 200 M 10e M 10e M 85e M 1.25 M 11 2 M 11 10 M 11 2 M 11 M	May	180 18 18 18 95 40 1 38 240 776 1 42 17 48 15 46 15 46 3 380 196 1 .23 3 60 16 3 340 1 57 108 17 48 85 117 48 122 666 1.90 1 57	Feb Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan May May May May May Mar
tadacona tandard Steel pref. ** tandard Steel pref. ** teel of Canada ** teel of Canada ** Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach ** udbury Basin ** udbury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 ipersilk A ** yivanite Gold 1 amblyna 1 ashota 1 seck Hughes 1 pro Top Tailors 100 pronto Elevators 100 pronto General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgage 50 prost General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgage 50 prost General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgage 50 prost General Trusts 100 prost prost	2.20 1.16 9e 60 9e 64 2 64 8 ½c 11 ½c 1.75 3.15 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	77 2 1.6 1.15 8c 4 60c 70 40 41 64 66 61 62 7c 8 2.30 11 ½c 11 1.75 3.15 11 3.3 4 60 4.25 11 15 1 1 15 1 1 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 4 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 8 5 5 1 1 2 3 4 5 5 1 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 4 2 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 4 2 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 4 2 5 1 4 2 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 4 2 5 1 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4 2 5 1 2 3 4	4	30 21 9,455 19,200 10,169 13,700 10,169 1,005 188 25 14,500 1,000 3,325 4,460 75 9,000 2,865 3,425 220 20 20 7,175 4,25 20 7,175 4,600 9,200 9,	12 M 3 N 71 2 05 F 86e F 76e 40 M 16 ½ M 56 40 M 10e M 10e M 10e M 85e M 1.25 M 110 M 111 M 111 M 110	May	1 80 8 4 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9 5 9	Feb Jan Jan Mar Jan May May May May May May May May May Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Jan
andard Steel pref. ** candard Steel pref. ** candard Steel pref. ** teel of Canada ** Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach ** dubury Basin ** dubury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 ipersilk A * vivanite Gold 1 amblyns 1 beck Hughes 1 cot Hughes 1 cot Hughes 1 cot Trusts 100 pronto Elevators 1 cot General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgage 50 wagmae Exploration 1 hid Gold 1 aliced Gils s dited Oils s alter Amulet 1 mitures 1 mitu	2.20 1.16 9c 60 ½c 42 64 8 ½c 11 ½c 1.75 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.25 1.02 1.63 13 13 14 1.63	77 2.16 1.15 8c 40 40 41 66 61 6 61 6 7 7c 8 11 14 60 1.25 11 12 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	4 72.34 1.23 1.23 1.25 1.25 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.34 1.29 1.34 1.29 1.34 1.29 1.34 1.35 1.34 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35	30 21 9,455 19,200 10,169 10,169 1135 5 14,500 1,005 1,	12 M 3 N 71 205 1 86c N 55c M 10c M 10c M 10c M 10c M 10c M 110 M	May	1 80 8 14 9 3 40 1 88 14 9 3 40 1 88 14 1 1 8 14 1 1 7 14 1 1 7 14 1 6 3 14 1 6 3 14 1 1 2 2 16 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1	Feb Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan Mar Jan
andard Steel pref. ** candard Steel pref. ** candard Steel pref. ** teel of Canada ** Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach ** dubury Basin ** dubury Contact 1 illivan Cons 1 ipersilk A * vivanite Gold 1 amblyns 1 beck Hughes 1 cot Hughes 1 cot Hughes 1 cot Trusts 100 pronto Elevators 1 cot General Trusts 100 pronto Mortgage 50 wagmae Exploration 1 hid Gold 1 aliced Gils s dited Oils s alter Amulet 1 mitures 1 mitu	2.20 9.6 60 1/4c 42 64 81/4c 11/4c 11/4c 11/5 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.2	77 2.16 1.15 8.6 1.15 8.6 1.15 8.6 1.15 8.6 1.15 8.6 1.15 8.6 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.	4 78 84 72 34 34 78 84 7	30 21 9,455 19,200 13,700 10,169 135 14,500 1,005	12 M 3 M 71 2 05 1 86c P 75c 40 M 1656 M 566 M 10c M 1.25 M 1.25 M 1.25 M 1.10	May	1 80 8 14 95 8 14 95 18 8 14 95 18 8 14 95 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Feb Mar Jan Jan Mar May May May May May May May May Mar
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tedman Bros Ltd. * tedi of Canada * Preferred 25 traw Lake Beach 4 udbury Basin 4 udbury Contact 1 upersilk A * yivanite Gold 1 amblyna 4 sabota 1 eck Hughes 1 por Tallors 100 toronto Elevators 100 roonto Elevators 100 roonto General Trusts 100 roonto General Trusts 100 roonto Mortgage 50 rowagmae Exploration 1 hid Gold 1 ninon Gas 1 nited Oils 1 nited Steel 1 butures 1 b	2.20 9.6 60 1/4c 42 64 81/4c 11/4c 11/4c 11/5 3.15 13 2c 4.65 1.2	77 2.16 1.15 8c 40 40 41 664 661 67 70 8 2.30 11.15 13.15 13.15 13.15 13.15 13.15 13.15 13.15 11.25 11.02 10.25 10.12 10.12 10.12 10.12 11	4 72 3.44 99 142 1550 142 1550 142 1550 142 1550 142 1550 142 1550 143 144 1550 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450 1450	30 21 9,455 19,200 10,169 10,169 1,005 1,005 1,700 3,325 165 4,460 75 9,000 2,865 3,425 520 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	12 M 3 M 71 205 F 76 M 566 M 566 M 566 M 560 M 10e M 11.25 M 1.25 M 1.10 M 110	May	1 80 8 1 8 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8	Febb Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan Jan Mar Jan Jan Jan May May Jan
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Toronto Stock Exchange

	Friday Last Week's Range Sale of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1938				
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	H1gh		Lon	w	Hig	h
Winnipeg Electric pref_100 Wood Cadiliac i Wright Hargreaves * Ymir Yankee Girl *	7.60 15c	7.35	11 30½c 7.60 16½c	140 3,400 8,035 3,200	8 23e 6 50 15e	Apr Mar Mar Mar	16 43c 8.20 30c	Jan Jan Feb Feb

Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section

May 7 to May 13, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Last Sale	Week's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1938
Stocks— Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Ht	gh
Brett Trethewey1	41/4 c	41/40		37,500	3c	Mar	12e	Jan
Bruck Sllk*		3	3	25	21/8	May	4	Jan
Canada Vinegars*	151/2	15	151/2	115	15	Apr	1714	Feb
Canadian Marconi 1		1.00		800	95c		1.40	
Coast Copper5		2.40	2.50	250	2.00	Mar	4.00	Jan
Cobalt Contact1		· 1c	1c	3,500	3/4	Mar	134	Mar
Consolidated Paper*		. 5	534	6,645	316	Mar	7	Jan
Corrugated Box pref 100		70	75	15	68	Apr	82	Jan
Dalhousie Oil*		450	50c	1,750	40c		69c	
DeHavilland*		8	8	25	5	Mar	814	Jan
Dominion Bridge*		28	28	40	2134	Mar	32	Jan
Hamilton Bridge*	55/8	55/8	6	15	5	Mar	85%	Jan
Humberstone*		17	17	35	12	Mar	201/2	Jan
Kirkland Townsite1		16c	16c	600	140	Apr	23c	Jan
Montreal L H & P*	291/2	291/2	291/2	20	27	Mar	31	Mar
National Steel Car*	411/2	41	421/2	298	32	Mar	4214	May
Oil Selections*		3	3	1.000	21/2c	Mar	41/4 C	Jan
Pawnee-Kirkland1		11/2C	11/2c	4.000	10	Jan	2c	Jan
Pend Oreille1		1.60	1.73	9,010	1.30	Mar	2.62	Jan
Ritchie Gold1		2c	2c	2,500	1%c	Mar	3c	Jan
Robb-Montbray1	17%c	17%c	17%c	3,200		May	23/4 c	Feb
Robt Simpson pref100		112	112	5	110	Feb	115	Apr
Rogers Majestic*	3 1/2	3 1/2	31/2	225	. 3	Mar	4	Jan
Shawinigan W & P*	203/8	19	203/8	117	18	Mar	2114	Feb
Standard Paving pref 100		16	16	5	12	Mar	23	Jan
Supertest ord*		34	36	200	31	Apr	36	May
Temiskaming Mines 1	121/2c	11 1/2 c	121/2c	6.300	9 % C	Mar	25c	Jan
United Fuel pref 100	37	37	38%	41	30	Mar	42	Jan
Waterloo Mfg A*		1.25	1.25	50	1.00	Mar	1.75	Jan

Industrial and Public Utility Bonds

Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, May 13

	Bid	Ask		Bid	ASE
Abitibl P & Pap etfs 5s '53		46	MacLaren-Que Pr 51/8 '61	90 1/2	10014
Alberta Pac Grain 6s. 1946		79	Manitoba Power 51/8-1951	72	
Beauharnois Pr Corp 5s '73	84	8434	Maple Leaf Milling-		
Bell Tell Co of Can 5s. 1955		1125%	2%s to '38-51/s to 49	49	
Burns & Co 5s1958	64	66	Massey-Harris Co 5s 1947	98	99
Calgary Power Co 5s1960	9734	9834	McColl Frontenac Oil 6s '49	104	10434
Canada Bread 6s1941	105		Minn & Ont Paper 6s_1945	f3014	31
Canada North Pow 5s_1953	104	104 14	Montreal Island Pr 51/68 '57	10314	10414
Canadian Inter Pap 6s '49	92	92 14	Montreal L H & P (\$50		
Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949			par value) 3s1939	50	5034
Canadian Vickers Co 68 '47	9634	9734	31/281956	1001	
Cedar Rapids M & P 58 '53'	1141/2	116	31/481973	95	96
Consol Pap Corp 51/8 1961	391/2	401/	Montreal Tramway 5s 1941	9734	
51/28 ex stock 1961	45		Ottawa Valley Pow 5148'70	10514	10614
Dom Gas & Elec 61/28_1945	81	821/2	Power Corp of Can 41/18 '59	102	103 1/2
Donnaconna Paper Co-			58 Dec 1 1957	104	
481956	66	68	Price Brothers 1st 5s1957	92	93
East Kootenay Pow 7s 1942	95		Provincial Pap Ltd 51/8 '47	102	103
Eastern Dairies 681949	4814	52	Saguenay Power 41/48 A '66	101%	102
Fraser Co 6sJan 1 1950	. 96	97	41/48 ser B1966	10214	
Gatineau Power 5s 1956	104	10416	Shawinigan W & P 4168 '67	104%	
Gt Lakes Pap Co 1st 5s '55	8914	91	Smith H Pa Mills 41/48 '51		103
Int Pr & Pap of Nfid 58 '68	102		United Grain Grow 5s. 1948	84	86
Lake St John Pr & Pap Co			United Securs Ltd 51/8 '52	6614	
51/28	87	89	Winnipeg Elec 6s_Oct 2 '54	73	
fis	47	49			

* No par value. f Flat price n Nominal.

CURRENT NOTICES

—The co-partnership of Goodale & Co. has dissolved by mutual consent-Walter D. Goodale is making his office with M. J. McHale Co., 115 Broadway, New York City. Robert S. Way expects to continue in the securities business under the name of Robert S. Way Co. at 115 Broadway.

—M. E. Cornelius & Co., Inc., announces the election of William H. Norwine as Executive Vice-President and Maurice I. Jones as Secretary and Treasurer. The Cornelius firm maintains offices at 67 Wall St., New York City.

—Mackenzie Williams, formerly one of the partners of the Stock Exchange firm of Charles V. Snedeker & Co., has become associated with Baker, Weeks & Harden as manager of their uptown office in the Greybar Building. Building.

Modern Market & Gibson of Nashville, Tenn. announce the withdrawal of Walter M. Robinson as a partner and the change in firm name to Webster & Gibson with offices in the Stahlman Building.

—Walter M. Robinson and R. Walter Hale Jr., announce the formation of Robinson, Hale & Co. to conduct a general investment business with offices in the Nashville Trust Building, Nashville, Tenn.

—Neelands & Platte, 42 Broadway, New York City, have prepared for distribution a brief summary of the history and current developments and operations of the Cornucopia Gold Mines.

—W. L. Lyons & Co., 115 East Fourth, Cincinnati, announce that Henry J. Arnold is now associated with them in charge of their municipal bond and unlisted trading department.

bond and unlisted trading department.

—L. F. Rothschild & Co., members New York Stock Exchange, announce that Alexander H. MacKinnon has been appointed co-manager of their language with Lennox G. Black.

—Moore, McLean & McDermott, 200 S. La Salle St., Chicago, announce that Andrew S. Messick has become associated with their firm Messick & Co. will retire from business.

—Sherson, Hammill & Co., have admitted Lawrence Howe to general partnership in their firm. Mr. Howe will be located in the Chicago office at 208 S. La Salle St.

Volume 146 Financial	Chronicle 5105							
Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities - Friday May 13								
New York City Bonds	New York Bank Stocks							
Bid Ask a38 Jan 1 1977 994 100 4448 Apr 1 1968 116 117 117 118 117 118 117 118 117 118 117 118	Bank of Manhattan Co_10 21¼ 22¾ Kingsboro National100 65							
a4s Nov 1 1958 110% 111% 44½s Nov 1 1967 110% 120% 120%	Chicago & San Francisco Banks Par Bid Ask							
New York State Bonds	Continental Illinois Nati							
B4d Ask B7d Ask B7d Ask B7d Ask B7d B8d Ask B7d B7d	Insurance Companies							
Port of New York Authority Bonds	American Home							
Port of New York— B&c A&k Holland Tunnel 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) 8 ser E 1839-1941.	American Reserve 10 American Surety 25 40 Automobile 10 284 29 Marchants (Providence) 5 40 Automobile 20 29 Maximal Reserve 10 284 29 Marchants (Providence) 5 40 Marchants (Providence) 5 40 Marchants (Providence) 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 1 National Fire 10 5 3 5 5 7 8 8 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							
United States Insular Bonds	Employers Re-Insurance 10 39 14 41 Northwestern National 25 111 116							
Philippine Government	Excess 5 5 6 4 Pacific Fire 20 96 99 72 Federal 10 36 38 Phoenix 10 72 Fidelity & Dep of Md 20 96 100 Fire-Masn of Phila 10 49 51 Fire-man's Fd of San Franz5 7 78 Franklin Fire 5 22 24 General Reinsurance Corp 31 33 33 33 33 36 36 36							
Federal Land Bank Bonds	Glorgia Home							
38 1955 opt 1945J&J 103 ½ 103 ½ 103 ½ 105 opt 1945M&N 101 ½ 105 111 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½ 101 ½ 105 101 ½	Globe & Republic 5 934 114 Seanoard Surety 10 102 103 104 107 106 106 107							
Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds	Halifar 10 22 23 1/3 [Travelers 100 436 436 436 436] Hanover 10 29 30 1/4 [U S Fidelity & Guar Co. 2 11/4 13] Hartford Fire 10 67 69 U S Fire 4 47 1/4 49 1/							
Atlanta 38 99½ 100½ Lafayette 58 99½ 100½ Atlantic 38 99½ 100½ Lincoln 4½8 84 86 85 87 448 740 45 New York 58 99½ 100½ California 58 100 102 North Carolina 58 99½ 100½	Surety Guaranteed Mortgage Bonds and Debentures							
Central Illinois 5s.	Ailied Mige Cot inc— Ali series 2-5s							
First Trust of Chicago 4\(\frac{1}{2} \) 101 102\(\frac{1}{2} \) 101 102\(\frac{1}{2} \) San Antonio 3s	Empire Properties Corp 2-38							
Joint Stock Land Bank Stocks	Nat Deben Corp 3-68.1953 42 44 Unified Deben Corp 3-1853 2574							
Par Bid Aik Par Bid Aik Aik	Telephone and Telegraph Stocks Am Dist Teleg (N J) com. • 83 (88 Preferred							
Federal Intermediate Credit Bank Debentures	Emp & Bay State Tel. 100 50 58 Rochester Telephone— Franklin Telegraph100 25 30 86.50 1st pref100 109							
	So & Atl Telegraph							
	Bid Ask Town Corners Loan Corn Bid Ask							
New York Trust Companies Par B4d Ask Banca Comm Italiana.100 90 102 Bk of New York & Tr100 331 339 Bankers 104 45 47 107 1	Sear Mountain-Hudson River Bridge 7s							
Colonial Trust	28. Apr 1 1943 101.10							

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday May 13—Continued

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks Joseph Walker & Sons

120 Broadway NEW YORK

Tel. RE ctor 2-6600

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks (Guarantor in Parenthesis)

Par	Dividend in Dollars	Bla	Asked
Alabama & Vicksburg (Illinois Central)100	6.00	50	55
Albany & Susquehanna (Delaware & Hudson) *100		90	95
Allegheny & Western (Buff Roch & Pitts)100	6.00	28	32
Beech Creek (New York Central)50		24	27
Boston & Albany (New York Central)100	8.75	73	81
Boston & Providence (New Haven)100		35	45
Canada Southern (New York Central)100		42	47
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohlo common 5% stamped 100	5.00	70	75
Cleve Cinn Chicago & St Louis pref (N Y Central)100	5.00	50	60
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Pennsylvania)50		66	70
Betterment stock50	2.00	38	42
Delewere (Penneylvenia)	2.00	37	40
Delaware (Pennsylvania)25 Fort Wayne & Jackson pref (N Y Central)100	5.50	45	50
For wayne a sacason prof (14 1 Central)100	0.00	40	50
Georgia RR & Banking (L & N-A C L)100	9.00	132	140
Lackawanna RR of N J (Del Lack & Western)100	4.00	38	43
Michigan Central (New York Central)100	50.00	600	800
Morris & Essex (Del Lack & Western)50	3.875	29	. 32
New York Lackawanna & Western (D L & W)100	5.00	50	55
Northern Central (Pennsylvania)50	4.00	78	82
Oswego & Syracuse (Del Lack & Western)60	4.50	25	30
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (U S Steel)50	1.50	371/2	39
Preferred 50	3.00	74	
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago (Pennsylvania)100	7.00	140	150
Preferred100	7.00	151	156
Rensselaer & Saratoga (Delaware & Hudson)100	6.82	42	47
St Louis Bridge 1st pref (Terminal RR)100	6.00	125	130
Second preferred100	3.00	60	65
Tunnel RR St Louis (Terminal RR)100	6.00	126	
United New Jersey RR & Canal (Pennsylvania)100	10.00	214	220
Utica Chenango & Susquehanna (D L & W)100	6.00	40	45
Valley (Delaware Lackawanna & Western)100	5.00	50	-
Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific (Illinois Central)100	5.00	40	45
	5.00	45	50
Preferred	3.50	19	22
West Jersey & Seashore (Pennsylvania)50	3.00	48	52
we	0.00	40	02

Railroad Equipment Bonds

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Atlantic Coast Line 41/48	b2.75	2.00	New Orl Tex & Mex 41/8	b5.50	5 00
Baltimore & Ohio 41/8	b7.50	6.50	New York Central 41/8	64.00	3.00
58	b7.50	6.50	54	b3.50	2.75
Boston & Maine 4 1/8	b5.00	4.00	N Y Chie & St L 41/48	b5.75	5.00
58	b5.00	4.00	5e	b5.75	5.00
3 14s Dec 1 1936-1944	b5.00	4.00	NYNH& Hartf 41/8	66.00	5.00
Canadian National 4 1/48	b3.25	2.75	58	66 00	5.00
58	b3.25	2.75	Northern Pacific 41/48	b2.25	1.50
Canadian Pacific 41/8	b3.10	2.50	TOT UNCH I MOTHE TOTAL	02,20	1.00
Cent RR New Jersey 4148	b5.75	5.00	Pennsylvania RR 41/8	b2.50	1.50
Chesapeake & Ohio-	00.10	0.00	58	61.75	1.10
4 1/18	b2.75	2.00	4s series E due	01.70	1.10
56	b1.75	1.00	Jan & July 1937-49	63.00	2.25
Chicago & Nor West 4148_	b7.00	6.00		03.00	2.25
	b7.00	6.00	2 % s series G non-call	10.00	0.05
Chic Milw & St Paul 41/8.	67.00		Dec 1 1937-50	b2 85	2.25
Out Min & St Faul \$738.	b7.00	6.00	Pere Marquette 41/8	b3.75	2.75
58_ Chicago R I & Pacific—	07.00	6.00			
	00		Reading Co 41/8	b3.25	2.50
Trustees' ctis 3 1/48	83	85	5s	b2.50	2.00
Denver & R G West 41/8	66.00	5.00	St Louis-San Fran 4s	90	94
5e	b6.00	5.00	41/8	92	95
51/38	6.00	5.00	St Louis Southwestern 5s	b5.50	4.75
			51/58	b5.50	4.75
Erie RR 51/8	88	92	Southern Pacific 41/8	b3 75	3.00
68	88	92	58	b3.00	2.50
41/18	88	92	Southern Ry 41/5	b5.00	4.25
5a	88	92	58	b5.00	4.25
Great Northern 41/8	b2.80	2.15	00	00.00	4.20
5e	¢1.80	1.25	Texas Pacific 4s	03.25	2.75
Hocking Valley 5s	b1.75	1.00	Al/a	b3.25	2.75
mooning valley observed	01.70	1.00	4 1/48		
Illinois Central 41/58	b5.75	5.00	Cipion Thetale 414	b2.25	1.50
58	b 5.75	5.00	Union Pacific 41/8	b1.50	1.00
Internat Great Nor 41/8-	b5.75	5.00	58	61.50	1.00
Long Island 41/8				100	
Long Island 5738	b4.25	3.25	Virginia Ry 41/8	b1.70	1.00
Louisv & Nash 41/8	b4.25	3.25	56	61.70	1.00
TOURS OF MERIT # 328	b1.75	1.10	Wabash Ry 41/28	75	85
5e	b1.75	1.10	58	75	85
Maine Central 5s	04.50	3.75	51/8	75	85
51/6	b4. 50	3.75	68	75	85
Minn 8t P & 8 8 M 48	b4 25	3 50	Western Maryland 4 168	b3 50	2.50
Missouri Pacific 4 1/8	b5.5 0	4.75	Western Pacific 5s	b6.00	5.00
58	b 5.50	4.75	51/8	66.00	5.00
51/8	b5.50	4.75		00.00	0.00

Chain Store Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Berland Shoe Stores	3	6	Kobacker Stores*	10	15
7% preferred100	75	85	7% preferred100	65	75
B/G Foods Inc common*	11/8	11/2		115%	12
Bickfords Inc	91/8	10	Miller (I) Sons common*	4	5
\$2.50 conv pref*	30	35	616% preferred100	16	22
Bohack (H C) common*	1	21/4	Murphy (G C) \$5 pref_100	96	98
7% preferred100 Diamond Shoe pref100	10 92	13 98	Reeves (Daniel) pref100 United Cigar-Whelan Stores	100	
Fishman (M H) Co Inc*	63%	8	\$5 preferred*	201/4	2114

Sugar Stocks

Cuban Atlantic Sugar10 Eastern Sugar Assoc1 Preferred1	Bid 7 5¾ 13½	Ask 81/2 61/2 15	Savannah Sug Ref com1 West Indies Sugar Corp1	26 1/2 26 1/4	283
			1		a

Railroad Bonds

	Bid	Asked
Atlantic Coast Line 4s 1939	92	93
Baltimore & Ohio 41/281939		381/4
Boston & Albany 41/481943		75
Boston & Maine 5s1940		35
Cambria & Clearfield 4s 1955		98
Chicago Indiana & Southern 4s	65	69
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans 5s	60	00
Chicago Stock Yards 5s		
Cleveland Terminal & Valley 4s	37	
Connecting Railway of Philadelphia 4s1951	106	
		9934
Duluth Missabe & Iron Range 1st 31/281962	99	
Florida Southern 4s1945	205 5	721/2
Louisville Div. & Terminal 3½s1953	6334	100
Indiana Illinois & Iowa 4s1950	67	1000
Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf 5s1978		
Memphis Union Station 5s		113
New London Northern 4s1940		9814
New York & Harlem 31/282000		100
New York Philadelphia & Norfolk 4s1948	89	90
Norwich & Worcester 41/8	80	90
Pennsylvania & New York Canal 5s1939		55
	1031/4	00
Philadelphia & Reading Terminal 5s		1151/4
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie 5s		
Portland Terminal 4s1961	82	851/2
Providence & Worcester 4s1947	65	70
Terre Haute & Peoria 5s1942	1001/4	55
Toledo Peoria & Western 4s1967	80	85
Toledo Terminal 41/281957	1041/2	1051
Toronto Hamilton & Buffalo 4s1946	941/2	99
United New Jersey Railroad & Canal 31/28	103 1/2	
Vermont Valley 41/281940	75	
West Virginia & Pittsburgh 4s1990	42	

Public Utility Stocks

• Par	Bsa	Ask	Par	Bia	Ask
Alabama Power \$7 pref*	67	69	Mississippi Power \$6 pref.*	53	57
Arkansas Pr & Lt 7% pref *	731/4	75	\$7 preferred*	57	62
Associated Gas & Electric			Mississippi P & L \$6 pref. *	541/4	55%
Original preferred*	3	4	Miss Riv Pow 6% pref_100	104 1/2	
\$6.50 preferred*	534		Missouri Kan Pipe Line 5	41/8	47
\$7 preferred*	614	8	Monongahela West Penn		
Atlantic City El 6% pref. *	106		Pub Serv 7% pref25	221/2	241
Bangor Hydro-El 7% pf 100	120	123	Mountain States Pr com*	3/4	13
Birmingham Elec \$7 pref. *	67	69	7% preferred100	20%	231
Buffalo Niagara & Eastern-	1 15	1	Nassau & Suf Ltg 7% pf 100	14	16
\$1.60 preferred25	21 5/8	221/2	Nebraska Pow 7% pref_100	1061/4	108
Carolina Pr & Lt \$7 pref*	721/2		Newark Consol Gas 100	124	1
6% preferred*	64 1/2		New Eng G & E 51/2% pf. *	18	193
Central Maine Power-	/-	10/2	New Eng Pub Serv Co-	1000	- /
7% preferred100	71	73	\$7 prior lien pref*	30	32
\$6 preferred100	611/4	6314	New Orl Pub Serv \$7 pf *	69	71
Cent Pr & Lt 7% pref100	75	77	New York Power & Light-		1.7
Consol Elec & Gas \$6 pref. *	61/2	8	\$6 cum preferred*	861/4	88
Consol Traction (N J) 100	39	43	7% cum preferred100	961/2	981/
Consumers Power \$5 pref. *	92	94	Northern States Power—	00/2	1 00%
Continental Gas & El-		0.1	(Del) 7% pref100	6714	691/4
7% preferred100	73	75	(Minn) 5% pref*	91%	925
Dallas Pr & Lt 7% pref_100	114	116	Manual o /o Dror	01/8	027
Derby Gas & El \$7 pref*	26 1/2	301/2	Ohio Edison \$6 pref*	8714	88 1
Essex Hudson Gas100	183	3072	\$7 preferred	9614	981
Federal Water Serv Corp-	200		Ohio Power 6% pref 100	110%	112
\$6 cum preferred	181/2	201/2	Ohio Pub Serv 6% pf 100	881/4	901
\$6.50 cum preferred*	191/2	2034	7% preferred100	98	100
\$7 cum preferred*	2034	2234	Okia G & E 7% uref 100	971/4	993/4
Gas & Elec of Bergen100	124		Pacific Pr & Lt 7% pf_100	58	66
Hudson County Gas100	183		Penn Pow & Lt \$7 pref*	851/2	861
Idaho Power—	200		Queens Borough G & E-	00/2	0075
\$6 preferred*	9716	100 1/2	6% preferred100	3134	331/
7% preferred100		109 1/2	Republic Natural Gas1	31/2	
Interstate Natural Gas*	23	25	Rochester Gas & Elec-	0/2	273
Interstate Power \$7 pref*	5	7	6% preferred C100	941/2	96
lowa Southern Utilities—		100	Sioux City G & E \$7 pt_100	811/2	84
7% preferred100	38	40	Southern Calif Edison—	0172	UT
Jamaica Water Supply—	00	40	6% pref series B25	261/2	28
716% preferred50	52	55	South Jersey Gas & El_100	183	20
Jer Cent P & L 7% pf100	75	77	Tenn Elec Pow 6% pt_100	571/2	59
Kan Gas & El 7% pref_100		10814	7% preferred100	62	64
Kings Co Ltg 7% pref_100				94	96
	$\frac{37\frac{1}{2}}{31\frac{1}{4}}$	33	Texas Pow & Lt 7% pf_100	100	
Long Island Ltg 6% pf_100			Toledo Edison 7% of A_100	100	1011
7% preferred100	35	3634	United Gas & El (Conn)—	091/	851
Mass Utilities Associates—	94	00	7% preferred100	62 1/2	651/2
5% conv partic pref _ 50	24	26	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref*	3734	391/4
Memphis Pr & Lt \$7 pref_*	66 14	68 1/2	Virginian Ry100	117	122

Public Utility Bonds

The state of the state of the state of	Bid	Ask	1	Bid	Ask
Amer Utility Serv 6s_1964	65	67%	Consolidated Edison Co-	.5.70	
Amer Wat Wk & El 58 '75	83	86	Debenture 3 1/25 1948	103	1031/4
Appalachin Elec Power-			Cumbert'd Co P&L 3 1/48 '66	1001/4	101
1st mtge 4s1963	1041/4	104%	Dallas Pow & Lt 3 148. 1967	10714	108
s f debenture 4 1/48 1948	9934	1001/4	Federated Util 5 1/8 1957	61	623
Associated Electric 5s_1961	45	4614	Green Mountain Pr 5s_1948	1021/4	104
Assoc Gas & Elec Corp-			Idaho Power 3 % 8 1967	10234	103 14
Income deb 3 1/481978	241/2	251/2	Iowa Sou Util 5 1/8 1950	971/4	991/4
Income deb 3 1/8 1978	25	2534	Kan City Pun Serv 4s_1957	29	31
Income deb 4s1978	2634	271/2	Kan Pow & Lt 1st 41/48 '65	1091/4	1101
Income deb 41/81978	301/2	3114	Keystone Telep 5 1/8-1955	88	923
Conv deb 4s1973	49		Missouri Pr & Lt 3 1/8_1966	10034	1013
Conv deb 4 1/281973	50	511/2	Mtn States Pow 1st 6s_1938	79	81
Conv deb 5s1973	53 1/2	55 1/2	Narragansett Elec 3 1/48 '66	1041/8	1043
Conv deb 5 1/81973	601/2		Newport N & Ham 5s_1944	100	102
8-year 8s with warr_1940	83		N Y State Elec & Gas Corp		-
8s without warrants_1940	83	85	481965	901/2	911
Assoc Gas & Elec Co-			North Boston Ltg Prop's-		
Cons ref deb 41/81958	25	27	Secured notes 3 1/8 1947	105	105%
Sink fund inc 481983	23		Ohio Pub Service 4s1962	1021/2	103
Sink fund inc 41/81983	21		Old Dominion par 5s1951	50	531
Sink fund inc 581983	22		Parr Shoals Power 5s 1952	86	
Sink fund inc 51/8-1983	23		Pennsylvania Elec 5s_1962	100	101
Sink fund inc 4-581986	20		Penn Telep Corp 1st 4s '65	10614	1071
8 f inc 41/8-51/81986	21		Peoples Light & Power		
Sink fund inc 5-6s1986	23		1st lien 3-6s1961	63	645
S f ine 516-61681986	25		Public Serv of Colo 6s_1961	1041/2	105%
Bellows Falls Hy El 5s 1958	100%	102 %	Pub Util Cons 5 1/8 1948	671/2	69
Blackstone V G & E 4s 1965	109		St Joseph Ry Lt Heat & Pow		100
Cent Ark Pub Serv 5s_1948	80	82	41/481947	1011/2	
Central G & E 5 1/81946	68	70	Sloux City G & E 48 1966	981/2	991/4
1st lien coll trust 6s_1946	73	76	Sou Cities Util 5s A1958	411/2	421/
Cent Maine Pr 4s ser G '60	10434	10534	Tel Bond & Share 5s1958	621/2	64 :
Central Public Utility—	1	1	Texas Public Serv 5s1961	78	7934
Income 5 1/8 with stk '52	f234	31/8	Utica Gas & El Co 5s1957	122	
Colorado Power 5s1953	1051/2		Western Mass Co 31/s 1946	1041/4	
Consol E & G 68 A1962	441/2	451/2	Western Pub Serv 51/38 '60	74	76
6s series B1962	44	46	Wisconsin G & E 3 1/8_1966	1041/4	
	0.00	100	Wis Mich Pow 3 48 1961	10414	1054

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday May 13—Continued

Water Bonds								
	Bid	Ask	1	Bid	Ask			
Alabama Wat Serv 5s_1957	95	96	Muncie Water Works 5s '65	105				
Alton Water Co 5s1956	105		New Jersey Water 5s 1950	100	103			
Ashtabula Wat Wks 5s '58	101	111	New Rochelle Water-		11.			
Atlantic County Wat 58 '58	100	2	5s series B1951	74	78			
Birmingham Water Wks-		2	51/81951	83	.88			
5s series C1957	103 1/2		New York Wat Serv 5s '51	86 14	891			
5s series B1954	101		Newport Water Co 5 1953	97	101			
51/8 series A1954		106	Ohio Cities Water 51/8 53	73	17			
Butler Water Co 5s1957	10436	100	Ohio Valley Water 5s_1954	104				
		10414	Ohio Water Service 5s_1958	951/2	99			
Calif Water Service 4s 1961			Ore-Wash Wat Serv 5s 1957	7514	781			
Chester Wat Serv 41/8 '58	103	1041/2		1072	.07			
Citizens Wat Co (Wash)—	4041/		Penna State Water-	93	95			
581951	1013		1st coll trust 41/81966	90	00			
51/s series A1951	103		Peoria Water Works Co-	101	100			
City of New Castle Water	21.2	1 X	1st & ref 5s1950	101	100			
581941	101		1st consol 4s1948	99	102			
City Water (Chattanooga)	V. Car		1st consol 5s1948	100				
5s series B1954	100 1/2		Prior lien 581948	103 1/2	5-			
1st 5s series C1957	10414		Phila Suburb Wat 4s1965	106	108			
Community Water Service	100	10. 5 9	Pinellas Water Co 5 1/8_ '59	96 1/2	100			
5 1/s series B1946	62	67	Pittsburgh Sub Wat 5s '58	1011/2	1033			
6s series A1946	64	69	Plainfield Union Wat 5s '61	107				
Connellsville Water 5s 1939	100	100	Richmond W W Co 5s_1957	10434				
Consol Water of Utica-			Roanoke W W 581950	99	1003			
41/81958	92	97	Roch & L Ont Wat 5s_1938	101				
1st mtge 5s1958	94	98	St Joseph Wat 4s ser A '66	105				
E St L & Interurb Water-	01	00	Scranton Gas & Water Co		7.7			
5s series A1942	003/	10114	41/481958	981/2	100			
6s series B1942	100	103	Scranton-Spring Brook	00/2	1200			
			Water Service 5s_1961	7436	773			
5s series D1960	104	106	1st & ref 5s A1967	75	783			
Greenwich Water & Gas-	07	100		98	100			
5s series A1952	97	100	Shenango Val 4s ser B 1961	71	75			
5s series B1952	961/2		South Bay Cons Wat 58 '50	11	10			
Hackensack Wat Co 5s. '77		1081/2	South Pittsburgh Water-	100				
5 1/28 series B1977	110		1st mtge 5s1955	103				
Huntington Water—	A . 1 . 1	. 0	5s series A1960	103 1/2				
5s series B1954	101	104	5s series B1960	105	1 -==			
681954	103	1041/2	Springf City Wat 4s A '56	90 1/2	913			
5s1962	104		Terre Haute Water 5s B '56	101	1			
Illinois Water Serv 5s A '52	101	103	6s series A1949	103	105			
Indianapolis Water-	1 5 pt		Texarkana Wat 1st 5s_1958	101	104			
1st mtge 3 1/s1966	10216	1041/2		101	103			
Indianapolis W W Securs-	-0-72		W Va Water Serv 4s1961	100	103			
581958	81	85	Western N Y Water Co-		1			
Joplin W W Co 58 1957	103 1/2		5s series B1950	93	1			
Kokomo W W Co 5e_1958	104	106	1st mtge 5s1951	91	1			
Long Island Wat 5 1/8-1955			1st mtge 5 1/8 1950		101			
	102		Westmoreland Water 5s '52	10014				
Middlesex Wat Co 51/8 '57	107	0=		100 72	-			
Monmouth Consol W 5s '56	90	95	Wichita Water—	101	1			
Monongahela Valley Water		1	5s series B1956	101				
51/81950	101		5s series C1960					
Morgantown Water 5s 1965	1041/2		6s series A1949					
	- 25	1	W'msport Water 5s1952	100				

Inv	esti/	ng (Companies		
Par	Bid	Ask 1	Par	Bid	Ask
AdministeredFund2ndinc*	10.36	11.02	Investors Fund C1	8.94	9.54
Affiliated Fund Inc 11/4	3.56	3.91		20.23	22.14
Amerex Holding Corp *	. 19	2034	Series B-3	13.28	14.53
Amer Business Shares-	2	-0,4	Series K-1	12.90	14.07
New common	3.02	3.34	Series K-1	9.01	9.87
Amer & Continental Corp.	6	7	Series S-2	11.71	12.86
Amer Gen Equities Inc 25c	55c	62c	Series 8-4	4.11	4.56
Am Insurance Stock Corp *	334	4	Major Shares Corp*	21/8	
Assoc. Stand Oil Shares 2	51/8	57/8	Maryland Fund Inc 10c	5.01	5.49
Bankers Nat Invest Corp *	100	,.	Mass Investors Trust1	18.27	193/8
Basic Industry Shares10	1.70	2,20	Mutual Invest Fund10	9.78	10.69
Boston Fund Inc	# 1.70 # 2.86		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
British Type Invest A 1	13.60	14.55	Nation Wide Securities 25c	2.72	2.82
Broad St Invest Co Inc. 5	25c	40c	Voting shares	1.13	1.24
Bullock Fund Ltd1	21.50	22.99	National Investors Corp.1	4.68	4.98
Canadian Inv Fund Ltd. 1	11¾ 4 3.45	121/8	New England Fund1	10.88	11.70
Century Shares Trust* Commonwealth Invest1	₹ 3.45	3.80	N Y Stocks Inc-	of a to	
Commonwealth Invest 1	20.33	21.86	Agriculture	6.97	7.55
Continental Shares pf. 100	2.91	3.11	Bank stockBuilding supplies	7.20	7.86
Corporate Trust Shares1	6 14	7	Building supplies	6.49	7.02
Series AA1	# 2.04		Electrical equipment	6.42	6.96
Accumulative series1	₽1.97		Insurance stock	7.91	8.56
Series AA mod1	£ 1.97		Machinery	6.64	7.19
Series ACC mod1	2.32		Metals	7.41	8.02
Crum & Forster com10	2.32		Olls	7.88	8.53
8% preferred100	20	23	Railroad equipment	5.81	6.30
8% preferred100 Crum & Forster insurance	115		Steel	6.49	7.03
Common B sharr10	25	28	No Amer Bond Trust ctfs_	50 3/8	
Common B share10 7% preferred100	110		No Amer Tr Shares 1953.*	1.95	
Cumulative Trust Shares.*	4.10		Series 19551	2.35	
	3 6		Series 1950	2.31	
Deposited Bank Shs ser Al	1.39		Series 19581	2.06	
Deposited Insur Shs A1	2.66				W. Line
Deposited Insur Shs ser B1	2.44		Pacific Southern Inv pref.*	24	26
Diversified Trustee Shares	5.2		Class A	514	534
C3.50	3.20	5.35	Class B.	5/8	1
Dividend Shares25c	4.75	5.35	Plymouth Fund Inc 10c	35c	40c
Dividend Shares250	1.08	1.19	Quarterly Inc Shares 10c	8.72	9.55
Eaton & Howard Manage-	16.02	17.21	5% deb series A Representative TrustShs10	98 8.19	102 8.69
ment Fund series A-1 Equit Inv Corp (Mass)5	25.48	27.11	Republic Invest Fund 25c	23c	26c
Equity Corp \$3 conv pref 1	z21¼	2414	Royalties Management 1	30c	50c
Fidelity Fund Inc	16.52	17.79	Selected Amer Shares 256	8.38	9.14
Fiscal Fund Inc—	10.02	11.10	Royalties Management_1 Selected Amer Shares_2½ Selected Income Shares	3.64	0.11
Bank stock series10c	2.35	2.59	Sovereign Investors	61c	67c
Insurance stk series_10c		3.37	Spencer Trask Fund	13.53	14.24
Fixed Trust Shares A 10	7.90		Standard Am Trust Shares	1.85	2.15
B10	6.23		Standard Utilities Inc. 50c	50c	54c
Foreign Bd Associates Inc.	6.80	7.38	State Street Invest Corp. *	70	731/2
Foundation Trust Shs A_1	3.50	3.75	Super Corp of Am Tr Shs A	2.76	
Fundamental Invest Inc.2	14.43	15.59	AA	1.87	
Fundamental Invest Inc.2 Fundamental Tr Shares A2	4.25	4.75	B	2.89	
В*	3.82		. BB	1.87	
The second second section is a second section of the second second section sec			C	5.09	
General Capital Corp *	27.28	29.33	C	5.09	
General Investors Trust.*	4.16	4.53	Supervised Shares3	8.54	9.28
Group Securities—	0.0				
Agricultural shares		1.08	Trustee Stand Invest Shs-		
Automobile shares	66c	73c	Series C	2.14	
Building shares	1.13	1.23	Series D1 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A_1	2.09	
Chemical shares		1.14	Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1	5.91	6
Food shares	74c	82c	Series B1	5.44	
Investing shares	63c			55c	610
Merchandise shares	83c	91c		79c	890
Mining shares		1.21	U S El Lt & Pr Shares A	1234	13¼ 1.72
Petroleum shares			B	1.62	1.72
RR equipment shares	62c			82c	900
Steel shares	97c		Un N Y Bank Trust C-3.*	1	2 3/4 1 3/4
Tobacco shares	91c	1.00	Un N Y Tr Shs ser F* Wellington Fund1	12.41	13.47
Guardian Inv Trust com.	42c	82c	Investm't Banking Corps	12.41	13.47
Huron Holding Corp1		16.67	Bancamerica-Blair Corp. 1	41/8	51/8
Incorporated Investors* Institutional Securities Ltd	15.50	10.07	Central Nat Corp el A *	28	33
Bank Group shares	1.02	1.13	ologo D	9 .	5
Insurance Group Shares			First Boston Corp10	17	181/2
Insuranshares Corp (Del)1	1/2	11/8	Schoelkopf, Hutton &		20/2
Invest Co. of Amer com_10	27	31	Schoelkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy Inc com10c	1	13/4
	I .	1	HP.	1	

Real Estate Bonds and Title Co. Mortgage Certificates

	Hea 1	Ask		Bu	Ask
Alden 1st 3s1957	30		Metropolitan Corp (Can)—		
B'way Barclay 1st 2s1956	f20	22	681947	91	95
B'way & 41st Street-	(**) es	5 1909	Metropol Playhouses Inc-		1
1st 3s1944	32	33 1/2	S f deb 581945	60	62
Broadway Motors Bldg-			N Y Athletic Club-		
4-681948	5914	6134	291946	221/2	24
Chanin Bidg inc 4s1945	48	501/2	N Y Majestic Corp-	100	
Chsebrough Bldg 1st 6s '48	46	48	4s with stock stmp1956	f4	5
Colonade Constr'n 4s_1948	32	35	N Y Title & Mtge Co-	1. 1	
Court & Remsen St Off Bid	-		5 1/8 series BK	f445/8	463
1st 31/4s1950	28	1	5 1/48 series C-2	1295/8	30%
Dorset 1st & fixed 2s '57	25	28	5 %s series F-1	14918	501
	40	40	5 1/28 series Q	13834	41
Eastern Ambassador	19/		10th & Walnut Cts (Thile)	10074	41
Hotel units	434	6	19th & Walnut Sts (Phila)	410	21
Equit Off Bidg deb 5s_1952	46	48	1st 6sJuly 7 1939	f19	21
Deb 5s 1952 legended	44	47			
		2.	Oliver Cromwell (The)—		
50 Bway Bldg 1st 3s inc '46	28	31	1st 6sNov 15 1939	f6	
500 Fifth Avenue 6 1/4s_1949	301/2	321/2	1 Park Avenue-		
52d & Madison Off Bldg-		F 19 10 1	2d mtge 6s1951	45	
1st Leasehold 3s_Jan 1'52	33	10000000	103 E 57th St 1st 6s1941	19	21
Film Center Bldg 1st 4s '43	37		165 Bway Bldg 1st 5 1/8 '51	f41	433
40 Wall St Corp 68 1958	40	42	Prudence Co-	,	
42 Bway 1st 6s1939	661/2	12	5 1/38 stamped1961	55	
	00 72		Realty Assoc Sec Corp-		O P
1400 Broadway Bldg-	0-	2.50		f42	44
1st 6 1/s stpd1948	35		5s income1943	J42	44
Fox Theatre & Off Bldg—	4 × 1 2 × 1	100	Roxy Theatre-		
Income 3s1957	f5	6	1st 4s1957	441/2	47
Fuller Bldg deb 6s1944	29	32			
1st 2 14-4s (w-s)1949	37	39	Savoy Plaza Corp-	1 60 6	
100명 이 이 사람들은 그리고 있다.	15 30 -	200	3s with stock1956	26	28
Graybar Bldg 5s1946	58	5 37	Sherneth Corp-	110	
Harriman Bldg 1st 6s_1951	35	371/2	2s with stock 1956	f21	23
Hearst Brisbane Prop 6s '42	48	5016	60 Park Place (Newark)	•	
Hotel Lexington units	421/2	45	1st fee & leasehold	200	
		43	3½81947	401/2	
Hotel St George 4s1950	41	43	0728	127	
Lefcourt Manhattan Bidg	2.0	100	616 Madison Av 1st 6 1/8 38	141	
1st 4-5s extended to 1948	54		61 Broadway Bldg-	01	33
Lewis Morris Apt Bldg-	12.00		3 1/4 with stock 1950	31	00
1st 4s1950	33		Syracuse Hotel (Syracuse)	2.5	
Lincoln Building-	9 3 1 1	See .	1 1st 3s1955	64	
Income 51/s w-s 1963	60	1			4 34.
Loew's Theatre Rity Corp		100	Textile Bldg-		
1st 6s1947	8914	901/2		34	36
London Terrace Apts—	3074	30/2	Trinity Bidgs Corp-		
	38	40	1st 5 1/28 1939	52	122
1st & gen 3s w-s1952	30	40		50	170
Ludwig Bauman—		1,4	2 Park Ave Bldg 1st 4s 1946	00	
1st 5s (Bkiyn)1947	54		Waibridge Bidg (Buffalo)—	10	
1st 5s (L I)1951	63		3s with stock1950	18	
Majestic Apt Inc-	- mi 17		Wall & Beaver St Corp-		011
4s w-s 1948 stamped	4	5	1st 4 1/28 W-81951	1934	213
	1	1	Westinghouse Bldg-		
	88	1 91	1st fee & leasehold 4s '48	66 1/2	
Metropolitan Chain Prop— 681948	-	91	Westinghouse Bidg— lst fee & leasehold 4s '48	6634	

For footnotes see page 3168.

Trend of Business in Hotels, According to Horwath & Horwath—April Sales Below Year Ago

Horwath—April Sales Below lear Ago
Horwath & Horwath, in their monthly survey of the trend
of business in hotels, state that "the sales decreases in April
from the corresponding month of last year were undoubtedly sharper than they would otherwise have been because
of the fact that more than two weeks of Lent fell in this
month, whereas last year Lend ended in March. Room
sales were down 8% and restaurant sales 11%, against
average decreases for the first three months of 2% each,"
the firm said, adding:

average decreases for the first three months of 2% each," the firm said, adding:

For the first time in more than 10 years the April occupancy was below that of March; usually it is about three points higher. Only a small proportion of all hotels reporting had higher occupancy than in April, 1937, and in all of these it was due to special events. Rates in all localities held slightly above those a year ago.

Texas was the only locality in which the sales increased over April, 1937, but even here the occupancy was lower. In all the other groups there were sharp decreases in both sales and occupancy. The most common reasons given for the slump were general business conditions and reduced banquet and convention business.

The decreases in room and restaurant sales from the corresponding months nine years ago are shown in the following:

		Ro	ooms	100	Restaurant			
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
New York City	34%	34%	34%	35%	30%	19%	17%	18%
Chicago	19	23	31	28	20	12	15	*7
Philadelphia	41	48	47	48	46	40	47	48
Washington	21	17	40	34	11	*5	. 32	23
	30	28	26	27	37	31	42	18
Cleveland Detroit	25	44	29	39	*21	9	13	10
Pacific Coast	11	19	26	31	12	28	31	26
	19	19	23	17	10	16	18	18
TexasAll others	25	25	30	31	2	2	13	9
Total	25%	25%	30%	30%	10%	9%	17%	5%
Same month of last yr-	25	22	25	24	9 1	10	1 11	*7

Horwath & Horwath also issued the following analysis

TREND OF BUSINESS IN HOTELS IN APRIL, 1938, COMPARED WITH APRIL, 1937

	Percentag or 1	Sales e of Incre Decrease (ease (+)	Occupancy		Room Rate Percent- age of	
	Total	Rooms	Res- taurant	This Month	Same Month Last Year	Inc. (+)	
New York City	-12% -7 -7 -9 -9 -15 -13 +3 -10	$\begin{array}{r} -11\% \\ -55 \\ -1 \\ -7 \\ -7 \\ -17 \\ -12 \\ +2 \\ -8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -12\% \\ -9 \\ -12 \\ -10 \\ -12 \\ -14 \\ -14 \\ +5 \\ -12 \end{array}$	63% 64 50 82 68 57 58 76 63	73% 70 52 89 77 71 68 78 70	+3% +4 +3 +1 +5 +3 +2 +5 +2	
Total	-10%	-8%	-11%	63%	71%	+2%	
Year to date	-4%	-4%	-5%	65%	70%	+49	

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday May 13—Concluded

Industrial Stocks and Bonds

Par	Bid	Ask	II Par	Bid	1 Ask
Alabama Mills Inc*	23/4	3 1/2	Pathe Film 7% pref*	97	100
American Arch	23 1/2	28	Petroleum Conversion 1	1/8	47
American Cynamic—	1	1	Petroleum Heat & Power*	334	47
5% conv pref10	113/8	117/8	Pilgrim Exploration1	111/2	12 1/ 78 3/
American Hard Rubber-	1.5	1	Pure Oil 4% conv pf	773/8	78%
8% cum pref100	90	96	Remington Arms com*	3	4
American Hardware 25	20 7/8	221/8		Service Land	1
Amer Maize Products *	12	14	Scovill Manufacturing 25	20	211
American Mig 5% pref_100 Andian National Corp*	50	56	Singer Manufacturing100	230	235
Andian National Corp *	45 1/2	48	Singer Mfg Ltd* Skenandoa Rayon Corp*	4 1/2	51/4
Art Metal Construction 10	16 1/2	18	Skenandoa Rayon Corp*	41/2	61/2
Bankers Indus Service A.*	1	21/2	Standard Coated Prod _10c	7/8	13/
Belmont Radio Corp*	2 1/8		Preferred5 Standard Screw20	234	35%
Beneficial Indus Loan pf. *	52 3/8	5334	Standard Screw20	22 1/2	26
Burdines Inc common1	4 1/2	6	Stromberg-Carlson Tel Mig	47/8	57
	The state of	11 11 17	Sylvania Indus Corp*	12	131/2
Chie Buri & Quiner100	42	45			1 1 1
Chitton Co common10	3	41/2	Taylor Wharton Iron &		
Columbia Baking com *	5	7	Steel common*	6	71/2
\$1 cum preferred*	131/2		Tennessee Products*	134	23/4
Crowell Publishing com *	2934	31%	Trico Products Corp*	29	31
\$7 preferred100	109		Tubize Chatillon cum pf_10	70	76
Dennison Mfg class A10	5/8	11/4			
Devoe & Raynolds B com *	31	35	United Artists Theat com_*	11/8	17/8
Dictaphone Corn *	30	34	United Merch & Mfg com *	6	7
Preferred100	112	1	United Piece Dye Works_*	1/4	8/
Dixon (Jos) Crucible 100	30	35	Preferred100	234	334
Douglas (W L) Shoe-	10.00	1. 58			- /*
Conv prior pref*	33/8	434	Warren (Northam)-	- 77	17.7
Draper Corp *	48	51	\$3 conv preferred*	x40	45
			Weich Grape Juice com 5	15	18
Federal Bake Shops*	4	51/2	7% preferred 100	x104 1/2	
Preferred30	17	21	7% preferred100 West Va Pulp & Pap com_*	14	16
Fohs Oil Co*	161/2	20	Preferred100	9134	9514
Foundation Co For shs *	21/4	3	West Dairies Inc com v 1 c 1		13/
American shares	274	25%		14	134
Garlock Packing com*	31 1/2	34 1/2	\$3 cum preferred* White Rock Min Spring—	161/4	173/4
Can Fire Fattneytaber	12	129	White Rock Mill Spring-	***	0.00
Gen Fire Extinguisher *		12%	\$7 1st preferred100	75	227
General Foods \$4.50 pf*	1053/8	7	Wickwire Spencer Steel_*	534	634
Good Humor Corp1	61/4	1 /	Wilcox & Gibbs com50	9	12
Graton & Knight com*	4	6	WJR The Goodwill Sta_5	20	22
Preferred100	38	411/2	Worcester Salt100	47	52
Great Lakes BS Co com*	26 1/4	2834		20.0	
Great Northern Paper 25	26	29	York Ice Machinery*	91/4	101/8
			7% preferred100	50 1/2	53
Harrisburg Steel Corp5	614	71/2	Young (J S) Co com100	80	90
Kildun Mining Corp1	3/8	5/8	7% preferred100	123	
King Seeley Corp com1	41/2	55/8		1000	
Lawrence Portl Cement 100	14	16		*	
Lord & Taylor com100	150	200	Bonds-	1.00	
1st 6% preferred100	100		American Tobacco 4s_1951	107	
2d 8% preferred100	100	27-	Am Wire Fabrics 7s1942	95	98
Macfadden Pub common_*	4	51/4			
Preferred*	43 1/2	471/2	Chicago Stock Yds 5s_1961	90	
Merck & Co Inc common_1	201/2	221/2	Cont'l Roll & Steel Fdy-		
6% preferred100	113 1/2		1st conv s f 6s1940	79	82
6% preferred100 Mock Judson & Voehringer			Deep Rock Oil 781937	f76 34	7814
7% preferred100	80	90	Haytian Corp 881938	f8	91/2
Muskegon Piston Ring_2 1/2	83/8	95%	Kelsey Hayes Wheel Co-	***	100
National Casket*	41	45	Conv deb 681948		75
Preferred *	106	109	Martin (Glenn L)-	7.7.7	W No
Nat Paper & Type com *	31/2	5	Conv 68 1939	195	
5% preferred 100	20	23	Nat Radiator 5s 1946	f13	16
New Britain Machine	16 1/2	18	N Y Shipbuilding 5s1946	86	
New Haven Clock-	10/2	10	Scovill Mfg 5 1/8 1945	106 1/2	108
Preferred 6 16% 100	58	62	MIE 0 7301040	100 72	100
Preferred 6 1/2 100 Northwestern Yeast 100	45	48	Witherbee Sherman 6s 1963	273/	41
Norwich Pharmacal5	33 1/2	351/2	Woodward Iron—	3734	41
and with a marmadal			WOOD WALL TION		
Ohio Leather common #	00 72	11	1at 5a 10a0	10014	10917
Ohio Leather common* Ohio Match Co*	9 73%	11	1st 5s1962 2d conv income 5s1962	100 ½ 80 ½	102 1/2

* No par value. a Interchangeable. b Basis price. d Coupon. c Ex-interest. f Flat price. n Nominal quotation. w t When Issued. w-s With stock. 2 Exdividend. y Now selling on New York Curb Exchange. s Ex-stock dividend † Now listed on New York Stock Exchange ‡ Quotations per 100 gold rouble bond. equivalent to 77 4234 grams of pure gold.

AUCTION SALES

The following securities were sold at auction on Wednesday of the current week:

By R. L. Day & Co., Boston:
Shares Stocks sper Share
20 Cheney Bigelow Wire Works, preferred, par \$50 and \$192.60 debenture 5s,
250 Trustees of One State Street, class A \$100 lot
10 Eaton Paper Corp., common v. t. c. and 10 preferred \$30 lot
1 Boston Athenaeum, par \$300
100 Stanley Engineering Inc
100 Pierce Oil Corp., common, par \$25; \$2,000 Midwest Athletic Club, 1st
mtge., 1938, ctf. of dep.; \$1,000 Midwest Athletic Club, 1st mtge., 1935,
ctf. of dep.; 139 Springfield Street Ry. Cos., preferred, par \$100, and \$4,900
Kedzie Business Block, 1st mtge. 6½s, ctf. of dep\$650 lot 76 Units Industrial Credit Corp. of Lynn20
86 Units Industrial Credit Corp. of New England. 45
4 Franklin Company, pos \$100

l	4 Franklin Company, par \$100	15 20
	By Crockett & Co., Boston:	
	Shares Stocks \$ per S 10 Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., par \$100.	33
	30 Fall River Gas Works, par \$25 1 39 Mass. Power & Light Associates, preferred	13
	1 New England Power Co., preferred, par \$10012	24

By Barnes & Lofland, Philadelphia:	
Shares Stocks 1400 Investment Bond & Securities Corp., common, par \$50	\$ per Share
Bonds 881 Wilbur-Suchard Chocolate Co., Inc., common, par 50c	100

CURRENT NOTICES

—Drumheller, Ehrlichman & White have changed their corporate name to Drumheller, Ehrlichman Co., Seattle, Wash. W. H. White, formerly Vice-President, is now associated with White, Wyeth & Co., Los Angeles,

—Sutro Bros. & Co., 134 S. La Salle St., Chicago, announces that John H. Pitt has become associated with them in their grain department. Mr. Pitt was formerly grain market analyst for Thomson & McKinnon.

Foreign Stocks, Bonds and Coupons **Inactive Exchanges**

BRAUNL & CO., INC. Villiam St., N. Y. Tel. HAnover 2-5422

Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds

THE WAR IN THE STATE OF THE STA	Bid	ASE	llware an actional	15td	Ask
Anhalt 7s to	f201/2	22¼ 30½	Hansa SS 6s1939 Housing & Real Imp 7s '46 Hungarian Cent Mut 7s '37	f88 f22	
Bank of Colombia 7% _ 1947	f22 34	2414	Hungarian Cent Mut 78 '37	111	
/8	12474	241/4	Hungarian Ital Bk 7568 321	f11	
Barranguilla 88'35-40-48	110	19 221/2	Hungarian Discount & Ex- change Bank 781936	f14	
Bavaria 6½s to1945 Bavarian Palatinate Cons	12072	2273	Change Dank 781930	114	
Cities 7s to1945	f16	18	Ilseder Steel 6s1948	f271/2	
Cities 7s to1945 Bogota (Colombia) 6½8'47	f13	14	Jugoslavia 5s funding_1956	55	
8s1945 Bolivia (Republic) 8s_1947	f121/2	13 1/2	Jugoslavia 2d series 5s_1956 Coupons—	55	
78 1958		1 45%	Nov 1932 to May 1935	f58	
781958 781969	141/4	4 % 7 1/2	Nov 1935 to May 1937	f48	
681940	f6	71/2	Koholyt 61/481943	f22	
Brandenburg Elec 6s_1953 Brazil funding 5s_1931-51	f18	221/4	Land M Bk Warsaw 88 '41 Leipzig O'land Pr 61/28 '46	f50 f241/2	
Brazil funding scrip	f33		Leipzig Trade Fair 7s. 1953	122	
Bremen (Germany) 78_1935	1171/2	181/2	Luneberg Power Light & Water 781948		17.35
6s1940 British Hungarian Bank	f18	20	Water 781948	f22	
71/4 Hungarian Bank	f16		Mannheim & Palat 7s_1941	f21½	
71/28 1962 Brown Coal Ind Corp	120		Meridionale Elec 7s1957	65	68
6½81953 Buenos Aires scrip	f23	.=	Munich 7s to1945	f2034	2234
Buenos Aires scrip	f45	49	Munic Bk Hessen 7s to '45	f201/4	221/4
Burmeister & Wain 6s_1940 Caldas (Colombia) 71/28 '46	f117 f111/4	121/4	Municipal Gas & Elec Corp Recklinghausen 7s_1947	f211/2	
Cali (Colombia) 781947	f151/2	17		,/-	
Callao (Peru) 71/281944	1534	6 1/2 12 1/4	Nassau Landbank 61/48 '38	f35	
Cali (Colombia) 781947 Callao (Peru) 7½81944 Cauca Valley 7½81946 Oeara (Brazil) 881947	f111/4	121/4	Nat Bank Panama (A & B) 61/28_1946-1947	f96	
Central German Power	f2	4	(C&D) 6148-1948-1949	196	
Madgeburg 681934	f251/2		Nat Central Savings Bk of	100	
Chile Govt 6s assented	f15	17	Hungary 71/81962	f13	
78 assented	f15 f64	17 66	National Hungarian & Ind	f11	7.
Chilean Nitrate 5s1968 City Savings Bank	10.2	00	Mtge 7s1948 North German Lloyd 6s '47	199	
Budapest 781953	f11		4s1947 Oberpfals Elec 7s1946	5834	5934
Colombia 4s1946	f35	37	Oberpfals Elec 7s1946	f2134	
Cordoba 7s stamped1937 Costa Rica funding 5s_ '51	f58 f161/2	18	Oldenburg-Free State 7s to1945	f201/4	2214
Costa Rica Pac Ry 7½8 '49	f17	19		12074	
581949	f16 1/2	18	Panama City 61/281952	f23	
5s 1949 Cundinamarca 61/4s 1959	f10	10 1/2	Panama 5% scrip	f13	28
Dortmund Mun Util 68 '48	f221/4	221/4	Coupons 1936-1937	f24 f35	37
Duesseldorf 7s to1945 Duisburg 7% to1945	f201/4 f201/4	2214	Panama 5% scrip	1714	814
Duisburg 7% to1945 East Prussian Pow 6s_1953	f21	23			
Electric Pr (Germ) 61/48 '50	f221/2	24	many) 7s1946 Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '33 Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '36 5s1941	f211/2	
6½81953 European Mortgage & In-	f22 1/2	24	Prov Bk Westphalla 08 '36	f21½ f21½	
vestment 7½s1966	f22		581941	f201/2	
71/28 income1966	f15	19	Rhine Westph Elec 7% '36	f50	
781967	f22	45	Die de Janeiro 697 1022	f25	814
7s income1967 Farmers Natl Mtge 7s_'63	f15 f11	19	Rhine Westph Elec 7% '36 6s1941 Rlo de Janeiro 6%1933 Rom Cath Church 6½8 '46	f71/4 f22	23 14
Frankfurt 78 to1945	f201/2	22 1/2	R C Church Welfare 7s '46	f22	23 1/2 23 1/2
Frankfurt 7s to1945 French Nat Mail 88 6s '52	99	102		***	
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s_1934	f100		Saarbruecken M Bk 68 '47 Salvador 7%1957	f22 f15	25
681937 681940	f100		78 ctfs of deposit_1957	f1334	1434
German Atl Cable 781945	f45		4s scrip	f5	10
German Building & Land-	***	. 40 3	881948	f24 f22	
bank 61/281948 German Conversion Office	f22		8s ctfs of deposit 1948 Santa Catharina (Brazil)	122	
Funding 3s1946	f341/4	3434	8%1947	181/2	101/2
Int ctfs of dep July 1 '38	f93	98	Santa Fe 7s stamped_1942	f57	60
German defaulted coupons:	120		Santander (Colom) 7s. 1948 Sao Paulo (Brazil) 6s. 1943	f12 f71/2	13½ 8½
July to Dec 1933 Jan to June 1934	f36		Saxon Pub Works 78 - 1945	12214	23 14
July to Dec 1934	f39		8axon Pub Works 7s1945 61/2s1951	f22 1/2	23 1/2
July to Dec 1934 Jan to June 1935	f371/2		Saxon State Mtge 68. 1947	f24	
July to Dec 1935	f36		Siem & Halske deb 6s_2930 State Mtge Bk Jugoslavia	f405	
Jan to June 1936 July to Dec 1936	f34 1/2 f33		58	f58	
	#OF	28	2d series 5s1956	f58	
July to Dec 1937 Jan to May1938 German scrip	f25		Coupons—	f61	
German serin	f23 f61/2	26	Oct 1932 to April 1935 Oct 1935 to April 1937 Stettin Pub Util 781946	146	
		0 /8	Stettin Pub Util 781946	f22	24
Dec 1934 stamped	1814	834	Stinnes 7s unstamped_1936	f69	
Apr 15 '35 to Apr 15 '38	f161/2	173	Certificates 4s1936	f57 f63	
German Young coupons: Dec 1 '34 stamped	f10¾	111/2	7s unstamped1946 Certificates 4s1946	f51	
June 1 '35 to Dec 1 '37	f13	131/2	Toho Electric 781955	65	661/2
Graz (Austria) 8s1954	f30		Tolima 781947 Union of Soviet Soc Repub	f11	12
Great Britain & Ireland—	1121/4	11314	7% gold ruble1943	186.61	91.21
Guatemala 88 1948	f20	11074	Untereibe Electric 6s_1953	f22	23 1/2
4s1960-1990 Guatemala 8s1948 Hanover Hars Water Wks			Vesten Elec Ry 7s1947	f22 f21	23
681957	/20	22	Wurtemberg 7s to1945	12034	2234
Haiti 681953	70	'			
f Flat price					

f Flat price

1/4 1/4 5/8

CURRENT NOTICES

—Ira Skutch and Lee H. Burton, constituting the firm of Feiner, Skutch & Burton, and Charles H. Meyer, formerly of the firm of Guggenheimer, Strasser & Mayer, announce the formation of a partnership for the general practice of the law to be known as Skutch, Meyer & Burton, with offices at 40 Wall St., New York City. Harold Schwarzberg and Ira D. Wallach will be associated with the firm.

—Announcement is made of the consummation of a correspondent relationship between Bigelow, Webb & Co., of Minneapolis, St. Paul & Rochester, Minnesota, and Barney Johnson & Co. of Chicago, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Manitowoc, Madison, Ashland, Omaha, Appleton, La Crosse and Eau Claire. Direct private wire service will be maintained between Chicago and Minneapolis. Chicago and Minneapolis.

—The investment firm of I. Newton Perry & Co., 135 South La Salle St., Chicago, announces that Albert Dean Henderson is now associated with them as Vice-President. Mr. Henderson's connection with this firm marks the renewal of his business association with Mr. Perry which dates back to the old Chicago investment firm of Stevenson Bros. & Perry.

General Corporation and Investment News

RAILROAD—PUBLIC UTILITY—INDUSTRIAL—MISCELLANEOUS

NOTE—For mechanical reasons it is not always possible to arrange companies in exact alphabetical order.

However, they are always as near alphabetical position as possible.

FILING OF REGISTRATION STATEMENTS UNDER SECURITIES ACT

The following additional registration statements (Nos. 3683 to 3692, inclusive) have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. The total involved in approximately \$130,529,230.

The total involved in approximately \$130,529,230.

National Gypsum Co. (2-3683, Form A-2) of Buffalo, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering \$3,500,000 sinking fund debentures, due 1950. Coupon rate will be filed by amendment. Proceeds will be used for payment of debt, for plant and working capital. W. E. Hutton & Co. will be principal underwriter. Names of other underwriters will be filed by amendment.

National Cypsum Co. plans to utilize part of the proceeds from sale of its debentures for the construction of a unit for the manufacture of gypsum plasters, boards and other gypsum products. Cost of such construction is estimated at \$900,000. Various sites to serve the South at ports with suitable deepwater and railroad facilities on the Atlantic seaboard are under consideration. The new plant will enable company to supply this territory at substantial savings in freight.

During past five years company has extended its activities to include, in addition to the production of gypsum and lime products, a diversified line of related building materials. Expenditures last year for improvements amounted to about \$1,100,000, exclusive of the development at Mobile, Ala. As conditions warrant, company plans to expand its operations in those fields in which it considers it is economically justified. M. H. Baker is President of the company. Filed May 5, 1938.

City of Cordoba, Argentina, (2-3684, Form D-1). The bondholders convenience of which Eved L Voung. is Chairman, has filed a registration

is President of the company. Filed May 5, 1938.

City of Cordoba, Argentina, (2-3684, Form D-1). The bondholders committee, of which Fred J. Young, is Chairman, has filed a registration statement covering certificates of deposit for \$4,254,590 of 7% external sinking fund gold bonds of 1927 due 1957. Filed May 5, 1938.

Philip Morris & Co., Ltd., Inc. (2-3685, Form A-2) of New York, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering 77,873 shares of \$100 par value cumulative convertible preferred stock, series A, and 77,873 shares of \$10 par value common stock, including scrip certificates for fractions of shares, and 519,151 full share subscription warrants evidencing rights to subscribe for the preferred. The common stock is reserved for issue solely upon conversion of the new preferred. Filed May 6, 1938. (For further details see subsequent page).

Sovereign Investors, Inc. (2-3686, Form A-1) of Jersey City, N. J.,

Sovereign Investors, Inc. (2-3686, Form A-1) of Jersey City, N. J., has filed a registration statement covering 7,812,500 shares of 10-cent par value common stock to be offered at the market for estimated cash proceeds of \$5,000,000, the proceeds to be used for investment. The Sovereign Corp. was named underwriter. William R. Bull is President of the company. Filed May 6, 1938.

Income Estates of America. Inc. (2-3687, Form C-1) of Philadelphia.

Income Estates of America, Inc. (2-3687, Form C-1) of Philadelphia, Pa., has filed a registration statement covering 2,500 systematic investment plans, to be offered at \$1.815 each, and 1,000 fully paid investment plans, to be offered at \$500 each. Proceeds will be used for investment in shares of Sovereign Investors, Inc. Registrant is sponsor. Allan N. Young is President of the company. Filed May 6, 1938.

central Maine Power Co. (2-3688, Form A-2) of Augusta, Maine, has filed a registration statement covering \$1,000,000 4% series G list and general mortgage bonds, due 1960, to be sold to Travelers Insurance Co, at par. Registration also covers 5,000 shares of common stock, no par, to be offered first to stockholders under pre-emptive rights at \$100 per share and any unsubscribed for shares are to be sold to New England Public Service Co, at the same price. Proceeds will be used to reduce bank loans and settle parent company advances. There will be no underwriters, but bond sale arranged by Coffin & Burr and First Boston Corp. Walter S. Wyman is President of the company. Filed May 7, 1938.

American Alloys, Inc. (2-3689, Form A-1) of Medford, Mass, has filed a registration statement covering 170,000 shares common stock, \$1 par. Of the shares registered, 120,000 are to be offered through underwriters of the company and the remaining shares are optioned to the underwriter at \$3 each and the remaining shares are optioned to the underwriter at \$3 each. Proceeds are to be used for payment of debt and for working capital. George W. Murphy & Co., Inc., will be underwriter. Lorenzo S. Guetti is President of the company. Filed May 7, 1938.

Aeronautical Securities, Inc. (2-369), Form A-1) of Jersey City, N. J.

company. Filed May 7, 1938.

Aeronautical Securities, Inc. (2-369), Form A-1) of Jersey City, N. J., has filed a registration statement covering 300,000 shares of \$1-par common stock. The first 5,000 shares are to be offered at \$7.50 each. The balance will be offered at market. Proceeds will be used for investment. Aeronautical Securities Research Corp. will be underwriter. Minton M. Warren is President of the company. Filed May 10, 1938.

American Trusteed Funds, Inc. (2-3691, Form C-1) of New York, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering 500,000 Lexington Trust Fund shares certificates to be offered at market for estimated cash proceeds of \$5,000,000. Proceeds will be used for investment. Sponsored by depositor. T. P. Heider is President of the company. Filed May 10, 1938.

United States Steel Corp. (2-3692, Form A-2) has filed a registration statement covering \$100,000,000 of 10-year debentures dated June 1, 1938, and due June 1, 1948, the price of which will be supplied by amendment to the registration statement. Filed May 11, 1938. (For further details see subsequent page).

The SEC has announced that at the request of the applicants it has consented to the withdrawal of the following registration statements:

Pisplay Products, Inc. (2261) covering 50,000 shares (par \$5), class A non-voting common stock. Filed June 15, 1936.

Eureka Mining & Milling Co. (3596) covering 109,112 shares common stock, par \$1. Filed Feb. 5, 1938.

General Reinsurance Corp. (3043)) covering 82,290½ shares (par \$5) capital stock. Filed March 31, 1937.

(Edgar P.) Lewis & Sons, Inc. (3645) covering 14,634 shares (par \$10) 85 cents cum. convertible preferred stock. Filed March 30, 1938.

Robe Coin Machine Mfg. Co. (3664) covering 400,000 shares of common stock, par \$1. Filed April 18, 1938.

Spencer Shoe Corp. (3369) covering 60,000 shares (20 par \$1.50 cum. conv. preferred stock. Filed Aug. 26, 1937.

Stop-order proceedings discontinued and registration statement withdrawn:

Maritime Investment Corp. (3571) covering 49,800 shares 6°-cent class A pref. stock (no par) and a like amount of 60 cent class B stock, no par. Filed Jan. 4, 1938.

The last previous list of registration statements was given in our issue of May 7, page 2999.

Abbott Laboratories—Earnings-

Abitibi Power & Paper Co., Ltd.—Annual Report

Earnings for Years Ended Dec. 31
[Including also the results of wholly owned subsidiaries, but exclusive of Provincial Paper, Ltd.]

Provincial P	aper. Ltd.		
Sales of newsprint and pulp	1007	1936	1935
Sales of newsprint and pulp	604,704	312,134	\$10,906,209 325,971
Total	\$21,754,781	\$14,974,886	\$11,232,180
a Oper. costs Discount on United States funds	16,300,309	12,052,486	9,357,033
Discount on United States funds	13,276	3,221	Cr38,452
Balance	\$5,441,195	\$2,919,178	
Interest and discount earned		46,217	39,819
Sundry minor operating profits Amt. prev. provided as res. for doubt-		21,774	25,403
ful debts—now restored Total Int. on contr. covering purch, of shs.			100,000
Total	\$5,524,645	\$2,987,169	\$2.078,821
Int. on contr. covering purch, of shs.	40,021,010	42,001,100	Q.,0,0,0.
of Thunder Bay Paper Co., Ltd		40,919	163,675
Cost of carrying idle mills and timber	100 010	0 5 5 015	200 024
concessions tributary thereto	436,248	355,315	338,934
Interest on receive.'s certificates and	151,734	229,683	221,190
overdraftCost of issue of receiver's report	5,986		3.092
Expenses re: bondholders' meeting		5,114	743
Prov. for bad & doubtful accts. rec			
Amount written off the value of pulp-			
wood acquired prior to receivership			
and located at shut-down mill (Ste.			E0 000
Anne division)	40,000	48,000	50,000 48,000
Prov. for legal and audit expenses			
Paid to receiver in respect of renum_		40,000	40,000
Amt. applied in amortiz. of purchase price of G. H. Mead Co. shares			100.000
Prov. for U. S. Fed. inc. taxes on prof.			100,000
of G. H. Mead Co	25,922	21,664	
Cost of obtaining special reports under	20,022	21,001	
authority of court	24.737	53,185	
Expenses of liquidator			
Divs. on common stock of Provincial			
Paper, Ltd.	Cr90.000		Cr100,000
Bal. available for depreciation of			
mills & properties & towards bond			
The proportion to to war the borne	1 04 000 000	00 105 100	01 OUE 100

---**b**\$4,838,965 \$2,185,189 \$1,205,186

mills & properties & towards bond interest. b\$4,838,965 \$2,185,189 \$1,205,186 a Incl. adminis., superintendence and gen. exps., but before providing for depreciation & bond interest. b Amount provided for depreciation for 1937 (including provisions shown on books of subsidiary companies) was \$1,785,000.

Statement of Nominal Surplus for the Period Prior to Receivership as Shown by Balance Sheet as at Dec. 31, 1937

Nominal surplus for period prior to Sept. 10, 1932, as per balance sheet at Dec. 31, 1936

Amount admitted by liquidator by way of compromise of Newsprint Bond & Share Co. claim in connection with subscription for common shares.

Gross book value of Crystal Falls power development together with lands, dams, &c.; under the terms of agreement dated June 24, 1937 and approved by Supreme Court of Ontario, this property was transferred to Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario in consideration for the release and settlement of all claims of the Province of Ontario and Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario against the company and its subsidiary companies relating to the affairs of Ontario Power Service Corp., Ltd., and for other consideration as set out in that agreement.

1,894,424

Sundry adjustments.

115

Balance.

Balance______Sundry adjustm'ts of amts. owing to general creditors (net)_____

Assets— Receiver's current assets: Cash on hand & on deposit . Accts. rec., customers', less	1937 \$	1936 S	ce Sheet Dec. 31	1937	1936
Receiver's cur- rent assets: Cash on hand & on deposit _ Accts. rec., cus- tomers', less					
Receiver's cur- rent assets: Cash on hand & on deposit _ Accts. rec., cus- tomers', less	•		Liabilities-	S	8
rent assets: Cash on hand & on deposit - Accts. rec., cus- tomers', less			Sundry liabilities	e Filmon	
Cash on hand & on deposit - Accts. rec., customers', less			of Receiver:		
on deposit - Accts. rec., cus- tomers', less		0.00	Wages acer. &		
Accts. rec., cus- tomers', less	100 000	202 400	payable	96.121	85,87
tomers', less	126,070	393,489		00,121	00,01
		4.045 2	Sundry accts.	764,053	640,65
		000 007	payable	104,000	040,00
reserves	531,623	800,367	Receiver's cer-		
Rec. from G.			tificates (se-	2,600,000	3,650,00
H. Mead Co		1.0	cured)	2,000,000	0,000,00
for newspr't			Liab. on con-		
shipments -	1,495,306	775,065	tracts for		
Rec. from oth.		The year of	boats under	000 000	
subs. rep-			construction	928,920	
resented by			Gen. creditors'	15.7	
cur. assets.	2,653,475	1,504,856	claims incurr.		
Inventories	4,814,742	3,072,701	prior to receiv-		044.00
Invests, in bds	70,450	71,350	ership	750,003	
Deposits with			Res. for conting.	23,705	23,70
trustee for		.,,	5% 1st mtge.		
bondholders	94,695	83,819	gold bonds_	48,267,000	48,267,00
Invests, in & ad-	2 1 1 1 2 1		Unpaid int.		
vances to whly			coupons due		
owned subs.			Dec. 1, 1931		
(excl. of G. H.			and prior	1,300	
Mead Co.) net	43 563 193	44.282.664	Int. accr. to		
Invest, by Rec	10,000,100	-2,202,001	Sept. 10, '32	1,877,050	1,877,05
in purch. of			Res. for tax re-		
			bates.	17,636	17,63
shs. of G. H.	600,000	646,000	7% cum. pref,	-1,000	
Mead Co	000,000	040,000	stock	1.000,000	1.000.00
Invests. in shs.			6% cum. pref.	-10001000	, 2,000,00
of corporat's			stock	34,881,800	34,881,80
not wholly	1 500 695	1,500,637	Common stock.	18,964,935	18,964,93
owned	1,500,635	1,000,037	Nominal surplus	10,001,000	-0,002,00
Invests, in mills			of period prior		
& equip., rys.,			to receivership	4,453,957	6,762,27
waterpowers.				x,100,501	0,100,01
Townsites &		10 010 505	Amt. avail. to-		
bldgs. (net)	46,186,156	48,348,565	wards deprec.		*1
Boats under con-			& bont int.		
struc. under			from operatins		
authority of	A THE STATE OF THE		during receiv-	0 400 770	5,443,53
court	940,845		ership period_	8,460,776	0,770,00
Timber concess.					
& free'ld timb-					
er owned (net)	19,907,560	19,923,509			
Real estate and			Control of the	172 17 19	
office bldgs	326,972	327,052	. 10 - 415 "	•	
Chattels & equip	38,337	26,795			
Prepaid exps	237,198	198,980	1 1		

-V. 146, p. 2673.

Acme Steel Co.—Halves Common Dividend—
Directors on May 10 declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, payable June 11 to holders of record May 26. A dividend of 50 cents was paid on March 12 last and previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1 per share were distributed. See V. 144, p. 1095, for detailed record of previous dividend payments.—V. 146, p. 2673.

Addressograph-Multigraph Corp. - Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31-	1938-3 M	fos.—1937		Mos.—1937
Net operating profits	\$576,916	\$792,474		\$2,605,678
Maint.of non-oper. prop.	6,054	8,633	22,345	39,190
Patents, develop. & en-	I A CLUCK	Market Land		A 1
gineering, incl. amort_	76,378	78,188	315,660	330,683
Dprec.of oper. properties	79,859	82,699	326,562	329,066
Int., deb. disct. & exp	27,173	29,195	108,142	123,586
Prov. for contingencies_			50,000	25,000
Loss on exchange (net)	3,864		42,253	17,279
Income tax (estimated) -	73.191	87,921	331.039	228,818
Pref. divs. guaranteed to				
minority interests	584	1,340	3,538	20,622
Net profit for the per'd				

\$309,813 \$0,41 \$504,498 \$1,822,618 \$1,491,434 \$0.67 \$2.41 \$1.98

Alaska Juneau Gold Mining Co.-Earnings-

Period End. Apr. 30— Gross earnings_____x Profit_____ 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 \$449,000 \$437,000 \$1,613,000 \$1,853,500 184,100 203,000 606,900 919,700

Aldred Investment Trust-Earnings-

3 Months Ended March 31— Net operating income_____ 1938 x\$12,631 1937 v\$7.893 x Exclusive of \$187,424 loss on securities sold. y Exclusive of profit on securities sold of \$13,130.—V. 126, p. 1228.

Allegheny Steel Co.—Earnings

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 y Net profit 10ss\$194,394 x\$551,054 Earns. per sh. on com. stk. Nil \$0.65 1936 \$336,964 \$0.45 1935 \$324,145 \$0.43 x Before possible Federal surtax on undistributed earnings. charges and estimated Federal and State income taxes.

Merger Planned-

Merger Planned—
It is reported that negotiations are in progress for a merger of this company and the Ludlum Steel Co. While details have not been worked out, indications are that considerable headway has been made. Unless some snag is struck, stockholders of both companies are expected to be called upon soon for votes of approval. The two companies are competitive to only a very minor extent, duplication of products being less than 5%.—V. 146, p. 2352.

Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co.—Plan Rejected—
Stockholders at a meeting held May 5 rejected an amendment to cancel authorization for 162,000 shares of preferred stock of \$100-par value. The shares were authorized June 2, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2522.

American Alloys, Inc. Registers with SEC-See list given on first page of this department.

Amerada Corp. (& Subs.) - Earnings

 Quar. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937
 1936
 1935

 Gross oper. income—
 \$3,214,289
 \$3,112,435
 \$2,543,447
 \$1,963,145

 Oper. and admin. exps., taxes, leases aband.,&c
 1,556,381
 1,398,414
 1,224,876
 992,369

 Operating income
 \$1,657,908
 \$1,714,020
 \$1,318,571
 \$970,775

 Other income
 355,872
 325,754
 414,545
 213,500
 Net income________\$434,889
Earns, per sh. on no.
of shares outstanding________\$0.55
—V. 146, p. 2674. \$517.115 \$473,996 \$399,310 \$0.66

American Airlines, Inc.—Directorate Increased—
Company at the recent annual meeting increased the membership of its board to 11 from 7 and elected 6 new directors, none of whom has any official connection with the company. The board has only 3 members who also hold executive positions with the line whereas 5 of the 7 on the old board were officers. None of the newly elected directors has an important financial interest in the company. The new men were picked from key cities on the company's transcontinental system.

The newly elected directors include Amon J. Carter of Fort Worth, publisher of the Fort Worth Star Telegram; Silliman Evans of Nashville, publisher of the Nashville Tennessean and Chairman of the Maryland Casualty Co.; Chandler Hovey, resident partner of Kidder Peabody & Co. in Boston; James Bruce of New York, a director of National Dairy Products; Davis D. Ingalls, Cleveland lawyer, who was formerly an Assistant Secretary of the Nasy and Mark T. McKee, of Detroit, head of company which operates a lakes shipping company. The two other outsiders on the board are Harry E. Benedict, a New York investment banker, and C. C. Moseley of the Curtiss Wright Technical Institute in Los Angeles. Other directors include C. R. Smith, President of the line; Ralph S. Damon, Vice-President in charge of operations and Charles A. Rheinstrom, Vice-President in charge of sales.—V. 146, p. 2352.

American Car & Foundry Motors Co. -New Director, &c. Ellsworth S. Block has been elected a director and L. A. Blackford a ember of the executive committee.—V. 145, p. 2061.

Ellsworth S. Block has been member of the executive committee.—V. 145, p. 2001.

American Chicle Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable June 15 to holders of record June 1. A special dividend of \$2 was paid on Dec. 15, last one of \$1 no June 15, 1937, and one of \$1.50 was paid on Dec. 15, 1936. See V. 143, p. 2664, for detailed dividend record.

Extra dividends were paid as follows: 25 cents on April 1 and Jan. 2, 1936; 50 cents on July 1 and Jan. 2, 1935, and 25 cents per share paid each three months from Jan. 1, 1930 to and incl. Jan. 2, 1934.—V. 146, p. 2674.

Commercial Alcohol Corp. (& Subs.)—
1028 1937

American Commercial Alcohol 3 Months Ended March 31— Operating income Other income	Corp. (& 1938 \$682,948 57,434	Subs.)— 1937 \$1,086,657 148,205
Total income Expenses Interest, &c Discount on sales Provision for doubtful accounts Depreciation Miscellaneous deductions Federal income taxes	419,397 77,645 14,891 18,527 81,879 12,435	\$1,234,862 628,982 70,760 20,250 39,497 79,810 71,867 50,051
ProfitAddition to reserve for estimated unrealized pr on sales, &c	\$96,344 Fofit 37,200	\$273,645 61,000
Net profitSubsidiaries preferred dividends		\$212,645 12,877
Balance to surplus ** Earns. per share on 260,930 shares common sto (par \$20) ** Earnings per share before reserve for estimat \$0.27 in 1938 and \$1 in 1937 —V. 146, p. 2029	ock \$0.12 sed unrealized pr	\$0.76
American District Telegraph Co	. (N. J.) (a	nd Con-

American District Telegranics — Earnin

trolled Companies	s)—Earnin	gs—		
Calendar Years— Gross oper, revenue Oper, exps., incl. repairs,		1936 \$8,154,028	1935 \$8,013,594	\$7,886,972
res. for depr., rent for lease of plants, taxes miscell. interest, &c		6,651,177	6,522,341	6,468,082
Net oper, revenue Inc. from divs, and int	\$1,354,574 2,434	\$1,502,851 2,760	\$1,491,253 14,447	\$1,418,890 20,754
Bal, tr, to surp, acct Preferred dividends Common dividends	402,708	\$1,505,611 405,717 521,978	\$1,575,700 570,537 416,008	\$1,439,644 553,047 399,368
Balance	\$430,596			\$487,229
Con	solidated Bala	ince Sneet Dec	. 31	
1937	1936	Print made a	1937	1936
Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities-	- \$	\$
Property account_21,527,9	05 21,101,788	Pref. stock		
Inventories of ma-		par)	5,753,38	31 5,753,450
terials & suppl 1,032,1	92 1.105.561		stock	
a Accts, rec. (incl.		and surplus	12,188,81	1 11,921,593
eash work, funds		Capital stoc	k of	
in hands of em-		controlled		
ployees, &c.) 626.7	23 446,286	Pur. money of		
Marketable secs 51,4	51 51,565	Accounts pay		
Cash in banks 1,600,7	35 1,376,047	Divs. accrue		
Prepaid rents, ins.		Accr. facil. re		5,165
prems., develop.		Prov. for Fed		
expenses, &c 70,8	96 114,956	and local ta		
		Def. credits to		
		Reserves	4,457,86	30 4,105,669
the state of the s	5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The same of the sa		

24,909,902 24,196,203 24,909,902 24,196,203 Total____ a After reserve for doubtful acets. **b** Represented by 104,746 508-1000 shares, no par value.—V. 145, p. 100.

American Encaustic Tiling Co., Inc.—Earni
3 Months Ended March 31—
Net loss after int., depreciation & ordinary taxes...

V. 146, p. 1864.

American & Foreign Power Co., Inc.—Annual Report-

American & Foreign Power Co., Inc.—Annual Report—
C. E. Calder, President, says in part:
Operating Results—Operating revenues of subsidiaries increased \$5,-791,183, or 10%, to \$62,162,194 in 1937. Net operating revenues amounted to \$19,278,208, an increase of \$339,644, or 2%. The lower relative improvement in net operating revenues is due to increased operating expenses (principally rising fuel and labor costs and taxes) and an increase of \$982,239 in property retirement reserve appropriations. Another factor affecting the operating results for 1937 was the Sino-Japanese conflict. As a result of the hostilities that took place in the Shanghal area, the company's subsidiaries operating in and adjacent to the International Settlement in Shanghal suffered a loss of \$968,000 in operating revenues and \$731,000 in net operating revenues for the year 1937 as compared with the previous year.

sidaries operating in and adjacent to the International Settlement in Shanghai suffered a loss of \$968,000 in operating revenues and \$731,000 in net operating revenues for the year 1937 as compared with the previous year.

The balance of consolidated income for the year 1937, after interest and other charges, but before exchange adjustments, was \$6,153,093, an increase of \$1,092,646 over the previous year. This improvement is principally due to an increase of \$507,163 in the net equity of the company in income of subsidiaries and a reduction of \$633,338 in interest to public and other deductions of American & Foreign Power Co., Inc.

After exchange and other direct credits and charges, consolidated earned surplus increased \$4.318,639 to \$31,576,647.

In 1937 the number of customers served increased 7% to 1.258,498, of which 1,192,813 were supplied with electric service. Passengers carried by transportation services increased 6% to 674,566,496 during 1937. Generating station output (including power purchased) amounted to 3,031,846,000 kwh. as compared with 2,986,848,000 kwh. in 1936.

Plant—Increasing demands for service have necessitated the expansion of facilities in several of the territories served by subsidiaries. Construction of increased plant capacity was completed in 1937 by subsidiaries in Tucuman, Argentina; Pernambuco, Brazil; Santiago, Cuba, and other smaller localities. At the present time there is under construction a 22,500 kw. steam generating station at Laguna Verde in Chile which it is expected will be put in operation about October, 1938. In addition, there are serveral smaller units under construction, the principal ones being in Bello Horizonte, Macelo, Natal, and Pelotas, Brazil; Barranquilla and Palmira. Colombia; the El Salto plant near Guatemala City, Guatemala; San Luis Potosi, Mexico, and Colon, Panama. Prior to the beginning of the Sino-Japanese hostilities, Shanghai Power Co. contracted for the equipment and machinery for a new 15,000 kw. installation. Work on this project was suspe

Funded Debt—The indebtedness of the company under its notes payable to the banks and Electric Bond & Share Co. was reduced in 1937 by payments totaling \$5,000,000. In addition, \$1,614.718 was expended to pay off the remaining notes payable to Midland Bank Executor & Trustee Co., Ltd. amounting to £330,000.

As a result of arrangements completed with the banks, the maturity date of the bank loan indebtedness was extended for one year from Oct. 26, 1938, to Oct. 26, 1939, and the interest rate on the indebtedness was established at 4% per annum for the year ending Oct. 26, 1938, and 4½ % per annum for the year ending Oct. 26, 1938, and 4½ % per annum for the year ending Oct. 26, 1938, and 4½ % per annum for the year ending Oct. 26, 1939.

In order to eliminate the uncertainty that arose with respect to the obligation of Shanghai Power Co. and the rights of the debenture holders under the silver clause contained in the first mortgage debentures, 5½% (Chinese silver) dollar series, due 1973, of Shanghai Power Co. as a result of the decree issued by the National Government of China on Jan. 3, 1935, nationalizing silver, suspending circulation of silver, and making it illegal to hold or make payments in silver, Shanghai Power Co. invited its debenture holders to enter into an agreement with the company for the conversion of the first mortgage debentures, 5½% (Chinese silver) dollar series, due 1973, into first mortgage debentures, 5½% (Chinese silver) dollar series, due 1973, such debentures, if and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, if and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, if and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, if and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first-named debentures, if and when issued, to be essentially similar to the first mortgage debentures

principal of these depentures in any currency sense. Since the coal currency.

Dividends—At Dec. 31, 1937, the undeclared accumulated dividends on the preferred stock (\$7) and \$6 preferred stock amounted to \$20,117,790 (\$42 per share) and \$13,932,756 (\$36 per share) respectively, and on the second preferred stock, series A (\$7), to \$132,491,446 (\$50,75 per share).

Due to the continued necessity of conserving all available cash resources to meet necessary additions, improvements and extensions to facilities of subsidiaries and to reduce the company's major short term indebtedness, no dividends were paid during 1937.

Forming of Subsidiaries for the First Quarter of 1938

Earnings of Subsidiaries for the First Quarter of 1938
Earnings reported by subsidiaries during the first three months of 1938
(partly estimated) and a comparison with the corresponding period of 1937 are as follows:

3 Months Ended Change from 1937 Mar. 31, 1938 Amount % \$14,941,517 *\$165,121 *1 Operating revenues Operating expenses, including taxes_____ Property retirement reserve appropriations \$232,258 84,628 3 Total operating revenue deductions____ \$10,301,673 \$316,886 *\$482,007 Net operating revenues \$4,639,844 * Decrease.

** Comparative Statement of Income (Company Only)

1027—3 Mos.—1936 1937—12

\$8,984,889 51,677 Total \$2,320,506 Expenses, incl. taxes 133,263 199,370 a670,142 Int. (incl. interco.) and other deductions 1,594,106 1,689,865 6,418,371 1,689,865 7,051,709

 Substitutaries

 Operating revenues
 \$14,988,569
 \$14,589,568
 \$62,162,194
 \$56,371,011

 Oper. exps., inc. taxes
 9,568,091
 8,703,911
 \$37,561,820
 \$33,092,520

 Property retire, reserve appropriations
 1,460,185
 1,215,989
 5,322,166
 4,339,927

Net oper, revenues___ Rent for lease of plants (net)_____ \$3,960,293 \$4,669,668 \$19,278,208 \$18,938,564 22,862 12,367 52.586 Operating income ____ \$3,937,431 Other income (net) ____ 141,699 \$4,657,301 \$19,225,622 \$18,888,630 137,715 861,483 797,007 Gross income______
Int. to public and other deductions_____
Int. charged to constr__ \$4,079,130 \$4.795,016 \$20,087,105 \$19,685,637 973,328 Cr18,397 945,901 Cr15,888 3,894,736 Cr68,181 3,966,033 Cr61,945 Cr15,206 76,081 399,636 443,119

\$2,472,106 \$3,132,222 \$13,187,460 \$12,680,297

Net equity of Amer. & Foreign Pow. Co., Inc. in Inc. of subs. Amer. & Foreign Power Co., Inc.—

Net equity of Amer. & Foreign Pow. Co., Inc. in inc. of subs. (not all of which is available in U.S. currency)—

Other income. \$2,472,106 21,068 \$3,132,222 \$13,187,460 \$12,680,297 36,138 54,146 51,677 Total \$2,493,174
Expenses, incl. taxes 133,263
Interest to public and other deductions 1,594,106 -- \$2,493,174 \$3,168,360 \$13,241,606 \$12,731,974 -- 133,263 199,370 b670,142 b619,818

1,690,088 6,418,371

b includes provision for recease sures a commercial sures as 1937 and 1936, respectively.

Notes (1)—All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in the above statement. Interest and preferred dividend deductions of subsidiaries represent full requirements for the respective periods, paid or accrued (where not paid), on securities held by the public. The "Portion Applicable to Minority Interests" is the calculated portion of the balance of income or deficit (1936 includes portion applicable to surplus adjustments), before exchange adjustments, applicable to minority holdings by the public of common stocks of subsidiaries. The "Net Equity of American & Foreign Power Co., Inc. in income of subsidiaries (not all of which is available in United States currency)—before exchange adjustments" includes interest and preferred dividends paid or earned on securities held, and the income or deficit for the respective periods, before exchange adjustments, applicable to common stocks held by American & Foreign Power Co., Inc. (2) The above statement, which reflects foreign currency conversions into United States currency presents the income results before taking into

account the exchange adjustments on working capital in foreign curren (both unrealized and realized upon transfer)—such adjustments for 12 months ended Dec. 31, 1937, being shown in the summary of constated earned surplus.

Summary of Consol. Earned Surplus for the 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 1937 Consol. earned surplus, Jan. 1, 1937; \$27,258,008; bal. of consol. income for the 12 months ended Dec. 31, 1937; Balance, before exchange adjustments—from statement of consolidated income, \$6,153,093; less net exchange adjustements on working capital, \$16,647; balance of consolidated income as adjusted, \$6,136,446; add net profit on securities of subsidiaries retired or reacquired, \$130,170; total, \$33,524,625; deduct: Net loss on investment securities sold and written down, \$26,542; appropriations to statutory and contingency reserves, \$27,185; appropriation to special contingency reserve, \$75,000; abandonment of concession and investigation studies written off by subsidiary companies, \$1,009,523; payments in connection with elimination of silver clause from Shanghai Power Co., first mortgage debentures, \$783,897; minority interest in surplus debits and credits (net) of subsidiary companies (incl. minority participation in forgiveness of accrued interest by intermediate holding company), \$25,830; consolidated earned surplus, Dec. 31, 1937, \$31,576,647.

rned surplus, Dec. 31, 100...

Balance Sheet Dec. 31 (Company Only)

1937

1936

\$ 534,588,419 537,808,490 540,226,803 Total____

---534,588,419 537,808.490 540.226.803

| Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 (Incl. Sub. Cos.) | 1935 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 1936 | 1935 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 193 | Relating to tixed capital—property | retirement | 51,460,158 | 49,920,116 | Statutory and contingency | 6,255,239 | 6,832,155 | Relating to working capital—uncollectible accounts | 797,142 | 840,208 | Casualty and insurance | 1,066,024 | 946,550 | 1nventory adjustment | 516,821 | 444,667 | Employees welfare | 283,224 | 893,953 | Miscellaneous | 283,224 | Earned surplus | 31,576,646 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258,008 | 27,258 $49,920,116 \\ 6,832,155$ 48,712,355 6,817,686 368,502 22,105,111

Total_______751,836,911 750,893.781 750,568,545 **x** See note **x** under company only balance sheet as of Dec. 31, 1937. **y** Special deposits only.—V. 146, p. 430.

American Hair & Felt Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-1937 \$4,018,808 3,532,229 os Montus Ended March 31— 1938 Net sales - \$1,398,926 Cost of sales, selling, adminis. and general expenses 1,569,006 Net profit from oper'ns before inventory adjust_loss\$170,080 Miscellaneous income______15,549 \$509,641 216,898 24.340

Net profit_ __loss\$148,981 \$268,403 Note—The above profit and loss account includes provisions for depreciation, obsolescence and amortization of intangibles of \$86,613 in 1938 and \$86,657 in 1937, and Federal, State and local taxes of \$84,899 in 1938 and \$128,083 in 1937.

3172			F	inancia
C,	msolidated Balar	nce Sheet Ma	rch 31	
Assets— 1	938 1937	Accounts pa	- 1938 yable \$273,9	40 \$987,543
Inventories 2,50 Prepaid taxes, in-	9,572 y\$1078,592 8,565 1,239,979 4,844 2,288,330	Other taxes	etaxes 124,2 pay-	60 307,144
surance, &c 6 Investments 14 Land, bldgs., ma- chinery,&c.(net) 2,17	8,674 65,511 3,875 181,190 4,598 2,087,931	rolls, con sions, &c_ Reserves Min. stockho	170,8 577,8	37 565,462
Intangible assets 22	6,203 307,838	interest in 1st pref. stoc 2d pref. stoc x Common st Surplus	sub 142,6 k 1,478.2 k 1,796,4 cock 800,2	0 0 1,796,400 70 800,270
Total\$5,89 x Shares of no par v U. S. Treasury notes	alue; stated val	ue \$5 per sh	\$5,896,3 are. y Inclu	31 \$7,249,370 des \$500,000
American Inv. 3 Months Ended Max Estimated net profit y Earns per share x After charges an provision for surtax or stock (no par)V. 1	rch 31—		1938	1937
American Stee 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31 Net sales Costs and expenses	el Foundries — 1938 3,519,3821	s—Earnin	gs— 1936 Not available	1935
Net earnings	_loss\$172,769	\$1,883,686 418,936	\$766,496 209,210	\$86,615 225,078
Profit Other income	loss\$392,694 Cr49,511	\$1,464,750 Cr6,263		loss\$138,463 Dr7,077
Profit Net of subs. apperta	_loss\$343,183	\$1,471,013	\$544,373	loss\$145,540
Net of subs. apperta ing to min. stock, & Tederal taxes Undistributed profit t	33,000	3,061 266,000 144,200	2,903 80,250	1,304 14,000
Net profit Earns. per sh. on 970,4 shs.com. stock(no per -V. 146, p. 3001.	loss\$378,424 l14 ar) Nil	\$1,057,752 \$0.98	\$461,220 \$0.37	loss\$160,844 Nil
American Tele Period End. Mar. 31 Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	- 1938-Mor	nth-1937	Co.—Earn 1938—3 M \$26,306,254 188,172	nngs— Aos.—1937 \$27,968,298 143,671
Operating revenues_ Operating expenses	\$9,047,634 6,666,540	\$9,860,088 6,774,437	\$26,118,082 19,745,230	\$27,824,627 19,254,937
Net oper. revenues_ perating taxes		\$3,985,651 919,043	\$6,372,852 3,352,467	\$8,569,720 2,573,319
Net operating incomet income	e_ \$1,202,703 37,853,945	\$2,166,608 41,795,086	\$3,920,385 38,678,319	\$5,996,401 43,582,624
American Trus See list given on firs			egisters with	h SEC—
American Wat Output of electric co. Works & Electric Co. wh., a decrease of 2 orresponding week of Comparative table rears follows: Week End. 1938 April 16 38,685,00 April 30 38,313,00 April 30 38,313,00 V. 146, p. 3001.	energy of the energy of the energy of the week energy under the 1937. of weekly outp	lectric proper ided May 7, e output of	rties of Ame 1938, toatle 50,876,000 l	rican Water d 38,666,000 cwh. for the
Howard L. Aller, Pr Income—The total	er & Light resident, says in income of con	part:	937 was \$10	.995.579 of
which \$10,940,069 was was interest, \$67,105 was dividends on com- subsidiaries. Dividends—Dividen- on the \$6 preferred st	ds declared dur	ing 1937 amo	ounted to \$5.	62½ a share

was dividends on common stocks, paid to company on its investments in the subsidiaries.

Dividends—Dividends declared during 1937 amounted to \$5.62½ a share on the \$6 preferred stock and \$4.68¾ a share on the \$5 preferred stock and \$4.68¾ a share on the \$5 preferred stock to American Power & Light Co., the dividends declared in the first three quarterly periods being at the full rates and in the last quarter at three-fourths of the full rates. Undeclared cumulative dividends at Dec. 31, 1937 were \$16.50 a share on the \$6 preferred stock and \$13.75 a share on the \$5 preferred stock.

Although the consolidated income statement of American Power & Light Co. and its subsidiary companies for the year 1937 shows that the net equity of American Power & Light Co. in the income of its subsidiaries, after allowing for its expenses, interest and other deductions, is equivalent to more than its full preferred dividend requirements, nevertheless, the income actually received by company from its subsidiaries provided only about 80% of full preferred dividend requirements. Preferred dividend payments were 93¾ % of full requirements. In no calendar year since 1931 has income actually received by company been sufficient to provide for full preferred dividend requirements.

Debentures Acquired—Montana Power Gas Co., which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of company, acquired \$10,589,900 of Montana Power Co. 5% debentures due Dec. 1, 1966, in connection with the transfer of its assets to Montana Power Co. in Dec., 1936. Your company acquired these debentures in June, 1937 in connection with the liquidation of Montana Power Gas Co.

Litigation—The offer made on Jan. 29, 1937, to sell to the City of Superior, Wis., the entire interest of company in the securities and indebtedness of Superior Water, Light & Power Co. and Northern Power Co. was rejected by the city on Oct. 5, 1937, following a court decision that the city had authority to purchase only the superior Water, Light & Power Co. on the provision of the Act are consistent on t

uncertainty. We must hope that the Act may be administered with a proper regard for the interests of investors in public utility holding companies and that further litigation may thereby be avoided.

Plant Additions—Plant additions during the year amounted to \$22,801,-894, and plant retirements to \$7,174,570, resulting in a net increase on plant of \$15,627,324, which compares with a net increase of \$8,767,985 in 1936.

**Simplification of Corporate Structure—The corporate structure of the American Power & Light Co. system was simplified during the year by the transfer to Nebraska Power Co. of the property and other assets of its wholly owned subsidiary, Citizens Power & Light Co., which was thereafter dissolved, and by similar transfer to the Washington Water Power Co. of the property and other assets of its wholly owned subsidiary, Chelan Electric Co., which was also dissolved. Both of these transactions were approved by the Federal Power Commission and by the State Regulatory commissions.

Electric Co., which was also dissolved. Both of these transactions were approved by the Federal Power Commission and by the State Regulatory commissions.

Application was made to the regulatory aurhotities of the States of Oregon and Washington for approval of the transfer to Pacific Power & Light Co. of the properties of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Inland Power & Light Co. of the properties of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Inland Power & Light Co. of the properties of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Inland Power & Light Co. The regulatory authorities of both States found the transaction to be in the public interest and approved it. Concurrently application was made to the Federal Power Commission for approval of the transfer. The Commission denied the application, finding, among other things, that this consolidation, in the opinion of the Commission, would not simplify coparate structure within the meaning of the Public Utility Holding Company Act; that a consolidation, to be consistent with the public interest, must be of benefit to the public, and that sufficient evidence of public benefits had not been shown. Pacific Power & Light Co. has filed a petition with the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit for review of the Commission's decision.

In June, 1937, the Montana Power Co. entered into an agreement with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Rocky Mountain Power Co., to acquire all of that company's properties and assets, including its Federal Power Commission il icense for the special dense. A hearing on the application for such approval was had before the Commission on Dec. 2, 1937, but the Commission has not yet handed down its decision.

**Competitive Projects Financed by the Federal Government—In addition to the difficulties confronting company under the Holding Company Act, many of the operating subsidiaries of company are confronted with competitive situations created by the expenditure of huge sums by the Federal Government on various projects, a large part of the cost of which is for electr

companies in the securities of which your construction of unnecessary and duplicate electric facilities, which are not even planned to be self-supporting since they are largely financed by gifts of Federal funds. The investor is being taxed for money to build the facilities which threaten to destroy his investment. The privately owned utilities are being taxed to provide the duplicating systems which threaten to destroy their own business. It is obvious that the electric utilities cannot hope to compete with our Government.

