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Bank \& Quotation Section Railway Earnings Section

Railway \& Industrial Section
Bankers' Convention Section

Electric Railway Section
State and City Section

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 $\qquad$ OHICAGO OFFICE-PHiny Bartlett,513 MonadnockBlock;Tel.Harrison 4012 WHLLIAM B, DANA COMPANX, PUblisher P.O. Box958. Front, Pineand Depeyster Sts., New York. Publlshed every Saturday morning by WIILIAM B. DANA COMPANY,
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Vlee-Presidents; Arnold G. Dana, Sce. Addresses of all, Offlee of the Company,

## CLEARING-HOUSE RETURNS.

 The following table mado up by telegraph, So, Indicates that thetotal bank cleartnys of al clearthe nouses of the United States for week
ending April 13 have been $\$ 3.456,715,763$, sgatnat $\$ 3,041,732,432$ lest ending April 13 have been $83,456,715,763$, agatnst $\$ 3,541$
week and $\$ 2,796,805,667$ the corresponding week last year.

|  <br>  |  |  | 1012. |  | 1911. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Cent } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yord <br> Bomb <br> Phitadombta <br> Bairmiore. <br> Chtenzo <br> 8t. Tolus <br> Now Ditans |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,388,990,475 \\ 123,270,18 \\ 84,83,632 \\ 23,78,345 \\ 29,075,759 \\ 65,000,088 \\ 18,170,215 \end{array}$ |  |  |
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| Severi aiter, Hye daya Othereftis, live disys |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 52.389,283,176 \\ 532,45,201 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 81.040,278,677 \\ 495,218,781 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sil effed, nye days. AIt ctitar, ete days |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2.922 .101 .385 \\ 532.214 .378 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2.435,497.408 \\ 381.305 .459 \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totat isit elter for wrek. . . . . . . . . $83.456,715,7$ |  |  |  |  | \$2,745,805,807 |  |  |
| The full detalls for the week covered by the above will be glven next Saturday. We cannot furnish them to-day, clearlags belng mado up by the elearing housea at noon on Satueday, and fienec th the above the last day of the week has to bo lin atl cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night. <br> We preseat below detalled Dgures for the week endlag with Satiarday |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | 1018. | 析 | $\text { or } 1$ | 1710 |  | 003. |  |
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| Philadelp |  | 1, $837,818 t, 070$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pitsboumbi |  | 56, 143383.381208 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,727,311,719 \\ 110,780,022 \end{array}$ |  |
| Baltmor | 34,053,721 |  | -7.1 |  |  | $32,22,155$ |  |
| Buftala | 11,58,515 | 10,952,875 | +7.0+12.7 | 10,217,795 |  | 25,050,302 |  |
| Whainge | 1,052,214 | 8.0319 .018$5,517,750$ |  | 8,012279 |  | \%,80,908 |  |
| Albany | 6,003,985 |  | +24.4 | $5,887.929$4.651 .169 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rocketer | 6,671.885 | $6,517,750$$6,470,181$$3.313,281$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bcranton | 3,100,201 |  | +731 | 3,008,459 |  | $3,583,306$$2,151,582$ |  |
| syractas | 3, 177,015 | $3,313,631$ 2822,791 |  | 2, 550217 |  | 2,305,253 |  |
| Readms. | 2, 176.5880 | 2,822,793 | +13 <br> +13 | $2,162,215$ <br> $1,560,38$ |  | $1.826,280$1,139828 |  |
| Wuricer -Ba | 1,682,253 | 1,444,038 | +13.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheeling | $2.166,670$ | $1.558,220$ $1.670,212$ | +8.0 +20.7 | 1,887,527 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 480.781 \\ & 100.8 \mathrm{my} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Trenton | 1,614,208 | $1,670,212$ $1,680,685$ | +8.7 +1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lances | 6,005, 210 | 2,745 , 580 | +19.8 | 1,075,47\% |  |  |  |
| York | 1,878,006 | 1,846,600 | +1.7 | 1,576,327 |  | 1,022,124 |  |
| Erle | 138.4 | 084,155882,205 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 868.146 \\ & 150.000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grecnsou | 712,100 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1.8 \\ -38.0 \\ \hline-.8\end{array}$ |  |  | 572,369431,807 |  |
| Chisfer | 581,8,4 | $\begin{aligned} & 691.200 \\ & 510,761 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +2.6 \\ & +6.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 371,007389,21338 |  |
|  | 550,000 | 518,600 | + 7.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 580,431 \\ & 404,080 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total 3 | 2,381,2 | 2,142,334, 301 | 1.1 | 2,103,380,026 |  | $\overline{1,942,127,038}$ |  |
| Boston | $217.714 \times 35$ | 55,413,403 | +11.4+10.7 | 160,055,291 |  | $161,483,761$6,760 |  |
| Pravideno | 9,450,109 | $8,838,200$$4,73,5021$ |  | 7,472,700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hartford | 5,490,558 |  | +15. |  |  | 3,602,599 |  |
| New Hay Springlald | 3.172 .11 3.115 .588 | 3,551,378 | 10.7 +21.8 |  | 3,104,848 | 725,385 |  |
| Portand | 2,596,128 | 2,333,371 | +11.3 | $2,530,780$$8,003,320$ |  | 1,669,240 |  |
| Worcester | 4,305,402 | $2,112,614$$1,249,375$ | +78.5+31.5 | 2,225.234 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fall River | 1,642,249 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Bedf | 1,011,050 | 041.142 | +10.6+2.8 |  | 057.217 |  | 29,545 |
| Lowell | 571.788 |  |  |  | 503.212 | $470.754$ |  |
| Holyoke | 753,825 | $\begin{aligned} & 647,856 \\ & 487,622 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +16.4 \\ +19.5 \end{array}$ | 500,403 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 382,679 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totat New Eng | 250.437.221 | 223.439.072 | +12.1 | 186,204,096 |  | 182,701,912 |  |


| Ckearthas at- | Ween citing April i. |  |  |  |  |
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|  | , 5337.7607 | $34,117,89$ $17,796,32$ |  | - |  |
|  | 11,324, | 14,237,709 |  |  |  |
| ¢ |  | 0,305;781 |  |  | 4 743, 60 ( |
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|  | 7,552,196 | 7,216,003 |  | 7,420,421 | 22 |
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| St. Louts | 73,699,765 | 74,117,155 | 1.7 | 73,239,2 | 59.12 |
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| Houston | 17,081,508 | 10,248,654 | +150.1 |  |  |
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| Chattan | 2,509, | 1,710.705 | + +50.2 | 1,550 | 1,651,294 |
| Lutul | 2.075 | 1,813,417 | +14,5 | 1.761,7 | 1,75 |
| Knoxil | ${ }_{2}^{1} 115$ | 1,497,601 | +38.5 | 1.514 | 1344,239 |
| रugust | 3,065,793 | 2,4244324 |  | 1,86 | 1,266,122 |
| rlest | 2,263,788 | 1.800,216 | +23.0 | 1,033,018 | 1.573, \%/31 |
| chano | 1, 2 2, | 2.07 | +33 | 2,407,040 | 1,580,057 |
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| ceasbu | 2,200.00 | 2,800.975 | -23.3 | 2,585, 0 | 1 |
| ming | 725,00 | 701,772 | $+3.3$ | 534, 551 | 259 |
| Jackson ....... | 443.873 | 967,475 | -54 | 540,000 | 338,000 |
| tuskogec | 732.581 | 743,335 | -24.6 |  |  |
| Total So | 214,200,052 | 197,656,5884 | +8.4 | 191056291 | 158.395 .596 |
| Total all | 3,51, 739, 432 3 , | 221,280,302 | +9.0 ${ }^{3,1}$ | 136,750,352 | k 2 |
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## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Undoubtedly the most important event of the week has been the overwhelming victory achieved by Mr. Roosevelt at the Illinois primaries. In the elcetion in that State of delegates to the National Republican Convention he beat President Taft two to one and got a popular plurality of about 125,000 . As a consequence he will have 56 out of the 58 delegates from that State to the Convention. On the Stock Exchange the event passed almost unnoticed, or perhaps it would be more correct to say it was not allowed seriously to interfere with the upward course of the market. The unexpected Roosevelt triumph merely emphasizes anew, however, the necessity of proceeding cautiously about discounting the future at this early date.

The advance in prices which has been going on at a quite furious pace since the beginning of March is based on two main things: (1) the very material betterment of conditions that has been established in the business world and (2) a belief that the political outlook is assured, owing to the certainty, as assumed, that Mr. Roosevelt and his doctrines are foredoomed to defeat-that there is not the slightest reason for giving one's self anxiety on this latter point. Up to ten days ago the developments seemed to warrant this unbounded confidence, though for ourselves we have been unable to conceal a feeling of anxiety in that regard. Knowing the resourcefulness of Mr. Roosevelt and his adroitness in snatching victory from apparent defeat, we have warned against staking too much on the idea that his overthrow could be regarded as an accomplished fact. The Illinois primaries have now changed the entire aspect of things, making it apparent that a cautious attitude as regards the likelihood that Mr. Roosevelt is to be vanquished is by no means out of place.

However viewed-whether from a political standpoint or from the point of view of the country's economic progress-the Roosevelt victory cannot be looked upon as other than a very distressing circumstance. Mr. Roosevelt delights in calling himself a progressive, but in the business world his success would mean reaction-and of a very pronounced sort. The doctrines that he is advocating are so detrimental to political and financial stability and he personally throughout his whole political career has been pursuing such an antagonistic policy towards business interests -towards men of means and those who control large supplies of capital-that his triumph and return to power would inevitably mean a cheek to enterprise and the retarding of the industrial advancement of the United States. This is a country of wonderful virgin resources, but capital would simply refuse to take the risks that would be involved in the conditions which Mr. Roosevelt seeks to impose.

In view, therefore, of the menace that his capture of the nomination would involve, it is obviously a serious blunder to proceed on the assumption that there is no likelihood of his being able to snatch the nomination prize. The general disposition is to think that the Illinois result weakens Taft rather than brings Mr . Roosevelt nearer the goal of his ambition. As a consequence there is talk of taking up a third candidate, Mr . Hughes being most prominently suggested as a possible compromise candidate. But it is well to look he facts squarely in the face and not deceive our-
$\mathrm{s} \quad \mathrm{s}$. In our own mind we are by no means conthat Mr. Roosevelt may not get the coveted
fromination. In the Republican Convention a bare majority suffices to nominate. None of the Roosevelt strength will desert him. The number of delegates pledged to him will not in any event be small, and all that he gets will stay by him until the end.

The Roosevelt delegates are gaining their election only by fighting for every inch of ground, and this fighting quality, we may be sure, they will maintain even on the floor of the Convention. They are all Roosevelt enthusiasts and no suggestion of a compromise candidate will ever emanate from them. It is more likely that they will gain recruits from among the enemy, for no matter how high one's regard for President Taft may be, it must be admitted that his name does not arouse popular enthusiasm. On the other hand, the name of Rousevelt sets the popular mind aflame. These are incontrovertible facts.

Nor do we share the belief, which so widely prevails, that if Roosevelt succeeds in obtaining the nomination he will be easily defeated. He would, no doubt, lose hundreds of thousands of Republican votes, but the chances are that as against every Republican vote that drifted away from him he would get a counterbalancing Democratic vote. He is becoming more and more reokless in his abuse and misrepresentation of Mr. Taft and in speaking at Philadelphia on Wednesday he had the hardihood to say that "Mr. Taft, Mr. Choate, Mr. Milburn, Mr. Lorimer, Mr. Penrose, Mr. Guggenheim, and theirallies," would turn the Government aside from its original purpose and that it is their "wish to make it a government by corporation attorneys." The "New York Times," commenting on these remarks, says that a man who permits himself to use such language is not fit to be President of the United States. We entirely agree with our contemporary, but Mr. Roosevelt makes such specious appeals to the lowest instincts of the masses and is so skilled in wimning their favor that his calumnies against Mr. Tait will probably be accopted as Gospel truth by large numbers of citizens and serve to gain additional recruits for him and his cause.

We have great faith in the intelligence and sound judgment of the American electorate as a whole, when an issue is clearly presented to the same for its determination, and we are certain that Mr. Roosevelt, if nominated, can be defeated, but it will require a great deal of hard work and it will also require an opposing candidate of the right mettle. A Democratic apostle of radiealism, making the same appeal for the favor of the uneducated as Mr. Roosevelt himself, will not answer. The effect would be simply to leave the field in possession of Mr. Roosevelt and give him a walkover. But can the Democrats be depended upon to put up a candidate possessing the requisite qualities and resolute enough to take a stand in defence of representative government as established by the founders of the Republic? This last is the uncertain element in the political problem.

The bearing of all this upon present stock market movements will be readily appreciated. One of the main elements in the upward manipulation of prices, namely the prospect of an improved state of affairs in the political world, is now found to be unstable and insecure. Mr. Roosevelt is still in the field as aggressive as ever and daily growing stronger. Under these circumstances the propriety and advisability of still further advancing Stock Exchange prices after they have already been boosted up ten to twenty pointsfivould certainly appear to be open to question.

No general recession in prices has been permitted this week, notwithstanding the adverse political developments, though yesterday the market looked weak and top-heavy. Those engineering the upward movement seem to be afraid that if they allow prices to sag, confidence in the permanency of the high level of values will become impaired and all their work go for naught. Hence their policy has been to make unfavorable news the occasion for renewed upward spurts. But a market that does not yield to unfavorable news is clearly a manipulated one, and itself furnishes the strongest of testimony to that end.

As we pointed out last week, there is much in the business situation that furnishes a sound basis for a level of values higher than that which prevailed at the opening of the year. We will go further and assert that later on, when doubta and misgivings as to political matters have been removed, there may be warrant for positive buoyaricy. But what is to be said of the policy of pushing prices, already at a high level, still further skyward at a time when coal mining is suspended in both the anthracite and bituminous region, when, as a consequence, there must be a large loss in the traffic and earnings of the railroads, when, moreover, the railroads themselves have a labor problem of the first magnitude on their hands in the demands of the locomotive engineers, and when, to cap the climax, the political situntion takes on a new and disturbed aspeet by reason of Mr. Roosevelt's progress in his canvass for the Presidential nomination?
The parties back of the present stock market movement are evidently the same as those who engineered several similar movements last year. As on the present occasion, the most depressing news was never allowed to interfere in the slightest degree with their plans. A conspicuous instance was furnished in the course of prices last July. There probably never was a period that brought a greater batch of unfavorable news than that month. Devastating heat and drought had done tremendous damage to the growing grain crops in June and was creating further havoc in July. In the railroad world, the Inter-State Commerce Commission gave a new blow to reviving hope in its disturbing decisions regarding rates to inter-mountain territory. On the other side of the Atlantic, everything tended to create a feeling of the deepest alarm. Great Britain was in the throes of a constitutional crisis and the whole of Europe was in the throes of the Moroccan crisis, with the possibility of a war botween England and France and Germany actively discussed and looming large upon the horizon. Yet such was the grip maintained upon our stock market that prices for the great majority of stocks at the end of July actually closed higher than at the beginning. The manipulators would not let go.

But in August came the denouement. The manipulators now withdrew their support. The result was that the whole structure of prices collapsed and a drop of 20 to 25 points ensued. On the present occasion some of the most substantial stocks, like New York Central and Pennsylvania, have enjoyed comparatively little rise, the manipulators confining their efforts mainly to the low-priced properties, like Rock Island and American Can, and a few high-priced specialties, like Reading, Lehigh Valley and Union Pacific. These latter have been marked up 15 to 30 points, notwithstanding the pending labor troubles. It would be foolish at such a time to enter upon short commitments, for that would be to play directly into the hands of the manipulators. But one is prone to ask whether,
in the event that Mr. Roosevelt should gain a decided victory at the Peunsylvania primaries, like that at the Illinois primaries, and the labor troubles should simultaneously take on an unfavorable turn, whether in that event the manipulators would repeat their performances of last August and let the market shift for itself. Whatever the answer to this question, a cautious, conservative policy will have much to recommend it until the uncertainties in the political world have been cleared up.

The speech of Dr. Nieholas Murray Butler of Columbia University on Tuesday, in the capacity of temporary Chairman of the State Convention at Rochester for the selection of delegates to the National Republican Convention, was caustic in its treatment of alleged political progressiveness, and had the rare merit of combining luminous statement with unanswerable logic. If the cries of the hour are understood to mesn that we Americans are incapable of self-government, the answer is that if this were so all choice of policies or candidates would be of no consequence, since our proper and inevitable destiny would be to pass under the heel of a despot. But if these cries imply that representative institutions have failed and must give place to some sort of direct democracy, this means that we are asked to substitute for constitutions "a sort of glorified lynching" which would pull down any judge who declares the law to be what the more ebullient part of the people happen not to like.
Mr. Butler once more re-states a few fundamental facts, chiefly that a judge declares the law, not makes it, and that "he is not imposing on the people anything save what they have already imposed upon themselves." The so-ealled "progressives" say that the Constitution was made in the eighteenth century, by men who never saw a steam-engine; that conditions have changed and the document is old now. But, declares the President of Columbia, the rules of arithmetic, the law of gravitation as announced by Newton, the faws of geometry as Euclid saw them, the mountains and the seas, are also old. We are content to live under all these, partly because we cannot change them and partly because we do not wish to. As for the talk of putting the dollar above the man and property rights above human rights, the man has always been above the dollar and property rights are human rights and have always been. To stand up and declare, with solemnity and emphasis, that "human rights must no longer be trampled under foot by property rights" is to utter a sounding platitude which pleases the unthinking; but when you seek to reduce it to intelligibility, it dissolves into air. If the peripatetic orator means anything, he means an asserted contrast between one sort or kind of human rights and another; but if he put it in this way, everybody would agree that there is no such contrast, since all human rights are sacred alike, and the orator would be "out of business."
Precisely so. This disturbance thrives upon vague generalities and sweeping denunciations, and cool examination leaves it nothing to talk about. Dr. Butler has performed a timely service in pointing this out so incisively.

The message Mr. Taft lately sent to Congress on economy will almost surely pass with less attention than it deserves. By abolition of a few offices, by consolidation of others, by discontinuing sundry mileage and other allowances, by discontinuing one need-
less Government publication and changing the distribution of others, by improved methods of handling correspondence and (most important of all) by placing the local offices in three great departments in the "classified service," so that they will be filled without reference to practical politics, he would save an estimated 12 millions a year and vastly improve the public service in other respects. Everybody is in favor of economy in the abstract, and as applied somewhere outside of his particular interest, but the tenacity with which ancient "privilege" keeps its hold is sliown by the persistence of waste in public printing, especially in that clumsy publication that pretends to be a report of proceedings in Congress. Therefore, the proposals for specific economies are liable to go over once more, "until after the elections."
In keeping at the subject, Mr. Taft fulfills a duty none the less, and he deserves more credit because the duty is not a popular one. One Congressman after another gains the title of "wateh-dog of the Treasury," getting thus more opposition than aid and endangering his own political prospects rather than helping them, so much dearer to the mass of voters are the spenders than the savers. To lay emphasis upou economy and propose concrete applications of it in a Presidential year is creditable to the fidelity and courage of the President. If postmasters are to be appointed upon merit instead of on recommendation, Congressmen (especially Senators) can escape the burden of being brokers in offices; yet the change looks on its face like a loss of ancient privilege. It would diminish the opportunity for control, which Mr. Taft is openly accused of wielding, by the very man who knows all about it by personal experience. Mr. Taft's unhappily unsuccessful labor to obtain reciprocity is now adroitly used against him in several States, among those who saw in that nothing more than a supposed injury to themselves. It is quite clear that he is no successful politician in the sense of catering to popular currents, and he is justly deserving of honor for honestly seeking the best good of the country. We may recognize his mistakes, but he should have due credit for his motives and aims.

A meeting held in this city lately for founding the American Immigration and Distribution League deserves approval for its object, which is to relieve congestion in cities by scattering immigrants over the agricultural country. It was said at the meeting that $65 \%$ of those arriving at our great port cities belonged to the farming class at home, and among the direct objects of the League are named improvement in"steerage conditions, protection of immigrants from the unscrupulous, helping them join their friends of their own race on the land, and getting States and the Nation to offer inducements for settling on virgin soil. A resolution was adopted as the selse of the meeting that the Federal Government ought "t $\omega_{2}$ establish a fund for loaning to worthy immigrants on long time and at low rates, the farmers to buy land either in the humid or the irrigated parts of the country, as they chose.
As to this particular action there may be divergence of view, but upon the general question of urging agricultural settlement there can be none whatever. The published statement that $\$ 50,000$ tax was collected on a single cargo of potatoes lately imported from Great Britain is a cumulative bit of evidence upon the high cost of living and the crying need of increased agricultural production. Ex-Congreseman

Bennet of this city, who presided at the meeting, said that in this State alone 75,000 men could now find work on the land if they would only leave the city for it. This may be accepted as correct, so closely does it agree with all known facts in the situation as to producing; but we must still keep in mind that altruism is an inactive force in such mattors, and it is idle to appeal to anything except self-interest; no man will go to cultivating the soil because others need that he shall. There have been official inquiries into the causes of the high cost of living, and we have heard of attempts in this State to re-distribute popula-tion-something which cannot be done, except by supplying inducements for population to re-distribute itself. The hardy immigrant from colder climates, who is accustomed to the soil and is not yet seized by the glamour of great cities, will most easily be induced to pass on instead of sticking in his port of landing, and probably Mr. Edward Lauterbach is right in saying that of all movements in aid of immigrants this seems to be the one which has begun with the most practical wisdom.

The Transvaal's gold production for March 1912 was of a magnitude far transcending any prior monthly result from that field of seemingly limitless possibilities. During 1911, on a number of occasions new, high records in monthly yield or average per diem output were set, culminating with 719,729 fine ounces and 23,991 per day, respectively, in November. In January of the present year the month's record was again broken, with an aggregate of 737,060 fine ounces, and in February the daily average advanced to 24,271 fine ounces. For March, however, a remarkable increase in production occurred, according to cable advices this week, the output for the period having been no less than 830,732 fine ounces, giving a daily rate of 26,798 fine ounces. In twelve months there has been a gain in the phenomenal amount of 154,667 fine ounces for the month and 4,990 fine ounces per day, the March 1911 totals having been 676,065 fine ounces and 21,808 fine ounces. For the first quarter of 1912 the Transvaal production aggregated $2,271,649$ fine ounces, against $1,937,860$ fine ounces in the three months of 1911, or an addition of $17.2 \%$, and compared with 1910 the gain reaches over $35 \%$. The rate of production for this first quarter maintained during the remainder of the year would give for the Transvaal for 1912 an aggregate of more than $9,000,000$ fine ounces, and for the whole of Africa a yield in excess of $10,000,000$ fine ounces-the latter exceeding the output from the mines of the whole world for a year as late as 1896 .

The winter-wheat condition report issued on Tuesday by the Agricultural Department, while somewhat of a disappointment, owing to the fact that it indicated a greater deterioration than usual during the winter, was at the same time given no great weight. The feeling seems to be that over a good part of the area the backwardness of spring precluded the possibility of correspondents arriving at anything more than opinions as to the status of the plant on April 1. The May report, when it is received, will furnish a more conclusive idea as to condition and will also indicate the extent of the area abandoned because of winter-killing, which some advices state has been above the average. The Government report as issued this week makes the average condition of the grain for the whole country 80.6 on April 1 1912, the lowest at that date siuce 1904 and showing a
declineTof 6 Foints 1 各since ${ }^{2}$ December ${ }^{2}$ 1911. In the corresponding period $\sqrt{2}$ of a the previous season there was a rise of feight-tenths of a pointyand the average deteroriation for the preceding ten-year period was
 Es As regards the condition in the various States, Missouri, Illinois, Ohio"and Indianajare conspicuous in the matter of deterioration, but the report issued by the Missouri State Board of Agriculture intimating that it is too early to determine just the true condition of the ${ }^{7}$ growing crop? advises Tfarmers to be slow in plowing up,wheat apparently'winter-killed or "heaved," as there is reason to believe that" much of it now seemingly dead iwill come ₹out well. A number of the larger producing States, such as Kansas, / Nebraska, Texas and Oklahoma, Tand particularly the latter, record, according to the report, improvement over last year or the ten-year average. In view of the lateness of spring, it is well to await later developments, and especially the official May report, before attempting to form any conclusions as to the probable outcome of the crop.

The commercial failures statement for the month of March and the first quarter of 1912 is, all things considered, less favorable than for most preceding similar periods. For March both the number of insolvencies and the amount of liabilities were greater than for the same period in either of the three previous years, and the quarterly result, too, is less satisfactory than for the corresponding three months of most recent years. In fact, carrying the comparison back fifteen years, we find only one instance (1908) when the number of failed firms was greater than now, and only two cases (1910 and 1908) where the 1912 total of liabilities was exceeded. Furthermore, in nine of the years the indebtedness was only about half or less than half of that for this latest quarter. It is also to be noted that in every section of the country except the Far Western (not including the three Pacific States) the number of disasters was larger than a year ago, with the volume of debts showing important augmentation in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana. In North Carolina, Kentucky and Minnesota, however, despite a greater number of failures, indebtedness is materially less. And Ohio, Michigan and Missouri record a satisfactory decline in both items.

Messrs. R. G. Dun \& Co.'s compilations for March and the first quarter of 1912 furnish the basis for the foregoing remarks. The month's statement shows the number of defaults to have been 1,392 , covering debts of $\$ 21,763,870$ in 1912, against 1,124 and $\$ 18$,474,641 the preceding year and only 948 and $\$ 13,628$,571 in 1910. In both number and amount this year exceeds even 1908, the period when business depression prevailed. The trading group is the only one making a better exhibit than last year in amount of debts. For the first quarter the aggregate indebtedness of all failed concerns is $863,012,323$, distributed among 4,828 insolvents, this comparing with $\$ 59,651,761$ and 3,985 in 1911 and $\$ 73,079,154$ and 3,525 in 1910. The average liability per failure is much less this year, indicating the preponderance of small merchants in the quarter's insolvencies.
In manufacturing lines, so far as magnitude of indebtedness is concerned, the situation was better this year than last in the Central East and in the territory lying west of the Mississippi River, and the South did not fare badly as a whole. The most notable inerease
was in Pennsylvania, where there was one exceptionally large failure. In the trading division, too, the Far Western country and the Central East make the best showing. Among brokers, \&c., otherwise what is called "other commercial," a relatively large augmentation in debts is shown in the quarter this year as compared with last; but, aside from the suspension of one concern (Connor \& Co.) for about 3 millions in New York City, there were no notable failures. Banking failures were greater in number by five in 1912, but liabilities totaled only $\$ 5,916,468$ against 812,715,432.

In Canada for the three months ended March 311912 the number of failures reported was 429 , accounting for $\$ 3,120,015$ indebtedness, whereas in 1911 the totals were only 367 and $\$ 2,876,705$. In 1910, however, liabilities were a little over 4 millions of dollars, in 1909 nearly 5 millions and in 1908 slightly over that figure.

It is not an overstatement to say that the sensational victory of Mr. Roosevelt in the Illinois primaries on Tuesday has already become a factor in the local money situation. Trade during the last two months has gradually been increasing in activity. In banking circles a growing feeling of optimism developed and a disposition existed to encourage manufacturers and distributers to anticipate the requirements of an improved demand from consumers. The argument of the banks has been that the political situation had measurably cleared, and that the results of the national political conventions that are to be held in June, and also the result of the election in November, could apparently be foretold with a reasonable degree of accuracy. The basis for this belief was the apparent absence of enthusiasm with which the announcement of Mr. Roosevelt's candidature was received by all sections of the country and also the nation-wide antagonism that seemed to be provoked by his violent proposition to provide a recall of justices and their decisions. Accordingly, the conviction grew that Mr. Roosevelt had been eliminated as a Presidential possibility, President Taft would be re-nominated without important opposition and would stand on a platform dictated, not by Mr. Roosevelt, but by Mr. Taft himself, and based on constructive lines for the industrial and business activities of the country as a whole. But the results in Illinois now indicate that Mr. Roosevelt is not to be so readily eliminated as a factor in the political situation. Hence, from now on until the conventions in June there will necessarily be much nervousness. Some bankers assert they already detect evidence of a reactionary tendency from the recent enthusiasm that had been steadily developing in the business world. Lenders seem to be less confident than a week ago.
If this interpretation of the week's political events should be at all general, it would mean, of course, a contraction in the demand for loanable funds at home during the next two months. The regular April settlements have now been completed, and locally, unless we have some degree of wild speculation in Stock Eixchange securities, there is no other domestic demand for banking resources that promises to become urgent until the crop requirements present themselves in the late summer and early autumn. For it may be taken for granted that if the increased tension in the political situation is sufficient to leave its mark upon trade and industrial activities, it will at the same time tend to encourage investors to turn a deaf ear, for the moment,
to applications for new working capital that our railroads and large industrial corporations would otherwise be inclined to make on the general market.
If the demand for money is thus restricted at home, there will, of course, be less incentive for our bankers to utilize their secondary reserve and draw home their foreign loans as they mature. As a matter of fact, the present outlook for money abroad suggests that Europe would be quite willing to bid for a continuance of the use of our funds. As we observe elsewhere, tentative unofficial inquiries have been made as to the kind of a reception a short-term German Government loan would receive in this market. Germany's finances are at present being systematically strengthened, and Berlin will undoubtedly be in need of funds right along at firm rates.

The steady demand for funds in Germany is not unlikely to be reinforced by active banking requirements in Britain, where trade and industrial expansion is being so freely supplemented by the sudden growth of speculation on the Loudon stock markets. The official figures of the British Board of Trade of the volume of March commerce, which we quote elsewhere, are quite remarkable in their failing to disclose any tangible evidence of the existence of the coal strike, at least as far as the grand totals are concerned. Since the settlement of the labor troubles, the vim with which activity has been resumed in all lines has added still further to the certainty of a continued demand for banking reserves, and apparently it will require attractive rates at home here to draw back American balances held in London.

