# Financial

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DAVID BERNSTEIN, Vice-President & Treasurer

# Commercial & Aronicle

Vol. 144

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FEBRUARY 6, 1937

No. 3737

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### STATEMENT—DECEMBER 31, 1936

#### **ASSETS**

[1일 12일 12] 이번 보고 있는 것이다. 그렇게 되었다면 하는 사람들은 사람들이 되었다면 하다.					레이지 말라 시간에 하나요요 않는데 이번에는 가입을 생겼다고 한다.
Cash in Banks and Trust Compani	es	•	•		\$ 14,591,105.54
<b>United States Government Bonds</b>	•	•	•		3,760,456.08
All Other Bonds and Stocks	•	•			113,875,077.46
Premiums uncollected, less than 9	0 d	ays	s di	Je	6,256,948.68
Accrued Interest	•	•	•	•	209,306.00
Other Admitted Assets	•			•	1,066,307.00
					\$139,759,200.76
LIABIL	ITIE	S			
Capital Stock			•		\$ 14,500,000.00†
Reserve for Unearned Premiums.					44,874,929.00
Reserve for Losses	•		٠	•	6,427,749.00
Reserve for Unpaid Reinsurance.	•	•	•	•	1,857,664.65
Reserve for Taxes and Accounts.					2,500,000.00
Contingency Reserve				•	5,000,000.00†
NET SURPLUS		•	•	•	64,598,858.11†
					\$139,759,200.76
경기를 가는 하는데 있는데 이 경기를 보면 가장하는데 가는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하다.					

NOTE: On the basis of December 31, 1936 market quotations for all Bonds and Stocks owned the total admitted Assets would be increased to \$144,389,684.22, the Net Surplus to \$69,229,341.57 and the Surplus as regards Policy-holders to \$88,729,341.57. Securities carried at \$2,619,964.00 and cash \$50,000.00 in the above statement are deposited as required by law.

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## The Financial Situation

HE President's reply to the Supreme Court is now in the hands of Congress. It takes the form of a demand that Congress make use of the only means at its disposal to brush the Constitution from his path, which leads directly toward virtual dictatorship. The proposal is imbedded, along with a number of other suggestions which ought to be considered separately on their merits,

in an avalanche of words, but if any evidence were needed to indicate what was uppermost in the mind of the President it is furnished in the closing sentence of the message, which reads as follows:

"If these measures achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the Constitution of our government — changes which involve consequences so far-reaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course."

Specifically, what the President wants is the privilege of appointing six new Supreme Court justices, one for each of the six present justices who are well above the age of 70 years. present justices who have attained this age would then be free to retire, resign or to continue to serve as they saw fit. Thus the President would have a Supreme Court consisting of somewhere between nine and 15 justices, six of whom doubtless would have been very carefully chosen by him.

One member of the Senate, when asked his view of the President's proposal, is said to have expressed amazed admiration that so simple a "so-

lution" of a "difficult problem" could be found. The program as outlined is indeed simplicity itself, and it is as disingenuous and sweeping in its effect as it is simple, since it would (assuming sufficient shrewdness in the selection of justices) provide a Supreme Court wholly under the thumb of the President, which is another way of saying that the Constitution of the United States would be laid on the shelf. The mere passage of an Act endorsed by the President would ensure its constitutional validity, since for all practical purposes the Constitution

means what the Supreme Court says it means. To reach such sweeping objectives as this by the direct and open route of constitutional amendment it would at the least be necessary to remove the distinction between interstate and intrastate commerce, abolish the due process clause, and do away with the system of checks and balances devised by the framers of the Constitution. Such changes as these

the President says "involve consequences so farreaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course." Precisely why they are of questionable wisdom when undertaken frankly and avowedly, but both desirable and necessary when effected by the method now proposed, is not easy to understand.

What will be the answer of Congress? that body continue to be content with the role of the rubber stamp? Will it, as it has so often done in recent years, pass this proposed measure without even troubling to give it the consideration it deserves? Will it take for granted that the election returns carry a mandate that such a course be Or will this adopted? most extraordinary demand upon it awaken it to a sense of public duty? It must be admitted that the quick polls taken by the press yesterday afternoon in the corridors of the Capitol are not particularly encouraging. But there must be some independence left in the members of the national legislature, and one can only hope that the voice of the people will be The President's heard. demand is well suited to shock the Nation into a realization of the nature

#### Government as Cause and Cure

In his address to the Economic Club in New

In his address to the Economic Club in New York City on Tuesday evening last, Sir George Paish, well-known British student of world economics, said:

"Long experience has caused me to come to the conclusion that the economic crises of the world which come from time to time are the result rather of political action than of economic action, and can be avoided only when the statesmen of all nations have a greater understanding of economic law and have some appreciation of the consequences of their own actions.

It may be said that the statesmen of the world, taken as a whole, have since the war, and especially in recent years, acted in such a manner as to bring the world machine almost to a standstill."

It would probably be difficult to find a

It would probably be difficult to find a serious student of economic history whose mind is free of bias who would deny that there is real substance in this diagnosis. Few would feel any doubt that ignorance of economic law and lack of understanding of the consequences of their own acts have been peculiarly characteristic of the political leaders of the past half decade.

ers of the past half decade.

Yet the world over it is being said with greater assurance and larger emphasis, perhaps, than ever before in modern times, government must take over many of the func-tions not only of private enterprise, but of economic law itself, in order to save the world

from itself.

In certain countries, such as Germany and Italy, it is a special form or variety of the totalitarian State, popularly known as fascism, that is expected to perform miracles. In Russia the State, which again is omniscient, omnipresent and omnipotent, wears the label of communism. Even in the so-called democratic countries of Europe, such as England and France, the role of government has been greatly enlarged and the ubiquitous disposition to lean upon government is plainly evident.

ubiquitous disposition to lean upon government is plainly evident.

In the United States, the President and those who surround him are preaching a similar type of totalitarianism, but are making almost frantic endeavor to have the public think of their efforts in terms of some new and enlightened form of democracy. It is only the American variant of the world-wide epidemic.

epidemic. Government in the past has caused more economic suffering than it has, or ever will, be able to cure. Complete rejection of the concept of a totalitarian State in the economic sphere at least, will mark the beginning of emergence from our present difficulties.

> of the course which the President is marking out for it, and of the dangerous consequences to which that course will certainly lead.

#### General Motors Strike Situation

T A LATE hour yesterday the situation in the plants of the General Motors Corp. was still very much in an unsettled state. Reports that a general settlement was imminent were in circulation and appeared to have some credibility. But whether or not, in the interval, a settlement will

have been reached, the events of the past few weeks, and particularly those of the past week, will leave an impression and a stain upon the national record which will not be easily or quickly removed. The weakness of public officials in the face of open and defiant lawlessness, the obvious sympathy for the troublemakers, the unwillingness of law enforcement agencies to act, and the complete lack of support on the part of the general public for those who have courteously but courageously insisted upon law enforcement, cannot fail to leave a mark long after this particular controversy is settled.

It would be encouraging if more of our citizens could be aroused to the truth of the words of the retiring dean of the law school of Harvard University and world renowned legal authority, who declared on Thursday:

"We are sowing the wind, and we may reap the whirlwind. What seems to me most significant is the utter indifference of the people to the effect of allowing any group of persons to be above the law. It is not merely that an executive can influence non-execution of a judgment of a court, in entire excess of his lawful capacity, but that everyone seems to expect, as a matter of course, that law and order can be infringed by a privileged group not merely with impunity but with the active support of those who are sworn to enforce the law."

#### Permanent Policies

While the attention of the public is centered very largely upon these more dramatic events in the automobile industry, developments at Washington are slowly from day to day providing further information concerning the precise nature of the policies that the Administration has formulated, or is formulating, to meet what are regarded as the more or less permanent problems of the Nation. In his annual message on the State of the Union, on Jan. 6, again in his inaugural address on Jan. 20, and on various other occasions the President has made it clear that he regards the depression, and presumably therefore the emergency, as largely over, and his task during the next four years as that of formulating and giving effect to permanent, non-emergency policies. The major objectives of these policies he has likewise on a number of recent occasions been at some pains to state.

On Jan. 6, referring to the purposes of his first Administration, he said that "the recovery we sought was not to be merely temporary. It was to be a recovery protected from the causes of previous disasters." Again, on Jan. 20, he said that four years ago "we of the Republic sensed the truth that democratic government has innate capacity to protect its people against disasters once considered inevitable, to solve problems once considered unsolvable. We would not admit that we could not find a way to master economic epidemics just as, after centuries of fatalistic suffering, we had found a way to master epidemics of disease." At other points in his inaugural the President seems to share what seems to be a rather general, if vague, uneasiness in official circles concerning the staying power of the "prosperity" that his first term in office is alleged to have created. "To hold to progress today is, however, more difficult," he conceded, adding that "dulled conscience, irresponsibility and ruthless self-interests already reappear. Such symptoms of prosperity may become portents of disaster!" He

was not occupied, however, solely with the question of preventing future depressions or with making sure that improvement in business conditions continued apace. In his inaugural, as in his earlier annual message, he returned to his favorite theme of the "under-privileged," remarking at one point that "the test of our progress is not whether we add more to the abundance of those who have much," but "whether we provide enough for those who have too little."

#### New Catch-words

Where the catch-words of his first term were first reform, salvage (of bankrupt enterprises) and recovery, and later "social security," those of his second term seem to be the safeguarding of recovery and sharing the wealth or income which is the fruit of recovery. Indeed, much that has been said of late rather plainly implies the belief that the two are but opposite sides of the same shield; that a redistribution of income is one of the essentials, if not the most important ingredient, of any program that can make permanent and increasing prosperity possible. All this, of course, has for some time been fairly clear, but the weeks that have elapsed since these objectives crystallized in the public utterances of the President and those immediately around him have served to reveal, in part at least, the nature of the means by which these ends are to be sought, and incidentally of the conception of the difficulties that lie in the way of their realization.

#### Same Old Programs

It is remarkable how similar the needs of the Nation, now far advanced in recovery, are to those of the Nation prostrate and almost lifeless four years ago! Equally extraordinary is the practical identity of the programs defended in the name of emergency four years ago and those brought forward today as the means by which a restored Nation may keep its health. Four years ago the President must have dictatorial powers in order to save the people from a situation frequently described as more horrible than war. Today he must remain almost an absolute monarch in order that what President Harding called normalcy may be maintained. Business in a state of collapse must then be restored by increasing wages, shortening hours, curtailing production, eliminating or greatly reducing competition, inducing, almost forcing, borrowing, providing government guarantees for borrowers who otherwise could command no credit, and subsidizing all those who seem to have any real political strength. Business must today be kept vigorous by further doses of these same drugs.

What other interpretation can be placed upon the definite proposals as they day by day assume concrete form and substance? Different names are of course often used, programs are given a different presentation and another setting, and legislation is defended on somewhat different grounds, but the substance is about the same. Witness the prolongation of the currency, credit and similar powers granted to the President in the name of emergency in the early years of his first term, and the further lease of life for the Reconstruction Finance Corporation as an active lending agency. It is still not clear just what the President will demand to replace the National Industrial Recovery Act, but it is plain

as a pikestaff that he is determined to have the equivalent of this defunct law if he can, and if he succeeds in "packing" the Supreme Court one of the most formidable of the obstacles heretofore in his path will have been removed. The advice reluctantly given to farmers some time ago to produce abundantly this year is obviously no surrender, but rather a confirmation, of the persistent belief that the National Government must continue to control production and in the years to come restrict production.

#### Government Spending

Government expenditures on a colossal scale are evidently viewed as essential to permanent and pervading prosperity, notwithstanding the soothing words about balancing the budget to be found in the annual budget message of the President. It is increasingly obvious that any such balance, if it is to come during the next few years, will be a result not of smaller expenditures but of larger receipts. But one would be an optimist indeed who really expected a balanced budget within the predictable future. Apparently the Administration believes in continued inflation, if it is necessary in order to meet the outlays that are considered essential, as a means of making recovery permanent. On Wednesday of this week the President transmitted to Congress a report of the National Resources Committee which is described by the New York "Times" as "a six-year program of coordinated public works with a view to carrying out an orderly development of the Nation's resources and providing needed facilities for our people." The fact that the report coincides in point of time with one of the worst floods in history has led the press to give the impression that this program is primarily a flood-control undertaking. The fact is, however, that only 24% of the expenditures proposed for a six-year period are devoted to irrigation, drainage and flood-control combined. Streets and highway construction call for 25% of the funds to be expended, while buildings, equipment, soil conservation, slum clearance, sewerage and recreational projects, and a long list of other proposals of the usual "pork barrel" type are the beneficiaries of 51% of the funds. Even a casual inspection of the projects proposed quickly reveals the boondoggling nature of much of the scheme. The President himself refers to the purpose of the business as that of providing "the best use of our resources" and of preparing "in advance against any other emergency." At the worst, the report and the President's evident endorsement of it suggest boondoggling as a permanent public policy. At best, it clearly indicates tenacious belief in government expenditures as a sort of balance wheel to insure smooth functioning of business year after year.

#### **Diverting Funds**

In just what degree the Secretary of Agriculture is able to speak for the Administration in such matters we have no way of knowing, but it is of no little interest to observe that in an address delivered in New York City on Wednesday evening last he had this to say:

"Business men interested in the maintenance of balanced progress for industry and in the assurance of stable political and social conditions recognize the contribution the Federal government may make through a wise, coordinated policy of relieving those social and economic maladjustments which business men as individuals cannot cope with.

"Given an adequate tax policy, the purchasing power that would otherwise go to unwise investment in plants producing goods that cannot be sold, or harmful speculation, could be diverted so as to conserve our human as well as our natural resources. The government must, in fact, utilize its spending-taxing power to furnish positive leadership in long-neglected matters of social security, farm tenancy, unemployment and conservation of national assets."

If any definite meaning is to be attached to these rather vague generalizations, we must conclude that they assert that the Federal government should continue as a permanent policy to take away in taxes funds which normally would improve and enlarge our stock of capital equipment and pay them out to those who lay claim to "relief," to farmers to persuade them not to produce, and to many others for various purposes but slightly related, if related at all, to economic productivity. This, moreover, it must do in order to maintain a balance in the economic world! Could mischievous nonsense go farther? Yet in view of all that is being said and done in official quarters from day to day, who can doubt that such ideas are in close accord with the plans of the Administration?

#### Credit "Control"

The anxiety of the Administration about the durability of its "new recovery" is likewise revealed in the recent increase in the reserve requiremnts of member banks, in warnings by the Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission about speculation, particularly in low-priced securities, and in much talk about further restrictions and regulations to be applied to securities markets. But it has not yet reached the stage—and probably will not reach the stage—of causing the Administration to feel it vitally necessary to reduce expenditures and thus the necessity for borrowing, or to revise its habit of financing itself through the banks. Until some such stage is reached and interest rates are allowed to rise substantially, efforts to "control" the situation resulting from the government's own inflationary acts will accomplish nothing of real value.

The trouble with this whole program of making prosperity permanent, vigorous and pervasive, apart from its manifold practical ineptitudes, inconsistencies, and administrative incompetencies, is that it tries to make water run up-hill. Forces which in the past have brought disaster in their wake are carefully created, and then bungling efforts are expected to force them by fiat to operate in ways that are wholly contrary to human nature. The lack of grasp of fundamental factors in the present situation so distressingly in evidence in high official quarters is itself the strongest possible argument against the whole idea of "planned economy" of which current plans are examples.

#### Federal Reserve Bank Statement

FAR OVERSHADOWING the immediate banking statistics are the further measures of credit control announced late last Saturday by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. In accordance with the previous intimations, reserve requirements are to be raised and this will be effected in two stages, with half the remaining power to be exercised March 1 and the other half May 1. This

will mean, when the measures are completed, an increase since last July of 100% in reserve requirements, which exhausts the current legal power to raise the requirements. The Board notes, in its statement, that member banks still will have excess reserves of approximately \$500,000,000 after the increase is effected in full, and the Federal Reserve System "will be placed in a position where such reduction or expansion of member bank reserves as may be deemed in the public interest may be effected through open market operations, a more flexible instrument, better adapted for keeping the reserve position of member banks currently in close adjustment to credit needs." Such expectations are fully borne out by the banking statistics for the week ended last Wednesday, as they continue to reflect the plethora of idle funds. Currency in circulation started its seasonal rise with an advance of \$30,000,000, but there were modest offsets otherwise and the official estimate of excess reserves of member banks remained unchanged at \$2,150,000,000.

Gold continues to move to the United States from foreign shores, and domestic production also is sizable. In the week to Wednesday night, \$19,000,000 was added to the monetary gold stocks, raising the total to \$11,364,000,000, according to the credit summary. For more than a month, however, the gold increases have been sterilized in the so-called inactive gold fund of the United States Treasury. The gold certificate holdings of the 12 Federal Reserve Banks dropped \$1,525,000 in the week covered by the latest statistics, making the aggregate \$8,848,389,000. Specie and other outpayments of currency reduced cash in vaults, so that total reserves fell \$20,238,000 to \$9,150,176-000. Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation increased \$17,575,000 to \$4,158,067,000. Total deposits with the 12 Banks were off \$48,303,000 to \$7,219,244,000, the account variations consisting of a decrease of member bank balances by \$14,883,000 to \$6,757,714,000; a drop in the United States Treasury general account balance by \$4,508,000 to \$175,745-000; a gain in foreign bank deposits by \$1,318,000 to \$76,265,000, and a decrease of non-member bank deposits by \$30,230,000 to \$209,520,000. The reserve ratio remained unchanged at 80.4%. Discounts by the System were down \$56,000 to \$2,801-000, while industrial advances receded \$436,000 to \$23,649,000. Open market operations remained in complete suspense, with holdings of bankers bills again \$3,081,000, and United States Government security holdings similarly motionless at \$2,430-227,000.

#### Corporate Dividend Declarations

FEATURE of dividend declarations the current A week was the action by General Motors Corp. in declaring a dividend of only 25c. a share in comparison with 50c. in the five preceding quarters as well as a special year-end payment of \$1.50 on Dec. 12, last. Of course the reason for this adverse action is directly traceable to the strike which has been afflicting the company for the past several weeks. Sears Roebuck & Co. declared a dividend of 75c. a share, payable Mar. 15 in comparison with 50c. in previous quarters; extras were also paid in Jan. and Dec. last. The Standard Oil Co. of Ind. and the Standard Oil Co. of Calif. each declared an extra dividend, while Columbian Carbon Co. declared a special payment and Union Tank Car Co. a larger quarterly distribution than previously. Two mining companies, International Nickel Co. of Canada, Ltd. and Phelps Dodge Corp. declared larger payments than heretofore. Loew's, Inc. declared an extra disbursement in addition to the regular quarterly as did also Collins & Aikman Corp. A larger dividend was declared by Purity Bakeries Corp. than in three preceding quarters.

#### Foreign Trade in December

OREIGN trade statistics for 1936 reflect to some considerable extent the world-wide improvement in business conditions and the attendant rise in world The restrictions placed on trade during the depression by many countries because of their unsatisfactory exchange situation and nationalistic policies contributed to preventing foreign trade from showing as great improvement as industry in general in 1936, but as the year advanced, some progress was made toward the breaking down of these restraints. Reciprocal trade treaties were entered into by the United States with additional countries and such pacts have now been entered with a total of 15 nations including Canada, Holland, Sweden and France; the devaluation of the franc and the other gold bloc currencies in October last, has permitted to some extent, lowering of trade barreries by those countries.

Imports of the United State in 1936 were 18% higher than 1935, but exports were only 7% greater. The Department of Commerce attributes the cause of this variation to a number of factors, chiefly the drought in this country, which considerably reduced our potential exports of foodstuffs; the fact that prices of imports have increased to a greater extent than export prices; and the greater improvement in our purchasing power than that of the world as a whole. In the last two months of the year, the maritime strike is held to have retarded exports. In spite of the strike, however, December exports were larger than November, although seasonally there is a decline.

December imports and exports were each greater than in the corresponding month of 1935, which statement was true for every month in 1936 except November, when there was a decrease in exports from the previous year. Manufactured products were the items of export contributing to the increase in December, which was to some extent offset by decreases in shipments of fruits, unmanufactured cotton, lumber and petroleum products. The rise in the import total was largely ascribable to larger imports of crude rubber, undressed fur skins, hides and skins, raw wool and silk, tin and newsprint. Other items included alcoholic beverages, sugar, coffee, cocoa and grain.

In December, 1936, shipments of merchandise amounted to \$229,739,000 and imports \$244,321,000, leaving an import balance of \$14,582,000. A year earlier exports of \$223,469,000 exceeded imports by \$36,501,000. In November, 1936, there was an excess of exports of \$29,332,000. Cotton exports in December last amounted to 613,528 bales, valued at \$40,220,415, which is a reduction from 717,276 bales, worth \$46,969,456, shipped in November. In December, 1935, shipments were 916,979 bales, worth \$56,768,692.

For the year 1936, imports totaled \$2,419,229,000 and exports \$2,453,487,000, which resulted in a favorable balance of only \$34,258,000, the smallest for any year since 1895. In 1935, trade was on a lower scale, imports amounting to only \$2,047,-

485,000 and exports to \$2,282,874,000, but there was an export excess of \$235,389,000. During the 1920s, yearly export excesses were in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000,000 and as late as 1930 the balance was as high as \$782,273,000.

Gold imports of \$57,070,000 in December compare with \$75,962,000 in November and \$190,180,000 in December, 1935. Exports were but \$99,000 in December; in November they were \$127,000 and in December a year ago, \$170,000. For the third successive year net imports of the metal were over \$1,000,000,000, and in 1936 amounted to \$1,116,583,000. Silver imports in December of \$2,267,000 were the smallest of any month ince early 1934; in November \$4,451,000 was imported and in December, 1935, \$47,603,000. For the year 1936 imports totaled \$182,816,000, as compared with \$354,531,000 in 1935. Exports of the metal throughout the year 1936 were inconsequential.

#### The New York Stock Market

ADVANCING prices were the rule on the New York stock market this week, until President Roosevelt made his amazing recommendations for reform of the Federal judiciary system, yesterday. When the message of the President was read to Congress, prices of stocks tumbled and much of the gain previously recorded during the week was wiped out. In various parts of the list, however, levels held materially above those current late last week. The market had to contend with several important new developments, as well as continued reports of flood damage. Increase of reserve requirements, as announced last Saturday, failed to produce any immediate repercussions in the stock market. But the proposal for reform of the judiciary, which seems to be a thinly-veiled attempt to change the character of the present court, depressed the market sharply. The tone was optimistic until that development appeared, and best levels since 1931 were attained. United States Steel common advanced to 100 on Thursday. But the gains were modified sharply yesterday. Turnover on the New York Stock Exchange aggregated between 2,000,000 and 2,500,000 shares in each of the full sessions.

Dealings last Saturday were fairly active, and steel stocks assumed the leadership in a rather pronounced upswing. Industrials generally were in favor, while rail and utility stocks were quiet. The week-end announcement that reserve requirements are to be increased to the full extent permitted under present law subdued the bulls somewhat on Monday, but the waning flood in the Ohio Valley gave some encouragement. Motor stocks were soft on the fruitless endeavors to end the strike in General Motors plants, while steel issues dipped on realization selling. Oil issues improved on the better statistical position of the industry, while metal shares also advanced, but the market otherwise proved dull. Sentiment improved materially on Tuesday, largely because the courts upheld the contentions of property owners in the motor strike contest with the "sit-down" occupants of the plants. Industrial issues surged forward, with steel and motor shares in the lead. Rail and utility stocks likewise showed good results, and some average compilations reflected the best levels in six years. The advance was continued and increased on Wednesday, with only utility and food stocks failing to participate. Steel, motor, railroad and rail equipment issues were the favorites. At the opening on Thursday, Steel common touched par value, and the entire market gained a momentary fillip from that circumstance. But thereafter a tendency toward profit-taking prevailed, and closing levels in all groups were not far from the previous day's terminal figures. After a good start yesterday, consternation was caused in the financial markets by the message of the President calling for "reform" of the Federal judiciary. Stocks were offered and buyers were reluctant, so that sharp recessions resulted for the day. All groups of issues joined in the downward trend, with the exception of some of the base metal issues.

In the listed bond market the reserve requirement increase proved the dominant factor of the week, as might have been expected. United States Government securities were idle and virtually unchanged all week, since the large financial institutions hardly care to add to portfolios for the time being. High-grade corporate bonds were equally quiet. In the more speculative departments of the bond market, prices tended to move upward most of the week, but a relapse occurred yesterday after the Presidential message on the judiciary was read. The commodity markets displayed a rather good tone during much of the week, which contributed to the confident buying of some classes of stocks. Base metal prices were buoyant, while grains, cotton and other agricultural commodities did not vary The foreign exchange markets reflected persistent strength of the United States dollar, and softness of sterling and francs. The French unit was under pressure at all times.

On the New York Stock Exchange 317 stocks touched new high levels for the year while 147 stocks touched new low levels. On the New York Curb Exchange 220 stocks touched new high levels and 112 stocks touched new low levels.

Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange remained unchanged at 1%.

On the New York Stock Exchange the sales at the half-day session on Saturday last were 1,194,730 shares; on Monday they were 2,357,270 shares; on Tuesday, 2,428,500 shares; on Wednesday, 2,452,070 shares; on Thursday, 2,388,480 shares, and on Friday, 3,320,820 shares. On the New York Curb Exchange the sales last Saturday were 380,920 shares; on Monday, 629,345 shares; on Tuesday, 682,760 shares; on Wednesday, 776,710 shares; on Thursday, 768,275 shares, and on Friday, 1,044,435 shares.

The stock market this week was hesitant in tone and continued to reflect much uncertainty over flood conditions and the General Motors strike. The unusually heavy backlogs on the books of the steel companies have been an important factor in the rise among steel shares in past weeks, and further headway has been made the present week. Trading in the main body of stocks was highly selective, with no great amount of profit-taking evident in the face of a growing volume of business. As a whole, the market for the week was mostly irregular, with the exception of Wednesday, when prices on that day closed generally higher. Yesterday, after a firm opening, equities suffered severe declines when the recommendations of the President in his message to Congress concerning the United States Supreme Court became known. In the face of this and other adverse influences, many stocks managed to close higher yesterday than on Friday of last week. Gen-

eral Electric closed yesterday at 611/4 against 631/8 on Friday of last week; Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. at 451/4 against 461/2; Columbia Gas & Elec. at 171/2 against 173/4; Public Service of N. J. at 501/2 against 511/4; J. I. Case Threshing Machine at 1703/4 against 1523/4; International Harvester at 104 against 1051/2; Sears, Roebuck & Co. at 841/2 against 831/4; Montgomery Ward & Co. at 573/8 against 55; Woolworth at 59% against 611/2, and American Tel. & Tel. at 183 against 1827/8. Western Union closed yesterday at 76% against 79% on Friday of last week; Allied Chemical & Dye at 235 against 235; E. I. du Pont de Nemours at 173 against 173; National Cash Register at 35¾ against 34; International Nickel at 64% against 63; National Dairy Products at 231/2 against 233/4; National Biscuit at 31 against 311/4; Texas Gulf Sulphur at 401/2 against 40; Continental Can at 61 against 611/2; Eastman Kodak at 173% against 169; Standard Brands at 15% against 15%; Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. at 158 ex-div. against 1581/2; Lorillard at 261/4 against 23%; United States Industrial Alcohol at 391/2 against 40%; Canada Dry at 28% against 301/4; Schenley Distillers at 431/2 against 441/4, and National Distillers at 27% against 28.

The steel shares were again in the forefront, with one notable feature in this group being United States Steel common, which touched par on Thursday of this week. United States Steel closed yesterday at 96% against 941/2 on Friday of last week; Inland Steel at 115 against 1131/2; Bethlehem Steel at 81% against 81%; Republic Steel at 34% against 323/4, and Youngstown Sheet & Tube at 82 against 811/2. In the motor group, Auburn Auto closed yesterday at 32 % against 31 on Friday of last week; General Motors at 67% against 68%; Chrysler at 1261/4 against 123, and Hupp Motors at 21/4 against 2%. In the rubber group, Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed yesterday at 341/2 against 33% on Friday of last week; United States Rubber at 54% against 55, and B. F. Goodrich at 331/2 against 325%. The railroad shares made a favorable showing this week and closed yesterday at higher levels than on Friday a week ago. Pennsylvania RR. closed yesterday at 421/4 against 411/8 on Friday of last week; Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe at 721/2 against 723/8; New York Central at 423/4 against 42; Union Pacific at 1311/2 against 1291/2; Southern Pacific at 483/4 against 46%; Southern Railway at 311/4 against 27, and Northern Pacific at 28% against 28%. Among the oil stocks, Standard Oil of N. J. closed yesterday at 70% against 69% on Friday of last week; Shell Union Oil at 291/4 against 281/8, and Atlantic Refining at 341/4 against 341/2. In the copper group, Anaconda Copper closed yesterday at 54% against 53 on Friday of last week; American Smelting & Refining at 93% against 89%, and Phelps Dodge at 52\% against 53\%.

Trade and industrial reports were mostly favorable, with the natural exception of the strike news. Steel ingot production for the week ending today was estimated by the American Iron and Steel Institute at 79.6% of capacity against 77.9% last week and 50.0% at this time last year. Production of electric energy for the week ended Jan. 30 amounted to 2,214,654,000 kilowatt hours, according to the Edison Electric Institute. This compares with 2,256,795,000 kilowatt hours in the preceding week and 1,955,507,000 kilowatt hours in the corresponding week of last year. Car loadings of revenue

freight for the week to Jan. 30 are reported by the Association of American Railroads at 659,790 cars, a decrease of 10,586 cars from the previous week, but a gain of 37,900 cars over the corresponding week of 1936.

As indicating the course of the commodity markets, the May option for wheat in Chicago closed yesterday at 133c. as against 1271/4c. the close on Friday of last week. May corn at Chicago closed yesterday at 1071/2c. as against 1063/8c. the close on Friday of last week. May oats at Chicago closed yesterday at 505/8c. as against 491/8c. the close on Friday of last week.

The spot price for cotton here in New York closed yesterday at 13.20c. as against 13.28c. the close on Friday of last week. The spot price for rubber yesterday was 13.24c. as against 21.12c. the close on Friday of last week. Domestic copper closed yesterday at 13c., the close on Friday of last week.

In London the price of bar silver yesterday was 20 1/16 pence per ounce as against 20 5/16 pence per ounce on Friday of last week, and spot silver in New York closed yesterday at 44%c., the close on Friday of last week.

In the matter of the foreign exchanges, cable transfers on London closed yesterday at \$4.891/4 as against \$4.897/8 the close on Friday of last week, and cable transfers on Paris closed yesterday at 4.653/8c. as against 4.66c. the close on Friday of last week.

#### European Stock Markets

RENDS varied rather widely this week on stock exchanges in the principal European financial centers. On the London Stock Exchange the spirit was buoyant during most sessions, partly because of the encouragement gained from the well sustained improvement at New York. The Paris Bourse was firm and weak by turns, with the recessions more important than the gains. French devaluation is feared generally, owing to the increasing evidence that the stabilization fund of that country is having difficulty in maintaining the franc at the parity established last Sept. 25. The French Finance Ministry arranged late last week a £40,000,000 loan from London bankers to the French railroads, the intent being to obtain a fresh supply of foreign exchange. Despite this extensive aid, it appeared on Thursday that the Bank of France had transferred 3,000,000,000 francs gold to the stabilization fund. Such incidents offset the continued official assurances that no further devaluation is contemplated. The Berlin Boerse was quiet and weak in most sessions, for it is realized that the Reich is passing through a severe economic crisis, induced mainly by the heavy armaments outlays and the unbalanced national budget. The European diplomatic situation as a whole remains highly uncertain, and this added to the discomfiture of traders and investors. Industrial production in the leading European countries is being maintained at a good pace, however, and buying of stocks is occasioned by that circumstance, especially in the London market.

A new account was opened on the London Stock Exchange, Monday, but dealings were quiet with the main trend firm. Gilt-edged issues recovered a little from their recent spell of weakness which resulted from fears of higher money rates. British industrial stocks moved upward as a whole, with gains measured almost entirely in fractions. Anglo-American trading favorites advanced in Shorters

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Court on good week-end news from New York. The trend was favorable at London in somewhat larger dealings on Tuesday. British funds were marked fractionally higher, and strength was general in the home industrial list. Oil shares enjoyed a modest boom on price advances in the commodity, while gold and base metal issues likewise improved. Anglo-Americans continued to lead the international group to better figures. The tone on Wednesday again was cheerful, with gilt-edged issues a bit higher, while most industrial stocks also advanced. American issues that are traded at London obtained the major share of attention, however, owing to the gains reported in cables from New York. African gold mining stocks showed large advances, and base metal issues also moved forward. The firm tone was maintained in heavy dealings on Thursday, despite profit-taking in some parts of the list. British funds were marked upward by small fractions, and similar gains appeared in almost all departments of the market for industrial stocks. But oil shares remained the favorites because of the price situation, while gold mining issues likewise improved broadly. Anglo-American issues continued their gains. Gilt-edged securities again were in demand yesterday, but week-end liquidation unsettled the London market otherwise.

The Paris Bourse presented on Monday results that are typical of devaluation fears, which made it evident that the new London loan failed to dispel apprehensions. Rentes were marked lower, but industrial, utility and bank shares advanced, while international obligations surged ahead. Money for the month-end carryover was 61/2%, against 51/2% at the end of December. The trend was uncertain on Tuesday, and business was less active. Rentes closed without much change, but French equities generally declined and lost a good part of the previous advances. International issues remained in keen demand, notwithstanding an official denial of rumors that foreign exchange controls might be instituted. Firm assurances were given Wednesday that no further devaluation of the franc is anticipated, and rentes finally were marked higher in that session. French equities were liquidated, while oil stocks reflected the interest shown in such shares at London. The international section remained in favor. After a cheerful opening on Thursday, unsettlement again was occasioned by the Bank of France transfer of 3,000,000,000 francs gold to the stabilization fund. Rentes dipped sharply, and French bank, utility, chemical and other equities also were soft. Renewed buying of international issues were noted. Dealings yesterday again reflected fears of devaluation, for rentes dipped and most other securities also receded. International issues were firm.

Rather surprisingly, the Berlin Boerse failed on Monday to reflect the enthusiasm that presumably should be felt in all German circles after Chancellor Hitler makes an announcement, as he did last Saturday. Prices drifted slightly lower in a dull market, with some of the heavy industrial issues off a point or more. Dealings were very light throughout the session. The situation was unchanged on Tuesday, with leading speculative issues off and others hardly traded at all. Fixed-interest obligations were neglected. Nor was there any change on Wednesday, for the Berlin market continued to ease on exceptionally light trading. Most losses

were measured in small fractions, but a few issues suffered larger recessions. A better tone finally appeared on Thursday, owing to increased dividend payments by some of the large companies. Heavy industrial stocks regained a part of their earlier losses, and other issues also reflected better demand. The good tone was continued in more active trading at Berlin yesterday, and some extensive gains were recorded.

#### World Armaments

HILE leading European nations are attempting to find some basis upon which they can discuss a general settlement of differences, all countries in the world continue to arm at a frantic rate, which is perhaps the best available indication of real sentiments regarding efforts to maintain peace. Recent reports disclose an ever higher piling of armaments upon armaments in European countries. The French Parliament concluded last Tuesday a protracted debate on national defense, in which such matters were touched upon as the nationalization of armaments factories, coordination of defense and military services, extension of fortifications, augmentation of the navy and motorization of land forces. The debate ended with full approval of the policy of the Blum regime, which calls for an outlay of 19,000,000,000 francs this year, and a supplementary program calling for expenditure of a further 19,000,000,000 francs spread over the next four years. It would seem, if London estimates are correct, that German military expenditures for the current year far outdo even those of France. After careful investigation, British experts are reported to have arrived at the estimate of 12,600,000,-000 marks as the arms cost this year. French increases, of course, are designed chiefly to match the headlong rearmament of the Reich. It was reported from Berlin some weeks ago that the German side of the Polish border is being fortified, hastily. Further reports now indicate that Poland is paying the Reich a like compliment, as a "Maginot" line is to be built in Poland, facing German territory.

#### **European Conciliation**

ERMAN arguments in the lengthy European diplomatic debate on conciliation and a possible general settlement were were presented last Saturday by Chancellor Adolf Hitler, in the course of a two-hour address before the all-Nazi Reichstag. The references to foreign affairs made by the German leader were considered rather negative in London, Paris and elsewhere, but it was admitted that a basis for further discussions seems to exist. Indeed, close examination of the pronouncements occasioned an increase of optimism in the British and French chancelleries. Herr Hitler furnished only a modest Saturday "surprise" in the form of a declaration that the Reich solemnly repudiates the stigma of war guilt which underlies the Versailles treaty. He added that the period of surprises now is at an end, and that Germany is quite ready to cooperate with other European nations. Pains were taken to answer some of the specific points brought up recently by Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden of Great Britain, but scant reference was made to the conciliatory speech of the French Premier, Leon Blum. It would appear, however, that both the British and the French arguments were taken into consideration.

After a lengthy discourse on the internal affairs of the Reich, Chancellor Hitler turned to the international aspect of affairs and made much of the restoration of national honor during his four years of office. He declared that the German railways and the Reichsbank no longer are to be considered as administered under the Versailles regime, but this statement was rather superfluous, since the Versailles status really lapsed years ago. There followed a sweeping assertion liquidating "that part of the Versailles treaty which deprived our people of equality and degraded it to the status of an inferior nation." And Chancellor Hitler then declared annulled the confession of German responsibility for the World War, which is written into the Versailles pact. With these declarations, the German spokesman indicated that the era of diplomatic surprises is at an end. "As a State with equal rights, Germany with full loyalty henceforth will do her share in settling European problems," he added. In succeeding passages, the German leader made clear some of the bases of cooperation, as they are viewed in the Wilhelmstrasse. The demand for restoration of the colonies taken from the Reich in the war settlement was reiterated, but Germany does not desire colonies from countries not thus concerned, he said. Communism once again was scored and linked with Judaism, in accordance with one of the pet predilections of the German dictator. Herr Hitler's hatred of Communism again was expressed by a determination to prevent it from spreading in Europe. The League of Nations was criticized bitterly and Herr Hitler urged reconstitution of that body.

Some extensive references were made by Herr Hitler to the points raised at various times by Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden. The isolation that Mr. Eden urged the Reich to abandon does not exist in fact, Herr Hitler said, and he cited in support of his contention the Anglo-German naval treaty, the pacts made by the Reich with Poland and Austria, the intimate collaboration with Italy and the anti-Communist pact with Japan. Little patience was expressed with the aim of the British Foreign Secretary to prevent Europe from being split into two factions. The Versailles treaty first did just that by aligning Europe in opposing camps of victorious and defeated nations, Herr Hitler remarked, while of late the tendency has been toward Communist and anti-Communist opposition. But the German Chancellor also tried to be reassuring, as to some countries. With France, he stated, German has no quarrel, and it was added that there are no humanly conceivable points of dispute. The German Government has assured Belgium and Holland that it is prepared to recognize and guarantee the inviolability of their territories. Cordial relations are maintained by the Reich with Yugoslavia, Hungary, Bulgaria, Turkey and Greece. On the question of armaments, Herr Hitler was aloof and conciliatory, by turns. He declared that only Berlin can determine the arms needed by the Reich, just as London alone can fix the limits of British armaments. But he also made much of the offers formerly made for a standing army of 300,000 men, if France and Great Britain would agree not to exceed that figure, while reference was made similarly to the suggestion of some years ago for equality with France and Great Britain in the air. International views on these pronouncements by

the German leader naturally varied, but in most capitals it was admitted that a basis for further diplomatic negotiations apparently remains. It was recognized even in the German capital that the speech really presented no surprises, since the repudiation of the war guilt clause and the full restoration of sovereignty over the German railways and the Reichsbank do not mean much. In London a little disappointment seemed to prevail, possibly because Herr Hitler maintained the German viewpoint on colonies so firmly. British spokesmen have stated categorically on a number of occasions that no question of relinquishing colonies can be brought up in London. In British references to Herr Hitler's address, not a great deal was said on this matter. The British complaint was simply that the speech was negative, but it also was indicated quite definitely that hope for German cooperation in a European settlement has not been abandoned. The French authorities took a far more positive stand on the speech. Foreign Minister Yvon Delbos declared in a speech last Sunday that Germany and France appear to desire the same ends, but differed as to methods. France remains ready to try all means of reaching an accord, he said, but he also added that the German wish to exclude Soviet Russia from negotiations hardly is admissible. In Czechozlovakia some concern was expressed over the failure of Chancellor Hitler even to mention that country. Comments in Moscow naturally were caustic.

Of lesser importance, but indicative of the trend of European diplomacy, are conversations in Milan between the Italian and Turkish Foreign Ministers, regarding problems of mutual interest. These talks were started Wednesday, with the general aim of obtaining Italian adherence to the Montreux treaty permitting Turkey to refortify the Dardanelles. Just what terms Italy might exact in return for such a gesture caused concern in a number of capitals. German Government influence has occasioned a decided antagonism in Italian official circles toward Communism, and it seems possible that Rome will attempt to insert a wedge between Turkey and Russia. Count Galeazzo Ciano conducted the Milan conversations for Italy, while Tewfik Rushdu Aras headed the Turkish delegation. Also of interest was another illustration of the curious lack of diplomatic finesse in German circles. Chancellor Hitler issued a brief decree last Saturday prohibiting the acceptance by German nationals of Nobel prizes, this being an obvious reference to the award of the 1935 Nobel peace prize to Dr. Carl von Ossietzky, the peace advocate imprisoned by the Nazi regime. This action created a most painful impression in Sweden, and was said in some reports to have swept away much of the goodwill toward the Reich built up in the last two years.

#### Spanish Rebellion

LITTLE change was apparent in the Spanish situation this week, other than a resumption by the insurgents of their attacks on the Mediterranean port of Malaga. The endeavor to prevent further aid from reaching either side still is in progress in London, but so far the international aspects of the conflict remain serious and threatening. France, Russia, Germany and Rome all are in agreement, according to their notes to London, regarding the advisability of halting the flow of munitions and

"volunteers" to Spain. It would seem, however, that full advantage is being taken by some countries of the interim period, before the restrictions can be declared effective. London dispatches of Wednesday stated that another large contingent of Italian "volunteers" had been landed at Cadiz to aid the Spanish insurgents. The danger of other complications was emphasized on the same day, when Spanish airplanes bombed but narrowly missed the British battleship Royal Oak, in the straits of Gibral-Rebel forces renewed early this week their attempt to take Malaga, and by Thursday the opposing armies were said to be locked in a fierce struggle. Gibraltar dispatches indicated that the rebels were closing in on the city, despite a desperate defence by loyalist contingents. In the main theater of the war, around Madrid, hardly any change was noted this week. Bad weather and deep mud hampered operations early in the week, and when the skies cleared the loyalists claimed small gains to the south of the capital.

#### The Trend in Germany

ITTLE information of a basic nature as to German plans for financial and economic procedure was revealed by Chancellor Adolf Hitler, in his long address before the Reichstag last Saturday. Reich Government finances, which are causing concern everywhere, apparently were not even touched upon. As his foremost aim, the German leader set the full execution of the four-year plan for making the Reich independent of foreign supplies and raw materials. Living standards of the German people, now extremely low, are to be improved, but the means for accomplishing this laudable purpose remain quite vague. In retrospect, Herr Hitler remarked that the livelihood of 65,000,000 Germans had to be assured, and he admitted that the creation of employment involved a ruthless exploitation of German natural resources. "It has been our aim," he continued, "to make strikes and lockouts impossible. Security now is assured by our national unity. But security does not exist by virtue of the fictitious value of money, but by virtue of real production, which gives money its value. Such production is our gold coverage, not metal which may be in the vaults of some bank."

But Chancellor Hitler also admitted subsequently that the large German population desires not only to work, but also to eat. Markets must be found at home and abroad, he said. Much of the address was given over to a laudatory account of Nazi accomplishments in recent years. A long-term program for beautifying Berlin, Hamburg, Munich and Nuremberg was announced, and other cultural enterprises also were foreshadowed. A new constitution is to be formulated as "the imperishable basic law for all Germans." Some indications of what such a constitution might contain were afforded, meanwhile, in the extreme regimentation displayed by the Nazi Reichstag. The members, dispatches state, rose with curious unanimity when their approval was required for an act continuing the current regime for another four years. "The assembly came to its feet and sat down again exactly as a well-trained company of soldiers might come to attention and relax again at the word of command," said Frederick T. Birchall, special correspondent of the New York "Times." After the Reichstag session ended, the Cabinet met, and all non-Nazi members

then were received formally into the fold. Foreign Minister Konstantin von Neurath, Finance Minister Count Lutz Schwerin von Krosigk, Economics Minister Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, and several others all embraced the faith, formally at least.

#### Russian Plots

ERRIBLE expiation has been made by 17 prominent Russians for their alleged crimes of treason, espionage, sabotage and conspiracy, for which they were tried and convicted last week, but the great questions raised by such strange trials remain. The high Soviet Court decided last Saturday that 13 of the self-confessed guilty should be put to death and the sentence was carried out on Of the remaining four, Karl Radek, Gregory Sokolnikoff, and V. V. Arnold were sentenced to imprisonment for 10 years, while M. S. Stroiloff réceived an eight-year sentence in prison. Many attempts have been made by outside observers to account for the eagerness with which the accused confessed their guilt, and in some cases even called for the direst punishment to be visited upon themselves, but it may easily be that the only real answer is to be found in the Russian temperament and the strange psychological excrescences produced by the Communistic experiment. The trials themselves, it is suggested by some who have lived long in Russia, probably are engineered largely to placate sentiment among the oppressed Russian masses and divert attention from bad records being made in various walks of economic life. Thus, Walter Duranty, special correspondent of the New York "Times," notes sagely that production of pig iron on Jan. 31 was only 67.7% of the program; steel, 76.5%, and rolled metal, 80.9%. Coal production was 85.7%, and freight car loadings only 76.2%. Leon Trotsky, from his refuge in Mexico, suggests much the same thoughts, and his views naturally carry weight, since he is accused as the arch conspirator.

#### Japanese Government

ABINET difficulties in Japan were adjusted last Saturday through the selection by Emperor Hirohito and his advisers of General Senjuro Havashi as Premier. The military branches of the government, which hold the power of veto over the formation of any regime, agreed to this selection, and a general attitude of conciliation thereupon prevailed. General Hayashi was chosen after the Army objected to General Kazushige Ugaki as Premier, and it would seem that the militarists had things very much their own way. Despite this obvious fact, however, Japanese business and financial leaders were reliably reported as relieved over the outcome of the crisis. Spokesmen of the high military command insisted that the militarists were not trying to impose a Fascist regime or a military dictatorship on the country, which probably aided sentiment somewhat. General Hayashi found it a bit difficult to form a complete Ministerial list, and he announced last Tuesday that he would assume not only the Premiership, but also the Foreign Affairs and Education posts, for the time being. The Finance Ministry will be headed by Toyotaro Yuki, President of the Industrial Bank of Japan, while staunch militarists naturally occupy the Army and Navy posts. In order to provide time for the formulation of policies, the Diet was requested to remain in suspension until Feb. 10.

#### Discount Rates of Foreign Central Banks

HERE have been no changes during the week in the discount rates of any of the foreign central Present rates at the leading centers are banks. shown in the table which follows:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FOREIGN CENTRAL BANKS

Country	Rate in Effect Feb. 5	Date Established	Pre- vious Rate	Country	Rate in Effect Feb. 5	Date Established	Pre- vious Rate
Argentina	31/2	Mar., 1 1936	415, 2	Holland	2	Dec. 2 1936	236
Austria	31/2	July 10 1935	4	Hungary	4	Aug. 28 1935	416
Batavia	4	July 1 1935	416	India		Nov. 29 1935	31/2
Belgium	2	May 15 1935	21/2	Ireland	3	June 30 1932	31/2
Bulgaria	6	Aug. 15 1935	7	Italy	416	May 18 1936	5
Canada	21/2	Mar. 11 1935		Japan	3.29	Apr. 6 1936	3.65
Chile	4	Jan. 24 1935	41/2	Java	3	Jan. 14 1937	4
Colombia	4	July 18 1933	5	Jugoslavia _	5	Feb. 1 1935	614
Czechoslo-	7.5		ti leta	Lithuania	51/2	July 1 1936	6
vakia	3	Jan. 1 1936	31/2	Morocco		May 28 1935	416
Danzig	5	Oct. 21 1935	6	Norway	5	Dec. 5 1936	31/2
Denmark	4	Oct. 19 1936	31/2	Poland		Oct. 25 1933	6
England	2	June 30 1932	21/2	Portugal	5	Dec. 13 1934	516
Estonia	5	Sept. 25 1934	51/2	Rumania	41/2	Dec. 7 1934	6
Finland	4 2	Dec. 4 1934	41/2	South Africa	31/2	May 15 1933	4
France		Jan. 28 1937	2	Spain		July 10 1935	51/2
Germany		Sept. 30 1932	5	Sweden		Dec. 1 1933	3
Greece	6	Jan. 4 1937	7	Switzerland	11/2	Nov. 25 1936	2

#### Foreign Money Rates

IN LONDON open market discount rates for short bills on Friday were 9-16% as against 9-16% on Friday of last week, and 9-16@5/8% for three months' bills, as against 9-16@5% on Friday of last week. Money on call in London on Friday was ½%. At Paris the open market rate remains at 41/4% and in Switzerland at  $1\frac{1}{4}\%$ .

#### Bank of England Statement

THE statement for the week ended Feb. 3 shows a gain of £107,277 in gold holdings raising the total to £314,167,237 which compares with £201,-187,547 a year ago. The affect of the gold increase in the direction of enlarging reserves was much more than counteracted by an expansion of £5,014,000 in circulation and consequently reserves decreased £4,-906,000. Public deposits rose £81,000 while other deposits fell off £2,485,552. Of the latter amount £2,317,547 was from bankers accounts and £168,005 from other accounts. The reserve proportion dropped to 38.70% from 41.40% a week ago; last year it was 40.66%. Loans on government securities increased £1,814,000 and those on other securities £706,563. Of the £706,563, £502,568 represented an addition to discounts and advances and £203,995 to securities. No change was made in the 2% discount Below are the figures with comparisons for several years:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Feb. 7, 1937	Feb. 5, 1936	Feb. 6, 1935	Feb. 7, 1934	Feb. 8, 1933
	£	£	£	£	£
Circulation	457,311,000	399,832,757	376.987.922	368,184,624	357.380.130
Public deposits	12,215,000	10,989,105	16,534,575	17,272,431	13,501,583
Other deposits	134,379,254	139,901,921	143,416,826	137,577,251	133,466,227
Bankers' accounts_	96,105,653	102,876,738	104,069,033	101,440,533	100,699,345
Other accounts	38,273,601	37,025,183	39,347,793	36,136,718	32,766,882
Govt. securities	80,450,953				
Other securities	27,448,378	28,294,745			
Disct. & advances_	8,520,709	14,440,137			
Securities	18,927,669	13,854,608	9,906,969		
Reserve notes & coin	56,856,000	61,354,608			45,554,211
Coin and bullion	314,167,237	201,187,547	193,022,108	191,787,025	127,934,341
Proportion of reserve		A1 - 7 - 1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1 1		KU LATERA
to liabilities	38.70%				
Bank rate	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

#### Bank of France Statement

HE weekly statement dated Jan. 29 shows a loss I in gold holdings of 3,000,000,000 francs, the first change in the item since the week of Dec. 4, 1936. Gold holdings now aggregate 57,358,742,140 francs, in comparison with 65,223,422,365 francs a year ago. French commercial bills discounted, advances against securities, and temporary advances without interest to State record increases, namely 1,344,000,000 francs, 141,000,000 francs and 374,-000,000 francs respectively. Notes in circulation

reveal a large increase of 1,143,000,000 francs, bringing the total up to 87,687,466,485 francs. A year ago circulation stood at 81,503,345,245 francs. The Bank's reserve ratio is now 54.67%, compared with 70.60% last year. Credit balances abroad register a decline of 2,000,000 francs and creditor current accounts of 1,340,000,000 francs. A comparison of the various items for three years is furnished below:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	Jan. 29, 1937	Jan. 31, 1936	Feb. 1, 1935
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
*Gold holdings	3,000,000,000	57,358,742,140	65,223,422,365	81.879.707.304
Credit bal's abr'd a French commerc'l	-2,000,000	11,360,195	9,127,502	
bills discounted	+1.344.000.000	8.515.371.112	9,210,068,050	3,555,055,879
b Bills bought abr'd	No change	1,424,320,775	1.314,685,918	
Adv. agst. securs	+141,000,000	3,701,497,007		
Note circulation	+1.143,000,000	87,687,466,485	81,503,345,245	83,344,122,130
Cred. curr. accts c Temp. advs. with-	-1,340,000,000	17,235,771,033	10,885,806,864	18,298,749,067
out int. to State		19,772,092,309		
Propor'n of gold on				
hand to sight liab	-2.75%	54.67%	70.60%	80.56%

a Includes bills purchased in France. b Includes bills discounted abroad. senting drafts of Treasury on 10-billion-franc credit opened at Bank.

a Includes only purposes.

\*\*Resenting frafts of Treasury on 10-billion-franc credit opened at Bank.

\*\*Gold holdings of the Bank were revalued Sept. 26, 1936, in accordance with devaluation legislation enacted on that date. Immediately following devaluation, 10,000,000,000 francs of the Bank's gold was taken over by the French stabilization fund, but it was announced a few days thereafter that 5,000,000,000 francs of the gold had been returned to the Bank. See notation to table "Gold Bullion in European Banks" on a subsequent page of this issue.

\*\*Motor: "Treasury bills discounted" appeared in blank in the statement of Sept. 20,000,000 frances of the gold had been returned to the second to t

Note—"Treasury bills discounted" appeared in blank in the statement of Sept. 25, as all of these bills had matured and have since been transferred to the account "Temporary advances without interest to the State."

#### Bank of Germany Statement

THE Bank's quarterly statement dated Jan. 30 showed a slight increase in gold and bullion of 40,000 marks, which brought the total up to 66,-904,000 marks. A year ago gold aggregated 76,618,-000 marks and the year before 79,782,000 marks. The proportion of gold and foreign currency to note circulation is now 1.5%, slightly lower than the previous quarter, when it was 1.7%. Last year it was 1.99%. An expansion in note circulation of 421,000,000 marks, increased the total outstanding to 4,799,774,000 marks compared with 4,097,788,000 marks a year ago. Reserves in foreign currency showed a loss of 130,000 marks and other daily maturing obligations of 47,343,000 marks. Bills of exchange and checks, advances, and investments register increases, namely 407,217,000 marks, 28,-583,000 marks and 1,005,000 marks, respectively. Below we furnish a comparison of the different items for three years:

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	Jan. 30, 1937	Jan. 31, 1936	Jan. 31, 1935
Assets-	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks
Gold and bullion	+40.000	66.904.000	76.618.000	79,782,000
Of which depos. abr'd	-8,606,000	18,063,000	20,264,000	
Res've in for'n currency	-130,000	5.411.000		
Bills of exch. & checks_	+407,217,000	4,858,062,000		3.620.884.000
Silver and other coin	-85,689,000			221,463,000
Advances	+28,583,000			
Investments	+1,005,000			759.481.000
Other assets	+32,285,000			610,401,000
Notes in circulation	+421,000,000	4,799,774,000	4.097.788.000	3.660.096.000
Oth, daily matur, oblig.	-47,343,000			
Other liabilities	+10,301,000			
Propor'n of gold & for'n	,20-,000	0-0,.02,000	,_00,000	,501,000
curr. to note circula'n		1.5%	1.99%	2.30%

#### New York Money Market

SLIGHT hardening of rates on longer maturities of bankers acceptances was the only reflection in the money market this week of the week-end announcement by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System that reserve requirements will be increased progressively to the full extent permitted under present law. Bills due in 30 and 60 days were unchanged, as they will be payable before the reserve requirement increase takes full effect. Bid and asked levels were raised 1-16% on three and four months bills, while for five and six months bills the bid level was raised  $\frac{1}{8}\%$  and the ask level 1-16%. Commercial paper rates were unchanged. Little business was done in such sections of the market, as a spirit of caution naturally prevailed after the announcement. The Treasury sold last Monday an issue of \$50,000,000 discount bills due in 273 days, and awards made at an average discount of 0.401%, computed on an annual bank discount basis. Call loans held to 1% on the New York Stock Exchange, and time money remained available at 1½% for all maturities to six months, but rumors were in circulation that these rates may be raised. The comprehensive New York Stock Exchange tabulation of brokers loans, covering the month of January, reflects a decline of such loans in the amount of \$25,053,069, to a total of \$1,026,372,092.

#### New York Money Rates

DEALING in detail with call loan rates on the Stock Exchange from day to day, 1% was the ruling quotation all through the week for both new loans and renewals. The market for time money is still at a standstill, no transactions having been reported this week. Rates continue nominal at 1¼% for all maturities. The supply of prime commercial paper has shown moderate improvement this week and the market has been correspondingly active. Rates are ¾% for choice names running from four to six months and 1% for names less known.

#### Bankers' Acceptances

HE market for prime bankers' acceptances has been very quiet this week. The demand continues good but bills are still very scarce. Rates were advanced on Monday 1-16 of 1% in the bid and asked columns for 90 and 120 day bills and 1/8 of 1% in the bid column and 1-16 of 1% in the asked column for bills running for 150 and 180 days. Official quotations as issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for bills up to and including 60 days are 5-16% bid and  $\frac{1}{4}$ % asked; three and four months, 7-16% bid and 3/8% asked; for five and six months,  $\frac{5}{8}\%$  bid and  $\frac{1}{2}\%$  asked. The bill-buying rate of the New York Reserve Bank is ½% for bills running from 1 to 90 days,  $\frac{3}{4}\%$  for 91- to 120-day bills and 1% for 121- to 180-day bills. The Federal Reserve Bank's holdings of acceptances remain unchanged at \$3,081,000. Open market dealers are quoting the same rates as those reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The rates for open market acceptances are as follows:

Prime eligible bills	Bid 5/8	Asked 1/2	Bid 5/8	Asked	Bid 716	Asked 3/8
Prime eligible bills	Bid	Days—Asked	60 D Bid 516	Asked 34	30 L Bid 516	Asked
FOR DEL Eligible member banks Eligible non-member banks.				DAYS		%% bid

#### Discount Rates of the Federal Reserve Banks

THERE have been no changes this week in the rediscount rates of the Federal Reserve banks. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate in Effect on Feb. 5	Date Established	Previous Rate
Boston. New York Philadelphia Cleveland. Richmond Atlanta Chicago. St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco.	2 11/4 2 11/4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Feb. 8 1934 Feb. 2 1934 Jan. 17 1935 May 11 1935 May 9 1935 Jan. 14 1935 Jan. 19 1935 Jan. 3 1935 May 14 1935 May 10 1935 May 10 1935 May 8 1935 Feb. 16 1934	2½ 2 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½

#### Course of Sterling Exchange

CTERLING exchange is dull and on several occasions this week ruled at as low levels as at any time since Jan. 1. This is contrary to the normal seasonal trend. There is an element of uncertainty in important quarters respecting the future course of foreign exchange and the monetary arrangements of the several nations adhering to the tripartite currency agreement. The direction of money rates appears also to be in doubt, a factor of importance to foreign exchange. The range for sterling this week has been between \$4.883/4 and \$4.90 1-16 for bankers' sight bills, compared with a range of between \$4.895% and \$4.91 last week. The range for cable transfers has been between \$4.88 3-16 and \$4.901/8, compared with a range of between \$4.89 11-16 and \$4.91 1-16 a week ago.

The increase announced on Jan. 31 of 33 1-3% in the reserve requirements of member banks is likely to exert an important influence on future exchange and money rates. The present action of the Federal Reserve Board increases reserve requirements to the full extent allowed by law. Details of the increase are given in our news columns. The action has been expected for some time and is viewed as part of a movement to effect an advance in both short- and long-term money rates.

Present short-term rates are unprofitable to bankers and the low rates on the best security have no attraction for investors. The abundance and low yield of government issues have long been regarded as a source of credit and currency inflation which, if not controlled, must eventually disturb the steadiness of foreign exchange relations. Since the action of the Federal Reserve Board there has already been evidence of a higher trend in time money, bank acceptances, and commercial paper here.

It should be noted that London bankers have for some time been advocating higher money rates on the ground that the prevalent low rates have ceased to act as a stimulant to trade activity. Gilt-edged issues in London have been neglected for the past year or more and even more conservative elements have been turning attention to somewhat speculative issues. London bankers have been urging an increase in yields on Treasury paper as a sure method of making first-class private issues more attractive to the investing public.

Government authorities have long resisted suggestions of this type, but it is now believed that the logic of the bankers' position can hardly be longer denied. It is not believed in either London or New York that any degree of firmness which the markets may assume will remotely approach hardness. Though money rates should advance much further in both markets, accommodation would still be extremely reasonable for all classes of business.

It is a known fact that between the extremely low market rates of the past several years and the small volume of international trade the London discount houses have almost ceased to function. Were it not for the intervention of Government authorities in the money markets here and in London, neither the British Treasury nor Washington could succeed in obtaining accommodation as low as has been secured for more than a year. On an average yield basis United States Treasury bonds were 2.10% on Dec. 8, and on Jan. 30 they were selling to yield

2.22%. Such low yields on Treasurys are not helpful to bond offerings of business enterprises, and were it not for the influence of the Treasury Department with the banks it would be impossible for Government issues to find acceptance through private investment.

The London position is much the same. British War Loan 3½s have been quoted in the past few days at £1035%. Expanding business needs here and in London will undoubtedly require more funds, but the available supply in both markets is so large that business will not run out of credit for a long time. Mr. Edwin Fisher, chairman of Barclays Bank recently pointed out:

"Cheap money is one of the traditional correctives for industrial depression and there is little doubt that the availability of large funds for employment, at low rates of interest, has been a factor in the revival of industry in this country. Very properly it acts as a stimulus to business; but it is necessary to guard against the danger of too much emphasis being placed on the importance of cheap money and too little on those other essentials which are necessary for the maintenance of healthy conditions, in which alone real prosperity can be assured.

"The general recovery which we are now experiencing undoubtedly owed its initial impetus to the wise action of the Government, which took the courageous step of placing our national finances on a sound basis and thus restoring confidence in sterling, not only at home, but also abroad. The extent of the faith in our currency is evidenced by the fact that certain people in foreign countries have been content to invest their resources in Bank of England notes for hoarding purposes despite the fact that the money so invested produces nothing by way of interest.

"The Right Honorable Reginald McKenna, Chairman of the Midland Bank, took occasion to point out the many favorable aspects of British business but said: 'Despite these favorable factors, cheap and abundant money provides a fertile filed for the growth of adverse influences which are likely to cause an upward spiral of costs and prices if left uncontrolled.'"

Lord Wardington, Chairman of Lloyds Bank, Ltd., in his annual reports coincides closely with Mr. Fisher of Barclays Bank, Ltd. They and all British bankers are strongly urging the necessity of taking all possible measures to increase foreign trade before the two chief causes of present British internal activity, building and rearmament, come to an end.

None of the London bankers seem greatly disturbed by the unfavorable trade balance of Great Britain, which now amounts to approximately £36,-000,000. It is believed that this visible balance will be completely offset by invisible returns. Although the need for greater exports is emphasized in London, there seems to be fairly general agreement that the prospect is slowly improving. World trade in 1936 showed a great advance over that of 1935 and even the least optimistic believe that the coming year will show still further international trade activity and a corresponding improvement in foreign exchange volume, though it must be admitted that trade recovery is far from attaining the high level which prevailed before the abandonment of gold by Great Britain in 1931. The American foreign trade position is far from satisfactory so far as the visible

balance is concerned. For the whole of 1936 United States trade showed the smallest merchandise export surplus since 1893, being only \$34,200,000 as compared with \$235,300,000 in 1935, with \$1,036,900,000 in 1928, and with \$691,400,000 even in 1913.

Money rates in Lombard Street continue unchanged, although it is believed that the clearing banks will soon take measures to move rates upward a fraction in order to benefit the discount houses. Two-and three-months' bills are 9-16%, fourmonths' bills 19-32%, and six-months' bills  $21_{5}32\%$ .

All the gold on offer in the London open market continues to be taken for unknown destination. Much of it is believed to be shipped to the United States. Since early in January 1936 the total gold received from England at New York has reached approximately \$235,000,000. On Saturday last there was on offer in the London open market £457,000, on Monday £253,000, on Tuesday £403,000, on Wednesday £210,000, on Thursday £383,000, and on Friday £301,000.

At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week ended Feb. 3, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was as follows:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK, JAN. 28-FEB. 3, INCLUSIVE:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW	TORK, JAN. 28-FEB. 3, INCLU
Imports	Exports
\$10,802,000 from England	. v. la . Policija i policija i jedačana dre o
1,697,000 from Canada	None
1,677,000 from Switzerland	
123,000 from India	
\$14,299,000 total	
V . 61 . 6 11 1	

Net Change in Gold Earmarked for Foreign Account Decrease: \$174,000

 $\it Note$ —We have been notified that approximately \$42,000 of gold was received at San Francisco from Australia.

The above figures are for the week ended on Wednesday. On Thursday \$3,650,400 of gold was received of which \$1,696,800 came from Canada, \$122,500 from India and \$1,831,100 from Switzerland. There were no exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account. On Friday there were no imports or exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account.

Canadian exchange during the week ranged between a discount of 3-32% and par.

The following tables show the mean London check rate on Paris, the London open market gold price, and the price paid for gold by the United States:

MEAN LONDON CHE	CK RATE	ON PARIS
Saturday, Jan. 30	Thursday,	Feb. 4105.09
LONDON OPEN MA	RKET GOL	D PRICE
Saturday, Jan. 30142s. Monday, Feb. 1142s. ½d. Tuesday, Feb. 2142s.	Thursday,	Feb. 4142s.
PRICE PAID FOR GOLD BY TH RESERVE		STATES (FEDERAL
Saturday, Jan. 30       \$35.00         Monday, Feb. 1       35.00         Tuesday, Feb. 2       35.00	Thursday,	Feb. 4 35.00

Referring to day-to-day rates sterling exchange on Saturday last was inclined to ease in a limited market. Bankers' sight was \$4.89 11-16@\$4.89¾, cable transfers \$4.89¾, @\$4.89 13-16. On Monday sterling was dull but steady. The range was \$4.89 7-16@\$4.89 11-16 for bankers' sight bills and \$4.89½, @\$4.89¾ for cable transfers. On Tuesday the pound was slightly more active. Bankers' sight was \$4.89¾, @\$4.90 1-16 and cable transfers were \$4.89 13-16@\$4.90⅓. On Wednesday exchange on London was steady with trading limited. The range was \$4.89¾, @\$4.90 1-16 for bankers' sight and \$4.89 13-16@\$4.90⅓ for cable transfers. On

Thursday sterling was steady. The rate was \$4.89 3-16@\$4.895% for bankers' sight and \$4.891/4 @\$4.893/4 for cable transfers. On Friday fluctuations were narrow, the market more active. The range was \$4.883/4 @\$4.89 5-16 for bankers' sight bills and \$4.88 13-16 @\$4.893/8 for cable transfers. Closing quotations on Friday were \$4.89 3-16 for demand and \$4.891/4 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at \$4.89 3-16 60-day bills at \$4.88 7-16, 90-day bills at \$4.88 3-16, documents for payment (60 days) at \$4.88 7-16, and seven-day grain bills at \$4.883/4. Cotton and grain for payment closed at \$4.89 3-16.

#### Continental and Other Foreign Exchange

THE French franc situation shows no essential improvement, although following the increase in the bank rate from 2% to 4% the spot rate for francs moved up promptly. For some weeks previous to the raising of the rate the mean London check rate on Paris ruled around 105.15. On Friday of last week the rate went to 105.10. On several occasions in the past few days the London check rate on Paris was firmer and on Monday ruled as high as 104.98. Now the rate is gradually moving further against Paris. This applies to the spot rate with which the exchange equalization fund concerns itself.

All markets are bearish on the franc outlook so that future francs are at a sharp discount. In midweek 30-day francs were at a discount of 51/4 points under spot and the discount on 90 days had widened to  $13\frac{1}{4}$  from  $11\frac{1}{2}$  on Monday. French money continued to move into other markets, especially into London and New York. The increasing discount on forward francs, the popularity of international stocks in Paris, imposing an additional strain upon French money, and the transfer of 3,000,000,000 francs in gold from the Bank of France to the French stabilization fund point to another impending crisis in the franc. At present it is apparent that there is substandtial opposition to the government within the French Chamber. It has been evident for some time that despite some indications of improvement in the French economic position following the latest devaluation, there is not sufficient confidence in the Government to induce French capital to return to France. On the contrary there are frequent developments which merely frighten more out.

In Amsterdam the plight of the franc is having a disquieting effect. It is pointed out there that in view of the record adverse trade balance and the extremely unfavorable position of the French Government's finances, all factors indicate that chiefly because of new economic experiments in France and the political uncertainty there devaluation of the franc has proved ineffective. Commentators in London have frequently asserted in recent weeks their expectation that the franc may drop to 112 to the pound.

The German mark situation shows no change for the better. The quoted rates for the so-called free or gold mark are steady around 40.24 but these quotations are fixed by the Reichsbank and there are no free marks avabilable to the market, while all the registered or blocked marks are at severe discounts. The Reichsbank statement for Jan. 30 showed gold holdings of only 66,900,000 marks and reserve ratio of 1.51%.

However precarious the position of the mark, German authorities are confidently pointing to economic improvement and steadiness of the currency. Only a few days ago Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, Minister of Economics and President of the Reichsbank, reviewed Germany's finances during the four years of Nazi rule and mentioned four features which, he said, aided in the attainment of success: Financing of extensive public works and armament programs; the policy of paying off foreign debts which, he asserted, netted Germany a book profit of 8,000,-000,000 marks or more within the period (this profit accrued to the German authorities as a result of the devaluation of other currencies—chiefly the United States dollar and the former gold bloc units); commercial policy which, he said, consisted in the last analysis of "buying what we want, not what others want to sell:" stability of currency.

The following table shows the relation of the leading European currencies to the United States dollar

	Old Dollar Parity	New Dollar Parity a	Range This Week
France (franc)	3.92	6.63	4.65 to 4.663
Belgium (belga)	13.90	16.95	16.86½ to 16.89
Italy (lira)	5.26	8.91	5.261/8 to 5.261/4
Switzerland (franc)	19.30	32.67	22.84 1/2 to 22.901/2
Holland (guilder)	40.20	68.06	54.751/2 to 54.77

a New dollar parity as before devaluation of the European currencies between Sept. 25 and Oct. 5, 1936.

The London check rate on Paris closed on Friday at 105.14, against 105.10 on Friday of last week. In New York sight bills on the French center finished at 4.64%, against 4.65% on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 4.65 7-16, against 4.66. Antwerp belgas closed at 16.871/8 for bankers' sight and at 16.88 for cable transfers, against 16.851/2 and 16.86. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 40.24 for bankers' sight bills and 40.24½ for cable transfers, in comparison with 40.24 and 40.24½. Italian lire closed at 5.263% for bankers' sight bills and at 5.261/2 for cable transfers, against 5.263/8 and 5.26 1/2. Austrian schillings closed at 18.70, against 18.70; exchange on Czechoslovakia at 3.49, against 3.49; on Bucharest at 0.74, against 0.74; on Poland at 18.951/2, against  $18.95\frac{1}{2}$ ; and on Finland at  $2.16\frac{1}{2}$ , against  $2.16\frac{1}{2}$ . Greek exchange closed at 0.89%, against 0.89%.

EXCHANGE on the countries neutral during the war presents no new features of importance. The Scandinavian units are steady, moving in close relation to sterling. Swiss francs are only relatively firm despite the exceptionally strong position of the Swiss banks. The comparative weakness in the Swiss unit reflects fears that if the French franc is further devalued the Swiss authorities may feel compelled to follow suit. The Swiss National Bank at the end of January had gold stocks of 2,717,100,000 Swiss francs and a ratio of 96.53%.

Holland guilders have been ruling exceptionally firm for some weeks. The Dutch economic situation is showing gradual improvement and capital is constantly being repatriated. The Netherlands exchange control has again sold 50,000,000 guilders in geld to the Netherlands Bank, the third sale of like amount since early in January. It is understood that the control's total sales to the bank up to Feb. 1 amount to 300,000,000 guilders.

Spanish pesetas are not quoted in New York, but it is understood that since the end of January there has been some resumption of peseta dealing in London. If so, this would be for the first time since last September. On the basis of London quotations on Feb. 1 the peseta rate was at about 7.15 cents. In New York "red" pesetas have a nominal quota-

tion of 6.90 and the "white" or Seville pesetas are nominally quoted around 7.75 cents. It is understood that some business has been done, but it has all been contingent upon payment in Spain of the drafts drawn.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 54.76½, against 54.76½ on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 54.77, against 54.77; and commercial sight bills at 54.66, against 54.66. Swiss francs closed at 22.85½ for checks and at 22.86 for cable transfers, against 22.85½ and 22.86. Copenhagen checks finished at 21.86 and cable transfers at 21.86, against 21.88½ and 21.88½. Checks on Sweden closed at 25.23½ and cable transfers at 25.23½, against 25.27½ and 25.27½; while checks on Norway finished at 24.59½ and cable transfers at 24.59½, against 24.63½ and 24.63½. Spanish pesetas are not quoted in New York.

EXCHANGE on the South American countries presents no new features. These currencies move in close relationship to dollar-sterling exchange. The undertone of the South Americans is better than it has been in several years. The exceptionally sound position of Argentina is shown by the fact that on Feb. 2 the Argentine Republic filed a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$70,000,000 of sinking fund external conversion loan 4% bonds due Feb. 15, 1972. The proceeds of the sale of the bonds will be applied to the retirement to two 6% series, 1957 and 1960.

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Argentine paper pesos closed on Friday, official quotations, at 32½ for bankers' sight bills, against 32.65 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 32½, against 32.65. The unofficial or free market close was 30.10@30.25 against 30½@30.15. Brazilian milreis, official rates, closed at 8.75, against 8.75. The unofficial or free market in milreis is 6.10@6.20, against 6.15@6.20. Chilean exchange is nominally quoted at 5.19, against 5.19. Peru is nominal at 26¼, against 26⅓.

EXCHANGE on the Far Eastern countries shows no new developments. The Japanese yen has for some time shown a tendency toward weakness as the Japanese financial situation is greatly disturbed because of cabinet difficulties arising from the conflict between the military and parliamentary forces. Other Far Eastern currencies follow closely the dollar-sterling rate.

Closing quotations for yen checks yesterday were 28.53, against 28.50 on Friday of last week. Hongkong closed at  $30.51@30^{5}\%$ , against 30.61@30 11-16; Shanghai at 29.85@30, against 297%@30 1-16; Manila at 501/2, against 503/8; Singapore at 571/2, against 575/8; Bombay at 37.02, against 37.07; and Calcutta at 37.02, against 37.07.

#### Gold Bullion in European Banks

THE following table indicates the amounts of gold bullion (converted into pounds sterling at par of exchange) in the principal European banks as of respective dates of most recent statements reported to us by special cable yesterday (Friday); comparis ins are shown for the corresponding dates in the previous four years:

Banks of-	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
	£	£	£	£	£
England	314,167,237	201,187,547	193,022,108	191,787,025	127.934,341
France	458,869,937	521,787,379	655,038,218	614,883,627	655,151,335
Germany b.	2,442,050	2.817.700	2,928,900	16,192,500	39,208,600
Spain	c87,323,000	90.123.000	90,714,000	90.462.000	90,349,000
Italy	a42,575,000	42,575,000	62,731,000	76,666,000	63,095,000
Netherlands	68,298,000	55,726,000	67,960,000	76,603,000	86,045,000
Nat. Belg	105,401,000	97.088.000	72,860,000	78,433,000	74,427,000
Switzerland	83,495,000	46,825,000	69,112,000	67,518,000	88,965,000
Sweden	25.504.000	23,677,000	15.953,000	14,545,000	11,439,000
Denmark	6,551,000	6,555,000	7.395,000	7.398,000	7,397,000
Norway	6,603,000	6,602,000	6,852,000	6,574,000	8,015,000
Total week.	1,201,229,224	1.094.963.626	1.244.566.226	1,241,062,152	1.252.026.276
	1,220,978,647				

a Amount held Oct. 29, 1935; latest figures available. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which is now reported as £903,150. c Amount held Aug. 1, 1936; latest figures available.

Note—The par of exchange of the French franc cannot be exactly determined, as yet, since the legislation enacted Sept. 26, 1936 empowers the Government to fix the franc's gold content somewhere between 43 and 49 milligrams. However, calculated on the basis on which the Bank of France has revalued its gold holdings, the parity between francs and pounds sterling is approximately 165 francs to the pound (the old parity was about 125 francs to the pound). It is on this new basis that we have here converted the French Bank's gold holdings from francs to pounds.

#### Cooperative Societies and the New Deal

Whether President Roosevelt, in sending a roving commission to Europe last summer to study the operation of cooperative societies, had in mind to buttress himself with up-to-date information before recommending some encouragement to cooperation to Congress, or sought merely to postpone a decision on a controversial matter which was being pressed upon him, has been for some time a subject of speculation. It was believed at the time that the move was inspired by Secretary Wallace, who presumably expected support for consumer cooperatives from the farmers, many of whom had for years been marketing their crops through cooperative associations, but there was no evidence that his interest was widely shared elsewhere at Washington. Where such leaders of the cooperative movement as were not farmers stood on the question was not known. The fact that the previous Congress, however, had had before it the Scott Consumers' Credit bill, which contemplated the creation of a consumers' advisory council with \$500,000 for expenses and an appropriation of \$75,000,000 to launch a central bank to finance consumer cooperatives, was a suggestive indication that some, at least, of the cooperative leaders were thinking in terms of a Federal grant, and the failure of the bill in the House did not mean that it might not be revived.

If some of the claims and predictions put forward at the tenth biennial congress of the Cooperative League of the United States, held at Columbus, Ohio, early in last October, are to be taken at their face value, the profit system as a method of doing business is marked for extinction as cooperation advances. The delegates felicitated themselves over the rapid gains which cooperation was reported to be making, especially in the central West, Secretary Wallace was praised for his "missionary work" in speaking in behalf of a "cooperative in place of a competitive economy," and copies of a bulletin of the Department of Labor, issued two years previously to inform the public regarding the "organization and management of consumers' cooperative associations and clubs," were distributed. The cooperative electrical power plants financed by the Rural Electrification Administration were cited by one speaker as, in his opinion, "only the beginning of complete cooperative ownership of the system of furnishing electricity to ourselves." While pains were taken to identify cooperation with the private ownership of property and to keep it separate from socialism, communism or fascism, the emphasis was placed upon consumer ownership of the economic system. As summarized by a correspondent of the New York "Times," "the program of the movement, until the League meets two years hence, is to displace the profit system by the approved capitalistic method of free competition. When the competitive pressure of a cooperative becomes too much for any profit enterprise, the latter is to have an opportunity to transform itself into a cooperative without losing the ownership of its fixed capital. The substance of the arrangement is that the yield on the fixed capital will thereafter be restricted to the prevailing interest rate, while the goods and services of the enterprise will thereafter be supplied to consumers at cost."

Not all of the delegates shared the enthusiasm of those who professed to see the early control by cooperative societies of the larger part of the production and distribution of the country, nor was everyone eager to accept Federal aid. The veteran President of the League, Dr. James P. Warbasse, warned the congress against the dangers of political control, and insisted that the movement was non-political and should not risk entanglement with government. In spite of the warning, however, the League resolved in favor of dropping the "rural" limitation from the Rural Electrification Administration so that all classes of consumers might be reached, and of the creation by Congress of "an agency similar to the Farm Credit Administration for the purpose of assisting consumers' cooperative housing activities through the provision of low-priced credit."

If Federal subsidies such as the League called for or the Scott bill contemplated are granted, the cooperative movement will be added to the long list of agencies, State as well as Federal, through which private enterprise is being systematically attacked. Channing E. Sweitzer, managing director of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, pointed out some time ago that in 34 States members of incorporated consumer cooperatives are exempted from individual liability if the organization fails, that in some States exemption from various taxes is also granted, and that farmers' cooperative organizations are exempt under Federal law from the payment of Federal income taxes on the proceeds from sales on which dividends to members are paid. A committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States has called special attention to consumers' cooperatives as enterprises to which "it is improper for governmental agencies to extend preferential treatment by means of tax exemption, financing or other aid," on the obvious ground that such enterprises "are but another form of competitive force seeking to win the support and patronage of the American consumer." In an address before the annual convention of the National Association of Retail Secretaries at New York, on Jan. 19. Colonel C. O. Sherrill, President of the American Retail Federation, pointed out that discriminating government subsidies which gave cooperatives an advantage in distribution "might also allow the development of a form of dangerous racketeering in the promotion of consumers' cooperatives at the hands of unscrupulous and skillful demagogues who, with an evangelical appeal, might easily secure large numbers of memberships to organizations that probably never would be designed to come into successful operation."

Whether consumer cooperation, if it attained the country-wide dimensions which some of its enthusiastic supporters hope for, would help or hinder the organized labor movement is an open question, but at the moment the two undertakings profess, at least, a desire to work together. In a message addressed to the League congress at Columbus, William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor, after expressing the fear that the cooperatives "may become merely the means of helping low-paid workers to exist on a mere pittance," declared that trade unions and the cooperatives "must go hand in hand" in raising the standard of living, and

that the cooperative movement "can do much to build up its alliance with labor by insisting that the goods sold in cooperatives are manufactured under fair labor standards, by demanding the union label, and by encouraging employees of cooperatives to organize in unions." The Federation, he added, "is ready to work with any constructive movement for consumers' cooperation. We realize what cooperation can mean to wage earners and are anxious to see a strong and lasting movement built up in this country." The League replied by passing a resolution in favor of cooperation with organized labor and agriculture "to the fullest extent possible," and voted to send a fraternal delegate to the coming convention of the Federation.

Colonel Sherrill's reference to "an evangelical appeal" points to one of the striking characteristics of the cooperative movement, namely, the combination of crusading and reforming zeal with which the claims of cooperation are urged. The New York "Times" correspondent at Columbus commented on the "evangelical earnestness" with which the delegates discussed the outlook for a system of nonprofit organizations under consumer control. There is no doubt that the leaders of the movement look forward to effecting, through its agency, a fundamental change in the present economic system, and that some of them appear willing to jeopardize the present independence by soliciting Federal financial aid. Dr. Warbasse, who is not to be accounted a radical, characterized the movement as one "which can and will Americanize our still un-Americanized national economic establishment" and commended it to those who "believe in social planning," while the Scott bill, using more elevated language, announced the purpose "to extend democracy into the economic field, reduce maladjustments between demand and supply, and control and reduce the uneconomic exactions of monopoly."

Nothing could do more to discredit cooperation than to force it out of its proper sphere, tie its organization to a Federal subsidy and the supervision of a Federal board, and make its membership the plaything of any Administration that saw political advantage in using it. In rural areas and small urban communities, where the population is relatively homogeneous and stable, consumer cooperatives have performed, and may continue to perform, a useful service. They are ill fitted to operate in populous communities where a variety of distributing services is available, where chain and department stores doing a large business are able to sell with a small margin of profit, and where population is constantly changing. The menace of cooperation to private business enterprise lies in the revolutionary nature of its economic program, its inherent hostility to profits and hence to capitalist methods of production and distribution, its apparent belief that a nation's business can be successfully carried on by methods appropriate only to a small community or local group, and the possibility that it may become, through Federal subsidies, tax exemptions or other favors, another institution for whose maintenance and extension the consuming public whose interests it professes to serve will have to pay. American business may well look with suspicion upon the whole movement if it aspires to erect what it calls "a cooperative economic democracy of America" on the basis of Treasury grants, discriminating legislation and political control.

## Administrative Commands and Democracy

When the monarch was a law unto himself and his people, irresponsible and irresistible, it was with gracious condescension that he, sometimes and when it pleased him to conceal the mailed fist within the velvet glove, expressed his potent commands to his loyal and obedient subjects in the amiable and dulcet tones of invitation or request. They were none the less commands, and the mightiest and most subborn of subjects only saved something of their amour propre by feigning to acquiesce in an invitation, while actually and consciously yielding an enforceable obedience to the implacable command of admitted authority. Thus, in the polite fiction that a mere formula of words transformed that which must be obeyed and made of it an invitation which none could be so bold as to decline, there originated the maxim which asserts that the royal invitation is a royal command to which but one response, acceptable, is admissible.

It is indeed strange that in 1937, when the authority of the few remaining monarchs has diminished to a point where it is almost wholly without substantial content, there should be, in the United States, where every citizen has been declared equal, a recrudescence of this outworn dogma. Yet, when the head of a great manufacturing corporation declined, a few days ago, the invitation of one of the President's subordinates, on the ground that acceptance involved negotiation with one whom he believed to be in conspiracy with ex-employees of the enterprise unlawfully to exclude it from the possession and operation of corporate property, it was gravely asserted that the underling's invitation had the full force of one from the President himself and that the President's invitation is the complete equivalent of a command. To such surprising conclusions are some men led by unreasoning faith in the verity of dogmatic assertions that have no foundation other than in the assumed authority of an imported precept.

In truth, there was never warrant for attributing mandatory force to any action, request, or direction of any American executive or President, outside of the strictly defined boundaries of his official powers. Much less was it ever warrantable to attribute compulsory force to any request of any President, or any representative of any President, to attend the person of such President or representative for any purpose whatsoever, unless, perhaps, as Chief Magistrate, the President may, if threatened with personal attack, summon in aid of his personal defense any loyal citizen actually present while the threat is genuine and impending.

Courtesy to the President is ethically due from every citizen, and the dignity of the Nation is involved in the unimpaired maintenance of the high dignity that has always appertained to the Presidency. Nevertheless, there are ascertainable limits beyond which the obligations of courtesy do not extend; the requirements of courtesy are always mutual and reciprocal, and the highest dignity is completely established only on behalf of the individual, whatever his rank or position, who commands respect by the reasonableness of his demands and by according to all equal consideration and respect. Any influence of office not thus soundly based is doomed to early impairment and to ulti-

mate disappearance. More than this, resort to such extra-legel expedients may easily defeat itself by unbecoming frequency or by palpably occurring in pursuit of ends that are not impartially determined or purposes that are narrow or partisan. A Presidential invitation can never be the equivalent of a command where commandment would be authorized and could be disobeyed with impunity. Democracy has no place for arbitrary action or for official pressure or coercion beyond the well-defined limits of official authority.

Boundaries of power do exist, and awareness of their existence should at least result in reasonableness and consideration upon both sides. In recognition of such boundaries, perhaps the most zealous officer of government might not regard it as suitable to ask gentlemen to sit down with notorious lawbreakers while the latter are almost publicly aiding and abetting crimes against society and order which the same officers of government are doing nothing to discourage or to prevent.

#### What Reward Courage?

While the Federal Administration, by the agency of Secretary Perkins, has been impotently meddling, where it could have no authority, with the relation between local manufacturing concerns and their employees or men once in their employ who have surrendered their employment by violating the terms of their contracts, and while the State of Michigan, directed by Governor Murphy, has been paltering with the violent exclusion of tens of thousands of its citizens from the right to work upon terms fully acceptable to themselves, disinterested thought inevitably turns to some of the fundamentals of sound-government.

Whatever judgment must declare concerning the propriety of assumptions of additional authority, all must agree that the primary function of government is to protect the inalienable personal rights of citizens against subversive forces actually or potentially expressed. Whenever any government, within the field of its recognized jurisdiction, refuses or omits to protect its freemen in the legitimate exercise of the right to bestow their labor in the pursuit of their own happiness and the maintenance of the lives and comfort of their dependents, upon such terms as they may elect, it has abdicated its primary prerogative, which is the preservation of the people's peace and order, and has stultified itself. Only those who can be misled by phrases which they are incapable of comprehending or which they are too careless and irresponsible to consider thoughtfully can be misled by tawdry attempts to contrast human rights with property rights. Property without humanity is inert and has neither rights nor capacity to assert any. Men and women have the right to possess and use, without injury to other men and women, those goods (property) which their industry has created and their frugality and foresight have accumulated. By the universal judgment of mankind, expressed in different ways but recognized in every realm and clime, the organ of society, government, has everywhere established a secondary human right, variously restricted, to transfer, by succession in the event of death, the personal title to such possession and use to selected successors. Precisely as every individual is entitled to security in his home, so also he has the right to go unimpeded to his labor, to exercise his chosen vocation in peace, to control although not to misuse his property, whether held in direct and immediate ownership or through that convenient device of modern industrial organization, a corporation. These are primary conceptions, not of property rights but of manhood rights. They are the bare essentials of freedom; whoever is denied one of them is no longer a freeman, but a slave. Any government that denies any of them, or fails to protect the humblest of its citizens in the exercise of any of them, is weak and inadequate and must amend its ways or admit that it has permitted the development, within the proper field of its authority, of another government more powerful than it dares to be and currently and contumaciously exercising revolutionary functions in defiance and contempt of its existence.

It is impossible to indict a nation or a State; there is no reason to believe that any preponderating public sentiment, in Michigan or elsewhere, sustains any doctrine which could support a few disgruntled ex-employees in seizing and holding great manufacturing properties to the exclusion of their owners and multitudes of willing men desiring to assist in their operation, or in waylaying, molesting, and mis-handling such willing men on their way to and from their employment, or because, in independent enjoyment of their manhood rights, they have accepted employment upon terms not dictated by the numerically insignificant and usurping minority. Yet such usurpation has been in progress, and those temporarily in authority permitted its continuance, compounding its contempt of organized democracy.

Whether they are thus supine because of misapprehension of the vital principles at stake or in wilful derogation of human rights, or merely because they are deficient in courage, is almost, if not quite, beside the point. It is, however, pertinent to note the strange subservience of political officers to any meager group which presumes to entitle itself "labor" and chooses to be represented by professional intermeddlers between productive enterprise and great masses of satisfied workingmen. suddenly called from the activities of private life to positions of prominence and leadership in public affairs seem especially to fear political penalties should they act bravely for the protection of individual human rights, but some even among experienced politicians palpably and vastly exaggerate the power at the polls of such meager minorities. Intimidated, they weave complicated webs of weakness and indecision, falter in the performance of the simple functions entrusted to them, and by their futility undermine the governments, municipal, State or Federal, which they have sworn to protect and to preserve.

Such failures of courage, as must be obvious to every student of American history, have not even the unworthy excuse of political expediency. The few ringing words from the chief representatives of the people's government that would immediately restore order and start the arrested wheels of industry have been courageously uttered in the past, and upon every occasion popular applause has spontaneously silenced the impotent arrogance that would criticize or attack. Illustrations are abundant, and there is no precedent to the contrary. There was Governor "Jerry" Rusk of Wisconsin, who became a national figure when, sternly refusing to palter

with violence and disorder, he indomitably asserted the majesty and power of his State and, upon the instant, quelled the mob that was threatening the public peace of Milwaukee. There was Calvin Coolidge, whose prompt courage when mischiefmakers from outside Massachusetts had induced members of the police force of Boston to attempt, in conspiracy, to withdraw from its people protection against interferance with their peace and order, found expression in the utterance: "There is no right to strike against the public safety, by anybody, anywhere, at any time." This single sentence won such widespread applause that dissent was vanquished before it began, and it made a President of the United States. And there was Grover Cleveland, usually too uncompromising and direct for popularity, whose most commonly applauded acts were the suppression of an organized attack upon the right to work and violent destruction of property during the Chicago strike of 1894; the veto of a bill cutting in half the rate of fare for transportation on the elevated railroads of New York City, and his Venezuelan message, which induced Great Britain to arbitrate a South American boundary involving the integrity of the Monroe Doctrine. Academic caviling at the use of Federal troops in Chicago may not yet have ceased, but forcible denial of the right to work, wrecking of trains, and burning of cars ceased at once and has never, anywhere, recurred upon a comparable scale. The veto of the arbitrary fare bill caused Theodore Roosevelt to reverse his position on a measure for which he had voted, and without stint to praise its author. The Venezuelan message, although it may still be questioned by smaller men, profoundly advanced the cause of international arbitration and peace, provided the Monroe Doctrine with a new sanction, and vastly augmented the prestige of the United States in world affairs.

Always will it be so. The people of the United States are, in their final attitude toward brave men of sound principles, fair-minded, reasonable, and wise. They ask of their leaders leadership, convictions simply and strongly held, devotion to essential principles, and courageous resolution to act promptly and decisively in emergencies. such leadership, such devotion, and such resolution, selfishness and attack shrink invariably to insignificance, and demagogues in political life or in the organizations of so-called "labor" which seek to set up an arrogant and rebellious government intended to defy the purposes and polity of the people's government never fail to slink to their lairs, defeated, discredited and dismayed. It is certain that before long someone, somewhere, will find the courageous and simple way thus finally to put an end to the crude anomaly of the "sit-down" strike. When such courage comes to the front and such a course is uncompromisingly pursued a man will have appeared who is deserving well of his countrymen and is certain to be greatly rewarded by them.

#### After the Hitler Speech

The speech which Chancellor Hitler delivered before the Reichstag last Saturday is far and away the most important pronouncement recently made by the head of any European State. Underneath the ornate and rather heavy rhetoric which the Chancellor is accustomed to use, the speech reveals a program of foreign policy which Germany may be expected to pursue if the Hitler dictatorship, extended by the Reichstag for another four years, lives out its appointed time. Further study of the speech, in the interval since it was delivered, while confirming in general the impressions that were first made, has served to impart to some of the statements an added significance, and since Germany, as the British Foreign Secretary has lately admitted, holds the center of the political stage, what Germany proposes is obviously a foremost matter of international concern.

Regarding the restrictions and imputations of the Treaty of Versailles there has remained only one thing for Germany to do. Reparations were rejected and abandoned years ago, and Chancellor Hitler's announcement that the Reichsbank and the national railways had returned fully to German control was only formal notice that the restrictions which the reparations agreements laid upon them were at an end. The armament limitations of the treaty have also been cast off, and German troops have again occupied the Rhineland. There remained the admission of "war guilt" which the makers of the peace forced upon Germany. No provision of the treaty has rankled so much in the minds and hearts of the German people as this, and impartial historians are agreed that the charge was unjust because no one nation was responsible for the war. "war guilt" charge the Chancellor emphatically repudiated, thereby, he declared, "giving back to Germany her honor and reputation." With that declaration the last remnant of the treaty provisions that held Germany in leading strings and branded it with sole war responsibility has been consigned to the political scrap-heap.

What was said about the German colonies, another matter which the peace treaty dealt with to Germany's heavy cost, was not entirely new, since Chancellor Hitler had already announced that the former colonies must be recovered. There was special significance, however, in the way in which the subject was referred to in the speech. Declaring that Germany's attitude toward Spain "is not dictated by colonial aspirations," Chancellor Hitler immediately added that "Germany is on good terms with the nations which have not taken away Germany's colonies." Taken literally, the statement would seem to dispose of the fear that Germany seeks to appropriate territory in Eastern Europe or the Ukraine, or, for that matter, anywhere else if a former colonial title were lacking, but it is a pointed hint to Great Britain, the Union of South Africa, France, Belgium and Japan, all of which are holding former German territory under mandates, that "good terms" may not continue if the colonies are not restored. Even Japan, perhaps, is not an exception notwithstanding the agreement into which the two countries lately entered to combat bolshevism.

The issue of peace, specific as well as general, bulks large in the Reichstag speech. "Between Germany and France," Chancellor Hitler declared, "there can be no humanly thinkable cause for a quarrel," and Belgium and Holland have been assured of the readiness of the German Government to recognize and guarantee at any time their complete neutrality. The British argument for collective security, however, put forward in a recent speech by Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, found no support from the German Chancellor, and

since collective security has been for years the only kind of security in which France professed to have any confidence, French opinion was by inference included in Chancellor Hitler's dissent. The speech indicated several reasons for his distrust. "Three times," he declared, he had made "the most concrete proposals" for the reduction or limitation of armaments, the "greatest offer" being "to reduce the German and French armies to 300,000 each and equalize the British, French and German air forces," but not only had the offers been rejected, but they had been answered "by the conclusion of military alliances and the introduction of Soviet Russia into the central European political field, thus making limitation of armaments impossible." With Soviet Russia, as was made clear elsewhere in the speech, Germany could have no fellowship, while to the British plea that armaments should be reduced to the scale needed for national defense, the Chancellor replied that in that case each State must be the judge of what its defense needs are.

Collective security, moreover, in the view of Great Britain and France, should be administered through the League of Nations, and for that institution Chancellor Hitler frankly expressed contempt. "I do not believe," he said, "that the League of Nations can save any of its members. . . . May I be permitted to point out that hitherto the decisive characteristics of the League of Nations have been speeches rather than actions, except once when it would have been better to have confined action to speeches [a reference, apparently, to the imposition of sanctions upon Italy]. . . . If the League of Nations is given only the task of guaranteeing existing conditions and perpetuating them, it might just as well address itself to the task of supervising the rise and fall of the tide or preserving the direction of the Gulf Stream. . . . The League's existence will depend ultimately upon insight into the necessity of reform in the relations between nations."

Almost equally prominent in the speech was the attack on bolshevism. Replying directly to Foreign Secretary Eden's optimistic forecast of an economic revival if Germany would cooperate, Chancellor Hitler declared that "if Europe does not awake from the chaos of bolshevistic infection, then I fear that international trade, despite all the goodwill of individual statesmen, will decrease rather than increase, for this trade is built not only on the undisturbed, secured production of individual people, but on the production of all peoples." Against the division of Europe into two parts, victors and vanquished, which the Treaty of Versailles decreed, he set a second division occasioned by "the proclamation of bolshevist ideas, the essential feature of which was that it was not to be limited to one nation but imposed upon all nations." "We intend to defend ourselves in Germany," it was further announced, "from a pest which tried to make our country the same desert as Spain. . . . The bolshevist idea is the most venomous poison, and I do not want any German citizen to come in contact with it."

The Reichstag speech has been hailed in some quarters as conciliatory. It is such in its repudiation of any ground of quarrel with France and its expression of a continuing willingness to guarantee the neutrality of Belgium and Holland, and in its reminder of the peace offers which have been rejected. Its complete distrust of collective security,

however, implies a condition which neither France nor Great Britain seems likely to accept, at the same time that the professions of peaceful disposition are offset by the continued expansion of German armament, unofficially stated on Tuesday to involve, for 1836-37, an expenditure of 12,600,000,000 marks. The immediate response of France is to be seen in the approval by the Chamber of Deputies, on the same day, of a defense program calling for 19,-000,000,000 francs during the next four years, in addition to an equal amount for the present fiscal year already included in the budget. The assurances regarding peace in Western Europe, moreover, were not matched by any assurance of peace in the East, and even Switzerland, a neutralized State, is reported to be alarmed at the absence of any reference to its own status in the speech.

None of the problems which center about the war in Spain appears to have been made any easier of solution by the German Chancellor's declarations. Taken in connection with the conditions which the recent German and Italian notes attached to joint action by the Powers-conditions which, in so far as they called for the expulsion of foreign propagandists and agitators from Spain, it would probably be impossible for either Spain or the other Powers to meet—the only thing to be expected is, apparently, a continuance of German aid to the Franco forces. While this will doubtless mean a prolongation of the war, it is, perhaps, all that should have been looked for. In the present state of apprehension and irritation in Europe, on one seems able to devise a procedure which the interested Powers will accept. The Hitler speech, in short, holds out no hope except for continued political uncertainty and a feverish speeding of armaments. Exactly how the Chancellor proposes to cope with the bolshevist peril was not explained, nor is it certain that Premier Mussolini, in spite of his public declarations, shares Hitler's animosity, but it is clear that any attempt to include Soviet Russia in a concert of the European Powers will have to count upon the open opposition of Germany, and possibly of Italy as well. If the Italo-German understanding holds, the attitude of those two Powers will go far to determine the course which international relations, in the immediate future, will take.

#### A Threatening Situation

By H. PARKER WILLIS

Discussion among banking authorities, both practical and academic, during the past month has revealed an attitude of worry, not to say alarm, concerning our financial situation that should be frankly faced. The publication of the annual financial reports at Washington, including that of the Secretary of the Treasury, has done nothing to alleviate this feeling, but has furnished official data, previously only vaguely or broadly known, which go a long way to confirm it. The flood disasters of the West, with their need for additional large expenditures, aggravated by a number of other factors, have put to flight the hopes of early economy in public finance that have been tentatively expressed by some optimistic persons, and have been accompanied by outspoken acknowledgment that a new borrowing program is considered unavoidable. The fact in the case is that the banking community, which means the entire financial and business world, is facing a prospect of no common danger.

Will it be crushing taxation, repudiation of debt, or plain "inflation"? These are the alternatives now talked of at the capital.

In the face of present conditions, the Federal Reserve Board of Governors has postponed for some weeks the application of an increase in reserve requirements, just as had been foreshadowed. The news has brought a strengthening of the bond market and an advance in the price of government bonds, reflecting the consciousness on the part of securities owners and buyers that they had heard the worst. and that there was nothing in it that need seriously alarm them. Even if the full application of the new reserve requirements, now deferred until May 1, be reckoned with, there is still a half billion of excess reserves that cannot be touched, while, as things have been going during past months, additional excesses may be expected to be built up before the date when the new requirements become effective in amounts sufficient to offset the latter. It is computed at Washington that the banks now hold about 72% of the entire public debt of the United States, as against a corresponding holding by English banks of only about 18% of British indebtedness. One of the main arguments for the increase of reserves has been, here in the financial community, that such an increase would restrain banks from buying more extensively of corporate bonds. It is well to remember that, even under the influence of the highest reserve requirements for New York City banks in force on the first of May, total reserves will be only 26% of outside demand deposits. The great reductions in reserve requirements, made when the Federal Reserve System was still expected to be a liquid banking system, and still further reduced under the stress of war and the inflationary policies of the McAdoo administration, are generally forgotten. Few remember that during the "old days," prior to the Federal Reserve System, central reserve city reserve requirements were 25% of deposits, whereas, under our "credit control" policy, the addition now spoken of will amount to only 1%, making 26% in all. Many banks throughout the country are still going actively into further bond investments and may be expected to continue to do Politically-minded bankers have lately been active in bringing pressure to bear against any intervention on the part of the Federal Reserve Board which might possibly impair their profits, present or prospective, from bond purchases or from the bond appreciation for which they still hope.

In view of these facts, the non-partisan observer cannot avoid the conviction that the time is such as emphatically to call for an uprising on the part of the banking community, designed to safeguard the financial safety and soundness of the country. Nothing of the sort is in prospect. Tom K. Smith, President of the American Bankers Association, in his address last week at Pittsburgh, suggested the larger application of bank funds in sound, carefullywatched securities, in mortgage loans, or in "consumer credit," although he has evidently been keenly conscious of the doubts and dangers suggested by such courses of action. Heads of some of our ablest institutions, chief among them Chairman Aldrich of the Chase Bank, have constructively and courageously made reference to the hazards with which the financial situation is faced, and have recommended programs of reform which involve the discontinuance of our silver experiment, the genuine

balancing of the Federal budget, and the application of credit control through reserve increase. The latter suggestion has, at long last, and subject to great postponement, been authorized; but it, of course, is the least important of the suggestions that he had made and, as things stand, is of doubtful efficacy in any case. Banking and Currency Committee members of Congress do not hesitate to say that without more genuine and vigorous support from the community, their efforts at rectification of the present financial and currency situations will continue to be vain. They complain that the wide distribution of government bonds and the effort of the bankers to maintain their value have, in many cases, superseded the more general considerations of banking (and community) soundness which were formerly paramount, and have practically brought further discussion of the subject to a close for the time being. From the banking community as a whole, excepting, as we have said, a few outstanding names, there is apparently nothing for the present to be expected.

At the time of the adoption of the Banking Act of 1935, with its broadening of the powers of the Reserve Board, many hopeful expressions were heard concerning the possibilities of financial leadership and outstanding courage on the part of the latter organization. Every one of the new appointees was specifically and authoritatively asked whether he had any affiliations or engagements that would prevent his acting independently and free of pressure, and gave assurance that he had no such affiliations or engagements. Yet the Board has already degenerated into very much, its old situation. Today, according to the most trustworthy information, it is sufficient for the Chairman of the organization, in case of opposition or division of opinion, to distribute among the membership a card bearing the words "F. D. R. wants this" in order to insure a satisfactory majority for his proposal. It would be perfectly idle to comment upon this situation existing in what has proudly been termed "a supreme court of finance"—one whose members President Wilson, during its earlier years, would neither see nor communicate with, in the effort to avoid even the suggestion of political pressure. Enough to say that, as things stand, there is nothing to be expected in the way of leadership from the Board in question, whether this state of things be due to weaknesses of human nature or to the enormous powers of control which have been vested in the Treasury Department by Congressional action, and which would suffice to permit the influence of the Department to override any opposing considerations. In these circumstances, the Nation stands in the shadow of extreme financial danger. There are many who are prone to say that thus far no such danger has made itself manifest in any concrete way, and that those who keep reasserting it have placed themselves in the same position as the shepherd boy who was in the habit of calling out "Wolf, wolf," when the beast of prey was nowhere in the neighborhood. It is always easier for the average man to steel himself against "pessimism" with the thought that "big men," or the "government," or some overruling power will bring us out of our difficulties and that those who are disposed to worry are either "morbid" or "trouble-makers." The point of view would be much more powerful in its appeal if those who adopt it would either show

that no threatened danger exists, except in the imagination, or would demonstrate the existence of some practical means of protection against obvious hazards. They have done neither and have made no effort to do so.

Is there, in fact, no way out of the present impasse? A review of the past few years shows that such serious progress as has been made by the United States in financial and business legislation has come at the instance of organized business led by outstanding leaders of resource and public spirit. This was true of the remedial legislation of 1908, and again of the Federal Reserve Act itself. The same is true of many other periods of emergency and of the legislation to which they gave rise. A time has now arrived when some expedient of the same sort must be invoked. There can be no doubt that, in 1933, many unwise steps then taken had the approval, perhaps were taken at the demand of, hasty business men, thrown off their balance by the dangers they were then confronting and apologizing to themselves on the basis of "emergency." This emergency, whatever it was, is officially announced to have disappeared. The President assures us that the danger is largely past and that the time has now come to go on, with courage. Whatever we think of this advice, the time for the emergency legislation which violated all canons of past experience is certainly over. Yet it is a fact that within the past two weeks, and without any save the most casual discussion either in the press or on the floor of Congress, we have reenacted the abominations of 1933-34, reconfirming the "Thomas Amendment" with its "greenbacks," its fiat credit, and its other dangerous features, extending both it and our disastrous silver legislation, as well as our dangerous "stabilization fund," up to 1939, while other measures of an even more extreme nature—if that be possible—are awaiting immediate action. Has not the time come, in the mere interest of self-preservation, for united action on the part of the business community, through its recognized agencies, looking to a combined effort to restore some semblance of order or rationality to our financial structure? Earnestly must we hope, fervently must we pray, for some means of escape from the dangers which now threaten us.

## George L. Harrison Elected to Federal Open Market Committee—Roy A. Young Named Alternate Mem-

ber
Acting under the provisions of Section 12A of the Federal
Reserve Act, as amended by the Banking Act of 1935, the
directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Boston and New
York have elected George L. Harrison a representative of the
Federal Reserve banks on the Federal Open Market Committee for the year beginning March 1, 1937, and ending
Feb. 28, 1938, and have elected Roy A. Young as alternate
member of the Committee for the same period, it was announced on Feb. 4. Mr. Harrison is President of the New
York Reserve Bank and Mr. Young is President of the
Boston Bank. Boston Bank.

Beardsley Rumi Appointed Class C Director of New York Reserve Bank—Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System Also Appoints W. T. Nardin Chair-man of St. Louis Bank

man of St. Louis Bank

The appointment of Beardsley Rumi, of New York, as a Class C director of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York was announced in Washington on Jan. 16 by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Mr. Rumi will fill the unexpired term ending on Dec. 31, 1938.

The Board also announced the appointment of William T. Nardin, of St. Louis, as Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent for the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank for the remainder of 1937 and a Class C director for the unexpired term ending on Dec. 31, 1939; and the appointment of J. Frank Porter, of Columbia, Tenn., as a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, for the term expiring on Dec. 31, 1939. Dec. 31, 1939.

#### The New Capital Flotations In the United States During the Month of January

The grand total of new capital flotations in this country during the month of January reached \$622,486,385, represented by \$305,973,139 of corporate securities, \$205,513,246 State and municipal issues, a loan of \$85,000,000 to the Dominion of Canada and \$26,000,000 of Farm Loan financing. Refunding operations continued to predominate during January, as we find no less than \$373,960,252 out of the grand total of \$622,486,385 comprised refunding, with only \$248,526,133 representing strictly new capital. Our compilation, as always, includes the stock, bond and note issues by corporations, by holding, investment and trading companies, and by States and municipalities, foreign and domestic, as well as Farm Loan and publicly-offered governmental agency issues.

United States Government financing was along the usual lines during January and consisted of one double and three single offerings of Treasury bills. The details in respect to these offerings are recorded in our remarks further below.

In view of the magnitude and importance of the United States Government financing, we set forth a summary of all Treasury issues marketed during January, giving full particulars of the various offerings.

#### New Treasury Financing During the Month of January, 1937

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau on Dec. 31 announced a new offering of \$100,000,000 or thereabouts of 71-day bills and 273-day bills in the amount of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts, respectively. The two issues of Treasury bills were dated Jan. 6, the 71-day bills maturing March 18 and the 273-day bills falling due Oct. 6, 1937.

Subscriptions for the 71-day Treasury bills totaled \$105,-265,000, of which \$50,055,000 was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills of this series was 99.961, the average

rate on a bank discount basis being 0.199%.

Tenders for the 273-day Treasury bills total \$131,041,000, of which \$50,125,000 was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills of this series was 99.760, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.316%. This financing provided for the refunding of \$50,180,000 of maturing bills, leaving \$50,000,000 as an addition to the public debt.

On Jan. 7 Mr. Morgenthau announced a new offering of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts of 273-day Treasury bills. bills were dated Jan. 13 and will mature Oct. 13, 1937. Applications to the offering totaled \$125,862,000, of which \$50,022,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills

\$50,022,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.747, the average rate on a discount basis being 0.333%. Issued to replace maturing bills.

Mr. Morgenthau on Jan. 14 announced a further new offering of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts of 273-day Treasury bills. The bills were dated Jan. 20 and will mature Oct. 20, 1937. Tenders to the offering totaled \$124,392,000, of which \$50,015,000 was accepted. The average price for the bills was 99.738, the average on a discount basis being 0.345%. This financing provided for the refunding of a similar amount of maturing bills.

On Jan. 21 Mr. Morgenthau announced a new offering of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts of 273-day Treasury bills. The bills were dated Jan. 27 and will mature Oct. 27, 1937. Subscriptions to the offering totaled \$134,878,000, of which \$50,038,000 was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills was 99.726, the average rate on a bank discount basis being 0.361%. Issued to replace maturing bills.

In the following we show in tabular form the Treasury financing done during the month of January, 1937. The results show that the Government disposed of \$250,255,000, of which \$200,255,000 went to take up existing issues and \$50,000,000 convergenced an addition to the public debt

of which \$200,255,000 went to take up existing issues and \$50,000,000 represented an addition to the public debt.

UNITED STATES TREASURY FINANCING DURING JANUARY, 1937

Date Offered	Dated	Due	Amount Applied for	Amount Accepted	Price	Yield
Jan. 14 Jan. 21	Jan. 6 Jan. 13 Jan. 20	71 days 273 days 273 days 273 days 273 days	\$ 105,265,000 131,040,000 125,862,000 124,392,000 134,878,000	\$ 50,055,000 50,125,000 50,022,000 50,015,000 50,038,000 250,255,000	Average 99.760 Average 99.747 Average 99.738 Average 99.726	*0.199% *0.316% *0.333% *0.345% *0.361%

<sup>\*</sup> Average rate on a discount basis.

USE OF FUNDS

	Dated		ype of scurity		Total Amount Accepted	Refunding	New Indebtedness
Jan. Jan.		71-day 273-day				\$50,180,000	\$50,000,000
Jan. Jan.	13	273-day 273-day	Treas.	bills	50,022,000	50,022,000 50,015,000	
Jan.		273-day				50,038,000	
To	tal	·		ا۔۔۔ا	\$250,255,000	\$200,255,000	\$50,000,000

#### Features of January Private Financing

Proceeding further with our analysis of the corporate flotations announced during January, we observe that industrial and miscellaneous issues accounted for \$164,902,445, as against \$181,082,035 reported for them in December. Public utility offerings amounted to \$77,734,694 during January, as compared with \$395,594,300 for that group in December, while railroad emissions in January totaled \$63,336,000, as against \$49,236,000 in December.

The total corporate securities of all kinds put out during January was, as already stated, \$305,973,139, of which \$149,946,000 comprised long-term bonds and notes, \$9,050,-000 was of short-term maturity and \$146,977,139 repre-The portion of the month's corsented stock offerings. porate flotations used for refunding purposes was no less than \$203,516,962, or about 67% of the total; in the previous month the refunding portion was \$407,706,562, or more than 65% of the total. In January a year ago the amount for refunding was \$200,972,556, representing about 73% of that month's total. Refunding issues of importance during January (1937) were as follows: \$50,000,000 Great Northern Ry. Co. gen. mtge. 33/4s, I, 1967, used entirely for refunding; 547,788 shs. Consumers Power Co. \$4.50 cum. pref. stock, all used for refunding, and 500,000 shares Tide Water Associated Oil Co. \$4.50 cum. conv. pref. stock, used entirely for refunding.

The largest corporate offering during January was 547,788 shares Consumers Power Co. \$4.50 cum. pref. stock, priced at 100½, yielding about 4.48%; 500,000 shares Tide Water at 100½, yielding about 4.36%, 500,000 shares line water 103, to yield about 4.37%; \$50,000,000 Great Northern Ry. Co. gen. mtge. 3¾s, 1, Jan. 1, 1967, offered at 97½, to yield 3.90%, and \$40,000,000 Tide Water Associated Oil Co. deb. 3½s, Jan. 1, 1952, floated at 101, to yield 2.41%

Included in the financing done during the month of January was an offering of \$26,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Banks consolidated debenture 1½s, dated Jan. 15, 1937, and due in three and six months, offered, as usual, at price on application.

Two of the offerings made during January carried rights to acquire stock on a basis of one kind or another. They were

500,000 shares Tide Water Associated Oil Co. \$4.50 cum. 500,000 snares Tide Water Associated Oil Co. \$4.50 cum. conv. pref. stock, convertible into common stock at any time on or before Jan. 1, 1947, in ratios ranging from 3 7-11 shares to 2½ shares of common stock.

90,000 shares Emporium Capwell Co. 4½% cum. pref. stock with warrants to purchase 1 share of capital stock of Emporium Capwell Corp., the holding company, over a period of 10 years, at prices ranging from \$26 to \$34 per share. In the following we furnish a complete summary of the

In the following we furnish a complete summary of the new financing—corporate, State and city, foreign government, as well as Farm Loan issues—brought out in the United States during January, and covering all classes of issues except those of the United States Government:

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING

1937	New Capital	Refunding	Total
Month of January— Corporate—	8	\$	\$
Domestic—			
Long-term bonds and notes	69,110,450	80,835,550	149,946,000
Short-term	2,450,000	6,600,000	9,050,000
Preferred stocks	20,695,682	116,081,412	136,777,094
Common stocksCanadian—	10,200,045		10,200,045
Long-term bonds and notes			
Short-term			
Preferred stocks			
Common stocks			
Long-term bonds and notes			
Short-term			
Preferred stocks			
Common stocks			
Total corporate	102,456,177	203,516,962	305,973,139
Canadian Government		85,000,000	85,000,000
Other foreign government			
Farm Loan and Government Agencies		26,000,000	26,000,000
* Municipal—States, cities, &c	146,069,956	59,443,290	205,513,246
United States Possessions			
Grand total	248,526,133	373,960,252	622,486,385

<sup>\*</sup> These figures do not include funds obtained by States and municipalities from any agency of the Federal Government.

In the elaborate and comprehensive table on the succeed-In the elaborate and comprehensive table on the succeeding page we compare the foregoing figures for 1937 with the corresponding figures for the four years preceding, thus affording a five-year comparison. We also furnish a detailed analysis for the five years of the corporate offerings, showing separately the amounts for all different classes of corporations.

Following the full-page table we give complete details of the new capital flotations during January, including every issue of any kind brought out in that month.

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE, FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, FARM LOAN AND MUNICIPAL FINANCING FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY FOR FIVE YEARS

MONTH OF JANUARY		1937			1936			1935			1934			1933	
Corporate—	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding	Total	New Capital	Refunding 1	Total	New Capital	Refunding 1	Total
Domestic-	•	649	60	69	69	66	66	65	65	8	8	8	8	8	8
Long-term bonds and notes	69,110,450	80,835,550	149,946,000	60,472,748	183,245,752	243,718,500	778,000	844.000	1.622.000	•	1.500.000	1.500.000	18.407.000	31.518.000	49.925.00
Short-term.	2,450,000	6,600,000	9,050,000	712,500	17,287,500	18,000,000	2,485,000	1,615,000	4,100,000		200001	200000	500.000	10.842.000	11.342.00
Freterred stocks	20,695,682	116,081,412	136,777,094	2,000,000		2,000,000	925,000	1	925,000				2.500,000		2.500.00
Common stocks	10,200,045		10,200,045	1,749,686	439,304	2,188,990	1,079,000		1,079,000	5,983,407		5,983,407	750,000	1	750,00
Long-term bonds and notes				000 000 0		000 000 0									,,,,
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referred stocks															
Common stocks													***************************************		
Other foreign—															
Chart tour bonds and notes.															
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referred stocks															
Common stocks.											1		1	11111111	
Total corporate	102,456,177	203,516,962	305,973,139	72,934,934	200,972,556	273,907,490	5,267,000	2,459,000	7.726.000	5.983.407	1.500.000	7.483.407	22.157.000	42,360,000	64.517.00
Canadian Government.		85,000,000	85,000,000		48,000,000	48,000,000									
Other foreign government			1111111												1
Farm Loan and Govt. Agencies	9	26,000,000	26,000,000		200,000	200,000	6,000,000	30,200,000	36.200.000	5.000.000	23.000.000	28,000,000	9.500.000		9.500.00
Municipal—States, cities, &c.	146,069,956	59,443,290	205,513,246	51,069,159	38,454,455	89,523,614	80,996,643	16,175,776	97,172,419	36,969,872	18,101,332	55,071,204	32,850,256	2,984,350	35,834,60
United States Lossessions	-						433,000		433,000				1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Grand total	248.526.1331	373,960,2521	248,526,133 373,960,252 622,486,385	124.004.093 287.627.0111 411.631.104	287.627.0111	411.631.104	92.696.643	48 834 776	141 531 410	47 953 970	49 601 339	OO 554 811	64 507 956	45 244 250	100 851 808

\* These figures do not include funds obtained by States and municipalities from any agency of the Federal Government.

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GROUPING OF NEW CORPORATE ISSUES IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY FOR FIVE YEARS	
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	Total	12,000,000 37,925,000					49,925,000		• 41					11,342,000			3.250.000				3,250,000	12.000,000 44,925,000 4,342,000		3,250,000			64,517,000
1933	Refunding						31,518,000	8 500 000	4,342,000					10,842,000								38,018,000					42,360,000
	New Capital	12,000,000 6,407,000					18,407,000	500 000	000,000					500,000			3.250.000				3,250,000	12,000,000 6,907,000		3,250,000			22,157,000
	Total	\$ 1,500,000					1,500,000										5.983.407				5,983,407	1,500,000	7.	5,983,407			7,483,407
1934	Refunding	1,500,000					1,500,000								1						1	1,500,000		111			1,500,000
	New Capital	œ									1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-					5.983.407				5,983,407			5,983,407			5,983,407
	Total	000				444.000	1,622,000	1		4,100,000				4,100,000	1.785.250		218.750				2,004,000	2,963,250		4,318,750		444.000	7,726,000
1935	Refunding	\$ 400,000				444.000	844,000	1		1,615,000				1,615,000								400,000		1,615,000		444.000	2,459,000
	New Capital	12 2.			1		778,000	1		2,485,000				2,485,000	1.785.250		218.750				2,004,000	2,563,250		2,703,750			5,267,000
-	Total	79,518,500 28,550,000 125,700,000	2700 000	9,000,000	1		251,718,500	15,000,000			3,000,000			18,000,000		1,050,000	2.544.500	594,490			4,188,990	94,518,500 28,550,000		11,244,500	250,000		273,907,490
1936	Refunding	000	200 000	6,862,500	1		183,245,752	15,000,000		1 10	2,287,500			17,287,500		1	439.304				439,304	63.718.500 27,000,000 99.714.752		9,150,000	250,000		200,972,556
	New Capital	30,800,000 1,550,000 25,985,248	8 000 000	2,137,500			68,472,748				12,500			712,500		1,050,000	2,105,196	594,490			3,749,686	30,800,000 1,550,000 27,035,248		3,444,490			72,934,934
=	Total	\$ 62.536,000 14,279,000 18,300,000	1.400.000	50,000,000		2,300,000	149,946,000	5.100,000		2,200,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		950.000	9,050,000	58,355,694	-	4,310,140	51,650,000		000 080 26	146,977,139	63,336,000 77,734,694 18,300,000	4,310,140	8,381,305	881,000	250,000	305,973,139
1937	Refunding	\$ 51,485,000 9,156,000 11,044,050		8,348,000		202,500	80,835,550	5,000,000		800,000				000,009,9	56,480,694			51,500,000		8 100 710	116,081,412	52,285,000 70,636,694 11,044,050		000	600,000	1 100	1
	New Capital	\$ 11,051,000 5,123,000 7,255,950	1.400.000	41,652,000		2,097,500	69,110,450	100.000		1,400,000		1	950.000	2,450,000	1,875,000		4.310.140	150,000		10 770 959	1	7,098,000	4.310.140	41,802,000	281,000	250,000	
-	MONIH OF JANUARY	Ralkoads Ralkoads Public utilities Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	Equipment manufacturers  Motors and accessories	Jil Land, buildings, &c.		Inv. trusts, trading, holdings, &c.	Total Short Term Bonds & N	ities	Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c. Equipment manufacturers	Motors and accessories	and, buildings, &c.	Rubber	Inv. trusts, trading, holding, &c		ities	Iron, steel, coal, copper, &c.	Motors and accessories Other industrial & manufacturing	Oil Land, buildings, &c.	Rubber	Liny trusts, trading, holding, &c		Railroads Public utilities Fron steel coal copper &c	Equipment manufacturers Motors and accessories	strial & manufacturing.	Land, buildings, &c.	Shipping. Inv. trusts, trading, holding, &c Miscellaneous	rities
	MOM	Long-T. Railroads. Public utili	Motors and	Oil Land, build	Rubber	Inv. trusts Miscellane	Total-	Railroads.	Iron, steel, Equipment	Motors and Other indus	Land, builc	Rubber	Inv. trusts, trad	Total	Railroads	Iron, steel,	Motors and	Oil Land, build	Rubber	Inv. trusts, tr	Total	Railroads Public utilities Iron, steel, coa	Equipment Motors and	Other indu	Rubber	Shipping Inv. trusts, Miscellaneo	Total cor

DETAILS OF NEW CAPITAL FLOTATIONS DURING JANUARY, 1937

LONG-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING LATER THAN FIVE YEARS)

LUNG-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING LATER THAN FIVE YEARS)

\*\*RAILROADS\*\*

\*\*106,000 Aberdeen & Rockfish RR. serial refunding 4½% bonds. Retire RFC loan; other corporate purposes. Sold at par to Kirchofer & Arnold, Raleigh, N. C.

7,080,000 Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR. equip. trust 2s. B., Dec. 1, 1937-51. New equipment. Priced to yield 0.65% to 2.55%. Offered by Salomon Bros. & Hutzler; Dick & Merlesmith and Stroud & Co., Inc.

50,000,000 Great Northern Ry. Co. gen, M. 3¾s, I, Jan. 1, 1967. Refunding. Price, 97½; to yield 3.90%. Offered by Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc.; J. & W. Seligman & Co.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Edward B. Smith & Co.; The First Boston Corp.; White, Weld & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Blyth & Co., Inc., and Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.

3,750,000 Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR. equip. trust 2s, Feb. 15, 1938-52. New Equipment. Priced to yield 0.875% to 2.95%. Offered by Evans, Stillman & Co. and Clark, Dodge & Co.

1,600,000 Toledo Peoria & Western RR. 1st M. 4s, B, Jan. 1, 1967. Refunding; additions and equipment. Price, 102; to yield 3.88%. Offered by W. E. Hutton & Co.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

PUBLIC UTILITIES

500,000 Minneapolis Cas Light Co. 1st M. 4s, June 1, 1950. Additions and betterments. Price on \$200,000 sold privately, 103½; \$300,000 offered at 105 by G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., Inc. 4,500,000 Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corp. rapid transit coll. 4½s, May 1, 1966. Finance enlargement and modernization of subsidiary power plant. Price, 103½; to yield 4.29%. Offered by Hayden, Stone & Co.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., and Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.

250,000 Mountain States Water Co. 1st M. 5s, B, Nov. 1, 1961. Acquire 1st mtge. 6s; working capital; other corporate purposes. Price, 98½; to yield 5.09%. Offered by Bond & Goodwin, Inc., Portland, Me. 6,978,000 Pennsylvania Power Co. 1st M. 3½s, 1961. Refunding. Sold at par to two institutional investors.

2,051,000 San Jose Water Works 1st M. 3¾s, A, Dec. 1, 1961. Refunding. Price, 103; to yield 3.57%. Offered by Chandler & Co., Inc.; Bankamerica Co. and Burr & Co., Inc.

\$14,279,000

.279,000
IRON, STEEL, COAL, COPPER, &c.
300,000 McLouth Steel Corp. 1st M. 51/s, A, Jan. 1, 1947. General corporate purposes. Price, 1011/s; to yield 5.30%. Offered by Campbell, McCarty & Co., Inc., Detroit.
,000,000 Otis Steel Co., 1st M. 41/s, A, Jan. 15, 1962. Refunding; improvements; working capital. Price, 98; to yield 4.64%. Offered by A. G. Becker & Co., Inc.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; Hallgarten & Co.; Otis & Co., Inc.; H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc.; Central Republic Co., Chicago; Hemphill, Noyse & Co.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., and Lawrence Stern & Co., Inc., Other underwriters were: Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Goldman, Sachs & Co. and McDonald-Coolidge & Co.

\$18,300,000

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING
00 Chesapeake-Camp Corp. 1st M. 4½s, Jan. 1, 1947. Construction of plant. Price, 100; to yield 4.25%. Offered by Scott & Stringfellow, Richmond, Va.

1,400,000 Chesapeake-Camp Corp. 1st M. 4½s, Jan. 1, 1947. Construction of plant. Price, 100; to yield 4.25%. Offered by Scott & Stringfellow, Richmond, Va.

OIL

40,000,000 Tide Water Associated Oil Co. deb. 3½s, Jan. 1, 1952. Prepay promissory notes; working capital. Price, 101; to yield 3.41%. Offered by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Lehman Bros., Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; The First Boston Corp.; Hayden, Stone & Co.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp. and Dean Witter & Co. Other underwriters were: Bonbright & Co., Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Hallgarten & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Lee Higginson Corp.; J. & W. Seligman & Co.; White, Weld & Co.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Schwabacher & Co.; Shields & Co.; Speyer & Co.; Chas. D. Barney & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co.; Inc.; Cassatt & Co., Inc.; Clark, Dodge & Co.; E. W. Clark & Co.; Estabrook & Co.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Lawrence Stern & Co., Inc.; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; F. S. Moseley & Co.; Dominick & Dominick, Hornblower & Weeks; Graham, Parsons & Co.; Hayden, Miller & Co.; Otis & Co., Inc.; Wm. R. Staats & Co.; Spencer Trask & Co.; Alex. Brown & Sons; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; Schoell-kopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc.; The Securities Co. of Milwalkee, Inc.; H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc.; Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.; G. H. Walker & Co.; Wells-Dickey & Co.; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.; Central Republic Co., Chicago; Eastman, Dillon & Co.; Singer, Deane & Scribner; Battson, Barnes & Lester, Inc.; Wm. Cavalier & Co.; Bankamerica Co.; Janney & Co.; Kalman & Co.; Moore, Leonard & Lynch; W. J. Wollman & Co.; L. F. Rothschild & Co.; The Illinois Co. of Chicago; Bason, Whipple & Co.; Battles & Co., Inc.; First of Michigan Corp.; Riter & Co.; Battles & Co., Inc.; First of Michigan Corp.; Riter & Co.; Battles & Co.; Hollino Co.; Pacific Capital Corp., and Dillon, Read & Co.

1.000,000 LAND, BUILDINGS, &c.

81,000 Mercy Hospital (Slaton, Texas) 1st M. 4s, 1939-48. Real estate mortgage. Price, 101-100; to yield 3.42% to 4.00%. Offered by Festus J. Wade Jr. & Co., St. Louis.

600,000 Roman Catholic Diocese of Indianapolis 4s, Jan. 1, 1947. Refunding. Price, 100; to yield 4.00%. Offered by Festus J. Wade Jr. & Co., St. Louis.

200,000 St. Joseph's Convent of Mercy (Webster Groves, Mo.) 1st 3s, 3½s and 4s, Jan. 1, 1938-47. Finance construction of building. Price, 101-100; to yield 2.00% to 4.00%. Offered by Eckhardt-Petersen & Co., Inc., St. Louis.

18VESTMENT TRUSTS, TRADING, HOLDING, &c.
250,000 Susquehanna Capital Corp. deb. 4s, June 1, 1966. Provide funds for investment in securities and commodities. Offered with 12,500 shares of common stock in units of \$500 of debentures and 25 shares of common stock at price of \$572.50 per unit. Offered by Robert E. Johnson and J. S. Judge & Co., Inc., New York.

MISCELLANEOUS

2,000,000 Emporium Capwell Co. 1st M. 4s, Jan. 1, 1952. Discharge indebtedness; working capital. Price, 101; to yield 3.91%. Offered by Dean Witter & Co.; Schwabacher & Co.; Brush, Slocumb & Co.; Pacific Co. of California; Griffith, Wagenseller & Durst; Bissinger & Co.; Wm. Cavalier & Co. and Bennett, Richards & Hill.

300,000 Peoples Bridge Corp. 1st coll. lien 5s, Aug. 1, 1946. Refunding; additions and betterments. Price, 100; to yield 5.00%. Offered by Stemmler & Co.; Brooke, Stokes & Co., and F. J. Young & Co., Inc.

\$2,300,000

SHORT-TERM BONDS AND NOTES (ISSUES MATURING UP TO AND INCLUDING FIVE YEARS)

RAILROADS
\$800,000 Gulf Mobile & Northern RR. 3% secured serial notes.
Refunding. Sold at par to Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

\$800,000 Gulf Mobile & Northern RR. 3% secured serial notes. Refunding. Sold at par to Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

\$5,100,000 North Shore Gas Co. and North Shore Coke & Chemical Co. joint 1st M. 4s, A, Jan. 1, 1942. Refunding; additions. Price, 100; to yield 4.00%. Offered by Central Republic Co., Chicago; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Lawrence Stern & Co., Inc., and Coffin & Burr, Inc.

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING

2,200,000 International Paper Co. 2½% to 4% notes, Feb. 1, 1938-41. Refunding; advance funds to subsidiary; reduce debt to parent company. Financing arranged with First National Bank of Boston and Chase National Bank, New York,

MISCELLANEOUS

150,000 Continental Credit Corp. deb. 3s, 4½s and 4½s, series A, B and C, Jan. 1, 1938-40. General corporate purposes. Price, 100; to yield 3.00% to 4.50%. Offered by McDonald, Moore & Hayes, Inc., Detroit.

800,000 Emporium Capwell Co. serial 4% notes, Jan. 1, 1938-42. Discharge indebtedness; working capital. Priced to yield 1.00% to 3.00%. Offered by Dean Witter & Co.; Schwabacher & Co.; Brush, Slocumb & Co.; Pacific Co. of California; Griffith, Wagenseller & Durst; Bissinger & Co.; Wm. Cavalier & Co. and Bennett, Richards & Hill.

STOCKS

(Preferred stocks of a stated par value are taken at par, while preferred stocks of no par value and all classes of common stock are computed at their offering prices.)

PUBLIC UTILITIES

stocks of no par value and all classes of common stock are computed at their offering prices.)

PUBLIC UTILITIES

\*\$55,052,694 Consumers Power Co. 547,788 shares \$4.50 cum, pref. stock, Retire preferred stocks. Price, 100½; to yield 4.48%. Offered by Bonbright & Co., Inc.; The First Boston Corp.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Edward B. Smith & Co.; E. W. Clark & Co.; Lehman Brothers; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Lehman Brothers; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Harris, Hall & Co., Inc.; Hayden, Stone & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; J. & W. Seligman & Co. and Spencer Trask & Co. Other underwriters were: Glore, Forgan & Co.; Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; H. M. Bdllesby & Co., Inc.; Clark, Dodge & Co.; First of Michigan Corp.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Solidan Corp.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Chasoley & Co.; Schroder Rockefeller & Co., Inc.; Watling, Lerchen & Hayes; White, Weld & Co.; Central Republic Co., Chicago; Dominick & Dominick; Estabrook & Co.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Schoellkopf, Hutton & Porneroy, Inc.; Brown, Lisle & Marshall; Ooffin & Burr, Inc.; R. L. Day & Co.; H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Chas. W. Scranton & Co.; The Securities Co. of Milwaukee. Inc.; Richardson & Clark; Lawrence Stern & Co., Inc.; Tucker, Anthony & Co.; Becon, Whipple & Co.; Jackson & Curtis; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; Herphill, Noyes & Co.; Jackson & Curtis; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; W. H. Newbold's Son & Co.; Jiakson & Curtis; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; Inc.; Riter & Co.; Starkweather & Co., Inc., Stroud & Co., Inc.; Riter & Co.; Starkweather & Co., Inc., Stroud & Co., Inc.; Riter & Co.; Starkweather & Co., Inc., Stroud & Co., Inc.; Riter & Co.; Starkweather & Co., Inc., Stroud & Co.; Inc.; Riter & Co.; Starkweather & Co., Inc., Stroud & Co., Inc.; Riter & Co.; Hamphill, Noyes & Co.; Starkweather & Co., I

\$58,355,694

MOTORS AND ACCESSORIES

3,095,140 Diamond T Motor Car Co. 154,757 shares common stock. Additional working capital. Price, 20. Offered by Hallgarten & Co.; Granbery, Safford & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co., Inc., and Jackson & Curtis.

1,000,000 Garford Corp. (Marion, Ind.) 100,000 shares convertible 5% pref. stock. Machinery and equipment; working capital, and other corporate purposes. Price, 10: to yield 5,00%. Each share convertible into 2 shares of common stock up to Jan. 1, 1947. Offered by Bond & Share Co., Cleveland.

75,000 United States Universal Joints Co. 25,000 shares common stock. Working capital and other corporate purposes. Price, 3. Offered by Humphries, Angstrom & Co., Detroit.

\$4,310,140

3. Offered by Humphries, Angstrom & Co., Detroit.

\$4,310,140

OTHER INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING

400,000 Chesapeake-Camp Corp. 4,000 shares 5% pref. stock. Construction of plant. Price, 100; to yield 5.00%. Offered by Mason-Hagan, Inc., Richmond, Va., and Investment Corp. of Norfolk, Va.

400,000 Cinema Magazine, Inc., 200,000 shares common stock. Preparation and publication of magazine. Price, 2. Offered by Goodwin, Griswold & Co.; L. E. Wakefield & Co. and Robert E. Rew & Co., Inc.

750,000 G. Kreuger Brewing Co. 50,000 shares common stock. New construction; improvements, additions, &c. Price, 15. Offered by company to stockholders; underwritten by Hallgarten & Co.; Cassatt & Co., Inc.; Lehman Brothers and Nugent-Igoe.

781,150 Park & Tilford, Inc., 31,246 shares capital stock. Reduce notes payable; other corporate purposes. Price, 25. Offered by company to stockholders.

1,000,005 Potash Company of America 66,667 shares common stock. Plant expansion; working capital. Price, 15. Offered by company to stockholders; underwritten by The Lehman Corp.; Boettcher & Co. and Laurence M. Marks & Co.

175,000 Romec Pump Co. (Elyria, Ohio) 50,000 shares common stock. Discharge indebtedness; working capital. Price, 3½. Offered by Gassman & Co., Cleveland.

83,750 The Serrick Corp. 6,700 shares class B common stock. Working capital. Price, 12½. Offered by Harrison, O'Gara & Co.; Sills, Troxell & Minton, Inc.; Polk-Peterson Corp. and Festus J. Wade Jr. & Co.

770,000 Thermoid Co. 70,000 shares common stock. Retire current debt; other corporate purposes. Price, market—about 11. Offered by Fuller, Cruttenden & Co.; Schluter & Co., Inc., and Barney Johnson & Co. Other underwriters were: S. L. Reinhardt, Chicago, and Van Alstyne, Noel & Co., Inc., and Barney Johnson & Co. Other underwriters were: S. L. Reinhardt, Chicago, and Van Alstyne, Noel & Co., Inc., General corporate purposes. Price, 100; to yield 6.00%. Offered by Wm. R. Staats & Co.

\$4,781,305

(Continued on page 846)

#### THE ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE—STOCKS AND BONDS

In the following we furnish a monthly record of the high and low prices on the St. Louis Stock Exchange for each month of the last two years. The tables include all stocks and bonds in which any dealings occurred during the years 1935 and 1936, and the prices are all based on actual sales. The number of shares traded in during the year 1936 was 424,455 shares, as compared with 149,630 shares during the year 1935. The money value of transactions in 1936 was \$9,302,491 and in 1935 was \$3,470,441.

For the record of previous years see "Chronicle" of Feb. 8, 1936, page 850; Feb. 2, 1935, page 697; Feb. 3, 1934, page 739; Feb. 4, 1933, page 720; Feb. 6, 1932, page 912; Feb. 7, 1931, page 914; Feb. 1, 1930, page 695; Feb. 2, 1929, page 636; Feb. 4, 1928, page 632; Feb. 5, 1927, page 697.

#### MONTHLY RANGE OF PRICES ON ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE FOR YEAR 1935.

STOCKS.		uary H <b>i</b> gh		ua <b>ry</b> H <b>i</b> gh	M o Low	rch High	Low	oril High	M Low	ay H1gh		une High		uly High	Au Low	gus <b>t</b> High	Septe Low	mber High	Oct Low	ober High	Nove	mber High	Dece Low	mber High
A S Aloe Co common	56	share	71 <sub>4</sub>	81 <sub>2</sub>	7	712 108 5812	8	9 5678	\$ per 321 <sub>2</sub> 88 <sub>4</sub>		95. 331 <sub>2</sub> 56	95 331 <sub>2</sub>	35 884	35 83 <sub>4</sub>		===		101 <sub>2</sub>	\$ per 96 35 11	96 40 12		181 <sub>2</sub> 100 -	104	share 105 13
Preferred. 100 Bruce (E L) Co preferred. 100 Burkhart (F) Mfg com. * Preferred. * Century Electric common. 100 Champion Shoe Machy units 100 Coca-Cola Bottling com. 1 Columbia Brew common. 5	121 	8 25 20 30 3	1201 <sub>2</sub> 6 22 30 3	125 6 23  321 <sub>2</sub> 3	8 2514 20 321 <sub>2</sub> 3	8 26 20 40 31 <sub>2</sub>	10 2514 23 40 312	11 271 <sub>4</sub> 23	125 26 1034 27 25 -431 <sub>2</sub>	125 26 1284 30 25 45	123 15 301 <sub>2</sub>  42 31 <sub>2</sub>	126 19 307 <sub>8</sub>	15 27 	17 271 <sub>2</sub> 4 44	12012		121 481 <sub>2</sub> 19 30 22 -421 <sub>2</sub> 28 <sub>4</sub>	121 481 <sub>2</sub> 228 <sub>4</sub> 31 25 431 <sub>2</sub>	1211 <sub>4</sub> -27 -25 -43 -3	1211 <sub>4</sub> 351 <sub>2</sub> 25 451 <sub>4</sub> 3	39 30 48 3	40 34 51 3	42 3214 35 51 3	461s 33 35 53 31s
b Curtis Mfg Co common         5           Dr Pepper Co common         *           Elder Mfg Co common         *           A         100	12	6  12	6  12	61 <sub>2</sub>  141 <sub>2</sub>	584	612	614	7	684 16	81 <sub>2</sub> 16	8	9	81 <sub>4</sub> 191 <sub>2</sub>	1012	19	12 191 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub>	1014	1014 19	984 1784 13	101 <sub>2</sub> 201 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	91 <sub>2</sub> 24			
Ely-Walker common	173 105 77 	8 312	46	46 31 <sub>4</sub>	17 108 88 	19 110 89 31 <sub>2</sub>	19 109 89 378 15c	19 110 90 518 200	19 91 -4 11312	20 91 478	50 19 95	52 191 <sub>4</sub> 958 <sub>4</sub> 48 <sub>8</sub>	19	19 51 <sub>2</sub>	95		19 113 931 <sub>2</sub>	191 <sub>2</sub> 1131 <sub>2</sub> 95	541 <sub>2</sub> 18 115 97 671 <sub>2</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub>	191 <sub>2</sub> 116 97	20 116 99	211 <sub>2</sub> 117 99 41 <sub>4</sub>	102 	211 <sub>2</sub> 120 102 51 <sub>4</sub>
Hamilton-Browa Shoe com * Hussmann-Lifonier com * Conv preferred * Huttig S & D Co common * Preferred 100 Hyde Park Brew com 10 Hydraulic P Brick common 100	3   18	18	21 <sub>2</sub>	314	21 <sub>2</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub> 171 <sub>4</sub>		21 <sub>2</sub> 3	28 <sub>4</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub> 20	21 <sub>2</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub>  18 40c		2 <sup>5</sup> 8 2 31 <sub>2</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub>	2 31,	2 <sup>1</sup> 2 2	28 <sub>4</sub> 21 <sub>4</sub> 181 <sub>2</sub>	21 <sub>2</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub> 2 27 181 <sub>2</sub>	2 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 5 2 29 17 <sup>3</sup> <sub>8</sub>	23 <sub>4</sub> 41 <sub>2</sub> 6	28 <sub>4</sub> 5 7	2 5 -2 1538	2 <sup>1</sup> 2 5	2 48 <sub>4</sub> 8	21 <sub>4</sub> 6 91 <sub>2</sub>	116 214 6 912 212 	116 21 <sub>2</sub> 65 <sub>8</sub> 97 <sub>8</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub>
Preferred100 International Shoe com* Johnson-Stephens-Shinkle com* Key Co common*	44	45	44	45	11 <sub>2</sub> 423 <sub>8</sub>	15 <sub>8</sub> 44	43	46	45	47	3 451 <sub>2</sub>	3 461 <sub>4</sub>	2 451 <sub>2</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	2 481 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	4638	481 <sub>4</sub>	46 10 5	468 <sub>4</sub> 10 5	451 <sub>4</sub> 9	481 <sub>8</sub> 97 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>4</sub>	21 <sub>2</sub> 48 95 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>4</sub>	21 <sub>2</sub> 491 <sub>2</sub> 95 <sub>8</sub>	3 48 91 <sub>2</sub> 8	3 49 91 <sub>2</sub> 81 <sub>2</sub>
Knapp-Monarch common	151 <sub>2</sub> 13 54	13 56	128 <sub>4</sub>	5 1284  684	10 53 10 <sup>1</sup> 2	10 54 10 <sup>1</sup> 2	41 <sub>2</sub> 101 <sub>2</sub> 53	10½ 53	54 101 <sub>2</sub>	5 158 <sub>4</sub> 541 <sub>4</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub>	151 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 54 12	16 121 <sub>2</sub> 54 12	45 <sub>8</sub> 171 <sub>8</sub> 56	45 <sub>8</sub> 18 60	181 <sub>2</sub> 17 60 14	22 18 60 141 <sub>2</sub>	5 5 22 571 <sub>4</sub> 13	5 5 241 <sub>2</sub> 59 131 <sub>2</sub>	5 221 <sub>2</sub> 211 <sub>2</sub> 56 13	5 23 21 <sup>1</sup> 2 58 13	45 <sub>8</sub> 23 58 14	5 26 59 15 105 111 <sub>4</sub>	614 684 2512 18 59	612 678 26 18 59
# Moloney Elec A com **  Nat Bearing Metals com **  Preferred **  Nat Candy Co common **  1st preferred **  2nd preferred **  100  Nat Oats Co common **	19 95 141 <sub>2</sub> 116 100 143 <sub>4</sub>	19 95 151 <sub>2</sub> 116 <sup>8</sup> 4 100 15	7 <sup>1</sup> 4 19	19 16 <sup>1</sup> <sub>4</sub> 100 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 14	19	8 19 151 <sub>2</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub>	8 18 1384	10 18 141 <sub>2</sub> 105 15	11 	105	100 101 <sub>4</sub> 117 103	151 <sub>2</sub> 100 12 117 103 138 <sub>4</sub>	20 12 13	20 131 <sub>2</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	16  101 <sub>2</sub> 117 100 111 <sub>4</sub>	1171 <sub>2</sub> 1021 <sub>2</sub>	151 <sub>2</sub> 98 11	98 12 117 1011 <sub>2</sub>	161 <sub>2</sub> 20 99 11 1171 <sub>2</sub>	291 <sub>2</sub> 221 <sub>2</sub> 100 12 118 102	30 241 <sub>2</sub> 100 81 <sub>8</sub> 118 100	321 <sub>2</sub> 30 100 113 <sub>4</sub> 119 1001 <sub>2</sub>	1011 <sub>2</sub>	1011 <sub>2</sub> 11 118 100
Nicholas-Beazley common	1 11 104  20c	20e	10 107	337 (35)	11 <sub>8</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub> 107	11 <sub>8</sub> 101 <sub>4</sub> 108		10 <sup>1</sup> 4 108 92 4	1014	11	9 95	10 96	81 <sub>2</sub> 110 98	110	91 <sub>2</sub>		9 1091 <sub>2</sub> 1	97 <sub>8</sub> 1091 <sub>2</sub>	11 <sub>2</sub> 9 110 101	111	10 1121 <sub>2</sub> 1011 <sub>2</sub>	111 <sub>2</sub> 115	10 10 1141 <sub>2</sub>	12 <sup>1</sup> 4 115 <sup>1</sup> 2
Preferred	7 1 28	100	14	2 178	1 30	1 30	1 311 <sub>8</sub>	1 3118	2 <sup>1</sup> 2 10 5 1 31 <sup>1</sup> 2	21 <sub>2</sub> 10 5 11 <sub>2</sub> 311 <sub>2</sub>	10 5 1 32	10 5 1 32	750 331 <sub>2</sub>	1.00 341 <sub>2</sub>	856 36	11 <sub>2</sub> 391 <sub>2</sub>	10 a 134 39	21 210 21 <sub>8</sub> 39		31 <sub>2</sub>	518 35 75	58 <sub>4</sub> 35 1.00 35	20c 41 <sub>2</sub> 50 60c 35	518 5012 2 00 39
8% preferred	119 9 1258	1012	914	1231 <sub>2</sub> 91 <sub>4</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub>	1201 <sub>2</sub> 1	9	9	9	119 1 81 <sub>2</sub> 15 112 1	9 1558	9 14	16	9	124 <sup>1</sup> 2 9 20 <sup>1</sup> 4	9	1241 <sub>2</sub> 10 117 <sub>8</sub> 191 <sub>2</sub>	24 1 9	20	9 <sup>3</sup> 8 19 <sup>5</sup> 8	10 <sup>1</sup> 8 29	7 121 91 <sub>2</sub> 253 <sub>4</sub> 1111 <sub>2</sub>	33	12312	12512
BONDS  d City & Sub Pub Serv A 5s. 1934 Cert of Deposit		<u></u>	30 29	30 29			28 107 2184		27 107 1		10784	10784			971 <sub>2</sub> 1071 <sub>4</sub> 1	971 <sub>2</sub> 1073 <sub>4</sub>				2514	261 <sub>2</sub>	27	27 <sup>1</sup> 4 25	28 25
6 Scullin Steel 6s		===	151 <sub>2</sub> 271 <sub>2</sub> 281 <sub>4</sub>	151 <sub>2</sub> 281 <sub>4</sub> 283 <sub>4</sub>	271 <sub>2</sub> 281 <sub>4</sub>	28 281 <sub>4</sub>	28 291 <sub>2</sub>	281 <sub>2</sub> 31	1314	16	27 28	27 28		17 27 281 <sub>2</sub>	25		27	25 27 28		268 <sub>4</sub> 28	22	2784	261 <sub>2</sub> 255 <sub>8</sub>	27 28

\*No par value. † Have not registered with Securities & Exchange Commission. a Called in on Oct. 31, 1935 at \$120. b Removed on Nov. 16, 1935. c Removed on Nov. 23, 1935. a In default July 1, 1934 coupon. c In default. f Removed on April 26, 1935. z Odd lots.

#### MONTHLY RANGE OF PRICES ON ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE FOR YEAR 1936.

STOCKS		uary High		ruary High		arch High	Low	pril High	M Low	ay High	Low	ne High	Ja Low	uly High	Low	gust High	Septe Low	mber High	Oct Low	ober High	Nove Low	mber High	Dece Low	ember High
A S Aloe Co common20 Preferred100	\$ per		\$ per	share	\$ per 27	share 27	\$ per 27 103	share 271 <sub>2</sub> 103	\$ per	share			21	21	2212	share 221 <sub>2</sub> 110		share		share 27	\$ per	share	33	share 36 113
Z American Credit Indem	1312	16	39	45 27	46 20 2784		20 29	55 231 <sub>2</sub> 30	50 22 281 <sub>2</sub>	57 24 29	601 <sub>2</sub> 21 283 <sub>4</sub>	621 <sub>8</sub> 22 29	22 29	221 <sub>4</sub> 30	2112	22	22	2612	27	2812	2814	31	28	29
7% Preferred25 Conv cum preferred25 8% Preferred25		===		===	2712	2712	27	27		===	27	271 <sub>2</sub> 30	29	30	30	30	271 <sub>2</sub> 29	271 <sub>2</sub> 291 <sub>2</sub>		28 311 <sub>2</sub> 30	271 <sub>2</sub> 30 30	271 <sub>2</sub> 318 <sub>4</sub> 30		271 <sub>2</sub> 30
Boyd-Welsh Inc common*  Brown Shoe Co common*  y Burkart Mfg common*	63 485 <sub>8</sub>	64 591 <sub>2</sub>	63	641 <sub>2</sub>	571 <sub>2</sub> .601 <sub>2</sub>		55 59	60 63	50 55	21 <sub>2</sub> 551 <sub>2</sub> 68	51 67	531 <sub>4</sub> 671 <sub>2</sub>		52 70	47	5112	45	48	28 <sub>4</sub> 46	28 <sub>4</sub> 501 <sub>2</sub>			4 461 <sub>8</sub>	6 471 <sub>2</sub>
Common (new) 1 Preferred * Central Brewing common 5	3214			3212						3214			30	3212	21 4 321 <sub>2</sub>	27 321 <sub>2</sub>	25 321 <sub>2</sub>	288 <sub>4</sub> 321 <sub>2</sub>		271 <sub>2</sub> 32 58 <sub>4</sub>	26 31	328 <sub>4</sub> 311 <sub>2</sub>	30 318 <sub>4</sub>	381 <sub>8</sub> 32
	35 57	36 57	36	86 63	38	41	40 81 <sub>4</sub> 65	41 91 <sub>2</sub> 65	421 <sub>2</sub> 9 70	421 <sub>2</sub> 9 72	421 <sub>2</sub> 8 75	43 81 <sub>2</sub> 81	78 <sub>4</sub>	7 <sup>3</sup> 8	61 <sub>4</sub>	7 9434	60 7 90	70 7 93	72 61 <sub>2</sub> 90	75	85 61 <sub>2</sub> 90		6	712
Columbia Brewing common 5  2 Dr. Pepper common *  Common (new) *	3	318		414		61 <sub>2</sub> 421 <sub>2</sub>	5	5 447 <sub>8</sub>	412	6 518	512	6112	512			51 <sub>2</sub> 81	5 78	5 7984	434			96 518 100 2612	484	110 584 261s

#### MONTHLY RANGE OF PRICES ON ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE FOR YEAR 1936-

STOCKS	Januar Low H	ry Fe	bruary High	Mo Low	rch High	Low	ril High	Low	ay High	Ju Low	ne High	Low	lly High	Low	ust High	Septe Low	mber High	Low	ober High	Nove Low	mber High	Dece Low	ember Hig
Par	\$ per sh	are S p	er share								share	\$ per		\$ per	share					\$ per		\$ per	
A preferred100				64	138 <sub>4</sub>	133 <sub>4</sub> 653 <sub>4</sub>		14	15	15	15	66	151 <sub>2</sub>	66	66	16	16	16	16	181 <sub>2</sub>	19 74	19	19 74
First preferred100										-::-				109	109								
ly-Walker common25 First preferred100	1784 1 $118 11$			17 <sup>1</sup> 2	118		$171_{2}$ $118$	11712	118	17 120	18 120	17	22 120	21 1181 <sub>2</sub>	23	22 118	221 <sub>2</sub> 118	120	25 120	24 1201 <sub>8</sub>	2578 1201e	2512	261
Second preferred100	98 9		98			9712	9712	9712	100		100	97	100	9712		100	100			100	100	101	
merson Electric preferred100 alstaff Brewing com1		578 5	78 712	74 612	74 71 <sub>4</sub>	80 6	80 678	6	7	614	7	85 678	85 91 <sub>8</sub>	814	918	95 858	95	95	95 97 <sub>8</sub>	96	100		110
lobe-Democrat preferred100				115	115	114	115			116	116							116	116				
riesedieck West Brew com*  amilton Brown com*	258	2 2	78 384		314	214	210		212		212	17 21 <sub>2</sub>	20	16 21 <sub>2</sub>	18 278	1714 212	20	19 258	20	1914	2614	25 318	311
ussman-Ligonier com*	65o 1	0   9	9	8	912	912	1114	984	1038	10	1414	12	1412	1114	14	1312	1414	1312	1714	1584	17	1614	18
wPreferred ** uttig S & D common **	984 1	114 10 419 6		1014	111 <sub>2</sub> 71 <sub>2</sub>	714	115 <sub>8</sub> 71 <sub>2</sub>	1114	12	12 612	15 61 <sub>2</sub>	1212	143 <sub>4</sub> 61 <sub>2</sub>	12 514	14	1312	1414	1314			1612	1358	17
Preferred		45	48									80	80								10-2	1308	
yde Park Brewing com10 ydraulic P Brick common100		7 17 5e 80	c 18	171 <sub>4</sub> 75e	1714	1512	1714	16 75c	17	168 <sub>4</sub> 75c	171 <sub>4</sub> 75c	1714		17	1912	;-	19-	1714	1712	1712	19	1712	
Preferred100	4	5 6		8	9	7	8	8	8	714	714	65c	8	9	1214	12	13 <sub>8</sub> 15	1434	16	11 <sub>2</sub>	11 <sub>2</sub>	112	15
iternational Shoe common*	4712 5	0 49	84 53	51	531 <sub>2</sub>	4984	5184	48	4912	4812	4912	4884	4984	48	4912	4712	4834	4714	48	48	5012	4712	49
ohnson-Stephens-Shinkle com* ey Co common*	113 <sub>4</sub> 1 83 <sub>8</sub>	41 <sub>2</sub> 14 91 <sub>2</sub> 9	171 <sub>4</sub> 8 <sub>4</sub> 148 <sub>4</sub>	15 111 <sub>2</sub>	151 <sub>2</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	14 <sup>1</sup> 2 12	15 14	13	1312	13 13	14 131 <sub>2</sub>	1312	131 <sub>2</sub> 141 <sub>4</sub>	1278	1314	1212	13	131 <sub>4</sub> 12	14 127 <sub>8</sub>	14 111 <sub>2</sub>	15 121 <sub>2</sub>	16 11	17
napp-Monarch common*		9	14 1212	10	11	8	10			10	10			11	12			15	15	19	21	2212	23
Preferred ** 2½% preferred **	29 2	9 31	3434	33	33					28	28			32	36			3214	3214	3214	3284	3214	32
clede-Christy common*	612	7 7	12 814	712	814	712	$10^{1}4$	8	912	914	12	1012	1214	9	1012	9	10	11	11	1014	1214	1214	
aclede Gas Light pref100 aclede Steel common20	40 4 25 2	712	12 3012	39 241 <sub>2</sub>	39	381 <sub>4</sub> 23	381 <sub>4</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub>	24	2434	23	2414	2278	2414	23	25	23	24	45 24	45 2514	2412	2812	2584	27
andis Machine common25	21 2	1 21	2712	2712	28	23	27	20	20	19	1938	20	21			21	2114			20	20	21	21
cQuay-Norris common* eyer-Blanke common*	14 1		5684	5884	5912	1312	61 14	55	60	52	55	52	61	59 13	60 13	5834	60	59 15	59 15	58 147 <sub>8</sub>	58 15	54 14	54 15
Preferred100 issouri Portland common25	10 1	1 102	102 12 1314	1012	1284		1184	1014	1114	978	1214	12	1718	1484	1678	1512	1610	1578	1712	17	2078	17	20
ational Bearing Metals com* Preferred*	25 2		12 29	28	30	28	28		105	29	291 <sub>2</sub> 1061 <sub>2</sub>		47	42	46 111	40 111	43	44	50	47	50	49	50
ational Candy common*	10 1	4 9	12 12		1184			1384	15	1318	1412	1114	1312			1084	1112	1078	13	1214	1478	1184	
First preferred100 Second preferred100	100 10	9 119	119	119 102	119 102	118	118	$\frac{117}{102}$		118 102		118 102	118	100	100	$\frac{1171}{100}$	$\frac{117^{1}2}{100}$	118 985 <sub>8</sub>	118			$\frac{1183_4}{1001_2}$	
Second preferred 100 ational Oats common * icholas-Beazley common 5	1312 1	612 15		1512	16		1634		1712	19	20	1912		1934		23	24	24	25	2412	3012	26	26
edigo Co common5	75c 7	5c		112	184	1	1			112	112					1	1	1	1	80c 51g	510	55c 41 <sub>2</sub>	
ice-Stix common*	912 1	058 9	958	9	912		834	718	712	718				9	10	912	11	10	1112	1058	1212	1184	12
edigo Co common	116 11 102 10	$   \begin{array}{c c}     7^{1_2} & 115 \\     2 & 100   \end{array} $	116 100	114	115 101	114	115		115 101	$\frac{1121_{2}}{100}$	114 101	11112	112			100	100		1141 <sub>4</sub> 100		115 101		118
Louis Bank Bldg & Equpt com*																2	212	2	278			3	
t Louis Car common 10 Preferred 100		3	12 512	25	25							25	25	414	30	61 <sub>2</sub> 311 <sub>2</sub>	61 <sub>2</sub>	48	812	73	778	7712	13
Louis Public Service com*				15c	15c	15c	20c			20c	20c	20	20	30	30	20c	20c	40	55	15c	1	30c	60
Preferred * Louis Screw & Bolt com 15			- 4	25c	30c	30c	30c	40c	40c			60c	60c							10	8	21 <sub>2</sub>	1
ruggs-V-Barney common25	412	412 4	84 5	4	414	4	4	378	4	4	4	4	514	514	6	7	1112	912	12	1012		1318	
		52		53 40	53 40	53 40	53	53 40	53 40	55 40	55 40	54	60	60	6214	70	78	85	85	95	95	80	80
Second preferred 100 ullin Steel pref * curities Inv common *	2	2 2		112		2	238	2	212	212	412	41 358	45	46	50	412	8	7	1414	1312	22	1984	
Preferred	3812 3	812 38	12 43	42	43	42	43	43	4312	4312	4312	4312	44	4484	45	45	47	4712	48	49	50	51	5
dalia Water pref100		75	75									113	113			112	112					112	11
eloff Packing Co common*	7 1	3		812	812	8	8			8	8	712	712			8	8			10	11	13	1
uthwestern Bell Tel pref100 ix, Baer-Fuller common10	91 <sub>2</sub> 1		1261 <sub>2</sub> 12 101 <sub>2</sub>		1271 <sub>2</sub>	910	$125^{1}_{4}$ $10^{1}_{4}$	1231 <sub>8</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	12612	125 978	1261 <sub>8</sub> 101 <sub>2</sub>		126 101 <sub>4</sub>	1010	1258 <sub>4</sub> 101 <sub>2</sub>	125	127 12	12414	125 131 <sub>2</sub>		125 1534	1221g 151g	2 12
tle Insurance common25		12. 2.24								18	19					19	19	19	19	19	19		-
agner Electric common15	2914 3	212 31	14 33	3178	3418	2812	3378	2914	3234	3112	3278	32	35	3312	35	3314	38	3812	4112	4012	4484	3914	. 4
BONDS ty-Suburban 5s1934	2614 3	212 30	30	3218	3218	gan e e		33	34	33	33	29	30	2912	2912	29	30			32	32		1
5s Certificate of deposit clede Gas Lt 1st & ref 5 1/2s 1953						30	30							29	29					32	3314		-
tional Bearing Metals 6s_1947		78	78	1071.	10784	108	108	10812	10810									1081	10812	10784	10784	108	10
Louis Car 6s 1935																							-
6s extended1941 ullin Steel 6s1941	22 2	2 75 2 23		29	37	30	3012	3014	351	3512	4214	69 421 <sub>4</sub>	69 50	75	75 491 <sub>2</sub>	75	82 67	76 68	80 77	79	82 9884	801 <sub>2</sub> 951 <sub>2</sub>	8 10
uthwestern Bell Tel 31/68 1964	105 10	5 107	107											49									
nited Railway 4s1934 4s Certificate of deposit	2814 3	514 32	12 3314		3412		3412		34	3012	33	2984			2878	3012	3214				36	33	3
w Removed Dec. 4, 1936. x S				100	34	3212	34	3284	3284		31	2912			2912	29	3112		32	33	36	1 32	3

#### Course of Security Prices in Kansas City, Mo.

The Prescott, Wright, Snider Co. and Steer Brothers & Co. keep a record of the securities having a market in Kansas City, and they have courteously placed that record at our disposal. The table below shows the high and low prices of these securities for the calendar year 1936, together with the bid and asked prices Dec. 30 1936.

RANGE OF PRICES IN SECURITIES LOCAL TO KANSAS CITY

	Range	in 1936	Price De	ec. 30 '36		Range	in 1936	Price De	ec. 30 '3
	High	Low	Bid	Asked		High	Low	Bid	Asked
American Asphalt Roof Co pref	105	98	103		* Kansas Power & Light 6% pref	104	9914	103 1/4	105
Common	105	931/2	105		*7% preferred	106	102	105	
American Rolling Mill Co pref	105	1001	104	105	* Kansas Power Co \$6 pref	104	9914	921/2	95
Associated Tel & Tel Co 7% pref	60	361/2	51	56	*\$7 preferred	106	102	99	101
56 preferred	5714	311/2	48	53	* Long-Bell Lumber Co pref	52 14	3214	55	57
\$4 preferred	211/2	8	13	16	*Common	1914	45%	20	22
Class A	11	4	634	81/2	* Lucky Tiger Comb Gold Mining	3	1.45	11/2	13/
Butler Mfg Co common	11	6	12	13	Telephone Bond & Share 7% pref	66	42	57 3/4	61
6% preferred	97	38	82	84	Class A.	9	334	51/2	7
Central Surety & Ins Corp	46%	31	46	48	* United Telephone Co Kansas 7% pref	10834	106	103	105
cook Paint & Varnish Co \$4 pref	62	53	611/4	62	Western Insurance Securities class A	145%	734	81/2	103
Davidson Co 7% preferred	110	98	1081/2	1101/2	Woolf Bros Inc preferred	100	7516	97	100
Dickey Clay Mfg Co pref	51/8	2	5%	61/2	Class B	17	10	151/2	17
Imployers Reinsurance Corp	501/4	38	50	52			100		1
Gleaner Harvester Corp.	381/2	20	38	40	BONDS—	4.			
H D Lee Mercantile Co.	19%	13 %	18	19	* Athletic Club & Office Bldg 61/28, 1941	211/2	20	1736	20
Cansas City Fire & Marine Ins	2114	201/2	2034	22	* Dickey Clay Mfg 58, 1949	85	391/2	781/2	81
ansas City Stockyards Co pref	9914	931/2	94	97	* Dierks Lumber & Coal 68, 1947	1161/2	92	11634	1183
Common	0.5	78	77	81	Kansas City Structural Steel 5s, 1944	631/2	591/2	64	663
Kansas Electric Power 7% pref	10914	102	107	109	* Oregon American Lumber 6s, Jan 1, 1950	2014	12	21	23
-6% preferred	981/2	91	99	101	Pickering Lumber Co 6s, 1946	301/2	16%	28%	30
Kansas Gas & Electric 7% pref	114 1/2	102 1/2	113	1 116	Telephone Bond & Shares 5s, 1958	901/4	801/2	8514	87 14

#### The Course of the Bond Market

An increase of 33½% in reserve requirements for Federal Reserve member banks was announced a week ago, raising requirements to the 14-20-26% level, or double what they were before the 50% increase of last August. The new rules will go into effect partially on March 1 and completely on May 1. It is estimated that excess reserves should be reduced from the current \$2,150 millions to around \$500 millions. The bond market which had been selling off for lions. The bond market, which had been selling off for two weeks upon hints that reserve requirements were to be raised again, rallied moderately on Monday. Lower-

grade bonds continued to strengthen fractionally throughout the week, but high-grades softened somewhat. On Monday quotations on bankers' acceptances were raised 1/16 to ½ of 1%.

High-grade railroad bonds displayed a firmer undertone. Atchison gen. 4s, 1995, declined ¼ to 113¼; Baltimore & Ohio 4s, 1948, advanced ½ to 107; Union Pacific 4s, 1947, were unchanged at 114½. Lower-grade railroad bonds have been somewhat higher, several issues regaining a part of their losses of last week. Baltimore & Ohio 5s, 1995, advanced 1½ to 92½; Illinois Central 5s, 1963, gained 3½ at 90½; Erie 5s, 1975, at 87 were 1½ points higher. Issues

of several bankrupt or receivership railroads showed sub-

of several bankrupt or receivership railroads showed substantial gains in sympathy with favorable earnings reports and encouraging prospects. Mobile & Ohio 4½s, 1977, advanced 3½ to 37, and New Orleans Texas & Mexico 5s, 1954, rose 4¼ to 56¼.

Following several weeks of decline, high-grade utility bonds recorded some recovery this week. New York Edison 3½s, 1965, closed at 103¼, up ¼; Potomac Electric Power 3½s, 1966, were unchanged at 104¾; Pacific Gas & Electric 3¾s, 1961, at 104% were up 5½. The trend of lower grades has also been up. Bonds of companies operating in the neighborhood of the Tennessee Valley Authority have been little affected by news of the expiration of existing contract little affected by news of the expiration of existing contract arrangements. New offerings were limited to \$18,000,000 Atlantic City Electric gen. 3½s, 1964, for refunding pur-

With the exception of bonds having conversion or stock purchase privileges and securities of companies in reorganization, most of the industrial list has fluctuated over a The foods have tended to seek fractionally

higher levels. The amusements have been soft. Non-ferrous metal issues have been steady, General Cable 5½s, 1947, advancing ½ to 105½s. Some of the oils moved forward, Consolidated Oil 3½s, 1951, closing at 105¾, up ½. Few important price changes have been recorded among the equipments, but Baldwin Lòcomotive 6s, 1938, ex-warr. (stamped) skyrocketed 44 points to 203 on the news that final court approval of the reorganization plan had been received. Obligations of tobacco companies declined; at 121¼ Lorillard 7s, 1944, were off ½.

The foreign bond market has been quiet, with a firm undertone. Italian issues have been outstanding for their strength; among Europeans, German issues have been irregular, as were French, while Scandinavian bonds moved narrowly. Chilean issues have been soft in the South American department, which in general showed little change. Some of the Japanese utilities displayed a firming tendency in an otherwise inactive list.

of the Japanese diffices displayed a firming tentes of the otherwise inactive list.

Moody's computed bond prices and bond yield averages are given in the following tables:

		MOOI			RICES (		ED)		I		мос				VERAC Closing		EVISED	))	
1937	U.S. Govt.	All 120 Domes-	120		c Corpord	2te *		Domesi ate by G		1937	All 120 Domes-	120	Domest by Ru		ate		O Domes		30 For-
Daily Averages	Bonds	Corp.*	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	Daily Aterages	ticCorp.	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	eigns
Feb. 5 4 4 2 1 Jan. 30 28 27 26 25 22 21 20 19 16 15 14 13 12 11 11 11 12 11 11 12 11 13 12 14 13 12 14 13 12 14 13 12 15 14 13 12 11 15 16 17 17 18 19 1	112.12	105.22 105.22 105.22 105.22 105.41 105.41 105.22 105.22 105.79 106.17 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36 106.36	116.43 116.21 116.64 116.86	113.89 111.84	103.38 103.56 103.56 103.38 103.38 103.38 103.38 103.36 103.36 104.30 104.30 104.30 104.30 104.48 104.48 104.48 104.48 104.48 104.48 104.48 104.49 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.67 104.30 10	91.66 91.66 91.66 91.51 91.35 91.51 91.35 91.20 91.66 92.12 92.28 92.28 92.28 92.28 92.28 92.29 92.12 94.13 94.13 94.14	100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 99.83 100.53 101.06 101.23 101.41 101.41 101.23 101	105.04 105.22 104.85 104.85 104.85 105.04 105.04 105.04 105.05 105.07 105.79 105.79 105.79 105.79 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.98 105.99 105.97 106.17	110.63 110.63 110.63 110.83 111.03 111.03 111.143 111.43 111.43 111.43 111.205 112.05 112.25	Feb. 5  4 4 3 2 2 2 2	3.64 3.65 3.66 3.66 3.66 3.67 Stock 3.64 3.72 3.98	3.18 3.17 3.15 3.16 3.14 3.13 3.11 3.10 3.09 3.09 3.09 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.07 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08	3.37 3.37 3.37 3.35 3.34 4.3.35 3.32 3.29 3.29 3.29 3.29 3.29 3.29 3.29	3.81 3.80 3.81 3.80 3.81 3.76 3.76 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75	4.51 4.53 4.53 4.53 4.53 4.53 4.53 4.54 4.46 4.47 4.47 4.47 4.47 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48	4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.01 3.93 3.92 3.92 3.92 3.92 3.93 3.93 3.93	3.72 3.71 3.73 3.73 3.73 3.72 3.72 3.72 3.72 3.72	3.43 3.43 3.43 3.41 3.41 3.41 3.39 3.39 3.39 3.36 3.36 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35 3.35	5.39 5.39 5.41 5.43 5.43 6.11
2 Yrs. Age Feb. 5 '35	107.23	89.40	104.85	97.28	88.95	71.57	86.50	86.07	95.95	Feb. 5 '3		3.73	4.16	4.69	6.07	4.86	4.89	4.24	6.06

\*These prices are computed from average yields on the basis of one "typical" bond (4% coupon, maturing in 30 years) and do not purport to show either the average level or the average movement of actual price quotations. They merely serve to illustrate in a more comprehensive way the relative levels and the relative movement of yield averages, the latter being the truer picture of the bond market

#### The New Capital Flotations

(Concluded from page 843)

OIL

150,000 Bradford Oil Co. 150,000 shares capital stock. Purchase of plant and equipment; working capital. Price, 1. Offered to stockholders; underwritten by Thompson & Taylor Co. and Bioren & Co.

plant and equipment; working capital. Price, 1. Offered to stockholders; underwritten by Thompson & Taylor Co. and Bioren & Co.

51,500,000 Tide Water Associated Oil Co. 500,000 shares \$4.50 cum conv. pref. stock. Retire 6% cum. pref. stock. Price, 103; to yield 4.37%. Offered in exchange to holders of company's 6% pref. stock, share for share, plus payment of \$2 cash, and to common stockholders at \$103, subject to prior subscription by holders of 6% pref. stock. Underwritten by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Lehman Brothers; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Blyth & Co., inc., The First Boston Corp.; Hayden, Stone & Co., Bancamerica-Blair Corp. and Dean Witter & Co. Other underwriters were: Bonbright & Co., Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co., Hallgarten & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Lee Higginson Corp.; J. & W. Seligman & Co.; White, Weld & Co.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Schwabacher & Co.; Shields & Co.; Speyer & Co.; Chas. D. Barney & Co.; A. G. Becker & Co., Inc.; Cassatt & Co., Inc.; Clark, Dodge & Co.; E. W. Clark & Co.; Estabrook & Co.; W. E. Hutton & Co.; Palne, Webber & Co.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Lawrence Stern & Co., Inc.; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co.; F. S. Moseley & Co.; Dannick & Dominick, Hornblower & Weeks; Graham, Parsons & Co.; Hayden, Miller & Co.; Otis & Co.; Wm. R. Staats Co.; Spencer Trask & Clo.; Alex. Brown & Sons; Mitchum, Tully & Co.; Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomercy, Inc.; The Securities Co. of Milwalkee, Inc.; H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc.; Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.; G. H. Walker & Co.; Singer, Deane & Scribner; Batson, Barnes & Lester, Inc.; Wm. Cavalier & Co.; Bankamerica Co.; Janney & Co.; Kalman & Co.; Laurence M. Marks & Co.; A. C. Allyn & Co.; Singer, Deane & Scribner; Batson, Barnes & Lester, Inc.; Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.; G.; H. Walker & Co.; Facific Capital Corp., and Dillon, Read & Co., Inc.; Frontschild & Co.; The Elworthy & Co.; Pacific Capital Corp., and Dillon, Read & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS

MISCELLANEOUS

100,000 Atlas Finance Co. 1,000 shares 5½% deb. pref. stock. General corporate purposes. Price, 100. Offered by Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co.; Garrett-Bromfield & Co., and Sullivan & Co., all of Denver, Colo.

1,000,000 Brooklyn Daily Eagle Properties Corp. 40,000 shares 6% cum. conv. pref. stock. Acquire goodwill and circulation of Brooklyn "Times-Union"; working capital. Price, 25. Each share convertible into 10 shares of common stock. Offered by Falvey, Waddell & Co., Inc.

1,200,000 Colonial Finance Co. 60,000 shares common stock. Working capital. Price, 20. Offered by Hayden, Miller & Co.; Otis & Co., Inc.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; First Cleveland Corp.; Maynard H. Murch & Co.; Curtiss, House & Co., and Lowry, Sweney, Inc.

500,000 Automobile Finance Co. (Pittsburgh) 100,000 shares common stock. Working capital. Price, 5. Offeerd by Webber-Simpson & Co., Chicago.

1,875,000 Davega Stores Corp. 75,000 shares 5% conv. pref. stock. Retire bank loans; working capital. Price, 25. Convertible on or before June 30, 1942. or the 5th day prior to earlier redemption date, into common stock at rate of 1½ shares for each share of preferred. Offered by J. A. Sisto & Co. Discharge indebtedness; working capital. Price, 48, with warrants to purchase 1 share of capital stock of Emporium Capwell Corp., the holding company, over a period of 10 years, at prices ranging from \$26 to \$34 per share. Offered by Dean Witter & Co.; Schwabacher & Co.; Brush, Slocumb & Co.; Pacific Co. of California; Griffith, Wagenseller & Durst; Bissinger & Co.; Wm. Cavalier & Co., and Bennett, Richards & Hill.

18,000,000 Household Finance Corp. 180,000 shares 5% pref. stock.

Bissinger & Co.; Wm. Cavalier & Co., and Bennett, Itelatus, 000,000 Household Finance Corp. 180,000 shares 5% pref. stock. Provide for retirement of participating pref. stock; other corporate purposes. Price, 100; to yield 5.00%. Offered, subject as to 106,350½ shares, to prior exchange rights granted to holders of the company's participating pref. stock, by Clark, Dodge & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; White, Weld & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co. and Blair, Bonner & Co.

705,000 Peerless Casualty Co. (Keene, N. H.) 30,000 shares common stock. Provide funds for additional investments. Price, 23½. Offered by Falvey, Waddell & Co., Inc. 18,000,000 H

FARM LOAN AND GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY ISSUES 26,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Banks 1½% consolidated debentures, dated Jan. 15, 1937, and due in 3 and 6 months. Refunding. Price on application. Offered by Charles R. Dunn, New York, Fiscal Agent.

Refunding. Price on application. Offered by Charles R. Dunn, New York, Fiscal Agent.

ISSUES NOT REPRESENTING NEW FINANCING

428,750 Indiana Steel Products Co. 49,000 shares common stock. Price, 8½. Offered by F. A. Brewer & Co. and Kalman & Co. 1,600,500 McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., Inc., 58,200 shares common stock. Price, at market—about 27½. Offered by F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc.

666,250 The Serrick Corp. 53,300 shares class B common stock. Price, 12½. Offered by Harrison, O'Gara & Co.; Sills, Troxell & Minton, Inc.; Polk-Peterson Corp., and Festus J. Wade, Jr., & Co.

250,000 Sherwood, Swan & Co., Ltd., 25,000 shares 6% participating class A stock. Price, 10. Offered by Miller & Co., San Francisco.

3,400,000 Southern California Water Co. 1st M. 4½s, Oct. 1, 1960. Price, 103½; to yield 3.78%. Offered by Chandler & Co., Inc.; G. L. Ohrstrom & Co., Inc.; Swart, Brent & Co., Inc.; Burr & Co., Inc.; Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc.; Dulin & Co.; Bond & Goodwin, Inc., and Boenning & Co.

1,500,000 Trenton Garment Co. (Jackson, Mich.) S1,250 shares common stock. Offered by Walter W. Tait, Detroit.

1,500,000 United States Casualty Co. 150,000 shs. \$0.45 cum. conv. participating pref. stock. Price, 10. Convertible at any time into common stock on a share-for-share basis. Offered to stockholders of New Amsterdam Casualty Co.

\$8.008,000

## Indications of Business Activity

#### THE STATE OF TRADE-COMMERCIAL EPITOME

THE STATE OF TRADE—COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1937.

With the floods in the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys cutting heavily into coal production and steel activity, and also having a marked effect in reducing merchandise car loadings last week, business activity experienced a temporary setback. The "Journal of Commerce" weekly business index registered a decline of four points from the previous week's figure of 96.6, the current index figure being 92.5 (a preliminary figure). This compares with 77.0 during the corresponding week of last year. However, according to the "Iron Age," the steel industry is more than holding its own, despite floods and strikes and the threats of labor leaders that the steel industry would eventually come in for its share of labor disturbance. The "Review," in its weekly summary of the steel industry, reports that schedits own, despite floods and strikes and the threats of labor leaders that the steel industry would eventually come in for its share of labor disturbance. The "Review," in its weekly summary of the steel industry, reports that schedules for the week are at 79% of capacity against 75% a week ago, due to resumption of operations at plants closed by floods, Pittsburgh output being at a peak for the sixyear period. As flood waters recede some fair idea is obtained of the extent of damage in many areas, and already indications are that there will be a tremendous replacement business. As a matter of fact, prospects for steel are so bright that there is talk of higher prices by the end of the current quarter, and this is being further reflected in marked advances in the securities markets. Resumption of work at some of the plants of General Motors Corp. has resulted in the release of suspended tonnages of some products, particularly sheets and strip. Meanwhile, other automobile companies are straining for higher production, Ford having reached 6,000 cars a day. That company has inquired for 80,000 tons of square and round bars and slabs, the latter for processing in its own sheet mills. Total output of motor cars is moving up slowly, having gained a little more than 3,000 units last week. Production of electricity in the United States for the week ended Jan. 30 was 2,214,654,000 kilowatt hours, a decrease of 1.9% from the preceding week, but an increase of 13.3% over the corresponding week a year ago. After a brief interruption by flood conditions last week, retail trade volume shows an increase of 10% to 15% over the corresponding week of 1936. Wholesale volume expanded, showing an increase of 18% to 22% over last year. Car loadings totaled 659,790 cars for the week ended Jan. 30, a decrease of 10,586 cars from the previous week, but an increase of 37,900 cars over the like period of 1936. The net operating income of the Class I roads during 1936 totaled \$665,479,894, or a return of 2.57% on their property investment, Class I roads during 1936 totaled \$665,479,894, or a return of 2.57% on their property investment, compared with \$497,359,578 in 1935, as reported today by the Association of American Railroads. With only light to moderate rains during the past week, flood reports show a marked fall in the upper Ohio River and a slight recession in its lower portions. Latest advices are that Cairo mastered the crest of the flood last night. The stage rose minutely before midnight to 59.62 feet, and there remained until 9:30 a. m. today when the flood tide began to fall. But more satisfactory is the river situation below Cairo. Now, the flood at crest is bearing down on Memphis. A crest is expected by Sunday night, to remain two days, unless there is additional heavy rain. The sky has been unusually fair in most of the flood areas since Feb. 1. For the country as a whole, temperatures over the western half continued abnormally low, and they remained generally above normal east of the Mississippi River, as during several preceding weeks, but the Southeast was considerably cooler than previously, with temperatures averaging near normal. The line of sub-zero temperatures extended southward approximately to the same position as last week. Precipitation was frequent in the more eastern States and most Pacific sections, but there was much less than recently in the Central Valleys and Great Plains. In the New York City area it was cold and clear during most of the week. Today it was snowing and cold here, with temperatures ranging from 27 to 37 degrees. The forecast was for cloudy and colder tonight. Saturday fair. Overnight at Boston it was 26 to 32 degrees: Baltimore, 30 to 32; Pittsburgh, 14 to 32; Portland, Me., 20 to 30; Chicago, 6 to 28; Cincinnati, 18 to 32; Cleveland, 18 to 32; Detroit, 20 to 28; Charleston, 36 to 52; Milwaukee, 6 to 26; Savannah, 38 to 56; Dallas, 38 to 56; Kansas City, 18 to 24; Springfield, Mo., 12 to 22; Oklahoma City, 36 to 44; Salt Lake City, 40 to 50; Seattle, 34 to 48; Montreal, 4 to 14, and Winnipeg, 1

Moody's Commodity Index Advances

Moody's Daily Index of Staple Commodity Prices advanced this week, closing at 206.0 this Friday, as compared with 205.0 a week ago.

The main factors affecting the index were the rise in wheat

and hog prices, and the declines in cocoa and sugar prices. There were also advances in rubber, corn, and steel, and declines in silk, hides, cotton, wool and coffee. There were no net changes in the prices of silver, copper and lead.

The movement of the index during the week, with com-

Learne	and, a	o wo rono mo.			
Fri.	Jan.	29	205.0 2	Weeks Ago, Jan. 22	206.9
Sat.	Jan.	30	205 1 1	Month Ago Jan. b	_201.1
Mon	Reh .		205 211	Year Ago. Feb. D	-110.0
THOS	Toh	9	205 6 1	936 High—Dec. 28	_200.1
Wed	Teh	2	206 1	Low-May 12	_104.6
Thurs.	Feb.	4	205.2 1	.937 High—Jan. 14	-Z1U.1
Fri.	Feb.	5	206.0	Low-Jan. 29	205.0

# "Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices Declined 0.1 Point During Week Ended Feb. 2—

Decline of 0.1 point in the "Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices reflected a number of offsetting price changes. The "Annalist" added: price changes.

The grains were off on prospects of larger 1937 crops, butter and steers declined, rubber was weaker as the motor strike continued, and cocoa broke again from its extreme gains of the past six months. Hogs, however, were up, as were coffee, cotton and crude petroleum.

THE "ANNALIST" WEEKLY INDEX OF WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICES (1913=100)

	Feb. 2, 1937	Jan. 26, 1937	Feb. 4, 1936
Farm products Food products Textile products Fuels Metals Chemicals Miscellaneous	143.9	x143.9	124.3
	131.2	132.0	125.8
	*130.6	x130.5	111.0
	167.5	166.1	171.5
	124.5	124.5	110.8
	98.3	98.3	97.9
	95.6	95.9	85.8
All commoditiesAll commodities on old doll. basis	138.2	x138.3	127.1
	81.6	x81.7	74.4

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary. x Revised.

## Revenue Freight Car Loadings Drop 10,586 Cars in Week Ended Jan. 30

Week Ended Jan. 30

Loadings of revenue freight for the week ending Jan. 30, 1937, totaled 659,790 cars. This is a decline of 10,586 cars, or 1.6%, from the preceding week, a gain of 37,900 cars, or 6.1% over the total for the like week of 1936, and an increase of 62,829 cars, or 10.5%, over the total loadings for the corresponding week of 1935. For the week ending Jan. 23, 1937, loadings were 14.7% above those for the like week of 1936, and 20.7% over those for the corresponding week of 1935. Loadings for the week ended Jan. 16, 1937, showed a gain of 14.5% when compared with 1936, and a rise of 24.4% when comparison is made with the same week of 1935. The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended Jan. 30, 1937 loaded a total of 306,649 cars of revenue freight on their own lines, compared with 315,718 cars in the preceding week and 295,383 cars in the seven days ended Feb. 1, 1936. A comparative table follows:

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS
(Number of Cars)

Received from Connections Weeks Ended— Loaded on Own Lines Weeks Ended an. 30 Jan. 23 Feb. 1 1937 | 1937 | 1936 Jan. 30 Jan. 23 Feb. 1 1937 1937 1936 Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe RyBaltimore & Ohio RR.
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.
Chicago Buri, & Quincy RR.
Chicago Milw, St. P. & Pac. Ry.
Chicago Milw, St. P. & Pac. Ry.
Chicago & North Western Ry
Guif Coast Lines.
International Great Nor. RR.
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR.
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR.
Missouri Pacific RR.
New York Central Lines.
New York Central Lines.
New York Chicago & St. L. Ry.
Norfolk & Western Ry.
Pernsylvania RR.
Pere Marquette Ry.
Pittsburgh & Lake Erle.
Southern Pacific Lines.
Wabash Ry. 20,717 29,876 12,548 17,429 19,358 15,588 3,498 2,281 4,176 16,019 40,839 7,008 15,193 8,156 8,628 8,814 11,320 1,766 2,160 20,185 30,788 22,584 15,912 18,666 14,567 3,687 2,166 17,253 27,209 22,122 15,343 19,571 13,964 2,462 1,786 4,417 14,751 38,848 4,028 19,734 56,733 5,199 5,882 7,090 13,278 3,815 7,801 7,672 11,066 1,735 2,380 2,868 11,350 8,573 4,149 41,932 3,971 7,825 4,789 14,695 7,267 7,440 7,844 10,390 1,319 1,769 2,529 39,898 9,519 3,517 38,581 5,646 4,973 2,281 4,176 16,019 40,839 4,753 12,202 65,400 4,792 7,037 24,512 5,624 2,166 y 14,800 40,773 4,755 21,337 62,072 4,786 7,232 2,160 9,695 39,992 11,571 4,138 39,420 5,616 7,180 25,682 5,726 306,649 315,718 295,383 189,060 199,825 184,398

x Excludes cars interchanged between S. P. Co.-Pacific Lines and Texas & New Orleans RR. Co. y Not available.

TOTAL LOADINGS AND RECEIPTS FROM CONNECTIONS

		Weeks Ended—					
	Jan. 30, 1937	Jan. 23, 1937	Feb. 1, 1936				
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry Illinois Central System St. Louis-San Francisco Ry	24,335 31,417 18,075	23,237 29,737 13,091	19,909 28,954 11,966				
Total	73,827	66,065	60,829				

The Association of American Railroads in reviewing the week ended Jan. 23 reported as follows:

week ended Jan. 23 reported as follows:

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended Jan. 23 totaled 670,376 cars. This was an increase of 85,739 cars or 14.7% above the corresponding week in 1936 and an increase of 114,848 cars or 20.7% above the corresponding week in 1935.

Loading of revenue freight for the week of Jan. 23 was a decrease of 29,862 cars or 4.3% below the preceding week partially due to flood conditions on the Ohio River.

Miscellaneous freight loading for the week ended Jan. 23, totaled 261,838 cars, a decrease of 13,208 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 53,836 cars above the corresponding week in 1936, and 73,665 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 158,937 cars, a decrease of 2,342 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 14,756 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 12,625 cars above the same week in 1935.

same week in 1935. §§ Coal loading amounted to 154,833 cars, a decrease of 6,216 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 7,283 cars above the corresponding week in 1936, and 1,377 cars above the same week in 1935. Grain and grain products loading totaled 30,101 cars, a decrease of 2,034

Grain and grain products loading totaled 30,101 cars, a decrease of 2,034 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 990 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 6,503 cars above the same week in 1935. In the western districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week ended Jan. 23, totaled 19,168 cars, a decrease of 1,185 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 1,200 cars above the corresponding week in 1936.

in 1936.

Live stock loading amounted to 12,876 cars, a decrease of 2,957 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 342 cars above the same week in 1936, this was, however, a decrease of 923 cars below the same week in 1935. In the western districts alone, loading of live stock for the week ended Jan. 23 totaled 9,531 cars, a decrease of 2,591 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 260 cars above the corresponding week

E Forest products loading totaled 30,631 cars, a decrease of 1,289 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 2,325 cars above the same week in 1936, and 12,702 cars above the same week in 1935.

Ore loading amounted to 9,002 cars, a decrease of 2,075 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 3,741 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 5,579 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Coke loading amounted to 12,138 cars, an increase of 259 cars above the preceding week, 2,466 cars above the same week in 1936 and 3,320 cars above the same week in 1935.

All districts reported increases in the number of cars loaded with revenue freight, compared with the corresponding weeks in 1936 and 1935.

May Loading of revenue freight in 1937 compared with the two previous years follows:

	1937	1936	1935
Week of Jan. 2 Week of Jan. 9 Week of Jan. 16 Week of Jan. 23	587,953 698,529 700,238 670,376	541,826 614,853 611,347 584,637	497,274 553,518 562,826 555,528
Totall	2,657,096	2,352,663	2,169,146

In the following table we undertake to show also the loadings for separate roads and systems for the week ended Jan. 23, 1937. During this period a total of 100 roads showed increases when compared with the same week last year:

#### REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (NUMBER OF CARS)—WEEK ENDED JAN, 23

Railroads		otal Revenu		Total Load from Con		Railroads		otal Reven		Total Load from Con	s Received
	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936		1937	1936	1935	1937	1936
Eastern District— Ann Arbor. Bangor & Aroostook Boston & Maine Chicago Indianapolis & Louisv Central Indiana Central Vermont Delaware;& Hudson Delaware Lackawanna & West.	490 2,054 8,397 1,631 28 1,167 4,343 9,577	544 1,965 7,322 1,287 13 817 5,231 9,449	546 2,256 6,240 1,189 25 824 5,190 9,559 188	1,459 274 10,677 2,661 66 2,159 7,753 7,108	1,047 203 8,826 2,029 69 1,490 5,528 5,499	Southern District—(Concl.) Norfolk Southern Pledmont Northern Richmond Fred, & Potomac Seaboard, Air Line Southern System Tennessee Central Winston-Salem Southbound	937 487 317 8,716 19,277 427 185	858 409 288 7,180 18,305 363 156	909 437 245 6,455 17,199 311 128	1,139 1,112 4,512 4,649 14,489 554 882	1,097 848 3,044 3,512 12,054 792 693
Detroit & Mackinac Detroit Toledo & Ironton Detroit & Toledo Shore Line Erle Grand Trunk Western Lehigh & Hudson River Lehigh & New England Lehigh Valley Maine Central Monongahela Montour a New York Central Lines N. Y. N. H. & Hartford New York Ontario & Western N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis Pittsburgh & Lake Erle Pere Marquette Pittsburgh & Shawmut Pittsburgh & West Virginia Rutland Wabash Wheeling & Lake Erle	8,308 3,247 5,562 2,220 40,773 10,810 1,611 4,755 7,523 4,786 392 1,248 622 5,726 3,705	204 2,654 4,037 1,242 7,573 3,101 3,453 1,821 35,664 9,543 1,664 9,543 1,769 4,886 5,335 5,335 7,771 487 5,151 2,919	2,969 326 11,103 3,671 1,651 8,409 2,827 35,400 2,482 4,622 5,147 396 4,622 5,147 396 4,823 4,843 4,843 3,334	122 1,830 3,538 15,320 8,096 1,929 1,466 8,202 2,730 20 12,061 1,808 11,571 6,889 5,616 23 24 27 1,472	77 1,592 3,332 11,902 11,902 17,034 1,312 9,06 6,499 2,490 157 35 33,230 9,763 1,635 8,194 4,828 4,828 4,828 16 1,092 7,721 2,748	Northwestern District—  Belt Ry, of Chicago	99,955 14,567 2,186 18,668 4,178 1,008 8,109 443 1,339 1,339 1,249 8,569 8,529 8,529 1,248	92,766  782 12,000 1,897 16,594 3,902 75,190 209 8,266 489 215 1,160 4,603 8,348 8,348 111 1,236	858 11,950 1,777 15,675 3,590 567 562 4,738 212 8,196 602 229 1,215 4,249 7,240 62 911	1,990 11,320 3,100 8,814 2,968 1,588 372 7,952 202 3,054 590 92 1,901 2,504 3,273 263 1,528	1,697 9,013 2,482 7,240 2,471 134 296 5,377 140 2,546 521 95 1,520 1,951 2,466 208 1,054
Total	150,846	133,047	132,676	169,783	134,126	Total	76,457	66,373	62,633	50,090	39,211
Allegheny District— Akron Canton & Youngstown_ Baltimore & Ohlo_ Bessemer & Lake Erie_ Buffalo Creek & Gauley Cambria & Indiana_ Central RR. of New Jersey Cornwall. Cumberland & Pennsylvania Ligonier Valley Long Island. Penn-Reading Seashore Lines- Pennsylvania System Reading Co_ Union (Pittsburgh)_ West Virginia Northern Western Maryland  Total	30,788 2,587 408 1,472 6,209 950 336 140 623 1,111 62,072 13,730 15,097 66 3,819	24,176 1,347 272 1,226 1,226 5,363 54 306 204 691 48,916 11,956 7,647 85 2,859	508 24,893 1,267 267 1,206 4,740 1 361 195 540 53,183 11,787 6,712 88 3,045	869 15,193 2,427 7 15 12,110 49 32 37 2,592 1,348 39,420 18,347 2,665 0 6,914	741 12,828 1,295 7 13 9,143 53 18 2,198 1,160 32,489 12,563 1,142 78,753	Central Western District— Atch, Top, & Santa Fe System Alton Bingham & Garfield Ohicago Burlington & Quincy Ohicago & Bilinois Midland Chicago & Eastern Illinois Colorado & Southern Denver & Rio Grande Western Denver & Salt Lake Fort Worth & Denver City Illinois Terminal Nevada Northern North Western Pacific Peorja & Pekin Union Southern Pacific (Pacific) Toledo Peorja & Western* Union Pacific System Utah Western Pacific Western Pacific	20,185 2,900 376 15,912 2,343 10,618 3,455 1,082 3,789 1,015 2,144 61 49 18,554 49 12,883 946 1,254	17,669 2,489 301 14,613 9,540 3,213 1,091 2,897 1,2192 1,633 652 277 15,771 11,824 663 1,180	16,388 2,600 14,293 1,570 9,128 3,003 1,161 2,984 7,35 1,018 1,845 880 464 488 12,650 11,079 653 1,123	7,008 2,398 87 8,623 8,713 2,595 1,326 2,595 1,326 2,54 10 9 10 423 423 8,601 1,255 8,574 12 2,313	4,851 2,086 85 7,086 926 7,234 1,932 960 2,102 19 85 376 4,088 897 4,089 11 1,479
Pocahontas District— Chesapeake & Ohio Norfolk & Western Norfolk & Portsmouth Belt Line	22,584 21,337 1,012	21,602 18,301 868	20,809 16,903 807	8,156 4,138 1,243	6,355 3,750 1,066	Total	100,955	89,775	82,067	56,019	43,161
Virginian Total	4,338	3,595 44,366	3,423 41,942	14,385	11,838	Southwestern District-	100	177	101	4.070	4 100
Southern District— Alabama Tennessee & Northern Atl, & W. P.—W, RR, of Ala. Atlanta Birmingham & Coast. Atlantic Coast Line. Central of Georgia. Charleston & Western Carolina. Clinchfield. Durham & Southern. Florida East Coast. Gainesville Midland Georgia Georgia & Florida Guif Mobile & Northern. Illinois Central System. Louisville & Nashville* Macon Dublin & Savannah Mississippi Central Mobile & Ohio* Nashville Chattanooga & St. L.	159 760 722 9,995 4,157 435 1,298 267 136 1,256 38 805 437	185 744 68,548 3,818 3,23 1,031 323 1,37 721 39 721 20,799 20,792 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50	157 602 526 7,560 3,297 1,006 1,28 645 37 603 282 1,022 1,022 1,027 17,979 18,239 11,77 78 1,326 2,199	154 1,237 1,025 4,993 2,933 1,100 1,945 252 309 997 98 1,595 660 983 10,812 2,598 506 283 1,841 2,158	11,338 1,184 712 4,120 2,520 960 1,669 207 297 881 100 1,330 410 912 9,838 3,982 412 338 1,303 1,976	Alton & Southern. Burlington-Rock Island Fort Smith & Western. Guif Coast Lines. International-Great Northern. Kansas Oklahoma & Guif. Kansas City Southern. Louislana & Arkansas. Lutislana Arkansas. Lutislana Arkansas. Litchiteld & Madison Midland Valley Missouri & Arkansas. Southern. Quanah Acme & Pacific. St. Louis-San Francisco. St. Louis-San Francisco. St. Louis-Suthevstern. Texas & New Orleans. Texas & New Orleans. Texas & Pacific. Terminal RR. Assn. of St. Louis Wichita Falls & Southern. Weatherford M. W. & N. W. Total	160 129 252 3,687 2,186 1,811 1,200 372 784 4,181 14,782 4,181 14,782 14,782 1,975 1,975 1,975 1,802 227	170 120 2.824 2.002 143 2.004 11,344 11,344 14,546 15,071 45,071	121 118 235 2,255 1,991 1,399 895 1115 468 778 4,063 13,122 1,992 4,782 3,703 1,582	4,979 251 1,766 2,160 1,1892 1,190 4,199 1,190 244 230 172 2,923 1,100 4,270 2,946 4,511 20,125 4,52 24 4,541	4,109 3109 3199 1,4997 1,994 1,241 1,017 358 682 185 214 2,730 8,535 11 123 3,927 2,026 2,865 3,535 18,067 61 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81

Note—Previous year's figures revised.

Michigan Central RR.

\* Previous figures.

a Includes figures for the Boston & Albany RR., the C. C. C. & St. Louis RR. and the

Increase of 2.1% in Retail Food Costs Between Dec. 15 and Jan. 12 Reported by United States Depart-ment of Labor

The retail cost of food advanced 2.1% between Dec. 15, 1936, and Jan. 12, 1937, Commissioner Lubin of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, announced Jan. 30. "Seventy-two of the 84 foods included

in the Bureau of Labor Statistics index showed price rises over the month," Mr. Lubin said. "Food costs rose in 47 of the 51 reporting cities." The Commissioner added:

On Jan. 12 the index for all foods was 84.6 (1923-25=100). This is 3.6% higher than for Jan. 14 of last year. Food costs are now higher than they have been at any time since March, 1931, when the index was 85.0.

The index for cereals and bakery products rose 0.7% between Dec. 15 and Jan. 12. Prices for 10 of the 13 items in the group advanced. The

largest average increase, 2.3%, was shown for flour, with higher prices reported in 36 of the 51 cities. Bread prices also rose. For white bread, increases in 12 cities and decreases in six resulted in an average advance of 0.3%. Whole wheat bread was 0.7% higher and rye bread 1.5% above prices for last period. Rice showed the greatest decrease, 1.3%. There were no other significant price changes in the group.

\[ \] The cost of meats, which has been falling since Sept. 15, advanced 2.9% as a result of higher prices for 18 of the 21 items. Higher meat costs were reported in 49 of the 51 cities. In 22 of these cities, the increases amounted to more than 3%. Advances for the sub-groups were: Beef and veal, 3.1%; lamb, 3.1%; chickens, 2.6%; salmon, canned, 0.3%. The two fresh pork items, pork chops and loin roast, showed the largest gains, 7.1 and 7.7%, respectively. The advances for beef ranged from 1.1% for liver to 5.9% for plate beef. Leg of lamb was 3.4% higher than last month and rib chops 4.1% higher.

Contrary to the usual seasonal movement, dairy products moved upward 1.1%. Butter prices rose in 48 of the 51 cities. Fresh milk increased 0.4%, partially the result of a sales tax becoming effective in Birmingham and Mobile on the first of the year.

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY COMMODITY GROUPS

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY COMMODITY GROUPS (3-Year Average 1923-25=100)

Commodity Groups	1937	19	36	Соттепро	onding P	eriod in
	Jan. 12		Nov. 17		Jan. 15 1933	Jan. 15 1929
All foods	84.6	82.9	82,5	81.7	62.6	102.7
Cereals and bakery products	92.5	91.9	91.9	94.0	69.5	98.4
Meats	95.7	93.0	93.2	97.3	64.8	117.6
Dairy products	83.4	82.5	82.2	79.8	63.4	105.1
Eggs	76.3	85.9	90.1	73.8	66.9	105.0
Fruits and vegetables	74.5	69.1	66.3	62.7	52.3	88.2
Fresh	73.7	67.6	64.5	61.5	51.4	86.6
Canned	81.8	81.6	81.5	79.4	66.4	96.0
Dried.	71.8	70.6	69.2	58.2	48.6	98.2
Beverages and chocolate	68.6	67.8	67.7	67.6	71.1	110.7
Fats and oils	79.7	77.2	76.2	79.3	46.9	94.1
Sugar and sweets	64.9	63.9	63.8	64.9	58.3	76.7

a Preliminary

Egg costs declined 11.2% following closely the normal seasonal trend. Lower prices were recorded the country over. On Jan. 12, egg prices were 3.4% above Jan. 14 of last year.

The cost of fruits and vegetables moved upward 7.9% due chiefly to a continued advance throughout the country for the fresh items in the group. Increases for the fresh items ranged from 0.6% for oranges and support to 15.6% for protators. Every city except Repletter reported group. Increases for the fresh items ranged from 0.6% for oranges and spinach to 15.6% for potatoes. Every city except Rochester reported higher prices for potatoes and the average for the United States was above that for any January since 1930. Other significant price advances for fresh products were 10.5% for carrots, 9.7% for celery, 7.7% for green beans, and 5.0% for apples. The index for canned fruits and vegetables rose 0.3% and for dried, 1.7%. All items in these sub-groups registered gains, except canned corn and raisins. Navy beans increased 3.5%, continuing the upward movement which began in May.

Beverages and chocolate costs showed an advance of 1.1%. Coffee prices were higher in 47 cities. The average increase for coffee was 1.8%. Increases for other items in this group were as follows: Chocolate, 1.1%; tea, 0.8%; and cocoa, 0.2%.

The index for fats and oils rose 3.2% between Dec. 15 and Jan. 12. Lard prices followed the upward movement of fresh pork prices and showed

The index for fats and oils rose 3.2% between Dec. 15 and Jan. 12. Lard prices followed the upward movement of fresh pork prices and showed an advance of 5.3%. Lard compound, for which a gain of 4.0% was registered, was higher than at any pricing period during 1936. Oleomargarine prices are higher than they have been since May, 1931. The advance for this item during the past month amounted to 3.2%.

The average price of sugar rose 1.8%, and as a result, the index for the sugar and sweets group moved upward, 1.5%. Other items in this group were also higher than on Dec. 15.

Food costs increased in 47 of the 51 cities and declined in four. Manchester showed the greatest increase, 4.5%. In this city, prices of fresh pork, potatoes, and apples rose sharply. Other significant advances were 4.4% for Seattle, and 3.6% for Detroit, Kansas City and St. Louis. The rise in fresh vegetable prices was the chief factor in the advance shown for these cities.

these cities.

The four cities in which lower food costs were reported are all in the South Atlantic region. They are Jacksonville, —0.6%; Richmond, —0.5%; Savannah, —0.3%, and Charleston, —0.2%.

INDEX NUMBERS OF RETAIL COSTS OF FOOD BY REGIONAL AREAS (3-Year Average 1923-25=100)

	1937	19	36	Соттепр	onding F	eriod in
Regional Area	Jan. 12		Nov. 17		Jan. 15 1933	Jan. 15 1929
United States	84.6	82.9	82.5	81.7	62.6	102.7
New England	82.7	80.9	80.1	79.9	64.0	102.1
Middle Atlantic	85.0	83.4	82.8	83.1	64.3	102.8
East North Central	85.2	83.4	82.9	81.4	60.3	103.9
West North Central	89.5	87.1	86.6	84.0	61.3	103.5
South Atlantic	84.1	83.4	82.4	82.0	61.5	101.0
East South Central	81.3	79.5	79.3	76.7	57.5	102.2
West South Central	82.9	81.6	81.9	80.2	60.3	102.1
Mountain	88.6	86.6	86.8	83.7	62.9	99.5
Pacific	82.2	80.1	81.0	78.9	64.2	101.0

a Preliminary.

#### Wholesale Commodity Price Average Further Declined During Week Ended Jan. 30, According to National Fertilizer Association

The general level of wholesale commodity prices again declined in the week ended Jan. 30, according to the index compiled by the National Fertilizer Association. Last week the index (based on the 1926-1928 average of 100%) stood at 84.6%, as compared with 85.0% the previous week. A month ago it registered 84.0% and a year ago 77.9%. The announcement by the Association, under date of Feb. 1, continued: continued:

As had been the case in the preceding week the decline last week was As had been the case in the preceding week the decline last week was due to lower prices for farm products and foods, with all other commodities showing a continuation of the rise which began last fall. Grains and livestock were generally lower during the week with the only important price increase in the farm product group being in cotton. Changes in prices of food products were mixed with 10 items included in the group declining and seven advancing; declines in several of the more heavily weighted items resulted in the group index falling to the lowest point reached in the last ive weeks. Higher prices for petroleum and fuel oil were responsible for the upturn in the fuel index, taking it to the highest point reached in the recovery period. Slight advances were registered by the indexes representing the prices of textiles, fertilizer materials, and miscellaneous commodities.

Twenty-seven price series included in the index declined during the week and 23 advanced; in the preceding week there were 30 declines and 34 advances; in the second preceding week there were 26 declines and 46 advances.

WEEKLY WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICE INDEX Compiled by The National Fertilizer Association (1926-1928—100)

Per Cent Each Group Bears to the Total Index	Group	Latest Week Jan. 30, 1937	Preced'g Week Jan. 23, 1937	Month Ago Jan. 2, 1937	Year Ago Feb. 1, 1936
25.3	Foods	84.2	85.5	84.9	81.0
	Fats and oils	92.2	93.4	93.0	78.1
	Cottonseed oil	108.9	108.9	109.2	95.5
23.0	Farm products	84.1	85.0	85.9	75.7
	Cotton	73.0	71.5	71.6	65.1
	Grains	106.1	109.1	110.1	76.0
	Livestock	78.5	79.8	81.0	78.1
17.3	Fuels	80.9	80.2	80.1	80,0
10.8	Miscellaneous commodities	84.8	84.5	82.3	72.1
8.2	Textiles	80.4	80.3	76.9	68.5
7.1	Metals	95.6	95.6	93.2	83.4
6.1	Building Materials	87.4	87.4	86.7	77.7
1.3	Chemicals and drugs	94.4	94.4	93.6	94.9
0.3	Fertilizer materials	71.2	71.1	69.8	64.3
0.3	Fertilizers	75.8	75.8	75.9	73.0
0.3	Farm machinery	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.5
100.0	All groups combined	84.6	85.0	84.0	77.9

## Wholesale Commodity Prices Advanced Moderately During Week Ended Jan. 30 According to United States Department of Labor

A moderate advance marked the trend in wholesale commodity prices during the week ended Jan. 30, according to an announcement Feb. 4 by Commissioner Lubin, of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor. "The Bureau's index rose 0.1%," Mr. Lubin said, adding: adding:

A sharp increase in market prices of farm products largely accounted for the rise in the all commodity index. The recent advance brought the index to 85.4% of the 1926 average. The advance over a month ago was 0.8% As compared with a year ago, the index is up by 6.1%.

In addition to the rise in farm products, prices of foods, hides and leather products, fuel and lighting materials, housefurnishing goods, and miscellaneous commodities advanced fractionally. Chemicals and drugs declined. Textile products, metals and metal products, and building materials remained unchanged at last week's level.

The index for the nonagricultural commodities group remained unchanged at 84.1. It is 0.7% above a month ago and 4.2% above a year ago. Industrial commodity prices as measured by the index for the group of 'all commodities other than farm products and processed foods' rose 0.1%, to a point 0.7% above a month ago and 5.2% above a year ago.

Wholesale prices of raw materials increased 0.9% during the week. The index for this group is 1.3% higher than for the corresponding week of a month ago and 11.5% above that of a year ago.

The group of partially manufactured articles declined 0.2%. Prices for this group of partially manufactured commodities are 1.3% above the level of last month and 14.2% above that of last year.

The index for finished products remained at 84.6 and shows increases of 0.6% over a month ago and 2.8% over a year ago. The index for the nonagricultural commodities group remained unchanged

The announcement issued Feb. 4 by Commissioner Lubin also contained the following:

also contained the following:

Due to a 1.8% increase in livestock and poultry prices together with higher prices for barley, corn, rye, cotton, apples, lemons, oranges, dried beans, sweet potatoes, and wool the index for the farm products group advanced 1.2%. The grains subgroup declined 1.9% as a result of falling prices for oats and wheat. Lower prices were reported for eggs, peanuts, flaxseed, and white potatoes in the Boston market. This week's farm product index—91.4—is 1.1% above the corresponding index of last month and 15% of that of last year.

The wholesale food index advanced 0.2% as a result of a sharp advance in fruit and vegetable prices. Cereal products and meats declined and dairy products remained firm. Food items which advanced in price were butter, raisins, fresh fruit and vegetables, cured pork, cocoa beans, pepper, and cottonseed oil. Lower prices were reported for cheese in the New York market, flour, canned fruits, lamb, mutton, fresh pork, mess pork, veal, coffee, copra, glucose, lard, oleo oil, coconut oil, and peanut oil. The current food index—86.9—shows increases of 0.8% over a month ago and 4.4% over a year ago.

4.% over a year ago.

The index for the hides and leather products group rose by 0.2% to 102.8% of the 1926 average. Prices of hides, skins, and leather advanced. Shoes and other leather products such as gloves, belting, harness, and luggage remained steady.

remained steady.

A minor advance in petroleum product prices caused the index for the fuel and lighting materials group to increase 0.1%. Average prices of coal and coke remained stationary.

Advancing prices of furnishings were responsible for the slight increase in the housefurnishing goods group idex. Furniture prices were un-

Wholesale prices of crude rubber rose 3.5% during the week, and paper and pulp advanced 0.7%. Higher prices were also reported for cylinder oil and cigarettes. Cattle feed declined 2.1%. Automobile tire and tube prices remained firm

Falling prices for chemicals and mixed fertilizers caused the index for the nemicals and drugs group to decline 0.5%. Fertilizer materials advanced actionally. The drug and pharmaceuticals subgroup was unchanged at fractionally. The last week's level.

The textile products group index remained unchanged at 76.9. Clothing and woolen and worsted goods advanced. Silk prices fell sharply, and minor decreases were reported in cotton goods and other textile products

including burlap, raw jute, and sisal. Knit goods remained firm.

Advancing prices for scrap steel and certain plumbing and heating fixtures did not affect the index for the metals and metal products group as a whole. It remained at 90.7% of the 1926 average. Pig tin declined and motor vehicles were steady.

No change was shown in the building materials group. Brick, sand, ravel, and roofing slate prices were higher. Rosin and turpentine declined, verage wholesale prices of cement and structural steel showed no change.

The index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics includes 784 price series

weighted according to their relative importance in the country's markets and is based on the average for the year 1926 as 100.

The following table shows index numbers for the main groups of commodities for the past five weeks and for Feb. 1, 1936, Feb. 2, 1935, Feb. 3, 1934, Feb. 4, 1932. 1934 and Feb. 4, 1933:

(1	024	3	100	m

Commodity Groups	Jan. 30 1937	Jan. 23 1937	Jan. 16 1937	Jan. 9 1937	Jan. 2 1937	Feb. 1 1936	2	Feb. 3 1934	Feb. 4 1933
All commodities	85.4	85.3	85.7	85.2	84.7	80.5	79.1	72.8	60.0
Farm products	91.4	90.3	92.3	90.9	90.4	79.5	78.3	60.5	40.2
Foods	86.9	86.7	87.3			83.2		65.7	53.6
Hides and leather products	102.8					97.5		90.5	68.3
Textile products	76.9						69.9	76.5	51.
Fuel and lighting materials	77.0	76.9	77.1	77.5		77.1	74.4	73.9	64.
Metals and metal products	90.7	90.7			89.9	86.0		85.1	78.
Building materials	91.2		91.2	90.8	90.2	85.4	84.9	86.4	70.
Chemicals and drugs	87.6	88.0	87.9	86.8		80.5	80.2	75.0	71.
Housefurnishing goods	85.8	85.7	85.4	85.3	84.3	82.3	82.2	81.8	72.
Miscellaneous	75.7	75.3	75.6			67.9	70.2	68.4	60.
Raw materials	88.0	87.2	88.4	87.4	86.9	78.9	*	*	*
Semi-manufactured articles	85.4			84.9		74.8	*	*	*
Finished products	84.6	84.6	84.8	84.6	84.1	82.3	*	*	*
All commodities other than		120	2.76	Service of	No. of	12.00	April al	5. At 8.	ist.
farm productsAll commodities other than	84.1	84.1	84.3	84.0	83.5	80.7	79.2	75.4	64.
farm products and foods	83.2	83.1	83.1	83.0	82.6	79.1	77.9	78.7	66.

<sup>\*</sup> Not computed.

## Production of Flectricity for Public Use During December 15% Above a Year Ago The Federal Power Commission in its monthly electrical

The Federal Power Commission in its monthly electrical report disclosed that the production of electricity for public use in the United States during the month of December, 1936, totaled 10,477,667,000 kwh. This is a gain of 15% when compared with the 9,138,638,000 kwh. produced in December, 1935. For the month of November, 1936, output totaled 9,774,832,000 kwh.

Of the December, 1936, output a total of 3,618,422,000 kwh. was produced by water power and 6,859,245,000 kwh. by fuels. The Survey's statement follows:

PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY FOR PUBLIC USE IN THE UNITED STATES (IN KILOWATT-HOURS)

Division	Total by	Water Power a	nd Fuels	Change	ntage in Output rious Year
	October	November	December	November	December
New England	2,373,372,000 634,522,000	2,584,773,000 2,310,022,000 611,488,000 1,181,208,000 446,146,000	2,781,975,000 2,510,670,000 624,370,000 1,274,772,000 483,597,000 478,672,000	$^{+14}_{+14}$	+13 +13 +16 +7 +21 +24 +14
Mountain Pacific	383,608,000 1,275,226,000		412,094,000 1,179,916,000	+32 +4	+38 +4
Total for U. S	10175772,000	9,774,832,000	10477 667,000	+12	+15

The average daily production of electricity for public use in the United States in December was 337,989,000 kwh., 3.6% more than the average daily production in November and the highest average daily production for any month of record. The normal change from November to December is  $\pm 1.10^{\circ}$ . The production of electricity by the use of water power in December was

35% of the total.

The total output for the year 1936 amounted to 113,473,000,000 kwh. according to preliminary data. This is 14% above the output for the year 1935 which was the year of the previous maximum.

TOTAL MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY FOR PUBLIC USE

	1936	1935	Increase Increase 1936 1935 Over Over			Power
			1935	1934	1936	1935
	Kllowatt Hrs.	Kilowatt Hrs.		F	law	1. Table 1
January	9,245,639,000	8,349,152,000	11%	9%	36%	39%
February	8,599,026,000	7,494,160,000	15%	6%	34%	40%
March	8,904,143,000	8,011,213,000	11%	4%	42%	45%
April	8,891,574,000	7,817,284,000	14%	5%	45%	46%
May	9,085,474,000	8,020,897,000	13%	4%	43%	46%
June	9,124,052,000	7,872,548,000	16%	5%	36%	44%
July	9,671,982,000	8,370,262,000	16%	10%	32 %	43%
August	9,802,053,000	8,573,457,000	14%	11%	31%	38%
September	9,720,807,000	8,208,267,000	18%	14%	31%	37%
October	10,175,772,000	8,844,416,000	15%	13%	33%	32 %
November	9,774,832,000	8,692,799,000	2%	14%	34%	37%
December	10,477,667,000	9,138,638,000	15%	13%	35%	36%
Total	113473 000,000	99,393,073,000	14%	9.2%	36%	40%

The quantities given in the tables are based on the operation of plants engaged in generating electricity for public use, including central stations, both publicly and privately owned, electric railway plants, plants operated by steam railroads generating electricity for traction, Bureau of Reclamation plants, miscellaneous Federal and State projects, and that part of the output of manufacturing plants which is sold. Accurate data are received each month representing approximately 98% of the total output shown; the remaining 2% of the output is estimated and corrections are made as rapidly as actual figures are available. Thus the figures shown for the current month are preliminary while those for the preceding months are corrected in accordance with actual reports received and vary slightly from the preliminary data. from the preliminary data.

#### Coal Stocks and Consumption

Coal Stocks and Consumption

The total stocks of coal held at electric power utility plants on Jan. 1, 1937 amounted to 8,261,860 net tons. This was an increase of 3.9% when compared with the amount of coal in reserve on Dec. 1, 1936. Of this total stock, 7,161,796 tons were bituminous coal and 1,100,064 tons were anthracite, which were increases, respectively, of 4.4% and 1% when compared with the corresponding stocks on Dec. 1, 1936.

Electric power utility plants consumed 3,927,592 net tons of coal in December, 1936. This was an increase of 6.7% when compared with the 3,680,195 tons consumed in the previous month. Consumption of bituminous coal increased 6.9% and the use of anthracite increased 3.9% when compared with the tonnage consumed in November, 1936.

In terms of days' supply, which is calculated at the current rate of consumption, there was enough bituminous coal on hand on Jan. 1, 1937 to last 59 days and enough anthracite for 203 days' requirements.

(The Coal Division, Bureau of Mines, cooperates in the preparation of these reports.)

## Electric Output for Week Ended Jan. 30, 1937, Totals 2,214,654,000 Kwh.

The Edison Electric Institute, in its weekly statement, disclosed that the production of electricity by the electric light and power industry of the United States for the week ended Jan. 30, 1937, totaled 2,214,654,000 kwh., or 13.3% above the 1,955,507,000 kwh. produced in the corresponding week of 1936. The Institute's statement follows:

PERCENTAGE INCREASE OVER PREVIOUS YEAR

Major Geographic Regions	Week Ended Jan. 30, 1937	Week Ended Jan. 23, 1937	Week Ended Jan. 16, 1937
New England	14.6	17.9	17.1 12.5
Middle Atlantic	12.7 15.0	14.6 19.1	18.1
West Central	$6.1 \\ 11.5$	7.8 18.3	9.3 18.2
Rocky MountainPacific Coast	7.4 11.6	4.0 12.4	13.0 11.6
Total United States	13.3	15.7 -	14.9

DATA FOR RECENT WEEKS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Week Ended	1937	1936	Percent Change 1937 from 1936	1935	1932	1929
Jan. 9	2.244,030	1,854,874		1,668,731	1,619,265 1,602,482	1,542,000 1,733,810
Jan. 16	2,264,125 2,256,795	1,949,676	十15.7	1,772,609 1,778,273	1,598,201	1,736,729
Jan. 30 Feb. 6	2,214,654	1,955,507 1,962,827	+13.3	1,781,666 1,762,671	1,588,967 1,588,853	1,717,315 1,728,201
Feb. 13 Feb. 20	To they be	1,952,476 1,950,278		1,763,696 1,760,562	1,578,817 1,545,459	1,726,161 1,718,304
Feb. 27	1.194.50	1,941,633		1,728,293		

## Weekly Report of Lumber Movement, Week Ended Jan. 23, 1937

The lumber industry during the week ended Jan. 23, 1927 The lumber industry during the week ended Jan. 23, 1927, stood at 45% of the 1929 weekly average of production and 52% of 1929 shipments. Production and shipments continued low, due to strikes and floods; new orders, like those of the preceding week, were appreciably above the heliday weeks, though not equal to the high order records of early December. National production reported during the week ended Jan. 23 by 9% fewer mills was 6% below the output of the previous week, shipments were 7% below shipments, and new orders 5% below orders of that week, according to reports to the National Lumber Manufacturers Association from regional associations covering the opera-Association from regional associations covering the opera-tions of important hardwood and softwood mills. Reported new business during the week ended Jan. 23, 1937, was 43% in excess of production; shipments were 12% above output. Reported new business of the previous week was 43% above production; shipments were 14% above output. Production in the week ended Jan. 23 was shown by reporting hardwood and softwood mills 13% below the corresponding week of 1936, shipments were 9% below shipments of last year's week, and new orders 9% above orders of a year ago. The Association's report further disclosed:

During the week ended Jan. 23, 1937, 500 mills produced 158,249,000 feet of hardwoods and softwoods combined, shipped 177,952,000 feet, booked orders of 225,830,000 feet. Revised figures for the preceding week were: Mills, 550; production, 168,928,000 feet; shipments, 191,815,000 feet; orders, 236,609,000 feet.

orders, 236,609,000 feet.