Compatative	Statement of	Income (Cor	npany Only)	
Period End. Dec. 31-	1937-3 A	Ios.—1936	1937-12 7	Mos.—1936
Gross income: From subsidiaries Other	\$2,107,865 18,186	\$2,057,578 4,881	\$10,940,069 55,510	
TotalExpenses, incl. taxes Int. and other deduct'ns	98.981	\$2,062,459 84,498 727,576		
Net income	\$1 300 456	\$1,250,385	\$7,667,477	\$6,756,311

Note—The company's tax expense includes no surtax on undistributed profits for 1937 and 1936. of Farned Surplys for the 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 1937

Earned surplus, Jan. 1, 1937	\$11,024,210 5,467
	\$11.018.743
Net income for the 12 months ended Dec. 31, 1937	\$7,667,477
Earned surplus of wholly-owned subsidiary merged as of June 30.	
1937 under plan of liquidation	463,564
Divs, received from subsidiary from earnings prior to year 1937	36,440
Miscellaneous adjustments	15,793
Total	\$19,202,018
Divs. on \$6 preferred stock—\$5.62 1/2 a share	4,463,732
Divs on \$5 preferred stock—\$4.68% a share	4,586,476

Comparative Statement of Consolidated Income
Period Ended Dec. 31— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937—12 Mos.—1936
Subsidirries— Net oper revenues -- \$8,968,896 \$8,922,909 \$37,433,179 \$36,632,608 Other income (net) ---- 56,953 70,905 193,652 210.459 Gross income \$9,025,849 \$8,993,814 \$37,626.822 \$36,843.067 Int. to public and other deductions 4,006,398 4.022,750 15,973,543 15,972,128 Cr94,744 Cr315,376 Cr86.417 Net equity of Am. Pr. & Lt. Co. in income of subsidiaries..... \$3,303,955 \$3,237,424 \$14.720,670 \$13,708,017

of subsidiaries	\$3,303,955	\$3,237,424	\$14,720,070	\$13,708,017
Amer. Pow. & Lt. Co.— Net equity of Am. Pr. & Lt. Co. in income		an oor 404	e14 700 670	#10 F00 01F
of subsidiaries Other income	\$3,303,955 18,186	\$3,237,424 4,881	\$14,720,670 55,510	
Total Expenses, incl. taxes Int. & other deductions_	\$3,322,141 98,981 726,614		\$14,776,180 417,605 2,910,497	424,198
Balance carried to con- solidated earned surp. Note—Provision for Fe in the above statement if 1937, and \$4,930 for three	ederal surtan the amoun e subsidiarie	on undistrate of \$73,321 s for 1936.	for three su American Po	s is included bsidiaries for ower & Light

Co. showed no			inject to the sur		7 and 1950.	
	Balance	Sheet Dec.	31 (Company Or	ıly)		
	1937	1936	1	1937	1936	
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities-	\$	\$	
Investments	253.947.508	254,221,650	x Capital stock			
Cash	6,101,035	11,340,698	(no par value)		214,645,636	
U.S.Govt. obligs	3.379.392		Gold deb. bonds,		The second of	
Short-term sec	5.743.008	1,065,027	Am. 6% ser	43,385,500	43,385,500	
Time dep. in bks	500,000	1,750,000	S'west'n Pow. &			
Notes and loans	1		Light Co. 6%			
rec.—subs		2,094.000			1	
Accts.recsubs	328,416		series A	4,148,000	4,148,000	
Accts.recother			Accts. payable		73,759	
Special deposit.			Accrued accts	1,126,988	1,132,734	
Reacq. cap. stk.			Mat. int. on long			
Deferred charges	3,496,074	3,541,007				
		4 4 5	Earned surplus_	10,151,809	11,024,210	
The second second				050 500 000	074 450 070	

10,1				
Consolidated Balanc			1007	1026
Plant, property, franchise	s, &c		44,544,448	729,135,027
Notes and loans receivable	e) e		285,632	715,252
Cash in banks—on deman	osits		500,000	2,550,000
U.S. Govt., State, mun. & Accts. receivable—custom	other short- ners and misc	term securs.	11,021,136 $12,031,938$	13,467,402
Assets—Plant, property, franchise Investments (ledger value Notes and loans receivable Cash in banks—on demar Cash in banks—time deput. S. Govt., State, mun. Accts. receivable—custon Subscriptions for preferred Materials and supplies	l stocks of su	bsidiaries	6,428,847	3,905,513 13,467,402 10,870 7,010,002 486,625 451,473 2,453,968 1,798,111 b 41,669,131
Materials and supplies Prepayments Miscellaneous current ass U. S. Treasury notes Non-current receivable_ Sinking funds and special Recognition	ets		6,428,847 418,946 434,806	451,473
Non-current receivable				1,798,111
				113
Amer. Pow. & Lt. Co., Subsidiaries, preferred s Unamortized debt, discou	5,301 shs. cortocks	mmon	29,934 1,583,464	1,573,717
Unamortized debt, discou Unamortized leasehold in Unamortized charges appli	nt and exper provements.	ase	16,046,518	434,327
Unamortized charges appli Other deferred charges Contingent assets (see con	icable to rents	s and tolls	591,966	29,934 1,573,717 17,418,706 434,327 264,712 250,718
Contingent assets (see con	tra)		470,688	011,120
Total			318,603,876	844,803,150
a Capital stock (no par) Subsidiaries—Freferred sto	ocks		$214,645,636 \\ 111,622,300$	214,645,636 111,612,000
Capital stocks subscribed-	-Pref. stock	s of subs	451,451 6,200	19,200
Contractual liabilities			360,534,500	25,750
Notes payable			795,958 2,110,000	794,943
Accounts payableAccrued accounts			1,979,854 f16,966,364	13,588,099
Liabilities Capital stock (no par) Subsidiaries—Freferred str. Con mon stocks. Capital stocks subscribed- Long-term debt. Contractual liabilities. Dividends declared. Notes payable. Accounts payable. Accounts payable. Customers' deposits. Miscellaneous current liab Matured and accrd, int.	ilities		4,838,067 See f	4,261,366 450,148
	-1. I1-1	J 11-1		c37,380,502
redemption account (ca Matured long-term debt a Contingent liabilities (see	nd interest contra)		268,858 470,688	611,429
Matured long-term debt a Contingent liabilities (see Sundry credits Retirement and depletion Uncollectible accounts res	reserves		800,272 49,985,283	572,931 45,377,341
Uncollectible accounts res Casualty and insurance re	erves			2,397,479 1,078,776
Casualty and insurance re Rate reduction in litigation Inventory adjustment res	erves		$3,397,050 \\ 527,835$	572,931 45,377,341 2,397,479 1,078,776 2,788,129 579,343 1,134,803
Contributions in aid of con	nstruction		3,397,050 527,835 710,164 494,515	
				41,865 7,686,308
Undeclared cum. divs. on minority interest in surplication surplus	us of subsidia	ries	210.619	256,367 35,043,217
Total			318,603,876	844,803,156
a Represented by \$6 pr	eferred, cum	ulative (enti	tled upon li	quidation to
issued and outstanding,	793,581 2-10	shs., inclus	sive of 31 2	-10 (34 2-10
to \$100 a share); pari pas	su with \$6 p	referred; au	horized, 2,	200,000 shs.;
Total_a Represented by \$6 pr \$100 a share); pari passu issued and outstanding, in 1936) shs. of scrip; \$5 ct to \$100 a share); pari pas issued and outstanding, 9 issued, 3,013,812 27-50 sh shs. of scrip. b Includes redemption	s., inclusive	of 2,383 27-	50 (2,666 27	-50 in 1936)
b Includes redemption cludes fund accounts. e	funds. c In	cludes reder	rption acco	unts. d In-
current liabilities.—V. 146	6, p. 1389.	sits omy.	i incidices i	inscendino di
American Rolling	Mill Co	$-New\ Offi$	cial— ge of process	ing develop-
J. B. Tytus, who has be ments since 1927, has bee Frank H. Fanning has	n elected Vic	e-President	in charge o	f operations.
operations.—v. 146, p. 28	537.			
Anchor Hocking	Glass Cor for Quarter E			
Net sales and other operat Cost of sales, including de	ing revenues.			nings—
		d notent rox	oltiog	
PATORE DEOLIT ON COLOR		d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724
Gross profit on sales Selling, administrative and		d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724
Selling, administrative and	d general exp	d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations_ Other income	d general exp	d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations_ Other income Total income Discounts on sales	d general exp	d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations Other income Total income Discounts on sales Interest	d general exp	d patent roy	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations Other income Total income Discounts on sales Interest Miscellaneous deduction Prov. for Fed. & Canadian	d general exp	d patent roy ensesenseses & Fed. ca.	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,503 54,285 66,900
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share	d general exp	d patent roy enses es & Fed. ca	alties	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations Other income Total income Discounts on sales Interest Miscellaneous deduction Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit Number of common share Earnings per common share	d general exp	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other Income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common sha	d general exp income taxes s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524.	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax_een made a	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 9,503 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0,19 t the rate of
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other Income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share tearnings per common sha Note. Provision for Fed. 8%.—V. 146, p. 2839, 2: Andian National	n income taxes s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 9,503 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0,19 t the rate of
Profit from operations Other Income Total income Discounts on sales Interest Miscellaneous deduction Prov. for Fed. & Canadiar Net profit Number of common share Earnings per common sha Note—Provision for Fed. 8%.—V. 146, p. 2839, 2: Andian National The directors have deck	n income taxes s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 9,503 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0,19 t the rate of
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other Income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share tearnings per common sha Note. Provision for Fed. 8%.—V. 146, p. 2839, 2: Andian National	n income taxes s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,503 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0,19 t the rate of
Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common for Fed. 8%.—V. 146, p. 2839, 2! Andian National The directors have decit to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to hwere made on Dec. 1 and Juc. 2, and June 1, 1935.— Anglo-American	n income taxes outstanding re after pref. leral income 524. Corp., Lt ared an extra al dividend oolders of recune 1, 1937, -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 Endividend of f like amoun ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afri	p. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c Similar and June 1,	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share to the Provision for Fed. Andian National The directors have decit to the regular semi-annual both payable June 1 to have made on Dec. 1 and Juc. 2 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American	a income taxes soutstanding reafter pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Ltared an extra il dividend o olders of recune 1, 1937, -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of Stonth of Ap	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 E2 dividend of f like amour ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afi oril, 1938—	p. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c Similar and June 1,	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share: Earnings per common share: Earnings per common share: Earnings per common share: Earnings per common share: Landian National The directors have declated the regular semi-annual oth payable June 1 to here and on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Management of the M	n income taxes soutstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt red an extra al dividend oo olders of rec une 1, 1937V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S Ionth of Ap. Tons Milled G	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 Er dividend of f like amour ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afi pril, 1938— yValue of old Decla'd	p. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c Similar and June 1,	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 \$205,696 \$0.19 t the rate of end—e in addition epital stock, distributions 1936, and on .—Results Profit
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share decided to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to here and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Machan Mines, Ltd. Erakpan Mines, Ltd. Daggafontein Mines, Ltd.	a general exp In income taxe Soutstanding re after pref. deral income 224. Corp., Lt red aa extra il dividend o olders of rec fune 1, 1937., -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S fonth of Ap Tons Milled 136,000 144,000	d patent roy enses	p. stk. tax	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share to the Provision for Fed. & W. 146, p. 2839, 24 Andian National The directors have declated the regular semi-annual both payable June 1 to havere made on Dec. 1 and Juc. 2 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Market Ma	s outstanding re after pref. ieral income taxe. Corp., Lt ured as extra il dividend o olders of recume 1, 1937. –V. 145. p. 3 Corp. of S Corp. of A p. Tons Milled 136,000	d patent roy enses	en made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c Similar and June 1,	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0.19 t the rate of end— e in addition pital stock, distributions 1936, and on .—Results Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share tearnings per common share Earnings per common share tearnings per common share Earnings per common share Earnings Provided Incommon Sales Sa	s outstanding re after pref. leral income taxes outstanding re after pref. leral income 524. Corp., Lt ared an extra all dividend o olders of rec fune 1, 1937. –V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of Solonth of Ap. Tons Milled G. 136,000 144,000 164,400 89,000	d patent roy enses	p. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the co Similar nd June 1, rica, Ltd	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 - \$759,486 463,023 - \$296,463 80,710 - \$377,173 39,700 10,593 - \$4,285 66,900 - \$205,696 - 715,550 - \$0,19 t the rate of end— e in addition pital stock, distributions 1936, and on
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings Provision for Fee to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to here were made on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Machine Service of Operations for the Machine Service	s outstanding re after pref. ieral income taxe. Corp., Lt ured an extra il dividend o olders of recument, 1937. –V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S. footh of Ap. Tons Milled G. 134,000 164,400 89,000 orporated in	d patent roy enses s & Fed. ca; div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 Ex dividend of f like amou ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afi oril, 1938— yValue of old Decla'd £248,250 284,085 317,285 125,567 the Union	errentseen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar nt on the c. b. Similar nd June 1, rica, Ltd Costs £144,088 149,992 161,103 79,732 of South A	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 \$54,285 66,900 \$0.19 t the rate of end— end— end end stock, distributions 1936, and on pital stock, distributions 1,—Results Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182 45,835 frica. y In
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common shares Earnings Provided Incompany of the directors have decit to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to have used to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to have made on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Machines of Operations for the Machines Ltd. **Each of which is incompany in the South African currency. Note—Revenue has been line.—V. 146, p. 2524.	a general exp In income taxe Soutstanding re after pref. deral income 224. Corp., Lt ared aa extra il dividend o olders of rec fune 1, 1937., -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S fonth of Ap Tons Milled Milled 36,000 164,400 89,000 orporated in a calculated o	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 E1 dividend of f like amou ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a South Afr ril, 1938— yl, 19a, 284, 250 284, 085 317, 285 125, 567 the Union n the basis of	errentseen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar nt on the c. b. Similar nd June 1, rica, Ltd **Costs** £144,088 149,992 161,103 79,732 of South A	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 \$54,285 66,900 \$0.19 t the rate of end— end— end end stock, distributions 1936, and on pital stock, distributions 1,—Results Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182 45,835 frica. y In
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Num ber of common share Earnings per common share Earnings Provided Tope 18% —V. 146, p. 2899, 21 Dec. 2 and June 1, 1935.— Anglo-American of Operations for the Machines Mines, Ltd. Daggafontein Mines, Ltd. Daggafontein Mines, Ltd. Springs Mines, Ltd. Each of which is incommon share each each each each each each each eac	n income taxe s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt red an extra al dividend o olders of rec une 1, 1937, -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S Ionth of Ap Tons Milled G 136,000 144,000 164,400 89,000 orporated in a calculated o o., Inc.—	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 Endividend of filke amour ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afr ril, 1938 224,8250 284,085 317,285 125,567 the Union n the basis of Earnings—	p. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c Similar and June 1, rica, Ltd	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings Provided Interesting Sales, 2839, 294 Andian National The directors have decit to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to have made on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Machine South African Currency. Note—Revenue has been tine.—V. 146, p. 2524. Arizona Edison C Period End. Mar. 31— Total operating revenue.	n income taxe s outstanding re after pref. ieral income 524. Corp., Lt red an extra al dividend o olders of rec une 1, 1937, -V. 145, p. 3 Corp. of S Ionth of Ap Tons Milled G 136,000 144,000 164,400 89,000 orporated in a calculated o o., Inc.—	d patent roy enses	errentseen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar nt on the c. b. Similar nd June 1, rica, Ltd **Costs** £144,088 149,992 161,103 79,732 of South A	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 \$377,173 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 \$205,696 \$0.19 t the rate of end—e in addition epital stock, distributions 1936, and on .—Results Profit £104,162 124,093 156,182 45,835 frica. y In p. per ounce
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income	s outstanding re after pref. letal income taxes outstanding re after pref. letal income to the standard of the	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 E1 dividend of f like amour ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afr 1248,250 284,085 317,285 1125,567 the Union n the basis of Earnings— :—1937 \$382,444 337,003	o. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c. b. Similar and June 1, rica, Ltd	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0.19 t the rate of end—e in addition pital stock, distributions 1936, and on .—Results Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182 45,835 frica. y In p. per ounce [108,1937 1,262,383
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share the same of the sa	s outstanding re after prefieral income taxes outstanding re after prefieral income to the state of the state	d patent roy enses	costs	\$4,888,200 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 39,700 39,700 \$377,173 39,700 \$54,285 66,900 \$0,19 \$15,550 \$0,19 \$t the rate of end— e in addition epital stock, distributions 1936, and on epital stock, distributions 156,182 45,835 frica. y In p. per ounce [os.—1937 \$1,425,738 1,262,383 \$163,355 27,764
Selling, administrative and Profit from operations. Other income. Total income. Discounts on sales. Interest. Miscellaneous deduction. Prov. for Fed. & Canadian Net profit. Number of common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share Earnings per common share to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to have to the regular semi-annua both payable June 1 to have made on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1935. Anglo-American of Operations for the Machine Mines, Ltd. Daggafontein Mines, Ltd. Daggafontein Mines, Ltd. Springs Mines, Ltd. west Springs, Ltd. west Springs, Ltd. x Each of which is ince South African currency. Note—Revenue has been fine.—V. 146, p. 2524. Arizona Edison C Period End. Mar. 31— Total operating revenue. Operating expenses.	s outstanding re after pref. letal income taxes outstanding re after pref. letal income to the standard of the	d patent roy enses div. requir taxes has b d.—\$1 E1 dividend of f like amour ord May 20 on Dec. 10 a 338. South Afr 1248,250 284,085 317,285 1125,567 the Union n the basis of Earnings— :—1937 \$382,444 337,003	o. stk. taxeen made a stra Divid \$1 per shar at on the c. b. Similar and June 1, rica, Ltd	\$4,888,209 4,128,724 \$759,486 463,023 \$296,463 80,710 39,700 10,593 54,285 66,900 \$205,696 715,550 \$0.19 t the rate of end—e in addition pital stock, distributions 1936, and on .—Results Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182 45,835 frica. y In p. per ounce [108,1937 1,262,383

	200 00 2 00. 00	p. stk. tax	66,900
re after pre	ef. div. requir	rements	\$0.19
ared an extra al dividend holders of r June 1, 1937	ra dividend of of like amou ecord May 2 , on Dec. 10	f \$1 per share	e in addition
		rica, Ltd	.—Results
Milled 136,000 144,000 164,400	Gold Decla'd £248,250 284,085 317,285	Costs £144,088 149,992 161,103 79,732	Profit £104,162 134,093 156,182 45,835
	7 1. 14	31	
o Inc	-Earnings-	_14 x 1.	
		1938—12 <i>M</i> \$1,590,027 1,326.315	os.—1937 \$1,425,738 1,262,383
\$60,997 3,546	\$45,441 7,222	\$263,712 28,294	\$163,355 27,764
\$64,543 34,497 27,805	\$52,663 34,497	\$292,006 137,989 50,695	\$191,120 137,989
304	1,366 110	7,747 946	8,917 1,366 236
def\$431 been made i	\$13,910 for surtaxes o	\$85,138 n undistribut	\$42,611 ed earnings.
oods Con	p.—Sales-	for the 13 w	eeks period \$13,706,873
	re after prederal from the first prederal income to the first prederal from th	re after pref. div. required deral income taxes has be seen as a large of the control of the con	Corp., Ltd.—\$1 Extra Divide ared an extra dividend of \$1 per share in dividence \$1 per share in \$1 per sha

94.0
Armour & Co. of Delaware—Earnings—
[Including domestic and foreign subsidiaries]
Consolidated Statement of Income for the 52 Weeks Ended Jan. 1, 1938
Result before deprec., int. charges, contributions to employees' pension fund, and provision for Federal income taxes. \$18,130,686 Provision for depreciation \$3,855,822 Interest on funded debt \$2,689,171 Amortization of debt discount and expense \$213,833 Other interest charges
pension fund, and provision for Federal income taxes\$18,130,686
Interest on for depreciation 3,855,822
Amortization of dobt discount and amortization and amorti
Other interest charges 103,184
Contributions to employees' persion fund
Other interest charges 103,184 Contributions to employees' pension fund 259,540 Provision for Federal income taxes 1,619,749
Net income\$9,389,387 Surplus at Jan. 2, 193755,184,541
Surplus at Jan. 2, 1937
Total 264 572 000
Dividends on 7% preferred stock 2 813 271
Dividends on common stock 8,000,000
Total
1924년 - 대한민국의 - 대한민국
Surplus at Jan. 1, 1938x\$52,696,668
a Credit arising from the purchase and retirement of company's bonds, \$28,908; credit arising from the purchase and retirement of company's preferred stock, \$333,506; total, \$62,415. Adjustment of subs. stock purchased to book value at date of acquisition, \$26,404; appropriated for possible Federal income tax on capital gain arising from inter-company transactions, \$400,000; balance (Dr.) \$63,989. x Comprising: Capital and paid-in surplus, \$43,345,418; appropriated earned surplus, \$5,873,793; unappropriated earned surplus, \$3,477,456; total, \$52,696,668.
\$28,908; credit arising from the purchase and retirement of company's
preferred stock, \$333,506; total, \$62,415. Adjustment of subs. stock pur-
clased to book value at date of acquisition, \$26,404; appropriated for
possible reueral income tax on capital gain arising from inter-company transactions \$400,000 belong (Dm. \$62,000 m. Companying, Capital and
Daid-in surplus 242 245 419; appropriated agreed surplus 25 272 702.
Unappropriated earned curplus \$2,477,456, total \$59,606,689
Statement of Information the 19 Wester France Ign 1 1029 (Company On b)
Statement of Income for the 52 Weeks Ended Jan. 1, 1938 (Company Only) Result before depreciation, interest charges, contributions to employees' pension fund, and provision for Federal income taxes. \$12,279,465 Provision for depreciation
ployees' person fund and pression for Eddord income to com-
Provision for dependence 2,499,405
Interest on funded debt 2,620,171
Interest on funded debt 2,689,171 Amortization of debt discount and expense 213,833
Other interest charges 56,867
Contributions to employees' pension fund
Other interest charges 56,867 Contributions to employees' pension fund 187,120 Provision for Federal income taxes 1,038,000
Not income before dividends received from contain subsidi
aries or contribution to subsidiary shown below \$5.671.746
Dividends received from certain consolidated subsidiaries 4.152.972
Net income before dividends received from certain subsidiaries, or contribution to subsidiary shown below
x Net income\$9,749,718
\times The net income of all consolidated subsidiaries for the 52 weeks ended Jan. 1, 1938, amounted to \$3,717,641, or \$435,331 less than the dividends received from certain consolidated subsidiaries.
Jan. 1, 1938, amounted to \$3,717,641, or \$435,331 less than the dividends
received from certain consolidated subsidiaries.
Statement of Surplus for the 52 Weeks Ended Jan. 1, 1938
Surplus at Jan. 2, 1937\$55,184,541
Surplus at Jan. 2, 1937\$55,184,541 Net income as above9,749,718
Total \$64,934,259 Dividends on 7% preferred stock 3,813,271 Dividends on common stock 8,000,000 Supplied of the common stock 8,000,000
Dividends on 7% preferred stock
Surplus adjustments Dr63,989
Surplus adjustments Dr63,989 y Adjustment of investments in consolidated subsidiaries for
equity in change in net worth
Surplus at Jan. 1, 1938x\$52,696,668
x Comprising: Capital and paid-in surplus, \$43,345,418; surplus arising
from adjustments of investments in consolidated subsidiaries since date of
acquisition in respect of earned surplus, \$1,907,363; earned surplus of com-
pany—appropriated, \$5,873,793; unappropriated, \$1,570,093; total, \$52,-
696,668. y Net income, \$3,057,797; adjustment of reserve against in-
vestment in consolidated subsidiaries in respect of depreciation provided
during the 52 weeks ended Jan. 1, 1938, on books of subsidiaries applicable
company (Cr.) \$650 844; dividends resid (Dr.) \$4 159 079; contribution
by the company to a subsidiary (Cr.) \$75,000 —V 145 p. 4108
Surplus at Jan. 1, 1938
Autlague Cour Famings

Artioom Corp.				
3 Months Ended-	April 2 —	1937	March 31 -	1935
Net profit				lossx\$6,151
* After depreciation, inventory adjustments	&c., but before	Federal taxes		lepreciation, p. 2839.
Ashland Oil &	Refining C	Co.—Earnin	ngs-	
3 Mos. Ended March			1938	1937

x Net income. \$116,731 \$111.870
y Earnings per share. \$0.12 \$0.11
x After depreciation, depletion, provision for Federal income taxes and surtax on undistributed profits. y On 958,990 shares common stock.
-V. 146, p. 1866.

Atlanta & West Point RR.-Earnings-

ILLIAITER OF THOSE	T OTTLE TEX	13001.00.0	90	
Calendar Years— Railway oper. revenues_ Railway oper. expenses_ Railway tax accruals Uncoll. railway revenues	\$1,788,864 1,596,358 103,157	\$1,804,607 1,532,318 96,322	\$1,586,807 1,393,035 80,551 334	\$1,411,665 1,324,189 87,313 146
Railway oper. income Equipment rents— Dr Joint facility rents— Dr	\$89,349 13,931 154,001	\$175,967 38,913 141,999	\$112,887 16,683 146,637	\$17 21,329 132,324
Net ry. oper. deficit Other income	\$78,583 24,161	\$4,945 23,205	\$50,433 24,308	\$153,636 21,459
Loss Fixed charges Other deductions	\$54,422 Cr246 4,781		\$26,125 303 301	\$132,177 943 428
Net loss —V. 146, p. 2839.	\$58,957	prof\$13,964	\$26,729	\$133,548

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines (& Subs.)—Farmings—

Subs.)—Larnings—				
Period End. Mar. 31-	×1938-Ma		*1938-3 A	
Operating revenues	\$2,533,960	\$2 960 304	\$6 295,421	\$7,650,020
Oper. exps. incl. deprec_	2,306,182	2,517,193	5,963.037	6,736,494
Net oper. revenue	\$227,778	\$443,111	\$332,384	\$913,526
	58,760	73,440	150,379	182,593
Operating incomeOther income	\$169,018	\$369,671	\$182,005	\$730,933
	8,603	7,239	13,531	15,227
Gross income	\$177,621	\$376,910	\$195,536	\$746,160
Interest, rentals, &c	107,264	112,927	311,819	331,918
Net income	\$70.357	\$263,983 1	loss\$116.283	\$414.242

Net income______\$70,357 \$263,983 loss\$116,283 \$414.242 x These operating earnings are before any year end audit adjustments, and no provision has been made for surtax on undistributed profits as the earnings cannot yet be determined.—V. 146, p. 2676.

Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Weekly Output—

For the month of April, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 351,592,594 units (kwh.) This is a decrease of 28,714,305 units, or 7.6% under production a year ago. This is the lagrest percentage decline reported for any month since September, 1932.

Production for the 12 months ended April 30, was 4,585,888,400 units, which is 118,075,853 units, or 2.6% above the previous 12 months' period. Gas sendout for April was up 3.2% over a year ago to 1,941,354,800 cubic feet. For the 12 months ended April 30, sendout increased 8.7% over the previous year to 23,057,966,700 cubic feet.

Weektu Output Off 6.5%—

Weekty Output Off 6.5%—

For the week ended May 6, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 81,155,279 units (kwh). This is 5,649,264 units, or 6.5%.

below the figure of 86,804,543 units for the corresponding week a year ago.

Gross output, including sales to other utilities, amounted to 85,982,776 units for the week.—V. 146, p. 3002.

-Earnings Feb. 28 '35 451 597

New Director, &c.—
This company has notified the New York Stock Exchange of the election of John K. MacGowan as a director and Chairman of the board.—V. 146, p. 3003.

Baldwin Locomotive Works—Bookings—
He dollar value of orders taken in April by the Baldwin Locomotive Works and subsidiary companies, including the Midvale Co., was announced on May 12 as \$1,863,003, as compared with \$3,378,344 for April, 1937.
The month's bookings brought the total for the consolidated group for the first four months of 1938 to \$10,667,080, as compared with \$14,990,030 in the same period last year.
Consolidated shipments, including Midvale, in April aggregated \$4,943,-436, as compared with \$3,319,775 in April of last year. Consolidated shipments for the first four months of 1938 were \$15,461,159 as compared with \$12,305,890 for the first four months of 1937.
On April 30, 1938 consolidated unfilled orders, including Midvale, amounted to \$19,924,587, as compared with \$24,583,345 on Jan. 1, 1938 and with \$33,275,649 on April 30, 1937.
All figures are without intercompany eliminations.—V. 146, p. 3003.

3 Months Ended March 31— 1938 1937 1936

x Net profit— loss\$31.675 \$176.050 \$121.086
y Earnings per share— Nil \$0.63 \$0.43

x After depreciation and Federal income taxes but before provision for surtax on undistributed profits. y On 273,604 shares capital stock.—V 146, p. 1866. Baldwin Rubber Co.—Earnings-

Baton Rouge Electric Co.—Earnings—

Period End. Mar. 31-	1938-Mo	nth-1937	1938-12 /	Mos1937
Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	\$186,352 90,430 8,479 a17,931	\$164,091 85,545 7,925 18,872	\$2,047,965 1,038,240 89,040 a245,425	\$1,762,386 951,337 81,658 227,656
Net oper revenues Non-oper income (net) _	\$69,511 Dr3,799	\$51,749 Dr158	\$675,259 Dr4,389	\$501,734 Cr31,640
Balance Int. and amortization Int. (Engineers P.S. Co.)	\$65,713 13,589 736	\$51,591 13,544	\$670,420 165,213 2,569	\$553,374 163,672
Balance Appropriations for retirem Preferred dividend require	ent reserve	\$38,046	\$572,637 176,318 37,254	\$369,702 155,000 37,254
Balance for common div	idends and s	urplus	\$289,066	\$177,448

a No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits for 1938 since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year.

Note—On Jan. 1, 1937, changes were made in accounting procedure, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 146, p. 3003.

Reacon Participations, Inc.—Earnings

3 Months Ended March 31— Income—Interest and dividends Expenses	1938 \$8,282 850	1937 \$2,670 1,540
Net income	\$7,432 3,911	\$1,130 prof88,752
Profit for three months ended March 31	\$3,521	\$89,882

 Beatrice Creamery Co.—Annual Report—

 Years Ended—
 Feb. 28, '38 Feb. 28, '37 Feb. 29, '36 et sales

 et sales
 \$64,223,669 \$59,667,156 \$57,117,065 et joins admin.exps

 61,727,091
 56,796,514
 55,209,253 et joins admin.exps

 1,031,171
 1,031,467
 1,054,853
 \$1,279,852 125,778 Net operating income_ \$1,465,408 Other income______ 182,045 \$1,839,174 115,911 \$852,959 137,768 Total income \$1,647,453 Federal taxes 202,593 Minority interest 44 \$1,955,085 a371,469 \$855,151 \$1,229,614 \$1,583,617 2,025 716,580 188,859 4,612 738,325 643,468 472.188\$486,677 Cr28,583 Dr30,852 \$391,023 \$467,960 Cr16,080 $\frac{\text{def}\$52315}{Dr58,263}$ -----90 Cr20,000 12,512 2.076,3151,592,186 1,702,764 1.218.356 Profit & loss surplus __ \$2,474,825 arned on common ____ \$2.53 \$2,076,315 \$1,592,186

a Includes si	irtax on un	distributed	profits.		
	Co	msolidated	Balance Sheet		
Assets-	Feb. 28,'38	Feb. 28,'37	1	Feb. 28'38	Feb. 28,'37
	\$	\$	Liabilities	8	\$
a Land, bldgs, an	nd .		Cum. pref. stock	9.661.700	9.909,500
equipment	12.213.519	11.865.210	Common stk. (par		,
Real est. & equi	p-		\$25)		9.448.875
ment for sale_	136,362	153.690	Accounts payable.		
Cash	4.687.891	4,725,758	Accrued wages, in-		
b Accts.& notes r	ec 3.373.542	3,345,936			17,308
Inv.& adv. affil.					11,000
Cash surrender			mestic taxes		171,921
life insurance.	10.663	22.710	Prov. for Fed. tax_	375.424	
Inventories			Minority interest		
Due fr. employee				0,000	0,011
Due from others				43.726	61.072
Dep. in closed bk					
Adv. to officers.			Earned surplus		2.076.315
Miscell. investm'			Darned surpids	2,414,020	2,0(0,010
Deferred charges	178.530				
- cross ca cutat Box	10,000	101,011	The state of the s		

Total 22,869,264 22,810,959 Total 22,869,264 22,810,959

a After depreciation of \$17,264,927 in 1938 and \$16,684,658 in 1937.

b After deducting reserve for doubtful accounts of \$351,000 in 1938 and \$317,959 in 1937.—V. 146, p. 272.

Beauharnois Power Corp., Ltd.—Bondholders to Consider Recapitalization-

sider Kecapitalization—

The bondholders' committee for the 5% collateral trust bonds which are secured by second mortgage bonds of the operating company, in a letter to bondholders announces that a meeting of collateral trust bondholders will be held May 27 to consider reorganization of the capital structure of the holding and operating con panies.

The amending agreement would eliminate the collateral trust bonds, eventually wind-up the Beauharnois Power Corp., Ltd., and replace the

present issue of 5½% income first mortgage bonds of Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power Co. by an authorized issue of \$150,000,000, of which initial issues of \$38,155,900 35-year 4½% bonds would replace an equal amount of present 5½% income bonds and \$1,800,000 would be subscribed for by Montreal Light, Heat & Power Consolidated at par plus interest.

Additional 25-year 4½% first mortgage bonds of operating company totaling \$18,000,000 would be exchanged for an equal amount of Montreal Light, Heat & Power Consolidated 25-year 3½% first mortgage and collateral trust bonds to be delivered to the trustee for distribution among the collateral trust bondholders.

The present issue of \$36,000,000 collateral trust bonds of the holding company would be replaced by \$16,200,000 40-year 5% second mortgage bonds and \$1,800,000 40-year 5% convertible notes of Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power Co. and \$18,000,000 25-year 3½% bonds of Montreal Light, Heat & Power Consolidated.

The present issue of capital stock of the holding company would also be increased by 669,559 shares of which collateral trust bondholders would receive 90,000 shares, or ½ share per \$100 bond, and Montreal Light, Heat & Power Consolidated, \$79,559 shares, or one share for each \$100 of new first mortgage bonds of operating company.

The collateral trust bondholders would receive under the plan for each \$100 held \$50 principal of Montreal Power bonds, \$45 principal of second mortgage bonds of the operating company, \$5 principal of convertible notes of the operating company and ½ share no-par value of Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power Light, Heat & Power Light, Heat & Power Light, Heat & Power bonds, \$45 principal of second mortgage bonds of the operating company, \$5 principal of convertible notes of the operating company and ½ share no-par value of Beauharnois Power Corp., Ltd.

Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power has announced in connection with the reorganization plan that the necessary authorizations from Provincial Electricity Board concerning the plan and from

Beaunit Mills, Inc.—Preferred Dividend Passed—
Directors passed the dividend ordinarily payable at this time on the \$1.50 convertible preferred stock. A regular quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share was paid on March 1, last.—V. 145, p. 3002.

Beech Creek Coal & Coke Co.—Bonds Called—
A total of \$61,000 1st mtge. 5% 40-year s. f. gold bonds, due June 1, 1944, has been called for redemption on June 1 at par and interest. Payment will be made at the Irving Trust Co., N. Y. City.—V. 144, p. 3323; V. 142, p. 3332.

Bendix Aviation Corp.—\$5,000,000 Loan—
The Paul Hammond Co. announced May 10 that it arranged the \$5,000,000 3½% 10-year loan which, it was recently announced, had been placed privately for the corporation. The proceeds will be used for the erection of a plant to house the company's aeronautical division in Bendix, N. J., and for working capital.—V. 146, p. 2526.
Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co. has been appointed trustee for the series A 10-year 3½% sinking fund debentures due April 1, 1948, and series B 10-year 2% and 3½% sinking fund debentures due April 1, 1948. Authorized issue, \$7,000,000.

Earnings for 3 Months Ended Mar. 31 (Inc. Subs.)
1938 1937 1936 1935

x Net profit......loss\$561,605 \$806,508 \$860,820 \$803,537
y Earnings per share ... Nil \$0.38 \$0.41 \$0.38
x After depreciation, interest and Federal income taxes. y On 2,097,663
shares (par \$5) of capital stock.—V. 146, p. 2526.

Best & Co.—New Director, &c.—
John W. Hanson, Secretary and Vice-President has been elected a director succeeding Mary Lewis.
James W. Kierman, Assistant Superintendent, was elected a Vice-President. V. 146, p. 2527.

Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp.—To Purchase United Shipyards, Inc., Properties

See latter company below .- V. 142, p. 943.

Bethlehem Steel Corp.—Bond Suit—
Supreme Court Justice Wasservogel ruled May 6 that a jury trial must decide whether foreign purchases of bonds of the Lackawanna Steel Corp. and Bethlehem Iron Mines Co., guaranteed by the Bethlehem Steel Co., are entitled to payment in Dutch guilders or in American currency. The plaintiffs in the suit against Bethelhem Steel are the Hydropress Handel, the International Trustees for the Protection of Bondholders, and Anglo-Continental Treuhand.

the International Trustees for the Protection of Bondholders, and Anglo-Continental Treuhand.

Stock Buying Plan Dispute Carried Over to May 19—
While counsel for minority stockholders and for the company argued on a motion to restrain action on proposed amendments to the management stock purchase plan at the adjourned annual meeting May 4 announcement was made at the office of the corporation postponing the meeting until May 19.

The hearing was held before Supreme Court Justice Ferdinand Pecora, after the matter had been remanded to the State courts by Federal Judge Samuel Mandelbaum May 3.

The suit was brought by Howard W. Lyon, Ruth Harris Yaeger and Florence Haber Warshawksky and named the corporation and its directors as defendants.

The plaintiffs ask that the defendants be restrained from placing the matter before stockholders and be prevented from cancelling the plan and obligations under it alleged to have amounted to \$16,666,891 on Dec. 31, 1937. The complaint also seeks to have allegedly delinquent payments made and seeks to restrain the repayment to any beneficiaries of the plan any of the money paid by them.

The complaint charges that 221,200 shares of Bethlehem common stock were purchased with \$20,261 920 of corporate funds, at an average price of \$91.60 a share. Stock was then allotted to the various beneficiaries of the plan.—V. 146, p. 3004.

Borg-Warner Corp. (& Subs.)-Bal. Sheet March 31-1938 1937 1

Assets-			Liabilities-		S
x Prop., plant and	٠,		zCommon stock	12.309.400	12,309,070
equipment14.	940.764	14.467.656	Notes payable		400,000
Patents & goodwill		126.093	Accts. payable and		
y Misc. investm'ts 1.		2.652,400	accrued	2,368,279	4,766,267
Cash 7.			Other accruals	2,098,953	2,596,339
	79.655	673,590	Federal tax reserve	1,958,003	2,344,118
Inventories13,		13.039.736	Adv. royalties and		* "
Accrued int. and	,000,020	20,000,	other def. inc	199,351	110.506
divs. receivable_	51,535	24.048	Refrig. maint. fund	446,643	660,512
Notes & accts. rec. 5.					508,712
	225,925	178.002	Min. int. in sub	def317	
Deferred charges	754.104	791,853	Surplus	25,531,257	24.519,433
Total45	.347.369	48.214.956	Total	45,347,369	48,214,956
			159.850 (79.925	in 1937)	shares of

x After depreciation. y Including 159,850 (79,925 in 1937) snares of Borg-Warner common stock. z Par \$5 in 1938 and par \$10 in 1937. The income statement for the three months ended March 31 was published in V. 146, p. 3004.

Botany Worsted Mills—Annual Report— Earnings for Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937

Not color	13.517.599
Net sales	11.505.535
Extraordinary charges	140,200
Packing & shipping & transportation expenses	221,410
Selling & sample expenses	912,419
Selling & sample expensesCommissions paid to factor	119,702
Administrative & general expenses	194,987
Loss from operationsOther income	\$191,816
Loss before other charges, &c	\$121,513
Other charges	342,170
Social security taxes	138,082
Depreciation	226,150
Provision for extraordinary losses	427,001
Net loss for year	\$1,254,917

Description		Volume 146	Financia	Chronicle	3175
Scholmen extended ment to the control of the contro				Comparative Consoli	dated Balance Sheet
Proceedings		Cash 556,043	Notes payable \$395,72	Assets— s	Liabilities— \$ \$
Section Sect		Accounts receivable 55,319	Property taxes payable—incl.	equipment 6,274,452 6,509,177	\$1) 545,632 549,071
Mode December 1,000 1,		Investments—at cost 85.016	Federal & State social security taxes payable 24,21	b Accts. rec. (cust.) 4,021,782 2,995,570 Miscell. accts. and	5% serial notes 2,000,000 2,000,000
## 1.00 1.00		Note receivable—Stochr & Sons, Inc. 31.250	Due employees 62 Accrued liabilities 115,880	notes receiv 69,996 161,041 Mdse, inventories_ 3,194,459 4,716,005	Notes payable to
Compared professors 1,10,200 Control and professors 1,10,2		Trade marks, trade names,	Notes payable—Long term 3,661,12 Deferred credit 4,86	&c 18 254	others) 74,600
Catalan in stock		Property 12,090,568	Res. against loss on wool com. 119,300	life insur policies 20 453 10 385	Accts. pay. (trade) 875.936 2.035.216
April		10,201	b Class A stock 1.176.34	accounts receiv 50 371	stock of subs 6.125
Bornes of the plane of 4 points yet able. Beliance of 5 par value. Be			Capital surplus 9,855,38 Operating deficit 1,254,91	curities 213,000 35,500 Deferred charges 268,637 144,312	Paym'ts to be made
Bond Stores, Inc.—Solida. Consequence prevail and sales for the mouth of April, 1305, eyes \$5,854,655. Consequence prevail and sales for the mouth of April, 1305, eyes \$5,854,655. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,392,465. Figures for Airch and April of 1305 were \$5,754,000, sealant \$5,300, sealan		Total\$16,761,322	Total\$16,761,32		Reserve for credit
Second Stores 1.00		a Represented by shares of \$10 pc Shares of \$1 par value.—V. 146, p	par value. b Shares of \$5 par value o. 101.		losses 100,000 98,075 Accts. and notes
Section for the first another period and another 31, 1938. Were \$2, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58		Bond Stores, Inc.—Sales-			cers, &c 18,449
Section Sect		as company reports net sales for the	month of April, 1938, of \$2,380,306 ril, 1937, an increase of 38.1%.		(sundry) 378,025 410,834
Section Sect		against \$6,126,256 for the correspond Figures for March and April of 193	ing period of 1937, a decrease of 4.5%	[일본] 경기 왕조를 걸려 보기를 통하는	Paid-in surplus 8,331,953 8,695,239
Section Sect		Six additional stores were opened	during the month of March, 1938, one	Total14,713,318 16,826,718	Total14,713,318 16,826,718
December Proceedings Pro		on March 24 and the remaining five store was opened on Arpil 7 of this ye	re on March 31. Since then another ar.—V. 146, p. 2678.	a After reserves for depreciation addition, 48,131 (49,111 on Jan. 1,	b After deducting reserves. c In 1937) were reserved for exercise of
Versicon 1907 1905 190		Bower Roller Bearing Co	.—Annual Report—		
Sell		Vegre End Dec 21 1027	1006 1005 1004	J. Homer Platten has been electe	d a Vice-President Ernest I. Nye
Brown Fence & Wire Co. Common Div. Postponed Pos		before prov. for deprec \$2,103,333 Other income37,888	\$1,922,285 \$1,507,563 \$1,079,206 35,551 39,531 43,216	a member of the executive commit	tee. Mr. Platten also is a director.
Directors have decided to pentione action on paymest of a dividend on			\$1,957,836 \$1,547,095 \$1,122,423		C
Surple 1,000 256, 184 1,		Depreciation 278.613	247.359 198.087 180.294	Directors have decided to postpone	action on payment of a dividend on
According Fraged 1,000		Interest paid	1,728 50 315 5,678	Action will be taken at an adjourned	meeting on June 1.1
Period End Mor. 31 - 200 - 200 1		Approp. for conting 50,000		-V. 146, p. 2842.	os por sincio in as para da 1 os. 20, 1000
She chop. stock (par \$5).				Buffalo Niagara & Easter	rn Power Corp. (& Subs.)—
She chop. scock (par \$5).		Dividends paid	b 825,000 260,175 239,701	Operating revenues 58,894,249 Oper, rev. deductions 5,945,321	\$5,699,780 \$37,806,903 \$36,240,061 5,804,628 25,518,802 22,182,780
Sample per share		Shs. cap. stock (par \$5) 300.000	300,000 300,000 239,701	Operating income \$2,948,928	\$3,805,152 \$12,288,101 \$14,057,281
Libbilities———————————————————————————————————		a Includes surtax on undistribu			
Cabl. Sign. Sign		Balance Sh		Deduct. from gross inc. \$2,948,697 1,075,131	\$3,814,951 \$12,283,204 \$14,084,441 1,148,190 4,419,426 5,030,888
Total		Cash \$139,762 \$154,127	Accounts payable_ \$119,940 \$226,075	Net income\$1,873,565	\$2,666,761 \$7,863,778 \$9,053,553
Total		bills 799,951 600,000	comm'ns, &c 429,192 516,209	March 31, 1938, and March 31, 1	937, include \$224,585 and \$170,435
Total		Cash surrender val.	Res. for conting 50,000	1937, \$926,148 and \$170,435 respective of the connection with changing	tively, representing expenditures in- g customers' electric equipment to
Total		Inventories 1,017,522 913,529 * Real est., build-	Surplus 2,418,672 2,098,573 Capital surplus 18,560 18,560	standard frequency. Prior to Jan. 1, to surplus. (2) No provision has b	1937, such expenditures were charged een made for possible surtax on un-
Part		ings, &c 2,225,827 2,028,488			
Progressited by shares of \$5 par. 146, p. 3004. 13.55	1			Period Ended March 31 1938-	3 Months 12 Months
Operating income				Operating revenuesOperating revenue deductions	\$4,965,402 \$20,748,308 3,753,778 15,559,582
Second color product of the processor companies of the profit \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \text{ New Poircetor} - \text{ After expression on Mills Corp. (& Subs.) } \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		Briggs Manufacturing Co	o.—Earnings—		
At the annual meeting of stockholders held on May 10, W. O. Briggs Jr. was elected to the board of directors, succeeding H. W. Griffiths.—V. 146. P. 1808. Bullington Mills Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Year Ended Dec. 31— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Sales (less returns and 377,319,590 \$255,421,358 \$20,909,330 \$16,696,543 70. Prov. for deprec. and obsolescence 1620,887 2,124,464 2,074,277 1,655,455 Prov. for deprec. and obsolescence 511,605 471,121 461,644 293,727 Tother income 104,242 32,686 58,708 40,364 40,308,895 20,461,461 40,361 40,		x Net profit y\$317,007	\$2,474,899 \$2,503,248 \$3,247,141	Gross income	
At the annual meeting of stockholders held on May 10, W. O. Briggs Jr. was elected to the board of directors, succeeding H. W. Grifftihs.—V.146, p. 2027. Burlington Mills Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Year Ended Dec. 31—1937 1936 1935 1934 Sales (less returns and allowances) \$27,319.599 \$25,421.358 \$20,909.339 \$16,696,543 Net profit from opers \$12,020,887 2,124,454 2074,277 1,635,455 Net profit from opers \$11,605 471,121 461,644 293,727 Other income \$11,09,282 \$1,655,333 \$1,612,633 \$1,341,727 Other income \$1,213,325 \$1,686,019 \$1,671,341 \$1,382,596 Total income \$1,213,325 \$1,686,019 \$1,671,341 \$1,382,596 Tederal undistrib. profits ax and excess profits tax. \$163,543 \$241,441 \$242,504 \$225,082 Tederal undistrib. profits tax. \$13,500 \$147,866 The profit \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,119,942 \$952,094 Dive, on stocks of certain subs. owned by outside interests \$13,000 \$14,866 \$1,934 \$20,697 \$16,569 \$7,000 Net profit \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Dive, on stocks of certain subs. owned by outside interests \$13,000 \$1,		x After depreciation, taxes, &c. y	After surtax on undistributed profits.		
Bulington Mills Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Year Ended Dec. 31—1937 1936 1935 1934 Sales (less returns and allowances)		At the annual meeting of stockhold	ders held on May 10, W. O. Briggs Jr.	Note—No provision has been made	\$712,870 \$3,115,678 for possible surtax on undistributed
Year Ended Dec. 31— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Year Ended March 31— 1938 1937 1936 1935 1934 Year Ended March 31— 1938 1937 1936 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 1937 1938 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 1938 1937 1938 19		p. 2527.		profits.—V. 146, p. 1868.	
Net profit 1,00,085 2,124,494 20,124 1,555,455 1,555 3,244,695 1,100,282 1,653,333 1,612,633 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,341,727 1,341,				California Oregon Power	Co.—Earnings—
Net profit 1,00,085 2,124,494 20,124 1,555,455 1,555 3,244,695 1,100,282 1,653,333 1,612,633 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,213,255 1,686,019 1,671,341 1,325,736 1,341,727 1,00,086 1,341,727 1,341,		Sales (less returns and	그런 그렇게 되었다.	Operating revenues	\$4,642,109 \$4,515,890 2,016,556 1,701,647
Net profit 19,43 20,697 16,569 25,745, 30 30,944 30,5446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 30,94		Prov. for deprec. and			
Net profit 19,43 20,697 16,569 25,745, 30 30,944 30,5446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 24,816 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 305,446 308,895 30,944 30,94				Interest on notes & accounts receivabl Merchandise and jobbing	e, &c $Dr42,193$ $Dr58,721$
Other deductions 300,944 305,446 308,895 204,819 Federal and State income and excess profits tax. 163,543 241,441 242,504 225,082 Federal undistrib, profits taxes 135,500 147,866 135,508 13,500 147,866 135,508 136,509 147,866 147,869 147,			32,686 58,708 40,869	Net oper revenue & other income (h	eforeapprop
Federal and State income and excess profits at 163,543 241,441 242,594 225,082 and excess profits at 13,500 147,866		Total income\$1,213,525 Other deductions 300.944	\$1,686,019 \$1,671,341 \$1,382,596 305,446 308.895 204 810		
Net profit. \$735,538 \$991,265 \$1,119,942 \$952,694 Divs. on stocks of certain subs. owned by outside interests. \$19,943 \$20,697 \$16,569 \$7,000 Net profit. \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Net profit. \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Consolidated Statement of Capital Surplus for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937 certain starting through companies as of Jan. 1, 1937, pursuant to agreements, including \$421,510,53 of capital surplus arising through consolidation which represents accumulated earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof subsolved subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. \$10,476 Total. Provision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to propease and other contingent items. \$123,573 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 States of the proper proper provision for constituent companies and other contingent items. \$403.236 \$499.834 States of \$400.236 \$400.236 \$499		and excess profits tax. 163,543		Gross income	\$2,284,465 \$2,456,138 238,176 238,614
Net profit. \$735,538 \$991,265 \$1,119,942 \$952,694 Divs. on stocks of certain subs. owned by outside interests. \$19,943 \$20,697 \$16,569 \$7,000 Net profit. \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Net profit. \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Consolidated Statement of Capital Surplus for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937 certain starting through companies as of Jan. 1, 1937, pursuant to agreements, including \$421,510,53 of capital surplus arising through consolidation which represents accumulated earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof subsolved subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. \$10,476 Total. Provision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to propease and other contingent items. \$123,573 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. \$132 States of the proper proper provision for constituent companies and other contingent items. \$403.236 \$499.834 States of \$403.236 States of \$4		Federal undistrib. profits	4.44 000	Interest charges (net) Amortization of debt discount & expe	845,025 851,346 203,207 202,875
subs. owned by outside interests — 19,943 20,697 16,569 7,000 Net income. \$929,797 \$1,102,411 Net profit — \$715,595 \$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694 Consolidated Statement of Capital Surplus for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937 decessor and constituent companies as of Jan. 1, 1937, pursuit to agreements, including \$421,510.53 of capital surplus arising from the acquisition of net assets of processor and constituent companies as of Jan. 1, 1937, pursuit to agreements, including \$421,510.53 of capital surplus arising through consolidation which represents accumulated earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. Over par value thereof purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of accounts with the classifications of accounts greatly reported by regulatory commissions effective Jan. 1, 1937 which differ in certain respects from the classifications previously followed by the company. In certain instances the figures prior to Jan. 1, 1937 have been adjusted in accordance with the classifications of accounts. (2) No provision was made for the classifications of accounts. (2) No provision was made for the classifications of accounts and subsidiary companies and subsidiary companies to preceded of sale of 199,780 shares of original issue of common stock of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof purchase and subsidiary company having been dissolved. 10,476 2967,860 Burns Bros. New York (& Subs.) — Earnings— Cal Year x940s. End. Period— 1937 Period— 1937 Septimal Period— 1938 Septimal Period— 1937 Septimal		Net profit \$735,538 Divs. on stocks of certain	\$991,265 \$1,119,942 \$952,694		
Net profit \$715.595 \$970.568 \$1.103.372 \$945.694 Consolidated Statement of Capital Surplus for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937 Capital surplus arising from the acquisition of net assets of predecessor and constituent companies as of Jan. 1, 1937, pursuint to agreements, including \$421.510.53 of capital surplus arising through consolidation which represents accumulated earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp		subs. owned by outside	20,697 16,569 7.000		
earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. State of 199,780 shares of original issue of common stock of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof Proceeds of sale of stock purchase warrants evidencing rights to purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constitu- ent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. Total Total Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Troylison for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in re- spect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior y		Net profit\$715,595	\$970,568 \$1,103,372 \$945,694	Martin (1) The memoryon and owner	nace subsequent to Ten 1 1027 are
earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. State of 199,780 shares of original issue of common stock of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof proceeds of sale of stock purchase warrants evidencing rights to purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. Total Total Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Troylison for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Sundr				latory commissions effective Jan. 1, from the classifications previously for	1937 which differ in certain respects llowed by the company. In certain
earnings of subsidiary companies prior to acquisition thereof by Burlington Mills Corp. State of 199,780 shares of original issue of common stock of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof proceeds of sale of stock purchase warrants evidencing rights to purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. Total Total Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Troylison for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Sundr		decessor and constituent companies	s as of Jan. 1, 1937, pur- 1.510.53 of capital surplus	instances the figures prior to Jan. 1, 1 with the new classifications of account	937 have been adjusted in accordance nts. (2) No provision was made for
Excess of proceeds of sale of 199,780 shares of original issue of common stock of Burlington Mills Corp. over par value thereof Proceeds of sale of stock purchase warrants evidencing rights to purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent ent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. Total Total Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Trotal Troylision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years of cost over par value thereof 2,967,860 2,967		arising through consolidation which	h represents accumulated	company claimed as a deduction in	its final income tax return for that
Proceeds of sale of stock purchase warrants evidencing rights to purchase 39,111 shares of Burlington Mills Corp. capital stock at \$18 per share. Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved. Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account. Total Total Trotal Trotal Trotal Troylison for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Earnings 10,476 Period— Net sales. 10,476 Sepon 200 Sepon 305 Rel Surns Bros., New York (& Subs.) Earnings Cal. Year x90Mos. End. 1937 Dec. 31,36 \$17,032,071 Cost of sales (incl. freight and lighterage) \$19,568 Operating expenses. 3,138,687 \$2,128,415 Operating expenses. 3,138,687 Sepon 305 Surding in the acquisition in 1937 of the net asset of a subsidiary companies in reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. 123,573 Interest, &c., deductions. 10,476 Sepon 301 Surding in the acquisition in 1937 of the net asset of a subsidiary company having been dissolved. 10,476 Sepon 301 Surding in the acquisition in 1937 of the net asset of a subsidiary company having been dissolved. 159,568 Operating expenses. 10,476 Sepon 301 Surding in the acquisition in 1937 of the net asset of a subsidiary company having been dissolved. 159,568 Operating expenses. 10,476 Sepon 301 Surding in the acquisition in 1937 of the net asset of a subsidiary companies in responsible to the subsidiary companies in responsible to the subsidiary companies in responsible to proposed additional Federal a		Excess of proceeds of sale of 199,780	shares of original issue of	expense on bonds and debentures re-	deemed in 1936 which resulted in no
at \$18 per share—Capital surplus arising from the acquisition in 1937 of the net assets of a subsidiary company, said company having been dissolved—Inventories of mill supplies of predecessor companies, constituent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account————————————————————————————————————		Proceeds of sale of stock purchase war	rants evidencing rights to		110
ent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account 159,568 Total 88,921,859 Troyision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. 123,573 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 113,573 Excess of cost over par value of treasury stock 54,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981		at \$18 per share	disition in 1937 of the net	Dullis Dios., New Tork (&	Cal. Year x9Mos. End.
ent companies and subsidiary company as at Jan. 1, 1937, not previously recorded on the books of account 159,568 Total 88,921,859 Troyision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. 123,573 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 113,573 Excess of cost over par value of treasury stock 54,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981 Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 154,981		assets of a subsidiary company, sa	aid company having been	Net sales	\$17,032,696 \$11,320,711 13,894,010 9,192,296
Total Strong or contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years 132,573 132		ent companies and subsidiary compa	essor companies, constitu- any as at Jan. 1, 1937, not		
Provision for contingencies in connection with claims applicable to predecessor, constituent and subsidiary companies in respect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Excess of cost over par value of treasury stock. Set of the fine one contingent items. 123,573 Net loss. Net loss. 123,573 Net loss. Interest, &c., deductions. 197,085 198,834 198,371					
spect of proposed additional Federal and State income taxes for prior years, and other contingent items. Sundry tax reserve adjustments applicable to prior years. Excess of cost over par value of treasury stock. 123,573 Interest, &c., deductions. 124,573 Interest, &c., deductions. \$403,236 \$499,834 Interest, &c., deductions. \$403,236 \$499,834 \$28,371		Provision for contingencies in connect	ion with claims applicable	Net loss from operationsOther income	\$434,303 \$1,068 \$34,728
Excess of cost over par value of treasury stock 54,981		for prior years, and other contingent	al and State income taxes	Net loss	\$403,236 197,085 \$499,834 128,371
charged to capital surplus as per resolutions of the Board of Directors 411,221 Balance, Dec. 31, 1937 \$\$8,331,952\$ * The net loss from operations of Burns Bros. (N. J.) and its subsidiaries for the period Jan. 1 to March 31, 1936, was as follows: Net sales, \$6,046,-844; cost of sales, \$5,033,096; operating expenses (incl. depreciation of \$58,270), \$1,143,441; net loss from operations, \$129,693.		Excess of cost over par value of treasu	ry stock 54.981	AT-4 I for monted	\$600 220 \$628 205
Balance, Dec. 31, 1937		charged to capital surplus as per re	solutions of the Board of	* The net loss from operations of B for the period Jan. 1 to March 31. 193	urns Bros. (N. J.) and its subsidiaries 36, was as follows: Net sales, \$6,046
			- Landau - L	844; cost of sales, \$5,033,096; opera \$58,270), \$1,143,441; net loss from o	ating expenses (incl. depreciation of perations, \$129,693.

1937 1936

	3176			Fi	nancial	Chronicle	IV.
		dated Bala 1936	nce Sheet Dec. 31	1937	1936	Consolidated Bale 1937 1936	ince Sheet Dec. 31
	Cash \$780,096 Notes & accts, rec.	\$404,175	Accounts payable Notes pay, to ban	_\$1,098,87 k 300,00	6 \$802,568	Assets— \$ \$	Liabilities— y Capital stock2
	(net) 2,518,148 Inventories 1,225,916	2,467,867 1,424,138	claims, taxes		7 337,247	&c15,066,325 13,778,647 Cash3,334,872 2,285,905 Milestable segure 1,803,283 4,657,348	Notes payable Loan payable Accts., &c., pay
	Special desposit	5.0301	interest, &c Prov. for prio years' State tax	_ 143,01		M'ketable securs 1,803,283	Dividends payable Fed. & State taxes
	a Fixed assets 2,277,953 Vendors' credit al-	2,229,221	Mtges, payable	b 104,02	1 b103,980	z Other receivables & investments 2,652,009 1,774,460	Reserves1
	lowance 25,050 Deferred charges 78,653 Goodwill 2,500,000	44,400 59,320 2,500,000	ligations Funded & long term debt	The same of the	1 5 July 1	Deferred charges	Total4
			Truck purchase ob	143,94	0 108,973	x After depreciation of \$12,028,3 y Represented by 1,000,000 shares	41 in 1936 and \$1 (no par). z Inclu
			Mtges. payable Reserves Common stock	637,31	2 552,525	things, 12,200 shares of company's st Carnation Co. (& Subs.)-	
			6% pref. stock Capital surplus	250,00 764,92	0 250,000 1 565,133	Calendar Vears 1937	1936 19 \$3,359,489 b \$1,9
	Total\$9,767,456 \$	9.381.042	Deficit			Profit from operations_f\$3,053,614 Depreciation813,837 Prov. for obsolescence25,000	729,938 6° 58,000
	a After depreciation and in 1937. b Current. c Re	amortizati	on of \$369,594 i	n 1936 an	nd \$567,081	Balance\$2,214,777 Interest received\$62,168	\$2,571,551 \$4,708 \$1,29
	p. 3490. California Packing					Miscellaneous income 16,486	34,600
	그 그 그 그 그 가는 사람이 있다면 하는 것 같아. 그렇게 그 없는데 그리고 없다는데 그 그 모든 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그			Subsidia	ries)	Total income \$2,293,431 Interest paid 48,302 Bond interest & discount	\$2,640,859 \$1,3 39,391
	Consolidated Income A Years Ended— Feb Sales \$61 Cost of goods sold 49	.175,583 .374,714	\$61,750,1181 48,244,817	. 28, 00	1 60. 20, 33	Prov. for income taxes 299,506 Provision for surtax 126,275	438,466 158,550
	Gross profit\$111 Sell., admin. & gen. exps. 8 Interest on debs	,800,869	\$13,505,301			Propor. of profits applic. to min. int. in sub. co. Loss on disposal of non-	3,143
		-				Goodwill pur, during yr	50,695 24,729
	Profit \$2 Other income \$2 Proportionate share of	,835,192 85,387	\$5,022,219 64,604	Not com	parable	Miscellaneous charges 5,848 Net profit \$1,810,391	21,845
	Alaska Packers Ass'n	307,161	441,637			Surplus at Jan. 1	\$1,904,038 \$1,14 3,638,919 3,40 c53,927
	Total income\$3	,227,740 326,037	\$5,528,460 781,192J			Total\$6,144,012 Divs. on pref. stock 194,460	\$5,596.883 \$4,6 178,906 1
	Net profit	.901.703		542,248	\$3,240,704	Divs. on pref. stock 194,460 Divs. on com. stk.—cash 914,375 Miscell. deductions (net) e66,286	914,385 66 a170,028 23
	Pref. divs. (cash) Com. dividends (cash)1 Com. div. paid in pf. stk. Shares of com. outst'g	129,110 ,447,610 482,537	1,760,596 1, 2,582,232	447,609	1,447,609	Balance\$4,968,891 Shares com. stock out-	\$4,333,565 \$3,63
	(no par) Earns, per sh. on com	965,073 \$2.87	965,073 \$4.92	965,073 \$2.63	965,073 \$3.36	standing (no par) 609,577 Earnings per share \$2.65	609,600 60 \$2.83
	Con	solidated 1	Balance Sheet ubsidiary Compa			a Payment to preferred stockhol capital stock. b Approximately 16%	ders on reclassific of the total profit
	Feb. 28, '38 F		Liabilities—		8 Feb. 28,'37	resents earnings of affiliated company for investment in affiliated company surplus of \$50,000 and cancellation of	no longer required a f provision for mine
	b Land, plant, ma- chinery, &c18,218,320 1	7,251,298	a Common stockd Pref. stock	3,064,70	0 2.582,200	cable to preferred stock of subsidiary mium thereon—net of \$3.926. d Adj	ustment of minorit
	Inventories26,261,275 2	9,490,897	Accounts payable Notes payable Owing to Alask	9,000,00	0 6,750,000	of shares of subsidiary company pureduce marketable securities to quot the total profit from operations repr	ed values. f Appr esents earnings of
	c Advs. to growers 279,586 Expend. on future	162.2961	Packers Assoc. subsidiary co Funded debt	6.	6 1,469,844 0 7,500,000	accumulated in prior years. g And	dividends. ince Sheet Dec. 31
	Notes & accts. rec. 5,189,862 Insur. deposits 341,603	319,541	Accrued payrolls	234,48	4 103,070	Assets— 1937 1936 \$ \$	Labuuies—
	Cash3,408,456 Deferred charges 490,086	492,390	Provision for Fed' taxes Accrued interest o	435.00	0 900,000	Cash in banks and on hand 3,083,831 3,183,356 x Accts, & notes re-	Accts. pay., trade, and payrolls Other accts, pay. &
			debentures Surplus	62,50 .13,025,33	0 62,500 9 12,182,892	celvable—trade_ 2,894,379 2,826,265 Sundry debtors 107,704 107,949	Notes pay, to bks. Res. for local and
	Total65,408,012 6	4.217.760	Total	65,408,01	2 64,217,760	Marketable securs. at cost 938,216 935,069 Inventories 7,330,041 9,238,285	Fed. capital stk.
	a Represented by 965,073 841,079 in 1937 and \$21,054 by shares of \$50 par.—V. 1	720 in 1946, p. 284	938. c Less rese	erve. d	Represented	Investments in and advances to affil. companies 1,016,645 1,022,897	Reserve for Fed'l income taxes Due to officers and
	Campbell Wyant &	Cann	- Commence of the same			Other assets 330,378 349,018 y Capital assets 9,207,095 9,058,008	Res. for processing
	3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— x Net profit y Earns. per share	\$80,176 Nil	\$228,449 \$0.65	\$294,033	\$133.927 \$0.38	Pats., trade-marks and goodwill 1 1 Deferred charges 223,758 227,912	Divs. payable Reserves
	y After all charges and taxe V. 146, p. 2842.			apital sto	ck (no par).		3% notes payable. Min. stockholders'
	Campe Corp.—No of Directors have decided to	take no	action on the pa	yment of	a dividend		int. in sub. co 5% 1st pref. stock z Common stock1
	on the common shares at the cents per share was paid on M	his time. March 1, l	A regular quar ast.—V. 145, p.	terly div 2065.	idend of 10		Capital surplus Earned surplus
	Canadian Interna Accumulated Dividend-		Investment	Trust	, Ltd.—	Total25,132,048 26,948.759 × After reserves for doubtful items	and discounts of \$2
	The directors have declar of accumulations on the 5%	ed a divi	dend of \$1.25 p	er share k, par \$1	on account 00, payable	\$239,586 in 1936. y After reserves for \$10,393,483 in 1937 and \$10,117,80 no par shares in 1937 and 609,600 no par shares in 1938 and 609,600	r depreciation and g
	of accumulations on the 5% June 1 to holders of record Mast, Dec. 1, Sept. 1 and Jun March 1, 1937, and on Dec.	Aay 16. 8 ne 1, 1937 1, 1936	similar amount v , and dividends o -V 146 p 1233	vas paid of \$2.50 w	on March 1, vere paid on	Carson Hill Gold Mining	
	Canadian Nationa	Ry.	Earnings—			Earnings for 3 Months	
			r Week Ended M 1938 \$2,120,275		Decrease \$837,728	Revenue from sales of bullion Revenue from other sources	
	Gross revenues V. 146, p. 3005. Canadian Pacific I	D 17.	φυ,120,010 φυ	,501,105	φ001,120	Total revenueOperating costs	
			eek Ended May 7			Operating profit before deducting of Note—The above operating costs in	lepreciation, deplet
÷	Traffic earnings		\$2,397,000 \$2	1937 7,07,000	Decrease \$310,00	as well as for repairs and renewals.—	V. 146, p. 905.
	Cannon Mills Co. (& Subs	.)—Earnings	1025	1024	Central Maine Power Co See list given on first page of this d	
	Calendar Years— Net sales \$40 Cost of goods sold 34	,252,621 ,396,091	\$38,302,927 \$30 30,313,381 23	,495,252 ,656,307	\$24,191,996 18,892,639	Carrier Corp. (& Subs.)— Consolidated Income Account	
	Gross profit from sales \$5 Inc. from commissions	,856,530 776,101	\$7,989,547 712,119	,838,945 724,775	\$5,299,357 716,068	Completed contracts and sales, less r a Cost of completed contracts and sa	eturned sales
	Gross profit from oper. \$6 Sell., admin. & gen. exp. 2	,632,632	\$8,701,666 \$7	,563,720 ,221,884	\$6,015,425 1,944,015	b Manufacturing variances and inver- Selling, administrative and general ex-	rpenses
	Prov. for depreciation Net profit from oper \$3	889,805	804,570	802,318	776,647	Net profit from operationsOther income	
	Otherincome credits	498,617		,539,518 379,561	\$3,294,762 475,258	Total income Discount allowed to dealers and customers	omers
	Gross income \$3 Income charges 1	,519,151	1,901,916 1	,919,079 $,647,491$	\$3,770,021 1,199,639	Discount allowed to dealers and cust Interest on notes payable to banks Miscellaneous charges c Expenses	
	Net income for year \$2 Dividends1			,271,588 ,975,557	\$2,570,382 2,370,666	d Provision for Federal income taxes Net income	
	Net inc. added to sur. Surp. at begin. of year 12	\$256,197 ,035,739	\$324,438 11,556,304 10	,296,031 ,326,411	\$199,716 9,840,929	a Including own manufactured printed printed printed by Less \$30	oducts at standar
	Gross surplus \$12 Surplus adjustment D	,291,936 r222,945	\$11,880,742 \$11 Cr154,997	,622,441 66,138	\$10,040,645 Cr285,765	being applicable to moving expense moving to Syracuse, N. Y. (includi- relating to idle plants). d Including	ng \$29,195 depreci \$38 for surtax on u
	Surplus at end of year_\$12 Earns. per sh. on 1,000,-					of subsidiary. Notes—The write-down of \$435.5 to management's estimate of reali deficit account. The allowance for d	
	000 shs. common stock (no par)	\$2.23	\$4.28	\$3.27	\$2.57	deficit account. The allowance for de to \$321,343.	epreciation for the

	soriaatea Dan	ince Speed De		1000
1937	1936	1	1937	1936
Assets— \$	2	Liabilities-	ck25,000,00	00 95 000 000
* Plant, property, &c15,066,32	05 12 770 847	Notes payab	le	6,000,000
Cash	72 2,285,905	Loan payable	16	300,000
M'ketable securs 1,803,28		Acets &c	pay 1,624,49	
A cote receivable 4 211 70	00 7 450 717	Dividends p		
Accts.receivable 4,211,79 Inventories12,986,33	70 17 414 479	Fed. & State		
z Other receivables	10 11,111,110	Reserves		
& investments 2,652,00	9 1,774,460	Surplus	12,068,99	1 12.035,739
Deferred charges 75,97				
Total40.130.63	33 47.468.780	Total	40.130.63	33 47.468.780
* After depreciation of				
w Represented by 1 000	000 shares	(no par).	Including a	mong other
y Represented by 1,000 things, 12,200 shares of	company's st	ock reacquir	edV. 146.1	p. 2680.
		- 1 to 1 t		
Carnation Co. (d	& Subs.)-	-Earnings		
Calendar Years—	1937	1936	1935	1934
Profit from operations	f\$3,053.614	\$3,359,489	b\$ 1,997,573	\$1,958,550 666,765
Calendar Years— Profit from operations— Depreciation————	813,837	729,938	b\$ 1,997,573 679,504	666,765
Prov. for obsolescence	25,000	58,000	25,000	25,000
Balance	\$2 214 777	\$2.571.551	\$1,293,069	\$1,266,785
Interest received	g62,168	\$2,571,551 34,708	42,843	38,334
Miscellaneous income	16,486	34,600	23,012	
m	80 000 401	80.040.050	21 050 000	
Total income Interest paid	\$2,293,431	\$2,640,859 39,391	\$1,358,923 29,749 37,999	\$1,305,119
Interest paid	48,302	39,391	29,749	10.634
Bond interest & discount Prov. for income taxes.	299,506	438,466	37.999	61,593
Provision for surtax	196 975		141,772	165,456
Propor. of profits applic.	126,275	158,550		
to min. int. in sub. co.	3,108	3,143	5,509	10,409
Loss on disposal of non-		0,140	5,509	10,408
operating properties		50 695		and the second
Goodwill pur. during yr.		50,695 24,729		- 1985 F. S. S. S. S.
Miscellaneous charges	5,848	21,845	3,683	
37-4	21 010 201	21 004 020	81 140 010	#1 0F7 007
Net profit Surplus at Jan. 1	4 222 565	\$1,904,038 3,638,919	\$1,140,212	\$1,057,027
Miscellaneous credits	4,333,565 d56	c53.927	3,461,584	3,156,048
Miscenaneous credits	u 50	600.021		
Total	\$6,144,012	\$5,596.883	\$4.601.796	\$4 213 075
Divs. on pref. stock	194,460	178,906	129.773	\$4,213.075 141,792
Divs. on com. stk cash	914.375	178,906 914,385	\$4,601,796 129,773 609,611	609,698
Miscell. deductions (net)	194,460 914,375 e66,286	a170,028	223,492	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
				00 401 504
Balance	\$4,968,891	\$4,333,565	\$3,638,919	\$3,461,584
Shares com, stock out-	609,577	609,600		200 701
standing (no par) Earnings per share	\$2.65	\$2.83	609.586 \$1.65	609,701 \$1.50
a Payment to preferr capital stock. b Approx	ed stockhole	ders on rec	lassification	or preferred
capital stock. b Approx	matery 16%	of the total	pront from of	peration rep-
resents earnings of affiliat	ed company	accumulated	in prior year	s. c Reserve
for investment in arrillate	o company	do longer req	uired and nov	v restored to
surplus of \$50,000 and ca	incenation of	provision ic	or minority in	terest appn-
surplus of \$50,000 and ca cable to preferred stock mium thereon—net of \$3.	or subsidiary	purchased	during the ye	ar, less pre-
mum thereon—net of \$3.	920. d Adj	ustiment of it	imority intere	st in respect
of shares of subsidiary	tion to quot	rchased dur	f Approximat	Provision to
reduce marketable securi	erations repr	egente earni	nors of affiliat	ed company
accumulated in prior year	rs. • And	dividends.	ngs of allinat	ed company
			o 21	
	solidated Bala	nce Sneet De		1000
1937	1936	Tintal	1937	1936
Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities-	trodo S	
Cash in banks and on hand 3.083.83	1 3 183 256	Accts. pay.,	trade, olls 2.008.7	76 9 136 364
	0.100.000	and payit	110 4.UUO.1	10 2,100,009

Assets-	1937	1936 S	Labuuies—	1937	1936
Cash in banks and			Accts, pay., trade.	4.5	
on hand		3,183,356		2.008.776	2.136.364
x Accts, & notes re-			Other accts. pay. &	_,,,,,,,,,	27
celvable-trade.		2.826.265		217.579	242.886
Sundry debtors		107,949	Notes pay, to bks.		
Marketable securs.			Res. for local and	-,,	
at cost		935,069			
Inventories		9,238,285	taxes	251.594	270,713
Investments in and			Reserve for Fed'l		100
advances to affil.			income taxes	478,340	648,093
companies		1.022.897	Due to officers and		
Other assets				25,754	17,505
y Capital assets					
Pats., trade-marks			tax	40.035	38,786
and goodwill		1	Divs. payable	353,403	
Deferred charges			Reserves	913,350	
			13% notes payable_	600,000	
		71.5	Min. stockholders'		
			int. in sub. co	61,544	62,237
			5% 1st pref. stock.		3,889,200
			z Common stock1		
			Capital surplus	15,560	
			Earned surplus		4,333,565
					-
Total	25.132.048	26,948,759	Total	25,132,048	26,948,759
			and discounts of &		

oubtful items and discounts of \$296,713 in 1937 and fter reserves for depreciation and general obsolescence and \$10.117,877 in 1936. z Represented by 609,577 d 609,600 no par shares in 1936.—V. 145, p. 3969.

ld Mining Corp.—Earnings—

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31, 1938 Tons milled Revenue from sales of bullion Revenue from other sources	\$2,286 \$201,637 123
Total revenueOperating costs	\$201,760 164,791
Operating profit before deducting depreciation, depletion for	000 000

ore deducting depreciation, depletion, &c \$36,969 orating costs include all expenditures for development, depletion, with the control of the

& Subs.)—Earnings— ncome Account for Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937

Completed contracts and sales, less returned sales\$ a Cost of completed contracts and sales b Manufacturing variances and inventory adjustments Selling, administrative and general expenses	17,412,355 13,452,249 412,432
Net profit from operationsOther income	\$656,156 339,279
Total income Discount allowed to dealers and customers Interest on notes payable to banks Miscellaneous charges c Expenses d Provision for Federal income taxes	
el 'Laboration (1994) - 1. 2011 - 1.5521 - 1.5521 - 1.5621 - 1.5621 - 1.5621 - 1.5621 - 1.5621 - 1.5621 - 1.56	

그 아이들 아니다 하는 것이 되었다. 나는 사람들이 되는 사람들이 모든 것이 되었다.	Cinomicie 3177
Consolidated Balance Sheet at Dec. 31 Assets— 1937 1936 Cash 1937 1936 Ltabitites— 1937 1936 Cash \$556,171 \$1,235,376 Notes pay. to bks.\$1,000,000 \$250,000	Central New York Power Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Period Ended March 31, 1938— 3 Months 8 Months
2receivable 1.333.265 931.885 Accr. wages. com.	Fertidal March 31, 1938
Cash. sur. val. of Prov. for Fed , life insurance 5.813 54.075 State & local	Operating income
accts.rec. & inv. 150,989 112,001 taxes 128,114 139,944 Land & bldg. held constant taxes 128,114 139,944	Gross income_ \$1,600,427 \$3,753,986 Deductions from gross income_ 648,598 1,876,517
for sale 400,000 future exps. on b Fixed assets 1,556,337 1,389,240 completed con-	Net income\$951,829 \$1,877,469 Note—No provision has been made for possible surtax on undistributed
charges 68,544 35,790 Prov. for conting 130,000 100,000 Design, develop, & Billings to custom's	profits.—V. 146, p. 2529. Certo de Pasco Copper Corp.—Earnings—
research	(Including Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries)
Notes pay. to bks. (not curr.) 250,000 500,000	Calendar Years— 1937 1936 1935 Sales of metals————————————————————————————————————
Capital surplus 339,488 89,488 Deficit 947,521 817,781	Profit. \$10,574,704 \$7,221,040 \$7,409,343 Net inc. from other operations, incl.
d Treasury stock. 12,348 11,988 Total \$7,325,162 \\$6,231,830 Total \$7,325,162 \\$6,231,830	Het miscell, income int. divs. &c. 418 541 200 103 400 140
a After allowance of \$69,652 in 1937 and \$38,604 in 1936 for doubtful notes and accounts. b After reserve of \$836,530 in 1937 and \$1,138,851 in 1936 for depreciation and obsolescence. c Represented by 391,386 no par shares. d 578 snares in 1937 and 568 shares in 1936 of common stock at cost.—V. 146, p. 1393.	Net income before deprec., deplet. & income taxes \$10.993,245
at cost.—V. 146, p. 1393. Central Foundry Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—	
Period Cal. Year 4 Mos. End.	Net income for the year\$5.817.619 \$3,797.426 \$4,062.719 Dividends
Net sales	Capital surplus: Balance Dec. 31, 1936 and Dec. 31, 1937 after distributions to
Gross profit \$770,126 \$177,186 Selling, admistrative and general expenses 660,374 171,814 Provision for doubtful accounts 9,130 3,836	stockholders in 1935 and prior years totaling \$20,471,849, designated on books as capital distributions\$32,151,853 Earned surplus:
	Balance Dec. 31, 1936 after deduction of \$50,391,048 of dis- tributions to stockholders, charged on books to earned surplus
Other income 29,057 11,970	Amount transferred from income account for 1937
Interest on funded debt 55,699 30,598 Amortization of debt discount and expense 12.114 9.986	tax purposes (offset by charge to income account) 1,855,373 Total \$8,911,396
Other interest 3,339 555 Depreciation 101,864 47,167 Federal income tax 22	Deduct, distributions to stockholders during 1937, charged on books to earned surplus 6,456,341
Net loss\$43,360 \$74,799	Earned surplus, Dec. 31, 1937 \$2,455,055
3 Months Ended March 31— 1938 1937 Net income from oper. before int. chgs., deprec. &	Surplus, capital and earned, Dec. 31, 1937
Federal income tax	Assets— 1937 Cash. \$3,502,047 Marketable securities, at cost
Other interest 477 611 Depreciation 19,491 34,215	Loan to Govt of Peru on Callao docks 1,733,000 Accounts receivable 585,058 1,159,063 754,388 Metals sold for future delivery at net
Tederal income tax (estimated) 3,883 Net loss \$77,806 prof\$27,985	selling prices
x No provision has been made for undistributed profits tax. Consolidated Balance Sheet at Dec. 31	Inventories of ores, concentrates, &c., at cost excl. of depletion
Assets— 1937 1936 LAnbilities— 1937 1936 Cash \$106,318 \$218,302 Accounts payable \$159,021 \$246,599	Inventories of materials & supplies, at cost
Accts. & notes rec. 492,632 534,591	nenges &c 256.032 115.128 97.032
mach. & equipt 2,710,144 2,654,137 wages	Investments 1,772,829 1,797,076 1,797,078 Fixed assets, less allowances for depletion and depreciation 17,372,272 17,922,218 17,531,948
advances 49,301 49,301 Other accrued liab. 19,017 42,065 Deferred charges 111,484 183,282 Curr.acct.due Cen-	Total\$44,799,528 \$43,466,588 \$42,867,515 Liabilities—
Award agt City of N. Y	Drafts payable \$585,688 \$442,900 \$484,909 Accounts payable 609,155 590,052 711,513
5% cum. pref. stk. 375,100 830,000	Accrued liabils. pay rolls, inc. taxes, &c., plus provs. for freights, treat- ment charges, commissions, &c., on
Common stock y632,214	sold and unsold metals1,133,709 1,199,122 932,118 Reserves 1,664,069 1,644,256 1,374,256
Total \$4,803,375 \$4,992,412 Total \$4,803,375 \$4,992,412 ** Incl. provision for Federal income tax of \$22 in 1937 and \$8,300 in	Surplus, capital & earned, as annexed 34,606,908 33,390,257 33,164,718
1936. y including 4,510 shares issuable to holders of old securities not presented in 1937 and 14,632 shares (incl. 400 shares represented by scrip)	Total\$44,799,528 \$43,466,588 \$42,867,515 x Represented by 1,122,842 shares of no par value.—V. 45, p. 2385.
In 1936.—V. 145, p. 3190. Central Ohio Light & Power Co.—Earnings—	Checker Cab Mfg. Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936 1935
12 Mos.End	Net loss after deprec., interest, &c., charges. \$75,319 \$110,626 x\$199,224 \$92,983
Period Ended March 31— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 Mar. 31 '38' Total operating revenue \$373,692 \$377,149 \$1,418,821 Operating expenses 198,758 212,214 833,007 x Taxes 33,118 31,300 126,142	x Before Federal income taxes.—V. 146, p. 3006. Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.—Young and Associates Fail to
Income from operations	Get a Quorum at Meeting—Adjournment Until May 19 Voted— Robert R. Young and Associates failed again May 10 to obtain a quorum
Non-operating income (net) 406 956 3,831 Gross income \$142,221 \$134,590 \$463,503	at a meeting of stockholders of the company held at Richmond, Va., and the scheduled meeting was again adjourned upon motion of Mr. Young
Prov. for renewals, replace. & retire	until May 19. After four hours' delay during which a proxy-inspection committee attempted to count an avalanche of proxies and revocations of proxies
Taxes assumed on interest	submitted by the Guaranty Trust Co. committee, the inspection committee reported that while their count was incomplete it was clear a quorum
Provision for Federal income and undistributed profits taxes 3,000 6,000	Whether Mr. Young and his associates have gained or loss ground in the fight for control of C. & O. could not be determined. At the last meeting
Balance to surplus\$91,357 \$81,643 \$157,964 x Excluding Federal income and undistributed profits taxes.	on April 19, Mr. Young, through the C. & O. management, had 41.68% of the stock. At the outset of the meeting, which had to be adjourned to 4 p. m. from
Notes—It is the policy of the company to make appropriations for renewals, replacements and retirements at the end of each calendar year, therefore, the income statements for three months ended March 31, show	At the outset of the meeting, which had to be adjourned to 4 p. m. from 11 a. m. so the proxies could be counted, Thomas B. Gay, representing the Earl Baillie committee, submitted revocations for some of the proxies which are the committee and received. George D. Brooke
results before deducting such appropriations. The provision shown for 12 months ended March 31, 1938, is the amount appropriated for the	the road's management committee had received. George D. Brooke, President of the C. & O. and Chairman of the meeting, questioned Mr. Gay at length asking if he was a stockholder who he represented and also
calendar year 1937. **Condensed Balance Sheet March 31** *Assets—** 1938 1937 Liabilities—** 1938 1937	quorum. Mr. Gay stated that he represented Alfred Brisket. Mr. Gay refused to
Property, plant & L'g-term debt out- equip., franch. & standing\$4,346,000 \$3,585,000	state when Mr. Brisket became a stockholder, stating the records would show the facts.—V. 146, p. 3007.
oth. Intangibles. \$7,586,716 \$6,542,670 Notes payable	Chicago Corp.—Smaller Preference Dividend— Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the preference
Cash 112,644 56,827 Consumers' depos. Spec. cash depos 37,394	shares, payable June 1 to holders of record May 15. Regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share were previously distributed.—V. 146, p.
Accts, receivable _ 132,695 128,758 Notes rec. (mdse. Notes receivable _ 5,802 contracts disct.) 5,802 100 375 Reserves 908,452 840,421	2530. Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry.—Annual Report—
Prepayments 18,154 12,741 y Common shares 1,000,000 1,004,990	General Statistics for Calendar Years
Constr. advances 824 Unamortized debt	Rev. Freight 1743/6 18318 1846 8,191 8,297 8,318 170ns carried 25,333,218 23,474,235 19,949,039 19.582,715 Rev. for tons carried 565,802,175 \$62,389,183 \$53,991,903 \$54,599,416
discount & exp. 268,203 244,021 Suspense 2,899	Av. rate per tons per ml 0.92 cts. 0.90 cts. 1.01 cts. 1.01 cts. Av. load in tons per mile 488.95 462.58 431.51 438.64
Total\$8,232,380 \$7,079,645 Total\$8,232,380 \$7,079,645 x Represented by 11,610 no par shares in 1938 and 11,721 no par shares	Rev. Pass. Traffic— No. of pass. carried \$3.85,163
In 1937. y Represented by 20,000 no par shares.—V. 146, p. 2034.	Av. rate per m. per pass_ 1.68 cts. 1.67 cts. 1.69 cts. 1.66 cts.

Consolida	ted Income A	account for Co	lendar Years	
Operating Revenues— Freight revenue Passenger revenue Mail revenue Express revenue	1937 \$65.802.175 8 182 732	1936 \$63,093,218 7,440,426 2,506,833	\$53,991,903 6,336,239 2,416,241	\$54,599,416 5,935,350 2,365,049
Other transport, revenue Miscellaneous revenue Total ry, oper, rev	2,266,276	1,404,088 1,629,577 1,992,564 878,066,706	1,184,621 1,414,311 1,773,539 \$67,116,854	1,127,401 1,312,627 1,621,845
Maint of way & struct	12.095.893	11.084.438		
Maintenance of equip_ Traffic	2.990,751 33,478,140	16,940,115 2,608,302 32,058,560 1,105,647 4,045,019 440,309	8,325,661 15,087,512 2,465,278 29,291,316 947,867 3,792,261 79,406	7,297,779 14,869,516 2,347,738 27,491,219 839,393 4,089,387 59,844
Total ry. oper. exps Net rev. from ry. oper Railway tax accruals Uncoll.ry. revenue		\$67,401,772 10,664,934 5,611,294		\$56,875,189 10,086,500 4,355,000 26,775
Total ry. oper. income Equip. rents, debit bal Jt. facil. rents, deb. bal_	\$8,797,527 3,223,586 1,115,234	\$5,053,639 2,921,861 1,131,097	\$3,096,741 2,924,879 1.111,059	\$5,704,724 2,926,626 1,099,298
Net ry. oper. income_ Non-Oper. Income_	\$4,458,707	\$1,000,681	def\$939,198	\$1,678,800
Rentals Interest and dividends Miscellaneous income	309,020 173,563 43,324	326,169 204,638 45,892	328,617 175,583 41,533	314,337 180,621 573
Total income Deducs. from Income—			def\$393,464	\$2,174,331
Rent for leased roads Miscellaneous rents Other income charges	159,550 8,099 101,281	155,386 8,020 109,589	155,286 7,717 48,714	155,286 8,020 60,794
Int. on bonds and long- term notes Int. on equip. notes	11,851,480 1,176,087	11,851,466 1,421,785	11,851,456 1,422,065	11,851,401 1,422,065
Int. on trustees ctfs. of indebtedness	157,500 1,087,496			
Net loss	\$9.556.880	\$13,118,590	1,145,723 \$15,024,425	777.455 \$12.100.691
a Includes cancellation 400 under repealed Carrie	n of 1936 exers Taxing A	cise tax accru	als amountin	g to \$1,220,-
a Includes cancellation 400 under repealed Carric Notes—By order of t Jan. 1, 1937, Rock Islam Santa Rosa are include instead of joint facility re for 1936 are restated.	venuecr.	ror compa	rative purpos	ses, revenues
For comparative purp stated to conform to cha cation effective Jan. 1, 1	oses, operat nges in Inte 936.	ing expenses	for 1935 ha	ive been re- sion classifi-
	ted Condense 1937	d General Bald 1936	ince Sheet 1935	1934
Assels— Investment in road and equipment—Road Equipment	361,222, <u>19</u> 5	361,103,505	363,704,522	366,080,983
Improvements on leased railway property Deps. in lieu of mtged.	772,982	657,716		
property sold Misc. physical property_	3,875 3,453,743 16,420,382	3,450,819	916,801	787.742
Inv. in affil. companies. Other investments Cash and spec. deposits.	2.090.499	2,238,771	17 032 617	787,742 17 135 640 2,601,401
Loans & bills receivable. Materials and supplies	8,590,194 4,011 7,402,664	$\frac{3,915}{7,034,650}$	2,382,955 5,070,749 7,365 5,066,169	2,601,401 3,122,747 12,810 5,059,097 3,539,232
Other current assets Other deferred assets Rents and insur, prems.	3,645,461 2,319,444	4,121,569 2,511,564	3,165,903 2,591,761	2,243,100
paid in advance Other unadjusted debits	1,393,579	$\frac{25,962}{1,541,854}$	1,201,083	$\frac{29,010}{1,053,337}$
Liabilities—				8
7% preferred stock 6% preferred stock Common stock Governmental grants	25,115,900 74,359,722	29,416,889 25,115,900 74,359,722 2,663,975 132,402,640	29,416,889 25,115,900 74,359,722 2,406,876 135,553,250	29,416,889 25,115,900 74,359,722 2,341,170
Trustees ctfs. of indebt.	42,263,125 4,500,000	132,402.640 4,500,000	135,553,250	143,311,100
Non-negotiable debt to affiliated companies Loans payable Audited accts. and wages	$3445 \\ 17.843,700$	17,843,700	17,843,700	3,477 $17,466,421$
payable	4,691,216 57,783,212 66,570,900	4,243,954 44,755,541 177,441,900	5,798,243 32,244,256 174,981,000	5,989,508 20,148,899 167,224,000
Misc. current, payable	2,411,457	3,056,537	2,143,538	1,163,201 2,725,028 807 092 3,489,392
Other deferred liabilities Tax liability Prem. on funded debt Accrd. deprec.—Equip_ Other unadj. credits Addit. to prop. through	1.176,988 3,095,602 6,471	569,581 4,610,449	779,501 3,095,118	
		46,513,780 1,875,299	48,341,147 1,519,152	52.099.516 1,259,410
income and surplus Profit & loss—Debit bal_	$\frac{1,426,595}{53,574,007}$	$\substack{1,384,905\\41,470,212}$	$^{1,362.850}_{26,536,711}$	1,406,139 9,115,842
Total	528,181,111	530,231,567	529,543.054	539,211,024
Cities Service Oil	Co. (& S	ubs.)—Ea	rnings—	
Years Ended Nov. 30—Gross earnings———————————————————————————————————	1937 1937	Oil & Refinin c1936 \$60,024,500	c1935	c1934
The same of the sa				
Net earns. from oper Non-oper. income Total income		\$3,437,096 b 472,065	\$7,840,164 b 688,260	\$4,554,298 b 531,198
Interest on bonded debt_ Interest on other debt	\$5,020,774 2,669,011 1,507,098	\$3,909,161 2,571,496 1,069,681	\$8,528,424 2,663,016 860,016	\$5,085,497 2,754,535 683,940
Amortization of bond discount & expense Federal & State taxes on	498,792	546,790	590,527	614,288
rov. for Federal & State income tax	15,447 11,200	13,405 46,600	4,405 63,300	69,600
Net inc. before prov. for deprec. & deplet.		loss\$338811 9,850,097	\$4,347,160 10,911,598	\$963,134 14,787,652
d Proceeds of oil products in prior years. Adjusts to surp. (net)	197,250 81,888	93,292		14.787,652
Total surplus		\$9,604,579	\$15,276,316	
Dividends paid Deprec. & depletion	1,050,000		5,426,219	4,982,862
Surplus as of Nov. 30_ a Includes \$143,899 e Refining Co. bonds retire 1936; \$395,308 in 1935 an	\$8,326,024 xcess of pared through	\$9,604,579 r over book sinking fund.	\$9,850,097 value of En	\$10,911,598 mpire Oil & \$130,691 in
1936; \$395,308 in 1935 ar	nd \$392,271	in 1934, exc	ess of par val	ue over cost

of bonds purchased for retirement. c Empire Oil & Refining Co. accounts. d Withheld because of title litigation, recovered in year 1937 through settlement of such litigation, less depletion applicable thereto. e For crude oil price changes with respect to storage crude oil purchased from Empire Gas & Fuel Co.

	Cons	olidated Bald	ince Sheet Nov. 3	0	
	1937	y1936	1	1937	y1936
Assets-	S	\$	Liabilities-	8	\$
Leaseholds, oil-			x Capital stock.	70,000,000	70,000,000
produc. prop.,		ARTON VILL	Bonded debt	43,939,800	45,714,800
storage facil's,			Empire Ref. Co.		
pipelines, re-			1st mtge. bds.	9,630,000	
fineries & serv-			Mtge. notes pay.	269,401	
ice stations	207.357.931	184,095,886	Notes payable	1,125,000	1,736,150
Miscell, invests.	611,764		Accts, payable &		
Cash	3,356,723		accrued exps.	5.040.689	5,434,233
Inventories	23,399,238		Accts, pay (affil.		
Accts, receivable		, ,	companies)	1.429,500	720,379
Customers	4.867.411	4,352,101	Due Empire Gas	A	
Affiliated cos.			& Fuel Co	33,357,000	16,321,100
Other notes &		4.4	Due Cities Serv-	1.74	
accts, rec'le	163,232	354,694	ice Co	18,140,000	18,141,163
Accepts. receiv.	789,206		Note pay. (bank)		
Mat'ls & suppls.	3,225,571	2.521.919	due subseg't		
Special cash dep.	3,430		to Nov. 30,'38	4,500,000	5.625,000
Non. curr. notes	0,100	,,,,,	Non.curr. notes		
& accts, receiv	75.259	44,951	& accts. pay		265,424
Adv.to personnel		36,006	Prov. for inc. tax	56,710	78,917
Prepaid insur	,	55,555	Int. accrued on		and the second
taxes, int. and	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		bonded debt	624,871	419.052
other prepay's	445.807	390.547		52,207	62,748
Bond discount &			Other liabilities_	3,514,871	
exp. unamort.	2,186,965	2,747,304		40.693,370	35,451,197
Bals, in closed	,		Crude & ref. oil		10.75
banks	Barrell Start	14,150			
Oth. def. charges	488,321	78,511	reserve	5.373.791	3,767,521
om. der. onlingen	100,021	10,011	Injuries & dam_	59,840	50,790
			Miscell, reserves	1.304.307	603,706
			Surplus	8.326.024	9,604,579
The species of the	1000 m	(our prus	0,020,021	-,,,,,,,,,
Total2	247.437.382	213,996,757	Total	247.437.382	213.996.757
		,			

x Represented by 700,000 no par shares. y Empire Oil & Refining Co. (& subs.) balance sheet.—V. 142, p. 4333.

Chickasha Cotton Oil Co.—Special Dividend—
The directors have declared a special dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, payable June 15 to holders of record May 25. A special dividend of 50 cents was paid on March 1 last, this latter being the first dividend paid since July 1, 1936, when a regular quarterly special dividend of 50 cents was distributed.—V. 146, p. 1066.

Chrysler Corp.—Consolidated Balance Sheet—

	Mar.31 '38	Dec. 31 '37		Mar.31 '38	Dec. 31 '37
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities-		\$
Cash on hand ar	nd		Accts, payable	and	
on deposit		35 397 378	accrd navro	olls_28,479,506	25.452.043
Marketable secur		00,001,010	Accrued insura		20,102,010
		10 010 100			000 150
at cost		12,910,198		1,173,896	922,132
Drafts against ca			Fed'l, State &		40 20 20 20 20
shipments				inc.10,669,938	12,300,000
Notes & accts. re-	c. 7.571.954	6,546,367	Reserves—Ope	rat-	
Inventories	39.824.290	50.132.862	ing contings.	.&c.19,246,179	19.674.632
Investm'ts & other			Capital stock		
assets		7 750 495	es)	21,755,660	21 755 880
		1,100,200	Capital surplu	05 050 100	25,700,000
x Property, plan					
and equipment		66,064,473	Earned surplus	884,850,453	82,740,484
Goodwill		1	and the state of the state of	American Williams	
Prepaid insurance	e.				
taxes, &c	1.800.379	2,259,106			
Total	192 133 739	188803 077	Total	102 133 739	188803.077
x After reserv	ve for depre	ciation, &c	. of \$51,791,18	32 in 1938 and	1 \$50,407,-
352 in 1937.					
The earnings	for the 3 m	onths ende	ed March 31 w	ere published	in V. 146.
p. 3007.		2.20			

 Cities Service Power & Light Co. (& Subs.)
 Earnings

 6 Months Ended March 31—
 1938
 1937

 Gross operating revenue
 \$31,178 840
 \$30,463,434

 x Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes
 19,057,847
 18,037,206

 Reserve for depreciation
 2,541,220
 2,062,890

 Net operating revenue_____Other income_____ \$9,579,772 \$10,363,338 947,598 742,385

Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities—	1938	1937
Cash in banks & on			Curr. accts. pay-		
hand\$				\$260,136	\$623,728
U.S. Govt. securs.	47,000	153,895	Tax., royalties, &c.		
Notes & accounts			accrued	225,062	198,195
receivable (net)_			Notes payable (due		
Accrued interest	49	753	1937)	100,000	100,000
	2,102,112	2,470,505	Notes payable (due		2 4 4 4 4 4 4
Cost of special tools			serially '39-'41)_	600,000	700,000
for acct. of cust.		St. 400	7% cum. preferred	0.000	
recov. within one	MALIS ELLES		stock	1,927,900	1,214,900
year	4,268	23,516	b Common stock.		
Cash surr. val. life			Capital surplus	608,180	608,601
insur. policies	37,147	34,481	Earned surplus	580,958	
Invest. in & ad- vances to Bu-		,	c Treasury stock	Dr293,825	Dr222,874
chanan Land Co	61,654	65,480			
Misc. common stk.	01,004	00,400	The Address of		
owned	3,024	3,024			
Claims against	3,024	0,021			
closed banks	2,136	3.668			
a Land, buildings.	2,100	0,000			
machry., &c., at			The second second		
	4,746,765	4,627,564	64 M. M. A		
Defd. charges and	-,, -0,, 00	-,0-,,00-	4.4		
prepaid expenses	46.020	40,799	the Alan Barrier Land		

a After reserve for depreciation of \$4,005,490 in 1938 and \$3,578,999 in 1937. b Represented by 249,838 no par shares. c Represented by 1,081 (375 in 1937) shares pref. stock, par \$100, and 12,222 (12,197 in 1937) shares common stock, no par value.

The income statement for the 3 months ended March 31 was published in V.146, p. 2845.—V.146, p. 3007.

II PAP

Cleveland Cliffs Iron Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Earnings for the Period of 5 Months Ended March 51, 195	0
Total income. nterest on bonds remium and commission on bonds purchased unortization of bond discount and expense rovision for depreciation and depletion	\$184,869 169,631 19,273 17,040 49,396

a After deduction of normal Federal income taxes of subsidiaries but before deducting interest on bonds, premium and commission on bonds purchased, amortization of bond discount and expense, and provisions for depreciation and depletion (except cost depletion applicable to land and standing timber sold).

standing timber sold).

Note—Total provision for depreciation and depletion for the period of three months ended March 31, 1937, was \$112,250 (incl. depletion applicable to land and standing timber sold in the amount of \$4,234), of which the applicable amount of \$58,619 was charged to surplus arising from adjustment of properties for Federai income tax purposes.

Provision has been made in the foregoing statement for the estimated normal income taxes applicable to profits of subsidiaries consolidated herein, but no provision has been made for possible surtaxes on undistributed net profits.—V. 146, p. 2686.

Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co. (& Subs.)—Earns. 12 Months Ended March 31— 1938 1937 Total operating revenues \$27,851,236 \$27,408,854 Operating expenses 15,565,198 14,817,530 Taxes, other than income taxes 3,043,189 2,883,317 Provision for Federal income taxes 1,077,916 1,156,907 \$8,551,100 111,470 $\begin{array}{c|cccc} Gross income. & \$8,269,119 \\ Interest on funded debt. & 1,500,000 \\ Other interest. & 9,791 \\ Interest during construction & Cr12,554 \\ \end{array}$ \$8,662,571 1,500,000 14,019 \$6,771,882

Note—The provisions for Federal income taxes for the 12 months ended March, 1938 and 1937, include \$3,345 and \$301 respectively, of provisions for Federal surtax on undistributed profits which were made in December of 1937 and 1936 for the respective calendar years. No provision has been made for the surtax for the three months ended March 31, 1938, and no provision for the three months ended March 31, 1937, is included in the consolidated income account for the 12 months ended on that date.—V. 146, p. 1066.

Cleveland Terminals Building Co.-Modified Reorgan ization Plan-

Cleveland Terminals Building Co.—Modified Reorganization Plan—

A modified plan of reorganization of the company, a Van Sweringen Corp. subsidiary, which, among other things, calls for the segregation of the Terminal Tower Building in a separate company, and application of the Searnings for the primary benefit of the Tower Building first mortgage leasehold bonds, subject only to the prior land trust certificates, was announced May 10 by Frank R. Bailey, Chairman of the Cleveland Terminal Tower Building bondholders committee.

The modified plan, the committee states, is the result of months of intensive effort and has been approved by the debtor company and leading bondholder and creditor groups. The next hearing on the plan is scheduled for Aug. 2, 1938, in the U. S. District Court in Cleveland, and the committee anticipates that the required number of bondholders will have assented to the modified plan of reorganization by that time.

A statement of results of operations of the Terminal Tower Building computed on an accrual basis for the year ended Dec. 31, 1937, which is included in the new plan, shows net income before ground rent, interest and depreciation, of \$467,282. After deducting ground rent of \$310,000, net income for the year, before interest and depreciation, was \$157,282. Under the plan, which calls for segregation of net earnings, mainly on a cash basis, no deduction is made for depreciation and the entire "cash net earnings" are available for interest, special reserve fund and sinking fund. Monthly company statements filed in the court, on the basis of "cash net earnings" as determined pursuant to similar provisions of the 1932 indenture, show fixed minimum interest of 1% on the new bonds to be outstanding under the plan covered more than 2½ times in 1937.

Other members of the committee, which is located at 1 Wall St., New York, are Charles E. Stoltz, of Stoltz & Moss; W. T. McFadden, of Penington, Colket & Wisner, and Ralph W. Vogell, Secretary. Mr. Bailey is a partner in Williams, Bailey & Be

approved by those bondholder representatives who have recommended its acceptance.

Agreement was finally reached on the basis of the following general principles:

1. The Terminal Tower Building is to be separated from the other properties of the Cleveland Terminals Building Co. by its transfer to a company known as "The Terminal Tower Co." and the net earnings as defined in the plan from the Terminal Tower Building applied for the primary benefit of the Tower Building bonds, subject only to the prior land trust certificates.

2. Provision is made for a possible future advantageous refunding of the land trust certificates.

3. The principal amount of the Tower Building bonds is to be retained and the lien of the bonds is to be preserved.

4. Certain holders of "unstamped" bonds (those not deposited under the indenture of June 1, 1932) have asserted a claim of priority over "stamped" or deposited bonds. This claim has been adjusted by the provision that treasury Tower Building bonds shall be delivered to the holders of such "unstamped" bonds for the amount of accrued interest on their bonds to Oct. 12, 1936.

5. The maturity of the Tower Building bonds is to be extended to a date which shall be 17 years and 6 months after the first interest payment date as defined in the plan.

6. Provision is made for a fixed minimum interest payable semi-annually have been earned. Additional interest is payable if earned as discussed below.

7. Provision is made for a semi-annual contribution to a "special reserve"

as defined in the plan.

6. Provision is made for a fixed minimum interest payable semi-annually at the rate of 1% per annum on the bonds whether or not the same shall have been earned. Additional interest is payable if earned as discussed below.

7. Provision is made for a semi-annual contribution to a "special reserve fund" out of net earnings, after payment of the minimum interest, for reimbursement of funds used from that fund for capital improvements and other purposes subject to the limits specified in the plan.

8. After the payments provided above, provision is made for a semi-annual fixed contribution to a sinking fund of a sum not to exceed \$30,000 in any six months' period.

9. The balance of net earnings as defined in the plan is to be divided equally between additional payments of interest on the outstanding bonds up to but not exceeding 5% per annum and to payment into the sinking fund. To the extent, however, that in any accounting period the portion of net earnings allocated to interest, computed as above indicated, exceeds 5%, the balance shall be applied and added to interest up to 5% for previous periods when less than 5% was paid.

10. At such time as the principal amount of bonds outstanding shal have been reduced to \$3,000,000 by operation of the sinking fund, net earnings after initial payments as above specified shall be divided two-thirds to additional interest up to but not exceeding 5% and one-third to sinking fund.

11. Provision is made for the creation of a fund amounting to \$50,000 which may be used by the company for purchase of Tower Building bonds

in the market. Bonds so purchased may be re-sold to the sinking fund at a price not to exceed the price paid for them.

12. Funds in the sinking fund must be used by the company for the purchase and retirement of, bonds either upon call for tenders, in the open market or by redemption. Each bondholder shall receive a notice of the advertisement for tender of bonds.

13. Cash on hand at the time of the consummation of the Terminal Tower plan, after payment of reorganization expenses and the creation of a special reserve fund in the amount of \$100,000, will be distributed to bondholders who may receive as much as \$20 for each \$1,000 bond. The amount of this distribution will, of course, be dependent upon the amount of cash on hand and the extent of the reorganization expenses. No representation is made that the above sum will be available although present indications are that at least a substantial portion thereof will be on hand.

14. Bondholders will receive an aggregate of 20% of the capital stock of the Terminal Tower Co., and the balance of such stock will be delivered to the Cleveland Terminals Building Co. Provision is made that no dividends may be paid on this or any other stock of the Terminal Tower Co. so long as any Tower Building bonds remain outstanding.

15. Bondholders will be entitled to nominate candidates from whom two of the six directors of the Terminal Tower Co. shall be elected. Such bondholder directors will have veto power over matters vitally affecting net earnings of the Terminal Tower Co.

16. Interest accrued to Oct. 12, 1936, on the bonds deposited under the indenture of June 1, 1932, will be treated as a general unsecured claim against the Cleveland Terminals Building Co. and in the reorganization proceedings of that company, will receive distribution equivalent to that received by other general unsecured creditors.

To illustrate the operation of the Ferminal Tower plan, a holder of one \$1,000 Tower Building bond, stamped under the 1932 indenture, will receive, upon consummation of

1. A duplicate bond, in lieu of his stamped bond, in the same principal amount.
2. New coupons for interest at the fixed rate of 1% plus additional interest as "earned," as defined in the plan, and available for payment up to a total rate of 5%, payable semi-annually.
3. Cash in an amount to be determined according to the plan and conditioned upon the amount available after payment of prior expenses and charges.

charges.
4. Two shares of capital stock of the Terminal Tower Co.
5. A non-transferable receipt for \$277 representing accrued and unpaid interest to Oct. 12, 1936, which will be treated as an unsecured claim in the final plan of reorganization of the Cleveland Terminals Building Co.

—V. 145, p. 753.

Cliffs Corp.—Earnings-3 Months Ended March 31— * Net income 1938 z\$93,084 y\$165,415

Clinchfield RR .- Earnings-

March— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	1938	1937	1936	1935
	\$515,881	\$727,356	\$497,195	\$473,690
	197,385	404,255	207,746	208,086
	150,213	385,297	203,246	194,886
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents —V 146 p. 2201	1,489,206	1,873,301	1,617,724	1,363,896
	595,117	952,528	758,204	583,396
	493,852	919,203	739,402	543,996

Colonial Beacon Oil Co.—Earnings-

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936 1935 x Net loss——prof\$55,488 \$549,964 \$339,576 \$1,052,440 Earns. per sh. on cap.stk \$0.04 Nil Nil Nil x After Federal income taxes, depreciation, amortization and minority interest, but before any provision for surtax on undistributed profits. —V.146, p. 3008.

Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.—Smaller Div.—
Directors on May 11 declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the class A and B stocks payable June 10 to holders of record May 27. This compares with 40 cents paid on March 11, last a special dividend of 50 cents in addition to a 40 cent dividend paid on Dec. 13, last, and an initial dividend of 40 cents per share distributed on Sept. 10, last. See V. 145, p. 3005 for detailed dividend record.
In announcing the current dividend, it was pointed out that the company has been undergoing an expansion program calling for rather sizable capital expenditures. The change in the dividend from the last 40 cent quarterly rate reflects the company's policy of financing expansion out of earnings and its desire to maintain its cash position.—V. 146, p. 3008.

and its desire to maintain its cash position.—V. 140, p. 3008.

Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.—Damage Suit—

Triple damages amounting to \$21,980,069 and also costs and "reasonable attorneys' fees" are sought in the U. S. District Court at Wilmington, Del., by Ben Williamson Jr., trustee of the Kentucky Fuel Gas Corp. (Del.), in a declaration filed May 3 against the Columbia Gas & Electric Corp., charging monopoly in violation of the Clayton Anti-Trust Act. The plaintiffs contend \$250,000 is a "reasonable" attorney's fee "in this case."

Arthur C. Logan, of Marvel, Morford, Ward & Logan, Wilmington, Del., who filed a similar action against the same defendants recently on behalf of Mr. Williamson and the Inland Gas Corp., acted again May 3.

New Director—
August P. Doll, President of Valvoline Oil Co., has been elected to the ard of directors of this company.—V. 146, p. 2845.

Commoil, Ltd.—Listing—
The Toronto Stock Exchange has admitted to the list 1,500,000 shares of capital stock, no par, of which 934,187 are issued. A total of 420,941 shares were sold for cash, the company realizing \$147,333; 400,000 shares were issued to Commonwealth Petroleum, Ltd., for properties and 113,246 were issued in connection with drilling of the first well.