In France the recent spectacular success of the State railway loan seems to have exerted a secondary influence that is not considered altogether desirable. The Minister of Finance, in view of the fact that he desired to appeal directly to the public instead of utilizing the banks and large credit associations in an official capacity, named a $4 \%$ basis for the loan, which was an advance of $1 \%$ over previous loans of the same kind. But the undesirable result was that the loan was so attractive that it caused active selling of French rentes by small investors in order to provide funds for investment in the Government's latest officing. Thus it is figured in Paris, according to the special correspondent of the "Journal of Commerce," that in securing the $300,000,000$ francs for the State railway, the Minister of Finance caused a reduction in the Stock Exchange value of French rentes of $500,000,000$ francs, besides placing the French market more or less permanently upon a higher money rental basis.
Meanwhile, India is continuing to take $£ 200,000$ per week at the London weekly Cape gold offerings, the Turko-Italian twar is dragging along without immediate prospects of settlement, Italy is seeking a war loan, the Franco-Spanish negotiations are assuming a more cordial character, and, in fact, any broad survey of the European money markets cannot fail to recognize that conditions are at hand that will mean a continued drain upon European banking reserves.

Little attention is being paid in Great Britain at the moment to the legislative program. As one London correspondent expresses it, "the City is apathetic on political matters generally because at the moment it is so excessively prosperous." Mr. Asquith, the Prime Minister, on Thursday introduced in the House of Commons the Home Rule bill, the official title of which
is "The Government of Ireland Bill." The measure follows very closely the forecast that was current a few weeks ago and which was referred to at the time in these columns. It represents the third attempt of the Liberal Party to settle the Irish question. London press dispatches state that Mr. Asquith's bill met with support from practically all the Liberals and Laborites and the two sections of the Nationalists, the Redmondites and the O'Brienites. The Unionists are deelared to have set their faces sternly against it, and the Usterites, through their spokesman,Sir Edward Carson, made it clear that they object to a Parliament in any form being set up in Ireland. The debate was adjourned until Monday, when Mr. Balfour, who in this instance is apparently again leading the Opposition, will be the first to speak. Mr. Asquith explained the purposes of his bill in effect as follows:
"After an appointed day Ireland is to have a Parliament consisting of the King, a Senate and a House of Commons to make laws for the peace and good government of Ireland. Care, however, has been taken to safeguard the interests and susceptibilities of the minority by the allocation of nearly onethird the membership of the House of Commons to Ulster. It is recognized that the majority in the House of Commons will be Liberal, but the proposal for a nominated Senate has met with some criticism in the lobbies. The continuation of forty-two Irish members at Westminster also has met with much opposition. Premier Asquith pointed out that the Irish revenue for 1912-13 was estimated at $£ 10,840,000$ ( $\$ 54,200,000$ ), while the expenditure for Trish services amounted to $£ 12,350,000$ ( $\$ 61,750,000$ ). Pending the time when that deficit could be converted into a surplus, the collection of all taxes, with certain exceptions, had been retained as an Imperial service. The bill will impose on the Irish Parliament the obligation to pay all Irish services except reserved services, which would continue an imperial charge until transferred.
"There would every year be transferred from the Imperial to the Irish exchequer a sum representing the cost to the United Kingdom of the Irish services at the passing of the Act, the cost to be determined by a board of five, two of whom are to be appointed by England, two by Ireland and the Chairman by the Crown. That would be the first revenue of the Irish Government; the second would be the Irish postal revenue, and an additional sum is to be paid to Ireland, $\$ 2,500,000$ the first year and a lesser amount each year until it is reduced to $\$ 1,000,000$."

The Liberal and Radical papers, taken as a whole, deseribe the bill as a moderate, skilful and praiseworthy attempt to give Ireland, if not complete satisfraction, at least a substantial fulfillment of her demands. The London "Times" declares that the scheme will not be received in any quarter with much enthusiasm, and continues: "If we are not mistaken, it will swell the rising tide of opposition in Great Britain to a level high enough to submerge the Government and their bill in no distant future." On Tuesday an anti-Home Rule demonstration occurred in the Province of Ulster on which the Irish Unionists mainly based their hopes of ultimately defeating the Home Rule bill. On that day 150,000 enthusiasts are declared by cables from Belfast to have passed in procession before Andrew Bonar Law and other prominent Unionist leaders at the Royal Ulster Agricultural Society's grounds. Mr. Law, in the course of a stirring speech, said: "I have come here to give you the assurance that we Unionists regard your cause as the cause of the Empire. We will do all that men can do to defeat a conspiracy as treacherous as any that
has ever been formed against the life of a great nation. If we defeat Home Rule now it will be defeated forever."

The British coal strike was officially "called oft" last Saturday, April 6. In national conference the officials of the Federated Miners' Union accepted the executive committee's recommendations that work be resumed forthwith, and it was decided to send notices to the men in the various fields to go back to work at once. Notwithstanding that Monday was Easter Monday, which is usually observed as a holiday, thousands of miners descended into the pits on that day, although the official notice named Tuesday as the day for resuming work.

While it has been reported that the European Powers have agreed to renew the attempt to ascertain the terms on which Turkey would be willing to make peace with Italy, there has been nothing in the practical developments of the week that places the stamp of authority on the report. The London "Daily Chroniele's' Constantinople correspondent, however, has forwarded an interview to his paper that has attracted wide attention. The interview is with the Turkish Foreign Minister, Assim Bey, and the latter declares that Turkey declines even to discuss the peace terms as laid down by Italy. The Minister says, further, that the decree relating to the annexation of Tripoli must be torn up before pourparlers between Turkey and Italy are possible. "Countries," declares the Foreign Minister, "are not conquered by royal decrees of annexation. The great Powers have been very sympathetic toward Turkey, but even they cannot compel us to make peace against our will and accept terms which would cover us with shame and dishonor. If Italy sincerely desires peace, we are ready to treat, but only ou an honorable basis.'

A Berlin cable of April 10 to the New York "Times" announces "on high official authority" that an understanding in principle, which insures the prolongation of "Bismarck's masterpiece" for another term of years, has been arrived at between the German, Austro-Hungarian and Italian governments. This is popularly known as the Triple Alliance. There is reason to believe, says the dispatch, that the understanding is of comparatively recent date, and that the Kaiser's meeting with the King of Italy at the end of March was not definitely decided upon until the pourparlers between the allied governments had led to the result mentioned.

The latest report concerning the financing of the new Chinese Republic is that Russia has withdrawn its refusal and has now defnitely agreed to participate in the "Six-Nation" loan to China. The British representative of the Belgian financial syndicate signed at Shanghai, on Thursday, a contract for the loan of a further sum of $2,000,000$ taels (approximately $\$ 1,400$,000 ) as an advance on the projected loan to the Chinese Republic. No date has yet been set for the assembling of the coalition Cabinet at Pekin, and grave forebodings, according to Pekin dispatches, are in circulation in regard to the continued disagreement among the difierent factions of the Govermment. President Yuan has threatened that he will establish his own Cabinet and summon another National Assembly if the delegates from the south do not arrive in Pelkin by April 21. The Southemers are declared to be afraid to move to Pekin, and they pro-
posed to have a body-guard of several thousand troops accompany them. President Yuan, however, objected that the presence of the Southern troops in the capital would be a source of danger.

Reports from Mexico this week have been so fragmentary that it is difficult to gather whether either the Government or the revolutionists have made progress. A dispatch from Mexico City states that the belief is growing there that Gen. Orozco is losing faith in the success of the revolution, as he is unable to obtain supplies and ammunition, and that he is seeking. to embroil Mexico and the United States by attacks upon Americans.

President Taft's response to the Lodge resolution, calling for information regarding Japanese negotiations for the purchase of land on Magdalena Bay, in Lower California, has not yet been delivered to the Senate, but public interest in the matter seems to have subsided.

Secretary Knox on Thursday reached Havana, and will sail forhome this (Saturday) evening, thus completing his trip as President Taft's representative. The purpose of the trip-to quote from his address on Thursday evening at the dinner in his honor given by Senor Machado, the Cuban Secretary of the Interiorwas to convey "to the independent nations of the Caribbean at this time, when the completion of the Panama Canal is near, a message of fraternal good will and assurance, if, indeed, assurance is necessary, of the deep sense of responsibility felt by the Government and the people of the United States that the great work which we have undertaken shall helpfully contribute to the well-being of the commonwealths of the Western World, and be instrumental in bringing closer all peoples of the Americas, inspiring them with broader confidence, more intimate sympathy and more practical helpfulness in the promotion of their mutual advance and coördinate development." Secretary Knox's visit has perhaps failed to arouse enthusiasm among the republics he has visited. But he has spoken honestly and earnestly and has undoubtedly accomplished much good in explaining the real position of our Government as to its Southern neighbors.

That the cotton goods markets of Germany have undergone a very decided change within the past six months is indicated by a recent issue of the Frankfurter (Germany) "Zeitung." Scarcely six months have passed, says that journal in effect, since extreme depression prevailed and leading textile firms were begging for orders, so that they might keep their working forces employed. Now the situation is changed so completely that the same firms are refusing orders for the next six months. The turn in the tide came, it is explained, in January, when, after having declined in price materially, cotton began to advance moderately. Fearful that the very high prices of former years would again be witnessed, people began to place orders freely, increasing them as cotton rose in value until mills were well under contract for a long time ahead. The consequence, according to the "Zeitung," is that some weaving mills are sold up for the year 1912. It is stated as a fact, moreover, based upon official quotations, that since the last period of depression goods have advanced far more than raw cotton. While expressing satisfaction over the present condition of the cotton manufacturing industry in Germany, the "Zeitung" is inclined to expect over-
production of yarns and goods if the present degree of activity in cotton manufacturing is long maintained.

The generally satisfactory current condition of the cotton goods industry in Germany indicated above contrasts sharply with the results disclosed in the reports for various companies recently issued for the year 1911. In some eases profit from operations is shown, but much reduced from 1910, with consequent lower dividends to shareholders; in most instances, however, there were actual losses, and not infrequently large, so that any distribution was made from reserve funds. The Hannstett Spinning \& Mfg. Co., Augsburg, lost 68,857 marks in 1911, against a profit of 128,196 marks in 1910; the Zoschlingsweiler Cotton Weaving Co., Augsburg, lost 54,883 marks, against a profit of 46,063 marks; the Gladbach Spinning \& Weaving Co., Munchen-Gladbach, lost no less than 662,502 marks, against a loss of 91,465 marks the previous year, the Chemnitz Spinning Co., Chemnitz, a loss of 585,624 marks, against a profit of 1,019 marks, and other losses in 1911 were by the Allgauer Cotton Spinning Co., Blarihach, 441,645 marks; Power Cotton Spinning \& Weaving Co., Kaufbeuren, 207,486 marks; the Cotton Spinn ng Co., Uerdingen, 72,969 marks; the Forward Cotton Spinning Co., Brockwede, 18,000 marks, and the R. Dreyfus Co., Mulhouse, 76,135 marks. These few instances will serve to show how poorly German cotton manufacturers fared in 1911.

Private foreign bank discounts continue to indicate activity in the demands for money at London and all the Continental centres. From the British centre cables yesterday quoted conditions very tight with no prospects of immediate relaxation. Speculation in securities since the termination of the coal strike has assumed large proportions, but is confined to the cheaper classes of stocks. Closing rates in Lombard Street as cabled yesterday were $31 / 2 \%$ spat and 37-16@31/2\% to arrive for both sixty and ninety days' bankers' acceptances. The spot rate is unchanged; the to-arrive rate a week ago was $37-16 \%$. At Paris some business was yesterday done at $3 \%$, though the asking price was still quoted at $31 / 4 \%$, which was the figure current a week ago. Berlin came unchanged at $3 \% \%$ for spot for all maturities, while the to-arrive rate was $37 / 8 @ 4 \%$, which compares with a single quotation of $37 / 8 \%$ at the close of last week. Brussels closed unchanged at $33 / 8 \%$ and Amsterdam came $37 / 3 \%$, against $334037 / 8 \%$ last week. The official Bank rates at the centres named remain unchanged as follows: London $31 / 2 \%$, Paris $31 / 2 \%$, Berlin 5\%, Brussels $41 / 2 \%$ and Amsterdam 4\%. London exchange in Paris closed yesterday at $25 \mathrm{fr} .241 / 2$ centimes, an advance of 2 centimes for the week, the result very largely of investment by the French banks in English bills. London exchange in Berlin indicated a slight decline for the week to 20 marks $481 / 4$ pfgs., which indicates a continued demand by Germany for foreign funds. The New York market has, we learn, recently been unofficially sounded for terms for a new German Government short-term loan. The Prussian loan of $80,000,000$ marks, of which 40,000 ,000 marks were placed here last October matures on Monday and will be paid off. As, however, most of these securities, which were originally purchased here, were promptly transferred to London, the payment does not intimately concern this market.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England registered a much improved condition from that of last week. This was not unnatural, since sufficient time has elapsed to permit the April 1 dividends and coupons to return to circulation. The definite settlement of the British coal strike has also permitted the return to the central institution of funds that had been taken as provision against possible emergencies, Thus the market paid off $£ 3,847,000$ in loans (represented by the decline in "other securities"); the gold and bullion holdings showed an increase of $£ 395,652$, which is not large in view of the purchases of gold by the Bank over the counter and the fact that the Bank purchased at the Mint price $£ 480,000$ of the total of £680;000 Cape gold which was offered in London on Tuesday (India, as has become a custom of late, taking an even $£ 200,000$ ), though often such purchases do not appear in the Bank return in the week in which they are made. The total reserve registered the satisfactory expansion of $£ 1,012,000$, which brings the proportion of reserve to liabilities up to $42.85 \%$, compared with $39.71 \%$ last week and $52.94 \%$, the highest point for the current year, which was reached on Feb. 8. One year ago the reserve was $43.55 \%$, two years ago $43.95 \%$ and in $190948.70 \%$. Notes reserved increased during the week $. £ 1,100,000$, while notes in circulation decreased $£ 616,000$. Public deposits, as is natural at the beginning of the new fiscal year, indicated a reduction- $£ 2,126,000$. Our special correspondent furnishes the following details of the gold movements into and out of the Bank for the Bank week. It will be observed that only $£ 364,000$ of the new gold secured appears in the return. Imports. $£ 374,000$ (of which $£ 5,000$ from France, $£ 5,000$ from Australia and $£ 364,000$ bought in the open market); exports, nit, and receipts of $£ 22,000$ net from the interior of Great Britain.

The Bank of France in its weekly statement reported a decrease of $4,875,000$ francs in gold and of $12,000,000$ francs in silver holdings. Its discounts showed a still further contraction of $303,825,000$ franes, following a reduction of $437,225,000$ franes last week and suggesting a more or less general return to normal conditions at the French centre. General deposits expanded $22,550,000$ franes, while treasury deposits decreased $11,175,000$ francs and notes in circulation were reduced $194,875,000$ francs, following an increase of $277,875,000$ francs last week. The Bank's gold holdings are now $3,220,625,000$ francs. which compares with $3,222,950,000$ francs one year ago and $3,440,750,000$ francs in 1910.
The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany which was published on Tuesday reported a decrease of $1,931,000$ marks in gold but an increase in all kinds of cash on hand of $6,774,000$ marks. Discounts were reduced by $194,255,000$ marks, following an increase of $577,505,000$ marks last week, while notes in circulation were reduced $151,702,000$ marks after an increase in the preceding weekly statement of $552,305,000$ marks. The loan item showed a reduction of $33,548,000$ marks, while deposits indicated a decrease of $37,333,000$ marks.

On the local money market the requirements of interior banks were a feature early in the week that contributed to the firmness in call money more than the local demands, notwithstanding that the stock market has shown a noteworthy degree of activity. The interior institutions were also moderate sellersfof short-
term notes to reinforce their own liquid resources and prepare themselves for the strain of the April settlements in the agricultural sections. But call rates did not rise above $4 \%$, though with the exception of Tuesday, they touched this figure every day this week. The range on Monday was 3@4\%, with the higher figure the ruling one; on Tuesday the lowest and highest were 3 and $31 / 2 \%$, with $3 \frac{1}{2} \%$ the renewal basis; Wednesday's extreme figures were $311 / @ 4 \%$ and the ruling quotation was $31 / 2 \%$; on Thursday 3@4\% covered the range, with $33 \%$ the ruling figure; and on Friday the highest was 4\%, with 3\% the lowest and $33 \%$ the renewal rate.

Time money, however, has a rather less confident tone than a week ago, though asking rates are a shade firmer for sixty days, the closing range being $31 / 2(1)$ $3 \% \%$, against 31/4@31/2\% last week. The ninetyday range is unchanged at $31 / 2 @ 33 / 4 \%$, while 4,5 and 6 months are slightly easier at $31 / 2 @ 4 \%$, against 33 @ $4 \%$ last week. Mercantile paper is in rather better supply. Discount rates remain unchanged at $4 @ 41 / 2 \%$ for sixty and ninety days' endorsed bills receivable and also for 4 to 6 months' single-name bills of choice character; others are quoted at $5 \%$.

Sterling exchange has ruled about steady though unusually quiet. Sales of securities by Europe are keeping up steadily and the demand for remittances for this account may be said to constitute one of the chief sources of the market's strength. Otherwise there are very few bills offering. A feature that is exciting attention in foreign exchange circles here is the continued activity in British trade reflected by the March statement of the British Board of Trade. The large volume of business thus indicated at a time industrial activities were supposed to have been stunned by the British coal strike is remarkable iand suggests that reports of stoppages for want of fuel were exaggerated and that English manufacturers had been sufficiently business-like to prepare themselves with fuel in advance. The Board of Trade statement records an increase of no less than $£ 2,649,500$ in imports, of which $£ 2,000,000$ was contributed by raw cotton imports. A highly significant feature is that exports of manufactured goods indicate a gain of $£ 2,000,000$ which compensated in large measure for the suspension of coal exports. The net loss in exports of all classes for the month of March was only ©149,900, compared with March 1911, while an increase of $£ 7,322,000$ is exhibited, if comparisons are made with March 1910. London cable dispatches predict a phenomenal increase in industrial activity now that the coal strike is over. This will naturally augment the demands of British manufacturers and merchants for working capital and encourage a resistance of the return of American funds. The gold exports for the week comprise an additional shipment of $\$ 250,000$ in gold from New York to the Argentine.

Compared with Friday of last week, sterling exchange on Saturday was weaker, with demand quoted at 48680@48685, cable transfers at 48720@48725 and sixty days at $48385 @ 48395$. Rates ruled slightly easier on Monday forenoon, but later the market steadied with the close practically unchanged for demand and cable transfers at $48680 @ 48685$ and $48720 @ 48730$, respectively; sixty days declined to $48380 @ 48390$. Sterling opened firm on Tuesday and advanced on active short covering and easier rates for money here; there was a partial reaction in the afternoon, but the close was well above Monday's
final figures at $48690 @ 48695$ for demand, $48725 @$ 48740 for cable transfers and $48390 @ 484$ for sixty days. On Wednesday the advance in cable transfers was resumed as a result of firmer discounts at London and inquiries in connection with the coming fortnightly settlement there; cable transfers rose to 48745 @48750, demand to 487 @ 48705 and sixty days to $484 @ 48410$. Heavy selling by a prominent national bank caused a sharp break on Thursday and demand declined to $48685 @ 48690$, cable transfers to $48735 @$ 48740 and sixty day bills to $48380 @ 48390$. On Friday the market ruled firm, with an advance of 15 points in 60 -day bills and of 5 points in checks and cable transfers. Closing rates were $48395 @ 48405$ for 60 days,48690@48695 for demand, and $48740 @ 48745$ for cable transfers. Commercial on banks was quoted at $4821 / 4 @ 4831 / 2$ and documents for payment $4831 / 8 @$ 4841/. Cotton for payment ranged from $4831 / 2 @$ $4833 / 4$, grain for payment was 484 to $4841 / 4$.

The following gives the weel's movement of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.


With the Sub-Treasury operations and gold exports the result is as follows:

| Week endfing Aprl 121912. | $\begin{gathered} \text { tnto } \\ \text { Banks. } \end{gathered}$ | Out of <br> Bank | Netcrangea on Bank Hodiops. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' Interlor movement, as above. Sub-Treastry oper, and gold exports | $\$ 13,049.000$ | $\begin{gathered} 87,19,000 \\ { }_{20}^{6} 100.000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gatn } \\ & \text { Loctat } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 6,455,000$ $4,300,000$ |
| Total gold and legal tenders | \$35,042,000 | \$33,294.000 | Giin | $82.355 \mathrm{ch0}$ |

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks.

| Banke of | Appll 111012. |  |  | Aproll 381981 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Stlver. | Totars. | cold. | supe | Tor |
|  |  | $\pm$ | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\text { ¢ }}$ |  | L |  |
| France | 128,824,060 | 31.856 | 160,681,2891 |  | 33,611 |  |
| Germany | 10,885,150 | 17,750,0 | 38,635,150 | 38,678 | 15,15: |  |
| Rushtas | ${ }_{522,399.000}^{148,39.000}$ | 12.572,000 | $185,281,0001$ 65.211 .000 | 145,882,000 | 7,441,020 | 1 |
| Spatr... | 10,059,000 | 29,979,000 | 60,928,000 | 15,500,000 | 30,034 | 47,434, |
| Italy ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 41,930,000 | 3,080,000 | 45,616,000 | 30,755, | 35,032 | 43,292,000 |
| Netherits | 12,141000 | 1,004,700 | 13,145,700 | 10,971,000 | 2,216,100 | 18,187,100 |
|  | 6,044,667 | 3,347333 |  |  | 3,229,000 |  |
| Sweden | 4,793,000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4, } 003,000 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 4,523,000 |  | $5$ |
| Switrerl' | 6,869,000 |  | 6,469,000 | 6,114,000 |  | $0114,000$ |
| Norway | 2,042,000 |  | 2,042,000 | 1,834.000 |  | 1,834,000 |
| Total week Prev.week | ${ }_{9} 97$ | $107,541,363$ 108.415 .383 | 305,537,221 |  | 103,077, 346 |  |
| Previweer | 97 | S, | , 11 | 191,652,080 | 109,758,047 | 301,40,607 |




b The Austro-Hungarana Bank, Bratement ls noz lssued in Kronen and Heller
Instrad of Gulden and Kreutzep. The reductlon of the former currency to sterting
 Kronen has really ny qreater value than 20 centh, our cabte corropordent in lon-
don, in order to reduce Kronen to Pounds, has altered the bsata of conversion by dividing the amount of Kronen by 24 thatead of 20 .
 the Banks of Italy and Belghum is made from the best estimates we are able to
obtam: it is not elalmed to bo sceurata, as the bank make no distacton th thetr weekly returns, merely reporting tho total gold and sllyer; but we belleve the
divtsfon we make to a elose and itetifon we make to a ctese approximation.

## "SYNDICALISM."

When a new word comes suddenly into common use among educated men, it is generally apt to mean that a new idea has become a subject of public interest. We are familiar with this in politics; the case of the initiative, the referendum and the recall-terms which would have been meaningless to most people half a dozen years ago-is altogether in point. In the domain of industry the long-familiar terms "trades union" and "strike" were supplemented, in their turn, by the new terms "lock-out," "boycote" and "sympathetic strike"-each of which marked chronologically a new turn and a fresh experiment in the labor controversy. Within a comparatively few weeks there has come into very general use the word "syndical-
ism," which may be said to have been virtually unknown two months ago, even to the majority of wellposted men. The reason for its sudden appearance, and for the increasing recognition of it in common discussion, is that a new idea in the world-wide struggle between capital and labor has suddenly and dramatically come to the front.

Syndicalism, however, cannot properly be said to be absolutely a new development of the present day. The word is French in origin, like the idea on which it is based. It is derived from the French word syndieat, a labor union, and was coined with a view to expressing the purpose of its inventors to use the trades union as a basis for their new industrial propaganda. It was introduced two decades ago by a French writer, Sorel, who was more of a speculative philosopher than a labor leader. The theory which it expounds strikes at the root of the existing order of things, and was distinctly an innovation, even in the wide field of theories on the relation of labor and eapital.

It followed Marx in his declaration of war against capitalism as an institution, but departed widely from him in the practical means advocated for that contest. It was suggested undoubtedly through observation of the paralysis of industry, the inconvenience to the general public, and the losses to invested capital which followed the so-called sympathetic strike-itself an invention of the past generation, Originally affiliated in ideas and purposes with Socialism, Syndicalism now diverges from the Socialistic idea, and indeed has become in its immediate purposes almost distinetly hostile.

This is undoubtedly in large measure because of the increased part which Socialism as a political factor has taken in legislation and administration of public affairs, but also because the underlying theory of Syndicalism differs wholly from that of Socialism. Where Socialism preaches ownership of industry by the State and consequent employment, under the public auspices, of both managers and laborers in production and manufacture, Syndicalism preaches ownership of the respective industries by the laborers in those industries, irrespective either of outside capital or the State. The idea presumably originated from the conception, plausible enough to the mind of the employee, that the workman is the only actual producer; that production would be impossible without him but theoretically possible without capitalist ownership or the individual employer; and that, as a corollary, the relation of things in productive industry ought to be reversed, so that the workmen who are necessary to production should directly receive the profits of their industry, paying out such part as should be necessary for exccutive management.

This, with many inevitable ramifications, is in general the basis of the new idea embodied in Syndicalism and discussed with unusual interest by the general public during the British coal strike, where it unquestionably played a part. While Sorel, the author of the Syndicalist theory, was in the main a purely speculative reasoner, he pointed the way to some later and more unpleasant developments of the theory when he wrote not long ago that the laborer in promoting Syndicalism "need not blush for violence." That position has been widely taken of recent years by Sorel's disciples. Reviewing the Syndiealist movement throughout the past few decades, a recent article in the "Fortnightly Review" of London points out that, even before the definite formation of the
present theory, a general strike in Spain during 1874 was proclaimed avowedly, not for the mere industrial benefit of the workers, but "for social re-construction."

With the more recent organization of the Syndicalists as a body, the idea that outright social war was on the way obtained increased recognition. A French professor, writing in 1908, declared that "the Syndicalists would welcome with their whole heart the creation of a fighting organization of the employers." Still more recently, the English organ of the Syndicalist party has written that "it is entirely wrong for the unionists to enter into agreement with the masters; the object of the unions is to wage class war'; and still more directly and positively, the leader of the Spanish Syndicalists has declared that the object of the general strike (which he recommends) is "not to demand better conditious from the masters, but to do away with mastership by expropriating the expropriators of social wealth, and by exchanging the present system of wages for a system of solidarity and general wellbeing." The Syndicalists, a recent English proclamation has declared, "will become citizens of the industry in which they are employed rather than subjects of the State in which they reside." Perhaps this last citation throws the clearest light on the underlying idea of up-to-date Syndicalism; the so-called "Industrial Workers of the World", who have lately come into public view, though not in a very dignified way, have embodied it, even in this country.

It is difficult at the moment to say exactly how far the Syndicalists have progressed in their propaganda. In France they certainly appear to haye obtained a considerable foothold. They as certainly believed themselves to have got a definite footing among English laboring men when the railway strike of last year was called, and particularly during the coal strike of last month. It may be doubted, however, judged by the results of the English labor controversy, whether their hold was quite as strong as they had thought. Their underlying principle must be, in fact, as repugnant to the English as it would be to the American working man.

But quite apart from theoretical assent to any such doctrine, there will at once be recognized the very serious obstacle that the principle of Syndicalism amounts to nothing but negation. Its purpose is, definitely and in a certain sense plausibly, to discover the means of pulling down; it has no proposition whatever as the means of building up again. It is to industry what anarchism is to politics. Granting for the salke of argument the successful completion of the Syndicalist program, so far as regards the making of a given industrial enterprise worthiess to its owners through the refusal of laborers to work, the question still remains as to how industry, under the auspices of the workers in that industry, is to be reconstructed and conducted.
There will remain, in any industry, such heavy preliminary and incidental expenses as purchase of property, construction of plant and distribution of product, not to mention providing means of living for the laborers in advance of the marketing of their product. At present, this heavy preliminary cost is provided through private ownership and private eapital. Even under a Socialist regime, the means of providing it would theroretically exist through State taxation and the appropriation of land and transportation facilities by the State. No provision whatever for anything of the sort is made by the Syndicalists.

The Syndicalist may work, and may claim for himself the entire proceeds of his work, less a portion laid aside for expense of management. But he must live while he is working, and from somewhere the means of buying this livelihood must be obtained. Here in a moment the Syndicalist is back in the domain of capitalism. If the single individual, or the associated Syndicalists of a given industry, borrow the money for the purpose, they must thereby become either merely a co-operative enterprise, such as Fourrier advocated and such as has invariably failed in experiment, or else evolve something not very far distant from the present-day corporation.
So much for the ultimate working out of the Syndicalist theory, even on the assumption that this theory could be put satisfactorily into general practice. But we imagine that society at large, including the very people to whom the Syndicalist appeals, would have something to say to the intermediate process. Successful achievement would necessarily involve paralysis of existing industry, defiance of State authority, and both industrial and social war. We have seen that the last of these incidental circumstances has been assumed as probable by the Syndicalists themselves. But it is open to great doult whether they have followed the deductions to the last conclusion. In 1899 M . Briand, then an avowed Socialist and in the early days of his policial career in France, declared that "it is impossible, at least from the economic point of view, not to be in favor of the general strike, if one is in favor of the trades union organization." When, however, by a turn in the wheel of fortune, this same Briand had been chosen, twenty years later, as Premier of France, he was confronted at once by the effort, largely under the auspices of Syndicalism, at the general tying up of the French railway system, whether under public or private ownership, and the starving-out of the general public. But when thus confronted with the actual application of his theory of 1899 , the Premier declared that the action of the unions of 1910 could not be recognized as a strike, but was a criminal outbreak and an act of rebellion, and he met it by ordering into military service thirty thousand railway men whose names were carried in the army reserve, and compelling them under military orders to operate the trains.