All regions but Southern cypress, Northern hemlock and Northern hardwoods reported orders above production in the week ended Jan. 23, 1937. All but West Coast, California redwood, Northern hemlock and Northern hardwoods reported shipments above output. All reporting regions but West Coast and Northern hemlock showed orders above those of corresponding week of 1936; all but West Coast and Northern pine reported shipments above shipments of last year's week, and all but Southern pine and West Coast reported production above similar week of 1936.

Lumber orders reported for the week ended Jan. 23, 1937, by 480 softwood mills totaled 214,419,000 feet, or 45% above the production of the same wills. Shipments as reported for the same week were 165,535,000 feet, or 12% above production. Production was 147.908,000 feet, or 10% above production. Shipments as reported for the same week were 12,417,000 feet, or 20% above production. Production was 10,341,000 feet.

Reports from 89 hardwood mills give new or 10% above production. Shipments as repo 12,417,000 feet, or 20% above production.

#### Identical Mill Reports

Last week's production of 422 identical softwood mills was 146,172,000 feet, and a year ago it was 170,650,000 feet; shipments were, respectively, 164,302,000 feet and 183,852,000 feet, and orders received, 213,186,000 feet and 197,282,000 feet. In the case of hardwoods, 68 identical mills reported production last week and a year ago 8,061,000 feet and 7,353,000 feet; shipments, 10,214,000 feet and 7,159,000 feet, and orders, 9,373,000 feet; shipments, 10,214, feet and 6,437,000 feet.

#### Country's Foreign Trade in December-Imports and Exports

The Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce at Washington on Jan. 29 issued its statement on the foreign trade of the United States for December and the 12 months ended with December, with comparison by months back to 1931. The report is as follows:

United States foreign trade increased sharply in December despite the restrictive tendencies of the maritime strike. Exports, which usually

decline seasonally in December as a result of smaller shipments of unmanufactured cotton and tobacco, were 2% larger in value than in November, while imports were 24% larger.

Fexports, including reexports, amounted to \$229,739,000, compared with \$225,767,000 in November, 1936, and \$223,469,000 in December, 1935.

General imports (goods entered for storage in bonded warehouses plus goods which entered merchandising channels immediately upon arrival in the country) amounted to \$244,321,000, compared with \$196,435,000 in November, 1936, and \$186,968,000 in December, 1935.

Imports for consumption (goods which entered merchandising or consumption channels immediately upon arrival plus withdrawals from warehouse for consumption) amounted to \$239,835,000, compared with \$200,-335,000 in November, 1936, and \$179,760,000 in December, 1935.

Imports exceeded exports in value by \$14,582,000 in December. In November, 1936, there was a net export balance of \$29,332,000 and in December, 1935, a net export balance of \$36,501,000.

The value of imports was larger in every month of 1936 than in the corresponding month of 1935 and the value of exports larger than in every month except November. For the year as a whole imports, which amounted to \$2,419,229,000, were 18% larger than in 1935 and exports, which totaled \$2,453,487,000 in value, were 7% larger.

The greater increase in the value of imports than of exports, the greater increase in the value of imports than of exports, the greater increase in the value of imports than of exports, the greater improvement in United States purchasing power than in that for the world as a whole, and the maritime strike in the closing months of 1936. Primarily as a result of these influences the net balance of merchandise exports declined to \$34,258,000 in 1936 from an export balance of \$235,389,000 in 1935 and of \$477,745,000 in 1934. The 1936 exports the greater increase in any year since the year 1895. In that year exports exceeded imports by \$23,191,000.

Although exports of unmanufactu

list of import commodities with the exception of corn, fruits, nuts, oliseeds, copper, and art works. Particularly pronounced increases occurred in imports of coffee, cocca, alcoholic spirits, textile fibers and manufactures,

copper, and art works. Particularly pronounced increases occurred in imports of coffee, cocoa, alcoholic spirits, textile fibers and manufactures, uncressed fur skins, crude rubber, and tin.

Compared with December, 1935, the increase in the December exports was mainly due to larger shipments of manufactured articles. Exports of automobiles, including parts, increased from \$19,723,000 to \$28,769,000, of machinery, including electrical apparatus and agricultural implements, from \$22,508,000 to \$30,788,000, and of metals and manufactures from \$17,648,000 to \$23,144,000, as between the two months, respectively. Exports of fruits, unmanufactured cotton, lumber and petroleum products were substantially smaller in December, 1936, than in December, 1935.

In imports the December increase in value, in comparison with December, 1935, was due in part to larger purchases of crude rubber, undressed fur skins, hides and skins, unmanufactured wool, raw silk, tin, and newsprint. Imports of alcoholic beverages, sugar, coffee, cocoa and grain were also considerably larger than in December a year ago. Among the few commodities imported in smaller quantity in December, 1936, than in December, 1935, were vegetable oils, tallow, and copper.

Exports of gold amounted to \$99,000, compared with \$127,000 in November, 1936, and \$170,000, in December, 1935. Imports of gold amounted to \$57,070,000, compared with \$75,962,000 in November, 1936, and \$190,180,000 in December, 1935. Silver exports amounted to \$236,000, compared with \$411,000 in November, 1936, and \$769,000 in December, 1935. Silver imports amounted to \$2,267,000, compared with \$4,451,000 in November, 1936, and \$47,603,000 in December, 1935.

#### MERCHANDISE TRADE BY MONTHS

Exports, Including Re-exports, General Imports, and Balance of Trade

		ecember	12 M	12 Months Ended Dec.			
Exports and Imports	1935	1936	193	1935		Decrease(—)	
ExportsImports	Dollar.	1,000 1,000 Dollars Dollars 223,469 229,739 186,968 244,32		874 2	1,000 Dollars 453,487 419,229	1,000 Dollars +170,613 +371,744	
Excess of exports	36,50	1 14,58	235	389	34,258	7. 34	
Month or Period	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	
Exports, Including Re-exports—	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dolla		

Month or Period	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936
Exports, Including	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1.000
Re-exports-	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
January	249,598	150.022	120,589	172,220	176,223	198,564
February	224.346	153.972	101.515	162,752	163,007	
March	235,899		108,015	190,938	185,026	
April	215,077			179,427	164,151	
May	203,970		114,203	160,197	165,459	
June	187.077				170,244	185,675
July					173,230	
August					172,126	
September	180,228				198,803	
October	204,905	153,090			221,296	264.751
November	193,540					
December	184,070				223,469	
12 mos. ended Dec.	2,424,289	1,611,016	1,674,994	2,132,800	2,282,874	2,453,487
General Imports-	774 57	- T	1.1	1 10 E	1. 11.50	1. 12
January	183,148	135,520	96,006	135,706	166,832	187,482
February				132,753	152,491	192,774
March	210,202			158,105	177,356	
April					170,500	
May	179,694				170,533	
June	173,455	110,280	122,197			
July	174.460		142,980			
August	166,679					
September			146,643			
October	168,708					
November	149,480					
December	153,773		133,518			
12 mos. ended Dec.	2,090,635	1,322,774	1,449,559	1,655,055	2,047,485	2,419,229

#### Exports of United States Merchandise and Imports for Consumption

Exports and Imports	December		12 Months	Increase (+)	
Exports and Imports	1935	1936	1935	1936	Decrease()
Exports (U. S. mdse.) Imports for consumption		1,000 Dollars 226,605 239,835	1,000 Dollars 2,243,081 2,038,905	1,000 Dollars 2,416,477 2,421,056	1,000 Dollars +173,396 +382,151

Month or Period	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936
Exports-U. S.	1.000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Merchandise-	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
January			118,559	169,577	173,560	
February				159,617	160,312	
March		151,403			181,667	192,392
April		132,268			160,511	189,569
May				157,161	159,791	196,999
June	182,797		117,517		167,278	181,368
July	177,025		141,573		167,865	
August					169,683	
September	177,382		157,490		196,040	217,535
October					218,184	261,974
November		136,402		192,156	267,258	223,323
December	180,801	128,975	189,808		220,931	226,605
12 mos. ended Dec.	2,377,982	1,576,151	1,647,220	2,100,135	2,243,081	2,416,477
Imports for Consumption						
January	183,284	134,311	92,718	128,976	168,482	
February	177,483	129,804	84,164	125,047	152,246	
March	205,690	130,584	91,893	153,396	175,485	
April	182,867	123,176	88,107	141,247	166,070	
May	176,443	112,611	109,141	147,467	166,756	
June	170,747	112,509	123,931	135,067	155,313	
July	174,559	79,934	141,018		173,096	
August	168,735	93,375	152,714	117,262	180,381	
September	174,740	102,933	147,599		168,683	
October	171.589	104,662	149,288	137,975	189,806	
November	152,802	105,295	125,269		162,828	
December	149,516	95,898	127,170	126,193	179,760	239,835
12 mos. ended Dec.	2 088 455	1 325 093	1 433 013	1.636.003	2038.905	2.421.056

GOLD AND SILVER BY MONTHS

7.1 (7.1.)	December		12 Months	Increase (+)	
Exports and Imports	1935	1936	1935	1936	Decrease(—)
	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars
Gold— Exports Imports	170 190,180	99 57,070	1,960 1,740,979	27,534 1,144,117	+25,573 -596,862
Excess of exports Excess of imports	190,010	56,970	1,739,019	1,116,584	
Silver— Exports Imports	769 47,603	236 2,267	18,801 354,531	2,965 182,816	—15,836 —171,718
Excess of exports	46,833	2,031	335,730	179,851	

ê. a e f ta		Go	ld			Si	ver	
Month or Pertod	1933	1934	1935	1936	1933	1934	1935	1936
	1.000	1.000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Exports-	Dollars							
January	14	4,715	363	338	1,551	859	1,248	253
February	21,521	51	46	23,637	209	734	1,661	141
March	28,123	44	540	2,315	269	665	3,128	237
April	16,741	37	62	51	193	1,425	1,593	
May	22,925	1.780	49	5	235	1,638	2,885	203
June	4.380	6,586	166	77	343	2,404	1,717	197
July	85,375		59	695	2,572	1.789	1,547	138
August	81,473	14,556	102	32	7,015	1,741	2,009	143
September	58,282	22,255			3,321	1,424	1,472	204
October	34,046	2,173		117	2,281	1,162	260	268
November	2.957	310	242		464	1,698	512	411
December	10,815		170		590	1,014		236
12 mos. end. Dec	366,652	52.759	1,960	27,534	19,041	16,551	18,801	2,965
Imports—	-3Ve 1		4.00	7.3	T THE	9,71249		5
January	128,479	1,947	149,755	45,981	1,763		19,085	
February	30,397	452,622	122,817	7,002	855	2,128	16,351	17,536
March	14.948	237,380	13.543		1,693	1,823	20,842	
April	6,769		148.670	28,106	1,520	1.955	11,002	
May	1,785	35,362	140,065	169,957	5,275	4,435	13,501	4,989
June	1,136	70,291	230,538	277,851	15,472		10,444	23,981
July		52,460	16,287	A16,074	5,386	2,458	30,230	6,574
August	1,085	51,781	46.085	67,524	11,602	21.926	30,820	16,637
September		3.585		171,866		20,831	45,689	8,363
October	1,696	13.010	315,424	218,929	4,106		48,898	26,931
November	2.174	121,199	210,810	75,962	4.083			4,451
December	1,687	92,249	190,180			8,711	47,603	2,267
12 mos. end. Dec	193,197	1186671	1740979	1144117	60,225	102,725	354,531	182,816

Lloyd's Shipbuilding Statistics for Last Quarter of 1936
—Merchant Vessels Under Construction Reported
140,000 Gross Tons in Excess of Previous Quarter
Continuance of the upward trend in the world production
of merchant vessels is shown by the 2,251,000 gross tons
reported by Lloyd's Register of Shipping as under construction at the end of the quarter closing on Dec. 31 last.
This figure represents a gain of 140,000 gross tons over
all merchant ships of 100 gross tons each and upwards,
being built throughout the world, except in Russia, from
which country no authentic returns have been available
for some time past. An announcement issued by Lloyd's
on Jan. 13 also had the following to say:
With the exception of Germany and Denmark, all the leading maritime

With the exception of Germany and Denmark, all the leading maritime with the exception of Germany and Denmark, all the leading maritime countries showed advances in ship production during the quarter just ended. For Great Britain and Ireland the gain was 35,000 gross tons, as compared with an increase of 20,000 tons for the United States, and of 86,000 tons for the other countries, taken as a group. Comparisons in the construction under way during the last two quarters is shown by Lloyd's Register in the following table of gross tonnage:

	Dec. 31, 1936	Sept. 30, 1936
Great Britain and Ireland United States Other countries	963,642 110,356 1,177,223	928,571 90,960 1,091,926
World total	2,251,221	2,111,457

Of the entire current production, Lloyd's Register points out, approximately 43% is being constructed in Great Britain and Ireland, 5% in the United States, and 52% in the other countries.

Of all the merchant vessels now building throughout the world, a total of 1,398,204 gross tons is being constructed under the supervision of Lloyd's Register and is intended for classification with that Society. Of this aggre-

gate 830,237 tons are being built in Great Britain and Ireland, and 567,967 tons in other countries. Not far from 90% of the entire output of Great Britain and Ireland, therefore, is being supervised by Lloyd's Register, and over 60% of the entire world production.

New steamers and motorships on which work was begun during the quarter just ended represented 49,000 gross tons more than the volume of tonnage launched during the same period. . . . Lloyd's Register shows the contrasts between new orders and tonnage launched during the last two quarters in the following table, the figure representing the last two quarters in the following table, the figures representing gross tons:

	New	Work	Laun	chings
	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36
Great Britain and Ireland Other countries	270,516 457,190	291,686 390,696	280,397 398,279	209,680 295,858
World total	727,706	682,382	678,676	505,538

Production of steam and motor tankers, of 1,000 gross tons each and upward (Russia excluded) shows a slight decrease from the output for the September quarter. . . . How tanker production has compared in the last two quarters is shown by Lloyd's in the following gross tonnage

	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36	P. M. L. Santa	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36
Great Britain & Ireland	179,790	202,030	Japan Italy	29,180 22,000	45,400
Germany United States Sweden Sweden	124,980 79,840 61,766	77,140	Spain France Other countries	20,220 15,456 17,550	20,220 15,456 14.550
Holland Denmark	54,620 46,800	48,320 46,850	World total		655,236

Of the tankers now building, about 80% are being motorized, aggregating 511,732 gross tons. Of the 179,790 tons being constructed in Great Britain and Ireland, 169,990 are motor ships.

Motorship construction generally continues to increase, a gain of 38,000 gross tons being shown for the quarter just ended. This compares, however, with an increase in the same period of 101,000 tons for the other types of ships, taken collectively. At present, 321,000 tons more of motor vessels are being built than of all other types together. In the September quarter, the motorship excess was 385,000 tons.

Lloyd's shows the comparison of motor vessel production in the last two quarters in the following gross tonnage table:

	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36		Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36
Great Britain & Ireland Germany Sweden Holland	443,736 306,464 119,696 107,550	466,663 320,356 107,560	Denmark Japan Italy United States France	68,950 62,786 33,680 32,376 24,466	78,740 77,296 3,360 14,188 19,184

The construction of motor vessels represents 57% of the world's shipping production at present, as compared with 59% at the end of September. How the output by types has compared in the last two quarters is shown by Lloyd's in the following table of gross tonnage:

	Dec. 31, 1936	Sept. 30, 1936
Motor vesselsOther types	1,286,507 964,714	1,248,459 862,998
World total	2,251,221	2,111,457

Construction of oil engines for marine use also showed an increase, the total indicated horsepower of those being produced throughout the world advancing from 1,293,981 ihp. in the September quarter to 1,393,944 in

in the following table of gross tonnage

	Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36		Dec. 31, '36	Sept. 30, '36 111,860 90,960 82,015 60,234	
Great Britain & Ireland Germany Japan	963,642 408,465 203,146	928,571 424,264	Sweden United States_ Denmark France	123,796 110,356 75,950 66,876		
Holland	150,850		Italy	33.830	3.360	

Of the larger type of ships, those of 20,000 gross tons each and upwards, ten are row being built throughout the world: Five in Great Britain and Ireland, three in Germany, and one each in France and Holland.

#### No Change in Living Costs in United States During Quarter Ended Dec. 15, According to Secretary of Labor Perkins

of Labor Perkins

The cost of goods purchased by wage earners and lower-salaried workers in 32 large cities of the United States combined remained unchanged from Sept. 15 to Dec. 15, 1936, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins announced Jan. 29. "Lower food costs at the end of the quarterly period counter balanced increases in the cost of all other groups of items included in the index," Secretary Perkins said. She

added:

The food index, which covers the most important group of purchases in the budget of moderate-income families, was 1.7% lower on Dec. 15 than on Sept. 15. An increase of 1.3% occurred in the cost of each of three groups of items—clothing, rent and housefurnishing goods—and smaller advances took place in the cost of fuel and light and miscellaneous items.

The December index for the 32 large cities included in the survey of the Bureau Labor Statistics was 82.4, the same as on Sept. 15. Average costs in 1923-25 are used as 100. Comparison with Jan. 15, 1936, shows an increase of 1.3% over the 11-month period. The current index is 10.6% above the low point of June, 1933. As compared with December, 1929, average living costs are down by 17.3%.

The index of total living costs advanced in 18 cities. Fourteen cities showed declines. Cincinnati reported a drop of 1.4%, Kansas City of 1.1%, and St. Louis of 1.0%. Los Angeles showed an increase of 1.0%. In all other cities for which the Bureau of Labor Statistics prepares indexes of living costs, increases and decreases were fractional.

The following is from an announcement issued by the United States Department of Labor (Office of the Secretary).

The following is from an announcement issued by the United States Department of Labor (Office of the Secretary).

The drop in food costs occurred for the most part between Sept. 15 and Oct. 13, when declining costs for meats, milk, butter, fresh vegetables, lard and sugar, lowered the food index 1.8%. Between the middle of October and the middle of November, food costs continued to decline slightly, but from Nov. 17 to Dec. 15, the average index for 51 cities for which the Bureau prepares food indexes increased 0.5% due largely to a rise in the cost of fruits and vegetables. Food costs were lower at the end of the quarter in all but four of the 32 cities for which indexes of all groups are prepared. Food costs were slightly higher in Philadelphia, Scranton, Richmond and Seattle. The declines were small in most cities, with the exception of those in the north central States, where six out of eight cities showed decreases of 3% or more. In Cincinnati, the cost of food dropped 5.3% during the quarter, and in Kansas City, 5.0%. In both cases, the declines resulted from large decreases in the price of meats, potatoes and fresh vegetables and fruits.

Clothing costs rose in each of the 32 cities covered in the Bureau of Labor Statistics' survey. In six cities, the increase was 2% or more. New Orleans was the only city to report a rise of over 3%. The increase of 3.8% noted in New Orleans was largely due to State and city sales taxes that became effective Oct. 1, 1936.

Since the spring of 1935, rents paid throughout the country have been rising consistently. This tendency continued during the quarter ending Dec. 15, 1936. The average increase of 1.3% for the 32 cities combined was the result of increased rental costs in all but two of the cities. In these two cities, Boston and Scranton, the decline was small. Detroit and Birmingham showed by far the greatest rise in rental costs during this quarter, 6.2%. In these cities, the percentage decline in rents from 1923-25 to 1933 was greater than in any other. In December

was not incorporated in the September index, since all domestic customers were not being served natural gas at that time.

A rise in the cost of housefurnishing goods, particularly of blankets, rugs, and suites of furniture, was general throughout most of the cities included in the Bureau's studies. The average rise was 1.3%, reflecting advances in all but two cities. In those two cities, St. Louis and Atlanta, the decline was negligible. By far the largest increase occurred in New Orleans, where the cost of house furnishing goods rose 4.8%, but here the increase was chiefly the result of the sales tax mentioned above.

The group of miscellaneous items showed little change in cost. The average increase was 0.3%, reflecting increases in 20 cities, and decreases in 12. All changes were slight, with increases of more than 1% occurring in only two cities. Los Angeles reported a rise of 1.8%, and Chicago, 1.1%. Percentage changes in the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers from Sept. 15 to Dec. 15, 1936, are shown in Table 1 for 32 large cities of the United States, by groups of items. Table 2 presents indexes based on average costs in the years 1923-25 as 100, by groups of items, for each of these cities and for the cities combined. Group indexes with costs in 1913 taken as 100, for the 32 cities combined. Group indexes with costs in 1913 taken as 100, for the 32 cities combined, are also presented in Table 2. The index on the 1913 base was 143.6 on Dec. 15, the same as on Sept. 15.

Indexes on other bases for individual cities and for the 32 cities combined may be secured directly from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 1—PERCENTAGE CHANGES FROM SEPT, 15, 1936, TO DEC, 15, 1936, IN THE COST OF GOODS PURCHASED BY WAGE EARNERS AND LOWER-SALARIED WORKERS IN 32 LARGE CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES BY GROUPS OF ITEMS

Area and City	All Items	Food	Cloth- ing	Rent	Fuel and Light	House- furnish- ing Goods	Miscel- laneous
Average: 32 large cities of the United States	ь	a—1.7	+1.3	+1.3	+0.5	+1.3	+0.3
New England—			Stern So	and the sail		1960 Cu.C.	Alvert
Boston Portland, Me	-0.2	-1.0 -0.2	+0.3	-0.1	d d	+2.6	b
Middle Atlantic—	+0.1	-0.2	+0.6	+0.2	a	+0.6	C
Buffalo	+0.6	-0.2	+1.9	+0.9	+0.5	+2.6	+0.2
New York	-0.1	-2.0	+2.2	+0.3	+0.4	+1.2	+0.6
Philadelphia	+0.5	+0.5	+0.7	+0.7	+1.4	+0.7	b
Pittsburgh	C	-1.0	+1.2	b	-0.1	+1.0	+0.4
Scranton	+0.6	+0.9	+1.7	-0.1	+1.5	+0.3	С
Chicago	+0.2	-1.8	+0.9	+1.4	+1.1	+1.7	+1.1
Cincinnati	-1.4	-5.3	+2.1	+0.6	+1.7	+2.0	-0.2
Cleveland	-0.6	-4.1	+1.2	+1.8	+0.7	+1.3	+0.1
Detroit	-0.2	-3.6	+0.4	+6.2	-4.0	+0.2	+0.1
Indianapolis West North Central—	-0.3	-3.0	+2.9	+2.5	-0.8	+0.7	С
Kansas City	-1.1	-5.0	+1.7	+2.7	-0.2	+1.2	+0.2
Minneapolis	+0.2	-1.2	+1.3	+1.9	+1.6	+0.6	-0.1
St. LouisSouth Atlantic—	-1.0	-4.0	+1.3	+0.9	+1.0	-0.1	С
Atlanta	-0.3	-2.4	+1.4	+0.6	+3.4	-0.1	C
Baltimore	-0.1	-0.8	+0.5	+1.0	d	+1.6	-0.4
Jacksonville	+0.4	-1.2	+2.0	+2.5	+2.5	+0.3	+0.1
Norfolk	+0.6	-0.2	+1.3	+0.8	+2.5	+1.6	-0.1
Richmond	+0.6	+0.6	+1.4	+0.1	+1.5	+0.6	b
Savannah	+0.1	-2.3	+2.1	+2.4	+0.1	+0.6	b
Washington East South Central—	+0.2	-1.3	+1.9	+0.7	+0.1	+1.1	+0.8
Birmingham	-0.1	-3.2	+0.5	+6.2	+1.2	+0.8	+0.2
Memphis	+0.4	-2.7	+1.8	+4.1	+3.0	+1.4	+0.4
Mobile West South Central—	-0.2	-2.0	+0.3	+1.9	+1.9	+1.5	b
Houston	+0.5	-0.3	+1.6	+1.3	+4.7	+0.4	-0.1
New Orleans	+0.5	-2.0	+3.8	+0.6	+2.6	+4.8	+1.0
Denver Pacific—	-0.3	-1.4	+0.4	+1.4	-0.7	+0.5	-0.3
Pacific— Los Angeles	+1.0	-1.3	+0.8	+4.0	+0.1	+1.8	+1.8
Portland, Ore	+0.7	c	+1.9	+1.2	+2.9	+1.3	+0.1
San Francisco	+0.1	-0.9	+1.1	+0.4	+2.2	+1.1	+0.1
Seattle	+0.3	+0.4	+1.3	+1.2	+0.1	+2.2	-0.8

Covers 51 cities. b Increase less than 0.05%. c Decrease less than 0.05%. c Decrease less than 0.05%.

TABLE 2—INDEXES OF THE COST OF GOODS PURCHASED BY WAGE EARNERS AND LOWER-SALARIED WORKERS IN 32 LARGE CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES BY GROUPS OF ITEMS, DEC. 15, 1936 (Average 1923-25—100)

Area and City	All Items	Food	Cloth- ing	Rent	Fuel and Light	House- furnish- ing Goods	Miscel- laneous
Average: 32 large cities of the United States	82,4	a82.9	79.6	65.4	87.8	79.2	96.8
New England—		1	100		A. A. M	l. Their	and the
Portland, Me Middle Atlantic—	83.3 85.8	78.4 81.7	84.4 80.9	75.5 76.2	85.9 86.3	78.6 85.7	97.9 102.9
Buffalo	83.8	81.6	78.7	67.9	99.8	83.4	99.5
New York	84.3	83.3	80.0	75.3	88.6	76.0	96.9
Philadelphia	82.5	85.9	74.6	66.4	83.8	77.1	95.5
Pittsburgh	80.8	81.1	77.8	62.1	100.2	77.9	96.3
ScrantonEast North Central—	83.7	81.1	81.5	72.8	81.1	85.0	97.7
Chicago	78.5	84.6	73.4	52.3	92.2	72.0	99.7
Cincinnati	86.2	85.1	78.8	75.0	97.0	87.5	97.3
Cleveland	83.8	81.8	82.1	63.6	100.6	76.1	102.1
Detroit	78.8	81.8	79.5	62.1	78.8	78.6	91.7
Indianapolis	81.5	84.0	77.1	61.5	84.1	83.0	92.6
Kansas City	82.0	85.4	78.1	60.1	81.5	75.4	97.2
Minneapolis	84.7	91.2	78.1	66.3	92.4	82.5	95.0
St. LouisSouth Atlantic—	82.9	87.7	79.0	56.1	87.2	83.9	100.2
Atlanta	81.3	80.0	82.4	61.6	75.3	86.8	93.8
Baltimore	86.4	86.7	79.6	72.4	85.7	78.4	104.3
Jacksonville	80.4	80.6	80.7	57.9	90.8	79.4	90.3
Norfolk	85.7	83.6	86.2	62.7	82.7	83.4	103.8
Richmond	86.0	82.0	86.1	70.8	81.7	89.6	99.6
Savannah	81.1	82.9	83.4	60.3	82.0	83.7	91.3
Washington East South Central—	87.6	85.3	79.9	87.4	84.4	83.0	97.9
Birmingham	76.4	75.3	83.1	51.0	81.2	76.4	91.0
Memphis	81.5	81.5	84.9	57.7	88.0	86.9	94.8
Mobile	82,1	77.7	87.0	64.0	70.8	84.6	96.0
Houston	81.9	81.9	74.7	69.4	75.9	84.6	94.6
New Orleans	83.0	84.4	78.8	70.9	77.0	86.7	91.4
Denver	83.1	89.5	76.9	60.9	75.3	84.1	96.8
Los Angeles	77.1	76.3	82.6	49.6	82.1	78.2	92.4
Portland, Ore	82.5	82.0	79.7	57.9	88.4	80.6	98.8
San Francisco	84.9	83.2	87.6	70.4	80.3	81.4	97.6
Seattle	84.8	82.6	85.2	65.2	92.6	87.6	96.8

(1913=100)

Average: 32 large cities of the United States\_\_ a131.4 | 142.9 | 106.5 | 162.7 | 165.9 | 193.0

## Record Amount of Coffee Consumed by World During January—However, Consumption During First Seven Months of Crop Year Below Year Ago

World consumption of coffee during January, as measured by disappearance from visible stocks, broke all records with distribution of 2,530,891 bags, the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange announced Feb. 2. However, for the seven months of the present crop year, July 1, 1936 to Jan. 30, 1937, deliveries were 14,594,720 bags against 15,181,249 during the similar 1935-36 period, a decrease of 586,529 bags bags or 3.9%, the Exchange said, adding:

Dags or 5.9%, the Exchange said, adding:

Broken up into areas, it was revealed that in Europe deliveries this season at 6.683,000 bags were off but 70,000 bags or 1% while in the United States deliveries of 7,149,720 bags showed a decline of 520,529 bags or 6.8%. Outside of the United States and Europe, a gain of ½ of 1% was registered for the seven months. Of interest in trade circles was the fact that whereas distribution of Brazil coffees totaled 8,732,717 bags against 9,905,454 during the previous similar period, a drop of 1,172,737 bags or 11.8%, all other growths at 5,862,003 bags against 5,275,795 bags showed an increase of 586,208 bags or 11.1%.

## Coffee Deliveries for Consumption in United States Reached Record in January

Deliveries of coffee to consuming channels in the United States during January totaled 1,392,891 bags breaking the previous record for any single month and exceeding December disappearance by 273,931 bags or approximately 25%, the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange erported on Feb. 1. It added: It added:

In Jan. 1936, deliveries were 1,312,102 while Feb. 1936, with distribution of 1,390,707 bags was the previous record total. However, deliveries of coffee for the seven months of the crop year, July 1, 1936 to Jan. 31, 1937 aggregated but 7,149,720 bags against 7,670,249 during the similar 1935-36 period, a loss of 520,529 bags or 6.8%. Moreover, Brazilian grades this season totaled but 4,547,717 bags against 5,307,454 in 1935-36, a drop of 759,737 bags or 14.3% while all other growths were 2,602,003 bags against 2,362,208 bags during the similar previous period, a gain of 239,208 bags or 10.1%. or 10.1%

# Petroleum and Its Products—Texas Again Sets Allowable Above Bureau's Recommendations—February Quota 80,571 Barrels Higher—Oklahoma Allowable Set at 581,900 Barrels—Further Crude Adjustments—Daily Average Oil Output Dips in Week

The Texas Railroad Commission ignored the recommenda-The Texas Railroad Commission ignored the recommendations of the United States Bureau of Mines in establishing the February allowable for the State in orders effective Feb. 1. In announcing the higher quota, C. V. Terrell, Chairman of the Commission, pointed out that 104,000 barrels of crude are being withdrawn from storage daily and the new allowable is necessary to meet the market demand which is now running above output.

The quota, with adjustments that may be necessary during the month by the completion of additional wells, calls for a daily average allowable of 1,329,478 barrels as of Feb. 1. This is 80,571 barrels daily in excess of the Texas allowable for January set by the Commission. The new allowable is

 $126,\!078$  barrels above the estimated level of 1,203,400 barrels set by the Bureau of Mines.

While all fields in the Lone Star State participated in the upward revision in allowables, the Southwest area received the largest increase at 18,000 barrels daily. Production in the East Texas field was lifted to 451,000 barrels daily, against 447,681 barrels in January. The allowable for the Gulf Coast region was increased by approximately 15,000 barrels daily, and that of the West Texas district by 17,000 barrels

The Railroad Commission, according to rumors from Austin, had delayed setting the February allowables because of the tardiness of the major companies in meeting, in part, at least, the 17-cent a barrel increase in crude oil prices initiated on Jan. 4 by the Continental Oil Co. It was rumored that unless the major companies met the advance, the February quota would have been sharply curtailed in order to force prices of crude higher by the artificial shortage thus established. The Commission set Feb. 20 as a hearing date to consider the March allowable.

The Oklahoma Corporation Commission on Jan. 30 issued The Olfahoma Corporation Commission on Jan. 30 issued the expected order establishing daily average production for February at 581,900 barrels. The new allowable, while 8,800 barrels above the quota for the previous month, was in line with the estimate of market demand for Oklahoma crude set by the United States Bureau of Mines. Oklahoma held its January quota in line with the Bureau although both Texas and Kansas ordered allowables far in excess of those recommended by the Federal agency.

The sharpest increase in the new February allowable was given to the Fitts-Hunton pool, which received a boost of

given to the Fitts-Hunton pool, which received a boost of 4,000 barrels. Other flush pools to receive higher allowables were the Oklahoma City Wilcox zone with a boost of 1,800 barrels; the Moore pool with 2,000 barrels; and North Bethel, Billings-Wilcox and Crescent, 500 barrels each. The new orders provided for a decline of 500 barrels daily in the stripper output

The new orders provided for a decline of 500 barrels daily in the stripper output.

The Connally "Hot-oil" bill should be made permanent as it has proven successful and has withstood all legal onslaughts in the Federal courts, Secretary of the Interior Ickes stated in a letter to the Senate Finance Committee, made public in Washington Feb. 4. The law can be made permanent, Mr. Ickes pinted out, by the simple expedient of repealing Section 13 which sets June 16, 1937, as the date of its expiration.

date of its expiration.

Hearings on the measure will begin Feb. 12 before Senator Hearings on the measure will begin feb. 12 before Senator Connally, chairman of Senate finance sub-committee, with Secretary Ickes as the first witness. Senator Connally stated in Washington this week that full hearings will be held in an effort to determine where the "unknown" opposition becoming more evident is originating. In Texas, the House Committee on oil and Gas on Feb. 4 favorably reported the Davison bill which would extend the oil proration laws, now due to expire Sept. 1, next, to Sept. 1, 1941.

Despite the record production of crude oil in recent weeks, demand is running far ahead of output if the supply figures

demand is running far ahead of output if the supply figures published by the United States Bureau of Mines can be accepted as an accurate barometer. Stocks dropped 833,000 barrels during the week ended Jan. 23, the dip bringing total losses for the first three weeks of the month to more than 2,500,000 barrels. Total holdings of domestic and foreign crude in the United States on Jan. 23 were 285,211,000

foreign crude in the United States on Jan. 23 were 285,211,000 barrels, a new 15-year low.

Further changes in crude oil prices during the week were confined to readjustments in several areas. The Humble Oil & Refining Co., Standard of New Jersey affiliate which led in the upturn, advanced the price of West Central Texas crude oil 2 cents a barrel on Feb. 3, retroactive to Jan. 28. The crudes in this district include Brown, Callahan, Coleman, Commanche, Eastland, Fisher, Haskell, Jones, Shackleford, Stephens, Throckmorton and Young counties. The new schedule posted 28-28.9 gravity at 96 cents, with a 2-cent spread for each degree of gravity up to and including 40 gravity, which carried a top price of \$1.20 a barrel.

After establishing new record highs for several consecutive weeks, daily average crude oil production slumped in the

After establishing new record highs for several consecutive weeks, daily average crude oil production slumped in the final week of January as the customary month-end cutbacks in Oklahoma, Kansas and California pared the national output. Daily average outturn of crude was off 11,100 barrels to 3,194,050 barrels, according to the American Petroleum Institute. This compared with the January estimate of 2,998,400 barrels set by the Bureau of Mines and actual production in the like 1936 week of 2,815,550 barrels.

A decline of 16,500 barrels in daily average production in Oklahoma pared the total to 587,750 barrels, against the Bureau of Mines' figure of 573,100 barrels. Kansas cut production by 5,300 barrels, but the 173,600-barrels total was far in excess of the Federal recommended figure of 165,600 barrels. An increase of 6,200 barrels in Texas lifted production to 1,268,100 barrels, against the United States estimate of 1,176,000 barrels. Louisiana kept pace with Texas, its 6,600-barrel spurt lifting output to 251,500 barrels, against a recommended quota of 216,300. Although California showed a nominal dop of 2,400 barrels, the 583,400-barrel output compared with the Bureau's 559,900-barrel estimate.

Crude oil price changes follow:

Feb. 3—Humble Oil & Refining advanced West Central Texas crude 2 cents a barrel, retroactive to Jan. 28, setting a new top of \$1.20 for 40 gravity and above.

a Covers 51 cities.

### Prices of Typical Crudes per Barrel at Wells

(All glavities where A. I.	1. degrees are not shown)
Bradford, Pa\$2.57	Eldorado, Ark., 40\$1.27
Lima (Ohio Oil Co.) 1.25	Rusk, Texas, 40 and over 1.27
Corning, Pa 1.42	Darst Creek 1.09
Illinois 1.35	Central Field, Mich
Western Kentucky 1.40	Sunburst, Mont
Mid-Cont't, Okla., 40 and above 1.30	Huntington, Calif., 30 and over 1.22
Rodessa, Ark., 40 and above 1.25	Kettleman Hills, 39 and over 1.43
Smackover, Ark., 24 and over90	Petrolia, Canada

REFINED PRODUCTS-HIGHER GASOLINE PRICES FOLLOW CRUDE ADVANCES-FIRST GENERAL INCREASE SINCE EARLY 1936 POSTED-ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY CON-CERTED ADVANCES-MOTOR FUEL STOCKS GAIN

The first general increase in gasoline prices since early in 1936 came on Feb. 1 when all major companies advanced motor fuel prices in reflection of the higher crude oil postings

motor fuel prices in reflection of the higher crude oil postings which were announced in the closing days of January.

First advance was posted by Standard of New Jersey which lifted tank-car prices of gasoline ½c. a gallon throughout its marketing area, with the exception of Delaware. Socony-Vacuum, Shell Union Oil, Texas Corp. and Tide Water Associated Oil promptly followed the markups. Standard of Louisiana, a Standard of Jersey affiliate, posted a corresponding increase in its territory.

First to post increases in the mid-continent area following the crude markup was the Mid-Continent Petroleum Corp. which on Jan. 28 posted an advance of ½c. a gallon in gasoline and kerosene prices. Standard Oil Co. of Indiana on Feb. 2 announced an increase in tank wagon prices and prices to dealers of all grades of gasoline of 0.3c. a gallon in the lower peninsula of Michigan, effective immediately. The company raised Detroit prices 0.6c. a gallon. Other companies followed. Standard of Ohio Friday advanced retail prices of motor fuel ½c. a gallon, effective Feb. 6

Later in the week, the Atlantic Refining Co. announced that it would meet the increase in tank car prices of gasoline throughout its marketing territory in Pennsylvania and Delaware. The increase announced on Feb. 4 was ef.

that it would meet the increase in tank car prices of gasoline throughout its marketing territory in Pennsylvania and Delaware. The increase, announced on Feb. 4, was effective immediately. On the previous day Humble Oil and other major marketing units in Texas advanced service station prices of gasoline ½c. a gallon to 16½c., 18½c. and 20½c., respectively, for the three grades at the "pump." First reverberation from the West Coast came Feb. 4 in the

20½c., respectively, for the three grades at the "pump. First reverberation from the West Coast came Feb. 4 in the news of a 1c. a gallon markup in prices of premium gasoline by Standard of California. The increase included all of the company's Pacific Coast territory except Idaho and Utah. Price advances were not confined solely to the United States but spread quickly to both Canada and England, both of which use substantial quantities of American crude and refined products. Wholesale prices of gasoline were marked up 1 cent a gallon in Quebec and Ontario provinces. Gas oil, fuel oil and Diesel oil were advanced ½ cent a gallon. American currency, in London on Jan. 30.

The gasoline advances failed to affect the metropolitan New York City area until Feb. 5, when ½ cent a gallon advances by Socony-Vacuum Oil Co., Inc., posted Thursday, became effective. Other major companies followed Socony in the advance, which affected all of the company's New York and New England marketing territory.

Motor fuel stocks rose 1,360,000 barrels during the final week of January, totaling 69,540,000 barrels, the American Petroleum Institute reported. Refinery operations dipped 1.4 to 76.8% of capacity, with daily average runs of crude to stills off 60,000 barrels to 2,995,000 barrels. Stocks of gas and fuel oils were off 1,363,000 barrels to 102,078,000 barrels. Representative price changes follow:

Representative price changes follow: Feb. 1—Standard of New Jersey advanced tank-car prices of gasoline 1/2 cent a gallon throughout its marketing area with the exception of Delaware. All major units met the advance. Standard of Louisiana posted a corresponding mark-up in its territory.

Feb. 2—Standard of Indiana advanced tank-wagon and dealers' prices of gasoline 0.3 cents a gallon on the lower peninsula in Michigan, and Detroit prices 0.6 cents a gallon.

Feb. 3—Humble Oil & Refining led in a State-wide increase in "pump" gas prices in Texas of ½ cent a gallon for all grades.

Feb. 4—Atlantic Refining advanced wholesale prices of gasoline  $\,\%$  cent gallon in Delaware and Pennsylvania.

Feb. 4—Standard of California advanced premium gasoline 1 cent a gallon at the "pump."

Feb. 4—Socony-Vacuum advanced New York and New England whole-sale gasoline prices ½ cent a gallon, effective Feb. 5.

Feb. 5—Standard of Ohio advanced retail gasoline prices 1/2 cent a gallon, effective Feb. 5.

### U. S. Gasoline (Above 65 Octane), Tank Car Lots, F.O.B. Refinery

New York—	New York—	Shell Eastern\$.071/4
Stand. Oil N. J \$.071/4		Chicago0505 ½
Socony-Vacuum071/2		New Orleans06 1/207
Tide Water Oil Co .071/2	Texas07 1/4	Gulf ports05½
Richfield Oil(Cal.) .07	Gulf	Tulsa05051/4
요 성진다 마른말과 하고 하는 마하게 하는 ^		

### Kerosene, 41-43 Water White, Tank Car, F.O.B. Refinery

			New Orleans_\$.05 1405 1/2			
(Bayonne)\$.05 3/4	Los Angeles	.03 1/205	Tulsa	.03 1/804		
Pool	OH FOR Pot	lacer of T	neminal			

ruci ·	on, r.o.b. Rennery of re-	LIMILIANA
N. Y. (Bayonne)—  Bunker C\$1.20		New Orleans C\$ .95 Phila., Bunker C 1.20

Gas	Oil, F.O.B. Refinery or Te	rminal
N. Y. (Bayonne)— 27 plus\$.0434	Chicago, 28-30 D\$.053	Tulsa U S I\$.021/403

Gasoline, Service Station, Tax Included  z New York \$185   Newark 165   Buffalo 175							
z New York\$.185	Newark Boston	.165	Buffalo	.175			
z Brooklyn		.17	Chicago	.177			

z Not including 2% city sales tax.

Renewed Non-Ferrous Metal Buying in London at Sharply Higher Prices Excites Domestic Trade 'Metal & Mineral Markets' in its issue of Feb. 4 stated

"Metal & Mineral Markets" in its issue of Feb. 4 stated that the unbridled bullishness of London operators in non-ferrous metals, coupled with a good volume of business in that market from the Continent, chiefly France, resulted in another week of rising prices on the London Metal Exchange. This development again caused no end of excitement in the domestic trade, and strengthened prices for copper, lead, and zinc. Tin advanced in sympathy with London, where the market moved upward in the face of larger stocks. Platinum experienced another advance of \$10 per ounce, partly to discourage buying for account of outsiders. The news that General Motors executives and strike leaders met in Detroit on Feb. 3 was favorably received. on Feb. 3 was favorably received.

### Copper

The rise in copper prices in London brought out another spell of nervousness in the domestic market. Business here was livelier toward the close, Sales for the week amounted to 8,060 tons, the bulk of which was sold in the last few days, all on the 13c. basis. Domestic sales for January totaled 53,815 tons, against 117,715 tons in December. In the sales booked during January slightly more than 39,000 tons called for April delivery, and 10,850 for May forward. for May forward.

Consumers, investors, and speculators were credited with a substantial volume of business in the European market, chiefly London. Orders from France were tied in with currency rumors and armament activity. The foreign price, converted to an f.o.b. refinery basis, advanced to 12.600c. on yesterday's business.

Imports and exports of copper by the United States, consisting chiefly of metal treated here in bond, were smaller in 1936 than in the preceding year, according to the records of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Foreign trade in copper for the two years, in short tons, was:

	Im	oorts	Expe	orts
	1935	1936	1935	1936
In ore, &c	40,589 198,471 18,094	45,812 138,135 4,786	7,677 261,147	3,384 220,390
Totalsi	257,154	188,733	268,824	223,774

### Imports

Additional preliminary estimates on mine output of copper by states, in ort tons, show the following:

	1935	1936
CaliforniaNevada	977 37,133	5,160 67,825

Buying of lead again was on a modest scale, sales for the week amounting to about 2,800 tons. However, there was no uneasiness over the price situation, and the undertone in all directions remained firm. There is a possibility that stocks of refined lead will show an increase for January. as shipments to consumers are not expected to exceed 42,000 tons. Producers are about convinced that actual consumption of lead has not diminished appreciably in the last month, and smaller shipments, compared with the December rate, are said to indicate that consumers have been

Quotations held at 6c., New York, which was also the contract settling basis of American Smelting & Refining Co., and at 5.85c., St. Louis. Business was booked by St. Joseph Lead on its own brands at a premium.

### Zinc

The movement of zinc into consumption continues large, and, the movement of zinc into consumption continues large, and, with stocks decreasing, all sellers entertain strong views. Demand was better than in recent weeks and there was talk of a higher market. Shipments of the ordinary grades to consumers in the last week amounted to 8,600 tons, an unually large total The shortage in High Grade is diverting some business to the ordinary grades. The quotation held at 6c., 5t. Louis, on Prime Western, though late yesterday one producer advanced his asking price to 6.10c.

Tin

The excitement in other metals in London carried prices for tin upward in spite of the increase in stocks. Business was good during the last week, and Straits for February-March delivery was purchased by both consumers

and professionals.
The January s and professionals.

The January statistics of the tin industry confirmed the view intertained in consuming circles that surplus stocks would increase at the current rate of production. The world's visible supply, including the Eastern and Arnhem carry-overs, was 26,179 long tons at the end of January, which compares with 23,787 tons a month previous and 17,233 tons a year ago. Deliveries totaled 11,524 tons, against 10,617 tons in December, and 9,858 tons in January last year. United States deliveries for January came to 7,615 tons, against 6,930 tons in December, and 6,635 tons in January, 1936. Stocks of tin in the United States amount to 5,478 tons, against 2,985 tons a year ago. to 7,615 tons, agents.

1936. Stocks of tin in the United States amount 2,985 tons a year ago.

Chinese, 99%, was quoted nominally as follows: Jan. 28, 49,400c.;

Jan. 29, 49,100c.; Jan. 30, 49,100c.; Feb. 1, 49,150c.; Feb. 2, 49,750c.;

Daily Average Crude Oil Output Off 11,100 Barrels in Week Ended Jan. 30

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily average gross crude oil production for the week ended Jan. 30, 1937, was 3,194,050 barrels. This was a falling off of 11,100 barrels from the output of the previous week. The current week's figure remained above the 2,998,400 barrels calculated by the United States Department of the Interior to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various oil-producing States during January. Daily average production for the four weeks ended Jan. 30, 1937, is estimated at 3,175,400 barrels. The daily average output for the week ended Feb. 1, 1936, totaled 2,815,550 barrels. Further details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal United States ports for the week ended Jan. 30 totaled 687,000 barrels.

a daily average of 98,143 barrels, compared with a daily average of 74,571 barrels for the week ended Jan. 23 and 105,143 barrels daily for the four weeks ended Jan. 30.

Receipts of California oil at Atlantic and Gulf Coast ports for the week ended Jan. 30 totaled 117,000 barrels, a daily average of 16,714 barrels, compared with a daily average of 29,449 barrels for the week ended Jan. 23 and 11,536 barrels for the four weeks ended Jan. 30.

Reports received from refining companies owning 88.4% of the 4,066,000-barrel estimated daily potential refining capacity of the United States indicate that the industry as a whole ran to stills, on a Bureau of Mines basis, 2,995,000 barrels of crude oil daily during the week, and that all companies had in storage at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit and in pipe lines as of the end of the week, 69,540,000 barrels of finished and unfinished gasoline and 102,078,000 barrels of gas and fuel oil.

Cracked gasoline production by companies owning 94.1% of the potential charging capacity of all cracking units indicates that the industry as a whole, on a Bureau of Mines basis, produced an average of 670,000 barrels daily during the week.

daily during the week.

DAILY AVERAGE CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION (Figures in Barrels)

	B. of M. Dept. of	Actual Pr Week		Average 4 Weeks Ended	Week Ended
	Int. Cal- culations (Jan.)	Jan. 30, 1937	Jan. 23, 1937	Jan. 30, 1937	Feb. 1, 1936
Oklahoma Kansas	573,100 165,600	587,750 173,600	604,250 178,900	587,700 169,450	497,250 137,200
Panhandle Texas North Texas West Central Texas West Texas East Central Texas East Texas East Texas Southwest Texas Coastal Texas		74,800 65,600 32,700 171,200 105,950 449,350 187,550 180,950	73,500 65,550 32,700 170,700 104,500 448,800 186,300 179,850	67,750 65,350 32,750 170,700 101,900 448,500 185,850 179,600	59,650 56,550 25,350 147,900 44,250 443,300 117,250 157,200
Total Texas	1,176,000	1,268,100	1,261,900	1,252,400	1,041,450
North LouisianaCoastal Louisiana		86,350 165,150	76,800 168,100	77,550 166,900	57,350 131,300
Total Louisiana	216,300	251,500	244,900	244,450	188,650
Arkansas Eastern Michigan Wyoming Montana Colorado New Mexico	27,300 112,200 29,200 40,100 14,400 4,500 79,800	23,050 116,000 29,000 48,800 16,450 3,550 92,850	27,350 112,450 29,100 47,550 16,550 3,500 92,900	26,300 115,300 29,300 47,800 16,550 3,550 92,700	30,200 96,300 40,200 33,750 13,750 3,900 58,000
Total east of California.	2,438,500	2,610,650	2,619,350	2,585,500	2,140,650
California	559,900	583,500	585,800	589,900	674,900
Total United States	2,998,400	3,194,050	3,205,150	3,175,400	2,815,550

Note—The figures indicated above do not include any estimate of any oil which might have been surreptitiously produced.

CRUDE RUNS TO STILLS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED AND UNFINISHED GASOLINE AND GAS AND FUEL OIL, WEEK ENDED JAN. 30, 1937 (Figures in thousands of barrels of 42 gallons each)

		y Refinis	10	Crude Runs Stocks of Finished and to Stills Unfinished Gasoline			Stocks		
District	Poten-   Reporting				Finished				
	Poten-	кери	ing	Daily Aver-	P. C.	At Re-	Terms	Nap'tha	
	Rate	Total	P. C.	age	ated	fineries	&c.	Distu.	Oil
East Coast	669	669	100.0	517	77.3	4,683	8,437	1,423	8,479
Appalachian.	146	129	88.4	103	79.8	1,191	1,121	234	616
Ind., Ill., Ky	507	454	89.5	391	86.1	7,212	2,943	900	5,102
Okla., Kan.,	439						200	***	100
Mo -	449	380	84.6	290		4,633	2,450	564	2,939
Inland Texas	337	183	54.3	99	54.1	1,616	82	258	1,430
Texas Gulf	793	757	95.5	682	90.1	7,660	292	1,902	6,901
La. Gulf	164	158	96.3	140	88.6	937	355	356	1,836
No. LaArk.	91	58	63.7	30	51.7	242	55	63	473
Rocky Mtn.	89	62	69.7	42	67.7	1,302		100	709
California	821	746		468	62.7	10,376	2,297	1,050	71,099
Reported Est. unrep'd		3,596 470		2,762 233		39,852 3,314	18,032 1,045		99,584 2,494
ret. untep a	. B	470		200		0,014	1,010	711	2,101
x Est.tot.U.S				100	100				
Jan. 30 '37	4,066	4,066		2,995	1 2 3	43,166	19,077		102,078
Jan, 23 '37	4,066	4,066	man perjet	3,055	1.313	41,906	19,102	7,172	103,441
U.S.B. of M. xJan. 30 '36		7 44	1. 50	z2,767	4.	36,002	19,745	6,811	100,613

x Estimated Bureau of Mines basis. z January, 1936, daily average.

### Coal Production Lower in Week Ended Jan. 23, 1937

The weekly coal report of the U. S. Bureau of Mines disclosed that coal output for the week ended Jan. 23, 1937, was below the totals for the previous week. Soft coal production, however, continued above a year ago. The Bureau's statement follows:

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF COAL AND BEEHIVE COKE (IN NET TONS)

	1	Week Ende	i	Coal Year to Date			
	Jan. 23, 1937 d	Jan. 16, 1937 e	Jan. 25, 1936	1936- 1937	1935- 1936 <b>f</b>	1929- 1930 <b>f</b>	
Bitum. coal.: a	10 V. W.	-1-2-					
coll'y fuel.	9,200,000	10,131,000	8,385,000	351,286,000	288,700,000	431,516,000	
Daily aver	1,533,000	1,689,000	1,398,000	1,412,000	1,159,000	1,723,000	
Penn. anth.: b		1. The St.	. 1000	the Marian,	2-2-5		
coll'y fuel	825,000	952,000	1,050,000	g	g	g	
Daily aver	137,500	158,700	175,000	g	g	g	
Com. prod. c	782,000	902,000	995,000	g	g	g	
Beehive coke:							
Tot. for per'd	63,700	62,200	30,000	1,610,000			
Daily aver		10,367	5,000	6,341	3,001	20,232	

a Includes lignite, coal made into coke, and local sales. B Includes Sullivan County, washery and dredge coal, and coal shipped by truck from authorized operations. Estimate for current week based on railroad carloadings. These are checked later as promptly as possible against actual production reports furnished through trade association and State sources. c Excluding colliery fuel. d Subject to revision. e Revised. f Adjusted to make comparable the number of working days in the three coal years. g Comparable data not yet available.

ESTIMATED WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF COAL, BY STATES (IN THOUSANDS OF NET TONS)

[The current weekly estimates are based on railroad carloadings and river sl ments and are subject to revision on receipt of the montly tonnage reports in district and State sources or of final annual returns from operators.]

State	Week Ended					Jan.
Бешь	Jan. 16 1937 p	Jan. 9 1937 p	Jan. 18 1936 p	Jan. 19 1935	Jan. 19 1929	Aver. 1923
Alaska	2	2	2	2	8	8
Alabama	252	250	239	180	376	434
Arkansas and Oklahoma	127	108	89	. 72	182	93
Colorado	244	226	146	127	255	226
Georgia and North Carolina	1	1	1	1	8	8
Illinois	1.259	1.335	1.140	1,082	1.665	2.111
Indiana	366	443	424	380	422	659
Iowa	81	79	89	94	106	140
Kansas and Missouri	199	203	183	162	203	190
Kentucky-Eastern	794	853		620	941	607
Western	186	211		210	410	240
Maryland	39	40		40	62	55
Michigan	13	15		13	17	32
Montana		92	78	68	75	82
New Mexico		45		26	63	73
North and South Dakota		76		67	862	850
Ohio	543	600		455	475	814
Pennsylvania bituminous		2,435		1.938	2,932	3,402
Tennessee.		119		92	129	133
Texas	15		14	18	24	26
Utah	142	118	84	. 77	156	109
Virginia		294	225	176	263	211
Washington	46	47	35	43	65	74
West Virginia-Southern_a		1,965		1,400	2.102	1,134
Northern_b	646	698		493	749	762
Wyoming		151	114	98	160	186
Other western States	*	*	1	1	86	87
Total bituminous coal	10,131	10,420	8,673	7,935	11,900	11,850

a Includes operations on the N. & W.; C. & O.; Virginian; K. & M.; B. C. & G.' Id on the B. & O. in Kanawha, Mason, and Clay counties. b Rest of State, indign the Panhaudle District and Grant, Mineral, and Tucker counties. s Alaska, eorgia, North Carolina, and South Dakota included with "other western States." Less than 1,000 tons.

### Steel Production Regains Most of Losses Due to Floods

The "Iron Age" in its issue of Feb. 4 reported that with The "Iron Age" in its issue of Feb. 4 reported that with the resumption of steel making by units in the Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Youngstown districts that were affected by flood conditions, the ingot production rate for the country has risen to 79% from an estimated 75% a week ago. Mills at Ashland and Newport, Ky., and Potsmouth, Ohio, are still idle, but the Middletown, Ohio, plant, where operations had been reduced to 50% because of diversion of power, has stepped up to 75%, with capacity production again in sight. The "Age" further reported:

The "Age" further reported:

The Pittsburgh district has reached an 82% rate, the peak that was attained the week before the flood, and the Wheeling district has quickly snapped back to a 95% operation, one point higher than in the week preceding the flood. The Youngstown district has advanced to 78% from 76% last week. The southern Ohio output is estimated at 19% only a slight rise over a week ago.

As flood waters recede the extent of the damage to industrial plants, dwellings, bridges and highways will become apparent. Preliminary surveys indicate that there will be an urgent need for considerable steel for quick repairs and a much heavier demand later on for reconstruction work and flood control projects on a large scale. Foundries in the Cincinnati area have been hard hit and it may be weeks before all of them resume production, thereby causing delays in shipments of machine tools, for which orders have piled up heavily in recent months. Steel stocks of many jobbers in the Ohio Valley have been flooded, and new shipments in large volume in the Ohio Valley have been flooded, and new shipments in large volume will be required together with reconditioning of damaged material at the mills.

Resumption of work at several of the plants of the General Motors Resumption of work at several of the plants of the General Motors Corp. has resulted in the release of suspended tonnages of some products, particularly sheets and strip. Meanwhile, other automobile companies are straining for higher production, Ford having reached 6,000 cars a day. That company has inquired for 80,000 tons of square and round bars and slabs, the latter for processing on its own sheet mills. Total output of motor cars is moving up slowly, having gained a little more than 3,000 units last week

slabs, the latter for processing on its own sheet mills. Total output of motor cars is moving up slowly, having gained a little more than 3,000 units last week.

There was heavy ordering of plates, sheets, bars, structural shapes and sheet piling in the last few days of January for identified construction projects, including railroad equipment, owing to the requirement of steel companies that formal contracts for such work be entered into by Jan. 30 against price protections given in December. The amount of business that was thus driven in probably totaled several hundred thousand tons. In railroad equipment alone about 200,000 tons was entered, as a number of roads closed for upward of 14,000 cars plus about 4,200 that will be built in railroads' own shops. Unfilled orders for plates and shapes have reached the largest total in several years.

Notwithstanding the extremely heavy backlogs on mill books, further additions are in sight. Resumption of water shipments to the Pacific Coast, following settlement of the seamen's strike, will release considerable suspended business; the United States Navy program and rejuvenation of American shipbuilding under the auspices of the new Maritime Commission offer prospects for large steel tonnages; the agricultural equipment manufacturers are operating at what appears to be an all-time peak; road machinery builders are extremely busy; general construction work, including home building, is on the upward swing, and household equipment concerns, especially refrigerator manufacturers, are taking increasing amounts of steel. Tin plate production has regained its pre-flood average of 95%. Settlement of the General Motors strike, with its consequent rush for steel, would place a still heavier burden on steel mills to satisfy customers' requirements. This settlement may have been brought a step nearer by the Court injunction against sit-down strikers.

The warning of John L. Lewis of a steel strike, if demands to be formulated about April 1 by a convention of the Steel Workers' Or

ber. The daily rate last month was 103,617 tons, a gain of 3.1% over the 100,485 tons of December. There were 170 furnaces in blast in Feb. 1, unchanged from Jan. 1.

Heavy melting steel scrap has risen at Chicago, increasing the "Iron Age" composite to \$18.92, a new high.

### THE "IRON AGE" COMPOSITE PRICES

### Finished Steel

One week ago One month ago	2.330c. rol	e, rails, black led strips. Th	pipe, sheets	and hot
One year ago	2.130c.\ 85	% of the Unit	ed States ou	tput.
	E	Tigh .	L	ow
	2.330c.		2.084c.	Mar. 10
1935	2.130c.	Oct. 1	2.124c.	Jan. 8
1934	2.199c.	Apr. 24	2.008c.	Jan. 2
	2.015c.		1.867c.	Apr. 18
	1.977c.		1.926c.	Feb. 2
1931	2.037c.	Jan. 13	1.945c.	Dec. 29
1930	2.273c.	Jan. 7	2.018c.	Dec. 9
1929	2.317c.	Apr. 2	2.273c.	Oct. 29
1928	2.286c.	Dec. 11	2.217c.	July 17
1927	2.402c.	Jan. 4	2.212c.	Nov. 1

### Pig Iron

OH				
furn	ace and for adelphia,	undry Buffa	irons at	Chicago, ley, and
H	inh		Z	010
			\$18.73	Aug. 11
8.84	Nov. 5		17.83	May 14
7.90	May 1		16.90	Jan. 27
6.90	Dec. 5		13.56	Jan. 3
4.81	Jan. 5		13.56	Dec. 6
5.90	Jan. 6		14.79	Dec. 15
8.21	Jan. 7		15.90	Dec. 16
8.71	May 14		18.21	Dec. 17
8.59	Nov. 27		17.04	July 24
9.71	Jan. 4		17.54	Nov.
	9.73 8.84 7.90 6.90 4.81 5.90 8.21 8.71 8.59	ased on average furnace and from the philadelphia, Southern iron H49h 9.73 Nov. 24 8.84 Nov. 57.90 May 16.90 Dec. 54.81 Jan. 58.90 Jan. 68.21 Jan. 78.71 May 14.59 Nov. 27	assed on average of b furnace and foundry Philadelphia, Buffa Southern iron at Cin High 9.73 Nov. 24 8.84 Nov. 5 7.90 May 1 6.90 Dec. 5 4.81 Jan. 5 5.90 Jan. 6 8.21 Jan. 7 8.71 May 14 8.59 Nov. 27	ased on average of basic iron furnace and foundry irons at Philadelphia, Buffalo, Vall Southern iron at Cincinnati.  High 2,73 Nov. 24 \$18.73 8.84 Nov. 5 17.83 7.90 May 1 16.90 6.90 Dec. 5 13.56 6.90 Dec. 5 13.56 4.81 Jan. 5 13.56 5.90 Jan. 6 14.79 8.21 Jan. 7 15.90 8.71 May 14 18.21 8.59 Nov. 27 17.04

	Based on No. 1 heavy melting stee
One week ago\$18.83	quotations at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia
One month ago	
One year ago 13.67	

	E	righ .		ow
1937	\$18.83	Jan. 26	\$17.92	Jan. 4
1936	17.75	Dec. 21	12.67	June 9
1935	13.42	Dec. 10	10.33	Apr. 23
1934		Mar. 13	9.50	Sept. 25
1933	12.25	Aug. 8	6.75	Jan. 3
1932	8.50	Jan. 12	6.43	July 5
1931		Jan. 6	8.50	Dec. 29
1930	15.00	Feb. 18	11.25	Dec. 9
1929	17.58	Jan. 29	14.08	Dec. 3
1928	16.50	Dec. 31	13.08	July 2
1927	15.25	Jan. 11	13.08	Nov. 22

The American Iron and Steel Institute on Feb. 1 announced that telegraphic reports which it had received interested that the operating rate of steel companies having 98% of the steel capacity of the industry will be 79.6% of capacity for the week beginning Feb. 1, compared with 77.9% one week ago, 79.4% one month ago, and 50.0% one year ago. This represents an increase of 1.7 points, or 2.2%, from the estimate for the week of Jan. 25, 1937. Weekly indicated rates of steel operations since Jan. 6, 1936, follow:

1936—	1 1936—	1936—	1936—
Jan. 649.2%	Apr. 2070.4%	Aug. 371.4%	Nov. 1674.1%
Jan. 1349.4%	Apr. 2771.2%	Aug. 1070.0%	Nov. 23 74.3%
Jan. 2049.9%	May 470.1%	Aug. 1772.2%	Nov. 3075.9%
Jan. 2749.4%	May 1169.1%	Aug. 2472.5%	Dec. 776.6%
Feb. 350.0%	May 1869.4%	Aug. 3171.5%	Dec. 1479.2%
Feb. 1052.0%	May 2567.9%	Sept. 768.2%	Dec. 2177.0%
Feb. 1751.7%	June 168.2%	Sept. 1472.5%	Dec. 2877.0%
Feb. 2452.9%	June 8 69.5%	Sept. 2174.4%	
Mar. 253.5%	June 1570.0%	Sept. 2875.4%	Jan. 4 79.4%
Mar. 9 55.8%	June 2270.2%	Oct. 575.3%	Jan. 1178.8%
Mar. 1660.0%	June 30 74.0%	Oct. 1275.9%	Jan. 1880.6%
Mar. 2353.7%	July 6 67.2%	Oct. 1974.2%	Jan. 2577.9%
Mar. 3062.0%	July 1369.0%	Oct. 2674.3%	Feb. 1 79.6%
	July 2070.9%		
Apr 12 67 00%	Tuly 27 71 50%	NOT 0 74 00%	CHARLEST TO SERVICE TO

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel markets, on Feb. 1 stated:

Flood and strike have had relatively little effect on the steel industry's production, contrasting strongly with the situation in March, 1936, when high water brought the Pittsburgh district from about 43% of capacity to

high water brought the Pittsburgh district from about 43% of capacity to 18%. Most steel operations interrupted by water have resumed.

Due to flood conditions and some necessity for repairs the operating rate is off four points to 76% of capacity. Eastern Pennsylvania and Birmingham districts showed no change from the previous week. St. Louis gained four points, Buffalo two and Chicago one. The greatest loss was at Wheeling which declined 52½ points to 41%; Detroit dropped from 100 to 90 because of two furnaces off for repair; Pittsburgh lost half a point, Youngstown and Cleveland two points each and New England five points. five points.

point, Youngstown and Cleveland two points each and New England five points.

Heavy backlogs of unfilled orders at the beginning of the year have not been reduced by large shipments through January, current new buying being sufficient to offset efforts to reduce book tonnage.

Six leading steel producers making financial reports the past week, representing 64% of ingot capacity, show 1936 net profits 264% above 1935. All companies report heavy backlogs of unfilled orders.

American Iron and Steel institute reports improvements and extensions so far authorized for 1937 exceed \$290,000,000.

Surmises as to second quarter prices are beginning to appear and are backed by protective action by producers. An early sign appears at Chicago where sheet capacity to April 1 is fully sold. Producers there are accepting orders for second quarter delivery with the proviso that the price be that prevailing at time of delivery. Other signs indicate belief that an advance may be made in at least some products, wire and nails being among these.

Need for additional coke supplies in view of sustained high steel production is being met. American Steel & Wire Co. is relighting two batteries at Cleveland after long idleness and the Frick company is starting production in 700 beehive ovens in the Connellsville region, making 2,000 tons per day.

per day.

Bolt and nut interests are considering the largest inquiry in at least two years, for 1875 tons for the Queens-Midtown tunnel at New York. The bolts are of large size.

Shipbuilding offers prospects of considerable plate tonnage, with the usual proportion of other steel. Bids have been called for April 1 on the liner for United States Lines, taking 15,000 tons or more. Panama Railway Steamship Co. is about to ask bids on two or three ships requiring about 5,000 tons each of hull steel and bids will be taken in New York Feb. 10 on three packet ships requiring about 400 tons each. Two lake cargo boats for the ore trade in the Great Lakes, mentioned last week, promise further hull tonnage.

for the ore trade in the Great Lakes, mentioned last week, promise further hull tonnage.

M. Railroads continue to be an important factor in spite of some tendency to await decision on new rates and its effect on income. Two western roads have placed 25 and nine locomotives and are in the market for eight more. A total of 7,500 cars were placed last week and several thousand are still pending. Some rail tonnage is appearing also. Much of the equipment buying has been under protections expiring at the end of January.

Strike effects on General Motors and shortage of glass for Chrysler cars cut automotive production for the week ending Jan. 30 to 71,373 units, a drop of about 10,000 cars from the preceding week. Total production in 1936 was 4,616,857 units, close to 500,000 over 1935.

M. Structural awards were dominated by placing of 28,000 tons by the Pennsylvania Railroad for electrification work from Harrisburg to Paoli, Pa., divided between a number of fabricators. This brings the total for the week, to 65,448 tons, compared with 13,715 tons the week ending Jan. 23 and 29,346 tons in the week of Jan. 16. Expiration of protections at the end of the month probably drove in considerable of this tonnage. Other large projects include 5,100 tons of plates, shapes and steel piling for a Mississippi river dam at New Boston, III., 4,600 tons for an airplane plant at Baltimore, 3,160 and 1,900 tons, respectively, for an express highway and viaduct in New York City and 4,300 tons for a building at Washington.

M. Strength in all markets, more especially in the East where export demand is a factor, has raised scrap quotations sharply, the composite price for the preceding week. Domestic and export quotations on the Atlantic seaboard have become misaligned and will require correction. This is the fifth consecutive weekly rise, the gain from the first week in January being \$1.12 per ton.

M. Scrap strength has increased the iron and steel composite price five cents,

he scrap strength has increased the iron and steel composite price five cents, to \$36.62. The finished steel composite is unchanged at \$55.80.

## Current Events and Discussions

### The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

The daily average volume of Federal Reserve banks credit outstanding during the week ended Feb. 3, as reported by the Federal Reserve banks, was \$2,483,000,000, a decrease of \$2,000,000 compared with the preceding week and of \$9,000,000 compared with the corresponding week in 1936. After noting these facts, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System proceeds as follows:

Federal Reserve System proceeds as follows:

On Feb. 3 total Reserve bank credit amounted to \$2,463,000,000, a decrease of \$9,000,000 for the week. This decrease corresponds with decreases of \$15,000,000 in member bank reserve balances and \$27,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts and an increase of \$19,000,000 in monetary gold stock, offset in part by increases of \$30,000,000 in money in circulation and \$22,000,000 in Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks. Member bank reserve balances on Feb. 3 were estimated to be approximately \$2,150,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

requirements.

Relatively small changes were reported in the System's holdings of bills discounted, purchased bills, industrial advances and United States government securities.

The statement in full for the week ended Feb. 3, in comparison with the preceding week and with the corresponding date last year, will be found on pages 884 and 885.

Changes in the amount of Reserve bank credit outstanding and in related items during the week and the year ended

Feb. 3, 1937 were as follows:

### or Decrease (-Increase (+) Feb. 3, 1937 Jan. 27, 1937 Feb. 5, 1936 3,000,000 3,000,000 2,430,000,000 Bills discounted\_\_\_\_\_ -7,000,000 -2,000,000 Bills bought U. S. Government securities.... Industrial advances (not including \$20,000,000 commitm'ts—Feb. 3) Other Reserve bank credit... 24,000,000 4,000,000 -8,000,000 -8,000,000 -7,000,000 Total Reserve bank credit\_\_\_\_\_\_2,463,000,000 Monetary gold stock\_\_\_\_\_\_11,364,000,000 Treasury currency\_\_\_\_\_\_2,531,000,000 -9,000,000 +19,000,000 +1,196,000,000 +40,000,000 Money in circulation 6,348,000,000 Member bank reserve balances 6,758,000,000 Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks 2,705,000,000 Non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts 547,000,000 +30,000,000 -15,000,000 +606,000,000 +22,000,000 -253,000,000 547,000,000 -27,000,000 -32,000,000

## Returns of Member Banks in New York City and Chicago—Brokers' Loans

Below is the statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the New York City member banks and also for the Chicago member banks for the current week, issued in advance of full statements of the member banks, which latter will not be available until the coming Monday: coming Monday:

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES (In Millions of Dollars)

**	New York City			Chicago		
						Feb. 5
	Feb. 3 1937	Jan. 27 1937	Feb. 5 1936	Feb. 3 1937	Jan. 27 1937	1936
Assets—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Loans and investments-total	F 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2				2,087	1,986
Loans to brokers and dealers:				1		
In New York City	924	942	860	1	· 1	
Outside New York City	74	74	60	47	. 41	29
Loans on securities to others		4 to 30		14 Dest (13)		
(except banks)	741	731	731	142	138	147
Accepts, and com'l paper bought	136	141	162	17	17	18
Loans on real estate		129	127	14	14	16
Loans to banks	30	30	33	5		
Other loans		1,462	1,102	369	363	258
U. S. Govt. direct obligations	3,464	3,494	3,422	1,150	1,139	1,179
Obligations fully guaranteed by		0,404	0,444	1,100	1,100	****
United States Government	455	454	420	95	94	90
Other securities			1.111	272		247
Other became of the	2,00.	2,000	-,			1 11
Reserve with F. R. Bank	2,658	2,656	2,487			
Cash in vault	50		50	33		30
Balances with domestic banks			81	172		16
Other assets—net	494	498	469	65	75	7
Liabilities— Demand deposits—adjusted	6.419	6,427	5,935	1,561	1.564	1.43
Time deposits	619					414
United States Govt. deposits			161	41		9
Inter-bank deposits:	140	100	101			to the same
Domestic banks	2,393	2,428	2,340	615	613	56
Foreign banks	384		379			
Borrowings						
Other liabilities		362	301	19	23	3
Capital account						22
Capital account	1,210	*,200	-,102	Agency at		

## Complete Returns of the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week

As explained above, the statements of the New York and As explained above, the statements of the New York and Chicago member banks are given out on Thursday, simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves, and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks in 101

cities cannot be compiled.

In the following will be found the comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the close of business Jan. 27:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities on Jan. 27 shows decreases for the week of \$30,000,000 in total loans and investments, \$17,000,000 in demand deposits adjusted, \$34,000,000

ing cities on Jan. 27 shows decreases for the week of \$30,000,000 in total loans and investments, \$17,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted, \$34,000,000 in government deposits, \$30,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted, \$34,000,000 in government deposits, \$30,000,000 in demand deposits credited to domestic banks and \$53,000,000 in balances with domestic banks, and an increase of \$30,000,000 in reserve balances with Federal Reserve banks.

Loans to brokers and dealers outside New York City increased \$2,000,000, loans to brokers and dealers outside New York city increased \$2,000,000, loans to brokers and dealers cexcept banks) increased \$6,000,000, and loans on securities to others (except banks) increased \$25,000,000 in the New York district and \$24,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Holdings of acceptances and commercial paper bought increased \$7,000,000 in the New York district and \$21,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations declined \$60,000,000 in the New York district and \$50,000,000 at all reporting member banks, and increased \$16,000,000 in the Chicago district. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government declined \$9,000,000 in the Dallas district and \$17,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Demand deposits-adjusted declined \$12,000,000 in the San Francisco district, \$8,000,000 in the Boston district, and \$17,000,000 at all reporting member banks, and increased \$7,000,000 in the Dallas district. Time deposits increased \$6,000,000 in the New York district and \$2,000,000 in the San Francisco districts, the aggregate net decrease at all reporting member banks being \$34,000,000. Deposits credited to domestic banks increased \$36,000,000 in the New York district and \$30,000,000 at all reporting member banks being \$34,000,000. Deposits credited to domestic banks increased \$36,000,000 in the New York district and \$30,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Deposits credited to foreign banks declined \$7,000,000.

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of the reporting member banks, together with changes for the week and the year ended Jan. 27, 1937, follows:

and the year ended Jan. 21, 1301, 10	TIOWS.	
	Increase (+) o	r Decrease (—)
여기 사람이 나는 가면 가는 사람들이 가려고를 했다. 그렇다		
Jan. 27, 1937	Jan. 20, 1937	Jan. 29, 1936
Assets— \$	- 5	•
Loans and investments-total22,627,000,000	-30,000,000	+1,632,000,000
Loans to brokers and dealers:		1 04 000 000
In New York City [987,000,000]	+2,000,000	+94,000,000
Outside New York City 231,000,000	+6,000,000	+60,000,000
Loans on securities to others		40.000.000
(except banks)	+24,000,000	-40,000,000
Accepts, and com'l paper bought, (391,000,000	+7,000,000	+31,000,000
Loans on real estate	*-1,000,000	+10,000,000
Loans to banks 60,000,000	+3,000,000	-5,000,000
Other loans 4,098,000,000	*-21,000,000	+794,000,000
U. S. Govt. direct obligations 9,212,000,000	-50,000,000	+557,000,000
Obligations fully guaranteed by		
United States Government1,212,000,000	-17,000,000	+40,000,000
Other securities 3,260,000,000	+17,000,000	+91,000,000
but		
Reserve with Fed. Reserve banks_ 5,355,000,000	+30,000,000	+512,000,000
Cash in vault	+1,000,000	+37,000,000
Balances with domestic banks 2,255,000,000	-53,000,000	-111,000,000
Linklittes—	00,000,000	
Demandideposits—adjusted15,530,000,000	-17,000,000	+1,513,000,000
	+2,000,000	+164,000,000
	-34,000,000	-78,000,000
United States Govt. deposits 526,000,000	02,000,000	,000,000
Inter-bank deposits: Domestic banks 6,029,000,000	-30,000,000	+408,000,000
	-7,000,000	-13,000,000
	-2,000,000	+3,000,000
Borrowings 5,000,000	2,000,000	, -,000,000

<sup>\*</sup> Jan. 20 figures revised (Minneapolis district).

Spanish Government Accepts Arms Control Plan, but Reserves Right to Buy Munitions—Rebels Launch Air, Sea and Land Attack on Malaga

The Spanish Government announced on Feb. 2 that it The Spanish Government announced on Feb. 2 that it had accepted the principle of the arms control plan proposed by the International Non-Intervention Committee, but would reserve the right to purchase munitions. Premier Largo Caballero announced the Government's decision at a session of Parliament.

of Parliament.

The Spanish rebel forces on Feb. 4 renewed their assault on the port of Malaga, with a combined attack of infantry, warships and airplanes. Aside from activity on the Malaga front, there has been little important fighting in Spain this week, with bad weather curtailing rebel attacks on Madrid. The Spanish civil war was last referred to in the "Chronicle" of Jan. 30, page 695. The decision of the Government with regard to arms control proposals was noted as follows in Associated Press Madrid advices of Feb. 2:

No power, Largo Caballero declared, has authority to interfere with ship-No power, Largo Caballero declared, has authority to interfere with simplements of war materials to the government, "the only legitimate government in Spain." The Fascists, he maintained, should be deprived of munitions enabling them to continue the civil war.

Largo Caballero declared he was "supremely confident of victory" and that every means would be taken to terminate the seven-months-long civil

that every means would be taken to terminate the seven-months-long civil strife as quickly as possible.

"Each hour brings further loss of life and further economic damage," he said, exhorting the parliament's members and workers groups to submerge their differences and concentrate on the single objective of crushing Spanish Fascism.

Offering of \$29,000,000 of Norway 4% External Loan Coupon Bonds, due Feb. 1, 1963—Proceeds to Be Used to Refund \$28,334,000 Issue of 5% Gold Bonds, due March 15, 1963

Bonds, due March 15, 1963

A new issue of \$29,000,000 Kingdom of Norway 26-year 4% sinking fund external loan coupon bonds, dated Feb. 1, 1937 and due Feb. 1, 1963, was being offered to the public on Feb. 3 at 98 ½% and accrued interest by a banking group headed by Lazard Freres & Co., Inc. Proceeds from the issue are to be applied to the refunding of \$28,334,000 5% sinking fund external loan gold bonds, of 1928, due March 15. 1963, which bonds are to be called for redemption on March 15, 1937. Lazard Freres & Co. announced on Feb. 3 that over half of the issue has been placed in foreign and Canadian markets. Placements in Europe were handled on behalf of the underwriting group by Lazard Brothers & Co., Ltd. Associated with Lazard Freres in underwriting the issue were Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Glore, Forgan & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Bancamerica-Blair Corporation; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Harris, Hall & Co., Inc.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Belling with the Securities and Exchange Commission of a registration statement covering the new offering was referred to in our issue of Jan. 30, page 696.

The offering represents Norway's third refunding operation in this surface.

The offering represents Norway's third refunding operation in this country. An announcement bearing on the offering also said. With its credit rating supported by a budget that is in balance, the prospectus reporting a surplus for each of the last three fiscal years, Norway is one of only two European nations that have floated loans in the United States under the Securities Act of 1933. In March 1936, an issue of \$17,000,000 6s of 1952 were refunded by a 20-year 4½% issue of the same amount, and in April, 1936, an issue of \$30,000,000 5½s of 1965 were refunded by an issue of \$31,500,000 4½s due 1965. The 4½s were offered at par and are selling currently around 103½, while the 4½s, offered at 97½, are quoted at around 101. quoted at around 101.

A description of the bonds offered this week was contained as follows in the prospectus:

A description of the bonds offered this week was contained as follows in the prospectus:

MThe bonds will constitute the direct, valid and unconditional obligations of the Kingdom of Norway, which has agreed that if, in the future, it shall sell, offer for public subscription or in any manner dispose of any bonds or loans secured by a lien on any revenue or asset of the State, the bonds offered hereby shall be secured equally and ratably with such bonds or loans. Principal of and interest on the bonds will be payable in lawful money of the Unite States of America at the principal office of The National City Bank of New York, Fiscal Agent, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, and will be payable in time of war as well as in time of peace and whether the holder or owner be a citizen or resident of a freindly or a hostile state. Interest on the bonds will be payable at the rate of 4% per annum, semi-annually on Feb. 1 and Aug. 1. Both principal and interest will be payable without deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties imposed or levied by or within the Kingdom of Norway, or by or within any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof, except when in hands of holders or owners otherwise subject to taxation thereon in Norway. The bonds are redeemable at the option of the Government, in whole or in part (in the latter case the bonds to be selected by lot), on Feb. 1, 1942, and thereafter on any semi-annual interest date, and, except through the operation of the sinking fund hereinafter described, not earlier, at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest upon at least 30 days notice, by publication, and by mail to registered holders. Payment of the principal of the bonds is to be effected during the last 25 years prior to their maturity by a cumulative sinking fund, viz., on Aug. 1, 1933 and on each semi-annual interest date thereafter the Government is to remit to the Fiscal Agent the sum of about \$923,000, of which so much thereof as may exceed the sem

Nassau Street, New York, N. Y., against payment therefor in New York

The Government has agreed to use its best efforts to procure the listing of the bonds on the New York Stock Exchange and their registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, The underwriters have agreed to give, without expense to the Government, full cooperation to that end.

## French Bondholders Association Opposes Chile's Offer for Service of Bonds

for Service of Bonds

The Foreign Bondholders Protective Council, Inc., announced Feb. 1 that it has been informed by the French Bondholders Association—the Association Nationale des Porteurs Français de Valeurs Mobilieres—that it has again issued a statement pointing out to holders of Chilean bonds the effect of accepting the service offered by the Chilean Government. The Association states it cannot advise the bondholders to accept the proffered service because of the destructive effect of such acceptance upon the bond obligation. It also states that other like European organizations will take the same action as the Association.

The Foreign Bondholders Protective Council, Inc., as noted in our issue of Jan. 22, page 538, has also advised against the acceptances of the Chilean Government's offer; reference to the offer of Chile was made in these columns of Jan. 16, page 366.

## Tenders of State of New South Wales External 5% Gold Bonds, due Feb. 1, 1957, Invited to Exhaust \$154,146 in Sinking Fund

The Chase National Bank, New York, as successor fiscal agent, is inviting tenders of State of New South Wales, Australia, external 30-year 5% sinking fund gold bonds due Feb. 1, 1957, at prices not exceeding par and accrued interest, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$154,146 in the sinking fund. Tenders will be opened at 12 o'clock noon on Feb. 8, 1937 at the Corporate Trust Department of the bank 11 Broad Street. on Feb. 8, 1937 at the bank, 11 Broad Street.

## Argentina Files Registration Statement Under Securities Act for \$70,000,000 of External 4% Bonds—Plans to Retire Two Outstanding External 6%

The filing on Feb. 2 by the Argentine Republic of a registration statement (No. 2-2838) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$70,000,000 of sinking fund external conversion loan 4% bonds, due Feb. 15, 1972, was announced on Feb. 2 by the Securities and Exchange Commission. According to the registration statement, the net proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be applied to the retirement of the Government's presently outstanding \$30,373,000 principal amount of external sinking fund 6% gold bonds of 1923, series A, due Sept. 1, 1957, and \$33,727,500 principal amount of external sinking fund 6% gold bonds state railway issue of 1927, due Sept. 1, 1960. The Commission's announcement continued: nouncement continued:

The underwriters may offer part of the bonds being registered to certain banks or bankers in England and accept payment either in cash or in the bonds to be redeemed, it is stated.

The bonds are redeemable at par at the option of the Government in whole or in part, but in no case in amounts of less than \$5,000,000 except for sinking fund, upon any interest payment date after at least 30 days' notice

The prospectus states that that it is expected that delivery of the bonds in

temporary form, exchangeable for definite bonds when prepared, will be made at the office of J. P. Morgan and Co.

The price at which the bonds will be offered publicly, the names of the underwriters and the underwriting discounts or commissions are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

The SEC noted:

In no case does the act of filing with the Commission give to any security its approval or indicate that the Commission has passed on the merits of the issue or that the registration statement itself is correct.

### State of Santa Catharina (Brazil) to Pay 22½% of Coupons Due Feb. 1 on 8% External Gold Bonds, due Feb. 1, 1947

Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., as special agent, is notifying holders of State of Santa Catharina, Brazil, 25-year 8% external sinking fund gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1947, that funds have been deposited with them on behalf of the State of Santa Catharina, sufficient to make a payment, in lawful currency of the United States of America, of 22½% of the face amount of the coupons due Feb. 1, 1937, amounting to \$9 for each \$40 coupon, \$4.50 for each \$20 coupon and 90 cents for each \$4 coupon. An announcement in the matter also said: matter also said:

Pursuant to the Decree of the Chief of the Provisional Government of the United States of Brazil, such payment, if accepted by the holders of the bonds and coupons, must be accepted in full payment of such coupons and of the claims for interest represented thereby. Holders may obtain payment upon presentation and surrender of their coupons for final cancellation at the office of Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc., 201 South La Salle Street, Chicago, and 35 Wall Street, New York City.

No present provision has been made for the coupons maturing prior to Aug. 1, 1934, but they should be retained for future adjustment.

## Funds Remitted for Payment of $22\frac{1}{2}\%$ of Feb. 1 Interest on City of Rio de Janeiro $6\frac{1}{2}\%$ External Bonds, due Feb. 1, 1953

Holders of City of Rio de Janeiro (Federal District of the United States of Brazil) 6½% external sinking fund bonds,

due Feb. 1, 1953, are being notified that funds have been remitted to White, Weld & Co. and Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., special agents, for the payment of Feb. 1, 1937 interest coupons of this loan at the rate of  $22\frac{1}{2}\%$  of their dollar face amount, or \$7.3125 per \$32.50 coupon.

## Partial Payment to Be Made on Feb. 1 Coupons on City of Porto Alegre (Brazil) 7% Gold Bonds, External Loan of 1928

Loan of 1928

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., as special agents, is notifying holders of City of Porto Alegre (United States of Brazil) 40-year 7% sinking fund gold bonds, external loan of 1928, that funds have been deposited with them, sufficient to make a payment in lawful currency of the United States of America, of 22½% of the face amount of the coupons due Feb. 1, 1937, amounting to \$7.87½ for each \$35 coupon and \$3.93¾ for each \$17.50 coupon. Pursuant to the Decree of the Provisional Government of the United States of Brazil, such payment, if accepted by the holders, it is announced, must be accepted in full payment of such coupons and of the claims for interest represented thereby.

The notice further states, no present provision has been made for the coupons maturing Feb. 1, 1932 to Feb. 1, 1934, inclusive, but they should be retained for future adjustment.

## No New Conversion Offer to Be Made to Holders of $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ Bonds of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Due Feb. 1

and Ireland Due Feb. 1

Announcement is made (Feb. 5) by the British Treasury that "there is no foundation for the suggestion that any fresh conversion offer will be made to holders of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland 20-year 5½% bonds due Feb. 1, 1937, which were the subject of the judgment of the House of Lords given on Jan. 28." Reference to the ruling of the House of Lords appeared in these columns Jan. 30, page 695. The British Treasury announcement also states that bearer bonds presented in the United States "are being repaid in dollars at their face value." It is added that "they may also be presented in London at the Bank of England for payment in Sterling at exchange \$4.86½ to the £. Coupons are being met on the same basis."

Member Trading on New York Stock and New York
Curb Exchanges During Week Ended Jan. 9 Above
Previous Week, According to SEC

In the first week of this year trading by all members of
the New York Stock Exchange (except odd-lot dealers)
and of the New York Curb Exchange for their own account
increased over the preceding week, ended Jan. 2, in relation
to total transactions on those Exchanges, it was shown in
data issued yesterday (Feb. 5) by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The number of shares traded in for
the account of the members during the week ended Jan. 9
was also above the previous week; there was one less trading
day in the preceding week, ended Jan. 2—New Year's Day.
During the week ended Jan. 9 trading on the Stock Exchange for the account of members (in round-lot transactions) totaled 5,865,198 shares, which amount was 20.37%
of total transactions on the Exchange of 14,395,270 shares.
This compares with member trading during the previous
week ended Jan. 2 of 3,752,753 shares, or 19.37% of total
trading of 9,689,160 shares. On the Curb Exchange member trading during the week ended Jan. 9 amounted to 1,753,
815 shares, or 20.84% of the total volume on that Exchange
of 4,206,700 shares; during the preceding week trading for
the account of Curb members of 1,022,595 shares was 19.42%
of total trading of 2,632,502 shares.

The data issued by the SEC are in the series of current
figures being published weekly in accordance with its program embodied in its report to Congress last June on the

The data issued by the SEC are in the series of current figures being published weekly in accordance with its program embodied in its report to Congress last June on the "Feasibility and Advisability of the Complete Segregation of the Functions of Broker and Dealer." The figures for the week ended Jan. 2 were given in these columns of Jan. 30, page 696. In making available the data for the week ended Jan. 9 the Commission said:

The figures given for total round-lot volume for the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange represent the volume of all round-lot sales of stock effected on those exchanges as distinguished from the volume reported by the ticker. The total round-lot volume for the week ended Jan. 9 on the New York Stock Exchange, 14,395,270 shares, was 10.6% larger than the volume reported on the ticker. On the New York Curb Exchange total round-lot volume in the same week, 4,206,700 shares, exceeded by 9.6% the ticker volume (exclusive of rights and warrants).

The data published are based upon reports filed with the New York ock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange by their, respective embers. These reports are classified as follows:

Number of reports received	New York Stock Exchange 1,073	New York Curb Exchange 868
Reports showing transactions: As specialists*	198	107
Other than as specialists: Initiated on floor	378 432 355	128 243 447

The number of reports in the various classifications may total more than the number of reports received because, at times, a single report may carry entries in more than one classification.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—TRANSACTIONS IN FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS\* (SHARES)
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937 ALL STOCKS

Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	Total for Week 14.395.270	Cent a
		_
Round-lot transactions of members except transactions of specialists and odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	968,745 1,112,295	
Total	2,081,040	7.23
2. Initiated off the floor—Bought Sold	607,620 796,408	
Total	1,404,028	4.87
Round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered—Bought	1,153,950 1,226,180	
Total	2,380,130	8.27
Total round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered—Bought	2,730,315 3,134,883	
Total	5,865,198	20.37
Transactions for account of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered:  1. In round lots—Bought	453,360 278,640	
하는 사람이 가입니다 그 소리를 하는 것이 되었다.	· · · · · · · · ·	
Total	732,000	
2 In odd lots (including odd-lot transactions of specialists):  Bought  Sold.	1,664,604 1,840,378	
Total	3,504,982	
NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE—TRANSACTIONS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS* (SHAR	IN ALL S	TOCKS
	ES)	
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937		
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937	Total for Week	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	Total for Week 4,206,700	Per
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	Total for Week 4,206,700	Per
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	Total for Week 4,206,700	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	Total for Week 4,206,700 189,700 186,505 376,205	Per
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought  Sold  Total	189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995 442,095	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought  Sold  Total  2. Initiated off the floor—Bought  Sold  Total	Total for Week 4,206,700 189,700 186,505 276,205 225,995 442,095	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange  Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered:  1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	Total for Week 4,206,700  189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995 442,095	Per Cent a
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995 442,095	Per Cent a 4.47
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995 -442,095 439,095 496,420 935,515 844,895 908,920	Per Cent a 4.47
Week Ended Jan. 9, 1937  Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	189,700 186,505 376,205 216,100 225,995 442,095 439,095 496,420 935,515 844,895 908,920 1,753,815	Per Cent a 4.47 5.25

The term "members" Includes all Exchange members, their firms and their partners, including special partners.

a Percentage of members' transactions to total Exchange transactions. In calculating these percentages the total of members' transactions is compared with twice the total Exchange volume for the reason that the total of members' transactions includes both purchases and sales, while the total Exchange volume includes

## Scope of Subpoena Rule Extended by SEC—Action Covers Attendance of Witnesses, Production of Documentary Evidence and Payment of Fees

The Securities and Exchange Commission on Jan. 19 amended its Rules of Practice to include certain provisions relating to the issuance of subpoenas. The text of the Commission's action follows:

### Amendments to Rules of Practice

Amendments to Rules of Practice

The SEC, acting pursuant to authority conferred upon it by the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, particularly Section 19(a) thereof, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, particularly Section 23(a) thereof, the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly Section 20(a) thereof, and finding that it is necessary to carry out the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and that it is necessary for the execution of the functions vested in the Commission by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, hereby amends Rule IV of the Rules of Practice of the Commission by adding thereto the following paragraphs:

(f) Subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses from any place in

thereto the following paragraphs:

(f) Subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses from any place in the United States at any designated place of hearing may be issued by any member of the Commission or any officer designated by it for that purpose in connection with any hearing ordered by the Commission, upon written application therefor.

(g) Subpoenas for the production of documentary evidence will issue only upon application in writing which must specify, as nearly as may be, the documents desired and the facts to be proved by them, provided, however, that nothing herein shall be deemed to require the issuance of any subpoena compelling the production of immaterial documentary evidence.

(h) Witnesses summoned before the Commission shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to witnesses in the courts of the United States, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking the same shall severally be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in the courts of the United States. Witness fees and mileage shall be paid by the party at whose instance the witnesses appear.

# Decrease of \$25,053,069 in Outstanding Brokers' Loans on New York Stock Exchange During January— Total Jan. 30 of \$1,026,372,092 Compares with \$1,051,425,161 Dec. 31

Following three consecutive monthly increases, outstanding brokers' loans on the New York Stock Exchange dropped \$25,053,069 during January to \$1,026,372,092 at the close of the month from \$1,051,425,161 Dec. 31. The loans,

however, were still \$101,667,757 above a year ago, when the loans outstanding amounted to \$924,704,335.

Demand loans outstanding on Jan. 30 were below those of Dec. 31 but above Jan. 31, 1936, while time loans were above last month but below a year ago. The Exchange reported the demand loans outstanding on Jan. 30 in amount of \$719,105,327, against \$768,439,342 Dec. 31 and \$600,-199,622 Jan. 31, 1936. Time loans at the latest date were revealed at \$307,266,765, as compared with \$282,985,819 and \$324,504,713, respectively, on the earlier dates.

The following is the report for Jan. 30, 1937, as made available by the Stock Exchange on Feb. 3:

New York Stock Exchange member total net borrowings on collateral,

New York Stock Exchange member total net borrowings on collateral, contracted for and carried in New York, as of the close of business Jan. 30, 1937, aggregated \$1,026,372,092.

The detailed tabulation follows:	The second second	
	Demand	Time
Net borrowings on collateral from New York banks or trust companies     Net borrowings on collateral from private bank-	\$681,999,927	\$303,450,765
ers, brokers, foreign bank agencies or others in the City of New York	37,105,400	3,816,000
	\$719,105,327	\$307,266,765
Combined total of time and demand borrowings Total face amount of "government securities" pledge	d as colleteral	\$1,026,372,092
for the borrowings included in items (1) and (2) abo		33 891 550

The scope of the above compilation is exactly the same as in the loan re-

port issued by the Exchange a month ago. Below we furnish a two-year compilation of the figures:

	Demand Loans	Time Loans	Total Loans
1935—	\$		\$
Jan. 31	575,896,161	249,062,000	824,958,161
Feb. 28		242,544,500	815,858,439
Mar. 30		220.124.500	773,123,266
Apr. 30		294.644.900	804,565,448
May 31	471,670,031	820,871,000	792,541,031
June 30	474,390,298	334,199,000	808,589,298
July 31	419,599,448	349.335.300	768,934,748
Aug. 31	399,477,668	372,553,800	772,031,468
Sept. 30	362,955,569	418,266,300	781,221,869
Oct. 31	335,809,469	456,612,100	792,421,569
Nov 20	408 858 197	439,457,000	846,113,137
Dec. 31	547,258,152	391,183,500	938,441,652
Dec. 31		991,100,000	550,441,002
Jan. 31	600.199.622	324,504,713	924,704,335
Feb. 29	631,624,692	292,695,852	924,320,544
Mar. 31	753,101,103	243,792,915	996,894,018
Apr. 30	688.842.821	375,107,915	1,063,950,736
May 29	559.186.924	410.810.915	969,997,839
June 30	581,490,326	407.052.915	988,543,241
July 31	571,304,492	396,076,915	967,381,407
Aug. 31	591.906.169	381,878,415	973,784,584
Sept. 30	598,851,729	372,679,515	971.531.244
Oct. 31	661,285,603	313,642,415	974,928,018
Nov. 30	708,177,287	275.827.415	984,004,702
Dec. 31	768,439,342	282,985,819	1.051,425,161
1937—		-0-1000,010	-,00-,120,201
Jan. 30	719,105,327	307,266,765	1,026,372,092

## John Haskell of New York Stock Exchange, Suggests Changes in Form of Company Balance Sheets and Earnings Statements

Research by accounting societies and by corporate accounting officers, looking toward improvements in the form of company balance sheets and earnings statements, was suggested Jan. 25 by John Haskell, Executive Secretary to the Committee on Stock List of the New York Stock Exchange, in an address before the Pittsburgh Control of the Comptroller's Institute of America. Mr. Haskell said:

The biggest job which faces listed corporations, the Exchange and the accounting profession today is the simplification of reports to stockholders. In the last year or two the financial statements in these reports have become more and more complex and crowded with qualifications, asterisks and constellations of footnotes. So much of irrelevant minuta has been included in some cases that essential information, although fully disclosed, is lost in a maze of non-essential detail.

is lost in a maze of non-essential detail.

If the accounting principles upon which reports are based are sound and consistent there should be no need for accountant's qualifications, and voluminous footnotes. If they are unsound, then no amount of footnotes and hedging can really make them serve their purpose.

Mr. Haskell pointed out that financial statements should

Mr. Haskell pointed out that financial statements should not be used for purposes other than those for which they were designed. He added:

We know that the rules of accounting prescribed by State and Federal taxing agencies are designed primarily to bring in revenue, and not to give a true and undistorted picture of a company's earnings to its stockholders. The form of accounts and reports set up for utility companies by most local bodies carry out their rate-making duties—they certainly cannot be taken as examples of the kind of earnings statement that a prospective investor should use in considering the attractiveness of a public utility stock for investment. As general recognition of the importance of using financial statements for the purpose for which they were intended grows, the investor will not be forced to eat his peas with the knife designed to slice the melon of his corporation's surplus.

The listing requirements of the New York Stock Exchange are separate and distinct from the registration requirements of the Securities law is, of course, a prerequisite to listing, and many of the SEC's rules reinforce our own; but the flexible dynamic listing requirements of the New York Stock Exchange should and do go further than the necessarily general provisions of any statute or rules of universal application.

### Market Value of Listed Stocks on New York Stock Exchange Feb. 1 \$61,911,871,699, as Compared with \$59,878,127,946 Jan. 1—Classification of Listed Stocks

As of Feb. 1, 1937 there were 1,216 stock issues, aggregating 1,366,590,299 shares, listed on the New York Stock Exchange, with a total market value of \$61,911,871,699, the Exchange announced on Feb. 3. This compares with 1,212 stock issued, aggregating 1,360,349,902 shares, listed on the Exchange Jan. 1, with a total market value of \$59,

878,127,946, and with 1,191 stock issues, aggregating 1,320,-759,574 shares, with a total market value of \$50,164,547,052 on Feb. 1, 1936. The Stock Exchange, in its announcement of Feb. 3, said:

As of Feb. 1, 1937 New York Stock Exchange member total net borrowings on collateral amounted to \$1,026,372,092. The ratio of these member total borrowings to the market value of all listed stocks on this date was therefore 1.66%. Member borrowings—are not broken down to separate those only on listed share collateral from those on other collateral; thus these ratios usually will exceed the true relationship between borrowings on all listed shares and their market values.

As of Jan. 1, 1937 the Stock Exchange member total net borrowings on collateral amounted to \$1,051,425,161. The ratio of these member total borrowings to the market value of all listed stocks on that date was therefore 1.76%.

In the following table listed stocks are classified by leading industrial groups with the aggregate market value and average price for each:

	Feb. 1, 19	37	January 1, 1	937
	Market Value	Aver. Price	Market Value	Aver. Price
	\$	8	S	S
Autos and accessories	5,139,023,767	46.38	4,783,505,679	43.86
Financial	1,521,327,740	26.53	1,538,036,881	28.54
Chemicals		81,40	6,502 233,633	79.60
Building	1,009,129,657	52.02	907,673 955	48.32
Electrical equipment manufacturing	2,593,659,779	68,53	2,310,498,517	61.08
Foods	3.519.105.584		3,418,662,301	38 55
Rubber and tires	523,100,831	53.11	488,662,988	49.92
Farm machinery	1,023,188,314		983.585.006	87.49
Amusements	497,257,013	31.31		30.33
Land and realty	74,465,075	14.85		13.16
Machinery and metals	2,610,343,154	43.70	2,518,855,333	41.62
Mining (excluding iron)	2,476,491,044	42.10	2,490,950,508	42 36
Petroleum	6,907,548,460	36.56	6,756,318,186	35.79
PetroleumPaper and publishing	589,612,634	34.08	546,936,631	32.60
Retail merchandising	3,094,625,042	44.86	3,008,904,049	45.20
Railways and equipment	5,620,151,172	48.44	5,559,798,295	47 93
Steel, iron and coke	3,239,858,222	72.00	2,936,075,572	65.41
Textiles		31 17	321.331.108	29 72
Gas and electric (operating)	2,456,654,427	35.11	2,439,529,338	34.92
Gas and electric (holding)	1.932.727.935	19.89	1,878,965,233	19.34
Communications (cable, tel. & radio)		110.33	4,166,283,372	
Miscellaneous utilities	243,534,027	23.84		23.14
Aviation	410,169,765	19.24	236,354,198	
Business and office equipment		47.07	380,558,115 506,775,057	18.05
Shipping services	00 00 00	12.71		46.49
Ship operating and building	26,635,622	18.45	28,793,548	11.38
Missellaneous businesses	55,871,073			17 17
Miscellaneous businesses Leather and boots	151,350,780	26.37	146,720,364	25 57
Teheses	248,681,331	38.48	247,023,357	38.22
Tobacco		69.73	1,812,475,921	68 09
Garments	39,668,993	41.82	37,246,455	39 04
U. S. companies operating abroad	984,125,122	30.92	919 538,493	29.21
Foreign companies (incl. Cuba & Can.)	1,426,096,752	37.08	1,418,402,553	36.97
All listed stocks				

We give below a two-year compilation of the total market value and the average price of stocks listed on the Exchange:

		Market Value	Average Price		Market Value	Average Price
1935-		- N. 27 P. B. S. P. L. 10		Feb. 1	\$50,164,547,052	\$37.98
Feb. 1	L	\$32,991,035,003	\$25.29	Mar. 1	51,201,637,902	38.61
Mar. 1	L	32,180,041,075	24.70	Apr. 1	51,667,867,515	38.85
Apr. 1		30,936,100,491	23.73	May 1	47.774.402.524	35.74
May 1		33,548,348,437	25.77	June 1	49,998,732,557	37.35
June 1	1	34,548,762,904	26.50	July 1	50.912.398.322	38.00
July 1	1	36,227,609,618	27.78	Aug. 1	54,066,925,315	40.30
Aug. 1		38,913,092,273	29.76	Sept. 1	54,532,083,004	40.56
Sept. 1		39,800,738,378	30.44	Oct. 1	55,105,218,329	40.88
Oct. 1		40,479,304,580	30.97	Nov. 1	58,507,236,527	43.36
Nov. 1		43,002,018,069	32.90	Dec. 1	60.019.557.197	44.26
Dec. 1	1	44,950,590,351	34.34	1937—		
1936-	-		1000	Jan. 1	59,878,127,946	44.02
Jan. 1		46,954,581,555	35.62	Feb. 1	61,911,871,699	45.30

### Directorate in New York of Nicaraguan National Bank to be Reorganized

The following advices from Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 30, are from the New York "Times" of Jan. 31:

President Anastasio Somoza sent Rafael Huezo, Assistant Manager, and Alfred Gini, Auditor of the Nicaraguan National Bank, to New York today by airplane to reorganize the directorate in New York. Both will serve as members of the new board.

The functions of the bank will be enlarged to give financial aid to small farmers and the salaried class, who have paid as high as 100% a year for loans. The bank will lend money at 4 and 5%.

# National City Bank of New York Finds Trade and Industrial Reports Excellent, Allowing for Labor Troubles in Automobile Industry and Floods in Ohio River Basin

Ohio River Basin

While noting that "the labor troubles in the automobile industry and the floods in the Ohio River basin have naturally overshadowed other news of the business situation during January," and that "in these respects the month has been unfavorable," the National City Bank of New York, in its February "Monthly Letter," adds that "on the other hand, trade and industrial reports continue excellent, allowing for these handicaps." The bank observes that "the slowing up is confined to the areas affected, and otherwise the detailed business news gives satisfaction. Merchants continue to prepare for a good spring season, manufacturers are busy with full order books, and both are looking ahead with confidence moderated only by the uncertainties in the labor situation." In part, the bank continued:

The floods which have caused such devastation and suffering in the Ohio Valley have of course brought many business activities to a stand-still. However, the rebound following the widespread floods in March of last year supplies a precedent for believing that the interruption will be brief. Floods are very spectacular, and for that reason early estimates of the damage usually prove to be exaggerated. In various ways, through relief contributions, insurance, use of corporate reserve funds and recourse

to borrowing, losses of wealth due to natural calamities are spread out and part of the costs carried over to the future, to make them less burdensome on the immediate situation. Meanwhile, the work of reconstruction is to be done, requiring labor and supplies, and probably this is where the emphasis belongs for the early future.

Retail trade has been held back also in sections affected by strikes and below whether but elegables regime over last year have run into good next.

Retail trace has been held back also in sections artected by the bad weather, but elsewhere gains over last year have run into good percentages, and the figures on balance are satisfactory. There is evidence that on the average merchants are looking for an increase in spring trade of around 10% over 1936. Wholesale business is off to an exceptional start. More buyers are in the markets than since 1929, and they are placing more orders and at higher prices than a year ago; in some cases covering of fall requirements has begun, considerably in advance of the usual buying season.

usual buying season.

Manufacturers also have been buying materials further ahead than in a leng time. In all lines, buying policies are influenced not only by increasing sales and the signs of an upward price trend, but because in many industries the prompt deliveries made during the depression are no longer feasible, and it is necessary to place orders for longer terms. Also, no one can assume too confidently that labor difficulties will not interfere with whitements.

As the trade reports suggest, in most industries operations hold at the high December rate, and unfilled orders are large,

The chief threat of disturbance to the recovery now is through labor troubles stopping production and raising costs. The strike against the General Motors Corp. is itself important enough to check the business upswing, in view of the corporation's leading position in one of the key industries in the recovery. No other corporation in this country is directly responsible for so much employment, counting its own payrolls and those of its dealers, and no other buys such vast quantities of materials, parts and supplies of all kinds, from such widespread sources. It is a grave matter to have a business of this magnitude suspended. If the activities of the corporation are long paralyzed at its center, which is the assembly of finished automobiles, the effects will be felt, directly and indirectly, in all industries and all sections.

In the present situation forward buying has reached boom proportions in a few of the industries, notably textiles, and a few of the commodity markets.

### New York Federal Reserve Bank Fixes Minimum Fees for Handling Securities of Members' Customers— Imposes Charge Effective Feb. 1 of \$1.50 for Each Transaction and Draft

In a circular dated Jan. 28, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York notified all member banks and non-member clearing banks in the Second (New York) Reserve District that on and after Feb. 1 it would make "a minimum charge of \$1.50 for each transaction involving the receipt, delivery, or handling the exchange or transfer of, securities for or upon the instructions of a member bank if such securities do not belong to such member bank but belong to, or are handled by such member bank for account of a customer." This follows similar action recently taken by the New York Clearing House, referred to bank for account of a customer." This follows similar action recently taken by the New York Clearing House, referred to in our issue of Jan. 9, page 191. The Reserve Bank also made known that effective Feb. 1 it would make a minimum charge of \$1.50 for each draft with securities attached received at its head office or Buffalo branch from a member (or non-member dearing) bank if the generation has been leaded. the bank for the account of a customer.

The circular of the New York Reserve Bank, which was made public on Jan. 29, follows:

### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

Circular No. 1729, January 28, 1937 Amending Circular No. 856, dated July 2, 1928 Charge for Handling Certain Securities

Charge for Handling Certain Securities

To Member Banks and Non-member Clearing Banks
in the Second Federal Reserve District:
We have been informed that regulations have been adopted by the New
York Clearing House Committee to the effect that on and after Feb. 1, 1937,
no member of the New York Clearing House Association (or other institution
to which the regulations apply) shall receive or deliver for a domestic bank,
trust company, or other enumerated institution or dealers or brokers, as
defined in such regulations, any security without making a charge for receiving and delivering the same in accordance with a schedule of minimum
charges, except as specifically permitted. The adoption of these regulations
by the Clearing House Committee has necessitated a review of our practice
with respect to the handling of securities.

On and after Feb. 1, 1937, this Bank will make a minimum charge of \$1.50
for each transaction involving the receipt, delivery, or handling the exchange
or transfer of, securities for or upon the instructions of a member bank if such
securities do not belong to such member bank but belong to, or are handled

securities do not belong to such member bank but belong to, or are handled by such member bank for account of, a customer.

In order that our practice with respect to handling drafts with securities

In order that our practice with respect to handling drafts with securities attached may be consistent with our revised practice with respect to handling securities as hereinabove described, we will, on and after Feb. 1, 1937, make a minimum charge of \$1.50 for each draft with securities attached received by us at our head office or at our Buffalo Branch from a member (or non-member clearing) bank if such securities do not belong to such bank but belong to or are handled by the bank for account of a customer; and our Circular No. 856, dated July 2, 1928, entitled "Collection of Maturing Notes and Bills, or Other Noncash Items" (and particularly Section 3 of such circular, entitled "Collection Charges") is hereby modified and amended accordingly.

cular, entitled "Collection Charges") is hereby mounted and embedded cordingly.

Our practice with respect to safekeeping, receiving, delivering, and otherwise handling securities owned by member banks is not affected by this circular, and no charge for such transactions will be made by us except for out-of-pocket expenses. It is requested that member banks indicate in their letters or advices transmitting securities to us whether such securities are owned by such member banks or by their customers. Member banks are also reminded that it is our policy not to accept for safekeeping for member banks any securities except those which are owned by such member banks.

GEORGE L. HARRISON, President.

GEORGE L. HARRISON. President.

Annual Statement of New York Federal Reserve Bank
—\$3,699,000 Net Earned During 1936, Against
\$4,336,000 in 1935—Expenses Lower During Past

Year

Net earnings of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, after all additions and deductions, amounted to \$3,699,000, which compares with net earnings for 1935 of \$4,336,000, it is shown in the Bank's annual statement, issued Jan. 29 by George L. Harrison, President. Current net earnings of the Bank during the past year amounted to \$3,096,000, as against \$5,195,000 in 1935; net expenses during 1936 are shown as \$7,441,000, whereas in 1935 they totaled \$7,936,000. Total additions to current net earnings during 1936 (profit on Sales of government and other securities) were \$2,891,000, against \$2,760,000 in 1935, while deductions from current net earnings totaled \$2,288,000, in comparison with \$3,619,000 the preceding year.

against \$2,760,000 in 1935, while deductions from current net earnings totaled \$2,288,000, in comparison with \$3,619,-000 the preceding year.

From the net earnings for 1936 the Bank paid dividends to members of \$3,037,000, paid \$14,000 to the United States Treasurer under Section 13-B of the Federal Reserve Act, and transferred \$648,000 to surplus under Section 7 of the Act. A year ago the Bank paid dividends of \$3,411,000, paid \$64,000 to the United States Treasurer, and transferred \$861,000 to surplus.

During 1936 total assets of the New York Reserve Bank increased to \$4,449,759,000 Dec. 31 from \$4,342,062,000 Dec. 31, 1935. Reserves increased during the year to \$3,505,237,000 from \$3,377,145,000, while holdings of United States Government securities dropped to \$645,243,-000 from \$741,883,000 at the close of 1935. Total deposits at the latest date amounted to \$3,183,684,000, which compares with deposits on Dec. 31, 1935 of \$3,254,054,000.

The following is the profit and loss account of the Bank for 1936 in comparison with 1935, as contained in the annual statement issued Jan. 29:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE CALENDAR YEARS 1936 AND 1935

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE CALENDAR YEARS 1936 AND 1935

	1936	* 1935
Earnings Net expenses	\$10,537 7,441	\$13,131 7,936
Current net earnings	\$3,096	\$5,195
Additions to current net earnings:  Profit on sales of government securities	\$2,889 2	\$2,678 82
Total additions	\$2,891	\$2,760
Deductions from current net earnings: Reserve for contingencles. Special reserves and charge-offs on bank premises. Prior service contributions to retirement system. Assessment for building for Board of Governors. All other.	\$413 505 638 729 3	\$1,349 1,079 632 369 190
Total deductions	\$2,288	\$3,619
Net earnings	\$3,699	\$4,336
Paid United States Treasurer (Section 13-B)Dividends paid	\$14 3,037 648	\$64 3,411 861

<sup>\* 1935</sup> figures have been revised to conform with 1936 report.

Effective Date of Definition of Interest Deferred Until May 1 by Board of Governors of Federal Reserve
System—Action Taken at Request of Senator
Wagner and Representative Steagall—Amendments to Law Being Considered

ments to Law Being Considered

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System announced on Jan. 30 the postponement from Feb. 1 to May 1, 1937, of the effective date of the clause in its amended Regulation Q defining interest on deposits. The Board has announced on Dec. 21, as noted in our issue of Dec. 26, page 4079, that the clause would become effective on Feb. 1. In postponing the effective date to May 1, the Board explained that the action was taken at the request of Senator Robert F. Wagner, of New York, Chairman of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, and Representative Henry B. Steagall, of Alabama, Chairman of the House Banking and Currency Committee. The Board said that the extension was also warranted by the fact that "a number of members of Congress are giving consideration to the question of the advisability of amending the law under which the Board's regulation was issued."

The following is the Board's announcement:
Chairman Steagall, of the House Banking and Currency Committee, and

The following is the Board's announcement:

Chairman Steagall, of the House Banking and Currency Committee, and Chairman Wagner, of the Senate Banking Currency Committee, have requested the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to postpone the effective date of the definition of interest contained in subsection (f) of section 1 of the Board's Regulation Q, which the Board on Dec. 21, 1936, announced would become effective on Feb. 1, 1937.

The Board, after careful consideration, had reached the conclusion that the law and the existence of certain banking practices required the adoption of this definition but the Board feels that the request which these two Chairman have now made should be granted in view of the fact that the Board has been informed that a number of Members of Congress are giving consideration to the question of the advisability of amending the law under which the Board's regulation was issued, and desire additional time for that purpose. The Board, therefore, has postponed from Feb. 1 to May 1, 1937, the effective date of subsection (f) of section 1 of Regulation Q, which contains the definition of interest.

In commenting on the Board's announcement, Washing-

In commenting on the Board's announcement, Washington advices, Jan. 30, to the New York "Hearld-Tribune" of Jan. 31, said:

While the official announcement of the Board made no mention of the background of the requests from the heads of the two Congressional committees, it was reported that their action came because of protests, particularly from interior banks, that the result of the Board's regulation was to give State non-member banks a competitive advantage over member

Board Defines Interest

Board Defines Interest

In its definition of interest, the Board, as part of the prohibition against paying interest on demand deposits, defined interest to include absorption of exchange and check-collection charges. In other words, the Board, according to legal interpretation, prohibited the banks from paying "out of pocket" expenses in connection with demand deposits.

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, having a control over non-member State banks, however, according to the FDIC lawyers did not have the power to define interest, with the result that, under FDIC regulation, State non-member banks could apparently absorb, for example, charges on the collection of checks.

According to the protesting bankers that "leeway" would give non-member State banks a competitive advantage over nember banks in attracting the names of depositors. Proposals have been received in Congress either to give the FDIC power to define interest in conformance with the definition of the Federal Reserve Board or to limit the power of the board in connection with its existing definition.

Total Earnings of St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank in 1936 Reported at \$1,863,000—Net Earnings of \$410,000 Compare with \$200,000 in Preceding Year

William McC. Martin, President of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, announced under date of Jan. 9 that preliminary figures indicate that current earnings of the Bank during 1936 amounted to \$1,863,000, of which \$1,804,000 were on United States Government securities and the remainder, \$59,000, on discounted and purchased bills, industrial advances and miscellaneous items. Operating industrial advances and miscellaneous items. Operating expenses of the bank during 1936, after deducting reimexpenses of the bank during 1300, after deducting remisers received for certain Fiscal Agency and other expenses, amounted to \$1,312,000. Cost of Federal Reserve currency amounted to \$91,000 and assessments for expenses of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System were \$50,000. The addition of assessments for current expenses of the federal Reserve System were \$50,000. were \$50,000. The addition of assessments for current expenses of the Board of Governors and the cost of Federal Reserve currency to net operating expenses gives a total net expense of \$1,453,000, a decrease of \$153,000 as compared with the year 1935. The announcement by Mr. Martin continued:

Current earnings of \$1,863,000 less total expenses of \$1,453,000 leaves current net earnings from normal operations for the year of \$410,000 as compared with \$200,000 in 1935. Additions to current net earnings during the year amounted to \$321,000, of which \$308,000 came from profits on sales of United States government securities and \$13,000 from miscellaneous items. Deductions from current net earnings include an assessment of \$60,000 to apply on the cost of the building for the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, authorized by the Act of June 19, 1934, which is scheduled to be completed and occupied by the Board of Governors during 1937; \$145,000 for prior service contributions to the Retirement System of the Federal Reserve banks which will be completed, under the present schedule, by the end of 1939; and \$4,000 for other miscellaneous purposes.

Making these additions to and deductions from current net earnings leaves a balance for the year of \$522,000 available for special reserves, charge-offs, dividends and surplus. This amount was distributed as follows: Dividends to member banks, \$226,000; reserve for contingencies,

Increase of 33 1-3% in Reserve Requirements of Member
Banks of Federal Reserve System Announced by
Board of Governors—Designed to Eliminate as
Basis of Possible Credit Expansion Excess Reserves
Estimated at \$1,500,000,000—Action Follows Meeting of Governors with Presidents of Reserve Banks
and Meeting of Open Market Committee

Following the increase of 50% in reserve requirements of member banks of the Federal Reserve System in August last, member banks of the Federal Reserve System in August last, the Board of Governors of the Reserve System announced on Jan. 30 a further increase of 33 1-3%; one-half of the latest increase is to become effective on March 1, and the other half on May 1—this procedure being adopted "for the purpose of affording member banks," said the announcement of the Governors, "ample time for orderly adjustment to the changed requirements." "This action," the announcement also states, "completes the use of the Board's power . . . to raise reserve requirements to not more than twice the amount prescribed for member banks." The Board describes its present action as eliminating "as a basis of possible credit expansion an estimated \$1,500,000,000 Board describes its present action as eliminating "as a basis of possible credit expansion an estimated \$1,500,000,000 of excess reserves which are superfluous for the present or prospective needs of commerce, industry and agriculture." It is estimated by the Board that "after the full increase has gone into effect, member banks will have excess reserves of approximately \$500,000,000,"—a sum sufficient "to maintain easy money conditions." Reserve requirements for member banks are increased as follows under the Board" latest action: latest action:

On demand deposits, at banks in central reserve cities, from 1914 to

26%:. At banks in reserve cities, from 15 to 20%. At "country" banks, from 10% to 14%. On time deposits, at all banks, from 4% to 6%. In announcing its present action the Board repeats what it said at the time of the 50% increase—viz: that it "will operate to prevent an injurious credit expansion and at the same time give assurance for continued progress toward full recovery." Last week, on Jan. 25, the Governors of the Reserve System met in Washington with the Presidents of

the Federal Reserve banks, and on Jan. 26 there was a meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee of the Reserve System, headed by Marriner S. Eccles as Chairman. A survey of financial and economic conditions throughout the United States was entered upon at the Jan. 25 meeting, said advices from its Washington bureau to the New York "Journal of Commerce" which added in part:

The nature of the discussion was not revealed by the Board, although it was said that everything in the credit picture was touched upon—from excess reserves to interest rates. Earlier today the Presidents mey by themselves and it is said that this session was devoted largely to matters

themselves and it is said that this session was devoted largely to matters affecting administration of the banks.

There has been much talk of the effect on member bank reserves of additions to the gold supply, and it is thought probable that the bankers today reviewed the action of the Treasury in sterling newly acquired gold as a means of relieving the situation. The question of excess reserves is said to be outstanding in all discussions among bankers.

According to the same paper, the Open Market Committee devoted the entire day, Jan. 26, to a discussion of the excess reserves situation, and adjourned their session without making any recommendations. The Washington advices the same day to the New York "Times" said in part:

While there was no official statement after the meeting, it was the opinion of experts that the Board would act in the next six weeks to curb the gradually increasing excess reserves of the member banks of the Federal Reserve System which are now at a level of about \$2,130,000,000.

The Open Market Committee was agreed that the Nation's credit base was expanding at a too rapid rate. Some officials that excess reserves of a billion dollars would be adequate to meet any reasonable expansion of business and speculative activity that might be expected within the next year.

Most experts regarded it as likely that the Board would decide to increase the reserve requirements rather than make a wholesale disposal of Government securities. This thought came from statements of Secretary Morgenthau that the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board were in accord on the credit and monetary program.

The announcement of the Board of Governors on Jan. 30 follows:

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System today increased The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System today increased reserve requirements for member banks by 33 1-3%, as follows: On demand deposits, at banks in central reserve cities from 19½ to 26%; at banks in reserve cities, from 15 to 20%, and at "country" banks, from 10½ to 14%; on time deposits, at all banks, from 4½ to 6%. For the purpose of affording member banks ample time for orderly adjustment to the changed requirements, one-half of the increase will become effective as of the opening of business on March 1, 1937, and the remaining half will become effective as of the opening of business on May 1.

The following table shows what the reserve requirements are at present.

The following table shows what the reserve requirements are at present, what they will be from March 1 through April 30, and what they will be commencing May 1:

RESERVE REQUIREMENTS (PER CENT OF DEPOSITS)

	Den	nand Depo	sits	T	Time Deposits			
Class of Bank	Present	Mar. 1	May 1	Present	Mar. 1	May 1		
	Require-	Through	and	Require-	Through	and		
	ments	Apr. 30	After	ments	Apr. 30	After		
Central reserve city	19½	22¾	26	4 1/4	5¼	6		
Reserve city	15	17½	20	4 1/4	5¼	6		
"Country"	10½	12¼	14	4 1/4	5¼	6		

a small number of member banks have more than sufficient excess reserves and surplus balances with other banks to meet a 33 1-3% increase in reserve requirements. As of Jan. 13, the Board's survey indicates that only 197 of the 6,367 member banks lacked sufficient funds to meet such an increase or one 0,307 memoer names lacked sufficient funds to meet such an increase in reserve requirements by utilizing their present excess balances with the reserve banks and not more than one-half of their balances with correspondent banks. On this basis these 197 banks, in order to meet the full requirements, would have needed an additional \$123,000,000, of which \$11,000,000 would have been needed by banks in central reserve cities, \$11,000,000 by banks in other reserve cities and only \$2,300,000 by country banks

banks.

Another reason for action at this time is that, as stated by the Board last July, "it is far better to sterilize a part of these superfluous reserves while they are still unused than to permit a credit structure to be erected upon them and then to withdraw the foundation of the structure."

The available methods of absorbing excess reserves have been under consideration. It has been decided that under present circumstances changes in reserve requirements should precede reduction in reserves through open-

in reserve requirements should precede reduction in reserves through open-market operations, because changes in requirements affect all banks, regardless of their reserve position, and consequently should be made while reserves are widely distributed.

This action increases reserves requirements to the full extent authorized by law. It is not the present intention of the Board to request from Congress additional authority to absorb excess reserves by means of raising reserve requirements.

It is the Board's expectation that, with approximately \$500,000,000 of excess reserves remaining with the banks, credit conditions will continue to be easy. At the same time the Reserve System will be in a position to take promptly such action as may be desirable to ease or tighten credit conditions through open market and rate policy.

In announcing the previous increase in reserve requirements, the Board said.

said:

"The prevailing level of long-time interest rates, which has been an important factor in the revival of the capital market, has been due principally to the large accumulations of idle funds in the hands of individual and institutional investors. The supply of investment funds is in excess of the demand. The increase in reserve requirements of member banks will not dominish the volume of deposits held by these banks for their customers and will, therefore, not diminish the volume of funds available for investment. The maintenance of an adequate supply of funds at favorable rates for capital purposes, including mortgages, is an important factor in bringing about and sustaining a lasting recovery."

The same considerations apply with equal force at the present time. The Board's action does not reduce the large volume of existing funds available for investment by depositors, and should not, therefore, occasion an advance in long-term interest rates or a restrictive policy on the part of institutional and other investors in meeting the needs for sound business, industrial and agricultural credit.

industrial and agricultural credit.

In view of all these considerations, the Board believes that the action taken at this time will operate to prevent an injurious credit expansion and at the same time give assurance for continued progress toward full recovery.

Along with the above announcement the Board of Governors issued the following Supplement to Regulation D, governing reserves required to be maintained by member banks with Federal Reserve banks:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act and Section 2(a) of its Regulation D, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System increases by 33 1-3% the reserve requirements established by the supplement to Regulation D made effective at the close of business on Aug. 15, 1936: Provided, however, That one half of such increase shall be effective as to each member bank at the opening of business on March 1, 1937, and the remaining one-half of such increase shall be effective as to each member bank at the opening of business on May 1, 1937.\*

Among those commenting on the action of the Board of Governors this week is Dr. Benjamin M. Anderson Jr., Economist of the Chase National Bank of New York, who was quoted as follows in the "Times" of Jan. 31:

Dr. Anderson, who has advocated an increase, said it accomplished three things:

"It uses a resource of credit control which probably could not be used if a real boom had already started and a good many banks had allowed themselves to be short of reserves," he said. "The method had to be used now, if it were ever to be used.

"It reduces excess reserves to a point where the problem becomes easily

manageable by the old measure of rediscount changes and open market

reserves.

"Reserve requirements had been placed too low under the Federal Reserve Act and the war-time amendments, and this made it possible for both bank expansion and bank contraction to move too violently with changes in reserves.

"The reserve requirements now are about where they ought to be, though we may still have to reconsider the matter of the reserve requirements on time deposits."

The 50% increase in reserve requirements last summer, was announced on July 14, effective Aug. 15; reference thereto appeared in our July 18 issue, page 356.

### Stock of Money in the Country

The Treasury Department at Washington has issued the customary monthly statement showing the stock of money in the country and the amount in circulation after deducting the moneys held in the United States Treasury and by Federal Reserve banks and agents. The figures this time are for Dec. 31, 1936, and show that the money in circuare for Dec. 31, 1936, and snow that the money in circulation at that date (including, of course, what is held in bank vaults of member banks of the Federal Reserve System) was \$6,542,752,261, as against \$6,465,632,968 on Nov. 30, 1936, and \$5,881,525,846 on Dec. 31, 1935, and comparing with \$5,698,214,612 on Oct. 31, 1920. Just before the outbreak of the World War, that is, on June 30, 1914, the total was only \$3,459,434,174. The following is the full statement:

<sup>\*</sup> Effective at the opening of business on March 1, 1937, the requirements as to reserves to be maintained by each member bank will be 75% above the requirements prescribed by Section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act and, effective at the opening of business on May 1, 1937, the requirements as to reserves to be maintained by each member bank will be 100% above the requirements prescribed by Section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act.

			MONEY HE	MONEY HELD IN THE TREASURY	TREASURY		MONEY OUTSIDE	1000	OF THE TREASURY		Dames Total Com
			Amt. Held as Reserve Against	Reserve Against	Held for	4.0	_	Held by	In Circulation h		optimenta
MONEY	TOTAL AMOUNT	Total	Security Ag'nst Gold and Silver Certificates (& Treasury Notes of 1890)	United States Notes (and Treasury Notes of 1890)	Rederal Reserve Banks and Agents	All Other Money	Total	Reserve Banks and Agents 8	Amount	Per Capita (	Continental United States (Estimated)
Cold	\$ 11 957 695 539	\$ 11 257 625 532	\$ 959 498 273	\$ 156.039.431	••	\$ d2 142,087,828	60	69	69	•	•
Gold certificates	b(8,959,498,273)	b(6,049,166,944) 505,732,001	459 378 400		bc(6,049,166,944)	46,353,601	2,910,331,329 41,348,163	2,815,457,000 3,639,019	94,874,329 37,709,144	0.74	
Silver bullion	775,895,691	775,895,691	775,895,691							!	1
Silver certificates	b(1,234,099,619)	1				1	1,234,099,619	176,839,405	1,057,260,214	8.20	
Subsidiary silver	356,136,366	5,722,966				5,722,966	350,413,400	13,318,324	337,095,076	2.62	-
Minor coin	147,280,710	2,018,004				2,018,004	145,262,706	3,107,651	142,155,055	1.10	
United States notes.	346,681,016	3,470,525				3,470,525	343,210,491	207 962 205	4 929 885 470	29.84	
Fed. Reserve notes.	4,638,197,865	940 228				940.228	44,045,355	433,500	43,611,855	.34	
National bank notes	313,738,265	1,768,299				1,768,299	311,969,966	4,691,022	307,278,944	2.38	
Tot. Dec. 31, 1936	18,427,621,192	12,571,222,336 10,194,772,364	10,194,772,364	156,039,431	b(6,049,166,944) e2,220,410,541 110,002,004276	e2,220,410,541	f10,002,004276	3,459,252,015	6,542,752,261	50.76	128,885,000
Comparative totals:	18,183,780,209	12,483,275,016 10,118,771,041	10,118,771,041	156,039,431	5,994,781,343	2,208,464,544	9,824,494,891	3,358,861,923		50.20 *128,809,000	28,809
Dec. 31, 1935	16,648,062,387	11,242,420,648	8,676,657,073	156,039,431 152,979,026	7,555,315,930	2,409,724,144	6,526,982,882	1,063,216,060	5,881,525,846 5,698,214,612	*45.96 *127,977,000 53.21 107,096,005	*127,977,000
Mar. 31, 1917	5,396,596,677	2,952,020,313	2,681,691,072	152,979,026		117,350,216	5,126,267,436	1,522	4,172,945,914	40.23	103,716,000
	3,797,825,099	1,845,569,804	1,507,178,879	150,000,000		188,390,925	3,459,434,174	-	3,459,434,174	34.93	99,027,000

- · Revised figures.
- a Does not include gold other than that held by the Treasury.
- b These amounts are not included in the total, since the gold or silver held as security against gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 is included under gold, standard silver dollars, and silver bullion, respectively.
- c This total includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in cold certificates in (1) the Gold Certificate Fund-Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System, in the amount of \$6,036,425,938, and (2) the redemption fund for Federal Reserve notes in the amount of \$12,741,006.
- d Includes \$1,800,000,000 Exchange Stabilization Fund; \$26,528,697 inactive old; and \$141,014,255 balance of increment resulting from reduction in weight of the gold dollar.
- e Includes \$60,800,000 lawful money deposited as a reserve for Postal Savings
- The amount of gold and silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 should be educted from this amount before combining with total money held in the Treasury parrive at the total amount of money in the United States.

  g Includes money held by the Cuban agency of the Federal Reserve Bank of the states.
- h The money in circulation includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States.

tinental limits of the United States.

Note—There is maintained in the Treasury—(1) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890—an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on receipt); (iii) as security for outstanding gilver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve Bank. Federal Reserve wotes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as leighble under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or, until March 3, 1937, of direct obligations of the United States if so authorized by a majority vote of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Federal Reserve to the United States maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 40%, including the redemption fund which must be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, against Federal Reserve bank notes and National bank notes are in process of retirement.

## \$191,855,000 Bid to Offering of \$50,000,000 of 273-Day Treasury Bills Dated Feb. 3—\$50,385,000 Accepted at Average Rate of About 0.401%

Tenders totaling \$191,855,000 were received to the offering of \$50,000,000, or thereabouts, of 273-day Treasury bills, dated Feb. 3 and maturing Nov. 3, 1937, it was announced on Feb. 1 by Acting Secretary of the Treasury Taylor. Of this amount, Mr. Taylor said, \$50,385,000 was accepted. The tenders to the offering, which were invited on Jan. 25, were received at the Federal Reserve banks and the branches thereof up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, Feb. 1. Previous reference to the offering was made in our issue of Jan. 30, page 701.

30, page 701.

Details of the bids to the offering were announced by Acting Secretary Taylor as follows:

The accepted bids ranged in price from 99.760, equivalent to a rate of about 0.316% per annum, to 99.694, equivalent to a rate of about 0.404% per annum, on a bank discount basis. Only part of the amount bid for at the latter price was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills to be issued is 99.696 and the average rate is about 0.401% per annum on a bank

The average rate of 0.401% is the highest at which an issue of Treasury bills has been sold since March, 1934. Recent offerings have sold at rates of 0.361% (bills dated Jan. 27), 0.345% (bills dated Jan. 20), and 0.333% (bills dated Jan. 13)

New Offering of \$50,000,000, or Thereabouts of 273-Day
Treasury Bills—To Be Dated Feb. 10, 1937
A new offering of 273-day Treasury bills to the amount of
\$50,000,000, or thereabouts, was announced on Feb. 4 by
Acting Secretary of the Treasury Taylor. The bills, to be
sold on a discount basis to the highest bidders, will be dated
Feb. 10, 1937, and will mature on Nov. 10, 1937, and on the
maturity date the face amount will be payable without interest. There is a maturity of similar securities on Feb. 10 in
amount of \$50,111,000.

amount of \$50,111,000.

Tenders to the offering announced this week will be received at the Federal Reserve banks, or the branches thereof, up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, Monday, Feb. 8. Tenders will not be received at the Treasury Department, Washington. In his announcement of Feb. 4 Mr. Taylor

They (the bills) will be issued in bearer form only, and in amounts or denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 (ma-

nominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000 and \$1,000,000 (maturity value).

No tender for an amount less than \$1,000 will be considered. Each tender must be in multiples of \$1,000. The price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimal places e. g., 99.125. Fractions must not be used.

Tenders will be accepted without cash deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by a deposit of 100 of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are 10% of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated bank or

Immediately after the closing hour for receipt of tenders on Feb. 8, 1937, all tenders received at the Federal Reserve banks or branches thereof up to the closing hour will be opened and public announcement of the acceptable prices will follow as soon as possible thereafter, probably on the following morning. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders, and to allot less than the amount applied for, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. Payment at the price offered for Treasury bills allotted must be made at the Federal Reserve banks in cash or other immediately available funds on Feb. 10, 1937.

Federal Reserve banks in cash or other immediately available funds on Feb. 10, 1937.

The Treasury bills will be exempt, as to principal and interest, and any gain from the sale or other disposition thereof will also be exempt, from all taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes. (Attention is invited to Treasury Decision 4550, ruling that Treasury bills are not exempt from the gift tax.) No loss from the sale or other disposition of the Treasury bills shall be allowed as a deduction, or otherwise recognized, for the purposes of any tax now or hereafter imposed by the United States or any of its possessions.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418, as amended, and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of their

### President Roosevelt Proclaims Emergency in Flood Disaster—Permits Free Entry of Donations from Foreign Countries

An emergency in the present flood crisis was proclaimed on Feb. 1 by President Roosevelt to permit the importation, duty free, of food, clothing, and medical, surgical and other supplies from foreign countries for use in relief work. The President acted under authority of the Tariff Act of 1930. The emergency will continue until proclaimed ended by the President President.

Following is the President's proclamation, made public on Feb. 2:

EMERGENCY DUE TO FLOOD CONDITIONS—FREE IMPORTA-TION OF FOOD, CLOTHING, AND MEDICAL, SURGICAL AND OTHER SUPPLIES FOR USE IN EMERGENCY WORK

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA A Proclamation

Whereas There have recently occurred and are occuring disastrous floods in various localities in the valleys of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and tributaries thereof, resulting in great loss of life and property and causing much sickness, suffering, and privation among the residents of the string localities, making it necessary for charitable, philanthropic, relief, and other organizations to extend aid on a large scale to the flood sufferers;

And Whereas Section 318 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (46 Stat. 696)

provides:

Whenever the President shall by proclamation declare an emergency to exist by reason of a state of war, or otherwie, he may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend during the continuance of such emergency the time herein prescribed for the performance of any act, and may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, the importation free of duty of food clothing, and medical, surgical, and other supplies for use in Jemergency relief work.

of food clothing, and medical, surgical, and other supplies for use in [emergency relief work.

Now, Therefore, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the foregoing provisions of section 318 of the Tariff Act of 1930, do by this proclamation declare an emergency to exist, and I do hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit, during the continuance of such emergency (the termination of which will be determined by the President and delcared by his Proclamation), within such limits and subject to such conditions as he may deem necessary to meet the emergency, the importation free of duty of such food, clothing, and medical, surgical, and other supplies as he may designate and under such regulations as he may prescribe, when imported for use in such emergency relief work.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this first day of February in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-first.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

By the President:
Cordell Hull, Secretary of State.

# President Roosevelt Thanks Nation for Aid in Fight Against Infantile Paralysis—Calls Birthday Balls "Finest Present You Could Give"—Also Expresses Gratitude for Contributions to Flood Sufferers

On the occasion of his fifty-fifth birthday—Jan. 30—President Roosevelt broadcast his thanks to the several million of persons attending the fourth annual birthday balls held Jan. 30 throughout the nation, the proceeds from which are used in the fight against infantile paralysis. At the same time the President also expressed his gratitude to the nation for its "splendid" response to the call of the Red Cross for funds to aid flood sufferers in the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys.

President Roosevelt, himself a victim of infantile paralysis in 1920, in expressing his thanks for the "finest birthsia" resent which you could possibly give me " said that

sis in 1920, in expressing his thanks for the "finest birth-day present which you could possibly give me," said that the fight against the disease "will not cease until some day the disease itself is brought under control and proper aid has been rendered to all." The birthday balls have aided greatly in the fight, having provided funds for the expansion of the Warm Springs, Ga., Foundation, of which the President is head, for national coordination of the cases and research cases and research.

The President celebrated his birthday at an informal dinner party in the White House, attended by a group of men who accompanied him during his campaign in 1920 for the Vice-Presidency. The dinner was followed by storytelling before the fire place after which the President broadcast his message, beginning at 11:24 p. m. The text of the

cast his message, beginning at 11:24 p. m. The text of the President's address follows:

You are participating in the finest birthday present which you could possibly give me; and at the same time, you are participating in birthday presents to many thousands of children in every part of the country.

Because devoted volunteers, who have worked for the success of the parties tonight, are numbered by the tens of thousands, I cannot, I regret, nake personal acknowledgment to each and every one of my appreciation of their unselfish services. I take this occasion, therefore, to thank you all and, in addition, to thank the many other thousands who have written me and telegraphed me.

I cannot express this word of heartfelt appreciation without acknowledging with pride and with satisfaction the splendid response the Nation has made in answering the call of suffering which comes to us from the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys. Truly, "one touch of nature makes the whole world kin."

The preliminary response to the Red Cross appeal has been generous and

whole world kin."

The preliminary response to the Red Cross appeal has been generous and I know that every dollar necessary to help the flood sufferers will be forthcoming from the rest of the Nation. The appeal for our friends in the flood areas is one of high emergency. Through national effort on a national scale, we shall hope in the days to come to decrease the probability of future floods and similar disasters. In the meantime, we proposed to meant this emergency.

of future floods and similar disasters. In the meantime, we proposed to meet this emergency.

The problem of infantile paralysis is not in the same sense an immediate emergency. It is with us every one of the three hundred and sixty-five days of the year. It is an insidious and perfidious foe. It lurks in un expected places and its special prey is little children. It may appear in epidemic form, in any community.

May I tell you a little history? As most of you know, the Warm Springs Foundation undertook treatment and investigation of infantile paralysis in a very small way in 1927. The first birthday parties were held three years ago, on January 30, 1934. The proceeds from the parties were used, in part, for necessary equipment at Warm Springs, in part for taking care of patients from every section of the country who could not afford the cost of the treatment and, in part, in studying the whole national problem of infantile paralysis. As this study developed three years ago, we came to the conclusion that the work of the Warm Springs Foundation should concern itself far more with the broad national problem of infantile paralysis than with the work of taking care of only a few hundred children each year at Warm Springs, with its necessarily limited accommodations.

Imited accommodations.

Therefore, with the birthday parties on January 30, 1935, and in 1936 the proceeds from these parties in thousands of communities were devoted and, in 1937, will be devoted not to the work at Warm Springs, but to the broader national problem of infantile paralysis. Seventy per cent of all the money which has been raised has gone and goes to the care of children crippled by infantile paralysis within their own communities. A committee of doctors and of leading citizens determines how best that money shall be spent in each community. With that determination Warm Springs has nothing to do.

The other 30% of the proceeds goes primarily to two objectives. The first is research. Through a special research commission, with the help of a medical advisory committee, outright grants for nearly three hundred

thousand dollars have been made to about fifteen of the leading research laboratories scattered thruogh the country.

Much has been learned, much has been accomplished. While it is too early to say that infantile paralysis, in its epidemic form, can be stopped, we hope that through new methods we can soon arrive at a substantial decrease in the numbers of children who become infected. We believe that we are on the right track

decrease in the numbers of children who become infected. We believe that we are on the right track.

The second function has taken the form of establishing a central office of coordination. Every year there come thousands of letters from every part of the country, from parents of children who have recently been stricken or from parents of children who were attacked and crippled years ago by infantile paralysis.

When the individual case is brought to the attention of this office of coordination, it is carefully checked and sent to an orthopedic surgeon or an orthopedic hospital or to a nursing service or clinic or to a State society for the handicapped. Some kind of help is obtained—perhaps an operation, or a new wheel chair, or a new brace or a new corset. In many cases good advice or a careful medical examination gives helpful results. You will see, therefore, that the Foundation has been putting the care of infantile paralysis and the research into its causes on a national basis for the first time. The expense of research and of the national coordination of these cases entirely absorbs the 30% of the proceeds of these

of these cases entirely absorbs the 30% of the proceeds of these birthday parties

birthday parties.

You are giving tremendous help, not only to the crippled children of your own community, but also to the fight against the continuance of infantile paralysis in the Nation. The work, with your help, is going on. It will not cease until some day the disease itself is brought under control and proper aid has been rendered to all.

I wish that some physical way might be found for me to come in person to each of your parties tonight. I am with you in spirit. I am grateful to you for the splendid work that you are doing, and I thank you from the bottom of my heart.

The main Birthday function in New York City was held at the Waldorf-Astoria, at which Mrs. James Roosevelt, mother of the President, was the guest of honor. The Birthday balls were held in some 5,000 or 6,000 communities throughout the country.

# Six-Year Public Works Program Recommended to Congress by President Roosevelt Based on Report of National Resources Committee—Would Involve Total Expenditures of \$5,011,362,237 of Which \$2,750,000,000 Would be Applied to Flood Control

President Roosevelt, in a special message to Congress on Feb. 3, urged the adoption of a six-year program of coordinated public works, designed to provide for an orderly development of the country's resources and to furnish "needed facilities for our people." The President transmitted a report of the National Committee on Water Resources, suggesting a plan for Eddord public works in the confidence of the National Committee on Water Resources, ted a report of the National Committee on Water Resources, suggesting a plan for Federal public works involving total expenditures of \$5,011,362,237. The proposed expenditure in the first year would be \$1,058,568,650, with successive decreases in following years to \$753,733,438 in the sixth and final year. The report stresses the importance of flood-control projects to prevent such disasters as those in the Ohio and Mississippi River valleys. Of the total expenditures proposed, 24% would go to irrigation, drainage and flood-control projects. Other percentages of proposed expenditures follow: streets and highways, 25%; buildings and equipment, 17%; soil conservation, 8%; slum clearance, sewage, recreational projects, etc., 8%; forestry, game protection and pest control, 6%; grade crossing elimination, 6%, and navigation aids, 6%.

Stating that the President in his message placed before Congress a \$2,750,000,000 plan for bulwarking the nation against such floods as the current disaster United Press accounts Feb. 3 from Washington said:

The program calls for immediate expenditure of \$116,000,000 in the Ohio and Lower Mississippi River areas now stricten by food.

accounts Feb. 3 from Washington said:

The program calls for immediate expenditure of \$116,000,000 in the Ohio and Lower Mississippi River areas now stricken by flood. Most of the money would go for improving dike and levee systems and constructing new reservoirs.

In the Ohio River section, the National Resources Committee recommended the immediate expenditure of \$500,000 for "a continuation and expansion of previous (flood control) surveys by the corps of engineers."

The spending of \$600,000 more at Middlesboro, Ky., to construct levees protecting property from flood ravages also was put before Congress.

In the Lower Mississippi Valley the committee urged the spending of \$100,000,000 in the next two years for constructing flood control projects approved by Congress last year.

The committee outlined \$15,190,000 woth of other centrol projects that should be built along the Mississippi.

Behind that current spending was another recommendation for the al-

Behind that current spending was another recommendation for the allotment of \$85,350,000 for the deferred construction of an Ohio River flood control project featuring fourteen reservoirs already authorized by Congress.

In his message Mr. Roosevelt said that it is now time to "develop a long-range plan and policy for construction—to provide the best use of our resources and to prepare in advance against any other emergency."

The President's message follows:

The President's message follows:

To the Congress of the United States

During the depression we have substantially increased the facilities and developed the resources of our country for the common welfare through public works and work-relief programs. We have been compelled to undertake actual work somewhat hurriedly in the emergency. Now it is time to develop a long-range plan and policy for construction—to provide the best use of our resources and to prepare in advance against any other emergency. In a previous message I have suggested a permanent planning agency under the Chief Executive in order that, among other things, all public-works proposals may filter from the many individual departments and bureaus to a central planning place and thence to the President.

I have also suggested to the Congress that following this course of planning the President will annually submit to the Congress a list of projects which have been studied and approved, and, at the same time, inform the Congress, through the budget, of the total amount of Federal funds which in his judgment should be appropriated for public works during the following fiscal year.

The list of public works submitted by the President in the budget message would, of course, be wholly advisory, for it is within the discretion of the Congress to eliminate projects from this list, to alter the scope of projects

or to add other projects.

ort of the National Resources Committee on public works planning The report of the National Resources Committee on public works planning which I submit today should, of course, be read in conjunction with the recommendations for highways, bridges, dams, flood control, and so forth, already under construction, estimates for which have been submitted in the budget, and also should be read in conjunction with other special reports, such as the report of the Great Plains Committee, which I expect to submit to Congress in a few days.

The National Resources Committee submits a six-year program, based or selection and priority of public works. The period of six years is an

The National Resources Committee submits a six-year program, based on selection and priority of public works. The period of six years is arbitrarily chosen, and can, of course, be made to fit into annual future appropriations made by the Congress.

The report also contains recommendations on the timing of public works and division of costs in their relation to necessary organization of tuture continued planning. I have already referred to this in my message relating to the reorganization of the executive branch of the government.

As an example of the kind of reservoir of projects constituting the six-year program, a drainage-basin study is included in the report. This summary list of projects involving the uses of water is not to be regarded as fixed or final, as the report itself notes, but rather indicates a great forward step in the development of the planning process, considering not one project alone but the relationships between a great group of projects dealing with water use and control. dealing with water use and control

dealing with water use and control.

Through the formulation and annual revision of a program of all types of construction, revision and adoption of the program by Congress and appropriations under regular budgetary procedure, timed in part in relation to economic needs, we can provide for the orderly development of our resources and the provision of needed facilities for our people.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House, Feb. 3, 1937.

The National Resources Committee summarized in part as follows the report which the President submitted:

Basing its recommendations on the experience of the Army Engineers with river and harbor projects, the Public Works Administration and the Federal Employment Stabilization Office, the National Resources Committee recommends:

mittee recommends:

(a) Formulation and annual revision of a six-year program of Federal construction;

(b) Revision and adoption of this list of approved projects by the Congress;

(c) A lump sum annual appropriation under regular budget procedures for expenditure on these approved projects;

(d) An allocation of these funds to appropriate construction agencies by a permanent public works or development agency.

a permanent public works or development agency.

To effectuate this policy the Committee recommends the creation of a permanent public works organization based on the existing powers of the PWA and the FESO. The functions of this proposed permanent public works or national development organization, as outlined by the Committee, would include preparation and annual revision of six-year public works programs, negotiation for division of costs between Federal, State and local governments and the allotment of funds to Federal and non-Federal agencies.

and local governments and the allotment of funds to Federal and non-Federal agencies.

The Committee also urges a permanent advisory national resources board and a fiscal advisory committee to advise as to the manner in which public funds shall be provided to meet the public works expenses needed during any given period. The Committee holds that advance programming of public works will result in the development of consistent six-year programs which, with annual revision, will provide a reservoir of selected projects which can be utilized in periods of economic depression.

Six-year programs for State and municipal public works are also recommended by the Committee.

### President Roosevelt Signs Bill Authorizing \$50,000,000 for Feed and Seed Loans to Farmers—Text of Measure

President Roosevelt on Jan. 29 signed the bill passed by Congress last week authorizing the Farm Credit Administration to make feed and seed loans to farmers during 1937 in an amount up to \$50,000,000. The loans, to bear interest at the rate of 4% per annum, are limited to \$400 to an one borrower, except in extraordinary cases where larger loans are justified. Passing of the bill by Congress was referred to in our issue of Jan. 30, page 703.

The following is the text of the bill as signed by the President on Jan. 29:

[Public-No. 3-75th Congress] [Chapter 7-1st Session] [H. R. 1545] AN ACT

AN ACT
To provide for loans to farmers for crop production and harvesting during the year 1937, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, hereinafter in this Act referred to as the Governor, is hereby authorized to make loans to farmers in the United States (including Hawaii and Puerto Rico), for fallowing, for planting, for cultivation, for production of crops, for harvesting of crops, for supplies incident and necessary to such production or harvesting, and for feed for livestock, or for any of such purposes. Such loans shall be made and collected through such agencies, upon such terms and conditions, and subject to such regulations, as the Governor may prescribe.

cies, upon such terms and conditions, and subject to such regulations, as the Governor may prescribe.

Sec. 2. (a) No loan shall be made under this Act to any applicant who shall not have first established to the satisfaction of the proper officer or employee of the FCA, under such regulations as the Governor may prescribe, that such applicant is unable to procure from other sources a loan in an amount reasonably adequate to meet his needs for the purposes for which loans may be made under this Act; and preference shall be given to the applications of farmers whose cash requirements are small.

(b) There shall be required as security for any such loan a first lien, or an agreement to give a first lien, upon all crops of which the production or harvesting, or both, is to be financed, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of such loan; or, in case of any loan, for the purchase or production of feed for livestock, a first lien upon the livestock to be fed.

(c) No loan made under the provisions of this Act to any borrower shall exceed \$400, nor shall a loan be so made in any calendar year which, together with the unpaid principal of prior loans so made to such borrower in that year, shall exceed \$400 in amount: Provided, however, That in any are certified by the President of the United States to the Governor as a distressed emergency area, the Governor may make loans without regard to the fore-

emergency area, the Governor may make loans without regard to the fore-going limitations as to amount, under such regulations, with such maturities, and in such amounts as he may prescribe.

(d) Each loan shall bear interest at the rate of 4% per annum. Sec. 3. The proceeds of each loan made by the Governor under the provisions of this Act shall be impressed with a trust for the purposes for which loans may be made under this Act, and may be used only for the purposes stated in the application therefor, and such trust shall continue, and the proceeds shall be free from garnishment, attachment, or the levy of an search in the application therefor, and such trust shall continue, and the proceeds shall be free from garnishment, attachment, or the levy of an execution, until such proceeds have been used by the borrower for such

Sec. 4. (a) Fees for recording, filing, registration, and examination of records (including certificates) shall not exceed 75 cents per loan, and may be paid from the proceeds of the loan.

(b) No fees for releasing liens given to secure loans made pursuant to this

(b) No fees for releasing liens given to secure loans made pursuant to this Act, nor any other fee not specified herein, shall be paid from the funds herein authorized to be appropriated.

Sec. 5. (a) The Governor shall have power, without regard to the provisions of other laws applicable to the employment and compensation of officers and employees of the United States, to employ and fix the compensation and duties of such agents, officers, and employees as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act; but the compensation of such officers and employees shall correspond, so far as the Governor deems practicable, to the rates established by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

(b) Such agents, officers and employees or any of them, and the agents.

(b) Such agents, officers, and employees, or any of them, and the agents, officers, employees, and facilities of the FCA available for use in connection with loans made under the provisions of this Act or of prior crop production, seed, and feed loan Acts of the same general character, may be used by the

seed, and feed loan Acts of the same general character, may be used by the Governor to perform services for any institution operating under the supervision of the FCA, upon such terms and conditions as the Governor may determine; and such institutions are hereby expressly empowered to enter into agreements with the Governor for such purpose.

(c) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, and for collecting loans made under other Acts of the same general character, including loans made by the Governor with funds appropriated by the Emergency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1935, or the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, the Governor is authorized also to use the facilities and services of any agency or corporation properties under the supervision of propriation Act of 1935, the Governor is authorized also to use the facilities and services of any agency or corporation operating under the supervision of the FCA, and of any officer or employee of any such agency or institution, or of the FCA, and may pay for such services and the use of such facilities from the funds made available for the payment of necessary administrative expenses, and such agencies and institutions are hereby expressly empowered to enter into agreements with the Governor for the accomplishment of such purposes and to perform the services provided for therein.

Sec. 6. (a) Except with the written permission of the Governor or his duly authorized representative, it shall be unlawful for any borrower to wilfully use the proceeds of any loan:

(1) For any purpose other than those specified in the application therefor; or

(2) For the purpose of fallowing, or for the planting, production, or har-sting of any crops on, any land other than that described in his application (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to make any material false repre-

sentation for the purpose of obtaining, or assisting another to obtain, a loan under the provisions of this Act; or willfully to dispose of, or assist in disposing of, except for the account of the Governor, any crops or other property upon which there exists a lien securing a loan made under the provisions of this Act.

of this Act.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to charge or accept a fee for preparing or assisting in the preparation of any papers of an applicant for a loan under the provisions of this Act.

(d) Any person violating any provision of this section of this Act shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

Sec. 7. (a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$50,000,000 for the purpose of enabling the Governor to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(b) Exenditures for printing and binding pressers in carrying out the

(c) Expenditures for printing and binding necessary in carrying out the provisions of this Act may be made without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes. Approved, Jan. 29, 1937.

## President Roosevelt Urges Legislation by Congress to Permit Acceptance by Government of Art Gift of Andrew W. Mellon—In Special Message Calls Collection "One of Finest and Most Valuable"

In a special message to Congress on Feb. 1 President Rosevelt recommended the passage of legislation enabling the acceptance by the United States of Andrew W. Mellon's art collection. Mr. Mellon, former Secretary of the Treasury, tendered his collection, valued at \$19,000,000, to the government in letters exchanged between himself and President Rosesvelt which were made public or Ton 2 Mellon's art of the Congress of the Congr dent Roosevelt, which were made public on Jan. 2. Mr. Mellon also offered to construct a building in Washington, at a cost of approximately \$8,000,000, to house the collection. Previous reference to the offer was made in our issue of Jan. 16, page 385.

In urging Congress, on Feb. 1, to pass the necessary legislation for the acceptance of Mr. Mellon's "magnificent gift," President Roosevelt said that "the works of art thus offered to the government constitute one of the finest and most valuable collections in existence." He also advised Congress that the Attorney General and the trustees of the Smithsonian Institution are willing to cooperate with Congressional committees in formulating the required legislation.

The President's message follows: To the Congress of the United States:

I commend to the consideration of the Congress the matter of enacting appropriate legislation to effect the acceptance by the United States of the magnificent gift referred to in my recent exchange of letters with Andrew W. Mellon. The conditions under which the gift is tendered are set out in the correspondence, copies of which are transmitted herewith.

The works of art thus offered to the government constitute one of the finest and most valuable collections in existence, containing only objects of the highest standard of quality.

It is with a keen sense of appreciation of the generous purpose of the donor and the satisfaction that comes with the knowledge that such a splendid collection will be placed at the seat of our government for the benefit and enjoyment of our people during all the years to come, that I submit this matter to the Congress.

The Attorney General and the trustees of the Smithsonian Institution have conferred with representatives of the donor and will be glad to discuss the necessary legislation with the appropriate committees.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House, Feb. 1, 1937.

Message of President Roosevelt to Congress Recommending Legislation For Reorganization of Judicial Branch of Government—Power to Increase Membership of Supreme Court to 15 Justices Sought—Additional Judges For Lower Federal Courts Also Proposed

I have recently called the attention of the Congress to the clear need for a comprehensive program to reorganize the administrative machinery of the executive branch of our Government. I now make a similar recommendation to the Congress in regard to the judicial branch of the Government, in order that it also may function in accord with modern necessities.

The Constitution provides that the President "shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration much measurement has been believed.

give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient." No one else is given a similar mandate. It is therefore the duty of the President to advise the Congress in regard to the judiciary whenever he deems such information or recommendation necessary.

I address you for the further reason that the Constitution vests in the Congress direct responsibility in the creation of courts and judicial offices and in the formulation of rules of practice and procedure. It is, therefore, one of the definite duties of the Congress constantly to maintain the effective functioning of the Federal indiciary.

one of the definite duties of the Congress constantly to maintain the effective functioning of the Federal judiciary.

The judiciary has often found itself handicapped by insufficient personnel with which to meet a growing and more complex business. It is true that the physical facilities of conducting the business of the courts have been greatly improved, in recent years, through the erection of suitable quarters, the provision of adequate libraries and the addition of subordinate court officers. But in many ways these are merely the trappings of judicial office. They play a minor part in the processes of justice.

Since the earliest days of the Republic, the problem of the personnel of the courts has needed the attention of the Congress. For example, from the beginning, over repeated protests to President Washington, the Justices of the Supreme Court were required to "ride circuit" and, as circuit justices, to hold trials throughout the length and breadth of the land—a practice which endured over a century.

which endured over a century.

Changes Affecting Supreme Court Since Establishment In 1789

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In almost every decade since 1789, changes have been made by the Congress whereby the numbers of Judges and the duties of judges in Federal courts have been altered in one way or another. The Supreme Court was established with six members in 1789; it was reduced to five inj1801; it was increased to seven in 1807; it was increased to nine in 1837; it was increased to ten in 1863; it was reduced to seven in 1866; it was increased to nine in 1869.

The simple fact is that today a new need for legislative action arises because the personnel of the Federal judiciary is insufficient to meet the business before them. A growing body of our citizens complain of the complexities, the delays, and the expense of litigation in United Svates courts.

A letter from the Attorney-General, which I submit herewith justifies by reasoning and statistics the common impression created by our over-crowded Federal dockets—and it proves the need for additional judges.

Delay in any court results in injustice.

It makes lawsuits a luxury available only to the few who can afford them

It makes lawsuits a luxury available only to the few who can afford them or who have property interests to protect which are sufficiently large to repay the cost. Poorer litigants are compelled to abandon valuable rights or to accept inadequate or unjust settlements because of sheer inability to finance or to await the end of a long litigation. Only by speeding up the processes of the law and thereby reducing their cost can we eradicate the growing impression that the courts are chiefly a haven for the well-to-do. Delays in the determination of appeals have the same effect. Moreover, if trials of original actions are expedited and existing accumulations of cases are reduced, the volume of work imposed on the Circuit Courts of Appeals will further increase.

cases are reduced, the volume of work imposed on the check courts of Appeals will further increase.

The attainment of speedier justice in the courts below will enlarge the task of the Supreme Court itself. And still more work would be added by the recommendation which I make later in this message for the quicker determination of constitutional questions by the highest court.

Says Supreme Court Labors Under Heavy Burden

Says Supreme Court Labors Under Heavy Burden
Even at the present time the Supreme Court is laboring under a heavy burden. Its difficulties in this respect were superficially lightened some years ago by authorizing the court, in its discretion, to refuse to hear appeals in many classes of cases. This discretion was so freely exercised that in the last fiscal year, although 867 petitions for review were presented to the Supreme Court, it declined to hear 717 cases. If petitions in behalf of the Government are excluded, it appears that the court permitted private litigants to prosecute appeals in only 108 cases out of 803 applications. Many of the refusals were doubtless warranted. But can it be said that full justice is achieved when a court is forced by the sheer necessity of keeping up with the business to decline, without even an explanation, to hear 871 per cent of the cases presented to it by private litigants?

It seems clear, therefore, that the necessity of relieving present congestion extends to the enlargement of the capacity of all the Federal courts.

237 Life Tenure Permanent Judgeships In Federal Courts
27 Over 70 Years of Age

A part of the problem of obtaining a sufficient number of judges to

A part of the problem of obtaining a sufficient number of judges to dispose of cases is the capacity of the judges themselves. This brings forward the question of aged or infirm judges—a subject of delicacy and yet one which requires frank discussion.

In the Federal courts there are in all 237 life tenure permanent judgeships. Twenty-five of them are now held by judges over 70 years of age and eligible to leave the bench on full pay. Originally no pension or retirement allowance was provided by the Congress. When after 80 years of our national history the Congress made provisions for pensions it found a well-entrenched tradition among judges to cling to their posts, in many instances far beyond their years of physical or mental capacity. They salaries were small. As with other men, responsibilities and obligations accumulated. No alternative had been open to them except to attempt to perform the duties of their offices to the very edge of the grave.

In exceptional cases, of course, Judges, like other men, retain to an advanced age full mental and physical vigor. Those not so fortunate are

often unable to perceive their own infirmities. "They seem to be tenacious of the appearance of adequacy." The voluntary retirement law of 1869 provided, therefore, only a partial solution. That law, still in force, has not proved effective in inducing aged judges to retire on a pension.

This result had been foreseen in the debates when the measure was being

considered. It was then proposed that when a Judge refused to retire upon reaching the age of 70, an additional judge should be appointed to assist in the work of the court. The proposal passed the House but was eliminated in the Senate.

With the opening of the 20th century and the great increase of population With the opening of the 20th century and the great increase of population and commerce and the growth of a more complex type of litigation, similar proposals were introduced in the Congress. To meet the situation, in 1913, 1914, 1915, and 1916, the Attorneys-General then in office recommended to the Congress that when a district or a circuit Judge failed to retire at the age of 70, an additional Judge be appointed in order that the affairs of the court might be promptly and adequately discharged.

In 1919 a law was finally passed providing that the President "may" appoint additional district and circuit Judges, but only upon finding that the incumbent Judge over seventy "is unable to discharge efficiently all the duties of his office by reason of mental or physical disability of permanent character." The discretionary and indefinite nature of this legislation has rendered it ineffective. No President should be asked to determine the ability or disability of any particular Judge.

has rendered it ineffective. No President should be asked to determine the ability or disability of any particular Judge.

The duty of a judge involves more than presiding or listening to testimony or arguments. It is well to remember that the mass of details involved in the average of law cases today is vastly greater and more complicated than even 20 years ago. Records and briefs must be read: Statutes, decision and extensive material of a technical, scientific, scatistical and economic nature must be searched and studied; opinions must be formulated and written. The modern tasks of judges call for the use of full energies,

Modern Complexities Call For Constant Infusion of New Blood In Courts

Modern complexities call also for a constant infusion of new blood in the courts, just as it is needed in executive functions of the Government and in private business. A lowered mental or physical vigor leads men to avoid an examination of complicated and changed conditions. Little by little new facts become blurred through old glasses fitted, as it were, for the needs of another generation; older men, assuming that the scene is the same as it was in the past, cease to explore or inquire into the present or the future.

We have recognized this truth in the civil service of the nation and of many States by compelling retirement on pay at the age of 70. We have recognized in the army and navy by retiring officers at the age of 69. A number of States have recognized it by providing in their constitutions for compulsory retirement of aged indees

number of States have recognized it by providing in their constitutions for compulsory retirement of aged judges.

Life tenure of Judges, assured by the Constitution, was designed to place the cours beyond temptations or influences which might impair their judgments: it was not intended to create a static judiciary. A constant and systematic addition of younger blood will vitalize the courts and better equip them to recognize and apply the essential concepts of justice in the light of the needs and the facts of an ever-changing world. It is obvious, therefore, from both reason and experience, that some provision must be adopted, which will operate automatically to supplement the work of older Judges and accelerate the work of the court.

Recommends Increase In Number of Judges

I therefore earnestly recommend that the necessity of an increase in the number of Judges be supplied by legislation providing for the appointment of additional Judges in all Federal courts, without exception, where there are incumbent judges of retirement age who do not choose to retire or to resign. If an elder Judge is not in fact incapacitated, only good can come from the presence of an additional Judge in the crowded state of the dockets; if the capacity of an elder Judge is in fact impaired, the appointment of an additional judge is indispensable. This seems to be a truth which can not be contradicted.

I also recommend that the Congress provide machinery for taking care I also recommend that the Congress provide machinery for taking care of sudden or long-standing congestion in the lower courts. The Supreme Court should be given power to appoint an administrative assistant who may be called a proctor. He would be charged with the duty of watching the calendars and the business of all the courts in the Federal system. The Chief Justice thereupon should be authorized to make a temporary assignment of any Circuit or District judge hereafter appointed in order that he may serve as long as needed in any circuit or district where the courts are

in arrears.

I attach a carefully considered draft of a proposed bill, which, if enacted, would, I am confident, afford substantial relief. The proposed measure also contains a limit on the total number of judges who might thus be appointed and also a limit on the potential size of any one of our Federal

These proposals do not raise any issue of constitutional law. These proposals do not raise any issue of constitutional law. They do not suggest any form of compulsory retirement for incumbent judges. Indeed, those who have reached the retirement age but desire to continue their judicial work would be able to do so under less physical and mental strain and would be able to play a useful part in relieving the growing congestion in the business of our courts. Among them are men of eminence and great ability whose services the Government would be loath to lose. If, on the other hand, any Judge eligible for retirement should feel that his court would suffer because of an increase in its membership, he may retire or resign under already existing provisions of law if he wishes so to do. In this connection let me say that the pending proposal to extend to the Justices of the Supreme Court the same retirement privileges now available to other Federal judges, has my entire approval.

Cites Conflicting Decisions In Trial and Appelate Courts on Constitutional Issues

One further matter requires immediate attention. We have witnessed the spectacle of conflicting decisions in both trial and appellate courts on the constitutionality of every form of important legislation. Such a welter of uncomposed differences of judicial opinion has brought the law, the courts and indeed, the entire administration of justice dangerously near to dis-

repute.

A Federal statute is held legal by one Judge in one district; it is simultaneously held illegal by another Judge in another district. An act valid in one judicial circuit is invalid in another judicial circuit. Thus rights fully accorded to one group of citizens may be denied to others. As a practical matter this means that for periods running as long as one year or two years or three years—until final determination can be made by the Supreme Court—the law loses its most indispensable element—equality.

Moreover, during the long processes of preliminary motions, original trials, petitions for rehearings, appeals, reversals on technical grounds requiring re-trials, motions before the Supreme Court and the final hearing by the highest tribunal—during all this time labor, industry, agriculture, commerce and the Government itself go through an unconscionable period of uncertainty and embarrassment. And it is well to remember that during these long processes the normal operations of society and government are handi-

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capped in many cases by differing and divided opinions in the lower courts and by the lack of any clear guide for the dispatch of business. Thereby

capped in many cases by differing and divided opinions in the lower courts and by the lack of any clear guide for the dispatch of business. Thereby our legal system is fast losing another essential of justice—certainty. Finally, we find the processes of government itself brought to a complete stop from time to time by injunctions issued almost automatically, sometimes even without notice to the Government, and not infrequently in clear violation of the principle of equity that injunctions should be granted only in those rare cases of manifest illegality and irreparable damage against which the ordinary course of the law offers no protection. Statutes which the Congress enact are set aside or suspended for long periods of time, even in cases to which the Government is not a party.

In the uncertain state of the law it is not difficult for the ingenious to devise novel reasons for attacking the validity of new legislation or its application. While these questions are laboriously brought to issue and debated through a series of courts, the Governments must stand aside. It matters not that the Congress has enacted the law, that the Executive has signed it and that the administrative machinery is waiting to function. Government by injunction lays a heavy hand upon normal processes and no important statute can take effect—against any individual or organization with the means to employ lawyers and engage in wide-flung litigation—until it has passed through the whole hierarchy of the courts. Thus the judiciary, by postponing the effective date of acts of the Congress, is assuing an additional function and is coming more and more to constitute a scattered, loosely organized and slowly operating third House of the National Legislature.

This state of affairs has come upon the nation gradually over a period of decades. In my annual message to this Congress I expressed some

This state of affairs has come upon the nation gradually over a period decades. In my annual message to this Congress I expressed some ews and some hopes.

Recommendations

Recommendations

Now, as an immediate step, I recommend that the Congress provide that no decision, injunction, judgment or decree on any constitutional question be promulgated by any Federal court without previous and ample notice to the Attorney-General and an opportunity for the United States to present evidence and be heard. This is to prevent court action on the constitutionality of acts of the Congress in suits between private individuals, where the Government is not a party to the suit, without giving opportunity to the Government of the United States to defend the law of the land of the land

law of the land.

I also earnestly recommend that in cases in which any court of first instance determines a question of constitutionality, the Congress provide that there shall be a direct and immediate appeal to the Supreme Court, and that such cases take precedence over all other matters pending in that court. Such legislation will, I am convinced, go far to alleviate the inequality, uncertainty and delay in the disposition of vital questions or constitutionality arising under our fundamencal law.

My desire is to strengthen the administration of justice and to make it a more effective servant of public need. In the American ideal of government the courts find an essential and constitutional place. In striving to fulfill that ideal, not only the Judges but the Congress and the Executive as well, must do all in their power to bring the judicial organization and personnel to the high standards of usefulness which sound and efficient government and modern conditions require.

This message has dealt with four present needs:
First, to etiminate congestion of calendars and to make the judiciary as a whole less static by the constant and systematic addition of new blood

as a whole less static by the constant and systematic addition of new blood to its personnel;

Second, to make the judiciary more elastic by providing for temporary transfers of circuit and district judges to those places where Federal courts

most in arrears; Phird, to furnish the Supreme Court practical assistance in supervising

Third, to furnish the Supreme Court practical assistance in supervising the conduct of business in the lower courts;

Fourth, to eliminate inequality, uncertainty and delay now existing in the determination of Constitutional questions involving Federal statutes. If we increase the personnel of the Federal courts so that cases may be promptly decided in the first instance, and may be given adequate and prompt hearing on all appeals; if we invigorate all the courts by the persistent infusion of new blood; if we grant to the Supreme Court further power and responsibility in maintaining the efficiency of the entire Federal judiciary; and if we assure Government participation in the speedier consideration and final determination of all constitutional questions, we shall go a long way toward our high objectives. If these measures achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the Constitution of our Government—changes which involve consequences so far-reaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course. as to the wisdom of such course.

# Neutrality Resolution of Senators Clark, Bone, Vandenberg and Nye Designed to Enforce So-Called "Cash-and-Carry" Policy—Resolution By Senator Lewis Would Give President Wide Powers—Senator Connaly's Bill

New and stringent legislation designed to protect American neutrality during foreign wars was introduced in Congress on Feb. 1 by Senators Clark, Bone, Vandenberg and Nye. Submitted in the form of a joint resolution, it and Nye. Submitted in the form of a joint resolution, it would add three sections to existing law, including a provision denying Federal protection to shippers of American goods into belligerent zones. The resolution provides that the United States Government would not recognize any "right, title or interest" in such shipments. Meanwhile, it was reported in Washington on Jan. 30 that President Roosevelt would base the Administration's policies regarding permanent neutrality legislation on measures already introduced by Senator Pittman and Representative McReynolds. Reynolds

Neutrality legislation introduced in the Senate on Feb. 1 was described as follows in a Washington dispatch of that date to the New York "Times":

Two other neutrality bills were introduced in the Senate, one by Senator Tom Connally, Democrat of Texas, and the other by Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, Democrat of Illinois. The Connally bill carries the endorsement of the Finance Committee and is the same as the bill introduced at the last session. The bill is a "take-the-profit-out-of-war" plan, and Senator Connally said it had been "expertly drawn to fit in with the Federal tax structure." structure.

The Lewis bill deals, as does the Munitions Committee bill, with neutrality only. It is brief and vests the multitons committee the power in the President, the only stipulation being that the President shall report all his orders to Congress, these orders to be subject to the "supervision and jurisdiction" of Congress. "Cash-and-Carry" Policy Sought

The Clark-Bone-Vandenberg-Nye resolution is intended by its sponsors to enforce a so-called "cash-and-carry" policy and makes all "credit" transactions risks that must be borne by the exporter without the backing

transactions risks that must be borne by the exporter without the backing of his government.

Under the proposed law recognition of rights, titles and interests in goods destined for belligerents would be denied not only by the Federal Government but also by all States and Territories. All insurance risks on any commodities so exported, or on any American interest in the goods would be void and unenforceable in any American court, Federal, State or Territorial. The insurance provision would apply also to American ships that engaged to transport supplies to nations at war or to factions at war within nations.

That the resolution will command strong support was indicated when Senator Key Pittman of Nevada, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, issued a statement saying that the proposed amendments were substantially in accord with neutrality provisions introduced by him and now being considered by the Foreign Relations Committee.

"These proposals by Senator Clark and the other Seantors," said Senator Pittman, "do not deal with the arming of American merchantmen engaged in commerce with belligerent countries, nor with the other Pittman amendments making it unlawful for American citizens to travel on belligerent vessels and, therefore, it is to be assumed that such Senators approve such provisions in the Pittman amendment.

Sees Embargo Principle Adopted

Sees Embargo Principle Adopted

Sees Embargo Principle Adopted

"The Clark et al. amendments also adopt in principle the proposal in the Pittman amendment that the President shall proclaim from time to time articles and materials, in addition to arms, ammunition and implements of war, which American ships shall not transport to the ports of belligerents. The Clark et all proposals, in this particular, are more detailed. They attempt to provide that no insurance shall be granted on such shipments, and that our courts shall not be open to any claims for damage or otherwise by reason of loss occasioned by the transport of such articles or materials, whether by domestic or foreign vessels."

A group of 30 Representatives on Feb. 2 issued a statement demanding House action on a strong program of neutrality legislation, including embargoes on arms and ammunition exports and loans to belligerents, a "cash-and-carry" trade policy with belligerents, and other features of the program proposed in the Senate.

## use Approves Independent Offices Appropriations Bill—Total of \$1,046,757,143 Authorized for Next Fiscal Year Represents Increase of \$78,601,558

Fiscal Year Represents Increase of \$78,601,558

The House without a record vote on Feb. passed the Independent Offices Appropriations Bill, carrying \$1,046,-757,143 in appropriations and authorizations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1938 for almost 40 independent agencies, bureaus and commissions. The Appropriations Committee reported the measure on Feb. 1, after reducing the total of proposed appropriations by \$5,950,000, including a decrease of \$5,000,000 in the salary and expense fund for the Social Security Board. As approved by the House, the bill was unchanged from the form in which it was originally reported, except for minor amendments advocated by the was unchanged from the form in which it was originally reported, except for minor amendments advocated by the Committee. The appropriations are \$78,601,558 greater than for the present fiscal year, as far as regular agencies are concerned. Its passage by the House was described as follows in a Washington dispatch of Feb. 3 to the New York "Times":

The bill embodies the committee decision to ban the use of government employees by Congressional investigating committees, carrying a provision to prevent any of the funds appropriated from being used for the payment of salaries or expenses in connection with investigations of

the payment of salaries of expenses in connection with intersections of either the House or Senate.

An attempt to remove this provision by some of the members, led by Representatives Maverick of Texas and Ellenbogen of Pennsylvania, was

Representatives Maverick of Texas and Ellenbogen of Pennsylvania, was defeated.

Mr. Ellenbogen offered an amendment along the lines of the amendment to the First Deficency Bill adopted by the Senate yesterday which would allow committees to make use of government employees, but require a report as to the cost of such service by the government departments. His amendment was defeated on a point of order by Representative Woodrum of Virginia, who handled the bill on the floor.

However, House leaders indicated an intention to reach a compromise on the matter with the Senate. Mr Woodrum and Representative Rayburn of Texas, the majority leader, said that the matter would be threshed out in conference and that the conclusion reached would be embodded in this bill and in all future supply bills.

Other amendments defeated today included one by Representative Wigglesworth of Massachusetts to cut the authorization for publicity work by the Federal Housing Administration from \$500,000 to \$250,000; one by Representative Taber, Republican of New York, to cut the authorization for the Home Owners Loan Corporation from \$30,000,000 to \$29,000,000 and one by Representative William P. Connery Jr. of Massachusetts to bar the purchase of labor-saving devices.

### House Tables Resolution Calling for Information from Secretary Perkins Regarding Activities of Strikers in General Motors Plants—Senate Resolution in General Motors Seeks Investigation

The House on Feb. 4 tabled a resolution introduced by Representative Clare E. Hoffman (Republican of Michigan) calling upon Secretary of Labor Perkins for information regarding the activities of strikers in the plants of the General Motors Corp. In a debate before the vote was taken Chairman William P. Connery (Dem., Mass.) of the House Labor Committee, declared "not one of the Committee indorses sit-down strikes."

"We haven't gone into the merits of sit-down strikes. but

tee indorses sit-down strikes."

"We haven't gone into the merits of sit-down strikes, but the action of the Committee should not be construed as indorsing them," Mr. Connery said, according to United Press advices from Washington, which also quoted Mr. Connery as saying that "the reason the Committee reported the resolution adversely is because it would put the Secretary

gitized for FRASER tp://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ of Labor in the position of being a partisan in the present

labor dispute.

The House Labor Committee decided on Feb. 3 to submit an unfavorable report on the Hoffman resolution. It was stated on that date that Miss Perkins views on the resolution were contained in a letter addressed to Representa-tive Connery in which she is reported to have said that the resolution was unfair in taking only the side of the employers.

employers.
On Feb. 2 a resolution seeking a Congressional investigation into the financial set-up and labor policies of the General Motors Corporation was introduced by Senator Matthew M. Neely (Dem., West Va.). The resolution was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, headed by Senator Hugo Black. In reporting this, United Press dispatches from Washington Feb. 2 said:

dispatches from Washington Feb. 2 said:

It was introduced soon after John L. Lewis, automobile strike leader, had departed for Detroit to take charge of union strategy in the dispute.

Mr. Lewis warned two weeks ago that such an inquiry would be sought from Congress. He said he would forestall introduction of the resolution pending outcome of conferences in Washington and Lansing to mediate the strike.

The sudden change in plans was interpreted here as a counter blow by Mr. Lewis and his aides at General Motors whose officials today obtained an injunction against the sit-downers in Flint. At the time Mr. Lewis announced the proposed Congressional investigation, G. M. C. officials issued a statement saying they would welcome an impartial inquiry of the corporation.

### Senate and House Committees Approve Two-Year Extension of Government Guarantee of FHA Debentures

bentures

The Senate Banking and Currency Committee on Feb. 2 approved a measure to extend for two years the guarantee by the United States of debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator. Under present legislation the guaranty will expire on July 1. As introduced on Jan. 12 by Senator Robert L. Buckley, of Ohio, the joint resolution provided for a three-year extension of the period, but this was reduced to two years on Jan. 28 by a sub-committee of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee. On Jan. 27 the House Banking and Currency Committee approved a similar measure, extending the guarantee to July 1, 1939.

# Increase In Membership of U.S. Supreme Court Sought By President Roosevelt—Would Make Maximum Membership 15, Thus Providing For 6 Additional Justices If Those Now Over 70 Remain In Tribunal— Added Judges Also Asked For Lower Courts

Added Judges Also Asked For Lower Courts
Important changes in the Federal Government's judiciary system, are proposed by President Roosevelt in a message addressed to Congress yesterday (Feb. 5). In the proposals for the reorganization of the Federal Court machinery, presented by the President, provision would be made for an increase in the membership of the United States Supreme Court, the maximum number of Justices being fixed at 15. This proposal is embodied in a bill which the President submitted to Congress along with his message. In his message the President recommends "that the necessity of an increase in the number of Judges be supplied by legislation providing for the appointment of additional judges in all Federal courts, without exception, where there are incumbent Judges of retirement age who do not choose to retire or to resign." In the case of the Supreme Court, which now consists of 9 Justices, there are six members over 70 years of age.

years of age.

According to the President "modern complexities call for a constant infusion of new blood in the courts, just as it is needed in executive functions of the Government and in private business." "A constant and systematic addition of younger blood," he says "will vitalize the courts and better equip them to recognize and apply the essential concepts of justice in the light of the needs and the facts of an everchanging world." The President adds:

We have recognized this truth in the civil service of the nation and of

We have recognized this truth in the civil service of the nation and of many States by compelling retirement on pay at the age of 70. We have recognized it in the army and navy by retiring officers at the age of 64.

Approval is expressed by the President of "the pending proposal to extend to the Justices of the Supreme Court the same retirement privileges now available to other

the same retirement privileges now available to the Federal Judges."

Recommendation was made by the President that Congress "provide machinery for taking care of sudden or long-standing congestion in the lower courts. The Supreme Court," he goes on to say, "should be given power to appoint an administrative assistant who may be called a proctor. He would be charged with the duty of watching the calendars and the business of all the courts in the Federal system."

The President's plans as summarized by the United Press, provide:

1. That in each instance where a Federal judge reaches 70 and falls to retire the President be empowered to name an additional judge, providing such appointments do not increase the number of Supreme Court justices above 15 nor 50 for the judiciary as a whole.

2. That no Federal judge be allowed to issue any decision or injunction involving constitutional questions without ample previous notice to the government; and that immediate appeals of all such questions be allowed direct to the Supreme Court, such appeals taking precedence over all other matters pending in the Supreme Court.

3. That transfers and shifts of Federal judges be allowed from district to district in order to speed up court business.

4. That the Supreme Court be provided with an additional officer to be termed a proctor, charged with watching all Federal court business in order to expedite and facilitate it.

The President in his message says:

If these measures achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the constitution of our Government—changes which involve consequences so far-reaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course.

It was pointed out in the Associated Press accounts from Washington yesterday that the 9 Justices now on the high court have ruled against New Deal legislation 11 times to five favorable decisions; enactment of the President's plan inve tavorable decisions; enactment of the President's plan would put six of the nine in the retirement class—or else six justices could be added to the court.

The President's message to Congress, which was accompanied by a letter to him from Attorney General Cummings on the reorganization of the Judiciary, is given in full elsewhere in this issue

where in this issue.

## Montgomery Circuit Court Declares Valid Alabama Unemployment Compensation Law—Also Upholds Provisions of Federal Social Security Act

Alabama's unemployment compensation law was upheld on Jan. 23 by Judge Walter B. Jones, of Montgomery Circuit Court, who sustained the State's demurrers to bills Circuit Court, who sustained the State's demurrers to bills filed by the Beeland Mercantile Co. of Greenville, and several other Alabama firms. This was the first test of the law in State courts, and it was said on Jan. 23 that an immediate appeal to the Alabama Supreme Court was planned. The same law was held on Dec. 15 to violate both the State and Federal Constitutions by a 3-judge Federal Court in Montgomery. The 3-judge tribunal also granted a permanent injunction against the enforcement of the law; this previous ruling on the law was referred to in our issue of Dec. 19, page 3927.

Judge Jones in his decision on Jan. 23 also held valid the

Judge Jones in his decision on Jan. 23 also held valid the unemployment compensation provisions of the Federal Security Act, which the complainants had sought be declared unconstitutional. As to Judge Jones' decision, we take the following from the Montgomery "Advertiser" of Jan. 24:
By stipulation of counsel, the Beeland case and three others, which involved the same constitutional questions and which sought the same relief, were submitted for the decision of the Court upon the demurrers to the bills of complaint. The three other cases were those of the Talladega Ice & Cold Storage Co., Alpha Portland Cement Co., and the West Point Mfg. Co. Scores of other business enterprises in many parts of the State were also parties to the suits, either as complainants or intervenors.

In concluding a lengthy opinion, Judge Jones held:

"After a careful consideration of all the points urged against the Alabama law, the Court is of opinion that it does not violate any of the Federal or State constitutional provisions that have been called to the attention of Court. The Court is of the opinion that the Alabama law is within the constitutional power of the legislative department of the Government, and the other objections raised to the law are without merit."

The Judge declared in the opinion that the fundamental purpose in con

The Judge declared in the opinion that the fundamental purpose in construing a constitutional provision is to ascertain and give effect to the intent of the framers and of the people who adopted the constitution. "It is a well-settled principle of constitutional construction that such construction should not be technical, and that the courts should aim to give effect to the purpose indicated by a fair interpretation of the language used." Judge Tones added

Differs With 3-Judge Court

Differs With 3-Judge Court

Judge Jones, who sat as a "guest Judge" in the three-judges hearing of a similar case here last year in Federal Court, took cognizance in his opinion yesterday of that Court's unanimous opinion in invalidating the State law.

"The Court has considered the "three judges opinion' filed Dec. 15, 1936, in the U. S. District Court of Montgomery in the case of Gulf States Paper Co. vs. Carmichael, Attorney General, in which opinion three Federal judges declared the Alabaha law to deny due process, in that the classification of employers having eight or more employees is entirely arbitrary. The opinion was unable to find any reason for the distinction made. This Court is of the opinion that the reasons stated in the California case are convincing. The opinion that the reasons stated in the California case are convincing, and prefers to follow that case," the opinion by Judge Lones stated.

The California case referred to was that of Gillum vs. Johnson, in which this classification was also attacked.

this classification was also attacked.

Delegated Authority

Judge Jones further held that the Alabama law legally confers on the Unemployment Compensation Commission authority to make rules and regulations for carrying the law into effect, and that there is no unlawful delegation of legislative power, as contended by the complainants.

As to the alleged coercive features of the Federal Act, the Court was of the opinion that this allegation is correctly disposed of in the case of Gillum vs. Johnson, supra, where it held there was no coercion in the Federal act

# United States Supreme Court Holds Invalid Tax Under Washington State Utility Tax Law by 5-to-4 Decision—Justice Stone Returns to Bench After Illness—Tribunal Refuses to Review Attack on Social Security Act—Ruling on "Windafil Tax" Sitting with its full membership of nine for the first time in several months, the United States Supreme Court on Feb. 1 handed down a five-to-four decision declaring that railroads had been charged more than the cost of their own regulation

handed down a five-to-four decision declaring that railroads had been charged more than the cost of their own regulation under a Washington State law imposing a tax on railroads and other public utilities to finance regulatory activities. Justice Stone sat with the Court for the first time since illness forced him from the bench several months ago. The Court on Feb. 1 also refused to review a Massachusetts case challenging the State unemployment insurance law on the ground that the Federal Social Security Act is unconstitutional. It also rejected a plea for reconsideration of the "windfall tax" provisions of the 1936 Revenue Act.

The majority opinion in the Washington utility tax law case was delivered by Justice Roberts, who said that the State had not proved that the tax exacted from a railroad

did "not exceed what is reasonably needed for the service rendered." Those concurring in Justice Roberts views were Justices Van Devanter, Sutherland, McReynolds and Butler, the minority opinion was delivered by Justice Cardozo, who was joined by Chief Justice Hughes and Justices Stone and Brandeig

United Press Washington advices of Feb. 1 outlined the opinions handed down by the Court on that date as follows:

The Washington State tax on public utilities' gross income, levied to pay the expenses of the State's Public Works Department, was tested by means of a suit filed by Great Northern RR. Co.

The court failed to hold the Washington State statute entirely void on its face, but ruled that, under the evidence taken at the trial, it was clear the railroads had been charged more than the cost of their own regulation.

The company sought to recover taxes and interest totaling \$25,465. It won a decree for this amount from the Superior Court which held the law invalid. invalid.

Invalid.

The trial court found that the law was unconstitutional on its face because the fee was not limited by the cost of regulating the company and because it went to pay expenses of the regulatory body for judicial, administrative and police duties for which the railroad could not be charged.

The State Supreme Court reversed the decision and upheld the law.

The extent to which Justice Stone's return has broken the Court's apparent deadlock over several New Deal issues, which have been pending a long time was not revealed because the Court failed to pass on two closely watched cases.

watched cases

watched cases.

1. One was a plea by New York manufacturers for rehearing of the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law, a part of the social security program. The State law was upheld earlier in the term when the court split four to four in passing on its validity, thus tentatively permitting the favorable decision of New York State's highest court to stand.

The other pending case involves an attack on constitutionality of Washington State's minimum wage law for women. The court has struck down

ington State's minimum wage law for women. The court has struck down

similar laws several times.

The attack on the Federal Social Security Act came from Howes Bros Co., Boston company, in a complicated case involving the Massachusetts Unemployment Insurance Law.

Unemployment Insurance Law.

While the Howes Co. attack centered on the Massachusetts law, Constitutionality of this act was only challenged on the grounds that the Federal law with which it is associated is invalid.

Briefs filed in the case by counsel for the company asserted that the company wanted the Massachusetts Act to be sustained if the Federal law was Constitutional. The Massachusetts Act is not operative unless the Federal law is in effect.

The act differs in this respect from the New York law.

The Massachusetts law was sustained by the Supreme Court of that State and the appeal taken from that tribunal.

### "Windfall Tax"

"Windfall tax" was passed at the last session of Congress to prevent processors from what was described by President Roosevelt as "unjust enrichment" after the Supreme Court invalidated the processing taxes of the Agricultural Adjustment Act. The tax was designed to take from processors money they obtained from producers or consumers in anticipation of processing levies they finally did not have to pay.

The court refused to hear argument in the appeal of the First Bank Stock Corp. of Minneapolis, Minn., from the Minnesota Supreme Court ruling which held that stock it holds in 84 State banks in its chain are subject to the Minnesota Credits Tax law.

The ruling was made in a test case involving stocks held by the holding company, a Delaware corporation doing business in Minnesota, in six Montana and North Dakota banks. Taxes of \$3,081 are involved.

# Federal Judge Mack Rules Utility Holding Companies Must Register with SEC—Decision Against Electric Bond & Share Co. Does Not, However, Discuss Constitutionality of Entire Act

Constitutionality of Entire Act

Utility holding companies are legally required to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission, under the terms of the Public Utilities Act of 1935, Federal Judge Julian W. Mack of New York City decided on Jan. 29. Judge Mack dismissed a cross complaint filed against the Government by the defendants, the Electric Bond and Share Company and 21 affiliates, but he did not rule upon the constitutionality of the entire Act. The court merely held that the registration provisions are in themselves a system of holding company regulations within the power of the Federal Government, and are therefore constitutional, even though separated from the rest of the Act.

It was pointed out in the New York "Times" of Jan. 30 that during the litigation the defendants declared that registration would deprive them of the right to contest the validity of the other provisions of the Act. Continuing, that

validity of the other provisions of the Act. Continuing, that paper said:

The government's position was that by failure to register they had no standing in court. If they did register, however, Bond and Share and the other companies might have their day before the proper tribunal on any provision and on any SEC order.

Judge Mack dwelt on this point as follows:

"Any doubt as to this is clearly dispelled by a rule of the Commission, issued sursuant to its rule-making power under the Act, which permits registration with a express reservation of any constitutional or legal rights, and further provides that if such reservation shall be judicially adjudged invalid, the registration shall be voldable at the option of the registrant."

The Court pointed out that Congress had written the principle of separability into the Act in Section 32. This, Judge Mack said, could be rebutted by showing that standing alone the registration provisions did not constitute a workable law to which legal effect could be given, or by evidence that Congress did not intend them to stand if the others fell.

After citing Associate Justice Cardozo of the Supreme Court to support him, Judge Mack wrote:

him, Judge Mack wrote:

"It seems clear, and indeed does not appear seriously to be contested, that the registration provisions in and of themselves could constitute a workable regulatory device through the publicity that may be given to the extensive information which registered holding companies must file pursuant to Section 5, especially when supplemented by the periodical reports, pursuant to Sections 13 (g) and 14. See 30 III. Law Rev. 648, 657 (Jan., 1936).

"The mere statement of some of the evil practices engaged in by some public utility holding companies, as found by the Federal Trade Commission in its investigation, upon which, in part, the Act is recited to be based, suffices to demonstrate that publicity of that financial information which is now seldom made

public, will tend to mitigate and perhaps to eliminate at least some of those abu Students of public utility holding company regulation have recognized that enfo publicity would materially aid as a corrective measure in eliminating abuses."

In noting that the court limited itself to considering the validity of the two registration provisions only, thus espousing the doctrine urged by the government that all provisions of the Act are separable—that they may stand or fall individually without wrecking the entire law the "Times" commented:

The ntithesis of this, that the court must pass on the whole before judging the part, as argued by the defendants, was rejected.

Therefore the utilities industries failed to obtain adjudication of the famous "death sentence" clause of Section 11, which Congress designed to simplify or eliminate interstate holding company systems, beginning

The entire act, including the two provisions ruled upon yesterday will remain inoperative in pursuance of government policy until the United States Supreme Court has finally passed on the case.

The provisions of the Act on which the Court passed are Sections 4(a) and 5. Regarding the Court's conclusions S. R. Inch, President of Bond and Share on Jan. 29 said:

"I have not had an opportunity to see the decision and I only know of its general tenor. Counsel, however, are now studying the decision, and when we are in receipt of their report as to its implications we hope to be able to make a statement for publication."

According to advices to the "Wall Street Journal" of Feb. 1 from its Washington bureau an agreement between counsel for the government and counsel for North American Co. and American Waterworks & Electric Co. to hold up proceedings in the District of Columbia Court Utility Act test cases, is automatically terminated by the decision of Judge Julian Mack in the Electric Bond & Share case. In part these advices added: advices added:

advices added:

The New York Court decision also gives new life to the bill of complaint now pending in the District of Columbia Court and it is up to the Government either to answer the complaint to enjoin enforcement of the Utility Act on constitutional grounds, or to ask the Court for another limited stay of the case. The latter move undoubtedly will be taken, government counsel states, if the Electric Bond & Share case is appealed to the New York Supreme Court. If the decision is not appealed, the whole Utility Act constitutionality fight may center in the Washington Court cases.

The decision of Judge Mack results in the expiration of the maximum time limit on a United States Supreme Court opinion in the North American case involving the power of the lower Court to stay the proceedings. The mandate in the Supreme Court decision was issued Jan. 7 and the stay order of the District of Columbia Court has since been vacated. The proceedings which will now be reopened had been held up under an agreement

ceedings which will now be reopened had been held up under an agreement

Landis Hopes Case Goes to High Court

Chairman James M. Landis, of the SEC, at a press conference Saturday during which he commented on the decision of Federal Judge Mack in the Electric Bond & Share case, said the court's ruling leaves no excuse for holding companies not to register now.

## Senator Borah Warns of Danger in Governmental Curb on Courts—In Radio Address Urges That People Be Given Chance to Weigh Controversies Between Tribunals and Political Branches of Government

Between Tribunals and Political Branches of Government

Senator Borah of Idaho, in a speech broadcast over a national network on Feb. 1, urged that the people of the United States be consulted on the issues that have recently developed between the courts and the executive and legislative branches of the government. A question has arisen, he said, which only the people have the right or the authority to settle. That question he defined as whether there should be "a redistribution of power between the State and the Federal government." If the people desire the Federal government to control local affairs, he said, "it is for the people to say so." The only proper way for the Federal government to obtain more power, he continued, is by constitutional amendment. In part, Senator Borah said:

In a free government, no public official, the records and policies of no public institution, should be regarded as exempt from searching consideration, or criticism at the hands of the people. Neither can infallibility be expected of any man, or set of men.

In considering the history, decisions and opinions of the Supreme Court of the United States, and in seeking to estimate its worth in the machinery and strength of our government, it would be unreasonable, if not absurd, to proceed upon any different theory. That the Supreme Court in the loute, I entertain no doubt; that it has on some occasions felt the effect of mad party passions raging about it is probably true. But, after all, this is admitted, when its worth is measured by the service it has redered to the cause of human liberty, to the advancement of human happiness, and to the maintenance of a government of law rather than a government of men, that it stands among the foremost institutions of the world seems true beyond peradventure of a doubt.

Faction and party zeal, debate and political ambitions, cannot hold the scales of justice in impartial hands or weigh either the charges or the evidence with unresentful judgment. The most enlightened political leaders and th

to Roosevelt.

We need not travel outside our own history or seek examples outside our own country. From time to time the executive and legislative, or, in other words, the political side of the government, have disregarded or trampled under foot grounds upon which party leaders thought proper to advise disregard of the Constitution and defiance of the court.

Experience teaches that it is difficult to set constitutional bounds to the action of a political party enjoying great political power or to a political party not enjoying power and striving in desperation to secure it. It seems unnecessary to recall more of these historic incidents relating to attacks upon the court because of decisions which afterward come to be looked upon and regarded as sound in principle and some of them as bul-

warks of human liberty. There are other and numerous instances of this nature which I doubt not will come readily to the minds of my audience. I make this comment, however, that it is a demonstrable truth, supported by a wealth of facts, that the Supreme Court, in instances too numerous to be recorded tonight, has thrown the shield of the Constitution about the rights of the citizen when all other appeals for relief have failed him. When war, passion, or mob passion or political zeal or selfish schemes have carried men beyond reason or justice, the court, when called upon, has interposed to avert great wrongs.

schemes have carried men beyond reason or justice, the court, when called upon, has interposed to avert great wrongs.

The great problem now is: Do modern conditions make it imperative that the Federal government have greater, if not complete, control over most of the internal affairs of the States. That we have, in our legislation, not only since this depression, but for the last 40 years, been crowding more and more upon the undoubted internal affairs of the State can hardly be doubted. And it has seemed that the court has gone to the utmost limit in sustaining some of these measures. That it has felt, however, compelled to hold the Congress has at times transgressed the plain terms of the Constitution has been no surprise to those who still believe in our dual system of government. system of government.

NRA Decision

In the case involving the validity of the National Industrial Recovery Act, this question was one of the determining factors. The court was unanimous—conservatives and liberals, Republicans and Democrats—in holding that Congress had gone an arrow's flight beyond the terms of the Constitution. This unanimous opinion is difficult to explain away. He would be a bold liberal who would declare that Justice Brandeis is not a liberal, a humanitarian, and profoundly learned in constitutional law. . . . In conclusion, many proposals are being made relative to our supreme judicial tribunal—all the way from designating the number of judges required to declare an Act of Congress unconstitutional to that of withdrawing from the court jurisdiction entirely. I presume some, or all, of these proposals will come along for discussion and consideration, and there is no reason why they should not. In my opinion, there is every reason why they should. By all means let the subject in all its ramifications and implications be discussed in the Congress and before the people. That is the way, and the only proper way, for democracy to settle its problems.

# General Motors Corp. Obtains Injunction to Expel "Sit-Down" Strikers from Plants—Peace Negotia-tions Resumed in Detroit—Company Says 83% of Employees Wish to Return to Work

Legal steps to oust the "sit-down" strikers who have been occupying plants of the General Motors Corp. were taken on Feb. 2 when Circuit Judge Paul V. Gadola granted an injunction restraining strikers from occupying two of the company's plants at Flint, Mich. The injunction also restrained the strikers from picketing and ordered the men to evacuate the plants within 24 hours. Meanwhile, 1,200 National Guardsmen moved into Flint at the command of Governor Murphy of Michigan and took immediate action to preserve order. This action followed serious disorders at Chevrolet plants on Feb. 1, when several hundred members of the United Automobile Workers Union moved into the factories and began a new sit-down strike. A reference to the strike, which has curtailed General Motors production since the latter part of December, appeared in the "Chronicle" of Jan. 30, pages 705-706. John L. Lewis, Chairman of the Committee for Industrial Organization, which is sponsoring the strike, left Washington for the strike area on Feb. 2 to confer with union leaders. On Jan. 29 the second attempt within 10 days to bring about a basis for negotiations in the General Motors strike collapsed Legal steps to oust the "sit-down" strikers who have been basis for negotiations in the General Motors strike collapsed as President Alfred P. Sloan Jr. of General Motors Corp. returned to New York after a meeting with Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins. In United Press advices on that date from Washington it was intimated that Secretary Perkins had expected to appropriate a new pages conference bedate from Washington it was intimated that Secretary Perkins had expected to announce a new peace conference between union and General Motors Corp. leaders, the plan being to have Governor Frank Murphy of Michigan call the conference at which both Mr. Sloan and John L. Lewis were to have been represented. From the same advices we quote:

After a two-hour talk with the Secretary, Mr. Sloan left Washington. . . Mr. Sloan telephoned Miss Perkins from New York upon his arrival in the city. He told her he would give her a final word by 10 a. m. tomorrow on two points that had been discussed by them in a lengthy private meeting.

However. Miss Perkins, who had been in touch with Governor Murphy, had counted upon the General Motors Corp. President to remain in Washington. His departure ended her second attempt to break the strike

A statement was issued in New York on Jan. 30 by Mr. Sloan in which he referred to one attributed to Miss Perkins to the effect that she "had his [Mr. Sloan's] word when he left here [Washington] this afternoon that he would consent to enter the negotiations. I was at dinner when his call came from New York." Miss Perkins was further quoted:

He had hardly had time to reach there when he called to say he felt he could not go through with the agreement in view of the court proceedings instituted at Detroit for next Monday morning.

Mr. Sloan in his statement recording his talk with Soc.

ings instituted at Detroit for next Monday morning.

Mr. Sloan, in his statement regarding his talk with Secretary Perkins on Jan. 29, which he described as "a private, confidential discussion," said:

The conference lasted for about two hours. After considerable discussion the Secretary asked whether we would be willing to go back to the status prior to Governor Murphy's intervention and attempt again to negotiate the men out of the plants. That was the Secretary's specific proposal. I made no agreement with her about it, or anything else.

I told the Secretary that I would take that proposal under advisement and give her an answer not later than 10 o'clock this [Jan. 30] morning. The Secretary urged immediate action. Our general counsel, John Thomas Smith, was in Washington and I wished to consult with him. Before leaving Washington with him I telephoned the Secretary from the Union Station about 4:45 p. m. and, as a result of that conversation, I told her I would try to give her my answer as soon as I got back to New York.

When I reached home I telephoned the Secretary about This I did. When I reached home I telephoned the Secretary about 10 p. m. and informed her that in view of our court proceedings and the desirability of getting our people promptly to work it was not fair to ask us to go back and start all over again to negotiate whether the strikers would get out of the plants.

How the Secretary could have understood that any agreement had been reached with her when it was distinctly understood that I was to telephone my answer to her proposal is beyond my comprehension.

The one main issue which is now, and from the beginning has been, paramount in this situation is whether the sit-down strikers will or will not be allowed to remain in unlawful possession of our plants. This I did.

A telegram was sent to Governor Murphy at Detroit, on Feb. 2, by 250 "sit-down" strikers at Flint declaring that they would defy the court injunction ordering them out of Fisher Body Plant No. 2. The strikers, together with about 800 fellow members of the United Automobile Workers of America who occupy Fisher Plant No. 1 were given until 5 p. m. on Feb. 3 to quit the factories in an injunction issued by Judge Gadola, said United Press advices from Flint, Feb 2, which also stated:

Plans were expected for taking an appeal from Judge Gadola's injunction to the Michigan Supreme Court and for fighting further attempts to oust strikers holding other General Motors plants.

to the Michigan Supreme Court and for lighting further attempts to oust strikers holding other General Motors plants.

The injunction was issued this afternoon after Judge Gadola had considered arguments of union and General Motors Corp. attorneys. The order prohibits further picketing and restrains strikers from interfering with

Homer Martin, President, and 30 other officials of the U. A. W. were

Homer Martin, President, and 30 other officials of the C. A. W. were named specifically.

Shortly before the injunction was signed, a note of conciliation was injected into the turbulent strike picture when William S. Knudsen, Executive Vice-President of General Motors, said the corporation would enter negotiations with the union as soon as its plants are cleared of strikers. . . . Service of the injunction calling for removal of strikers occupying Fisher Body plants and control of the Chevrolet area by National Guardsmen were two legally unrelated aspects of the same issue—the nation-wide strike against General Motors Corp.

Pending establishment of complete control by State and city authorities

Pending establishment of complete control by State and city authorities the explosive Flint situation, all attempts to mediate the strike had

A General Motors statement on Jan. 30 said that 83% of the workers affected by the strike wish to return to work immediately. The statement said, in part:

An immediate "back-to-work" movement, originating among General Motors employees, is supported by 123,724 of the 149,249 workers affected, or nearly 83%, figures compiled in Detroit, Saturday, reveal. Through various ways, workers have protested strikes which have cost them their jobs, reduced their normal hours of employment, or caused them a loss

of income.

Preliminary figures made public last week, when employees voiced various protests through bargaining agencies and departmental committees, disclosed that 79% had joined the "back-to-work" plea.

Largest addition to the new tabulation, now comprising 44 plants in 22 cities, is the Delco-Remy Plant at Anderson, Ind., where 7,706 employees out of a total of 8,213, or 94%, are on record against curtailment of their jobs. This plant is now operating on a partial basis.

New returns, as additional workers have had an opportunity to express their sentiments through petitions, mass meetings, secret ballots and other demonstrations disclose that those favoring the "back-to-work" movement have increased at Flint, Mich., to 30,187 out of 36,700 contacted, as additional Fisher Body workers have been heard from; that protests at Pontiac, Mich., has gone up to 85% of the 16,579 at the Pontiac Motor and Fisher Body plants there; that signers of strike protests at the Cadillac Mctor Car plant at Detroit represent 75% of all workers as compared with the previously reported 52%, and that an employees' committee at the Fisher Body plant at Cleveland now has 5,000 signatures from 7,211 employees, demanding resumption of work.

It is stated that 25 persons were injured in rioting around

It is stated that 25 persons were injured in rioting around General Motors plants in Flint on Feb. 1, and as a result of these disorders, Michigan National Guardsmen were ordered to patrol the strike area. More than 4,000 troops finally arrived in Flint.

Despite the issuance of the injunction by Judge Gadola, General Motors officials postponed filing a petition for a writ to eject the strikers from the plants. Attorneys for the company said that the writ would not be filed pending the outcome of conferences between company officials and union leaders in Detroit. These conferences began on Feb. 3, under the supervision of Governor Murphy, and were attended by Mr. Lewis, Mr. Knudsen, Mr. Martin and others prominent in previous strike negotiations. It was reported that President Roosevelt was keeping in personal communication with Detroit to follow the progress of the conferences. A union official said on Feb. 4 that the conferees were seeking a comprehensive formula providing for the reopening of the plants while the negotiations on wages, Despite the issuance of the injunction by Judge Gadola, the reopening of the plants while the negotiations on wages, hours and working conditions proceeded.

# United Automobile Works of America Appeals to A. F. of L. for Contributions—President Green Indicates That International Unions Will Not Be Asked to Help Strikers in Automobile Plants

An appeal to the American Federation of Labor members of all labor unions give financial aid to the United Automobile Workers of America, was criticized by President

Green of the A. F. of L., who is quoted as saying:

It is surprising that the United Automobile Workers [who were suspended along with several other unions allied with Mr. Lewis's C. I. 0.]
now comes to an organization which it deserted with a plea for financial aid."

In reporting Mr. Green as above, a dispatch from Washington Feb. 4 to the New York "Herald Tribune" said:
Mr. Green recalled that the A. F. of L. had always stood loyally by member unions when they needed funds, but he stated emphatically that

he would not ask the international unions to contribute a dollar to the automobile strike. The A. F. of L., he said, had contributed \$750,000 in 1927 to help Mr. Lewis's United Mine Workers in a strike against the coal operators but that was before Mr. Lewis set up his rival labor

The appeal of the U. A. W. A. to members of the interunions said:

"The fight for the right to organize is your fight as well as ours. It is the fight for the American right to belong to a labor union, a right that must be defended with every lawful resource at our command."

### Tire Plant in Akron of B. F. Goodrich Co. Closed by "Sit-Down" of 31 Employees-10,000 Workers Affected

Affected
Following a "sit-down" strike engaged in by 31 workers in the compounding department of the tire manufacturing plant of the B. F. Goodrich Co., in Akron, Ohio, officials of the company on Jan. 28 ordered all operations in the plant suspended on Jan. 28. There are approximately 10,000 workers employed in the plant in four shifts. The compounding department processes crude rubber for use in other departments.

T. G. Graham, Vice-President of the company, claimed that the 31 employees participated in the "sit-down" strike after making demands for wage increases. A statement issued by the company said:

by the company said:

Due to a stoppage of work by 31 employees on the fourth shift in the company's compounding department, occurring after 6 p. m. Thursday, it was necessary to halt all manufacturing operations at midnight, Thursit was necessa day, Jan. 28.

It is said that an indefinite suspension of operations in the compounding department would cripple production throughout the plant.

Gas Workers in Toledo, Ohio, End 10-Day Strike-Accept Nine-Point Agreement

Accept Nine-Point Agreement
A 10-day strike in Toledo, Ohio, of union employees of the Ohio Fuel Gas Co. and the Northwestern Ohio Fuel Gas Co. ended on Jan. 25 following the acceptance of a nine-point agreement, which, among other things, provides for wage increases. The workers returned to their jobs on Jan. 26 restoring normal gas service. The settlement of the strike was reached, it was stated in the Toledo "Blade" of Jan. 26, through the efforts of Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, and Edmund Ruffin, Director of the Toledo Industrial Peace Board, in meetings with the committee of the striking Gas Employees' Union and officials of the company over a period of several days. The following is also from the paper quoted: is also from the paper quoted:

Is also from the paper quoted:

Union members late yesterday voted at a meeting in the Central Labor
Union headquarters, 177 to 34, to ratify a working agreement drawn by its
strike committee with the assistance of Attorney Eldon Young; officials of
the companies, Mr. McGrady and Mr. Ruffin during seven days and nights
of negotiation in the Commodore Perry Hotel.

The contract . . . provides the following:
Wage increases ranging from 5% to 49%, plus an additional 5% for all
employees if and when the companies receive a higher rate for gas service.
Dismissal bonuses in case of retrenchment.

Overtime to be paid for at rates of time-and-a-half and double time.
Vacations of one and two weeks with pay for all employees depending
on length of service.

on length of service.

a length of service.

More adequate seniority system.

A 40-hour week for all employees.

For the first time in the history of gas service in Toledo employees will be soured of continued wage payments during sickness and disability.

Greater protection of all employees in cases of discharge and demotion, assured.

Pay increases in all cases are retroactive to Jan. 1. Wages in the lower brackets have been raised to the former highest level in all classifications.

### Maritime Strike Ended on Pacific Coast—98-Day Wall out Longest and Most Costly in American History-Atlantic and Gulf Seamen Win Wage Increase -98-Day Walk-

The 98-day Pacific Coast maritime strike, the longest and costliest in American history, came to an end on Feb. 4, after the strikers voted, seven-to-one, to accept tentative

costlest in American history, came to an end on Feb. 4, after the strikers voted, seven-to-one, to accept tentative agreements reached between representatives of the shipowners and the unions. It is estimated by business interests that the strike has cost them about \$7,000,000 daily. Approximately 40,000 marine workers participated in the walkout, leaving nearly 240 ships stranded at Pacific piers and tying-up several hundred tons of cargo, valued at \$50,000,000. The strike was 15 days longer and cost millions of dollars more than that of 1934.

Settlement of the present Pacific Coast dispute followed by a little over a week the terminating by Atlantic and Gulf seamen of their strikes, which had been called in sympathy with the Pacific Coast walkout. Ending of the Atlantic seaboard and Gulf strikes, which were conducted by an insurgent group of the International Seamen's Union, without the latter's sanction, was noted in our issue of Jan. 30, page 705. On Feb. 2, at a conference between spokesmen of the American Steamship Owners Association and the International Seamen's Union, wage increases were granted to nearly every member of the unlicensed personnel of the 41 ship lines operating from Atlantic and Gulf ports. As to this the New York "Times" of Feb. 3 had the following to say:

Most of the increases were of \$10 a month, with a straight overtime wage of 70 cents an hour in excess of eight hours a day. The owners also agreed to recognize Saturday afternoon and Sunday and legal holidays

as days off in port, and granted preferential hiring of union men and the creation of a mediation board to rule on disputes.

The exceptions to the general increase occurred in the steward's departments, where conditions were governed by the types of ships. The stewards under some conditions will work nine hours a day and in certain posts they will receive 60 cents an hour overtime. The change will become effective today. posts they will re effective today.

Amendment to Agreement

The changes represent amendments to a wage agreement which was first signed in December, 1935, then modified in March and September, 1936. The strike of seamen on the Atlantic and the Gulf last March was in protest against the terms of the modification then made, the men charging that they had ordered the union delegates to obtain a cash payment for overtime provision and that the delegates had signed an agreement that did not include it. The ship lines would concede overtime only in the form of time off, whereas the men demanded cash.

The following bearing on the cettle way agreement which was

off, whereas the men demanded cash.

The following bearing on the settlement of the Pacific Coast strike is from United Press advices from San Francisco, Feb. 4, appearing in the New York "Journal of Commerce" of Feb. 5:

It was more of an armistice than a peace, however, for the end of the dispute left unsettled a number of loose ends likely to cause trouble in the

in the Joint Strike Policy Committee representing seven maritime unions, banded together in the Maritime Federation of the Pacific, meeting at noon, checked the vote of the strikers in the referendum on its proposal to call off the strike.

The vote was announced as 18,406 to end the strike, 2,604 against the proposal. It was an approximate 7 to 1 decision, although it was not complete.

complete.

Then the committee took up the matters still hanging fire. Among these were the dissatisfaction of the Marine Firemen, Oilers, Watertenders and Wipers' Association with their agreement with deep sea operators; the unsettled strikes of tug-boat workers in Los Angeles and San Francisco, and of shipyard workers in San Francisco and Seattle; and the efforts of Honolulu longshoremen, Pacific ship scalers, and dock clerks and checkers to obtain satisfactory agreements. to obtain satisfactory agreements.

to obtain satisfactory agreements.

Sweeping these aside momentarily, the committee voted to end the strike and so notified the shipowners officially.

The notification was based on the agreement among the unions to let a majority vote decide the strikers' course.

At the last minute an attempt was made to delay settlement until the shipyard question had been settled. But Harry Bridges, district president of the International Longshoremen's Association and the man to whom the public looked as the leader of the strike, succeeded in overruling the atternate.

Bridges' success in squashing this attempt indicated the bargemen's and machinists' strikes would not stand in the way of final approval of the agreements negotiated during the three months of the strike. Ship-owners

agreements negotiated during the three months of the strike. Ship-owners and union leaders must sign these agreements formally to make them official. The men are going back to work, starting tomorrow, when the first ships are scheduled to clear Western ports, under agreements which generally provide higher wage scales, cash for overtime, and union recognition. The agreements represent compromises, "meetings of the minds," in three months of steady negotiations. Neither side claimed a victory.

The men returned to work under wage scales which their employers said were the highest for maritime work in the world; with the shortest hours and the best working conditions of any seamen.

hours and the best working conditions of any seamen,

# Mississippi Rises as Ohio River Recedes and Rehabilitation Work Is Begun—President Roosevelt Indicates That RFC Will Give Financial Aid—President's Commission of Five Surveys Flooded Area—Red Cross Asks Further Contributions

As cities and towns along the Ohio River Valley this week began the work of rehabilitation after disastrous floods, residents of homes along the lower Mississippi River pre-

As cities and towns along the Ohio River Valley this week began the work of rehabilitation after disastrous floods, residents of homes along the lower Mississippi River prepared to cope with similar record-breaking high waters. While it was anticipated that the flood danger along the Mississippi would continue for another fortnight, army engineers believed that the system of levees would hold back the rising river. Meanwhile, it was estimated that the total of homeless as a result of recent floods exceeds 1,000,000, while property damage approximates \$500,000,000 and more than 400 are dead.

The Ohio and Mississippi floods were referred to in our issue of Jan. 30, page 708. As indicated in that item, President Roosevelt on Jan. 29 ordered a special commission to leave for Memphis, Tenn., to conduct a survey of the Ohio River flood destruction and begin a comprehensive rehabilitation and sanitation program. The membership of the commission includes Harry L. Hopkins, Works Progress Administrator; Major-General Edward M. Markham, Chief of Army Engineers; Surgeon-General Thomas Parran Jr. of the Public Health Service; Colonel F. C. Harrington, army engineer attached to WPA, and James L. Feiser, Vice-Chairman of the American Red Cross, the last named being the only one not in the list originally made known. Administrator Hopkins, with the others of the commission, left Washington by train on Jan. 31 and arrived on Feb. 1 at Memphis, where they went into conference with relief executives of Tennessee, Arkansas and Missouri. The party planned to travel by boat along the swollen Mississippi and Ohio Rivers. Noting that the President planned (as outlined at his press conference, Jan. 29) a program of financial aid to help flood victims in their rehabilitation, United Press accounts from Washington, Jan. 29, said:

First, he appealed to banks in the area to be as liberal as possible in granting loans to owners of damaged houses and merchants whose stocks have been destroyed or lost.

The President said the Red Cross is p

Meanwhile, a number of government agencies were developing a broad program of rehabilitation to aid flood victims. It will include placing 200,000 persons on relief rolls, and inspecting food supplies.

As soon as the water recedes, inspectors from the Food and Drug Administration will check all food supplies in flooded regions. Everything

contaminated will be destroyed.

From Associated Press advices from Washington, Jan. 29. we take the following:

The Federal Housing Administration will provide insurance on private loans for rebuilding homes. Red Cross officials estimate more than 800,000 homes have been flooded.

homes have been flooded.

All Army Corps Area commanders reported today to General Malin Craig, Chief of Staff, that they had perfected plans to evacuate any of the cities or towns on the Mississippi which might be flooded through any failure in the levee system. They expressed confidence, however, no widespread evacuation would be necessary.

Nation-wide permanent flood control was discussed in Congress. Senator Robert J. Bulkley, Democrat of Ohio, proposed an appropriation of \$150,000,000 for an Ohio Valley Authority to provide flood control on the Ohio and its tributaries. Representative Thomas O'Malley, Democrat of Wisconsin, who has demanded a Congressional investigation of flood-control projects on the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers, asserted he had data to show taxpayers "have not received one-half of what they paid for."

On Feb. 1 it was stated in Washington advices to the New York "Times" that a small subcommittee of the gen-eral informal flood relief committee met to discuss the plight of residents of flooded areas who might be unable to obtain financing for rehabilitation and construction. advices went on to say:

Representative Vinson of Kentucky was elected Chairman of the group, which was in touch with the White House in an effort to obtain some idea of what additional powers, if any, the President wants to meet the demands for rehabilitation.

A canvass of the possibility of special taxation to support A canvass of the possibility of special taxation to support a comprehensive long-range program of flood control was begun, said the "Times" dispatch of Feb. 1 which added that the tax proposal was first put forward by Representative McCormack of Massachusetts, a member of the House Ways and Means Committee.

The American Red Cross, which last week asked for contributions of \$10,000,000 to aid flood sufferers, said on Feb. 1 that present known needs indicated a fund of "far greater proportions than now received" would be required. We quote in this connection from an Associated Press Washington dispatch of Feb. 1:

We quote in this connection from an Associated Press Washington dispatch of Feb. 1:

The Red Cross expended \$17,000,000 on the Mississippi Valley floods of 1927, and officials estimated that at least that sum and possibly much more would be required for the present disaster. Officials said 932,109 persons already were being given Red Cross aid, of which 774,612 were listed as homeless in 11 States. These figures, it was pointed out, do not include other thousands being cared for by friends and relatives. General Malin Craig, Army Chief of Staff, told the President today he was "optimistic" about the Mississippi River situation, where doubt exists whether levees can withstand the flood crest surging out of the Ohio. Engineers generally agree what happens at Cairo, Ill., junction of the Ohio and Mississippi, when the flood crest reaches there will determine the extent of danger to the lower Mississippi Valley. "We hope now we are going to get by at Cairo," General Craig said.