Initial dividend of five cents per share has been declared payable May 25 to shareholders of record May 10.

Company was incorporated under Province of Alberta laws, Dec. 17, 1936.

Initial dividend of five cents per snare has been declared payable May 25 to shareholders of record May 10.

Company was incorporated under Province of Alberta laws, Dec. 17, 1936.

Commonwealth Edison Co.—Registers Approximately \$75,000,000 New Securities to Be Underwritten by Halsey, Stuart & Co. and Associates—

The directors on May 9 authorized the filing of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, covering the proposed issuance of \$33,000,000 of 1st mtge. bonds and a proposed conv. deb. issue of not less taan \$39,083,195 or more than \$42,303,845. The registration statement was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 12.

The 1st mtge. bonds are to bear a 3½% interest coupon and mature in 1968. The proceeds will be used to retire \$30,000,000 princ pal amount of series A and series B 5% bonds, maturing in 1953 and 1954, respectively, and callable at \$110.

Neither the interest rate nor the maturity of the conv. debs. has been determined. The debentures will be offered pro rata to stockholders at par and each \$100 thereof will be convertible into four shares of Edison stock. The proceeds of the debentures will be used in part to retire \$19,429,000 principal amount of Commonwealth Subsidiary Corp. 5½% debentures, due 1948. The remainder of the proceeds from the debentures will be used to retire oank loans and for general corporate purposes.

The subscription warrants will be issued to stockholders at the rate of \$5 of debentures for each share of stock held on the record date. Warrants will be transferable but may be exercised by the holders only in amounts calling for \$100 of the debentures, or any multiple thereof. The record date to determine the stockholders who will be entitled to subscription warrants is to be fixed at the time the registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, becomes effective.

The necessary authority to issue the 1st mtge, bonds is to be acted upon at the special meeting of stockholders to be held May 20. The stockh

kwh. compared with 131,383,000 kwh. in the corresponding period last year, a decrease of 8.7%.

The following are the output and percentage comparisons for the last four weeks and the corresponding periods last year:

	-Kilowatt-H		
Week Ended	1938 119,973,000	1937 131,383,000	Decrease
May 7	119,314,000	132,267,000	8.7% 10.7% 11.0% 11.5%
April 23	119,646,000	134,446,000 134,977,000	11.0%
April 16 3008	119,891,000	134,811,000	11.5%

Commonwealth Gas Corp.—Exchange Agent—
The First National Bank of Jersey City has been appointed exchange agent with the duties of transfer agent by this corporation in connection with the termination of the voting trust agreement.—V. 145, p. 754.

WILLIAM OUT OCCUPATION OF A				
Community Power	er & Ligh	t Co. (&	Subs.)—E	arnings-
Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues	1938—Mon \$338,508	th—1937 \$302,455	1938—12 A \$4,469,480	#4.096,403
Operation Maintenance Taxes	156,535 19,958 36,863	$148,980 \\ 22,666 \\ 31,473$	1,959,636 267,296 a431,858	1,878,719 225,071 374,773
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. inc. (net)	\$125,152 1,626	\$99,336 Dr707	\$1,810,688 7,177	\$1,617,840 5,774
Balance Retirement accruals	\$126,778 29,172	\$98,629 12,585	\$1,817,866 300,721	\$1,623,614 280,933
Gross income Interest to public Interest to parent co Amort, of dt. dis. & exp.:	\$97,606 2,720 70,450	\$86,044 2,358 69,502	\$1,517,145 29,224 839,406	\$1,342,681 25,004 831,140
Public Parent company Miscell, income deduc's	492 533 170	1,211 579 88	$\substack{12,376 \\ 6,806 \\ 2,590}$	$14,541 \\ 6,944 \\ 1,145$
Net income Divs. paid & accr'd on pre To parent company			\$626,742 100,152 4,882	\$463,906 99,527 5,831
Balance applicable to pa	rent compan	y	\$521,708	\$358,548
Interest not earned Preferred dividends Other			832,180 7,226 4,882 6,806	808,866 22,273 5,831 32,516
Miscellaneous earnings fro Common dividend from su Other income	b.—Not cons	solidated	b 186,449 306	5,272 73,117 278
TotalExpenses, taxes and deduc	tions from gr	oss income	\$1,559,558 892,785	\$1,306,703 908,820
Amount available for div	idends and s	urplus	b \$666,773	\$397,882

a No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits for the year 1938, since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year. b Includes \$186,443 representing amount assigned to \$14,623 shares of common stock of General Public Utilities, Inc., received as a dividend in lieu of cash in December, 1937.—V. 146, p. 3009.

Community Public Service Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31-	1938-3 Me	s.—1937	1938-12 A	Ios.—1937
Total oper, revenues Operation Maintenance y Taxes	\$731,704 357,297 59,817 54,432	\$676.116 332,576 49,185 56,016	\$3,233,432 1,519,214 224,203 222,169	\$2,869,238 1,338,909 179,355 208,505
Net inc. from oper Net from mdse, & other	\$260,157	\$238,339	\$1,267,846	\$1,142,469
miscell. operations Divs. from subsidiary_	Dr4,659	Dr1,701	43,672 5,000	58,344 8,000
BalanceInterest on bonds Sundry int, paid public	\$255,498 84,619	\$236,638 85,906	\$1,316,518 340,407	\$1,208,813 346,805
& inter-co. int. (net)	2,473	1,817	8,508	7,332
replacements Fed. & State income tax_	51,218	54,865	278,382 23,503	268,458 6,230
Net income	\$117,187	\$94,049	\$665,717	\$579,988
Divs. on pref. stock Divs. paid on com. stock	×88,873	88,869	354,225	9,383 395,625
x Does not include divide payable May 16, 1938, to				

payable May 16, 1938, to stockholders of record April 20, 1938. y Other than Federal and State income tax.

Note—Federal and State income tax deductions are based on rendered return by the company for 1936 and 1937; no provision has been made for income taxes which may be assessed against 1938 earnings. Balance Sheet March 31

| 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | Assets-6,870,250 83,900 17,713 85.878 58,522 4,328 Accrued inc. taxes Consumers' depos. 265,261 Unred. ice coupons Reserves. 1,764,256 (20m.stk. (par \$25) 4,436,625 (2arned surplus. \$49,974\$ 630 243,756 1,008 1,803,380

Total 14,402,766 14,171,420 Total 14,402,766 14,171,420 X After reserve for retirements of \$2,982,994 in 1938 and \$2,852,975 in 1937. Y After reserve for uncollectible accounts of \$53,053 in 1938 \$55,596 in 1937.—V. 146, p. 1707.

Compressed Industrial Gases, Inc. - Earnings-

3 Months Ended March 31— Net profit after all charges. Shares capital stock outstanding Earnings per share —V. 146, p. 3009.	1938	1937	1936
	\$8,146	\$143,795	\$66,735
	257,237	157,640	76,398
	\$0.03	\$0.91	\$0.87

Consolidated Biscuit Co.—Earnings—

3 Months Ended March 31—
x Net profit—
y Earnings per share—
y On 323,000 shares common stock, no par. z Before undistributed profits tax and before refund of processing taxes in amount of \$9,780.—V. 145, p. 3493.

\$106.887

Consolidated Textile Corp.—Plan Confirmed—
Federal Judge Henry W. Goddard has confirmed the amended plan of reorganization, dated Dec. 10, 1937. The court held that the plan is fair and equitable and in conformity with provisions of Section 77-B of the National Bankruptcy Act. Under the court's order, a new corporation, Consolidated Textile Co., Inc., will be formed to take over assets of the old corporation, bondholders and general creditors of the old corporation receiving income debentures in reduced face amount for their claims.—V. 146, p. 2688.

Consolidated Water Co. of Utica, N. Y .- Earnings-

Income Account for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937 Operating revenue—Water Operating expenses Provision for depreciation	\$675,156 276,885 69,540
Net operating revenueOther income (net)	\$328,730 4,105
Net income before interest and other charges	\$332,835 255,877 17,279 33,902 4,326
Net income	\$21,451 45,000

Note—The operating revenues are stated after deducting \$120,000 in respect of estimated annual reductions which will result if the rate case decision of the Public Service Commission of the State of New York is finally upheld.

Bai	lance Sheet	Dec. 31, 1937	
Assets-	\$7,493,423 322,579 523,542 202,790 550	Lubutties— 4½% ref. mtge. bonds————————————————————————————————————	1,550,000 5,385 53,272 13,841
Unbilled revenue (est.) Inventories of materials, supplies, &c. Due from subsidiary company Prepaid insurance and taxes Deferred charges.	61,370 28,653 67,950	Miscellaneous current liabils_ Consumers' and other deps_ Reserves_ c Common stock_ Earned surplus_	1,296 15,203 539,768 3,000,000
Total	\$9.299,731	Total	\$9,299,731

a After reserve for depreciation of \$1,164,157. b Less reserve for doubtful accounts of \$8,299. c Represented by class A \$1.50 cumulative authorized 140,000 shares of no par value, issued and outstanding 120,000 shares lass B authorized 35,000 shares of no par value, issued and outstanding 30,000 shares.—V. 145, p. 3192.

Container Corp. of America—Bonds Called—
A total of \$45,000 first mortgage s. f. 6% 20-year gold bonds due June 15, 1946 have been called for redemption on June 15 at 102 and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the Continental National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago or the National City Bank of New York.—V. 146, p. 3009.

Continental Shares, Inc.—To Liquidate—
Formation of a new corporation to liquidate this company once capitalized at more than \$100,000,000, was directed on May 9 in a decree signed by Judge Edwin T. Dickerson in Baltimore (Md.) Circuit Court. Judge Dickerson recently approved a plan of reorganization but subsequent disagreements among stockholder groups prompted him to sign the liquidation order. Under the decree, two conflicting groups of stockholders are to be represented equally on the board of the new corporation. Court receivers named in Maryland and Ohio also are to become members of the board. Several millions of dollars worth of assets, including large holdings of stocks in iron and rubber companies, are involved.—V. 146, p. 3010.

Coty, Inc.—Earnings—

[Inc	luding Dome	estic Subsidia	ries]	
Calendar Years— Gross profit General administration.	\$4,193,148	\$3,358,757	\$2,916,973	\$3,272.261
selling expenses, &c	3,515,557	2,537,387	2,831,871	2,612,083
BalanceOther income	\$677,591 61,040	\$821,370 74,763	\$85,102 81,529	\$660,178 96,878
Total income Depreciation Miscell. deductions Federal taxes	\$738,631 25,561 46,746 y 150,247	\$896,133 24,485 489,467 y165,188	\$166,631 28,543 347,396 27,377	\$757,056 31,902 495,291 140,101
x Net income Shares capital stock out-	\$516,077	\$216,994	loss\$236,685	\$89,762
standing (no par) Earnings per share	1,537,435			1,537,435 \$0.06
x Exclusive of proport associated companies app \$530,904 after providing before deducting exchange year and adjustment to	plicable to C for dividen- ge difference	oty, Inc., and taxes on proof \$659,270	nounting to i roportionate in 1937, arisi	net profit of profits (but ng from the

year end adjustment to closing rates of U. S. dollar obligation due O. P. I, L. to Coty, Inc.) \$620,730 in 1936; \$503,897 in 1935; and a net of \$1,006,706 in 1934. y Including \$32,265 provision for Federal undistuted profits tax in 1937 and \$18,623 in 1936.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	1937	1936		1937	1936
Assets-	\$	8	Liabilities-	. 8	\$
c Building impts	60.118	58.414	b Capital stock	6,426,870	6,426,870
d Mach., equip., &c	67,399	64.039	Accts. rec. cr. bal.		5,730
Guarantee deps	20,432	20,432			, -,,,,,,
Inv. in adv. to for-			ployees, &c	49.285	18,453
eign sub. & affil.			Accrued expenses_	114.261	55,692
cos	4,356,845	4,356,845	a Reserved for Fed-		
Advances	8.340,181	8,320,181	eral taxes		1,777,936
Accts. rec Coty.			Accrued taxes	279.863	27,528
S. A. I., Italy	458	674	Accounts payable_	34.971	
Misc. other assets.	1,917	1.791	Accr. payroll	25,423	
Marketable securs.	636,603	680,223	Due for affil. co	746	
Goodwill, formulae			Res. for poss. loss		
&c	1	1	on returns	3,790	10,120
Cash	516,325	1,906,334	Deferred income		132
Accts. receivable	1,443,924	1,070,641	Earned surplus	9.627.643	9,169,960
Due from officers					
and employees	5,185	4,072	3 . 5 . 5		
Inventories	1,062,435	953,393	*. *.		30.00
Due from affil. and			L 1 30 30 31 4		
assoc.cos., for'gn	3,287	10,832			
Deferred charges	59,539	44,546			
			1.0		
Total	10 574 050	17 409 499	Total .	16 574 650	17 409 499

a Includes State's taxes, also undistributed profits tax in 1936. b Represented by 1,537,435 no par shares. c After depreciation of \$151,151 in 1936 and \$163,699 in 1937. d After depreciation of \$554,478 in 1936 and \$567,853 in 1937.—V. 146, p. 3009.

Creole Petroleum Corp.—To Pay Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share it addition to a regular dividend of like amount on the capital stock, bot payable June 10 to holders of record May 27. Like amounts were pai on Dec. 15 and on June 10, 1937.—V. 145, p. 3193.

(William) Cramp & Sons : —Balance Shee. Dec. 31—	Ship & Engine Building Co.
Assets— 1937 1936 Cash in banks \$294 \$2,475 Accts. receivable 876 687	Labuttes
Notes receivable (not current) x16,710 x16,507 Proceeds of sale of	Prop. taxes, penal- ties, &c. 1,098,445 992,721 Notes payable 1,397,500 1,337,500 Past due obligat'ns 5,997,643 5,812,723
assets 207,937 196,766 Gen. mtge. 6s held in treasury 125,000 125,000	Ground rents(est.) 4.032 4.032
Fixed assetsy7,578,548 7,578,548 Deferred assets 24,494 24,611	Reserves 24,272 24,271 Capital stock 15,232,500 15,232,500 Deficit 16,092,711 15,730,653
Total\$7,953,860 \$7,944,595 x Includes acrued interest. y After	Total\$7,953,860 \$7,944,595 or deducting depreciation of \$1,818,811
-V. 144, p. 3170. Crosley Radio Corp. (& S	
Period— Net sales— Cost of goods sold————— Expenses——————————————————————————————————	Year End. Year End. 9 Mos. End. Dec. 31, '37 Dec. 31, '36 Dec. 31, '36 Dec. 31, '35 End. 31, '36 Dec. 31, '35 End. 31, '36 Dec. 31, '35 End. 31, '36 End. 31, '37
Profit from operationOther income.	
Total incomeCash discount on sales	
Amortization of patent rights	49,325 56,402
Interest paid Loss on capital assets Flood and fire loss Sundry losses Provision for undetermined liabilities	12,000 12.000 11,100 7,287 3,964 2,806 17,586 343,314
Depreciation	30,313 36,044 233,153 310,738 218,021
Federal taxes	504.097 82,597
Net profit Previous net worth Surplus adjustments	The state of the s
Total Provision for prior years' Fed. taxes Provision for undetermined liabilities	
for prior years Dividends paid	50,000 682,250 136,450
Net worth at Dec. 31a Including \$20,650 cash surrende Consolidated Bala	
Assets— 1937 1936 Cash \$186,951 \$1,735,517	Liabilities— 1937 1936 Accts. pay. (trade) \$812,485 \$665,430
a Accts. & notes rec. (customers) 1,505,740 1,508,992 Accts. rec. (officers	Accts. pay. (mat'ls and mdse. in transit) 38,162 72,754
and employees) 241 959 Adv. to salesmen 6,530 5,092 Inventories 4,040,002 2,535,971	Notes and trade acceptances pay. 667,724 Accrued royalties. 70,588 108,595
b Realest. & bldgs., mach'y & equip_ 2,907,607 2,226,530 Securities—Argen-	Accrued taxes 144,993 103,106 Sundry accounts_ 78,856 52,912 Accr. commissions
tine Republic 79,799 85,756 Secs.—cap. stk. of inactive subs 2,500 2,500	& selling expense 3,343 Non-current notes payable 533,333
Other securities 13,567 Cash surr. val. of life insurance 27,800 27,800	Reserves 689,440 947,035 c Common capital 3,000,000 3,000,000 Surplus earned 2,766,468 3,188,913
Sundry def. assets 28,037 24,559 Patent rights 3,275 16,210	
	n of \$110,681 in 1937 and \$93,082 in n of \$1,784,002 in 1937 and \$1,683,358
Crown Cork & Seal Co., In	nc.—No Common Dividend—
of a dividend on the common shares per share was paid on March 7, las	at this time. A dividend of 50 cents t, and each three months previously.
Calendar Years— 1937	(Incl. Domestic Subsidiarues) 1936 1935 1934 \$15,623,457 \$14,161,290 \$10,879,534
Cost of sales, deprec, & exps., less other inc 21,992,810	12.480,724 11,769,720 9,097,857
Operating profits \$2,792,738 Interest on bonds 214,167 Int. on notes payable 131,013	\$3,142,733 \$2,391,570 \$1,781,675 219,001 252,341 259,756
Int. on notes payable 131,013 Amort. of bonded debt discount & expense 12,691 Allow. for Fed. inc. tax 2810,269	13,048 22,133 27,271 x 578,635 236,342 210,640
Net profit\$1,624,598 Preferred dividends 506,320 Common dividends, cash 1,033,520	\$2,332,048 \$1,880,753 \$1,284,008 447,461 392,477 392,477
Balance, surplus \$84,758	\$79.082 \$932,354 \$706,224
Shs.com.stk.out.(no par) y516,891 Earnings per share \$2.16 x Including surtaxes of \$135,153.	y385,966 370,620 370.620 \$4.88 \$4.02 \$2.40 y Average amount of common stock
outstanding during the year. z Incluprofits.	iding \$237,952 surtax on undistributed
[Inc. Wholly-Owned Dome 1937 1936 Assets— \$ \$	nnce Sheet Dec. 31 stic Subsidiary Companies 1937 1936 Liabitites— \$ \$
a Land, buildings, machinery, &c_22,905,394 15,676,954 Cash1,186,376 5,426,997	\$2.25 cum. pref. stockd9,562,500 d9,562,500 c Common stock 2,656,090 2,643,849
Notes & accts. rec. 3,833,444 1,780,230 Inventories 9,421,223 6,706,052 Accrd. int. receiv 30,712 11,321	15-yr. 4% sinking fund bonds 5,250,000 5,375,000
Cash surr. value of insurance policy 161,448 149,787	Notes payable 8,689,000 Trade acceptances
Notes receivable (not current) 414,214 152,396	payable
Adv. pay. for purchase of mach. & equipment 153,875	terest, &c 354,943 161,482 Federal taxes 1,154,793 980,093 Due to sub. cos 64,895 88,487
Capping, bottling, &c., machines,	Reserve for liabil- ity insurance 90,980 73,512 Unadjusted credit_ 103,010
Invest. in sub- sidiary cos1,596,170 1,628,614	Due to sub. co.
Due from sub. cos. b58,373 209,868 Pats, & tr. marks. 393,959 281,122 Prepayments 309,212 207,421	Capital surplus 7,830,543 7,713,220 Earned surplus 5,286,892 5,209,111 Treasury stockDr266,728 Dr266,728
Unamort, bond discount & exps 159,700 176,243	
Costs & exps 1,030,898 775,452 Total42,198,948 33,613,987	Total42,198,948 33,613,987
	ently. c Represented by 531,218 no

a After depreciation. b Due currently. c Represented by 531,218 no par shares in 1937 and 528,770 no par shares in 1936. d Represented by 225,000 no par shares.—V. 146, p. 3010.

Crown Drug Co.—Sales-Period End. Apr. 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—7 Mos.—1937 Sales—V. 146, p. 2362. \$670,436 \$702,376 \$4,989,452 \$5,010,664 Crucible Steel Co. of America—New President— F. B. Hufnagel, Chairman of the board announced on May 6 that Raoul E. Desvernine has been elected President of the company.—V. 146, p. 2689. 1936 1935 \$24,865 \$17,756 \$12,600

 Cunningham Drug Stores, Inc.—Earnings—6 Mos. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937

 9et profit after all charges—1 sarnings per share on common stock.
 \$263,302
 \$326,202

 Javanings per share on common stock.
 \$1.32
 \$1.64

 Curtis Publishing Co.—Earnings-

 Quar. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937

 Operating income...
 \$8,056,064
 \$9,306,828

 y Net earns. after deprec. and all taxes...
 246,289
 1,513,740

 1936 1935 and all taxes 246,289 1,513,740 x\$1,572,540 \$1,778,849 x Revised. y Excluding dividends on Curtis stock owned by company and subsidiaries.—V. 146, p. 2846. Curtiss-Wright Corp.—Earnings at Record High—
Guy W. Vaughan, President, announced May 9 that first quarter earnings for 1938 were the largest for any quarter in the history of the company. A net profit of \$733,910, equivalent to 63 cents per share on 1.158,464 shares of class A stock, compares with \$269,251, or 23 cents per share for the first quarter of 1937. The first quarter earnings, which are nearly triple the same period of 1937, represent the net profit after depreciation and normal Federal income taxes but without provision for possible Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Mr. Vaughan also announced that a moderate factory expansion program was under way. New buildings have been constructed and additional equipment of a specialized nature has been installed at Buffalo, N. Y. where the Curtiss Aeroplane Division and the Curtiss Propeller Division are located and at Paterson, N. J., the site of the Wright Aeronautical Corp., the manufacturers of Cyclone and Whirlwind engines.

At the Wright Aeronautical Corp., a new four-story wing recently completed, and an addition to the assembly department has increased factory space to approximately 800,000 square feet, making the Wright factory the largest aircraft engine manufacturing plant in the United States, Together with the installation of special machine tools and processes, this increased space will make possible a 25% increase in production. In preparation for future development, the sound proced experimental engine testing laboratory, capable of accommodating aircraft engines up to 3,000 hp., has been doubled in size.

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31 Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31 1938 1937 1936 De Beers Consolidated Mines, Ltd.-Years End. Dec. 31— 1937 1936 -Earnings-Years End. Dec. 31—
Previous year's balance
(diamonds unsold, &c.)
Diamond acct. dur. year
Int. & divs. on inv., &c.
Profits on inv. realized_
Sundry receipts, &c.___ 1934 £1,329,346 2,536,603 843,923 84,865 13,600 £54,842 2,242,803 843,848 416,773 12,260 $^{£1,038,312}_{1,520,111}_{1,369,099}_{79,141}_{7,578}$ £905,866 900,323 528,055 12,279 3,691 Total.

Mining expend., &c...
Int. on debs. & sk. fd.
Int. on debs. & sk. fd.
Int. on cap. of leased cos.
Def. directors' fees and staff salaries.
Exchange.
Prem. on debs. redeemed Blue ground purch. from Koffyfontein Mines, Ltd.
Prov. for taxation.
Pref. div. account.
Def. div. account.
Res. for allowances to retired employees.
Res. for authorized exp. on mach. plant.
Approp. for gen. reserve
Suspense profit. acct. £4,014,243 608,238 132,803 96,392 £2,350,216 442,423 132,803 96,392 £4,808,337 898,339 £3,570,526 504,547 96,392 96.392 38,758 4,045 195,125 $\substack{220,000 \\ 2,000,000 \\ 860,842}$ 3.200.000 400,000 596,908 *1,598,517 1,602,180 636,236 Suspense profit acct. (diamonds unsold) £732,764 £1,329,346 £54,842 £1.038.313 x Amount transferred from general reserve.

Comparative Balance Sheet Dec. 31 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | Linhilities £ 2,000,000 2,726,285 2,000,000 552,259 108,310 181,307 572,750 ----121,805 662,777 14,818 619,902 3,032,282 Diamonds on hand

1 1 approp. account 732,764 1,329,347

Total......10,196,021 11,836,297

Contingent Liabilities—Company has guaranteed repayment of and interest on £504,865 of 5½% 1st mtge. debenture stock, being the unredeemed portions at Dec. 31,1937 of an issue of £1,250,000 made by Cape Explosives Works, Ltd., Somerset West, Cape Province. Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., have indemnified the company to the extent of one-half of this contingent liability.

Company has guaranteed the repayment of an overdraft to the extent of £100,000 allowed by Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd., to New Jagers-fontein Mining & Exploration Co., Ltd. The amount of the overdraft at Dec. 31, 1937, was £9,199.

There is also a contingent liability in connection with guarantees with others to certain diamond mining companies in respect of agreements which those companies have with the Diamond Corp., Ltd.—V. 145, p. 605.

Delaware & Hudson Co. (& Subs.)—New President, &c.
Joseph H. Nuelle was elected President of this company and its subsidiaries as of May 9, at an organization meeting of the board held May 11.

Thomas L. Ennis, general counsel; William H. Davis, Treasurer, and Mr. Nuelle and Mr. Leamy were elected to the board to succeed L. F. and J. Taber Loree and Nathan L. Miller and to fill a vacancy.

Reduces Bank Loans—Sells Additional Securities in 1938 732,764 1,329,347

Reduces Bank Loans—Sells Additional Securities in 1938
The company has sold additional securities since the beginning of 1938
and has applied the proceeds to reduction of bank loans, E. Rolland Harriman, chairman of the board, stated at the annual meeting of stockholders May 10.
When a stockholder asked whether the company has been selling more New York Central RR. stock this year Fred W. Leamy, Vice-President, said it was not the policy of the management to make interim reports on such matters.
Bank loans were reduced \$3,500,000 to \$10,113,000 during 1937 in anticipation, Mr. Harriman said, of lower security prices. Col. J. T. Loree,

son of L. F. Loree, who retired recently as President, informed the board of managers that he would be unavailable for re-election as the manager or officer of the company or as a director or officer of the railroad.

A stockholder asked Mr. Leamy whether a receivership for the Hudson Coal Co., of which he is Vice-President, would destroy the Delaware & Hudson's equity in that company. Mr. Leamy replied that the coal company is still meeting its obligations. Another stockholder wanted to know whether a receivership would result in diversion of the coal company's traffic to other roads. Mr. Leamy replied in the negative.

The railroad's traffic is now about 35% below 1937, but the business of the coal company is a little better.

J. H. Nuelle, F. W. Leamy, Thomas H. Ennis, General Counsel, and William H. Davies, Treasurer, were elected to the board of managers of the Delaware & Hudson Co. They succeed L. F. Loree, J. T. Loree and Nathan L. Miller. There had been one vacancy on the board.—V. 146, p. 2847.

Daisal-W

Deisel-Wemmer-C	Jilbert C	orp.—Larr	iings—	
Calendar Years— Gross profit on sales—— Shipping——————————————————————————————————	\$927,119 116,190 259,660 161,663	1936 \$972,306 111,044 242,607 145,835	1935 \$872,366 36,582 244,406 160,274	1934 \$939,427 35,071 252,092 156,677
x Net operating profit Miscell. income (net)	\$389,606 227,149	\$472,819 191,224	\$431,102 41,610	\$495,586 6,839
Net inc. before inc. tax Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	\$616,755 y 70,100	\$664,043 75,600	\$472,713 58,200	\$502,425 72,000
Net income Credit to advertising, by charge to reserve for extraordinary advertis	\$516,655	\$588,443 37,000	\$414,513 11,000	\$430,425
Transferred to surplus Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$546,655 65,044 393,884	\$625,443 72,044 393,884	\$425,513 79,044 172,327	\$430,425 92,817 148,750
SurplusShares com. stock out- standing (par \$10)	\$87,727 196,142	\$159,515 196,942	\$174,142 196,942	\$188,858 197,092
Earnings per share **After depreciation and ment of \$61,376 in 1937,	\$60,451 in 1	\$2.81 n on building	\$1.76 s, machinery in 1935 and	\$1.56 and equip- \$54.308 in

1934. y Includes \$7,600, Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

	Compe	matte Date	The Differ Dec. OI		
Assets-	1937	1936	Labilities-	1937	1936
Cash	\$285,836	\$205,852	Accts. payable and		
Accts. receivable	433,785	336,910	accrued expenses	\$63.604	\$45,229
Total leaf tobacco	i		Notes pay., banks	200,000	
inventories	2.135.823	2.054.697	Due to sub. com-		
Cigar inventory	259,971	205,299	pany curr. acct.		22,731
Supplies & revenue			Prov. for Fed. and		
stamps		101,715	State taxes	96.782	103,334
Prepaid ins., adv.			Appropriation for	50,102	100,001
& other charges.		41.333	advertising	44,000	44.000
Advances to sub		200,000	Preferred stock	829,200	929,200
Adv. to officers &		200,000	Common stock		1,969,420
employees	40,573	12,273	Capital surplus	1.571,109	1.572.096
Inv. in stock of		12,210	Earned surplus	1.655.858	1.568.132
Bernard-Schwartz			Earned Bur plus	1,000,000	1,000,102
Cigar Corp		963,607	A LONG THE STREET		
Other stk, invest	1,588	200,007			
Cash surr, value of					
life ins. polciles_		12,823			
		12,820			
a Prop., plant and		407 720			
equipment	461,406	487,732			
b Cigar machinery	10 770	10.550			
leased	12,750	18,750			
Goodwill, brands					
& trademarks	1,613,150	1,613,150			
			The Control of the Control of the		

Total_____\$6,421,973 \$6,254,143 Total___ a After reserve for depreciation of \$483,312 in 1937 and \$455,665 in 1936. b Charges under contracts. less provision for amortization.—V. 146, p. 1873.

Des Moines Gas Co.—Merger— See Iowa Power & Light Co.—V. 144, p. 3669.

Detroit Motor Bus Co.—V.144, p. 3009.

Detroit Motor Bus Co.—Liquidating Dividend—
The directors have declared a liquidating dividend of 10 cents per share on the capital stock, payable June 13 to holders of record May 23. This will be the tenth liquidating dividend paid and compares with 10 cents paid on Nov. 10 and on July 10, 1937; 15 cents paid on Dec. 10, 1935; 25 cents paid on Dec. 10, 1935; 10 cents paid on May 6, 1935; 22 cents on Dec. 10, 1934; 12½ cents on Dec. 20, 1933; \$1 in Feb., 1932, and 40 cents per share paid in December, 1932.—V.145, p. 2842.

Detroit Paper Products Corp.—Earnings-

Quar. End. Mar. 31— Net prof. after charges	1938	1937	1936	1935
deprec. and Fed. taxes I Shares common stock	oss\$13,655 240,000	y\$70,693 210,000	\$80,185 x208,000	\$74,157 52,000
Earnings per share	Nil	\$0.34	\$0.39	\$1,42
x After giving effect to	4-for-1 split	-up. y After	provision for	bonuses

under management profit sharing plans but before any provision for surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 2363.

Devoe & Raynolds Co. Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings

Years End. Nov. 30— Net sales	1937 312,356,366	\$11,719,277	\$10,016,630	\$8,817,160
	11,424,399	10,674,744	9,237,987	8,216,358
Operating profit y Profit on sales of temp.	\$931,967	\$1,044,533	\$778,643	\$600,802
investments				42,935
Total income Deprec. of plant & equip Disc., int. & sundry chgs Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	\$931,967 128,325 118,958 75,000	\$1,044,533 129,551 110,402 97,370	\$778.643 112,302 81,777 54,500	\$643,737 117,095 14,748 52,381
Net income for year_1st pref, dividends2d pref, dividendsCommon dividends	\$609,683 62,580 438,750	\$707,210 37,930 62,580 270,000	\$530,064 78,011 62,552 279,000	\$459,513 80,549 59,909 267,358
Surplus Shs. class A & B common	\$108,353	\$336,701	\$119,501	\$51,697
outstanding (no par) Earnings per share y On 2d preferred and	135,000 \$4.05	135,000 \$4.49	135,000 \$2.88	135,000 \$2.36

	Consoli	dated Bala	nce Sheet Nov. 30		
Assets— c Plant, equip &c Investments Cash_ Notes receivable Acets. receivable Inventories Prepaid exps., &c.	1937 \$ 3,518,852 202,299 865,373 132,572 1,940,375 4,230,586	1936 \$ 3,357,426 213,809 989,039 135,953 1,966,395	a Cl. A com. stock b Cl. B com. stock 7% cum. pref. stk. Accts. payable, &c Notes payable Prov. for Federal	1,333,333 894,000 551,472 1,900,000	1936 \$ 3,539,746 1,333,333 894,000 677,573 900,000 129,674 186,405 2,756,689

Diamond T Motor Car Co.—Earnings

Calendar Years— a Gross sales Cost of sales	1937 \$13,405,822 11,606,656	1936 \$14,435,591 12,259,919	1935 \$9,956,672 8,412,634	\$8,209,955 6,813,376
Gross profit		\$2,175,673	\$1,544,039	\$1,396,579
Gross profit on sales of used trucks	9,661	8,436	4,008	9,095
Total Maintenance and repairs Depreciation Taxes (other than Fed-		\$2,184,108 7,725 14,104	\$1,548,046 4,808 13,621	\$1,405,674 5,438 17,434
eral income) Rents Sell., gen. & adm. exps_ Provision for doubtful		34,958 48,290 1,205,294	13,294 43,566 973,309	7,611 42,100 909,332
notes and accounts		3,617	2,551	4,218
BalanceOther income	\$491,943 28,530	\$870,120 43,756	\$496,896 31,281	\$419,541 47,358
Total incomeOther deductions	\$520,473 1,889	\$913,876 6,990	\$528,177 10,533	\$466,899 14,076
Net income	\$518,584	\$906,886	\$517,644	\$452,824
Prov. for Fed. inc. and excess profits taxes	75,523	138,097	71,802	56,003
Prov. for Fed. surtax on undistributed profits_	1,755	48,031		1
Net income ** Preferred dividends Common dividends ** Preferred stock retir	\$441,307 410,629	\$720,759 6,852 y416,257 1936. y Inc	\$445,843 11,746 129,994	\$396,820 11,746 169,325 ads of \$211

x reteried stock retried May 1. 1936. y Includes dividends of \$211 paid on \$2 par stock. a New trucks and service parts, less discounts, returns, allowances, Federal excise and State sales taxes.

	Compa	rative Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets—	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
Cash	\$553,375	\$377,528	Trade acceptances	S	\$
Notes & accts. rec.			payable	2.4.10	157,265
customers (net)_	537,209	676,879	Notes pay. (bank)	400,000	,
Accts. rec., others_	2,914	9,779	Accts. pay .: Trade		
Inventories	1,726,079	1,443,392		333,788	701,995
Value of life insur.	73,140	68,758			.01,000
Accr. int. receiv		405			52,677
Advs. to suppliers			Other accts, pay		02,011
on die costs	126.301	64.080	a Accrued items.	278,151	472,267
Adv. to owner of			Unearned interest	2,439	3,477
plant real estate			Res.for truck guar-		0,211
for improvem'ts		85.697	anty expense	5.091	8,696
Security investm't	2	1	Com.stock (par \$2)		705,520
Deferred charges	28,325	16.580	Capital surplus	1 185 830	83,238
Property, plant &		20,000	Earned surplus		1,243,659
equip. (net)	1.315.010	680,732	Zarned surprus	1,217,001	1,210,000
Patents and trade-	, re				
marks	4,961	4.961			
	-1002	2,001		S. KANALA.	_ Set 1 ()
Total\$	4.367.318	\$3,428,795	Total	4 367 318	83 499 705
			cess profits taxes	77,001,010	90,720,790
a morades red	erar mcon	and ex	cess profits taxes	and surta	x on un-

distributed profits.—V. 146, p. 3010.

Dictaphone Corp.—To Pay 25-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, no par, payable June 1 to holders of record May 13. A like amount was paid on March 1, last, and compares with \$2 paid on Dec. 1, last; \$1.50 paid on Sept. 1 and on June 1, 1937; \$1 paid on March 1, 1937; \$2.25 paid on Dec. 1, 1936; \$1 on Sept. 1 and June 1, 1936; 75 cents paid on March 2, 1936; \$1.50 on Dec. 2, 1935; 75 cents on Sept. 3, 1935; 40 cents on June 1, 1935; \$2 cents on March 1, 1935; \$1 on Dec. 1, 1934; 50 cents on Sept. 1 and June 21, 1934; and 25 cents per share paid on April 21, 1934; Dec. 31, 1933, and March 1, 1932.—V. 146, p. 437.

Display Products, Inc.—Registration Withdrawn— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 142, p. 4337.

Distributors Group, Inc.—Personnel—
Company announced the election of the following officers: Chase Donaldson, Chairman of the Board; Kenneth S. Gaston, President; Herbert R. Anderson, Executive Vice-President; F. O. Zuchtman:, Secretary; and the appointment of Eugene M. Matalene as Vice-President.

At the same time the firm announced that it had transferred its interests in various "fixed" or "unit type" investment trusts and would concentrate its activities in the future upon the sponsorship and distribution of the mutual funds with which it has long been identified, Group Securities, Inc., and Foreign Bond Associates, Inc.; the trading of unlisted securities; and the underwriting and wholesale distribution of individual securities.—V. 146, p. 748. the underwriting V. 146, p. 748.

Dome Mines, Ltd.—Earnings-

Calendar Years—Bullion production——Oper, & maint. expenses	1937 \$7,484,436 2,825,762	1936 c\$7,234,390 2,484,868		1934 a\$6,672,721 2,123,104
Net oper, profit Non-operating revenue_	\$4,658,674 377,035	\$4,749,522 350,502		\$4,549,617 378,908
Total_ Reserve for deprec. of	\$5,035,709	\$5,100,024	\$5,028,754	\$4,928,525
buildings, plant, &c Reserve for contingen-	193,859	137,089	200,000	200,000
cies, securities, &c Provinc'l & income taxes Outside explor, writ, off,	720.751	790,316 28,558	500,000 590,987 18,047	500,000 332,377 13,725
Net profit for year Divs. declared and paid_ Dividend tax paid	\$4,116,802 3,406,669	\$4,144,061 2,920,002	\$3,719,720 2,860,002	\$3,882,423 2,860,002 123,398
Prov. for divs. declared.	1,946,668	973,334	953,334	953,334
Balance, deficit Previous surplus Deduct—Bonus to mine management and staff	\$1,236,535 2,768,346	p\$ 250,725 2,535,920	\$93,616 2,681,286	\$54,311 -2,791,922
for preceding year	24,590	18,300	51,750	56,325
Profit & loss surplus.	7 4 5			-

Dec. 31. \$1,507,221 \$2,768,346 \$2,535,920 \$2,681,286 a After deduction of Dominion Govt. gold tax of \$504,365. b After deduction of Dominion Govt. gold tax and mint charges of \$346,202. c After deducting mint charges of \$80,778. p Profit.

		Balance S	Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
	7,622,408	7,577,284	y Capital stock	7,000,000	7.000.000
Div. assur. fund		3,026,979	Accounts payable_	89,247	125,119
	6,158,829		Salaries and wages		25 2-1-1
Bullion	424,487	361,102		71,659	75,754
Cash	1,703,181	1,506,353	Prov. for silicosis		
Accounts and in-			assessments		22,483
terest receivable	62,031	74,091	Accrued income &		A second consess
Inventories	386,860	299,997		728,593	746,782
Deferred charges	9,335	9,428	Dividends payable		973,334
**			Unclaimed divs	79,831	73,644
			Reserves	4,943,912	5,087,897
			Surplus	1,507,221	2,768,346
Total1	6,367,132	16,873,360	Total	16.367,132	16,873,360

x After depreciation. y Represented by 973,334 (953,334 in 1936) no par shares.—V. 146, p. 2847.

Dixie-Vortex Co.—Smaller Common Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock payable July 1 to holders of record June 10. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 37½ cents per share were distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of 50 cents per share was paid on Dec. 15, last.—V. 146, p. 2534.

**Co., Lt 1937 \$600,275 257,873 33,323 259,223 9,000	d. (& Subs 1936 \$285,003 181,060 103,943	.)—Earnin 1935 \$207,075 147,891	98— 1934 \$206,522 205,993
\$40,856		\$59,184	\$529
	nce Sheet Dec.	31	
		1937	1936
S	Liabilities-	\$	\$
25,136	Accts. pay. & ac	cr.	
542,708	liabilities		224,235
553,504			351,800
353,039			39,035
10,890,281			82,300
	1st mtge. bond		6,584,000
	10-yr. 51/2 % no		
	Deprec. reserve		2,990,347
	Insurance reser		12,875
	a Capital	2,107,860	2,107,860
12,392,454	Total	13,685,912	12,392,454
	1937 \$600,275 257,873 33,323 259,223 9,000 \$40,856 idated Bala 1936 \$25,136 542,708 553,504 353,039 10,890,239 27,784	1937 1936 \$285,003 257,873 181,060 257,873 181,060 259,223 103,943 9,000 \$\$40,856 \$\$\$103,943 \$\$9,000 \$\$\$1036 \$\$\$\$136 \$\$\$\$25,136 \$\$\$\$4cts, pay. & activated Balance Sheet Dec. 1936 \$\$\$\$4cts, pay. & activated Balance Sheet Dec. 25,136 \$\$\$\$4cts, pay. & activated Balance Sheet Dec. 1938 \$\$\$\$4cts, pay. & activated Balance Sheet Dec. 27,784 \$\$\$\$10,890,281 \$\$\$\$4ctrued interes 10,890,281 \$\$\$\$4ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$4ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$5ctrued interes 27,784 \$	1937 1936 1935 2600.275 \$285.003 \$207,075 257.873 181,060 33,323 191,060 \$259,223 103,943 147.891 \$40,856

a Represented by 253.484 shares class A stock, no par, and 123.088 shares class B stock, no par.—V. 144, p. 3330.

financing. The increase in the number of shares outstanding Ir at Nov. 30, 1936, to 570,683 shares a year later is accounted issuance of stock in exchange for 49% of The Northrop Corp. s funds required were obtained almost entirely from bank ic amounted to \$5,230,000 at Nov. 30, 1937. The number of stockholders increased from approximately Nov. 30, 1936, to approximately 5,453 at Nov. 30, 1937. Income Account for Year Ended Nov. 30, 1937 (Incl. Sub Net sales	y 4,342 at s.)
Operating profit	
Net profitOther income	
Profit before depreciation	\$1,689,991 136,434 229,135 272,643
Profit	29,735
Consolidated net profit	\$1,081,513
Capital surplus: Bal., Nov. 30, 1936 Proceeds from sale of treas. stock in excess of cost thereof. Nominal amt. set up for value of one sh. of stk. in Manufacturers' Aircraft Assn	43
TotalCost of three shares of treasury stock acquired	\$4,157,029 139 373,759
Balance, Nov. 30, 1937 Earned surplus—Balance, Nov. 30, 1936: Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc.	\$3,783,131
Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc. Company's proportion (51%) of net worth of Northop Corp. representing accumulated earnings to Nov. 30, 1936	100,932
Total Consol. net profit for the year ended Nov. 30, 1937 Res. for conting, of sub. returned to surplus Portion of proceeds from sale of treas, stock (equal to cost thereof, which cost was charged to earned surplus when the purchase was made)	
Wotel	82 420 207
Book value of bidgs, and prop. improves, abandoned prior to Dec. 1, 1938 and not reported for accounting purposes until after that date. c Prov. to reduce to estimated recoverable value the amount included in work in process in respect of a contract on which	26,601
a loss is expected. Prov. for possible inc. tax liability in excess of that charged against profit and loss.	554,013 256,005
Balance, Nov. 30, 1937————————————————————————————————————	\$2,593,688 acquired by ults of The

Northrop Corp. as shown below have been consolidated with those of the parent company in preparing this profit and loss statement. Operating loss of The Northrop Corp. from Dec. 1, 1936 to March 31, 1937, \$60,683; operating profit of The Northrop Corp. from April 1, 1937 to Aug. 31, 1937, \$179,174; net profit, \$118,491. b In Northrop Corp. over book value thereof at date of acquire the minority interest). c Credit to be made to surplus as the related products are delivered, at which time profit and loss of the period in which delivery occurs will be charged.

Consolidated Balance Sheet, Nov. 30, 1937

Consolido	itea Batance	Sheet, Nov. 30, 1937	
Assets—		Liabilities—	
Cash	\$1,420,560	Notes payable to banks	\$5,230,000
Accounts receiv (trade)	1.137.686	Accts. payable (trade)	1,495,021
Inventories		Accrued payroll & commis-	
Cash val. of life insurance	62,735	sions payable	
Domestic corporation bonds.	17.052	Accrued taxes	138,395
Disputed claims against U. S.		Deps. rec'd on contracts	322,276
Government	174,056	Federal taxes on inc. (est.)	757,784
Due from officers & empl's		Reserves	164,277
Sundry receivs., advs., &c		a Capital stock	4,360,104
Prop., plant & equip. (net)	2.824.425	Capital surplus	3,783,131
Intangibles		Earned surplus	2,593,688
Deferred charges	1,404,458	sections in the state	
Total	\$10 314 196	Total	819 314 126

a Represented by 570,680 no par shares.—V. 146. p. 2848.

Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.—To Increase Capital—Company notified Montreal Stock Exchange that a special meeting of stockholders will be held May 25 to consider a by-law passed by the directors to increase the capital stock by creation of 152,220 additional no-par common shares. The shares, upon ratification of the by-law, are to be allotted and issued at a price not exceeding \$25 per share or equivalent consideration or for such greater consideration as the directors may fix.—V. 146, p. 3011.

Duluth South Shore & Atlantic Ry.—Committee—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on May 4, upon application, authorized John R. Hattstaedt, John R. Maher and Charles H. Fox to serve as a protective committee for holders of the first mortgage 5% gold bonds, due Jan. 1, 1937.—V. 146, p. 3011, 2848.

Dunham Candies, Inc.—Stock Ban Sustained—
Director Backus of the Securities Division of the Department of Public Utilities has handed down an order sustaining his finding of March 21 last, which forbade the sale in Massachusetts of securities of the company. A hearing was held by the Director on an appeal by the company from the Director's order. The company stated that there were no sales of the stock and none were contemplated. In his order the Director says: "The order of March 21, 1938, being consistent with the finding, I see no reason for its revocation."

Dunhill Internat Calendar Years— Total sales— Other income————	ional, In 1937 \$931,777 17,333	s888,271 23,526	\$1,011,045 2,581	ings— 1934 \$1,119,758 ×33,230
Total income	\$949,110	\$911,797	\$1,013,626	\$1,152,988
Cost of sales, admin., selling & gen. expenses Depreciation	923,361 7,107	849,446 6,868	1,067,399 8,134	1,306,764 14,715
Loss on oper. leaseholds, &c	64,662 y5,205	78,031 2,326	130,807	299,129
Net lossx Includes \$26,634 prof	\$51,225 it on sale of	\$24,876 securities.	\$192,714 y Including	\$467,620 \$3,707 pro-

	Consoli	dated Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
Cash	\$186,158	\$290,361	Accounts payable_	\$120,076	\$144,431
Accts. & notes rec.	132,243	139.446	Accrued charges	10,383	5,921
Inventories	249,130		Notes payable	8,333	24,999
Investments	94,326	79,179	Reserve for taxes_	5,205	2,326
Fixtures & equip	41,390		Deferred liability_		2,771
Deferred charges	12.191	11.670	x Capital stock	145,866	145,866
Goodwill	1	1	Capital surplus	2,036,407	2,036,407
dood	Gift the te		Earned deficit	1,001,504	950,217
			y Cap. stk. purch_	D7609,327	D7609,327
Total		\$803,181			\$803,181
			0 01 T		L - 10 PAF

x Represented by 145,866 shares of \$1 par. y Represented by 16,545 shares at cost.—V. 145, p. 1583.

shares at cost.—V. 145, p. 1583.

Duquesne Light Co.—Change in Collateral—
The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh as trustee under first mortgage and deed of trust, dated April 1, 1927, and supplemental indenture dated June 1, 1935, securing first mortgage 3½% bonds, has notified the New York Stock Exchange that the following changes have taken place in the collateral held under said first mortgage and deed of trust:

Dec. 31, 1937: Payment of \$65,000 made on account of principal of Equitable Real Estate Co. 6% serial gold bonds, leaving an unpaid balance of \$1,675,000.

Jan. 20, 1938: Promissory note of Harwick Coal & Coke Co. in the amount \$68,750, dated Jan. 20, 1938, due Jan. 10, 1939, received in exchange for note of Harwick Coal & Coke Co. in a like amount dated Jan. 20, 1938.

The trustee has also advised the Exchange that 2,700 shares of capital stock of Equitable Auto Co. heretofore deposited under the mortgage has been returned to the Duquesne Light Co.—V. 146, p. 3011.

Eastern Air Lines, Inc.—Stock Qualified—
The common stock of the company has been qualified for sale in Massachusetts with the Securities Division of the Department of Public Utilities.—V. 146, D. 2848.

-V. 140, p. 2040.				
Eitingon Schild	Co Inc.	(& Subs.)	-Earnings	3
	Years End.	11 Mos.End		ed Dec. 31-
	Nov. 30 '37	Nov. 30 '36	1935	1934
Sales	\$10,758,117	\$9,789,474	\$5,569,689	\$7,506,180
Cost of sales, &c	10,209,808	8,578,963	5,465,606	6,073,835
Gross profit Partic, of Fur Cos. Syn-	\$548,309	\$1,210,511	\$104,083	\$1,432,345
dicate, IncExpenses	590,959	552,038	521,167	409,806 1,094,446
	\$42,650	a\$658,473	\$417,084	\$71,907
Other income	354,472	116,624	215,260	142,356
Total income	\$311,822	\$775,097	b\$ 201.824	\$70,449
Bond disct. & expense	16.044	16,380	19,868	28,803
Interest on debentures	23,500	34,822	56,991	75.986
Other int. and financial	20,000	01,011		250
charges	370,265	144.767	153,278	261.769
Provision for bad acc'ts.	20,120	33,592	28,737	85,532
Net loss on gold bullion	20,120	00,002		Service Control
operations				140,937
Other charges		1,936	14,622	55,652
Depreciation	24,153	22,029	24,307	57,155
Loss from operations_	\$142,260	a\$521,570	\$499,630	\$635,383
Special credits	35,658	11,395	6,714	268,545
Loss	\$106,602	a\$532.966	\$492,916	\$366,838
Special charges	532,924	ecr45,189	22,521	83,546
Special contingency res-			Cr300,000	300,000
Net loss of wholly-owned			Dr11.892	
subs. previously consol	Dr56	Dr134,987	Dr1,492	
d Prov. for inc. taxes	D/30			
Bal. transf. to surplus	c\$639,582	\$443,168	c\$228,822	c\$750,384

a Profit. b Loss. c Deficit. d Of subsidiary companies. e Net profit of wholly owned subsidiaries \$37,019, and dividend declared on investment, \$8,170.

3184	T.	inancial
이 이 이 가게 하는데 그래요. 그래움이 많아 가게 되었다.		manciai
Assets— Consolidated Balance Sheet No	1937	1936
Cash held to secure collection of notes and acc't	\$172,079	\$511,818
and acceptances	402.312	127,899 106,884 330,786
Notes, trade accepts. & acc'ts rec., less reserve. a Surrender value of life insurance policies	- 161,041 - 184,548	20,330
Merchandise inventoriesAdvances on and participation in joint ventures_	- 1,916,714 - 1,027,568	882,435
Merchandise inventories Advances on and participation in joint ventures Advances on consigned goods Advances for purchase of merchandise Due from Fur Cos. Syndicate, Inc. Due from affiliated company	184,548 1,916,714 1,027,568 156,459 78,443	150.736
Due from Fur Cos. Syndicate, Inc	11 020	150.736 183.704 9,860
Other investmentsLand, bldgs. & equip. at cost, less res. for deprec_	- 21,260 - 363,036	461,476 383,699 95,853
Other investments. Land, bldgs, & equip, at cost, less res. for deprec. Deferred charges. Company's own stock deposited in escrow. Asserts in foreign countries.	11,230 21,260 363,036 87,172 55,165	
Assets in foreign countries	2,490,004	2,500,850
Total	\$7,258,418	\$5,772,337
Liabilities— Loans payable to banks	\$150,000 1,996,327 43,999	
Notes payable (others)Accounts payable (trade)	43,999 215,895 222,755	\$77,516 41,910
Other accounts payableAccrued interest, taxes and other expense	222,755 199,042	41,910 284,466 73,612 759,525
Accrued interest, taxes and other expense. Due to officers Due stockholder Mortgages payable Five year debentures Reserve Advs. sec. by depos. in escrow of debs Deferred income b. Capital stock Capital surplus Operating deficit	15,901 180,000	
Mortgages payable Five year debentures	69,201 380,241	73.612 759.525
ReserveAdvs. sec. by depos. in escrow of debs	497,230	
Deferred income b Capital stock	15,902 1,988,221	15,860 1,988,330 2,235,280 165,163
Capital surplus	2,088,447 804,745	2,235,280 165,163
b Represented by 397,645 no-par shares in 1 shares in 1936 at a stated value of \$5 per share.		
Eastern States Corp.—Registrar— The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It trar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss.———————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 . \$126,341 r Nil combined 518	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 ,615 no par
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It trar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—East 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss.———————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 . \$126,341 r Nil combined 518	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 ,615 no par
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It trar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes, y On chares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 r. Nil combined 518 — hour system i rican Power & Łight Co. a ollows:	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 ,615 no par nput of the Light Co.,
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It trar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—East 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss.———————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 r. Nil combined 518 — hour system i rican Power & Łight Co. a ollows:	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 ,615 no par nput of the Light Co.,
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On charge of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt operating companies which are subsidiaries of American P. & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for Oper. Subsidiaries of————————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nil combined 518 — rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Increa Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,000 *10,622,000 ngs—	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 ,615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared **11.8 **9.4 **12.9
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— **Net loss.———————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 . \$126,341 p . Nil combined 518 — hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,000 *4,777,000 *10,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 182 *11.8 *9.4 *12.9 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On a shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as to Oper. Subsidiaries of—1938 1937 American P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 Electric P. & L. Corp.—45,961,000 50,738,000 National P. & L. Co.—72,004,000 82,626,000 *Decrease.—V. 146, p. 3011. Electric Boat Co. (& Subs.)—Earnin Calendar Years—1937 Gross earnings—1937 Gross earnings—1937 Gross earnings—1938 (8,588,476 Operating profit—1754,033 6,858,476 Operating profit—113,06,897 Other income—1145,712	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nill combined 518	1937 prof\$176748 80.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared se % 11.8 *9.4 *12.9 1934 44.730.664 4,153.507 \$577.157 39.785
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On charge of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding to the kilowatt-loop and taken to the kilowatt-loop and taken the k	rnings— 1938 1926,341 p Nil combined 518	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Cos compared se % 11.8 *9.4 *12.9 1934 44,153.507 \$577.157 39,785
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On control of the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatth operating companies which are subsidiaries of American P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 etchic Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding week during 1938, was as for the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding week during 1938, was as for the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the correspondin	rnings— 1938 1926,341 p Nil combined 518	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 186 *11.8 *9.4 *12.9 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On 6 shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input. For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of Amer Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding to the corresponding	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nill combined 518	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 182 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$66,941 8,976 189,002 66,172
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York trar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On charge of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding to the kilowatt-loop and the corresponding to the correspon	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p. Nil combined 518 ———————————————————————————————————	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 182 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$66,941 8,976 189,002 66,172
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On 6 shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input. For the week ended May 5, 1938 the killowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of Amer Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding to the corresponding	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p. Nil combined 518 ———————————————————————————————————	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 182 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$66,976 189,002 66,172 12,842
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York It rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On 6 shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input. For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-operating companies which are subsidiaries of American P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 with the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding week during 1938, was as for the corresponding week during 1938, was as for the corresponding week during 1937, was as for the corresponding week during 1938, was as for the kind of the k	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nill combined 518 hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,700 *4,777,700 *4,777,700 *4,777,361 \$1,320,203 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,322,848 87,355 \$1,320,203 \$3,491 252,362 73,466 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared **11.8 **9.4 **12.9 1934 \$4.730,664 4.153,507 \$577,157 39.785 \$616,941 8.976 189,002 66,172 12,842 \$339,948
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York it rar for the preferred and common stock of this p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On characteristic of the p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of American P. & L. Co	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p. Nil combined 518 bour system i rican Power & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,000 *4,777,000 *4,777,000 *4,777,000 *10,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,232,848 87,355 \$1,320,203 ×3,491 252,362 73,466 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264 .31 1937 **\$2,400,000 68 Dr141,822	1937 prof\$176748 80.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 1se %11.8 *9.4 *12.9 \$4.730,664 4.153,507 \$577.157 39.785 \$616,941 8.976 189.002 66.172 12.842 \$339,948 \$1936 \$2.400.000 D7148,422
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York it rar for the preferred and common stock of this p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On 6 shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of American Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as 6 Oper. Subsidiaries of————————————————————————————————————	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nill combined 518 hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Increa Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,700 *10,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,322,848 87,355 \$1,320,203 *3,491 252,362 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264 .31 *2,400,000 ckDr141,822 ble490,280 pay-	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 186 *11.8 *19.4 *12.9 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$616,941 8,976 189,002 66,172 12,842 \$339,948 \$339,948 1936 \$2,400,000 19148,422 468,083
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York it rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss y Earnings per share— x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On 6 shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of American Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the original of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the king of the	rnings— 1938 \$126,341 p Nill combined 518 hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,700 *10,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,320,203 \$3,491 252,362 73,466 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264 . 31 \$\$1,37 \$\$2,400,000 ck. Dr141,822 ble. 490,280 pay- stk. 107,970	1937 orof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 186 *11.8 *11.8 *12.9 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$616,941 8,976 189,002 66,172 12,842 \$339,948 1936 \$2,400,000 Dr148,422 468,083 4,950 91,340
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York it rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On character of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of American P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 ellectric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formation of the corresponding week during 1937, was as formational P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 50,738,000 National P. & L. Co.—101,215,000 114,772,000 \$2,626,000 \$2,62	rnings— 1938 1938 \$126,341 p Nil combined 518 hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,700 *40,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,320,203 \$7,365 \$1,320,203 \$7,366 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264 .31 \$1,37 \$2,400,000 ckDr141,822 bile490,280 pay- stk 97,039 anty	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 186 *11.8 *9.4 *12.9 1934 \$4,730,664 4,153,507 \$577,157 39,785 \$616,941 8,976 189,002 66,172 12,842 \$339,948 1936 \$2,400,000 Dr148,422 468,083 4,950 91,340
The Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York it rar for the preferred and common stock of the p. 1072. Easy Washing Machine Corp.—Ear 3 Months Ended March 31— x Net loss. y Earnings per share. x After depreciation, interest and taxes. y On c shares of class A & B stocks.—V. 146, p. 2364. Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input. For the week ended May 5, 1938 the kilowatt-loperating companies which are subsidiaries of Amer Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power with the corresponding week during 1937, was as form of the corresponding week during 1937, was as f	rnings— 1938 1938 \$126,341 p Nil combined 518 hour system i rican Power & & Light Co. a ollows: Amount *13,557,000 *4,777,700 *40,622,000 ngs— 1935 \$7,205,209 5,972,361 \$1,320,203 \$7,365 \$1,320,203 \$7,366 22,039 465,326 61,088 8,166 \$434,264 .31 \$1,937 \$1	1937 prof\$176748 \$0.34 .615 no par nput of the Light Co., s compared 256 212.9 1934 \$4,730,664 \$4,153.507 \$77,157 39,785 \$616,941 8,976 189,002 66,172 12,842 \$339,948 1936 \$2,400,000 27148,422 468,083 4,950 91,340 77,827 809,420

Electric Power & Light Corp.—Annual Report-

Electric Power & Light Corp.—Annual Report—

Joe H. Gill, President, says in part:

Income—The income received by company during the year 1937 totaled \$1,809,646, of which all but \$613 was received from subsidiaries. Although the expenses of company again decreased, taxes increased substantially over 1936. Net income after expenses and taxes was sufficient to provide for interest on all of its outstanding long term debt, amortization of debt discount and expense, and to leave a small surplus. No dividends were paid on the \$7 preferred stock, \$6 preferred stock of 2d preferred stock, series A, during the year. The total undeclared cumulative dividends as effected to the \$7 preferred stock; \$33,39,301, or \$40.25 a share, on the \$2 preferred stock; and \$3,339,301, or \$40.25 a share, on the 2d preferred stock, series A.

Net Equity in Income of Subsidiaries—The net equity of corporation in the income of its subsidiaries for the year 1937, as reflected in the comparative statement of consolidated income, amounted to \$11,555,553. More than \$61.70 of the net equity represents the amount accruing from United Gas Corp. and its subsidiaries, no part of which was actually received by Electric Power & Light Corp. After making regular quarterly payments during 1937 totaling \$7 a share, United Gas Corp. had a dividend arrearage on its \$7 preferred stock amounting to \$11,564,174 (\$25.70.5-6 s share) at Dec. 31, 1937. Until such time as this arrearage is eliminated no dividends may be paid by United Gas Corp. on its 2d preferred stock and common stock.

Government continues to take a growing proportion of the earnings of your subsidiaries. Taxes of \$14,855,452, charged to operations in 1937 were equal to 13.6c. of each dollar of operating revenues, or, stated otherwise, were equal to more than 1.8 times the full annual dividend requirements on all preferred stock of company's subsidiaries held by the public. It is worthy of note than 8 times as much) from these subsidiaries in the form of taxes.

Plant and Property—During 1937, the subsidiaries of company expended in excess of \$30,000,000 for extensions, betterments, improvements, property acquisition and development.

Rate Reductions—The rates for the retail electric and gas distribution services supplied by company's subsidiaries are fixed, for the most part, by public authorities. In addition to rate reductions ordered by such authorities, the subsidiary companies, when they find it economically practicable to do so, voluntarily reduce their rates to stimulate wider use of service. To this end the managements of company's subsidiaries exert constant efforts toward the operation of their respective properties at the lowest cost consistent with safety and maintenance of equipment in condition to render dependable service. As a result of reductions put into effect during 1937, it is estimated that customers of such subsidiaries will save approximately \$515,000 each year on electric service and \$1,455,000 each year on gas service based on the amount of service used in 1937.

Power Securities Corp.—Pursuant to a plan of liquidation for Power Securities Corp. upon surrendering all of the latilities of the latter. The principal asset acquired was an interest in Idaho Power Co. consisting of 3,030 shares of its 7% preferred stock and the entire amount of its common stock outstanding (150,000 shares.) These shares formerly were pledged and still remain in the possession of the trustee as collateral security for the collateral trust gold bonds, American 6% series, due June 1, 1949, of Power Securities Corp. The liability for the payment of the principal of, and interest on these bonds (of which \$1,196,200 principal amount was outstanding at Dec. 31, 1937), was assumed by the corporation. It is expected that the liability will be extinguished on Dec. 1, 1948, by action of a sinking fund. Under the terms of a supplemental trust agreement between Power Securities Corp. and Bankers Trust Co., trustee, dated Nov. 26, 1937, it is provided that any income from the 7%

		me (Company		1026
Period End. Dec. 31— Gross income:		Mos.—1936		Mos.—1936
From subsidiaries Other	\$601,171 600	\$685,309 676		\$1,792,042 2,607
Totala Exp.,i ncl. taxes	\$601,771	\$685,985	\$1,809,646	\$1,794,649
Int. on 5% gold debs	387,500	46,367 387,500	215,344 1,550,000	208,801 1,550,000
Corp. collateral trust gold bonds, American 6% series.	4,396		4,396	
Amortiz of debt discount & exp. on gold debs Prem. & exp. on Power Securities Corp. bds.	9,744	9,744	38,974	38,974
retired	22		22	
Net incomea Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistrib-			\$910	loss\$3,126
uted profits	\$2,538	t of Consolida	\$2,668	
Period End. Dec. 31-		fos.—1936	1937—12 M	fos.—1936
Subsidiaries— Operating revenuesa Oper. exp., incl. taxes_	\$28,331,689 15,415,442	\$26,743,562 14,687,417	\$109,369,229 57,789,625	\$96,739,231 50,848,453
Prop. retire. & depl. res. appropriations	3,953,407	3,871,483	14,613,080	11,886,895
Net oper revenues	\$8,962,840	\$8,184,662	\$36,966,524	\$34,003,883
Rent for lease of plants	Cr4,798	2,658	626	3.097
Operating income	\$8,967,638	\$8,182,004	\$36,965,898 668,794	\$34,000.786
Operating income Other income b Other inc. deductions_	254,440 415,269	492,100 454,359	668,794 860,639	794,005 843,431
Gross income	20 000 000	\$8,219,745	\$36,774,053	\$33.951.360
Int. on long-term debt Other interest	531,873	3,233,135 535,523	$\frac{12,813,894}{2,110,057}$	12,203,831 2,730,736 6119,043
d Other deductions Int. chgd. to construc	531,873 726,198 Cr20,189	\$8,219,745 3,233,135 535,523 154,308 38,105	\$36,774,053 12,813,894 2,110,057 1,309,188 Cr103,103	6119,043 Cr66,441
Pref. divs. to public	\$4,409,382 1,972,035	\$4,334,884 1,983,626	-	\$18,464,191 7,934,507
Portion applic. to min. interests	57,301	42,343	1,187,498	985,603
Net equity of Elec. Pow. & Lt. Corp. in income of subsidiaries. Elec. Pow. & Lt. Corp. Net equity of Elec. Pow. & Lt. Corp. in inc. of	\$2,380,046	\$2,308,915	\$11,535,653	\$9,544,081
subsidiariesOther income	\$2,380,046 600	\$2,308,915 676	\$11,535,653 613	\$9,544,081 2,607
Totalc Exp., incl. taxes	\$2,380,646 70,066	\$2,309,591	\$11,536,266 215,344	\$9,546,688 208,801 1,588,974
Int. & other deductions	401,662	397,244	1,593,392	1,588,974
Bal. carried to conso earned surplus a Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistrib-	1. \$1,908,918	\$1,865,980	\$9,727,530	\$7,748,913
uted profits b Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistrib-	\$142,930	\$582,388	\$558,920	\$838,088
uted profits c Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistrib-	203,456	329,752	203,456	329,752
uted profits d Incl. non-recurring chgs. for reorg. exp. of	2,538		2,668	
certain subsidiaries_	418,505		418,505	
1937	Sheet Dec.	31 (Compan	y Only) 1937	1936
Assets— \$ Investments184,692,312 Subscriber for \$7	\$ 182,802,245	a Capital stor \$7 preferred s	- \$ ck_155,044,139 tk.	\$ 155,044,139
pref. stk. allot. certificate 1,582		allotm't etf Long-term de	s 1,500 bt_ 32,090,000	1,500 31,000,000
Cash in banks 4,190,682 Special depsoits 288,194	4,004,029	Accts. payab	le_ 27,982	24,940
Accts. receivable 23,284	31,249	b Mat. and ad	er.	
Reacq. cap. stk. 103,002 Deferred charges 3,597,651	103,002 3,636,625	c Coll. trust b	ds. 300,726	
*	5.7	Reserve Earned surpl	156,361 us_ 4,502,115	156,424 3,661,757

shares. b On Power Securities Securities Corp. collateral trust callable within 12 months (\$10	gold bo (6,200).	nds called f	or redemption	ls. c Power n (\$194,526)
	ed Balan	ice Sheet De 1937	c. 31 1936	1935
Assets—Plant, property, franchises, &c	6	50,686,193	632,249,150	615,262,186
Assets— Plant, property, franchises, &c Investments (securities)——— Cash in banks (on demand)—— Cash in banks (time deposits)—		a7,527,789 18,848,652	21,065,433	15,888,426
Cash in banks (time deposits) _ Special deposits		775,000 12,783,602		
United States Government sector Temporary cash investments	Trities		471,865	473,546
Notes and loans receivable	& mice	1,894,095 b 181,132 11,815,301	262,783 $12,030,744$	457,550 9,889,206
Accts. receivable—Customers of Subscribers for \$7 pref. stock ment ctfs. of El. Pow. & L.	k allot-	11,010,001	1 500	10,995
Inventories		5,183,345	4,497,875 248,421 418,711 4,530,334 882,194	4.665.483
Inventories Prepayments Miscellaneous current assets		1,597,484 458,940	418,711	252,021 354,273 6,619,458
		108,421	882,194 16,537,877	675,929 19,231,142
Contra assets (contra) Deferred charges Capital stock expense Reacquired capital stock		359,378		716,786
			717,962	
Total			The state of the s	
Capital stock		155,044,139	155,044,139 118,125,300	155,044,139 118,132,300
Subsidiaries common stocks	7 pref	5,002,684	5,901,065	5,903,905
Subsidiaries preferred stocks Subsidiaries common stocks Capital stock subscribed—\$ stock allotment etfs, of Power & Light Corp Long-term debt Accounts payable Dividends declared—preferret Notes payable Contracts payable Mtge, & deb, bonds of subs. co	Electric	1 500	1 500	10,900
Long-term debt		279,946,598	279,879,279	259,207,932
Dividends declared—preferred	1	224,051	232,966	2,530,091 374,108 47,175,000 130,714
Contracts payable		29,035,687	1,500 279,879,279 2,736,574 232,966 26,582,382 412,225	130,714
maturing		3.129.188		129,500
Pref. stocks called for redemined dividends thereon		40,815		
Matured long-term debt incl		625,214		
Long-term debt of subs. incl. p	nntion	11 303 675		
Customers' deposits Accrued accounts Miscellaneous current liabilitie Miscellaneous liabilities Contra liabilities		11,303,675 3,304,960 14,011,647	3,388,117 $12,376,871$	3,096,214 9,118,563
Miscellaneous current liabilitie	es	},	83,572 1,673,691	
Contraliabilities Deferred credits		108,421 768,357	882.194	3,532,414 675,929 235,852
Reserves		00,700,009	42,490,102	40,070,342
Contributions in aid of constru Undeclared cum. divs. on pref	stocks	173,507		17,906,343
of subsidiaries held by publi Min. int. in surplus (and defic in reserves (approp. from	its) and	22,341,996	21,142,920	17,900,545
surplus) of substanties (net	capital		764,249	420,571 9,405,516
Deferred credit	accrued	10,871,074		
to minority interest)Appropriated surplus		19,105,941 198,951	17,784,914 68,594	10,619,387
Total		726.977.977	700.731.742	683,806,663
a Includes fund accounts. Note—The earnings appear under the head of Electric Ligh	b Notes	receivable	only.	of May 7.
under the head of Electric Light	nt & Pov	ver Corp. be	elong under th	nis company's
title. Comparative Statement	of Cone	olidated Inco	me (Co. and S	Subs)
Period End. Feb. 28- 193	8-3 M	os.—1937	1938—12 /	Mos.—1937
Subsidiaries— Operating revenues\$28,9 a Oper. exp., incl. taxes_ 15,6	32,290	\$28,948,900	\$109,086,400	\$99,028,038
Prop. retire, & depl. res.				하는 전 전체를 받으고 그렇지?
appropriations4,0	54,954	4,004,204	14,960,991	12,622,708
Net oper. revenues \$9,2 Rent from lease of plants	74,845	\$9,809,431	\$35,651,099	\$34,406,094
(net)	0r1,329	Dr2,098		Action to the second
Operating income \$9,2 Other income	73,516	\$9,807,333	\$35,651,754 671,754	\$34,406,324 792,709 845,637
b Other inc. deductions.	13,356	456,285	876,387	845,637
Gross income\$8,9	58,952	\$9,518,456	\$35.447,121 5 12,837,968 1,998,044	\$34,353,396
Int. on long-term debt 3,1 Other interest	36,918 04,346	538,708	12,837,968 1,998,044 1,406,335	3 12,420,773 2,538,702 623,361
d Other deductions	26,513 19,416	156,933 Cr47,12	Cr102,675	Cr71,082
Balance \$4.8	310,591 71,618		\$19,307,449	\$18,841,642
		1,983,626		
Portion applic. to min.	38,973			\$10,907,135
interests	87,760	505,481	496,994	1,015,224
Net equity of Electric P. & L. Corp. in inc. of subsidiaries \$2,7	51,213	\$3,145,384	\$10,897,59 4	\$9,891,911

Of substituting 52,751,213 \$3,145,354 \$10,597,594 Ret equity of Elec. P. & L. Corp. in inc. of subs \$2,751,213 \$3.145,384 \$10,897,594 Other income. 611 613 611 \$9,891,911 2,211 \$3,145,997 \$10,898,205 67,372 199,935 397,243 1,605,443 Total______\$2,751.824 c Expenses, incl. taxes___67,754 Int. & other deductions___413,713 \$9,894,122 228,688 1,588,974 Bal. carried to consol.
earned surplus.—— \$2,270,357 \$2,681,382 \$9,092,827 \$8,076,460
a Incl. prov. for Fed.
surtax on undistributed profits.—— 203,456 329,752 203,456 329,752
c Incl. prov. for Fed.
surtax on undistributed profits.—— 203,456 329,752 203,456 329,752
c Incl. prov. for Fed.
surtax on undistributed profits.—— 2,538 —— 2,668 ——
d Incl. non-recurring chgs, for reorg, exp.
of certain subsidiars. 231,992 —— 423,721 ——— Statement of Income (Company Only)
Period End. Feb. 28— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938--12 Mos.—1937 Gross income:
From subsidiaries...
Other.... \$430,567 613 \$1,952,430 \$1,793,251 611 2,211 \$643,389 611 \$1,953,041 199,935 \$1,795,462 228,688 Total____a Exp., incl. taxes_____ \$576,246 387,500 \$363,808 \$1,753,106 \$1,566,774 387,500 1,550,000 1,550,000 16,323 16.323 9.744 38.974

 Income Account (Cont'd)
 1938—3 Mos.—1937
 1938—12 Mos.—1937

 rem. & exp. on Power Securities Corp. bonds retired
 146
 146

 Net income_ a Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistrib-uted profits -V. 146, p. 3011. \$162,533 loss\$33,435 \$147,663 loss\$22,200 \$2,538 \$2,668

V. 146, p. 3011.

Electric Bond & Share Co.—Utility Committee—
C. E. Groesbeck, Chairman of board of Electric Bond & Share Co. and J. F. Fogarty, President of North American Co. have made public a copy of a letter sent on May 5 to W. O. Douglas, Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission, outlining the formation of a committee of executives to represent the utilities in various discussions with the SEC on the question of the Public Utility Act of 1935.

The letter was sent following a conference of officials of 14 major public utility holding companies and in order to expedite progress, these executives choose the following as a committee to present their views to the Commission from time to time as this review proceeds:
P. L. Smith, President, Middle West Corp.; John E. Zimmermann, Pres., United Gas Improvement Co.; Wendell L. Willkie, Pres., Commonwealth & Southern Corp.; C. E. Groesbeck, Chairman of the board, Electric Bond & Share Co., and J. F. Fogarty, Pres., The North American Co.—V. 146, p. 2690.

Electric Shareholdings Corp.—Accumulated Dividend—

Electric Shareholdings Corp.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared an optional dividend of 44-1000 of a share of common stock (or \$1.50 per share in cash) on account of accumulations on the \$6 optional cum. conv. pref. stock, no par value, payable June 1 to holders of record May 18.

Accumulations after the payment of the current dividend will amount to \$9 per share. See also V. 145, p. 3007.—V. 146, p. 1239.

Flectric Storage Patters Co. (8. Subs.)—Exprings—

Electric Storage	Battery	Co. (& Su	ibs.)—Ear	nings—
Gross sales	1937 27,057,213	1936 \$25,452,038	1935 \$21,527,333	\$19,237,229
Cost of manufacturing, oper. expenses, &c Prov. for contingencies_	25,510,379	23,307,971	19,936,555 50,000	17,895,281
Special distrib. to empl's Prov. for inc. taxes (est.)	355,116	73,897 z 428,706	346,427	241,000
BalanceOther income	\$1,191,718 918,366	\$1,641,464 953,847	\$1,194,352 1,053,404	\$1,100,948 903,456
Net income Dividends	\$2,110,084 2,269,281	\$2,595,310 2,496,195	\$2,247,756 x3,176,953	\$2,004,404 2,042,311
Balance, deficit Previous surplus Refund of excise taxes Profit on sale of sec.(net)	\$159,197 12,629,901 193,271	sur\$99,115 12,714,414 195,127	\$929,197 11,695,798 1,265,816 65,675	\$37,907 11,884,415
Total surplus Other adjustments Pension fund Prov. for add'l Federal	167,144	\$13,008,656 128,755	118,721	\$11,846,508 100,709 50,000
Prov. for contingency	406,000	250,000	75,000	====
Profit & loss surplus Shs. combined pref. and	\$12,073,331	\$12,629,901	\$11,854,371	\$11,695,798
com. stocks outstand_ Earned per share * Includes special div	907,810 \$2.32	Φ2.00	Φ2.41	
cludes \$350 undistribute Note—Depreciation in provided during the year	l profits tax the amoun	estimated. t of \$814,63	2 and \$872,0	

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1937 1936 \$ 1,400 31,400 -23,484,692 23,484,692 -702,886 809,953 s. 576,329 563,785 s. 48,195 33,038 ne 1936 \$ 38,684,258 38,713,122 Total____38,684,258 38,713,122

**After allowance for depreciation of \$17,099,715 in 1937 and \$18,080,383 in 1936. Y Common stock outstanding, 906,554 shares no par value, after deducting 4,000 shares held in treasury at \$100,000. z Includes undistributed profits taxes.—V. 146, p. 2848.

Elgin Joliet & Eastern R Calendar Years— 1937 Operating revenues—\$21,340,188 Operating expenses—14,919,847 Tax accruals—1,408,686	1936 \$19,119,317 13,118,928	\$14,202,771 10,123,781	\$10,289,152 8,344,359 886,938
Operating income \$5,011,655		\$2,943,752	\$1,057,855
Equipment rents 1,288,384		73,394	396,221
Net railway income \$3,723,271	\$4,080,304	\$2,870,358	\$661,634
Other income168,570	121,863	75,953	62,397
Gross income \$3,891,841	\$4,202,167	\$2,946,311	\$724,031
Deductions 2,392,920		1,826,831	1,113,090
Net income \$1,498,921	690,218	\$1,119,480	*\$389,059
Other credits 284,090		34,368	50,092
Previous surplus 9,732,852		8,121,947	8,480,715
Total surplus\$11,515,863	\$11,585,639	\$9,275,795	\$8,141,748
Other debits1,168,133	1,852,787	29,886	19,801
Profit & loss surplus\$10,347,730		\$9,245,909	\$8,121,947

	Profit & loss surplus x Deficit.			\$8,121,947
		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31	
	1937	1936	Liabilities— \$1937	1936
	Assets— \$ Prop. investment_36,609,3		Capital stock 10,000,000	10,000,000
	Leaseholds invest_ 4,000,0	100 4 000 000	Funded debt13,400,067	10.865.000
×	Leasenolds invest_ 4,000,0	300 4,000,000	Grants in aid of	
	Adv. to RR.Credit	184 120,245		15,185
			Traffic & car ser-	
		1,505,000	other cos 1,012,587	2.878,982
	Demand loans &	07 2 051 984	Audited accts. and	
	deposits 2,742,5			786,428
			Misc. accts. pay 212,928	
		1,010	Matured int. accr. 14,508	
	Traffic & car ser-		Unmatured int. &	
	vice balance due	47,503		361,374
		21,000	Other curr. liabils 398,911	811,334
	Net bal. due from	804 289,153	Deferred liabilities 109,870	116,299
			Unadjusted liabils. 8,879,850	8,974,661
			Add'ns to property	
	Mat'ls & supplies_ 1,049,5 Other curr. assets_ 15,6			58,046
	Deferred assets 141,4		Profit & loss sur-	
	Unadjusted debits 218,2			9,732,852
	Onda, more			1
	Total46,790,4	194 44.919.746	Total46,790,494	44,919,746

Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1938—Mo \$227,343 98,417 13,161 a28,628	nth—1937 \$222,367 98,414 16,502 27,249	1938—12 1 \$2,894,660 1,215,221 168,096 a327,739	$egin{array}{l} Mos1937 \\ \$2,710,407 \\ 1,232,744 \\ 181,150 \\ 300,332 \end{array}$
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income (net).	\$87,136 Dr7,761	\$80,201 Dr6,579	\$1,183,604 Dr28,242	\$996,180 Dr1,049
Balance Int. & amortiz, (public) -	\$79,375 36,272	\$73,621 36,130	\$1,155,362 438,988	\$995,131 434,343
Interest (El Paso Elec. Co., Del.)	2,083	2,083	25,000	25,000
BalanceAppropriations for retirem Preferred dividend require	ent reserve	\$35,408	\$691,374 335,753 46,710	\$535,787 307,050 46,710
Balance applicable to E. Earnings of El Paso Electr Note interest deducted fro Earnings of other subsidiar	ic Co. (Texas m above ear y companies	s) nings applicable	\$308,911 308,911 25,000 80,042	\$182,027 182,027 25,000 88,876
to El Paso Electric Co. Total Expenses and taxes			\$413,953 24,430	\$295,904 26,435
Balance Preferred dividend require	ments		\$389,523 182,972	\$269,468 182,972
Balance for common div a No provision has been profits for 1938 since any	made for t	he Federal	surtax on ur	\$86,496 adistributed mined until

the end of the year.

Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1937 the subsidiary companies adopted the new system of accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 146, p. 3011.

Empire Gas & Fuel Co. (&	Subs.)-	Annual Rep	port
Years End. Nov. 30— 1937 Gross earnings\$88,608,871 Oper., maint. and taxes_ 59,322,963		1935	1934
Net earnings\$29,285,908 Non-oper.income4,300,589	\$25,235,304 3,664,867	\$25,681,225 3,930,241	\$23,205,241 4,099,319
Total earnings\$33,586,497 Interest charges 11,865,292 Amort. of bond discount 879,717 Prov. for income tax a1,700,800	\$28,900,171 11,719,491 960,665 a946,950	\$29,611,466 10,236,871 1,029,501 297,951	\$27,304,559 10,363,423 1,172,112 343,340
Federal and State taxes on interest coupons 33,512 Deprec. and depletion 14,922,289 Proportion of net income	32,090 13,434,874	12,584 12,196,667	12,039,406
of subs. cos. applicable of minority interests Cr206,566	Cr500,013	Dr568,143	Dr925,091

Net avail, for divs.... \$4,391,452 \$2,306,115 \$5,269,748 \$2,461,190 a Including surtax of \$558,250 in 1936 and \$1,206,050 in 1937. Consolidated Balance Sheet Non. 30

	Const	maaiea Daia	ince Sheet 1400. a	U	
4	1937	1936	Liabilities—	1937	1936
Assets-					27 405 257
Plant & invest			x Common stock	37,405,357	37,405,357
Spec. cash depos.		22,822	Preferred stock.	54,424,737	54,424,737
Securs. of pipe-			Long-term debt.	93,336,901	86,126,600
line co. and			Notes payable	4,860,000	5,051,150
other invest'ts	12,201,345	9,696,370	Accts. payable	4,860,012	8,604,637
Cash	5,512,867	5,291,295	Accrued interest,		
Invent. of cru			taxes, &c	3,243,581	764,966
& refined oils.	23,660,744	20.175.270	Prov. for Federal		
Accts, rec. cust.		4,559,226	income taxes_	2,227,108	1,118,462
Current accts. of			Due to parent co	90.379.068	87,055,980
affiliated cos.	1,623,804	1.963.244	Cust's' deposits.	69.586	71,380
Other notes and	2,020,002	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Other notes and		
accts. receiv	243,113	427,325			
Accets, receiv	789,206	612,581		13 216 741	14,803,536
Mat'ls & suppl's		4.498.946			**1000,000
Prepd. ins int	0,000,000	1,100,010	tracts payable	3.514.871	
taxes, &c	534,340	468.985	Deprec. & deple.		78,522,114
Bals, in closed	004,040	100,000	Crude & ref. oil	00,712,015	10,022,112
banks		14.599	price chge.res.	5,414,426	6.370,724
		14,000		143,720	151.097
Notes & accts.	145 010	107 157	Injuries & dam.		
rec., not curr_	145,819	137,157	Other reserves	2,000,600	1,317,032
Advances to per-			Min. stockhldrs.		00 000 001
sonnel	28,951	36,006	int. in sub.cos.	22,678,293	22,282,631
Unamort. debt			Surplus	89,711,959	85,277,274
disct. & exps.	3,937,484	4,913,442			
Other def. chges.	806,538	529,846			
The State of the S		-			

Total......512,899,481 489,347,679 Total......512,899,48 x Represented by 750,000 no par shares.—V. 145, p. 2545. __512,899,481 489,347,679

Erie RR.—Appointment of Trustees Approved—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on May 2 ratified the appointments of Charles E. Denney and John A. Hadden as trustees of the property of the Erie company.—V. 146, p. 3012.

Eureka Mining & Milling Co.—Registration Withdrawn-See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 1073.

Eureka Vacuum	Cleaner	Co.—E	arning	78-	
Quar. End. Mar. 31-	1938	1937		1936	1935
y Net profitShares capital stock (par	loss\$68,213	x\$59,3	320	\$82,913	\$68,994
\$5) outstanding Earnings per share	240,395		395 .25	240,545 \$0.34	
& Before surtax on un &c.—V. 146, p. 1240.	distributed	profits.	y After	taxes,	depreciation,

Fairbanks Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-3 Mos. Ended March 31—
y Operating profit—
Depreciation of plant and equipment—
Interest on serial gold notes—
Miscellaneous credits (net)—
Estimated Federal income taxes x10.300

\$8,358 prof\$60,292 x No deduction for surtax. y After charging manufacturing, selling, administrative and idle plant expenses and provision for bad debts, but before charging depreciation of plant and equipment.—V. 146, p. 3012.

Fairchild Aviation Corp.—Backlog Rises— Corporation announced that unfilled orders as of March 31, 1938, were \$1,544,191, as against \$1,147,502 a year ago, and \$1,363,738 as of Dec. 31, 1937, increases respectively of 34.6% and 15.7%.—V. 146, p. 2535.

1937, increases respectively of 34.6% and 15.7%.—V. 146, p. 2535.

Fall River Electric Light Co.—\$2,000,000 Bond Issue Awardet to First Boston Corp.—

Close bidding by a large number of investment firms featured the sale May 11 of \$2,000,000 first mortgage bonds, series A, due May 1, 1968 which were awarded to The First Boston Corp. on its bid of 102.10 for 3½% bonds.

The winning bid represented an interest cost basis to the company of only 3.0182%, believed to constitute a new low effective rate for 30-year corporate money. The second bid, for 3 ½s, represented an interest cost basis of 3.025% and the third best an interest cost of 3.0329%.

Proceeds of the present issue will be used by the company to retire on or before July 1, 1938 the \$2,000,000 first mortgage 5% bonds now outstanding, by redemption at 106. Following this retirement, the present issue of

\$2,000,000 of first mortgage 31/8, due 1968, will constitute the only funded indebtedness of the company. Capital stock outstanding has a par value of \$5,300,000.

Other bids for the issue on which the rate had been specified at not exceeding 31/8 were: First Boston Corp., 104.20 for 31/8; Lehman Bros., Graham, Parsons & Co., Arthur Perry & Co., and Burr, Gannett & Co., and Newton, Abbe & Co., Arthur Perry & Co., and Burr, Gannett & Co. and Newton, Abbe & Co., 101.4759 for 31/8; sor 103.9259 for 31/8; Estabrook & Co., F. S. Moseley & Co., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., R. L. Day & Co., and Putnam & Co., Hartford, 101.2399 for 31/8; or 103.6899 for 31/8; Coffin & Burr, Inc., and Whitting, Weeks & Knowles, Inc., 100.046 for 31/8, or 109.1589 for 31/8; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Chace, Whiteside & Co., Inc., Otis & Co., Edward Lowber Stokes & Co., and Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., 102.907 for 31/8; and Hornblower & Weeks, Paine, Webber & Co., Jackson & Curtis, and Tucker, Anthony & Co., 102.661 for 31/8; William Edmunds, 100.9585 for 31/8, or 105.75465 for 31/8.—

V. 146, p. 2691.

Farr Alpaca Co.—New President—
Arthur B. Chapin, a director of the company for nearly 15 years and with his family among the large stockholders of the company, has been elected President to succeed the late Frank H. Metcalf. Donald R. Green, associated with the company since 1919, and now Treasurer, has been elected to take Mr. Metcalf's place on the board of directors.—V. 146, p. 750.

Federal Mining & Smelting Co.—Earnings-

Period	1st Quar. of 1938	4th Quar. of 1937	
Tons of concentrates produced Tons of shipping product produced by		30,198	25,309
lessees	2,128	3,294	4,331
Net income after deprec. but excl. o profit on metal stocks sold & before deducting depl. & any Federal taxes	9		
on income Profit on metal stocks sold		x\$152,133	y \$662,820 232,684
Total zStocks of refined lead held at end of	\$157,511	\$152,133	\$895,504
quarter for future sale Cash and governments (at par) and short term marketable securities at	3,555 tons	744 tons	
end of quarter	\$040 088	\$1 003 480	\$2 000 460

end of quarter_______\$949,988 \$1,003,480 \$2,099,469 x Before deducting \$140,602 for options written off and year end adjustments. y Includes profit in amount of \$142,391 on investment sold. z In stating net income refined lead unsold is carried at cost.

Note—The above statement of earnings for quarter ended March 31, 1938, has been prepared from the books of account for the period covered and is subject to adjustment at the end of the year when the accounts are audited by independent auditors.—V. 146, p. 2849.

Special Meeting-

Special Meeting—
No action will be taken at special meeting called for May 11, 1938, on the proposed reduction of the capital of the company by retiring 3,527 shares of preferred stock owned by the company, and by calling for retirement and retiring all preferred stock outstanding, and for the reduction of the authorized capital stock.

Stockholders at a special meeting on May 27 will consider a proposal for the reduction of the capital of the company by retiring shares of preferred stock owned by the company and by drawing for retirement 5,505 shares of preferred stock by lot for retirement on June 30, 1938, at par, plus accrued and unpaid dividends.—V. 146, p. 2849.

Federal Water Service Corp. To Purchase Pref. Stock

of Subsidiary

Of Substatury—
The Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6 approved the acquisition by the corporation of 5,000 shares of \$6 cumulative 2d preference stock of West Virginia Water Service Co., a subsidiary. The stock will be acquired for \$300,000 payable in an initial instalment of \$100,000 and eight subsequent instalments of \$25,000 each. The Commission also declared effective a declaration covering eight promissory notes each for \$25,000.—V. 146, p. 2365, 3012.

Federated Publications, Inc.—Pays 20-Cent Dividend—Company paid a dividend of 20 cents per share on the common stock vtc on May 5 to holders of record April 27. This compares with 25 cents paid on Dec. 28, last, Oct. 2, last, and each three months previously.—V. 142, p. 4339.

Fifth Avenue & 28th Street Realty Co., In:—Earnings
The company showed operating income of \$69,730 for 1937, compared
with \$44,892 in 1936 and \$30,836 in 1935, it is reported in an operating
study of the property prepared by Amott, Baker & Co., Inc.
The percentage earned by the property on its outstanding \$1,750,000 of
first mortgage 6½% bonds, before depreciation and mortgage interest, was
3.32% for 1937, as against 2.07% for 1936 and 1.34% in 1935.
The property, which has been operated by a trustee since late in 1933,
was assessed for 1937 at \$1,625,000 and is reported in excellent physical
condition. On Feb. 1, 1938, it was approximately 86% occupied. Disributions at the rate of \$25 per \$1,000 bond have been made on Oct. 29,
1935, May 1, 1937 and March 1, 1938 out of funds on hand with the trustee.
No plan has been announced as yet for reorganization of the property,
but title is held by the trustee for benefit of the bondholders.—V. 141,
p. 2434.

p. 2434.

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.—Acquisition—
This company has purchased Andrews-Alderfer Co., a small Akron company manufacturing "contralastic" rubber thread, and will move its operations to the new Firestone plant at Fall River, Mass. This marks entry of Firestone into the elastic rubber thread field which has been dominated many years by United States Rubber Co., manufacturers of "lastex" thread. Rubber thread is made from latex or rubber in water suspension.

Firestone is concentrating manufacture of latex products at Fall River plant which was purchased last year. The plant is located on the water-front where latex can be landed direct from company's Liberian plantations.—V. 146, p. 1709.

(M. H.) Fishman Co., Inc. - Sales-

Period End. Apr. 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 8360,791 \$272,954 \$1.020,329 \$965,286 Company had 38 stores in operation, against 35 stores a year ago.-146, p. 2365.

Florida Power Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings-12 Months Ended March 31-

Operating revenue (electric)	\$3,244,084 1.534.624	\$2,924,140 1,131,617
Maintenance	238,670	237,936
Provision for retirements Provision for taxes	241,861	
Operating incomeOther income (net)	\$949,814 101,747	\$1,143,959 51,497
Gross income	400,000 119,942 79,782	\$1,195,456 554,672 32,291 55,873 64,863 Cr1,342
Balance of income_ Dividends on preferred stock	\$337,747 222,124	\$489,098 222,124
Balance	for Federa	l surtax on

Follansbee Brothers Co.—Plan Extended—
Judge R. M. Ginson, in U. S. District Court, signed an order extending confirmation of the plan of reorganization of Follansbee Brothers Co. until

Aug. 5, 1938. The purpose of the order is to allow the company to complete financing arrangements.—V. 146, p. 1074.

Formica Insulation Co	-Earnings-		
Quar. End. Mar. 31— 1938 x Net incomeloss \$11,965 y Earnings per share Nil x After depreciation and Federal capital stock.—V. 146, p. 3013.	1937 \$41,178 \$0,23	1936 \$38,161 \$0.21 y On 180,0	1935 \$29,765 \$0.16 000 shares

Fort Worth & De Calendar Years— Freight revenue——————————————————————————————————	\$6,910,911 677,553	y Ry.—Ea 1936 \$5,464,428 605,024 8,773	rnings— 1935 \$4,244,121 449,831 779,974	1934 \$4,510,505 416,806 723,032
Total oper, revenue— Maint, of way & strue— Maint of equipment— Traffic— Transportation— General Miscellaneous— Transp. for invest.—Cr	\$7,404,759 646,200 1,111,814 218,580 2,263,413 63,904 357,938	\$6,078,225 530,552 989,673 223,002 1,898,994 380,469 55,863 4,242	\$5,473,927 528,435 888,993 198,132 1,881,004 346,948 48,344 7,162	\$5,650,343 427,644 823,287 193,204 1,796,456 417,445 30,832 3,742
Operating expenses	\$4,656,817	\$4,074,311	\$3,884,695	\$3,685,126
 Net revenue Tax accruals, &c	\$2,747,942 357,668	\$2,003,914 408,949	\$1,589,232 28,585	\$1,965,217 341,856
Operating income Hire of equip. (net)—Dr. Jt. facil. rent (net)—Dr_	\$2,390,274 293,676 215,719	\$1,594,965 150,882 232,511	\$1,560,647 149,721 230,287	\$1,623,361 131,301 252,704
Net oper. income Non-Oper. Income—	\$1,880,879	\$1,211,572	\$1,180,639	\$1,239,356
Inc. from lease of road Miscell. rent income Misc. non-op. phys. prop		668 9,578 2,096	$11,020 \\ 353$	668 11,992
Inc. from funded securs_ Inc. from unfunded secs.	31,359	48,118	72,208	97,284
and accounts Miscellaneous income	423 439	303 541	$^{437}_{3,233}$	11,797 932
Gross income	\$1,925,913	\$1,272,876	\$1,268,559	\$1,362,029
Deductions— Rent for leased road Int. on funded debt Int. on unfunded debt Amortization, &c	724,988 327,957 3,502 121,305	726,379 436,144 3,760 80,742	725,545 456,181 3,553 121,691	724,756 465,279 7,259 218,532
Net profit	\$748,161	\$25,851	def\$38,412	def\$53.798
~	~			

Gaylord Container Corp.—Earnings-

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31, 1938

Net profit after deprec., deple., Federal & State income taxes.

Earns. per share on 539,221 shs. common stock (par \$5).....

—V. 145, p. 3654.

General Foods Corp.—Transfer Agent—
The Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co. has been appointed transfer agent for 150,000 shares of \$4.50 cumulative preferred stock, no par value.—V. 146, p. 3014.

General Motors Corp.—A pril Car Sales—The company on May 9 released the following statement:

April sales of General Motors cars to dealers in the United States and Canada, together with shipments overseas, totaled 109,659, compared with 238,377 in April a year ago. Sales in March were 109,555. Sales for the first four months of 1938 totaled 407,930, compared with 677,577 for the same four months of 1937.

Sales of General Motors cars to consumers in the United States totaled 103,534 in April compared with 198,146 in April a year ago. Sales in March were 100,022. Sales for the first four months of 1938 totaled 329,456, compared with 538,839 for the same four months of 1937.

Sales of General Motors cars to dealers in the United States totaled 78,525 in April, compared with 198,522 in April a year ago. Sales in March were 76,142. Sales for the first four months of 1938 totaled 275,376, compared with 536,713 for the same four months of 1938 totaled 275,376, compared with 536,713 for the same four months of 1938 totaled 275,376, compared with 536,713 for the same four months of 1937.

Total Sales to Dealers in United States and Canada Plus Overseas Shipment 1938 1937 1936 1935

January February March April May June July August September October November December	94,267 94,449 109,555 109,659	103,668 74,567 260,965 238,377 216,654 203,139 226,681 188,010 82,317 166,939 195,136	158,572 144,874 196,721 229,467 222,603 217,931 204,693 121,943 19,288 90,764 191,720 239,114	98,268 121,146 169,302 184,059 134,597 181,188 167,790 124,680 39,152 127,054 182,754 185,698
Total		2,116,897	2,037,690	1,715,688
Sales to	Consumers	in United St	ates	
January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	1938 63,069 62,831 100,022 103,534	1937 92,998 51,600 196,095 198,146 178,521 153,866 163,318 156,322 88,564 107,216 117,387 89,682	1936 102,034 96,134 181,782 200,117 195,628 189,756 163,459 133,804 85,201 44,274 155,552 173,472	1935 54,105 77,297 126,691 143,909 109,051 137,782 108,645 127,346 66,547 68,566 136,589 122,198
		1,594,215	1.720,213	1,278,996
January	1938 56,938 63,771 76,142 78,525	in United State 1937 70,901 49,674 216,606 180,085 199,532 162,390 187,869 157,000 58,181 136,370 153,184 108,232	1936 131,134 116,762 162,418 187,119 194,695 186,146 177,436 99,775 4,669 69,334 156,041 197,065	1935 75,727 92,907 132,622 105,159 152,946 150,863 139,121 103,098 22,986 97,746 148,849 150,010

Total 1,680,024 1,682,594 1,370,934 Unit sales of Chevrolet, Pontiac, Oldsmobile, Buick, La Salle and Cadillac passenger and commercial cars are included in the above figures.—V. 146, p. 3014. 1,370,934

General Reinsurance Co.—Registration Withdrawn-See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 1398.

General Outdoor Advertising Co., Inc.—Earnings-

Quar. End. Mar. 31— 1938 Operating revenues \$2,796,864 Operating expenses 2,727,694	\$2,460,473	\$2,313,589	\$2,238,770
	2,509,048	2,351,800	2,350,992
Loss from operation_prof\$69,170	\$48,575	\$38,211	\$112,222
Miscellaneous income14,543	30,508	15,912	12,136
Gross loss	\$18,067	\$22,299	\$100,085
	236,385	231,769	256,628
	2,155	2,866	3,311
Net loss \$177,880	\$256,607	\$256,934	\$360,024

General Steel Castings Corp.—New Vice-President— C. W. Whitehead has been elected Vice-President in charge of sales and E. G. Hallquist was elected Vice-President in charge of engineering.—V. 146, p. 2693.

General Telephone Corp.—Gain in Phones—
This corporation reports for its subsidiaries a gain of 1,968 companyowned telephones for the month of April, 1937. The gain for the first four
months of 1938 totals 4,712 telephones (exclusive of purchases) or 1.29%
as compared with a gain of 9,301 telephones, or 2.78% for the corresponding
period of 1937.
The subsidiaries now have in operation a total of 368,125 company-owned
telephones.—V. 146 p. 3014.

Georgia & Florida RR.-Earnings-

	-Week End.	April 30-	-Jan. 1 to A	pril 30-
Operating revenues	1938	1937	1938	1937
	\$23,300	\$26,573	\$332,444	\$443,703

Georgia Power & Light Co.—Earnings-| 12 Months Ended March 31— | 1938 |
Total operating revenues	\$1,118,680
Operating expenses	668,001
Maintenance	80,068
Provision for retirements	181,991
Federal income taxes	3,387
Other taxes	92,006

Balance of income__ loss\$75,809 \$38 887 Note—No provision is made in this statement for Federal surtax on undistributed profits, if any, for the year 1938.—V. 146, p. 1399.

Greyhound Corp.—Earnings—

Comparative Statement of Earnings of Greyhound Corp., Including Equity in Undistributed Net Income or Loss of Associated Companies

Chaisi to atou 14th 1 httomis of 1		nths-	-12 Mos
Period Ended March 31— Income—dividends	1938 \$235,141 30,316	1937	1938 \$4,900,549 121,716 46,460
Total	\$268,996 65,962	\$80,927 50,885 5,625	\$5,068,725 297,936 19.031 76,253 130,000
Net income b Equity of Greyhound Corp. in bus companies Other companies	\$202,434 Dr24,423 7,665	\$24,418 273,452 14,642	\$4,545,505 134,678 87,908
Combined	Dr\$16,758	\$288,094	\$222,587
c Total	\$185,676	\$312,512	\$4,768,092

a Before income tax, of Eastern Greyhound Lines of New England (a division of Greyhound Corp.). b Combined net income of associated companies, based upon interests owned at the end of each period, after deducting dividends received. c Representing net income of Greyhound Corp. for the period and equity in undistributed net income or loss of associated companies. d Based upon stock outstanding at end of each period.

,	Combined Comparative Income Statem	ent_(Associa	ted Greyhour	d Bus Cos.)
	Period Ended March 31— Operating revenues Operating expenses Depreciation	1938 \$9,151,262	$nths = \frac{1937}{1937} \\ \$8,452,705 \\ 7,134,576 \\ 577,183$	-12 Mos 1938 \$45,750,235 33,347,242 3,624,679
	Net operating revenueOther income	\$487,901 31,688	\$740,946 24,027	\$8,778,313 444,016
	Total income	65,992 $141,707$	\$764,973 33,943 143,676	\$9,222,329 207,159 1,555,788 104,886
	Miscellaneous deduction	9,117	50,457	122,038
	Gamble of mat Income	6200 772	2526 006	Ø7 999 450

Combined net income. \$302.773 \$536.896 \$7,232.459

Note—The foregoing statement, for comparative purposes, includes the operations of Eastern Greyhound Lines of New England, a division of the Greyhound Corp.

Effective Jan. 1, 1938 the Interstate Commerce Commission prescribed a system of accounts for motor carriers which differs slightly from that previously used. In the above statement the operating revenues and expenses shown for the two quarterly periods conform to the new classification; for the 12 months ended March 31, 1938, only major items have been adjusted.

Equity of The Gre	eyhound Corp).	
——3 Months——			-12 Mos
Period Ended March 31—	1938	1937	1938
Equity of the Greyhound Corp. in the above combined net income, based upon interests owned at the end of			
each period Dividends received from associated	\$213,657	\$326,427	\$4,963,970
bus companies, incl. net inc. of Eastern Greyhound Lines of New			
England, a division of the Grey- hound Corp	238,080	52,974	4,829,292
Net equity of the Greyhound Corp. in combined undistributed net			

in combined undistributed net income of associated bus com-panies, based upon interests owned at the end of each period_loss\$24,423 \$273,452

owned at the end of each period. _ loss\$24,423 \$273,452 \$134,678 Note—No provision has been made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits in the quarterly periods. The deduction shown for such surtax for the 12 months ended March 31, 1938 is applicable to the calendar year 1937. Due to the seasonal nature of the business, earnings for the first quarter of the year are usually materially less than the average of the last 3 quarters. This being an interim period, the results as now reported are subject to audit and any necessary year-end adjustments relating to reserves, inventories, &c. This statement is issued on the best information available

to the Greyhound Corp. solely for the information of the holders of securities of the Greyhound Corp. and not to induce the purchase or sale of any such securities and shall not be used for such purpose.—V. 146, p. 1877.

(W. T.) Grant Co.-Sales-

Period End. Apr. 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 Sales—V. 146, p. 2694.

Great Northern Paper Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 13 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, both payable June 1 to holders of record May 20. An extra of 12 cents was paid on March 1 last; one of 63 cents was paid on Dec. 1 last; one of 12 cents was paid on Sept. 1 last; one of 13 cents was paid on June 1, 1937, and extra dividends of 12 cents were paid on March 1, 1937 and on Dec. 1, 1936.—V. 146, p. 1076.

Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.—To Pay \$1 Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, no par value, payable June 1 to holders of record May 13. A similar payment was made on Feb. 16 and on Dec. 1 last and compares with a quarterly dividend of \$1.50 per share and an extra dividend of 25 cents per share paid each quarter from Sept. 1, 1931 to and including Sept. 1, 1937.—V. 146, p. 3015.

Gulf States Utilities Co.—Earnings—

	Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance	\$498,521 212,014 34,885	mth—1937 \$439,348 204,413 27,325 53,982	\$6,617,326 2,552,266 320,511	Mos.—1937 \$5,940,059 2,554,014 266,971
	Net oper. revenues	\$186,059	\$153,628	\$3,015,766	\$2,602,744
	Non-oper. income (net)_	Dr322	9,409	14,092	157,448
100000	Balance Int. & amortization	\$185,737 81,256	\$163,036 82,118	\$3,029,859 973,345	\$2,760,192 1,117,371
	BalanceAppropriations for retirem	\$104,480 ent reserve	\$80,918	\$2,056,514 748,728	\$1,642,821 753,951
	BalancePreferred dividend requirements			\$1,307,786 567,184	\$888,870 567,183
	Balance for common div	idends and s	urplus	\$740,602	\$321,686

Balance for common dividends and surplus.... \$740,002 \$321,086 a No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits for 1938 since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year. Note—Effective Jan. 1, 1937, the company adopted the new system of accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission, which differs in certain respects from the system the company previously followed, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 146, p. 3016.

Hackensack Water Co.—New Director—
Garret G. Ackerson has been elected a director filling vacancy caused by death of Elmer Blauvelt.—V. 146, p. 2853.

Hayes Body Corp Period End. Mar. 31— Gross Costs		os.)—Ear os.—1937 \$587,178 598,858	1938—12 1 \$2,276,122	Mos.—1937 \$2,027,171 2,015,814
Operating lossOther income	\$48,528 243	\$11,680 6,350	prof\$17,111 6,266	prof\$11,357 14,944
Loss	\$48,285 3,710 16,704 1,712 282	\$5,330 2,905 16,030 1,676 179	12,271 66,090	prof\$26,301 11,269 116,917 6,136 513
Net loss	\$70,693	\$26,120	\$63,398	\$108,534

Hecla Mining Co.—Earnings—

Quar. End. Mar. 31-	1938	1937	1936	1955
Gross income	a\$485,935	a\$1,151,363	\$499,939	\$309,710
Operating expenses	273,573	364,480	211,070	210.519
Taxes accrued	b 43,305		13,960	22,600
Depreciation	37,440	38,412	24,438	19,592
Depletion of ore bodies.	79,614	119,660	73,812	66,882
Net profit	\$52,004	\$519,585	\$176,660	loss \$9,882
Earns, per sh. on 1,000,-				

000 shs. cap. stk. outstanding (par \$0.25) - \$0.05 \$0.51 \$0.17 Nil a includes other income of \$16,919 (\$212,199 in 1937). b Contains no provision for undistributed profits tax.

Directors decided to take no action on the payment of a dividend at this time. A distribution of 10 cents per share was made on the 25-cent par capital stock on March 15, last dividends of 25 cents were paid on each of the three preceding quarters; a dividend of 20 cents was paid on March 15, 1937 and on Dec. 18, 1936, and regular quarterly dividends of 15 cents per share were paid on Aug. 15, 1936 and each three months prior thereto.—V. 146, p. 915.

Hercules Motors Corp.—Earnings—

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— x Net profit————————————————————————————————————	1938 \$6,440	1937 \$177,696	1936 \$111,438	· 1935 \$95,644
shs. com. stk. (no par)	\$0.02	\$0.57	\$0.36	\$0.30
x After depreciation, tax distributed profits.—V. 14	es, &c., but	before pro	vision for sur	tax on un-

Honolulu Rapid Transit Co., Ltd.—Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31-				1938-3 Mos1937		
Gross rev. for transpor. Operating expenses	\$112,423 75,886	\$93,890 64,754	\$323,193 220,603	\$260,912 183,770		
Net rev. from transp Rev. other than transp	\$36,537 1,674	\$29,136 2,791	\$102,591 5,313	\$77,141 11,203		
Net rev. from oper	\$38,212 11,093 1,666 16,971 <i>Dr</i> 137 10	\$31,927 8,421 12,359 Cr21 239	\$107,904 33,101 5,000 50,914 Dr137 894	\$88,345 24,898 16 37,077 <i>Cr</i> 151 239		
Net revenue	\$8,353	\$10,929	\$17,857	\$26,264		

Holy Family Convent of Franciscan Sisters of Christian Charity, Manitowoc, Wis.—Bonds Offered—B. C. Ziegler & Co., West Bend, Wis., are offering \$250,000 3½%-4% 1st mtge. serial bonds (Good Samaritan Hospital, Zanesville, Ohio). The 3½% bonds are offered at par and int. and the 4% bonds at 101 and int.