Perhaps it is just as well that, in the case of the recent English coal strike, the attempt to hold up a nation's industry, and thereby coerce employers, Government and society at large, should have had so prolonged a chapter of experiment. If it accomplished nothing else, it must at least have taught to the million or more workers in other industries, who were forced into indleness and want through the embargo on fuel supplies, what their own relation to such an undertaking is. This, moreover, fell very far short of the much-advocated "general strike" of the Syndicalists. What would have been the average workingman's condition, had all other lines of production and manufacture been completely shut down by order of the unions, and had transportation also been blockaded, it should now be considerably less difficult for the laborer to imagine. In theory, the Syndicalist idea may seem like a golden vision. In practice, it is seen to bear rather close analogy to the reputed practice of the Orientals, whose final expression of hatred and hostility to one whom they regarded as their oppressor was to kill themselves upon his doorstep.

## THE INTER-STATE COMMERCE COMMISSION AND ITS DREAD OF THE COURTS.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission is becoming increasingly restive under the corrective action of the courts. Throughout the whole of its more recent history it has found itself in continual conflict with the country's judicial tribunals. In its grasp for more power, and still more, it has so often exceeded its authority and so constantly revealed prejudicemaking no attempt to disguise its desire to take the side of the shippers as against the railroads instead of doing exact justice between the two-that the courts have found themselves obliged again and again to overrule the orders of the Commission. The Commission never took kindly to the rebukes that were being administered to it and in every annual report made complaint to Congress and asked thatits powers and functions be extended, so as to relieve it, as far as possible, from the intervention of the courts, since these latter showed slavish adherence to Constitutional mandates and insisted on the protection of the carriers against oppression and injustice.
At first the members of the Commission put the suggestions that it should enjoy freedom from restraint at the hands of the courts in a cautious, guarded way. They did not care to provoke undue hostility and also wanted to test the public temper in view of the fact that in our form of Government all acts when challenged, whether civil, legislative, or executive, must submit to a judicial examination and abide by the test thus enforced. But latterly, as Congress has conferred augmenting powers upon the Commission-and power grows upon whatit feeds-the different members have been becoming surprisingly bold and now one of the most conspicuous members of the Commission has gone so far as to advocate exclusive and uncontrolled jurisdiction for the Commission. He prophesies direful things if the Commission is not given dictatorial powers and leit wholly untrammeled, in all its doings, by the courts. Possibly some reader may think that we are overstating the case. If so, let him peruse the address delivered by the Chairman of the Commission, Mr. Charles A. Prouty, at the annual dinner of the Traffic Club of Pittsburgh on March 28. In this address Mr. Prouty threw aside all reserve and in the most unqualified way demanded that the Commission be set up as a superior and independent body, owing responsibility to no one but itself, and from whose orders and judgment there would be practically no appeal. In a word, if the views of Mr. Prouty should prevail-and it is known that these views are shared by other members of the Commission-this all-important regulating body would be subject to absolutely no restraint whatever. Here are some extracts from the address of Commissioner Prouty:
In the past the courts have persisted in invading the legislative domain, but this will not, I think, be permanently permitted.

There can be no intelligent review of a legislative act by judicial process. There can be no effective regulation of railway rates so long as the administrative acts of the regulating body can be reviewed by the courts. Ultimately the legislature will be left supreme in that domain where the exercise of legislative judgment is required.
This means that the court can stand between the railway and confiscation, but that it will not be allowed to determine how profitable the railway investment shall be, for that is not the business of a court. In all that vast realm covered by the word reasonable,
within that zone bounded by confiscation on one side and a reasonable rate on the other, the legislature will dominate. If it becomes clearly apparent that in its present form our Constitution lends itself to injustice and prevents the accomplishment of the right, then it will in due time be changed. I have for a long time thought that the outcome of all this conflict between legislature and court was likely to be an amendment to our Constitution depriving the court of all power to set aside a legislative enactment dealing with private monopoly. Our courts do not to-day possess the confidence of the masses, as is evidenced by the favor with which this demand for the recall of judges and the decisions of judges meets whenever it is put to the test of a popular vote. The reason for this is to be found very largely in the disposition of judges, especially of Federal judges, to invade the legislative domain and restrain legislative action. In no other civilized land, so far as I know, do courts possess the power to set aside the deliberate act of the legislature, and unless they exercise that power with extreme caution in this land of ours they will be deprived of it.

I have no patience with the idea so persistently urged in certain quarters that no man has any just regard for the rights of property unless he be a judge; that the putting on of a gown, like the anointing of the prophets of old, endues him with some especial spirit of fairness.

It will be observed that Mr. Prouty unequivocally lays down the rule that "there can be no effective regulation of railway rates so long as the administrative acts of the regulating body (meaning the Inter-State Commerce Commission) can be reviewed by the courts." He also makes bold to say that foralong time he has "thought that the outcome of all this conflict between legislature and court was likely to be an amendment to our Constitution depriving the court of all power to set aside a legislative enactment," \&ce. But why, if the Commission is to be governed, as it manifestly should be governed, by principles of equity and justice, should it be afraid to have its acts reviewed by a tribunal which, from the very nature of its organization, is bound to be guided by such principles, and which can have no purpose other than to render even-handed justice? If the Commission is confident that it is not leaning unduly to the side of the shipper, and does not entertain prejudice against the carrier, why should it become impatient over the idea of submitting its acts to judicial arbitrament, the same as every one else?

It certainly cannot be claimed that the Commission possesses special competence or fitness for the work. It has erred more frequently than any other administrative body of which American history furnishes any record. The erucial test in its career came in February of last year, when it handed down its decisions denying authority to both Eastern and Western roads to make advances in freight rates as part compensation for the higher wage schedules which the railroads had been obliged to adopt. The mere denial of this request might not in itself have possessed any bearing upon the question of the fitness of the Commission. What did militate against its standing was that the two decisions-one defended in an opinion by Commissioner Prouty and the other in an opinion by Commissioner Lane-were supported by such a mass of fallacious statements and statistics as to discredit absolutely the entire work of the Commission. In a series of articles at the time, we pointed out some of the most glaring errors and blunders in these opinions, all tending to vitiate the conclusion of the Commission adverse to the contention that rates should be advanced. In brief, the Commission's reasoning was wholly um-
sound and the facts on which the same was based unreliable. We doubt very much if careful search would uncover any other official document, either in ancient or modern times, so permeated with error and misstatements as the two opinions in these rate cases.

If the Commission showed itself so utterly incapable of making an accurate presentation of the facts in these cases and of sifting these facts so as to get at the exact truth, what reason is there for entertaining confidence in any other work it is called upon to do. And think of a Government body which has blundered so egregiously not only in these particular cases, but in hosts of other cases, month by month and year by year, as demonstrated by the court decisions overruling its acts and setting aside its orders, demanding that its judgments shall be final-that however unjust they may be, the injured party shall not be allowed recourse to the courts, but must endure the injustice- that no power is to exist anywhere to reverse arbitrary and unjustifiable proceedings at the hands of such an all-powerful, arbitrary and dictatorial body.

There is an old couplet which reads, "No man e'er felt the halter draw with good opinion of the law." In like manner the Commerce Commission, having erred so frequently and been brought to task by the court, thinks the courts are at fault and not its own reprehensible acts and conduct. Mr. Prouty says: "Our courts do not to-day possess the confidence of the masses, as is evidenced by the favor with which this demand for the reeall of judges and the decisions of judges meets whenever it is put to the test of a popular vote." On March 24, four days before Mr. Prouty delivered this address, the New York "Times" published an analysis of the character of Mr . Roosevelt by the famous neurologist, Dr. Morton Prince. This neurologist assigns Mr . Roosevelt's apparently irreconcilable actions and his eccentricities to the distortion of conscious mental processes through the force of sub-conscious wishes. In like manner Mr. Prouty, who has been made to feel the sting of court rebuke more acutely than any other member of the Commission, in condemning the courts is obviously controlled entirely by his subconscious wishes. He wishes to see the courts deprived of their powers, and therefore he undertakes to convince himself, against the promptings of common sense, that such a course would be wise and would find favor with the community.

But Mr. Prouty, as will have been noted by the extract further above, goes further than this. He speaks contemptuously of the popular respect in which judges are held in this country. He says: "I have no patience with the idea so persistently urged in certain quarters that no man has any just regard for the rights of property unless he be a judge; that the putting on of a gown, like the anointing of the prophets of old, endues him with some especial spirit of fairness." Here we have an outcropping of the Roosevelt spirit. Mr. Prouty cannot understand why a judge clothed in a gown should be entitled to special reverence and respect. He forgets that in putting on the judicial gown the judge also assumes the judicial attributes, and it is this latter fact that gives him his title of distinction. Entirely apart from that circumstance, however, Mr. Prouty would have us believe that the courts - the United States Supreme Court, for instance, made up of nine Judges - cannot be trusted, but that the Inter-State Commerce Commission, the most vulnerable official body that United States history reveals, can be depended upon to deal fairly and squarely
between the opposing parties and protect the general interests of the public. In effect, he proposes to substitute the Commerce Commission for the Supreme Court. He deplores the deification of the courts, but would set up the Commerce Commission on a pedestal away above the courts.

Of course, also, Mr. Prouty wants for the Commission the right to regulate railroad wages as well as railroad rates. We quote herewith the paragraph containing the demand:

The railway rate is paid by the whole body of the public. If, therefore, this increase in wages was unjustifiable, and if on that account an increase in rate is allowed, it results that the general public, including all other forms of labor, is required to pay what is unjust and unreasonable. Must not, therefore, the Government be satisfied, not only that the added wages are paid by the railways, but that they are necessarily and properly paid? And is not the railway thus placed in a most unfortunate and embarrassing dilemma?

It must be admitted that Mr. Prouty's position in this matter is entirely logical, but think of what a subversion of popular rights it would be to have an irresponsible body of seven men regulate rates, wages and everything else relating to railroad affairs. He argues that when a demand for higher wages is made, the Government must be satisfied (Government meaning the Commerce Commission) not only that the added wages are paid by the railways, but that they are necessarily and properly paid. This is on the theory, which is entirely correct, that "the railway rate is paid by the whole body of the public". But where is this process to stop? If the Commission must see that wages are not too high, must it not also see that the price paid for rails is not too high, that the price of coal is not excessive and that all the various other things that enter into the operating accounts of a railroad are correctly priced? Does not this, in turn, involve inquiry into the subject whether the producers and manufacturers of fall these various articles are not paying their work-people too much? Does it not involve going even further, and inquiring into the wisdom of the country's economic policiesdetermining, for instance, whether protection or free trade is to be preferred, inasmuch as "the railway rate is paid by the whole body of the public" and all these things enter into the rate? Are we not thus led inevitably to the point where we would have a dietatorship at the hands of this body of seven members with the courts no longer in the reckoning, and does not this bring us to the reductio ad absurdum, showing the utter absurdity of Mr. Prouty's contentions?

It is proper to add that Mr. Prouty would also limit the return on railroad investments. He does not think that railway shareholders should look for the same rate of returns as shareholders in banks. Nor yet that they should expect railway dividends to "equal the rate of commercial discount." He feels that they ought to be satisfied with $5 \%$ at the outside. We quote as follows:
I am not saying to you that the average railway dividend of the future will equal the rate of commercia! discount. I doubt if it does or should. I am not suggesting for a moment that the income from railway investment will compare with that in manufactures or in commerce, for it ought not to. You should not compare the net proceeds of railways with the proceeds of banks, for example, for the order of the investment is not the same. In the last fifteen years few forms of investment have surpassed banking, but I well remember the time when many of us who ownes bank stocks not only lost our entire stock holdingd,
but were forced to pay assessments of an equal amount. The worst which could happen to the stockholder of any great railway system would be the temporary suspension of dividends, and even this could only oceur under very unusual circumstances.

You may not agree, and will not agree with the regulating tribunal as to the amount. My friend Willard, of the Baltimore of Ohio, believes that he should pay his stockholders 6 per cent and put into his property $11 / 2$ per cent. My belief is that 5 per cent is enough; but I would not find fault if he added to the value of his property $21 / 2$ per cent instead of $11 / 2$ per cent.
In this partieular address Mr. Prouty does not indicate on what the $5 \%$ dividends would be computed; but with the Commerce Commission given power to make a physical valuation of the railroads as proposed in a bill just unanimously reported by one of the committees of the House of Representatives, the Commission could be depended upon to see to it that the valuation was placed low enough to suit the most punctilious, and to satisfy even an ardent Rooseveltite, There is just one thing needful to complete Mr. Prouty's scheme of Commission control. The deposits in the savings banks should be commandeered by the Government with the view to their investment in railroad securities. With the railroads allowed only $5 \%$ in dividends at the outside, the capital needed for the further development of the railway system of the country could not be voluntarily obtained and it would be mighty handy to have the savings deposits as a substitute. As the Commission is to have the power to fix the compensation of the wage earners, it might as well have the custody of their savings too.

## THE A MERICAN TRANSPORTATION QUESTION.*

To one who realizes the struggle in which the country is still involved over the problems of transportation and is not too busy or too indifferent to think seriously about it, this is an interesting book, which has in its favor that it is written by a student of the subject, not by a theorist who has clutehed it in one evening. He discusses the principles of railway ratemaking, as related to cost of service and value of service; discrimination as between commodities and communities, and between shippers; railway valuation and profits; efficiency from the standpoints of economy and of public service; railway and water transportation; by whom shall regulation be practiced; and the underlying principles of Governmental regulation.

We judge that Mr. Dunn has already discovered that in ratemaking by carriers, as by insurance underwriters, a "scientific" schedule is an ideal and, like other ideals, never quite attained, although steadfastly pursued. He recognizes that "charging what the traffic will bear" is not the arbitrary thing the public supposes, for he cites a case when a traffic manager, testifying before a State railway commission, was asked how he knew the correct rate on some commodity between two points and replied that he "guessed at" it. Of course, the newspapers ridiculed this answer, and treated it as an admission that rates are haphazard anyhow and might as well be guessed by a commission as by any other. But possibly this manager answered the question too hastily and lightly, or possibly he despaired of being able to make his questioner understand, for Mr.

[^0]Dumn says that the "guess" (as of the cattle-buyer who makes a close estimate of an animal's weight at a glance) "is the exercise of judgment, developed to a degree approaching perfection by long experience, and guided by knowledge of the fundamental principles of ratemaking and intimate aequaintance" with his own line. What the traffic will bear has two standards of measurement: the shipper will not pay more than the service is worth to him and the road can accept the lowest rate which will leave any margin between the increase the proposed traffic will make in gross receipts and the increase it will make in operating cost. It has been discovered that if the revenue from a traffic which can only be had at all at a very low rate will pay what its movement adds to previous transportation costs, and a little more besides, it is a desirable traffic.
But cost of the service alone does not govern; the value of it is a determinative factor, as in other business. To illustrate, Mr. Dunn cites the lumber experience of the Great Northern, at a time when cars went to the Pacific Northwest full and returned eastward empty; there was abundant lumber, but it could not bear existing rates because it was lowgrade traffic, and it was low-grade traffic because it could not compete with lumber from States nearer the East. Mr. James J. Hill reasoned that if he could get "something" from this lumber and if this something was a fraction above the difference in cost between hauling the cars eastward full and hauling them empty he would gain. As the "cost of service" theory deals with averages, such rates could not be made on that theory; but on the "value of service" theory the rates were made. A vast lumber traffic was built up. The roads benefited, the lumber producers benefited, the lumber consumers benefited; and the interesting sequel was that the empty-car movement changed from eastward to westward.

So Mr. Dunn's conclusion is that 'the more one studies ratemaking the more he is impressed with the fact that, broadly speaking, the railway traffic manager does not arbitrarily make rates, but to a large extent is merely the agent of transportation, industrial and commercial conditions in adjusting them."
Discrimination, as Mr. Dunn clearly points out, is not necessarily treating unequally and unjustly; it is also distinguishing accurately, and "all classifieation is discrimination." He would have the Inter-State Commerce Act and the Sherman Act amended to permit reasonable concerted action by railways regarding competitive rates, since the Commission has ample power to reduce or prevent any excessive rate; he would also give the Commission authority to fix minimum as well as maximum rates.
The doctrine that earnings which might legally have been divided but in fact have been ploughed into the roads in betterments are not entitled to inclusion in determining upon what basis of yield a road may fix its rates, receives slight consideration from Mr. Dunn. The merit lies with the argument that when stockholders have chosen to invest earnings instead of pocketing them, the value thus added belongs to them, and real estate for railway purposes (so long as used for such purposes) belongs to the railway owners as absolutely as the farm does to the farmer, and any profit by increase in value goes with the property in either case.
Regarding the physical valuation of railroads by the Government (as proposed in the bill which was
favorably reported bya House Committee recently), Mr. Dunn remarks that it would involve a very heavy outlay, and inasmuch as the courts hold that the value to be considered in respect to any contest over rates is the value at the time of the contest, there would need to be a continuing expenditure to keep the valuation always up to date. The result, he thinks, would probably disappoint many, because the major premise to the demand for this valuation has been that the roads are over-capitalized, whereas he suspects the reverse might appear, and then the argument would consistently favor increasing rates. He does not mention all the objections: for example, treatment of the sums originally spent for construction which has been virtually abandoned because of subsequent improvements, and the great increments in the value of real estate owned in some cities; but he shows clearly enough that a physical valuation, while of some incidental utility for reference, would be useless as a guide for rates.
Mr, Dunn does not believe the time will ever come when railroads will not be subjected "to comprehensive regulation;" but while he sees no middle between legal regulation and Government ownership, he seems to us to be heading to no conclusion when he states, with approval, the general belief "that public management of properties which are privately owned would lead to intolerable conditions, simply because it would be impossible for either the owners of the properties or the public to bring anybody to an accountability for the results of their management or mismanagement." Nevertheless, we like his approval of Dr. Hadley's remark that increasing the powers of a commission often reduces its power. This sounds like a paradox or a quibbling with words, yet it is neither. It is explained and justified by his remark that the Massachusetts Commission, without extensive legal powers, did in its early career the most effective and salutary work of the kind ever done, and because Mr. Charles Francis Adams directed it. To quote from Dr. Hadley:
"The absence of specific powers was just what Mr. Adams welcomed. It threw the Commission back on'the power of common-sense-which does not seem as strong as statutory power to prosecute people and put them in prison, but which, in the hands of a man who really possesses it, is actually very much stronger."
Mr . Dunn's few pages concerning the personnel and comparative expert experience of the State and the Inter-State commissions is interesting and suggestive, but we passit, although we must quote a sentence from James Madison in the "Federalist:" "The accumulation of all powers, legislative, executive and judiciary, in the same hands, whether of one, a few or many, and whether hereditary, self-appointed or elective, may justly be pronounced the very definition of tyranny". With members of regulative commissions objecting to restriction and constantly seeking more powers, and with the general cries of the day for more drastic statutes and more summary procedures, such citations are surely most apropos, Mr. Dunn does not dispose of the subject and does not even dogmatize about it; his work would seem of small value if he did either. It is interesting, as we began by saying, to those who can find interest (and are not merely seeking to sustain a previous conclusion) in the great problem. If he does not directly help bring the solution, he renders a service by giving new conceptions of its complexity and the many elements which must be balanced somehow in treating it.

## USURIOUS CONTRACTS.

Where a transaction is tainted with usury, its effect camnot be avoided by taking other paper or security for the indebtedness, including the usurious charge. No device can avail to cover up or gloss over a usurious contract, and where the interest is unlawful, the mere fact that it is declared to be for some other consideration than the lending of money will not render it lawful.
In a recent case before the Michigan Supreme Court (Continental National Bank of Chicago et al vs. Fleming et al, decided Feb. 10, 134 Northwestern Reporter 656), a contract was entered into between a corporafion and a dealer in lumber to get out shingles and lumber. The contracting corporation beeame involved after advancements had been made to it by the dealer, and a working agreement was entered into. The agreement provided that two of the three directors of the contracting corporation should be creditors of the corporation and that they should receive $\$ 2,000$ per year. Other provisions related to the management of the corporation. A year later the contracting corporation gave a mortgage on its property to secure all the creditors, on which foreclosure proceedings were instituted. The Court held that the salaries paid to the directors were, under the evidence, a device to cover the charging of a usurious rate of interest on the loan, and that a determination of whether usury had been charged depended upon the intention of the lender, and, while a fair and reasonable charge may be made by a lender for services actually rendered, strict proof would be required of his bona fides, when challenged as usurious. The Court also held that it is not necessary that unlawful interest be actually paid or received in order to constitute usury.

The mere form of the transaction is immaterial. It is the substance of the transaction which must control; and the parties cannot be exempted from the penalties imposed by the fact that they have put the transaction in an innocent form.
The desire of lenders to receive more reward than permitted by law, and the willingness of borrowers to concede whatever may be demanded, or to promise whatever may be exacted, to obtain temporary relief from financial embarrassment, have resulted in an infinite variety of devices in an effort to realize what the law forbids without submitting to the penalties it imposes. The evidence of indebtedness or promise of payment may, on its face, be restricted to the rate of interest allowed by law, or may not require the payment of any interest whatever; but the amount of the loan may be in excess of the sum loaned, and such excess may be due to the allowance of illegal interest; or there may be a formal sale of property by the real borrower, with an agreement to purchase and to pay a higher price or to take a lease and to pay an annual or other rent; or an agreement to pay commissions for services rendered or for exchange, and still the transaction be usurious.
The elements of a usurious contract are four: (1) there must be a loan or a forbearance; (2) the loan must be of money or something circulating as money; (3) it must be repayable absolutely; and (4) somethig must be exacted for its use in excess of, and in addition to, the exaction allowed by law. The presence of these four elements infallibly indicate usury, irrespective of the form in which the parties have put the transaction, and, on the other hand, the absence of any one of them conclusively refutes the claim that the parties have been guilty of any usurious practice.

In the borrowing or loaning of money the parties are presumed, as in other transactions, to know the law, and are not entitled to escape its penalties by proof of their ignorance. The voluntary taking or reservation of a greater interest or compensation for the loan of money than that allowed by law is per se usurious; but if taken by mistake or accident, it is not usury. If a man has property, whether real or personal, which another wished to purchase, the former has a perfect right to name the price upon which he is willing to sell, and to refuse to accede to any other. He may offer to sell at a designated price for payments at once, or at a much higher price if payment is to be postponed to some day in the future, and the difference betiveen the two prices, if regarded as interest on the money loaned, may be so great as to prove the rate of compensation is much in excess of that permitted in the statute against usury: In such case, unless the buying and selling is a mere pretense, there is no borrowing nor lending. The vendor, being the owner of his property, may legally refuse to part with it except upon the terms he has named, and if the purchaser prefers to purchase on credit and to agree to pay the higher price, the substance of the transaction is that the owner of the property has exchanged it for a promise to pay a sum of money or an obligation payable in future, and because of the absence of any borrowing or lending there can be no usury. Nor is it material that the agreement for the purchase price in the future, instead of specifying the whole sum then to be paid, names a particular sum as principal, and declares that it shall draw interest at a rate which, were the transaction a borrowing and lending, would clearly be usurious.
A party having a bond and desiring to raise money upon it offered it to another, who agreed to buy it, provided that he could make at the rate of $12 \%$ a year upon his money and obtain security for the final payment of the bond. Such security having been procured, the bond was purchased at a price permitting the realization of the profit desired by the purchaser. When it was subsequently claimed the transaction was usurious, the Court said: "If it was made bona fide for the sale and purchase of the bond, although at a discount which would insure $12 \%$ a year for the money advanced, it would not be usurious. If, on the other hand, the sale of the bond was a mere cover for the purpose of evading the statute against usury, and the real intention of the parties was to make a contract for the loan of money at a higher rate of interest than $6 \%$, then the contract was usurious." (Moncure vs. Dermott, 13 Peters 345.) Unless the discounting of promissory notes is declared by statute to be usurious if at a greater rate of interest than permitted by law, there is little or no doubt that they, like other property, may be bought and sold on such terms as the vendor and purchaser may agree upon, and, however small the price paid, the price is not usurious if in good faith and not an attempt to disguise a borrowing and lending of money.

There may be an actual sale of property in which the vendor parts with, and the vendee aequires, title, and which must, nevertheless, be deemed a usurious transaction if the object of the vendor was to gain usurious interest upon his money. Thus, where an application was made for a loan of money to a party who stated that he did not have the money but that he had certain railroad bonds, and that he would have some money at about the first of April following. Thereupon the applicant for the loan stated that his finances were in such condition that he could not hold out until the
time named, and that if he could get some of those railroad bonds, he could borrow money upon them, and that he would procure a bond and mortgage from his father as security. The bonds having a face value of $\$ 5,000$, and an actual value of a little over $\$ 4,000$, were sold to the applicant for the loan of $\$ 5,375$, and in payment of them a bond and mortgage were executed. Foreclosure proceedings were instituted, in which the defence of usury was interposed. In sustaining this defence, the Court said that the sole question was whether the transaction was a bona fide sale of the bonds at an exorbitant rate, or a loan of money under the guise and color of sale of choses in action by which the lender reserved and secured to himself a greater rate of interest than that allowed by law. The transaction must be judged by its real character rather than by the form and color which the parties have seen fit to give it. The shifts and devices of usurers to evade the statutes against usury have taken every shape and form that the wit of man could devise, but none have been allowed to prevail. Courts have been astute at getting at the true intent of the parties and giving effect to the statute.
Though the original borrowing and lending were not usurious, yet the transactions between the parties at a subsequent time may be infected with usury. Thus, the loan may be due or about to become due, or for any other cause the debtor may desire that the time of payment stipulated in the original note, or other obligation, be extended beyond the date of maturity therein specified. If, to obtain such extension, he pays anything in addition to the lawful rate of interest, or enters into a new agreement stipulating for a higher rate than he is allowed by law on the original loan, the transaction is usurious. Interest may be received in advance, and the lender may stipulate for its payment at certain periods in advance, and the transaction cannot be deemed usurious because part or all of the interest to accrue upon the note before its maturity is paid, or agreed to be paid, in advance.

There are numerous charges to which the borrower may be subjected, and the result of which is that his loan will cost him a sum in excess of the highest legal rate of interest, which are not usurious, although he cannot, even by his repayment of the loan at the time and in the manner agreed upon, relieve himself therefrom. Chief among these are expenses properly attendant upon the loan. The lender is under no obligation to bear them or any part of them. Thus, if security be taken for the repayment of the loan, due business precaution will demand that an examination of the title of the intending borrower be made, and that counsel be employed to advise the lender whether or not the title disclosed by such examination is perfect or not, and also respecting the form of the security to be taken. The lender may refuse to entertain an application for a loan unless the expenses incurred for these purposes are paid, or agreed to be paid by the borrower, and their payment does not render the loan usurious.
The note or obligation may reserve a higher rate of interest than allowed by the laws of the State where it is attempted to be enforced, or, though it does not call for such higher rate, may call for a rate higher than that allowed by the laws of some other State which is claimed to be applicable to it. The general principles governing this and other questions involved in the conflict of laws are: (1) If a note or obligation was valid where it was made, and did not there con-
flict with any usury law, it is equally valid in any other State in which an action is brought upon it, or where it is otherwise sought to be enforced, though its payment was secured by a mortgage or other security upon lands situate in a State other than of its execution. (2) That if it offended the statute against usury in the State wherein it was executed and was payable, it is subject to the penalties imposed by that statute, though the action upon it is in another State by whose laws it would not have been usurious if executed therein. (3) That if the obligation was made in one State but was to be performed in another, the parties were at liberty to regard it as a contract of either State, and to stipulate for any rate of interest allowable in either.

## RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS FOR MARCH.

It is encouraging to have another favorable preliminary monthly statement of railroad gross earnings, though the amount of improvement recorded for March is not as large as that shown in our early statement for February. In this latter month, however, the railroads had the advantage of an additional working day, as February 1912 contained 29 days, as against 28 days in February 1911. The increase now for March is $\$ 3,702,918$, or $5.73 \%$, this covering 88,168 miles of road. For February the increase for substantially the same roads was $\$ 6,221,900$, or $11.32 \%$. The same qualifying observation is now to be made as in the case of the totals for previous months, namely that the Canadian roads have played an important part in swelling the amount of increase. Three large Canadian systems are included-the Canadian Pacific, the Grand Trunk of Canada and the Canadian Northern-and together they contribute $\$ 2,213,557$ increase. It follows that if these three systems were eliminated, the increase remaining for the roads in the United States would be only \$1,489,361 , or but $2.92 \%$.

Western roads, speaking of them collectively, did not have much of an advantage from the grain movement, receipts at the Western primary markets having been only slightly larger than in March of last year. On the other hand, Southern roads must have derived considerable benefits from the larger cotton movement, this last having been greatly in excess of the movement last year. Another circumstance operated greatly in favor of many different roads. We refer to an augmented coal traffic. In the anthracite fields, as in the bituminous fields in various parts of the country, indications pointed to a cessation of mining with the 1st of April. As a consequence there was a determination to mine just as much coal as possible; this made a sharp contrast with the condition in the previous year, when, on account of the limited demand for coal because of the dull state of business, the amount of coal mined and then shipped over the railroads was at a minimum. The effects of this situation are strikingly revealed in the case of several of the distinctive coal-carriers. Thus the Chesapeake \& Ohio this time has $\$ 426,484$ increase in earnings, where last year it suffered a loss of $\$ 312,150$, and the Buffalo Rochester \& Pittsburgh has an increase of $\$ 105,854$ on top of increases in both 1911 and 1910.