A proposal for a long-range flood-control and prevention

going to get by at Cairo," General Craig said.

A proposal for a long-range flood-control and prevention program was issued jointly on Jan. 31 by H. H. Bennett, Chief of the Soil Conservation Service, and F. A. Silcox, Chief of the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture. The program would cover a period of between 30 and 40 years, and its sponsors estimated that it would begin to show results in 10 or 15 years. It would provide for Federal, State, local and private co-operation.

New York City's Free Port Opens at Stapleton, Staten Island—First in Country

The first free port in the United States, established on and around four of the 12 New York City piers at Stapleton, Staten Island, was officially opened on Feb. 1. The charter for the port was issued to New York City last year under the special act of Congress providing for the "establishment, operation and maintenance of foreign trade zones in ports of entry of the United States to expedite and encourage foreign commerce and for other purposes." A free port is merely a restricted zone where foreign goods may be brought, unpacked, graded, stored, mixed with either domestic or foreign merchandise and then transhipped to some other foreign country without the necessity of going through the United States customs.

## New Orleans "Times-Picayune" Celebrates 100th Anniversary — President Roosevelt Extends Good

Wishes

The New Orleans "Times-Picayune," one of the oldest and largest daily newspapers in the South, celebrated its 100th anniversary on Jan. 25. The occasion was marked by the publication of a 268-page paper, in 17 sections, the largest ever to be printed by the "Times-Picayune's" presses. The edition was also one of the largest ever published. Leonard K. Nicholson, President of the Times-Picayune Publishing Co., received many congratulatory messages, including one from President Roosevelt. The President expressed his "earnest hope" that "the "Times-Picayune,' through years to come, will continue to bear its full share in promoting the public weal and will keep its place in the forefront of movements to advance the well-being of your city, your State and our nation."

New "Arbitration Journal" Published by Chamber of Commerce of State of New York and American Arbitration Association

Arbitration Association
The "Arbitration Journal," a new quarterly publication, was issued in New York on Jan. 28 by the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, which has maintained an arbitration tribunal in New York since 1768, and the American Arbitration Association, New York, organized nationally in 1926, in collaboration with the Inter-American Commercial Arbitration Commission. The "Journal," with headquarters at 521 Fifth Avenue, New York, will be international in scope and collaborators have been appointed in seventeen countries to supply news and comment on arbitral thought and activity from all over the world. An announcement bearing on the new publication, issued by the American Arbitration Association, also had the following to say:

A former member of the Permanent Court of International Justice and

A former member of the Permanent Court of International Justice and former counselor of the Department of State, John Bassett Moore, heads the group of business and professional men launching the new publication, the ultimate aim of which is to further the cause of peace through commercial arbitration.

arbitration.

Judge Moore, as Honorary Editor of the "Journal," will have serving with him an editorial board composed of 20 men and women, including Isalah Bowman, of Johns Hopkins University; Clarence N. Callender, of the University of Pennsylvania; John T. Madden, of New York University, and University of Pennsylvania; John T. Madden, of New York University, and Roswell C. McCrea, of Columbia University, representing educational groups; Lucius R. Eastman, President, American Arbitration Association; Lee J. Eastman, President, Packard Motor Car Co. of New York; James A. Farrell, Chairman, National Foreign Trade Council; Malcolm Muir, President, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, and Thomas J. Watson, President, International Business Machines Corp., representing industry.

## Death of W. W. Durbin, Register of United States Treasury

William W. Durbin, Register of the United States Treasury, died at his home in Kenton, Ohio, on Feb. 4 of a cerebral hemorrhage, at the age of 71 years. Mr. Durbin had been in Kenton for several weeks on a rest from his duties in Washington. In Associated Press advices from Kenton Feb. 4 it was noted. Kenton, Feb. 4, it was noted:

For fifty years Mr. Durbin was active in the Democratic party. He was the first chairman of the William Jennings Bryan campaign for the Presidency in 1896. He was a delegate to six national Democratic conventions. At the Houston convention on 1928 he was chairman of the

ventions. At the Houston convention on 1928 he was chairman of the committee on permanent organization.

He was a candidate for the Democratic Senatorial nomination in 1930, finishing second to Robert J. Bulkley, who was elected in November, Mr. Durbin was appointed Register of the Treasury soon after Mr. Roosevelt was elected. He was responsible for the receipt, examination and custody of retired public debt securities, including paid interest coupons. His first political job was under President Cleveland, in the department of the Treasury which he headed at his death. of the Treasury which he headed at his death.

## Death of Representative A. J. Montague, of Virginia-Was Former Governor of State

Andrew Jackson Montague, member of the House of Representatives from the Third Virginia District since 1913, and former Governor of the State of Virginia, died on Jan. 24 at his residence in Urbanna, Va. He was 74 years old. Mr. Montague, a life-long Democrat, had served as Governor of Virginia from 1902 to 1906. The following regarding Mr. Montague's career prior to his election to Congress in 1913 is from the New York "Herald-Tribune" of Jan. 25:

In 1913 is from the New York "Herald-Tribune" of Jan. 25: Representative Montague, who was born in Campbell County, Virginia, was graduated from Richmond College in 1882, and received his LL,B, from the University of Virginia three years later. He received honorary legal degrees from Brown University and the University of Pennsylvania in 1903 and 1923, respectively.

He was admitted to the bar in 1885 and started his law practice in Danville, Va. Eight years later he was appointed United States Attorney for the western district of Virginia by President Cleveland, serving in this capacity until 1898, when he became Attorney General for Virginia. Four pears later he was elected Governor of Virginia and served in this resiston.

rs later he was elected Governor of Virginia, and served in this position

From 1906 to 1909 he was dean of the Richmond College Law School. 1906 he was a delegate to the Third Conference of American Republics in Rio de Janerio, and in 1909 and 1910 he was a delegate to the Third International Conference on Maritime Law in Brussels. Later he became vice-president and subsequently president of the American group of the Interparliamentary Union, and attended conferences of this organization in Paris, Berlin, London, Stockholm, Berne, Vienna, Copenhagen and Washington

## Secretary of Treasury Morgenthau Vacations at Sea Island, Ga.

It was announced on Feb. 1 that Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, accompanied by Mrs. Morgenthau, planned to spend this week at Sea Island, Ga. It is understood that the Secretary has, however, been in close touch with the Treasury Department and the White House.

## Walter Runciman Following Talks With President Roosevelt Sails For England

Roosevelt Sails For England

Walter Runciman, President of the British Board of Trade, sailed for England on January 29, following his brief visit to the United States, during which he held conferences with President Roosevelt, Secretary of State Hull and Secretary of Commerce Roper. No statement was issued by Mr. Runciman with his departure. The following Manchester advices (Canadian Press-Havas) Jan. 27, appeared in the Toronto "Globe & Mail"

The Manchester Guardian today declared that by the time Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, leaves Washington "the

ground will have been covered for an Anglo-American trade agreement to be worked out in detail by experts."

Mr. Runciman's visit was referred to in our Jan. 30 issue, page 702.

## . J. Rabin Becomes Chairman of New York State Mortgage Commission—Succeeds Wendell P. Barker

Mortgage Commission—Succeeds Wendell P. Barker
Benjamin J. Rabin, of New York City, took the oath of
office on Feb. 1 as Chairman of the New York State Mortgage Commission, succeeding Wendell P. Barker, of Yonkers,
who resigned on Jan. 25 after serving two years. Mr.
Rabin was sworn in by Presiding Justice Francis Martin of
the Appellate Division, in the courthouse in New York City.
Mr. Rabin was appointed to the post by Governor Lehman
on Jan. 25, shortly after the acceptance of the resignation
of Mr. Barker, and the appointment was unanimously confirmed by the State Senate on Jan. 26. In accepting Mr.
Barker's resignation, Governor Lehman thanked him for the
service which he had rendered the State. The following
regarding the new Chairman is from the New York "Herald
Tribune" of Feb. 2:

Mr. Rabin assisted in drafting the legislation which created the Mortgage Commission. He was invited to help draft the measure because of his experience as counsel for the joint legislative committee which had investigated the guaranteed mortgage situation in the spring of 1935. When the Commission was appointed in February, 1935, Mr. Rabin became its general attorney. general attorney.

general attorney.

In the early part of 1936 the Commission formed a subsidiary known as the Mortgage Commission Servicing Corp., to handle its real estate problems, supplanting the agencies formerly established by the Superintendent of Insurance. Since the middle of summer Mr. Rabin has been acting President of the servicing corporation. In the fall he was made a Deruty Commissioner to sreve in the absence of any of the members of the Commission.

Mr. Rabin is a member of the Bar Association of the City of New York, the New York County Lawyers' Association and the Bronx County Bar Association. His home is in the Bronx.

E. A. Skehan to Direct Savings, Building and Loan Activities of FHA

The Federal Housing Administration announced on Jan. 30 the appointment of Eugene A. Skehan, of Ridgewood, N. J., as Assistant to the Deputy Administrator and director of the Administration's savings and building and loan activities. as Assistant to the Deputy Administrator and director of the Administration's savings and building and loan activities. Mr. Skehan, who was for seven years Secretary of the New York Edison Savings and Loan Association and for 13 years a member of its board of directors, succeeds George E. Palmer, who was recently appointed special adviser on building and loan affairs.

Frank Dunne Elected President of New York Security
Dealers Association—Succeeds Oliver J. Troster
At the annual meeting Feb. 3 of the New York Security
Dealers Association, Frank Dunne, partner in Dunne & Co.,
was elected President of the Association for the current year,
to succeed Oliver J. Troster. Other officers elected were
Frank Rizzo, of Clinton Gilbert & Co., First Vice-President;
Clarence E. Unterberg, of C. E. Unterberg & Co., Second
Vice-President; John E. Sloane, of John E. Sloane & Co.,
Treasurer, and William Hart Smith, of Hart Smith & Co.,
Secretary. Peter Ross is Executive Secretary of the Association. Frank Y. Cannon, of J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.;
Clarence E. Unterberg; David J. Lewis, of Paine, Webber
& Co. and John J. O'Kane, Jr. of John J. O'Kane, Jr. & Co.
were elected to the Board of Governors for three years to
serve with Henry C. Dick, Frank Dunne, Frank Rizzo,
John E. Sloane, William Hart Smith, Oliver J. Troster,
Meyer Willett and P. Erskine Wood.
Mr. Dunne was associated with the Bankers Trust Co.
from 1911 until 1920 when he entered the over-the-counter
business. He established his own firm in 1921. The new
President has been a member of the Board of Governors of
the Association for the past three years and has also served
as member and chairman of various Association committees.

as member and chairman of various Association committees.

## Senate Confirmation of Several Important Presidential Nominations

Since the opening of the present session of Congress the Senate has confirmed hundreds of nominations made by President Roosevelt during its recess, including those named to various Government offices, and those named to and promoted in the foreign and military services. The following are those nominated for the more important posts who have received the confirmation of the Senate.

William Phillips, of Massachusetts, as Ambassador to Italy, confirmed

William Christian Bullitt, of Pennsylvania, as Ambassador to France,

Willam Christian Bullitt, of Pennsylvania, as Ambassador to France, confirmed Jan. 16.

Joseph E. Davies, of District of Columbia, as Ambassador to Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, confirmed Jan. 16.

James A. Farley, as Postmaster-General, confirmed Jan. 22.

Charles Edison, as Assistant Secretary of the Navy, confirmed Jan. 22.

Milburn L. Wilson, as Under-Secretary of Agriculture, confirmed Jan. 29.

Harry L. Brown, as Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, confirmed Jan. 29.

## Secretary of Treasury Morgenthau Transfers Several Duties to Assistant Secretary Taylor

Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, announced Jan. 29 that in a redistribution of duties in the Treasury Department the responsibility of the Secretary with respect to the following bureaus and divisions will be exercised through the Fiscal Assistant Secretary, Wayne C.

The Bureau of the Mint, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the office of the Treasurer of the United States, the office of the Commissioner of the Public Debt, the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the office of Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits and the Division of Savings Bonds.

## Governors and Executive Committee of Mortgage Ban-kers Association to Hold Annual Winter Meeting in Chicago, Feb. 10-11

Possibility of developing a mortgage lending plan carrying the better features of Federal Housing Administration without the Government guarantee of debentures issued by the agency and the present outlook for farm mortgage lending will be among the principal matters for consideration at the winter meeting of the board of governors and the executive committee of the Mortgage Bankers Association of America in Chicago, Ill., on Feb. 10 and 11 at the Hotel LaSalle. An announcement issued in Chicago on Jan. 30 by the Association continued: sociation continued:

The groups will hear a report from James W. Collins, Association President, regarding a series of conferences he will have early in February with various Government officials in Washington relative to the trend of future Federal participation in housing and housing financing. At the Board of Governors meeting on Feb. 11/there will be a round table discussion of interest rates, FHA activities, vacancies, building operations and rental conditions by members from 30 States represented on the board.

### Speaker Announced for Annual Banquet in New York Feb. 11 of Trust Division of American Bankers Association

Frank Branch Riley, of the Portland, Ore., Bar, will be the speaker of the evening at the annual banquet of the Trust Division, American Bankers Association, at The Waldorf-Astoria, New York City, Feb. 11, it is announced by President Blaine B. Coles of the division. The banquet will close the eighteenth annual mid-winter trust conference which meets Feb. 9-11. Mr. Riley will speak on various economic developments of nation-wide interest.

Previous reference to the coming trust conference was made in our issues of Jan. 23, page 551, and Dec. 5, page 3562

in our issues of Jan. 23, page 551, and Dec. 5, page 3562.

## Semi-Annual Survey of Real Estate Market by National Association of Real Estate Boards—Steady Advance Noted in Every Phase of Market

Renewed demand for business property is already re-Renewed demand for business property is already reflected in higher rental scales for the downtown sections of cities in about three-fourths of the principal cities of the country, said the National Association of Real Estate Boards in making available its twenty-eighth semi-annual survey of the real estate market. Reports from 253 cities, made by officials or committees of the National Association's member boards over the country, are included in the survey, released Jan. 30. A steady advance is shown in every phase of the market, the Association said, more nearly uniform for cities of every type and every geographical secuniform for cities of every type and every geographical section than has been the case for years. The Association's announcement, bearing on its survey, continued:

Announcement, bearing on its survey, continued:

Many cities report the gain as far enough consolidated as to indicate a very active building year ahead, but new construction is very definitely for use. A steady healthy rise is indicated.

In cities where real estate advance has been most marked, new building is reported as having stabilized the upward movement of residential rents. New apartment construction has begun to join new home building to counterbalance the growing absorption of existing residential space. . . .

Real estate prices are higher. The advance now shown in 80% of the cities of the country began, of course, in built property. The present survey shows the first post-depression reports of an advance in the price of home sites. The rise here reported by some cities has been as much as 10%. Subdivision lots are selling more actively than last year in two-thirds of the cities. . .

Details of the survey findings as to demand and supply of various types of structures, mortgage supply, interest costs, and the like, follow:

Residential Space Well Absorbed—But Rental Rise Gradual

### Residential Space Well Absorbed-But Rental Rise Gradual

Residential Space Well Absorbed—But Rental Rise Gradual

Residential space is shown to be well absorbed. But notwithstanding the increased space absorption, rise in residential rents, while very general over the country, has been very gradual. This is true both for detached houses and for apartments.

Undersupply of single family dwellings is shown in 72% of the cities. Only 1½% of the cities report any oversupply. In a like survey of six months ago, 76% of cities reported an undersupply of single-family dwellings. The slight decrease would appear to be an indication of the balancing effect of new home building.

An undersupply of apartments exists in 55% of the cities, according to these official confidential reports from local real estate boards. One city reports every desirable apartment unit occupied. Only 2% of the cities report any remaining oversupply of apartments.

No city of over 100,000 population shows any oversupply in single-family dwellings, but the very largest cities (over 500,000 population) in 22% of the cases show oversupply of apartments.

Rents are up for single-family dwellings as compared with a year ago in 90% of the cities, and are down in less than 1½% of the cities. Apartment space is higher in 86% of the cities, and not a single city of the country shows any down-trend of apartment rents.

Business and Office Space

Increasing demand for business space is reflected in higher rent levels in 720% of the cities and properting the single city in the country reported in 120 of the cities and 120 of the country reported in 120 of the cities and 120 of the c

Business and Office Space

Increasing demand for business space is reflected in higher rent levels in 72% of the cities reporting. Not a single city in the country reported business space rates as down over last year. In 28% of the cities they hold to last year's levels. In outlying business districts the pick-up has not gone so far. But even here 45% of the cities report higher rental scales, and only 1% show a lower scale than last year. Undersupply of business property is already reported in 13% of the cities. Cities of under 25,000 population most frequently show the shortage of commercial

space, with 25% so reporting. Oversupply is still shown in 13% of the

space, with 25% so reporting. Oversupply is still shown in 15% of the cities.

Office space still lags behind business space. But higher rental scales are in effect for downtown office buildings in 36% of the cities, and not a city anywhere in the country shows a lower scale than last year. In outlying centers, 24% of the cities show higher office rentals, end only 1% show a lower rate than last year. Apparently the change in office building demand has come with about the same rapidity in cities of every size.

Interest Costs Still Falling, But Change Is Slight in Last Six Months Gross cost to the borrower on first mortgages with good security is reported to be at about last year's level in 61% of the cities, with 37% of the cities reporting that the cost is falling. Interest costs are going up in 2% of the cities, all of them comparatively small cities.

Present actual interest rate at which first mortgage loans on new moderately-priced homes are now most commonly being made is still the 6% rate. Of cities reporting, 64% cite it as the rate in most common use. This is exactly the percentage of cities so reporting six months ago.

A 5% rate prevails as common in 30% of the cities on this kind of mortgage.

Only four cities of the country show any rate lower than 5% as in

Capital is seeking loans in 75% of the cities. Desirable loans are available in excess of capital supply in 14% of the cities. This is almost exactly the proportion of cities so reporting six months ago.

### ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, &c.

Harvey D. Gibson, President of Manufacturers Trust Co. Harvey D. Gibson, President of Manufacturers Trust Co.
New York, has been elected a member of the Advisory
Council of the Bond Club of New York to succeed the late
Charles Hayden, it was announced Feb. 2 by Frank F.
Walker, President of the club. Other members of the Advisory Council are George F. Baker, H. Donald Campbell,
J. Herbert Case, Clarence Dillon, J. P. Morgan, James H.
Perkins, William C. Potter, Seward Prosser, Frederick
Strauss, Frank A. Vanderlip and Felix M. Warburg.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of The National City Bank of New York on Feb. 2, William M. Scott was appointed an Assistant Cashier.

Edward J. Gafney, formerly Assistant Auditor of Manufacturers Trust Company of New York City, has been appointed Auditor of the company.

At the annual meeting on Feb. 2 of the Board of Directors of J. Henry Schroder Trust Company of New York City, Allen W. Dules of the law firm of Sullivan & Cromwell, was elected a Director.

The Continental Bank & Trust Co., New York City, has appointed John T. Seaman to the new office of Comptroller.

The officers and trustees of the Savings Bank of Central Queens and the Jamaica Savings Bank, both of Jamaica, Long Island, New York, announced on Jan. 23 the merger of the former into the latter. The Savings Bank of Central Queens will be operated as a branch of the Jamaica Savings Bank, which has its main office at 161-02 Jamaica Avenue, and maintains a branch office at 90-55 Sutphin Boulevard. As a result of the merger, the Jamaica Savings Bank has on deposit over \$40,000,000, representing the combined balances of approximately 64,000 persons, who reside mainly in Jamaica and its surrounding communities, and, it is stated, is now the tenth largest of all the savings banks in Brooklyn and Long Island The Jamaica Savings Bank had planned to open a branch office in Queens Village; instead the office of the former Savings Bank of Central Queens will be moved to Queens Village and operated as a branch of the Jamaica Savings Bank. The office, which will be located at 216-19 Jamaica Avenue, will be in readiness about May 1. The officers of the Jamaica Savings Bank are George S. Downing, President; Leander B. Faber, Vice-President; George K. Meynen, Vice-President; Earl Harkness, Vice-President & Comptroller; Charles R. Doughty, Treasurer; G. Warren Smith, Secretary; Richard W. Beverg Assistant Secretary; and Henry I. Newell. As-The officers and trustees of the Savings Bank of Central Vice-President; George K. Meynen, Vice-President; Earl Harkness, Vice-President & Comptroller; Charles R. Doughty, Treasurer; G. Warren Smith, Secretary; Richard W. Reeves, Assistant Secretary; and Henry I. Newell, Assistant Secretary; the trustees are Leander B. Faber, George K. Meynen, Clifford M. Tappen, Charles R. Doughty, George S. Downing, G. Warren Smith, Clarence A. Ludlum, John Adikes, Edwin R. Burtis, Alvin M. Dunham, Frank R. Smith, William Callister, Valentine W. Smith, Warren B. Ashmead, Leander W. Faber, Robert W. Higbie, Jr., and Farl Harkness. Earl Harkness.

A dinner to John W. Frazer, who recently completed his 20th year as President of the Roosevelt Savings Bank, Brooklyn, N. Y. was tendered on Jan. 28 by the Roosevelt Club, composed of employees of the bank. The dinner was held at the Hotel St. George, in Brooklyn, and was attended by more than 200 persons, including the Presidents of many Brooklyn savings banks. William J. Kubat, President of the Club, presented Mr. Fraser with a gold watch in behalf of the group. A gift was also given to Adam Schneider Jr., who began with the bank as an office boy 35 years ago and who was recently elected First Vice-President. Mr. Schneider had previously been Comptroller of the bank since 1923.

B. P. Van Benthuysen, Vice-President of the Prudential Savings Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y., died on Jan. 21. Mr. Van Benthuysen began his banking career as a runner over

fifty years ago. He was 65 years of age. He founded the Traders National Bank of Brooklyn in 1926, and was at the head of the institution until it merged with the Bank of America three years later. He was also a founder of the Cashiers and Secretaries Association which later became the Bankers Club of Brooklyn the Bankers Club of Brooklyn.

Plans to increase the capital stock of the Tompkins County Trust Co. of Ithaca, N. Y., from \$260,000, consisting of 26,000 shares of the par value of \$10 a share, to \$650,000, consisting of 26,000 shares of a par value of \$25 each, was approved by the New York State Banking Department on Lan 25

K. Arthur Merrill and J. Pierce Maurer have been elected Assistant Cashiers of the Erie National Bank of Phila-delphia, Pa.

Directors of the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, Pa., at their annual meeting on Jan. 29, promoted David M. Gilmore from Trust Officer to be a Vice-President in the trust department; advanced Frank O. Over from an Assistant Trust Officer to Trust Officer, and named Alan S. Christner an Assistant Trust Officer.

State Senator J. Allen Coad of Maryland was elected President of the County Trust Co. of Maryland (head office Cambridge, Md.) and of its affiliated institution, the County Corp. of Maryland, at meetings of the directors of the respective companies held in Annapolis, Md., on Jan. 27. Senator Coad, who said he would assume his duties about April 1, will have offices in the Union Trust Building, Baltimore, Md. He succeeds Hooper S. Miles, State Treasurer of Maryland, who resigned to become Executive Vice-President of the Baltimore National Bank, Baltimore. Annapodent of the Baltimore National Bank, Baltimore. Annapolis advices on Jan. 27 to the Baltimore "Sun," from which from which

the above information is obtained, added, in part:

The County Trust Co. of Maryland has branches in Cambridge, Hurlock, Vienna, East New Market, Wingate, Federalsburg, St. Michaels, Salisbury, Sharptown, Snow Hill, Annapolis, &c., &c.

Checks aggregating \$64,416 were mailed on Jan. 22 to depositors of the defunct Forest Park Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, Ill., it is learned from the Chicago "Tribune," which added that the payment represents a distribution of 5% of total deposit claims and brings the total paid so far to 25%.

Stockholders of the Industrial Morris Plan Bank of Detroit, Mich., at their annual meeting on Jan. 12 elected William M. Walker a member of the Board and reelected all the old directors, it is learned from the Detroit "Free Press" of Jan. 13. At the subsequent meeting of the directors the following promotions were made: John B. Richardson, H. R. Huffman and Edward Taub advanced to Assistant Vice-Presidents; J. P. Beattie, Keith G. Cone and Lee S. Carrick promoted to Assistant Secretaries, and Howard Sparks and H. E. Klockow advanced to Assistant Treasurers. All other officers were reappointed. Eugene W. Lewis is President.

A new banking institution was opened in Raleigh, N. C., on Jan. 28 under the title of the Raleigh Industrial Bank. In noting the opening, the Raleigh "News and Observer" of Jan. 29 said:

The bank, only one of its type in Raleigh, is headed by Alexander Webb as President. E. Headen is Teller. The institution is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, insuring deposits up to \$5,000 by

The Royal Bank of Canada (head office Montreal) announced on Jan. 26 that it had closed its Costa Rican branch as a result of the Republic's new banking laws. In noting this, the Montreal "Gazette" of Jan. 27 had the following to say:

to say:

Closing of the Royal Bank of Canada branch at San Jose, Costa Rica, is made necessary by legislation "restricting our operations to such an extent we would not be able to make a worth-while profit," officials at the head office of the bank said here yesterday (Jan. 26).

The Costa Rican legislation requires setting up of certain capital within the country and restricts the amount of loans in certain cases to an extent incompatible with the amount of capital set up, according to the foreign department of the bank.

The San Jose office is the third closed in Control and South America is

foreign department of the bank.

The San Jose office is the third closed in Central and South America in the last three months, it was learned. Branches of the bank at Valencia and Barquisimeto in the interior of Venezuela have been closed due to restrictive legislation there, but three other larger offices in Venezuela will

remain in operation.
"We expect to continue our Venezuelan business," the bank reported.

H. K. Wright, for the past 19 years Routine Inspector of the Royal Bank of Canada, retired on Jan. 30, completing

a banking service in Canada of 42 years. In outlining his career, the Montreal "Gazette" of Jan. 29 said, in part:

In September, 1899, he joined the Merchants Bank of Halifax, in Montreal, and in 1900, the year before the Merchants Bank of Halifax became the Royal Bank of Canada, Mr. Wright was transferred to Vancouver.

During the next 18 years he served the Royal Bank in many British Columbia centers, and in 1912 was appointed Inspector, with headquarters at Vancouver. In 1918 he returned to Montreal as Routine Inspector at head office.

Our booklet "Foreign Exchange Regulations Affecting Exports" contains valuable information for manufacturers and merchants who sell abroad.

### MANUFACTURERS TRUST COMPANY

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND FOREIGN DEPARTMENT: 55 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Member Federal Referve System Member New York Clearing House Association Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1922, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just passed:

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1930 JAN. 30, 1937, TO FEB. 5, 1937, INOLUSIVE

Country and Monetary		Buying Re Valu		d States M		York
Unti	Jan. 30	Feb. 1	Feb. 2	Feb. 3	Feb. 4	Feb. 5
Europe-	S	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Austria, schilling	.186800*	.186814*	.186800*	.186814*	.186800*	.186771
Belgium, belga	.168769	.168696	.168690	.168646	.168613	.168646
Bulgaria, lev	.012825*	.012875*	.012875*	.013000*		
Czechoslakia, koruna	.034881	.034885	.034885	.034887	.034885	.034884
Denmark, krone	.218595	.218538	.218685	.218733	.218533	.218345
England, pound sterl'g	4.897500	4.895583	4.899041	4.899041	4.894666	4.891041
Finland, markka	.021612	.021600	.021612	.021587	.021593	.021578
France, franc	.046605	.046610	.046612	.046598	.046580	.046513
Germany, reichsmark		.402292	.402260	.402253	.402257	.402260
Greece, drachma	.008969*		.008964*	.008967*	.008970*	.0089604
Holland, guilder		.547526	.547528	.547539	.547525	.547532
Hungary, pengo				.197750*		.197750*
Italy, lira	.052608	.052611	.052608	.052611	.052611	.052607
Norway, krone	.246072	.245992	.246129	.246220	.245954	.245741
Poland, zloty	.189266	.189300	.189300	.189266	.189266	.189300
Portugal, escudo	.044433*		.044466*	.044475*	.044433*	.044408*
Rumania, leu	.007278*	.007275*	.007278*	.007278*	.007278*	.007250*
Spain pagets	.068785*		.068583*	.068785*	.069071*	.0684284
Spain, peseta Sweden, krona	.252475	.252387	.252529	.252633	252385	.252158
Cwit-coloned from	.228716	.228732	.228860	.228796	.228725	.228426
Switzerland, franc	.022960*	.023020*	.023020*	.023066*	.023020	.023020
Yugoslavia dinar	.022900+	.023020*	.023020*	.023000	.020020	.023020
China—		Test Tari	4 34 9 1	Profession .	1 - 11 - 31	
	.296916	.296708	.296875	.296875	.296666	.296291
Chefoo (yuah) dol'r			.297041		.296833	.296458
Hankow(yuan) dol'r		.296875		.297041 .296875	.296666	.296458
Shanghai (yuan) dol		.296875	.296875			.296458
Tientsin(yuan) dol'r	.297083	.296875	.297041	.297041	.296833	
Hongkong, dollar	.305000	.305000	.304791	.304791		.304416
India, rupee	.370145	.369887	.370101	.370222	.369922	.369509
Japan, yen	.284821*		.285237*	.285355*	.285366*	.285144*
Singapore (S. S.) dol'r Australasia—		.574187	.574437	.574437	.574437	.573062
Australia, pound	3.902500*	3.900885*	3.902321*	3.901354*	3.898750*	3.898541*
New Zealand, pound.	3.933250*	3.929437*	3.932031*	3.935625*	3.928875*	3.926041*
South Africa, pound	4.844843*	4.841339*	4.845781*	4.849453*	4.843515*	4.838906*
North America—	.999687	.999759	.999807	.999663	.999411	.999468
Canada, dollar		.999166	.999166	.999166	.999166	.999166
Cuba, peso	.999166	.277500	.277500	.277500	.277500	.277500
Mexico, peso Newfoundland, dollar	.277500 .997187	.997276	.997402	.997207	.996894	.997004
South America—		000400	000000	0000000	000400+	200000
Argentina, peso	.326533*	.326400*	.326600*	.326650*	.326433*	.325983*
Brazil(official) milreis		.087055*	.087055*	.087072	.087055*	.087022*
(Free) milreis	.060871	.060928	.061071	.061142	.061057	.061212
Chile, peso	.051725*	.051725*	.041725*	.051725*	.051725*	.051725*
Colombia, peso	.573900*	.573900*	.573900*	<sub>*</sub> 573900*	.573900*	.573900*
Uruguay, peso	.789000*	.789000*	.789000*	.789000*	.789000*	.789000*

<sup>\*</sup> Nominal rates; firm rates available.

### ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKET—PER CABLE

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

	Sat., Jan. 30	Mon., Feb. 1	Tues., Feb. 2	Wed., Feb. 3	Thurs., Feb. 4	Fri., Feb. 5
Silver, per oz 2	0¼d.	20 3-16d.	201/sd.	20 1-16d.	19 13-16d.	21 1-16d.
Gold, p. fine oz.14	28.	142s. 1/d.	142s.	141s. 11d.	142s.	142s.2 1/2d.
Consols, 21/2% - I	Ioliday	815%	821/8	82 5/8	82 5/8	82 13-16
British 31/2%			Here's (5)			
War Loan I	Ioliday	1035/8	103 1/8	1041/4	104 5/8	104 %
British 4%						
1960-90 I	Ioliday	1135%	11334	1143/8	11434	1147/8

The price of silver per ounce (in cents) in the United States on the same days has been: Bar N.Y.(for'n) Closed 43¾ 50.01 50.01 50.01 50.01 50.01 U.S. Treasury \_ 50.01 U. S. Treasury (newly mined) 77.57 77.57 77.57 77.57 77.57 77.57

### THE CURB EXCHANGE

Trading on the New York Curb Exchange was fairly active at improving prices until Friday when President Roosevelt's message requesting power to add six Justices to the Supreme Court had an unsettling effect on the market. Public utilities have been active at improving prices and specialties have gradually worked up to higher levels. Oil stocks have been firm but with one or two exceptions have shown little change. The volume of transfers registered a steady increase since Monday when the total for the day was approximately 629,000 shares.

Public utilities attracted considerable attention during the brief period of dealings on Saturday and a number of the popular trading shares recorded modest advances despite Judge Mack's decision that utility holding companies must register. Electric Bond & Share common moved up and down but finally closed with a net gain of 1½ points. There was some activity apparent among the metal stocks, particularly Shattuck Denn which broke into new high ground above 25. Specialties also were moderately active and so were the oil issues. Prominent among the gains were Carrier Corp, 2 points to 39; Jones & Laughlin Steel, 1 point to 109; Penn Salt, 3¼ points to 170 and Pittsburgh Plate Glass, 1½ points to 142½.

The market continued to move on the side of the advance

The market continued to move on the side of the advance during most of the dealings on Monday. In the opening hour trading was very active but as the day progressed strength was considerably reduc d and the transfers declined

strength was considerably reduced and the transfers declined strength was considerably reduced and the transfers declined in volume. Specialties attracted some buying especially Singer Manufacturing Co. which forged ahead 15 points to 350; Babcock & Wilcox which moved up to 150 with a gain of 3 points; Brill Corp., pref. which closed at 70 with an advance of 5½ points and Gamewell Co. pref. which climbed up 15 points to 90. Smaller gains were registered by Ferro Enamel, 2½ points to 44¾; Margay Oil, 2 points to 26½; Mead Johnson, 2 points to 110; Perfect Circle, 2 points to 37 and Safety Car Heating & Lighting, 3 points to 126.

Good gains in most of the active groups were in evidence on Tuesday, and while the improvement in the specialties and public utilities was fairly substantial, there were a number of smaller gains scattered through the list. The volume for the day showed a moderate increase over the preceding session, the transfers totaling 683,000 shares against 629,000 on Monday. The gains included among others Sherwin Williams, 2¼ points to 146; Thew Shovel, 3½ points to 50½; Newmont Mining, 3¾ points to 125¾; Mead Johnson, 4¾ points to 114¾; National Gypsum (A), 2 points to 72 and Bell Telephone of Canada 3 points to 165.

Many fresh peaks for the recovery were registered on Wednesday as the market continued its forward movement.

2 points to 72 and Bell Telephone of Canada 3 points to 165. Many fresh peaks for the recovery were registered on Wednesday as the market continued its forward movement. Public utilities were in demand at higher prices and there was considerable buying interest manifested in the specialties. The transfers for the day were 781,210 shares against 683,000 on the preceding day. Outstanding among the advances registered at the close were American Cyanamid A, 2½ points to 36; American Manufacturing Co., 4 points to 41; Babcock & Wilcox, 2 points to 152; Jones & Laughlin Steel, 4½ points to 114; Penn Water & Power, 3 points to 95; Pepperell Manufacturing Co., 2½ points to 138¾; Quaker Oats, 3½ points to 150; Royalite Oil, 2½ points to 52; Sherwin Williams, 4 points to 150 and Western Auto Supply, 3½ points to 82.

points to 82.

Curb stocks continued to climb upward on Thursday. Curb stocks continued to climb upward on Thursday, and while there were occasional weak spots scattered through the various groups, the list, as a whole, was firm and a number of substantial gains were apparent as the session came to a close. New tops were registered by several of the market leaders including among others Pittsburgh Plate Glass to 147½, Sherwin Williams 152 and Eagle Picher Lead at 26. Jones & Laughlin Steel also broke into new high ground at 116½ and Detroit Steel Products raised its top to 63 with an advance of 4 points but lost ½ point in the final hour. Many other substantial gains were scattered through the list.

On Friday stocks continued the forward movement dur-

through the list.

On Friday stocks continued the forward movement during the early trading, but tumbled rapidly downward following the announcement of President Roosevelt's request for authority to add six new Justices to the Supreme Court. Many active stocks that had been fairly strong throughout the week declined from 2 to 5 or more points. Jones & Laughlin Steel dipped 5½ points to 111, Pepperell Manufacturing Co. slipped back to 136½ with a loss of 3½ points and Singer Manufacturing Co. receded 8 points to 342. Following the decline on Friday, prices were lower, Aluminum Co. of America closing last night at 163 against 164 on Friday a week ago, American Cyanamid B at 33½ against 33½, Consolidated Gas of Baltimore at 86 against 87½, Creole Petroleum at 35½ against 37¼, Fisk Rubber Corp. at 12¾ against 13½, New Jersey Zine at 80 against 81, Niagara Hudson Power at 16 against 16½, and United Shoe Machinery at 91 against 95½.

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

West and the second	Stocks		Bo	mds (Par	Value)	ter kir silya kan di
Week Ended Feb. 5, 1937	(Number of Shares)	Domesti		Foreign overnm't	Foreign Corporate	Total
Saturday	380,920 629,345 682,760	\$966,0	000	\$24,000 53,000 20,000	\$158,000 171,000 164,000	2,115,000
Wednesday Thursday Friday	776,710 768,275 1,044,435	1,988,0 2,344,0 1,909,0 2,582,0	000	52,000 63,000 30,000	105,000 65,000 84,000	2,501,000 2,037,000
Total	4,282,445	\$11,680,0	000	\$242,000	\$747,000	\$12,669,000
Sales at New York Curb	Week E	inded Feb	. 5	5 5 40	Jan. 1 to F	eb. 5
Exchange	1937	1 19	36	19	37	1936
Stocks-No. of shares.  Bonds			48,136		430,872	26,925,716
Foreign governemt Foreign corporate	\$11,680,0 242,0 747,0	00 3	545,000 891,000 199,000	1	068,000 958,000 584,000	\$153,892,000 2,759,000 1,275,000
Total	\$12,669,0	00 \$28,1	35,00	\$71	610,000	\$157,926,000

### Course of Bank Clearings

Bank clearings this week will again show an increase compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us, based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ended today (Saturday, Feb. 6), bank exchange for all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly returns will be 11.2% above those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary total stands at \$6,721,760,230, against \$6,043,389,612 for the same week in 1936. At this center there is a gain for the week ended Friday of 10.3%. Our comparative summary for the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph Week Ended Feb. 6	1937	1936	Per Cent
New York Chicago Philadelphia Boston Kansas City St. Louis San Francisco Pittsburgh Detroit Cleveland Baltimore	\$3,447,081,611 290,258,290 330,000,000 216,829,000 81,009,828 74,600,000 130,734,000 123,051,391 86,032,779 72,802,343 62,482,621 35,584,000	\$3,126,131,350 224,463,160 333,000,000 194,000,000 70,749,480 59,900,000 98,163,914 68,088,744 55,229,747 48,682,794 26,683,000	+10.3 +29.3 -0.9 +11.8 +14.5 +24.5 +22.8 +25.4 +26.4 +31.8 +28.3 +34.4
Twelve cities, five days Other cities, five days Total all cities, five days All cities, one day	\$4,950,745,863 650,720,995 \$5,601,466,858 1,120,293,372	\$4,411,578,189 586,032,015 \$4,997,610,204 1,045,779,408	+12.2 +11.0 +12.1 +7.1
Total all cities for week	\$6,721,760,230	\$6,043,389,612	+11.2

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot furnish them today inasmuch as the week ends today (Saturday) and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon today. Accordingly, in the above the last day of the week in all cases has to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous—the week ended Jan. 30. For that week there was an increase of 17.2%, the aggregate of clearings for the whole country having amounted to For that week there was an increase of 17.2%, the aggregate of clearings for the whole country having amounted to \$6,991,925,500, against \$5,968,019,997 in the same week in 1936. Outside of this city there was an increase of 18.1%, the bank clearings at this center having recorded a gain of 16.6%. We group the cities according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) the totals record an increase of 16.6%, in the Boston Reserve District of 27.8% and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 10.5%. In the Cleveland Reserve District there is an expansion of 24.1%, in the Richmond Reserve District of 25.5% and in the Atlanta Reserve District of 29.5%. The Chicago and Minneapolis Reserve Districts have both managed to enlarge their totals by 20.5%, but the St. Louis Reserve District reports the totals smaller by 10.1%. In the Kansas City Reserve District the totals show a gain of 5.5%, the Dallas Reserve District of 23.1% and the San Francisco Reserve District of 16.8%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARINGS

Week End. Jan. 30, 1937	1937	1936	Dec.	1935	1934
Federal Feserve Dists.	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
1st Boston 12 cities	325,644,142	254,748,840	+27.8	219,239,277	222,285,352
2nd New York_13 "	4,572,722,200	3,920,225,445	+16.6	3,838,646,897	4,112,159,530
3rd Philadelphia 9 "	396,200,947	358,581,604	+10.5	319,586,504	271,254,797
4th Cleveland 5 "	284,749,570	229,394,860	+24.1	209,327,288	188,527,827
5th Richmond 6 "	131,379,405	104,712,749		95,902,235	92,760,015
6th Atlanta 10 "	149,176,064	115,225,751		104,624,285	93,835,164
7th Chicago18 "	518,113,518	429,944,671		377,659,105	300,410,911
8th St. Louis 4 "	100,686,280	111,982,978		103,235,794	96,747,616
9th Minneapolis 7 "	89,424,090	74,225,402		70,180,933	69,488,630
10th KansasCity 10 "	129,735,106	122,985,817		111,284,748	95,346,061
11th Dallas 5 "	58,600,422	47,595,094		43,621,834	41,766,274
12th San Fran_11 "	231,823,039	198,396,786		182,786,639	159,403,088
Total110 cities	6,991,925,500	5,968,019,997	+17.2	5,676,095,539	6,743,985,265
Outside N. Y. City	2,552,562,935	2,161,959,219		1,942,470,117	1,731,127,632
			7	242 245 405	200 150 000

We also furnish today a summary of the clearings for the onth of January. For that month there was a gain for

the entire body of clearing houses of 7.0%, the 1937 aggregate of clearings being \$29,613,428,635, and the 1936 aggregate \$27,663,668,689. In the New York Reserve District the totals show an increase of 4.5%, in the Boston Reserve District of 9.7%, and the Philadelphia Reserve District of 7.4. In the Cleveland Reserve District there is an improvement of 26.8%, in the Richmond Reserve District of 20.3%, and in the Atlanta Reserve District of 21.3%. The Chicago Reserve District enjoys a gain of 19.4%, the St. Louis Reserve District of 7.2%, and the Minneapolis Reserve District of 13.5%. In the Kansas City Reserve District the totals are larger by 6.0%, in the Dallas Reserve District by 17.1%, and in the San Francisco Reserve District by 10.0%.

	January 1937	January 1936	Inc.or Dec.	January 1935	January 1934
Federal Reserve Dists.	\$	\$	% +9.7	\$	\$
1st Boston 14 cities	1,341,999,379	1,223,000,112	+9.7	1,033,658,651	988,106,730
2nd New York_15 "	18,111,264,263	17,335,141,817	+4.5	16,705,844,530	13,968,975,392
3rd Philadelphia18 "	1,847,088,594	1,719,057,002	+7.4	1,482,016,321	1,184,047,537
4th Cleveland18 "	1,448,886,899	1,142,815,562	+26.8	988,686,422	826,474,766
5th Richmond _10 "	639,692,689	531,947,008	+20.3	473,744,570	409,669,593
6th Atlanta 16 "	718.885.775	592,818,792	+21.3	524,770,605	446,810,488
7th Chicago 31 "	2.364,121,815	1,980,430,746	+19.4	1,743,041,324	1,309,302,156
8th St. Louis - 7 "	607,493,802	566,568,071	+7.2	495,124,029	435,012,035
9th Minneapolis16 "	428,286,564	377,348,273	+13.5	334,489,218	310,844,250
10th KansasCity 18 "	793,377,962	748,572,967	+6.0	626,412,740	507,852,446
11th Dallas 11 "	478,449,166	408,490,006	+17.1	335,053,139	314,126,622
12th San Fran20 "	1,141,384,313	1,037,478,333	+10.0	880,608,119	761,934,986
Total195 cities	29,613,428,635	27,663,668,689	+7.0	25,623,449,668	21,463,167,001
Outside N. Y. City	12,090,111,419	10,876,832,864	+11.2	9,416,924,399	7,910,902,607
Canada32 cities	1,622,611,568	1.551,155,047	+4.6	1,310,305,194	1,256,361,070

Our usual monthly detailed statement of transactions on the New York Stock Exchange is appended. The results for January in 1934 to 1937 are given below:

		Month of	f January	
Description	1937	1936	1935	1934
Stock, number of shares	58,671,416	67,201,745	19,409,132	54,565,349
Railroad and miscell. bonds_ State, foreign, &c., bonds U. S. Government bonds	\$267,568,000 49,481,000 25,638,000	38,488,000	40,649,000	93,687,500
	\$342,687,000	\$476,137,000	\$330,546,000	\$440,984,700

The volume of transactions in share properties on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of January of the years 1934 to 1937 is indicated in the following:

January	The fact of the second			
	No. Shares	1936 No. Shares	No. Shares	1934 No. Shares

The course of bank clearings at leading cities of the country for the month of January in each of the last eight years is shown in the subjoined statement:

	8000,000	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932	1931	1930
ì	omitted)	1 700	16,787	16,207		12,646	16,684	25,300	32,031
	New York	17,023		1,114	822	795	1,141	2,035	
	Chicago	1,484	1,219	886		795	1.134	1,734	2,204
	Boston	1,104	1,051			1,252	1,326		2,788
	Philadelphia		1,629		276	249	312	488	592
	St. Louis		352		345	302	420	668	
	Pittsburgh		479		434	375	514	691	871
	San Francisco		592	237	202	216	289	354	
	Baltimore					166	201	288	219
	Cincinnati		222		276	244	306	459	
	Kansas City		399			249	350	512	
	Cleveland					168	212		327
	Minneapolis		231	207		118	142	206	233
	New Orleans	166	137		447	248	353	635	811
	Detroit	522		375		79	88	110	178
	Louisville						110	168	192
	Omaha					32	47	57	71
	Providence			37			80	115	138
	Milwaukee					47	137	184	
	Buffalo	162				112		88	99
	St. Paul	108			80	58	67 86	127	144
	Denver					68		82	105
	Indianapolis	81	73			49	62		203
	Richmond				119		126	161	
	Memphis	88			59	43	52	57	99
	Seattle	142				75	112	146	
	Salt Lake City	66					54		
	Hartford	56	55	50	37	33	45	57	71

...27,320 25,405 23,967 20,137 18,648 24,450 36,927 46,993 ....2,293 2,160 1,576 1,256 1,460 1,942 2,724 3,415 Total\_\_\_\_\_ Other cities\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_29,613 27,565 25,543 21,393 20,119 26,392 39,651 50,408 \_\_\_\_12,090 10,778 9,336 7,840 7,473 9,708 14,350 18,377

We now add our detailed statement showing the figures for each city separately for January and for the week ended Jan. 30 for four years:

### CLEARINGS FOR JANUARY, AND FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 30 FOR FOUR YEARS

		Month of January					Week Ended Jan. 30			
Clearings at—	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934
	s	s	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
First Federal Reserve Distric Maine—Bangor — Portland Mass,—Boston Fall River. Holyoke Lowell New Bedford Springfield Worcester Conn,—Hartford New Haven Waterbury Rhode Island—Providence New Hampshire—Manchester	c—Boston—	10,080,276 1,050,504,901 2,941,948 1,656,546 1,555,360 3,016,577 13,754,226 7,585,136 55,194,917 18,594,805 5,924,700 47,464,900	+13.4 -2.5 +9.8 +6.5 +10.0 +16.1 +21.2 +15.8 +27.7 +2.1 +12.2 +23.8 +10.1	8,524,273 886,459,508 2,915,750 1,692,827 1,328,801 2,618,895 11,487,584 6,341,275 50,460,659 15,333,541 5,133,600 37,213,500	1,891,265 7,525,776 858,837,593 2,470,152 1,496,485 1,220,654 2,408,108 11,989,092 5,654,626 36,658,446 15,633,302 4,633,200 35,876,400 1,811,631	342,595 756,415 3,358,931 2,134,293 13,420,042 4,674,964 10,422,700 642,804	557,576 2,847,354 219,000,000 515,892 269,246 528,577 2,921,233 1,484,686 11,641,676 4,410,977 10,044,000 527,633	-20.5 +30.8 +22.8 +27.2 +43.1 +15.0 +43.8 +15.3 +6.0 +3.0 +21.8	551,017 1,447,355 189,321,042 586,451 279,288 463,237 2,534,200 1,203,712 10,250,801 3,768,634 8,416,900 416,640	639,845 1,555,946 194,553,494 546,602 275,439 519,532 2,598,484 1,150,264 8,323,848 3,882,019 7,810,200 429,679
Total (14 cities)	1,341,999,379	1,223,000,112	+9.7	1,033,658,651	988,106,730	325,644,142	254,748,840	+27.8	219,239,277	222,285,352

CLEARINGS—(Continued)

		. M	onth of J	January		II a said	Weei	k Ended .	Jan. 30	
Clearings at—	1937	1936	Inc. o	1935	1934	1937	1936	Inc. or		1 1934
Second Federal Reserve Distr	9		%	8	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
N. Y.—Albany	25 995 57	29,356,522 5,614,657	+7.	8 4,585,232	4.542.305	11,445,197 977,577	1.160.738	-15.8	1.388.528	1,564,00
Binghamton  Buffalo Elmira Jamestown	161,692,113 3,495,843 3,372,020	138,626,440	+16.	6 124,320,558 4 2,636,381	110,342,306	38,600,000	29,800,000 600,129	$\begin{vmatrix} +29.5 \\ +16.8 \end{vmatrix}$	26,000,000 769,801	26,622,523 968,84
Jamestown New York Rochester Syracuse Utica Westchester County	17,523,317,210 38,157,500	16,786,835,825 34,747,081	+4.	4 16,206,525,269 8 29,213,413	25 181 567	4,439,362,565	3,806,060,778	+16.6	3,733,625,422	4,012,857,63
Utica Westchester County	19,596,793 3,890,366	3,019,540	+9.0	0 15,647,767 8 2,348,852	16,232,974 2,239,635	4,131,370	5,184,759	-20.3	4,152,512	4,237,174
Conn.—Stamford	18,070,250 2,034,94	16.991.843	+6.	3 13,729,088	5,727,794 13,878,067 1,702,258	2,534,944 4,304,779 386,596	2,922,027	+47.3	2,415,569	926,678 2,380,074 534,631
Conn.—Stamford. N. J.—Montclair. Newark Northern N. J. Oranges.	92,524,150 187,525,54	82,441,134 7 193,998,315	+12. $-3.$	2 77,414,067 3 169,374,831	70,405,422 118,961,707	1 37,419,483	19,151,489	+20.5	18,847,288	16,414,329 26,360,640
Total (15 cities)				5 3,749,557 5 16,705,844,530			3,920,225,445	+16.6	3,838,646,897	4,112,159,530
Third Federal Reserve Distri	ct—Philadel	hia—								l.
Pennsylvania—Altoona	9 191 250	1,737,957 1,700,000	+9.9	1,492,701 b	b	a298,691	a456,567	-34.6	377,530 b	372,438 b
Bethlehem Chester Harrisburg Lancaster	1,478,009 9,626,220 5,862,000	8,484,211	+13.	7,283,232	6,597,664		241,414 1,056,214		247,609 970,165	245,794 719,699
Lebanon Norristown Philadelphia	1,833,446 2,433,703 1,741,000,000	1 505 840	1 +21 8	1,243,496 1,689,485	1,119,952 1,737,837					
Lebanon Norristown Philadelphia Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre York Pottsville Warren Dubols Huzelton	6,300,701 11,938,004	5,062,959	+6.9 $+24.4$ $+3.3$	5,585,404	4.817.893	385,000,000 1,156,804 2,454,127	349,000,000 1,029,109 2,401,486	+12.4	309,000,000 1,027,320 2,148,560	262,000,000 1,077,540 2,100,551
Wilkes-Barre York	5,050,180 7,176,796	5,153,216 6,085,729	-2.0	4,366,961 5,240,775	5,390,320 4,039,205	1,260,559	848,983 1,331,409	+48.5	993,642 1,199,678	2,100,551 1,043,875 1,028,900
WarrenDubois	1,499,650 796,578 574,997	685,578	+3.2 $+16.2$ $+30.3$	476,311	385,427					
Del.—Wilimington	14.375.640	2,568,639 14,509,461	+8.6	2,186,640 11,227,996	2,254,312 9,034,276					
N. J.—Trenton  Total (18 citles)	30,303,000 1,847,088,594		+45.7		13,460,600	3,030,000	2,369,000 358,581,604	$+27.9 \\ +10.5$	3,622,000	2,666,000 271,254,797
Fourth Federal Reserve Distr				1,102,010,021	1,101,011,001	350,200,547	300,001,004	710.5	319,000,004	211,204,191
Ohio—Canton———————————————————————————————————	9,768,662 246,708,121	7 244 644	+33.0 +11.1	6,118,839 197,877,899	4,281,501 168,359,434	b 39,052,000	<b>b</b> 46,300,233	b —15.7	b 47,424,028	b 35,822,682
Cleveland Columbus Hamilton	398 920 067	222,048,808 317,772,530 43,484,100 1,907,992 887,782	$^{+25.5}$ $^{+19.1}$	270,222,683 44,009,900	227,046,562 33,661,500	87,660,139 9,535,500	64,362,193 9,130,300	+36.2 +4.4	57,346,531 9,305,300	50,379,810 7,649,300
Lorain Mansfield	2,228,101 1,418,250 8,335,367	1,907,992 887,782 5,841,564	$^{+16.8}_{+59.8}_{+42.7}$	1,752,391 704,628 5,065,268	1,374,064 469,432 4,496,813	1,878,636	1,206,003	+55.8	995,222	1,008,234
Lorain Mansfield Youngstown Newark Toledo Pa.—Beaver County Translation	13,511,776 5,692,613	10,185,897 4,465,974	$+32.7 \\ +27.5$	7,180,353 4,556,441	3,967,969	ь	b	b	b	b
Pa.—Beaver County	21,643,783 895,755 499,151	17,346,760 653,553 479,754	$+24.8 \\ +37.1 \\ +4.0$	625,861	11,661,670 517,474 339,449					
Greensburg Pittsburgh	1,120,781 646,747,434 6,627,084	1,055,079 479,275,023	$+6.2 \\ +34.9$	846,896 408,194,640	490,060 344,921,048	146,623,295	108,396,131	+35.3	94,256,207	93,667,801
Franklin Greensburg Pittsburgh Erle Oil City Kentucky—Lexington West Virginia—Wheeling	6,627,084 11,105,128 12,473,711	6,064,548 8,620,980 8,050,026	$^{+9.3}$ $^{+28.8}$ $^{+55.0}$ $^{+28.4}$	5,800,000 9,171,016 8,107,383	4,900,000 7,120,909					
and the first and the second of the second o		7,330,548			7,054,606 c5,812,275					
Total (18 cities)	1,448,886,899	1,142,815,562	+26.8	988,686,422	826,474,766	284,749,570	229,394,860	+24.1	209,327,288	188,527,827
Fifth Federal Reserve Distric W. Va.—Huntington———————————————————————————————————	1,158,988	923,197 9,654,000	+25.5	653,607	507,135	96,733	201,065	-51.9	112,845	139,018
RichmondCharleston	183,271,579 6,080,815	144,739,814 4 754 217	$^{+26.6}$	9,295,000 130,861,412 4,236,365	8,044,000 119,249,149 4,128,020	2,621,000 40,035,798 1,167,828	1,843,000 31,157,387 906,209	$^{+42.2}_{+28.5}_{+28.9}$	2,073,000 27,850,056 1,174,971	1,820,000 28,793,265 891,123
Greenville	8,328,484 6,260,143 15,096,076	8,142,904 4,607,130 13,650,976	$+2.3 \\ +35.9 \\ 10.6$	3,905,303	5,259,670 2,900,000			::::		
Richmond South Carolina—Charleston Columbia Greenville N. C. —Durham Md.—Baltimore Frederick Dist. of Col.—Washington	305,452,848 1,770,672	257,182,556 1,301,665	$+10.6 \\ +18.8 \\ +36.0$	237,313,813	11,018,428 201,740,230 1,085,664	65,386,214	54,139,610	+20.8	50,044,152	48,860,437
Dist. of Col.—Washington Total (10 cities)	639,692,689	86,990,549 531,947,008	+15.6	69,566,923	55,737,297	22,071,832	16,465,478	+34.0	14,647,211	12,256,172
	67 14 14	031,947,008	+20.3	473,744,570	409,669,593	131,379,405	104,712,749	+25.5	95,902,235	92,760,015
Sixth Federal Reserve Distric Tennesee—Knoxville	20,009,388 71,513,298	13,799,819 62,847,622	+45.0 +13.8	11,521,511 55,697,497	8,686,747 44,711,684	3,273,810 14,301,009	2,671,669 12,742,881	+22.5 +12.2	2,470,821 11,824,868	1,979,418 10,248,389
Georgia—Atlanta	248 800 000	201,200,000	$+22.7 \\ +34.8$	186,400,000 4,235,356	160,700,000 4,486,841	53,200,000 1,362,848	43,400,000 1,025,472	$^{+22.6}_{+32.9}$	37,500,000 712,661	34,400,000 955,545
Nashville Georgia—Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon Florida—Jacksonville	6,313,671 3,823,050 4,614,557 79,489,992	3,128,533 3,002,897 64,465,038 6,574,293	$^{+22.2}_{+53.7}_{+23.3}$	2,377,088 3,151,192 54 138 489	1,875,795 2,594,535 42,181,441	943,840 20,501,000	670,000 13,823,000	+40.8 +48.3	631,686 13,234,000	578,426
Tampa Ala,—Birmingham	6,839,951 87,730,823	6,574,293 74,875,633 5,792,688	$^{+4.0}_{+17.2}$	54,138,482 5,034,309 68,994,715 5,191,536	1,876,795 2,594,535 42,181,441 5,041,989 55,696,135 4,416,621 2,465,211	18,597,073	13,518,856 1,126,985	+37.6	13,714,295	10,641,000
Tampa Ala.—Birmingham Mobile Montgomery Mississippl—Hattiesburg	8,844,121 3,874,418 4,645,000	5,792,688 3,492,821 4,019,000	+52.7 $+10.9$ $+15.6$	5,191,536 3,415,096 4,006,000	4,416,621 2,465,211 3,581,000	1,428,268		+26.7	1,000,384	930,736
Jackson Meridian Vicksburg Louisiana—New Orleans	1,456,158	5,918,843 1,452,330	+9.6 +0.3 -2.6	5,906,650 1,211,770	4,108,835 1,130,132	ь	b	b	ь	b
Louisiana—New Orleans	764,506 165,680,450	784,663 136,781,773	$\frac{-2.6}{+21.1}$	554,564 112,934,839	611,953 104,521,569	35,396,192 172,024	26,140,110 106,778	$+35.4 \\ +61.1$	23,387,876 147,694	22,630,032 220,824
Total (16 cities)	718,885,775	592,818,792	+21.3	524,770,605	446,810,488	149,176,064	115,225,751	+29.5	104,624,285	93,835,164
Seventh Federal Reserve Dist	2,308,357	- 2,807,234	-17.8	2,522,775	2,309,776	414,884	762,603	-45.6	825,763	776,468
Detroit. Flint Grand Rapids. Jackson. Lansing. Muskegon.	521,589,443	450,785,533	$+15.7 \\ +19.4$	2,522,775 375,223,774 3,197,812	2,309,776 277,846,633 3,604,871	124,061,316	102,467,572	+21,1	86,681,399	62,249,525
Jackson Lansing	15,099,337 2,267,602 6,951,283 3,026,064	12,795,057 1,924,247 5,552,045 2,606,352 2,895,160 4,201,133	$+18.0 \\ +17.8 \\ +25.2 \\ +16.1$	8,011,399 1,605,950 4,179,039	6,355,329 1,289,779 2,834,690	3,168,721 1,540,958	2,494,696 1,308,620	+27.0 $+17.8$	1,986,069	1,698,191 751,127
MuskegonBay City	2.864,943	2,606,352 2,895,160	-1.0	2,055,471 2,044,921	2,834,690 1,404,668 1,721,750 2,291,237 7,263,886					
GaryIndianapolis	4,633,681 12,996,549 81,232,148	9.770.0071	$^{+10.3}_{+33.0}_{+11.6}$	3,026,776 8,618,699 60,204,000	7,263,886 53,132,000	920,230	841,363 15,405,000	+9.4 $+6.7$	716,469	508,084
South Bend	81,232,148 6,133,933 22,648,497	72,767,000 4,498,911 19,649,263	$+36.3 \\ +15.3$	3,512;770 17,679,336	2,569,129 18,110,893	1,267,391 4,668,427	1,209,971 3,937,620	+4.7	644,662 3,652,935	9,968,000 284,032 3,308,365
Milwaukee Oshkosh	4,612,688 93,172,732 1,986,550	4,019,583 78,780,954 1,761,798	+18.3 +12.8	2,717,849 64,539,758 1,513,900	1,646,557 48,655,004 1,273,282	20,938,257	16,661,718	+25.7	14,710,212	11,606,882
Muskegon. Bay City Ind.—Fort Wayne Gary Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute Wis.—Madison Milwaukee Oshkosh Sheboygan Watertown Manitowoo	2,978,048 545,678	78,780,954 1,761,798 2,495,227 469,575	+11.0 +36.3 +15.3 +14.8 +18.3 +12.8 +19.3 +16.2 +15.3	2,030,227 344,758 963,063	1,273,282 1,481,165 278,860 1,416,155					
Iowa—Cedar Rapids Des Moines	1,437,392 4,948,586 35,531,004	4,094,401 31,467,870	$+15.3 \\ +20.9 \\ +12.9$	3,374,251 27,626,984	21 423 498	1,041,916 8,026,452	778,311 6,971,726	+33.9 +15.1	782,818 6,464,201	294,152 5,014,934 2,084,914
Sloux City	12,958,224 806,341	13,140,918	$\frac{-1.4}{+35.1}$	10,462,899 589,954	9,103,769 416,828 775,556	2,714,608	2,819,582	-3.7	2,493,689	2,084,914
Bloomington	2,018,881 1,735,126 1,483,793,629	1,139,622	+77.2 $-1.5$ $+21.7$	965,916 1,290,475 1,113,968,668	821 611 010	308,594 324,881,001	979 000	+11.0 +20.9	285,521 240,586,207	283,969 197,477,952
Decatur Peoria	3,977,158 15,575,809 5,742,942 5,299,638	1,219,062,199 3,148,421 14,969,238 3,481,825	$^{+26.3}_{+4.1}$	2,558,336 11,243,312 2,817,803 3,773,312	1,918,665 10,721,294 2,071,215 3,167,878	324,881,001 804,764 4,526,214 1,246,559	268,645,884 728,907 2,995,094 746,894	$+10.4 \\ +51.1$	504,973 2,640,069	465,026 2,528,217
Watertown Manitowoe Iowa—Cedar Rapids Des Moines Sloux City Ames III —Aurora Bloomington Cheago Decatur Peoria Rockford Springfield Sterling	5,742,942 5,299,638 566,333	3,481,825 4,090,179 524,588	$^{+64.9}_{+29.6}_{+8.0}$	2,817,803 3,773,312 377,137	2,071,215 3,167,878 234,555	1,149,226	891,011	$+66.9 \\ +29.0$	636,377 823,814	419,149 691,924
Total (31 cities)		1,980,430,746	+19.4		1,309,302,156	518,113,518	429,944,671	+20.5	377,659,105	300,410,911
							1		1	)

### CLEARINGS-(Concluded)

Clearings at_		Mon	h of Janu	iary		Contract of	Week.	Ended Ja		
Clearings at—	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934
	S	8	%	8	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Eighth Federal Reserve Distr	ct—St. Loui s			308,803,086	276,436,137	84,000,000	69,700,000	+20.5	63,300.000	59,800,000
Io.—St. Louis	391,739,108 3,500,626	352,347,770 2,991,312	$^{+11.2}_{+17.0}$	2,700,000	1,900,000					
Cape GirardeauIndependence	504,803 e121,053,746	403,093 135,386,222	$+25.2 \\ -10.6$	424,429 114,427,174	282,289 96,090,746	d	27,457,309		25,916,844	23,986,09
y.—Louisville enn.—Memphis	88,090,182	73,356,306	+20.1	66,961,868	58,743,544	16,142,280	14,476,669	+11.5	13,679,880	12,543,523 b
II.—Jacksonville	261,337 2,344,000	286,368 1,797,000	$-8.7 \\ +30.4$	177,472 1,630,000	150,319 1,409,000	544,000	349,000	+55.9	339,070	418,000
Quincy							111,982,978	-10.1	103,235,794	96,747,610
Total (7 cities) Ninth Federal Reserve Distri	607,493,802 ct — Minneap	566,568,071	+7.2	495,124,029	435,012,035	100,686,280				
Inn.—Duluth	14,040,010	9,001,101	+25.4	8,263,163	7,794,558	2,739,461 61,337,061	1,847,692 46,608,934	$^{+48.3}_{+31.6}$	1,592,006 44,597,935	1,623,017 46,499,430
Minneapolis Rochester St. Paul	270,389,661 1,307,003	230,769,718 1,106,272	$+17.2 \\ +18.1$	206,815,605 923,111	197,384,997 744,454	#.01,007,001				
St. Paul	107,378,906	99,183,059	+8.3	87,167,436	79,922,824 1,166,063	20,746,039	21,369,176	-2.9	19,448,016	17,441,69
WinonaFergus Falls Dak,—Fargo Grand Forks	1,562,366 254,386	1,382,566 211,553	$^{+13.0}_{+20.2}$	1,216,456 180,000	150,000			5111		
Dak.—Fargo	8,302,440	8,483,915	-2.1	6,869,179	6,245,628 670,000	1,705,263	1,862,569	-8.4	1,524,751	1,322,86
	706,000 745,178	683,000 580,566	$+3.4 \\ +28.4$	638,000 500,329	477,212	1,100,200				
Minot , Dak — Aberdeen , Sloux Falls Huron , Ont, — Billings Great Falls	2,479,695	2,240,492	+10.7	1,935,925	1,938,350 3,548,016	581,312	446,321	+30.2	406,915	443,79
Sioux Falls	7,291,858 584,859	7,010,701 452,205	$+4.0 \\ +29.3$	4,853,026 382,638	416,039					
Int.—Billings	2,394,024	2,204,324	+8.6	1,790,980	1,265,350 1,591,169	462,954	424,647	+9.0	437,110	250,47
Great Falls	2,728,496 9,916,769	2,845,763 10,357,224	$-4.1 \\ -4.3$	2,323,295 10,463,300	7,390,809					
Lewistown	216,113	242,151	-10.8	166,775	138,781	1,852,000	1,666,063	+11.2	2,174,200	1,907,35
Total (16 cities)	428,286,564	377,348,273	+13.5	334,489,218	310,844,250	89,424,090	74,225,402	+20.5	70,180,933	69,488,63
Total (16 cities)Total (16 cities)Total Tenth Federal Reserve Distri	ct-Kansas C	ity— 420 072	13.00	271 908	301,282	79,852	81,323	-1.8	87,162	71,96
Tob Fremont	386,804 473,659	420,073 490,170	$-7.9 \\ -3.4$	371,806 319,499	280,128	94,468	93,346 2,202,431	+1.2	66,530	81,86
Hastings Lincoln Omaha Cansas—Kansas City	12,229,646	11,168,482	+9.5	9,303,305 113,934,631	7,945,222 114,023,317	2,776,317 27,408,255	2,202,431 27,100,290	$^{+26.1}_{+1.1}$	3,154,386 24,253,275	1,773,01 25,382,28
OmahaCity	125,432,437 17,976,001	132,692,374 6,800,744	+164.1	5,848,487	6 590 870	2,471,306	2,459,256	+0.5	1,839,613	1,396,63
	519,686	517,423	+0.4	383,133	425,790 398,204 7,426,653					
Mannattan Parsons Topeka Wichita Oo.—Joplin Kansas City	997,468 11,671,984	731,107 10,446,813	$+33.7 \\ +11.7$	685,933 10,106,385	7,426,653					0.000.05
Wichita	13.486.192	14.206.873	-5.1	12,082,230 1,809,735	8,065,887 1,437,319	2,807,223	3,233,026	-13.2	2,500,367	2,229,07
Io.—Joplin	2,185,366 416,778,310 15,705,617	2,154,078 398,522,645	$^{+1.5}_{+4.6}$	330,391,804	276,351,736	89,977,612	84,571,112	+6.4	76,146,373	61,155,16
St. Joseph	15,705,617	14,507,853	+8.3	14,030,881	13,718,776 343,057	2,938,901	2,603,449	+12.9	2,592,015	2,617,19
Kansas City St. Joseph Charthage Dkla.—Tulsa Colo.—Colorado Springs	606,494 38,550,645	954,090 36,445,749	$-36.4 \\ +5.8$	569,817 26,202,000	20,507,039					
Colo.—Colorado Springs	2,720,748	2,625,382	+3.6	2,153,878	1,897,493 45,515,225	608,556	97,162	+526.3	186,894	232,19
DenverPueblo	129,731,310 2,735,236	112,006,009 2,749,655	$+15.8 \\ -0.5$	94,960,534 2,420,354	1,969,698	572,616	544,422	+5.2	458,133	406,68
Casper	1,190,359	1,133,447	+5.0	838,328	654,750					
(Total 18 cities)	793,377,962	748,572,967	+6.0	626,412,740	507,852,446	129,735,106	122,985,817	+5.5	111,284,748	95,346,06
(Total 18 cities) Eleventh Federal Reserve Dis Texas—Austin	trict - Dallas		+23.0	5,499,109	3,224,863	1,226,127	1,006,356	+21.8	992,052	857,40
Cexas—Austin	4,802,598	4,375,383 4,059,253	+18.3	3,638,172	3,180,500					31,834,1
Pexas—Austin Beaumont Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Galveston Houston Port Arthur Wighte Felle	213,998,229	182,150,511 16,113,643	1+17.5	156,552,989 13,390,142	139,591,438 11,226,109	45,466,808	36,603,587	+24.2	34,858,360	
El Paso	20,531,675 28,456,563	27.023.088	+5.3	21,543,428	21.821.370	6,094,875	5,391,430	+13.0	4,139,295	4,758,29 2,421,00
Galveston	12,351,000	11,224,000 144,737,895	+10.0	9,187,000 110,734,339	10,061,000 111,812,442 1,212,135	2,823,000	1,840,000	+53.4	1,710,000	2,121,00
Houston	169,819,877 1,949,570	1,549,357	+25.8	1,366,130	1,212,135				ъ	b
Wichita Falls	3,834,585	3,503,589 1,061,164	+9.4	2,913,624 852,923	2,497,159 788,599	a750,866	a677,511	+10.8		
Wichita Falls Texarkana La.—Shreveport	1,437,943 15,883,532	12,692,123	+25.1	9,375,283	8,711,007	2,989,612	2,753,721	+8.6	1,922,127	1,895,46
		408,490,006		335,053,139	314,126,622	58,600,422	47,595,094	+23.1	43,621,834	41,766,27
Total (11 cities)Twelfth Federal Reserve Dist	478,449,166 rict—San Fra	ncisco-	12 2		and the second second					
Took Poll'hom	2,198,781 141,996,795	2,211,692 131,801,247	-0.6 + 7.7	1,673,112 103,004,324	1,498,000 91,621,595	30,117,316	26,915,523	+11.9	23,734,862	20,291,70
SeattleSpokane	37,291,000	34,599,000	+7.8	36,295,000	91,621,595 24,301,691	6,502,000	6,679,000	-2.7	7,989,000 462,648	5,219.00 424.5
Yakima	4,065,009 4,508,973	3,167,658 4,988,410	$+28.3 \\ -9.6$	2,039,145 4,180,862	2,016,997 3,394,751	948,220	587,130	T01.0	102,010	
Idaho—Boise Ore.—Eugene	918,000	716,000	+28.1	513,466	464,000	0.7.000.007	18,431,087	+31.6	19,358,396	17,046,7
	918,000 117,543,181	102,978,22 2,907,70	+14.1	91,020,706 2,539,366	77,151,142 2,299,368	24,260,695	18,431,087			
Jtah—Ogden	3,545,118 66,098,765	58,673,710	+12.7	53,983,666	44,307,751	14,086,211	11,619,684		12,121,378	9,660,8
riz.—Phoenix	16,456,206 6,966,434	13,975,920	$\frac{+17.7}{-31.6}$	10,604,582 4,514,354	8,840,142 3 252 040	:::::::				
Calif.—Bakersfield	21,164,950	19,999,940		10.000.010	24,295,405					2,656,2
Portland Ttah—Ogden Salt Lake City	18,363,401	17,632,93	+4.1	13,091,313 2,333,000 11,785,079	3,252,040 24,295,405 11,916,800 2,150,587 11,652,664 2,857,027	3,751,759	3,723,714			
ModestoPasadena	20,032,104	15,640,53	7 + 28.1	11,785,079	11,652,664	3,791,439	3,227,701	+17.5	2,540,907	2,556,2
RiversideSan Francisco		15,640,53° 4,157,35° 591,541,43°	+1.9 $+9.2$	3,153,550			122,227,025	+16.5	110,260,840	98,444,4
San Francisco	11,283,616 6,298,791	11,063,60	+2.0	7,802,842	6,741,607 4,545,092	2,396,559	2,188,751	$+9.5 \\ +5.6$		1,322,0
San Francisco San JoseSanta BarbaraStockton	6,298,791	5,934,06	5 + 6.1 $5 + 24.8$	4,886,562 5,872,466	4,545,092 5,011,572	1,354,539 2,259,301	1,283,054	+49.2	1,129,090	965,8
Stockton							-	-		159,403,0
Total (20 cities)	1,141,384,313	1,037,478,33	+10.0	880,608,119	761,934,986	231,823,039	198,396,786			
	20 010 100 005	97 002 000 00	170	25,623,449,668	21 463 157 001	6 991 925 500	5,968,019,997	+17.2	5,676,095.539	5,743,985,2
Grand total (194 cities)	29,613,428,635	27,000,000,00	T1.0	20,020,410,000	21,100,101,001	10,002,020,000				

### CANADIAN CLEARINGS FOR JANUARY, AND FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 28 FOR FOUR YEARS

		Month of January					Week Ended Jan. 28				
Clearings at—	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934	1937	1936	Inc. or Dec.	1935	1934	
Canada—	s	S	%	S	8	8	\$	%	\$	\$	
Canada—		531.859.389		500,253,837	489,650,581	128,725,077	106,240,312	+21.2	92,158,168	95,375,488	
Toronto		423,019,112		396,802,602	370,340,480	106,513,825	77,097,997	+38.2	80,672,336	81,809,067	
Montreal		253,279,665		173,952,583	166,134,228	29,562,890	27,492,251	+7.5	25,770,675	36,429,189	
Winnipeg		72,423,484		60,167,137	60,112,084	17,224,791	13,833,346	+24.5	11,528,362	13,558,566	
Vancouver		95,797,476	10.4	19,899,853	18.340,767	13,205,501	9,701,808	+36.1	3,434,564	3,339,862	
Ottawa		15,844,788	1253	15,034,492	15,290,526	4,270,438	2,919,391	+46.3	2,881,330	3,312,593	
Quebec		9,534,547		8.968.572	8,633,563	2,042,825	1,485,106	+37.6	1,661,343	1,667,513	
Halifax	00 0 00 040			14,430,958	14,338,461	4.662.358	3,263,655	+42.9	2,623,718	3,275,171	
Hamilton		23,173,232	+4.5	20,164,427	18,837,229	5,734,320	4,477,395	+28.1	3,664,111	4,160,737	
Calgary St. John	24,219,829	6.380.968		6.682.414	6,496,289	1.664.922	1,169,223	+42.4	1,238,576	1,500,143	
St. John	8,161,801	0,360,906	1+8.4	5,921,522	6,285,678	1.572.480	1.186.662	+32.5	1,123,558	1,353,593	
Victoria	7,190,290	6,633,708 13,257,287	<del>-7.7</del>	11.121.959	9,689,682	2,349,078	2,111,387	+11.3	1,704,648	2,095,065	
London	12,235,582	13,257,287	1-1:	17,964,500	15,059,303	3,338,889	2,469,806	+35.2	3,097,473	3,042,760	
Edmonton	10,379,201	15,738,375	[4.1		10,878,501	2,518,056	2,610,843	-3.6	1,951,260	2,383,833	
Regina	12,525,926	11,734,845	14 + 0.7	11,284,454	1.135.616	220,770	165.254	+33.6	202,704	222,141	
Brandon	1,221,291	1,112,098		1,239,810	1,616,066	282,285	363,604	-22.4	316,801	326,735	
Lethbridge	1,440,084	1,820,873		1,616,515		1.133,660	854,081	+32.7	894,366	843,080	
Saskatoon	5,092,904	5,274,887	1 +7.9	4,935,288	4,463,238	472,044	303.244	+55.7	328,567	348,146	
Moose Jaw	2,373,438	2,069,775	+14.7	1,854,094	1,998,310		549,938	+43.1	580,688	620,708	
Brantford	4,127,235	3,467,840		3,391,718	3,358,804	786,907	356.057	+85.8	361,358	370,451	
Fort William	3,448,242	2,230,058		2,346,766	2,109,694	661,705		+5.5	365.398	424,047	
New Westminster	2,394,000	2,287,019	*+4.7	1,863,172	1,821,825	504,681	478,549		159,829	145,303	
Medicine Hat	890.457	958,195	至—7.1	766,593	803,207	188,351	143,940			482,960	
Peterborough	2,859,976	2,618,486	a+9.2	2,524,306	2,425,197	517,473	420,596	+23.0	400,986		
Sherbrooke	2,378,293	2,243,255	$^{+9.2}_{+6.0}$	2,053,764	2,199,497	506,474	342,524	+47.9	382,749	439,309	
Titch ones		4,313,447	1+4.6	4.061,186	3,949,497	881,677	676,917	+30.2	731,300	867,142	
KitchenerWindsor	13,159,723	11,439,886	9 + 15.0	8,786,458	8,403,175	3,150,055	2,016,507	+56.2	1,907,823	1,733,114	
Windsor	1.368.756	1,274,148		1.180.341	972.174	247,349	195,609		216,623	188,875	
Prince Albert		2,792,430	+12.8	2.677,431	2,833,675	836,896	566,263		610,681	488,335	
Moneton		2,156,216	+4.9	2,025,277	2,060,172	417,361	335,402		346,490	374,951	
Kingston		1,962,051	+23.6	1,909,083	1.909.886	485,000	391,367	+23.9	460,070	430,012	
Chatham		1,865,169	+11.2	1.709,442	1,847,098	445.110	272,501	+63.3	279,870	298,021	
Sarnia		3.116.645		2,714,640	2,366,567	958,070	637,334	+50.3	589,040	533,416	
Sudbury	0,940,019	0,110,040	1 20,1	a,111,010	2,500,001						
Total (32 cities)	1,622,611,568	1,551,155,047	+4.6	1,310,305,194	1,256,361,070	335,883,318	265,128,869	+26.7	242,645,465	262,450,326	

a Not included in totals. b No clearings available. c Figure smaller due to bank merger. d No clearings due to flood conditions. econditions.

### THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of Jan.[20, 1937:

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £313,-660,659 on Jan. 13, showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

In the open market the amount of gold offered at the daily fixing was about £1,400,000. There was very little change in prices, which, based on the exchange ruling at the time of fixing, included a small premium over dollar parity. Most of the gold offered, however, wa secured for the United States of America.

Quotations:

Per Fine Equivalent Value

	Per Fine	Equivalent value
	Ounce	of £ Sterling
Jan. 14	141s. 8d.	11s 11.93d.
Jan. 15		12s. 0.01d.
Jan. 16		11s. 11.96d.
Jan. 18		11s. 11.96d.
Jan. 19		11s. 11.96d.
Jan. 20	141s. 81/d.	11s. 11.96d. 11s. 11.88d.
Average	141s. 7.67d.	11s. 11.95d.
The following were the United Kin		exports of gold

egistred from mid-day on Jan. 11 to mid-day on Jan. 18:

Imports		Exports	
British South Africa	£673.223	United States of America£	2,900,384
British India		British India	26,650
Australia		France	178,866
New Zealand	5.044	Switzerland	699,945
Soviet Union	1.138.358	Germany	2,865
France	1.023.999	Palestine	2,426
Belgium		Burma	1,870
Netherlands	50,557	Other countreis	910
Germany	7.675		
Switzerland	23,135		
United States of America	2.949		
Other countries	19,284		

£3,301,540

The SS. Cathay which sailed from Bombay on Jan. 16 carries gold to the value of about £443,000.

SILVER

SILVER

Prices have shown wider fluctuations, but the tendency has been down ward, quotations today being 20\footnote{1}{3}\delta do. for cash and 20\footnote{1}{4}\dotdo do. for two months delivery, as compared with 21d. and 20\footnote{1}{4}\dotdo do. for the respective deliveries a week ago.

The Indian Bazaars and speculators have made further resales but there has been less inclination to sell at the lower prices, at which India has also made purchases; buying from this quarter, however, has been limited and the demand for early shipment appears to have been satisfied for the time being.

The market has rather a dull tone, but there are indications that more resistance might be encountered at a slightly lower level.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from mid-day on Jan. [11] to mid-day on Jan. 18:

Imports	3 to 10	Exports ]	named .
British India	£16,190	British India£	
Japan	76,004		30,750
United States of America		France	2,575
Netherlands		Switzerland	
Belgium	6,900	Denmark	1,367
Other countries	3,771	Italy	1,325
		Other countries	2,079

ther countries 3,771	Other countries	2,079
£139,161	£	639,404
Quotations during the week:	IN NEW YORK	

110	LONDON			IN MEN IC	IVIX
		per Oz. Std		(Per Ounce .999	Fine)
Jan. 14		2 Mos. 201/d.		13	
Jan. 15	_20 13-16d.	20 11-16d.	Jan.	14	45 cents
Jan. 16		20¼d.	Jan.	15	45 cents
Jan. 18		20 5-16d.		16	
Jan. 19		20%d.	Jan.	18	45 cents
Jan. 20		20¼d.	Jan.	19	45 cents
Average		20.396d.	Jan.	26	45 cents

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from Jan. 14 to Jan. 20 was \$4.91% and the lowest \$4.90%.

### NATIONAL BANKS

The following information regarding National banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

CHARTERS ISSUED

Jan. 26—Commercial National Bank in Nacogdoches, Nacogdoches, Tex.

Pres.: Thos. E. Baker. Cashier: Aaron B. Cox. Conversion of the Commercial State Bank of Nacogdoches, Tex.

Jan. 28—The Cook County National Bank of Homewood, H9mewood, Ill.

Pres.: Henry F. Thies. Cashier: Geo. F. Thies. Conversion of the Cook County Trust & Savings Bank of Homewood, Ill.

of the Cook County Trust & Savings Bank of Homewood, In.

BRANCHES AUTHORIZED

Jan. 23—The United States National Bank of Portland, Ore.
Location of branch: Southeast corner of 6th & D. Sts., City of
Redmond, Deschutes County, Ore. Certificate No. 1321A.
Jan. 28—Bank of America National Trust & Savings Association,
San Francisco, Calif. Location of branch: Exposition Grounds,
Yerba Buena Shoals, San Francisco, Calif. Certificate No.
1322A.
Jan. 29—Bank of America National Trust & Savings Association,
San Francisco, Calif. Location of branch: S. E. corner of
Wilshire Blvd. & Peck Drive, Beverly Hills, Los Angeles County,
Calif. Certificate No. 1323A.

CHANGES OF TITLES

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Jan. 23—The First National Bank of Troupe, Troup, Tex. To:
The First National Bank of Troup,
Jan. 26—The Hamblen National Bank of Morristown, Morristown,
Tenn. To: The Hamilton National Bank of Morristown.

### COMMON CAPITAL STOCK REDUCED

Jan. 23—The Comanche National Bank, Comanche, Tex. (From \$100,000 to \$50,000) Amount of reduction \$50,000.

Jan. 29—The First National Bank of Caledonia, Caledonia, (From \$50,000 to \$5,000) Amount of reduction \$45,000.

(From \$50,000 to \$5,000) Amount of reduction \$45,000.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATIONS

Jan. 27—The First National Bank of San Dimas, San Dimas, Calif.

Effective: Nov. 6, 1936. Liq. agent: W. C. Marshall, 550 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Calif. Absorbed by: Bank America National Trust & Savings Association, San Francisco, Calif. Charter No. 13044.

Jan. 28—The Central National Bank of Rutland, Rutland, Vt... Effective: Dec. 21, 1936. Liq. committee: Carl B. Hinsman, Fred C. Spencer and Lawrence C. Jones, all of Rutland, Vt. Checking and commercial deposit accounts were taken over by the Killington National Bank of Rutland, Vt., charter No. 2905. Savings deposit accounts were taken over by the Rutland Trust Co., Rutland, Vt.

COMMONICAPITAL STOCK INCREASED Jan. 26—The First National Bank of Kemmerer, Kemmerer, Wyo. (From \$30,000 to \$100,000) Amount of increase \$70,000. Jan. 26—The Garden National Bank of Garden City, Garden City, Kan. (From \$25,000 to \$50,000) Amount of increase \$25,000. Jan. 28—The First National Bank of Santa Fe, Santa Fe, N. M. (From \$150,000 to \$180,000) Amount of increase \$30,000.

CHANGES IN CAPITAL STOCK AS REPORTED BY NATIONAL BANKS

Date of Change	Name and Location	Retirement Pref. Stock No. of Shs. Par Value	Increase in Com. by Div. No. of Shs. Par Value	Outstanding Capital After Changes
12-23-36	The Second National Bank of	10,000 shs.		P \$300,000 E
	Nashua, N. H	\$150,000 "A"		C 300,000 P None
12-31-36	The Dundee National Bank,	160 shs.		C 50,000
water in	Dundee, N. Y	\$10,000		P None
1-16-37	The First National Bank of	3,000 shs.		C 150,000
	Danville, Pa	\$75,000		P 150,000
12-14-36	The Parkersburg National Bk.,	8,000 shs.		C 250,000
	Parkersburg, W. Va	\$100,000		P 98,000
9-25-36	The First National Bank of	40 shs.		C 50.000
95,25,55	Marietta, Ga	\$2,000		P 450,000
12-31-36	The First National Bank &	4,000 shs.		C 200,000
	Trust Co. of Vicksburg, Miss.	\$40,000		P None
1-16-37	The City Nat. Bank of Kanka-	625 shs.		C 150,000
	kee, Ill	\$50,000		P 20,100
12-31-36	The National Bank of Rich-	276 shs.		C 29,900
and Said	mond, Mich	\$6,900		P 10,000
12-31-36	The First National Bank of	125 shs.		C 40,000
	Bonners Ferry, Idaho	\$10,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20,000

P-Preferred stock. C-Common stock.

### DIVIDENDS

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid. Further details and record of past dividend payments in many cases are given under the company name in our "General Corporation and Investment News Department" in the week when declared:

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
	50c	Feb. 15	Jan. 30 Jan. 30 Jan. 31 Mar. 15
Acme Wire Co., voting trust certificates Allentown-Bethlehem Gas Co., 7% pref. (qu.)	87½c \$1½	Feb. 10	Jan. 30
Alliance Oil, pref. (initial)	\$11/2	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
American Steel Foundries	50c 50c	Mar. 31	Mar. 15
American Stores Co. (quar.)	50c	Apr. 1	Mar. 16 Feb. 9
American Water Works & Elec. Co., Inc.	20c h\$1	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
American Woolen Co., preferred	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 18
Armstrong Cork Co	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 8
Art Metal Works (quar.)	30c \$13/4 75c 25c 15c 3c 63c	Mar. 22	Mar. 11 Feb. 15
Artloom Corp., preferred	\$134	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Atlas Powder Co	75c	Mar. 10 Mar. 1	Feb. 26
Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Mar. I	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
6% preferred (quar.)	130	Mar. 1 Feb. 20	Feb. 3
Pangar & Argostock RR common	63c	Apr. 1	Feb. 26
Cumulative convertible preferred	1¼% \$1½ 50c		
Baton Rouge Electric Co., \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/2	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Beaunit Mills (initial)	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
\$1½ preferred (initial)	39½c \$1	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Belding Corticelli Ltd. (quar.)	\$1	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 50c	Eeb 15	Feb. 2
Border City Mig. Co.	50c	Mar. 31	Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Mar. 15 Feb. 3 Mar. 18
Briggoport Gas Light Co. (quar.)	60c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Acme Wire Co., voting trust certificates	15c	Feb. 27	Feb. 15
Old class B	30c	Feb. 27	Feb. 15 Feb. 19
Buckeye Pipe Line Co	\$1 \$1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	Mar. 15	Feb. 19
Bulova Watch Co., Inc., \$31/2 conv. pref	\$134	Mar. 1	
Called for redemption Bunte Bros	F00	Fob 15	Fob 2
Bunte Bros	50c \$1¼	Mar. 1	Feb. 23
5% preferred (quar.)	150	Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 23 Feb. 13
Proformed (Guar )	15c 37½c h\$1¾ \$1 \$1 \$1	Mar. 1 Mar. 20	Feb. 13
Canada Wire & Cable Co., Ltd., pref	h\$134	Mar. 20	Mar. 1
Canadian Cottons, Ltd. (quar.)	\$1	Apr. 1	Mar. 19 Mar. 19
Preferred (quar.)	\$11/2	Apr. 1	Mar. 19
Canadian Industrial Alcohol Co., A & B			reb. I
Distribution of one sn. of capital stock of	3 . 7 .	1.00	4.1
Oldetyme Distillers Corp. for each five	8	1	100
Consdian Industries Ltd	\$116	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Proferred (guar )	\$134	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Carolina Telep & Teleg. Co., common	\$1 ½ \$1 ¾ \$2	Apr. 4	Mar. 24
Carreras, Ltd., Am. dep. rec. A ord		Jan. 28	Mar. 31 Mar. 31 Mar. 24 Jan. 4
A sh. bonus distribution of 16 new B ord.	1,000		100
Canadian Industries, Ltd	8.		
Amer den rec B ord		Jan. 28	Jan. [4
Amer. dep. rec. B ord.  A sh. bonus distribution of 2 new B ord.			
reg. shs. for every 5 old B ord. reg. shs.		1	
held.			7 48
Central Arizona Lt. & Pow., \$7 pref. (quar.)	\$134 \$112 \$1 50c 75c	Feb. 1 Feb. 1 Mar. 15	Jan. 15 Jan. 15
\$6 preferred (quar.)	\$1 2	Mar 15	Feb. 20
Central Illinois Public Service Co., 50 & 6 % prei.	500	Feb. 26	Jan. 21
Central Massachuseus III. & Tow. (quai.)	75c	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Chase (A. W.) Co., Ltd., preferred (quar.)	50c	Feb. 10	Jan. 30
Chester Water Service Co., \$51/2 pref. (quar.)	50c \$1 3/8 43 3/4 c	Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 10 Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Central Arizona Lt. & Pow., & pref. (quar.)	43 34 c	Apr. 1	Mar. 23
Chicago, Wilmington & Franklin Coal Co.—	011/	Tab 1	Ton 97
6% preferred (quar.)	\$1.73	Feb. 15	Jan. 27 Feb. 5
Clear Springs Water Service Co., 56 prei	971/2	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Cleveland & Pittsburgh RR. Co., gtd	8716c	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Guaranteed (quar.)	\$1 ½ \$1 ½ 87 ½c 87 ½c 87 ½c 50c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Special guaranteed	50c		
Special guaranteed (quar.)	50c	June 1	May 10
Special guaranteed (quar.)	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Special guaranteed (quar.)	50c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Chicago, Wilmington & Franklin Coal Co.— 6% preferred (quar.). Clear Springs Water Service Co., \$6 pref. Cleveland & Pitsburgh RR. Co., gtd. Guaranteed (quar.). Special guaranteed. Special guaranteed. Special guaranteed (quar.). Special guaranteed (quar.). Special guaranteed (quar.). Collins & Aikman Corp., common.	50c	Feb. 19	Feb. 9
ExtraPreferred (quar.)		Mar 1	May 10 Aug. 10 Nov. 10 Feb. 9 Feb. 19
Columbian Carbon Co. (quar.)	1% %	Mar. 10	Feb. 15
Columbian Carbon Co. (quar.)	50c	Mar. 10 Mar. 10	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
SpecialCompania Swift International (sa.)	\$1	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Compania Swift International (sa.) Compressed Industrial Gases (quar.) Consolidated Biscuit Co., common Consol, Gas Elec. Light & Power Co. of Balt	50c	Mar. 15 Mar. 23	Mar. 4
Consolidated Biscuit Co., common	15c	Mar. 23	Feb. 10
Consol. Gas Elec. Light & Power Co. of Balt	90c	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
5% preferred (quar.)	\$114	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Continental Assurance Co. (Chic., Ill.) (quar.)	50c	Mar. 31	Mar. 15
5% preferred (quar.) Continental Assurance Co. (Chic., Ill.) (quar.) Creameries of Amer., Inc., \$3½ pref. (quar.) Crown Zellerbach Corp., A & B preference.	50c 87½c \$1½ 30c \$3½ h\$1¾	Mar. 1 Feb. 28 Feb. 27 Feb. 3	Feb. 10 Feb. 13
Crum & Forster Insurance Shares, A & B	300	Feb. 27	Feb. 17
Orum & Forster msurance shares, A & D.	0016	Fish. Z	Tob 1
Crunden-Martin Mfg., 7% pref. (sa.) Curtis Publishing Co., \$7 preferred	1 3550	ren.	Feb. 26

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Cushman's Sons, 7% preferred Curtis Mfg. Co. (Mo.) Dayton Power & Light, 4½% pref. (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	87½c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 13 Feb. 20 Jan. 29 Jan. 29 Feb. 9 May 7
Dayton Power & Light, 4½% pref. (quar.)	\$1.125 h70c	Mar. 1	Feb. 20
\$7 preferred	h75c 50c	Feb. 1	Jan. 29
\$7 preferred. Eastern Utilities Associates (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	50c 50c	May 15 Aug. 16 Nov. 15	Feb. 9 May 7 Aug. 6
Quarterly Convertible shares	50c	Nov. 15	Morr 0
El Paso Electric Co. (Del.), 7% pref. (quar.) El Paso Electric Co. (Texas), \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$134 \$116	Apr. 15	Mar. 31 Mar. 31 Feb. 15
Empire Capital Corp., class A Emsco Derrick & Equipment (quar.)	50c 10c 10c \$134 \$142 - 25c 8742c 8742c 8742c 8742c 8742c	Feb. 15 Apr. 15 Apr. 15 Feb. 27 Feb. 15	Feb. 15 Feb. 11
Erie & Pottsburgh RR. Co., 7% gtd. (quar.)	87½c	Mar. 10 June 10	May 31
7% guaranteed (quar.) 7% guaranteed (quar.)	87½c	Sept. 10 Dec. 10	Aug. 31
Guaranteed betterment (quar.)	- 80c 80c	June 1	Feb. 27 Mar. 31
Quarterly. Quarterly. Quarterly. Convertible shares. El Paso Electric Co. (Del.), 7% pref. (quar.). El Paso Electric Co. (Texas), \$6 pref. (quar.). Empire Capital Corp., class A Emsco Derrick & Equipment (quar.). Erie & Pottsburgh RR. Co., 7% gtd. (quar.). 7% guaranteed (quar.). 7% guaranteed (quar.). Guaranteed betterment (quar.). Guaranteed betterment (quar.). Guaranteed betterment (quar.). Guaranteed betterment (quar.). Fajardo Sugar. Faultless Rubber Co. (quar.). Frishman (M. H.) (quar.). Federal Light & Traction, pref. (quar.). Fuller Brush Co., A (quar.). Galland Mercantile Laundry Co. (quar.). General American Corp. (quar.). General American Corp. (quar.). General Mills, Inc., pref. (quar.). Freferred (quar.) General Motors Corp. Preferred (quar.) General Water, Gas & Elec. Co. (quar.).	- 80c - 80c	Sept. 1 Dec. 1	Nov. 30 Feb. 27 Mar. 31 Aug. 31 Nov. 30 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15a Jan. 27 Mar. 25 Feb. 15 Mar. 27
Faultless Rubber Co. (quar.)	50c 25c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1	Mar. 15
Federal Light & Traction, pref. (quar.) Fuller Brush Co., A (quar.)	25c \$1½ 12½c 75c 75c \$1½ \$1½ \$1½	Mar. 1 Feb. 1	Feb. 15a
Galland Mercantile Laundry Co. (quar.) General American Corp. (quar.)	75c 75c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 15	Mar. 25 Feb. 15
General Gas & Elec. Corp. (Dela.), \$5 pref. (qu. General Mills, Inc., pref. (quar.)	\$114	Mar. 15 Apr. 1	Mar. 1 Mar. 10a Feb. 11
General Motors Corp Preferred (quar.)	25c \$1 1/4 20c	IMay 1	Apr. 5
General Motors Corp. Preferred (quar.). General Water, Gas & Elec. Co. (quar.). Glens Falls Insurance Co. (quar.). Gossard (H. W.) Co., common. Gulf State Utilities, \$6 pref. (quar.). \$5½ preferred (quar.). Hancock Oil Co., A & B (quarterly). Class A & B (extra). Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., pref. (qu.). Harmony Mills, \$7% pref. (liquidating). Hart-Carter Co., preferred. Haverity Furniture Cos., Inc. (irregular).	20c 40c	Feb. 20	Feb. 13
Gulf State Utilities, \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$1½ \$1½	Mar. 15 Mar. 15 Mar. 15	Feb. 15 Feb. 26
Hancock Oil Co., A & B (quarterly)	25c	Mar. 15 Mar. 1	Feb. 26 Feb. 15 Feb. 15
Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., pref. (qu.)	25c \$11% 25c 12½c \$11%	Apr. 20	Apr. 7
Hart-Carter Co., preferred Haverity Furniture Cos., Inc. (irregular)	50c 10c	Mar. 1 Apr. 20 Feb. 8 Mar. 1 Jan. 25	Feb. 15
Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. (quarterly) Hires (Chas. E.) Co., class A common (quar.)	\$114	Mar i	Fob 15
Haverlty Furniture Cos., Inc. (irregular) Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. (quarterly) Hires (Chas. E.) Co., class A common (quar.) Holt (Henry) & Co., participating A Homestake Mining (monthly) Extra	50c 10c \$1	Mar. 1 Feb. 25 Feb. 25 Feb. 10 Apr. 1	Feb. 9 Feb. 20
Extra Honolulu Plantation Co. (monthly) Indiana Steel Products (initial, quar.)	\$1 \$2 15c	Feb. 25 Feb. 10	Feb. 20 Jan. 31
Indiana Steel Products (initial, quar.)	15c 50c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1	Mar. 15 Feb. 11
International Products Corp., 6% pref International Nickel Co	h\$3 50c	Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 31	Feb. 10 Mar. 1
Ingersol-Rand Co. Laternational Products Corp., 6% pref International Nickel Co  Extra  Extra  LEXTRA	\$1 \$1	Mar. 9 Mar. 9	
Ironwood & Bessemer Ry, & Light Co.— 7% preferred (quarterly) Jarvis (W. B.) Co. (quarterly) Jewel Tea Co. (quarterly) Kable Bros. Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Kalamazoo Vegetable Parchment Co. (qu.) Klein (D. Emil) (quarterly)  Lanston Monotype (increased)  Laura Secord Corp  Leath & Co., preferred (quar.) Lincoln Stores, Inc. (quarterly)  Preferred (quarterly)  Lock Joint Pipe Co. (monthly)  Monthly  Monthly	\$134	Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
lewel Tea Co. (quarterly)  Kable Bros. Co. 67 pref. (quar.)	\$134 371/c \$1 \$1/2 \$1/50		
Kalamazoo Vegetable Parchment Co. (qu.) Klein (D. Emil) (quarterly)	15c 25c	Mar. 31	Mar. 20
Lanston Monotype (increased)	\$2 75c		
Leath & Co., preferred (quar.)  Lincoln Stores, Inc. (quarterly)	62½c 25c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1	Mar. 15 Feb. 23
Preferred (quarterly) Lock Joint Pipe Co. (monthly)	\$134 50c	Mar. 1 Jan. 30	Feb. 23 Jan. 27
Monthly Monthly	50c 50c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Jan. 30 Feb. 27 Mar. 31 Apr. 1 July 1	Feb. 24 Mar. 27
8% preferred (quar.)	\$2 \$2	Apr. 1 July 1	Mar. 29 June 28
8% preferred (quar.)	\$2 \$2	Jan. 3	Sept. 28 Dec. 31
Monthly 8% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) Loew's, Inc. (quarterly) Extra Ludlow Mfg. Assoc Luzerne County Gas & Electric Corp.— \$7 1st preferred (quarterly) \$6 1st preferred (quarterly) Managed Investors, Inc. (quar.) Extra	50c 50c \$2	Oct. 1 Jan. 3 Mar. 31 Mar. 31 Mar. 1	Mar. 12 Mar. 12
Luzerne County Gas & Electric Corp.— \$7 1st preferred (quarterly)	\$13/		
\$6 1st preferred (quarterly) Managed Investors, Inc. (quar.)	\$134 \$11/2 5c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Jan. 30 Feb. 1
Extra Marion Mfg. Co May Dept. Stores (quar.) Mead Corp., preferred (quar.) Merchants & Miners Transportation Co	\$1½ 75c \$1½ 40c 75c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Jan. 30 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 31 Feb. 25 Apr. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Mar. 15 Apr. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 1 Jan. 20
May Dept. Stores (quar.) Mead Corp., preferred (quar.)	75c \$1½	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
Merchants & Miners Transportation Co Middlesex Water Co. (quar.)	40c 75c	Mar. 31 Mar. 1	Mar. 11 Feb. 23
Voting trust certificates (quar.)	25c 25c	Feb. 25 May 25	Feb. 15 May 15
Monar Knitting Co., 7% preferred	\$112	Feb. 15	Mar. 15 Jan. 28
Mutual American Security Trust, payable in stk.	50%	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
New Amsterdam Casualty (resumed)	30c	Apr. 1	Mar. 1
New World Life Insurance Co Noma Electric Co	40c 40c	Mar. 1 Feb. 18	Feb. 9 Feb. 8
Northern RR. Co. of New Jersey, 4% gtd. (qu.) Northeastern Water & Elec. \$4 pref. (quar.)	\$1 \$1	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 8 Feb. 9 Feb. 8 Feb. 18 Feb. 10 Feb. 13
Mead Corp., preferred (quar.) Merchants & Miners Transportation Co. Middlesex Water Co. (quar.) Midco oil Corp., vot. tr. ctfs. (quar.) Voting trust certificates (quar.) Monar Knitting Co., 7% preferred. Morse Twist Drill & Machine Co. Mullins Mfg., \$7 pref. (quar.) Mutual American Security Trust, payable in stk. Neisner Bros. (quarterly) New Amsterdam Casualty (resumed) New Morsterdam Casualty (resumed) New Morld Life Insurance Co. Northern RR. Co. of New Jersey, 4% gtd. (qu.) Nova Scotia Light & Power Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Nova Scotia Light & Power Co., 6% pref. (qu.) Dino Public Service Co., 7% pref. (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) Dino State Life Insurance (quar.) Extra Dlympic Forest Products Co., \$8 pref.	\$1½ 58 1-3c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 1 Feb. 1 Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Apr. 1 Feb. 1	Feb. 13 Feb. 15
6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly)	50c 41 2-3c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
Extra	\$21/2	Feb. 1	Jan. 28 Jan. 28
Jivmpic Forest Products ( o we want	h\$2 \$2 10c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1	Feb. 20 Mar. 15
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.)	1000	Mar. 5	Feb. 15
Dimibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley RR. (semi-annual)	\$3	TOD. I	
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1	Feb. 20 Mar. 20
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 20 Mar. 20 Feb. 15 Feb. 15
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1	Feb. 20 Mar. 20 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 19 Feb. 15
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pemnsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S 7 and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pemnsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S 7 and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pemnsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S 7 and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley R.R. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) S and 7 % preferred (quarterly)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Apr. 1 July 6 Oct. 5	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Feb. 5 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10
Omo State Line Insurance (quar.)  Extra. Olympic Forest Products Co., \$8 pref. Omnibus Corp., pref. (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Pemigewasset Valley RR. (semi-annual) Pennsylvania Gas & Electric, class A (quar.) \$7 and 7% preferred (quarterly) Petrol Oil & Gas Co. (semi-annual)  Extra. Phelps Dodge Corp. Pillsbury Flour Mills Co. (quar.) Pittsburgh Suburban Water Service \$5½ preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. (qu.) Quarterly 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. Co. 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Por preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.)	371/3c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Feb. 19 Feb. 15 Mar. 10 June 10 Sept. 10 Mar. 10 July 10 Sept. 10

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Rainier Pulp & Paper class A & B (quar.) Representative Trust Shares. Republic Insurance Co. of Texas (quar.) Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills. Reynolds Metals Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills. Ran Carlos Milling, Ltd. (monthly). Savannah Electric & Power, 8% deb. A (quar.) 7½ % debenture B (quar.) 6½ % debenture D (quar.) 6½ % debenture D (quar.) 6½ % debenture Preferred (s-a.) Schumacher Wall Board Corp., pref. Sears, Roebuck & Co. (quar.) Second Investors Corp. (R. I.) \$3 pref. (quar.) Sheaffer (W. A.) Pen Co. (increased) Sheall Transport & Trading (Amer. shs.) Shenango Valley Water, 6% pref. (quar.) Simon (Wm.) Brewing (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 20
Representative Trust Shares	34.1954c	Feb. 1	
Republic Insurance Co. of Texas (quar.)	30c	Feb. 25	Feb. 10
Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills	h\$3	Feb. 15	Feb. 4
Reynolds Metals Co. (quar.)	25c	Mar. 1 Apr. 1	Feb. 15a Mar. 20a
Rutland & Whitehall RR	\$13% 50c	Apr. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 1
San Carlos Milling, Ltd. (monthly)	20c	Jan. 15	Jan. 2
Savannah Electric & Power, 8% deb. A (quar.).	\$2 \$178 \$134 \$158 \$158	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
71/2 % debentire B (quar.)	\$178	Apr. 1 Apr. 1	Mar. 10
7% debenture C (quar.)	\$1%	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
6% debenture preferred (s - a )	\$1%	Apr. 1 Apr. 1	Mar. 10 Mar. 10
Schumacher Wall Board Corp., pref	h50c	Apr. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Sears, Roebuck & Co. (quar.)	75c	Feb. 15 Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Second Investors Corp. (R. I.) \$3 pref. (quar.)	75c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Sheaffer (W. A.) Pen Co. (increased)	\$1¼ 73c	Feb. 26	Feb. 11
Shell Transport & Trading (Amer. shs.)	73c	Feb. 16	Feb. 9
Simon (Wm ) Proving (quar )	\$1½ 2c	Mar. 1 Feb. 27	Feb. 20 Feb. 15
Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.)	81	Feb. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 1
Quarterly	\$1 \$1	May 1	May 1
		Aug. 1	Aug. 1
Quarterly	\$1	Nov. 1	Nov. 1
Quarterly Socony-Vacuum Oil Co Southern California Edison Co., Ltd.— 6% preferred B (quar.) Southern New England Telephone (quar.)	25c	Mar. 15	Feb. 18a
Southern California Edison Co., Ltd.—	271/0	Man 15	Ti-1- 00
Southern New England Telephone (quar.)	37½c \$1¾	Mar. 15 Apr. 15	Mar 21
Southern Pipe Line Co	20c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15a
Southwest Life Insurance	\$2	Jan. 20	Jan. 19
Standard Brands, Inc. (quar.)	20c	Apr. 1	Feb. 17
Southern Pipe Line Co————————————————————————————————————	\$1% 37½c 25c	Apr. 1	Feb. 17
Standard-Coosa-Thatcher (increased)	37½c	Feb. 10	Feb. 1
Standard Oil Co. of California	25c	Mar. 15 Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Extra Standard Oil of Indiana (quar.)	5c 25c	Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Extra		Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Extra Stromberg-Carlson Telephone	1216c	Mar. 1	Feb. 8
		Mar. 1	Feb. 8
Stuyvesant Insurance Co. (initial) Susquehanna Utilities Co. 6% 1st pref. (qu.) Sylvanite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	20c	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Susquehanna Utilities Co. 6% 1st pref. (qu.)	\$11/2	Mar. 1 Mar. 31 Mar. 31	Feb. 20
Special	5c 5c	Mar. 31	Feb. 15
Timken Roller Bearing Co. (quar.) Toledo Edison Co. 7% pref. (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly)	75c	Mar. 5	Feb. 15 Feb. 16
Toledo Edison Co. 7% pref. (monthly)	58 1-3c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
6% preferred (monthly)	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
5% preferred (monthly)	41 2-3c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Arriplex Salety Glass Co., Ltd.			Jan. 29
Triplex Safety Glass Co., Ltd. Am. dep. rec. ord. reg.; a sh. bonus of 1 new ord. sh. for each sh. held. Trusteed New York Bank Shares, bearer		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Br 1. 10** "
Trusteed New York Bank Shares, bearer	2.4c	Feb. 10	
		Mar. 1	
Union Tank Car Co. (quar.) United States Electric Lt. & Power Shares, Inc.	40c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
United States Electric Lt. & Power Shares, Inc.	1		- 00
United States Playing Card Corn (quar )	250	Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Jan. 30
Extra	25c 25c	Apr. 1	Mar. 16
Extra Vick Chemical Co. (quar.) Extra Vogt Manufacturing Co. Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c		Feb. 15
Extra	10c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Vogt Manufacturing Co	20c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Hiram Walker-Gooderham & Worts (quar.)	50c	Mar. 15	Feb. 19
Weshington Dr. & Floatric Co.	25c	Mar. 15	Feb. 19
50 preferred (quer )	\$9	Feb. 27	Feb. 15
5% preferred (quar)	\$112		Feb. 15 May 15
5% preferred (semi-ann.)	\$213	June 1	May 15
Preferred (quar.) Washington Ry. & Electric Co. 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (semi-ann.) Western Public Service Co. \$1½ pref. A. Western Flectric Instrument class A (nar.)	h56c 1/4	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Weston Electric Instrument class A (quar.)	50c	Apr 15	Mar 16
Whitting Corp., 61/2 % pref. (quar.)	\$1.62	Jan. 26 Feb. 1	Jan. 26
Ouerterly plus extra	2%	May 1	Jan. 19
Quarterly plus extra	200	May 1	Apr. 15 July 15
Town your Ping Cautannanananananananana	569	Nov 1	Oct. 15
Quarterly plus extra			
Whitting Corp., 6½% pref. (quar.). Winsted Hosiery Co. (quar., plus extra) Quarterly plus extra Zimmerknit Co., Ltd., 7% pref. (sa.)	\$1:02 2% 2% 2% \$1½ \$3½	Aug. 1 Nov. 1 Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Feb. 5 Jan. 28

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. The list *does not* include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company	Per Share		Holders of Record
Abbott's Dairies, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Abbott's Dairies, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Mar. 22	Mar. 2
Agnew-Surpass Shoe Stores (semi-ann.)	r20c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Preferred (quarterly)	\$134	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Preferred (quarterly)Alabama Great Southern RR., Preferred	\$134 3% \$2	Feb. 17	Jan. 6
Alaska Packers Assoc. (quarterly)All-Canadian Properties (liquidating dividend)	\$2		
All-Canadian Properties (liquidating dividend)	25c	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Alpha Portland Cement	25c	Mar. 25	Mar. 1
American Arch Co	50c	Mar. 1	Feb. 18
American Arch Co- American Asphalt Roof common (quar.)	\$2	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
American Can Co. (quar.) American Chain & Cable Co., Inc 5% pref. (quar.)	\$1	Feb. 15	Jan. 25 Mar. 5
American Chain & Cable Co., Inc 5% pref. (quar.)	\$11/	Mar. 15	Mar. 5
American Chicle Co. (quarterly)	\$1	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	Mar. 1	Feb. 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	\$1%	June 1	May 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	\$1%	Sept. 1	Aug. 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	\$1%	Dec. 1	Nov. 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	75c	Sept. 1 Dec. 1 Feb. 10 Mar. 31	Jan. 30
American Hide & Leatner preferred (quar.)	750	Mar. 31	Mar. 19
American Home Products Corp. (mo.)  American Metals Co., pref. (quar.)  American Paper Goods Co., 7% pref. (quar.)  7% preferred (quarterly)  7% preferred (quarterly)  American Re-Insurance Co. (quarterly)  American Re-Insurance Co. (quarterly)	20c	Mar. I	Feb. 15a
American Metals Co., pref. (quar.)	\$1 \\ \$1 \\	Mar. 1	Feb. 19
American Paper Goods Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1%	Mar. 15 June 15	Mar. 5
7% preferred (quarterly)	91 %	June 15	June 5
7% preferred (quarterly)	8133	Sept. 15	Sept. 5
Amorican Po Incurence Co (quarterly)	75c	Dec. 15	Top. 90
American Smelting & Refining (quar.)	75c	Feb. 15	Jan. 29
American Sugar Refining Co. (quar.)	100	Feb. 27 Apr. 2 Apr. 2 Mar. 1	Man. 29
Professed (quar.)	@13/	Apr. 2	Mar. 5
American Tobacco Co. com & com B (quar)	\$134 \$114	Mar 1	Fob 10
American Tractors Ltd (monthly)	15c	Fob 10	Ton 20
Preferred (quar.) American Tobacco Co., com. & com. B (quar.) American Tractors, Ltd. (monthly) Amoskeag Co. preferred (semi-ann.)	\$214	Feb. 10 July 2 Feb. 10	Tune 10
Amparo Mining Co	1c	Fob 10	Tan 20
Amparo Mining Co	50c	Mar. 15	Feb. 10
Armour & Co (Del ) 7% pref (quar )	Q13/	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
Armour & Co. (III.) (initial) \$6 preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Armstrong Cork Co. (increased). Associated Dry Goods Corp., 6% 1st pref	15c	Mar. 15	Feb. 23
\$6 preferred (quar.)	\$116	Apr. 1	Mar 10
7% preferred (quar.)	\$11/2 \$13/4	Apr. 1	Mar. 10
Armstrong Cork Co. (increased)	50c	Mar. 1	
Associated Dry Goods Corp., 6% 1st pref	\$116		Feb. 5
7% 2nd preferred	\$1 1/2 \$1 3/4	Mar. 1	Feb. 5
7% 2nd preferred Associated Telep. & Teleg. Co. 7% 1st pref	49c	Feb. 15	
S6 first preferred	42c	Feb. 15	Jan. 25
Atlas Corp. 6% preferred (quar.)Atlas Plywood Corp. (increased)	75c	Mar. 1	
Atlas Plywood Corp. (increased)	3714c	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Atlas Tack Corp	25c	Feb. 15	Feb. 3
Atlas Tack Corp Baltimore American Insurance (sa.)	10c	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Extra	50	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Bankers & Shippers Insurance Co. (quar.) Beacon Mfg. Co., 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1 ½ \$1 ½	Feb. 15	Feb. 8
Beacon Mfg. Co., 6% pref. (quar.)	\$114	Feb. 15	Jan. 30
Belden Mfg. Co. (quarterly) Bethlehem Steel Corp., 7% pref. (quar.)	150	Feb. 15	Feb. 10
Bethlehem Steel Corp., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$184	Apr. 1	Mar 5
5% preferred (quarterly)	\$134 25c	Apr. 1	Mar 5
5% preferred (quarterly)  Bigelow-Sanford Carpet (increased)	50c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1	Feb 10
Preferred (quarterly) Blauners, Inc. preferred (quar.)	\$11/2	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
D1	75c	Feb. 15	T 20

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holder of Reco
Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 pref. (quar.) Opt. stk. div. of 1-32 sh. of com. or cash.	75c	Mar. 1	Feb.
Opt, stk, div. of 1-32 sh, of com, or cash, orden Co. (quar.).  orden Co. (quar.).  oss Manufacturing Co., common.  ourjols, Inc., \$22% preferred (quar.).  ower Roller Bearing Co. (quarterly).  rach (E. J.) & Son (quar.).  rrooklyn Edison Co. (quarterly).  rrooklyn Teleg. & Messenger Co. (quar.).  rrooklyn Union Gas Co. (quar.).  rrown Shoe Co. common (quar.).  surfalo Ankerite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.).  Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining.  surroughs Adding Machine (quar.).  surroughs Adding Machine (quar.).  surroughs Adding Machine (quar.).  salamba Sugar Estates (quar.).	40c	Mar. 1	Feb. 1. Jan. 30
Bourjois, Inc., \$2 % preferred (quar.)	\$2 68 34 c 50 c 30 c \$2 \$1 14 75 c 75 c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 25	Feb. Mar.
rach (E. J.) & Son (quar.)	30c	Mar. 1 Feb. 27	Feb. 1
rooklyn Edison Co. (quarterly) rooklyn Teleg. & Messenger Co. (quar.)	\$1 1/4		
rooklyn Union Gas Co. (quar.)	75c 75c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Mar. Feb. 2
Suffalo Ankerite Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	r121/4%	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Feb. 1
Burroughs Adding Machine (quar.)	20c 25c	Mar. 5 Feb. 15	Feb.
alamba Sugar Estates (quar.)	40c	Apr. 1	Mar. 1
delifornia Packing Corn common (disarterly)	37460	Feb. 22 Feb. 20 Feb. 20	Feb.
Stock dividend Payable 10-200ths sh. \$50 par 5% preferred. Palifornia Water Service 6% pref. (quar.) Pampbell, Wyant & Cannon Foundry (quar.) Panada Cement Co., preferred Panada Vinegars Ltd (quar.) Panadian Converters (quar.) Panadian Oil Cos. (quar.)	\$136		
Campbell, Wyant & Cannon Foundry (quar.)	\$1½ 25c 25c	Feb. 15 Feb. 27 Mar. 20	I Han "
Canada Vinegars Ltd. (quar.)	n \$1	Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Feb. 1. Jan. 3
Canadian Oil Cos. (quar.)	50c 121/2c \$11/4 \$11/2 60c	Feb. 15 Mar. 15	Feb.
Carthage Mills, Inc., 6% prof. A (quar.)	\$112	Apr. 1 Apr. 1	Mar. 2 Mar. 2
Castle (A. M.) & Co. (quar.)	75c	Feb. 19	Jan. 2 Feb. 1
Preferred (initial, quarterly)	50c \$114 75c	Feb. 25	Feb. 1
Dedar Rapids Mfg. & Power Co. (quar.) Dentral Cold Storage (quarterly)	75c 25c	Feb. 19 Feb. 28 Feb. 25 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 May 15 Aug. 16 Nov. 15 Mar. 1	Jan. 3 Feb.
Central Massachusetts Light & Power Co. (qu.) = 6% preferred (quarterly) = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	\$11/2 10c	Feb. 26	Jan. 2 Jan. 3
Jentrifugal Pipe Corp. (quar.)	10c 10c	Feb. 15 May 15	Feb. May
QuarterlyOuarterly	10c 10c	Aug. 16 Nov. 15	Aug. Nov.
Century Ribbon Mills, pref. (quar.) (Resumed)	10c \$134 10c	Mar. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 2 Feb.
Chain Belt Co	62 ½ c 25 c \$1 ½ \$1 ½ 37 ½ c 12 ½ c 50 c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Feb. Jan. 3
lanada Vinegars Ltd. (quar.) lanadian Converters (quar.) lanadian Converters (quar.) larter (Wm.) Co., preferred (quar.) larter (wm.) Co., preferred (quar.) larter (wm.) Co. (quar.) larter (larterly) lastie (A. M.) & Co. (quar.) laterpillar Tractor (quarterly) ledar Rapids Mfg. & Power Co. (quar.) ledar Rapids Mfg. & Power Co. (quar.) lentral Cold Storage (quarterly) lentral Massachusetts Light & Power Co. (qu.) lentriugal Pipe Corp. (quar.) lentriugal Pipe Co. (quar.)	\$114	IIVIAF. I	reb.
Chicago Mail Order (quar.)	3714c	Mar. 1	Feb. 1
	50c	Hob 97	Feb. 1 Feb. 1 Feb.
nne Copper Co	200	Apr. 1 July 1	Mar. 2 June 1 Sept. 1
Preferred (quarterly)	\$114	Oct. 1	Sept. 1
Preferred (quarterly)	\$15%	Mar. 31 Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 1
Preferred (quarterly)	\$11/2	Mar. 1 Apr. 1	Feb. Mar.
6% preferred series A (quarterly)	\$114	Feb. 15	Jan. 2
5% cumul. preferred (quarterly) 5% cumul conv. preference (quar.)	\$114	Feb. 15 Feb. 23 Feb. 23	Jan. 2 Jan. 2
Solumbia Pictures Corp. (semi-annual) \$234 conv. pref. (quar.)	68%c	Feb. 23	Feb.
Incinnati Union Terminal Co., 5% pref. (qu.)— Preferred (quarterly)— Preferred (quarterly)— Dity Ice & Fuel Co. (quarterly)— Preferred (quarterly)— Olgate-Palmolive-Peet (quarterly)— Preferred (quarterly)— Olumbia Gas & Electric Corp— 6% preferred series A (quarterly)— 5% cumul. preferred (quarterly)— 5% cumul. preferred (quarterly)— 5% cumul conv. preference (quar.)— Olumbia Pictures Corp. (semi-annual) \$234 conv. pref. (quar.)— Ommonwealth Internat. Corp., Ltd., (interim) Extra	1%	Feb. 18 Feb. 18 Feb. 18 Feb. 18	Jan. 1 Jan. 1
Concord Gas Co. 7% preferred	1% h871/c \$13/6 621/c \$11/4 \$18/4	Feb. 18 Mar. 1	Jan. 3 Feb. 1
Connecticut River Power 6%, prof (quar)	6214c	Mar.	Feb. 1
Consolidated Cigar Corp., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134 50c	Mar.	Feb. 1 Feb. 1
Consolidated Oil Corp., com. (quar.)	20c \$1¼	Feb. 1	Jan. 1
Consolidated Paper Co	25c 30c	Mar. 18 Feb. 1: Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 20 Feb. 15 Mar. 20 Mar. 20	Feb. 1
Continental Can Co Inc., common (quar.)	75c	Feb. 18	Jan. 2
Cook Paint & Varnish Co. (quar.)	25c 15c	Mar. I Mar. I	Feb. 2
Copperweld Steel (quarterly)	\$1 30c	Mar.	Feb. 2 Feb. 1
Corporate Investors, Ltd. (quar.)	51/2 c 25c	Mar. Mar. Mar. Feb. 11 Feb. 11 Feb. 11 Mar. 11 Feb. 11 Mar. 11 Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar.	Jan. 3
Cresson Consol. Gold Mining & Milling (qu.) - Crown Cork International Corp. class A (quar.) -	2c 25c	April	Mar. 1
Orown Cork & Seal Co., Inc., common (quar.) == \$2 1/2 cumul. preferred (quarterly) ====================================	56 14 c	Mar. 1	Feb. 1 Feb. 2
Crown Cork & Seal, Ltd. (quarterly)	50c 56¼c 20c 43¾c \$1¾ h35c	Feb. 18	Jan. 3 Feb. 1
Ouneo Press, Inc., preferred (quar.)	\$15% h35c	Mar. 1. Mar.	Mar. Feb. 1
Preferred (quar.)	35c 30c	Mar.	Feb. 1
Dexter Co. (quar.)	20c	Mar.	Feb. 1
Preferred (sem ann.)	50c 75c 75c 75c	Mar.	Feb. 1
Preferred (sem -ann.)	75c \$1	Marl'3	Feb 15
Preferred (quar.)	\$2	Mar.	Feb. 1 Jan. 3
Distillers Co., Ltd.—	\$114	Feb. 1	I Ten
Dixie-Vortex Co	7½% 37½c 62½c 50c	Apr.	Mar. 1
Olass A. Dome Mines (quar.)	50c	Apr. 20	Mar. 3
Dominion Bridge Co. (quar.) Dow Chemical Co	730c	Feb. 1.	Jan. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 3 Jan. 3 Feb.
Preferred (quarterly)	\$114 15c	Feb. 1	Feb.
Duplan Silk Corp. (semi-ann.) Eastern Shoe Public Service Co—	. 50c	Feb. 1	Feb.
\$6 ½ preferred (quarterly)	\$15%	Mar. Mar.	Feb. 1 Feb. 1 Feb.
Eaton Majufacturing CoElectric Shareholdings Corp. preferred	50c	Feb. 1. Mar.	Feb.
Payable in 44-1000ths sh. of com. stk. or opt	1		
Ely & Walker Dry Goods (quar.)	25c 10c	Mar. Feb. 1	1 Feb. 1 0 Feb.
Capital stock	10c 50c	May 1	1 May
Capital stock	80c	Feb. 1	Dec 2
Fairbanks, Morse & Co. (quar.)	- 60c 25c	Mar. Mar.	1 Feb.
Preferred (quarterly)	25c 25c 25c \$1½ \$2½ 50c	Mar.	1 Feb.
5% cumul conv. preference (quar.)  \$234 conv. pref. (quar.)  \$234 conv. pref. (quar.)  Commonwealth Internat. Corp., Ltd., (interim)  Extra Concord Gas Co. 7% preferred Connecticut Light & Power Co., 5½% pref. (quar.)  Connecticut Light & Power Go., fyy pref. (quar.)  Connecticut River Power 6% pref. (quar.)  Consolidated Edison (N. Y.)  Consolidated Edison (N. Y.)  Consolidated Edison (N. Y.)  Consolidated Paper Co.  Container Corp. (increased, quar.)  Consolidated Paper Co.  Container Corp. (increased, quar.)  Continental Can Co., Inc., common (quar.)  Continental Oil Co. (pel.)  Cook Paint & Varnish Co. (quar.)  Preferred (quar.)  Corporate Investors, Ltd. (quar.)  Crosson Imperial Mills Ltd. (quar.)  Crosson Consol. Gold Mining & Milling (qu.)  Crosmo Imperial Mills Ltd. (quar.)  Crown Cork International Corp. class A (quar.)  Crown Cork & Seal Co., Inc., common (quar.)  \$2¼ cumul. preferred (quarterly)  Crown Cork & Seal. Ltd. (quarterly)  Crown Cork & Seal. Ltd. (quarterly)  Crown Cork & Seal., Ltd. (quarterly)  Deter Co. (quar.)  Deter & Co., preferred  Preferred (quar.)  Detered (som -ann.)  Preferred (quar.)  Dominion Bridge Co. (quar.)  Down One Mines (quar.)  Down One Mines (quar.)  Down Drug Co. (quar.)  Down Drug Co. (quar.)  Down Chemical Co.  Payable in 44-1000ths sh. of com. stk. or opt payment of \$11½ cash.  Else & Walker Dry Goods (quar.)  Extra.  Preferred (quarterly)  Fairbanks, Morse & Co. (quar.)  Extra.  Friestone Tire & Rubber preferred (quar.)  First Security Corp. of Orden (Utah), ser A (sa First State Pawners Society (quar.)  First Security Corp. of Orden (Utah), ser A (sa First State Pawners Society (quar.)  First State Pawners Society (quar.)  First State Pawners Society (quar.)	\$2 ½ 50c	Apr Apr Mar. June 1 Mar. 3 Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar.	1
Firstone Tire & Rubber preferred (quar.) First Security Corp. of Ogden (Utah), ser A (s-a	\$116 50c	June 1	June
First State Pawners Society (quar.)  Fitz Simons & Connell Dredge & Dock (quar.)	\$134 25c	Mar. 3 Mar.	1 Mar. 2 1 Feb.
Florida Power Corp., 7% pref. A (quar.)	87160	Mar. Mar.	1 Feb.
Freeport Sulphur Co. (quar.)	25c \$114	Mar. May	1 Feb.
Fuller Brush Co. 7% preferred (quar.)	\$134	Apr.	1 Mar.
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134	Oct.	1 Sept.
First Security Corp. of Ogden(Utah), ser A (s-a First State Pawners Society (quar.)—Fitz Simons & Connell Dredge & Dock (quar.)—Florida Power Corp., 7% pref. A (quar.)—7% preferred (quarterly)—Freeport Sulphur Co. (quar.)—6% preferred (quarterly)—Fuller Brush Co. 7% preferred (quar.)—7% preferred (quar.)—7% preferred (quar.)—7% preferred (quar.)—7% preferred (quar.)—100 P	\$134 25c \$134 8734c 25c \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	Apr. July Oct. Mar	1 Apr. 1 Mar. 1 June 1 Sept. 1 Feb. 1 May

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
General Foods Corp. (quar.) General Metals Corp. (quar.) Girard Life Insurance (increased)	50c 371/4c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Jan. 25 Jan. 30
Girard Life Insurance (increased)	371/20 300 500	Apr. 10	Mar 17
Preferred (quarterly)  Globe-Democrat Publishers, 7% pref. (quar.)  Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co. 2d pref. (sa.)	56 14 c \$1 14 \$2 14 \$1	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Mar. 17 Feb. 20 Feb. 24 Feb. 27
Girard Life Insurance (increased)  Glidden Co, (quarterly)  Preferred (quarterly)  Globe-Democrat Publishers, 7% pref. (quar.)  Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co. 2d pref. (sa.)  Golden Cycle Corp. (quar.)  Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. 2d preferred  Offer to exchange 2d pref. for \$5 conv. pref.  stk. & com, stk. has been ext. to Mar. 13,  1937. with proviso that should a div. be	\$1	Mar. 10	Feb. 27
offer to exchange 2d pref. for \$5 conv. pref. stk. & com, stk. has been ext. to Mar. 13, 1937, with proviso that should a div. be			
1937, with proviso that should a div. be dec. to holders of 2d pref. sik. of rec. on or before March 13, exchange under plan shall terminate after close of business on date next			
preceding the record date for payment of div. on 2d pref. stk.  New \$5 conv. preferred		35 01	
	\$41/4	Mar. 25	
exchange of 2d pref. on Jan. 16 and on each business day up to and incl. March 13 (or such earlier date as previously ex-		100	
plained).  Grace National Bank (semi-ann.)  Grand Union Cor., \$3 pref.  Graton Knight Co., 7% pref. (quar.)  Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Co. (quar.)	\$3 25c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 23 Feb. 10
Graton Knight Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134 25c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Feb. 3
Extra Great Western Electro-Chemical Green Bay & Western RR, Co., class A deb	25c 80c 214%	Feb. 15 Feb. 23	Feb 5
Class B depentures	21/3% 21/3% \$13/4 25c	Feb. 23 Feb. 23 Feb. 23 Feb. 21	
Green (H. L.) Co. preferred (quar.) ————————————————————————————————————	25c \$134	Apr. 1 Feb. 15	Mar. 15 Feb. 1
Hale Bros. Stores, Inc. (increased, quar.)———— Hamilton Watch Co. 6% preferred (quar.)———	\$134 25c \$114 50c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Guif Oil Corp. Gurd (Charles) & Co., Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.). Hale Bros. Stores, Inc. (Increased, quar.) Hamilton Watch Co. 6% preferred (quar.). Covers period from Dec. 15, 1936, to Feb. 15, 1937.		100	
Hanna (M. A.) Co., pref. (quar.)	\$1¼ h75c 75c	Feb. 15	Feb. 15 Feb. 1 Feb. 5
Hawaiian Commercial Sugar————————————————————————————————————	h20c	Mar. 15 Feb. 15	Mar. 5 Feb. 1
Hawaiian Commercial Sugar  Hawaii Consol, Ry, 7% preferred  Helleman (G.) Brewing Co. (quar.)  Hercules Powder Co., preferred  Hershey Chocolate Corp. (quar.)	1½% 750	Feb. 15	Feb. 4 Jan. 25 Jan. 25
Preferred (participating dividend)	\$1 \$1 20c	Feb. 28	Jan. 25 Feb. 16
Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)  Monthly  Hollander (A.) & Sons (quar.)  Holophane Co., Inc. (increased)  Honomy Sugar Co. (monthly)  Hornel (Geo. A.) & Co. (quarterly)  Preferred A (quarterly)  Horn & Hardart (N. Y.), 5% pref. (quar.)  Hotel Barbizon, Inc., vot. tr. ctfs. (quar.)  Voting trust certificates (quarterly)  Voting trust certificates (quarterly)  Houdaille Hershey, class B  Class A (quar.)	20c 25c 50c	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Mar. 16 Jan. 29 Feb. 8
Honomu Sugar Co. (monthly) Hormel (Geo. A.) & Co. (quarterly)	10c 25c	Feb. 15	Jan. 30
Horn & Hardart (N. Y.), 5% pref. (quar.)	25c \$114 \$114 \$2 \$2	Mar. 1 May	Feb. 9 Apr. 24
Voting trust certificates (quarterly) Voting trust certificates (quarterly)	\$2 \$2	Nov.	
Houdaille Hershey, class B  Olass A (quar.)  For part of the common (quar.)	- OT	Apr. 15	Mar. 20 Mar. 31
Class A (quar.)  Household Finance Corp. common (quar.)  Participating preference (quar.)  Hutchison Sugar Plantation Co., Ltd. (mo.)	\$1.17	Feb. 15	Jan. 15
Illuminating Power Securities (quarter) 7% preferred (quarterly) 1	\$1 \$134 7½% 10%	Mar. 8	Jan. 30 Feb. 11
Ordinary (extra)	10%	Mar. 8	Feb. 11
Liquidating dividend Inland Steel Co. (increased) International Business Machine	\$1 e5%	Mar. 1 Apr. 1	Feb. 15 Mar. 15
Quarterly International Harvester, pref. (quar.) International Harvester, pref. (quar.) Interstate Hosiery Mills (quar.) Interstate Hosiery Mills (quar.) Intertype Corp. first preferred Jantzen Knitting Mills, preferred (quar.) Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., pref. Kaufmann Dept. Stores, pref. (quar.) Kayser (Julius) & Co- Kelvingtor Corp.	\$114 \$134 60c	Mar. I	Mar. 22 Feb. 5 Feb. 18
Interstate Hosiery Mills (quar.) Intertype Corp. first preferred	621/3c \$2	Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Feb. 18 Feb. 1 Mar. 15 Feb. 25 Mar. 26 Mar. 10
Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., pref. (quar.)	h\$1 % 31 % 4	Apr. 10 Mar. 31	Mar. 26 Mar. 10
Kayser (Julius) & Co	34 % C	Feb. 15 Feb. 20 Mar.	Feb. 1 Jan. 30 Feb. 10a
Kentucky Utilities. 7% junior preferred 7% junior preferred (quarterly)	h3714c 8714c	Feb. 20 Feb. 20	5 Feb. 1 ) Jan. 30   Feb. 10a ) Feb. 1   Feb. 5   Mar. 7   Apr. 20
Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. (quarterly)	\$114 \$134	Apr. I May	Mar. 7
Lake of the Woods Milling, pref. (quar.) Lake Superior District Power, 7% pref. (quar.)_	\$134 \$134	Mar. I Mar. I Mar. I	Apr. 20 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 15
6% preferred (quarterly) Landis Machine (quarterly)	25c 25c	Feb. 15 May 15	Feb. 15 Feb. 5 May 5 Aug. 5 Nov. Mar. 5 June 5 Sept. 5 Dec. 5 Dec. 5
QuarterlyQuarterly	25c 25c	Nov. 15	Nov.
7% preferred (quarterly)	\$134 \$134	June 18 Sept. 18	June 5 Sept. 5
7% preferred (quarterly)	25c 5c	Feb. 10 Mar. 10	Feb. 10 Mar. 4
Quarterly International Harvester, pref. (quar.) International Safety Razor, class A (quar.) Interstate Hoslery Mills (quar.) Intertype Corp. first preferred Janzen Knitting Mills, preferred (quar.) Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., pref. Kaufmann Dept. Stores, pref. (quar.) Keyser (Julius) & Co. Kelvinator Corp. Kendall Co. cum. pref. series A (quar.) Kentucky Utilities, 7% junior preferred 7% junior preferred (quarterly) Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. (quarterly) 6% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 1ake of the Woods Milling, pref. (quar.) Lake of the Woods Milling, pref. (quar.) Lake Superior District Power, 7% pref. (quar.) Canterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly 7% preferred (quarterly) Lansing Co. (quarterly) Lansing Co. (quarterly) Lessing's, inc Le Tourneau, Inc. (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Lexington Utilities Co. preferred Preferred (quar.) Lifget & Myers Tob. Co. com. & com. B (qu.) Lincoln National Life Insurance Co. (qu.) Quarterly	25c 25c	Mar. June	Feb. 15   May 15   May 15   Aug. 15   Nov. 15   Jan. 30   Jan. 30   Feb. 6   Feb. 6
Quarterly Quarterly Levington Utilities Co. preferred	25c h50c	Dec1'37 Feb. 10	Nov. 15 Jan. 30
Preferred (quar.) Life Savers Corp. (quar.)	\$1 % 40c	Feb. 10 Mar.	Jan. 30 Feb. 6
Linget & Myers Tob. Co. com. & com. b (qu.) Lincoln National Life Insurance Co. (qu.) Ouarterly	30c 30c	May Aug.	Apr. 24 2 July 27 1 Oct. 26 1 Feb. 15
Quarterly (quar.) Link Belt Co. (quar.)	30c 50c 725c	Nov. Mar. Mar.	1 Feb. 15 1 Feb. 12
Loew's, Inc., \$6½ cumul pref. (quar.) Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., preferred (quar.)	725c \$1 5/8 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/2	Feb. 1.	Jan. 29 1 Mar 18 1 Feb. 17
Lord & Taylor 1st preferred (quarterly) Los Angeles Gas & Electric Corp— 6.7. preferred (quarterly)	\$11%	Feb. 1	5 Jan. 31
Louisville & Nashville RR. Co Ludlum Steel Co. common	\$1 1/2 2 1/2 % 25c	Feb. 27 Feb. 1. Feb. 1.	7 Feb. 1 5 Jan. 30a
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$15/8 \$15/8	Apr. July	1 Mar. 22
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	37 ½ c \$1 5/8 \$1 5/8 \$1 5/8 \$1 5/8 \$1 5/8	Oct. Jan. Feb. 1	1 Sept. 21 1 Dec. 21 5 Feb. 5
Macy (R. H.) & Co. (quar.) Madison Square Garden (increased)	50c 20c		6  Feb. 15
Manhattan Snirt Co Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.) Extra	20c 25c 40c 10c	Feb. 1	5 Feb. 1 5 Feb. 1
McClatchy Newspapers, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quarterly)	43 % c 43 % c		
Ligget & Myers Tob. Co. com. & com. B (qu.)—Lincoln National Life Insurance Co. (qu.)—Quarterly—Quarterly—Link Belt Co. (quar.)—Lobew's. Inc., \$6'd, cumul pref. (quar.)—Low's. Inc., \$6'd, cumul pref. (quar.)—Loose-Wiles Biscult Co., preferred (quar.)—Lood & Taylor 1st preferred (quarterly)—Los Angeles Gas & Electric Corp—6% preferred (quarterly)—Louisville & Nashville Rk. Co—Ludlum Steel Co. common—Lunkenheimer Co—Preferred (quar.)—Preferred (quar.)—Preferred (quar.)—Preferred (quar.)—Preferred (quar.)—Preferred (quar.)—Macy (R. H.) & Co. (quar.)—Macy (R. H.) & Co. (quar.)—Macy (R. H.) & Co. (quar.)—Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.)—Extra—McClatchy Newspapers, 7% pref. (quar.)—7% preferred (quarterly)—7% preferred (quarterly)—7% preferred (quarterly)—7% preferred (quarterly)—McColl Frontenac Oil (quar.)—McColl Frontenac Oil (quar.)—Medaville Telephone Co. (quarterly)—Medaville Telephone Co. (quarterly)—Memphis Natural Gas, pref. (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	43 % c 43 % c 43 % c 43 % c 43 % c	Nov. 3 Mar.	1 May 31 1 Aug. 31 0 Nov. 30 1 Feb. 15
McIntyre Porcupine Mines Meadville Telephone Co. (quarterly)	750c 371/30 \$13/4	Mar. Feb. 1	1 Feb. 1 1 Feb. 1 5 Jan. 31 1 Mar. 20
monipuls matural das, prer. (quar.)	91%	'TTDI'	

Mercantile-Commerce Bk. & Tr. Co. (St. Louis) Quarterly Mercantile Stores, Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Mergenthaler Linotype (quar.) Metal & Thermit Co., 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Miller (I.) Sons, 8% preferred. Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator (quar.) 4% new conv. preferred B (quarterly) Mitchell (J. S.) & Co. (increased) Model Oils, Ltd. Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly) Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.) Extra. Montgomery (H. A.) Co. (quar.) Quarterly.	\$1 1/2 \$1 3/4 50c \$1 3/4 \$1 3/4 h\$10 3/4 50c	Apr. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Mar. 31 June 30 Feb. 16 Feb. 20	Mar. 20 Jan. 30
Mercantile Stores, Inc., 7% pref. (quar.)— Mergenthaler Linotype (quar.) Metal & Thermit Co., 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly)— Miller (I.) Sons, 8% preferred Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator (quar.)— 4% new conv. preferred B (quarterly)— Mitchell (J. S.) & Co. (increased)— Model Oils, Ltd Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly)— Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.) Extra.	\$134 50c \$134 \$184 h\$1034	Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Mar. 21	Jan. 30
Metal & Thermit Co., 7% preferred (quarterly). 7% preferred (quarterly). Miller (I.) Sons, 8% preferred. Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator (quar.). 4% new conv. preferred B (quarterly). Model Oils, Ltd. Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly). Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.). Extra.	\$134 \$134 h\$1034	Mar 21	- UU. 4U
Miller (1.) Sons, 8% preferred. Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator (quar.). 4% new conv. preferred B (quarterly). Mitchell (J. S.) & Co. (increased). Model Oils, Ltd. Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly). Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.). Extra.	h\$1034	June 30	Mar. 20 June 21
4% new conv. preferred B (quarterly) Mitchell (J. S.) & Co. (increased). Model Oils, Ltd Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly) Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.) Extra.	DUC	Feb. 16 Feb. 20	Jan. 27 Feb. 4
Monmouth Consolidated Water Co.— \$7 preferred (quarterly)— Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.)	\$1 \$2 3c	Mar. 1	Feb. 19 Feb. 16 Feb. 6
Monsanto Chemical Co. (quar.)	\$1%		3.4
	\$134 25c 25c 25c	Mar. 15 Mar. 15	Feb. 1 Feb. 25 Feb. 25 Mar. 15 June 15 Jan. 31 Feb. 1
Montgomery (H. A.) Co. (quar.)	25c 25c	Mar. 31 June 30	Mar. 15 June 15
Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co. (quar.) —— Moody's Investors Service partic. pref. (quar.) —— Powidinting referred	\$2 75c h50c	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Participating preferred  Moore (Wm. R.) Dry Goods (quar.)  Ouarterly	\$11/2	Feb. 15 Apr. 1 July 1	Apr. 1
Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Morris Plan Insurance Society (quar.)	\$1½ \$1½	Oct. 1 Jan. 2	Oct. 1 Jan. 2
Morris Plan Insurance Society (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly	\$1\\2 \$1\\2 \$1\\2 \$1\\2 \$1 \$1	Mar. 1 June 1	Apr. 1 July 1 Oct. 1 Jan. 2 Feb. 24 May 27 Aug. 27 Aug. 27 Nov. 26
	01	Sept. 1 Dec. 1 Mar. 1	Nov. 26 Feb. 15
Muskogee Co., 6% cumul. pref. (quar.)	25c 37½c 40c	Feb. 20 Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Jan. 30 Feb. 16
Preferred (quarterly)	\$134	Apr. 15 Feb. 27	Jan. 30 Feb. 16 Mar. 12 Feb. 11 Feb. 1
Preferred (quarterly)  Nat. Credit Co. (Seattle, Wash.) 5% pref. (qu.) National Lead Co., class A pref. (quar.) National Liberty Insurance (semi-ann.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 10c	Mar. 15	Feb. 26
ExtraNational Oats (quar.)	10c 25c	Feb. 15	Feb. 18
National Oats (quar.) National Paper & Type Co. 5% pref. (initial) National Power & Light Co common (quar.) National Pressure Cooker Co. (quar.) National Standard (new, initial) New (quarterly)	\$1¼ 15c	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Feb. 1 Feb. 1
National Pressure Cooker Co. (quar.) National Standard (new, initial)	15c 40c		Feb. 15 Mar. 15
National Union Fire Insurance (increased)	\$1 \frac{1}{2} \fr	Apr. 1 Feb. 8 Feb. 8	Mar. 15 Jan. 26 Jan. 26 Feb. 1
Neptune Meter Co. \$8 preferred (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) Co., 5% pref. A (quar.) New Jersey Insurance Co	\$1 \$1	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Feb. 1 Feb. 16
New Jersey Insurance Co Special	\$1 ¼ \$1 50c	Mar. 1 Feb. 20 Feb. 20 Feb. 10	Feb. 2 Feb. 2
New Jersey Zinc Co. (quar.) Niagara Share Corp. of Maryland—	50c		
Nipissing Mines Co Norfolk & Western Ry. Co. (increased quar.)	\$1½ 25c \$216	Mar. 22 Feb. 20	Feb. 5
Special Special Special Niagara Share Corp. of Maryland— Class A preferred (quarterly) Nipissing Mines Co Norfolk & Western Ry. Co. (increased quar.) Preferred (quarterly) North American Edison Co preferred (quar.) Northam Warren Corp. copy. pref. (quar.)	\$2 ½ \$2 ½ \$1 \$1 ½ 75c 25c 20c	Mar. 22 Feb. 20 Mar 19 Feb. 19 Mar. 1	Jan. 30 Feb. 15
Northam Warren Corp., conv. pref. (quar.)  North River Insurance Co. (increased)  Oahu Sugar, Ltd. (monthly)	75c 25c	Mar. 10	Feb. 26
Occidental Insurance (quar.)	20c 30c	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Octdental Insurance (quar.) Old Dominion Co., irregular dividend. Ontario Mfg. Co. (increased) Ontario Steel Products Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred	25c 40c \$13/	Feb. 10 Apr. 1 Feb. 15	Mar. 20
Oshkosh Overall Co	10c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Jan. 30 Feb. 20
ous steel co., conv. ist preferred	\$2½ \$4.125	Mar. 1 Feb. 20	Feb. 5 Jan. 30
Div. covering three quar. periods ended Dec. 15, 1936 payable to parties in whose names the new pfd. stk. is initially issued upon ex-			
the new pfd. stk. is initially issued upon exchange of prior pref. stk. under co.'s recapitalization plau. Time for exchange ex-			
Outhourd Marino & Mer. Co.	30c	Feb. 10	Jan. 25
Owens-Illinois Glass Co. Pacific American Fisheries, Inc. extra.  Pacific Fire Insurance Co. (quar.). Pacific Gas & Electric Co. 6% pref. (quar.).  54 % nefformed (quar.).	\$11/2	Feb. 10 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 13 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Jan. 30 Jan. 12
Pacific Gas & Electric Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1½ 37½c 34¾c 75c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Jan. 30 Jan. 30
Pacific Lighting Corp., (increased) Parker Pen Co. (quarterly)	75c 50c	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Jan. 20 Feb. 15
Pacific Gas & Ejectric Co. 6% pref. (quar.)  54% preferred (quar.)  Pacific Lighting Corp., (increased)  Parker Pen Co. (quarterly)  Parker Rust Proof Co., common (quar.)  Pender (David) Grocery, class A (quar.)  Peninsular Grinding Wheel (quar.)  Peninsular Telephone 7% preferred (quarterly)  Pennzoil Co.	37½c 87½c \$1.75	Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Feb. 10 Mar. 1	Feb. 10 Feb. 20
Peninsular Telephone 7% preferred (quarterly) Penman's Ltd. (quarterly)	\$1.75 75c	Feb. 15 Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Pennzoil Co- Penna. Power Co., \$6.60 pref. (mo.)	75c 50c 55c	Feb. 10 Mar. 1	Jan. 30 Feb. 20
Peoria & Bureau Valley RR. (semi-ann.)	\$134 \$314 \$114 25c 50c	Feb. 10	Jan. 22
Philadelphia Co., 5% pref. (sa.) Philadelphia Insulated Wire Co. (semi-ann.)	25c 50c	Mar. 1 Feb. 15	Feb. 20 Feb. 10 Feb. 1
Philadelphia Suburban Water 6% pref. (quar.) - Phillips Petroleum Co. (quar.) -	\$1½ 500 50c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 9 Feb. 5
8% preferred (quarterly)	50c 50c	Apr. 10 July 10	Mar. 31 June 30
8% preferred (quarterly)Photo Engrayers & Electrotypers	50c 50c 50c	Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Apr. 10 July 10 Oct. 10 Jan. 10 Mar. 1	Dec. 31
Penman's Ltd. (quarterly) Penman's Ltd. (quarterly) Penna. Power Co., \$6.60 pref. (mo.) Penna. Power Co., \$6.60 pref. (mo.) Penna. State Water Corp., \$7% pref. (quar.) Penna. State Water Corp., \$7% pref. (semi-ann.) Philadelphia Co., 5% pref. (sa.) Philadelphia Insulated Wire Co. (semi-ann.) Philadelphia Suburban Water 6% pref. (quar.) Philadelphia Suburban Water 6% pref. (quar.) Philadelphia Suburban Water 6% pref. (quar.) Phoenix Finance Corp., 8% pref. (quar.) 8% preferred (quarterly) 8% preferred (quarterly) 8% preferred (quarterly) Photo Engravers & Electrotypers Pittuey-Bowes Postage Meter (quar.) Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie RR. (sa.) Plymouth Fund, class A Special Procter & Gamble (increased quar.) Extra	20c 75c	Fob 15	Woh 1
Special Special	1½c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Mar. 31 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Mar. 15
ExtraProgress Laundry Co. (quar.)	50c 25c 15c	Feb. 15	Jan. 22 Jan. 22
Extra Prudential Security Co., 4% ser. A	5c 10c	Mar. 1 Mar. 31	Feb. 20 Feb. 20 Mar. 27
Public Service Corp. (N. J.) (increased quar.) 6% preferred (monthly)	65c 50c	Mar. 1 Mar. 31 Mar. 31 Feb. 27 Mar. 31 Mar. 31 Mar. 31	Mar. 1 Feb. 1
6% preferred (monthly) 8% preferred (quarterly)	50c \$2	Mar. 31 Mar. 31	Mar. 1 Mar. 1
\$5 preferred (quarterly)	\$114	Mar. 31	Mar. 1 Mar. 1 Jan. 25
Quaker Oats Co. preferred (quar.)	\$2 \$134 \$114 3714c \$114 725c	Feb. 27 Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Railway Equipment & Realty Co	50c 50c	Feb. 11.	Jan. 14
Procter & Gamble (increased quar.).  Extra  Progress Laundry Co. (quar.)  Extra  Progress Laundry Co., 4% ser. A.  Public Service Corp. (N. J.) (increased quar.).  6% preferred connthly).  6% preferred (monthly).  6% preferred (quarterly).  7% preferred (quarterly).  10 preferred (quarterly).  20 preferred (quarterly).  20 pullman, Inc. (quarterly).  20 pullman, Inc. (quarterly).  20 pubec Power Co. (quarterly).  21 pubec Power Co. (quarterly).  22 seading Co. (quar.).  23 seliance Mfg. Co., preferred (quarterly).  24 Preferred (quarterly).  25 chester Gas & Electric, 6% pref. C & D (qu.).  26 y preferred E (quarterly).  26 preferred Cas & Electric, 6% pref. C & D (qu.).  27 preferred (quarterly).  28 preferred (quarterly).  29 preferred E (quarterly).  20 preferred (quarterly).  20 preferred (quarterly).  20 preferred (quarterly).	50c 15c	Feb. 1.	Feb. 28 Jan. 22 Mar. 22
Rich Ice Cream Co. (quar.) Rochester Gas & Electric 6% pref C & D (cm.)	\$134 30c \$136	May 1	
5% preferred E (quarterly)  Rolland Paper Co., Ltd. (quar.)	\$1½ \$1¼ 25c	Mar. 1   Feb. 15	Feb. 11 Feb. 11 Feb. 1
Preferred (quarterly)  Rolls-Royce Ltd., Am. dep. rec. ord. reg  Share bonus distribution at rate of one ad-	\$11/2	TATOR . TI	Feb. 15 Jan. 22
Share bonus distribution at rate of one additional ord. reg. sh. for each sh. held.	F0-		
cott Paper Co., common (quar.)		Feb. 15   Mar. 15   May 1	Feb. 5 Feb. 27 Apr. 15
TOTAL	25c \$134	MAGE TIT	Pak 17
Bervel, Inc. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)		Tax 2 212	from - The
ditional ord. reg. sh. for each sh. held. cotten Dillon cott Paper Co., common (quar.) eeman Bros., Inc., com. (extra) eervel, Inc. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Preferred (puar.) Preferred (quar.)	\$1¾ \$1¾	July 1 J Oct. 1 S Jan. 3 I	Mar. 18 June 17 Sept. 17 Dec. 20 Jan. 30

Name of Company	Per Share	-	Holders of Record
Shawinigan Water & Power Co. (quar.)	20c \$134 \$138 300% \$1 \$11/2 30c	Feb. 15 Feb. 10 Feb. 15	Jan. 20 Jan. 30 Jan. 15
	300%	Web 17	Feb. 15 Feb. 15
6% preferred (quar.)South Bend Lathe Works (quar.)	\$1½ 30c	Mar. 1	Lep. 19
6% preferred (quar.). South Bend Lathe Works (quar.). South Carolina Power Co., \$6 pref. (quar.) South Pittsburgh Water Co., 5% preferred. Southern Calif. Edison (special).	\$11/4 \$11/4 12/4c 37/4c 12/4c 20c	Apr. 1 Feb. 19	Mar. 15 Feb. 10 Jan. 20
		Feb. 15 Apr. 15	Jan. 20 Mar. 20
Original preferred (special) Southern Canada Power (quar.) Southern Fire Insurance (sa.)	.I DUC	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Jan. 20 Mar. 20 Jan. 30 Feb. 15
ExtraSovereign Investors, Inc	20c	Feb. 20	Jan. 20
Extra Sovereign Investors, Inc. Spiegel, Inc., preferred (quar.) Stamford Water Co. (quarterly) Standard Car & Seal, new Preferred (quar.) Standary Works & & preferred (quar.)	11/2C \$15/4 \$2 40c	Feb. 15	Apr. 15 Jan. 5 Feb. 15
Standard Car & Seal, new Preferred (quar.)	40c 31½c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Preferred (quar.) Stanley Works 5% preferred (quar.) Stein (A.) & Co. (quar.) Sterling Products, Inc. (quar.) Storkline Furniture Corp. Sun Oil Co. Preferred	25c 95c		
Storkline Furniture CorpSun Oil Co	1214c 25c	Mar 25	Feb. 25
Sun On Co.  Preferred.  Syracuse Lighting, Inc., 8% pref. (quar.)  6% preferred (quar.).  6½% preferred (quar.).  Tamblyn (G.) Ltd. (initial, quarterly).  Quarterly.  Ouarterly.	\$1\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Feb. 15	Feb. 10 Jan. 20 Jan. 20
6% preferred (quar.)	\$15% 20c	Feb. 15 Apr. 1	Jan. 20
Quarterly	20c 20c	July 1	
Tampa Electric Co. (quarterly)	56c \$2 \$134	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Jan. 30 Feb. 20 Feb. 20
7% preferred (quar.) Tennessee Electric Power, 7.2% pref. (monthly)	\$134 60c	Mar. I	reo. 15
7.2% preferred (monthly)	60c 50c	Mar. 1	Mar. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 15
6% preferred (monthly)	\$114 \$114	Apr. 1 Apr. 1 Apr. 1	Mar. 15 Mar. 15
7% preferred (quarterly)	\$114 \$114 \$134 \$1.80	Apr. 1	Mar. 15 Mar. 15
Tamblyn G.) Ltd. (initial, quarterly) Quarterly Quarterly Tampa Electric Co. (quarterly) Tampa Electric Co. (quarterly) Tampa Gas Co. 8% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Tennessee Electric Power, 7.2% pref. (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Texas Corp. (increased) Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. Thatcher Mfg. Co. preferred, stock div. Payable in 2 shares of common stock. Thompson (John R.) Co. (quar.) Tide Water Associated Oil Co. Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Toburn Gold Mine. Ltd. Trans-Lux Daylight Picture Screen Corp Truax-Traer Coal Co. Preferred (quar.) United Biscuit Co. of America (quar.) United Biscuit Co. of America (quar.) United Engineering & Foundry Co., com	50c 10c	Apr. 1 Mar. 1	Feb. 15 Feb. 8
Thatcher Mfg Co. preferred (quar.) Thermoid Co. \$3 preferred, stock div	90c	Feb. 15 Feb. 10	Jan. 30 Feb. 3
Payable in 2 shares of common stock.  Thompson (John R.) Co. (quar.)	12½c 15c	Feb. 15 Mar. 1	Feb. 5 Feb. 9
Tide Water Associated Oil Co	\$11/2	Mar. 1	Feb. 10 Feb. 20
Preferred (quar.)	\$1½ \$1¾ \$1¾ \$1¾ \$1¾ 20	June 1	May 20
Toburn Gold Mine, Ltd Trans-Lux Daylight Picture Screen Corp	2c 10c	Feb. 23	Jan. 22 Feb. 13
Truax-Traer Coal Co Preferred (quarterly)	25c \$1½ 25c	Mar. 10 Mar. 15	Mar. o
Union Oil of California (quar.) United Biscuit Co. of America (quar.)	40c	Feb. 10 Mar. 1 Feb. 15	reb. 15
United Corn Ltd.	\$134 h75c	May 1 Feb. 15	Apr. 15 Jan. 30
United Biscuit Co. of Amer., pref. (quar.)	50c	Feb. 16 Feb. 16	Feb. 6
United Gas Corp., \$7 preferredUnited Gas Improvement (quar.)	\$134 25c	Mar. 1 Mar. 31	Feb. 11 Feb. 27
United Gas Improvement (quar.). \$5 preferred (quarterly). United New Jersey RR. & Canal (quar.). United States Pipe & Foundry Co., com. (quar.). Common (quarterly). Common (quarterly). Common (quarterly). United States Steel Corp., pref (quar.).	\$134 \$134 25c \$144 \$244 \$246 75c	IADE IO	Feb. 27 Mar. 20
United Shoe Machinery (special)————————————————————————————————————	75c 75c	Mar. 20	Feb. 2 Feb. 27a May 29a
Common (quarterly)	75c 75c	Sept. 20 Dec. 20	May 29a Aug. 31a Nov. 30a Jan. 30
Common (quarterly) United States Steel Corp., pref (quar.)	\$134		
U. S. Sugar Corp.— Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Universal insurance (Newark, N. J.) (quar.) Ouarterly Uneon Co.	\$114 \$114	Apr. 15 July 15 Mar. 1 June 1	Mar. 15 June 15
Ouarterly	25c 25c	June 1	May 15
Ouarterly Upson Co Utica Clinton & Binghamton RR Debenture (semi-ann.) Debenture (semi-ann.) Debenture (semi-ann.) Utica Gas & Electric Co. pref. (quar.) Utility Equities Corp. \$5½ priority stock. Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co Virginia Coal & Iron (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Waitham Watch, prior preferred (quarterly) Waitham Watch, prior preferred (quarterly) Weill (Raphel) & Co., 8% pref. (sa.) Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc., conv. pf. (qu.) Western Cartridge 6% pref. (quar.) Western Tablet & Stationery Corp Westinghouse Air Brake (quar.) Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Participating preferred West Jessey & Seashore RR. Co. (sa.)	12½c 90c \$2¼	June 15 Aug. 10 June 26 Dec. 27 Feb. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 2 Mar. 1	July 31 June 16
Debenture (semi-ann.)	\$21/2 \$21/2 \$13/4 h\$41/2 60c	Dec. 27 Feb. 15	Dec. 16 Feb. 1
Utility Equities Corp. \$5½ priority stock Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co	h\$4½ 60c	Feb. 15 Mar. 2	Jan. 28 Feb. 20
Virginia Coal & Iron (quar.)  Vulcan Detinning Co. Preferred (quarterly)	25c 134% 134% 134% 1344 \$134	Mar. 1 Apr. 20 July 20	Apr. 10
Preferred (quarterly)	134%	Oct. 20	Oct. 11
Prior preferred (quar.)	\$1% 12%c	Oct. 20 July 2 Oct. 2 Feb. 15	Sept. 18 Feb. 1
Weill (Raphel) & Co., 8% pref. (sa.)———— Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc., conv. pf. (qu.)	12½c \$4 \$1	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Western Cartridge 6% pref. (quar.) Western Tablet & Stationery Corp	\$11½ 50c	Feb. 20 Feb. 10	Feb. 5
Westinghouse Air Brake (quar.)	25c 25c	Feb. 10 Jan. 30 Apr. 30 July 30 Oct. 30 Jan. 30 Feb. 26 Feb. 26 July 1	Mar. 31
Quarterly	25c 25c 25c	Oct. 30	Sept. 30
Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing	\$1 \$1	Feb. 26 Feb. 26	Feb. 8 Feb. 8
Westland Oil Royalty Co. Inc. class A (mo.)	\$1½ 10c	Feb. 26 July 1 Feb. 15 Mar. 15 Feb. 15 Mar. 1 Feb. 15 Apr. 1 Apr. 1 Apr. 15 Apr. 15 Apr. 15 Apr. 15	June 15 Jan. 31
Class A (monthly). West Penn Electric 7% preferred (quar.). 6% preferred (quar.). Westvaco Chlorine Products (quar.). West Virginia Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.)	10c \$134	Mar. 15 Feb. 15	Feb. 28 Jan. 20
6% preferred (quar.) Westvaco Chlorine Products (quar.)	\$134 \$134 25c	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
West Virginia Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.)——— Whitaker Paper Co————————————————————————————————————	\$1½ \$1 \$1 \$1¾	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Will & Baumer Candle Co., Inc., common	20c	Feb. 15	Feb. 10
West Virginia Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.) Whitaker Paper Co. Preferred (quar.) Will & Baumer Candle Co., Inc., common. Preferred Williamsport Water, \$6 preferred (quar.) Wilson & Co. (quar.) Extra. Quarterly Extra. Quarterly Extra. Quarterly Extra.	\$2 \$1½ 12½c	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Winstead Hosiery Co. (quarterly) Extra	\$114 50c		
Quarterly Extra	\$11/2 50c	Aug. 1	Apr. 15 July 15 July 15 Oct. 15
Quarterly Extra	\$1½ 50c		
Woolworth & Co., Ltd., ordinary (bonus)	60c 6d 1s. 9d.	Mar. 1 Feb. 8 Feb. 8	Feb. 10 Jan. 14 Jan. 14
Woolworth (F. W.) Co. (quarterly) Woolworth & Co., Ltd., ordinary (bonus) American dep. rec. for ord. reg. (final) Wright Hargreaves Mines, Special interim div Wigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly)	10c 25c	Feb. 1. Mar. 1	Feb. 20
Monthly Yellow & Checker Cab Co., class A Youngstown Sheet & Tube, preferred Youngstown Steel Door Co., common Zeller's Ltd., 6% preferred	25c 25c h\$1	Apr. 1	Mar. 20 Feb. 18
Youngstown Sheet & Tube, preferredYoungstown Steel Door Co., common	h\$95% 50c	Feb. 15 Mar. 15	Feb. 6 Mar. 1
Zener's Ltd., 6% preferred	\$11/2	Feb. 15	Jan. 31

d Payable in stock

f Payable in common stock

g Payable in scrip

h On account of accumulated dividends.

Payable in Payable in preferred stock.

Payable in Canadian finus and in the case of non-residents of Canada.

a reduction of a tax of 5% of the amount of such dividend will be made.

### Weekly Return of the New York City Clearing House

The weekly statement issued by the New York City Clearing House is given in full below:

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION FOR THE WEEK ENDED SATURDAY, JAN. 30, 1937

Clearing House Members	* Capital	* Surplus and Undivided Profits	Net Demand Deposits, Average	Time Deposits, Average
Donk of N. W. S. W. G.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bank of N. Y. & Tr. Co-	6,000,000	12,993,000		12,817,000
Bank of Manhattan Co	20,000,000	25,431,700		31,367,000
National City Bank	77,500,000		a1,462,368,000	165,974,000
Chemicak Bk. & Tr. Co.	20,000,000	53,382,800		28,556,000
Guaranty Trust Co	90,000,000		b1,479,737,000	35,046,000
Manufacturers Trust Co.	42,935,000	41,778,600		92,717,000
Cent. Hanover Bk. & Tr.	21,000,000	66,798,100		49,116,000
Corn Exch. Bank Tr. Co.	15,000,000			23,516,000
First National Bank	10,000,000	106,960,900		3,500,000
Irving Trust Co	50,000,000	60,651,800		350,000
Continental Bk. & Tr. Co	4,000,000	3,974,500		1,776,000
Chase National Bank	100,270,000	126,734,200		60,682,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000	3,655,500		
Bankers Trust Co	25,000,000	73,937,800		17,634,000
Title Guar. & Trust Co	10,000,000	2,738,600		597,000
Marine Midland Tr. Co.	5,000,000	8,768,700		3,124,000
New York Trust Co	12,500,000	27,771,500		26,851,000
Com'l Nat. Bk. & Tr.Co.	7,000,000			1,331,000
Public Nat. Bk. & Tr.Co.	5,775,000	9,007,600	81,556,000	47,032,00
Totals	522,480,000	885,531,700	10,028,021,000	601,986,00

companies, Dec. 31, 1936. e As of Jan. 5, 1937.
Includes deposits in foreign branches as follows: a \$248,895,000; b \$82,643,000; c \$125,153,000; d \$44,369,000.

The New York "Times" publishes regularly each week returns of a number of banks and trust companies which are not members of the New York Clearing House. The following are the figures for the week ended Jan. 29:

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN CLEARING HOUSE WITH THE CLOSING OF BUSINESS FOR THE WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, JAN. 29, 1937 NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—AVERAGE FIGURES

	Loans, Disc. and Investments	Other Cash, Including Bank Notes	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan Grace National Sterling National Trade Bank of N. Y.	\$ 26,271,800 20,989,000 4,391,208	\$ 84,100 690,000 278,087	\$ 5,825,400 5,994,000 2,984,880	\$ 2,038,600 2,882,000 325,432	\$ 30,290,600 28,057,000 7,050,592
Brooklyn— Peoples National	4,747,000	99,000	713,000	560,000	5,565,000

### TRUST COMPANIES—AVERAGE FIGURES

	Loans, Disc. and Investments	lush	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	S	s	s	s	S
Empire	61.204.600	*10.605.500	11.922.800	3.519.900	76,649,500
Federation	9,828,990		1.574.013	2.086.792	
Fiduciary	13,422,340	*1,217,092	1,713,670		14,187,316
Fulton	22,052,700	*5,031,000	891,900	418,000	23,826,600
Lawyers	29,477,900	*13,001,100	3,660,100		43,742,100
United States	63,009,967	35,150,204	17,522,601		85,741,422
Brooklyn-					
Brooklyn	77,334,000	3,596,000	49,306,000	41,000	125,637,000
Kings County	37,020,811	2,592,855	8,406,554		42,776,154

\* Includes amount with Federal Reserve as follows: Empire, 9,030,900; Fiduciary, 60,000; Fulton, 4,760,200; Lawyers, 12,144,500.

### Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business Feb. 3, 1937, in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding date last year:

	Feb. 3, 1937	Jan. 27, 1937	Feb. 5, 1936
	\$ .	\$	\$
Assets—			
Gold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury x	2 569 617 000	3 588 509 000	3 459 870 000
Redemption fund—F. R. notes	1,712,000	1,046,000	1,962,000
Other cash †	74,020,000		78,964,000
Total reserves	3.638.349.000	3,666,547,000	3,540,796,000
trend has a make to be the first			
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations, direct and (or) fully guaranteed	and the second facilities		000
direct and (or) fully guaranteed	1,404,000	789,000	
Other bills discounted	262,000	358,000	2,143,000
Total bills discounted	1,666,000	1,145,000	7,259,000
Bills bought in open market	1,093,000	1,093,000	1,737,000
Industrial advances	5,890,000		
United States Government securities:	William Co.		Albert Hele
	132,099,000	132,099,000	55,252,000
Bonds Treasury notes	361,251,000	361,251,000 158,910,000	496,291,000
Treasury bills	158,910,000	158,910,000	182,840,000
Total U.S. Government securities	652,260,000	652,260,000	734,383,000
Total bills and securities	660,909,000	660,419,000	751,067,000
~	85,000	90,000	258,000
Due from foreign banks Federal Reserve notes of other banks	7,369,000	7,194,000	5,437,000
Uncollected items	146,472,000		
Bank premises	10.134.000	10,134,000	10,810,000
All other assets	10,434,000		30,384,000
Total assets	4,473,752,000	4,498,062,000	4,460,874,000
	K. T.	No. 100	
Liabilities—	877 857 000	871 976 000	777,720,000
F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member bank reserve acc t	3.116.507.000	3.106.225.000	2.841,597,000
U. S. Treasurer—General account	44,073,000	) 56,652,000	367,299,000
Foreign bank	27,563,000		36,254,000
Other deposits	136,511,000	173,185,000	197,119,000
Total deposits	3,324,654,000	3,363,533,000	3,442,269,000
	440.000		110 551 00
Deferred availability items	149,660,000	141,119,000	119,551,00
Capital paid in	51,454,000		51,019,00
Surplus (Section 7)	51,474,000		7,744,000
Surplus (Section 13b)Reserve for contingencies	7,744,000 9,260,000		
All other liabilities	1,649,000		
Total liabilities	4,473,752,000	4,498,062,000	4,460,874,000
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and		1	
F. R. note liabilities combined	86.6%	86.6%	83.9%
Commitments to make industrial ad-	8,218,000	8.327.000	9,774,000

<sup>&</sup>quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes or a bank's own Federeve bank notes.

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System.

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, giving the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the reporting member banks in 101 leading cities from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The comment of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions," immediately preceding which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

The statement beginning with Nov. 6, 1935, covers reporting banks in 101 leading cities, as it did prior to the banking holiday in 1933, instead of 91 cities, and has also been revised further so as to show additional items. The amount of "Loans to banks" was included heretofore partly in "Loans on securities—to others" and partly in "Other loans." The item "Demand deposits—adjusted" represents the total amount of demand deposits standing to the credit of individuals, partnerships, corporations, associations, States, counties, municipalities, &c., minus the amount of cash items reported as on hand or in process of collection. The method of computing the item "Net demand deposits," turthermore, has been changed in two respects in accordance with provisions of the Banking Act of 1935. First, it includes United States Government deposits, against which reserves must now be carried, while previously these deposits required no reserves, and, second, amounts due from banks are now deducted from gross demand deposits, the comparable with those shown prior to Aug. 23, 1935. The item "Due to banks, as was required under the old law. These changes make the figures of "Net demand deposits" not comparable with those shown prior to Aug. 23, 1935. The item "Due to banks, as was required under the old law. These changes make the figures of "Net demand depo

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN 101 LEADING CITIES, BY DISTRICTS, ON JAN. 27, 1937 (In Millions of Dollars)

Federal Reserve Districts—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St.Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Sallas	San Fran.
ASSETS Loans and investments—total	\$ 22,627	\$ 1,213	\$ 9,438	\$ 1,194	\$ 1,922	\$ 656	<b>\$</b> 590	\$ 3,124	\$ 691	\$ 410	\$ 708	\$ 501	\$ 2,180
Loans to brokers and dealers: In New York City Outside New York City	987 231	15 27	954 76	9 20	<u>ī</u> 5	4	8	5 <b>4</b> 8	5	2	1 4	3	3 19
Loans on securities to others (except banks). Acceptances and com'l paper bought. Loans on real estate.	2,024 391 1,152	145 63 86	160 239	139 31 63	8	69 10 26	6	196 39 74	70 12 44	30 13 6		44 1 23	155 25 366 3
Loans to banks. Other loans. U. S. Government direct obligations. Obligations fully guar, by U. S. Govt. Other securities.	4,098 9,212 1,212 3,260	315 387 21 150	3,727 496	189 351 88 302	944 55	119 299 53 76	168 209 36 83	1,663 163	59	12	278 48	141 205 30 54	395 718 151 345
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank. Cash in yault. Balance with domestic banks. Other assets—net.	5,355 390 2,255 1,368	289 114 128 90	70	255 17 152 87	307 35 222 108	139 19 131 43	91 11 134 38	775 66 405 108	134 11 138 24	61 5 85 16		109 10 182 28	19
Demand deposits—adjusted———— Time deposits—— United States Government deposits—	15,530 5,052 526	1,018 280 8	6,989 1,003 181	825 258 51	1,104 708 51	428 197 22	334 176 29	2,324 850 78	420 180 9		494 146 14	393 121 33	1,010
Inter-bank deposits: Domestic banks Foreign banks Borrowings	6,029 414 5	252 6 3	2,498 382 2	320 4	374 1	222	232 1	835 5	295	120 1	393	199	13
Other liabilities Capital account	873 3,566	32 235		21 226	16 340		6 86	30 356	9 85	55	89	78	343 325

<sup>\*</sup> Jan. 29 figures repeated in the case of Louisville banks.

x These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was on Jan. 31, 1934, devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under the provisions of te Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

### Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The following was issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Thursday afternoon, February 4 showing the condition of the twelve Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. The first table presents the results for the System as a whole in comparison with the figures for the eight preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the twelve banks. The Federal Reserve note statement (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve Agents and the Federal Reserve banks. The comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the returns for the latest week appear in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS FEB. 3 1937

Three ciphers (000) omitted	Feb. 3, 1937	Jan. 27, 1937	Jan. 20,	Jan. 13, 1937	Jan. 6,	Dec. 30, 1936	Dec. 23,	Dec. 16,	Dec. 9, 1936	Feb. 5,
ASSETS Gold ctfs, on hand and due from U. S. Treas.x Redemption fund (Federal Reserve notes) Other cash *	\$ 8,848,389 12,746 289,041	\$ 8,849,914 12,729 307,771	\$ 8,849,893 12,729 314,574	\$ 8,849,882 13,330 304,749	\$ 8,851,383 12,533	\$ 8,851,878 12,741	\$ 8,851,876 12,741 199,574	\$ 8,853,624 12,133 232,753	\$ 8,809,324 11,986 247,464	\$ 7,664,237 16,259
Total reserves	9,150,176	9,170,414	9,177,196	9,167,961		9,112,291	9,064,191	9,098,510	9,068,774	8,019,696
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Government obligations, direct and(or) fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	2,359 442	2,344 513	1,506 875	1,487 861	2,191 850	4,521 856	7,029 1,853	5,856 1,828	3,994 2,005	
Total bills discounted	2,801	2,857	2,381	2,348		5,377	8,882	7,684	5,999	
Bills bought in open marketIndustrial advances	3,081 23,649	3,081 24,085	3,084 24,131	3,089 24,221	17-2	3,089 24,768	3,088 24,999	3,089 25,313	3,088 25,493	
United States Government securities—Bonds_ Treasury notes Treasury bills	492,182 1,345,963 592,082	492,182 1,345,963 592,082	492,045 1,345,963 592,219	490,690 1,343,963 595,574		490,643 1,340,963 598,621	489,576 1,347,163 593,488	489,576 1,347,163 593,488	408,326 1,417,283 604,618	1,624,918
Total U. S. Government securities	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,292
Other securities							<u> </u>			181
Total bills and securities		2,460,250	2,459,823	2,459,885	2,460,685	2,463,461	2,467,196	2,466,313	2,464,807	2,476,727
Gold held abroad  Due from foreign banks  Federal Reserve notes of other banks  Uncollected items  Bank premises  All other assets		226 25,018 574,286 46,145 41,841	223 29,821 665,840 46,146 40,144	220 31,902 671,914 46,146 39,200	34,381 660,987 46,146 37,727	41,253	221 23,834 747,244 48,082 40,147	220 26,646 895,842 48,082 39,468	220 26,074 582,369 48,078 46,200	39,605
Total assets	12,305,891	12,318,180	12,419,193	12,417,228	12,382,432	12,454,798	12,390,915	12,575,081	12,236,522	11,074,113
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation  Deposits—Member banks' reserve account	4,158,067 6,757,714	4,140,492 6,772,597	<b>4,159,036 6,754,890</b>	4,176,758 6,739,615	1 17 19		4,350,488 6,507,490	4,268,972 6,674,157	4,232,669 6,730,989	3,640,094 5,868,769
United States Treasurer—General account Foreign banks Other deposits	175,745 76,265 209,520	180,253 74,947 239,750	188,259 94,900 217,540	190,033 92,638 215,592	232,287 95,601	230,829 94,016 179,918	250,560 74,383 181,428	172,826 60,779 165,803	93,081 65,198 163,415	440,247 66,998 256,648
Total deposits		7,267,547	7,255,589	7,237,878		7,076,484	7,013,861	7,073,565	7,052,683	6,632,662
Deferred availability items. Capital paid in. Surplus (Section 7). Surplus (Section 13-B). Reserve for contingencies. All other liabilities.	581,348 132,321 145,854 27,190 36,235 5,632	563,102 132,105 145,854 27,190 36,235	658,189 131,972 145,854 27,190 36,232 5,131	656,123 131,792 145,854 27,190 36,268	131,704 145,854 27,190 36,248	739,938 130,833 145,501 27,088 34,251	672,619 130,624 145,501 27,088 34,248	879,317 130,390 145,501 27,088 34,246	578,938 130,283 145,501 27,088 34,249	458,986 130,684 145,501 26,406 34,050
Total liabilities	12,305,891	5,655 12,318,180	12,419,193	5,365 12,417,228	12,382,432	21,917 12,454,798	16,486	18,002	35,111 12,236,522	5,730
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	80.4%	80.4%	80.4%	80.3%	80.3%	80.2%	79.8%	80.2%	80.4%	78.1%
Commitments to make industrial advances	19,999	20,238	20,332	20,565	†20,640	20.959	21,064	21,371	21,491	26,621
Maturity Distribution of Bills and Short-term Securities— 1-15 days bills discounted 16-30 days bills discounted 31-60 days bills discounted 61-90 days bills discounted Over 90 days bills discounted	2,651 32 5 78 35	2,458 245 3 80 71	1,893 110 255 82 41	1,914 16 144 254 20	2,615 18 143 251 14	4,737 171 161 302 6	7,757 189 176 421 339	6,297 230 246 564 347	4,568 495 268 148 520	7,413 132 1,483 451 139
Total bills discounted	2,801	2,857	2,381	2,348	3,041	5,377	8,882	7,684	5,999	9,618
1-15 days bills bought in open market	142 334 416 2,189	310 227 650 1,885	2,182 89 215 598	278 220 2,527	527 315 233 2,014	194 63 250 2,582	1,615 513 412 548	1,944 584 326 235	1,950 545 158 435	742 459 848 2,622
Tota bills bought in open market	3,081	3,081	3,084	3,089	3,089	3,089	3,088	3,089	3,088	4,671
1-15 days industrial advances 16-30 days industrial advances 31-60 days industrial advances 61-90 days industrial advances Over 90 days industrial advances	955 364 991 465 20,874	1,003 290 529 1,052 21,211	1,152 171 560 1,103 21,145	1,010 320 587 1,158 21,146	925 409 544 1,100 21,350	1,167 260 669 669 22,003	1,212 270 565 734 22,218	938 647 468 853 22,407	928 647 522 805 22,591	1,618 579 718 369 28,681
Tota lindustrial advances	23,649	24,085	24,131	24,221	24,328	24,768	24,999	25,313	25,493	31,695
1-15 days U. S. Government securities	24,329 27,802 66,600 100,347 2,211,149	24,509 24,033 63,548 109,961 2,208,176	22,809 25,329 61,374 125,135 2,195,580	23,499 25,309 58,029 60,280 2,263,110	12,940 23,809 58,015 79,000 2,256,462	3,240 23,499 54,426 63,548 2,285,514	11,011 12,940 51,985 61,374 2,292,917	29,281 3,240 50,855 64,189 2,282,662	99,674 16,011 43,749 137,175 2,133,618	36,013 35,630 90,969 181,122 2,086,558
Total U. S. Government securities	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,227	2,430,292
1-15 days other securities		===	===	===			===			===
										181
Total other securities										181
Issued to Federal Reserve Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	4,475,246 317,179	4,477,966 337,474	4,494,145 335,109	4,558,517 381,759	4,609,640 367,304	4,637,989 359,203	4,646,501 296,013	4,576,604 307,632	4,538,157 305,488	3,961,896 321,802
In actual circulation	4,158,067	4,140,492	4,159,036	4,176,758	4,242,336	4,278,786	4,350,488	4,268,972	4,232,669	3,640,094
Collateral Held by Agent as Security for Notes Issued to Bank— Gold ctfs. on hand and due from U. S Treas.  By eligible paper. United States Government securities	4,491,132 2,556 87,000	4,491,838 2,588 87,000	4,488,838 1,897 93,000	4,540,838 1,735 101,000	4,582,838 2,331 101,000	4,616,838 4,636 95,000	4,616,838 7,397 95,000	4,535,838 6,143 95,000	4,492,338 4,290 90,000	3,888,343 7,832 125,000
Total collateral	4,580,688	4,581,426	4,583,735	4,643,573	4,686,169	4,716,474	4,719,235	4,636,981	4,586,628	4,021,175

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes. † Revised figure.

These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents on Jan. 31, 1934, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profits by the Treasury under the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Concluded)
WEEKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS FEB. 3, 1937

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
RESOURCES Gold certificates on hand and due	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	. 5
from United States Treasury	8,848,389 12,746 289,041	570,981 1,258 23,731	3,562,617 1,712 74,020	486,286 417 30,070	733	285,973 573 20,260	228,644 2,448 14,183	1,643,060 563 32,168		168,681 883 9,414	244,369 614 14,907	$^{179,342}_{\begin{array}{c} 652 \\ 6,210 \end{array}}$	593,699 1,391 27,200
Total reserves	9,150,176 2,359 442	595,970 50 7	3,638,349 1,404 262	516,773 483 60	20		245,275 25	1,675,791	275,011 26 15	178,978 4 2	50	186,204 142 25	622,290 155
Total bills discounted	2,801	57	1,666	543	29	4	28	11		6	77	167	172
Bills bought in open market	3,081 23,649 492,182	224 2,769 35,579 97,298 42,801	1,093 5,890 132,099	319 4,503 39,448 107,875 47,454	1,161 50,678 138,586	120 2,557 27,021 73,891 32,504	108 369 22,265 60,890 26,786	1,134 55,980 153,087	359 23,503 64,276	60 1,045 17,302 47,313 20,814	758 25,639 70,118	87 1,307 19,233 52,596 23,137	219 1,797 43,435 118,782 52,250
Total U. S. Govt. securities	-	175,678	652,260	194,777	250,228	133,416	109,941	276,410	116,054	85,429	126,601	94,966	214,467
Total bills and securities	2,459,758	178,728	660,909	200,142	251,711	136,097	110,446	277,940	116,540	86,540	127,523	96,527	216,655
Due from foreign banks	226 24,497 584,725 46,140 40,369	17 - 307 63,735 3,057 2,440	10,134	23 688 47,412 4,952 4,984	21 1,575 57,292 6,372 4,554	10 1,485 49,598 2,800 2,610	2,044 23,740 2,237 1,659	27 2,780 74,949 4,710 3,800	24,401 2,390	3 749 13,269 1,493 1,360	29,989 3,285	6 460 20,891 1,261 1,535	3,973 32,977 3,449 2,982
Total resources	12,305,891	844,254	4,473,752	774,974	970,364	499,406	385,409	2,039,997	422,150	282,392	423,967	306,884	882,342
LIABILITIES F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits:	4,158,067	351,452	871,857	303,515	409,507	199,599	182,510	947,662	179,512	134,309	159,892	87,606	324,646
Member bank reserve account. U. S. Treasurer—General account. Foreign bank. Other deposits	6,757,714 175,745 76,265 209,520	381,125 16,440 5,564 2,358	27,563	368,980 13,166 7,469 -2,067		215,919 13,634 3,277 4,436	158,901 2,219 2,668 5,679	927,006 36,269 8,841 1,452	2,287	114,577 3,503 1,753 4,992	2,210	168,106 7,581 2,210 5,614	464,235 11,787 5,411 21,957
Total deposits	7,219,244	405,487	3,324,654	391,682	476,012	237,266	169,467	973,568	205,684	124,825	223,698	183,511	503,390
Deferred availability items. Capital paid in Surplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13-B) Reserve for contingencies All other liabilities	581,348 132,321 145,854 27,190 36,235 5,632	63,408 9,363 9,826 2,874 1,570 274	149,660 51,454 51,474 7,744 9,260 1,649	46,571 12,249 13,362 4,325 3,000 270	53,111 12,832 14,323 1,007 3,120 452	47,732 4,811 4,869 3,422 1,522 185	20,915 4,304 5,616 754 1,690 153	73,836 12,545 21,504 1,416 7,971 1,495	3,807 4,655 545 1,197	13,935 2,942 3,116 1,003 2,090 172	3,989 3,613 1,142 931	24,839 3,850 3,851 1,262 1,847 118	30,392 10,175 9,645 1,696 2,037
	12,305,891	844,254	4,473,752	774,974	970,364	499,406	• 385,409	2,039,997	422,150	282,392	423,967	306,884	882,342
Commitments to make indus. advances	19.999	1,963	8,218	225	1,197	2,269	282	10	1,305	69	223	486	3,752

"Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Agent at—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap	Kan. Ctty	Dallas	San Fran.
Federal Reserve notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	\$ 4,475,246 317,179	\$ 380,552 29,100		\$ 325,026 21,511	\$ 438,133 28,626			\$ 974,980 27,318	\$ 191,081 11,569	\$ 137,730 3,421		\$ 95,186 7,580	
In actual circulation		351,452	877,857	303,515	409,507	199,599	182,510	947,662	179,512	134,309		87,606	
from United States Treasury  Eligible paper U. S. Government securities	4,491,132 2,556 87,000	406,000 50		332,000 483			168,000 25 45,000	990,000	171,632 38 22,000	128,000 4 15,000	73	97,500 164	389,000 162
Total collateral	4,580,688	406,050	991,537	332,483	440,020	212,000	213,025	990,000	193,670	143,004	172,073	97,664	389,162

### United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange

Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Treasury, Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds on the New York Stock Exchange during the current week.

Quotations after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Daily Record of U. S. Bond Prices	Jan. 30	Feb. 1	Feb. 2	Feb. 3	Feb. 4	Feb. 5
freasury (High 41/2s, 1947-52	120.5	120.6	120.9	120.5	120.10	120.9
41/48, 1947-52Low-	120.5	119.30		120.5	120.8	120.8
Total sales in \$1,000 units	120.5 25	120.6 24	120.8 51	120.5	120.10 16	120.9 102
(High	108.18	108.19	108.21		108.27	108.25
314s, 1943-45Low-			108.21	108.22	108.23	108.23
Close	108.18	108.19	108.21	108.22	108.27	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	114	114 6	114.12	$\frac{27}{114.12}$	114 20	13 114.21
4s. 1944-54 High Low	114	$114.6 \\ 114.3$	114.12	114.9		114.20
Close	114	114.4	114.8	114.9		114.21
Total sales in \$1,000 units	2	114.3 114.4 4 113.3		25		
(High			113.5	113.5		113.13
31/s, 1946-56		113.3 113.3	113.2 113.5	113.5 113.5	$113.8 \\ 113.10$	113.9 113.13
Total sales in \$1,000 units	113.10	3		110.0	113.10	
(High		109.2		109.9	109.10	
3%8, 1943-47 Low-	109.5	109.2	109.8	109.4	109.6	109.6
Close	109.8	109.2	109.10	109.9	109.9	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	100 12	106.19	106 92	106.22	18 106.24	
8s, 1951-55{Low_						
Close		106.18	106.23	106.22	106.24	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	1	30	2	65	5	8
(High	107.6	107.12		107.11	107.14	
3s, 1946-48		107.12		107.10	107.12 107.14	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	107.6	107.12	106.20 106.23 2	15	36	
(High				107.10	107.8	107.8
3%s, 1940-43 Low-				101.0	101.0	107.8
Close				107.10		
Total sales in \$1,000 units		108.5	108.5	108.8	108.6	
3%s, 1941-43[Low-		108.5	108.5		108.6	
Close		108.5	108.5	108.8	108.6	
Total sales in \$1,000 units		1				
High	108.3	108.6	108.4	108.7	108.7 108.4	108.9 108.7
31/s, 1946-49		108.3 108.3	107.4 108.4	108.7 108.7	108.7	108.9
Total sales in \$1,000 units	100.0	18	6		208	
(High		18 108.4 108.4 108.4		108.6	108.9	108.9
81/s, 1949-52 Low.		108.4			108.8	108.9
(Close		108.4		108.6 59	108.9 85	
Total sales in \$1,000 units	- III	24	108.8	108.8	108.7	108.5
16, 1941 Low			108.3	108.5	108.5	108.5
Close			108.8		108.7	108.5
Total sales in \$1,000 units	100.10	100.00	11		108.26	108.25
81/48, 1944-46 High Low- Close	108.18 108.16			108.25 108.23	108.26	
Close	108.18					
Total sales in \$1 000 sente	4	2	6	3	10	130
High	104.13	104.14		104.17	104.22	104.24
4/88, 1900-00 LOW_	104.7	104.7				104.20
Total sales in \$1,000 units	104.8	104.14 83			104.20 92	104.22 334
TOSAS SUSCES SAS ST.OOO MANS	309	- 03	244	11	74	334

Daily Record of U. S. Bond	Prices	Jan. 30	Feb. 1	Feb. 2	Feb. 3	Feb. 4	Feb. 5
Treasury	High	105.18	105.22	105.23	105.24	105.27	105.26
Treasury 2¾s, 1945-47	High Low.	105.17	105.18	105.23	105.20	105.24	105.26
	Close		105.22	105.23	105.24	105.24	105.26
Total sales in \$1,000 un		12	15	9	27	104.0	101 10
	High		104.6	104.10	104.9	104.9	104.10
23/8, 1948-51	Low-	104	104	104.7	104.9	104.9 104.9	104.9 104.10
	Close		104.6	104.7	104.9	25	110
Total sales in \$1,000 un		103.8	103.8	103.11	103.10	103.12	103.14
98/2 1051 54	High Low.	103.1	102.31	103.7	103.10	103.10	103.12
23/48, 1951-54	Close		103.8	103.11	103.8	103.12	103.12
Total sales in \$1,000 un		192	409	413	28	153	16
1 0544 34163 8/6 \$1,000 W/	High		103.7	103.11	103.11	103.11	103.12
23/s, 1956-59	LOW	103	103	103.8	103.7	103.8	103.10
2/45, 1500 0011111111	Close		103.7	103.11	103.7	103.10	103.10
Total sales in \$1,000 un		153	112		3	62	21
	High	101.10	101.15				101.21
	Low_	101.8	101.10	101.16	101.17	101.19	101.19
	Close	101.8	101.13		101.17	101.21	101.19
Total sales in \$1,000 un		98	59	312	21	105	78
	(High		106.3		106	106	
	Low.		106.3		106	106	
	Close		106.3		106	106	
Total sales in \$1,000 un			105 2	105.8	105.8	105.9	105.10
	(High		105		105.5	105.9	105.10
	Low.		104.30	105.5 105.6	105.5	104.9	105.10
	Close	105	105	23	41	104.9	3
Total sales in \$1,000 un	(High		105.2	105.7	105.5	105.9	105.10
	Low-		105.2	105.6	105.4	105.9	105.9
08, 1944-1/	Close			105.7	105.4	105.9	105.10
Total sales in \$1,000 ur		1	4	3	7	31	
Federal Farm Mortgage	High			103.31	103.29		
Federal Farm Mortgage 2 1/4s, 1942-47	LOW-			103.31	103.27		
-/40,	Close			103.31	103.27		
Total sales in \$1,000 un	itts			. 100	2		
Home Owners' Loan	(High	104.26			105	105.9	105
3s, series A, 1944-52	Low.	104.21	104.24		104.28	105.9	104.29
	Close		104.27	104.31	105	105.9	105
Total sales in \$1,000 ur			135		38	31	12
	(High		102.25				102.28 102.26
234s, series B, 1939-49	Low.	102.22	$102.20 \\ 102.24$	102.24 102.28	102.26 102.29		102.28
Matel selector de 61 000 au	Close	102.23 37	45		102.29	121	102.28
Total sales in \$1,000 ur	(High		102.23				
Home Owners' Loan 21/4s, 1942-44	TOW	102.19	102.20				
4745, 1924-11	Close	102.19					
Total sales in \$1,000 ur	rite		102.23				
2004 00000 8/8 \$1,000 18/		. 20	101				

Note—The above table includes only sales of coupon bonds. Transactions in registered bonds were:

2 Treas. 3\%s, 1943-47...109.3 to 109.3 | 1 Treas. 2\%s, 1955-60...104.15 to 104.15 to 105.16 to 105.16

## Stock and Bond Sales—New York Stock Exchange

DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

### Occupying Altogether Sixteen Pages-Page One

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the day's range, unless they are the only transactions of the day. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

### United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange—See previous page.

## United States Treasury Bills—Friday, Feb. 5 Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Feb. 10 1937			June 16 1937	0.30%	
Feb. 17 1937			June 23 1937	0.30%	
Feb. 24 1937			June 30 1937	0.30%	
Mar. 3 1937			July 7 1937	0.30%	
Mar. 10 1937			July 14 1937	0.32%	
Mar. 16 1937			July 21 1937	0.32%	
Mar, 17 1937			July 28 1937	0.32%	
Mar. 18 1937			Aug. 4 1937	0.34%	
Mar. 24 1937			Aug. 11 1937	0.34%	
Mar. 31 1937			Aug. 18 1937	0.34%	
Apr. 7 1937			Aug. 25 1937	0.34%	
Apr. 14 1937	0.22%		Sept. 1 1937	0.38%	
Apr. 21 1937			Sept. 8 1937	0.38%	
Apr. 28 1937	0.22%		Sept. 15 1937	0.38%	
May 5 1937	0.25%		Sept. 22 1937	0.40%	
May 12 1937	0.25%		Sept. 29 1937	0.40%	
May 19 1937	0.25%		Oct. 6 1937	0.40%	
May 26 1937	0.25%		Oct. 13 1937	0.40%	
June 2 1937	0.30%		Oct. 20 1937	0.40%	. 07.00
June 9 1937	0.30%		Oct. 27 1937	0.42%	
**************************************			Nov. 3 1937	0.42%	

## Quotations for United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, &c.—Friday, Feb. 5

Figures after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Maturity	Int. Rate	Bid	Bid Asked Maturity Int.		Bid	Asked	
Dec. 15 1941 Dec. 15 1939 June 15 1941 Mar. 15 1939 Mar. 15 1941 June 15 1940 Dec. 15 1940 Mar. 15 1940	1¼% 1¾% 1¾% 1½% 1½% 1½% 1½%	100.8 101.3 100.19 101.10 101.4 101.5 101.4 101.19	101.5 100.21 101.12 101.6 101.7	June 15 1938 Apr. 15 1937 Mar. 15 1938 Sept. 15 1937	21/8 % 21/2 % 25/8 % 27/8 % 3 % 3 % 3 1/4 %	102.23 103.1 102.8 103.7 101.1 102.28 102.2	102.25 103.3 102.10 103.9 101.3 102.30 102.4

### Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

Stocks, Number of Shares	Railroad & Miscell. Bonds	State, Municipal & For'n Bonds	United States Bonds	Total Bond Sales
1,194,730			\$1,082,000	\$6,961,000
				13,756,000 14.097.000
				12,963,000
3,320,820	11,143,000	1,202,000	929,000	13,274,000
14,141,870	\$58,086,000	\$8,641,000	\$6,739,000	\$73,466,000
	Number of Shares 1,194,730 2,357,270 2,428,500 2,452,070 2,388,480 3,320,820	Number of Sharts	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Number of Shares         M4scell. Bonds         Muntctpat & For'n Bonds         States Bonds           1,194,730         \$5,108,000         \$771,000         \$1,082,000           2,357,270         9,693,000         1,491,000         1,231,000           2,428,500         10,626,000         1,470,000         1,660,000           2,452,070         11,738,000         1,898,000         461,000           2,388,480         9,778,000         1,809,000         1,376,000           3,320,820         11,143,000         1,202,000         929,000

Sales at New York Stock	Week En	ded Feb. 5	Jan. 1 to Feb. 5				
Exchange	1937	1936	1937	1936			
Stocks-No. of shares_ Bonds	14,141,870	15,337,554	71,618,556	82,539,299			
Government	\$6,739,000		\$31,295,000	\$39,817,000			
State and foreign Railroad and industrial	8,641,000 58,086,000		257,351,000 320,546,000	46,593,000 491,968,000			
Total	\$73,466,000	\$102,241,000	\$409,192,000	\$578,378,000			

### Stock and Bond Averages

Below are the daily closing averages of representative stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co.:

		Sto	cks		Bonds							
Date	30 Indus- trials	20 Rail- roads	20 Utili- ties	Total 70 Stocks	10 Indus- trials	10 First Grade Rails	10 Second Grade Rails	10 Utili- ties	Total 40 Bonds			
Feb. 5- Feb. 4- Feb. 3- Feb. 2- Feb. 1- Jan. 30-	186.01 188.39 188.69 188.20 186.61 185.74	55.93 56.48 56.13 55.25 54.86 55.00	35.08 35.71 35.93 35.96 35.73 35.83	66.13 66.98 67.00 66.66 66.14 66.02		111.51 111.70 111.63 111.70 111.86 111.91	94.45 94.51 94.33 94.26 94.09 93.95	106.29 106.36 106.31 106.23 106.23 106.10	104.79 104.83 104.83 104.85 104.86			

### **New York Stock Record**

Saturday	. Monday	Tuesday	S—PER SHA		Friday	Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		ice Jan. 1 00-Share Lots		Previous r 1936
Jan. 30	Feb. 1	Feb. 2	Feb. 3	Feb. 4	Feb. 5	Week	LACHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
\$ per share *62 69	\$ per share *62 66	\$ per share 6512 66	\$ per share *60 6534	\$ per share 62 62	\$ per share *62 69	Shares 30	Abraham & StrausNo par	\$ ner share 62 Feb 4	\$ per share 66 Feb 2	\$ per share 42 Mar	70 Nov
$\begin{array}{c} 65^{1}2 & 65^{7}8 \\ 17^{7}8 & 18 \\ 26^{3}4 & 26^{3}4 \\ 34^{1}8 & 34^{1}8 \\ 4 & 4^{1}4 \end{array}$	1778 18 27 271 <sub>2</sub>	65 <sup>1</sup> 4 65 17 <sup>7</sup> 8 18 28 28 34 <sup>1</sup> 4 34 3 <sup>7</sup> 8 4	8 18 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 28 <sup>1</sup> 2 28 <sup>5</sup> 8	66 <sup>1</sup> 2 68 18 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 *27 <sup>1</sup> 2 28 <sup>3</sup> 8 34 34 <sup>1</sup> 2 3 <sup>7</sup> 8 4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4,300 14,000 1,900 5,400 4,100	Preferred 100 Aome Steel Co 25 Adams Express No par Adams Millis No par Address Multigr Corp 10 Advance Rumely No par Affilliated Products Inc. No par	6384 Jan 6 15 Jan 4 2512 Jan 2 3314 Feb 5 318 Jan 12	69 Feb 5 18 <sup>3</sup> 8 Jan 21 28 <sup>3</sup> 8 Feb 3 36 Jan 9 4 <sup>3</sup> 8 Jan 26	110 <sup>1</sup> 4 Aug 59 Apr 9 <sup>5</sup> 8 Apr 17 <sup>7</sup> 8 June 22 <sup>1</sup> 8 Jan 21 <sup>1</sup> 8 Jan 7 <sup>3</sup> 8 Jan	118 Feb 74 <sup>3</sup> 4 Feb 15 <sup>3</sup> 4 Nov 35 <sup>3</sup> 4 Feb 37 <sup>1</sup> 4 Oct 21 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan 9 Mar
75 <sup>1</sup> 4 75 <sup>1</sup> 2 4 <sup>3</sup> 4 4 <sup>7</sup> 8 *98 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 <sup>3</sup> 4	*98 #14 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 <sup>5</sup> 8		$^{8}$ $^{8}$ $^{45}$ $^{8}$ $^{43}$ $^{4}$ $^{8}$ $^{145}$ $^{8}$ $^{15}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,100 4,700 5,000	Air Reduction Inc new_No par Air Way El Appliance_No par Ala & Vicksburg RR Co_100 Alaska Juneau Gold Min10	75 Jan 26 4 Jan 2 10012 Jan 22 1438 Jan 4	80 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 7 5 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 25 100 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan 22 15 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan 12	58 Apr 2 Jan 91 Mar 13 July	8612 Nov 618 Apr 103 Nov 1712 Sept
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} *175 \\ 378 \\ 4552 \\ 46 \\ *43 \\ 46 \\ 4312 \\ 44 \\ 4214 \\ 4214 \\ 4214 \\ 4119 \\ 1*09 \\ 237 \\ 242 \\ 31 \\ 311 \\ 311 \\ 417 \\ 178 \\ 8112 \\ 8132 \\ 7712 \\ 783 \\ 8133 \\ 344 \\ 10612 \\ 10712 \\ 95 \\ 95 \\ 3878 \\ 3914 \\ 4334 \\ 44 \\ 10612 \\ 10712 \\ 897 \\ 718 \\ 3878 \\ 3914 \\ 4331 \\ 4331 \\ 44 \\ 10612 \\ 1071 \\ 1071 \\ 10912 \\ 1071 \\ 10912$	*179	4612 4632 *44 46 2 *44 46 4 42 4233 4 40 4034 *109	*179	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21,500 2,900 400 300 1,700 22,200 -5,100 7,700 118,900 1,600 1,100 8,700 900 4,400 110 3,100 110 3,100 110 3,100	Albany & Susque RR Co. 100 †Allegheny Corp	373 Jan 29 4312 Jan 2 4334 Jan 5 431 Jan 34 4112 Jan 30 3612 Jan 12 110 Jan 26 225 Jan 2 225 Jan 2 225 Jan 2 2812 Feb 5 1618 Jan 13 81 Jan 27 7512 Feb 5 101 Jan 26 344 Jan 5 101 Jan 26 38 Jan 4 39 Jan 4 139 Jan 4 139 Jan 4	434 Jan 8 4934 Jan 7 4812 Jan 7 4812 Jan 7 487 Jan 8 4112 Feb 1 110 Jan 26 422 Feb 1 3318 Jan 16 1912 Feb 5 8434 Jan 28 8312 Jan 22 4138 Jan 16 7518 Feb 4 17234 Feb 4 145 Feb 4 145 Feb 4	178 Aug. 212 Apr 1236 Jan 1214 Jan 1212 Jan 27 Apr 2678 July 98 Feb 157 Jan 157 Jan 158 Jan 1934 May 4 Oct 157 Jan 1934 May 4 Oct 65 Jan 49 July 36 Dec 65 Jan 40 Apr 124 May 104 May 110 Dec	195 Mar 512 Nov 6112 Nov 6112 Nov 6012 Nov 5412 Nov 11112 Dec 11112 Dec 1112 Dec 1111 Tel
168 168 6312 6434 *95 9978 7512 7512 *114 118 101 102 *27 32 127 4 2714 32 3234 *9712 9878 1234 131 1612 1612 *163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$685, 7012 \$997, 10014 \$8112, 823, \$12314, 12314, \$100, 10112 *27, 32 \$181s, 19 \$27, 273, \$3214, 3212, \$8812, 99, \$1278, 13, *17, 1714, *156, 300, \$178, 123, \$623, 633, \$3414, 3412, \$533, 5438,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500 17,600 1,700 5,700 300 22,100 6,200 80 24,400 43,000 3,500 4,900 2,000 6,200	Preferred 100 American Car & Fdy No par Preferred 100 Amer Chain&CabCoinc No par 5% pref 100 Amer Chain&CabCoinc No par 5% pref 100 American Chicle No par Am Coal of N J (Alleg Co) 25 Amer Colortype Co 100 American Crystal Sugar 10 6% Ist pref 100 Amer Encaustic Tiling new 11 Amer European Secs No par Amer European Secs No par Amer Errores Co 100 Amer & For'n Power No par Preferred No par Preferred No par \$6 preferred No par \$6 preferred No par Amer Hawaiian SS Co 10	166 <sup>1</sup> 2 Feb 2 56 Jan 4 93 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 19 72 Jan 5 115 Jan 25 100 Feb 4 29 Jan 25 20 Jan 25 20 Jan 26 29 Jan 21 38 <sup>1</sup> 8 Jan 6 714 Jan 2 58 <sup>1</sup> 9 Jan 25 58 <sup>1</sup> 9 Jan 2 49 Jan 4 18 Jan 4	174 Jan 9 71 Feb 4 8312 Feb 2 1234 Feb 3 10518 Jan 22 29 Jan 25 29 Jan 25 283, Jan 20 3378 Jan 21 1312 Jan 28 17 Jan 18 1334 Jan 22 6878 Jan 12 5878 Jan 22 21 Feb 5	16214 May 30 Apr 5758 Apr 31 Jan 111 Nov 8758 May 27 Nov 712 July 2012 July 2012 July 1614 Jan 89 Apr 312 Apr 934 Jan 1755 Oct 612 Apr 2934 Jan 12 Apr 25 Apr 13 Jan 12 Apr	174 Dec 6012 Dec 6012 Dec 7814 Dec 7814 Dec 12034 Dec 11218 Oct 3534 Dec 1614 Dec 3538 Nov 32 Aug 101 Sept 853 Dec 1458 Feb 1755 Oct 894 Mar 6038 Dec 5012 Dec 2112 July

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Volume 144 New York Stock Record—Continued—Page 2 887											
LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICES—PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT					Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Range Since Jan. 1 On Basis of 100-Share Lots		Range for Previous Year 1936		
LOW AND   Saturday   Jan. 30   Sper share   734	### A PROPRIES OF TAMES AND A	LE PRICES   Tuesday   Feb. 2   \$ per share   734 8   84114 42   5034 5118   536 153   152   5512 5572   5734   614   634   12912 1294   12912 1294   136   146   634   12912 1294   136   146   634   12912 1294   146   634   12912 1294   146   634   12912 1294   146   634   145   1524   146	## SHAP    Wednesday   Feb. 3	RE, NOT PA  Thursday Feb. 4  \$ per share 7'8 8 *41'4 41'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 51'8, 51'4 24'4 12'8 12'3 12'4'8 14'8 14'8 14'8 14'8 14'8 14'8 15'9 16'5 17'0 34'4 35'4 34'12 35'8 42'12 42'12 93'4 94'4 *15'14 11'4 10'4 10'4 10'5 10'7 11'4 1	## CENT	Sales	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE  Par Amer Hide & Leather	Ranse Sinto On Basis of 10  Lowest  \$ per share 612 Jan 2 3712 Jan 6 47 Jan 4 212 Jan 5 1138 Jan 4 412 Jan 19 12284 Jan 27 1358 Jan 4 412 Jan 19 12284 Jan 27 15014 Jan 2 1525 Jan 12 164 Feb 1 1178 Jan 2 17834 Feb 5 6512 Jan 2 2478 Jan 4 164 Jan 6 3218 Jan 6 3218 Jan 6 3218 Jan 6 3218 Jan 14 1312 Jan 2 147 Jan 9 105 Jan 16 633 Jan 16 633 Jan 16 633 Jan 16 634 Jan 16 638 Jan 2 100 Jan 16 161 Jan 4 102 Jan 5 958 Jan 4 112 Jan 2 255 Jan 2 100 Jan 5 958 Jan 4 102 Jan 5 958 Jan 2 100 Jan 5 958 Jan 4 102 Jan 5 958 Jan 4 104 Jan 7 5218 Jan 2 1074 Jan 9 1074 Jan 9 1075 Jan 2 108 Feb 4 108 Jan 7 1919 Jan 2 109 Feb 2 1418 Jan 2 1514 Jan 7 1918 Jan 2 1514 Jan 7 1918 Jan 2 1074 Jan 6 1074 Jan 16 1074 Jan 17 1071 Jan 18 1074 Jan 2 1074 Jan 2 1074 Jan 2 1074 Jan 2 1074 Jan 3 1074 Jan	The color   The	Vear   Convest   Convest	### Previous   936   #### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ###
*113 115 *2512 2612 *101 10278 *4212 44	$^{251_2}_{*101}$ $^{251_2}_{1027_8}$ $^{*421_2}$ $^{44}$	251 <sub>4</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 1021 <sub>2</sub> 1021 <sub>2</sub> *421 <sub>2</sub> 44	261 <sub>2</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub> 1021 <sub>2</sub> 1027 <sub>8</sub> *4284 44 *105 107 135 <sub>8</sub> 138 <sub>4</sub> *853 <sub>8</sub> 86 273 <sub>8</sub> 277 <sub>8</sub> 22 221 <sub>8</sub> 581 <sub>8</sub> 59 831 <sub>4</sub> 843 <sub>4</sub> 191 <sub>4</sub> 1191 <sub>2</sub> 1271 <sub>2</sub> 128 67 67	261 <sub>2</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub> 103 1031 <sub>8</sub>	263 <sub>8</sub> 263 <sub>4</sub> *1031 <sub>8</sub> *423 <sub>4</sub>	1,100 700 13,700 21,800 5,100 2,300 73,100 5,300 1,600	lst preierred	13 Jan 5 84 Jan 16 21 Jan 4 2178 Jan 29 56 Feb 5 73 Jan 4 1858 Jan 27 125 Jan 12 64 Jan 6	2712 Jan 13 10318 Feb 4 42 Jan 16 111 Jan 8 1478 Feb 5 8412 Jan 18 2838 Feb 4 2334 Jan 8 8478 Feb 4 20 Jan 18	18 Jan 100 Aug 35 Feb 85 Feb 13 Dec 83 June 2158 Jan 20 Jan 48 Jan 4654 Apr 1618 Apr 10712 Jun	283s Nov 105 July 427s Oct 112 Dec 1614 Mar 323s Oct 2514 Oct 72 Nov 7734 Dec 20 Dec 13512 Nov 6512 Dec
	d oaked =='	ogt no goles -	n this dog	Companies	reported in r	ecelversh	lp. a Deferred delivery. n Nev	w stock. r Cae	h sale. x Ev-	lividend v	Ex-rights

\*Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. ‡ Companies reported in receivership. a Deferred delivery. n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex-dividend. y Ex-rights.