The bonds dated March 1, 1938 are due serially, \$2,500 semi-annually March 1, 1940 to Sept. 1, 1949 and \$200,000 on March 1, 1950. Serial maturities to March 1 1943 carry a 3½% coupon and the balance carry a 4% coupon. First National Bank, West Bend, Wis., trustee and registrar, Principal and int. payable (M. & S.) at the office of the trustee. Both principal and interest of these bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America. Bonds are in coupon form in denom. of \$1,000 and \$500 and \$100, registerable as to principal. Redeemable at option of the corporation, and upon not less than 30 days notice as follows: 1% if red. on or prior to March 1, 1943; ½ of 1% if red. after March 1, 1943, and

on or prior to March 1, 1948 and no premium if red. after March 1, 1948. The net proceeds will be used to pay and retire certain promissory notes of the corporation, to liquidate the cost of constructing and equipping a new laundry and power house building for Good Samaritan Hospital, Zanesville, Ohio, now under construction, and for other corporate purposes. Bonds are the direct obligations of the corporation and are secured by a valid and direct, closed, first mortgage on the real estate, buildings, and other property of the corporation known as the Good Samaritan Hospital, Zanesville, Ohio.

The Cummunity of The Holy Family Covent of Franciscan Sisters of Christian Charity now numbers 692 professed Sisters, 47 novices, and 37 postulants. 406 Sisters are actively engaged in school work. Sisters of the Order conduct 71 parish schools.

Hudson Bay Mining & Smelting Co., Ltd.—To Pay 75-Cent Dividend—

The directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the capital stock, payable June 27 to holders of record May 27. This compares with \$1 paid on Dec. 10, last; 75 cents paid on June 28, last, and dividends of 50 cents paid on Dec. 21, and June 29, 1936, and on Dec. 16, and Aug. 31, 1935, this latter being the initial distribution on the issue.—V. 146, p. 2854.

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings—

Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	1938— <i>Mo</i> \$7,337,321 17,099	nth—1937 \$7,324,362 17,089	1938—3 M \$21,497,492 51,976	\$21,300,337
Operating revenuesOperating expenses	\$7,320,222 5,216,065	\$7,307,273 4,871,852	\$21,445,516 15,218,336	\$21,248,669 14,135,224
Net oper. revenues Operating taxes	\$2,104,157 1,181,045	\$2,435,421 1,167,043	\$6,227,180 3,531,794	\$7,113,445- 3,493,025
Net oper. income Net income —V. 146, p. 2854.	\$923,112 765,573	\$1,268,378 1,108,259	\$2,695,386 2,193,794	\$3,620,420 3,114,457

Imperial Oil, Ltd.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 37½ cents per share in addition to the regular semi-annual dividend of 25 cents per share on the capital stock, both payable June 1 to holders of record May 18. Similar distributions were made on each dividend date in the three preceding years. An extra dividend of 15 cents per share was paid on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1934.—V. 145, p. 3347.

Income Estates of America, Inc.—Registers with SEC-See list given on first page of this department.—V. 145, p. 282.

Indiana Harbor Belt RR.—Earnings—

Period End. Mar. 31—Railway oper. revenues_Railway oper. expenses_	1938—Mo: \$727,531 512,962	\$1,011,258	1938—3 A \$2,063,391 1,550,891	#2,775,292 1,769,786
Net rev. from ry.oper_Railway tax accruals Equip. jt. facil. rents	\$214,569 64,194 63,993	\$407,784 89,224 85,415	\$512,500 183,517 197,438	\$1,005,506 238,280 229,888
Net ry. oper. income_ Other income	\$86,382 2,947	\$233,145 2,149	\$131,545 8,964	\$537,338 6,169
Total income Misc. deduct. from inc Total fixed charges	\$89,329 3,076 37,367	\$235,294 3,207 37,845	\$140,509 9,186 112,070	\$543,507 9,797 113,699
Net incomeNet inc. per sh. of stock_	\$48,886 \$0.64	\$194,242 \$2.56	\$19.253 \$0.25	\$420,011 \$5.53

International Harvester Co.—New Vice-President—
Fowler McCormick, formerly Second Vice-President in charge of foreign sales, has been elected Vice-President in charge of manufacturing to succeed C. R. McDonald, who is retiring June 1 after 43 years service. L. P. Thayer, director of foreign sales, has been named Vice-President and will continue in charge of foreign sales. E. A. Brittenham, manager of foreign sales, has been named director of foreign sales.—V. 146, p. 1402.

International Mining Corp.—Dividend Action Deferred—Directors at their recent meeting decided to defer action on the common dividend until May 25. A dividend of 15 cents per share was paid on March 21, last. See V. 146, p. 1077 for detailed record of previous payments.—V. 146, p. 2855.

Total income______\$14,831,534 \$16,944,696 \$11,972,301 Adm. & gen. expense_____ 430,190 \$418,990 \$445,464 Provision for taxes_____ 2,091,590 \$2,897,674 \$1,498,314 Int. paid and accrued_ Prov. for deprec., depl., &c., reserves_____ 2,195,990 \$1,913,075 \$1,641,735 \$7,674,277 357,243 939,707 71,618 1,388,079 Net profit......\$10,113,765 \$11,714,957 \$8,386,787 \$4,917,627 Surplus being, of period 70,950,662 59,896,144 44,176,488 30,990,016 Total surplus \$81,064,427
Preferred dividends 483,475
Common dividends 7,289,085
Trans. to retire.syst. res.
Surplus end of period \$73,291,868
Shs.com. st.out. (no par) 14,584,025
Earnings per share after
preferred dividends \$0.66 \$71,611,100 483,475 7,289,085 1,500,000 \$52,563,276 483,475 3,644,542 \$35,907,643 483,475 2,186,725 \$62,338,541 \$48,435,259 \$33,237,443 14,584,025 14,584,025 14,584,025 \$0.77 \$0.54 Consolidated Balance Sheet Mar. 31,'38 Dec. 31,'37 Mar. 31,'38 Dec. 31,'37 receivable 8,738,836 8,609,041
Gov. securities 393,624 454,880
Cash 50,609,126 48,871,396
Insur. & other prepaid items 240,612

International Petroleum Co., Ltd.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular semi-annual dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock, both payable June 1 to holders of record May 20. Similar payments were made on each dividend date in the three preceding years. The company on June 1 and Dec. 1, 1934 paid semi-annual dividends of 56 cents per share and extra dividends of 44 cents per share. Regular quarterly dividends of 28 cents per share were distributed to and including March 15, 1934.—V. 145, p. 3658.

International Power Securities Corp.—Accum. Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$3 per share on account of accumulations on the no par \$6 cum. pref. series A stock, payable June 17 to holders of record June 1. This compares with \$2 paid on Dec. 15, last;

\$3 paid on June 15, 1937; \$4 paid on Dec. 15, 1936; \$2 June 20, 1936; \$3 paid on Dec. 30, 1935; \$2 on June 15, 1935; \$3 on Dec. 31, 1934; \$2 on June 15, 1934; \$3 on Dec. 15, 1933 and \$2 on June 15, 1933.—V. 145, p. 3975.

Interstate Bakeries Corp.—Earnings—
16 Weeks Ended— Apr. 23, 1938 Apr. 24, 1937
let profit after all charges other than Federal income taxes.—\$142,098 \$52,612
-V. 146, p. 2210. \$52.612

International Telephone & Telegraph Corp.—Annual

International Telephone & Telegraph Corp.—Annual Report—
Subsidiary Company Financing—During 1937 the United River Plate Telephone Co., Ltd., operating in Argentina, authorized an issue of 25-year floating charge debendure bonds in the aggregate principal amount of Argentine pesos 100,000,000, or the agreed equivalent to principal amount of Argentine pesos 100,000,000, or the agreed equivalent of the principal amount of the sake at the then existing rates of exchange was approximately \$30,000,000 and bonds. The U. S. dollar qualent of the principal amount of the sake at the then existing rates of exchange was approximately \$30,000,000 floated flore of the original issue, three series aggregating Argentine pesos 94,876,000 in principal amount were underwritten by banking groups for distribution in Switzerland, Sweden and Argentina, respectively. Out of the net proceeds of this financing, the United River Plate Telephone Co., Ltd., provided for the redemption on April 8, 1938 of its outstanding 300,000 of debenture stock, liquidated its \$1,000,000 short-term bank indebtedness and applied the balance to reduce its indebtedness to International Telephone & Telegraph Corp. and its subsidiaries. The remainder of such indebtedness was liquidated through the subscription by International Telephone & Telegraph Corp. to Argentine pesos 5,000,000 and the subscription by International Englishment of the Ababa mentioned bonds and 1,800,000 par was not of Plate Company.

Graph S. 1937 the corporation purchased from certain New York banks an aggregate of \$20,882,160 of notes payable by certain of its subscription of \$13,662,160. Subsequently these notes were reduced by \$3,959,593 to \$9,672,567 at Dec. 31, 1937 and were renewed on Jan. 1, 1938 and are again renewable on July 1, 1938 to a maturity date of Jan 1, 1938 and are again renewable on July 1, 1938 to a maturity date of Jan 1, 1938 and are again renewable on July 1, 1938 to a maturity date of Jan 1, 1939. In addition, cash in the amount of \$37,661,100 was outstandin

Consolidated Income Acco	1937	1936	1935
Sales of mfg. & sales companies— CustomersAffiliated operating companies	\$75,494,041 6,803,276	\$60,044,358 6,467,578	\$51,061,759 5,016,805
Totala_Cost of goods sold	\$82,297,317 61,119,479	\$66,511,936 49,515,239	\$56,078,564 42,241,603
Gross profit on sales Operating revenues—Telephone Cable revenues Radio revenues	\$21,177.838 32,476.363 5,019,224 662,514	\$16,996.697 26,750,786 4,656.562 612.779	\$13,836,961 25,622,812 4,383,539 480,126
Total	\$59,335,941 1,003,942 928,250 2,356,258	\$49,016,824 1,062,193 831,002 c 2,010,199	\$44,323,438 1,631,086 630,329 2,187,989
Total gross earningsOper., selling & gen. expenses	23,778,100 Cr7774,867 4,822,002 441,960	cCr662,121 4,573,578 457,846	\$48,772,842 19,852,499 <i>Cr</i> 536,249 4,546,211 419,195
profits Other (incl. foreign taxes on divs. and foreign income taxes) Provision for uncellectible accounts Provision for depreciation Amort, of intang, assets segregated Loss on foreign exchange—net	436,544 8,161,503 182,064	155,075 5,226,755 596,627 7,813,726 137,656 192,001	4,327,448 773,766 6,739,686 80,424
Net earnings after depreciation Charges of subs.—Int. on funded debt Amort. of bond disct. & expense Int. charges in respect of inter-co. de-	111.094	\$13,598,053 1,226,037 65,494	\$12,569,860 1,401,337 68,946
Int. charges in respect of inter-co. de- mand notes of subs. endorsed by I. T. & T. Corp. to N. Y. banks.— Other interest charges. Int. charged to construction—Credit. Divs. on pref. stock of subs. outst'g in	509,918 552,052 183,552	932,555 324,017 151,271	1,105,802 377,269 86,577
hands of public (incl. cum. pref. divs. accrued but not declared) Minority com. stockholders' equity in	685,630	693,166	680,885
net income—net——————————————————————————————————	235,856 223,635 511,237	196,404 21,561 511,237	144,297 43,901 511,237
Net income before deducting int. on debenture bonds. Int. on 25-year 4½% gold deb. bonds Int. on 10-yr.conv. 4½% g. deb. bonds Int. on 25-year 5% gold deb. bonds.	\$16,005,799 1,575,000 1,694,651 2,500,000	\$9,778,852 1,575,000 1,694,749 2,500,000	\$8,322,762 1,575,000 1,694,749 2,500,000
Net income before income accrued from Spanish subsidiaries b Divs., int. and mgt. and service fees from Compania Telefonica Nacional	\$10,236,148	\$4,009,103	\$2,553,013
de Espana		99 222	3,234,398
Net income carried to surplus accts- a Including provision for depreciat in 1936 and \$2,443,425 in 1935. b have not been included in the finance 1936. c Revised figures.	on of \$2,80 The accoun	9,995 in 1937 ts of Spanish	, \$2,453,356 subsidiaries

Income Account (Parent Company Only) for Calendar Years 78 1936 \$6,377,875 8,686 1,768,086 197,936 10,040 Dividends—Subsidiaries \$5,876,050
Other 2,966
Interest—Subsidiaries 2,052,290
Other 374,165
Other income 8,695 \$8,314,166 1,990,214 of 125,000 178,809 125,000 \$8,362,624 2,175,291 100,000 260,705 Total gross earnings_____ 91,327 1,190,170 17,373 \$3,834,868 \$3.627.474 \$1,147,924 935,382 \$2,632,421 \$2,083,306 Total general expenses, taxes, deprec., &c.-net_ \$995.053 \$1.751.561 Net earnings
Interest to subsidiaries
Interest to notes payable to New York banks
Other interest charges
Amortization of bond discount and expense
Interest on 25-year 4½% gold debenture bonds
Interest on 10-year conv. 4½% gold deb. bonds
Interest on 25-year 5% gold debenture bonds \$7,319,113 157,195 16 to New York banks 204,064 19,571 liscount and expense 511,237 % gold debenture bonds 1,575,000 1,044,651 1,694,651 1,694,651 1,694,651 1,694,650 \$6,611,062 102,459 21,561 511,237 1,575,000 1,694,749 2,500,000 Net income carried to earned surplus account... \$657.394 \$206.055 | Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 ____558,612,962 518,300,969 Total ____558,612,962 518,300,969 a For the acquisition or retirement of International Telephone & Telegraph Corp. 10-year convertible 4½% gold debenture bonds due Jan. 1, 1939. b For redemption of £285,076 principal an ount of United River Plate Telephone Co., Ltd., debenture steck. c Less reserve of \$1,380,897 at Dec. 31, 1937, and \$1,478,176 at Dec. 31, 1936. d Represented by 6,399,002 no par shares at stated value of \$20 per share. e In subsidiaries consolidated. f To banks. g Of subsidiaries due within one year. Balance Sheet Dec. 31 (Parent Company Only)
1937
1936
Labitities
\$
Capital stock 127 980. Balance Sheet Dec. 31 (Parent Company Onty)

1937 1936

v. to
soll.257,022,796 254,080,832
v. to
ubs. 63,164,260 62,986,551
v. to
subs. 10,438,009 10,394,343
v. to
sl. & to
s 1936 Assets— Inv. in & adv. to subs. consoli... 84,260 122,466 759 178,493 Sund. cur. assets Total _____408,566,261 394,431,059 ____408,566,261 394,431,059 a See footnote a on consolidated balance sheet. b Less reserve of \$2,321,-as at Dec. 31, 1937, and \$967 as at Dec. 31, 1936. c See footnote (d) on consolidated balance sheet.—V. 146, p. 1879. International Power & Paper Co. of Newfoundland, Ltd. (& Sub.)—Income Account, Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937— Net sales_______\$7,401,295
Cost of sales and expenses, including charge for excess tonnage,
and after deducting miscellaneous income________5,527,231 Gross profit______ Net profit on exchange_____ \$1,874.063 15,493 \$1.889.556 Total_ Interest on first mortgage bonds, \$310,356; debenture and other interest, \$844,892; depreciation and depletion, \$754,220; bond discount and expense, \$15,540____ Balance deducted from surplus______ Surplus beginning of period_______ Adjustment during 1937______ \$35,451 2,263,712 Cr174,508 Surplus end of period_____

Total \$49,312,649 Total \$49,312,649 a And open accounts receivable from International Paper Sales Co., Inc., for sales of newsprint to them (less reserve).—V. 144,p. 3840.

International Ry. Co. (Buffalo)-Earnings International Age of March 31—

Total revenue.
Maintenance
Power operation
Conducting transportation
General including accidents.

Taxes.
Gross income
Interest.
Rentals, transfer taxes, &c.
Amortization of discount.
Depreciation.

Deficit. \$287,130 259,613 7,839 15,190 316,652 \$449,648 251,291 7,149 14,578 286,134

\$312,166

12 Months Ended March	31—		1938	1937
Gross revenue			\$1,783,815	\$1,676,460
Operating expenses Administrative and general			296,375	282,623
Administrative and general	expenses.		282,215	258,052
Maintenance			85,508	67,300
DepreciationOperating taxes	• • • • • • • • • •		99,440 293,457	$102,000 \\ 271.333$
Net operating revenues_ Interest revenues			\$726,819 54,022	\$695,150 38,291
Green components in come				
Gross corporate income.			\$780,841	\$733,441
Interest on long-term debt	on dobt		215,437	309,744
Amortization of premium Taxes assumed on interest	on dept		Cr7,756	Cr2,582
Other interest charges			3,080	6,228
Other interest charges Interest charged to constru			64,230	47,487
Interest charged to constru	ction		Cr1,834	Cr2,478
Income taxes—Federal			39,851	738
Amortization of debt disco				9,416
Net income			\$467,833	\$364,888
Common stock dividends			100,000	100,000
Preferred stock dividends			133,890	133,890
		et March 31		
1938	1937		1938	1937
Assets— \$	\$	_Liabilities—		\$
Total fixed capital_10,653,795		Com. capital s	tk_ 1,715,94	
Misc. investments 1,000	1,000		k 2,000,000	2,000,000
Cash 45,051	66,015		5,745,000	5,745,000
Special deposits 1,200	1,200			
Working funds 735	900	Accounts paya	ble_ 28,859	59,230
Accts.receivable 1,147,427	1,179,323	Dividends decla		62,500
Int. & divs. rec 103,550	65,621	Customers' der		3 100,771
Acer. utility rev 56,000		Taxes accrued.	109,44	65,375
Mat'ls & supplies_ 143,468	71,333	Interest accrue	d 71.815	71.812
Prepayments 20,673	18,039	Deferred credit	s 265.53	7 272,051
Other current and		Reserves	1.177.42	
accrued assets 497	91	Contrib. in aid		
Deferred debits 1,662,757	2,181,030	construction	183,75	189.245
Reacq'd cap. stk 14,800	14,800	Earned surplus		
			13,850,95	-

Calendar Years—	1937	1936	1935	1934
Gross sales less discounts returns & allowances_ Cost of goods sold	Not reported	Not reported	\$2,564,224 1,537,883	\$1,955,346 1,219,797
Gross prof. from sales_		\$1,483,874	\$1,026,341	\$735,549
Selling, gen'l & admin., &c., oper. expenses	802,651	• 680,030	575,721	440,543
Operating profit Non-oper. income (net)_	\$1,441,801 58,682	\$803,843 499,354	\$450,619 153,348	\$295,005 183,721
Profitdob_discount	\$1,500,484	\$1,303,197	\$603,968	\$478,726
Int. exp., deb. discount and expense, &c Prov. for Fed. income tax Prov. for Fed. surtax	$3,560 \\ 213,000 \\ 21,000$	$\substack{40,163 \\ 156,500 \\ 6,500}$	120,825 27,000	149,535 11,800
Net profitEarns. per sh.on cap.stk.	\$1,262,924 \$3.33	\$1,100,035 \$3.01	\$456,142 \$1.31	\$317,390 \$0.92
Cons	olidated Balo	nce Sheet De	c. 31	
Assets- 1937		Liabilities-		1936
Cash \$254,71 Notes, contracts & accts. rec., after	4 \$486,341	Payable for control purchases, Accrued exp	&c \$251,07	8 \$257,499
	7 542,105	incl. Fed'l		4 268,850
Inventories 1,368,17 Other curr. assets	0.005	Self ins. res., men's com		1
Instalments on cus-		Long-term de		288,000
tomers' contr'ts_ 30,21		Capital stock	2,160,129	2,083,542
Certif. of deposit 25,00	0 25,000	Paid-in surpl	us 414,699	
Investments in and			1,926,346	
advances to al- lied and subs 138,99	7 104.304	reas. stock.	c Dr1,053,083	aD7109,854
Misc. receipts and	1 104,504			
secur.investm'ts	18,467			
b Fixed assets 1,444,46	1 1,311,309			
Patents, &c., at				
	1 1	Section 1		
Prepaid exps. and deferred charges 47,58	7 67,101			

ance for depreciation, cost of 8,996 shares of capital stock restored to status of unissued shares, \$109,853, and divs. paid, \$943,229.—V. 146, p. 2856.

ance for depreciation, cost of 8,799 snares of capital stock restored to status of unissued shares, \$109.853, and divs. paid, \$943,229.—V. 146, p. 2856.

Jersey Coast Ferry Co.—Review of Decision by New York Court Sought—Franchise Held Illegal—

Executors of Elizabeth H. Stanton's estate and holders of securities of the company on May 5 asked the U. S. Supreme Court to review a decision of the New York Supreme Court denying them, they said, the return by New York City of certain securities.

In a brief filed with the Court the complainants asserted that a ferry franchise granted to them by New York City in 1922 was illegal because it violated the Interstate Commerce clause of the constitution and contravened an interstate compact of 1834 giving to New Jersey exclusive jurisdiction over certain waters between Staten Island and New Jersey. They said also that the lease violated the New York-New Jersey agreement vesting the Port of New York Authority with complete jurisdiction over any transportation facilities in the area.

The franchise of 1922 authorized operation of a ferry from Tottenville to South Amboy. As bond for performance of the lease Elizabeth H. Stanton deposited securities worth \$25,140 with the Controller of New York City. Subsequently these securities were held in trust as security for notes aggregating \$89,000 sold to the public and which the brief says are now involved in the controversy. The notes were to be redeemed from interest on the deposited securities.

A few months after the lease was granted New York City started to build a terminal at Tottenville, but shortly afterward abandoned all construction. Apparently this was because two bridges across the Arthur Kill were in prospect. These were subsequently built at a cost of \$16,-000,000, New York City concentrating on this project and abandoning the ferry scheme.

The brief stresses that the bridge legislation supervenes anything authorized previously, and argues that the deposit must be returned.

Jewel Tea Co., Inc.—Sales—
Company reports that its sales for the four weeks ending April 23, 1938, were \$1,824.511 as compared with \$1,777,991 for parallel weeks in 1937, an increase of 2.62%.
Sales for the first 16 weeks of 1938 were \$7,319,658 as compared with \$6,960,386 for a like period in 1937, an increase of 5.16%.—V. 146, p. 2539.

J-M Consolidated Gold Mines, Ltd.—Listing-

The Toronto Stock Exchange has admitted 3,000,000 shares of capital stock, \$1 par, to the list.

Jonas & Naumburg Corp.—To Withdraw Registration and Listing-

Jonas & Naumburg Corp.—To Withdraw Registration and Listing—

Corporation on May 9, 1938 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in Washington, D. C. a written notification of withdrawal from registration of the corporation's capital stock, with the result that the listing of the stock on the New York Curb Exchange will thereafter be terminated pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The decision to withdraw registration was reached by directors after careful consideration.

At the time of the original registration in 1935, corporation determined that the public disclosure of certain data required in the registration application would in fact be detrimental to the interests of the corporation and to its stockholders and confidential treatment thereof was applied for. This data concerned the corporation's business activities and had nothing to do with questions of officers' salaries, bonuses, stock options or the like, which should be and have been disclosed to stockholders. After a hearing in Washington before a Trial Examiner of the Commission, the Commission evidently agreed that the disclosure of the information would be detrimental to the interests of the corporation and its stockholders. The corporation's application was granted with respect to a part of the information for which confidential fries of the Commission and was not publicly disclosed. As to the balance of the information for which confidential fries of the Commission and was not publicly disclosed.

Under date of April 28, 1938, orders were entered by the Commission denying the corporation's application and directing that the information be made available to the public after the lapse of 15 days from the dispatch of notice of the Commission's determination. This second alternative of appealing to the Commission, the corporation shall file with the Commission withen notification of withdrawal from registration of the that ta appears from the applicable rules of the Commission that if such an appeal were dete

Kansas City Southern Ry.—New Directors—
Elbert G. Bennett of Ogden, Utah, and Percy J. Ebbott of New York were on May 10 elected new directors of the railway. Both are bankers. They displace J. A. Nixon of Omaha, Neb., a business man, and Kenneth D. Steere of New York, a broker.
William J. Sinek of Chicago, a former member, was elected to the board to fill a vacancy.—V. 146, p. 2696.

Kansas City Stock Yards Co.—Dividend Reduced— The company paid a dividend of \$1 per share on its common stock on May 2. Previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1.50 per share had been distributed.—V. 140, p. 976.

Keystone Utilities, Inc.—To Dissolve—
Company, a subsidiary of NY PA NJ Utilities Co., sub-holding company in the registered holding company system of Associated Gas & Electric Co., has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an application (File 56-1) under the Holding Company Act for approval of the sale of all its assets to NY PA NJ Utilities Co. These assets consist of all the common stock of Bradford Electric Co. of Pa., and following the sale the applicant will be dissolved.

The application is the first under the recently promulgated Rule 12D-1, referring to the sale of utilities securities or assets.

w West Floatrie Co -Farminge-

Key West Electri			1000 10 34	1027
Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1938—Mont \$14,460 4,798 1,156 1,543	\$12,785 4,503 1,055 1,826	1938—12 M \$156,188 54,772 9,912 a19,381	\$146,049 58,230 8,233 20,762
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income (net)_	\$6,963 Dr427	\$5,400 Dr270	\$72,123 Dr1,269	\$58,824 6,031
Balance Int. & amortization	\$6,535 1,880	\$5,130 2,065	\$70,854 24,639	\$64,855 26,288
Balance Appropriations for retirem		\$3,064	\$46,215 19,882	\$38,567 20,000
Balance Preferred dividend require	ements		\$26,333 24,374	\$18,567 24,374
Balance for common div	vidends and si	urnlus	\$1.959	def\$5.806

a Includes \$5,555 Federal income taxes, of which \$2,880 is Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Note—On Jan. 1, 1937 changes were made in accounting procedure, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 146, p. 3019.

Knickerbocker Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.—Sale—
The Knickerbocker Hotel, nine-story structure at Tennessee Avenue and the Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J., once known as Youngs and later as the Alamac, was sold at auction May 6 to the City Bank Farmers Trust Co. of New York for \$250,000. The bank holds a \$2,067,650 judgment against the property, including a \$1,750,000 mortgage.

Earnings for 12 Months Ended March 31, 1938

Net income after depreciation, interest, amortization, Federal income taxes, &c., but before surtax on undistributed profits Earnings per share on 100,000 shares common stock.

-V. 146, p. 2697.

(S. S.) Kresge Co.--Sales-

Period End. April 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 Sales——\$12,595,644 \$11,198,996 \$41,574,675 \$43,025,399 During April, company had 737 stores in operation of which 681 were American and 56 Canadian. A year previous stores in operation totaled 730 with 679 American and 51 Canadian.—V. 146, p. 2857.

(S. H.) Kress & Co.—Sales— Sales for the month of April were \$6,671,157, an increase of \$271,548, or Sales for the month of April were \$6,671,157, an increase of \$271,548, or 4.2%. Sales for the four months ending April 30 were \$23,241,132, a decrease of \$1,309,412, or 5.03%.—V. 146, p. 2375.

Kresge Department Stores, Inc.—Annual Report-

Years Ended Jan. 31— Net sales ————————————————————————————————————	1937 \$5,127,177 4,992,166	1937 \$5,500,279 5,175,136	\$4,776,082 4,655,112	\$4,223,129 4,200,078
Operating profit	\$135,011	\$325,143	\$120,970	\$23,051
Other income	34,146	51,266	82,974	107,880
Total income Depreciation Interest paid Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	\$169,157	\$376,409	\$203,944	\$130,931
	31,699	27,456	26,811	29,312
	234	1,560	2,895	2,825
	a 28,680	a 57,921	37,408	12,800
Net profit Preferred dividends	\$108,545 80,996	\$289,473 244,040	\$136,829	\$85,993

a Includes surtax on undistributed profits.

Note—1936 earnings include operations of Palais Royal, Inc., for period from Feb. 1, 1936, to Aug. 31, 1936, date of dissolution. Consolidated Balance Sheet Jan. 31

Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
a Furniture, fixt.,			8% pref. stock	\$256,080	\$1,220,280
equipment, &c.	\$357,199		4% preferred stock		
Land	75,292	75.292	b Common stock_	250.864	243,525
Improve. to leased		id and an	Accts. pay., &c	201,143	388,369
properties		44.849	Res. for Fed. inc.		
Sundry investm't.		8,526	tax	39,324	62,938
d Inv. in The Fair	1.498,000	1.498,000	Unearned int. on		
Inventories	680.589	799,035	instalm't accts_	25,701	25,893
c Accts. receivable			Earned surplus	274,931	247,382
Cash		555,425	Capital surplus	1,909,075	2,355,664
Deferred charges		17,534			
			The same of the sa		

Total.....\$4,359,069 \$4,544,051 Total.....\$4,359,069 \$4,544,051 a After reserve for depreciation of \$207,607 in 1938 and \$180,328 in 1937. b Represented by shares of \$1 par value. c After reserves of \$70,000 in 1938 and \$60,000 in 1937. d 166,500 shares of common stock....V. 146, p. 2374.

Kreuger & Toll Co.—Appeals Court Subordinates Claims

Kreuger & Toll Co.—Appeals Court Subordinates Claims of Participating Debentures—

The U. S. Court of Appeals on May 9 affirmed unanimously a decree of the District Court under which more than \$41,000,000 participating debentures and American certificates will fail to share in the assets. The decision subordinated their claim to those of other creditors.

A statement by Edward S. Greenbaum, trustee of Kreuger & Toll, said that the decision "makes it probable that the American bankruptcy of Kreuger & Toll will shortly be wound up." The last report by the trustee stated that \$1,600,000 was on hand for distribution, which would be made as soon as the status of American certificate holders had been determined. They will not share in the final dividend, it was said.

The opinion was written by Circuit Judge Martin Manton and concurred in by Judges A. N. Hand and Harrie B. Chase. Lee, Higginson Trust Co., as trustee, and certain individual holders of Kreuger & Toll American certificates made the claim that they were entitled to share in the estate on a par with other creditors.

This was resisted by the Marine Midland Trust Co., as trustee for the Kreuger & Toll 5% secured sinking fund gold debentures, which contended that the claims of participating debentures and American certificate holders were subordinate on the basis of clause 6 of the participating debenture, which provided that in the event of liquidation the participating debentures were to be redeemed out of the company's assets before distribution to shareholders "but after all other debts of the company have been paid."

There was no reason for limiting clause 6 to voluntary liquidation. Subordination to the general creditors of the participating debentures

would be meaningless in a solvent corporation and thus the argument is unsound that it applies only where the company is solvent. The Bankruptcy Act requires that assets of the debtor be liquidated and applied to the payment of debts. That is liquidation within the meaning of clause 6 as the Swedish Court held.—V. 146, p. 2697.

Lane Bryant-Sales-

 Period End. April 30
 1938
 Month
 1937
 1938
 4 Mos
 1937

 les
 \$1,321,382
 \$1,387,075
 \$4,468,389
 \$4,835,005

 Sales_____V. 146, p. 2375.

Langendorf United Bakeries, Inc.—Initial Pref. Div.— Directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share the new 6% preferred stock, par \$50, payable June 15 to holders of record ay 25.

on the new 6% preferred stock, par \$500, par about May 25.
May 25.
A regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share was declared on the new \$2 class A stock likewise payable June 15 to holders of record May 25.
An initial dividend of like amount was paid on April 15, last.—V. 146, p. 2375.

Lefcourt Realty Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936 \$47.147 prof\$7.977 \$37.656 \$17.152

Lehman Corp.—Balance Sheet March 31—

	1938	1937	1938	1937	
Assets-	S .	S	Liabuities— \$	\$	
xSecur. owned	51,165,595	65,115,292	Capital stock b1,999,174	y3,362,905	
Cash	1,134,121	6,034,797	Dividens payable. 520,395	z3,441,775	
xU.S. Govt. sec	ur.17,241,750	3,677,410	Payable for securi-	The ball	
xInv. in real est.	1,025,688	2,509,036	ties purchased	368,304	
Real estate loan	8 &		Reserve for accru'd	To State State	
equities		1		2,219,284	
Misc. loans & in	vs. a8,375	39,974	Res. for accr. man-		
Receivable for	se-		agem't compen.	406,044	
curities sold		785,120	Capital surplus 83,673,396	81,739,884	
Divs. receivable			Profit & loss def 16,059,561	13,046,403	
interest accru	ed_ 307,465	330,162	the Character of the Control of the Control		
				70 401 700	
Total					
- At cost	w Represent	od by 600	193 no par shares exclu	ding 1.768	

x At cost. y Represented by 690,123 no par shares, excluding 1,768 shares held in treasury, at cost of \$87,710. z Includes \$2,925,509 special dividend payable April 7, 1937. a Miscellaneous investments only. b Par \$1 after deducting 5,304 shares held in treasury, at cost of \$87,710. The income statement for the three months ended March 31 was published n V. 146, p. 2375.

Lerner Stores Corp.

Period End. April 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—3 Mos.—1937 les______\$3,763,748 \$3,267,846 \$8,730,558 \$8,910,976 V. 146, p. 2540.

Lessings, Inc.—E	Earnings— 1938 \$145,947	1937 \$157,561	1936 \$104,426	1935 \$146,897
Cost of sales, oper. and general expenses	138,425	145,703	90,552	144,306
Profit from operations Other income	\$7,522 546	\$11,857 460	\$13,873 Dr167	\$2,591 726
Total income Loss from sale of bonds	\$8,068	\$12,317	\$13,707	\$3,317 210
Prov. for Federal and State taxes	1,475	2,450	2,700	585
Net income Dividends paid	\$6,593 4,500	\$9,867 4,500	\$11,007 4,578	\$2,522
Balance Earnings per share —V. 146, p. 1404.	\$2,093 \$0.07	\$5,367 \$0.11	\$6,429 \$0.36	\$2,522 \$0.08

(Edgar P.) Lewis & Sons, Inc.—Registration Withdrawn See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 2375.

See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 2375.

Libby, McNeill & Libby—Refunding Plans—
Officers and directors, it is understood, are again giving serious study to proposals for refunding the present mortgage debt, after a lapse of nearly three years since the time when a proposed issue was withdrawn.
A proposal for offering \$12,500,000 of new bonds at a maximum of 4% rate to refund a 3% premium \$10,312,000 of 5% mortgage bonds was authorized in 1935 but abandoned in August of that year when the directors took the view that the terms offered by a syndicate together with a softened market were unsatisfactory.—V. 146, p. 918.

Lit Brothers (& Subs.)—Balance Sheet Jan. 31-

	1938	1937	Landa de la constante de la co	1938	1987
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities-	8	. \$
Cash	839,480	852,295	Accounts payable_c	1,316,958	1,429,012
Accts. receivable-			Accrued accounts_	289,361	296,889
After res've for			Res. for income		
doubtful	5.088.179	4.821.972	taxes	190,996	342,556
Inventories	2,330,823		1st mtge. instal.		
Marketable securs	45,927	106,425		134,000	134,000
Other assets			Res. for reded. of		
Affiliated co. (50%		201,000	trading stamps.		
owned)		84,977	&c	376,613	456,213
a Prop., fixtures &			Mtges. on land and		
equipment	13.672.704	13,871,465		6,457,000	6,591,000
Goodwill	1.046,783	1,046,783	Deferred income	130,865	103,747
Deferred charges	252.846	276,069	6% pref. stock	9,640,300	9,840,353
Deterred ondings			b Common stock	999,145	999,145
			Earned surplus	4,043,404	3,863,923
m	22 570 642	24 056 838	Total	23 578 643	24.056.838

a After reserve for depreciation of \$3,620,330 in 1938 and \$3,360,477 in 1937. b Represented by 999,145 shares no par, after deducting 855 shares held in treasury. c Including \$22,308 accounts payable to affiliated companies.—V. 146, p. 602.

Liquid Carbonic	Corp.	Earnings—	1029 6 M	os.—1937
Period End. Mar. 31— Net sales Profit before charges Dividends received	1938 - 3 M $$4,199,620$ $423,167$ $30,038$	\$3,684,494 370,516	\$7,575,664 670,297 42,080	\$6,609,776 635,818 8,400
Total income Interest Depreciation U. S. & Can. income tax	\$453,205 42,769 183,605 20,952	\$377,345 4,386 163,944 32,091	\$712,377 77,769 355,137 23,769	\$644,218 4,569 320,921 39,148
Social Security tax and group insur. prem	89,137	50,014	153,498	88,577
Net profit Earns, per sh. on cap.stk.	\$116.742 \$0.16	\$126,910 \$0.18	\$102,204 \$0.14	\$191,003 \$0.27

Lockheed Aircraft Corp.—April Deliveries—
Deliveries of twin-engined commercial airplanes for the month of April totaled 10 planes, with a dollar value of \$764,000, a gain of 30% over the \$531,000 delivered in the same month last year.

Deliveries for the first four months of 1938 totaled 36 planes valued at \$2,560,000, compared with deliveries of \$1,676,000, or a gain of 35% over the first four months of 1937.

According to company officials, 80% of April deliveries were Lockheed Model 14s, the company's largest model. Planes of this type are now being built for Trans-Canada Airplanes, Northwest Airlines, British Airways, Royal Dutch Air Lines, Rumanian Air Lines, Royal Netherlands Indies Airways and other transport companies and private operators throughout the world.

Backlog of unfilled orders on the company's books as of April 30 last was \$4,694,000. This compares with \$2,972,000 as of the same date a year ago.—V. 146, p. 2858.

Loft, Inc. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

 Quarter Ended March 31—
 1938
 1937
 1936

 Sales
 \$1,966,287
 \$2,571,828
 \$2,574,939

 xNet loss
 195,545
 143,719
 307,658
 x After depreciation, amort, and setting up reserves for taxes and other charges.—V. 146, p. 2375, 2047, 1880.

Louisiana & North West RR.—Reorganization—
The ICC has authorized Jonah J. Goldstein, Arthur M. Whitehill. and
K. Belcher to serve as a protective committee for holders of first
mortgage 5% gold bonds.—V. 146, p. 2858.

Lower St. Lawrence Power Co.-Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31-	1938-Month-1937		1938-3 Mos1937	
Operating revenue Operating expense Other income	\$24,232 11,776 489	\$20,535 9,415 336	\$74,816 34,648 682	\$68,234 31,403 789
Net revenue	\$12,945 4,200 5,711 588	\$11,456 4,200 5,910 414	\$40,851 12,640 17,133 1,619	\$37,621 12,600 17,452 1,066 800
Net income	\$2,446	\$132	\$9,499	\$5,703
Laujeville Cas &	Flectric ('a (K)	(& Suba)	Famo

Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Ky.) Year Ended March 31— Operating revenues Operating expenses, maintanance and taxes	1938 \$10,999,279	1937 \$10,098,482
Net operating revenue (before appropriation for retirement reserve)	\$5,510,523 223,525	\$5,120,411 332,653
Net operating revenue and other income (before appropriation for retirement reserve) Appropriation for retirement reserve Amortiz, of contractual capital expenditures.	\$5,734,048 1,181,000 37,000	\$5,453,064 1,181,000 37,000
Gross income	\$4,516,048 1,069,194 160,197	\$4,235,064 1,221,088 142,696
curred during 1937 Other income deductions	312,500 19,333	14,888
Net income Dividends on preferred stock	\$2,954,823 1,595,000	\$2,856,392 1,595,000

Net income

S2,994,823	\$2,800,392
Dividends on preferred stock	1,595,000
1,595,000	1,595,000
1,595,000	1,595,000
1,595,000	1,595,000
1,595,000	1,595,000
1,595,000	1,595,000
247,516	
Notes—(1) The above figures for the 12 months ended March 31, 1937	
have been adjusted to reflect \$55,730 of additional taxes applicable to the period of 1936 included therein, paid in 1937 and charged to surplus. (2) No provision was made by the company for Federal or State Income taxes or for surtax on undistributed profits for the year 1936 as the company claimed as a deduction in its Federal and State income tax returns for the year 1936 the unamortized discount and expense and redemption premium and expense on bonds redeemed in 1936 which resulted in no taxable income for that year. During the period from pan. 1, to Aug. 31, 1936, the company made provision for Federal income taxes in the amount of \$271,400 which was reversed over the period from 5ept. 1 to Dec. 31, 1936. During the period from Jan. 1, to Nov. 30, 1936, the company also made provision for State income taxes in the amount of \$90,060 which was reversed during December, 1936. Also provision made for the year 1937 was reduced as a result of deductions to be made in income tax returns for losses resulting from the flood in Louisville during January and Feb., 1937. No surtax on undistributed profits was incurred by the other companies consolidated herein for 1936. No provision for surtax on undistributed profits during 1937 or 1938 is included in the above statement as it is estimated that no such surtax will be incurred by the company or its subsidiary companies for those years.—V. 146, p. 3020, 2540.	

Lowell Gas Light Co.—Earnings-

	14 mar 177 mar 17	Land Control of the Control	0		
12 Months Ende Gross operating re Operating expense	evenues		\$	1938 745,608 600,178	1937 \$748,323 615,353
Net operating in Non-operating inc	ome		8	145,430 12,710	\$132.970 9,064
Interest on long-te Interest on other of Prov. for retireme Amortization of do Int. of indebtedness	erm debt. debt ents and r ebt discou	eplacemen	ts	158.140 42.750 9,582 42,136 600 Cr1,145	\$142,035 42,750 11,243 30,355 600 Cr1,526
Net income Dividends on com	mon stock			\$64,217 121,924	\$58,613
And the second	E	Salance She	et March 31		
Assets-	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
Property, plant, equipment, &c_\$			Long-term debt Consumers' meter	\$950,000	\$950,000
Due from Amer.	-10-10-0-	40,102,1200	& ext. deposits.		47.850
Utilities Assoc		52,248	Notes pay., bank.	30,000	117.000
Invest. in Public Util. Manage't			Notes pay., other_ Liab. for mdse. in-	65,000	27,500
Corp	4,760	4,760	stall. accts	71.779	
Long-term appli-			Accounts payable_	54.758	144.861
ance contracts	36,992	42,103	Acer. int. on long-		,
Cash in banks and			term debt	3.562	3.563
on hand	10,133	13,329	Accr. int. on other	12 17	
Accts. receivable	197,278	186,112	debt	739	5,424
Mdse., materials &	101 000		Accr. taxes, local,		
supplies	125,236	187,608	State & Federal	32,599	33,488
Insurance deposits	5,470	3,717	Other current and		
Deferred charges	39,013	31,578	accrued liabil	5,117	5,088
			Unadjusted credits		1,500
	40.00		Reserves	802,642	787,932
			Com. stock (par		
* . * .			TOTAL DOODE (PAI		
			\$25) Earned surplus	1.524.050	1,524,050 577,337

Luscombe Airplane Corp.—Stock Offered—Public offering of 155,160 shares of common stock (par \$0.50) was made May 9 at \$1.25 per share by a group of dealers headed by Eugene J. Hynes & Co. The public offering of 155,160 shares is subject to prior subscription by officers, directors and present stockholders of not more than 59,997 shares. The stock is offered as a speculation The stock is offered as a speculation.

Corporation has agreed, upon request of the underwriters, to make application to the New York Curb Exchange and (or) the Chicago Board of Trade to list these shares.

Transfer Agent—Corporation Trust Co., 16 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

Transfer Agent—Corporation Trust Co., 16 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

History and Business—Corporation was organized in New Jersey on April 12, 1937. Corporation is a reorganization of the Luscombe Airplane Development Corp. which was organized in New Jersey on April 17, 1935. The Luscombe Airplane Development Corp. was the incorporation of a proprietorship called Luscombe Airplane Co. which was engeged in the research and preliminary development of metal aircraft.

The company, whose plant is located at Mercer Airport, West Trenton, N. J., produces the first metal airplanes for civilian use in the popular priced field, and the first civilian airplanes to be manufactured from machine made, die cut components, which offer continuing manufacturing economies as production increases, the prospectus states. The parts, according to the prospectus, are largely standardized and interchangeable among the three models now being produced, "thus eliminating large inventories, idle time and heavy machine overhead." Distribution of the three models now being produced at West Trenton is achieved through a dealer organization, with a quota of 344 planes, covering the major territories of the United States. Company believes that its standardized, interchangeable parts method of production, with consequent ease of assembly anywhere, will facilitate export business, the prospectus states.

D. A. Luscombe, President of the company, formerly was Vice-President and General Manager of Mono Aircraft, Inc. and Lambert Aircraft Engine Co., and directed the design of the first small cabin plane for private use to be put into production. Frederick J. Knack, Vice-President, formerly was structural design engineer for the Douglas Aircraft Cop. and assistant Chief Engineer of Bellanca Aircraft Corp.

Directors include George B. Cluett, II, of Troy, New York and Hiram R. Mallinson.

Purpose—From the first proceeds—estimated—to be applied as received: Liquidation of current liabilities, \$15,000; materials for inventory increase, \$54,000

Ludlum Steel Co.—Merger Planned— See Allegheny Steel Co., above.—V. 146, p. 3021.

Manhattan Towers Hotel—Sale Adjourned— The sale of the property scheduled for May 11 by order of the Supreme Court has been adjourned to May 20.—V. 140, p. 977.

Manhattan Ry.—Committee to Intervene—
Federal Judge Patterson on May 12 permitted a bondholders protective committee headed by Van S. Merle-Smith, to intervene in proceedings for the filing of an answer to company's petition to reorganize under Section 77-B. The committee, which according to its petition represents holders of \$16,138,000 of the \$40,683,000 outstanding consolidated mortgage 4s was formed April 5.

formed April 5.

Hearings on Tax Sale—
Citing the dangers involved in the mounting total of taxes outstanding against the company's properties, Boykin S. Wright, counsel for the first mortgage bondholders' committee, urged Federal Judge Robert P. Patterson at a hearing May 6 to approve the proposed plan for liquidating the arrears through sale of the Sixth Avenue line to the city for \$12,500,000, \$8,623,000 of which would immediately be repaid to the city for back taxes penalties.

Tax liens are currently being advertised by the city for sale on June 30 next. The attorney said that in order to prevent foreclosure of the liens thereafter the company will have to pay all interest accruing thereon, plus current taxes as they fall due, the total ranging between \$1,900,000 and \$2,400,000 annually.—V. 146, p. 3021.

Maritime Investment Corp.—Registration Withdrawn—See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 282.

Market Street Rv.—Granted Fare Increase—

Market Street Ry.—Granted Fare Increase—
The California Railroad Commission has granted the company authority to establish a cash fare of seven cents or tokens at four for 25 cents, the new fares to be put into effect within 30 days after May 29, which is the effective date of the Commission's order.

Earnings for 12 Months Ended March 31 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 |

P. 2000.				
Marlin-Rockwell	Corp. (&	Subs.)-1	Earnings-	
Quar. End. Mar. 31— Gross earnings Depreciation Expenses, &c	1938 \$274,966 17,730 125,174	1937 \$574.881 18,300 128,973	1936 \$404,196 23,700 112,366	1935 \$350,144 38,685 100,172
BalanceOther income	\$132,062 20,459	\$427,608 17,225	\$268,130 23,099	\$211,287 18,627
Total income Other charges Federal taxes	\$152,521 2.111 *22,672	\$444,833 2,446 x68,445	\$291,229 2,731 43,435	\$229,914 8,837 30,923
Net profitCommon dividends	\$127,738 169,622	\$373,942 169,622	\$245,063 169,622	\$190,154 169.622
SurplusShares com. stock out-	def\$41,884	\$204,320	\$75,441	\$20,532
standing (par \$1) Earnings per share	339,245 \$0.37	339,244 \$1.10	339,244 \$0.72	339,745 \$0.56

x No metion is made as to whether or not provision for Federal surtaxes on undistributed profits has been included in this item.—V. 146, p. 2698.

Michigan Bell Te	elephone	Co.—Earr	nings-	
Period End. March 31- Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev		*3,358,231 6,972	1938—3 M \$9,885,177 50,888	fos.—1937 \$9,741,477 24,192
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$3,320,887 2,262,109	\$3,351,259 2,073,459	\$9,834,289 6,599,726	\$9.717,285 5,869,988
Net operating reves Operating taxes	\$1,058,778 408,521	\$1,277,800 427,695	\$3,234,563 1,226,024	\$3,847,297 1,275,008
Net operating income_	\$650,257	\$850,105	\$2,008,539	\$2,572,289
Net income	\$606,408	\$837,785	\$1,873,051	\$2,497,471

-V. 145, p. 3200.

Metropoli	tan Edia	on Co	-Earnings-	_	
Years Ended I	Dec. 31-	1937	1936	1935	1934
Operating reven	ues\$1	2.812.163	\$12,220,869	\$11,046,914	\$10,606,658
Operating expen	ses	5,063,029	4,589,194	4,219,445	3,215,072
Maintenance		842,889	1,135,456	1,059,871	1,109,014
Prov. for retiren					
newals & repla			1 100 000	1 004 100	1.750,000
of fixed capit	al	1,500,000	1,400,000	1,604,160	466,697
Federal income		568,923	413,715	360,047	417.527
Other taxes	<u>_</u>	1,154,108	705,096	786,481	
Operating inc			\$3,977,408	\$3,016,910	\$3,648,348
Other income		1,547,260	1,642,316	1,693,417	1,449,504
Gross income	9	5,230,474	\$5.619.724	\$4,710,327	\$5,097,852
Interest on fund		1,752,693	1,843,989	1,913,946	1,877,980
Int. on unfunde		51,715	72,672	62,125	43,540
Amortization of			100 510	117.235	116,998
Int. charged to		133,568	130,513	117,255	
tion (credit)_		2,328	196	3,004	70
Net income_	•	3.294.825	\$3,572,746	\$2,620,025	\$3,059,403
Preferred divide	ends	1,276,317	1,276,317	1,276,317	1,276,317
Common divide		2,370,000	2,490,000	2,109,000	2,860,000
			heet Dec. 31		
	1937	1936		1937	1936
Assets—	1937		Liabilities-	_ \$	\$
Plant, prop., &c.			Capital stock	35,353,63	0 35,353,630
Investments		21,606,839	Funded deb	t 40,615,90	0 40,615,900
Note rec. from	21,000,212	21,000,000	Note payabl		
affil. company	a442.361	393,311		b85,19	
Deps. for mat'd			Mat'd bond	int_ 70,34	1 71,599
bond int	70,341	71,599	Notes payab	le	810
Dep. with trus-			Accts. payab	le 490,42	
tees in lieu of			Taxes accrue	ed 1,545,59	4 1,256,080
M. prop. sold	3.064	12,010	Interest acc		
Special deposits.		605,628		uals 26,07	2 32,785
Cash (incl. work-			Consumers'		
ing funds)	787,619	437,828			4 390,293
Notes receivable	19,168	4,825			
Accts. receiv'le_	1,132,906	1,075,162			8 503,000
Int. & divs. rec_	207,088	212,465	Res. and mis		0 14 012 882
Mat'ls & suppl's	511,231	634,207		edits 15,590,88	36 14,813,663
Appliance accts.			Contribut'n		4 85,904
receivable sold	340,498				
Def. debit items	4,050,258	4,161,830	Corp. surpl		
Total	116 144 974	115 595 954			4 115.585.854
10041	110,144,0/4	110,000,00	- Includes as	agounta neve	ble -V 146
p. 2860.	ccounts rec	eivable.	o includes a	counts paya	JIC 1. 140
		T1 4 - 1 -	C- Fam	min an	
Michigan	Gas &	Liectric	Co.—Ear		1007

Michigan Gas &	Electric C	o.—Earn	ings—	
Period End. Mar. 31— Total oper. revenues Operating expenses	1938—3 Mo \$339,636 225,176	\$319,295 221,253	1938—12 A \$1,414,964 920,546	#1,305,155 \$1,305,155 851,458
State, local and miscel- laneous Federal taxes. Fed. normal income tax. Undistributed profits tax	27,089 5,045 See a	25,529 3,125	106,737 20,429 4,748	98,298 11,220
Net oper. incomeOther income (net)	\$82,325 921	\$69,389 1,726	\$362,502 7,014	\$344,179 5,153
Gross income Int. on long-term debt General interest	\$83,246 57,949 673	\$71,115 57,949 390	\$369,516 231,798 2,846	\$349,332 231,798 1,445
Amortiz. of bond disct.	* 4,575	4,575	18,300	18,300
Amortiz. of prior lien & pref. stk. comm. & exp Miscell. inc. deductions_	636 749	636 742	2,546 3,083	2,546 2,297
Net income	\$18,663	\$6,821	\$110.942	\$92,946

Midland Building, Chicago—Voting Trustees—
Evans A. Evans, Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago, has named Luigi Criscuolo of 40 Wall St., New York, one of the voting trustees of the 168 Adams Building Corp. of Chicago, which owns the Midland Building. The Midland Building is a 22 story building located in the financial district of Chicago. The corporation has been in process of reorganization for some time and an amended plan was filed on April 8, 1938, by the bondholders' protective committee of the 168 Adams Building Corp. and Midland Club first mortgage fee 6½% bonds due 1946, of which Mr. Criscuolo is Chairman.

The other members of the voting trust appointed by Judge Evans are: William E. Brown Jr., Ann Arbor, Mich.; William H. Haight, 1 North La Salle St., Chicago, Rajb T. Larrabee, Chicago; Ray W. Spindler, 4724 Greenwood Ave., Chicago.—V. 142, p. 2166.

Mid Plains Oil Corp.—Offering of Securities—An issue of \$500,000 5% income debentures and 25,000 shares of common stock were recently offered by Stern Brothers & Co. in units at \$1,000 for each \$1,000 principal amount of 5% income debentures and 25 shares of common stock.

The \$500,000 of debentures and 25,000 shares of common stock do not

income debentures and 50 shares of common stock.

The \$500,000 of debentures and 25,000 shares of common stock do not constitute a new offering by the corporation.

History and Business—Corporation was organized Oct. 15, 1937 in Delaware, was organized to take over the ownership of certain leases covering the production of both oil and gas from property located in the adjacent Hauschild, Theede and Wherry pools in Rice County, Kan., and to conduct the operations incident to the exploration for and production of oil, gas and other minerals on said leaseholds.

The leases assigned to the company on Oct. 20, 1937 and Nov. 12, 1937, cover approximately 3,900 acres of land, of which approximately 600 acres are producing or are considered as proven, of which approximately 2,600 acres are considered to be unproductive. There were, on Nov. 3, 1937, 22 producing wells, 2 wells in the process of drilling and 1 abandoned well located on the property covered by the company's leases.

In addition to the above producing leases, there have been assigned to the company leases, about 43 in number, covering property as yet non-producing which leases, in the opinion of such counsel, purport to cover an interest generally similar to that leased under the terms of the leases to the producing properties.

Caniulization—The authorized capital stock consists of 100.000 shares

generally similar to that leased under the terms of the leases to the producing properties.

Capitalization—The authorized capital stock consists of 100,000 shares of common stock (no par), all of which shares are issued and outstanding and are full paid and non-assesable.

The authorized funded debt of the company consists of \$5,000,000 of 5% income debentures—due Sept. 1, 1947, of which \$1,000,000 is outstanding, having been issued on Oct. 20, 1937.

The proceeds from the issue of \$1,000,000 5% income debentures and 100,000 shares of common stock, to the extent of \$526,732 (subsequently adjusted) were used to acquire the leases, 20 of the producing wells and the materials, equipment and tools. The balance of the proceeds received by the company is intended to be used in the ordinary course of doing business. Upon organization company issued to Stern Brothers & Co. \$500,000 of debentures and 50,000 shares of common stock.

Stern Brothers & Co., the underwriter of the securities offered 47,500 shares of such common stock, being 47.50% of the common stock sutstanding.—V. 145, p. 3977.

Midwest Refining Co.-Court Hears Stockholders' Views

After hearing arguments, Federal Judge John A. Peters at Portland, Me., May 7, ordered opposing counsel to file briefs in the attempt of a minority stockholders' group of the company to set aside action of a stockholders' majority in the sale of the company to the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana. The complainants charged that the sale, involving more than \$8,000,000, had not been fully considered and that they received "less than fair" treatment.—V. 145, p. 1265.

Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co. (& Subs.)—Earns. 12 Months Ended March 31— 1938 1937 Total operating revenues 30,206,700 \$29,281,779 Operating expenses 20,290,855 18,839,626 Taxes, other than income taxes 3,849,204 3,545,014 Provision for income taxes 544,401 698,551 Provision for surtax on undistributed income 143,172 206,264 Net operating revenues after depreciation____ \$5,379,017 Non-oper. rev., incl. net results of oper. of subs____ 111,229 \$5,992,323 117,050 Gross income \$5,490,246 Interest on funded debt 2,985,163 Amortization of bond discount and expense 146,590 Other interest charges 90,970 Interest during construction Cr14,477 Other deductions 605,717 \$6,109,374 3,051,775 147,841 90,437 Cr7,550 22,661 \$2.804.209

\$1,676,283

Minneapolis Brewing Co.—Earnings

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31, 1938

Gross profit from operations	\$372,911
Selling, delivery, administrative and general expenses	191,731
Doubtful accounts charged off	12,009
Interest paid	7.091
Miscellaneous income (net)	Cr4.453
Provision for depreciation	
Provion for normal income taxes	
Proviou for normal income taxes	
다 무슨이 그렇게 내용하게 하고 하게 얼굴하게 되었다고 살았다. 얼마 없는 이를 이름이 들어가면 하다.	883 680
Net profit	. \$00,000

Balance Sheet March 31, 1938

Assets—		Liabilities—	
Cash	\$292,803	Notes payable	\$53,329
Federal and State revenue		Trade acceptances	12.131
stamps on hand	50,991	Accounts payable, &c	484,119
a Notes and accts. receivable.	356,938	Containers in hands of custom-	
Inventories	297.416	ers paid for	120,015
Other assets		Long time liabilities	361.682
Other assets		Reserve for contingencies	
Deferred assets		Deferred income	
b Fixed assets			
		Capital stock	
		Capital surplus	1,117,842
		Earned surplus	767,033
Total	\$3,463,935	Total	33.463.935

Missouri & Arkansas Ry.-Notes-

The Interstate Commerce Commission on May 3 authorized the company o issue not exceeding \$80,066 of promissory notes to be delivered at par to he American Car & Foundry Co. as vendor in part payment for certain quipment.—V. 146, p. 2860.

Mississippi River Power Co.—Earnings—

[Including Missouri Transmission	Co.] 1938	1937
12 Months Ended March 31— Oper. rev. (electric) incl. gross charges under firm power contract. Operating expenses. Taxes, other than income taxes. Provision for income taxes.	\$4,034,304 1,367,706	\$4,071,087 1,391,281 260,535
Net operating revenues Non-operating revenues	\$2,115,374 120,433	\$2,183,714 118,776
Gross income	\$2,235,807 949,535 41,141 13,518 1,911	
보기가 하다 본다고 생각을 가려면 되었는데 하나를 하다 하나 없다. 이번 생각하다	£1 220 701	\$1 285 086

Notes—So far as can be determined the companies had no liability for surtax on undistributed income for the years 1936 and 1937 and no provision has been made for the 3 months ended March 31, 1938.—V. 146, p. 1718.

p. 1718.

Missouri Pacific RR.—New Director—
Four new directors of this railroad were elected on May 10 at the annual meeting of stockholders. Eight new directors of a subsidiary, the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Ry., were chosen at a meeting of stockholders in New Orleans.
The new Missouri Pacific directors are Walter W. Smith, Roy M. Farrar, R. Ward McGill, and Harold M. Stratton.
Two of them fill vacancies caused by the resignations of two Van Sweringen directors, John Sherwin Jr. and George A. Tomlinson. Two other directors, Fred G. Hilvert, and W. P. Weber, resigned for lack of time. Guy A. Thompson, trustee of the Missouri Pacific, voted proxies for 80% of the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico stock in bringing about reorganization of the subsidiary's board. The Van Sweringen directors replaced were Mr. Sherwin, Mr. Tomlinson, Leonard P. Ayers, D. S. Barrett, Alva Bradley, William Wyer, J. S. Pyeatt, and W. W. Reilly.
Their successors were F. P. Johnson, W. G. Vollmer, C. E. Perkins, John Cannon, R. C. White, P. J. Neff, T. T. Railey, and M. Eckert.—V. 146, p. 2860.

Montgomery Ward & Co.—Sales—

Montgomery Ward & Co.—Sales—

Period End. Apr. 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—3 Mos.—1937

Sales.——\$37,062,930 \$40,095,518 \$89,624,311 \$97,187,252

—V. 146, p. 2378

(Philip) Morris & Co., Ltd., Inc.—Files to Issue Preferred

(Philip) Morris & Co., Ltd., Inc.—Files to Issue Preferred and Common Stock—

Company on May 6 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-3885, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering 77,873 shares of \$100 par value cumul. conv. pref. stock, series A, and 77,873 shares of \$100 par value common stock, including scrip certificates for fractions of shares, and 519,151 full-share subscription warrants and fractional shares subscription warrants evidencing rights to subscribe for the preferred. The common stock is reserved for issue soley upon conversion of the new preferred.

The price to the public of the securities, the names of the underwriters and the estimated net proceeds are to be supplied by amendment.

No specific allocation of the proceeds has been made. The registrant stated that the proceeds will be applied to the extent necessary to pay in full notes held by banks. The aggregate amount of the company's bank loans on March 31, 1938, was \$8,850,000 and will, on June 1, 1938, amount to approximately \$7,500,000, the registrant said. Any balance of net proceeds will be added to the general working capital of the company.

O. H. Chalkley of N. Y. City, is President of the company.—V. 146, p. 2699.

gitized for FRASER

Morris Finance Co.—Earn	ings—		R . 2 . 1
3 Months Ended March 31— Gross income from operations Operating expenses	1938 \$96,560 23,711	\$178,640 61,182	\$176.125 68,756
Net income from operationsy Other income credits	\$72,848	\$117,457 4,547	\$107,369 1,520
Gross income	\$72,848	\$122,005	\$108,890
income & excess profit taxes	22,033	36,701	28,820
Net incomeCash dividends paid on pref. stockCash dividends paid on common stock	\$50,816 8,750 17,500	\$85,304 8,750 17,500	\$80,069 8,750 10,500
Surplus for the period	\$24,566 644,332	\$59,054 533,583	\$60,819 445,531
Gross surplus	×\$668,897	\$592,637	\$506,351

* Capital \$118,735; earned, \$668,897. y Includes proceeds from sales of securities not carried as an asset.

Note—No provision has been made for the surtax on undistributed profits for the three months ended March 31, 1938.

	Conder	sed Balane	ce Sheet March 31		
	1938	1937	Liabilities-	1938	1937
on deposit	\$776,841	\$747,154	Coll. trust notes		
es receivable	3,475,288	5,741,593	payable\$	2.001.200	\$4,101,700
ossessed autos_	12,433	10.881			(
s. receivable	12.528	18.188	Accrd. Fed., State.	91.274	114.577
d. int. on coll.					22,855
	7.069	14.100		0 10-34-7	22,000
		7.5		4.2	 10.46
		74.207		308.744	357,004
					171.898
					276.715
				2.0,000	210,110
				500 000	500,000
		e alike "			350,000
					118.735
		the state of			592,637
			Lattice ser pres	000,007	082,007
tal 5	84 313 550	SR ROR 123	Total S.	4 313 550	88 808 199
	ossessed autos_ s. receivable_ d. int. on coll. ust notes d. comm. on ceivables purch	### 1938	ssets— 1938 1937 n on deposit	h on deposit \$776,841 servelvable \$776,841 servelvable \$475,288 ft.,741,593 payable \$12,433 10,881 Accounts payable \$12,528 18,188 d. int. on coll. sust notes \$7,069 dt. comm. on celvables purch \$29,391\$ 74,207 74,207 74,207 74,207 74,207 75 und every for losses. Uncarned income. 7% cum. pref. stk. (par \$100) x Common cap. stk. (par \$100) x Common cap. stk. (2aptal surplus Earned surplus	1938

x Represented by 5,000 shares class A stock, par \$50, and 10,000 shares class B stock, no par.—V. 146, p. 1407.

Calendar Years— Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$1937 \$811,516 730,382	\$636,031 591,607
Net operating revenueOther income	\$81,134 2,770	\$44,424 1,591
Total income Interest on 6 ½ % income bonds Other income deductions	\$83,904 104,528 72,317	\$46,015 104,528 55,668
Net loss	\$92,941	\$114,181
Consolidated 1	alance Sheet Dec. 31	
Notes rec., sec'd 1,725 Accts. receivable 6,187 3, Materials & suppls 13,835 4 Tangible prop 812,754 5 Intangible prop 1,355,600 1,398, 8pecial funds 7,521 6,687 6,690	76 Eqpt & oth. long-	1936 \$31,588 25,091 14,866 782 2,121,285 9,755 30,537 Dr16,811 688,320 619,228

._\$2,324,189 \$2,286,186 Total Total_ \$2,324,189 \$2,286,186 a After reserve for depreciation of \$278,487 in 1937 and \$194,004 in 1936. b Excess of income bonds and capital stock issued over useful value of assets acquired at inception of company, less reserve for amortization.—V. 146, p. 3022.

Montour RR.—Earnings-

March— Gross from railway Net from railway	\$110,761 23,311	1937 \$217,917 99,351	1936 \$121,650 30,916	1935 \$177,472 82,513
From Jan. 1—	31,098	91,266	37,986	79,174
Net from railway Net after rents -V. 146, p. 2051.	348,085 78,145 107,113	550,878 213,157 198,658	$\begin{array}{c} 466,613 \\ 169,624 \\ 174,050 \end{array}$	432,510 188,712 193,977

States Telephone & Telegraph Co. Mountain \$30,000,000 Bonds Soon-

An issue of around \$30,000,000 bonds of the company, a subsidiary of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., which at present has no funded debt, is looked for in the near future according to reports in the financial district.

district.

Proceeds, it is understood, would be used to repay advances made to the company by the parent company.—V. 146, p. 1882.

Munson Steamship Line—Foreclosure of Ships—

Munson Steamship Line—Foreclosure of Ships—

Federal Judge Alfred C. Coxe has granted permission to the U. S. Attorney to bring suit in Admiralty to foreclose a mortgage of \$2,537,000 which the Federal Government holds on four liners belonging to the company. The four liners, Southern Cross, Western World, Pan America and the American Legion, were purchased from the Government in 1935 for \$1,026,-000, 25% of the purchase was paid in cash and the remainder was to be paid in annual instalments. The company, which is now in receivership, was unable to keep up the payments.—V. 146, p. 2700.

(G. C.) Murphy Co.-Sales-

a year ago.

Common Dividend Reduced—

Directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the common shares, payable June 1 to holders of record May 21. This compares with \$1 paid on March 1, last; an extra dividend of 25 cents paid on Dec. 27, last; \$1 paid on Dec. 1, last; 90 cents paid on Sept 1, last; 80 cents paid on June 1, 1937; 65 cents on March 1, 1937; an extra dividend of \$1.30 paid Dec. 28, 1936; an extra of 75 cents paid on Dec. 23, 1936; a dividend of 50 cents paid on Dec. 1, 1936; one of 40 cents paid on Sept. 1, 1936, and one of 30 cents per share distributed on June 1, 1936, this latter being the initial dividend on the larger amount of common stock now outs*anding.—V. 146, p. 2379.

Nash-Kelvinator Corp.—No Dividend Action—Directors at their recent meeting took no action on the payment of a dividend on the common shares at this time. A dividend of 12½ cents per share was paid on Feb. 21, last, and regular dividends of 25 cents per share were paid in each of the four quarters of 1937.—V. 146, p. 2700.

Nashua Gummed & Coated Paper Co.—Smaller Div.—Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable May 16 to holder of record May 9. Previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1 per share were distributed.—V. 145, p. 3202

Narragansett Electric Co. (& Sub.)-Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31—Gross oper. revenueOther income	\$3,114,430	fos.—1937 \$3,245,937 33,811	\$12,571,691	Mos.—1937 \$12,562,189 162,582
Total gross earnings_Operating costs	264,650	\$3,279,749 1,387,391 117,310 270,750	\$12,788,294 5,840,732 622,522 1,019,025	
pal taxes	380,943	391,913	1,408,359	1,110,955
Consol. bal. before capital charges Int. on funded debt Amortiz. of debt dis-	\$1,003,390 297,500	\$1,112,385 297,500	\$3,897,655 1,190,000	\$4,742,341 1,386,482
count and expense Miscellaneous interest Other charges	28,050 6,807	28,160 13,615	115,438 25,578 28,396	104,139 39,311 361,700
그 그리다 그리고 있는 사람들이 가입니다.				

Consol. bal. for dividends and surplus__

\$665,353 \$773,111 \$2,538,242 \$2,850,708 Note—No provision has been made in this statement for Federal tax on undistributed net income applicable to the 1938 periods, the amount of such liability, if any, being determinable only at end of calendar year.—V. 146, p. 2700.

National Acme Co.—Earnings-

 Quar. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937

 Net prof. after all chgs.
 \$\$189,951
 \$\$291,838

 y Earnings per share...
 \$0.38
 \$\$0.58
 y Earnings per share... \$0.35 \$0.05 \$0.05 x Before surtax on undistributed profits. y On 500 000 shares capital stock (par \$1).—V. 146 p. 1560.

National Automotive Fibres, Inc.—Earnings2 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936

\$263 880

National Aviation Corp.—Earnings—

3 Months Ended March 31— 1938 1937 1936

x Net profit after expenses and Fed. income taxes— loss\$96,112 y\$144,588 \$351,296

x Includes net loss on sale of securities of \$101,276 in 1938 and net profit or sale of securities of \$12,332 in 1937 and \$389,567 in 1936. y No provision was made for surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 3023.

National Baking Co.—25-Cent Common Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$1, payable June 11 to holders of record May 26. An initial dividend of 50 cents per share was paid on June 21, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2379.

National Bond & Investment Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings Quarter Ended March 31— 1938 1937 Consolidated net income. \$402,275 y\$564,869 arnings per sh. on 612,200 shs. of common stock. \$0.53 \$0.80 1936 \$384,251 common stock \$0.53 \$0.80 \$0.50 x After depreciation, interest and Federal income taxes, but before provision for surtax. y Revised.—V. 146, p. 1082.

National Broadcasting Co.—April Billings—
Continuing for the fifth successive month the regular gains which raised figures for each of those months to a record high, expenditures by clients for time on the National Broadcasting Co. in April rose 1% over April, 1937. to \$3,310,505. Last year's April billings were \$3,277,837.

The increase brought the cumulative total for the first four months of 1938 to \$14,408,905, up 4.9% over the previous record of \$13,729,901, for the same period in 1937.—V. 146, p. 920.

National Cash Register Co. (& Subs.)--Earnings-1937 1936 1935

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—
Net profit after deprec.,
Federal taxes, &c.—
Earns. per sh. on 1,628,—
000no-parshs.cap.stk.

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—
1938
\$608,196
\$0.37 \$817,884 \$341,750 \$196,775

000 no-parshs. cap. stk. \$0.37 \$0.50 \$0.21 \$0.12 Net sales for the March quarter amounted to \$10,733,388, against \$10,-455,912 in first quarter of 1937.

For 12 months ended March 31, 1938, net profit was \$3,710,979 after deducting \$241,999 provision for surtax on undistributed profits, &c., equal to \$2.28 a share, against \$3,341,475, or \$2.05 a share, for the 12 months ended March 31, 1937. Net sales for the two months totaled \$51,717,338, against \$45,056,384 for 12 months ended March 31, 1937. Current assets as of March 31, 1938, amounted to \$26,462,314 and current liabilities were \$6,966,516, comparing with \$24,925,090 and \$7,571,092, respectively, on March 31, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2379.

National Distillate Profits Profits 110,000 and \$3,571,092, Postional Distillate Profits 110,000 and \$4,000 and \$4

National Distillers Products Corp. - Earnings -

3 Months Ended March 31— x Operating profit Interest, amortization, &c Federal income tax, &c	186.980	1937 \$1,871,479 184,915 261,556	\$1,798,826 189,080 260,112
Net profit	2,036,896 \$0.71	\$1,425,008 2,036,896 \$0.70	\$1,349,634 2,036,896 \$0.66

National Electric Power Co.—Distribution—
The holders of secured gold debentures, 5% series due 1978, are notified that the Chase National Bank, New York, as trustee under the trust indenture dated Jan. 1, 1928, has received and has available for distribution on the debentures and appurtenant coupons matured on or before July 1, 1932, other than debentures and coupons deposited with, and on which payment in like amount is made by, the referee in bankruptcy, a first and final dividend of 4.735% of the claim against National Electric Power Co. based on such debentures and coupons as allowed in the bankruptcy proceedings.

The trustee also has available for pro rata distribution on all of the debentures (of which \$9,997,000 are outstanding) and appurtenant coupons matured on or before Jan. 1, 1933, the sum of \$43,184.52 as net proceeds of the sale of certain collateral pledged under the indenture.

To receive such distributions, the debentures and coupons should be presented at the office of the trustee, attention Corporate Trust Department, Il Broad St., New York. When payment is made, such debentures and coupons will be stamped with appropriate legends noting such payment, and returned to the respective holders.—V. 145, p. 2233.

National Gas & Electric Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

National Gas & Electric Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings Period End. Mar. 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 Operating revenues \$96,266 \$87,092 \$1,249,609 \$1,086,124 Gross inc. after retire. accruals 11,345 16,653 245,269 250,636 11,345 2,850 16,653 10,491 245,269 154,423

Note—No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits for the year 1938, since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year.—V. 146, p. 2542.

National Gypsum Co.—Earnings-

Quarter Ended March 31-1938 \$112,176 1937 \$172,915 1936 \$55,624 x After charges and normal Federal income taxes.

Registers with SEC-

See list given on first page of this department.-V. 146, p. 3023

National Life & Accident Insurance Co.—Cash ividend Reduced— Dividend Reduced-

Directors have declared a cash dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, payable June 1 to holders of record May 20. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 40 cents per share were distributed. In addition, a stock dividend of 33 1-3% was paid on March 1, last.—V. 146, p. 1408.

National Oil Products Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-3 Months Ended March 31—
Net profit after charges, reserves for Federal income taxes and contingencies.
Shares capital stock.
Earnings per share.
—V. 146, p. 2053. 1937 1938

National Paper & Type Co.—Earnings 6 Months Ended— Feb. 28, '38 Feb. 28, '37 Feb. 29, '36 x Net profit— \$54,216 \$79,748 \$67,043 Earns. per share on common stock— \$0.55 \$0.95 \$0.75 x After depreciation, Federal income taxes, surtax and other charges.—V. 144, p. 4189.

National Tea Co.-Sales

National lea Co.—Sates—

Period End. April 23— 1938—4 Weeks—1937 1938—16 Weeks—1937 Sales————\$4,334,599 \$4,893,756 \$17,728,324 \$20,345,416

On April 23, 1938, company had 1,124 stores in operation as compared with 1,235 a year previous. As a result of the decrease in the number of stores, percentage decline in average sales per location for the four weeks ended April 23 was 2.7% from a year ago.—V. 146, p. 3023.

Nevada-California Electric Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings Net oper. revenues___ Other income_____ \$171,522 5.069 \$2,087,319 \$2,222,968 93,117 93,002 \$163,597 3.964 \$2,180,436 \$2,315,970 1,363,455 1,340,609 Gross income..... \$176,591 \$167,560 115,905 $84,401 \\ 15,428$ $89,174 \\ 12,680$ 6,991 1,405 $7,101 \\ 1,472$ Net income_____ Profits on retirement of bonds and debentures_ Other misc. debits & cred. to surplus (net dr.)___ \$873.507 \$43,259 \$56,829 \$717.152 Dr9.594 4,910 Dr461 74,044 12.673 4,163 8.441 Cr19,093 \$75,461 \$778,522 \$859,749 v Earned surplus___ \$39,728

x In order to make proper comparison 1936 figures (as to major items) were revised to conform with Federal Power Commission classification effective Jan. 1, 1937. y Available for redemption of bonds, dividends, &c. Note—This statement properly omits extraordinary debits to surplus arising from amortization of pension funds, &c.—V. 146, p. 3023.

New Bedford Gas & Edison Light Co.—Earnings-
 Telegrate Detail Gas
 Element Uses

 Pears End. Dec. 31
 1937
 1936
 1935
 1934

 Total oper, revenues
 \$4,386,516
 \$4,477,844
 \$4,288,620
 \$4,114,625

 Operating expenses
 1,877,603
 1,816,672
 1,873,961
 1,734,184

 Maintenance
 373,255
 362,463
 350,629
 322,710

 Provision for retirement
 340,002
 364,034
 300,394
 304,775

 Taxes (incl. prov. for Federal taxes)
 b845,733
 a827,426
 758,937
 771,632
 \$949,922 31,942 \$981,864 \$1,129,909 Operating income____Other income_____ \$984,698 \$981,323 Dr1.432 Gross income______
Int. on unfunded debt (net) ______
Net income_____
Divs. on common stock_ \$979,891 \$989,287 \$1,071,812 908,208 85,598 127 696 43,295 \$903,689 641,088 \$938,569 854,784

a Includes \$4,066, surtax on undistributed profits. b No provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits been made.

Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1936 1937 1936 Assets— \$ 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1937

Total 18,987,272 18,788,923 Total 18,987,272 18,788,92 18,788,92

(J. J.) Newberry Co.—Sales—

Period End. April 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 Sales.———\$4,058,451 \$3,545,847 \$12,662,397 \$12,967,045

To Pay Smaller Dividend—
Directors at a meeting held May 10 declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, payable July 1 to holders of record June 16. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 60 cents per share were distributed.—V. 146, p. 2379.

New England Gas & Electric Association (& Subs.)
 12 Months Ended March 31—
 1938
 1937

 Total operating revenues
 \$13,824,002
 \$13,904,531

 Operating expenses
 6,869,713
 6,612,707

 Maintenance
 1,014,040
 1,123,964

 Provision for retirements
 1,222,089
 1,287,734

 Federal income taxes
 346,393
 414,522

 Other taxes
 2,031,305
 1,982,155
 Operating income \$2,340,461 Other income (net) 314,032 | School | Section | Secti 1,382 19.373

Balance of income \$\frac{19,373}{290,530}\$ \$403,685 \$70 \$800,685 \$10.7 This statement includes for both periods the results of operations of all properties now subsidiaries of New England Gas & Electric Association, irrespective of dates acquired. No income is included herein from investments in transportation securities. (2) No provision is made in this statement for Federal surtax on undistributed profits, if any, for the year 1938.—V. 146, p. 1409.

New England Power Association—Annual Report-

1005	
936 1935	1934
	\$49,176,049 1,978,058
	\$51,154,107 15,186,284
	1,817,107
	3,263,672
	4,436,854
949,774 8,129,058	7,937,278
678.607 \$17.755.167	\$18,512,911
723,195 8,140,909	8,394,944
	1 110 071
	1,119,951 $3,835,149$
851,148 3,851,726	3,833,149
704,222 \$4,765,336	\$5,162,868
314 619 2 651 783	3,977,642
	699,457
389,603 \$2,113,553	\$485,769
\$1.85 \$0.85	\$1.27
	171,677 \$51,893,567 16,172,629 334,968 2,053,472 4369,346 8,129,058 47,755,167 723,195 8,140,909 425,498 87,372 874,544 909,823 851,148 3,851,726 704,222 \$4,765,336 314,619 2,651,783 389,603 \$2,113,553

number outstanding. \$1.87 \$1.85 \$0.85 \$1.27 x Certain of the subsidiaries will be liable for total surtaxes of \$2.605 on undistributed profits and provision for this amount has been made in the consolidated income account. No provision has been made for surtaxes on undistributed profits of the other subsidiaries or of the Association y No provision has been made for surtaxes on undistributed profits of the association or its subsidiaries as these companies, in the opinion of their officials, are not liable for any surtax with respect to income for the year 1937.

**Consolidated Palance Sheet as at 190.84

prolidated Ralance Sheet as at Dec 21

	Consolida	ted Balance	Sheet as at Dec	. 31	
	1937	1936		1937	1936
Assets-	S	8	Liabilities	\$	\$
Capital assets 3	367.011.719	364,005,636		65,645,700	65,645,700
Work orders in			\$2 pref. stock	620,416	620,416
progress	2,880,853	2.022,993	x Common stock	50,614,346	50,614,346
Cash	6.046,538	5,823,632	Shs. of subs. held		Martin S
Accts, and notes				64,656,717	65,278,776
rec. (less res.)	7,063,943	6.687.847	Funded debt1	48,615,100	148,556,500
Dividends and		400	Notes payable	4,475,000	2,750,000
int. accrued	10.617	11.085	Notes & accts.		
Mat'ls & suppl's	4.066,973	3,349,431	pay.to subs. of		and within the
Prepaid charges.	585,825	571,254	Mass. Utilities		
Restricted dep	36,289			387,452	989,785
Securs. owned	15,018,182	14,977,696	Accts. pay. and		
Accts, and notes			accrued	5,996,475	5,694,085
receivable (not			Consumers', &c.,		
currently due)	75,524	80,087	deposits	805,694	775,365
Def'd expenses.	48,784		Divs. payable	364,666	
Unamort, bond		*X*	Res. for deprec.	50,096,479	
disct. & exps.	7,930,783	8,047,067	Other reserves	1,623,037	1,485,948
Disct. on 6%			Unamort. prem.		
cum. pref. shs.			on bonds of		
of New Eng.			subs. (less exp.)	712,941	749,507
Power Assn.	1,623,950	1.623.950	Suspense credits	127,784	
TORCE ZESSEL-		49 93 400 100	Surplus paid in.	1,500,000	
			Surplus earned.	16,158,175	14,471,277
Total	412 399.983	407.283.698	Total4	12,399,983	407,283,698

* Represented by 932,604 no par shares.

Statement of Income and Surplus Years Ended Dec. 31 (Not incl. the Association's share of undistributed earnings of its subs.) 1937 1936 1935 1934 Total.
Corporate & legal exps.
Taxes refunded to security holders or paid at source.
Other taxes.
Interest on funded debt.
Amort. of discounts on funded debt.
Int. on advance from Internat'l Hydro-El Sys Other interest.
Other chges, against inc. \$8,335,802 236,636 \$7,714,921 81,026 \$8,302,017 82,242 ,899,722 295,616 $^{116,343}_{\substack{2,031\\2,674,581}}$ $\substack{121,620\\2,210\\2,750,381}$ $\substack{110,257\\915\\2,561,943}$ 2,551,637 139.375 136,622 136,622 136.748 $\substack{102,406\\19,458\\11,262}$ 134,850 8,370 Net income ______\$5,643,755 ess divs.incl. in the fore-going net inc. rec. early in Jam., 1934 & accrd. income as in 1933____ \$4,571,064 \$5,062,967 \$5,178,587 Net income to surplus \$5,643,755 \$5,178,587 \$4,571,064 \$4,699,969 Dividends (in cash): 6% preferred shares 3,938,742 3,291,295 2,633,040 3,949,560 \$2 div, pref. shares 38,776 44,756 35,888 53,800 Total______\$3,977,518 \$3,336,051 \$2,668,928
Less divs. on pref. shs.
of this Assn. held by a
sub. co. and excl. from
div. income above______ 21,432 17,145 \$4,003,360 25,718 Balance...\$3,977.518 \$3,314,619 \$2,651,783 \$3,977,642 Div. on com. shares...

x After portions of dividends paid from surplus of subsidiaries at dates of acquisition by this Association, credited to investment accounts, of \$30,320.

Note—No provision has been made for surtax on undistributed profits.

	Balance Sh	neet Dec. 31	1.	
1937	1936		1937	1936
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities—	\$	\$
Cash in banks 838,09 Notes & accts.	96 279,250	Notes payable to	1,250,000	2,250,000
rec. from sub_ y28,86			13,387	21.096
Divs. receivable 204,33			10,007	
Other cur. assets 49.05 Investments170,282,76		accruals	579,333	569,249
Tinamort, dt.dis.		Prov. for naons.		No. o Res
& expenses 2,007,8	27 2,144,449	assum, in liq.		70,152
Disc. on 6% cum pref. shares 1,623,9	50 1,623,950	5% debs	24,058,000	24,058,000
oref. shares 1,623,9.	73,758		24,522,500	24,522,500
Other assets		Reserves	202,556	116,327 65,645,700
		6% cum. pf. stk.	65,645,700	05,045,700
		\$2 cum. div. pfd.	620,416	620,416
		x Common stock	50,614,346	50,614,346
Two cases and the case of the		Paid-in surplus.	1,500,000	1,500,000
		Earned surplus.	6,028,565	4,519,680
		1	004 004	174 507 466

175,034,804 174,507,466 Total .. _175,034,804 174,507,4 x Represented by 932,604 no par shares. y Accounts receivable only. -V. 146, p. 2214.

New England Telephone & Telegraph Co.—Earnings Period End, March 31— 1938—Month—1937 1938—3 Mos.—1937 Operating revenues.—. \$6,132,972 \$6,191,076 \$18,120,296 \$18,043,888 Uncollectible oper. rev.— 29,352 16,738 76,149 41,175 Operating revenues \$6,103,620 Operating expenses 4,435,704 \$6,174,338 \$18,044,147 \$18,002,713 4,432,856 13,040,083 12,658,455 Net oper, revenues... \$1,667,916 Operating taxes...... 646,634 \$1,063,117 \$3,068,481 Net operating income_ \$1,021,282 \$3,295,525

\$665,449 \$1,848,574 \$2,053,668

Net income_______\$644,584 —V. 146, p. 2861. New Orleans Texas & Mexico Ry.—New Director-

New Orleans Texas & Mexico Ry.—New Director— See Missouri Pacific RR., above.—V. 146, p. 2861.

New York Central RR.—Annual Report Year Ended Dec. 31, 1937—Extracts from the remarks of F. E. Williamson, President, together with the corporate income account statement, are cited under "Reports and Documents" on a statement was a President Williamson further search post.

son, President, together with the corporate income account statement, are cited under "Reports and Documents" on a subsequent page. President Williamson further says in part:

Railway Tax Accruals—Railway tax accruals were \$32,160,527, an increase of \$1,348,489 (4.38%). Accruals for Federal and State unemployment insurance amounted to \$3,608,749, an increase of \$1,921,256, due to an increase of 1% in the rate of taxation, and to an increase in compensation paid. Federal excise taxes in connection with the Railroad Retirement Act amounted to \$5,026,513, an increase of \$214,248. State taxes on gross earnings increased \$136,934, as follows: New York, \$59,366, due to credit adjustments included in accounts for the previous year: Pennsylvania, \$7,685, due to increase in rate of taxation; Ohio, \$69,667, due to increase in gross revenue; and Indiana, \$215. Taxes on real and personal property and special franchise taxes increased \$22,098 and \$32,472, respectively. Canadian income taxes increased \$35,499, due to adjustment of accruals for prior years; State and Federal capital stock taxes increased \$44,845, due to an increase in the tax base and to adjustments and there were increased \$42,640 of which \$19,486 is due to a decrease in net income of lessor companies and \$64,778 resulted from adjustments in taxes of prior years. Emergency revenue, sales taxes, New York City taxes assessed on income and other items, decreased \$10,24,329, due largely to the inclusion in 1936 of accruals to cover prior years New York City taxes assessed on income.

Capital Stock Issued in Conversion of Bonds—During the year, the company issued \$1,453,387 shares of capital stock, together with stock scrip certificates representing 399½ shares, in conversion of and in exchange for shock were issued in exchange for stock per \$1,000 bond applicable after that date. 229 additional shares of stock per \$1,000 bond applicable after that date. 229 additional shares of stock were issued in exchange for stock script certificates previously sould making t

——Total——		In United States		Abroad		
Date— Dec. 31, 1915 Dec. 31, 1925 Dec. 31, 1930 Dec. 31, 1935 Dec. 31, 1936 Changes in Funded were se follows:	- 61.418	100 94 88 871/2 92 105	22,270 40,238 56,282 55,376 52,639 59,650	104 94½ 88 85 88½	Number 2,772 422 353 1,573 1,567	Average Holding 64 64 68 172 34 205 34

| Total | and was reduced as follows: | 10-year 3 \(\frac{3}{2} \) \(\frac{8}{2} \) secured sinking fund bonds | 59,863,600 | 10-year 6 \(\frac{6}{2} \) convertible secured bonds | 59,863,600 | Ref. \(\frac{8}{2} \) improv. mtge. 5s, series C | 8,000,000 | 1\(\frac{4}{2} \) Secured sinking fund bonds | 5,000 | 1\(\frac{4}{2} \) Secured note, April 1, 1937 | 3,000,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | 7,900,000 | \$727,056,800

titled to receive in exchange common stock of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. (or scrip therefor in the case of a fraction of a share) or, at the holders' option, if surrendered within three months after the effective date of the merger, cash as follows:

For each share of Cincinnati Northern RR. stock 1.2 shares, or \$240 in cash;

the effective date of the merger, cash as follows:

For each share of Cincinnati, Northern RR. stock 1.2 shares, or \$240 in cash;

For each share of Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland RR. common stock 0.4 of a share, or \$80 in cash;

For each share of Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland RR. preferred stock 0.35 of a share, or \$70 in cash;

For each share of Cincinnati, Lafayette & Chicago RR. common stock 0.02 of a share, or \$4 in cash;

For each share of Cincinnati, Lafayette & Chicago RR. common stock 0.02 of a share, or \$4 in cash;

For each share of Columbus, Hope & Greensburg RR. stock 0.02 of a share, or \$4 in cash.

The agreement provides for adjustment of dividends in certain cases, but this provision as well as the option to receive cash instead of common stock of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & \$1. Louis Ry, is available only to stockholders of merged companies surrendering their shares within three months after the effective date of the merger.

Under date of Dec. 15, 1937, the directors of Toledo & Ohio Central Ry entered into an agreement with the respective directors of Kanawha & Michigan Ry. Kanawha & West Virginia RR., Zanesville & Western Ry. Balley Run, Sugar Creek & Athens Ry. and Middleport & Northeastern Ry. For the merger of the five last named companies into Toledo & Ohio Central Ry. As of that date all of the capital stock of these five companies was owned by Toledo & Ohio Central Ry., except the stock of the Kanawha & West Virginia RR., all of which is owned by Kanawha & Michigan Ry. and the stocks of Bailey Run, Sugar Creek & Athens Ry. and Middleport & Northeastern Ry., all of which are owned by this company and are proposed to be transferred by it at cost to Toledo & Ohio Central Ry. pre-liminary to such merger, and 454 shares of Kanawha & Michigan Ry. stock. Under the terms of the merger agreement the stock of the Kanawha & West Virginia RR. and all shares of stock of the other companies to be merged owned by Toledo & Ohio Central Ry. at the effective date of the merger are to be cancel

filed.

Property Investment Accounts—Changes in the property investment accounts for the year shows a net increase of \$32,977,280.

Air Conditioning of Passenger Equipment—During the year air conditioning equipment was installed in 75 coaches, 28 dining cars and arrangements made with the Pullman Co. for air conditioning 80 pullman cars.

Traffic Statistics for Calendar Years
[Including Boston & Albany RR., Ohio Central Lines, Michigan Central
Lines, Big Four Lines and all Other Leased Lines]

The second secon	C out With	co and all our	CI LICASCU LIIIC	20
	1937	1936	1935	1934
Av. mileage rd. oper_ Passenger—	11,079.52	11,218.81	11,214.92	11,399.04
Total rev. pass. carr Total rev. pass car-		48,269,076	44,381,459	45,495,809
ried 1 mile	3,150,672,585	2,788,243,923	2,245,951,995	2,293,954,622
Total pass, revenue. Aver, rev. per pass.	\$66,405,564	\$62,575,824		
per mileAver. pass. service	2.108 cts.	2.244 cts.	2.462 cts.	2.381 ets.
train rev. per tr. m. Freight—	\$2.02	\$2.00	x\$1.90	\$1.83
Tons rev. frt. carried Tons rev. frt. carried	131,549,445	x125,943,268	104,482,468	x99,865,111
_ 1 mile2	28,206,471,339	27,370,143,347	22,935,043,493	21.973.818.783
Total freight revenue		\$257,714,419	x\$218,212,828	\$204,155,074
Av.rev. per ton per m		0.942 cts.	0.952 cts.	0.929 cts.
Av. rev. per train m. x Restated for comp		\$7.42 ses.		\$6.77

Comparative Income Account for Calendar Years [Including Boston & Albany RR., Ohio Central Lines, Michigan Central

	and the order	Leased Line	
Revenues—	1937	1936	x1935
Freight	057 541 451		
Paggangan	257,541,451	257,714,419	x218,212,82
Passenger	00,495,564	257,714,419 62,575,824 11,136,818 7,796,383	x55,29),87
Wantan	11,393,843	11,136,818	10,889,44
EXPRESS	7,341,132	1.790.353	6,831,45
Assenger Mail Express Milk, switching, &c	11,137,312	17,797,909	x9,666,11
Dining cars, storage	12,401,824	11,042,463	×9,140,06
Total oper. revenues	366,226,126	361,063,872	x310,030,77
Operating Expense— Operating Expense— Maintenance of equipment Traffic expenses Transportation expenses Miscellaneous operations			
Maint, of way & structures	41,184,591	36,741,914 76,537,118 6,566,99) 131,318,812	31,478,58
Traffic appears	79,377,372	76,537,118	65,297,66
Transportation amount	6,780,674	6,566,99)	6,397,43
Transportation expenses	139,550,843	131,318,812	117,380,07
		0,202,101	
General expenses	11,441,910	12,499,925	
		67,197	29,48
Total operating expenses	284,000,439	268,839,436	237,197,45
Net operating revenues	82,225,687	92,233,436	x72,833,31
Per cent of expenses to revenue	(77.55)	(74.46)	x(76.51
Railway tax accruals	32.160.527	30,812,037	20,619,43
Net operating revenues Per cent of expenses to revenue Railway tax accruals Uncollectible railway revenues			20,010,10
Railway operating income Equipment rents, net debit Joint facility rents, net debit	50 065 160	61 491 202	F0 012 00
Equipment rents net debit	10 722 838	61,421,398 12,424,248	52,213,88
Joint facility rents net debit	2 214 055	3,718,525	12,460,31
	-		3,788,85
Net railway operating income	36,028,267	45,278,626	35,964,71
Miscellaneous Operations—			
Revenues Expenses and taxes	710,121	655,614	615,952
Expenses and taxes	624,734	559,238	615,952 562,136
Miscellaneous operating income	85,387	96,376	53,816
Total operating income	36,113,654	45,375,001	36,018,523
Non-Operating Income— Income from lease of road & equip			
ncome from lease of road & equip	551,341	632,230	1,153,099
Miscell rent income			3.305.336
Miscell, non-oper, physical property	1.335.228	1,225,304 695,862 9,088,453 5,098,429	3,305,336 918,242 614,399
deparately operated prop.—profit	527,220	695.862	614 390
Dividend income	11.675.123	9.088.453	10,695,43
ncome from funded securities	4.654.455	5.098.429	5,395,95
nc. from unfund, secur & accounts	1,186,281	1,308,541	1.249.449
inc. from sink, & other reserve funds	77.870	114,102	160 123
Miscellaneous income	77,870 74,234	175,888	160,123 142,417
Total non-operating income	23,607,275	21,809,848	23,634,456
Gross income	59,720,929	67,184,850	59,652,982
Deductions from Cross Income			00,002,902
Rent for leased roads & equipment	25,163,019	26,707,627 572,322 352,349	26,578,105
viscellaneous rents	627,011	572.322	623.017
Miscellaneous tax accruals	359,929	352,349	301.466
enarately operated proportion loss		7.539	7.448
derest on funded debt	26,404,466	28.777.854	28.549.109
nterest on unfunded debt	629,579	7,5)9 28,777,854 1,656,069	7,448 28,549,102 3,455,939
nterest on unfunded debt. Maint, of investment organizations.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	25,814
Miscellaneous income charges	183,665	177,945	Cr2,954
Total deduc. from gross income	53,368,317	58,251,675	59,537,936

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Volume 146	F	inancial
Comparative Condensed General Bala	nce Sheet Dec.	31
마이스, 그 보고 그 그렇게 되어서 가는 수 없는데 가는데 하지 않아 하는데 되는데 그 얼룩 먹다고 하다면 하다	1037	1936
Investment in road and equipment\$1 Improvements on leased railway property	080 288 082	\$1.057.009.731
investment in road and equipment	146 944 685	148 044 928
Improvements on leased railway property	229,545	250 954
Sinking funds. Deposits in lieu of mortgaged property sold. Miscellaneous physical property. Investments in affiliated companies:	220,010	250,954 34,251 35,026,766
Deposits in lieu of mortgaged property sold.	61,030	25 006 766
Miscellaneous physical property	37,525,038	35,020,700
Investments in affiliated companies: Stocks Bonds		- FO FOO OIF
Stocks	161,729,162	159,763,015
Bonds	161,729,162 18,682,627	22,000,547
Notes	34.(04.100	22,000,547 35,091,932
Advances	199,332,931	162,401,652
Other investments:		
Stocks	26,021,593	26,021,868
Bonds	6,479,063	6 285 631
Bonds	1,079,030	1,212,923 13,911,711 139,181
Notes	12 047 078	13 911 711
Advances Miscellaneous	13,947,978 153,869	139 181
Miscellaneous	10 710 701	24,156,023
Cash Time drafts and deposits	18,712,701	70 000
Time drafts and deposits	70,000	70,000
Special deposits Loans and bills receivable	4,129,120	5,771,120
Loans and bills receivable	80,912	92,917
Traffic and car service balances receivable	80,912 1,866,317	5,771,128 92,917 2,541,389
Net hal rec from agents & conductors	3,753,418 9,174,778	5.488,491
Miscellaneous accounts receivable	9.174.778	11,118,103
Material and supplies	30,527,219 2,220,019 346,733 427,030	25,642,047
Material and supplies Interest and dividends receivable	2 220 019	3,492,032
Rents receivable	346 733	351.344
Rents receivable	427 030	273.566
Other current assets	189,092	351,344 273,566 191,206 1,968,144
Working fund advances	1 515 121	1 068 144
Working fund advances Insurance and other funds	1,515,131	27,003,474
Other deferred assets	4,110,010	67,082
Other deferred assets Rents & insurance premiums paid in advance Other unadjusted debits	4,113,318 52,768 16,707,266	13.810,635
Other unadjusted debits		
Total\$	1.829.425.538	\$1,789,232,675
10001	1937	1936
Liabilities—	#FC0 220 100	9504 197 405
Liabilities— Capital stock Grants in aid of construction	\$562,332,122 753,807	\$504,187,405 484,749
Grants in aid of construction	755,807	33,822,000
Equipment obligations Mortgage bonds Collateral trust bonds and notes	31,147,000	
Mortgage bonds	512,896,000	520,901,000
Collateral trust bonds and notes	90,500,200	122,510,600
Miscellaneous obligations Non-negotiable debt to affiliated companies.	5,500,000	5,500,000
Non-negotiable debt to affiliated companies.	55,808,661	89,090 198,440 7,758,936
I cone and hills navable		198,440
Traffic and car service balances payable	5,479,851	7,758,936
Audited accounts and wages payable	19.567.989	
Miscellaneous accounts payable	2.724.095	6.870.588
Miscellaneous accounts payable	2 470 799	2.512.317
Interest matured unpaid Dividends matured unpaid Funded debt matured unpaid	19,567,989 2,724,095 2,479,799 155,397	6,870,588 2,512,317 156,949 228,890
Dividends matured unpaid	456,093	228 890
Funded debt matured unpaid	E 20E 0E2	5,795,657
Unmatured interest accrued	0,000,000	2,191,621
Unmatured rents accrued	2,242,303	2,191,021
Other current liabilities	5,909,430	0,701,774
	5,385,853 2,242,303 5,909,430 35,106,493 20,128,674	6,701,774 58,716,183 24,768,835 4,613,859
Tax liability	20,128,674	24,768,835
Insurance and casualty reserves	4,925,698	4,010,000
Accrued depreciation—road	2,469,373	
Fauinment	184,276,469 3,498,918	156,292,837
Miscellaneous physical property	3,498,918	3.498.918
Other amediated aredits	71,875,822	101.317.773
Other unadjusted credits	7 446 460	7,400,121
Additions to property through inc. & surplus	7,446,469 1,701,055	1.701.055
Deferred liabilities Tax liability Insurance and casualty reserves Accrued depreciation—road Equipment Miscellaneous physical property Other unadjusted credits Additions to property through inc. & surplus Miscellaneous fund reserves Detectivel loss blances	194,657,970	156,292,837 3,498,918 101,317,773 7,400,121 1,701,055 189,128,381
Profit and loss—balance	194,001,910	100,120,001

Total		\$1,82	9,425,538 \$1	,789,232,675
Earning	s for Marc	h and Year Leased Line	to Date	
Period End. March 31- Ry. operating revenues. Ry. operating expenses.	-1938-M $1938-M$	fonth—1937 \$34,832,708	\$70,057,954	### 1937 \$94,024,618 69,860,009
Net rev. from ry oper. Ry tax accruals	2,934,917	\$10,233,302 2,647,628	\$10,296,528 8,810,111	\$24,164,609 7,067,446
Equip. & joint facility rents	1,000,380	1,301,199	3,285,160	3,913,226
Net ry oper. income Other income	def\$36,918 1,276,598	\$6,284,475 1,693,117	def\$1798,743 4,031,509	\$13,183,937 6,052,900
Total income Misc. deduc. from inc	\$1,239,680 122,037	\$7,977,592 127,916	\$2,232,766 413,184	
Total fixed charges	4,019,074	4,364,039	12,015,920	13,543,918
Net income Net inc. per sh. of stock_	a\$2,901,431 Nil	\$3,485.637 \$0.59	a\$10196,338 Nil	\$5,295,094 \$0.90

a Deficit.

A uthorized to Pledge Bonds as Collateral—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on May 4 authorized the company to pledge and repledge from time to time to and including June 30, 1940, as collateral security, or as a part of the collateral security, for short-term notes, all or any part of not exceeding \$6,903,000 of consolidation-mortgage 4% bonds, series C, \$6,000,000 of New York Central & Hudson River RR. 3½% gold mortgage bonds, and \$6,171,000 of Michigan Central RR. 4½% refunding and improvement mortgage bonds, series A.

The bonds proposed to be pledged are now held unencumbered in the cor pany's treasury.
The company states that it is negotating with several banks and others for loans not to exceed \$20,000,000, to be evidenced by its short-term notes, to provide for its general corporate purposes or for the renewal of or substitution for short-term notes previously issued, and it proposes to pledge appropriate amounts of available collateral therefor, including all or a part of the bonds mentioned above.—V. 146, p. 2861.

Newmarket Mfg. Co.—Common Dividend Passed—Directors have decided to omit the dividend ordinarily due at this time on the no-par capital stock. A dividend of 50 cents was paid on Feb. 15, last; \$1 was paid on Nov. 15, last; \$2 on Aug. 16 and on May 15, 1937; \$1.50 paid on Feb. 15, 1937, and a regular dividend of \$1 per share was paid on Nov. 16, 1936, and each of three months previously. In addition, an extra dividend of \$1.50 per share was paid on Dec. 23, 1936.—V. 146, p. 1082.

1938—12 Mos.—1937 \$4,985,386 \$4,946,706 3,685,732 3,728,020 206,587 162,960 \$1,055,726 6,175 Operating profit__ Other income_____ \$487.935 2,109 \$1,093,067 15,560 \$1,108,627 25,399 192,289 \$1,061,901 8,671 170,089 \$84,916 9,420 13,549 \$490,044 1,859 78,901 Total income_____ Interest (net)_____ Federal inc. taxes, &c___ ederal inc. taxes, &c___ rop. oper. loss Arm-strong-Newport Co___ 77,610 23,441 8,724 68.810 \$813,329 \$814,331 \$400,560 \$38,506 \$0.07 \$0.77 \$1.56

New York Air Brake Co.—Common Dividend Omitted—Directors have decided to defer action on payment of a dividend on the common stock at this time. A dividend of 25 cents was paid on March 1, last; 50 cents per share was paid in each quarter of 1937; \$1.50 paid on Dec. 15, 1936, and 50 cents distributed on Dec. 1 and on Sept. 1, 1936, this last being the first distribution to be made since Aug. 1, 1931, when 25 cents per share was paid.—V. 146, p. 2543.

New York Chica	go & St. I	ouis RR.	-Annual	Report—
Passengers carried Passengers carried Pass. carried one mile. Rate per pass. per mile. Revenue freight (tons) Rev. frgt. (tons) 1 mile.	1937 252,446 51,762,543 1.86 cts. 21,796,833	1936 248,104 50,189,644 1.93 cts. 20,854,468	1935 188,523 37,919,302 2.11 cts. 17,446,892	1934 202,131 47,739,896 1.90 cts 16,073,564
Rev. frgt. (tons) 1 mile_4 Operating Income— Freight Passenger Mail and express Miscellaneous	Resuus for Ca	uenaar xears	The Contract of the Contract o	
Total ry. oper. rev	4,579.335 6,474,184 1,424,229	\$41 712,951 4,119,980 5,930,637 1,382,599 13,598,522 21,201 1,596,395 12,161	3,557,669 4,999,433 1,274,760 11,797,651 19,038 1,475,838 17,204	3,511,252 4,899,700 1,205,126 11,636,920 23,867 1,474,322 58,931
Total ry. oper. exps Net rev. from ry. oper Railway tax accruals Uncollect. ry. revenue	\$28,395,482 13,216,784 2,364,229	\$26.637,173 15,075,778 2,599,763	\$23,107,185 11,136,328 1,334,324 8,063	\$22,692,256 10,451,608 1,676,057 4,767
Railway oper. income Equip. rents (net deb.) _ Jt. facil. rents (net deb.)	\$10,852,555 2,742,486 449,505	\$12,476,015 2,852,916 485,376	\$9,793,941 2,574,692 459,703	\$8,770,784 2,779,655 481,702
Net ry. oper. income_ Total non-oper. income_	-	\$9,137,723 5,818,516	\$6,759,546 1,890,945	\$5,509,427 2,079,549
Gross income Total deductions		\$14,956,239 7,575,757	\$8,650,491 7,534,562	\$7,588,976 7,530,342
Net income Inc. applied to sink, fund	\$2,655,561 98,562	\$7,380,482	\$1,115,929 99,000	\$58,634 99,875
	leneral Balane	ce Sheet Dec. 1937	1936	def\$41,241 1935
Assets— Investment in road & et Inprovements on leased of Deposits in lieu of mtgd. Miscell, physical proper Investments in affiliated Other investments— Cash in treasury— Cash in transit———— Cash dep. to pay int., of	i companies	9.065,171 29,113,091 6,184,097 245,757	9,269,277 29,104,428 7,211,591 345,420	\$ 234,553,275 92,756 83,983 1,354,851 10,023,468 29,968,576 2,395,696 237,145
Cash dep. to pay int., of deposits	oles. receivable_ts. & condsable	386,469 - 6,760 - 499,502 - 503,154 - 793,383 - 1,848,383 - 223,277	671,065 9,043 706,115 768,225 1,016,800 1,443,106 139,694 5,215 679,002	1,449,094 15,357 525,608 595,705 1,380,624 1,112,039 346,707
Total		_294,258,866 1937	292,033,354 1936	286,942.900 1935
Common stock	allin cos lances pay lances pay ayages payable of ayable oright aid unpaid crued inc. & surpli	1,705,19; 1,709,82; 180,96; 283,07; 13,42; 7,75; 2,062,36; 112,81; 50,68; 23,759,25; us 259,71; dd 1,281,60;	575,052 3 2,184,577 5 1,510,96 5 36,744 6 229,188 1 8,911 6 6,000 6 2,090,400 119,565 7 48,277 1 22,747,766 2 259,53	1 200,724 2 200,724 3 158,566,587 2 4,008,371 5 1,686,106 4 1,300,894 4 1,300,894 4 1,300,894 6 40,442 9 432,230 1 36,178 9 2,128,062 9 3,128,062 9
Profit and loss			-	$\frac{2}{4} \frac{25,380,529}{286,942,900}$
TT 140 m 2002				

New York Evening Journal, Inc.—Buildings Financed—The financing of two more properties in the extensive real estate holdings of William Randolph Hearst was revealed May 6 with the filing in the Register's office of a \$500,000 mortgage on the Hearst Publications Building at 220 South Street and the printing plant at the southeast corner of Walton Ave. and East 149th St., Bronx.

The mortgage was given by the New York Evening Journal, Inc., to the Equitable Life Assurance Society. It is for 10 years at 5% interest and provides for the payment of quarterly instalments of \$15,960 on principal and interest beginning Aug. 1, 1938.

Under the terms of the loan all the fixtures and personal property used in connection with the publishing business on the premises are considered part of the realty and covered by the lien of the mortgage. The personal property is covered by a chattel mortgage issued every three years to the mortgagee.

The terms stipulate that the principal of the \$500,000 mortgage shall become due at the option of the Equitable Life if without its consent the publication of "The New York Journal" and "American" is discontinued or the property vacated. The terms also provide that nothing "shall prevent the merger of "The Journal" and "American" with any other newspaper nor prevent a change in its format, size or title."—V. 141, p. 3234.

NY PA NJ Utilities Co.—Acquisition—

NY PA NJ Utilities Co.—Acquisition— See Keystone Utilities, Inc., above.—V. 146, p. 3205.