That circumstances, however, were not altogether favorable to the country's rail-carriers is evident from the fact that in spite of the advantages enumerated, quite a number of roads were not able to maintain their earnings of the previous year and some suffered substantial losses. In the Southwest the short grain
crops of the previous season have been an adverse element and doubtless also the bad weather and the overflow the latter part of the month of the Mississippi and its tributaries also no doubt tended to diminish railroad traffic and railroad revenues. The Missouri Kansas \& Texas falls $\$ 212,697$ behind and the Missouri Pacific $\$ 78,000$, both after losses the previous year, the diminution then in the ease of the Missouri Pacific having been very large. The St. Louis Southwestern also has a loss this year, though it is small. In Texas, on the other hand, the Texas \& Pacific, owing to the expansion in the cotton movement, reports $\$ 104,460$ gain in earnings.
East of the Mississippi the Illinois Central has $\$ 145,173$ decrease and the Yazoo \& Mississippi Valley $\$ 47,676$ decrease. These are Harriman roads and possibly still suffered to some extent from the effects of the shopmen's strike. Not unlikely, however, they also suffered the latter part of the month from the high stage of the Mississippi River. It is to be noted that Southern roads generally are not distinguished for exceptionally good exhibits, notwithstanding the large cotton movement they enjoyed. The Louisville \& Nashville reports a slight loss $(\$ 10,014)$ and the Southern Railway has a relatively small gain considering the size of its earnings ( $\$ 75,917$ ), while the Seaboard Air Line falls $\$ 34,680$ behind. The Cincinnati New Orleans \& Texas Pacific, it is true, has $\$ 229,945$ gain, the New Orleans \& North Eastern has $\$ 37,057$ gain and the Alabama Great Southern has an increase of $\$ 64,677$; but these gains are but little more than the losses suffered by the same roads in the previous year, when the Cincinnati New Orleans \& Texas Pacific from March 9 to March 25 had to contend with a strike of its white firemen, with the effect of seriously interrupting the business on all the lines making up the Queen \& Crescent route. The loss of $\$ 79,163$ sustained the present year by the Mobile \& Ohio quite likely is connected with the same circumstance, that road last year having had $\$ 86,753$ gain, presumably in great measure as the result of the strike blockade on the Queen \& Crescent lines.

In the northwestern part of the United States the increase of $\$ 369,554$ reported by the Great Northern and the $\$ 571,010$ increase reported by the Minneapolis St. Paul \& Sault Ste. Marie indicate a favorable state of things in that part of the country, though these gains are in part a recovery of the previous year's losses. In the following we show all changes for the separate roads for amounts in excess of $\$ 30,000$, whether increases or decreases:

PRIHOLPAL OHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS IN MARCH.

grain movement at the Western primary markets as a whole had increased only slightly. As a matter of fact, at some points therethas actually been a shrinkage in the grain deliveries. This is notably true of St. Louis. At all the Western primary markets combined, aggregate grain deliveries (wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye) reached $40,308,825$ bushels for the four weeks ending March 30
the present year, against $39,057,640$ bushels for the corresponding four weeks last year. The details of the Western grain movement in our usual form are set out in the following.

| Four weeks endIng Mch. 30. | Flour. (005s.) | Wheot, (bush.) | Corn. (bumi,) | oats. | Barley. <br> (bresh) | Ruc. (bush.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1912$ | 500,944 379 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |
| aritioau |  |  |  |  | 1,680,200 |  |
| 1912 | 51,940 264,140 | $800$ |  | 84,200 979,200 | 8 |  |
| 1912 | 191300 | 550,353 | 1,874,740 | 1,392,340 |  |  |
| 1911 | 187,500 | 1,072,603 | 1,925,745 | 1,419,030 | 106, | 5,500 18,781 |
| 1912 |  | 180,000 195,000 | 511,300 | 99,000 |  | 10,000 |
| 1911 |  | 195,000 | 714,700 | 136.500 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1912 \\ & 1911 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,512 \\ & 15,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,832 \\ 105,205 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246,457 \\ & 265,488 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 145,562 \\ & 220,340 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 190212 \\ & 1912 \\ & 1911 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,979 \\ 2,306 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,880 \\ & 46,328 \end{aligned}$ | 134,777 | $\begin{aligned} & 186,332 \\ & \\ & \hline 0505 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,163 \\ \hline 76\end{array}$ | 712 |
| 1912 | $\begin{aligned} & 100,655 \\ & 17,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69,000 \\ & 47368 \end{aligned}$ | $1,392,878$ | $\begin{aligned} & 694,922 \\ & 102 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1912 \\ 1011 \end{gathered}$ | 44,800 45,280 | 717,484 306,31 | 83,020 | 122,608 6,390 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Minicapo }} 1012$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1911 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,029,470 \\ & 5,801,941 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 229,370 \\ 783.360 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 847,170 \\ 1,008,080 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 466,999 \\ 1,196,820 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.80 \\ & 020 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { nivas } \\ 1912 \\ 1911 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 340,800 \\ & 851,010 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,207,200 \\ & 1,13,600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 464,100 \\ & 365,500 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Total of all- $1012 \ldots$. $1011 \ldots .$. | 068,283 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,754,225 \\ & 9,310,104 \end{aligned}$ | 15,659,102 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,118,034 \\ 9,643,388 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,385.801 \\ & 4,1877790 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 191,663 \\ & 649,896 \end{aligned}$ |
| Jan. 1 to Mch. 30 <br> 1912 <br> 1011 | Floss: (obs5) $.668,411$ 882,042 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Whent: } \\ & \text { WOAnh.) } \\ & 3,333,300 \\ & 1,342,700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Corn; } \\ \text { Onsh; } \\ 38,231,950 \\ 21,426,850 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Oats, } \\ \text { (ounsh) } \\ 10,77,500 \\ 12,620,200 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| ${ }_{1912}^{1912}$ | 461,505 547,205 | $1.500,890$ | 3,237 1,262 | $2,737,074$ $2,083,774$ | $2,975,680$ $1,770,380$ | 744,700 241,780 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 659,430 \\ & 43,600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,425,453 \\ & 2,400,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,157,140 \\ 4,187,005 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,959,540 \\ & 3,439,250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45,600 \\ 104,404 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0,900 \\ 41,881 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & t+0 . a 12 \\ & 1912 \\ & 191 . \end{aligned}$ | <.... | $\begin{aligned} & 739,000 \\ & 356,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,683,700 \\ & 1,399,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 512.850 \\ & 370,500 \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 | 11,000 |
| 1912. | 77.277 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 191 | 37,784 | 236,672 | 803,743 | 382,337 |  |  |
| 1012 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,817 \\ & 8,003 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59,277 \\ & 80,509 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 403,870 \\ & 750,255 \\ & \hline 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 508.791 \\ & 673.200 \end{aligned}$ | - ${ }^{4,283}$ | . 71 |
| 1912 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1911 | 396,620 | 110,366 | 3,538,961 | 003,450 | 308,6i12 | 72,700 |
| 1912. | 141,825 | 1,945,789 |  |  |  |  |
| 1011...... | 103,720 | 1,722,430 | 627158 | 156,394 | 187,770 | $5 ;, 380$ |
| 1912 |  | 22,466,320 | 1,766,020 |  |  |  |
| Kansas citij |  | 12,130,437 | 2,087,901 | 2,409,030 | 2,594,380 | 240,1 |
| 1912. |  | 3,041,800 | 8,469,060 | 1,65 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2, |  |  |  |
| Total of all- |  |  |  |  |  |  |

 With reference to the cotton movement, the shipments overland in March 1912 reached 246,655 bales, against only 101,410 bales in March 1911 and but 65,077 bales in March 1910. The receipts at the Southern outports show an even greater augmentation, they having been 777,327 bales this year, against 282,809 bales last year and 391,122 bales two years ago. All. the ports shared in the increase, as will be seen by the table we now insert, giving the receipts at the various ports:
RECEETS OF COTTON AT BOUTHERN PORTS IN MARCH, AND FROM
JANUARY 1 TO MARCH 31 1912, 1911 AND 1910 .

| Pertr, | starch. |  |  | Stince January 1. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1912 | 1911. | 1910. | 1913. | 1911. | 1910. |
|  | 100,400 | $\frac{105,337}{15}$ | 113,650 | $\underline{1,015.141}$ | ${ }^{539,249}$ | 812,658 |
| Port Arthur, New Orieans | [88,026 | 25,777 67,015 | 28,810 | - 2787 | 250,975 418,760 | -8,686 |
| Moblle | 17,650 | 4,999 | 16.350 | ${ }^{120,031}$ | 42,008 | 344,725 |
| Pensacola, | ${ }_{139}^{11.510}$ | 9,405 | 7.475 | 150,265 | 69,084 | 44,095 |
| Brunswlek | ${ }^{41} 373$ | 2,284 | 11.815 | - 143,282 | 222,501 | - |
| Charleston | 23,346 | 2,088 | 7,425 | 08,209 | 25,769 | 13,549 |
| Georgetown |  | 92 | 178 | 39 |  | 517 |
|  | \%,380 | 10,202 | 7,419 | 158,749 | 00 | 23,353 |
| Nor | 46,301 |  | 924 | 194 |  | , |
| New | 11,303 | 76 | 928 | 18,304 |  | . 60 |
| Total | 777,327 | 282,809 | 301,122 | 3,448,837 | 1,770.495 | 1,293,838 |

It should be added that, treating the roads as a whole, the increase of $\$ 3,702,918$ shown by our earnings statement the present year does not follow a gain last year, but rather a decrease. For March 1911 our early statement showed a loss of $\$ 1,053,860$, or $1.59 \%$, notwithstanding large gains by the three Canadian systems. In March 1910, however, the general character of the returns was highly favorable and our preliminary statement registered an increase of no less than $88,795,473$, or $15.61 \%$. In March 1909, too, there was improvement, the increase then having been $\$ 5,082,356$, or $10.99 \%$. In March 1908,
on the other hand, at the time of the intense depression in trade, our early returns showed a loss of no less than $\$ 9,150,668$, or $14.36 \%$. We furnish herewith a summary of the comparative totals for March and the first quarter of each year back to 1897

|  |  | Mileage. |  |  | Gross Larnings. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Increase }(\rightarrow) \\ & \text { Dicrease }(\rightarrow) \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Given. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yr.pre- } \\ & \text { ceding. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & n- \\ & s e . \end{aligned}$ | Yoar Gliven. | Year Preceding. |  |  |
| ${ }_{1}^{M}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1897$ | $121$ | $02,737$ | $92,048$ | 0.75 121 | $36,730,150$ | $36.574 .694$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{12}{87}$ |
| 1899 | 119 | 94,333 | 93,235 | 18 | 45,851,636 | 43,122,673 | , | 6.15 |
| 1000 | 112 | 09,388 | 97,468 | 1.97 | 54,226,229 | 48,306,240 | +6,919,989 | 12.25 |
| 1901 | 103 | 100,730 | 97,542 | 3.28 | 58,451,929 | 54,154,032 | +4,296,007 | 7.83 |
| 1902 | 89 | 92,041 | 09.481 | ${ }_{2}^{1.72}$ | 53,947,913 | 50,750,037 | +3,197.856 | 6:30 |
| 1903 | ${ }_{69}^{69}$ | 95,620 85.636 | 93,441 83,386 | 2.33 | $63,658,496$ $54,218,287$ | $55,634,679$ $54,355,422$ | -8,021,817 | 0.25 |
| 1905 | 62 | 80,134 | 78,881 | 1.59 | 56,009,462 | 50, 819,522 | +5,109,040 | 10.21 |
| 1006 | 58 | 83,228 | 81,448 | 2.18 | 60,824,758 | 55,489,877 | 5.334.881 | 61 |
| 1907 | 66 | 02,828 | 91,100 | 1,90 | 77,540,501 | 71.806,303 | 5,644, 198 | 2.85 |
| 1908 | ${ }^{65}$ | ${ }^{83} .168$ | 82,332 | 1.38 | 51.519 .533 | 63,700,200 | $\xrightarrow{\mathbf{0}, 150,668}$ | 14.36 10.90 |
| 1900 |  | 77,659 | 76,193 <br> 84 | 1.022 | 65,155,888 | 56,300,415 | +8,795,473 | 15.61 |
| 1011 | 50 | 88,447 | 85,208 | 2.00 | 65,239,119 | 66,292,979 | 1,053,860 | 1. 59 |
| 1012 | 47 | 88,108 | 80,495 | 1.95 | 68,404,320 |  |  | 3 |
| Jan. | Yer. |  |  |  |  | 107,5050.519 | 3,263,162 |  |
|  | 131 | 90,90 | 05,839 | 1.21 | 126,755,310 | 109,339,374 | +17.415,930 | 15,93 |
| 1890 | 118 | 93,875 | 92,777 | 1.18 | 126, 102,007 | 121.187.638 | 4,014,369 |  |
| 1900 | 111 | 99,115. | 97,195 |  |  | 132,638,843 | $+21,038,700$ | 16.55 8.79 |
| 1001 | 103 89 | 100,739 | $97,542$ | 3.28 1.72 | $167.574,617$ $155,556,409$ | $151,125,356$ | $\begin{array}{r} +13,49,261 \\ +9.536340 \end{array}$ | 8.72 6.52 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1902 \\ & 1903 \end{aligned}$ | 89 | 92,041 | $\begin{aligned} & 00,481 \\ & 03,411 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1.73}$ | $165,656,409$ $151,403,231$ | $146,020,060$ $160,459,158$ | $+9,536,349$ $+21,004,073$ | 6.52 13.00 |
| 1904 | 69 | 85,606 | 83.386 | 2.68 | 152,071,336 | 153,791,510 | -1,720,174 | 1.12 |
| 1905 | 62 | 80,134 | 78,881 | 1.59 | 149,372,123 | 142,415,455 | $+6,056,671$ $+28,726,583$ | 4.88 18.54 |
| 19 | 58 | 83,228 | 81.448 | ${ }^{2}, 18$ | $183,644,698$ $214,200,264$ | $154,918,113$ <br> 204 | +28,726,583 |  |
| 1908 | 55 | 83,468 | 89,332 | 1.38 | 149,515,630 | 168,209,991 | -18,694.361 | 11.11 |
| 1009 | 48 | 77,656 | 76, 193 | 1.12 | 142,002,711 | 131,600,385 | $+11,208,326$ | 8.66 |
| 1910 | 53 | 85,036 | 81,308 | 1.82 | 179,172,331 | 155,015,813 | +24,126,518 | 15.23 |
| 1911 | 50 | 88.447 | 86,208 | 2.60 | $182,030,008$ | $180,487121$ |  |  |
| - | 47 | 88,108 | 80.48 허 | 1.95 | 150,697,306 | 180,042,806 | $+10,054,500$ | 6.10 |

Note. -Wa do not inefudo Moxican roads in any of the yearo.
To complete our analysis we add the following sixyear comparisons of the earnings of leading roads arranged in groups:
earningo of middle and middle western group.

| March. | 1912. | 1911. | 1910. | 1909. | 1008. | 1907. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buft Roche Pitts | 880.803 | 774.949 | 785,936 | $\stackrel{8}{866,031}$ | 64,513 | $\stackrel{8}{868,613}$ |
| Ohlo Ind ©Louls | 519,159 | 512,881 | 512.857 | 441.159 | 390,932 | 502,636 |
| Grand Trunk. ${ }_{\text {Grand }}$ Tr West | 4,080,230 | 3,900,773 | 3,793,257 | 3,167,451 | 3,016,250 | 3,571,270 |
| DetGr H \& MH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iifinols Central. | 5,048,805 | 55,104,038 | ,538,053 | 4,948,472 | 4,667,455 | 5,076,630 |
| Tol Poo \& Weit- | 103,271 | 97.970 | 101,420 | 04,300 | 104,424 | 97,964 |
| Tolst L \& West. | 325,063 | 311,090 | 316,479 | 288,901 | 284,745 | 321,542 |
| Wabash | 2,251,637 | 2,372,442 | 2,524,411 | 2,149,659 | 1,976,130 | 2,204,353 |
| Total | 13,209,928 | 13,173,143 | 13,575,310 | 11,635,973 | 11,063,458 | 12,443,008 |

a No longe includes recefpts from outside operations.
o No longer includes rectpts for htre ot equipment, rentals and other temas.
o Tneludes earnings of the Indlanapolis Southern, begtnning with July 1910 . EARNINGS OF SOUTHERN GROUP.


a Includes, beginntng with this year, some large ltems of tncome not previousty
 orncludes Lo
1910 man 1000.
o Includes Chesapeake \& Ohfo of Indlana, beginning July 11010.

| Ararch. | 1012. | 1011. | 1910. | 1009. | 1808. | 1007. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $1.115,313$ | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ |  | 1,055,405 | 1,108,595 |
| Denv \& Rto Gr. | 1,709,100 | 1,676,200 | 1,955,958 | 1,676,302 | 1,310,312 | 1,672,631 |
| Inturnate Ct Nor | 725,000 | 733,000 | 731,189 | 630,284 | . 824.000 | 673,432 |
| Mo Kanss Tex-a | 2,028,402 | 2,211,099 | 2,2i1,802 | 1,960,188 | 1,785,691 | 2,106,377 |
| Missourl Pacific | 4,268,000 | 4,346,000 | 4,810.870 | $4,052,875$ 810.123 | 3,443,488 | 4,127,202 |
| Texis \& Pacifo.. | 1,309,035 | 1,205,475 | 1,313,701 | 1,147,424 | 1.029,439 | 1,402,633 |
| Total | 12,018,008 | 12,300,087 | 13,400,829 | 1,489,569 | 9,871,158 | 12,010,042 |

[^1] earnings of that rosd were $\$ 35,921.212,1011$ and 1010.
EARNINGS OF NORTHWESTERN AND NORTH PAOTEIO GROUP.

| March. | 1912. | 1011. | 1010. | 1009. | 1008. | 1907. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cinadtan Pacia | 10,380,000 | 8.088,000 | 7,796,337 | 6,518.763 | 3,424,931 | $\frac{8}{6,132,010}$ |
| Chic Great West ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,054,080 | 1,070,805 | 1,149,262 | 033,638 | $6 \overline{4}, 473$ | 780,595 |
| Dul So Sh \& Alt | 246,802 | 230, 162 | 276.803 | 217.138 | 219,891 | 252,870 |
| Great Northern. | $4,700,511$ <br> 776,503 | 4799.057 | 4.667 .644 4.14 .427 | 83, 396,005 | $3,218,294$ 306,980 | 4,440,155 |
| Iowa Central |  |  | 328,926 | 309.445 | 25,960 | 256,358 |
| M StPe88M.a | 2,216,017 | 1,645.007 | 1,880,365 | 1,576,820 | 1,415.508 | 1,651,644 |
| Total | 19,462,903 | $16.800,494$ | 16,513,854 | 13,021,388 | 11,400,137 | 13,850,089 |

- Includes Mason City \& Fort Dodge and the Whaconstin Minnesotia \& Pactic in 1912. 1911, 19101.1909 and 1008 . year we have combined Mrin. St. Paul \& S. S. M. and Wisconstr Central. $b$ Actual ngires or earntnsd dre now used for comparison.
6 Month in 1912 not yet reported; taken same as hist year
gross earnings and mileage in march.

| Name of Road. | Gross Earnings. |  |  | Mileaje. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1912. | 1911. | Inc. $(+)$ or Dec. (-). | 1912. | 1011. |
| Alabama Great South Ala New Orl \& T P | $399,633$ | $335,256$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & +64,077 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 09 |
|  | 341,084 |  |  |  | 5 |
| Alabama ce Vlehs.. | 133,073 | 146,138 | 12,165 | 14 | 2 |
| Vloks Shrev \& Pac. | 123,368 | 121.020 | +2,348 | 171 | 171 |
| Ann Arbor. | 204,387 | 168,613 | +35,774 | 291 | 291 |
| Atlanta Brm \& A | 280, 033 | 274,390 | +5,643 | $\begin{array}{r}661 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 61 |
|  | 6,490 880,803 | 5,128 774,949 | +1,362 $\begin{array}{r}+105,854\end{array}$ | 27 573 | 27 578 |
| Canadian Northern... | 1,572,700 | 1,270,600 | +302,100 | 3,981 | 3,386 |
| Canadlan Pacino | 10,389,000 | 8.648,000 | +1,741,000 | 10,832 | 10,276 |
| Centrat of Gcorgi | 1,281,400 | 1,232,000 | +49,400 | 1,915 | 1,015 |
| Chesapeake \& On | 3,001,032 | 2,574,548 | 426,484 174,601 | 2,281 1,026 | 1,232 |
| Chicago Grearo Wreat West'n | 1,034,980 | 1,070,865 | -35,885 | 1,406 | 1.496 |
| Chicago Ind \& Loulsy | 510.159 | 512,881 | +0,278 | 616 | 615 |
| Cin NO\& Texas Pac- | 802.978 | 573.033 | +229,945 | 336 |  |
| Colorado d Southern- | 1,021,471 | 1.115,313 | -93,842 | 1,793 | 1,051 |
| Denver \& Rlo Grande | 1,709,100 | 1,670,200 | +32,000 | 2,555 | 2,503 |
| Decroit \& Mackinao-- | 106,701 | 108,081 | +45, 548 | 441 | 441 |
| Detroit rol \& Ironton Duluth Sou Sh \& Ath. | 109,012 | 230,163 | +16,730 | 622 | 608 |
| Gcorgla South \& Fa,Grand Trk of Canada- | 314,409 | 209,097 | 2 | 395 | 5 |
|  | 4,080,280 | 3,009,773 | $+170,457$ | 4,540 | 4,528 |
| Grand Trunk West. Det Gr Hay do Mllw Canada Atlantlo... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Northern | 4,799,511 | 4,429,057 | +369,554 | 7,344 | 7,274 |
| Itinols Central | 5,048, 605 | 5,194,038 | -140,000 | 1,160 | 1,160 |
| Internat © Grt Northa Loulsville 8 Nashvilue | 4,864,600 | 4,874,074 | -10,014 | 4,722 | 4,591 |
| aridtand Valles | 116.418 | 109,400 | +7,018 | 373 | 323 |
| Mineral Ranke | 70.388 | 65,960 | 4,428 | 127 | 127 |
| Minneap St P \& S S M | 2,216,017 | 1,645,007 | + 571,010 | 3,760 | 3,572 |
| Missourl Kans ${ }^{\text {co Tex,a }}$ | 2,025,402 | 2,241,099 | $\begin{array}{r}-212,697 \\ -78.000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,398 7,220 | 3,393 |
| Missourl Paeine | 4,268,000 039,977 | 4, $4,010,140$ | $\begin{array}{r}78,000 \\ -79,163 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,229 | 7.235 1.114 |
| Moblle \& Oho ${ }^{\text {Nevada-Cal-Orgon }}$ | 70, 186 | 1.018,006 | +11,280 | 238 | 184 |
| Rio Grande Southern. | 32,290 | 37,561 | 5,271 | 180 | 180 |
| St Louls Southwestern | 957,000 | 083,000 | -26,000 | 1,500 | 1,471 |
| Seaboard Air Line | 2,219,139 | 2,263, 819 | 34,680 | 3,058 7,089 | 3,028 7 |
| Southern Rafiway | 5,437,353 | 5,361,486 | +75.917 |  |  |
| Tenn Alabama \& | 1,309,035 | 1,205.475 | +104,460 | 1,884 | 1,884 |
| Texas a Peoria of West | 1,103,271 | 1,27,970 | +5,301 | 247 | 247 |
| Toledo St L \& West.- | 325.963 | 311.090 | +14,873 | 451 | 451 |
| Wabash -in Valley | 2,251,637 | $2,372,442$ 010,178 | 120,809 $-47,676$ | 2,914 1,372 | 2,514 |
| Yazoo \&o Mlsa Valley- | 862.501 | 010,172 | -47,676 | 1,372 | 1,382 |
|  | 68,404,320 | 64,701,402 | $+3,702,918$ | 88,168 | 86,405 |
| Mexican roads (not in | cluded in to | tal) |  |  |  |
| Interoceanle of stex.- |  | 41,230 | 156,843 | 48 | 035 |
| Mexican Railway | 1484,300 | U588,800 | -104,000 | 6.134 | 361 6.155 |
| Nat Rys of Mexieo . $\mathrm{S}_{\text {- }}$ | 4,427,285 | 5,653,891 | $-1,226,606$ | 6. 134 | 0.150 |

a Incindes, the Texas Central in both years.
I Now includes Mexican International in both years.
i These agures are fot three week only in both years.
GROSS EARNINGS FROM JANUARX 1 TO MARCH 31.

| Name of Road. | 1912. | 1911. | tucrease. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama Great So | $\stackrel{8}{1,171,190}$ | $1,100,582$ | $34,608$ | \$ |
| Ala New orl \& Tex Pao- |  |  |  |  |
| New Orl Northeastern.. Alabama \& Vloksbarg.- | 295,095 423,175 | 9130,407 | 29,673 | 32 |
| Vloks Shrev \& Paifio... | 380.501 | 369,009 | 11,492 |  |
| Ann Arbor............... | 525,195 | 488,948 |  |  |
| Attanta Blmm de At |  | 759,076 |  |  |
| Bellefonto Central | 2,37,267 | 2,126,051 | 266,308 |  |
| Buffalo Roch \& Plttsburgh Canadlan Northern | $2,393,259$ $4,004,200$ | 2,896,300 | 1,107,000 |  |
| Canadian Paclico. | 26,649,689 | 20,763,782 | 5,885,007 |  |
| Central of Georgla | 3,615,953 | 3,457,401 | 158,554 |  |
| Chesapeake \& Ohl | $8,301,044$ | $7,818,857$ $3,280,432$ |  |  |
| Culeago \% Altor. | 3,507,103 | 3,270,391 | 226,671 |  |
| Chleago Great Western Chicago Ind \& Loulsvil | $2,870,988$ $1,495,493$ | 1,379,308 | 116,095 |  |
| Onf Now ort so Tex Pac. | $2,363,686$ $3,230,342$ | $2,118,374$ $3,452,624$ | 245,312 |  |
| Colorado \& Southern | 5,001,210 | 3,804,321 |  |  |
| Denyer \& Rlo Grand | -0,291,605 | - 280,738 | 10,867 |  |
| Detrole Toledo \& Ironton. | 176.368 | 374,035 | 101,433 |  |
| Dufuth So Sh \& Atlantic.- | 671,003 620,041 | 621,476 616,010 | 49,627 3,131 |  |
| Gcorgla Southern \& Fla-- | 620,041 |  |  |  |
| Grand Trunk of Oanada.Grand Trunk Westra: Detrolt Gr Hav \& Mllw Canada Aulantlc | 10,762,459 | 10,394,178 | 368,281 |  |
| Great Northern | 12,028,192 | 11,287,778 | 1,640,419 |  |
| Itinols Centra | 14,044,054 | 15,513,608 |  | 1,469,504 |
| Internat d Gt Norther | 14, 2388,248 | 13,535,015 |  |  |
| Louisville ec Nashy | 14,087,248 | 15,514,827 | 502,233 |  |
| Mfdand Valloy | 109.579 | 186,571 | 13,108 |  |
| Mmorap St P \& S | 5,627,583 | 4,632,060 | 996,623 |  |
| Missourl Kansas \& Texas-a | $6,468,236$ $12,758,207$ | 12,821,626 | 180 |  |
| Mlssouri Pacino | 12,747,671 | 2,797,716 | 180 | 60.045 |
| Nevade-Callornla-Oregon. | 68,902 | 45,237 | 23,670 |  |
| Rlo Grande Southern..... | 2, 116,723 | 2,975,209 | 7,514 |  |
| St Louls Southwester Scaboard Alr Line. | 5,099,069 | 6,057,104 |  |  |
|  | 1-456,766 | 15,033,458 | 423,308 |  |
| Tenn Ala bo Geo | V19.452 | y 23.042 |  | ,500 |
| Texas do Paciac | 4, 146,515 | 3,687.550 |  |  |
| Totedo Peoris ${ }^{\text {c W Western-- }}$ | 325,026 | -306,874 |  |  |
| Tolcto St Louts ic Western | $\begin{array}{r} 908,478 \\ 6,343,015 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 850,219 \\ 6,831,016 \end{array}$ | 0,200 |  |
| Yazoo | $\begin{aligned} & 6,45,168 \\ & 2,464,168 \end{aligned}$ | $2,871,660$ |  | 407,492 |
| Total (47 ro | 190,997.306 | 180,042,806 | $14,186,701$ $10,954,500$ | 3,232,201 |
| Net Increase ( 6.10 |  |  | 10,954,000 |  |
| Mexican roads (not Includ | ed in total) |  |  |  |
| Interociante of Mexico... | 2,204,024 | 42,032,700 |  | 87,800 |
| Mexican Rallway Melo..-- | 14,782,074 | 16,163,006 |  | 1,380,032 |

[^2]BANKING, FINANOIAL AND LEGISLATIVE NEWS.
-The public sales of bank stocks this week aggregate 192 shares, of which 190 shares were sold at the Stock Exchange and 2 shares at auction. A lot of 15 shares of Broadway Trust Company stock was also sold at auction at 172, an advance of 24 points over the price paid at the last previous sale, which was made in November 1911.

| NKS | Lom. | Hioh. | close. | Last pre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * 40 City Bank, Natlonal | 440 | 450 | 440 | April 1912-430 |
| ${ }^{*} 150$ Commerce, Nat. Bank of. BANK-Broostyn. | 201 | 202 | 201 | April 1912-204 |
| 2 Ftrst Nattonal Bank | 200 | 200 | 290 | Nov, 1910-2023 |
| TRUST COMPANY-NEW | York. |  |  |  |
| 15 Broadway Trust Co | 172 | 172 | 172 | Nov. 1011-198 |

## - Sold at the Stock Exchange.

-The Act passed by Congress at the current session creating a Children's Bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor was signed by President Taft on the 9th inst. The object of the bill is the collection and dissemination of data relating to all phases and conditions of child life. The new bureau, it is stated, will be especially charged with investigating infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanage, juvenile courts, desertions, dangerous occupations, accidents and diseases of children, employment and legislation affecting children in the several States.
-The adverse report of the Senate Finance Committee on the bill revising the iron and steel schedules of the Tarili was presented to the Senate by Senator Penrose on the 5th inst. The bill passed the House of Representatives on January 29. The adverse report is signed by all the Republican members of the Finance Committee except Senator La Follette. It characterizes the bill as ill-advised and most unfortunate legislation, and declares that its enactment would reduce the measure of protection below the margin of safetyand tend to destroy one of the most important industries of the country, opening wide our domestie markets to foreign steel and iron products. As indicating the opposition toward the bill, the Committee states that representatives of 245 different industrial concerns from 18 States have appeared before it and protested against the bill's enactment, while representatives of 225 manufacturers of machine tools have testified that the provision of the bill placing machine tools on the free list would compel them to close their factories and throw their employees out of work. The report also says:
The bill is further objectlonable for the reason that all of the artleles covered by the several paramraphs are made subject to ad yalorem rates of duty. Practically every clvilized country has favored and adopted, when possible, speofinc rates of duty upon imported merchandise, and every Secretary of the Treasury, with the exceptlon of one, from Secretary Hamition down to Secrutary MacVeagh, has ursed the adopton of the assessment of duty upon merchandise at specific rates whenever practicable, While it is sometimes necessary, In tarif legisistion, to apply ad valorem rates of
duty, because of the great varlances in the cost, value and condition of arduty, because of the grent varances in the cost, value and condition of ar-
toles having the same descripton, they have numerous disadvantages.