Volume 144 New York Stock Recor	d—Continued—Pag	ge 6	891
LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICES—PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT for Saturday   Monday   Tuesday   Wednesday   Thursday   Friday the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Range Since Jan. 1 On Basis of 100-Share Lots	Range for Previous Year 1936
36	Indian Refining	19	334

RE, NOT PER CENT Sales for NEW YORK STOCK STOCK Thursday Friday the EXCHANGE Lowest Library Feb 5 Week Lowest Lowe	
The color of the	Highest

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New York Stock Exchange—Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly

Feb. 6, 193

On Jan. 1, 1909 the Exchange method of quoting bonds was changed and prices are now "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

the regular weekly range are show				whic	they occur.	No account is taken of such sales in o	mput	ing the	range to	or the s	mar.	04.5.40
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	ntere	Friday Last Sale Price Bid	eek's age or day's L Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Pertod	Friday Last Sale Price	Wee Rang Frid Bid &	e or ay's	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
U. S. Government Treasury 44/s Oct 15 1947-1952 Treasury 34/s Oct 15 1943-1945 Treasury 48 Dec 15 1944-1954 Treasury 34/s Mar 15 1946-1958 Treasury 34/s June 15 1943-1947 Treasury 38/s June 15 1946-1948 Treasury 38/s June 15 1946-1948 Treasury 38/s June 15 1941-1943 Treasury 38/s Mar 15 1941-1943 Treasury 34/s June 15 1948-1949 Treasury 34/s Dec 15 1949-1952 Treasury 34/s Dec 15 1949-1952 Treasury 34/s Dec 16 1949-1952	M S I I D I	08.25 108.18 14.21 114 113.13 113.2 09.8 109.2 06.24 106.13 07.12 107.6 07.8 107.8 108.5 08.9 108.3	108.27 114.21 113.13 109.10 106.24 107.14 107.10 108.8 108.9	93 245 30 29 111 55 11 61 258 197	Low   Htph   119.30 121.14   108.16 109.26   114	Foreign Govt. & Mun. (Concl.) Colombia (Republic of) *68 Apr 1 1935 coup on Oct 1961 *64 July 1 1935 coup on Jan 1961 *Colombia Mige Bank 6 1/8 1947 *Sinking fund 78 of 1926 1946 *Sir king fund 78 of 1927 1947 Copenhagen (City) 55 1952 25-year gold 4 1/8 1933 Cordoba (Prov) Argentina 78 1942 Costa Riea (Republic of) — *78 Nov 1, 1936 coupon on 1951	JONADNI FINI	31 5% 31 7% 99 14 99 16	25 % *25 % 98 1/4 98 1/4 28	### ##################################	No.  131 115 6 4 20 53 7	Low High  29¼ 34½ 29¼ 34½ 23½ 26¾ 23½ 27½ 23½ 27½ 99 100 97½ 99½ 97 99½ 27 29¼
Treasury 3½s.— Aug 16 1941 Treasury 3½s.— Aug 16 1941 Treasury 2½s.— Mar 15 1955-1960 Treasury 2½s.— Sept 15 1945-1947 Treasury 2½s.— Sept 15 1949-1951 Treasury 2½s.— Sept 15 1956-1959 Treasury 2½s.— Dec 15 1949-1953 Federal Farm Mortgage Corp— 3½s.— Mar 15 1944-1944 38.— May 15 1944-1944 38.— Jan 16 1942-1947	MS. MN1	106 05.10 104.30	101.21 106.3 105.10	155 1073 73 282 1211 530 673	107.29 108.24 108.16 109.25 104.5 104.26 105.13 106.16 103.31 104.16 102.31 103.16 102.26 103.12 101.6 101.21 104.30 105.17 104.30 105.23	Cubs (Republic) 5s of 1904 1944  External 5s of 1914 ser A 1949  External loan 4 1/4s 1949  Slinking fund 5 1/4s 1941  Slinking fund 5 1/4s 1941  Slinking fund 5 1/4s 1941  Czechoslovakla (Rep of) 8s 1951  Slinking fund 8s,ser B 1942  Denmark 20-year extl 6s 1952  External gold 5 1/4s 1952  External gold 5 1/4s 1952  Deutsche Bk Am part ctf 6s 1932	FAJDOOJ	101½ 104¼ 60 a104¾ 105 100% 99¾	104¾ 105 100¾ 99¾	101½ a98⅓ 104¼ 62 105 104¾ 105¼ 101 100¾	21 5 10 451 7 1 37 38 62	104¼ 105½ 101 101¼ 98 98 103 104¼ 58½ 63½ 105 105½ 104¾ 105½ 105 105½ 100¼ 101¼ 99¾ 100¾
2½s	M S M N 1 F A 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	103.31 105.1 102.30	102 453 325	103.26 104.10 104.21 105.3 102.20 103.2 102.18 102.31	\$ Stamped extd to Sept 1 1935 Dominican Rep Cusk Ad 5 1/4s 1942 lst ser 5 1/5 of 1926 1940 2d serles sink fund 5 1/4s 1940 • Dresden (City) external 78 1945 • El Salvador 8s etts of dep 1948	M S A O A O M N	76¼	*501/8 76 75 77 *	79½ 79½ 79½ 23	27 8 4	45 45 741/2 81 72 801/2 73 80 23 23
Foreign Govt. & Municipals— Agricultural Mige Bank (Colombia) *Sink fund 6s Feb coupon on . 1947 *Sink furd 6s Apr coup on 1948 Akershus (Dept) Ext 5s 1963 *Antioquia (Dept) coll 7s A 1945 *External s f 7s series B 1945 *External s f 7s series C 1945 *External s f 7s series D 1945	A O - M N - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	25½ 25½ -99¾ 99 16 16 16¾ 16¾	99½	4 5 20 30 23 6 7	25½ 27½ 25¾ 27½ 98 99½ 14½ 20½ 14½ 20 15 20 14½ 20¼	Estonia (Republic of 7s. 1947  Estonia (Republic of 7s. 1967  Finland (Republic) ext 6s. 1945  Frankfort (City of) s f 64/s. 1953  French Republic 7 1/4s stamped. 1941  7 1/4s unstamped. 1941  Zeternal 7s stamped. 1949  7s unstamped. 1949  German Govt International.  **51/4s of 1930 stamped. 1955	M S M N J D			99 107 191% 121 4 117 128 126	2 20 7 3 1 7 	67 % 75 98 99 106¼ 107¼ 18 20 120% 124¼ 117 1193% 128 130 123¼ 123%
*External set s 1 7s 2d series1957 *External set s 1 7s 2d series _1957 *External set s 1 7s 3d series _1957 Antwerp (City) external 5s1968 Argentine Govt Pub Wks 6s1960 Argentine 6s of June 19251959 External s 1 6s of Oct 19251959 External s 1 6s series A1957	A O - A O - A O - A O - A O - A O - A O - A O - A O - A O M S	13 % 13 % 13 % 13 % 13 ¼ 13 ¼ 13 ¼ 13 ¼	15 14½ 99¾ 102¼ 1015% 102¼ 102¾ 102¾ 1013%	27 16 22 11 7 61 27 102 33	13 17½ 12½ 16½ 13 16½ 13 16½ 98½ 99¼ 102 102½ 101½ 102 101½ 103 101½ 102 101% 103	**Great Rep ext 17 s tamped 1949  **German Rep ext 17 s tamped 1949  *7s unstamped 1949  **Great Prov & Communal Bks  **(Cons Agric Loan) 6 ½s 1958  **Greek Government s f ser 7s 1964  **Sink fund secured 6s 1968  Haiti (Republic) s f 6s ser A 1952	J D M N F A	21% 30% 25 24% 31% 98%	19 1/8 30 1/2 23 3/4 24 9/8 35 1/2 31 9/8	21 1/8 31 25 25 1/4 36 32 1/4	31 40 18 20 6 14 21	2014 25 1894 2194 2714 3134 2334 2534 2376 2534 33 36 2736 33
External 6s series B	M N F A J J M S M N	102½ 102¾ 102¾ 102¾ 102¾ 102½ 102½ 102½ 101¾ 101¾ 108½ 108½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 101½	1021/4 1021/2 1021/8 1093/4	49 71 27 46 56 45 15 70 12	102 103¼ 101¾ 102¾ 102 102¼ 102 102¼ 101¾ 103 109¼ 110½ 108½ 110 101¼ 102¾ 99¼ 101⅓	*Haiduirg (State) 63 - 1946 *Heidelberg (German) extl 7½8 - 50 Heisingfors (City) ext 6½8 - 1960 Hungarian Cons Municipal Loan—  *7½8 unmatured coup on - 1945 *78 unmatured coup on on - 1946 *Hungarian Land M Inst 7½8 - 1961  *Sinking fund 7½8 ser B - 1961 *Hungary (Kingdom of) 7½6 - 1944	J J J J J J J M N N F A	22	20½ *15	20½ 19 106 22¼ 25 23 23 47½	1 3 20 	20 201/2 151/4 181/4 1051/8 106 211/2 241/4 211/4 251/4 211/4 211/8 211/8 241/4 471/2 51 1131/2 115
*Bavaria (Free State) 6½s 1945 Belgium 25-yr exti 6½s 1949 External 3 f 6s 1955 External 3 do-year s f 7s 1955 Bergen (Norway) ext s f 5s 1960 *Berlin (Germany) s f 6½s 1950 *Bixternal sinking fund 6s 1958 *Brazil (U S of) external 8s 1941 *External s f 6½s of 1926 1957 *External s f 6½s of 1927 1957	MS- JD- MS- AO- JD- AO-	106 117½ 102 101½ 20½ 50½ 50½ 44½ 4354 4354	107 117½ 102 21 20½ 51¼ 44¾	3 1 32 29 12 10 17 68 80 168	19 22 108½ 109¾ 105⅓ 107 115⅓ 117⅓ 99 102 19½ 21½ 18⅙ 21½ 50 59⅙ 41 47 41 47	Irish Free State extl s t 5s   1960   Italy (Kingdom of) extl 7s   1951   Italian Cred Consortium 7s A. 1937   External sec s t ser B. 1947   Italian Public Utility extl 7s   1952   Japanese Govt 30-yr s t 6 ½ S. 1954   Extl sirking fund 5 ½   1965   Italian State Mare Bank-7s with all unmat coup. 1957   Italian Public (Germany) s t 7s   1947   Lover Austria (Province of)—	M S M S J J F A M N	92 99 93 80 963 81 34 2014	113½ 87% 99 87 76¼ 94 80¼ 33½ 20¼	113½ 93½ 99 93 81 97¾ 81½ 34 20¼	1 150 1 27 140 66 41 4 5	113½ 115 85¼ 93½ 99 99 80¼ 93 71½ 81 93 99¾ 79½ 85¾ 29¾ 34 20¼ 24
*7s (Central Ry) 1952 Brisbane (City) s f 5s. 1957 Sinking fund gold 5s. 1958 20-year s f 6s. 1950 Budapest (City of)— *6s July 1 1935 coupon on. 1962 Buenos Afres (City) 6 4/s B-2. 1955 External s f 6s ser C-2. 1960 External s f 6s ser C-3. 1960 *Buenos Afree (Prov) extl 6s. 1961	J D J J A O	29 101½ 102 *100% 103	29¾ 102 102 102 103	16 8 2	41 1/4 47 1/4 101 1/4 103 103 103 105 1/4 105 105 105 100 102 100 101 1/4 100 103	7½s June 1 1935 coup on 1950  *Medellin (Colombia) 6½s 1954  *Mexican Irrig assenting 4½s 1943  *Mexico (US) ext 15 sof 1899 1945  *Assenting 5s of 1899 1945  *Assenting 5s large 1954  *Assenting 5s mail 1954  *Assenting 4s of 1904 1954  *Assenting 4s of 1904 1954  *Assenting 4s of 1910 large 1954  *Assenting 4s of 1910 large 1954  *Assenting 4s of 1910 large 1954	M M Q Q	13¾ 7 10	* 13½ 7 *10 10 10  *5½ 6¾	98 1/8 14 3/4 11 10 1/4 10 7 5/8	24 21 3 2	13 17 7 8½ 10 11¾ 10 11¾ 11 11 7 9 6¾ 9½ 7 01/
**Os Saamped 1961  **Extl s f 4½s 4¾s 1967  Refunding s f 4½s 4½s 1976  Extl re-ad] 4½s 4¾s 1976  Extl re-ad] 4½s 4¾s 1976  Extl s f 4½s 4¾s 1975  3% external s f \$ bonds 1984  Bulgarla (Kingdom of)—  *Sink furd 7 5 July coup off 1987  *Sink furd 7 ½s May coup off 1968	FA MSFA AO	87¼ 88¼ 81¼ 82¼ 82½ 82½ 82½ 82½ 82½ 82½ 82½ 83¼ 63¾ 63¾ 23 24½ 24 24	88 ½ 88 ½ 82 ¾ 83 ½ 85 ¼ 64 ½ 23 24 ½	23 160 41 6 26 10 2 16	85 884 85 894 7774 824 784 834 784 834 814 854 60 644 2114 244	*Assenting 4s of 1910 large.  *Assenting 4s of 1910 small.  *\$Treas 6s of '13 assent(large) '33  *\$Small  Milan (City, Italy) extl 6 ½s 1952  Minas Geraes (State) 1958  *See extl s f 6 ½s 1958  *Montevideo (City) 7s 1952  *6s series A 1959	J J A O W S M S	7 11 80 31½	7 7 11 11 74¾ 31½ 31½ 67 *62%	7½ 7½ 11 11	81 291 7 1 139 70 77 6	61/8 97 11 131/4 11 13 701/4 82 27 331/4 271/4 33 661/4 67
Canada (Dom of) 30-yr 4s. 1960 5s. 1952 10-year 2 ½s. Aug 15 1945 25-year 3 ½s. 1961 Carisbad (City) s 18s. 1954 *Cent Agric Bank (Ger) 7s. 1950 *Farm Loan s f 6s. July 15 1960 *Farm Loan s 6s. Cot 15 1960 *Farm Loan 6s 7s. Apr. 15 1938	A O I M N I I F A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	09 18 108 14 113 00 16 100 16	109¼ 113½ 101 100¾ 60 40 31 30⅓ 41	69 34 54 76 	108½ 110½ 113 114½ 100¾ 101½ 100¼ 103½ 50½ 51 35 40 26¾ 31 26¾ 30½ 30¼ 41	New So Wales (State) extl 5s. 1957 External s f 5s. Apr 1958 Norway 20-year extl 6s. 1943 20-year external 6s. 1944 External sink fund 5s. 1963 External sink fund 4½s. 1966 External si 4½s. 1965 Municipal Bank extl s f 5s. 1970	FAOA	104¼ 107¼ 106¼ 100¼ 103 101	104½ 104¼ 106¼ 106½ 100½ 102½ 100½ 100½	105 % 105 % 107 % 107 ½ 100 ½ 103 ½ 101 ¾ 102 ½	9 9 18 54 52 73 109 7	61½ 64 104½ 105½ 104½ 105 106½ 107 106½ 109 100½ 102 102½ 104½ 100½ 102 102½ 102½ 18½ 20 75½ 80¾
*Chile (Rep) — Extl of 78. 1942  *External sinking fund 68. 1960  *Extl sinking fund 68. 1960  *Ry ref extl of 18. Jan 1961  *Extl sinking fund 68. Sept 1961  *External sinking fund 68. 1962  *External sinking fund 68. 1963  *Chile Mtge Bank 6½s. 1957  *Sink fund 6½s of 1926. 1961  *Guar of 68. 1961	M S	18% 18% 18% 19 18% 19 18% 19 18% 19 18% 19 18% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15%	20 16 20 16 20 16 19 12 20 16 12 16 14	38 159 44 74 65 9 124 37 16	18% 25% 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 18% 24 15% 20 15% 19%	*Nuremburg (City) exti 68 . 1952: Oriental Devel guar 68 . 1953: Extl deb 5½8	M N O D N N	77¾ 99¾ 106 74 26½	19% 76 71% 99% 106 *81% 74	19 1/8 78 73 1/2 99 1/8 106 90 74 3/4	36 6 7 31	99 % 100 105 % 106 82 % 85 73 % 76
Guar 8 f 68 1961 1962 Chilean Cons Munic 78 1962 Chilean Cons Munic 78 1960 Chinese (Hukuang Ry) 58 1951 Cologre (City) Germany 51/48 1950 For footnotes see page 901.	M N M S	15¾ 15¾ 16 55 19¼	17 17 16½ 55 20½	32 12 12 1 7	15¾ 20 15¾ 20 15 18¼ 53⅓ 55 19⅓ 20⅓	*Peru (Rep of) external 7s	M S - A O A O A O	19¼ 19⅓ 60 60⅓	20½ 19½ 19 60 77¾ 60¼	22 20 1/8 20 1/4 60 1/4 78 1/8 60 3/4	56 181 121 8 16 79	25¼ 29¾ 20½ 23⅓ 18⅓ 22¼ 19 22¼ 58 61 76⅓ 78⅓ 57⅓ 60⅓

Volume 144		N	ew Y	ork	Во	nd Reco	rd—Continued—Page	2		* * 1; · .		897_
BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE  Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Pertod	Friday Last Sale Price	Week' Range Friday Bid & A	8 07 '8 Laked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Period	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Asked	-	Range Since Jan. 1
Foreign Govi. & Munic. (Conc.) Porto Alegre (City of)—  *8s June coupon off	J J J N S O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	29 1/4 27 1/4 21 29 1/4 35 1/4 82 1/4 31 1/4	29 1/4 29 1/4 19 1/4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	High 29 1/4 27 5/4 99 9 90 9 20 5/4 21 113 1/4 26 1/4 30 1/4 30 1/4 30 1/4 30 1/4 30 1/4 31 1/4 32 1/4 32 1/4 34 1/4 34 1/4 34 1/4 34 1/4	No. 1 18 4 9 9 19 24 5 78 21 121 132 10 24 1 4 2 4 4	Low H40h  27 % 32 % 26 1/2 30 1/2 27 % 32 % 26 1/2 30 1/2 28 112 113 /2 112 113 /2 23 /2 24 /2 30 /2 4 3 32 /2 30 /2 4 3 32 /2 26 32 /2 4 3 32 /2 26 32 /2 4 3 32 /2 26 32 /2 4 3 32 /2 27 24 8 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 32 /2 28 /2 4 3 3 4 /2 30 34 /2 30 34 /2 30 34 /2 40 44	Atl Knox & Nor 1st g 5s	1	115¾ 104½ 98 97¾ 106 57¼ 1012¹₃₂ 107 92½ 111½ 104¾ 105½ 92¾ 76¾ 92 115½	Low H40** **110 ½ 112** **110 ½ 112** **110 ½ 115* **110 ½ 115* **115 ½ 115* **105 ½ 106* **57 59½ **52 ½ 52½ **52 80 82 **107½ 101** **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **108½ **109½ 101** **100½ 101. **104½ 105. **390 ½ 92	2 68 81 134 16 30 2 2 13 3 6 4 1 1	Low H4ph  111 4 111 4 111 4 115 4 103 4 105 4 97 4 99 4 95 4 99 4 105 4 106 4 56 7 60 6 51 4 5 4 79 83 6 101 2 210 2 83 4 85 6 107 4 107 4 108 4 108 4 105 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 4 108 6 108 6 108 7 108 9 7 108 9 9 9 4 115 6 107 7 18 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
*External 78 Sept coupon off 1958	M J O D D NNDA AAJSONANNO N	371/4 34 31 953/4 283/4 523/4 1053/4 743/2 74 673/8	36½ 33½ 33½ 35½ 22½ 22½ 28¾ 28¾ 52½ **30½ 104 72 **100½ 67¼ 67¼ **77½ **77½ -**77½ -**50¾	38 % 34 ½ 34 ½ 34 ½ 34 ½ 34 ½ 34 ½ 34 ½ 34	58 222 70 106 3 4 29 68 21  70 36  43  21 27 19	34 \$4 43 14 28 16 34 15 27 16 34 16 95 98 22 24 22 22 25 16 30 16 52 53 16 30 33 16 90 16 92 104 105 14 71 184 76 14 67 69 16 67 69 16 68 16 69 16	Con ref 4s. 195 4s stamped. 195 Battle Creek & Stur Ist gu 3s. 198 Beech Creek ext Ist g 3½s. 198 Beech Creek ext Ist g 3½s. 198 Bell Telep of Pa 5s series B. 194 Ist & ref 5s series C. 196 Belvidere Delaware cons 3½s. 194 Berlin City Elec Co deb 6½s. 195 *Debesture 6s. 195 *Debesture 6s. 195 *Berlin Elec El & Undergr 6½s 198 Beth Steol coard M ½s *cr D. 198 Beth Steol coard M ½s *cr D. 198 Coss mtgc 3½s ser E. 196 Big Sandy ist 4s. 194 Boston & Maine Ist 5s A C. 198 Ist g 4½s series IJ. 195 Ist g 4½s series IJ. 195 *Debeston & N Y Air Line ist 4s 195 \$	J JA J GACOLOGISM CAC I MAN LANGE I BALLEAGO LOGISM CAC I MAN LANGE I BALLEAGO LOGISM LIST	110 ¼ 115 ½ 118 ½ 128 ¾ 128 ¾ 128 ½ 20 ½ 20 ½ 20 ½ 20 ½ 20 ½ 88 ½ 88 ¼ 88 ¼ 100 ½ 103 ½ 100 3	110½ 110½ 78 15% 78 15% 115% 115% 128¾ 120½ 128¾ 130½ *105 21¼ 22 20¾ 20½ 20¼ 20½ *21½ 33 105 105% *11½ 112½ 86¾ 88¾ *111½ 112½ 86¾ 88 88 88 88 88 83 84¾ 28 28 35¼ 40½ 100½ 103¾ 103¾	32 56 -7 13 33 -62 230 237 54 97 7 499 270 111 81 170 2	110½ 110½ 110½ 113¾ 116½ 76 78
*\$1Abitih Pow & Paper 1st 5s. 1953 Adams Express coll trg 4s. 1948 Coil trust 4s of 1907 1947 10-year deh 4/48 1946 Adrians Elec Co exxl 7s. 952 Als Ct Bou 1st cops A 5s. 1943 1st cops 4s series B 1943 *Albany Perfor Wrap Pap 6s. 1948 *6s with warr assented. 1948 Alf & Susq 1st guar 3/4s. 1946 Alfexbany Corp coll tr 5s. 1940 *Coll & conv 5s. 1940 *Coll & conv 5s. 1950 Alech & West 1st gu 4s. 1998 Allegh & West 1st gu 4s. 1998 Allegh & West 1st gu 4s. 1994 Alled Stores Corp deb 4/4s. 1940 4 Alled Stores Corp deb 4/4s. 1950 3/4/2s debentures. 1951	M S J F A O D D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	99 110	105 1 105 1 105 1 109 1 114 1/2 1 109 1/2 1 100 1/4 1 100 1/4 1 100 1/4 1 100 1/4 1	95¼ 05¼ 05 14½ 10 78½ 69¼ 01¼ 96 65¼ 02¼ 11 01¾ 97	175 10 3 7 1 8 8 2 146 89 32 305 5 16 12 5	84 98½ 104½ 106 104 105½ 103½ 103½ 103½ 103½ 108½ 114½ 108½ 110 -66½ 74 106 ½ 107 100 101½ 85½ 80 62 66 ½ 102½ 102½ 100½ 100½ 100½ 100½ 93½ 97	Debeture gold 5s	B J A A CO	108½ 105½ 101½ 108¾ 108¾ 92¾ 29½ 71¾ 69¾ 103¼ 104½ 33⅓ 113½ 116¾	108¼ 108½ 105¼ 106 101¼ 101⅓ 108¾ 109½ *	10 7 15 12 137 13  2 377 128 10  3 70  37 23	108 ¼ 109 105 106 ¼ 101 ½ 101 ½ 108 ¾ 110 
*Alpine Montanesteel 7s	MINJ MJAJJ MI A LQMIFIAOWNDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	100 ¼ 106 113 ¼ 108 ⅓ 109 a109 110 ¼ 107	83 92 10834 1 11064 1 11104 1 11006 1 175 2 11044 1 8634 8736 10535 1 106 1 106 1 106 1 108 1 108 1 108 1 108 1 108 1	85½ 93¼ 934 934 12 11¼ 00 10½ 990½ 006 38½ 70 04¼ 113¾ 12 09 09 08 10¾	3 490 27 955 17 955 177 117 288 482 491 120 80 94 145 1 1 50 148 5 175 47 774 4 3 3	109 \( \frac{1}{8} \) 110 \( \frac{1}{8} \) 108  112 107 \( \frac{1}{4} \) 109 107  110 105  108	Guaranteed gold 5sOot 186 Guaranteed gold 5s198 Guaranteed gold 4 1/s198 Canadian Northern deb 6 1/s194 Canadian Pac Ry 4 % deb stk perpe Coll trust 4 1/s194 Coll trust gold 5s	AFIGURE NECESTATION OF THE STREET OF THE STR	11634 11436 11342 12636 9834 104 10436 10436 105 109 	119%   119%   119%   118%   118%   118%   118%   118%   113%   113%   113%   113%   113%   110%	211 327 227 220 177 235 227 44 23 81 	118% 121 116¼ 118% 113½ 116⅓ 113½ 116⅓ 113½ 128⅓ 98¼ 99⅓ 102½ 104 113¾ 115¾ 109¼ 110½ 109¼ 110½ 105 105¾ 109 111 105 105¾ 109 111 105 106¾ 113¼ 34¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 22¾ 18¼ 23¼ 18¼ 23¼ 19¾ 23¼ 19¾ 23¼ 19¾ 23¼ 107¼ 108¾ 107¾ 108¾
For footnotes see page 901.												

# BOND BROKERS Railroad, Public Utility and Industrial Bonds VILAS & HICKEY

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Bell System Teletype 
Cgo. 543

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	We Ran Frid Bid &	e or	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
Cent Pac 1st ref gu g 4s	A OF AN	110 103 % 95 ½ 107 ½ 152 133 ¼ 108 ½ 100 ½ 100 ¾	Low 109 % *	High 110¼ 108¾ 104¾ 125 96 107¼ 152¼ 134 101¾ 101⅓ 101⅓ 1117	No. 86 -62 15 1 47 5 28 136 13 52 126 112	Low H407 10934 11234 10834 10834 103 10434 103 1045 94 95 125 12534 9334 96 1074 108 14435 154 1273 137 108 109 123 12834 10014 1023 11014 1113 11134 11134 117 12034
Chic & Alton RR ref g 3s	JJM FFAM MJMJJJMJJ	56% 109% 110 114¼ 113¾ 37 35¾ 48 39¾ 23 22⅓	56 109 % 110 114 % 113 % 118 100 36 % 35 % 123 % 101 % 47 % 38 % *38 % *	57½ 110 111 116 114 118½ 100 39¾ 37½ 101¾ 49¾ 40 36 24 23½ 106¾ 112¼	58 16 24 23 27 29 3 483 113 23 8 422 7  2 27 26 10	55 584 109½ 110 110 113½ 114½ 117½ 113½ 116½ 118 119 100 100 35½ 41½ 32½ 122½ 124 101½ 102½ 37½ 44¾ 39½ 21½ 26½ 21½ 26½ 106 107½
*Chic M & St P gen 4s ser A 1989 *Gen g 3½s ser B May 1 1989 *Gen 4½s series C May 1 1989 *Gen 4½s series E May 1 1989 *Gen 4½s series E May 1 1989 *Gen 4½s series F May 1 1989 *Chic Milw St P & Pac 5s A 1975 *Conv adj 5s Jan 1 2000 *Chic & No West gen g 3½s 1987 *General 4s 1987 *Gen 6s stpd Fed inc tax 1987 *Gen 4½s stpd Fed inc tax 1987 *Gen 5s stpd Fed inc tax 1987 *Jist & ref 4½s stpd May 1 2037 *Ist & ref 4½s stpd May 1 2037 *Ist & ref 4½s ser C May 1 2037 *Conv 4½s series A 1949 *Conv 4½s series A 1949	J J J A O K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	64 	61 % *56 % 67 % 4 67 % 4 49 *49 50 ½ 30 % 30 ½ 17 ¼	64 60 68% 69% 34% 10% 46% 52  51 53% 33% 31% 18%	59	61 64% 55 56% 66% 69½ 67% 69½ 67% 69½ 68° 70 31% 36% 9% 12% 44 49½ 48% 52½ 50½ 54% 50½ 54% 51 56 30 35½ 30¼ 34% 30¼ 34% 30¼ 34%
\$\chicago \text{Railways} \text{ is 5s stpd} \\ Aug \ 1.1936 \ 25\% \text{ part pd} \\ \chicago \text{Railways} \text{ is 5s stpd} \\ Aug \ 1.1936 \ 25\% \text{ part pd} \\ \chicago \text{Certificates of deposit} \\ \chicago \text{Refunding gold 4s} \\ \chicago \text{certificates of deposit} \\ \chicago \text{Secured 4\sigma series A} \\ \chicago \text{1952} \\ \chicago \text{Certificates of deposit} \\ \chicago \text{L \text{ New Orleans 5s} \\ \chicago \text{1960} \\ \text{Chicago Union Station} \\ \text{Chicago Union Station} \\ \text{Chicago Union Station} \\ \end{array}		40¼ 20¾ 18½ 20½ 20 11 113 98 98% 88	79¾ 40⅓ * 20¼ 18½ 20⅓ 19¾ 10¾ 113 *94⅓ 96 87¼	80 41 40¾ 21½ 19½ 21 20½ 11½ 113  98 88¼	19 122 	79¼ 83⅓ 39 43⅓ 40½ 42⅓ 40½ 42⅓ 19⅓ 23⅓ 18½ 22¾ 18¾ 20¾ 10¼ 12¾ 113 113⅓ 96 99 86¾ 89
Guaranteed 4s. 1944  Ist mige 4s series D. 1963  Ist mige 3½ s series E. 1963  3½ s guaranteed 1951  Chie & West Indiana con 4s. 1952  Ist & ref M 4½ s ser D. 1962  Childs Co deb 5s. 1943  †Choc Okla & Guif cons 5s. 1952  Cincinnati Gas & Eleo 3½ s. 1966  Cin Leb & Nor Ist con gu 4s. 1942  Cin Un Term Ist gu 5s ser C. 1957  Ist mige guar 3½ s series D. 1971  Clearfield & Mah 1st gu 4s. 1943	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	106 ½ 111 % 108 ¼ 106 105 ½ 91 ½ 108 ¼ 107 ½	106 ½ 110 ½ 108 ¼ 106 ¼ 105 ¼ 104 91 % *35 102 % *108 ½ 108 107 ¼ *107 ¼	106 ½ 111 ¾ 109 ¾ 106 ½ 106 ½ 106 ½ 105 ½ 105 ½ 92 ¾ 40 103 ½ 107 ½	11 17 71 21 64 124 21 39	105 % 106 % 110 % 113 % 108 % 113 % 108 % 108 % 105 % 108 % 105 % 108 % 103 % 105 % 108 % 108 % 108 % 108 % 108 % 104 % 106 % 110 % 105 % 109 % 106 % 110 % 106 % 100 %
Cleve Cin Chi & St L gen 4s. 1993 General 5s ser B. 1993 Ref & impt 6s ser C. 1941 Ref & impt 6s ser C. 1941 Ref & impt 6s ser D. 1963 Ref & impt 64/5s ser E. 1977 Cairo Div 1st gold 4s. 1939 Cin Wabash & M Div 1st 4s. 1990 Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s. 1990 Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s. 1940 W W val Div 1st g 4s. 1940 Cleve Elec Illum 1st M 34/s. 1965 Cleve & Pgh gen gu 4½s ser B. 1942 Series B 3½s guar. 1942 Series B 3½s guar. 1942 Series C 3½s guar. 1942 Series C 3½s guar. 1950 Gen 4½s ser A. 1977 Gen & ref mige 4½s ser B. 1981 Cleve Union Term gu 5½s. 1971 Ist s f 5s series B guar. 1973 1st s f 5s series B guar. 1973 1st s f 5s series B guar. 1973 1st s f 4½s seres C. 1977 Coal River Ry 1st gu 4s. 1945 Colo Fuel & Ir Co gen s f 5s. 1943 *5 income mige. 1970 Colo & South 4½s ser A. 1980	JJJJMMSJMAFAJO	102 1/6 109 1/2 110 1/8 110 1/8 108 1/8 104 1/4	105¼ 103½ 97 *105% * 101% *106 103 107½ 109½	104 ½ 105 ¼ 104 ½ 97 ¾ 106 ½ 100 ½ 1	24 12 29 129 129 	104 107¾ 105¼ 105¾ 103½ 105 97 98¾ 105½ 106¾ 102½ 103¾ 102½ 103¾ 101¾ 104¾ 103 103 107¾ 107¾ 1109¾ 111¾ 110½ 111½ 113 110¾ 111½ 116¾ 112 113 108¼ 111¼ 104¾ 105¾ 110¾ 105¾ 110¾ 105¾ 110¾ 105¾ 110¾ 105¾ 112¼ 116¾ 112¼ 116¾ 113, 108¼ 111¼ 104¾ 105¾ 106, 107½ 138¾ 73¾ 77½

Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest	Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & As	1 6 2	Range Since Jan. 1
Columbia G & E deb 5sMay 1955 Debenture 5sApr 15 1955 Debenture 5sJan 15 1961 Col & H V 1st ext g 4s1945 Col & Tol 1 st ext 4s1965 Columbus Ry Pow & Lt 4s1965 Commercial Cordit deb 3/4 s1951 Commercial Invest Tr deb 3/4s 1951	M N A O J J A O F A M N A O	1045% 10434 10436	104 10 104½ 10 104½ 10 112¼ 11: *114 11: 106½ 10' 99 10:	71gh No. 45% 95 19 434 119 214 1 15	Low High 104 105¼ 104 105 104 105¼ 112¼ 114¼ 115 115 106 108¾ 99 100¼ 103 105¼
Conn & Passum Riv 1st 4s1942 Conn Ry & L 1st & ref 4/4s1951 Stamped guar 4/4s1951 Conn River Pow s 1 3/4s A1961 Consol Edison (N Y) deb 3/4s.1944 Consolidated Hydro-Elec Works Consolidated Hydro-Elec Works	A O J J J J F A A O A O	106	105¾ 100 a111 a11 106¾ 100 105¾ 100 104¾ 100 105¾ 100	33 1 2 34 3 54 20 5 60 5 66	105¾ 106 106¾ 107¾ 105⅓ 108⅓ 104⅓ 106¾ 103⅓ 107⅓ 22¼ 22⅓
Consol Cas (N Y) deb 4 1/45 1951 Consol Cas (N Y) deb 4 1/45 1951 Consol Oil conv deb 34. 1954 *Consol Ry non-conv deb 4s. 1954 *Debenture 4s 1955 *Debenture 4s 1956 *Debenture 4s 1956 *Consumers Power 3 1/45 1956 *Consumers Power 3 1/45 1956 Ist mtge 3 1/45 1976 Ist mtge 3 1/45 1976 Ist mtge 3 1/45 1966 Container Corp 1st 6s 1944 Copenhagen Telep 5s. Feb 15 1956 Crane Co s f deb 3 1/45 1951 Crown Cork & Seal s f 4s 1956 Crown Williamette Paper 6s 1951 Crown Zellerbach deb 6s w w 1942 Cuba Nor Ry 1st 5 1/48 1942	1 D	10534	106 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	7½ 8¾ 76 8 22 5¾ 4 128 27 14¼ 3 8⅓ 12 0 6 1¼ 57 3¾ 57 3¼ 12 14¼ 3 14¼ 3 14¼ 57	106 107 3 40 107 3 104 3 107 3 104 3 107 3
Cuba RR 1st 5s g 1952  \$^*1st ref 7½s serles A 1936  \$^*Certificates of deposit  \$^*1st lien & ref 6s ser B 1936  \$^*Certificates of deposit  Dayton Pow & Li 1st & ref 3 ½s 1960  Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s 1943  Gold 5½s 1937  Gold 5½s 1937  Ist & ref 4½s 1961  Ist mortgage 4½s 1969  Den Gas & El 1st & ref s 15s 1951  \$^*Den & R G 1st cons g 4s 1936  \$^*Consol gold 4½s 1938  \$^*Consol gold 4½s 1938  \$^*Consol gold 5½s 1938  \$^*Consol gold 5½s 1938  \$^*Consol gold 5½s 1938  \$^*Cansol gold 5½s	J D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	64½ 62½  94½ 100 <sup>13</sup> 16  106¾  32½ 33	563½ 6:62½ 6:60 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:0 6:	2½ 60 5½ 16 5 18 2½ 14 33% 24 13¼ 353 1 14 53¼ 4 33% 24 13¼ 353 1 14 53¼ 4 7 9 7	58¼ 65  56¼ 64¼ 62½ 72½ 60 71¼ 60 65½ 59½ 66 105¾ 108 91¼ 95¾ 100¾ 101¾ 105 105¾ 106¾ 108¾ 106¾ 107 32⅓ 36¾ 106¾ 107 32⅓ 36¾ 18 21¼ 18 21¾
‡*Des M & Ft Dodge 4s ctfs 1935 *Des Plains Val 1st gu 4½s 1947 Detroit Edison Co 4½s ser D _ 1961 Gen & ref 5s ser E 1965 Gen & ref M 4s ser F 1965 Gen & ref mtgo 3½s ser G _ 1966 *Detroit & Mac 1st lien g 4s _ 1995 *1st 4s assented _ 1995 *Second gold 4s 1995 *Second gold 4s 1995 Detroit Term & Tunnel 4½s 1961 Dul & Iron Range 1st 5s _ 1937 \$\$^Dul Sou Shore & Atl g 5s _ 1937 \$\$^Duquesne Light 1st M 3½s _ 1961	J J M S F A A O O M S J D M N N A O J J	8¾	85% 6 *50½ 66 114 114 108¼ 108 110 110 106% 107 *50 83 *50 63 45 45 *41 117% 118	27 3½ 1½ 13 3½ 31 1 1 7¼ 39 5  5 5 1 79 79	6¼ 9  114 116¼ 108 110¾ 109¾ 111 106⅓ 109⅓ 45 45 117⅓ 118⅙ 1025₁6 102¾ 61 72⅓ 61 72⅓ 107 110
East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s. 1948 East T Va & Ga Div 1st 5s. 1956 Ed El III Biklyn 1st cons 4s. 1938 Ed Elec (N Y) 1st cons 5s. 1956 Eighn Joliet & East 1st 5 5s. 1945 Eighn Joliet & East 1st 5 5s. 1945 El Paso Nat Gas 4½/s ser A. 1951 Conv deb 4½/s. 1946 El Paso & S W 1st 5s. 1965 5s stamped. 1965 Erle & Pitts g gu 3½/s ser B. 1940 Erle RR 1st cons g 4s prior 1996 Ist consol gen lieng 4s. 1995 Penn coll trust gold 4s. 1951 Conv 4s serles A. 1953 Serles B. 1953 Gen conv 4s serles D. 1953 Ref & impt 5s of 1927 1967 Ref & impt 5s of 1927 1967 Ref & impt 5s of 1927 1967 Ref & Impt 5s of 1930 1975 Erle & Jersey 1st 8 f 6s. 1955 Genessee River 1st 8 f 6s. 1957 N Y & Erle RR ext 1st 4s. 1947 3d mtgo 4½/s. 1938	AM JJMDDO JJJAOOONOJJNS	104½  105½ 103½ 90½  93	115 1/8 114 105 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11	5   6   2   3   4   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	108 111 115½ 116½ 105½ 107½ 139½ 139½ 112½ 139½ 112½ 133½ 104 104½ 159¼ 172½ 112 122 105½ 105½ 107 107 103¼ 1065½ 91½ 94½ 91½ 94½ 91½ 94½ 91 93¼ 85½ 89 118½ 119 117 117¼ 114½ 114¾
Ernesto Breda 7s. 1954 Fairbanks Morse deb 4s. 1956 Federal Light & Tr 1st 5s. 1942 5s International series 1942 1st iles f 5s stamped. 1942 1st ilen 6s stamped. 1942 30-year deb 6s series B. 1954 Flat deb s f g 7s. 1946 **Flat deb s f g 7s. 1946 **Flat deb s f g 7s. 1946 **Flat Cent & Penin 5s. 1943  **Florida East Coast ist 4\fs. 1959 **Ist & ref 5s series A 1974 **Certificates of deposit. Fonda Johns & Glov 4\fs. 1952  **For of c claim flied by owner.		103  16½ 16¾	16¼ 17 16 17	18 24 3 4 55 16 16 17 18 219	64½ 78 104 105 102½ 103¼ 101½ 101½ 102% 103¼ 102½ 104½ 102½ 104½ 82 94 81 87 15½ 19½ 15½ 19¼ 9¾ 9¾
(Amended) 1st cons 2-4s		1081/2	*104¾ 108¼ 108 81 83 99¼ 99	1/8 4 1/2 3	4 5 3 ½ 4½ 107¼ 107¼ 108 108¾ 81 87½ 97¼ 100¼
Gas & El of Berg Co cons g 5s1949 Gen Amer Investors det 5s A1952 Gen Cable lts s f 5½ s A1947 *Gen Elec (Germany) 7s Jan 15 1945 *Sinking fund deb 6½ s1940 *20-year s f deb 6s1948 Gen Motors Accept Corp deb 3s1946 15-year 3¼ s deb1953 Gen Pub Serv deb 5½ s1953 Gen Steel Cast 5½ s with warr. 1949 ‡*Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons 5s1945 \$\$\$^{*}\$Ga Caro & Nor 1st ext 6s1948 *Goodrich (B F) conv deb 6s1951 1st mtge 4½ s	DAJJOKAAJJJJO		*121½	21 24 4 7 25 7 26 73 93 5 4 103 1 34  24 77 34 221 34 159	121½ 122¾ 101 102½ 105½ 106½ 399% 40 399½ 40 101¾ 105½ 101½ 105½ 101½ 105½ 49½ 52 26 28 105 105½ 101½ 101½ 101½ 103½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105

Volume 144	11.00	!	vew 1	OIK DO	mu necc	oru—Continued—Page 4 88	70
BONDS N Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Period	Friday Last Sale Price	-	or spuog plos High No.	Range Since Jan. 1 Low High	BROKERS IN BONDS	
Grays Point Term 1st gu 5s1947 Gt Cons El Pow (Japan) 7s1944	FA	91½ 85	*97 91 85	93 20 86 43	90 94 85 8614	FOR BANKS AND DEALERS	9
1st & gen s f 6 ½s	1 1		1141/2 1	115½ 9 119 8 114½ 27	114½ 116½ 116½ 119 114¼ 115¾	D. H. SILBERBERG & CO	
Great Northern 4¼s series A1961 General 5½s series B1952 General 5½ series C1973 General 4½s series D1976 General 4½s series E1977 General mtge 4s series G1946 Gen mtge 4s series H1946 •Green Bay & West deb ctfs A•	J J	108½ 106½ 123	108 105¾ 120¾ 1	$     \begin{array}{c ccc}       108 & 21 \\       106 & 92 \\       25 & 383     \end{array} $	108 109¾ 105¾ 108¾ 118¼ 125	Members New York Stock Exchange	•
Gen mtge 4s series H1946  Green Bay & West deb ctis A  Debentures ctis B	Feb Feb	10914	*621/2	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 111 & 191 \\ 75 & -\overline{143} \\ 14 & 143 \end{array}$	108 11 11/2	63 Wall St. NEW YORK Telephone Whitehall 4-2900 A. T. & T. Tele. N. Y. 1-150	98
*Debentures ctfs B	IA U	105¾ 102⅓	102	106¼ 17 1025 31	104 1/2 106 1/2 100 1025/8		="
Gulf & S I 1st ref & ter 5s Feb 1952 Stamped. Gulf States Steel s f 4½s	I T	99¼ 103¾	103%	99¼ 62 104 18 105¼ 43	90 90 98¾ 99¾ 103¼ 105¼ 104¼ 105½	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5  BONDS    Friday   Week   Range or   Sin   Friday   Range or   Sin   Friday   Range or   Sin   Friday   Frid	rce
Hocking Val 1st cons g 41/2s1999	j j		107 *24 123 1/8	107½ 23 124 5 90¼ 43	107 107 1/2	Lehigh Val (Pa) cons g 4s2003 M N 68½ 67¼ 70 102 66	H19 103 ½ 70 75 5
<ul> <li>Hoe (R) &amp; Co 1st mtge1944</li> <li>Housatonic Ry cons g 5s1937</li> <li>Houston &amp; Texas Cent 5s gu1937</li> <li>Houston Belt &amp; Term 1st 5s1937</li> </ul>	M N		86 *101¼	86 102 101 14	80 8634 10134 10234 10134 10176	General cons 58 2003 M N 82% 80 % 83 109 120 108	84 109
Houston Belt & Term 1st 5s1937 Houston Oli sink fund 5½s A1940 Hudson Coal 1st s f 5s ser A1962 Hudson Co Gas 1st g 5s1949 Hudson & Manhat 1st 5s ser A.1957	J D	55	12214	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 103 & 25 \\ 55 & 110 \\ 122 & 13 \\ \end{array} $	102 ¼ 103 ¼ 50 ¼ 57 ¾ 122 ¼ 124	Liggett & Myers Tobacco 78. 1944 A O 133½ 133½ 134¾ 16 133½ 55. 1951 F A 122½ 122½ 122½ 22 122½ 122½ 108	108
*Adjustment income 5s_Feb 1957	A O	341/2		84 ¾ 83 35 ¼ 73 108 ¼ 24	80 5 85 14 32 3 36 36 8 107 3 110	Lows Inc s f deb 3 ½s. 1962 M A 100 ¼ 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	101½ 79½ 106¾
Illinois Bell Telep 3½s ser B1970 Illinois *Central 1st gold 4s1951 1st gold 3½s1951 Eytended 1st gold 2½s1951	11	. A. II	107% *110 *105% *105%	10816 24	107% 110 1051/8 1073/4 1057/8 1071/4	Loews Inc s f deb 3½s.	108
18t gold 3½s			*0214	91 34 24 93 73	911/4 95 96	Lorllard (P) Co deb 7s 1944 A 0 131¼ 129¼ 132⅓ 32 129⅓ 5s 1951 F A 121¾ 121¾ 122 56 121¾	135
Purchased lines 31/4s 1952 Collateral trust gold 4s 1953 Refunding 5s 1955	MN	871/8	86 ¼ 86 100	88 ½ 22 88 75 102 20	86¼ 90¼ 84¼ 90 100 104¾	Louislana & Ark 1st 5s ser A _ 1969 J J 98½ 97¾ 98½ 126 97½ Louis & Jeff Bdge Co gu 4s 1945 M S 109% 110 110½ Louisville & Nashville 5s _ 1937 M N	100 } 112 } 101 }
40-year 43/sAug 1 1966 Cairo Bridge gold 4s1950 Litchfield Div 1st gold 3s1951	F A J D J	76	*107	761/2 106	73¾ 80 107 109 97¾ 97¾ 101¾ 102⅓	Unified gold 4s 1940 J J 107½ 107½ 107½ 33 107½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 105	111
Louisv Div & Term g 3½s1953 Omaha Div 1st gold 3s1951 St Louis Div & Term g 3s1951	F A	98	*101 ¾ *97 92 97 ¾	88 92 98 16	87 89¾ 90 92¾	18t & ref 48 series D2003 A O   103   101 / 2   103   103   104 / 2	98 1113 961
Gold 31/4s 1951 Springfield Div 1st g 31/4s 1951 Western Lines 1st g 4s 1951 Ill Cent and Chic St L & N O—	J J F A		*100 5/8		10034 10134	St. Louis Div 2d gold 38   1950   1951   105	115
Joint 1st ref 5s series A 1963 1st & ref 41/s series C 1963	JD	85	831/8	91 ¼ 103 85 % 57 107 ½ 5	85 91¾ 81¾ 87¼ 107⅓ 107⅓ 104½ 104½	*Lower Austria Hydro El 6 1/28 1944 F A 93% 97% 3 93 McCrory Stores Corp s f deb 5s 1951 M N 105 105 6 104	973/
Illinois Steel deb 4½s 1940 Ind Bloom & West 1st ext 4s 1940 Ind Ill & Iowa 1st g 4s 1950 \$\delta\$ Ind & Louisville 1st gu 4s 1950	1 1	371/2	104 ½ *106 ¾ 37 ¾	104½ 13	107 107 37 411/2	McKesson & Robbins deb 5½s 1950   M N   103½ 104   83   103½   Maine Central RR 4s ser A _ 1945   J D   104½   104½   104½   4   104½	105½ 84¾
Ind Union Ry 5s series B 1965 Ref & imp mtge 3½s ser B 1986 Inland Steel 3½s series D 1961 Interboro Rap Tran 1st 5s 1960	MS	10534	*103 105½	105 103¾ 106¼ 106¼ 96¼ 100	105 105¾ 103¾ 105⅓ 105⅓ 108	\$\text{\$\daggar}\$ \text{Manati Sugar 1st \$\sigma f 7\\daggar s.   1942 \text{A} \text{ O}  77\\daggar  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  77  78  78  77  78  78  77  78  78  77  78  78  77  78 \qu	
\$ Ocertificates of deposit 1932	A O	95	94½ 52	96 ¼ 100 95 ¼ 7 53 34 50 2	94½ 97 93¼ 95¼ 48½ 56 46 52½	*Second 4s 2013 J D 30 30 31 17 30 Manila Elec RR & Lt s f 5s 1953 M S *92½	53 333 823
*Certificates of deposit	M S	88¾	50 89 88½	89 ½ 23 89 16	89 91½ 88½ 91	1st ext 4s 1959 M N + 73 78 77 ‡*Man G B & N W 1st 3½s 1941 J J + 37 40	77 41
Interlake Iron 1st 5s B	MN	101	101 162 e	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		A I Namm & Son 1st 6s1943   D' *98	99 103
*Adjustment 6s ser A1952 *Adjustment 6s ser AJuly 1952 *1st 5s series B1956	A O	35 11½ 33½	34½ 11½ 32¾	35 39 11½ 70 33¼ 14 33¼ 4	34 1/8 38 11 13 1/4 32 3/4 36 3/4	Metrop Wat Sew & D 51/8 1950 A O 1031/2 1031/2 5 1031/8	109½ 104¾
• 1st g 5s series C	AU	86 78¼ 101¾	33 85¼ 76⅓ 101⅙	33 ½ 4 89 ½ 333 77 112 102 ½ 56	33 36¼ 79¾ 90 72 78 101 102¾	\$\frac{15\psi}{0}\$ Met West Side El (Chic) 4s.1938 F \ A \ 15\psi_2 \ 15 \ 15\psi_3 \ 12 \ 14 \ \ Mex Internat ist 4s asstd 1977 M \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Ref s f 6s series A1955 Int Rys Cent Amer 1st 5s B1972 1st coll trust 6% g notes1941	MN	99 %	9914 3	100 ¼ 48 95 102716 8	98¼ 101¾ 92¼ 95 102 103	Michigan Central Detroit & Bay City Air Line 48. 1940 J J *1043/4 1053/2 1043/4 Jack Lans & Sug 3 4/8 1951 M S *95	
1st lien & ref 6 ½s1947 Int Telep & Teleg deb g 4 ½s1952 Conv deb 4 ¼s	J	96 % 72 86 %	963/8 72 86	995% 16 74 89 8734 129	983/8 102 70 75 823/8 89	18t gold 3½s   1952   M N   110½   10½   110½   10½   10½   10½   10½   106½   106½   107½   7   106½   Mid of N J 1st ext 5s   1940   A O    88   89   2   88	903
Debenture 5s1955 †*Iowa Central Ry 1st & ref 4s_1951	M S	78	78 31/2	79¼ 172 3¾ 12	75 7914 3 414	Milw El Ry & Lt 1st 5s B1961   D   104½   104   104½   17   104   104½   15t Mtge 5s	
James Frank & Clear 1st 4s1959 Jones & Laughlin Steel 4½s A1961 Kan & M 1st gu g 4s1990	M S A O	100		100 ½ 43 105 25 -63 ¾ 28	99% 102½ 104¼ 106 108 108 61 66¼	1st ext 4½s	97 913 463 57
*\$*K C Ft S & M Ry ref g 4s_1936 *Certificates of deposit	A O	62 1/2 60 1/2 92 1/8 99 1/8	59¼ 92½ 98¼	61 16 93 46 991 49	59¼ 64 92½ 95 975 100	*Minn & St Louis 5s ctis 1934 M N 14 1334 14 12 1114 *Ist & refunding gold 4s 1949 M S 6 6½ 11 5 *Ref & ext 50-yr 5s ser A 1962 Q F 44 44 1 334	15 7
Ref & Impt 5sApr 1950 Kansas City Term 1st 4s1960 Kansas Gas & Electric 41/s1980 •Karstadt (Rudolph) 1st 6s1943	MN	106½ 103½	106 1/8 102 1/4 *40	107 26 103	106 109 4 102 103 103 16	M St P & SS M cong 4s int gu. 1938 J J 33 33 34 14 52 33 1st cons 5s 1938 J 30 14 28 14 28 14	37 J 32
*Ctfs w w stmp (par \$645)1943 *Ctfs w w stmp (par \$925)1943 *Ctfs with warr (par \$925)1943			*25 *29 25	26 36 25 29 6	29½ 30 25 25 96½ 99	1st cons 5s gu as to int 1938 J J 36¾ 35¾ 37 30 35¾ 1st & ref 6s series A 1946 J J 27 26⅓ 27 7 25 25-year 5⅓s 1949 M S 25 26⅓ 5 25 1st ref 5⅓s series B 1978 J J 94⅙ 94⅙ 95 8 93⅓	30 283
Keith (B F) Corp 1st 6s1946 Kendall Co 5½s1948 Kentucky Central gold 4s1987 Kentucky & Ind Term 4½s1961	JJ	102732		102 1/2 22	$\begin{array}{c} 102^{7}_{32} \ 103^{34} \\ 115^{34} \ 115^{34} \\ 100^{14} \ 101^{16} \end{array}$	1st Chicago Term s f 4s1941 M N *953/ 1 Mo-Ill RR 1st 5s series A1959 J J 541/5 511/5 55 29 48 Mo Kan & Tex ist gold 4s1990 J D 95 943/4 951/4 69 941/4	55 963
Stamped1961 Plain1961	1 1	104	*1091/8	104 2	104 10734	Mo-K-T RR pr llen 5s ser A _ 1962	88 75 79
4 1/28 unguaranteed 1961 Kings County El L & P 58 1937 Purchase money 68 1997 Kings County Elev 1st g 48 1949	FA	1071/2	102½ 161 107⅓	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 102 \frac{1}{2} & 2 \\ 161 & 3 \\ 107 \frac{1}{2} & 18 \end{array} $	108 108 ½ 102 ¼ 102 ½ 161 161 107 ½ 108 ¾	**Cum adjust 5s ser AJan 1967 A O 70 70 71 2 54 69 1	75 483 45
Kings Co Lighting 1st 5s1954 First and ref 6 1/5s1954 Kinney (G R) 5 1/5 sext to1941 Kresge Foundation coll tr 4s1945	1 D		114 119 *1011/2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	114 114 119 119¼ 100 100	◆General 4s       1975       M S       17¼       16⅓       18       296       15¾         ◆Ist & ref 5s series F <sup>®</sup> 1977       M S       45¼       44       46¾       457       42½         ◆Certificates of deposit       43       43       7       42½         *Ist & ref 5s series G       1978       M N       45¼       44½       46½       114       42¾	49
Kresge Foundation coll tr 4s_1945 †*Kreuger & Toll secured 5s Uniform ctfs of deposit1959 Laclede Gas Light ref & ext 5s_1939	1	45¼ 99¼	4414	109 ½ 25 45 ½ 87 100 ¼ 47	107% 111½ 44% 46½ 98% 101_	*Certificates of deposit	453
Coll & ref 5½s series C1953 Coll & ref 5½s series D1960 Coll tr 6s series A1942	FAFA	6914 6912 66	69	70 1/8 46 69 1/2 9 67 31	65 70 1/2 65 70 1/2 63 1/4 68 1/4	*Ist & ref 5s series I	463 491 47
Coll tr 6s series B1942 Lake Erie & West 2d g 5s1941 Lake Sh & Mich So g 3 ½s1997	F A J J J D	1051/2	*61 *106 105	70 105½ 46	68 70 106 106 104½ 109½	*Mo Pac 3d 7s ext at 4%, July 1938 M N	100 97 531
*Lautaro Nitrate Co Ltd 6s1954  *Certificates of deposit Lehigh C & Nav s f 41/48 A1954	) ]	39	381/8 39 105	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 40 & 20 \\ 39 \frac{1}{2} & 32 \\ 105 \frac{1}{2} & 24 \end{array} $	37 % 40 37 39 % 104 % 106 % 103 % 104 %	*Ref & impt 4½s     1977 M \$ 37     34½     38½     97      30½       *Secured 5% notes     1938 M \$ 37½     34     39½     145     31       Mohawk & Malone 1st gu g 4s. 1991 M \$      97½     97½     37     37	391
Cons sink fund 4½ ser C1954 Lehigh & New Eng RR 4s A1965 Lehigh & N Y 1st gu g 4s1945 Lehigh Val Coal 1st & ref s f 5s_1944	A O M S	100	*1041/2 1	104 105½ 94¼ 100 2	103¼ 104¾ 104½ 104¾ 92¾ 94¼ 99¾ 100½	Monongahela West Penn Pub Serv   1st mtge 4½ s1960 A 0   106½ 106½ 106¾ 47   106¼	111½ 108¾ 110⅓
1s & ref s f 5s 1954 1st & ref s f 5s 1954 1st & ref s f 5s 1964 1st & ref s f 5s 1974	FA	100 75 70 70		77 ½ 2 71 ½ 9 72 13	75 78 69¾ 77 70 75	Mont Cent lst guar 6s 1937 J 1027 <sub>12</sub> 1027 <sub>12</sub> 1027 <sub>12</sub> 1027 <sub>12</sub> 1st guar gold 6s 1937 J 10125 <sub>22</sub> 10125 <sub>32</sub> 2 10125 <sub>32</sub>	1023
Secured 6% gold notes1938 Leh Val Harbor Term gu 5s1954	J J	107	100 1	100 3 107 20	99¾ 100 105 107		t
For footnotes see page 901.							

900			Вс	nd Reco	ord—Continued—Page 5	5	ila iz		eb.	6, 1937
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Period	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid. & Askea	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
Montana Power 1st & ref 334s.1966 J D Montreal Tram 1st & ref 5s1941 J Gen & ref s f 5s series A1955 A		Low High 98% 99% 103% 103% *85% 86	No. 160 1	Low High 97½ 99¾ 103¾ 104½ 83 84	‡Northern Ohio Ry 1st guar 5s—  *April 1 1934 & sub coupons. 1945  *Oct 1935 and sub coupons 1945  *Stpd as to sale of April 1 '33 to			Low High *871/8 *81 82	No.	Low High 80 83
Gen & ref s f 5s series A 1955 A O Gen & ref s f 5s series B 1955 A O Gen & ref s f 4½ series C 1955 A O Gen & ref s f 5s series D 1955 A O Gen & ref s f 5s series D 1955 A O Morris & Essex 1st gu 3½s 2000 J D Constr M 5s series A 1955 M N	95¼ 102	*85¼ 86½ * 82½ *85¼ 94¾ 96¾ 101 102	85 54	84 84 9478 9714	April 1 1935 incl coupons_1945	~ 1	108¾ 80¼	*81½ 83 108% 109¼ 80 81 103½ 104½	89	81½ 81½ 108½ 112½ 80 82¾ 103½ 106
Gen & ref s f 5s series D 1955 A O Morris & Essex 1st gu 3½s 2000 J D Constr M 5s series A 1955 M N Constr M 4½s series B 1955 M N Mutual Fuel Gas 1st gu g 5s 1947 M N Mut Un Tel gtd 6s ext at 5% 1941 Namm (A I) & Son&See Mfrs Tr—		95¼ 97 117 117⅓ *110⅓	144 21	93 97	North Pacific prior field #8   1997     Gen lien ry & Id g 3s Jan.   2047     Ref & impt 4 ½s series A   2047     Ref & impt 6 series B   2047     Ref & impt 5 series C   2047     Ref & impt 5 series C   2047     Nor Ry of Calif guar g 5s   1938     Nor States Pow 5s ser A   1941     Lat & ref & ser B   1941     Lat & ref & ser B	J J J A O	111%		140 6 25	111 1/4 112 108
Nash Chatt & St L 4s ser A 1978 F A Nash Flo & S 1st gu g 5s 1937 F A Nassau Elec gu g 4s stpd 1951 J Nat Acme 4s extend to 1946 J Nat Dalry Prod deb 3 4s w w 1951 M N	97½ 61¼ 105¾	97¼ 98¾ *101¾ 60 62¾ *97¼ 105¼ 106¾	33 -41 -110	96 98% 101% 102% 59% 63 95 95 105% 107	Nor States Pow 5s ser A	A O A O M N	103	103 103¼ 103¼ 103¼ 105¼ 105¾ 107¼ 108 *106¼	46 13 25 14	103 103% 103% 103% 105% 105% 107% 108%
Nat Distiliers Prod deb 4½s1945 M N Nat Ry of Mex pr lien 4½s1957 •4½s Jan 1914 coup on1957 J •4½s July 1914 coup on1957 J •4½s July 1914 coup off1957 J	105%	*3½ *3½	30	105 1061	Og & L Cham 1st gu g 4s1948 Ohio Connecting Ry 1st 4s1943	J J M S		103 1041/8 271/8 31 *109	60	102 1 104 8 27 8 33 4 109 4 109 4
*448 July 1914 coup off1957 J  *Assent warr & rets No 4 on '57  *4s April 1914 coupon off1977 A  *4s April 1914 coupon off1977 A  *Assent warr & rets No 5 on '77		*2% 4% 5% *3% *2% 5½ 4% 5½	26  52	4% 6%	Ohio Edison 1st mtge 4s 1965 Ohio Indiana & West 5s _ Apr 1 1938 Ohio Public Service 7 1/28 A 1946 1st & ref 7s series B 1947 Ohio River RR gen g 5s 1937	Q J A O F A	112	105 106 *106¾ 107 111¾ 112 112 112¼ * 102	80 3 5	104 ½ 106 ½ 111 ¾ 112 112 112 ½
Nat RR of Mex prior Hen 4½s—  *Assert warr & rets No 4 on .1926 J  *4s April 1914 coupon on 1951 A  *4s April 1914 coupon off 1951 A		536 516 *316 *236 416 516	16  47	53% 734	Ontario Power N F 1st g 5s1943 Ontario Transmission 1st 5s1945 Oregon RR & Nav com g 4s1946 Ore Short Line 1st com g 5s1946	F A M N J D	113 1/8 112 5/8 120 3/4	113¾ 113¾ 113¾ 113⅓ 112⅓ 113 120 120	28 4 14 9	113¾ 115 113¾ 114 112½ 114 120 121⅓
*Assent warr & rets No 4 on '51 Nat'Steel 1st coll s 1 4s 1965 J D 1*Naugatuck RR 1st g 4s 1954 M N Newark Consol Gas cons 5s 1948 J D		106¼ 107 92 92 121½ 121½	78 1 6	4 6 106¼ 107¾ 77 93¼ 121½ 122½	Guar stpd cons 5s	1. 1. 1.		106% 107 *100 101% 102 102	42 21	122 123 106¼ 107¼ 102 102⅓ 101⅓ 102⅓
1*New England RR guar 5s. 1945 J J  *Consol guar 4s. 1945 J J  New England Tel & Tel 5s A. 1952 J D  1st g 4½s series B. 1961 M N  J Junction RR guar 1st 4s. 1986 F A	80 125 1231/8	80 82 74½ 74½ 123½ 126 123½ 1243% *103%	12 9 24 23	76 82 6814 7414 12314 12714	Pacific Coast Co 1st g 5s1946 Pacific Gas & El 4s serles G1964 1st & ref mtge 3½s ser H1961 Pac RR of Mo 1st ext g 4s1938 *2d extended gold 5s1938	J D D F A	108¼ 104⅓	78 78 107½ 108½ 103½ 105 100½ 100½ 101 101	108	76¼ 79¾ 107½ 111 103% 107½ 100½ 102¾ 100¼ 102¼
New Orl Great Nor 58 A	106 8434 10138 10134	106 107 95½ 96¼ 83 84¾ 100½ 101¾ 100¼ 101½	23 16 53 83 71	106 10714 9414 9714 81 8434 9914 10314	*2d extended gold 5s	A O J D J D J D	1041/8	103½ 104½ 104½ 104½ 54 56¼	2 85	100 % 102 % 103 % 103 % 104 % 004 % 57 %
First & ref 5s series B	9816	971/4 981/4 48 511/4 525/4 575/4 47 501/4	41 42 179 32	99 % 103 % 99 % 103 % 99 % 103 % 103 % 100 % 44 % 51 % 48 % 57 % 47 50 %	*Certificates of deposit		74½ 100¾	53½ 55½ 74½ 75 100¾ 100½ 101½ 102½	12 209	46¾ 57¾ .73¾ 75 100¾ 100¾ 100 103
18th No Tex & Mex n-c inc 5s. 1935   1935	53 57½ 54	52½ 52¾ 49½ 53¼ 54½ 359½ 52 54	15 22 106 17	4814 5234 4614 5314	Paris-Oricans RR ext 5½s. 1968  †*Park-Lexington 6½s ctfs. 1953  Parmelee Trans deb 6s. 1944  Pat & Passale G & E cons 5s. 1949  *Paulista Ry 1st ref s f 7s. 1942  Penn Co gu 3½s coll tr A. 1937  Guar 3½s coll trust ser B. 1941	JAOSS	49 76	46½ 50½ 75¾ 76½ 121½ 121½ 90 90 101½ 101½	40	39¼ 50½ 73¾ 77¼ 121½ 122¼ 85 90 101¼ 101¼
N & C Bdge gen guar 4½8 1945 J N Y Cent RR conv 68 1944 M N Consol 4s serles A 1998 F A 10-year 3½8 sec s f 1946 A		*110 2 106¾ 110½ 103 104 103¼ 103¾	1221 141 129 119	112 1/4 113 1/4 106 1/4 112 1/4 103 106 1/4 103 103 1/8	Guar 3 1/3 s cold trust ser B 1941 Guar 3 1/3 s trust ctfs C 1942 Guar 3 1/4 s trust ctfs D 1944 Guar 4 s ser E trust ctfs 1952 28-year 48 1963			*106 1 106 1 107 107 107 107 1 107 1 107 1 107 1 107 1 109 1 110	3	106 ¼ 106 ¾ 106 ¾ 107 106 ¾ 107 107 ¼ 107 ⅓ 109 ⅓ 110 104 ⅙ 106 ⅙
10-year 3 ½ s sec s f. 1946 A O Ref & Impt 4 ½ s series A 2013 A O Ref & Impt 5 series C 2013 A O N Y Cent & Hud River M 3 ½ s. 1997 J Debenture 4 s 1942 J Ref & Impt 4 \( 4 \) s ser A 2013 A	95	94½ 95½ 100 101½ 101¾ 103 107½ 108½ 94½ 95½	153 61 7 111	94 96¼ 100 103 101¾ 105 107¾ 108% 935% 96¼	28-year 4s	-0.3	J. 10. 11.	104% 105% 100% 101% 105% 105% 104% 105%	87 18 1 7	99 101 12 105 16 105 12 105 12 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
Debenture 48. — 1942 J Ref & Impt 41/5s ser A	104	97½ 98¾ 96 96½ 101 <sup>15</sup> 16 102 <sup>1</sup> 32 103½ 104½ 93½ 95½	47 29 34 87 462	96¾ 98¾ 96 97¼ 101¾ 102¼ 103 104¾ 92¼ 95½	Pennsylvania P & L 1st 41/4s 1981	AO	105 78	1051/2 106	1 121	109 109 18 105 1/2 106 1/4 111 1/2 112 1/8 114 1/2 116 1/8 114 1/2 116 1/4 101 1/4 103 1/4
Ref 4 ½s series C 1978 M S 3-year 6s Oct 1 1938 A O 4s collateral trust 1946 F A N Y Connect 1st gu 4 ½s A 1953 F A 1st guar 5s series B 1953 F A		99% 100% 104% 105% 108 108 *108%	84 1	98½ 100¾ 103¾ 105⅓ 107½ 109 109 109	Consol gold 4s. 1948 4s sterl stpd dollar May 1 1948 Gen mige 3¾s ser C. 1970 Consol sinking fund 4¾s. 1960 General 4¾s series A. 1965 General 5s series B. 1968	j D	1191/2	118% 120%	95 41	101 34 103 34 102 34 126 111 34 115 34 118 34 123 104 34 107
N Y Dock 1st gold 4s 1951 F A Serial 5% notes 1983 A O N Y Eddson 3½8 ser D 1965 A O 1st lien & ref 3½8 ser E 1966 A O N Y & Eric—See Erie RR	69¼ 67⅓ 103¼ 103⅓	68½ 70% 67 69% 103½ 103% 103 103%	82 96	67½ 72½ 63% 72 103 105½ 103 105%	Debenture g 4 ½s	A O J J A O	109¼	104½ 105½ 108¾ 109¾ 108 109% *121¼ 115¼ 115¼	142 45 	104½ 107 108 111½ 108 111½ 121½ 121½ 115½ 117½
NY Gas El Lt H & Pow g 551948 J D Purchase money gold 4s1949 F A NY Greenwood L gu g 581946 M N	1151/4	123½ 124½ 115 115½ 101½ 101½ *107	17 10 7	123½ 125½ 115 117½ 100% 101% 106¾ 106¾ 102½ 105½	Refunding gold 5s 1947 Peorla & Eastern 1st cons 4s 1940  •Income 4s April 1990 Peorla & Pekin Un 1st 5½s 1974 Pere Marquette 1st ser A 5s 1956	Apr F A J J	19%	97½ 98 18¾ 19½ *112½ 113½ 105½ 105½ 98 99	26 59  24 16	97½ 99 17½ 20¾ 113 113 104¾ 106
N Y & Harlem gold 3 1/5 2000 M N N Y Lack & West 4s ser A 1973 M N 4 1/5s series B 1973 M N N Y L E & W Coal & RR 5 1/5s 1942 M N N Y L E & W Dock & Impt 5s 1943 J	109	103 104½ 108 109 *102 *106½	31	106 ½ 106 ½ 102 ½ 105 ½ 108 109 ½ 106 ½ 106 ½	1st 4s series B 1956 1st g 4⅓s series C 1980 Phila Balt & Wash 1st g 4s 1943 General 5s series B 1974 General g 4⅓s series C 1977	F A J J	102½ 118¼	102% 103 113¼ 113¼ *128¼ 130¼ 118¼ 119	43 5 5	98 101 102 103¾ 113¼ 113⅓ 128 129 118¼ 119
N Y & Long Branch gen 4s1941 M S  † N Y & N Eng (Bost Term) 4s 1939 A O  † N Y N H & H n-c deb 4s1947 M S  Non-conv debenture 3½s1947 M S  Non-conv debenture 3½s1954 A O		*96 *35 43 37% 39 37¼ 38¼	12 20	39 42¼ 35½ 39¾ 36 39¾	General 4½s series D	J D J D M N F A	106¼ 105⅓ 102⅓ 46¾	* 116% 105% 106% 105% 105% 102% 102% 46 50%	114 8 28	116 117 105 1/4 106 1/4 105 1/4 105 1/4 102 5/4 103 1/4
Non-conv debenture 4s1955J J     Non-conv debenture 4s1956 M N     Conv debenture 3½s1956 J J     Conv debenture 6s1948 J J	4914	40 40 40 41 41 38 38 49 50	12 10 14 106 29	40 46 40 43½ 36 39¼ 46½ 50½	Conv deb 6s 1949 Phillippine Ry 1st s f 4s 1937 Plilsbury Flour Mills 20-yr 6s 1943 Phrelii Co (Italy) conv 7s 1952	M S J J A O	23 25	23 26 % 23 % 26 106 % 106 % *90 % 99	197 57	44 1/8 50 1/8 22 1/4 26 5/8 18 1/8 28 106 107 85 1/4 98
•Collateral trust 6s 1940 A O •Debenture 4s 1957 M N •1st & ref 4½s ser of 1927 1967 J D •Harlem R & Pt Ches 1st 4s 1954 M N	27 46¾	25½ 27 46½ 47% 98½ 99%	82 142 16	61¾ 65 25⅓ 28⅓ 45⅓ 48¼ 95 99⅓	Pitts C C & St L 4½s A	A O		111½ 111½ 112½ 121½ *109	4	1113/4 1111/4 1123/8 1133/4 1133/4 1133/4 1133/4 1133/4
N Y O & W ref g 4s June 1992 M S General 4s 1955 J D \$\dagge\$ N Y Providence & Boston 4s 1942 A O N Y & Putnam 1st con gu 4s 1993 A O N Y Queens El Lt & Pow 3\forall s 1965 M N	41½ 37	39½ 43½ 36½ 38½ *102 103 94 94¾ 107 107½	190 46  27 64	39½ 46¾ 36⅓ 42¾ 93¼ 95 107 109⅓	Series D 4s guar	F A M N F A		*108 112¼ *112 *113¼ 114½ 114½ *120	10	111% 112% 114% 114% 114% 114%
Prior lien 6s series A stamped 1958 J J N Y & Richm Cas 1st 6s A 1951 M N	65 % 105 ¾	65 67¼ 105¾ 105⅓ 106¾ 107 107 108	106 12 2 21	57% 67% 105 105% 106% 107 106% 108	Series J cons guar 4½s 1964 General M 5s series A 1970 General mtge 5s series B 1975 General 4½s series C 1977	M N A O J J	121	120 % 121 120 % 121 % 106 % 107 %	21 17 10	125 ¼ 125 ¼ 122 124 ⅓ 120¾ 124 120¾ 123 ⅓ 106¼ 107 ⅙
N Y Steam 6s series A 1947 M N 1st mortgage 5s 1951 M N 1st mortgage 5s 1956 M N \$ N Y Susq & West 1st ref 5s 1937 J 2d gold 4½s 1937 F A General gold 5s 1940 F	106%	106 107 107 107 *83 86 *60 64 1/8	6 6	106¾ 107¾ 106 107¼ 82 92¼ 87 91 68¾ 69¾	Pitts Va & Char 1st 4s guar1943 Pitts & W Va 1st 41/4s ser A1958 1st M 41/4s series B1958 1st M 41/4s series C1960	JD	96½ 96 96%	*108 95½ 96½ 96 96 96 97	14 14 67	112½ 113 94 96½ 93¾ 96 92½ 97
Terminal 1st gold 5s	1081/2	106 106 108¼ 108½ 90½ 93 95 96 17 17%	5 26 11 5 80	106 106¼ 108¼ 109¼ 90 94¼ 91¼ 98	Pitts Y & Ash 1st 4s ser A	FA		*1121/4 1241/4 1241/4 *123 *115	5 	1241 1241
1*N Y Westch & Bost 1st 4 1/3. 1946] J Niagara Falls Power 3 1/5 1966 M S Niag Lock & O Pow 1st 5s A 1955 A O Niagara Share (Mo) deb 5/48 1950 M Nord Ry ext sink fund 6 1/5 1950 A	106 % 107 % 103 % 104 ½	106% 107% 107% 107% 103% 104 104% 105	19 5 23 14	16 ½ 20 106 ½ 109 ½ 106 ¾ 107 ¾ 103 104 102 ½ 106	1st mtge 6s series B	F A M S J J J J	721/4	72¼ 74 108¾ 108⅓ 87 87¾	25	72½ 75½ 106 108½ 80½ 88½
\$\text{\$\text{VNOTIOR}\$ South 1st & ref 5s_ 1961 \mathbb{F} A \\ \text{\$\text{Certificates of deposit}} \\ \text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{VNOTIOR}\$}} & South 1st g 5s_ 1941 \mathbb{M} N \\ \$\text{\$\tex{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$	29¾ 28½ 119½ 105⅓	29 31¼ 28 29¾ 80 80½ 118¾ 120 105 105½	169 88 14 61 37	23½ 32½ 23 31 69 80½ 118¾ 122 105 106⅓	†*Postal Teleg & Cable coll 5s 1953 Potomac Elec Pow 1st M 3¼s 1966 Pressed Steel Car deb 5s1951 †*Providence See guar deb 4s1957 †*Providence Term 1st 4s1956	NUNI	40¾ 104¾ 99½	40% 43¼ 104% 105¼	263 14 78	40 4514 10458 106 9638 100 20 2138 8514 8914
No Am Edison deb 5s ser A1957 M S Deb 5½s series BAug 15 1963 F A Deb 5s series CNov 15 1969 M N North Cent gen & ref 5s1974 M S	104½ 104¾ 106¼	103 104½ 104 104¾ 106 106⅓ *124¼ 128	30 8 39	103 105% 103 105% 103% 106% 105 106%	Pure Oil Co s 1 4 1/4 s w w 1950 4 1/4 s without warrants 1950 Purity Bakerles s f deb 5 s 1948 † Radio-Keith-Orph pt pd ctfs	1 1 1 1	128 1043/8 1001/4	12714 1311/8	123	120 131% 104¼ 105 99 100¼
Gen & ref 4 ⅓s series A1974 M S		*118 12134			for deb 6s & com stk (65% pd) §*Debenture gold 6s1941	l D	1191/2	119% 120%	15	116 125
For footnotes see page 901										

Volume ,144	7.51	N	ew	York	R0	nd Reco
BONDS 1 N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Period	Friday Last Sale Price	Ran Frid Bid &		Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
Reading Co Jersey Cent coll 4s.1951 Gen & ref 4½6 series A	1 1	107%	Low 102 ½ 106 % 106 112 ½	High 103 ¾ 107 ¾ 107 ¼ 115 ¼	No. 73 35 52 113	Low High 1021/2 1043/2 1063/2 1083/2 106 108 1091/2 1151/4 127 1601/4
Gen mige 4/ss series B.—1961  Gen mige 4/ss series B.—1961  Purch money 1st M conv 5/se's  Gen mige 4/ss series C.—1956  Revere Cop & Br 1st mige 4/ss.1956  *Rheinelbe Union s f 7s.——1944  *Rhine-Ruhr Water series 6s.—1955	M N M N J J	99%	146 9814 10814 9814 105 2514	27	649 101 151 172 8 3	97¾ 100 108 111½ 98 100 104¾ 106 25¾ 27
*Rhine-Westphalia El Pr 7s 1956 *Phine-Westphalia El Pr 7s 1956 *Direct mtge 6s 1952 *Cons mtge 6s of 1928 1955 *Cons mtge 6s of 1930 1956 *Cons mtge 6s of 1930 1956 *Chiffield Oil of Calif 6s 1944 *C. "tificates of deposit	IM N	63	*18 *24 1/6 23 5/6 23 21 1/6 61 1/4	23 1/8	3 5 5 128 325	18 23 22 24 20 24½ 20 24½ 20 24½ 58½ 66 52½ 66
Richm Term Ry 1st gen 5s1952  *Rima Steel 1st s f 7s1955  *Rio Grande June 1st gu 5s1938  *Rio Grande West 1st gold 4s.1938  b. *Ist con & coll trust 4s A1948  Rooh G & E 445s serles D. 1977	FA	49	*103 ½ 56 ½ 91 81 49 *119	56½ 91 81½ 50 120	1 1 11 26	10314 10314 5614 5614 91 9114 81 84 4814 5234
*Rio Grande West 1st gold 4s. 1938  **Rio Grande West 1st gold 4s. 1938  **List con & coll trust 4s A 1948  Roch G & E 44/s series D 1977  k. Gen mtge 5s series E 1962  \$1*R I Ark & Louis 1st 41/s. 1934  *Ruth Chemical s f 6s 1944  *Rut-Canadian 1st gu g 4s 1944  *Rutland RR 1st con 41/s 1941  Saguenay Power Ltd 1st m 41/s1966	J	10814 2216 3214	1081/4 211/4 *	108½ 22¾ 25 28½ 34 104¼	2 49 2 74 23	108½ 109½ 19½ 24 22½ 22½ 28 32½ 30 34½ 103½ 104½
St. Joe & Grand Island Ist 48, 1947 St. Jos Ry Lt Ht & Pr 1st 5s. 1947 St. Jawr & Adir 1st g 5s. 1996 2d gold 6s. 1996 St. Louis Iron Mt & Southern—			112 101¾ *100 *100¾ 86% *85¼	112 101 1/6 103 103	2 3  89	112 112 ½ 100 ½ 1012932 103 103 ½ 102 102  84 88
*St L Peor & N W 1st gu 5s1948 St L Rocky Mt & P 5s stpd1955  *St L-San Fran pr lien 4s A1956  *Certificates of deposit  *Prior lien 5s series B1950  *Certificates of deposit	î 1	43 ¾ 33 ¼ 30 ¼ 33	43 ¾ 83 ¼ 32 ¾ 30 ⅙ 32	90 44 84¾ 33¾ 30¾ 33	16 1 91 44 35	83¼ 87¾ 42¾ 48 82 85 32¼ 36¼ 29¼ 33¼ 31¼ 35¾
*Con M 4½s series A1978  *Ctfs of deposit stamped1989  \$t L SW 1st 4s bond ctfs1989  *2d g 4s inc bond ctfsNov 1989  *1st terminal & unifying 5s1955	M S M N J J	29¾ 29¼ 26¾ 69¾ 62	29¾ 29 26¼ 96¾ 69 58¼	30 ¼ 30 ¾ 27 ¼ 99 70 62	102 122 20 35 10	29% 33½ 28% 32 26% 29% 96 100 68 70% 58% 64%
*Gen & ref g 5s series A 1990 St Paul & Duluth 1st con g 4s. 1968  1*St Paul & Gr Trk 1st 4/4s 1947  1*St Paul & K C Sh L gu 4/4s.1941  StPaul Minn & Man 5s 1942  Mont ext 1st gold 4s 193  †Pacific ext gu 4s (large) 1944  St Paul Un Dep 5s guar 1972	J J J J J J J	23%	48 % *108 % *29 ½ 23 % 103 1013 32 * 122	25 % 103 1/8	122  10 31 1	48% 54 108 109 14 31 14 34 23 26 14 103 103 34 1013 101 14 106 14 106 14 121 124
### Tracine ext gu 4s (large) 1944  \$t Paul Un Dep 5s guar 1972  \$ A & Ar Pass 1st gu g 4s 1943  \$an Antonio Pub Serv 1st 6s 1952  \$an Diego Consol G & E 4s 1965  \$anta Fe Pres & Phen 1st 5s 1942  *Schulco Co guar 6 1/2s 1946  *Stamped 1946  *Stamped 1946  \$t Seaboard Air Line 1st g 4s 1956  \$ 4 Gold 4s stamped 1958  \$ 4 Seaboard Air Line 1st g 4s 1956  \$ 4 Gold 4s stamped 1958	J J M N M S J J	109	102 112 108 1/4 114 3/4 40 1/8 39 3/4	102 1/8 112 1/4 109 1/4 114 1/4 40 1/4	165 17 27 5 3	102 103 111 ¼ 112 ⅓ 108 ⅓ 110 ¾ 114 ¾ 115 39¾ 41 ¾ 39¾ 42 ⅓
Adjustment 5s Oct 1940	M N A O A O F A	31 91/4	44 41 120 32½ 29½ 9% 16%	10 17%	123	2914 3414 918 1236 1514 1836
\$ Refunding 4s 1959	M S A O F A	35½ 11¾	16 18½ 17½ 35½ 11½ *11	16¼ 20 19¾ 35¾ 12¼ 11⅓	29 183 37 9 51	15 17% 18¼ 21% 17¼ 20¾ 35¼ 38¼ 11¼ 14¼ 12¼ 14¼
Sharon Steel conv deb 4½s	M S J D J S F A	100	112 100 82 *981/8 54 *211/8	113 % 100 ¾ 84 54 23 71 %	7 111 7 	112 1135% 995% 102 81 8434 100 100 5034 5734 21 22 68 7138
1951   Socony-Vacuum Oil 3   1950   Socony-Vacuum Oil 3   1950   South & North Ala RR gu 5s. 1963   South Bell Tel & Tel 1st s f 5s. 1941   Southern Colo Power 6s A	A O A O J J	105½ 105½ 107¾ 106	100 ¾ 105 126 107 ¼ 106	102 106 130 107¾ 106%	66 31 4 31 15	100¾ 102¾ 105 107⅓ 126 130 107¼ 108 105⅓ 106¾
1st mtge pipe line 4½s 1951 So Pac coil 4s (Cent Pac coil) 1944 1st 4½s (Oregon Lines) A 1977 Gold 4½s 1988 Gold 4½s 1988 Gold 4½s 1988 10-year secured 3½s 1981 San Fran Term 1st 4s 1956	MN	96¼ 95½ 95¾	98¼ 100 95⅓ 95⅓ 95⅓ 95⅓ 101 107	99 100 ¼ 96 ½ 96 ¼ 96 ¼ 102 107 %	54 133 125 137 154 182 57	100½ 101½ 98½ 99½ 99¼ 100½ 94¾ 98 94¾ 97¾ 100¾ 97¾ 100¾ 102½ 100¼ 109½
So Pac of Cal 1st con gu g 5s_1937 So Pac Coast 1st gu g 4s1957 So Pac RR 1st ref guar 4s1955 1st 4s stamped1955 Southern Ry 1st cons g 5s1994	M N J J J	106	*102¾ 105¾ *111¼	106 7/8 105 1/2 112	157 151	103¼ 103¼ 105¾ 108¾
Devel & gen 68 1956  Devel & gen 6 1956  Devel & gen 6 1/2 1956  Mem Div 1st g 5s 1998  St Louis Div 1st g 4s 1951  East Tenn reor lien g 5s 1938	A O J J J M S		80 % 101 ¼ 104 ¾ 103 ¼ 100 ¼ 104 ¼ 94	84 103 % 107 105 100 % 104 ½ 95 ½	311 158 119 15 17 1 88	110½ 112½ 7856 84 98½ 10356 101½ 107 102 105 98¾ 103 104½ 105
Mobile & Ohio coil tr 4s. 1938 S'western Bell Tel 3 1/3 ser B. 1964 S'western Gas & Elec 4s ser D. 1960 1*Spokane Internat 1st g 5s. 1945 Staley (A E) Mfg 1st M 4s. 1946 Standard Oil N J deb 3s. 1961 Staten Island Ry 1st 4 1/4s. 1943	FA	107% 104 1/2 35 1/4	107¾ 103¾ 35 106 100	108 % 104 % 35 % 106 100 ½	42 44 39 10 136	92 95½ 107¾ 109⅓ 103 106¼ 33 37 106 106⅓ 100 102
Staten Island Ry 1st 4\( \frac{1}{2} \)s.   \text{195}   \text{25ttdebaker Corp conv deb 6s. 1945}   \text{8wift & Co 1st M 3\( \frac{1}{2} \)s.    \text{1950}   \text{8winngton-Gould conv inc ww1956}   \text{Without warrants}    \text{1961}  \text{Tenn Cent 1st 6s A or B}    \text{1961}  \text{Tenn Coal Iron & RR gen 5s. 1951}  \text{1961}   \text{1961}   \text{1961}   \text{1961}  \	M S A A O J	1051116	130 1/4 105 1/4 191 139 105 1/16 123	137½ 106¾ 192 141 105¾ 123	173 76 12 32 21 2	112½ 137½ 105¾ 107¼ 157 195 121 143 104¼ 105¾ 123 126
Tenn Cop & Chem deb 68 B 1944 Tennessee Corp deb 68 ser C 1944 Tenn Elec Pow 1st 68 ser A 1947 Tenn Elec Pow 1st 68 ser A 1947	MSD	104¾ -100 -116¾ -107¾	99¼ 108 116% 109% 107%	104¾ 100½ 108 116¾ 109¾ 108	29 	99¼ 104 108 109¼ 116½ 118¼ 109½ 111¼ 107¼ 108½ 102½ 105½
Herm Assi of St L 18t g 4/8   1939		104	103 % 110 124 ½ 105 ¾ 106	104 ½ 110 125 105 ¾ 106 ¾ 107 ½	77 3 8 2 21 11	106 ½ 110 124½ 128¾ 105 ½ 106 106 108 107¼ 108 ⅙

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The same of the same of	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Feb. 5	Interest Pertod	Friday Last Sale Price	Rang	e or lay's	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Third Ave Ry 1st ref 4s	J J	73 44	Low 72 4114 10114	High 73% 46% 101%	No. 120 185 7	Low High 67% 73% 38% 46% 101 101%
	1st 6s dollar series 1953 Tol & Ohio Cent ref & imp 3 1/4 s 1960 Tol St L & W 1st 4s 1950 Tol W V & Ohio 4s ser C 1942	J D	77¾ 107	75 1/8 105 1/4 102	781/8 107 102	60 51 2	73 781/6 1051/4 1081/4 1011/6 103
	Trenton G & El 1st g 5s1940 Tri-Cont Corp 5s conv deb A 1953	MS	119	*108¼ *105¾ *120 119	124 119	 i	107 107 18 119 121 18
	•Tyrol Hydro-Elec Pow 7½8_1955 •Guar sec s f 781952	M N F A		1021/2 951/2 *88	103 9514 9478	5 1	101½ 103 90 95½ 90% 95
	Ujigawa Elec Power s f 7s 1945 Union Elec Lt & Pr (Mo) 5s 1957 Un E L & P (III) 1st g 5½s A 1954 \$\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}}\$Union Elev Ry (Chic) 5s 1945 Union Oli of Calif 6s series A 1942 12veer 4s conv	M S A O J J A O	1061/8	86½ 106 106¼ *23	871/2 1061/8 1061/4 24	34 5 2	85¾ 90¼ 105¼ 106¼ 105¾ 106¾ 20 23
	Union Pac RR 1st & ld gr 4s_1945	FAMN	120	120 102¾ 114¾	$121 \\ 111\% \\ 114\%$	27 885 94	120 121 1/8 102 1/4 111 1/8 114 1/4 116 1/4
	1st lien & ref 4s June 2008 1st lien & ref 5s June 2008 34-year 3 1/4s deb 1970 35-year 3 1/4s debenture 1971	IIAE S	108% 111½ 99½	108¼ 111¼ 99¼	109 112 100	37 8 68	108 109 % 111 % 114 % 99 101 %
	35-year 3/58 debenture	M S M S	1021/2	99¼ *107⅓ 102¼ 114	99¾ 107¾ 103 114	121 58 3	99¼ 101½ 107½ 107¾ 102 103½ 114 114½
	\$t*United Rys St L 1st g 4s1934 U S Pipe & Fdy conv deb 3 1/s 1946 U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s ser A_1947	- 0	167 106%	35 1601/4	35½ 167 107	20 59	35 36 36 36 148 167 106 34 107
	*Un Steel Works Corp 6 1/2 s A_1951  *Sec s f 6 1/2 s series C1951  *Sink fund deb 6 1/3 ser A1947	1 0		23 1/8 *22 *22	231/8	1  39	22 28¼ 22 23 1035 105
	Utah Lt & Trac 1st & ref 5s 1944 Utah Power & Light 1st 5s 1944 t*Util Power & Light 5½s 1947 *Debenture 5s 1959	J D	105%	103 1 105 1 63 61 34	104¾ 105¾ 67¾ 64¾	116 152 141	105% 106% 60 69 58 67%
	Vanadium Corp of Am conv 5s. 1941 Vandalia cons g 4s series A	MN	7.7.	102 *113¼ *113½	1035%	31	98¼ 105 113¼ 113¼
	6.July coupon off	J		4½ *2½ 31¼	331/2	63 24	31% 41% 107% 109%
	♦ Vertientes Sugar 7s etfs		101	108½ 66¼ 101 105%	108¾ 67 101¾ 106¾	20 132	107½ 109¾ 65¼ 67 100 101½ 104¾ 107¼
	tWabash RR 1st gold 5s 1939	M N	102%	102%	103½ 97	62 5	102 % 103 % 96 % 98 %
	*2d gold 5s 1939  1st lien g term 4s 1954  Det & Chic Ext 1st 5s 1941  Des Moines Div 1st g 4s 1938	7 7		*82½ 106¾ 78½ 69	85 1061/6 781/2 69	1 6 1	85 86 1021/4 1061/4 781/4 781/4 69 711/4
	Des Moines Div 1st g 4s1938 Omaha Div 1st g 3½s1941 Toledo & Chic Div g 4s1941 †*Wabash Ry ref & gen 5½s A. 1975 *Certificates of deposit.	M S M S		99% 39½ *	99 % 40 ½ 39 ¾	23	97¾ 99¾ 39¾ 42¼ 38 39¾
	*Ref & gen 5s series B1976 *Certificates of deposit *Ref & gen 4½s series C1978	F A	39 38	39 *34 38	40 41 39	28 75	37½ 42 37½ 39¾ 37¼ 41
	**Wabash Ky ref & gen 5 ½s A. 1975	A O	39½ 107½	*35¼ 39¼ *34 107¼	40 3/8 37 109	26 89	35 39 38 41% 37 37% 106% 109
	Warner Bros Pict deb 6s1939	M S	991/2	973/4	88 98 100	98 4 85	99 1001
	towarner-Quinlan Co deb 6s_1939 towarner Bros Co deb 6s_1941 Deposit receipts Warren RR 1st ref gu g 3½s_2000	M S	52 3/8	52 ¼ 65 ¼ 65 ¼ *77 ½	55¼ 71¾ 71 81	166 96 101	50¼ 55¾ 65¼ 76 65½ 76¾
	Washington Cent 1st gold 4s_1948 Wash Term 1st gu 3 ks 1945	Q M		*102 1/2	11034	<u>ā</u>	110% 110%
	1st 40-year guar 4s	IN S	119	1081/8 *124 119	108 126 120 14 120 14	25 27	1081/8 1081/4 1261/4 1271/8 119 1231/4
	1st mtge 3 1/2s series I	A O		107% 107% 104% 106%	107¼ 107% 105½ 106½	14 117 43	106% 108% 107% 109% 107% 106% 104% 106% 105% 107%
-	West N Y & Pa gen gold 4s 1943 ‡ Western Pac 1st 5s ser A 1946	M S	37 35½	109 1/8 36 35 1/2	111 37½ 36¾	8 41 57	109% 111% 36 40% 35% 39% 103% 104%
	Western Union coll trust 5s1938 Funding & real est g 41/s1950	MN	1061/4	103 1/8 108 106	103 % 109 106 %	12 9 28 60	1071/3 1111/8
	30-year 5s 1960  *Westphalla Un El Power 6s 1953  West Shore 1st 4s guar 2361  Registered 2361  Wheeling & LE Ry 4s ser D 1966	M S	108 21 1/4 99 3/4 96	107½ 21 99½ 95	108¼ 21¼ 100 96	8 62 17	107½ 109½ 20½ 23 97¼ 100¾ 94½ 96
	Wheeling & L E Ry 4s ser D1966 RR 1st consol 4s1949 Wheeling Steel 41/2s series A1966	INT 2	102	*106 *1123/8 102	113¼ 102½	114	106 % 106 % 112 % 113 101 103 %
-	White Sew Mach deb 6s1940 \$	M N		104 38%	104 39	7 32	103 1/2 104 1/2 34 1/2 39 1/8
	Cts for col & ref conv 7s A_1935 Wilkes-Barre & East gu 5s1942 Wilmar & Sloux Falls 5s1938	i D	38¾	38 53½ *104¾	39 ¼ 54 ½ 105 ¼	92 10	35 39 1/2 53 1/2 62
	Wilson & Co 1st M 4s series A_1955 Winston-Salem S B 1st 4s1960 ‡•Wis Cent 50-yr 1st gen 4s1949	1 1	102 5/8	102 1/2 112 1/2 30 1/8	103¼ 112½ 31¼	51 2 32 11	102¼ 103¾ 112¼ 115 30¼ 35¼ 29 32¾
	*Certificates of deposit \$*Sup & Dul div & term 1st 4s '36 *Certificates of deposit \$*Wor & Conn East 1st 4½s1943		25¼ 25¼	29 22 23 *15¼	30 25¼ 23 29¼	55 7	29 32 % 22 25 % 23 24
	Youngstown Sheet & Tube— Conv deb 3½s1951 1st mtge s f 4s ser C1961	A	132 ¼ 104 ¼	131 104	136½ 105	243 122	123% 136% 104 105
		1.1	4,5	100	Ly.		

 $\epsilon$  Cash sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

6 Cash sates transacted during the current week and not included in the years range:

Internat. Cement 4s 1945, Jan. 3 at 46.

7 Cash sale; only transaction during current week. a Deferred delivery sale; only transaction during current week. n Under-the-rule sale; only transaction during current week. z Ex-interest. § Negotiability impaired by maturity. † Accrued interest payable at exchange rate of \$4.8484.

‡ Companies reported as being in bankruptcy, receivership, or reorganized under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies.

\* Friday's bid and asked price. No sales transacted during current week.

\* Bonds selling flat.

z Deferred delivery sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

Czechoslovak (Rep.) 8s 1951, Feb. 5 at 104%.

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for the week beginning on Saturday last (Jan. 30, 1937) and ending the present Friday (Feb. 5, 1937). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Exchange itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bond, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered:

The Process	wind wif accordings	Friday	1	Sales	1		37	STOCKS	Friday Last	Week's Range	Sales	Range Since	Jan. ·1 1937
Assentations of the control of the c	Pas	Sale Price	of Prices	Week			_	(Continued) Par	Sale Price	of Prices Low High	Week Shares	Low	High
Bridgeport Gas Light Co_* 34¼ Jan 36¼ Jan Continental Secur Corp_5 20½ 21½ Jan 12½ Jan 12½ Jan 21½ J	Acme Wire v t c com. 24 Adams Millis 7% 1st p1 (10 Aero Supply Mfg class A. Class B. Class B. Class B. Class B. Agfa Anseo Corp com. Alnsworth Mfg common. Air Investors common. Conv preferred Afra Power \$7 pref. \$6 preferred Ala Power \$7 pref. \$6 preferred Allen Industries com Allae & Fisher Inc com Allae Allen Industries com Allea Internat Investoment Common \$3 conv pref. Allied Products cl A com 2 Aluminum Co common \$3 conv pref. Allied Products cl A com 2 Aluminum Goods Mfg. Aluminum Goods Mfg. Aluminum Goods Mfg. Aluminum Industries com Aluminum Ltd common. 6% preferred 100 American Alriines Inc 14 American Beverage com. American Book Co 100 Amer Box Box Go com. American Box Go 100 Common class B 100 Class A common 100 Common class B 100 S3 preferred. \$5.50 prior pref American Box Go 101 Class A with warrants 21 Class B 11 American General Corp. 100 S2 preferred 22 preferred 24 preferred 24 preferred 25 preferred 26 preferred 26 preferred 26 preferred 26 preferred 26 preferred 27 preferred 28 preferred 28 preferred 28 preferred 28 preferred 28 preferred 29 preferred 20 preferred	Last   Sale   Sale		for   Week   Shares   1,675   1,675   1,675   1,675   1,675   1,675   1,700   1,200	101/2   Jan   101/2   Jan   121/2   Jan	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Jan	Bridgeport Machine	Last Sate Price 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934	Low   High	for   Week   Shares   3,000   26,100   17,400   3,75	Low	21¾ Jan 31¼ Feb 14½ Feb 17% Feb 10½ Jan 30 Jan 25½ Feb 25½ Feb 25½ Feb 12½ Jan 31½ Feb 10½ Jan 31½ Feb 11½ Jan 31½ Feb 31¼ Jan
For footnotes see page 907.	For ioothotes see page	907.					1						

904	Friday		Sales	ī			-	inge-Continued-	Friday	1	Sales	i			
STOCKS (Continued)	Last Sale	Week's Rang of Prices Low High	e for Week	Lo	w	Jan. 1	n .	STOCKS (Continued)	Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices Low High	for Week	Range		Jan. 1	
Loblaw Groceterlas A Lockheed Chain	171/4 111/8 13 51/4 13 41 41/4 41/4 95/8 75 13/4 14/4 14/4 14/4 14/4 14/4 14/4 14/4	17½ 18½ 11½ 12½ 13 13% 13½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15	10,300 10,300 10,300 10,300 10,300 10,300 10,300 10,300 10,570 600 1,000 2,500 1,000 27,900 475 3,200 10,400 27,900 40,000 20,500 10,000 21,300 10,000 21,400 20,500 10,000 21,400 20,500 10,000 21,400 20,500 10,000 21,400 21,500 20,500 10,000 21,400 21,500	23 1 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Jan	23 182 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Jan	Nor Amer Lt & Pow— Common— 1 \$ 8 preferred — 1 * Nor ha Mer Rayon ol A * 6% Prior preferred — 50 No Am Utility Securities.* Nor Cent Texas Oll — 5 Nor European Oll com — 1 Nor Ind Pub Set 6% pf. 100 7% preferred — 100 Nor NY Util 7% 1st pf 100 Nor NY Util 7% 1st pf 100 Nor Texas Elec 6% pref 100 Onlo Pass Co ol B com * Ollo Elison 36 pref — 100 Onlo Pass Co ol B com * Ollo Elison 36 pref — 100 Onlo Power 6% pref — 100 Ollo Set 100 Ollo Set 100 Ollo Power 6% pref — 100 Ollo Set 100 Ollo Power 6% pref — 100 Pactific Power 100 Pactific Powe	55% 6534 42% 41% 3814 382% 47% 514 103 524 404 6614 754 428% 814 1634 1634 1634 1634 1634 1634 1634 16	534 6 65 884 424 434 41 42 414 44 44 44 44 44 45 54 55 45 55 5	5,000 1,050 4,300 1,900 28,700 28,700 30	34 35 4 36 36 4 36 36 4 36 36 4 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	Jan	774 44344444444444444444444444444444444	

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STOCKS (Continued) Par	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Si	nce Jo	an. 1 1937 High	-	STOCKS (Concluded)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Sin	ice Jo	an. 1 1	
Rossia International* Royalite Oil Co Ltd* Royal Typewriter* Russeks Fifth Ave*	34 103	48 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 52 103 103	800 100 200	48¾ 1 90	Jan Feb Jan Jan	1 Jan 52 Feb 105 Jan 36 Jan	b n	Frans Lux Pict Screen— Common 17i-Continental warrants Friplex Safety Glass Co—	41/2 23/4	4¼ 4½ 2% 2%	2,700 2,900	41/6 J	fan fan	4½ 3	Jan Jan
Rustless Iron & Steel*  Ryan Consol Petrol*  Ryerson & Haynes com1	6 8	161/8 171/8 51/4 53/4 6 65/8	12,900 3,700 3,000	12 4¼ 5½	Jan Jan Jan	17¾ Jan 6¼ Jan 6% Feb	n 7	Am dep rets for ord reg* Frunz Pork Stores* Fubize Chatillon Corp1	233/8	19% 24%	12,000	15% J	an an	241/4	Jan Feb
Safety Car Heat & Lt100 St Anthony Gold Mines1 St Lawrence Corp Ltd4 \$2 conv pref A50	<sup>5</sup> 16	123 128½ <sup>5</sup> 16 <sup>5</sup> 16 10¾ 10¾	4,900 100	91/8	Jan Jan Jan Jan	12814 Fel % Jan 1114 Jan 2814 Jan	n 7	Class A 1  Fung-Sol Lamp Works 1  80c div pref **  Fwin Coach Co **	7014 914 1118 2034	64½ 71½ 8½ 9¾ 11 12 18½ 21½	2,600 13,300 11,600 30,700	8½ J 10½ J	an an an	711/4 98/4 12 217/8	Feb Feb Feb
7% preferred100	116%	95% 1034 1163% 1163%	29,000 50	8¾ 113½	Jan	10¾ Jan 117⅓ Jan 65 Jan	n T	Ulen & Co 7½% pref25 5% preferred2 Unexcelled Mfg Co10	71/2	7½ 9½ 6 6½ 3 3½	3,700 2,400 700	614 J	an an eb	91/8 67/8 41/4	Feb Jan
Savoy Oil Co5 Schiff Co common* Schulte Real Estate* Scoville Manufacturing_25	1 %	3¾ 4¼ 39 39½ 34 <sup>13</sup> 16	1,400 400 400	38	Jan Jan Jan	4½ Jan 39½ Fel 1 Jan	b T	Union Elec Light & Pow— 7% preferred*100 Union Gas of Canada* United Aircraft Transport		17 17	200		an 1	113¾ 18¾	Jan Jan
Scranton-Spring Brook— Water Serv \$6 pref* Securities Corp general*		52% 52%	150	72	Jan Jan Jan	54 Jan 514 Jan 514 Jan	n T	Warrants* United Chemicals com* \$3 cum & part pref*	2314	22¼ 24 10¼ 10¼	900 100	9½ J	an an	25¼ 11½	Jan Jan
Seeman Bros Inc	334	3¾ 4¼ 6¾ 7½	32,200 3,500	49 2¾ 6¾	Jan Jan Jan	50% Jan 4¼ Fel 8¼ Jan	n l b l	United Corp warrants United Gas Corp com1 1st \$7 pref non-voting _*		$1\frac{1}{1}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$ $13\frac{3}{4}$ $13\frac{5}{4}$ $121$ $122\frac{1}{4}$	1,100 134,400 1,700	9 % J 118 4 J		135/8 124	Jan Feb Jan
Selby Shoe Co	31/2	3½ 3½ 99¾ 101	2,900 400	33%	Jan Jan Jan	30 Jan 41/8 Jan 101 Fe	n i	Option warrants United G & E 7% pref_100 United Lt & Pow com A* Common class B*	31/8 	3 3½ 9 10 10 10½	14,000 22,100 300	93 J	lan Jan Jan	35/8 94 113/8 113/2	Jan Jan Jan Jan
Allotment certificates Selfridge Prov Stores£1 Amer dep rec£1	991/2	99½ 101	1,700	96	Jan Jan	<ul><li>101 Fe</li><li>1¾ Jan</li></ul>	b I	\$6 1st pref* United Milk Products* \$3 preferred*	67 37	65% 69½ 31½ 37	3,700 350	60 J 28 J	Jan Jan Jan	751/8 37 661/2	Jan Feb Jan
Sentry Safety Control1 Seton Leather com* Seversky Aircraft Corp1 Shattuck Denn Mining5	15 <sub>16</sub> 11 5 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 23 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	15 <sub>16</sub> 1 1/8 10 11 1/4 5 1/4 6 1/8 23 1/8 25 1/2	2,600 800 10,400 27,900	10	Jan Jan Jan Jan	11 1/4 Jan 11 1/4 Jan 61/8 Jan 25 1/4 Fei	n l	United Molasses Co— Am dep rcts ord reg* United Profit Sharing* Preferred10	65% 15%	6½ 6% 1% 1¾ 11½ 11½	1,100 1,300 100	11/2 J	Jan Jan Feb	67/8 13/4 111/2	Feb Jan Feb
Shawinigan Wat & Pow* Sherwin-Williams com25 5% cum pref ser AAA 100	1491/2	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 3	2,750 40	29¼ 133 110½	Jan Jan Jan	33 ¼ Ja 152 Fe 113 Ja	n l b l	United Shipyards com B1 United Shoe Mach com25 Preferred25	31/8 91 441/2	3 1/8 4 1/8 91 95 1/8 44 46 1/4	7,300 800 400	2½ J 89 J 41½ J	Jan Jan Jan	45/8 961/4 471/4	Jan Jan Jan
Sherwin-Williams of Can.  Shreveport El Dorado Pipe Line stamped	3	25¼ 25¼ ¼ ¾	9,400		Jan Jan	25% Ja: 1 Ja:	n   1	U S Foil Co class B1 U S and Int'l Securities* 1st pref with warr* U S Lines pref*		16½ 18½ 2¾ 2½ 89¾ 90½	26,000 900 400 3,100	2½ J 89¾ F	Jan Feb Jan	18¼ 2½ 93¾ 3	Feb Jan Jan Jan
Conv pref	1	35 35 335 350	100 130	335		35 Fe 370 Ja	b l	U S Playing Card10 U S Radiator Corp com*	871	2% 3 30% 32% 7% 8% 67% 69%	1,500 100	301/8 IF 71/2 IF 661/4 J	Feb Jan	32½ 9½ 70¾	Jan Jan Jan
Amer dep rec ord reg£1 Sioux City G & E 7% pf100 Smith (L C) & Corona Typewriter v t c com*	36	6 6 31% 37%	5,900	100	Jan Jan	614 Ja 100 Ja 3754 Fe		U S Rubber Reclaiming* U S Stores Corp com* \$7 conv 1st pref* United Stores v t c*		9¼ 10% ¾ 1 12¼ 14 1 1¼	4,700 2,600 80 4,200	6 J	Jan Jan Jan Jan	10½ 1¼ 18½ 1¼	Jan Jan Jan Feb
Smith (H) Paper Mill	2	2 23/8	14,700	20%	Jan Jan	20¾ Ja 2¾ Ja	n i	United Verde Exten50c United Wall Paper* Universal Consol Oil10	15%	3% 3½ 5½ 6 12% 16½	1,700 42,300 2,300	3¼ J 4¼ J	Jan Jan Jan	3 1/4 6 16 1/4	Jan Jan Feb
5% original preferred 2: 6% preferred B2: 5½% pref series C2: Southern Colo Pow cl A_2:	5	40 40 28½ 28½ 27½ 27¾	500 500	281/2 271/4	Jan Jan Feb	41½ Ja 29 Ja 28 Ja	n li	Universal Insurance8 Universal Pictures com1 Universal Products* Utah Apex Mining Co5	17 30	19 20 17 17 29¼ 31¼	150 100 500	11½ J 25½ J	Feb Jan Jan Jan	22½ 19 31¼ 5%	Jan Jan Feb Jan
7% preferred100 South New Engl Tel100 Southern Pipe Line10	6	6 614	200	159 5	Jan Jan	6% Ja 160 Ja 6% Ja	-   i	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref* Utica Gas & Elec 7% pf 100 Utility Equities Corp*	78	5 5% 78 80 103¼ 103½ 5½ 5¾	41,100 625 40 2,900	66½ J 102 J 4% J	Jan Jan Jan	801/2 1031/2	Jan Feb Jan
Southern Union Gas	10 5 47	2% 2% 9% 10% 46% 47% 39% 39%	1,300 8,100 700	9 44	Jan Jan Jan	3¾ Ja 10½ Fe 48 Ja	b l	Priority stock* Utility & Ind Corp com	5 5/8	83¼ 84¾ 1¾ 2 5½ 6¼	6,400 12,400	11% J 4% J	Feb Jan Jan	89 14 6 14 1 14	Jan Jan Feb
Spanish & Gen Corp— Am dep rets ord reg£  Spencer Chain Stores£	1 36	39% 39% % % 9 9%	300 1,200	3%	Jan Jan Jan	42 Ja 10 Ja 10 Ja	n ,	Util Pow & Lt common1 Class B	1 1 1 3 2 5 9	11/4 11/8 3 3 25 26/8 71/8 91/4	10,000 200 2,650 11,400	3 J 20 J	Jan Jan Jan Jan	2814 914	Jan Jan Jan Feb
Square D class A pref Stahl-Meyer Inc com Standard Brewing Co Standard Dredging Co—	334	38¾ 40¼ 3¾ 3¾ ¾ <sup>15</sup> 16	1,150 100 400	3¾	Jan Feb Jan	42% Ja 4% Ja 1 Ja	n ;	Venezuelan Petrol1 Va Pub Serv 7% pref100 Vogt Manufacturing* Waco Aircraft Co*	161/2	2 % 3 ½ 	25,100 4,500	1% J 94% J 14 J	Jan	3¾ 100 18½ 10	Jan Jan Feb Jan
Common Conv preferred Standard Invest \$5½ pref	17 ½ 57 ½	571/2 60	450 400	15½ 57	Jan Jan Jan	5% Ja 19 Ja 63% Ja	n ;	Wagner Baking v t c* Wahl (The) Co common* Waitt & Bond class A*	8½ 22 	8½ 10 21 22¾ 	2,500 1,500	19 J 4½ J 10½ F	Jan Jan Jan Feb	22¾ 4⅓ 11⅓	Feb Jan Jan
Standard Oil (Ky) 16 Standard Oil (Neb) 26 Standard Oil (Ohlo) com 26	5 12½ 5 38	19½ 20 12½ 13½ 36 39½	2,900 600 9,700	3314	Jan Jan Jan	20% Ja 13¼ Fe 39½ Fe 105% Ja	b ;	Class B* Walker Mining Co1 Wayne Pump common Wellington Oil Co1	2 3 373%	2 2¼ 2¾ 3⅓ 37 39¼	1,200 4,700 5,900	21/4 J 34 J	Jan Jan Jan Jan	21/4 31/4 40 121/4	Jan Jan Jan Jan
5% preferred 100 Standard P & L Common class B Preferred	534	514 616 556 534 65 6516	16,600 800 250	514	Jan Jan Jan Feb	105% Ja 7% Ja 7% Ja 69% Ja	n i	Wentworth Mig Co5 Western Air Express1 Western Auto Supply A*	934	11 11½ 25¾ 26¾ 9¼ 10 79 83¾	500 900 1,900 1,250	25¾ J 8¼ J	Jan Jan Jan	28 11 83 34	Jan Jan Feb
Standard Products Co	1 916 * 34	22 16 25	10,000 1,300 2,700	3116	Jan Jan Jan Jan	25 Fe 916 Ja 36 Ja 936 Ja	n ;	West. Cartridge 6% pf.100 Western Grocery Co20 Western Maryland Ry— 7% 1st preferred100		99 99	25  20			102¾	Jan Jan
Stein (A) & Co common		19 19½ 107 107 12½ 13½	400 20 9,900	18 107 914	Jan Feb Jan	19½ Fe 107 Fe 13½ Fe	bly	Western Tab & Sta* West Texas Util \$6 pref* West Va Coal & Coke*	41/2	31¼ x32 90 90½ 3% 4¾	400 120 10,500	29% J 90 F 35% J	Jan Feb Jan	x32 95 4 <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub>	Feb Jan Feb
1st preferred 5 2d preferred 2 Sterling Brewers Inc Sterling Inc	12 14 1 634	37 38½ 12 13 6½ 6½ 5% 5%	320 350 1,100 5,200	10	Jan Jan Jan	39¾ Jan 14 Jan 6% Ja	n ;	Williams (R C) & Co* Williams Oil-O-Mat Ht_* Wil-low Cafeterias Inc1 Conv preferred*	8½ 11¾	8½ 8½ 11½ 12½ 1¾ 1½ 8 8½	3,200 700 300	9½ J 1½ J	Jan Jan Jan Jan	8½ 12¼ 1½ 1½ 9⅓	Feb Jan Jan
Stetson (J B) Co com Stinnes (Hugo) Corp	2614	24% 27% 3% 4 28% 29%	800 4,600	2514	Jan Jan Jan Jan	6 Ja 27% Fe 4% Ja 30% Ja	b n	Wilson-Jones Co* Wilson Products1 Winnipeg Electic cl B*	51	51 52 1/4	800	45½ J 14 J 6 J	Jan Jan Jan	52¼ 15¾ 10	Feb Jan Jan
Stutz Motor Car Sullivan Machinery Sunray Drug Co	11	18 18	100	18	Jan Jan Feb	2¾ Ja 27¾ Ja 19 Ja 4⅓ Ja	n i	Wisc Pr & Lt 7% pref_100 Wolverine Portl Cement_10 Wolverine Tube com2 Woodley Petroleum1	1634	6½ 8½ 16½ 17½ 10½ 10½	5,400 8,800	5¼ J 13% J	Jan Jan Jan	95 81/4 171/4 121/8	Jan Feb Jan
Sunray Oil 5½% conv pref Sunshine Mining Co10 Swan Finch Oil Corp1	CI 1984	4814 4914	12,900	45¼ 19¼	Jan Jan Jan Jan	4% Ja 50 Ja 21% Ja 14% Ja	n '	Woolworth (F W) Ltd— Amer dep rots (new)5 Wright-Hargreaves Ltd*		211/211/6	1,000 13,200	21¼ F	Jan Feb Jan	23 816	Jan Jan Jan
Swiss Am Elec pref100 Taggart Corp common Tampa Electric Co com Tastyeast Inc class A	15%	106 107	200 17,600 800 2,500	11 % 37 ½	Jan Jan	110 Ja 16¾ Fe 41 Ja	b n	Youngstown Steel Door* Yukon Gold Co5	72	7% 8 71% 74% 2% 3%	5,200	65 J	Jan Jan	741/4 33/8	Jan Feb
Taylor Distilling Co Technicolor Inc common_ Teck-Hughes Mines	20%	45% 51%	15,700	2014 514	Jan Jan Jan Jan	2¼ Ja 5⅓ Fe 23¾ Ja 6 Ja	b n	BONDS— Abbott's Dairy 6s1942		‡102½ 104		102 ј	Jan	104	Jan
Tenn El Pow 7% 1st pf_100 Texas P & L 7% pref100 Texon Oll & Land Co2	73/	75 75		61/4	Jan	77½ Ja 112 Ja 7% Ja	n	Alabama Power Co—  1st & ref 5s1946  1st & ref 5s1951	1023/2	105¼ 106 101¾ 102⅓		1011 J	Jan	108¾ 105	Jan Jan
Thew Shovel Coal Co Tilo Roofing Inc Tishman Realty & Const. Tobacco and Allied Stocks	1 1614	45 55¼ 14¾ 17 9 10	4,525 7,300 800	1214	Jan Jan Jan Jan	55½ Fe 17 Fe 10½ Ja 66 Ja	b n	1st & ref 5s1956 1st & ref 5s1968 1st & ref 4½s1967 Aluminum Co s f deb 5s '52	97 921/8	101 1/2 102 97 97 3/4 92 93 105 1/4 106 1/4	9,000 34,000 131,000 68,000	97 F 91½ J	Feb Jan	105¼ 99¾ 95 106¾	Jan Jan Jan Jan
Tobacco Prod Exports Tobacco Securities Trust Am dep rets ord reg£	334	31/4 31/8	1,400	316	Jan Jan	4 Ja:	n A	Aluminium Ltd deb 5s 1948 Am El Pow Corp deb 6s '57 Amer G & El deb 5s2028	107	105½ 106½ 106½ 107 32½ 32¾ 106½ 107½	19,000 4,000 77,000	106 1 J 32 2 J 106 3 J	Jan Jan Jan	107 35 107¾	Jan Jan Jan
Am dep rets def reg	53	53 541/4	450		Jan Jan	54¾ Ja: 111¼ Ja:	n A	Am Pow & Lt deb 6s_2016 Amer Radiator 4½s_1947 Am Roll Mill deb 5s_1948 Amer Seating 6s stp1946	10334	103 ½ 105 ½ 104 104 103 ½ 104 105 105 ¾	124,000 5,000 96,000 11,000	10314 J 10314 J	Jan Jan	106 1/4 104 1/4 104 1/4 106	Jan Jan Jan Jan
7% preferred A100 Tonopah Belmont Devel_1 Tonopah Mining of Nev1	14	1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,200 600	1/8	Jan Jan	5 <sub>16</sub> Ja 1 1/8 Ja	n A	Appalachian El Pr 5s_1956 Appalachian Powr 5s_1941 Debenture 6s2024	1051/2	105¼ 105½ ‡108 108½ 118 118	24,000	10414 J 108 J 11714 J	Jan Jan Jan	1051/2 108 1191/2	Jan Jan Jan
								Ark-Louisiana Gas 4s 1951 Arkansas Pr & Lt 5s1956	1013/2	101 1/4 102 1/4 102 1/8 104	59,000 88,000	100¼ J	Jan Feb	102 ¾ 104 ¾	Jan Jan
			147								94 ( ) ( )				
or footnotes see page	907.			<u> </u>	1		1						1		
U. LOUINGUE BOO PAGE	3011										100				

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Volume 144		146	W 10	JIK C	ull	CX	ulid	nge-concluded-	-rage	<del>.</del> 0	Y	agent.		90	7
BONDS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week	Range L		Jan. 1		BONDS (Concluded)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Rang of Prices Low High	Week	Range &		Jan. 1	
N Y P&L Corp 1st 41/28 '67 N Y State E & G 41/28. 1980	1051/2	105½ 106% 103% 104¼	60,000 15.000		Feb Jan	1063/4	Jan Jan	Starrett Corp Inc 5s_1950		39% 40%	-	395/8	Jan	441/4	Jan
1st 5½81962 N Y & Westch'r Ltg 4s 2004		1107 1 107 1	6,000	106 34	Jan Jan	107	Jan Jan	8tinnes 'Hugo' Corp— 7-4% stamped1936 2d stamped 4s1940		50 50	1,000	53 45	Jan Jan	57 501/2	Jan Jan
Nippon El Pow 61/281953	8634	103 1/4 103 1/4 111 1/4 111 1/4 86 1/4 86 1/4	6,000 8,000		Feb Jan	112 86¾	Jan Feb	2d stamped 4s1946		48 49	6,000	53	Jan Jan	54	Jan
No Amer Lt & Pow— 5½s series A1956 Nor Cont'l Util 5½s_1948		9914 9914	10,000		Jan	1001/	Jan	Super Power of Ill 41/8 68 1st 41/8 1970 Syracuse Ltg 51/8 1954	10434	104¾ 105¾ 105¾ 105¾	7,000 8,000	104%	Jan Jan	105¾ 105¾	Jan Jan
No Indiana G & E 6s. 1952 Northern Indiana P S—	67%	\$107\% 108 108	10,000	66 106¾	Jan	10714	Jan Jan	DS Series B1957		107% 107% \$106% 107%		10634	Jan Jan	109 107 1/8	Jan Jan
5s series C	105 105½	105 105%	15,000 7,000		Jan Jan	107 105¾	Jan Jan	Tennessee Elec Pow 5s 1956 Tenn Public Service 5s 1970 Terni Hydro-El 61/2s_1953	8314	95¼ 95¾ 83¼ 84½ 74 76¼	15,000 9,000 43,000	801/2	Jan Jan Jan	9814 8514 7614	Jan Jan Feb
No States Pow 5:481940	102 78	105% 105% 103% 104% 102% 102%	28,000 17,000	103¾ 102⅓	Jan Feb	104 1/8	Jan Jan	Texas Elec Service 5s. 1960	1051/4	105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	45,000	10514	Jan Jan	106	Jan
N'western Elec 63 stmp1945 N'western Power 6s A. 1960 N'western Pub Serv 5s 1957		102½ 104 ‡91 93 102½ 103%	11,000	8714	Feb Jan	1051/8 931/2 105	Jan	68 2022	106	105¼ 106 113 113	42,000 15,000	105 113	Jan Feb	106 113	Feb
Ogden Gas 58	110 1/2	110% 111	34,000		Feb Jan Jan	11134	Jan Jan Jan	Thermoid Co 6s stpd 1937 Tide Water Power 5s 197 Tietz (Leonard) 71/2s 1946	103	104 ¼ 105 103 104	6,000 31,000		Jan Jan	106	Jan
1st & ref 41/2s Her D_1956		105¼ 105¾ 103⅓ 103¼	3,000 3,000	1043/8	Jan Feb	105 3/4 1043/8	Jan Jan	Toledo Edison 5s 1962 Twin City Rap Tr 51/28 '52	9234	106¾ 107¼ 92¼ 93½	34,000 63,000	1061/2	Jan Jan	107%	Jan Jan
Obio Public Service Co— 6s series C————————————————————————————————————	1061/4	109 109 109 105 105 106 14	7,000		Jan	10934 10614 10614	Feb	6s 3d stamped1944				2.1	Jan	593/4	Feb
51/s series E1961 Okla Gas & Elec 5s1950	1 106 1/4	106 106¼ 103¼ 103¼	11,000 20,000 20,000	105	Jan Jan Jan	10614	Feb Jan	Union Elec Lt & Power— 5s series A1954 5s series B1967	10534	‡107½ 108	-3.000	106 7/8 105	Jan	106%	Jan
6s series A	99 16	9916 9916	45,000	983/4	Jan	1003/8	Jan	United Elec N J 4s 1949		105¾ 106 106 106 116¾ 116¾	1,000 5,000	105%	Jan Jan Jan	106 106 117 117	Feb Jan Jan
5s conv debs1946 Okla Power & Water 5s '48 Osweyo Falls 6s1941	96 1/2	106 ¼ 108 96 ¼ 98	86,000 18,000	94 16	Jan	108 1/2	Jan	United El Serv 7s ex-w 1956 United Industrial 61/4s 1941	78%	761/2 791/	43,000	67 1/2	Jan Jan	7914	Feb
Pacific Coast Power 58 '40 Pacific Gas & El Co—	10134	101¾ 102 107¼ 107¼	5,000 4,000		Jan Jan	1021/	Jan Jan	United Lt & Pow 6s1975	871/2	21½ 21½ 87½ 88¾		85%	Feb	8914	Jan
1st 6s series B 1941 Pacific Invest 5s ser A. 1948		117¾ 118 100¾ 101½	42,000 11,000		Feb Feb	119 10214	Jan Jan	6½s	1051/2	90 ½ 94 105 ½ 106 94 ½ 95 ½	31,000 23,000 40,000	1051/2	Feb Feb Jan	94 34 107 9634	Jan Jan Jan
Pacific Ltg & Pow 5s. 1942 Pacific Pow & Ltg 5s. 1955 Palmer Core for	8834	\$8 14 117 88 14 90 14			Jan Jan	931/2	Jan Jan	Ga series A 1952	114			1	Jan	115	Jar
Palmer Corp 68. 1938 Penn Cent L & F 41/28. 1977 58 1979		102 102½ 103¾ 104¾ ‡105½ 106%	2,000 45,000		Feb Jan	102 ¼ 105 ½ 105 ¾	Jan Jan Jan	Utah Pow & Lt 6s A 2022	10214	114 114 ½ 86 ½ 87 ¾ 102 ¼ 103		85 101 %	Jan Jan	89 1/2 103	Jan
Penn Ohio Edison—	102 %	101% 102%	28,000	101%	Jan	103	Jan	4½s 1944 Utica Gas & Elec 5s D 1956 5s series E 1952		101 1/2 101 1/2 105 106 106 1/2 106 1/2		104%	Jan Jan Feb	102 104 % 106%	Jan Jan Feb
6s series A x-w1950 Deb 51/4s series B1959	10514	105¼ 105½ 105¼ 105¼	9,000 41,000	104 1/2	Jan Jan	105 3/4 105 3/4	Jan	Valvoline Oil 781937 Vamma Water Pow 51/68 '57		‡99 100 102¾ 102¾		99	Jan Feb	100	Jan
Penn Pub Serv 6s C1947 5s series D1954 Penn Water & Pow 5s_1940	106 %	106 % 106 % 106 % 106 % 109 % 109 %		106	Jan Jan Feb	106 1/8 106 1/4 11111/8	Jan Jan Jan	Va Public Serv 51/28 A. 1946	102 14	102 1 103	25,000 14 000	100 1/8	Jan Jan	104 14	Jan Jan
Peoples Gas L & Coke-	106	106 106 1/4	10,000	106	Jan	1061	Jan	Waldorf-Astoria Corp— 7s with warrants1954		98% 99 40 41	26,000		Jan Jan	101	Jan
4s series B 1981 Peoples Lt & Pr 5s 1979	2814	9714 9814 2814 29	12,000	26 34	Feb Jan	30 1/2	Jan Jan	Ward Baking 6s1937 Wash Gas Light 5s1958	101%	101 % 101 % 105 ½ 106 ½	25,000	101 1/4	Jan Jan	101 1/8	Jan Jan
Phila Electric Co 5s_1966 Phila Elec Pow 5½s_1972 Phila Rapid Transit 6s 1962	111	110% 110½ 110% 111 97½ 97½	16,000 29,000 5,000	109 %	Feb Jan Jan	1111/4	Jan Jan Jan	Wash Ry & Elec 481951 Wash Water Power 5s1960	106	106 ½ 106 ½ 106 ½ 106 ½	4,000 23,000	106 1	Jan Jan	1065%	Jan
Phil Sub Co G & E 41/2 '57 Pledm't Hydro-El 61/8 '60	75	105% 105% 72% 76	4,000 52,000	1055/8	Feb Jan	106	Jan Feb	West Penn Elec 5s2030 West Penn Traction 5s '60 West Texas Util 5s A. 1957	112	105 105 112 113 1 99 14 99 7		112	Jan Feb Jan	105 % 114 1/4 99 7/8	Jan
Pittsburgh Coal 6s 1949 Pittsburgh Steel 6s 1948	105%	108 110 105¾ 106	4,000	106%	Jan Jan	108 107	Jan Jan	West Newspaper Un 68 '44 West United G & E 5468 '55	731/8	72 73 ½ 105 105 ¼	14.000	7134	Jan Jan	7636	Jan Jan Jan
Pomeranian Elec 6s1953 Portland Gas & Coke 5s '40 Potomac Edison 5s E1956	83 1/2	\$234 8434 106 106	29,000		Jan Jan Jan	85 107	Jan Jan Jan	Wise-Minn Lt & Pow 5s :44	10836	105 1/4 105 1/4 105 1/8 106 3/4	3,000 12,000	1051	Jan Jan	107 % 106%	Jan Feb
4½s series F1961 Potrero Sug 7s stpd1947	7814	108¼ 108⅓ 77¾ 78¾	9,000	10814	Jan Jan	109	Jan Jan	Wisc Pow & Lt 48 1966 Yadkin Riv Pow 58 1941 York Rys Co 58 1937	1 107	100 ¼ 101 107 107 ¼ 99 ¼ 100	56,000 19,000 67,000	106 5%	Jan Jan	102 1/4 107 1/4 100 1/4	Jan
Power Corp (Can) 4 1/2 B 59 Power Securities 6s 1949 Prussian Electric 6s 1954	100	100 101 16	17,000		Jan Feb	101 1/8	Jan Jan		0078	5578 200	07,000			100/2	Jan
Public Service of N J— 6% perpetual certificate	12.00	21 1/2 21 1/4 141 1/4 142 1/4	3,000		Jan Feb	211/4	Feb Jan	FOREIGN GOVERNMENT					V		4.0
Pub Serv of Nor Illinois— 1st & ref 5s1956	A. 16.00	1111/4 112	2.000	110%			Jan	AND MUNICIPALITIES—					1		
5s series C1966 4½s series D1978 4½s series E1980	102 3/8	104 104 104 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102	2,000 5,000 15,000	104 1/8	Jan Jan	105 1/4	Jan Jan	Agricultural Mtge Bk (Col) 20-year 7s1946		271/2 273/4	5,000	261/4	Jan	2814	Jan
1st & ref 4½s ser F 1981 4½s series I1960	103 1/4	103 103 % 102 % 103 % 104 % 104 %	19,000 15,000	1027/8	Jan Jan Feb	103 % 103 % 105 %	Jan Jan Jan	20-year 7s1947 Baden 7s1951 Buenos Aires (Province) —		27½ 27¾ 19¾ 19¾	6,000 1,000		Jan Jan	2814 19%	Jan Feb
Pub Serv of Oklahoma— 4s series A1966	104 1/4	103 1/2 105	36,000	1031/2	Feb	1051/4	Jan	78 stamped 1952		\$89 ½ 91 ½ 91 ¾	4,000	8614 8614	Jan Jan	9014	Jan Feb
Puget Sound P & L 51/48 '49 1st & ref 5s series C. 1950 1st & ref 41/4s ser D. 1950	9434	94% 95%	124,000 33,000 54,000	9134	Jan Jan	9814	Jan	Cent Bk of German State &		16 1734	12,000	15	Jan	1734	Jap
Quebec Power 5s1968 Queens Boro Gas & Elec—		103 1 104	3,000	1031/2	Jan Jan	92½ 104	Jan Jan	Prov Banks 6s B 1951 6s series A 1952 Danish 5½s 1955	2.0	\$22 27 \$21 1/2 23 1/2 \$100 100	1,000	25 22 997/8	Jan	2714 24 10214	Jan Jan
51/2s series A1952 Reliance Manag't 5s1954	1051/2		5,000	10414	Jan Jan	107	Jan Jan	Danzig Port & Waterways		100 100	1,000		Jan Jan	100	Jan Feb
Rochester Cent Pow 5s '53 Ruhr Gas Corp 61/28_1953 Ruhr Housing 61/48_1958		23 1 23 1 19 22	1,000	87 2234	Jan Jan	90 2514	Jan Jan	External 61/2s1952 German Cons Munic 7s '47		70 70 1934 21	12,000 10,000	6114	Jan Jan	70 21	Feb Feb
Ruhr Housing 6½s1958 Safe Harbor Water 4½s '79 St Louis Gas & Coke 6s '47		10514 10614 1634 1714	14,000 25,000	1634	Jan Feb	107 18	Jan Jan	Secured 6s1947 Hanover (City) 7s1939 Hanover (Prov) 6½s1949	21 ½ 18¾	21 21 21½ 21½ 18¾ 18¾	11,000 1,000 3,000	17 19 1814	Jan Jan Feb	21 21 1/2 21 1/2	Feb Jan Jan
San Autonio PS 58 B1958 San Joaquin L & P 68 B 52	106 1/4	106 1 106 1	11,000	105 1/2 132	Jan Jan	107 132	Jan Jan	Lima (City) Peru 6½8.1958 Maranhao 7s 1958	221/2	20 1/2 22 1/3 30 1/4 30 1/4	22 000	18 24%	Jan Jan	22 14 3014	Feb
Sauda Falls 5s1955 Saxon Pub Wks 6s1937 Schulte Real Estate		‡108 110 ‡19½ 23		23	Jan	231/2	Jan	Medellin 7s series E1951 Mendosa 4s stamped1951	9314	19¼ 19¾ 92¼ 94	13,000 20,000	18 91 14	Jan Jan	20 94	Jan Feb
6s with warrants1935	301/4	30 1/4 34 1/4 30 1/4 34 1/4	16,000 13,000	301/4	Feb Feb	39 40	Jan Jan	Mtge Bk of Bogota 7s. 1947 Issue of May 1927		\$22 ½	5,000	2314	Jan Feb	2514	Jan Jan
Sectop (E W) Co 51/28_1943 Second Int'l Sec 581948	103	102% 103	19,000	102	Jan Jan	103 34	Jan Jan	68 stamped 1931		151/2 153/4	10,000	1516	Jan	18%	Jan
Bervel Inc 5s1948 Bhawinigan W & P 41/48 '67 41/48 series B1968	104 1/2	106 1 106 1 104 1	1,000 19,000 6,000		Jan Jan Jan	106 34 104 78 104 78	Jan Jan Feb	Mark 58 72	99%	9914 9914 29 3014	5,000 7,000	99 25 16 29 14	Jan Jan	99% 34	Feb Jan
4½s series B1968 1st 4½s series D1970 Sheridan Wyo Coal 6s_1947	69	68% 69%	9,000 18,000	104 68¾	Jan Feb	105 71%	Jan Jan	Rio de Janeiro 6148 1959 Russian Govt 6148 1919 6148 certificates 1919		29¼ 30½ 1% 1% 1¼ 1%	10,000 1,000 55,000	11/4	Feb Jan Jan	35 14 134 158	Jan Jan Feb
Sou Carolina Pow 5s_1957 Southeast P & L 6s2025 Sou Calif Edison Ltd—	10734	100 ¼ 101 106 ¼ 108 ¼	4,000 70.000		Jan Feb	101 1091/2	Jan Jan	5½s1921 5½s certificates1921 Santa Fe 7s stamped1945		114 186	6,000 1,000	114	Jan Jan	15%	Jan
Debenture 3½s1945 Ref M 3½s_May 1 1960 Ref M 3½s B_July 1 '60	106¾ 105	106 1/4 106 1/4 104 1/4 105 1/4	15,000 65,000	106 1041⁄4	Jan Feb	107 108	Jan Jan	Santiago 78		1¼ 1¼ 70¼ 74¼ ‡16¼ 17½		16	Jan Jan	2014	Feb Jan
Ref M 3% 8 B_July 1 '60 1st & ref mtge 4s1960 lou Calif Gas Co 41/4s_1961	108	104 1 105 1 104 105 107 108 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	22,000 7,000	10414	Feb Feb	108 110¾	Jan Jan	781961	16%	16% 16%	10,000	16	Jan	201/2	Jan
Sou Calif Gas Co 4½s_1961 Sou Countles Gas 4½s,1968 Sou Indiana Ry 4s1951	105¾ 103	104 105 105 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	15,000 12,000 36,000	10418 10212 84	Feb Jan Feb	105 1/8 103 1/4 87	Jan Jan Jan								
Swestern Assoc Tel 5s.1961 Swestern Lt & Pr 5s1957		102 1/4 103 102 1/4 103 1/8	26,000 13,000	$102\frac{1}{4}$ $102\frac{3}{4}$	Jan Jan	10334 104	Jan Jan						. 6	W. A. P.	
So'west Pow & Lt 6s2022 S'west Pub Serv 6s1945 Stand Gas & Elec 6s1935	102	102 103 105 1 105 1/2	5,000 7,000	9934	Jan Jan	104%	Jan Jan				vv		25.		
Certificates of deposit Convertible 6s1935		87¼ 88 86¼ 88 88 88¼	9,000 11,000 4,000	* 87 861/8 87	Jan Jan Jan	92 92 91 34	Jan Jan Jan	* No par value. a Defer	red deliv	ery sales not	noinded	in year's	range	. n U	nder
Debenture 6s 1951	861/2	88 88 86 88	3,000 46,000	861/2	Jan Feb	91 34	Jan Jan	the rule sales not included range. z Ex-dividend.							
Debenture 6sDec 1 1966 Standard Invests 51/4s.1939	861/4	85 86 % 100 100 %	99,000	85 100	Jan Jan	91 102	Jan Jan	‡ Friday's bid and asked ;  c Cash sales transacted d	price.	no sales were ne current we	transact	ed during not include	curr ded i	ent week	k. y or
Standard Pow & Lt 6s_1957	851/4	84% 86%	103,000	8434	Feb	901/8	Jan	No sales.							
					4			y Under-the-rule sales tra weekly or yearly range:	nsacted	during the	urrent v	reek and	not	include	d in

### Other Stock Exchanges

### New York Real Estate Securities Exchange Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, Feb. 5

Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask	Unlisted Stocks	Bid	Ask
Dorset ctfs of deposit	32	-	551 Fifth Ave units French (F F) Investing pf_	4	
61/481941	26	281/4	French (F F) Oper units.	16	
Granada (The) 6s 1938	36	39	Lincoln Bldg Corp v t c	4 3/2	
Oliver Cromwell ctfs.	13		39 Bway Inc units	7	
Park Place Dodge Corp— Income bonds v t c	10	12		3.05	
Pennsylvania Bldg ctfs	33	35		- 1. 31	

Orders Executed on Baltimore Stock Exchange

# STEIN BROS. & BOYCE 6. S. Calvert St. Established 1853 39 Broadway

6. S. Calvert St. BALTIMORE MD. Hagerstown, Md.

39 Broadway NEW YORK York, Pa.

Louisville, Ky.

Members New York and Battimore Stock Exchanges Chicago Board of Trade and Commodity Exchange, Inc.

**Baltimore Stock Exchange** 

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Pr	High	Week Shares	Lot	0	Hig	h
Arundel Corp*	2034	181/8	21 5/8	6,162	18	Jan	215/8	Feb
Balt Transit Co com v t c.*		2	25/8	85	2	Jan	3	Jan
1-4		734	81/8	1,071	734	Feb	9	Jan
Black & Decker com*	Age .	3614	373/8	39	33 1/8	Jan	38	Jan
Consol Gas, E L & Pow *	861/2	86	88	417	86	Feb	8914	Jan
5% preferred 100		114	11416	140	113	Jan	115	Jan
Eastern Sugar Assn com 1	37 1/2	3714	43	620	371/2	Feb	5014	Jan
Preferred1	44	43	44	630	43	Jan	48	Jan
Fidelity & Deposit20		128	130 14	264	122	Jan	133	Jan
Fidelity & Guar Fire 10		411/8	43 %	184	411/8	Feb	4856	Jan
Finance Co of Am class A.*		13	13	29	12 1/2	Jan	13	Jan
Gullford Realty com*	31/4	3	314	300	3	Jan	31/4	Feb
Preferred*		58	58	39	55	Jan	58	Feb
Houston Oil pref100		21%	22 16	1,117	20 %	Jan	2314	Jan
Mfrs Finance com v t*	/-	11/8	11/8	65	11/8	Feb	114	Jan
1st preferred25		11'	11'	100	11	Feb	12 14	Jan
2d preferred25		21/2	21/2		214	Jan	25%	Jan
Mar Tex Oil	3¾	314	334	205	31/2	Feb	434	Jan
Common class A	3	3	314	800	3	Jan	314	Jan
Merch & Miners Transp*		40	401	140	39%	Jan	41	Jan
Monon W Penn P S 7% pf25		26%	271/8	227	26 %	Jan	275/8	Jan
Mt Ver-Wood Mills com 100		416	5	132	41/2	Feb	514	Jan
Preferred 100		7116		52	70	Jan	72	Jan
New Amsterdam Casualty5		1616	18%	9,121	15%	Jan	1878	Feb
Northern Central Ry 50		103	103%	11	103	Feb	10334	Feb
Owings Mills Distillery 1	11/8		11%	1,350	1	Feb	114	Jan
Penna Water & Pow com. *	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 00	9214	42	8834	Jan	9216	Feb
Seaboard Comm'l Class B10		15	15	3	15	Feb	15	Feb
			281/8	2,914		Jan	29%	Jan
U S Fidelity & Guar2	41 78	36	36	42	35 1/8	Jan	37	Jan
Western National Bank 20 Bonds—		90	00	44	99 18	0811		041
	11500	115	115	300	115	Feb	119	Jar
4s sewerage impt1961		38%	40	12,000	3814	Jan	41%	Jan
Balt Transit Co 4s (flat) '75			46	3,200	4514	Feb	48	Jan
A 5s (flat) 1975		4514	72			Jan		Jan
Ga Southern & Fla 5s_1945	72	72	12	5,000	14	Jan	14	Jal

Boston Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1, 1	1937
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Pr Low	High	Shares	Lon	0	High	•
Amer Pneumatic Service—Common	5¼ 26 182% 0 11 144% 66% 29	110	134 6 26 18436 115 14634 6678 2938	100 340 160 1,544 57 234 436 716	1½ 5 26 181 % 110 144 % 66 28 ¾	Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan Feb Jan Feb	21/4 61/4 30 187 1/4 115 147 67 1/4 30 3/8	Jan Jan Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan Jan
Boston & Maine	37 14 11 16 	916 614 37 1334 11 16 14 18 1614 51614 1716	6¾ 39 15 12 18 14 18	45 25 782 562 50 112 110 52 125 1,893 2,127	8 5 1/3 36 11 9 5 12 14 14 16 14 15 5 12 5 12 5 12 5 12 5 12 5 12 5 1	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan Jan	9 1/8 8 41 1/4 17 1/4 19 16 1/8 23 18 5 1/4 20 1/4	Jan
East Gas & Fuel Assn— Common ** 41/2% prior pref ** 6% cum pref ** 100	9 76 68	9 7514 6714	9% 78 69	281 173 206	6 1/8 69 60	Jan Jan Jan	10¼ 81 69	Jan Jan Jan
Eastern Mass St Ry—  Common 100  1st preferred 100  Preferred B 100  Adjustment 100  Eastern SS Lines com Economy Grocery Stores.*  Edison Elec Illum 100  Employers Group 8  Georgian, Inc (The) clA pf20  Glichrist Co 8  Glilette Safety Razor 101  Hathaway Bakerles cl A 4  Helvetia Oil Co 11  Int'l Butt Hole Mach 10  Loews Theatres (Boston)25  Maine Central com 100  5% cum pref 100  Mass Utilities v t c 100  Mergenthaler Linotype 100  Marragansett Racing Assin	155 23¼ 155 23¼ 14 18¾ 6 1¼ 15¼ 41½ 3¼ 53¼	2% 45 15 6¼ 11 20% 155 45½ 1¾ 18¾ 6 1% 26 18¼ 40½ 33½ 53½	2 % 48 15 6 % 11% 20% 159 23 % 45 % 6 1 % 20 1 % 45 % 6 1 % 20 1 % 45 % 6 1 % 20 1 % 2	45 58 200 230 534 100 774 670 260 83 605 1,730 225 315 20 80 2,993 930 420	2 ½ 45 13 ¼ 6 ¼ 10 ½ 19 ¾ 150 43 ¼ 15½ 43 ¼ 15 ¼ 15 ¼ 26 18 ¼ 10 ¾ 36 36 3 53 ¼	Jan Feb Jan	3 51 15 16 7 7 12 22 14 160 24 45 16 20 14 20 14 7 2 14 26 19 17 47 47 47 47 47	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
Ine100 National Service Co1 New England Tel & Tel 100 New River Co pref100 N Y N H & H R R (The) 100	6 1/8 136 1/4 5 1/8	634 13634 90 538	7½ 7 <sub>16</sub> 138% 90 6%	1,030 750 308 50 114	634 44 1361/2 90 51/2	Feb Jan Feb Feb Jan	7½ 7 <sub>16</sub> 140 93 6½	Jan Jan Jan Jan

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since J	an. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr	High	Week Shares	Lor	0	Hig	h
North Butte*	96c	960	1	4,743	68c	Jan	1%	Jan
Old Colony RR100	23	23	2416	182	221/4	Jan	2914	Jan
Old Dominion Co25		1	1	580	34	Jan	134	Jan
Pacific Mills Co*	3914	391/8	42 1/8	154	3878	Jan	447/8	Jan
Pennsylvania RR50		411/8	4216	578	. 39 1/8	Jan	431/8	Jan
Quincy Mining Co25	834	814	9	1.810	734	Jan	101/2	Jan
Reece Buttonhole Mach_10		251/8	251/2	55	25	Jan	251/2	Jan
Shawmut Assn tr ctfs *	16	15%	1614	947	141/8	Jan	1614	Jan
Stone & Webster*	291/4	2914	31 %	842	281/8	Jan	33%	Jan
Torrington Co*	95	95	96 14	289	90	Feb	9814	Jan
Union Twist Drill Co5	26	2516	27	270	251/8	Feb	2814	Jan
United Gas Corp1	121/8	1114	131/2	581	10	Jan	131/2	Feb
United Shoe Mach Corp.25	91	90	971	1,368	8914	Jan	98	Jan
Preferred25		441/8	4516	135	4034	Jan	4614	Jan
Utah Apex Mining5	514	51/8	534	3,025	11%	Jan	534	Feb
Utah Metal & Tunnel 1	1 1%	15%	13%	12,610	11/4	Jan	23%	Jan
Venezuela Holding Corp. *	1	2	2	75	11/2	Jan	2	Jan
Waldorf System Inc*	1716	16%	185%	975	16	Jan	18%	Feb
Warren Bros Co*	61/8	616	11	4,889	1014	Jan	121/8	Jan
Warren (S D) Co*	46	46	46	12	35	Jan	46	Feb
Eastern Mass St Ry-	10 5 11 12	19 N 18	144	3 7 7 7		12.3	V111	
Series A 41/281948	88	871/2	88 1/8	\$8,000	861/2	Jan	8878	Feb
Series B 581948		91	93	1,900	91	Feb	95	Jan

### CHICAGO SECURITIES

Listed and Unlisted

### Paul H.Davis & Go.

Members
New York Stock Exchange
New York Curb (Associate)
Chicago Stock Exchange
Chicago Curb Exchange

10 So. La Salle St., CHICAGO

### Chicago Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lou	0	Hig	h
Abbott Laboratories—	119 25 3			S. 1. 1. 1.				
Common (new)	50 1/2	501/8	50 3/8	1,300 250	49¼ 15½	Jan Jan	511/4 17/4 12/4	Jan Jan
Adams (J D) Mfg com* Adams Royalty Co com*	16	16 9%	16 1/8 12	1,250	616	Jan	1216	Jan
Advance Alum Castingsf	10	914	1014	14,850	814	Jan	101	Feb
Allied Products Corp-			1.01	1.17		2.2		
Common10	2014	1914	2014	1,550	18	Jan	2014	Feb
Class A25	22 1/8	221/8	23	850	22 40	Jan Jan	2314	Jan Oct
Altorfer Bros con pref* Amer Pub Serv Co pref. 100	8014	40 1/2 79	40½ 80¼	10 560	70%	Jan	8416	Jan
Armour & Co common5	101/2	916	10%	40,700	7	Jan	47 14 84 14 10%	Feb
Asbestos Mfg Co com1	334	3 1/8	3 1/8	2.550	33%	Jan	4	Jan
Associates Invest Co com. *	55	52 1/2	551/2	1,000 2,250	51	Jan	5516	Feb
Athey Truss Wheel cap4	1514	15 7¾	15%	100	1316	Jan Jan	17 8	Jan
Automatic Products com 5 Automatic Wash conv pref *		5	7¾ 5¼	110	314	Jan	6	Jan
Backstay Welt Co com *		141/2	141/2	50	141/2	Feb	141/2	Feb
Barlow & Seelig Mfg A-	57.052	No see all	10.17	. 81.20				
Common5	18%	1716	1834	600	1716	Jan	18%	Jan
Bastian-Blessing Co com.* Bendix Aviation com*	22 27 34	20½ 26¾	23 3/8 28	6,350 950	19 25	Jan Jan	28	Feb
Berghoff Brewing Co1	1314	1314	13%	2,800	11%	Jan	13%	Jan
Binks Mfg Co cap1	111%	111%	13%	750	914	Jan	14	Jan
Bliss & Laughlin Inc cap.5	351/8	341/2	36 1/2	4,700 250	321/2	Jan	361/2	Feb
Borg Warner Corp com_10		79	80	250	73	Jan	801/2	Jan
Brown Fence & Wire—		1416	15	1,500	13	Jan	15	Jan
Claga A *	15	1414	15 28½	200	27	Jan	281/2	Feb
Class A* Bruce Co (E L) com*	27 3/4	28 1/2 23 1/2	28	3,450	21%	Jan	28	Feb
Butler Brothers10	151/2	14 1/2	16	33,600	13%	Jan	16	Feb
5% conv preferred30	32	30%	32 1/2	3,650	2938	Jan	321/2	Feb
Canal Constr conv pref *	45%	41/8	53/8	6,500	2¼ 51¼	Jan	53/8 62	Jan
Castle (A M) common10 Central Ill Sec—	5934	59	60%	700	31%	Jan	02	Jan
Common1	23/8	2	23%	2,750	15%	Jan	236	Jan
Conv preferred*	18%	15	18%	2,550	15	Jan	19	Jan
Cent Ill Pub Serv pref*	76	76	7734	1,190	7014	Jan	7734	Feb
Central S W—			100	40 500			01/	
Common1	5 1/8	5	5 1/8 107 1/8	13,500	31/8	Jan	110	Jan Jan
Prior lien preferred* Preferred*	71	107	7314	200 280	9814 6114	Jan Jan	77	Feb
Central States Pr & Lt—	11	71	10%	200	0173	Jan		1.00
Preferred*	18%	18	18%	130	15	Jan	2016 68%	Jan
Chain Belt Co com*	65	64	65	50	64	Feb	68%	Jan
Cherry Burrell Corp com. *		77	77	100	72	Jan	77	Feb
Chic City & Con Rys pref .*	;	13%	15/8	400 700	12	Jan Jan	2	Jan
Common* Chicago Corp common*	5 3/8	514	3/8 5 5/8	15,500	478	Jan	516	Jan
Preferred*	46 3/8	46	47	1,250	44 7/8	Jan	4734	Jan
Chicago Elec Mfg A*		24	32	610	2014	Jan	32	Feb
Chicago Flex Shaft com 5	61	60	61	1,050	53	Jan	6214	Jan
Chicago & N W Ry com100	4	4	41/4	250	3%	Jan	478	Jan
Chicago Rys—		11/2	11/2	20	116	Jan	116	Jan
Part etfs "1"100 Part etfs 2100	14	1/4	1/4	20	11/4	Jan	11/2	Jan
Part ctfs 3100	14 1/8	1/8	1/4 1/8	50	1/8	Jan	1/2	Jan
Part ctfs 3100 Part ctfs "4"100	1/8	1/8	1/8	100	1/8	Jan	1/4	Jan
Chic Rivet & Mach can *		32	32	70	2716	Jan	32	Jan
Chicago Towel conv pref.* Chicago Yellow Cab Co*	108	106 26	108 26 5/8	30 250	100 25	Jan Jan	108 27%	Feb
Cities Service Co com*	41/2	43%	478	13,050	41%	Jan	5%	Jan
Club Aluminum Uten Co.*	-/2	2	21/8	300	114	Jan		Feb
Coleman Lp & Stove com *		34	35	50	34	Jan	35	Jan
Commonwealth Edison_100	130	128	130 1/2	450	119	Jan	139	Jan
Compressed Ind Gases cap*	45	43 1/8 9 1/8	91/2	600 850	4314 918	Jan Feb	471/4	Jan
Consolidated Biscuit com_1 Consumers Co—	91/2	0 78	3 72	000	0/8	Ten		
	3/2	1/2	5/8	9,700	3/8	Jan	34	Jan
6% prior pref A100 7% cum. pref100	9	81/2 51/4	9	160	7	Jan	1014	Jan
7% cum. pref100	6	514	6	140	414	Jan	6	Feb
Cord Corp cap stock	51/4	51/8	534	19,450	48	Jan	534	Feb Feb
Crane Co common25 Preferred100	120 1/2	52 ¼ 120	551/8	700 30	11814	Jan Jan	551/8 121	Jan
Cudahy Packing Co pref100	107 16	107 16	108 1	150	1071	Jan	10816	Feb
Cungham Drug Stores 2 1/4	107 1/2	107 14 22 14	2434	2,750	107¼ 21¾	Jan	10814 2434	Feb
Curtis Lighting Inc com*		8	8	60	5	Jan	8/2	Jan
Dayton Rubber Mfg com_*	231/2	231/2	24 3/8	500	1914	Jan	25 31 1/4	Jan
Cum class A pref35	30¾	30¾	311/2	250	303/4	Feb	91 18	Jan
Decker (Alf) & Cohn— Common—————10	10	10	10%	900	10	Feb	11%	Jan
Dexter Co (The) com5		16%	16%	20	161/2	Jan	17 3/5 23 1/2	Jan
Dixie-Vortex Co com*	23 3/8	16 14 22 14	231/2	650	20%	Jan	231/2	Feb
Class A*		4014	40%	100	39	Jan	40%	Jan
Eddy Paper Corp (The) *	321/4	2934	33	2,400	221/2	Jan	33	Feb

	Friday	W- **	<u> </u>	Sales	D	· ·	Tan 1	1027
Stocks (Continued) Par	Last Sale Price	Week's of Pr Low	Range ices High	for Week Shares	Lou		Hig	
Elec Household Util cap 5 Elgin National Watch 15 Fitz Sim & Son(D&D)com* Gardner Denver Co—	11½ 38 18¾	11½ 38 18%	12 38½ 19½	3,450 400 650	10¾ 37¼ 15½	Jan Jan Jan	12 ½ 39 ½ 20	Jan Jan Jan
\$3 cum conv pref20 General Candy Corp A5	59	58 661/2 18	59 66 ½ 18 ¾	330 50 450	58 58¼ 16¾ 45%	Jan Jan Jan Jan	59 67 1834 5	Jan Jan Feb Jan
General Finance Corp comi Gen Household Util— Common———* Godchaux Sugar class A*	4% 8%	4 1/8 7 3/4 48	434 85% 497%	6,710 300	- 7¾ 43	Feb Jan	101/8 50	Jan Jan
Goldblatt Bros Inc com* Great Lakes D & D com*	40 27¾	38 40 271⁄4	38 401/2 285/8	10 400 3,150	29¼ 39¾ 23¾	Jan Jan Jan	38 41 291/2 183/4	Feb Jan Jan
Hall Printing Co com10 Harnischfeger Corp com.10 Helleman Brew Co G cap.1	17 1/8 16 5/8 11	15¾ 15¾ 10¾ 26	18¾ 17⅓ 11 26	3,000 480 2,200 50	14¼ 14 10 26	Jan Jan Jan Feb	17½ 11½ 26	Feb Jan Feb
Heller (W E) pref w w25 Hormel & Co com A* Housaille Hershey B1 Illinois Brick Co cap10 Ill North Util pref100	22 26 %	22 261/4 171/2	22 27 19	100 250 950	20 23 1/8 15 3/4	Jan Jan Jan	23 27 3/8 197/8	Jan Jan Jan
Indep Pheu Tool v t c*	109 84	109 80	109½ 84	160 770	109 80 21	Jan Jan Feb	110 85 221/8	Jan Jan
\$7 preferred*   Iron Fireman Mfg v t c*   Jarvis (W B) Co cap1   Jefterson Electric com*	21 	21 23 1/8 23 48 1/2	21 24 ½ 26 ¾ 51	10 450 11,500 1,300	2378 21 41	Feb Jan Jan	25 1/8 263/8 51	Jan Feb Feb
Katz Drug Co— Common1 Kellogg Switchboard com_*	15 10	14 10	15½ 11	1,900 8,800	14 914	Feb Jan	15 1/8	Jan Feb
Preferred100 Ken-Rad T & Lamp comA* Ky Util jr cum pref50 6% preferred100	23	100 22½ 38⅙ 83	108 25 38¼ 85¼	350 5,250 150 40	96½ 19 36¾ 83	Jan Jan Jan Feb	108 25 14 4338 89	Feb Jan Jan Jan
Kingsbury Brew cap1 La Salle Ext Univ com5 Lawbeck 6% cum pref_100	2 1/8 2 1/4	2 1/8 2 1/4 50	3 2½ 50	1,600 250 70	2¼ 1¾ 40½	Jan Jan Jan	31/4	Jan Jan Jan
Cumulative preferred* Libby McNeil & Libby16	9% 	8 30 13	13 7/8 30 1/2 13 7/8	4,300 70 3,100	28	Jan Jan Jan	137/8 301/2 14	Feb Feb Jan
Lincoln Printing Co— Common * \$3½ preferred * Lindsay Light com 10	11	11 43 4	1178 43 418	1,200 40 300	42	Jan Jan Jan	12½ 45 4¾	Jan Jan Jan
Lon Oil Refining Co com.* Loudon Packing com* Lynch Corp com5	16%	16¾ 5¾ 41	18¼ 6⅓ 41	1,150 4,900 50	16¼ 5¾ 39	Jan Feb Jan	19½ 6% 42	Jan Jan Jan
McCord Rad & Mfg A* McGraw Electric com5 McQuay-Norris Mfg com.* Manhatt-Dearborn com*	47½	45 41% 54½ 3½	48 41½ 54½ 3¾	450 350 10 1,550	41 52	Jan Jan Jan Jan	48 425/8 541/2 41/2	Jan Jan Jan Jan
Mapes Cons Mfg capital.* Marshall Field common* Mer & Mfrs See cl A com.1	21%	23 201/8 61/8	23 22¾ 6¾	8,900 1,500	21½ 19 6½	Jan Jan Jan	23 223/4 63/4	Jan Feb Jan
Prior preferred ** Metropol Indust allot ctfs Mickelberry's Food Prod- Common 1		30 27½ 4½	30 ½ 27 ½ 4 1/8	100 200 4,350	11110	Feb Feb Jan	31 1/2 27 1/2 5	Jan Feb Jan
Middle West Corp cap5 Stock purchase warrants Midland United Co—	1434 7	14%	15½ 7%	22,650 3,800	12 % 5 1/8	Jan Jan	157/8 7%	Jan Jan
Common* Conv preferred A* Midland Util 7% pr lien100 6% prior lien100	11/2 11/2 83/4 83/8	11/4 11/4 7/4 7/8	11/4 12 3/8 9 3/4 9 3/4	7,350 4,300 1,480 1,020	634	Jan Jan Jan Jan	1½ 12¾ 9¾ 9¾	Jan Jan Feb Feb
7% preferred A100 6% preferred A100 Miller & Hart conv pref_ **	4¾ 4¼ 7¾	4 1/4 4 1/4 7 1/4	5 4¼ 8	610 100 760	31/4	Jan Jan Feb	5 81/8 83/8	Feb Jan Jan
Modine Mfg com* Mouroe Chemical Co— Common*	41 9 49½	40 9 49	93% 49½	250 130	40 714 4818	Jan Jan Jan	461/8 10 491/2	Jan Jan Feb
Preferred* Montgm Ward & Co cl A.* Muskegon Motor Spec A.* Nachman Springfilled com*		154 24¾ 21	154 24¾ 21	50 50 250	150 22½ 19	Jan Jan Jan	154 24 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 22	Feb Feb Jan
National Battery Co pref.* Nat Gypsum A n-v com5 National Leather com10 National Pressure Cooker 2	76	31 67 11/8 15 1/8	31 77 21/4 161/2	100 650 1,650 750	29½ 65 1¾ 14¼	Jan Jan Jan Jan	32 77 23/8 161/2	Jan Feb Jan Feb
Natl-Standard Co— Capital stock10	95%	9½ 31½	11 34	1,320	2916	Jan Jan	12 % 34	Jan Feb
National Union Radio com1 Noblitt-Sparks Ind com_ 5 North Amer Car com20 Northwest Bancorpcom*	2½ 55 8½ 14½	2½ 51¾ 7¼ 13¾	3 58 91/8 151/4	1,300 7,600 7,150 12,000	1¼ 39¾ 6¼ 12⅓	Jan Jan Jan Jan	31/8 58 97/8 161/4	Jan Feb Feb Jan
Northwest Eng Co com*	331/8	32 1/2	33¼ 48	420	39	Jan Jan	33¼ 54	Feb Jan
7% preferred 100 7% prior lien pref 100 Oshkosh Overall Common *	15	78 15	80 15 30	190 100 30	70¼ 14¾ 29	Jan Jan Jan	81 15 30	Jan Jan Jan
Convertible preferred* Parker Pen com10 Peabody Coal Co B com5 6% preferred100	28 1/4	30 281/2 21/4 531/2	29¼ 2¼ 54	350 1,150 140	26 21/4 51	Jan Jan Jan	29 1/4 25/8 54	Jan Jan Feb
6% preferred100 Penn Gas & Elec A com* Perfect Circle (The) Co* Pictorial Pap Pkge com5	35 63%	17 35 6%	17¼ 35 6½ 3%	200 100 250	16 1/2 335/8 63/8 28/4	Jan Jan Jan	17 1/2 35 65/8 37/8	Jan Jan Jan
Pines Winterfront com1 Potter Co (The) com1 Prima Co com* Process Corp common*	2 1/2	3¼ 4¼ 2½ 4	51/4 31/8 41/4	10,100 3,700 6,100 100	178	Jan Jan Jan Jan	514 31/2 41/2	Feb Jan Jan
Public Service of Nor III—	0476	92 1/8 93	94 1/8 94 5/8	300 300	85 83	Jan Jan	991 <u>4</u>	Jan Jan
Common 60 6% preferred 10) 7% preferred 100 Quaker Oats Co com * Preferred 100 Rath Packing Co com 100	119¾ 121	121 148¾	119 119¾ 122 149⅓	100 10 500 20	119½ 121 144	Jan Jan Jan Jan	120 122 125 1/2 150	Jan Jan Jan Jan
Raytheon Mig— Common v t c50c	6	32 1/2	32 34	5,900 4,350	32 1/2	Jan Jan	33 7¼	Jan Feb
6% preferred v t c5 Reliance Mfg Co com10 Rollins Hosiery Mills pf_* Sangamo Electric Co*	16 1/2	31	3 32 17 78¼	$1,100 \\ 220 \\ 200$	31 16 70	Jan Jan Jan Jan	36 1/2 19 78 1/4	Feb Jan Jan Feb
Sears Roebuck com* Signode Steel Strap com*	261/4	77½ 27 86 26¼	261/4	1,050 300 50	261/8 831/2 161/2	Jan Jan Jan	283/8 87 27	Feb Jan Jan
Preferred30 Sivyer Steel Castings com * So Bend Lathe Wks cap5 South Colo Pow A com25		33 23½ 21¾ 5½	33 23½ 22¼ 5½	1,050	23½ 19¼	Jan Jan Jan Feb	33¼ 24½ 22½ 7	Jan Jan Jan Jan
South Colo Pow A com_25 South Ge E 7% pref_100 Southw Lt & Pow pref* St Louls Nat Stkyds cap_* Standard Dredge com* Convertible preferred_* Stain & Co (A) com	106 ½ 94	94 82 1/4	106½ 94 82½	30 40 20	104 1/4 92 1/4 81 1/4	Jan Jan Jan	107 95 83 34	Jan Jan Jan
Standard Dredge com* Convertible preferred_* Stein & Co (A) com* Storkline Furn Corp com 10	17 111/4	45/8 17 191/4 11	5¼ 19⅓ 19½ 11¼	1,550 3,550 150 500	41/2	Jan Jan Jan Jan	5½ 19½ 19½ 19½	Jan Feb Feb Jan
Swift & Co25 Sundstrand Mach ToolCo*	32 26 ½ 26	31¾ 26½ 26	32 ¼ 27	1,400 4,200 700	31½ 25½ 24¾	Jan Jan Jan	32 1/8 27 1/2 27	Jan Jan Feb
Thompson (J R) com25 Utah Radio Products com_* Util & Ind Corp5	12 ¼ 3 ⅓ 1 ¾	12 ¼ 3 1 ¾	12 ½ 3¼ 1 ½	250 710 3,250	12 234 114 434	Jan Jan Jan Jan	13 14 3 14 2 6 14	Jan Jan Jan Feb
For footnotes see page	5¾ 912.	5 1/8	61/4	6,450	, 4%	Jani	074	r en

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1 1937					
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr Low	High		Lor	0	Hig	h		
Viking Pump Co— Common ** Preferred ** Wahl Co com ** Walgreen Co common ** Wieboldt Stores Inc com ** Wilsconsin Bankshares com ** Woodall Indust com ** Zenith Radio Corp. com ** Bonds ** Bonds ** Bonds **	41½ 41½ 22 11¼ 8¾ 14¼ 37	38 21½ 10¾ 8¼ 14 36½	24 ½ 40 4 ½ 43 22 12 ¼ 8 ½ 14 ½ 38 ½	90 90 800 3,400 100 1,050 2,150 1,450 4,550	23 39 4 1/3 37 3/4 20 1/4 9 1/4 8 13 32 3/4	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	2414 40 5 43 22 1214 938 1412 3814	Jan Jan Jan Feb Feb Jan Feb Feb		
Chic City Rys 5s1927		771/4	771/4	\$1,000	771/4	Febl	771/4	Feb		

### Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities Members Cleveland Stock Exchange



Telephone GHerry 5050

A. T. & T. GLEV. 565 & 56

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Sale							1937
Stocks— Pa		of Pr Low	High	Week Shares	Lou	, ,	Hig	h
Airway Elec Appl. pref_100	0	29	30	40	22	Jan	331/4	Jan
Akron Brass	*		13	100	125%	Jan	141/8	Jan
Apex Elec Mfg pr pref10	0	96	96	104	96	Jan	100	Jan
City Ice & Fuel	*	20	20	50	20	Jan	20	Jan
Clark Controller	1		38	791	32	Jan	38	Jan
Cleve Cliffs Iron pref	*	891/4	90	1,500	86 1/2	Jan	90 34	Jan
Cleve Ry cets of dep10			58	466	53	Jan	6314	Jan
Cliffs Corp v t c	*	36 1/2	37 1/8	11,915	331/4	Jan	37 1/8	Jan
Commercial Bookbinding	*	33	36	554	30	Jan	36	Jan
Elec Controller & Mfg	*	68	70	40	68	Jan	72	Jan
Elec Controller & Mfg Faultless Rubber	*	27 1/2	28%	85		Jan	30	Jan
Faultless Kubber Federal Knitting Mills Foote-Burt Great Lakes Towing 10	*	47 1/2	49%	40		Jan	49 %	Jan
Footo Purt	*	19	19%	470	1712	Jan	19%	Jan
Crost Tokog Towing 10	0	33	33	20	33	Jan	33	Jan
Halle Bros	5	2814	28 1/2	5		Jan	301/4	Jan
Interlake Steamship	*		58	389			61	Jan
Interiake Steamsurp	*	31	33	456		Jan	49	Jan
Jaeger Machine	*	251/2	261/4	253	2514	Jan	27	Jan
Kelley Isl Lim & Tran Lamson & Sessions		101/		405	9 2	Jan	14	Jan
Lamson & Sessions		121/4	131/4	440		Jan	27	Jan
Leland Electric  McKee (A G) cl B  Medusa Portland Cement		26	27			Jan	4314	Jan
McKee (AG) cl B	1	4234	43	100	40		60	Jan
Medusa Portland Cement	*	531/4	60	1,184		Jan		Jan
Metropolitan Pav Brick		1 6 74	814	583	75/8	Jan	814	Jan
National Refining2	5		814	470	734	Jan	87/8	
National Tile	*		83/8	420	734	Jan	8 1/8	Jan
National Tool5	0]	2	21/8	40		Jan	21/4	Jan
Nestle Le Mur cum cl A	*	2	2	305		Jan	2	Jan
Ohio Brass B	*	46 1/2	481/2	310	44	Jan	481/2	Jan
Packer Corp	*	16	16 1/2	125		Jan	18	Jan
Patterson-Sargent	*	291/2	34	495	261/2	Jan	34	Jan
Peerless Corp	0	± 78	5	3,150	33/4	Jan	5	Jan
Richman	*	53	55	843	53	Jan	56 1/2	Jan
Seiberling Rubber	*	7	7 1/2	230	634	Jan	8	Jan
8% cum pref100	0	451/8	46	84	39	Jan	5934	Jan
SM A Corp	1	17	17 1/2	. 100	171/2	Jan	19	Jan
Union Metal Mfg	*	1814	19	20	15%	Jan	19	Jan
Ungon Welton	11	816	9	390	81/2	Jan	91/4	Jan
Van Dorn Iron	*	91/2	10	1,152	93/8	Jan	. 10	Jan
			14 1/8			Jan	151/2	Jan
Warren Refining	2	5	51/2	485	5	Jan	51/8	Jan
Weinberger Drug Inc	*	171/2	18	233	171/2	Jan	1814	Jan

Members Cincinnati Stock Exchange

Active Trading Markets in

Cincinnati and Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities

### BALLINGER & CO.

UNION TRUST BLDG. CINCINNATI
Phone Cherry 6711—First Boston Wire—Bell Sys. Tel. Cin. 291

Cincinnati Stock Exchange
30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range I	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lou	0	Hig	h
American Laundry Mach20	34	33	34	175	241/2	Jan	331/2	Feb
Burger Brewing*	31/2	31/2	31/2	16	31/4	Jan	31/2	Jan
Burger Brewing* Champ Paper & Fibre*		48	50	70	351/2	Jan	52	Jan
Preferred100		1101/6	1101/2	4	109	Jan	111	Jan
Churngold*		10	11	180	10	Feb	1334	Jan
Cincinnati Ball Crank pref*		6	6	170	51/2	Jan	6	Jan
Cincinnati G & E pref100		106	106	30	106	Feb	108	Jan
Cincinnati Street Ry50		10	103/8	334	81/2	Jan	105/8	Jan
Cincinnati Telephone 50		9634	98	377	9634	Feb	100	Jan
Cincinnati Un Stock Yd*		20	201/4	200	2014	Feb	22	Jan
Dow Drug	81/2	8		45	8	Feb	816	Jan
Eagle-Picher Lead10	0/2	241/6	8½ 25¼	47	201/2	Jan	241/2	Jan
Preferred100			1021/2	2	10212	Feb	1021/2	Feb
Formica Insulation*		21	25	10	21	Jan	25	Jan
Found Investment*	41/4	41/4	41/4	25	414	Feb	41/6	Feb
Gibson Art	3434	343%	35	153	32	Jan	341/2	Jan
Hatfield prior pref12	04/4	5	5	20	5	Jan	51/2	Jan
Dont proformed 100		15	15	20	15	Feb	16	Jan
Part preferred100	47	47	47	10	47	Feb	. 48	Jan
Hobart A	41	11	10	110	10	Feb	111/2	Jan
Kahn com	100	100	100	2	100	Feb	1011/2	Jan
1st preferred100		231/4	231/4	15	221/2	Jan	24	Jan
Kroger*					017	Feb	634	Jan
Leonard*	1071/	614	614	5 50	614			Feb
Little Miami guar 50	1071/4	10714	1071/4		107¼ 31¾	Feb	10714	Jan
Lunkenheimer*		3134	32	20		Feb	33	
Magnavox2.50	41/2	4	41/2	999	234	Jan	41/2	Feb
Moores Coney A*	8	51/2	83/8	1,305	43/4	Jan	83/8	Feb
B*		1	11/4	15	1	Feb	11/4	Jan
National Pumps*		16	161/2	40	101/2	Jan	161/2	Feb
Procter & Gamble*	613/4	6134	6234	47	55%	Jan	651/2	Jan
Randan A		22	22	60	22	Jan	231/2	Jan
B*	101/2	101/2	101/2	. 20	95/8	Jan	111/2	Jan
US Playing Card10	321/2	321/2	321/2	60	311/2	Jan	34	Jan
U S Printing	51/2	43/4	51/2	845	41/2	Jan	6	Jan
Preferred50	1814	17	1814	167	17	Feb	21	Jan

### WATLING, LERCHEN & HAYES

New York Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange

New York Curb Associate Chicago Stock Exchange

**Buhl Building** 

DETROIT Telephone Randolph 5530

Detroit Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's			Range	Since	Jan. 1,	193
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	of Pr Low	High	Shar es	Loz	0	Hig	h
Auto City Brew com1	1%	134	1 7/8	300	134	Jan	17/8	Ja
Baldwin Rubber com1	1316	12	13 1/8	21,578	934	Jan	1376	Fe
Bower Roller Brg com 5	7	7	7	590	634	Jan	7 3/8	Ja
Capital City Prod com *	2116	181/2	211/2	685	15	Jan	211/2	Fe
Consolidated Paper com_10		2114	2114	415	2114	Jan	22	Ja
Crowley, Milner com*		9	9	125	9	Feb	10	Ja
Det & Cleve Nav com10		25%	23/	775	25%	Jan	27/8	Ja
Det Cripple Creek1	1/6	3/2	5/8	1,100	1/2	Jan	5/8	Ja
Detroit Edison com100	143	143	143	73	143	Feb	1451/8	Ja
Det-Mich Stove com1	97/8	91/2	11	4,675	75%	Jan	11	Fe
Det Paper Prod com1			10	740	8′°	Jan	10	Ja
Eureka Vacuum com5			131/4	160	1314	Feb	1314	Fe
Ex-Cell-O Aircraft com 3		25	25	392	20	Jan	25	Fe
Federal Mogul com*	21	21	215%	1,105	1934	Jan	23	Ja
Fed Motor Truck com *	101/8	10	1014	2,955	81/2	Jan	10%	Ja
General Motors com10	67 34	66	67 1/8	6,989	6014	Jan	685%	Ja
Goebel Brewing com1	735	7 3/8	71/2	1.988		Jan		
Graham-Paige com1	4 72	4 78	41/4	2,775	65/8	Jan	7 7/8	Ja
Hall Lamp com*	634	634	7		31/8		43%	Ja
Hoover Ball & Bear com 10	21	20%		760		Jan		Ja
Houdaille-Hershey "B" *			22	4,890	17	Jan	22	Fe
Hudson Motor Con-	27	26%	27	570	263/8	Feb	27	Fe
Hudson Motor Car com_*	22	211/2	23	4,144	1814	Jan	23	Fe
Kresge (S S) Co com10		27 1/2	28	1,264	27 1/2	Feb	2914	Ja
Lakey Fdy & Mach com1	85/8	8	91/4	4,831	614	Jan	91/4	Fe
McAleer Mfg com*	41/4	4	41/4	900	3 1/8	Jan	41/4	Fe
Mich St Tube Prod com 2.50		171/2	17 1/2	320	16	Jan	17 1/2	Fe
Mich Sugar com*	11/4	11/8	11/4	850	11/8	Jan	11/4	Ja
Preferred10	71/4	71/4	71/4	145	71/4	Feb	71/4	Fe
Mid-W Abrasive com50c		41/8	4 3/8	1,340	334	Jan	45/8	Ja
Motor Wheel com5		23 3/8	23 3/8	330	21 5/8	Jan	231/2	Ja
Murray Corp com10	191/2	1914	20 %	2,646	171/8	Jan	203/8	Fe
Packard Motor Car com*	111/2	111%	11%	2,951	101/4	Jan	1134	Fe
Parke-Davis com*	42 1/2	421/2	4434	1,608	421/2	Feb	44 3/4	Fe
Parker Rust-Proof com 2.50	16 1/2	28	28	270	25	Jan	28	Fe
Reo Motor com5	71/4	65%	7 1/2	4,133	. 5	Jan	71/2	Fe
Rickel, H W, com2	4 1/8	4 1/8	5	2,095	434	Jan	5	Ja
River Raisin Paper com*	61/2	614	61/2	2,185	51/2	Jan	634	Ja
Scotten-Dillon com10	34	33	34	586	2936	Jan	34	Fe
Stearns (Fred'k) com*		26	26	100	24	Jan	26	Fe
Timken-Det Axle com10		24 34	2434	220	22 34	Jan	2434	Fe
Tivoli Brewing com1	834	85%	9	4,011	8	Jan	914	Ja
United Shirt Dist com*	11	914	11	1.786	914	Jan	11	Fe
Univ Cooler "A" *	7.5	91/2	91/2	585	834	Jan	916	Fe
"B" *	71/8	71/8	7 3/8	1,578	61/8	Jan	7 1/8	Ja
Walker & Co units *	71/2	714	7 5%	720	7 78	Jan		Fe
Warner Aircraft com1	15%	15/8		1.956	11/2	Jan	75%	
Wayne Screw Prod com4	634	61/8	634	3.100		Jan	134	Ja
Wolverine Brew com1	11		0 74		51/4		7	Ja
		1116	17	1,450	1116	Jan	1714	Ja
Wolverine Tube com*	17	17	17	400	13	Jan	171/8	

# WM. CAVALIER & CO.

MEMBERS
New York Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade
Los Angeles Stock Exch. San Francisco Stock Exch.

523 W. 6th St. Teletype L.A. 290 Los Angeles

### Los Angeles Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales list8

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales   for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par	Price	Low	High		Lor	0	Hig	h
Bandini Petroleum Co1	81/8	71/2	81/2	11,500	634	Jan	91/8	Jar
Barker Bros pref 100	39 5/8	395/8	401/2	145	395/8	Feb	401/2	Feb
Barnhart—Morrow Cons. 1	571/2 C	571/20	65c	4,800	45c	Jan	70c	Jar
Berkey & Gay Furn Co	33/4	33/4	37/8	8,700	25/8	Jan	37/8	Jar
Warrants	21/8	17/8	21/4	4,000	1.20	Jan	21/4	Feb
Bolsa Chica Oil A 10	71/8	7	71/2	2,100	7	Jan	75/8	Jar
Broadway Dept St pref_100	105	104	105	128	104	Jan	106	Jar
Buckeye Union Oil com1	6c	60	8c	3,000	6c	Feb	8c	Feb
Preferred1		12c	13c	2,500	10c	Jan	13c	Feb
Preferred v t c1	12c	12c	13c	5,500	8c	Jan	13c	Fet
California Bank25	50	44	50	300	431/2	Jan	50	Feb
Central Investment100	311/2	311/2	33	150	29	Jan	33	Jan
Chapman's Ice Cream Co.*	4	31/2	4	1,100	27/8	Jan	4	Feb
Citizens Natl T & S Bk 20	41	381/2	44	2,450	3534	Jan	44	Feb
Claude Neon Elec Prod*	111/4	111/4	12	1,600	101/8	Jan	121/4	Jan
Consolidated Oil Corp *	1634	1634	171/8	1,500	16	Jan	171/8	Jan
Consolidated Steel com*	934	5	101/2	81,000	33/8	Jan	101/2	Feb
Preferred **	23	22	2334	4,200	19	Jan	2334	Feb
Creameries of America	63%	63/8	61/2	300	53/8	Jan	61/2	Feb
District Bond Co25	6	6	6	125	51/2	Jan	6	Feb
Emsco Derrick & Equip5	18	18	18	300	18	Jan	19	Jan
Exeter Oil Co A1	721/2c		721/2c	18,200	60c	Jan	721/2c	Jan
Farmers & Mer Natl Bk100	460	460	460	10,200	450	Jan	460	Jan
General Motors Corp 10	683/8	68c	683/8	300	65	Jan	69	Jan
General Paint	1814	1814	1812	200	14	Jan	181/2	Feb
Gladding McBean & Co*	281/2	251/2	2914	1,200	181/2	Jan	2914	
Globe Grain & Mill Co2	10	07%	10%	800	072	Feb	1114	Feb
Goodyear Tire & Rubber_*	343/8	97/3 341/8	347/8	300	97/8 321/8	Jan	3478	
Hancock Oil A com*	235/8	221/2	24	1,900	21	Jan	24	Jan
Holly Development Co1	1.15	1.10	1.20	2,300	85c	Jan	1.25	Feb
Hudson Motor	2234	2284	2234	100	191/2	Jan	22	Jan
Jade Oil Co10c	11c	10c	13c	9,500	8c		13c	Jan
Kinner Airpl & Motor_1c	65c					Jan		Jan
Lincoln Petroleum Corp1	33c	320	67½c	33,100	45c	Jan	721/2	Jan
Lockheed Aircraft Corp1	111/2	111/2	37c	5,200	27c	Jan	42c	Jan
Los Ang G & E 6% pref 100	1071		1134	900	97/8	Jan	121/4	Jan
Los Ang Industries Inc2	1071/2	107	10734	261	107	Feb	110	Jan
Los Ang Industries Inc2	57/8 97/8		57/8	42,300	43/4	Jan	57/8	Feb
Los Ang Investment Co_10		734	10	4,800	71/4	Jan	10	Feb
Mascot Oil Co1	97½c	871/2 c	971/2c	5,100	80c	Jan	97½c	Feb
Menasco Mfg Co1	414	41/8	41/4	1,200	35/8	Jan	43/4	Jan
Merchants Petroleum Co. 1	50c	45c	'50c	300	40c	Jan	50c	Jan
Mt Diablo Oil Min & Dev_1	77½c	70c	80c	1,450	70c	Jan	80c	Feb
National Funding	1214	121/4	121/4	200	12	Jan	121/2	Jan
Nordon Corp5	. 30c	30c	32c	4,600	18c	Jan	40c	Jan
Occidental Pet Corp1	75c	70c	80c	23,450	45c	Jan	80c	Feb
Oceanic Oil Co	1.40	1.10	1.45	19,554	70c	Jan	1.45	Feb

1		Friday Last Sale	Week's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1	1937
1	Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lor	7	Hth	g
1	Olinda Land Co1	18e	18c	18c	4,000	18c	Jan	20c	Jan
١	Pacific Clay Products*	173/8	15½ 30¾	18	1,700	12	Jan	18	Feb
1	Pacific Finance Corp 10	311/6	3034	311/4	1,400	30½ 31½	Jan	32	Jan
I	Pacific G & E 6% 1st pf_25	321/4	32 1/4	321/4	100	317%	Jan	3214	Jan
1	Pacific Indemnity Co10	3214	331/	34	1 200	29	Jan	34	Feb
١	Pacific Lighting Corp *	48%	48%	49	7,300	48%	Feb	521/2	Jan
1	Pacific Western Oil*	233/8 113/8	233/8	233/8	100	233/8	Feb	26	Jan
1	Republic Petroleum Co1	113/8	11	121/4	15,000	9	Jan	121/4	Feb
١	Rice Ranch Oil Co1	33c	33c	33c	600	33c	Jan	33c	Jan
1	Roberts Public Market	8	8	23/4	800	8	Feb	93/8	Jan
1	Ryan Aero	25/8	25/8	23/4	900	23/8	Jan	93/8	Jan
ı	Samson Corp B com*	1.00	1.00	1.00	315	1.00	Feb	1.00	Feb
1	Samson Corp6% pfd ann_10	41/8	31/2 171/2	41/8	1,450	3	Jan	41/8	Feb
١	Sangabriel River Imp	171/2	171/2	171/2	100	17½ 45½	Feb	171/2	Feb
١	See Co units of ben int*	541/2	511/2	56	1,009	451/2	Jan	56	Feb
١	Security-First Nati BK20	561/2	54	571/2	2,250	231/2	Jan	501/2	Jan
ı	Signal Oil & Gas A com*	44	44	44	300	36	Jan	44	Feb
١	Sontag Drug Stores	127/8	12½ 29¾	13	600	12½ 29¼	Feb	14½ 32¼	Jan
١	Sou Calif-Edison Co25	2934	29%	301/4	1,100	2914	Jan	3214	Jan
1	Orig preferred25	41	40	41	140	40	Jan	41	Jan
i	6% preferred25	285/8 271/8	28½ 27½	2834	800	2813	Feb	2914	Jan
ı	5½% preferred25 Sou Cos Gas 6% pref_100 Southern Pacific Co100	10814	1001/	27½ 108¼	1,300	281/2	Jan	28	Jan
1	Southorn Bookin Co. 100	4914	10814 4784	4914	10	107%	Jan	10814	Jan
1	Standard Oil of Calif*	481/2	4614	4417	500	45	Jan	4914	Feb
1	Sunray Oil Corp	45%	45/8	441/2	3,500	435/8	Jan	4812	Feb
١	Superior Oil Corp	51	4334	53	3,700	421/8	Jan	47/8	Jan
١	Taylor Milling Corp*	23	23	23	7,200	4314	Jan	53	Feb
١	Transamerica Corp*	17	161/8	171/2	17,900	211/2	Jan	231/2	Jan Jan
ı	Union Bank & Trust Co.50	152	152	152	55	150	Jan	17½ 155	Jan
1	Union Oil of Calif25	27	261/	281/8	14,800	2586	Jan Jan	281/8	Feb
ı	Universal Cons Oil Co_10	151/2	26¼ 13¼	16	6,300	25% 11½	Jan	16	Feb
ł	Weber Showese & Fix pf *	8	8	Q	160	8	Feb	8	Feb
ı	Wellington Oll Co1	10%	101/6	113%	3,000	101/2	Jan	117/8	Jan
ı	Western Air Express Corp1	107/8 91/8	10½ 9½	91/8	100	9	Jan	10	Jan
I			1.65	1	-00			•	
ı	Mining-	~-		4.2	3 3 3 3 4 4		100		
١	Blk Mammoth Cons M 10c	25c	240	25c	400	20c	Jan	25c	Jan
1	Calumet Gold Mines Co10c	2½c	2½c	2½c	2,000	2c	Jan	3c	Jan
١	Cardinal Gold Mining1	70c	70c	70c	2,910	671/2c	Jan	721/20	Jan
ı	Imperial Development_25c	5c	4½c	5c	43,500	216c	Jan	51/2 c 21/2 c	Jan
١	Oatman Rainbow Gd M10c	2c	2c	2c	4,000	10	Jan	21/2 C	Jan
ı	Prince Cons Mining Co 10c	55c	55c	55c	500	9712c	Jan	1.00	Jan
١	Tom Reed Gold Mines1 Zenda Gold Mining1	38c 12c	38c 12c	41c	10,400	38c	Feb	48c	Jan
١	Zenua Gold Mining	120	120	13c	4,000	11c	Jan	15c	Jan
1	Unlisted—	29	00	001	000		_		1
ŀ	Amer Rad & St Sanitary	18234	29	291/4	200	251/8	Jan	291/4	Feb
ı	Amer Tel & Tel Co100	814	182% 814	184	308	182	Jan	1871/2	Jan
ľ	Aviation Corp (Del.)5	105%	105%	814	200	634	Jan	1871/2	Jan
١	Baldwin Locomotive Cities Service Co	45/8	45/8	105/8	200	814	Jan	10 %	Jan
l	Commonwealth & Southern	33/8	33/8	338	600	\$ 23%	Jan	51/2	Jan
l		534	53/	53/	200	078	Feb	41/8	Jan
l	Cord Corp5 Curtiss-Wright Corp1	71/8	534 71/8	534 714	100 500	5	Jan	534	Feb
ı	General Electric Co	625/8	6954	655%	100	65/8 625/8	Jan	8	Jan
١	Int Tel & Tel Corp	1216	121/2	1212	200	1214	Feb Jan	625%	Feb
١	North Amer Aviation Inc. 1	12½ 15%	1514	$12\frac{1}{2}$ $16\frac{1}{8}$	900	1312	Jan	1716	Jan
١	Packard Motor Car Co	111/2	151/2	1114	2,000	1014	Jan	111/2	Jan
1	Radio Corp of America	113/8	113%	111/8	1,100	11	Jan	125%	Jan
1	Seaboard Oil of Del	16	1578	16	100	151/2	Jan	16	Jan
١	Tide Water Assoc Oil	211/2	211/2	211/6	100	203/8	Jan	211/2	Feb
۱	United Corp (Del)	7	7	21½ 7¾ 96¼	300	7	Jan	83/8	Jan
		961/4	9614	961/	200	9614	Feb	9614	Feb
١	U S Steel Corp	1514	1514	1514					

# DeHaven & Townsend Members New York Stock Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange PHILADELPHIA 1513 Walnut Street

NEW YORK

Philadelphia Stock Exchange
Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales list

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par		Low High	Shares	Lor	0	Hig	h
American Stores*	25%	25% 261/8	916	233/8	Jan	261/2	Ja
American Tel & Tel100	1831/8	1827/8 1841/8	916	1815%	Jan	1781/8	Ja
Baldwin Locomotive	87/8	878 11	605	8%	Jan	11	Ja
Bankers Securities pref50	401/8	878 11 3958 42	1,040	38	Jan	42	Fe
Barber Co10		38% 39%	30	357/8	Jan	40	Ja
Bell Tel Co of Pa pref100		123 12414	345	121%	Jan	1241/4	Ja
Budd (E G) Mfg Co*	127/8	123/4 137/8	1,745	121/4	Jan	143%	Ja
Budd Wheel Co*	105/8	1 108% 108%	275	95/8	Jan	113%	Ja
Chrysler Corp5		122% 128%	378	11078	Jan	12878	Fe
Curtis Pub Co com*		18% 19%	501	185%	Jan	201/8	Ja
Electric Storage Battery 100		413/8 421/8	635	413/8	Feb	443/8	Ja
General Motors10		661/8 683/8	3,614	605/8	Jan	69	Ja
Gimbel Bros com*	251/8	221/8 253/4	130	211/2	Jan	2534	Ja
Horn & Hard (N Y) com.*		401/2 41	125	39	Jan	41	Fe
Preferred100		111 111	10	110	Jan	112	Ja
Lehigh Coal & Navigation*		12 121/8	161	10	Jan	131/2	Ja
Lehigh Valley50		181/ 19	201	171/2	Jan	195%	Ja
Mitten Bank Sec Corp 25		2 1/8 \$\ 3\\\2\\2\\4\\4\\4\\4\\12\\4\\13\\4\\4\\4\\12\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4\\4	142	27/8	Jan	4	Ja
Preferred25	41/8	31/21 41/4	1.989	31/2	Jan	41/2	Ja
Natl Power & Light*		1234 1314	288	111/2	Jan	1478	Ja
Pennroad Corp v t c1	47/8	45/8 \$ 51/8	6,942	41/2	Jan	51/8	Ja
Pennsylvania RR 50		411/6 428/	2,227	395%	Jan	431/8	Ja
Penna Sal Mfg50	2222	167½ 167¾ 115¾ 117½	108	16434	Jan	17014	Ja
Phila Elec of Pa \$5 pref *	115%	115% 1171/2	252	11478	Jan	11712	Fe
Phila Elec Power pref 25		35 35%	1,106	3484	Jan	351/2	Ja
Phila Rapid Transit 50		65% 784	443	534	Jan	73/8	Fe
7% preferred50	12	125% 133%	215	1178	Jan	1378	Ja
Phila & Rd Coal & Iron *		234 31/8	410	214	Jan	31/8	.Fe
Philadelphia Traction 50	161/4	143/8 161/4	535	1278	Jan	16	Fe
Reo Motor Car Co5		65/8 73/8	645	478	Jan	73/8	Fe
Salt Dome Oil Corp1	181/2	18 19	2,444	16	Jan	20	Ja
Scott Paper new*		401/8 42	58	x38	Jan	451/2	Ja
Sun Oil Co*		75% 761/4	131	741/4	Jan	7678	Ja
Tacony-Palmyra Bridge*	321/2	30% 3216	187	3014	Jan	321/2	Fe
Conopah-Belmont Devel_1		3,6 1/	600	116	Jan	916	Ja
Tonopah Mining1		13% 11%	715	11/4	Jan	13/4	Ja
Jnion Traction50	6	53/8 63/8	2,980	434	Jan	63/8	Fe
Jnited Corp com*	7	676 716	1,458	65/8	Jan	81/2	Ja
Preferred*	451/4	4514 4534	462	4378	Jan	465%	Ja
Inited Gas Imp[com*	151/8	15 155%	8,771	1434	Jan	171/8	Ja
Preferred*	1123/8	112 1131/2	174	1113/8	Jan	11414	Ja
West Jersey & Seashore_50		66 66	5	66	Feb	661/2	Ja
Westmoreland Coal*		101/8 101/4	33	73/8	Jan	1014	Fe
Bonds-							
Elec & Peoples tr ctis 4s'45			\$11,000	111/2	Jan	161/8	Fe
Small bonds		13% 13%	1,000	1334	Feb	13%	Fe
Peoples Pass tr ctfs 4s_1934		191/2 191/2	5,000	191/2	Feb	191/2	Fe
Phila Elec Pow 51/281972		1111/8 111 1/8	1,000	1101/8	Jan	1111/8	Fe

For footnotes see page 912

Range Since Jan. 1, 1937

### H. S. EDWARDS & CO.

Members | Pittsburgh Stock Exchange (Associate) | New York Curb Exchange (Associate) | UNION BANK BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA. Tel. Court-6800 | A. T. & T. Tel. Pitb-391 | 120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Specialists in Pittsburgh Listed and Unlisted Stocks and Bonds

### Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 15, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales i for Week?	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hi	7h
Arkansas Nat Gas Corp		10	11	600	175/8	Jan	11	Feb
Armstrong Cork Co		6516	683/8	270	6078	Jan	683/8	Feb
Blaw-Knox		26	2712	1,830	23	Jan	2712	Feb
Carnegie Metals Co	31/4	27/8	314	22,950	1.234	Jan	31/2	Feb
Rights	1 1000	30c	40c	23,185	30c	• Feb	40c	Feb
Clark (D L) Candy Co	75/8	634	756	1,875	516	Jan	75/8	Feb
Columbia Gas & Elec		173%	75/8 181/8	555	1786	Feb	2012	Jan
Consol Ice Co com	13/4	13%	134	25	\$ 182	Feb	134	Feb
Crandall Mck & Hend		1212	1216	* 25	17% 17% 134 1214	Feb	14	Jan
Devonian Oil	2034	19	121/2 203/4	1.908	1834	Jan	2034	Feb
Duquesne Brewing Co	2334	22	2412	1,702	118	Jan	2412	Feb
Electric Products		1034	1312	685	10	Jan	1312	Feb
Follansbee Bros pref	4416	142	50	1,820	31	Jan	50	Feb
Fort Pittsburgh Brewing	/2	W 11/6	11/8	3,950	1	Jan	11/4	Jan
Harb-Walker Refrac com		\$ 5514	5678	230	# 511/8	Jan	5678	Feb
Koppers Gas & Coke pf_100	1091/2	10812	10012	69	1061/2	Jan	1091	Feb
Lone Star Gas Co	200/2	13	1314	1,023	1134	Jan	1418	Jan
Mckinney MigiCo	216	121/2	21/2	4 480	134	Jan	278	Jan
Mesta Machine Co	-/2	6038	6514	480 262	5878	Jan	6514	Feb
Mountain Fuel Supply Co.	101/4	1014	11	2,527	73%	Jan	1278	Jan
Nat Fireproofing Corp com	818	818	81/2	2,119	77 784	Jan	834	Jan
Penn-Federal Corp	0/8	29	29	10	29	Jan	29	Jan
Phoenix Oil common		15c	15c	1,500	7c	Jan	25c	Jan
Pittsburgh Brewing Co	8	63/4	81/2	2,833	31/8	Jan	81/2	Jan
Preferred	2.000	4478	46	270	35	Jan	46	Feb
Pittsburgh Forgings		24	2614	951	1834	Jan	2614	Feb
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	and the second	14314	1471	133	12514	Jan	14714	Feb
Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt		177	1812	1,569	1314	Jan	1812	Feb
Pittsburgh Steel & Fdy		27	29	905	#20	Jan	30	Jan
46 Preferred	and the street of the state of	94	95	35	90	Jan	95	Jan
Plymouth Oil Co		2534	261/8	107	2434	Jan	261/8	Jan
Plymouth Oil Co Renner Brewing Co 1	21/8	2	21/8	4,400	15%	Jan	214	Jan
Killing MTg Co		185%	1834	155	1813	Jan	19	Jan
San Toy Mining Co		3c	4c	4,500	2c	Jan	4c	Jan
Shamrock Oil & Gas	71/6	71/4	734	4,409	61/8	Jan	73/4	
Preferred	15	15	15	401	14	Jan	15	Jan
Preferred_ United Engine & Fdy	10	48	5414	1,590	475%	Jan	541/4	Feb
United States Glass Co		4	4	335	21/2	Jan	4	Jan
Vanadium Alloy Steel	4014	147	401/	185	45	Jan	4914	Jan
Victor Brewing Co	112	95c	114	6.300	95c	Jan	11/4	Feb
Waverly Oil class A.	174	514	51/2	104	3	Jan	678	Jan
Westinghouse Air Brake		5½ 425/8	563/8	748	425%	Feb	563%	Feb
Westinghouse El & Mig 50		16014	16434	104	14718	Jan	16478	Jan
Unlisted—		100%	104%	104	12178	Jan	104/8	Jan
Pennroad Corp v t c *		41/2	5	158	41/2	Jan	51/2	<b>F</b> Jan
Bonds— Pittsburgh Brewing 6s 1949		110	110	\$1,000	1081/2	Jan	110	Feb

# ST. LOUIS MARKETS

I. M. SIMON & CO.

Business Established 1874

Enquiries Invited on all

Mid-Western and Southern Securities

MEMBERS

New York Stock Exchange New York Curb (Associate)

St. Louis Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade

315 North Fourth St. St. Univ. Mo. 315 North Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo.

### St. Louis Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week	Range I	Jan. 1,	, 1937	
Stocks— Par	price	Low	High	Shares	Lou		Hig	h
American Inv com*		34	341/2	130	301/2	Jan	341/2	Feb
Conv preferred25		33	33	10	30	Jan	33	Feb
Brown Shoe common*	481/4	48	4816	120	471/2	Jan	49	Jan
Burkart Mfg com (new)1	36	341/2	481/2 363/8	884	33	Jan	37	Jan
** Preferred **	311/2	311/2	32	68	311/2	Jan	32	Feb
Central Brew Inc com5		416	41/2	50	4	Jan	41/2	Jan
Coca-Cola Bottling com1	135	118	130	283	113	Jan	135	Feb
Chic & So Airlines pref 10	-00	8	81/2	160	71/4	Jan	81/2	Feb
Dr Pepper common*	35	3434	3514	693	25	Jan	3512	Jan
Ely & Walker D G com.25		301/2	31	380	271/2	Jan	31	Feb
Emerson Electric pref. 100		111	115	419	103	Jan	115	Feb
Falstaff Brew com1	93/8	93%	934	395	8	Jan	1014	Jan
Griesedieck West Br com.*	331/6	321/2	331/2	597	32	Jan	34	Jan
Hamilton-Brown Shoe com*		4		1,261	33/8	Jan	47/8	Feb
Hussmann-Ligonier com.*	183%	17	183/8		1614	Jan	18	Jan
Huttig S & D com*	18%		18%8	965	13	Jan	2034	Feb
Huda Pressed Brief com 100	201/4	173/4	2034	1,624			20%	
Hydr Pressed Brick com 100	3	13	314	280	31/4	Feb	33/8	Jan
Preferred100		13	151/8	360	13	Jan	151/8	Feb
Hyde Park Brew com10	******	17%	1814	347	17%	Feb	1814	Feb
International Shoe com*	481/4	481/8	481/2	236	48	Jan	491/2	Jan
Johansen Shoe com*		. 8	8	50	7	Jan	. 8	Feb
Key Co common*		14%	151/2	385	12	Jan	151/2	Feb
Knapp Monarch com*	30	27	30	50	231/2	Jan	27	Feb
Lacl-ChristyClayProdcom*		20	20	235	143/4	Jan	20	Feb
Laclede Steel com20	291/4	261/2	291/2	2,815	24	Jan	291/2	Feb
Meyer Blanke com*		15	16	30	15	Feb	161/2	Jan
Mo Portl Cement com25	245/8	241/2	251/2	868	1734	Jan	251/2	Feb
Nat Bearing Metals com_*	49	49	49	75	49	Feb	51	Jan
Preferred100	114	114	114	100	1121/4	Jan	114	Feb
Nat Candy common *	13	123/4	13	230	121/2	Jan	13	Feb
2d preferred100		100	100	30	100	Feb	100%	Jan
Nat Oats common*		29	29	25	271/2	Jan	29	Jan
Rice-Stix Dry Gds com *	2	10%	11	215	101/2	Jan	121/4	Jan
St L Bk Bldg Equip com*	73/8	67/8	73/8	1,580	5	Jan	73/8	Feb
St Louis Car common10	.,,	15	1514	155	111/4	Jan	16	Jan
Preferred100		85	85	11	81	Jan	90	Jan
St. L Pub Serv pref "A" _ *		4	4	10	3	Jan	4	Jan
Scruggs-V-B D G com25		16	16	32	121/2	Jan	171/2	Jan
Preferred100	20.00 CO 00000000000000000000000000000000	90	90	55	90	Feb	90	Feb
Scullin Steel pref*	21	201/8	22	1,565	19	Jan	233/4	Jan
Securities Inv com*	56	56	56	10	51	Jan	56	Feb
Southw Bell Tel pref_100		1251/8		144	1221/2	Jan	1251/2	Feb
Stix, Baer & Fuller com. 10	14078	13	13	45	1212	Jan	135/8	Jan
Wagner Electric com 15	45	421/2	45	3,765	39	Jan	45	Feb
For factuated see page		7472	40	0,700	00	Acti	10	200

	. 12	Last Week's Range		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1 193			
Bonds-	Par			High	8	Lot	0	High .
Nat Bearing Metals (	3s 1947 1941		107¼ 93⅓	107¼ 94¼	1,000 29,000		Feb Jan	107¼ Feb

## DEAN WITTER & Co.

MUNICIPAL AND CORPORATION BONDS Private Leased Wires

Members: New York Stock Exchange, San Francisco Stock Exchange, Chicago Board o New York Curb Exchange (Asso.), San Francisco Curb Exchange, Honolulu Stock Ex-San Francisco Seattle Tacoma Portland New York Honolulu Los Angeles Oakland Sacramento Stockton Fresno Beverly Hills Pasadena Long Beach

### San Francisco Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists Friday
Last Week's Range for
Sale of Prices Week
Price Low High Shares

1		Sale	of Pr		Week	number :	ounce o	ran. 1, 1	1001
2	Stocks Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lou	1	High	3
5	Anglo Calif Nat Bk of S F 20	30	26	30 1/2	3,027	231/8	Jan	301/2	Jan
0	Assoc Insur Fund Inc10	614	614	6 5%	759	576	Jan	634	Jan
3	Atlas Imp Diesel Eng Co_5	23 1/8	231/8	6 % 24 ½	1,209	1936	Jan	241/2	Jan
í	Bank of California N A_80	201	201	202 1/2	7 670	194 %	Jan Jan	2021/2	Jan Jan
)	Bishop Oil Co Byron Jackson Co*	285%	7½ 28¼	291/	7,670 1,115	21 1/2	Jan	291/2	Jan
2	Calamba Sugar_com20	31	31	31 1/2	275	30 3/4	Jan	31%	Jan
1	Byron Jackson Co* Calamba Sugar com20 7% preferred20 Calaveras Cement Co com*	2214	22¼ 9¾	$\frac{22 \frac{1}{4}}{11 \frac{3}{4}}$	100 989	734	Jan Jan	22¼ 11¾	Jan Jan
0	California-Engels Mining_1	11 3/4	3/4	7/8	2,100	1/2	Jan	1 1/6	Jan
1	Calif Cotton Mills com_100	411/	3934	411/2	840	35	Jan	41 16	Feb
i	California Packing Corp* Calif Water Service pref100	43¾ 104¾	43¾ 104⅓	48 ½ 104 %	4,790	43½ 104	Jan	48 1/4 105 1/4	Feb Jan
1	Caterpillar Tractor* Claude Neon Elec Prods*	991/4	981/8	991/4	498	87	Jan	991/4	Feb
1	Claude Neon Elec Prods*	111/2	111/2	1214	1,132	10	Jan	1214	Jan
0	Cst Cos G & E 6% 1stpf100 Consol Chem Indus A*	103¾ 37¼	10334	103¾ 37¼	440	102 1/2 35	Jan Jan	105 38	Jan Jan
2	Creameries of Amer Inc. *	6 1/2	63/8	61/2	1,375	5 1/8	Jan	51/2	Jan
2	Crown-Willamette pref *	114	11111/8	114 23 1/8	248 4,217	110	Jan	114 241/8	Feb Jan
1	Crown Zellerbach v t c* Preferred A*	22 3/8 112 1/2	1101/8	113	175	109 12	Jan Jan	115	Jan
1	Preterred B*	113	111	113	35	109	Jan	115	Jan
1	Di Giorgio Fruit com10	101/2	10	101/2	489	93/8	Jan	11	Jan
1	\$3 preferred* Eldorado Oil Works*	46 261/2	26	46 ½ 26 ¾	3,659	22	Jan	461/2	Feb Jan
1	Emporium Capwell Corp_*	231/8	231/8	231/2	1,334	211/2	Jan	23 1/8	Jan
5	Emsco Derrick & Equip_5	17 3/4	1734	181/4	800	1734	Jan	1814	Feb Jan
i	Ewa Plantation Co20 Fireman's Fund Indem_10	40	60 40	60 40	75 111	60 39	Jan	39	Jan
1	Fireman's Fund Insur25	94	92 7/8	96	180	921/4	Jan	961/8	Jan
2	Food Mach Corp com 10	52	52	53½ 4%	595 870	47 3/4	Jan Jan	55	Jan Jan
5	Foster & Kleiser com2½ A preferred25	201/2	20	201/2	870 140	17 5%	Jan	21	Feb
1	Galland Merc Laundry *	391/2	39	39 1/2	175	36 1/2	Jan	39	Jan
1	General Motors com10	67	66	683/8	1,729	61%	Jan	681/2	Jan Feb
	General Paint Corp com* Preferred*	18 39½	391/2	181/2	6,129 1,379	14 1/8 36 1/4	Jan	40	Jan
b	Gladding-McRean & Co *	281/2	25%	291/2	3,553	181/2	Jan	2914	Feb
. 1	Golden State Co Ltd * Hale Bros Stores Inc *	7 3/4 20 3/8	7 3/4 20 3/8	81/4 203/8	3,284 220	7	Jan Jan	21	Jan Jan
	Hancock Oil Co*	20 % 23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	100	221/4	Jan	231/2	Feb
П	Hawaiian Pineapple5	51	51	51	522	481/2	Jan	51	Feb
	Home F & M Ins Co10	42 351/4	42 35	42 35¾	185 2,725	40 341/2	Jan Jan	3614	Jan Jan
	Honolulu Oil Corp Ltd* Hudson Motor Car Co* Hunt Bros A com10	23	23	23	100	23	Jan	23	Jan
	Hunt Bros A com10	31/8	3 7/8	43/8	2,600	3	Jan	4 3/8	Feb
	Preferred10 Langendorf Utd Bak A*	75/8 151/4	7¼ 15¼	7 1/8 15 1/2	2,165 210	13%	Jan Jan	7 1/8 16 1/8	Feb Jan
	B*	41/2	414	41/2	370	31/4	Jan	45%	Jan
	Leslie-Calif Salt Co*	401/2	401/4	42	1.125	3814	Jan	42	Feb
	LeTourneau (R G) Inc1 Libby McNeil & L com*	42 13¼	40¾ 13¼	44 1/2	4,238 873	331/4	Jan Jan	45 14	Jan Feb
	Lockheed Aircraft1	111%	111/2	117/	1,929	978	Jan	12	Jan
	Los Ang G & E pref100	107 1/2	107	107 16	174	107	Jan	109 1/2 2 3/8	Jan
	L.vong_Magning Inc B *1	23%	21/8	23/8 47/8	700 10,880	238	Jan	5 2 3/8	Jan Feb
2	I Magnin & Co com*	. 22	22	22	210	22	Feb	23	Jan
	Magnavox Co Ltd 2½ I Magnin & Co com * 6% preferred 100	107 1/2	1071/2	107 ½ 25¾	5	108	Jan	108	Jan
	Marchant Cal Mach com_5 Market St Ry com100	25½ 38½	23 3/4 38 1/2	25¾ 38½	12,260 100	22 ¾ 36	Jan	2534	Feb Jan
8	Nat Automotive Fibres*	37	37	39	1,330	341/4	Jan	39	Jan
	Natomas Co*	1234	12	12 78	5,540	12	Jan	12 7/8	Feb
	No Amer Inv com100	24 98	98	24 98	10 10	23½ 98	Jan Jan	25 981/2	Jan Jan
	6% preferred100 North Amer Oil Cons10	15%	14 3/8	151/2	6,745	1334	Jan	151/2	Feb
- 1	Occidental Ins Co10 Oliver United Filters "A"_*	30	30	31	105	30 1/2	Jan	32	Jan
b	Oliver United Filters "A"_*	251/2	25½ 10	26 10¾	884 1,612	93/8	Jan Jan	26 1/4 11 1/8	Jan Jan
a	Pacific Amer Fisheries 5	201/8	2034	201/8	320	201/2	Jan	22 5%	Jan
n	Pacific Can Co*	18	15%	181/2	2,307	16	Jan	181	Jan
b	Pacific G & E com25 6% 1st preferred25	34 1/8 32 1/8	34 31 1/4	35 321/4	3,487 2,548	34 31 %	Feb Feb	38 32 3/8	Jan Jan
6	6% 1st preferred25 51/2% preferred25	29	31 1/8 28 1/8	29	743	31 5/8 28 1/2	Jan	2914	Jan
6	Pac Lighting Corp com * 6% preferred*	481/2	4812	50	1,624	49%	Jan	53 1/2	Jan
6		1061/4	106 14	107	1,730	105 5/8	Jan Feb	107 8 3/8	Jan Jan
b	Preferred*	7 1/8 22 1/8	22 7/8	2334	1,969	7 ½ 22 ½ 148 ¼	Jan	24	Jan
a	Pac Tel & Tel com100	148¼ 147½	14814	150 1/8	114	14814	Feb	152 1/2	Jan
a b	Preferred ** Pac Tel & Tel com ** Pac Tel & Tel com ** Pac Tel & Tel com ** Preferred ** Preferr	85	7 ½ 22 ½ 148 ¼ 147 ½ 82 ¾ 108	147 ½ 85	1,323	147 75½	Jan Jan	150 85	Jan Feb
n i	Preferred100	108	108	108	30	104	Jan	108	Feb
b	Phillips Petroleum*	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	102 1,200	511/4	Jan Jan	54 1/2 5 1/2 18 3/8	Feb Jan
0	Pig'n Whistle pref* Ry Equip & Realty com* 6%	1734	178/	17 34	661	161/2	Jan	183%	Jan
6	6%100	88	87 1/2 59 3/4	1734 88	225	87	Jan	89 3/8	.Jan
0	Rainier Pulp & Paper com * "B"*	5934 5758	59 34	60	280 670	50 46	Jan Jan	66	Jan Jan
6	Republic Petroleum1	115%	57 1/2 10 1/8	12 ¼ 1 1 1/8	8,690	9	Jan	62 ½ 12 ½ 1 ½	Feb
0	Sahlag'gor & Song DE aom*	115/8	1	17/8	1,000	7/8	Jan	11/8	Jan
0	Preferred 100 Shell Union Oil com * Preferred 100 Signal Oil & Gas Co "A" * Soundview Pulp Co 100 Southern Peailin Co 100	11¾ 29⅓	291/8	11 3/4 29 1/8	35 261	27 5/8	Feb Jan	2014	Jan Jan
1	Preferred100	105	105	105	100	103	Jan	104 1/2	Jan
b	Signal Oil & Gas Co "A".*	42%	4234	44 1/2 150 1/2	1.909	3616	Jan	104 ½ 44 ½ 150 ½ 50 ¾	Feb
2	Southern Pacific Co. 100	150½ 48	149 48	491/8	1,740 1,798	106 1/8 43 1/2	Jan	50 %	Jan Jan
0	So Pac Golden Gt "A"*	13/8	13/8	13/8	* 100	11/4	Jan	174	Jan
1	Standard Oil Co of Calif*	4734	46	48%	8,239 250	431/2	Jan Jan	4834	Feb Jan
1	Super Mold Corp of Calif 10 Telephone Inv Corp*	18 ½ 46	181/2	18 ½ 46	250	42	Jan	42	Jan
)	Telephone Inv Corp* Thomas-Allec Corp "A"* Tide Water Ass'd Oil com.* 6% preferred100 Transamerica Corp*	4	334	4	500	3	Jan	4	Jan
1	Tide Water Ass'd Oil com. *	211/8	1 20 1/8	21%	2,598	2014	Jan	21 5/8	Jan
1		105½ 17	105 1/2	106 17½	317 60,099	104 1/2	Jan Jan	107 17 1/2 28 1/4	Jan Jan
n	Union Oil Co of Call25	97	96	2814	16,475	251/2	Jan	2814	Feb
2	Union Sugar Co com25	23½ 15%	22 5/8 13	24 161/8	1,336 14,855	21 1/2	Jan Jan	24 161/8	Jan Feb
3	Universal Consol Oil10 Waialua Agricultural Co 20	731/4	731/4	731/4	25	68	Jan	75	Jan
)	Wells Fargo Bk & U T_100	350	34934	350	60	312	Jan	350	Feb
,	Western Pipe & Steel Co.10 Yel Checker Cab Co "A" 50	39 60	38 1/8 60	40 61	2,542 100	34 1/4 59 1/2	Jan Jan	40 64	Jan Jan
-	TO CHOCKER CAD CO A 001		1 00	71	100	0072	0411	.0.2	
_									
							-	1.	-



## STRASSBURGER & CO.

(Since 1880)

York Stock Exchange—San Francisco Stoci an Francisco Curb Exchange—Chicago de—New York Curb Exchange (Associate) Direct Private Wire

### San Francisco Curb Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Week	Range Since	
Alleghnay Corp. Amer Rad Stand Sanitary. American Tel & Tel	17½ 51½ 8¾	Zow High 4 4 4 29½ 29½ 29½ 183 184½ 78c 82c 14¼ 14¼ 54 54 23½ 27 10½ 11½ 9½ 12½ 17½ 17% 8¼ 8½ 11½ 13 11½ 13 11½ 13	100 50 353	4 Jan 26 ½ Jan 182 Jan 182 Jan 184 Feb 53 Jan 22 ¼ Jan 10 ¼ Jan 7 ¾ Jan 16 ¾ Jan 6 ¾ Jan 9 ¼ Jan 10 ½ Jan	### Hop   Ho
z Cal'f Art Tile A z B calif Pacific Trading Calwa Co com z Central Eureka Preferred z Cardinal Gold Cities Service Claude Neon Lights Coen Co's A Consolidated Oil Crown-Will 2d pref. Curtiss-Wright Corp	6 35c 1½ 55c 60c 68c	24 25¼ 4¾ 6 30c 48c 1½ 1½ 55c 70c 60c 69c 72c 68c 4¾ 5 2¾ 3 3¼ 3½ 16¾ 17¾ 120 122 7 7½	610 2,075 65 10,082 5,866 1,112 4,939 5,483 200 105	19% Jan 4 Jan 18c Jan 11% Jan 40c Jan 40c Jan 60c Jan 41% Jan 70c Jan 3.10 Jan 15% Jan 113 Jan 61% Jan	25¼ Fet
Dumbarton Bridge	1. No. 25	90c 1.00 21 21 23 23 23 24 22 32 32 32 26 496 34 50c 56c 43/4 43/4 53/4 65/4 53/4 65/4 53/4 65/4 55/5 77c 4/4 53/4	10 60 205 175 15	900 Feb 18½ Jan 54½ Jan 22¼ Jan 22 Jan 96¼ Feb 35c Jan 4½ Jan 80c Jan 15½ Feb 1.10 Jan 12 Jan 51c Jan 4½ Jan	1.00 Jan 21 Feb 64½ Feb 24 Jan 23½ Feb 97 Jan 60c Feb 4½ Jan 1.35 Jan 1.7½ Feb 7½ Jan 1.60 Jan 1.35 Jan 7° Feb
z Kinner Airpl & Motor _ 1 Kielber Motors 10 M J & M & M Oil 1 McBryde Sugar Co 2 Z Menasco Mig Co 1 Montgomery Ward Mountain City Copper _ Nash-Kelvinator Co _ North American Co _ North American Co _ 2 Occidental Pete 2 2 Occidental Pete _ O'Connor-Moffatt 20 laa Sugar 20	66c 27c 51c  15½ 23¾  15½ 	60c 70c 35c 35c 50c 56c 95% 95% 95% 4.25 593% 143% 313% 313% 4153% 163% 70c 82c 15 16 16 16 16 35		45c Jan 22c Jan 43c Jan 8 Jan 54½ Jan 11 Jan 19¼ Jan 31¼ Feb 13½ Jan 40c Jan 43c Jan 15 Feb 14¾ Jan	72c Jan 35c Jan 60c Jan 10½ Jan 4.80 Jan 59½ Feb 24¼ Jan 34½ Jan 17¼ Jan 44 Jan 82c Feb 16 Jan 17¼ Jan
Pacific Coast Aggregates_ Pacific Clay Products_ Pacific Ptid Cement100 Preferred100 Z Pacific Western Packard Motors Park Utah Mines1 Radio Corp (Del) Riverside Cement A	434	3.95 4.10 15½ 18¼ 6½ 8¾ 58¼ 58¼ 24¼ 25 11 11¼ 4% 4% 11¼ 12 17% 20	6,794 2,760 70 50 140 741 480 1,120 1,225	3.35 Jan 12¾ Jan 5½ Jan 54 Jan 24 Jan 10¼ Jan 4% Jan 10¾ Jan 10¾ Jan 16% Jan	4.15 Jan 18¼ Feb 8¾ Feb 58¼ Jan 25⅓ Jan 11¼ Feb 5¾ Jan 12⅓ Jan 20 Feb
Schumacher Wall Board Preferred Shasta Water Silver King Coal 51/4 preferred 52 54/4 preferred 55 Sou Calif Gas 6% prefred 55 Sou Calif Gas 6% pref. Standard Brands 2 Stearman Hammond Sterling Oil Co	22 40 293% 273/2 2,20 85c	6 6¼ 21½ 23 40 40 13¾ 13¾ 29½ 30¾ 27½ 27½ 28½ 28½ 31 15½ 15½ 2.20 2.35 30c 1.10	750 585 25 100 1,487 25 159 8 20 2,735 2,000	3¼ Jan 18 Jan 40 Jan 13% Feb 29½ Jan 27¼ Jan 28½ Jan 31 Jan 15% Feb 1.90 Jan 30c Feb	6¼ Feb 23 Feb 41¼ Jan 15 Jan 32¾ Jan 28 Jan 29¼ Jan 31 Jan 16¼ Jan 2.40 Jan 1.10 Feb
z Texas Cons Oll United Corp. United States Pete. United States Steel z Victor Equipment z Preferred. S West Coast Life Insur. 5	3.10 2.85 	1.95 3.25 7% 7% 2.45 2.85 95% 99% 7 7% 16% 17% 20 20	27,072 120 16,890 185 2,840 2,343 10	1.55 Jan 6% Jan 1.25 Jan 77% Jan 6% Jan 15 Jan 20 Jan	3.25 Feb 8¼ Jan 2.85 Feb 99¼ Feb 75% Feb 17¼ Feb 21¼ Jan

\*No par value. c Cash sale. e National Standard Co. split up its old no par capita stock for new capital stock of \$10 par on a 2- or-1 basis.

g Stock dividend of 100% paid Sept. 1, 1936.

r Cash sale—Not included in range for year. z Ex-dividend. y Ex-rights

g Listed. † In default.

‡ Company in bankruptcy, receivership or reorganization.

### Toronto Stock Exchange—Mining Curb Section

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Week's Rang Sale of Prices			Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937				
Stocks— Par		Low	High		Lo	o.	Hig	h	
Brett-Trethewey1	17c	16c:	21c	259,900	12 % c	Jan	21c	Feb	
Central Manitoba1	19c	19c:	24c	97,000	18c	Jan	31c	Jan	
Churchill Mining1		5c;	6c	38,900	5c	Jan	6c	Jan	
Coast Copper5		6.00	6.50	450	5.75	Jan	7.75	Jan	
Cobalt Contact1	21/4 c	21/4 C	;2½c	22,800	2¢	Jan	31/4 c	Jan	
Dalhousie Oil*	2.90	2.50	3.00	40.060	1.30	Jan	3.00	Feb	
East Crest Oil*	22c	19c;	4c			Jan	25c	Jan	
Foothills Oil*	2.75		3.00			Jan	3.00	Jan	
Home Oil*	3.40	3.25	4.05		2.75	Jan	4.05	Ja 1	

	Last Sale					Range	Since Jan. 1 1937			
Stocks (Concluded)—Par		Low	ices High	Week Shares	Lot	0	Hig	h .		
Hudson Bay*	831/4	8314	34	4,860	323/8	Jan	35%	Jan		
Kirkland-Townsite1	42c			71,000		Jan		Feb		
Lake Maron*	7c	65%c	8e	\$160.60	5c	Jan		Jan		
Malrobic Mines1	41/20	414C;	47%c	209,500	3%c	Jan	4780	Feb		
Mandy Mines*	55c			43,600		Jan		Jan		
Night Hawk1	41/c		43%0	98,400	3160	Jan	5e	Jan		
Nordon Corp5	33c		36c			Jan	450	Jan		
Oil Selections*	9c			64,500		Jan	12c	Jan		
Osisko Lake1	23c		23 1/sc	18,000	221/20	Jan		Jan		
Parkhill1	23½c		26 1/sc	44,500	21½c	Feb	2616c	Feb		
Pawnee-Kirkland1	4%c			66,200		Jan		Jan		
Pend Oreille1	3.40		3.50	25,355	3.15	Jan		Jan		
Porcupine Crown1	10c	70;	11c	407,650	6160	Jan	110	Feb		
Ritchie Gold1	1016c	8c:	10 1/20	200,200	6%c	Jan	1016c	Feb		
Robb Montbray1	9c	90;	1034c	63,800	90	Feb	12 1/2 C	Jan		
Sudbury Mines1	31/2c			39,700		Jan		Jan		
Temiskaming1	42c	40c:		176,100	20c	Jan	52c	Jan		

### Provincial and Municipal Issues

Province of Alberta-	Bid	1 Ask	Province of Ontario-	1 Bid	Ask
5sJan 1 1948	f62	65	5sOct 1 1949	112%	11316
41/48 Oct. 1 1956	f62	64	68Sept 15 1943	117	1181
Prov of British Columbia-			5sMay 1 1959	12014	122
58July 12 1949	98	100	48June 1 1962		1081
41/8Oct 1 1953	97	9914	4 1/28 Jan 15 1968	113	11436
Province of Manitoba-		100	Province of Quebec-	1000	W 15
41/8 Aug 1 1941	92	96	4148 Mar 2 1950	11111	1121/
5sJune 15 1954	93	96	48Feb 1 1958	10834	110
5sDec 2 1959	93	96	4 1/48 May 1 1961	112	112%
Prov of New Brunswick-			Prov of Saskatchewan-	7,	
4 1/8 Apr 15 1960	113	115	58June 15 1943	85	90
4 1/8 Apr 15 1961	110	111136	5 168 Nov 15 1946		86
Province of Nova Scotia-			4368Oct 1 1951		8714
41/48Sept 15 1952	1101	111136			
58Mar 1 1960		119		1	Louis Y

# Wood, Gundy

14 Wall St. New York & Co., Inc.

Canadian

Bonds

Private wires to Toronto and Montreal

### Railway Bonds

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask.
Canadian Pacific Ry-			Canadian Pacific Ry-		
4s perpetual debentures.	9814	99	41/48Sept 1 1946	103	10314
68Sept 15 1942	111114	113	5sDec 1 1954	109%	110%
68Sept 15 1942 41/8Dee 15 1944	101%	102%	41/sJuly 1 1960	104%	10516
5sJuly 1 1944	114	11516			Mar.

### **Dominion Government Guaranteed Bonds**

Canadian National Ry	15 10	Ask	Concdian Mosthown Der	Bid	100
4168Sept 11	951 11316	114	61/sJuly 1 1946	126%	1274
4%sJune 15 1	955 1161/4	116%		1 1 1 1 1	12.74
41/s Feb 11	956 113%	11414	Grand Trunk Pacific Ry-	187	
41/s July 1 1				10914	1103
	969 1161		3sJan 1 1962	100	100%
		1191		100	
Sa Tob 11	070 1101/	1101/			5250

### CANADIAN SECURITIES

Government • Municipal • Corporation

Private wire connection between New York, Montreal and Toronto

### Industrial and Public Utility Bonds

				_	-
	Bid	Ask	Parker of the Control	Bid	Ask
Abitibi P & Pap ctfs 5s '53	f95		MacLaren-Que Pr 51/28 '61	9616	9716
Alberta Pac Grain 6s1946	971/2			103	105
Beauharnois Pr Corp 5a '73	f56	57	Maple Leaf Milling-		
Bell Tel Co of Can 5s_1955	113	114	23/48 to '38-51/48 to '49	871	89
Brit Col Power 51/3s1960	1051/2		Massey-Harris Co 5s_1947	97	98
58Mar 1 1960		106	McColl Frontenac Oil 68'49	10416	10514
Burns & Co 51/28-31/28_1948	82	84	Minn & Ont Paper 6s_1945	f71	72
Calgary Power Co 581960	97	98	Montreal Island Pr 51/48 '57	10436	10516
Canada Bread 6s1941			Montreal L H & P (\$50		
CanadaNorthPow 5s1953	1031/4		par value) 3s1939	f50	50%
Canadian Inter Pap 6s '49	1011/2	1021/8	Montreal Tramway 58 1941	103 16	10416
Canadian Lt & Pow 5s1949		102 1/2		95	9614
Canadian Vickers Co 6s '47			Northwestern Pow 68, 1960	92	94
Cedar Rapids M & P 5s '53		1121/2		92	94
Consol Pap Corp 51/28_1961	f911/2	921/2	Nova Scotia L & P 5s_1958	105	
	1	1	Ottawa Traction 51/28_1955	102	
Dom Gas & Elec 61/28_1945	951/4	9614	Ottawa Valley Pow 5168 '70	87	89
Donnaconna Paper Co-			Power Corp of Can 41/8'59	101	102
3 s 1956	871/2		58Dec 1 1957	10314	10414
East Kootenay Pow 7s 1942	100	102	Provincial Pap Ltd 51/8 '47	102 1/2	
Eastern Dairies 681949	861/2		Quebec Power 5s1968	103 1/2	104 16
Fraser Co 6sJan 1 1950	102	103	Saguenay Power 41/48_1966	103	104 16
Gatineau Power 5s1956	103 1/2		Shawinigan W & P 416 '67	1041/4	104 34
General Steelwares 6s_1952		105	Smith H Pa Mills 4168 '51		10334
Gt Lakes Pap Co 1st 5s '55	194	95	Southern Can Pow 58_1955	103	10416
Int Pr & Pap of Nfld 5e '68	103%	1041/2	Steel of Canada Ltd 68 '40	113	
Lake St John Pr & Pap Co			United Grain Grow 5s_1948	97	99
51/281951		1011/	United Securs Ltd 51/8 '52	81	82
5½s1961	85	1 86	Winnipge Elec 6s_Oct 2 '54	104	10514

f Flat price

TELEPHONE HANOVER 2-0980

NEW YORK SECURITY DEALERS ASSOCIATION BELL SYSTEM TELETYPE NY 1-395

CABLE ADDRESS HARTWAL

### SPECIALIZING IN CANADIAN UTILITY AND INDUSTRIAL STOCKS AND BONDS

ALDRED BUILDING MONTREAL

52 WILLIAM STREET NEW YORK

ROYAL BANK BUILDING TORONTO

PRIVATE WIRES CONNECT OFFICES

## Canadian Markets

913

LISTED AND UNLISTED

For Toronto Stock Exchange—Mining Curb Section and miscellaneous Canadian tables, usually found in this section, see page 912.