New York Power Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Oper. rev. deducts	1938—3 M \$6,475,899	Corp.—Ed 508.—1937 \$6,538,549 4,261,433	\$25,634,734	Mos.—1937 \$24,829,816 16,927,687
Operating income	\$2,049,398	\$2,277,116	\$7,613,245	\$7.902,129
Non-oper. income (net)_		Dr2,572	5,117	Dr7,551
Gross income	\$2,048,348	\$2,274,543	\$7,618,362	\$7,894,577
Deducts. from gross inc_	1,154,876	1,158,399	4,627,890	4,662,578
Net income Note—No provision ha profits.—V. 146, p. 2054	is been made	\$1,116,144 e for possible	\$2,990,471 e surtax on u	\$3,231,999 indistributed

New York Shipbuilding Corp.—Earnings—
Quarter Ended March 31— 1938 1937
y Net profit— 10ss\$90,850 x\$2,49
x Before any provision for surtax on undistributed profits.
depreciation, Federal income taxes, &c.—V. 146, p. 2379. -Earnings— 3 1937 850 **x\$2**,498

New York State Electric & Gas Corp.-Exempted on \$2,000,000 Loan

New York State Electric & Gas Corp.—Exempted on \$2,000,000 Loan—

The Securities and Exchange Commission granted on May 4 an exemption from the necessity of filing a declaration under the Public Utility Holding Company Act to the corporation in connection with the issuance and sale of the secure of the conformation in connection with the issuance and sale of the proceeds to be used to discharge obligations for construction already completed and for future construction.

The note is to be secured by \$2,000,000 first mortgage bonds, 4% series, due 1965. The 4% note is to be dated on or before May 2, 1938, and is to mature in 20 equal instalments of \$100,000, the first instalment payable May 15, 1938, and the remaining instalments on the first day of each month thereafter to and including Dec. 1, 1939. The first mortgage boar interest at the rate of 4% per annum payable semi-annually on the first days of Feb. and Aug. in each year.

The order provides that of the proceeds of the note, \$1,484,376 shall be deposited in a bank and withdrawn therefrom to pay for future construction now authorized by the All May 16, 1945. The following matters, disclosed by the record in this case, have caused the Commission to consider the advisability, in the public interest and for the protection of investors and consumers, of further conditioning the exemption:

(1) It appears from the balance sheet, as of Feb. 28, 1938, furnished this Commission, which is stated to be of the same form and content as would be filed with the Public Service Commission of New York, that, giving without giving effect to such additional construction, equals \$92,656,502, as of Feb. 28, 1938, and is stated roughly on a basis of historical cost. On account of certain items now in suspense, it is possible that the account may be increased to the extent of approximately \$7,000,000. Published of applicant would equal 58.4% of its fixed capital account to fixed vising effect to such additional construction.

(2) It appeared to the New York State Commission, bu

New York Telephone Co.—Earnings—

Operating revenues \$17,299,209 Uncollectible oper. rev 74,141	nth—1937 \$17,500,376 66,538		$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1081937} \\ \$51,108,199 \\ 222,876 \end{array}$
Operating revenues \$17,225,068 Operating expenses 11,458,209	\$17,433,838 11,692,560	\$50,691,778 34,584,818	\$50,885,323 33,675,832
Net oper. revenues \$5,766,859 Operating taxes 2,681,141		\$16,106,960 8,041,901	\$17,209,491 7,319,562
Net oper. income \$3,085,718 Net income 3,264,209 —V. 146, p. 3024.	\$3,300,942 3,534,927	\$8,065,059 7,482,604	\$9,889,929 9,479,317
N			

New York Trap Rock Corp.—New Director— The company informs us that on April 27, 1938, Joseph C. Dooley, Assistant Secretary of the corporation, was elected to serve as a director also.—V. 144, p. 4193.

Niagara Falls Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Operating income.... \$1,049,622 Non-oper. inc. (net).... 71,479 \$1,410,334 60,676 \$4,099,975

Niagara Hudson Power Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Operating income.... \$6,868,694 Non-oper, inc. (net).... \$6,868,694 \$8,278,284 \$26,979,068 \$29,887,021 59,657 341,814 253,327 Gross income_____ \$6,936,995 Deductions from gr. inc_ 2,546,935 \$8,337,941 \$27,320,882 \$30,140,348 2,679,744 10,534,238 11,139,363 Balance \$4,390,059 \$5,658,196 \$16,786,644 \$19,000,985 subsidiaries 1,848,468 2,265,598 7,487,285 11 150 250 Net income______\$2,541,591 Divs. on pref. stocks_____ \$06,006 \$3,392,598 \$9,299,359 417,069 2,410,960 Balance \$\, \begin{align*}
\begin{al

Sales of natural gas (in therms)—24,040,725 33,215,152 120,701,551 128,679,687 x Changed to give effect to major adjustments made later in the year 1937. Notes—Operating revenue deductions for the 3 months ended March 31, 1938 and March 21, 1937 include \$224.585 and \$170,435 respectively, and for the 12 months ended March 31, 1938 and March 31, 1937, \$926.147 and \$170,435 respectively, representing expenditures incurred in connection with changing customers' electric equipment to standard frequency. Prior to Jan. 1, 1937, such expenditures were charged to surplus. No provision has been made for possible surtax on undistributed profits for the calendar year 1938 under the 1936 Federal income tax law.—V. 146, p. 2862.

New York Title & Mortgage Co.-Payment on Series Q

Supreme Court Justice Frankenthaler was asked May 9 to approve the report of the trustees of the \$10,250,000 series Q guar, mtge, certificate issue for the eight months' period expiring Jan. 1, 1938. The trustees informed the court they had liquidated 75 of the mortgages turned over to them by the Mortgage Commission and had paid out \$1,486,000 to certificate-holders in two years.—V. 146, p. 3024.

Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Co. (& Subs.)-- 1938—3 Mos.—1937 1938—12 Mos.—1937 -- \$2,424,715 \$2,887,484 \$10,923,049 \$11,333,848 -- 1,704,409 2,130,011 8,315,934 8,363,970 Period End. Mar. 31-Operating revenues____ Oper. rev. deductions___ \$2,969,878 16,816 Operating income.... Non-oper. income (net). \$720,306 2,883 \$757,473 4,379 \$2,607,116 15,770 Gross income_____ Deducts. from gross inc_ \$761,852 \$2,622,886 \$2,986,694 401,568 1,549,694 1,577,084 \$723,189 379,493 Net income__ \$343,697 \$360,284 \$1,073,192 \$1,409,610

Niagara Share Corp. of Maryland—New Directors—
At the recent annual meeting Lawrence D. Bell, President of Bell Aircraft Corp.; Thomas Robbins Jr., President of Hewitt Rubber Corp., and Patrick H. Hodgson, attorney, all of Buffalo were added to board of directors.—V. 146, p. 2702.

Noblitt-Sparks Industries, Inc.—Earnings-

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 Sales Net profit after deprec.,	\$2,291,216	1936 \$1,550,896	1935
Federal taxes, &closs\$89,965 Shares capital stock190,687 Earnings per share Nil x Revised.—V. 146, p. 1250.	*192,116 158,905 \$1.21	107,900 150,000 \$0.72	\$108,630 150,000 \$0.72
North American Cement C	Corp.—Ea	rnings—	
12 Months Ended March 31— Net loss after taxes, deprec., depl., int., amort., &c	1938	1937	1936
int., amort., &cx Before profit on bonds acquired.	*\$685,543 -V. 146, p.	*\$232,175 1722.	\$643,559
North American Oil Co.— Earnings from Jan. 1, 19			
Gross oil royalties Contract charge for operation of leases. Salaries and directors' fees Taxes—other than income Other expenses. Depletion (271/2% of gross income) Taxes on income, estimated—Federal. State———————————————————————————————————	a		\$48,935 4,642 1,840 2,510 1,005 13,457 2,747
Net profit			1,584

Net profit 424,101 a Provision for Federal income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 1938, is based upon laws at present in effect. No provision has been made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits, the amount of which, if any, will depend upon net profit and dividends paid for the calendar year 1938.

		Balano	e Sneet		
Assets— Cash demand dep_ Acc'ts receivable	\$22,247		Accounts payable.	\$1,901	
Royalty interests. Organization exps.			Accr. Fed. & State payroll taxes Prov. for Fed. and	34	
			State taxes on income (est.) Com. stk. (par \$1) Capital surplus	15,448 306,225 223	8,449 306,225 223
			Earned surplus		5,475
Total	\$345,634 0•	\$322,929	Total	\$345,634	\$322,929

x Net oper. revenue__ \$2,441,003 Other income (net)____ 681 \$2,679,489 \$14,773,928 \$14,617,093 13,475 57,054 79,594

APPEAR OF THE STATE OF THE STAT		220,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Gross income Interest charges (net) Amort. of debt dis. & exp Other inc. deductions	\$2,015,017 616,676 104,977 27,170	\$2,266,297 915,736 96,087 8,550	\$11,930,982 3,723,866 631,431 84,806	5,847,186 567,695	The second second
Divs. on pref. stock of subs.co.held by public	229,166	45,833	1,375,000	45,833	
Minority int. in net inc. of other subs. cos	7,387	11,294	58,812	65,967	
Net incomex Before appropriation	\$1,029,640 for retireme	\$1,188,797	\$6,057,067	\$5,217,090	

x Before appropriation for retirement reserve.

Notes—(1) The revenues and expenses subsequent to Jan. 1, 1937 are shown in accordance with the classification of accounts prescribed by regulatory commissions effective Jan. 1, 1937 which differ in certain respects from the classifications previously followed by the companies. In certain instances the figures prior to Jan. 1, 1937 have been adjusted in accordance with the new classifications of accounts. (2) Northern States Power Co. (Minn.) has made no provision for Federal and State income taxes for the year 1937 as it will claim as a deduction in its income tax returns for that year unamortized discount and expense and redemption premiums and expense and duplicate interest applicable to bonds redeemed during the year 1937, which deduction, it is estimated will result in no taxable income for that year. During the period from Jan. 1 to Feb. 28, 1937 Northern States Power Co. (Minn.) made provision for Federal and State income taxes in the amount of \$79,500 which was reversed over the period from March 1 to June 30, 1937.

Weekly Output—

Weekly Output—
Electric output of the Northern States Power Co. system for the weekled May 7, 1938, totaled 24,928 287 k#n. an increase of 3.7% commed with the corresponding week last year.—V. 146 p. 3025.

Norwalk Tire & Rubber Co 6 Months Ended March 31— x Net sales Cost and expense.	1938 \$1.079.297	\$1,015,007 \$1,015,007 974,297	ngs— 1936 \$558,412 575,164
Operating profitOther income	\$64,046	\$40,710	loss\$16,752
	825	24,213	2,317
Total income	\$64,871	\$64,923	loss\$14,435
	25,654	22,006	16,590
Profit x Less returns, allowances, discour	y\$39,217	y\$42,917 ents, freight	loss\$31,025

y Before Federal income taxes.—V. 145, p. 3664. Oahu Sugar Co., Ltd.—Dividend Reduced—Directors have declared a dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock. payable May 16 to holders of record May 5. Previously regular monthly dividends of 20 cents per share were distributed.—V. 143. p. 3852.

Volume 146				F	inan	cial
Northern St. Years Ended Feb. Operating revenues Operating expenses,						
Net oper. rev. (be Other income (net)						
Net oper, rev. & for retirement r Appropriation for re		0.00				
Gross income Interest charges (n Amortization of del Other income deduc	et)	nt & expens	\$ \$	10,882,549 2,867,722 599,691 74,170	\$10,64	11,973 90,982 35,234 12,792
					\$5,0	72,964
Net income Dividends on capit 7% cumulative pi 6% cumulative prefe Class A common. Class B common.						
Operating expenses	rch 31— less, maint.	and taxes.	Co.—Ear	1938 \$13,301,00 7,476,21	1 \$12,6 6 6,5	937 86,070 30,739
Net oper. rev. (b Other income (net)					8	1,235 1,235
Net oper, rev. & for retirement Appropriation for r	& other i reserve) . etiremen	t reserve	efore approp.	\$5,827,99 1,200,00	3 \$6,1 0 1,2	156,566 200,000
Gross income Interest charges (in Amortization of de Amortization of lin Other income dedu	net) bt discounited-ter ctions	int & exper m electric	nseinvestments_	\$4,627,99 1,716,81 270,47 19,18 41,37	3 \$4,9 4 2,0 7 34 75	956,566 965,413 847,083 4,789 30,847
Net income				\$2,580,14	2 \$2,	508,433
Oklahoma l Calendar Years- Gross earnings Oper., expenses &	- \$	& Water 1937 1,341,434 885,142	r Co.—Eas 1936 \$1,296,419 869,699	rnings— 1935 \$1,193,98 835,83	33 \$1 ,	1934 121,065 774,639
Net earns. from Other income (net	oper	\$456,292 290	\$426,720 1,863	\$358,14 2,07	17 \$	346,426 3,104
Net earnings Interest deduction		\$456,582 316,440	\$428,583 327,661	\$360,22 340,22	26 \$	349,530 344,286
Net income 6% pref. dividend		\$140,142 115,000	\$100,922 26,450	\$20,00	00	\$5,244
	1937		neet Dec. 31	193 - 8		1936
Assets— Plant, prop., lease- hold, rights, fran- chises, &c	\$ 0,337,222	9,629,328	6% cum. pref (\$100 par) b Common s Funded debt.	. stk. 2,300 tock_ 539	0,000 2 0,099	,300,000 539,099 ,886,000
Bond disct. & exp. in process of am- ortization	226,358	251.339	Consumers'se & extension Curr. mat. o	curity deps 86	3,533	88,357
Spec. depoists, &c. Prep'd insur. & int. Cash RFC notes	3,385 1,978 82,312 200,000	1,354 7,374 90,177	notes payal Sand Spgs I Accounts pay Accrued Stat	ble to Home 48	3,000 3,590	41,000 34,321
U.S. Treas. bills_a Cust.acctsnotes & warrants rec	124,429	349,961 102,369	Fed. income t Accrued inter	axes. 20	3,774 0,769 5,254	62,434 19,449 104,881
Mat'ls & supplies	80.415	37.953	Customers'	advs.		

Fed. Income taxes.
Accrued interest.
Customers' advs.
for construction.
Reserves.
Contributions in
aid of construct.
Earned surplus. 11.056.100 10.469.855 Total_____11,056,100 10,469,855 Total_ a After reserve for uncollectible accounts of \$7,575 in 1937 and \$8,356 in 1936. b Represented by 60,000 no par shares.—V. 145, p. 3354.

4,847 2,075,327

1,281,134

\$4,586,451 234,164 \$2,990,745 74,435 \$6,794,810 132,497 Total income \$4,716,851 \$6,927,307 \$4,820,615 \$3
Taxes 653,188 580,899 x471,790
Deprec and depletion 2,569,726 2,472,666 2,092,454 I
Minority interest 1,332 1,668 1,232
x Provision for Federal income tax, &c 200,457 y400,445

Net profit \$1,292,148 \$3,471,629 \$2,255,139 x No provision was made for surtax on undistributed profits. \$3,065,180 529,040 1,913,399 591

x No provision was made for surtax on undistributed profits. Common Dividend Omitted—
Directors at their meeting held May 7 decided to omit the dividend ordinarily due at this time on the no-par common stock. Semi-annual dividends of 50 cents per share were paid on Dec. 15, and on June 15, 1937; 35 cents was paid on Dec. 15, 1936; 25 cents on June 15, 1936, and 15 cents per share paid on Dec. 14 and June 15, 1935, and on Dec. 15, Sept. 15 and June 15, 1934.

O. D. Donnell, President, issued the following statement in connection with omission of common dividend action:
"The decline in demand for petroleum products coupled with the development of excessive new production has resulted in a sizable decrease of allowable production by State conservation commissions from prolific fields in

which the company has substantial holdings. Consequently the company's crude oil sales for the first quarter of 1938 fell 13% below the same period of 1937. This, together with reduced pipe line runs and refinery cut-backs, has temporarily increased the company's unit cost of operation, which has materially reduced the earnings for the first quarter.

"With the year's drilling program curtailed as much as is justifiably possible the company still will be faced with heavy capital expenditures over the balance of the year. In view of these factors and the prospect of little improvement for the industry in the near future, the directors have deemed it advisable to defer any common dividend action for the present."

—V. 146, p. 2217.

Oliver United Fit 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—	1938	1937	1936	1935
Net profit after charges and taxes	x\$122,108	x\$132,658	\$9,377	\$25,420
Earns, per share on 198,- 891 shares cl B stock	\$0.47	\$0.52	Nil	Nil
* Before provision for p. 1886.			buted profits	.—V. 146

O FU C Fundada		
Oswego Falls Corp.—Earnings— 3 Months Ended March 31— Net sales	1938 \$1,323,675	1937 \$1,292,615
Net income after depreciation, but before interest and discount on funded debt Interest and discount on funded debt	139,322 29,514	167,784 33,849
x Net income y Per share	\$109,808 \$0.49	\$133,935 \$0.60
x No allowance is made above for Federal inc	come tax an	d surtax on

who allowance is made above the undistributed profits.

y Net income per share is based on 224,752 shares of \$5 par common now outstanding. The earnings for 1937 are before deducting dividends on the \$110,000 8% 1st preferred stock which was retired May 1, 1937.—V. 145, p. 2237, 1911.

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31-	1938	1937	1936	1935
Net sales	\$7,041,124	\$5,822,188	\$3,927,331	\$2,938,811
Cost of sales	4,550,100	2,568,378	2,077,338	1,474,596
Maintenance & repairs	172,923	192,581	107,596	100,935
Depreciation	190,197	189,129	189,730	
Expenses	1,973,472	1,746,939	1,380,532	1,347,338
Net operating profit	\$154,432	\$1,125,161	\$172,135	loss\$170,166
Other income	779,567	622,987	354,828	
Profit	\$933,999	\$1.748.148	\$526,963	\$136,781
Federal taxes	x66,000	x356,000	21,600	
Miscell, deductions	69,886	85,155	82,872	
	P700 112	\$1,306,993	\$422,491	\$53,538
Net profit	\$798,113	\$1,500,995	\$122,101	400,000
Earns, per sh. on 2,000,- 000 shares com, stock	\$0.35	\$0.60	\$0.16	Nil

A Includes sureax on a	idiburbacca I			
Pacific Telephor Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues——— Uncollectible oper. rev—	1938—Mon \$5,644,435	th-1937	1938—3 M	os.—1937
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$5,618,635 4,157,320	\$5,596,920 3,866,988	\$16,460,965 12,103,053	\$16,110,160 11,006,385
Net oper. revenues Rent from lease of oper. property Operating taxes	70	\$1,729,932 93 736,826	\$4,357,912 2,223,743	\$5,103,775 2,173,511
Net oper. income Net income	\$711,252	\$993,199 \$1,663,520	\$2,134,380 \$4,073,55	

Collateral Withdrawn—
Company has notified the New York Stock Exchange that it has withdrawn 15 shares of Whitewater Mutual Water Oo. and one share of Crescenta Mutual Water Co. from the collateral held under the refunding mortgage dated May 1, 1922, and has transferred such shares to the Southern California Telephone Co.—V. 146, p. 2545.

3 Months Ended March 31— Gross income Expenses Provision for abandonments	- \$988,317 - 397,174	\$928,936 355,901	\$896,489
Provision for abandonments	- 551,111		322.175
Provision for abandonments	54.503	58,498	59,242
Doplotion and leage amortization		34,996	50,264
Depletion and lease amortization Depreciation	120,009	109,414	138,766
Amortiz, of drill & oper, contr	14,900	21,032	28,794
Intangent development costs	105,445	85,037 5,431	6.362
Insurance Ordinary taxes	5,646 51,417	31,788	25,477
Profit	******	\$226,839	\$265,409
Other income		×115,271	90,000
Profit	\$269,611	\$342,110	\$355,409
Interest		48,103	6,903
Federal income taxes	20,000	25,000	25,000
Net profit	\$199,198	\$269,007	\$323,506
Earns, per share on 1,000,000 sn	- 90.20	\$0.27	\$0.32
x Includes \$70,450 profit on sale of Note—No mention was made of an profits.—V. 146, p. 2218. Packard Motor Car Co. (ly provision for		

Packard Motor Car C Quar. End. Mar. 31-+ 19.	Co. (& 38	Subs.)—	Earnings— 1936	1935
Net prof. after deprec. & Federal taxesloss\$38 Earns, per sh. on 15,000,-	89,430	\$2,610,701	\$1,248,029*x\$	1,210,162
000 shs. cap. stock (no	Nil	\$0.17	\$0.08	Nil
* Deficit. x This loss was o	caused n of th	largely by ex le new lower	penses incident priced Packar	d 12) car.

paring the plant for production of the new lower-priced Packard 12) car.

Note—No mention was made of any provision for surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 2704.

Parke Davis & Co. (& Subs.)—Earr 3 Months Ended March 31— Profit from operations. Foreign exchange credit.	\$2,851,898	*1937 \$3,162,777 2,878
Total Depreciation and amort, of pat Employees' pensions	\$2,856,299 120,228	\$3,165,655 120,115 37,627
Balance Income on investments Miscellaneous other income		\$3,007,913 46,969 12,221
ProfitFederal income taxes	\$2,758,708 454,958	\$3,067,103 505,782
Net profit Shares capital stock (no par) Earnings per share **Revised.** y Before any provision for surtax	y \$2,303,750 4,892,808 \$0.47	\$2,561,321 4,891,761 \$0.52 uted profits
V 146 p 1793		

igitized for FRASER tp://fraser.stlouisfed.org/

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— Net profit after deprec.	1938	& Subs.)- 1937	1936	1935
and other charges but before Federal taxes.			0 \$250,39	2 \$317,50
x After reserves for Fec. The net profit of \$117 dividend requirements, t 429,498 shares of commo	184 (\$329 o 27 cents n stock.—	9,850 in 1936 s (76 cents -V. 146, p. 2	3) is equal, a in 1936) per 2863.	fter preferred share on the
Penick & Ford, I				The street of the second of the second of
Gross profitExpenses		\$1,273,98 679,55	1937 1 \$815,94 3 569,49	2 \$1,173,124 0 553,67
ProfitOther income		\$594.42	-	-
Total income Depreciation Federal income tax, &c		- \$599.23	-	2 \$636,219 6 169,47
Net profit Shares capital stock (no per Earnings per share —V. 146, p. 1563.	ar)	\$368,89 - 369,000	-	78,468
(J. C.) Penney Co Sales of the company for compared with \$20.232,76 176, or 0.68%. Total sales from Jan. 1 compared with \$70,235,00 of \$4,119,539, or 5.87%.—	or the more of the for April 8 for the s-V. 146, p	th of April, il, 1937. Ti 30, 1938, i ame period in 2545.	ncl., were \$6 n 1937. Thi	20.370,936, as ease of \$138, 66,115,469, as s is a decrease
Pennsylvania Co. Calendar Years— Dividend income\$1	1027	1028	1025	1934
Inc. from fund. secur	1,574 216,756	4,293 200,285	2,829 178,629	3.906
Income from unfunded securities & accounts_ Miscellaneous income	2,722 174	282 38	825 8 41	309
Gross income\$1 Deductions—		\$9,187,470		
Tax accruals	1,008,893	755,751		
indebtedness Maint. of invest. organ_ Miscell. income charges_	1,971,667 15,214 991	1,994,607 16,971 4,439	13,076	2,403,830 12,596
Balance transferred to	500,000	500,000	4.290	7,150
credit of prof. & loss \$ Previous surplusa6 Profit on sale of securs Sundry net credits		\$5,915,702 59,626,985 249,286 24,482	58,637,102 334,069	15,642
Total surplus \$7 Less div. approp Sundry debits	2,349,244 b 7,247	\$65,816,455	\$63,763,123 4,136,138	\$59.894,872 (1%)1246,250 11.519
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31\$7 a After an adjustment of income and surplus charged on sale of securities.	\$500,000 t d to 1936 t Balance Sh	for fundad de	ebt retired the Including \$7	ough income ,239 net loss
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31.	\$500,000 at to 1936 at to 1936 at 1936 \$4,699,962	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities-Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 Misc. accts., lint. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued taxe. Sink. fd. appn	bt retired thr Including \$7	ough income ,239 net loss 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 7 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684
Profit and loss surplus 7 Dec. 31	\$500,000 at to 1936 at to 1936 at 1936 stance Sh 1936 stance Sh 220,498,156 5,960,356 10,023,610 9,903 966,051	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities-Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued Accrued taxe Sink. fd. app accrued a Funded deb Profit and	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8 ck_124,625,00 sec. ug	1936 0 124,625,000 49,500,000 17,728 84,670 1 854,684 0 500,000 0 500,000
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id 1938 \$4,699,962 id to 1936 id to	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds. due A 1, 1963 Misc. accts. 1 nt. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued Accrued tax Sink. fd. appr accrued a Funded deb Profit and balance Total	bt retired thr Including \$7	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 49,500,000 7 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242 293 538
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 Mise. acets. I int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued Accrued taxe Sink. fd. appl accrued Funded deb Profit and balance Total plus since A	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8 ck.124.625,00 sec. ug	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 17,728 84,670 1 854,684 0 500,000 0 500,000 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p.
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 Mise. acets. I int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued Accrued taxe Sink. fd. appl accrued Funded deb Profit and balance Total plus since A	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8 ck.124.625,00 sec. ug	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 17,728 84,670 1 854,684 0 500,000 0 500,000 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p.
Profit and loss surplus Total 249,539,637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Pennsylvania Pow Period End. Feb. 28 197 Pennsylvania Pow Pennsy	\$500,000 id to 1936 id 1936 \$4,699,962 id 1938 id	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unpd turnatured accrued. Accrued taxe Sink. fd. app accrued. a Funded deb Profit and balance. Total	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8ck.124.625,00 8ec. 1930 194,000,000 8ec. 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 17,728 5 84,670 1 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 1 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p.
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1938 id	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963.— Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued. Accrued tax Sink. id. app accrued. a Funded deb Profit and balance Total plus since A ght Co afth—1937 \$3,269,766 1,776.787 210,000 \$1,282,979 1,742	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8 ck.124.625,00 sec. 193,000,00 342.1 ma- 43,04 int. 51,178,71 cp. 500,00 t. 1,000,000 t. 249,539.63 ug. 1, 1935 Earnings- 1938.—12 A \$38,445,830 21,700,170 2,636,667 \$14,108,993	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p.
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. Dec. 31. 3 After an adjustment of income and surplus c harged on sale of securities. Assets— Real est. owned. Scoturs. owned: Stocks	\$500,000 id to 1936 id 1938 id 193	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. accts. Int. bonds tured unpd turnatured accrued. Accrued taxe Sink. fd. appl accrued. a Funded deb Frofit and balance. Total	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8ck_124,625,00 8ec. 1930 194,000,000 8ec. 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980	1936 1936 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 7 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 10 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 10 500,000 10 500,000 11 7,728 12 42,23,538 12 42,23,538 24 2,23,538 24 2,23,538 25 2,165,000 13 1,963,054 20,856 \$13,942,198 265,018
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. 249.539.637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Pennsylvania Pow Period End. Feb. 28 1 1,005.682 Deferred charges oper. exps., inc. taxos. 37 2382. Not oper. exps., inc. taxos. 38 2382. Not oper. exps., incl. taxos. 38 2382.	\$500,000 id to 1936 id 1938 id 193	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. accts. Int. bonds tured unpd turnatured accrued. Accrued taxe Sink. fd. appl accrued. a Funded deb Frofit and balance. Total	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8ck_124,625,00 8ec. 1930 194,000,000 8ec. 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980	1936 1936 194,625,000 0 124,625,000 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 10 - 1937 837,349,279 21,221,225 2,165,000 20,856 \$13,962,198 \$13,962,198 265,018
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. Dec. 31. 3 After an adjustment of income and surplus charges on sale of securities. 1937 Assets— \$ 1937 Assets— \$ 1937 Assets— \$ 26,633,778 2	\$500,000 id to 1936 id 1938 id 193	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963.— Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued. a Funded deb Profit and balance Total plus since A ght Co afth.—1937 \$3,269,766 1,776.787 210,000 \$1,282,979 1,742 \$1,281,237 17,272 \$1,288,509 453,750 50,000 18,584 Cr1,391	bt retired thr Including \$7	1936 1936 194,625,000 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 100,000 113,963,054 20,856 13,963,054 20,856 13,963,054 20,856 13,963,054 20,856 14,207,216 5,447,083 601,044 Cr15,105
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. Dec. 31. 3 After an adjustment of income and surplus charged on sale of securities. 1937 Assets— \$ Real est. owned. 4.699,153 Securs. owned: \$26,633,778 Socurs. owned: 40,000 Cash. 10,695,051 Note. 40,000 Cash. 6,398,714 Misc. accts. rec. 1,812 Int. & divs. rec. 1,005,682 Deferred charges 65,447 Total. 249,539,637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Pennsylvania Pow Period End. Feb. 28— 9 Operating revenues. \$3 Oper. exps., incl. taxes. 1 Prop. retire. res. approp. Net oper, revenues. \$1 Cother income (net). Gross income. \$1 Other income (net). Other inc & deductions Int. chgd. to construct in Net income. Dividends applicable to preperiod, whether paid or use of securities.	\$500,000 id to 1936 id 1938 id 193	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963- Mise. acets. 1 Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued. a Funded deb Profit and balance Total plus since A ght Co 1,766,787 210,000 \$1,282,979 1,742 \$1,281,237 17,272 \$1,288,509 453,750 50,000 18,584 Cr1,391 \$777,566 cks for the	bt retired thr Including \$7 1937 8ck_124,625,00 8ec. 1930 194,000,000 8ec. 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980	1936 1936 194,625,000 0 124,625,000 17,728 5 84,670 7 825,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 10 - 1937 837,349,279 21,221,225 2,165,000 20,856 \$13,962,198 \$13,962,198 265,018
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. 249.539.637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Total 249.539.637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Pennsylvania Pow Period End. 4.690.153 5 6 5 6 5 4 4 7 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id alance Sh 1936 id 8,899,962 id 6,5960,356 id 6,5960,356 id 65,590 id 65,590 id 6,590 i	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Ltablitties- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. acets. I lnt. bonds tured unpd turnatured accrued. Accrued taxe Sink. fd. app accrued. a Funded deb Profit and balance. Total plus since A ght Co.— ath—1937 \$3,269,766 1,767,787 210,000 \$1,282,979 1,742 \$1,281,237 17,272 \$1,298,509 453,750 50,000 18,584 C71,391	bt retired the Including \$7	1936 \$ 1936 \$ 0 124,625,000 \$ 49,500,000 17,728 \$ 5 84,670 \$ 7 825,000 \$ 7 65,316,455 \$ 7 242,223,538 \$ -V. 146, p.
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id 1938 id 1	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Liabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued	bit retired the Including \$7 1937 8ck.124.625,00 8ec. 1938 1939 49,000,00 34,21 1938 1178,71 1178,71 109. 249,539,63 1938 1938 121,700,130 2,636,667 \$14,108,993 198,074 \$14,307,067 5,445,000 600,000 600,000 601,143 3,846,546 \$4,215,597 8urtax on un Earnings	1936 1936 194,625,000 1949,500,000 17,728 4,670 1854,684 10500,000 1854,684 10500,000 1854,684 10500,000 1854,684 10500,000 1854,684 1854,000 1854,000 1854,000 1813,963,054 1814,207,216 1814,207,216 1814,083 1814,207,216 1814,083 1814,207,216 1814,083 1814,17,551 1815,000
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. Dec. 31. 3 After an adjustment of income and surplus charges on sale of securities. 1937 Assets— \$ Real est. owned. 4.699, 153 Securs. 0.695, 153 Securs. 0.695, 153 Securs. 0.695, 163 Secur	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id 1938 id 1	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Ltabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963. Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unpd Unmatured accrued accrued accrued accrued as Funded deb Profit and balance. Total plus since A ght Co. mth—1937 \$3.269.766 1.776.787 210.000 \$1,282,979 453.750 50.000 18,284,750 50.000 18,584 C71,391 \$777,566 cks for the for Federal (& Subs.) 1938 \$5,169.489 71,625	bt retired the Including \$7 1937	1936 \$ 1936 \$ 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 7 17,728 5 84,670 1 854,684 0 500,000 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 1036,-1937 237,349,279 21,221,225 2,165,000 213,963,054 20,856 813,963,054 20,856 813,963,054 20,856 814,17,551 distributed 1936 \$4,117,551 distributed 1936 \$4,117,551 distributed
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31. Dec. 31. 3 After an adjustment of income and surplus charges on sale of securities. 1937 Assets— \$ Real est. owned. 4.699, 153 Securs. owned. 1.695, 651 Int. & divs. rec. 1.812 Total. 1.695, 632 Deferred charges 65, 447 Total. 249,539,637 2 a Retired through income 2382. Pennsylvania Pow Period End. Feb. 28— Operating revenues. \$3 Oper. exps., incl. taxes. 19rop. retire res. approp. Net oper. revenues. \$1 Other income (net). \$1 Other income (net). \$1 Other income (net). \$2 Other inc. & deductions. Int. chgd. to construct'n Net income. Sincher inc. & deductions. Int. chgd. to construct'n Balance. Note—No provision has 1 profits. V. 146, p. 3027. Peoples Drug Store 3 Months Ended March 31-Net sales. 50-ther deductions. Iess other Total store income. Costs, expenses, &c. 50-ther deductions, less other federal income taxes, &c. 50-ther de	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id 1938 i	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Ltabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 - Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unnd Unmatured accrued - Accrued taxe Sink. fd. applies since A ght Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 - Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unnd Unmatured accrued - Accrued taxe Sink. fd. applies since A Sink. fd. applies since A ght Commits - 1937 \$3.269.766 1.776.787 210.000 \$1,282,979	bit retired the Including \$7 1937 8ck.124.625,00 8ec. 1938 1939 49,000,00 34,21 1938 1178,71 1178,71 109. 249,539,63 1938 1938 121,700,130 2,636,667 \$14,108,993 198,074 \$14,307,067 5,445,000 600,000 600,000 601,143 3,846,546 \$4,215,597 8urtax on un Earnings	1936 \$ 1936 \$ 0 124,625,000 0 49,500,000 7 17,728 5 84,670 1 854,684 0 500,000 0 500,000 7 65,316,455 7 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 1036,-1937 237,349,279 21,221,225 2,165,000 213,963,054 20,856 813,963,054 20,856 813,963,054 20,856 814,17,551 distributed 1936 \$4,117,551 distributed 1936 \$4,117,551 distributed
Profit and loss surplus Dec. 31	\$500,000 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id to 1936 id 1938 i	for funded de accounts. b eet Dec. 31 Ltabilities- Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 - Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unnd Unmatured accrued - Accrued taxe Sink. fd. applies since A ght Common sto 28-yr. 4% bds., due A 1, 1963 - Mise. acets. Int. bonds tured unnd Unmatured accrued - Accrued taxe Sink. fd. applies since A Sink. fd. applies since A ght Commits - 1937 \$3.269.766 1.776.787 210.000 \$1,282,979	bit retired the Including \$7	1936 1936 194,625,000 1949,500,000 17,728 5 84,670 1854,684 0 500,000 1 854,684 0 500,000 1 65,316,455 17 242,223,538 -V. 146, p. 1937 837,349,279 21,221,225 2,165,000 \$13,963,054 \$13,942,798 265,018 \$14,207,216 5,407,000 211,144 5,470,000 211,140 5,470,000 211,1

Pennsylvania Salt 12 Mos. End. Mar. 31— Net profit after deprec	1938	1937	1936	1935
Federal taxes, &cx\$ Earns, per share on 150	1,245,081	x \$1,724,403	\$1,168,662	\$729,586
000 shs. capital stock * After surtax on undist	\$8.30 ributed p		\$7.79 6, p. 1256.	\$4.86-

3 Months Ended March 31—

3 Months Ended March 31—

\$1,737,415 \$1,684,130

Net profit, after all charges incl. reserve for depreciation & income taxes

The March 31, 1938 balance sheet shows total current assets of \$1,699,063, including cash of \$142,331, against current liabilities of \$749,050. Total assets were \$2,389,959. Earned surplus was \$996,381. Of 300,000 shares of \$1 par capital stock authorized, 220,000 shares are issued and 50,000-reserved for exercise of purchase warrants.

"The company is currently operating at practically physical capacity, and indications are that the second quarter of 1938 will likewise show a good profit," according to Carl Pharis, President, in his letter to stockholders. "The principal reasons for the company's splendid showing this year as compared to the balance of industry are first, efficient operation has enabled it to price its production on a competitive basis and second, the good business enjoyed by its principal customers.

"Because of the large volume of business, accounts receivable are high, substantially in excess of one month's business. The company's current position is strong and business for the month of April has been unusually good."—V. 146, p. 2865.

Philadelphia Co.—New Vice-President—

Philadelphia Co.—New Vice-President—
Pressly H. McCance has been elected a Vice-President, according to an announcement by Frank R. Phillips, President of the company. Mr. McCance was formerly assistant to the President and director of personnel.—V. 146, p. 3027.

Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.-Hearing Postponed-

Postponed—
Hearing on the petition of the company to disaffirm eight leases on coal lands has been postponed from May 11 until May 16 at request of Arthur Littleton, company counsel.

Mr. Littleton explained that at the time the petition was filed company notified local officials of the United Mine Workers of the proposed action. Subsequently the union asked for an opportunity to appoint an engineer to make a study of the situation and consult engineers representing the security holders who suggested the leases be canceled.

Hearing on the company's plan of reorganization is also scheduled to be resumed May 16. Special Master Lewis has suggested that counsel for the various security holders get together and endeavor to work out a composite plan of reorganization and report at that time.—V. 146, p. 2056.

plan of reorganization and report at that time.—V. 146, p. 2056.

Pierce-Arrow Motor Corp.—Sold at Auction—
The corporation was sold, May 12, at auction at Buffalo, when Federal Judge John Knight confirmed a bulk sale of assets for \$40,000 subject to liens of \$1,349,383. The sale ended the bankruptcy action that has been in Federal court about a year.

The business was sold to William R. Emblidge "as agent." Although the principals for whom Mr. Emblidge acted were not made known, they are assumed to be the Marine Trust Co., which Mr. Emblidge has represented at court hearings, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The two banks were creditors in the amount of \$1,310,000.

A new holding corporation probably will be formed soon, according to Mr. Emblidge, and the service parts and maintenance operations continued. The name of Pierce-Arrow probably will not be used by the new concern, he said. Other than that, he explained, "no definite plans have been made, but we have numerous purchasing inquiries from individuals and small corporations."

Liquidation value of Pierce-Arrow was placed at \$947,335 by appraisers. In 1928, the corporation reported assets of \$18,383,000.—V. 146, p. 3028.

Pinellas Water Co.—Earnings—

Pinellas Water Co.—Earnings— 3 Months Ended March 31— Operating revenue—water Total operating expenses Provision for depreciation	1938 \$83,063 26,371 8,236	1937 \$79,173 25,116 7,889
Net operating incomeOther income (net)	\$48,455 507	\$46,168 508
Balance available for fixed charges	\$48,962	\$46,676

-V. 145, p. 3208.	ted charges.		_ \$48,962	\$46,676
Pittsburgh Coal	Co.—Ear	nings—		
ProfitOther income (net)	\$158,486		1938—12 <i>M</i> \$2,842.146 467,782	os.—1937 \$4,237,374 193,411
Total income Interest Deplet., deprec. & amort Federal income taxes Minority interest Charged off	\$352,590 249,715 813,458 35,411 23,180	\$1,601,078 265,039 1,032,483 70,596 31,233	\$3,309,928 1,033,350 3,695,209 250,786 33,171 x304,643	\$4,430,785 1,084,453 4,045,682 248,733 13,549
Net loss	\$769,1741	orof\$201,727	\$2,007,231	\$961,632

x Charge-off of balance due on mortgage receivable for property sold, now considered inrecoverable.—V. 146, p. 2219.

Pittsburgh & La			ings— 1938—3 M	os —1937
Railway oper. revenues_Railway oper. expenses_	\$1,047,328	\$2,231,810	\$2,777,073 3,018,468	\$6,178,695 5,178,742
Net rev. from ry. opers Railway tax accruals Equip. & joint facility	\$38,182 114,939	\$432,137 172,973	def\$241,395 331,534	\$999,953 476,105
rents	Cr174,727	Cr169,608	Cr549,076	Cr524,202
Net ry. oper. income_ Other income	\$97,970 13,086	\$428,772 14,142	def\$23,853 42,131	\$1,048,050 45,249
Total income Miscell. deductions from	\$111,056	\$442,914	\$18,278	\$1,093,299
income Total fixed charges	$^{13,271}_{3,423}$	61,867 5,791	5,169 10,900	164,643 17,802
Net income	\$94,362	\$375,256	\$2,209	\$910,854
Net income per share of stock	\$0.11	\$0.43	Nil	\$1.05

Pittsburgh Rys.—Files Bankruptcy Plea—
Judge Nelson McVicar in the U. S. District Court at Pittsburgh on May 10 granted permission for the company and its subsdiairy, the Pittsburgh Motor Coach Co., to file reorganization plans under Section 77-B of the Federal Bankruptcy Act.

The Court ordered that the company management remain in control of the system for 30 days, subject to the Court's jurisdiction and set June 9 as the date for a hearing on the appointment of trustees.

The company's petition listed assets of \$39,268,437 and liabilities of \$51,-603,453. In addition, the petition said that there was \$2,400,000 due this year on car-trust certificates and other fixed charges. The company's gross revenue, the petition pointed out, had declined from \$20,382,440 in 1929 to \$13,256,965 in 1937 and further decline was experienced in the past four months.

Tour months.

Company officials said the action was precipitated by an adverse decision of the State Supreme Court where Samuel L. Putnam had entered suit for redemption of \$30,000 of mortgage bonds of the Pittsburgh, Cannonsburg & Washington Ry. These bonds were guaranteed by the Pittsburgh Rys. and were due three years ago.

The Pittsburgh Rys. is a subsidiary of the Philadelphia Co., which is, in turn, the intermediate holding company for the Standard Gas & Electric Co.—V. 144, p. 2670.

 Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt Corp.—Ed

 Quar. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937

 coss profit on sales—
 175,847
 \$959.827

 penses—
 179,850
 200.142
 -Earnings\$205,809 152,242 \$53,567 12,609 Operating profit loss\$4,003 Other income 1,509 \$759.685 1,438 \$341,782 1,954 48 400 86,389 39,983 \$66,176 11,608 51,664 86,122 \$761,123 737 30 319 83 164 129,380 Total income loss\$2,494
Other deductions 247
Interest 15,937
Depreciation 78,577 epreciation____ederal tax provision___ \$165,056 loss\$83,218 Net profit_____ loss\$97,255 Earns. per share on cap-__ital stock (no par)____ Nil x\$517.523 \$0.12 \$0.36 x Subject to surtax on undistributed profits and excess profits tax.

x Subject to surtax on undistributed profits and excess profits tax.

-V. 146 p. 2546.

Pittsburgh United Corp.—Decision Modified—

The Pennsylvania Supreme Court, in a decision handed down May 9, amended the decree of the lower court and directed that the value of diquidation of U. S. Steel common to Pittsburgh United preferred holders should be as of the date of distribution. The lower court had held in a decision last March that the U. S. Steel common should be valued at \$111.25 a share.

AThe Court upheld the validity of the liquidating agreement, known as the Schiller agreement.

It amended its provision to the extent that "such Pittsburgh United preferred holders who desire to have their shares liquidated on the sam basis as those entitled under the Schiller agreement may do so."

AThe Court denied the argument of some preferred holders who argued they were entitled to either interest or liquidating damages because of the loss resulting from breach of contract. On this point it said that the "pendency of injunction suits placed United in the position of a stake-holder. It was not at liberty to make distribution except at its peril."

The Court concluded on this point that the corporation could not be penalized for the entry of these suits.

The case revolved around an agreement as of April, 1932 under which Pittsburgh United Corp. agreed to liquidate pro rata among its preferred holders the corporation's holdings of 108,402 shares of U. S. Steel common. The preferred holders were to receive the equivalent of \$110, plus accrue dividends for each share held.

Liquidation was to become effective as of Feb. 28, 1937. At that time U. S. Steel common was selling at \$111-\$112 a share. Court action prior to the date of liquidation prevented fulfillment of the agreement.

The contention raised in the suit that the agreement was invalid because it provided for payment of dividends irrespective of earnings and that under Pennsylvania law a dividend can only be paid from earnings, not capital, was dismissed by the co

of the agreement."

Dealings Suspended—
The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange on May 10 adopted the recommendation of the Committee on Stock List that the common stock of the corporation be suspended from dealings in mediately, pending determination as to whether the reported decision of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court will have the effect of depriving such stock of value. It has been reported that this decision upheld the validity of the liquidating agreement known as the "Schiller" agreement, providing for the distribution of the corporation's holdings of United States Steel common stock and directed that the value of liquidation of United States Steel common stock to Pittsburgh United preferred stockholders should be as of the date of distribution.—V. 146, p. 2383.

Distributed & West Virginia Rv.—Annual Report—

Pittsburgh & West Virginia Ry.—Annual Report-Calendar Years— 1937 1936 1935 1934

Calendar Years— Railway oper, revenues—\$ Railway oper, expenses— Railway tax accruals——	1937 4,092,692 3,165,133 249,273	\$3,856,901 2,692,239 297,840	\$3,000,955 2,040,278 231,285	\$2,720,147 2,003,046 242,903
Railway oper. income. Equipment rents— $Cr_{}$ Joint facilty rents— $Dr_{}$	\$678,286 489,852 25,347	\$866,822 422,925 24,437	\$729,391 326,860 23,063	\$474,197 384,846 23,072
Net ry. oper. income_ \$ Other income	31,142,791 404,317	\$1,265,311 37,498	\$1,033,188 12,009	• \$835,971 14,891
Total income 8 Total interest accrued Other deductions	\$1,547,008 882,856 25,611	\$1,302,809 911,259 14,593	\$1,045,198 935,031 14,667	\$850,862 932,398 10,733
Net income	\$638,540	\$376,956 eet Dec. 31	\$95,500	def\$92,270
Assets— Invest in road and equipment	179,119 1,000 71,325 436,891 4,341,062 248,517 5,020 417,547 27,232 76,025 158,056 208,696 2,002	Fund. debt us Government. Traf.,&c., ba Loans & bills Accts. & wag Misc. accts. Int. mat'd un Funded debt tured, un Unmat'd int. Other curren Deferred liat Tax liabilitie	ck30,235,110 mat.18,743,22 grants	77 20,870,707 7 104,427 726 165,633 14 730,787 97 398,306 65 61,525 90 5,030
Deferred assets 17,171 Unadjusted debits 179,465		thru. inc. &	k surp 155,0	
Total 64,340,891	64,372,002	Total	64,340,8	91 64.372,002

Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry.-

Holders of first general mortgage bonds are being notified that in accordance with sinking fund provision of mortgage covering issue of these bonds the Pennsylvania RR. is inviting tenders of bonds for sale and delivery as of June 1, 1938, at a price not exceeding par and accrued interest, to extent of \$113,790.

Sealed proposals must be in office of Geo. H. Pabst Jr., Treasurer, Pennsylvania RR. Co., 380 Seventh Ave., New York City, before three o'clock p. m., May 31, 1938, and must state series letter and numbers of bonds offered.—V. 136, p. 3339.

Plymouth Oil Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

Quar. End. Mar. 31-Net income 1938 \$702,892 1,022,900 \$0.69 1937 \$640,319 1,050,000 \$0.61 \$361,156 1,050,000 \$0.34 x Net income______Shares capital stock_____ Earnings per share______x After down \$185,833 1,050,000 \$0.18 x After depreciation, interest, depletion, Federal taxes, minority intere &c.—V. 146, p. 286.

Pond Creek Pocahontas Co.

I Olid Citter I ota	TIOTICES C	O. 1001.00		
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31-	1938	1937	1936	1935
Net profit after all chgs. and taxes	\$34,158	\$40,655	\$104,512	\$125,829
Shs. of capital stock (no par) outstanding Earnings per share	169,742 \$0,20	169,742 \$0,24	169,742 \$0.62	167,444 \$0.75
Note—No provision is 1—V. 146, p. 2705.			on undistribu	ited profits

Poor & Co.—Earnings-

 Period End. Mar. 31—
 1938—3 Mos.—1937
 1938—12 Mos.—1937

 et profit after deprec., int., & prov. for Fed. taxes (est.)
 a\$570,000
 c\$232,000
 b\$869,00

Porto Rican American Tobacco Co. (N. Y.)

Postal Telegraph Land Line System-Earnings

Period End. Mar. 31— Tel. & cable oper. revs		*2,210,767	1938—3 M \$5,200,698	\$6,003,836
Total tel. & cable oper. expenses	1,756,506	1,929,809	5,176,075	5,637,442
Net tel. & cable oper. revenues Uncollectible oper. revs_ Taxes assign. to oper	\$134,646 5,000 84,510	\$280,958 6,000 80,026	\$24,623 15,000 262,484	\$366,394 18,000 234,764
Operating income Non-operating income	\$45,136 1,422	\$194,932 3,760	def\$252,861 6,801	\$113,630 11,181
Gross income Deduct. from gross inc	\$46,558 251,779	\$198,692 245,922	def\$246,061 755,724	\$124,811 729,708
Net deficit	\$205,220	\$47,230	\$1,001,785	\$604,897

 Pullman, Inc. (& Subs.)
 Earnings

 Period End. Mar. 31
 1938—3
 Mos.—1937

 Earnings after expenses and Federal taxes
 \$3,480,638
 \$6,873,287

 Depreciation, &c.
 3,052,086
 3,596,589

 1938-12 Mos.-1937 \$3,480,638 \$6,873,287 **x**\$21066,042 \$22,975,789 3,052,086 3,596,589 11,638,239 14,552,246 Net profit_______\$428,552 \$3,276,699 \$9,427,803 \$8,423,543 Earns. per sh. on 3,820,- 182 shs. of cap. stock.

x Includes \$679,808 net amount after Federal income taxes, accruing from remission of 1936 taxes under Railroad Retirement Act.

Note—No provision made for surtax on undistributed profits.—p. 2058.

(The) Pure Oil Co.—Earnings Decline—
Preliminary figures covering the first three months' operations in 1938 indicate a reduction from the earnings of 1937 for the corresponding period of approximately \$900,000, after eliminating inter-departmental profits and Federal income taxes in both years.

The company operations in the first three months of 1938 generally are in line with general conditions covering the petroleum industry, Henry M. Dawes, President, reported May 10. "Gasoline sales in the industry this year have been practically the same as in the corresponding months of 1937," Mr. Dawes said, "but the volume and price of industrial fuel oil are considerably lower.

"Such conditions closely accord with the experience of the company," Mr. Dawes added. "While gasoline sales in industrial districts were substantially under those of a year ago, in those parts of the country where business is more diversified and agriculture is the principal activity sales nearly offset the loss in manufacturing sections."

In commenting on company departmental operation, Mr. Dawes said: "Materially improved refining operation and increased production in Illinois and other fields were more than offset by the decline in products prepared and the decrease in production allowed by the Texas pro-ration authorities."

V. 146, p. 2706.

Purity Bakeries Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Purity Bakeries Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings

16 Weeks Ended— Apr. 23, '38 Apr. 24, '37 Apr. 18, '36 Apr. 20, '35 y Net profit— x\$186,305 x\$28,199 loss \$718,612 \$179,464 Shs.com.stk.out.(no par) 771,476 771,476 771,476 Earnings per share— 0.24 \$0.04 Nil \$0.23 x Before surtax on undistributed profits. y After interest, depreciation and Federal taxes.—V. 146, p. 1086.

Quaker State Oil Refining Corp. (& Subs.)--Earnings | 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— | 1938 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1936 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 | 1937 1936 \$163,752 902,305 \$0.18

Rapid Transit in New York City-Transit Lines Show

Passenger Gain in 1937 Calendar Year

Passenger Gain in 1937 Calendar Year—

Passenger travel on New York City transit lines showed a further gain during the 1937 calendar year, according to the Transit Commission. Traffic handled by all lines for 1937 totaled 3,128,700,000 passengers, an increase of 24,900,000 or 0.8%, over 1936.

Bus lines registered a further sharp increase in passengers handled, the gain more than offsetting losses by other transportation. Total bus traffic amounted to 609,100,000 passengers, an increase of 64,000,000, or 11.7%.

Rapid transit lines, including the municipally-operated Independent Subway system, carried 1,886,927,692 passengers during 1937, a decrease of 11.176,693, or 0.59%. Hudson & Manhatan Rr. showed a decline of 27,400,000, or 4.7%, from the preceding year. This decrease, almost entirely in Manhatan and Queens, largely was due to motorization of trolley lines.

Although aggregate traffic on rapid transit lines as a group showed only a small percentage decline, the two principal privately-operated subway systems suffered further diversion of passengers to the Independent Suysystems suffered further diversion of passengers to the Independent Suysystems suffered further diversion of passengers to the Independent Suysystems suffered further diversion of passengers to the Independent Suysystems suffered further diversion of passengers to the Independent Suysystems varied Transit Octop. (B.-M. T. subsidiary) carried The Subway division of the Interborough Rapid Transit system carried 1784,800,000, or 30,100,000 less than in the preceding 12 month period. The 1. R. T. elevated division carried 207,600,000, a decline of 7,000,000, or 3.7%.

The Independent System reported a total traffic for the year of 323,619,000, an increase of 61,000,000 passengers, or 23.24%.

Transit Commission and Mayor Agree on Unification Amendment-

Amendment—
Mayor La Guardia of N. Y. City announced May 9 that he and Transit Commissioner Fertig had reached "substantial agreement" on the text of a proposed constitutional amendment committing the city to exclude expenditures for rapid transit unification from its constitutional debt limit. Commissioner Fertig after conferring with the Mayor left for Albany where the amendment was submitted to the constitutional convention now in session.

The proposal was referred by Chief Judge Frederick E. Crane on May 11, to the Committee on Cities of the Constitutional Convention. The reference, said a dispatch from Albany, which appeared on the surface to be routine, was a favorable augur for the proposal, as the Cities Committee had greater New York City representation than has the Committee on Public Utilities.

Harold Riegelman of N. Y. City is Chairman of the Cities Committee, while the chairmanship of the Public Utilities Committee is held by Martin W. Deyo of Binghamton.

Transit Commissioner Riegelman has called a public hearing on the proposal before his committee for June 8.

Transit Unity Cost Put at \$320.000.000—

Transit Commissioner Riegelman has called a public nearing on the proposal before his committee for June 8.

Transit Unity Cost Put at \$320,000,000—

It is stated that Mayor La Guardia and the Transit Commission hope to negotiate with the representatives of the security holders of the B.-M. T., the Interborough and the Mannattan Ry. a transit unification plan under which the city will acquire the privately-operated properties for not more than \$320,000,000, payable in 3% corporate stock or scrial bonds, or a combination of the two classes of city obligations.

The price limit suggested, it is reported is based upon maximum estimates of the expenditure which would be supported by the earnings of the lines, under unification and at a 5-cent fare. These estimates are said to take into account ample allowances for such elements as loss of taxes now received by the city from the companies, pension charges, wage rises, increased maintenance and depreciation reserves and similar factors.

Actual negotiations, it was pointed out, might result in a figure somewhat lower than that named, after making allowance for back taxes owed the city and other obligations from the companies. The \$320,000,000 estimate is about \$116,000,000 lower than the price named in the plan proposed by Samuel Seabury and former City Chamberlain A. A. Berle Jr., which the Transit Commission rejected a year ago.

Every effort will be made, it is understood, to reach an agreement before the State Constitutional Convention adjourns July 29.

The estimate of a total cost of not to exceed \$320,000,000 for the properties is based upon \$170,000,000 for the Manhattan and Interborough, as given in the memorandum of understanding made public by the Transit Commission several months ago. The estimate on price for the B.-M. T. is about \$150,000,000.00.00.-V. 146, p. 119.

R. C. A. Communications, Inc.—Earnings—

Tel. & cable oper. revs	1938—Mon \$439.189	th—1937 \$480.851	1938—3 M	
Total tel. & cable oper.	\$409,109		\$1,181,942	\$1,326,385
expenses	368,674	357,805	1,081,936	1,038,377
Net tel.& cable op. rev	\$70,514	\$123,046	\$100,006	\$288,008
Other oper, revenues	30,472	34,072	93,436	101,573
Other oper. expenses Uncollectible oper. revs_	40,776	38,257	120,188	113,107
Taxes assignable to opers	$\frac{1,000}{37.682}$	$\frac{1,000}{39,249}$	3,000 81,979	3,000
- and designation to opera	01,002	00,240	01,979	102,866
Operating income	\$21,529	\$73,611	def\$11.725	\$170,607
Non-operating income	72,230	82,980	192,818	233,510
_ Gross income	\$93,809	\$161,591	\$181,094	\$404.117
Deduction from gross inc	23,559	28,970	75,693	83,812
Net income	\$70,250	\$132,621	\$105,401	\$320,305
-V. 146, p. 2706.				
Reliance Mfg Co	of Illin	ie Farm	om an	

Reliance Mfg. Co. of Illinois—Ed Quar. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 Net profit after charges and taxes——loss\$175,377 x\$190.74 Earning1936 1935 x\$190,742 \$35,052 x Before surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. Revere Copper & Brass, Inc.—Earnings--V. 146, p. 1086.

Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31

[Including	ng wholly	owned subsid	liaries	
Gross sales Cost of goods sold Operating expenses	1938	1937	1936 \$7,252,286 ×5,848,002 646,216	\$6,275,127 4,800,397 567,889
Operating profitlos Other income	387,950 26,466	\$2,243,602 45,703	\$758,068 39,652	\$906,841 43,817
Total incomelos Int. paid except on own	n ann eanna.	\$2,289,305	\$797,720	\$950,658
bonds_ Cash discounts, &c Loss on bonds purchased Prov. to reduce book val. of securities	9,511 65,530 3,000	132,728 2,950	77,198 	69,714
Profit los Interest los Amortiz, discount, &c Depreciation Federal income taxes	ss\$439,525 90,808 13,437 335,889	\$2,153,627 95,210 16,949 326,756 300,000	\$720,522 100,921 13,125 320,507 51,200	\$880,944 125,985 302,717 62,000
Net profitlos Earns, per sh. on 513,260 shares common stock_ x Includes \$55,194 credite	Nil	\$1.98	\$234,769 Nil	\$390,242 Nil

Note—No provision has been made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 2384.

Richfield Oil Corp.—New Official—
Announcement was made on May 9 of the election of Frank A. Morgan,
Director of Exploration, as a Vice-President of this corporation, with which
he has been associated since Richfield absorbed last year the Rio Grande
Oil Co., for which Mr. Morgan was geologist.—V. 146, p. 2384.

Roanoke Water Works Co. - City Acquires Property-Bond holders to Receive Par for Bonds—

The entire plant of the company was condemned by the City of Roanoke and taken over for municipal operation on April 30, 1938.

By decree entered by the Court of Law and Chancery of the City of Roanoke on May 11, 1938, the special commissioner of the court, First National Exchange Bank of Roanoke, was directed to pay to the holders of the first mortgage 5% gold bonds of the company, dated July 1, 1925, and secured by deed of trust to Chatham Phenix National Bank & Trust Co. (now Manufacturers Trust Co.), trustee, upon presentation and surrender thereof for cancellation, the par value of the bonds with interest thereon at 5% from Jan. 1, 1938, through April 30, 1938.

The special commissioner is now ready to receive the bonds at its banking house in the City of Roanoke, Va., and to pay the same as provided in the decree.—V. 144, p. 2498.

Robe Coin Machine Mfg. Co.—Registration Withdrawn-See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 2707.

Roeser & Pendleton, Inc. - Earnings-Earnings for 6 Months Ended March 31, 1938

\$61,255. Net current assets of \$990,333 were \$320,805 larger than at Sept. 30, 1937.—V. 146, p. 447.

Roman Catholic Bishop of Toledo—Bonds Offered—Bitting & Co., St. Louis, recently offered \$250,000 direct obligation 4% sinking fund bonds.

obligation 4% sinking fund bonds.

Dated April 1, 1938; due April 1, 1950. Coupon bonds in denom. of \$1,000 and \$500. Principal and int. payable A. & O. at Mississippi Valley Trust Co., corporate trustee, \$t. Louis, Mo. Callable wholly or in part on any int. date on 30 days' prior notice at par and int.

These bonds in the opinion of counsel constitute the direct obligation of His Excellency, the Most Reverend Karl J. Alter, D.D., Roman Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Toledo, and of his successor and successors in office. The Diocese of Toledo has assets conservatively valued at over \$27,500,000 with debts of less than 20% thereof. These bonds, issued solely for refunding purposes, do not increase the indebtedness of the diocese, and in fact reduce interest charges and hence enhance the diocesan income.

The Diocese of Toledo comprises 8,222 square m.les in northwestern Ohio, with a Catholic population of 170,000, served by 285 priests and 16 religious orders of men and women in 151 parish churches, 128 schools and colleges, with an enrollment of 28,672 students, 5 hospitals, 2 orphanages and 2 homes for the aged. De Sales College, a diocesan institution located in Toledo, has 1,269 students, inclusive of summer school registrations.

The Bishop of Toledo covenants that he will retire, through the sinking fund, prior to their fixed maturity, bonds in a par value amount of 60% of the entire issue.

Rose's 5, 10 and 25-Cent Stores, Inc.—Sales—

Period End. April 30— 1938—Months—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937 1938—5 1,362,856 \$1.408,724

-V. 146, p. 2548.

Royalite Oil Co., Ltd.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share in addition to the regular semi-annual dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value both payable June 1 to holders of record May 20. Similar payments were made on Dec. 1 and June 1, 1937; Dec. 1 and June 1, 1936 and on Dec. 2, 1935. A dividend of 75 cents per share was paid on June 7, 1935.—V. 145, p. 3357

St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Co.—Tenders—
The Manufacturers Trust Co. will until 3 p. m. June 13 receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient first mortgage 5% 50-year gold coupon bonds, due July 1, 1955 to exhaust the sum of \$18,929 at prices not exceeding par and accrued interest.—V. 146, p. 2707.

San Diego Consolidated Gas & Floria Co. Fan

Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues * Net oper. revenue Other income (net)	1938—Mon \$737,628 266,015	\$713,360 290,537	1938—12 A \$8.091,305 3,172,807	#8,091,597 3,381,122
x Net oper revenue & other income	\$266,044 ent reserve	\$290,797	\$3,174,781 1,300,000	\$3,384,767 1,265,000
Gross incomex Before appropriation			\$1,874,781	\$2,119,767

San Jose Water Works—Earnings—

3 Months Ended March 31— Operating revenue—water Operation Maintenance Taxes (other than Federal income tax) Provision for depreciation	1938 \$139,339 47,543 12,064 15,185 25,125	1937 \$137,176 45,082 11,609 12,166 22,950
Net operating revenueOther income (net)	\$39,422 275	\$45,367 264
Total income Interest on funded debt. Interest on unfunded debt. Amortization of debt discount & expense. Prov. for Federal income tax (estd.).	\$39,697 28,584 763 2,222 1,219	\$45,632 17,733 4,364 1,914 3,243
Net income	\$6,908	\$18,377

1936 \$53,968 Nil

y Earnings per share... Nil \$0.25 Nil Nil x After taxes, depreciation, &c. y On 167,715 shares common stock (no par). z No provision has been made for Federal surtaxes on undistributed profits.

For the 12 months ended March 31, 1938, net profit was \$364,744, equal to \$2.17 a share on common, compared with \$341,469, or \$2.03 a share for the 12 months ended March 31, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2869.

Savannah Electr	ic & Powe	er Co.—	Carnings—	
Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1938—Mon \$179,090 71,406 10,189 a21,461	th—1937 \$171,074 69,174 7,645 18,563	1938—12 M \$2,203,210 861,907 117,141 a248,035	$\begin{array}{c} los1937 \\ \$2,012,022 \\ 758,713 \\ 110,342 \\ 210,358 \end{array}$
Net oper revenues Non-oper income (net)	\$76,033 Dr1,376	\$75,692 Dr68	\$976,127 5,890	\$932,609 18,852
Balance Interest & amortization	\$74,657 30,899	\$75,624 31,619	\$982,017 378,574	\$951,461 378,669
BalanceAppropriations for retirer	\$43,757 ment reserve.	\$44,004	\$603,442 250,666	\$572,791 220,333
Balance Debenture dividend require Preferred dividend require	rements		\$352,776 149,114 60,000	\$352,458 149,114 60,000
Balance for common div			\$143,661	\$143,343

a No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits for 1938, since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year.

Note—On Jan. 1, 1937, changes were made in accounting procedure, hence the above 12 months' figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 146, p. 3030.

Schiff Co.—Sales—
Sales for the month of April, 1938 were \$1,453,524, as compared with sales for April, 1937 of \$1,201,376. This was a gain of 20,99%. Sales for the four months' period this year were \$3,379,618, as compared with last year of \$3,611,880. This was a loss of 6.43%.—V. 146, p. 2221.

Schulte Retail Stores Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
3 Months Ended March 31—
1938
1937
Sales.—\$4,527,713 \$5,084,783
Loss after administration expenses and deprec., but before special charges and credits—123,330 56,760
The March loss was \$55,179 after administration expenses and depreciation but before special charges and credits, comparing with loss of \$1,444 in March, 1937.—V. 146, p. 1889; V. 145, p. 3932.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.—RFC Loan—
The Reconstruction Finance Corporation has approved a loan of \$2,-200,000 to the company for the purchase of nine Diesel electric locomotives, representing 90% of their cost, Jesse Jones, Chairman of the RFC, announced May 10.—V. 146, p. 2869.

Seaboard Oil Co. of Del. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

 Seaboard On Co. or Det. (& Subs.)

 Quar. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1938 1937

 1938 1936 \$1,696,817

 Share of products accruing to operators of Kettleman Hills

 195,785 195,527 173,831 164,008

 Operating expenses

 511,111 421,985 312,344 287,211

 Balance _____Other income_____ -- \$1,369,264 -- 60,484 \$1,267,213 23,184 \$1,210,641 \$823,972 Total income_
Deprec. and depletion__
Intang. develop. costs_
Amort. of int. in Kettleman No. Dome Assoc. \$835,980 99,483 159,375 \$1,429,748 *315,408 492,611 \$1,290,398 168,925 293,750 \$1,216,520 119,094 266,500 87,945 14,000 36,000 150,357 27,000 59,000 Prov. for contingencies. Prov. for Fed. inc. tax.

Net profit____ Earns.per sh. on cap. stk \$439,177 \$0.35 \$456,729 \$0.36 \$591,365 \$0.47 \$612,126 \$0.49 x Provision for depletion, depreciation, amortization, property abandonments and exploration works in foreign countries.—V. 146, p. 2385.

Seeman Bros., Inc.—Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31— 1938—3 Mos.—1937

**Net profit._____\$58,302 \$120,845 \$203,521 \$341,218

**y Earnings per share.___ \$5.54 \$1.12 \$1.89 \$3.16

**x After charges and Federal income taxes. y On 107,8 10 shares capital stock (no par).—V. 146, p. 927. **--1937 **341,218 **3.16

 Solution of the part of -Earnings 1935 \$1,299,287 919,971 52,931 37,908 37,981 1937 \$1,821,517 1,136,203 40,138 37,077 68,614 \$1,448,732 1,006,576 42,460 37,588 51,587 Net profit_____ Preferred dividends____ \$173,935 **z**200,449 \$539,485 **z**200,449 \$310,521 **z**200,898 \$250,496 **z**200,449

(Frank G.) Shattuck Co. (& Subs.)--Earnings

-Ear. 1936 \$115,532 1,269,170 \$0.09 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936 **x** Net profit \$124,325 \$179,885 \$115.5 Shs. cap. stk. out. (no par) 1,365,500 1,269,170 1,269.1 Earnings per share- \$0.10 \$0.14 \$0.0 **x** After depreciation and Federal taxes.—V. 146, p. 1889. 1935

Sherwin-Williams Co. of Canada, Ltd.—Accum. Div.—The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cum. preferred stock, par \$100, payable July 2 to holders of record June 15. A similar payment was made on April 1 and Jan. 3, 1931; Oct. 1, July 2, April 1, March 1 and Jan. 2, 1937; Oct. 1, July 1, April 1, and Jan. 2, 1936, and on Oct. 1, July 2, April 1 and Jan. 2, 1935, this latter being the first dividend paid on the pref. stock since the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 per share was paid on Dec. 31, 1932.—V. 146, p. 1090.

Simonds Saw & Steel Co.—Dividend Halved—
The directors have declared a dividend of 10 cents per share on the new no par common shares payable June 15 to holders of record May 28. A dividend of 20 cents was paid on March 15, last; one of 80 cents was paid on Dec. 15, last, and an initial dividend of 5) cents was paid on these shares on Sept. 15, 1937.

The company's stock was recently splt-up on a 10-for-1 basis. A dividend of \$4 per share was paid on the old stock on June 1, 1937, and a dividend of \$3 per share was distributed in March, 1937.—V. 146, p. 3031.

62-72 West 47th Street Building—Distribution—
The holders of the first mortgage serial 6% coupon gold bonds dated April 28, 1925, not presented for credit at the foreclosure sale are notified that funds are now available at the office of Continental Bank & Trust Co., 30 Broad St., New York, for a second distribution at the rate of \$18.01 per \$1,000 bond with the April 28, 1932 and all subsequent coupons attached, such distribution representing payment of balance of the net foreclosure sale proceeds and other funds available with the trustee for distribution.—V. 120, p. 2560; —V. 146, p. 287.

Skelly Oil Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31— Gross income Expenses, tax, &c	\$8,237,852	fos.—1937 \$8,554,227 4,998,853	\$41,167,233	$egin{array}{l} Mos1937 \ \$37,057,680 \ 24,379,749 \end{array}$
Operating profitOther income	\$2,541,680 193,242	\$3,555,374 257,165		\$12,677,931 1,146,313
Total incomeNon-oper. chargesInterestDeprec., deplet., &cFederal income taxMinority interest	\$2,734,922 56,861 112,606 1,796,285 104,400	\$3,812,539 58,175 115,804 1,828,447 275,700	\$15,202,375 311,515 460,012 8,443,345 368,800	\$13,824,244 357,444 472,904 6,787,048 618,200 935
Net profit Shs. com. stk. (par \$15)_ Earnings per share	\$664,770 1,003,948 \$0.56	\$1,534,413 1,006,348 \$1.43	\$5,618,703 1,003,948 \$5.20	\$5,587,713 1,006,348 \$5.16

(L. C.) Smith & Corona Typewriters, Inc. (& Subs.)

3 Months Ended March 31— Sales Cost of sales Expenses Depreciation, depletion and amortization	1938 \$3,043,401 1,556,519 1,298,594 37,322	\$3,718,521 1,786,013 1,378,837 47,486
Profit from operationsOther income	\$150,966 24,979	\$506,185 19,890
Total income	\$175,945 39,064 17,924	\$526,075 74,508 72,407 26,822
Net profit	\$118,957 19,534 69,070	\$352,338 39,973 66,795
Surplus	\$30,353 276,237 \$0.36	\$245,570 178,066 \$1.75

Current assets as of March 31, 1938, including \$668,513 cash and \$3,784,839 inventories, amounted to \$7.291,469 and current liabilities, including \$650,000 bank notes payable, were \$1,732,575. This compares with cash of \$827,802, inventories of \$3,041,290, current assets of \$6,841,509 and current liabilities, including \$300,009 bank notes payable, of \$1,710,164 on March 31,1937.

131, 1937.
Total assets as of March 31, 1938, were \$10,293,754 comparing with \$9,803,025 on March 31, 1937 capital surplus was \$584,563 against \$630,876

and earned surplus was \$1,736,719 against \$1.481,882. Funded debt wa \$1,575,000 against \$1,750,000.—V. 146, p. 1566.

Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.—\$1 Common Dividend
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common
stock, payable June 21 to holders of record June 10. A dividend of \$1.50
was paid on Dec. 21, last, this latter being the first dividend to be paid on
the common shares since March 20, 1929 when a quarterly payment of
\$1.50 per share was made.—V. 145, p. 3211.

Solar Aircraft Corp.—Earnings— Earnings for the 48 Weeks Ended April 2, 1938

Soundview Pulp Co.—No Common Dividend—Directors have decided to omit the dividend usually paid at this time on the company's common stock. It was the opinion of the board that cash should be conserved in view of the currently unsettled condition of the paper pulp market. Regular dividends of 25 cents per share were paid on March 1, last and each three months previously. See also V. 145, p. 3211 for the previous dividend record.—V. 145, p. 3983.

South Carolina Utilities Co.—Notes—
The Securities and Exchange Commission has approved the applications of the company and Walnut Electric & Gas Corp., the parent company, for the issuance of three 5% unsecured promissory notes for \$92,200, \$20,000 and \$10,000 by the subsidiary and acquisition of the notes by the parent. An application covering the issuance of a fourth note, in the amount of \$150,000, will be held under consideration by the Commission until the other transactions have been completed.

Southern California Water Co.—Securities—
The company has filed an amendment with the Securities and Exchange Commission stating that the offering price on its 20,000 shares of 6% cumulative stock, \$25 par, will be \$23 each.
The \$117,000 of 4½% first mcrtgage bonds of Southern California Water to be offered by American States Utilities Corp., parent company, will be offered at 92.—V. 146, p. 2549.

Southern Ry.—Earnings

—Fourth Week of April— —Jan. 1 to April 30—
1938 1937 1938 1937
Gross earnings (est.) 2,950,647 \$3,410,791 \$37,208,415 \$46,320,955
—V. 146, p. 3031.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Uncollectibile oper. rev_	1938— <i>Mo</i> \$7,339,626 32,226	nth—1937 \$7,217,909 25,546		$\begin{array}{c} los1937 \\ \$21,005,757 \\ 76,557 \end{array}$
x Oper. revenues Operating expenses	\$7,307,400 4,636,819		\$21,576,871 13,991,704	\$20,929,200 13,438,789
Net oper. revenues Operating taxes	\$2,670,581 990,528	\$2,621,853 933,822	\$7,585,167 2,898,337	\$7,490,411 2,682,060
Net oper income Net income x Subject to refune in 1038 and 1037 respect	whole or in p			50 for month

in 1932 and 1937, respectively, and \$59,400 and \$56,745 for three of 1938 and 1937, respectively.—V. 146, p. 3032.

Sovereign Investors, Inc.—Registers with SEC-See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 1729.

Spencer Shoe Corp.—Registration Withdrawn— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 146, p. 767.

Spiegel, Inc.—Earnings-

| (Formerly Spiegel, May, Stern & Co., Inc.) | 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938 1937 1936 1935 | Net income after deprec., int., Fed. taxes, &c._loss\$331,223 \$545,583 \$449,934 \$292,145 | Earned per share on common stock. Nil \$0.36 \$1.52 \$1.29 | Note—No provision has been made for Federal surtaxes on undistributed profits.

profits.
For 12 months ended Mar. 31, 1938, net income was \$1,694,597, equal, after preferred dividend requirements, to 97 cents a share on 1,275,658 shares of common stock, comparing with \$3,530,076, or \$2.54 a common share, for 12 months ended Mar. 31, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2387.

Square D Co.—Earnings-

 Square D Co.—Earnings—

 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—
 1938
 1937
 1936
 1935

 Net profit after charges, depree'n & Fed. taxes _ \$65,641
 x\$214,073
 \$122,232
 \$132,135

 Shs. class B stk. (no par)
 343,860
 220,638
 220,650
 70,926

 Earnings per share.....
 \$0.19
 \$0.66
 \$0.25
 \$1.09

 x No provision was made for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.
 For 12 months ended Mar. 31, 1938, net profit was \$914.341, equal to \$2.66 a share on 343,860 shares, con paring with \$1,073,863, equal to \$3.12 a share on common for the 12 months ended Mar. 31, 1937, based on present capitalization.—V. 146, p. 2549.

Standard Cap & Seal Corp.—Earnings-

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—	1938	1937	1936	1935 $$150,346$ $209,405$
z Net profit	x \$155,509	x \$179,951	\$169,004	
Shares capital stock	214,676	213,105	211,005	
Earnings per share	\$0.53	y\$0.64	\$0.80	\$0.72

x No provision has been made for surtax on undistributed profits. y Comparison of per share earnings with 1936 cannot be properly made because of changes in capitalization during period. z After interest, depreciation and Federal taxes.—V. 145, p. 2864.

Standard Gas & Electric Co.—Weekly Output— Electric output of the public utility operating companies in the Standard Gas & Electric Co. system for the week ended May 7, 1938 totaled 98,069,-36 kwh., a decrease of 6.2%, compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 146, p. 3032.

Standard Oil Co. of California-Earnings-

3 Months Ended March 31— 1938 Operating income \$13,062,380 Dividends 225,167 Other non-operating income (net) 173,603	$^{1937}_{\$13,076,556}$ $^{313,418}_{Dr13,582}$	\$7,021,667 277,205 314,986
Total net income\$13,561,108 Deprec., depletion & amortization5,365,622 Prov. for normal Fed. inc. tax (est.). b1,065,000 Dividends paid on preferred stock of	\$13,376,392 4,609,902 b 877,000	\$7,613,858 4,432,901 223,000
subsidiaries in hands of public		5,000
Net profit\$7,130,486 Earnings per share\$0.54		\$2,952,958 \$0.23 er the 1936

Revenue Act on undistributed profits.—V. 146. p. 3032.

Standard Oil Co. of Kansas-Earnings Including Coastal Plains Oil Corp.

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— ** Net profit—————————— Shs. cap. stock (par \$10) Earnings per share————————————————————————————————————	1938	1937	1936	1935
	\$168,908	\$113,489	\$46,876	\$60,944
	109,900	134,841	145,442	146,542
	\$1.53	\$0.84	\$0.32	\$0.41

x After taxes, depreciation, depletion, amount of intangible development costs, and other deductions.—V. 146, p. 1891.

Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey)-Earnings

1937 §	1936 \$	1935 \$	
a Gross oper. income 1308900351 Inc. from other sources 23,995,446	1162121244		
		$\begin{array}{r} 1102504044 \\ 825,830,188 \\ 51,253,657 \\ 118,339,334 \end{array}$	1036945806 795,270,661 44,481,280 111,633,588
Int. & discount on fund. 2,689,634 and long-term debt. 2,689,634 Other interest. 5,701,665 Divs. on pf.stks.of subs. 345,489 Profit applic. to min. int. 40,988,087 Miscell. deductions. c9,685,110	7,053,003 2,468,922 28,570,512	7,065,046	7,058,461 6,120,056 4,499,489 22,263,311
Net income147,993,147 Common dividends65,549,615	97,774,583 52,421,683	62,863,192 d50,634,434	45,618,960 31,940,882
Surplus	26,224,767	25,856,081	13,678,078 25,856,081 \$1.76

a Inter-department and inter-company transactions have been excluded, b Includes depletion, depreciation, retirements and amortization. c Undistributed earnings included above of certain foreign subsidiary companies affected by restrictions on the payment of dividends, carried to contingent reserve. d Includes stock dividend of Mission Corp. of \$18,329,913. e Includes government income taxes and \$1,227,617 (\$1,406,296 in 1936) Federal surfax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 3032.

Statement of Consolidated Surplus for 1937

Unappropriated

	Capital Surplus	Appropriated	(Earned) Surplus
Balances at Dec. 31, 1936	80,786,008		\$405,011,118
by restrictions on pay, of divs., carried to contingent reserve Transfer of excess reserve for deprec.			Dr16,423,947
of a for. sub. co., as determined by officials. Amounts transferred to annuity re-			8,971,907
serves & annuity payments made in respect of prior years Est. amt. of add'l oil royalties pay-			Dr5,097,854
able by for. sub. cos. in respect of prior years Amt. transf. by a for. sub. co. from			Dr2,375,000
ins. res've, less amt. applic. to prior years transf. to misc. other res'ves Res. for add'l inc. taxes & add'l tax			798,678
assessments paid in respect of prior years (net)			Dr90,664
1936, in unapprop. (earned) surp., approp. during year, less amts. re- stored during year to unapprop. (earned) surplus. Adjs. (net) arising from liquidation & sale of certain sub. cos., from		764,301	Dr764,301
changes of ownership in various subsidiary companies, &c	Dr580,864		
applic, to minority interest in subsidiary companies. Proportions of above surplus adjs. applic, to certain for, sub. cos, af-	44,541	Dr96,069	1,442,924
fected by restrictions on payment of divs., carried to conting. res've_			2,439,141
Consolidated net profit for 1937	80,249,685		\$393,912,002 147,993,147
Cash dividends paid	80,249,685	\$5,964,461	\$541,905,150 65,549,615
Balances at Dec. 31, 1937\$ -V. 146, p. 3032.	80,249,685	\$5,964,461	\$476,355,535

Standard Oil Co. (Ohio)—Arranges \$5,000,000 Loan—The company, according to Cleveland press dispatches, has made tentative plans for the private sale of \$5,000,000 10-year 3½% debentures, partly to replace working capital used in 1937 improvements.

Directors it is said will vote on the plan on May 31.

The debentures will be dated not earlier than June 1, 1938, will be entitled to benefits of a sinking fund to be provided in accordance with the indenture and calculated to retire, at their principal amount and interest, not less than \$3,750,000 and not more than \$4,500,000 principal amount of the debentures during the first nine years of their term.—V. 146, p. 2060.

Sterling Aluminum Products, Inc.—E	larnings-	
3 Months Ended March 31—	1938	1937
Net profit after deprec., Fed. & State income taxes and surtax on undistributed profits. Earnings per share on 246,500 shs. cap. stk. (par \$1) -V. 146. p. 1730.	\$31,356 \$0.12	\$114,721 \$0.46

-V. 146, p. 1730.		
Stewart-Warner Corp. (& Subs.)—In 3 Months Ended March 31—Gross profit from operation	Earnings— 1938 \$923,611 1,095,154	- 1937 \$2,055,577 1,030,224
Operating loss Other income	\$171,5431 Dr42,675	orof 1025353 Dr29,786
Loss Federal income tax	\$214,2181 948	prof, 995,567 154,310
Net loss Earnings per share on 1,241,847 shs. capital stock	\$215,1661	orof § { 41,257 \$0.67

Struthers Wells-Titusville Corp.—Pref. Div. Omitted—Directors have passed the dividend ordinarily payable at this time on the \$1.25 convertible preferred stock. A regular quarterly dividend of 31½ cents per share was paid on Feb. 15, last.—V. 145, p. 2089.

Studebaker Corp.—Sales—
Paul G. Hoffman, President of the corporation, reports the sale of 14,127
passenger cars and trucks during the first four months of 1938 compared
with 37,922 in the corresponding period of 1937.—V. 146, p. 3.333.

Sunshine Mining Co.—Earnings—		
3 Months Ended March 31—	1938	1937
Net profit after deprec., Fed. income taxes, &c	\$1,008,700	\$1,417,363
Earnings per share on capital stock	\$0.68	\$0.95
-V. 146, p. 2223.		

(James) Talcott,	Inc.—Earr	nings—		
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— Net earns, after all ex-	1938	1937	1936	1935
penses and taxes, but				

| penses and taxes, but | \$79,603 \$177,407 \$158,749 \$126,44 | Sales volume for quarter ended March 31, 1938, was \$20,168,983 again \$26,670,698 in first quarter of 1937.—V. 146, p. 1569. \$126,469

(G.) Tamblyn, Ltd	-Earnings-
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3 Mos. Ended March 31—	1938	1937
x Net income	\$21.047	\$41,406
y Earnings per share	\$0.15	\$0.34
x After deductions for operating expenses, normal	Federal inc	ome taxes
and other charges, but before provision for Federal st	irtax on unc	listributed

earnings. y On 112,000 shares common stock.—V. 146, p. 1091.

Tecumseh Products Co.-Earnings-

3 Months Ended March 31— Net income after all charges but before taxes..... —V. 146, p. 1261.

Tennessee Public Service Co.—TVA and Knozville Bid \$7,500,000 to Buy Light Plant—

The Tennessee Valley Authority and the City of Knoxville on May 12 offered \$7,500,000 for the electric properties of the company. The bid was sent to Paul B. Sawyer, President of the National Power & Light Co., intermediate holding company for the T. P. S., which services Knoxville and vicinity.

and vicinity.
National Power & Light's directors received until May 18 to act on the offer.

The joint offer does not include the company's Waterville-Kingsport transmission line and the transportation system serving Knoxville. Neither does it include any of the Tennessee Public Service Co.'s cash reserves, capital or accounts receivable.

The Waterville-Kingsport line has been valued at \$1,300,000, and it is reported that American Gas & Electric Co. has offered to purchase this for \$1,292,000.

The present offer is some \$1,412,000 higher than the previous bid by the city. Originally, the offer was \$5,250,000. Later \$6,088,000 was bid. The last figure was accepted by the company and its bondholders, but voided by preferred stockholder litigation. The \$6,088,000 offer afforded a price to preferred shareholders of about \$40 a share, while the \$7,500,000 figure gives a range of from \$60 to \$75 a preferred share, depending on how much the company might realize from salvage of current assets and sale of traction properties.—V. 146, p. 3033.

Texas Gulf Producing Co.—Earnings—

그 그 그 가는 이 그는 그리고 그리고 있다면 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그	-3 Mos	12 M	onths-
Total net barrels produced Total gross operating income Oper expenses, maintenance & repairs Depreciation and depletion Taxes Commission on oil sales General and adm inistrative expenses Uncollectible accounts	1938 414,853 \$478,536 62,389 90,239 28,753 4,683 61,258	1938 1,866,969 \$2,118,610 228,282 396,824 118,234 20,810 238,106 1,286	1937 1,866,048 \$1,981,666 199,605 363,849 102,146 21,253 209,732 427
Net operating incomeOther income	\$231,214 9,070	\$1,115,069 34,441	\$1,084,656 42,575
Total income	\$240,284	\$1,149,510	\$1,127,231
Loss on leaseholds and other property abandoned Emhurst Development Corp. stock	587	214,518	146,221
charged off Property investigation expenses N. Y. Stock Exchange listing expenses	5,160	19,927	15,000 13,306
Amortization of refinancing costs Interest on long-term debt	4,458 5,680	17,833 $41,534$	$11,004 \\ 14,861 \\ 62,072$
Other interest Provision for contingencies Prov. for Fed. excess-profits tax, inc.	30,000	238,701	4,311 x
tax & surtax on undist. profits—as estimated	12,500	49,709	26,714
Net income	\$181,898	\$566,041 88,813	\$833,742 44,405

x During the year ended Dec. 31, 1936, the company made a charge of \$10,000 per month to profit and loss as a provision for contingencies. As of Dec. 31, 1936, provision for contingencies in the amount of \$120,000 was cleared, \$107,268 to other profit and loss accounts and \$12,731 to reserve for contingencies. Beginning with January, 1937, the com pany resumed the practice of charging \$10,000 per month to profit and loss as a provision for contingencies.

Balance Sheet March 21

Balance Sheet March 31

	1938	1937		1938	1937
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities—	\$	\$
Cash	153,902	83,265	Accounts payable_	76.691	225,592
Working funds	5,675	7.132	Notes payable		7,500
Accts. receivable	128,405	205,700	Accrued liabilities	58,574	60,332
Notes receivable	27,115	1,000	Prov. for Fed'l inc.		
Accr'd int. receiv_	1,244	56	& excess profits		
Inventories	71,127	127,817	taxes	58,516	38,472
Due from officers			Long-term debt	379,745	1.096.783
and directors	1	1,728	Contingent income	165,896	199,265
Ins. & other depos.	1,490	2,151	Res've for conting.	263,707	9,503
x Properties, plant			y Common stock	633.844	633,825
& equipment	9,257,064	9,431,024	Dividend credits	1,471	1,490
Organization exps.	60,650	60,650	Surpl. arising from		
Deferred charges	24,292	41,324	appraisal	3,723,758	4,008,993
Accts. receiv. from			Earned surplus	4,573,833	4.096,606
production	177,705	211,074			
Other assets	27,370	205,442			
Total	9,936,037	10,378,363	Total	9,936,037	10,378,363

* After reserve for depreciation and depletion of \$3,330,646 in 1938 and \$2,648,587 in 1937. — V. 146, p. 1417.

Thatcher Manufacturing Co.—Earnings—

3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— Gross sales	1938 \$1,468,712	1937 \$1,644,920	×1936	1935
Net sales Costs and expenses Depreciation	1,297,681	1,459,624	\$1,396,286	\$826,621
	1,081,277	1,078,968	1,023,999	657,105
	45,094	51,109	49,422	53,109
ProfitOther income	\$171,310	\$329,547	\$322,865	\$116,407
	18,359	21,399	16,032	9,806
Total income	\$189,669	\$350,946	\$338,897	\$126,213
Miscellaneous deductions	16,743	- 19,624	10,256	8,712
Federal income tax, &c_	55,040	91,919	77,337	23,000
Net profit	\$117,886	\$239,403	\$251,304	\$94,501
Preferred dividends	104,377	108,558	110,199	110,199
Common dividends	36,706	36,706	36,706	36,706
Surplus Earns, per sh. on 146,832 shares common stock	def\$23,197	\$94,139	\$104,399	def\$52,404
(no par)	\$0.09	\$0.89	\$0.96	Nil

x Includes operating results of Olean Glass Co., Inc.
Note—No mention was made of surtax on undistributed profits.—V.
146, p. 1569.

Thermoid Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

loss\$95,741 \$140,394 loss\$115,459 \$309,085

Note—No mention was made of any provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 1569.

Volume 146			Fi	nancial
(John R.) Thomp Quar. End. Mar. 31— Net sales	938 \$2,933,522	-Earnings 1937 \$3,019,429		1935 \$2,753,698
Net loss after taxes, de- preciation, &c.—V. 146, p. 1893.	84,369	7,985	prof22,422	45,215
Tide Water Pow 12 Months Ended Marc Total operating revenues. Operating expenses. Maintenance. Provision for retirements. Federal income taxes. Other taxes.	h 31—		$ \begin{array}{ccc} 120,828 \\ 211,389 \\ 23,843 \end{array} $	1937 \$1,872,758 815,837 136,200 166,489 22,159 241,075
Operating incomeOther income			\$424,224 44,417	\$ 490,997 29,814
Gross income_ Interest on 1st mtge. bonds. Interest on unfunded debt_ Amortization of debt discount & expense_ Interest charged to construction—Cr.			\$468,641 313,075	\$520,811 313,075 24,080 13,924
Balance of income Dividends on preferred st	ock		\$113,629 143,148	\$169,732 143,148
Balance Note—No provision is distributed profits, if any			loss\$29,519	
Tilo Roofing Co. Years Ended Dec. 31— Sales Cost of sales	1937	Earnings— 1936 \$2,963,444 1,395,578	1935 \$2,210,234 1,071,010	1934 \$1,707,369 866,071
Gross profit on sales Branch office sell. & ge	n.	\$1,567,867	\$1,139,224	\$841,297
expenses	1,312,719	1,030,906	780,448	705,891
Net profit on sales Other income	\$619,059 54,043	\$536,961 52,955	\$359,776 35,370	\$135,406 39,347
Total income	\$673,102	\$539.916	\$394,147	\$174,754
Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	y 136,000	42,433 x 123,700	37,864 53,000	\$174,754 102,991 11,218
Net profit Preferred dividends	\$528,702 2117	\$423,784 49,010	\$303,283 34,514	\$60,545
Common dividends Shs. com. stock (par \$1). Earnings per share	362,254 290,084 \$1.82	49,010 154,753 279,768 \$1.50	52,277 \$5,43	52,370 \$).78
x Includes \$36,700 for \$4,800 on subsidiary fin surtax on undistributed company. z Dividends stock, to date of redemp	profits, in on series A	nv. v Inclu	ides \$25.900	for Federa
E	arnings for	the 16 Weeks	Ended	4 00 121
Net profit after all chgs. before prov. for pref.	**************************************	Apr. 24, '37 y \$749,896	*387,237	*321,600
stock divs, for the per.	×27 070	15 100	loss33 035	1 01 50

Sales Net profit after all chgs	\$777,029	x\$749,896	\$387,237	\$321,600
before prov. for pref stock divs. for the per but after reserves		×15.189	loss33,935	loss31,760
Earns, per share on com stock outstanding	1.	\$0.05		Nil
x Before Federal excee y Revised.	ss profits taxe			uted profits.

	Consoli	dated Balan	nce Sheet Dec. 31			
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936	ï
Cash on deposit &			Trade accts. pay	\$40,763	\$62,122	
on hand	\$184,686	\$187,813	Accts, pay, to empl	1 1 1 1 1 1		61
Notes receivable	28,561		for bonuses.com-			
Instalment accts.			missions, &c	106.302	100.015	
rec., less res. for			Miscell, accts, pay.	4.287	3,853	
credit loss and			Accrued taxes	34.132	29,965	
fees	637,122	481,493	Divs. on pref. stk .		951	
Misc. accts. receiv.	25,469	7.139				
Bals, withheld on			May 1, 1938	V - 22-22	6.000	
assigned accts.			Fed. income tax	136,000	a123.700	
receivable	233,925	457,497	Res. for ins. claims	2.820	2.820	
Inventories	228,468	156,467	y \$2 cumul. pref.		21	
Cash surrender val.			stock, series A		41.580	
of officers' life	0.19		Common stock	292,168	281,852	
insur, policies	45.876	40.728	Surplus	1.242.416	1.038,924	
Officers' and empl.			Treasury stock	Dr2.084	Dr2.084	
accts, receivable	810	529				
Miscell, accts, rec.	2,290	728	A CHARLES			
Miscell, investm'ts	26.782	265	the training to the second			
x Real est. & equip	391,963	312,456	Net and Spirit See	as a figure of		
Pats., less amortiz.	10,579	13,470				
Prepaid expenses_	40,273	31,116	The State of the			
			J. 188 20 4		-	

Total....\$1,856,804 \$1,689,698 Total...\$1,856,804 \$1,689,698 x After reserve for depreciation of \$117,889 in 1937 and \$39,939 in 1936. y Represented by 1,386 no par shares, a Includes excess profits tax and surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 145, p. 3369.

Tubize Chatillon Corp.—Earnings— Earnings for 3 Months Ended March 31, 1938

\$31.964

-V. 146, p. 1570.

Underwood Elliott Fisher Co.—To Pay 50-Cent Div.—
The directors on May 12 declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable June 30 to holders of record June 11. A dividend of \$1 was paid on March 31, last; a special dividend of 25 cents in addition to a dividend of \$1 was paid on Dec. 15, last; a special of 50 cents in addition to the \$1 quarterly payment was disbursed on Sept. 30, 1937 a dividend of \$1 was paid on June 30, 1937; dividends of 75 cents were paid in each of the four preceding quarters; 62½ cents paid on March 31, 1936 and Dec. 31, 1935; 50 cents paid in each of the five preceding quarters; 7½ cents on June 30, 1934; 25 cents on March 31, 1934, and on Dec. 30, 1933, and 12½ cents per share distributed each quarter from Sept. 30, 1932 to and incl. Sept. 30, 1933.—V. 146, p. 2711.

Union Carbide &	Carbon	Corp. (&	Subs.)—E	arnings-
Quar. End. Mar. 31-		1937	1936	1935
Earnings (after prov. for income & other taxes)	\$6,987,175	\$12,539,524	\$9,807,647	\$7,608,235
Int. on fund.debt & divs. on pref. stk. of subs Deprec., &c., chgs. (est.)	187,651 2,590,191	197,508 2,394,304	*209,512 2,095,742	$293,703 \\ 2,020,903$
Balance No. shs. com. outst'g Earnings per share	\$4,209,333 9,023,138 \$0,47	\$9,947,712 9,000,743 \$1,10	\$7,502,393 9,000,743 \$0,83	\$5,293,629 9,000,743 \$0.59
Poes not include sul				

x Does not include subsidiary preferred dividends. Note—No mention was made of Federal surtax an undistributed profits For the 12 months ended March 31, 1938, net profit was \$37,043,748 o \$4.11 a share, comparing with \$39,297.527, or \$4.37 a share in 12 month ended March 31, 1937.—V. 146, p. 2711.

United Carbon Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— 1938, 1937 1936
x Net profit.—...\$438.354 \$722.368 \$567.831
Shs. com. stk. (no par). 397.885 397.885 397.885
Earnings per share...\$1.10 \$1.81 \$1.42
x After Federal income taxes, deprectation, depletion and other but before surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 146, p. 1262. 1935 \$477,633 394,327 \$1.21

United Chemicals, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings Quar. End. Mar. 31— Net profit after deprec., taxes. &c. 1935 1938 1937 1936 taxes, &c. V. 146, p. 2551. \$1,483 \$21,250 loss\$5,662 loss\$14,102

United Gas Corp.—Annual Report-

United Gas Corp.—Annual Report—

Joe H. Gill, President, says in part:

Corporation Simplification—Since its formation in 1930, when United Gas Corp. and its subsidiaries embraced a group of more than 40 companies, the continuing policy has been to reduce, as rapidly as feasible, the number of companies composing the group and to simplify the corporate structure as a whole. During the past year considerable progress has been made in furtherance of the program, as a result of which United Gas Corp. now owns and operates all of the retail distribution system located in Monroe, La. in which United Gas Public Service Co. and interests not affiliated with your corporation had theretofore been jointly interested.

In addition, businesses of producing oil and natural gas and of transporting and wholesaling natural gas formerly carried on by United Gas Public Service Co. and its subsidiaries, are (with the exception of the properties of Houston Gulf Gas Co. and Compania Mexicana de Gas, S. A., a Mexican corporation) now owned and operated respectively by Union Producing Co. and United Gas Public Service Co., and its former subsidiaries of your corporation. United Gas Public Service Co., and its former subsidiaries of your corporation. Littled Gas Public Service Co., and its former subsidiaries Northern Texas Utilities Co., Southern Gas Utilities, Inc. and United Production Corp., have been eliminated either through merger or liquidation.

Except for the assumption by United Gas Corp. of the outstanding debentures of United Gas Public Service Co., all of the steps taken during the year in connection with the corporate simplification were effected without any changes in either the character or amount of the securities of United Gas Corp. outstanding with the public. However, some changes have occurred with respect to the securities of subsidiary companies reported as outstanding at the end of 1936, as follows:

Houston Gas Securities Co. remains unchanged as a corporate entity. Formerly there were \$4,585,000 of Houston G

stock and 1,033 shares of \$7 preterence stock formerly when the My in Public having been called for redemption and retirement on July 31, 1937. The first mortgage 5% income bonds formerly owned by Houston Gas Securities Co., have been canceled and the mortgage securing them has been duly satisfied.

Southern Gas Utilities, Inc. was merged into United Gas Public Service Co. on Sept. 25, 1937, the latter thereby assuming the first mige. 61/4% sinking fund gold bonds, series A, of Southern Gas Utilities, Inc. (\$1.038,500 of which were outstanding at Dec. 31, 1937). On the same day, such bonds were assumed by United Gas Pipe Line Co. in connection with the acquisition by the latter company of certain physical properties formerly owned by Southern Gas Utilities, Inc. Any liability of United Gas Public Service Co. as guarantor of these bonds now rests with United Gas Corp. by virtue of the merger of the two companies on Nov. 5, 1937. Pursuant to the plan of liquidation, the first mortgage 6% bonds were assumed by United Gas Public Service Co., and on Sept. 25, 1937 were assumed by United Gas Public Service Co., and on Sept. 25, 1937 were assumed by United Gas Public Service Co. was merged into United Gas Corp. on Nov. 5, 1937. On this date corporation assumed oayment of principal of and interest on its 6% debentures due July 1, 1953 and its 20-year 6% gold debentures due March 1, 1952. The 5,957 shares of United Gas Public Service Co. %6 pref. stock outstanding were called for redemption and retirement on Oct. 4, 1937. At the beginning of 1937, United Gas Public Service Co. was the obligor for certain issues of underlying mortgage bonds which have been retired, or assumed by and underlying mortgage bonds which have been retired, or assumed by and underlying mortgage bonds which have been retired, or assumed by under Gas Pipe Line Co. on Sept. 25, 1937. These bonds mature on June 1, 1937 and were paid in cash.

The Palmer Corp. of Louisiana 1st mage. 6% sinking fund gold bonds were assumed by United Gas Pipe Line Co.

ement of Inco	ne (Company	Only)	
1937—3 <i>M</i> s \$2,487,726 1,966,902 140,000	os.—1936	1937—12 <i>M</i> b \$3,370,686 b 2,819,705 b 200,000	Ios.—1936
**************************************	$\substack{2,112,553\\420,453}$	b \$350,981 6,711,818 579,170	6,470,319 705,890
\$1,790,566 - 306,488 - 443,517 - 8,366 - Cr95	\$1,692,100 443,517	\$6,483,629 c306,488 1,759,604 13,648 Cr95	\$5,764,429 2,479,841 280
\$1,032,290 or ed \$144,147	\$1,248,583 \$320,177		\$3,284,308 \$320,177
	1937—3 M 198 \$2,487,726 1,966,902 140,000 141,691,694 281,952 \$1,790,566 306,488 443,517 8,366 Cr95 \$1,032,290	1937—3 Mos.—1936 18 \$2,487,726 1.1966,902 1.1966,902 1.1969,694 2.112,553 281,952 281,952 281,952 420,453 281,790,566 306,488 443,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517 43,517	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

b Items so marked represent operations of natural gas distribution proper-es acquired on and subsequent to July 28, 1937. c Represents interest on inited Gas Public Service Co. 6% debentures from Nov. 5, 1937 on which ate said debentures were assumed by this company.

9200			
Summary of Surplus for the 1	m	A	
Surplus, Jan. 1, 1937	\$22,273,668	\$13,440,391	\$8,833,277
Surplus, Jan. 1, 1937	. 15,646,008 . 37,913	1,012,695 14,732	14,633,313 23,180
TotalReduction in ledger value of miscel	\$37,957,589	\$14,467,819	\$23,489,771
laneous investments	152,844		152,844
BalanceNet income for the 12 months ended Dec. 31, 1937	\$37,804,745	\$14,467,818	\$23,336,927
Dec. 31, 1937	4,403,984		4,403,984
Total Dividends on \$7 preferred stock—\$7	\$42,208,729	\$14,467,818	\$27,740,911
a suare	0,110,101		0,140,104
Surplus, Dec. 31, 1937 Balance Sheet Dec. 31,			\$24,592,157
Assets— Plant, prop. & equipment \$24,392,924	e Capital sto	ck	\$141,269,159
Investment & fund accounts 223,842,804 Cash in banks 2,255,263	Notes payabl	ebt le	28,925,000
Notes and loans receivable 143,133	a Preferred s	tocks	- 789,057 - 40,815
Accounts receivable	Customers' d	ng-term debt_ leposits	626 813
Prepayments 17.915 Other cur & accr. assets 107,894 Deferred debits 74.954	Interest accr	duedued ut and accrue	2,416,723 121,684
Contra assets 47,700	liabilities		67,412
	d Contribution	advances	2 900
	Contra liabil	ities us us	47 700
			24,592,157
Total\$253,531,387 a Called for redemption and divide	ends thereon	of dissolved	subsidiaries.
b Including premium and interest of struction. d In aid of construction.	f dissolved	subsidiaries.	c For con-
e Represented by:			Shares 449,822
e Represented by: \$7 preferred stock (no par value) \$7 2d preferred stock (no par value Common stock (\$1 par value))		884,680 7,818,959
Note—No provision has been made cumulative dividends of United Gas C	in the above	statement for	r undeclared 34.174 on its
Note—No provision has been made cumulative dividends of United Gas of preferred stock and \$36,124,433 on in There are outstanding option wall imitation as to time, to purchase 4 \$33.33 1-3 a share; in lieu of cash, esurrendered with option warrants for in payment for three shares of commo common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common stock purchase warrants enthefore Feb. 1 1938, 2,015 surges of common	ts second pr	eferred stock ng the hold	ers, without
limitation as to time, to purchase 4 \$33.33 1-3 a share; in lieu of cash, e	,864,967 sha each share of	res of comm second pref	on stock at erred stock,
surrendered with option warrants for in payment for three shares of commo	three shares n stock. Th	will be accer ere are outsta	nding, also,
before Feb. 1, 1938, 3,015 shares of co	ommon stock	at \$20 a sha	re.
Comparative Statemer Period End. Dec. 31— 1937—3 Mo	nt of Consolid	ated Income 1937—12 M	os.—1936
Period End. Dec. 31— 1937—3 Me Total oper. revenues\$11,596,653 a Oper. exps., incl. taxes 5,835,829	\$11,237,182 5,732,630	\$46,825,907 22,215,422	\$39,566,022 18,183,817
Property retire. and depletion res. approp 2,247,575	2,300,512	8,301,038	5,996,434
Net oper. revenues \$3,513,249 Other income 219,533 b Other income deduct'ns 305,447	\$3,204,040	\$16,309,447 570,761 691,125	\$15,385,771
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$3,238,294 160,058	\$16,189,083 564,696 217,144 1,620,250 1,930,669 493,119 Cr32,967	\$15,328,777 693,008
Int. on coll. trust bonds 50,000 Interest on debentures 405,063	57,313 405,063	$217,144 \\ 1,620,250$	229,250 789,353
Other interest 490,470 • Other deductions 470,815	493,819 8,106 Cr36,856	1,930,669	2,589,657 30,032
Int. charged to constr Cr12,541 Balance	\$2,150,791	\$11,396,172	\$11,051,706
-subsidiaries 628	12,220	35,241	48,881
Portion applicable to minority interests 27,809	14,192	55,458	80,419
Bal. carried to consol. earned surplus \$1,871,028 a Includes prov. for Fed.	\$2,124,379	\$11,305,473	\$10,922,406
surtax on undistributed	9140 000	@114.000	8410.000
profits\$41,510 b Includes prov. for Fed. surtax on undistributed	\$140,000	\$114,900	\$410,000
profits 144,147 c Includes non-recurring	320,177	144,147	320,177
charges for reorganiza- tion expenses of subs_ 418,505		418,505	
A 11 /	In a case allies	insted forms	the chame
both the company and subsidiaries respective periods (whether paid or a	represent function paid) on	all requirement preferred sto	ents for the ocks of sub-
All intercompany transactions has tatement. Preferred dividends of siboth the company and subsidiaries respective periods (whether paid or sidiaries and interest-bearing obligation that the properties of the pr	ons of the c to preferred s	ompany and stock dividen	subsidiaries d arrearages
for prior periods. The "portion appraisal calculated portion of the balance of in	olicable to m	inority interable to minor	ests" is the
by the public of common stocks of sub- period. • Minority interests have no income accounts of subsidiaries have	t been char		
Consolidated Bala			
Assets— 1937 1936 S	Liabilities-	1937 - \$	1936
Plant, prop. and equipment269,784,940 261,299,970 Invest. & fund	Subs. com. st	tk. 12,100 ks. 274,046	808,000
accounts 7.164.834 a5.727.480	Long-term de	bt. 39,106,432 7.2 2,036,923	44,444,980
Special deposits 241,735 Notes receivable 49,129 b91,320	Pref. divs. de	ecl_ e 29,035,687	8.935
Accounts receiv. 5,320,299 5,393,042 Inventories 2,042,019 1,605,558	Contracts pay	y	
Prepayments 89,201 56,677 Other current &	long-term d cPref.stks.(C	lebt 1,920,700 ash	
accrued assets 226,931 158,491 Deferred debits 147,598 118,723	in spec. der d Matured lo	os.) 40,815 ng-	
Contra assets 47,700 761,727 Miscell. assets 2,527,579	term debt. Customers' de	eps. 646,615	615,844
	Taxes accrue Interest accr Other curr.	ued 264,322	4,425,753
	accr. liabili Def. credits_	ties 169,061	5,000
	Miscell, liabs	29,836,41	275,675
	e Contributio Contra liabili	ns. 2,900	761,727
	f Undecl. cur lative divs	nu- 5,36	13,325
	Minority int Capital surpl	us_ 14,420,73	87,224 5 14,164,051
	Earned surpl	us_ 26,563,31	7 23,626,198

Comparative Statement of Consolidated Income (Co. and Subs.) Comparative Statement of Consolidated Income (Co. and Subs.)

Period End. Feb. 28— 1938—3 Mos.—1937 — 1938—12 Mos.—1937

Total oper. revenues___\$12,351,957 \$13,466,289 \$45,926,594 \$41,093,227

a Oper. exps., incl. taxes 6,040,310 6,261,213 22,540,488 18,910,994

Property retire. & depl.
reserve appropriations 2,382,626 2,582,863 8,438,122 6,701,513 \$4,622,213 140,925 433,621 \$14,947,984 569,648 704,292 \$15,480,720 701,581 758,401 Gross income______\$3,695,177
Interest on mtge. bonds______
Int. on coll. trust bonds______
Interest on debentures______
Other interest_______482,756
c Other deductions_______
Int. charged to constr_____
Cr8,588 \$4,329,517 158,344 57,313 405,063 501,796 6,713 Cr39,956 \$14,813,340 539,796 212,269 1,620,250 1,932,784 501,531 Cr29,724 \$15,423,900 674,644 229,250 1,038,362 2,391,984 29,206 Cr54,946 Balance______\$2,401,167
Pref. divs. to public—
subsidiaries______212
Portion applic. to minority interests______24,212 \$3,240,244 \$10,036,434 \$11,115,400 12.220 27.235 48.881 17,440 55,059 71,113 Comparative Statement of Income (
Comparative Statement of Income (
Period End. Feb. 28— 1938—3 Mos.—1937
Operating revenues, natural gas
Oper. exps., incl. taxes 2,318,873
Prop. retire. res. approp. 215,800 ----1938-12 Mos. **b**\$5,460,890 **b**4,299,729 **b**355,800 Net oper. revs., natural gas....Other income...a Other income deduct'ns \$813,756 1,713,220 278,682 \$1,607,620 423,559 6,887,621 588,216 \$6,260,817 713,7**52** \$7,104,766 c640,838 1,759,604 22,758 Cr95 Gross income_____ \$2 Interest on debentures_ Interest on notes & loans Other interest_____ Int. charged to constr__ \$2,248,294 501,525 ns 433,875 -- 12,016 \$5,547:065 \$1,184,061 2,262,521 280 433,875 Net income______\$1,300,878
a Incl. prov. for Fed. surtax on undistributed \$750.186 \$4.681.661 \$3,284,264 a Incl. prov. for red. sur-tax on undistributed profits \$144,147 \$320,177 \$144,147 \$320,177 b I tems so marked represent operations of natural gas distribution properties acquired on and subsequent to July 28, 1937, c Represents interest on United Gas Public Service Co. 6% debentures from Nov. 5, 1937 on which date said debentures were assumed by this company.—V. 146, p.3034. United Gas Improvement Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-Total oper, revenues \$27,602,217 \$27,972,609\$109,353,901\$107,205,342
Ordinary expenses 9,676,285 9,429,748 39,035,780 36,516,378
Maintenance 1,425,072 1,300,889 6,249,875 5,181,161
Prov. for renew, & repl. 2,338,897 2,533,919 9,757,001 8,864,136
Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes 1,280,617 1,291,046 5,017,772 4,759,247
Prov. for State & Local taxes 1,813,216 1,759,380 6,977,803 6,993,444 Gross income \$10,566,115
Int. on long term debt 2,593,583
Amortiz. of debt disc,
premium & expense 132,093
Taxes assumed on int 47,464
Other interest 67,896
Other deductions 135,459
Int. charged to construc 739,193 $\frac{168,881}{Cr12,213}$ 498,179 Cr130,505 Earns. avail. for com. stks. of util. subs... \$6,589,619 Minority & former ints... \$55,751 \$7,100,900 \$25,268,118 \$26,493,278 606,651 2,204,687 2,369,596 Bal. of earns. of util. subs. applic. to U.-G.I. Co.____ \$6,033.868 \$6,494,249 \$23,063,431 \$24,123,682 Earns. of non-util. subs. applic to U.G.I. Co__ Dr82,876 Dr67,880 Dr52,526 Earns, of subs, applic, to U.G.I. Co.