Speefic rates of duty are casy of applieation, are not subject to fluotuathon from day to day as the market rises or fells, and the duty can bo reHed upon in the time of depressfon to protect the home manufacturer against decreasce. Even more renable that produce more prices fall and the Government's revenue decrenses in prod to tlon to the fall of prices at a time when It will probably be in need of the greatest revenue,
While ad valorem rates of duty are not uniformly applted under the Tarif Act now in force, and there are many artieles covered by apecific rates only, the diffloulty of administration and the volume of litigation artolng becauso of the applleation of ad valorem rates is findicated by the reports of the Board of General Appralsers for the past two Ascal years.

The report adds that the Ways and Means Committee's estimate that importations would be increased $\$ 25,000,000$ annually would mean, if correct, that foreign iron and steel products were to displace American manufactures in the domestic markets, and that even with such increased importations there would be a deficit in revenues of more than $\$ 1,400,000$. The Finance Committee is also opposed to the bill because of the fact that no report has yet been made with respect to the schedule by the Tariff Board.
-On the 5 th inst. a resolution was adopted by the House of Representatives authorizing the Committee on the Judiciary to take up for inquiry such matters in the so-called "money trust" investigation as are within its jurisdiction. The resolution reads

HOUSE RESOLUTION 481.
Resoleed, That in ordor to obtaln full and complete information for the purpose of determining what legistation is needed, the Committee on the Judfolary is authorfzed and directed to make a tull Investigation of all
matters touched upon In House Resolution No. 405 within the forisdetion of sald committee; and satd committee is authorized, as a whole or by subcommittee, to sit durluy sessfons of the House and the recess of Congress, to compel the attendance of witnesses, send for persons and papers, to
administer oaths to witnesses and to employ experts, counsel, accountants and clerical and other assistants. The Speaker shall have authority to sign and the Olerk to attest sulpoenas during the sesslons or recesses of Congress.

Under resolution 405, the various phases of the inquiry are delegated to the Committee on Banking and Curreney; the Judiciary Committee, the Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce and the Committee on Election of President, Vice-President and Representatives in Congress; the money trust charges were referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency; the relations of so-called "money trust magnates" to industrial and other trusts, the New York "Times" recently reported, were delegated to the Judiciary Committee; its relations to transportation interests were referred to the Inter-State and Foreign Commerce Committee, while the campaign contributions feature of the inquiry will be directed by the Committee on Election of President and VicePresident. The Intor-State and Foreign Commerce Committee, according to the "Times," has referred its part of the investigation to the Inter-State Commerce Commission by unanimously agreeing to direct the Commission to investigate railway securities jointly with the proposed inquiry into the physical value of railroads. As reported in an earlier issue of our paper, two sub-committees of the House Banking and Currency Committee have been named to take up the inquiry into banking and currency conditions, one of these be ng charged with the investigation of the so-called "money trust" and the other being called upon to look into the proposed Aldrich currency plan. The "money trust" inquiry will be undertaken by the following Democratic members of the House: Representative Arsene P. Pujo, Chairman; Representatives William G. Brown of West Virginia, Hubert D. Stephens of Mississippi, Robert L. Doughton of North Carolina, James A. Daugherty of Missouri, James F, Byrnes of South Carolina, George A. Neeley of Kansas: Republicans -Representatives Henry McMorran of Michigan, Everis A. Hayes of California, Frank E. Guernsey of Maine and William H. Heald of Delaware.

The members of the committee which will inquire into the Aldrich plan are: Democrats-Representatives Carter Glass of Virginia, Chairman; Joshua Fred. C. Talbott of Maryland, George W. Taylor of Alabama, Charles A. Korb y of Indiana, John M. Moore of Texas, R. J. Bulkley of Ohio, John J. Kindred of New York; Republicans-Representatives Edward B. Vreeland of New York, George D. McCreary of Pennsylvania and William B. McKinley of Illinois. Hearings be ore the Banking and Currency Committee will begin on the 17 th inst.

In introducing on Tuesday a resolution which would compel every member of the House to disclose his business and corporation affiliations, Representative Lindbergh is said to have declared that most of the money trust committee "are interested in banks or are attorneys for banks," and that "Wall Street"has it in its power to intimidate bankers." He is also quoted as saying: "It has been observed that the Banking and Currency Committee is dilatory in its duties. I prediet it will not make a eareful or diligent inquiry. It will be perfunctory only, and it was so understood at the start." The resolution requires every member to file within ten days after its adoption a statement of his business connections, and the amount of stock owned by him or any member of his immediate family; the names of those failing to comply with the requirement would be published in a "blacklist" in the "Congressional Record."
-The bill appropriating $\$ 350,000$ for the maintenance and protection of the levees on the Mississippi River was amended by the House of Representatives on the Sth inst. so as to extend the relief measure to the protection of levees on the Ohio River as well. Representative Fitzgerald, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, gave out a statement on the 5th inst. with reference to the pending resolutions for the further appropriation of $\$ 250,000$ in aid of the flood sufferers. Action on these resolutions has been deferred under advices from President Taft, as indicated by Representative Fitagerald, as follows:
The Prestdent has directod the Secretary of War to use armysupplies wherever immedtately needed, and he Dolleves that thero aro sufflifent near at hand to relieve such sutcrers as can be relleyed in that way, In the opinion of the President, its unwise wo make approprlaulons for this purpose rellet to regutred and to ascertaln what amount is any would be neide and the extent of the suftering and destlewtonand the estent of the sufferng and destitution
This committee has taken no action on the resolutions presented to approprlate monoy for the rellef of thoie made destitute by the flood, Is at premt no way of determining filst what measire of reller ts meatred
The extent of the damage occasioned by the floods in the Mississippi Valley during the two weeks is outlined in figures compiled by Government engineers and officials of State levee
boards and given out on the 7th inst. These statistics, it is stated, show 30,000 persons homeless, 2,000 square miles of country inundated, 30 persons drowned and a financial loss of $\$ 10,000,000$.
-The remarks addressed to the Committee on Naval Affairs of the House of Representatives on March 13 by Samuel Adams Trufant, Cashier of the Citizens' Bank \& Trust Co. of Louisiana, at New Orleans, with respect to the continuance of the Navy Yard at New Orleans, are being distributed by the author in pamphlet form. The Secretary of the Navy proposes to abandon the Navy Yard at that point for the reason that it is of no use for naval purposes. Mr. Trufaut pleads for its retention, asking that proper provision be made to insure the sea channels at the mouth of the river being kept open at all times, whether in war or peace. He argues that whether the Navy Yard is necessary to the Navy or not, he believes that it is necessary in any scheme of defense, and that "it is absolutely necessary to provide some kind of defense for a deep-sea channel, which has cost this Government already $\$ 15,000,000$ and which is the controlling factor in the rates of freight in the entire Mississippi Valley."
-A bill signed by Governor Dix on the 4th inst. authorizes banks to own stock of safe deposit companies located in the premises of the bank, upon the approval of the State Superintendent of Banks.
-The bill passed at the recent session of the New York Legislature making it a misdemeanor to circulate false statements or rumors derogatory to a banking institution was signed by Gov. Dix on the 9 th inst.

On the same date the Governor likewise signed the bill making it a felony to falsify a book, report or statement of a banking corporation.
-The Ferris bill permitting a resident of a State adjoining New York State to be a trustee of a savings bank in this State was signed on the 10th inst.; non-resident trustees are not to exceed $20 \%$ of the total number of trustees.
-An opinion just transmitted to New York State Superintendent of Banking George C. Van Tuyl Jr. by AttorneyGeneral Carmody is expected to bring about a curtailment of the operations of many so-called "real estate companies," which offer to investors in this State bonds based on equities in improved realty. The companies, said to number over 1,480 in New York City alone, organize, it is stated, with the object of dealing in real estate along broad lines, and also sometimes offer to act as insurance brokers. Frequently they give a "guaranty" of principal and interest of the bonds or contracts issued by them. The Banking Department does not have supervision over business corporations, but has supervision over mortgage, loan or investment companies organized under the banking law. The deeision which has just been given by the Attorney-General came as the result of an application to the Banking Department by a business corporation for a ruling as to whether it would be prohibited by law from engaging in the business of issuing collateral trust income bonds secured by real property, title to which is in a trustee under a trust agreement. The Superintendent took the position that the proposed business was the business of a mortgage, loan or investment company, as defined in Section 2 of the banking law. In this position it is announced, he is sustained by Attorney-General Carmody. The latter holds that such powers as the company desired may be exercised only by a corporation formed under the provisions of the banking law. The section referred to in the banking law defines mortgage, loan or investment companies as concerns specially authorized to sell, offer for sale, or negotiate bonds or notes secured by deed of trust or mortgage on real property. Under the business corporation law, it is stated, a business corporation is not entitled to have the powers which are given to corporations incorporated under the banking law. In his popinion the AttorneyGeneral says: "The apparent purpose of the statute is to keep away from business corporations those powers which are conferred upon corporations created by the banking law".

In a statement given out by the Banking Department on the 11 th inst., it is announced that Superintendent Van Tuyl has already had inquiries made with reference to over 100 so-called mortgage, loan, investment, real estate or security companies located in New York City, which have not organized under the banking law and are not subject to the supervision of the Banking Department. The statement says:

In the case of at least 50 of these compantes operating in New York Clty with capltal stock issues running up into the milltons, oharters obtalned under the business corporation law are used to authorize the transaction of bustness reserved for mortgage, loan or tnvestment companies under the banktng law, such business belng the selling, olferiug for sale or negotating bonds or notes sccured by deed of trust or mortgage on real property. Advertisements inserted tn newspapers by the real estate companles criticized otten offer to the public generally "guaranteed" 6 and $7 \%$ bonds, but do not state whether they are first or second mortgage or equity bonds Issued under varlous classes of trustee agreements.
It has been very well sald that the avcrage finvestor knows very little about analyzing such propositions, and as a result many complaints, with reference to corporations of this general character, have beon recelved from time to time.
Besides the 50 or more compantes apparently operatling as business corporatlons, and yet dolng a bustness reserved for mortgage, loan or investment companles under the banking law, the Investlgations conducted by Superlatendent Van Tuyl have brought to light a number of apparent ylolations of sections 663 and 666 of the penal law.
Section 663 of the penal law probifits any person or corporation from acting as agent or representative withln thls State of any forelgn mortgare, Ioan or Investment corporation which has not been licensed by the SuperIntendent of Banks to do bustness in this State, or from acting as agent or representative in this State of a forelgn corporation, other than a moneyed corporation, having the words "trust," "bank," "nnsurance," "assurance," "Indemntty," "guarantee," "guaranty," "savings," "investment," "loan," "Deneft" or siny other words or terms Indicating, representing or holdtng out such company to be a moneyed corporatlon as a part of its name or corporate title.
Section 666 of the penal law prohblts any person, assoctation or corporathon, other than a moneyed corporation, from transacting business in this State, directly or Indireetly, or through agents or representatives, from using these words as a partiof its corporate title, provided onty that a
domestlo corporation orzanized prlor to Aprit 20 1904 and lawfully using domestlo corporation organized prior to April 201904 and lawfully using
such words as a part of Its corporate tille, may continue to do so provided such words as a part of Its corporate title, may continue to do so provided
the words "not a moneyed corporation" are used In Immedlate connection the words "not
with the tltle.
-The question of revising the regulations of the New York Clearing House Association governing charges for the collection of out-of-town checks has been submitted for investigation to a committee of five which has been named under a resolution adopted this week by the Clearing House Committee of the Association. The resolution was passed on the motion of A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Association, and is as follows:
Whereas, There werc adopted on the 3d day of Aprll 1899 rutes and reguations of this Assoclation regarding collections outside of the Clty of New York, which, with the exception of special interprotations put upon certain
clauses of the same by the Clearing-House Committce, have never been alclauses of the samo by the Clearing-Housc Committee, have never been althe past thirtecn years has lacreased very largely, and also tho fact that since these rules and regulations were estabilshed there have been varlous methods pursued in the handling of collections by the diterent ClearingHouse Assoclatlons throughout the country. It would seem ns if the time had arrived when a careful Investlgation should be agaln made of thls matter Therefore, Be it resolved, That a spectal commlttee of Avo bo appolnted by the Chairman of this commiltee for the purpose of making a thorough tnvestigation of the subject of inland exchange and collectlons, and the methods pursued by other Clearing-House Assoctatlons, and to report to this committee such changes in the rules or regulations or the New York Clearlng-House Assoolation as In thele Judgment may be deemed best; and, Be it further resolved, That this committee be authorized to thyite to appear before them managers of other assoclations and members of thls Assoclation for the purpose of procuring any necessary information
The committee which has been entrusted with the matter by Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the Clearing-House Committee, consists of James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank; Walter E. Frew, President of the Corn Exchange Bank; Joseph T. Talbert, Vice-President of the National City Bank; Edward Townsend, President of the Importers' \& Traders' National Bank, and J. W. Platten, President of the United States Mortgage \& Trust Co. Under the rules now in force and established in 1899, the charge is made discretionary for items collected for the accounts of or in dealings with the governments of the United States, the State of New York, and for items payable in Boston, Providence, Albany, Troy, Jersey City, Bayonne, Hoboken, Newark, Philadelphia and Baltimore. For items payable at points other than those mentioned in the foregoing list in the States of Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Indiana, Hlinois, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, the charge is not less than 1-10 of $1 \%$, while for other States and Canada it is not less than $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$. The minimum charge is 10 cents.

- The nomination of Prof. Henry Jones Ford of Princeton University as Commissioner of Banking and Insurance for the State of New Jersey, sent to the Senate by Gov. Wilson on the 20th ult., was confirmed by that body on the 29th. Prof. Ford will succeed Vivian M. Lewis, whose term of office expires on the 15 th inst., and who has been appointed a Vice-Chancellor of New Jersey.
-Under a bill recently signed by Gov. Foss of Massachusetts, a bank may be held liable for forged or altered negotiable instruments only when notified within a year after the return of such instrument to the depositor or drawer. The law had previously fixed five years in which such notice might be given.
-Several Boston institutions have put into use the fingerprint system of identification, which we announced recently had been adopted by the Albany Savings Bank, of Albany, N. Y. Among the Boston banks which we understand are making use of the plan are the Wildey Savings Bank, the Home Savings Bank and the Union Institution for Savings.
-State Bank Commissioner Smith of Pennsylvania, in his annual report submitted to the Governor on the 6th inst., recommends that the Act governing the supervision of private banks be extended to the licensing of all foreign corporations which, through agents or otherwise, operate in the State for the sale of stocks and bonds. He also recommends the passage of a law, similar to the one considered at the last session, granting to the Department authority to liquidate insolvent corporations. The Commissioner alludes likewise to the law enacted by the last Legislature, requiring that each director of a trust company, bank and savings institution having capital stock, shall be a stockholder and take an oath of office; these requirements, he states, have been enforced and there is now on file in the Department the oath of every director of these institutions.
-Further development following the announcement of the proposed removal and the sale of the old building of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange is the recent sharp advance in the price of Exchange memberships. A few weeks ago $\$ 5,700$ was the price paid; last week a sale was made for $\$ 7,600$, the highest price in three years. On April $1 \$ 8,200$ was paid for a seat, making an advance of $\$ 2,500$ within a month. Memberships are now quoted $\$ 8,0: 0$ bid, $\$ 10,000$ asked.
- A resolution amending the constitution of the Chicago Stoek Exchange, adopted on the $20 t h$ ult., prohibits an officer or employee of any corporation other than one doing a general banking business from holding membership in the Exchange. In setting out the reason for the change, the Chicago "Tribune" points out that heretofore a member of the Exchange trading for a corporation, as against a voluntary association or co-partnership, was subject to a limited liability only; under the amendment, the liability is unlimited. The section amending the constitution says:
Any member of this exchange who now is or shall hereatter become an offtcer or employee of any corporation engaged in dealing in stocks, bonds
and Investment securlties (other than corporations dolng a generat banking and nvestment securites (other than corporatons doing a generat vanking
business) shall be suspended until he shall sever his connectlon with such corporation, and tin case he siail not sever hits connecton with such corporathon and apply for relnstatement withln one year from the date of his suspenston, he shall thereupon cease to be a member, and hits membership shall be disposed of by the committee on admisslons, and the proceeds thercof disposed of in a manner as tn the case of voluntary transter.
It is stated that some of the members of the Governing Committee are in favor of again establishing an unlisted department, and the listing committee has accordingly been instructed to work out plans and secure the co-operation of officials of those organizations whose stock is not traded in on the Exchange, in effecting the rehabilitation of the department.
-The Northern Trust Company Bank of Chicago has recently decided to engage in the buying of commercial paper. Until its entrance into this field, the institution made no loans that were not secured; it is pointed out that the buying of commercial paper gives an institution an outlet for its funds that a strictly collateral market does not always provide, and, if the paper is well selected, does not involve any more risk. The "Record-Herald" states that the Illinois Trust \& Savings Bank is now the only one of the larger banks which adheres to the poliey of making no loans that are not securod.
-Hugh W. Fraser, Cashier of the People's Bank of Georgetown, S. C., was appointed Bank Examiner for the State of South Carolina by Gov. Blease on the 8th inst., to replace B. J. Rhame. The latter's resignation was requested by the Governor because of his failure to call his (the Governor's) attention to the condition in 1911 of the Lexington Savings Bank of Lexington, now in receiver's hands, Mr, Rhame has, according to the Charleston "News and Courier," refused to recognize the Governor's order of removal; he contends that the law empowering the examiner to supervise the State institutions requires him to file his reports with the State Treasurer, and this, he asserts, he has done in all cases. Mr . Rhame was appointed by former Governor Ansel in December 1910 to fill the unexpired term of Giles L. Wilson, resigned; his present term would have expired March 81914. -Judge John H. Cotteral in the United States District Court at Guthrie, in an opinion handed down on March 18, has decided that where a State bank has been converted into a national institution, the latter becomes liable for an
assessment made against the institution before its conversion. The ruling was given in the case of the State Banking Board against the People's National Bank of Kingfisher, Okla. The institution had changed from a State to a Federal bank, and the Banking Board brought proceedings to compel the payment of the assessment levied before it entered the National system. According to the "Oklaboman," the bank removed the cause to the Federal Court, claiming that a Constitutional question was involved in that the assessment was confiscatory and an attempt to deprive it of its property without due process of law, contrary to the Federal Constitution. The Court saw no merit in the plea, and held that, this question having already been decided by the Federal Supreme Court contrary to the bank's claim, the lower courts are bound by that decision and no Federal question was involved. It therefore denied the application for removal, the case reverting again to the State Court. The "Oklahoman" adds:
In denylng the applleation, the Court also ruled that all State banks Which may be converted into nattonal banks must first pay all assessments assessed against themr by the state Banking Board, It was ruled that the co
Is no law colling a State bank to remain as such, that it may change at any time; but that if there is a State assessment made before the change. the succoeding natlonal bank becomes Hable for the assessment. He dethe succoeding natlonal bank becomes Hable for the assessment. Ie
clared platnly that the People's National Bank Is liable for the assessment clared plainit that the People' s National B
agalnat the State bank, which it sueceeded.

The suit is one of several filed against converted banks by the Board.
-A call on the banks belonging to the guaranty-fund system of Texas for funds for the reimbursement of depositors of the failed First State Bank of Kopperl and the failed Paige State Bank at Paige, was made by Bank Commissioner Gill on March 21. It is stated that there is now $\$ 571,484$ in the guaranty fund, and a total of $\$ 21,698$, or about $4 \%$ of the present fund, is called for in the assessment. The Kopperl Bank was closed Dec. 5 and the Paige bank Feb. 10; the deposits of the former were $\$ 15,889$, and the sale of its quick assets is said to have reduced the amount necessary to be drawn from the guaranty fund to $\$ 8,000$; the deposits of the Paige bank amounted to $\$ 34,667$, and its quick assets left the amount required from the guaranty fund at $\$ 13,698$. This, it is reported, is the third call made on the fund since its creation. The law governing the system went into operation on Jan. 11910.
-The second annual banquet of the Trust Companies of the United States will be held under the direction of the executive committee of the Trust Company Section, American Bankers' Association, on Thursday evening, May 9, at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Addresses will be delivered by speakers of national reputation. The following prominent trust company officials have consented to serve as an honorary committee of arrangements: Otto T. Bannard, Chas. J. Bell, Ralph W. Cutler, E. Elmer Foye, Alexander J, Hemphill, A. A. Jackson, Clarence H. Kelsey, Willard V. King, Alvin W. Krech, Edwin S. Marston, John H. Mason, Edwin G. Merrill, Uzal H. McCarter, John W. Platten, A. H. S. Post, Benjamin Strong Jr., F. H. Fries, President of the Section, William C. Poillon, F. H. Goff and Philip S. Babcock, Secretary of the Trust Company Section, 11 Pine St., New York. The meeting of the executive council of the Section will be held at Briarlciff Hotel, Briarcliff, N. Y., May 6, 7 and 8, and the members will remain over for the banquet on the 9 th . Trust company officials from all over the country are expected to be present at the banquet.
-The New York State Bankers' Association will have as speakers at its annual convention, to be held at Buffalo on June 13 and 14, George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental \& Commercial National Bank of Chicago, Sir Edmund Walker, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and George E. Allen, Educational Director of the American Institute of Banking. Mr. Reynolds will address the bankers at the first day's session, while Messrs. Walker and Allen will take part in the second day's proceedings. The annual banquet will be held in the evening of the 13th, and on that occasion Messrs. Reynolds and Walker will also be speakers, together with Rev. Dr. V. V. Raymond, Arthur Brisbane and Rev, George Caleb Moor. In the afternoon of that day the guests will enjoy a cruise on Lake Erie, while the afternoon of the 14 th will be devoted to a trip to Niagara Falls, with a dinner and reception at the Falls.
-Controlling interest in the Mercantile National Bank of this city has been purchased by Seth M. Milliken, who temporarily served as its President during the 1907 panic period, and F. W. Woolworth and their associates. The announcement made this week by the bank concerning the proceedings states that the stock acquired by the new interests con-
stitutes the bulk of the Gould holdings in the Mercantile National. Edwin Gould, however, will continue as a member of the board, to which the following five now directors have been elected: Edward R. Stettinius, President of the Diamond Match Co.; Mortimer B. Fuller, President of the International Salt Co.; Carson C. Peek, Vice-President of the F. W. Woolworth Co.; Harry Balfe of the firm of Austin, Nichols \& Co., wholesale grocers, and Frederic G, Lee, President of the Broadway Trust Co. In addition to Mr. Gould, the following members of the old board remain as directors for the ensuing year: Willis G. Nash, President; Charles H. Imhoff, Vice-President; William Skinner, William H. Taylor, William E. Carlton, Harold A. Hatch, Charles E. Perkins, R. Livingston Beeckman, Edward T. Jeffery and Sidney Z. Mitchell. The Mercantile has a capital of $\$ 3,000,000$, and the Gould holdings, which are taken over, are said to aggregate nearly 8,000 shares. The change in the stock ownership of the bank is looked upon as an indication of a possible consolidation eventually of the Mercantile with the Irving National Exchange Bank. Mr. Woolworth is a director and large stockholder of the latter. Recently he and his associates secured control of the Broadway Trust Co. and following this a consolidation of the Savoy and Flatbush trust companies with the Broadway Trust Co, was effected. Mr. Milliken, who is associated with Mr. Woolworth in the present purchase of Mercantile stock, consented to serve temporarily as its President in October 1907 after the elimination of the Heinze-Morse-Thomas interests; he resigned in February 1908, and Mr. Nash, the present executive, was thereupon chosen to the office. Although officiating but a few months, Mr. Milliken succceded during his administration in restoring the bank to a substantial footing Its further development has continued under the guidance of Mr. Nash, and its deposits on Feb. 20 amounted to $\$ 13$, 292,934 . The Mercantile National was organized in 1850.

- An opinion adverse to the deposit purchase bureau maintained by department stores has been handed down by Attorney General Carmody of N. Y. State. According to Albany adviees, Mr. Carmody decides that a corporation organized under the business corporation law must not solieit deposits of money upon which it pays interest and against which purchases may be charged, or which may be withdrawn in the form of cash at any time. The Attorney General holds that this practice is a form of banking.
-W. Morgan Shuster, lately Treasurer-General of Persia, has been appointed the South American and Central American representative of the National City Co., the holding concern affiliated with the National City Bank of this city. Mr. Shuster will leave in May for South America in the interest of the National City Company. The National City Bank began three or four years ago to establish closer financial and commercial relations between this country and the republics to the south. It has extended its business in South America to a greater extent than any other national bank in this country and has participated in many important government, municipal and railroad loans in South America, as well as in Chinese loans. At the present time American trade with South America is of fair size and of growing proportions, but is generally financed through London, with much pecuniary loss to merchants here by these indirect methods. It is the object of the National City Company to develop foreign trade and also extend American banking facilities to merchants and others doing business in Mexico, South America and Central America. H. V. Cann, formerly of the Bank of Nova Scotia and lately of the Central Leather Co., will accompany Mr . Shuster and will also act as an emissury of the National City Company. Mr. Shuster, who is now only thirty-four years of age, came to be well known recently after his hasty expulsion from Persia by Russian and English influences for too strict fidelity to the financial interests of the Persian people while engaged in reorganizing their finances. This young American had already made a distinguished record in the Government service of his own country before his name was suggested at Persia's instance by President Taft and Secretary Knox for the Position of Treasurer-General of that country.
-The Fourth National Bank of this city now has four vice-presidents through the election this week of its tivo assistant cashiers to the vice-presidency. The two thus promoted are Ernest W. Davenport and Charles E. Meek. Three new assistant cashiers were appointed at the same time, these being Charles E. Fox, Chief Clerk; Edwin T. Ross, Credit Inspector, and Raymond B. Cox, in charge of
the transit department. James G. Cannon is President and Samuel S. Campbell and Charles H. Patterson are the continuing vice-presidents.
-The March 21 statement of the Central Trust Co., 54 Wall St., N. Y., James N. Wallace, President, is one of the most important which the company has ever made to the State Banking Department. On that date, deposits reached $\$ 99,609,964$ capital ( $\$ 3,-$ $000,000)$, surplus $(\$ 15,000,000)$ and undivided profits $(\$ 1,929,580)$ combined were $\$ 19,929,580$, of which $\$ 18,929,580$ has been earned, while cash in banks was $\$ 34,832,703$ and cash in vault $\$ 8,575,374$. The aggregate resources are $\$ 120,354,535$. The company pays $45 \%$ per annum in dividends to stockholders. The Vice-Presidents are: E. Francis Hyde, Dudley Olcott 2d, Benjamin G. Mitchell and George W. Davison. Milton Ferguson is Secretary and Frank B. Smidt and C. P. Stallknecht Assistant Secretaries.
-The Guaranty Trust Co., 28 Nassau St., this city, has printed in booklet form the address, "Why Banks Should Advertise," which was recently delivered by its Publicity Manager, Fred W. Ellsworth, before the Advertising Club of Baltimore. In terse, telling language, Mr. Ellsworth enumerates the reasons why every bank and trust company should advertise. Copies we believe, will be mailed to interested inquirers.
-Frank L. Hilton, formerly Secretary of the Trust Company of America, has been appointed an Assistant Cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, 40 Wall St.
-F. B. French, formerly President of the Twelfth Ward Bank of this city, which was merged last year with the Fourteenth Street Bank (now the Security Bank of New York) has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Mutual Alliance Trust Co., in charge of the Lenox Avenue office. Edwin A. Seasongood, of the banking firm of Seasongood \& Haas, 100 Broadway, has been elected a director of the trust company.