### Montreal Stock Exchange

Last   Feet   Range   Fries   Low   Lo	an. 30 to Feb. 5, bot			comp	_	om off	ficial	sales	lists	Ottav Penn
Cocks			Week's		Sales	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937	Powe
wew-Burpass Bloo	Stocks- Par			ices High		Lo	w	Hi	nh :	Reger
10	eme Glove Works Ltd*		1716	18	185	16	Jan	1816	Jan	Rolla
referred	new-Surpass Shoe*		10	10	65	816	Jan	12	Jan	Rolla Rolla
referred	Preferred*  Therta Pacific Grain A *	6						7		St La
	Preferred100			38		281	Jan			A I
Care	nal Electric Corp*									St La St La
Carelle Telegreen	Preferred 100				5					Shaw
Name	ssociated Breweries*		121/2	1234		11	Jan	13	Jan	Sherw
	ssoc Tel & Teleg pref*	54	10 1		2 306	54				Simon
Silk Mills	awlf (N) Grain*	10	414			31/8				Simp
Silk Mills	Preferred100		35	35	5	261/2		38	Jan	South
sh Col Power Corp A. 374   374   385   532   371   381   384   Jan 115   Jan 116   105   1	ell Telephone	2376	00 3	941/						Pre
	itish Col Power Corp A.*	371/2	371/2	381/8	532	371/2		3914		Sague
ding Products	3*		103/8	10%	M 586	10%		111%		Pre
10			63	84	245			66		Unit
108   208   308			15%	16	3,597	#1514	Jan	1614	Jan	Viau Wab
1573   1573	referred100		106 12 1	108		171				West
Section   Sect	lass B*		15	15	50	14				Win
Section   Sect	North Power Corp *		2614	26 1/8	336	261/2	Jan	291/2	Jan	Win
See B	Mire & Cable at A		61	61	627	634				Win
Adian Hronze	Class B*									B
Addian   Car & Foundry   194   19   214   13,207   185   Jan   2114   Feb   Colored   Color	nadian Bronze*	60	58	60	1,115	358 1/2	Jan	6136	Jan	Woo
Section   Sect	reierred100	101/			13 207	10714	Feb.	2172		Cana
adian Celaneses	referred 25	29%	2914	32	5,215	28	Jan	32		Can
Sinta   Sint	adian Celanese*	27	26	27	2,682	24%	Jan	27	Feb	Mon
Addian Converters	referred 7%100									Nov
Cottons pref.	adian Converters_100			30				30		Roy
Hydro-Elec pref.   100   80   79   80   1,943   72   Jan   81   Jan   388   B.	Cottons pref100		105	105	5	105	Jan	108	Jan	15
Adlan Ind Alcohol	Hydro-Electrof 100		179							11 4
Adian   Locomotive	adian Ind Alcohol*		61/2	678	3,962		Jan	81/4	Jan	$   \mathbf{F}  $
Shutt Plow   16	lass B*	534	534	6	1,826	5%	Feb	77/8	Jan	111
Shutt Plow   16	adian-Pacific Rv 25			1716				1712		111
Min & Smelt new25	kshutt Plow*			16 %	3,025	1434		17		111 -
Corp   Segrams   24	Min & Smelt new25	7614		7814		741/2		8114		Ш.
Corp Seagrams		21 /2	2172	2172	10	1772	Jau	22	Jan	_
Infino Coal pref	t Corp Seagrams							2814		[ 56
Infinon Glass   100   114   110   114   115   13n   153   3n   150   1	minion Bridge*		56	56 %	1,949	108/		5714		
Infinon Glass pref.   100	ninion Glass100		110 1	14	145			115		100
Infinon Steel & Coal B 26	minion Glass pref100		150 1	50	1	150	Jan	153	Jan	Q
160   140   16	ninion Steel & Coal B 25		1434							Jan.
160   140   16	referred100				150					in a
ern Dalries 4	den Paper*	15			1,680	13%	Jan	16	Jan	
Rolux Corp.   1   22   21 1/4   22 1/4   540   21 1/8   Jan   24   Jan	tern Dairies	<u>a</u>	14	4						Sto
mol & Heating Prod	ctrolux Corp1	22		221/2	540	2178				
ral Steel Wares.   16	mel & Heating Prod*	7	17	71/2	280	5 1/2	Jan	8	Jan	Abitil
ral Steel Wares.   16	lish Electric A									Pre
ral Steel Wares.   16	indation Co of Can*	26	26	2716	945	2414		2814		Acad
1. Charles   11   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	ieral Steel Wares*	16		1714				1732	Jan	Bath
eferred	d. Charles.	1114	1116	11 1/4						Beau
sum. Lime & Alabast. *   15   15   15   15   41   77   14   77   17   17   17   18   17   17   17	referred100		100 1	.00	25	95	Jan	100	Feb	Beldi
rest Collieries pref. 100	psum. Lime & Alabast_*				4,155			1714		Brew
Inger Gold Mines	crest Collieries pref_100		17	17	60	15		17		\$3
ard Smith Paper pf 100    101	llinger Gold Mines5	1514	151/8	15%	6,455	13%	Jan	1516	Jan	Brit A
Strial Tobacco of Can_5	ward Smith Paper of 100	22			1,730	100		102	D 04-4	Calga
strial Acceptance       36 ½       36 ½       37 ½       710       34       Jan       38 ½       Jan       Ca         Vigoro-Elec System A25       15 ½       15 ½       20       9       Jan       15 ½       Jan       15 ½       Ga         Vigoro-Elec System A25       64       62 ½       65 ½       16,004       62 ½       Jan       15 ½       Jan       12 ½       Jan       1	erial Tobacco of Can_5		141/6	14%	12,366	13%	Jan	1414		Canad
Nickel of Canada	ustrial Acceptance	36 1/8	36 1/2	371/2	710	34		381/2	Jan	Can I
Treat   Color   Treat   Colo	Nickel of Canada *		62 16		16,004			6516		Can I
132   132   5   132   Jan	ernational Power *		10	11	1,015	5	Jan	121/2	Jan	Cndn
152   152   152   153   151   154   154   154   155	naica P S Ltd pref100		132 1		5	132		132	Jan	Cndn 5%
152   152   152   153   151   154   154   154   155	e of the Woods 100									Cndn
say (C W)	e of the woods pref_100		152 1	52	10	150	Jan	151	Jan	Cndn
Kinnon Steel pref. 100	isay (C W)+		121/2			8				Cndn 5%
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Kinnon Steel pref 100				10	64				Canac
13	sey-Harris*	914	8 5/8	95%	7.990	834	Jan	934	Jan	Canad
treal Cottons pref. 100 108 108 108 108 50 105 Jan 108 Jan treal Lat & Pr Cons.* 35½ 34½ 35¾ 11,420 34½ Jan 36½ Jan treal Lane & Mtge. 25 30 30 8 28 Jan 29 Jan treal Tramways. 100 95 95 95 161 91 Jan 95 Jan dreal Tramways. 100 95 95 95 161 91 Jan 95 Jan 1008 Jan 2008 Jan 1008 Jan 2008 Jan 1008 Jan 2008 Jan 1008 Jan 2008 J	Coll-Frontenac Oil*	13 1/8	13 5/8	14	1,602	131/2				Catel
treal Loan & Mige_ 25: 30 30 8 28 Jan 29 Jan Co treal Telegraph. 40 60 14 60 15 78 8 Jan 60 14 Jan Co treal Tramways. 100 95 95 95 161 91 Jan 95 Jan Co nail Brewerles	atreal Cottons pref_100	108	108 1							Catel
treal Loan & Mige_ 25: 30 30 8 28 Jan 29 Jan Co treal Telegraph. 40 60 14 60 15 78 8 Jan 60 14 Jan Co treal Tramways. 100 95 95 95 161 91 Jan 95 Jan Co nail Brewerles	ntrea! L H & Pr Cons.*		3434	35%	11,420	341/2	Jan	36 1/8	Jan	cun
treal Tramways 100 95 95 95 161 91 Jan 95 Jan Do	ntreal Loan & Mtge25		30	30	8	28	Jan	29	Jan	Claud
onal Brewerles 40 41½ 42½ 2,407 40 Jan 42 Jan 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 126	ntreal Telegraph40									Conso
onal Steel Car Corp* $53\frac{1}{2}$ $53$ $56\frac{1}{2}$ $4.210$ $52\frac{3}{4}$ $53$ $56\frac{1}{2}$ $4.210$ $52\frac{3}{4}$ $53$ $56\frac{1}{2}$ $52$ $50$ $54$ $52$ $52$ $53$ $54$ $54$ $54$ $54$ $54$ $54$ $54$ $54$	ional Brewerles*		411/	4216	2,407	40	Jan	42	Jan	David
ara Wire new 52   50 54   374 43 Jan 54 Feb   Do	referred25		41 1/2	42	175	4114	Jan	43	Jan-	Dom I
	donal Steel Car Corp*	531/2	53		4,210	52%		57 12		Domi
and the second of the second s	randa Mines Ltd*		7416	7512		731/2		79		Dom'
Scotia Steel pref 35 37   140 10½ Jan 37 Feb Do	a Scotia Steel pref		35	37	140	101/2	Jan	37	Feb	Dom'
ne Flour Mills * 270   270   270   56   245   Jan   275   Jan   Do eferred 100   166   160   166   17   165   Jan   166   Jan   2	vie Flour Mills ** referred ***	270	270 2	66		245 165				B
eferred100 166 160 166 17 165 Jan 166 Jan 17 18 127 15 Jan 1834 Jan 1	referred100	100	17	18						* N

Montreal	Stock	Exch	ange
177-17		1 0-1	

	Last	Week's	Range	for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low	rices High		Lo	w	Hi	7h
Ottawa L Heat & Power100		96	96	49	95	Jan	99	Jan
Preferred100	104	104	104	5	104	Feb	105	Jan
Ottawa Traction 100	20	20	20	190	20	Jan	20	Jan
Penmans*	6334	6334	63%	20	61	Jan	6316	Jan
Power Corp of Canada *	3214	28	3234	5,823	26%	Jan	3234	Feb
Quebec Power*	24	2234		1,336	221/2	Jan	25%	Jan
Regent Knitting	10	10	101/2	1,286	878	Jan	101	Jan
Preferred25	231/4	20	2314	140	19	#Jan	2314	Feb
Rolland Paper com*	29	29	29	25	29	Jan	29	Jan
Rolland Paper voting trust		2814		125		Jan	3016	Jan
Rolland Paper pref100	1051/4		10514	25	10314		10514	Feb
St Lawrence Corp*	1034	101		10/148	81/2	Jan	113/8	Jan
A preferred50	2934	2934	3014	7.310	25	Jan	3012	Feb
St Lawrence Flour Mills100	20/4	65	65	25	65	Jan	73	Jan
St Lawrence Paper pref_100	75	74	7714	3,434	68	Jan	7714	Feb
Shawinigan W & Power *	32 5/8	30%		7.881	2914	Jan	32 34	Jan
Sherwin Williams of Can.*	2514	2514		230	241/2	Jan	2634	Jan
Preferred100		130	130	5	127	Jan	130	Jan
Simon (H) & Sons pref_100		101	101	50	101	Jan	101	Jan
Simpsons pref100		108	108	30	102	Jan	108	Feb
Southern Can Power*	1616	1614		900	1416	Jan	17	Jan
Steel Co of Canada*	831/2	821		977	803%	Jan	85	Jan
Preferred 25	0072	77	77	305	74	Jan	80	Jan
Saguenay Pow pref		101	101	45	9934	Jan	10236	Jan
Tooke Brothers*	51/2	5	51/2	102	3	Jan	51/2	Feb
Dreferred 100		33		370	21	Jan	3434	
Preferred100 United Steel Corp	9	9	34%		77%	Jan	10	Jan
Vinted Steel Corp.				26,690 11	5	Jan	7	Jan
Viau Biscuit *		5½ 24	24	610	24	Jan	27	Jan
Wabasso Cotton		70	70		65		70	Feb
Western Grocers Ltd*				16		Jan	8	
Windsor Hotel *	6	6	20	20	12	Jan		Jan
Windsor Hotel pref100		20		85	30	Jan	23	Jan
Winnipeg Electric pref_100		39	39	35		Jan	43	Jan
Winnipeg Electric A*	716	71/2	834	5,363	514	Jan	101	Jan
В	.8	71/2		1,121	51/	Jan	10	Jan
Woods Mfg pref100 Banks—	80	80	81	119	78	Jan	85	Jan
Canada 50	5834	58	58 1/2	143	57	Jan	51/2	Jan
Canadienne100	155 1/2	155	155 1/2	74	143	Jan	1551/2	Feb
Commerce100	205 1/2	205	206	112	183	Jan	211	Jan
Montreal100		236	239	250	217 1/2	Jan	240	Jan
Nova Scotia100	335	332	335	18	314	Jan	330	Jan
Royal 100	225	225	226	188	201	Jan	226	Feb

### HANSON BROS Canadian Government

INCORPORATED

Municipal

ESTABLISHED 1883 255 St. James St., Montreal 56 Sparks St., Ottawa 330 Bay St., Toronto **Public Utility and** Industrial Bonds

Montreal Curb Market

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week	Range i	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lou	,	Hig	h
Abitibi Pow & Paper Co*	81/8	81%	. 9	11,472	7	Jan	101/6	Jan
6% cum pref100	491/2	491/2	53	5,012	411/	Jan	57	Jan
Pref ctfs of dep100		50	52 1/2	2,350	41	Jan	56	Jan
Acadia Sugar Refg Co£1	51/4	51/4	51/4	50	51/4	Feb	534	Jan
Asbestos Corp voting tr *	102 1/2	1023		1,333	95	Jan	112	Jan
Bathurst Pr & Paper cl B.*	8	8%	. 8	1,375	71%	Jan	814	Jan
Beauharnois Power Corp.*	- 8	634	81/8	9,915	614	Jan	9 1/8	Jan
Belding-Corticelli Ltd100		107	107	30	107	Jan	107	Jan
Brewers & Dist of Vanc *		83%	83/8	66	734	Jan	834	Jan
Brewing Corp of Can*	31/4	31/8	31/2	1,906	21/4	Jan	4	Jan
\$3 cum pref*	1834	181/8	1834	520	1414	Jan	211/8	Jan
Brit Amer Oil Co Ltd*	2514	2514	25%	7,315	2234	Jan	25%	Feb
B C Packers Ltd*		171/4	181/2	781	171/2	Jan	19	Jan
Calgary & Edmonton Ltd. *		3.90	4.40	5,000	3.00	Jan	3.98	Feb
Canada & Dom Sugar Co. *	68	68	681/2	170	681/4	Jan	681/2	Feb
Can Nor Pow Ltd pref_100	110	110	111	29	100	Jan	11014	Jan
Canada Vinegars Ltd*	191/2	1916	1934	95	19	Jan	20	Jan
Can Dredge & Dock Ltd*		443%	44 3/8	45	44	Jan	4616	Jan
Cndn Gen Invests Ltd*		11	1114	125	97/8	Jan	111/4	Feb
Cndn Int Inv Trust Ltd *	45%	316	45/8	715	3	Jan	5	Jan
5%cm pref100		93	93	105	93	Jan	93	Jan
Cndn Light & Power 100		21	21	10	1916	Jan	21	Jan
Cndn Marconi Co1	21/2	23%	25/8	460	1.85	Jan	33/8	Jan
Cndn Pow & Pap Inv Ltd. *	6	6	6	197	5	Jan	734	Jan
5% cum pref*		20	20	104	20	Feb	2712	Jan
Canadian Vickers Ltd*		13	1414	660	13	Feb	16	Jan
Cum pref100	60	60	60	50	59	Jan	65	Jan
Canadian Wineries Ltd *	31/4	31/4	31/4	115	35/8	Jan	31/8	Jan
Catelli Food Prods Ltd *	10	8	10	376	634	Jan	10	Feb
Catelli Food Products B 5%				5.5	0/4	04-	10	1.00
cum preferred15	1016	1014	11	305	10	Jan	1114	Jan
Claude Neon Gen Adv Ltd*	55c			4,150	40c	Jan	80c	Jan
Commerical Alcohols Ltd *	31/4	3	31/2	900	3	Feb	4	Jan
Consolidated Paper Corp.*	17	16	18	28,222	101/8	Jan	1816	Jan
David & Frere Ltee A*		4	4	10	4	Feb	4	Feb
Dom Eng Works Ltd*		65	65	160	62	Jan	65	Jan
Dom Oilcloth & Lino Ltd.*		41	41	10	431/2	Jan	4314	Jan
Dominion Stores Ltd*	11	ii	11	375	10	Jan	111/	Jan
Dom Tar & Chemical Ltd *	1614	15%	1716	1,496	1514	Jan	1816	Jan
Dom Tar&Chem cm pf 100	10%	115	115	345	110	Jan	117	Jan
Donnacona Paper A*	15	15	15%	3,945	141/2	Jan	17	
	10	1416	151/2	460	14	Jan		Jan Jan
B*		1479	1072	*00.	14	Jun.	161/2	1 pm

### Canadian Markets-Listed and Unlisted

The same of the sa	Friday	l		Sales	_			
	Last Sale	Week's R	e8	for Week		-	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low 1	High	Shares	Lou	<u></u>	Hig	h .
Eastn Dairies 7% cm pf 100 European Elec Corp Ltd. 10	10		24 10¼	285 600	1736	Jan	30	Jan
European Elec warr A	65c	65c	65c	150	10 65c	Jan Feb	10¼ 65c	Feb
Fairchild Aircraft Ltdb Ford Motor Co of Can A*	9% 27%	2614	111%	3,385	9	Jan	13	Jan
Foreign Pow Sec Corp*	21/2	2073	281/8	4,336 185	223/8 1.25	Jan	28	Jan
Fraser Cos Ltd*	31		31	287	30	Feb	34 16	Jan
Voting trust etfs ** GenSteelWares7 % cmpf100	31 99		82 ⅓ 99	3,173 960	301	Jan Jan	9834	Jan
Hunter valley opt warr		15c	15c	3,000	15c	Feb	150	Feb
Hydro-Elec Secs Corp* Imperial Oil Ltd*	213%	211/2	11¼ 21¾	165 14,598	8¾ 21	Jan Jan	11½ 21½	Feb
Int Paints (Can) LtdA*	10	10	11	885	61/2	Jan	11	Jan
Intl Paints 5% cum pref_20 Int Petroleum Co Ltd*	20 35		20 35⅓	115	19 331/8	Jan	20	Jan
Inter Util Corp class A * Inter Util Corp class B 1	19	17	19	5,017 535	1616	Jan	36 19	Jan Jan
Inter Util Corp class B1 MacLaren Pow & Paper*	21/2	32	2½ 32¾	5,440	1.65	Jan	256	Jan
Massey-Harris 5 % cm pf 100	32 1/2 61 1/2	51	61 1/2	1,340 677	32 1/2 52 3/4	Jan Jan	3714 6458	Jan Jan
McColl-F Oil 6% cm pf 100	99%	99%	9934	155	52¾ 99¼	Jan	100	Jan
Melchers Dist Ltd A*	13 4¾	13	131/4	980 175	1234	Jan	141/4	Jan
Mitchell & Co (Robt) Ltd *	251/2	2516	28	2,768	211/	Jan	30	Jan
Mtl Refrig & Stor \$3 cm pf* Page-Hersey Tubes Ltd. *	101	10012 1	13½ 01¾	5 95	13	Jan	1314 10138	Feb
Page-Hersey Tubes Ltd* Price Bros & Co Ltd100	361/4	351/2	38	4,887	99 25	Jan Jan	4116	Jan Jan
6 1/2 % cum pref100 Power of Can cum pref_100	134 1051/4	130 13	38	1,680	98	Jan	139	Jan
Reliance Grain Co Ltd *	10079	10514 10 1414 1 814	05 14 14 14	75 25	104	Jan	105 14 14 14 8 14	Jan Feb
Rogers-Majestic A*		81/2	81/2	200	1214 73/8	Jan	81/2	Feb
Royalite Oil Co Ltd* Sarnia Bridge Co B*	521/2		54 1/2 14	5,800	43	Jan Jan	5416	Feb Jan
Southern Can P pref 100	106		06	46	104	Jan	1061/2	Jan
Thrifts Sts 6½ %cm1stpf25 United Distillers of Can	1.00	1.00	7 1.10	1,390	.85	Jan Jan	106 16 712 1.15	Jan
United Distillers of Can* Walkerville Brewery Ltd.*	21/2	21/2 2	3/4	1,020	21/4	Jan	31/4	Jan
Walker-Good & Worts (H)* Walker-Good & Worts pf_*	47 19%		481/2	395 348	46	Feb	49¼ 19¾	Jan
Mines-		19%	191/2	940	191/8	Jan	19%	Jan
Aldermac Copper Corp*	1.53	1.50	1.61	29,075	1.42	Jan	1.85	Jan
Alexandria Gold Mines1 Arno Mines*	4c 7c	31/8C	4 1/4 c 7 1/4 c	27,600 23,200	31/8 c 41/2 c	Jan Jan	4½c 9c	Jan Jan
Arntifeld Gold1	.1.02	980	1.15	10,600	85c	Jan	1.15	Feb
Beaufor Gold1 Big Missouri Mines Corp_1	58c 65c	45c 61c	65c	89,090	45c 60c	Feb Jan	57c 69c	Feb
Bouscadillac Gold Mines. 1	1.00	57c	1.00	11,560 148,226	460	Jan	65c	Feb
Brazil Gold & Diamond M1 Brownlee Mines (1936) 1	8½c	70	LXCI	8,000	8½c 9¾c	Jan	15c	Jan
Bulolo Gold Dredging Ltd b	10% c 28% c 2.16	10c]1 2834c,2 2.05	914c	188,860 4,166	2714	Feb	13c 291/2	Jan Feb
Cndn Malartic Gold*	2.16	2.05	2.28	18,400	1.85	Jan	29½ 2.28	Feb
Cartier-Malartic G M Ltd 1 Central Patricia Gold1	36c 4.90	34c 4.60	38c 5.15	60,125 4,900	30c 4.20	Jan	47 1/2 c 5.15	Jan Feb
Clericy Consol Mines*	90	71/40	91/2c	57,000	6%c	Jan	9c	Jan
Consol Chibougamau1 Dalnousie Oil Co*	2.08 2.90	1.90 2.50	$\frac{2.70}{3.00}$	110,905 14,535	1.98	Jan Jan	2.70 3.00	Feb Feb
Dome Mines Ltd*	491/8	49%	10761		47 3/4	Jan	50% 9½c	Feb
Duparquet Mining Co1 East Malartic1	9c 1.80	6c 1.75 2.36	9 ½c 1.98	249,800 32,200 23,750	5%c	Jan Jan	9½0 2.03	Feb Jan
Eldorado Gold Mines Ltd 1	2.62	2.36	2.65	23,750	1.20 2.35	Jan	2.70	Jan
Falconbridge Nickel M* Francoeur Gold Mines Ltd*	1.43	101/4	11	1,400	101/4	Jan	1214	Jan
Graham-Bousquet Gold1	43c	300	1.58 44c	92,026 96,050	180	Jan Jan	1.58 35c	Feb
Greene Stabell Mines Ltd.1	38c	37c	40c	18.600	36c	Jan	46c	Jan
Home Oil* Hudson Bay Min & Smelt *	3.30 35¾	3.25	4.10 34¼	47,394	2.75 32 1/8	Jan	4.05 35¾	Feb
J-M Consol G M Ltd1	50c	50c	57c	1,450 59,210	430	Jan	57e	Feb
Kirkland Lake Gold1	571/2	1.19	1.22		1.14 361/4	Jan Jan	1.35 59	Jan
Lake Shore Mines1 Lamaque Contact G M*	18c	56 1/2 18c 2 26 1/2 c	71/2c	49,800	15c	Jan	2716c	Jan
Lebel-Oro Mines1 Lee Gold Mines Ltd1	27c	26140	290	12,500	18c	Jan	30c	Jan
Macassa Mines	6 1/4 c 8.00	51/20 7.85	6⅓c 8.05	31,800 10,640	7.30	Feb	7 1/5 c 8.50	Jan Jan
McIntyre-Porcupine5 McWatters Gold*		40	40	430	39	Jan	4214	Jan
McWatters Gold* Moffatt-Hall Mines1	95c 6c		5% C	1,000	91c 3c	Jan Jan	1.19 8c	Jan Jan
Montague1		25c 4			25c	Jan	40% C	Feb
Newbec Mines Ltd* O'Brien Gold Mines Ltd1		6c	6c	1,000	50	Jan	814C	Jan
Pamour Porcupine M Ltd*	9.90	9.75 1 3.75	3.75	17,185	8.50 3.60	Jan Jan	131/8	Jan
Parkhill Gold Mines Ltd1	25c	21 1/2 c 2	6 1/2 c	88,000	210	Jan	261/20 2.51	Feb
Perron Gold Mines Ltd1 Pickle-Crow Gold1	2,20		$\frac{2.40}{9.10}$	10,650	2.15 8.05	Jan Jan	9.10	Feb
Ploneer Gold of B C1		6.55	6.75	1,500 200	6.20	Jan	6.75	Feb
Quebec Gold Mining1 Read-Authier Mine Ltd1	6.75	73c	750	20 231	73c 5.00	Feb	75c 6.85	Jan
Ritchie Gold1	10 %0	5.70 8c 1	0.80	48,100	71/4 c 76c	Jan	10c	Feb
Shawkey1 Sherritt-Gordon1 Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd1	10½0 1.03 3.20	940	1.13	20,231 48,100 200,400 19,250 8,735 30,155	760	Jan	1.13	Feb
Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd1	6.20	3.00 6.00	6.20	8.735	2.90 5.10	Jan	3.60 6.65	Jan Jan
Sladen Mal1	2.26	2.23	2.47	30,155	1.90	Jan	2.50	Jan
Stadacona-Rouyn* Sullivan Cons Mines Ltd.1	1.58	1.00	$\frac{1.75}{2.10}$	261,105 32,896	94c 2 00	Jan Jan	1.75 2.25	Feb
Sylvanite Gold1 Teck-Hughes G M Ltd1	4.65	4.65	4.70	900	3.90	Jan	4.70	Feb
Teck-Hughes G M Ltd1	1 00	5.85	6.10	1,835	5.30	Jan	6.10	Feb
Thompson Cad1 Towagamae Exploration_1	1.55	1.55 1.50	$\frac{1.72}{1.67}$	66,165 9,400	1.30	Jan Jan	2.15 1.67	Jan Feb
Ventures Ltd* Wayside Cons Gold500	2.90	2.90	3.00 61/20	2,800 2,800 1,320	2.88 60	Jan Feb	3.15 7e	Jan

# DUNCANSON, WHITE & CO. STOCK BROKERS Members Toronto Stock Exchange Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc. New York Curb (Associate) 15 King Street West, Toronto. WA. 3401-8

Toronto Stock Exchange

Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lor	0	Hig	h .
Abitibi*	8	8	9	12,250	634	Jan	10	Jan
6% preferred 100	50	49	531/4	1,810	42	Jan	57	Jan
Alberta Grain*	5%	534	61/8	285	4 1/8	Jan	634	Jan
Alberta Grain pref100		381/2	381/	10	28	Jan	431/2	Jan
American Cyanamid B 10	335/8	333/8	335%	1,300	33%	Feb	353/8	Jan
Ault & Wiborg pref100		1021/2	1021/2	10	10216	Feb	1021/2	Feb
Bathurst Power A*		181/2	1914	515	18	Jan	201/4	Jan
B*	8	8	81/2	145	71/8	Jan	81/2	Feb
Beatty Brothers*		18	18	205	151/2	Jan	2116	Jan
Preferred100	106	1051/2	106	40	104	Jan	10616	Jan

### **Toronto Stock Exchange**

1	I OFO	Friday	Stock Excha			Range Since Jan. 1, 1937				
	Stocks (Continued) Par	Last Sale Price	Week's of Pr Low		for Week Shares		Low		1937 h	
	Beauharnois ** Bell Telephone 100	8 16416	161	83% 176	6,970 325	6 1581/2	Jan Jan	934	Jan Jan	
	Blue Ribbon pref50	141/2	161 141/4 36	14½ 36	1,350 20	158½ 13½ 35	Jan Jan	141/2	Feb	
	Brazilian*	23¾	25%	25%	34,402	25%	Jan Jan	2614	Jan Jan	
	Brewers & Distillers new .5	814	81/8	81/2	3,590	714 214 1418	Jan Jan	378	Jan Jan	
	Preferred* British American Oil* B C Power A* B*	19 2514	18 12516	2516	8 263	14 1/4 22 1/4 37 1/8	Jan Jan	21 251/2	Jan Jan	
	B C Power A*	371/2	371/2	3734 1034	10 25	10	Jan Feb	39	Jan	
	B ** Bullding Products A ** Bullding Products A ** Burry Biscuit new 50c Burt (F N) 25 Canada Bread ** A preferred 100	678	63	63 14	335 400	634	Jan Jan	66 8	Jan Jan	
	Canada Bread *	8¾ 8¾	6% 141% 8%	978	939 939	4212 8	Feb Jan Jan	101/4 103/4	Jan Jan Jan	
	B pref. 50 Canada Cement Preferred 100	58 151⁄4	103 58 1516	103 58 16	35 10 2,445	1021/2 511/2 151/2	Jan Jan Jan	58 16%	Jan Jan	
	Preferred 100 Canada Packers 100	89	1063	107	35 1265 139	103	Jan Jan	107	Jan Feb	
	Canada Steamships ** Canada Steamships pf 100	14	M31/2	73%	139 390	634	Jan Jan	95%	Feb	
	(new)* Canada Wire & Cable B_*	<b>16</b> 1/2	614 2434	25	65	19	Feb Jan	29	Feb Jan	
	Canadian Canners *	1914	19%	20	700	1914	Jan Feb	2016	Jan Jan	
-	1st preferred new 100 Cdn Canners 2nd pref * Canadian Car * Preferred 25	111/4	111/4	1134 2178	7.055	1814	Jan Jan	12178 2178	Jan Feb	
	Canadian Diedke	30 43 14	2914 43	32 4414	415 410	28	Jan Feb	32 4614 834	Jan	
	Cndn Industrial Alcohol A* B* Canadian Locomotive*	6 1/2 5 1/8	5%	6 1/8 6 3/4 22	5,400 280 10	61/2 57/8 171/4	Feb Jan	716	Jan Jan Jan	
	Canadian Locomotive* Canadian Oil * Preferred 100 Canadian Pacific Ry 25 Canadian Walipaper B * Canadian Wineries * Carnation Co pref 100 Cooksputt	16	¥16 126 16	1616	85 15	14 126	Jan Jan	19 135	Jan	
-	Canadian Pacific Ry25	16	1514	171/8 25	30,729	143/8 25	Jan Feb	171/8	Feb	
	Canadian Wineries ** Carnation Co pref 100	31/8	3 1041/2	1041	310 15	10334	Jan Jan	10414	Jan	
		16 21	15¾ 20¼	165%	2,570 460	14	Feb Jan	17	Jan Jan	
	Consolidated Bakeries ** Consolidated Smelters 25 Consumers Gas 100	76 ½ 203	76 1/2 201	78½ 206	1,815 98	2014 7414 201	Jan Feb	2114 8114 207	Jan Jan	
	Crow's Nest	26	2514 43	2616	90 50	2512	Feb Feb	27½ 50	Jan Jan	
	Distillers-Seagrams * Dominion Coal pref	24¾ 21	24%	26¾ 21⅓ 17%	4,160 490	2434	Feb Jan	285% 211/2 175/8	Jan Feb	
	Dominion Stores*	173%	14¾ 10¾	111/4	32,515 1,720 64,900	1034	Jan Jan	111/2	Feb	
	East Crest Off	22 21	19 21	221/2	555	10 19	Jan Jan	25 24	Jan	
	Eastern Steel Products ** Easy Washing ** Economic Investment 50 English Floatric A	81/2	35	36	1,580 174	47/8 34	Jan Jan	91/4 36 363/4	Jan Feb	
	English Electric A **  B **  Equitable Life 25		34 14	34 15	20 255 285	31 141/4 51/2	Jan Feb	1714	Jan Jan Feb	
	B * * Equitable Life * 25 Fanny Farmer * Ford A *	22 1/2 27 3/8	5 22 26 34	7 23 2814	285 2,890 12,043	22 14	Jan Feb Jan	23%	Jan Jan	
	Frost * General Steel Wares * Goodyear Tire *	16	26% 7 16	28 14 7 17 16	510 4,825	7 8	Feb Jan	11	Jan Jan	
	Goodyear Tire *	86¾ 56	186 16 56	8736 5678	4,525 455 185	8 <b>5</b> 56	Jan Jan	1614 8914 57	Jan Jan	
	Preferred 50 Great Western Sad * Preferred 100		33	33%	730 140	2914	Jan Jan	33%	Feb Feb	
	Hamilton Cottons prof 20	1514	15 351/2	15¾ 35½	1,910 25	14 30	Jan Jan	17¼ 36	Jan Feb	
		63%	63%	678	25 2,750	2 5%	Jan Jan	3%	Jan Jan	
	Harding Carpets * Hinde & Dauch * Hunts A * Imperial Oil Ltd * Imperial Tobacco 5 Intl Coal & Coke 1 Intl Milling pref 100 Internat Nickel com *	21%	21 ¼ 12 ¼	22 ¼ 12 ½ 21 ¾	1.125	121/2	Jan Feb	22¼ 14	Jan Jan	
	Imperial Tobacco	21 3/8 14 3/2	1416	1416	510	21 13¾	Jan Jan	22 141/2	Jan Jan	
	Intl Milling pref1	105	103	20 105	200 65	20 1021/4	Feb Jan	20 105 65%	Feb Feb	
	Internati Nickel com ** Internati Petroleum ** Internati Utilities **	3434	62¾ 34¾	65% 35½	25,849 8,910	62 1/8 34 15 3/4	Jan Jan	36 21	Feb Jan Feb	
	Internati Petroleum * Internati Utilities A * Internati Utilities B * Kelvinator * Lake of the Woods	20	17 2	21	1,140 11,810	134	Jan Jan Jan	25% 39	Feb Jan Jan	
	Lake of the Woods *Lang & Sons Ltd. (John) Lang Co.) *	36 39¾	34¼ 39¾	36 42	325 30	301/4	Feb	42	Jan	
-	Lang Co.)* Laura Secord*	20 76	1834 76	20½ 76	670 75	15 1/2 72	Jan Jan	2016 77	Feb Jan	
	Laura Secord * Loblaw Groc A * B *	2234	23 1/2 22 1/4	24 22¾	755	231/8	Jan Jan	2414	Jan Feb	
	Manie Leaf Cardons profin		9	3 11	45 2,990	2¼ 6¼	Jan Jan	3 11	Feb Jan	
	Maple Leaf Milling pf 100 Massey-Harris com	91/2 101/2 91/4	914 1014 814	11 9¾	7.085	814	Jan Jan	12%	Jan Jan	
	Preferred100 McColl-Frontense*	61 1334	13%	63 %	1,560 1,620	131/2	Jan Jan	65 14 1/6 100 3/8	Jan Jan	
	Massey-Harris com	99%	99 1/8 84 1/4 43 1/4	100 841/2	110	99 8314	Jan Jan	86	Jan Jan	
	A100	4378 184	184	186	48 189	180	Jan	186	Jan Feb	
	Muirheads *		258	258 1.15	5 500	258	Feb Jan	265 114 4214	Jan Jan	
	H	91/8	42¼ 8¾	914	1,940	39¾ 8¾	Jan Jan	072	Feb Jan Feb	
	National Sewer Pipe *	138	20	139 20¾	65 135	137 20	Jan Jan	139 2114 314	Jan	
	Preferred *	100	13 71/4	3¼ 9¾	45 10 195	6½ 98	Jan Jan Feb	1011/4	Jan	
	Pantepec Oil 1	734	98 1714 25	101 81/8 26	2,890 130	7¼ 23¼	Feb Jan Jan	9% 26%	Jan Jan Jan	
	Power Corp*	321/2	28 33	32 5% 34	2,340 285	27 33	Jan Jan	325%	Feb Jan	
	Remington-Rand1 Riverside A		33 27 32 1/8	27	300 86	22 31½	Jan Jan	29 33	Feb Feb	
	Russell Motor pref 100		60	60 112	30 17	56 110	Jan Jan	60 112	Feb	
	Saguenay Power pref100 Simpsons A*			100 ¼ 30 ¾	25 200	1001/4	Jan Jan	101¾ 34	Jan Jan	
	Simpsons B * Simpsons Ltd pref 100	13 5/8 107	105	13 7/8 110	60 585	9914	Jan Jan	17 110	Jan	
	Standard Chemical ** Steel of Canada **	83	13½ 82	14½ 83½	75 570	13 1/2 80	Jan Jan	15% 85%	Jan	
	Preferred25 Sterling Coal100	79	751/2	79	265 100	73	Jan Jan	79 4	Jan Jan	
	Stuart pref* Tamblyns Lts*	17 16¼	17 16¼	17 16¾	300 995	17 15×	Feb Jan	17 16¾	Feb	
	Tip Top Tailors * Preferred 100	101/2	10½ 108	11 108	205 5	10%	Jan Jan	11 34 108	Jan	
	Union Gas*	17	161/2	18 101/8	4.565	161/2	Jan Jan	101/8	Jan Feb	
	United Steel com*									
	Preferred	47¼ 19½	45¼ 19½	10 1/8 48 1/2 19 3/4	26,945 4,575 1,270	1914	Feb Jan	3/4	Jan	
	United Steel com ** Walker (Hiram) com ** Preferred ** Western Can Flour ** Western Can Flour pf 100  * No par value.	47¼ 19½ 	45¼ 19¼ 11¼ 85	48 1/2 19 3/4 11 1/2 87	4,575 1,270 10 80	1914 1914 1114 80		3/4		

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### Canadian Markets - Listed and Unlisted

### Toronto Stock Exchange

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since	Jan. 1	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low Pr	ices High	Week Shares	Lou	,	Hig	h
Westons (Geo) common*	18	17%	1814	1,220	1734	Jan	1814	Jan
New preferred100		1041/2	105	30	10416	Feb	106 1/2	Jan
Winnipeg Electric A*	73%	73/8	81/2	2,580	4 7/8	Jan	10	Jan
B*		73/2		40	4 34	Jan	10	Jan
Winnipeg Elec pref 100			391/2	10	31	Jan	44	Jan
Wood (Alex & Jas) pref. 100		75	75	20	53	Jan	75	Feb
Zimmerknit* Banks—		61/2	6%	80	51/2	Jan	63/4	Feb
Canada50		58	59	161	5736	Jan	60	Jan
Commerce100	205	20034	206	104	183	Jan	210	Jan
Dominion100	245	245	247	155	234	Jan	250	Jan
Imperial100	247	245	250	120	235	Jan	25116	Jan
Montreal100		235	238	26	221	Jan	239	Jan
Nova Scotia100		338	338	5	312	Jan	33914	Jan
Royal100	224	223	22314	42	200	Jan	226	Jan
Toronto100		265	265	37	260	Jan	270	Jan
Loan and Trust-		16.		Sec. 15	5 x V	P. (a)		
Canada Permanent100		15316	155	26	145	Jan	155	Jan
Huron & Erie100		73	76	71	72	Jan	76	Feb
		11	11	20	11	Jan	1234	Jan
20%50		110	110	10	106	Jan	110	Feb
Real Estate Loan100		40	40	10	40	Feb	40	Feb
Toronto General Trust_100	10916	104	110	51	104	Jan	110	Jan
Toronto Mortgage50		125	125	3	125	Feb		Feb

# Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section Jan. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par	Price	Low Pr	High	Shares	Lou	, 1	Hig	h:
Beath & Son*		47/8	47/8	10	47/8	Feb	10	Jai
Bissell pref100		46	46	5	45	Jan	46	Fel
Bruck Silk*	1114	101/6	111/4	810	7 1/8	Jan	12	Jar
Canada Bud *		9	91/2	585	83%	Jan	10	Jar
Canada Malting*	3714	36 1/2	37 1/2	580	34	Jan	373/2	Fel
	19%	19	20	250	18%	Jan	21	Jar
Canadian Wire Box A*	24	24	24	15	23	Jan	25	Jar
Canadian Marconi1	25%	21/4	25/8	8,150	1.60	Jan	31/4	Jar
Consolidated Press*	1734	14	1734	260	121/2	Jan	1734	Fel
Corrugated Box pref 100		93	93	5	89	Jan	93	Jar
Crown Dominion Oil*	2	11/2	2	40	1.50	Feb	21/4	Jar
DeHaviland*	16	15	16	315	15	Feb	17	Jar
Preferred100		70	75	75	67	Jan	75	Fel
Disher Steel *		5	5	100	5	Feb	- 5	Fel
Diaham Staal must #		161/4	17	40	151/4	Jan	17	Fel
Dominion Bridge	5616	55	56 34	990	5414	Jan	57 1/2	Jar
Dom Foundry & Steel* Dom Tar & Chemical*		118	120	40	90	Jan	120	Fel
Dom Tar & Chemical *		16	1714	105	16	Jan	1814	Jar
Preferred100		115	115	45	109	Jan	1151/2	Jar
Hamilton Bridge ** Hamilton Bridge pref 100		1614	16 1/8	500	123%	Jan	17	Jar
Hamilton Bridge pref100		79	79	. 5	63	Jan	85	Jar
Honor Dow	1	1	1	100	60c	Jan	134	Jar
Preferred ** Humberstone **		14	14	. 50	12	Jan	14	Jai
Humberstone*		32 1/2	32 34	135	32	Jan	323/4	Fel
nt Metai Indust	10 72	16 5/8	17 1/2	1,315	16	Jan	181/2	Jar
int Metal Indust pref100	95	92	95	480	901/8	Jan	100	Jar
Mercury Mills pref100		30	31	210	23	Jan	32	Jai
Montreal Lt Ht & Pow cons	35%	35	36	555	34	Jan	371/2	Jar
National Steel Car*	53	52 1/2	56 1/2	1,070	5214	Jan	571/2	Jar
North Star*		3	4	925	21/4	Jan	4	Fel
Preferred5		41/2	41/2	800	41/4	Jan	47/8	Jar
Prairie Cities Oil*	2 1/2	21/2	21/2	200	21/2	Feb	334	Jar
Robt Simpson pref 100			119 %	5	118	Jan	1197/8	Fel
Rogers Majestic Corp Ltd.	734	71/2	81/2	3,130	714	Jan	85/8	Jai
Shawinigan*	32 1/8	31	32 %	780	291/8	Jan	33	Jai
standard Paving *	6 1/8	678	7 34	550	6	Jan	. 9	Jar
Ston & Shon *	216	2	2 1/2	190	11/4	Jan	31/2	Jar
Suner Petroleum ord *		36	36	316	331/2	Feb	36	Jar
Thayers common* Preferred*		2	2	390	134	Jan	21/4	Jai
Preferred*		21	25	185	19	Jan	25	Fel
Foronto Elevators *	38	37 1/2	38	245	37	Jan	40	Jar
Foronto Elevators pref. 100	11234	111	113%	125	110	Jan	118	Jar
Foronto Elev new pref 50		5134	52	100	511/2	Jan	52	Jai
United Fuel pref100	59	58	60	1,235	511/2	Jan	6214	Jar
Walkerrille Drew *		21/2	234	250	21/4	Jan	314	Jai
Waterloo Mig*	31/4	21/2	314			Jan	4	Jar

# F. O'HEARN & CO. STOCKS BONDS 11 KING ST. W. WAverley 7881 TORONT

GRAIN TORONTO

OFFICES

Toronto Cobalt
Montreal Noranda
Ottawa Sudbury
Hamilton Kirkiland Lake
North Bay
Owen Sound
Timmins

MEMBERS
The Toronto Stock Exchange
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Montreal Curb Market
Canadian Commodity Exchange (Inc.)
Chicago Board of Trade

### Toronto Stock Exchange-Mining Section

an. 30 to Feb. 5, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's	Veek's Range of Prices		Range Since Jan. 1, 1937			
Stocks Par	Price	Low	High	Week Shares	Lou	0	Hig	h
Acme Gas & Oil*	1916c			48,950	140	Jan	20c	Jan
Afton Gold1	8c			56,000	61/2c	Jan	10 1/2 c	Jan
Ajax Oil & Gas1	51c			4,400	42c	Jan	57c	Jan
Alexandria Gold1	41/4 C			55,500	314c	Jan	4%C	Jan
Algoma Mining*	7c			78,706	5c	Jan	91/20	Jan
Anglo Huronian*	8.25				6.50	Jan	7.75	Feb
Argosy Gold Mines*	1.26				1.12	Jan	1.42	Feb
Arntfield1	1.02				85c	Jan	8.15	Feb
Ashley Gold1	11c				91/80	Jan		Feb
Astoria-Rouyn1	23c			2040800	9c	Jan	161/2c	Jan
Aldermac*	1.50			80,304	1.43	Jan	1.83	Jan
Bagamac Rouyn1	7c			149,550	6160	Jan	8¾ c	Feb
Bankfield Cons Ltd1	1.50				1.50	Jan	1.85	Jan
Base Metals*	35c	271/20			25c	Jan	39c	Feb
Beattle Gold Mines*	1.58				1.30	Jan	1.75	Feb
Bidgooe Kirk1	1.50			86,915	1.33	Jan	1.70	Jan
Big Missouri1	64c			16,206	60c	Jan	70c	Jan
Bobjo Mines 1	24c			176,650	19c	Jan	29c	Jan
Bralorne Mines		8.65			7.90	Jan	8.95	Jan
British Dominion Oil 1	80c				25c	Jan		Feb
BRX Gold Mines 500		11c		14,600	90	Jan		Feb
Buffalo Ankerite1					11	Jan	123/8	Feb
Buffalo Canadian*	60	5140	614c	62,300	. 5c	Jan	6%0	Jan

### Toronto Stock Exchange—Mining Section

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales	Range S	lince	Jan. 1, 1	937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr Low		Week Shares	Lou		H1g)	
Bunker Hill ** Calgary & Edmonton **	170	161/20	23c	69,490 74,730	121/20	Jan	230	Feb
Calmont Oils1	4.50 1.50	3.40 92c 2.03	4.50 1.50 2.30	74,730 181,459 50,955	2.60 42c	Jan Jan	4.50 1.50c 2.30	Feb Feb
Canadian-Malartic. * Cariboo Gold1 Castle Trethewey	2.14 1.68 1.50	1.68 1.48	1.75 1.58	1,500 15,295	1.80 1.60 1.46	Jan Jan	1.75	Jan Jan
Central-Patricia 1 Central Porcupine +	5.00 31e	4.45 31e	5.25 35c	80,795 51,650	4.20 31c	Jan Jan	5.25 43c	Feb Jan
Chemical Research *	1.25 1.18	1.20 1.15	1.25 1.25	3,200	1.20	Jan Feb	1.44	Jan Jan
Chromium Mining* Clericy Consolidated* Commonweath Petroleum *	8% c 70c	71/20 430	81/20 70c	26,555 111,350 66,550	6½c 24c	Jan Jan	8¾c 70c	Feb Feb
Coniagas	1.95	3.30 1.80	3.40 2,10	400 27,919	3.30 1.80	Jan Jan	3.50	Jan Jan
Cons Chibougamau1 Darkwater Mines Ltd1	2.05 2.37	2.05 2.35		202,755 17,105	1.85 2.35	Jan Jan	2.68 2.95	Feb Jan
Dome Mines* Dominion Explorers1	91/4 c	49%c 81%c	50 % c 9 % c	4,060 22,659	48 70	Jan Jan	51 15e	Jan Jan
Dorval-Siscoe 1 Eastern Malartic Gold M 1	1.00 1.78	71c 1.75 2.35	1.22	73,375	1.20 2.32	Jan Jan	1.22 2.05	Feb Jan
Eldorado 1 Falconbridge *	2.65	2.35 101/4 c 41c	2 45 110	55,040 10,441	101/4	Jan Feb	2.69 123/8	Jan Jan
Federal-Kirkland1 Francoeur Gold Mines Ltd.	45c 1.40	1.35	1.58	200,235	201/c 1.15	Jan Jan	54c 1.58	Jan Feb
Glenora Gold 1 God's Lake * Goldale 1	25c 90c 43c	24 % c 90 c 43 c	95c 47c	122,700 33,867 47,850	24c 87c 41c	Jan Jan	30c 1.02 49c	Jan Jan Jan
Gold Bolt50c	140	19c 13½c	23e 17e	4,000 51,450	10c 11c	Jan Jan Jan	23c 1814 c	Jan Jan
Goodfish 1 Graham-Bousquet 1 Granada Gold 1	43c 45c	30c 40c	37c 57c	494,910 230,100	18c	Jan Jan	44c 57c	Feb Feb
Grandoro * Greene Stabell 1	13c 38c	91/2c	10 ½c 41c	29,700 78,270	7c 35c	Jan Jan	18c 45c	Jan Jan
Grull-Wihksne 1 Gunnar Gold 1	1,15	35½c 17c 1.10	18c	5,500 43,375	12c 1.05	Jan Jan	18c 1.25	Feb Jan
Halcrow-Swayze1 Hard Rock1	6c 2.60	5½c 2.50	6 14 c 2.95	27,950 71,860	3½c 2.50	Jan Feb	7c 3 44	Jan Jan
Hargal Oils ** Harker Gold **  1	26c	25c 26c	25c 30c	$1,000 \\ 206,000$	16c	Jan Jan	33c 35c	Jan Jan
Highwood Sarcee* Hollinger Cons	47c 151/4c 67c	29c 151/sc	47c 15%c	13,400 9,675	15c 13¾	Jan Jan	470 151/4	Feb Jan
Homestead Oil	61c	61c	75c 68c	53,253	55c 60c	Jan Jan	87c 72c	Jan Jan
Intl Mining etfs1 J M Consolidated1 Kirk Hudson Bay	16c 50c	50c	. 59c	1,455 57,266 79,336	157/80 43c 1.90	Feb Jan	59c	Jan Feb
Kirk Hudson Bay	2.55 1.16 1.07	1.99 1.15 99c	2.65 1.25 1.08	79,330 75,290 43,350	1.06 90c	Jan Jan Jan	2.65 1.35 1.08	Feb Jan Jan
Lake Shore 1 Lamaque-Contact 1 Lapa-Cadillac Gold 1	57 18c	5614	57 28c	3,241 395,500	56¾ 14c	Jan Jan	59¼ 28e	Jan Feb
Lapa-Cadillac Gold1 Lava Cap Gold1	1,22 820	1.19	1.27 85c	38,850 16,350	1.12 80c	Jan Jan	1.33 94c	Jan Jan
Lebel Oro 1 Lee Gold Mines 1	270 60	26c	30c 7c	209,500 19,600	181/20 51/20	Jan Jan	30c 7½c	Jan Jan
Little Long Lac **	1.15 7.85	1.15	1.35 8.40		7.05	Feb Jan	1.35 8.40	Feb Jan
Lowery Petroleum*	850	10 10	90c	33,500	37c	Jan	90c	Feb
MacLeod-Cockshutt*	7.75 3.05	7.50 2.70	8.10 4.00	37,905 230,553	7.30 2.70	Jan Feb	8.60 4.85	Jan Jan
Manitoba & Eastern* May Spiers Gold Mines	13c 34c	30c	15 ½ c 38c	452,500 95,000	10c 25c	Jan Jan	13c 44c	Jan Jan
McIntyre Porcupine 5 McKenzie Red Lake 1	1.89	1.87	40 ½c 1.96	56,575	38c 1.78	Jan	42 1 c 2.03	Jan Jan
McMillan Gold 1 McVittle-Graham 1 McWatters **	150 260 900	240	36c 97c	229,000 177,050 32,650	13c 17c 85c	Jan Jan	19½c 36c 1.18	Jan Feb Jan
Merland Oil * Mining Corp *	22 ½0 4.00	19c	25c 4.10	60,400	12c 3.25	Jan Jan	26c 4.10	Jan Jan
Minto Gold* Model Oil1	22c 1.03	22c 68c	24¾0 1.03	34,124 10,700 39,450	20c 45c	Jan Jan	28c 83c	Jan Feb
Moneta-Porcupinei Morris-Kirkland1	1.67 80c	1.60	1.75	75,828 108,550	1.55 64e	Jan Jan	1.77 88c	Jan Feb
Murphy Mines1 Navbob Gold*	9c 1.02	61/20	93%c	987,700 85.515	4¾ c 65c	Jan Jan	93/8 c 105.	Feb Feb
New Golden Rose1	1.32	1.20	7½0 1.42	57,200	4c 1.16	Jan Jan	8¼c 1.49	Jan Jan
Nipissing5 Noranda* Norgold Mines Ltd1	74%	1 74	3.60 75¾	10,081	2.68 733/8	Jan Jan	791/4	Feb Jan
Northern Canada Mining.*	75c	13c 75c	78c	9,050	81/20 721/20 8.75	Jan Jan	16% c 90c	Jan Jan
O'Brien Goldi Olga Oil & Gas New* Omega Gold1	9.80 90 1.08	, 90	10.50 10½0	34,050 206,705	6c 72c	Jan Jan Jan	13.25 12e 1.28	Jan Jan Jan
Okalta Gold* Pacalta Olls*	2.50	2.00				Feb Jan	2.50 35c	Feb Jan
Pamour-Porcupine **	3.75 41c	3.60 38c	4.00	10,313	3.60 30e	Jan Jan	4.00 46c	Jan Jan
Paulore Gold Mines Paymaster Consolidated 1 Perron Gold 1		1.03 2.10	1.15	286,650 18,050	1.05 2.10	Feb Jan	1 38	Jan Jan
Peterson-Cobalt! Pickie Crow!	31/80 8.90	2 % c 8.80	31/4 c 9.20	32,000 23,455	2½c 8.00	Jan Jan	2.50 3% c 9.20	Jan Feb
Paymaster Consolidated Perron Gold 1 Peterson-Cobalt 1 Plekie Crow 1 Ploneer Gold 1 Powell-Rouyn Gold 1 Premier Gold 1 Preston (new) 2 Prospectors Airways 4 Quebee Gold 1 Read - Authler 1	6.70 1.73	6.50 1.60	6.75 $1.90$	41,950 245,500 10,313 131,700 286,650 18,050 32,000 23,455 7,140 108,525 14,536	6.00 1.55	Jan Jan	6.75 1.90	Jan Feb
Premier Gold	3.80	3.90 1.38	1.45	14,535 29,550	3.90 1.29	Feb	1.47	Jan Jan
Quebec Gold1	1.21	80c	80c	2,760	70c	Jan Jan	1.55 85c	Jan Jan
Read-Authier 1 Red Lake-Gold Shore 2 Reno Gold 1	6.75 1.51 1.22	1.20	1.78	14,535 29,550 3,600 2,760 28,228 398,370 18,875 275,251 10,466 12,294 395,900 3,000 72,150	5.00 1.18 1.20	Jan Jan	6.80 1.78 1.35	Feb Feb
Roche-Long Lac	440	41c	48 1/20 54 1/	275,251 10,466	36c 43 16c	Jan Jan Jan	1.35 481/20 541/20	Jan Feb Feb
San Antonio	52½ 2.25 1.05	2.20	2.30	12,294	2.15 76c	Jan Jan	2.40	Jan Feb
San Antonio 1 Shawkey Gold * Sheep Creek 50c Sherritt-Gordon 1	3.10	60 2.98	66 3.30	3,000	65c 2.90	Jan Jan	80c 3.60	Jan Jan
Siscoe Gold 1 Sladen Maiartic 1 South Tiblemont *	2.15	5.90 2.15	6.25	37,230 52,300	5.00	Jan	6.65 2.49	Jan Jan
Southwest Petroleum *	1.85	80c	4760	32,200 20,405	3½0 620	Jan Jan	5½c 1.85	Jan Feb
St. Anthony Gold1	1.57 270	1.48 24c	1.74 31c	233,425 150,900	90 1/2 c 21 c	Jan Jan	1.74 32e	Feb Jan
Sudbury Basin * Sudbury Contact 1 Sullivan Consolidated 1	5 60	5.50 36c	5.90 39c	29,150	35c	Feb Jan	6.25 401/20	Jan Jan
Sylvanite Gold	4.50	4 50	2.10 4.80	29,770	1.99 3.75	Jan	4.80	Jan Feb
Tashota Goldfields1 Teck-Hughes Gold*	27 % c 5.95 2.07	23c 5.90	6.00	20,670 211,740 22,755 17,760 2,280	17e 5.35	Jan	6.00	Feb
Texas-Canadian* Toburn Gold	3.85	2.07 3.85	4.15	2,280	2.00 3.85 1.30	Jan Jan	4.65	Jan Jan Feb
Treadwell-Yukon1	2.83	75c	750	500	65c	Jan Jan Feb	75c	Feb Jan Jan
Waite Amulet	3.50	3.30	8.80	24,298	3.05	Jan Jan	4.10	Jan Feb
White Eagle	131/20	3 1/8 C	4360	399,000	5340	Jan	16 16 c	Jan Jan
Wayside Consolidated Sold   White Eagle	710	57 1/2 c 7 90	75360	280,600 16,795 9,700	45c 7.55	Jan Jan	75120	Feb Jan
	440	400	470	9,700	34c	Jan	491/20	Jan
* No par value.								

Quota	atio	ns oi	1 Ove	r-the	-Co	ur
Nev	v Yoı	k Cit	y Bonds	•		
23\(\frac{1}{4}\) s July 1 1975	104 108 14 108 12 108 108 108 101 111 114 1114 1114 1117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 11	14   0414	3 Apr 1 1966 5 Apr 15 1972 5 June 1 1974 5 June 1 1974 5 June 1 1975 7 Nov15 1975 8 Mar 1 1983 6 May 1 & N 8 Mar 1 1963 5 June 1 1965 5 July 1 1967 5 Dec 1 5 1975		Bid 119½ 121¼ 121¾ 122½ 123 124½ 119½ 121½ 122½ 123¼ 122½ 123¼ 123¼ 123¼ 123¼ 123¼	123% 124 124 % 125 %
New	Yor	k/Stat	e Bond	ls	-	
Bs 1974	Btd b2.50 16	Ask Wor	d War Bon	18—	Bid	Ask
3s 1981 Canal & Highway— 5s Jan & Mar 1946 to '71 Highway Imp 41/5s Sept '63 Canal Imp 41/5s Jan 1964 Can & Imp High 41/5s 1965	b2.60 16 b2.80 135 135	High	(s April 1940 way Improv Mar & Sept 1 al Imp 4s J&J e C T 4s Jan e C T 4½s Js	to 1949_ ement—	b1.90 1271/2 1271/2 1133/4 117	===
Port of Ne	w Yo	ork Au	ıthority	Bond	s	
Port of New York— Gen & ref 4a Mar 1 1975— Gen & ref 2d ser 3½ s '65 Gen & ref 3d ser 3½ s '76 Gen & ref 4th ser 3s_1976 George Washington Bridge 4½s ser B 1940-53_M&N'	108¾ 1 104¼ 1 103¾ 1 100¾ 1	09½ 19 05¼ Inla 04½ 19 01¼ 19 Holl 19	onne Bridge 4 39-53	J&J 3 1/48 ser D M&S M&S 1/48 ser E M&S	b0.50	2.25 112
United	Stat	es Ins	ular Bo	nds		
Phillippine Government—  48 1946  4½6 Oct 1959  4½8 July 1952  58 April 1955  58 Feb 1952  5½6 Aug 1941  Hawaii 4½8 Oct 1956	100   1 109   1 109   1 101   1	10½ US 10½ Gov 03 43 14 58	plulu 5s Panama 3s Ju t of Puerto R 4s July 1958. July 1948 July 1948 conversion 3s inversion 3s	1946	120 d3.75	113 1/2 113
Fede	ral La	and B	ank Bo	nds		
38 1955 opt 1945J&J 38 1956 opt 1946J&J 38 1956 opt 1946M&N 3½8 1955 opt 1945M&N 48_1946 opt 1944J&J	B4d 103½ 1 103½ 1 103½ 1 104¾ 1 1115% 1	Ask 0334 0334 48 1 0334 44 8 05 12	957 opt 1937. 958 opt 1938 1957 opt. 19 1958 opt 19	M&N M&N 37M&N 38M&N	B(d 102½ 103¾ 101 105¾	103 ¾ 101 ¾
Joint St	ock	Land	Bank	Bonds		
Atlanta 5s Atlantic 5s Burlington 5s California 5s Chicago 5s Dallas 5s Denver 5s First Carolinas 5s First of Fort Wayne 4½s First of New Orleans 5s First Trust of Chicago 4½s	93 99½ 90 96 98 100 100½	Linc Mar Miss 8 New 02 Nor 90 Ohlo 0res 96 Paci 01 Paci 01 Pac 98 Pac 98 Pac 00 Pen	oln 5s	a 58 a 58 a 58 on 58 ortland 58 os Ang 58 Lake 58 Fran 58	96 100 100 100 99¼ 99¾ 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	
Fremont 5s. Greensboro 5s. Greensboro 5s. Illinois Midwest 5s. Illinois of Monticello 4½s. Iowa of Sloux City 4½s. Kentucky of Lexington 5s. La Fayette 5s.	100 100 86 99 1/2 97 100	88 Sout 01 Ten 00 Virg	ouis 5s	ota 58 58	100	30 84 21½ 100 101
Joint St		Ask	- 1	Par	Bid	Ask
Atlanta         100           Atlantic         100           Dallas         100           Denver         100           Des Moines         100           First Carolinas         100           Fremont         100	35 40	40   Line 45   Nor Peni 14   Pote San	oln h Carolina_ sylvania mac Antonio nia nia-Carolina	100 100 100 100	26 12 42 55 46	7 29 18 46 58 1 52
Federal Interme	diate	e Cred	it Banl	k Debe	entu	ıres
		Ask			Bid	Ask
FIC1½8Feb 15 1937 FIC1½8Mar15 1937 FIC1½8Apr 15 1937 FIC1½8May 15 1937 FIC1½8June 15 1937 Missaurid Mingal and had	b .35% b .40% b .45% b .50% b .55%	FIC	11/48July 11/48Sep 11/48Oct 11/48Nov 11/48Dec	7 15 1937 7 t	0.60 % 0.70 % 0.80 % 0.80 % 0.80 %	=======================================
		k Ban	k Stock			
Par Bank of Manhattan Co. 10 Bank of Yorktown 66 2-3 Bensonhurst National 50 Chase 13.55 City (National) 12½ Commercial National 100 Fifth Avenue 100 First National of N Y 100 First National 100 Kingsboro National	37 63 65 57 52 236 2450 2450	59 Nation Penning Penn	chants Bank_ onal Bronx B onal Safety B Exchange_ les National_ ic National_ ing Nat Bank e Bank	ank	84d 100 50 19 15½ 76 53 45 28	A8k 115 21 171/2 55 47 35

er becurine	s—	-Fr	iday Feb.	5		
New Y	'ork	Tru	ıst Companie	s		
Par   Banca Comm Italiana   100	84d 105 531 79 10 1734 145	115 538 81 12 191/2 150	Empire	100	33 14 260 367 19 1740 54	34 372 20 57
Central Hanover 20 Chemical Bank & Trust 10 Clinton Trust 50 Colonial Trust 25 Continental Bank & Tr 10 Corn Exch Bk & Tr 20	77 16	146 79½ 100 20¾ 21¼ 75	Manufacturers Preferred New York Title Guarantee & Tr Underwriters United States	201	66 55 155 15¾ 95 2050	68 57 158 16 105 210
Ch			ank Stocks			
Par American National Bank & Trust	B4d 270 166⅓	Ask    1701/2	First National Harris Trust & Savings Northern Trust Co	Par _100 _100 _100	84d 375 480 840	As 380 510 880
Ins  Par Aetna Casualty & Surety 10	Bid	Ask 1001	Companies	Par	Btd 38	As 40
Aetna Fire 10 Aetna Life 10 Agricultural 25 American Alliance 10 American Equitable 5 American Home 10 American of Newark 2½	47¼ 31¼ 87¼ 24¼ 38¼ 12 13¼ 82¼ 30¼	1414	Home Fire Security Homestead Fire Importers & Exporters Ins Co of North Amer Knickerbooker Lincoln Fire Maryland Casualty Mass Bonding & Ins. Merch Fire Assur com	1216	6 21 34 6 72 17 4 56 7 14 69 60 13	23 8 73 19 5 8 72 62 15

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Allied Mtge Cos Inc-		- P (8)	Nat Union Mtge Corp-		
All series 2-5s1953	83	100	Series A 2-6s1954	58 34	
Arundel Bond Corp 2-58 '53	81		Series B 2-5s1954	81	3 -
Arundel Deb Corp 2-6s '53	55	, <del>.</del> .	Potomac Bond Corp (all		777
Associated Mtge Cos Inc-		1, 177	issues) 2-581953	79	100
Debenture 2-681953	5236	54 16	Potomae Cons Deb Corp-	3.5	0.00
Cont'l Inv Bd Corp 2-58'53	79	0	2-681953	4814	50 1/2
Contl InvDeb Corp 2-6s'53	4814	5016	Potomac Deb Corp 2-68 '53	4816	50 34
Empire Properties Corp	10/2	00/2	Potomac Franklin Deb Co	2072	00 /2
2-381945	48	51	2-681953	4816	501/
Interstate Deb Corp 2-58'55	40	43	2 00	2072	00 72
Mortgage Bond Co of Md	40	10	Potomac Maryland Deben-	100	
Inc 2-581953	82	-0.0	ture Corp 2-681953	7036	
Nat Bondholders part ctfs	04		Potomac Realty Atlantic	1073	
(Central Funding series)	13616	2 3 5	Debenture Corp 2-68 '53	401/	PO 14
(Central Funding series)			Poolty Dand & Martin	4814	501/2
Nat Cons Bd Corp 2-58 '53	79	F017	Realty Bond & Mortgage	1011	
Nat Deben Corp 2-6s_1953	481/2	50 1/2	deb 2-6s1953	481/2	50 1/2
		5.349	Unified Deben Corp 5s '55	40	42
	100	950 . 1		terry "	
		1.00			
	M	7 37 1 4		5 - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -	

### Telephone and Telegraph Stocks

Bid.	Ask		Bid	Ask
1261/2	1271	New York Mutual Tel_100	25	28
133	1341/2	N'west Bell Tel pf 61/4 % 100	105%	10614
		Pac & Atl Telegraph25	20	
1221/2	124	Peninsular Telephone com*	28	30
	99	Preferred A100	108	11234
49	54			
65		Roch Telep \$6.50 1st pf 100	112	115
				, , .
991/2			23	24
96		Sou New Engl Telep100	1601/2	165
1521/2	1541/2	S'western Bell Tel pref_100	124 16	126
1371/2	1391	-		
		Wisconsin Telep 7% pf_100	11314	116
	126½ 133 163 122½ 97 49 65 44 99½ 96 152½	126½ 127½ 133 134½ 163 168 122½ 124 97 49 54 65 47 99½ 102½ 152½ 154½	126½   127½   New York Mutual Tel. 100   133   134½   N'west Bell Tel pf 6½ %100   Pac & Atl Telegraph	126 ½ 1271½   New York Mutual Tel. 100   25   133   134½   Nivest Bell Tel pf 6½ % 100   105%   200

For Footnote see page 919.

### Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday Feb. 5—Continued

### Guaranteed Railroad Stocks

### Joseph Walker & Sons

120 Broadway **NEW YORK** 

Tel. REctor 2-6600

### **Guaranteed Railroad Stocks**

(Guarantor in Parenthesis)

Pa	In Dollars	Bid	Asked
Alabama & Vicksburg (Illinois Central)100	6.00	100	105
Albany & Susquehana (Delaware & Hudson)100		180	185
Allegheny & Western (Buff Roch & Pitts)100		110	113
Beech Creek (New York Central)50		4216	4414
Boston & Albany (New York Central)100	8.75	145	148
Boston & Providence (New Haven)100		149	154
Canada Southern (New York Central)100	2.85	60	62
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio (L & N-A C L) 4% 100		102	
Common 5% stamped 100		103 16	106
Chicago Cleve Cinn & St Louis pref (N Y Central) 100	5.00	9814	
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Pennsylvania)50		90	92
Betterman stock 50		51	53
Delaware (Pennsylvania)25		4716	50
Fort Wayne & Jackson pref (N Y Central)100	5.50	91	95
Georgia RR & Banking (L & N-A C L)		198	203
Lackawanna RR of N J (Del Lack & Western)100		76	79
Michigan Central (New York Central)100		950	
Morris & Essex (Del Lack & Western)50		6516	68
New York Lackawanna & Western (D L & W)100		97	100
Northern Central (Pennsylvania)50		103	106
Northern RR of N J (Erle)	4.00	62	67
Oswego & Syracuse (Del Lack & Western)60	4.50	70	74
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (U S Steel)50	1.50	42	44
Preferred50	3.00	84	88
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago (Pennsylvania)100	7.00	172	178
Preferred100		188	191
Rensselaer & Saratoga (Delaware & Hudson)100	6.82	105	109
St Louis Bridge 1st pref (Terminal RR)100		148	
Second preferred100		75	78
Tunnel RR St Louis (Terminal RR)100	6 00	148	- 10
United New Jersey RR & Canal (Pennsylvania)100		254	258
Utica Chenango & Susquehanna (D L & W)100		91	95
Valley (Delaware Lackawanna & Western)100		98	
Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific (Illinois Central) 100		86	90
Preferred100		87	92
Warren RR of N J (Del Lac & Western)50		49	53
	3.00	67	69

### **EQUIPMENT TRUST CERTIFICATES**

Quotations-Appraisals Upon Request

### STROUD & COMPANY INC.

Private Wires to New York

Philadelphia, Pa

### Railroad Equipment Bonds

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Atlantic Coast Line 41/6.	b1.50	1.00	Missouri Pacific 41/5	b3.75	3.00
Baltimore & Ohio 4 1/48	b2.50	2.00	58	b3.00	2.00
58	b2.25	1.75	51/48	b3.00	2.00
Boston & Maine 41/8	b3 25	2.25	New Orl Tex & Mex 41/8	b3.75	3.00
58	b3.25	2.50	New York Central 4168	b2.40	2.00
3 1/48 Dec. 1 1936-1944	b3.00	2.25	58	b2.40	2.00
0/10 Dec. 1 1000 101111	00.00		N Y Chie & St. L 4 1/8	b2.50	2.00
Canadian National 41/8	b2.70	2.00	58	b2.50	2.00
58	b2 70	2.00	N Y N H & Hartf 4 1/8	b3.75	3.00
Canadian Pacific 41/48	b2.50	2.00	58	b3.75	3.00
Cent RR New Jer 4 1/8	b1.70	1 25	Northern Pacific 4 1/8	b1.50	1.00
Chesapeake & Ohio 51/8	b1.00	0.50	Pennsylvania RR 41/8	b1.35	1.00
	b1.00		Foundy Ivania Ich #735	91.25	0.75
6 148		0.50	4s series E due	41.20	0.70
41/48	b2.20	1.25		30 00	2.00
58	b1.75	1.00	Jan & July 1936-49	b2.60	2.00
Chicago & Nor West 41/48 58	33 75	3.00	23/48 series G	10.00	1 00
58	b3 75	3.00	non call Dec. 1 1936-50	b2.30	1.80
Chic Milw & St Paul 41/8	b4.75	4 00	Pere Marquette 41/8	b2 50	2.00
58	b4.90	4.00	Reading Co 41/48	b2.30	1.80
Chicago R I & Pac 41/28	83	. 86	58	b1.50	0.75
58	83	86	St. Louis-San Fran 4s	f98	991
A Linear Company of the Principle of	Sec. 19	1	41/48	1981	100
Denver & R G West 41/8	b3.50	2 50	58	f99	101
58	b3.50	2 50	St Louis Southwestern 5s	b3.00	2.25
5165	b3.50	2.50	51/28	b2.75	2.00
Erie RR 5168	b1.50	1.00	Southern Pacific 4 1/8	b2.30	1.75
68	b1.50	1.00	58	b2.30	1.75
4168	b2.50	1.75	Southern Ry 41/28	b2.50	2.00
58	b2 25	1.75	58	b2.50	2.00
Great Northern 41/48	b1.50	1.00	51/48	b1.25	0.75
58	b1.50	1.00	Texas Pacific 4s	b2.00	1.00
Hocking Valley 58	b1.25	0.75	41/48	b2.00	1.00
-155 ( 145	01.20	0.10	58	b2.00	1.00
Il inois Central 41/8	b2.30	1.75	Union Pacific 41/8	b1.10	
	b1.75	1.00	58	b1.10	0.50
58	b1.78	1.00	Virginian Ry 41/8	b1.25	0.75
51/48			Virginian Ry 4728	b1.25	0.75
Internat Great Nor 41/28	b3.75	2.50	59	100	102
Long Island 41/48	b2.40	1.75			102 1
58	b2.25	1.50	58	100 1	
Louisv & Nash 41/28	b1.20	0.75		101	103
58	b1.20	0.75	68	100	101 14
Maine Central 5s	b3.10	2.50		b2.10	1.78
5 1/8	<b>b3</b> 10	2.50	58	b2.10	1.75
Minn St P & SS M 48	<b>03.75</b>	2.75	Western Pacific 5s	b3.75	2.78
		1 2 3	51/18	b3.75	2.75
		1 . v	1		
		S 2	II.		

For footnotes see page 919.

### LROAD BONDS.

BOUGHT . SOLD . QUOTED

# JOHN E. SLOANE & CO. Members New York Security Dealers Association ad St., N. Y. - HAnover 2-2455 - Bell Syst. Teletype NY 1-62

### Railroad Bonds

	Bld	Asked
Akron Canton & Youngstown 5 1/4s, 1945. 6s, 1945. Augusta Union Station 1st 4s, 1953. Birmingham Terminal 1st 4s, 1957. Boston & Albany 1st 4 1/4s, April 1, 1943. Boston & Maine 3s, 1950. Prior lien 4s, 1942. Prior lien 4 1/4s, 1944. Convertible 5s, 1940-45. Buffalo Creek 1st ref 5s, 1961.	72½ 73 98 100½ 104 68½ 85½ 85½ 89 95½	74 75 103 106 1/2 71 1/2 91 97 105 1/2
Chateaugay Ore & Iron 1st ref 4s, 1942 Choctaw & Memphis 1st 5s, 1952 Cincinnati Indianapolis & Western 1st 5s, 1965 Cleveland Terminal & Valley 1st 4s, 1995 Georgia Southern & Florida 1st 5s, 1945 Goshen & Deckertown 1st 54s 1978 Great Northern 3%s series I, 1967	91 61 101 981/4 70 99 97	93 63 103 99 14 71 14 102 98 34
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s, 1946. Kanawha & West Virginia 1st 5s, 1955. Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf 1st 5s, 1978. Little Rock & Hot Springs Western 1st 4s, 1939. Long Island refunding mtge. 4s, 1949.	93 102 104 f31 104 1/4	951/4 1043/4 33 1051/4
Macon Terminal ist 5s, 1965	106 79 99¾ 56 99	108 81 101 1/2 59 101
New York & Hoboken Ferry general 5s, 1946	80 98 72 93 971	82 99 7314 95 99
St Clair Madison & St Louis 1st 4s, 1951 Shreveport Bridge & Terminal 1st 5s, 1955 Souherset Ry 1st ref 4s, 1955 Southern Ulinois & Missouri Bridge 1st 4s, 1951 Toledo Terminal RR 41/8, 1957 Toronto Hamilton & Buffalo 41/8, 1966 Washington County Ry 1st 31/8, 1954	95 89 71 % 94 113 % 99 % 70 %	98 7314 96 115 103 7214

# DUKE POWER COMPANY COMMON STOCK Berdell Brothers

MBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE AND N. Y. CURB EXCHANGE

TEL. DIGBY 4-2800 ONE WALL ST., N. Y. TELETYPE N. Y. 1-1146

### **Public Utility Stocks**

Par	Bid	Ask .	Par	Bid	Ask
Alabama Power \$7 pref *	82 16	84 14	Mississippi Power \$6 pref	70	73 16
Arkansas Pr & Lt \$7 pref_*	94	96	\$7 preferred	7816	82
Assoc Gas & Elec orig pref *	15	17	Mississippi P & L \$6 pf *	79	81
\$6.50 preferred*	2914	3216	Miss Riv Pow 6% pref_100	16	
\$7 preferred*	30	34	Mo Pub Serv \$7 pref100	1616	181
Atlantic City El \$6 pref*	11416		Mountain States Pr com *	6	734
Bangor Hydro-El 7% pf 100	137		7% preferred100	54	57
Birmingham Elec \$7 pref. *	83	84 1/2	Nassau & Suff Ltg pref. 100	45	4616
Buff Niag & E pr pref 25	24 3/8	25 3/8	Nebraska Pow 7% pref. 100	111%	114
Carolina Pr & Lt \$7 pref*	97	100	Newark Consol Gas100		126
6% preferred *	91	93	New Eng G & E 5 1/2% pf. *	53%	54 16
Central Maine Power	01	00	N E Pow Assn 6% pref 100	86	87
\$7 preferred100	96	9814	New Eng Pub Serv Co-	.00	
	86	89	\$7 prior lien pref*	79	80
\$6 preferred100		89	New Orl Pub Serv \$7 pf*	77	79
Cent Pr & Lt 7% pref 100	87	09	N Y Pow & Lt \$6 cum pf. *		10514
Columbus Ry Pr & Lt—	110	111		113 1	115
1st \$6 preferred A100	110		7% cum preferred100	97	
\$6 50 preferred B100		109 1	Nor States Pr \$7 pref100	97	100
Consol Elec & Gas \$6 pref	31	34	Ohio Tidison 66 and	100	100
Consol Traction (N J) 100	6314		Ohio Edison \$6 pref*	108	109
Consumers Pow \$5 pref*	104	105	\$7 preferred*	113	114%
6% preferred100		106 1	Ohio Power 6% pref 100	111	112
6.60% preferred100	105 1/8	10614	Ohio Pub Serv 6% pf100	105	106 1
Continental Gas & El-			7% preferred100	1101	
7% preferred100	100	1011	Okla G & E 7% pref100	114%	1173
Dallas Pr & Lt 7% pref 100	113				
Derby Gas & El \$7 pref*	74	79	Pacific Pow & Lt 7% pf 100	86	88
Essex-Hudson Gas100	195		Penn Pow & Lt \$7 pref *		1113%
Federal Water Serv Corp-		1 .	Philadelphia Co \$5 pref *		94%
\$6 cum preferred	53 34	551/4	Pub Serv of Colo 7% of 100	1081/2	110
\$6.50 cum preferred	5414	55%			10.5
\$7 cum preferred	56	58	Queens Borough G & E-		6.00
Foreign Lt & Pow units *			6% preferred100	90 %	92%
Gas & Elec of Bergen100	122		Republic Natural Gas 1	7 1/8	83/8
Hamilton Gas Co v t c	14	5/8	Rochester Gas & Elec-	100	100
Hudson County Gas100	195		6% preferred C100		104 %
Idaho Power \$6 pref*	1081		Sloux City G & E \$7 pf 100	100	101 1/2
7% preferred100	110		Sou Calif Edison pref B 25	281	291
Illinois Pr & Lt 1st pref*	65	67	South Jersey Gas & El. 100	193	198
Interstate Natural Gas *	33	341/2		684	70
Interstate Power \$7 pref*	19	21	7% preferred100	7514	76%
Jamaica Water Sup pref_50	54		Texas Pow & Lt 7% pf. 100	110	1111%
Jer Cent P & L 7% pf100	98	100	Toledo Edison 7% pf A 100	110%	
Kan Gas & El 7% pref_100	113	11416		93 14	
Kings Co Ltg 7% pref 100	78	81	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref *	7714	
Long Island Ltg 6% pf. 100	7714		Utica Gas & El 7% pf 100		104 1
7% preferred100	891		Virginia Ry100	175	

### Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday Feb. 5—Continued

Securities of the

Associated Gas & Electric System

### S. A. O'BRIEN & CO.

Members New York Curb Exchange

150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
75 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON
COrtlandt 7-1868
HANcock 8920
Direct Private Telephone between New York and Boston
Bell System Teletype—N.Y. 1-1074

### **Public Utility Bonds**

The second second second	Bid	Ask	Land of the state of the state of the	Bid	Ask
Amer States P S 5 1/8_1948	941/4	961/2	Federated Util 5 1/48 1957	88	90
Amer Wat Wks & El 5s '75	102	103 14	Green Mountain Pow 58 '48	10314	00
Ariz Edison 1st 5s 1948	.89	91	Houston Lt & Pow 31/4s 66	104	1043
1st 6s series A1945	94	96	Iowa Sou Util 5 1/8 1950	10216	101/
100 00 001100 11111111010		00	Kan City Pub Serv 38, 1951	49	51
Ark Missouri Pow 1st 6s '53	92 1/2	94	Kansas Elec Pow 31/48_1966	100 1/8	1001
Associated Electric 5s_1961	6914		Kan Pow & Lt 1st 4 1/8 '65	1085%	109
Assoc Gas & El Co 4 1/48 '58	54	55	Keystone Telep 51/8-1955	103 5/8	
Assoc Gas & Elec Corp-	· ·	00		-0078	200
Income deb 31/8 1978	43	43 16	Los Angeles G & E 4s 1970	2.5	1
Income deb 3%s1978	4514		Louisville Gas & El 3 1/8 '66	1023%	1028
Income deb 4s1978	481/2		Metrop Edison 4s ser G '65	10714	
Income deb 41/81978	34	54 1/2	Missouri Pow & Lt 3 48 66	1013	1017
Conv deb 481973	86	102/2	Mtn States Pow 1st 6s 1938		102
Conv deb 41/481973	91	93	Narragansett Elec 31/48 '66	103 7/8	
Conv deb 581973	97	9814	Newport N & Ham 5s. 1944		107
Conv deb 51/81973	107	00/2	New Engl Pow 31/48_ 1961	102 1/2	
Sink fund income 4s 1983	48	511/2	N. Y. State E & G Corp.	-0-/-	102/
Sink fund inc 4 1/481983	54	5736	481965	101%	102
Sink fund income 5s 1983	58	61	Northern N Y Util 58, 1955	102 1/2	
Sink fund ine 5 1/8 1983	. 60	65	Ohio Edison 33/481972	10034	
Sink fund inc 4-58 _ 1986	52		Old Dom Pr 5s May 15 '51	81	82 1
Sink fund inc 4 14-5 1/8 86	5914		Okla Gas & Elec 3 18.1966	102 1/2	1027
Sink fund inc 5-6s. 1986	61%		Debenture 481946	103 %	
Sink fund inc 514-6148 86	66		Pacific Gas & Elec Co	-00/8	-0-
Participating 8s zw. 1940	10214	103	31/48 series I 1966	1011/2	1017
Tarticipating of participa	102/4	100	Pacific Tel & Tel 31/4 s C '66	t	
Bellows Falls Hy El 5s 1958	103	10414	Parr Shoals Power 58.1952	10214	1054
Blackstone V G & E 48 '65		109%	Pennsylvania Elec 5s 1962		106
			Penn Telep Corp 1st 4s '65	1061/2	
Cent Ark Pub Serv 5s 1948	100	101 34		f100	
Central G & E 51/8 1946	841/2		Public Serv of Colo 6s. 1961	10514	
1st lien coll tr 681946	871/2		Pub Serv of N H 3348 D '60	105%	
Cent Maine Pr 4s ser G '60	105	105 1/2	Pub Util Cons 5 1/8 1948		85
Central Public Utility-			Sloux City Gas & El 4s 1966	100 16	
Income 5 1/s with stk1952	f101/2	1234	Sou Calif Gas 1st 4s1965	105 1/8	
Colorado Power 5s 1953	10614		Sou Cities Util 5s A1958	60	
Conn Lt & Power 3 1/8 1956	105	105 1/6	Tel Bond & Share 5s_1958		891
3 1/2s series F 1966	10714	10734	Utica Gas & El Co 58 1957	12416	1251
3 1/s series G1966	104	1043/8	Western Mass Co 3 1/8 1946	103 16	
			Western Pub Serv 51/8 '60	96	
Conn River Pr 3% 8 A. 1961	106	106 34	Wisconsin G & El 3 1/8 1966	102 1/8	
Consol E & G 68 A 1962	68	69	Wisc Mich Pow 3% 8 1961	102 %	
6s series B1962	67	70	Wisconsin Pub Ser	/0	
6% secured notes. 1937	73	74	1st mtge 4s1961	1041/2	105%
Cumberl'd Co P&L 31/28'66		1011/4			
Federal Pub Serv 1st 6s '47	f63 1/2				19.47
		16 4			

### Real Estate Securities

Reports-Markets

Public Utilities—Industrials—Railroads

# AMOTT, BAKER & CO.

150 Broadway, N. Y.

Bell System Tel. N Y 1-588

### Real Estate Bonds and Title Co. Mortgage Certificates

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Alden 1st 6sJan 1 1941	f49	5136	Majestic Apts 1st 6s1948	13514	3714
Broadmoor (The) 1st 6s '41	1521/2		Metropolitan Chain Prop—	70072	0174
B'way Barclay 1st 6s_1941	f371/2		681948	93	96
B'way & 41st Street—	30172	0.072	Metropolitan Corp (Can)—	- 00	90
1st leasehold 61/8_1944	f40 1/2		681947	99	
Broadway Motors Bldg-	14072		Metropol Playhouses Inc-	99	
68 stamped1948	f723/2	7436	8 f deb 581945	7736	79
Chanin Bldg Inc 4s1945	66 16		Munson Bldg 1st 6 18.1939		
Chesebrough Bldg 1st 6s '48	711/8		N Y Athletic Club—	f44 1/4	45%
Chrysler Bldg 1st 6s_1948	9914		1st mtge 2s stmp & reg'55	f37	39
Court & Remsen St Off Bld	0074	101	1st & gen 6s1946		
1st 6sApr 28 1940	f64	5734	N Y Eve Journal 61/8.1937	f371/2	3914
Dorset (The) 1st 6s1941			N Y Title & Mtge Co-	101 5/8	
East Ambassador Hotels—	f30 1/2		51/g gorden P.V	100	00
lst & ref 5 1/28 1947	f1114	1314	51/28 series BK	f60	62
Equit Off Bldg deb 5s 1952			5 1/2 series C-2	149%	611/4
	8914	9114	5 1/28 series F-1	J59	61
Deb 5s 1952 Legended 50 Bway Bldg 1st 3s inc '46	85 1/2	88	51/28 series Q	J491/2	521
500 Fifth Avenue—	15416	56 1/2	19th & Walnut Sts (Phila)		
	45	111	1st 6sJuly 7 1939	f33 1/2	361/2
6 %s unstamped1949		0777	Oliver Cromwell (The)—		
502 Park Ave 1st 6s1941	1341/2	371/2	1st 6sNov 15 1939	f131/2	16
52d & Madison Off Bldg—	***	0.00	1 Park Avenue-	4.1	
68Nov 1947	f52		2nd mtge 681951	891/2	
Film Center Bldg 1st 6s '43	f55 1/2	_====	103 E 57th St 1st 6s1941	64 1/2	
40 Wall St Corp 68 1958	75%	77%	165 Bway Bldg 1st 51/28 '51	591/2	611
4: 13 vay 1st 6s1939	83		Prudence Co	100	
1400 Broadway Bldg-		1.00	5 1/28 double stpd1961	69	71
1st 6 1/2s stamped1948	1431/2	461/2	Realty Assoc Sec Corp-	1254	
Fox Theatre & Off Bldg-			5s income1943	156	58
1st 6 %s Oct 1 1941	f24 1/2	26	Roxy Theatre—	12.5	
Fuller Bidg deb 6s1944	80	83	1st fee & I'hold 6 1/8_1940	f57	5914
5 1/2s unstamped1949	f55	58	Savoy Plaza Corp-	1200	
Graybar Bldg 5s1946	861/4		Realty ext 1st 51/s_1945	12914	311/
Harriman Bldg 1st 6s 1951	66	6814	681945	12914	311/2
Hearst Brisbane Prop 6s '42	93	96	Sherry Netherland Hotel-		
Hotel Lexington 1st 6s '43	f67 1/2		1st 5%sMay 15 1948	13814	40%
Hotel St George 4s1950	5714	591/2	60 Park Pl (Newark) 6s '37	4814	
Keith-Albee Bldg (New	1. 21 5.7	Sin a	616 Madison Av 1st 6 1/28'38	1381	4116
Rochelle) 1st 6s1936	891/2		61 Bway Bldg 1st 5 1/8 1950	J57	59
Lefcourt Manhattan Bldg			Syracuse Hotel (Syracuse)	V	
1st 4-5s extended to 1948	70	73 1/2	1st 61/sOot 23 1940	f73	
Lewis Morris Apt Bldg-			Textile Bldg 1st 6s1958	5736	5934
1st 6 1/s Apr 15 1937	f51 1/2	55 1/2	Trinity Bldgs Corp-		-
Lincoln Bldg Inc 5 1/8_1963	781/2		1st 51/81939	97	9914
Loew's Theatre Realt Corp			2 Park Ave Bldg 1st 4s 1941	66	7036
1st 6s1947	981/8	90 1/2	Walbridge Bldg (Buffalo)-		
London Terrace Apts 6s '40	591/2	63 1/2	1st 6 1/8 Oct 19 1938	f28	
Ludwig Bauman-	21	100	Westinghouse Bldg-		1
1st 6s (Bklyn)1942	731/2		1st fee & leasehold 4s '48	17634	79
1st 16s (L I)1936	73 16		100		

OFFERINGS WANTED

First Mortgage Bonds of Subsidiaries American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc. Consumers Water Co. (Maine)

### H. M. PAYSON & CO.

Specialists in -

# WATER WORKS SECURITIES Complete Statistical Information—Inquiries Invited

### SWART, BRENT & Co.

NOCRPORATED
40 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK
Tel. HAnover 2-0510 Teletype: New York 1-1073

### **Water Bonds**

- 12 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Bid	Ask	(1)	Bid	4.8k
Alabama Water Serv 58 '57	101	103	Monmouth Consol W 5s '56	100 16	102
Alton Water Co 5s1956	105		Monongahela Valley Water		100
Ashtabula Wat Wks 5s '58	103 14		5 1/48 1950	102	
Atlantic County Wat 58 '58	104		Morgantown Water 5s 1965	105	
	Part San		Muncie Water Works 58 '65	105	
Birmingham Water Works		er plant has	New Jersey Water 5s 1950	102	104
58 series C1957	104	105 16	New Rochelle Wat 58 B '51	91	93
5s series B1954	102	103 14	51/81951	9116	931
51/48 series A 1954	103	105	New York Wat Serv 58 '51	9956	1003
Butler Water Co 5s 1957	10514	200	Newport Water Co 5s 1953	99	1102
Dation water or delication	-00/2	4.5	Ohio Cities Water 51/8 '53	91	93
Calif Water Service 4s 1961	103	105	Ohio Valley Water 5s 1954	109	00
Chester Wat Serv 41/48 '58	103	1041/2	Ohio Water Service 5s. 1958	101	103
Citizens Water Co (Wash)	100	-0-/2	Ore-Wash Wat Serv 5s 1957	96	98
581951	102	25	Penna State Water—	50	00
51/48 series A 1951	103		1st coll trust 41/4s_ 1966	101	103
City of New Castle Water	100		Penna Water Co 58 1940		103
	102		Poorts Water Co 381940	105	
581941 City W (Chat) 58 B. 1954			Peoria Water Works Co-	101	1001
	1011		1st & ref 5s1950	101	1023
1st 5s series C1957	105	100	1st consol 4s1948	100	
Clinton W Wks Co 58_1939	101 1/2	103	1st consol 5s1948	101	
Commonwealth Wat (N J)		11 ( V	Prior lien 58 1948	103 1	
5s series C1957	105		Phila Suburb Wat 4s_1965	108	107
5 1/2s series A1947	103	105	Pinellas Water Co 51/48 '59	100	1013
Community Water Service		Older O	Pittsburgh Sub Wat 5s '58	103	
5 1/2s series B1946	84	86	Plainfield Union Wat 58 '61	107	
6s series A1946	88	91	Richmond W W Co 58_1957	105	
Connellsville Water 5s.1939	100		Roanoke W W 5s 1950	98	100
Consol Water of Utica-			Roch & L Ont Wat 58_1938	101	103
41/81958	95	98	St Joseph Wat 4s ser 19A'66	10514	
1st mtge 5s1958	100		Scranton Gas & Water Co		S 411
			4 1/281958	10314	105
Davenport Water Co 5s '61	105		Scranton Spring Brook	1 1 1 1 1 1	W. S
E St L & Interurb Water-		1987	Water Serv 58 1961	103%	105 1
5s series A1942	101	102	1st & ref 5s A 1967	10214	
6s series B1942	10234		Shenango Val 4s ser B 1961	10216	
5s series D1960	10414	1.0-76	South Bay Cons Wat 5s '50	8116	83 14
Greenwich Water & Gas-			Sou Pittsburgh Wat 58 55	103	007
5s series A1952	101%	10314	5s series A1960	103	
5s series B1952	1001		5s series B1960	10516	
Hackensack Wat Co 5s '77	103 1		Spgfield City Wat 4s A1956		102
5 1/28 series B1977	109		Terre Haute Water 58 B '56	102	N 1100 T 1100
Huntington Water 5s B '54	102		6s series A1949	103 14	
681954	10234		Texarkana Wat 1st 5s 1958	103	
	104				104
5s1962 Illinois Water Serv 5s A '52		104	Union Water Serv 5 1/28 '51	102	
	1021	104	Water Serv Cos Inc 58 '42	96	100
Indianapolis Water—	10014	100	W Va Water Serv 4s1961	1001/2	102
1st mtge 3 1/4s1966	102 1/2	104	Western N Y Water Co-		100
Indianapolis W W Securs—	00		5s series B1950	100	
581958	99	102	1st mtge 5s1951	9914	
Interstate Water 6s A_1940	103		1st mtge 5 1/8 1950	102	
Joplin W W Co 581957	104 16		Westmoreland Water 5s '52	103	105
Kokomo W W Co 581958	104 1/2		Wichita Water Co 58 B '56	102	
Lexington Wat Co 51/8 '40	9914	102	5s series C1960	1041	
Long Island Wat 5 1/8. 1955	10416	106	6s series A1949	103 14	
Middlesex Wat Co 51/48 '57	106		W'msport Water 5s1952	105 16	
		/ ·	W'msport Water 5s1952	105 1/2	

### Chain Store Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	l Pari	Bid	Ask
Berland Shoe Stores *	16	18	Kress (S H) 6% pref	12	123%
7% preferred100			Miller (I) Sons com*	18	22
B/G Foods Inc com	43/4	51/2		44	52
Bickfords Inc*	1414	151/2	Murphy (G C) \$5 pref. 100	108	2.112
\$2 50 conv pref*	36	3734	Neisner Bros pref 100	112	11416
Bohack (H C) common*		11			W 1
7% preferred100	51	53	Reeves (Daniel) pref 100	108	
Diamond Shoe pref 100	104		Schiff Co preferred 100	10716	
Property of the Control of the Contr			United Cigar Sts 6% pf_100	1736	2016
Fishman (M H) Stores *	221/2	24 16	6% pref ctfs	17	20
Preferred100	105		U S Stores preferred100	7	12
Kats Drug preferred*	104	108			17.0
Kobacker Stores*		2134			
7% preferred100	85	92			day.
at a little and a little and a second	1 P. Control	1170			State of the

### Sugar Stocks

Par Eastern Sugar Assoc1 Preferred1 Haytian Corp Amer*	81d 37 42½ 1	40	Savannah Sug Ref com	84d 37 ¼ 6¾	Ask 38% 7%
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For footnotes see page 919.

### CURRENT NOTICES

- —J. Roy Prosser & Co., 52 William St., New York City, have issued circular on American Alliance Insurance Company.
- —Vanderhoef & Robinson announce that Bernard W. Green has bee admitted as a general partner in their firm.
- —J. B. Hanauer & Company are distributing the Feb. 1st issue of "The New Jersey Municipal Bond Market."
- -Ralph H. McManus, formerly with Leach Brothers, Inc., he associated with Steelman & Birkins.

### Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday Feb. 5 - Continued

Merck & Co., Inc. Climax Molybdenum Co. Interstate Natural Gas Co. Amer. Dist. Tel. (N. J.) Com. & Pfd.

Bought-Sold-Quoted

Bristol & Willett

Established 1920

Members New York Security Dealers Association 115 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. BArclay 7-0700 Bell System Teletype NY 1-1493

Weight and James I	ndu	stri	al Stocks		
Par	Bid	Ask	Par,	Bid	Ask
American Arch*	57	- 1	Maytag warrants	11/4	134
American Book 100	621/2	65	Merck & Co Inc com1	34	36
American Hard Rubber-		-77	6% preferred100	114	100
8% cum preferred100	110		Mock Judson & Voehringer		17.
American Hardware 25	441/8	44 3/8	Preferred100	97	100
Amer Maize Products*	343/8	36 3/8	Muskegon Piston Ring	19%	2034
American Mfg 5% pref_100	83	87	National Casket*	491/2	511/2
American Republics com. *	161/2	173%	Preferred*	110	113
Andian National Corp *	471/2	49	Nat Paper & Type com*	91/2	101/2
Art Metal Construction 10	251/4	261/4	5% preferred100	32	33%
Bankers Indust Serv cl A*	6	71/2	New Haven Clock pf 100	95	105
Beneficial Indus Loan pf. *	5134	5314	Northwestern Yeast 100	89	92
Bowman-Biltmore Hotels	01/4	0074	Norwich Pharmacal5	41	45
1st preferred100	25	36	Ohio Leather	41	40
Burdines Inc com*	4214	4414	Ohio Match Co*	113/	121/2
Canadian Celanese com*	22/4	11/4	Pathe Film 7% pref*	98	
Preferred100			Petroleum Conversion1	11/8	101
Climax Molybdenum*	45%	4734	Publication Corp com*	48	
Columbia Baking com*	11	13	Pomington Arms com		50
\$1 cum preferred.	22	24	Remington Arms com*	478	578
Columbia Decederation A a	47		Scovill Mfg25	52	53
Columbia Broadcasting A *		49	Singer Manufacturing100	342	348
Class B	4634	48%	Standard Screw100	150	1571/2
Crowell Pub Co com	541/4	561/4	Stromberg-Carlson Tel Mfg	x191/2	201/4
\$7 preferred100	1081/2		Sylvania Indus Corp*	431/2	441/2
Dentists' Supply Co of N Y	62	65	Taylor Milling Corp*		4.4
Dictaphone Corp*	641/2	68	Taylor Wharton Iron &	200	
Preferred100	1191/2		Steel com*	18%	20
Dixon (Jos) Crucible100	75	80	Trico Products Corp*	41	4234
Douglas Shoe preferred_100	29	32	Tubize Chatillon cum pf_10	1021/2	107
Draper Corp*	85	88	United Merch & Mfg com *	22	231/4
Flour Mills of America *			United Piece Dye Works. *	2	21/2
Foundation Co. For shs *	3 3/8	4	Preferred100	191/2	211/2
American shares*	734	83/8	Warren Northam—		
Gair (Robert) Co com*	1234	1334	\$3 conv preferred*	421/2	46
Preferred*	411/8	431/8	Welch Grape Juice com5	36	
Gen Fire Extinguisher *	2334	2434	7% preferred100	107	1.40
Gen Fireproofing \$7 pf_100			West Va Pulp & Pap com. *	3614	381/2
Golden Cycle Corp10	4034	441/2	Preferred100	10514	1071
Good Humor Corp	914	10	West Dairies Inc com vtc 1	45%	6
Graton & Knight com*	71/4	9	\$3 cum preferred*	32%	3434
Preferred100	62	65	White (SS) Dental Mfg_20	241/2	26
Great Lakes 88 Co com*	40	42	White Rock Min Spring-		
Great Northern Paper 25	42	45	\$7 1st preferred100	100	167 W.S.
Kildun Mining Corp 1	21/2	278	Wilcox-Gibbs common 50	24	27
Lawyers Mortgage Co20	21/2	3′°	Willys Overland Motors 1	476	51/8
Lawrence Portl Cement 100	44	46	6% preferred10	1114	111%
Lord & Taylor com100	260		WJR The Goodwill Station	32	34
1st 6% preferred100	110		Worcester Salt100	61	67
2d 8% preferred100	120		Young (J S) Co com 100	100	114
Macfadden Publica'n com *	10%	121/8	7% preferred100	126	114
Preferred	68	71 78	1 /6 Presented	120	
	00	1.4	C SALE NO. 1 SALE AND THE COLUMN	All Year	Sec. 1

### SYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL CORP. Bought, Sold & Quoted

### **QUAW & FOLEY**

30 BROAD STREET NI Members New York Curb Exchange Telephone HAnover 2-9030

### **CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM COMPANY**

### C. E. UNTERBERG & CO.

Members { New York Security Dealers Association Commodity Exchange, Inc.

61 Broadway, New York

BOwling Green 9-3565 Teletype N. Y. 1-1666

Am. Writ. Paper, New Eastern Footwear Corp. United Cigar Stores Com.& Pref.

### M. S. Wien & Co.

Established 1919
Members of the New York Security Dealers Assn.
25 BROAD ST., N. Y.
Telety.

ROBERT GAIR
FEDERAL BAKE SHOPS
PETROLEUM CONVERSION
ALLENDALE CORP.
GENERAL ALLOYS PFD.
DENNISON MFG. A
MIDWEST OIL
TIN GREEN

### LANCASTER & NORVIN GREENE

HAnover 2-0077

Incorporated
30 BROAD STREET
Bell Tele. N. Y. 1.1786

### **Investing Companies**

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Administered Fund*	20.06		Institutional Securities Ltd		
Affiliated Fund Inc	11.51	12.49	Bank Group Shares	2.09	2.26
Amerex Holding Corp*	28	2934	Insurance Group Shares	1.76	1.90
Amer Business Shares 1	1.30	1.43	Invest Co of Amer com_10	47	49
Amer & Continental Corp.	12	13	Investors Fund C	16.76	17.10
Amer General Equities Inc	1.14	1.27	Keystone Cust Fd Inc B-3.	24.12	26.45
Am Insurance Stock Corp *	51/8	6	Major Shares Corp*	33/8	
Assoc Stand Oil Shares_2	734	81/2	Maryland Fund Inc com	10.47	11.45
Bankers Nat Invest Corp *	4	45/8	Mass Investors Trust_1	29.84	31.66
Dankels Nat Invest Cerp +	5.47	± 78	Mass Investors Ilust1		
Basic Industry Shares *			Mutual Invest Fund1	17.85	19.51
British Type Invest A1	46c	66c	Nation Wide Securities1	4.87	4.97
Broad St Invest Co Inc	36.40	38.93	Voting trust certificates.	2.19	2.38
Bullock Fund Ltd1	23 %	251/8	N Y Bank Trust Shares	41/2	
Canadian Inv Fund Ltd_1	4.70	5.10	No Amer Bond Trust ctfs	64 %	68%
Central Nat Corp cl A *	50	55	No Amer Tr Shares 1953	2.92	
Class B*	7	10	Series 1955	3.77	Section 19 1
Century Trust Shares *	27.73	29.82	Series 1956	3.70	
Consol. Funds Corp cl A.	111/4	1234	Series 1958	3.49	
Continental Shares pref	1912	2014	Northern Securities 100	76	
Corporate Trust Charge	3.14		Pacific Southern Inv pref. *	4114	421/
Corporate Trust Shares	2.97		Close A	101/	20
Series AA	2.97		Class A	1814	20 J
Accumulative series			Blass B*	334	
Series AA mod	3.80		Plymouth Fund Inc A. 10c	.99	1.10
Series ACC mod	3.80		Quarterly Inc Shares new.	19.10	20.93
Crum & Forster Ins com 10	311/2	331/2	Representative Trust Shs.	14.71	15.21
8% preferred100	1171/2		Republic Investors Fund_5	5.15	5.45
Common B shares 10	37 112	39	Royalties Management	55c	75c
7% preferred100 Cumulative Trust Shares_*	112		Selected Amer Shs new	15.98	17.42
Cumulative Trust Shares_*	6.73		Selected American Shares	4.26	
Deposited Bank Shs ser A.	2.81		Selected Cumulative Shs	11.08	
Deposited Insur Shs A	3.75	1,225	Selected Income Shares	5.82	15
Deposited Insur Sh ser B.	3.54		Selected Industries conv pf	2734	2914
Diversified Trustee Shs B.	121/4		Spencer Trask Fund*	23.14	23.86
	5.35		Standard Am Trust Shares	4.50	4.75
g	7.90	8.75		1.10	1.19
D.			Standard Utilities Inc		
Dividend Shares25c	2.05	2.20	State Street Inv Corp*	116	119
Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5	35.18	37.81		4.37	
Equity Corp conv pref 1	411/2	441/2	AA:	2.90	
Fidelity Fund Inc*	29.12	31.38	В	4.57	-
Fixed Trust Shares A *	14.05		BB	2.90	
B*	11.62		O	8.34	
Foundation Trust Shares A	5.35	5.65	D	8.34	
Fundamental Investors Inc	25.79	27.21	Supervised Shares	15.03	16.34
Fundamental Tr Shares A.	6.60	7.38	Supervised Shares Trustee Standard Invest C	3.31	
R	6.02		D	3.24	
General Investors Trust	7.31	7.95	Trustee Standard Oil Sn 4	8.19	
Group Securities—			B	7.75	
Agricultural shares	1.90	2.06	Trusteed Amer Bank Sha B	1.02	1.13
Automobile shares	1.55	1.68	Tausteed Industry Change	1.60	1.77
Automobile shares			Trusteed Industry Shares.		20.57
Building shares	2.39	2.58	US El Lt & Pr Shares A	201/8	3.33
Chemical shares	1.69	1.83	В	3.23	3.33
Food shares	1.05	1.15	Voting trust ctfs	1.20	1.28
Investing shares	1.75	1.90	Un N Y Bank Trust C3 Un N Y Tr Shs ser F	31/2	414
Merchandise shares	1.50	1.63	Un N Y Tr Shs ser F	13/8	17/8
Mining Shares	1.76	1.91	Wellington Fund	21.38	23.42
Petroleum shares		1.68			707 77 3
RR Equipment shares	1.84	1.99	Investm't Banking Corps	2 7. 7	
Steel shares	1.96	2.12	Bancamerica-Blair Corp.	1234	1334
Tobacco shares	1.19		First Boston Corp	46	473
Cuardian Ing Truck	1	13%	Schoolkont United	20	21 7
Guardian Inv Trust com. *			Schoelkopf, Hutton &	01/	714
Preferred.	23	25	Pomeroy Inc com	61/4	174
	1.08	1.38		17	
Huron Holding Corp*	26.87	28.89			

# Submarine Signal Company ROBINSON, MILLER & CO.

Telephone HAnover 2-1282 52 William Street, N.Y.

Teletype N.Y. 1-905

### Miscellaneous Bonds

	Bid	Ask I		Bia	ASR
American Tobacco 4s_1951	112		Journal of Comm 61/48 1937	881/2	911/
Am Wire Fabrics 7s1942	98		Kelsey Hayes Wheel Co-		100
Armour & Co 481957	99	993%	Conv deb 681948	9934	10114
Associates Invest 3s1946	981/2	99	Kopper Co 4s ser A1951	103	103 3/8
Bear Mountain-Hudson			Martin (Glenn L)	200	
River Bridge 781953	104	10 L	conv 681939	21732	2271/2
Chicago Stock Yds 5s. 1961		10414			
Cont'l Roll & Steel Fdy			Nat Radiator 5s 1946		74
1st conv s f 6s1940	100 34	10214	N Y Shipbuilding 581946		101
Cudahy Pack conv 4s_1950			Otis Steel 41/281962		98
1st 3%s	10234	1031/4	Reynolds Investing 5s 1948	931/2	951/2
Deep Rock Oil 78 1937		93 1/2		1. 1.	1 1
Elec Auto-Lite conv 4s '52	112	1121/2	Scovill Mfg 51/8 1945	106 1/2	1081/2
Federal Farm Mtge Corp-			Std Tex Prod 1st 61/2s as'42	f24	25
11/28 Sept 1 1939	100.29	100.30	Struth Wells Titus 61/28 '43		
			Tide Wat Assoc Oil 31/48 '52		10114
Home Owners' Loan Corp		150	Union Oil of Calif 3 1/28 1952	112 1/2	
1%sAug 15 1937	100.22	100.26	Witherbee Sherman 6s '44	f37	39
			Woodward Iron 5s1952	f129	132
11/28June 1 1939	100.27	100.30		1	

\*No par value. a Interchangeable. b Basis price. c Registered coupon (serial) & Coupon. c Ex-rights. f Flat price w 4 When issued z ex-dividend y Now selling on New York Curb Exchange. z Now selling ex coupons.
† Now listed on New York Stock Exchange.
‡ Quotations per 100 gold rouble bond equivalent to 77.4234 grams of pure gold.

### CURRENT NOTICES

William C. Ruth has been elected treasurer of the First National Company of Trenton, New Jersey. Before joining the First National Company last year, Mr. Ruth was associated with Redmond & Co. in New York.

—Hartley Rogers & Company, Inc. announces that Melvin Hass is now in charge of their Los Angeles office, and R. H. Goodman is now in charge of their Chicago office. Both are Vice-Presidents of the company

—Eastman, Dillon & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce that W. Ralph Rockhold Jr. has become associated with the firm at its Rockefeller Center office in the International Building.

—Halle & Stieglitz announce that George W. Nubel Jr., who has been a sociated with them for many years, has been admitted to partnership. M. Nubel is a member of the New York Stock Exchange.

—The Chicago investment firm of Mason, Moran & Co. announce that William A. Johnson has become associated with them in their Milwaukee office in the First Wisconsin National Bank Building.

-Schlater, Noyes & Gardner announce that Stanley R. Rowland is now associated with their firm.

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities —	By R. L. Day & Co., Boston:
Friday Feb. 5—Concluded	Shares   Stocks   S*per Share
Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds	18 Nashua Manufacturing Co., preferred, par \$100
Anhalt 7s to	Lake Parlin Hotel Co., common
1940   1135   15	\$270 Northern Texas Electric, preferred, scrip.  30 A. S. Campbell Co., common.  100 Victoria Copper Mining Co., par \$25.  100 Batopilas Mining Co., par \$25.  200 Boston Ely Consolidated Mining Co., par \$5.  100 Winona Copper Co., par \$25.  200 Ojibway Mining Co., par \$25.  21 Columbian National Life Insurance Co., par \$100.  21 Boston Athenaeum, par \$300.  23 1 Boston Athenaeum, par \$300.  24 6
Calle Govt 58 assented - 1/4 5	\$900 The Securities Co. 4% consol. reg 511/4 & int. \$1,000 Deliashore Apartments (Chicago) 61/5, 1937, c. d. 111/4 (lat \$1,000 Deliashore Apartments (Chicago) 61/5, 1937, c. d. 111/4 (lat \$1,000 Reg 120 Jefferson Avenue East Apartments 63, 1942, c. d. 25 flat \$4,000 New Brunswick Power 53, March, 1937. 941/4 & int.  By Barnes & Lofland, Philadelphia:  Shares 4Stocks \$per Share 12 Patapsoo Savings & Real Estate Co., par \$10. 10 Colored Business Man's Exphance of Baltimore City, Inc., par \$10. \$15
Protestant Church (Gar-Colombia scrip issue of '32   53   54   1948   759   61   1948   717   1948   717   1948   717   1948   718   1949   72   72   72   72   72   72   72   7	2 Joint Stock Asyn, of the National Order of the Gaillean Fishermen of the State of Maryland, par \$5
#6 1/5	12 Integrity Trust Co
Gelegankirchen Min 08-1944   770   Saxon Fib Works 78-1943   2019	THE PARIS BOURSE  Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:  Jan. 30 FFeb. 1 Feb. 2 VFeb. 3 Feb. 4 Feb. 5
German defaulted coupons   German defaulted co	France   F
Dec   1924 stamped	Courteress
Hansa SS 6s stamped. 1939   f54   4,55   United Steamship 6s.1937   100   101   4,55   4,55   Housing & Real Imp 7s '46   f17   5   Vesten Elect Ry 7s1947   f17   Hungarian Ital Bk 71/2s '32   f31   5   Wurtemberg   f7s to1945   f19   5   For footnotes see page 919.	Lyon (P L M)
AUCTION SALES  The following securities were sold at auction on Wednesday of the current week:  Syntamic States  \$\text{Shares} Stocks \$\text{Shares} Stocks \$\text{Shares} Public National Bank & Trust Co. of New York common capital stk. 53\text{53}	Saint Gobain C & C   T2,670   2,575   2,599   2,590     Schneider & Cle   1,509   1,520   1,500   1,476     Societe Francaise Ford   120   90   117   110   120     Societe Generale Fonciere   173   173   174   173     Societe Lyonnaise   1,755   1,725   1,705   1,675     Societe Marseillaise   527   527   529   529     Tubise Artificial Silk, pref   1,217   224   223   221     Tubice Telestricitie   1,526   520   526   525     Tubice Telestricitie   1,526   520   526   525     Societe Marseillaise   1,527   520   526   525     Tubice Telestricitie   1,526   520   526   525     Societe Marseillaise   1,527   520   526   525     Tubice Telestricitie   1,527   527   527   527   527     Tubice Telestricitie   1,527   527   527   527   527   527     Tubice Telestricitie   1,527   5
5 New England Southern Corp. (Mass.), prior pref., no par\$2 loi 100 Patent Scatfolding Co., Inc. (N. Y.), par \$50\$850 loi LBy Crockett & Co., Boston:  Shares Stacks \$ per Share	THE BERLIN STOCK JEXCHANGE Closing prices of representative stocks as received by cable
5 Arlington Mills       58½         25 United Mer & Mfrs, Inc       22½         25 Inewmarket Manufacturing Co       68½         20 Farr Alpaca Co       23½         10 ILockwood Co       41         11 [Nashawena Mills       12½         5 Ludlow Manufacturing Association       137½	Jan. Feb. Feb. Feb. Feb. Feb.
20 Farr Alpaca Co	Berliner Krafs'u, Licht (8%).   168   169   16
20 U. S. Electric Power, w. w.  1 Peerless [Knitting ]Mills.  8 Peerless [Knitting ]Mills, preferred.  3 U. S. Electric Power, w. w.  1 Peerless [Mills of the content of t	Hapag

# General Corporation and Investment News RAILROAD—PUBLIC UTILITY—INDUSTRIAL—MISCELLANEOUS

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New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway, New York

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NY 1 1640

Abbott Laboratories—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 640,000 hares of common stock (no par) which are issued and outstanding in the ands of the public.—V. 143, p. 3457.

Alleghany Corp.—Collateral Substituted—
The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, as trustee under the Allegnany ork Stock Exchange that there has been substituted as collateral held by under said indenture 4,800 shares of the Chesapeake, Corp. common tock against the withdrawal of \$424,437.50 of deposited cash.—V. 144, 602.

American Agricultural Chemical Corp.—New Directors
John R. Dillon of Hayden, Stone & Co. has been elected a director to
ill the vacancy created by the death of Charles Hayden, John C. Trapagon, President of the Bank of New York & Trust Co., was also elected
director.—V. 144, p. 602.

American Bank Note Co.—New Directors—

E. Ronald Harriman of Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., William B. Given, President of the American Brake Shoe & Foundry Co., and Walter R. Smith, First Vice-President of this company, have been elected directors of the American Bank, Note Co.—V. 143, p. 3831.

American Box Board Co.—Admitted to Listing

The New York Curb Exchange has admitted the common stock, \$1 par, to listing and registration.—V. 144, p. 602.

American Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.-Plans Stock Offering-

Offering—
The directors have decided to go ahead with plans for an offering of additional stock to present common holders in the ratio of one new share for each 10 shares held at \$50 a share. Proceeds would be used substantially to retire outstanding preferred stock of Ramapo Ajax Corp., one of the company's subsidiaries, or to reimburse American Brake shoe for funds already expended for this purpose. Any balance would be used for general corporate purposes.

William B. Given Jr., President, points out that, under the company's charter, holders of the 5½% convertible preferred stock could not; participate in such an offering, except by conversion into common stock in time to take advantage of the new offering. The date for, such offering has not yet been fixed, though directors express the hope that registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission and other details can be completed in time to bring out the new issue next March.

The company states that the present letter to stockholders does not directly offer stock nor is it an assurance that such stock will be offered, creating no obligation for the company to do so. The letter is merely being sent to acquaint stockholders with the company's plans.—V. 143, p. 4143.

American Chicle Co. (& Suhs.)—Earnings—

American Chicle Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Calendar Years— 1936 1935 1934 Earnings per share...... \$6.89 \$5.94 \$4.51 \$3.62 \*\* Including shares held in treasury: 2,881 in 1934, 1935, and 1936, and 25,571 in 1933.—V. 143,10,12664.

American Indemnity Co., Baltimore—Divs. Resumed—The directors have declared a dividend of 90 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, payable April, 1 to holders of record March 1. This will be the first dividend paid on the common stock since Feb. 1, 1934 when a semi-annual dividend of \$1.20 per share was paid.—V. 139, p. 589.

American Metal Co., Ltd.—New Director—Norman Hickman, manager of sales, has been elected a director of this mpany.—V. 143, p. 3832.

American Radiator Co.—Obituary—
William Hogarth Hill, 69 years old, Vice-President and a director of this company and Chairman of the Board of Fox Furnace Co., an affiliate of the former in the American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., died on Jan. 29 from a heart attack.—V. 140. p. 3885.

American Seal-Kap Corp. of Del. (& Subs.)—Earnings Years Ended Dec. 31— 1936 1935

Net profit after int., deprec., and provision for Federal income taxes. \$62,875 \$56,13 \$56,134 1934 \$56,134 \$41,147

American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc. - Weekly

Output—
Output of electric energy of the electric properties of American! Water Works & Electric Co. for the week ended Jan. 30, 1937, totaled 50,683,000 kilowatt hours, an increase of 17.6% over the output of 43,089,000 kilowatt hours for the corresponding period of 1936.
Comparative table of weekly output of electric energy for the last five

Transa fallan	TIO COMPLE OF	" coming outpe	at or ciccuito	cree P2 ros	one, many 11 ve
years follow					
Wk. End.	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
Jan. 2	47,122,000	*	* *	*	* * *
Jan. 9	48.763.000	43.260.000T	36.191.000	30.818.000	28.479.C00
Jan. 16	49,494,000	44.401.000	37.637.000	32,519,000	28,844,000
Jan. 23	50,441,000	43.821.000	38,469,000	33,056,000	27,932,000
Jan. 30	50,683,000	43,089,000T	39,285,000	32,957,000	27.657.000
* No com	parable week	(revision of	previous, repo	rt)V. 14	

JAMES MFG. CO. Common Stock Bought—Sold—Quoted

LOEWI & CO.

Phone Daly 5392 Teletype Milw. 488

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

American Woolen Co.—\$1 Preferred Dividend-The directors at a meeting held on Feb. 3 declared a divid The directors at a meeting held on Feb. 3 declared a dividend of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cumulatively preferred stock, par \$100, payable March 15 to holders of record March 1. A like payment was made on Dec. 15, Sept. 15, June 15 and March 16, 1936, this latter being the first made on the preferred stock since July 16, 1934, when \$1,25 per share was paid. A dividend of \$1.25 was also paid on April 15, 1934, this latter being the first distribution made since the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.75 was paid on April 15, 1927.

X After \$47.485 provision for receral surfax on undistributed profiles.

Gets Army Contracts—
This company was the successfull bidder on government contracts for 2,266,785 yards of woolen and worsted shirtings and suitings, according to an announcement of U. S. Quartermaster's Department made on Feb. 1. The total amount of the government order was for 4,883,785 yards [American Woolen receiving the largest single order.—V. 143, p. 3304.

American Writing Paper Co., Inc.—Plan Approved—Following a hearing Jan. 28 at which no direct opposition to the proposed plan of reorganization of the company was forthcoming. Federal Judge McLellan in the U. 8. District Court at Boston confirmed the plan of reorganization as modified.

L. F. Reynolds, Comptroller, said gross income in 1934 was \$4,925,388; in 1935 was \$5,713,604, and in 1936 was \$6,602,057. Under the proposed plan, net income for 1936, subject to final audit, was \$8,437.—V.1143, p. 4143.

Anglo-Huron, Ltd.—Interest Sold in Great Britain—
The Consolidated Gold Fields of South Africa (British holding company),
owner of all the issued stock of New Consolidated Gold Fields, as acquired
100,000 shares of Anglo-Huronian Ltd., Canadian holding company, at \$6
per share.

100,000 shares of Angio-Huronan Luc, company, 47% is issued from the per share.

Of the stock acquired by the British company, 47% is issued from the treasury, and 53% is being contributed by certain groups of large shareholders. On this basis the treasury stock of Angio-Huronian would be depleted by only 47,000 shares. As at July 31 last, Angio-Huronian Ltd. showed 697,395 shares of its 2,000,000-share capitalization still in the

depleted by only 47,000 shares. As at July 31 last, Anglo-Huronian Ltd. showed 697,395 shares of its 2,000,000-share capitalization still in the treasury.

During 1936 Lehman Corp. and Lehman Bros. of New York acquired a substantial interest in Anglo-Huronian, both from former shareholders and from the treasury. ("Financial Post" of Canada.)—V. 143, p. 1665.)

Apex Electrical Mfg. Co.—To Expand—
The company is planning to expand its business to Hurope, Great Britain and the British Dominions, except Canada, and as the first steep has made arrangements with Vactric, Ltd., London, to manufacturel and sell the Apex line, with the exception of vacuum cleaners.

A special company, Apex-Vactric, Ltd., has been organized for the production and sale of the Apex line with the exception of vacuum cleaners, which will be handled by Vactric, Ltd., C. F. C. Frantz, I resident, stated. Stock totaling £150,000 has been issued for financing the operations of the new company, including the construction of a special factory for production of the Apex line.—V. 143, p. 3458.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Co.—Earnings—

Period Ended Dec. 31— 1936—3 Mos.—1935 1936—6 Mos.—1935 Net profit after charges and taxes.

Barns, per sh. on 549,546 shs. com. stk. (no par)

-V. 143, p. 3137.

\$640,442 \$411,553 \$1,163,886 \$808,612 \$1.27

Artloom Corp.—Accumulated Preferred Dividend—1

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on the 7% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. This payment represents the dividend due June 1, 1936. Similar distributions were made each quarter since and including June 1, 1933, as against \$1.50 per share on March 1, 1933, \$1 per share on March 1, and Nov. 18, 1932, and \$1.75 per share previously leach quarter to and including Dec. 1, 1931.—V. 144, p. 96.

Art Metal Works, Inc.—30-Cent Common Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents pershare on the common stock, par \$5, payable March 22 to holders of record March 11. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 15 cents pershare were distributed. See V. 142, p. 1276, for detailed dividend record. The company in addition to regular dividends paid an extra dividend of 60 cents on Dec. 17 last, an extra of 25 cents on Dec. 24, 1935, and an extra dividend of 5 cents on Dec. 20, 1934—V. 143, p. 3832.

Associated Gas & Electric Co.—272,948 Security Holders in Associated System—

Holders of registered securities of companies in Associated Gas & Electric System totaled 272,248 cn Jan. 1, 1937, according to a statement just issued. This is 16,697 more than a year ago, but much of the increase results from inclusion for the first time of security holders of new properties taken into the Associated System in the latter part of 1935. This estimate climinates duplications of holdings.

The increase in the number of Associated security holders (during recent years has been as follows:

The Continental United States include 258,439 registered security holders, New York leading with 87,497, followed by Pennsylvania, 61,682; Massachusetts, 15,299; Illinois, 12,946; New Jersey, 11,245; California, 9,324. There are 197, holders in United States Possessions.

A total of 14,312 security holders reside outside; the United States and its Possessions. They are found in 36; other countries and their dependencies, of which Holland, with 9,154 holders, has, the most.

For the week ended Jan. 29, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 90,297,445 units (kwh.). This is an increase of 12.657,722 units, or 16.3% above the figure of 77,639,723 units reported a year ago. Gross output, including sales to other utilities, amounted to 96,484,541 units.—V. 144, p. 762.

Atlanta Bi	rmingham	& Coas	st RR	-Earnings-
------------	----------	--------	-------	------------

December-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$309,921	\$245,610	\$233,691	\$221.545
Net from railway	def11,174	25,225	def8.863	7.389
Net after rents	def59,058	def536	def43,327	def16,191
Gross from railway	3,422,307	3.008.517	2.818.836	2.604.544
Net from railway	378,549	221.894	det37.035	26,502
Net after rents	def14,664	def83,294	def333,300	def250,846

### Atlanta & West Point RR.—Earnings—

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	1936 \$167,651 32,256 9,399	1935 \$140,675 22,094 def3,010	1934 \$118,609 10,309 def26,685	1933 \$103,786 1,551 def23,088
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rentsV. 144. p. 98.	1,804,607 273,133 def4,102	1,586,604 193,569 def50,302	1,411,665 87,476 def153,636	1,280,053 21,756 def231,983

Capitalization After Giving Effect to this Financing	
General mortgage bonds, 3 1/4 % series due 1964	\$18,000,000
Preferred stock, \$6 cumulative (no par)	56,875 shs.
Common stock (no par)	.150,000 shs.

	Earnings for	Stated Period	ls	
	C	alendar Year.	9	11 Mos.End
Oper. revenues Electric Hot water heating &	1933 \$6,296,851	\$6,465,719	\$6,379,206	Nov. 30, '36 \$6,320,094
steam	76,497	76,963	96,049	81,629
Total. Operation. Maintenance. Depreciation Amortiz, of intang, cap. Doubt, accts, & conting. General taxes. Federal income taxes Federal undistrib, profits	353,948 1,167,679 31,200 206,802 682,192 194,154	\$6,542,682 1,792,904 372,218 1,175,090 31,200 254,944 738,133 211,840	\$6,475,255 1,973,397 386,070 1,181,565 260,438 714,397 117,974	\$6,401,723 1,962,802 401,367 1,097,529 63,667 761,241 210,587
taxes			2010/21	6,222
Operating income Other income (net)	\$2,053,454 163,502	\$1,966,353 145,569	\$1,841,414 157,163	\$1,898,308 119,072
어린 하고싶다고 있어? 어린 사람들은 사고 그 중시 그는 그 생생	a transfer of the state	was divine the same		

interest and after deducting expenses estimated at \$105.190. Such net proceeds will be used to the extent of \$15,599,851 for the following purposes:

(1) Purchase from American Gas & Electric Co., for cancellation, of (a) \$15,000 Atlantic City Electric Co. 1st & ref. mtge. 5% sink. fund gold bonds, due March 1, 1938, at a cost, exclusive of accrued interest, of.

(b) \$9,176,000 Atlantic City Electric Co. 1st. & ref. mtge. gold bonds, 5% series due April 1, 1956, at a cost, exclusive of accrued interest, of.

(c) \$834,500 Electric Co. of New Jersey 5% Ist mtge. gold bonds, due March 1, 1947, at a cost, exclusive of accrued int. of...

(2) Deposit with the respective trustees, in trust, of cash principal and premium required for redemption of

(a) the remaining \$3,738,000 Atlantic City Electric Co. 1st & ref. mtge. gold bonds, 5% series due April 1, 1956 (to be called for red. April 1, 1937, at a premium of 4%), amounting to...

(b) the remaining \$1,224,500 Electric Co. of New Jersey 5% 1st mtge. gold bonds, due March 1, 1947, (to be called for red. Sept. 1, 1937, at a premium of 2½%)), amounting to...

(3) Deposit with trustee of the mtge. securing the bonds (presently offered) in trust, of cash equal to the remaining \$1,208,000 of Atlantic City Electric Co. 1st & ref. mtge. 5% sinking fund gold bonds, due March 1, 1938, amounting to...

1,255,112

(3) Deposit with trustee of the mtge. securing the bonds (presently offered) in trust, of cash equal to the remaining \$1,308,000 of Atlantic City Electric Co. 1st & ref. mtge. 5% sinking fund gold bonds, due March 1, 1938, amounting to...

1,255,112

(3) Deposit with trustee of the mtge. securing the bonds (presently offered) in trust, of cash equal to the remaining \$1,308,000 of Atlantic City Electric Co. of New Jersey 5% 1st mtge. 5% sinking fund gold bonds, due March 1, 1938, amounting to...

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Atlantic Ice Mfg.  Calendar Years—  ** Gross revenue	Co.—Ear 1936 \$620,928	nings— 1935 \$541.597	1934 \$551.940	1933 \$561,874
Operating exps., maint. and taxes, including Federal taxes	455,840	402,669	370,135	369,726
Income	\$165,089	\$138,928	\$181,804	\$192,148
Net income from sale of refrigerators	523	943	2,791	
Total incomeInterest & amortization_	\$165,612 73,565	\$139,871 74,729	\$184,596 77,511	\$192,148 84,521
Balance Depreciation	\$92,047 57,725	\$65,142 52,544	\$107,086 55,177	\$107,628 54,647
Balance Preferred dividends	\$34,322	\$12,598	\$51,908 36,848	\$52,981 38,465
Bal. avail. for com.stk			\$15,060	\$14,516
Shares of common stock outstanding Earnings per share	14,189 \$0.06	14,189 Nil	14,189 \$1.06	14,189 \$1.02
x Inter-company sales		ce Sheet Dec.	31	
4 egets 1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935

w THOU COMPAN	J Builds CI				
	Cond	ensed Balan	ice Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Fixed capital\$	2.991,119	\$3,047,675	Preferredstock	\$477,850	\$521,120
Cash	34,619	39,932	Common stock	361,030	361,030
Notes receivable	3,184	3,709	1st mtge. 20-year		
Accts. receivable	93,371	93,559	bonds	1,048,500	1,097,000
Investments	14.830	13,294	Mortgages	80,606	89,239
Inventories (ice in			Serial notes	11,497	2,850
storage)	3,562	5,782	Notes payable	27,700	20,000
Mat'ls & supplies_	13,271	12,321	Accounts payable.	40,045	32,470
Prepayments	8,064	7,858	Accr.items, not due	61,120	49,346
Deferred items	3,354	12,947	Res. for deprec	553,290	642,229
			Other reserves	5,500	
the way and the first part of			Suspense	53,258	18,251
			Earned surplus	444,978	403,543
Total\$	3,165,374	\$3,237,079	Total	3,165,374	\$3,237,079

-V. 142 p. 942.

Atlantic Life Insurance Co.—Control—
The purchase of more than 80% of the stock of the company was completed by the Bankers National Investing Corp. Jan. 25, when its offer of \$175 a share came to an end.—V. 144, p. 445.

	Atlas Plywood Co 6 Mos. End. Dec. 31— Gross profit from sales. Selling & admin. exps	orp. (& S 1936 \$435,458 155,082	<b>ubs.</b> )— $Ea$ 1935 \$247,530 141,112	rnings— 1934 \$180,766 146,955	1933 \$257,345 125,387
	Net profit from sales Other income	\$280,376 15,264	\$106,418 8,489	\$33,811 27,470	\$131,957 16,446
	Total income Interest charges Cash disct. on sales Miscellaneous charges Prov. for Fed. & Dom. income taxes (est.)	\$295,640 33,451 20,461 3,342 28,000	\$114,907 43,560 13,089 18,768	\$61,281 46,860 8,360 2,575	\$148,403 50,187 10,515 3,635
Company	Net profit	\$210,385 341,284 Cr8,293	\$39,490 205,998	\$3,485 177,484	\$81,316 59,229
	Com. stock divs Earned surp. Dec. 31_	\$494,412	\$245,488	\$180,970	\$140,546
	Earns.per sh.on com.stk.	\$1.61	\$0.30 nce Sheet Dec	\$0.02 . 31	\$0.62
	Assets- 1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935

Earns.per sh.on c		\$1.61	\$0.30	\$0.02	\$0.62
	Consol	idated Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$464,095	\$293,497	Accounts payable		\$42,827
Notes & acets. rec.	270,021	196,830			
Marketable secur.		101,250		38,000	
Life insur.—Cash			Interest on 51/2		
surrender value.	13,485	12,721	convertible gol		
Inventories	623,373	493,912	debentures		14,520
Advance on lumber		m. 1 000	Accrued liabilities		26,856
& logging oper		74,073	Reserve for con		FO 080
Deferred bal. rec	3,253	3,392	Reserve for obse	- 81,896	53,073
Deferred charges	25,956	21,121	lescence		47,140
Notes receivable		12.412			47,140
from employees. Miscell, investm'ts	10,650 1,994	47.277			1.584.000
Plant property.	1,994	41,211	Com. conv. pf. st		1,001,000
equipment, &c-	1 422 078	1.446,009			1,643,168
Timberlands	924.891	923,050	Earned surplus.		245,488
Invest. in & advs.	021,001	020,000	Paid-in surplus.		-10,100
to assoc. cos	27.132	31.526	Jan Dar pradu	230,001	
Goodwill	1	1	AND THE RESERVE		

Automatic Products Corp.—New President—
Knowlton L. Ames has been named President of this company and will be elected a director at the annual meeting in April, according to Vincent Bendix, Chairman. Mr. Ames succeeds George C. Fleener, who becomes Vice-President and Treasurer.—V. 142, p. 4168.

Atlas Powder Co.—To Pay 75-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable March 10 to holders of record Feb. 26. A special dividend of 50 cents was paid on Dec. 24 last and extra dividends of 25 cents in addition to regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents per share were paid on Dec. 10, Sept. 10, June 10 and March 10, 1936.

Net Other Gro Feder Net Prefer Com. Sur Com. Earns x II solved  Asse Cash. U.S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Curret	Net Other Groot Feders Net Preferi Comm. Surr Comm. Surr Comm. ** In solved  Asset Cash U. S. Cother recell inventor Notes in Miscell notes Curren	Sales (net)         \$15,895,300         \$13,086,966         \$12,558,999         \$9,583           Cost of sales, delivery &c., expense         14,315,512         11,938,715         11,344,354         8,863           Net operating profit         \$1,579,788         \$1,148,251         \$1,214,646         \$720           Gross income         \$1,693,586         \$1,355,513         \$1,311,858         \$135,713           Federal taxes         263,505         \$1,434,344         \$187,135         \$136           Net income         \$1,430,080         \$1,161,170         \$1,124,722         \$709           Common dividends         873,246         \$49,927         497,511            Surplus         \$173,834         \$203,353         \$124,331         \$185           Com, shs. outstanding         248,666         249,966         249,978         241           X Includes wholly-owned subsidiary         \$2,81         \$2,49         \$           X Sasets         2,364,657         \$1,257,000         \$1,257,000         \$4,20         \$4,40           U. S. Govt. sec.         1,257,000         \$1,257,000         \$4,20         \$4,40         \$4,40           U. S. Govt. sec.         1,257,000         \$1,257,000         \$1,257,000         \$4,20 </th <th>Net operating profit \$1,579,788 \$1,148,251 \$1,214,646 \$720,066 \$13,797 \$207,261 \$97,212 \$125,332 \$13,795 \$1,355,513 \$1,311,858 \$454,402 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,966 \$194,966 \$194,978 \$1</th> <th>Net operating profit. \$1,579,788 \$1,148,251 \$1,214,646 \$720,061 operating profit. \$113,797 \$207,261 97,212 \$125,331 \$1,311,858 \$125,332 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$1</th>	Net operating profit \$1,579,788 \$1,148,251 \$1,214,646 \$720,066 \$13,797 \$207,261 \$97,212 \$125,332 \$13,795 \$1,355,513 \$1,311,858 \$454,402 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,966 \$194,966 \$194,978 \$1	Net operating profit. \$1,579,788 \$1,148,251 \$1,214,646 \$720,061 operating profit. \$113,797 \$207,261 97,212 \$125,331 \$1,311,858 \$125,332 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,061 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$194,344 \$1
Net Other Gro Feder Net Prefer Com. Sur Com. Earns x II solved  Asse Cash. U.S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Curret	Net Other Groot Feders Net Preferi Comm. Surr Comm. Surr Comm. ** In solved  Asset Cash U. S. Cother recell inventor Notes in Miscell notes Curren	Net operating profit. \$1,579,788 ct. \$1,148,251 ct. \$1,214,646 ct. \$720 ct. \$13,797 ct. \$207,261 ct. \$97,212 ct. \$125 ct. \$13,797 ct. \$13,793 ct. \$13,11,858 ct. \$45 ct. \$194,344 ct. \$187,135 ct. \$136 ct. \$184,341 ct. \$136 ct. \$13	Net operating profit \$1,579,788 \$1,148,251 \$1,214,646 \$720,066 \$13,797 \$207,261 \$97,212 \$125,332 \$13,795 \$1,355,513 \$1,311,858 \$454,402 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,344 \$187,135 \$136,066 \$194,966 \$194,966 \$194,978 \$1	Net operating profit. \$1,579,788
Grown Sur Com. Sur Com. Earns x II solved Cash. U. S. Cother a Acct rece Invent Notes Notes Curret C	Gros Feders Net Prefers Comm Comm Com, Earns, x In solved Asset Cash U. S. C Other n a Accts recei nvent Notes i Miscell notes Curren	Common (net)	Company   Comp	Other income (net)         113,797         207,261         97,212         125,33:           Gross income         \$1,693,586         \$1,355,513         \$1,311,858         \$845,40:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         136,06:194,344         187,135         186,06:194,344         187,135         186,06:194,344         187,135         186,06:194,344         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         186,554         187,135         187,145         187,135         187,146,62         187,146,62         187,146,62
Net Prefer Comm. Sur Com., Earns x In solved: Asse Cash. U. S., Other a Act receinvent Notes Miscel note Curret	Net Prefer Comm. Surr Comm. Surr Com. Earns. x In solved  Asset Cash. U. S. Cother receil Invent. Notes 1 Miscell notes Curren.	Net income	Tederal taxes	Net income
Sur Com. Earns x II solved  Asse Cash. U. S. Other a Acet recei Invent Notes Miscel note Curret	Suricom. Sur	Surplus	Surplus \$173,834 \$499,927 497,511 \$185,022 \$100m. shs. outstanding \$248,666 \$249,966 \$249,978 \$21,218 \$2.81 \$2.49 \$0.70 \$1.21 \$2.81 \$2.49 \$0.70 \$1.21	Surplus
Assection of the control of the cont	Asset Cash L. U. S. C Other na Accts received Notes in Miscell notes Curren	X Includes wholly-owned subsidiary companies, all of which were solved in 1936.	X Includes wholly-owned subsidiary companies, all of which were dissolved in 1936.   Balance Sheet Dec. 31   1936   41935   Sash.	Solved in 1936
Assa Cash. U. S. Other a Acet recei Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	Asset Cash U. S. C Other n a Accts recei Invento Notes n Miscelli notes Curren	Balance Sheet Dec. 31	Balance Sheet Dec. 31   1936   41935   2.84	Balance Sheet Dec. 31   1936   d1935   Cash   2,364,657   2,614,646   Accts. & notes pay.   Cash   2,364,657   2,614,646   Accts. & notes pay.   Cash   2,364,657   2,614,646   Accts. & notes pay.   Cash   2,54,700   Cher m'kable sec.   1,257,000   1,257,000   Cher m'kable sec.   551,196   502,210   Cher m'kable sec.   2,328,934   1,956,961   Inventories   2,328,934   1,956,961   Inventories   2,328,934   1,956,961   Inventories   2,524,708   Res. for stk. bonus   awards to empl.   Res. for stk. bonus   awards to empl.   70,632   Cher minder of the contingencies   14,214   Current acct. due fr. unconsol.subs   1,488   1,213   Sec. of uncons. sub   556,940   955,841   6% cum. pref. stk.   50,000   50,500   Com. stock   (261,-274,99   Com. stock   (261,-274,625   K,714,625   K
U. S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	U. S. C Other n a Accts recei Invento Notes n Miscell notes Curren	Assets	Assets— \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Assets— \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
U. S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	U. S. C Other n a Accts recei Invento Notes n Miscell notes Curren	Assets	Assets	Assets— \$ \$ Labitutes— \$ \$ \$ Cash
U. S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	U. S. C. Other n a Accts recei Invento Notes i Miscell notes Curren	Vis. Govt. sec.   1,257,000   1,257,000   6 accrued liab.   954,985   569     Other m'kable sec.   551,196   502,210   Fed. taxes accrued liab.   954,985   569     Accts. and notes rec.   2,886,449   2,524,708     Notes rec.   42,214   16,372     Miscell. accts. and notes rec.   6c.   159,332   61,647     Current acct. due fr. unconsol.subs   1,488   1,213     Sec. of uncons, sub   956,940   955,841   6 w. cum. pref. stk.     Current acct. due fr. unconsol.subs   1,488   1,213     Sec. of uncons, sub   956,940   955,841   6 w. cum. pref. stk.     Miscell. invest'ts.   309,505   435,377   Com. stock (261   9,860,900   9,860	J. S. Govt. sec.   1,257,000   1,257,000   34,985   569,211     Dither m'kable sec.   551,196   502,210     Accts, and notes receiv.—trade.   2,328,934   1,956,961     Inventorles	U. S. Govt. sec 1,257,000   Cher m'kable sec. a dots sec 1,257,000   Cher m'kable sec. a form of the first sec 1,257,000   Cher m'kable sec 1,257,000   Cher m'kable sec 2,328,934   1,956,961   Chromotoles 2,328,934   1,956,961   Chromotoles 2,328,934   1,956,961   Chromotoles 2,328,934   1,956,961   Chromotoles 2,524,708   Chromotoles _ 2,524,708
U. S. Other a Acct rece Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	U. S. C. Other na Accts recei Invento Notes n Miscell notes Curren	U. S. Govt. sec 1,257,000 for m'kable sec. a Accts. and notes recelv.—trade 2,328,934 fr. unconsol.subs fr. unconsol.subs fr. unconsol.subs fr. unconsol.subs b Co.'s capital stxl. 3,227,857 slice with self-like states and notes rec., dec	J. S. Govt. sec 1,257,000 1,257,000 de accrued liab 954,985 569,211 obter m'kable sec 51,196 502,210 Fed. taxes accrued Dlv. accrued on preferred stock 57,164 68,591 (metrotrels and notes rec.—empl 14,214 16,372 (metrotrels acct. and notes rec., dc	U. S. Govt. sec 1,257,000 1,257,000 cher m'kable sec 551,196 502,210 a Acets. and notes receiv.—trade 2,328,934 1,956,961 Inventories
other a Acct received inventance Miscel note Current	Other n a Accts recei Invento Notes n Miscell notes Curren	Other m'kable sec. a Acots, and notes recelv.—trade         551,196         502,210         Fed. taxes accrued Div. accrued on preferred stock.         264,747         187           Notes rec.—empl. Miscell, acots, and notes rec., &c         14,214         16,372         awards to empl. Reserve for contingencies         70,632         -           Current acot. due fr. unconsol.subs Co., of co. of scapital stx, 309,505         1,488         1,213         187         187         187         187         68         188         495         -         -         -         410,648         495         -         -         -         -         -         410,648         495         -	Define Table sec.   551,196   502,210   Fed. taxes accrued   264,747   187,113   Accts, and notes receiv.—trade_   2,328,934   1,956,961   Notes rec.—empl.   14,214   16,372   Miscell, accts, and notes rec., &c.   159,332   61,647   Intended to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   956,940   955,841   955,841   955,841   68,592   Intended to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   Side to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   956,940   955,841   68,592   Intended to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   Side to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   956,940   955,841   68,592   Intended to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488   1,213   Side to the fr. unconsol.sub   1,488	Other m'kable sec. a Acots, and notes receiv.—trade— 2,328,934 1,956,961 Inventories—— 14,214 16,372 Miscell, acots, and notes rec., &c. 159,332 61,945 956,940 956,940 956,940 956,940 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 c Plant prop. &c. 6,778,177 6dwill, pats,, &c. 4,053,021 6,727,499 (dwill, pats,, &c. 4,053,021 6,727,499 (dwi
a Acct recei Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	a Accts received invento Notes i Miscell notes Current	a Acets, and notes recelv.—trade_ 2,328,934   1,956,961   1,956,961   14,214   16,372   Miscell, acets, and notes rec., &c.   159,332   61,647   Current acet, due fr. unconsol,subs fr. unconsol,subs Co. s capitals kt. 3,227,857   3,227,857   3,387,396   33,387,396   36,554   -3,860,900   9,860	A Acets, and notes receiv.—trade. 2,328,934 1,956,961 [niventories	a Acets, and notes recelv.—trade 2,328,934 1,956,961 Inventories 2,886,449 2,524,708 Notes rec., &c 159,332 Current acet. due fr. unconsol.subs Sec. of uncons. sub b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 Miscell. invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 c Plant prop. &c. 6,778,177 6,737,499 Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,021 6,727,499 Garage Part of the preferred stock. 57,164 68,599 Res. for stk. bonus awards to empl. 70,632 Reserve for contingencies 410,648 495,909 Instal. paid on stk. subscr. by empl. 36,554 6,727,499 Com. stock (261, 483% shares no 8,714,625 8,714,625
Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	Notes in Miscell notes Current	recelv.—trade.	recely.—trade. 2,328,934 1,956,961 [Newtotroles	Tecelry.—trade.   2,328,934   1,956,961   Preferred stock   57,164   68,59
Invent Notes Miscel note Currer	Notes of Miscell notes Current	Inventories	Inventorles	Inventorles
Notes Miscel note Currer	Miscell notes Curren	Notes rec.,—empl.   14,214   16,372     awards to empl.   70,632	Notes rec.—empl. 414,214 16,372 awards to empl. 70,632 Miscell, acets, and notes rec., &c. 159,332 61,647 Ir. unconsol,subs 1,488 1,213 esc. of uncons, sub 956,940 955,841 6% cum. pref. stk. (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, invest'ts, 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261.—	Notes rec. — empl.   14,214   16,372   Reserve for contingencies 159,332   61,647   Reserve for contingencies 16,648   495,908   Reserve for contingencies 16,648   1,213   Sec. of uncons. sub   556,940   955,841   6% cum. pref. stk.   6% cum. p
Miscel note Currer	Miscell notes Curren	Miscell, accts, and notes rec., &c. 159,332 61,647 Current acct, due fr. unconsol.subs Sec. of uncons, sub 956,940 b Co. 's capital stk, 3,227,857 3,187,396 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261	Miscell, acts, and notes rec., &c. 159,332 follows: 1,488 follows:	Miscell. accts. and notes rec., &c. 159,332 diff.under tingencies
Curren	Curren	notes rec., &c 159,332	notes rec., &c.   159,332   61,647   tingencies   410,648   495,909   Current acct. due fr. unconsol.subs   1,488   1,213   Sec. of uncons. sub   956,940   955,841   6% cum. pref. stk.   Miscell, invest'ts,   309,505   435,377   Com. stock (261	notes rec., &c.   159,332   61,647   tingencles
Curren	Curren	Current acct. due fr. unconsol.subs 1,488 1,213 See, of uncons, sub 956,940 955,841 6 co. 's capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$\$1.00 par\$) 9,860,900 9,860 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (\$\$61.00 par\$) 9,860,900 9,860	Turtent acct. due	Current acct, due fr. unconsol.subs 1,488 1,213 subscr. by empl. 36,554 185.641 6% current st. b. Co.'s capital stt. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, livest'ts. 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261,-c. Plant prop. &c 6,778,177 6,727,499 4383/4 shares no graph strength s
		fr. unconsol.subs 1,488 1,213 subscr. by empl. 36,554 Sec. of uncons, sub 956,940 95,841 6% cum, pref. stk. b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377   Com. stock (261	fr. unconsol.subs 1,488 1,213 subser. by empl. 36,554 sec. of uncons, sub 956,940 955,841 6% eum. pref. stk. D Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, invest'ts, 309,505 435,377 (Com. stock (261	fr. unconsol.subs 1,488 1,213 subser. by empl. 36,554 5e. of uncons sub 956,940 955,841 6% cum. pref. stk. b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 455,377 Com. stock (261,-c Plant prop. &c 6,778,177 6,727,499 43834 shares no Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,021 4,053,021 par) 8,714,625 8,714,625
fr. u	II. UI	Sec. of uncons. sub 956,940 955,841 6% cum. pref. stk. b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261,	Sec. of uncons. sub 956,940 955,841 6% cum. pref. stk. 5 Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 (Com. stock (261	Sec. of uncons, sub 956,940 955,841 6% cum, pref, stk. bCo.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell. invest'ts. 309,505 435,377 Com, stock (261,-c Plant prop, &c 6,778,177 6,727,499 438% shares no Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,021 4,053,001 par) 8,714,625 8,714,625
Sec. of	Sec. of	b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860 Miscell, invest'ts_ 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261	o Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, invest'ts_ 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261	b Co.'s capital stk. 3,227,857 3,137,396 (\$100 par) 9,860,900 9,860,900 Miscell, Invest'ts 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261,- c Plant prop. &c. 6,778,177 6,727,499 438% shares no Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,020 4,053,001 par) 8,714,625 8,714,625
		Miscell, invest'ts_ 309,505 435,377 Com, stock (261,-	Miscell, invest'ts_ 309,505 435,377 Com. stock (261,-	c Plant prop. &c. 6,778,177 6,727,499 43834 shares no Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,020 4,053,001 par) 8,714,625 8,714,625
Miscel	Miscell		Plant prop & R 778 177 R 797 4001 4903/ charge no	Gdwill, pats., &c. 4,053,020 4,053,001 par)
c Plan	c Plant	Crimit prop. &c 0,778,177 0,727,499 438% snares no	1 and prop. co 0,110,111 0,121,499 438% Shares no	Deferred charges 46 872 44 037 Surplus 4 565 225 4 201 556
Gdwill	(4dwill	GGWH, pats., &c. 4.053.020 4.053.001 par) 8.714.625 8.714	30WIII. Dats., &c. 4.053.020 4.053.001 par) 8.714.625 8.714.625	
Deterr	Defe	Determed about 10 000	Defermed about 10 000	20,012 21,001 purpius 4,000,300 4,001,000
Deferr				

Consol	naatea Bata	nce Sneet, Nov. 30		
Assets— 1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash \$969,293	\$480,660	Accts payable	\$446,519	\$587,129
U. S. Govt, oblig.		Dealers' dep., &c.	20,385	40,505
Notes & accts. rec_ 418.217		Fed, income tax	102,397	87,912
Inventories 2.211.031		Accrued interest	52,098	and the second
Sinking fund cash 29		Other accruals	69,072	78,612
Sundry investm'ts 18,619		Note payable to af-		
Prepaid exps. and		filiated company		1.126.000
deferred charges 195,592	104.571	Notes pay, to bank		20,626
x Fixed assets 5.390.786			2.308.775	
Goodwill 1	1	Sink, fd, instalm't		
		Min. stockholders'		
		int, in cap, stock		
The State of Man Base to the		and sur of subs-	1.084.143	1.377.867
		Res. for contg&c.		
		y Capital stock 1		
		Capital surplus		
			6,719,949	
Total \$9 203 568	\$9 507 439	Total 9	203 658	\$9 507 439

x After depreciation. y Represented by 228,237 (224,729 in 1935) par shares, including 873 (944 in 1935) shares fractional dividend scertificate outstanding. The comparative income statement was publis in V. 144, p. 763.

Austin, Nichols & Co., Inc. - Earnings

8 Months Ended Dec. 31— Gross profit on sales	1936 \$1,680,486 1,460,238	1935 \$1,451,589 1,306,962	\$1,507,659 1,395,897
Profit Other income, net Depreciation Interest, net Federal taxes	\$220,248 Dr2,144 12,000 30,310 x27,500	\$144,627 Dr2,058 24,600 16,463 15,000	\$111,762 Dr2,416 28,800 14,705 10,000
Net profit Earnings per share on 28,780 no par shares \$5 cumulative prior pref. class A stock.	\$148,294 \$5.1	\$86,506 \$3.00	\$55,841 \$1.96

Baldwin Locomotive Works—Plan Confirmed—
The reorganization plan of the company under Section 77-B received final confirmation from Judge Oliver B. Dickinson of United States District Court on Feb. 4.
In a 12-page opinion the Court dismissed exceptions filed by more than 500 preferred stockholders through L. A. Stebbins, Chicago attorney, and by attorneys for William A. Brady, New York theatrical producer, a common stockholder.—V. 144, p. 763

Baltimore & Ohio RR.—Reconstruction Loan Extended—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Feb. 3 found the company not to be in need of financial reorganization in the public interest at this time and approved the extension of the time of payment, for a period ending not later than April 1, 1942, of loans by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, in the aggregate amount of \$14,494,423, maturing on Feb. 7, April 8, and April 12, 1937.—V. 144, p. 763.

BancOhio Corp.—Earnings—

Years Ended Dec. 31—	1936	1935
Net profit after all charges	\$861,212	\$830,730
Shares stock	563,321	560,184
Earnings per share	\$1.52	\$1.48
-V. 140, p. 469.		

Bangor & Aroostook RR.—Initial Preferred Dividend— The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share on the new 5% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable April 1 to holders of record Feb. 26.—V. 144, p. 763.

Bangor Hydro-Flectric Co -

Dangor Hydro-Li	ective co	· Dan room	yo	
Period End. Jan. 31-	1937-Mon	h-1936	1937-12 M	os.—1936
Gross earnings	\$190,723	\$188,290	\$2,147,418	\$2,091,284
Operating expenses	65,392	64,699	729,023	735,028
Taxes accrued	27,850	27,350	251,400	283,450
Depreciation	10,965	10,394	154,840	150,603
Fixed charges	24.004	26.807	374.644	361.400
Div. on pref. stock	25,482	25.482	305,794	305.794
Div. on com. stock	18,101	14,481	195,494	173,772
Balance	\$18,927	\$19,074	\$136,222	\$81,235
-V. 144, p. 605.				
	~ / ^ ~	7 1 77		

Bastian-Blessing Co. (& Su	ubs.)—Ean	rnings-	
F Years Ended Nov. 30-	1936	1935	1934
Net profit after deprec., Fed. income  taxes & other deductions  Flams, per share on 173 665 shares	\$390,211	\$63,078	doss\$87,369

Calendar Years— Profit & loss on sales	1936 \$850,066	1935 \$280,864	\$262,253	1933 \$320,455
Int., divs., commissions, &c. income	704,686	479,132	439,210	328,260
Operating expenses Taxes	\$1,554,752 205,596 46,464	\$759,996 183,782 41,502	\$701,463 175,515 43,502	\$648,715 202,489 40,117
Liquidation of sub. in ex- cess of res've provided Adjust't of sec. values to	119,798	101,868		,
cost or market, which- ever is lower	48,639	26,717	151,424	453,053
Profit for year Partic. pref. dividend	\$1,134,255 191,215	\$406,127	\$331,022	loss\$46,945
Comi	parative Balo	ince Sheet Dec.	31	
Assets— 1936	1935 \$	Liabilities-	1936	1935 \$
Cash 232,60 Deposits in banks		Due to brokers		7 14,128
in liquidation 255,64 Loans receivable 1,493,80		Deferred incor Reserve for t	ne 488,25	
First mortgages 927,76		and deferred	l ex-	
Real est. acquired_ 567,92. x City Stores Co.	5 291,975	penses Trust funds		
securities 7,351,74 Coll.tr. serial notes 202,000		Depos. rec. u	sales	
Secur. held under conditional sales		agreement Participating	pre-	计图像 不行法
agreement 70,658	3	ferred stock	10,000,00	0 3,000,000
purch. agreem't 25,000 Secur. depos under	)	Surplus		9 354,527
purch. agreem't 59,678	3			
Serial gold debs 394,200		13 1 July 1 1 1 1 2 1		
Other securities 2,990,75		North House And Tale		Car of the second
Accrued int. rec 49,364 Inv. in & advs. to				
y Treasury stock 208,602				
at cost 210,06: Due from brokers	21,755			
and customers 22,555 Prepaid expenses_ 6,904				
Total15,069,26		Total	15,069,26	5 13,867,196

x Consists of collateral trust notes due 1944—par value, \$4,814,200 and 720,155 (753,055 in 1935) shares common stock, \$5 par value, \$2,536,541 (\$2,682,789 in 1935). y 8,785 (1,285 in 1935) shares participating preferred. z After deducting \$0,000 shares held in treasury for retirement. Note—The stocks and bonds entered on the balance sheet at \$2,990,755 had an indicated market value at Dec. 31, 1936, of \$5,263,904.—V. 143, p. 3991.

Baton Rouge Electric Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Dec Gross earnings Operation Maintenance Taxes Interest & amortiz		1936— <i>Mot</i> \$177,000 106,921 9,199 20,607 13,535	10,912	1936—12 Me \$1,772,843 936,123 76,396 220,243 163,414	\$1,549,145 835,889 71,351
Balance Appropriation for Preferred dividend	retirem	ent reserve	9	\$376,665 150,000 37,254	\$299,361 140,000 37,254
Balance for com	mon divi	dends and	surplus	\$189,411	\$122,107
	Compe	arative Bala	nce Sheet Dec	. 31	
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Prop., plant & eq.a \$			Preferred stoc	k_a_ \$550,132	
Cash	149,132				
Notes receivable	11.932	11.687	Bonds	2,954,000	2,954,000
Accts. receivable	395,632	399,186	Notes payable		
Mat'ls & supplies.	63,217	83,365		able. 187,544	
Appli'ces on rental	38,348	48.175	Customers' de	pos. 45,092	
Prepayments	4,489	1,535	Int. & taxes a	ccr'd 131,169	
Miscell, investm'ts	3,372	3,206	Sundry liabili	ties_ 3,035	
Sinking fund cash.	9,540	9,540	Retirement re	serve 570,259	527,869
Special deposits	100	100	Operating res		
Unamortized debt			Unadjusted cr		
disct. & expense	144,307	151,684	Earned surplu	8 786,772	738,610
Unadjusted debits	10,338	10,997			
. New Control of the	-			Marie Committee of the	

Total \$6,607,462 \$6,337,994 Total \$6,607,462 \$6,337,994 a Represented by 6,209 4-6 shares (no par) \$6 dividend preferred stock Represented by 250,000 (1935—41,041) shares (no par) .—V. 144, p. 272.

Beaumont Sour	Lake & V	Vestern R	y.—Earni	ngs—
December—	1936	1935	* 1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$215,920	\$183,390	\$134,909	\$135,806
Net from railway	81,078	59,633	22,825	22,851
Net after rents	21,958	13,276	def14,321	def22,785
Gross from railway	2,213,965	1,772,055	1,660,394	1,362,154
Net from railway	603.749	456,785	def338,068	232,671
Net after rents	def19,623	def33,410	def138,205	def220,610

Beaunit Mills, Inc.—Stocks Sold—Formal offering of a new issue of 30,000 shares of common stock, (par \$10) priced at \$20 per share, was announced Feb. 3 by John C. Adams & Co., Inc.; C. B. Ewart & Co., Inc., and Bioren & Co. The stock has been sold. The same bankers offered 30,000 shares of \$1.50 cumul. conv. pref. stock at \$25 per share on Nov. 19, last.

Company operates mills at Beverly, N. J. and Cohoes and Fort Plain, N. Y. and is engaged primarily in the manufacture of knitted and woven rayon underwear cloth in which field it is one of the country's foremost units. Capitalization—Company will have the following capitalization upon completion of the present offering:

Authorized Outslanding

Capitalization—Company will have the following capitalization upon completion of the present offering:

Authorized Outstanding \$1.50 cum. conv. pref. stock (par \$20) ... 33,300 shs. 33,300 shs. v150,000 shs. x 0f this amount 199,950 shares have been registered including 49,950 shares reserved for preferred stock conversion rights, and the remaining 120,000 shares are in the hands of present stockholders. y Does not include 49,950 shares reserved for preferred stock conversion rights, and the remaining 120,000 shares are in the hands of present stockholders. y Does not include 49,950 shares reserved for preferred stock conversion rights.

Recent Changes—Since Nov. 17, 1936, the following changes have been made:

(1) The directors at a special meeting held on Dec. 22, 1936, adopted a resolution authorizing the purchase of 20,000 shares (\$5 par) common stock of National Weaving Co., Inc., for \$100,000.

National Weaving Co., Inc., for \$100,000.

National Weaving Co., Inc. was organized in pursuance of a decree entered in the U. S. District Court for the Western District of North Carolina on Dec. 9, 1936, confirming a plan of reorganization for National Weaving Co. under Section 77B of the National Bankruptcy Act. The decree provides:

That all creditors of National Weaving shall be paid in full.

That a new corporation shall be organized in North Carolina, under the name of National Weaving Co., Inc., with an authorized capital of \$640,000, divided into three classes of stock consisting of 3,000 shares of 6% cumulative second preferred stock (par \$100) and 38,000 shares of common stock (par \$5).

That National Weaving Co., Inc., shall issue to the holders of the prior preferred stock of National Weaving Co., in proportion to their present holdings, the entire issue of 3,000 shares of the first preferred stock.

That National Weaving Co., Inc. shall issue to I. Rogosin, president and director of Beaunit Mills, Inc., the entire issue of 1,500 shares of the second preferred, stockiupon payment by him of the sum of \$150,000 in cash.

That National Weaving Co., Inc. Ishall issue to the holders of the second preferred stock of National Weaving Co., in proportion to their holdings, 18,000 shares of the commonIstock, representing approximately 48% of the total issue of said[commonIstock, angle,000] shares of the common stock, of National Weaving Co., inc., representing approximately 52% of the total issue of common stock, to I. Rogosin, President) and director of Beaunit Mills, Inc., or his nominees, for the sum of \$100,000 in cash.

That the trustees of National Weaving Co., shall procure for National Weaving Co., Inc., a loan of \$175,000 or such portion thereof as may be necessary, the proceeds of which, together with the remaining cash asset of National Weaving Co., shall be used to pay in cash, in full, thei claims of all creditors of National Weaving Co., whose claims have been or may be approved by the U. S. District Court, which loan shall be payable in three years, in equal annual installments, with interest attrate of 6% per annum.

Beaunit Mills, Inc. intends to purchase the 20,000 shares of common stock of National Weaving Co., Inc. for \$100,000 upon full compliance with the terms of the decree entered in the U. S. District Court.

Initial Dividends on Both Preferred, and Common—

Directors have declared an initial dividend of 39½ cents per share on the new common stock, both payable March 1, 1937 to holders of record Feb. 15, 1937.—V. 144, p. 272.

Beech Aircraft Corp.—Stock Offered—Financing to provide additional capital funds for the corporation took place Feb. 1 with the offering of 100,000 shares of common stock (\$1 par) at \$4.50 per share by Tobey & Co., New York.

Net proceeds from the sale will be used for expansion purposes, including the purchase of a manufacturing plant at Wichita, Kan., now under lease

Balane	ce Sheet, Nov. 23, 1936	
Assets-	1 Liabilities—	
Cash		
Accounts and notes rec. (net)	27,612 Corp	
Inventories	131.715 Equipm purchase contract	9,338
Miscell, receivables & opetion	Accounts payable (trade)	34,337
contract	9,845 Customers deposits and credit	
Equipment at cost	46,726 balances	11,767
Deferred charges	82,358 Accrued payroll & expense	6,924
	Manager's salary	1,079
	Taxes of predecessor company	
	Payroll tax accrued	420
	Reserve for Federal and State	
	income tax	169
	Advance royalties deposit	5,000
	Common stock (\$1 par)	
집 네트워워스와 고일에 귀했지 않았다.	Paid-in surplus	
에 가장하는데 뭐 되면 없어서 그렇게 하는데	Earned surplus	1,466
(Total	8000 F40 FD-4-1	2020 540
Total		\$338,546
-144, p. 763.	NAME OF THE PARTY	

Blue Ridge Corp.—Annual Report—

Based on Dec. 31, 1936 prices for investments, the net assets of the corporation on that date amounted to \$51,671,279, equivalent to \$119,73 per share of preference stock outstanding, and after allowing for preference stock at the amount to which it is entitled in liquidation (\$55 per share and accrued dividends), to \$3.72 per share of common stock outstanding. Net unrealized appreciation of investments at Dec. 31, 1936 was \$15,146,792. These amounts were arrived at after deducting provision for normal Federal income tax on so much of the net unrealized appreciation as would, upon realization, represent taxable profit.

In connection with security purchases made during the year, bank loans were incurred in the first quarter which, on Dec. 31, 1936, amounted to

Income Account for C	alenaar Year 1936	rs (Incl. Who 1935	lly-Owned Sul 1934	bsidiary) 1933
Cash dividends Interest Miscellaneous income	\$1,844,564 271,243	\$902,988 361,599	\$1,027,209	\$1,332,741
Total cash income Expenses Taxes	518,884	\$1,268,885 323,785 11,100	\$1,303,892 272,985 44,816	\$1,705,416 395,962
Net cash income carr'd to oper. surplus Divs. on opt. 6% conv.	\$1,582,359		\$986,090	\$1,309,454
pref. stock (cash) Divs. on common stock_	1,294,674	1,739,539 1,801,562	2,032,469	2,044,261
Consolidated Capita	al Carembra A	T	adad Des 21	1028
	u bui pius A	ccount Year E	nueu Dec. 31	, 1900
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935.				\$11.512.981
	s of securities ue of comm	s of excess of on stock wa	directors' val- rrants (stock	\$11,512,981
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book val	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936	of excess of on stock was	directors' val- rrants (stock	\$11,512,981 23,918
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book valwas subscribed for and Balance, Dec. 31, 1931 Consolidated Earned Surr	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936	s of excess of con stock was	directors' val- rrants (stock	\$11,512,981 23,915 \$11,489,067 1932), as of
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale: uation over book val: was subscribed for and Balance, Dec. 31, 1936 Consolidated Earned Surp Balance, Dec. 31, 1935.	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6 olus Account Dec. 3	s of excess of con stock was )(Subsequent 1, 1936	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31,	\$11,512,983 23,918 \$11,489,067 1932), as o
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book valwas subscribed for and Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Consolidated Earned Surp Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Net income for 1936	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6	s of excess of on stock wa. )(Subsequent 1, 1936	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31,	\$11,512,983 23,918 \$11,489,067 1932), as o \$1,373,002 1,582,356
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on saled uation over book values was subscribed for and Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Consolidated Earned Surphis Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Net income for 1936. Net profit on sales of sec valuations as of Dec. 31	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6	s of excess of on stock was on stock was (Subsequent 1, 1936 on aver, bot of subseque	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31, ok values (re- nt purchases)	\$11,512,981 23,918 \$11,489,067 1932), as of \$1,373,002 1,582,350
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book valuation over book valuation state.  Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Consolidated Earned Surght Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Net income for 1936. Net profit on sales of sec valuations as of Dec. 31, after provision of \$72,6	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6	s of excess of on stock was)  (Subsequent 1, 1936  on aver, boost of subsequent at of subsequent at least of subse	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31, ok values (re- purchases) come tax	\$11,512,981 23,918 \$11,489,067 1932), as of \$1,373,002 1,582,356 4,175,077
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book values was subscribed for and Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Consolidated Earned Surphis Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Net income for 1936. Net profit on sales of sec valuations as of Dec. 31 after provision of \$72,6 Amount transferred from	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6	s of excess of on stock was)  (Subsequent 1, 1936  on aver, boost of subsequent at of subsequent at least of subse	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31, ok values (re- purchases) come tax	\$11,512,981 \$11,489,067 1932), as of the second of the s
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Transfer to profit on sale uation over book valuation over book valuation state.  Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Consolidated Earned Surght Balance, Dec. 31, 1935. Net income for 1936. Net profit on sales of sec valuations as of Dec. 31, after provision of \$72,6	s of securities ue of comm sold in 1936 6	s of excess of on stock was)  (Subsequent 1, 1936  on aver, boost of subsequent at of subsequent at least of subse	directors' val- rrants (stock to Dec. 31, ok values (re- purchases) come tax	\$11,512,981 23,915 \$11,489,067 1932). as of \$1,373,002 1,582,359 4,175,077

Salance, Dec. 31, 1936—\$5,334,224

Note—The indicated net unrealized appreciation of investments, at Dec. 31, 1936, was \$15,146,792, after deducting provision of \$2,350,000 for normal Federal income tax on the taxable profit which would result from the realization of such appreciation. This compares with net unrealized appreciation at Dec. 31, 1935, of \$8,448,373, after deducting provision of \$510,000 for Federal income tax.

-- \$5.334.224

		eet Dec. 31	4000	1935
1936	1935	1 to 10 may 1 and 1	1936	1930
Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities-	\$	
d Investments40,209,285 Divs. rec'le & int.		expenses	73,622	52,631
accrued a271,855 Accts.receivable See a	46,661		5,416,000	
Cash 1,755,824 Warrants for pur.	V 1	Due to banks for securities purch.		
of com. stock 130,739	155,654	Prov. for tax cont.	318,882	223,982
		c Preference stock_1	0,788,950	10,788,900
		b Common stock	7,489,483	7,489,483
		Surplus1	8,823,291	12,885,985
		General reserve	1,422,763	1,670,171
의 15로 공개합니다. 이 <del>등 5도 보고</del>		T. 1		

Total \_\_\_\_\_\_\_42,367,703 33,111,201 Total \_\_\_\_\_\_42,367,703 33,111,201 a Includes accounts receivable. b Represented by shares of \$1 par value. Of the authorized 12,500,000 \$1 par value shares, there are 647,337 shares reserved for conversion of preference stock; 1,142,914 shares for dividends on preference stock (maximum annual requirement, 53,945 shares), and 228,301 shares for exercise of warrants (to purchase at any time shares of common stock at \$20 per share). c 431,558 shares, no par value, at stated value of \$25 per share. d At average book values (based on Dec. 31, 1932 market quotations as to investments acquired prior to that date, and cost as to subsequent purchases).—V. 144, p. 272.

Better Homes, Inc.—Stock Barred—
The company and its officers were restrained from selling stock in New York State on Jan. 27 when they failed to oppose the motion by Assistant Attorney General Harry Greenwald to continue an injunction until such time as the suit for a permanent injunction goes to trial. Supreme Court Justice John E. McGeehan extended the injunction indefinitely because the motion was not contested.

Biltmore Hats, Ltd.—New Shares Listed—

New common shares of the company having been approved for listing on the Toronto Stock Exchange were posted for trading on Jan. 25. At the same time, the preferred stock was transferred from the industrial curb to the listed section and the old common stock was removed.

The new listing covers 80,000, no par value common shares and 2,095, \$100 par value 7% redeemable preferred shares.—V. 144, p. 606.

Border City Mfg. Co.—50-Cent Dividend—

Border City Mfg. Co.—50-Cent Dividend—

The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 3. A like payment was made on Dec. 22, last, and a dividend of \$1 was paid on Nov. 14 last, this latter being the first distribution to be made on the issue since 1924.—V. 144, p. 764.

(Richard) Borden Mfg. Co.-Earnings-Years Ended— Sept. 26:36 Sept. 29,'35 Sept. 28,'34 Net loss before depreciation\_\_\_\_\_ prof.\$843 \$15,125 \$13,096

and the second magnitude				
C	omparative.	Balance Sheet		
Assets- Sept. 26,'36	Sept. 28,'35			Sept. 28,'35
Real estate, bldgs	APPENDING TO	Capital stock	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
mach. & equip_ \$604,185	\$711,827	Notes payable		88,500
Cotton, cloth, cotton		Accounts payable.		
in process and		Reserves (for tax)_	9,426	135,522
supplies 270,870	296,789	4 4 4		
Cash and accounts		and the best of		
receivable 15.541	14,137	The best of the second		
Prepaid ins. prems. 5,372	5.831			
Prepaid interest 445	574			
Profit and loss 263,933	264,775			
		NOTES SEE SEE		
Total\$1,160,346	\$1,293,935	Total	\$1,160,346	\$1,293,935

V. 141, p. 3372. Boston Consolidated Gas Co.-Output-

(In 000 Cubic Feet)— 1937 1936 1935 Month of January\_\_\_\_ 1,196,712 1,287,421 1,346,975 —V. 144, p. 764.

Boston Elevated Ry.—Earnings-Month of December—
Total receipts—
Operating expenses—
Rederal, State and municipal tax accruals—
Rent for leased roads—
Subway, tunnel and rapid transit line rentals—
Interest on bonds and notes—
Miscellaneous items—

\$22,226 def\$78,191

Boston & Maine RR.—Reconstruction Loan Extended— The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 29 found the company not to be in need of financial reorganization in the public interest at this time and approved the extension for a period of not to exceed two years of the time of payment of the loan by the Reconstruction Finance, Corporation maturing Feb. 1, 1937, in the amount of \$7,569,437.

Bonds Extended—

The Massachusetts State Executive Council has approved a proposal for the extension of \$5,000,000 bonds held in the State sinking fund, which matured Feb. 1. The extension is until 1950, the interest rate being reduced from 4% to 3%. The road had asked for refunding on the basis of reduction of interest from 4% to 2½%. The state offered a compromise of 3% and the road accepted.—V. 144, p. 764.

Botany Consolidated Mills, Inc.—Appeal Denied—
The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals at Philadelphia has refused to entertain an appeal by Chester G. Bollenbach, a bondholder, designed to upset the plan of reorganization under 77-B.—V. 144, p. 99.

(Milton) Bradley Co.—New Directors—
The company has added three new directors: Sidney W. Stevens, Vice-President of United Electric Light Co.; Harry H. Caswell, General Manager of W. F. Young, Inc., and Charles W. Hubbard Jr. of Boston.—V. 136, p. 3912.

Bristol-Myers Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings 1936-121Mos.-1935 \$443,621 x\$2,275,251 \$2,272,600 686,999 \$0.65 687,168 \$3,31 Earlings per snare..... \$0.41 \$0.00 \$3.01 \$5.00 \$4.00 \$5.01 \$4.00 \$5.01 \$4.00 \$5.01 \$4.00 \$5.01 \$5.00 \$4.00 \$5.00

months for surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 143, p. 2991.

British Type Investors, Inc.—Meeting Postponed—
At the special meeting of class A stockholders called for Jan. 30, 1937 in Wilmington, Del., approximately 460,000 shares were represented. To make effective the proposal to reduce the par value of the class A stock from its present figure of \$1 to 25 cents a share, a favorable vote of 599,419 shares is necessary. The meeting has therefore been postponed to Feb. 24. Edward V. Otis, President, in a letter to stockholders states: Inasmuch as at present the net asset value of the class A stock is less than the par value and under Delaware law, a corporation cannot pay a dividend while the per share value is less than par, directors are advised that the proposed change will place company in a position to pay a dividend. If the shareholders vote favorably upon this, it is the present intention of the directors to declare a small cash dividend.
Class A stock will retain all its present rights, privileges and priority.—V. 141, p. 2110, The beautiful Dividend—

Buckeye Pipe Line Co.—\$1 Dividend—\*\*\*\*

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$50, payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 19. A like payment was made on Dec. 15 last and compares with 75 cents per share

Balance, Dec. 31, 1936 ...

paid each three months from Sept. 15, 1932, to and including Sept. 15 last and \$1 per share distributed quarterly previously.—V. 143, p. 2992.

Years Ended Dec. 31— Profits before deprecia'n	1936	1935	1934	1933
and income tax\$ Depreciation\$ Income tax	1,319,281 174,447 262,614	\$11,777 178,911	\$401,903 191,570 29,135	
Net profit Prior pref. dividend 6% pref. dividend Common dividends	\$882,220 62,225 141,636 294,945	loss\$167,134 62,225 141,632	\$181,198 62,225 141,631	loss\$365,148 62,225 141,630
Surplus Earns, per sh. on 238,056 shs. com, (no par)	\$383,414 \$2.85	def\$370,991 Nil	def\$22,658 Nil	def\$569,004 Nil
Compe	and the second second	ince Sheet Dec		
Assets- 1936	1935	Liabilities-	- 1936	1935
Cash \$654,174	\$174,599			\$71,83
Accts. & notes rec. 639,280 U. S. Govt. securs. 1,627,319	342,662 1,576,403			14 500
Inventory of steel	1,070,403	Sundry greser		
castings prod 139,942	102,133			
Inventory of raw		616 % cum	1,000,00	00 1,000,00
mat'ls & supplies 664,733	463,988			
Property assets 2,577,147	2,722,312			
Investments 99,217 Patents 96,200	99,217 97,174	Common stoo		
Deferred charges 17,533			1,155.±	30 310,01
Total\$6,515,545	\$5 509 027	Total	ee 515 5	45 85 508 02
x After deducting reserv				

Buffalo General Electric Co.—To Merge— See Niagara Hudson Power Corp. below.—V. 143, p. 2992.

#### Buffalo Stratford Corp. (Stratford Arms Corp.)-Reorganization-

Reorganization—

Pursuant to the plan of reorganization dated June 4, 1936, Buffalo Stratford Corp. was organized in New York and acquired title to Stratford Arms Hotel, 25 west Utica St., Buffalo, N. Y., at foreclosure sales. Corporation has registered its authorized capital stock, consisting of 1,221 shares (\$1 par), and its proposed 4% mortgage income bonds in principal amount of \$122,150 maturing July 1, 1946 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The corporation is now ready to issue its capital stock and 4% mortgage income bonds in exchange for certificates of deposit upon the basis set forth in the plan, which is as follows:

(1) One share of stock for each \$100 of each certificate of deposit (no shares of stock shall be issued on the basis of any fractional amount of certificates of deposit less than \$100)

(2) 4% mortgage income bonds of the corporation of the same face value and principal amount as the certificates of deposit surrendered.

A payment of interest at the rate of 4% per annum for the first interest period covering the five months beginning July 1, 1936 and ending Dec. 1, 1936 has been declared by the board of directors and will be distributed proportionately to the persons presenting and surrendering their certificates of deposit, by Bank of the Manhattan Oo., trustee, at the same time that the new securities are issued. Certificates of deposit should be forwarded to Bank of the Manhattan Co., 40 Wall St., N. Y. City.

In order to provide means for carrying out the reorganization, it has been necessary to have title vested in a corporation having a purely nominal capital, the stock of which is being distributed proportionately among the bondholders. Except for the temporary holding of one share of the par value of \$1 by each of the three incorporators, no one else has any shares.

Burlington-Rock	s Island	RR.—Earr	nings-1	
December-	1936		1934	1933
Gross from railway Net from railway	\$88,746 def4.108	\$75,777 3,135	\$61,613 def11.262	\$84.243 10.737
Net after rents	def24,143			def6,491
Gross from railway	908,037	865,066	791,543	959,678
Net from railway	def75,648	def131,066	def122,399	148,013
Net after rents V. 144, p. 99.	de12/0,424	<b>Z</b> def326,628	def283,443	def37,376

Bush Terminal Co.—Reorganization Plan for Company and Bush Terminal Buildings Co.—

A plan of reorganization for Bush Terminal Co. and Bush Terminal Buildings Co. has been agreed upon, after three years of dispute between interests represented by Irving T. Bush. President of the Terminal company and those of C. E. Bedford of the Buildings company. The proposed plan has the approval of the jommon and debenture holders of the Terminal company and the preferred holders of the Buildings unit, according to Alfred Heuston and Lowell M. Birrell, counsel for the reorganization managers.

managers.

The proposed plan provides that accrued interest upon all bonds is to be padic; the title good Bush thouse in London confirmed to Bush Terminal Buildings Co., and for an adjustment of accrued dividends on the preferred stock of the Buildings company. Each holder of Bush Terminal debenture stock will receive four shares of new common stock. The present common will get share for share.

will get share for share.

The two companies will continue for three years as separate organizations, under the plan, and at the expiration of three years will be merged, if approved by the preferred holders of the Buildings company. Mr. Bush will continue as President of the Terminal company and E. T. Bedford will head the Bulldings unit.—V. 144, p. 765.

Butler Brothers, Chicago (& Subs.) - Earnings-Calendar Years— 1936 1935 1934 1933
Net inc. after Fed. taxes,
deprec., int., &c.\_\_\_x\$1,908,100 \$1,284,907 \$1,221,928 \$1,572,459
Earns, per sh. on 1,109,
429 shs. capital stock
(par \$10)\_\_\_\_\_ \$1.72 \$1.16 \$1.10 \$1.41
x\_Estimated.

\*Estimated.

15-Cent Common Dividend—

The directors on Feb. 2 declared a dividend of 15 cents per share on the common stock payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 13. A dividend of 60 cents was paid on Dec. 21, last, this latter being the first payment made on this tissue since Feb. 15, 1930, when 30 cents per share was distributed.—V. 143, p. 3834.

(H. M.) Byllesby & Co.—New Vice-Presidents, &c.—

The company on Jan. 30, announced the election of E. Mortimer Newlin of Philadelphia and R. Miles Warner of Ohicago as Vice-Presidents, Announcement also was made of the appointment of Guy Hoffer as sales manager of the western division.—V. 143, p. 3308.

California Packing Corp.—Stock Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 10/200 of a share of new 5% preferred stock, par \$50, on the no par\_common stock, payable Feb. 20 to tolders of record Feb. 5.

The company paid a dividend of 50 cents in cash, or, at the option of common stockholders, the equivalent of 50 cents par of preferred stock, on Jan. 25 last.

The directors also declared a dividend of 37½ cents per share on the common stock payable on Feb. 20 to holders of record Feb. 5. Dividends of like amount were paid on Dec. 15, last, and each three months prior thereto.

—V. 144, p. 99.

Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc. (& Subs.)--Earnings 3 Mos. End. Dec. 31— 1936
Grossimfg, profit before
depreciation. \$1,641,014
Adver., sell., distrib. &
administration. 1,420,850 1935 1934 \$988,119 x\$1,052,769 x\$1,087,683 951,664 ×953,066 x848,742 \$220,164 33,988 Profit from operations Other income \$36,455 29,713 \$99,703 21,650 \$238.941 29.142 Gross income
Other adeductions
Depreciation
Interest
U. S. and Dom. of Can,
income taxes \$254,152 41,469 57,638 1,822 \$66,169 57,276 48,840 1,767 \$121,352 34,075 45,108 2,400 \$268,084 39,472 48,480 1,011 24,442 9,850 4,190 22,645 Net profit for period. \$128,780 loss \$51,564 \$35,579 \$156,474 Shares common stock outstanding (par \$5). 512,631 512,631 512,631 512,631 \$10.07 \$0.30 x Certain trade discounts were in 1933 considered selling expenses; but in 1934 they were deducted from sales. 1933 figures have been adjusted accordingly.—V. 143, p. 3993.

Canada Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.—Accumulated Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 614% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, payable March 20 to holders of record March 1. A dividend of \$2.75 was paid on Dec. 23, last, and one of \$3.25 per share was 'paid on Oct. 1, last, this latter being the first payment made on the stock since Dec. 15, 1932, when a regular quarterly dividend of \$1.62½ per share was distributed.—V. 143, p. 2992.

Canadian Industries, Ltd.—\$1.50 Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the class A and class B stocks, both payable April 30 to holders of record March 31. This compares with \$2 paid on Jan. 30, last, and \$1.25 per share paid on oct. 31, last. Previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1 per share were distributed. In addition,the following extra dividends were paid 75 cents on July 31, 1936; \$1.25 on Dec. 16, 1935; 75 cents on July 31, 1935; \$1.50 on Dec. 15, 1934; 75 cents on July 31, 1934, and 87½ cents per share paid on Jan. 31, 1933.—V. 143, p. 4146.

Canadian Investment Fund, Ltd.—Assets—
Total assets of this company with securities at market price on Dec. 31, 1936, amounted to \$5,500,209 as compared with \$3,610,896 on Dec. 31, 1935. Securities costing \$3,107,750 had a market value on Dec. 31 of \$4,568,959. During 1936 the company realized \$133,184 in profits on sales of portfolio securities and reported net income (excluding security profits) of \$189,006. Dividends totaling \$158,764 were paid in 1936. As of Dec. 31, 1936, the company's portfolio contained securities of 49 corporations, of which all but eight represented Canadian companies. Largest investments were in the heavy industries and base metals industries, each representing approximately 19% of the company's invested assets. Common stocks represented 96.26% of the invested assets on Dec. 31. The company paid a dividend of 6 cents per share on Feb. 1, 1937.—V. 144, p. 607.11

	rears	for Calendar	e Account	Incom
*1933 T \$104,346 40,867	1934 \$142,635 78,996	1935 \$139,153 54,042	1936 \$372,613 55,285	Calendar Years— Cash divs. on stocks Interest on bonds Stock rec. as a div. on
92			3,940	investment held Interest on call loans and bank balances
\$145,304 54,328	\$221,631 61,899	\$193,195 63,436	\$431,837 86,765	Expenses Int. on 5% debs. & amt.
	1,668		110,750 y2,850	of deb. discount & exp. Prov. for Fed. inc. tax
\$90,977	\$158,064	\$129,759	\$231,472	Operating income
2,750,533	896,954	355,197	8,957	× Net loss on sales of securities
	loss\$738,8901 111,868			Net oper. prof. for year Dividends
rage cost.	is that of ave	ecurities sold distributed r	ng cost of s	x The basis for computing Provision for Federal su

Surplus Account for Year Ended Dec. 31 1936 1935 1934 1933 \$14,137,623 6,961,919 \$14,137,623 4,190,494 733,890 111,869 2,659,556 111,869

Balance Dec. 31 -- \$3,331,031 \$5,933,618 \$3,324,946

x includes \$315,480 excess of amount of cash received and scribed to securities acquired over par values of capital stock issue \$7,175,705

		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Invest, at cost-	•		Dividend payable.		\$27,967
Stocks	\$7,124,629	\$5,504,289	Pay, for sec. pur.		
Bonds	656,926	738,460	not yet rec	\$18,875	43,590
Cash in bank	1.038,572	2,185,283	Sund. accts. pay.,		1 1 10 1
Cash dep, with div		1 1	accrued int. on		
paying agent		27,967	5% debs., &c	22,078	
Dividends receiv.	31,874	20,050	Prov. for Fed. cap.		1 1 2 2
Receiv. for sec. sol	d 4,586		stk. & oth, taxes	18,346	18,091
Accr.int. on bond	s 13,667			. 14	
Deferred charges_	_ 155,045	168,023	tax on undistrib-		
		AM A A	uted net income_	2,850	
			15-year 5% debs.		7 T.
			due Nov. 1, 1950	2,000,000	2,000,006
			Miscellaneous		25,703
1 1			y Capital stock	602,120	559,343
7	11	74	Surplus	6,361,031	75,983,618
Total	\$9,025,300	\$8,658,314	Total	9,025,300	\$8,658,314

\* The aggregate market value as of Dec. 31, 1936 of securities owned was \$3,115,672. At Dec. 31, 1935, \$4,626,398. y Represented by shares of \$1 par value.—V. 143, p. 4146.

Gross earnings	arnings o	f System fo	Earnings— r Week Ended 1937 \$4,583,396	Jan. 31 1936 \$4,202,337	Increase \$381,05
Canadian F	Pacific	Lines ir	n Maine—	Earnings-	
December— Gross from railway. Net from railway. Net after rents		1936 \$255,915 53,958 6,847	1935 \$208,806 52,354 15,550	1934 \$182,301 41,842 6,578	1933 \$175,12 36,89 1,07
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rentsV. 144, p. 273.	y d	2,177,509 188,263 ef159,589	1,882,066 124,473 def179,768	1,985,675 279,939 def38,382	1,583,48 204,10 def108,47
Canadian F	Pacific	Lines ir	Vermon	t—Earning	78—
December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents		1936 \$94,400 def13,582 def30,761	1935 \$85,569 def8,742 def32,126	1934 \$77,040 def4,493 def25,276	1933 \$67,03 def19,32 def39,75
From Jan. 1— Fross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	dy d	1,029,544 ef287,887 ef574,287	962,688 def227,930 def488,489	930,135 def206,891 def462,482	897,59 def134,88 def397,75
–V. 144, p. 100 Canadian P		Rv.—Ea	ırninas—		
Period End. Dec.	31—	1936—Mor	nth-1935	1936—12 A	
Fross earnings Vorking expenses.	1	2,253,202 8,711,395	11,581,266 8,275,252	138,562,762 115,251,651	129,678,90 107,281,38
Net earnings	arnings of		3,306,013 r Week Ended 1937	1936	Increase
. 144, p. 765.			\$3,252,000	\$3,102,000	\$150,00
Stockholders at ncrease capital stockholders at o be offered right on the basis of one (A. M.) Cas	a specia tock to 1 ts to sub share fo	l meeting 70,500 sha escribe to r each 10 s	held Jan. 26 ares from 15 the addition shares held.—	se Voted— approved a 5,000. Stocal shares at -V. 144, p. 6	proposal to kholders ar \$25 a shar 07.
Calendar Years— Net earnings after	r oper.	1936	1935	1934	1933
exps., repairs & roceeds from lift less cash surrend previous recorde	fe ins. ler val.	\$778,656	\$456,245	\$398,140 ×86,041	\$164,51
Totali ncome		\$778,656 55,500	\$456,245 54,111 53,726	\$484,181 56,040	\$164,51 61,69
rederal taxes Prov. for Fed. sur undistributed in Prov. for general c	tax on	55,500 106,278 17,500 40,000	53,726	56,040 37,792	
Net profit		\$559,377 450,000	\$348,407 <b>y</b> 234,302	\$390,349 229,291	\$102,82
Dungit	1.00		\$114,105	\$161,058	\$102,82
hs. of stk. (par \$ carnings per share	e	\$109,377 120,000 \$4.66	120,000 \$2.90	\$3.41	\$102,82 114,24 \$0.9
x Excluding the 89,525 dividends			stock (5,712 eet Dec. 31	shares).	y Exclude
Assets— ash in banks & on	1936	1935	Liabilities-	- 1936	1935
hand Dep. with life ins.	\$210,809	\$832,195	Accrued expe	Fed. 57,8	
companies	120,875	120,875	income tax	es 124,9	33 53,42
	198.678	182 068	Reserve for g		00
surance policies_ sonds & tax war- rant owned	198,678	182,068 111,850	Capital stock	les 40,0 : (\$10 1,200,0	00 1,200,00
surance policies_ sonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec comm. & misc. rec	918,801 15,493	111,850 502,707 24,483	Capital stock	les 40,0 : (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,39
surance policles. sonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec comm. & misc. rec nventories 'repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c	918,801 15,493	111,850 502,707	contingenc Capital stock par) Paid-in surpl	les 40,0 : (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,39
surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec Comm. & misc. rec nventories repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c and, includ. land held for expansn	918,801 15,493 2,211,334	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131	contingenc Capital stock par) Paid-in surpl	les 40,0 : (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,39
surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned Customers accts. & notes rec comm. & misc. rec nventories repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c and, includ. land held for expansn Bldgs., mach. & equipment	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199	contingenc Capital stock par) Paid-in surpl Earned surpl	ies 40,0 ( \$10 ) (	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36
surance policies- ionds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4 of \$89,4 7 \$753,286	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 at	contingenc Capital stock par) Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Total and \$94,838 nd \$720,097 i	les 40,0 (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 4,972,8 in 1935. — V.	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36 84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146
surance policies. bonds & tax war- rant owned. Customers'accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 6 of \$89,4 \$753,280 <b>rp.</b> of 4	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 as America	contingenc Capital stock par) Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Total and \$94,838 nd \$720,097 i	les 40,0 (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 4,972,8 in 1935. — V.	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36 84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 gs————————————————————————————————————
surance policies. bonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 c of \$89,4 2,7753,280 rp. of 4	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America	Contingence Capital stock par). Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Earned surpl Continue Capital Stock Park 1936 Stock	les 40,0 (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 4,972,8 in 1935. y. n 1935. y. )	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36 84 \$4,610,48 After reserv 143, p. 4146 98————————————————————————————————————
surance policies. bonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 c of \$89,4 2,7753,280 rp. of 4	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America	Contingence Capital stock par). Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Earned surpl Continue Capital Stock Park 1936 Stock	(\$10	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,36 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 gs— 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 Cr21,71 71,28
surance policies. ionds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918.801 15.493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635.116 4,972.884 c of \$89.4 \$753,285 <b>rp. of</b> c. 31—	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America	contingene Capital stock par)	es 40,0 (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 1,	84 \$4.610,49 84 \$4.610,49 84 \$4.610,49 84 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 C721,71 71,28 10,88
surance policies. ionds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 6,5753,286 7,5753,286 7,5753,286 7,5753,286 7,5753,286 8, (net.)	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 ax America	contingene Capital stock par)	es 40,0 (\$10 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,892,7 1,484,893 963,947 1,484,893 963,947 1,484,893 963,947 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,503 1,392	84 \$4,610,49 84 \$4,610,49 87 1,399,36 84 \$4,610,49 84 \$1,214,45 790,65 8423,79 103,18 C721,71 71,28 10,88 35,28
surance policies.  sonds & tax war- rant owned.  Customers' accts.  & notes rec.  omm. & misc. rec  nventories.  repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c and, includ. land held for expansn Bldgs., mach. & equipment.  Total.  x After reserves or depreciation of  Catalin Coi  Years Ended De  Net sales.  Ost of sales  Ost of sales  cross profit on lelling and admin bther income  bicher expenses.  ncome charges.  Bonus to employe  discellaneous adj  ederal income  turtax on undistr  Net addition to  revious earned se	918.801 15.493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 63 \$753,284 rp. of c. 31— sales— istrative	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America expenses	contingene Capital stock par)	(\$10	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,36 40 1,783,36 84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 gs 1934 \$1,214,45 71,214 10,88 \$224,87 ×161,90
surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4,972,884 6,0f \$89,4,f \$753,286 77. of 4 c. 31— sales istrative  surplus prior yeal	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America expenses	Contingence Capital stock par). Total and \$94,838 and \$720,097 if (& Subs. 1936 \$1,628,944 1,076,602 \$552,342 161,931 \$C*33,340 \$75,482 \$15,111 \$C*,27,9,7 7,482 \$281,055 668,377 \$889,432	(\$10	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,39 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 gs— 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65  \$423,79 103,18 Cr21,71 71,28 10,88 \$224,87 **161,90 \$386,78
surance policies. sounds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec omm. & misc. rec nventories. repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c and, includ. land held for expansn Bldgs., mach. & equipment. Total	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4,972,884 6,0f \$89,4,f \$753,280 rp. of acceptation of	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 at America expenses cofits.	contingene Capital stock par)	les 40,0 (c (\$10) 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 \$4,972,8 in 1935 v.	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,35 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 4143, p. 4146  gs— \$1,214,45 790,65  \$423,79 103,18 C721,71 71,28 10,88 \$224,87 x161,90 \$386,78 \$386,78
surance policies. sounds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec omm. & misc. rec nventories. repaid expenses, advs., suppl.,&c and, includ. land held for expansn Bidgs., mach. & equipment.  Total.  **Ex After reserves or depreciation of Catalin Co Years Ended De Not sales. Cost of sales.  Gross profit on telling and admin other income ther expenses. Bonus to employe discellaneous adj ederal income furtax on undistr Net addition to revious earned s  Total  Surplus, end of carnings per sha capital stock  **X Includes capit  Surplus, end of carnings per sha capital stock  **X Includes capit	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4,972,884 5753,286 rp. of Ac. 31— salesistrative surplusibuted prior year prior year re on 53 al surplus	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America  expenses cofits 6,892 shs. s. c Consolida	contingene Capital stock par). Paid-in surpl Earned surpl	es.   40,0	84 \$4,610,49 84 \$4,610,49 84 \$4,610,49 85 790,65 8423,79 103,18 C721,71 71,28 10,88 86,78 \$386,78 \$386,78
surance policies. surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 6 of \$89,4; 5753,280 rp. of Ac. 31— salesistrative	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 at America expenses  6,892 shs s. consolidat 1935 \$181,748	contingene Capital stock par) — Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Earned surpl Earned surpl Earned surpl Capital Stock par) — Paid-in surpl Earned surpl Capital Stock par    Total — and \$94,838 and \$720,097 is   \$1936	1,200,0   1,200,0   1,200,0   1,200,0   1,200,0   1,309,3   1,309,3   1,309,3   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,309,3   1,308,4   1,30	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4144 gs  \$1,214,45 790,65  \$423,79 103,18 Cr21,71 71,28 10,88 \$224,87 ×161,90 \$386,78 \$0.4
surance policies. surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4 of \$89,4 \$753,286 rp. of ac. 31— sales istrative  ess ibuted pp surplus prior yean prior yean al surplu mparative 1936 1936 1936 1936 1937 1938	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 at America expenses cofits 6,892 shs 2 Consolida 1935 \$181,748 267,291 53,597	Contingenc	les 40,0 (c (\$10) 1,200,0 us 1,399,3 us 1,892,7 us 1,892,7 us 1,892,7 us 1,892,7 us 1,892,7 us 1,892,7 us 1,935, ws 1,484,893,963,947 us 1,484,893,9,110 us 1,484,	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,39 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 gs 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 Cr21,71 71,28 10,88 \$224,87 x161,90 \$386,78 \$0.4  \$1935 \$101,22 26 28,24
surance policies. surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned Customers' accts. & notes rec who have been described by a content of the content of t	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4 of \$89,4* \$753,285 rp. of ac. 31— sales istrative  es istrative prior year prior year prior year 1936 1936 1936 1937 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America expenses cofits 6,892 shs. s. c Consolida 1935 181,748 267,291	contingene Capital stock par)	1,200,0	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 98— 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 6721,71 71,28 10,38 \$35,28 \$161,90 \$386,78 \$0.4  \$1935 \$66,81 686,81 666,81 666,81
surance policies. Surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned. Customers' accts. & notes rec	918.801 15.493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4,972,884 4,9753,284 rp. of c. 31— sales— istrative  sales— istrative  re on 53 al surplus— prior yean prior yean 278,128 1936 \$100,244 228,128 278,128 397,094 3,222 343,727	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America  expenses  cofits  cofits  1935 \$181,748 267,291 53,597 109,727 341,204	contingene Capital stock par)	1,200,0	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 98— 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 6721,71 71,28 10,38 \$35,28 \$161,90 \$386,78 \$0.4  \$1935 \$66,81 66,81 76 608,81
surance policies. Surance policies. Sonds & tax war- rant owned	918,801 15,493 2,211,334 19,205 642,573 635,116 4,972,884 4 of \$89,4 \$753,284 rp. of ac. 31— salesistrative re on 53 al surplusiprior year prior year 1936 1936 1936 1937,094 278,127 41,514 128,956 397,094 3,222	111,850 502,707 24,483 1,554,131 19,052 642,928 620,199 \$4,610,491 35 in 1936 a: America  expenses  cofits  s. consolida 1935 \$181,748 267,291 53,597 109,727 341,204 3,149	contingene Capital stock par)	1,200,0	00 1,200,00 97 1,399,38 40 1,783,36  84 \$4,610,49 After reserv 143, p. 4146 98— 1934 \$1,214,45 790,65 \$423,79 103,18 6721,71 71,28 10,38 \$35,28 \$161,90 \$386,78 \$0.4  \$1935 \$66,81 66,81 76 608,81

Catelli Foo		The second second			
Years End. Nov Operating profit_ Rev. from investing Non-operating ext Res. for income tr Prof. on sale of other income	nent penses_ axes sec. &	elli Macar 1936 \$147,318 7,734  1,673	oni Products 1935 \$123,006 5,514 3,605	1934 \$74,409 3,599 Dr8,976 Dr4,700	1933 \$74,394
Total income_ Res. for depreciat Sal. of exec. directors' fees Legal fees Non-operating exp Res. for income ta	ctors	\$156,724 41,418 26,237 1,400 202 4,663 16,147	\$132,125 40,605 24,044 	\$67,649 40,681	\$74,394 84,297
Previous surplus_Adjustments Pref. dividends Common dividend Res. for inventorio	 S	\$66,657 55,555 Cr479 30,000 11,500 1,050	\$52,203 2,841 Cr2,922  2,411	\$26,968 def22,426 Cr414  2,115	def\$9,903 def8,774 3,749
Surplus, Nov. 30.		\$90,140	\$55,555 eet Nov. 30	\$2,841	def\$22,426
Assets— Cash	1936 \$9,518 50,000 140,757 273,285 80,551	1935 \$21,468 125,000 158,057 221,813 61,456 1,507,806 11,941 100,000	Labdittes Accounts pay Dividends pay Accrued liabili Res. for inc. t. Res. for gen. Special res. fo plants. 5% cum. red. (par \$15) Class A pref. c Common sto Earned surplu Distribution s	able \$63.34 rable 55 table 51 table 52 table 56	22 30 17 13,294 8 10,661 60 439,127 11 289,853 10
Total\$ b After reserves by 46,000 no par sl	of \$9,34 hares (30,	2 in 1936 000 in 193	and \$10,086 5).—V. 143, p	in 1935. c	6 \$2,207,543 Represented

Celotex Corp.—Files with SEC—Proposes to Issue \$4,-000,000 Debentures-

Celotex Corp.—Piles with SEU—Proposes to Issue \$4,-000,000 Debentures—

The corporation on Jan. 29 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-2831, Form A-1) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$4,000,000 of 10-year 4½% debentures due Feb. 1, 1947, with attached common stock purchase warrants, and 40,000 shares (no par) common stock to be reserved for issuance upon exercise of the warrants.

The stock purchase warrants will entitle the holder to purchase, at \$50 a share, one share of common stock for each \$100 of debentures. The warrants must be exercised not later than Feb. 1, 1947.

According to the registration statement, the net proceeds to be received by the company are to be applied as follows:

\$862,575 for the redemption at 105% of \$821,500 of 6½% first mortgage bonds due June 1, 1944:

\$1,962,705 for the redemption at 115% of \$1,706,700 of 6% of cumulative income debentures due June 1, 1954.

The balance of the proceeds will be used for additional working capital. The company makes no statement as to the allocation of the proceeds to be received from the sale of the common stock upon exercise of the warrants.

The debentures are redeemable in whole or in part at any time after 30 days' notice at the following prices plus accrued interest: If red. on or before Feb. 1, 1940, 103%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1941, 102½%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1943, 101½; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1943, 101½; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1944, 101%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1943, 101½; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1944, 101%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1945, 101½; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1946, 100½%, and thereafter at par.

Distributors Group, Inc., N. Y. City, is the underwirter, and, it is stated, the debentures are to be sold to the underwirter at a price equal to 96%, of their principal amount plus accrued interest.

The price at which the debentures are to be offered publicly is to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

nished by amendment to the registration statement.

Exchange Plan Withdrawn—

The corporation has announced the withdrawal of the exchange offer made last fall to holders of the company's outstanding 6½% 1st mtge, bonds and 6% debentures. Holders of the bonds and debentures who deposited their securities under the exchange plan have been notified by the company that they may withdraw them.

The new issue of \$4,000,000 4½% debentures carrying stock purchase warrants will be sold instead to provide funds to retire both the bonds and debentures. Proceeds of the sale of the new debenture issue will provide in excess of \$900,000 of working capital after retirement of the outstanding \$821,500 of 6½% 1st mtge, bonds and the \$1,706,700 of 6% debentures.

Income Account Years Ended Oct, 31 (Including Subsidiaries)

1936 b1935 b1934 b1933

a Net sales Cost of sales & expenses_	\$7,589,955 6,342,902	<b>b</b> 1935 \$5,660,749 4,844,677	<b>b</b> 1934 \$3,914,390 3,539,022	<b>b</b> 1933 \$2,936,200 2,947,099
Net operating profit_Other earnings	\$1,247,053 67,067	\$816,072 37,059		loss\$10,899 49,421
Gross earnings Depreciation Interest charges, &c., on	\$1,314,120 381,763	\$853,131 377,931	\$422,200 407,769	\$38,521 441,999
funded debt Other deductions Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes	162,230 4,694 29,419	164,223 89,920		171,006 89,639
c Adjust. of taxes prior years, &c		Cr158		
Net profit Cum. pref. dividend Earns, per sh. on 268,685	\$736,015 145,363	d\$221,215	loss\$192,689	loss\$664,122
shs. com. stk. (no par)	\$2.19	Nil	Nil	Nil

a After deducting freight allowances and discounts. b Receivers and corporation accounts consolidated of old Celotex Co. c Under corporate account. d No provision has been made for Federal income taxes as there are statutory deductions of the company in excess of the above profit

are statutory deductions of the compa		above p	rofit.
	Balance Sheet		
Assets— Oct. 31 '36 aNov. 1 '35	Liabilities— O	ct. 31 '36	aNor. 1 '35
Cash\$892,469 \$1,597,531	Accounts payable.	\$387,369	\$350,125
x Accts. receivable b1,367,374 1,026,583	Accr. trav. exps.,		
Inventories 1,183,577 834,225	wages, commis's,		
Miscell. assets 6,459 2,764	royalties, &c	226,769	51,173
Investments in—	Accr. int. on 1st		
Australian br'ch 1.199	mtge. bonds	22,249	22,248
So. Coast Corp. 1 1	Accr. gen. property	A	
Prepaid insurance 18,917 9,509	taxes	36,289	35,900
y Property, plant	Prov. for Fed. inc.		
& equipment 4,094,528 3,770,039	taxes	29,419	
Pats. & pat. rights 1 1	Divs. decl. on pref.		
Deferred charges 37,838	stock	145,363	
	Acer. int. on inc.		
	debentures	25,605	157,207
보는 그 사람이 다른 사람이라지 않는 사람이 없었다.	Funded debt		
	5% cum. pref. stk.	_,0_0,000	
[1] 시 (2) 전한 요즘. 급명 항공 전혀 말는 이번 경하여 요	(par \$100)	2.907.250	2.907.250
	z Common stock		
	Paid-in surplus	433,013	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Earned surplus		
the contract of the contract o		000,002	
Total\$7,601,163 \$7,241,856	Total\$	7,601,163	\$7,241,856

x After reserve for doubtful accounts and freight allowances of \$209,164 in 1936 and \$171,934 in 1935. y After reserve for depreciation of \$4,236,529 in 1936 and \$3,866,311 in 1935. z Represented by 268,685 no par shares, a After giving effect to acquisition of the assets of the Celotex Co. and

trustees and the issuance of securities in accordance with the plan and agreement for the reorganization of the Celotex Co. b Includes notes receivable.—V. 144, p. 607.

Central Illinois Light Co.—Earnings [A Subsidiary of Commonwealth & Southern Corp.]

101. Dec. 31— 1936—Month—1935 1936—12 M

102. mue. \$799.588 \$738,760 \$8.277,561

103. and taxes 437,760 365,116 4,453,444

104. for retire, res. 80,000 90,000 910,000

105. do ther fixed 1936—12 Mos \$8,277,561 4,453,444 910,000 Period End. Dec. 31-Gross revenue
Oper. exps. and taxes
Provision for retire, res.
Interest and other fixed

charges\_\_\_\_\_ Dividends on pref. stock 902,139 588,727 71,904 41,801  $62,472 \\ 57,751$ 786,950 693,013 \$168,121 \$163,419 \$1,423,248 \$1,406,327 Balance\_\_\_\_\_ V. 144, p. 100.

Central Illinois Public Service Co.—Accum. Pref. Divs.
The directors have declared dividends of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the no-par \$6 cum. pref. stock, and the 6% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, both payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 20. Similar payments were made on Dec. 22, Oct. 15, April 15 and Jan. 15, 1936, and on July 15, 1935. Dividends of 50 cents per share were paid on Dec. 24, 1934, and on Oct. 15, July 15 and May 15, 1933. Prior to this latter dividend, regular quarterly disbursements of \$1.50 per share were made on both issues.—V. 144, p. 274.

Central Investment Corp.

Years Ended Dec. 31— Total income	1936 \$913.940	1935 \$752,627
Property taxes	171,565	145,482
Other taxes (exclusive of Federal income tax)	4,916	3,961
InsuranceMiscellaneous	$13,433 \\ 19,641$	$23,370 \\ 24,700$
Interest	204.249	175,383
Federal normal income tax	a20,107	6,751
Depreciation and amortization	365,136	350,002
Net income	\$114.893	\$22,978

alNo provision has been made for Federal surtax on "undistributed not come," inasmuch as the amount paid by the company upon certain of soligations during the year ended Dec. 31, 1936, which is appears may baken as a credit in determining the amount of surtax payable, is in excess the company's "undistributed net income" for the year.

	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
	1936	1935		1936	1935
Assets—	\$	\$	Liabilities—	8	\$
Cash on hand and			Accts. payable	84,941	77,456
in banks	139,734	25,264	Accrued interest	43.079	45,659
Accts. receivable	51,019	46,504	Federal normal in-		E
Cash surrender val.			come tax	20,217	6,751
of life insurance			Lessee's advances.		5.687
policies	27,978	13,368	Lease commission.	10.000	5.000
a Fixed assets	9,778,436	10,078,174	Note payable	7.000	7.000
Deferred charges	210,935	220,795	Fixed liabilities	4.967,000	5.261,677
			Def. rental income	20.195	34,099
			Stated capital, 58,-		
			563 shares	5.775,300	5.775,300
			Cap.stk.assessm'ts	234.252	234,252
		Hen didi.	Deficit	953,882	1,068,774
Total	10,208,103	10,384,105	Total	10,208,103	10.384,105
a After reserve	for depr	eciation of	\$2,960,385 in 19		
in 1935.—V. 143,	p. 2830.			,oo and e	2,000,010

Years Ended Dec. 31— Income from int., divs.,	1936	1935	1934	1933
commissions, &c Expenses State franchise tax Federal capital stock tax	\$136,985 89,254 7,878 4,060	\$100,857 84,657 2,056 1,836	\$79,797 84,184 2,039 2,000	\$111,435 103,137 1,902 2,275
Remainder Net realized profits on se-	\$35,793	\$12,308	loss\$8,425	\$4,121
curity transactions	24,741	135,294	32,370	72,335
Net profit Previous balance	\$60,534 222,857	147,602 86,448	\$23,945 63,847	\$76,455 12,392
Total surplus	\$283,391	\$234,050	\$87,792	\$88,847
Provision for reserves	1,783 y32,351	×11,193	1,344	25,000
Surplus, Dec. 31	\$249,256	\$222,857	\$86,448	\$63,847

		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31	A A TO LINE	rail View
Assets—	1936	1935	*Liabilities—	1936	1935
Cash	\$131,066	\$593,218	Due for securities		
	2,128,961	1,582,655	pur.& accts.pay.	\$41,004	\$40,488
Treas. stk. class A			Res. for taxes, &c.	45,973	20,373
4,910 shs. (cost)	293,174		b Class A stock	1,000,000	1,000,000
Accts. & notes rec.	36,424		c Class B stock	137,500	137,500
Furn, and fixtures	3,717	5,046	Capital surplus	1,125,213	1.125.213
Accr'ls & def. debs.	5,603	6,012	Undivided profits.	249,256	222,857
Total\$	2,598,947	\$2,546,431	Total	\$2,598,947	\$2,546,431

Common stocks Book Value Capital Capital St. 527,455 60.8% Preferred stocks 268,084 10.7% Bonds 333,421 13.3% The aggregate market value of these securities as of Dec. 31, 1936, was \$3,439,435. If the appreciation of \$1,310,473 over book value were realized, the taxes thereon, at 1937 rates would amount to approximately \$332,000. b, Represented by 50,000 no par shares. c Represented by 55,000 no par shares. Trust—Annual December 11 includes in a contract of the stock of the contract of th

Direction of the reserve for the dividend payable Feb. 1, 1937, as compared to \$27.50 on 10cc. 31, 1936 was \$26.76 after deduction of the reserve for the dividend payable Feb. 1, 1937, as compared to \$27.50 on 10cc. 31, 1935, a decline of about 2.75%.

During the year participating and ordinary shares were sold to the amount of 209,090 each, and 2,055 shares of each were purchased and retired shares outstanding increased from 287,500 of each class on Dec. 31, 1935, to 1945,535 fon 10cc. 31, 1936.

A registration statement covering 400,000 additional participating shares was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and became effective Feb. 29, 1936. Of the shares covered by this registration statement there remained 261,727 unsold on Dec. 31, 1936.

Income Account for Calendar Years

Incom	re Account fo	r Calendar Ye	ars	2200
Cash dividends	1936 \$374,750	\$176,975	1934 \ \$93,710 99	1933 \$84,667 1,876
Total income Trustee's fees Operating expenses	\$374,750 1,050 29,915	\$176,975 280 14,643	\$93,809 200 7,016	\$86,544 200 6,176
Net income Reserve for dividends on participating shares	\$343,785 39,223	\$162,051 39,106	\$86,593 5,949	\$80,169 Dr2,157
Balance of undistributed income	552	828	723	
Total Divs. on partic. shares	\$383,560 381,739	\$201,985 201,433	\$93,264 92,436	\$78,012 78,171
Undistributed income.	\$1,821	₫ \$552	\$828	def\$159

Tor one year 195	6			\$	5,639,375
Total			hased and retired	\$1	4,891,788
verage paid-in v 1936	alue of s			during	47,428
Balance	200		hares at less than a	\$1	4.844.359
					4 4 7
paid-in value the	1935	dates of p	urcnase:		964,449
					6.693
Total foregoing		Carrier 1st.	ts:	<u>-</u>	5.815.501
alance loss from	sales of	investmen	ts:		.0,010,001
Balance Dec. 3	1, 1935_				2,720,855
			asis_a		2,355 Dr80,786
Balance				\$1	3.011.506
		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities—	1936	
Invest. at cost:			Accrued expenses.		
Casualty insur		\$233,488	Accrued taxes	c5,872	
	8,137,315 $1,062,042$	4,572,304 842,873	Accts, payable for Investments pur-	10 M	
N. Y. banks and	1,002,042	012,010	chased	39,777	Arti eralitu
trust cos	2,136,387	1,338,104	Reserve for div. on		
ther banks and			partic. shares	173,087	129,375
trust cos	667,366		a Shares outstand_1:	3,011,506	7,496,006
ash	366,436	243,652	Undistributed in-		44 1
ccrued divs. rec.	110,199	60,355	come	1,820	552
		41 700			
ccts. rec. for sales of shares		41,790	7 24 Y 27 T 27 T		

(287,500 in 1935), ordinary, without par value. b Market value \$13,-017,649 in 1936 and \$7,776,938 in 1935. c Estimated Federal income taxes which would be payable if investments owned were sold at Dec. 31, 1936 quoted bid prices amount to \$38,000.—V. 144, p. 447.

Chain Store Investment Corp.—Earnings

Period— Dividends income Managers' commission Interest Taxes Miscellaneous expense	Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, '36 x\$12,172 636 151 357 164	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, '36 x\$24,305 2,122 522 367 1,027		.1 to 31, '35 \$3,790 414 194 357 131	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, '35 \$12,830 1,423 634 367 949
Net inc. to curr. surn	\$10.864	\$20.266	1	\$2 604	\$0.456

x Includes \$187 for the period Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1936 and \$681 for the period Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1936.

Note—Dividends totaling \$50,485 or \$23 per share were paid in 1936 from profits on securities, clearing up all accumulations.

field of the contract		saiance Sn	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilites—	1936	1935
Cash	\$6,621	\$1,897	Unclaimed divs		\$291
x Investments (at	074 000	000 500	Accounts payable.		28,217
cost)	354,969	302,592		\$50,000	
Treasury stock		2,508	Reserve for taxes	16,493	5,999
Accrued int. rec	75		Preferred stock	98,775	101,025
Prepaid interest	64		Common stock	10,000	10,000
			Capital surplus	537,453	540,027
			Deficit from secur-		
			ity transactions_	369,987	386,581
		<u> </u>	Current surplus	18,994	8,020
Total	\$361,729	\$306,998		\$361,729	\$306,998
x Investments	carried on	books at	cost at which origi	nally purc	hased by
predecessor corpo	ration or t	his corpor	ationV. 143, p.	3142.	1.3
	-	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	The state of the s	The Appropriate Value of the Party of the Pa	ACCRETATION OF THE PARTY OF THE

Chesapeake Corp.—Changes in Collateral—

The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, as trustee for the Chesapeake Corp. 20-year 5% conv. coll. trust bonds due May 15, 1947, has notified the New York Stock Exchange that during the period from Jan. 21, 1937, to and including Jan. 27, 1937, bonds of said issue aggregating \$24,000 principal amount were converted, canceled and retired in accordance with the terms of the indenture dated May 15, 1927, and as a result thereof 546 shares of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. common stock were withdrawn from the collateral pledged with it as trustee under said indenture. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, as trustee for the Chesapeake Corp. 10-year 5% conv. coll. trust bonds due Dec. 1, 1944, has notified the New York Stock Exchange that during the period from Jan. 21, 1937, to and including Jan. 27, 1937, bonds of said issue aggregating \$140,000 principal amount were converted, canceled and retired in accordance with the terms of the indenture dated Dec. 1, 1934, and as a result thereof 2,800 shares of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. common stock were withdrawn from the collateral pledged with it as trustee under said indenture.—V. 144, p. 767.

Chesapeake-Camp Corp.—Pref. Stock Offered—Mason—

Chesapeake-Camp Corp.—Pref. Stock Offered—Mason-Hagan, Inc., Richmond, Va., and Investment Corp. of Norfolk in January last offered \$400,000 5% eum. pref. stock at 100. Stock offered to residents of Virginia only.

Norfolk in January last offered \$400,000 5% cum. pref. stock at 100. Stock offered to residents of Virginia only.

Not subject to five mills tax of Virginia; exempt from Virginia income tax. Guaranteed by Camp Manufacturing Co. Dividends payable Q.-J. Callable for red. in whole or in part by corporation and subject to purchase by guarantor on any div. date, after not less than 30 days notice at 105 plus divs. hereafter. In the event of default in payment by corporation and by guarantor of eight quarterly dividends on this stock, and during the continuance of such default, the holder thereof will be entitled to one vote for each share, but otherwise the holder thereof is not entitled to any vote thereon.

Corporation has been organized to construct and operate a plant near Franklin, Va., at an estimated cost of approximately \$3,000,000 to manufacture sulphate pulp and kraft board. Corporation has been organized by Albemarle Paper Manufacturing Co., Camp Manufacturing Co., and Chesapeake Corp., well known, old and established Vifginia corporations. All of the stocklof the corporation, to be presently issued, both preferred and common, has been subscribed, to be paid for in cash at par, by Camp Manufacturing Co. to the extent of 371/8% thereof, and by Albemarle Paper Manufacturing Co. to the extent of 121/8% thereof, and the paid in free surplus is to be contributed in cash by the same three corporations in like proportion. It is contemplated that each of the three above named corporations may sell, with its guarantee of the payment of dividends thereon and the liquidation thereof at par, a part or all of the preferred stock of Chesapeake-Camp Corp. subscribed for by it. Camp Manufacturing Co. now proposes to sell \$400,000 tpar value of the \$\$25,000 par value subscribed for by it of this preferred stock.

On the prefered stock.

On the prefered stock.

On the prefered stock. Proposed to be sold by Camp Manufacturing Co. that (company will unconditionally guarantee to the holder or holders thereof, whether declared

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 153,153 shares of preference stock, series A (par \$100), which shares, and (or) scrip certificates/exchangeable for such shares, have been issued as a stock dividend to the holders of its common stock and are new outstanding.

Purpose of Issue—The 153,153 shares of preference stock, series A and (or) scrip certificates, exchangeable for such shares, have been issued as an

extra dividend at the rate of \$2 per share, predicated on the surplus and earnings of the company, on the outstanding (\$25 par) common stock (\$8 per share on its outstanding (\$100 par) common stock), payable Jan, 11 to holders of record Dec. 15.

Condensed General Balance Sheet

Nov. 30,'36	Dec. 31,'35	Nov. 30,'36	Dec. 31,'35
Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities— \$	\$
Invest in road &	4 1 No.	1st pref. stock 3,000	3.000
equipment:		2nd pref. stock 200	200
Road365,232,173	363,996,738	61/2 % cum.conv.	
Equipment179,095,496	179,059,093		
Invs. in leased		Common stock 191,430,341	191,348,041
prop., miscel.	and the state of	Prem. on com.	
phy. prop., &c 6,379,863	6,106,417	stock 2,301,093	2,301,093
Invests. in affil.		Long-term debt239,602,000	228,835,000
companies 130,429,129			
Other investm'ts 1,271,290			5,047,574
Cash 24,972,888	8,205,540		
Special deposits 19,321,615	19,068,337	unpaid 2,342	5,363,150
Material & supp. 3,916,997	3,907,804	Other curr. liabs 20,524,525	4,572,019
Other 7,268,328	7,117,503	Deferr. liabil 1,566,322	2,632,399
Deferred assets. 6,265,884	6,336,115		
Unadj. debits 18,195,075	2,546,441	Accrued deprec. 72,808,513	67,349,491
		Other unadj.	
		credits 4,508,033	3,785,968
		Adds. to prop.	
		through inc. &	
	5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	surplus 26,060,141	26.043.834
	sandak ca	Funded debt ret.	
September 19 10 to		through inc. &	
		surplus 1,630,092	1,275,742
		Sink. fund. res. 500,688	872,328
		Profit and loss182,197,986	
Total762,348,742	726,011,227	Total762,348,742	726,011,227

Seeks Authority to Take Direct Control of Erie and Nickel Plate Seeks Authority to Take Direct Control of Erie and Nickel Plate
The Interstate Commerce Commission was asked, Feb. 4, by the company for permission to exercise an option to acquire control of the New
York Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate) RR. and the Erie RR. If granted,
9,076 miles of track would be brought under control of the C. & O., which
also owns control of the Pere Marquette Ry.
The C. & O. desires to exercise an option granted by the Alleghany
Corp. to acquire 49.58% of the Nickel Plate stock and also 10% of the total
capital stock of the Erie. Its subsidiary, the Virginia Transportation Co.,
owns 7.4% of the Nickel Plate and 45.67% of the Erie stock.
Permission was sought by the C. & O. to unify the affiliated system
under the ICC's modified plan for consolidation, offered in 1932. By
acquisition of the stock under option, the C. & O. said, it will have brought
under unified control 70.6% of the 12,852 miles embraced in System No. 6,
as proposed by the ICC. The transaction also will simplify the corporate
structure, the application said, and reduce administrative expenses.

By terms of the option granted by the Alleghany Corp., the C. & O.
has the right to acquire 167,300 shares of Nickel Plate and 215,000 shares of
Erie common stock at the aggregate price of \$5,065,475, exclusive of
interest, which is equivalent to \$13.25 a share for the stocks of both companies.

Cash payments on account of such option, the application said, have

Erie common stock at the aggregate price of \$5,065,475, exclusive of interest, which is equivalent to \$13.25 a share for the stocks of both companies.

Cash payments on account of such option, the application said, have been made in the aggregate amount of \$4,515,475, together with interest amounting to \$405,685 to Oct. 31, 1936, which leaves a balance of \$550,000 which it proposes to pay to the two railroads in cash.

After the transaction is completed, the O. & O. said it would have the following ownership of stocks in the two companies:

Nickel Plate common, 192,400 shares, or 57,02% of its common stock, acquired at a total cost of \$4,286,610, or an average of \$22.28 a share.

Erie common, 984,800 shares, or 65.15%, acquired for \$35,116,665, or an average of \$35,659 a share.

Erie first preferred, 151,504 shares, or 31.61%, acquired for \$7,028,914, or \$46.42 a share.

Erie second preferred, 60,195 shares, or 37.96%, acquired for \$2,679,715, an average of \$44.51 a share.—V.144, p. 767.

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.—Changes Equipment Financing Plans—To Issue Notes as Substitute for Equipment Trusts-

Equipment Trusts—

Ralph Budd, President announced, Feb. 3, that the company had withdrawn its application to sell \$7,080,000 in equipment trust certificates and that the financing plan would take the form of one to 10-year serial notes, secured by Burlington general mortgage bonds now in the company's treasury. A formal statement by Mr. Budd said:

"The company announces that in connection with its recent offering of equipment trust certificates some question has arisen regarding the title to approximately \$618,000 of material which was purchased prior to the establishment of the proposed trust with funds advanced by the railroad company. Counsel for the railroad believes that the title to this equipment is clear, but the company, desirous of avoiding any question in the minds of future holders, has decided to adopt a different method of financing the acquisition of this equipment, which will be announced in the near future."

Mr. Budd said that application would be made for authority to issue on to 10-year serial notes. These notes will be issued instead of the trust certificates. Mr. Budd said that the road hoped to sell the entire note issue to a single purchaser.—V. 144, p. 767.