Def. int. & divs, on cum, pref. stks, of subs, applicable to U. G. I.

Co.—deducted above.
Other inc, of U.G.I. Co. \$5,965,988 \$6,441,723 \$22,980,555 \$24,139,743 29,856 1,881,567 29,878 2,064,4928,253,8348,143,961 Total Exp., taxes, &c.... \$7,877,411 730,878 \$8,536,093 726,853 \$31,354,143 2,911,473 Bal. applic. to cap. stocks of U.G.I. Co. \$7,146,533 Div. on \$5 div. pref stk_ 956,520 \$7,809,240 \$28,442,670 \$29,484,639 956,520 3,826,080 3,826,080 Bal. applic. to com.
stock of U.G.I. Co. \$6,190,013 \$6,852,720 \$24,616,590 \$25,658,559
Earnings per share.... \$0.2662 \$0.2947 \$1.0587 \$1.1035
a Includes advances, without interest, to Connecticut Gas & Coke
Securities Co., to create sufficient surplus on the books of the Coke Co. to
enable it to pay dividends on its cumulative preferred stock, these advances
being made under agreement dated March 9, 1936, between the Coke Co.
and U.G.I. Co., the latter company being the owner of a majority of the
outstanding shares of common stock of the Coke Co. The agreement provides in substance that the Coke Co. shall repay such advances and any
subsequent advances made for the same purpose, but only out of net earnings applicable to the payment of dividends, after all dividends on preferred stock in arrears, if any, have been paid and before payment of any
dividends on common stock. As of March 31, 1938, total advances under
the agreement, amounted to \$169,500. The U.G.I. Co. is obligated to
indemnify Koppers Co. of Del. (now Koppers Associates, Inc.) on account

Total.....289,922,685 284,868,535 Total....289,922,683 284,868,535 a Investments only. b Includes loans receivable. c Called for redemption and dividends thereon of dissolved subsidiaries. d Including premium and interest. e In aid of construction. f On preferred stock of subsidiary held by public.

of that company's guarantee of the payment of dividends at the rate of \$3 per share per annum on 198,997 shares of preferred stock of Connecticut Gas & Coke Securities Co. for 25 years from Oct. 1, 1926.

*Notes—(1) Included in the figures for the 12 months ended March 31, is provision for surtax on undistributed profits of \$45,274 for 1937 and \$26,434 for 1936, these amounts being applicable to subsidiary companies, and were recorded in the month of Dec. of the respective years. The figures for the 12 months ended March 31, 1937, also included \$69,469 surtax on undistributed profits for U.G.I. Co. itself, applicable to 1936. It is anticipated that no surtax on undistributed profits will be payable by U.G.I. Co. itself for the year 1937, therefore, no provision for such tax was made in that year. No provision has been made in the current year's figures for such tax, as the amount thereof is not determinable until the close of the year. (2) Previous years' figures restated for comparative purposes. Non-recurring income not included.

*Income Account for 3 and 12 Months Ended March 31

Income Account for 3 and 12 Months Ended March 31

Period End. Mar. 31-	1938—3 Mos.—1937		1938—12 Mos.—1937	
Divs. (receiv. or decld): Subsidiary cos Other companies	\$5,570,865 1,657,152	\$5,577,676 1,695,434	$$22,616,603 \\ 6,995,517$	\$22,779,410 6,730,525
Total dividends	\$7,228,017 223,870	\$7,273,110 368,514	\$29,612,120 1,256,140	\$29,509,935 1,412,892
Total income Expenses, &c Taxes	\$7,451,887 474,997 255,881	\$7,641,624 464,105 262,748	\$30,868,260 1,870,293 1,041,180	1,751,720
Net income Divs. on pref. stock Divs. on common stock_	\$6,721,009 956,520 5,812,940	\$6,914,771 956,520 5,812,940	\$27,956,787 3,826,080 23,251,760	\$28,005,405 3,826,080 23,251,757
Balance	def\$48,451	\$145,311	\$878,947	\$927,568

x Interest, services to subsidiaries, compensation for operation of Philadelphia Gas Works and miscellaneous, less loss on account of Northern Liberties Gas Co.

Weekly Output—
Week Ended—
Week Ended—
May 7, '38 April 30, '38 May 8, '37
ectric output of system (kwh.)_____81,950,431 81,721,798 86,641,758
V. 146, p. 3035.

United Shipyards, Inc.—Bethlehem to Pay \$9,320,000 for

United Shipyards, Inc.—Bethlehem to Pay \$9,320,000 for Company—

The company will receive \$9,320 000 from Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp. through sale of its assets and business, if stockholders approve the sale at special meeting to be held May 25. Net assets of United Shipyards, as of March 29 are estimated by the company to be about \$5,540,000, allowing for the completion of the sale and the discharge of mortgages on the company's Staten Island and Morse plants.

If the proposed sale is consummated, it will take some time, probably more than a year, to wind up the current affairs of United, J. W. Powell, President of the company, says. Meantime it is intended that United may invest its available funds in U. S. Government or other high-grade bonds, pending formulation by directors of a definite program which will be submitted to stockholders.

The United has outstanding 411,710 shares of class A stock, entitled to \$12.50 a share in liquidation, which would require \$5,146,375. In addition, there are outstanding 336,549 shares of class B stock. Mr. Powell points out that class B stockholders will still have the right to convert their stock into class A stock upon payment of \$10 a share.

"United has been handicapped by a lack of working capital, and has found it necessary, for several years, to reply on bank borrowings. As a result of a strike, it was necessary to borrow additional money in 1937, and to secure these borrowings, certain receivables of United were assigned," Mr. Powell says.

"A substantial part of the loss in working capital incurred during 1937 was directly attributable to labor troubles. On April 7, 1937. United was ooliged to grant an 11% increase in its wage scale, also for 10 weeks, beginning June 12, 1937, its plants were practically closed by a strike that affected a, the principal ship repair yards throughout the port of New York, which has highest wage scale on the Eastern Seaboard of the United States for shipbuilding labor, handicap United in competing with shipbuilding concerns in other

United States Steel Corp.—Files \$100,000,000 Debenture Issue—Coupon Rate and Offering Price to Be Set by Amendment

The corporation on May 11 filed with the SEC a registration statement (No. 2-3692, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$100,000 000 of 10-year debentures dated June 1, 1938, and due June 1, 1948, the price of which will be supplied by amendment to the registration

(No. 2-3692, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$100,000,000 of 10-year debentures dated June 1, 1938, and due June 1, 1948, the price of which will be supplied by amendment to the registration staten ent.

While the amount of the estimated net proceeds is to be reported later, the registrant stated that \$50,000,000 will be used for the repayment of bank loans of that amount incurred in Feb., 1938, and that the remainder will be added to the cash funds of the corporation, as were the proceeds of such bank loans, to be used for capital expenditures.

The issue is the largest yet filed under the Securities Act by an industrial corporation. The two previous largest industrial issues were those of Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., in April, 1936, for \$90,000,000 of bonds and debentures, and of Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, in May, 1936, for \$85,000,000 of 25-year 3% debentures. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., with debenture issues of \$175,000,000 and \$160,000,000 in Oct. and Dec. of 1936, has filed the largest issue of any type.

With reference to the use of the funds which are to be added to the corporation's cash, the registrant said that such moneys have been and are to be called upon, among other things, for expenditures for modernization, extension and replacement of various manufacturing plants and facilities of the subsidiaries. Expenditures for such capital purposes aggregated approximately \$15,000,000 during 1937, and at Dec. 31, 1937, authorizations for uncompleted work in progress contemplated additional expenditures after that date aggregating approximately \$80,000,000, divided approximately \$15,000,000 during 1937, and at Dec. 31, 1937, authorizations for uncompleted work in progress contemplated additional expenditures after that date aggregating approximately \$80,000,000, divided approximately affoliows.

\$46,500,000 Completion of new hot strip mill and cold reduction sheet and tin mills near Clairton, Pa., known as Irvin Works, and new slabbing mill at Edgar Thomson Works at Bessem

April Shipments-

April Shipments—
See under "Indications of Business Activity" on a preceding page.

New By-Laws Shift Duties—Changes Voted on April 5—
The specific duties and relationships of the principal officers of the corporation are described in new by-laws adopted at a meeting of the directors on April 5, the day after the annual meeting of stockholders, made public at the New York Stock Exchange May 12 recorded with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

A restatement of the duties of the finance committee was made in the new by-laws, which read as follows, the words between single quotation marks being those added:

"The finance committee, 'subject to any limitations prescribed by the board of directors' shall have special charge and control of all financial, 'accounting, legal and general administrative' affairs of the company."

The new by-laws eliminate a clause in those dated Dec. 18, 1933, providing that the "linance committee shall have the power to remove all officers, agents and employees of the company, except officers elected or appointed by the board of directors."

Duties of the Chairman

by the board of directors."

Duties of the chairman

Duties of the chairman of the board are as follows, in the new by-laws:

"The chairman of the board of directors shall preside at all meetings of stockholders and of the board of directors and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the board of directors are carried into effect by the proper officers. He shall exercise a general oversight of the conduct of the business and affairs of the company and shall keep the board of directors and the finance committee advised thereof. He shall have general charge and supervision of the public relations of the company and shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the board of directors or the finance committee."

In the previous by-laws, the chairman's duties were as follows: "The chairman of the board of directors shall be the chief executive officer of the corporation and subject to the board of directors, and the finance committee shall be in general charge of the affairs of the corporation. He shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and the board of directors and by virtue of his office shall be a member of the finance committee."

Finance Committee Chairman

Finance Committee Chairman

Finance Committee Chairman

Duties of the chairman of the finance committee under the new rules are as follows:

"Subject to the board of directors and the finance committee, he shall have general charge and supervision of the financial affairs of the company, including budgetary, accounting and statistical methods of the company; he shall approve for payment all vouchers and warrants for the disbursement of funds other than routine, current expenditures, the approval of which he may delegate to the controller, and he shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the board of directors or the finance committee."

Reference to the chairman of the finance committee in the old by-laws was that "during the interval between meetings of the finance committee and subject to its review the chairman of the board and in his absence the chairman of the finance committee shall possess and may execute any of the powers of the committee except as from time to time shall be otherwise provided by resolution of the board of directors."

President's Duties Changed

President's Duties Changed

Under the new by-laws, the duties of the president are as follows:
"The president shall be the chief administrative officer of the company. He shall keep the board of directors and the finance committee and the chairman of each fully informed and shall freely consult them concerning the affairs of the company in his charge."

Formerly, the provisions were as follows: "In the absence of the chairman of the board and the chairman of the finance committee, the president shall preside at all meetings of stockholders and of the board of directors. Subject to the board of directors and the finance committee he shall have general charge of the business of the corporation relating to manufacturing, mining, transportation and general operations. He shall keep the board of directors and the finance committee and the chairman of the board and the chairman of the finance committee fully informed and shall freely consult them concerning the business of the corporation in his charge."

Other Provisions Maintained

Certain technical provisions pertaining to the finance committee, the chairman of the finance committee and the president are the same in both new and old by-laws of the corporation.—V. 146, p. 3035.

U. S. Vitamin Corp.—Transfer Agent— Manufacturers Trust Co. is transfer agent for 125,000 shares of common stock, 10c. par value, and 10,000 shares of preferred stock, \$10 par value, of U. S. Vitamin Corp.

Utah Radio Products Co.—Par Value Changed—
Stockholders at a recent adjourned annual meeting approved modification of the company's articles of incorporation changing capital stock to \$1
par from no par.—V. 146, p. 2389.

Vicksburg Bridge & Terminal Co.—Plan Approved—
The U. S. District Court at Vicksburg, Miss., has approved the reorganization plan under which will be issued \$6,250,000 first mortgage
4% bonds and 70,000 shares of stock, of which bondholders will receive
50,000 shares and debenture holders 20,000 shares.
Voting trustees to serve five years are K. D. Wells, D. L. Warner and
F. C. Wilcoxon, Vicksburg; J. H. Scattergood, Philadelphia, and John
Matlock, Chicago. For details of plan see V. 146, p. 1573.

Virginia Electric & Power Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Mar. 31— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1938— <i>Mo</i> \$1,446,395 569,943 119,888 a1 89,650	nth—1937 \$1,403,490 519,095 112,395 179,588	1938—12 7 \$17,909,579 6,937,711 1,454,013 a2,208,538	$egin{array}{l} Mos1937 \\ \$16,688,011 \\ 6,392,200 \\ 1,260,980 \\ 2,109,277 \end{array}$
Net oper. revenues Non.oper. income (net)_	\$566,913 Dr7,893	\$592,411 Dr14,411	\$7,309,317 Dr188,404	\$6,925,553 Cr68,949
Balance Interest & amortization_	\$559,019 145,605	\$577,999 144,869	\$7,120,913 1,740,312	\$6,994,502 1,765,212
BalanceAppropriations for retire		\$433,130	\$5,380,601 2,051,938	\$5,229,290 1,976,666
Balance Preferred dividend requir	ements		\$3,328,663 1,171,434	\$3,252,623 1,171,620

Public Service Co.—Private Sale of Bonds Virginia

Asked of SEC—
Company, a subsidiary company in the registered holding company system of the Associated Gas & Electric Co., has filed with the SEC an application (File 32-89) under the Holding Com pany Act for exemption from the requirement for filing a declaration with respect to the private sale of \$677,000 of Newport News & Hampton Ry., Gas & Electric Co. (a constituent company of the applicant) 1st & ref. mige. 5% gold bonds due Jan. 1, 1944.

The proceeds are to be used solely to retire the same amount of Newport News & Hampton Ry., Gas & Electric Co. 1st mtge. 40-year 5% gold bonds due Nov. 1, 1938. This issue having been previously assumed by the Virginia company as successor company by n erger as of Dec. 1, 1936. The names of the purchasers are to be supplied by amendment.—V.

-Dividend Omitted

Vogt Manufacturing Corp.—Dividend Omitted—Directors have decided to take no action on the payment of a dividend on the common shares at this time. This compares with 20 cents paid on March 1, last; a year-end dividend of 25 cents on Dec. 23, last; 20 cents on Dec. 1, last; 40 cents on Sept. 1, 1937 and 20 cents paid on June 1 and March 1, 1937. See V. 145, p. 3832 for detailed record of previous dividend payments.—V. 146, p. 931.

Vulcan Corp.—Earnings—

3 Mos. Ended March 31—

* Net income

y Earnings per share 1938 \$5.),480 \$0.13 1937 \$36,602 \$0.07

x After deductions for operating expenses, normal Federal income taxes and other charges, but before provision for Federal surtax on undistributed earnings. y On 229,413 common shares.—V. 145, p. 2410.

Waldorf System, 3 Mos. End. Mar. 31—	Inc.— <i>Ee</i>	arnings— 1937	1936	1935
Total sales	3,269,495	\$3,567,682	\$3,456,637	\$3,237,572
amort. & income taxes Shares com. stock out- standing (no par)	×47,572	×60,936	129,101 426,419	26,997 428,119
Earnings per share * After provision for Fed	426,419 \$0.11 leral undis	426,419 \$0.14 tributed prof	\$0.30	\$0.06
Walgreen Co.—Sa Period Ended Apr.30— Sales\$	1938-M	onth—1937 \$5,431,519	1938—7 M \$40,686,796	fos.—1937 \$39,658,388
-V. 146, p. 3035. Walworth Co. (&				
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— × Net loss———————————————————————————————————	1938 \$368,118	1937 prof\$542369	1936 prof\$10,475 ne tax.—V.	1935 \$48,080 146, p. 1897.
Washington Gas	Light C	o.—To Iss	ue Pref. St	ock—
Company, a subsidiary holding company, has file exemption from the requir the issuance of 15,600 shat 2,497 warrants to subscrib stock to be issuable on the	ement for res of \$4.5 to such	filing an ap filing an ap 0 cumulative shares and 4	plication (File plication wit convertible 6,800 shares	h respect to pref. stock, of common proceeds will
connection with additions system.—V. 146, p. 1574.	to and e	expansions of	plant and	distribution
(L. E.) Waterman Frank D. Waterman, 68, on May 6.—V. 139, p. 381			ead— ny, died from	a pneumonia
Webster Eisenloh Quar. End. Mar. 31—	1938	1937	1936	1935
Gross profit from mfg Expenses & depreciation	\$138,226 200,997	\$205,487 264,996	\$219,279 254,278	\$159,298 214,590
Net loss	\$62,771	\$59,509	\$34,999	\$55,292
Western Auto Sup 3 Mos. Ended March 31-	pply Co.	Earning	1938	1937
Net sales Net loss after deprec., Fed.	& State in	ic. taxes, etc.	\$5,847,455	\$5,695,235
but before surtax on undi Dividend Reduced—				prof223,262
Directors have declared stock, payable June 1 to quarterly dividends of 40 ce	holders of ents per sha	record May are were distr	per share on 20. Previou ibuted.—V.	the common isly, regular 146, p. 2390.
Western Maryland	Ry.—I	Earnings— d. April 30—		o April 30—
Gross earnings (est.)	1938 \$329,653	\$383,159	1938 \$4,440,473	\$6,305,785
~	-Week End	1937	1938	1937 ************************************
Gross earnings (est.)V. 146, p. 3037, 2875.	\$204,416	\$323,293	\$4,644,889	\$6,629,079
Western Ry. of Al			1025	1934
Calendar Years— Railway oper, revenues_ \$ Railway oper, expenses_	1937 1,682,448 1,506,702	\$1,595,383 1,437,682	\$1,365,498 1,371,332	\$1,298,765 1,327,032
Net rev. from ry. oper Railway tax accruals Uncollectible ry. revs	\$175,746 132,666	\$157,701 128,038	def\$5,834 96,187 224	def\$28,267 90,859 75
Railway oper.income. Non.operating income	\$43,080 83,764	\$29,663 64,470	def\$102,245 307,608	def\$119,201 309,729
Gross income Deduct, from gross inc	\$126,845 75,693	\$94,133 74,946	\$205,363 282,665	\$190,528 273,144
Net income	\$51,152	\$19,189	def\$77,302	def\$82,616
Western Union To	elegraph	Co., Inc.	—Earning	/8
Period End. Mar. 31— ** Gross revenues\$2 Maintenance: Repairs &	$1938 - 3 M \\ 2,163,665$	os.—1937 \$25,648,625	1938—12 A \$98,591,751\$	$Mos1937 \ 102,624,365$
reserved for deprec'n_ y Other oper. expenses 1	5,010,270 $7,198,321$	4,498,038 18,600,313	18,664,538 74,802,653	17,781,120 72,466,387
Balancelo	0SS\$44,926 1,034,818	\$2,550,274 1,105,902	\$5,124,560 4,322,907	\$12,376,858 4,698,052
Net incomel's x Including dividends a			\$801,653	\$7,678,806
and taxes. Note.—No deduction is 146, p. 2553.	made for	surtax on u	ndistributed	profits.—V.
Westinghouse Air	Brake			
3 Mos, End, Mar. 31— z Net profit————————————————————————————————————	1938 y\$135,029	1937 x \$2,639,354	1936	1935 loss\$174,250
capital stock (no par) x Includes \$1,546,248 pr before Federal surtax on distributed profits. z Aft	\$0.04 ofit from undistribu	\$0.85 sale of stock ted profits	\$0.16½ in foreign con Before su	Nil ompany but rtax on un-
Westinghouse Ele				
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— Orders received\$3 Net_sales_billed	1938 7,998,569 42,067,250	1937 \$74,242,584 46,673,300	1936 \$42,515,469 33,981,280	1935 \$30,762,901 26,212,802
Fed. taxes, &c Earn. per sh. on com bined 79,974 shs. pref.	2,031,230	5,341,512		y 2,326,496
& 2,582,181 shs. com_ 12 Mos. Ended Mar. 31- Orders received	a\$).75 -	z\$2.00 1938 193 296 046	z\$1.40 1937 214 248 410	z\$0.87 1936
12 Mos. Ended Mar. 31- Orders received Sales billed Net inc. after deprec., Fed Earnings per share	l. taxes, &	201,742,257 c. 16,816,126 z \$6.29	167,161,051 16,708,349 z \$6,27	13),375 033 13,389,33 z\$ 5.03
a On 2,592,155 shares approximately \$900,000 nd and common shares under	common s	tock (par \$5 g income. z	On combine	y Includes ed preferred
a On 2,592,155 shares approximately \$900,000 m and common shares under Unfilled orders on Marc with \$73,735,326 on Marc	h 31, 1938 h 31, 1937	, amounted to .—V. 146, p.	50 \$53,555,93 2875.	00 compared
Westvaco Chlorin	e Produ	cts Corp.	(& Subs.)— $Earns.$
3 Mos. End. Mar. 31— * Net profit	y\$173,837 339,362	1937 \$221,874 339,362	1936 \$162,699 284,962	1935 \$162,333 284 962

a On 2,592,155 shares common st approximately \$900,000 non-recurring	income. z	On combined	I preferred
and common shares under the partici	pating provisi	ons on the s	hares.
Unfilled orders on March 31, 1938,	amounted to	\$53.555.900	compared
with \$73,735,326 on March 31, 1937.	-V. 146, p.	2875.	
Westvaco Chlorine Produ	cts Corp.	(& Subs.)	-Earns.
3 Mos, End. Mar. 31— 1938	1937	1936	1935
x Net profit y\$173,837	\$221.874	\$162,699	\$162,333
Shs. com. stock (no par) 339,362	339.362	284.962	284.962
Earnings per share \$0.30		\$0.43	
x After deprec., Federal taxes, &c profits.—V. 146, p. 2067.		urtax on un	
White Sewing Machine Co	orp.—Earn	ings-	

(S. S.) White Dent Calendar Years— Gross profit on sales Selling, admin. & developm		1937 \$3,310,721	\$3,157,556 2,549,483	1935 \$2,798,439 2,380,233
Profit from operations Interest, dividends, &c Foreign exchange profits		\$689,381 90,519	\$608,072 100,454 27,984	\$418,206 98,967 loss26,596
Total income Interest paid Depreciation Res. against foreign exch. fl		\$701,751 1,229 183,867	\$736,511 1,455 212,700	\$490,577 2,330 213,218
Profit before income taxe Prov. for Fed., State & fore	S	\$501,655	\$522,355 116,087	\$275,029 59,304
Net income Dividends Shares capital stock Earnings per share		\$387,909 359.369 298,371 \$1.30	\$406,267 355,920 299,502 \$1.35	\$215,725 239,439 299,317 \$0.72
x Includes \$6,450 for sur Consol	tax on und idated Bala	listributed pro ince Sheet Dec	ofits. . 31	
Assets— 1937 Cash \$691,090	1936 \$649,386	Liabilities—		1936
Market, securities_ Brazill. Govt. notes 45,655 x Accounts & notes	150,000 60,073	accrued char	xes 120,41	
receivable 2,425,812 Inventories 3,221,612	2,592,512 2,974,371	exch., fluct Deferred incor Reserve est.for	uat's 15,000 me 113,73	
Due from officers and employees 14.361 Miscell, acets, rec. 21,590	16,458 23,964	Fed. & State	e inc. may	
Other assets 675,213 y Land, buildings, leaseholds, ma-	647,424	have to be upon accr.pi as they are	rofits	
chinery & equip. 2,209,517 Patents and trade-	2,174,983	ized on in	nstal. notes	
marks1 Deferred debits 66,919	65,700	rec. outstar Cap. stk. (\$20 Surplus	par) 6,000,000	6,000,000
Total\$9,371,770	en 254 979	Total	\$9 371 77	\$9 354 872

Willson Products, Inc .- No Dividend Action-Sales-

Directors at their meeting held on May 10 took no action on the payment of a dividend on the \$1 par common stock at this time. A dividend of 15 cents was paid on March 19, last, and previously regular quarterly divs. of 25 cents per share were distributed. In addition, a special dividend of 10 cents per share was paid on Sept. 10, 1937.

Company reports total sales for the four months ended April 30, 1938 of \$364,828, compared with \$524,187 in the same period in 1937, a decrease of approximately 30%.—V. 146, p. 2553.

Wisconsin Michigan Power Co.—Ea	rnings-	
12 Months Ended March 31— Total operating revenues Operating expe. ses Taxes, other than income taxes Provision for income taxes	1938 \$3,512,009 1,667,831 452,867 195,597	\$3,228,530 1,561,981 450,726 20,326
Net operating revenues after depreciation Non-operating revenues	\$1,195,713 19,770	\$1,195,496 16,723
Gross income	456,534 Cr1,578	\$1,212,220 459,039 Cr1,690 2,580
Net income	surtax on u So far as ca	an be deter-
나는 마음 마음을 가지 않는데 그들이 모르는데 하나 하는데 하는데 하는데 살아가는 것으로 그 없다. 나를 하는데		

Woodall Industries, Inc.	-Earnings-		
3 Months Ended March 31— Net profit	1938 loss\$40,357	1937 \$121,225	1936 \$103,542
Earnings per share on 300,000 shar capital stock (par \$2)	es Nil	\$0.40	\$0.34
x After charges and Federal incor	ne taxes V. 1	45, p. 3675.	
/ ***	~ .		

(F. W.) Woolworth Co.—Sales—

Period End. April 30— 1938—Month—1937 1938—4 Mos.—1937

Sales—————\$25,926,435 \$21,858,064 \$87,192,528 \$85,080,928

—V. 146, p. 2390.

Worcester Suburban Electric Co.—Consolidation

Company, subsidiary of Massachusetts Utilities Associates, a subsidiary in the registered holding company system of New England Power Assn., has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an application (File 32-88) for exemption from the requirement for filing a declaration with reference to the issue of 24,433 shares (\$25 par) capital stock and scrip certificates for fractions thereof. The applicant preposes to issue such shares and certificates to the present holders of the outstanding capital stock of Marlborough Electric Co. in exchange for the shares of such company to effect its consolidation with the applicant.—V. 146, p. 2067.

Worthington Pump & Machinery Corp. (& Subs.)-

Wright Ae	ronautic	al Cori	o.—Eurnin	ags—	
3 Mos. End. M Net profit after	ar.31— charges_ \$	1938 586,288	1937 \$286,353	1936	$^{1935}_{\rm loss\$69,812}$
Earns. per sh. on shs. cap. stk. —V. 145, p. 321	(no par)	\$0.98	\$0.48	\$3.45	Nil

Wright-Hargreaves Mines, Ltd.—Extra Dividend-

Wright-Hargreaves Mines, Ltd.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 5 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable July 1 to holders of record May 23. Like amounts were distributed in each of the 17 preceding quarters, prior to which the company made quarterly distribution of 5 cents per share, and in addition paid an extra dividend of 5 cents per share on Jan. 2, 1934.

The company also paid a special interim dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock on Jan. 15, 1938, and on Feb. 1, 1937.—V. 146 p. 1093.

(L. A.) Young Spring & W	ire Corp	. (& Subs	.)— $Earns.$
3 Months Ended March 31— Gross profit before depreciation———Other income————————————————————————————————————	1938 \$200,613 9,088	1937	1936
Total income Expenses Depreciation	\$209,701 340,336 90,986		
Loss before charges Interest, &c Federal income tax	\$221,621 15,649 9,000	35,218	
Net loss	\$246,270	prf\$483,363	prf\$427,247
Earns. per share on 408,658 shares common stock. -V. 146, p. 2714.	Nil	\$1.18	\$1.04

The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN

PROVISIONS-RUBBER-HIDES-METALS-DRY GOODS-WOOL-ETC.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, May 13, 1938.

Coffee—On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points higher in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 11 lots. The Rio contract closed 2 to 3 points higher, with sales of 6 lots. /Trading on the whole was very light, but the undertone of the market was steady. Reports of sales of Manizales on the spot late on Friday and again in Saturday's session at 10c and offerings from the primary source. Manizales on the spot late on Friday and again in Saturday's session at 10c, and offerings from the primary source at ½c. higher led to short covering over the week-end adjournment. The primary market for Brazilian grades was firmer. Rio hard 5s on the spot were 200 reis higher at 13.400; Santos 4s, 100 up at 19.300, and hard 4s up 200 at 16.500. Cost and freight offerings were reported to be up generally about 10 points. Havre was ½ franc to 3 francs higher.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points up in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 31 lots. The Rio contract closed 1 to 2 points down, with sales of 31 lots. Trading was light, with prices generally ruling within a narrow range. Two Santos notices were issued. In the actual marit was too early to determine whether the good demand which appeared at the end of last week was to continue. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were about unchanged, with Santos 4s of the better grades available at from 6.50c.

to 6.70c. Manizales were reported offered in the spot market at 10c., while on a shipment basis offers ranged upward from 9%c. Havre futures were 1 to 1¼ francs higher.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 7 to 10 points off in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 55 lots. The Rio contract closed unchanged to 3 points lower, with sales totaling 10 lots. Book described Pragillar grades of coffee were tract closed unchanged to 3 points lower, with sales totaling 19 lots. Best described Brazilian grades of coffee were about unchanged, but those in the lower brackets which are selling about on a par with the futures market were reduced sufficiently to make hedging operations attractive. The hedging was absorbed by shorts on the scale down. In Brazil spot quotations were advanced on Monday by 100 reis to 19.400 for Santos 4s soft, 16.600 for hard 4s, and 13.500 for Rio 5s. Havre closed ¼ to ¾ franc lower. Monday's Santos May notices were issued by E. A. Pierce & Co. and stopped by Nortz & Co. and Aron & Co.

On the 11th inst. futures closed 5 to 6 points lower in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 78 lots. The Rio contract closed unchanged to 3 points off, with sales of 24 lots. Brazil's suppressed revolt appeared to have little effect on

tract closed unchanged to 3 points off, with sales of 24 lots. Brazil's suppressed revolt appeared to have little effect on the markets. Market observers here pointed out that if Brazil institutes the 30-15% quota arrangement, elimination next year will amount to about 5,000,000 bags. This is based on the assumption that the crop will amount to 22,000,000 bags, of which 8,000,000 bags will be high-grade coffee. Interest in the local market was centered in distant continuous therefore the proposed by appearance and positions. Hedge selling was absorbed by operators and commission houses on the scale down.

positions. Hedge selling was absorbed by operators and commission houses on the scale down.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 4 points up to 1 point down in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 57 contracts. The Rio contract closed unchanged to 1 point up, with transactions totaling 10 lots. Trading was quiet and the market ruled barely steady. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were little changed. Mild coffees were still firm, with Manizales on the spot quoted at 10c to 10½c., while for shipment 9¾c. was asked. Rainy weather is reported to have been holding up the movement of Colombian coffee, with most cargoes immediately wanted as they arrive. Havre futures were 1¾ to 2½ francs lower. Today futures closed unchanged to 4 points down in the Santos contract, with sales totaling 46 lots. The Rio contract closed 2 points up to 1 point down, with sales totaling 12 lots. The coffee futures market again lost ground largely on selling from European sources. Santos contracts were 4 to 9 points lower in the early afternoon with March selling at 5.85c., off 9 points, and 31 points above the high made just nine days ago. Rio contracts were holding fairly steady. A cable to the Exchange from Rio stated that the Minister of Finance has denied rumors that taxes were about to be increased or any new coffee tax installed. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were little changed. As usual good quality Santos 4s held firm with a range of from 6.70c, to as high as Santos 4s held firm with a range of from 6.70c. to as high as 7.15c. Milds were also steady, with Manizales at 10c. on the spot and 934c. for shipment. Havre futures were 1 franc higher to 3/4 franc lower.

Cocoa—On the 9th inst. futures closed 8 to 5 points net gher. The opening range was unchanged to 3 points off.

Only 132 lots, or 1,769 tons, changed hands. London noted outside prices 3d. lower to unchanged, and futures 1½d. firmer to 3d. lower on the Terminal Cocoa Market, with 1,250 tons changing hands. In the local market scattered short covering and a little new buying carried prices higher. Local closing: May 458: July 448: Sept. 477: Oct. 489. Local closing: May, 4.58; July, 4.46; Sept., 4.77; Oct., 4.82; Dec., 4.90.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 9 to 6 points net lower. The opening range was unchanged to 4 points up. Transactions totaled 132 lots, or 1,769 tons. London outside prices ran 6d. to 3d. higher, while futures on the Terminal Cocoa Market ruled unchanged to 7½d. firmer, with 950 tons trading. Local closing: May, 4.49; July, 4.59; Sept., 5.69; Oct. 4.74. Dec. 4.84

Oct., 4.74; Dec., 4.84.

On the 11th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points.

On the 11th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points, with lower. Opening sales were at losses of 2 to 5 points, with active deliveries sinking to losses of 6 to 8 points before steadying. Total sales during the session amounted to 139 lots, or 1,863 tons. London outside prices ranged 3d. to 6d. lower, while futures on the Terminal Cocoa Market fell

lower, while futures on the Terminal Cocoa Market fell 1s. to 6d., with 940 tons trading. Local closing: May, 4.49; July, 4.57; Sept., 4.68; Oct., 4.73; Dec., 4.82.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 4 to 2 points net higher. Transactions totaled 61 contracts. The market held its own in exceptionally dull trading, only 50 lots changing hands to early afternoon. At that time prices were 2 to 4 points higher, with July at 4.60c. up to 3 points. Interest was obviously at a low ebb. Warehouse stocks were 600 bags lower, now totaling 688,200 bags. Local closing: May, 4.53; July, 4.60; Sept., 4.71; Dec., 4.84; Jan., 4.89; Mar., 4.98. Today futures closed 4 to 5 points off, with transactions totaling 78 lots. The market continued to drag along in absence of buying interest. Prices up to early afternoon were 5 points lower on May at 4.48c., and 3 points lower on July at 4.57c. Sal s to that time totaled only 65 lots. Warehouse stocks were up 1,500 bags. They now total 689,714 bags. Local closing: May, 4.48; July, 4.56; Sept., 4.66; Dec., 4.80; Mar., 4.94.

Sugar—On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 3 points off.

Sugar—On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 3 points off. The heaviness of the futures market was largely a reflec-The heaviness of the futures market was largely a reflection of the weakness in actuals. Transactions in futures totaled only 63 lots, or 3,150 tons. Five lots were turned over in July at 1.92c., 23 in September at 1.96c. and 1.97c., and 35 lots in March at 2c. and 2.01c. The spot price of raw sugar on business late on Friday and again on Saturday was established at 2.75c., off 5 points from the previous nominal quotation. The new level was established first on a sale of 3,500 tons of Philippines, due May 12, at 2.75c., to Pennsylvania. At the same price on Saturday, Pennsylvania got 1,000 tons of Philippines due May 22; National, 2,000 tons, due May 14, and American, 1,940 tons, due May 12. A further quantity of 3,000 tons was reported under negotiation at the same basis, but the sale was not consummated. The world sugar contract closed 1 to 2 points net lower, with only 26 lots traded. London terme prices finished 1½d. to ½d. lower. Raws there were unchanged. changed.

changed.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 4 to 1 points up in the domestic contract, with sales totaling 104 contracts. This market, led by the May position, turned strong when 30 transferrable notices were immediately accepted. In the early afternoon prices were 2 to 5 points higher. In the raw market, 3,180 tons of Philippines due to arrive Thursday were sold to McCahan at 2.75c., the new low price paid last Friday. Nothing further was offered at 2.75c. May-June shipment Philippines and Puerto Ricos to arrive in June were offered at 2.82c. Friday will mark the end of the 30-day period during which buyers of refined last month, at \$4.50, can take delivery, but refiners may allow buyers an extension of time. World sugar contracts opened 1 to 2 points higher and closed 1 to 2½ points higher, with sales totaling 48 contracts. London futures were ½d. to 1 to 2 points higher and closed 1 to 2½ points higher, with sales totaling 48 contracts. London futures were ½d. to 1½d. higher at the close. Raws there were reported sold sold at 5s. ¾d., equal to about 0.93c. per pound, f. o. b. Cuba, with freight at 17s. 6d. per ton.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1 point higher. Transactions totaled 176 lots, or 8.800 tons. The speculative buying, in addition to hedge lifting, was entered in the July position. while what appeared to be new demand.

speculative buying, in addition to hedge lifting, was entered in the July position, while what appeared to be new demand for the account of manufacturers who use large amounts of sugar was entered in next March. Business was decidedly absent in the raw sugar market because of the wide disparity in views of buyers and sellers. Best indicated interest in prompt arrivals was not better than the last paid price of 2.75c. Sellers were asking 2.80c. The world sugar contract closed unchanged to ½ point lower. Transactions in this contract totaled 64 lots, or 3,200 tons.

On the 11th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1 point lower. Total sales were 145 lots. Against the May delivery

63 notices were issued by Little & Christman, and before they were stopped the market declined from 1.88c. to 1.84c. After circulation of the notices ceased, May rallied to 1.85c. The tone of the market firmed on late buying by the Wall Street house with the leading Cuban producing connections. Parcel lots of Puerto Ricos continue to make their appearance from day to day in the raw sugar market at 2.75c. Yesterday Refined Syrups, Inc., bought 10,000 bags, clearing May 18 at that price, and late in the previous session an operator purchased 5,000 bags, clearing today, also at 2.75c. At the close 10,000 bags of Puerto Ricos, due on Monday, were available on a bid at 2.77c., while 2,000 tons of Philippines for Boston, which were held at 2.80c., posof Philippines for Boston, which were held at 2.80c., possibly were available on a bid of less. The world sugar contract closed unchanged to 1 point lower, with sales of 5,700 tons. In the early trading this market had been ½ to 1 point over the previous close.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 1 point down to 1 point

Prices were as follows:	
May1.83	January (new)1.97 March (new)1.99
September 1.91	March (new)1.99
Doptember 1.90	[일시간 10 12 12 14 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15

Lard—On the 7th inst. futures closed 5 points up on all deliveries. A very steady undertone featured the lard futures market on the close of the week. Prices started 5 to 7 points higher on scattered buying influenced by the firmness in grains. There was not much activity in the hog market today (Saturday), and prices were nominally steady at Friday's finals. Total hog receipts at the principal Western markets amounted to 13,200 head against 10,600 head for the same day last year. Lard stocks at Chicago on May 1 were 64,138,708 pounds compared with 61,026,267 pounds on April 1, an increase of 3,117,000 pounds during the month of April. Stocks, however, are still nearly 50% below the 124,182,000 pounds on May 1, 1937. In April last year there was an increase of 6,296,000 pounds, or double the increase in April this year.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 2 to 10 points net lower. The opening range was 2 to 5 points off. The market ruled heavy during most of the session, with no outstanding features. Lard stocks at the principal Western markets on May 1 were up 6,000,000 pounds from April 1. Hog receipts at 11 markets, including Chicago, Jan. 1 to end of April amounted to 4,812,643 pounds compared to 5,088,146 pounds for the same period last year. Hog prices at Chicago closed 5c. lower, the top price registering \$8.10, the sales generally ranging from \$7.50 to \$8. Total receipts at the principal Western markets amounted to 55,800 head against 58,700 head for the same day a year ago. Liverpool lard prices were 3d. up to 3d. down.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points off. Trading was relatively light and fluctuations narrow. Opening prices were unchanged to 2 points higher. Export shipments of lard from the Port of New York today were 431,455 pounds, destined for Liverpool and Manchester. Liverpool lard prices were unchanged to 6d. lower. Western hog marketings were fairly heavy and totaled 64,500 head against 54,500 head for the same day a year ago. Hog prices at Chicago closed 10c. lower. Sales Lard—On the 7th inst. futures closed 5 points up on all

On the 11th inst. futures closed 15 to 25 points net The strength displayed in grains and hogs influnigher. The strength displayed in grains and nogs influenced considerable short covering in the lard market. On the whole, however, the volume of trading was relatively light. Liverpool lard futures were unchanged to 3d. lower. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York today were 483,670 pounds, destined for London and Rotterdam. Hog prices at Chicago closed 5c. to 10c. higher, the top

price being \$8.10, with sales generally ranging from \$7.60 to \$8.10. Total receipts for the Western run were 48,700head.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 10 to 12 points net lower. The bulk of the previous day's gains in lard were erased today, due to profit taking by nervous speculative interests. Steadiness in grains and the higher hog prices were practically ignored as market factors. Liverpool lard futures were firm and prices in England finished 1s. to 1s. 3d. per cwt. higher. The extreme declines in the local market today were 12 to 15 points. Scattered short covering at the inside levels prevented further losses. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York today totaled 71,100 pounds, destined for Liverpool, Manchester, Glasgow and Stockholm. Hog prices at Chicago were up 10 to 20c. Sales of hogs ranged from \$7.75 to \$8.25. Western hog receipts were slightly below trade expectations. Today futures closed 18 to 22 points net higher. The strength displayed in lard futures was attributed to the firmness of grains and hogs.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO On the 12th inst. futures closed 10 to 12 points net lower.

DAILY CLOSING				URES I	N CHIC	AGO	
	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	
May	7.97	7.95		8.30	8.17	8.35	
July		8.15	8.15	8.40	8.30	8.52	
September		8.40	8.37	8.65	8.52	8.72	
October	8.57	.8.50	8.50	8.70	8.60	8.80	

Pork— (Export), mess, \$26.87½ per barrel (per 200 pounds); family, \$24.87½ (40–50 pieces to barrel), nominal, per barrel. Beef: (export) steady. Family (export), \$28 per barrel (200 pounds), nominal. Cut meats: quiet. Piekled hams: pienic, loose, c. a. f.—4 to 6 lbs., 13½c.; 6 to 8 lbs., 12¾c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 12½c. Skinned, loose, c. a. f.—14 to 16 lbs., 17½c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 17c. Bellies: clear, f. o. b., New York—6 to 8 lbs., 19¼c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 18½c.; 10 to 12 lbs., 17c. Bellies: clear, dry salted, boxed, N. Y.—16 to 18 lbs., 12¾c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 12c.; 20 to 25 lbs., 11½c.; 25 to 30 lbs., 11½c. Butter: Creamery, firsts to higher than extra and premium marks: 27 to 27¾c. Cheese: State, held '36—22 to 24c.; held, '37—19½ to 21½c. Eggs: mixed colors: checks to special packs—17½ to 22¼c.

Oils—Linseed oil deliveries are fairly satisfactory, with tank cars quoted 8.7 to 8.8c. Quotations: China wood: tanks—03\% to .03\%; Pacific Coast, .03 to .03\%. Corn: Crude, West, tanks, nearby, .07\%. Olive: denatured, spot, drums, 86 to 1.06. Soy bean: crude, tanks, West, forward, .05\% to .06; L. C. L., N. Y.—07 to .07\% nominal. Edible: 76 degrees, 9\%. Lard: prime, ex. winter strained, 8\%. Cod: crude, Norwegian, light filtered—31c. Turpentine: 29 to 31c. Rosins: \$4.85 to \$7.70.

Cottonseed Oil sales, including switches, 110 contracts. Crude, S. E., 634c. Prices closed as follows:

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May	8.44@		September October November	8.10@
June	8.30@	n	October	8.01@
July	8.21@	8.22	November	8.00@ n
August	8.20@	n	May	7.96@

Rubber-On the 7th inst. futures closed 4 to 8 points net lower. Transactions totaled only 850 tons. The opening range was 17 points lower to 6 points higher. The outside market was dull and remained unchanged at 11%c. Local

larket was dun and remained unchanged at 11%c. Local closing: May, 11.80; July, 11.85; Aug., 11.94; Sept., 12.04; Dec., 12.20; Jan., 12.25; March, 12.35.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 2 to 4 points net lower. Rallying from the lows of the session on the strength of the securities market, the market closed at about the highs the securities market, the market closed at about the highs of the day. Transactions totaled 2,620 lots. The actual spot rubber declined 1/3c. to 11/3/c. After opening 5 to 20 points lower on weaker cables, the futures market witnessed trade selling against shipment offerings. A stronger stock market in the afternoon brought out trade short covering, commission house buying and some factory purchasing. Local closing: May, 11.76; July, 11.79; Sept., 12.00; Dec., 12.16; Jan., 12.22; March, 12.32.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 24 to 28 points net higher. Influenced by better cables from London and the Far East, the market showed unusual strongth during most

Far East, the market showed unusual strength during most of the session. Transactions totaled 2,710 tons. The actual market also moved up to a spot basis of 12c., '4c. higher, for standard ribs. A fair amount of shipment business was done, but that activity on the whole was slow. Local closing: May, 12.01; July, 12.09; Sept., 12.24; Dec., 12.42.

On the 11th inst. futures closed 2 to 5 points net higher. Opening 9 to 21 points lower on easier cables, the market steadied on a firmer stock mayler. Trade solling against

opening 9 to 21 points lower on easier cables, the market steadied on a firmer stock market. Trade selling against shipment offerings plus commission house buying for factory interests comprised the principal features of yesterday's session. Transactions totaled 2,190 tons. Actuals were up 1/16c. to 12 1/16c. Local closing: May, 12.05; July, 12.13; Sept., 12.26; Dec., 12.46; Jan., 12.53; March, 12.63 12.63.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 1 to 9 points up. Transactions totaled 108 contracts. The market was steady in quiet trading, which to early afternoon totaled only 470 tons. Commission houses were reported buyers of December, while firms with foreign connections were credited with hyping Santamber. London was quiet closing unchanged while firms with foreign connections were credited with buying September. London was quiet, closing unchanged to 1-16d lower. Singapore was 3-32 to ½d higher. Local closing: July, 12.16; Aug., 12.21; Sept., 12.35; Oct., 12.40; Dec., 12.50; Jan., 12.55; Mar., 12.65. Today futures closed 6 to 11 points off. Transactions totaled 158 contracts. Trading was a little more active than on the previous day, but the market had an easier undertone. Opening 3 points lower to 4 points higher, the market this afternoon was off 13 points, with July at 12.09 cents and September at 12.22 cents. Trading to that time totaled 1,200 tons. It was said that shipment offers were light and dear. London closed virtually unchanged. Singapore also was unchanged. Local closing: May, 12.02; July, 12.10; Sept., 12.24; Oct., 12.31; Dec., 12.42; Mar., 12.57.

Hides—On the 7th inst. futures closed 3 to 6 points net lower. The market was fairly firm at the opening, with prices unchanged to 6 points above Friday's closing levels. Selling credited to profit-takers forced the list gradually lower, from which levels theer was little or no rally. The conditions prevailing in the spot hide markets have been somewhat more promising lately, but no sales were heard of today (Saturday). Local closing: June, 9.20; July, 9.15; Sept., 9.49; Dec., 9.82; March, 10.13.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 5 to 9 points net higher

Sept., 9.49; Dec., 9.82; March, 10.13.

On the 9th inst. futures closed 5 to 9 points net higher. The opening range was 9 to 17 points off from the previous finals. The sharp recovery that followed was influenced largely by the recovery in the securities market, and there was considerable commission house buying. A fair part of the offerings also came from commission houses. Transactions totaled 3,280,000 pounds. Domestic spot hides were quiet. Local closing: June, 9.24; Sept., 9.55; Dec., 9.87.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1 point off. The market at the start showed gains of 2 to 15 points over the previous finals, but selling pressure increased con-

over the previous finals, but selling pressure increased considerably during the later dealings, and at the last bell the list ranged slightly changed from the previous close. Business around the ring was fairly spirited, sales totaling 4,720,000 pounds. The condition of the domestic spot hide market was without important change during the day, and the only trading heard of included 4,500 branded cow hides at 84cc. There was considerable activity in Western calfat 8½c. There was considerable activity in Western calfskins, however. Sales reported today totaled 70,000 calfskins on a basis of 15c. a pound for River heavies and lights, or unchanged from the basis established a few days ago of 16c. for Northern heavies. Local futures closed: June, 9.23; Sept., 9.55; Dec., 9.86; March, 10.17.

On the 11th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1 point higher. The market enemed invested with first prices from

on the 11th inst. Ittures closed unchanged to 1 point higher. The market opened irregular with first prices from 8 points lower to 3 points higher. Transactions totaled 4,040,000 pounds. The certificated stocks of hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange increased by 3,578 hides to a total of 759,029 hides. Local closing: June, 9.23; Sept., 9.56; Dec., 9.86.

Sept., 9.56; Dec., 9.86.

On the 12th inst. futures closed 1 to 4 points higher. Transactions totaled 54 contracts. Hides reflected the reported greater interest in the spot article as well as the improved tone of the stock market. The hide market opened 6 to 11 points higher. Certificated stocks in licensed warehouses increased 3,214 hides to a total of 762,243 hides. Local closing: June, 9.27; Sept., 9.57; Dec. 9.90. Today utures closed 17 to 14 points net lower. Transactions totaled 65 contracts. An easier trend featured the hides futures market this session. Opening 1 point higher to 1 point lower, the market this afternoon was off 7 to 10 points on sales of 1,120,000 pounds to that time. The market eased further and closed at the lows of the day. Certificated stocks in licensed warehouses increased 3,115 hides to a total of 765,358. Local closing: June, 9.10; Sept., 9.43; Dec., 9.75. 9.43; Dec., 9.75.

Ocean Freights—The charter market was fairly active, with the demand for sugar tonnage rather outstanding. Charters included: Grain Booked: Ten loads Albany to Antwerp, May, 17c. Thirty loads, Montreal to Scandinavia, June, 17c. Five loads, Montreal to Hull, May, 2s. 10½d. Seven loads, New York to Liverpool, May, 2s. 11d. Grain: Gulf to Antwerp or Rotterdam, June 10 cancelling, 2s. 9d., option picked ports United Kingdom, 3s. Gulf to Antwerp or Rotterdam June 10-25 canceling, 2s. 9d., option picked ports United Kingdom, 3s. Gulf to Antwerp or Rotterdam June to 2s. 9d. (latter fixture reported but not confirmed). Sugar: Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, May, 17s. 6d. Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, July, 17s. Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, July, 17s. Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, June 1-15, 17s. Barbados to L. L. G. A. R. A., early June, 17s.; Santo Domingo, 16s. Three ports Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, June 1-15, 17s. Barbados to L. L. G. A. R. A., June 1-15, 15s. 9d. Cuba to United Kingdom-Continent, June 1-15, 17s. 3d., option San Domingo, 16s. Domingo, 16s.

Coal—According to the Department of the Interior, stocks of bituminous coal declined in the first quarter of 1938, and on April 1st stood at 35,380,000 net tons. This was a decrease of 11,614,000 tons, or 24.8% below the reserves on the first day of 1938. Compared with the stocks on April 1st a year are the decrease amounted to 17,773,000 tons, or first day of 1938. Compared with the stocks on April 1st a year ago, the decrease amounted to 17,773,000 tons, or 33.4%. According to figures furnished by the Association of American Railroads, the shipments of anthracite into eastern New York and New England for the week ended April 23rd have amounted to 1,341 cars, as compared with 2,719 cars during the same week in 1937, showing a decrease of 1,378 cars, or approximately 68,900 tons. Shipments of anthracite for the current calendar year up to and including the week ended April 23rd have amounted to 1,402 cars, as compared with 1,351 cars during the corresponding week in 1937. with 1,351 cars during the corresponding week in 1937

Metals—The report of Copper, Tin, Lead, Zinc, Steel and Pig Iron, usually appearing here, will be found in the

articles appearing at the end of the department headed "Indications of Business Activity," where they are covered

"Indications of Business Activity," where they are covered more fully.

Wool—Nothing spectacular took place in the wool situation the past week. Prices are holding fairly firm, especially for fleece wool and scoured wools. As spot wool cannot be bought lower, there is less general activity in the raw material than a week ago. Growers with 1938 wool to sell were recently believed ready to unload almost regardless of price. It is reported, however, that sentiment has stiffened greatly of late. Boston spot wools and growers' asking prices on good wools are practically at par. Original bag fine wools have been moving sidewise in the matter of price since the announcement of the Federal loan. Demand for such wools in the spot market has also diminished considerably, observers assert, as manufacturers and topmakers turned their attention to possibilities of securing new clip wools direct at easier prices. In this they have not been very successful as sentiment in the Far West and Texas is said to be increasingly bullish. It is stated that topmakers who attended auction sales of New Mexico and Colorado grease wools in Denver last week did not find the picking they expected. The wools were of heavy shrinkage. Bids started as low as 6c. and rose to 12c. on a wool shrinking 80%. A cable from Brisbane stated that buyers absorbed 98% of offerings amounting to 10,700 bales at the wool sales there on the 11th inst. Germany and France continued to lead the bidding. Virtually all types were demanded; greasy wool was up to 17½d. and scoured wool to 27¼d.

Silk—On the 9th inst. futures closed ½c. to 3c, net bigbor. Trading was relatively heigher the late of the state of the late of the l

Silk—On the 9th inst. futures closed ½c. to 3c. net higher. Trading was relatively brisk, with 740 bales changing hands. After opening unchanged, the market moved in a narrow range, with little activity until the final hour, when the upward swing of securities brought out importer long hedging and new buying. The average quotation of crack double extra advanced ½c. to \$1.63. Yokohama reported a range of 3 yen lower to 4 yen higher, while Kobe revealed a gain of unchanged to 3 yen better. Grade D advanced 7½ yen to 710 yen in both cities. Spot sales for both centers amounted to 750 bales, while futures transactions totaled 1,825 bales. Local closing: May, 1.59; July, 1.56; Aug., 1.53½; Sept., 1.52½; Oct., 1.52; Nov., 1.52; Dec., 1.52½.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 21/2c. lower. An easier stock market and disappointing cables resulted in a declining silk market. Trading in silk futures was the best in weeks, when 820 bales changed hands. After opening unchanged to ½c. off, the market moved lower on liquidation in the nearbys and some selling believed to be Lapanese arbitrage selling. The average quartetion of gracks

opening unchanged to ½c. off, the market moved lower on liquidation in the nearbys and some selling believed to be Japanese arbitrage selling. The average quotation of crack double extra remained the same at \$1.63. Yokohama showed a range of 5 yen higher to 2 yen lower, while Kobe came through 2 yen off to 2 yen up. Grade D ruled unchanged in both cities at 710 yen. Spot sales in both primary markets amounted to 825 bales, while futures transactions totaled 2,125 bales. Local closing: May, 1.58; July, 1.53½; Aug., 1.52; Oct., 1.50½; Nov., 1.50½; Dec., 1.51½. On the 11th inst. futures closed ½c. to 1½c. lower. Trading was unusually light. After opening with no trades, the ring witnessed the first sale during the third hour. Trade switching from the nearby months to the forward positions made up the bulk of the volume. The average quotation of crack double extra declined 1½c. to \$1.61½. Yokohama showed a spread of 4 yen higher to 3 yen lower, while Kobe was reported 1 yen easier to 2 better. Grade D in Yokohama declined 10 yen to 700 yen and dropped 7½ yen at Kobe to 702½. Total spot sales at both centers amounted to 975 bales and futures transactions totaled 1.900 bales. Local closing: May, 1.57; June, 1.54½; July, 1.52½; Aug., 1.51½; Oct., 1.50.

On the 12th inst. futures closed ½c. to 1½c. off. Transactions totaled 29 contracts. Little interest was taken in raw silk futures, but prices were steady, off 1c. to up ½c. this afternoon. Sales to early afternoon totaled 230 bales. The price of crack double extra silk in the New York spot market declined ½c. to \$1.63 a pound. On the Yokohama Bourse prices closed 2 yen lower to 2 yen higher. Outside Grade D silk sold at 700 yen, unchanged. Local closing: May, 1.56; June, 1.54; Sept., 1.49½; Nov., 1.49; Dec., 1.48½. Today futures closed 1 point down throughout the list. Trading was exceedingly light, totaling only 10 lots. In the New York spot market business was reported slow. The price of crack double extra silk was unchanged at \$1.63 a pound. Yokohama Bourse prices

COTTON

Friday Night, May 13, 1938

The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South tonight, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 16,918 bales, against 24,610 bales last week and 45,944 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1, 1937, 6,927,363 bales, against 6,087,816 bales for the same period of 1936-37, showing an increase since Aug. 1, 1937 of 839,547 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston	179 847	885 281	425 669	438 382	70 341	276 1,375	2,273 3,895
Corpus Christi New Orleans Mobile Savannah	1,518 536 243	1,492 263	1,475 772 9	843 14 12	124 11 1	$\begin{array}{c} -657 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 6,109 \\ 1,602 \\ 266 \end{array}$
Charleston Lake Charles Wilmington	303		<u>-</u> 2	653		358 5	1,314
Norfolk Baltimore	12	23	12	163	19	1,171	$\frac{237}{1,171}$
Totals this week	3,639	2,984	3,364	2,507	567	3,857	16,918

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1, 1937, and the stocks tonight, compared with last year:

	193	7-38	193	36-37	Stock		
Receipts to May 13		Since Aug 1, 1937	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1936	1938	1937	
Galveston	3,895 40	11,522 $2,068,993$ $207,999$ $76,818$ $3,615$ $125,721$	3,938 16 13,555 4,500 529 60 914 2,346	23,046 1,950,756 291,632 93,744 3,886 131,613 164,500 55,997 25,330 38,263	762,550 47,111 16,761 746,036 50,884 8,499 2,686 144,627 41,028 17,153 24,557	409,434 298,939 29,094 17,365 406,235 59,346 4,390 1,728 139,805 25,918 5,566 15,820 24,541 100 4,263 1,250	
Totals	16,918	6,927,363	31,296	6,087,816	2,608,585	1,443,794	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1937-38	1936-37	1935-36	1934-35	1933-34	1932-33
Galveston Houston New Orleans_ Mobile Savannah	2,273 3,895 6,109 1,602 266	3,938 13,555	9,176 $13,366$ $2,454$	$11,140 \\ 342$	809	27,949 37,300 7,380
Brunswick Charleston Wilmington Norfolk	$\begin{array}{c c} -1.314 \\ & 6 \\ & 237 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,346 \\ 291 \\ 326 \end{array}$	959 17 924	$\begin{array}{c} & 2\bar{1}\bar{1} \\ 63 \\ 22\bar{1} \end{array}$	107 428 18 526	6,032 326 739
N'port News_ All others	1,216	2,581	900	740	491	9,952
Total this wk.	16,918	31,296	40,509	21,061	51,676	118,296
Since Aug. 1	6,927,363	6,087,816	6,420,291	3,898,853	4,996,786	8,011,153

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 44,657 bales, of which 7,822 were to Great Britain, 3,302 to France, 1,802 to Germany, 8,513 to Italy, 9,840 to Japan, 2,791 to China, and 10,569 to other destinations. In the corresponding week last year total exports were 66,639 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 5,201,997 bales, against 4,944,038 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week:

Week Ended	Exported to—										
May 13, 1938 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total			
Galveston		662	1,540	1,083	2,307	1,831	4,289	11,712			
Houston		484		2,070	250		2,176	4,980			
Corpus Christi		329		0.04.11			232	561			
New Orleans	6,932	1,227		5.360			2.802	16,321			
Lake Charles		12.00		A 48 0 M	12.00	1000	700	700			
Pensacola, &c	465	THE STATE OF		THE STEEL	100	14355	7 Number	465			
Savannah						.412.751	270	270			
Norfolk		7-71	280		979378	200123		280			
Los Angeles	150	600			4.493	725	100	6,068			
San Francisco	275				2,790	235		3,300			
Total	7,822	3,302	1,802	8,513	9,840	2,791	10,569	44,657			
Total 1937	12,505	3,751	11.944	7,922	18,141	287	12.089	66,639			
Total 1936	6,392	4,263	6,720	1,436			7.889	50,442			

From		Exported to—										
Aug. 1, 1937 to May 13, 1938 Exports from—	Great	France	Get- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total				
Galveston	285,509	185,133	236,042	148,492	182,233			1333,164				
Houston	258,113	164,563	172,815	121,895	123,695	27,605	201,629	1070,315				
Corpus Christi	92,349	74,840	57,261	52,979	32,926	3,829	58,285	372,469				
Beaumont	4,250	123	3,725				500	8,598				
New Orleans.	448,970	249,343	138,571	140,040	45,131	4,143	200,195	1226,393				
Lake Charles_	24,335	6,805	3,125	2,613			24,821	61,699				
Mobile	97,440	18,779	42,357	14,513	200	50	18,018	191,357				
Jacksonville	1,543		139				60	1,742				
Pensacola	41,059	177	11,510	357			329	53,432				
Savannah	53,281		34,220	648			5,771					
Charleston	101,064		50,569				7,041					
Wilmington			200				1,000					
Norfolk	5,861		22,343		420		1,621	34,614				
Gulfport	7,194	5,341	2,157				2,235	16,927				
New York	2,337	980	1,160	934	10		7,861	13,282				
Boston	300		27	286	250		7,031	7,894				
Baltimore	85			398			2	485				
Philadelphia	271		322									
Los Angeles	102,103	20,885	25,331	1,163	138,976	6,457	78,294	373,209				
San Francisco	25,252	100	10,863		66,258	3,435	73,084	178,992				
Seattle							50	50				
Total	1551,316	731,999	812,737	484,618	590,099	88,841	942,387	5201,997				
Total 1936-37	1100,137	689,232	687,808	341,805	1451,305	22,178	651,523	4944,038				
Total 1035-36	1240 136	655 902	785 120	347 832	1430 086	36 515	863.768	5359 359				

NOTE—Exports to Canada—It has never been our practice to include in the above table reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to give returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs districts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view, however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will say that for the month of March the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 21,966 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 15.020 bales. For the eight months ended March 31, 1938, there were 183,831 bales exported, as against 206,942 bales for the eight months of 1936-37.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams tonight also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

		Leaving						
May 13 at-	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Other Foreign	Coast- wise	Total	Stock	
Galveston Houston New Orleans	1,500 1,325 1,854	500 1,904 2,021	3,000 3,702 1,280	8,700 5,930 1,544	2,000 1,809	15,700 12,861 8,508		
Savannah Charleston Mobile	1,123	$-\frac{1}{40}$	 	$-\frac{1}{2}$	===	1,185	144,627 41,028 49,699 28,826	
Norfolk Other ports	2222						121,612	
Total 1938 Total 1937 Total 1936	5,802 8,937 19,959	4,465 2,721 3,726	7,982 3,458 9,938	16,196 34,403 28,013	3,809 $2,991$ $1,569$	52,510	2,570,331 1,391,284 1,658,005	

Speculation in cotton for future delivery during the past week was moderately active, with prices showing an irregular trend and limited to narrow range. With business activity and the stock market tending lower, and with the statistical position of cotton so distinctly bearish, traders show little disposition to take the upward side. There was talk of a possible end-season carryover of American cotton in excess of 13,000,000 bales barring a real upturn in textile activity here and demand for American cotton for shipment abroad.

On the 7th inst. prices closed 3 to 4 points net lower. The market opened steady at 1 to 3 points decline, which was only a partial response to disappointing cables from Liverpool, where prices were 8 to 11 American points lower than due. There was a moderate amount of foreign selling than due. There was a moderate amount of foreign senting in the local market, including hedges against foreign growths, but on the whole the pressure from abroad was lighter and the market during the greater part of the day displayed a steady undertone. Trade interests and scattered buying but on the whole the pressure from abroad was lighter and the market during the greater part of the day displayed a steady undertone. Trade interests and scattered buying supplied most of the demand. Offers from the South continued light and Southern holders were not disposed to sell at present prices, which are below the loan level. At the same time they are not placing much cotton in the loan. The official report by the Commodity Credit Corporation showed that only 2,906 bales had been pledged in the loan for the week ended Thursday, which brought the total to 5,340,194 pledged so far this season, including, however, 154,972 bales repossessed. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 4 points lower. On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged to 4 points lower. In the early trading the market showed losses of 6 to 7 points, due to lower markets abroad and foreign selling. Absence of Southern selling and a better showing in the stock market appeared to have a strengthening influence on cotton values, and the market recovered most of its early losses. The lowest quotations were made at the opening, when prices declined as a result of undoing of Bombay spreads and hedging against foreign growths. The selling was light and was well absorbed by the trade and scattered buying. Prices in the American markets are generally above a parity with most of the other world's markets, and the differences have attracted considerable foreign selling. Bombay houses, which are long here on spreads, have been selling and have not been disposed to make further purchases. Southern spot markets were 5 points lower to 2 points higher. Average price of or the other world's markets, and the differences have attracted considerable foreign selling. Bombay houses, which are long here on spreads, have been selling and have not been disposed to make further purchases. Southern spot markets were 5 points lower to 2 points higher. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 8.68c. On the 10th inst. prices closed 4 points off to 3 points up. The market in the early trading showed gains of 6 to 7 points, but prices reacted and closed at the lows of the day. The market opened steady and 4 to 6 points net advance in response to the steadier markets in Liverpool and Bombay, and experienced early gains on local buying and trade price-fixing. Foreign orders were on both sides, but on the whole there was less pressure from abroad than of late, and consequently the market failed to feel the influence of the foreign selling. Developments in May proved the outstanding feature. There were 11 May notices issued before the opening, which continued to circulate until late, when they were stopped by a spot house and a commission house. This circulation resulted in active May liquidation and exchanging to later months, and widened the May discount under later months, May closing at 8.58c., or 9 points under July, compared with a discount of 5 points at the close on Monday. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 8.68c. On the 11th inst. prices closed 1 to 2 points net higher. The market opened steady and 5 to 6 points off, prices giving way as a result of lower Liverpool cables and foreign selling. Sales were principally for Liverpool account on differences and hedging against foreign growths, apparently by Brazil. There were 17 May notices issued, but they circulated less widely than was the case on Tuesday, when 11 notices were issued. After the foreign selling ceased, a steadier tone developed. Offers were well absorbed by the trade and by New Orleans and local operators. New outside buying was small, but there was demand for late positi On the 12th inst. prices closed 4 to 1 points down, with the exception of May, which closed 7 points net higher. Trading was quiet, with the market holding steady during most of the session. Prices started 4 to 5 points higher. The market was supported by the Continent and Liverpool, and there also was some buying by trade houses. The July option was sold by Brazilian houses. The Far East, New Orleans and the South sold the July and October positions. Futures on the Liverpool Exchange advanced 1 to 2 points in sympathy with steadier markets abroad and some Bombay and professional buying. There was a lack of speculative interest. The New York Cotton Exchange estimated the total consumption of all cotton in the United States during April at 425,000 bales. This compares with 511,000 bales in March and 719,000 bales in April last year. Open interest in May cotton on the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday aggregated 15,200 bales, a decrease of 5,600 bales from the previous day.

Today prices closed 2 to 12 points net higher. After several days of irregular movements, prices for cotton futures displayed a strong tone throughout the course of the day's

Today prices closed 2 to 12 points net higher. After several days of irregular movements, prices for cotton futures displayed a strong tone throughout the course of the day's dealings, in a limited volume of sales. The chief reason for the better trend was believed to be the favorable sentiment at Worth Street, which was encouraged largely by Administrator Harry Hopkins's announcement that the Works Progress Administration would purchase an additional 40,000,000 yards of cotton goods. A short time before the close of the business period active positions showed advances of 10 to 14 points from the closing levels of the previous day. The market opened quiet but steady, with futures 1 to 4 points net higher. Short covering in the May contract was continued, and there also was some selling in the July and December deliveries by leading spot houses. New crops were sold by houses with Brazilian connections. Ten May notices were issued in the local market.

Premiums and Discounts for Grade and Staple—The table below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and staple in relation to the base grade, Middling ½, established for deliveries on contract on May 19, 1938. Premiums and discounts for grades and staples are the average quotations of 10 markets, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, and staple premiums represent 60% of the average premiums over ½-inch cotton at the 10 markets on May 12.

	1/8 Inch		1 In. & Longer		1/8 Inch	15-16 Inch	1 In & Longer
*Good Ord	.58 on .51 on .34 on Basis .61 off 1.40 off 2.22 off	.83 on .76 on .61 on .26 on .36 off 1.30 off 2.17 off	1.11 on 1.05 on .98 on .82 on .46 on .18 off 1.24 off 2.12 off 2.76 off	St. Mid_Mid_Mid_ *St. Low Mid_*St. Low Mid_ *Low Mid_Tinged— Good Mid_St. Mid_*Mid_	.06 off .66 off 1.48 off 2.29 off .48 off .75 off 1.54 off	1.44 off	.35 on .25 off 1.33 off 2.19 off .15 off .42 off 1.36 off
Good Mid St. Mid			.98 on		2.32 off 2.91 off		
Mid St. Low Mid Low Mid	Even .61 off 1.40 off	.26 on .36 off 1.30 off	.46 on .18 off 1.24 off 2.12 off	Good Mid *St. Mid *Mid	1.68 off	1.61 off	1.54 off
• Good Ord	2.80 off	2.77 off	2.76 off	Good Mid St. Mid	.57 off .81 off 1.41 off	.60 off	.43 off

Not deliverable on future contract

Futures—The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday May 7	Monday May 9	Tuesday May 10	Wednesday May 11	Thursday May 12	Friday May 13
May(1938) Range Closing_ June—	8.63- 8.65 8.63- 8.64	8.57- <u>8.62</u> 8.62 —	8.58- 8.69 8.58n	8.53- <u>8.63</u> 8.60 —	8.62- 8.68 8.67 —	8.62- 8.71
Range Closing_ July—	8.65n	8.64n	8.62n	8.64n	8.66n	8.73n
Range Closing_ Aug.—	8.63- 8.70 8.67 —	8.61- 8.67 8.67	8.67- 8.76 8.67 —	8.61- 8.69 8.68	8.65- 8.73 8.65- 8.66	8.68- 8.78 8.76 ——
Range Closing _ Sept.— Range	8.67n	8.67n	8.68n	8.69n	8.66n	8.77n
Closing -	8.68n	8.67n	8.69n	8.70n	8.67n	8.78n
Range Closing_ Nov.— Range	8.64- 8.74 8.69- 8.70	8.62- 8.69 8.68 —	8.70- 8.76 8.70 —	8.64- 8.73 8.71 —	8.68- 8.76 8.68- 8.69	8.71- 8.82 8.80- 8.81
Closing -	8.70n	8.69n	8.72n	8.73n	8.70n	8.82n
Range Closing_ Jan. (1939)	8.70- 8.77 8.72 —	8.66- 8.71 8.71 —	8.74- 8.80 8.74- 8.75	8.67- <u>8.76</u> 8.76	8.72- 8.80 8.72 —	8.74- 8.85 8.84 —
Range Closing -	8.77- 8.77 8.74n	8.68- 8.71 8.72n	8.74- 8.78 8.75n	8.69- 8.75 8.76n	8.73- 8.81 8.73 —	8.74- 8.84 8.85n
Range Closing_	8.77n	8.74n	8.77n	8.79n	8.77n	8.88n
Mar.— Range Closing_ April—	8.77- 8.84 8.81 —	8.74- 8.78 8.77- 8.78	8.80- <u>8.86</u> 8.80 —	8.74- 8.83 8.82- 8.83	8.81- 8.86 8.81 —	8.81- <u>8.92</u> 8.91, —
Range Closing_						

Range for future prices at New York for week ending May 13, 1938, and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range for Week	Range Since Beginning of Option
June 1938	8.61 May 9 8.78 May 13	7.60 Oct. 8 1937 12.96 Mar. 21 1937 9.63 Aug. 27 1937 11.36 July 27 1937 7.65 Oct. 8 1937 11.36 July 27 1937 8.90 Mar. 12 1938 9.39 Feb. 18 1938 9.785 Nov. 4 1937 9.48 Feb. 23 1938
Nov. 1938 Dec. 1938 Jan. 1939 Feb. 1939 Mar. 1939 Apr. 1939	8.66 May 9 8.85 May 13 8.68 May 9 8.84 May 13	8.55 Mar. 23 1938 9.50 Feb. 23 1938 8.57 Apr. 7 1938 9.51 Feb. 23 1938 8.62 Mar. 23 1938 9.20 Apr. 29 1938

Volume of Sales for Future Delivery—The Commodity Exchange Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture makes public each day the volume of sales for future delivery and open contracts on the New York Cotton Exchange and the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, from which we have compiled the following table. The figures are given in bales of 500 lb. gross weight.

New York	May 6	May 7	May 9	May 10	May 11	May 12	Open Contracts May 12
May (1938)	5.100	700	2,400	11,300	9,100	5,900	*13,200
July	30.500	12,600	27,000	43,200		24,900	939,800
October	35.800	11,700	23,100	19,600	24,200	20,200	619,000
December	32,500	6,000	12,600				
January (1939)	4,100	1,600	3,400				
March	8,000	5,200	11,000	11,200	11,400	8,700	219,900
Inactive months— September (1938)							100
Total all futures	116,000	37,800	79,500	102,400	102,400	72,800	2,281,300
New Orleans	May 4	May 5	Мау 6	May 7	May 9	May 10	Open Contracts May 10
May (1938)	550	350	650	400	100	150	4,050
July	3,850					4,600	
October	3,850	6.950	9,300		5,650	5,250	143,750
December	3,100	4,700	2,350	600	1,850	1,250	51,050
January (1939)		150	100				4,450
March	300		200	650	700	1,300	18,300
All inactive months				4 7/1151			
Total all futures	11.650	16,950	20,150	7.300	16,250	12,550	353.950

* Includes 3,000 bales against which notices have been issued, leaving net open contracts of 10,200 bales.

The Visible Supply of Cotton tonight, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. To make the total show the complete figures for tonight (Friday) we add the item of exports from the United States, for Friday

1938 1937

Stock at Liverpoolbales_1,030,000 Stock at Manchester166,000	786,000 144,000	610,000 95,000	
Total Great Britain	930,000 220,000	705,000 220,000 165,000	705,000 227,000 117,000
Stock at Havre	224,000 14,000	16,000 72,000	21,000 68,000
Stock at Genoa 59,000 Stock at Venice and Mestre 18,000 Stock at Trieste 11,000	25,000 10,000 7,000		
Total Continental Stocks 610,000	500,000	553,000	507,000
Total European stocks1,806,000 India cotton afloat for Europe 73,000 American cotton afloat for Europe 148,000			1,212,000 $128,000$ $195,000$
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afl't for Europe 127,000 Stock in Alexandria, Egypt 387,000 Stock in Bombay, India		119,000	144,000 246,000
Stock in U. S. ports	1,443,794 1,206,606 3,694	1,721,210 1,693,071 17,015	1,783,895 1,345,933 6,184
Total visible supply8,614,432			

677,000 124,000 182,000

Havre stock		138,000 103,000 165,000 1,721,210 1,693,071 17,015	101,000 97,000 195,000 1,783,895 1,345,933 6,184
Total American	$29,000 \\ 31,000 \\ 124,000$	333,000 47,000 41,000 27,000 64,000 180,000	$\begin{matrix} 3,961,012\\ 420,000\\ 30,000\\ 50,000\\ 16,000\\ 66,000\\ 128,000\\ 144,000\\ 246,000\\ 813,000\end{matrix}$
Total East India, &c	5,949,094 7,12d. 13,18c. 12,10d.	6,308,296 6.56d, 11.73c, 9.48d.	5,874,012 6.90d. 12.50c.

Peruvian Tanguis, §'d fair, L'pool 5.87d. 8.67d. C.P.Oomra No.1 staple,s'fine, Liv 4.13d. 5.92d.

Continental imports for past week have been 94,000 bales. The above figures for 1938 shows a decrease from last week of 46,673 bales, a gain of 2,665,338 over 1937, an increase of 2,306,136 bales over 1936, and a gain of 2,600 bales from 1025. 2,740,420 bales from 1935.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks tonight, and the same items for the corresponding period of the previous year—is set out in detail below:

	Mo	vement to .	May 13,	1938	Movement to May 14, 1937			
Towns	Receipts		Ship- Stocks ments May	Rec	eipts	Ship- ments	Stocks May	
	Week	Season	Week 13	Week	Season	Week	14	
Ala., Birm'am	160	65,120	2,767	35,178	1,438	79,378	2,212	26.762
Eufaula	4	12,059		8,153	4		52	7.916
Montgom'y	135		558	51,360	18	52,080	1,673	37.80
Selma	37		147	58,938	6	55,259	2,515	32,33
Ark., Blythev.	70		600	91,555	46	168,034	973	40.78
Forest City	187		341	26,573		32,495	262	2,89
Helena	19		677	34,343	98		281	6,68
Hope	6		101	24,384	58		81	5.74
Jonesboro	3			24,268	15		493	8.21
Little Rock	7		124	89,925	763		3.178	41,61
		46,324	124	21,489	100	27.904	200	6,80
Newport	2000		1,135	66,720	256		993	17,72
Pine Bluff.	369				250			
Walnut Rge	****	62,090	218	31,816		46,184	46	10,75
Ga., Albany	85		187	16,734	28	13,440	57	14.51
Athens	22	45,331	460	32,699	14	29,342	1,876	21,06
Atlanta	2,077	228,611	2,834	180,378	2,899		11,839	156,72
Augusta	1,127	168,696	3,139	133,147	2,004		4,329	85,95
Columbus	800		1,000	34,500	600	17,325	300	36,10
Macon	110	46.610	385	33,590	701	45,158	858	25,10
Rome	35	16.772		21,919		21,158	500	24.71
La., Shrevep't	16		564	60,435		100,158	703	3,54
Miss., Clarksd	253		1.848	52,491	193	163,944	395	6,59
Columbus	87		1.033	30,396	47	38.784	1.714	23,97
Greenwood.	388		2,673	62,677	119	260,678	1,204	12,96
Jackson	22		253	25,301	354		807	8,34
Natchez	1		200	10,802	72	20,680	157	1,26
			899	13,453	100 400 100 100	39,161		
Vicksburg.	58				2		195	1,90
Yazoo City	11		376	27,523		51,387	104	2,14
Mo., St. Louis	2,350		2,419	4,009	3,879	307,809	3,879	3,29
N.C., Gr'boro	104	8,378	110	3,754	412	9,911	126	2,84
Oklahoma—			3.36				Two States	
15 towns *_	422		1,969	145,956	197	176,390	1,398	60,76
S. C., Gr'ville	1,912		3,072	88,964	4,246		4,556	84,02
Tenn., Mem's	16,210	2586,147	23,693	591,393	11,318	2505,017	30,070	370.69
Texas, Abilene	3	45,981	23	7,541	4	3,811	36	2.24
Austin		18,009		1.446		16,244	83	34
Brenham	21	13,953	45	2,360		6,405	1	1.38
Dallas	122		168	34,467	159	82,406	529	5.83
Paris		93,398		23,287	70		. 157	720
Robstown		15.661	i	689		13,701	101	4
San Antonio		7.639	1	000		8.952		15
	2	41,906		19.028	55		186	
Texarkana - Waco	95	90,700	64	13,597	3	35,099 79,538	34	2,61. 70
Cotal,56 towns	27 330	6464 626	53.883	2237 238	30.078	5917 351	78 851	1206 606

*Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oklahoma.

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 26,553 bales and are tonight 1,030,632 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 2,748 bales less than the same week last year.

New York Quotations for 32 Years

1938 8.76c.	193016.55c.	192220.15c.	1191413.20c.
193713.12c.	192919.80c.	192112.65c.	191312.10c.
	192821.85c.		
193512.25c.	192715.75c.	191929.50c.	191116.00c.
193411.45c.	192618.85c.	191828.20c.	191016.05c.
1933 8.87c.	192522.20c.	191720.15c.	190911.30c.
1932 5.65c.	192431.55c.	191613.05c.	190811.30c.
1931 9.75c.	192325.45c.	1915 9.85c.	190711.95c.

Market and Sales at New York

	Spot Market	Futures . Market		SALES		
	Closed	Closed	Spot	Contr'ct	Total	
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Steady, 3 pts. dec Steady, unchanged_ Steady, unchanged_ Steady, 1 pt. adv Steady, 3 pts. dec Steady, 11 pts. dec_	Steady Steady Steady Steady	300 200 500 200	====	300 200 500 200	
Total week. Since Aug. 1			1,200 45,628	147,300	1,200 192,928	

Overland Movement for the Week and Since Aug. 1-We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

19	37-38	19	36-37
May 14— Shipped— Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Via St. Louis 2,419 Via Mounds, &c 1,350 Via Rock Island 75 Via Louisville 75 Via Virginia points 1,266 Via other routes, &c 11,938	119,931 3,000 5,672 149,331	3,879 1,325 360 472 5,566 8,877	306,795 149,342 5,044 9,001 199,461 650,481
Total gross overland17,048 Deduct Shipments—	1,295,782	20,479	1,320,124
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c. 1,171 Between interior towns 243 Inland, &c., from South 5,992		1,976 397 9,004	59,031 12,346 437,284
Total to be deducted 7,406	294,648	11,377	508,661
Leaving total net overland * 9,642	1,001,134	9,102	811,463.

^{*} Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 9,642 bales, against 9,102 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an increase over a year ago of 189,671 bales.

 19	37-38	19	36-37
In Sight and Spinners' Takings Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Receipts at ports to May 13 16,918 Net overland to May 13 9,642 South'n consumption to May 13100,000	1.001.134	31,296 $9,102$ $160,000$	6,087,816 811,463 5,705,000
Total marketed	12,248,497 1,485,907	200,398 *48,773	12,604,279 22,543
over consumption to April 1	529,911	77.11.1	1,082,395
Came into sight during week100,007 Total in sight May 13	14,264,315	151,625	13,709,217
North. spinn's' takings to May 13 - 11,901	1,098,258	24,080	1,561,681

Movement into	sight in pre	vious years:	
Week—		Since Aug. 1—	Bales
1936—May 15		1935	12.584.631
1935—May 18	97,843	1934	8,474,403
1934—May 19	143,147		12,101,333

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets—Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on-									
Week Ended May 13	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thursday	Friday				
Galveston	8.50 8.82 8.57 8.95 8.95 8.70 8.97 8.65 8.55	8.52 8.84 8.57 8.82 8.95 8.97 8.65 8.550 8.32 8.32	8.52 8.84 8.57 8.82 8.95 8.70 8.55 8.55 8.50 8.32	8.52 8.84 8.58 8.970 8.655 8.555 8.33	8.50 8.81 8.55 8.80 8.70 8.75 8.75 8.50 8.30	8.61 8.91 8.66 8.91 9.05 8.80 9.06 8.85 8.65 8.64 8.41				

New Orleans Contract Market—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday May 7	Monday May 9	Tuesday May 10	Wednesday May 11	Thursday May 12	Friday May 13
Apr. (1938) May	8.71 <i>b</i> -8.74 <i>a</i>	8.73 <i>b</i> -8.75 <i>a</i>	8.74b-8.76a	8.74	8.72 —	3.80 <i>b</i> -8.83 <i>a</i>
June July August	8.79	8.80- 8.81	8.82 —	8.81	8.78 —	8.88
September October November	8.83	8.83 —	8.85	8.85 —	8.84 —	8.94 —
December Jan. (1939)	8.86 —	8.85 — 8.87 —	8.86 —— 8.88 ——	8.88 —	8.85b-8.86a 8.87 ——	8.96 —
February _ March Tone—	8.92 —	8.92	8.94	8.93 —	8.92 —	9.04
Spot Options	Quiet. Steady.	Steady.	Quiet. Steady.	Dull. Steady.	Very quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Steady.

Census Report on Cottonseed Oil Production—On May 12 the Bureau of the Census issued the following statement showing cottonseed received, crushed and on hand, and cottonseed products manufactured, shipped out, on hand and exported for nine months ended April 30, 1938 and 1937:

COTTON SEED RECEIVED, CRUSHED, AND ON HAND (TONS)

	Received of Aug. 1 to		Aug. 1 to	shed April 30	On Hand at Muls April 30	
State	1938	1937	1938	1937	1938	1937
Alabama	423,962	330,699	404,504	328,125	19,739	3,291
Arkansas	613,391	442,933	541,519	426,627	71,756	16,932
California	288,956	173,785	207,945	151,786	86,479	23,107
Georgia	599.295	466,889	563,637	453,409	37.986	15,122
Louisiana	278.499	231,419	271,253	231,112	7.450	1.981
Mississippi	994.508	817,635	858,139	745.813	144,335	73.858
North Carolina	284.859	231,090	275.068	229,663	10,202	2.117
Oklahoma	275.244	82,903	274,171	83.024	1.575	934
South Carolina	274,255	218,313	269,921	218,127	4,984	1,371
Tennessee	428.014	352,933	404,990	345,997	23,437	7,747
Texas	1.665.740	905,477	1,535,358	906,424	153,254	8,929
All other States	266,443	161,906	233,244	160,820	33,795	1,357
United States	6,393,166	4,415,982	5,839,749	4,280,927	594,992	156,746

* Includes seed destroyed at mills but not 42,394 tons and 21,926 tons on hand Aug. 1 nor 133,862 tons and 82,779 tons reshipped for 1938 and 1937, respectively. COTTONSEED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED, SHIPPED OUT AND ON HAND

Item	Season	On Hand Aug. 1	Produced Aug. 1 to April 30	Shipped Out Aug. 1 to April 30	On Hand April 30
Crude oil, lbs	1937-38	*11,141,266	1,797,603,640	1,752,378,786	*133,010.043
	1936-37	19,191,508	1,292,718,670	1,286,198,554	67,788,768
Refined oil, lbs.	1937-38	a441,052,343	b1510 937,491		a600,340,454
	1936-37	318,873,305	1,182,516,616		588,058,091
Cake and meal.	1937-38	41,952	2,603,141	2,360,521	284,572
tons	1936-37	65.053	1,923,688		101,422
Hulls, tons	1937-38	43,422	1.496,566	1.364.004	175,984
	1936-37	23.893	1.089.369	1.017.899	95,363
Linters, running	1937-38	61,547	1.348.218	856.113	553.652
bales	1936-37	43,819	1.065.814	959,285	150,348
Hull fiber, 500-	1937-38	1,828	58,619	29,506	30,941
	1936-37	88			2,512
Grabbots, motes,			March Mesosay		
	1937-38	7.379	72,108	32,652	46,835
	1936-37	2,991	49,677	41,606	11,062

*Includes 4,272,188 and 58,042,381 pounds held by refining and manufacturing establishments and 4,369,480 and 27,243,210 pounds in transit to refiners and consumers Aug. 1, 1937, and April 30, 1938, respectively.

a Includes 13,349,453 and 8,349,736 pounds held by refiners, brokers, agents, and warehousemen at places other than refineries and manufacturing establishments and 7,957,878 and 2,705,760 pounds in transit to manufacturers of lard substitute, oleomargarine, soap, &c., Aug. 1, 1937 and April 30, 1938, respectively.
b Produced from 1,657,299,011 pounds of crude oil.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF COTTONSEED PRODUCTS FOR EIGHT MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31

Item	1938	1937
Exports—Oil, crude, pounds	2,202,686	178.789
Oil, refinded, pounds	4,337,600	1,531,083
Cake and meal, tons of 2,000 pounds	82,881 199,476	4,004 176,971
Linters, running bales Imports—Oil, crude, pounds	*42,912	14,554,259
Oil, refined, pounds	*28,208,849	86,262,322
Cake and meal, tons of 2,000 pounds	3,531	18,446

* Amounts for April not included above are 4,971,251 pounds refined "entered directly for consumption," 2,912.817 refined "withdrawn from warehouse for consumption," and 1,340,689 refined "entered directly into warehouse."

Cotton Loans of CCC Aggregated \$233,279,029 on 5,340,194 Bales Through May 5—The Commodity Credit Corporation announced on May 6 that "Advices of Cotton Loans" received by it through May 5, 1938, showed loans

disbursed by the Corporation and lending agencies of \$233,-279,029.04 on 5,340,194 bales of cotton. This includes loans of \$6,494,812.89 on 154,972 bales which have been paid and the cotton released. The loans averaged 8.39 cents per pound.

cents per pound.

Figures showing the number of bales on which loans have

been made by States are given below:

State	Bales	State	Bales
Alabama	778.718	Missouri	76,778
Arizona	124.121	New Mexico	48,612
Arkansas	564,645	North Carolina	116,610
California	65,664	Oklahoma	84,605
Florida		South Carolina	251,993
Georgia	439,544	Tennessee	276,927
Louisiana	290,748	Texas1	,632,709
Mississippi	577,900	Virginia	9,627

Returns by Telegraph—Reports to us by telegraph this evening denote that Oklahoma reports planting retarded by general rains. Planting is at a standstill in Texas because of wet soil and growth of early cotton is slow due to cool weather, although its general condition continues fair to good. In the eastern belt indications are that conditions are favorable for cotton.

Rain Rainfall —Thermometer—

are lavorable for cotton.	Dain	n	aimfall		hermom	eter
	Rain Days		ainfall Inches	High	Low	Mean
Texas—Galveston	Duy3	31 11	3.57	80	62	71
Amarillo	ĭ		0.30	86	34	60
Austin	2		0.07	86	58	72
Abilene	2		0.90	86	42	64
Brenham			1.84	90	52	71
Brownevillo	3		0.38	88	56	72
Brownsville Corpus Christi	. 1		0.86	84	62	72 73
Dellas	2	8	1.09	86	44	65
Dallas	í		0.02	86	48	67
El Paso	. 1	dry	0.02	88	40	64
Henrietta		ur y	0.76	84	44	64
Kerrville	3		1.84	84	42	63
Lampasas	. 3		1.26	90	50	70
Luling	3 4				46	65
Nacogdoches	- 3		1.06	84	48	67
Palestine			0.47	86	42	65
Paris	. 3		0.36	88		71
San Antonio	. 4		0.40	88	54	
Taylor	. 3		1.68	88	46	67
Weatherford	. 1		0.40	86	40	63
Oklahoma-Oklahoma City	. 1		2.00	78	48	63
Arkansas—Eldorado		dry		89	45	67
Fort Smith	. 2		2.38	84	46	65
Little Rock		dry		84	48	66
Pine Bluff	$\frac{2}{2}$		0.30	87	53	70
Louisiana—Alexandria			0.27	83	53	68
Amite	. 1		0.01	85	50	68
New Orleans	. 1		0.54	82	62	72
Shreveport	. 1	250	0.12	88	50	69
Mississippi—Meridian		dry		82	50	66
Vicksburg	di nasa d	dry		86	52	69
Alabama—Mobile	. 1		0.39	83	55	70
Birmingham	. 1	2 13 1	0.40	84	50	67
Montgomery		dry	refrese il	82	54	68
Florida—Jacksonville	. 1		0.28	88	58	73
Miami	. 3		1.58	86	66	76
Pensacola	. 1		0.20	80	58	69
Tampa	. 1		1.26	88	66	77
Georgia—Savannah	- 3		0.48	89	57	73
Atlanta		dry		86	50	68
Augusta	. 1		0.18	88	54	71
South Carolina—Charleston	. 1		0.02	84	52	68
South Carolina-Charleston_	2 2		0.33	89	60	81
Greenwood			0.29	87	53	70
Columbia	- 1		0.97	88	50	69
Conway	. 1		0.53	94	51	73
North Carolina—Asheville	_ 1		0.28	80	44	62
Charlotte	_ 2		0.40	86	50	68
Raleigh	2		1.03	86	50	68
Wilmington	$\frac{2}{1}$		0.16	88	54	71
Tennessee-Memphis	2		0.60	86	52	69
Chattanooga	_ 1		0.38	84	48	66
Nashville			1.28	80	46	63
A-100H THU	- 0					0

The following statement has also been received by telegraph, showing the height of rivers at the points named at 8 a.m. of the dates given:

	May 13, 1938	
	Feet	Feet
New OrleansAbove zero of gauge_	13.2	11.5
MemphisAbove zero of gauge_	13.7	34.7
NashvilleAbove zero of gauge_	11.3	25.7
ShreveportAbove zero of gauge_	14.2	8.4
VicksburgAbove zero of gauge_		32.9

Receipts from the Plantations—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week	Rece	ipts at P	orts	Stocks at Interior Towns			Receipts	from Pla	ntations
End.	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936	1938	1937	1936
Feb		7.0							
11.		57,820			1952,548			8,472	26,023
18_	101,785	82,257			1926,804		96,794	56,513	22,543
25-	86,337	66,019	64,035	2543,310	1880,455	2103,575	59,413	19,670	42,943
Mar.									
4_	82,658	64,149			1810,771		39,957	Nil	1,667
11_	92,663	67,954			1744,860			2,043	NI
18_	67.994	54,793			1685,484		49,069	Nil	1.713
25_	47,032	61,190	48,797	2431,771	1622,611	1940,895	17,929	NII	22,525
Apr.					36	. 1 5 1			
1.	44,595	59,427	35,770	2397,991	1569,244	1902,472	10,815	6,06	Nil
8-	51,480	50,142	35,607	2362,621	1503,310	1871,482	16,110	NII	4.617
15.	26,976	42,828	34,922	2338,818	1440,172	1833,913	3,173	NII	NI
22_	30.687	40,673	34,771	2322,171	1387,245	1814,475	14,040	Nil	15,333
29_	45,944	44,904	20,044	2289,937	1322,016	1779,076	13,710	Nil	Ni
May							S. 40		
6.	24,610	40,825			1255,379			Nii	Nil
13_	16.918	31,296	40,509	2237,238	1206,606	1693,071	Nil	Nil	1.201

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1, 1937, are 8,410,924 bales; in 1936-37 were 6,216,627 bales and in 1935-36 were 6,986,346 bales. (2) That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 16,918 bales, the actual movement from plantations was nil bales, stock at interior towns having decreased 26,553 bales during the week.

World's Supply and Takings of Cotton—The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1

for the last two seasons from all sources from which statistics are obtainable; also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period:

Cotton Takings,	193	7-38	1936-37		
Week and Season	Week	Season	Week	Season	
Visible supply May 6 Visible supply Aug. 1 American in sight to May 13. Bombay receipts to May 12. Other India ship'ts to May 12 Alexandria receipts to May 11 Other supply to May 11*b	65,000 3,000	4,339,022 14,264,315 2,136,000 507,000 1,886,200	6,089,191 151,625 29,000 60,000 2,800 10,000	$egin{array}{c} 4,899,258 \\ 13,709,217 \\ 2,749,000 \\ 972,000 \\ 1,818,000 \\ \end{array}$	
Total supply Deduct— Visible supply May 13		23,549,537 8,614,432		24,629,475 5,949,094	
Total takings to May 13 a Of which American Of which other	201,680	14,935,105 10,368,305 4,566,800	272,722	18,680,381 13,181,381 5,499,000	

* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 4,320,000 bales in 1937-38 and 5,705,000 bales in 1936-37—takings not being available—and the aggregate amount taken by Northern and foreign spinners, 10,615,105 bales in 1937-38 and 12,975,381 bales in 1936-37, of which 6,048,305 bales and 7,476,381 bales American. b Est.

India Cotton Movement from All Ports—The receipts of Indian cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1 as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

1937-38

3.6	74. 10	17 ° 18					The state of the s	
May 12 Receipts—			Week Since Aug. 1 Week		Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	
Bombay			65,000 2	,136,000	29,000	2,749,000	83,000	2,587,000
		For the	e Week			Since	Aug. 1	
from—	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Jap'n & China	Total	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Japan & China	Total
Bombay— 1937-38 1936-37 1935-36 Other India—	3,000	1,000 7,000		25,000 58,000	39,000 68,000 97,000	200,000 315,000 338,000	1209,000	1592,000
1937-38 1936-37 1935-36	20,000 6,000	3,000 40,000 4,000		3,000 60,000 10,000	175,000 380,000 311,000	332,000 592,000 511,000		507,000 972,000 822,000
Total all— 1937-38 1936-37 1935-36	3,000 20,000 6,000	4,000 40,000 11,000		28,000 60,000 68,000	448,000		1209,000	1373,000 2564,000 2353,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 36,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record a decrease of 32,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show a decrease of 1,191,000 bales.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Aleandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years:

Alexandria, Egypt, May 11	193	1937-38		36-37	1935-36		
Receipts (centars)— This week Since Aug. 1		70,000 93,074		14,000 77,908		50,000 13,398	
Exports (Bales)—	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent & India To America	23,000 1,000	166,688 153,184 625,750 24,277	4,000	177,426 186,412 653,426 40,562	7,000	182,656 138,895 578,414 34,281	
Total exports	24,000	963,899	170000	1057826	28,000	934,246	

Note—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ended May 11 were 170,000 cantars and the foreign shipments were 24,000 bales.

Manchester Market—Our report received by cable tonight from Manchester states the market in both yarns and in cloths is steady. Demand for both yarn and cloth is poor. We give prices today below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

11			19	38			100		19	37		
	32s Cop Twist		ngs,	bs. Si Comn Finesi	ion	Cotton Middl'g Upl'ds	32s Cop Twist			non		
	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	d.	d.	8.	d.	S.	d.	d.
Feb.				200				_		010		F 20
	10% @ 11%			@10	1.0		121/2 @ 131/2		6	@10		7.30
18	1014@1114	9	10%	6@10	1 34		121/2 @ 131/2		4	@ 9		7 22
25	10% @11%	10		@10	3	5.21	12%@13%	9	6	@10	0	7.41
Mar.				1		119		100				
	10%@11%	10		@10	3	5.13	13 @14%	10		@10		7.70
11	10% @11%	10		@10	3 .	5.06	13% @15	10	41/	@10	71/2	
18	10%@11%	10		@10	3	5.10	14 @151/8	10	736	@10	101/2	7.88
25	10 @11%	10		@10		4.97	14 @1514				101/2	7.95
Apr.	10 911/6	120		9.0	1		0					21/20
	9%@11%	9	9	@10		4.91	1414@1514	10	716	@10	101/2	7.97
1	9%@11%		9	@10			14% @15%		9	@11		7.87
8	9% @11%		9	@10			1414 @1514		9	@11		7.47
15			9	@10		4.94	141/4 @ 151/4		6	@10		7.49
22	9%@11%	9	9			4.80		10	6	@10		7.22
29_	9%@10%	9	9	@10		4.00	14 610	10	U	@10		1
May				0 0		1.00	141/0151/	10	6	@10	9	7.45
6	914 @ 101/2		6	@ 9	9		141/6@151/8			@10		7.12
13.	914@101/2	9	6	@ 9	9	4.77	14%@15%	10	6	@ 10	ð	1.12

Shipping News—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 44,657 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

	Bales
GALVESTON—To Copenhagen—May 5—Frode, 950	95 4 1,08 20
To Genoa—May 5—Mongioia, 1.083	1.08
To Cartagena—Apr. 30—Chester Valley, 200	20
To Puerto Colombia—Apr. 30—Chester Valley, 500	500
To China—May 6—Tasmania, 2,307	2,30 1,83 2
To Antwerp—May 10—Antverpia, 25	2.
To Ghent—May 10—Antverpia, 66May 9—Beemsterdijk,	1 400
To Hayre—May 10—Antverpia, 438 May 12—Waban, 101	1,433 539
To Dunkirk—May 10—Antverpia, 123	123
To Rotterdam—May 9—Beemsterdijk, 761May 12—	1 10
To Bremen—May 12—American Press, 658	1,138
To Hamburg—May 12—American Press, 882	882 250
HOUSTON—To Japan—May 6—Chastine Maersk, 250	$\frac{250}{214}$
To Havre—May 7—Antverpia, 92, Beeinsterdijk, 122	307
To Dunkirk—May 7—Antverpia, 177	177 154 300
To Rotterdam—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 154	154
To Genea—May 7—Mongioia. 1.243	1.243
To Oporto—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 50	1,24
To Reval—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 3	20
To Copenhagen—May 12—Tana, 386	386 386
To Prieste—May 12—Ida, 463	463
To Venice—May 12—Ida, 364	364 100
To Gdynia—May 12—Tana, 665	66
To Gothenburg—May 12—Tana, 272	663 272
NEW ORLEANS—To Genoa—May 7—Cardonia, 1,205May 4	3,557
To Gdynia—May 6—Tanna, 1,000May 9—Frode, 100	5,001
May 10—Vasaholm, 393	1,493
To—Abo—May 6—Tanna, 75May 9—Frode, 50	125
To Wasa—May 6—Tanna, 94	94
To Reval—May 6—Tanna, 100	100
To Havre—May 5—Nevada, 525	525 727
To Dunkirk—May 5—Nevada, 500	500
To Liverpool—May 7—Colorado Springs, 2,891May 9—	2,912
To Manchester—May 7—Colorado Springs, 2,600. May 9—	2,912
-Claire Hugh Stinnes, 1,420	4,020
To Venice—May 9—Ida, 1,281	1,281
To Varna—May 9—Ida, 322	1,281 522 21
To Cape Town—May 9—Silver Willow, 80	80
To Sydney—May 11—Gastai 250	250
To Melbourne—May 11—Gostai, 25	25
CORPUS CHRISTI-To Ghent-May 6-Waban, 132	250 250 132
To Dunkirk—May 2—Antverpia, 300	300 29
To Oporto—May 6—Waban, 100	100
PENSACOLA, &c.—To Liverpool—May 12—Wacosta, 307	307
SAVANNAH—To Antwern—May 11—Sundance 270	158 270 275 2,790 235 700
SAN FRANCISCO—To England—?—275	275
To Japan—?—2,790	2,790
LAKE CHARLES—To Rotterdam—May 10—Wahan 700	235
NORFOLK—To Hamburg—May 13—City of Layre, 280	280
LOS ANGELES—To Liverpool—?—Chattanooga City, 150	150 100
To Havre—?—Wisconsin, 100	100
To Dunkirk—?—Wisconsin, 150	450 150
To Japan—?—President Pierce, 400; Florida Maru, 2,220—?	
To China—?—President Polk, 708; Konto Maru, 200	$^{4,493}_{725}$
To omina : Tresident Fierce, 500, Fresident Folk, 225	120
GALVESTON—To Copenhagen—May 5—Frode, 47. To Gdynia—May 5—Frode, 47. To Genoa—May 5—Frode, 47. To Genoa—May 5—Mongioia, 1,083. To Cartagena—Apr. 30—Chester Valley, 500. To Japan—May 6—Tasmania, 2,307. To China—May 6—Tasmania, 2,307. To China—May 6—Tasmania, 1,331. To Antwerp—May 10—Antwerpia, 25. To Ghent—May 10—Antwerpia, 25. To Ghent—May 10—Antwerpia, 25. To Havre—May 10—Antwerpia, 123. May 12—Waban, 628. To Havre—May 10—Antwerpia, 123. May 12—Waban, 101. To Dutterk.—May 10—Antwerpia, 123. May 12—Waban, 101. To Butterk.—May 10—Antwerpia, 123. May 12—Waban, 101. To Butterk.—May 10—Antwerpia, 123. May 12—Waban, 101. To Bremen—May 12—American Press, 658. To Hamburg—May 12—American Press, 658. To Hamburg—May 12—American Press, 658. HOUSTON—To Japan—May 6—Chastline Maersk, 250. To Ghent—May 7—Antwerpia, 92. Beemsterdijk, 122. To Havre—May 7—Antwerpia, 92. Beemsterdijk, 122. To Havre—May 7—Antwerpia, 92. Beemsterdijk, 125. To Rotterdam—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 300. To Genoa—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 300. To Genoa—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 50. To Reval—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 50. To Reval—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 50. To Reval—May 7—Beemsterdijk, 32. To Copenhagen—May 12—Tana, 386. To Verce—May 12—Tana, 386. To Verce—May 12—Tana, 665. To Gothenburg—May 12—Tana, 675. To Gothenburg—May 12—Tana, 675. To Gothenburg—May 6—Tanna, 75. May 9—Frode, 50. To Adynia—May 6—Tanna, 1,000. May 10—Vasaholm, 393. To Gothenburg—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Antwerp—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Antwerp—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Markes—May 7—Beensterdijk, 50. To Havre—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Havre—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Havre—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Havre—May 6—Tanna, 9. To Havre—May 9—Gotorado Springs, 2,891. May 9—Claire Hugh Stinnes, 1,281. To To Trieste—May 9—Gotorado Springs, 2,891. May 9—Claire Hugh Stinnes, 1,420. To Manchester—May 12—Tana, 605. To Havre—May 9—Gotorado Springs, 2,800. May 9—Claire Hugh Stinnes, 1,281. To To To To To Havre—May 9—Gotorado Springs, 2,800. May 9—Claire Hugh Stinnes, 1,281. To Copen—May 9—Gotorado Springs, 2,800. Ma	44,657
Cotton Freights-Current rates for cotton from	Morr
Vork as furnished by Lambart & Damare To	TAGM
York, as furnished by Lambert & Barrows, Inc., as	re as
follows, quotations being in cents per pound:	196
High Stand- Denstry ard Denstry ard Denstry	
Density ard Density ard Density	ara

	High Density	Stand-		High Density	Stand-		High Density	Stand-
Liverpool	.52c.	.67c.	Trieste	d.45c.	.60c.	Piraeus	.85c.	1.00
Mancheste	r.52c.	.67c.	Flume	d.45c.	.60c.	Salonica	.85c.	1.00
Antwerp	.52c.	.67c.	Barcelona			Venice	d.85c.	1.00
Havre	.52c.	.67c.	Japan			Copenhag	n.57e.	.72c.
Rotterdam	.52c.	.67c.	Shanghai			Naples	d.45c.	.60c.
	1.45c.	.60c.	Bombay x	.50c.	.65c.	Leghorn	d.45c.	.60c.
Oslo	.58c.	.73c.	Bremen	.52c.	.67c.	Gothenb's	.57c.	.72c.
Stockholm	.63c.	.78c.	Hamburg	.52c.	.67c.			

* No quotations. x Only small lots. dDirect steamer.

Liverpool—By cable from Liverpool we have the follow-g statement of the week's imports, stocks, &c., at that port:

and production of the week a	mports	, SUUCKS,	at the	Tat por t.
[2] [1] 그렇게 되어 되었다.	April 22	April 29	May 6	May 13
Forwarded	32,000	54,000	53,000	43,000
Total stocks	1.239,000	1.255,000	1,215,000	1.196,000
Of which American	817,000	828,000		800,000
Total imports	60,000	73,000		27,000
Of which American	18,000	32,000		3,000
Amount afloat	117,000	99,000	116,000	127,000
Of which American	57,000	22,000	20,000	42,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Market, 12:15 P. M.	Moderate demand.	Quiet.	More demand.	Moderate demand.	Quiet.	Quiet.
Mid.Upl'ds	4.74d.	4.71d.	4.79d.	4.74d.	4.78d.	4.77d.
$Futures \\ Market \\ opened $	Steady, 4 to 6 pts. advance.	Steady, 2 to 3 pts. decline.	Quiet, un- changed to 1 pt. adv.	Barely stdy 4 to 5 pts. decline.	Quiet, 1 to 2 pts. advance.	Q't but st'y 1 pt.dec. to 1 pt. adv.
Market, 4 P. M.	Quiet, 3 to 5 pts. advance.	Steady, un- changed to 2 pts. adv.	3 to 7 pts.	Steady 3 to 5 pts. decline.	Quiet, 1 to 2 pts. advance.	Steady; 3 points advance.

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

May 7	Sat.	Mon.		Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
May 13	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close
New Contract May (1938) July October December January (1939) March May July October	d. 4.57 4.65 4.75 4.80 4.82 4.86 4.91 4.94 4.98	4.63 4.73 4.79 4.84	4.66 4.76 4.80 4.82	4.70 4.79 4.84 4.89	4.71 4.80 4.83	4.65 4.74 4.80 4.85	4.66 4.76 4.80 4.82	4.68 4.78 4.84 4.88	4.67 4.77 4.81	4.67 4.77 4.83 4.87	4.70 4.80 4.84

BREADSTUFFS

Friday Night, May 13, 1938.

Flour—Although wheat prices eased off considerably, flour prices held up surprisingly well. The 10c. advance of family patents, announced Wednesday, becomes effective this morning. Mill offices find conditions unchanged. There is still no more than a routine trade, with odd lots being purchased for filling-in purposes. Bakers appear to be waiting for new crop offerings. Instructions against contracts are reported as routine and spotty.

contracts are reported as routine and spotty.