The proposition to increase the capital of the Chelsea Exchange Bank of this city from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 400,000$, was ratified by the stockholders on Wednesday. As heretofore announced, the new stock is offered to the stockholders at $\$ 150$ per share, a stock dividend of $25 \%$ has been declared out of the surplus. With its increased capital the bank will also have surplus and profits of $\$ 200,000$.
-H. B. Hollins has been elected a director of the Century Bank of this city.

- Berthold Hochschild, President of the American Metal Co., has been elected a director of the Lawyers' Title Insurance \& Trust Co.
-The following statement with respect to a shortage of $\$ 29,467$ which occurred a month ago in the Windsor Trust Co. of this city, and was immediately charged off, was issued by Clark Williams, President of the company, on the 6th inst: Referring to theitem appearing in a morning paper regarding a shortage occurring to this company, I make the following statoment of fact: The shortage occurred nearls a month ago and the total, amounting to $\$ 20,467$, was immedlately charged out of undivided pronts. Arter maknc this Its last publishas statement on Warch 21 1912, were $\$ 1,024,99181$, as compared with $\$ 1,016,388$ it on Jan. 11012.
-F. Borgemeister, formerly of New Orleans, has become Manager of the Foreign Department of the National Bank of Commerce in New York.
-William A. Jamison, of Arbuckle Bros., has been elected to succeed the late John Arbuckle as a director of the Importers' \& Traders' National Bank of this city.
-Superintendent George C. Van Tuyl Jr., of the State Banking Department, has been granted permission by the Supreme Court to pay a first dividend of $15 \%$ on claims of depositors of the defunct State Savings Bank, which was closed by the Banking Department on Dec. 1 last. The total amount of claims allowed is $\$ 179,670$.
-The name of the Prospect Park Bank of Brooklyn Borough is to be changed to the Flatbush Bank. The change has been unanimously approved by the directors, and permission has also been received from the State Banking Department. The management, it is stated, has been actuated in its decision to adopt the new name by reason of the fact that since the merger of the Flatbush Trust Co. with the Broadway Trust Co. of Manhattan there is no financial institution in Flatbush with a title distinctive of that locality. The Prospect Park Bank was organized in 1904. It has a capital of $\$ 100,000$.
-Suit has been brought by the State Banking Department against 500 stockholders of the failed Union Bank of

Brooklyn Borough to recover assessments equal to the par value of the stock. The assessment was levied last July, The amount which the Department seeks to recover is about $\$ 960,000$ - equivalent to the par value of all but about 400 of the bank's 100,000 shares. All the stockholders are named together in the suit, instead of individual actions being instituted, and the suit includes among the defendants the forty or fiftystockholders who have paid the assessments, totaling nearly $\$ 40,000$. It is stated, however, in the action that "no personal demand is made upon these stockholders, but they are made defendants hereto so that if upon adjustment of the ratable proportion to be paid by each of the defendants, it should appear that they bave paid more than the amount due from them, that sum should be equitably adjusted on the judgment to be made thereon?'
-The Temple Bar Safo Deposit Co. of Brooklyn has filed articles of incorporation with the State Banking Department. The company's organization has been undertaken by the Long Island Loan \& Trust Co., and, as indicated in these columns Feb. 10, the capital of the new concern has been fixed at $\$ 100,000$. A building, to be used exclusively by the latter, will be erected at 193 Joralemon Street, adjoining in the rear the Temple Bar Building.
-William Dick, Vice-President of the Nassau Trust Co. and formerly President of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn Borough, died on the 5 th inst. Mr. Dick had formerly been head of the large sugar refining firm of Dick \& Meyer. He became President of the Manufacturers' National Bank in 1903, when he was eighty years of age, and served in that capacity until 1907, when he retired; previous to officiating as its head, he had been Vice-President of the bank. His son, J. Henry Dick, is now a Vice-President of the institution. The late Mr. Dick was also a trustee of the German Savings Bank of Brooklyn.
-John M. Walsh was elected a Vice-President and appointed Cashier of the First National Bank of Roselle, N. J., on the 3d inst. Frederick G. Cole Jr. was appointed Assistant Cashier.
-A pension system for the benefit of its employees has been inaugurated by the Prudential Insurance Company of America. The plan applies to both men and women; under the arrangements men employees who have attained the age of 65 years and women employees who have reached the age of 60 years, and who have been in the company's service for twenty-five years or more, may, upon their own application or at the discretion of the company, be retired; all men employees on reaching 70 years of age and all women employees reaching the age of 65 years shall be retired. The annual allowance of a retired employee will be one per cent of his or her average annual earnings during the last ten years of service, multiplied by the number of years served; thus, an employee who had served twenty-five years, and whose average salary for the last ten years had been $\$ 1,440$, would receive a pension of $\$ 360$ a year, or twenty-five times $\$ 1440$, which is $1 \%$ of his average salary for the ten years immediately preceding his retirement. The minimum retirement allowance is fixed at $\$ 30$ a month and the maximum at $\$ 100$ a month. The plan applies to the entire industrial field force, and to all eraployees of the home office, including inspectors and those employed in the building and mechanical departments; it does not apply to the officers of the company nor to the field employees of the ordinary department, whose compensation is entircly on a commission basis, nor to medical examiners rendering service on the basis of fees.
-John F. Newcomb has been appointed to succeed the late James Maguire as Cashier of the National State Bank of Elizabeth, N, J. Walter H. Wetton has been appointed Assistant Cashier of the institution.
-The Merchants' Trust Co, of Camden, N. J., incorporated last November, has opened for business at 20 Broadway, that city. The institution has an authorized capital of $\$ 100,000$, all of which has been paid in, and a paid-in surplus of $\$ 25,000$, created through the sale of the stock (par, $\$ 100$ ) at $\$ 125$ per share. Charles A. Reynolds is President of the company, the management of which is otherwise made up of George A. Frey (City Treasurer), and William G. Moore, Vice-Presidents and E. H. Robinson, Secretary and Treasurer. E. G. C. Bleakly, City Solicitor, is solicitor for the company, and M. B. Stone is the Trust Officer.
-A first dividend of $25 \%$ has been paid to the depositors of the defunct Washington National Bank, Washington; N. J., which closed its doors in November.
-Charles P. Blinn Jr., Vice-President of the National Union Bank of Boston, was elected Secretary of the Boston

Clearing-House Association at the annual meeting of the latter on the 8th inst. He succeeds Arthur W. Newell, President of the Fourth National Bank, who declined reelection. In the report submitted by Manager C. A. Ruggles, exchanges for the year of $88,554,907,066$ were shown, as compared with $\$ 8,152,572,675$ the previous yeara gain of $\$ 102,334,391$. The balances increased $\$ 16,543,119$, reaching a total of $\$ 525,512,522$. The deposits of the national banks of this city have grown during the year from $\$ 275,248,000$ to $\$ 291,048,000$, while the deposits of the trust companies have risen from $\$ 201,923,000$ to $\$ 225$,931,000.
-The Cosmopolitan Trust Co. of Boston began oparations on the 3d inst, at 76 Devonshire Street. The new institution was incorporated last fall; it has a capital of $\$ 200,000$ and surplus of $\$ 100,000$. It is located in its own building, a threestory structure, which it occupies exclusively. In line with the cosmopolitan character which it has assumed, the company will cater to all nationalities, sixteen languages being spoken by its officials and employees. The officials of the institution are Silas Peirce, President; Max Mitchell, VicePresident; Arthur L. Potter, Treasurer, and Horace E. Hildreth, Secretary.
-The Mutunl National Bank of Boston bas moved into new quarters at 40 State Street in the Union Building. The bank was organized Dee. 21909 and has been growing steadily, necessitating larger quarters. It bas a capital of $\$ 200$,000 and deposits (Feb.20) of $\$ 1,474,792$. The officers are: C. H. W. Foster, President; Edmund D. Codman and Walter S. Crane, Vice-Presidents; William H. Stickney, Cashier, and Charles D. Buekner, Assistant Cashier.
-Frederick H. Payne has resigned as Vice-President of the Federal Trust Co, of Boston to become Treasurer of the Greenfield Tap \& Die Co. He will continue on the board of the trust company.
-Frederick C. Waite has been appointed Assistant Cashier of the Merchiants' National Bank, Boston.
-A charter for the proposed Merchants' Trust Co. of Cambridge, Mass., has been denied by the Massachusetts Commission on Trust Companies on the ground, it is stated, that "public convenience and necessity do not require a new trust company." There are already three such institutions in the city.

- Alexander Dunbar, Cashier of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, was elected a director of the institution on the 4 th inst.
-Henry M. Warfield was elected a director of the Farmers' \& Merchants' National Bank, Baltimore, on the 4th inst., to succeed the late William Lanahan.
-An application to organize the Munsey National Bank of Washington, D. C. with $\$ 500,000$ capital, has been approved by the Comptroller of the Currency.
-The State Banking Department of Ohio has declared a third and final dividend of $10 \%$ to the depositors of the defunct Commerce \& Deposit Bank, Cincinnati, plus $6 \%$ interest on the deposits. This dividend, added to the $90 \%$ previously paid, equals $100 \%$, or the full amount of the claims. The bank closed its doors April 10 1911. Its total liabilities about a month prior to the suspension (March 7 1911) were reported as $\$ 120,982$.
-William D. Young, Assistant Cashier of the National City Bank of Cleveland, has been elected Cashier of the institution, succeeding the late Edwin R. Date. James H, Whitelaw was made Assistant Cashier. Mr. Young has been connected with the institution for thirty-two years, having worked in every department.
- Arrangements are announced for the consolidation of the business of the Marion Trust Co. (capital $\$ 300,000$ ) and the German-American Trust Co. of Indianapolis (capital \$500,$000)$. It is proposed that the two companies shall be placed in voluntary liquidation on June 29 , and that their business be taken over by a new institution, which is to be organized under the name of the Flecther Trust Co., with a capital of $\$ 1,500,000$ and a surplus of $\$ 150,000$. The Indianapolis "News" reports that the proposed company will be controlled by Stoughton A. Fletcher, Vice-President of the Marion Trust Co. and President of the Fletcher-American National Bank, and Albert E. Metzger, President of the German-American Trust Co., both of whomare the largest stockholders in the uniting companies, and who together will hold two-thirds of the capital of the new institution. The terms agreed to state:
-That tho stookholders of each old company as of record'at 3 p. m. June 20 1012 bo parmikteu. proDortlonately to their then holdmes, to buy at $\$ 100$ per share one-third 1 of the ceapitat stock of the new; company; that Stoughtompany to the permitted to buy at 3130 per,share the
 subscription at $\$ 130$ Dar. $5 .$.

That whon the old companles golinto ilquldation the pow company buy thele bils 'xecedvable'at faco (plus or less acorued 1nterest or (discount), 'oach old company gunranteatio the dayment of IIts bulls frecelvable 60 bought, and buy thelrfbonds and other securities at Jan\}appralsement Joy]appraiser named by the presidents of the oldjcompanles, and sald Flotoher.

The new company will have as its President Evans Woollen Vice-President and Counsel $\bar{z}$ of the Fletcher-American National Bank; Albert E. Metzger, President of the GermanAmerican Trust, and Hugh Dougherty, President of the Marion Trust Co., will be Vice-Presidents of the new organization. The stockholders will meet to ratify the proceedings on May 13.
-The West Side Trust Co. of Indianapolis commenced business ? on the 1st inst.; it has an lauthorized capital Rof $\$ 500,000$, of which $\$ 150.000$ is being sold. The German Guaranty Trust Co. was the name first chosen for the institution, but, owing to the fact that there is already in Indianapolis a company with a name somewhat similar, the present title was decided upon. The offices of the ${ }_{3}$ West Side Trust Co. are at 13 South Senate Avenue. The management consists of Henry C. Brinker, President; Querin Volz, Vice-President; H. MM. Campbell, Cashier, and B. M. Boyd, Assistant Cashier.
-Heber W. Curtis has resigned the cashiership of the Grand Rapids National City Bank, Grand Rapids, to be-come'Vice-President of the KentState Bank. A.H. Brandt, previously Assistant Cashier of the Kent State Bank, has been made Cashier, succeeding the late J. A. S. Verdier.
-A dividend of $21 / 2 \%$ has been declared by the directors of the Dime Savings Bank of Detroit, payable April 1, this being an increase of $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ over that previously paid. The capital was raised last year from $\$ 500,000$ to $\$ 1,000,000$. New quarters for the bank are now in course of construction. William Livingstone is the well-known President of the Dime.
-The recent decision of the Comptroller of the Currency to permit the organization of national banks with a capital of $\$ 50,000$ in outlying sections of large cities has resulted in the presentation of a number of applications for charters for banks in territory adjacent to Chicago. Authority has been sought to establish the Tabor National Bank at 3945 West 26th Street, Chicago, the proposed institution to have a capital of $\$ 50,000$ and to succeed the Tabor Savings Bank. The Comptroller has also been asked to sanction the organization of the Ravenswood National Bank at Ravenswood, Chicago, the capital in this case likewise being fixed at \$50,000. W. D, Ratje is interested in this venture. Scott Ransom has also applied for permission to form a national bank at Ravenswood with $\$ 50,000$ capital. The Austin National Bank, capital $\$ 50,000$, to be located at North Park and Chicago avenues, Chicago, is the name under which another undertaking is to be launched. The Clearing-House banks of Chicago, it is stated, are opposed to the new ruling of Comptroller Murray, which they contend violates the National Banking Act, inasmuch as that Act prohibits the organization of national banks with $\$ 50,000$ where the population exceeds 6,000 , and requires that in cities having a population of over 50,000 the capital shall be at least $\$ 200,000$. A formal protest against the present movement, it is understood, has been made to the Comptroller.
-The officers for the new Oak Park Bank at Oak Park, Chicago, are E. C. Amling, President; James Harper, First Vice-President, and H. N. Leadamann, Second Vice-President and Cashier. The institution has been organized with a capital of $\$ 100,000$ and surplus of $\$ 25,000$.
-The formation of the Franklin Trust \& Savings Bank of Chicago has been perfected and it commenced business on the 8th inst. with a capital of $\$ 200,000$ and surplus of $\$ 50,000$ (not $\$ 150,000$ as announced in our issue of Feb. 3). The stock was sold at 130. The following are the officers of the new bank: Simon W. Straus, President; Samuel J. T. Straus, Vice-President; Edgar F. Olson, Cashier, and David S. Davis, Assistant Cashier. The directorate includes Chas. G. Dawes and Joseph E. Otis, respectively President and Vice-President of the Central Trust Co. of Illinois; Harrison B. Riley, President of the Chicago Title \& Trust Co.; Wm. F. Woodruff, President of the Rockford National Bank of Rockford, Ill; Maurice L. Rothschild, Gustav Freund, Simon W. Straus, Samuel J. T. Straus and Edgar F. Olson.
-Albert O. Trostel, Vice-President and Treasurer of Albert Trostel \& Sons Co., and Albert H. Weinbrenner,

President and General Manager of A. H. Weinbrenner Co. were elected to the directorate of the Second Ward Savings Bank, Milwaukee, on the 6th inst.
-The Boise City National Bank of Boise City, Idaho, announces the opening of a savings department to accommodate an increasing demand among the depositors of that section. At the time of the Feb. 20 statement the bank had a capital of $\$ 250,000$, surplus of $\$ 150,000$ and assets of $\$ 3$,333,015. Frank R. Coffin is President.
-The purchase of large blocks of stock in the International Bank of Commerce of Pueblo, Colo., is said to have been effected by W. S. Fallis, Vice-President of the Gate City National Bank of Kansas City, Mo., and W. F. Greene and J. Q. Greene of Kansas City. It is stated that they will take an active interest in the Pueblo bank, the present officers of which will continue.
-The twenty-second annual convention of the Tennessee Bankers' Association will be held in Knoxville May 29 and 30. Wesley Drane, President of the First National Bank of Clarksville, is President of the Association.
FR-Stockholders of the Real Estate Bank \& Trust Co. of Savannah have authorized by unanimous vote the $\$ 150,000$ increase in capital, raising it to $\$ 300,000$, referred to in our issue of Feb. 24. The bank, with its new capital, which has been disposed of at $\$ 120$ per share, will have surplus and undivided profits of from $\$ 60,000$ to $\$ 70,000$.
:-The annual convention of the Alabama Bankers' Association will be held at Mobile on May 17 and 18. Some of the speakers and their subjects will be: Hon. A. E. Walker Superintendent of Banks for Alabama, "The First Year under the New Banking Laws"; James R. Stevens, National Bank Examiner for Alabama, "Bank Supervision, State and National"; Hon. W. E. Hinds, State Entomologist, "The Business Man's Part in the Boll-Weevil Fight"; Prof. J. Laurence Laughlin, thead of the Department of Economics, University of Chicago, "Proposed Banking and Currency Reforms," \&c., \&c. McLane Tilton Jr. of Pell City is Secretary of the Association.
-The construction of the outside walls, of the magnificent new 20 -story steel-frame building being erected for the American Trust \& Savings Bank of Birmingham, Ala., is rapidly Vnearing completion. This, SBirmingham's latest "skyscraper," is not only the tallest building in the city, but is also one of the highest bank buildings in the South. The institution, of which W. W. Crawford is President, has a capital of $\$ 500,000$, surplus and profits of over $\$ 300,000$, deposits of $\$ 4,500,000$ and aggregate resources of $\$ 5,250,000$.
Fs:- The payment of a first dividend of $40 \%$ to the depositors of the defunct Kern Valley Bank of Bakersfield, Cal., has been authorized. The amount represented in the distribution is $\$ 300,000$. The bank closed its doors on May 121911.

## TRADE AND TRAFFIC MOVEMENTS

COPPER PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION:-The March statement of the Copper Producers' Association, issued on Monday, showed a further reduction in the stocks of marketable copper from $62,939,988$ lbs. on March 1 to $62,367,557 \mathrm{lbs}$. on March 31 .

In the following we compare production, deliveries and stocks for the months of March 1912 and 1911 and the three months ending March 311912 and 1911. We also add a line to show the European visible supply.


ANTHRACITE COAL PRODUCTION.-In the following we show the tidewater shipments of anthracite by each carrier for March and the three months ending March 31 this year and last year. The output the present year in March was exceptional, owing to the knowledge that mining would be indefinitely suspended with the 1st of April.

Total
$\qquad$

$\overline{5,096.804}$

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## From our own correspondent.

## London, Saturday, March 301912.

The Minimum Wage Bill has now passed into law. The mine owners have given assurance that they will work the new Aot loyally, and the leaders of the miners have ordered a ballot which is now going on. The returns are to be sent in on Wednesday. Whatever the result of the vote, the general belief is that the resumption of work can not now be much delayed. The feeling is that the funds of the various unions are nearly spent, and that the men, consequently, are not in a position to remain idle much longer. Meantime, the difficulty of getting coal and the extremely high prices now demanded are throwing more and more workpeople out of employment. The train service is quite disorganized. Numbers of people who had intended leaving London for the Easter holidays have decided not to go, as they fear that it may not be possible for them to get back; and, furthermore, they fear that coal, gas and electric light may be so searce that residents out of London will be worse off than in the metropolis. Yet it is gratifying to be able to add that up to the present the public has borne all its trials with extraordinary patience and resignation. There have been no disturbances of the peace worth speaking of. In some few cases non-unionist miners who have returned to work have been attacked by unionists and have been protected by the police and soldiery. But these occurences are rare. Speaking generally, the patience shown by the whole population has been wonderful, for the suffering amongst the very poor is intense. Everything possible is being done by means of private and local assistance to mitigate the suffering, but nothing can prevent it from being extremely great.

The Stock Exchange continues suprisingly active. Business is steadily increasing, prices are rising; and everybody is looking forward to exceedingly good times, once the worst effects of the strike pass away. The Bank of England still has control over the open market, and will retain it until the second week of April. But after that there is a strong hope that money will become more plentiful and cheaper.

The last week in March, which has been looked forward to with great apprehension in Berlin and Vienna has passed off very much better than the most sanguine ventured to hope. Berlin has required an unexpectedly large amount of gold. On Thursday $£ 501,000$ in German gold coin was taken out of the Bank of England for Berlin. On Monday $\ell 150,000$ of the bar gold offered in the open market was bought for Germany; and on Thursday a further sum of $\ell 150,000$, making altogether $£ 801,000$ for the week. Furthermore, a million sterling was withdrawn from the AustroHungarian Bank for Berlin, and it is understood that smaller amounts have heen received from various neighbouring countries. Altogether, it is believed in London that the Reichsbank has been strengthened during the week by the receipt of over two millions sterling. The fear that accommodation might not be obtained induced a good deal of selling during the last two days of the past week and the first two days of this week, and even then the rates charged were stiff-7 per cent and upwards. Still, accommodation was given to all in good credit, and the last liquidation at the end of the month and quarter passed off without serious hitch. Perhaps rates will be stiffer still to-day and next Monday, for on those days immense sums will chauge hands. After that, however, money will rapidly come back from circulation.
In Vienna, likewise, the last week of the month has passed off better than was feared, notwithstanding a considerable drain from the Austro-Hungarian Bank. Therefore, it is hoped that matters will mend materially once the turn of the quarter has taken place.

In Paris the loan for the Western Railway of France amounting to 12 millions sterling and bearing 4 per cent was a marvelous success. It was covered $321 / 2$ times over, which of course means only that a Government railway loan at 4 per cent was so unexpected that every capitalist applied for innumerable times more than he expected to get. The success of the loan, the good dividend on Rio Tintos, the rise in copper, in diamonds, in Russians and in Americans all gave an impetus to business, and the week has been more active than has been seen for a considerable time. It is hoped that money will now become easier and that business will steadily improve.
The India Council offered for tender on Wednesday 80 lacs of its bills and telegraphic transfers, and the applications amounted to nearly $917 \%$ lacs, at prices ranging from 1 s . 4 1-32d. to 1s. 43-32d. per rupee. Applicants for bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. and for telegraphic transfers at $1 \mathrm{~s}, 41-16 \mathrm{~d}$. per rupee were allotted 6 per cent, and above in full.
The following returns show the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, \&c., compared with the last four years:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } 27 \\ 1912 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mares } 29 \\ 1911 . \\ e \end{gathered}$ | March 30 1910. | March 31 c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aprig } 1 \\ & \text { pous. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Craulaton:- Publlo depon |  | 27,802.575 | 28,739.730 | 29,407.050 |  |
| Other depost | 30,370,589 | 39,160,625 | 43,100,622 | 44,104,181 | 43,480,8 |
| Governm't teeurities | 14,283,036 | 15,137,633 | 13,976,401 | 15,312, | 13.757 |
| Other securtiles | 41,099,502 | 37,757,928 | 33,012,12 | 35,637, | 34,438,302 |
| Ressrue notessca | 28,230,248 | 30,300,6651 |  | 30,754,0 | 20,207,218 |
| Cotndtbill, | 8,274,828 | 39,663,238 | 33,588,275 | 41,711,090 | 39,722, 818 |
| blitlect......v.e. |  |  |  |  | 493/3 |
| Hank |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conso |  |  |  |  | 8713 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | *April 11000

Messrs. Pixley \& Abell write as follows under date of Mch, 28:
GOLD-Arrivals of hars diring the week have amiounted to $51,175,000$, of Whith India hand taken $£ 208,000$ in small bars, whilst Germany has bouzht about
 whrlat ©100, 000 has been withariwn for the Argentine and 550,000 Ior Java, and
Ind E501,000 tr German good coin hanaliso been taken for Bertin. Nest week weexpect
 E9,000; total, £1,175,000, Sbipmente- Bombay, $£ 296,000$. SILVER: =Th
have been small. To-day we quote $2613-16 \mathrm{~d}$. for cash and 263 /d. for forward.
vith With a quet and steady tone. Stocks of silyer In Londou are ample and, in con-
 at
Inda has sent moderate buyfog orders but the batanta are mope interested in the Aptll settlement, for which the quotatfon to nearly 4 rupe h higher than for that
of May. The stocks in Bombay are unchunged at 0,200 bars. The last currency of May, The stocks in Bombay are unchunged at 0,200 barg. The last currency
ngures from Indla showed an tncrease of 10 lacs to tine holdings of sitce rupee, which now stand at 14.66 crored. Trade to China continues to be quiet ani orders from that quarter lave in consequence been limited, shie has, however, purebased a substantsil amoumt from the Indlas apeculators, The last reports on the palving of the bultion ta the "Occana" are prombing and $£ 20,000$ of gold and two barit
of sllver fiave been regalned, but some time must elspse before the whole of the bulton can be reoovered and sold on this market, ss sulyage operations ean only be
 Hon th R8, 684, for the May Rettlement. Arrivals-New York, $£ 220,000$; New Port Said, $£ 2,600$ : Bombay, $£ 150,500 ;$ Madris, $\$ 22,500$; Shanghal, $£ 15,000 ;$ total, -170,500.
The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the season to date, compared with previous seasons:


Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stock on September 1):

| Sopr | 1911-12. | 1910-11. | 1900-10. | 1908 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| wh | - | 52,800,700 | 54,034,140 | 46,635.500 |
| sales of hom | 5,638,909 $18,773,307$ | 5,852,000 $16.693,503$ | 7193,400 $18,009,005$ | 7,155700 $21,236,445$ |
|  | $3,655,807$ | 75,436,233 | 79,888,515 | , |
| Avcrage price whea |  |  |  | 128.6 |

The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:


## English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, \&c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:


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 DIVIDENDS.The following shows all the dividends announced for the future by large or important corporations:
Dividends announced this week are printed in italics.


| Name of Company. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Cent. } \end{aligned}$ | When Payable. |  | Bookt Clased. Dajz Inclusive. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| at. Haryester, com. (quar.) (No. 9 ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| International Niakel, common |  | fun |  | May 14 | to Ju |
| Preferred (quar.). | 1的 | May |  | Aprll 14 | to M |
| Internitional Paper, preferred |  | Aprl | 15 | April 3 | to April |
| Internat. Sllver, prof. (extra) | 16 | May | 15 | May | to May 15 |
| Tater. Smokeless Row. \& Chem |  | May | 15 | Holders | rec. May 42 |
| Internat, Steam Prmp., pt, (gu.) (No. 52 ) | 15 | May |  | Holders of | of ree.Aprit $20 a$ |
| La Rose Consol. Mines (quar.) | $25 / 2$ | April | 20 | Meh. 31 | to April 17 |
| Manutacturess' Lght el Heat, Pittsburgh |  | גрtil | 15 | Meh. 31 | to April 15 |
| Massachusetts Gns Cos, , common (quar.) |  | May |  | Holders of | rec, Apr, 150 |
| Massachusetta Ltg. Cos. (quar.) (No, 34) | 17 | Aprl | 15 | Holders of | of rec. Mch 25 a |
| Mexican Light \& Power, Ltd., com. (gw). |  | April | 15 | Aprit 8 | to April 15 |
| Preferred -. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | stay |  | April 20 | to April 30 |
| Mexican Teleg | 2 | April |  | Holders of | ot ree. Meh 30a |
| Mtami Copper (quar.) (No | 50. | May | 15 | Holders | rec. May $1 a$ |
| Milwaukee \& Chicago B | 13/2 | May | 15 |  |  |
| Minteap, Gcn, Elec. com, (gu) (No, 19).. |  | May |  | Holdera | ree. Apr. 37 a |
| Mountata States Telep, \& Teleg. (quar.). | 13 | Aprll | 15 | Holders | of ree. Mrch. 31 |
| Nat. Blscult, com. (quars) ( No | 13 | April | 15 | Holders of | of ree. Mch. 28 a |
| Nattonal Carbon, common (qua | 11/2 | Apdi | 15 | Aprl 6 | to April 15 |
| Nathonal Fire Proning. pref. |  | Aprit | 15 | Holdera o | of ree. April 5 |
| New Yorl transit | \$10 | April | 15 | Bolders | of ree. Mch 163 |
| Nlagara Fall Power (a |  | Aprit | 15 | Holders of | of reo. April 10 |
| Nive Bay Co.. pref. (a) | 1 | Aprit | 15 | Holders | ot res. Mc |
| Niphosing Mines (quar |  | ADril | 20 | Mch, 31 | to Aprll 17 |
| Extra | 235 | Apt! |  | Meb. 31 |  |
| Nortbern States Power, |  | Aprll | 15 | Bolders o | of ree. Mel |
| Narchumbertarit Co. Gas e Elco., I |  | Ape. | 15 | Holders | ot ree. A |
| Noyn Scotla Stecl \& Coat, Ltd., con |  | Aprl | 15 | Meh. 23 | to Mch, 30 |
| Preferred (guari) |  | Aprli | 15 | Mch. 23 | to Mr |
| Oklahoma Gas \& | 13 | Apra | 15 | Holders of | of reo, Meh. 30a |
| Ots Elevator, comm |  | Aoril |  | Hotders | of ree. Mch. 80 |
| Preferred (guar.) |  | A pril |  | Holders | ree. Meh. 30 |
| Pecing Coast Co |  | May |  | April 16 | to May |
| Ifst preferred (qua |  | Thay |  | Aprit 16 | to May |
| nd preferred (quar |  | May |  | April 16 | to |
| Pactic Telep. \& Tetegi, |  | April |  | Aprll | to April 15 |
| Pay-ns you-Enter Car Corp. | $11 /$ | April |  | April 11 | to April 15 |
| Permsylvania Sait 3fg. No. |  | April |  | April 11 | to Aprll 14 |
| Pitsburgh Coal, preferred (guar | $1 /$ | April |  | Holders o | of ree. ADr, 30 |
| Pilsb, Tcrm. Whouse x Transt. ( | 1846 |  |  | Howters | of ree. Avr. 9 |
| Procter \& Garmblo. pret. ( |  | April |  | Hoiden | of ree, Meh. 23 a |
| Quaker Oata, commo |  | April |  | Holders | of ree. Aprll ia |
| Preterred (quar.) | 15 | may |  | Holdent | ree. May $1 a$ |
| Recee Button-Hole Mach (qu.) (No.104) |  | Apri |  | Holders | of rec. Aprl |
| Hhode Istand Perk. Horseahoe, pref. (qu.) |  | April |  | Holders | of ree. p |
| San Dleso Cons, Gas e EL, pret. (quar.)- | 131 | April |  | 5 Holders | rec. stel |
| Shawinlgan Water \& Power (qua | 135 | Apri |  | ) Holdera | of ree. AD |
| Sterra Pactic El. Con., pf. (gu) (No. 11) | 3150 | May |  | Holdera | of rec. Apr, 18 a |
| Stlocrsmbis Co. (quar.) | $11 / 2$ | May |  | Holders | of rec, May 8 |
| Southern Calforna Edson, pref. (quar.) | 14 | April |  | Holders | of ree. Mth |
| Southern $N$, $B$, T'den. (gu | $1{ }^{1}$ | Ajr. | 15 | Meh. 31 | to Ap |
| Standard stutng, prefer |  | April |  | Aptl 9 | to Aptil 15 |
| Standard Oft of Indian | ( 1 ) | May |  | Aprll 2 | to May |
| Standard Oft of Nebr | 31.30 | Adril | 15 | Meh 16 | to Aptris |
| Untro Bag \& Paper pref. (qui. | 1 | April | 15 | Meli. 20 | to Apr |
| Untsed Clgar Mrrs, com. (quar.) |  | May |  | Holdera | of rec. Ap |
| Untted Clgar Stotes Corp, of (qu.) (Notil) | 11/3 | Apid | 15 | Aptil | to April 15 |
| Extra | 50 c. | Aptil |  | April | to Apr |
| United Dry Gooda |  | May |  | Holders o | of reo. ADr |
| United etectric Seeu | 35 | May |  | Hoturs | ree. A pr,18a |
| United Yrut (quar.) (No |  | April |  | Holders o | of ree. Mch. 250 |
| United Cos Improverue | 2 | Aprl |  | Holders | rec. Mebs 30 a |
| Uniled Stotes EEviread |  | May | 15 | May 1 | to Mray |
| U. B. Industrial Alcohol, pret. | 13 | April |  | Holdens o | of rec. April 8 a |
| U. S. Realhy at Improveme | 15 | 3ray |  | Hotders of | of ree. Apr. 20 |
| U. 8, Enbier, commen |  | April | 30 | Holders of | of rec, Adprisa |
|  |  | April | 30 | Holders | of rec. Apr.15a |
| second prefersed (quar. | 1/2 | Aptl | 30 | Helous of | ot rec. Air. Isa |
| . S. Smelt, Rerg. \& Min |  | Apell |  | Holders of | of ree. Meh. 30 |
| coured 90 | 18 | Aprt | 15 | Holdera | of rec. Meh. 30 |
| Utall-Consolfated Mrin | 500. | May |  | Aptil 25 | to Apris ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Va.-Caroltna Chem., prel. (qu) |  | Aprll | 15 | Meh. 31 | to April 14 |
| Vutcan Detining, prefered (qua | 19 | Aprit |  | Hillaers o | of ree.Aprit 10a |
| Western sthtes Gas e ktec, Preet, (quar.) | 19 | Avrli | 15 | Holders o | of rec. Mehi30a |
| Western Untion Teleg, (uuar.) ( N , 172) | 18 | Apri | 15 | Molders | of rec. Meh 20 - |
| Mstinghonse ciec: \& Ms |  | Aprl | 30 | Holders | of ree. Aprif ${ }^{\text {or }}$ |
| proterred (guar. | 1.9 | April | 15 | Hotera | of ree. April 5 a |
|  | 13 | Msy |  | Holdern of | of rec. Ant120 |
| Worthugton (II. R.), Ere. | 3 L | May |  | HHordera of | of ree. April 20 |

National Banks. - The following information regarding national banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:


 Allen SI Miner. Mquidating agont. Guthric Center, Iowa, March 23 1912. Consolidated wite Tho Erat. National Bank of Gutaric
Center, Iowa. No. 5,424 . Whileh has been appolnted llquidating
alicet.