Chicago City & Connecting Rys. Collateral Trust 1933 \$114 1936 None 1935 None 1934

\$2.825

	And the second second second second		the state of the s	
Gross income Bond interest General expenses Taxes	\$1,030,800 23,355 20,616	\$1,030,800 23,952 20,616	\$2,825 1,030,800 30,306 20,616	\$114 1,030,800 26,426 20,616
Loss Deficit Jan. 1	\$1,074,771 11,440,664	\$1,075,368 10,365,296	\$1,078,897 9,286,400	\$1,077,728 8,208,672
Deficit Dec. 31Statement of		\$11,440,664 ets and Liabil		\$9,286,400
Assets— \$ 1936 Cash \$ 3,44 Other investments 129,80 Excess curr. liabil. over curr. assets10,692,97	\$ \$3,650 00 129,800	Labilities—Accord.int. pa Accounts pay Bills payable Reserves	yable10,353,673 yable_ 45,37	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 31,062 \\ 0 & 221,000 \end{array}$
Total10,826,22 —V. 142, p. 947.				9,751,657
Chicago & Illino	us Midlar	nd Kv.—E	arnings-	

Chicago & Illinois Midland Ry.—Earni	nas-
--------------------------------------	------

	100			
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$417.302	\$272.027	\$266,706	\$286,583
Net from railway	146.885	73.187	85.873	118,169
Net after rents	105,630	56,903	81,085	124,290
Gross from railway	3,805,484	3.248.304	2.974.212	3,026,349
Net from railway	1.454.980	925,029	851,601	1.096.678
Net after rents	1.168,008	820,030	804,488	1,003,023
-V. 144. p. 100.				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Chicago Rys.—Interest—
Interest of 21/2% was paid on Feb. 1, 1937, on the first mortgage 5% gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1927, (stamped as to 25% partial redemption) upon presentation of bonds for endorsement of payment.—V. 143, p. 749.

Chicago Milwaukee St. Paul & Pacific RR.—Proposes \$2,655,000 Equipment Issue—

The trustees have applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to issue and sell \$2,655,000 of 34% equipment trust certificates in connection with the construction of new equipment at a total estimated cost of \$3,558,000.

The proposed certificates would be dated March 1, 1937 and mature in 15 annual instalments of \$177,000 each on March 1 between 1938 and 1952,

inclusive. Bids are being requested from principal investment firms.—V. 144, p. 767.

Chicago Railway Equipment Co.—Accumulated Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 43% cents per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cum. pref. stock, par \$25, payable April 1, to holders of record March 23. A dividend of \$3.06 was paid on Dec. 19, last, one of 87% cents was paid on Oct. 1, last, and one of 43% cents per share was paid on July 1, last, this latter being the first dividend paid on the stock since Oct. 1, 1932 when 21% cents per share was distributed. A similar distribution was made on July 1, 1932, and prior thereto regular quarterly payments of 43% cents per share were made.—V. 144, p. 101.

#### Chicago Rock Island & Gulf Ry .- Earnings-

December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$400.886	\$332,966	\$282,163	\$299,255
Net from railway	151,490	81.315	43.257	78,034
Net after rents	71,980	213	def26,312	def13,811
Gross from railway	4.398.562	3.909.815	3.633.188	3.416.409
Net from railway	1,245,998	1.053.258	840.630	860,314
Net after rents	343,244	84,360	def48,845	def291,715
-V. 144, p. 101.				

Chicago Union Station Co.—Bonds Called—
A total of \$312,000 4% guaranteed bonds, due April 1,1944 have been called for redemption on April 1 at par and interest. Payment will be made at the Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago and at the New York office of the Pennsylvania RR.—V. 144, p. 101.

## Cincinnati & Suburban Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings

 

 Years End. Dec. 31—
 1936
 1935
 1934
 1933

 Net profit after int., deprec.. Fed. income taxes, &c.
 \$2,282,390
 \$2,005,495
 \$2,017,132
 \$2,230,296

 Earns, per sh. on 549,768 shs, cap. stk. (par \$50)
 \$4.15
 \$3.65
 \$3.67
 \$4.06

 Note—As dividends paid exceeded earnings no surtax on undistributed profits was incurred.—V. 143, p. 2518.

Cities Service Co.—H. L. Doherty Proposes Settlement—
Henry L. Doherty has proposed an offer of settlement of the \$20,000.000 stockholders' action brought against him and other directors of Cities Service Co. in Federal Court. The offer was revealed when a motion for adjournment of the suit was made before Federal Judge John W. Clancy on Feb. 2. The adjournment is needed in order to submit the offer to a stockholders meeting of the Cities Service Co. Judge Clancy reserved decision on the motion. The terms of the proposed offer were contained in a letter written by Mr. Doherty to his counsel, Joseph M. Proskauer. Mr. Doherty offers \$1,250,000 in cash or at his option not less than 250,000 shares of common stock of the company. This will be turned over to the Cities Service Co. in full compromise and satisfaction for all claims against him, his company or any former or present officer or director.

The offer of settlement would be submitted to the next annual meeting of stockholders, which will be held April 27 at Dover, Del., or at a special meeting of stockholders which may be called for the purpose.—V. 143, p. 3143. Cities Service Co.-H. L. Doherty Proposes Settlement-

#### Clinchfield RR.-Earnings-

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	1936 \$657,476 343,209 158,960	1935 \$510,388 286,226 268,581	1934 \$411,176 183,949 155,618	1933 \$397,983 179,598 174,914
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents —V. 144, p. 101.	6,324,863 2,824,331 2,525,571	5,314,957 2,227,789 2,047,003	5,204,649 2,205,823 2,043,294	4,842,426 2,161,744 1,894,874

Collins & Aikman Corp.—\$1 Extra Dividend—
The directors on Jan. 29 declared an extra dividend of \$1 per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on teommon stock, no par value, both payable Feb. 19 to holders of record Feb. 9. Similar payments were made on Dec. 1 and on Sept. 1, last.

To Recapitalize—
A proposed plan of recapitalization dated Nov. 5, 1936 (see V. 143, p. 3310) will be considered at a special meeting of stockholders called to be held on Feb. 26, 1937. It provides for the issuance of certificates of 5% convertible preferred stock of \$100 par value, (convertible into 1 2-3rds shares of common stock), in exchange for an equal number of shares of 7% preferred stock of \$100 par value.—V. 143, p. 4148.

Colonial Finance Co. (Ohio)—Stock Offered—Public offering of 60,000 common shares (par \$1) of the company was made Jan. 21 by prospectus by Hayden, Miller & Co.; Lowry Sweney, Inc.; Otis & Co.; Merrill, Turben & Co.; First Cleveland Corp.; Maynard H. Murch & Co., and Curtiss, House & Co., at \$20 per share.

Curtiss, House & Co., at \$20 per share.

Company and subsidiaries operate offices in 32 cities and towns in Ohio, Michigan, West Virginia. Missouri, Indiana and District of Columbia. Its principal business is purchasing instalment notes arising from retail sales of automobiles and financing wholesale purchases of automobiles by dealers. Loans made or acquired in the first 10 months of 1936 totaled \$25,352,455, comparing with \$26,112,333 for the entire year 1935. Net profits have been reported for each of the last four years, being \$243,412 for 1933, \$292,784 for 1934, \$376,252 for 1935 and \$469,581 for the first 10 months of 1936. Capitalization includes \$28,000 authorized shares of 5/% preferred stock (\$1 par) of which 22,061 shares are outstanding, and 250,000 shares of common stock (\$1 par) of which 145,572½ shares are outstanding.

Balance sheet of the company and subsidiaries as of Oct. 31, 1936. shows total assets of \$12,332,616, of which \$11,691,168 were current, comparing with current liabilities of \$7,821,060. Capital stock and surplus was \$3,704,970.

The present offering is part of a financial program in connection with which the company recently created the 5½% preferred issue and the present common shares of \$1 par value, replacing its previous capital structure. Net proceeds of the issue are to be used to increase working capital and for other general corporate purposes.

Underwriters

# Underwriters Underwriters Hayden, Miller & Co., Cleveland 18,000 shs. Otis & Co. Cleveland 12,000 shs. Merrill, Turben & Co., Cleveland 16,000 shs. The First Cleveland Corp., Cleveland 6,000 shs. Maynard H. Murch & Co., Cleveland 6,000,shs. Curtiss, House & Co., Cleveland 3,000 shs. Lowry Sweney, Inc., Columbus 3,000 shs. —V. 144, p. 447.

## Colorado & Southern Ry.—Earnings-

December—	1936	1005	1004	1000
		1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$672,866	\$586.163	\$453,273	\$526,742
Net from railway	190,270	169,665	77.343	115,162
Net after rents	90.932			
	90,934	101,660	def972	12,783
From Jan. 1—	25.			
Gross from railway	7.397.916	6.257.965	5.618.296	5,485,205
Net from railway	1.673.617	1.224.784	1.026.414	1.162.105
Net after rents	598,589	349,353	144.619	255.823
-V 144 p 101				

Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.—Natural Gas Lines Exchanged in Deal—Company and Standard Oil of N. J. End Mutual Ownership of Facilities in East—

The Columbia Gas & Electric Corp. and the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey have terminated their common ownership of important natural-gas transmission properities in the Eastern part of this country by taking over the respective minority interests owned by the other party and by making a cash adjustment of an undisclosed amount.

By this arrangement Columbia Gas becomes the sole owner of the natural-gas system extending from Southern West Virginia through Virginia and Maryland into Southeastern Pennsylvania and of the lines running from near Olean, N. Y., across Southern-Central New York State and into Northern New Jersey.

"The Standard Oll at the same time has increased its interest in the natural-gas system running from North-Central Pennsylvania to Syracuse, N. Y. Hearings are to be held before the P. S. Commission of New York with respect to the changes in ownership of properties within N. Y. State, Formerly ownership of the properties was shared on a 70-30 basis, the partnership arrangement having been developed several years ago when it was considered necessary for the natural-gas producing facilities of the two corporations to be grouped in order to provide adequate supplies for the new markets intended to be reached by the transmission lines.

"The Benedum-Trees interests of Pittsburgh are minority holders in the Pennsylvania-New York properties in which Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey has now become the dominant interest.

"As an additional part of the exchanges Columbia Gas will give up to Standard Oil an interest in the Reserve Gas Co., in West Virginia, in which Standard Sholdings have been listed at 50%. Columbia Gas will continue. "Control of the West Virginia-Pennsylvania pipe lines is held through the Atlantic Seaboard Corp., which has separate subsidiaries qualified to do business in each of the States traversed or served. The New York-New York with Standard Oil of New York ines are controlled through the Lycoming United Gas Corp., in which Standard Oil of New York ines are controlled through the Lycoming United Gas Corp., in which Standard Oil of New Jersey lines are controlled through the Lycoming United Gas Corp., in which Standard Oil of New Jersey is interest prior to the deal was 51.7%. (New York "Times")—V. 143, p. 3311.

Columbian Carbon Co.—50-Cent Special Dividend—
The directors have declared a special dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$1 per share on the common (v. t. c.) stock, no par value, both payable March 10 to holders of record Feb. 15. A special dividend of \$1.25 was paid on Dec. 10, last; one of 50 cents was paid on June 1 last; 40 cents on Dec. 2, 1935; one of 20 cents was paid on Dec. 24, 1934, and a special distribution of 25 cents per share was made on March 1, 1934.—V. 143, p. 3311.

Columbus & Greenville Ry. -Earnings 875,249 832,848 26,805 1113,050 def3,410 92,142

Consolidated Cigar Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings-| Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—3 Mos.—1935 1936—12 Mos.—1935 | Not profit after deprec. | x\$369.485 \$249.722 | x\$813.038 \$552.142 | Earn. per sh. on common \$0.80 \$0.80 \$0.30 \$0.54 | Nil wax'After deducting Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 143, p. 3143.

Rarn, per sn. on common \$0.80 \$0.30 \$0.54 Nil \$\times\_x^1 After deducting a Federal surtax on undistributed profits,—V. 143, p. 3143.

Commercial Investment Trust Corp.—Annual Report—Henry Ittleson, a Fresident states in part:

Earnings—Consolidated net earnings amount to \$19.983,695. Adding \$1.197,325 representing undistributed earnings of National Surety Corp. makes a total of \$21,181,020 compared with \$15,867,591 in 1935.

4After dividends on the preference stock, there remained net earnings applicable to the common stock finishe amount of \$20,083,159, equivalent to \$6.07 per share on \$2,307,422 shares outstanding in the hands of the public at Dec. 31,1936. This compares with \$14,749,039, equivalent to \$6.25 per share four \$2.357,274 shares outstanding in the hands of the public at Dec. 31, 1935. The common stock outstanding was increased 471,430 shares by the distribution of 20% stock dividend on May 28, 1936 and was further increased 436,864 full shares by conversion of preference stocks, principally, during the second shalf of the year. Dividends in the aggregate amount of \$687,515 were paid during the year on preference stocks which were converted for retired during the year and this sum is therefore not a recurring charges alead of the common stock.

Total net earnings of National Surety Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary company whose seacounts are not consolidated with the accounts of corporation because of the different character of the business, amounted to \$1,597,325 (exclusive of capital gains). Of these earnings, the sum of \$400.000 was;paid;assa'dividend to Commercial Investment Trust Corp. and is included inthe consolidated net earnings.

(1) On July 144, an issue of \$35,000.000 15-year 3½% debentures was publicly offered by funderwriters at 101½ and interest. The entire issue was sold for the underwriters at 99½ and interest from July 1, 1936.

(2) On July 31, all outstanding convertible preference stock, optional series/of 1929, amounting to 140,461 shares, which was issued in 1929, was called

1946, was sold directly to six life insurance companies at 101½ and accrued interest, the price being equivalent to a yield of 2.825% to maturity. Corporation realized net proceeds of 101, less incidental expenses of the issue.

By conversion in the amount of 153,448 shares, the outstanding convertible preference stock, \$4.25 series of 1935, was reduced during the year from 250,000 shares with a stated value of \$25,000,000 to 96,552 shares with a stated value of \$9,655,200. These shares were converted into a total of 230,152 shares of common stock (including scrip for fractional shares).

A total of 291,415 shares of preference stocks (of both classes), with a stated value of \$29,141,500, having been converted into 437,102½ shares of common stock with a stated value of \$8 per share, or an aggregate stated value of \$3,496,820, the difference of \$25,644,680 represents capital originally festablished with respect to preference shares which have been converted into accommon shares. In order to maintain such capital intact, directors voted on Dec. 29 to apply \$24,468,304 of the foregoing sum to increase the stated value of all of the shares of common stock outstanding from \$8 to \$15 per share, leaving the balance of \$1,176,376 as a separate capital tem in the financial statement under the designation "capital arising out of conversion of preference shares into common shares." This amount plus any additions thereto arising out of future conversions of the \$96,552 shares of convertible preference stock, \$4.25 series of 1935, still outstanding at Dec. 31, 1936, willighe heldas permanent capital, with the expectation that it will ultimately be used to increase still further the stated/value/of the common stock.

Treasury Stock—The treasury stock consists of 187,842 shares of common stock outstanding. Directors have recommended action at the annual meeting on March 9, 1937, for the cancellation and retirement of 120,000 of these shares.

Directors have/also recommended action at a special stockholders' meeting also to be

technical financial position. Capital applicable to the common stock exceeds \$100,000,000.

Consona	ated Income	Account for C	alendar Year.	8
	1936	1935	1934	d1933
a Volume of business 1. Net service and comm. Operating expenses Int. on curr. indebt	46,579,422 14,979,683	965.724,853 37,108,141 11,914,763 1,618,785	779,749,248 28,838,441 10,232,663 1,509,150	475,884,330 18,383,361 7,726,333 534,082
Operating profit		23,574,593	17,098,628	10,122,946
Div. rec. from National Surety Corp————————————————————————————————————	400,000			
previous years out of income to carry mar- ket'le secs. below cost Miscell; income	485,594	175,903	88,476	145,329
Total income Interest on debs	30,573,015 1,326,500	23,750,496 1,015,355	17,185,104 1,015,355	10,268,275
Fed.inc.& cap. stk.taxes	h 5,319,350			1,276,600
Surtax on undistributed profits	315,241			
Prov. to write-down in vest, in affil. co			400,000	
Net income applicable to minority interest	3,628,228	2,817,369	1,693,135	500,315
Charges against current earnings		e412,208		
Net profit	19,983,694	15,867,591	11,643,135	7,474,394
7% pref. dividends				63,827 69,989
b Serial pref. stock divs.	264,385			851,582
\$4.25 series of 1935 divs.				3,770,736
Earned surplus Total surplus Earns, per share on com.	. 51,744,661	51,618,404		2,718,260 45,693,861 c\$3.42

\$21,910,427 19,983,694 Total
Dividends on serial preference stock:
Optional series of 1929 (to retirement date, Oct. 1, 1936):
In cash
In common stock, charges at \$8 per share.
\$4.25 series of 1935, in cash.
Deduct cash dividends on common stock in hands of public.
Premium & expenses paid on redemption of 5½% debentures.
Discount & expenses paid on \$25 debentures.
Less premium received net of expenses on 3% debentures. ---\$41,894,121 235,921 28,463 833,476 14,890,622 1,856,855 310,651 Cr289,398 Total earned surplus, Dec. 31, 1936\_\_\_\_\_ --\$24.027.531 \$27,879,297 26,002 133,166 Total paid-in surplus, Dec. 31, 1936\_\_\_\_\_ ---\$27,720,129 Total surplus, Dec. 31, 1936..... \$51,747,660

x Amounting to \$5.71 per share on common stock. Adding \$.36 per share undistributed net earnings of National Surety Corp. for the year makes total of \$6.07 per share on common stock outstanding in the hands of the public on Dec. 31, 1936.

The annual dividend requirements on the preference stock outstanding Dec. 31, 1936 amount to \$410,346, as compared with preference dividends deducted above of \$1.097,861.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	Cons	omaatea Data	nce sheet Dec. 31		
	e1936	1935	1	e1936	1935
Assets—	\$		Liabilities-	\$	\$
Cash	48,643,651	36,319,977	Serial pref. stk.		b14,046,100
Notes & Accts.			b\$4.25 pref. stk.	9,655,200	25,000,000
receivable	397,657,763	256,498,263	Common stock		a18,858,192
Repossessed cars			Com. stk. scrip.	3.118	1.979
& other prod.	343,514	259,261	Credit bal. due		
Market. securs.	1,620,223	1,880,598	manufacturers	14.865.244	10.331.683
Miscell. accts.			Min.int.ofothers		
·receivable	763,504	531,610			
Capital stock of			subsidiaries	3.652.349	3,232,921
Nat. Surety			Divs. payable		2,809,898
Corp.	11,531,000		51/2 % conv. debs	0,200,020	18,461,000
Invest. in affil.			3% debentures.	33 000 000	
Co	400,001	400 001	31/2 % debens		
Miscell. invest.			Notes payable_2		
Funr. & fixtures		7	Accts. payable.		
		910,171			
Deferred charges	1,231,228	810,111			0,000,012
			Int. accrued on		400 001
			debentures	165,000	
			Deferred income	24,702,033	14,100,336
			Res. for loss and		4 ##0 400
			_ contingencies_		
			Earned surplus_	24,027,531	25,689,743
			d Capital		
	2 - 12 - 1		Paid-in surplus_	27,720,129	25,928,661
Total	462,540,028	297,183,890	Total	462,540,028	297,183,890

a Represented by 2,357,274 shs. of no par value (after deducting 182,518 shs. in treasury) at stated value of \$8 per share. b Represented by no par shares at the stated value of \$100 each. c Represented by 307,422 no par shares (after deducting 187,842 shares in treasury) at stated value of \$15 per share. d Arising out of conversion of preference shares into comming shares. e Financial statements of National Surety Corp., are not

To Retire Treasury Stock and Eliminate Reference to 61/2%

Preferred—
Holders of common stock are being notified that the annual meeting of stockholders will be held on March 9, for the following purposes: (a) to

elect directors; (b) to reduce the capital stocklby \$1,800,000 by the retirement of 120,000 shares of common stock (no par) now held in the treasury; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Holders of common stock and the holders of convertible preference stock, \$4.25 series of 1935 are being notified that a special meeting will be held on March 9 for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposal, declared advisable by the board of directors, to amend the certificate of incorporation by eliminating from the authorized capital stock the 225,000 shares of presently authorized but unissued 6½% first pref. stock (par \$100) in connection therewith, removing from Article fourth of the certificate of incorporation various references to first preferred stock therein contained, and substituting for the first five paragraphs of article fourth the following:

"The total number of shares that may be issued by the corporation is 4,500,000, all of which are to be without par value.

"Said 4,500,000 shares shall consist of 500,000 shares of serial preference stock and 4,000,000 shares of common stock."—V. 144, p. 768.

Commonwealth Edison Co.—Registration Is Filed for dditional Stock—To Further Program of Simplifying Fin-Additional ancial Structure-

Additional Stock—To Further Program of Simplifying Financial Structure—

The Commonwealth Edison Co. and Commonwealth Subsidiary Corp. on Feb. 4 filed applications with the Securities and Exchange Commission in Washington, for approval of its plans for the issuance of additional shares of stock and the acquisition through exchange of stock, of complete stock ownership of Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois, Western United Gas & Electric Co. and Illinois Northern Utilities Co. This action follows approval of the plans by Edison stockholders of Jan. 23.

The applications set forth upper and lower limits of the proposed ratios of exchange of Commonwealth Edison's shares of \$25 par value for preferred stocks of Public Service Co. of Northern Ill., for preferred stocks of Western United Gas & Electric Co. and for preferred stocks of Western United Gas & Electric Co. and for preferred stocks of Western United Gas & Electric Co. and for preferred stocks of Western United Gas & Electric Co. of Northern Ill., preferred stocks of Western United Gas & Electric Co. of Northern Illinois will be offered not less than three, and not more than 44-10ths shares of Edison \$25 par value shares. The exact number of Edison \$25 shares to be offered for the 6% and 7% preferred shares of Public Service Co. of No. Ill., respectively, will be determined later, and may not be the same.

The lower and upper limits to govern exchanges in the case of both 6% and 6½ % preferred shares of Western United Gas & Electric Co. of \$100 par value are similarly 2 6-10ths and 3 9-10ths shares of Edison \$25 par value shares. Likewise, the exact exchanges will be determined later and may not be the same for both classes of stock.

Holders of both 6% preferred shares (par \$100) and junior preferred shares (no par) (stated value, \$100 per share) of Illinois Northern Utilities Co. will be offered not less than 2 8-10ths shares, and not more than four shares of Edison \$25 par value shares; in the same manner, the exact exchange will be determined later,

Commonwealth Investment Co.—Net Assets—
The company reports net assets, on the basis of Dec. 31, 1936 market values, totaling \$2,294,200, equivalent to \$5.74 per share on the 400,000 shares of stock outstanding at the year end. This compares with net assets of \$4.50 per share on the 142,000 shares outstanding on Dec. 31, 1935. Including dividends paid during the year, the resultant gain in net assets value was equivalent to 42.6%.

Net income for the year 1936, after provision for Federal taxes, was \$233,311. Net gain realized from the sale of marketable securities was \$187,897, while income from dividends and interest amounted to \$62,059. The company declared dividends in the amount of \$232,000 during 1936. Regular quarterly dividends at the rate of 4 cents per share were paid in addition to a special dividend of 52 cents a share paid on Dec. 24, 1936. The payment of the special dividend enabled the company to obtain the benefits which the Federal Revenue Act of 1936 affords mutual investment companies.—V. 143, p. 3994.

Consolidated Dry Goods Co.—Harnings—

Calendar Years- Operating gain for Depreciation		1936 \$105,476 51,475	1935 \$48,314 49,069	1934 \$11,305 51,662	1933 \$27,974 51,913
Net loss Previous surplus_ Fed. & State tax		prof\$54,001 1,362,566	\$755 1,399,478	\$40,357 1,473,443	\$23,939 1,545,108
of prior years			1,343		
Transf. from rese contingencies				10,000	2,273
Net surplus Preferred dividend Miscellaneous cha	ds	\$1,416,566 52,500	\$1,400,066 37,500	\$1,443,086 37,500 6,108	\$1,523,443 37,500 12,500
Surplus Dec. 31		\$1,364,067	\$1,362,566	\$1,399,478	\$1,473,443
		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$113,94	3 \$98,134	Accounts pay	able_ \$72,38	85 \$73,324
Accts. rec.,less res.	651,36		Accrued expe		
Merchandise	792,71		Fed. & State	taxes 13,37	
Investments	24,43		Mtges. on rea		
Real est., less res_	445,02		Preferred sto		750,000
Store impts.less res	280,16	3 281,379	x Commonst		
Store fixt. & equip.			surplus	1,364,06	36 1,362,566
less reserve	201,53				
Deferred charges	11,31	8 9,673			
Total\$  x Represented l					

Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of

Baltimore (& Subs.)—Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—3 Mos.—1935 1936—12 Mos.—1935
Rev. from electric sales\_a\\$6,030,178 \\$5,606,422a\\$22,909,655 \\$21,039,189
Revenue from gas sales\_ 2,313,212 2,285,991 9,114,299 8,907,550
Rev. from steam sales\_ 2,36,709 229,013 775,088 712,197
Misc. operating revenue 81,030 69,530 310,057 306,271 Total operating rev\_ \$8,661,129
b Operating expenses 4,671,852
Retirement expense 643,547
Taxes 1,125,389 \$8,190,956 \$33,109,099 \$30,965,207 4,254,486 17,598,528 15,886,614  $642,720 \\ 1,002,100$ Operating income\_\_\_ \$2,220,342 Non-operating income\_\_ 133,844 \$2,291,650 104,823 \$8,754,943 401,905 Gross income\_\_\_\_\_ \$2,354,186 Fixed charges\_\_\_\_\_ 714,740 \$2,396,473 683,057 \$1,713,416 278,829 1,050,657 \$6,394,688 1,115,315 4,202,629 6,288,204 1,144,764 4,202,629

verage for each of the other periods shown above. These adjustments re made through "Hydro Equalization" account, established as of Janu-vy, 1931.—V. 144, p. 769.

Commonwealth & Southern Corp.—Output—
Electric—Electric output of the system for the month of Decembe. was 739.474\_267 kilowatt hours as compared with 602,140,404 kilowatt hours for December, 1935, an increase of 22.81%. Total output for thelyear ended Dec. 31, 1936 was 7,792,626,871 kilowatt hours as compared with 6,416,056,107 kilowatt hours for the year ended Dec. 31, 1935, an increase of 21.46%.
628—Gas output of the system for the month of December was 1,506, 551,800 cubic feet as compared with 1,254,163,200 cubic feet for December, 1935, an increase of 20.12%. Total output for the year ended Dec. 31, 1936 was 13,328,672,000 cubic feet as compared with 11,226,811,500,cubic feet for the year ended Dec. 31, 1935, an increase of 18.72%.—V.a144, p. 768.

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc.-Right to Appeal Granted-

Judge William Bondy has granted Norman C. Norman leave to appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals the order dismissing his suit to restrain the company from setting aside funds for Old Age Reserves under the Social Security Act.—V. 144, p. 769.

Consolidated Paper Co., Monroe, Mich.—Earnings— Years Ended Dec. 31— 1936 1935 1934 1933 Profit from operations.\_y\$2,212,551 x\$2,396,221 \$2,383,387 \$1,315,998 Allow. for depreciation. 548,813 538,428 243,093 269,926 Prov. for anticipated bk. losses. 106,035 125,816 Prov. for Federal taxes. Surtax on undistributed profits. 292.570 315,000 320,606 8,429 Net profit\_\_\_\_\_\_\$1,362,740 \$1,542,793 Preferred dividends\_\_\_\_\_\_\_22,864 Common dividends\_\_\_\_\_\_\_1,500,000 525,000 \$1,819,688 86,382 450,000 \$814,222 118,041 187,500 Surplus\_\_\_\_\_def\$137,260 arns. per sh. on com\_\_\_\$1.82 \$994,929 \$2.02 \$1,283,306 \$2,31 \$508,681 \$0.93

x After deducting selling, administrative & general expenses of \$448,488 and adding other income (net) amounting to \$54,905. y After deducting selling, administrative and general expenses of \$453,629 and other deductions less other income of \$6,888.

	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
	1936	1935		1936	1935
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities—	\$	\$
Cash	1,022,351	866,730	Accounts payable.	319,196	408,678
Ctfs. of deposit &			Empl. compensat'n		
accrued interest	100,071	100.074		4.996	5.498
U. S. Govt. securs.	722,391	714,110	z Accr. local taxes.	77,522	97.684
Municipal bonds	,	109,365		,	.,,,,,,,,
Notes & accts, rec.	894,674	728,957		78,283	45,255
Inventories	1,378,319	1,385,747		50.804	10,200
Funds in closed bks	13,771	16.870		830	
	10,111	10,010			215 000
Mortgages & land	10 050	0.000	Fed. taxes payable		315,000
contracts	12,658	9,022			CONTRACTOR OF
Sundry claims		6,741	credits		3,690
Employees' accts_	6,426	3,625	Deferred income	1,350	10,053
Plant not used	60,000		Common stock	7,500,000	7,500,000
Other real estate	38,107		Surplus Dec. 31	3,006,992	3,174,028
Other investments		2,588			
x Land, buildings,		=,000			
	7.035,671	7,557,121			
Prepaid items	59,334	58,935			
	09,004	00,900			
Pats. & good-will_	1	1			
		-	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-

Total 11,343,773 11,559,886 Total 11,343,773 11,559,886 x After allowance for depreciation of \$4,902,451 in 1936 and \$4,401,386 in 1935. z Includes Federal capital stock tax.—V. 143, p. 2995.

Consolidated Steel Corp., Ltd.—Earnings-Calendar Years—
Net profit after deprec.,
Fed inc. taxes, &c.
Earns, per sh. on 241,617
shs. common stock (no
par) x\$425,650 \$121,514 loss\$62,046 loss\$172,901 x After deducting Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 143, p. 3837.

Consolidated Textile Corp.-Plan Discussed by Com-

Progress toward the ultimate solution of the reorganization is being made out-of-court conferences between opposing bond and stockholders

at out-of-court conferences between opposing bond and stockholders committees.

At a hearing Feb. 1 before Special Master Olney, lawyers representing bondholders indicated that many of the original objections filed against the amended plan were in the process of solution, with committees working toward a goal of mutual agreement.

In answer to a question, E. B. Levy, representing one group of bondholders, revealed that the Mercantile Finance Co., Ltd., of Toronto, Canada, had agreed to underwrite the necessary financing if the Levy plan is accepted by the Court.

The Storer committee, proponent of the original plan of reorganization, was the only bondholders' committee not represented at the conferences, Questioned about its failure to attend, Mr. Sandeford, committee's representative, said'"I am not trying to get his (Mr. Levy's) plan into shape. I am trying to get mine in shape."

Further out-of-court conferences will be held before the next hearing before Referee Olney, set for Feb. 9.—V. 144, p. 608.

	Continuation Deci	ALLEICS CO	LP. Dalle	ultyo	
C	Years End. Dec. 31— nterest ash dividends tiscellaneous income	1936 \$44,172 165,739 4,923	1935 \$54,963 118,875 9,249	1934 \$59,781 133,669 3,206	1933 \$83,250 101,309 829
F	Totaliscal agency expenses	\$214,834 2,949	\$183,088 2,947	\$196,656 3,089	\$185,388
Ir	dministrative exps., &c nt. on debs. (net) axes (domestic & for'n)	30,959 138,900 4,329	25,797 138,900 3,869	28,231 138,910 6,092	31,023 141,920 3,925
	Met income	#1,020	0,000	0,002	0,020

Net income\_\_\_\_\_\_\$37,696 \$11,572 \$20,334

Note—It is believed that the corporation has no liability with to the year 1936 for Federal normal income tac, Federal excess professional surfax on undistributed profits. \$8.519

Excess of par value over cost of 75 shares of preferred stock repurchased and canceled during year  Net profit on securities sold (net)	\$1,913,135 2,772 109,501
Adjustment of investments to the basis of cost	326,804
Balance, Dec. 31, 1936	\$1,474,057
(2) Operating surplus Dec. 31, 1935	183,307 37,696
Total Dividends paid on preferred stock	\$221,003 35,360
Balance Dec. 31, 1936	\$185,643
(3) Special surplus (excess of the principal amount over the cost of the corporation's debentures repurchased in prior years	

Net deficit Dec. 31 1936\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$177.355

	C	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets— Cash Invest, at cost Accts, receivable		x3,785,260	Labilities— Com. stk. (par \$5) Preferred stock Funded debt	1936 \$288,795 1,426,200 2,778,000	
Accrued int. rec Deficit		8,099	Accrued int. pay-	23,150 2,500	23,150 2,105
Total	\$4,518,645	\$4,525,750	Total	4,518,645	\$4,525,750

Note—Dividends on the cumulative preferred stock, amounting to \$353,600, have not been declared or paid since June 1, 1931.—V. 143, p. 3996.

Corporation Securities Co., Chicago—Court Decision—
The suit of Sam Howard, trustee in bankruptcy of the corporation, defunct investing concern, against directors of that company was dismissed Jan. 27 by Judge Francis B. Allegretti in the Superior Court of Cook County for want of equity. Immediately following the dismissal of the suit, Carroll J. Lord, attorney for the bankruptcy trustee, announced he would appeal the decision.

Dismissal of the complainant's suit was based upon a decision handed down more than a year ago when the bankruptcy trustee sued the estate of Edward F. Swift in the Probate Court. At that time it was held the claim could not be established against the estate, which ruling was subsequently upheld by the Illinois Supreme Court.

The suit arose out of actions of the company's directors prior to its insolvency. Following its bankruptcy the trustee started suits to recover funds from the directors.—V. 141, p. 591.

Cosden Oil Corp.—Hearing Delayed in Reorganization—
Hearing on company's reorganization in the Federal Court at Fort
Worth, Texas, was adjourned Feb. 2 until March 1 by Federal Judge
Wilson, Judge Wilson declared that there will be no additional postponements and that the case would be concluded at the hearing.

The postponement was granted to the Banton committee which represents some of the common and preferred stock. Counsel for the committee asked for six more weeks to study reports given by the management.

—V. 144, p. 609.

Cranberry Iron & Coal Co.—Earnings

Earnings for the Year Ended June 30, 1936  Operating income, interest and miscellaneous dividends  Operating expenses and taxes	\$10,157 21,577
Operating deficit	\$11,420 2,047 9,145
Total loss from operations	\$22,612 50,532 20,401
Net credit to profit and loss Dividends	\$48,321 4,673
Balance after dividendsProfit and loss surplus June 30, 1935	\$43,648 768,739
Total	\$812,387 349,999
Profit and loss surplus June 30, 1936	\$462,389 001. whose

plant has been d	ismantled	V 2 3 (4)			
	Gene	ral Balance	e Sheet June 30		
Assets— Property invest'ts_ Inv. in affil. cos_ Other investm'ts_	85,458	1,423,816 75,764	Liabilities— Capital stocks Current liabils Reserves	1936 \$934,700 1,162 136,533	1935 \$934,700 1,051 135,327
Cash	3,031	1,569 15,620			133,613 768,740

Total\_\_\_\_\_\$1,668,397 \$1,973,431 Total\_\_\_\_\_\$1,668,397 \$1,973,431

-V. 142, p. 780.		
Credit Utility Banking Corp.—Earn	ings—	
[Including Credit Utility Co., Inc., S  * Years Ended Dec. 31— Gross operating income Operating expenses and Federal taxes	ubsidiary] 1936 \$269,424 *188,444	1935 \$196,392 143,427
Net operating income Balance, Dec. 31 Appreciation realized through sale of securities	\$80,980 102,431 16,178	\$52,964 66,345 24,370
Total Dividends	\$199,590 41,250	\$143,681 41,250
Balance, Dec. 31x Includes \$6,724 for surtax on undistributed pr	\$158,340 ofits.	\$102,431

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 adated Balance Sneet Dec. 51
1935
\$413,368
25,094
Dividend payable.
Reserve due to
2,190,989
Reserve for taxes.
Deferred income.
1 General reserve...
Control stock 1936 \$571,607 --- 1,034 \$800,000 10,312 478,087 8,912 119,807 15,000 9,906 General reserve... 15,000 x Capital stock... 1,100,000 Surplus..... 158,340 1,100,000 102,431

Total \_\_\_\_\_\_\$3,857,579 \$2,634,551 Total \_\_\_\_\_\$3,857,579 **x** Represented by 55,000 shares common class B stock of no par V. 143, p. 918. \$3.857.579 \$2.634.551

Cremieux Benevolent Society—Liquidation—
Superintendent of Insurance Louis H. Pink on Feb. 1 took over for liquidation the Cremieux Benevolent Society, an assessment society operating under Article VI of the Insurance Law of New York. The society has been continuously in business here since its organization in 1851 by a group of immigrants from Alsace-Lorraine.

The society remains solvent, but is disbanding voluntarily because of a decline in its number of policyholders to 110 members and a rise in recent years in the cost of insuring its members. Its remaining assets have been reduced to cash and its trustees have voted unanimously for liquidation.

Crocker-Wheeler Electric Mfg. Co.-Earnings-1935 1933 
 Calendar Years—
 1936
 1935
 1934
 1933

 Net prof. after int.,depr., amort. & Fed. taxes
 y\$59,321
 x\$35,625
 loss\$47,631
 loss\$123,531

 Earns, per sh. on 290,500 shs. (no par)
 \$0.20
 \$0.12
 Nil
 Nil

 Nil
 Nil
 Nil
 Nil
 1936 1934

x After deducting \$5,573 loss on equipment scrapped. y After deducting Federal surtaxes on undistributed earnings and after deducting \$2,219 loss on equipment scrapped.—V. 143, p. 3626.

on equipment scrapped.—v. 143, p. 3020.

Crown Zellerbach Corp.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the series A and series B \$6 cumulative preference stocks, no par value, both payable Feb. 28 to holders of record Feb. 13. Similar payments were made on Dec. 1, Sept. 1 and June 1 last. A dividend of 75 cents was paid on March 1 last; \$1 was paid on Jan. 1, 1936; 75 cents per share was paid on Dec. 1, Sept. 1, June 1 and March 1, 1935, and on Dec. 1, 1934, and dividends of 37½ cents per share were distributed each quarter from Dec. 1, 1931 to Sept. 1, 1934, incl. In addition, a dividend of \$1 per share was paid on Nov. 1, 1935.—V. 144, p. 609.

Crum & Forster Insurance Shares Corp.—30-Cent Div.
The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the class A and class B common stocks, par \$10, payable Feb. 27 to holders of record Feb. 17. A special dividend of 50 cents was paid on Dec. 21, last, and a regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share was paid on Nov. 30 last. An extra dividend of 20 cents was paid on Nov. 30, 1935, and in each of the six preceding quarters the company paid extra dividends of 10 cents in addition to quarterly dividends of 15 cents per share.—V. 143, p. 4150.

Crystal Tissue Co.—Balance Sheet Dec. 31-

Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$113.077	\$57.845	Accounts payable.	\$63,862	\$37,859
Accts. receivable.	139,207	124.849	Pref. div. payable		
Inventories	111.318	99.711	Jan. 1	9,900	9,900
Ins. on life of Pres.		100	Accruals	12,790	2,943
cash surr. value	45.630	40.195	Tax reserves	21,250	13,649
Treasury stock (25			Cum. pref. stock	250,000	250,000
shares pref.)	2,500	2.500	x Common stock	640,000	640,000
Stocks other corps.	11.927	15.027	Earned surplus	273,762	247,773
Plant & prop., net	835,428	852.672	Section and Section		
Ins., unexp'd & on	48.44.44.4	A	The same of the sa		
deposit	7.161	8,815		5 3 1 Sec. 25.	A PART OF A
Other def'd charges	5,316	510		Track Control	
Total	1,271,566	\$1,202,126	Total	1,271,566	1,202,126

x Represented by 93,000 no par shares.—V. 143, p. 4150.

Cuba RR.—Bond Extension Plan Filed—

The company has announced that it had filed a petition in the U. S. District Court for the District of New Jersey for a reorganization under Section 77-B for the purpose of making judicially binding on all holders of its 1st 1len & ref. mtge. gold bonds, the plan for extending the maturity of the bonds to Dec. 1, 1946.

The company states that the plan, which provides for continuation of interest at the present rates of 7½% on the series A bonds and 6% on the series B, has already received the approval of holders of over 77% of the \$4,297,000 total bonds outstanding. The plan affects no other class of securities of the company.—V. 144, p. 448.

Cunningham Drug Stores, Inc.—Admitted to Trading— The Detroit Stock Exchange has admitted to trading 191,354 shares of \$2.50 par value common stock.—V. 144, p. 102.

Curtis Mfg. Co., St. Louis—Earnings—

	Period Ended No Gross profit on sal Selling expenses General and admi:	es	expenses_		Year End. 6 2 1936 \$601,050 243,250 192,177	Mos. End. 1935 \$293,002 101,611 79,770	
	Profit on operat				\$165,623 2,117	\$111,620 1,102	
	Total income Other expenses Provision for Federal				\$167,740 2,767 24,036	\$112,723 1,060 14,674	
77	Net profit Dividends paid Earns. per share (par \$5)	on 194,5	65 shares		\$140,937 97,283 \$0.72	\$96,988 \$0.50	
	Assets-	19360	1935	Liabilities—	1936	1935	
	Cash Fed. Intermediate Credit bks.1½%	\$410,183	\$466,691		, &c \$39,906 ries,		
	debentures U.S.savings bonds. a Due from cus-	151,269 15,000	100,747		17,648 es 15,538		
	tomers		230,045	income tax_			1
	Notes, accts. & accept, recAccrued int, rec	233,643 781	187	Surplus Applied in acquiring of trea	1,063,531 juisi-		
	Inventories Due from Finance	865,534	820,910	stock	Dr27,221	Dr27,221	
	Landb Buildings, improvements &	1,344 64,921	64,921				
	equipment	355,115	369,617				
	Patents & trade marks Deferred charges	9,237 26,366					
	Total 5	2 133 392	\$2.089.034	Total	\$2,133,392	\$2,089,034	

a After reserve for doubtful items of \$5,500. b After reserve for doubtful items of \$5,500. b After reserve for depreciation of \$861,224 in 1936 and \$866,181 in 1935.—V. 142, p. 1463.

Curtis Publishing Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, payable April 1 to holders of record Feb. 26. A similar distribution was made on Dec. 15 and Oct. 1 last and in each of the eight preceding quarters, and compares with \$1.25 per share paid on July 2, 1934, 75 cents per share on April 2, 1934, and 50 cents per share on Jan. 23, 1934. In addition, a dividend of 25 cents was paid on Dec. 21 last.—V. 143, p. 3838.

Dallas Power & Light Co.—Underwriters—
Lee Higginson Corp. and First Boston Corp. each will underwrite \$3.058,-000 of the \$16,000,000, 3½% first mortgage bonds to be offered according to an amendment filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Other underwriters and the amounts to be underwritten are: Coffin & Burr, Inc., 834,000; Harris Hall Co., \$750,000; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Bonbright & Co., Inc., J. & W. Seligman & Co., and Edward B. Smith & Co., \$700,000 each. Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., and Mellon Securities Corp., \$600,000 each. Goldman, Sachs & Co. and White, Weld & Co., \$500,000 each. Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; Hayden, Stone & Co.; W. E. Huttoni& Co., Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Lazard Freres & Co., Inc., \$400,000 each. F. S. Moseley & Co., and Stone & Webster & Blodgett, Inc., \$300,000 each. Jackson & Curtis; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., and Tucker, Anthony & Co., \$200,000 each; and Hale Waters & Co., Inc., \$100,000.—V.144, p. 769.

De Haviland Aircraft Co., Ltd.—Final Dividend—
The directors have declared a final dividend of 36 2-5 cents per share on the American Depositary receipts for ordinary shares payable Feb. 84to holders of record Jan. 5.—V. 142, p. 2825.

Denver & Rio Grande Western RR.—Trustees Certifs.—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 29 authorized the company to issue not exceeding \$5,000,000 of trustees certificates, bearing interest at a rate or rates not exceeding 4% per annum, to be sold at not less than par and accrued int., and the proceeds applied to the payment of principal and interest of outstanding trustees' certificates and equipment-trust certificates, additions and betterments to road and equipment, operating expenses, acquisition of equipment, and taxes.

The report of the Commission says in part:
The trustees propose that \$1,800,000 of the certificates will be designated as series C and \$3,200,000 as series D, that both series will be designated as series at a rate of not exceeding 4% per annum; the series C certificates to be payable as to principal on Dec. 31, 1937, with interest payable on Aug. 1 and Dec. 31, 1937; the series D certificates to be payable as to be red. at any time on or after Feb. 1, 1938, at par and accrued int. The certificates may be made payable to bearer, or to a specified payee, or order. They will provide that in the event of a default in payment of interest on either series the holders of a majority in amount of either series may forthwith mature the same, or, in the event of default in the payment of the series D certificates may forthwith mature the series C certificates.

While the proposal is for certificates bearing interest at a rate not to exceed 4% [per annum, it is expected that the series C certificates will bear interest at the rate for 1½ and the series D at 2½% per annum.

Arrangements have been [mades for the sale for the certificates will bear interest as their ate for 1½ and the series D at 2½% per annum.

Arrangements have been [mades for the sale for the certificates its optometriage & Co., of Oenver, at [per family of the Bosworth, Chanute, Loughridge & Co., of Oenver, at [per family family of the proposed certificates, \$354.335 will be applied to the payment of outstanding series [B certificates, with [interest thereon to April 30, 1937; and the remainder will be placed in the applicant's general treasury for use [during the jear 11937 for the following purposes: Oash requirements for 1937 improvement budget, tapproved on 10ec. 28, 1936, by the sourt having jurisdiction, \$\$4.307.091; cash for completion for the 1938 budget, \$\$70,290; cash playments on lequipment trust to [finance the facquisition for 15 flocomotives fand 1100 ballast [cars, \$750,003; 1937 [payments to nequipment trusts, \$\$56.612.50; and taxes flevied (by the (States of Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico, \$1,640,000. The applicant's cash frequirements, shown labove, and totaling \$\$3.518.328, lexceed, by [about [\$\$3.812.628, their estimated income from the debtor's property for 11937, without deduction for interest on funded debt, except for equipment-trust descrificates, and with ino provision for working capital. They express the opinion that \$1,200,000 would be a reasonable amount for such purpose.—V. 144, p. 610.

Denver & Salt Lake Ry .- Earnings-

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	1936 \$303,621 166,632	1935 \$260,178 101,982	1934 \$181,564 189,398	\$134,970 \$1,632
From Jan 1—	175,355	126,959	° 210,095	63,082
Gross from railway Net from railway	2,856,949 918,281	2,234,877 958,196	1,620,006 805,155	1,657,331 768,172
Net after rents	1,090,810	1,260,698	913,122	711,349
Denver Tramway	Corp.	Earnings—		

Denver Iramwa	y Corp.	Earnings-	•	
Years End. Dec. 31— Total oper, revenue— Oper, exps. (incl. depr.) Taxes—	1936 \$3,263,351 2,331,107 430,612	\$2,815,988 2,189,827 317,812	\$2,741,140 \$2,103,458 292,612	2.045.829
Net oper income Miscellaneous income	\$501,633 34,684	\$308,349 29,699	\$345.070 34,309	
Gross income Int. on underlying bonds Int. on gen. & ref. bonds Amortization of discount	\$536,317 85,765 258,796	\$338,048 114,013 262,739	\$379,379 129,775 269,799	\$266,022 137,100 279,481
on funded debt	2,013	4,068	5,013	12,062
Bal. avail. for divss	ur\$189,743	def\$42,772	def\$25,208	def\$162,621

Derby Gas & Electric Corp.—Accumulated Dividends—
The directors have declared a dividend of 70 cents per share on the \$6.50 cum. pref. stock, and a dividend of 75 cents per share on the \$7 cum. pref. stock, both payable Feb. 1 to holders of record Jan. 29. Like payments were made on Nov. 2, Aug. 1, May 1 and Feb. 1, 1935, and on Nov. 1, 1935, 4prior to which regular quarterly dividends of \$1.62½ and \$1.75; per share, respectively, shad, been distributed.—V. 144, p. 770.

Detroit & Canada Tunnel Co. (& Sub.)—Earnings-Earnings for 101Months Ended Oct. 31, 1936
Net loss after depreciation, amortiz. of debt discount and expense and provisions for amortiz. of land rights, franchises, &c. \$244.5

—V. 143, p. 3626.

Detroit City Gas Co.—ToMssue \$36,000,000 Securities—
The company lon Feb. 1 [filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-2835, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$31,000,000 of 1st mtge. 4% bonds, series due 1957 (Feb. 1, 1957), and \$5,000,000 of 4% serial notes due Feb. 1, 1938-1947.
According to the registration statement, the net proceeds from the sale of the bonds and notes are to be applied as follows:
\$14,175,000 to redemption at 105% of \$13,500,000 1st mtge. 6% gold bonds, series A, due July 1, 1947.

18,375,000 to tredemption at 105% of \$17,500,000 1st mtge. 5% gold bonds, series B, due/Oct. 1, 1950.

2,211,000 for payment at 1021% of \$2,200,000 4% secured promissory of \$1,000 for payment at 1021% of \$2,200,000 4% secured promissory of \$1,000 for payment at Vork and National Bank of Detroit.

The balance of the proceeds will be used for additional working capital.

The balance for the proceeds will be used for additional working capital. Accrued interest on the securities to be redeemed is to be paid by the company out of treasury flunds.

The bonds are redeemable at the option of the company in whole or in part by lot, or for the sinking flund, after 30 days' notice at the following prices plus accrued interest if red. on or before Aug. 1, 1940, 107½ content in the following prices plus accrued interest if red. on or before Aug. 1, 1940, 107½ content in the following prices plus accrued interest if red. on or before Aug. 1, 1940, 107½ content in the following following the following the following the following the following the following the following following the following the following following the following following the following the following following the following the following following the following following the following following the following the following the following following the following following the following following the following the following following following following following the following f

\*Detroit Edison Co.—Stock Increase Voted—
Stockholders at the annual meeting held Feb. 1 approved an increase of 500,000 shares of capital stock of the company. The authorized increase will raise the capitalization from \$15.50,000,000 to \$200,000,000. Action for the increase, recommended by the directors, according to Alex. Dow. President, will provide the imeans to issue new stock tat favorable prices to refund at 105, on or about (Oct. 1, \$15,000,000 of series E 5% bonds. Proceeds from this possible salefull be used, Mr. Dow said, to finance expansion of the company's facilities if business prospects warrant.

In connection with prospects ffor expansion, Mr. Dow said that labor uncertainties and an jundetermined improvement brend fin industrial activity in Detroit made it impracticable to make a definite commitment at this time. He added, however, that the authorization of the stock increase would allow the company to jtake ladvantage of the trend as soon sa it was determined. 4 4

Mr. Dow said that he saw no necessity for a rate reduction for at least two years. He lalso said that January flusiness of the Detroit Edison Co., while somewhat kurtailed (by labor difficulties suffered by one of the company's best kustomers, nevertheless lyould prove satisfactory to the stockholders. He ladded that flusiness prospects for 1937 were favorable not withstanding that it was fundikely that lany final settlement of the automotive strike would pleyeached within the next 30 days.—V. 144, p. 610.

Detroit & Toled	o]Shore L	ine RR.—	Earnings-	- 4
December-1	1936 ₹	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$449.456	\$385,408	\$282.049	\$239.346
Net from railway	£269.321	243.042	167.246	157.717
Net after rents	139,344	137,384	67,628	105,110
Gross from railway	<b>F3.967.609</b>	3.554.169	2.952.066	2,562,417
Net from railway	2.211.967	1.963.142	1.552,571	1.298.762
Net after rents	1,131,537	1,037,662	731,070	570,755
-V. 144, p. 103.		4 m m m m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1		

Detroit-Michigan Stove Co .- Admitted to Listing and Registration-

The New York Curb Exchange has admitted the common stock, \$1 par. to listing and registration.—V. 143, p. 4151.

Devoe & Raynolds Co., Inc.—To Cut Directorate—Stockholders at their annual meeting on Feb. 10 will consider changing a number of directors from 15 to 12 and to make certain changes in the mision plan for the employees of the company.—V. 143. p. 4152.

Diamond T Motor Car Co.—Transfer Agent—
The Manufacturers Trust Co. is New York transfer agent for the company's 400,000 shares of \$2 par common stock.—V. 144, p. 610.

## (W. S.) Dickey Clay Mfg. Co.—Earnings—

Net sales Cost of sales (excl. of provision for deprec. & depletion)	\$2,498,640 1,572,197
♥Gross profit on sales	\$926,443 478,566
Net profit from operations. Other income (net)	\$447,877 22,064
Net profit before interest deductions, depreciation & depletion Interest deductions Provision for depreciation and depletion	\$469,942 119,414 130,398

Net profit.\_\_\_\_\_\_\$220,130

Note—No provision has been made for Federal income taxes as the company in its tax return claims a deduction for depreciation based on original cost that is substantially greater than the provision for depreciation shown in the above profit-and-loss account which is based on values determined at the date of reorganization.

Release Sheet Oct. 31, 1936

Liabilities—
Notes payable

### Distillers & Brewers Corp. of America (& Subs.)-Earnings-

Earnings for 9 Months Ended Sept. 30, 1936
Net loss after all charges

V. 143, p. 3314.

Distillers Co., Ltd. (England)—Interim Dividend—
The directors have declared an interim dividend of 26 9-10 cents per share on the American depositary receipts for ordinary registered shares payable Feb. 8 to holders of record Jan. 14.—V. 143, p. 108.

Dixie Gulf Gas Co.—Bonds Called—
A total of \$575,000 of 1st mtge. 6½%s. f. gold bonds, series A, due Sept. 1, 1937, have been called for redemption on Marca I at 100½ and interest. Payment will be made at the Manufacturers Trust Co., New York City.—V. 143, p. 919.

Interest. Payment will be made at the Manufacturers Trust Co., New York City.—V. 143, p. 919.

Dixie Refining Co., Trenton, Mich.—Stock Offered—
Walter W. Tait, Union Guardian Bldg., Detroit, is receiving subscriptions to \$1,225,000 common shares at par (\$1 par). Stock offered to residents of State of Michigan only.

Capitalization—Authorized (par \$1) 1,800,000 shares; issued and outstanding 150,000 shares; validated for public offering in and to residents of Michigan only 1,225,000 shares; reserved against the exercise of warrants for the purchase of \$425,000 shares at \$1 per share at any time on or before Oct. 1, 1939 425,000 shares.

History—Approximately 10 years ago a small group of Michigan gasoline obbers and distributors who were either handling nationally known brands of petroleum products or products under their own individual brands determined that the ideal plan for the marketing of their products would be a plan under which each plant and station would continue to be owned and operated by the individual but that they would have a common public identity, uniform brands and standards of quality, uniform stations, advertising, merchandising policies and collective purchasing power.

Within the last few months substantially all the major gasoline distributing companies have worked out a plan under which all their stations are leased and operated by others.

This plan was consummated by the organizing of Dixle Distributors, Inc., a non-profit Michigan corporation.

Purpose—The iproceeds from the sale of this stock will be used for the construction of a complete topping and cracking plant and for its maintenance fand operation.

## Dominion Stores, Ltd.—January Sales— Four Weeks Ended— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Jan. 23—— \$1.457.927 \$1,413,478 \$1,226,611 \$1,373,111 —V. 144, p. 277.

Duluth Missabe	& North	ern Ry.	Earnings-	11
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$164.098	def\$7.877	\$84.372	\$78.673
Net from railway	def519,423	def546.208	def360.522	def583.371
Net after rents	4625,816	def657,980	def393,428	def574,495
Gross from railway	19.091.036	11.519.593	9,486,593	9,700,200
Net from railway	10.693.649	4.877.051	2.769.180	3.982.350
Net after rents	8,694,801	3.765.586	1,981,648	3,408,234
V. 144 n. 103				0,200,201

## Duluth South Shore & Atlantic Ry. - Earnings-

December-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$199,526	\$149.615	\$123.136	
Net from railway	30,410	def9.978	def34.966	\$184,192
Net after rents	13.564	def17.352	def49.453	61,341 38,514
From Jan. 1—			40110,100	00,014
Gross from railway	2.913.041	2,359,777	2,176,537	1,963,106
Net from railway	893.198	524,531	367,756	
Net after rents	637.194	369.590	138.595	327,670
-V. 144. p. 278.	,202	000,000	190,090	58,390

(E. I.) du Pont de Nemours & Co.—Annual Report— Extracts from the remarks of Pierre S. du Pont, Chairman, and L. du Pont, President, follow:

Sales Volume—The volume of business of company and its wholly owned subsidiary companies for 1936 amounted to approximately \$260,300,000, an increase of about 18% over 1935. Increase in physical volume of sales accounted for the entire increase in dollar volume. Such changes as were made in prices of individual products had the effect of reducing slightly the average selling price of the company's products.

The following tabulation sets forth, by quarterly periods, the per cent increase of the company's dollar volume of business for the year 1936 over the year 1935; also the quarterly volumes as per cent of the total for each year:

Dollar Volume of Business by Quarters As Per C Total for 1936 22% 25% 25% 28% 

Number of Stockholders—The number of stockholders holding the capital stock of company at the end of each of the last five years is as follows:

point out is that the 1936 results cannot soundly be taken as a starting point in seeking to arrive at any reasonable evaluation of future probabilities unless the factor of artificial stimulation as well as the factor of natural recovery is borne in mind. In what degrees these two factors remain effective; how long the natural factor will continue; to what extent its effect may ultimately be impaired by the cost of the artificial factor; and to what extent the artificial factor can or will be continued—these are questions which no one can answer today.

Consolidated Inco	me Accoun	t for Calende	ar Years	
	1936	1935 S	1934 <b>S</b>	1933 <b>\$</b> #
Inc. from operations before prov. for depreciation & obsolescence	68,187,715	55,190,288	43,796,411	37,262,303
Prov. for depreciation and obso- lescence of plants & equipment_		14,478,864	13,505,789	12,904,102
Income from operations Inc, from invest, in Gen, Motors_ Income from miscell, secur., &c	44,004,389	40,716,925 22,497,720 8,636,163	30,290,622 14,999,635 6,285,974	24,358,202 12,500,273 5,565,214
Total income Provision for Federal taxes Interest on bonds of sub. cos Prov. for conting, liab, arising	611,775,000 56,750	6,458,646 56,750	4,818,017 56,750	42,423,689 3,459,823 68,534
out of oper, of previous years		3,250,000		
Net incomeSurplus at beginning of year	196,312,228	62,085,410 178,729,397	46,701,465 170,345,234	38,895,330 178,717,374
Adj. resulting from disposition of co's com. stk. prev. purchased. Premium (excess over par value)				4,023,149
paid for redemption of out- standing voting deb. stock c Adjustment resulting from re- proportion of interest in General			D78,388	
Motors Corp	14,000,000	C75,000,000	Ct2,500,000 1	Dr14,500,000
Total Dividends on debenture stock Dividends on common stock	6.557.586	6,557,586	6,555,635	207,135,852 6,544,955 b30,245,663
Profit and loss surplus	226,236,595	196,312,229	178,729,397	170,345,234
Average number of shares com. stock outstanding (par \$20) Amount earned per share	11,049,470 \$7.56	11,050,399 \$5.04 General Mot	11,049,259 \$3.66 ors Corp. cor	10,983,379 \$3.00 mmon[stock.
b The following extra dividends 1933, \$8,286,176. c The value o Corp. common stock was adjusted 000; in 1934 to \$157,000,000, in which closely corresponded to its General Motors Corp. at Dec. 31 shares are now valued at \$17.60 a share. d Includes provision co	paid on the document of du Pont continued to the book 1935 to \$162 net asset vi., 1932, 193 a share, the	te common a ompany's inverses of the comp 2,000,000 and alue as shown 3, 1934 and 1 previous values	stock are inc stment in Ge pany in 1933 in 1936 to \$ n by the bala 935, respecti- nation having	neral, Motors to;\$154,500,- \$176,000,000, ince sheets of vely. These \$5 been \$16.20

	1936	1935	ompanies] 1934	1933
	1930	1900	1904	2000
Assets—	65,844,572	40,299,163	30,879,071	18,838,539
		20.828.361	17,043,617	19,086,199
Accounts and notes receivable	EO E47 E71	44,571,517	43,669,985	33,835,935
Inventories	0 020 005		1,616,280	00,000,000
Misc. accts. rec. advances, &c		8,487,547 29,827,478	30,816,771	58,010,388
Marketable securities	d9,970,783	162,000,000	157,000,000	154.500.000
General Motors common stock	1170,000,000	102,000,000	107,000,000	101,000,000
Investment in affiliated cos. no	97 591 199	31,485,867	36,771,460	41,331,026
wholly owned & miscel, invest	8 01,021,122	91,400,007	00,771,200	41,001,020
Notes receivable for common	t digitalis.		-W. 1	
stock sold to employees unde		2,428,577	5,259,694	7.146,577
executives' plan		2,120,011	0,200,004	1,120,011
Common stock acquired fo				
awards to employees unde		1,810,244	1.554,603	* 4
bonus plan			275,413,934	246,724,457
Plants and property	20 042 125		29,905,938	25,191,470
Patents, good-will, &c	1.489.938			966,475
Deferred charges	1,400,000	1,010,010	1,100,020	200,210
Total	.721,230,126	666,728,999	631,120,282	605,631,064
7.1-7.1744.0				
Accounts payable	7,687,036	5,127,481	6.575.014	12,990,039
Distinct payable on deh ctock	1 630 422			
Dividends payable on deb. stock.	1,639,422	1,639,422	1,639,422	
Dividends payable on deb. stock.  f Accrued liabilities	1,639,422 20,246,799	1,639,422 13,456,522	1,639,422 9,104,441	1,639,926
f Accrued liabilities	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210	1,639,422	1,639,422	1,639,926
Dividends payable on deb. stock. f Accrued liabilities	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751	1,639,926
Dividends payable on deb. stock. f Accrued liabilities Miscell. accts. pay., adv., &c Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,586,411	1,639,926
Dividends payable on deb. stock f Accrued liabilitiesMiscell accts, pay., adv., &c Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751	1,639,926
Dividends payable on deb, stock, f Accrued liabilities.  Miscell. accts, pay., adv., &c Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan.  Deferred liabils, & credit items Bonds of subsidiary cos, in hand	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411	1,639,926
Dividends payable on deb, stock, f Accrued liabilities	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414 	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000	1,639,926  1, 971,298 1,135,000
Dividends payable on deb, stock, f Accrued liabilities.  Miscell. accts. pay., adv., &c Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan. Deferred liabils. & credit items Bonds of subsidiary cos. in hand of public. Debenture stock issued.	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414 	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000 109,294,800	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000 109,294,800	1,639,926  1, 971,298 1,135,000 109,328,450
Dividends payable on deb. stock. f Accrued liabilities	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414 	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240	1,639,926  1, 971,298 1,135,000 109,328,450 220,467,740
Dividends payable on deb, stock, f Accrued liabilities.  Miscell, accts, pay., adv., &c. Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan.  Deterred liabils, & credit items. Bonds of subsidiary cos. in hand of public. Debenture stock issued. b Common stock. Res. for deprec, & obsolescence.	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 4,984,414  c1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 95,818,127	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 85,585,479	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 75,540,299	1,639,926  1, 971,298 1,135,000 109,328,450 220,467,740 64,299,414
Dividends payable on deb. stock. f Accrued liabilities  Miscell. accts. pay., adv., &c  Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan.  Deferred liabils, & credit items  Bonds of subsidiary cos. in hand of public  Debenture stock issued  be Common stock.  Res, for deprec, & obsolescence.  Res, for insur., bad debts, &c	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414 5 c1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 95,818,127 9,413,634	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240	1,639,926  1, 971,298 1,135,000 109,328,450 220,467,740 64,299,414
Dividends payable on deb, stock, f Accrued liabilities.  Miscell, accts, pay., adv., &c. Prov. for awards to employee under bonus plan.  Deferred liabils, & credit items. Bonds of subsidiary cos. in hand of public. Debenture stock issued. b Common stock. Res. for depree, & obsolescence.	1,639,422 20,246,799 2,734,210 8 4,984,414 5 c1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 95,818,127 9,413,634	1,639,422 13,456,522 2,341,242 1,985,150  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 85,585,479	1,639,422 9,104,441 e1,836,751 1,536,411  1,135,000 109,294,800 221,315,240 75,540,299	1,639,926

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

Duro-Test Corp.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of 200,000 outstanding shares of common stock, \$1 par.—V. 143, p. 2677.

East Coast Public Service Co. (& Suk Calendar Years—Operating revenue—Operating expenses——————————————————————————————————	1936 \$662,854 474,841	×1935
Net income from operations	\$188,012 14,698	\$160,197 9,830
Net income before provision for reserve for renewals and replacements, fixed charges, Federal tax, &c. Interest on unfunded debt of subsidiaries.	\$202.710 15	\$170,027 21
Balance, applic, to East Coast Pub, Serv, Co_ Interest on long term debt_ Miscellaneous interest_ Provision for renewals and replacements (deprec.)- Provision for Federal income tax and undistributed profits tax_	\$202,695 91,031 545 63,250 2,938	\$170,006 \$95,104 \$961 \$58,000 \$4,367
Balance to surplus x Figures for 1935 have been restated to give effe	\$44,930 ect to the e	imination in

nues and expenses of certain telephone properties sold as of Dec. 31 1935.

934	Financial
Consolidated	Balance Sheet Dec. 31
Assets- 1936 1935	[Aabilities- 1936 1935
Prop., plant, eq. & franchises, &c\$2,829,417 \$2,741,	Tot.long term debt\$2,260,100 \$2,371,200 522 Total current and
Cash 73.604 86.1	21 201. 11401111105. 130,301 09,791
	195 refundable 12,089 9,586
Inventories 71,045 57,6	807 Def. credits to inc. 4,308 2,663 885 Total reserves 397,125 373,220 988 x Unrealized profit 10,547 9,542
Special dep., trust. 61.9	950 y Common cap.stk 32,999 32,999
1,000 3,000	Earned def. since
Total\$3,092,622 \$3,056,1	March 1, 1934 105,544 183,509
* Net amount by which par v securities exceeds cost of such secur capital stock par value \$1.—V. 143	alue of East Coast Public Service Co. ities to subsidiary company. y Common 3, p. 2835.
East Kootenay Power C	
Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—A Gross earnings 39,63 Operating expenses 19,30	Month—1935     1936—9 Mos.—1935       87     \$35,389     \$347,791     \$333,978       98     13,502     121,064     105,458
Net earnings \$20,32	29 \$21,887 \$226,727 \$228,520
—V. 144, p. 278.	I. (8 S I ) 7
Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—A	es, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Ionth—1935 1936—12 Mos.—1935
Period End. Dec. 31	Month     1935     1936     12 Mos.     1935       19     \$559,957     \$10,299,463     \$9,921,316       66     611,922     0,035,490     \$733,062
Other income 2,02 Other expenses 51,96	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Incomedef\$119.98	
-V. 144, p. 278.	
Comparative Income State 12 Months Ended Dec. 31—	vidend of 10 cents per share on the no b. 15 to holders of record Feb. 9. An l to Dec. 3, last. lement (Holding Association Only)  1936 1935
Income from subsidiary companies: Common dividends	\$1 774 353 \$1 802 774
Other income Non-subsidiary income	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Total income	\$2,084,177 \$2,112,566
Taxes (including income taxes)	21.902 23.194
Interest	51,799 80,255
Balance for dividends Common dividends paid Convertible dividends paid	\$1,958,359 \$2,007,605 1,371,223 857,003 434,223
Balance to surplus	
Comparative Ba	lance Sheet Dec. 31
Assets— 1936 1935 \$	Liabilities
Assets— \$ \$ Invests, in sub, cos40,298,060 40,276,06 Other invests, (at	Notes payable 1,750,000 1,950,000 Taxes accrued 48,112 1,000
m cost) 5,022,144 5,022,14	4 Common & conv.
Divs. receivable 77,456 77,45	66   Capital surplus22,774,090 22,774,090
Prepayments & de- ferred charges 72,503 17,65	Earned surplus 4,420,784 4,280,167
Total45,495,455 45,507,72 x 685,700 34 common shares and scrip); no par.	Total45,495,455 45,507,725 789,668 convertible shares (including
Comparative Combined	
lintercompany 1936 1935	items eliminated] 1936 1935
Assets— \$ \$ Property, plant &	Liabilities— \$ \$ Preferred stock 1.294,200 1.294,200
* equipment-x38,238,730 37,935,23 Invests. (at cost	80 Bonds11,421,000 11,458,000 Notes pay. to Mon-

	1936	1935	Maria and Atlantia	1936	1935
Assets—	\$	\$	Liabilities—	\$	\$
Property, plant &			Preferred stock	1.294,200	1,294,200
equipment-x	38.238.730	37,935,230	Bonds		
Invests. (at cost			Notes pay, to Mon-		,,
orless)	11	10	taup Elec. Co		888,300
Cash	830,772		Notes payable	150,000	000,000
Notes receivable	11.353	21,723	Accounts payable_	361,072	426,757
Accounts receiv			Consumers' deps	81,089	78,615
Materials & suppls		637,293	Miscell, liabilities_	5,934	5,307
Prepayments	29,327			358,764	
Sinking funds	41,311	41,726	Interest accrued	51.026	51,016
Special deposits	20,431		Retirement reserve		
Unamortized debt	20,401	2,010	Gas bench mainte-	1,240,140	0,111,010
discount & exp.	76,530	95,333		37,769	27,275
Unadjusted debits	164,812		Contributions for	0.,.00	,
Chaquated debits	101,011	220,000	extensions	36,362	35,329
			Operating reserves	61,212	46.725
			Unadjusted credits	19,990	8,921
			Common & capital	10,000	0,021
			stock: y		
			OwnedbyE.U.A.	14 435 850	14 425 850
			Owned by others	260,800	
			Premium on stock	200,000	2.0,000
			ownedbyE.U.A.	9 797 133	2,722,488
			On stock owned	2,121,100	2,122,100
			by others	88,017	92,661
			Earned surplus:	00,011	02,001
			Before acquisit'n		
			of stock by		
			E. U. A.	2,358,573	2,346,546
			After acquisit'n	2,000,010	2,010,010
			of stock by		
		1000		919 690	222 757
		49	E. U. A	212,680	333,757
to the transfer of the same of the					

42,270,021 41,507,189 Total 42,270,021 41,507,189 x At cost including a 63% interest in property, plant and equipment of Montaup Electric Co. y Includes 30 shares of Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Brockton capital stock reserved to be exchanged for capital stock of Electric Light & Power Co. of Abington and Rockland.—V. 144, p. 771.

Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input—
For the week ended Jan. 28, 1937, the kilowatt-hour system input of the operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power & Light Co., Electric Power & Light Corp. and National Power & Light Co. secompared with the corresponding week during 1936, was as follows:

Operating Subsidiaries of—	1937	1936	Amount	%_
American Power & Light Co	99,485,000	98,002,000	1,483,000	1.5
Electric Power & Light Corp	49,768,000		8,185,000	19.7
National Power & Light Co	87,744,000	79,392,000	8,352,000	10.5
-V. 144, p. 771.		1767.4		
		~ *		

Edison Brothers Stores, Inc. - Sales

Month of January— 1937 1936 Sales—V. 144, p. 278. \$1,042,274 \$873,635

Electric Auto-Lite Co.—Debentures Offered—An underwriting group headed by Lehman Brothers and including Hemphill, Noyes & Co., and Chas. D. Barney & Co. offered Feb. 3 at 104½ and accrued interest to date of delivery an issue of \$10,000,000 4% debentures due Feb. 1, 1952.

Dated Feb. 1, 1937; due Feb. 1, 1952. Coupon debentures in denom. of \$1,000 and \$500, registerable as to principal.

Convertible (until date of redemption if on or before Jan. 31, 1947) into common shares at \$50 on or before Jan. 31, 1939, at \$60 on or before Jan. 31, 1941, and at \$90 on or before Jan. 31, 1943, at \$60 on or before Jan. 31, 1945, and at \$90 on or before Jan. 31, 1947, provision designed to protect against dilution in certain contingencies being made. As a sinking fund, the company shall pay to the trustee on or before Sept. 1 of each year commencing with the year 1939, \$350,000 in cash or in debentures taken at the principal amount thereof, cash so received to be applied to the purchase or redemption of debentures, except that cash applicable to debentures called for redemption and converted shall be repaid to the company. Debentures are redeemable at 108% prior to Feb. 1, 1939, and at 105% prior to Aug. 1, 1939, with successive reductions of ¼ of 1% on Aug. 1, 1939, and on each Feb. 1 and Aug. 1 thereafter until Feb. 1, 1949, from which date until maturity the redemption rate shall be 100%, in each case plus accrued interest.

Company—Incorporated in Ohio on May 31, 1922. The general character of the business now done by the company and (or) its subsidiaries is the manufacture, assembling and (or) sale of various products which may be generally grouped as follows:

(a) Starting, lighting and ignition units for motor vehicles (generators, starting motors, distributors, coils and regulators); (b) storage batteries, largely for motor vehicles; (c) lamps for motor vehicles; (d) instrument panels for motor vehicles including the instruments therefor, such as speedometers and gauges or indicators for gasoline, oil, temperature and (or) electricity; (e) aluminum and zinc base die castings—including radiator of minor importance.

Of the estimated 1936 consolidated net sales, the products mentioned in group (a) above accounted for approximately 41%, group (b) approximately 18%, group (g) approximately

Net Earnings of Company Exclusive of Dividends from Subs. Consolidated

					I dial of
	Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Cols.C & D
1933	\$544,603	\$222,306	\$322,296	\$358,728	\$681.025
1934	534,032	289,979	244,053	855,763	1.099.816
1935	2,408,471	360,507	2.047.964	1.092,707	3.140.672
1936 (9 mos.)	2,835,165	417,997	2,417,168	1,162,465	3,579,633
Col A-Before	depreciation	and Feder	al income to	voe Col D	_Donnoo'n

Col. A—Before depreciation and Federal income taxes. Col. B—Deprec'n charged to profit and loss. Col. C—After deprec., before Federal income tax. Col. D—Net earnings applicable to stocks of subs. consolidated. Capitalization—As of Sept. 30, 1936, the capital stock of the company was as follows:

1936, for the purposes specified under "Options."

Proceeds—Company proposes to use the net proceeds of the sale of the debentures approximately as follows:

(a) to redeem on April 1, 1937 all the outstanding pref. shares approximately. \$4,934,600

(b) to discharge unsecured curr. indebted. to banks, approx. 2,000,000

(c) the balance to be used by the co. for cash working capital. 3,092,370

Underwriters—The underwriters have severally agreed to purchase, the \$10,000,000 of debentures as follows:

Lehman Brothers, New York. \$2,000,000

Hemphill, Noyes & Co., New York. \$2,000,000

Hemphill, Noyes & Co., New York. \$2,000,000

Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., New York. \$2,000,000

Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., New York. \$2,000,000

Bancamerica-Blair Corp., New York. \$500,000

Bancamerica-Blair Corp., New York. \$00,000

Dominick & Dominick, New York. \$400,000

J. & W. Seligman & Co., New York. \$400,000

J. & W. Seligman & Co., New York. \$400,000

Kidder, Peabody & Co., New York. \$400,000

Kidder, Peabody & Co., New York. \$400,000

G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., New York. \$250,000

G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., New York. \$250,000

Bodell & Co., Providence, R. I. \$200,000

Riter & Co., New York. \$150,000

Riter & Co., New York. \$150,000

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York. \$250,000

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York. \$150,000

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York. \$150,000

Cortain officers and employees of the company and subsidiaries, selected by the directors to purchase in the aggregate not exceeding 25,000 of the common shares (par \$5) held in its treasury, at \$25 per share. Price was higher than the market quotations of the common at the times the options were granted. During the period from March 9, 1936 to Dec. 31, 1936 options were exercised covering 15,875 of the 25,000 common shares covered syoptions in the aggregate, for which the aggregate net cash proceeds were \$396,875; there were no underwriters in connection with the sale of said shares. The amount of securities of the company subject to options at Dec. 31, 1936 was 9,125 common shares (i. e. th

Bal	ance Sheet	Sept. 30, 1936	
Assets—Cash Cash Marketable securs, at cost Notes & accts. rec. (net) Inventories Investments in treasury stock	\$556,749 196,602 1,901,343 3,399,076 561,724	Ltabilities— Accounts payable—Trade. Accrued liabilities. Dividends declared Current amts. due to subs. consolidated.	481,066 794,534
investm'ts & other assets	5,000,659 1	Prov. for Fed. Income taxes_3½% note payable	423,390
Total	21,093,125		\$21,093,125

Listing of Additional Shares (Par \$5.00)—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 200,000 additional common shares (par \$5) upon official notice of issuance thereof from time to time on conversion of debentures, making the total amount of common shares applied for 1,441,003.—V. 144, p. 611.

Electrol, Inc.—Sales Increase—
The company reports an increase of 107% in net income on an increase of 36% in sales for the seven months ended Dec. 31, 1936—V. 143, p. 3839.

Elgin Joliet & Eastern Ry.—Abandonment—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 21 issued a certificate permitting abandonment by the company of the part of its so-called Coal

City branch extending from Coal City in a southerly direction to the terminus of the branch at South Wilmington, 7.31 miles, all in Grundy County, III.—V. 144, p. 771.

Emporium Capwell Corp.—Bonds Called—
All of the outstanding 15 year 5½% convertible gold debenture bonds have been called for redemption on April 1 at 105 and interest. Payment will be made at the American Trust Co., San Francsico, Calif.—V. 144. page 449.

Fairchild Aviation Corp.—New President, &c.—
Sherman M. Fairchild, founder and President of this company, has been elected chairman of the board of directors at a meeting held on Feb. 1. He will retain the position as president of the newly formed Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp., shares of which are to be distributed to Fairchild Aviation stockholders on a share for share basis.

James S. Ogsbury has been elected to the Presidency of this company.

—V. 144, p. 772.

Fajardo Sugar Co.—To Pay \$1 Dividend—

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$20, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. Dividends of 50 cents per share were paid in each of the three previous quarters. The old \$100 par common stock which was split five-for-one had received dividends of \$1.50 per share on March 2, 1936, Dec. 2, Sept. 1 and June 1, 1935, this latter being the first distribution made since Feb. 1, 1929, when a \$2.50 dividend was paid.—V. 143, p. 2997.

Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—Balance Sheet Dec. 31-

		1936	1935		1936	1935	
-	Assets-		\$	Liabilities—	\$	\$	
В	onds and stocks.	16,189,886	13,938,629	Res. for unearned			
H	ome office bldg	2,357,300	2,357,300	premiums	6.397.773	5.997.341	
P	remiums in course	В		Losses	6.254,665		
	of collection	1.945.157	2.074.839	Taxes & expenses.	1.061,220		
M	ortgage loans			Miscell, purposes	557,556		
	ollateral loans		182,500	Returns and advs.	001,000	401,001	
	ccts. receivable		164.712	premiums	114,738	100.025	
	ash in banks and		104,712			100,025	
_	offices		1,713,502	Reinsur. to other		110 000	
	Omces	1,719,838	1,713,502		512,028	446,625	
				Capital stock	2,400,000	2,400,000	
				Surplus	5,116,134	3,433,882	
	Total	22,414,114	20.531.482	Total	22.414.114	20,531,482	
_	-V. 144, p. 612		10 m			20,001,102	
	Fidality I	nunatura	mt Anna	Danie	. Tal-	D:: J J	

Fidelity Investment Association—Pays Extra Dividend
The company paid an extra dividend of \$50 per share on the no par
common stock on Dec. 23, last, to holders of record Dec. 19, and an extra
dividend of \$2 per share on the participating 5% preferred stock, par \$100,
on Dec. 23, last, to holders of record Dec. 18.—V. 142, p. 622.

Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of N. Y .- New Director-

This company has notified the New York Stock Exchange of the election of Gayer G. Dominick as a director of the company, succeeding Dudley Olcott, resigned.—V. 144, p. 773.

(M. H.) Fishman Co., Inc.—Dividend Increased—
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 15 cents per share were distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of 55 cents was paid on Dec. 28, last, and an extra of 25 cents was paid on Dec. 1, last, and an extra dividend of 15 cents was paid on March 2, 1936.

Sales for Month of January

Sales 507 Month of January 1937 1936 Sales 507 Month of January 1937 1936 1937 1936 Sales 206,463 \$184,329 1935 \$165,027

Fitz Simons & Co	onnell Dr	edge & Do	ck Co. (&	Subs.)-
Calendar Years— Net income Depreciation	1936	1935	1934	1933
	<b>b</b> \$129,452	<b>b</b> \$302,257	<b>b</b> \$140,124	aloss\$19254
	98,072	111,509	111,842	116,731
Net profit	\$31,380	\$190,748	\$28,282	loss\$135,985
Cash dividends paid	61,821	46,367	30,913	38,753
Deficitc Shares com, stock out-	\$30,441	sur\$144,381	\$2,631	\$174,738
standing (no par)	66,821	66,821	66,821	66,821
	\$0.51	\$3.09	\$0.42	Nil

After charging all administrative and operating expenses, including ral maintenance and repairs. b After charging all administrative operating expenses, including maintenance and repairs and Federal me taxes. c Includes treasury stock.

	Compe	rative Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
y Land, plant and			x Common stock \$	1.259.105	\$1,259,105
equip.,docks, &c	1,238,929	\$1,244,098	Accounts payable_	51.190	42.267
Cash	105,635	202,230	Accrued insur. and		
Notes & accts. rec.	a237,283	242,677	taxes	38.188	51,428
Cash value life ins.	62,404	54.234	Other accrued liab.	7.280	2,456
Inventories	101,182	61,260	Res. for conting	25,000	25,000
Investments	30,350	30,450	Operating reserves	101,369	102,619
z Treasury stock	73.028		b Surplus	417.255	447.695
Officers & employ.	84 T V V Z				
notes & accts.rec	1.814	3,584	The second of the second		
Long-term notes	50.0	des la			
receivable	7.378	7,896			
Deferred charges	41.384				
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Total-----\$1,899,388 \$1,930,572 Total-----\$1,899,388 \$1,930,572 a Accounts receivable only. b Of the earned surplus \$73,028 is 1,930,672 of the earned surplus \$73,028 is represented by 5,000 shares of treasury stock and this amount therefore is not available for dividends or the purchase of company's shares. \*\* Represented by 66,821 no par shares, including treasury stock. \*\* After depreciation of \$889,102 in 1936 and \$798,757 in 1935. \*\* z Represented by 5,000 shares.—V.144, p.773.

Fontenelle Brewing Co.—Earnings-

Summary of Net In Gross profits from sales Advertising, selling and gene		the Year Ended Oct. 31, 1936	\$381,510 189,343
ProfitOther income			\$192,166 6,271
Total income Provision for Federal income	tax (est	imated)	\$198,437 30,000
Earnings per share on 150,00	00 commo	on shares (par \$1)	\$168,437 \$1.01
Assets— Cash Accounts receivable (net) Accounts receivable (net) Federal and State tax stamps. Claim for refund of State taxes Inventories. Plant property (net) Organiz. expense & copyright. Formulae, trade-marks, &c Deferred charges	59,659 6,063	Deposits on kegs, cases, &c Mortgages payable Demand loans due officer	40,116 8,000 2,648 35,432 91,978 29,000 175,626 150,000

Total\_\_\_\_\_\_\$756,773 Total\_\_\_\_\_\_\$756,773 a Company has contracted to purchase the name, trade-marks, formulae, &c., of "Metz" and is now processing beer under a contract which provides

\$756,773

for payments of 20 cents a barrel on all such beer sold until the company has paid the vendor \$50,000. Commencing Jan. 1, 1936, the payments are to aggregate not less than \$4,000 in each calendar year. At Oct. 31, 1936, the company had paid sums aggregating \$12,612 and had capitalized that amount. The balance of \$37,387 is not reflected as a liability, as the contract should be interpreted to relieve the company of future payments in the event of default, as the vendor's only recourse is to repossess the asset and retain the payments made. c Cumulative dividends on the convertible preference stock are in arrears since Oct. 1, 1933.—V. 144, p. 451.

Food Machinery Corp.—Earnings-

3 Mos. End. Dec. 31— 1936 et earnings after all 11935 **11934** [1933 charges\_ x\$239.521 \$135,900 x Before surtax on undistributed profits but after deduction of \$35,164 for the employees' share of profits for the quarter.—V. 143, p. 3841. [\$57,301 loss\$1,802

Fort Smith & Western Ry.—Earnings-

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents From Jan, 1—	1936	1935	1934	1933
	\$75,923	\$73,276	\$57,940	\$61,942
	21,870	21,917	5,378	8,933
	11,264	13,285	def1,360	2,595
Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	812,660	673,058	679,063	670,557
	162,635	54,011	53,811	75,558
	53,429	def35,377	def29,464	def4,895

#### Fort Worth & Rio Grande Ry.—Earnings—

		o key. Du	11001090	
December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net from rents	1936	1935	1934	1933
	\$48,060	\$37,143	\$38,354	\$33,334
	def39,861	def18,479	def17,174	def15,806
	def49,045	def23,913	def26,516	def25,712
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents —V. 144, p. 451.	464,494	442,737	469,666	424,044
	def163,836	def171,072	def154,375	def268,726
	def290,177	def265,161	def269,224	def393,536

## Fundamental Investors, Inc. - Earnings-

Years Ended Dec. 31— Net profit from sales of secur. based	1936	1935	1934
on average cost	Not re	ported	\$49,071 6,831
Balance Dividends Interest	\$200,083 4,312	\$69,844 5,249	\$42,241 43,220 904
Total incomeExpenses	\$204,395 73,053	\$75,093 26,004	\$86,365 21,454
Net income_ Dividends paid	\$131,343 y875,017	\$49,089 <b>x</b> 131,554	\$64,912 9,530

Tourists of \$75,813 applicable to earned surplus and \$55,741 applito undistributed net income. y Consists of \$750,424 declared out of europus and \$124,593 declared out of undistributed net income.—Y. p. 3841.

Galland Mercantile Laundry Co. - Earnings-

	Calendar Years— Profit Other income (net)	1936 \$112,404 22,069	1935 \$113,779 14,626	1934 \$136,881 11,324	1933 \$128,349 7,401
	Total profit Depreciation Federal income taxes	\$134,473 32,701 13,476	\$128,405 30,537 12,906	\$148,205 30,575 16,322	\$135,750 34,779 14,091
	Balance Dividends paid	\$88,297 75,000	\$84,962 87,502	\$101,308 87,502	\$86,880 94,791
1 1 X	Surplus P. & L. surplus Dec. 31 Earns, per sh. on 25,000	\$13,297 121,100	def\$2,540 110,650	\$13,806 111,342	def\$7,911 110,181
	shs. cap. stk., no par_	\$3.53	\$3.40	\$4.05	\$3.47
	Comp	arative Balan	ice Sheet Dec.	31	
	Assets— 1936	1935		1936	1935

Assets-	1936	1935		1936	1935
Cash	\$76,673	\$112,847	Liabilities-	S	8
a Accts. & accrued			c Capital stock	\$850.801	\$850.801
int. receivable	77,029	77.125	Accounts & wages	4000,002	0000,001
Mat'ls & supplies_	50,067	58,161		34,095	24,720
Marketable bonds	52,492	25,390	State employees in-	-,	
Capital stk. of sub.	1 12/14	A second second	surance contrib_	1.894	
at cost	20,787	12,482	Unpd. bal. of plant		
Trade routes	1	1	construct. costs_	"lober	11.936
Goodwill	1	1	Cust. deposits	1.096	998
b Land, buildings			Tax payable	17.761	16.271
and equipment_	640,282	612,558	Earned surplus	121,100	110,650
Cotton goods in					
circulation	102,500	107,500			
Deferred charges	6,916	9.312	Part Allow To Design the Part		

\$1,026,749 \$1,015,378 Total\_\_\_\_ -\$1,026,749 \$1,015,378 a After provision for doubtful accounts of \$7,500. b After allowance for depreciation of \$441,801 in 1936 and \$411,477 in 1935. c Represented by 25,000 no par shares.—V. 142, p. 4020.

Galveston-Houston Electric Ry - Farnings

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936—Mon		1936—12 M	00 1025
Operating revenues	\$2,499	\$16,184	\$187,557	\$208,127
Operation	639	10,563	117,154	126,090
Maintenance	80	3,089	35,385	41,328
Taxes	1,251	1,081	16,794	16,508
Net oper. revenues	\$1,807	\$1,450	\$18,223	\$24,199
Non-oper. income, net	3,415		5,035	92
Balance	\$5,222	\$1,450	\$23,258	\$24,292
Int. on 1st mtge. bonds_	5,108	5,108	61,300	61,300
Net income	\$114	def\$3,658	\$38,041	\$37,007

Net Profits and Other Income 11	61.563	loss\$31,738 loss\$31,738 loss12,672 loss5,799
	\$109,069	loss\$50,209
onths Ended—  Business Received	1936	1935
Siling   S	1,485,920 426,319	\$724,249 781,477 362,237
al for 7 months\$2  ##############################	2.945.140	\$1,867,963 \$900,589.—
neral Cigar Co., Inc. (& Subs.)—E	arnings-	1022
ndar Years—     1936       earnings     \$6,374.754       idmin. & gen exps.     3,929.594       c. & amortization_     491,868       d. &c., taxes     304,361       304,361     331,919	7.151.679 1.066.780	1933 \$6,239,641 3,925,706 477,280 155,852
ndar Years—     1936     1935     \$6,374,754     \$6,639,816     \$7,432       earnings—     3,929,594     3,871,420     42,268     499,991       c. & amortization—     491,868     499,991       al, &c., taxes—     304,361     331,919	1934 7,151,679 1,066,780 473,729 395,746	477,280 155,852
income \$1,648,931 \$1,936,486 \$2 income 153,726	2,215,425 127,527	\$1,680,803 58,339
al income \$1,802,657 \$2,076,131 \$2 st tment of inventory	2,342,952 9,407	\$1,739,142 11,198 1,006,424
	.333,545 .066,036	\$721,520 13,763,796
al surplus\$10.781,621 \$10,747,910 \$14 red divs. (7%) 350,000 c350,000 ton dividends 1,891,928 d1,418,946 b5	,202,002	350,000 1,891,928 177,353
llaneous charges	3,671,779	
ommon stock out- ding (no par) 472,982 472,982	472,982 \$4.19	472,982 \$0.78
ciudes regular dividends of \$350,000 and \$87, 11 and \$87,500 dividend payable June 1, 1935 (the d to surplus). b Consists of regular dividend	ne latter tw is (includin	o payments g \$472,982
le Feb. 1, 1935), \$2,364,910 and extra dividends le Feb. 1, 1935), \$2,837,892. Dividends paid of to surplus. c Representing dividends paid	d Feb. 1.	\$1,418,946 1935 were 1935 and
d per sh. on com. \$3.07 \$5.00 and \$87, cludes regular dividends of \$350,000 and \$87, to and \$87,500 dividend payable June 1, 1935 (the fob. 1, 1935), \$2,364,910 and extra dividend le Feb. 1, 1935), \$2,837,892. Dividends paid to surplus. c Representing dividends paid to surplus. c Representing dividends and the first of the following payable March 2, 1936 and ling three dividends of \$1 per share paid May 1 ov. 1, 1935.	June 1, 19 , 1935, A	36. d Rep- ug. 1, 1935
Balance Sheet Dec. 31	1936	1935
ts— \$ Liabilities— 7% cum, pref. stk	5,000,000 5,298,410	5,000,000 5,298,410
licenses for Dividends payab	175,000	1,000,000 175,000 321,743
ninery 1,057,269 1,214,230 Accepts, payable. receivable_ 70,750 62,750 Accounts payable. Govt. secs 3,000,000 3,366,700 payrolls,&c	626,42	
mat'ls, sup- ,&c13,801,763 12,809,024 Insurance reserved receivable5,000 Earned surplus	500 000	500.000
s. receivable 1,890,714 2,346,869 Capital surplus 2,083,261 2,644,038	3,899,65	3,899,658
deposited in d52,179 ed charges_ 148,479 131,051		
25,351,177 26,170,756 Total	in 1035	h After re-
or depreciation of \$3,217,678 in 1936 and \$3,020 ed by 472,982 shares of no par value.—V. 143,	),812 m 196	5. c Rep-
eneral Capital Corp.—Earnings— mdar Years— 1936 1935	1934	1933
and divs. received \$242,864 \$192,560 and expenses \$41,736 35,193	\$210,271 12,020	\$211,674 12,623
oss on sale of inv 880 390,385 1 for Fed. undistri-	\$198,251 1,004,099	\$199,051 1,002,628
loss for periodprof\$200,072 \$233,019	\$805,848	\$803,577
Statement of Surplus Year Ended Dec. 3: al surplus less operating deficit—Dec. 31, 1935, pital surplus \$9.535,133, perating deficit \$6.0 of 29.462 shares of corporation stock held in to	1, 1936 per books 95,627)	\$3,439,506
31, 1935		891,994
of cap. surplus cost of treas. stock Dec. 31, Net operating profit for the year ended Dec. 3 eds from sale of 1,372 shares of treasury stock excess of cost thereof (\$39,266)eds from sale of 3,627 shares of unissued stock (excess of amount credited to capital stock amo	1935	\$2,547,512 200,072
eds from sale of 1,372 snares of treasury stock excess of cost thereof (\$39,266)eds from sale of 3,627 shares of unissued stock (	(\$157,043)	16,587
al uct— butions to stockholders		\$2,852,302 198,557
nuctions to stockholders_ nucrease in corporation stock held in treasury at 6 (40,584 shares, cost \$1,367,397) over such s Dec. 31, 1935 (29,462 shares, cost \$891,994)	t Dec. 31, stock held	475,404
of cap. surplus less cost of treasury stock Dec. 3 dized net appreciation in quoted market value of securities owned at Dec. 31, 1936, in exce	31,1936 of market-	
rous_excess of assets, based upon marketable	securities	64,488
t quoted market value, over habilities and oper.31,1936	caontal at	\$2,242,829
Balance Sheet Dec. 31  1936 1935 Liabilities—	1936 ·	1935
\$252,777 \$254,305 Accts, payable at receivable 123,457 \$32,222 accrd. liability ment at costb4,990,725 5,265,130 Capital stock Capital stock	es \$26.43	4 \$30,138 3 a3,006,921
st and divi- is receivable c25,968 32,915 Operating deficit. Treasury stock.		9 9,535,133 6,095,627 Dr891,994
	er 200 00	0 00 004 071
epresented by 158,259 no par shares. b Attable securities at Dec. 31, 1936, are carried at cost, \$4,926,237. c Cash dividends receiv by 161,886 no par shares (including 40,584 sh. 5,834, 1,122 shares sold but unissued; amoun 1 \$21,318 and amount to be allocated to surply, \$3,123,663. e Surplus—Excess of assets, be its at quoted market value, over liabilities a	on the coable only.	rporation's d Repre-
by 161,886 no par shares (including 40,584 sh 1,834, 1,122 shares sold but unissued; amount to be allocated to surpl	ares held int to be a	n treasury) llocated to , total (as
1 \$21,010 and amount to be allocated to surpli	ased upon	marketable
ies at quoted market value, over liabilities a	and capita	I.—V. 144,

Fire Extinguisher Co.—Dividends—
ny paid dividends totaling \$1 per share on its no par common
936 and a dividend of 10 cents per share in 1935. No diviaid in the years 1934 or 1933.—V. 142, p. 460. -Dividends Motors Corp.—To Pay 25-Cent Dividend—
ors on Feb. 1 declared a dividend of 25-cents per share on the k, par \$10, payable March 12 to holders of record Feb. 11. se with a year-end dividend of \$1.50 paid on Dec. 12, last; erly dividends of 50 cents paid in each of the five preceding dividend of 25 cents per share paid each three months previvous extra distributions were as follows: 75 cents on Sept. 12 last; 50 cents on Dec. 12, 1935; 25 cents on Sept. 12, 1935; 59pt. 12, 1934; 25 cents on Dec. 12, 1933, and 30, cents per 3, 1930, and on July 2, 1929.—V. 144, p. 773. Railway Signal Co.--Earningsears—
er deprec.,
n, Federal
es, &c--on stock-share----1936 1935 1933 \$194,109 321,030 \$0.17 \$698,934 loss\$342,150 los 321,030 320,700 \$1.74 NII s\$24.120 320,700 Nil Steel Wares, Ltd. (& Subs.)--Earnings-1933 \$445,975 468,850 1935 \$925,996 432,286 36,404 3,606 250,000 2,250 250,000 2,550 3,785 49,750 ecia... , &c\_\_\_\_ cers\_\_\_\_. a. & Prov. ----35,000 26,000 17,000 on bonds Cr16,315 Cr52,065 Cr173,063 \$158,316 1,207,076 \$177,939 1,048,761 \$236,346 870,822 icit\_\_\_\_\_ \$870,822 \$1,048,760 deficit\_\_\_ \$634,475 \$1,207,076 Consolidated Bala 1936 1935 \$ \$ \$ 9,313 12,547 9,92,643 944,611 9-2,2651 19,040 3,219,530 3,169,964 181e, 63,405 Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1936 1935 \$ 136,945 605,032 52,524 72,085 4,114,590 180,000 6,878,500 4,500,000 1,000,135 870,822 ale, --- 63,405 56,989 --- 44,303 43,794 --- 12,463,813 12,422,045 \_16,815,659 16,668,991 Total\_\_\_\_\_16,815,659 16,668,991 ed by 200,000 shares of no par value. -V. 142, p. 954. & Florida RR.—Earnings— 
 Dec. 31—
 1936—Month—1935
 1936—12 Mos.—1935

 revenue.
 \$92,395
 \$79,708
 \$1,181,662
 \$1,093,530

 ry. oper...
 652
 2,306
 86,353
 93,165

 income...
 def1,832
 def4,287
 def12,359
 482
 20,617

 g income...
 1,328
 1,604
 15,793
 16,017
 def\$2,683 1,057 def\$504 427 \$3,434 11,103 \$36,694 12,328 lic. to int. def\$931 def\$3,741 def\$7,669 RR.—Earnings-1936 \$319,547 60,317 43,048 ilway.... way....s ilway\_\_\_\_ way\_\_\_\_ 8\_\_\_\_\_ 79. ortland Cement Co. -Earnings 1934 ter deprec., ate taxes... on 32,548 oref. stock... 1935 1933 1936 x\$55,757 loss\$47,249 loss\$120,691 loss\$143,167 \$1.71 Nil ax on undistributed profits amounting to \$7,120.—V. 143. -Earnings-Rapids Varnish Corp. (& Subs.)-1936 \$2,097,591 \$1,666,223 \$1,299,053 62,167 allowances, freight and 136,409 154,645 \$1,942,946 1,187,481 21,296 \$1,529,814 911,948 19,763 \$1,236,886 704,542 20,535 sold\_\_\_\_\_depreciation\_\_\_\_\_ \$598,103 331,222 106,673 994 \$511,809 259,271 104,549 991 t-lvertising expense----e and general expense-depreciation----372,792 129,329 1,013 \$159,215 11,541 19,500 orofit\_\_\_\_ ons (net)\_\_\_\_ Fed. income tax (est.)\_ Federal surtax\_\_\_\_ \$231,036 Cr11,510 33,150 10,050 \$146,997 26,325 18,600 \$128,174 69,125 \$79.643 \$59.049 \$37,497 share on 133,000 shares k (no par) \$1.50 \$0.76 1936 \$200,000 158,586 11,975 1935 \$181,414 55,822 15,357 19,500 security tax\_\_\_\_ Res. for conting\_\_ y Capital stock\_\_\_ Farned surplus\_\_\_ ets\_ Total x After reserves for depreciation of \$199,651 in 1936 and \$181,162 in 1935, y Represented by 143,500 no par shares. z Represented by 10,500 no-par shares.—V. 144, p. 774. \_\_\$1.091.345 \$863.308 \$1 091 345 \$863 308

Girard Life Insurance Co.—Dividend Increased-

The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$10, payable Feb. 10 to holders of record Feb. 1. This compares with 20 cents paid on Feb. 15, 1936; 40 cents paid on Feb. 15, 1935; 50 cents on Feb. 15, 1934; 75 cents on Feb. 15, 1936; 40 cents paid on Feb. 15, 1935; 50 cents on Feb. 15, 1932.—V. 142, p. 785.

Grand Union Co.—To Recapitalize—

The company has called a special meeting of stockholders for Feb. 25 to act on a proposed plan of recapitalization which has been approved by the board of directors.

Under the proposed plan, the outstanding convertible preference stock and common stock will be converted into a single class of common stock. Holders of the preference stock will receive a hare of the new common stock for each share now held. In satisfaction of accrued dividends, they will receive cash equal to the excess of such dividends over \$3.25 a share vill receive the preference stock or a dividend certificate for \$3.25 per share, payable only when determined by the board but in priority to any dividends on the common stock.

Each share of common stock will be converted into one-quarter of a

Stock.
Each share of common stock will be converted into one-quarter of a share of new common stock.
The close of business Feb. 10, 1937, has been fixed for the record date for stockholders.
As all of the common stock is held in a voting trust, a meeting of holders of voting trust certificates has been called for Feb. 24 at which time such holders may express their views as to the proposed plan for the guidance of the voting trustees.—V. 144. p. 774.

(W. T.) Grant Co.—Sales— Period Ended Jan. 31— 1937—Month—1936 1937—12 Mos.—1936 Sales——— \$5,625,962 \$5,176,316 \$98,346,228 \$91,981,814 —V. 144, p. 280.

Great Northern Ry.—Asks Bids on \$4,650,000

The company has issued invitations to bankers to enter bids at noon on Feb. 15 for an issue of \$4,650,000 2% equipment trust certificates due in one to ten years. The certificates will be issued against equipment to cost \$6,210,500. Discount bids will be accepted.—V. 144, p. 774. Great Northern Ry .-

Green Bay & Western RR.—Earnings—

December-	1000	****	5 Tu 1 Tu 2	1911
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$153,100	\$109,003	\$95.074	\$81.381
Net from railway	48,216	16.191	36,605	31.469
Net after rents	30,250	9,805	22,441	20,991
Gross from railway Net from railway	1,624,122 387,060	1,412,110 275,530	1,117,539 108,397	1,094,300 171,744
Net after rents	176,881	133,036	21,931	86,972

Greyhound Corp.—Listing of Preferred Stock— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 195,090 shares of 51/2% preference stock (\$10 par) which are issued and outstand-

on Dec. 28, 1936 the corporation paid an extra dividend of 75 cents per share on its common stock to holders of record Dec 10, 1936. The dividend was paid in 5½% preference stock at par to holders who elected on or before Dec. 15, 1936 to take the dividend in stock, and in cash to holders who did not so elect, the cash being provided by sale to underwriters of 5½% preference stock at par. A total of \$1,950,900 of 5½% preference stock was issued as a dividend and to the underwriters.—V. 144, p. 106.

 
 Gulf Mobile & Northern RR.—Earnings

 December—
 1936
 1935
 1936

 ross from railway
 \$609,449
 \$514,059
 \$42

 to from railway
 231,403
 171,936
 11

 at after rents
 96,262
 81,290
 81
 

-Earnings Gulf Power Co.-

Balance	\$10,163	\$16,513	\$140,852	\$127,732
Gypsum, Lime &			la, Ltd. (&	Subs.)
Period— Net profits for year_ Interest on funded debt_ Depreciation_ Depletion Written-off sund, assets_ Prov. for bad debts_ Directors' fees_ Inv. bds, written down Losses by subsidiaries_ Prov. for Dom, inc, tax,	169,064 8,114  10,300	167,944	Year End. Nov. 30 '356,904 \$356,904 229,281 180,945 6,787 12,762 35,869 2,540	\$306,603 232,743 166,401 5,635  6,758
Net profit	47.812	z\$48,074 504,887 504,887	z\$116,534 388,354	
Total deficit Miscellaneous credit Adj. applic. to prior yrs_	y107.155	\$48.074 *262	\$504,888	\$348,954 39,399
Surplus Earns, per share on 440,- 043 shares cap, stock (no par)		z\$47,812 Nil	• z\$504,888 Nil	z\$388,354 Nil

x Profit on Gypsum, Lime & Alabastine, Canada, Ltd., bonds transferred from Standard Lime Co., Ltd., \$7,750 less organization expenses of Standard Lime Co., Ltd., written off, \$7,488; net, \$262. y Profit on sale of shares of Gyproc Products, Ltd. z Deficit.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Nov. 30

Consolid 1936 \$378,097 290,914 4,759 4,040 459,697 39,893 1935 Ltabitutes— 1936
\$143,006 & accounts payable & accr. charges 5,446 & accrued/interest 4,039 Due to subsidiary 399,037 Municipal & other tayee 1930 1935 Cash\_\_\_\_\_ Receivables\_\_\_\_\_ Advances\_\_\_\_\_ Bonds held\_\_\_\_\_ \$114,498 56,777 Inventories\_\_\_\_ Life insurance\_\_\_ Mtges. & sundry 399,037 36,094 19,089 19,089 2,200,215 def47,812 4,081,000 13,500 52,070 9,320 8,520 estate 8,520 c Land, plants, &c. 3,520,066 d Mines, &c. 1,776,180 Mines, &c..... nvest. in & adv. to subsidiaries... Loans secured\_\_\_\_ Sink, fund reserve\_ 34.668 135,975 Sundry assets\_\_\_\_ Deferred charges\_\_ 68,574

-\$6,585,408 \$6,498,659 Total\_\_\_\_\_\$6,585,408 \$6,498,659 Total\_ b Represented by \$440,043 no-par shares. c After reserve for depreciation of \$337,009 in 1936 and \$167,944 in 1935. d After reserve for depletion of \$15,544 in 1936 and \$7,430 in 1935.—V. 142, p. 955.

Harmony Mills—Liquidating Dividend—
The directors have declared a partial liquidating dividend of \$5 per share on the 7% pref. stock, payable Feb. 8 to sholders of record Feb. 1. This will be the third distribution made, (a dividend of \$5 having been paid on Dec. 14, 1933, and one of \$25 per share on Aug. 15, 1933.—V. 139, p. 1370.

Gulf & Ship Island RR.—Earnings-

December— Gross from railway	1936 \$115,446	1935 \$89,810	1934 \$88,146	1933 \$90,618
Net from railway Net after rents	12,259 def38,455	def10.785	7,735 3,104	10,016 def4.427
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway		1.263.013	1.140.281	1.070.054
Net from railway	177.398	170,727	132,863	150,204
Net after rents	def146,384	def95,752	def150,098	def150,503

Hancock Oil Co. of Calif. - Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31— Gross operating income. Costs, oper. & gen. ex-	1936—3 Mos \$1,472,860	\$1935 \$967,814	1936—6 Mo \$2,950,041	s.—1935 \$2,307,808
penses, incl. raw materials, oper., sell. & ad-				
minis. exps., State, co. and Federal taxes Intangible develop, exps Deprec., retire. & tother	1,269,298 62,308	756,265 47,138	2,521,446 104,424	1,929,904 56,286
amortization Deplet. & lease amortiz_	77,379	104,245	159,611	159,626
Net operating profit V. 143, p. 3149.	\$63,875	\$60,165	\$164,561	\$161,991

Hart-Carter Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$2 cum. conv. preferred stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. This compares with \$3 50 paid on Dec. 1, last; \$0 cents paid on Sept. 1, last; \$1 paid on July 1, last; \$0 cents paid on June 1, last, and \$2.25 per share paid on March 2, 1936 this latter being the first disbursement made since Dec. 1, 1931, when 25 cents per share was paid; siliar payments were made in the two preceding quarters and prior thereto regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents per share were paid.—V. 144, p. 774.

Haverty Furniture Cos., Inc.—10-Cent Dividend—
The company paid a dividend of 10 cents per share on its common stock on Jan. 25 to holders of record Jan. 18. This compares with 25 cents paid on Dec. 22, last; 20 cents paid on Nov. 25, 1936 and a dividend of 15 cents per share distributed on Sept. 25, 1936. Prior to this latter payment dividends of 10 cents per share had been disbursed.—V. 144, p. 107.

1936-12 Mos.-1935 \$403,194 \$352,588 \$1.34 \$1.17

Hein-Werner Motor Parts Corp.—Application Approved
The Chicago Stock Exchange has approved the application of the company to list 100,000 shares of common stock, \$3 par, to be admitted to trading on notice of registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

—V. 143, p. 4156.

(Walter E.) Heller & Co. (& Sub.)-Earnings 

 Years End. Dec. 31—
 1936

 Income
 \$1,003,474

 Acquis., collection, factoring, gen. & admin. exp
 458,692

 Prov. for doubtful receivables
 108,787

 Prov for Fed. income & excess profits taxes
 63,792

 Provision for Federal surtax
 18,876

 Net profit on above operations. \$353,327 \$271,582 30,294 \$301.877 24,027 \$353,327 561,258 \$277,849 477,322 \$914.585 \$755,172 6,200 114,682 119,316 Balance, earned surplus, Dec. 31\_\_\_\_\_\_ nares common stock (par \$2)\_\_\_\_\_ arnings per share\_\_\_\_\_\_ \$680,586 242,333 \$0.98 \$561,257 234,094 \$0.89 arning

x Includes extra of \$42,481 paid July 31, 1935. Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1936 1936 Liabilities Short-term coll. tr. notes\_\_\_\_\_ Notes pay., unsec\_ Notes due individ\_ Accounts payable\_ 377,500 4,702,325 4,512,500 Notes pay., unconstruction of the construction 33.831 52,790 Reserves 15,000
Deferred Inc., &c. 435,776
Pref. stk. (par \$25) 1,641,125
Com. stk. (par \$22) 484,666
Capital surplus 41,992
Earned surplus 680,587 449,014 1,641,125 468,188

Total\_\_\_\_\_\_11,246,930 7,906,290 Total\_\_\_\_\_\_\_11,246,930 7,906,290

\*After deducting dealers' reserves held as security of \$2,316,449. y After deducting balances withheld from dealers, &c., payable upon collection of receivables, \$3,057,068 and reserve for doubtful receivables, \$210,831.

\*See y above.

\*Note\*\*—The only asset of Heller Modernization Credit, Inc., as at Dec. 31, 1935 was cash in the amount of \$5,000, the contra of which was capital stock. Walter E. Heller & Co. owned all of the issued stock of Heller Modernization Credit, Inc.—V. 144, p. 281.

Modernization Credit, Inc.—V. 144, p. 281.

Hercules Powder Co., Inc.—Annual Report—
In line with general business, company's business maintained a strong upward trend, according to the annual statement by R. H. Dunham, President. For the year as a whole, the volume averaged approximately 20% greater than in 1935. All departments participated in the improvement, and the level of output was in excess of 1929 except in the case of explosives. Although the explosives business registered a substantial gain, reflecting improvement in consuming fields, it still remained below a satisfactory level.

The company's naval stores business was larger in volume and rosin prices at the end of the year reached a level more than double that prevailing a year ago. The nitrocellulose business showed a substantial gain; while less than average improvement in the chemical cotton business was occasioned by the displacement of this product by certain competitive materials in some consuming industries. Paper Makers Chemical Corp., a subsidiary, has been dissolved and the business formerly conducted by that corporation is now being carried on by the Paper Makers Chemical Division. This branch of the business enjoyed a further gain during the year.

Mr. Dunham pointed out in his statement that Hercules expenditures

year. Mr. Dunham pointed out in his statement that Hercules expenditures on research activities amounted to \$850,000 for the year and that its experiment station at Wilmington, representing a capital investment of

\$1,250,000, affords complete facilities for industrial research of the highest order.

 

 Net profit
 \$4,284,164

 Preferred dividends
 590,544

 Common dividends
 3,065,365

 Rate of common divs
 (\$5.25)

 \$3,175,973 707,163 2,042,661 (\$3.50) \$3,038,406 738,753 2,041,951 (\$3.50) \$2,363,055 739,656 1,311,095 (\$2.25) Surplus
Previous surplus
Proceeds fr. sale of stk.
in excess of stated val. \$628,256 10,178,157 \$426,149 \$257,702 10,229,141 10,040,110 23,672 -----Balance, surplus \_\_\_\_\$10,623,674 \$10,178,157 \$10,229,141 \$10,040,110 hares of common out-

Shares of common outstanding (no par) -- 573,879 583,639 583,529 582,629 Earned per sh, on com. \$6.33 \$4.23 \$3.95 \$2.79 \$2.79 \$4.87 ded educting all expenses incident to manufacture and sales, ordinary and extraordinary repairs, maintenance of plants, accidents, depreciation, taxes, &c. x Changing from accrued to declared basis. y Includes Federal income and capital stock taxes of \$951,863 and undistributed profits tax of \$97,336.

\*\*Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	Conson	suutou Dutu	nee Sheet See. Gr
	1936	1935	1936 1935
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities— \$ \$
x Plants & prop'y_:	17.439.546		Preferred stock 9,619,400 9,619,400
Goodwill	5,000,000	5.000,000	y Common stock_15,155,850 15,155,850
Cash		4,363,701	Accts, payable and
Accts. receivable_		3.086,502	acer. accounts 1,565,709 825,250
a Co.'s cap, stock			Accrued pref. div. 131,232 153,104
(at cost)		1.687,808	Deferred credits 40,822 12,040
Other assets	70.447	77,849	Federal taxes 1,081,073 619,818
Invest. securities_		210.382	Reserves 3,907,979 3,597,080
U. S. Govt. securs.		2,386,501	Profit and loss10,623,674 10,178,157
Mat'ls & supplies_		3,004,042	
Finished products			그 경기를 하는 것이 하는 그 모든 지원을 했다.
Deferred charges			

Total 42,125,740 40,160,700 Total 42,125,740 40,160,700 a 8,706 shares pref. in 1935 and 1936 and 22,355 shares common in 1936 (22,595 in 1935). x After depreciation of \$15,003,460 in 1936 and \$14,-216,193 in 1935. y Represented by 606,234 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 107.

Hibbard, Spencer & Bartlett & Co.—May Market Stock—The company is considering selling approximately 20,000 shares of its reasury stock to provide additional working capital for its expanding business, C. J. Whipple, President, told stockholders at the annual meeting Jan. 23.

Concerning the sale of the treasury stock, Mr. Whipple said "more cash is required for working capital and it may be well to sell our treasury stock." Negotiations are now going on with investment bankers, he said.—V. 144, p. 775.

Hoboken Manufacturer's RR.—Note—
The Interstate Commission on Jan. 26 authorized the company to extend for not more than three years from Jan. 11, 1937 a 6% promissory note for not exceeding \$298,040, payable to the order of the Seatrain Lines, Inc.—V. 143, p. 4002.

### (A.) Hollander & Son, Inc. (& Subs.)-Earnings-[Corporation and 100% Owned Subsidiaries]

Calendar Years Sales Cost of sales Sell., gen. & adm. exp	1936 \$4,280,041 2,794,147 775,394	\$3,363,535 2,461,176 614,903	\$2,966,178 2,078,492 624,989	\$2,774,055 1,829,477 555,896
Gross profit	\$710,500 181,644	\$287,455 98,211	\$262,697 123,572	\$388,682 74,792
Total income Interest paid Depreciation Other deductions Res. for Fed. inc. taxes_	\$892,144 22,162 71,893 111,066 <b>b</b> 101,409	\$385,666 16,838 68,129 116,025 26,160	\$386,268 21,350 64,908 64,822 32,338	\$463,474 22,227 64,315 127,184 36,213
Net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends	c\$585,614 697,914	\$158,513 719 93,263	\$202,850 7,000 93,263	\$213,534 13,300
BalanceCom. shs. outs. (\$5 par) a Earnings per share	\$3.14	\$0.84		193,100 \$1.03

proferred stock. b This item represents normal Federal income taxes only, in that this company was not subject to either excess-profits tax or surtax on undistributed profits. c Giving effect to subscription for 26.575 common shares as of Dec. 28, 1936, the above net profit is equal to \$2.75 a share on 212,600 shares.

	Consc	lidated Bal	ance Sheet Dec. 1		
Assets-	1936	1935	Labilities-	1936	1935
a Land, buildings.		14 (57)	c Common stock	\$1,132,875	
machinery, &c.	1,460,048	\$1,380,503	Capital surplus	845,475	
b Goodwill, for-			Earned surplus		
mulae, &c	460,000	460,000	Federal taxes		
Investments	426,193		Res. for contig	94,500	
d Treas. stk. (cost)	94,360	80,850	Res. for royalties.	16,308	2,916
Deposits	44	588			
Cash	342,126				
Notes receivable	190,686				
Accts. receivable_	913,107				
Loans receivable	7,272		the second of the second		
Warrant A continue	115 000	00 554			

Total \$4,009,516 \$3,538,307 Total \$4,009,516 \$3,538,307 a After depreciation of \$791,600 in 1936 and \$931,268 in 1935. b Goodwill, &c., of B. J. Goodman, Inc., only. c Represented by 13,975 (13,475 will, &c., of B. J. Goodman, Inc., only. c Represented by 226,575 (200,000 in 1935) shares (par \$5) before deducting shares in treasury amounting to 13,975 (13,475 in 1935) shares. d Represented by 13,975 (13,475 in 1935) shares of A. Hollander & Son, Inc., stock.—V. 144, p. 614.

(13,475 in 1935) shares of A. Hollander & Son, Inc., stock.—V. 144, p. 614.

(Henry) Holt & Co., Inc.—Class A Dividend—

The directors have declared a dividend of 10 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.80 cum. partic. class A stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 9. A dividend of 30 cents was paid on Dec. 1, last, and dividends of 10 cents per share were paid on Sept. 1, June 1 and March 2, 1936, and on Dec. 2, 1935, this latter being the first payment made on the issue since June 1, 1933, when 15 cents was paid. 22% cents per share were distributed each three months from June 1, 1932, to March 1, 1933, incl. Prior to then regular quarterly dividends of 45 cents per share were disbursed.—V. 143, p. 3001.

Homestake Mining Co.—\$2 Extra Dividend—

The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$2 per share in addition to the regular monthly dividend of \$1 per share on the capital stock, par \$100, both payable Feb. 25 to holders of record Feb. 20. Similar distributions were made in each of the 31 preceding months. The company paid

extra dividends of \$1 per share and regular dividends of \$1 per share each month from Jan. 25, 1934, to and including June 25, 1934. In addition a special extra of \$20 per share was paid on Dec. 5, 1935.—V. 144, p. 281

Home Oil Co., Ltd.—Earnings—

Dividends and interest from investm Expenditure	ents	\$41,137 19,119
Net profitSurplus Dec. 31, 1935		\$22,018 15,957
Balance Sheet, D	ec. 31, 1936	\$37,975
Investments 1,334,073	Ltabilities— Capital stock Profit & loss acct., balance Current liabilities Reserves	37,975 6,295
Total \$1,453,282 x Represented by 880,000 no par issued.—V. 141, p. 753.	Totalshares including 9,142 sha	\$1,453,282 res to be

Home Title Insurance Co., Brooklyn, N. Y .- Super-

Home Title Insurance Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.—Super-intendent of Insurance to Recommend Reorganization—
Reorganization of the company based on a plan of deferment of claims and part payment, will be recommended by Louis H. Pink, State Super-intendent of Insurance, he announced Jan. 29, if the creditors virtually are unanimous in favor of such action.

His attitude toward reorganization of the company, now in liquidation and with about \$48,000,000 outstanding guarantees, was made known in a report to William H. Parke, appointed as referee by Supreme Court Justice George E. Brower to consider the reorganization of the company.

"Essentially the plan is one which requires creditors to waive in part and postpone their rights in existing guarantees while the company is restored to its old officers and personnel, subject no longer to supervision by the Superintendent of Insurance." Mr. Pink said.

"The plan is so developed as to create an estoppel on the part of creditors to prevent them from enforcing their existing guarantees, and as such is one that essentially requires practically 100% consent of those affected by the plan," he continued.

He asserted that plan in effect asked creditors to defer their claims for seven years for part payments meanwhile, in the hope that by careful management and through the improvement in the real estate market the properties and mortgages held as collateral for the guarantee would appreciate to such an extent that the assets of the old company would meet the actual losses in full.

"One obstacle to the final success of the plan lies in the financial condition of the company." Mr. Pink said. "Figures have been submitted in the record of this hearing which show that the company can reasonably expect to meet all its obligations on its estimated finalized losses, but to do so may mean practically the complete liquidation of all of its assets with the exception of the stock of the Home Title Guaranty Co. and the main office building. Even these assets may be pledged with the Reconstructio

## Honolulu Rapid Transit Co., Ltd.—Earnings

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mon	h-1935	1936—12 M	os —1935
Gross rev. from transp	\$87,774	\$83,210	\$1,010,017	\$938,843
Operating expenses	61,487	56,003	680,821	614,029
Net rev. from transp.	\$26,287	\$27,207	\$329,197	\$324,814
Rev. other than transp.	6,430	3,300	39,311	30,122
Net rev. from oper	\$32,718	\$30,597	\$368,508	\$354,936
Deductions	22,273	12,528	241,335	221,395
Net revenue	\$10,445	\$18,069	\$127,173	\$133,540

Hoskins Mfg. Co.—To Cut Par Value—
Stockholders will be asked at the annual meeting Feb. 25 to approve change in par value of company's capital stock to \$2.50 a share from par, and split-up on the basis of four new shares for each share held.—V. 14: p. 3633.

on & Erie Mortgage Corp., London, Ont.-

nuron & Erie M	origage C	orp., Lon	don, one.	Liui no.
Years End. Dec. 31— x Profit for the year Dom. of Canada taxes.	1936 \$365,935 48,557	1935 \$377,896 30,955	1934 \$441,987 69,929	1933 \$475,701 54.894
Provinces of Can. taxes   Municipal taxes, other	10,001			
than on real estate	12.826	12,738	12,125	11,473
Written off office prem's Approp. for further add'n		31,500	56,052	56,000
to internal reserves Dividends	100,000 250,000	300,000	300,000	325,000
Balance Previous surplus	def\$45,448 125,251	\$2,703 122,548	\$3,881 118,669	\$28,334 90,335
Balance, surplus		\$125,251	\$122,549	\$118,669
w Afron parring interest	on dehentin	nge and deno	sits, deductiv	or expenses

x After paying interest on debentures and deposits, deducting expenses of management and other expenses, and making provision for actual losses.

Balance Sheet Year Ended Dec. 31

1936	1935	193	1935
Assets— \$	8	Liabilities— \$	\$
Office premises 2.000,000		Canadian debs 27,158	
a Real estate 968.576	774.876	Sterling debs 2,269	448 2,268,085
b Mtges, & agree-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d Sterling deb. stk.	
ments34,250,982	35,060,895		,660 213,749
c Securities 6.040.985		Deb. int. accrued. 370	376,232
Canada Trust Co.		Deposits 8,956	
stock 1.557.555	1,558,080		5,000 15,000
Cash 816,248	459,766	Capital stock 5,000	
		Reserve fund 1,500	
			3,500 75,000
		Profit and loss 79	0,804 125,251

# Illinois Central R. R. System—Earnings— Earnings of System Only

	December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
	Gross from railway	\$10,730,783	\$8,541,375	\$7,855,474	\$7,815,162
	Net from railway	3,672,757	df3,216,034	2,184,605	2,765,024
	Net after rents From Jan. 1—	2,560,724	df3,831,546	1,763,714	2,276,501
	Gross from railway	114.955.547	97,459,738	91.144.973	87,958,483
	Net from railway	29,701,552	15,606,159	23,289,573	26,019,011
	Net after rents	17,115,016	6,724,243	13,543,614	16,823,087
		Earnings of	Company Only	r	
	December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
	Gross from railway	\$9,128,281	\$7,448,670	\$6,882,848	\$6,635,509
0	Net from railway	2,928,162	df3,091,726	1,905,015	2,254,135
	Net after rents	2,021,014	df3,526,432	1,610,178	1,962,734
	From Jan. 1—	00 040 004	04 707 710	70 000 0FF	#F 000 F00
	Gross from railway	98,843,934	84,767,518	79,228,255	75,966,799
	Net from railway	24,072,509	12,710,843	20,074,138	21,940,948
	Net after rents	14,087,852	6,108,950	12,688,092	15,371,241
	-V. 144, p. 100.				

Calendar Years Local service rev Toll service rev Miscellaneous re				**************************************	1933 \$56,734,952 15,071,302 1,059,603
Total Uncoll. oper. rev	enues\$8	31,567,702 196,539	\$76,396,980 262,184	\$57,519,054 Cr817,957	\$72,865,859 661,478
Total oper. rev Current mainten Depreciation exp Traffic expenses Commercial expe	nses		\$76,134,796 13,809,635 13,062,730 12,683,127 6,803,972	\$58,337,011 13,820,521 Cr4,174,034 12,438,250 6,394,817 1,095,504 484,382	\$72,204,380 12,934,829 11,791,272 12,411,153 6,027,608 1,139,128
Operating rents. Exec. & legal der Accounting and	reasury	6,668,532 937,822 461,844	6,803,972 1,048,039 386,853	1,095,504 484,382	555,599
Prov. for employ	ees' ser-	2,512,161 985,248	3,252,206	3,138,861	2,312,837 1,014,159
Employee's sickr cident, death, benefits	ess, ac- & other	900,248	1,010,622	1,006,511	
Services received license contr	under:	627,422 1,135,563	550,578		485,833 1,039,209
Other general (less "exps. construction	Pagenery			610,381	
Taxes		962,384 12,384,900	1,614,857 7,008,240	661,900 8,442,949	9,550,590
Net oper. inco Net non-oper. in	me\$	14,484,594 208,961	\$13,791,539 535,326	\$13,909,763 968,133	\$12,538,389 880,694
Income availatived charge Bond interest Other interest	s\$	14,693,555 1,575,000 356,889	\$14,326,865 2,530,230 Cr185,138	\$14,877,896 2,436,310 5,060,043	\$13,419,083 2,436,310 451,673
Amort. of disco	ount on		112,788	123,041	123,041
Bal. avail. for Divs. on com.	divs\$	12,761,667 12,000,000	\$11,868,985 9,000,000	\$7,258,501 5,250,000	\$10,408,058 12,000,000
Bal. carried to	surplus	\$761,667	\$2,868,985	-	df\$1591,941
Earns. per sh. or 000 com,shs.(p a The income made in connec Chicago coin bo issue of Feb. 8,	ar\$100) statemen sion with	\$8.51 ts for 1934 the Feder ibers. [Ti	\$7.91 and 1935 real Court or nese adjustn	\$4.84 offlect certain ders requiring dents were g	\$6.94 adjustments g refunds to given in our
			lance Sheet D	ec. 31	1935
Assets— Telephone plant30	\$	\$	Liabilities-	- \$ 150,000,00	
Miscell. physical property Invests, in con-	969,547	969,519	Prem. on stock	cap. 19,57 t 45,000,00	6 19,576 0 45,000,000
Invests. in con- trolled cos Other investm'ts Sinking fund Cash	356,010 1,012,210 250,000 6,003,755	1,976,242 1,109,423 1,602,095	Notes sold trustee of sion fund	to pen-	
Special cash de- posits Working funds_	100,508 218,608	2,582,255 239,298	posits & vance billi	ng &	0 1 459 970
Temporary cash investments.	4,269,626	4,914,636	Accounts pa	y. &	
Notes receivable Accounts receiv. Mater. & supp. Deferred debits.	9,817 8,210,133 3,504,727 790,251	8,654 7,215,586 3,902,153 723,066	bonds not presented	r. A yet for	0.500.055
			not due	100,50 abil. 11,008,26	2 8,105,791
			Def. credits. Deprec. rese Unappropris	rve. 89,889,50	1 244,563 3 83,323,542
	1000	4.5	surplus	20,698,58	-
* Demand not not presently re Note—The cor a contract cover Western Indians more than \$230	es held by quired to npany est ring the p Telepho ,000 agai	y trustee as meet pens imates that ourchase of one Co. wil onst surplus	s an investment of the fulfillment certain shar lultimately s.—V. 144,		trust funds gations under f the North- harge of not
December— Gross from railw		1026	1025	1934 \$440,781	1933 \$389,099 130,292
Net from railwa Net after rents_ From Jan. 1—			131,886	158,929	87,454
Gross from railwa Net from railwa Net after rents. —V. 144, p. 10	ау У 7.	5,998,627 2,238,273 1,531,948	5,312,739 1,747,028 1,219,921	4,930,061 1,502,179 1,003,617	4,749,837 1,547,554 883,962
Independ					-Earns
Net income after Earns per share	all charge on 187,84	ges 9 capital sh	ares		- \$5.81
The Chicago pany to list sto capital stock: proposed change provides an increstock trust certificational share p. 4003.					of the com- lares of new ursuant to a posed change presented by oution of one ng.—V. 143.
Incorpora Years Ended L Cash dividends Interest	ec. 31—			\$2,539,745 5,159	£115,122
Total income Management fee Taxes Transfer agents' Legal fees and ex Printing stock ce	fees and e	expenses		\$2,544,903 347,002 101,474 20,543	\$1,750,183 225,467 x46,115 16,606 4,906 4,281
Miscellaneous ex	penses			4,474 2,228	

\$2,069,184 \$1,451,818

56,670 \$2,125,854 990,356

\$3,116,210 z2,813,566

60,089

## INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAYS General 5s, due 1967

## TRADING DEPARTMENT EASTMAN, DILLON & CO. MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

15 Broad Street New York A. T. & T. Teletype N. Y. 1-752

A. I. & I. Idictype N. I. I.	02	
Statement of Paid-in Surplus Account Year Balance Jan. 1, 1936 (as reduced by realized net losse fers to capital stock on account of stock dividends I Net gain realized on sales of investment securities year, computed on "first-in, first-out" basis as	s and trans- paid)	31,633,935
vears		7,115,482
Surplus paid in (portion of proceeds of new capital coated to surplus)	issues ano-	5,933,150
Net credit on account of treasury capital stock trust (resulting from sales thereof in the period) Adjustment of tax provision applicable to prior year_		80,644 44,348
Total Distributions from net gains realized since Jan. 1, 19	36 on sales	44,807,560
of investment securities: Paid Oct. 30, 1936 (75 cents per share) Paid Dec. 22, 1936 (81.50 per share) Transfers to capital account for stock dividend at \$5		2,158,541 4,492,872
Transiers to capital account for stock dividend at \$5 67,960 shares paid April 30, 1936 Taxes (original issue taxes and portion of estimated	per snare on	339,800
tax applicable to gains)		26,008
Other expenses (in connection with issues and reg capital stock)	gistration of	11,678
Balance of paid-in surplus, Dec. 31, 1936	rities at Decation of \$10 tion attribution attribution attribution accounts thout deduc	\$37,778,660 c. 31, 1936, .782,185 at table to the s per books tion for any
Condensed Statement of Net Resources Dec.	31, 1936	
On Dec. 31, 1936, the company had:		\$5,496,034
Investments at market quotations-* United States Government securities		2,038,128 335,000 69,435,676 182,298
Interest and dividends receivable		
Making total resrouces of		\$77,487,133 96,632 80,551 4,000
This leaves net resources of	nt to \$25.77	
Independence Fund of North Am		
John L. Anderson and Dalton A. Griffith have —V. 143, p. 2523.	been electe	d directors
Independent (Subway) System of N. Period End. Nov. 30—	1936 Month	1935 5 Mos.
	\$1 215 010	@F FOO 005
Operating revenuesOperating expenses	\$1,215,010 847,205	\$5,588,887 4,148,813
Income from operation	\$367,805 742	\$1,440,074
Income from operation	\$367,805	\$1,440,074 4,641
Income from operation Non operating income  Net income  V. 144, p. 455  Indiana Associated Telephone Corp	\$367,805 742 \$368,547	\$1,440,074 4,641 \$1,444,718
Income from operation Non operating income  Net income  V. 144, p. 455  Indiana Associated Telephone Corp	\$367,805 742 \$368,547 p.—Earni	\$1,440,074 \$1,444,715 \$1,444,715
Income from operation Non operating income  V. 144, p. 455  Indiana Associated Telephone Corperiod End. Dec. 31—1936—Month—1935 Operating revenues \$102.799 \$95.179	\$367,805 742 \$368,547 p.—Earni: 1936—12 M \$1,205,039	#,140,813 \$1,440,074 4,641 \$1,444,715 mgs— os.—1935 \$1,121,402 818
Income from operation Non operating income  Net income  -V. 144, p. 455  Indiana Associated Telephone Corp	\$367,805 742 \$368,547 p.—Earni	\$1,440,074 \$1,444,715 \$1,444,715 ngs— os.—1935 \$1,121,402

Net operating income... \$44,100 \$31,191 \$440,020 \$367,561 ...

Indiana Steel Products Co.-Initial Dividend on New

Common Stock—

The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of 15 cents per share on the new \$1 par common stock, payable April 1 to holders of record March 15.—V. 144, p. 776.

Industrial Rayon Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

 Haddstriat Rayon Corp. (& Subs.)

 Years Ended Dec. 31—
 1936
 1935
 1934
 1933

 Net profit after deprec., experimental expenses, Fed. taxes, loss on sale of U. S. Govt. sec., &c x\$1,361,460
 \$608,012
 \$1,340,121
 \$1,806,792

 Shs. capital sik., no par. 606,500
 606,500
 600,000
 200,000

 Earnings per share......
 \$2.24
 \$1.00
 \$2.23
 \$9.03

 x After deducting estimated Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

 V. 144, p. 776.

Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—Court Approves New

Judge Julian W. Mack in U. S. District Court gave verbal approval Jan. 27 to the motion of Thomas E. Murray jr., receiver for the company, for permission to make expenditures in preparation for the 1936 World's Fair passenger traffic to Flushing, Queens.

The court's order, however, was not signed, as there was no provision in the form authorizing the Guaranty Trust Co., as trustee of the consolidated mortgage, to permit the use of part of its security fund in the purchase of 50 new cars and the construction of a third track for express service, and also provisions for increased power. The trustee must obtain consent of the surety companies for the use of the fund before an order may be effective. An order to buy the cars was issued by the Transit Commission in 1932, but was opposed by the Interborough and the receiver until the 1939 World's Fair was in prospect. Charles Franklin, counsel for the Manhattan Rywhich owns the elevated properties operated by the I. R. T. under a 999-year lease, filed a protest against the grantin of Mr. Murray's petition. The Board of Estimate has approved remodeling of the Willetts Point Station of the I. R. T. at a cost of \$650,000 to permit extension of express service to Flushing, Queens.—V. 144, p. 777.

Net income\_\_\_\_\_\_ Part of proceeds of capital stock constituting payment for participation in undivided earnings\_\_\_\_

Undivided earnings Dec. 31 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$302,644 \$990,356 x Includes \$22,000 accrual of 1936 Federal capital stock tax, which is subject to subsequent adjustment as the amount of the tax cannot be finally determined until declaration of capital value is made in the return to be filed in July, 1936. y Representing amount included in price of new shares for participation in accrued gross earnings before expenses and in the balance of undivided earnings account. z Exclusive of \$6,651,413 distributions charged to paid-in surplus account.

Total\_\_\_\_Cash dividends declared and paid during year.

Undivided earnings Jan. 1 .....

Industrial Securities C	orp., Midd	lletown,	Conn.
Years Ended Dec. 31— Gross contracts and notes purchased Income—Earned discount		\$3,606,680 238,069	\$1,669,246 136,830
Rents from real estate Insurance premiums and recording	food	1,652 5,673	1,559
Sundry income		3,073	497
Total income		\$245,425 100,438	\$139,753 54,956
Expenses Interest paid_ Provision for taxes and licenses		59.067	43,079
Provision for losses Provision for depreciation and amort		11,688 25,855 8,707	1,800 6,838 7,440
riovision for debreciation and amore	izauon		
Earned surplus, beginning of year		\$39,670 6,203	\$25,640 56,245
Net profit		10,269	46
		\$56,141	\$81,932
Transferred to capital surplus			42,595 26,634
Common stock dividends		\$56,141	\$12,703 6,500
Preferred stock dividends		20,225 10,384	
Hearned surplus Shares common stock (par \$10)		\$25,532 25,286 \$1.16	\$6,203 <b>x4,000</b>
Earnings per share		\$1.16	\$6.41
x Par \$25. Balance Si	neet Dec. 31		
Assets— 1936 1935 Cash \$266,057 \$65,462	Notes payable	1936 \$931,62	1935 1 \$336,351
Loans, notes & con- tracts receivable 2.410.029 1.120.507	Ctfs. of deben	tock.	9 500,001
Other receivables. 749 3,083 Invest., at cost 5,811 1,000	Div. on pref. st pay. Jan. 1 Accrued exper	'37_ 7,68 nses_ 12,56 144,75	9 8 -2,721
Furniture, fixtures  & automobiles 29,214 15,499	Reserves	144,75	8 55,390
Real estate acq'd win settlements 5,226 4,952	reserve	392,39	3 202,517
Prepayments and other assets 10,184 9,626	\$10)	252,86	, T. S.
Deferred charges 5,820 9,688	(par \$25) Capital surplu Earned surplu	744,80 18 37,69 18 25,53	0 26 634
	Earned surplu	25,53	1 26,634 2 6,202
Total\$2,733,090 \$1,229,815	Total	\$2,733,09	0 \$1,229,815
x Par \$25.—V! 143, p. 4157.		143 A 4 1	=
International Great North	1935	1034	1933
International Great North December 1936 Gross from railway \$1,055,389 Net from railway 177,267 Net after rents 7,805	\$923,630 63,430 def22,236	\$908,927 89,340	\$896,506 199,144 41,280
Net after rents 7,805	def22,236		
Gross from railway 12,141,148 Net from railway 1,950,570 Net after rents 148,032 V 144 p 108	11,534,327	12,575,330	12,287,759
Net after rents 148.032 -V. 144, p. 108. 4	1,934,090	_1,370,550	1,518,751
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filed to the common stock has no present va- the reorganization plan provides to (par \$2) be issued. Owners of the ou	d stockholders the plan. The alue. hat 33,524 sha tstanding prefe	of the comp e committee eres of new ca erred stock w	pany, which maintained pital stock ould receive
International Holding C. Preferred stockholders of the Co Preferred stockholders of the Co Prano & Pianola Co.) have asked th reorganization of the company. Ba October, 1935, when it was stated to concern's financial troubles. A committee representing preferre is located in Garwood, N. J. filed to the common stock has no present va The reorganization plan provides The reorganization plan provides unalf a share of the new stock for eac would then be canceled, along with i The committee, comprising Edwa John S. Stubbs, further recommend be permitted to buy a half share of	d stockholders the plan. The alue. hat 33,524 sha tstanding prefe	of the comp e committee eres of new ca erred stock w	pany, which maintained pital stock ould receive
A committee representing preferre is located in Garwood, N. J. filed the common stock has no present very the reorganization plan provides the	d stockholders the plan. The alue. hat 33,524 sha tstanding prefe	of the comp e committee eres of new ca erred stock w	pany, which maintained pital stock ould receive
A committee representing preferre is located in Garwood, N. J. filed it he common stock has no present verification plan provides the reorganization plan provides the preferred in the committee, comprising it would then be canceled, along with The committee, comprising Edws John S. Stubbs, further recommend be permitted to buy a half share of share of the preferred they possess.  The committee makes no provise International Match Co	d stockholders the plan. The alue. hat 33,524 sha tstanding prefe th share of prefe the accumulate ref M. Beattif ed that the ov the new capit tion for holder	of the competer committee ares of new carred stock we ferred. The ed dividends, e, Harry B. where of preisal stock for are of commons of common	pany, which maintained pital stock ould receive latter issue Ogden and ferred stock \$1 for each on stock.—
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filed the common stock has no present the common stock has no present the The reorganization plan provides the present provides to the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with the committee, comprising Edward on S. Stubbs, further recommend be permitted to buy a half share of the preferred they possess.  International Match Committee—	d stockholders the plan. The slue 33,524 sha tatanding prefe h share of prefe he accumulate and M. Beattle de that the or the new capit slon for holder pp.—Protect	of the compectation of the committee committee are of new caperred stock we ferred. The dividends, e. Harry B. whers of preval stock for rs of committive Agreen	pany, which maintained upital stock ould receive latter issue Ogden and ferred stock \$1 for each on stock.— ment Ter-
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filed the common stock has no present the common stock has no present the The reorganization plan provides the present provides to the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with the committee, comprising Edward on S. Stubbs, further recommend be permitted to buy a half share of the preferred they possess.  International Match Committee—	d stockholders the plan. The slue 33,524 sha tatanding prefe h share of prefe he accumulate and M. Beattle de that the or the new capit slon for holder pp.—Protect	of the compectation of the committee committee are of new caperred stock we ferred. The dividends, e. Harry B. whers of preval stock for rs of committive Agreen	pany, which maintained upital stock ould receive latter issue Ogden and ferred stock \$1 for each on stock.— ment Ter-
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filed the common stock has no present the common stock has no present the The reorganization plan provides the present provides to the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with the committee, comprising Edward on S. Stubbs, further recommend be permitted to buy a half share of the preferred they possess.  International Match Committee—	d stockholders the plan. The slue 33,524 sha tatanding prefe h share of prefe he accumulate and M. Beattle de that the or the new capit slon for holder pp.—Protect	of the compectation of the committee committee are of new caperred stock we ferred. The dividends, e. Harry B. whers of preval stock for rs of committive Agreen	pany, which maintained upital stock ould receive latter issue Ogden and ferred stock \$1 for each on stock.— ment Ter-
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filled the common stock has no present vertical the reorganization plan provides the represent per \$2) be issued. Owners of the outlief a share of the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with the committee, comprising Edwardon S. Stubbs, further recommend on permitted to buy a half share of share of the preferred they possess.  The committee makes no provise in the protective makes no provise in the protective committee for part protective agreement dated April 15 to the Chase National Bank depositions of the control share of certificates of the Chase National Bank depositions of shares of participating prefere early of shares of participating prefere early shares of participating prefere	d stockholders the plan. The slue. The slue. That 33,524 sha tetanding prefet he hare of prethe accumulation for the mew capit don for holder p.—Protect licipating prefet, 1932, has ter f deposit may ary, 11 Broad rs, without exp. The stock stocks remove stocks removed the slue.	of the complete committee committee carred stock we ferred. The sid dividends, e. Harry B. where of present such forms of committive Agreen such a minated such present such St., New Yoonseito then	pany, which maintained upital stock tould receive latter issue Ogden and terred stock.—  on stock.—  cting under a protective certificates rk, and the a, the number of the control of the
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filed the common stock has no present verification of the reorganization plan provides the represent parts 2) be issued. Owners of the outling a share of the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with the committee, comprising Edws John S. Stubbs, further recommend on permitted to buy a half share of the preferred they possess. The committee makes no provise International Match Committee—  The protective committee for part protective agreement dated April 15 agreement. Holders of certificates to the Chase National Bank depositiopsofts from the protective to such holder perifor shares of participating preferences are sof deposit.	d stockholders the plan. The slue. hat 33,524 sha tatanding prefet share of prediction of the accumulation of the accumulation for holder that the output slue for holder the prefet share of deposit may ary, 11 Broad rs, without expince stocks rep	of the complete committee committee committee carred stock we ferred. The did dividends, e. Harry B. where of prelated for the dividends of the committee Agreements of the committee Agreements uch present such St., New Yoonsejto then resented by a second such present of the committee of the com	pany, which maintained upital stock tould receive latter issue Ogden and terred stock.—  nent Terciting under a protective certificates rk, and the n, the numsuch certifi-
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A committee representing preferre is located in Garwood, N. J. filled it the common stock has no present we The reorganization plan provides the common stock has no present we The reorganization plan provides to the reorganization plan provides to the two present we the common stock for each would then be canceled, along with it The committee, comprising Edward on the preferred they possess. The committee makes no provide permitted to buy a half share of share of the preferred they possess.  International Match Committee makes no provide the protective agreement dated April 15 agreement. Holders of certificates on the Chase National Bank deposition of the Chase National Bank deposition of shares of participating prefere cates of deposit.  To Replace Committees— The International Match Realizates of the Chase National Match Realizates of deposit.  To Replace Committees— The International Match Realizates of the International Match debantures to effect an forderly sand assets recovered on behalf of the Ide I is proposed to loffer voting trust for International Match debantures for International Match debantures for International Match debantures wertificates all the Stocklof the new company in for exchange, thus substituting the prepresentatives of creditors Jand contentative for such assets to Dirotect the dangers of forced sales at distress The plan was prepared by the prochase price, the dangers of forced sales at distress The plan was prepared by the prochase price, the dangers of forced sales at distress The plan was prepared by the prochase price, the dangers of forced sales at distress The plan was prepared by the prochase price, and depositors.—  International Nickel CoAgain Increased— The directors on Ifeb. 1 declared a common stock, no par value, payable Phile company with the approval of the prospectus are the lebenture holders and depositors.—  International Nickel CoAgain Increased— The directors on Ifeb. 1 declared a common stock, no par value, payable Phile company with the approval of the prospect	d stockholders the plan. The hat 33,524 sha tatanding prefer haccumulate the accumulate the decided of the haccumulate the decided hat the or the new capit don for holder the new capit don for holder the haccumulate the or holder the new capit don for holder the new capit don for holder the holde	of the committee committee committee committee are of new care of new care of the committee are of dividends, and the call stock for rs of committee all stock for rs of committee are of committ	pany, which maintained apital stock will receive latter issue older on the cert of the cert of the cert of the cert of the certificates of the certificates of the certificate of the ce
A committee representing preferre s located in Garwood, N. J. filled it he common stock has no present verifier the reorganization plan provides the common stock has no present verifier the reorganization plan provides the provides of the owners of the outside a share of the new stock for each would then be canceled, along with it The committee, comprising Edward on the preferred they possess. The committee to buy a half share of share of the preferred they possess. The committee makes no provise international Match Committee of the preferred they possess. The protective committee for part protective agreement dated April 15 agreement. Holders of certificates of the Chase National Bank deposition of the Chase o	d stockholders the plan. The hat 33,524 sha tatanding prefer haccumulate the accumulate the decided of the haccumulate the decided hat the or the new capit don for holder the new capit don for holder the haccumulate the or holder the new capit don for holder the new capit don for holder the holde	of the committee committee committee committee are of new care of new care of the committee are of dividends, and the call stock for rs of committee all stock for rs of committee are of committ	pany, which maintained apital stock ould receive latter issue Ogden and ferred stock \$1 for each on stock.—  ment Tercing under a protective certificates rk, and the remaining held by the la company to certificate debenture of the remaining the certificate at the remaining the certificate of the remaining the la company to the remaining

Chronicle Feb. 6, 1937 International Products Corp.—\$3 Accumulated Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$3 per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumul. pref. stock. par \$100, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 10. A like dividend was paid on Dec. 15, last and compares with a dividend of \$6 paid on July 15, last, and \$3 paid on Jan. 15, 1936, and on Oct. 24, 1935, this latter being the first payment to be made on the pref. stock since July 15, 1931, when a similar amount was distributed.—V. 143, p. 3002. International Rys. of Central America—Earnings-Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—Month—1935 1936—12 Mos.—1935 | Gross revenues.— \$461,490 \$458,615 \$5,112.141 \$4,717,456 Oper, exps. & taxes.— 272,492 288,590 3,042,269 2,838,136 \$188,998 \$170,025 \$2,069,872 \$1,879,320 Inter-Ocean Reinsurance Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$1 per share in addition to a semi-annual dividend of like amount on the common stock, both payable March 9. An extra dividend of \$1 was paid on Jan. 31, 1936, and extra dividends of 50 cents per share were distributed on Jan. 31, 1935, Jan. 31, 1934, and on Jan. 31, 1933.—V. 142, p. 788. Interstate Hosiery Mills, Inc. (& Subs.)--Earnings-Calendar Years— 1936

Net profit after all chgs. and Federal taxes— \$440,263

Shs. cap. stock (no par)— \$6,991

Earnings per share— \$4.53 1933 1934 \$462,619 96,191 \$4.81 \$277,404 96,991 \$2.86 \$400,421 96,991 \$4.13 Investment Corp. of Philadelphia-Earnings Years Ended Dec. 31—
Cash divs. (incl. all divs. received, whether out of surplus or capital of the paying company)
Interest \$90,332 \$55,216 8,221 \$47,144 5,829 Total
Expenses
Federal capital stock tax
Interest paid \$96,940 26,945 10,978 10,572 \$52,973 27,141 4,050 6,516 \$63,437 29,449 15.552 11.715\$15,265 \$48,445 \$6,720 552,685 120,710 386,836 \$601,130 x95,000 Total\_\_\_\_ Provision for Federal income tax\_\_\_\_ \$393,556 x65,612 \$135,976 14,500 Net profit for the year\_\_\_ Dividends paid\_\_\_\_\_ \$121,476 44,100 \$506,130 394,267 \$327,944 49,331 Balance \$111,864 \$278,612 \$77,376 x Includes Pennsylvania income taxes.

Note—At Dec. 31, 1936, unrealized net profits on securities and other transactions (before provision for Federal excess profits tax and surtaxes on the unrealized profits and appreciation) were approximately \$300,458 as compared with \$206,502 at Dec. 31, 1935. \$77,376 \$300,456 transactions of the unrealized profits and appreciation of the unrea

Total \$1,778,730 \$1,673,478 Total \$1,778,730 \$1,673,478 X Capital stock authorized, 27,000 shares of no par value; issued and outstanding at stated capital value, 20,700 shares (incl. 4,000 shares in treasury), \$517,500; capital surplus \$1,767,381 add excess of proceeds of sales of treasury stock over cost, \$928; less stated value (\$25 per share) of 700 shares capital stock issued in exchange for 7,000 warrants (each entitling the holder to subscribe, before Jan. 1, 1939, to one share of no par value common stock at \$100) surrendered and canceled \$17,500 and cost of 4,000 shares treasury stock \$224,279, balance \$1,526,530; total foregoing \$2,044,030.—V. 144, p. 282.

\$2,044,030.—V. 144, p. 282.

Iowa Public Service Co.—New Financing—

A financing program for the company will be undertaken soon with the offering of issues of \$14,200,000 first mortgage bonds, 3% series due 1967, and \$2,200,000 debentures due serially from 1938 to 1947. A. C. Allyn and Co., Inc. and Bonbright & Co., Inc. will be the principal underwriters, with additional members to be announced later.

The company is a subsidiary of Penn Western Gas & Electric Co. a registered holding company under the Public Utility Act of 1935. Iowa Public Service Co. has filed an application for exemption under this law.

Total operating revenues amounted to \$4,402,477 for the 12 months ended Nov. 30, 1936, as against \$4,069,101 for all of 1935.

Bonds Called-

A total of \$54,500 first mtge. gold bonds, 5% series, due 1957, have been called for redemption on March 1 at 105 and interest. Payment will be made at the City National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago.—V. 144, p. 777

Irving Air Chute Co., Inc. (& Subs.) - Earnings 1933 1936 1935 1934 \$208,556 198,900 \$1.04 \$336,276 198,900 \$1.69 \$119,799 loss\$51,307 199,000 199,000 \$0.60 Nil

Jonas & Naumburg Corp. (& Subs.)—Earning

Earnings for the Year Ended Oct. 31

(Subsidiary companies for the Year Ended Aug. 31) -Earnings-

	Gross profit from sales Selling expenses General expenses	1936	1935 \$194,413 43,956 106,323
	Profit from operationsIncome credits	\$421,375 52,943	\$44.134 15,888
74	Gross income		\$60,022 10,494 3,894 2,056 4,617 7,613
	Net income for the year Surplus, Oct. 31, 1934	\$359,596 44,316	\$31,346 ×12,970
	Earned surplus since Jan. 1, 1934	\$403,912 \$1.08 amount of	\$44,316 \$0.09 \$686,381 to

pital surplus. Note-Mas fiscal year commenced Nov. 1, 1935, company was not subject "surtax on undistributed profits" in 1936.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Oct. (Subsidiary companies Aug. 31) idiary companies Aug. 31)

1935
\$367,733

Notes & loans payable to banks.
Foreign draft pay
Accounts payable.
214,113
Poposits payable.
Accr. exps.—inc.
taxes, wages, &c
Def. credit—unearned interest.
Res. for foreign exchange adjust.
b20,546

Common stock(par 1936 \$213,732 5,088 Assets-Assets—
Cash
Marketable secur
a Notes, trade accetp. & accts.
receivable.
Inventories
Net debit in intercompany accts. 1936 1935 \$328,819 51,810 21,546 37,090 -----\$40,473 47,057 116,485 35,107 Net debit in inter-company accts.
Advances against merchandise...
Accr. int. receiv...
Investments...
Cash surr. value of life insurance policies..... Cr191.483 243 59 69,252 59 8,763 3.220 &c"
Common stock (par \$2.50)
d Old \$3 cum conv, pref. stk...
e Old common stk.
Capital surplus...
Earn, surplus since
Jan. 1, 1934.... 810,007 777,603 policies...
c Land & bldgs...
c Mach., tools & equipment...
c Prop. leased to others...
Deferred charges... 4,417 197,998 13,828 3,355 342,562 41,665 y7,927 342,562 203,503 55,533 42,703 403,912 44,316 23,374 29,299

Total \$1,786,688 \$1,691,728 Total \$1,786,688 \$1,691,728 a After reserves for discounts and doubtful accounts of \$26,233 at Oct. 31, 1936 and \$24,673 at Oct. 31, 1935. b After reserves for depreciation. d Represented by 851 no par shares at Oct. 31, 1936 (2,564 at Oct. 31, 1935) to be exchanged for new common capital stock on the basis of 6½ new shares for each old share. e Represented by 6,711 no par shares at Oct. 31, 1936 (15,854 at Oct. 31, 1935), to be exchanged for new common stock on the basis of 1 new share for each 5 old shares.—V. 144, p. 777.

(F. L.) Jacobs Co.—Earnings-

Kansas City Power & Light Co.—Annual Meeting—Stockholders at their annual meeting on March 22 will consider ratifying the action of the directors in authorizing the issuance of \$33,000,000 principal amount of first mortgage bonds, 3½ % series due 1966, for the purpose of refunding a like principal amount of first mortgage bonds.—V. 144, p. 282.

Kansas Electric Power Co.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of \$5.000,000 outstanding principal amount 1st mtge. bonds, series A, 3½%, due Dec. 1, 1966.—V. 143, p. 4158.

Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf Ry.—Earnings-

	December-	1936	1935	1934	1933
G	ross from railway	\$215,336	\$186,631	\$146.901	\$127.172
N	et from railway	116.971	125,005	82.835	59.652
N	et after rents From Jan. 1—	73,872	72,145	64,491	33,407
G	ross from railway	2.480.555	2.009.701	1.875.510	1.775.837
N	et from railway	1.310.828	932,497	876.022	836.098
N	et after rents -V. 144, p. 108.	809,019	551,037	521,824	453,228

Kelvinator of Canada, Ltd. (& Subs.)-Earnings-Including Kelvinator, Ltd., England, and Leonard Refrigerator Co. of Canada, Ltd.]

Years Ended Sept. 30— Gross profit (after deduct'g sales taxes)	1936 \$898,400	1935 \$605,407	1934 \$626,090
Selling, service, admin. salaries and all other expenses	481,423	466,931	474,897 4,368
Directors' fees	Cr19,971 96,966	2,354 497 28,677	4,368 407 30,493
Net profit	\$339,982 34,720	\$106,947 34,720	\$115,925 34,720

Note—Included in the costs and expenses for 1936 are the following: irectors' fees, \$2,982; remuneration to executive officers, \$44,728; legal 28, \$2,655, and depreciation, \$21,782.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Sept. 30

including Kelvin	ator, Ltd		a, Ltd.]	Refrigerato	or Co. of
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash on hand and			Accts, payable and		
in banks	\$334,890	\$232,860	accrued charges_	\$102,646	\$67,732
x Notes & accounts			Res. for British &		
receivable	183,851	154,723	Dom, income &		
Receiv. from Kel-			sales taxes	121,226	58,256
vinator Corp.,			Res. for guar, serv.		11.125
Detroit	41,562	28,524	Charges for war-		
Inventories	432,635	279,484	ranty contracts_	21,665	
y Land, leasehold	The second		Res. for losses on		A. 1 T. 100
premises, bldgs.,		1. 1. 1. 1.	notes rec. disc'td		2,500
mach'y & equip.,			Def'd liab, to Kel-		
furn. & fixtures.	147,890	140,282			24,892
Factory supplies,			7% cum, sink, fund		29.00 m
tools, def. chgs.			pref. stock (par		
&travelers'advs.	11,832	15,213			496,000
Patents, good-will,			z Common stock		500,000
develop. & sell.		7 3 1.2	Cap, surp, re sink-		SER TENT
rights	422,741	553,418		131,393	106,500
			Consol, earned sur-		
			plus account	162,191	137,499
matal a	1 555 400	21 404 505			

Total \$1,575,402 \$1,404,507 Total \$1,575,402 \$1,404,507 x After reserve for doubtful accounts of \$18,750 in 1936 and \$14,834 in 1935. y After reserve for depreciation of \$133,423 in 1936 and \$115,447 in 1935. z Represented by 100,000 no-par shares.—V. 143, p. 1722.

Kendall Co.-Bonds Called-

All of the outstanding 20-year 5½% debentures, series A, due 1948, were called on Jan. 29, 1937, for redemption on March 1, 1937, at 102 and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the City Bank Farmers Trust Co., New York City.—V. 143, p. 3321.

Kreuger & Toll Co.—Distribution—
A distribution at the rate of \$23.13 per \$1,000 of secured debentures deposited will be made on Feb. 18 to holders of deposit certificates issued by the protective committee of which Grayson M.-P. Murphy is Chairman, according to an announcement made Feb. 1 by Mr. Murphy. On registered certificates payment will be made by checks mailed to the holders of record on Feb. 11, while holders of bearer certificates of deposit may present them on and after Feb. 18 at Guaranty Trust Co., New York, or, depending on the form of certificate, in London, Basle or Stockholm. Mr. Murphy stated the payment represents a redistribution of the funds collected by the committee as a first dividend from the American bankruptcy estate. See also V. 144, p. 778.

American Holders' Hearing Adjourned—

Referee Harold P. Coffin adjourned the hearing on the motion to expunge or subordinate the claims of holders of American certificates of the participating debentures issued by Kreuger & Toll until April 29. The session held on Jan. 28 was entirely consumed by the submission of briefs

and other documents by the various attorneys interested. At the same time the referee set Feb. 25 as the date for the next creditors hearing. The subordinating and expunging motion was originally made during August, 1936, by Edward S. Greenbaum, trustee in bankruptcy of Kreuger & Toll Co., at the request of the Marine Midland Trust Co. of New York, trustee for the holders of secured debentures issued by the bankrupt. He said at the time that the motion was necessary in order to fix the status of the claimants in the bankruptcy who would ultimately be entitled to dividends.—V. 144, p. 778.

Key West Electric Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Month		1936—12 Mo	s1935
Gross earnings	\$14,154	\$12,288	\$150,619	\$150,118
Operation	6,168	5,626	59,191	66,188
Maintenance	$^{769}_{2,274}$	1,374	7,517	18,275
Taxes Interest & amortization_	2,274	$\frac{1,633}{2,351}$	19,445 26,452	16,314 24,297
		2,002		21,201
Balance	\$2,822	\$1,301	\$38,012	\$25,042
Appropriations for retiren	ent reserve		20,000	20,000
Preferred dividend requir	ements		24,374	24,374
Deficit for common div	idends and sur	plus	\$6,361	\$19,332
	Dalamas Chas	1 Dec 21		

	2000	baiance Sn	eet Dec. 31	(A) NO 1/4		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935	
a Property, plant			b 7% pref. stock	\$348,200	\$348,200	
and equipment_\$	1,385,523		c Common stock	500,000	500,000	
Cash	34,628	55,447	1st mtge. 5s	439,000	445,000	
Accts. receivable	62,161	63,246	Notes payable	36,000	50,000	
Mat'ls & supplies_	20,434	21,125	Accounts payable.	4.464	11,280	
Appli'ces on rental	18		Customers' depos-	10.195	9.196	
Prepayments	1,831	343	Int. & taxes accr'd	16,180	17,166	
Miscell. invest	325	345	Sundry liabilities_	996	896	
Sinking fund cash	100	293	Retirem't reserve_	75,020	59,777	
Unamort. debt dis-	Comment for		Operating reserves	6,967	6,335	
count & expense	18,544	19,721	Surplus	86,543	67,783	
Totals	1,523,566	\$1,515,634	Total	1.523.566	\$1 515 634	

a At cost based on the par or stated value of securities issued, or cash paid therefor, less retirements. b Par \$100 par share. c Represented by 5,000 shares (no par).—V. 144, p. 282.

Lake Superior & Ishpeming RR.—Earnings-

December— Gross from railway—— Net from railway—— Net after rents From Jan. 1—	1936	1935	1934	1933
	\$46,040	\$44,742	\$29,487	\$32,274
	def38,732	def33,177	def38,658	def7,706
	def95,329	def41,575	def43,939	def25,439
Net from railway Net after rents  -V. 144, p. 109.	2,931,809	2,224,036	1,422,948	1,871,784
	1,717,105	1,156,037	495,246	1,047,671
	1,195,756	834,857	270,648	762,909

Lanston Monotype Machine Co.—Dividend Doubled—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$2 per share on the common stock, par \$100, payable Feb. 20 to holders of record Feb. 10. Previously dividends of \$1 per share were distributed each three months.—V. 142, p. 3681.

Lautaro Nitrate Co., Ltd.—Deposit Time Extended—
The company has notified the New York Stock Exchange that the time within which first mortgage 6% convertible gold bonds, due July 1, 1954, may be deposited under the readjustment plan dated Aug. 20, 1936, of the company, has been extended to and including Feb. 28, 1937.—V. 144, p. 283.

Lehigh Valley RR .- To Borrow \$5,000,000-

Lehigh Valley RR.— $To\ Borrow\$  \$5,000,000— The company has applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to borrow \$5,000,000 from the Manufacturers Trust Co., New York, for which it will issue a three-year note dated March 1, 1937, bearing interest at the rate of 21% for the first year and 3% for the next two years. Proceeds will be used to pay off existing Reconstruction Finance Corporation oans, which bear an interest rate of 4%. This will result in an interest saving of \$50,000 a year.—V. 144, p. 779.

Lerner Stores Corp.—Sales-

Period Ended Jan. 31— 1937—Month—1936 1937—12 Mos.—1936 Sales.———— \$2,091,568 \$1,862,543 \$37,155,908 \$32,192,296 —V. 144, p. 616.

Libby, McNeill & Libby—Bonds Called—
A total of \$313,000 first mortgage 5% 15-year gold bonds, due Oct. 1, 942, have been called for redemption on April 1 at 103 and interest, eayment will be made at the Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Ill.—V. 143, p. 3847.

Loew's, Inc.—50-Cent Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to a regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable March 31 to holders of record March 12. An extra of \$1 was paid on Dec. 31 last; extras of 50 cents were paid on Sept. 30 last and on Dec. 31, 1935, and extras of 75 cents per share were distributed on Dec. 31, 1934, and on Dec. 31, 1929, while an extra of \$1 was paid on Dec. 31, 1931, and 1930.—V. 144, p. 616.

Long Island RR.—Earnings-

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents	1936 \$2,057,836 305,519 def58,091	\$1.968,269 406,759 78,038	\$1,952,676 772,655 434,812	\$1,872,797 769,084
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway	25,525,378 5,909,185	23,794,826 5,363,467	24,227,481 7,080,899	493,849 24,068,582 8,682,594
Net after rents	797,449	540,687	2,372,922	4,230,658

Los Angeles Gas & Electric Corp.—Advance Payment—
The corporation announced that all holders of its first and general mortgage bonds, series of 4s, due 1970, may now receive payment, in advance of maturity, at a price of 105 and accrued interest to March 30. As a result of the voluntary sale of a part of the utility properties of the corporation to the City of Los Angeles, the bonds will become due and payable on March 30. The bonds may be surrendered at any time for payment to Bankers Trust Co., New York, Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles, or American Trust Co., San Francisco.—V. 143, p. 3321.

Louisiana & Aukan - D-

Louisiana & An	Lansas Ny	-Larning	78—		
December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents From Jan. 1—	132,486	1935 \$409,856 133,980 93,061	1934 \$383,213 123,845 72,988	1933 \$330,076 118,758 68,702	
Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rentsV. 144, p. 109.	5,537,818 1,783,113 1,090,601	4,792,102 1,669,106 1,132,072	4,467,631 1,526,027 1,007,116	4,124,940 1,433,061 919,772	

Louisiana Arkansas & Texas Ry.—Earnings-

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents From Jan. 1—	1936	1935	1934	1933
	\$99,419	\$82,758	\$63,665	\$64.965
	4,617	16,245	22,446	17.819
	def11,823	2,429	15,948	2,712
Oross from railway	1,252,844	969,906	952,999	840,409
	176,274	215,855	217,216	161,344
	def71,486	44,923	23,878	def1,843

Louisville & Nashville RR.—Plans Equipment Issue—
The company has applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to issue and sell \$4,950,000 2½% serial equipment trust certificates, series G, to take care of the bulk of the cost of new equipment.—V. 144, p. 616.

Lower-Austrian Hydro-Electric Power Co.—Interest— The interest due Feb. 1, 1937, on the guaranteed 20-year closed first mortgage sinking fund 6½% gold bonds, due 1944, was paid on that date. —V. 143, p. 761.

Ludlow Mfg. Associates—\$2 Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$2 per share on the common stock, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 6. Previously regular quarterly dividends of \$1.50 per share were distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of \$3 was paid on Dec. 1, last.—V. 143, p. 3471.

Luther Mfg. Co.—Dividend Increased—
The company paid a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the common stock, par \$100, on Feb. 1 to holders of record Jan. 19. A dividend of \$1 was paid on Nov. 2, last, this latter being the first dividend paid on the common stock since Aug. 1, 1934 when \$1 per share was also distributed. Dividends of \$1 per share were paid each quarter from Nov. 2, 1931 to and including May 2, 1932. Prior to Nov. 2, 1931 regular quarterly dividends of \$2 per share were distributed.—V. 143, p. 3003.

share were distributed.—v. 143, p. 3003.		
McCrory Stores Corp.—Sales— Month of January— Sales—	1937 \$2,509,664	1936
Sales—V. 144, p. 284.	\$2,509,004	\$2,324,484
McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., Inc. (8	& Subs.)	- $Earnings$
9 Months Ended Sept. 30— Gross sales, less discounts, returns and allowances_ Mechanical, delivery, editorial and circulation costs	\$7,327,275 3,360,108	1935 \$6,123,554 2,948,900
Balance	\$3,967,167	\$3,174,654
Maintenance and repairs Deprec. & deple. or charges in lieu thereof	41,770	40,799
Taxes (other than income taxes)	97,536 $96,306$	95,740 85,186
Rents and royalties	282,517	242 557
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2.353.071	243,557 1,911,120
Provision for doubtful accounts	43,355	29,707
Net income from operations	\$1,052,608	\$768,541
Total other income		57,328
Total gross income	\$1.112.441	\$825,869
Interest on funded debt	7,049	16,580
Interest on long-term debts	142,500	142,500
Miscellaneous interest	1,800	77777
Minority interest in subsidiary	99,770	94,874
Provision for Federal income taxes	116,052	54,556
Net income	\$745,268	\$517,358
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet S.	ept. 30, 1936	
Assets-   Liabilities-		
Cash \$754,226 Accounts pay	able	. \$310,964
Accts. & notes rec., less res've 1,309,382 Accr. liabil. &		
Inventories 796,745 Notes pay. to		
Value of life insurance 96,718 Notes payable		
Other assets, less reserves 508,999 Mortgage (du		
Prepaid & def'd expenses 112,228 Secured serial		
Inv. in assoc. cos., less res_ 366,554 Reserves		
Treasury stock a585.642 Minor, int. in	subsidiary	1.106.369

 
 Treasury stock
 a585,642
 Minor, int, in subsidiary
 1,106,369

 Real estate (net)
 5,362,384
 Common stock (600,000 shs.)
 3,000,000

 Furniture and fixtures
 1
 Capital surplus
 4,644,089

 Pub. titles, copyrights, &c.
 10,068,838
 Earned surplus
 4,039,052
 Total......\$19,961,718 | Total......\$19,961,718 a 32,018 shares at \$705,112, less reserves to reduce the foregoing to the market value as of Dec. 31, 1935, \$119,469.......V. 144, p. 779. \_\_\$19,961,718 Total\_

McLellan Stores Corp.—Sales-

Period Ended Jan. 31— 1937—Month—1936 1937—12 Mos.—1936 Sales.———— \$1,247,732 \$1,094,350 \$21,991,831 \$19,944,550 — V. 144, p. 457.

Managed Investments, Inc.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of five cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of like amount on the common stock, no par value, both payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 1.
An extra dividend of 25 cents was paid on Dec. 24, last and extra dividends of five cents per share were distributed on Nov. 16, Aug. 15, and May 15, 1936 and on Dec. 23, 1935 and Feb. 15, 1934.

\*\*Examinate For Vane Fielded Dec. 21, 1922. Earnings for Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936

Cost of securities sold	452,675
Profit on securities sold	\$106,965 12,510 45
TotalExpensesProvision for Federal income tax	\$119,520 33,036 11,012
Net profit Dividends Earnings per share on 97,913 shs. common stock (no par)	\$75,472 58,748 \$0.77
Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936	
Assets— Liabilities— Securities at book value \$315.590 Current liabilities	e19 141
Cash on deposit 73.211 Common stock	
Chon on deposition in the common brooks as a second	,010

Securities at book valueCash on depositMiscell, account receivableDivs, receiv., decl'd but unpd. Prepaid expense	73,211 181	Current liabilities Common stock Capital surplus Undivided earnings	\$12,141 x97,913 266,451 12,529
Totalx Represented by 97,913 a			\$389,033
x represented by 31,313 1	to bar suc	103. V. 171, p. 201.	

Warshall Field & Co.—Option Modified—

The New York Stock Exchange has been notified that the option agreement entered into between this company and James O. McKinsey under date of Oct. 7, 1935, which originally entitled him to buy up to a total of 100,000 shares of common stock no par value, of the company on the following basis, (1) to buy up to 50,000 shares of common stock at \$10 per share at any time between Oct. 1, 1936, and Dec. 31, 1938 (or in the alternative, this option, to receive a sum of money equal to the amount by which the market price, as defined in the contract, of 50,000 shares of common stock them exceeds the sume of \$500,000, and (2) if contract of employment in effect on Dec. 31, 1937, Mr. McKinsey may buy any part of an additional 50,000 shares of common stock thereafter and before Dec. 31, 1940, at the book value of the stock as of Dec. 31, 1937, has been modified by a contract entered into between the company and said James O. McKinsey on Jan. 5, 1937. The changes in the original agreement made by the modifying agreement are summarized as follows:

(1) The period within which the first option covered by the contract had to be exercised was extended from Dec. 31, 1938, to Jan. 10, 1939.

(2) The right of Mr. McKinsey to receive cash on account of any part of the 50,000 shares covered by the first option is limited to 30,000 of such shares.

(3) The definition of "market price" on which the amount of cash to be received by Mr. McKinsey would be based, is changed from the average daily market quotations, as stated in the original contract, to the average daily market quotations, as stated in the original contract, to the average daily market quotations of the stock on the New York Stock

Exchange for 60 days immediately proceding the exercise by Mr. McKinsey of his election.

Exchange for 60 days immediately proceding the exercise by Mr. McKinsey of his election.

(4) Mr. McKinsey agrees that he will purchase at least 20,000 shares of common stock of the company under his first option before he shall be entitled to receive any cash with respect to the balance of the 50,000 shares covered by said option.

(5) It is agreed that the number of shares to which each of the two options contained in the original agreement refers shall not be affected in any way by the consummation of the recent plan of reorganization and recapitalization of the company.

(6) The determination of "market price" under the terms of the option agreement as amended shall not be affected by the issuance of any stock pursuant to said plan of reorganization and recapitalization.

(7) The determination of the book value of the stock to which Mr. McKinsey's second option relates shall not be affected by the consummation of the plan of reorganization, and in determining such book value there is first to be allocated to all preferred stock outstanding the par value of such stock plus any and all dividends in arrears, and the balance of the equity in the corporation shall be allocated to the common stock.—V. 144, p. 284.

such stock plus any and an antiferential stock to the common stock.—V. 144, p. 284.

Martin-Parry Corp.—Listing—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 50,000 additional shares of capital stock (no par) on official notice of issuance pursuant to the offer to stockholders, making the total amount applied for 175,000 shares.

The company intends to offer to stockholders of record Feb. 10 the right to subscribe to 4-10ths of a share of stock at \$9 per share in respect of each share of stock held. The right of subscription will expire at 3 o clock p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on March 2. Subscriptions, payments and transfers of warrants are to be made at the office of the transfer agent, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway, New York.

Sandsdown Corp., 19 West 44th St., New York, has agreed to purchase at \$9 per share so much of the 50,000 shares as will not be subscribed for by stockholders. Its compensation for this underwriting is to be an underwriting commission of \$22,500.

The proceeds of the sale of the stock at \$9 per share will be \$450,000, less underwriting commission of \$22,500 and less other expenses in connection with the issue, estimated to be \$419,000.

The underwriter, Sandsdown Corp., was organized in New York on April 28, 1932 for the purpose of underwriting, purchasing, selling and holding securities of all kinds. After its formation, however, Sandsdown Corp. remained comparatively dormant until 1936, at which time it determined to underwrite the issue of Martin-Parry Corp. stock. The authorized capital stock now held in the treasury. In order to raise funds to enter into the above underwriting, subscriptions to 1,000 shares for \$450 per share, callable at such times and in such instalments as might be required by the officers of Sandsdown Corp., payment to be made in cash forthwith after demand. The subscription agreements further provide that the obligations of the subscribers shall terminate on May 2, 1937 as to any payments which shall not have been demanded prior to that date

<ul><li>(2) To pay second mortgage,</li><li>(3) Balance will be used for</li></ul>	with accr together working	with accrued interest capital and the payment	\$308,750 49,400
of operating expenses_ Income Account fo		Months Ended Nov. 30, 1936	60,850
Gross sales, less discounts, re Total cost of sales and expens	turns an	d allowances	\$10,191 57,663
Operating lossOther income			\$47,472 315
Net loss Income deductions (net)			\$47,157 4,665
Loss for period			\$51,821
Balan	ce Sheet	Nov. 30, 1936	
Assets-	in a constant	Liabilities—	
	\$271,556	Accounts payable	\$5,419
Accts. receivable, less res've-		Accrued liabilities Mortgage payable (RFC)	8,307 300,000
Inventories, less reserve	29,297	Mortgage payable (AFC)	48,000
Property & equip. (not used)	500,904	Capital stock (125,000 shs.,	
Prop., bldgs. & equip., less res. Prepaid expenses	5.441	no par)	1.000.000
Trepard expenses	0,111	Capital surplus	138,344
	5 20	Operating deficit	441,267
urita da rita da h			
Total\$1	1,058,804	Total	\$1,058,804

Amends Registration Statement—
The corporation has filed an amendment with the Securities and Exchange Commission to its registration statement for 50,000 shares capital stock (V. 144, p. 759).

Company's additional shares are first to be offered present stockholders. Sandsdown Corp., underwriter, will take up any remaining shares and offer them publicly at an estimated price of \$11.50 each. Stockholders have until March 2 to exercise their warrants for the additional shares.—V. 144. p. 780.

M. & T. Securities Corp.—Liquidating Dividend— The company paid a liquidating dividend of \$17 per share to holders of record Jan. 16.—V. 142, p. 465.

Merchants Fire Assurance Corp. of N. Y .- Financial Statement Dec. 31-

1936	1935	to Many Marin and the	1936	1935
Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities-		\$
Bonds, stocks, &c_13,331,966	11,501,156	Unearned pres	ns 3,824,10	
Bond & mtg. loans 930,792	1.119.670	Losses payable	406,75	
Real estate 1.091.514	911.281	Taxes, &c	300,22	
Prems. received,&c 554,243	476.368	Voluntary rese	rve_ 1.000,00	0 1,000,000
Interest accrued 21,619		Capital		0 1,750,000
Cash 2,111,664		Surplus		0 8,014,972
Total18,041,798 —V. 144, p. 781.	15,207,886	Total	18,041,79	8 15,207,886
Mathieson Alkali	Works	(Inc.)—Ed	ırnings—	
Calendar Years-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Ternings \$	3.713.010	\$3.019.263	\$2,529,995	\$2,554,414

Mathieson Alka	li Works	(Inc.)—E	arnings—	
Calendar Years— x Earnings Deprec., depl. & obsol	\$3,713,010 1,684,691	\$3,019,263 1,429,128	\$2,529,995 1,171,511	1933 \$2,554,414 1,137,521
Net earns, from oper. Interest (net)	\$2,028,319 89,090	\$1,590,135 80,840	\$1,358,484 35,096	\$1,416,893 28,588
Total income Federal taxes	\$1,939,229 310,749	\$1,509,295 149,519	\$1,323,388 157,552	\$1,388,305 164,227
Net income Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$1,628,480 166,439 1,245,745	\$1,359,776 166,439 1,246,086	\$1,165,836 166,437 1,154,020	\$1,224,078 166,876 934,989
Deficit Shs. com. stk. (no par)_ Earns, per share	\$216,296 830,428 \$1.76	\$52,749 830,663 \$1.44	\$154,621 830,714 <b>y\$</b> 1.20	

			Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31			
		1936	1935		1936	1935	
	Assets-	. 8	\$	Liabilities-	\$	\$	
	x Property acct 2	1,434,728	22,061,817	Preferred stock	2,377,700	2,377,700	
	Cash	807,209	523,909	y Common stock	16,024,769	16,024,769	
	Notes & trade ac-		3	Accounts payable_	338,701	424,330	
	ceptances receiv.	6.213	5,526	Notes pay to bks.	300.000	950,000	
	Accounts receiv'le			Accrd. taxes, pay-			
	(less reserve)	1.041,487	823,585	rolls, &c	423,161	218,708	
	Inventories	1.808,161	1,820,523	Containers charged			
	Balance receivable			to customers (re-			
	from employees.	61,986	117,513	turnable)	194,547	178,953	
	Investments	239,948	226,556	Deferred liability_	228,316		
	Development exp.	281,534	258,316	Res. for conting	160,870	160,870	
,	Deferred charges.	271,454	310,727	Miscell. oper. res	225,518	239,098	â
	Cash in bank under			Free surplus	5,428,985	5,269,500	
	ctfs. of deposit.	250,704	148,434	Approp. for retire.	1,1		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			of pref. stock	1,019,270	967,000	
			1 1 1	z Treasury stock) -	Dr518,411	D7514,023	
	Total 9	6 203 425	26 206 005	Total "	26 203 425	26 296 905	

x After deducting depreciation of \$12,563,263 in 1936 and \$11,137,661 in 1935. y Represented by 858,191 shares of no par value. z Represented by 27,763 (27,528 in 1935) shares of no par value.—V. 143, p. 2685.

Mead Corp.—New Director—Rufus I. Worrell has been elected a director to fill a vacancy.—V. 144, 780.

Mengel Co.--Bonds Called

All of the outstanding convertible and non-convert ble first mtge. 7% serial gold bonds have been called for redemption on March 1 at par and interest. Payment will be made at the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co., St. Louis, Mo.—V. 143, p. 4007.

Merchants & Miners Transportation Co.—Earnings-Calendar Years—
Net income after deprec.,
interest & Fed. taxes—
Shs. cap. stock (no par)—
Earnings per share——— 1934 1936 1935 1933 x\$685,591 236,902 \$2.89 \$641,130 236,902 \$2.71 \$400,380 236,902 \$1.69

x After provision for surtax on undistributed profits.

For the quarter ended Dec. 31, 1936, net income was \$134,752 after charges, Federal income taxes and after deducting surtax on undistributed earnings for the entire year 1936, equivalent to 57 cents a share.—V. 143, p. 4007.

Michigan Associated Telephone Co.—Accumulated Div.
The directors have declared a dividend of \$4 per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumul. pref. stock, par \$100, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Jan. 30. Dividends of \$2 per share were paid on Nov. 14, Aug. 15, and on May 15, 1936. A dividend of 50 cents per share was paid on Feb. 15, 1936 and one of \$1 per share in July, 1935, this latter being the first dividend paid on the pref. stock since Feb. 15, 1933, when a regular quarterly distribution of \$1.50 per share was made.

Accumulations after the payment of the current dividend wi amount to \$12.50 per share.—V. 143, p. 3153.

Michigan Bell Telephone Co - Farning

michigan ben i	erebuone	Co.—Ear	nings	
Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mon	nth-1935	1836-12 M	os.—1935
Operating revenues	\$3,301,660	\$2,921,469	\$36,697,019	\$32,790,936
Uncollectible oper, rev	7,922	65	41,094	37,209
Operating expenses	1.785.922	1.950,271	22,376,526	21,435,852
Operating taxes	403,832	331,028	4,332,299	3,883,625
Net operating income. —V. 144, p. 285.	\$1,103,984	\$640,105	\$9,947,100	\$7,434,250

Midland Valley RD

Mildiand vaney i	Lite Buil	illiyo		
December— Gross from railway Net from railway	1936 \$132,939 43,406	1935 \$115,549 61,698	1934 \$112,146 76,388	1933 \$91,870 36,570
Net after rents From Jan. 1—	22,173	47,542	58,612	27,588
Gross from railway	1.534,719 $701,830$	1,328,169 599,565	1,319,981 582,567	1,358,308 611,625
Net after rents	485,878	421,752	407,353	414,103

Minneapolis General Electric Co.—To Change Indenture
The company, a subsidiary of Northern States Power Co., a registered
holding company, has filed a declaration (43-30) under the Public Utility
Holding Company Act of 1935 covering an amendment of a trust indenture,
dated April 1, 1916, securing \$42,070,000 of general mortgage bonds.
The indenture would be changed to conform substantially with a proposed
indenture from the Northern States Power Co. to Harris Trust & Savings
Bank, to be dated Feb. 1, 1937, under which the declarant's bonds will be
pledged in connection with the plans of Northern States Power Co. to
Fund its 1st & ref. mortgage 25-year gold bonds, and to permit the withdrawal of certain securities of subsidiary companies from the lien of the
trust indenture dated April 1, 1916. All the bonds and all the stock of the
declarant are owned by Northern States Power Co.

Opportunity for hearing in this matter will be given on Feb. 9 in Washington, D. C.—V. 143, p. 4007.

Minneapolis-Honeywell

Ington, D. C.—V. 143, p. 4007.

Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.—Acquisition—
The company announced that it has entered into an agreement for the
acquisition of the business and assets of National Regulator Co. of Chicago
in exchange for 5,700 shares of 4% conv. pref. stock, series B, of Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. National Regulator Co. is a small
company engaged in the manufacture of pneumatic control systems for
use in public and large commercial buildings such as school houses, court
houses, office buildings and hotels. It also manufactures self-contained
regulators for use on steam, hot water and warm air heating systems, as
well as a system of combustion control for industrial and commercial
boilers. Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. has not previously manufactured these types of instruments.—V. 144, p. 457.

Minneapolis St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry.—Earns. [Including Wisconsin Central Ry.]

December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$1,946,759	\$1,717,624	\$1.613,291	\$1,949,106
Net from railway	225,299	183,005	174,609	444,736
Net after rents From Jan. 1—	def44,661	def35,842	def81,114	223,289
Gross from railway	26.551.952	23,728,780	22.371.582	22,293,596
Net from railway		4.288.981	4.167.975	4.299.726
Net after rents		1.478.904	1.243.926	1.016.850
-V. 144, p. 781.	2,000,000			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Mississippi Cent	ral RR	-Earnings-	4, 5 7 9, 17	
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$80.384	\$61.983	\$43.054	\$43,689
Net from railway	def14,407	988	def9.229	2,906
Net after rents	def27,889	1,097	def9,831	def2,371
From Jan. 1—	149 11 11			
Gross from railway	920,228	726,033	632,174	604,360
Net from railway	202,302	87,565	43,051	52,116
Net after rents	108,502	25,616	def18,437	def20,494
—V. 144, p. 111. °	4.0			tes to the
Mississinni Powe	r Co -E	arninas-		

Mississippi rowe				
A Subsidiar	v of Commo	nwealth & S	Southern Cor	p.
Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mor	th-1935	1936—12 A	Aos.—1935
Gross revenue	\$272,972	\$252,060	\$3,103,242	\$2,773,989
Oper. exps. and taxes	203,519	172,195	2,036,030	1,868,987
Prov. for retire, reserve_	9,000	17,900	108,000	85,000
Int. & other fixed chgs	186.744	37,076	602,915	447,613
Divs. on pref. stock	21,088	21,088	253,062	253,092
Balanced	ef\$147,380	\$3,799	\$103,234	\$119,297
—V. 144, p. 111.	meta.		* .	

Missouri & Arkansas Ry.—Earnings

December— Gross from railway—— Net from railway—— Net after rents———	1936 \$92,929 6,336 def11,626	1935 \$71,092 def11,104 def22,405	1934 \$58,949 5,569 def203	1933 \$76,549 13,310 2,269
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway Net from railway Net from rentsV. 144, p. 111.	1,043,008 185,529 34,261	680,559 118,640 29,644	$\substack{922,581\\185,804\\63,322}$	894,780 185,572 53,062

Missouri Gas & Electric Service Co.-Middle West

Missouri Gas & Electric Service Co.—Middle West Corp. Acquisition Approved—

The Securities and Exchange Commission has approved the acquisition by Middle West Corp. of 12,687½ shares of common stock of Missouri Gas & Electric Service Co. to be issued by the company under a plan of reorganization under Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act., which plan was confirmed by the Court on on July 22, 1936.

The Commission also granted Missouri Gas & Electric Service Co. exemption from the necessity of filing a declaration under the Utility Act. overing the issuance and sale of \$1,476,630 first mortgage bonds, series A, and 25,375 shares common stock (no par). The securities are to be issued under the plan of reorganization.

The plan of reorganization as approved provides in substance:
The issuance of \$90 of the new first mortgage bonds, series A, in exchange for each \$100 of previously outstanding first mortgage and refunding 6% gold bonds, series B, due Sept. 1, 1944, and first mortgage and refunding 6% gold bonds, series B, due July 1, 1957.

The 25,375 shares of new common stock will be delivered to the holders of old preferred stock and notes payable as follows: In exchange for each share of \$6 preferred stock, there will be issued one share of new common stock; for each share of \$7 prior lien preferred stock, there will be issued 1½ shares of new common stock; and for each \$34.047 (approximately) principal amount of notes payable, there will be issued one share of the mount of \$5,262. As collateral security for such indebtedness, it holds \$224,000 of first mortgage and refunding 5% gold bonds. It also owns 2,000 shares of \$6 cumulative preferred stock and 8,698 shares of common stock (being all of the common stock in exchange for notes payable, which aggregate \$431,972. As collateral security for such indebtedness, it holds \$224,000 of first mortgage and refunding 5% gold bonds. It also owns an open account in the amount of \$5,262. As additional consideration for the issuance to it of new common stock in exchange f

Missouri Pacific RR.—Earnings-

December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$8,109,861	\$6,420,818	\$5,520,572	\$5,160,221
Net from railway		1,309,971	663,077	758,161
Net after rents	1,148,555	544,677	39,393	153,028
From Jan. 1—	· / /		7,1	
Gross from railway	90,421,931	74,550,935	73,435,591	67,953,779
Net from railway	22,189,059	13,800,751	15,055,141	15,506,336
Net after rents	11,047,320	5,230,583	6,118,046	6,923,548
-V. 144, p. 458.				

Mohawk Carpet	Mills, In	$\mathbf{c}Earnin$	ngs—	
Net sales	1936 \$17,591,646	1935	1934	1933 <b>b\$</b> 8,709,779 6,189,028
Gross prof. on trading Depreciation	539,251 2,562,009	\$3,815,592 530,346 2,551,910 Cr19,855 120,000	\$2,390,850 531,746 1,974,709 Cr42,036	
Net profit Dividends paid	\$1,261,505 846,765	\$633,190 409,725	def\$73,568 137,025	\$348,372
Balance, surplusc Shs. capital stock outstanding (par \$20) Earnings per sharea Includes \$65,000 pt	\$550,000 \$2.29	550,000 \$1.16	Nil	\$348,272 550,000 \$0.63 profits tax.

b Charges hitherto classified as selling expenses (amounting to \$662,806 in 1933) are now deducted from sales. c Includes treasury stock. Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	1936	1935	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1936	1935
Assets-	S	S .	Liabilities—	\$	. \$
			b Capital stock :	11,000,000	11,000,000
	6.895.735	7.245.571	Accts. payable	187,304	390,090
		307,371	Notes payable	2,000,000	2,100,000
Cash	631.167				
Acets, receivable	3.281.050	2,227,326	- balances	500,973	
		18.039	Accruals	89,192	92,784
		22,548	Reserve for Fed'l		
		31,000	taxes	332,439	136,590
		1,000,000	Dividends payable		136,575
	164.229	164,229	Capital surplus	424,113	424,113
	8.148.669	8,300,175	Earned surplus	5,033,310	4,618,570
	19-1-4	24227	c Treasury stock	Dr48,587	D748,588
1					10.050.100
	PrepaymentsCashAccts. receivableTrade accept. rec. Other accts.& advs Investment securs.	a Land, building, equipment, &c. 6,895,735 Prepayments 286,591 Cash 3,281,050 Trade accept. rec 0,041 Other accts. & advs. (non-curr.) 164,229	Assets—	Assets—— \$	Assets—— \$

10tal 19,518,746 18,850,136 Total 19,518,746 18,850,136 a After depreciation of \$6,234,758 in 1936 and \$5,724,117 in 1935. b Represented by 550,000 shs. par \$20, incl. treasury stock. c Treasury stock at cost, 3,700 shs.—V. 143, p. 3849.

Mohawk Hudson Power Corp.—Merger Approved— See Niagara Hudson Power Corp. below.—V. 144, p. 285.

Monarch Knitting Co., Ltd.—Accumulated Dividends—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cum. pref. stock, par \$100, payable April 1 to holders of record March 15. A like dividend was paid in each of the eight preceding quarters as against \$1 paid in each of the four preceding quarters, and \$3 per share paid on Feb. 20, 1934. The current dividend will be paid in Canadian funds. Non-residents of Canada will be subject to a 5% tax.

After the payment of the current dividend accruals will amount to \$49 per share.—V. 143, p. 3639.

Monongahela Ry.—Earnings-

montonguine and		0 -		
December— Gross from railway	1936 \$453,079	1935 \$349,025	1934 \$276,282	1933 \$325,886
Net from railway Net after rents From Jan. 1—	284,054 156,339	206,533 100,935	$\frac{142,690}{38,113}$	205,410 104,767
Oross from railway  Net from railway  Net after rents	4,716,390 2,894,341 1,470,538	3,844,798 $2,300,186$ $1,114,371$	3,820,585 2,249,309 1,066,544	3,584,699 2,251,972 1,166,000

Montour RR.—Equipment Trust Bonds Awarded to Prudential Insurance Co.—

Prudential Insurance Co.—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 29 authorized the company to issue not exceeding \$700,000 equipment trust bonds, series C, to be sold at 101.29 and accrued interest in connection with the procurement of certain equipment.
Invitations to bid for the purchase of the bonds at not less than par and accrued interest from Jan. 1, 1937 to the date of delivery were sent to 11 firms. In response thereto, three bids were received. The highest bid, 101.29 and accrued int., was made by the Prudential Insurance Co. of America, and has been accepted.—V. 144, p. 617.

(Wm. R.) Moore Dry Goods Co.—Earnings Calendar Years— 1936 Net earnings after allowing for all taxes, exp., &c. \$425,071 Dividends 397,624

a U. S. Govt, secur. Bills receivable	6,905	1935 \$494,392 1,060,654 6,741	Accts. payabl Reserve for dend payab	divi-	1935 \$5,430 37,278
Acets, receivable_ Receivables from employees	706,526 3,121 953,065	579,549 4,417 703,330	Reserve for	taxes ncles_ 203,24 2,500,00	121,230 00 2,500,000
b Inventory c Real estate c Fixtures & equip. Wm. R. Moore Dry Goods Co.	130,441	703,330 160,000 1	Undivided pro	ofits_ 441,42	27 413,980
Bk. depos. pledged to RFC	8,859 37,500	8,833 60,000	1.0		
TotalS	3.256.195	\$3.077.919	Total	\$3,256,19	5 \$3 077 010
a Par value, \$1 dise at mills or i \$51,441 in 1936 a ment. c Deprecia	1,076,500 in transit and \$3,58 ated.—V	in 1936 a b, and un 0 in 1935, 142, p. 3	and \$1,107,00 paid invoices are not included.	0 in 1935. therefor, anded in the	b Merchan- nounting to above state-
Motor Trans Period End. Dec Gross earnings	31-	1936—Mo	nth—1935 \$54,115	1936—12 A	fos.—1935
Maintenance		30,173 8,153 6,845	29,613 7,286	\$637,621 346,607 94,969	fos.—1935 \$584,772 333,601 87,351 69,708
TaxesInterest		850	5,942	94,969 74,237 7,792	69,708 10,092
Balance Reserve for retire	ments (a	\$16,723 ccrued)	\$10,554	\$114,015 75,832	\$84,018 86,455
Balance				\$38,182	def\$2,436
Munson St. A reorganization ruptcy Act was fil- tion committee for of the plan and fc holders and set M  (G. C.) Mun Inco	the comporms of a arch 8 as	leral Court pany. Jud ceptance the date i	t, New York, ge Alfred C. ( be mailed to for a first hear	Feb. 3, by a Doxe directed all creditors ring.—V. 14	f the Bank- reorganiza- that copies and stock- 4, p. 458.
Number of stores		×1936	×1935	×1934 186	*1933
Rents & miscel. i	ncome 33	08,433	45.377	\$28,001,013 307,011	\$21,884,789 205,395
Total income Operating expenses Depreciation	\$38 8 38	3.063.852 3.506.395	\$31,643,267 28,313,683 450,179	\$28.308.024 25,447,744 401,739	\$22,090,184 20,145,919
Res. for Fed. inc. to Provision for surte	axes	503,620 y699,700 122,200 97,770	y431,062	310,578	304,143 242,432
Bond interest Amort, of bond dis Flood loss & expen	ses		119,964 80,520	156,849 43,772	112,051
Provision for empl	. relief	163,889 25,000			
Net income Preferred dividend Common dividend	8	2,945,278 200,000 1,622,397	\$2,247,860 240,000 239,900	\$1,947,342 240,000 239,900	\$1,285,638 240,000 239,900
Balance, surplus Previous surplus Disc.on bonds pur	chased	1,122,881 3,368,642	\$1,767,960 5,225,160	\$1,467,442 3,757,719	\$805,738 2,707,410
and retired Adjustments	Dra	a608,499	Dr624,477		Dr17,945
Profit & loss, su Net available for di No. of common	abanoa	3,883,024 1,945,278	\$6,368,642 2,247,860	\$5,225,160 1,947,342	\$3,495,202 1,335,294
Moutstanding		464,598 \$5.90 urphy Co.	149,938 \$13.39 and subsidistance in the	149,938 \$11.38 aries. y Inc	149,938 \$7.30 ludes State ears: 1934.
Sarned per share  x Earnings for (neome taxesx E 2665.572; 1933  sustments applicaborer. stock (in excommissions and existence of the stock	ole to pricess of a penses ir ed to rese doyees' re	* Not cor years, sometic connection connection corve for conections, \$25.0 dated Bala:	onsolidated. \$29,740; premarged to paid on with sale ar attingencies, \$2 000.	a Consists sliums paid to l-in surplus) id issue of ca 200,000, and	of net ad- o retire 8%, \$197,562; pital stock, transferred
a trade described	1936	1935	=Liabilutes—	1936 \$	1935
Assets—	,611,627	1,994,391 45,338	Accts. pay.—t	able 50,000	90,101 60,000
Assets— 2	57.376				
Cash 2 Cocounts secured 2 Other acets receiv. Deposits in closed & restricted bks.	57,376 23,060	84,577 30,629	accounts pay Res. for Fed.	able 1,132,45: inc.	
Assets— 2 Accounts secured. Dither acuts receiv. Deposits in closed of restricted bks. Ateal estate purch. Alfe ins.—cash sur. Frender value.— Inventories.—4			Accrd.exps & accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes Long-term load Reserves Purchase mone other mtge.	rable 1,132,45; ine.	3 431,061 3 187,969
Assets—    Assets—   2   Assets—   2   Ascounts secured     Assets—   Deposits in closed     & restricted bks     teal estate purch     Afte ins — cash sur     render value —     render value —     render value —     render sulue —     provements —     poeferred charges —     poeferred charges —	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 4,491,918 255,593	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201	Accrd.exps & Accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes	rable 1,132,45: inc.  z822,23: n 176,83:	3 431,061 3 187,969 4 1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,196,914 4 6,368,641 0
Casets—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cast receiv.  Cash sur-  C	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 4,491,918 255,593 7,385,564 ttion of 465,000	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 14,627,855 149,938 ir	Accord.exps & accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes. Loug-term loai Reserves. Purchase mone other mtge. notes. Preferred stock y Common sto Paid-in surplu Treasury stock Total in 1936 an 1935 share	rable 1,132,45: ine.	3 431,061 3 187,969 4 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,196,914 4 6,388,641 0 4 14,627,855 5 in 1935.
Assets—  ash 2 Accounts secured Dither acuts receiv. Deposits in closed of restricted bks, teal estate purch Afte ins.—cash sur. France value— nventories—4 nvestments—5 Furn. & fixtures, leaseholds, im- provements—9 Deferred/charges—  Total————————————————————————————————————	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 491,918 255,593 385,564 tition of 465,000 uted prod	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 \$3,751,025 149,938 in its. a 40	Accord.exps & accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes. Loug-term loai Reserves. Purchase mone other mtge. notes. Preferred stock y Common sto Paid-in surplu Treasury stock Trotal. in 1936 an 1935) share 2 shares in tro	rable 1,132,45: inc.	3 431,061 3 187,969 4 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,196,914 3 538,674 4 6,368,641 1 14,627,855 5 in 1935. 2 Includes t.—V. 144,
Assets—  Jash 2 Accounts secured 2 Accounts secured 2 Accounts secured 3 Accounts secured 3 Accounts secured 4 Accounts secured 4 Accounts secured 5 Accounts secured 7 Accounts secured	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 491,918 255,593 385,564 tition of 465,000 uted prof to Mfg. Curb Er registra s Co.—	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 44,627,855 33,751,025 (149,938 in tits. a 40	Accord.exps & Accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes	rable 1,132,45: inc.	1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,199,914 6 ,368,641 1 4,627,855 5 in 1935. 2 Includes t.—V. 144. ad Regis- stock, no
Casets—  Cash 2  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 3  Cacounts secured 3  Cacounts secured 4  Cacounts secured 4  Cacounts secured 5  Cacounts secured 7  Cacounts 9  Cacounts	23,060 188,691 24,994 .712,620 19,685 .491,918 255,593 .385,564 tition of 465,000 outed proi to Mfg. Curb En 1 registra 8 Co.— 30— 4,645,645 to help a stock	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 3,751,025 (149,938 ir itts. a 40 **Co.———————————————————————————————————	Accrd.exps & Accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes	able 1,132,45:  110.  2822,23:  176,83:  176,83:  1,869,33:  1,869,33:  1,646,91:  1,941,91:  1,941	1 1,987,940 3 187,969 1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,196,914 6 538,674 6 3,388,641 1 4,627,855 5 in 1935. z Includes t.—V. 144, nd Regis— stock, no
Assets—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash sur-  Cash sur	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 491,918 255,593 (385,564 tion of 465,000 utted prol to Mfg. Curb E: registra \$Co.— 30— 405,000 to Mfg.	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 33,751,025 149,938 in fits. a 40 **Co.———————————————————————————————————	Accord.exps & Accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes. Long-term loar Reserves. Long-term loar Reserves. Purchase mone other mtge. rofes. Preferred stock y Common sto Paid-in surplu Treasury stock Total. In 1936 an 1936 an 1935 shares in treasury stock as admitted 144, p. 781.  Second 1935 sas \$610,227loss	rable 1,132,45: Inc. 2822,23: Inc. 2822,23: Inc. 176,83: 244,31: 244,31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31:	3 431,061 3 187,969 1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 5 1,196,914 6 538,674 4 6,368,641 1 6,27,855 5 in 1935. z Includes t.—V. 144, nd Regis- stock, no
Caseds—  Cash 2  Cacounts secured 1  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 2  Cacounts secured 3  Cacounts secured 3  Cacounts secured 3  Cacounts secured 4  Cacounts secured 4  Cacounts secured 4  Cacounts secured 5  Cacounts secured 5  Cacounts secured 5  Cacounts 3  Cacounts 4  Cacounts	23,060 188,691 24,994 .712,620 19,685 .491,918 255,593 .385,564 .tition of 465,000 outed proi to Mfg. Courb Entregistra S Co. 30 40,645, .645, .stock	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 \$3,751,025 149,938 in tion.—V.  **Co.—** **Change h tion.—V.  **Earning 1936 020,707 los \$0.38	Accrd.exps & Accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes	able 1,132,45:  lno. 2822,23:  176,83:  176,83:  1,869,33:  1,4000,000  ck. 1,646,91  s. 453,322  ch. 20728,14	1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 1 1,98,914 3 538,674 4 6,368,641 2 14,627,855 5 in 1935. 2 Includes t.—V. 144. nd Regis— stock, no 1933 Nil sings— 1933 8951,750
Assets— 2 Dash 2 Lacounts secured by ther acets receiv. Deposits in closed we restricted bks. Leal estate purch. After aces sur. Prender value niventories 4 nvestments 4 nvestments 4 nvestments 9 perferred charges 7 Total 17 Tot	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 4,491,918 255,593  ,385,564 tition of 465,000 iuted proi io Mfg.  Curb E: registra s Co.— 30— 465,645,- stock  nattan 14 2	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 149,938 in fits. a 40 **Co.—** **Co.—* **Co.—** **Co.	Accrd.exps & accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes	able 1,132,45:  110. 2822,23:  176,83:  176,83:  1,869,33:  1,846,91:  1,846,	1 1,987,940 3 ,000,000 5 1,196,914 6 ,388,641 6 14,627,855 1 1935 2 Includes t.—V. 144, nd Regis— stock, no 1933 \$\$1,188,863 Nil tings— 1933 \$\$951,750 57,125 65,811
Caseds—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash—  Cash secured by ther acets received by the cash surfers and surfers	23,060 188,691 24,994 4,712,620 19,685 4,491,918 255,593  ,385,564 tition of 465,000 outsed prolifering from El registra s Co.— 30— 465,000 outsed prolifering from El registra s Co.— 30— 4645,- stock	30,629 58,000 23,467 3,946,884 19,445 8,189,924 235,201 14,627,855 33,751,025 149,938 in fits. a 40 \$Co.—A cchange h tion.—V. Earning 1936 020,707 los \$0.38 00ga & 1936 287,855 233,919 163,142 145,656 060,296 382,842	Accrd.exps & accounts pay Res. for Fed. taxes. Long-term loar Reserves. Long-term loar Reserves. Purchase mone other mtge. Total account the surplu Treasury stock Total and 1935 shares in treasury stock account to the stock account to the surplu Treasury stock Total and 1935 shares in treasury stock account to the stock ac	able 1,132,45: Inc. 2822,23: Inc. 2822,23: - 2744,31: 244,31: 244,31: 244,31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31: 31:	1 1,987,940 0 3,000,000 0 3,000,000 1 1,98,914 3 538,674 4 6,368,641 0 14 (6,27,855 5 in 1935. z Includes t.—V. 144, nd Regis— stock, no 1933 \$\$1,188,363  Nil sings— 1933 \$\$51,750 57,125 65,811 12,381,088 1,587,857

interest rate is to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement. According to the registration statement, the net proceeds from the sale of the debentures will be used for general corporate purposes. Part or all of such net proceeds will be used by the company to purchase notes and other receivables in the ordinary course of its business or may be advanced to one or more of its subsidiaries for use in the ordinary conduct of their business; or may be used by the company to replace, temporarily or permanently, a portion of the funds previously obtained through bank loans or the sale of commercial paper. The proceeds of such bank loans and commercial paper were used, it is stated, to purchase notes and other receivables.

The debentures are redeemable at the option of the company as a whole or in part after 45 days' notice, and in each case together with accrued interest to the date of redemption, as follows:

Series 1947—To fand incl. Feb. 1, 1939, 103%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1941, 102%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1941, 102%; thereafter are not incl. Feb. 1, 1941, 103 ½%; thereafter at par.

Series 1952—To and incl. Feb. 1, 1939, 104%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1941, 103 ½%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1945, 100½%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1947, 102%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1945, 101½%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1947, 102%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1945, 101½%; thereafter and incl. Feb. 1, 1950, 101%, and thereafter at par.

The registration statement states that A. G. Becker & Co., Inc., is expected; to be one of the principal underwriters.

The price to the public, the names of underwriters, and the underwriting discounts or commissions are to be furnished by amendment to the registration statement.

Earnings, Years Ended Dec. 31

Earnings, Years Ended Dec. 31

National Manufacture & Stores Corp.—Earnings-

National Mortgage Corp.—Liquidation— Efforts to rehabilitate the company being futile, the company was placed in liquidation and has been dissolved.—V. 137, p. 2116.

National Public Service Corp. - Sale of Collateral Post-

The sale of 721.411 shares of common stock of Jersey Central Power & Light Co. has again been postponed until Feb. 10 from Jan. 29 by an order signed by U. S. Circuit/Court Judge Martin T. Manton. The stock is the chief collateral behind \$20,000,000 debentures of the corporation.—V.144, p. 618.

National Rys. of Mexico—Earnings-

Period Ended Nov. 30—	1936—M	onth—1935	1936—11 A	Mos.—1935
Railway oper, revenues.	9,936,743	9,568,410	114,290,855	105,244,724
Railway oper, expenses.	9,065,933	7,476,387	95,118,783	80,374,423
Tax accruals and uncol- lectible revenue		20	30,263	493
Other income	142,488	128,013	1,595,422	1.176,705
Deductions	552,780	417,625	5,286,763	3,665,575
Net operating income. Kilometers operated	460,518 11,282,817	1,803,390 11,289,417	15,450,467	22,380,937

Nassau & Suffolk Lighting Co.—Tenders—
The Chase National Bank, as trustee, is inviting tenders of first mortgage
5% 30-year sinking fund gold coupon bonds, at prices not exceeding 105
and accrued interest, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$65,585
in the sinking fund. Tenders will be opened at 12 o'clock noon on Feb. 8,
1937, at the Corporate Trust Department of the bank, 11 Broad St.—
V. 143, p. 2851.

National Cash Register Co.—Domestic Gross Orders-

National Discount Corp.—Earnings—

Earnings for Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936	t the table
Discount earned, interest and service charges	111,062 395,245
Operating profit for year Dividends on preferred stock (7%) Dividends,on,common stock (\$6.70 per share)	\$322,863 32,340 249,512

Batance Sneet	Dec. 31, 1930
Assets-	Liabilities—
Cash on hand & demand depos.\$1,017,495	Collateral trust notes navable \$3 060 000
Notes receivable 5,401,049	Withheld from dealers 79,210
	Accounts payable 17.209
	Accrued State, local and un-
	employment taxes 2.631
a Automobile equipment 28,161	Accrued Federal income and
Furniture and fixtures 1	capital stock taxes 79.251
	Res. for losses, conting., &c. 311.204
	Unearned discount 417.326
	7% cum. pref. (par \$100) 462,000
	b Common stock 543,335
	Capital surplus 97,162
	Earned surplus 542,763
Metal ag roo are	M 1 1

Total \$6,523,670 Total \$6,523,670 a After reserve for depreciation of \$13,409. b Represented by 41,924 no par shares at a stated value of \$12.96 per share.

National Electric Welding Machine Co., Bay City, Mich.—Stock Offered—
Walter W. Tait, Detroit, recently offered 150,000 shares of capital stock at par (\$1 per share). Stock offered for sale in and to residents of Michigan only.
Capitalization—Authorized capital (par \$1), 380,000 shares; issued and outstanding, 230,000 shares; validated for public offering in and to residents of Michigan jonly, 150,000 shares.
Company—Was organized and incorp. in Michigan in June, 1933, by five of its present seven (directors, each of whom represented 10 or more years of experience in (the resistance welding field. Under the trade name "National," the company manufactures and markets istandard and custom built lines of resistance welding field.

hydraulic, motor-driven automatic and semi-automatic spot, press, steam, flash, projection and butt welders, and special resistance welding machines.	New York Central RR.—Earnings—
which follows:	December—     1936     1935     1934     1936       Fors from railway     \$34,607,189     \$28,227,324     \$24,682,290     \$22,875,719       Net from railway     9,808,394     5,113,189     5,188,324     4,957,389       Net after rents     1,779,938     3,464,119     1,575,958     2,233,396
May 31, 1934 Dec. 31, 1934 Dec. 31, 1935 Oct. 31, 1936 \$109,846 \$115,866 \$501,703 \$538,824 Orders received for the month of November were in excess of \$100,000 and	From Jan. 1—Gross from railway—92,233,448 72,833,316 70,913,121 75,417,808 Net after rents—45,278,626 35,964,711 29,160,928 33,269,163
unfilled orders on hand as of Dec. 1, 1936, were in excess of \$148,000.  Purpose—Net proceeds will be used for retirement of present obligations in the amount of approximately \$23,000, for additional working capital and the expansion of the company's plant and production facilities.	New York City Omnibus Corp.—Listing—
National Steel Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—	The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 501,083
Period End. Dec. 31— c1936—3 Mos.—1935 c1936—12 Mos.—1935 a Net earnings— \$4,628,729 \$2,532,693 b\$13171,149 \$11,136,451 8bs. cap. stk. (\$25 par)— 2,162,277 2,166,977 2,166,977 Earnings per share—— \$2.14 \$1.17 b\$6,09 \$5.16	York Rys. Corp. purchase warrants entitling holders to purchase 244,609 shares of the Omnibus capital stock on official notice of issuance pursuant to the plan of readjustment and motorization of New York Rys. Corp. dated March 19, 1935.
a After all charges, including interest, taxes, depreciation and depiction	dated March 19, 1935.  The stock of the bus company is to be distributed as follows:  Shares To holders of income bonds of New York Rys. (rate 10 shs., for each
deduction of the undistributed profits tax provision for 1936, which is \$629,307, net earnings for the year are \$12,541,842, equal to \$5.80 per share. c Preliminary earnings.—V. 144, p. 112.	\$1,000 bond)
National Surety Corp.—Earnings— Earnings for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936	To Fifth Avenue Coach Co. *10,000 To holders of pref. stock of New York Rys, under 10-year option warrants (rate 2½ shares at \$17.50 per share for each 10 shs. of
Net premiums earned	Total shares 501.083
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Underwriting profit} & & \$1,192,963 \\ \textbf{Interest, dividends and rents earned} & & 779,865 \\ \textbf{Investment expenses} & & Dr155,504 \\ \end{array} $	* This number of shares may be reduced on further consideration by the U. S. District Court. Fifth Avenue Coach Co. will also receive title to shares in respect of income bonds to which it has title. Subsidiaries—(a) The Bus company owns all (10,000 shares) of the outstanding capital, stock (no par) of Madison Avenue Coach Co., Inc. The business of this subsidiary is the operation of buses on the Madison-Fourth
Net income before provision for Federal income taxes\$1,817,325 Provision for Federal income taxes	
Net income after Federal income taxes\$1,597,325** Dividend paid400,000	(b) The Bus company owns all (10,000 shares) of the outstanding capital stock (no par) of Eighth Avenue Coach Corp. The business of this subjecte operation of buses on the Eighth and Ninth Avenue routes in N. Y.
Note—The balance sheet as at Dec. 31, 1936 was given in "Chroncile" of Jan. 23, page 618.	(c) The Bus company owns all (100 shares) of the outstanding capital stock (no par) of Street Railway Liquidating Corp. This subsidiary was incorp. pursuant to authorization of the Court, to receive certain property
Neisner Brothers, Inc.—Sales— F Month of— 1937 1936 1935 1934 January.——\$1,178,049 \$1,086,340 \$993,887 \$984,596 —V. 144, p. 286.	incorp, pursuant to authorization of the Court, to receive certain property of New York Rys., to liquidate it, and to assume certain liabilities in connection with the reorganization of New York Rys.
Nevada Northern Ry.—Earnings—	of New York Rys., to liquidate it, and to assume certain liabilities in connection with the reorganization of New York Rys.  (d) The Bus company owns 50% (250 shares) of the outstanding capital stock of Motor Coach Supply Corp. Fifth Avenue Coach Co. owns the remaining 50% of the outstanding capital stock. The business of this subsidiary is the purchase of supplies needed in connection with bus oper-
December—         1936         1935         1934         1933           Gross from railway         \$54,774         \$46,500         \$23,324         \$21,485           Net from railway         24,183         15,511         def2,100         def180           Net after rents         16,641         7,316         def683         1,692	ation.  The Bus company commenced operation of its routes from time to time beginning on Feb. 12, 1936. The figures given below do not, therefore, represent the results of full operation of the Bus company's routes during
From Jan. 1— 16,641 7,316 delos3 1,092	represent the results of full operation of the Bus company's routes during the period covered.  Preliminary Statement of Income Feb. 12 to Dec. 31, 1936
Gross from railway 559.598 422.598 353.606 270.868  Net from railway 235.767 124.549 70,166 def7,609  Net after rents 169.464 87,607 36,401 def36,495  —V. 144, p. 113.	Total gross operating revenues\$5,414,493 Total operating expenses
New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—To Resume Dividends—  The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, payable April 1 to holders of record March 1.This will	Net operating revenue.       \$1,962.671         Taxes—City       395.299         State       183.028         Federal       81.708         Tri-Borough Bridge tolls       17,580
common stock, payable April 1 to holders of record March 1. This will be the first dividend paid since Feb. 1, 1934, when a dividend of 40 cents per share was distributed.—V. 144, p. 459.	Federal 81,708 Tri-Borough Bridge tolls 17,580
New England Telephone & Telegraph Corp.—Report— Years Ended Dec. 31— 1936 1935 1934 1933 Local service revenues\$52,136,670 \$50,079,146 \$49,573,872 \$48,905,532	Income from operation \$1,285,053 Non-operating income 4,109
Local service revenues \$2,136,670 \$50,079,146 \$49,573,872 \$48,905,532 Toll service revenues 17,469,574 15,671,597 15,186,344 14,469,001 Miscellaneous revenues 2,182,475 2,280,853 2,182,712 2,352,702 20,352,703	Gross income
Total \$71,788,720 \$68,031,596 \$66,942,928 \$65,727,210 Uncoll oper revenues 133,653 244,248 184,487 576,243	*Includes amount paid from profit from operations for the benefit and account of New York Rys. Corp. in the amount of \$594,776 to New York Rys. Corp. on Dec. 11, 1936 and \$148,952 to the Street Railway Liquidating Corp. on Dec. 29, 1936 in accordance with orders of the U.S. District
Total oper. revenues\$71,655,067  \$67,787,348  \$66,758,441  \$65,150,968   Current maintenance 14,610,098  13,796,759  13,906,771  13,738,310   Deprectation expense 11,807,370  11,749,235  11,610,786  11,640,813   Traffic expenses 12,630,227  12,045,780  11,854,742  11,001,346   Commercial expenses 5,617,550  5,359,941  5,150,647  4,867,999   Operating rents 688,743  668,197  679,453  753,508	Corp. on Dec. 29, 1936 in accordance with orders of the U.S. District Court, dated Dec. 4 and 30, 1936, respectively.  Preliminary Balance Sheet as[at Nov. 30, 1936]
Depreciation expenses 11,807,370 11,749,235 11,610,786 11,640,813 Traffic expenses 12,630,227 12,045,780 11,854,742 11,001,346 Commercial expenses 5,617,550 65,359,941 5,150,647 4,867,999 Operating rents 688,743 661,197 679,453 751,508 Gen, & miscell. expenses 5,578,227 5,482,312 5,031,543 5,039,786	Assets—
Net oper. revenues \$20,722,851 \$18,692.123 \$18,524 497 \$18,111,204 Taxes \$6,869,111 5,419,346 5,176,950 4,701,625	Accounts receivable.   27.852   Payrolls.   48.463   1nterest receivable.   3,883   1nt. on funded debt accr.   15.132   Materials and supplies.   73,010   Notes payable.   8,253
Net oper. income\$13,853,740 \$13,272,777 \$13,347.547 \$13,409,579 Net non-oper. income 88,527 141,958 205,300 241,976	Supply Corp
Income available for fixed charges\$13,942,267 \$13,414,736 \$13,552,847 \$13,651,555 Bond interest\$1550,000 \$3,55	Prepayments 35,341 Capital stock 1,000 Miscellaneous 556,235 Profit from operations 632,617
Other interest 1,348,438 1,609,369 1,825,342 2,170,272 Amortiz. of discount on funded debts 166,306 166,314 166,306 166,306	Total\$12,382,630
Bal. avail. for divs\$8,877,523 \$8,089.051 \$8,011,198 \$7,764,976 Divs. on common stock_ 8,667,477 \$8,000,748 \$8,000,748 \$8,000,748 Balance, surplus\$210,046 \$88,304 \$10,450 def\$235,771	New York Connecting RR.—Earnings—
Balance, surplus \$210,046 \$88,304 \$10,450 def\$235,771 ** Includes \$3,193 for surtax on undistributed net income.  Balance Sheet Dec. 31	December
1936 1935 1936 1935	
Inv. in contr. cos 1,400,353 1,306,894 1st mtge. 4½s 40,000,000 40,000,000 Other invests 1 425 1.443 Real est. mtge 2,000,000 2,000,000	-V. 144, p. 113.
Working funds 367,134 444,204 Amer. T. & T. 17,100,000 19,750,000 Notes receivable 783 9.127,415	New York New Haven & Hartford RR.—Interest— The interest due Nov. 1, 1936 on the Naugatuck RR. 1st mtge. 4% 50-year gold bonds is now being paid as well as the interest due Nov. 1, 1936 on the Harlem River & Port Chester 1st mtge. 4% gold bonds due
Acets. receivable 8,948,457 8,134,240 Acets. payable 3,205,169 2,910,410 Acer'd liabilities plies. 2,717,782 1,861,875 not due. 2,359,081 1,999,384 Deferred Items. 4,194,571 4,405,564 Subscribers' dep.	1936 on the Harlem River & Port Chester 1st mtge, 4% gold bonds due 1954 -  Operating Agreement with Westchester Canceled—
& serv. billed in advance 596,354 581,134 Deferred credits 5.876 5.484	See New York Westchester & Boston Ry.—V.1144, p. 782.
Deprec. reserve 82,628,702 75,913,939 Corp't'n surplus unappropr'ted 8,739,857 8,571,588	All of the outstanding 1st mtge. 51/8% gold bonds due 1926 have been called for redemption on April 5 at 106/9 and interest. Payment will be made at the Chase National Bank, New York City.
Total 334,764,694 329,205,156 Total 334,764,694 329,205,156 V. 144, p. 459.	Includes Operations for Both Periods of All Properties Now Part of New
New Jersey Bell Telephone Co.—New Director— S. Bayard Colgate, President of the Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. has been elected a director of this company.—V. 144, p. 619.	Total operating revenues       \$17,102,923       \$16,260,626         Operating expenses       9,800,750       9,016,289         Maintenance       1,332,317       1,365,226
New Orleans Texas & Mexico Ry.—Earnings—	12 Months Ended Dec. 31—   1936   1935   1936   1
Gross from railway \$183,349 \$177.016 \$136,107 \$143,555 Net from railway 56,165 45,429 24,196 37,780 Net after rents 53,402 46,782 47,253 61,571	Operating income         \$3,890,875         \$3,849,559           Other income         198,713         40,522
From Jan. 1— Gross from railway	Gross income       \$4,089.589       \$3,890.081         Interest on funded debt       2,026.649       1,915.111         Interest on unfunded debt       435.871       330.326         Amortization of debt discount & expense       131.428       131.428
Earnings of System	Amortization of miscellaneous suspense $100,518$ $100,503$ Interest charged to construction $Cr5,991$ $Cr6,307$
Period Ended Dec. 31— 1936—Month—1935 1936—12 Mos.—1935 Operating revenues—— \$1,162,768 \$949,342 \$12,242,708 \$9.842,816 Net ry, oper, income— 157,994 71,457 991,889 264,800 —V. 144, p. 113.	Balance of income \$1,401,115 \$1,418,985 -V. 143. p. 4011.