Wheat—On the 7th inst. prices closed 34 to 1½c. higher. The market received a strong stimulus today in the form of forecasts of frost or freezing in some districts of the winterwheat belt, as a result of which prices shot forward almost 2c. a bushel. The improvement was short-lived, however, prices settling back to lose almost half of this gain. However, the close showed appreciable net gains. There were other factors stimulating buying such as higher than expected prices at Liverpool and some strength in securities. Crop authorities expressed belief that the cool weather, while presenting possibility of damaging frost, checked the spread of rust. Some said that damage caused by the early April cold weather was yet to be realized. Export sales of North American wheat were estimated at 200,000 bushels, and cables indicated Continental demand might improve. On the 9th inst. prices closed ½ to 1½c. lower. A bearish feeling prevailed, due largely to expectations that the United States Government report tomorrow would confirm large unofficial estimates of winter crop yields. As a result, prices eased 1½c. Statements minimizing chances of black rust damage southwest, were also a factor. R. O. Cromwell, a leading authority who is touring the Southwest, telegraphed from Chickasha, Okla., he had not seen a spore of black stem rust to cause any important loss to the 1938 total United States winter crop. The absence of any real export demand for North American wheat, did not help wheat values much. Export purchasing of American wheat totaled less than 200,000 bushels. Belief that light to heavy frosts in the Southwest had done little if any damage, acted as a weight on values. On the 10th inst. prices closed ½ to ½c. net lower. The general feeling prevailed that the official crop estimates to be published after the close would be decidedly bearish, and this was reflected in increased selling pressure late today. Preceding the late tumble, the market had risen ½c., largely bec -On the 7th inst. prices closed 3/4 to 11/4c. higher. pretty well discounted. Transient upturns were also stimulated by bulges in securities and by Kansas reports the State's crop was in shape to deteriorate fast under adverse weather conditions. A counteracting influence, however, was that export takings from North America totaled less than 200,000 bushels, and that the quantity on ocean passage to Europe showed more than 5,000,000 bushels increase since May 1, against 6,000,000 bushels decrease at this time last year. The new government figures, received long after dealings here had ceased, were 4,153,000 bushels larger than had been anticipated. Another bearish item was a Canadian official report that crop conditions in Saskatchewan Province were the best in 10 years. On the 11th inst. prices closed 1½ to 1½c. net higher. The market received a strong stimulus today in the form of Oklahoma and Texas crop damage reports. Wheat jumped nearly 2c. a bushel in the late trading as a result of the buying rush based on these bullish crop reports. Orders to purchase were executed on a large scale as the market bounded upward in late dealings. The Government's enlarged estimate of the 1938 domestic winter crop received but little attention, being generally regarded as discounted and as superseded by newer authoritative advices. North American wheat export business was insignificant, despite predictions that broadened demand from Europe would develop after the Government crop report. With drought reports from Europe continuing, and with indications that domestic crop prospects had started to retrograde, sellers here practically withdrew from the market.

On the 12th inst. prices closed ¼ to ¾c. net lower. Losses of almost 1c. a bushel in Chicago wheat prices late.

On the 12th inst. prices closed ¼ to ¾c. net lower. Losses of almost 1c. a bushel in Chicago wheat prices late Losses of almost Ic. a bushel in Chicago wheat prices late today resulted largely from prospects of moisture relief for crops in Texas. July and September futures, representing the 1938 harvest, led the market downturns. A weight on wheat values was that domestic flour purchases were reported as only of a hand-to-mouth character. Included among unfavorable crop advices was a dispatch that a widely-known specialist sent from Wichita Falls, Tex., saying wheat plants were detariorating fast and showed effects ing wheat plants were deteriorating fast, and showed effects of subsoil moisture shortage. Another leading authority wired from Booker, Tex., that crops in Carson, Gray and Roberts Counties had gone back rapidly for more than a week, drying up all the tops and bottoms, and that without rain within a week much acreage would never head or

Today prices closed 1/8 to 1c. net higher. Lively upturns lifted Chicago wheat values 1c. a bushel late today. Less favorable reports about the probable yields in Texas and Oklahoma were received, although beneficial rains in the Texas Panhandle last night were expected to check crop deterioration in that area. The market was also stimulated by dust storms at Swift Current, Melfort and Saskatoon, Canada. Only a small export business in North American wheat overnight was noted. Cables said Australian shipments were large and that Argentina was getting closer to a competitive basis. Some purchasing here was credited to domestic mills, but was offset by sales regarded as hedging. Some trade authorities at Chicago said that it was becoming more apparent every day a broader interest in the market would be necessary if much headway were to be made on the upside. Uncertainty, nevertheless, continued regarding the crop situation in parts of the Southwest. This uncertainty was asserted to be sufficient to suggest caution in following even moderate recessions with selling orders. Open interest in wheat totaled 72,616,000 burshols.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT IN NEW YORK Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. No. 2 red
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT FUTURES IN CHICAGO
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Season's High and When Made Season's Low and Mag. When Made Mag. Season's Low and Mag. When Made Agr. 29, 1937 July 105% Sept. 28, 1937 July 77% Apr. 29, 1938 Sept. 28, 1937 July 78 T7% May 3, 1938 Sept. 292% Feb. 9, 1938 Sept. 78 May 3, 1938
* Based on transactions since official opening, July 29; sold as high as 13213 in unofficial trading prior to July 29.
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BONDED WHEAT IN WINNIPEG Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
May 117½ 116½ 115½ 115½ 115½ 115½ 116½

Corn—On the 7th inst. prices closed ¼c. to ½c. net higher. Export sales of corn were estimated at 200,000 bushels, mostly to the Continent. It was reported that some buying of corn here was through houses with export connections. Purchases to arrive and carlot receipts continued large. On the 9th inst. prices closed ¼c. to ½c. lower. It was stressed in some quarters that corn export business thus far had been nearly double the Government total estimate for the entire year. Today's takings, however, were small. Corn's heaviness today was influenced largely by the heaviness in wheat. On the 10th inst. prices closed unchanged to ¼c. lower. The corn market declines were despite announcement boats were loading at Chicago with 800,000 bushels for Montreal and Buffalo. New export purchases, however, totaled but 200,000 bushels. On the 11th inst. prices closed ½c. to ½c. net higher. Helped by large export purchases about 1,000,000 bushels, corn showed independent strength Planting delays in important domestic areas were noted

Oats—On the 7th inst. prices closed 3% to 5%c. net higher. This market was influenced largely by the strength in wheat and corn. On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged to ½c. off. Trading was light and without feature. On the 10th inst. prices closed ½c. off to ½c. up. What trading took place was largely of a routine or professional character, with no particular feature. On the 11th inst. prices closed ½c. to ½c. net higher. This grain followed along in sympathy with wheat and corn in their upward movement.

On the 12th inst. prices closed ½c. decline to ½c. advance.

On the 12th inst. prices closed %c. decline to %c. advance. This market was very quiet, with prices moving within an extremely narrow range. Today prices closed unchanged to %c. advance. Trading was light and largely of a routine character.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
September 27¼ 27 26¾ 27¼ 27¼ 27¼ Season's High and When Made Season's Low and When Made
May*33 % July 29, 1937 May 26 Apr 5 1938
July 32 Oct. 2. 1937 July 25 Apr. 5. 1938 September 30 Jan. 10. 1938 September 26 Apr. 5. 1938
* Based on transactions since official opening, July 29; sold as high as 421/4 in unofficial trading prior to July 29
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS FUTURES IN WINNIPEC

12 74 In anotheral trading prior to 3	uly 28	1000				
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF	OAT	S FUT	URES	IN W	INNIF	EG
May July	Sat. 47½ 44¾ 38½	47 1/8	48½ 45¼	Wed. 48 1/8 45 3/4 39 1/8	Thurs. 49 1/8 46 1/2 40 1/4	Fri. 50 46 5% 39 5%

Rye—On the 7th inst. prices closed 5% to 7%c. net higher. The firmness of wheat together with the bullish forecasts on the weather, did much to strengthen rye. On the 9th inst. prices closed 34 to 1c. net lower. These declines about paralleled those of wheat, and were influenced by the generally bearish feeling that prevails as a result of the bearish

crop reports and lack of any appreciable export demand. On the 10th inst. prices closed ½ to ¾c. net lower. Trading was light, with operations mostly on the selling side, the selling being influenced by the heaviness of wheat and corn. On the 11th inst. prices closed ½ to 1¾c. net higher. With all other grains showing advances in price, it was only natural for rye to show substantial net gains.

an other grains showing advances in price, it was only laterals for rye to show substantial net gains.

On the 12th inst. prices closed 5% to 3/4c. net lower. This market was also relatively quiet, with the undertone slightly easier. Today prices closed 11/8 to 5/4c. net higher. This proved the strongest of all grain markets, and was largely in sympathy with the upward movement in wheat.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN C	HICAGO
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Thurs. Fri. 58½ 595%
September 57 % 56 57 %	56 5 57 14
Season's High and When Made Season's Low and When May May 84 Aug. 10, 1937 May 57½ A July 72% Feb. 9, 1938 September 56½ A September 69¾ Feb. 9, 1938 September 55½ M	pr. 6, 1938 pr. 29, 1938
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN W. Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed.	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$6\overline{1}\frac{1}{2}$ $6\overline{1}\frac{1}{2}$
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BARLEY FUTURES IN	WINNIPEG
May Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. July 57% 57% 57% 58% October 52% 53% 53% 53½	60½ 61¼ 59¼ 59¼ 54% 54%

October5	24 531/8 531/2 531/2 541/8 541/8
Closing quotations were as f	ollows:
FLC	OUR
Spring oats, high protein 5.90 @6.20 Spring patents 5.25 @5.65 Clears, first spring 4.75 @5.00 Soft winter straights 4.30 @4.70 Hard winter straights 5.10 @5.25 Hard winter patents 5.15 @5.40 Hard winter clears 4.40 @4.60	Seminola, bbl., Nos.1-3 6.65@ Oats, good 2.35 Corn flour
GRA	IIN
No. 2 red, c.i.f., domestic 97 Manitoba No. 1, f.o.b. N.Y125%	Oats, New York— No. 2 white. 40 % No. 2 white. 77 % Rye, No. 2, fo.b. bond N. Y. 77 % Barley, New York— 60 % 47 ½ lbs. malting 60 % Chicago, cash 41-55

All the statements below regarding the movement of grain—receipts, exports, visible supply, &c.—are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ended last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls.196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs
Chicago	198,000	408.000	4.834,000	396,000	27,000	127,000
Minneapolis		416,000	901,000	111,000	55,000	460,000
Duluth	1 222	793,000	1.246,000	177,000	110,000	212,000
Milwaukee.	14,000	402,000	309,000			359,000
Toledo		52,000		467,000	4,000	
Indianapolis	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	9,000	358,000	140,000		12-2-20
St. Louis	98.000	147.000	147,000	104,000	100	46,000
Peoria	39,000	60,000	620,000	58,000	35,000	53,000
Kansas City	9,000	997,000	106,000	24,000		
Omaha		182,000		47,000		
St. Joseph.	2 m []	23,000		52,000		
Wichita		203,000				
Sioux City_	1.000038	3,000		13.000	1,000	2,000
Buffalo		1,560,000	947,000	271,000	3,000	105,000
Tot. wk. '38	358,000	5,255,000	9,658,000	1,860,000	235,000	1.364.000
Same wk '37	348,000	2,804,000		2,108,000	470,000	1.187.000
Same wk '36	363,000	4,217,000	4,971,000	1,583,000	454,000	1,385,000
Since Aug. 1		7,744	C 41 (47 / 75)	66.3	F. J. May . 7	100
1937	15 312 000	251,706,000	253 670 000	94.565.000	24,067,000	86,462,000
1936		186,561,000			14,959,000	
1935	14 920 000	279 849 000	151,020,000			

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, May 7, 1938, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs
New York.	110,000	5,000	6,000	11,000		
Philadelphia	22,000	3,000	13,000	20,000		1,000
Baltimore	17,000	7	23,000	14,000	13,000	3,000
New Orl'ns*	24,000	57,000	300,000	19,000		
Galveston		1.168.000				
Montreal	32,000	457,000	686,000		137,000	71,000
St. John W.		20,000				
Boston	16,000			8,000	1,000	
Sorel			825,000			
Halifax	3,000			4,000		
Tot. wk. '38	224,000	1,710,000	1,853,000	76,000	151,000	75,000
Since Jan. 1 1938	5,009,000	28,496,000	16,859,000	1,217,000	1,194,000	2,696,000
Week 1937_	267,000	1.945,000	170,000	67,000	23,000	5,000
Since Jan. 1 1937	5,051,000	13,910,000	14,331,000	962,000	376,000	249,000

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ended Saturdat, May 7, 1938, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
The August St.	Bushels	Bushels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
New York	12,000		54,365			
Albany	248,000	86,000				
Boston			1,000			
Port Arthur, Texas	306,000					
Texas City	278,000	L				
Sorel		825,000				
New Orleans		561,000	10,000			
Galveston	1,227,000					
Montreal	457,000	686,000	32,000		137,000	71,000
t. John West	20,000					
Halifax			3,000	4,000		
Total week 1938	2,548,000	2.158.000	100.365	4.000	137,000	71,000
Same week 1937	1.951.000		95,505	10,000	9,000	

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1937, is as below:

Exports for Week	Flour		W	heat	Corn	
and Since July 1 to—	Week May 7, 1938	Since July 1, 1937	Week May 7, 1938	Since July 1, 1937	Week May 7, 1938	Since July 1, 1937
United Kingdom_ ContinentSo. & Cent. Amer_	Barrels 30,470 24,635 13,500	Barrels 2,053,541 456,966 535,500	Bushels 2,008,000 537,000	Bushels 60,143,000 46,051,000 1,169,000	1,443,000	Bushels 27,800,000 26,707,000 172,000
West Indies Brit. No. Am. Col. Other countries	23,500 3,000 5,260	1,263,000 22,000 236,073	3,000	64,000 1,618,000		5,000 1,000 8,000
Total 1938 Total 1937	100,365 95,505	4,567,080 4,701,975		109,045,000 99,547,000	2,158,000	54,693,000 7,000

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, May 7, were as follows:

	GRA	AIN STOCI	KS		
	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
United States—	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
Boston		3,000	1,000		
New York			9,000		
Philadelphia			23,000	13,000	3,000
Baltimore	266,000	46,000	12,000	25,000	1,000
New Orleans	14,000	758,000	16,000	2.000	
Galveston	1,108,000	2,000		2.000	
Fort Worth	1,086,000	163,000	34.000	4,000	3,000
Wichita	223,000		4,000	6.000	
Hutchinson	894,000				
St. Joseph	1,478,000	385,000	90,000	9.000	9.000
Kansas City	6,528,000	835.000	298,000	221,000	17,000
Omaha	1,489,000	2,666,000	132,000	60,000	59,000
Sloux City	209,000	577,000	72,000	3,000	22,000
St. Louis	1,087,000	1,195,000	65,000	6,000	10,000
Indianapolis	395,000	1,263,000	207,000		
Peoria	6.000	38,000	4.000		
Chicago	6.979,000	15,164,000	997.000	505,000	407,000
" afloat	442,000				
On Lakes	581,000	43,000	333.000		197,000
Milwaukee	1,551,000	794,000	204,000	23,000	599,000
Minneapolis	4,826,000	1,254,000	8.114.000	495,000	2,972,000
Duluth	3,750,000	8,872,000	2,881,000	735,000	1.503,000
Detroit	158,000	2,000	4,000	3,000	110,000
Buffalo	3,440,000	3.272,000	219,000	289,000	196,000
" afloat		-,-,-,	103,000	200,000	100,000
On Canal		193,000			
Total May 7, 1938	37.304.000	37,589,000	13.895.000	2,401,000	6.108.000

--- 39,462,000 37,897,000 15,016,000 2,587,000 6,496,000 --- 20,617,000 5,188,000 10,337,000 2,347,000 7,159,000 the—Bonded grain not included above: Barley—Duluth, 41,000 bushels; on 8, 837,000; total, 878,000 bushels, against 1,906,000 bushels in 1937. Wheat—York, 72,000 bushels; Buffalo, 207,000; on Lakes, 2,101,000; Erie, 427,000; 2,807,000 bushels, against 12,757,000 bushels in 1937.

Canadian— Lake, bay, river & seabd_ Ft. William & Pt. Arthur Other Can. & other elev_	12,660,000	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels 632,000 379,000 6,322,000	Rye Bushels 24,000 934,000 255,000	Barley Bushels 779,000 1,587,000 4,594,000
Total May 7, 1938 Total Apr. 30, 1938 Total May 8, 1937	36,674,000 37,527,000 55,569,000		7,333,000 8,077,000 6,387,000	1,213,000 1,234,000 1,442,000	6,960,000 7,554,000 6,252,000
Summary— American Canadian		37,589,000		2,401,000 1,213,000	6,108,000 6,960,000
Total May 7, 1938 Total Apr. 30, 1938 Total May 8, 1937	76,989,000	37,589,000 37,897,000 5,188,000	23,093,000	3,821,000	13,068,000 14,050,000 13,411,000

The world's shipment of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ended May 6, and since July 1, 1937, and July 1, 1936, are shown in the following:

77217344-		Wheat		Corn				
Exports	Week May 6, 1938	Stace July 1, 1937	Since July 1, 1936	Week May 6, 1938	Since July 1, 1937	Since July 1, 1936		
North Am. Black Sea. Argentina. Australia. India	Bushels 3,714,000 472,000 1,081,000 3,944,000 144,000	75,996,000 57,248,000 102,105,000	152,226,000 82,524,000	Bushels 2,139,000 1,242,000 1,217,000	6,178,000			
countries	304,000	23,298,000	26,272,000	857,000	74,573,000	17,983,000		
Total	9,659,000	429.080.000	490.519.000	5.455.000	215 215 000	370 280 000		

Agricultural Department Report on Winter Wheat, Rye, &c.—The Department of Agriculture at Washington on May 10 issued it: crop report as of May 1, 1938. This report shows the abandonment of winter wheat at 11.6%, leaving the acreage remaining for harvest at 50,677,000 acres, as compared with 46,046,000 acres here at 50,677,000 acres. as compared with 46,946,000 acres harvested in 1937. Last year the abandonment of winter wheat acreage was 18.2%. This year's production of winter wheat is now estimated at 754,153,000 bushels, which compares with a harvest of 685,102,000 bushels last year and an average 10-year (1927-36) production of 546,396,000 bushels. Below is the report:

Crop prospects in the country as a whole are somewhat spotted and uneven, but appear rather better than at this season during any of the last several years. The warm weather of March and most of April gave grass and winter grain crops an early start in nearly all States, and good rains have improved the outlook in the central and northern portions of the Great Plains area where recent droughts have been most severe. The weather has also permitted corn belt farmers to make unusually good progress with spring work. On the other hand, excessive rains in the central cotton belt and late freezes in northern and western portions of the belt have caused extensive damage and delay. There are also scattered areas where more rain is urgently needed, the most important being Florida, the lower Ohio Valley, portions of the Dakotas and Montana, and the Southwest. Southwest.

Prospects for pastures and Western ranges are also fairly good. While some years will be required for full recovery in the drought areas, the generally mild winter and spring gave grass an unusually early start in nearly all States, and the May 1 condition of pastures was the highest for

that date since 1929, and the condition of Western ranges was the highest for May since 1931.

for May since 1931.

Prospects for winter wheat have improved, for helpful rains in some areas previously dry have reduced prospective abandonment and improved yield prospects, particularly in Kansas and Nebraska. More wheat than a month ago is shown in most States, though there was some loss from drought in New Mexico and from rust in Oklahoma. The acreage of winter wheat harvested is now expected to be the largest on record, and unless losses from rust or drought exceed present allowances, production should be around 754,000,000 bushels. This would be the second largest winter wheat error on record.

winter wheat crop on record.

The rye crop is expected to be nearly 52,000,000 bushels. Last year about 49,400,000 bushels were produced, but the average production during the previous 10 years was only 36,454,000 bushels. Reports from the Southern States show generally favorable prospects for the cats crop in

Grasses and clovers grown for hay appear to have wintered well and to

Grasses and clovers grown for hay appear to have wintered well and to have made a moderately favorable start, so with average weather a fairly large hay crop would seem probable in the Northeast and in the eastern and central portions of the corn belt. On the other hand, due largely to loss of stands and lack of reserve moisture in the drought area, the alialia crop seems likely to be below normal from Montana and the Dakotas, south to Kansas. In the West, trirgation supplies are generally ample and hay prospects now appear favorable. In the South, it is probable that a fairly large acreage of hay crops will be grown.

Fruit prospects now appear to be close to average. Freezes in early April caused considerable injury to peaches and cherries in the Central and North Atlantic States. Damage was generally less severe in the Southern peach States, except in Oklahoma and Texas, where frost losses to peaches are reported to be heavy. Growing conditions during April were generally favorable in the Pacific Northwest and California. In these States the bloom for nearly all crops has been heavy, and the set of fruit is expected to be good in most sections. The new crops of oranges, grapefruit and lemons have started under favorable conditions, except that in Florida the droppage of young citrus fruit has been heavier than usual due to the lack of rainfall. The acreage in strawberries has been increased to about 13% over the low 1937 acreage, or to about the usual level.

Commercial vegetables have been moving to market about two weeks earlier than usual. Supplies have been plentiful and production is expected to continue to be fairly heavy for the next few weeks at least. Carlot shipments of early vegetables to date are reported about 6% greater than to this date last year, the chief increases being due to a larger crop of tomatoes and to the early movement of new potatoes and some other crops. Present conditions are in striking contrast with those of a year ago. At this time last year, field crops showed a poor start,

since 1930. Egg production per hen was also at record levels on May 1, but, with the number of hens reduced, the production of eggs per farm flock reported was 6% below the 10-year average.

since 1930. Egg production per hen was also at record levels on May 1, but, with the number of hens reduced, the production of eggs per farm flock reported was 6% below the 10-year average.

Wheat

A production of 754,153,000 bushels of winter wheat is indicated on May 1, which is 28,446,000 bushels, or about 4%, more than indicated a month ago. Production in 1937 was 685,102,000 bushels, and the 10-year (1927-36) average production is 546,396,000 bushels.

The acreage of winter wheat remaining for harvest is estimated at 50,677,000 acres compared with 46,946,000 acres harvested in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 37,281,000 acres. This year's acreage for harvest is the largest on record. The previous greatest harvested acreage was 50,404,000 acres harvested in 1919.

Of the near-record acreage of 57,316,000 acres sown in the fall of 1937, about 11.6% was abandoned. This is substantially below the 18.5% abandonment of last year and 18.2% the 10-year (1927-36) average. The heaviest loss of acreage has occurred in the Western Great Plains area, where dry soil conditions at seeding time prevented proper germination and plant development before winter set in. Wheat in this area has also been adversely affected by an acute shortage of subsoil moisture and by extensive damage from soil drifting. In the remainder of the country, except in the Southeastern States, abandonment is much below average.

May 1 prospects indicate a probable yield of 14.9 bushels per harvested acre compared with 14.6 bushels for 1937 and 14.5 bushels the 10-year (1927-36) average harvested yield. While the improvement in winter wheat prospects during April was quite general, most of the increase took place in the States of Kansas and is threatening wheat in areas farther north. Plant growth is generally 10 days to two weeks farther advanced than usual for this time of year.

This report does not take into consideration developments since May 1. Since that date, rainfall over the Western North Central States, Oklahoma, castern Texas,

moisture than usual will be necessary to mature the crop and the danger of loss from lodging is enhanced.

In Oregon there has been a downward revision in the acreage of winter wheat seeded last fall, as a part of the acreage intended for winter wheat last fall and included in the estimate of seeded acreage published in December was planted too late to classify as winter wheat. This acreage will be included in the estimates of spring wheat acreage planted in 1938.

In the principal spring wheat area conditions have been generally favorable for early seeding, although additional moisture is still needed in western North Dakota and eastern Montana. There was some delay in seeding in the Pacific Northwest because of wet weather.

WINTER WHEAT

	Астеаде				Yield per Acre			Production		
State	Ab	andon	ed	Left for	Aver.	ver.	Indi-	Aver.		Indi-
	Aver. 1927- 1936	1937	1938	Нат- vest 1938	1927- 1936	1937	cated 1938	1927- 1936	1937	cated 1938
4.人们为6	Per	Per	Per	Thous'd	ALT V			Thous'd	Thous'd	Thous'd
	Cent	Cent	Cent	Acres	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
New York	3.8	2.8	2.5	297	19.8	24.0	21.0	4,838	8,184	6,237
New Jersey	3.3	14.5	15.0	61	21.8	22.5	22.5	1,192	1,462	1,372
Pennsylvania_	3.1	2.0	1.5	1.068	18.3	22.0	19.0	17,720	23,364	20,292
Ohio	9.9	4.5	1.0	2.387	19.2	19.0	21.0	34.585	46,056	50,127
Indiana	9.3	6.0	2.0	1.984	16.8	16.0	17.5	27.694	34,592	34,720
Illinois	10.7	8.0	2.0	2,390	16.7	17.5	17.0	31,588	45,150	40,630
Michigan	3.0	3.0	1.5	890	20.2	18.5	21.0	15,682	18,426	18,690
Wisconsin	11.6	5.6	4.0	69	18.0	18.0	19.0	592	1.224	1,311
Minnesota	15.6	7.9	8.0	258	18.8	20.5	20.0	2.926	6.212	5,160
Iowa	8.6	8.0	8.0	611	18.3	18.5	18.0	6.207	15,688	10,998
Missouri	8.3	8.8	5.0	2.574	13.4	13.3	15.0	21,576	41.097	38,610
South Dakota	34.6	52.2	45.0		12.0	13.0	13.0	1,414	1.105	2,015
Nebraska	16.2	26.1	8.0	4.343	15.1	14.0	15.0	46,400	45.654	65,145
Kansas	21.9	23.0	15.0	14.829	12.4	12.0	13.0	133,463		192,777
Delaware	2.5	2.3	2.0	83	17.8	16.0	18.0	1.655	1,376	1.494
Maryland	2.7	1.4	1.5		18.6	19.0	19.0	8.372	9.044	9,139
Virginia	2.4	1.5	3.0		14.1	15.0	13.5	8,598	9,720	8,883
West Virginia	3.4	6.0	5.0		14.4	16.0	15.0	1,855	2,736	2,385
No. Carolina	3.0	5.9	4.0		10.4	11.8	11.5	4.275	5.817	5,784
So. Carolina.	5.4	12.9	10.0		9.6	9.5		974	1,416	1.701
Georgia	6.6	12.8	10.0		8.7	8.5		934	1,445	1.899
Kentucky	12.0	9.2	10.0			18.5			10,212	7,742
Tennessee	6.2	3.9	5.0					3,588	6.750	5,607
Alabama	2.4	12.5	16.0		9.9			46	77	74
Arkansas	15.9	15.3	15.0			10.5		406	1.050	720
Oklahoma	16.8	18.0				14.2		44.015	65,462	69,719
Texas	30.2	26.0	25.0			10.6		29.984	41,690	39,860
Montana	24.7	39.9						9,256	6.391	15,190
Idaho	8.0							12,360	14.388	15,309
Wyoming	33.8							1,273	1,392	1.870
Colorado	46.2							9,672	11,151	11.628
New Mexico.	46.6							2.277	2,829	1.904
Arizona									1,035	1,080
Utah		3.1	2.0						2,820	3,762
Nevada									84	108
Washington_			4.0						16,625	
Oregon	14.2							14.924		15,065
California	13.0									13,946
United States	18.2	18.5	11 6	*50.677	14.5	14.6	14 0	546.396	685,102	754.153

^{*} The estimated acreage of winter wheat seeded in Oregon in the fall of 1937 has been revised from \$51,000 to 675,000 acres. This gives a United States total of 57,316,000 acres of winter wheat seeded, compared with 57,492,000 acres as published in December, 1937.

The 1938 rye crop on May 1 is estimated at 51,755,000 bushels compared with 49,449,000 bushels in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 36,454,000 bushels.

of 36,454,000 bushels.

The acreage of tye for harvest on May 1 is estimated to be 4,059,000 acres, or about 5.7% more than was harvested in 1937. The 10-year (1927-36) average harvested acreage is 3,140,000 acres. Rye acreage has been sharply increased in the main acreage area of the Northwest, with most of the other rye producing areas reporting a reduction in acreage. The acreage sown for all purposes last fall was estimated at 6,869,000 acres, or 9.5% less than the 7,593,000 acres sown in the fall of 1936. About 59% of the acreage sown will be harvested for grain this season, and the remainder will be pastured, abandoned or used for other purposes. The indicated yield per harvested acre is above average and is estimated at 12.8 bushels compared with 12.9 bushels in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 11.3 bushels. The winter and spring seasons have been favorable for rye and prospects are generally above average.

	Acreage	Yield per Acre—Bushels			Production—Bushels			
State	Left for Harvest for Grain, 1938	Average 1927-36	1937	Indi- cated 1938	Average 1927-36	1937	Indicated 1938	
New York	26,000	15.1	17.5	15.5	323,000	508,000	403.000	
New Jersey	26,000	17.5	17.0	17.5	441,000	374,C00	455,000	
Pennsylvania_	74,000	13.6	15.0	14.0	1.531,000	1.185,000	1.036.000	
Ohio	42,000	13.4	14.5	15.0	878,000	580,000	630,000	
Indiana	135.000	11.6	12.5	12.0	1.304,000	2,025,000	1,620,000	
Illinois	90,000		14.5	14.5	841,000	1,827,000	1.305,000	
Michigan	127,000		11.5	13.5	1.934.000	1.656,000	1.714.000	
Wisconsin	316,000	10.8	13.5	12.5	2,358,000	4,590,000	3,950,000	
Minnesota	586,000	14.7	19.0	18.0	5.714,000			
Iowa	108,000	14.2	19.0	15.5	784,000	3,534,000	1.674.000	
Missouri	34,000		10.5	9.0	212,000	578,000	306,000	
North Dakota			10.0	11.5	9.811,000		10,442,000	
South Dakota		10.9	12.0	13.0	3,388,000	6,108,000	8,242,000	
Nebraska	432,000		10.0	10.0	2,655,000	3,900,000	4,320,000	
Kansas			11.5	11.0	308,000	966,000	649,000	
Delaware			12.5	12.5	78,000	62,000	75,000	
Maryland	18,000		13.0	12.5	247,000	208,000	225,000	
Virginia	.41,000		12.5	11.5	588,000	525,000	472,000	
West Virginia			12.0	11.5	137,000	108,000	80,000	
No. Carolina.			7.5	7.5	481,000		480,000	
So, Carolina	11,000		8.5	8.5	77,000	85,000	94.000	
Georgia	18,000	6.1	5.5	6.0	106,000	94.000	108,000	
Kentucky	19,000		13.0	12.0	189,000	312,000	228,000	
Tennessee	38,000		7.5	7.0	158,000	308,000	266,000	
Oklahoma	40,000		8.5	9.0	118,000	306,000	360,000	
Texas	4,000	9.9	14.C	10.0	27,000	42,000	40.000	
Montana		9.4	9.0	10.0	520,000	198,000	420,000	
Idaho	7,000	11.1	10.0	12.0	55,000	60,000	84.000	
Wyoming		6.8	7.0	7.0	193,000	168,000	245.00	
Colorado	41,000	7.4	8.5	8.5	351,000	382,000	348,00	
Utah	4,000	7.6	8.0	7.5	19,000			
Washington	18,000	9.1	9.0	11.0	194,000		198,00	
Oregon	44,000	13.1	12.5	14.5	351,000	600,000	638,00	
California	5,000		13.0	14.0	*104,000			
United States	4,059,000	11.3	12.9	12.8	36,454,000	49,449,000	51,755,000	

^{*} Short-time average.

Oats (Southern States)

The general prospects for the oats crop in the Southern States are above average and the most promising since 1931. The May 1 condition of oats in the South Atlantic and South Central States is reported as 82% compared with 72% in 1937 and the 10-year (1927-36) average of 67%. Louisiana, with a condition of 79%, is the only State reporting a May 1 condition below average. Texas and Oklahoma, with about 67% of the total acreage in these nine States, report an average condition of 83%.

Early Potatoes

Prospects for early potatoes have declined somewhat since April 1. Freezing temperatures early in April retarded the crop about two weeks

in Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. Excessive rainfall, extending from Mississippi to Texas, has prevented proper cultivation. On the other hand, conditions in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida have been very favorable.

The condition of the early potato crop in the 10 Southern States on May 1 was 77% compared with 77% a year ago, and the 1927-36 average of 75% ...

Corn Loans of CCC Through May 5 Aggregated \$20,395,847 on 42,135,727 Bushels—Announcement was made on May 6 by the Commodity Credit Corporation that "Advices of Corn Loans" received by it through May 5, 1938, showed loans disbursed by the Corporation and held by lending agencies on 42,135,727 bushels of corn. Such loans aggregated \$20,395,847.08, based on a loan rate of 50 cents per bushel, of 2½ cubic feet of ear corn testing up to 14½% moisture; the average amount loaned per bushel determined in this manner thus far has been .4841 cents. Figures showing the number of bushels on which loans have been made by States are given below:

State	Bushels	State
Colordao	2.327	Missouri
Illinois	7.204.389	Nebraska
Indiana	1.013.648	Ohio
Iowa		South Dakota
Kansas		Wisconsin
Minnesota		

Canadian Crop Report—The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issued on May 10 the first crop report of the present season, indicating the intended acreage of principal fied crops as reported by crop correspondents at May 1 and the progress of spring seeding. A summary of the report is given below: given below:

progress of spring seeding. A summary of the report is given below:

A decrease of nearly 1.4 million acres in the area sown to spring grains in Canada in 1938 is indicated by farmers' intentions as of May 1. The intended area of spring wheat is 24,105,900 acres, compared with 24,851,400 acres sown in 1937 and 26,646,100 acres in the peak year, 1932. The indicated decrease in the spring wheat area from that of last year is 745,500 acres, or 3%. The principal decrease will occur in Saskatchewan, while increases are indicated in Manitoba and Alberta. Durum wheat acreage will be decreased considerably from 2,322,000 acres sown in 1937 to 1,693,000 acres intended for 1938. This decrease will take place mainly in Manitoba where it will be more than offset by an increase in the sowing of rustresistant bread wheats. Oats and barley are also expected to show decreases of 3 and 5% respectively, with the principal reductions occurring in Saskatchewan. Barley acreage in Ontario will be moderately reduced. Spring rye will show a decrease of 16,600 acres, or 9%, and flaxseed a reduction of 48,600 acres or 20%. The area sown to mixed grains will remain normal in eastern Canada, while showing a moderate reduction in the western privinces. Potato acreage will be reduced in nearly every province to a total level 20,200 acres or 4% less than that of a year ago, if farmers' present intentions are realized.

The seeding of spring grains in Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia was ahead of the seeding last year at April 30, while in Saskatchewan and Alberta, seeding operations were considerably behind those in the very early season last year. For Ontatio and western Canada, 22% of the spring wheat crop was sown by April 30 this year, compared with 45% a year ago. Oats and barley were each 12% sown, compared with 8 and 6% respectively a year ago, due to the advanced season in Ontario this year.

This is the eighth year in which an 'Intentions' report for spring grains has been compiled. The acreages shown win this report for 1938

Weather Report for the Week Ended May 11—The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended May 11, follows:

general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the Weather for the week ended May 11, follows:

The weather of the week was dominated largely by the slow progress of two areas of low pressure from the Southwest northeastward across the country. The passage of these "lows" was marked by rather widespread precipitation over the Great Plains and most eastern sections, except the extreme Southeast. Generally fair weather was the rule in the far Southwest, while almost daily rains occurred on the North Pacific coast.

Temperatures were generally moderate in central sections until esth, when cooler weather overspread that area. The section until the Sth, when cooler weather overspread that area. The section west of gradually overspread Eastern States, although some sections until Cooking tures were somewhat low over the Plain some sections west of the Mississippi River, except from 7 degrees to 9 degrees over most Rocky Mountain not well from 7 degrees to 9 degrees over most Rocky Mountain not well from 7 degrees to 9 degrees over most Rocky Mountain not well was especially cool in Colorado and western Kanass with a sin parts of the Great Plains. The week was especially cool in Colorado and western Kanass with the partitures were from 9 degrees to —10 degrees. The most Eastern States the weekly temperatures were from 3 degrees to 10 degrees warmer than normal, especially in the Carolinas and Virginia, while they were moderately high in the eastern Ohlo Valley.

Except in Western States, the minima for the week were generally well above freezing. The line of freezing temperatures extended roughly from northern Minnesota southwestward to northern New Mexico and thence westward and northward, excluding most of the Pacific States. The lowest temperature for the week from a first-order station was 14 degrees at Plagstaff, Ariz., on May 7.

The total precipitation for the week was moderate to heavy in many sections from central Texas northward to Minnesota. Mode

West of the Mississippi River, except in the Southwest and locally in the northern Plains, moisture is ample for present needs, with too much in some Central-Northern States, expecially Iowa and southern Minnesota, where saturation is reported to a depth of several feet. Locally in the northern Great Plains, especially in parts of Montana, and rather generally in the Southwest, including principally New Mexico and Arizona, rain is badly needed. On the other hand, the heretofore dry southwestern Plains, especially western Kanasa and eastern Colorado, received generous rains during the past week, the totals ranging mostly above an inch.

Small Grains—Rain is needed in eastern portions of the Wheat Belt, although condition and progress of winter wheat, oats, and rye were mostly fair to very good at the close of the week. Oats are up to good stands generally in most of the eastern Lake region and Onio Valley; and seeding continues in the Northeast. Slow growth was noted in several eastern sections, but winter wheat, rye and barley are heading or in full head northward to Kentucky and Maryland.

In western sections, particularly throughout the Great Plains, the upper Mississippi Valley, and the Northwest, subnormal temperatures slowed growth. Precipitation throughout most of the western belt was ample and progress and condition of winter wheat ranges from fair to excellent generally. Pest damage is reported locally in portions of the Mississippi Valley where some wheat has been plowed up.

From Kansas northward and westward a better moisture situation has resulted in general and marked improvement of all minor grains. Indeterminate damage from rust infestation was reported in portions of the Southern Plains, and from low temperatures in parts of Wasnington and Oregon. Cold weather retarded growth and development in some farwestern areas.

Oats are ripening fast in Texas and this crop is making good to excellent growth to northward; in Illinois it is now 2 to 3 inches high. Rice

western areas.

Oats are ripening fast in Texas and this crop is making good to excellent growth to northward; in Illinois it is now 2 to 3 inches high. Rice is over half planted in Texas where rain was beneficial and planting has begun in the Sacramento Valley of California; it is generally good in Louislana with some replanting reported.

begun in the Sacramento Valley of California; it is generally good in Louisiana with some replanting reported.

Corn—Corn planting made fairly good progress in most sections east of the Mississippi Kiver, being now in full swing northward to Pennsylvania, and beginning as far north as the southern portions of Michigan and Wisconsin. However, rain is needed for germination in much of the Ohio Valley area where there has been some delay, because of dry soil, in planting. In Ohio about one-fourth of the crop has been planted, while secuing is half done in parts of southern Illinois, though in many northern sections it is just beginning.

West of the Mississippi River conditions were unfavorable rather generally because of cold, wet wheather, especially in central and northern sections, while about two-thirds of the crop has been planted in Missouri. In the central Plains area planting is delayed because of cold, wet soil, and this work is practically at a standstill in Iowa and Minnesota where daily rains have made field work impracticable rather generally. In Iowa planting normally should be approaching its peak at this season, while at present only a small portion of the intended acreage has been seeded. Cotton—In the area from the Mississippi Valley eastward the week was mostly favorable for cotton. Generally light rains permitted active field work and planting made good progress in northern sections, while chopping advanced favorably in southern districts. Showers in Tennessee were favorable for germination, though, because of dryness, stands are rather spotted in parts of the Atlantic area.

In the western belt, cool weather and frequent rains were unfavorable rather generally. In Texas planting is inactive, because of wet soil, and growth of early seeded cotton is slow due to cool weather, although its general condition continues fair to good; chopping is progressing in southern districts. In Oklahoma planting was retarded by general rains and some replanting will be necessary. Warm sunshiny weather is neede

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

Virginia—Richmond: Warmer than normal; drought conditions becoming serious; all southeastern truck damaged, but generous rains would save potato, cabbage, and spinach crops. Strawberry season shortened. Most corn planting done; some up to good stands. Planting cotton well advanced. Tobacco plants pleniful; transplanting and watering under way. Sneep shearing continues.

North Cavolina—Raleign: Warm; much sunshine; rainfall mostly light, except locally heavy in coastal plain. Progress of cotton fair to good. Other crops doing fairly well; though rain needed, especially for planting and resetting plants, and germinating seed. Some pastures failing.

South Cavolina—Columbia: Cool last day, but week averaged warm; loca, moderate rains; ample sunsaine. Favorable, though many localities need more rain for late germination and truck and tobacco progress. Cotton chopping and culcivation good progress in south; fields clean; stands mostly good in north, except where dry. Oat harvest advanced in south; small grains beginning to ripen in north.

Georgia—Atlanta: Cotton chopping made good advance in south and middle; planting good progress in north; some up north of Atlanta. Favorable for culcivating corn in south and planting in north. Wheat and oats ripening in middle; good growth in north. Mostly favorable for minor crops, except in middle, east and soutn where rather dry. Heavy shipments early peacnes; fine quality.

Florida—Jacksonville: Some rain in north and locally in central, but drought continues in south and most central. Progress of cotton good in north, though stands spotty with some replanting; chopping very good progress; small acreage deteriorated in central. Progress and condition of corn very good in north, but early corn deteriorated in south and central, with late only fair. Citrus helped locally, but most areas still dry and suffering badily. Truck fairly good in north, but season cut snort; over in south. Tobacco

planting continues. Good progress disging potatoes. Cane, rice and truck generally good; replanting rice continues locally.

Texas—Houston: Mostly cool; good rains, except none locally in northwest. Corn much improved; making rapid growth generally, and in fair to good condition; some fields in central need cultivation, but mostly clean along coast. Some damage in extreme east by floods. Early winter wheat jointing in northwest and in good condition generally, but some rust damage in wet, northern areas. Oats and minor grains ripening fast; some pest damage in north-central. Cotton chopping progressing in south and extreme west; planting progressing slowly account wet soil; growth of cotton already planted slow due cold; condition generally fair to good. Truck mostly fair to good; rain in north-central expected to improve truck generally; spring truck being marketed in extreme west. Fruit spotted; mostly fair. Rice over half planted; rain in upper coastal regions beneficial to fields not aiready flushed. Cattle and ranges mostly good to excellent. Stock water plentiful generally. Citrus groves in lower Rio Grande Valley need rain.

Oklahoma—Oklahoma City: Celd with general rains; heavy to excessive in much of State; considerable haid damage. Cotton planting made only fair advance; some replanting necessary. Progress and condition of corn fair; crop needs sunshine. Progress of winter wheat fair; much heading; rust causing some damage; some fields damaged by nail; condition fair to very good. Oats fair to good condition; now neading. Pastures, gardens, and minor crops fair to good progress. Livestock good condition. Arkansas—Little Rock: Excellent progress planting cotton, except in some west and central portions where rains interfered; planting nearly completed in much of south and central; soil too dry for germination of seed in some east and south portions; progress of early cotton very good; culcivating and chopping under way. Progress of corn very good relicions and the sound and central portions of the seco

Tennessee—Nashville: Good progress planting corn; some cultivated condition very good. Cotton planting very good progress; showers favored germination. Progress and condition of winter wheat very good; some heading short. Favorable for setting tobacco and sweet potatoes. Good crop tate strawberries. Truck crops doing well. Hay good to excellent; some cut.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday Night, May 13, 1938.

New York, Friday Night, May 13, 1938. Owing, in part, to unseasonally cool temperatures prevailing in many sections of the country, retail trade continued rather spotty. During the early part of the period under review, purchases for Mother's Day stimulated activities to some extent, but for the entire week the volume of sales fell again substantially below last year, though partly due to the general decline in retail price levels. The response to the numerous special promotions now under way, continued quite irregular, as the cool weather dampened interest in summer merchandise. Department store sales for for the week ending April 30, according to the report of the Federal Reserve Board, were 15% below those of the same week of 1937. In the metropolitan area, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York reported a decline of 8.2%, while in the Newark district a decrease of 8.1% was shown. For the entire month of April, sales of department stores the country over, declined 3%. The best result was registered by the Richmond district with an increase of 10%, while the Chicago district reported the largest decline amounting to 13%; in

district reported the largest decline amounting to 13%; in the New York area the loss in sales was confined to 1%.

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets continued rather quiet, although prices held fairly steady. Late in the week activities revived appreciably as several large retailers week activities revived appreciably as several large retailers prepared to enter the market for substantial commitments. While wholesalers on their part maintained their previous cautious attitude, an increasing amount of small reorders was placed, and predictions were heard that shortages in certain lines of goods are likely to develop in the near future, owing to curtailed production schedules and reduced in-inventories. Announcement was made during the week of the new fall prices for percales showing reductions ranging from ½c. to ½c., for the purpose of adjusting quotations to current market values. Business in silk goods remained fairly active, with continued interest shown in sheer fabrics, and with prices displaying a steady trend. Trading in rayon yarns again reflected the slow demand on the part of the weaving plants. No further deterioration in the statistical weaving plants. No further deterioration in the statistical position, however, was reported, as the current demand appeared sufficient to absorb the curtailed output. Cupramperior of an experience of an experie monium yarns continued in active demand. Rumors of an impending moderate reduction in the price of viscose knitting yarns were in circulation, but so far lacked confirmation.

Domestic Cotton Goods—Trading in the gray cloths markets, during the early part of the week, continued very quiet, although sentiment appeared improved, and inquiries, at slight concessions below list prices, were on the increase. Later in the week trading broadened materially, and sales reached a volume not seen in some time. The sudden spurt reached a volume not seen in some time. The sudden spurt in business was due to large covering purchases by converters against anticipated sales to Government relief agencies, the better sentiment in the security markets, and a mild upturn in the movement of finished goods. An additional factor in stimulating activities was the growing belief that the continued curtailment policy of the mills is bound to result in widespread shortages, once existing spot supplies are removed from the market. While most sales were for immediate delivery, some orders for shipments as far as July, were reported. Sheetings also moved in better volume, and some interest existed in carded poplins. Business in fine goods started the week in quiet fashion, but later also became more active, reflecting the revival in the print cloth division. Slub yarn broadcloths were in better demand, and some spot orders for voiles came to hand. Closing prices in print cloths were as follows: 39-inch 80s, 6½ to 63%c.; 39-inch, 72-76s, 6½ to 6c.; 39-inch 68-72s, 5½c.; 38½-inch 64-60s, 4% to 4½c.; 38½-inch 60-48s, 3%c.

Woolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabries continued

Woolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabrics continued dull. While efforts of prospective buyers to obtain price concessions in view of recent wage cuts by the mills, met with scant success, clothing manufacturers generally maintained their waiting attitude, preferring to draw upon existing supplies, pending a clarification of the general business outlook. Some additional orders for spot lots of tropical worsteds and gabardines were received but their total was not large. Reports from retail clothing centers continued their spotty showing, with the slump in industrial activities and reduced payrolls forming a serious obstacle to an expansion in sales. Business in women's wear goods received a mild stimulus through the formal opening of fall coatings, and dress goods, at prices approximately 10% below those of a year ago. While actual sales were largely confined to sample orders, the outlook was regarded as promising, in view of the healthy inventory condition in this field. Woolen Goods-Trading in men's wear fabrics continued

Foreign Dry Goods—Trading in linens remained inactive, with sales confined to scattered reorders on dress goods and with sales confined to scattered reorders on dress goods and fabrics used for certain accessories. Business in burlap continued very quiet, and prices ruled slightly easier, in line with the trend of the Calcutta market, where unfavorable statistics and conflicting news on the pending curtailment proposals were price determining factors. Domestically lightweights were quoted at 3.45c., heavies at 4.75c.

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News Items

Public Works Administration—New Works Project Program Announced—The following is the text of a press release (No. 3301), made public by the above named Federal agency on May 10:

release (No. 3301), made public by the above named f'ederal agency on May 10:

Opening the way for a new \$1,000,000,000 Public Works Administration program, Administrator Harold L. Ickes today directed PWA regional offices to notify municipalities and other public bodies that they may now submit applications for projects.

States, cities, towns and counties were advised to submit their applications without delay to the PWA field offices at New York, Chicago, Atlanta, Omaha, Fort Worth, San Francisco and Portland, Oregon. These applications will be got in readiness but not formally acted upon until legislation authorizes such action.

The resolution continuing PWA taken up in the House today provides that no new applications for loans and grants for non-Federal projects shall be received or considered by PWA after Aug. 31, 1938.

This provision setting a deadline for new applications within less than four montns was one of the reasons that prompted the Administrator to issue today's order. Municipalities and public bodies must take a number of decisions and take certain actions before submitting applications and today's announcement gives them an opportunity to get to work.

States, municipalities and other local public bodies have already reported to the PWA indicating that they are ready to submit applications for mcre than \$1,500,000,000 worth of permanent construction projects of their own selection and for which they are prepared to finance 55% of the cost. An informal survey was undertaken in response to congressional inquiries to ascertain roughly the amount of applications that may be expected when the new Public Works Administration Act is amended to permit the filling of new application and continuing the program.

Tentative reports received by Administrator Harold L. Ickes from five of the seven PWA regional offices, embracing 34 States, listed 4,069 projects are in addition to the 2,714 projects already filed which have been approved by the PWA examining divisions but for which no funds are now avail

The States which nave submitted tentative reports in the informal survey are:

*Regional No. 1—New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont, Delaware: Number of projects, 2,151; Estimated cost, \$1,174-327,472.

*Region No. 3—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee: Number of projects, 556; Estimated cost, \$92,148,600.

*Region No. 5—Arkansas, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Colorado, Louisiana, Texas: Number of projects, 233; Estimated cost, \$46,578,317.

*Region No. 6—California, Arizona, Nevada, Utah: Number of projects, 519; Estimated cost, \$162,578,954.

*Region No. 7—Idaho, Oregon, Washington: Number of projects, 610; Estimated cost, \$79,167,823.

*Reports have not been tabulated from the following 14 States in two regions:

*Region No. 2—Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, Wis-

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Reports have not been tabulated from the following 12 States in two regions:

Region No. 2—Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, Wisconsin.

Region No. 4—Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, South Dakota, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Wyoming.

The totals reported informally are not final figures as many localities which are planning to file applications have not been in touch with PWA regional directors or have not formulated their requests. The total estimated cost of the potential projects listed also will be greater because in a number of instances no estimate of total cost of a project was reported to the regional director.

PWA regional offices as well as the central office in Washington have been swamped with inquiries from municipalities and other public bodies ever since the President recommended to the Congress \$1,000,000,000 for loans and grants to resume the PWA non-Federal program. By telegraph, letter, telephone and personal calls, mayors and other responsible local officials have been informing PWA of the projects for which they expect to file applications.

The types of projects proposed are the same as heretofore constructed with the aid of PWA loans and grants, including schools, libraries, hospitals, courthouses, penal institutions and other public buildings, waterworks and sewer systems, disposal plants, bridges and viaducts, wharves, piers and docks, subways and tunnels, streets, grade crossing elimination and flood and erosion control projects.

Up to last March 31, PWA had made grants of \$852,321,394 for the construction of 10.474 non-Federal projects estimated to cost \$2,777,471,543. Toward this total amount of construction the applicants supplied \$1,925. The Regional offices are located:

Region No. 2—David R. Kennicott, Director, 2 Lafayette Street, New York, N. Y.

Region No. 3—Howard T. Cole, Director, Citizens & Southern National Bank Building, Atlanta, Georgia.

Region No. 5—George M. Bull, Director, Electric Building, Fort Worth, Tevas

Region No. 4—Robert A. Radford, Director, Federal Office Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

Region No. 5—George M. Bull, Director, Electric Building, Fort Worth, Texas.

Texas.

Region No. 6—Kenneth L. Godwin, Acting Director, David-Hewes Building, San Francisco, California.

Region No. 7—Claude C. Hockley, Director, Failing Building, Portland, Oregon.

New Jersey—Princeton Survey Bills Signed—The four municipal government survey bills, drafted by the Princeton University Commission, vesting in a State Board dictatorial powers over the financial affairs of New Jersey municipalities, were enacted into law on May 9 when 'Governor Moore signed the two principal measures of the program, according to Trenton advices on that date. He already had approved the other two bills.

The bills name State Auditor Walter R. Darby as the State's first Local Government Commissioner at a salary of

\$10,000 a year, and authorize Governor Moore to appoint an advisory board consisting of four members, whose annual salary will be \$4,500.

Connecticut—List of Legal Investments for Savings Banks—Complying with Chapter 209 of the Public Acts of 1937, Walter Perry, Bank Commissioner, issued on May 1, 1938, the list of bonds and obligations which he finds upon investigation are legal investments for savings banks. This list is revised semi-annually on May 1 and Nov. 1. The Commissioner again calls attention to the wording of the law, which discriminates against the "special assessment" or "improvement" bonds, or other bonds or obligations which are not direct obligations of the city issuing the same, and for which the faith and credit of the issuing city are not pledged. The outstanding feature of this newest revision is the number of railroad obligations which have been dropped since last November. The last list published was for Nov. 1, 1937, and appeared in the "Chronicle" of Nov. 27, 1937, on pages 3527 and 3528. We give herewith the May 1, 1938, list in full, indicating by means of an asterisk (*) the securities added since Nov. 1, 1937. Those securities that have been dropped from the list since last November are shown in a separate compilation which appears at the end of the section. The following table shows the State and municipal bonds which are considered legal investments:

First—Bonds of the United States, or Cincinnati, Oblo Merose, Mass. those for which the faith of the United Clarkspurg, W. va. Middletown, N.Y.

separate compilation which appears at the end of the section.

The following table shows the State and municipal bonds which are considered legal investments:

First—Ronds of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio those for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio those for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio those for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio those for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio these for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio these for which the faith of the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio the Heise of Cincinnati, Ohio the United States, or Cincinnati, Ohio the Heise of Cincinnation (guaranteed)—All issues Federal Farm of vitage and terret-bearing obligations of the following States:

(Savings banks may invest not exceeding 25 % of their deposits and surplus of any strates:

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Fifth-Railroad bonds which the Bank Commissioner finds to be legal investments are shown below. Savings banks may invest not exceeding 25% of their deposits and surplus therein:

Albany & Susquehanna RR. Co. First mortgage 31/2s, 1946

Bangor & Aroostook System Aroostook Northern 5s, 1947 Consolidated refunding 4s, 1951 First mortgage 5s, 1943 Piscataquis Division 5s, 1943 Van Buren Extension 5s, 1943 St. John's River Extension 5s, 1939 Washburn Extension 5s, 1939

Central Ry. of New Jersey System

Boston & Albany RR.

First mortgage 4½s, 1943
*Debenture 5s, 1938
Debentures, 5s, 1942
Refunding 6s, 1946
Terminal 3½s, 1951
Terminal 3½s, 1952
Refunding 5s, 1963
Improvement 4½s, 1978

Buffalo Rochester & Pitts. System N. Y. & Long Branch RR. gen. 4s & 5s, Allegheny & Western Ry. 1st 4s, 1998 1941 Clearfield & Mahoning Ry. 1st 5s, 1943

Pennsylvania System (Concluded)

Pennsylvania System (Concaudea) United New Jersey RR. & Canal Co.— General 4s, 1948 General 4s, 1944 General 44s, 1973 and 1979 Wash. Term. (guar.) 1st 31/2s & 4s, 1945

Pitts. Cin Chic. & St. L. RR.

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie

Monongahela Ry. (guar.) 1st 4s. 1960

Monongahela Ry. (guar.) 1st 4s, 1960
Reading Company
Atlantic City RR. 5s, 1954
Catawissa RR. 4s, 1948
Delaware & Bound Brook RR. consolidated 3½s, 1955
Past Pennsylvania 1st 4s, 1958
New York Short Line 4s, 1957
North Pennsylvania 3½s, 1953
Philadelphia & Reading—
Delaware River Terminal 5s, 1942
Prior lien 4½s, 1943
Phila. & Read. Terminal 5s, 1941
Reading Belt 4s, 1950
Wilm. & Nor. 1st 4½s, 1977
Terminal Railroad Association of

Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis Consolidated mortgage 5s, 1944 First mortgage 4½s, 1939 Gen. refunding mtge. 4s, 1953 Union Pacific RR.

Union Pacific RR.
First mortgage 4s, 1947
Oregon Short Line—
Consolidated 1st 5s, 1946
Consolidated 4s, 1960
Income 5s, 1946
Oregon-Washington RR. & Nav. Co.
1st & ref. (guar.) 4s, 1961
Refunding mortgage 5s and 4s, 2008

*Virginian Ry.

* Wheeling & Lake Erie

Chattanooga Station 1st 4s, 1957 (guaranteed by Cin. N. O. & Texas)
Connecticut & Passumpsic River 4s, 1943
Detroit & Toledo Shore Line 1st 4s, 1953
New London Northern RR. 1st 4s, 1940
Portland & Rumford Falls Ry. 5s, 1951

1st & ref. 3 %s, 1960

First consolidated 4s, 1949 Refunding 4s, 1966 Other Roads

Pitts. Cin Chic. & St. L.
Consolidated gold A 4 ½4, 1940
Consolidated gold A 4 ½4, 1940
Consolidated gold G 4 ½8, 1942
Consolidated gold C 4 ½8, 1942
Consolidated gold C 4 ½8, 1942
Consolidated gold E 3 ½5, 1949
Consolidated gold E 3 ½5, 1949
Consolidated gold G 48, 1957
Consolidated gold H 48, 1960
Consolidated gold H 4½5, 1963
Consolidated gold J 4 ½5, 1963
Consolidated gold J 4 ½5, 1963
Consolidated gold J 4 ½5, 1967
Ceneral mortgage B 58, 1975
General mortgage B 58, 1975
General mortgage C 4 ½5, 1977
Vandalla RR. cons. A 43, 1955
Vandalla RR. cons. A 43, 1957

Chesapeake & Ohio RR.

Chesapeake & Ohio RR.
First consolidated 5s, 1939
Craig Valley Branch 1st 5s, 1940
Rich. & Alliegheny Div. 1st 4s, 1989
Rich. & Alliegheny Div. 2nd 4s, 1989
Rich. & Alliegheny Div. 2nd 4s, 1989
Warm Springs Valley Branch 1st 5s, 1941
Green Brier Ry. 1st 4s, 1940
Big Sandy Ry. 1st 4s, 1944
Paint Creek Branch 1st 4s, 1945
Coal River Ry. 1st 4s, 1945
Potts Creek Branch 1st 4s, 1946
Kanawha Bridge & Terminal 1st 5s, 1948
General mortgage 4½s, 1992
Refdg. & impt., series D 3½s, 1996
Hocking Valley Ry. 1st consol. 4½s, 1999
Col. & Hock. Val. RR. 1st ext. 4s, 1948
Columbus & Toledo RR. 1st ext. 4s, 1948
Columbus & Toledo RR. 1st ext. 4s, 1948
Del. Lack. & Western System

NOTIOIR Term. & Trans. Co. 1st 5s, 1948

Del. Lack. & Western System

Morris & Essex RR (guar.) ref. 3 ½s, 2000

Warren RR. (guar.) ref. 3 ½s, 2000

N. Y. Lack. & West. (guar.) 1st 4s and

4 ½s, 1973

Illinois Central System

Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans-Consol 3 1/2 and 5s, 1951 Memphis Division 4s, 1951 New York Central System

Kalamazoo Allegan & G. R. 1st 5s, 1938 N. Y. & Harlem RR. ref. 3½s, 2000 N. Y. N. H. & Hartford System

Boston & Prov. RR. deb. 5s, 1938 Holyoke & Westfield RR. 1st 4½s, 1951 Norwich & Worcester 1st 4½s, 1947 Prov. & Worc. RR. 1st 4s, 1947

Prov. & Worc. RR. 1st 4s, 1947

Norfolk & Western System

Cincinnati Union Terminal—
Guar, series C 1st 5s, 1957
Guar, series D 1st 3½s, 1971

Consolidated mortgage 4s, 1996

Norfolk Terminal Ry. 1st 4s, 1961

Scioto Val. & New Eng. RR. 1st 4s, 1989

Winston-Salem Southbound—
Guar. 1st 4s, 1960

Winston-Salem Term. (guar.) 1st 5s, 1966

Pennsylvania System

Pennsylvania System
Cleveland & Pittsburgh—
Guar, gen. 3½s, 1948
Guar, gen. 3½s, 1950
Guar, gen. 3½s, 1950
Guar, gen. 3½s, 1950
Guar, gen. & ref. 4½s, 1977 & 1981
Columbia & Port Deposit 1st 4s, 1940
Connecting Ry. 4s, 4½s and 5s, 1951
Elmira & Williamsport RR. 1st 4s, 1950
Erie & Pittsburgh RR. gen. 3½s, 1940
Little Miami RR. 1st 4s, 1962
N. Y. Phila. & Norf. RR. 1st 4s, 1939
Ohlo Connecting Ry. 1st 4s, 1943
Phila. & Baltimore Central 1st 4s, 1951
Philadelphia Baltimore & Wash.—
First 4s, 1943
Gen. mtge. A 4s, 1960
Gen. series B 5s, 1947
Gen. series D 4½s, 1937
Gen. series D 54%s, 1937
Gen. series D 54%s, 1931
Pitts. Youngstown & Ashtabula RR. general 4s, 1943

Sixth—Equipment, trust Oh

Sixth—Equipment trust obligations as follows (savings banks may invest not exceeding 6% of their deposits and surplus therein):

*Bangor & Aroostook RR. Co.

Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas

Series K 2½s, serially, 1938 to 1947 Series L 2½s, serially, 1939 to 1950

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. Series V 5s. serially 1925-39 Series W 4½s, serially 1926-40 Series of 1929 4½s, serially 1930-44 Series of 1930 4½s, serially 1931-45 Series of 1935 3s, serially 1936-50 Series of 1937 2s, serially 1937-46 Series of 1937 2s, serially 1938-47 Series H, 2½s, serially, 1938 to 1952 Union Pacific

Series D, 41/28, serially, 1929 to 1938 Series E, 23/48, serially, 1938 to 1952 Virginian Railway

Series E, 41/2s, serially, 1926 to 1940 Wheeling & Lake Erie

Series D, 2 1/4 s, serially, 1937 to 1946 Series E, 2 1/4 s, serially, 1937 to 1941

Other securities in which banks may invest are (savings banks may invest not exceeding 2% of their deposits and surplus therein):

Bonds of Water Cos. in Connecticut Savinzs banks may invest not exceed-ing two per centum of their deposits and surplus therein.

surnius therein.

Bridgeport Hydraulic Co.—
Serios E 348, 1970
Series E 348, 1970
Series F 348, 1965
Series G 348, 1971
Guilford-Chrester Water Co. 1st cons. 5s, 1932
New Haven Water Co.—
1st & ref. 348, series A, 1962
1st & ref. 448, series B, 1970
1st & ref. series C 448, 1981
1st & ref. series C 448, 1981
1st & ref. series C 148, 1983
Stamford Water Co. 1st 5s, 1952
Also under Subdivision 22 any bonds

Stamford Water Co. 1st 5s, 1952
Also under Subdivision 22 any bonds or interest-nearing obligations of the following water companies:
Ansonia Water Co.
Bridgeport Hydraulic Co.
Greenwich Water Co.
Naugatuck Water Co.
New Haven Water Co.
Stamford Water Co.
Torrington Water Co.

Eighth-Bonds of Telephone Cos. in Conn. Savings banks may invest not exceeding two per centum of their deposits and surplus therein.

So. New England Telephone Co—
1st 5s. 1948
Debenture 3¼ s, 1968
*Debenture 3½ s, 1968

Ninth-

Bonds of Telep Cos. Outside of Conn. Savings banks may invest not exceed ing two percentum of their deposits and surplus therein.

Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.— Debentures, 3¼s, 1966 Debentures, 3¼s, 1961 Debentures, 5½s, 1943

N. Y. Telephone Co. 1st 4½s, 1939 New England Tel. & Tei 1st 5s, 1952 New England Tel. & Tel. ser B 4½s, '61 *New England Tel. & Tel. ser. C 3¼s, '68

Also under Subdivision 34.

Savings banks may invest not exceeding 5% of their deposits and surplus in the following bonds, but not more than 2% in the bonds of any one such telephone company.

Bell Telep. of Pa 1st & ref. 5s. 1948 Bell Telep. of Pa, 1st & ref. 5s, 1960 Illinois Bell Telephone— Series B 3½s, 1970 N. Y. Tel. Co. ref. 3½s, 1967 Pacific Tel. & Tel. ref. 3½s, 1966 Southwestern Bell Tel. 1st ref. 3½s, 1964

Bonds of Gas and Electric Lighting Companies in Connecticut

Savings banks may invest not exceeding two percentum of their deposits and surplus therein, or a total of 25% in gas and electric bonds of all companies:

and electric bonds of all companies:

Bridgeport Gas Light Co. 1st 4s, 1952
Connecticut Power Co.—
1st & gen. 3¾s, 1956
1st 5s, 1956
Connecticut I ight & Power Co.—
1st & ref. A 7s, 1951
1st & ref. E 3¾s, 1965
1st & ref. E 3¾s, 1966
1st & ref. E 3¾s, 1966
1st & ref. E 3¾s, 1966
Danbury & Bethel Gas & Electric Light
Co. 1st 5s, 1953
Danbury & Bethel Gas & Electric Light
Co. series A mtge bonds 6s, 1948
New Britain Gas Light Co 3¾s, 1961
Northern Conn. Lt & Pr. Co. 1st 5s, 1946
Rockville-Willimantic Lighting Co.—
5s, 1971

5s, 1971 Stamford Gas & Flec. Co. cons 5s, 1948 United Illuminating Co. 1st 4s, 1940

Bonds of Public Utility Companies
Authorized under Subdivision 33.
Savings banks may invest not more than
25% of their deposits and surplus in the
following bonds, but not more than 5% in
the bonds of any one such corporation.

Atlantic City Elec. Co. gen. mtge. 31/4 s,

Bangor Hydro-Elec. Co 1st 3%s, 1966 Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co. 1st & gen. 5s, 1939 Brooklyn Boro Gas Co. gen. & ref. 5s, '67

Blackstone Valley Gas & Electric Co.

1st & gen. 5s, 1939

Brooklyn Boro Gas Co. gen. & ref. 5s, '67

Prooklyn Edison Co.—

Cons. 34/s, 1966

Edison Electric II!. Co. of Brooklyn

1st cons. 4s, 1939

Kings Co. El. L. & P. pur. M. 6s, 1997

Central Hudson Gas & Lieteric Co.—

First & ref. 5s, 1941

First & ref. (neorp.) 31/s, 1965 & 1967

Central Maine Power Co.—

1st mtge. 5s, 1939

1st & gen. 31/s, 1966

1st & gen. 4s, 1960

*Central New York Power Co.—

*Gen. mtge. 33/s, 1962

*Northern New York Utilities—

*1st & ref. 7s, 1946

*1st & ref. 7s, 1946

*1st & ref. 7s, 1946

*Syracuse Lighting Co. 1st 5s, 1946

*Syracuse Lighting Co. 1st 5s, 1951

Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.—

Gen. mtge. 34/s, 1965

Consol Gas Electric Light & Power Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1965

Consumers Power Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1965

1st mtge. 33/s, 1965

1st mtge. 4s, 1944

1st mtce. 34/s, 1965

Cumberland County Pr. & Lt. Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1966

Cumberland County Pr. & Lt. Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1966

Cumberland County Pr. & Lt. Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1966

Cumberland County Pr. & Lt. Co.—

1st mtge. 33/s, 1965

Cen. & ref. 33/s, 1965

Cen. & ref. 33/s, 1965

Cen. & ref. 34/s, 1965

Fall River Elec. It. Co. 1st Mt. 5s, 1945

Indiana Gen. Service Co. 1st M. 5s, 1945

Indiana Gen. Service Co. 1st M. 5s, 1948

Kings County Lighting Co.—

1st 7st mtge. service O 1st M. 5s, 1948

Kings County Lighting Co.—

1st 33/s, 1966

Metropolitan Edison Co.—

First mtge. service Co. 1st M. 5s, 1948

First mtge. service G. 4s, 1965

Narragansett Electric Power Co.—

1st series A 33/s, 1966

Twelfth—(This section was Chapter 290 of the Laws of 15

New England Power Co. 1st 3¼s, 1961
New Jersey Power & Light Co.—

First mtge 4½s, 1960

N. Y. & Queens El. Lt. & Power Co.

1st & eons. 3½s, 1965
New York Edlson Co.—

1 Edis El III of N. Y. 1st eons. 5s, 1995
1st & ref. 3¼s, 1966
1st & ref. 3¼s, 1966
N. Y. Gas, E. L., H. & P. 1st 5s, 1948
N. Y. Gas, E. L., H. & P. pur M. 4s'49
N. Y. State Electric & Gas Co.—

1st 4s, 1965
1st mtge. 4½s, 1980
1st mtge. 4½s, 1960
Niagara Falls Power Co.—
1st & ref. 3¾s, 1966
Ohio Public Service Co. 1st 4s, 1962
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.—
1st & ref. 6s, 1941
1st & ref. 6s, 1941
1st & ref. 3½s, 1966
1st & ref. 3½s, 1961
Pennsylvania Electric Co.—
1st & ref. series G 4s, 1961
Pennsylvania Electric Co.—
1st & ref. series G 4s, 1961
Penn. Pub. Serv. 1st & ref. 6s, 1947
Penn. Pub. Serv. 1st & ref. 5s, 1954
Philadelphia Electric Co.—
Phila. Electric Ist & ref. 5s, 1954
Philadelphia Electric Co.—
Gen. & ref. 6s, 1953
1st 3¾s, 1966
Providence Gas Co.—
First mtge. 4s, 1963
Providence Gas Co.—
First mtge. 4s, 1963
Public Service Electric & Gas Co.—
United Elec Co. of N. J. 1st 4s, 1949
1st & ref. 3½s, 1965 and 1966
Public Service Electric & Gas Co.—
1st mtge. series F 4s, 1960
Rechester Gas & Electric Co.—
Gen. mtge. series F 3¾s, 1961
1st mtge. series F 4s, 1962
Gen. mtge. series F 4s, 1963
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
Gen. mtge. series F 4s, 1960
Ref. mtge. series F 4s, 1960
Ref. mtge. 4s, 1965
Southern California Edlson Co.—
Ref. mtge. 3½s, 1960
Ref. mtge. 4s, 1965
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 4s, 1965
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 5s, 1962
Utica Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 5s, 1962
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 4s, 1965
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. series F 5s, 1962
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 5s, 1967
N. Y. Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 8ries F 4s, 1961
1st mtge. series F 5s, 1962
Nochester Gas & Electric Co.—
1st mtge. 5s, 1957
N. Y. Sander Co.—
1st mtge. 5s, 1951

Twelfth—(This section was eliminated in great part by Chapter 290 of the Laws of 1933.) Savings banks may invest not exceeding 10% of their deposits and surplus in the bonds or interest-bearing obligations of the Government... of the Dominion of Canada or any of its Provinces, provided such bonds or obligations are payable in United States dollars within this country, and such bonds or obligations have a fixed and definite date of maturity, and shall eb the direct obligations of such Government or Province and that the full faith and credit of such Government or Province shall be pledged for their payment, principal and interest, and provided the Province issuing such bonds or obligations, or said Dominion, shall have not defaulted for more than ninety days in the payment of any part of either principal or interest of any bond or interest-bearing obligations of any one Province shall not exceed two per cent of the deposits and surplus of such savings bank.

per cent of the deposits and surplus of such savings bank.

The following is the list mentioned in the introduction, showing the securities which have been dropped since the publication of the Nov. 1, 1937, legal investment list:

Municipalities—Council Bluffs, Iowa; Kingston, N. Y.; Ottumwa, Iowa; Shenandoah, Pa.

Railroad Bonds-

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe General mortgage 4s, 1995 Transcontinental Short Line 4s, 1958

Central Ry. of New Jersey System Wilkes-Barre & Scranton Ry. 1st 41/2s, '38

Chicago Burlington & Quincy Illinois Division 1st 3½s & 4s, 1949 General mortgage 4s, 1958 Chicago Union Station (guar.) 1st 3¾s and 4s, 1963 St. Paul Union Depot (guar.) 1st & ref. 5s, 1972 Paducah & Illinois (guar.) 1st 4¼s, 1955

Louisville & Nashville

Louisville & Nashvine
Lou. & Nashv. Term. (guar.) 4s, 1952
Memphis Union Station (guar.) 5s, 1959
Mobile & Montgomery 4½s, 1940
Paducah & Memphis 4s, 1946
St. Louis Division 3s, 1980
South & North Alabama 5s, 1963
Unified mortgage 4s, 1940
Newport & Cincinnati Bridge 4½s, 1945

Newport & Cincinnati Bridge 4½s, 1945
Trust of 1936, 2½s, serially, 1937 to 1946

Texas & Pacific Ry.

First mortgage 5s, 2000 Texas Pacific—Missouri Pacific Term. (guar.) 5½s, 1964

Western Maryland

Baltimore & Harrisburg 5s, 1938 First mortgage 4s, 1952 Potomac Valley 5s, 1941

Other Roads Cleveland & Mahoning Valley 1st 5s, 1938

Equipment Trust Obligations-

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. Series U 5s, serially, 1924-38 Chicago Burlington & Quincy

Series of 1936, 2 1/2s, serially, 1937 to 1946 Series of 1937, 2 1/2s, serially, 1938 to 1947

Series G. 1937, 2½8, serially, 1930 to Unity High Exeries E, 4½8, serially, 1923 to 1937 Series F, 58, serially, 1924 to 1938 Series G, 2½8, serially, 1938 to 1952 Texas & Pacific

Texas & Pacific
Series GG, 5s, serially, 1925 to 1939
Series HH, 4½s, serially, 1926 to 1940
Series JJ, 4½s, serially, 1928 to 1942
Series A, 4½s, serially, 1929 to 1943
Series B, 4s, serially, 1929 to 1943
Series C, 4½s, serially, 1930 to 1944
Series C, 4½s, serially, 1938 to 1952
Livian Pacific

Union Pacific

Public Utilities-

Bonds of Telep. Cos. Outside of Conn. Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co. deb. 4½8, 1939 Bonds of Public Utility Companies Brooklyn Edison Co.— Kings Co. El. L. & P. 1st 5s, 1937 Brooklyn Union Gas Co.— First consol. 5s, 1945 First ref. 6s, 1947 First ref. 5s, 1957

Municipal Default Situation to be Surveyed—The Municipal Securities Committee of the Investment Bankers Association is said to have enlisted the help of the municipal committees of the various banking groups for a survey of the municipal default situation.

It is stated that the survey will cover all governmental units with population of 5,000 or more which have defaulted since 1929. Drainage and irrigation districts and special assessment situations are not to be included, we understand. Otherwise, any suspension of debt service for a period of 90 days or more, all forced refundings, or adjustments of principal amount or interest, rate, will be tabulated.

New York, N. Y.—Plan to Exempt Transit Bonds from Debt Limit Introduced at State Convention—A proposed constitutional amendment to exempt from the New York City debt limit any bonds issued for the purchase of the privately operated I. R. T. and B. M. T. rapid transit systems, was introduced in the State constitutional convention on May 10, according to Albany page advices. according to Albany news advices.

according to Albany news advices.

The amount of the exemption was not stated. It will be inserted in the proposal later, when and if New York City and utility officials agree on a definite price for unification of the subway system.

Delegate M. Maldwin Fertig, New York City Transit Commissioner, sponsored the amendment. He said the city's debt margin is now approximately \$73,000,000, and that any purchase price of the transit corporation properties would be "much greater," exceeding the city's debt limit. He said Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia and the Transit Commission had ecided that city bonds should be used to buy out private interests, rather than Board of Transit Control bonds. He explained it had been found "very difficult" to give Transit Control bondnolder assurances that interest and principal would be paid, "without at the same time unduly restricting the powers of the Board of Estimate to deal with the vitally important transit problem."

The amendment was submitted with the amount left blank to prevent any "freezing" of a possible purchase price. Mr. Fertig explained it was necessary to introduce the amendment now in advance of the May 25 deadline on introduction by individual delegates.

Higher City Debt Limit Opposed by Civic Body—The Citizens

Higher City Debt Limit Opposed by Civic Body—The Citizens Budget Commission announced its opposition on May 8 to any amendment of the State Consitution which will permit the issuance by the city of bonds outside the present constitutional debt limitation. This action follows the introduction in the Constitutional Convention of bills to allow the city to initiate heaviers and the alexance projects and duction in the Constitutional Convention of bills to allow the city to initiate housing and slum clearance projects, and likewise of proposals to have the convention approve the city's purchase of the private rapid transit lines, by funds from the sale of bonds outside the debt limit.

Commission is not opposed to slum clearance or a housing program; but it is opposed to promotion of these or other projects by breaking down the debt limit, by permitting the city to reach out beyond this wise safeguard and pile still higher city's already tremendous debt load, the Commission said:

New York State—Modernization of Financial Structure to Be Studied—It has been announced by Chairman Abbot Low Moffat that the finance committee of the Constitutional Convention will consider a 12-point program to modernize

the State's financial structure in the near future, according to press advices from Albany.

It is said that the proposals would change the date of the fiscal year; restrict "loaning" the State's credit; liberalize restrictions on the use of bond issue moneys, and provide for a capital assets fund.

Texas—County Financial Statistics Compiled—The third annual edition of financial statistics for the counties in the State has just been prepared by Garrett & Co., First National Bank Building, Dallas. This booklet, first prepared in 1936, has received much favorable comment because it summarizes important data on each county, such as up-to-date figures outstanding debt, assessed valuations, population, 1937 tax rates, tax collection trend, etc. We are adadvised by P. B. (Jack) Garrett, President, that copies of the 1938 edition will be sent upon request to the above firm.

United States—Interest Free Loan Proposal Rejected—The recommendation advanced by President Roosevelt that the Public Works Administration be authorized to make long-term interest free loans to States and municipalities was turned down by a subcommittee of the House Appropriations body, according to a Washington dispatch of May 10.

As a substitute for this proposal, the subcommittee wrote into the bill a provision designed to enable States or other public bodies which, because of constitutional limitations, are unable to participate in the loan and grant program of the PWA. This provision stipulates that the PWA administrator, with the approval of the President may advance money thothese States and municipalities under an agreement that at least 55% of the amount be repaid, with interest, over a period not to exceed 25 years.

In carrying out this plan, the Federal Government would be permitted to acquire land for the construction of projects, and to construct the project for lease or sale to the States or other public bodies. The Government would retain full title to the property until the State or public agency had paid off its share of the cost.

Census Bureau Reports on Value of Exempt Real Property

would retain full title to the property until the State or public agency had paid off its share of the cost.

*Census Bureau Reports on Value of Exempt Real Property in 52 Cities, 1936—The value of real property exempt from general taxation for State and local purposes in 52 of the 94 cities having a population of over 100,000, reporting in 1936, was \$11,084,918,000, or \$443 per capita, according to a report released on May 11 by Director William L. Austin of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C. Of this total, \$7,912,985,000, or 71.4%, was publicly owned, and the remainder, \$3,912,-933,000, or 28.6%, privately owned.

The assessed value of real property for these same cities, in 1936, was \$39,188,570,000, or \$1,567 per capita. The value of the combined total of all real property, both assessed and exempt, therefore, was \$50,273,488,000, of which exempt property comprised 22%. I The basis of evaluating exempt for general tax purposes. Exempt property may be valued at true or full cash value, whereas taxable real property, which includes land and improvements to land, by statute or practice may be assessed at a stated percentage of cash value. No adjustment has been made in the reported value of either exempt crassessed property on account of such possible varying bases of valuation, except in the case of Seattle. For this reason the reported ratio of exempt property value to that of combined value of exempt and assessed real property is of limited value, and the basis of assessment in each city should be given consideration in reading the table.

Exemption from general taxation, in addition to that for Federal, State and local government owned and used properties, is found to be granted commonly to properties used for private education, religious and charitable purposes, and also to properties of fraternal and social organizations, cemeteries, homesteads, housing, slum clearance, publicly owned utilities lying within other governmental divisions, and privately owned railroad and other public utilities which are exempt on the assessment rolls of the city because they are assessed and taxed by the State on other than an ad valorem basis.

The value of exempt property was reported separately for publicly owned property by the various levels of government owning same, and for privately owned property by the major types of use, in each of the cities for which the data were available.

Bond Proposals and Negotiations ALABAMA

HUNTSVILLE, Ala.—BOND OFFERING—N. M. Payne, City Clerk-Treasurer, will receive sealed bids at 7:30 p. m. on May 17 for \$64,000 4½% semiannual refunding bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated April 1, 1938. Due on April 1: \$3,000, 1951 to 1958 incl., and \$4,000, 1959 to 1968 incl. Certified check for \$2,000 is required.

MORGAN COUNTY (P. O. Decatur), Ala.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by B. L. Malone, Chairman of the Board of Revenue, that he will sell at public auction on May 16, at 2 p. m., a \$230,000 issue of refunding public road improvement bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable J. & J. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1938. Due \$23,000 from July 1, 1939 to 1948, incl. Principal and interest payable at a bank in New York, Birmingham or Decatur, to be determined at the time of sale.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION—The following information is furnished in connection with the above offering:

There is no pending or threatened litigation affecting this issue of bonds. Municipality has never defaulted in payment of bonds or interest. Assessed valuation for taxation, year 1937————\$16,603,575 Total bonded debt, including this issue.——630,000 Courthouse warrants.——26,000 Population, 1930 census, 46,166; now 50,000. Tax rate per \$1,000, \$21. Debt limit, 3½% of the assessed value of the property.

ARIZONA

MURPHY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 21 (P. O. Phoenix), Ariz.—
BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be opened on May 23 at 10 a. m.
for \$31,000 school construction and improvement bonds to match a Public Works Administration grant.

ARKANSAS BONDS

Markets in all State, County & Town Issues

SCHERCK, RICHTER COMPANY LANDRETH BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

ARKANSAS

DE VALLS BLUFF, Ark.—BONDS SOLD TO PWA—The Town Recorder states that \$21.000 4% semi-ann. water works bonds have been purchased at par by the Public Works Administration. Due as follows: \$500 from 1940 to 1949, and \$1,000 from 1950 to 1965 incl.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—UTILITY PURCHASE PROPOSED—A plan has been submitted to the City Council proposing a gross reduction of \$300,000 in city gas rates which may only be attainable through purchase by the city of the distrubiting system of the Arkansas-Louisiana Gas Co. Cost would approximate \$2,500,000 of which Federal grants would meet a considerable share and the balance would be supplied by a bond issue.

MAMMOTH SPRINGS, Ark.—BONDS SOLD TO PWA—It is stated by the City Recorder that \$20,000 water works system bonds have been purchased by the Public Works Administration, as 4s at par. Due as foliows: \$500 from 1941 to 1954, and \$1,000 from 1955 to 1967.

lows: \$500 from 1941 to 1954, and \$1,000 from 1955 to 1967.

SOUTHEAST ARKANSAS LEVEE DISTRICT (P. O. McGebee),
Ark.—ACCEPTANCE OF REFINANCING OFFER RECOMMENDED—
Acceptance of 75% refinancing offer of the above district, which has \$2,413,—
500 bonds outstanding, is recommended to bondholders by Bondholders'
Protective Committee, St. Louis, of which Walter W. Ainsworth is Chairman. District has been granted Reconstruction Finance Corporation loan
equal to 60% of principal, and 15% will be taken from cash on | and and
tax collections. Debt adjustment plan was recently approved by U. S.
District Court after several years of negotiations by Board of Commissioners and Grady Miller, receiver.

CALIFORNIA

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY (P. O. Martinez), Calif.—ORINDA SCHOOL BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on May 23, by S. C. Wells, County Clerk, for the purchase of \$35,000 Orinda School District coupon bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable J. & D. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1938. Due as follows: \$1,000 from 1939 to 1948; \$2,000, 1949 to 1953, and \$3,000 from 1954 to 1958. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. These bonds were approved by the voters on April 19, by a count of 164 to 46. Legality to be approved by Orrick, Dahlquist, Neff & Herrington of San Francisco. A certified check for 5% of the bid is required.

EL DORADO COUNTY (P. O. Placerville), Calif.—CAMINO GRAMMAR SCHOOL DISTRICT BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by Arthur J. Koletzke, County Clerk, on May 20 at 2 p. m. for \$8,000 district bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%. Denom. \$1,000. Certified check for \$500 must accompay each bid.

KERN COUNTY (P. O. Bakersfield), Calif.—GREELEY SCHOOL BOND SALE—The \$44,000 issue of Greeley School District bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2726—was awarded to Weeden & Co. of Los Angeles, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$21.00, equal to 100.047, a basis of about 2.23%. Dated April 11, 1938. Due \$8,000 in 1939, and \$9,000 from 1940 to 1943.

KERN COUNTY (P. O. Bakersfield), Calif.—PANAMA SCHOOL DISTRICT BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received on June 6 at 11 a. m. by F. E. Smith, County Clerk, for \$55,000 5% district bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Certified check for 10% of the amount of the bid is required.

LOS ANGELES, Calif.—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—In connection with the offering scheduled for May 17, of the \$2,150,000 water works revenue, Department of Water and Power bonds—V. 146, p. 3033—we give herewith the following additional information taken from an article appearing in the "Wall Street Journal" of May 12:

The Los Angeles Board of Water Supply plans to undertake, as soon as possible, \$5,000,000 of new construction, if the Federai recovery program before Congress is adopted. Announcement to this effect was made yesterday by H. A. Van Norman, chief engineer and general manager of the Water Department.

The expenditure would be financed through borrowing from the Federal Government under whatever financing plan is involved. Such borrowing would be in addition to the funds to be obt. med through the public offering of \$2,150,000 bonds on May 17 and in addition to other sales after July 1, 1938, under Section 224 of the city charter.

Borrowings under the charter, it is estimated, will be sifficient to complete the financing of the Water Board's construction program through the fiscal year 1938-39. Work to be undertaken with the Federal funds would not otherwise be started until after July 1, 1939.

The effering on which bids will be received on May 17 is payable solely from the water revenue fund into which the department places sufficient cash to meet service charges. Yesterday's announcement revised the details of bond plans as set forth in the recent notice accompanying the call for bids, which provided that not more than \$5,000.000 would be sold this year.

Bonded debt of the city and department, payable out of the water revenue hund, amounts to approximately \$74,493,600. Of this total, \$66,128.250 is represented by city waterworks bonds which, although general obligations and payable from general taxation, have been serviced through revenues of the department.

Kanother \$3,417,350 consists of Los Angeles funding bonds, issued to fund damage claims which resulted from the failure of the St. Francis dam in 1928. These also are serviced through department revenues although they are general obligations. The remainder, totaling \$4,948,000, are payable solely from water revenues.

they are general obligations. The remainder, totaling \$4,948,000, are payable solely from water revenues.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—WHITTIER SCHOOL BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m., on May 24, by L. E. Lampton, County Clerk, for the purchase of a \$250,000 issue of Whittier Union High School District bonds. Int. rate is not to exceed 5%, payable semi-annually. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1938. Due on June 1 as follows: \$5,000 in 1943; \$13,000, 1944 to 1948, and \$12,000 from 1949 to 1963, incl. Prin. and int. payable in lawful money of the United States at the office of the County Treasurer in Los Angeles, or at the county's fiscal agency in New York City, at the option of the holders. Each bid must state that the bidder offers par and accrued interest to the date of delivery, and state separately the premium, if any, and the rate of interest offered for the bonds bid for.

Bids will be received for all or any portion of said bonds. In the event that the bidder submits a proposal to purchase a portion of said bonds, the bid shall designate specifically the bonds bid for. All bonds sold to a bidder bidding for a portion of said bonds shall bear the same rate of interest, and bids for varying rates of interest for the same block or portion of said bonds will be rejected.

Payment for and delivery of bonds will be made in the office of the Board of Supervisors.

A certified or cashier's check for a sum not less than 3% of the amount of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, must accompany every bid.

Whittier Union High School District has been acting as a high school district under the laws of the State of California continuously since July 1, 1900.

The assessed valuation of the taxable property in said high school district under the laws of the State of California continuously since July 1, 1900.

The assessed valuation of the estimated population of said school district in the under the laws of the State of California c

49.12 squ is 38.110.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—ALHAMBRA SCHOOL BONDS VOTED—It is reported by Mame B. Beatty. Chief Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, that at the election held on May 10—V. 146, p. 2726—the voters approved the issuance of the \$800,000 in construction bonds.

MARIN COUNTY (P. O. San Rafael), Calif.—SAUSALITO SCHOOL BONDS SOLD—The \$30,000 issue of Sausalito School District bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2726—was awarded to Kaiser & Co. of San Francisco, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$48,00, equal to 100.16, according to Geo. S. Jones, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

OXNARD HARBOR DISTRICT (P. O. Ventura), Calif.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on May 5—V. 146, p. 2444—the voters are said to have approved the issuance of the \$1,755,000 harbor facilities construction bonds. It is reported that the offering of all or part of these bonds will be made in the near future.

struction bonds. It is reported that the othering of an or part of these bonds will be made in the near future.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY (P. O. San Bernardino) Calif.—
CREST FOREST SCHOOL BOND GFFERING—It is stated by Harry L. Allison, County Clerk, that sealed bids will be received by the Board of County Supervisors, until 11 a. m. on May 23, for the purchase of a \$37,000 issue of Crest Forest Elementary School District bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4½%, payable J. & D. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1938. Due on June 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1939 to 1945, and \$3,000, 1946 to 1948. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable at the office of the County Treasurer. The bonds will be sold for cash at not less than par and accrued interest to date of delivery. They will be delivered on or about June 6, at the office of the County Treasurer. A certified check for not less than 4% of the parvalue of the bonds bid for, payable to the County Treasurer, is required.

The Crest Forest Elementary School District has been acting as a school district under the laws of the State of California continuously since Sept. 14, 1915, having been known as "Summit" school district until Dec. 5, 1932.

The assessed valuation of the taxable property in said school district for the fiscal year 1937-38 is \$995,550.00 and the amount of bonds previously issued and at present outstanding is none.

The said school district includes an area of approximately 17.75 square miles, and has an estimated population of 850.

SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE AUTHORITY (P. O.

miles, and has an estimated population of 850.

SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE AUTHORITY (P. O. San Francisco), Calif.—RFC BOND PURCHASE PENDING—In reply to our inquiry as to the contemplated plan for refunding bonds of the above Authority on terms negotiated by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, we are advised as follows in a letter dated May 3 from Chas. E. Andrew, Bridge Engineer, for the State Department of Public Works:

Negotiations are now under way and only details remain toward the consummation of an agreement whereby the RFC will purchase \$33.000,000 of serial and \$40.000.000 of sinking bonds from the Toil Bridge Authority.

The RFC is making a direct purchase of all bonds. Any resale, as well as details pertaining thereto, will be made by the RFC.

COLORADO

COLORADO, State of—SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS VALIDITY OF WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT ACT—The Colorado Supreme Court removed one of the few remaining obstacles in the way of actual construction of the 44-million-dollar Colorado River-Big Thompson transmountain water diversion project.

In an unanimous decision, written by Justice Lee Knous, the Court upheld the validity of the 1937 Water Conservancy District Act under which the Northern Colorado Conservancy District has been organized for the purpose of pledging repayment to the Federal Government of the cost of the irrigation features of the project.

The decision was given in a friendly test suit brought by Attorney General Byron G. Rogers, who contended the directors of the district were holding office illegally and the Conservancy Act violated the State and Federal constitutions.

constitutions.

Rogers, in particular, contested the legality of the tax of 1 mill, which has been levied by the directors of the district on all property within the district.

The Court's decision, covering 32 pages, said there is nothing in the State or Federal constitutions to prohibit the State Legislature from giving onservancy districts the power to levy such taxes and sell water.

onservancy districts the power to levy such taxes and sell water.

DENVER, Colo.—BOND SUIT MAY UPSET FINANCES—The Denver "Rocky Mountain News" of May 4 carried the following article:
The financial fate of Denver rests with a pending decision of the Colorado Supreme Court, Councilman Harry Rosenthal declared yesterday.
City officials agreed that a refusal of the higher court to uphold District Judge Henry S. Lindsley who several months ago decided all taxpayers are liable for taxes to retire at least 20% of every unpaid special improvement bond issue, will cause the city to default payment of at least \$750,000 worth of maturing securities in the next two years.
Such a situation has never before occurred in the history of Denver, said William H. McNichols, City Auditor.

William H. McNichols, City Auditor.

Refunding Endangered

Officials and civic leaders admitted yesterday that political fates as well as the financial standing of Denver hinge upon a Supreme Court ruling on this subject.

"Should the Supreme Court hold that the general taxpayer is not responsible for any portion of the outstanding \$4,100,000 worth of special improvement bonds, it means default of maturing securities for the next few years," said Mr. Rosenthal.

LA JUNTA, Colo.—BONDS VOTED—It is stated by Hazel Best, City Clerk, that at the election held on May 10, the voters approved the issuance of \$497.000 in municipal power plant purchase bonds.

CONNECTICUT

BRANFORD (P. O. Pine Orchard), Conn.—BOND OFFERING—M. J. Warner, Town Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 18 for the purchase of \$146,000 series of 1937 coupon public improvement bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$8,000 from 1940 to 1955 incl. and \$9,000 in 1936 and 1957. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in multiples of not less than 1-8th of 1%. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable at the Union & New Haven Trust Co., New Haven. The bonds are direct obligations of the town, secured by its full faith and credit. They will be certified as to genuineness by the aforementioned trust company. A certified check for 5% of the issue, payable to the order of the town, must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Gross, Hyde & Williams of New Haven will be furnished the successful bidder.

Hyde & Williams of New Haven will be furnished the successful bidder.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—NOTE OFFERING—Perry W. Rodman, City
Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (Eastern Standard
Time) on May 16 for the purchase of \$80'1.00' not to exceed 1% interest
notes, dated May 16, 1938 and due May 16, 1939. Payable as to principal and interest at the City Treasurer's office. A certified check for 2%
of the notes bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer, must
accompany each proposal. The notes will be prepared under the supervision of the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Bridgenort, which will
certify the genuineness of the signatures of city officials and the seal impressed thereon. Successful bidder will be furnished with the approving
legal opinion of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

FLORIDA BONDS

Clyde C. Pierce Corporation Barnett National Bank Building JACKSONVILLE . . . FLORIDA Branch Office: TAMPA First National Bank Building T S. Pierce, Resident Manager

FLORIDA

ATLANTIC BEACH (P. O. Jacksonville), Fla.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by the President of the Town Council that he is offering for sale the following issues of bonds aggregating \$23,000:
\$12,000 municipal building bonds. Denominations \$1,000 and \$500. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$1,000 from Feb. 1, 1939 to 1950 incl.
7,000 street improvement bonds. Denom. \$500. Due \$1,000 from Feb. 1, 1951 to 1957.

1, 1951 to 1957. 4,000 incinerator and garbage bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 from Feb. 1, 1958 to 1961 incl.

Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable F. & A. Dated Feb. 1, 1938. Prin. and int. payable at the Florida National Bank, Jackson/ille. The bonds have been validated and confirmed as legal and binding obligations of the Town. The approving opinion of Charles C. Howell of Jacksonville, will be furnished the purchaser.

BRADFORD COUNTY (P. O. Starke) Fla.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by the Board of County Commissioners that sealed offerings of county road refunding bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1934, will be received on June 6, at 10 a. m. Offerings must be firm for at least 10 days in order to be considered.

received on June 6, at 10 a. m. Offerings must be firm for at least 10 days in order to be considered.

DE SOTO COUNTY (P. O. Arcadia), Fla.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by Mary M. Gwynn, Secretary of the Board of County Commissioners, that she will on June 7, at 10 a. m., open and consider sealed offerings of road and bridge refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. The amount of bonds to be purchased will be determined by the said Board, and offering must be firm at least 10 days in order to be considered.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—CITY COUNCIL APPROVES REFUNDING PLAN—We quote in part as follows from the Jacksonville "Times-Union" of May 5:

City Council's approval was given last night to a proposed increase in the bond refunding program of the city for the remainder of the year.

Under the provisions of a resolution, adopted over the negative votes of four members, the council authorized the refunding of \$275,000 worth of bonds for the remainder of the year. A total of \$205,000 worth of bonds already has been refunded.

Under the budget, the refunding program totaled \$385,000. The increase authorized last night boosts the budget provision by \$95,000.

Proponents said the extra refunding was essential to reducing a threatened shortage of operating funds for the current year. A \$300,000 deficit impends, they said.

LEESBURG, Fla.—COURT ORDERS BOND INTEREST PAYMENTS

impends, they said.

LEESBURG, Fla.—COURT ORDERS BOND INTEREST PAYMENTS
It is stated by O. Raymond Skiles, City Manager, that the Supreme Court
of Florida on April 29, issued an order directing the payment of \$22,500
semi-annual interest, due May 1 on new refunding bonds totaling \$1,500,000. This order takes precedence over a temporary injunction obtained
by a local taxpayer from the Circuit Judge on April 28. The City Manager states that the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York has been instructed
to pay the May 1 interest.

NEPTUNE BEACH (P. O. Jacksonville), Fla.—BOND VALIDATION
SOUGHT—It is said that the Duval County Circuit Court has been asked
to validate the \$75,000 bond issue approved by the voters on April 8, by
a count of 121 to 5.

a count of 121 to 5.

POLK COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O Bartow, Fla.—BONDS VALIDATED—It is reported that an order was signed by the Circuit Judge recently, validating a refunding bond issue for the above district. The Board of County Commissioners on April 4 authorized the issuance of \$885,000 refunding bonds, as noted here at the time.—V. 146, p. 2568.

time.—V. 146, p. 2568.

UNION COUNTY (P. O. Lake Butler), Fla.—BOND TENDERS IN-VITED—It is stated by J. L. Douglas, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, that he will receive sealed offerings of highway refunding bonds, issue of 1935, dated July 1, 1935, Series A and B, until May 30, at 10 a.m. The amount of bonds to be purchased will be determined by the Chairman. Offerings must be firm for at least 10 days or the same will not be considered. The tenders must specify the series.

IDAHO

PLUMMER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Plummer), Idaho—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is stated by the District Clerk that the \$8,000 construction bonds purchased by the State of Idaho, as noted here recently—V. 146, p. 2247—were sold as 4s and mature in 20 years.

ILLINOIS

BELLEVILLE, III.—NEW ISSUE OFFERING—Brown Harriman & Co., Incorporated are offering at prices yielding 1.25 to 2.70%, according to maturity, an issue of \$300,000 3\% 9 sewer bonds due Dec. 1, 1940-1957, inclusive.

The bonds, issued to provide funds for construction of a sewage treatment plant and intercepting sewers, constitute, in the opinion of counsel, direct general obligations of the City of Belleville, payable principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied against all of the taxable property therein, without limitation as to rate or amount.

CHICAGO SANITARY DISTRICT, III.—TENDERS WANTED—Frank O. Birney, Treasurer of the District, will receive sealed tenders of refunding bonds of 1935, series A and B, until 11 a. m. on May 20. Tenders must remain firm until 11 a. m. on May 21 and subject to the following terms and conditions, legally acceptable tenders received offering bonds at the lowest prices will be accepted in amount or amounts sufficient (exclusive of accrued interest payable under said tenders) to exhaust the sum of not to exceed \$4,132,000, available for the purchase of said bonds by The Sanitary District of Chicago:

(a) Tenders must state the amount and maturity or maturities of and the rate or rates of interest payable on the bonds offered and the average yield to maturity on said bonds at the price at which they are offered and

also the price in dollars (exclusive of accrued interest) at which they are offered.

also the price in dollars (exclusive of accrued interest) at which they are offered.

(b) Tenders stating the highest average yield to maturity will be considered the tenders offering bonds at the lowest prices.

(c) Tenders stating a price in dollars which exceeds the par value of the bonds offered will not be considered.

(d) Tenders accepted shall obligate The Sanitary District of Chicago to accept delivery of the bonds and to pay therefor such amount, plus accrued interest to the date of delivery, as will yield to The Sanitary District of Chicago income at the average yield stated in such tender, but in any event not more than the price in dollars stated in such tender.

(e) Right is reserved to reject all tenders and any tender not complying with the terms of this notice will be rejected.

Tenders may be submitted in the alternative or may be conditioned upon the acceptance of all or none of the bonds offered.

Delivery of bonds must be make on or before May 27, 1938, at the office of the Treasurer, 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill., against payment of the agreed price plus accrued interest to the date of delivery.

MANSFIELD, Ill.—BONDS SOLD—The M. B. Vick Co. of Chicago

MANSFIELD, III.—BONDS SOLD—The M. B. Vick Co. of Chicago purchased recently \$23,500 water system bonds, composed of: \$17,500 4½% general obligation bonds. Due Jan. 1 as follows: \$500 in 1940, and \$1,000 from 1941 to 1957, incl. 6,000 4½% revenue bonds. Due \$500 on May 1 from 1942 to 1953, incl. (It was previously reported that bonds in the amount of \$16,000 had been sold.)

WYOMING, III.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election voters approved the issuance of \$45,000 road graveling bonds.

INDIANA

BRAZIL, Ind.—*LEGAL OPINION*—The \$19,000 municipal imptbonds awarded to McNurlen & Huncilman of Indianapolis, as 24s, at 100.40, a basis of about 2.68%, as previously reported in these columns, were approved as to legality by Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis.

HAMMOND, Ind.—ADDITIONAL BID.—The Mercantile Bank of Hammond offered to pay a premium of \$135 for the \$25,00334%, Hammond Park District bond issue which was awarded May 5 to the Fletcher Trust Co. of Indianapolis, at a price of 104.56, a basis of about 3.34%, as previously reported in these columns.—V. 146, p. 3055.

viously reported in these columns.—V. 146, p. 3055.

HENRY COUNTY (P. O. New Castle), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Mary E. Caldwell, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on May 16 for the purchase of \$55,000 not to exceed 4% interest advancement fund bonds of 1938. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$5). Due \$3,000 on June 1 and \$2,500 on Dec. 1 from 1938 to 1948, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest payable J. & D. A certified check for 3% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners, must accompany each proposal. The county will furnish and pay for the approving legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis. No conditional bids will be considered. Bonds will be delivered about 10 days after the sale. They are issued under Chapter 117. Acts of 1935, and the county will turn over the proceeds to its townships for poor relief purposes. The bonds are direct obligations of the county, payable out of unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied and collected on all of its taxable property.

HOWARD COUNTY (P. O. Kokomo), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—

to be levied and collected on all of its taxable property.

HOWARD COUNTY (P. O. Kokomo), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Raymon Gilbert, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. on May 20 for the purchase of \$100,00) not to exceed 6% interest series a advancement fund bonds of 1938. Dated May 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000 on June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1939 to 1948, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Interest payable J. & D. A certified check for 3% of the bonds bid f.r. payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners, must accompany each proposal. County will furnish at its own expense the approving legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis. No conditional bids will be considered. Bonds will be ready for delivery in about 10 days after the award. They are issued pursuant to Chapter 117, Acts of 1935, and the proceeds will be advanced by the county to its townships for relief purposes. The bonds are direct obligations of the county, payable out of unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied and collected on all of its taxable property.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—U. Note that the series and the property.

out of unlimited ad valorem taxes to be levied and collected on all of its taxable property.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—H. Nathan Swaim, Acting City Controller, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on May 19 for the purchase of \$70,000 not to exceed 5% interest municipal airport development bonds of 1938, first issue. Dated May 20, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$10,000 on July 1 from 1940 to 1946 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest payable J. & J. A certified check for 2½% of the issue, payable to the order of the city, must accompany each proposal. Said bonds are being issued for the purpose of procuring funds with which to construct an additional building and hangar to be used as a testing station by the United States Bureau of Air Commerce, and the construction of all runways, taxi strips and other appurtenances thereto, at a cost of \$65,000 and \$5,000 to apply on the purchase of 57.1 acres of land adjacent to the Indianapolis Municipal Airport, all as provided by General Ordinance No. 30, 1938, and on conformity with the provisions of the governing statutes the State of Indiana. (The city is also offering for sale on May 19 an issue of \$225,000 relief sewer bonds, details of which appeared in these columns in V. 146, p. 3055.)

KOKOMO, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Mel Good. City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Central Standard Time) on May 23 for the purchase of \$22,500 not to exceed 4½% interest, right-of-way bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. Due as follows: \$1,500 on Jan. 1 and July 1 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$1,500 Jan. 1, 1947. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Interest payable J. & J. A certified check for \$500, payable to the order of the city, must accompany each proposal. City will furnish at its own expense the approving legal opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis No conditional bids will be considered. The bonds are direct obligations of the city, payable out of unlimited

on all of its taxable property.

PORTER COUNTY (P. O. Valparaiso,) Ind.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election voters approved the issuance of \$120,000 county hospital construction bonds by a majority of 2,627 votes.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Katharine Beecher, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until noon on May 28, for the purchase of \$\$100,000 not to exceed 4% interest sewer construction bonds of 1938. Dated June 1, 1938 Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000 on Jan. 1 and July 1 from 1942 to 1951 incl. Each bidder must name the exact number of bonds upon which he bids, together with the amount of the bid and proposals may be made for all or any part of the issue. Each bid must be accompanied by an affidavit of non-collusion as provided by law.

VERNON TOWNSHIP (P. O. R. R. No. 2, North Vernon), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$24,491.70 bonds offered on May 7—V. 146, p. 2569—were awarded to the City Securities Corp. of Indianapolis, as 23/s, at par. The sale consisted of:

The sale consisted of:

\$13,491.70 Vernon School Township school building bonds of 1938. Dated
April 15, 1938. Due Dec. 15, as follows: \$900 from 1939 to
1951, incl. and \$1,791.70 in 1952. Payable out of unlimited
ad valorem taxes to be levied on all of the school township's
property.

11,000.00 Vernon Civil Township community building bonds. Dated
April 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Dec. 15
from 1939 to 1949, incl. Payable out of unlimited ad valorem
taxes to be levied on all of the civil township's property.

IOWA

BEDFORD, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$12,000 issue of sewage disposal plant bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2892—was awarded jointly to the Carleton D. Beh Co., and Shaw, McDermott & Sparks, both of Des Moines, as 2¾s, paying a premium of \$60.00, equal to 100.50, according to the City Clerk.

COON RAPIDS, Iowa.—BOND OFFERING—E. D. Charles, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, will receive sealed bids until 7:30 p. m. May 17 for \$8,000 5% water plant revenue bonds. Dated April 1, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due serially Oct. 1, 1939 and April 1 and Oct. 1, 1940 to 1947. Last four bonds are callable on April 1, 1942 or on any interest payment date thereafter.

GRAETTINGER, Iowa—PRICE PAID—It is now reported by the Town Clerk that the \$7,500 sewer bonds purchased by the White-Phillips Corp. of Davenport, as noted here in early April—V. 146, p. 2247—were sold as 3s, at a price of 101.09, a basis of about 2.87%. Due \$500 from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1954 incl.

CREENE TOWNSHIP (P. O. Marengo), Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by Clyde Jones, Township Secretary, at \$2\$ p. m. on May 18 for \$2.000 school construction bonds. Denom. \$100. Due June 1 and Dec. 1, 1939 to 1948, inclusive.

IOWA, State of—INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS SHOW DECREASE—Because of increased deductions, allowed by the State income tax law this year, State revenue has been reduced about \$700,000. Louis E. Roddewid, State Tax Chairman, says income tax collections as of April 26 totaled \$3,886,354, compared with \$4,611,000 on the corresponding date a year ago. The \$744,000 difference reflects the deduction increases voted by the last State Legislature. This year the head of the Iowa household deducted \$20 from the computed tax. A year ago he substracted \$12. Last year ne took off \$2 for each child or other dependent than his wife. This year he was allowed \$5 each. Exemption for the single man was likewise raised from \$6 to \$10.

The number of returns dropped from 137,440 in April, 1937, to 90,583 on same date this year. Sales tax increases, according to Roddewid, as well as other yardsticks of Iowa's prosperous condition, indicate the income tax drop was due entirely to the rate change rather than to business conditions.

KEOKUK, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$550,000 increases.

KEOKUK, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$550,000 issue of water works revenue bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 3055—was awarded at public auction to a syndicate headed by the Banacamerica-Blair Corp., as 2½s, at a price of 100.19, a basis of about 2.47%. Dated May 1, 1938 to 1958; subject to call on and after May 1, 1938, in inverse order of maturity, upon 30 days prior notice of redemption. The other members of the successful group are: Hemphill, Noyes & Co., C. F. Childs & Co., both of Chicago, Graefe & Co. of Des Moines, and Stranshan, Harris & Co., Inc. of Toledo.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The above purchasers reoffered the bonds at prices to yield 0.75% to 2.10% for the 1939 to 1945 maturities. The bonds maturing from 1946 through 1958 are priced to yield 2.25% to call date and will yield 2½% thereafter.

The proceeds of this issue are to be used to acquire the present water system owned by the Keokuk Water Works Co., a subsidiary of the American Water Works & Electric Co., which now supplies the city with water. This property is being acquired at a cost of \$262,500, and with the balance of the proceeds, plus a Federal grant of \$157,500, the city is making important improvements and extensions to the property.

LOWDEN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Lowden), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$22,000 issue of building bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2892—was awarded to Vieth, Duncan, Worley & Wood of Davenport, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$130.00, equal to 100.59, a basis of about 2.43%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1957. Bonds maturing from 1953 to 1957, are callable on and after Nov. 1, 1948.

of about 2.43%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due from Nov. 1, 1940 to 1957. Bonds maturing from 1953 to 1957, are callable on and after Nov. 1, 1948.

MANCHESTER, Iowa—BOND SALE—We are informed by Walter H. Cooley. City Manager, that \$6,475 3% coupon judgment funding bonds were sold on May 4 to the Farmers & Merchants Savings Bank of Manchester, paying a premium of \$216.00, equal to 103.335. Denom. \$500. one for \$475. Dated April 18, 1938. Due serially beginning May 1, 1939. Interest payable annually on May 1.