Canadian Bank Clearings.-The clearings for the week ending|April 6 at Canadian cities, in comparison with the same week of 1911, shows an increase in the aggregate of $18.0 \%$

| ctearinge ot- | Week ending Ample 6. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1912. | 1911. | Inc: or Dec. | 1910. | 1509. |
| Canata |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montral | ST, 41,0000000 | 30,011,900 <br> 40,003 <br> 10 | +13.3 +0.9 | 41,588,517 | 25,352,50 |
| Whanipeg | 28.572000 | 10,886,705 | +43.7 | 16, 17737 | 12,476,382 |
| Oftawa | $6.121,272$ | 4,341,366 | +110 | 4,723,652 | 3,884:743 |
| RYobes | 2,820,000 | 2,361.319 | +19.4 | 2,406,096 | 2.102,528 |
| Hatrax | 2,063,009 | 1,711.904 | +10.4 | 2, $1.828,058$ | 1,958.800 |
| 8t. John | 1,44188 | 1.403,042 | +2.9 | 1,668,642 | 1,388,672 |
| Lendon | 1.700,081 | 1,669,620 | +1.8 | 1.940002 | 1,218,467 |
| Catary | 0.147,699 | 3, 557,815 | +447 | 2,874.384 |  |
| Etmonton | 4,216,000 | 2,250,727 | +80.0 | 1,305.427 | 1.000.185 |
| Regina | 2.089,000 | 1,263, 224 | +654 | ${ }^{785} 58.273$ |  |
| Lethrrdice | 585,000 | 313,44 | +149 |  |  |
| saskation Brantford | $2.180,000$ 600000 | 240,882 | +152.6 +3.0 |  |  |
| Moose Jhw | $1.051,000$ | 705.100 | + 40.1 |  |  |
| Fort willar | Not incta | ded in toral |  |  |  |
| Totat | 175,253,182 | 148,436,087 | +18.0 | 123,657,011 | 20,236.47 |

Auction Sales.-Among other securities, the following, not usually dealt in at the Stock Exchanges, were recently sold at auction in New York, Boston and Philadelphia:
By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Sons, New York: Shares,





 55 Amer, Bams \& Te, Co., Temi,
 By Messrs, Francis Henshaw \& Co., Boston: Share:





Perc.Marq. RR, Co, , ret. $45,50.62$ By Messrs. R. L. Day \& Co., Boston:
 10 Mermmod Mrg Co.



 By Messrs, Barnes \&

 ${ }_{4}$ Eur. schatatur Dye works 37 Connentant Pasye Works
 17 .ad d Grays Per. Paws.
43 West Philla. Pases. Ry

 1 It Nat. Bank, Ambler, Pa.. 2 Ponn Nattonal Bank, 2 .... 25 Commeretanal rusank..... 12 1 Glrand Troat Cow, 1 Ist pret 15 Mutral Tr. Co. $\$ 50$ each.
 Messrs. Samuel T. Freeman \& Co., Philadelphia: 10 Penisyl. Co, for Ins, \&ec. $\$ 0.050$

Statement of New York Oity Olearing-House Banks and Trust Companies.-The detailed statement below shows the condition of the New York City Clearing-House members for the week ending April 6. The figures for the separate banks are the averages of the daily results. In the case of the totals, actual figures at the end of the week are also given. For definitions and rules under which the various items are made up, see "Chronicle," V. 85, p. 836, in the case of the banks, and V. 92 , p. 1607, in the case of the trust companies. DETALED RETURNS OV BANKS,
We omit thoo diphera ( 00 ) in all cases.

| Banks. $00 *$ omitted. | Captial. | Surplius. | Loans. <br> Anerage. | Specte. Average. | Legals. Aterage. | Net Depos. tss, Aver. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Re } \\ & \text { serve. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank of N, X | $2,000,0$ | 724.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manhatton C | 2,050,0 | 4,765,3 | 34,500\% | $8,140.0$ | 1,438,0 | $19,159,0$ $38,800,0$ | ${ }_{24.6}^{25.3}$ |
| Merehants | 3,000.0. | 1,049,6 | 21,125,0 | 3,732,0 | 1,526,0 | 21,468,0 | 24.4 |
| Mech, \& M | 6,000,9 | 8.497 .5 | 56,412,0 | 11,891,0 | 1,814,0 | 54,737,0 | 25.0 |
| Amerlea - | 1.500.0 | $6.214,6$ $27.82,4$ | 28,148.0 | 6,472,0 | 2,085,0 | 29,144.0 | 25:0 |
| Cham | 3.000, 0 | 27,078, | 109,940 20,400 | 10,489,0 | 6,650,0 | 195,742,0 | 24.0 |
| Merchantat Ex | 600,0 | 651.1 | 7,100,0 | $1.687,0$ | 2,135,0 |  |  |
| Gallatio | 1,000, | 2,560,5 | 9,013,0 | 1,600, 0 | 360 , | 73.3470 | . 0 |
| Butch. \& Dr | 300.0 | 142,1 | 2,213,0 | 400\% | 670 | 2,032,0 | 326.0 |
| Greenwleh | 00,0 |  | 8,7110 | 2,300,0 | 18000 | 9,915,0 | 25.0 |
| Am, Exchange | 5.000 .0 | 4,622, | 41,951,0 | 8,521,0 | 1,050,0 | 11.403, 0 | 25.2 |
| Cormmerce | 25,000,0 | 15.9178 | 142.013.0 | 21,788,0 | 8.0370 | 118,109, 6 | 25.2 |
| Mercant Pacinc | 3,000,0 | 2,775.4 | $14,507.0$ | 1,984,0 | 1,160,0 | $11.730,0$ | 26.8 |
| Chat. \& P | 2,250,0 | 1,239;0 | 17,436,0 | 2,869,0 | 1,4 11,0 | 17,524, 0 |  |
| People's | 200,0 | 461,2 | 2.001 .0 | 374,0 | 140,0 | 2,15 | 24.2 |
| Hanoyer | 3,000,0 | 13,105,5 | 70.609,0 | 16,528,0 | 4,887,0 | 85,. | 25.0 |
| Clizens C | 2,650,0 | 1,076,2 | $22,817.9$ | 5,131,0 | 623,0 | 22,005,0 | 26.0 |
|  | 1000,8 | 518, 5 | $10,805,0$ | 2,390,0 | 1,047,0 | 13,203,0 | 20.0 |
| Metropoltan | 2,000, | 1,831.2 | 11.350, | $1,630,0$ 2,7800 | 956,0 | 9,515,0 | 27.1 |
| Corn Exchange | 3,000,0 | 5,580, 4 | 18,586,0 | 8,885,0 | 5,702,0 | 17,760, |  |
| Imp.e Traders | 1,500,0 | 7,631,1 | 25,212,0 | 3,634,0 | 2,117,0 | $22,460,0$ |  |
| Park | $5,000,0$ | 13,075.7 | 87,956.0 | 21,770,0 | 1,061,0 | 192,04 | 25.5 |
| East | 250,0 | 62, 0 | 1,433,0 | 301.0 | 11,0 | 1,703,0 | 24.1 |
|  | 6,000,0 | 807,7 | 33,854.0 | 6.674 .0 | 2,210,0 | 35,160,0 | 25.2 |
| secon | 110.0000 | $2,391.3$ | 14.521,0 | 3.32 |  | 14,092,0 | 21.7 |
| Irying E | 2,000,0 | 2,050, | $122,320,0$ 24,9180 | 24,807,0 | ,083,0 |  |  |
| Bowery | 230.0 | 803,1 | 3,315,0 | -801,0 | 64,0 |  |  |
| N. Y. County- | 800.0 | 1,673,8 | 8,5146 | 1,288,0 | 044,0 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,063,0 \\ & 8,605,0 \end{aligned}$ | 20.4 |
| Germin-Amer, | 780,9 | 709,2 | 4,130,0 | 819,0 | 212,0 |  | 26.0 |
| (th A | $5,000.9$ 100.0 | $9,102,7$ 2,205 | 95.095 .0 | 19,418,0 | 6,593,0 | 106, 205, 0 | 24.2 |
| German Excli- |  | 2, | 13,25600 | 2,994,0 | 056.0 | 15,411,0 |  |
| Gormanta | 200,0 | 1,057,2 | 5,513,0 | 1,350,0 | 25050 | 3, 610,0 | 25.0 25.0 |
| 1, itucoln | 1,000,0 | 1,701,0 | 16,102,0 | 3,2is, 0 | 850,0 | 16,723.0 | 24.4 |
| Ga | 1,00 | 1,249,5 | 9,145,0 | 2,232, 0 | 262,0 | 0,481 | 20.2 |
|  | 1,000,0 |  | 1 | 891,0 | 149.0 | 3,487,0 | 24.0 |
| West | 200,0 | 1,0411 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,816,0 \\ 273 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Seabo | 1,000,0 | 2,130,2 | 25,367,0 | 5,045 | 2.16 | 30, $035 \%$ |  |
| Libert | 1,000,0 | 3,741,5 | 20,349,0 | 4,363,0 | 1,097:0 | 21.673,0 | 25.1 |
| N. Y. 1 | 1,000.0 | 861.1 | 8.770 .9 | 2.064 .0 | 564.0 | 10,363,0 | 25.3 |
|  | 1,000, | 867, 4 | 14,948.0 | 5,064,0 | 361.0 | 21,377,0 | 25.3 |
| Coat de Ir | 1,000,0 | 479,2 | 6,306,0 | 2,710,0 | 1,003.0 | $14,653,0$ 6,111 | 8 |
| Unton Ex | 1,000,0 | 硣 | 9,204,0 | 1,046,0 | 1,252,0 |  |  |
| Nassau, Bklyn | 1,000,0 | 1.092,7 | 8,289 | , 0 | 260 | 7,057,0 | 25.5 |
| Totals, Avgo.. | 135,150,0 | 109,918,5 | 40,027,0 | 343,227,0 | 82 | 1879,970,0 | 25.0 |
| Actual figures | April 6. |  | 130,075,0 | 22,090,0 | 82,420,0 | 1809,867,0 | 25.0 |
| Circulation,-On the basts of averazes, dreutation of national banks to the Clearing House amounted to $\$ 48,555,000$, and according to actual Igures was \$18,206,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Trust Cos. 008 omifucd. | Surplus. | Loasis. Average. | Specie. A nerage. | Legats. Averago. | On Dep. Wihe. H Banks. | Net Deposfts. Average. | Reverik. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Broailyn | $\frac{8}{2,400,2}$ | 10,036,0 | ${ }_{1}^{1,026,0}$ | ${ }_{4}^{8} 1,0$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 1.21,0 \end{gathered}$ | $15.182,0,$ | $15.8+11.1$ |
| Bankers | 14,370,4 | 147.881,0 | 18, 850.0 |  | 12,158,0 | $113.624,0$ | $15.0+9.6$ |
| U.S. Mig. \& T | 4,664, 5 | 46,010,0 | 3, 455,0 | 507.0 | 5,784,0 | 26,404,0 | $15.0+17.7$ |
|  | 11,2800 | 19,270,0 | 2,199,0 | $1{ }^{30,0}$ | 1,951.0 | 15,065.0 | $14.7+10.3$ |
| Quaranty | 23, 2045 | 169,587, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 13,623,0 | 1,448,0 | 14,411,0 | $21,577,0$ $113,702,0$ | 15.2+11.2 |
| Eldellty | 1,278,0 | 7,829,0 | 776,0 | 238,0 | 814,0 | $\mathrm{B}^{1} 1190$ | $16.5-10.6$ |
| Lawyerstiex | $6.204,6$ 1950 | 20,197.0 | 1.242,0 | 1,047,9 | 1,618,0 | 15.609, 0 | $14.0-9.3$ |
| Sorundard | 1.357, | 20,336.0 | 1,874.0 | 100,0 620 | $1,462.0$ 2 | 13, 129,0 | $15.0+10.0$ |
| Peoples | 1,723.7 | 16, 611,0 | 1.712,0 | 453,0 | 2,404,0 | 1, 1.765 .0 | 15.2+14.6 |
| New. Yor | $11^{1,6312}$ | 47,775, 0 | 4,644, 0 | 261,0 | 3,600,0 | 32\% 208,0 | $15.2+10.0$ |
| Fraukita | 1,316, | 10.882,0 | 1,085\% | 844,0 | 1,263,0 | $9.014 \%$ | $15.8+12.0$ |
| Ditucoly | 657.5 | 11,327.0 | 1,351,0 | 220.0 | 1,249,0 | 10,505,0 | $15.0+10.6$ |
| 3etropolitan | 6.1478 | 26,168,0 | 2,803,0 | 16.0 | 2.516.0 | is,783.0 | $15.1+11.8$ |
| Broma | 569.9 | 8.894.0 | 980,0 | 379,0 | 878.0 | 8,891,0 | $15.3+8.8$ |
| Totais, Avge. | 90,271.6 | 624,688,0 | 60,246,0 | 7,572,0 | 57,119,0 | 448,988,0 | $15.0+11.2$ |
| Actual figures | April | $623,815,0$ | 00.854,0 | 7,277,0 | 63,782,6 | 448,939,0 | $15.2+10.6$ |

 Guarantee for Trost, $34,375,000$. Guaranty, $85,000,000 ;$ Fidelity, $81,000,000 ;$

 $\$ 39,625,000$.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Wert } \\ \text { chaling } \\ \text { Aprli } 6 . \end{gathered}$ | Captar. | Surphus. | Loans. | Specte. | Legal Tenders. | On Dep. ifin CH . Banks. | Net Deporits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Averages. Braks | 135, 150,0 | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 109.918,5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $1,415,339,0$ | $282,581,0$ | $\stackrel{8}{8}, 878,0$ | 8 | $1,430,082,0$ |
| Trust cos: | 39,625,0 | $90,271,6$ | $624,688,0$ | $60,356,0$ | $7,372,0$ | 67,119,0 | 148,288,0 |
| Totat | 174,775,0 | 290,190,1 | 2,040,027,0 | 343,227,0 | 82,250,0 | 57,119,0 | 1,870,970,0 |
| Actual. <br> Bankil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trust cos. |  |  | -623,815,0 | 80,851, | 7,277,0 | 53.7820 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,320,585,0 \\ -438,032,0 \end{array}$ |
| T |  |  | 2,030,075,0] | 3+2,030,0 | \$2,420,0 | 53,782,0 | 1,869,807,0 |

The State Banking Department also furnishes weekly returns of the State banks and trust companies under its charge. These returns cover all the institutions of this class in the whole State, but the figures are compiled so as to distinguish between the results for New York City (Greater New York) and those for the rest of the State, as per the following:
For definitions and rules under which the various items are made up, see "Chronicle," V. 86, p. 316.
state hanks and trust companies.

| Week ended Aptil 6. | $\begin{gathered} \text { State Banks } \\ \text { Grecter } N, Y \text {, } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trusi Cos. } \\ \text { Greator N. } \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{Y} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stowe Bants } \\ & \text { outdide of } \\ & \text { Greater N. Y. } \end{aligned}$ | Trust Cor. outside of Grosta N. Y . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capltat is of Dece 22. | $+822, \frac{8}{8}$ | $\frac{\stackrel{s}{s}}{61.056,000}$ | $\underset{0,502,900}{3}$ | $\frac{\text { 9,025,000 }}{\text { S }}$ |
| Surplus as ot Dec, 21 | *38,732,700 | 176,850,100 | 11,874,043 | 14,820,516 |
| Loans and Invertmenta. Change from last week. | 292.614,600 $+3,025,200$ | $1,172,768,600$ $+18,534,300$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104,855,900 \\ -32,800 \end{array}$ | 162,258,500 $+00 ; 000$ |
| Sbecte Cliange from last weot | $\begin{array}{r} 52,187,100 \\ +188,600 \end{array}$ | 120,012,400 $-812,700$ |  |  |
| Levib-tendore \& bix. notos Change from tat week. | $\begin{array}{r} 22.305,000 \\ -658,100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,671,600 \\ -66,500 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Deposits - Change from liat week. | $\begin{array}{r} 347,101,400 \\ +2,37600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,293,630,200 \\ +6,088,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112,377,700 \\ & +1,162,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 172,210,200 \\ & +1,130,600 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fesorve on deponlis. Caange frum tast meak. | $\begin{array}{r} 97,379,040 \\ -851,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 141,611,200 \\ -324,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,464,500 \\ +1,146,300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,710,000 \\ +1,207400 \end{array}$ |
| P. C. reserve to deposith. Percentage last week | $\begin{aligned} & 28.98 \\ & 29.4 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.5 \% \\ & 10.8 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{22.2,5 \%}{21.4}$ | ${ }_{15.3 \%}^{15.0 \%}$ |

+ Increase over last week. - Deoresse from last week. *As of March 211012
 trom rescre apeats. Trust companles in New York stace are required by tiw to cation as shown belows. The percentage of riserve requirad ls computicd on the
 represented' by certincates, And alto extlutve of deposita seourred by binde of obllaitlons of the state or Clity of New York, and exeluatve of an amount equil to the marict value (hot exceedng par) of bands of obligatlons of the 8tate or caty The state banks are likewtse requited to keed a for tt by any pubise department. tlon, the reserve beliog computed on the whiole amount of deposits exclastve of time depoalts not payabie within thitry tays, represented uy certilentes (according
to the anmenament of 1910 )
 clustve of an amonint cqual to the market value (noe exceeding par) of bonds or obligations of the state of City ot Now York owned Dy tho corapany or held in troit
for It by any pill for 16 by any Dabin department.


## Reserve Requival for Trand and Stale Bants.

Locarton-
Mardiattan
Mathattan Borough
BrookIyn Borough
 Brooliyn Borough, with branches in Manhattan
Other Boroughs, Wtith brancthe in Mat Other Boroughs, with
Elsewhere in gitite.

The Banking Department also undertakes to present separate figures indicating the totals for the State banks and trust companies in the Greater New York not in the Clearing House. These figures are shown in the table below, as are also the results (both actual and average) for the Clearing-

House banks and trust companies. In addition, we have combined each corresponding item in the two statements, thus affording an aggregate for the whole of the banks and trust bompanies in the Greater New York.

| Wack ansed_iput 6 | Clear.-Hotsse Agembers. Aetunte tgures | Clear.-House Members. Average. verage | State Banliza de Trust Cos. not Ln C.-H. Aver. C.M. Aver | Totat of att Banks \&Trust Cos. Averaue, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | 5 | 8 | s |
|  | 174,775,000 | 174,775,000 | 34,652,000 | 209,427,000 |
| Suryitas Mrecti 21.4 | 290,100, 100 | 290,100,10 | 03,130,300 | 383,220,400 |
| L.osns and Investments Gasage from lat week | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 2,030,075,000 \\ -26,510,000 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 2,040,027,000 \\ -2,010,000 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 631,487,800 \\ +13,614,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,661,514,800 \\ +10,704,200 \end{array}$ |
| Depocetts <br> CRango from inst week | $\begin{aligned} & 1,869,867,000 \\ & -32,178,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1,879,970.000 \\ -12,614,000 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} a 626,063,300 \\ +11,474,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,506,033,300 \\ -1,132,400 \end{array}$ |
| Sivecte Conango fromiat week | $\begin{aligned} & 312,000,000 \\ & -4,370,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,277,000 \\ -9,150,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,033,100 \\ +258,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 408,280,100 \\ -8,891,800 \end{array}$ |
| Logal-tenders <br> Change from tinit weels | $\begin{array}{r} 82,420,000 \\ -2,352,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82,250,000 \\ -3,205,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 810,664,600 \\ -176,700 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 92,914,600 \\ -2,378,700 \end{array}$ |
| Banka: esah in vaule. Ratio to deposits. | $356,370,000$ 25.08\% | $\begin{gathered} 357,759.000 \\ 25.00 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11,624,000 \\ 13.10 \% \end{gathered}$ | 369,383,000 |
| Truat Cosicash in vauth | [68,131,000 | 07,718.000 | 64,073,700 | 131,791,700 |
| Aggr'to money holdtngs Ohango from lath week | $\begin{array}{r} 424.510,000 \\ -6,722,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 425,477,000 \\ -11.352 .000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75,697,700 \\ +81,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 501,174,700 \\ -11,270 ; 500 \end{array}$ |
| Money on deposit with sther bks. \& triust coos. Caange from tast week | $\begin{array}{r} 53,782,000 \\ -8,522,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 57,119,000 \\ -1,230,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,781,200 \\ +602,400 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| Total reserve Changs from tiast week | $\begin{array}{r} 478,292,000 \\ -15,244,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 482,500,000 \\ -12,582,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97,478,900 \\ +083,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 580,074,900 \\ -11,898,100 \end{array}$ |
| Surplus OASH reservoBanks (above $25 \%$ ) Truat cos.(above $15 \%$ ) | $\begin{array}{r} 1,145,250 \\ \hline 701,200 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,500 \\ 309,800 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Total Guango trom isst week | $\begin{array}{r} 1,936,450 \\ +1.448,900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 383,300 \\ -7,646,800 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| \% ot cash reserves of tr Cash in vault Cash on dep. with bks. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rast cos } \\ & \hline 15.22 \% \\ & 10.60 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 吻 } \\ & 15.03 \% \\ & 11.23 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.26 \% \\ 1.37 \% \end{gathered}$ |  |
| To | 25.91\% | 20.36\% | 18.63\% |  |

+ Incresse over hat week. - Decrease from last week.
a These are the deposilis atter eliminating the tera "Due from reserve depositortee and other banka and trust compantes in Nor York Cry": with tiss tem theluded,
 the case of the ctearnink-Hotae nembers
for thio average and the actua ngurea. ofludea bank notes.