Newmarket Mfg. Co.—To Pay \$1.50 Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the capital tock, no par value, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 8. A regular uarterly dividend of \$1 per share was paid on Nov. 16, last, and each nree months previously. In addition an extra dividend of \$1.50 per share as paid on Dec. 23, last.—V. 144, p. 113

New York State Rys .- Public Service Commission Re-

New York State Rys.—Public Service Commission Reversed in Reorganization—

On decision day of last week, the Court of Appeals of New York handed down an order dismissing an appeal of the Public Service Commission in matter of General Finance Corp. against Maltbie and others constituting the Public Service Commission. There were proceedings under Section 77-8 of the National Bankruptcy Law pending against New York State Railways. A committee of bondholders proposed a plan of reorganization which, under the law, had to be submitted to the Public Service Commission. The bondholders submitted the plan. The Public Service Commission told the bondholders that all of its staff was busy, engaged in other matters and that months must elapse before the plan could be investigated and passed upon. Someone suggested that if the Public Service Commission would at once select a special staff the bondholders would pay the compensation and expenses. The arrangement was made; the bondholders paid \$7.500. The Commission turned down the plan upon the report of its valuation expert, who, in turn, relied upon the work of the special staff.

The General Finance Corp., a creditor, dissatisfied with the method followed, charged that the Public Service Commission acted illegally in availing itself of the services of persons not regularly appointed and in the disbursement or supervision of disbursement of pay to such persons. It sued out ceriorari to set aside all action of the Commission. The Albany Special Term dismissed the certiorari order. The Appellate Division reinstated the certiorari and the Court of Appeals has now dismissed the appeal of the Public Service Commission will have to defend its action in accepting the services of assistants not regularly appointed to be paid by a private litigant having a financial interest.—V. 143, p. 3327.

New York Susquehanna & Western RR.—Interest—
The interest due Feb. 1, 1937, on the second mortgage 50-year 4½%
gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1937, was paid upon presentation of bonds for
stamping, but the principal then due was not paid. The company proposes
that holders agree to extend the maturity of such bonds to Aug. 1, 1940,
at the present rate of interest in accordance with a plan and deposit agree
ment dated Nov. 21, 1936.—V. 144, p. 783.

New York Telephone Co.-To Limit Handset Phone Charge-

The company will make effective the order of the N. Y. Public Service Commission limiting the extra charge on hand sets to 24 months beginning April 1, 1937, and to 18 months beginning Jan. 1, 1938.

The company has previously stated that it was its desire and intention gradually to reduce the hand set charge, looking toward its complete elimination as conditions would permit. To this end the company has on two occasions complied with hand set reduction orders issued by the Public Service Commission, although from a cost standpoint (according to the company) acceptance of neither of these reductions was justified since the extra cost of rendering service on hand sets has been greater than the extra charge collected since April, 1933 when the first of these reductions was issued.

Because of revenue and expense considerations both as affecting the hand set and the company's business as a whole, the company does not believe that at this time its revenues should be further reduced. However, in view of the improvement in general business, it has determined to make the order effective.

The present order, together with the more general reductions placed in effect last August, will reduce charges billed telephone subscribers by more than five million dollars annually.—V. 144, p. 783.

New York Title & Mortgage Co.—Liquidation—of Series

New York Title & Mortgage Co. -Liquidation of Series B-1 Approved-

B-1 Approved—

Three steps in the liquidation in part of the \$5,500,000 series B-1 guaranteed mortgage certificate issue of the New York Title and Mortgage Co. were approved Jan. 29 by Supreme Court Justice Frankenthaler. One of the steps will permit a 2% distribution to certificate holders on the face amount of the issue. The other two permit reduction of two mortgages through acceptance of certificates by the trustees.

In one of the latter cases, the Court permitted the trustees of the issue to accept certificates in reduction of a \$98,500 mortgage on an apartment house at 390 Hooper St., Brooklyn. The face value will be reduced to \$60,000, estimated to be the proper amount for a first mortgage at the end of three years.

The second case permits reduction to \$17,000 of a \$20,500 mortgage on a manufacturing plant at 393 Kent Ave., Brooklyn, by payment of 1,500 in cash and \$2,000 in certificates.

Cash for the 2% distribution will come from a payment of \$100,000 for a mortgage on three buildings at 642-652 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn, Adolph Kaufman, Ivor B. Clark and Henry Hetkin, trustees of the issue, said that the acceptance of certificates in the other two cases was part of a plan for liquidating the excess in parts of mortgages on property which had declined since the mortgages were given.—V. 144, p. 113.

New York Westchester & Boston Ry.—New Haven

New York Westchester & Boston Ry.—New Haven Operating Agreement Canceled—

The joint operating agreement of the road with the New Haven has been canceled by Federal Judge Carroll C. Hincks as an encumberance to the road's plan of reorganization.

The petition for rejection of the pact was submitted by trustee Clinton L. Bardo who proposed a reduction of at least 50% in rental payments. The agreement covers operations between Mamaroneck and Port Chester, N. Y., and 124th Street and Harlem River, New York City.—V. 144, p. 783.

Niagara Electric Service Corp.—To Merge-See Niagara Hudson Power Corp.

Niagara Hudson Power Corp.—Consolidation of Mohawk Hudson Approved

Niagara Hudson Power Corp.—Consolidation of Mohawk Hudson Approved—

A plan for the elimination of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp., one of the two holding companies remaining between Niagara Hudson Power Corp. and the operating companies of the System, was approved by the stockholders of both corporations at separate meetings held Jan. 30.

The plan, approved by a combined vote of holders representing substantially more than the required two-thirds of outstanding stock, provides for the consolidation of Niagara Hudson Power Corp. with its subsidiary, Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. The vote in favor of the plan by the Niagara Hudson Power Corp. stockholders represented 79% of the outstanding stock. The vote in favor of the plan by Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. stockholders amounted to 94% of the outstanding stock.

The securities of the consolidated corporation will be exchanged for those of the constituent companies.

The proposed consolidation will accomplish a substantial step in the further-ance of the plans for unification in the interest of economy and simplicity, of the corporate structure of the Niagara Hudson System. Plans for the consolidation of certain subsidiary companies into fewer regional units should be facilitated by this proposal. These steps are believed to be consistent with, and in furtherance of, the spirit and intent of recent legislation.

It was announced that the P. S. Commission of New York had approved the holding by the new corporation of the voting capital stocks of the electric and gas corporations which are subsidiaries of the constituent companies.

The amount of the authorized capital stock of the consolidated corporation will be \$475,000,000, classified into 2,000,000 shares (\$100 par) value 1st preferred stock and 206,355 shares (\$100 par) 2d preferred stock and 25,436,450 shares (\$100 par) common stock. Shares of all classifications will be entitled to one vote per share.

Of the authorized capital stock of all classes only the shares necessary to consummate the proposed consolidation will

offered to the holders of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. 2d preferred stock. The plan provides for the distribution of the shares of the new consolidated corporation among the stockholders of the two constituent companies in the following manner:

Niagara Hudson Power Corp. Common Stock

The present Niagara Hudson Power Corp. common stockholders will receive one share (\$10 par) common stock of the consolidated corporation for each of the present shares held.

Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. Preferred Stock

Each holder, other than Niagara Hudson Power Corp., of shares of preferred stock of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. will receive shares of the 1st preferred stock, 5% series, of the new corporation, share for share; and will receive, in addition, a cash payment in adjustment and full payment of all accumulated dividends on the preferred stock of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. up to the date of consolidation, which accumulation will amount to \$4 per share on Feb. 1, 1937. The shares of 1st preferred stock, 5% series, of the new corporation will be entitled to cumulative dividends from the effective date of the consolidation.

Mohawk Hudson Power Corp 2d Preferred Stock

series, of the new corporation will be entitled to cumulative dividends from the effective date of the consolidation.

Mohawk Hudson Power Corp 2d Preferred Stock

Each holder, other than Niagara Hudson Power Corp., of shares of 2d preferred stock of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp., outstanding will be entitled at his election to receive either (a) one share of 2d preferred stock, 5% series A, and 1½ shares (\$10 par) of common stock of the consolidated corporation, or (b) seven shares (\$10 par) of common stock of the consolidated corporation. If a stockholder does not exercise either of such rights of election upon the consolidation becoming effective he will automatically receive one share of 2d preferred stock, 5% series B, which will carry with it a right to a special and additional dividend equal in amount to the dividends accumulated and unpaid on the shares of Mohawk Hudson Power Corp. 2d preferred stock up to the effective date of the consolidation. The special and additional dividend will be paid, when and if declared by the board of directors, but it must be paid in full prior to the declaration of any dividends on the common stock of the consolidated corporation.

Option Warrants of Niagara Hudson Power Corp.

Holders of class A option warrants and of class B option warrants calling for shares of the \$15 per value common stock of the present Niagara Hudson Power Corp, shall be entitled upon appropriate action of the board of directors of the new corporation to receive class A option warrants, respectively, of the new corporation, as its common stock may be constituted at the time of purchase.

Holders of stock and option or receive class A option warrants will be promptly notified as to the warrants of the constituent companies will be promptly notified as to the warrants of the constituent companies will be promptly notified as to the warrants of the constituent companies will be promptly notified as to the warrants of the constituent of the same holders of stock and option warrants of the constituent of t

total of 65 in existence when the Niagara Hudson Ford College in 1929.

The petition was submitted by Horace L. Mann, President of the Buffalo General Electric Co.; Rob Roy MacLeod, Executive Vice-President of the Niagara Electric Service Corp.; Edward D. King, President of the Tonawanda Power Co., and William Kelly, President of the Buffalo Niagara & Eastern Power Corp., holding company for the three operating companies involved in the proposed consolidation.

panies involved in the proposed consolidation.

New York Curb Admits Niagara Hudson New Stocks—
The New York Curb Exchange has admitted to listing the following stocks of the new consolidated Niagara Hudson Power Corp.:

(a) 9,581,290 shares (\$10 par) common with authority to add to the list 3,282,470 additional unissued shares of common upon official notice of issuance against exercise of class A and B option warrants.

(b) Class A warrants entitling holders to purchase 2,784,996 sahres of common and class B option warrants entitling holders to purchase 497,473 shares of common.

(c) 394,553 shares of 5% first preferred (\$100 par).

(d) 90,281 shares of 5% second preferred class A, \$100 par, stock.

(e) 15,649 shares of 5% second preferred class B, \$100 par, stock.

V. 144, p. 460.

Noma Electric Corp.—40-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 40 cents per share on the common stock, payable Feb. 18 to holders of record Feb. 8. A similar payment was made on April 15, 1936, this latter being the first payment made since Feb. 1, 1932, when a regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share was distributed.—V. 143, p. 931.

Norfolk & Western Ry.—Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mo	nth1025	1026 12 7	Mos.—1935	
Railway oper. revenues_ Net ry. oper. revenues_ Net ry. oper. income Other income items	\$8,868,939	\$6,925,843 3,363,364 2,777,858 def43,409	\$94,864,293 44,716,394 34,505,424 549,868	\$78,037,279 33,538,114 27,303,817	
Gross income Int. on funded debt	\$3,293,118 178,816	\$2,734,449 178,816	\$35,055,292 2,145,767	\$28,195,765 2,839,913	
Net income	\$3,114,301	\$2,555,632	\$32,909,524	\$25,355,852	

Northern Pacific Ry.—Earnings—

December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$5,395,723	\$4,256,781	\$3.806.986	\$3,670,019
Net from railway	1.723,270	1,276,414	716,565	745.091
Net after rents	1,379,559	1,222,487	944,611	998,823
Gross from railway	61,906,306	53,830,038	51,407,775	47,578,677
Net from railway	13,587,901	9.736.438	9.856.962	8.585.185
Net after rents	10,788,187	7,608,789	7,915,209	5.975.973
-V. 144, p. 114.				

Northwestern National Insurance Co.-To Buy Cas-

An option to buy for cash the entire outstanding capital stock of the Northwestern National Casualty Co. (a subsidiary of the Insurance company) at full book value as of Dec. 31 will be exercised by the Northwestern National Insurance Co. The 80,000 shares of Casualty capital stock will be purchased according to terms set when the Casualty company was organized in 1930.

At the time of the formation of the subsidiary, the stock was placed in the hands of voting trustees and the fire company stockholders were given proportionate beneficial interest certificates. State laws prevented the fire company from conducting the business done by the subsidiary until it was on a full dividend-paying basis. It was explained that the Casualty company is now on such a basis and the terms of the option can be exercised. The subsidiary paid its first dividend of 10c. a share in September,

1935, and paid two similar dividends in 1936, making total dividend disbursements of \$24,000.—V. 143, p. 1241.

Northwest Bancorporation—Annual Report-

Statement of Operating Earnings & Expenses of Northwest Bancory & Affiliates for Calendar Years

terest earnedher earnings	1936 \$8,565,005 3,606,974	*1935 \$9,033,504 3,467,748	\$10,697,960 3,580,739
terest paid or accruedlaries	1,495,778 4,371,847 2,806,312 302,888		
Gross earnings	\$2,474,492 857,522	\$2,105,846 1,891,225	\$2,763,757 1,768,161
Operating earnings	\$3,332,014 148,647	\$3,997,071 160,882	\$4,531,918 216,067
harge-offs and write-downs on loans,	\$3,183,367	\$3,836,189	\$4,315,851
amounts charged to reserves	969,745	1,006,852	1,217,199
ividends on pref. stock and interest on capital debentures	504,730	756,095	716,914
Net income for year—Northwest Bancorporation	\$1,708,892	\$2,073,241	\$2,381,737
ade up as follows: Net income for filiates less minority interests, \$1,9 ad companies (net), \$183,940; adj	year, \$1,700 17,114; receisistments r	8,891; recove overies by B elative to a	ries by bank ancoporation
	her earnings Gross earnings Lerest paid or accrued Laries her expenses her expenses officer and rescrued Gross earnings officer and rescrued Operating earnings ass minority interests Operating earnings harge-offs and write-downs on loans, securities, &c., less recoveries, excl. amounts charged to reserves ividends on pref. stock and interest on capital debentures  Net income for year—Northwest Bancorporation  x Adjusted. There has been a net increase of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ade up as follows: Net income for filliates less minority interests, \$\frac{1}{2}\$, and companies (net), \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$	terest earned \$8.565.005 her earnings 3,606.974  Gross earnings \$12,171.979 terest paid or accrued 1,495.778 laries 4,371.847 her expenses 2,806.312 deral Deposit Insurance assessm't 302,888 axes paid or accrued 8720.662  Gross earnings \$2,474.492 offit on securities sold 857,522  Operating earnings \$3,332.014 ass minority interests 148.647  Operating earnings \$3,183.367 harge-offs and write-downs on loans, securities, &c., less recoveries, excl. amounts charged to reserves violends on pref. stock and interest on capital debentures 504.730  Net income for year—Northwest Bancorporation \$1,708.892  x Adjusted.  There has been a net increase of \$3,840,413 in ade up as follows: Net income for year, \$1,707.114; record companies (net), \$183,940; adjustments r	terest earned \$\$.565.005 \$9.033.504 ther earnings 3.606.974 3.467.748 467.748 terest paid or accrued 1.495.778 2.188.604 ther expenses 2.806.312 2.941.386 there expenses 2.806.312 2.941.386 2.941.386 2.941.387 2.188.604 2.941.386 2.941.

(	Condensed (	Comparative	Balance Sheet Dec	. 31	
	1936	1935		1936	1935
Assets-	S	8	Liabilities—		\$
Inv. in capital stks of banks & other affiliated cos	r 3 4 7 7	25,305,885	Accts. payable & accrued expenses Res. for retirement	27,838	19,713
Cash	97,180 888,882 36,292	313,697	affiliated banks. Res. for conting's.	4,621,312	1,554,750 5,000,000
			Capital stock, less treasury stock Surplus	7,549,023	7,556,001 11,599,024
Total		25,729,488	Total	29,127,610	25,729,488
-V. 142, p. 11	29.	1.01.14			

Northwestern Bell Telephone Co - Farnings-

CIA A CICPI	AUALU CO.	130011001090	
			Mos.—1935
			129,405 $21,701,543$
300 706			2.893.460
300,100	240,000	0,020,000	2,000,100
\$461,105	\$431,397	\$6,600,687	\$5,546,779
	1936—Mor \$2,734,770 21,754 1,951,205 300,706	1,951,205 300,706 243,356	1936—Month—1935 1936—12 1 \$2,734,770 \$2,570,469 \$32,266,963 21,754 123,006 1,951,205 1,870,770 22,016,874 300,706 243,356 3,526,396

Northwestern Pacific RR.—Earnings—

December-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$296.787	\$211,081	\$206,767	\$224,301
Net from railway	def4.670	def5,521	2,426	27,459
Net after rents	def26,403	def2,904	def20,774	20,238
Gross from railway	3.766.588	3.281.358	3.218.672	2,853,362
Net from railway	464,242	223,570	314,791	148,889
Net after rents	249,796	6,119	def8,010	def180,606
-V. 144, p. 114.	0			1,29

Nunut Foods, Inc.—Stock Offered—
Winston Investment Corp., Detroit, recently offered (to resident of and State of Michigan only) 100,000 shares of common stock at par (\$1

in State of Michigan only 100,000 shares of common stock at par (\$1 pershare).

The company, after a period of experimentation, plans to embark upon a campaign to secure retail store distribution for its products "cream of nuts" in four flavors, viz: Cream of peanut, cream of almond, cream of black walnut and cream of chocolate cashew.

Company has an authorized issue of 250,000 shares of capital stock (\$1 par) of which 45,600 shares issued. Of the issued capital 45,200 shares have been paid for in cash, and 400 shares have been paid for by services for which stock was taken in lieu of salary. In addition 204,400 shares have been validated for sale in and to residents of the State of Michigan only divided into following categories: This offering, 100,000 shares; optioned to original incorporators, to be sold at \$1 per share, and no selling commission to be paid, 45,600 shares; optioned to Winston Investment Corp., to be sold at \$1 per share, and no selling commission to be paid, 20,000 shares; stock to be sold at discretion of board of directors, 38,800 shs.

Ohio Rell Talenhone Co.—Earnings—

Ohio Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mon	th-1935	1936-12 A	Ios1935
	\$3,529,777	\$3,166,051	\$39,364,658	\$35,843,002
Uncoll. oper. revenues	8.916	16,677	93,782	80,670
Operating expenses	2.084.853	1.846,914	23,457,917	22,136,710
Operating taxes	440,220	409,761	5,534,051	4,612,197
			210 080 000	00 010 101
Net oper income	\$995.788	\$892,699	\$10.278,908	\$9.013.425

Ohio State Life Insurance Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$2 per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of \$2.50 per share on the capital stock both payable Feb. 1 to holders of record Jan. 28.—V. 140, p. 646.

Oklahoma City-Ada-Atoka Ry.—Earnings-

December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$45,107	\$40,847	\$30,351	\$21,107
Net from railway	13,522	29,853	9,059	2,417
Net after rents From Jan. 1—	3,568	18,992	def829	def5,963
Gross from railway	537.115	434,784	341.625	315,093
Net from railway	223,207	173,197	106,803	102,674
Net after rents	107.890	60,979	def10.377	def21,665
-V. 144, p. 115.				
Old Colony Trust	Associat	tes—Earn	ings—	
Years End. Dec. 31-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Net profit after charges and taxes	\$245,934	\$256,138	\$255,772	\$260,344
Earns, per sh. on 376,208 shares capital stock —V. 143, p. 1241.	\$0.65	\$0.68	\$0.67	\$0.70
v . 140, P. 1241.				

Olympic Forest Products Co.—Accumulated Dividend—The directors have declared a dividend of \$2 per share on account of accumulations on the \$8 cumulative preferred stock, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 20. A similar payment was made on Dec. 1 and on Aug. 20, last.—V. 143, p. 2530.

on Aug. 20, last.—V. 146			1	y its is
Ontario Loan &	Debentu	re Co.—Ea	rnings—	
		1935	1934	1933
Calendar Years— Net earnings for the year	1936 \$272,266	\$293,805	\$291,980	\$287,011
Balance brought forward	\$212,200	<b>\$200,000</b>		
from previous year	104,998	101,194	84,213	76,619
matal many	6977 OC 4	\$394,999	\$376,193	\$363,630
Total surplus	\$377,264 230,000	240,000	240,000	240,000
Dividends paid	250,000			
Balance	\$147,264	\$154,999	\$136,193	\$123,630
Dom. Govt. inc. war tax:			15 Test	
	40,000	40,000	35,000	39,417
April, 1936	40,000	40,000 10,000	00,000	
Writoff office premises		10,000		
Bal. carried forward	\$107,264	\$104,999	\$101,193	\$84,213
	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
1936	. 1935		1936	1935
Assets— \$	\$ .	Liabilities-	\$	\$
Office prem. (free-		Debs., sterling	705 40	3 768,818
hold)110,00	110,000	cluding accr	int. 795,40	3 100,010
Mortgages11,033,00	10,730,020	Debs., curr.,	rest_ 6,998,59	4 6,896,109
Securs., incl. ac- crued interest 3,532,63	3,640,896	Deposits	2,832,440	0 2,574,034
Loans on stocks &		Other liabilitie	8 59,19	0 61,821
bonds 21.58	82,802	Capital stock.	2,000,00	0 2,000,000
Deps. with and se-	a that in he	Reserve fund	2,400,00	0 2,400,000
curities of other	10 005	Dividend pays Profit & loss	able_ 50,00 acct_ 107,26	0 60,000 4 104,998
loan cos. of Can 28,6	10 12,665	Pront & loss	107,20	¥ 10x,880
Cash in chartered banks in Great			The second of	profits the
Britain 5,3	10 3,629		tag til til	
Cash in chartered	.0,525	and the		
banks of Canada		120	The street	
and on hand 511,7	43 279,169			
Ontario Mfg. Co	1036	1935 \$1,426,925	\$1,127,696	1933 \$1,067,221
Net sales Cost of goods sold and	\$1,588,515	\$1,420,520		
commercial expense.	1,382,112	1,268,761	1,030,855	865,722
Depreciation	65,694	69.050	1.030,855 $73,374$ $2,640$	865,722 74,333 17,152
Provision for Fed. tax	25,120	12,240	2,640	17,152
Net profit for year	\$115,589	\$76,874	\$20,827	\$110,014
Common stock & surplus		004 049	1,063,517	985,099
Dec. 31	994,964	994,948	1,000,017	900,099
Excessive accr. of cap stock tax at Dec. 31'35	400		·	فعلمته الم
SUCH WAR AU DOC. OF SE			44.00:01	-
Total surplus	\$1,110,953	\$1,071,822	\$1,084,344	\$1,095,113
Preferred dividends	$\begin{array}{c} 2,254 \\ 75,273 \end{array}$	$11,641 \\ 60,218$	16,410 67,746	16,541
Common dividends	75,273	60,218	07,740	15,055
Premium paid on pref	12,880	5,000	5,240	
stock purchased	12,000			
Common stock & sur	-	0001.001	0004 040	91 000 717
plus Dec. 31Shs.com. stk.outstand's	\$1,020,547 60,218	\$994,964 60,218	\$994,948 60,218	\$1,063,517 60,218
Shs.com. stk.outstand's		\$1.08	\$0.07	\$1.55
Earnings per share	\$1.00		φυ.07	Ψ1.00
artin Marria Esti		Sheet Dec. 31	1024	1935
Assets— 1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1999
Cash \$96,1	60 \$205,443 35 158,000	Accts. payabl	ges \$28,68	\$5,439
Accts. receivable 189,6 Inventories 221,1	77 299,641	Accrued wa	clud'g	\$5,200
Inventories 321,1 Cash surr. value	200,011	Fed. incom	ne tax 31,97	79 18,352
life insurance	554	Preferred sto	ck	128,800
x Land, buildings,	*	y Common s	tock_ 615,60	00 615,600
x Land, buildings, mach'y & equip. 421,8	430,320	Earned surpl	us 404,94	17 379,364
Fed'l Farm Mtge.	04 E0 E04	1 2		
Corp. bonds 50,8	50,564			
Prepaid ins. prem. 1.8	3.03			

Total \$1.081,209 \$1,147,555 Total\_. x After depreciation of \$45.356 in 1936 and \$45?,801 in 1935. y Represented by 60,218 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 784.

Otis Steel Co.—Bonds Called—
The company on Feb. 3 called for redemption on March 18 all of its lst mtge. 15-year sinking fund gold bonds, series A, due March 1, 1941, outstanding in the amount of \$10,827,500, at 101½% and accrued interest. Holders may obtained immediate payment in full with accrued interest to March 18 by surrendering the bonds at City Bank Farmers Trust Co., New York City, or at The National City Bank of Cleveland, Cleveland, Ohio. Interest on the bonds will cease to accrued on March 18. Payment of these bonds is being made from part of the proceeds of the company's recent issue of \$15,000,000 4½% 1st mtge. sinking fund bonds.

—V. 144, p. 784.

Pacific Gas & Electric Co.—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$35,000,000
1st & ref. mtge. bonds, series I, 3½%, due June 1, 1966.—V. 144, p. 115.

Pacific Lighting Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings- 

 Catendar Years—
 1936
 1935
 1934

 Gross revenues—
 \$51,190,366
 \$49,677,616
 \$43,893,770

 Oper, expenses and taxes
 29,903,498
 27,607,992
 25,035,987

 Bond interest—
 4,158,456
 4,987,524
 5,009,774

 Deprec, and amortizat'n
 8,195,643
 7,382,701
 6,749,504

 Subsidiary pref, divs—
 1,513,410
 1,514,023
 1,535,502

 Net profit \_\_\_\_\_\_ \$7,419,359
Com. divs. minority int \_\_\_\_\_ 264
Preferred dividends \_\_\_\_\_ 1,179,990
Common dividends \_\_\_\_\_ 4,584,598 \$5,563,002 517 1,179,990 4,825,893 \$6,338,054 \$8,185,376 220 \$3,144,452 def\$443,398 1,608,631 1,608,631 \$4.35 \$2.72 \$1,654,507 1,608,631 \$3.88 Surplus\_\_\_\_\_\_Shs.com.stk.out.(no par)
Earnings per share\_\_\_\_\_
—V. 144, p. 460.

Panhandle Producing & Refining Co.-To Formulate New Plan-

Because the required number of shares of preferred stock has not been deposited, the management has not been able to carry out the plan of reorganization approved by stockholders on Oct. 8, 1935, according to a letter sent to stockholders by Roy B. Jones, President.

Mr. Jones, however, said that the directors had under consideration other proceedings, which, it is believed, should be successful in putting the plan into effect. He said the stockholders soon would be advised of the new plan.—V. 143, p. 3158.

Paramount Pictures, Inc.—Conversion of Preferred—
It is stated that between \$7,000,000 and \$7,500,000 of the 6% first preferred stock has been converted into common to date. There was \$24,998,100 outstanding as of Dec. 31, 1935. so that the total outstanding is now reduced to approximately \$17,500,000. The first preferred is convertible at the rate of one share into seven shares of common, so that the conversion that has thus far taken place has increased the original 1,610,457 shares of common to over 2,100,000 shares currently outstanding.—V. 143, p. 4012.

### WE WILL BUY

Penna. & N. Y. Canal & R. R. Cons. 4s, 4½s, 5s Lehigh Valley R. R. Genl. Cons. Reg'd 4s, 4½s John Wanamaker 1st 5½s, due 1949 Lehigh Valley R. R. Annuity 4½s and 6s Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts. Cons. Reg'd 4½s, due 1957

## YARNALL & CO.

A. T. & T. Teletype—Phila, 22

Philadelphia

Parker Rust-Pro				W. Maria
Gross profit from manu	1936	1935	z1934	<b>z1933</b>
factruing operations Selling, adver., shipping	\$1,581,409	\$1,430,084	\$1,051,228	\$781,584
gen. & admin. exp	377,041	356,490	232,085	246,207
Operating profitOther income	\$1,204,368 75,018	\$1,073,594 71,101	\$819,143 51,945	\$535,377 26,208
Amortiz. of patents and	\$1,279,386	\$1,144,695	\$871,088	\$561,585
Provision for bad accts	3,845	6,568	5,708	17,578 18,923
Prov. for loss on acct.,&c Loss on bldgs, demolish'd Exp. on rented propert's	1		34,700 17,125	46,750
Prov. for contingencies  Miscellaneous  Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	1,075	13,415 8,859 163,034	5,245  117,243	6,429 6,155 61,792
Net profit	\$1,080,646	\$952,819	\$691,067	\$403,958
Shs. common stock out- standing Earnings per share Preferred dividends Common dividends	429,498 \$2.51	143,166	118,049 \$5.78 570,186	96,135 \$4.11 345,439
x Includes \$1,660 sur stock dividend amounting	tax on und	istributed pr	ofits. y Inch nsolidated.	udes 10%
Con		ince Sheet Dec	. 31	
Cash on hand and on deposit \$218.0	1935	Accounts pay	able_ \$75,472	1935 \$59,461
U. S. Govt. securs.		Accrd. taxes &	ins. 16,464	161,061 14,810
a Cust.'s notes &		Res. for contin	g 21.200	163,084 28,900
accounts 192.6. Inventories 76.7.		7% cum, pref.	stk. 28,060	29,110
Other assets 852.2			kd1,072,441	c286,332
b Land, buildings.		Surplus	824,805	1,531,213
mach. & equip 239,8		3. V		
Patents 42,4	36 45,359			
Prepaid taxes, ins.	OR 15 240	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Total\_\_\_\_\_\$2,381,590 \$2,273,974 Total\_\_\_\_\_\$2,381,590 \$2,273,974

a After allowance for doubtful accounts of \$9,000 in 1935 and 1936.
b After allowance for depreciation of \$211,943 in 1936 and \$193,006 in 1935.
c Represented by 143,166 no par shares. d Represented by 2,607 no par shares, at stated value of \$5,214 and 426,891 shares, at \$2,50 par.—V. 144, p. 785.

15,340

18,706

Peerless Casualty Co., Keene, N. H.—Stock Offered—Falvey, Waddell & Co., Inc. on Jan. 25 offered 30,000 shares of common stock at \$23.50 per share.—V. 143, p. 1243.

Penn Electric Switch Co.—Application Approved—
The Chicago Stock Exchange has approved the application of the company to list 50,000 shares of \$1.20 dividend convertible class A stock, \$10 par, to be admitted to trading on notice of registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—V. 143, p. 2531.

Pennsylvania Salt Mfg. Co.	-Earnin	208-	
Net profit after depres deple and	1936	1935	1934
Earns, per sh. on 150,000 shs. capital	1,589,201	\$1,160,654	\$647,225
Stock	\$10.59	\$7.74	\$4.31
x After deducting surtax and undistr	buted prof	lits.—V. 143.	p. 3477.

Pennsylvania Re	ading Se	ashore Li	nes-Earn	nings-
Gross from railway	1936 \$410,135 def13,985 def146,915	1935 \$372,309 def25,121 def148,432	1934 \$386,823 def15,676 def139,906	1933 \$356,952 def111,980
Gross from railway Net from railway	6,488,041 949,231 lf1,232,479	5,686,620 226,752 df1,697,564	5,867,337 360,484 df1,817,395	4,092,778 27,857 df1,439,370

Pennsylvania W.  F Years Ended Dec. 31— Gross inc. (all sources) Exp., maint., taxes, &c Renewals & replacem'ts Interest on bonds	1936 \$6,510,313 2,809,328 468,526 1,054,519	1935 \$6,094,676 2,302,369 464,336 1,055,780	-Earnings- 1934 \$5,642,112 2,030,748 413,699 1,059,446	1933 \$5,432,883 1,851,525 411,717 1,064,220
Net income	\$2,177,940	\$2,272,190	\$2,138,217	\$2,105,421
Preferred dividends	107,465	85,385	19,145	16,873
Common divs. (\$3)	1,719,392	1,397,006	1,289,544	1,289,544
Balance, surplusShares capital stock outstanding (no par)Barns.per sh.on cap.stk	\$351,083	\$789,799	\$829,528	\$799,002
	429,848	429,848	429,848	429,848
	\$4.81	\$5.08	\$4.93	\$4.85

Common arvs. (\$5)	1,719,392	1,397,000	1,289,544	1,289,544
Balance, surplus Shares capital stock out-	\$351,083	\$789,799	\$829,528	\$799,002
standing (no par)— Earns.per sh.on cap.stk— —V. 143, p. 3008.	429,848 \$4.81	429,848 \$5.08	429,848 \$4.93	429.848 \$4.85
Petroleum Corp.	of Amer	ica—Earn	inas—	
Calendar Years— Cash dividends Interest	1936 \$1,905,041	1935 \$758,689 2,322	1934 \$1,101,914 6,670	1933 \$250,119 10,839
Total Registrar & transf. fees Cap. stk., State fran-	\$1,905,294 11,591	\$761,011 10,444	\$1,108,584 11,400	\$260 958 13,587
chise, &c., taxes Cost of stock ctfs. and listing fee	3,149	9,951	10,679	19,380
Other oper, expenses Prov. for normal Federal	51,204	45,246	44,816	7,542 51,067
income tax	29,023			
Net inc. for period Divs. paid in cash	\$1,810,326 1,800,000	\$695.371 670,843	\$1,041,689 1,067,230	\$169,383
Balance Previous surplus Int. coll. on amts. due on	\$10,326 5,263,609	\$24,528 5,239,082	def\$25,541 5,264,623	\$169,883 5,095,240
capital -tock	87.073			
Total urplus	\$5,311,009	\$5,263,609	\$5,239,082	\$5,264,623

Statement of Capital Surplus Dec. 31, 1936	
Capital surplus Dec. 31, 1935	\$18,883,748
Excess of cost over capital value (\$5 per sh.) of 70,460 shs. of treasury stock retired on April 23, 1936	430,585
Balance	18,453,164
capital stock"	104,484
Capital surplus Dec. 31, 1936	
Excess of amounts realized from sales of securities over average carrying values (inventory valuations of such securities at Dec. 31, 1930, and cost of subsequent purchases):	
Balance, Dec. 31, 1935	\$1,942,766 909,966
Balance (net addition to surplus) Dec. 31, 1936	\$2,852,733

	31		000 mood 07			
	1936	1935		1936	1935	
Assets-	\$	S	Liabilities-	\$	2	
Cash	553,749	878,705	Accrued expenses.	e38,330	8.486	f
Divs. receivable	20,225	24,929	b Capital stock 1	0.000,000	10.352,300	
Accts. receivable		529	Surplus2	3,721,389	26,090,124	
Securs. ownedd3	5.928.702a	34.922.314	c Treasury stock	5 22022	Dr624.432	
Other investments	257,043			1.5		
			a, 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-	

Philadelphia Electric Co.—Common Stock Offered—Graham, Parsons & Co.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., and Kidder, Peabody & Co. on Feb. 3 offered a block of 24,143 shares of common stock at 42¾. The shares being offered do not represent any new financing by the company.—V. 143, p. 4164.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co.—Underliers Objections to P. R. T. Plan Outlined—Ask Higher Interest Rates on Proposed Bonds to Be Issued to Them and Greater Degree of Priority for Preferred Stock—

for Preferred Stock—

Detailed objections of the underliers to the proposals of the Philadelphal Rapid Transit committee of directors for transit reorganization are outlined in a letter to the P. R. T. committee and made public by the latter group. The letter was signed by John L. Clawson, President of the 2nd & 3rd Str. Passenger Ry.; Daniel Houseman, President of the Gremantown Passenger Ry, and the Green & Coates Sts. Passenger Ry., and Jeremiah J. Sullivan, vice-President of the Frankford & Southwark Phila. City Passenger RR. Co., as a sub-committee of presidents of class A underliers, and by L. P. Geiger, President, Philadelphia Traction Co. and A. Balfour Brehman, President of the Union Traction Co.

A. M. Greenfield, member of the P. R. T. committee of directors, in making public the letter following a meeting of the committee of M. R. S. O. directors, P. R. T. officials, and Mayor S. Davis Wilson said that undriler representatives would be invited to meet with the P. R. T. and M. B. S. C. directors committees at an early date in the hope of seeking an early agreement.—V. 144, p. 463.

Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Irop Co.—New

Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co.-New

-Arthur E. Newbold Jr., has been elected a director in place of Thomas Newhall, who resigned.—V. 141, p. 2444.

Pittsburgh Steel Co.—Earnings—
——3 Months Ended

1 67 604	3 Month	s Enaea-	6 Mos End.
Net sales Cost and expenses	Dec. 31,'36 \$8,597,408 7,870,696	\$7,127,705	Dec. 31,'36 \$15,725,113 14,196,629
Balance	\$726.712 319,691	\$801.772 311.065	\$1,528,484 630,756
Balance Other income	\$407.021 56,933	\$490,707 49,272	\$897.728 106,206
Total incomeInterest, &cFederal and State income taxes	\$463,954 117,984 84,100	\$539,979 118,835 111,900	\$1,003,934 236,820 196,000
Net income Earnings per share on 354,900 shares	\$261,870	\$309,244	\$571,114
common stock (no par)	\$0.22	\$0.35	\$0.57

Plant Reduction Corp.—Stock Offered—Public offering by means of a prospectus was made Feb. 2 by Rushmore Management, Inc. of a new issue of 45,000 shares (\$1 par) capital stock at \$1.50 per share. Stock is offered as a speculation.

capital stock at \$1.50 per share. Stock is offered as a speculation.

Corporation was organized in Delaware on Jan. 22, 1937, for the general purpose, among others, of stripping and reducing the urticaceous shrub Ramie into its chief constituents of raw fibre and cellulosic products which it will supply as raw materials to various industries. Ramie has heretofore been very little cultivated in the United States, although it has been used for its fibre in the Far East for centuries and is also used in England and France. Present markets for the Ramie fibre are (a) high grade paper, (b) housefurnishings such as plushes, upholstered furniture, curtains, carpets, table cloths, napkins, sheets and pillow cases, (c) clothing, particularly summer apparel, and (d) knitted yarns and knitted fabrics of new and novel designs. In addition it has a large variety of other uses. During the war it was used for airplane wing coverings because of its high tensile strength.

The company has entered into a contract to purchase certain lands, buildings and equipment in Suwannee County, Fla. The real property comprises approximately 249 acres, nearly all cleared, 200 of which are to be used immediately for the planting and cultivation of Ramie. The company plans to immediately order the erection of a mill on the premises of the plantation where the harvested crop will be treated and prepared for market.

Capitalization consists of 150,000 shares of capital stock of which 90,000 shares are to be outstanding, including this issue. The company has no funded or bank debt.

Directors are Samuel Mason, Pres., Gen. Mgr.; George M. Rushmore, (Pres. of Rushmore Management, Inc.), Vice-President; Charles L. Macolonial (of law firm of Tibbets, Lewis, Lazo & Rand), Sec.; Curtis N. Browne, (Vice-Pres. of Albert Frank-Guenther Law, inc.); Wm. A. C. Miller 3rd; Richard B. Connolly, and Norman A. Gribbons. The Treasurer is John A. Feezko.

Registrar, United States Corporation Co., 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J. Transfer agent, Registrar & Tr

Pollock's, Inc.—Sales—		
Month of— January	1937 \$78,062	1936 \$70.406
-V. 144, p. 463.	4.0,002	1000

Volume 144 Financial	Chronicle 949
Ponce Electric Co.—Earnings—	Financial Statement Jan. 1
Period End Dec 31- 1936-Month-1935 1936-12 Mos1935	Assets— 1937 1936   Liabilities— 1937 1936   Unearned prems\$2,121,180 \$2,046,324
\$21 528 \$27 705 \$343 275 \$313.989	Treasury offs\$1,708,091 \$1,555,697 Net losses & claims
Maintenance 1.015 1.112 15,240 22,888	Fed. Ld. Bk. bds. 637,989 643,055 unpaid 113,884 158,187 Cash 349,902 108,860 Est. taxes hereafter
Taxes 3,102 2,783 35,045 30,954 1,099	Bonds 502,739 677,941 payable 150,000 120,374
20 072 20 275 2120 100 \$84 722	Mortgage loans 668,393 726,939 reinsur. bals 54,896 66,133
Appropriations for retirement reserve	Collateral loans 11,300 10,000   Impounded Mis-
	over 90 days 329,399 352,916 Dep. on real estate
Balance for common dividends and surplus \$65,160 \$29,431	fire risks 118,346 106,927 Other liabilities 3,401
Balance Sheet Dec. 31  Assets— 1936 1935   Liabitities— 1936 1935	Home office bldgs. Surplus 2,742,889 2,583,797
a Property. plant b 7% pref. stock. \$357,700 \$361,300 \$46 equipment\$1,324,593 \$1,314,945 Com.stk. (\$20 par) 865,000 865,000 \$65,000	and grounds 42,000 42,000 Capital 2,000,000 2,000,000 Other real estate 587,268 963,706
Cash 167,664 61,678 Accounts payable 9,562 10,569	Real estate sold under contract. 50,093
Acets, receivable 108,796 122,148 Int. & taxes acer'd 24,670 20,012	Interest accrued 35,476 38,039
Mat'ls & supplies 32,392 37,601 Sundry liabilities 15,563 18,150 Prepayments 1,524 2,087 Retirement res've 228,117 209,219	Impounded Missouri premiums. 30,479 30,479
Prepayments 1,524 2,087 Retirement res've 228,172 209,219  Miscell. investm'ts 685 740 Operating reserves 32,772 15,734  Special deposits 50,000 Unadjust. credits 1,045	Dep. with district clerk (personal
Unadjusted debits 158 69 Earned surplus 157,382 91,802	property tax) 2,042 5,378 Special deposit in
Total\$1,690,993 \$1,593,298 Total\$1,690,993 \$1,593,298	escrow 3,445 1,235 Miscell. assets 1
paid therefor, less retirements. b Par \$100 per share.—V. 144, p. 289.	
Poor & Co.—Accumulated Dividend—	Total\$7,912,463 \$7,508,772 Total\$7,912,463 \$7,508,772V. 142, p. 968.
The diseases have declared a dividend of 50 cents now share on the \$1.50	Republic Investors Fund, Inc.—Earnings—
cum, and part, no-par class A stock, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. A dividend of \$1 was paid on Dec. 24, last, this latter being the first dividend paid on the A stock since Dec. 1, 1931, when a quarterly dividend of 37½ cents per share was paid.—V. 143, p. 4013.	19 Monthel Ended Dec 31-
first dividend paid on the A stock since Dec. 1, 1931, when a quarterly dividend of 3714 cents per share was paid.—V. 143, p. 4013.	Dividends received and accrued \$67,056 Interest received 4,563
Powdrell & Alexander, Inc.—Earnings—	200 000
Years Ended Dec. 31— 1936 1935 1934 1933	Total
Net profit after deprec., Federal taxes, &c x\$287,500 \$156,595 loss\$204,594 \$229,495	a Net income \$47,661 \$22,207 Preferred dividends 18,154 8,863 Preferred dividends 86,813
Shares common stock (par \$5) 278,940 y55,788 y55,788 y55,788	Campan dividends c23.003 b6.813
(par \$5) 278.940 y55.788 y55.788 y55.788 Earnings per share \$1.00 . \$2.51 Nil \$3.64 x After deducting surtax on undistributed earnings. y No par.—V.	a Exclusive of results from security transactions which are carried direct to special surplus. b Exclusive of 4% stock dividend charged to special surplus amounting to \$2,003. c Exclusive of \$54,991 charged to special
144, p. 117.	surplus amounting to \$2,003. c Exclusive of \$54,991 charged to special
Public Service Co. of N. Ill.—Company Asks Authority	surplus. Balance Sheet Dec. 31
to Refund \$80,000,000 Bonds—.	Assets— 1936 1935 Labitutes— 1936 1935 Cash.————————————————————————————————————
In line with capital revamping program for the utility companies serving Chicago area, stockholders of this company at the annual meeting Feb. 23	Due from secs. sold bank (secured) \$200,000 \$50,000
will be asked to authorize the issuance under the first lien & refunding	Secs. owned at cost 1,291,513 620,178 but not received 8,120
will be asked to authorize the issuance under the first lien & refunding mortgage of a new series of bonds not to exceed \$80,000,000. Proceeds are to the applied to refunding or retirement of all or a substantial part of company's then existing mortgage indebtedness.	Off. furn. & fixt., stk.issued as div.
If present low interest rates continue company's management may	Prepaid expenses 1.345 1.237 Due to pref. stock-
If present low interest rates continue company's management may consider it advisable under certain circumstances to undertake such refunding at a later date. Accordingly authorization for the new series of bonds is being asked at the annual meeting to avoid necessity of calling	divs. paid in 300
bonds is being asked at the annual meeting to avoid necessity of calling special meeting before the next annual meeting in February, 1933.  If plan No. 3 of the capital revamping program above mentioned is carried out and about \$31,000,000 of present mortgage debt of the company is retired from proceeds of sale of a block of Commonwealth Edison convertible debentures or capital stock, the Public Service Co. mortgage debt remaining will consist of \$80,000,000 of first lien and refunding 4½s of which \$16,000,000 are callable at 104 and the balance at 102½ plus a small non-callable issue in amount of \$243,000. The proposed new series would provide for refunding of the then existing first lien and refunding 4½s.—V. 144. n. 289.	Accrued expenses 3,080 4,556 Divs. on com. stock
If plan No. 3 of the capital revamping program above mentioned is carried out and about \$31,000,000 of present mortgage debt of the company	pay. Jan. 2 1936 4,006 Res. for Fed. taxes 12,005 3,049
is retired from proceeds of sale of a block of Commonwealth Edison convertible debentures or capital stock, the Public Service Co. mortgage debt	Res. for sell. chges. 2,945 5,803 6% pref. stock, ser.
remaining will consist of \$80,000,000 of first lien and refunding 41/s of	A (par \$10) 62,040 238,040
which slice is a mount of \$243,000. The proposed new series would non-callable issue in amount of \$243,000. The proposed new series would	6% pref. stock, ser.  B (par \$10) 224,890  Com stk.(par 25c.) 99,131 51,714
144, p. 289.	
Purity Bakeries Corp.—Larger Regular Dividend— The directors have declared a dividend of 15 cents per share on the com.	Earned surplus 65,687 54,472
The directors have declared a dividend of 15 cents per snare on the com- stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. Regular quarterly dividends of 10 cents per share were paid on Dec. 1, Sept. 1 and	Total\$1,354,323 \$768,704 Total\$1,354,323 \$768,704
June 1 last, and prior to this latter date regular duarterly dividends of 25	-v. 143. p. 3855.  Republic Petroleum Co., Los Angeles—To Create Issue
cents per share were distributed from June 1, 1932 to and including March 2, 1936. In addition, an extra dividend of 45 cents was paid on Dec. 24, last.	of Preferred Stock—
New Vice-President—	The company is asking stockholders to approve an amendment to the
Henry Stude, was elected a Vice-President of the company on Feb. 4.  Consolidated Earnings Statement	
13 Wks. End. 12 Wks. End. 53 Wks. End. Years End.	shares (\$50 par). It is proposed to issue only obtain as 27/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/
Period Ended— Jan. 2, '37 Dec. 28, '35 Jan. 2, '37 Dec. 28, '35 Net loss after int., depr.,	directors deem it necessary to increase company's capital. In a letter addressed to the stockholders, dated Jan. 28, C. C. Spicer,
taxes, min. int., &c x\$432,950 \$608,706 x\$690,114 \$251,584 Earns, per sh, on 771,476	Pres., says in part:
no-par shs. cap. stock. \$0.56 Nil \$0.89 Nil x After deducting undistributed profits taxes.—V. 144, p. 289.	capital, gradually building up its business from its earnings. The active
574 H.	For several years company has operated without auditate withing capital, gradually building up its business from its earnings. The active development program which was carried out by company during the year 1936 clearly demonstrated the need for a very substantial increase in working capital. This need has recently been made more imperative by the completion by Richfield Oil Co. of a well in the El Segundo Oil Field which we have the producing over 16 000 barrels daily, and subsequent active
Quissett Mill—Dividends Resumed— The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common	completion by Richfield Oil Co. of a well in the El Segundo Oil Field which
stock, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 2. This will be the first payment made since 1932.—V. 143. p. 2533.	at present is producing over 1 which has necessitated our beginning
Railway Express Agency, Inc.—Earnings—	immediate drilling to protect our property from the many and the devise a plan
Period End. Nov. 30— 1938—Month—1935 1936—11 Mos.—1935 Revenues and income\$13,511,256 \$11,917,325 \$142366,392 \$128034,968 Operating expenses\$7,994,709 7,380,296 83,598,870 77,933,653	which would provide, first, the largest amount of money, second, as which would provide, in the least
Revenues and income\$13,511,256 \$11,917,325 \$142300,332 \$128034,908 Operating expenses 7,994,709 7,380,296 83,589,870 77,933,653	dilution of the holdings of the present stock number of shares. To accome
Interest and discount on	which would require the issuance of the least number of shares. To decided to ask the stockholders to plish these purposes, the directors have decided to ask the stockholders to plish these purposed many to the articles of incorporation to provide for the
funded debt 133,136 144,353 1,472,486 1,598,216 Other deductions 1,022 1,134 21,176 , 29,610	consent to an amendment to the articles of metric at the in-
Rail transp. rev. (pay- ments to rail & other	ha This stock will carry with it two options, one for the company to call and retire the stock at \$55 per share, and second, for the purchaser of the stock to convert it into common stock on a basis to be determined by directors.
carriers—express privileges)——— \$4,911,852 \$4,267,605 \$53,274,660 \$47,096,781 —V. 144, p. 117.	The company has entered into an agreement with the united with the proposed
	whereby, subject to various conditions, the entire amount of the proposd issue of preferred stockiis underwritten.  However, the directors feel that the stockholders are entitled to a pre-
Real Silk Hosiery Mills, Inc.—Earnings— Years End. Dec. 31— x1936 1935 1934 1933	
Net profit after charges	it was decided to offer to each holder of common stock the right to sub-
& Fed'l Income taxes_ y\$116.615 \$374,830 loss\$355.732 \$174.947 x Preliminary. y After surtax on undistributed profits.—V.143, p. 3855.	one share of preferred stock for each 25 shares of common stock held.  These rights to subscribe will be offered to each holder of common stock,

1933 \$789,150

215,905 220,330 \$0.38 \$3.05 ngs.—V. 144, p. 622.

sed our beginning to to devise a plan by; second, at the result in the least r in other words, thares. To accombe stockholders to to provide for the rhich it is the insent for \$625,000.

"the devise of the stock had by directors." the underwriters unt of the propose was decided to offer to each holder of common stock the right to subscribe to shares of the preferred stock at \$50 a share in the proportion of one share of preferred stock for each 25 shares of common stock held. These rights to subscribe will be offered to each holder of common stock keld. These rights to subscribe will be offered to each holder of common stock keld. These rights to subscribe will be offered to each holder of common stock, excluding subsidiaries, of record on the date upon which the registration statement becomes effective and will expire, if not exercised on the 15th day after the date upon which the registration statement becomes effective —V. 143, p. 3331.

Rhokana Corp., Ltd.—Form.

RNORAHA COFP., Lett. But the state of the st

Richfield Oil Co. of Calif .- Subscription Certificates

to Be Issued—
Judge Wm. P. James on Feb. 3 signed an order directing that debenture subscription certificates and stock subscription certificates provided for in the plan of reorganization of Richfield Oil Co. of Calif, and Pan American Petroleum Co., should be made available for distribution to bondholders and unsecured creditors of Richfield and Pan American on Feb. 20, 1937.

This action follows a ruling by the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninto Circuit handed down in San Francisco Jan. 29, in which the Circuit Court declined to permit an appeal from the order confirming the plan of reorganization and also declined an application for an order staying the reorganization proceedings.

Reliance Electric & Engineering Co.—Listing Approved
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of 150,000 outstanding shares of common stock, \$5 par.—V. 143. p. 4014.

Representative Trust Shares—Dividend—
A somi-annual dividend distribution of 34.1954 cents per share on Representative Trust Shares has been authorized for payment on and after Feb. 1, according to an announcement by Mutual Depositor Corp. This compares with a previous semi-annual distribution of 22.025 cents per share paid on July 31, 1936.—V. 141, p. 765.

Republic Insurance Co. of Texas—Larger Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, par \$10, payable Feb. 25 to holders of record Feb. 10. This compares with dividends of 25 cents per share paid each three months from Feb. 10, 1935 to and incl. Nov. 25, last; 20 cents paid in each of the four preceding quarters, and 50 cents per share paid on Feb. 1, 1933.

The present order further directs that the subscription certificates should be mailed on Feb. 20 to unsecured creditors of Richfield and Pan American and to holders of certificates of deposit for bonds on both Richfield and Pan American and to holders of receipts for unsecured claims issued by the creditors' protective committee. All of the names of such creditors and certificate holders appeared on the records as of the close of business Jan. 12, 1937.

The reorganization committee has received a formal agreement from the stock underwriters extending their underwriting commitment to March 15, 1937. Representatives of the reorganization committee stated today that this action will enable them to proceed with all convenient speed to consummate the reorganization plan and thus terminate over six years' receivership of the Richfield company.—V. 144, p. 787.

Rima Steel Corp.—Interest—
The coupon due Feb. 1, 1937, from Rima Steel Corp. 7% closed first mortgage 30-year sinking fund gold bonds, due 1955, was paid on that date at the rate of 5% per annum, in Pengoes, in Hungary.—V. 143, p. 3161.

Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills, Inc.—\$3 Dividend The directors have declared a dividend of \$3 per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 4. A dividend of \$6 was paid on Dec. 21, last, and dividends of \$3 per share were paid on Sept. 1, July 1 and Jan. 2, 1936, July 1, 1935, and on Nov. 2, 1934, this latter being the first dividend paid since Jan. 1, 1931, when a regular semi-annual dividend of \$3 per share was distributed,—V. 143, p. 3647.

Roberts & Oake, Inc.—Earnings—  Earnings for the Year Ended Oct. 31,  Net sales (after freight, returns, &c., of \$240,033)—— Cost of sales———————————————————————————————————	\$9,002,220
Gross profit on sales	\$170,557 160,332 118,508
Operating loss Interest on first mortgage bonds Amortization of bond discount and expense Loss on property retired (net) 2% notmal tax at source, &c	61,899 6,101
Total operating lossOther incomeDiscount on first mortgage bonds purchased for sinking	\$185,219
Net loss	\$158 212

	witte Ditte	OW. 01, 1000	
Assets— Cash in banks and on hand— Cash in sinking fund————————————————————————————————————	\$64,040 32,256 351,490 821,571 7,600 217,598 1,462,365	Labitities— Purchase drafts outstanding — Accounts payable — Accrued taxes, payroll, &c — Due to officers & employees — Ist mtge, sinking fund 6% gold bonds — Cum. conv. pref. stock — d Common stock — Capital surplus — Earned deficit —	32,636 47,497 3,778 960,700 1,102,860 490,160
Total	\$2,999,259	Total	\$2 000 250

x After deducting provision for depreciation in the amount of \$89,760.

a After reserve for doubtful receivables, &c., of \$6,170. b After reserves for depreciation of \$1,143,870. c Represented by 49,016 no par shares having a stated value of \$22.50 per share. d Represented by 98,032 no-par shares having a stated value of \$5 per share.—V. 137, p. 2119.

Royal Dutch Co.—Ready to Pay 169.3% on 4% Dollar Coupons Due Before Oct. 1, 1936—

Dispatches from Amsterdam Feb. 2 stated:
The Royal Dutch Co. announced Feb. 1 it was prepared to pay coupons on its 4% dollar loan still uncashed and which matured before devaluation of the guilder on Sept. 26 last, at their gold value (\$1.693 to each \$1 face value at the present parity of the dollar).

Coupons which were due on Oct. 1, 1936, however, will be paid at the rate of 2.46 guilders (\$1.34 at present rates of exchange) to the \$1 face value. On coupons due in the future, the company said, it was not prepared to apply the recent decision of the Netharlands High Court upholding the gold clause on the ground that the ruling did not take into consideration the abandonment of the gold standard.

Meanwhile the company offered to exchange \$1,000 bonds of the issue into guilder bonds of 2,500 guilders each, which would be at a rate equivalent to the old gold parity. (Under this offer each 2,500-guilder bond would be worth, at present rates of exchange, \$1,369. If the bonds were redeemed at their full gold value of the pre-devaluation dollar, each would yield its holder \$1,693 in present United States currency.

Each bond will carry the right to subscribe before March 31, 1940, for one share of 1,000 guilders parity at a price of 450 guilders, or thereafter and until March 31, 1943, at 500 guilders.—V. 144, p. 788.

Rustless Iron & Steel Corp.—Listing of New Stock—

Rustless Iron & Steel Corp.—Listing of New Stock—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of 893,607 shares of new common stock, \$1 par, upon official notice of issuance in substitution for an equivalent number of shares of old common stock, no par.—V. 144, p. 788.

## Rutland RR .- Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31— Railway oper, revenues_ Railway oper, expenses_ Railway tax accruals Equip. & jt. facil, rents_	\$308,253 242,788 78,941	nth—1935 \$248,296 243,895 19,555 2,304	1936—12 1 \$3,465,869 3,141,741 223,040 1,584	3,127,879 235,865
Net ry. oper, income_ Other income	def\$12,090 9,015	def\$12,850 3,018	\$99,504 76,181	def\$138,481 75.093
Total income Miscell deductions Fixed charges	def\$3,075 354 34,140	def\$9,832 411 34,394	\$175,685 6,115 410,945	def\$63,388 5,855 413,739
Net deficit		\$44,637	\$241,375	\$482,982

## St. Louis Brownsville & Mexico Ry.—Earnings

December— Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rents From Jan. 1—	1936 \$535,496 150,502 81,787	1935 \$394,717 50,928 7,482	1934 \$391,571 91,679 44,816	1933 \$348,377 152,313 128,783
Gross from railway Net from railway Net after rentsV. 144, p. 118.	5,490,916 1,278,893 685,877	4,495,059 8 : 8,627 428,509	4,579,167 1,296,574 713,990	3,938,899 1,157,398 605,438

## St. Louis-San Francisco Ry.—Earnings-

d	į r	armings of C	ompany on	y	
	December-	1936	1935	1934	1933
	Gross from railway	\$4,211,049	\$3,436,946	\$2,936,042	\$3.014.054
	Net from railway	864.603	431,315	91,339	353,002
	Net after rents	622,323	321,735	def49,290	126,484
	Gross from railway	47.981.639	40.539.492	40,043,864	38,731,160
	Net from railway	9.171.215	4.859.441	6,220,541	7.025.742
	Net after rents	5,880,915	2,045,514	2,934,814	3,381,153

#### St. Louis San Francisco & Texas Rv.-- Farnings

	y. Buile	nys		
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$121,019	\$82,919	\$60.275	\$78.807
Net from railway	18,898	def45,875	def30.112	def13.627
Net after rents	def16,956	def73,548	def58,614	def39,559
Gross from railway	1.356.645	11,091,229	936.703	1.062.161
Net from railway	17,190	def163,204	def181,794	13.356
Net after rents	def438,277	def503,422	def531,632	def354,114

#### St. Louis Southwestern Rv. Lines-Earnings

Period Ended Dec. 31-		nth-1935	1936-12	Mos1935
Railway oper. revenues_	\$1,861,903	\$1,423,446	\$19,363,507	\$15,737,484
Net rev. from ry. oper	535,308	498,779	6.164.162	5.001.750
Net ry. oper. income	319,224	350,493	3.271,248	
Non-operating income	6,011	8,687	72,658	78,595
Gross income	\$325,235	\$359,180	\$3,343,906	\$2,722,914
Deductions	276,715	273.264	3.392.848	3,178,109
Net income	\$48,520	\$85.916	def\$48.941	def\$455.195
-V. 144. p. 788.			1000	

Samson United Corp., Rochester, N. Y .- New Financ-

The company, manufacturer of household and automobile electrica appliances, has completed arrangements for new financing through the sal of 110,000 shares of common stock.

A. O. Samuels, President, stated that a registration statement covering 200,010 shares of common stock (\$1 par), will be filed shortly with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Of this amount, 110,000 shares will be sold for the account of the corporation and 20,445 shares for the account of present stockholders. The shares to be sold will be underwritten by Tobey & Co., New York, and Hincks Brothers & Co., Inc., Bridgeport, Conn.

Tobey & Co., New York, and Hincks Brothers & Co., Inc., Bridge Com.

Proceeds of the 110,000 shares for the account of the corporation, after payment of bank loans and current indebtedness, will be used for new capital purposes, including plant expansion, increased inventory and working capital. Corporation was organized in 1929 to succeed a business previously operated under the name of Samson Cutlery Co. Its products include a wide range of household electrical appliances, as well as rubber bladed household and automobile fans which it introduced last year.

Under a recent amendment to its charter, the corporation is authorized to issue 500,000 shares of common stock (\$1 par). At the same time it changed its 2,500 shares of 7% cumul. pref. stock into 25,000 shares of common stock and also changed the 65,010 shares of issued common stock (no par) into the same number of shares (\$1 par)

## San Antonio Uvalde & Gulf RR.—Earnings-| San Antonio Uvalde & C. | | December — | 1936 | | Gross from railway | 18,144 | | Net after rents | def13,265 | | From Jan 1 — | | Net from railway | 1,281,972 | | Net from railway | 340,674 | | Net after rents | def2,612 | | -V. 144, p. 118. | 1935 \$87,691 18,569 def4,908 1,281,972 887,843 340,674 def27,534 def2,612 def319,135

## Savannah Electric & Power Co.—Earnings-

Perioa Enaea Dec. 31-		mth1935	1936-12	Mos1935
Gross earnings	\$179,951	\$162,265		\$1,833,388
Operation	68,989	59,699	744.776	708,857
Maintenance	9.967	8,390	115.373	114.038
Taxes	17.039	16,562	206,708	198,557
Int. and amortization	31,492	31,424	377,770	411,484
Balance	\$52,463	\$46.188	\$538,026	\$400,450
Appropriations for retirem	ent reserve		210,000	150,000
Debenture dividend requir	ements		149,114	149,114
Preferred dividend requir	ements		60,000	60,000
Balance for common div			\$118,911	\$41,336
	Dalamas Che	of Dog 21		

	MINITED TOT COM	mon arti	delia mia	per bien	110,011	941,000
		100	Balance Sh	neet Dec. 31		
	A Late Country	1936	1935	1	1936	1935
	Assets-	. 8	. \$	Liabilities-	\$	
1	a Property plant &			b Debenture stock:		
	equipment1	1,568,808	14,656,251	Series A 8%	1,300,000	1,300,000
	Cash	194,613	478,811	Series B 7 1/2 %	250,000	250,000
	Accts. receivable	240,239	189,529	Series C 7%	250,000	250,000
	Mat'ls & supplies_	149,161	132,960		136,300	136,300
	Appliances on trial	6.646	8,034	Prem. on deb. stk.,	200,000	100,000
	Prepayments	12,252	71.567	series B	1.043	1.043
	Miscell, investm'ts	3.993		c 6% pref. stock		1.000,000
	Special deposits	1,212	1,212	d Common stock	3.100.012	3,100,012
	Unamortized debt.			Bonds	7.343.000	7.368.000
	disct. & expense	288,005	303.999	Notes payable	33,645	13,051
	Unadjusted debits	2,000	7.525	Accts. payable	99.684	55,079
	o-majastea aceits	2,000	1,020	Customers' deps.	47.196	
				Int. & taxes accrd.		40,001
				Sundry liabilities.	89,640	84,801
					5,859	5,334
				Retirement reserve		1,570,752
				Operating reserves	48,338	38,912
			A 14 Y 14 Y	Unadjusted credits		6,981
				Earned surplus	704,646	633,627
			-			-

Total 15,466,931 15,853,894

a At cost based on the par or stated value of securities issued, or cash paid, therefor, less retirements. b Par value \$100 per share, cumulative, c Par \$100 per share. d Represented by 133,334 shares of no par value.

—V. 144, p. 291.

## Scottish Type Investors, Inc.—Earnings-

Income Dividends on stocks	\$7,345 319
Total	\$7,665 324 2,693
Net income before profit from sale of securities & provision for Federal taxes	QA GAT
Net income for year before provision for Federal taxes Provision for Federal taxes	\$5,433 128
Net incomeSurplus—Jan. 1, 1936	\$5,305 1,686
Gross surplus	\$6,991 4,617
Surplus—Dec. 31, 1936  Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936	\$2,374
Assets— Liabilities— .	ent 100

Surplus—Dec. 31, 1936 Balance	e Sheet Dec. 31, 1936
Assets—	\$1,419 Collateral loan payable\$31,166
Cash	66,243 Proceeds Baldwin Loco, stock

\* Market value—\$82,743.—V. 143, p. 4167.

Schulte Real Estate Co., Inc.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of \$3,160,335 principal amount 15-year income debentures, due June 1, 1951.—V. 141, p. 1947.

Schulte Retail Stores Corp.—Sells Holdings—
The sale by the corporation of 60,000 shares of Webster-Eisenlohr, Inc., stock at not less than \$8 a share, or at not less than the market if that is more than \$8 has been tentatively approved by Referee Peter B. Illney Jr. V. 143, p. 4167.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co.—Dividend Plan Voted—

Flan Voted—
Stockholders on Jan. 26, 1937, approved plan to eliminate accumulated dividends on present first and second preferred stocks. Under the plan a new 3½% \$100 par preferred will be issued to first and second preferred stockholders on basis of one share for each three shares held, in lieu of unpaid accumulated dividends which amounted to \$33 a share on first preferred and \$38.50 a share on second preferred. See also V. 144, p. 465.

Scullin Steel Co.—Reorganization Plan—See page 958.

Sears, Roebuck & Co.—Larger Dividend—
The directors on Feb. 2 declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 15. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents per share were distributed. In addition an extra dividend of \$2.50 was paid on Jan. 7, last, an extra of \$1.75 was paid on Dec. 15, last and a special dividend of 50 cents per share was distributed on Dec. 16, 1935.—V. 144, p. 622.

Seeman Bros., Inc.—Earnings-

Selected American Shares, Inc.—Earnings-Years Ended Dec. 31—
Cash dividends
Proceeds of property dividends
Interest on bonds 1936 \$450,235 2,854 1,315 1935 \$269,255 2,175 1934 \$213,141 Gross income\_\_\_\_\_Operating expenses\_\_\_\_\_ \$454,405 108,210 \$271,430 54,341 \$213,141 47,051 \$346,195 \$217.089 \$166,090 628 **x**5 \$346,195 5,368 \$217,094 8,986 \$166,718 6,158 Net income \$340,826 \$208,108 \$160,560 x Selected Shares Corp. only.

Balance Sheet Dec.

	Dutante Di	CCC 2000. 01		
Assets— 193 Cash \$377		Liabilities— Due for secs.purch.	1936	1935
Accts. receivable	78,218	but not received Accrued Fed'l in-	\$164,820	\$134,669
Invests. (at cost) - 9,597 Deferred charges - 19		come tax Reserve for Federal	38,386	20,253
		capital stock tax Accrd. managem't		10,000
		custodian & tran- agent's fees and		
		expenses, &c Other liabilities	25,889 2,393	5,743
		x Capital stock Capital surplus	1,871,158	1,341,914 4,973,701
		Distribution surp.	176,031	98,846

Total \$10,022,841 \$6,585,128 Total \$10,022,841 \$6, x Represented by shares of \$2.50 par in 1936 (\$0.25 par in 1935).—p. 4167.

Selected Industries, Inc.—Listing Approved— The New York Curb Exchange has approved the listing of 424,317 out-anding shares of convertible stock, \$5 par.—V. 144, p. 789.

(W. A.) Sheaffer Pen Co.—Larger Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.25 per share on the common ock, no par value, payable Feb. 26 to holders of record Feb. 11. Diviends of \$1 were paid on Oct. 15 and on April 15, last, and compare with cents paid on Oct. 15, 1935, and \$1 per share on March 15, 1935.—143, p. 2067.

Shell Transport & Trading Co., Ltd.—Interim Div.—
The Chase National Bank of the City of New York as successor depositary of certain ordinary shares of the "Shell" Transport & Trading Co., Ltd., has received an interim dividend on the ordinary shares held by it of one shilling six pence per ordinary share of the par value of one pound sterling each. The equivalent thereof distributable to holders of "American Shares" is 73 cents on each "American Share." This dividend will be distributed on Feb. 16, 1937 to the registered holders of "American Shares" of record Feb. 9, 1837.—V. 144, p. 291.

on Feb. 16, 1937 to the registered holders of "American Shares" of record Feb. 9, 1937.—V. 144, p. 291.

Shawinigan Water & Power Co.—Annual Report.—The income account and balance sheet for the year 1936 will be found in the advertising pages of to-day's issue.

The company reports for 1936 gross earnings of \$13,954,359, compared with \$13,067,800 for 1935, and net earnings before depreciation of \$3,987,893, compared with net of \$3,641,966 for 1935. Non-recurring income of \$432,692 was not included in the revenue account for the year, but credited to contingency account and used to write down the book value of certain investments held by the company.

Deductions from net earnings totaled \$3,157,898, against \$2,232,690 for the previous year. These included, in addition to the usual depreciation reserve, \$100,000 for exchange equalization reserve and \$142,035 for unamortized bond premium, discount and expense. Dividends paid for the year totaled \$1,415,862, compared with \$1,132,690 for 1935. As a result of the increased dividends and transfers to reserves, the year's surplus reduced to \$82,995, compared with \$1,409,275 for the preceding year. Surplus, subject to deduction for 1936 income taxes, which are computed and payable in 1937, amounted to \$1,534,714, against \$973,889 at the end of the previous year.

"The increase in the gross income of the Shawinigan Water & Power Co. reflects the effect of the general improvement in the business world," says Julian C. Smith, President, in his report to shareholders. "The amount of firm power sold shows a marked increase. There has also been a substantial improvement in the sale of electricity for domestic purposes.

"The company's lines serve communities in the Province of Quebec, largely interested in its industrial life, and the benefits of improved conditions are seen on all sides. The employment situation shows marked improvement, as evidenced by the company, which is one of North America's largest hydro-electric enterprises, again established an all-time record, amou

Comparative Income Statement for Calendar Years

~	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross oper. revenue\$1	2,589,996	11,700,065	10,974,372	10,827,5676
Miscell, non-oper, rev.	1,364,362	1,367,735	1,530,035	1,118,287
Gross earns., all sources	13 054 358	\$13,067,800	\$12,504,406	\$11.945.863
Operating expenses, &c.	3.442.247	3.082.238	2.748.159	2.503.134
Power purchased	1.788,625	1.580,696	1.539.675	1,634,217
Taxes and insurance	834,254	744,143	658.862	674,380
Exchange on U.S. funds	001,201	741,140	62,585	377,957
Interest	3,901,339	4,018,758	4.127.681	4.113.127
int, charged to power	0,501,008	4,010,700	4,121,001	T,110,121
development on cost of				
work of construction				Cr300,000
pecial depreciation	500,000			300.000
Depreciation reserves	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	800,000
Exchange reserve	100,000	100,000	1,000,000	800,000
Jnamort. bond prem.,	100,000	100,000		
discount, & expense.	142,035			
Contingent reserve	142,000		100,000	
CONTINUE TESET VO			100,000	
Net income	\$2,245,857	\$2,541,966	\$2,267,443	\$1.843.044
Dividends	1.415.862	1.132.690	1.089.125	1.089.125
	1,110,002	1,102,000	1,000,120	1,000,120
Balance, surplus	\$829,995	\$1,409,276	\$1.178.318	\$753.919
rev. surp. (after adj.)	704.718	1,832,028	1,134,213	780,894
Transfer from gen'l res			1.199.526	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total	\$1.534.714	\$3,241,304	\$3.512.057	\$1,534,813
ransfer to conting. res_				300,000
mort. of bond discount				
and expense		2.267.414		
pec. transfer to deprec.				1.0
reserve			700,000	
r. to ins. res			499,526	
. <u> </u>				
b Total surp. Dec. 31.	\$1,534,714	\$973,889	\$2,312,531	\$1,234,813
hares capital stock out-		0.4		
standing (no par)	2,178,250	2,178,250	2,178,250	2,178,250
Carned per share	\$1.03	\$1.15	\$1.04	\$0.84
a Including revenue fro	m investme	nts in subsidi	ary and othe	r companies

Comparative Balance Sheet Dec. 31
36 1935 Liabilities— 1936 | 1936 y Capital stock | 72,118,447 Bonds | 87,596,000 Shtrt,term notes | 544,526 Bills payable | 1,334,761 Deprec res | 14,331,641 Exchange equalization reserve | 295,620 Contingent & Insurance fund | 1,180,955 z Surplus | 1,534,714 1036 72,118,447 84,471,000 2,000,000 524,558 7,730 347,926 1,976,204 775,940

The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$15,payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 18. A dividend of 25 cents was paid on Dec. 15 and Sept. 15, last; 20 cents was paid on March 16, last, and 15 cents per share was distributed on Sept. 16 and March 15, 1935. During 1934 four quarterly dividends of 15 cents per share were distributed.—V. 143, p. 3011.

South Carolina Power Co.—Earnings—

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{therfit Corp.}_1\\ 1936-12\ \textit{Mos.}-1935\\ \$2,847,703 & \$2,701,411\\ 1,710,319 & 1,495,357\\ 216,000 & 184,000\\ 641,855 & 651,071\\ 171,438 & 171,438 \end{array}$ \$26,921 \$6,422 \$108,089 \$199.544

Southern Canada Power Co., Ltd.-1936—3 Mos.—1935 \$577,627 236,830 \$340,797 \$333,457 

 Period End. Dec. 31—
 1936—Month—1935

 Gross earnings
 \$193,196
 \$181,695

 Operating expenses
 77,437
 70,014

 \$115,759 \$111,681 Net earnings\_\_\_\_

Net earnings.......\$115,759 \$111,681 \$340,797 \$333,457 Bonds Called—
All of the outstanding 1st mtge. 5% 30-year gold bonds, series A, have been called for redemption on April 1 at 102½ and interest. Payment will be made at the pracipal office of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in the cities of Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver and Halifax, Canada, or at the agency of said bank in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or at the office of said bank in London, England, or at the office of the Montreal Trust Co. in the cities of Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver and Halifax, Canada.—V. 144, p. 623.

Gross revenue\_\_\_\_\_Oper. exps. & taxes\_\_\_\_Prov. for retire. reserve\_Int. & other fixed chgs\_\_Divs. on pref. stock\_\_\_\_\_ Balance.... V. 144, p. 623. \$24,330 \$22,042 \$436,760 \$200,750

Southern Pacific Co.—Earninas—
December— 1936 1935
Gross from railway. \$7,130,232 2,619,856
Net after rents. 5,780,469 1,628,227
From Jan. 1—
Gross from railway. 45,754,140 33,278,345
Net after rents. 28,399,940 17,493,428
—V. 144, p. 623.

Southern Pacific SS. Lines—Earnings-1936 \$591,851 10,925 11,304 1935 \$344,362 def46,578 def49,178 6,097,038 35,020 def5,246

Southern Pipe Line Co.—Dividend Doubled—
The directors have declared a dividend of 20 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$10, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. This compares with 10 cents paid on Sept. 1, last; 15 cents paid on March 2, 1936, Sept. 3, 1935 and March 1, 1935, and on Sept. 1, 1934; 10 cents paid on March 1, 1934, Sept. 1, 1933 and March 1, 1933; 15 cents per share

oaid on Dec. 1 and Sept. 1, 1932; 35 cents on June 1, 1932 and 50 cents er share distributed each quarter for March 2, 1931 to and incl. March 1, 932.—V. 143, p. 1091.

Southern Ry.—Abandonment—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan, 22 issued a certificate permitting abandonment by the company of a branch line of railroad, extending northerly from a connection with its Knoxville-Jellico main line, at Vasper, to La Follette, approximately 10.3 miles, all in Campbell County, Tenn.—V. 144, p. 791.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings—

Southwestern Bell Telep	hone Co	-Earnings	
12 Mos. End. Dec.31— 1936 Total revenues——\$80,569,328 Expenses, incl. taxes—59,623,949 Interest——2,150,987	1935 \$74,166,257 57,020,682 3,198,858	\$70,613,999 54,448,586 3,050,823	52,664,532
Net income\$18,794,392 Dividends paid17,094,985	\$13,946,717 15,364,985	\$13,114,590 15,364,985	\$11,912,233 15,364,985
Deficitsur\$1,699,407	\$1,418,268		\$3,452,752

Southwestern Light & Power Co.—Plans Refunding—At a special meeting March 6 stockholders will be asked to authorize the creation of not to exceed \$15,000,000 bonds to be issued in one or more series from time to time, and also the issuance and sale presently of \$7,250,-000 of series A bonds, dated Feb. 1, 1937, and due Feb. 1, 1967, the interest rate not to exceed 4%. With proceeds company will retire its existing funded debt of about \$7,000,000, consisting of series A and series B first mortgage 5%.—V. 143, p. 3648.

(A. G.) Spalding & Bros.			gs
Years Ended Oct. 31— Sales, net of discounts, returns and	1936	1935	1934
allowancesCost of goods sold	13,986,577 9,651,859	\$13,326,017 9,232,676	\$12,738,997 8,794,325
Gross profit		4,267,495	\$3,944,671 4,275,257 480,595
Loss from operations Other income Reinstatement	\$450,677 144,448		\$811,180 129,616 a26,719
LossLoss on investmentsLoss on liqu d'n of loans to employees Losses sustained in flood	\$306,229 24,155 15,469 54,439 118,989	20,482 44,334	====
Loss, dismantling and closing factories Loss due to declines in for'n exch. rates	393,109	15,122 4,934	
Net loss	\$012 302	\$648 534	\$672 301

Net loss \$912.392 \$648.534 \$672,301

a Of portion of provision made at Oct. 31, 1933 against loss through future declines in foreign exchange rates.

Note—No provision has been made in the foregoing for possible additional excise taxes. Consolidated Balance Sheet Oct. 31

1935 \$ 1,210,293 2,004,058 13,471 3,878,991 165,536 1936 Liabilities 427,460 339,270 Accounts payable.
Accrued salaries,
wages, taxes, &c
Demand loans.... 367,587 1,565 446,826 3,332,200 1,000,000 9,032,200 245,604 77,474 462,599 3,332,200 1,000,000 9,032,200 Demand loans...
Res. for conting...
7% 1st pref. stock...
8% 2d pref. stock...
6 Common stock...
Surp. approp. and used for repurch...
of 1st pref. stock...
Deficit... 60,612 611,356 4,118,849 960,719 1,008,494 69.746 282.162

184,199 404,002 7,543 669,196 5,191 1,207 1,206 \_\_\_\_13,156,873 13,950,774 Total ....

13.156.873 13.950.774

Total........13,156,873 13,950,774 Total.........13,156,873 13,950,774 After allowance for loss on doubtful accounts of \$349,235 in 1936 and \$331,221 in 1935. b After allowances for depreciation. c Less depreciation and amortization. d Represented by 349,110 no par shares. e Represented by 25,012 shs. of com. in 1936 at cost of \$644,463 and 18,718 shs. of com. in 1935 at cost of \$391,669; 210 shs. 1st pref. in 1936 at cost of \$13,332 and 200 1st pref. in 1935 at cost of \$12,332, and 114 shs. of second pref. in 1936 at cost of \$11,400. f For sale of common stock on instalment pan.—V. 143, p. 1893.

Standard Brands, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
Consolidated Income Account for Calendar Years (Including Subsidiaries)
c1936 c1935 c1934 c1933
bGross profit ..........\$46,135,124 \$43,513,499 \$44,555,097 \$44,692,020
Sell., adm. & gen. exps. 28,494,390 28,389,700 28,619,698 27,621,584 a Net profit from oper.\$17,640,734 \$15,123,799 \$15,935,398 Other income credits\_\_\_ 580,551 639,003 \$45,773 Gross income \$18,221,285 \$15,762,802 \$16,781,171 \$18,230,041 Income charges 663,607 g872,390 f684,585 d940,137 Fed. & foreign inc. taxes 2,741,592 2,122,905 2,195,517 Provision for surtax. 69,767 Amt. applic. to min. int 18,871 22,544 23,049 \$17,289,904 2,216,506 24,602 Net inc. applic. to co.\$14,727,449 \$12,744,963 \$13,878,022 \$15,048,795

Profit and loss credits:

Profit on sale of treasury common stock.

Adjust. of depreciation
taken in prior years.
Cancella'n of contract
Transfer from gen. ins.
fund account.
Adj. of unrealized deprec. of securities.
Miscellaneous.

1,496 5,941 107,344 171,207
Miscellaneous.

\$15,052,200,\$12,722,056 \$18,547,050,\$15,086,695,541 Sur. for yr. before div\_\$15,300,534 \$12,267,089 \$15,667,696 Surplus Jan. 1\_\_\_\_\_\_ 27,289,444 26,897,344 24,368,556 Sur. before charg. divs. \$42,589,978 \$39,164,434 Preferred dividends.... 494,687 494,142 Common dividends.... 13,277,671 11,380,847 \$40,036,252 493,531 12,645,376 \$37,514,745 535,558 12,610,631 Surplus Dec. 31......\$28,817,621 \$27,289,444 \$26,897,344 \$24,368,556 Shs. com' stock (no par). 12,645,423 12,645,415 12,645,380 12,645,374 Earnings per share......\$1.13 \$0.97 \$1.06 \$1.15 alAfter charg. deprec. of 1,613,602 1,792,066 1,749,441 1,982,417 blafter deducting manufacturing and other costs. c Cancellation by mutual consent of contract for the sale and distribution of gin, less Federal income tax, \$110,000, attaching thereto. c Includes operations of certain

foreign subs, for yearly periods ended Oct. 31 or Nov. 30. d Includes all realized foreign exchange losses amounting to \$223,875. e Includes provision for additional Federal and foreign income taxes, prior years, and interest, \$572,406 in 1936 and \$76,386 in 1935. f Includes not unrealized loss of \$10,759 due to conversion of foreign net current assets at rates of exchange current Dec. 31, 1934, but not in excess of par. g Includes \$65,529 loss, being the net of all realized profit and loss on foreign exchange, and net unrealized loss, \$1,056, due to conversion of foreign net current assets at rates of exchange current Dec. 31, 1935, but not in excess of par.

Consolidated Net Income and Surplus for Three Months Ended Dec. 31
(Includes operations of certain foreign subsidiaries for periods ended
Oct. 31 or Nov 30, 1935 and 1936)

Three Months Ended Dec. 31—	1936	1935
Gross profit (after deducting manufacturing and other costs of goods sold) Selling, administrative and general expenses	111.299.374	\$11,489,567 6,988,274
Net profit from operationsOther income credits	\$4,279,295 228,949	\$4,501,293 141,105
Gross income	\$4,508,245 205,171	\$4,642,399 251,027
Net inc. before charging Fed. & for'n inc. taxes_ Federal and foreign income taxes	734,950 69,767	\$4,391,372 714,051
ferred and common stocks of subsidiary	3,465	7,790
Net income applicable to parent company	\$3,494,892	\$3,669,532
Surplus credits: Adjustment of unrealized deprec. on securities		Dr1,496
Adjustment of deprec. taken in prior years	21.391	8,720
	\$4,700,015	\$3,676,755
Surplus charges:  Patents, trade marks and goodwill acquired Loss on property, equipment, &c., sold or aban-		33,053
doned (net)	Cr15,215	12,347
Provision for additional rederal and toreign income taxes, prior years, and interest——————————————————————————————————	560,113 360 542	54,099
Surplus for the period before charging dividends Preferred dividends Common dividends	123,713 5,690,440	\$3,577,257 123,587 2,529,081
Deficit for the period	12,645,423 \$0.27 Dec. 31, 193	\$0.28 35.
G Want a Prairie Charl Dec 91 (To	of Carbo \	77

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 (Incl. Subs.)

	1936	1935	1930 1930	
	Assets— \$	\$	Liabilities— \$ \$	
	Cash 6,698,194	12,735,652	Accounts payable_ 2,464,761 2,010,59	1
	U. S. & Canadian		Acceptances pay'le 728,934	-
	Govt. bonds 3,006,413	4,643,822	Accrued payrolls,	
	Accrued int. rec 9,457	22,542	taxes and ex-	
	Notes & collateral		penses 954,121 646,34	6
	loans receivable 220,586	191,013	Accrued Federal &	
	d Accts. receivable 6,022,141	5,270,622	foreign income	
	Due from officers		taxes 3,263,283 2,124,51	7
	and employees_2 41,546	64.417	Reserves 215.754 331.87	3
	Inventories 24,801,099		General insurance	
	Investments 53.058		fund account:	
è	Total gen. ins. fd. 1,331,207			
	Cash in closed bks.			
	a Land, Bldgs., ma-		contingencies_ 1,331,207 1,303,32	9
	chinery & equip.		Minority int. in	30
	incl. deliv. eq27,359,134	25.174.541	subsidiary co 204,417 375,64	4
	Deferred charges 797,410			
	Trade marks, pat's	110,022	c Common stock 25,290,846 25,290,83	
	and goodwill 1	1	Surplus28,817,621 27,289,44	
	and Book will I		Curpitude at the contract of t	_
	Total 70 340 944	RR 435 R74	Total 70 340 244 66 435 67	4

Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,674 | Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,674 | Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,674 | Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,674 | Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,676 | Total. — 70,340,244 66,435,674 | Total. — 70,340,244 |

Spokane International Ry.—Earnings-

December—	1930	1930	1904	1900
Gross from railway	\$54.973	\$46.934	\$33,307	\$31.523
Net from railway	11.083	1,303	def6.296	1.756
Net after rents From Jan. 1—	4,333	def5,330	def8,575	def1,875
Gross from railway	773.697	594.101	504.160	433,030
Net from railway	192,585	54,430	5,953	def23,964
Net after rents	103,870	def18,887	def57,253	def97,804
C I D II		.1 D	77	

Spokane Portland & Seattle Ry.—Earnings Spokane Portian
December—
Gross from railway
Net from railway
Net after rents
From Jan. 1—
Gross from railway
Not from railway
Not from railway
Not after rents
—V. 144, p. 291. 1936 \$821,804 336,679 220,707

Standard Gas & Electric Co .- Protective Committee Re-

Standard Gas & Electric Co.—Protective Committee Reviews Present Situation of Company—

The flood situation came in for the attention of the holders of notes and debentures in a letter being sent to the holders by the McRoberts protective committee.

Company owns approximately one-third of the common stock of Louisville Gas & Electric Co. of Co. of Del. which in turn controls Louisville Gas & Electric Co. of Kentucky. This is the operating company of the Louisville public utilities. The committee's letter states that they have received in quiries regarding the effect of the flood upon the property of Louisville Gas & Electric Co. and continues: "The ledger value of the company (Standard Gas & Electric Co.) investment in Louisville stock compared to its total ledger value of investments in subsidiaries is somewhat less than 3%. The income realized on this investment represents somewhat less than 2% to the income of the company from dividends on subsidiaries' stocks. Experience by the company in connection with the damage to the properties of the Philadelphia Co. in the March, 1936, flood at Pittsburg, Pa., indicates that the loss from physical damage casued by flood is not permanent and considering the size of the operating property is not disastrous, although probably extensive, and that the loss in revenue should be partially made up for the by increased activity resulting from reconstruction work following the flood."

The committee's letter also advised holders of notes and debentures of the progress being made on a plan of reorganization. The letter states that the committee, "had hoped by this time to be able to present to you a plan of reorganization. The letter states that the committee, "had hoped by this time to be able to present to you a plan of reorganization. The letter states that the committee, "had hoped by this time to be able to present to you a plan of reorganization of the various interests concerned which, it is implied, is on the way to a solution, and the litigation instituted by certain

aware, to sue certain of the officers and directors and other parties for accounting of their dealings with the company.

Weekly Output—

Filectric output of the public utility operating companies in the Standard Gas and Electric Co. system, excluding Louisville Gas & Electric Co., for which data is not available due to flood conditions, for the week ended Jan. 30, 1937, totaled 98,450,480 kilowatt-hours, an increase of 12.2% compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 144, p. 791.

Standard Oil Co. of Calif. (Del.)—Extra Dividend—
The directors on Feb. 3 declared an extra dividend of 5 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, both payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 15. Similar payments were made on Dec. 15, Sept. 15, June 15 and March 16, 1936.—V. 143, p. 3163.

Standard Oil Co. of Ind.—15-Cent Extra Dividend—
The directors on Feb. 1 declared an extra dividend of 15 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, both payable March 15 to holders of record Feb. 15. An extra dividend of \$1 was paid on Dec. 15, last; an extra of 25 cents was paid on Sept. 15, last, and one of 15 cents was paid on June 15, last.—V. 144, p. 466.

Sterchi Brothers Stores, Inc.—Sales-Month of-1937 \$338,300 January —V. 144, p. 624.

Stratford Arms Corp., Buffalo, N. Y.-See Buffalo Stratford Corp. above.—V. 121, p. 87. -Reorganized

Stromberg-Carlson Telephone Mfg. Co.-121/2-Cent Common Dividend-

The directors have declared a dividend of 12½ cents per share on the common stock, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 8. A similar payment was made on Dec. 24, last, this latter being the first dividend paid on the common stock since 1931.—V. 143, p. 3858.

Studebaker Corp.—Sales—Paul G. Hoffman, President of the corporation, reports that truck sales in 1936 totaled 6,473, a gain of 34% over the largest previous year, 1931, when 4,845 were sold. Sales in 1935 were 4,760. Mr. Hoffman stated that the new cab-forward line was largely responsible for the increase.—V. 144, p. 625.

Stuyvesant Insurance Co.—Initial Dividend—
The directors have declared an initial dividend of 20 cents per share on
the common stock, payable Feb. 15 to holders of record Feb. 5.—V. 137,
p. 2990.

Sun Ray Drug Co.—Sales—	to particle.	
Month of— January—V. 144, p. 292.	1937 \$477,667	1936 \$378,635
Sunshine Mining Co.—Earnings—		
Years Ended Dec. 31—  Net profit after depreciation, and Federal and State income taxes, but	1935	1934
before depletion\$3,966,825	\$2,402,718	\$1,208,195

Superior Tool & Die Co., Detroit, Mich.—Stock Offered Walter W. Tait, Detroit, recently offered 130,000 shares of common stock at par (\$1 per share). This stock is offered for sale in and to residents of Michigan only. This stock is offered for sale in and to residents of Michigan only, 130,000 shares: validated for public offering in and to residents of Michigan only, 130,000 shares.

Company—Company began operation as a partnership in Detroit in 1926 under the name of the Superior Tool Works. The business was incorporated in 1933.

At its inception the company was engaged chiefly in the jig, fixture and tool business. At the present time the larger part of its business is in the building of sheet metal dies and special machinery.

The sales of the company have increased from approximately \$45,000 for the year ended Nov. 30, 1927, to in excess of \$384,000 for the year ended Nov. 30, 1927, to in excess of \$384,000 for the year ended Nov. 30, 1936.

Purpose—Only \$9,991 of the net proceeds of the sale of this issue (\$110,500) will be used for the retirement of the total funded debt of the company. The entire balance of \$100,508 will be used for additions to plant, the purchase of additional machinery and equipment and for other corporate purposes.

Sutherland Pape Calendar Years— Net sales— Cost of sales, selling and	1936 \$7,494,749	arnings— 1935 \$6,636,212	\$5,903,211	1933 \$4,985,622
administrative expense	6,562,822	5,883,054	5,366,296	4,584,249
Profit from operations Inc. charges less credits.	\$931,928 35,448	\$753,157 28,984	\$536,915 26,078	\$401,373 52,338
Net income Federal taxes	\$896,479 x167,363	\$724,173 105,803	\$510,837 70,104	\$349,035 41,949
Net profit Dividends paid	\$729,116 516,600	\$618,370 287,000	\$440,733 200,900	\$307,086 57,400
Balance	\$212,516	\$331,370	\$239,833	\$249,686
Shares of cap. stock out- standing (\$10 par) Earnings per share * Includes \$32,320 surf	287,000 \$2.54	287,000 \$2.15	287,000 \$1.53	287,000 \$1.07

Note—Provision for depreciation for 1936 amounted to \$233,397 and \$232,349 in 1935.

		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$381,669	\$472,964	Accounts payable_	\$183,792	\$158,844
U. S. Treas. secur_	152,413	150.738	Accrued accounts_	69,511	37,38
y Notes, trade ac-			Federal taxes	175,170	105,803
cepts, and accts.			Res. for workmen's	1.0	
receivable	527,930	388,597	compen, claims,	13,906	2.803
Inventories	924,360	869,753	Common stock	2.870,000	2,870,000
Notes receiv.—real	,,		Earned surplus		1.305,106
estate mtge		1.257			-,000,-00
Cash surr, valeu of		14			
life insurance	81,916	71,941			
Depos, in banks in					
process of liquid.	1,365	1.823			
x Real est., plant					
and equipment_	2,727,685	2,489,424			
Deferred charges	29,094	33,436	- A		
Patents	1	1			
TotalS	4 828 434	\$4,479,936	Total\$	4,826,434	£4 470 096
TOURT	1,020,101	φ±,±10,000	10041	1,020,101	\$4, ±10,00

\* After deducting reserve for depreciation of \$2,898,481 in 1936 and \$2,686,489 in 1935. y After reserve for doubtful receivables of \$12,341 in 1936 and \$13,108 in 1935.—V. 144, p. 466.

Sutton Place Apartments—Plan Modified—
The plan dated Dec. 9, 1936, for the sale of Sutton Place Apartments Ist mtge, fee 5½% serial gold bond certificates dated as of July 1, 1927, as adopted by the bondholders' committee (Lewis H. Pounds, Chairman) has been amended and modified so as to provide for the payment of the purchase price of \$73 in cash instead of \$70 in cash for each \$100 in unpaid principal amount of the bonds, accompanied by the appurtenant interest coupons maturing July 1, 1933, and thereafter, and so as to provide for the purchase by Welz & Zerweck (a corporation) of all additional bonds which may be tendered to Welz & Zerweck at its office, 25 Broad St., New York City, before the close of business on Feb. 15, 1937, at the price of

\$73 in cash for each \$100 in unpaid principal amount of the bonds accompanied by interest coupons.

The fairness of the price to be received at the sale of the bonds provided for under the plan, as so amended and modified has been approved by the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York.

Holders of certificates of deposit who dissented from the plan may withdraw their bonds upon surrender to Manufacturers Trust Co., depositary, 45 Beaver St., N. Y. City, of their certificates of deposit properly endorsed in blank and without payment of any expenses of the committee. Upon such withdrawal, such bonds may be tendered directly to Welz & Zerweck for sale as aforesaid.

Holders of undeposited bonds who have not already tendered the same for sale under the plan may likewise tender their bonds directly to Welz & Zerweck for sale.

Those bonds deposited with the committee with respect of which no dissents from the plan were filled, and the undeposited bonds which were tendered for sale under the plan, will be sold at the price of \$73 in cash for each \$100 in unpaid principal amount of such purchase price will be distributed as soon after the sale as practicable.—V. 144, p. 292.

Swift & Co.—Registers 250,000 Shares—To Be Offered to Officers and Employees—

Swift & Co.—Registers 250,000 Shares—To Be Offered to Officers and Employees—

The company on Jan. 28 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-2823. Form A-2), under the Securities Act of 1933 covering 250,000 shares (\$25\$ par) capital stock to be offered to "employees, shareholders, customers and friends."

The company states that 102.270 shares of the stock being offered are presently held in the treasury and the remaining 147,730 shares are to be acquired by it from time to time by purchase in the open market at the market price.

The company proposes to offer to its officers and employees the right to purchase a limited number of the shares being registered on a deferred payment plan and, it is stated, will also accept purchase orders for cash from shareholders, customers and friends and fill such orders from the 250,000 shares being registered. Sales to officers and employees under the deferred payment plan, or to shareholders, customers and friends for cash, will be made at the market price on the New York Stock Exchange on receipt of the purchase order unless a specific purchase price is fixed by the buyer, in which event the order will be held open and not executed unless and until shares are sold on the New York Stock Exchange at such fixed price, or the purchase order is previously canceled or changed by the prospective purchaser.

According to the prospectus, the proceeds from the sale of 102,270 shares held in the treasury will be used for general corporate purposes and the amounts received from the sale of 147,730 shares subsequently acquired will be applied to extinction of cost of acquisition of such shares. Any profit or loss arising from sales of snares at less or more than original cost in excess of the present carrying value of shares in treasury was charged to surplus.—V. 144, p. 292.

Sylvanite Gold Mines, Ltd.—Special Dividend—

(James) Talcott, Inc.—Earnings-

Sylvanite Gold Mines, Ltd.—Special Dividend—
The directors have declared a special dividend of five cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of like amount on the common stock, both payable March 31 to holders of record Feb. 15.—V. 142, p. 4040.

Calendar Years— Gross income Expenses Prov. for reserve against	\$1,707,774 860,055	1935 \$1,354,601 706,431	\$1,118,896 628,626	\$1,036,628 595,342
inact. manufacturers' accounts Prov. for registration and	103,094	68,218	100,000	213,834
refinancing expense Prov.for Fed. inc. tax Prov. for Federal normal		20,000 78,000	50,389	
tax and surtax	175,000			
Net profitBal. at beg. of period	\$569,625 526,951	\$481,952 254,419	\$339,880 111,125	\$227,450 66,021
Total surplus	\$1,096,577	\$736,371	\$451,005	\$293,471
Divs. on 5½% partic. preference stock Divs. on class B stock:	68,286		K <del></del>	
In cash In class B stock	84,798 3,450	86,707	86,074 100	85,535 200
Divs, on class A stock:	133.682	101.010		A 12 TO 1
In cash In class B stock	3,000	101,912 20,800	103,012 7,400	96,610
Divs. on common stock.	43,908			
Prov. for partic. div. on preferred stock	20,032			
Bal. at close of period.	\$739,419	\$526,951	\$254,419	\$111,125
	alance Sheet	Dec. 31, 1936		
Assets—	00 070 001	Liabilities-		
Cash in banks and on hand. Advances to manufacturers.		Notes payable	to banks (sec.)	
a Accounts & notes receivabl	e 12 627 806		B	
b Acceptances & guarantees	95,136	Dividends na	yable	81.094
c Inactive manufact. accts_			div. on pf. stk	
d Security investments	18.215	Accrued rent a	nd expenses	22,150
e Office furniture	41,728	Acceptances u	inder letters of	
Deferred charges	49,227		uarantees	
		51/2 % partic. I	of.stk.(\$50 par)	1,500,000
		Common stock	(\$9 par)	3,234,510
	1000	Operating	IS	282,620
		Operating sur	plus	739,419

a Assigned by manufacturers, &c. and trade acceptances purchased after reserve for doubtful accounts of \$40,000 and discounts of \$13,5,103. 
Chargeable to manufacturers when due, c Including collateral merchandise acquired. d After reserves, e After reserve for depreciation of \$19,970. f Payable at various dates, for assigned accounts receivable. —V. 144, p. 292.

Tastyeast, Inc.—Options—
The company has notified the New York Curb Exchange that of the 79,000 shares covered by option agreement the optionee has purchased 73,900 shares, and that the expiration date of the (extended) option in respect of the balance of 5,100 shares has been further extended from Jan. 17, 1937 to March 18, 1937.—V. 143, p. 1094.

Telautograph Corp.—Earnings Calendar Years—
Net profit after deprec., Fed. income taxes, &c. Earns. per sh. on 228,760 shs.cap.stk. (par \$5)...
—V. 143, p. 3013. 1936 1935 1934 1933 \$134,456 \$145,701 \$179,593 \$249,326 \$0.59 \$0.63 \$0.78 \$1.09

Tennessee Central Ry.—Bonds Called— The first mortgage 6% bonds, series A and series B, due 1947, were called on Feb. 1, 1937 for redemption on April 1, 1937 at 105 and accrued interest.—V. 144, p. 792.

Texas Mexican R	y.—Earni	ngs-		
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$113,142	\$95,050	\$102,331	\$54,765
Net from railway Net after rents	12,791 def1.886	15,568 2,172	$\frac{33,526}{23,032}$	2,545 def2.570
From Jan. 1—		2,112	20,002	ua2,570
Gross from railway	1,279,263	1,194,499	983,400	634,484
Net from railway	307,778	312,478	251,182	def 27,163
Net after rents	157,461	184,950	144,796	def116,150

## TENNESSEE PRODUCTS **CORPORATION**

NASHVILLE, TENN.

We have prepared an analysis of the above company, whose many basic chemical and metallurgical products are in demand by a great number of the largest industrial corporations.

Copies upon Request

## COMMON STOCK

Bought-Sold-Quoted

# Campagnoli & Company

41 Broad Street

New York

Hanover 2-8220

Bell Teletype N. Y. 1-1489

Todd Shipyards Corp.—New Vice-President, &c.—
The directors at a meeting held Jan. 25 elected William A. Maloney as Vice-President in charge of sales. At the same meeting Francis J. Gilbride was elected a director and C. H. M. Jones was named Assistant to the President. E. P. Enfer was elected as Comptroller and William J. Samson and Henry Frielinghaus as Assistant Comptrollers.—V. 143, p. 3860.

Tennessee Products Corp.—Present Status, &c.—
From an analysis of the company prepared by Campagnoli & Co., Inc.,
41 Broad St., New York we take the following:
History—Corporation was amalgamation of a number of plants, some
of them having a fairly long history. In its present form the corporation
dates back to the beginning of 1926 and its business has rather closely
paralleled the trend of the so-called "heavy industry" during the past

of them naying a laming for 1926 and its business has rather closely paralleled the trend of the so-called "heavy industry" during the past 11 years.

Corporation owns three main plants, a gas and coke and by-products plant at Chattanooga, a ferro-phosphorus iron and insulating material plant at Rockdale, and a wood distillation and charcoal pig iron plant and by-products at Wrigley. Corporation also owns in fee approximately 148,000 acres of mineral and timber lands, mostly located in the area defined by the Tennessee Valley Authority as the Tennessee River Basin, where lately a number of well-known corporations have been building and expect to build new manufacturing plants. On this large acreage, the corporation obtains most of its raw materials, namely, iron ore, timber, limestone, &c., which places it in a position to take advantage of industrial recovery and low costs of basic materials.

The business of corporation decreased rapidly from 1929 and sales found their low point in 1934 with the result that on Sept. 1, 1934 corporation filed a petition for reorganization under Section 77-B. After various amendments and modifications, a plan was confirmed by the court on Sept. 26, 1936, and on Dec. 23, 1936, the court handed down an order directing the Board of directors and officers of the corporation to proceed with the management of the business.

The corporation has emerged from reorganization with a very large decrease in bond interest, no preferred dividend requirements, freed from other obligations and is now amply supplied with working capital.

Corporation is the only producer of Southern charcoal pig iron, which is universally known to the trade as Southern Semi-Cold Blast Charcoal Pig Iron and Diamond "D" Low Phosphrus Charcoal Pig Iron.

The main sales outlets for the products corporation are to manufacturers and exporters of chemicals, the metallurgical trades, and, to a less important but increasing degree, the construction industry as a whole.

Capitalization—

and exporters of chemicals, the metallurgical trades, and, to a less important but increasing degree, the construction industry as a whole.

\*\*Capitalization—\*\*

\*\*Authorized\*\*

\*\*Outstanding\*\*

First mortgage 5% bonds (RFC loan)—\*\*

\*\*\$1,250,000 \*\*\$1,150,000 shs x616,000 shs x

Sales and Earnings—Cash earnings after interest, depreciation, deple-

tion, &c., are as follows:			
Net Sales	x Profit	Net Sales	x Profit
1926\$3,541,321		1932\$1,403,671	
1927 4,058,775		1933 1,970,515	def23,737
1928 4,499,892		1934 1,805,783	def69,070
1929 4,744,702		1935 1,986,000	
1930 3,203,822		1936* 2,400,000	210,000
1931 2,166,120	18,508		

\*\*Approximate. x After operating costs and taxes, but before depreciation and depletion.

In only one year in the period shown above did the corporation fail to show a plant operating profit. This was in 1932 when a plant operating loss of less than \$25,000 was shown. In two years during this period dividends were paid on the common stock.

The corporation will now operate with fixed interest charges of only about \$62,500 per annum, instead of average interests charges for the last 10 years of about \$175,000. Furthermore, with the approval of the corporation's auditors, depreciation and depletion allowance will be somewhat reduced.

Corporation averaged a production capacity of less than 60% during 1936, but ended at better than a 70% rate. It is understood that during February production will be stepped up rapidly, which increased volume should be maintained for some time

Directors—Paul M. Davis, Alvin Foster (V.-Pres. & Treas.), C. P. Hatcher, O. H. Inghram, Frederic Leake (Pres.), Bruce P. Shepherd, and F. L. Underwood.

Pro Forma Balance Sheet, Nov. 30, 1936 (After giving effect to plan of reorganization)

Assets—	Liabilities-
a Cash in banks and on hand. \$84,618	Certificate payable bank \$10,000
b Other cash 388,213	Accounts payable 52,885
Accounts and notes receiv	Accrued wages, &c 20,702
less reserve 150.121	Accrued taxes 57,527
Inventories 672.826	Accrued interest 45
Notes rec. on land sale contr 1,862	Secured and pref. claims 165,153
Claim allowed by U. S. Govt.	Reserved for reorg, fees and
for refund of processing tax 457	expenses65,000
	6% first mtge. bonds 1,250,000
	Reserves—Liability insurance 16,359
Prepaid exps. and def. charges 47,762	Relining furnaces & ovens 37,361
c Coal, iron & timber lands, &c 6,483,026	Common stocksd2,449,635
Patents, formulas, &c 1	Capital surplus 3,709,040
	Total\$7,833,709
Total \$7,833,709	10181

a Including \$18,680 held by banks and claimed as offset to notes payable. b Proceeds of proposed sale of new first mortgage bonds, \$1,250,000, less \$861,787 cost of retirement of present outstanding bonds; remainder to be available for plant improvements, working capital and payment of reorganization expenses and such other secured and preferred claims as may be determined by the court. c After reserve for depreciation and depletion of \$2,473,466. d Authorized 700,000 shares; reserved for warrants, 202,5234 shares; to be presently issued 489,927 1-100 shares.—V. 144, page 292.

Texas & New Orleans RR.—Earnings—

1936 \$4,395,441 1,561,688	\$3,155,525 745,565 475,192	\$2,663,639 708,754	\$2,348,738 \$2,348,499 48,889
41,955,909 10,315,542 5,691,986	34,619,393 6,602,205 2,889,330	31,871,862 5,206,674 192,117	28,673,646 4,677,098 def192,443
Western			1933
	\$4,395,441 1,561,688 1,177,714 41,955,909 10,315,542 5,691,986	\$4.395,441 1.561.688 1.177,714 475,192 41,955,909 10,315,542 5,691,986 41,955,909 2,889,330 Western RR.—Eas	\$4,395,441 1,561,688 1,177,714 475,192 1,955,909 1,955,909 1,315,542 1

December—
Gross from rallway
Net from railway
Net after rents
From Jan. 1—
Gross from railway
Net from railway
Net from railway
Net after rents
—V. 144, p. 792.

Tonawanda Power Co.—Merger— See Niagara Hudson Power Corp. above.—V. 134, p. 328.

Transue & Williams Steel Forging Corp.—Earnings-Years Ended Dec. 31—
Net profit after Federal
taxes, deprec'n, &c...
Shs. cap. stock (no par)—
Earnings per share....
—V. 143, p. 3485. 1934 1933 1936 1935 s\$99,636 los 128,000 Nil \$\$125,061 128,000 Nil

Triplex Safety Glass Co., Ltd.—To Increase Capital—An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders will be held on Feb. 10 to consider an increase in the authorized capital to 1,000,000 shares, par value 10 shillings, and to issue 400,000 new shares as a bonus in the ratio of one share for every share held.

The proposed offering to existing stockholders of 100,000 new shares for subscription at £3 10s., in the ratio of 1 share for every 4 shares held, certain bonus arrangements, and the proposal to convert the ordinary share capital of the company into stock, also will be acted upon at the meeting.

## Tri-State Telephone & Telegraph Co.—Earnings—

Period End. Dec. 31—	1936—Mont		1936—12 M		
Operating revenues	\$502,829	\$446,799	\$5,755,223	\$5,251,960	
Uncollectible oper. rev	629	741	13.196	18,138	
Operating expenses		330,747	4,282,833	3,934,762	
Operating taxes	24,725	23,285	366,471	269,670	
Net operating income.	\$72,867	\$92,026	\$1,092,723	\$1,029,390	
-V. 143, p. 4170.					

Truscon Steel Co.—Sells \$17,000,000 Debentures—
The company sold to Republic Steel Corp. \$1,700,000 4½% debentures,
due 1961, according to the current report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. On Feb. 3, 1936 the company sold Republic Steel
\$2,300,000 of its 4½% debentures. The debentures were not registered
under the Securities Act of 1933 as the transactions did not involve any
public offering.—V. 144, p. 294.

## Union Pacific RR.—Earnings— Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—Month—1935

I el tou Bitu. Dec. 31	1990 10101	1000	1000 12.	200.
Railway oper. revenues_Railway oper. expenses_Railway tax accrualsEquipment rentsJoint facility rents	9,134,901 1,164,006 574,144	11,056,559 7,817,326 585,011 522,740 33,479	155,213,582 108,728,114 13,057,038 7,721,865 635,937	132,304,043 95,208,406 10,055,872 7,239,375 504,554
Net income	3,893,025	2,098,000	25,070,626	19,295,834

Union RR. (Pa.)—Bids Asked on Equipment Issue—
The company requests bids for the purchase in a single block of \$2,380,000 equipment trust certificates of 1937, to be issued by Irving Trust Co., New York, as trustee, to be dated March 1, 1937, to bear dividend warrants at rate of 2½% per annum, payable March 1 and Sept. 1 in each year. Certificates will be payable in 14 equal annual instalments of \$170,000 beginning March 1, 1938
Bids must be submitted to G. W. Kepler, Treasurer, at his office, Room 537 Union Trust Building, Pittsburgh, Pa., before 12 noon on Feb. 19.—
V. 144, p. 294. -V. 144, p. 467.

Union Tank Car Co.—Dividend Raised—
The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 40 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15. This compares with dividends of 30 cents per share previously distributed each three months.—V. 143, p. 1250.

Union Terminal Co., Dallas, Texas—Bond Issue Sold—A banking syndicate, consisting of Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., and the Bancamerica-Blair Corp., announced on Feb. 1 the sale of an issue of \$5,000,000 1st mtge. 3¾% bonds at 108.15 and accrued interest.

and accrued interest.

Dated Feb. 1, 1937; due Feb. 1, 1967. Principal and interest (F. & A.) payable in lawful money of the United States at Irving Trust Co., trustee, New York. Coupon bonds in denom. of \$1,000. Not redeemable (except for sinking fund) prior to Feb. 1, 1947; red. as a whole only on six weeks' published notice on or before Feb. 1, 1952 at 105%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1957 at 103%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1962 at 102½ at 102½ at 105% to and incl. Feb. 1, 1947; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1952 at 103%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1947; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1952 at 103%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1952 at 103%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1952 at 103%; thereafter to and incl. Feb. 1, 1952 at 103%; Issuance—Authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Purpose—Net proceeds from the sale of the bonds to the extent necessary are to be applied by the company to the redemption at 105% on April 1,

1937, of all of its outstanding 1st mtge. 5% gold bonds dated April 1, 1912, due April 1, 1942.

Capital stock.

48,000
The company's capital stock is now owned in equal amounts of \$5,800
each by the following eight railroad companies: Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.,
Texas & New Orleans RR., Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Ry., MissouriKansas-Texas RR. of Texas, Fort Worth & Denver City Ry., St. Louis
San Francisco & Texas Ry. Co., Chicago, Rock Island & Gulf Ry Co.,
St. Louis Southwestern Ry. of Texas.
Each of above railroad companies has two directors on the company's
board of directors, each director holding one share of stock (par \$100).
V. 144. p. 627. Capital stock

#### United Gas Improvement Co.-Weekly Output-

 Week Ended—
 Jan. 30, '37 Jan. 23, '37 Feb. 1, '36

 Electric output of system (kwh.)
 94,488,872 95,871,231 86,707,195

 —V. 144, p. 793.

United Milk Products Co.—50-Cent Dividend—
The company paid a dividend of 50 cents per share on its common stock, no par value, on Jan. 2 to holders of record Dec. 24. A dividend of \$1.25 was paid on the common stock on Dec. 1, last, and dividends of 25 cents per share were paid on Oct. 1, July 1, and on Jan. 2, 1936, this latter, being the initial distribution on the issue.

Dividends similar to the above have been paid on the \$3 cumulative participating preferred stock, no par value, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share.—V. 143, p. 3651.

Dividends similar to the above have been paid on the \$3 cumulative participating preferred stock, no par value, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share.—V. 143, p. 3551.

United Shipyards, Inc.—Present Status, &c..—
Company was incorp. in 1928 as United Dry Docks and acquired six shipbuilding and repair companies which were doing business in New York Harbor. The plants of these concerns included 24 drydocks.

In 1934 the company filed petition for reorganization under Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act. In addition to changing its capital structure under the reorganization, it eliminated many properties which were found to be of little value and great expense to the concern, and when the company emerged from bankruptcy in 1936 it had a group of plants precisely suited to its needs. Company now has 18 drydocks in New York Harbor, ranging in size to accommodate ocean-going vessels up to 27,000 tons. Included is the Staten Island shipbuilding plant.

Company commenced business in 1928 with a capitalization consisting of \$8,800.000 of mortgages, \$1,627,500 of 6% preferred stock and approximately 588,000 shares of common stock, which was sold to the public at \$22 per share. Thus the capital exceeded \$22,000,000. Under this capital arrangement, interest charges totaled \$470,000, rent \$310,000 and taxes \$210,000, an aggregate of \$990,000 of annual fixed charges.

\*\*Reorganization—Under the plan of reorganization the company's mortgages and debts were reduced from \$11,143,000 to two mortgages of \$5,340,-000. These mortgages will be \$50,000 for the first year; \$100,000 annually for the second and third years; \$150,000 annually for the fourth and fifth years, and \$200,000 annually thereafter. They may be extended for an additional 10 years upon terms similar to those which apply during the last five years of their existence.

In addition, the company is required to pay to the holders of these mortgages 30% of net operating income, less real estate taxes paid on the properties covered by the m

| 1936 | 1935 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 |

The statements do not reflect approximately \$16,000,000 of new ships which the company was constructing. Condensed Balance Sheet

Sept. 29'36 Apr. 2 '3	Sept. 29 '36 Apr. 2 '35
Assets— \$ \$	Liabilities— \$ \$
	Current liabilities_ 1.344.040 a2.438.906
Investments 135.297 151.97	Mortgages 5,320,000 9,248,070
Plant, &c17,295,426 19,863,26	Miscellaneous 72.479
	Reserves 233,489
	Preferred stock 1.627,500
	Common stock 11,168,740
요즘 가는 그 경기를 가장하는 것은 가는 것이다.	Class A stock 411.714
	Class B stock 344,318
	Capital surplus 1,985,277
	Surplus13,335,474Dr4,440,355
	-
	m-4-1 00 000 000 00 100 010

Total \_\_\_\_\_\_20,989,037 22,100,618 Total \_\_\_\_\_\_20,989,037 22,100,618 a Includes liabilities current prior to receivership.

After the reorganization there remained two mortgages: one in the amount \$2,840,000, secured solely on the Morse plant, and one for \$2,500,000 the Staten Island plant.—V. 142, p. 3531.

## United States & Foreign Securities Corp.—Earnings

Incon	ne Account f	or Calendar :	Years	
Cash divs, received Int. rec'd and accrued Other income	\$1,694,841 157,791 21,656	\$1,132,474 136,017 33,803	\$1,029,036 105,655	\$906,701 257,153
Total incomeInterest paid	\$1,874,288	\$1,302,294	\$1,134,691 481	\$1,163,854
Net realized profit on investments  Profit on syndicate par-	482,269	32,476	loss121,988	loss301,074
cap, stock & other taxes other expenses Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes Prov. for Fed. surtax on	$34,\overline{243}$ $124,190$ $40,000$	59,359 123,517 25,500	Cr6,000 16,324 101,278	49,058 113,751
undistributed profits_	48,000			
Reduc. of prov. for & re-	\$2,110,125	\$1,126,393	\$900,620	\$699,971
fund of Federal tax ap- plicable to prior years_			12,002	
	\$2,110,125 15,115,185 2,100,000	\$1,126,393 1,260,000	\$912,622 1,260,000	\$699,971 2,219,445
Loss for year\$	15,105,060	\$133,607	\$347,378	\$1,519,474

# United Shipyards, Inc.

Circular C-6 on request

# Horace I. Poole & Co.

25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y. Tel. HAnoper 2-8157-9

United States Guarantee Co.—Balance Sheet Dec. 31

Cilitada Dec	LLUD GA			10.11011		
	1936	1935		1936	1935	
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities—	\$	\$	
U.S. Govt. bonds.	3.017.878	2.184.359	Res. for unearned			
U. S. Govt. bonds			premiums	2,569,525	2,350,795	8
currently matur.		200.833	Res. for losses and			
Dom, of Can, bds.		122,681	claims	2.575.957	2,370,646	
State & mun. bds.	795,666	727.741	Res. for loss adi.			
RR. bds. & stocks		906,440	expense	46,670	46,110	
Pub.util.bds.&stk.			Reinsurance res've	597.901	350,098	
Misc. bds. & stks.			Com's & brokerage		121,737	
Cash.	1.507,290		Fed. & State taxes		243,068	
Prems. not over	1,001,1-00	-,,	Accounts payable.		175.014	
3 mos. due	608,872	660.861			43,699	
Reinsur. receivable			Voluntary general			
Accrued interest			conting, reserve		500.000	
Other assets	57.656		Capital paid in	2,000,000		
Other assets	01,000	11,120	Surplus	5,227,916	4,812,737	
			1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
Total	14.275.711	12,013,906	Total	14,275,711	12,013,906	

-V. 144, p. 295.

United States Le	ather Co	. (& Sub	s.)—Earni	ngs—
Period— Operating profit Deprec'n & depletion		nths Ended (	0ct. 31 1934 <b>x\$1.</b> 433.056	10 Months 1933 \$1,309,837 216,604
Oper. profit before int. and Fed. inc. tax Interest received	\$463,903	\$379,490	x\$1,880,365	\$1,093,232 25,786
Total income Interest paid (net) Prov. for Fed. inc. tax	\$463,903 Cr13,462 70,000	\$379,490 11,251 54,701	x\$1,880,365 3,222 27,000	\$1,119,019 138,000
Net profit	\$407,365	\$313,538	x\$1,910,587	\$981,019

Consolidated Balance Sheet Oct. 31 1935 \$ 8,799,535 1,561,003 413,612 43,594 TARMISTAR 3.157.001 4.288.435 49.823 92,000

United States Playing Card Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of like amount on the common stock, par \$10, both payable April 1, 1937, to holders of record March 16. A similar extra was paid on Jan. 1, last, Oct. 1, July 1, April 1 and Jan. 1, 1936, Oct. 1, July 1 and April 1935, and compares with an extra dividend of 50 cents paid on Jan. 2, 1935, and an extra of 25 cents paid on Oct. 1, 1934.

New Chairman, &c.—

Benjamin Rosenthal, who has been Executive Vice-President and Chairman of the Executive Committee, has been elected Chairman of the board to succeed John Omwake, retired. A. R. Morgan, formerly President, has been elected Chairman of executive committee and Clifford E. Albert has been elected President—V. 143, p. 2699

## U. S. Universal Joints Co., Detroit, Mich .- Stock

Offered—
Humphries, Angstrom & Co., Detroit, recently offered 25,000 shares of common stock (\$1 par) at \$3 per share. Stock offered to residents of State of Michigan only.
Equitable Trust Co., Detroit, Mich., transfer agent.
Company was incorp, in Michigan on June 7, 1928. It is licensed on a royalty basis by Guy & Murton, Inc., to manufacture or to have manufactured for it, to sell and to issue sublicenses for the manufacture and sale of universal joints, flexible couplings and other devices covered by patents and improvements thereon held by Guy & Merton, Inc. These patents and improvements thereon held by Guy & Merton, Inc. These patents and improvements have been granted in the United States, Canada, Great Britain, France, Germany, Switzerland, Belgium and Italy.
The authorized capitalization now consists of 250,000 shares of common stock (par \$1), of which 200,000 shares are issued and outstanding. Prior to April 22, 1936 the capitalization consisted of 10,000 shares in par), stock having a declared value of \$10 a share. On that date the stockholders voted to change the authorized capitalization into 250,000 shares of common stock (par \$1), of which 200,000 shares were issued in exchange for the no par value stock. All of this no par value stock was originally issued to F. M. Guy and T. G. Murton as consideration for the exclusive license agreement from Guy & Murton, Inc.
The net proceeds to the company of the sale of the 25,000 shares '(constituting this offering) will be \$63,750, which it is intended shall be used for working capital and general corporate purposes.

Company's earning record for the periods stated is as follows: 1933 1934 1935 1936 (9 months) Utah Ry.—Earnings-

Transferred-

Transferred—

The petition for the reorganization of the corporation filed in Federal District Court in Richmond, Va., by Hartley L. Clarke will be either dismissed or transferred to the U. S. District Court for Northern Illinois, according to Judge Robert N. Pollard. The Judge stated that no action toward a reorganization of the corporation under Section 77-B will be taken in the Richmond Court while similar proceedings, filed "apparently in good faith" are pending in Illinois.

Judge Studies Plea for Trustee for Company—

At the close of the hearing, Feb. 2, on whether the order continuing the corporation temporarily in possession of its property should be made permanent, Federal Judge Holly took the matter under advisement and continued the case until Feb. 9.—V. 144, p. 469.

Valence Comp. (& Subs.)—Farmings—

Valspar Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings- 

 Years Ended Nov. 30—
 1936

 Profit from operations.
 \$2,074,278

 Depreciation of buildings, machinery & equipment
 59,059

 63,540

  $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Gross profit on sales} & \$2,015,218 \\ \textbf{Selling and administration expenses} & 1,692,939 \end{array}$ \$1,794,075 Profit before other income and charges\_\_\_\_\_Other income\_\_\_\_\_ \$322,279 loss\$124,918 47,956 62,288 

	Miscellaneous cha Provision for Fed	rges			1,558 30,247	46,059 2,664 13,130
	Net profit			\$	183,390 lo	ss\$277,596
		Consoli	dated Bala	nce Sheet Nov. 30		
	Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
	Cash in banks &		11 Y. 14	Demand note pay-		7000
	on hand	\$364.626	\$398,518	able to bank		\$65,332
	a Marketable sec-	9,066	25,953	Accts. pay.(trade)	\$205,289	315,438
	b Notes & accts.			Accrued interest	109.149	
	receivable	1,030,131	832,189	Accr. wages, com-	177	
	c Accts. rec. from	100	2	missions & other		
	sub. company	1,808		expenses	78,257	65.068
	Inventories	1,022,479	994,993	Res. for reorgani-		,
	c Invest. in cap.			tion expenses	o weddida	47,306
	stock of sub. co.	4,000		Prov. for Fed.		
	d Estimated amt.			income tax	30,683	13,130
	recoverable		15,000	Serial bonds due		
,	Owing from the re-			within one year_		4.000
	rec. of Kearny	19 mg. 28 J.		Note of Con-Ferro		
	Liquidatn Corp.		602	Paint & Varnish		
	Sundry assets	34,840	43,000	Co	6,723	6,723
	Land	347,331	359,334	6% notes of Det.		
	Buildings	407,531	421,554	Graphite Co	50,000	
	Mach. & equipm't	343,696	378,797			
	Goodwill of a sub-			of Valentine &		
	sidiary company	250,000	250,000	Co	1,133,300	1.133.300
	Deferred charges	109,045	121,018	3-year 6% notes		
				of Det. Graphite		
			1 1	Co	499,600	499,600
			San and San I	5-year 6% cum.		
			A 12 "	inc. debs. of Val-		
				spar Corp	675,900	675,900
			Astronomical	1st mtge. 6% serial	V 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		C. Park Charles		gold bonds of		
				Det. Cold Stor-		
				age & Terminal		
				Co	127,500	127,500
				\$6 div. cum. conv.		
			1 1 1 1 1	pref.stk.(\$5 par)	e152,255	152,330
	A SUPPLY OF THE PARTY OF			Common stock (\$1	20.00	
				par)	233,117	233,202
			early Table	Capital surplus	716,988	695,805
			3 A 1 2 A	Operating deficit	Dr94,206	Dr277,596

Total \$3,924,556 \$3,840,961 Total \$3,924,566 \$3,840,961 Total \$3,940,961 Total \$3,940,9

Vick Chemical Co.—Usual Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 10 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$5, both payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15.

Similar payments were made in each of the 13 preceding quarters.—V. 143, p. 3652.

Viking Pump Co.—Earnings-

Calendar Years— y Gross profits on sales Selling & gen, expense	1936 \$534,402 178,536	\$\frac{1935}{416,677} 150,241	1934 \$364,011 140,783	1933 \$268,384 130,956
Other expenses, net Provision for Federal & State taxes	1,085 66,418	7,395 35,109	4,343 29,434	Cr2,218
Net inc. after taxes Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$288,362 42,598 142,725	\$223,931 57,299 47,575	\$189,451 66,932 23,677	\$121,979 72,946
Balance, surplus Shs. of com.stk.(no par) Earnings per share	\$103,039 95,150 \$2.58	\$119,057 95,150 \$1,75	\$98,842 95,070 \$1.29	\$49,033 100,000 \$0.49
y After depreciation of	\$26,837 in 19	36, \$28,353	in 1935, \$26,	334 in 1934

Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1935 \$112,833 201,385 102,132 261,183 3,000 A seets-1936 Linhilities Assets—
Cash ...
Cash ...
Gov. & mun. bds.
Accts. & notes rec.
Inventories ...
Investments
Land, buildings & equipment ...
Patents ... Liabilities—
Acc. salaries, &c.
Provision for taxes
Other current liabilities—
Res. for deprec'n
x Capital stock—
Surplus— \$12,599 243,151 110,569 279,658 3,000

Total \_\_\_\_\_\$1,469,955 \$1,476,525 Total \_\_\_\_\_ \$1,469,955 \$1,476,525 x Represented by 16,696 no par shares (21,082 in 1935) cumulative preferred stock and 95,150 shares no par common stock.—V. 143, p. 3486; V. 142, p. 1660.

Virginia Electric & Power Co.—Tenders—
The Chase National Bank, as trustee, is inviting tenders of first and refunding mortgage bonds, series A 4%, due Nov. 1, 1955, at prices not exceeding 106 and accrued interest, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$2\$1,250 in the sinking fund. Tenders will be received until noon on March 1, 1937, at the Corporate Trust Department of the bank, 11 Broad Street.—V. 144, p. 469.

Vogt Manufacturing Co.—To Pay 20-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 20 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 15.
A stock dividend of 100% was paid on Dec. 28, last.
An extra dividend of \$1 per share was paid on the smaller amount of stock outstanding on Dec. 24, last, and a regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share was paid on Dec. 1, last. See also V. 143, p. 4171.

25 cents per share was paid on Dec. 1, last. See also V. 143, p. 4171.

(John) Wanamaker, Philadelphia—\$15,000,000 Loan Placed Privately—5½% Bonds Called—

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. has taken a \$15,000,000 15-year first mortgage on the properties of John Wanamaker, Philadelphia. The interest rate will be 4½% for the first five years and 4% for the last 10. The mortgage covers the Wanamaker stores at Market, Chestnut, Thirteenth and Juniper Streets, the east side of Broad Street, Chestnut, Street to South Penn Square and several other parcels of central city property.

Funds derived from the mortgage loan will be used to redeem as on April 1 approximately \$13,356,000 of real estate first mortgage 5½% sinking fund bonds of James P. Rothwell Jr. at 102 and accrued interest. Bonds will be payable at office of Land fitle Bank & Trust Co., Philadelphia. These bonds are secured on John Wanamaker, Philadelphia Poperties.

delphia. These bonds are secured on John Wanamaker, Philadelphia properties.

John Wanamaker, Philadelphia has instructed The Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia to purchase any or all of the above bonds at any time prior to March 31, 1937, and has authorized Pennsylvania Co. for Ins. on Lives and Granting Annuities to make payment therefor at the principal amount thereof, together with interest accrued to the date of such purchase plus the premium of 2%.—V. 142, p. 2524.

Ward Baking Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Other income Discount on bonds pur-		Dec. 28, '35 \$2,180,381 a225,317	\$1,706,668	Dec. 30, '33 \$1,649,223 189,205
chased for sinking fund		<b>-</b>		32,708
Total income Interest Prem. on bonds purch.	\$3,803,253 215,797	\$2,405,698 217,180	\$1,893,284 234,134	\$1,871,136 250,228
for sinking fund  Depreciation  Special deductions	d1,342,393	6,684 995,131	6,123 964,486	946,100 <b>b</b> 224,046
Federal taxes	c406,126	170.877	100,590	53,330
Net profit Ward Bkg.Corp.pf.divs_	\$1,838,936 1,792,056	\$1,015,826 512,016	\$587,951 516,410	\$397,431 391,512
Surplus Earns. per sh. on 82,975 shs. of cl. A com. stock	\$46,880	\$503,810	\$71,541	\$5,919

a Includes \$80,350 in 1936; \$72,118 in 1935 and \$57,560 in 1934 of diva. on stock of the British Arkady Co., Ltd., which is approximately \$18,000 in 1936; \$8,500 in 1935 and \$22,000 in 1934 less than the proportion of 1936; 1935 and 1934 profits applicable to the shares owned. b Includes loss on demolition of building of \$42,184; write-down of inventories to market of \$49,477 and loss on sale of marketable securities of \$132,384. c Including \$12,524 surtax on undistributed profits. d The depreciation charged is calculated on the basis of the rates used for Federal income tax purposes, which differ from those used by the company since 1929. The depreciation shown above is approximately \$411,000 greater than it would be if the same rates were used as those for previous years. Due to changes in property and plant subject to depreciation, the depreciation charged for 1936 exceeds that for 1935 by only \$347,262. Nil

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	recorrate	Data Co Dicco	
Assets— Dec. 26 '36	Dec.28 '35		6 Dec. 28,'3 1
	\$	Liabilities— \$	\$
Cash 4,159,061	3.377.959	7% pref. stock25,600.80	0 25,600,800
Cash in closed bks. 28,031	34,499	b Cl. A com. stock 82,97	
Accts. receivable 631,864	601,375	c Cl. B com, stock 10	0 100
Inventories 1,466,227	1,473,342	Funded debt 3,616,40	0 3,616,400
Investments 57,497		Accounts payable. 852.71	
Deposit on purch.		Salesmen's & cus-	
contract	30,957		3 113,175
a Prop'ty & plant_17,303,360	18,030,019	Est. Federal taxes 406.12	6 170.877
Deferred charges 726,049	578,292	Res. for conting 239.68	2 430,006
Pat'ts, copyrights,		Sundry accruals 202.10	1 87,003
goodwill, &c11,522,659	11,522,659	Surplus 4,776,10	8 4,840,065
Total 35.894.749	35 706 600	Total 35 804 74	0 35 706 600

a After depreciation of \$16,406,315 in 1936 and \$15,474,693 in 1935 b 82,975 no par shares. c 500,000 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 795.

Warner-Quinlan Co.—Sale Stayed by Appeal—
The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals on Feb. 3, granted to counsel for Cities Service Co. the right to appeal from the order of District Court Judge Murray Hulbert that the company's 231 service stations be sold to the highest bidder. The order halted the proposed sale of the stations, scheduled for Feb. 5—V. 144, p. 795.

Warren Brothers Co.—Bankruptcy Petition—
The company filed a voluntary petition under Section 77-B of the Federal Bankruptcy Act in the U.S. District Court at Boston on Feb. 1. The petition was filed with Judge Brewster who continued the management in control of the company temporarily and issued an order of notice returnable on Feb. 15. At that time the judge will hold a hearing on the question of

ontinuing the management in permanent control of the business of appoint-

ing trustees,

Principally because of inability to collect anything currently, interest
or principal, on the approximately \$13,000,000 owing to it by the Cuban
Government. Company has been forced to seek legal shelter under Section 77-B of the Federal Bankruptcy Act. The Cuban default, aggravated
by domestic depression, finally proved more of a burden than company could
bear.

tion 77-B of the Federal Bankruptcy Act. The Cuban default, aggravated by domestic depression, finally proved more of a burden than company could bear.

Obligations immediately confronting the company, other than unmatured current accounts, total \$1,987,500. There is \$1,487,500 5½% note issue maturing March 1, 1937 and some \$500,000 of interest on notes and debentures at present in default while in addition there remains unpaid \$750,000 sinking fund requirements on the \$4,457,000 6% sinking fund debentures due March 1, 1941.

The 5½% notes and 6% debentures (aggregate \$5,944,500) were originally created for the purpose of financing different stages of the Central Highway project in Cuba, largest contract of the kind in world history. Of the total length of 701 miles of continuous roadway, Warren Brothers constructed 480 miles, or approximately 68½%, for a consideration of \$73,000,000. Under the contract terms it was a cash job. In 1930, however, Cuba became hard pressed, financially. Owing Warren Brothers \$7,000,000 the Havana treasury was unable to continue cash payments. Company finished the job, and instead of the cash to which it was entitled, received notes and other obligations of the Cuban Government, all due in 1935 or earlier. From interest and principal of these obligations Warren Brothers counted upon servicing and retiring its own indebtedness, but this expectation has been shattered inasmuch as Cuba has paid only a small amount of interest and principal.

The agreement effected by the company in Sept., 1935, with 71% of its note and debenture holders whereby the latter consented to a conditional waiver of interest and sinking fund expired Feb. 1, and the deposited securities will consequently be returned. It was not practicable to extend the time limit of this agreement beyond Feb. 1 owing to the maturity of the 5½% note issue on March 1.

"In order, therefore," as President Gow states in a letter to the stockholders, "to enable the company to carry on its normal operations without interruption an

Actual Profit in 11 Months Before Interest

A tentative unaudited financial statement for 11 months to Nov. 30, 1936 shows a consolidated loss of \$311.894. This result is after deducting all charges, including taxes, depreciation, amortization and allowance for full interest, aggregating \$335.538, on the 6% debentures and 5½% notes. There were no receipts from Cuba.

On Nov. 30, 1936, according to a tentative unaudited balance sheet, current assets amounted to \$1,432,725, grouped as follows: Cash, \$532,380; accounts and notes receivable, \$780,534; inventories, \$119,811. Current liabilities, exclusive of funded debt, were \$\$51,369, made up as follows: Bank loans, \$32,100; accounts, notes payable and accrued expenses, \$372,-456; note and debenture interest accrued to Feb. 1, 1937, \$446,813.

Protective Committee for Note and Debenture Holders—

456; note and debenture interest accrued to Feb. 1, 1937, \$446,813.

Protective Committee for Note and Debenture Holders—
In view of the filing by company of a petition for reorganization under
Section 77-B of the Bankruptcy Act, the following holders or representatives
of holders of substantial amounts of the both 5½% sinking fund gold notes,
due 1937 and convertible sinking fund debenture gold 6s, due 1941, have
formed a committee for the protection of all note and debenture holders.
Cecil P. Stewart, Chairman (CPres., Frank B. Hall & Co., Inc.), Hamilton Pell (partner of Pell & Co.), Harold C. Richard (director of Manufacturers Trust Co.), William Rosenblatt (Investments), Hubert F. Young
(Compt. of Fidelity Investment Assn.), J. G. White (Pres., J. G. White
Realty Co.), with Alfred Turner, Sec., 40 Wall St., N. Y. City, and Katz &
Sommerich, 120 Broadway, N. Y. City and MacPherson, Auerbach &
Farnum, 6 Beacon St., Boston, as counsel.

Farnum, 6 Beacon St., Boston, as counsel.

Protective Committee for Preferred Stock—

The following have agreed to act as a committee for the protection of the holders of the \$3 cumulative convertible preferred stock, at the request of holders of this class of stock. The committee proposes to endeavor to obtain adequate consideration for the \$3 cumulative convertible preferred stock in the negotiation of any arrangement with the Cuban Government, and to give consideration to the operations and activities of the company. A place is being kept open on the committee for a representative of Boston interests.

and to give consideration to the committee for a representation.

A place is being kept open on the committee for a representation.

A place is being kept open on the committee for a representation.

Mark M. Jones, Chairman (Pres., Akron Belting Co., John W. Doty (Pres., Foundation Co.), George Akerson and Louis E. Stern, with H. Blair Tyson, Sec., 15 Church St., N. Y. City, and Javits & Javits, New York and Nutter, McClennen & Fish, Boston, Mass., as counsel.—V. 143, p. 2701

— Market Value—

Wellington Fund, Inc.—Market Value—
The company reports that as of Dec. 31, 1936, market value of assets amounted to \$2,980,432 as compared with \$1,089,940 on Jan. 1, 1936.—V. 143, p. 3861.

## Western Public Service Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

Period End. Dec. 31-	1936-Mon	th-1935	1936—12 A	108.—1935
Gross earnings	\$190,547	\$179,192	\$2,218,026	\$2,050,812
Operation		97,153	1,142,977	1,070,998
Maintenance	. 9,696	9,517	120,160	113,544
Taxes	16.418	13.580	199.443	182:712
Interest & amortization_	29,030	28,926	346,573	348,241
Balance Appropriations for retires	\$29,551	\$30,014	\$408,870 230,500	\$335,315 209,000
Preferred dividend requir	ements		119,451	119,451
Dalance for common di	ddanda and a	man lara	050 010	BC 004

neolidated Ralance Sheet Dag

	Conson	tuuteu Dutu	nce Sheet Dec. 31		
	1936	1935		1936	1935
Assets-	\$	\$	Labilities-	\$	\$
a Property, plant		7.1	b Preferred stock.	1.661.559	1.661.559
& equipment1	2,489,110	12,350,814		5,000,000	5,000,000
Cash	465,698	351,575	Bonds	5,749,000	5,762,500
Notes receivable	10,366	13,918	Notes payable	40,400	49,900
Acc'ts receivable	399,408	426,372	Accounts payable_	90.082	84.711
Mat'ls & supplies_	255,007	274.714	Customers' dep's_	68,411	60.894
Appl'ces on rental.	14,267	23,247	Int. & taxes accr'd	229,996	176,835
Prepayments	9,446	15,732	Sundry liabilities_	8,781	7,684
Miscell. investm'ts	4,496	4,561	Retirement reserve	849,859	755.854
Special deposits	5.069	4.945	Operating reserves	81,688	77,422
Unamortized debt	4		Unadjusted credits	2.658	2,323
disc't & expense	587,322	612,765	d Surplus	460.055	440,913
Unadjusted debits	2,299	1,951			, /C = 24(2)

Total 14,242,491 14,080,597 Total 14,242,491 14,080,597

a At cost, less retirements. b Represented by 39,633 shares (no par) \$1.50 dividend preferred stock, series A, cumulative, and 10,000 shares (no par) \$6 dividend preferred stock, series B, cumulative. 367 shares of series A pref. stock have been reacquired and are held in the treasury. c Represented by 500,000 shares (no par). d Including \$223,900 capital surplus.

Accumulated Dividend-

Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 56 ½ cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.50 series A pref. stock no par value, payable March 1 to holders of record Feb. 10. A dividend of 75 cents was paid on Dec. 1, last; one of 56 ½ cents per share was paid on Sept. 1 last. and 37½ cents was paid on June 1, 1936.—V. 144, p. 296.

Western Pacific RR.—Trustees' Equipment Trust Certificates Bid by Prudential Insurance Co.—

The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 25 authorized the company to assume obligation and liability in respect of not exceeding \$2,320,000 equipment-trust certificates, series of 1937, to be issued by the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., as trustee, and sold at 100.34\_6677 and accrued dividends in connection with the procurement of certain equipment.

The trustees invited approximately 39 firms to bid for the purchase of the certificates at a specified price and accrued dividends from Feb. 1, 1937, to the date of delivery. In response thereto three bids were received. The highest bid, 100.342677 and accrued dividends, was made by the Prudential Insurance Co. of America, and has been accepted. On this basis the average annual cost of the proceeds to the railroad trustees will be approximately 2.97%.

Latting	8 Jor Decemi	er ana lear	to Date	
December—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Gross from railway	\$1,452,690	\$1,042,209	\$957,780	\$857,230
Net from railway	482,705	211,960		175,462
Net after rents	312,205	66,007	98,869	93,110
Gross from railway	14.959.900	12,899,996	12.302.903	10.868.312
Net from railway	2.073.084	2,305,054	2,522,111	2,050,006
Net after rents	111,985	669,601	1,267,422	905,827
Wheeling & Lak	e Erie Ry	.—Earnin	gs—	

(F. W.) Woolworth Co.-Sales-

Month of— 1937 1936 1935 1934 January———\$18,649,027 \$16,984,593 \$17,147,967 \$18,137,412

Annual Report—
Sales for 1936, excluding the European companies, amounted to \$290,—386,936, as compared with \$268,750,484 for the previous year, an increase of 8.05%. The December sales were the largest for any month in the history of the company.

The net income for the year, including dividends from, and equities in the undivided profits of, the European companies, amounted to \$32,624,988, after deducting \$9,878,767 for amortization, depreciation and reserves for Federal taxes. These earnings equal \$3.35 per share on 9,750,000 shares outstanding, as compared with \$3.20 per share earned during the previous year.

outstanding, as compared with \$3.20 per share earned during the previous year.

Surplus earnings for the year in excess of dividend disbursements, amounting to \$9,336,317, have been reinvested in the business, and increase the total earned surplus at the close of the year to \$96,104,380.

Cash on hand at the close of the year amounted to \$13,747,220, as compared with \$21,771,580 at theyend of 1935. The decrease in the amount of cash on hand is accounted for sprincipally, by increased investment in merchandise, purchase of 22 properties occupied by stores, and remodeling and enlarging of 163 stores to provide display space for new lines of merchandise. There were 51,299 stockholders at the close of the year.

The year closed with 1,998 stores in operation in U. S. A., Canada and Cuba, a net increase of 18 stores. The British company had 677 stores in operation, and the German company 82 stores.

Consolidated Income Account for Calendar Years [Including Domestic and Canadian Subsidiaries]

	1936	1935	1934	1933
Net sales Net rental income	687.404	268,750,484 575,790	270,684,797 509,486	250,516,528 420,899
Undistributed earns. of unconsol. foreign subs. Income from sec. owned.		4,948,509 6,310,978	4,074,315 6,312,478	3,782,935 4,019,244
Interest, &c Realized profit on foreign	321,377	450,647	301,066	299,538
exchange	, /		76,830	449,978
Total income Costs and expenses Depreciation		281,036,408 241,593,608 1,484,703	281,958,972 241,398,103 1,455,382	259,489,123 223,353,656 1,470,532
Amortization—bldgs. & impts. on leased prop.	3,486,520	3,150,292	3,063,126	2,799,050
Foreign exch. loss (net) = Federal tax Prov. for Fed. surtax on	134,121 4,310,000	3,475,000	3,900,000	3,175,000
undistributed profits.	300,000			
Net income Profit from sale of stock of F. W. Woolworth &	32,624,988	31,247,230	32,142,363	28,690,884
Co., Ltd., England				c1,970,561
Total net income Common dividends	32,624,988 23,288,671	31,247,230 23,288,671	32,142,363 23,288,676	30,661,446 23,288,678
Surplus Previous surplus	9,336,317 86,768,063	7,958,559 78,809,505	8,853,687 72,455,817	7,372,768 65,083,050
TotalProv. for add'l Fed. inc.	96,104,380	86,768,063	81,309,504	72,455,817
taxes—prior years Net surplus adjustment_		73. <b>11111</b>	2,500,000	
Total surplus Net earnings on common	96,104,380	86,768,063	78,809,504	72,455,817
stock (par \$10) c Represents profit ma				

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec	. 31		
Assets—	1936	1935	
a Real estate and buildings owned b Buildings owned and improvements on leased	21,618,030	19,196,274	
premises to be amortized.	40,521,233 30,855,002	37,353,314 28,180,483	
Goodwill	1	20,100,100	
d Investments	45,995,371	41,111,379	
Cash_ Accounts receivable	13,747,221 735,945	21,771,580 686,074	
Inventory (merchandise, &c.)	44.241.136	38,675,694	
Stores, supplies, &c Mortgages receivable	937,012	897,021	
Prepaid insurance and sundry items	2,666,532 839,217		
Foreign funds restricted	734,543		
Liabilities—		192,281,293	
Common stock	97,500,000	97,500,000	
Purchase money mortgages	571,900	943,200	
Accounts payable and accruals Group life insurance premium	3,077,191	364,794 202,400	
Reserve for taxes	4,769,973	3,758,423	
Mortgages payable, current	467,800	91,300	
Reserve for foreign exchange losses	300,000		
Reserve for employees' benefits Reserve for add'l tax assessments for prior years	100,000	2,253,112	
Surplus	96,104,380	86,768,063	

## Wichita Falls & Southern RR.—Earnings

1936	1935	1934	1933
\$41,224	\$47,400	\$33.858	\$45.317
def2,157	9.045	def604	15,722
def1,593	7.731	4.174	15.581
	, , , , , , , , ,	-,	,
	560,169	508.795	558.878
	145,115	105.243	164.899
74,498	89,395	47.951	100.487
	4 10.0		
	\$41,224 def2,157	\$41,224 \$47,400 def2,157 9,045 def1,593 7,731 560,453 560,169 133,268 145,115	\$41,224 \$47,400 \$33,858 def2,157 9,045 def604 def1,593 7,731 4,174 560,453 560,169 508,795 133,268 145,115 105,243

Wil-Low Cafeterias, Inc.	(& Subs.)	-Earning	8
Years Ended Sept. 30— Sales Miscellaneous stores income	\$2,830,932 1,368	\$3,725,535 1,262	\$3,948,007 1,251
Total incomeCost of sales, oper. & gen. expenses Prov. for deprec. of equip. & amort.		\$3,726,797 3,660,786	\$3,949,259 3,712,656
of leaseholds, &c	124,287	125,596	116,323
Net loss Earned surplus beginning of period	\$72,859 242,672	\$59,585 379,831	pf\$120,278 613,313
Total surplusSurplus charges	\$169,813 26,095	\$320,246 77,573	\$733,591 353,760
Earned surplus	\$143,718	\$242,672	\$379.831

Note—Unpaid cumulative dividends on preferred stock amounted to \$710,651 at Sept. 30, 1936 (not including accrued dividends for the two

months not due).	.,		9		
	Consoli	dated Bala	nce Sheet Sept. 30		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$38,174	\$35,060	Accounts payable_	\$221,605	\$211.889
Accts. receiv. &			Notes payable	84,432	114,794
accrued int. rec_	780	851	Accrued accounts.	21,222	32,010
d Notes receiv		5,153	Notes payable	38,900	
Inventories	38,991	62,169	Rent security dep_	600	600
Notes & accts. rec.			Res. for conting	25,000	25,000
fr. sale of stores_	c6,900	b7,501	a Capital stock	271,243	271,243
Leaseholds, im- prove, thereto &	1.		Earned surplus	143,718	242,672
equipment, &c_	686,207	751,245			
Good-will	1	1	1 10		
Def. debit items	35,668	36,230			1.00
Total	\$806,721	\$898,210	Total	\$806.721	\$898 210

a Represented by 41,803 shares of no par preference stock and 105,525 shares par \$1 common stock. b After reserves of \$29,664. c Notes receivable only. d Stewart's Cafeterias, Inc., and their affiliated compaines.

—V. 142, p. 976.

Wisconsin Central Ry. Co.—Abandonment—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 21 issued a certificate permitting abandonment by the company, of a branch line of railroad, extending from Luger Junction to Lugerville, 5.23 miles. all in Price County, Wis.—V. 144, p. 796.

Period End. Dec. 31— 1936—3 Mos.—1935
Pounds tin produced—— 1,112,000 676,700 4,548,200 2,504,800
Net profit (before depreciation & depletion)
Per share————— 8,7c. 4,601 -V. 143, p. 3862.

#### Scullin Steel Co.-Reorganization Plan-

Scullin Steel Co.—Reorganization Plan—

The company filed on Jan. 15, 1937, in Division No. 1 of the U. S. District Court at St. Louis, Mo., in which court reorganization proceedings are pending, its proposed plan of reorganization, together with a petit on asking that such plan be set down for hearing on fairness.

It is contemplated, if this proposed plan of reorganization is tentatively approved by the court after the hearing to be held on March 15, or at any adjournment thereof, and after the court has heard objections to such plan, if any are filed, that the company will then advise security holders as promptly as possible of the action taken by the court, and will seek to obtain from its creditors and stockholders the assets and acceptances which are a prerequisite to confirmation of a plan under Section 77B of the Bankruptcy Act.

## Securities and Claims to Be Dealt with Under the Plan

Securities and Claims to Be Dealt with Under the Plan
First Mortgage—There are now outstanding \$3,062,500 1st mtge. 6% sinking fund bonds series A, due Oct. 1, 1941, with interest due thereon from April 1, 1933.

Debenture—There are now outstanding \$1,497,000 6½% debentures due Oct. 1, 1941 with interest from April 1, 1931.

Claim of the Trustees Under the Will of John Scullin Deceased—There is now past due and owing to the trustees under the will of John Scullin, deceased, the sum of \$300,000 with int. thereon at the rate of 6% from Oct. 1, 1935. This indebtedness is evidenced by notes which matured Dec. 24, 1934. These notes are secured by an assignment as collateral of the right, title and interest of the debtor in and to its claim against the ''i y of St. Louis, Mo., arising out of the taking of its land and property for the Des Peres Sewer and Flood Channel.

Participating Preference Stock—There are now outstanding 100,000 shares of participating preference stock (no par).

Common Stock—There are now outstanding 30,000 shares of common stock.

There were correct as of Sept. 30, 1036, uppeld State. City and

Common Stock—There are now outstanding 30,000 shares of common stock (no par).

Taxes—There were accrued, as of Sept. 30, 1936, unpaid State, City and school taxes, including manufacturer's license taxes, and including interest and penalties thereon, in the total amount of approximately \$232,487. Subsequent to that date State, city and school taxes for the year 1936, amounting to \$28,022 were paid by debtor. It is proposed that the payment of all unpaid taxes, including interest and penalties, accrued to Sept. 30, 1936, will be paid in cash and will not be affected by the plan of reorganization.

tion.
Two tort claims for damages are pending by suits filed against debtor prior to the institution of the reorganization proceeding. Such claims are covered by liability insurance and are being defended by the insurer. There are also pending two claims under the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act of Missouri, which are being defended by the compensation insurer of debtor, which insurer has assumed any liability that may exist therefor.

Readiustment of First Mortgage Bonds

Insurer of debtor, which insurer has assumed any liability that may exist therefor.

Readjustment of First Mortgage Bonds

It is proposed that the present \$3,062,500 first mortgage bonds shall be extended for a period of 15 years from Oct. 1, 1936, with int. thereon, payable semi-annually, at fixed rate of 3% per annum from Oct. 1, 1936. Additional interest will be payable thereon up to but not exceeding the rate of 3% per annum from Jon. 1, 1937, if and to the extent earned, the first payment of such additional interest to be made on the first date that interest at the fixed rates is payable occurring after the making of the first sinking fund payment, and the succeeding payments of such additional interest to be made on the same date of each year thereafter. All coupons presently outstanding are to be removed and cancelled by the trustee and new semi-annual coupons evidencing interest at the rate of 3% per annum, and annual coupons evidencing the additional interest, until maturity as extended are to be substituted, with scrip and annual scrip coupons created to effect a readjustment of all past due interest to be also attached to the bonds, and said bonds appropriately stamped to evidence the extension of their due date. The bonds are to be registerable only as to principal with the trustee.

(2) It is also proposed that the deed of trust securing the outstanding first mortgage bonds shall be modified and altered by the execution of a suppenental indenture to provide for:

(a) Monthly deposits being made with the trustee in an amount equal to 1-12th of all sums required during each succeeding 12 months' period to pay:

(1) General and special taxes of all kinds, which during said period shall

pay:
(1) General and special taxes of all kinds, which during said period shall ecome payable upon real and personal property conveyed by the deed of become payable upon real and personal property conveyed by the deed of trust.

(2) The fixed 3% interest coupons, payable semi-annually, on said outstanding bonds.

The first monthly deposit by the new company shall be in an amount ual to the fixed interest and taxes accrued from Oct. 1, 1936, to the date such deposit. If such deposit is subsequent to April 1, 1937, the interest see on said date shall be paid by the trustee from such deposit but without terest thereon.

of such deposit. If such deposit is subsequent to April 1, 1937, the interest due on said date shall be paid by the trustee from such deposit but without interest thereon.

(b) A sinking fund deposit to be made with the trustee within 90 days after the end of each corporate fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending on or subsequent to Dec. 31, 1937, if and to the extent that net earnings are available in an amount to perform the following and in the order set out, the deposit, however, to be limited to the extent that it would not deplete the working capital of the new company as of the end of each such fiscal year below the amount of \$750,000:

(1) To make additional interest payments up to but not exceeding the rate of 3% per annum from Jan. 1, 1937, on outstanding first mortgage bonds. Insofar as net earnings are not available for payment of such additional interest, it shall be non-cumulative.

(2) An amount up to and including \$100,000 to be used for the purchase and cancellation of first mortgage bonds by the mortgage trustee.

(3) To pay current and accumulated scrip at the rate of 1% per annum created to effect a readjustment of all past due interest on the present outstanding first mortgage bonds and coupons up to and including Oct. 1, 1936. This scrip will call for the payment of 1% on the outstanding bonds as extended each year for the first 14 years, when, as and if earned and shall be fully cumulative. Over this period it is equivalent to a settlement of the unpaid coupons at the reduced rate of 4% per annum. Such scrip is to be non-negotiable in form and non-detachable from the bonds, but the scrip coupons attached thereto to evidence this interest are to be detachable when due and payable and are to be negotiable in form.

(c) Elimination from the first deed of trust of all provisions relating to issuance of bonds in excess of \$3,500,000.

(d) The right of the new company to redeem the first mortgage bonds in whole, or in part from time to time, on or before Oct. 1, 1941, at par plus th

trust.

\*\*Conversion of Outstanding 6½% Debenture Bonds\*\*

It is also proposed that in exchange for the \$1,497,000 debentures, the holders thereof shall receive preferred stock of the new company all interest on the debentures to be cancelled and payment thereof on the coupons evidencing this interest to be foregone and waived. Any balance in the hands of the trustee under the indenture securing the debentures shall be paid over by the trustee to the new company.

\*\*Item 1. \*\* The Company Company

ovidencing this interest to be foregone and waived. Any balance in the hands of the trustee under the indenture securing the debentures shall be paid over by the trustee to the new company.

Issuance of Notes to Refund \$300,000 6% Notes

There are notes outstanding aggregating \$300,000 bearing 6% interest per annum of Scullin Steel Co. which were due Dec. 24, 1934, and payable to the trustees under the will of John Scullin, deceased. Past due interest on these notes as of Oct. 1, 1936, amounts to \$18,000.

It is proposed that in exchange for these notes and all past due int. thereon the holders thereof shall receive 12 notes, for the aggregate face amount of \$318,000, which shall be dated as of Oct. 1, 1936, and shall bear interest at the rate of 3% per annum from date. Notes are to fall due annually in the amount of \$25,000 with the final note of \$43,000.

Any note not paid on the due date because of lack of net earnings available therefor shall be paid out of net earnings whenever available and before payment of the next succeeding note. Any unpaid note or notes in addition to the last maturing note estall, together with the last maturing note become absolutely due and payable on the date when said last maturing note is due.

\*\*Dorganization\*\* of New Corporation\*\*

It is proposed that a new corporation shall be organized in Missouri, to be known as Scullin Steel, Inc. (or such other name as may be agreed upon), new corporation to have an authorized issue of 14,970 shares of preferred stock (par \$100) and 174,880 shares of common stock (no par).

On the preferred stock dividends will be payable each year at the rate of 5%, when earned and declared, before any dividend shall be declared or paid during the year on the common stock. Such dividends shall be non-cumulative.

Preferred stock for four shares of new common on the basis of one share of preferred stock for three shares of common stock at any time during the next succeeding one year period.

It is also proposed that the capital stock of the new company s

## Proposed Balance Sheet, Sept. 30, 1936

Assets—		LAabuities—	
Cash	\$112,259	Accounts payable	\$177,598
Accounts receivable: Sheffield		Accrued accounts	
Steel Corp.	151,525	State, city & county taxes and	
Trade (less reserve)			157,443
Other	13	Manufacturer's and merchant's	
Inventories		license and penalties	75,044
Other assets	6.985	1st mortgage bonds	3,062,500
Land, bldgs. & equip. (net)		Scrip (int. on 1st mtge. bonds)	428,750
Deferred charges	70,451	5% preferred stock	1,497,000
		Notes (John Scullin Estate)	318,000
		Common stock (115,000 shs.) -	2,232,331
Total	8,032,618	Total	\$8,032,618
_V 144 n 788			

## CURRENT NOTICES

—Addison Warner & Co., members of the Chicago Stock Exchange and the Chicago Curb and dealers in listed and unlisted stocks and bonds, announce the association with the firm of Joseph C. Hyatt, formerly of Russell, Brewster & Co., as manager of the listed securities department; D. Harry Hammer, formerly with Colonial Securities Co., as manager of the trading department; Phillip C. Crowen, as manager of the buying department; and Forest D. Arden, formerly with Alfred L. Baker & Co.

The firm is removing its offices from its present location on the fourth floor at 39 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, to much larger quarters on the third floor, and is opening a department to handle margin accounts.

Norman M. Jaeger who was for many years associated with the old firm of Kissell, Kinnicut & Co., and Henry Churchman, who until recently headed his own company in Indianapolis, will represent the firm in Indiana.

The Myron S. Locke Company of Green Bay and Manitowoc, Wisconsin, has been appointed correspondent of Addison Warner & Co., in Northern Wisconsin, while Vane Securities Company of Waterford and Racine, will act as correspondent for Southern Wisconsin.

Reginald Wright Kauffman, former associate editor of "The Saturday Evening Post," foreign correspondent and political commentator, is editorin-chief. Ralph West Robey, economist, financial editor of the "New York Evening Post," when it was under Curtis ownership, is executive editor. Eugene MacLean, former newspaper publisher, is managing director. Harry Addison Warner & Co., members of the Chicago Stock Exchange and

L. Selden, former associate editor of "News Week" and of the "Literary Digest," is managing editor. Winslow Abbey, former national advertising manager of "The Washington Post," is advertising manager.

WContributors will include Will Irwin, W. O. Inglis, Wythe Williams, William Atherton DuPuy, Will Payne, Herbert Corey, Ralph Renaud, Boyden Sparkes, Frank Parker Stockbridge, Raymond Gram Swing, John H. Walsh Clayton Hamilton and others H., Walsh, Clayton Hamilton and others.

- —A symposium on the subject "The New Wall Street" is to be conducted under the direction of Rudolph L. Weissman, economist of Robinson, Miller & Co., Inc., in the form of a series of eight lectures on widely diversified phases of business and finance, it was announced. The lectures have been scheduled for each Wednesday at 5:30 p. m. beginning on February 10th and are being held in cooperation with the New School for Social Research at 66 West 12th Street, where they will be delivered. The lecturers number eight leading business men, namely, John D. Ross, Allan M. Pope, Robert L. Smitley, Max Winkler, Alexander Sachs, Dean Langmuir, Ernest Angell and Mr. Weissman,
- —C. Benjamin Mitchell Jr., Edward J. Murphy and Philip W. Howard have formed the partnership of Mitchell, Murphy & Houward, Baltimore, Md., with offices in the Munsey Building there, to conduct business as brokers for dealers, banks, institutions and other brokers, and dealers in inactive issues. The new firm will maintain direct wires to New York and Washington. Mr. Mitchell, who is a member of the Baltimore Stock Exchange, was formerly manager of the real estate bond department of Gillet & Co., Inc., and Mr. Howard was associated with the same company. Mr. Murphy was previously manager of the trading department of Frank B. Mr. Murphy was previously manager of the trading department of Frank B.
- ement is made of the formation of Cardinal Securities Corpora-—Announcement is made of the formation of Cardinal Securities Corporation for the transaction of a general investment securities business, with
  offices at 30 Broad Street, New York City. Officers of the new company are
  J. M. Biscoe, formerly Vice-President of Great Northern Bond & Share Co.,
  President; Ralph Peters, also formerly connected with Great Northern Bond
  & Share Co., Vice-President; J. H. Lothian, previously with Seligman,
  Lubetkin & Co., Secretary and Treasurer; and S. W. Waldman, assistant
  Vice-President. Associated with them will be A. S. Boyan, H. C. Deppisch,
  R. L. Dergans, Luigi G. Guiducci, J. Hal Murphy and C. H. Peters.

  —Webb Hilbert, Hulbert D. Bessett, Otto B. Between and Training Toyon.

Mr. L. Dergans, Luigi G. Guiducci, J. Hal Murphy and C. H. Peters.

—Webb Hilbert, Hulbert D. Bassett, Otto B. Reimer and Twining Tousley, partners of Reimer & Co., announced the dissolution of the firm and the formation of two other Stock Exchange Houses.

Mr. Hilbert and Mr. Bassett have entered into a partnership with Edward B. Condon to form Hilbert, Condon & Bassett, with offices at 230 Park Avenue. Mr. Condon formerly was a partner in Condon, Proctor & Co.

Mr. Reimer and Mr. Tousley have joined in partnership in a new Reimer & Co., which has offices at 111 Broadway.

& Co., which has offices at 111 Broadway.

—San Francisco's roster of investment banking firms is augmented by the opening for business of Kaiser & Co., just organized to deal in municipal and corporation bonds. Offices are established in the Russ Building where temporary quarters are now being occupied.

Principals in the new firm are Ivan B. Heflebower and Leland M. Kaiser. Charles P. Burgess, a statistical expert on municipal securities, is joining the new firm. Leslia Rowell is easily of the firm.

the new firm. Leslie Rowell is cashier of the firm.

- —Harvey Fisk & Sons, Inc., announces the opening of new offices at 40 Wall Street, New York, to resume active operations in the United States Government bond market, including guaranteed issues, Federal Land Bank, territorial and municipal securities. Martin G. Grunwald is President and George H. Cutter Jr., Vice-President. Other officers will be Ashmore L. L. Mitchell, Richard J. Robertson, Pliny Fisk and Herbert S. De Marrais.
- —Whiting, Weeks & Knowles of Boston, announce that Herbert I. Buttrick has joined their organization as manager of their municipal bond department. Following his graduation from Harvard in 1906, Mr. Buttrick became associated with Merrill, Oldham & Co., continuing with that firm and its successors for many years. From August, 1933 until the close of last year he was vice-president and treasurer of Tyler, Buttrick & Co.
- —William Baylis has withdrawn from the copartnership of Baylis & Company and announcement is made that the business will be continued under the new firm name of Harrington & Company, members of the New York Stock Exchange, with offices at the same address, 42 Broadway, New York City. Members of the new firm consist of Heisler Harrington, James Edgar Morris, Le Roy Frost Jr., and Giles T. Phillips.
- —Orvis Brothers & Co., 60 Broadway, New York City, have issued the 1937 edition of their booklet, "The Cotton Trade Looks Ahead," presenting the views of executives within the cotton industry as to the prospects for business generally and for the cotton and textile trade particularly, during the next six months. The booklet contains a foreword by Alston H. Garside, economist, of the New York Cotton Exchange.
- —Delafield & Delafield, members of the New York Stock Exchange, today announced the opening of offices at 14 Wall Street. The firm will conduct a general brokerage business handling stocks and bonds on commission and will not engage in investment banking as dealers or underwriters. The partners of the firm are Edward C. Delafield, M. Livingston Delafield and Chester A. Braman.

- —Josephthal & Co., announce that Joseph J. McCann, formerly a partner in Arthur Lipper & Co., has become associated with the management of their uptown New York office at 57th Street and Broadway and that John A. McAllister and Meyer W. Amster, also formerly associated with Arthur Lipper & Co., are connected with the customers department of their down-Lipper & Co., are connected town office at 120 Broadway.
- -Announcement is made of the formation of the firm of Patton, Schreiner & Co. to carry on a general investment business, and the opening of offices in the Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia. Partners of the new firm are Henry H. Patton and William M. Schreiner, both of whom have been active in the investment field for a number of years.
- active in the investment field for a number of years.

  —The 1937 edition of the book "Foreign Bonds Issued in the United States," containing a compilation of important features of all foreign loans outstanding in this country, formerly issued by A. Iselin & Co., has just been published by Dominick & Dominick, 115 Broadway, New York City, with which A. Iselin & Co. has been merged.
- —Following the announcement by Theodore E. Plumridge, Samuel W. H. Nexsen and Thomas M. Malone of the dissolution of Plumridge Nexsen & Malone, Mr. Plumridge and Mr. Nexsen announced that they have formed a partnership to be known as T. E. Plumridge & Company with offices at 32 Broadway.
- —E. J. Coulon & Company, Members of the New York Stock Exchange, 50 Broadway, this city, have issued for distribution a partial statistical description of stocks listed on the New York Stock and Curb Exchanges, as well as an analytical study of the Chemical and Railroad Equipment
- —An analysis of the Scullin Steel Company giving the proposed reorganization plan, with comparative 1936 earnings, has been issued by H. D. Shuldiner & Company, 39 Broadway, New York City.

- —The brokerage firm of Charles Sincere & Co. announce that Harold Franke has become associated with their trading department in their office at 231 south La Salle street, Chicago. Mr. Franke was formerly associated with the Chicago office of A. O. Slaughter & Co.
- —Announcement is being made that John G. Nesbett is now associated with Arthur B. Treman & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, in their New York office. Mr. Nesbett was formerly with Jackson & Curtis and before that with J. H. Brooks & Co.
- —Granberry & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce that William S. Morrison Jr. is now associated with them in their municipal trading department. For the last five years Mr. Morrison has been sociated with George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
- —Fenner & Beane, members of the New York Stock Exchange and other leading stock and commodity exchanges, have available for distribution a twenty-page booklet entitled "Trading in Grain," which has been prepared by the Chicago Board of Trade.
- —Ernstrom & Co., Inc. announces that L. S. Garrison, formerly of Ralph B. Leonard & Co. and Albert C. Boehlert, formerly with Utica Gas & Electric Co., have joined the sales department of the firm, Mr. Garrison in New York and Mr. Boehlert in the Utica territory.
- —Monahan, Schapiro & Co., 30 Broad St., New York City, have prepared for distribution an analysis of Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Company of Chicago for the years 1934-1935-1936 on the basis of the new capitalization.
- —Gude, Winmill & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce the admission of James G. Tremaine as a General Partner. Mr. Tremaine is the son of Morris S. Tremaine, Comptoller of the State of New York.
- —Formation of the firm of Anderson & Conrow, to facilitate the financing of both new and established enterprises, is announced by Samuel W. Anderson and Jonathan H. Conrow. The firm will be located at 49 Wall Street.
- —"The Financial Observer," a new weekly magazine, is making its initial opearance on the newsstands with their issue of February 9. It is pubshed by the Observer Publishing Co., Inc., 55 William Street, New York City
- —Wright, Martin & Co., of Detroit announce the addition to their organization of Charles D. Adams who will be in charge of sales. Mr. Adams was formerly connected with Baker, Simonds & Co.
- —Craigmyle, Marache & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce that Leonard W. Proctor, formerly with William B. Nichols & & Co., Inc., is now associated with the firm.
- -Lockwood, Sims & Company, 90 Broad St., New York City, are issuing for distribution an analytical study of the city of Sanford, Florida, with a comparison of other cities in Florida.
- —Sherwood & Company, 40 Wall St., New York City, are issuing for distribution a list of bonds of municipalities located in the State of New York, yielding from 1.25% to 3.25%.
- —Swart, Brent & Co., Inc. announce that William H, Haskins has joined their retail sales department. Mr. Haskins was formerly connected with the firm of Amott, Baker & Co., Inc.
- —Hugh W. Jackson, formerly of Watson & White, and S. J. Severund have become associated with Prentice & Brady, members New York Stock Exchange, in their main office.
- —Edman Company announces the opening of new offices in the Bankers Building, Chicago. The firm consists of Elmer Edstrand, Lucius W. Boardman and A. R. Elchlepp.
- -Joseph H. Billings and Seym our V. Frank announce the formation of Billings & Frank with offices at 42 Broadway, this city, to transact a gen business in unlisted securities.
- —Hartley Rogers & Co., Inc., investment securities firm, has prepared an analysis of Superior Portland Cement, Inc., largest producer of cement in the State of Washington.
- —Post & Flagg announce that George B. Post and Benson B. Sloan have become special partners and Arthur L. Hawley and William Turnbull have become general partners.
- —Peter P. McDermott & Co., 39 Broadway, New York City, are distributing a bulletin containing an analysis of The Standard Products Company \$1 par common stock.
- —W. C. Kennedy & Company, Limited, of Toronto, Canada, announce the resignation of W. C. Kennedy and a change of firm name to T. L. Brook & Company, Limited.
- -C. G. Novotny & Co., Inc., 30 Broad St., New York City, are distributing their current offering list of State and municipal bonds yielding from 2.40% to 4.88%.
- —B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., 57 William St., this city, has issued a cur rent list of municipal bonds including general market, New York and New
- —Charles King & Company, 61 Broadway, New York City, is issuing for distribution a list of public utility preferred stocks which are in arrears of
- —H. S. Edwards & Co., Union Bank Bldg., Pittsburgh have issued a comparative analysis for the years 1934, 1935 and 1936 on Pittsburgh bank
- —Stein Bros. & Boyce announced that F. Aubrey Nash has been appointed manager of the Stock and Bond Department of its New York office.

  —A memorandum on Eastern Sugar Associates, \$5 cumulative preferred stock has been prepared by L. M. Otis Co., 39 Broadway, New York City.
- —Peter P. McDermott & Co., 39 Broadway, New York City are distributing a bulletin containing an analysis of Atlas Plywood Corporation.
- —Campagnoli & Company, Inc., 41 Broad St., New York City, has prepared an analysis of Tennessee Products Corporation, Nashville, Tenn.
- —Cohen, Wachsman & Wassall announce that August W. Kops and Caspar Thomas have been admitted to general partnership in their firm.
- —Edward Longbotham has become associated with Great Northern Bond & Share Co., Incorporated, as manager of the trading department.
- —Hoit, Rose & Troster, 74 Trinity Place, New York City, have prepared a special statistical memorandum on Gary Electric & Gas Co. —Arthur J. Jacobs has become associated with Amott, Baker & Co., Inc., in the corporate and public utility buying department.
- —Gersten & Co., of San Francisco, has been formed to continue the investment security activities of Miller & Company.
- —Bristol & Willett, 115 Broadway, New York City, are distributing the February issue of their Over-the-Counter Review.

# The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN-PROVISIONS

PETROLEUM-RUBBER-HIDES-METALS-DRY GOODS-WOOL-ETC.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1936

Coffee—On the 30th ulto. futures closed 3 to 6 points lower for Santos contracts, with sales of 28 lots. New Rio contracts closed 4 to 9 points off, with sales of 36 lots. Old Rio contracts closed unchanged, with sales of one lot. Rio futures were 400 to 525 reis up at 19.700 in February and 19.225 in April. The Rio spot quotation was 600 reis up at 19.800 milreis, and the Santos spot was 200 higher at 24.300. All three contracts traded on the Santos exchange advanced from the previous day, with the A contract unchanged to 19.220 in April. The Rio spot quotation was 600 reis up at 19.800 milreis, and the Santos spot was 200 higher at 24.300. All three contracts traded on the Santos exchange advanced from the previous day, with the A contract unchanged to 600 up; the B contract was unchanged and the C contract up 500 throughout the list. The open market dollar rate held steady at 16.160 milreis to the dollar, while the Bank of Brazil still quoted 16.180. Havre futures were unchanged to .75 of a franc higher. On the 1st inst. futures closed 7 to 14 points higher for the Santos contract, with sales of 125 contracts. The new Rio contract closed 5 to 9 points up, with sales of 31 contracts. The old Rio contract closed 4 points off, with sales of 8 lots. Rio futures closed 100 to 225 reis off at 19.600 milreis in February and 19.00 in April. The Rio spot quotation held at 19.800. The open market dollar rate was unchanged at 16.160 milreis to the dollar, while the Bank of Brazil still quotes 16.180. On the Santos Exchange the "B" contract opened unchanged to 500 reis up from Saturday's close at 24.500 in March, May and July. Havre futures were 3.75 francs lower all around. On the 2d inst. futures closed 5 to 8 points off for the Santos contract, with sales of 104 lots. The new Rio contracts closed 9 to 7 points off, with sales of 26 lots. The old Rio contract closed 6 points off, with sales of 6 lots. Rio futures were 200 reis lower at 19.400 for February and 18.800 for April. The Rio spot quotation also declined 200 reis to 19.600 milreis. The open market dollar rate was unchanged at 16.160 milreis to the dollar, while the Bank of Brazil still quoted 16.180. Havre futures were .50 franc up to unchanged. On the 3d inst. futures dosed 4 to 2 points higher for the Santos contract, with sales of 90 lots. The new Rio contract closed unchanged to 2 points off, with sales of 36 lots. The old Rio contract closed 3 points higher, with sales of 10 lots. Rio futures closed 100 to 50 reis up at 19.500 in February and 18.500 in April. The Rio spot

quotes 16.180.

On the 4th inst. futures closed 4 to 8 points up for the Santos contract, with sales of 163 lots. The new Rio contract closed 3 points off to 2 points up, with sales of 63 lots. The old "A" contract, which was not traded, was quoted nominally unchanged. Rio futures closed 100 to 350 reis higher at 19.600 in Feb. and 19.200 in April. The Rio spot quotation was unchanged at 19.600. The open market dollar rate held at 16.160 milreis to the dollar, while the Bank of Brazil still quoted 16.180 milreis. Havre futures were 4.50 to 5.50 francs up. Today futures closed 10 to 4 points up for the Santos contract, with sales of 150 contracts. The New Rio contract closed 11 to 9 points up, with sales of 34 contracts. The old Rio contract closed 10 points up, with sales of one contract. Rio de Janeiro futures were 200 to 250 reis higher, while in Santos the "C" contract was 300 to 675 reis higher. Cost and freight offers continued scarce. Santos 4s ranged from 11.60 to 11.75c. Havre futures were 2½ to 3 francs higher.

Rio coffee prices closed as follows:

December 7.74 July 7.767

March 7.54 September 7.71

7.74 July 7.67 arch 7.54 September 7.71 September 7

Cocoa—On the 30th ult. futures closed 20 to 24 points down. Transactions totaled 303 lots, or 4,060 tons. Liquidation continued on a rather substantial scale, and there being no appreciable support, prices yielded rather easily. The market closed a trifle above the lows of the day. Local closing: March, 10.92; May, 11.04; July, 11.14; Oct., 11.16; Dec., 11.09. On the 1st inst. futures closed 100 points down, which was the maximum limit, or \$300 per contract. In one of the most spectacular sessions in many a day, the down, which was the maximum limit, or \$300 per contract. In one of the most spectacular sessions in many a day, the market suffered one of the most violent setbacks, if not the most precipitate decline, since the freak market early in July, 1933. Trading volume reached the highest figure on record since that time, the volume totaling 1,866 lots, or 25,004 tons changing hands. There was a combination of manufacturer selling and liquidation, a good part of the latter being of a forced nature. Much stress was laid on persistent selling by a leading domestic manufacturer, some going so far as to claim this pressure was largely responsible for the flood of stop-loss and margin call sales that followed. It was also stated that this consuming interest was selling

to create a more favorable market on which to cover his actual needs. The feeling was general among the trade that the recent heavy decline had greatly strengthened the market's technical position. It is now thought this drastic decline has badly shaken the confidence of the speculative element. Local closing: March, 9.92; May, 10.04; July, 10.14; Sept., 10.18; Oct., 10.16; Dec., 10.09. On the 2d inst. futures closed 8 to 20° points up. In a wild trading session prices broke to the extreme level of 72 to 77 points below the previous close. For a time it looked as though the market would break through to the extreme 100-point limit, the same as it did the day before. At the critical moment, however, a bid for 1,000 lots of September cocoa was entered at prices slightly under the market. This had an electrifying effect on traders and brought the market back with a sharp rebound. Shorts jumped in to grab off profits and this greatly accelerated the rally. The dramatic bids, which had so much to do with the sharp rebound of prices—represented from 250,000 to 500,000 bags of cocoa beans. These bids made their appearance after the market had crashed almost 400 points from its recent high of a fortnight ago. Local closing: March, 10.00; May, 10.16; July, 10.26; Sept., 10.38; Oct., 10.36; Dec., 10.25. On the 3d inst. futures closed 14 to 17 points higher. More normal trading conditions prevailed during this session after the hectic markets of Monday and Tuesday. Opening sales of 80 lots were worked at gains of 13 to 23 points, while the close was at approximately the highs of the day for the nearby deliveries. Sales totaled 7,102 tons. London came in 1s. 6d. higher on the outside and 2s. to 3s. stronger on the Terminal Cocoa Market, which closed strong after a trade of 3,210 tons. Local closing: March, 10.20; May, 10.40; July, 10.44; Sept., 10.55; Dec., 10.44. to create a more favorable market on which to cover his

Dec., 10.44.

On the 4th inst. futures closed 7 to 13 points down. Opening sales of 72 lots had been worked at gains of 15 to 20 points. The apparent instability of the market despite recent violent declines, does not make for confidence on the part of those inclined to buy. London came in 6d higher for actuals and 1s 3d to 6d higher on the Terminal Cocoa Market, with 2,310 tons trading. Transactions in the local market totaled 656 lots, or 8,690 tons. Local closing: Mar. 10.13; May 10.27; July, 10.35; Sept., 10.45; Oct., 10.43; Dec., 10.33. Today futures closed 48 to 53 points down. General liquidation continued and caused heavy declines throughout the list. A recovery followed of 15 to 20 points, but this was subsequently shaved down, with the market closing a little above the lows of the day. Good buying from manufacturers was reported on the scale down. Sales totaled 953 contracts. Local closing: Mar., 9.62; May, 976; July, 987; Oct., 9.91; Dec., 9.84; Jan., 9.89.

Sugar—On the 30th ulto. futures closed 5 to 9 points

Local closing: Mar., 9.62; May, 976; July, 987; Oct., 9.91; Dec., 9.84; Jan., 9.89.

Sugar—On the 30th ulto. futures closed 5 to 9 points down. Transactions totaled 550 lots. The heaviness of the market was attributed largely to the prospects of an excise tax. This latest recession in prices brought the market to the lowest point since Nov. 5 and measured by the active September position, 39 points under the best price for the year, which was recorded on Jan. 4. In the market for raws there were definite offerings at the basis of 3.65c., comprising Philippines, now loading, Feb.-March or April-May shipment. However, refiners showed no interest. In the world sugar market prices declined 3½ to 4½ points. Transactions totaled 224 lots. There was nothing in the news to influence world prices, the weakness being attributed entirely to the weakness of the domestic sugar market. London was ¼ to ¾d. lower, with the market for raws reported as quiet. On the 1st inst. futures closed 2 to 3 points higher. At last the almost steady descent of prices was checked in today's session. Steadied by trade and Cuban buying, prices generally were ruling 5 to 6 points higher at one stage of the trading, but later on prices eased and half of these gains were erased. Sales totaled 412 lots, more than half this volume being transacted in September. In the market for raws, National bought 10,000 bags of Puerto Ricos, due on Feb. 22, at 3.68c., delivered, establishing a new spot price. At the same basis Revere got 1,000 tons of Philippines for April-May shipment. On the recent recessions from the previous spot basis of 3.81c., there were sales effected at 3.75c. and reported sales at 3.70c., but none of them changed the spot. The world sugar market was quiet, closing with net gains of 2 to 4½ points. Sales totaled 9,550 tons. London terme market closed unchanged to ¾d. lower, with raw market unchanged. On the 2d inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points lower. Sales totaled 200 lots, or 10,000 tons. The narrow range and light trading reflects totaled 9,550 tons. London terme market closed unchanged to 3/d. lower, with raw market unchanged. On the 2d inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points lower. Sales totaled 200 lots, or 10,000 tons. The narrow range and light trading reflects the indisposition of traders to make any substantial commitments until this uncertainty of the processing tax has been more or less cleared up. In the market for raws Arbuckle bought 15,000 bags of Puerto Ricos at 3.65c., delivered, off 3 points from the price paid the previous day. Part of the shipment of 5,000 bags is for February shipment and

establishes a new spot price. In the world contract market prices closed unchanged to 2 points off. Sales were 294 lots, or 14,700 tons. On the 3d inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points off. Transactions totaled 279 lots. The March delivery at 2.70c., which reflected sales late in the previous session of actuals at the equivalent basis of 2.75c. for Cubas—was the lowest price on the current downward swing. It was said that medican are becoming more actual sales made with the current downward seven learned was sales when the sales were becoming more actual sales when the sales were becoming more actual sales were becoming the sales were becoming the sales were sales w the lowest price on the current downward swing. It was said that producers are becoming more and more alarmed by the prospects of the new processing tax. In the market for raws the only reported sale of raw sugar was one of 3,000 tons of Philippines for second half of March arrival at 3.65c. to McCahan. Definitely on offer at 3.65c. were 10,000 bags of Puerto Ricos for March shipment, and the belief developed that more was available at the same level. The world contract market closed unchanged to 1 point lower. Volume of trading for the first time fell under 100 lots. London raw market was quoted at 6s, equal to 1.06¾c., f. o. b. Cuba, based on a freight rate of 22s.

On the 4th inst. futures closed 3 to 5 points down. The

On the 4th inst. futures closed 3 to 5 points down. The weakness of raw sugars together with the great uncertainty concerning the effects of the prospective processing tax, was weakness of raw sugars together with the great uncertainty concerning the effects of the prospective processing tax, was responsible to a large extent for the heaviness of sugars generally. Volume of business was moderate, amounting to 262 lots, of which half were in September. In the market for raws it was stated, though not confirmed, that sales were effected at 3.60c., delivered, which would represent a decline of 5 points. Refiners however, were showing little or no interest. At the close of the market there were offerings at 3.62c. definitely, parcels of about 4,000 tons of Puerto Ricos and a cargo. The world sugar contract market closed unchanged to 2 points lower. Transactions totaled 157 lots, or 7,850 tons. An important development was the definite fixing of a world conference in London April 5th, to study better organization for the production and sale of sugar. Today futures closed 4 to 1 point down. Selling of the domestic contract continued, resulting in price declines to new lows, with May, July and Sept. selling at 2.64c. In the market for raws sugar could be bought at 3.60c. The No. 4 or world contract sagged on rumors that British Dominion sugar producers might not attend the international conference in April. London futures were 1/4 to 3/4d. higher. Refined was reduced 11/2d. per cwt., while raws sold at the equivalent of 1.09c., f.o.b. Cuba. The world contract market here closed 1 down to 1/2 up, with sales of 143 contracts.

Prices were as follows:

Prices were as follows:

Lard—On the 30th ult. futures closed 7 to 15 points lower. This made a total decline for the week of 50 to 55 points, due largely to speculative selling. Trade interests are still on the sidelines and apparently are unwilling to support the market owing to the present large inventories. During the past few months stocks have increased rapidly due to the heavy hog marketings, and with very meagre cash demand for lard, no substantial decreases in supplies have been recorded. Closing hog prices at Chicago were unchanged to 5c. lower, with the top price registering \$10, and major portion of sales ranging from \$9.75 to \$9.85. Liverpool closed 6d. to 1s. lower. No export clearances of lard from the Port of New York were reported. On the 1st inst. futures closed 7 to 12 points off. In the early trading the market showed substantial improvement, but this was all erased later on rumors of a substantial increase in the monthly lard stocks at Chipoints off. In the early trading the market showed substantial improvement, but this was all erased later on rumors of a substantial increase in the monthly lard stocks at Chicago, which induced considerable selling. It was stated that the earlier expectations of the trade had been for a report showing approximately 9,000,000 pounds, whereas the report showed that stocks in January had increased 19,186,123 pounds. Total stocks now are 99,715,814 pounds, against 29,260,935 on Feb. 1, 1936. Receipts of hogs on Monday at Chicago totaled 14,000 head, whereas 30,000 were expected. Total receipts for the Western run were 50,500 head, against 70,300 for the same day a year ago. There were no exports of lard reported from the Port of New York over the week-end. Liverpool lard prices were unchanged to 3 pence higher. On the 2d inst. futures closed 27 to 32 points down. The sharp decline was attributed to heavy speculative selling prompted by the bearish monthly report on lard stocks at Chicago, issued after the close on Monday. As soon as the market opened prices fell off 15 to 25 points. Lard stocks at Chicago in January increased over 19,000,000 pounds, and this was about 10,000,000 pounds over trade expectations. Closing hog prices were 10c. to 15c. higher at Chicago, the top price registering \$10.40, with the bulk of sales ranging from \$10 to \$10.30. Western hog run was below expectations and totaled 50,200 head, against 41,900 for the same day a year ago. Liverpool lard prices were 4d. lower on the spot position and 1s. 9d. lower on May and 2s. 3d. lower on July. Export shipments of lard from the Port of New York were a little above recent average and totaled 74,200 pounds, destined for London, Liverpool and Southampton. On the 3d inst. futures closed 25 to 27 points higher. After a prolonged decline of approximately 200 points in futures the past several weeks, it was figured the market's technical position was pretty strong, and this view was more or less justified by the action of the market today, which respond

receipts for the Western run were 56,400 head, against 36,200 for the same day a year ago. The top price at Chicago was \$10.45, with the bulk of sales ranging from \$10.10 to \$10.45. There were no export clearances reported from the Port of lew York. Liverpool lard prices were 1s. 3d. to 3d. off from

the previous close.

On the 4th inst. futures closed 10 to 15 points down. On the 4th inst. futures closed 10 to 15 points down. Persistent selling by packers was largely responsible for the heaviness of this market. Western hog receipts were 66,000 head against 68,500 for the same day last year. Hog prices at Chicago declined 10c. to 15c., the top price registering \$10.30, with the bulk of sales ranging from \$10 to \$10.25. Liverpool lard futures were firmer at 6d. to 1s. 6d. higher. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York were moderately heavy totaling \$5000 pounds destined for moderately heavy, totaling 95,000 pounds destined for Manchester. Today futures closed 18 to 20 points up. The firmness of this commodity was attributed largely to a slight pick-up of cash demand and to somewhat lighter hog receipts.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO

Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
January12.82	12.85	12.57	12.82	12.67	12.87
March12.85	13.07	12.80	13.05	12.97	13.15
May13.12		13.00	13.30	13.17	13.35
July13.35	13.52	13.20	13.50	13.37	13.57

Pork—Mess, \$31.37 per barrel; family, \$32.37 nominal, per barrel; fat backs, \$26.25 to \$28.25 per barrel. Beef: Steady. Mess, nominal; packer nominal; family, \$17.00 to \$18.00 per barrel nominal; extra India mess nominal. Cut Meats: Pickled Hams, Picnic, Loose, c.a.f.—4 to 6 lbs., 13¼c.; 6 to 8 lbs., 13¼c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 13¼c. Skinned, Loose, c.a.f.—14 to 16 lbs., 21¼c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 19½c.; 22 to 24 lbs., 18½c. Bellies, Clear, f.o.b., New York—6 to 8 lbs., 19¼c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 19½c.; 10 to 12 lbs., 19¾c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 19½c.; 10 to 12 lbs., 19¾c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 17¾c.; 20 to 25 lbs., 17¾c.; 25 to 30 lbs., 17½c. Butter: Creamery, Firsts to Higher than Extra and Premiuam Marks: 30¾c. to 33¼c. Cheese: State, Held, '36, 21c. to 22½c. Eggs: Mixed Colors, Checks to Special Packs: 19c. to 24½c.

Special Packs: 19c. to 24½c.

Oils—Linseed oil price schedule appeared to be maintained in this district despite the weakness in Argentine seed last week. Quotations: China Wood: Tanks, Jan.—Feb., 14c.; M-J for'd, 13.4c.; Drms, spot, 14½c. Coconut: Manila, tanks, Spot, 9½c.; F-M, 9¼c.; June for'd, 9c. Coast, Apr. for'd, 8½c. Corn: Crude, tanks, outside, 10¾c. Olive: Denatured, Nearby, Spanish, \$1.65; Shipment, \$1.50 to \$1.55. Soy Bean: Tanks, mills, futures, 10 to 10¼c. C. L. drms., 11c.; L. C. L. 11.5c. Edible: 76 degrees, 15¾c. Lard: Prime, 15c.; Extra strained winter, 14c. Cod: Crude, Japanese, nominal; Norwegian Yellow, nominal; filtered, 48c. Turpentine: 47c. to 51c. Rosins: \$10.00 to \$13.85.

Cottonseed Oil, sales, including switches, 106 contracts. Crude, S. E., 10c. Prices closed as follows:

February March April May	11.15@	June1	1.20@
March	1.16@	July1	1.23@
April	11.15@	August	1.15@
May	11.10@11.17	pehremperI	1.10@

Petroleum—The summary and tables of prices formerly appearing here regarding petroleum will be found on an earlier page in our department of "Business Indications," in the article entitled "Petroleum and Its Products."

appearing here regarding petroleum will be found on an earlier page in our department of "Business Indications," in the article entitled "Petroleum and Its Products."

Rubber—On the 30th ult. futures closed unchanged to 7 points lower. The December options closed 2 points higher. Transactions totaled only 420 tons. The outside market continued dull, apparently awaiting developments in the automobile strike situation, which did not materialize. Outside quotations were unchanged at 21½c. for standard sheets. No factory buying developed. London and Singapore closed steady, with prices slightly higher. Local closing: Feb., 21.01; March, 21.06; May, 21.07; July, 21.00; Sept., 20.95; Oct., 20.92; Dec., 20.90. On the 1st inst. futures closed 2 points up to 1 point down. Transactions totaled 660 tons. Trading was quiet. Quotations in the outside market remained unchanged on a spot basis of 21½c. for standard sheets. Local closing: Feb., 21.03; March, 21.08; May, 21.06; July, 21.00; Sept., 20.97; Dec., 20.92. On the 2d inst. futures closed 4 to 8 points down. Trading was light, with transactions totaling 800 tons. Futures opened 12 to 21 points lower, but subsequently recovered considerable of the losses. Outside prices were reduced to a spot quotation of 21½c. for standard sheets and some brokers even quoted a slightly lower figure. Local closing: Feb., 20.95; March, 21.00; May, 21.00; July, 20.96; Sept., 29.92; Dec., 20.86. On the 3d inst. prices closed 10 to 11 points higher. Transactions totaled 1,430 tons. Outside prices were quoted on a spot basis of 21½c. for standard sheets. London and Singapore closed steady, with prices slightly higher. Local closing: Feb., 21.06; March 21,11; May, 21.11; July, 21.06; Sept., 21.02; Oct., 21.00.

On the 4th inst. prices closed 23 to 30 points higher. The market continued its upward trend of the previous day, with a marked increase in trading activity. Transactions totaled 2,400 tons. Trading in the outside market, however, was dull. London and Singapore closed steady and dull,

higher in London, and it was reported that a decrease of 2,925 tons in United Kingdom stocks this week was indicated, owing to a large shipment to Russia. Local closing: March, 21.43; May, 21.44; July, 21.41; Sept., 21.40; Dec.,

cated, owing to a large shipment to Russia. Local closing: March, 21.43; May, 21.44; July, 21.41; Sept., 21.40; Dec., 21.36.

Hides—On the 30th ult. futures closed 6 to 8 points down. Transactions totaled 1,240,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange remained unchanged at 741,956 hides. No new sales were reported in either the domestic or Argentine spot hide markets during the day. The market for New York City calfskins, however, appears easier and prices are reported somewhat lower than heretofore. Local closing: Feb., 21.01; March, 21.06; May, 21.07; July, 21.00; Sept., 20.95; Oct., 20.92. On the 1st inst. futures closed 15 to 19 points down. Transactions totaled 2,560,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange remained unchanged at 741,956 hides. No business reported from the domestic or Argentine spot hide markets. Local closing: March, 14.99; June, 15.32; Sept., 15.60; Dec., 15.83. On the 2d inst. futures closed 7 to 13 points down. Transactions totaled 3,840,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange remained unchanged at 741,956 hides. No new business was reported from the local spot hide market or the Argentine spot center. Local closing: Dec., 15.70; March, 14.92; June, 15.25; Sept., 15.47. On the 3d inst. futures closed unchanged to 4 points up. Transactions totaled 2,400,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange remained unchanged at 741,956 hides. A weaker spot situation was reported yesterday, light native cow hides having been offered at 14c. against the last previous price of 14½c. Local closing: March, 14.92; June, 15.26; Sept., 15.51; Dec., 15.74.

On the 4th inst. futures closed 10 to 16 points down. Transactions totaled 4,920,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange remained unchanged at 741,956 hides. There were sales reported in the Chicago market of 18,700 hides, with light native cows at 14c., or a ha

Ocean Freights—Nothing spectacular happened in the market for charters. For a time there appeared to be a rate deadlock in connection with scrap iron, but this apparently loosened towards the end of the week.

Charters included: Sugar: Cuba, March, United Kingdom-Continent, 1s. Cuba, February, to United Kingdom-Continent, 1ss, same, March, 1ss. 6d. Trip Across: Prompt, \$1.75, redelivery African port. Grant Booked: This included ten loads New York-Havre, 15c. Five loads, New York to Sweden, 16c. Trip: Prompt, Copenhagen, E. S. S. America, redelivery, Norway. Scrap Metal: United States Atlantic to Japan, four ports in all, 29s. 6d., f.i.o., scrap iron, March 15-31. United States Atlantic to Japan, four ports in all, 30s., f.i.o., scrap iron, March 15-31. United States Atlantic to Japan, four ports in all, 29s., f.i.o., scrap iron, March April.

Coal—Improvement in the local anthracite trade of New York and New Jersey has been most marked this week, with consumption in real volume, and retailers being favored with a good share of favorable though not dependable cold weather. New York tidewater bituminous dumpings on Tuesday were about 575 cars. Southern smokeless producers car loadings are again rising. West Virginia mines are for the most part running at capacity. Industrial slack has the call, wherever transport conditions are not too bad. A medium cold wave enlivened the domestic market east and west of the Ohio, and particularly in the upper central Great Plains.

Copper—The outstanding feature of the week was the heavy speculative buying in Europe, accompanied by reports that France is seeking large tonnages of the red metal. On the London Metal Exchange the heaviest trading in a week or more brought about advances of 13s 9d. and 12s. 6d. respectively, in standard spot and futures. Export copper prices here went as high as 12.975c. a pound, c.i.f. European ports, with other transactions at the equivalent of 12.95, 12.90 and 12.87c. Export sellers reported that they are not anxious to sell any large tonnages, attributing, as they do, the latest rise principally to the same speculative groups which have been active in copper all along. The speculative purchasing is not confined to copper, but applies to other metals and commodities. To local interests the sharp advance in copper abroad seems illogical as factors of the market indicate declines rather than advances, it is pointed out. Thus, the foreign market is regarded as overbought, production of copper is now unrestricted, the American floods and automobile strikes exert bearish influences. The renewed flight from the franc has caused French speculators to invest in commodities, which at least partly accounts for copper's buoyancy. The Navy Department, which invited bids on 1,035,000 pounds of copper, received bids yesterday on 1,035,000 pounds for shipment to various of its Navy yards. The American Smelting & Refining Co. bid 13c. on 435,000 pounds, the American Metal Co. bid 13.05c. on 450,000 pounds. These two companies were successful bidders.

Tin—The spectacular happenings in the tin market at London are focusing the attention of the trade. Tin in common with the other metals has felt the effects of strong

speculative buying on the London Metal Exchange. However, reports were received in certain quarters that the industrial demand for tin in Europe was brisk and that the rise in prices have a firm foundation. The Navy Departmen here opened bids on 370,000 pounds of grade A tin. On the entire lot the National Lead Co. bid 51.30c, Brooklyn, while Tuthill & Co. bid 50.85c on 320,000 pounds; Pope Trading Co. bid 51.23c on 320,000 pounds and Trench & Co. bid 50.98c on the same amount. H. P. Winter turned in a bid of 50.92c. Outside of Navy purchasing, there was comparatively little business, prices apparently being too high for American consumers and dealers. Tin afloat to the United States is 9,861 tons. Tin arrivals this month have been. Atlantic ports, 330 tons; Pacific ports, nil. Stocks in local warehouses are unchanged at 1,070 tons.

Lead—A strange speculative buying wave is carrying the metals forward on the London Metal Exchange, and lead hared in the upward movement. London prices rose £1 for two sessions. With the strikes and floods here, domestic traders look upon the sharp rise of the metal abroad as not warranted by conditions. Some American producers, however, understood that a genuine consumer demand appeared in Europe during the recent heavy buying movement. Demand for pig lead here is only moderate, but prices are firm at 6 to 6.05c per pound, New York, and 5.85c, East St. Louis. It is thought in some quarters that with the maritime strike about to be settled and with London prices rising sharply, it may be logical for American producers to sell lead to London.

Zinc—Although there have been rumors current this

Zinc—Although there have been rumors current this week that American zinc prices may go higher, most producers state that business by no means warrants any move in this direction just now. However, it is pointed out that in the past sudden outbursts of buying have developed, and if this should happen, it would find the market responsive, especially in view of the firm undertone and remarkable absence of offerings. Recently it was reported that consumers were bidding 6.05c per pound, East St. Louis, for April delivery zinc, thus proving the strength of the market. Sales of slab zinc last week were small again, consisting of 1,461 tons of prime Western and 700 tons of brass special. Unfilled orders of prime Western at the end of the week were 79,084 tons, with unfilled orders of brass special 5,139 tons and of select grades 1,110 tons. Shipments of prime Western were the real feature of the statistics, coming to 8,000 tons, with shipments of brass special 622 tons. All prime Western sold on the basis of 6c, East St. Louis, and about three-quarters of the sales were for first quarter shipment.

Steel—The steel industry still presents a glowing picture

Steel—The steel industry still presents a glowing picture in spite of floods, strikes and threats of strikes. The "Iron Age" in its weekly summary of the industry, reports that schedules for the week are at 79% of capacity, against 75% a week ago, due to resumption of operations at plants closed by floods, Pittsburgh output being at a peak for six years. As flood waters recede some fair idea is obtained of the extent of damage in many grees, and already indications are by floods, Pittsburgh output being at a peak for six years. As flood waters recede some fair idea is obtained of the extent of damage in many areas, and already indications are that there will be a tremendous replacement business. Several factors contribute to the feeling in industrial quarters that steel prices are due for another mark-up. Deadlines on price protection granted consumers in December and uneasiness over steel strike threats uttered by John L. Lewis, have contributed to the large volume of orders booked by mills in recent weeks. Some mills are booked so far ahead that they have been declining specifications for material to be shipped after the end of the current quarter. In addition, analysis of some company statements tend to show that the price increases announced for December 1st and January 1st have been insufficient to offset higher wage costs and additional expenses in other departments. The "Iron Age" states that notwithstanding the extremely heavy backlogs on mill books, further additions are in sight. Resumption of water shipments to the Pacific Coast, following settlement of the seamen's strike, will release considerable suspended business: the United States Navy program and rejuvenation of American shipbuilding under the auspices of the new Maritime Commission offer prospects for large tonnages. large tonnages.

large tonnages.

Pig Iron—The floods played havoe with foundries in many areas. The foundries in Cincinnati were hard hit by the floods, according to reports to the trade here. Most of the foundries connected with the machine tool manufacturers are close to the railroad and the river, and few survived the high waters, which damaged the sand, patterns and other equipment. It is thought that several weeks will elapse before normal conditions can be restored. There are rumors of another rise in pig iron, but it is believed that no change will be made except to apply to second quarter. Prices for that period would normally be named about March 1st, or, if the old steel code rules are still observed, about Feb. 18th. The New York pig iron trade apparently believes that it would be unwise to advance prices just now since demand is not brisk enough to warrant it. Demand for pig iron in this district continues rather slow, but is by no means stagnant. Inquiry for American pig iron for export is expanding, the following countries being in our market now: Greece, Japan, Uruguay, Italy, Great Britain and China.

Wool—The upward trend in wool here continues. The

Wool—The upward trend in wool here continues. The steady advance in the overseas markets has halted for the

time being, although general opinion among importers here holds that higher prices may yet be made as the season progresses. Domestic wools are being sold well above the duty paid cost of similar foreign wools, and there is nothing in the near future to warrant expectations of lower values, according to a leading authority in the wool trade. With not more than 25,000,000 pounds of unsold domestic wool in the entire United States, a return to an average normal use in 1937 would easily take care of the new clip as such wools will come into bare warehouses. Contracting in Texas has been going on at a good rate, not only for wool but for mohair, some of the buying for both fibres for mill account on a commission basis. About half the Texas clip of 12 and 8 months wool is said to have been placed under contract at prices from 35 to 36c. Meanwhile the tendency in London and Australasia is for wool values to level off somewhat, and where the demand has been satisfied in part, for purchasers of such wool to offer has been satisfied in part, for purchasers of such wool to offer

for wool values to level off somewhat, and where the demand has been satisfied in part, for purchasers of such wool to offer lower bids.

Silk—On the 1st inst. futures closed 3 to 5c. up. New buying was quite general. The promise of more stable conditions in Japan and general expectation of a good mill consumption for the month of January appeared to be the chief influences in the development of renewed buying. Sales totaled 2,960 bales. Statistics furnished by the Exchange revealed that Japanese exports of raw silk during January to all countries ran only 30,555 bales, while the into-sight movement showed the usual drop. Cables from Japan revealed advance of 12½ yen in Yokohama and 10 yen at Kobe, both markets quoting 910 yen for grade D. Bourse quotations at Yokohama were 5 to 7 yen up, while at Kobe they were 2 to 8 yen higher. Cash sales for both places totaled 650 bales, while transactions in futures totaled 5,500 bales. Local closing: Feb., 2.00; March, 2.00; May, 2.01; June, 2.01; July, 2.01; Aug., 2.00; Sept., 1.97½. On the 2d inst. futures closed 4 to 5½c. lower. Transactions totaled 1,490 bales. Cables came in unchanged for grade D, which stood at 910 yen at Yokohama and Kobe. Bourse quotations on these markets ranged 7 to 13 yen lower at Yokohama and 3 to 8 yen lower at Kobe. Spot sales at both centers were 700 bales, while transactions in futures totaled 5,775 bales. Local closing: Feb., 1.96; Maych, 1.96; Aug., 1.95½; Sept., 1.92. On the 3d inst. futures closed 1c. to 3c. down. Japanese cables were lower, which accounted for the easier domestic market. Sales here totaled 2,160 bales. Cables reported grade D at Yokohama. Bourse quotations at Yokohama were 16 to 23 yen lower, while transactions at Yokohama were 16 to 23 yen lower and at Kobe 6 to 12 yen down. Cash sales were 700 bales, while transactions in futures for both centers totaled 6,600 bales. Local closing: Feb., 1.93½; May, 1.93; March 1, 1.93½; May, 1.95; July, 1.94; Aug., 1.93; March 1, 1.93½; May, 1.95; July, 1.94; Aug., 1.93; March 1,

#### COTTON

Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1937
The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our tele grams from the South tonight, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 54,826 bales, against 61,831 bales last week and 82,643 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1, 1936, 5,317,312 bales, against 5,805,345 bales for the same period of 1935-36, showing a decrease since Aug. 1, 1936, of 488,033 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston Houston	3,195 1,237	1,697 1,692	$1,121 \\ 1,624$	495 270	316 323	2,127	6,824 7,273 406
Corpus Christi New Orleans Mobile	9.522 2,191	406 -692	6,881 1,788	2,462 1,116	4,080 246	4,843 1,497	27,788 7,530
Jacksonville Savannah Charleston	179	129	68 176	38 81	38	13 291 25	309 727 25
Lake Charles Wilmington Norfolk Baltimore	439 115	238 413	547	111	126 64	13 272 1,582	594 1,347 1,995
Totals this week.	16,901	5,275	12,205	4,581	5,193	10,671	54,826

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1, 1936 and the stocks tonight, compared with last year:

	193	36-37	193	35-36	Stock		
Receipts to Feb. 5	This Week	Since Aug 1 1936	This Week	Since Aug 1 1935	1937	1936	
Galveston Texas City Houston_ Corpus Christi Beaumont New Orleans Mobile Pensacola,&c Jacksonville Savannah Brunswick	7,273 406 27,788 7,530 8 309 -727	13,137 1,588,208 200,248 86,827 3,615 110,433 147,637	350	1,457,926 341,075 136,570 3,655 285,402	682,061 50 457,569 50,651 25,729 622,347 109,281 6,045 2,288 153,903 42,161 15,061	693,159 11,519 622,957 47,018 30,334 567,932 146,600 19,291 3,782 190,243	
Lake Charles Wilmington Norfolk Newport News	25 594 1,347	53,916 19,086 29,515	92 922	19,120		23,215 34,577	
New York  Boston  Baltimore  Philadelphia	1,995	24,059	696	15,994	538 3,156 1,150	4,645 195 1,650	
Totals	54,826	5,317,313	70,572	5,805,345	2,226,889	2,463,953	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1936-37	1935-36	1934-35	1933-34	1932-33	1931-32
Galveston Houston New Orleans_ Mobile Savannah	6,824 7,273 27,788 7,530 309	12,690 32,088 13,527 1,452 842	9,419 10,023 26,568 2,045 963	25,722 694 891	22,312 47,287 34,468 4,297 3,211	56,372 46,769 110,626 14,692 5,563
Brunswick Charleston Wilmington Norfolk	727 594 1,347	$\begin{array}{r} 789 \\ 92 \\ 922 \end{array}$	2,067 243 828	$\substack{\substack{100 \\ 1,359 \\ 282 \\ 372}}$	773 798 611	915 521 214
NewportNews All others	2,434	8,170	2,658	8,764	7,406	14,176
Total this wk.	54,826	70,572	54,614	85,311	121,163	249,848
Since Aug 1.	5,317,312	5,805,345	3.523,693	6,011,550	6,808,302	7,806,046

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 122,063 bales, of which 23,770 were to Great Britain, 12,953 to France, 13,292 to Germany, 15,688 to Italy, 33,412 to Japan, 272 to China, and 22,676 to other destinations. In the corresponding week last year total exports were 164,487 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 3,508,084 bales, against 4,133,330 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week for the week.

Week Ended		Exported to-							
Feb. 5, 1937 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total	
Galveston Houston Corpus Christi	3,261	6,383 2,589	3,261 2,999	5,318 7,848	21,990 7,422	272	12,202 6,561 50	49,154 30,952 50	
Beaumont New Orleans	38 16,491	3,681	565 4,015	949	4,000		2,913	603 32,049 613	
Lake Charles Mobile Jacksonville	32	300	1,074	1,492			200	2,566 12	
Savannah Charleston Norfolk	3,096	===	50 783 545				750	1,640 3,879 545	
Total	23,770	12,953	13,292	15,688	33,412	272	22,676	122,063	
Total 1936 Total 1935	32,839 13,276	26,494 12,882	24,401 4,512	19,399 16,547	27,564 23,752	2,500 15,000		164,487 107,689	

From		19		Exporte	ed to-	£. 5		
Aug. 1, 1936, to Feb. 5, 1937 Exports from—	Great	France	Get- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total
Galveston	132.936	160,648	122,639	73,944	460,790			1125,022
Houston		105,402	81.187	65,280	221,687		114,403	
Corpus Christi*		44,785	8,640	8,045	65,430	355	23,629	201,854
Beaumont	9.328		2,931				50	13,222
New Orleans		209,540	100,199		106,980	580	115,921	836,352
Lake Charles	9,160						14,615	
Mobile	62,784				5.845		13,889	159,920
Jacksonville	1,431		1,258					2,689
Pensacola, &c.			28,523		2,850		2,225	79,597
Savannah	40,956		30,588		372		8,112	82,474
Charleston	55,718		40,936		18,000		2,516	117,170
Wilmington	1,200							1,200
Norfolk			6,922		1		2,222	12,303
Gulfport	2,170		60				166	2,878
New York		122	955	1,584			391	
Boston			100		V 1/2000	1.00	1,466	
Baltimore	4			192			1,147	1,39
Philadelphia	283						4.755	
Los Angeles	4.528		3,831		58,407	100	2,460	
San Francisco.	1,552		487		15,464		1,169	
Photo and the state of		-						
Total	796,759	576,667	473,991	219,128	955,825	18,475	467,239	3508,08
Total 1935-36.	966,442	551,462			1120,183			
Total 1934-35.		272,862		285,049	1131,506	73,443	470,169	2993,25

In addition to above exports, our telegrams tonight also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

		Leaving					
Feb. 5 at—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Other Foreign	Coast- wise	Total	Stock
Galveston Houston New Orleans_ Savannah Charleston Mobile Norfolk Other ports	12,700 6,468 1,859  1,326	4,600 16,212  4,137	3,300 800 1,881	53,000 25,307 19,351  1,858	5,500 413 1,556	33,004	424.565
Total 1937 Total 1936 Total 1935	22,353 20,884 6,476	24,965 5,553 5,145	5,981 13,972 7,552		7,469 2,789 1,932	81,393	2,066,605 2,382,560 2,619,247

Speculation in cotton for future delivery was moderately active, with prices ruling within a comparatively nar-

row range. Attention of the trade appeared to be focused on the liquidation of loan-cotton, though nothing of a spec-tacular nature developed in this connection. row range.

On the 30th ult. prices closed 5 to 7 points higher for the old-crop positions, while the new-crop months closed 1 point lower to 1 point higher. The firmness of the old-crop deliveries was attributed to an approximant that Italy had On the 30th ult. prices closed 5 to 7 points nigher for the old-crop positions, while the new-crop months closed 1 point lower to 1 point higher. The firmness of the old-crop deliveries was attributed to an announcement that Italy had secured credits in the United States for the purchase of American cotton. This, coupled with reports from Washington that the Commodity Credit Corporation does not contemplate any immediate alterations in the grade and location differentials in connection with the sale of loan cotton to begin Monday, had a cheerful effect on sentiment, inducing some substantial buying of the old-crop positions. The trade, however, seemed to be wary of the new-crop months because of the general uncertainty concerning the new crop development, the eventual effects of the floods and the reaction of planters to Secretary Wallace's recent statements concerning future crops. There was considerable concern upon the part of not a few traders as to the possibility of a change in the loan differentials, which, it has been maintained, held cotton above a working basis. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 5 to 10 points higher. The average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 13.12 cents.

On the 1st inst. prices closed 2 to 6 points down. While there were no substantial sales of loan cotton on the opening

kets was 13.12 cents.

On the 1st inst. prices closed 2 to 6 points down. While there were no substantial sales of loan cotton on the opening day of these Government operations, yet the threat of heavy unloading of loan cotton and the possibility of hedge selling, hung like a pall over the market during the entire session. There was no real activity, traders apparently just waiting to see what was going to happen on the first day of loan cotton operations, which did not materialize in any real volume. Reports from the South indicated small sales of loan cotton and spot houses continued of the opinion that under prevail-

see what was going to happen on the first day of loan cotton operations, which did not materialize in any real volume. Reports from the South indicated small sales of loan cotton and spot houses continued of the opinion that under prevailing differentials buyers would not be interested in purchases. Reports from the flood district indicated that levees were holding at most strategic points, but that cotton was being moved from numerous warehouses along the Mississippi to higher ground. Flood news during the day failed to stimulate much buying, though uneasiness still prevails over the possibility of unfavorable developments. Demand for spot cotton was quiet. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 4 to 7 points lower. Average price of middling cotton at the ten designated spot markets was 13.06 cents. On the 2d inst. prices closed 4 to 8 points lower. The market at the start showed heaviness, and this heaviness was accentuated later on as fresh liquidation developed and continued heavy throughout the morning session. Long cotton came out in considerable volume, and the offerings were not readily absorbed. The fact that no breaks were reported in the Mississippi levees gave the flood news a more favorable appearance, and this inclined those who had bought recently on the prospects of flood damage to cotton, to sell. Other bearish factors were inactivity in the textile markets and heaviness in prices for goods. Little loan cotton has moved in the south, so advices state. It was pointed out that if the Commodity Credit Corporation is desirous of disposing of any quantity of the 3,000,000 bales of loan cotton it may reduce its basis and bring out more low-grade cotton. Spot demand was comparatively quiet. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were 3 to 15 points lower. The average price of middling at the ten designated spot markets was 13.00 cents.

On the 3d inst. prices closed 3 to 6 points up. Trading was comparatively light, with fluctuations continuing within a narrow range. Trade interests

decline of May to 12.49 cents was watched closely, but when the market broke below Tuesday's 12½ cent resistance point, the failure of any severe pressure to develop gave courage to many traders and their buying caused considerable short covering in other quarters. The undertone ruled steady at around the previous closing levels. At no time during the session was there any aggressiveness on the buying or selling side, a feeling of apathy apparently prevailing among traders generally. The market received small encouragement from sales of loan cotton. According to Southern advices limited demand has developed for this cotton owing to technical difficulties in obtaining its release and the higher basis asked, compared with free stocks. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were 4 to 6 points higher. Middling quotations ranged from 12.62 cents up to 13.40 cents, compared with 12.80c the close for March in New York.

On the 4th inst. prices closed unchanged to 5 points down. There was nothing remarkable about the session today outside of the fact that the market felt its first influence of hedge pressure against sales of loan-cotton. As a result, prices fell off 7 to 13 points from the highs of the early morning. Trade buying on the scale down, and late covering brought a partial rally, and at the close prices were almost even with yesterday's finals. Hedge selling against loan-cotton was not large, probably not exceeding 10,000 bales in the different positions. The appearance of this selling, however, had its psychological effect and influenced considerable liquidation through Wall Street commission houses, and for a time the market displayed considerable heaviness. Houses with trade connections were good buyers on a scale down, absorbing both liquidation and hedge selling. This, in combination with some short covering

towards the close, rallied the market, and the final undertone was steady. Foreign orders were on both sides of the market. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to 5 points lower. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 13.02c.

Today prices closed 3 to 7 points down, Trading was quiet and without special feature, the market ruling heavy during most of the session. Most of the early hedge selling was in May and July, and was believed to be chiefly against the movement of cotton in the South. The influence of weak Liverpool cables was partially offset by good trade demands for nearby positions. Liverpool bought the far months, and there was a fair demand from commission houses. The reported settlement of the maritime strike on the Pacific Coast was considered a favorable factor, inasmuch as several hundred thousand bales of cotton are exmuch as several hundred thousand bales of cotton are expected to be moved from these ports.

The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:

 Jan. 30 to Feb. 5—
 Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.

 Middling upland
 13.33
 13.29
 13.25
 13.30
 13.25
 13.20

New York Quotations for 32 Years

The quotations for middling upland at New York on Feb. 5 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows:

193713.20c.	11929 19.85c.	192114.10c.	11013 19 050
190011.40C.	11928 17 500	11020 29 800	11010 0.00-
19001Z.00C.	11927 14 150	11010 97 900	11011 . 14 05-
1904 11.90C.	11920 2U XUC	11018 21 000	11010 15 10-
1900 0.900.	11920 24 350	11017 15 900	11000 000-
1930 16 15c	1922 17 000	1914 12.65c.	190711.000.
	1102217.000.	11914 12.05C.	1190611.25C,

#### Market and Sales at New York

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

	Spot Market	Futures Market		SALES		
	Closed	Closed	Spot	Contr'ct	Total	
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Steady, 4 pts. dec Steady, 5 pts. dec Steady, 5 pts. adv	Barely steady Steady Steady	200 200 300 500	200	200 200 200 300 500	
Total week. Since Aug. 1			1,200 60,513	73,100	1,400 133,613	

Futures—The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Jan. 30	Monday Feb. 1	Tuesday Feb. 2	Wednesday Feb. 3	Thursday Feb. 4	Friday Feb. 5
Feb. (1937) Range						
Closing .	12,72n	12.68n	12.64n	12.69n	12.64n	12.59n
Range Closing_ April— Range	12.80-12.85 12.83-12.84	12.78-12.88 12.79	12.69-12.78 12.75-12.77	12.67-12.80 12,80	12.72-12.83 12.75-12.76	12.70-12.77 12.70
Closing _ May—	12.75n	12.70n	12.66n	12.71n	12.76n	12.63n
Range Closing_ June— Range	12.62-12.68 12.67-12.68	12.60-12.71 12.61-12.62	12.51-12.59 12.57	12.49-12.63 12.62 —	12.54-12.66 12.59-12.60	12.54-12.60 12.55-12.56
Closing _ July—	12.59n	12.52n	12.48n	12.53n	12.51n	12.46n
Range Closing _ Aug .— Range	12.46-12.50 12.49-12.50	12.43-12.54 12.43 ——	12,34-12,41 12,39-12,41	12.30-12.45 12.43-12.44	12.37-12.50 12.43	12.35-12.44 12.36 ——
Closing _ Sept.—	12,31n	12.25n	12.21n	12.24n	12.24n	12.18n
Closing _	12.13n	12.07n•	12,03n	12.05n	12.05n	12.00n
Range	11.93-11.95 11.94 ——	11.86-11.98 11.89 ——	11.80-11.87 11.84	11.75-11.88 11.87	11.82-11.91 11.85	11.81-11.87 11.82 ——
	11.91n	11.87n	11.81n	11.85n	11.83n	11.79n
Range Closing_ Jan_(1938)	11.87-11.91 11.87	11.82-11.94 11.85 —	11.75-11.81 11.77 ——	11.68-11.83 11.83 —	11.79-11.86 11.80 —	11.74-11.80 11.75 —
Range	11.88-11.91 11.86n	11.85-11.90 11.82n	11.75-11.80 11.76n	11.70-11.72 11.82n	11.84-11.85 11.79n	11.73-11.77 11.73 —

Range for future prices at New York for week ending Feb. 5, 1935, and since trading began on each option:

Option for— Range for Week		Range Since Beginning of Option
Mar. 1937 Apr. 1937 June 1937 July 1937 July 1937 Aug. 1937 Oct. 1937 Nov. 1937 Dec. 1937	12.49 Feb. 3 12.71 Feb. 1 12.30 Feb. 3 12.54 Feb. 1 11.75 Feb. 3 11.98 Feb. 1 11.68 Feb. 3 11.94 Feb. 1	9.76 Jan. 9 1936 12.78 July 10 1936 9.94 Feb. 25 1936 12.76 July 10 1936 11.52 Nov. 12 1936 12.88 Feb. 1 1937 10.20 Mar. 27 1936 12.78 July 10 1936 11.51 Nov. 12 1936 12.71 Feb. 1 1937 10.48 June 1 1936 12.78 July 10 1936 11.41 Nov. 12 1936 12.75 July 27 1936 11.50 Aug. 29 1936 12.55 July 27 1936 11.50 Aug. 29 1936 12.55 July 27 1936 11.52 Nov. 4 1936 11.92 Jan. 22 1937 11.05 Nov. 12 1936 12.10 Jan. 22 1937 11.05 Nov. 12 1936 12.10 Jan. 28 1937 11.93 Jan. 19 1937 11.93 Jan. 19 1937 11.93 Jan. 19 1937 11.93 Jan. 28 1937 11.75 Dec. 17 1936 12.13 Dec. 28 1936 11.70 Feb. 3 1937 11.98 Jan. 28 1937

The Visible Supply of Cotton tonight, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. To make the total show the complete figures for tonight (Friday) we add the item of exports from the United States, for Friday only.