OSCELOA COUNTY (P. O. Sibley), Iowa—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that George E. Brunson, County Treasurer, will receive sealed and open bids until May 20, at 2 p. m., for the purchase of an issue of \$194,-000 of primary road bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Due as follows: \$10,000, 1945 to 1948; \$40,000 in 1949, and \$114,000 in 1950.

Bids should be made on the basis of par and accrued interest, or better, for all the bonds bearing the same intrest rate, such interest rate to be in a multiple of \$4\$ of \$1%. Interest on the bonds is payable annually. In order to insure competitive bidding on a uniform and impartial basis, sealed bids should be submitted on bidding blanks which may be obtained from the County Treasurer and from the State Highway Commission at Ames. All open bids are to be made on condition that before a final acceptance thereof, they will be reduced to writing on one of the bidding blanks. The purchaser must agree to furnish the blank bonds, and the county will furnish the approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago. The purchaser will be required to accept delivery and pay for the bonds at the County Treasirer's office, or through the County seat bank when the bonds are available for delivery and payment. Enclose a certified check for 3%, payable to the County Treasurer.

KANSAS

EMPORIA, Kan.—BOND SALE—The \$300,000 issue of 2½% semi-ann. municipal building, general obligation bonds offered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 3055—was awarded jointly to Stern Bros. & Co. of Kansas City, and the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co. of St. Louis, at a price of 101.22, a basis of about 2.12%. Dated May 2, 1938. Due \$15,000 from Nov. 1 1939 to 1957, and \$15,000 on May 1, 1958.
The next highest old was an offer of 101.21, submitted by the Harris Trust & savings Bank of Chicago.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidder reoffered the above bonds for general subscription at prices to yield from 0.40% to 2.25%, according to maturity.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (P. O. Oskalosa), Kan.—BOND SALE—The \$14,000 issue of 2½% semi-ann. public assistance bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 3055—was awarded at a price of 101.58, a basis of about 2.20%, according to W. I. Ferrell, County Clerk. Dated April 15, 1938. Due from Dec. 15, 1939 to 1947 incl.

The second highest bid was an offer of 101.313, according to the said clerk. SEDGWICK COUNTY (P. O. Wichita), Kan.—BOND SALE—The \$100,000 issue of 2% semi-ann. poor relief bonds offered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 3055—was awarded jointly to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, and Estes & Co. of Topeka, paying a premium of \$11.49. equal to 100.011, a basis of about 1.995%. Due from May 2, 1939 to 1948.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BOND SALE

equal to 100.011, a basis of about 1.995%. Due from May 2, 1939 to 1948.

WYANDOTTE COUNTY (P. O. Kansas City), Kan.—BOND SALE

DETAILS—In connection with the sale of the \$100,000 relief bonds to
Stern Bros. & Co. of Kansas City, at 1.90% interest rate, on a price of
100.012, a basis of about 1.89%, as noted in these columns recently—V.
146, p. 2892—we are informed by Howard H. Thorne, County Clerk, that
the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co. of Kansas City, was associated
with the above named firm in the purchase. Coupon bonds, dated May 1,
1938. Due from May 1, 1939 to 1948, incl. Interest payable M. & N.
Denom. \$1,000.

KENTUCKY

BLOOMFIELD, Ky.—PRICE PAID—It is now reported by the Town Clerk that the \$20,000 4% semi-ann. school building revenue bonds purchased by Stein Bros. & Boyce of Louisvihe, as noted here recently—V. 146, p. 3055—were sold at a price of 95.00, giving a basis of about 4.64%. Due March 1, 1939 to 1955.

Due March 1, 1939 to 1955.

KENTUCKY, State of—COUNTY BOND DEBT REFUNDING PROGRAM TO BE DRAWN—Agreement to cocperate in formulating a program for the refunding of the bonded debt of a number of Kentucky counties, was reached at a meeting of representatives of holders of the securities, held in Chicago on May 3. Insurance companies, fraternal societies, banks and securities dealers were among those represented. John J. Walsh, of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters, was Chairman John J. Walsh, of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters, was Chairman of the group, and DeWitt Davis, of Welsh & Green, Inc., was Secretary. The meeting was held, it was explained by Mr. Walsh, for the purpose of developing ideas as to proper procedure. Application of the Kentucky legislation to the aid of road and bridge bonds was discussed.

Of the approximately 120 counties in Kentucky, it is said only 19 or 20 will require financial reorganization. Among those mentioned as warranting consideration in that connection were Breathitt, Clay, Johnson Lee, Letcher, McLean, Perry, Yulaski, Todd, Trigg, and Whitley.

Those attending the meeting were said to represent the holders of 50 to 60% of the total Kentucky county debt of about \$26,000,000, of which only about \$7,000,000 is classed as in trouble.

Among the 35 or so present was Thomas Graham, of the Bankers Bond Co., Inc., of Louisville.

Louisianal Municipal Bonds Bought and Sold

Whitney National Bank of New Orleans

LOUISIANA

PARNAUDVILLE, La.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by Charles Delacroix, Village Clerk, that all bids received for the \$10,000 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-annual general obligation bonds offered on May 6—V. 146, p. 2729—were rejected. Dated June 1, 1938. Due from Dec. 1, 1939 to 1964.

EUNICE, La.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on May 10 the voters approved the issuance of the \$75,000 not to exceed 6% paving bonds by a count of 90 to 13.

IBERIA PARISH (P. O. New Iberia), La.—FINANCIAL STATE-MENT—The following official information is furnished in connection with the offering scheduled for May 17, of the \$50,000 bridge and highway bonds, described in detail in these columns recently—V. 146, p. 2893:

bonds, described in detail in these columns recently—V. 146, p. 2893:

Financial Statement and Statistics

Assessed valuation for taxation, 1937 (70% of actual) \$15,000,000.

Total bonded debt, including this issue May 6, 1938, \$880,500. Less sinking fund, \$61,634.57.

Net Bonded Debt

Floating debts (warrants, notes, bank loans, bills or salaries), none.
Population, United States census, 1930, 28,000. Estimated, 30,000.
Under what laws are bonds issued? Article 14, Section 14 (e) 1921 and Act 40, 1922. If bonds were voted, give date of election: Not voted.

Bonds and Interest Payable Current Fiscal Year

(Fiscal years from land 1,1938 to Dec. 31, 1938)

Bonds and Interest Payable Current Fiscal Year
(Fiscal year from Jan. 1, 1938 to Dec. 31, 1938)

Principal Fine Styles St

LAKE CHARLES, La.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—An ordinace has been passed which authorizes the issuance of \$50,000 of refunding bonds.

LOUISIANA (State of)—COLLEGE BONDS PROPOSED—The proposed issuance of \$6,000,000 bonds to place smaller colleges of the State on a parity with Louisiana State University will be urged by the administration at the coming legislative session.

the coming legislative session.

THIBODAUX SEWAGE DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Thibodaux), La.—
BOND SALE—We are informed by Mayor Chas. E. Delas that the \$80,000
sewerage and sewage disposal works construction bonds offered for sale on
May 10, out of the total issue of \$110,000 bonds, as noted here recently—
V. 146, p. 2893—were awarded jointly to White, Dubar & Co., Inc., and
Scharff & Jones, Inc., both of New Orleans, as 3½s. Due from June 1, 1940
to 1963 incl.

The second highest bid was submitted by a group composed of Nusloch,
Baudean & Smith, Dane & Weil, both of New Orleans, and the Equitable
Securities Corp. of Nashville, offering 4% on the bonds maturing from 1940
through 1959, and 3½ % on the bonds maturing up to 1963.

VERNOR PARISH (P. O. Legwille), La.—RONDS, SOLD—It, is re-

VERNON PARISH (P. O. Leesville), La.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$16,500 debt funding bonds were sold recently to the Guaranty Bank & Trust Co. of Alexandria.

WEBSTER PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6 (P. O. Minden), La.—BOND ELECTION—At an election to be held on May 16 voters will be asked to approve the issuance of \$75,000 not to exceed 6% gymasium and swimming pool construction bonds.

MAINE

PORTLAND WATER DISTRICT (P. O. Portland), Me.—BOND SALE DETAILS—General Manager F. J. Reny reports that the issue of \$600,000 2½% water bonds soid privately to Lehman Bros. of New York and associates, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 3056—brought a price of 102.33, a basis of about 2.32%. Due May 1, 1953.

MARYLAND

MARYLAND (State of)—LONG TERM CERTIFICATE OFFERING—Hooper S. Miles, State Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until noon on June 1 for the purchase of \$900,000 certificates of indebtedness, known as "State Office Building Loan of 1937." The issue will be dated June 15, 1938. Denom \$1,000. Due June 15 as follows: \$58,000, 1941; \$59,000, 1942; \$61,000, 1943; \$63,000, 1944; \$65,000, 1944; \$75,000, 1945; \$67,000, 1946; \$69,000, 1947; \$71,000, 1948; \$73,000, 1949; \$75,000, 1950; \$77,000, 1951; \$80,000 in 1952, and \$82,000 in 1953. Bidder to name the rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest payable J. & D. 15. The certificates will be subject to registration as to principal, and all will be issued with interest coupons attached. The loan and interest thereon is exempt from the Federal income tax, and from State, county and municipal taxation in the State of Maryland. A certified check for 5% of the amount bid for, payable to the order of the State Treasurer, must accompany cach proposal. Payment for the certificates of indebtedness, together with accrued interest, and delivery of them to the successful bidder will be made on June 15, 1938, at the State Treasurer's office. Bidders are referred to Chapter 368 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1937, as containing the full terms and provisions of this loan.

It is one of the terms of the offering that the bonds when issued will be the legal and valid binding obligations of the State. The opinion of the Attorney General of Maryland and the opinions of Ritchie, Janney, Ober & Williams, and Mullikin, Stockbridge & Waters, both of Baltimore, to this effect will be delivered to the successful bidder. Bidders may, if they wish, make the legality and validity of the bonds one of the terms of the bid by making the bid "subject to legality," or using any equivalent form of expression, but without leaving this question to the decision of the bid-ders or their counsel. All bids conditioned upon the approval of bidders or counsel, whether named or unnamed,

MASSACHUSETTS

FALL RIVER, Mass.—WOULD ISSUE BONDS—City Council will seek legislative authority to issue \$400,000 30-year bonds to increase water supply for industrial purposes. City may purchase water rights in Noquochoke Lake from Westport Manufacturing Co.

GREENFIELD, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The Second National Bank of oston was awarded on May 11 an issue of \$200,000 notes at 0.19% dispunt, plus premium of \$12. Due Nov. 15, 1938. Other bids were:

Bidder—	Discount
Merchants National Bank of Boston	-0.20%
Franklin Institution of Greenfield.	-0.21%
First National Bank of Boston	0.36%
First Boston Corp	-0.375%

HOLYOKE, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—Lionel Bonvouloir, City Treasurer, will receive sealed and telegraphic oids until 11 a. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase at discount of \$300,000 notes issued in anticipation of revenue for the year 1938. Dated May 17, 1938, and payable Dec. 8, 1938, at the First National Bank of Boston, in Boston, or at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., in New York City, and will be delivered on or about May 18, 1938, at either of said offices. Denoms. \$50,000, \$25,000, \$10,000 and \$5,000. Said notes will be authenticted as to genuineness and validity by The First National Bank of Boston, under advice of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer and Dodge of Boston, and all legal papers incident to this issue will be filed with said Bank, where they may be inspected.

Financial Statement May 7, 1938

papers include to this include the inspected.

Financial Statement May 7, 1938

Valuation, 1936....\$83.514.150 Tax titles......\$

Valuation, 1937.....75.030,940 Tax title loan...

Total uncollected taxes previous to 1935—\$24,298

Levy Uncollected taxes

LEXINGTON, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$100,000 tax anticipation notes offered May 10—V. 146, p. 3056—were awarded to the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co. of Boston, at 0.277% discount. Dated May 11, 1938 and due May 5, 1939. The Day Trust Co. of Boston, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.31%.

Bidder—
Second National Bank of Boston—
Lexington Trust Co.
F. W. Horne & Co.
R. I. Day & Co.

F. W. Horne & Co.

R. I. Day & Co.

MALDEN, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—Walter E. Milliken, City Treasurer, will receive bids until 7 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase at discount of \$400,000 notes issued in anticipation of revenue for the year 1938. Dated May 18, 1938. Payable \$200,000 April 21, 1939, and \$200,000 May 17, 1939, at the National Shawmut Bank of Boston. Delivery of notes will be made on or about May 18 at said bank. Denoms to suit purchaser. The notes will be authenticated as to genuineness and validity by the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, under advice of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston, and all legal papers incident to the loan will be filed at the aforementioned bank, where they may be inspected.

MEDFORD, Mass.—BOND OFFERING—John J. Ward, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until noon (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$40,000 coupon water mains bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$4,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Bidder to name the rate of interest in multiples of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the National Snawmut Bank of Boston. The bonds are exempt from taxation in Massachusetts and will be engraved under the supervision of and authenticated as to their genuineness by the National Snawmut Bank of Boston. This bank will further certify that the legality of the issue has been approved by Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston, a copy of which will be furnished upon delivery of the bonds. All legal papers incident to the issue will be filed with the National Shawmut Bank of Boston was awarded on May 9 an issue of \$250,000 tuberculosis hospital maintenance notes at 0.279% discoubt. Due May 10, 1939. The Merchants National Bank of Boston, second nigh bidder, named a rate of 0.28%.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—PRICE PAID—The \$500,000 1½% tark

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—PRICE PAID—The \$500,000 134% tax abatement bonds purchased privately by Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., First Boston Corp. and Artnur Perry & Co., Inc., as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 3056—were sold to the bankers at par plus a premium of \$625, equal to 100.125, a basis of about 1.71%.

premium of \$625, equal to 100.125, a basis of about 1.71%.

NEWTON, Mass.—BOND SALE—The \$297,000 coupon bonds offered May 12 were awarded to Bond, Judge & Co., Inc. and H. C. Wainwright & Co., both of Boston, jointly, as 1¼s, at a price of 100.407, a basis of about 1.71%. The sale consisted of:
\$247,000 school bonds. Due May 1, as follows: \$13,000, 1939 to 1948 incl.;
\$12,000 from 1949 to 1955 incl. and \$11,000 from 1956 to 1958 incl.
50,000 water bonds. Due May 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1939 to 1943 incl. and \$3,000 from 1944 to 1953 incl.
All of the bonds will be dated May 1, 1938. Second high bid of 100.398 for 1½s was made jointly by Smith, Barney & Co. and Whiting, Weeks & Knowles of Boston.
Other bids:

Other bids:

Knowles of Boston.

Other bids:

Bidder—

Washburn & Co., Inc.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. and F. S. Moseley & Co., Inc.

R. L. Day & Co. and Estabrook & Co., Irist Boston Corp.

Tyler & Co., Inc.

Newton, Abbe & Co., Inc.

Stone & Webster and Biodget, Inc. and Brown

Harriman & Co., Inc.

Financial Statement

City of Newton, excluding above loa Rate Bid 100.23 100.157 100.115 100.09 101.81 101.599 101.574 2% 101.357

Tax Collections for Last Three Years

1935	4.bbb.756.00 1.703.35
Outside Debt Limit— Gross Washington Street *\$113,000,00 Sewer 1,096,000.00 School 600,000,00 Water 534,000.00 County Hall 297,000.00 County Sanatorium 180,000.00 Soldiers Sallors & Marines Memorial 140,000.00	Within Debt Limit— Gross School.——\$1,154,000.00 Sewer — 1,073,000.00 Street improvement.— 690,000.00 School,Fire Alarm Hdq. & Fire Station — 231,000.00 Building — 73,000.00 Land — 40,000.00 Service Building — 4,000.00 Auburndale Fire Sta'n — 4,000.00
\$3 253 237 06	\$3 260 000 00

Gross debt....\$6,522,337.96
Net debt....\$6,522,337.96
* This is the only issue outstanding for which a sinking fund exists. The fund amounts to \$112,389.95, this representing difference in gross and net debt.

Borrowing Capacity

Outstanding

\$1,018,179.71 The above statement does not include the present offering of \$297,000. ALEM, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$300,000 notes offered May 12 e awarded to the Naumkeag Trust Co. of Salem, at 0.17% discount

 Dated May 13, 1938 and due Nov. 3, 1938. The Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co. of Boston, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.18%, plus \$3 premium.
 Discount Co.

 Other bids:
 Bidder—
 Discount Co.

 Second National Bank of Boston (plus \$15 premium)
 0.19%

 Merchants National Bank of Boston
 0.20%

 Pirst Boston Corp.
 0.32%

 F. W. Horne & Co.
 0.37%

Bidder—	Discount
Merchants National Bank of Boston	0.35%
Machinists National Bank of Taunton	0.37%
Day Trust Co	0.375%
Jackson & Curtis	0.38%
Shawmut National Bank	0.41%
	0.44%
First National Bank of Boston	0.475%
Whiting, Weeks & Knowles	0.49%
Frederick M. Swan & Co	0.542%

WEST NEWTON, Mass.—BONDS PROPOSED—The Board of Aldermen recently requested the appropriation of \$290,000 for the construction of a school. Of this amount \$43,000 will be taken from the tax levy while the remaining \$247,000 will be financed by a school bond issue.

WEST SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$25,000 revenue anticipation notes due Nov. 25, 1938 was sold May 12 at 0.18% discount.

WORCESTER, Mass.—OTHER BIDS—The \$500,000 notes awarded to the First Boston Corp. at 0.34% discount, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 3056—were also bid for as follows:

Bidder—	Discount
First National Bank of Boston	.349%
National Shawmut Bank of Boston	.41%
Merchants National Bank of Boston	.43%
Day Trust Co	.44%
Second National Bank of Boston	.45%
Washburn & Co., Inc	47%
보다는 그는 사람들은 사람이 아니라 하는데 모든 가능한다고 있습니다. 그들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 없었다.	

MICHIGAN MUNICIPALS

Cray, McFawn & Petter

DETROIT Telephone Cherry 6828 A.T.T. Tel. DET 540-541

GRAND RAPIDS Telephone 9-8255 A.T.T. Tel. Grps. 7

MICHIGAN

CHARLEVOIX, Mich.—LIGHT PROJECT HALTED DUE TO REFUSAL OF BONLS—Work on the city's light extension project has been halted due to the refusal on the part of the low bidder to accept the \$98,000 light bonds. Issue was declined on disclosure that municipality has no constitutional provision for the issuance of bonds.

(The above bonds, bearing 4% interest, were awarded to Stranahan, Harris & Co. of Toledo, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 2731.)

COTTRELLVILLE TOWNSHIP (P. O. R. F. D. Marine City), Mich.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$57,050 special assessment water extension bonds sold March 28 to McDonald. Moore & Hayes of Detroit, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 2571, bear $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ int.

as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 2571, bear 4½% int.

DETROIT, Mich.—SUGGESTS BOND SALE FOR RELIEF NEEDS—
A \$7,700,000 bond sale may prove the key to the city's relief problems next year, it was indicated recently in an opinion given by Clarence E. Page, Assistant Corporation Counsel.

In the opinion given at the request of City Controller John N. Daley, Mr. Page points out that the \$7,700,000 in bonds can be sold and put into the sewer construction fund, which would create a surplus in that amount. City officials had intended to save that amount in 1936 by issuing only \$3,300,000 of the \$11,000,000 bond issue approved for construction of the sewage disposal plant. Instead they diverted the remainder out of heavy delinquent tax collections for the sewage project.

The surplus created in the sewer fund by the sale of the bonds could be used for any purpose, according to Mr. Page. Since the heavy rise in the welfare load the State Welfare Commission has urged the City to sell these bonds, thus making money available for relief.

However, Mr. Page said that the money could not be used until the next fiscal year.

DETROIT, Mich.—TENDERS RECEIVED—In connection with the

DETROIT, Mich.—*TENDERS RECEIVED*—In connection with the call for tenders for \$315,000 of outstanding refunding bonds, John N. Daley, City Computoller, reports that the average yield on offerings was 4.609%, the range being from 4.52% to 4.70%.

FARWELL, Mich.—BOND SALE—The \$4,000 water works bonds offered May 7—V. 146, p. 2894—were awarded to the Farwell State Savings Bank, the only bidder, as 5s at par. Dated May 15, 1938 and due \$400 on May 15 from 1940 to 1949, inclusive.

May 15 from 1940 to 1949, inclusive.

GENESSEE AND BURTON TOWNSHIPS FRACTIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 11 (P. O. Genessee), Mich.—BOND OFFERING—Welden B. Goodell, Director of the District Board, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 24 for the purchase of \$15.000 not to exceed 4% interest, school building bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Due July 1 as follows: \$2.800, 1939; \$2.900, 1940; \$3.000, 1941; \$3,100 in 1942, and \$3,200 in 1943. Denoms. to suit purchaser. Prin. and Int. (J. & J.) payable at the Citizens Commercial & Savings Bank, Flint. A certified cneck for 2% of the issue, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. Cost of printing the bonds to be borne by the purchaser. Legal opinion of Millerm, Canfield. Paddock & Stone of Detroit will be furnished by the district. The School District is authorized and required by law to levy upon all taxable property therein, such ad valorem taxes as may be necessary to pay the bonds and interest thereon within the limitation prescribed by the State Constitution. An additional nine mill levy has been voted for a five-year period, 1938 to 1942 both inclusive.

HILLSDALE, Mich.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—The sale of \$130,000

HILLSDALE, Mich.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—The sale of \$130,000 not to exceed 4% interest electric light bonds, originally scheduled for May 9, has been postponed until November, according to Ralph L. Hughes, City Clerk. Dated May 1, 1938, and due \$13,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1948, incl.

LINCOLN PARK SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mich.—TENDERS RE-CEIVED—The following result of the call for tenders of certificates of

indebtedness on May 5 was compiled by Matthew Carey, refunding agent; 2149 Union Guardian Bldg., Detroit:

Tenders Accepted
Par Value Price: Amount

Detroit Trust Co		\$300.00	40	Amount
do do			40 1/8	
do do			4278	
			4478	
			45 77	
3			4578	
			46 78	
			47 78	
do do		335.25	47 1/8	
		\$12,135.25		\$5,426.13
C. W. Treadwell		177.09	49	86.77
Matthew Carey & Co		1.000.00	4934	497.50
and the carey at collection		1,000.00	10/4	437.00
		\$13,312.34	45.2	\$6,010.40
0	ther	Tenders		
	Price		Par	Value Price
Detroit Free Press \$421.88	50	Citizens' Nat. B		varae 11100
C. H. Hecker 1.784.05	50	Mansfield		00.00 60
do do 363.08	50	Wittbold & Co.	6.7	25.00 62
First of Mich. Corp. 3,000.00	58			30.49 62
Hood, Truettner &	00	Crouse & Co		
Thisted, Inc 1,500.00	523/4	Cass City Bank		50.00 65
do 270.85	5234	Wyandotte Savs		
	5934	Detroit Trust C		
	5934			72.88 75
do 300.00		Michigan Trust		50.00 85
	6)			
	55	do	0	00.00 85
	5)			
	50			
	60	F. 784 LEX 13 S. 18 1		
do 56.25	55			
do 168.75	50			

OAKLAND COUNTY (P. O. Pontiae), Mich.—TENDERS WANTED—The Board of County Road Commissioners will receive sealed tenders of county highway improvement (covert) refunding bonds until 10 a. m. on May 23. Information concerning the extent of available funds on each of the several issues will be furnished upon application to the Board. Bids to be firm through May 26. All tenders shall be submitted in writing, sealed and marked "Tender of Bonds" and shall specify the Road Assessment District number, the bond numbers, the portion of each coad (whether county portion, township portion, city portion, or assessment district portion), and shall stipulate the lowest price at which the owner will sell said bonds to the sinking fund. Bids to be firm through Thursday, May 26, 1938.

Accrued interest on bonds purchased will be computed to and including

said bonds to the sinking fund. Bids to be firm through Thursday, May 26, 1938.

Accrued interest on bonds purchased will be computed to and including May 31, 1938, and all bonds must have Nov. 1, 1938, and all subsequent coupons attached, and be delivered to the Detroit Trust Co. of Detroit, Mich., on or before June 1, 1938. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders and no tenders at prices above par and accrued interest can be considered.

SCHOOLCRAFT, Mich.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election voters approved the issuance of \$27,000 school construction bonds by a vote of 263 to 53.

TAYLOR TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5 (P. O. Dearborn, Route No. 1), Mich.—TENDERS WANTED—Hersey Hunt, Director, will receive sealed tenders of 1936 refunding bonds and 1938 certificates of indebtedness, dated Aug. 1, 1936, until 8 p. m. on May 25. Prices should be quoted flat.

MINNESOTA

CARVER COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 (P. O. Waconia), Minn.—BONDS SOLD.—It is stated by the Clerk of the Board of Education that \$5,000 school site purchase bonds were sold recently to local purchasers, as $2\frac{1}{2}$ s. Dated July 1, 1938. Due on July 1, 1941; optional on July 1, 1940.

CROSBY, Minn.—BONDS DEFEATED—At a recent election voters defeated the proposed issuance of \$125,000 gymnasium and auditorium bonds.

HAZELTON TOWNSHIP (P. O. Bronson), Minn.—WARRANT OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on May 17, by Emil Sjostrand, Township Clerk, for the purchase of a \$3,000 issue of 4% warrants.

ISLAND LAKE (P. O. Mahnomen), Minn.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$6,500 issue of 3% semi-annual refunding, series B bonds offered on May 4—V. 146, p. 2731—was not sold as no bids were received, according to the Town Clerk. It is said that the bonds will be exchanged with the original holders. Dated Jan. 1, 1938. Due on Jan. 1, 1968, optional prior to maturity.

mADISON, Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$135.000 issue of water and light plant bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2572—was awarded to Paine, Webber & Co. of Chicago as 2½s, paying a premium of \$151.00, equal to 100.112, a basis of about 2.483%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due from May 1, 1941 to 1958, incl.; optional after May 1, 1948.

The second highest bid was an offer of \$150 premium on 2½s, submitted by the Allison-Williams Co. of Minneapolis.

NORMAN COUNTY (F. O. Ada), Minn.—BOND SALE DETAILS— It is stated by the County Auditor that the \$75,000 poor relief bonds pur-chased by the State of Minnesota, as noted here recently—V. 146, p. 3058—were sold as 3s at par, and mature \$7,500 from July 1, 1943 to 1952 incl.

MISSISSIPPI

CEDAR HILL SPECIAL CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Tupelo), Miss.—MATURITY—It is now reported by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors that the \$7,500 building bonds purchased by a local investor, as 5s at a price of 100.33, as noted here recently—V. 146, p. 3058—are due as follows: \$300 from 1939 to 1953, and \$600 from 1954 to 1958, giving a basis of about 4.96%.

RIPLEY, Miss.—BOND SALE—The \$2,750 issue of general fund tax anticipation bonds offered for sale on May 6—V. 146, p. 3058—was purchased by a local investor, as 4s at par. Due on May 1, 1939.

MISSOURI

BUNCETON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bunceton), Mo.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported that the \$21,322 school building bonds sold last January, as noted in these columns at the time, were purchased by Bennett, Piersol & Co. of Kansas City as 4½s. Due in 1940 to 1950.

Bennett, Piersol & Co. of Kansas City as 4½s. Due in 1940 to 1950.

LADUE-DEER CREEK SANITARY SEWER DISTRICT (P. O. Clayton), Mo.—SEEK COURT RULING ON BOND ELECTION—The State Supreme Court will be asked to pass on a suit to restrain the County Election Board and the district from holding a supplemental election to vote \$125,000 sewer system completion bonds. The Election Board has agreed not to proceed with the election originally set for May 31 until the Court has passed on the issue.

MAPLEWOOD, Mo.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by John Hogan, City Plerk, that \$25,000 23 % semi-annual public park bonds were purchased on pril 6 by the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. of St. Louis at a price of 101.888, basis of about 2.56 %. Dated April 15, 1938. Due from April 15, 1942

to 1958.

SARCOXIE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 110 (P. O. Sarcoxie), Mo—BOND OFFERING—F. 8. Parks, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. May 14 for \$15,000 district bonds. Interest rate 4%. Denom. \$500. Due \$1,000 annually beginning 1940. Certified check for \$300 must accompany each bid.

WEBSTER GROVES, Mo.—BONTS TO BE RESUBMITTED—The City Council recently voted to resubmit to the voters at a special election on June 9 the proposed issuance of \$70,000 park and playground bonds defeated at the April 5 election by 76 votes.

MONTANA

BROWNING, Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$36,000 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 2895—was purchased by the John O'Connor Construction Co., of Columbia Fails, as 4¾s, according to George O. Barger, Town Clerk. No other bid was received. (It had previously been reported that these bonds were contracted for by Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, as 4¾s at par—V. 146, p. 3058)

Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, as $4\frac{1}{4}$ s at par—V.146, p. 3058)

DEER LODGE, Mont.—BOND SALE—The two issues of bonds aggregating \$50,000, offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 2250—were awarded to the State Board of Land Commissioners, as follows:
\$30,000 city hall bonds as 4s at par. Dated Oct. 1, 1938.

No other bid was submitted on the larger issue. The only other bid received on the \$20,000 city hall bonds was a joint offer by Richards & Blum, Inc., and Paine, Rice & Co., both of Spokane, a tender for the first \$10,000 as $3\frac{1}{4}$ s, the remainder as $3\frac{1}{4}$ s.

3/4s, the remainder as 3/2s.

HILL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26 (P. O. Rudyard), Mont.—BOND OFFEFING.—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on June 4 by Roy E. Hough, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$22,000 issue of school bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable J. & D. Dated June 15, 1938. Amortization bonds will be the first choice and serial bonds will be the second choice of the School Board. If amortization bonds are sold and issued, the entire issue may be put into one single bond or divided into several bonds, as the Board of Trustees may determine upon at the time of sale, both principal nad interest to be payable in semi-annual instalments during a period of ten years from the date of issue. If serial bonds are issued and sold, 20 will be in the amount of \$1,000 each and 10 will be in the amount of \$200 each; the sum of \$2,200 of said serial bonds will become payable on June 15, 1939, and a like amount on the same day each year thereafter, until all of such bonds are paid. The bonds, whether amortization or serial, will be redeemable in full on any interest payment date from and after June 15, 1943, and will be sold at not less than their par value and accrued interest. Enclose a certified check for \$100, payable to, the District Clerk.

LEWISTOWN, Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$150,000 water system

LEWISTOWN, Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$150,000 water system bonds offered for sale on May 2—V. 146, p. 2409—was purchased by the State Land Board, according to report. Dated June 1, 1938.

SANDERS COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Thompson Falls), Mont.—BOND AWARD DEFERRED—We are informed by the District Clerk that the award of the \$100,000 school construction and improvement bonds scheduled for May 9, as noted here—V. 146, p. 2732—has been postponed until May 14, to permit consideration of bids.

NEBRASKA

ASHTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16 (P. O. Ashton), Neb.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the School Director that the \$22,-000 school bonds purchased by the Greenway-Raynor Co. of Omaha, as noted here in March—V. 146, p. 2090—were sold as 3½s (not 3½s), and nature on May 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1941 to 1944, and \$2,000 from 1945 to 1953. They were sold for a premium of \$221.00, equal to 101.004, a basis of about 3.13%.

GRANT, Neb.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the Village Clerk that the \$15,000 street improvement bonds purchased by Wachob, Bender & Co. of Omaha, as 4½s, as noted here in March, were sold at par, and mature as follows: \$1,000 from 1939 to 1948, and \$5,000 in 1949.

HOMER, Neb.—BONDS TO BE EXCHANGED—It is reported that \$7,500 4% refunding bonds will be exchanged with the holders of the original bonds.

HADDONFIELD, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—J. Ross Logan, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$250,000 not to exceed 3½% coupon or registered refunding bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$25,000 on June 1 from 1939 to 1948, incl. Rate of interest to be expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable at the Haddonfield National Bank, Haddonfield. No bids below par will be accepted. Purpose of the financing is to provide for redemption of an equal amount of bonds which have been called for payment on June 1, 1938. Delivery of bonds will be made at purchaser's option in Camden, Philadelphia or New York City. A certified check for 2% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the borough, must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Caldwell & Raymond of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

KEARNY, N. J.—BOND SALE—E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc. and Safford, Biddulph & Co., Inc., both of New York, jointly, were the successful bidders at the offering of \$210,000 coupon or registered water bonds on May 11. —V. 146, p. 2733. The bankers named an interst rate of 3% and paid a price of \$210,331 for \$208,000 bonds, equal to 101.12, a basis of about 2.87%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due May 1 a follows: \$10,000 from 1939 to 1958 incl. and \$8,000 in 1959. Kean, Taylor & Co. of New York, second high bidder, offered to pay a premium of \$588, taking all of the bonds as 38.

MONMOUTH COUNTY (P. O. Freehold), N. J.—BONDS PASS FIRST READING—At a recent meeting of the Board of Freeholders, a resolution authorizing the issuance of \$181,000 of county improvement bonds passed first reading.

PASSAIC COUNTY (P. O. Paterson), N. J.—BOND SALE—A syndicate composed of J. S. Ripple & Co., Newark, Dougherty, Corkran & Co. and C. C. Collins & Co., both of Philadelphia, and John B. Carroll & Co. of New York, was the successful bidder at the offering of \$302,000 coupon or registered bonds on May 11. This group named an interest rate of 2½ %, bid a price of \$302,631.39 for a total of \$300,000 bonds, equal to 100.877, a basis of about 2.36%. The sale consisted of:
\$70,000 park bonds, Due annually from 1939 to 1953 incl.
70,000 park bonds of 1938. Due annually from 1939 to 1953 incl.
115.000 county building bonds. Due annually from 1939 to 1954 incl.
All of the bonds will be dated May 1, 1938, and the combined maturities are as follows:
\$25.000, 1939 to 1948 incl.; \$10,000 from 1949 to 1953 incl. The cuscessful banking group re-offered the bonds from a yield basis of 0.70% to a price of 99.50. Second high bidder was a group composed of Kean, Taylor & Co., Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc. and Van Deventer, Spear & Co., which bid for \$300,000 bonds, naming an interest rate of 2½ % and price of 100.73.
RUTHERFORD, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Howard J. Landshof,

bid for \$300,000 bonds, naming an interest rate of 2½% and price of 100.73.

RUTHERFORD, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Howard J. Landshof, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$20,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered municipal building bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom, \$1,000. Due \$4,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1943, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Rutherford Trust Co., Rutherford. A certified check for 2% must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delaffeld & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

SADDLE RIVER, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Edith Bogert, Borough Collector-Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$15,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows: \$7.500 municipal building bonds, series 2.
7,500 improvement bonds.
All of the bonds are dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Combined maturities are \$1,000 due each June 1 from 1939 to 1953, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable at the First National Bank, Allendale. A certified check for 2% must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

SAYREVILLE, N. J.—BOND ANTICIPATION NOTE AUTHORIZED—At a recent meeting of the borough council the issuance of a-bond anticipation note of \$42,000 was authorized. Issue will mature on May 5, 1939 and will bear interest at 4½%. Proceeds will pay for sewage disposal plant pending receipt of final installment of Public Works Administration grant.

TRENTON, N. J.—FINANCIAL STATEMENT—The following is given in connection with the May 20 offering of \$86,000 water bonds described in V. 146, p. 3059:

Financial Statement April 30, 1938

Water— Total outstanding water bonds Less water sinking fund	\$1,217,000.00 426,545.57
Net bonded water debt	
Total net water debt	\$876,454.43 86,000.00
Bonds to be issued: Water improvement bonds	\$790,454.43 86,000.00
Net water debt including bonds to be issued	
Gross revenue \$389,119.67 Less: Operating expenses \$389,119.67 Interest on debt 49,434.78 Sinking fund requirements 12,134.35 Serial bonds paid 41,500.00	\$679,377.04
Total expenditures	
(Water revenue and(or) tax pledged to payment of principal of water bonds.) General— Total outstanding bonds, less water——————\$ Less: Sinking funds other than for water bonds—————\$	18,254,473.25 1,684,788.53
Net bonded debt\$ General improvement and relief notes\$ School bonds authorized and unissued	16,569,684.72 121,500.00 305,200.00
Net debt (including bonds authorized and unissued) less water	16,996,384.72 47,397,932.00 19,626,925.00
Total \$1. Tax rate—fiscal year 1938, \$39.00 per thousand.	

Tax rate—fiscal year 1938, \$39.00 per thousand.

UNION TOWNSHIP (P. O. Union), N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Fred J. Asmus, Township Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 24 for the purchase of \$55,000 not to exceed interest coupon or registered land purchase bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Due June 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1939 to 1955 incl.: \$2,000 in 1956, and \$1,000 in 1957 and 1958. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interes(J. & D.) payable at the Union Center National Bank, in Union Township, or at the option of the holder, at the Chase National Bank, New York City. The price for which the bonds may be sold cannot exceed \$56,000. A certified check for \$1,100, payable to the order of the township, must accompany each proposal. The successful bidder will be furnished with the opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York City that the bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the township.

NEW YORK

ALBANY COUNTY (P. O. Albany), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$450,—000 coupon or registered tax revenue bonds of 1937 offered at public auction on May 11—V. 146, p. 3059—were awarded to the State Bank of Albany, as 1.30s, at a price of 100.21, a basis of about 1.22%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$90,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1943 incl. The Harris Trust & Savings Bank and the Northern Trust Co. of Chicago withdrew from the bidding after the competition reached a bid of 100.20 for 1.30s.

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Jerry C. Leary, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3:15 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 24 for the purchase of \$36,000 not to exceed 6% interest cou on or registered general improvement bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Den m. \$1,000. Due June 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1939 to 1942 incl. and \$4,000 from 1943 to 1948 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable at the Gramatan National Bank & Trust Co., Bronxville, a certified check for 2% must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

CAZENOVIA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. New

CAZENOVIA UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. New Woodstock), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$34,500 coupon or registered school bonds offered May 6 was awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., New York, as 298, at pap plus a premium of \$199.71, equal to 100.318, a basis of about 2.72%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due May 1 follows: \$1,500, 1941; \$2,000 from 1942 to 1957, incl., and \$1,000 in 1958. Rogers, Gordon & Co., Inc., New York, second high bidder, named a rate of 2.90% and premium of \$152.49. Other bids:

07 2.90% and preliment of \$402.

Bidder → Int. Rate

J. & W. Seligman & Co. 3%

Bancamerica-Blair Corp. 3.10%

Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo 3.10%

Roosevelt & Weigold, Inc. 3.20%

Lincoln National Bank & Trust Co. 3.20%

Sherwood & Reichard 3.40%

Liverpool Bank 4%

Co., Rockville Centre, fiscal agents for the city in the matter of refunding outstanding general and watr bonds maturing from 1938 to 1942, both incl. announce that since Feb. 1, 1938, when bonds were first accepted for exchange, over 60% of the \$1,427,250 bonds affected have been exchanged for the new refunding bonds." The fiscal agents have funds on hand to adjust interest from date of last interest payment to Jan. 1, 1938. Holders of bonds not exchanged are advised that financial study, refunding ordinance and letters of transmittal may be obtained upon application to the Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co., Buffalo.

MAMARONECK (Town ot), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$48,000 coupon or registered bonds offered May 12—V. 146, p. 2896—were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc. and A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., both of New York, jointly, as 3.60s, at a price of 100.288, a basis of about 3.55%. The sale consisted of:
\$19,000 highway bonds. Due \$1,000 on May 15 from 1939 to 1957 incl.

for 2s, while a Co, of Buffalo

public werks bonds offered May 12—V. 146, p. 2807—were awarded to schalater, Noyes & Gardner, Inc., New York, as 1-92, at a price of 1,0-13; a basis of about 1,575%. Dated July 1, 1938 and due \$3.000 each July 1, abasis of about 1,575%. Dated July 1, 1938 and due \$3.000 each July 1, abasis of about 2.58 was made by the Aumineutree's & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo.

MONROE COUNTY (P. O. Rochester), N. Y.—BONDS AUTHOR-1ZED—The Board of County Supervisors has authorized an issue of \$350.000 lovear serial public improvement bonds, bids on which will be asked secon.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—TO SELL LARGE BOND ISSUE—City Comprising Issue 100.000 love of the properties of the properti

more than \$100,000,000 in long term bonds each year.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Albert E. Cruger, Commissioner of Finance, will receive sealed bids until 4 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$10,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon municipal building bonds. Dated May 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000 Due \$1,000 on May 15 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10 of 1%, Interest payable M. & N. A certified check for \$200 must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

PULASKI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Pulaski), N. Y. —BONDS VOTED—At a recent election voters approved the issuance of \$460,000 school construction bonds.

PUTNAM VALLEY (P. O. R. F. D. No. 3, Peekskill), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Harry G. Silleck, Town Supervisor, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 13 for the purchase of \$9,500 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered highway bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. One bond for \$500, others \$1,000 each. Due May 1 as

follows: \$1,500 in 1939, and \$2,000 from 1940 to 1943, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%, Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Mahopac National Bank. Mahopac, with New York exchange. A certified check for \$190, payable to the order of the town, must accompany each proposal. The bonds will be general obligations of the town, payable from unlimited taxes. The successful bidder will be furnished with the approving opinion of Reed Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York City, that the bonds are valid and binding obligations of the town.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$2,000,000 coupon or registered public improvement bonds offered May 11—V. 146, p. 3060—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Spencer Trask & Co., Darby & Co., G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., First of, Michigan Corp., Morse Bros. & Co., Inc., Burr & Co., Inc. and Brown & Groll, all of New York City, as 2s, at a price of 100.583, a basis of about 1.94%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$100,000 on May 1 from 1939 to according to maturity.

(The official advertisement of this public offering appears on page II

according to maturity.

(The official advertisement of this public offering appears on page II of this issue.)

Other bids were as follows: Bidder—

The assessed valuation of the property subject to the taxing power of the county is \$70,502.293.07. The total bonded debt of the county, including the above mentioned bonds, is \$1,370.000. of which none is water debt. The population of the county (1930 census) was 63,314. The bonded debt above stated does not include the debt of any other subdivision having power to levy upon any or all the property subject to the taxing power of the county. The fiscal years commences Nov. 1. The amount of the taxes levied for the fiscal years commencing Nov. 1, 1934, Nov. 1, 1935 and Nov. 1, 1936, was respectively \$1,780,022.04, \$1,936,686.10 and \$1,867-633.50. The amount of such taxes uncollected at the end of each of said fiscal years was respectively \$1,780,022.04, \$1,936.686.10 and \$127.506.45. The taxes of the fiscal year commencing Nov. 1, 1937 amount to \$1,822,-704.61, of which \$1,544,639.98 has been collected.

SCIO. AMITY. FRIENDSHIP, WIRT, WARD AND ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Scio), N. Y.—OTHER BILS—The \$132,000 school issue awarded to the Marine Trust Co. of Suffalo and R. D. White & Co. of New York, jointly, as 2.70s, for a premium of \$842.16, equal to 190.638, a basis of about 2.685%, as previously noted in these columns, were also bid for as follows:

Bilder—
Showwood & Reichard

Premium Property 100,000 and 100 a

nt these columns, were also did for as Bidder—

Bidder—
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.
Adams, McEntee & Co., Inc.
Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co.
Bancamerica-Blair Corp.
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.
J. & W. Seligman & Co. Premium \$369.60 211.20 497.64 397.33 $\frac{145.20}{501.60}$

& W. Seligman & Co. 2.90% 501.60
SOUTH CORNING (P. O. Corning), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—
oward Clark, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on May
for the purchase of \$6,0.00 4% water works bonds, due \$400 each year
om 1913 to 1957 incl.

om 1913 to 1957 Incl.

THOUSAND ISLANDS BRIDGE AUTHORITY (P. O. Watertown),
Y.—BONDS SOLD.—The State Comptroller is reported to have purlased for investment in the sinking fund a block of \$250,000 414% bridge vienue bonds.

revenue bonds.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY (P. O. White Plains), N. Y.—TO ISSUE \$1,000,000 NOTES—The quarterly report on the finances of county, dated March 31, 1938, just issued by William S. Coffey, County Treasurer, discloses that the county plans to issue \$1,000,000 tax anticipation notes.

NORTH CAROLINA

BUNCOMBE COUNTY (P. O. Asheville), N. C.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by Curtis Bynum, Secretary of the Sinking Fund Commission, that pursuant to the provisions of the respective bond orders or ordinances authorizing their issuance, tenders will be received until noon on May 24, for the purchase by the respective sinking funds, in the name and on behalf of the issuing units, of the following bonds:

City of Asheville general refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
City of Asheville water revenue bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Asheville Local Tax School District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
County of Buncombe refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Beaverdam Water and Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Skyland Sanitary Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Skyland Sanitary Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Swannanoa Water and Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
Swannanoa Water and Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936.
(This report supersedes the one which appeared in our issue of May 7.)

Swannanoa Water and Sewer District refunding bonds, dated July 1, 1936. (This report supersedes the one which appeared in our issue of May 7.)

DREXEL, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, will receive sealed bids at his office in Raleigh until 11 a. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$16,000 not to exceed 6% interest public improvement bonds. The offering represents a consolidation of \$8,000 street improvement and \$8,000 electrical improvement bonds, all of which were approved at an election on April 5. The bonds will be dated June 1, 1938. Coupon in \$1,000 denoms. Due June 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1940 to 1949, incl., and \$2,000 from 1950 to 1952, incl. Interest rate or rates to be expressed in multiples of ½ of 1%. Bidder may name two rates, one for the earliest maturing bonds and the other for the balance. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable in New York City in legal tender. The bonds are general obligations of the town, payable from unlimited taxes. Delivery will be made on or about June 2, 1938, at place of purchaser's choice. A certified check for \$320, payable to the order of the Treasurer of North Carolina, must accompany each bid. The approving opinion of Masslich & Mitchell of New York City will be furnished the purchaser.

GREENVILLE, N. C.—BONDS NOT SOLD—We are informed that the two issues of not to exceed 6% semi-ann, coupon or registered bonds agregating \$85,000, offered on May 11—V. 146, p. 3061—were not sold as all bids were rejected. The bonds are as follows:

\$50,000 street improvement bonds. Due \$2,000 in 1940, and \$3,000. 1941 to 1956 incl.

35,000 public improvement bonds. Due \$1,000, 1940 to 1942; \$2,000, 1943 to 1958.

GUILFORD COUNTY (P. O. Greensboro), N. C.—BOND SALE—The street of the county of the county of county and county of the county of c

GUILFORD COUNTY (P. O. Greensboro), N. C.—BOND SALE—The \$150,000 issue of coupon road refunding bonds offered for sale on May 11—V. 146, p. 2897—was awarded to Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. of New York, as 3s, at a price of 100.198, a basis of about 2.977%. Dated May 15, 1938. Due \$15,000 from May 15, 1944 to 1953 incl.

MORGANTON, N. C.—BONDS VOTED—It is stated that at the election held on May 10, the voters approved the issuance of a total of \$353,000 in bonds, divided as follows: \$125,000 street improvement; \$200,000 water and electric, and \$25,000 sewer improvement bonds.

electric, and \$25,000 sewer improvement bonds. SHELBY, N. C.—BOND SALE—We are informed by the Secretary of the Local Government Commission that the three issues of funding and refunding bonds aggregating \$138,000, offered for sale on May 11, as noted in our issue of April 30—V. 146, p. 2898—were awarded jointly to R. S. Dickson & Co. of Charlotte, and the Wells-Dicky Co. of Minneapolis, paying a premium of \$81.10, equal to 100.058, a net interest cost of about 3.40%, on the bonds divided as follows: \$75,000 as 3%s, maturing on June 1; \$5,000 from 1940 to 1946, and \$10,000 from 1947 to 1950; the remaining \$63,000 as 3%s, maturing on June 11: \$10,000, 1951[to 1953, and \$11,000 from 1954 to 1956.

The second highest bid was offered jointly by the Equitable Securities Corp. of Nashville, and F. W. Craigie & Co. of Richmond, a tender of 100.11 for \$104,000 as 3%s, the remaining \$34,000 as 3s.

NORTH DAKOTA

BOWMAN, N. Dak.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$21,000 issue of serial general liability bonds offered on April 30—V. 146, p. 2898—was not sold as no blds were received, and the \$25,000 sewer revenue bonds were also offered without success at the same time, according to D. G. Hogoboom, Village Clerk. Due from 1941 to 1958, incl. He states that bids are still received for these bonds.

PECRIVET FOR THESE BONDS.

DE GROAT TOWNSHIP (P. O. Churchs Ferry), N. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated that both sealed and oral bids will be received until May 19, at 8 p. m., by Albert Stenerson, District Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$1,250 funding bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable A. & O. Denom. \$200, one for \$250. Dated April 1, 1938. Due on April 1 as follows: \$200 from 1943 to 1947, and \$250 in 1948; subject to redemption at the option of the Township, on any interest payment date. ject to recement date

NORMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Sharon), N. Dak.—BONDS VOTED—At the election on April 25—V. 146, p. 2734—the voters approved the issuance of the \$20,000 not to exceed 4% semi-annual school construction bonds by a count of 216 to 25. Due \$1,000 from 1940 to 1959, incl. No date of sale has been set as yet, according to the District Clerk.

OHIO MUNICIPALS

MITCHELL, HERRICK & CO.

700 CUYAHOGA BUILDING, CLEVELAND

CANTON AKRON CINCINNATI COLUMBUS SPRINGFIELD

OHIO

ADENA, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Lyle E. Burdick, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on June 6 for the purchase of \$18,000 4% water works system construction bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1956 incl. Interest payable A. & O. Bonds were approved at the Nov., 1937, general election. A certified check for \$200, payable to the order of the village, is required.

A. & O. Bonds were approved at the Nov., 1937, general election. A certified check for \$200, payable to the order of the village, is required.

AKRON, Ohio—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$616,000 4% bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2735—were not sold, as no bids were received. This marked the city's second unsuccessful effort to dispose of these obligations, the first having been made April 11. The offering consisted of:
\$337,000 trunk sewer, sanitary and storm sewer construction bonds. *Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$13,000 from 1932 to 1963 inclusive.

279,000 water works improvement bonds, payable from taxes levied outside 10-mill limitation. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$11,000 from 1939 to 1959 incl. and \$12,000 from 1960 to 1963 inclusive.

All of the bonds are dated April 1, 1938.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—PROPOSED FINANCING—Although the city at present has a balance of authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of about \$18,000,000, long term financing during the next six montas will probably be limited to the refunding of \$600,000 Cincinnati Southern Railway refunding 4s of 1908, the redemption of which, as previously noted in these columns, has been announced for July 1. According to City Auditor Henry Urner, authorized but unissued bonds comprise \$14.004,809 approved by referendum and \$400,000 in non-referendum obligations. Authorized but unissued referendum bonds are as follows: \$222,500 for convention hall voted Nov. 5, 1912; \$64,850 street improvement bonds voted Aug. 12, 1919; \$572,400 for street improvements voted Nov. 3, 1925; \$115,000 for street improvements 3 and \$260,000 for grade crossing elimination voted Nov. 2, 1926; \$1,471,000 for street improvements. \$205,500 for sewer improvements. \$10,000 for parks, and \$80,000 for fire department buildings approved Nov. 8, 1927; also \$2,000,000 for grade crossing elimination. \$1,000.000 for parks, and \$80,000 for for fire department buildings approved Nov. 8, 1927; also \$2,000,000 for for parks voted Nov. 6, 1928, \$41,000 for city hall improvements and \$15,000 for parks voted Nov. 6

CLEVELAND, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$2,100,000 bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2575—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Lehman Bros., Blyth & Co., Inc., Estabrook & Co., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., Phelps, Fenn & Co., all of New York; Field, Richard, Inc., Cincinnati; Braun, Bosworth & Co. and Stranahan, Harris & Co., both of Toledo; Morse Bros. & Co., Inc., New York, and Breed & Harrison, Inc., Cin-

cinnati. The bankers paid a price of 100.03 for a combination of \$1,500,000 3s and \$600,000 3%s, a net interest cost to the city of 3.0779%. The bonds are described as follows:

The bonds are described as follows:

\$600,000 3½% city's portion paving and sewer bonds. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$54,000 from 1939 to 1943, incl., and \$55,000 from 1944 to 1949, incl.

1,000,000 3% Cuyahoga River improvement bonds. Due \$40,000 each Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1963, incl.

500,000 3% general sewer bonds. Due \$20,000 each Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1963, incl.

All of the bonds are dated May 1, 1938.

BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Lehman Bros. and associates re-offered the bonds for public investment as follows: the 3s were priced to yield from 1.50% to 3.15%, according to maturity, and the 3½s were offered on a yield basis of from 1.50% to 3.10%. The following other bids were submitted for the bonds:

Bidder Int. Rate Rate Bid

nitted for the bonds:

Bidder

A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.; Stifel, Nicolaus & Co.; Prudden & Co.; Walter, Woody & Heimerdinger; Pobl & Co., Inc.; Charles A. Hinsch & Co.; Middendorf & Co.; H. C. Speer & Sons Co.; Fox. Einhorn & Co., Inc.; Edward Brockhaus & Co.; Nelson, Browning & Co.; Schlater, Noyes & Gardner, Inc.; Ballman & Main; Assel, Goetz & Moerlein, Inc.; Ballman & Main; Assel, Goetz & Moerlein, Inc.; Ballman & Co.; A. S. Huyck & Co.; Sufferle & Kountz; Meyer, Smith & O'Brien, and Widmann & Holzman.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Eldredze & Co.; Otis & Co.; McDonald-Coolidge & Co.; VanLahr, Doll & Isphording, and Farwell, Chapman & Co.

Smith, Barney & Co.; Brown Harriman & Co.; R. W. Press, Fich & Co., Mercantile Commerce Bank & Trust Co.; First Cleveland Corp.; Hayden, Miller & Co.; Hawley, Huller & Co.; Illinois Co. of Chicago, Weil, Roth & Irving Co.; Wells-Dickey Co.; Seasongood & Mayer; Johnson, Kase & Co., and Ryan, Sutherland & Co.

Lazard Freres & Co.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; L. F. Rothschild & Co.; Kleey, Richardson & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; Wheetock & Cummins; William R. Compton & Co., Inc.; Newton, Abbe & Co., and C. S. Ashmun & Co.

a For \$600,000 2 24s and \$1,500,000 3 24s.

COSHOCTON, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—W. J. Beall will receive sealed bids until noon on June 2 for the purchase 100.46 100.256 100.189 100.056

a For \$600,000 2½s and \$1,500,000 3½s.

COSHOCTON, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—W. J. Beall, City Auditorwill receive sealed bids until noon on June 2 for the purchase of \$25,000 3% city hospital addition bonds. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on May 1 and Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1950 incl. and \$1,000 May 1, 1951. Callable at any interest payment date at not less than par and accrued interest. Interest payable M. & N. Bidder may name an interest rate other than 3% although where a fractional rate is named, the fraction must be in multiples of ½ of 1%. A certified check for \$300, payable to the order of the city, must accompany each proposal.

COSHOCTON, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—W. J. Beall, City Auditor, will receive sealed bids until noon on May 31 for the purchase of \$8,000 3½% South Side sanitary sewer bonds. Dated May 1, 1938 Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Nov. 1 from 1939 to 1946 incl. Redeemable on any interest date at not less than par and accrued interest. A certified check for \$100, payable to the order of the city, must accompany each proposal.

EAST CLEVELAND. Ohio—BONDS TO THE ONLY STORMERS.

EAST CLEVELAND, Ohio—BONDS TO BE SOLD—The City Sinkin Fund and Treasury Investment Fund will absorb an issue of \$51,000 bonds saued to finance Works Progress Administration projects.

ELYRIA, Ohio—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$40,000 3% fire department equipment bonds has been sold to the Sinking Fund Commission. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$4,000 on May 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Chemical Bank & Trust Co., New York City.

MANSFIELD, Ohio—BONDS APPROVED—The City Council recently approved the issuance of \$64,000 water works improvement bonds.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Dayton), Ohio—REDUCES TAX LEVY—Total abstract of taxes on county real estate for the 1938 fiscal year is \$14,442,928, it has been announced by County Auditor Joseph A. Lutz, who has indicated this total is \$3,452,599 less than the 1937 abstract. The new figure includes \$5,967,801 in current general taxes, \$1,501,455 in current special assessments for street paving, sanitary sewers and water mains, and \$7,423,672 in delinquent taxes and assessments of former years. Lutz also indicated that the current general tax figure is \$493,766 less than the amount levied in 1937, and "means a substantial savings for Montgomery County taxpayers."

Detailed amounts of current general taxes levied for 1938 are: County purposes, \$1,125,173; schools, \$2,359,995; cities and villages, \$2,377,225, and townships, \$105,407. The largest amount goes to the City of Dayton with \$2,210,388 and the Dayton schools with \$1,649,041.

MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT (P. O.

with \$2,210,388 and the Dayton schools with \$1,649,041.

MUSKINGUM WATERSHED CONSERVANCY DISTRICT (P. O. New Philadelphia), Ohio—SYNDICATE MEMBERS—In connection with the previous report in these columns of the award of \$2,776,000 special assessment bonds to a syndicate headed by the BancOhio Securities Co. of Columbus as 3½s at 102.15, a basis of about 3.32%, we learn that the following were members of the successful account: E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Otis & Co., McDonald-Coolidge & Co., Merrill, Turben & Co., all of Cleveland; Lowry Sweney, Inc., Columbus; Johnson, Kase & Co., Cleveland; Assel, Goetz & Moerlein, Inc., Seasnogood & Mayer, Pohl & Co., Inc., Fix, Einhorn & Co., Inc., Edward Brockhaus & Co., all of Cincinnati, and Fullerton & Co. of Columbus.

NEW PARIS, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 coupon sanitary sewer and disposal plant bonds offered May 7—V. 146, p. 2735—were awarded to Saunders, Stiver & Co. of Cleveland, as 3¼s, for a premium of \$394, equal to 101.575, a basis of about 3.10%. Dated April 1, 1938 and due \$1,000 on Oct. 1 from 1939 to 1953 incl.

Other bids—

Other bids Int. Rate Bidder—

Seasongood & Mayer
Pohl & Co., Inc
Fox, Einhorn & Co., Inc
Weil, Roth & Irving Co
BancOhio Securities Co $$276.00 \ 176.69 \ 261.00 \ 262.50 \ 408.00$ 3 1/4 % 3 1/4 % 3 1/2 % 3 1/2 % 3 3/4 %

R. J. EDWARDS, Inc.

Municipal Bonds Since 1892

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

AT&T Ok Cy 19

Long Distance 787

OKLAHOMA

BEAVER, Okla.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 3 p. m. on May 17, by O. M. Stephens, Town Clerk, for the purchase of a \$30,000 issue of sanitary sewer bonds. Bidders to name the rate of interest. Due \$1,500 from 1941 to 1969 incl. A certified check for 2% of the bids is required.

BRISTOW, Okla.—BOND SALE—The two issues of bonds aggregating \$9,000, offered for sale on May 6—V. 146, p. 2898—were awarded to the City Treasurer as 3s at par, according to the City Clerk. The issues are divided as follows:

\$5,500 water works extension bonds. Due \$2,000 in 1941 and 1942; \$1,500 in 1943.
3,500 fire equipment bonds. Due \$1,000 in 1941 and 1942; \$1,500 in 1943.

ENID, Okla.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 10 a.m. on May 12 by H. E. Evans, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$21,937.08 issue of special assessment retirement bonds. The bonds will be sold to the bidder offering the lowest rate of interest the bonds shall bear and offering at least par and accrued interest. Due as follows: \$3,000 from 1941 to 1946 and \$3,937.08 in 1947. A certified check for 2% of the amount bid is required.

FAY JOINT CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 (P. O. Fay), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$6,000 issue of school bonds effered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 3062—was awarded to the J. E. Piersol Bond Co. of Oklahoma City, according to the District Clerk. Due \$1,000 from 1941 to 1946 incl.

GROVE, Okla.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by C. R. Stiver, Town Clerk, that the \$5,000 town hall bonds offered on April 7, as noted here—V. 146, p. 2253—were not sold as the election authorizing the bonds was contested. Due \$500 from 1941 to 1950 incl.

LIMESTONE GAP CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Atoka, R. F. D. No. 3), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$15,500 issue of coupon building bonds offered for sale on May 9—V. 146, p. 3062—was awarded to the Taylor-Stuart Co. of Oklahoma City, paying par for the bonds maturing up to 1950 as 5s, the remainder as 5½s. Due \$1,000 from 1943 to 1956, and \$1,500 in 1957.

The second highest bid was an offer of par on 5½s, submitted by the J. E. Piersol Bond Co. of Oklahoma City.

McALESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 80 (P. O. McAlester), Okla.

—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on May 3—V. 146, p. 2898—the voters approved the issuance of the \$50,000 in not to exceed 4% semi-annual school repair and equipment bonds by a count of 451 to 171. It is stated by James Proctor, District Secretary, that no date of sale has been fixed as yet.

PLEASANT VIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Dustin), Okla.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$1,132.25 6% construction bonds were purchased recently by the Taylor-Stuart Co. of Oklahoma City.

SENTINEL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sentinel), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$16,000 issue of coupon building bonds offered for sale on May 2—V. 146, p. 2735—was awarded to the Treasurer of Washita County, Okla., paying a premium of \$15.00 for the bonds split into 2½% and 3%. Due \$1,000 from Jan. 1, 1943 to 1958, inclusive.

Book J. Edwards, Inc., of Oklahoma City, offered a premium of \$6.00 for the bonds divided into 2s, 3s and 3½s.

VERDIGRIS TOWNSHIP (P. O. Verdigris), Okla.—BONDS SOLD— It is reported by the Township Clerk that \$10,288.23 refunding bonds have been purchased by the Taylor-Stuart Co. of Oklahoma City as 3s and 3\(\frac{1}{2}\)s.

OREGON

MARION COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 (P. O. Salem), Ore.—WARRANT OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 8:30 p. m. on May 13. by Alice L. Barnett, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$4.000 issue of school warrants. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable M. & N. Dated May 13, 1938. Due \$400 from May 13, 1940 to 1949, incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the District Clerk.

incl. Principal and interest payable at the office of the District Clerk.

MARION COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 78 (P. O. Salem, Route 6), Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on May 16, by Hazel F. Wells, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$12,000 issue of school bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Due on June 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1940 to 1945, and \$2,000. 1946 to 1948. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on April 2. Principal and interest payable at the County Treasurer's office or at the fiscal agency of the State in New York City. A certified check for \$500 must accompany the bid.

the bid.

MARSHFIELD, Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on May 17, by John W. Butler, City Recorder, for the purchase of an \$85,000 issue of 3¼% refunding, series 1938-A, coupon bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated June 1, 1938. Due on June 1 as follows: \$6,000, 1939 to 1951, and \$7,000 in 1952. Bonds are redeemable on or after five years from date of issue. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable at the office of the City Treasurer. No bonds will be sold for less than par plus accrued interest. These bonds are issued pursuant to Chapter 156, Oregon Laws, 1933, as amended by Chapter 208, Laws of 1935, and Ordinance No. 1471 of the city. The approving opinion of Teal, Winfree, McCulloch, Shuler & Kelley of Portland, will be furnished. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the city, must accompany the bid.

PORTLAND. Ore.—BOND TAX PROPOSAL IN ABEVANCE—The

company the bid.

PORTLAND, Ore.—BOND TAX PROPOSAL IN ABEYANCE—The following is the text of a reply from L. E. Latourette, City Attorney, in response to our inquiry as to the status of the proposal put forth by the Mayor to tax bonds of the city:
"Your inquiry of the 27th ult is at hand concerning the matter of making city bonds subject to income tax. The matter here has not progressed any further than a mere suggestion on the part of the Mayor. It is not at all likely that anything definite will be done about the matter until at least the November election."

PENNSYLVANIA

ALLEGHENY COUNTY (P. O. Pittsburgh), Pa.—TO ISSUE \$5,000 BONDS—The County Commissioners have instructed the legal department to prepare a resolution for the sale of \$5,000,000 bonds to finance the remainder of the 1938 public works program. The issue will include \$2,480,000 road bonds; \$1,020,000 bridge; \$300,000 for improvement of Liberty Tubes; \$750,000 park improvement, and an authorized \$450,000 in the 1928 peoples' bond issue for improvement of minor county bridges.

1928 peoples' bond issue for improvement of minor county bridges.

ARCHBALD SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—The Board of Directors will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on May 16 for the purchase of \$75,000 5% coupon operating revenue bonds. Due \$7,500 annually on May 15 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Interest payable semi-ann. A certified check for 2% must accompany each bid.

BETHLEHEM, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$140.000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, refunding bonds, offered May 13—V. 146, p. 2899—were awarded to Barclay, Moore & Co. of Philadelphia as 1½s at par plus a premium of \$439.60, equal to 100.314, a basis of about 1.40%. Dated June 1, 1938, and due June 1 as follows: \$20,000, 1939 and 1940; \$30,000 in 1941 and 1942, and \$40,000 in 1943. The First Boston Corp., New York, second high bidder, offered to pay 100.215 for 1½s.

City of Pittsburgh

214 % Bonds due February 1, 1955 Price: 100.696 & Interest to Net 2.20%

Moncure Biddle & Co.

1520 Locust St., Philadelphia

We have compiled a complete list of

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA BOND ISSUES

showing maturities and legal opinions, which we will be glad to furnish upon request.

YARNALL & CO.

T. & T. Teletype—Phila. 22

A. T. 1528 Walnut St.

Philadelphia

PENNSYLVANIA

CECIL TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Cecil, Box No. 5), Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 coupon refunding bond issue offered May 12—V. 146, p. 2899—were awarded to Glover & MacGregor, Inc., of Pittsburgh as 3s at par pius a premium of \$142.75, equal to 100.71, a basis of about 2.85%. Dated May 15, 1938 and due \$2,000 on May 15 from 1939 to 1948, incl. Second high bidder was E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., of Philadelphia, which bid a premium of \$88 for 3s.

of Philadelphia, which bid a premium of \$88 for 3s.

CHARLEROI SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Charleroi), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$30,000 coupon school bonds offered May 10—V. 146, p. 2899—was awarded to Singer, Deane & Scribner of Pittsburgh, as 2½s, for a premium of \$203, equal to 100.676, a basis of about 2.32%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$3,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Bonds maturing from 1944 to 1948 incl. are redeemable at par and accrued interest on May 1, 1943, or on any subsequent interest payment date.

CLYMER, Pa.—BONDS NOT SOLD—No bids were submitted for the \$8,000 4% bond issue offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2736. Dated April 1, 1938, and due \$1,000 on Oct. 1 from 1940 to 1947; incl.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$100,000 operating revenue bond issue offered May 9 was awarded to a syndicate composed of Glover & MacGregor, Inc. and Singer, Deane & Scribner, both of Pittsburgh, E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc. of Philadelphia, and S. K. Cunningham & Co. of Pittsburgh, as 33%s, at a price of 100.52, a basis of about 3.58%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$10,000 on May 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Callable at par on May 1, 1942, or on any subsequent interest date.

Financial Statement

Callable at par on May 1, 1942, or on any subsequent interest date. Financial Statement

(As of Jan. 3, 1938—Officially Reported)

This statement does not include the bonded debt of any other political subdivision having power to levy taxes on property within the City of Connelsville, and is after giving effect to the sale of these bonds and the application of their proceeds. Assessed valuation, 1937.

\$8,104,705
Bonded debt, including this issue.

Less legal deductions—Sinking fund.

\$55,755
Taxes of prior years—75% of face.

Other municipal claims—75% of face.

64,077

290,480

Vear. Solution of riscal year. 80,884.25 82,640.53 90,117.58 95,406.19 (Collected to May 1, 1938 97,572.50 98,254.83 104,148.06 *107,064.98 *TO April 1, 1938.

* To April 1, 1938.

CORRY, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—C. B. Porter, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on June 6 for the purchase of \$12,000 4% coupon, registerable as to principal only, storm sewer bonds of 1938. Dated May 16, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due May 16 as follows: \$1,000 from 1940 to 1947, incl., and \$2,000 in 1948 and 1949. Principal and interest (M. & N. 16) payable at the City Treasurer's office. Bonds and interest thereon will be payable without deduction for any tax or taxes, except gift, succession and inheritance taxes, now or hereafter levied or assessed thereon under any present or future law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of which taxes the city assumes and agrees to pay. A certified check for 2% of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

order of the City Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

CROYLE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sidman), Pa.—
BOND OFFERING—L. W. Kauffman, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until noon (Eastern Standard Time) on May 14 for the purchase of \$13.000 4½% coupon first emergency uncollected tax, series of 1938, bonds. Dated May 15, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on May 15 from 1939 to 1951, incl.; callable in whole or in part on or after May 15, 1944. Sale of issue will be subject to approval of proceedings by the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs. A certified check for \$500, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. Interest payable M. & N.

DOVIETTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—

posal. Interest payable M. & N.

DOYLESTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Walter M. Carwithin, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (eastern standard time) on May 23 for the purchase of \$9,500 2, 2½, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¾ or 3½% coupon, registerable as to principal only, funding bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. One bond for \$50, others \$1,000 each. Due June 1, as follows: \$1,000 from 1939 to 1947 incl. and \$500 in 1948. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, payable (J. & D.). A certified check for 2%, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. Bands will be issued subject to approving legal opinion of Townsend, Elliott & Munsun of Philadelphia. (This report of the offering supersedes that given previously in these columns).

DUQUESNE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—OTHER BIDS—The \$105.000 bonds issued for operating revenue purposes and awarded to M. M. Freeman & Co., Inc., Philadelphia, as 2½s, for a premium of \$189, equal to 100.18, a basis of about 2.225%, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 3062—were also bid for as follows:

o 1948, both inclusive.

EDWARDSVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Edwardsville),
a.—BOND SALE—The \$70,000 41/4% coupon operating revenue bonds

offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2899—were awarded to Leach Bros., Inc., Philadelphia, at a price of 100.35, a basis of about 4.18%. Dated May 16, 1938 and due \$7,000 on May 16 from 1939 to 1948, inclusive.

ELK LICK TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. R. F. D. No. 1. Fort Hill), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$25,000 4% school building and equipment bonds offered May 7 was awarded to the Second National Bank of Meyersdale, at par plus a premium of \$937.63, equal to 103.75. Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Premium

Johnson & McLean 500.00

EMAUS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Claude Keller, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 7 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on June 2 for the purchase of \$30,000 1½, 1¾, 2, 2¼ or 2½% coupon, registerable as to principal only, operating revenue bonds. Dated May 17, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due \$3,000 on May 17 from 1939 to 1948, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest. The district will provide and pay for the printing of the bonds and for approval of issue by the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs. A certified check for \$600, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

EVANSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Evans City), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$12,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, funding bonds offered May 6—V. 146, p. 2736—was awarded to S. K. Cunningham & Co. of Pittsburgh as 3½s at par plus a premium of \$33, equal to 100.275, a basis of about 3.705%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$1,000 on May 1 from 1940 to 1951, incl. Callable May 1, 1940, or on any subsequent interest date. Singer, Deane & Scribner of Pittsburgh, second high bidder, named a rate of 3¾% and premium of \$8.30. The Citizens National Bank of Evans City bid par for 4s.

tional Bank of Evans City bid par for 4s.

FARRELL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$80.000 coupon school bonds offered May 10 were awarded to E. R. Rollins & Sons, Inc. of Philadelphia, as 3½s, for a premium of \$56, equal to 100.07, a basis of about 3.49%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due \$10,000 on May 1 from 1941 or 1948 incl.; subject to call at par on May 1, 1943, or on any subsequent interest date. Second high bidder was Glover & MacGregor, Inc. of Pittsburgh, which named a rate of 3¾% and \$160 premium.

FRENCHTOWN, Pa.—BOND ELECTION—An election will be held on May 19 at which voters will be asked to approve the issuance of \$36,000 high school construction and addition bonds.

CIPARD Pa.—ROND SALE—The \$10,000 coupon series of 1038 lights.

GIRARD, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 coupon series of 1938 light and power bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2736—were awarded to S. K. Cunningham & Co. of Pittsburgh, as 23/s, at par plus a premium of \$105, equal to 101.05, a basis of about 2.57%. Dated June 15, 1938 and due \$5,000 on June 15 in 1944 and 1945. Callable in whole or in part, at par and accrued interest, on any interest date beginning with June 15, 1942. Singer, Deane & Scribner of Pittsburgh, the only other bidder, offered a premium of \$18.50 for 23/s.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$350,000 improvement bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2736—were awarded to Stroud & Co., Inc. and Schmidt, Poole & Co., both of Philadelphia, Jointly, as 1¼s, at a price of 100,151, a basis of about 1.22%. Dated May 15, 1938 and due as follows: \$30,000, 1939 to 1941, incl.; \$50,000 from 1942 to 1945, incl. and \$60,000 in 1946. The bankers re-offered the bonds to yield from 0.30% to 1.30%, according to maturity. The Harrisburg Trust Co. offered par and a premium of \$1 for 1¼s. A considerable number of other bids were submitted for the loan.

HICKORY TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. R. D. 2, Sharon), Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$15,000 operating revenue bonds offered May 11—V. 146, p. 3062—were awarded to the First National Bank of Sharon, as 3s, for a premium of \$50, equal to 100.333, a basis of about 2.93%. Dated May 16, 1938 and due May 1 as follows: \$3,000 in 1940, and \$2,000 from 1941 to 1946 incl.; bonds due after May 1, 1942, callable at par and interest on Nov. 16, 1942, or on any subsequent interest payment date. Second high bidder was Singer, Deane & Scribner of Pittsburgh, which bid a rate of 3% and \$35 premium.

which bid a rate of 3% and \$35 premium.

HUNTINGTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to Carl Worthington, District Secretary, care of R. L. Coughlin, 1015 Miners National Bank Bldg, Wilkes-Barre, will be received until noon (Eastern Standard Time) on May 27 for the purchase of \$17,000 not to exceed 5% interest improvement and funding bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$500. Due June 1 as follows: \$1,500 from 194 to 1950 incl. and \$2,000 in 1951. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest will be payable without deduction for any tax or taxes, except succession or inheritance taxes, now or hereafter levied or assessed thereon under any present or future law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of which taxes the district assumes and agrees to pay. A certified check for 1% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

posal.

KINGSTON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$100,000 coupon, registereble as to principal only, operating revenue bonds offered May 6—V. 146, p. 2736—were awarded to Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York, as 2s, for a premium of \$15, equal to 100,015, a basis of about 1.99%. Dated May 15, 1938 and due \$20,000 on May 15, from 1939 to 1943, incl.; optional at par and accrued interest on May 15, 1940.

Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate
Singer, Deane & Scribner

Kingston National Bank

3%

Par

LANSFORD, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids addressed to Maurice H. Whildin, Borough Secretary, P. O. Box 877, Lansford, will be received until 7 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 17 for the purchase of \$52,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, tax refund and funding bonds, to bear interest at one of the following rates, as named in the successful bid: 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾ or 4%. Dated May 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000 in 1958 and 1959; \$5,000 from \$160 to 1963, incl., and \$6,000 from 1964 to 1967, incl. Redeemable at par and accrued interest on May 1, 1948, or on any interest paying date thereafter. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Dime Bank of Lansford. Bonds and interest thereon will be payable without deduction for any tax or taxes, except succession or inheritance taxes, now or hereafter levied or assessed thereon under any present or future law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all of which taxes the borough assumes and agrees to pay. A certified check for 2% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the Borough Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The bonds are issued subject to approving legal opinion of Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia.

McCANDLESS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Pitts

Philadelphia.

McCANDLESS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Pittsburgh), Pa.—BOND ELECTION—At election to be held on May 17 voters will be asked to approve the issuance of \$60,000 district bonds.

McKEESPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$200,000 coupon school bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 29)J—was awarded to an account composed of Stroud & Co., Inc., Philadelphia, Johnson & McLean, Inc. of Pittsburgh, and Mackey, Dunn & Co., Inc., Philadelphia, as 24s, at a price of 100,288, a basis of about 2.22%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due \$10,000 on May 1 from 1941 to 1960, incl. The Bancamerica-Blair Corp. of New York in account with Butcher & Sherrerd of Philadelphia, submitted the next highest bidder, offering to pay 101.5829 for 2½s.

The following is a list of the other bids sudmitted for the issue:

Bidder—
Bancamerica-Blair Corp. and Butcher & Sherrerd 2½% 101.5829

The following is a list of the other bids sudmitted for the issue Bidder—

Bancamerica-Blair Corp. and Butcher & Sherrerd 21/2 % Peoples-Pittsburgh Trust Co 21/2 % Smith, Barney & Co. and A. E. Masten & Co. 21/2 % Singer, Deane & Scribner and Dougherty, Corkran & Co., Inc. 21/2 % Co., Inc. 21/2 % The First Boston Corp. and E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc. 21/2 % Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., and Yarnall & Co. 21/2 % S. K. Cunningham & Co., Inc. 21/2 % S. K. Cunningham & Co., Imc. 21/2 % Norman Ward & Co.; Hemphili, Noyes & Co., and C. Collings & Co. Harrison & Co. Harrison & Co. Harrison & Co. Inc. 21/2 % National Bank of McKeesport 21/2 % National Bank of McKeesport 4 % Leach Bros., Inc. 4 % 101.5829 101.566 101.439 MATAMORAS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$51,000 refunding bond issue offered May 10—V. 146, p. 2736—was awarded to Chandler & Co. of Philadelphia, as 3½s, for a premium of \$274.89, equal to 100.539, a basis of about 3.43%. Dated June 1, 1938 and due June 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1939 to 1947 Incl. and \$4,000 from 1948 to 1953 inclusive. Other bids were:

Bidder—
chmidt, Poole & Co_____each Bros., Inc_____ \$222.87 331.50

MOUNT PLEASANT TOWNSHIP (P. O. Mount Pleasant), Pa.—
BOND OFFERING—Charles Welty, Secretary of Town Supervisors, will
receive sealed bids at the office of Gregg & Copeland, Solicitors, First
National Bank Bldg., Greensburg. until 2 p. m. on May 27, for the purchase of \$50,000 bonds, due as follows: \$3,000 in 1939 and 1940, and
\$4,000 from 1941 to 1951, incl. Bidder to name rate of interest in multiples
of ¼ of 1%.

of ¼ or 1%.

MOUNT PLEASANT TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. OTRUGER), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$11,000 coupon school bonds offered May 6—V. 146, p. 2736—was awarded to the Mount Pleasant State Bank, as 3s, at par. Dated May 2, 1938 and due May 2 as follows: \$1,000, 1939; \$2,000, 1940 to 1942, incl.: \$1,000 from 1943 to 1946, incl. Callable on any interest date on or after May 2, 1939, on 30 days' notice. S. K. Cunningham & Co. of Pittsburgh, the only other bidder, offered to pay 100.15 for 4¼s.

pay 100.15 for 4½s.

NEW CASTLE, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—C. Ed. Brown, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 26 for the purchase of \$100,000 1½, 1½, 2½, 2½, 2½, 2 3% coupon improvement bonds of 1938. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom, \$1,000. Due \$10,000 on June 1 from 1939 to 1948 incl. Interest payable J. & D. Bidder to name a sngle rate of interest. The bonds will be issued subject to approval of proceedings by the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs. A certified check for \$2,000, payable to the order of the city, must accompany each proposal. City will furnish at ts own expense the approving legal opinion of Burgwin Scully & Churchill of Pittsburgh.

tne approving legal opinion of Burgwin Scully & Churchill of Pittsburgh.

NOCKAMIXON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Kintersville), Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$4,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, funding bonds offered May 5—V. 146, p. 2736—were awarded to the National Bank of Riegelsville, as 3s, at par. This was the only old received. Dated May 1, 1938. Due \$500 on May 1 from 1939 to 1946, incl. Optional on any interest payment date on and after May 1, 1939.

NORTH FAYETTE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sturgeon), Pa.—OTHER BIDS—The \$21,000 funding and operating revenue bonds awarded to S. K. Cunningham & Co. of Pittsburgh, as 3s, for a premium of \$99.75, equal to 100.475, a basis of about 2.92%, as previously reported in these columns—V. 146, p. 3062—were also bid for as follows:

debtedness \$8,000 May 2 East Pittsburgh Borough, Allegheny County—Paying oper-

District"; one in amount of \$4,000 the other in amount of \$18,000.

PENNSYLVANIA (State of)—PLANS NOTE OFFERING—It is reported that the State will announce in about two weeks details of an offering of tax anticipation notes. The last previous financing of that nature was effected in June, 1937, when \$60,000,000 1½s were sold to Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., New York, and associates, at 100,386, a basis of about 1.10%. They were dated June 1, 1937 and mature May 31, 1938, In connection with the projected note offering, F. Clair Ross, State Treasurer, is said to have predicted a deficit of between \$60,000,000 and \$70,000,000 in the Stat's relief appropriation. The \$140,000,000 set aside for the two year period ended June 1, 1939, would be exhausted in less than five months, he said.

months, he said.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—REVENUES SHOW INCREASE OVER CORRESPONDING PERIOD OF 1937—Tax collections in the city during the first four months of 1938 were above the total for the corresponding period of 1937, the monthly report of Receiver of Taxes Frank J. Willard shows. Collections from all sources for the four-month period, including \$1,038,209 privilege and special taxes, amounted to \$51,637,222, compared with \$51,-277,621 in the like period last year.

City tax collections amounted to \$27,742,010 compared with \$27,724,910 a year ago, while the school levy collections were \$15,037,801 against \$15,377,899. Personal property receibts were somewhat under a year ago, totaling \$351,055, against \$438,613. Water rent collections were smaller, totaling \$3,176,467, against \$3,272.018.

Delinquent city and school payments lagged for the four months while delinquent personal payment increased. Delinquent city payments were down to \$1,741,646 from \$2,385,135, while the school levy collections were off to \$926,914 from \$1,307,415. Personal tax payments increased to \$106,031 from \$96,820.

As of April 30, \$16,170,855 of the 1938 city levy remained uncollected, while school tax collections still outstanding amounted to \$8,855,961.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING

while school tax collections still outstanding amounted to \$8,855,961.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2:45 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on June 13 for the purchase of \$6,000,000 not to exceed 4% interest school outliding bonds. Dated June 15, 1938, due as follows: \$270,000 in 1941 and 1942, and \$260,000 from 1943 to 1963 incl. Interest rate to be expressed in multiples of ½ of 1%.

PITTSBURGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—H. W. Cramblet, School District, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—H. W. Cramblet, Secretary of the Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on May 24 for the purchase of \$1,500,000 not to exceed 3% interest coupon, registerable as to principal only, building bonds. Dated June 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$60,000 annually on June 1 from 1939 to 1963, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Proposals must be unconditional for the entire issue and made upon bidding forms to be obtained at the office of the Secretary. A certified check for 2% of the issue, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Burgwin, Scully & Churchill of Pittsburgh will be furnished to the successful bidder at the district's

expense. (This report of the offering supersedes that given previously in these columns.)

Financial Statement as of April 30, 1938 Property Valuation 1938

Property Valuation 1938

Assessed valuation of real estate subject to taxation ____\$1.098,861.670.00
Population: 1930 Census, 669,817; 1920 Census, 588,343; present estimate of population, 700,000.

Bonded Debt as of April 30, 1938

Bonded debt outstanding after sale of \$1,500,000 bonds on May 24 ______\$22,731,039.54

Offsetting Assets: _____\$50,000.00

Due from general fund—1938 sinking fund appropriation ______\$44,000.00

Cash held in sinking funds ______\$44,290.41

Account of uncollected taxes for 1937 and prior years (see note) _______4,955,291.43

Total offsetting assets ________6,190,581.84

Total offsetting assets _______ 6,190,581.84

Net indebtedness ______\$16,540,457.70 Percentage of net indebtedness to assessed valuation ______ 1.5052 %

Unfunded Debt

The school district has no bank loans and no outstanding obligations except current contracts on which \$88,118.44 will be payable, largely out of bond funds as work is completed, and current invoices estimated to amount to \$100,000 which will be paid the following month unless held for adjustment

Tax Data

Tax Data

Taxes for the fiscal year, beginning Jan. 1, 1938, are payable during January at a discount of 2%, during February and March at face, and become delinquent April 1, with a penalty of 2%, and interest thereater at ½% per month. The taxpayer may elect to pay quarterly. Delinquent taxes are liens against the real estate on which levied and are filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas before the end of the third calendar year. There are no annual tax sales at present. After liens have been reduced to judgment, the property may be sold.

Tax Collections

		Tax Collections		
Fiscal	Charles and the	Collected at End	Collected as of	
Year	Total Lery	of Year of Levu	April 30, 1938	%
1933	14.240,490,88	\$10,378,165,06	\$13.161.331.38	92.42
1934	13,294,242.29	9,696,898,63	12,115,811.21	91.14
1935	13,199,561.67	10,458,471.92	12,070,161.91	91.44
1936	13.178,479.57	10.693,794.72	11,697,375.99	88.76
1937	12,406,001.03	10.447,753.49	10,834,770.26	87.33
Total uncollect	ted taxes for ve	ears prior to 1933	\$2.1	55.379.34

Total uncollected taxes for years prior to 1933. 10,503,170,20 87,33 Millage for 1938, 11.25: 1937, 11.25: 1936, 11.25. Millage required for debt service 1938, 2,33. The 1938 budget is balanced and it is based upon estimated collections of 85% of current taxes.

PITTSTON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$120,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, operating revenue bonds offered May 9—V. 146, p. 2990,—was awarded to the First National Bank of Pittston, as 4s, at par. Dated May 15, 1938, and due \$12,000 on May 15, from 1939 to 1948, incl. Dougherty, Corkran & Co. of Philadelphia, second high bidder, named an interest rate of 4½%. The same rate was named in an offer made by Chandler & Co. of Philadelphia. Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate

Rate Bid

Rate Bid

Pougherty, Corkran & Co.

Joint Dias for Both Issues		
	Rate	Rate Bid
Singer, Deane and Scribner, and Glover & MacGregor	31/2%	101.03
E. H. Rollins & Sons, and Stroud & Co., Inc.	4%	100.539
For Operating Revenue Bonds		
Leach Bros	41/4%	100.35
Chandler & Co	414%	100.199
Plymouth National Bank	4%	100
First National Bank, Plymouth	3%	100.591
For Funding Bonds of 1938		
Leach Bros., Inc.	4 1/4 %	101.16
Plymouth National Bank	4%	100
Chandler & Co	41/07	100 069

Chandler & Co

SHENANGO TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. New Castle),
R. D. No. 6), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—G. E. Lawrence, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on May 16 for the purchase of \$20,000 operating revenue bonds, tenders on which will be considered under the following conditions: (1) 4% interest, registered; (2) 4% interest coupon; (3) 4.80% interest, resistered; (4) 4.80% interest coupon. The bonds will be dated April 22, 1938 and mature April 22 as follows: \$3,000 from 1941 to 1944, incl.; \$2,000 from 1945 to 1948, incl. Callable on or after April 22, 1944. The bonds will be issued free of State taxes, except gift, succession and (or) inheritance taxes. Interest payable A. & O. 22. A certified check for \$200, payable to the order of the district, must accompany each proposal.

pany each proposal.

SHIPPENVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—
James L. Hach, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until May 16, for the purchase of \$3,000 3% coupon school bonds. Due \$200 annually rom 1940 to 1954, incl. Callable on and after July 1, 1940. A certified check for \$200 is required.

check for \$200 is required.

SWATARA TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oberlin), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—John S. Becker Jr., District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until noon (to be opened at 1 p. m.) on May 14 for the purchase of \$15,000 34 %; coupon school bonds. Dated May 14, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due May 14 as follows: \$1,000 from 1939 to 1943, incl., and \$2,000 from 1944 to 1948, Incl. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Steetton Bank & Trust Co., Steetton. A certified check for 2% must accompany each proposal. Bonds will be ready for delivery on May 17 and purchaser will be required to pay accrued interest to that date.

THROOP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$54,000 4% coupon operating revenue bonds offered May 10—V. 146, p. 2900—were awarded to the State School Employees' Retirement Board at par. Due as follows: \$6,000 from 1939 to 1942 incl. and \$5,000 from 1943 to 1948 incl.

WEST WYOMING SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. West Wyoming), Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$18,000 operating revenue bond issue offered

May 9—V. 146, p. 2900—was awarded to Chandler & Co. of Philadelphia, as $4\frac{1}{2}s$, at a price of 100.539. Dated May 1, 1938 and due May 1 as follows: \$1.000 in 1939 and 1940, and \$2,000 from 1941 to 1948 incl. Leach Bros. Inc., of Philadelphia, second high bidder, named a rate of 5%.

WHEATLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—T \$10,000 coupon school bond issue offered May 10—V. 146, p. 2900—v awarded to Chandler & Co. of Philadelphia, as 33/s, at par plus a premit of \$13.90, equal to 100.139, a basis of about 3.71%. Dated May 1. 19 and due \$2,000 on May 1 from 1941 to 1945, incl.; callable at par on May 1943, or on any subsequent interest date.

RHODE ISLAND

PORTSMOUTH, R. I.—NOTE SALE—The \$30,000 issue of revenue notes offered for sale on May 11, as noted here, was awarded to the Fall River National Bank, Fall River, Mass., at an interest cost of 0.34%. Due on Nov. 12, 1938.

The second best bid was an offer by the Second National Bank of Boston, on an interest cost of 0.386%.

\$25,000

SOUTH CAROLINA Highway 43/4s due December 1, 1951 at 3.10% basis

F. W. CRAIGIE & COMPANY

Phone 3-9137

Richmond, Va.
A. T. T. Tel. Rich. Va. 83

SOUTH CAROLINA

AIKEN COUNTY (P. O. Aiken), S. C.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated that sealed bids will be received until May 18, by the County Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 county bonds.

stated that sealed bids will be received until May 18, by the County Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 county bonds.

DARLINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Darlington), S. C.—NOTES SOLD—A \$20,000 issue of road machinery notes were purchased on May 9, according to report, by R. S. Dickson & Co. of Challotte as 3½s at a price of 100.035, a basis of about 3.23%. Dated May 9, 1938. Due \$5,000 from Dec. 1, 1938 to 1941, inclusive.

It is said that the only other bid was an offer of 100.37 for 3½s, submitted by Seabrook & Karow of Charleston, S. C.

GREENWOOD, S. C.—BOND SALE AUTHORIZED—It is said that the City Council on May 6 authorized the sale of \$50,000 3½% semi-ann. refunding bonds to the County Bank of Greenwood at par. Due \$5,000 from July 1, 1941 to 1950, inclusive.

PARKER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 8-A (P. O. Greenville), S. C.—BOND SALE—The \$75,000 issue of coupon school house improvement bonds offered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 2255—was awarded to the Weil, Roth & Irving Co. of Cincinnati, and associates, as 3½s paying a premium of \$173.00, equal to 100.23, a basis of about 3.22%. Dated March 1, 1938. Due from March 1, 1939 to 1956 incl.

The second highest bid was submitted by Lewis, Law & Hammond, Inc., of Greenville, and associates, a tender of \$337.80 premium for the first \$24,000 as 3s, with the remaining \$51,000 bonds as 3½s.

WESTMINSTER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 17 (P. O. Walhalla), S. C.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until May 18 by the Clerk of the Board of Trustees for the purchase of a \$15,000 issue of 4% semi-annual school bonds.

SOUTH DAKOTA

CUSTER COUNTY (P. O. Custer), S. Dak,—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on June 7, by the County Clerk, for the purchase of a \$30,000 issue of court house building bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payabe semi-annually. Due on July 1, 1952; optional on any interest paying date prior to maturity. These bonds were approved by the voters on May 3 by a count of 1,079 to 710.

approved by the voters on May 3 by a count of 1,079 to 710.

DELL RAPIDS, S. Dak.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 issue of 3½% registered semi-annual sewage disposal plant bonds offered for sale on May 3—V. 146, p. 2901—was awarded to the Northwest Security National Bank of Sioux Falls, paying a premium of \$120.00, equal to 101.201, a basis of about 3.24%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due \$2,000 from Jan. 1, 1941 to 1945, inclusive. The only other bid was an offer of \$110 premium, submitted by the Allison Williams Co. of Minneapolis.

WALLACE, S. Dak.—BOND SALE—The \$2,500 issue of 5% semi-ann. funding bonds offered for sale on May 10—V. 146, p. 3063—was purchased by the Midland National Life Insurance Co. of Watertown, according to the Town Clerk. Dated April 1, 1938. Due \$250 from April 1, 1940 to 1949 incl. No other bid was received.

TENNESSEE

ANDERSON COUNTY (P. O. Clinton), Tenn.—BONDS SOLD— It is reported that \$100,000 4% semi-annual school bonds were purchased recently by Booker & Davidson, the Fidelity Bankers Trust Co., and Nichols & Co. all of Knoxville, jointly.

TEXAS

CROSS ROADS SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Athens), Texas—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election voters approved the issuance of \$40,00.) school remodeling bonds by a vote of 135 to 114. An increase in valuations due to the development of the Cayuga oil field in the district will permit tax rate to remain unchanged.

will permit tax rate to remain unchanged.

HIDALGO COUNTY (P. O. Edinburg), Texas—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by Cnas. K. Leslie, Jr., County Auditor, that, pursuant to the provisions of the contract and orders authorizing the issuance of water improvement refunding bonds, series of 1936, tenders are being invited for the purchase of said bonds by the sinking fund created to service same. The amount available for such purpose is \$25,000. Tenders will be received and opened by the Commissioners' Court at 10 a. m. on May 24

KILGORE, Texas—BOND SALE—The \$250,000 issue of coupon street paving bonds offered for sale on May 5—V. 146, p. 3063—was purchased by the Kilgore National Bank of Kilgore as 2½s at par. Dated July 1, 1938. Due \$25,000 from July 1, 1939 to 1948, inclusive.

We are informed by Mayor Roy H. Laird that the following bids were also received:

Name of Bidder—

Rate Bid Premium

LAWN, Texas—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by E. O. Shores, City Secretary, that he will receive scaled bids until 8 p. m. on May 23, for the purchase of an \$8,500 issue of 5% semi-ann. water revenue bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated June 1, 1938. Due \$500 from June 1, 1939 to 1955 incl. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on April 18. A certified check for 10% must accompany the bid.

A certified check for 10% must accompany the bid.

NEW BRAUNFELS, Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the City Clerk that \$5,000 4% semi-annual sewer revenue bonds have been sold to the Guaranty State Bank of New Braunfels at a price of 101.50, a basis of about 3.49%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated April 18, 1938. Due \$1,000 from April 1, 1939 to 1943, inclusive.

April 1, 1939 to 1943, inclusive.

ROSEDALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Beaumont), Texas—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until May 16 by Roy H. Guess, Superintendent of Schools, for the purchase of a \$25,000 issue of school bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable semi-annually. Dated to suit purchaser. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on April 30.

TYLER, Texas—BONDS DEFEATED—at the election held on May 3—V. 146, p. 2738—the voters defeated the proposal to issue \$150,000 in school construction bonds, according to G. V. McNallie, City Clerk.

WHARTON COUNTY COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 20 (P. O. Wharton), Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$12,000 school building bonds were purchased recently by the County Permanent School Fund.

UTAH

SALT LAKE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Salt Lake City), Utah—BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC— R. W. Pressprich & Co., New York, are offering a new issue of \$600,000 5% and 2½% refunding bonds of the above district. The bonds are dated May 1, 1938 and bear interest at the rate of 5% per annum to July 1, 1939 and 2½% per annum thereafter to maturity, May 1, 1958. The bonds, in the opinion of counsel, will be valid and legally binding upon the Salt Lake City School District and all taxable property in the School District will be subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same, without limitation as to rate or amount. They are said to be legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York and certain other States.

VIRGINIA

COLONIAL HEIGHTS (P. O. Peter, burg), Va.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by Mayor Fred P. Shepard until 8 p. m. on May 23, for the purchase of a \$30,000 issue of 3 34% coupon or registered general public improvement of 1938 bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1938. Due on July 1 as follows: \$1,000 in 1942, 1944, 1946 and 1948 to 1957, \$2,000 from 1958 to 1962, and \$7,000 in 1963. Prin. and int. (J. & J.) payable at the Chase National Bank, New York. No bid will be received for less than par. The purchaser will be furnished with the opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York, that the bonds are valid and binding obligations of the town.

DANVILLE, Va.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until noon on May 24, by Charlton B. Strange, City Auditor and Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$100,000 coupon street improvement bonds of 1938. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable A. & O. Denom. \$1,000. Dated April 1, 1938. Due \$4,000 annually from April 1, 1939 to 1963 incl. Prini and int. payable at the City Treasurer's office. No proposal for less than all the bonds will be considered. Interest rate to be expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1% and must be the same for all the bonds. The lowest interest cost to the city over the life of the bonds, will determine the award. The bonds will be ready for delivery on or about June 15, and will be delivered in any city designated by the purchaser, together with the approving opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York. These are stated to be general obligation bonds. A certified check for 2% of the face value of the bonds, payable to the city, is required with bid.

(A tentative report on this offering appeared in our issue of May 7 -V. 146, p. 3063.)

LURAY, Va.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids wil be received by Mrs. Louise Rogers, Town Clerk, until 11 a. m. on May 21 for the purchase of a \$33,000 issue of 3 ½ % funding, street and water works improvement bonds. Coupon bonds dated July 1 1938. Denom, \$1,000. Payable 15 years from date; optional in whole or in part on and after July 1 1939, at par and accrued interest to date of redemption, upon 60 days' notice to holder. These bonds can be registered as to principal only. Prin. and semi-ann. int. payable at the office of the Town Treasurer. A certified check for \$350 must accompany the bid. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election on April 12.

WASHINGTON

ISLAND COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 204 (P. O. Coupeville), Wash.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on April 30 the voters approved the issuance of \$30,000 in school building bonds by a count of 319 to 55, according to the District Clerk. Interest rate to be named by bidder. Due serially in 20 years, optional prior to final maturity. It is said that these bonds will be offered for sale soon.

KING COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 198 (P. O. Seattle), Wash.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 issue of school equipment bonds offered for sale on May 7—V. 146, p. 3064—was purchased by the State of Washington. No other bid was received, according to Ralph S. Stacy, County Treasurer. These bonds mature over a 20-year period.

LONG BEACH, Wash.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on May 20, by R. C. Bell, Town Treasurer, for the purchase of a \$2,700 issue of general obligation town bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable semi-annually. A certified check for 5% must accompany the bid.

SNOHOMISH COUNTY JOINT CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 333 (P. O. Everett), Wash.—BOND SALE—It is now reported by the County Treasurer that the \$50,000 school building bonds offered on Jan. 21—W. 146, p. 476—were purchased by Bramhall & Stein of Seattle, as $3\frac{1}{2}$ s, at a price of 100.31. Due serially for 20 years.

WEST VIRGINIA

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—BOND SALE—The \$410,000 issue of 4% semi-annual central flood wall revenue bonds offered for sale on May 6—V. 146, p. 3064—was awarded jointly to Assel, Goetz & Moerlein of Cincinnati, Sutherland & Co. of Toledo, and Van Lahr, Doll & Isphording of Cincinnati, at a price of 102.56, a basis of about 3.68%. Dated Jan. 1, 1938. Due from July 1, 1941 to 1953; redeemable prior to maturity upon the payment of a premium of 3% of the principal sum.

WISCONSIN

CASHTON, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by the Village Clerk that sealed bids will be received until May 21 for the purchase of a \$90,000 issue of 3½% semi-annual sewage disposa, plant bonds. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on April 5, by a wide margin.

PLUM CITY, Wis.—MATURITY—It is now reported by the Village Clerk that the \$9,900 community hall bonds purchased by the Bank of Durand, as 3s at a price of 100.10, as noted here recently—V. 146, p. 2098—are due on March 21 as follows: \$1,000, 1939 to 1947, and \$900 in 1948, giving a basis of about 2.98%.

giving a basis of about 2.88%.

SUMMIT (P. O. Mauston), Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$48,000 issue of 3% semi-ann. road bonds offered for sale at auction on May 9—V. 146, p. 2902—was awarded to Harley, Haydon & Co. of Madison, paying a premium of \$1,085.00, equal to 102.26, a basis of about 2.69%. Dated May 1, 1938. Due from May 1, 1939 to 1953 incl.

The second highest bid was an offer of \$1,080 premium, submitted by Paine, Webber & Co. of Chicago.

The following information was furnished by Charles P. Curran, attorney-at-law, of Mauston:

The assessed valuation of the Town of Summit for 1937 was \$996.081 and the total indebtedness of every kind and nature of said Township, including this bond issue if \$18,000. The population of the Town as of the 1930 census was 878 and the estimated population at this time is about 1,000.

The tax levy for said township for the year 1934 was \$17,514.35 and the total collections as of April 15, 1938 were \$17,322.84. The tax levy for 1935 was \$18,004.35 and the collections as of April 15, 1938 were \$17,322.84. The tax 1949 for the year 1936 was \$18,024.35 and the collections as of April 15, 1938 were \$17,164.47. The tax levy for the year 1936 was \$18,102.35 and the collections as of April 15, 1938 were \$17,168.47. The tax levy for the year 1937 was \$25,419.44 and the collections as of April 15, 1938 were \$21,276.

WAUWATOSA, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received.

WAUWATOSA, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on May 17, by W. T. Wnipp, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of water works, ninth series bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3%, payable M. & S. Denom. \$1,000. Dated May 15, 1938. Due on March 15 as follows: \$2,000, 1939 to 1948, and \$3,000 from 1949 to 1958. Delivery will be made at the City Treasurer's office.

WYOMING

CHEYENNE, Wyo.—BONDS APPROVED—At a recent meeting the City Council passed an ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds to refund \$53,000 of 5% refunding bonds of 1932, at 3½% interest.

DOUGLAS, Wyo.—BONDS SOLD—We are informed by C. F. Wads orth, Town Treasurer, that \$175,000 334% coupon refunding bonds were urchased on May 4 by the State of Wyoming, at par. Denom. \$1,000. bue serially. Interest payable M. & N. (This report supersedes the sale notice given here recently.—V. 146, 2902.)

RAWLINS, Wyo.—BOND ELECTION POSTPONED—Under instructions from Denver bond attorneys, city has postponed from April 23 to May 14 the election at which voters will be asked to approve the issuance of \$10,000 sewer bonds.

CANADA

CANADA (Dominion of)—RENEWS LOANS TO PROVINCES—Provisions for the renewal and consolidation of a series of Dominion Government loans to the prairie provinces and to British Columbia were contained in an order-in-council tabled in the House of Commons by Hon. C. Duning, Minister of Finance. The loans matured during April and May and the respective provinces asked for their renewal.

Four Alberta loans totaling \$2,007,198 were renewed and consolidated under authority of the unemployment relief and assistance Act, 1936. An Alberta treasury bill for \$2,007,198, due April 15, 1939, bearing interest at 3% yearly was accepted as security.

The Manitoba loans totaling \$815,000 were consolidated and a treasury bill of the province for that figure was accepted as security. In addition, the Dominion renewed until May 1, 1939, its guarantee of a consolidated Manitoba treasury bill amounting to \$4,878,673.

The Dominion consolidated five Saskatchewan loans totaling \$3,156,964 that were to mature last March and accepted a Saskatchewan treasury bill for \$77,969 in respect to interest accruing on the loans.

Two British Columbia loans from the Dominion, maturing in April and totaling \$1,938,881, were consolidated. A treasury bill for that amount was accepted as security.

CANADA (Dominion of)—TREASURY BILLS SOLD—The Bank o

was accepted as security.

CANADA (Dominion of)—TREASURY BILLS SOLD—The Bank of Canada yesterday announced on behalf of the Finance Department the sale of \$25,000,000 Treasury bills at average discount price of \$9.88269, to yield 0.471%. Issue was for refunding purposes and leaves unchanged at \$160,000,000 of the total of such bills presently outstanding.

DALHOUSIE, N. B.—BOND SALE—Irving, Brennan & Co. and T. M. Bell & Co., both of St. John, jointly purchased \$62,000 bonds as follows: \$12,000 5% bonds due serially in 20 years were purchased at a price of 99.5.1.

40,000 4% bonds due serially in 5 years were purchased at a price of 99.

LaTUQUE, Que.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$20.000 4% improvement bonds offered May 11—V. 146, p. 3064—was awarded to J. E. LaFlamme & Co. of Montreal, at a price of 97.23, a basis of about 4.43%. Dated May 1, 1938 and due serially in from 1 to 15 years. Among other bids were:

Rate Bid ---- 97.05 ---- 96.87 Dube, Leblond & Co_____Credit Anglo-Français, Ltd____

OTTAWA, Ont.—BOND SALE—The \$971,769.26 bonds offered on May 10 were awarded to the Bank of Toronto, at a price of 101.253. The next best bid, a price of 101.193, was entered jointly by the Dominion Securities Corp. and the Imperial Bank of Canada. The sale consisted of \$180,000 1½% refunding bonds. Dated Jan. 1, 1938 and due on Jan. 1 from 1939 to 1941 inclusive.

358,000 2% relief bonds. Dated Jan. 1, 1938 and due on Jan. 1 from 1939 to 1941 inclusive.

70,000 2½ % fire hall, road and local improvement bonds. Dated July 1, 1937 and due from 1939 to 1948 inclusive.

73,769.26 2½ % subway and sidewalk bonds. Dated July 1, 1937 and due from 1939 to 1953 inclusive.

290,000,00 3% sewer bonds. Dated July 1, 1937 and due from 1939 to 1950,000,000 3% sewer bonds. Dated July 1, 1937 and such of amounts as necessary. The bonds are in bearer form, but with provision for registration as to principal, and constitute a direct liability on all the assessable property within the City, and will be issued under the installment plan. The method of redemption will be such that the annual amount paid for principal and interest in each of the other years.

Bidder—

Rate Bid

Batte Often 1930 to 1931 for principal and the part of the pass of the pass of the pass.

Bidder—

Batte Often 1930 to 1940 for principal and interest of the pass of the pass of the pass.

Other o.ds:

Bidder—

Bank of Montreal

Wood, Gundy & Co., Ltd.: The Royal Bank of Canada; The
Dominion Bank, and Nesbitt, Thomson & Co., Ltd.

The Bank of Nova Scotia; R. A. Daly & Co., Ltd., and Hanson
Bros. Inc.

100.6622

Royal Securities Corp., Ltd.: McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks &
Gordon, Ltd.: Harrison & Co., Ltd., and A. E. Ames & Co., Ltd. 199.113

Bell, Goulnlock & Co., Ltd.

99.89

Mead & Co., Ltd.

OWEN SOUND Out BOND SALE—Fairelough & Co. of Toronto

OWEN SOUND, Ont.—BOND SALE—Fairclough & Co. of Toronto were awarded an issue of \$160,000 3½% municipal gas plant rebuilding bonds at a price of 102.75, a basis of about 3.195%. Dated May 15, 1938, and due in 20 equal annual instalments. J. L. Graham & Co. of Toronto, second nigh bidder, offered to pay 102.65.

QUEBEC (Province of)—PROCEDURE IN DEBT REFINANCING—Creditors of Quebec defaulting municiplaities who desire to oppose reorganization plans will have every opportunity to study details of the various plans, now that a definite mode of procedure has been established by the Quebec Municipal Commission. Any refinancing plan can be ratified and confirmed by the Commission unless opposed by creditors representing one third of the total debt.

Notice of creditors' meeting must be published in the Quebec "Gazette," and, in the case of towns and cities, in newspapers. In addition, notice and a copy of the plan must go to all registered bondholders, to the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges, and to the Canadian Bankers Association and the Investment Dealers Association of Canada.

SALABERRY DE VALLEYFIELD, Oue.—BOND SALE—The \$85,000

SALABERRY DE VALLEYFIELD, Que.—BOND SALE—The \$85,000 3½% improvement bonds offered May 11—V. 146, p. 3064—were awarded to L. G. Beaubien & Co. and the Banque Canadienne Nationale, both of Montreal, jointly, at a price of 99.66, a basis of about 3.55%. Dated Nov 1, 1937. Due serially in form 1 to 15 years. Callable at 101 and accrued interest on any interest payment date. Second high bid of 99.08 was made by Bell, Gouinlock & Co. of Toronto.

was made by Bell, Gouinlock & Co. of Toronto.

WESTON, Ont.—REFUNDING PLAN DRAFTED—Plan for refunding the town's debt has been approved by the debenture holders' protective committee, the town council and the Ontario Department of Municipal Affairs. If the consent of two-thirds in value of the outstanding debentures is obtained the Ontario Municipal Board will be asked to make the plan effective. Should this two-thirds consent not be obtained, a further two months delay would be necessary before the Board could deal with the plan.

effective. Should this two-thirds consent not be obtained, a lurtner two months delay would be necessary before the Board could deal with the plan.

Debentures issued under by-laws numbered 171, 191, 311, 312 and 547, would not be exchanged for new debentures, under the plan. Overdue principal on such bonds would be paid in cash, and unmatured principal also in cash at maturity. Interest arrears would be settled on the basis outlined below. By paying principal in this way, the town would qualify for rebates of about 64% of such payments, payable by the provincial Government and the County of York.

Debentures guaranteed by York County are not included in the plan. For all other debentures, the plan provides for exchange into an equal principal amount of new bonds maturing 1938 to 1967. Holders of earliest maturities of the old bonds would get the earliest maturities in the new. Interest would be at the original rate to the original maturity date, and thereafter at 4½ %. New bonds would become callable at par and accrued interest after the original maturity date is past in the order in which they mature.

mature. Claims for interest to Dec. 31, 1937, on unmatured bonds would be calculated at present rates, according to the plan, while for matured debentures the current rate would apply to maturity date, and thereafter the rate would be $4\frac{1}{2}\%$. Cash payment would be on the basis of 85% of these claims, less payments already made since the last full interest payment.

ment.

The new certificates would carry a special coupon covering interest from Dec. 31, 1937, to the first new interest date in 1938. Bonds would be dated Jan. 1, 1938.