Feb. 5— 1937	1936	1935	1934
tock at Liverpoolbales_ 799,00	0 642,000	823,000	918,000
tock at Manchester 107.00		79,000	99,000
Total Great Britain 906.00	752 000	902,000	1 017 000
	0 752,000	295,000	1,017,000 567,000
Stock at Bremen 198,00 Stock at Havre 286,00	0 263,000	169,000	305,000
	213,000	108,000	22,000
	00 17,000	26,000	90,000
stock at Barcelona	74,000	83,000 38,000	114,000
tock at Genoa 19,00 tock at Venice and Mestre 15,00	00 *76,000	38,000	7,000
tock at Venice and Mestre 15,00 tock at Trieste 13,00	00 *11,000	17,000	9.00
The state of the s		8,000	8,00
Total Continental stocks 553,0	659,000	636,000	1,114,00
Total European stocks1,459,0	00 1,411,000	1,538,000	2,131,00
ndia cotton affoat for Europe 162.0	00 181,000	125,000	168,00
imerican cotton arioat for Europe 292.0	000.102	236,000	386,00
Egypt, Brazil,&c.,afl't for Europe 164.0	112 000	123,000	122,00
stock in Alexandria, Egypt 389.0	322,000	300,000	422,00 932,00 3,577,60
stock in Bombay, India 937.0	00 539,000	655,000	932,00
stock in U. S. ports2.226.8	89 2.463.953	2,693,013	3,577,60
tock in Alexandria, Egypt. 389,0 ttock in Bombay, India 937,0 stock in U. S. ports. 2,226.8 stock in U. S. interior towns. 2,001,8	89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265	1,740,457	1,964,74
J. S. exports today 32,5	20,738		19,82
Total visible supply7,664,3	25 7,507,956	7,427,975	9,723,18
Of the above, totals of American and	other descri	ptions are	as follow
American— iverpool stockbales_ 329,0	00 343,000	268,000	482,00
Manchester stock 66,0		49,000	60,00
Bremen stock 154.0	00 208.000	246,000	
Jazze etock 952 0	OO 100 OOO	143.000	
Other Continental stock 29.0	00 64-000	94,000	1.022.00
Other Continental stock 29,0	00 64,000	94,000 236,000	1,022,00 386,00
Other Continental stock 29,0 American afloat for Europe 292,0 U. S. port stock 226.8	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 64,000 \\ 00 & 261,000 \\ 89 & 2463,953 \end{array}$	94,000 236,000	1,022,00 386,00 3,577,60
Other Continental stock 29,0 American afloat for Europe 292,0 J. S. port stock 2,226,8 T. S. interior stock 2,001	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 64,000 \\ 00 & 261,000 \\ 89 & 2,463,953 \\ 96 & 2,196,265 \end{array}$	94,000 236,000 2,693,013	1,022,00 386,00 3,577,60 1,964,74
Dither Continental stock       29.0         American afloat for Europe       292.0         U. S. port stock       2,226.8         U. S. interior stock       2,001.8         U. S. exports today       32.5	00 64,000 00 261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738	94,000 236,000 2,693,013	3,577,60 1,964,74
American atloat for Europe	261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82
American alloat for Europe	261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18
Merican alloat for Europe	$\begin{array}{c} 261,000\\ 89\\ 2,463,953\\ 96\\ 2,196,265\\ 40\\ \hline 20,738\\ \hline 25\\ 5,820,956\\ 00\\ \hline \end{array}$	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00
Merican alloat for Europe	$\begin{array}{c} 261,000 \\ 2,463,953 \\ 96 \\ 2,196,265 \\ 40 \\ \hline 20,738 \\ \hline 25 \\ 5,820,956 \\ 00 \\ 299,000 \\ 00 \\ 45,000 \\ \end{array}$	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00
merican afloat for Europe. 292.0 J. S. port stock. 2, 226.8 J. S. interior stock. 2, 201.8 J. S. exports today. 32.5 Total American. 5,384.3 East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Averpool stock. 470.0 Manchester stock. 41.0 Bremen stock. 45.0	$ \begin{array}{c} 261,000 \\ 2,463,953 \\ 96 \\ 2,196,265 \\ 40 \\ 20,738 \\ \hline \\ 25 \\ 5,820,956 \\ 00 \\ 299,000 \\ 00 \\ 45,000 \\ 00 \\ 55,000 \end{array} $	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000	7,522,18 436,00 39,00
merican afloat for Europe. 292.0 1, S. port stock. 2,226,8 1, S. interfor stock. 2,001.8 1, S. exports today. 32,5 Total American. 5,384,3 East Indian, Brazil, &c.— 470.0 Anachester stock. 41,0 bremen stock. 45,0 1 ayre stock. 33,0	$\begin{array}{c} 000 & 261,000 \\ 89 & 2,463,953 \\ 96 & 2,196,265 \\ 40 & 20,738 \\ \hline 25 & 5,820,956 \\ 00 & 299,000 \\ 00 & 45,000 \\ 00 & 55,000 \\ 00 & 14,000 \\ \end{array}$	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000 26,000	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00
merican afloat for Europe. 292.0 1, S. port stock. 2,226,8 1, S. interfor stock. 2,001.8 1, S. exports today. 32,5 Total American. 5,384,3 East Indian, Brazil, &c.— 470.0 Anachester stock. 41,0 bremen stock. 45,0 1 ayre stock. 33,0	00 261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 299,000 00 45,000 00 55,000 00 119,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000 26,000	3,577,60 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00
merican allost for Europe   292.0   1.5. port stock   2.226.8   1.5. interfor stock   2.206.8   2.5.   2.	00 261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 299,000 00 45,000 00 55,000 00 14,000 00 119,000 00 119,000 00 181,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000	3,577,66 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00  82,00 168,00
merican allost for Europe   292.0   1.5. port stock   2.226.8   1.5. interfor stock   2.206.8   2.5.   2.	00 261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 299,000 00 45,000 00 55,000 00 14,000 00 119,000 00 119,000 00 181,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000	3,577,66 1,964,74 19,85 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 168,00 168,00 122,00
merican allost for Europe   292.0   1.5. port stock   2.226.8   1.5. interfor stock   2.206.8   2.5.   2.	00 261,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 299,000 00 45,000 00 55,000 00 14,000 00 119,000 00 119,000 00 181,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 30,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000	3,577,66 1,964,74 19,85 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 168,00 168,00 122,00
merican afloat for Europe   292,0	201,000 89 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 299,000 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 181,000 00 181,000 00 13,000 00 132,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 55,000 30,000 49,000 26,000 123,000 300,000	3,577,66 1,964,74 19,85 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 168,00 168,00 122,00
Interican alloat for Europe   292.0	291,000 99 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 42 20,738 22 5,820,956 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 113,000 00 132,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 1,687,000	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 125,000	3,577,66 1,964,74 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 168,00 122,00 422,00 932,00
American alloat for Europe   292,0	291,000 90 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 20,738 20 5,820,956 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 181,000 00 181,000 00 322,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 5,820,956	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 49,000 125,000 123,000 30,000 655,000	3.577,66 1.964.74 19.82 7,522.18 436.00 39.00 
American allost for Europe. 292.04  J. S. port stock. 2,226.8  J. S. interior stock. 2,001.8  J. S. exports today. 32.5  Total American. 5,384.3  East Indian, Brazii, &c.— Liverpool stock. 470.0  Manchester stock. 41.0  Bremen stock. 45.0  Havre stock. 33.0  Other Continental stock. 39.0  Indian afloat for Europe. 162.0  Egypt, Brazii, &c., afloat. 164.1  Stock in Alexandria, Egypt. 389.0  Stock in Bombay, India. 937.0  Total East India, &c. 2,280.0  Total American. 5,384.3	291,000 90 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 20,738 20 5,820,956 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 181,000 00 181,000 00 322,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 5,820,956	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 49,000 125,000 123,000 30,000 655,000	3.577,66 1.964.74 19.82 7,522.18 436.00 39.00 
American allost for Europe. 292.04  J. S. port stock. 2,226.8  J. S. interior stock. 2,001.8  J. S. exports today. 32.5  Total American. 5,384.3  East Indian, Brazii, &c.— Liverpool stock. 470.0  Manchester stock. 41.0  Bremen stock. 45.0  Havre stock. 33.0  Other Continental stock. 39.0  Indian afloat for Europe. 162.0  Egypt, Brazii, &c., afloat. 164.1  Stock in Alexandria, Egypt. 389.0  Stock in Bombay, India. 937.0  Total East India, &c. 2,280.0  Total American. 5,384.3	291,000 90 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 20,738 20 5,820,956 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 181,000 00 181,000 00 322,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 1,687,000 00 5,820,956	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 49,000 125,000 123,000 30,000 655,000	3.577.66 1.964.74 19.82 7,522.18 436.00 39.00 
American atloat for Europe 292.0 U. S. port stock 2,226.8 U. S. interior stock 2,001.8 U. S. exports today 32.5  Total American 5,384.3 East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock 470.0 Manchester stock 41.0 Bremen stock 45.0 Havre stock 33.0 Other Continental stock 39.0 Indian afloat for Europe 162.0 Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 164.0 Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 164.0 Stock in Alexandria, Egypt 389.0 Stock in Bombay, India 937.0  Total East India, &c 2,280.0 Total American 5,384.3  Total visible supply 7,664.3 Middling uplands, Liverpool 7.3.2 Middling uplands, New York 13.2	201,000 96 2,196,265,40 20,738 25 5,820,956 00 45,000 00 14,000 00 113,000 00 181,000 00 53,000 00 539,000 00 188,000 00 539,000 00 180,000 00 181,000 00 539,000 00 539,000 00 180,000 00 180,00	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 26,000 125,000 300,000 655,000 1,941,000 5,846,975 7,427,975	3.577.60 1.964.77 19.82 7.522.18 436.00 39.00 
American afloat for Europe 292.0 U. S. port stock 2,226.8 U. S. interior stock 2,001.8 U. S. exports today 32.5  Total American 5,384.3 East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock 470.0 Manchester stock 41.0 Bremen stock 45.0 Havre stock 33.0 Other Continental stock 39.0 Indian afloat for Europe 162.6 Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 164.6 Stock in Alexandria, Egypt 389.0 Stock in Bombay, India 937.0 Total East India, &c 2,280.0 Total American 5,384.3  Total visible supply 7,664.3 Middling uplands, Liverpool 7.3.2 Middling uplands, New York 13.2	291,000 909 2,463,953 960 2,196,265 960 20,738 20 5,820,956 900 45,000 900 14,000 900 113,000 900 322,000 900 53,900 1,687,000 1,687,000 25 5,820,956 91,7507,956 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 5,486,975 5,486,975 30,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 1,941,000 5,846,975 7,427,975 5,07d,12,65c 9,20d,	3,577,60 1,964,77 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 
Bremen stock       45.0         Havre stock       33.0         Other Continental stock       39.0         Indian afloat for Europe       162.6         Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat       164.6         Stock in Alexandria, Egypt       389.6         Stock in Bombay, India       937.6         Total East India, &c.       2,280.6         Total American       5,384.3         Total visible supply       7,664.3         Middling uplands, Liverpool       7.3         Middling uplands, New York       13.2         Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool       15.0         Broach, fine, Liverpool       5.9	291,000 909 2,463,953 960 2,196,265 960 20,738 20 5,820,956 900 45,000 900 14,000 900 113,000 900 322,000 900 53,900 1,687,000 1,687,000 25 5,820,956 91,7507,956 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656 91,1656	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 5,486,975 5,486,975 30,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 1,941,000 5,846,975 7,427,975 5,07d,12,65c 9,20d,	3,577,60 1,964,77 19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 
American atloat for Europe 292.0  U. S. port stock 2,226.8  U. S. interior stock 2,001.8  U. S. exports today 32.5  Total American 5,384.3  East Indian, Brazil, &c.—  Liverpool stock 470.0  Manchester stock 41.0  Bremen stock 45.0  Cher Continental stock 33.0  Cher Continental stock 36.0  Cher Continental stock 36.0  Cher Continental stock 36.0  Cher Continental stock 36.0  Cher Continental stock 37.0  Cher Continental stock 37.0  Cotten Country Cotten C	291,000 291,000 20,738 20 2,463,953 96 2,196,265 20,738 225 5,820,956 000 45,000 00 14,000 00 113,000 00 131,000 00 253,000 00 322,000 00 322,000 00 16,87,000 25 5,820,956 6,07d 1,687,000 25 7,507,956 6,07d 1,65c	94,000 236,000 2,693,013 1,740,457 17,505 5,486,975 555,000 49,000 26,000 78,000 125,0	19,82 7,522,18 436,00 39,00 168,00 122,00 422,00 932,00 2,201,00 7,522,18 6,80 12,55 9,723,11 6,80

Continental imports for past week have been 131,000 bales. The above figures for 1936 show a decrease over last week of 147,190 bales, a gain of 156,369 over 1935, an increase of 236,350 bales over 1934, and a decrease of 2058 855 bales from 1022 2,058,855 bales from 1933.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks tonight, and the same items for the corresponding period of the previous year—is set out in detail below:

	Mov	ement to F	eb. 5, 19	37	Movement to Feb. 7, 1936				
Towns	Receipts		Ship- Stocks ments Eeb		Rece	ipts	Ship- ments	Stocks Eeb.	
	Week	Season	ments Week	5	Week	Season	Week	7	
Ala., Birming'm	2,940	66,538	3,269	47,656	71	57,846	79	38,104	
Eufaula	31	8,656		10,073	27	14,969		11,721	
Montgomery.	2,272	45,453	180	62,140	789	78,856	1,833	69,603	
Selma	397	53,853	1.384	62,776	30	84,160	883	65,094	
Ark., Blythville	323	166,941	9,313	74,865	470	107,628	2,497	92,386	
Forest City	38	31,672	381	11,386	23	26,678	354	20,253	
Helena	74	58,453	5,307	15,160	29	36,114	1,615	16,874	
Норе	37	53,802	611	14,216	195	30,555	683	19,373	
Jonesboro	٠.	18,833	274	10,318	66	9,682	210	1.143	
Little Rock.	986	173,878	7,746	95,507	1.190	153,912	4.875	102,778	
	58	27,409	407	13.694	254	30,212	986	18,758	
Newport		125,105	7,509	53,953	880	105,588	2,311		
Pine Bluff	1,741	43,320	600	14.856	83	34,062	503	17,799	
Walnut Ridge				18,598	10	24,110	46	17,722	
Ga., Albany	4	13,259	213		28			66,722	
Athens	425	28,815	260	30,372		65,685	7 696	186,898	
Atlanta	12,253	261,670		228,745	3,888	251,991	7,030	141 001	
Augusta	2,231	165,244		117,409	968	159,548		141,221	
Columbus	300	12,925	600	36,500	500	30,239	300		
Macon	133	37,021	1,446	38,097	27	49,971	687		
Rome	120	20,798	250	31,907		14,691		26,229	
La., Shreveport	66	99,289	1,715	18,057	4	71,206	1,486		
Miss.Clarksdale	1,577	152,393	5,594	23,499	757	110,401	1,907		
Columbus	68	37,754	354	32,969	148	39,792	220		
Greenwood.	1,863	252,116	13,677	39,022	934	164,844	3,502	47,658	
Jackson	361	58,811	1,400	19,380	253	53,243	906	24,563	
	4	15,698	234	2,304	2	8.724	. 11	3,484	
Natchez	181	38,474		8.025	126	29,509			
Vicksburg	23	52,234			5	37,568			
Yazoo City		990 999	7,801		6,932				
Mo., St. Louis_	8,020	220,338	229	3,914		4.500			
N. C. Gr'nsboro	106	7,817	229	0,814	100	2,000		0,	
Oklahoma-			0 507	93,509	5,795	362,393	17 700	164,111	
15 towns *	1,003		2,527	90,009	0,190	111,285		16,100	
S. C., Greenville	4,000	147,695	5,000	82,149	5,472	111,200		672,834	
Tenn., Memphis		2,118,262		645,292		1,574,738			
Texas, Abilene.	132					52,213			
Austin	75	15,964	17	1,009	168				
Brennam	5	5,989	21		58	11,497			
Dallas	840	77,718	416						
Paris			264	6,024				12,947	
Robstown	ĭ	13,698							
San Antonio	13	8,623	41		10				
	8					24,028	71	12,47	
Texarkana	140							10,92	
Waco	93000							-	
Total 56 towns	95 571	5.126.429	140.088	2001896	62,262	4,342,708	125,733	3219626	

\* Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oklah

\*Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oalandina.

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 44,517 bales and are tonight 194,369 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts of all the towns have been 23,309 bales more than the same week last year.

Overland Movement for the Week and Since Aug. 1—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

	193	6-37	193	5-36
Feb. 5—		Since	*** *	Since
Shipped—	Week	Aug. 1	Week	Aug. 1
Via St. Louis	7.801	220,296	6.932	128,467
Via Mounds, &c	1,175	110,667	2.120	50,629
Via Rock Island		3,476		385
Via Louisville		6,648	4.018	8,607 113,260
Via Virginia points	5,100	121,646	24.247	429.079
Via other routes, &c	3,000	404,520	24,241	425,015
Total gross overland	27,076	867,253	37,317	730,427
Deduct Shipments—		04.050	696	16.052
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c	1,995	24,059 7,858	283	5.861
Between interior towns	309	286.118	9.047	160.088
Inland, &c., from South	13,730	200,110	0,010	100,000
Total to be deducted	16,040	318,035	10,026	182,001
				740.400
Leaving total net overland*	11,036	549,218	27,291	548,426
The second secon				10

\* Including movement by rail to Cana

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 11,036 bales, against 27,291 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a gain over a year ago of 792 bales.

	10	36-37	19	35-30
In Sight and Spinners' Takings	Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Receipts at ports to Feb. 5 Net overland to Feb. 5 Southern consumption to Feb. 5	_ 11.036	5,317,312 549,218 3,475,000	70,572 27,291 100,000	5,805,345 548,426 2,705,000
Total marketed Interior stocks in excess	*44.517	9,341,530 817,841	197,863 *53,471	9,058,771 1,071,927
Excess of Southern mill taking over consumption to Jan. 1	s 	1,056,143		613,955
Came into sight during week Total in sight Feb. 5	151,345	11,215,514	144,392	10,744,653
North. spinn's's takings to Feb. 5	36,840	1,184,702	19,201	728,389
* Decrease.  Movement into sight in  **Week— Ba 1935—Feb. 8	les   S	ince Aug. 1-		Bales 7,155,077 10,053,872 10,767,064

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets—Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on—								
Week Ended Feb. 5	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thursday	Friday			
Galveston New Orleans Mobile Savannah Norfolk Montgomery Augusta Memphis Houston Little Rock Dallas	12.82 13.40 13.03 13.42 13.45 13.12 13.68 12.85 12.89 12.87	12.76 13.34 12.99 13.36 13.40 13.05 13.64 12.80 12.83 12.80 12.61	12.71 13.30 12.95 13.32 13.35 13.00 13.61 12.75 12.78 12.65 12.57	12.76 13.34 13.00 13.37 13.40 13.65 12.80 12.83 12.70 12.63 12.63	12.74 13.30 12.95 13.35 13.35 13.05 13.60 12.75 12.80 12.65 12.59	12.70 13.24 12.90 13.30 13.30 13.55 12.70 12.76 12.55 12.55			

New Orleans Contract Market—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Jan. 30	Monday Feb. 1	Tuesday Feb. 2	Wednesday Feb. 3	Thursday Feb. 4	Friday Feb. 5	
Feb.(1937) March	12.80	12.74	12.70-12.71	1274b1275a		12.64-12.65	
Мау	12.64	12.58	12.55	12.60	12.56 —	12.52 —	
June July August	12.47-12.48	12.40-12.41	12.35	12.41 —	12.37-12.38	12.55	
September October November	11.92	11.84 —	1180b1181a	11.85	1181b1182a	11.79	
December. Jan. (1938)	11.98	11.88 — 1179b1181a	1184b1186a 1180b1183a	11.89 —— 1185b1188a	1184b1186a 1185b1186a	11.82 1183b1184a	
Spot Options	Quiet. Very stdy.	Quiet. Steady.	Steady. Steady.	Steady.	Steady. Steady.	Quiet. Barely stdy	

W. Ray Bell Reelected President of Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York—At a meeting of the directors of the Association of Cotton Textile Merchants of New York, held Feb. 2, W. Ray Bell was reelected President and John C. Hughes Jr. of McCampbell & Co., Inc., Treasurer for the ensuing year. George M. Miller of Turner Halsey Co. was made the new Vice-President of the Association. To serve with these officers as an Executive Committee were named: Elroy Curtis of Southeastern Cottons, Inc.; George P. Ray of Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills, and Frank L. Walton of Catlin Parish Co., Inc.

Weather Reports by Telegraph—Reports to us by telegraph this evening denote that the soil is still too wet in many sections especially in the East. In the extreme south of Texas planting is being hampered by cold weather. Less rain has fallen in the cotton belt lately and temperatures have been moderate, but there are few reports coming of any great amount of plowing of cotton lands.

Rain Rainfall —Thermometer—

	кат	Katniau	I itel intollectel			
	Days	Inches	High	Low	Mean	
Texas-Galveston	3	0.38	69 56	41	55	
Amarillo	C	iry	56	12	44	
Abilene	1	0.30	68	30	49	
Brownsville	5	0.15	78	40	49 59 57	
Corpus Christi	2	0.11	74	40	57	
Del Rio	~ d	lry	78	38 26	58	
Dallas	2	0.11	68	26	47	
El Paso	- 5	0.12	66	30 36 30	48- 54	
Houston	Ã.	0.39	66 72	36	54	
Palestine	1	0.57	68	30	49	
	7	0.84	00	42	54.	
Port Arthur	4		66	44	04.	
San Antonio	5	0.19	74	34	54	

	No. of the Contract of the Con	Rain	I	ainfa	11	-	-Th	ermon	mete	r	_
	Oklahoma—Oklahoma City——Arkansas—Fort Smith———Little Rock—	2		Inche: 0.14 0.04	3	High 52 58		Low 14 24	1	Mean 33 41	
	Louisiana—New Orleans Shreveport— Mississippi—Meridian	3 3	lry	$0.20 \\ 0.36 \\ 0.14$		54 72 65 62		24 42 33		39 57 49	
	Alabama—Mobile  Birmingham	1 2 1		$0.06 \\ 1.78 \\ 0.24$		60 78 56		34 34 39 28		48 47 57 42	
	MontgomeryFlorida—Jacksonville	2		0.64		62		34		48	
,	Pensacola	2 2		$0.40 \\ 0.62$		70 82 76		42 60 38		56 71 57	
	Tampa Georgia—Savannah Atlanta	2 4 3		$0.60 \\ 0.15 \\ 0.69$		82 72 60		48 40 30		65 56 45	
	Augusta Macon South Carolina—Charleston	3		0.76		62 60		36		49	
	North Carolina—Asheville—— Charlotte———————————————————————————————————	1 2		$0.39 \\ 0.40 \\ 0.67$		69 54 58		37 22 26		53 38 42	
	Wilmington	2		$0.52 \\ 1.12$		54 66		24 30		39 48	
	Tennessee—Memphis Chattanooga Nashville	i d		9.32 0.40		59 60 56		24 28 22		39 44 39	
	PT31 0 11 1			- 30		-0				00	

The following statement has also been received by telegraph, showing the height of rivers at the points named at 8 a.m. on the dates given:

	Feb. 5, 1937 Feet	Feb. 7, 1936 Feet
New OrleansAbove zero of gauge_ MemphisAbove zero of gauge_	$\frac{16.3}{47.8}$	5.6
NashvilleAbove zero of gauge	34 9	17.7
Shreveport Above zero of gauge	20.5	5.4
VicksburgAbove zero of gauge_	48.3	14.9

Receipts from the Plantations—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week Ended		eipts at 1	Ports	Stocks	at Interior	Receipts from Plantations			
27114004	1936	1935	1934	1936	1935	1934	1936	1935	1934
Nov.							-	1	
6	259,641	363,686	148,501	2,301,784	2.287.554	1.922.254	295.054	398 140	188 539
10	204,090	330.485	134.427	2.342.886	2.316.783	1.963.293	305 108	350 714	75 486
20	251,440	271,993	133,525	2.373.757	2.321.538	1.983.174	282.311	276 748	153 406
41	217,563	222,432	119,755	2,397,188	2,350,425	1.973.968	240.994	251 319	10 540
Dec.				V 4 COS.	A		14	1 2	,010
4	211,898	258,950	104,014	2,366,617	2,358,279	1.960.556	181.327	266.804	90,602
11	199,018	177,455	109.945	2.327.953	2.369.180	1.934.215	94 354	188 356	83,604
18	143,595	188,143	105,029	2,290,467	2,371,801	1,915,166	106,109	190.764	85.980
24	119,319	158,812	84,550	2,253,715	1.911.138	2.188.745	82.567	169.268	80,522
31	117,505	99,705	62,371	2,250,247	2,361,505	1,883,029	112,749	78.953	34,262
Jan.	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936	1935
8	96,101	98.804		2,180,501			26.355	74.508	23.455
15	61,240		65.908	2,142,612	2 311 287	1 825 427	23,351	66.834	40.323
22				2,090,671	2 285 388	1 801 024	30.702	77,204	28,060
29	61,831	86.523	44 884	2,046,413	2 240 736	1 767 219	17.573	50.871	11,172
Feb.		,	,00-	-,020,220	2,220,100	1,101,012	11,010	00,071	11,112
5	54.826	70.572	54.614	2,001,896	2 196 265	1 740 457	10.309	17.101	27,759

World's Supply and Takings of Cotton—The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1 for the last two seasons from all sources from which statistics are obtainable; also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period:

Cotton Takings, Week and Season	193	6-37	1935-36		
Week and Season	Week	Season	Week	Season	
Visible supply Jan. 29————Visible supply since Aug. 1—American in sight to Feb. 5—Bombay receipts to Feb. 4—Other India ship ts to Feb. 4—Alexandria receipts to Feb. 3 * $b$ —Other supply to Feb. 3 * $b$ —	7,811,515 151,345 122,000 43,000 50,000 16,000	4,899,258 11,215,514 1,502,000 421,000 1,542,200	83,000	399,000 1,350,600	
Total supply Deduct— Visible supply Feb. 5	8,193,860 7,664,325	19,893,972 7,664,325		18,142,512 7,507,956	
Total takings to Feb. 5 a Of which American Of which other	291,535	12,229,647 8,922,447 3,307,200		10,634,556 6,610,956 2,923,600	

\* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 3,475,000 bales in 1936-37 and 2,705,000 bales in 1935-36-takings not being available—and the aggregate amount taken by Northern and foreign spinners, 8,754,647 bales in 1936-37 and 7,929,556 bales in 1935-36, of which 5,447,447 bales and 5,005,956 bales American.

India Cotton Movement from All Ports—The receipts of Indian cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1 as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

1935-36

1936-37

Receipts-

	reb. 4		Week	Since Aug.		Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Bombay		107	122,000	1,502,0	83,000	1,086,00	91,000	1,028,000
Exports		For th	e Week			Since	August 1	
From-	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Jap'n & China	Total	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Japan & China	Total
Bombay-	× 5		- 3			1 10 10		
1936-37	7,000				30,000	163,000		911,000
1935-36		11,000			33,000	162,000		684,000
1934-35 Other India-	3,000	8,000	43,000	54,000	24,000	158,000	612,000	794,000
1936-37	38,000	F 000	1 3	40 000	101 000	000 000		
1935-36_		5,000	- 175 (5) (5)	43,000	161,000	260,000		421,000
1934-35	13,000	18,000		31,000	143,000	256,000		399,000
1934-35	19,000	20,000		39,000	84,000	269,000		353,000
Total all-				3 3				· ·
1936-37	45,000	33,000	32.000	110,000	191,000	423,000	718.000	1.332.000
1935-36	13,000	29,000		108,000	176,000	418,000		1.083.000
1934-35	22,000	28,000	43.000		108.000	427,000		1.147.000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 39,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record a gain of 2,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show an increase of 249,000 bales.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years:

Alexandria, Egypt, Feb. 3	193	36-37	193	35-36	193	34-35
Receipts (cantars)— This week Since Aug. 1		50,000 92,006	6,79	55,000 99,170		10,000 36,972
Exports (bales)—	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent & India To America	10,000	130,673 125,167 408,875 26,513	6,000	422,069	6,000 32,000 3,000	429,833
Total exports	55,000	691,228	31,000	691,327	41,000	623.938

Note—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Feb. 3 were 250,000 cantars and the foreign shipments 55,000 bales.

Manchester Market—Our report received by cable tonight from Manchester states that the market in both yarns and cloths is firm. Demand for both home trade and foreign markets is good. We give prices today below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

		1936			1935	
	32s Cap Twist	8½ Lbs. Shirt- ings, Common to Finest	Cotton Middl'g Upl'ds	32s Cap Twist	8½ Lbs. Shirt- ings, Common to Finest	Cotton Middl' Upl'ds
Nov.—	d.	s. d. s. d.	d.	d	s. d. s. d.	d.
6	11 @12	10 5 @10 7	6.92	10 @11%	10 0 @10 2	6.47
13	11 @121/2	10 6 @11 0	6.71	10%@11%	100 @102	6.77
20	11 @1214	10 2 @10 4	6.76		10 1 @10 2	6.77
27	11 @1214	10 6 @11 0			10 3 @10 5	6.59
Dec		0	0	10/3 @ 12	10.9 @10.9	0.09
	1116 @ 12%	10 6 @11 0	6.81	10%@12	10 8 @10 5	6.67
	11%@12%			10% @11%		6.50
18	1114 @ 124	10 4 @10 6		10% @11%		6.38
	11% @ 12%	10 4 @10 6		10% @11%		
	11%@12%			101/01111		6.41
1 1						
Jan.	19	37	100	19	36	
8	11% @ 12%	94 @ 96	7.11	10 @111%	95 @ 97	6.07
	11%@12%		7.20	9%@11%		
	12 @ 12 %			10 @11%		6.13
	1214 @ 1314					6.17
Feb.	1274 @ 1378	80 @100	7.34	9%@11%	94 @ 96	6.14
	1214@1314	96 @100	7.30	00/0111/		
0	1273 ( 1373	96 6100 1	7.30 1	934@1136	92 @ 94	6.07

Shipping News—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 122,063 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

ap from man and telegraphic reports, are as follows:	
GALVESTON-To Copenhagen-Feb. 2-Delaware, 750 Feb. 1	Bales
—Udderholm, 911—To Gdynia—Feb. 2—Delaware, 688Feb. 1—Udderholm, 2.599	1,661
2,529	3,217
To Porto Colombia—Jan. 30—Margaret Lykes, 175. To Dunkirk—Feb. 3—Floride, 139 To Ghent—Jan. 29—Waban, 915.—Feb. 3—Floride, 709—To Antwerp—Jan. 29—Waban, 281.—Feb. 3—Floride, 328. To Havre—Jan. 29—Waban, 281.—Feb. 3—Floride, 328. To Rotterdam—Jan. 29—Waban, 1,209. To Genoa—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 1,005.—Jan. 30—Montello, 1,424. To Trieste—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 142.—Jan. 28—Alberta, 1,096.	175
To Dunkirk—Feb. 3—Floride, 139	139
To Ghent—Jan. 29—Waban, 915—Feb. 3—Floride, 709——	1,624
To Havre—Jan. 29—Waban, 281.—Feb. 3—Floride, 328.	609
To Rotterdam—Jan. 29—Waban, 1,302	6,244
To Genoa—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 1,005. Jan. 30—Mon-	1,209
teilo, 1,424	2,429
1,096Jan. 28—Alberta,	
To Oslo—Feb. 1—Udderholm 200	1,238 200
To Bremen—Feb. 3—Kellerwald, 3,261	3.261
To Leixoes—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 160	160
To Lisbon—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 149	149
To Gothenburg—Feb. 1—Ulty of Omana, 1,471	1,471 1,727
To Naples—Jan. 28—Alberta. 244	244
1,096 To Oslo—Feb. 1—Udderholm, 200 To Bremen—Feb. 3—Kellerwald, 3,261 To Leixoes—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 160 To Lisbon—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 149 To Oporto—Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 1,471 To Gothenburg—Feb. 1—Udderholm, 1,727 To Naples—Jan. 28—Alberta, 244 To Venice—Jan. 28—Alberta, 1,342  Feb. 1—City of Omaha, 65	244
65	1,407
Skaguak 9 004: Tacoma City 6 052	01 000
HOUSTON—To Liverpool—Feb. 3—West Ekonk 1 123	$\frac{21,990}{1,123}$
To Manchester—Feb. 3—West Ekonk. 2.138	2,138
To Japan—Jan. 28—Tauyama Maru, 6,844. Feb. 3—Skaguak, 9,094; Tacoma City, 6,052.  HOUSTON—To Liverpool—Feb. 3—West Ekonk, 1,123.  To Manchester—Feb. 3—West Ekonk, 2,138.  To Japan—Feb. 3—Patrick Henry, 2,671. Feb. 1—Tacoma City, 4,751.	
To Chine Feb 2 Potriels House 979	1,422
To Copenhagen—Jan, 30—Udderholm, 030: Delaware, 575	272
To Naples—Jan. 30—Alberta, 56 Jan. 29—Montello, 300	1,514 356
To Venice—Jan. 30—Alberta, 1,985; City of Omaha, 1,485	2 470
To Trieste—Jan. 30—Alberta, 1,452; City of Omaha, 8	1,460
To Gapan—Feb. 3—Fatrick Henry, 2,671Feb, 1—Tacoma City, 4,751.  To China—Feb. 3—Fatrick Henry, 2,72.  To Copenhagen—Jan. 30—Udderholm, 939; Delaware, 5,75  To Naples—Jan. 30—Alberta, 5,6Jan. 29—Montello, 300  To Venice—Jan. 30—Alberta, 1,885; City of Omaha, 1,485  To Trieste—Jan. 30—Alberta, 1,485; City of Omaha, 8  To Genoa—Jan. 30—City of Omaha, 2,57Jan. 29—Montello, 2,305	0 500
To Oslo—Jan. 30—Udderholm, 224	$\frac{2,562}{224}$
To Gdynia—Jan. 30—Udderholm, 1,377; Delaware, 487	1,864
To Oporto—Jan. 30—City of Omaha, 270	270 315
To Lisbon—Ian 30—City of Omaha, 315	315
To Gothenburg—Jan. 30—Udderholm. 812	401 812
To Bremen—Jan. 29—Kellerwald, 1,620	1.620
To Hamburg—Jan. 29—Kellerwald, 1,379	1,620 1,379
To Antworp—Feb. 2—Ellingham, 401; Floride, 526	927
To Havre—Feb. 2—Effingham, 792; Floride, 908	1 700
To Dunkirk—Feb. 2—Effingham, 538; Floride, 261	1,790 799
To Rotterdam—Feb. 2—Effingham, 197	197
CORPUS CHRISTI To Antworp Jon 26 Figure 2017	15
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool—Feb. 1—Tulsa 170	179
To Manchester—Feb. 1—Tulsa. 661	661
To I Trieste — Jan. 30 — Alberts. 1,452; City of Omaha, 8.  To J Genoa — Jan. 30 — City of Omaha, 257 Jan. 29 — Montello, 2,305	50
To Gdynia—Jan. 29—Tungsha, 750	750
To Hamburg—Feb. 4—Tulsa, 1,956	1,956
To Manchester—Feb. 4—Tulsa, 1.140	783
LAKE CHARLES-To Ghent-Jan. 29-Floride, 200	$\frac{1,140}{200}$
To Havre—Jan, 29—Floride, 100	100
To General In 20 Morrose 20	
To Liverpool—Jan 30—West Eleoph 19	81
To Havre—Jan. 29—Floride, 200.  To Havre—Jan. 29—Floride, 100.  To Dunkirk—Jan. 29—Floride, 200.  To Genoa—Jan. 30—Monrosa, 81.  To Liverpool—Jan. 30—West Ekonk, 18.  To Manchester—Jan. 30—West Ekonk, 14.	18 14
	1.4

	* h * y	Bales
	ORLEANS—To Liverpool—Jan. 30—Sapinero, 3,972—Feb. 1—Dramahis, 5,322—14000—Feb. 2—Very 2—14000—Feb. 2—Very	0.204
To	Japan—Feb. 2—Fernglen, 4,000	4.000
To	Drewell—Jan. 30—Naninero 100 Ian 90—Cranford	
To		
To	Gdynia—Feb. 1—P. N. Damm, 457. Jan. 29—Cranford,	000
To	Genoa-Feb. 3-Monrosa 040	040
<b></b>	City of Havre, 29 Havre—Feb. 3—City of Havre, 150 MONT—To Bromer, 123	. 395
10	Havre—Feb. 3—City of Havre, 150	. 150
BEAU	MONT—To Bremen—Jan. 24—Kellerwald, 565	. 565
10	Manchester—Jan. 26—West Ekonk, 38	38 1,074
MOBIL	Manchester—Jan. 26—West Ekonk, 38 LE—To Bremen—Jan. 18—Bochum, 1,074	. 1,074
JACK	BONVILLE—To Liverpool—Jan. 30—Tulsa, 12	. 12
Tota		
2004	***************************************	.122,063

Liverpool—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's imports, stocks, &c., at that port:

	Jan. 15	Jan. 22	Jan. 29	Feb. 5
Forwarded	75,000	59,000	52,000	70,000
Total stocks	823 000	822 000	852,000	799,000
Of which American	307,000	315,000	339,000	329,000
Total imports	83 000	52,000	111,000	270,000
Of which American	50,000	34,000	48,000	21,000
Amount afloat	211 000	200,000	168,000	237,000
Of which American	117,000	95,000	90,000	93,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Market, 12:15 P. M.	A fair business doing.	Moderate demand.	Moderate demand.	Moderate demand.	Good inquiry.	Quiet.
Mid.Upl'ds	7.39d.	7.41d.	7.33d.	7.27d.	7.35d.	7.30d.
Market {	Steady, un- changed to 2 pts. dec.	2 to 5 pts.	Steady, 2 to 5 pts. decline.	Steady, 1 to 3 pts. advance.	Steady, 3 to 5 pts. advance,	Steady, 3 to 4 pts. decline,
Market, 4 P. M.	3 to 4 pts.	Steady, un- changed to 2 pts. dec.	6 to 7 pts.	Quiet but stdy., 1 to 2 pts. dec.	Barely stdy 3 to 5 pts. advance.	steady, 2 to

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

Jan. 30	Sat.	Мо	n.	Tu	es.	w	ed.	Th	rs.	F	۲i.
Feb. 5	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close
New Contract March (1937) May July October December January (1938) March	d. 7.14 7.11 7.05 6.65 6.59 6.58 6.57	7.14 7.07 6.66	7.10 7.05 6.65 6.59	7.07 7.02 6.62	7.04 6.99 6.59 6.53	7.01 6.96 6.56	7.02 6.97 6.57 6.52	7.08 7.03 6.63	7.06 7.01 6.60 6.55	7.03 6.98 6.57	7.03

#### BREADSTUFFS

Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1937.

Flour—In spite of the price advance, no important improvement in sales could be confirmed. However, it is believed that odd carlot trade has become brisker, but there is still no evidence of any desire to book far forward. Although mills have not indicated any big trade, it seemed likely that some substantial business is being worked in the family patents, since the advertised brands have been marked 25c. higher in two days.

wheat—On the 30th ulto. prices closed ¼ to %c. higher. The strength in Chicago wheat during this session was ascribed to the stronger Liverpool quotations, which were considerably higher than due; also a factor of considerable weight was the more than a cent overnight gain at Winnipeg. Advices from the latter market estimated export purchases of Canadian wheat today (Saturday) at 400,000 bushels. Another item which served as an influence for better prices at Chicago, was the report of a better flour demand at Minneapolis. These bullish developments seemed to effectually discourage any substantial offerings, and the market held firm throughout. Upturns of wheat prices were in the face of official estimates showing world-wide increases of 1937 acreage sown to winter wheat, compared prices were in the face of official estimates showing world-wide increases of 1937 acreage sown to winter wheat, compared with 1936 figures. Seeding in the United States is reported to be the largest on record. On the 1st inst. prices closed unchanged to 34c. lower. The Chicago wheat market showed a poor response to the steep rise in the Liverpool market and strong Winnipeg prices. In the earlier trading prices did show some gains, but this was all lost later in the day. As trading approached the close, much selling came prices did show some gains, but this was all lost later in the day. As trading approached the close, much selling came from various wheat operators who previously had been buyers because of the unexpected upturns of values at Liverpool and Winnipeg, but were disappointed at the lack of aggressive buying, especially on the part of the speculative element. A bearish factor was the announcement that the amount of wheat on ocean passage to importing countries totaled today more than double the quantity a year ago. Chicago May wheat contracts suffered the most reaction, falling 134c. a bushel from the day's top and touching \$1.27½ in final dealings. The sharp rise in the Liverpool market was rather surprising in view of the increase in world shipments as well as an enlargement of upwards

of 4,000,000 bushels in wheat afloat. On the 2d inst. prices closed 34c. to 14c. up. Buying by previous speculative sellers was an outstanding feature, especially in the late afternoon trading. Reports of dust storms in parts of Kansas were received, and with reports also of thick ice Kansas were received, and with reports also of thick ice covering fields of domestic new winter wheat elsewhere, apprehension concerning crop damage was quite general. Other bullish items were statements that for this time of year the U. S, wheat visible supply total is now the smallest since 1923. It was also pointed out that wheat primary domestic receipts today were only 147,000 bushels, which was the lightest yet this season. As a further help to the Chicago market were late estimates that 500,000 bushels of Canadian wheat had been taken today for export. There were advices too, that Italy had reduced her wheat import duty 50% and had bought 1,000,000 bushels of Czechoslovakian wheat. On the other hand the Liverpool wheat market closed lower too, that Italy had reduced her wheat import duty 50% and had bought 1,000,000 bushels of Czechoslovakian wheat. On the other hand the Liverpool wheat market closed lower than due at 1 to 1½c. off. On the 3d inst. prices closed 2½ to 3½c. higher. Spectacular trading was evidenced in this day's session. Shyrocketing 3½c. a bushel late today, wheat prices showed the effects of a sudden overwhelming demand for wheat on the part of European buyers. Germany was stated to have purchased 1,468,000 bushels of Argentine wheat and 2,400,000 of Argentine corn, with other European countries also buyers from Argentine. In addition, fully 1,000,000 bushels of Canadian wheat were estimated to have been bought for export. Unfavorable crop developments, together with higher asking prices from shippers of wheat generally—served as the incentive for this heavy wave of buying, especially on the part of European countries. The action of the Liverpool market recently, with its pronounced strength, implies, in the opinion of many, that the severe temporary burdensome results of extra heavy Argentine new crop shipments had passed. Possibilities of a short crop in the Danube Valley this summer and likewise in North America, were considerations in the minds of many. Chicago wheat prices closed at about the highs of the day.

On the 4th inst. prices closed ¼ to %c. lower. There was heavy profit-taking in evidence during a good part of the session, traders wishing to take advantage of the 6c. upturn from Tuesday's low. Contributing to the reaction were reports that German purchases had ceased. On the other turn from Tuesday's low. Contributing to the reaction were reports that German purchases had ceased. On the other hand, what should have been a sustaining influence were estimates that export buying of Canadian wheat today totaled 1,000,000 bushels, principally for Great Britain. The Liverpool market closed 2% to 3%c. up at the topmost point yet reached. Another bullish item was the report that English millers had bought five cargoes of Australian wheat as well as considerable quantities of Argentine. Yet, in spite of the fact that bullish news more than countered bearish developments, prices failed to hold. Spain was also in spite of the fact that builds news more than countered bearish developments, prices failed to hold. Spain was also reported to have purchased 750,000 bushels of wheat from Argentina, and Germany was said to have taken some Argentine wheat in addition to large amounts acquired the previous day. Chicago September wheat led the late decline, and from \$1.12 fell to \$1.10½, but rallied a little at

Argentine were waiting to be unloaded. A statement quoting Secretary of Agriculture Wallace as suggesting the likelihood of a 450,000,000 bushel corn surplus in the United States this year, was an added influence in depressing corn prices. On the 3d inst. prices closed 1½c. to 2¾c. up. The pronounced strength of the wheat market naturally influenced corn, together with the reported heavy purchases of Germany in the Argentine market, the amount of these purchases being estimated at 2,400,000 bushels. It would seemfrom this that Argentine's surplus supplies will not prove so burdensome as a market factor. German competition with the United States as a buyer of Argentine corn accentuates this prospect.

On the 4th inst. prices closed ¼ to ½c. lower. Cables

On the 4th inst. prices closed ¼ to ½c. lower. Cables reported that a record big crop of corn in Argentina is likely if additional rains are received this month. On the other hand, today's receipts of corn in Chicago were only 53 cars, and estimated Argentine shipments for the week were somewhat smaller than recently. Today prices closed 4 to 1c. up. Trading in this grain was relatively quiet, though the undertone was firm. Open interest in corn was 37,873,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN IN NEW YORK Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.	
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. No.!2 yellow	
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUTURES IN CHICAGO	
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.	
May	
July 98 4 97 99 98 4 98 4	
May (new) 106 105 105 107 106 106 107 106 107 106 107 106 107 106 107 107 106 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	
July	
September (new) 95\% 95 94 95\% 94\% 95	
Season's High and When Made   Season's Low and When Made	
May	
July 85 Oct. 1, 1936	
May (new) 113 1/2 Jan. 14, 1937 May (new) 89 1/8 Nov. 2, 1936	
July (new) 108  Jan. 14, 1937 July (new) 86  Nov. 2, 1936	
Suly (new) 1041/ Ton 14 1027 Sunt (new) 0078 NOV. 2, 1930	
Sept. (new)1041/2 Jan. 14, 1937   Sept. (new) 931/4 Feb. 2, 1937	
Onto On the 20th ult prices aloned 3/a to 23/a advenue	

Oats—On the 30th ult. prices closed 3/c. to 33/c. advance. The flood situation is believed to have some bullish influence The flood situation is believed to have some bullish influence here, there being considerable demand for this feed grain. On the 1st inst. prices closed ½c. to ½c. lower. These lower values were largely in sympathy with the declines in the other grains. On the 2d inst. prices closed ½c. to ½c. up. This advance in futures was credited to a better spot demand. On the 3d inst. prices closed ½c. to 1½c. up. The strength displayed in this grain was largely influenced by the pronounced upward movements in the other grains, especially wheat and corn. wheat and corn.

Rye—On the 30th ult. prices closed unchanged to ½c. up. Trading was light, with demand principally in May and July. On the 1st inst. prices closed ¾c. to 1c. down. There was no news bearing in a particular way on this grain, its weakness being ascribed to the downward tendency of other grains. On the 2d inst. prices closed ¾c. to ¾c. up. In view of the news and the action of wheat, it was thought this market should have responded in a more substantial way. However, uneasiness concerning possible shipments from the Argentine was regarded as a restraining influence. On the 3d inst. prices closed 1¾c. to 15½c higher. With wheat prices skyrocketing, it was only natural that rye should follow closely in the wake of this closely related grain.

rocketing, it was only natural that rye should follow closely in the wake of this closely related grain.

On the 4th inst. prices closed 1 to 1½c. lower. A falling off in spot demand, together with optimistic reports concerning crops in the Argentine and prospects of large grain supplies from this source with the maritime strike removed as an obstacle to further shipments, all played their part as influences in lowering prices. Rye showed the most pronounced weakness of all the grains. Today prices closed 1½ to 1¾c. up. The pronounced strength of wheat had a very wholesome effect on rye, which was very strong throughout the day's session.

throughout the day's session.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.

May 110½ 109½ 110 1113 July 100½ 99½ 99½ 99½ 101½ September 89½ 89½ 89% 913	\$ 109 % 111 \$ 100 % 101 %
Season's High and When Made   Season's Low and	When Made
May 119 % Dec. 28, 1936   May 75 % Dec. 28, 1936   July 71	Aug. 11, 1936 Oct. 3, 1936
September 881/2	Jan. 28, 1937
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed.	Thurs. Fri.
May 106 105 105 107 107 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	106% 108% 102% 104%
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BARLEY FUTURES I Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed.	Thurs. Fri.
May 84 841/2 831/2 86	86 85
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BARLEY FUTURES IN Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed.	Thurs. Fri.
May 80% 79% 80% 81% July 69% 68% 69½ 70%	4 80% 81 ¼ 69% 70%

Closing quotations were as follows:

GRA	AIN
Wheat, New York— No. 2 red, c.i.f., domestic1521/6 Manitoba No. 1, f.o.b. N.Y_1401/6	Oats, New York— No. 2 white
Corn, New York— No. 2 yellow, all ra	47½ lbs. malting109½ Chicago, cash100-146
FLO	our
Combon cots bigh protein 7 80 @ 8 10	Dre lour notonte 6 15@ 6 35

Spring oats, high protein_7.80@8.101	Rye.lour patents6.15@ 6.35
Spring patents7.40@7.70	Seminola, bbl., Nos.1-3-11.70@
Clears, first spring6.45@6.65	Oats, good 3.30
Soft winter straights6.20@6.45	Corn flour 3.20
Hard winter straights6.65@7.00	Barley goods—
Hard winter patents6.85@7.15	Coarse4.75
Hard winter clears5.90@6.10	Fancy pearl, Nos. 2,4&7 5.75@6.25

receipts, exports, visible supply, &c.—are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ended last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years: All the statements below regarding the movement of grain

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 48 lbs	bush 56 lbs
Chicago	234,000	59,000	761.000	169,000	41.000	146,000
Minneapolis		475,000	42,000			407,000
Duluth		54,000			38,000	
Milwaukee	9,000		111,000			
Foledo	0,000	50,000	33,000			
Indianapolis		25,000	347,000			
t. Louis	135,000		577,000			
	44.000		339,000			
Peoria Kansas City	17.000		164,000			31,000
	17,000		237,000			
Omaha		86,000	22,000			
t. Joseph		19,000				
Wichita		114,000	3,000			1.000
Sioux City		10,000	34,000			1,000
Buffalo		123,000	72,000	166,000	8,000	36,000
rotal wk.1937	439,000	1.695.000	2,744,000	1,367,000	240,000	1,087,000
Same wk.1936			3,227,000	1,452,000		
Same wk.1935			1,811,000			
Sines Aug 1_	7 : .	4.,				
Since Aug. 1—	11 100 000	157 195 000	100,113,000	51,034,000	11 561 000	61 803 000
1936						
1935			86,558,000			
1934	9,497,000	144,047,000	123,903,000	32,938,000	8,901,000	20,000,000

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, Jan. 30, 1937, follow:

Recetpts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 48 lbs	bush 56 lbs
New York	174.000	11.000	90,000	26,000		
Philadelphia .	22,000		355,000	6,000		
Baltimore	14,000		5.000	10,000	36,000	
New Orleans *	19,000	12,000	364,000	15,000		
Galveston		25.000	1,000			
Halifax	33,000	32,000	1,000	4.000		
St. John		54.000				
Boston	18,000		178,000	4.000		
W. St. John	42,000	746,000				
Total wk.1937	322,000	880,000	994,000	65.000	36,000	
Since Jan.1'37	1,210,000	3,355,000	3,682,000	255,000		17,000
Week 1936_	331,000	1,205,000	109.000	80.000	25,000	9,000
Since Jan.1'36		6,000,000				

Receipes do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports through bills of lading.

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, Jan. 30, 1937, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
	Bushels	Bushels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
New York	219,000		48,480			
Albany	277,000					
Baltimore			1,000			
New Orleans			5,000			
St. John	54,000					
Halifax	32,000	1,000	33,000	4,000		
W. St. John	746,000		42,000			
Total week 1937	1,328,000	1,000	129,480			
Same week 1936	2,114,000	5,0001	128,782	39,0001		8,000

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1936, is as below:

Vicania de Avento	Flour		W	heat	Corn	
Exports for Week and Since July 1 to—	Week Jan. 30 1937	Since July 1 1936	Week Jan. 30 1937	Since July 1 1936	Week Jan. 30 1937	Since July 1 1936
and the second	Barrels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
United Kingdom.	65,000	1,551,437	1,109,000	49,059,000		
Continent	18,880	465,804	88,000	32,999,000		
So. & Cent. Am	11,500	395,500	20,000	292,000		1,000
West Indies	29,500	780,500		16,000	1,000	2,000
Brit. No. Am. Col.		16,000				
Other countries	1,600	87,282	111,000	2,204,000		
Total 1937	129,480	3,296,524	1,328,000	84,570,000	1,000	3,000
Total 1936	128,782	2,259,558	2,114,000	56,051,000	5,000	52,000

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, Jan. 30, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOCK	S		
	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye .	Barley
United States-	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
Boston		536,000	1,000		
New York	31,000	416,000	49,000		
" afloat			69,000		
Philadelphia	518,000	1,286,000	27,000	356,000	3,000
Baltimore *	531,000	229,000	23,000	278,000	1,000
New Orleans	1,000	488,000	21,000	1,000	
Galveston	685,000	270,000			
Fort Worth	2,700,000	734,000	283,000	1.000	10,000
Wichita	596,000	1,000	28,000		
Hutchinson	3.622.000				
St. Joseph	1.015.000	150,000	236.000	12,000	10,000
Kansas City	10,657,000	396,000	835,000	116,000	34,000

1	GRAIN S'	TOCKS-C	oncluded		
United States-	Wheat Bushels	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rpe Bushels	Barley Bushels
Omaha Sioux City	3,048,000	348,000 49,000	1,444,000 262,000	6,000	68,000 23,000
St. Louis	2,545,000	917,000	1,054,000	14,000	109,000
Indianapolis	1,124,000	1,549,000			
PeorlaChicago x	9,000 6,214,000 201,000	5,320,000		1,298,000	1,456,000
Milwaukee	3,000	141.000		10,000	3,903,000
Minneapolis	5,496,000		11,420,000	1,312,000	4,674,000
Duluth y	2,110,000 112,000	22,000 5,000	3,695,000 5,000	608,000	1,252,000
Buffalo	5,116,000	1.080,000		241,000	718,000
On Canal	1,122,000		142,000 184,000		189,000
Total Jan. 30 1937	47,761,000	14.356.000	29,469,000	4.409.000	12.850.000

Total Jan. 23 1937... 50,378,000 13,891,000 31,290,000 4,380,000 12,841,000 Total Feb. 1 1936... 64,223,000 6,395,000 40,380,000 8,216,000 15,117,000

\* Baltimore also has 150,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. x Chicago also 55,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. y Duluth wheat includes 90,000 bus of feed wheat.

of feed wheat.

Note—Bonded grain not included above: Barley—Buffalo, 494,000 bushels: Buffalo afloat, 364,000; Duluth, 2,512,000; Duluth afloat, 572,000; Milwaukee afloat, 1,047,000; Chicago afloat, 360,000; total, 5,349,000 bushels, against 21,000 bushels in 1936. Wheat—New York, 7,820,000 bushels: New York afloat, 162,000; Philadelphia, 5,000; Buffalo, 3,827,000; Buffalo afloat, 2,858,000; Duluth, 2,959,000; Erie, 100,000; Albany, 2,771,000; Chicago, 239,000; Canal, 1,924,000; total, 22,655,000 bushels, against 28,447,000 bushels in 1936.

Canadian—	Wheat - Bushels	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Bushels
Ft. William & Pt. Arthur Other Canadian & other	9,344,000		1,706,000		
water points	30,979,000		2,527,000	207,000	1,450,000
Total Jan. 30 1937 Total Jan. 23 1937	40,323,000		4,233,000	1,068,000	4,280,000
	41,657,000 119,281,000		3,486,000 5,342,000	1,072,000 3,436,000	4,260,000 3,891,000
Summary— American Canadian	47,761,000 40,323,000	14,356,000	29,469,000 4,233,000	4,409,000 1,068,000	12,850,000 4,280,000
Total Jan. 30 1937 Total Jan. 23 1937 Total Feb. 1 1936		13,891,000	33,702,000 34,706,000 45,722,000	5,460,000	17,130,000 17,501,000 19,008,000

The world's shipment of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ended Jan. 29, and since July 1, 1936, and July 1, 1935, are shown in the following:

	1.4	Wheat			Corn	
Exports	Week Jan. 29 1937	Since July 1 1936	Since July 1 1935	Week Jan. 29 1937	Since July 1 1936	Since July 1 1935
North Amer	Bushels 2,402,000	Bushels 132.752.000	Bushels 95.510.000	Bushels 1,000	Bushels 3,000	Bushels 7,000
Black Sea	496,000		32,722,000	340,000	14,246,000	5,346,000
Argentina	7,477,000	60,086,000	54,264,000		246,255,000	189,099,000
Australia	3,535,000 16,000		56,532,000 256,000			
India Oth. countr's	616,000		21,497,000		14,579,000	31,799,000
Total	14,542,000	308,388,000	260,781,000	11,225,000	275,083,000	226,251,000

Weather Report for the Week Ended Feb. 3—The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Feb. 3, follows:

general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Feb. 3, follows:

Over the western half of the country temperatures continued abnormally low and they remained generally above normal east of the Mississippi River, as during several preceding weeks, but the Southeast was considerably cooler than previously, with temperatures averaging near normal. Precipitation was frequent in the more eastern States and most Pacific sections, but there was much less than recently in the central valleys and Great Plains subzero temperatures extended southward approximately to the more northeastern States, and farther west as far south as southeastern Wisconsin, southern Iowa, and extreme southern Nebraska. In the Eastern States the line of freezing weather extended considerably farther south than during January, reaching Norfolk, Va., Charlotte, N. C., and Atlanta, Ga. The lowest temperature reported from a first-order station was 34 degrees below zero at Havre, Mont., on Jan. 30.

Weekly mean temperatures ranged from approximately normal to about 5 degrees above normal over the area east of the Mississippi River; they were somewhat above in the west Guil sections. However, from 5 degrees to as many as 23 degrees colder than normal, the greatest minus departures appearing in the northwestern Great Plains.

Precipitation was heavy alley southward. In the interior valleys the area from the mostly light to moderate, with less than one-half an inche northwestern Great Plains.

Precipitation was heavy values and the prevalue of the Plains region the weekly totals were inappreciable, but were large in central and northern Pacific coast sections where some very heavy rains and snows occurred.

With only light to moderate rains during the past week, flood reports at 8 a. m., Feb. 2, show a marked fall in the upper Ohio River and a slight recession in its lower enappreciable, but were large in central and northern Pacific coast sections where some

Small Grains—In the more eastern States winter wheat is unusually far yanced, and in mostly fair to good condition. In the Ohio Valley many

wheat fields are water logged or inundated, with some reports of drowning in lower sections, while in the upper Mississippi Valley and the eastern Great Plains a continued ice cover is causing increased apprehension as to possible smothering. In general, recent conditions in the principal Winter Wheat Belt have been unfavorable. The southwestern Plains are still dry, with moisture needed. However, in Montana, the Great Basin, and the Pacific Northwest, grain fields are well protected by an ample snow cover.

#### THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1937

New York, Friday Night, Feb. 5, 1937
Retail trade during the past week made a very satisfactory showing. Ideal weather conditions stimulated the sale of Winter apparel in the Atlantic districts, and on the Pacific Coast the prospects of an early settlement of the maritime strike found their expression in a noticeable increase of consumer buying. The retarding effects of floods and strikes in other districts of the country, were thereby largely offset, and as a result earlier estimates of department store sale during January underwent an upward revision. For the country as a whole, an average gain of approximately 8 per cent over last year is now predicted. Early forecasts of February sales, subject to weather conditions remaining favorable, point to an increase of around 10%, taking into consideration that this month has one business day less than a year age.

consideration that this month has one business day less than a year age.

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets quieted down somewhat, as the initial buying of Spring goods was nearing its end. However, with the waters in the Ohio Valley slowly receding, a substantial amount of orders was expected soon to be placed for the purpose of replenishing damage and destroyed stocks. Wholesalers displayed increased resistance to the steadily advancing prices and limited their commitments mostly to covering immediate requirements. Business in silk goods was quiet, only a small amount of orders being placed during the week, and prices declined moderately. Trading in rayon yarns continued brisk, as the demand for all classes of yarns remained heavy. Books were opened for April delivery last Monday, and the amount of orders received thus far points to the necessity of sellers continuing their previous method of allotments. Although some producers expect a change in the present tight delivery situation within the next few months, others feel that the improved flow of goods in distributive channels and the need of replenishing stocks in flood areas, will cause the demand to exceed production until the middle of the Summer.

Domestic Cotton Goods—Trading in the gray cloth

Domestic Cotton Goods—Trading in the gray cloth markets continued in a desultory fashion during the first half of the period under review, but subsequently a brisk demand for print cloths developed, and sales during the last few days were reported to have amounted to more than one-half week's production. The earlier dullness had caused a substantial weakening of the price structure as a number of second-hand offerings at concessions made their appearance, and several converters pushed goods on the market which they were unable to deliver to flood areas. Later in the week, however, prices recovered part of their losses, with activity broadening considerably. Business in fine goods continued active. Second-hand offerings practically with activity broadening considerably. Business in fine goods continued active. Second-hand offerings practically with activity broadening considerably. Business in fine goods continued active. Second-hand offerings practically disappeared, and prices regained their former strength. Closing prices in print cloths were as follows: 39-inch 80's, 10½ to 9½c., 39-inch 72-76's, 10½c., 39-inch 68-72's 8½ to 8c., 38½-inch 64-60's, 7½ to 7c., 38½-inch 60-48's, 65% to 6c.

Woolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabrics was moderately active. Although business in Spring goods tapered off still further, mills continued to operate at capacity. Some producers were able to add to their substantial backlog of unfilled orders, owing to the receipt of a few early commitments on Fall goods, although the latter have not been formally opened. Moreover, considerable Government orders in addition to those awarded last week, were expected to be placed soon. Prices held steady at existing levels. Clothing manufacturers continued active on Spring merchandise, and reports from retail clothing centres showed notice, able improvement in consumer demand for Winter apparel, due to more seasonal temperatures. Business in women's wear goods was marked by continued heavy demand for coatings and suitings as well as for sports materials such as fleeces, and some mills were forced to withdraw their lines, having booked all the business they can handle. Garment manufacturers continued very busy with deliveries to their retail accounts of suits and cloaks before Easter, as the flow of goods in distributive channels made a much better showing.

Foreign Dry Goods—Trading in linens remained active.

of goods in distributive channels made a much better showing.

Foreign Dry Goods—Trading in linens remained active. The demand for cambrics and sheers was again outstanding, and some new orders were rejected, as most mills are booked ahead for several months. Dress linens and household items also moved in satisfactory volume. Prices continued to advance, as the rise in raw material quotations showed no sign of abating. Business in burlap was marked by increased activity. Although stocks in Calcutta at the end of January showed an increase, prices, nevertheless, were higher in view of reports of strikes in three mills, and also due to the shortage of available space on vessels leaving Calcutta. While the supply of used bags was reported to have been exhausted for use as sandbags in the flooded districts, bag manufacturers did not as yet place a considerable amount of orders, as their stocks were said to be ample. Domestically lightweights were quoted at 3.90c., heavies at 5.40c.

# State and City Department

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#### MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN JANUARY

MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN JANUARY

Long-term financing by States and municipalities was negotiated on a strikingly large scale during the month of January, the principal amount of the loans sold being no less than \$205,513,246. This was the heaviest output for any month since March, 1931, and constitutes a record high for disposals in January of any year since 1927. The bulk of the month's total is made up of such emissions as those of \$50,000,000 by New York City, \$47,000,000 by the Los Angeles, Calif., Department of Water and Power, \$24,973,-000 by the Boston Metropolitan District, Mass., \$12,000,000 by the State of Louisiana, and that of \$11,000,000 by Chicago, Ill. In addition, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation was responsible for \$4,935,900 of the January awards, having marketed various bonds which had been originally acquired by the Public Works Administration.

Although most of last month's flotations were sold on terms which reflected no material change in the trend of markedly low-interest cost on tax-exempt financing, in several situations the underwriters encountered not a little difficulty in placing the obligations into investment accounts. In a few cases, a reduction in the original offering prices was required in order to stimulate investment demand for the

difficulty in placing the obligations into investment accounts. In a few cases, a reduction in the original offering prices was required in order to stimulate investment demand for the liens and accelerate the closing of syndicate accounts. This condition, it should be noted, was not peculiar in the case of municipal securities, but was also evident with respect to market action of Treasury and recently issued corporate bonds. Heaviness of the bond market, according to some observers, was occasioned by the uncertainty which prevailed throughout the month as to the imminence and extent of the anticipated action of the Federal Reserve Board with respect to an increase in reserve requirements of member banks. Announcement of an advance in reserve requirements was not made by the Reserve Board until the closing day of the month.

Issues of \$1,000,000 or more sold during January are summarized herewith:

\$50,000,000 New York, N. Y., 3% corporate stock, due in 1977, awarded to a syndicate headed by the National City Bank of New York, at a price of 102.33; a basis of about 2.94%. Re-offering was made by the bankers at a price of 103.50. The city used the proceeds to redeem on Jan. 25, 1937, \$50,000,000 6% corporate stock notes.

47,000,000 Los Angeles, Calif., Department of Water and Power 3½% optional bonds, comprising \$23,500,000 series A, maturing serially from 1938 to 1977 incl., and \$23,500,000 series B, due in 1977, were awarded to a banking group headed by Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., of New York, at terms which reflected a net interest cost to the community of 3.5101%.

The series A bonds were re-offered on a yield basis of from 1% to 3.40%, and the series B at a price of 102, to yield 3.41%.

1% to 3.40%, and the series B at a price of 102, to yield 3.47%.
24,973,000 Boston Metropolitan District, Mass., 24% bonds, including two series maturing serially from 1938 to 1962 incl., purchased by an account managed jointly by the First Boston Corp. and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., both of New York, at a price of 99.352. Publicly offered on a yield basis of from 0.40% to 2.35%, according to maturity.

12,000,000 Louisiana (State of) highway bonds, of which \$6,500,000 series R bear 3½% interest and \$5,500,000 series Q are 3½s, all due serially from 1941 to 1960 incl., sold to Blyth & Co., Inc., of New York, and associates, at a price of 100.13, an interest cost of 3.61%.

11,000,000 Chicago, Ill., 3% judgment bonds, due in 1956 and callable beginning on Jan. 1, 1947, sold to a small group of local institutions headed by the Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co., at a price of 103.57, a basis of about 2.74%.

tutions headed by the Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co., at a price of 103.57, a basis of about 2.74%.

3,500,000 Nassau County, N.Y., 2½% and 3% bonds awarded to a group headed by Lehman Bros. of New York, at a price of 100.079, the net interest being about 2.669%. Due serially from 1938 to 1957 incl. Re-offered by the bankers at prices to yield from 1% to 2.70%, according to maturity.

3,000,000 California (State of) 2½% veterans' welfare bonds, due serially from 1938 to 1954 incl., sold to the Chase National Bank of New York and associates at a price of 101.36, a basis of about 1.99%. Re-offered on a yield basis of from 0.50% to 2.15%, according to maturity.

3,000,000 Philadelphia School District, Pa., 1½% bonds, due in 1967, optional on any interest date, were sold to the district's Loan Tax Fund, the only bidder, at a price of 100.003.

3,000,000 Providence, R. 1., 2½% emergency relief and highway bonds awarded to a syndicate headed by Dick & Merle-Smith of New York at a price of 101.30, a basis of about 2.12%.

2,761,300 Jackson County, Mo., 2, 2½ and 2½% funding and refunding bonds, due annually from 1938 to 1956 incl., awarded to a syndicate headed by the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago at a price of 100.78, a basis of about 2.59%. Publicly re-offered at prices to yield from 0.50% to 2.70%, according to maturity.

2,549,000 Newark, N. J., 2½% various purpose bonds, maturing serially from 1938 to 1956 incl., purchased by Lehman Bros. of New York and associates, at a price of 100.43, a basis of about 2.68%. Re-offered at prices to yield from 0.80% to 3.05%, according to maturity.

2,500,000 Buffalo, N. Y., 2.20% construction bonds purchased by an account headed by Phelps, Fenn & Co. of New York at a price of 100.059, a basis of about 2.19%. Due serially from 1938 to 1947 incl.

2,225,000 Minnesota (State of) 2% certificates of indebtedness, due in 1942, awarded to a group headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., of New York, at a price of 100.235, a basis of about 1.95%. Re-offered to yield 1.80%.

1,900,000 Michigan (State of) 4½% Port Huron-Sarnia 20-year, optional bridge construction bonds were sold to Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., of Toledo.

1,384,000 Woodbridge Township, N. J., 4½% serial funding and general refunding bonds, due serially from 1937 to 1961 incl., purchased by a syndicate managed by J. S. Rippel & Co. of Newark. Re-offered on a yield basis of from 2% to 4.50%, according to maturity.

according to maturity.

1,240,000 Little Rock, Ark., 4% water revenue bonds, due serially from 1939 to 1976 incl., purchased by an account headed by the Bancamerica-Blair Corp. of New York. Re-offered to yield from 2% to 3.80%, according to maturity.

1,073,000 Mecklenburg County, N. C., 2¾% and 3% school building bonds, maturing serially from 1938 to 1967 incl., awarded to Lehman Bros. of New York and associates, at a price of 100.20, a basis of about 2.805%.

1,000,000 Board of Supervisors of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, La., 4% bonds awarded to H. L. Allen & Co. of New York and Well & Co. of New Orleans, jointly, at a price of 100.50, a basis of about 3.95%. Due serially from 1938 to 1955 incl. Re-offered on a yield basis of from 1.50% to 3.70%.

rield basis of from 1.50% to 3.70%.

The following is a record of the issues aggregating \$5,-397,350, which failed of sale at the time of offering during January. As pointed out in the past, these failures have been few in number in comparison with the situation several years ago, when a large wave of defaults occasioned a marked retinence on the part of investment interests to add to their holdings of tax-exempts. The default problem, however, has almost been entirely composed and, as indicated in the large output of new issues in the month just ended, also in the calendar years 1936 and 1935, municipal liens are again very much in investment demand.

In recording below the loans which were not sold in

In recording below the loans which were not sold in January, we include the page number of the "Chronicle" in which an account of the unsuccessful offering will be found:

Page	Name	Int. Rate	Amount	Report	
	a Allen County, Ky	31/2%	\$80,000	Bids rejected	
493	b Ambridge School District, Pa.n.		120,000	Bids rejected	
	c Batesville School City, Ind	3%	26,950	Not sold	
487	Bloomfield Twp. and Bloomfield				
	Hills Fractional S. D. No. 3.			1. Y. 3. 1. Y	
	Mich	4%	26,000	Bids rejected	
818	Clarks Green S. D., Pa	4%	1,400	Not sold	
	Inyo County, Calif	5%	13,000	Bids rejected	
	d Leipsic, Ohio	4%	20,000	Sale canceled	
000	e Liberty Spec. Rural S. D., Ohio	4%	30,000	Offering postponed	1
	Long Creek, Ore	6%	12,000	Not sold	
	Lyndhurst, Ohio	4%	153,000	No bids	
	Marietta, Ohio	51/2%	35.000	Sale canceled	
	f Newton Falls, Ohio		150,000	Sale canceled	
	g Orleans Levee District, Lan		3.784.000	Sale canceled	
	Rapides Parish S. D., Lan		20,000	Bids rejected	
	Ship Bottom-Beach Arl'gton, N. J.n		124,000		
	h Wayne County, Mich.		802,000		
	선물이 되어보다는 이 맛있으면 가게 하면 주민들이 하셨다면 하게 하게 하면 하면 없다면 보다.				

a Bonds will be sold privately. b New offering will be made on Feb. 8. c Bonds being re-offered on Feb. 13. d New offering will be made after PWA grant is obtained. e Change in legal notice made and new offering announced for Feb. 20. f Injunction restrained sale of issue. 2 Canceled sale because of possible effect on bids as result of flood news. h PWA will purchase issue.

obtained. • Change in legal notice made and new offering announced for Feb. 20. finjunction restrained sale of issue. • a Canceled sale because of possible effect on bids as result of flood news. • h PWA will purchase issue.

Financing of budgetary requirements, pending collection of current taxes, resulted in the disposal of an aggregate of \$75,207,641 notes and other evidences of temporary debt by States and municipalities during the month of January. There has been a slight increase in the cost of such borrowing in the past two months, in line with a similar progression in the cost of interim financing to the Federal Government. However, notwithstanding the tightening of short-term money rates, municipal units are still able to finance their requirements on an unusually low interest basis. The total of municipal loans for the month includes borrowings of \$40,600,000 by the City of New York.

Canadian municipal bond financing in January was featured by the offering in the United States of \$85,000,000 refunding bonds of the Dominion of Canada. This was the Dominion's first bid for credit in this country since the \$48,-000,000 flotation a year ago. The new offering, which was underwritten by a large syndicate under the management of Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc. of New York, included \$30,-000,000 seven-year 2½s and \$55,000,000 30-year 3s. In addition to this financing, the Dominion offered at public subscription to its own citizens an issue of \$35,500,000 Canadian National Railway bonds, guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the Government. This issue was made up of \$15,500,000 seven-year 2½s and \$20,000,000 15-year 3s. The borrowing was undertaken in order to reimburse the Dominion for funds made available to the railway company in order to redeem debt which matured or had been redeemed prior to maturity. These emissions by the Federal Government, together with a flotation of \$20,000,000 by the Province of Ontario, increased the grand total of Canadian municipal bond financing during January to \$141,016

January	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
	\$	S	\$	s	\$
Perm. loans (U. S.)	205,513,246	89,523,614	97.172,419	55,071,204	35,834,606
* Temp. loans(U.S.)	75,207,641	173,965,568	141.812.000	130.353,200	47,293,039
Canad'n l'ns (temp.) Canad'n l'ns (perm.):	55,000,000	25,000,000	500,000		4,300,000
Placed in Canada.	56.016.500	549,914		40,817,849	19,332,400
Placed in U. S	85,000,000	48,000,000			
Bonds U.S. Posses'ns			433,000		
Total	476.737.387	337,039,096	274 000 010	226 242 253	106.760.045

\*Includes temporary securities issued by New York City—\$40,600,000 in 1937' \$54,838,000 in 1936, \$33,000,000 in 1935, \$56,672,200 in 1934, \$17,000,000 in 1933'

The number of municipalities in the United States emitting permanent bonds and the number of separate issues made during January, 1937, were 312 and 403, respectively. This contrasts with 434 and 489 in January, 1936.

For comparative purposes, we add the following table showing the aggregate of long-term bonds put out in the United States for January for a series of years. It will be observed that the 1937 January output was the largest of any year since 1927:

1937	\$205,513,246	1922	\$108.587.1991	1907	\$10,160,146
1936	89,523,614	1921		1906	8,307,582
1935	97,172,419	1920	83.529.891	1905	8,436,253
1934	55,071,204	1919	25,090,625	1904	23,843,801
1933	35,834,606	1918	24,060,118	1903	15,141,796
1932	138,248,064	1917	40,973,081	1902	10,915,845
1931	50,648,907	1916	50.176.099	1901	9,240,864
1930	109,842,814	1915	34,303,088	1900	20,374,320
1929	75,710,723	1914	84,603,094	1899	6,075,957
1928	100,343,627	1913	30,414,439	1898	8,147,893
1927	206,877,975	1912	25,265,749	1897	10,405,776
1926	70,366,623	1911	78.510.274	1896	6,507,721
1925	135,536,122	1910	16.319.478	1895	10,332,101
1924	99,625,470	1909	29,318,403	1894	7,072,267
1923	96,995,609	1908		1893	5,438,577
The state of the s		THE DESCRIPTION OF	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	The state of the s	1

In the following table we give a list of January loans in the amount of \$205,513,246, issued by 312 municipalities. In the case of each loan reference is made to the page in the "Chronicle" where accounts of the sale are given.

Owing to the crowded condition of our columns, we are obliged to omit this week the customary table showing the month's bond sales in detail. It will be given later.

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## News Items

Course Offered in Analysis of Municipal Securities—
The course in the analysis of municipal securities offered the first semester will be repeated the second semester at the Wall Street Center of New York University, 90 Trinity Place. This course deals with domestic public securities, including district, city, county and State obligations, from the point of view of the investor. Financial statements will be analyzed in the light of assessment methods, debt structure, revenue sources, tax limits and tax delinquency. Current developments in the field of municipal finance will be considered each session and attention will be devoted to municipal debt adjustment and revenue with special reference to the bankruptcy law.

ence to the bankruptcy law.

Dr. Bert C. Goss will give the course, as usual. Registration for this course should be made before Wednesday,

Greenwood County, S. C.—Federal Court Temporarily Restrains Buzzard's Roost Power Project—The following is the text of an Associated Press dispatch from Rock Hill, S. C., dealing with the granting by the local Federal Court of a restraining order on a proposed PWA power allotment, which would conflict with the interests of the Duke Power Co., the plaintiff in this long-drawn litigation:

The Duke Power Co. obtained a temporary restraining order here today

Co., the plaintiff in this long-drawn litigation:

The Duke Power Co. obtained a temporary restraining order here today to prevent Greenwood County authorities from proceeding with construction of the \$2.352,000 Buzzard Roost power project on Saluda River pending a hearing on the merits of the case set for Feb. 23.

United States District Judge J. Lyles Glenn issued the order on petition of Duke attorneys, who contended the proposed expenditure of Federal funds by the Works Progress Administration for the development was unconstitutional. His order contained a clause, however, allowing the expenditure of not more than \$100,000 for legal, administrative, engineering and conservation costs that might be incurred before a final ruling. The county authorities had requested that this figure be set at \$600,000.

The U. S. Supreme Court recently sent the Duke Co.'s original suit contesting the validity of the Public Works Administration loan and grant back to the lower courts, holding that proper procedure had not been followed in acting on it. The high tribunal expressed no opinion upon the merits of the case.

Maine—State Income Tax Bill Introduced—A State income tax bill, intended to reduce taxes on real estate, was introduced in the Legislature on Jan. 26 by Representative Newton, of Readfield, according to an Associated Press dispatch from Augusta. It is reported that the measure would impose a tax of 1% on taxable incomes of not more than \$1,000; 2% on not more than \$2,000; 3% on not more than \$3,000, and 4% on amounts in excess of \$3,000.

We are advised that the same tax would apply to that portion of income received by non-residents from Maine business. A person having a net income of \$1,000 or more

## MUNICIPAL BONDS

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would be required to pay an annual filing fee of \$3, it is said. The bill would repeal the poll tax law.

New Hampshire—Governor Urges Constitutional Amendment on Relief—The following is the text of an Associated Press dispatch from Concord on Feb. 3, reporting on an unusual proposal for a referendum to land relief money, advocated by Governor Murphy:

A State-wide vote on amendment of New Hampshire's constitution was urged today by the Republican Governor, Francis P. Murphy, after the state's Supreme Court had rejected his proposal to set up what would in effect, have been a "Baby Reconstruction Finance Corporation" to lend money out of relief funds to private industry.

"I regret that the constitution prevents us from using money appropriated for welfare relief to provide work for our citizens," the Governor said.

"I believe the people of the State should be given an opportunity to amend the constitution so that modern thoughts of government of this kind may be put into effect."

The Court upheld as "proper" the purposes of the Governor's proposal, referred to it by the Legislature, but found it unconstitutional.

New Jersey—Mandatory Salary Schedules Again Become

New Jersey—Mandatory Salary Schedules Again Become Effective—The Legislature on Feb. 1 ignored the pleas of numerous local officials to continue the authorization of suspension of mandatory salary schedules by local governing according to Trenton dispatches of that date. The law giving such authority expired at midnight on Feb. 1, and from then to the mandatory local salaries reverted to the pre-depression scale. pre-depression scale.

pre-depression scale.

Millions as a result will be added to local budgets, frequently in communities long pinched for funds. In some cases, it is estimated, a reversion to the old pay scale would mean a rise of fifty points in the tax rates. Some local officials have threatened to retain the reduced pay scale anyhow, and others are thinking of trying to persuade municipal employees not to press for the increase to which they are entitled by law.

Senator Charles E. Loizeaux, Republican leader, said he had tried in vain to reach an agreement with Democratic leaders to re-enact the measure. It is generally believed, however, that both parties were afraid of offending policemen, firemen and others affected.

New York City—Estimate Board Votes to Restore Pay Cuts to Employees—The Board of Estimate, at a special meeting on Feb. 3, unanimously voted full restoration of the salaries of more than 110,000 city employees, at a cost of approximately \$9,000,000 for the half-year beginning July 1, 1937. The Board, which planned in the 1937 budget to restore half the pay cuts imposed during the city's financial crisis in 1932 and 1933, acted in haste after a letter from Governor Lebman asking for an emergency message to clear the way

in 1932 and 1933, acted in haste after a letter from Governor Lehman asking for an emergency message to clear the way for salary restorations was made public.

It is understood that the restorations would affect all civil service employees affected by the cuts of 1932, including firemen, policemen and school teachers, as well as certain other classifications not yet defined. Based on early estimates by Comptroller Frank J. Taylor of the city's financial condition during 1937, the sum of \$4,500,000 was earmarked in the budget to restore part of the cuts on July 1, 1937. However, when the meeting of the Board was called on Feb. 3 Mr. Taylor introduced a report which showed he had underestimated the city's income for the current year and that the full restoration of almost \$9,000,000 would be possible.

New York City—Large Increase in 1938 Budget Held

New York City—Large Increase in 1938 Budget Held Likely—The city faces a further increase of \$29,000,000 in the 1938 budget "unless its spending is curtailed," according to the annual report of the Citizens Budget Commission, issued on Jan. 30. The commission suggested four major proposals for economy and efficiency as a partial means of keeping the 1938 budget within bounds. It urged repeal of keeping the 1938 budget within bounds. It urged repeal of the mandatory State laws which arbitrarily impose \$51,-000,000 in annual expenses on the city; reorganization on a sound actuarial basis of the city's pension and retirement system, which totals \$31,533,000 this year, an increase of \$9,340,000, or 42%, in four years; transit unification upon economically sound principles, including a flexible fare, and the construction of public improvements only after accurate appraisal of their usefulness appraisal of their usefulness.

New York State—Governor's Budget Touches New High—Asks Gas Tax Rise—The largest budget in the history of the State—\$365,555,789.69—was submitted to the Legislature on Feb. 1 by Governor Herbert H. Lehman for the fiscal year 1937-1938. The figure is almost \$67,900,000 higher than that for the current year and exceeds even the previous record budget presented in 1932, by more than \$37,000,000.

To meet the record outlay, Mr. Lehman, in his fifth annual budget message, called for the re-enactment of all emergency taxes now in force and the immediate re-imposition of the second one-cent emergency gasoline tax, which was dropped from his revenue program last year by the Republican-controlled Assembly. The following is a summary of the emergency taxes which the Governor insists be re-enacted:

The emergency 1% special income tax.
A special 25% increase in inheritance and estate taxes.
A 4% tax on the net income of all unincorporated businesses, professions excluded, in excess of \$5,000.

A special stock transfer tax of 1½ cents a share on stocks selling for less than \$20 a share, and two cents on those selling for \$20 or more.

A special 1½% franchise tax on business corporations.

Two emergency gasoline taxes of one cent a gallon each, making the total tax on gasoline four cents a gallon.

In opening his message, the Governor once again declared that during his administration the State had lived well within its income, each year showing an "operation surplus" sufficient to wipe out a part of the deficit. Economic recovery, having reached a point where improved earnings and business activity were being shown in the State's revenue, he continued, it was time the State thought not only of adopting a pay-as-you-go policy but of liquidating as soon as possible all debts that could be ascribed to the depression.

Taking up the troublesome deficit question, Mr. Lehman pointed out that June 30 should see it reduced to \$21,869,040, while if his predictions of income were correct June 30, 1938, should see it wiped out and a surplus of \$4,040,999.65 in the treasury. Of this amount, however, he added, about \$3,115,000 would be needed to meet the State's share of the social security program, which the Legislature was expected to pass shortly. In addition to the above tax recommendations, Mr. Lehman advocated:

1 — Appropriations totaling \$365,555,789.60, an increase of \$67,851,409.35 over the 1936-37 budget.

2—A tax program to yield \$379,019,711.26.

3—An appropriation of \$120,000,000 for unemployment relief and initiation of a "pay-as-you-go" plan for continuance of aid to the jobless.

4—An appropriation of \$123,057,804 for State aid to education, an increase of \$2,138,186.39 over last year.

5—State aid to municipalities totaling \$137,859,072.72, an increase of \$4,000,000.

6—A broad highway construction maintenance and farm-to-markets roads program calling for State expenditures of \$33,000,000. Anticipated Federal grants and funds already available were expected to swell the total to \$80,000,000.

3 — Provisions for \$3,000,000 to finance social security.

3 — An appropriation of \$1,000,000 to complete the program for estiablishment of an eight-hour day for all institutional employees.

9 — An increase of \$3,000,000 in appropriations for maintenance of State wards.

ards.
10—Increased appropriations for 15 of the State's 18 departments.

10—Increased appropriations for 15 of the State's 18 departments.

Social Security Bill Tentatively Approved—Governor Lehman and legislative leaders in conference at Albany on Feb. 1 agreed on several amendments to the social security bill, according to report. It is said that the changes are mostly in phraseology and do not alter the provisions of the measure. Speedy passage of the bill was forecast as a result of this agreement, attended by both Democratic and Republican leaders. The bill has already passed the Senate, where it passed last year but was defeated in the Republican-controlled Assembly.

Assembly.

Assembly.

Pennsylvania—\$4,800,000 for Idle Approved by Governor—Governor George H. Earle on Jan. 30 signed the first law passed by the 1947 Legislature, an act appropriating \$4,800,000 for support of 450,000 unemployed persons in February, according to Harrisburg advices. It was expected that the Governor would order the sum borrowed from the motor fund, depository of vehicle registration fees and gasoline taxes earmarked for highway improvement. The fund is said to have a balance of about \$20,000,000. The general fund owes it more than \$17,000,000 previously borrowed for relief. The borrowings are payable before the end of the biennium, May 31. biennium, May 31.

#### MOBILE COUNTY, ALABAMA

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## **Bond Proposals and Negotiations**

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#### **ARKANSAS**

ARKANSAS, State of—REPORT ON PROPOSED BOND REDEMP-TION—It is said that estimates will be made about Feb. 8 by the State Refunding Board as to the total of redemption accounts available as of Feb. 25 for the purchase of highway debt obligations on tenders. It will be the first purchase of the calendar year and also the first in the administration of Gov. Carl E. Bailey. Charles D. Hill, Supervisor, is reported to have said that purchases will be made in all descriptions of highway debt.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on Jan. 26—V. 144, p. 134—the voters are said to have approved the issuance of \$508,000 in bonds, divided as follows: \$468,000 municipal auditorium; \$25,000 public library, and \$15,000 Negro Park Center bonds.

#### **ALABAMA**

HOMEWOOD, Ala.—BOND REFUNDING PLAN CONTEMPLATED—It is said that a meeting of the City Council will be held on Feb. 8 to consider plans for refunding \$1,000,000 of bonds at reduced interest rates.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Montgomery), Ala.—CORRECTION—It is stated by Ward, Sterne & Co. of Birmingham, that the report appearing in these columns early in January, dealing with the autnorization of \$740,000 County Board of Education refunding bonds—V. 144, p. 483—was incorrect to a certain extent. We had reported that the purpose of the proposed issue as being "to refinance operating deficits which have accumulated over a period of years." We now understand that the real purpose of the action is to refund the present existing indebtedness of the Board which consists only of \$740,000 of interest bearing time warrants maturing in annual instalments through 1947.

TUSKEGEE, Ala.—BOND ISSUANCE UPHELD—The proposed issuance of \$72,000 revenue anticipation bonds to make available a grant of Public Works Administration funds to cover the cost of a water works system, is reported to have been upheld recently by the State Supreme Court.

TUSCALOOSA, Ala.—BONDS SOLD—The \$20,000 issue of 4% coupon semi-ann. refunding improvement bonds offered for sale on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 809—was purchased at par by the sinking fund, according to the City Clerk. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due from Feb. 1, 1940 to 1947 incl.

## California Municipals

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#### CALIFORNIA

ALTURAS, Calif.—BOND EXCHANGE CONTEMPLATED—It ported that an exchange is contemplated on the \$154,195 41/2% refunding approved by the voters on Dec. 15, rather than a public sale. Befuses bonds can be issued we understand that a test of their validity we required, so that they will not be avilable for some time.

CARMICHAEL IRRIGATION DISTRICT (P. O. Carmichael), Calif.—BOND ELECTION—It is reported that an election will be held on Feb. 13 in order to vote on the issuance of \$53,000 in irrigation bonds, (The Reconstruction Finance Corporation has authorized a loan in the same amount, for refinancing.)

CARPINTERIA UNION GRAMMAR SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Santa Barbara), Calif.—BONDS DEFEATED—At an election held on Jan. 22, the voters are said to have defeated the proposed issuance of \$77,-000 in school bonds.

CITRUS HEIGHTS IRRIGATION DISTRICT (P. O. Roseville), Calif.—BOND ELECTION—An election is reported to be scheduled for Feb. 20, to vote on the issuance of \$86,000 in refunding bonds. A loan in this amount has been authorized for refinancing by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

KERN COUNTY (P. O. Bakersfield) Calif.—BOND SALE—The \$63,000 issue of Lost Hills School District bonds offered for sale on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 809—was purchased by Blyth & Co. of San Francisco, as 3 15, paying a premium of \$65.00, equal to 100.10. No other bid was received, according to the County Clerk.

paying a premium of \$65.00, equal to 100.10. No other bid was received, according to the County Clerk, according to the County Clerk.

MONTEBELLO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on Jan. 15 the voters are said to have approved the issuance of the \$300,000 in school bonds.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY (P. O. San Bernardino), Calif.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on Feb. 15 by the County Clerk, for the purchase of a \$250,000 issue of San Bernardino High School District bonds. Int. rate is not to exceed 4%, payable J. J. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1947, inclusive.

SAN FRANCISCO—OAKLAND BAY BRIDGE AUTHORITY (P. O. San Francisco), Calif.—FEDERAL TAX RULING REVIVES INTEREST IN BONDS—We quote in part as follows from an article appearing in the "Wall Street Journal" of Feb. 4, dealing with the possible sale to investment houses of bonds of the above named Authority: "Recent ruling of the Internal Revenue Department that bonds of the San Francisco-Qakland Bay Bridge Authority are not subject to taxation has renewed inferest in the \$55,000,000 bonds held by the Reconstruction Finance Corp.

"There has been little question in the monds of investment bankers that these obligations were tax free, but the ruling of the department holding bonds issued by the Marine Parkway Authority subject to transfer and bond issuance taxes had created some doubt as to the attitude of Washington on the San Francisco issue.

"In addition to the \$55,000,000 which is held by the RefC, the Authority has under consideration plans to issue \$22,000,000 for completion of rail facilities. Several attempts have been made in the past to market these bonds publicly, but dealers were anxious first to settle several market these bonds publicly, but dealers were anxious first to settle several market these bonds publicly, but dealers were anxious first to settle several market these bonds publicly, but dealers were environed for the past to market these bonds publi

facilities. Several attempts have been made in the past to market these bonds publicly, but dealers were anxious first to settle several management questions, principally that of freezing bridge toils at a level designed to meet debt charges."

SAN DIEGO COUNTY ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS (P. O. San Diego), Calif.—CASH SETTLEMBNT FOR BONDS —Cash settlements have been made on three acquisition and improvement district bonds of San Diego County, according to an announcement by T. B. Young, Manager of San Diego Improvement District Refunding Organization, a subsidiary of Morrison Bond Co., Ltd.

District No. 15 was settled at 22½ cents per dollar value, District No. 23 was settled at 47½ cents and District No. 44 at 83¼ cents. These prices compared with 15 cents, 15 cents and 50 cents as proposed under the original San Diego County refunding plan.

Settlement agreement has also been reached on Road Improvement District No. 34. Under the original plan, a settlement of 40 cents per dollar value was proposed. Under the San Diego Improvement District Refunding Organization plan, settlement will shortly be made on the basis of 64 cents cash and a pro rata nterest in a five-year, 3½% deed of trust covering 83 parcels of property. The deed of trust carries a stipulated release price destined to pay par flat, less a service charge of \$50 per bond. Fallure to pay interest or future taxes will place the deed of trust in default and thereby permit bondholders to acquire the collateral assets behind the bonds on foreclosure proceedings.

Rapid progress is being made on other defaulted San Diego A&I and RDI bonds, and the refunding organization hopes to be able to make cash settlements on these in the near future.

SIERRA COUNTY (P. O. Downleville), Calif.—BOND SALE EXTENDED—It is stated by F. H. Turner, County Clerk, that the sale of the \$12,000 not to exceed 5% semi-annual. Allegheny School District bonds, scheduled for Feb. 1, as noted here—V. 144, p. 810—has been extended to March 1. Dated March 1, 1937. Due \$1,0

## Rocky Mountain Municipals

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#### COLORADO

DELTA, Colo.—MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION AUTHORITY UP-HELD.—The State Supreme Court is said to have upheld the right of the city to construct a municipal lighting plant. The city Council is reported to have passed an ordinance providing for the issuance of \$162,000 in 5% revenue bonds for the project. (An allotment of \$197,000 for the project has been approved by the Public Works Administration.)

has been approved by the Public Works Administration.)

LARIMER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5 (P. O. Fort Collins), Colo.—BOND CALL—The County Treasurer is said to be calling for payment at his office on March 1 4½% school bonds numbered 31 to 40. Denom. \$1,000. Dated March 1, 1924.

LAS ANIMAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Trinidad), Colo.—BONDS NOT REDEEMED—It is reported that school bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1922, numbered 8, 36 to 60, 66, 119 and 123, called for payment on Jan. 1, at the office of Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver, are still outstanding. Due on Jan. 1, 1952, optional on Jan. 1, 1937.

Also, 4½% bonds, dated July 1, 1910, numbered 71, 81 to 83, 86 and 87, called on Nov. 1, 1936, are still outstanding. Due on July 1, 1940, optional on July 1, 1925.

RIO GRANDE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9 (P. O. De-Norte), Colo.—BOND CALL—It is reported that all school bonds of the issue dated Aug. 1, 1917, were called for payment on Feb. 1, on which date interest shall cease.

interest shall cease.

SAGUACHE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Saguache),
Colo.—WARRANTS CALLED—The County Treasurer is said to have
called for payment on Jan. 23 at his office the following registered warrants:
All warrants drawn on the General School Minimum Salary Funds
(every school district) registered prior to Feb. 1, 1936.
Also the following special school fund warrants:
School District No. 4, registered prior to Oct. 1, 1934.
School District No. 26, registered prior to May 1, 1936.
School District No. 27, registered prior to Dec. 1, 1935.

#### CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT

FAIRFIELD COUNTY (P. O. Bridgeport), Conn.—BOND SALE—The \$8,520,000 1½% coupon, registerable as to principal, series B Merritt Parkway construction bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 644—were awarded to a syndicate headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. of New York and including the Bancamerica-Blair Corp., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., Phelps, Fenn & Co., Spencer Trask & Co., Goldman, Sachs & Co., B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., Darby & Co., Gregory & Son, G. M.—P. Murphy & Co., Charles D. Barney & Co., Newton, Abbe & Co., Inc., Morse Bros & Co., Inc., First of Michigan Corp., all of New York, B. F. Griggs Co. of Waterbury and Goodwin Beach & Co. of Hartford, on a bid of 96.927, a basis of about 2.17%. A syndicate headed by the Bankers Trust Co. of New York was second high with a bid of 96.429. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due \$568.000 yearly on Jan. 1 from 1938 to 1952.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—A banking group headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., is offering at prices to yield 0.60 to 2.30% an issue of \$8,520,000 Fairfield County, Conn., 1¼% Merritt Parkway bonds, due \$568.000 annually Jan. 1, 1938-1952 incl. The bonds, in the opinion of the bankers, are legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York and Connecticut.

Associated in the offering group are Bancamerica-Blair Corp.; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc.; Phelps, Fenn & Co.; Spencer Trask & Co., Inc.; Gregory & Son; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., Chas. D. Barney & Co., Newton, Abbe & Co.; Morse Bros. & Co., Inc.; First Michigan Corp.; R. F. Griggs Co., and Goodwin Beech & Co.

The bonds will constitute, in the opinion of counsel, general obligations of Fairfield County, payable from unlimited ad valorem taxation. They are additionally secured by the agreements of the State of Connecticut to the annual amortization and payment of interest upon the principal sum outstanding. The net taxable grand list of the county (1935) aggregated \$559,965,777 and the net bonded debt, including this issue, is officially reported as \$14,832,291.

NORW

NORWALK, Conn—BOND OFFERING—Wm. F. Brunicardi, City Comptroller, will receive bids until 5 p. m. Feb. 5 for the purchase at not less than par of \$36,000 school bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4% Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$5,000 yearly on Feb. 1 from 1938 to 1944, incl. Cert. check for 1% of amount of bonds bids for, payable to the City Treasurer, required.

## FLORIDA BONDS

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### **FLORIDA**

\$23,000 offered for sale on Jan, 30—V. 144, p. 810—were purchased by the W. O. Bramon Construction Co., according to the Town Clerk. The issues are divided as follows:
\$18,000 6% town hall and jail bonds.
\$5,000 6% town hall and jail bonds.
Due from July 21, 1944 to 1946.
Due from Oct. 1 1940 to 1946.

DADE COUNTY (P. O. Miami), Fla.—SEALED TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by W. H. Combs, Sr., Chairman of the Board of Public Instruction, that he will consider sealed offerings of County Board of Public Instruction refunding bonds, dated May 1, 1934, on Feb. 10, at 3 p. m. Said offerings must be firm for a period of 10 days subsequent to Feb. 10, and must be identified by series.

DAYTONA BEACH, Fla.—DETAILS ON RECENT COURT DECISION

DAYTONA BEACH, Fla.—DETAILS ON RECENT COURT DECISION—A recent decision of the State Supreme Court validated the issuance of \$3,055,600 of refunding bonds by the above city, as noted in these columns. The refunding bonds, the Court said, are not new bonds, but extensions of

obligations previously approved by freeholders. Homesteads which were subject to taxation when the original bonds were issued remain taxable for retiring the refunding bonds. The General Refunding Act of 1931, the Court stated, authorized refunding bonds even though an approving election has not been held.

JACKSON COUNTY SPECIAL TAX SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 69 (P. O. Marianna), Fla.—BOND OFFERING—The Board of Public Instruction of Jackson County will receive bids until 10 a. m. Feb. 26 for the purchase of a \$500 4% bonds of Special Tax School District No. 69. Dated Jan. 1, 1936. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Due Jan. 1, 1957.

LAKELAND, Fla.—BOND REFUNDING PROGRAM TO EFFECT LARGE SAVING—The City of Lakeland will save about \$500,000 through carrying out its own bond refunding program, City Attorney A. R. Carver estimates. The program calls for refunding about \$1,000,000 in back interest at 40 cents on the dollar, with no interest on this total for the first 10 years. It calls for issuance of new bonds, at dollar for dollar, on outstanding principal of some \$6,500,000, with a graduated interest rate over a 30-year period.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Ocala), Fla.—INTEREST RATE—It is stated by the Clerk of the Board of Commissioners that the \$83,000 refunding bonds sold to D. F. McRae & Co. of Jacksonville, and the Robinson-Humphrey Co. of Atlanta, jointly, at a price of 100.78, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 644—were purchased as 4½8, giving a basis of about 4.68%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1, 1954.

Humphrey Co. of Atlanta, jointly, at a price of 100.78, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 644—were purchased as 4½s, giving a basis of about 4.68%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1, 1954.

MIAMI, Fla.—DEBT REFUNDING PLAN VIEWED AS DOUBTFUL—We quote in part as follows from an article appearing in the "Wall Street Journai" of Feb. 4, dealing with the proposed refunding of the indebtedness of the above named city:

"Reports from Miami that a group of New York and Chicago investment firms had proposed the refunding of that city's entire indebtedness, approximating \$28,800,000, on a lower interest basis have been accepted with reservations by the financial district.

"In most circles it is contended that talk of refunding on a 4% basis—the figure stipulated in the reports—is at best premature. Miami has made considerable progress toward credit improvement in the past two years, and a continuance of the gains in general business and winter tourist trade, which have been noticeable, should enhance the city's credit rating.

"However, the present market for outstanding Miami bonds would seem to preclude the possibility of an early refunding on a 4% basis. Miami's 5% bonds are currently quoted at 97½ to 98; the 4½s are about 96 and the 4½s at 94½. At these prices they are yielding between 4.85% and 5.20%, a level which dims the prospects of a refunding at or near 4%. Coupon rates on the outstanding bonds of the city range between 4½% and 6% and the average rate is 4.97%.

"The reported proposal to the city was to refund the outstanding debt at 4%, with the interested investment houses offering to pay 99½ for the new bonds when and if issued. Another offer is said to have been given to the city for a refunding at 4½% interest. The second suggestion, it is understood, was turned down when the higher offer was received."

PASCO COUNTY (P. O. Dade City), Fla.—SEALED TENDERS INVITED—It is announced by Stanley Cochrane, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, that he will consider said offerings on Feb. 15, at 11 a. m

PINELLAS COUNTY (P. O. Clearwater), Fla.—DEBT REDUCTION PLAN ADOPTED—The Pinellas County Commissioners have adopted a plan intended to reduce the county debt by more than \$1,500,000. As a first step the Board will ask the State Legislature for an Act enabling it to cancel \$1,336,000 in county bonds under the Futch law, affecting delinquent taxes. The county debt, Clark McQuagge of the Board said, already is below the \$10,000,000 mark, for the first time since the boom days.

### **GEORGIA**

LAVONIA, Ga.—BOND ELECTION—An election is said to be scheduled for March 10, to vote on the issuance of \$19,000 in bonds, divided as ollows: \$16,000 paving, and \$3,000 water system bonds.

#### IDAHO

BONNEVILLE COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Idaho Falls), Idaho—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the District Clerk that the \$85,000 school bonds sold to Sudler, Wegener & Co. of Boise, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 811—were purchased as follows: \$32,000 as 2½s, and \$53,000 as 2½s. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1957.

CANYON COUNTY (P. O. Caldwell) Idaho—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that the First National Bank of Caldwell has purchased the following bonds aggregating \$95,000: \$55,000 tax anticipation bonds at 1½%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. 40,000 tax anticipation bonds at 1½%. Dated Aug. 1, 1937.

40,000 tax anticipation bonds at 134%. Dated Aug. 1, 1937.

GOODING COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 35 (P. O. Wendell), Idaho—BONDS NOT SOLD—REOFFERED—The \$15,000 school building bonds offered on Jan. 15—V. 144. p. 312—were not sold. A new offering of the issue will be made on Feb. 26 at 8 p. m., at which time H. D. Jackson, Clerk of the Board of Trustees, will receive bids. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%. Denom. \$500. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due \$500 July 1, 1938; \$1,000 on Jan. 1 and \$500 on July 1 in each of the years from 1939 to 1945; \$1,000 on Jan. 1 and \$1,000 on July 1 in 1946; and \$2,000 Jan. 1, 1947. Cert. check for \$750, payable to the District Treasurer, required. Sale will not be made at less than par.

Treasurer, required. Sale will not be made at less than par.

IDAHO, State of—BETTERMENT IN FINANCIAL POSITION REPORTED—A sharp increase in cash and a reduction in outstanding debt, are two favorable developments brought out in the blennial report of Idaho, issued by State Treasurer Myrtle P. Enking.
Beginning the fiscal period, October 1, 1934, the state had cash in the treasury of \$2.502.590, which was increased to \$4.395,630 as of Sept. 30, last. Receipts for the biennium totaled \$45,523,557 while disbursements were \$43,630,617.

During the period the state reduced its bonded debt \$848,000, from \$3,068,500 to \$2,220,500. There were no general fund notes outstanding either at the beginning or at the end of the period, although \$500,000 was sold during the term.

Short term obligations issued against the highway fund totaled \$300,000 no Cct. 1, 1934 but were paid off before the end of the period. Registered warrants outstanding at the beginning of the blennium totaled \$1,131,491. An aggregate of \$35,769,495 were sold during the period, but \$36,340,312 were redeemed and the state closed the year with \$560,594 outstanding, a reduction of \$570,897 during the period. As of Sept. 30, 1936, the state had \$329,105 in the bond interest and redemption fund.

TWIN FALLS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1 (P. O. Twin

TWIN FALLS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1 (P. O. Twin Falls), Idaho—BOND CALLS—S. H. Graves, District Treasurer, states that the following bonds are being called for payment:

On March 1—School building bonds, dated March 1, 1920, numbered 61 to 70.

April 1-School building bonds, dated April 1, 1919, numbered 106

to 120.
On July 1—Funding bonds, dated July 1, 1919, numbered 43 to 48.
Interest ceases on dates called. Payable at the office of the District

#### ILLINOIS

► BARRY, III.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent special election the voters approved a proposal to issue \$25,000 sewer system bonds.

CANTON, III.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$11,400 4% funding bonds has been sold to Harry A. Lowther, Inc., of Chicago at a price of par. Due July 1, 1956.

Municipal Bonds of ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN IOWA WISCONSIN Bought-Sold-Quoted

Robinson & Company, Inc.

MUNICIPAL BOND DEALERS

135 So. La Salle St., Chicago State 0540 Teletype CGO. 437

#### ILLINOIS

FCHICAGO PARK DISTRICT, III.—BOND CALL—The district has formally called for redemption on March 1 of \$3,880,000 series B bonds, numbers B1 to 3957, incl. No tenders were received on March 28 in response to the district's offer to purchase a similar amount of its series A, B, C, and D refunding bonds at not more than par.

EVANSTON TOWNSHIP HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 202 (P. O. Evanston), III.—ADDITIONAL DETAILS—The \$200,000 tax anticipation warrants of 1936 sold last December to Kirkstein & Co. of Chicago at par plus a premium of \$10 bear interest at 1½%, not 1.70% as previously reported, and will mature in less than one year, according to report.

FJASPER COUNTY (P. O. Newton), III.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$140,000 4% road bonds sold to the H. O. Speer & Sons Co. of Chicago, as reported in a previous issue, are dated Jan. 1, 1937 and mature Dec. 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1942; 1938 to 1949 incl.; \$6,000, 1941; \$8,000, 1942; \$9,000 in 1943 and 1944; \$10,000, 1945; \$11,000 from 1946 to 1948 incl.; \$12,000 in 1949 and 1950, and \$13,000 in 1951 and 1952. Principal and interest (J. & D.) payable at the First National Bank, Chicago. Legality approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

**E.LASALLE**, III.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$33,000 water revenue bonds was sold recently to Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. of St. Louis, at a price of 103.30. Legality approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

was sold recently to Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. of St. Louis, at a price of 103.30. Legality approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

MATTOON, III.—BOND ELECTION—The City Council has called an election for Feb. 16 at which a proposal to issue \$170,000 sewerage revenue bonds will be submitted to the voters.

MAYWOOD, III.—BONDS OFFERED TO INVESTORS—H. C. Speer & Sons Co., Chicago, are offering an issue of \$180,000 Maywood, III. water works and sewerage revenue 4% bonds, due serially May 1, 1938 to 1966, inclusive, at prices to yield 1.25% to 3.30%.

Proceeds from the sale of these bonds are to be used to improve and enlarge the municipally owned water works and sewerage system, principally by construction of two water-softening plants. For many years Maywood operated its water works property alone. In November, 1935 the village included the sewerage system with their water works system, and since then have been operating both with no additional charge being made for sewerage service.

Not income of the water works for the fiscal year ending April 30, 1934 amounted to \$65,240 before deductions for depreciation, interest and principal requirements. In 1935, net income amounted to \$383,878, also before charges. In May, 1935 the water rates were reduced and net income for the fiscal year 1936 amounted to \$52,587, before deductions. For the first half of the 1937 fiscal year, net income amounted to \$31,460 before charges. Annual average principal and interest requirements on all revenue bonds, including this issue, is \$28,190.

Maywood and an ordinance has been passed to collect such rates as will produce sufficient income at all times to pay principal and interest on these bonds, operating and maintenance expenses. In addition, a depreciation had has been established into which monthly deposits will be made.

SCOTT COUNTY (P. O. Winchester), III.—BOND SALE—The White-Phillips Co. and Vieth, Duncan, Worley & Wood, both of Davenport, have purchased an issue of \$45,000 poor relief bonds.

#### INDIANA

■BATESVILLE SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Bids will be received by the Secretary of the School City until 2 p. m. Feb. 20 for the purchase of an issue of \$26,950 bonds.

ELKHART, Ind.—BOND CALL—Herbert P. Sisterhen, City Clerk, announces that \$312,000 5% series B water works bonds will be redeemed on April 1, 1937, at the place of payment indicated on the face of the instruments. All unmatured coupons shall be attached to the bonds at the time of presentation for payment. The total includes \$262,000 bonds, dated Oct. 1, 1926, numbered from 1 to 90; 96 to 131; 137 to 272 all incl.; \$50,000 dated Oct. 1, 1927, numbered 273 to 322 incl. Denom. \$1,000. Interest payable A. & O.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$15,000 3% park real estate purchase bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 485—were awarded to Dewees & Ehrman at par, plus a premium of \$459,70, equal to 103.064, a basis of about 2.57%. Huyck & Co. of Chicago were second high, bidding a premium of \$426. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$1,000 yearly on Jan. 1 from 1938 to 1952, incl.

Thin 1938 to 1962, inci.

\*\*HANCOCK COUNTY (P. O. Greenfield), Ind.—BOND SALE—
The \$2,136 6% Pott's Ditch construction bonds offered on Jan. 30—V. 144, p. 485—were awarded to the Mohawk State Bank, the only bidder. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Denom. \$213.60. Due one bond annually on Dec. 1 from 1937 to 1946 incl.

1937 to 1946 incl.

HUNTINGTON, Ind.—LOSES POWER PLANT SUIT—The State Supreme Court on Feb. 3 upheld an injunction granted to the Northern Indiana Power Co. in its fight to prevent competition from a municipal electric light plant. The injunction, issued by Special Judge David E. Smith of Fort Wayne, sustained the utility's contention that under a certificate obtained from the Public Service Commission it had the sole right to distribute electric current in the city. The municipality began negotations last year toward having the Public Works Administration finance the plant.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—LOAN SALE DETAILS—The \$650,000 1% notes sold to a group of Indianapolis institutions headed by the Union Trust Co., at par plus a premium of \$6.50, are dated Jan. 25, 1937 and mature May 17, 1937.—V. 144, p. 811.

JACKSON SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Crandall), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$13,650 4% school building bonds offered on Jan. 22—V. 144, p. 815.

LYONS, Ind.—BOND SALE—The Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp.

LYONS, Ind.—BOND SALE—The Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp. of Indianapolis has purchased an issue of \$30,000 4% water works revenue bonds. Dated Nov. 15, 1936. Legality approved by Matson, Ross, McCord & Olifford of Indianapolis.

MARION, Ind.—WARRANT SALE—The \$40,000 warrant offered on on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. \$11—were awarded to the First National Bank of Marion on a \$1\frac{1}{2}\% interest interest, plus a premium of \$10. The Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp. bid \$1\frac{1}{2}\% interest, plus \$7.20 premium.

The warrants 1 to the First National Bank of Marion on a \$1\frac{1}{2}\% interest basis, plus a premium of \$10, are to be issued in the denomination of \$1,000 each, and carry date of Feb. 1, 1937, payable June 1, 1937.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Indianapolis) Ind.—ROND OFFERING

cach, and carry date of Feb. 1, 1937, payable June 1, 1937.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Indianapolis), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Charles A. Grossart, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Feb. 15 for the purchase of \$696,000 not to exceed 4% interest series A of 1937 advancement fund bonds, issued under Chapter 117, Acts of 1935, of finance poor relief requirements in the township's in the county. The bonds will be dated March 10, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$35,000 on June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1938 to 1946 incl. and \$33,000 June 1 and Dec. 1, 1947. Bidder to name a single interest rate on the issue, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Interest payable J. & D. A certified check for 3% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the Board of County Commissioners, must accompany each proposal. The joint opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford, and Smith, Remster, Hornbrook & Smith, both of Indianapolis, will be furnished the successful bidder. No conditional bids will be considered. Delivery and payment for the bonds to be made by the purchaser on March 10, 1937 at the County Treasurer's office or at such bank in Indianapolis designated by the successful bidder.

The bonds are direct obligations of the county, payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes on all of its taxable property.

The warrants mature on June 1, 1937.

PERRY SCHOOL TOWNSHIP, Marion County, Ind.—PROPOSED BOND ISSUE—A resolution was adopted on Jan. 27 authorizing the issuance of \$10,000 bonds for school construction purposes. They would bear interest at not more than 4% and mature serially in from 1 to 10 years. The township reports a net assessed valuation of taxable property of \$10,269,560 and a bonded debt, exclusive of the projected issue, of \$189,480.

SPICELAND SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Spiceland), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—The Township Trustee will receive bids until noon Feb. 20 for the purchase of an issue of \$27,000 bonds.

VANDERBURGH COUNTY (P. O. Evansville), Ind.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$100,000 jall and annex improvement bonds offered on Feb. 4—V. 144, p. 645—was awarded to A. S. Huyck & Co. of Chicago as 3½s at par plus a premium of \$1,380, equal to 101.38.

## Iowa Municipals

## **POLK-PETERSON CORPORATION**

Des Moines Building
DES MOINES

Waterloo Ottumwa Davenport
Cedar Rapids Iowa City Si
A. T. & T. Teletype: DESM 31 Sioux City Sioux Falls, S. D.

#### IOWA

AMES SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Ames) Iowa—BOND ELECTION CONTEMPLATED—It is stated by F. B. Howell, District Secretary, that an election may be held within the next 60 days to vote on \$100,000 in school bonds, to be used on a Public Works Administration project already approved.

ANKENY, Iowa—DESCRIPTION OF BONDS SOLD—The \$9,000 water works bonds awarded on Jan. 27 to the White-Phillips Co. of Davenport, as 2½s, at a premium of \$160, equal to 101.77—V. 144, p. 811—are coupon bonds in the denomination of \$500 each, dated Feb. 1, 1937. Interest payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1. Due \$500 yearly beginning Feb. 1, 1939.

BRITT, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—D. E. Williams, Town Clerk, will receive bids until 7:30 p. m. Feb. 8, for the purchase at not less than par of the following bonds:

\$38,387.67 special assessment sewer bonds. Dated Nov. 9, 1936. Interest payable annually on May 1. Due yearly on May 1 from 1938 to 1947.

payable annually on May 1. Due yearly on May 1 from 1938 to 1947.

11,000.00 sewer outlet and disposal plant bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Interest payable semi-annually on May 1, and Nov. 1. Due yearly on Nov. 1 from 1937 to 1957.

20,000.00 general obligation sewer bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Interest payable semi-annually on May 1 and Nov. 1. Due yearly on Nov. 1 from 1938 to 1946.

7,700.00 town improvement fund bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Interest payable semi-annually on May 1 and Nov. 1. Due yearly on Nov. 1 from 1941 to 1952.

15,000.00 water works revenue bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1. Due serially on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1938, 1939 and 1940; and \$1,500, 1941 to 1948; redeemable on and after Feb. 1, 1942.

Bidders are to name rate of interest. The town will furnish the bonds and approving legal opinion.

FORT DODGE, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$231,000 issue of coupon sewerage plant bonds offered for sale on Jan. 25—V. 144, p. 485—was finally awarded on Jan. 29 to the Iowa-Des Moines National Bank & Trust Co. of Des Moines, as 21/8, paying a premium of \$1,245, equal to 100,539, according to the City Clerk. A premium of \$1,240 on 21/2s, was tendered by Shaw, McDermott & Sparks, of Des Moines.

The bonds are 21/2% coupon bonds in the denomination of \$1,000 each. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1. Due serially to 1956.

JOHNSON COUNTY (P. O. Iowa City), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 issue of funding bonds offered for sale on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 812—was awarded to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, as 2½s, paying a premium of \$50, equal to 100.45, a basis of about 2.20%. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due from May 1, 1945 to 1947.

KEOTA, Iowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the Town Clerk that the two issues of coupon bonds, aggregating \$27,335.19, awarded on Jan. 25 to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, as noted in these columns previously—V. 144, p. 812—are in the denominsation of \$500 each. The issues are divided as follows: \$8,000 3½% general bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1937, and \$19,335.19 5% street improvement bonds, dated Dec. 3, 1936. Due serially over a period of 20 years. Interest payable M. & N.

LEON, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$7.848.70 coupon bonds described below, which were offered on Jan. 29, were awarded to Sargent Bros. of Des Moines at par: \$5,848.70 5% street improvement bonds. Due serially on May 1 from 1937 to 1946.
2,000.00 3½% improvement fund bonds. Due \$500 yearly on May 1 from 1938 to 1941.

Denom. \$200 to \$500. Dated Jan. 23, 1937. Interest payable annually on May 1.

MONONA COUNTY (P. O. Onawa) Iowa—WARRANT SALE—A \$25,000 issue of 3% anticipatory warrants was offered for sale on Feb. 3 and was awarded to local investors, for a premium of \$150.00, equal to 100.60.

MUSCATINE COUNTY (P. O. Muscatine), Iowa—BOND SALE—he \$18,000 issue of funding bonds offered for sale on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 2—was awarded to the Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines, according the County Auditor.

OSKALOSA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oskaloosa), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$60,000 refunding bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 645—were awarded to Jackley & Co. of Des Moines as 2½s, at par, plus a premium of \$100, equal to 100.166, a basis of about 2.48%. The Carleton D. Beh Co. of Des Moines was second high, offering a premium of \$950 for 2½s. Dated May 1, 1937. Due \$15.000 on May 1 from 1946 to 1949, incl.

ROLFE, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—F. E. Grant, Town Clerk, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Feb. 8, for the purchase of \$4,000 3¼% improvement fund bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Principal and interest payable at the Town Treasurer's office. Due on Nov. 1 as follows: \$300, 1937, 1938 and 1939; \$400, 1940 and 1941; \$300, 1942; and \$400, 1943 to 1947. The bonds and attorney's opinion will be furnished by the town.

MSCOTT COUNTY (P. O. Davenport), Iowa—BOND SALE—The County Supervisors have sold an issue of \$45,000 2% funding bonds to the White-Phillips Corp.; Vieth, Duncan, Worley & Wood, both of Davenport. Due on Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000, 1940; \$31,000, 1941 and \$10,000, 1042.

#### KANSAS

CONCORDIA, Kan.—MATURITY—In connection with the sale of the \$17,125.78 park and sewer bonds to the State School Fund Commission, noted in these columns recently—V. 144, p. 646—it is now reported by the City Clerk that the bonds mature as follows: \$12,000 2½% park bonds. Due on Sept. 1, 1946.

5,125.78 2½% storm sewer bonds. Due on June 1, 1946.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (P. O. Oskaloosa), Kan.—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 2% county poor relief bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 812—were awarded to W. E. Davis & Co. of Topeka at a price of 100,028, a basis of about 1,99%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$2,000 yearly on Feb. 1 from 1939 to 1948, inclusive.

LE ROY, Kan.—BOND SALE—Two issues of bonds, one of \$31,000 or waterworks and another of \$22,000 for sewers, have been sold to the mall-Milburn Co. of Wichita.

Small-Milburn Co, of Wichita.

WICHITA, Kan.—BOND SALE—The \$202,000 issue of 2% coupon semi-ann, internal improvement refunding bonds offered for sale on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 646—was awarded jointly to Lazard Freres & Co., Inc., of New York, and Callender, Burke & MacDonald, of Kansas City, at a discount of \$347.44, equal to 99.828, a basis of about 2.035%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due in approximately equal annual instalments over a 10-year period.

The second best bid was an offer of 99.63, submitted jointly by the City National Bank & Trust Co. of Kansas City, and Stern Bros. & Co., also of Kansas City.

#### KENTUCKY

KENTUCKY, State of—BOND SALE—It is now reported by Robert Humphreys, Commissioner of Highways, that the \$250,000 Bridge Revenue Project No. 11 bonds offered for sale on Jan. 28, as noted in these columns—V. 144, p. 486—were purchased by the Security Trust Co. of Lexington. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Jan. 1, 1952, subject to redemption before maturity.

#### Offerings Wanted:

#### LOUISIANA & MISSISSIPPI MUNICIPALS

Bond Department

## WHITNEY NATIONAL BANK

NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Bell Teletype N. O. 182 Raymond 5409

#### LOUISIANA

BIENVILLE PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16 (P. O. Arcadia) La.—BOND SALE.—The \$20,000 issue of 5½% semi-ann, school bonds offered for sale on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 64—was purchased by the First National Bank of Arcadia, according to the Secretary of the Parish School Board. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due from Jan. 1, 1939 to 1948 incl.

MATIE, La—BONDS NOT SOLD.—The \$30,000 water works improvement bonds offered on Feb. 2.—V. 144, p. 486—were not sold. The only bid received, an offer of a premium of \$33 for 6% bonds, was rejected. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due serially in 18 years.

MINDEN, La.—BOND SALE.—The \$120,000 light and water plant bonds recently approved by the voters have been sold by the City Council to the Peoples Bank & Trust Co. of Minden and the Bank of Minden, jointly.

ORLEANS PARISH (P. O. New Orleans) La.—PAYING AGENT

ORLEANS PARISH (P. O. New Orleans) La.—PAYING AGENT NAMED—We are informed that the Manufacturers Trust Co. of New York, is paying agent for \$1,500,000 Orleans Parish School Board 4% school bonds, dated Dec. 1, 1927, due from Dec. 1, 1937 to 1967.

#### MAINE

AUGUSTA, Me.—BOND ISSUE DETAILS—The \$35,000 2½% bonds sold to the Shawmut National Bank of Boston, at a price of 101, as previously reported, were issued for school and refunding purposes. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Coupon in form, due serially from 1938 to 1952 incl. Interest payable F. & A.

RUMFORD AND MEXICO WATER DISTRICT (P. O. Rumford), Me.—BOND SALE—Award of the \$172,000 coupon refunding bonds offered on Jan. 28 was made to Coffin & Burr of Boston on their bid of 101.20 for 3½s, a basis of about 3.37%. The First National Bank of Boston bid 100.75 and F. S. Moseley & Co. of Boston, 101.07, both for 3½s. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows \$5,000 from 1941 to 1952; \$8,000 from 1963 to 1961, and \$40,000 in 1962.

Financial Statement. Jan. 1, 1937

Gross revs. for years \$43,772.32 \$42,201.93 \$43,656.78 \$44,102.14 \$43,951.70 Net profits for years \$7,641.03 6,892.10 6,719.19 12,068.30 x8,237.42 Surplus, \$37,605.92. Sinking funds, \$14,114.82. The district has no floating debt. x Drop in profits 1936 due to expenses caused by damage of flood in]1936

#### MARYLAND

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Rockville), Md.—BOND SALE—It is reported that an issue of \$180,000 school bonds has been sold to John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago.

WICOMICO COUNTY (P. O. Salisbury), Md.—BOND SALE—The \$140,000 coupon or registered, series B, public school construction bonds offered on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 813—were awarded to an account composed of Mackubin, Legg & Co., Mercantile Trust Co., Baker, Watts & Co., Stein Bros. & Boyce, and Strother, Brogden & Co., all of Baltimore, as 3s, at a price of 100.419, a basis of about 2.97%. Dated Jan. 1, 1937 and due \$35,000 annually on Jan. 1 from 1952 to 1955 incl. Second high bid of 100.153 for 3s was made by Alex. Brown & Sons of Baltimore.

#### **MASSACHUSETTS**

BOSTON, Mass.—BUDGET SUBMITTED—Mayor Mansfield submitted to the City Council budget recommendations totaling \$34,177,667 for city departments and \$3,645,653 for county departments, excluding borrowings for relief, Boston Elevated deficit, Metropolitan District assessment, state taxes and school expenses, which must be known before fixing the 1937 tax rate. Total for city departments is \$57,543 under 1936 and county total \$50,723 more.

BOSTON METROPOLITAN DISTRICT (P. O. Boston), Mass.—BOND CALL—Joseph Wiggin, Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, has called for redemption on March 1, on which date interest shall cease, the following bonds at the principal amount of such bonds of each such series of bonds of each series in fully registered form without coupons, with interest due on said redemption date) in accordance with the terms of said bonds:

bonds:
Series A, 4½%, of 1932. Due March 1, 1938 and 1939.
Series B, 4½%, of 1932. Due March 1, 1940 to 1966.
Vonds should be presented for redemption and payment and surrendered on date called at the principal office of the First National Bank of Boston, the District's paying agent in Boston, or at the principal office of the National City Bank of New York City, the Districts' paying agent in New York City.
Fully registered bonds and bonds registered as to principal (otherwise than to bearer) should be accompanied by duly executed instruments of transfer.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—LOAN OFFERING—William J. Shea, City Treasurer will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Feb. 10 for the purchase at discount of \$500,000 notes issued in anticipation of revenue for 1987. Detect Feb. 11, 1937. Denoms. \$50,000, \$25,000, \$10,000 and \$5,000.

Due Nov. 3, 1937. Said notes will be authenticated as to genuineness and validity by The First National Bank of Boston, under advice of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins, Boston, and all legal papers incident to this issue will be filed with said bank, where they may be inspected. Notes will be delivered on or about Thursday, Feb. 11, 1937, at The First National Bank of Boston, 17 Court Street Office, Boston, for Boston funds, and are payable at The First National Bank of Boston, in Boston, or at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., in New York City.

#### Tax Report

Year— 1934	Levy \$6,986,707.42	Feb. 3, 1937 \$81,590.47
1935	7.407.855.40	327,698.18
1936	7,224,195.60	1,506,570.68

HAVERHILL, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$300,000 revenue anticipation notes offered on Feb. 5 was awarded to the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, at 0.87% discount. Dated Feb. 6, 1937, and due Nov. 4, 1937.

Tax Levy 1934	\$1,972,182,16
1935	2,291,716.56
1936	2,204,843.96
Uncollected as of Jan. 30, 1937	997.92
1934	
1936	676.134.08
Gross debt as of Jan. 30, 1937	1,407,523.30
Net debt as of Jan. 30. 1937	1,260,523.30
Sinking funds	22,000.00 265,770.78
Cash on hand Notes outstanding from 1936 revenue	

HOLYOKE, Mass.—LOAN OFFERING—Lionel Bonvouloir, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. on Feb. 9 for the purchase at discount of \$500,000 notes issued in anticipation of revenue for 1937. Denoms. \$50,000. \$25,000. \$10,000 and \$5,000. Notes will be dated Feb. 9, 1937, and payable Nov. 5, 1937 at The First National Bank of Boston, in Boston, or at The Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., in New York City, and will be ready for delivery on or about Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1937, at either of said offices. Said notes will be authenticated as to genuineness and validity by The First National Bank of Boston, under advice of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge, Boston, and all legal papers incident to this issue will be filed with said bank, where they may be inspected.

#### Financial Statement, Jan. 31, 1937

Valuation, 1935	84,471,330.00
1936	83.514.150.00
Tax titles	285.681.45
Borrowed against	207,336.09
Total uncollected taxes previous to 1934	
경기가 있는 지수 있었다면 하지만 사용하여 하지만 있다고 하고 말했다.	Uncollected to
Year— Levy	Jan. 31, 1937
1934\$2,461,094.69	
19352,356,617.20	
19362,330,743.45	
Tax anticipation notes outstanding against 1936, \$750,000.	

LYNN, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$500,000 revenue anticipation notes offered on Feb. 1 was awarded to the First National Bank of Boston, at 0.648% discount. Due Nov. 5, 1937. Other bids were as

Bidder— Di	scount
Faxon, Gade & Co	68%
Day Trust Co	713%
Merchants National Bank of Boston	14/0
Taskan & Cuntic	75%
Whiting, Weeks & Knowles	10%

METHUEN, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$175,000 notes offered on Feb. 3 was awarded to the Second National Bank of Boston, on a .639% discount basis. The New England Trust Co. of Boston bid. 67% discount Notes are payable \$150,000 on each of the dates Nov. 5 and Nov. 16, 1937.

Other bids were as follows:	
Bidder— Discount	
First National Bank of Boston	,
National Shawmut Bank	š.,
National Snawmut Bank	
Merchants National Bank of Boston0.89%	
Faxon, Gade & Co	
Whiting Weeks & Knowles	

■ NEWBURYPORT, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$300.000 revenue anticipation notes offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 813—was awarded to the Merchants National Bank of Boston, at 0.68% discount. Due Nov. 5, 1937. Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Discount

NEWTON, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN—The \$500,000 revenue anticlpation notes offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. \$13—were awarded to the Day Trust Co. of Boston, at 0.49% discount. Due Nov. 10, 1937. Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Discount

bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Merchants National Bank of Boston

Merchants National Bank of Boston

Merchants National Bank of Boston

Jo.514%

Jackson & Ourtis

O.52%

Jackson & Curtis

Whiting, Weeks & Knowles

Jo.54%

E. H. Rollins & Sons

SALEM, Mass.—TEMPORARY LOAN—The Naumkeag Trust Co. was swarded an issue of \$500,000 revenue notes at 0.53% discount. Due \$300,000,000 Nov. and \$200,000 Nov. 10, 1937. Day Trust Co. was second high bidder at 0.54%.

Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Merchants National Bank of Salem

Discount

Discount

O.56%

 Bidder—
 Discount

 Merchants National Bank of Salem
 0.56%

 Second National Bank of Boston
 0.589%

 First National Bank of Boston (plus \$1)
 0.65%

 New England Trust Co. for \$200,000 maturity
 0.475%

 Note—Naumkeag Trust Co. bid for all or none.
 0.475%

TAUNTON, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$200,000 revenue anticipation notes offered on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 813—were awarded to the Merchants National Bank of Boston, at 0.74% discount. Dated Feb. 3, 1937 and due Nov. 17, 1937. Other bids were as follows:

## MICHIGAN

BAY CITY, Mich.—BOND SALE—The \$47,000 general obligation emergency bonds offered on Dec. 14—V. 143, p. 3877—were awarded to the Channer Securities Co. of Chicago, the only bidder, as 1½s, at par plus a premium of \$32.90, equal to 100.07, a basis of about 1.47%. Dated Nov. 23, 1936 and due Nov. 23 as follows: \$15,000 in 1937, and \$16,000 in 1938 and 1939.

In 1938 and 1939...

DETROIT, Mich.—SEEKS BOND TENDERS—The City of Detroit nas called for tenders of its general callable refunding bonds in the amount of \$230,000, subject to acceptance on the basis of the highest net yield to the city. They will be received until Feb. 11 at the office of John N. Daley, City Controller, who requests that tenders show the purpose, the rate of interest, date of maturity, the dollar value and the yield to maturity.

We Buy for Our Own Account

## MICHIGAN MUNICIPALS

## Cray, McFawn & Company

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#### MICHIGAN

ECORSE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Ecorse), Mich.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$240,000 nen-callable coupon refunding bonds of 1937 offered on Jan. 28—V. 144, p. 647—was awarded to H. V. Sattley & Co. of Detroit, as 4s, at par plus a premium of \$1,190.20, equal to 100.495, a basis of about 3.81%. Dated Feb. 15, 1937 and due Feb. 15 as follows: \$40.000 from 1938 to 1941 incl. and \$20,000 from 1942 to 1945 inclusive.

PHAMTRAMCK, Mich.—NOTES APPROVED—The Michigan Public Debt Commission and Loan Board has approved the issuance by the city of \$345.000 notes against anticipated uncollected taxes for the next succeeding fiscal year. Notes will mature on or before Aug. 1, 1937.

ONAWAY (CITY OF) AND ALLIS TOWNSHIP FRACTIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2, Mich.—BOND SALE.—The \$14,000 4% % school bonds offered on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 813—were awarded to the First National Bank of Petoskey, contigent upon approval of the Public Works Administration. Dated Jan. 1, 1937 and due Jan. 1 as follows: \$500, 1938 to 1948 incl.; \$600, 1949 to 1954 incl. and \$700 from 1955 to 1961 incl. Redeemable on 60 days notice on or after Jan. 1, 1949, on any interest date, at a price of 101, by lot, at district's option.

any interest date, at a price of 101, by lot, at district's option.

PONTIAC, Mich.—ADOPTS BUDGET—The 1937 budget, calling for a rate of \$1.31 mills to rise a total of \$1,038,680.04 by taxation "or from other sources", has been adopted by the City Commission. The rate compares with that of only 5.5 mills allowed by the County Tax Allocation Board in 1936. If the proposed budget is passed by the tax board, the 15-mill limitation will leave but 2.69 mills for the schools and county in the present year. The appropriations include an item of \$152,305 for the police department, compared with \$131,567.51 in 1936. The increase apparently is accounted for by contempl ted salary raises or additions to the department.

ROYAL OAK, Mich.—BOND OFFERING WANTED—Sealed tenders for sale to the city, at prices below par, of series B, C and D refunding bonds will be received by Minnie N. Reeves, City Treasurer, until 7:30 p. m. on, Feb. 8. The city will act on the offers and make available the purchase funds before Feb. 10. A separate tender, accompanied by a certified check for 2% of the offering, payable to the City Treasurer, must be made on each series tendered and the holder is required to fully describe the offering, including serial numbers. A flat price must be quoted and all bonds tendered must have April 1, 1937 and subsequent interest coupons attached to the instruments. Delivery of the bonds purchased will be made at the Detroit Trust Co., Detroit, within 10 days after acceptance of tender.

SPRING LAKE, Mich.—BOND SALE—Of the \$40,000 coupon bonds

SPRING LAKE, Mich.—BOND SALE—Of the \$40,000 coupon bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 813—the \$22,000 village hall bonds were awarded to the Channer Securities Co. of Chicago as 3½s, at par, plus a premium of \$440, equal to 102, a basis of about 3.30%. McDonald, Moore & Hayes of Grand Rapids bid a premium of \$43 for 3½s. Dated Dec. 15, 1936. Due \$1,000 yearly from 1938 to 1959.

There were no bids for the \$18,000 sewage disposal plant bonds offered at the same time. Dated Dec. 31, 1936. Due as follows \$1,000, 1937 to 1950; and \$2,000, 1951 and 1952.

Braun, Bosworth & Co. of Toledo offered to pay par plus a premium of \$79 for 4s.

UTICA, Mich.—BOND SALE—The \$34,500 bonds offered on Jan. 25—144, p. 648—were awarded to Guy G. Wedthoff & Co. of Detroit. The le consisted of:

sale consisted of:
\$22,500 general obligation sewage disposal system bonds. Dated Jan. 15, 1937, and due Jan. 15 as follows: \$500 in 1938 and \$1,000 from 1939 to 1960, inclusive.

12,000 sewage disposal plant and sewage disposal system revenue bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1937, and due Feb. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1940\_to 1945, incl., and \$1,000 from 1946 to 1954, incl.

#### Northwestern Municipals

Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Oregon, Washington

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#### MINNESOTA

AUSTIN COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 14 (P. O. Austin), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$2,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 648—was purchased by a local investor, as 2.90s, according to the District Clerk. The price paid was par. Denom, \$200. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$200 from July 1, 1938 to 1947, incl. Interest payable Feb. 1.

BIWABIK, Minn.—PRICE PAID—It is now stated by the Village Clerk that the \$42,700 certificates of indebtedness purchased by local investors as noted in these columns recently—V. 144, p. 814—were sold as 4s at par. Dated Jan. 18, 1937. Due on Dec. 31, 1937.

Dated Jan. 18, 1937. Due on Dec. 31, 1937.

CANBY, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 1 p m. on Feb. 8, by J. R. Guddal, City Recorder, for the purchase of a \$38,500 issue of community hall bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3 %, payable J. & J. Denom. \$1,000, one for \$500. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due on Jan. 1 as follows \$1,500, 1939; \$2,000, 1940 to 1956, and \$3,000 in 1957. Prin. and int. payable at any suitable bank or trust company designated by the purchaser. The approving opinion of Junell, Driscoll, Fletcher, Dorsey & Barker, of Minneapolis, will be furnished. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on April 7, 1936. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to the city, must accompany the bid.

CLOVER (P. O. Twin Lakes), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$6,000 issue of 3% semi-annual refunding, Series B bonds offered for sale on Jan. 2—V. 144, p. 137—was purchased at par by Mr. T. G. Evenson, of Minneapolis, according to the Town Clerk. Dated Dec. 1, 1936. Due on Dec. 1, 1956, optional on any interest payment date before maturity.

1, 1956, optional on any interest payment date before maturity.

JACKSON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Jackson), Minn.—BOND ELECTION CONTEMPLATED—It is reported that an election will be held in the near future to vote on the issuance of \$110,000 in high school addition bonds, according to report.

McLEOD COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Hutchinson), Minn.—BOND OFFERING—H. R. Kurth, Clerk of the School Board, will receive bids until 2 p. m. Feb. 10 for the purchase of \$175,000 school building bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, not to exceed 3%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Interest payable sami-annually. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$9,000, 1940 to 1944; and \$10,000, 1945 to 1957. Principal and interest payable at any suitable bank or trust company designated by the purchaser. The district will furnish the executed bonds and the approving legal opinion of Junell, Driscoll, Fletcher, Dorsey & Barker of Minnaapolis. Cert. check for \$1,000, payable to the District, required. (Preliminary notice of this offering appeared in these columns under the caption "Hutchinson School District, Minn."—V. 144, p. 814.)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$825,000 coupon, fully registerable, bonds described below, which were offered on Feb. 2—V. 144 p. 648—were awarded to Brown, Harriman & Co., Phelps, Fenn & Co., both of New York, and the Wells-Dickey Co. of Minneapolis, as 2.10s, paying a premium of \$625, equal to 100.075, a basis of about 2.09%: 755,000 public relief bonds.

75,000 permanent improvement (work relief) bonds.
Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due annually in approximately equal instalments, from 1938 to 1947.

from 1938 to 1947.

BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—The bonds were immediately reoffered to investors at prices to yield from .60% to 2.20%, according to maturity.

to investors at prices to yield from .60% to 2.20%, according to maturity.

NEW ULM, Minn.—BIDS RECEIVED—AWARD DEFERRED—There was only one bid received on Feb. 2 when the city offered an issue of \$60,000 2½% coupon sewer bonds. The Citizens State Bank of New Ulm offered to take \$15,000 bonds of the early maturities at a price of par for 2½s. Decision as to acceptance or rejection of the bid was deferred to Feb. 5. The bonds as offered were dated March 1, 1937 and were to mature \$3,000 yearly on March 1 from 1939 to 1958, incl., subject to prior redemption at the option of the City Council.

NEW ULM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL-DISTRICT (P. O. New Ulm), Minn.—BONDS VOTED—At an election on Jan. 29 the voters are said to have approved the issuance of \$100,000 in school addition bonds by a large margin.

POLK COUNTY (P. O. Crookston), Minn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until Feb. 17, by Henry J. Welte, County Auditor, for the purchase of a \$90,000 issue of bridge bonds. Bidders to name the rate of interest. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due \$10,000 from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1946, incl. The approving opinion of Junell, Driscoll, Fletcher, Dorsey & Barker, of Minneapolis, will be furnished. A certified check for \$1,500 must accompany the bid.

(This report supplements the offering notice given in our issue of Jan. 30—V. 144, p. 814.)

ST. PAUL, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Feb. 10, by Harold F. Goodrich, City Comptroller, for the purchase of an issue of \$150,000 coupon public welfare bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable semi-annually. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$13,000, 1938 and 1939; \$14,000, 1940 and 1941; \$15,000, 1942 and 1943; \$16,000, 1944 and 1945, and \$17,000 in 1946 and 1947. Bids may be submitted in multiples of 1-10th and ½ of 1%. Bonds must bear one rate of interest. The approving opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman, of New York City, and Walter Fosness, of St. Paul, will be furnished. All bids must be unconditional. No bids for less than par and accrued interest will be considered. Bonds will be turnished by the city, but delivery shall be at purchaser's expense. Payable in lawful money of the United States, at the office of the Commissioner of Finance, St. Paul, or at the city's fiscal agency in New York. A certified check for 2% of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the city, is required.

WHEATON, Minn.—CORRECTION—It is stated by the Village CI that the report given in these columns recently, that the voters had proved the issuance of \$44,000 in water system bonds—V. 144, p. 648-incorrect.

#### MISSISSIPPI

BAY ST. LOUIS, Miss.—PRICE PAID—In connection with the sale of the \$38,500 5% semi-annually funding bonds to Dane & Weil, Inc., of New Orleans, as noted in these columns early in January—V. 144, p. 314—it is stated by the City Clerk that the bonds were sold at par. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1947.

Jan. 1, 1937. Due from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1947.

CLARKSDALE, Miss.—BOND OFFERING DEFERRED—It is stated by Adrian H. Boyd, City Clerk, that a \$67,500 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-annual refunding bonds had originally been scheduled for sale on Feb. 8, but it was decided to postpone the sale for about 60 days.

COWART CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Charleston), Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that the First National Bank Trust Co. of Vicksburg, has purchased \$6,000 6% semi-annual refunding bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1936.

EDWARDS, Miss.—BOND SALE—The \$13,500 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 648—was purchased by the Merchants National Bank of Vicksburg, as 4 1/4s, paying a premium of \$75.00 equal to 100.55. a basis of about 4.18%. Dated May 1, 1937. Due from May 1, 1938 to 1953 incl.

from May 1, 1938 to 1953 incl.

McCOMB, Miss.—BOND CALL—It is stated by Kenneth G. Price, City Attorney, that at a meeting held on Jan. 26, the City Council called for redemption at the Whitney National Bank of New Orleans, on April 1, 5% special assessment refunding bonds, numbered 524 to 533. Dated Oct. 1, 1934. Denom. \$500. Due on Oct. 1, 1954.

MARION COUNTY (P. O. Columbia), Miss.—BOND SALE—The \$34,000 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 814—was awarded to Wiggins & Walton of Jackson as 3 34s, paying a premium of \$34.00, equal to 100.10, according to the Chancery Clerk.

### MISSOURI

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo.—CORRECTION—We are now informed by R. P. Smith, City Attorney, that the \$55,000 coupon park bonds sold on Jan. 25 to a group headed by Baum, Bernheimer & Co. of Kansas City, as noted here—V. 144, p. 814—were awarded as follows: \$40,000 as 2\frac{1}{2}\s, instead of all as 2\frac{1}{2}\s, as we had previously reported. He also points out that the premium paid was \$297.50, (not \$710.00), equal to 100.54. The bonds mature serially in from two to 12 years.

#### MONTANA

EAST HELENA, Mont.—BOND OFFERING—John Gough, City Clerk, will receive bids until 7 p. m. March 3 for the purchase of \$40,000 800 sewer system bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Cert. check for \$1,000,required.

FERGUS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Lewistown). Mont.—BOND SALE DETAILS—It is now reported by the Superintendent of Schools that the \$28,000 refunding bonds purchased by the State Loan Board, as 334s, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 648—are dated Feb. 1, 1937, and mature in 10 years.

GLASGOW, Mont.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$24,000 issue of not to exceed 6% semi-ann, park improvement bonds offered on Jan. 27, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 315—was not sold as all the bids were rejected.

BONDS RE-OFFERED—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. Feb. 10, by G. D. Peterson, City Clerk, for the purchase of the above bonds.

### NEBRASKA MUNICIPAL BONDS

OMAHA, DOUGLAS COUNTY, LINCOLN AND OTHER NEBRASKA ISSUES

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## **NEBRASKA**

MILLARD, Neb.— $PRICE\ PAID$ —It is now reported by the Village Clerk that the \$7,000 refunding bonds purchased by the Farmers State Bank of Millard, as noted here recently—V 144, p. 815—were sold as 3½s at par.

MINATARE, Neb.—BOND ELECTION—It is reported that an election will be held on Feb. 23 to vote on the issuance of \$46,000 in bonds to acquire the ownership of the local electrical distribution system.

RICHARDSON COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 6 (P. O. Falls City), Neb.—MATURITY—It is stated by the Attorney for the District that the \$13,000 drainage bonds sold to the First National Bank

of Falls City, as 3.70s, as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 815—are due as follows: \$1,000, 1942 to 1948, and \$2,000, 1949 to 1951.

as follows: \$1,000, 1942 to 1948, and \$2,000, 1949 to 1951.

ST. PAUL, Neb.—BONDS CALLED—L. B. Conklin, City Clerk, is reported to have called for payment on Feb. 1 the following 4½% semi-ann, bends aggregating \$12,000

\$10,000 refunding district paying bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1926. Due on Feb. 1, 1946, optional Feb. 1, 1937. Numbered 46 to 55.

2,000 sewer bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1929. Due on Feb. 1, 1949, optional on Feb. 1, 1935. Numbers 6 and 7.

Denom. \$1,000. Interest ceased on date called.

It is said that the city seeks to pay off the above bonds by issuing a like amount of 4% refunding bonds.

WILBER, Neb.—BOND ISSUANCE CONTEMPLATED—It is intended to offer for sale a \$48,000 issue of not to exceed 3% refunding bonds, according to report. Dated March 1, 1937. Due on March 1, 1947.

#### **NEW HAMPSHIRE**

MANCHESTER, N. H.—LOAN OFFERING—F. D. McLaughlin, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Feb. 11 for the purchase at discount of \$500,000 revenue notes, issued in anticipation of taxes for the year 1937. Denoms. \$25,000, \$10,000 and \$5,000. Notes will be dated Feb. 11, 1937, and payable July 15, 1937 at The First National Bank of Boston, in Boston, Massachusetts, or at The Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., in New York City, and will be ready for delivery on or about Friday, Feb. 12, 1937, in Boston, or on or about Monday, Feb. 15, 1937, in New York City.

They will be authenticated as to genuineness and validity by The First National Bank of Boston, under advice of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins, Boston, and all legal papers incident to this issue will be filed with said bank, where they may be inspected.

Financial Statement, Feb. 1, 1937 Valuation 1935	et a market	\$92,757,548
Valuation 1936		85,038,060
Tax titles		96,277.28
Tax title loans		None
Total Uncollected Taxes for all years	prior to 1934	\$7,837.06
Year	Levy	Uncollected to Feb. 1, 1937
1934	\$2,823,931.00	\$7,837.06
1935	3.061.541.00	14,639.50
1936	3.580,174.00	559,798.33
Tax Anticipation Notes ouestandin	g against 1936, \$1,	.000,000.

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### **NEW JERSEY**

\*\*BEACH HAVEN, N. J.—BOND APPROVAL WITHELD—Declaring that the "plan be laid over and no formal action taken thereon because the issuance expense is frightfully excessive," the State Funding Commission on Jan. 22 took no further action on the request of the borough for approval of a proposal to issue \$159,000 refunding bonds.

Commission, at a special meeting held on Jan. 22, approved the proposal of the city to issue \$1,620,000 refunding bonds.

CARTERET, N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Borough Council on Jan. 25 adopted on final reading an ordinance authorizing the issuance of \$62,000 refunding bonds.

DELAWARE TOWNSHIP, N. J.—MAY EXTEND MATURITIES—According to minutes of the Municipal Finance Commission meeting of Jan. 22, the Board of Education plans to have bondholders agree to having 1937 maturities extended in some instances in order to have a school budget substantially the same as that of 1936-1937.

ESSEX COUNTY (P. O. Newark), N. J.—APPROVES BOND ISSUE—Bond of Freeholders has adopted a resolution authorizing an issue of \$800,000 bonds for voting machines.

GREENWICH TOWNSHIP (P. O. Gibbatown), N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$57,000 coupon or registered refunding bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 315—were awarded to the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Paulsboro as 4s, at par, plus a premium \$469.11, equal to 100.823, a basis of about 3.92%. Hendricks & Eastwood Inc., of Philadelphia, were second high, offering a premium of \$221.73 for 4s. Dated Dec. 1, 1936. Due on Dec. 1 as follows \$1,000, 1939 and 1940; \$2,000, 1941, 1942 and 1943; \$3,000, 1944 and 1945; \$4,000, 1946 and 1947; and \$5,000, 1948 to 1954.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mercer County, N. J.—BOND ELECTION—The taxpayers will vote on Feb. 9 on a proposal to issue \$110,000 school building bonds.

HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, N. J.—BONDS SOLD—The Sinking Fund ommission purchased in 1936 an issue of \$10,000 4% sewage disposal plant Commission pu bonds at par.

HIGHLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT, N. J.—BOND EXCHANGE—The Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund has accepted \$175,000 school refunding bonds in exchange for a similar amount of original debt.

HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP, Mercer County, N. J.—BONDS PASSED ON FIRST READING—On Jan. 25 the Township Committee passed on first reading an ordinance authorizing the issuance of \$100,000 refunding bonds. Final consideration will be given the ordinance on Feb. 9.

IRVINGTON, N. J.—BONDS PROPOSED—The Town Commissioners are approved on first reading an ordinance authorizing the issuance of

\$180,000 emergency relief bonds. The measure will come up for final consideration on Feb. 9.

METUCHEN, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Arthur T. Strong, Borough casurer, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. on Feb. 15 for the purchase Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p. m. on Feb. 15 for the purchase of \$24,000 not to exceed 5% Interest coupon or registered emergency relief bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 on Feb. 1 from 1938 to 1945 incl. Rate of interest to be expressed in a multiple of \$4 or 1-10th of 1%. Interest payable F. & A. The bonds will be issued pursuant to Chapter 25, Laws of New Jersey of 1936. Bids for less than of said bonds may be considered and accepted only if the bonds bid for are those first maturity and the amount bid equals or exceeds \$24,000. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to the order of the Borough Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The approving opinion of Caldwell & Raymond of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

bidder.

NEW JERSEY (State of)—SEEKS RELEASE OF \$4,000,000 FOR INVESTMENT PURPOSES—State Treasurer William H. Albright has asked Attorney General David Wilentz for an opinion as to whether he can legally arrange for the investment of more than \$4,000,000 in State funds now reposing in local banks. The situation, according to report, arises from the fact that the money in question is earning interest at only 1%, as against that of 4½% being paid on the bonds which provided the funds in the initial instance. The bonds were issued under Chapter 387 of 1933 to provide loans to school districts for payment of teachers' salaries and other educational needs. More than \$4,000,000 has been repaid to the State and the apparent lack of provision in the law as to what should be done with the money has caused the Treasurer to apply for a ruling in the matter from the Attorney General. The bonds, it is pointed out, are not callable, hence the money cannot be used in that direction. They mature serially until 1942. Democrats in the Legislature are in favor of using the money for relief purposes. This cannot be done, according to report, without approval of the voters, as the referendum authorizing the bonds dedicated the proceeds specifically for school loans.

NEW MILFORD, N. J.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The Peoples Trust

NEW MILFORD, N. J.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The Peoples Trust Co. of Bergen County, of Hackensack, which was the successful and only bidder for the \$35,000 coupon or registered sewer bonds offered on Jan. 19, paid a price of 100.12 for the issue as  $4\frac{1}{4}$ s.—V. 144, p. 649.

PITMAN, N. J.—PROPOSED BOND ISSUE—The State Funding Commission on Jan. 22 laid over for further consideration the proposal of the borough to issue \$150,000 refunding bonds. The borough, it was said, proposes to use \$8,500 of bonds to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The commission, in deferring consideration of the matter, declared that the act under which it operates permits the incurrence of debt only for the purpose of funding or refunding obligations previously outstanding.

PRINCETON, N. J.—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—As previously noted in these columns—V. 144, p. 815—the borough is offering for sale on Feb. 16 an issue of \$750,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered sewer bonds. Principal and semi-annual interest (J. & D.) payable at the Chase National Bank, New York. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to name a single interest rate on the issue. The sum required to be obtained through the sale of the bonds is \$750,000. All of the borough's taxable property will be subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes in order to pay both principal and interest on the bonds. Bonds will be approved as to legality by Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York City.

ROSELLE, N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 coupon or registered public library bonds offered on Jan. 28—V. 144, p. 649—were awarded to H. L. Allen & Co. of New York, as 4s, at par, plus a premium of \$187.50, equal to 100.75, a basis of about 3.93%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$1.000 yearly on Feb. 1 from 1938 to 1962. B. J. Van Ingen Co. of New York, the only other bidder, offered a premium of \$102.50 for 4s.

SAYREVILLE, N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—An ordinand orizing issuance of \$35,000 sewage bonds was passed by the Council on final reading on Jan. 29.

SOMERVILLE, N. J.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$123,000 coupon or registered sewage disposal plant bonds offered on Feb. 1.—V. 144, p. 650—was awarded to Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc., and Morse Bros. & Co., Inc., both of New York, as 3s, at par, plus a premium of \$343.17, equal to 100.279, a basis of about 2.98%. M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia were second high, bidding \$123,153.75 for 3s. Dated Jan. 15, 1937. Due Jan. 15 as follows \$4,000, 1938 to 1949; \$6,000, 1950 to 1961; and \$3,000 in 1962.

STRATFORD, N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Funding Com<sup>\*</sup> mission approved on Jan. 22 the borough's proposal to issue \$47,000 funding and refunding bonds.

UNION COUNTY (P. O. Elizabeth), N. J.—NOTE SALE—The county recently sold \$400,000 tax anticipation notes to the National State Bank of Elizabeth. Half the issue, running for seven months, was placed on a ¼ % interest basis plus a \$5 premium. The other half, maturing in 10 months, will bear 1% interest, less a premium of \$11.

VENTNOR, N. J.—PLANS TAX INCREASES—The budget for 1937, amounting to \$897,161, which has passed first reading and awaits public hearings, forecasts a tax rate of \$5.18 per \$100 of assessed valuation, compared with \$4.24 last year. The 1936 budget totaled \$734,558.

pared with \$4.24 last year. The 1936 budget totaled \$734,558.

WAYNE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Mountain View),
N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Neal Demarest, District Clerk, will receive
sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Feb. 16 for the purchase of \$300,000 2½, 2½,
3, 3½, 3½, 3¾ or 4% coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Feb. 1,
1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$15,000 each year on Feb. 1 from 1939 to
1958, incl. Prin. and int. (F. & A.) payable at the Haledon National
Bank, Haledon. A certificate check for 2% must accompany each proposal. Approxing legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of
New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

WEST DEPTFORD, N. J.—BOND ISSUE PROPOSED—The State Funding Commission on Jan. 22 laid over for further consideration the proposal of the borough to issue \$140,000 refunding bonds, part of the proceeds of which would be pledged to the Board of Education. Pointing out that the board recently completed a refunding program and is now in a position where only \$30,000 is required to meet particular requirements, the commission declared that approval of the plan would be withheld pending assurances from the township and school board that such funds not immediately required would be used to retire the latest maturing school bonds.

west new York, N. J.—BOND CALL—Thomas D. Miller, Town Treasurer, announces that \$175,000 4% series A general refunding bonds have been called for payment on March 1, 1937, at par and accrued interest. The bonds, together with Sept. 1, 1937 and subsequent interest coupons attached, should be presented for redemption at the Town Treasurers' office. The bonds are dated March 1, 1936, in \$1,000 denoms. and mature March 1 as follows: \$60,000, 1958; \$60,000 in 1959, and \$55,000 in 1960. They are numbered consecutively from 444 to 618 incl.

#### **NEW MEXICO**

NEW MEXICO, State of—HIGHWAY BOND AUTHORIZATION BILL INTRODUCED—A bill which proposes the authorization of \$10,000,-000 in bonds for State highway construction is reported to have been introduced in the Legislature by Senator A. S. Jones.

## **NEW YORK**

ALBANY, N. Y.— $BOND\ ISSUE$ —The city is seeking legislative authority to refund up to \$1,200,000 bonds maturing in the present year.

ity to refund up to \$1,200,000 bonds maturing in the present year.

ARIETTA (P. O. Piseco), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$40,000 coupon, fully registerable, general obligation, unlimited tax, public works bonds offered on Feb. 4—V. 144, p. 816—were awarded to the Bancamerica-Blair Corp. of New York on a bid of 100.20 for 3.10s, a basis of about 3.06%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$4,000 yearly on Feb. 1 from 1938 to 1947, incl.

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY (P. O. Salamanca), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$175,000 coupon or registered, unlimited tax, highway refunding bonds offered on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 650—were awarded to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of New York, as 2.49s, at a price of 100.407, a basis of about 2.36%. Dated Feb. 15, 1937 and due on Feb. 15 as follows \$5,000, 1938 to 1947 incl.; \$25,000 from 1948 to 1950 incl. and \$50,000 in 1951, George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc. of New York bid 100.35 for 2.40s.

Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co	2 40%	Premium \$616.00 490.00
B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc.	2.50%	540.75
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., and E. H. Rollins & Sons	2.50%	245.00
Bancamerica-Blair Corp	2.50%	151.00
Bacon, Stevenson & Co	2 60%	892.50
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler	2.60%	367.50

\$50,0<sub>0</sub>6,100

Tax Collection Report (Levies Exclusive of School Taxes)

Fiscal Year— 1933——————————————————————————————————	Levy \$1,079,146.73 1,695,648.90 1,481,871.46 1,367,876.44 deral capeus 47.30	Uncollected End Fiscal Year \$181,841.41 282,821.91 224,631.23	Uncollected on Dec. 31, 36 \$25,855.73 65,602.77 88,883.28 160,915.18

Population, 1930 Federal census, 47,397.

EVANS UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 (P. O. Angola), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 coupon or registered school bonds offered on Feb. 4—V. 144, p. 816—were awarded to the Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo, as 3½s, at par plus a premoun of \$43.80, equal to 100.219, a basis of about 3.23%. A. C. Allyn & Co. of New York were second high, offering a premium of \$36 for 3½s. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$1,000 yearly on May 1 from 1938 to 1957.

Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

E. H. Rollins & Sons.—

S. 50% \$60.00

Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo.—

EADNUAM N. V.—BOND OFFERING—I. H. Carbeck, Village Clerk.

which \$9,166.14 has been collected.

FREDONIA, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Samuel L. Drayo, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on Feb. 23 for the purchase of \$64,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered water bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1938 to 1941 incl. and \$3,000 from 1942 to 1957 incl. Bidder to name one rate of interest on the issue, expressed in a multiple of 4 or 1-10 of 1%. The bonds are general obligations of the village, payable from unlimited taxes. A certified check for \$1,280, payable to the order of the village, must accompany each proposal. Principal and interest (F. & A.) payable at the Citizens Trust Co. or the National Bank of Fredonia, at Fredonia, or at the Guaranty Trust Co., New York, with New York exchange, at the option of the holder. Approving legal opinion of Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

Financial Statement

\*\*Vandewater of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

\*\*Financial Statement\*\*

The assessed valuation of the property subject to the taxing power of the village is \$5,090,950. The total bonded debt of the village including the above menuioned bonds is \$488,150, of which amount \$147,000 is water debt. The population of the village (1930 cenus) was 5,814. The bonded debt above stated does not include the debt of any other subdivision having power to levy taxes upon any or all of the property subject to the taxing power of the village. The fiscal year commences March 1. 1933, March 1, 1934, and March 1, 1935, was, respectively, \$7,614.95, \$110,113.39 and \$112,-213.13. The amount of such taxes uncollected at the end of each of said fiscal years was, respectively, \$7,451.70, \$4,870.12 and \$7,531.79. The amount of such taxes remaining uncollected as of Jan. 30, 1937, is, respectively, \$1,074.99, \$2,168.94 and \$3,888.40. The taxes of the fiscal year commencing March 1, 1936, amount to \$109,892.90, of which \$102,402.75 has been collected.

(Report of this offering was given previously in these columns.)

FULTON, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$60,000 coupon or re-

(Report of this offering was given previously in these columns.)

FULTON, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$60,000 coupon or registered refunding bonds offered on Feb. 3—V. 144, p. 650—was awarded to Roosevelt & Weigold, Inc. of New York, as 2.30s, at a price of 100.11, a basis of about 2.28%. Dated Feb. 15, 1937 and due \$6,000 annually on Jan. 15 from 1938 to 1947 incl.

HUDSON, N. Y.—PROPOSED BOND ISSUE—According to report the city has introduced in the State Legislature a bill providing for an issue of \$15,000 not to exceed 6% interest 1-10-year bonds to pay various outstanding claims and to legalize diversions made in 1935 and 1936 of funds for municipal purposes other than those for which the taxes were levied.

LAWRENCE (P. O. North Lawrence), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 4% coupon refunding bonds offered on Jan. 29 were awarded to the First National Bank of Winthrop at a price of 103.621, a basis of about 3.03%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due \$1,000 on Feb. 1 in 1938 and 1939; and \$2,000 on Feb. 1 in 1940, 1941, 1942 and 1943.

LOCKPORT. N. Y.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Common Council

LOCKPORT, N. Y.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Common Council authorized the issuance of \$80,000 hospital alteration bonds.

LOCKPORT, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$19,697.34 coupon or registered tax refund bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 816—was awarded to the Niagara County National Bank & Trust Co. of Lockport, as 2½s, at a price of 100.32. Dated Jan. 1, 1937, and due Jan. 1 as follows: \$2,697.34 in 1939; \$2,000 from 1940 to 1946 incl., and \$3,000 in 1947. The Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo bid 100.239 for 2.702.

MAMARONECK (P. O. Mamaroneck), NOTE OFFERING—V. F. uceno, Town Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 10:30 a. m. on eb. 9 for the purchase of a \$75,000 tax anticipation note, dated Feb. 10, 937 and due May 10, 1937. Legality approved by Hawkins, Delafield & ongfellow of New York City.

MENTZ, MONTEZUMA, BRUTUS, CONQUEST, CATO, AURELIUS AND THROOP CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Port Byron), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$300,000 coupon or registered school bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, D. 816—were awarded to Rutter & Co., R. W. Pressprich & Co. and Francis I, du Pont & Co. of New York, Jointly, as 2½s, at par, plus a premium of \$930, equal to 100.31, a basis of about 2.73%. The Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo was second high, offering a premium of \$2.187 for 2.80s. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$8,000, 1940, 1941 and 1942; \$9,000, 1943 to 1946; \$10,000, 1947 to 1950; \$11,000, 1951 to 1954; and \$12,000, 1955 to 1967.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—AUTHORIZE \$30,000,000 RELIEF CERTIFICATES—The Municipal Assembly has passed a local law empowering City Comptroller Frank J. Taylor to issue, as funds are required, up to \$30,000,000 temporary certificates of indebtedness for work and home relief purposes. The certificates will be sold at private sale, at not less than par, and bear interest at a rate determined by the Comptroller. They will mature within six months from date of issue. All of the revenues, including sales tax receipts, received from levies made by the city for relief purposes will be set aside solely to provide for the payment of the certificates. In addition, the obligations will be secured by the full faith, credit and resources of the city.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—JANUARY FINANCING—In addition to the

NEW YORK, N. Y.—JANUARY FINANCING—In addition to the public award of \$50.000,000 3% 40-year corporate stock to the National City Bank of New York and associates, the city also effected privately in January the sale of the following:

\$5,000,000 1% special corporate stock notes. Due April 8, 1937. 5,000,000 1% temporary certificates of indebtedness. Due July 8, 1937. 10,000,000 1½% revenue bills. Due June 30, 1937. Moreover, the city exchanged \$20,600,000 1½% revenue notes, maturing variously from April 1, 1937 to July 1, 1939, for an equal amount of matured revenue bills.

ORLEANS COUNTY (P. O. Albion), N. Y.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—the County Supervisors have authorized the issuance of \$90,000 tax revenue

RENSSELAER COUNTY (P. O. Troy), N. Y.—BONDS AUTH-ORIZED—The Board of County Supervisors recently authorized the issu-ance of \$390,000 refunding bonds.

ance of \$390,000 retunding bonds.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The City Council on Jan. 26 authorized the issuance of a total of \$4,255,000 bonds. An issue amounting to \$2,500,000 is for relief purposes. Other issues include \$400,-000 for land purchases, \$120,000 for police and fire telegraph bureau, \$235,-000 for a rubbish incinerator, and \$1,000,000 for tax revenue anticipation,

TANNERSVILLE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Ernest G. Cole, village clerk, will receive bids until 4 p. m. Feb. 11, for the purchase of \$12,000 5% coupon, registerable, refunding bonds. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Interest F. & A. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the Catskill National Bank & Trust Co. in Catskill. Due \$3,000 on Feb. 1 in each of the years 1938, 1939, 1940 and 1941. Certified check for \$250, payable to the Village, required.

The assessed valuation of property subject to the taxing power of the village is \$551,025; the total bonded debt of the village, including the bonds described above is \$59,000; the population of the village according to the most recent United States census is 656; the bonded debt of the village does not include the debt of any other subdivision having power to levy taxes upon any or all of the property subject to the taxing power of the village.

The fiscal year of the village begins on March 1. The proposal of the property and the property of the property of

taxes upon any or all of the property subject to the taxing power of the village.

The fiscal year of the village begins on March 1. The amounts of taxes levied by the village for the fiscal years beginning March 1, 1934, March 1, 1935 and March 1, 1936 were respectively \$15,911.42 and \$18.810.46 and \$21,465; and the amounts of such taxes which remained uncollected as of Jan. 25, 1937 were respectively, \$1,519.38, \$3,564.10 and \$5,847.46.

THOUSAND ISLANDS BRIDGE AUTHORITY OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The Bridge Authority has completed sale of \$2,500,000 4½% bridge bonds to B. J. Van Ingen & Co. and Stranahan, Harris & Co., bothff New York. The bonds mature in 25 years but are callable at any time.

INNION-ENDICOTT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Endicott), N. Y.—

are callable at any time.

UNION-ENDICOTT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Endicott), N. Y.—
BOND ELECTION—At a special election scheduled for Feb. 16 the voters
will pass on a proposal to issue \$175,000 school construction bonds.

UTICA, N. Y.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by the City Comptroller until noon on Feb. 8 for the purchase of
\$500,000 tax anticipation certificates of indebtedness. Dated Feb. 10,
1937. Denom. \$50,000. Due July 10, 1937. Payable at the Chemical
Bank & Trust Co., New York City. Legality approved by Clay, Dillon &
Vandewater of New York City.

VESTAL CENTRALIZED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Vestal), N. Y.—BOND ELECTION—At an election to be held on Feb. 26 the voters will consider a proposal to issue \$546,000 school building construction bonds.

MARKETS APPRAISALS INFORMATION NORTH CAROLINA STATE AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALL SOUTHERN STATE AND MUNICIPALS

## KIRCHOFER & ARNOLD

INCORPORATED

RALEIGH, N. C. A T. T. TELETYPE RLGH 80

### NORTH CAROLINA

ALAMANCE COUNTY (P. O. Graham), N. C.—BONDS AUTHOR-IZED—The Board of County Commissioners have passed two ordinances authorizing the issuance of a total of \$140,000 funding bonds.

atthorizing the issuance of a total of \$140,000 funding bonds.

ASHEVILLE AND BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.—BOND EXCHANGE COMPLETED—The two committees representing the holders of bonds and notes, respectively of the above city and county have completed the exchange of Asheville and Buncombe County bonds deposited with them and are beginning the delivery of the refunding bonds to depositors. The refunding bonds being delivered by the bondnolders' committee carry the approving legal opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman, while refunding bonds being delivered by the notcholders' committee carry the approving legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt & Washburn.

Of the \$20,871,000 of City of Ashville bonds to be refunded, the two committees have exchanged \$20,001,500 principal amount. Of the \$2,778,500 of Asheville local tax school district bonds to be refunded, \$2,780,000 or County Buncombe bonds to be refunded, the two committees have exchanged 316,780,000. This leaves with the committees only approximately \$5,000,000 of bonds of special school, sanitary and water districts of Buncombe County to be exchanged, and arrangements in connection with the issuance and exchange of such bonds are proceeding as rapidly as possible.

BENTON HEIGHTS, N. C.—BOND ELECTION—A special election

BENTON HEIGHTS, N. C.—BOND ELECTION—A special election is to be held on Feb. 9 at which a proposed bond issue of \$20,000 for sewer purposes will be voted upon.

CLINTON, N. C.—NOTE SALE DETAILS—We are informed by N. H. Larkins, City Clerk, that the \$20,000 revenue anticipation notes purchased

by the First Citizens Bank & Trust Co. of Clinton, as noted here recently— V. 144, p. 817—were purchased at 6% at par. Due on April 1, 1937. BOND EXCHANGE—Mr. Larkins also states that \$68,000 refunding bonds will be issued in exchange for past-due bonds and maturities through July 1, 1937.

July 1, 1937.

DARE COUNTY (P. O. Manteo), N. C.—BONDS APPROVED—The Local Government Commission is reported to have reversed its previous position and to have approved the issuance of \$36,000 in school bonds. It had been held by the Commission that the issuance of these bonds would exceed the county's debt limit. (A loan of \$36,000 and a grant of \$29,454 has been approved by the Public Works Administration.)

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The City Council has passed two ordinances authorizing the issuance of \$1,834,419.23 bonds, of which \$1,702,500 is to be issued to refund a like amount of outstanding indebtedness and \$113,919.23 to fund unpaid interest.

indebtedness and \$113.919.23 to fund unpaid interest.

GUILFORD COUNTY (P. O. Greensboro), N. C.—NOTE SALE—The \$75,000 revenue anticipation notes, authorized recently by the County Commissioners, as noted here—V. 144, p. 651—were purchased by the Wachovia Bank & Trust Co. of Winston-Salem. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Aug. 1, 1937.

MOUNT GILEAD, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, will receive bids at Raleigh until 11 a. n. Feb. 9, for the purchase at not less than par of \$4,000 general obligation, unlimited tax, interest funding bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, in a multiple of ½ %, but not to exceed 4%. Denom. \$500. Dated July 1, 1936. Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) payable at New York. Due \$1,500 on July 1 in 1938 and 1939; and \$1,000 July 1, 1940; redeemable on any interest payment date. Certified check for \$30, payable to the State Treasurer, required.

ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—L. B. Aycock, City

ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—L. B. Aycock, City Manager, states that an enabling act has been passed by the Legislature, providing for the issuance of \$30,000 gymnasium bonds approved by the voters in January, 1936. It is understood that these bonds will be offered for sale in the near future.

SALISBURY, N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—An ordinance has been adopted by the City Council authorizing the issuance of \$224,000 debt funding bonds.

### NORTH DAKOTA

BOWBELLS, N. Dak.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by H. C. Wood, City Auditor, that the \$3,500 hospital bonds offered for sale without success on Jan. 4, as noted in these columns recently—VI 144, p. 318—have been purchased by the State, as 4s at par.

It is also reported by Mr. Wood that the \$3,000 not to exceed 5% semi-annual city hall bonds offered without success on the same date, as noted—V. 144, p. 318—have not been sold as yet.

CAVALIER, N. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—H. B. Spiller, City Auditor, will receive bids at the office of the County Auditor of Pembina County in Cavalier, until 2 p. m. Feb. 15, for the purchase of \$2,000 4% general obligation fire equipment bonds. Denom. \$200. Dated Feb. 15, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Feb. 15 and Aug. 15) payable at the County Treasurer's office, in Cavalier. Due \$400 yearly on Feb. 15 from 1939 to 1943, inclusive.

GOLDEN GLEN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Edgeley) N. Dak.— BONDS SOLD—It is reported by the Clerk of the Board of Education that the \$22,000 high school bonds offered by the said Board last August, as noted here at that time, were purchased by the Bank of North Dakota, of Bismarck, as 4s.

Bismarck, as 48.

NORTON COUNTY (P. O. Mandan), N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$25,000 issue of certificates of indebtedness offered for sale on Jan. 18—V. 144, p. 318—was purchased by the Bank of North Dakota, of Bismarck, at 5½%, paying par. Due on Jan. 18, 1938.

SCOTIA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, Bottineau County, N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—Joel Larson, District Clerk, will receive bids at the County Auditor's office in Bottineau until 2 p. m. Feb. 13 for the purchase at not less than par of \$1,000 certificates of indebtedness, to the part interest at no more than 7%. Denom. \$500. Dated Feb. 15, 1937. Principal and interest payable Feb. 15, 1938. Cert. check for 2% of amount of bid required.

STONE CREEK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 46, Bottineau County, N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—W. O. Holz, District Clerk, will receive bids until 2 p. m. Feb. 11 at the County Auditor's office in Bottineau for the purchase at not less than par of \$3,000 certificates of indebtedness, to bear interest at no more than 7%. Denom. \$500. Dated Feb. 15, 1937. Principal and interest payable Feb. 15, 1938. Cert. check for 2% of amount of bid required.

WALHALLA, N. Dak.—BONDS TO BE PURCHASED—It is stated by the City Auditor that \*COUNTY Auditor\* that \*COUNTY Auditor

WALHALLA, N. Dak.—BONDS TO BE PURCHASED—It is stated by the City Auditor that a \$22,000 issue of 4% semi-annual electric light plant system bonds will be purchased by the Public Works Administration. Dated Aug. 1, 1936. Due on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1940 and 1941, and \$2,000, 1942 to 1951.

WELLS COUNTY (P. O. Fessenden) N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE SALE
—The \$25,000 issue of certificates of indebtedness offered for sale on Feb. 3,
as noted here recently—V. 144, p. 817—has been purchased by local banks,
at 5%, according to the County Auditor. Due in either one or two years.

#### MUNICIPALS OHIO

## MITCHELL, HERRICK & CO.

700 CUYAHOGA BUILDING, CLEVELAND

SPRINGFIELD CANTON CINCINNATI COLUMBUS AKRON

#### OHIO

BARBERTON, Ohio—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Bonniewell, Neil & Camden, Inc., of Chicago, are making public offering of \$231,000 4% first mortgage sewer revenue bonds at prices to yield from 1.50% to 3.30%. They mature semi-annually from 1938 to 1957, incl., and, it is said, are secured by a first mortgage on the entire sewerage system, appraised at \$1.650,000. The bankers purchased the bonds last December at a price of 102.73.

\$1,650,000. The bankers purchased the bonds last December at a price of 102.73.

CANTON TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Canton, R. D. 4), Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of \$112,000 school building construction bonds has been sold to the State Teachers' Retirement Board.

CRESTON, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$6,000 coupon water works improvement bonds offered on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 492—were awarded to the Wayne County National Bank of Wooster, as 2½s, at par plus a premium of \$11, equal to 100.18, a basis of about 2.72%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937 and due \$500 annually on Oct. 1 from 1938 to 1949 incl.

DAYTON, Ohio—BOND EXCHANGE—The Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati, holder of the original debt, has accepted 2½% refunding bonds to the amount of \$184,000 on an exchange basis. Dated Dec. 1, 1936 and due \$23,000 on Sept. 1 from 1938 to 1945 incl.

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Fayette), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—L. A. Stevens, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on Feb. 6 for the purchase of \$36,000 4% coupon school bonds. Dated March 1, 1937. Denom. \$900. Due \$1,800 on March 1 and Sept 1 from 1938 to 1947 incl. Principal and interest (M. & S.) payable at the Farmers State Bank, Fayette. A certified check for 5% must accompany each proposal.

must accompany each proposal.

HARBOR VIEW, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Regina Hartzell, Village Clerk, will receive bids, until noon Feb. 23 for the purchase at not less than par of \$4,100 6% coupon water supply bonds. Denom, \$250, except one for \$100. Dated Jan. 15, 1937. Interest payable March 15 and Sept. 15. Due \$250 yearly on Sept. 15 from 1938 to 1953, incl., and \$100 Sept. 15, 1954. Certified check for \$50, payable to the Village Treasurer, required.

LIBERTY SPECIAL RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Leipsic), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Edward J. Reinman, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on Feb. 20 for the purchase of \$30,000 4% school building bonds. Dated March 1, 1937. Denom. \$750. Due \$750 on March 1 and Sept. 1 from 1938 to 1957 incl. A certified check for \$300, payable to the order of the Board of Education, must accompany each proposal. (These are the bonds which were originally scheduled to be sold on Jan. 30. However, owing to an error in the legal notice the deposit check in the initial instance having been fixed at only \$50, it was necessary to postpone the sale, according to Carl D. Vermilyea, Superintendent of Putnam County Board of Education.)

MARIETTA, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Harold E. Brooker, City

MARIETTA, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Harold E. Brooker, City Auditor, will receive bids until noon Feb. 12, for the purchase of \$2,500 2½ % public building bonds. Denom. 2 for \$1,000 and 1 for \$500. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due \$1,000 April 1 and \$1,500 Oct. 1 in 1951. Certified check for \$25, required.

MONROEVILLE, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$5,000 electric light system improvement bonds offered on Jan. 25—V. 144, p. 318—were awarded to the Farmers & Citizens Banking Co. of Monroeville on a bid of par for 4s. The purchaser is to pay for printing of the bonds. Dated Dec. 1, 1936. Due \$1,000 yearly on Dec. 1 from 1938 to 1942.

NELSONVILLE, Ohio—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$60,000 coupon municipal light plant mortgage bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 492—were not sold. Sale of the bonds was stopped by a referendum. Bonds were to be dated Jan. 1, 1937 and mature yearly on Jan. 1 from 1939 to 1954.

PICKAWAY COUNTY (P. O. Circleville), Ohio—BONDS SOLD—n issue of \$20,000 courthouse addition construction bonds has been sold been sold of the County Sinking Fund.

PORT CLINTON, Ohio—REJECT POWER PLANT MEASURE—The voters defeated at yesterday's election a proposal to construct a \$250,000 municipal electric light plant with WPA aid. Current is now supplied by the Ohio Public Service Co., a Cities Service Co. subsidiary.

the Ohio Public Service Co., a Cities Service Co. subsidiary.

PORT CLINTON, Ohio—BOND SALE—The Board of Cemetery Trustees has purchased \$12,000 4% water works improvement bonds. Dated Sept. 15, 1936. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 om March 1 and Sept. 1 from 1938 to 1943 incl. Principal and interest (M. & S.) payable at the American National Bank, Port Clinton.

RICHMOND TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. Willard, R. D. No. 2), Ohio—BOND SALE—The issue of \$32,500 sch bonds offered on Feb 1—V. 144, p. 492—was awarded to Stransh Harris & Co. of Toledo. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due as follows: \$1,0 June 1 and Dec. 1, from 1938 to 1951, incl.; \$500 June 1 and \$1,000 Dec from 1952 to 1954, inclusive.

WELLSTON, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—W. A. Lausch, City Auditor will receive bids until noon Feb. 20 for the purchase of \$5,500 4½% storage warehouse construction bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated Jan. 1, 1937 Interest payable semi-annually. Due \$500 yearly on Jan. 1 from 1939 to 1949, incl. Cert. check for \$55, required.

\$33,000

Creek County, Oklahoma Funding 6% due June 11, 1944 @ 3.00 basis

## R. J. EDWARDS, Inc.

Established 1892 OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

Long Distance 158 T&T OK CY 19

### **OKLAHOMA**

CARTER COUNTY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 71 (P. O. Berwyn), Okla.—BOND OFFERING—J. C. Carpenter, District Clerk, will receive bids until 2 p. m. Feb. 9 for the purchase at not less than par of \$14,000 school building and equipment bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest. Due \$1,000 yearly beginning July 1, 1941. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid, required.

CHATTANOOGA SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Chattanooga), Okla.

—BOND SALE—It is stated by J. B. Shelton, District Clerk, that §4,000 school bonds were purchased by the First National Bank of Chattanooga, as 4s at par. Due from 1942 to 1950. (This report corrects the notice of sale given here recently—V. 144, p. 651.)

or saie given here recently—v. 144, p. 651.)

CHICKASHA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Okla.—BOND OFFERING—
Susie Frey, Clerk of the Board of Education, will receive bids until 2 p. m.,
Feb. 8 for the purchase at not less than par of \$42,000 school building,
repair and equipment bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest. Due
\$3,000 yearly, beginning three years after date of issue. Certified check
for 2% of amount of bid, required.

for 2% of amount of bid, required.

CROOKED OAK SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oklahoma City), Okla.—BONDS VOTED—At an election on Jan. 27 the voters are said to have approved the issuance of \$35,000 in gymnasium bonds.

EUFAULA SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Eufaula), Okla.—BOND SALE—A \$6,000 issue of school building bonds, offered for sale on Jan. 18—V. 144, p. 492—was purchased by the District, as 3½s, at par, it is stated by the District (lerk. Due \$1,000 from 1940 to 1945 incl.

HASKELL, Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$12,000 issue of water works bonds offered for sale on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 818—was purchased by R. J. Edwards, Inc., of Oklahoma City, according to the Town Clerk. Due \$1,000 annually from 1941 to 1952 incl. No other bid was received.

LEXINGTON, Okla.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$11,000 sewerage bonds offered on Jan. 22, as reported here recently—V. 144, p. 493—were not sold as all bids were rejected.

BONDS RE-OFFERED—Sealed bids will be received util 3 p. m. on

not sold as all bids were rejected.

BONDS RE-OFFERED—Sealed bids will be received util 3 p. m. on Feb. 8, by Bernice Block, Town Clerk, for the purchase of the above bonds. Interest rate to be specified in bid.

MARLOW, Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 issue of water works extension and improvement bonds offered for sale on Jan. 29—V. 144. p. 651—was purchased jointly by the First National Bank, and the State National Bank, both of Marlow. Due \$1,000 from 1940 to 1949 incl.

NOWATA SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Nowata), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$33,000 issue of coupon auditorium-gymnasium bonds offered for sale on Jan. 28—V. 144, p. 651—was purchased by the First National Bank of Nowata. Due \$1,500 from 1940 to 1961.

OKLAHOMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 53 (P. O. Oklahoma City), Okla.—BOND OFFERING—H. A. Bosse, District Clerk, will receive bids until 4 p. m., Feb. 9 for the purchase at not less than par of \$35,000 building bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest. Due \$12,000 yearly beginning three years from date of issue, except that the last instalment is to amount to \$11,000. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid, required.

of bid, required.

SEMINOLE, Okla.—BOND OFFERING—Herman C. Sullivan, City Clerk, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Feb. 9 for the purchase at not less than par of \$24,500 bonds, divided as follows:
\$10,000 municipal building bonds. Due \$2,000 yearly beginning three years after date of issuance.
6,000 fire equipment bonds. Due \$1,000 yearly beginning in three years.
1,000 sanitary sewer extension bonds. Due \$1,000 yearly beginning in three years.
1,000 park bonds. Due \$1,000 yearly beginning in three years.
1,500 cemetery bonds. Due \$1,000 in three years and \$500 in four years.
Bidders are to name rate of interest. Cert. check for 2% of amount of bid, required.

#### OREGON

BEND, Ore.—BONDS CALLED—L. G. McReynolds, City Treasurer, is said to have called for payment at his office on Feb. 1, on which date interest ceased, improvement bonds of Feb. 1, 1928, numbered 34 to 65.

DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Roseburg), Ore.—BOND ELECTION—An election is reported to be scheduled for Feb. 15 in order to vote on the issuance of \$54,000 in school bonds.

EAGLE POINT, Ore.—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 issue of 5% semi-annually water works bonds offered for sale on Nov. 4—V. 143, p. 3036—was purchased by the First State Bank of Eagle Point, at par, it is reported by The Town Recorder. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. Due from Nov. 1,1940

KLAMATH COUNTY-COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Kalamath Falls), Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Feb. 10, by Jean K. Porter, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$75,000 issue of school bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable M. & S. Dated March 1, 1937. Due on March 1 as follows: \$15,000, 1939 and \$20,000, 1940 to 1942, incl. A certified check for 5% must accompany the bid.

must accompany the bid.

POLK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Dallas) Ore.—

BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by the District Clerk that the \$4,000 issue of interest bearing warrants offered on Jan. 8—V. 144, p. 140—was not sold. Due \$400 from June 1, 1938 to 1947 incl.

TOLEDO, Ore.—BOND ELECTION—It is reported that an election is set for Feb. 9 to vote on the proposed issuance of \$55,890 in water system bonds.

WALLOWA IRRIGATION DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Enterprise), Ore.—BONLS HELD LEGAL—The issuance of \$60,000 in irrigation bonds by the above district was held legal recently in a Circuit Court

City of Philadelphia  $4\frac{1}{4}\%$  Bonds due February 27, 1981-51 Price: 114.270 and Interest To Net 3.00%

## Moncure Biddle & Co.

1520 Locust Street

Philadelphia

### PENNSYLVANIA

AVOCA, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 4% registered bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144 p. 652—were awarded to the First National Bank of Avoca at par. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Dec. 15, 1936. Interest payable annually on Dec. 15. Due Dec. 15, 1961.

CASS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Heckscherville), Pa.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$190,000 coupon, registerable, judgment funding bonds offered on Jan. 27—V. 144, p. 493—were not sold, no bids being received. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1944, 1944, 1947, 1948, 1949 and 1950; \$15,000, 1951 to 1956, incl.; and \$10,000 1957.

CHARTIERS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, WASHINGTON COUNTY, Pa.—BOND ELECTION—An election is scheduled for Feb. 23 at which a proposition to issue \$120,000 school building bonds will be voted upon

CLARKS SUMMIT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Robert R. Walters, Borough Secretary, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Feb. 9 for the purchase of \$40,000 4% bonds. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$9,000 in 1942, 1947, 1952 and 1957; and \$4,000 in 1962. Cert. check for 5%, required.

DUBOIS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—T. L. Males, District Secretary, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Feb. 16 for the purchase of \$72,000 coupon refunding and improvement bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, making choice from 1, 1½, 1½, 1¾, 2½, 2½, 2½, 2½, 24, and 3%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated March 1, 1937. Interest payable March 1 and Sept. 1. Due as follows: \$2,000, 1942, and \$10,000 from 1943 to 1949.

1943 to 1949.

EAST PENNSBORO TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Enola), Pa.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election a proposal to issue \$50,000 high school building bonds was approved by a vote of 533 to 149

ERIE COUNTY (P. O. Erie), Pa.—NOTE SALE—The \$300,000 notes offered on Feb. 5—V. 144, p. 818—were awarded to Fisher, MacEwan & Co., Inc., of Philadelphia, on a .77% interest basis. Singer, Deane & Scribner, Pittsburgh, second high bidder, bid 1% interest, plus a premium of \$128. Notes are dated March 3, 1937 and mature in five months.

GIRARDVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND ELECTION—At a special election to be held on Feb. 9 a proposal to issue \$110,000 school building bonds will be boted upon.

HUNTINGDON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$25,000 3 % school bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 493—was awarded to Glover & MacGregor of Pittsburgh, at par plus a premium of \$1,884.50, equal to 107.538, a basis of about 2.40%. Dated Feb. 1, 1937 and due \$1,000 annually on Feb. 1 from 1940 to 1964 incl.

LAMAR TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Salona), Pa.— BOND ELECTION—The Board of Education has decided to hold a special election on March 9 for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing \$33,000 school building bonds.

LOGANVILLE, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 3% coupon, registerable as to principal only, water works bonds offered on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 493—were awarded to Henry W. Lawer of Dover, the only bidder, at a price of 103.64, a basis of about 1.81%. Dated Oct. 1, 1936. Due Oct. 1, 1961; redeemable on and after April 1, 1940.

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa. — BONDS AUTHORIZED — The Borough ouncil has passed four ordinances authorizing the issuance of a total of

NEW OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BONDS VOTED—The oters at a recent election approved a proposition to issue \$25,000 school ulding bonds.

building bonds.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY (P. O. Sunbury), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Charles Kline, County Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Feb. 16 for the purchase of \$200,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, funding and refunding bonds. Bidder will be required to name one rate of interest on the issue, the rates possible being as follows: 1,1½,1½,1½,2,2½,2½,03,03%. Dated March 1,1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due March 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1938; \$15,000, 1939 to 1941 incl.; \$20,000 in 1942, and \$25,000 from 1943 to 1947, incl. A certified check for 2%, payable to the order of the County Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The bonds will be issued subject to favorable legal opinion of Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia.

(The county, as reported in a previous issue, originally proposed to offer the issue on Feb. 2.)

SUGARCREEK TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Venango County, Pa.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election the voters of the district approved a proposal to issue \$140,000 school building bonds by a vote of 936 to 299.

of 936 to 299.

WEST DEER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Russellton), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Max O. Siegel, District Secretary, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Feb. 25 for the purchase of \$25,000 3% coupon school bonds. Dated Feb. 15, 1937: Denom. \$1,000. Due Feb. 15 as follows: \$12,000 in 1942 and \$13,000 in 1947. Interest payable F. & A. The bonds will be exempt from State taxes up to 4 mills on the dollar. A certified check for \$500, payable to the order of the District Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The bonds will be sold subject to the approval of the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs.

## SOUTH CAROLINA

McCORMICK COUNTY (P. O. McCormick), S. C.—BOND OFFER-ING—J. O. Patterson, Clerk of the County Board of Commissioners, will receive bids until 11 a. m. Feb. 6 for the purchase at not less than par of \$20,000 coupon, registerable as to principal, general obligation, unlimited tax, highway refunding bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, in a

multiple of ¼%. Denom. \$1,000. Bonds to be dated day of delivery, or as otherwise agreed upon. Principal and semi-annual interest (May 1 and Nov. 1) payable in New York, or as may be agreed upon. Due \$2,000 on May 1 in each of the years 1940, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, and 1950. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid, required. Purchaser is to pay for printing of bonds, and furnish at his own expense any legal opinion he may require.

## SOUTH DAKOTA

CODINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Watertown), S. Dak.—BOND SALE—The County Commissioners have sold an issue of \$78,000 3½% refunding bonds to the Northwestern National Bank & Trust Co. of Minneapolis. Due serially from 1940 to 1952.

EDMUNDS COUNTY (P. O.) Ipswich), S. Dak.—BOND SALE—The County Commissioners have sold an issue of \$115,000 3¼% warrant refunding bonds to the Allison-Williams Co. of Minneapolis. Due \$10,000 yearly from 1939 to 1949, and \$5,000 in 1950.

yearly from 1939 to 1949, and \$5,000 in 1950.

FLANDREAU, S. Dak.—BONDS SOLD—It is now reported by the City Auditor that the \$5,000 4% semi-annual hospital equipment bonds offered for sale without success on Dec. 14, as noted here at that time—V. 143, p. 4047—have been purchased by the Farmers State Bank of Flandreau. Dated Dec. 1, 1936. Due on Dec. 1, 1946.

MADISON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Madison) S. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until Feb. 19, by the Clerk of the Board of Education, for the purchase of a \$40,000 issue of not to exceed 4% semi-ann. refunding bonds.

MOBRIDGE, S. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on Feb. 15 by R. C. Riddell, City Auditor, for the purchase of two issues of 4% coupon semi-annual bonds aggregating \$22,000, as follows:

of two issues of 4% coupon semi-annual bonds aggregating \$22,000, as follows: \$12,000 auditorium bonds. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$500, 1938 to 1953, and \$1,000, 1954 to 1957. Payable at the City Treasurer's office, 10,000 grading, curbing and pavement bonds. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$500, 1939 to 1954, and \$1,000 in 1955 and 1956. I as follows: Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 1, 1963. Bids may be submitted for all or part of either issue and the bid or bids covering all the bonds of either issue and deemed most favorable will be accepted. The city will furnish the executed bonds and the approving opinion of Junell, Driscoll, Fletcher, Dorsey & Barker of Minneapolis. (This report supplements the offering notice given in these columns recently.—V. 144, p. 819.)

QUINN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Quinn), S. Dak.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by J. H. Chamberlain, District Clerk, that the following coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$17,000, offered for sale on Oct. 30, as noted in these columns at that time—V. 143,4p. 2725—were sold to the State, as 5s: \$15,000 funding bonds. Due from 1938 to 1956.

SISSETON, S. Dak.—BOND SALE—The \$44,000 4% coupon water system bonds offered on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 653—were awarded to E. J. Prescott & Co. of Minneapolis at par plus a premium of \$300, equal to 100.681, a basis of about 3.92%. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due as follows: \$2,000, 1938 to 1950, and \$3,000, 1951 to 1956; callable after 10 years.

VIBORG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 4 (P.O. Viborg), S. Dak.—INTEREST RATE—It is now reported by the District Clerk that the \$9,000 refunding bonds purchased by the Security National Bank of Viborg, at par, as noted here in December—V. 143, p. 4047—were sold as 4s. Due \$1,000 from Jan. 1, 1938 to 1946 incl.

## **TENNESSEE**

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The two issues of bonds aggregating \$75,000, offered for sale on Feb. 3—V. 144, p. 653—were awarded to a group composed of the Cumberland Securities Corp., Robinson, Webster & Gibson, both of Nashville, and the First National Bank of Memphis, as 3½ s. paying a premium of \$469.00, equal to 100.625, a basis of about 3.67%. The issues are divided as follows: \$25,000 local improvement bonds. Due from Feb. 1, 1938 to 1957 incl. \$50,000 local improvement bonds. Due from Feb. 1, 1938 to 1957 incl.

ENGLEWOOD, Tenn.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Town Commissioners have adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of \$35,000 revenue deficiency waterworks bonds.

HAMILTON COUNTY (P. O. Chattanooga), Tenn.—BONDS AU-THORIZED—At a meeting held on Feb. 1 the County Court is said to have authorized the issuance of \$44,000 in bonds, to be used in conjunction with a PWA grant for court house construction.

HAWKINS COUNTY (P. O. Rogersville), Tenn.—BONDS OFFERED TO PUBLIC—A \$26,000 issue of 3% refunding bonds was purchased by the Cumberland Securities Corp. of Nashville, and is being offered at a price of 105.85, to yield 2.50%. Denom. \$1.000. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due on Jan. 1, 1951. Prin. and int. (J & J) payable at the office of the County Trustee. The bonds which this issue will refund are subject to 100% reimbersement by the State under Chapter 23, Public Acts of 1927 and amendments thereto. Legality approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

amendments thereto. Legality approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago. HUMBOLDT, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Feb. 23, by Mayor H. J. Foltz, for the purchase of a \$215,500 issue of refunding bonds. Bidders to specify interest rate into multiple of 4 of 1%. Rate must be the same for all of the bonds. Denom. \$1,000, one for \$500. Dated April 1, 1937. Due as follows \$2,000, 1939 and 1940; \$8,000, 1941; \$3,000, 1942 and 1943; \$4,000, 1944 and 1945; \$10,000, 1946 to 1948; \$5,000, 1949 and 1950; \$8,000, 1951 and 1952; \$10,000, 1953; \$15,000. 1954; \$18,000, 1955; \$20,000, 1956 to 1958, and \$30,500 in 1959. Award will be made on the bid offering the lowest interest rate at a price not less than par and accrued interest to the date of delivery. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the Merchants State Bank, Humboldt Accrtified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the City Treasurer, must accompany the bid. These bonds are said to be general tax obligations of the city.

JACKSON, Tenn.—BOND ELECTION—At an election scheduled for March 4 the people will vote on the question of issuing \$391,250 bonds including \$360,000 for the municipal electric distribution system, \$20,000 for a city stadium and \$11,250 for school improvements.

KNOXVILLE Tenn.—REPORT ON PROPOSED REFINANCING PROGRAM—The City Council is reported to have adopted a resolution to seek legislative authority to carry out a broad program of refinancing. Another resolution that was adopted calls for the appointment of a special committee of the Council to consult with financial experts on the refinancing. A contract was presented at the Council meeting by Norman S. Taber, financial consultant, of New York, calling for his appointment as the city's fiscal agent in connection with refinancing for the next 18 months.

MACON COUNTY (P. O. Lafavette). Tenn.—BONDS SOLD—It

MACON COUNTY (P. O. Lafayette), Tenn.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by F. D. Gregory, Clerk of the County Court, that \$40,000 4% semi-annually county bonds were purchased at par by the Nashville Trust Co., and Thomas H. Temple & Co., both of Nashville.

SULLIVAN COUNTY (P. O. Bristol), Tenn.—BOND ELECTION UPHELD—The election scheduled for Feb. 13, to vote on the proposed issuance of the \$500,000 school improvement bonds, as noted in these columns recently—V. 144, p. 495—is said to have been upheld by the County Court.

WASHINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Jonesboro), Tenn.—NOTES OF-FERED TO PUBLIC—A \$200,000 issue of 3% funding bonds was purchased and is being offered for general investment by the Cumberland Securities Corp. of Nashville, priced to yield from 1.00 to 2.25%, according to maturity. Dated Jan. 1, 1937. Due \$25,000 on Jan. and July 1, from July 1, 1937 to Jan. 1, 1941. Legality to be approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago.

## **TEXAS**

ABILENE, Texas—BOND ELECTION—It is reported that an election will be held on March 6 to vote on the issuance of \$600,000 in water bonds.

BUCKNER BOULEVARD FRESH WATER DISTRICT NO. 11 (P.O. Dallas), Tex.—BONDS VOTED—The voters recently gave their approval to the issuance of \$70,000 bonds to finance the laying of water mains.

CASS COUNTY ROAD DISTRICT NO 7-A (P. O. Linden), Tex.—BOND ELECTION—An election will be held on Feb. 8 at which a proposal to issue \$400,000 road bonds will be submitted to the voters.

ELLIS COUNTY ROAD DISTRICT NO. 2 (P. O. Waxahachie), Tex.—BOND ELECTION—At an election called for Feb. 6 a proposal to issue \$50,000 road bonds will be voted upon.

GEORGETOWN, Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by M. L. Cates, City Secretary, that the \$25,000 3½% semi-annual water bonds approved by the voters at an election held on Dec. 14, were purchased by Mahan, Dittmar & Co. of San Antonio.

HARDIN COUNTY ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Kountze), Tex.—BOND CALL—It is reported that all outstanding 5% road bonds, dated Feb. 20, 1917, numbered 28 to 39, and 57 to 89, are being called for payment at the Sour Lake State Bank of Sour Lake, on Feb. 20. Denom. \$1,000. Due on Feb. 20, 1957; optional any time after Feb. 20, 1937, on 30 days' notice.

HILLSBORO, Tex.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by A. M. James, City Secretary, that \$10,000 improvement bonds approved by the voters on Oct. 1 have been purchased by R. E. Levy & Co. of Waco, paying a premium of \$244.40, equal to 102.44

HOUSTON, Tex.—BOND ISSUANCE CONTEMPLATED—It is an nounced that a proposed bond issue which may amount to \$8,500,000 or more will be taken up for consideration by the City Council as soon as the 1937 budget is adopted.

HOUSTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Houston), Tex.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. on Feb. 9 by H. L. Mills, Business Manager, Board of Education, for the purchase of a \$225,000 issue of Houston Heights school refunding bonds. Bidders to name the rate of interest in multiples of ½ of 1%. Coupon bonds dated March 15, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due on March 15 as follows: \$10,000, 1938 to 1942; \$15,000, 1943 to 1947, and \$20,000, 1948 to 1952. These bonds are issued for the refunding of a like amount of 5% bonds, dated March 15, 1917, due on March 15, 1957, and optional on March 15, 1937 (assumed by the above school district). The purchaser shall agree to pay all expenses of this refunding deal, including advertising of call, printing of bonds and approving legal opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York. The bidder shall also make available on March 15, at the Chase National Bank of New York, \$25,000 to take up the called bonds. Prin. and int. (M. & S. 15) payable at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co. in New York. A certified or cashiers' check for \$4,500 must accompany the bid.

SAN DIEGO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. San Diego), Tex.—BONDS SOLD—J. C. King, Secretary of the Board of Education, states that \$70,000 school bonds approved by the voters on Dec. 12, have been sold.

Dec. 12, have been sold.

WHARTON, Texas—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 1:30 p. m. on Feb. 8, by R. J. Wright, City Treasurer, for the purchase of an \$85,000 issue of coupon paving bonds. Bidders to name the rate of interest, stated in multiples of 1-8th of 1%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 10, 1937. Due on Feb. 10 as follows: \$7,000, 1938 and 1939; \$8,000, 1940 and 1941; \$9,000, 1712 to 1946 and \$10,000 in 1947. Prin. and int. (F. & A. 10) payable at the Chase National Bank, New York. The legal approval of the State's Attorney General, and of Chapman & Culter of Chicago, will be furnished by the city. The printed bonds with a certified copy of the transcript will also be furnished. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on Jan. 23. Delivery will be made at point designated by the purchaser, at his expense. A \$2,500 certified check, payable to A. H. Armstrong, Mayor, must accompany the bid.

(This report supplements the offering notice given here recently—V. 144, p. 820.)

Financial Statement	A 44
Estimated actual value of taxable property	2,541,212.00 1.50 per \$100 1.20 per \$100 1.50 per \$100 193,500.00
Total debt (with above)	\$221,000.00 49,151.31
Net debt	There is no

right of any official to hold office.

Population: census 1930, 2,656; est. 1937, 5,000 (metropolitan area). WICHITA FALLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Wichita Falls) Texas—BONDS REFUNDED—It is stated by W. W. Brown, District Secretary, that \$746,000 out of a total of \$1.855,000 school bonds have been refunded.

WILBARGER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. Vernon), ex.—BONDS SOLD—It is said that the State Permanent School Fund as purchased at par the following bonds aggregating \$82,000: 80,000 4% South Lockett School District bonds. Due on Aug. 1, 1966. 2,000 4½% Farmers Valley School District bonds. Due on Dec. 15, 1956.

WOODSBORO, Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by Mayor Fricke that the \$40,000 5% semi-ann. street improvement bonds offered on Nov. 24, as noted in these columns at that time—V. 143, p. 3193—were purchased jointly by the First National Bank and F. B. Rouke & Co., both of Woodsboro, at par. Due in 40 years.

#### VERMONT

BRANDON FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Brandon), Vt.—BOND OFFERING—Hermon B. Ledden, District Treasurer, will receive bids until 3 p. m. Fib. 19 for the purchase at not less than par of \$50,000 coupon refunding bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, in a multiple of %. Denon. \$1,000. Dated March 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (April 1 and Oct. 1) payable at the First National Bank of Boston. Due \$3,000 yearly on Oct. 1 from 1937 to 1952, and \$2,000 Oct. 1, 1953.

These bonds will be valid general obligations of Brandon Fire District No. 1 and all taxable property of the district will be subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes to pay both principal and interest. They will be engraved under the supervision of and authenticated as to genuineness by the First National Bank of Boston; their legality will be approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge, whose opinion will be furnished the purchaser. The original opinion and complete transcript of proceedings covering all details required in the proper issuance of the bonds will be filed with the First National Bank of Boston, where they may be inspected.

Bonds will be delivered to the purchaser on or about March 1, 1937, at the First National Bank of Boston, 17 Court St. office, Boston.

Financial Statement, Feb. 1, 1937	
Assessed valuation of the fire district	\$1.147,773
Assessed valuation of the town	1,754,804
*Total bonded debt of the fire district	50,000
Total bonded debt of the town of Brandon	None
Total indebtedness of the town school district and graded school	83,000
districtOutstanding notes of the fire district	
Population of the district, 1.800. Population of the town, 2	.891.

ropulation of the district, 1,800. Population of the town, 2,891.

\*To be called for payment on April 1, 1937.

The fire district comprises that part of the town known as the Village and is made up of the business section of the Town of Brandon and practically all of the residential section, the outside district being mostly farm

#### VIRGINIA

BOARD OF VISITORS OF THE RECTORS AND VISITORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA (P. O. Charlottesville), Va.—BOND SALE—We are informed by E. I. Carruthers, Secretary of the Board of Visitors, that the \$523,000 coupon library building revenue bonds

\$25,000

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., 5s, Due June 1952 @ 3.10% basis

### F. W. CRAIGIE & COMPANY

Richmond, Va.
A. T. T. Tel. Rich. Va. 83

#### VIRGINIA

offered for sale on Jan. 29—V. 144, p. 653—were purchased by a syndicate of 13 dealers, as  $3\frac{3}{4}$ s, at par. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due in semi-annual payments from Aug. 1, 1938 to Feb. 1, 1968.

HERNDON, Va.—BOND SALE—The \$50,000 issue of sewer bonds offered for sale on Feb. 1—V. 144, p. 820—was awarded to the National Bank of Fairfax, according to the Town Clerk.

VIRGINIA BEACH, Va.—BONDS VOTED—At the election held on Jan. 26—V. 144, p. 495—the voters approved the issuance of the \$168,000 in sewage disposal plant bonds, according to the Mayor.

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#### WASHINGTON

EVERETT, Wash.—BONDS CALLED—Charles R. Dobler, City Treasurer, is reported to have called for payment on Jan. 28, on which date interest ceased, the following bonds: Nos. 87 to 93, of Local Improvement District No. 471, and Nos. 15 to 23, of Local Improvement District

NACHES SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Yakima), Wash.—BONI ISSUANCE NOT CONTEMPLATED—It is reported by Blanche McLan Deputy County Treasurer, that the \$48,000 school bonds voted on Dec. 7 as noted in these columns—V. 143, 0.4198—will not be acted upon furthe until the district instructed to do so by the county.

until the district instructed to do so by the county.

SEATTLE, Wash.—MORATORIUM GRANTED ON STREET RAIL-WAY BOND PAYMENT—The following report is taken from the Seattle "Post-intelligencer" of Jan. 30:
Seattle's municipal street railway system was tided over another financial crisis yesterday when the Puget Sound Power & Light Co. granted a moratorium on the \$833,000 principal payment due March 1 on the purchase bonds.

The company acted in compliance with a resolution adopted by the city council Thursday morning formally asking that the March 1 payment due be postponed until March 1, 1947.

"This is the eight moratorium granted by the company, the last seven annual principal payments of \$833,000 having also been postponed for ten years, which means that interest at 5 per cent will run that much longer. "If the railway had been able to meet all the principal payments as they fell due, the total remaining unpaid principal on the fifteen million purchase bonds would have been \$1,672,000 after March 1, 1937, instead of \$8,336,000, the amount now due."

YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 121 (P. O. Yakima),

000, the amount now due."

YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 121 (P. O. Yakima),
Wash.—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—In connection with the offering
scheduled for Feb. 13, of the \$48,000 not to exceed 6% semi-annual school
bonds, notice on which appeared in these columns recently—V. 144, p. 820—
we are informed that the bonds are to run for a period of 22 years, being,
as nearly as practicable, the estimated life of said improvement, payable
serially, in their numerical order, lowest number first, the various annual
maturities to commence with the second year after date of issuance, to be
met by an equal annual tax levy.

### WEST VIRGINIA

CABELL COUNTY (P. O. Huntington), W. Va.—BOND ELECTION CANCELED—It is stated by R. B. Marston, Secretary of the Board of Education, that the election which was scheduled for Jan. 26, to vote on the issuance of \$600,000 in 3% school bonds, noted here recently—V. 144, p. 654—was cancelled temporarily because of flood conditions.

#### WISCONSIN

APPLETON, Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$481,000 senior high school bonds offered on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 496—were awarded to the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, as 2½s and 2½s, at par, plus a premium of \$371, equal to 100.077. A total of \$153,000 bonds maturing from 1942 to 1946 will bear interest at 2½%, while the rest of the issue will bear 2½% interest. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$8,000 1942; \$11,000, 1943; \$17,000, 1944; \$58,000, 1945; \$50,000, 1946; \$63,000, 1947; \$64,000, 1948; \$65,000, 1949; \$67,000, 1950; and \$69,000, 1951. The Channer Securities Co. of Chicago was second high, offering a premium of \$760, bonds running from 1942 to 1944 to bear 2% interest, from 1945 to 1948 2½%, and from 1949 to 1951 2½%.

BARRON JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Barron), Wis.—BOND OFFERNING—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on Feb. 16, by C. C. Morrison, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of coupon high school addition bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 3%, payable F. & A. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1938 to 1947, and \$4,000, 1948 to 1952. Prin. and int. payable at the First National Bank of Barron.

BEAVER DAM, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received will be received.

BEAVER DAM, Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 8 p. m. on Feb. 15, by Wm. A. Gergen, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$60,000 issue of 3% coupon water works improvement bonds, 1936. Denom. \$1,000. Dated March 1, 1937. Due on March 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1938 and 1939; \$6,000, 1940 to 1945, and \$9,000 in 1946 and 1947. Principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer. Interest payable annually on March 1. Authority for issuance is Chapter 67, Wisconsin Statutes, 1935. Bonds will be sold for not less than par and accrued interest. The purchaser is required to furnish the approving legal opinion. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to the City Treasurer, must accompany the bid.

DODGE COUNTY (P. O. Junesu). Wis.—RONDS APPROVED. The

DODGE COUNTY (P.O. Juneau), Wis.—BONDS APPROVED—The County Supervisors are said to have approved the issuance of \$196,000 in court house addition bonds.

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY (P. O. Eau Claire), Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$125,000 county building improvement bonds offered on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 654—were awarded to Harold E. Wood & Co. of St. Paul as 2½s, at par, plus a premium of \$1,405, equal to 101.124, a basis of about 2.35%. The Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago was second high, offering a premium of \$1,222 for 2½s. Dated Dec. 1, 1936. Due on Dec. 1 as follows: \$8,000, 1937 to 1946; and \$9,000, 1947 to 1951.

\$8,000, 1937 to 1946; and \$9,000, 1947 to 1951.

KENOSHA COUNTY (P. O. Kenosha), Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. on Feb. 16, by John C. Niederprim, County Clerk, for the purchase of an issue of \$135,000 tuberculosis sanatorium addition bonds. Bidders to name the rate of interest. Denom. \$1,000. Due on March 1 as follows \$13,000, 1938 to 1942, and \$14,000, 1943 to 1947. The basis of determination shall be the lowest interest rate bid by the purchaser and the interest cost to the county. Prin, and int

(M. & S.) payable in lawful money at the County Treasurer's office. The county will furnish the completed bonds and the legal opinion of Chapman & Cutler, of Chicago. The bonds will be ready for delivery on or about March 1. A certified check for 2%, payable to the county, must accompany the bid.

NEW LONDON, Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$220,000 issue of refunding bonds offered for sale on Feb. 2—V. 144, p. 654—was awarded at auction to a group composed of the Channer Securities Co. of Chicago, Harold E. Wood & Co. of St. Paul, and the Northwestern National Bank & Trust Co. of Minneapolis, as 21/5s, paying a premium of \$420.00, equal to 100.19, a basis of about 2.48%. Dated Feb. 15, 1937. Due \$11,000 from Aug. 15, 1937 to 1956 incl.

SOUTH MILWAUKEE, Wis.—CORRECTION—In connection with the sport given in these columns in December, that the City Council had oted to issue \$75,000 in sewage disposal plant bonds—V. 143, p. 4198—is stated by the City Clerk that the bonds have not as yet been authrized for sale.

WAUPACA, Wis.—BONDS NOT SOLD—It is stated by F. A. Houseman, City Clerk, that the \$25,000 not to exceed 4% annual coupon sewage disposal plant bonds scheduled for sale on Nov. 13, as noted here at that time —V. 143, p. 3038—were found to be invalid. Dated Nov. 15, 1936. Due from May 1, 1938 to 1950.

WAUPUN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Waupun), Wis.—BOND ELECTION—The issuance of \$85,000 in high school remodeling bonds, to be used in connection with a Public Works Administration grant, will be submitted at an election scheduled for Feb. 12, according to report.

WAUSHARA COUNTY (P. O. Wautoma), Wis.—NOTES SOLD—It is stated by J. J. Johnson, County Clerk, that the \$50,000 general county purpose notes authorized by the County Supervisors in December, as noted in these columns—V. 143, p. 4198—have been sold.

WISCONSIN, State of—REPORT ON INTEREST PAYMENTS MADE ON STATE DEBT—Although the State of Wisconsin has no bonded debt outstanding, it has paid in interest more tnan five times the amount of present indebtedness to the school fund from which it has borrowed Since the Civil War the State has borrowed \$3,859,592 and at the present time there is \$1,183,700 of this owed to the school fund. Interest payments on this debt have been 7% and, latest figures indicate that the State has spent \$10,940,000 in interest charges of which \$5,240,000 was expended on the retired debt and \$5,700,000 on the debt still in existence. The rate is higher than would probably be paid if the debt were held publicly, but some consolation may be found in the fact that the school fund is the beneficiary.

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#### WYOMING

BOSLER SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 30 (P. O. Bosler), Wyo.—BONDS NOT SOLD—The \$10,000 issue of not to exceed 4% semi-ann. school bonds offered on Jan. 25—V. 144, p. 320—was not sold, according to the District Clerk. Dated Dec. 1, 1936.

TORRINGTON, Wyo.—BOND CALL—It is stated by Nelle Armitage Town Treasurer, that all outstanding bonds of the 5½% refunding issue, dated March 1, 1927, are being called for payment on March 1, 1937, on which date interest shall cease, at the office of the Stock Growers National Bank, Cheyenne. Due on March 1, 1957, optional on March 1, 1937.

## Canadian Municipals

Information and Markets

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### CANADA

BRANTFORD, Ont.—BOND SALE—The \$215,000 3½% bonds offered on Jan. 30—V. 144, p. 820—were awarded to the Bank of Montreal, of Montreal, at a price of 100.62, a basis of about 3.39%. The sale consisted

of: \$165,000 bonds issued under By-law No. 2569, to mature serially in 10 years. 50,000 bonds issued under By-law No. 2570A, to mature serially in 20 years. All of the bonds will be dated Dec. 31, 1936.

All of the bonds will be dated Dec. 31, 1936.

CALGARY, Alta.—NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS—Taylor & Taylor, solicitors for the Board of Sinking Fund Trustees, 227A 8th Ave. West, Calgary, announce that the trustees will apply on March 8 in Chambers in the court house in Calgary, "for advice and directions involving the rights of debenture holders as against the consolidated sinking fund of the City of Calgary and as amongst ourselves." Such advice and directions are required, it is said, due to the fact that the present holdings of the fund are in immiment danger of being reduced below the statuory requirement. Copies of the originating notice to be issued returnable on March 8 are available for inspection at the principal offices of the branches or agencies of the Bank of Montreal in various Canadian cities, also in New York City and London, England. The court has appointed several persons to represent holders of various classes of the city's bonds, as herewith indicated:

J. E. A. Macleod, K.C., Canada Life Bidg., Calgary, for holders of debentures outstanding June-1, 1925.

D. S. Moffat, K.C., Grain Exchange Bidg., Calgary, for holders of local improvement debentures.

W. H. McLaws, K.C., Canada Life Bidg., Calgary, holders of local improvement debentures.

W. H. McLaws, K.C., Canada Life Bidg., Calgary, holders of debentures issued in respect of public utilities of the city.

H. G. Nolan, K.C., Lancaster Bidg., Calgary, to represent all holders not embraced in any of the above-mentioned categories.

Holders of the bonds are requested to advise their repsective representative of any views which they should like presented to the court in respect to any contentions they may desire to raise. The order made, the notice states, may declare rights and give directions, and will be binding on all debenture holders.

CALGARY, Alta.—*ELECTION ON DEBT PLAN*—The Civic Finance Committe. on Jan. 28 decided to hold an election to permit property owners to pass on the plan recently drafted by a bondholders' group for the refinancing of the city's entire \$17.463,148 bonded debt. No date was set for the election. Details of the refinancing plan, as given in these columns sometime ago, include the exchange of new 4½% 25-year bonds for the liens presently outstanding. Holders of bonds bearing interest at more than 4½% would be reimbursed by cash payments to make up the difference. It is proposed to retire the refunding bonds on the basis of about \$1,195,000 annually. Under the proposal, annual debt service

requirements would be reduced from the present total of \$1,917,460 \$1,244,439. Sinking fund holdings of city bonds in the amount of about \$6,600,000 would be canceled.

CANADA (Dominion of)—HIGHER RATE ON TREASURY BILLS
—Tenders for the full amount of an offering of \$30,000,000 Treasury
bills, maturing May 1, 1937, were accepted Jan. 29 by the Bank of Canada
on behalf of the Minister of Finance. The average discount price was
\$99.815 and the average yield 0.759%. This compares with an average
rate of 0.747% at which an issue of \$25,000,000 was sold earlier in January.

CANADA (Dominion of)—PROVINCIAL DEBTS STEADILY RISING—Provincial debts have been increasing at a greater rate than revenues between 1925 and 1935, according to a compilation issued recently by the Bank of Canada. This was the first of a series of monthly statistical summaries, which the bank plans to issue.

In 1925 the total indebtedness of the Provinces in excess of the amount they had deposited in sinking funds was \$813,400,000. Ten years later, in 1935, it was \$1,622,100,000. The increase was 99 per cent.

Debts have been increasing faster than revenues. In 1926 the debt was 563% of the annual revenue of the Provinces in 1935 it was 777%.

The public debts of the Provinces in 1935, less the sinking fund with the relation of the debt to the annual income that year in brackets follow: Prince Edward Island, \$5,200,000 (381%): Nova Scotia \$81,100,000 (815%): New Brunswick, \$64,900,000 (951%): Quebec, \$163,900,000 (465%): Ontario \$688,800,000 (852%): Manitoba, \$111,000,000 (761%): Saskatchewan, \$183,400,000 (1,105%). Alberta, \$165,600,000 (984%): British Columbia, \$158,200,000 (598%).

Columbia, \$158,200,000 (595%).

CANADA (Dominion of)—BOND OFFERINGS HIGHER IN JANU-ARY—Total offering of new Canadian bonds for January amounted to \$150,950,000 as compared with \$91,232,900 in January 1936 according to Dominion Securities Corporation. These included offerings of \$30,000,000 Dominion of Canada 24% bonds due Jan. 15, 1944 and \$55,000,000 3% bonds due Jan. 15, 1967 made in the United States. Subscription lists were also opened in Canada on an issue of \$35,500,000 Canadian National Railway Co. bonds, guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada. These bonds were offered by the Bank of Canada and are payable only in Canadian funds.

The following table summarizes by various classes the new issues for January 1937 as compared with January 1936:

가능하는 사람들은 경기가 가지 마루 마루 가지 있는데 함께 보는 사람들이 가지 않는데 하는데 가지 않는데 가지 않는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하		
Dominion of Canada Provincials Municipals	1937 \$85,000,000 20,000,000	1936 \$48,000,000 850,000
Public utilities Railways Miscellaneous and industrial	7,000,000 35,500,000 3,450,000	$\begin{array}{c} 132,900 \\ 15,000,000 \\ 15,000,000 \\ 12,250,000 \end{array}$

\$150,950,000 \$91,232,900

In addition to new bond issues of the Dominion of Canada and the Canadian National Railway, the Province of Ontario sold internally \$20,-000,000 serial bonds bearing coupons of 2½% and 3% according to maturities. Other financing during the month included a \$7,000,000 issue of 4% bonds of the Nova Scotia Light & Power Co. and \$2,000,000 4% bonds of the Industrial Acceptance Corporation. An issue of \$750,000 5½% debentures of the Donnacona Paper Co., Ltd. represented the first financing for a Canadian newsprint company in a number of years.

GRANBY, Que.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$15,000 bonds offered on Jan. 30—V. 144, p. 820—was awarded to Beausoleil & Beausoleil, of Montreal, at a price of 102.01. Dated Jan. 1, 1937, and due serially in from 1 to 10 years.

MANITOBA (Province of)—FINANCES STUDIED—Graham Towers, Governor of the Bank of Canada, is now in Winnipeg conferring with A. D. Skelton, bank investigator, on the results of a study made by the latter into the finances of the Province. The study was made in view of requests for financial aid from the Federal Government, which have been received from Premier John Bracken. In connection with the appeals, it is understood that the Premiers of both Manitoba and Saskatchewan have taken the attitude that unless financial aid is furnished by the Government, the Provinces may have to default on their debts.

have taken the attitude that unless financial aid is furnished by the Government, the Provinces may have to default on their debts.

MONTREAL. Que.—BOND SALE.—The city has formally awarded the issue of \$6,500,000 bonds offered on Feb. 2—V.144, p. 820—to a syndicate headed by the Bank of Montreal, of Montreal. The bid of this account, according to report, was the only one made on an all or none basis, as required by the city. The accepted tender was based on an average interest cost to the community of 3,64%. The offering is divided into three series, as follows: bonds maturing in the first five years bear 2½% interest; next five 3%, and the remaining five of the 15-year maturity schedule bear 3½% interest. The prices named in the accepted bid figured an interest cost in the case of each series of 2.58%, 3.21% and 3.86%, respectively. Of the bonds, \$706,000 mature in five years, \$807,000 in the next five years and \$4,987,000 in the last five-year period. Financing was accomplished to consolidate a number of civic debts.

Principal and interest are payable in Canadian funds and re-offering of the issue was made only in Canada.

Other members of the successful account: Royal Securities Corp. Banque Canadienne Nationale; Bank of Nova Scotia; Nesbitt, Thomson & Co.; L. G. Beaubien & Co.; Hanson Bros., Inc., McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks & Gordon, and Collier, Norris & Henderson, all of Montreal; Bell Gouinlock & Co.; McLeod, Young, Weir & Co., and Nills, Spence & Co., all of Toronto; Rene T. Leclerc, Ltd., Montreal; Midland Securities Corp. London, Ont.; Mead & Co., Kerrigan, MacTier & Co., Ernest Savard, Ltd., Bruno Jeannotte, Ltd., Credit Anglo-Francais, Ltd., and Societe de Placements, Inc., all of Montreal. The successful group paid a price of 96,6095 for the issue, the average interest cost to the city being 3.64%.

The bonds, dated Feb. 1, 1937 and payable only in Canadian funds, mature as follows:

\$706,000 bearing 2½% interest, due annually on Feb. 1: \$134,000, 1938;

mature as follows:
\$706,000 bearing 2½% interest, due annually on Feb. 1: \$134,000, 1938;
1938; \$138,000, 1939; \$141,000, 1940; \$145,000 in 1941 and
\$148,000 in 1942.
807,000 bearing 3% interest, due annually on Feb. 1: \$152,000, 1943;
\$157,000, 1944; \$161,000, 1945; \$166,000 in 1946 and \$171,000
in 1947.
4,987,000 bearing 3½% interest, due annually on Feb. 1: \$176,000, 1948;
\$183,000, 1949; \$189,000, 1950; \$196,000, 1951; \$4,243,000 in
1952.

The bonds are non-callable and have been approved as to legality by Meredith, Holden, Heward & Holden, for the purchasing syndicate, and Charles Laurendeau, K.C., for the city. The bankers resold all of the 2½% and 3% bonds prior to the formal offering of the issue. The 3½s were priced from par for those due in 1948 to 97.75 for the final maturity. City is required to provide in each year in its annual estimates of income an amount sufficient to pay interest and bond principal due in each year and for partial amortization of bond principal due in 1952, this amortization being based on a period of 30 years from date of issue.

The city rejected the only other bid submitted for the issue because it did not conform with the conditions established in the call for tenders. This offer, terms of which were not disclosed, was made on behalf of the Dominion Securities Corp., Royal Bank of Canada, Provincial Bank of Canada, Canadian Bank of Commerce, A. E. Ames & Co.. Wood, Gundy & Co.

NELSON, B. C.—BONDS SOLD—McDermid, Miller & McDermid of Vancouver have purchased an issue of \$75,000 31/8 bonds, due Feb. 15, 1957. Re-offering is being made at a price of 99.25, to yield 3.55%.

VICTORIA, B. C.—PLANS BOND ISSUE—The city may issue bonds in the amount of \$107,000 for refunding purposes.

VICTORIAVILLE, Que.—OTHER BIDS—The \$21,500 4% 20-year serial bonds awarded to Rene T. Leclerc, Inc. of Montreal, at a price of 100.05 (not 100.465)—V. 144, p. 820—were also bid for as follows:

Bidder—	Rate Bid
La Corporation de Prets de Quebec	
L. G. Beaubien & Co., Ltd	00 52
Ballque Canadienne Nationale	00 44
Comptoir National de Placement Ltd	00 42
Gairdner & Co	99.335
Ernest Savard Ltd	99.10
Paul Gonthier & Co	99.05