The averages of the New York City Clearing-House banks and trust companies, combined with those for the State banks and trust companies, companies in Greater New York outside of the Glearing House, compare as follows for a series of weeks past:


Reports of Olearing Non-Member Banks.-The following is the statement of condition of the clearing non-member banks for the week ending April 6, based on average daily results: We omit thoo etphers ( 00 in all these Houres.

| Banks. | Capt- | Sur- |  | Svecto. | Lequl Tender and Bonk Noles. | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { Deposth } \\ \text { voluh } \\ \text { Cor } \\ \text { Banks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\mathrm{Ne} \\ \text { Depostas. }}}{ }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Now York City, Manhattian e Brons. |  |  |  | 530 |  |  |  |
| Aetna Natoonal | 300,0 1000 | 3182,8 | $2,557.0$ $1,498.0$ |  | 74, ${ }^{31,0}$ | 168,0 20,0 | 1 |
| Washngtion Helights |  | 107 , | 1,333,0 |  | , |  |  |
| Century .-. ........ | 500,0 | 514,5 | 5.50 | ${ }^{2}$ | 814,0 | 78 | 5,303,0 |
| Colont | 100, 0 | 501 | 6,54 | 630, | 515 | ${ }_{623,0}$ | ${ }^{6,4844,0}$ |
| Cotumb | 200,0 | 171.4 | 1,192,0 | 54,0 | 144,0 | 162 | 1,134,0 |
| Gotham Natio | ${ }_{2}^{200,0}$ | 123,0 | ${ }_{2}^{1,5235,0}$ | 451,0 | 50,0 | 378, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 2,900,0 |
| Mount | 200,0 | 402, | 4,022 | 462, 0 | 318,0 | 624.0 | $4.320,0$ |
| Now Netherlan | 200,0 | 280, 8 | 2,835, | 308.0 | 102,0 | 297 | 2,709,0 |
| Twenty-tild | 200,0 1000 | 572, | 1, 1502,0 | 227,0 | 95, <br> 748 <br> 8 | 697, | $2,055,0$ $4,634,0$ |
| Yorkville | 10, | 54. | 3,188,0 | 342.0 | 171,0 | 106, 0 | 3,128,0 |
| $\frac{\text { Broadway }}{\text { Frast Natuoni }}$ | 300, 0 | 604,8 | 3,552 | 289,0 | 82,0 | 44,0 | 2,606,0 |
| Mranutaeturers' Nat.. | - 3 23, 1.000 | 8772,0 | 50,76 | 560.0 266,0 |  | 1,785,0 | 12,626,0 |
| ${ }^{\text {M }}$ Mechanaces ${ }^{\text {Nata }}$ |  | 578 , | 3,729,0 | 470,0 | 122.0 | 954,0 | 3,737,0 |
| North Side. | 200,0 | 169,0 | 2,205,0 | 204,0 | 92,0 | 350,0 | 2,223,0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fingt Natoncy City. } \\ & \text { Natile } \end{aligned}$ | 4000 | 1.3178 | 4,576 | 274,0 | 439,0 | 3.161 .0 |  |
| Hudson County N | 250,0 200,0 | 4819 | 3,576,0 | 117,0 | 130,0 | 572,0 | 1,597.0 |
| Third Natlonal Hoboken. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eirat Natonaliol... | 125,0 | 272,3 | 3,200,0 | 180,0 | 0 | 178,0 | 1,458,0 |
| Totals April | 6.5 | 11,594,9 | 88,630,0 | 7.297, | 6,472.0 | 15,220,0 | 83,742,0 |
| T | 6,537.0 | 11,661, | ${ }^{\text {87,667,0 }}$ | 7,507,0 | 6.503,0 | 14,667,0 | 85,1700 $83,803,0$ |

Boston and Philadelphia Clearing-House Members.-Beinstitu a summary of the weekly totals o institutions of Boston and Philadelphia:

| Banks. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { curd } \\ & \text { Surplus. } \end{aligned}$ | Loans. | Specto. | Legats. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Depoasts. } \\ \text { a } \end{gathered}$ | Circu- lation. | Clearing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bosto |  |  |  | , 3, |  | 7 7,910,0 | ${ }^{3} 9$ |
| Febr 18 | 11,575,0 | 233,160, | 26,262\% | ,4,176,0 | 270,028,0 | 7,859,0 | 146,599, 6 |
| Mrch. 2 | 11,575,0 | $227,561,0$ | 25,297.0 | ${ }^{4}, 063$ | 275,067.0 | 7,897.0 | 214, 401,4 |
| Mch, ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 41,575,0 | 220,44\% |  | 3,1087,0 | $270,105,0$ | 7,923,0 | 74,819,2 |
| Meht 23 | 41,575,0 | 229,680,0 | 23,785, 0 | 3,986,0 | 275,858,0 | 7,021,0 | 173.251,1 |
| Meh 30 | 11575.0 | 223,551.0 | 25,079.0 | 3,815,0 | 275,872.0 | $7.921,0$ | 102,954,3 |
|  | 41,575,0 | 220,107,0 | 26.405,0 | 3,725.0 | 271,258,0 | 7,034,0 | 27,14,3 |
| Feb, 17...... | 80,623,2 | 382,207,0 |  |  | 427,493,0 | 15,488,0 | 137,409\% |
| Feb. 24. | 80,623,2 | 382,191,0 | 100.4 | 07.0 | 433,867,0 | 15,377,0 | ${ }^{23,81858.5}$ |
| Mreh. 2. | ${ }_{80}^{80,623,2}$ | 382,674,0 | $\xrightarrow{103,0} 1$ |  | ${ }^{422,044,060}$ | 15,105,0 | 160,065,8 |
| Mch. 16 | 80,623,2 | 383,887,0 | 102,2 | 295.0 | 428,109,0 | 15,149,0 | 63,547.2 |
| Mch. 23 | 80,623,2 | 385,248,0 | 1018 | ${ }^{852,0}$ | 427,350,0 | 15,130,0 | 154, 90.8 |
| sech. 30. Apr. 6. | ${ }_{80,623,2}^{80,63,2}$ | 336.529,0 | 101, 103,5 | 610,0 | -427, 47811.0 | 15,129,0 | 152,101,7 |
| Apr. 6 | 80,623,2 | 87,069,0 |  |  | 43, 81.0 |  | 62,10, |

a Inctudea Goverament deposits and the Item "due to other banks" At Boston
Govermment doposits amounted to $52,371,000$ on April 6, agalnst $\$ 2,372,000$ on Government
sarch 30.1

Imports and Exports for the Week,-The following are the imports at New York for the week ending April 6; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

| For Week. | 1012. | 1911. | 1910. | 1909. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Goods Generai mechandise | $82,665,372$ $18,550,084$ | $52,413,088$ | $\$ 2,049.117$ $16,962,800$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,685,856 \\ & 15,951,654 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 821,115,466 | \$15,328,253 | 819,011,017 | 819,637,510 |
| Dry Goods. | $\begin{aligned} & 943,002,038 \\ & 325959 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 44,428,186$ $196,600,609$ 196,690,609 | $850,713,004$ 227,731,660 | $\$ 51,828,460$ <br> 180,219,435 |
| Total 14 weoks | 3275,961,771 | 6241,113,705 | \$275,444,673 | $\$ 241,047,895$ |

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending April 6 and from Jan. 1 to date:


The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending/April 6 and since Jan. 1 1912, and for the corresponding periods in 1911 and 1910:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECLE AT NEW YORK,

| gold. | Exports: |  | tmporss. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Strice Jan. 1 | Week. | Stince Jail |
| Great |  | 812,030,487 | \$2,000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,735 \\ \$ 1290056 \end{array}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {France }}$ Germany |  | 32,030. |  |  |
| West Indtes | 5200 | 650,700 | 4,863 |  |
| Mextio ....i | $3 \stackrel{0}{50,0 \hat{0}}$ | 7,242.304 | $\begin{array}{r}344,662 \\ 77789 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 772,587 |
| All other countrico | 15,125 | -,2,32,500 | 43;781 | 504,912 |
| Total 1912 | \$365,325 | 310,855,991 | 5473,093 | \$6,106,387 |
| Total 1911 | 7,431, 200 | 14, $, 074,334$ | 122,808 | 4,707,653 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Great Britatn |  |  |  | \$3,268 |
| France | 200,000 | 2,110,400 |  | 2,802 15.335 |
| Germany | 11,978 | 25,260 | 5264 | 9,078 |
| Mexteo |  |  | 180,258 | 1,743,622 |
| South America |  | 14,168 304,720 | P6, ${ }^{096}$ 70,729 | 1,074,172 |
| All other countr | 150 | 304,720 | 70,729 | 377,860 |
| Total 1012 | \$1,175,739 | 813,866.533 | \$356,847 | 83,225,643 |
| Total 1911 | 1,123,625 | 11,801,060 | ${ }_{121}{ }^{23,071}$ | 2,017830 $1,008,007$ |

Of the above imports for the week in 1912, $\$ 4,805$ were American gold coin and $\$ 693$ American silver coin.

Banking and gituanctal。

## Railroad and Industrial Stocks


 Bxolange. and ollasised by us af tollow.

## Spencer Trask \& Co.

43 EXCHANGE PLACE-NEW YORK.
Chicago, III, Boston, Mass. Albany, N. Y
Members Neto York Stock Lixchange.

## White, Weld \& Co.

Bonds and Investment Securities

## 5 NASSAU STREET,

NEW YORK
THE ROOKERY CHICAGO

## （1ankxers（bazette。

Wall Street，Friday Night，A pril 121912.
The Money Market and Financial Situation．－Security values again advanced this week until to－day，not without interruption，of course，but every reactionary movement earlier in the week，however pronounced，was followed by a recovery which，by its increased momentum，carried prices a little higher than before．And this despite the fact that the coal strike continues in force，that the railway engineers on Eastern roads are insistent in their demands， and a strike by them is being considered，that the Govern－ ment report on the condition of winter wheat was unfayor－ able，that the orders booked by the Steel Corporation showed a large decrease，that the suffering and losses caused by floods in the West are enormous and that the political situation is becoming more absorbing and perhaps more complicated．
On the other hand，deliveries of copper metal to con－ sumers have been very large and the price advanced，better prices are being insisted on for several kinds of iron and steel products at the mills，reports of railway traffic for the first week in April make a relatively good showing，there is a general feeling of expectation that the coal strike will soon be ended，and a large amount of new bond offerings has been absorbed．
Scarcely any change has taken place in the local financial situation within the week．Expanding business through－ out the country，actual and prospective，has resulted in liberal offerings of short－time notes purchased by interior banks last year and further withdrawals of funds from this centre by those institutions．At this writing it seems some－ what problematical whether the American loans maturing in Germany in the near future will be paid off as freely as two weeks ago appeared likely．The Bank of England reports a somewhat larger percentage of reserve than last week but the latter is still well below the average at this season and the international financial situation continues to be an interesting one．
The open market rate for call loans on the Stock Exchange during the week on stock and bond collaterals has ranged from 3＠4\％．To－day nominal rates on call were $3 @ 4 \%$ ． Commercial paper quoted at 4 （a） $41 / 2 \%$ for 60 to 90 －day en－ dorsements and for prime 4 to 6 months＇single names and $5 \%$ for good single names．
The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed an increase in bullion of $£ 395,652$ and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 42.85 ，against 39.71 last week． The rate of discount remains unchanged at $31 / 2 \%$ ，as fixed Feb．8．The Bank of France shows a decrease of $4,875,000$ franes gold and $12,000,000$ franes silver．

NEW YORK CITY CLEARING－HOUBE BANKS．

| $\begin{aligned} & H \\ & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1912. <br> Averages for roek eniting April 6. | （Dilferences from previons week． | 1911. <br> ｜Averages for toeek ending Aprill． 8. | 1010. Averajes for reek ending April 0. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capltal | 135.8 | 8 | 134， 8150,000 | $\xrightarrow{\mathbf{3} 30,350,000}$ |
| Surplus， | 199，918，500 |  | 200，234，400 | 185．325，600 |
| Loans and discounts．．． | 1，415，339，000 | Ded． $8,471,000$ | $1,351,451,000$ 46,139 | $\begin{array}{r}1.242,278,600 \\ \hline 48.409\end{array}$ |
| Net deposits | 1，430，982，000 | Dec．18，131，000 | 1，385，230，300 | 1，227，564，200 |
| Brecio | 282， 881.000 | Dee，8，009，000 | 208，659，300 | 247，614，500 |
| Letal－tendera | 74，878，000 | Dec．2，256，000 | 74，135，100 | 65，807，200 |
| Reserve held | 357，759，000 | Dec．10，265，000 | 372，787，400 |  |
| 25\％of depostts | 357．745，500 | Dee．4，532，750 | 240，309，075 | 306，891，050 |
| E Surpius resery | （1） 13,500 | Dec． $5,732,250$ | 26，478，325 | 6，530，650 |

[^3]State and Railroad Bonds．－Sales of State bonds at the Board include $\$ 63,000$ New York 4s， 1961 ，at $1021 / \mathrm{s}$ to $1021 / 4$ ， $\$ 17,000$ New York Canal 4s，1961，at 102 to $1021 / 4$ ，and $\$ 7,000$ Virginia 6s deferred trust receipts at 49 to $491 / 2$.

On a steadily diminishing volume of business and an aggre－ gate smaller than last week，the market for railway and in－ dustrial bonds has been relatively steady．As usual there have been a few exceptional features；otherwise，net changes are mostly represented by minor fractions，and are lower．
United States Bonds．－Sales of Government bonds at the Board include $\$ 43,000$ Panama 3s at $1013 / 4$ to $1017 / 8, \$ 3,000$ 3 coupon at $1021 / 2$ and 81,000 4s registered at $1145 / 8$ ． Closing prices have been as follows；for yearly range see third page following：

|  | Intirat |  | ${ }_{4}^{\text {Aprit }}$ | ${ }_{9}^{\text {Aprll }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { A prit } \\ 10}}$ | ${ }_{11} 114$ | ${ }_{\text {Apra }}{ }_{12}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28， 1930 ．．．．．．．registered | Q－Jan | －1003／2 | －100\％ | －1003 | ${ }^{4} 10015$ | 41005 | ＊10045 |
| 23，1930 ．．．．．．．．．coupon | Q－Jan | －100 | －1003 | －100y | ＊100 ${ }^{4}$ | ＊100年 | 100 6 |
| 3s，1908－18．．．．．．．．replstered | C－Feb | ${ }^{102 \%}$ | ${ }^{+102} 102$ | －1023 | ＊102效 | －102s | －1025 |
| 49，1923 ．．．．．．．．．．．reglatered | Q－100 | －1i4 | $\cdot 114$ | 1114 |  | 114\％ |  |
| 48， 1925 ．．．．．．．．．ccoupon | O－Feb | 114 | ${ }^{114}$ | 1114 | $\checkmark 114$ | $=1144$ | $=111 \%$ |
| 29，1936．Panama Canal regis | 2－reb | ${ }^{100 y}$ | P100y <br> 101 | －1005 | －100） | ＊10054 | －100\％ 1018 |

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks．－The stock market has been considerably more active than of late and the up－ ward movement which has been in progress for several weeks past has continued with more or less irregularity．A reac－ tionary tendeney was strong on Wednesday and was felt at other times（especially to－day），but notwithstanding this a considerable list of active stocks is from 1 to 2 points higher than last week and a few are more than that．Among the latter is Canadian Pacific，which has advanced $51 / 4$ points； Reading，which is nearly 3 points higher；American Can， which is nearly 4 points higher，and all the Tobacco shares． A few issues have，however，been notably weak，including Atchison，St．Paul，Missouri Pacific，Northern Paeific， Southern Pacifis，Amalgamated Copper and Sugar Refining．

For daily volume of business see page 1043.
The following sales have occurred this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow：


Outside Market．－Activity of any moment in＂curb＂se－ eurities this week was confined to a few issues，prices gener－ ally moving with a good deal of irregularity．To－day＇s mar－ ket was weak on light trading．Standard Oil of New York advanced sharply from 357 to 400 ，reacted to 395 and to－day jumped to 420．Standard Oil of N．J．ran up from 371 to 408 and fell back to 394．Standard Oil old stock sold up from 860 to 900 and down to 880 ．British－American Tobacco was heavily traded in up from $23 \%$ to $245 / 8$ and down to $234 / 8$ ，the close to－day being at 24 ．United Cigar Stores ad－ vanced from 184 to 186，reacted to 181 and moved up again to 187．The final figure to－day was 186 ．Intercontinental Rubber common improved from 16 to $17 \frac{1}{4}$ and ends the week at $171 / 2$ ．Lehigh Valley Coal Sales from 251 sold up to a new high level of 260 ，then broke to 243 ，the final figure to－day being 246．Studebaker Corp．com．declined from $413 / 4$ to 39．United Cigar Mfrs．com．gained a point to 59 and sold to－day at 583. ．Business in bonds showed improve－ ment．The new Chic．Milw，\＆St．Paul conv． $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ appeared at $1021 / 2$ and sold up to－day to 104．The close was at $1037 / 8$ ． Chicago Elevated $5 \%$ notes weakened from $983 / 8$ to $981 / 4$ and recovered to 983 ．National Tube 5 s were off from $1011 / 4$ to $1011 / 夕$ ，the close to－day being at $1011 / 4$ ．Western Pacific 58 were weak，sinking from $883 / 8$ to 88 ，with an improvement to－day to $88 \frac{1}{4}$ ．Among copper shares Giroux moved up from 6 to $6 \frac{3}{8}$ and reacted to $5 \frac{1}{8}$ ．Greene Cananea rose from $93 / 8$ to $93 / \mathrm{a}$ ，fell to $87 / 8$ and closed to－day at 9 ．Inspiration Con．Copper advanced from $203 / 8$ to $201 / 2$ and sank to $193 / 4$ ．
Outside quotations will be found on page 1043．．Wised

New York Stook Exohange-Stook Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly
OCCUPYING TWO PAGES
For record of sales during the weck of stocks usually inactive, set precedinz page.

| stoors-hlambst lind lowest sals patcrs. |  |  |  |  |  |  | NBw YOBEK Stock xChanas |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-BROKERS' QUOTATIONS,

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| Baticry Pis: | $140{ }^{14}$ | 130 | Coal | ${ }^{1} 155$ | ${ }^{\text {t }} 160$ | Gaaratid -:- | ${ }_{275}^{375}$ | 290 | Nachatitaǹ | 380 | 400 | Naseau | 310 | 220 | Secorrity | 135 |  |
| Brana Baray | 300 | 15 | Colonatal 1 | ${ }^{235}$ | $\stackrel{3}{50}$ | Gocrn-Am" | 140 | 40 |  | 230 |  | Now Yorkdo | 8375 |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{250}$ | 276 |
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BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-BANKERSI QUOTATIONS.

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| Montank II. <br> Nassain | 213 | 180 225 | Brway Tr.- | 1172 | 35 | Guarty Tr. | 985 | 905 | ater) .- | 140 | 150 | Windsor -- | 192 | 196 | Peoples | 295 | 305 |
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New York Stock Exchange-Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly

*No price Friday; latest this week. $₫$ Due April. © Due May. $h$ Due July. $k$ Due Aus. o Due Oct. $p$ Due Nov $q$ Due Dec. $\boldsymbol{a}$ Option sale,












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MISCELLANEOUS BONDS－Concluded．


CHICAGO STOGK EXCHANGE-Stock Record-Daily, Weekly and Yearly


| BONDS ohicago stook EXCHANGE EWeek anding April 12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inier- } \\ & \text { Perflod } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Price } \\ & \text { Frdday } \\ & \text { April } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Weet's Range orLati Sald Lan Nala | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} B^{\prime} d s \\ S o u s \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rangs } \\ \text { fors } \\ \text { Year } 1012 \end{gathered}$ | NAME | Onastars. |  | Dieldend Record |  |  |  |
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| 10, |  | 10274 Sale | 1023403038 | 30 | iözi 103 | Frist Nat Ei | 150,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ChO Rys ds |  | $\stackrel{\ddagger}{19}$ | 950 | 15 | 034 <br> 100 <br> 100 <br> 9518 | North Sldo Stato S |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apr } \\ \mathrm{Apr} & 12, ~ \\ 12\end{array}$ |
| Chla Rys |  |  | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ Juar 11 |  |  | Peoplo'd Stk Yas St |  | 145 |  |  |  |  |
| Chlo Rys |  |  | ${ }_{8100}^{100} \mathrm{Dec}^{\text {d }} 11$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V.93, pi i23 |
| Chitory |  | 80 68 | ${ }_{54}{ }^{81 / 2} \mathrm{MoH}^{812}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Collat trust $\mathrm{g}^{\text {g }}$ Ss |  |  |  |  | 103 | Stato Ban | 1.600 | 2.194 | 12 | 12 |  |  |
| Otty ${ }^{\text {con }}$ |  |  | 1 |  |  | Stoock Yar |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| cero Gas |  |  | ${ }_{10312}^{9812} \times 10$ | 20 | ${ }^{973^{3}} 18818$ | Unton Bank |  | 142,820 |  |  |  |  |
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| at 3st |  |  |  | 18 | $10212103{ }^{1}$ | Chicago Say Bic drut: | \%,000,000 | 12,031, |  |  |  | Apr 12. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| dahy Pack 1stM 53.19 |  |  | 10093 |  | 925 | Chizens Truat ce Savings | 600 | 490 |  |  | 201 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apr } & 12,218\end{array}$ |
| Dia Matoticon doos.-1 |  | $\mathrm{HOSt}_{2} \mathrm{HOL}_{4}$ | ${ }_{80}{ }_{80}{ }^{\text {che }}$ |  |  | Cont ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Wen Gas 3 S . |  | ${ }^{69}$ | ${ }_{96} 9^{\text {A }}$ |  | ${ }^{9574} 966$ | Merchants' Lo | 3, 200 | 0.492, |  |  |  |  |
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[^5]Volume of Business at Stock Exchanges
TRANSACTIONS AT TAE NELY YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
DAILY, WEEKLX AND YEARLY.

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DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE BOSTO
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|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { shace. } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Uniturad } \\ & \text { thared } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Boha } \\ \text { cald }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Luthed } \\ & \text { Bhares. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { Bacas. }}}_{\text {Bond }}$ |
| Eaturday | 40, 4 , | 19 | \$30,000 | 10,952 | 10.36 | \$39,000 |
|  |  | ceis | \% 600 | ${ }^{214,2785}$ | 10,8, | ${ }_{76} 78.50$ |
| Tecanguay | 35;782 |  |  | 18,685 |  |  |
| vrday.... | 34,071 | 20,701 | 8,000 | 21,000 | 8,223 | 78,600 |
| Total ...... | 72,007 | 164,310 | 3295,000 | 08,283 | 50,8831 | \$11,500 |

Inactive and Unlisted Securities

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BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGE-Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly




Philadelphia and Baltimore Stock Exchanges-Stock Record, Daily, Weekly, Yearly


PBid and asked; no sales on this day. 7 Ex-div. \& rights. I $\$ 15$ pald. $\ddagger \$ 13$ y paid.

## 

## RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from July 1 to and including such latest week or month. We add a supplementary statement to show the fiscal year totals of those roads whose fiscal year does not begin with
period. The relurns of the electric railivays are brought together separalely on a subsequent paga.

| ROADS. | Lalest Gross Earnings. |  |  | July 1 to Latess Date. |  | ROADS, | Latest Gross Earninas. |  |  | Juty 1 to Latest: Datc. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumberland Vall | ${ }^{\text {Pe }}$ |  |  | $1.058,146$ 7,145756 | 2,033,020 |
| Bange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hosto | Fe |  | 3,08 | $30.0$ | $22.6$ |  | Pebruar | $\begin{aligned} & 44,958 \\ & 2452 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2,197,415 |  |
| Buif Roch \& Pits | 18t whe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,107\% |  |
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| Canad | 18t |  | 328 | 14,735 | 1,271,200 | Pennsylvanta ${ }^{\text {co } 0 . .}$ |  | 3,230 |  |  |  |
| Centr | tha wh |  |  | 10 | 10,221. | Grand Rap \& ind |  | 3, 375,034 |  |  |  |
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| nd | 156 wk $A$ pr |  |  |  |  | Pere Mar | uary |  | 1,103,331 | 00 | 10,816,265 |
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| , | Feb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EChiest | Ja | ${ }_{1}^{1} 1$ | 1.14 | 10, | 11.35 | R10 |  | 67,2 |  | ${ }^{1829}$ | 616,110 |
| Cha Ham ${ }_{\text {c }}$ Da |  |  |  |  | 6,4 |  | 4th wic Mch |  |  |  |  |
| do Mlda |  |  | 117, | 1,315 |  | Ro |  |  |  | 43.87 |  |
| So |  |  | 240. |  | 2,825, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cornwall ${ }^{\text {coseb }}$ |  |  | 10,5 | 205, | ${ }^{103.088}$ | St 0 des Grand |  | 3,357,59 |  | 28,022 | 29,702,532 |
| Cuba Ra |  | 307 | 315,921 | 2,318,513 | 1.803;640 | tCuto \& East III. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | . 80 | , 482,295 | 63 | 13,8 | Total all iln |  |  |  |  |  |
| Del Lack |  |  |  |  |  | St L Rock Mt ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Denv \& Rlo G | $18 t$ |  | 40 |  | 18,152,003 |  | tat wk |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 320 |  |  |  | San | 隹 |  |  |  |  |
|  | February |  |  | 1,3 | 1,410 | Souther | ru |  | 9,614 |  |  |
| ctroit \& | $13 t$ |  |  |  |  | South | 1 1st wi |  |  | ${ }_{8,61}$ | 8,370,889 |
| Dut ${ }^{\text {duis }}$ | Februa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,028,187 |
| \%in |  |  |  |  | 5,341 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| El Pas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,806, 76.14 | 69,434 |
| Fair |  | 4.39 | 4,081 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dro |  |  |  | 2,54. | 2.284 |  |  |  |  | , | 1 |
| J |  |  |  | 62 |  | Tldew |  |  |  |  |  |
| rga Rall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4,3 |  |  | 08,37 |  |  | 38 |
| D |  |  |  | S, | 1,50 |  |  | . 108 |  |  |  |
| S | 30 wk Moh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rols central | Mr |  | , 139 | 8 8, | 778 | Wri | Vebruar |  |  |  |  |
| atreateant Me |  |  |  | 6,53 | 6,80 | Yazoo \& Miss Valioy | Starcha | 802, 501 | o10, | 7,730,185 | B, 023 ,838 |
| nawh |  |  | ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas Clty Sou | February |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year. |
| Lehtga Val |  |  |  | -35,067,236 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| exins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| uis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 崖 |  | 1,49 | 1,660 |  | 11,4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Macon © Blirm | ebrua |  |  |  |  | Lake Er |  | an | veis |  |  |
| $\operatorname{tane}_{\text {arylan }}$ |  | ${ }^{807}$ | ${ }^{698} 8$ | 7.138 | 6, 21 | Cutcago indis |  | an |  | 4.700 | 4, 6150 |
| a Moxican Ratw |  |  |  |  |  | Crevo Cm Cla |  |  |  | 4,60 | 4.07783888 |
| neral kankout | (th |  |  |  |  | flanat |  |  |  | 102 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ur |  |  |  | 2.490 |  |
| Minnst |  |  |  | 20,295,084 | 17,051,107 | New Yoric Cbic |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| minals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {san }}^{\text {Jan }}$ | , | 10, |  |
| Mo | 1 1st wic | 437 | 442. | 808 | 23,18 | Peansylva |  | tan | Fe | 25.05 |  |
| sso | 18 t wk |  |  |  |  | Batutimo |  | ran |  | 5 L |  |
| Nat Ryat Mex | 1st whe Apri | 1,050, |  | 8, | 40,348,8 |  |  | jan |  | 1,311, | 1.1 |
| vads-C | Tha wk M |  |  |  |  |  |  | Jan | Fob ${ }^{20}$ |  |  |
| Great Nort | Janu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - NXC ¢ Hudr | Febru |  |  |  |  |  |  | Jan |  |  |  |
| Lako | Fo |  |  |  | 32,838,314 |  |  | ra | Fe |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {M Lak }}$ |  |  |  | 2, |  |  |  | Jan 1 | Feb | 733,98 |  |
| Michligan Centr | Februar |  |  |  |  |  |  | ran | Fob |  |  |
|  | February |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | Jan | Fob |  |  |
| Cinel |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  | fan | Feb |  |  |
|  |  |  | , 17 | 0,862,03 |  |  |  | ran |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a |  |  |  |
| Iures |  |  |  |  |  | coxas de |  | an 1 |  | $\text { 9) } \begin{array}{r} 463,380 \\ 4,407,703 \end{array}$ | +847,741 |

AGGREGATES OF GROSS RARNINGS-Weekly and Montily.

| Weekly Summaries. |  |  | Cur'nt Year | Prap's Yoar | Inc, or Dec. | $\%$ | Monthly Summaries. |  |  | Cur'nt Year | Preots Yaar | Ine. or Dec. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | weok Jan | (37 road | $11,570,415$ | 12,030,732 | $406,367$ | 3.89 |  | 70 | 239,357 | 229,642,771 | 234,339,874 | $-4,697,103$ | 2.00 |
| $4{ }^{4}$ | week Jan | 14. | 20,133,140 | 17,936,265 | ,200,875 | $\begin{array}{r}3,29 \\ 12.81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 33 | 240,012 20083 | 231,697,053 | 234, 339,875 | 0,459,702 | 2.71 0.65 |
|  | weok Feb weok Feb | $(39$ roa (40 roa | 13,109,132 | $11,038,471$ $12,630,319$ | 7 | 0.81 4.78 | July | 4,503 | 240,088 240,170 | $231,688.006$ 253.043 .102 | 233,169,887 $254,380,944$ | - $1,481,881$ | 0. |
|  | week Feb | (42 roads | 13,450,409 | 12,651,065 | 708,444 | 6,31 | Septem | 45,404 | 240,825 | 357,256,703 | 256,748,775 | 07.9 | 0.1 |
| sth | week Feb | 43 roads | 14, 933,017 | 12,852,001 | 2.091.010 | 16.27 | Ootober | 245,633 | 241,321 | 266,064,120 | 263,637,356 | 2,426,773 | 0. |
|  | week Moh | Y3 roads | 13,231,813 | 12,534,803 | +747.009 | 5.06 | Novembe | 234,309 | 231.563 | 241,343,763 | 243,111.388 | 1.707.62 | 0 |
|  | week Mch | (43 ro | 1 | 13,131,963 | 1 | 3.59 | Decermber | 238,501 | 235,685 | 233,614,012 | 232,375,177 | 339,735 |  |
| 4 t | weok Mch | (30 rosd | 10,409,029 | 19,247, | , 310 | 1.20 | Febmary | 37,883 87,683 | 234,402 86,159 | $\begin{array}{r} 210,704,771 \\ 61,178,619 \end{array}$ | $13,145,078$ $04,056,719$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.440,30 \\ +6,221.90 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1.14}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of which, being a Canadian road, does not mako returns to the Inter Stato Commerce Commisston. finoludes Evansvillo 0 Terro Haute and Evanso |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.-In the table which follows we sum up separately the earnings for the fourth week of March. The table covers 39 roads and shows $1.29 \%$ increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

| Fourth week of March. | 1912. | 1911. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama Great Sou | 146,66:3 |  | $\frac{5}{19,832}$ | \$ |
| Ann Arbor.... | 143,280 | 129,780 | 13,505 |  |
| Attanta Birm ec | 81,512 | 88,513 | 13,505 | 7,001 |
| Bufalo Roch \& Plits | 272,156 | 249,983 | 22,173 |  |
| Canadian Northern. | 603,500 | 485,400 | 118,100 |  |
| Canadian Pacifo | 3,441,000 | 3,051,000 | 390.000 10 |  |
| Chesapeake \& | 1,013,818 | 932,862 | 80,956 |  |
| Obleago \& Alton | 1,310,000 | 289,408 | 21,402 |  |
| Ohlcago Great Western | 250,261 | 275,210 |  | 24,949 |
| Chlcago Indlanap \& Loulsville. | 179.388 | 167967 | 11.421 |  |
| Cinc New Orl $\&$ Texas Pacinc.- Colorado \& Southern....... | 281,318 307,932 | 214,822 337500 | 66,496 | 29 |
| Denver \& Rio Grande | 585,500 | 559,400 | 26,100 |  |
| Detrolt \& Maekinac | 34,683 | 34.400 | 283 |  |
| Detrolt Toledo \&e tronto | 46,978 | 42,662 | 4.317 |  |
| Duluth so Shore \& Aulant | 74,851 | 74,682 69,066 |  |  |
| Grand Trunk of Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Trunk West Detrolt Gr Hav \& Mitw | 1,420,340 | 1,362,370 | 66,961 |  |
| Canada Atlantlo. .-. |  |  |  |  |
| International \& Great Northern | 243,000 | 261,000 |  | 18,000 |
| Interoceanic of Mexico | 208,079 | 260, 177 |  | 61.098 |
| Moulsral Range | $1,491,090$ 23,341 | $1.660,869$ 20,117 |  | 168.879 |
| Minneap St Paul \& Chlcago Divislon | 705,927 | 504,169 | 291.758 |  |
| Missouri Kansas \& T | 674,734 | 793,803 |  | 118,069 |
| Missour Pacific | 1,368,000 | 1,463,000 |  | 95,000 |
| Moblle \& Ohio. | 1.290,459 | 352,722 $1,863,778$ |  | 62,266 |
| Natonal Rys ornla-Oregon | 1,511,460 10,008 | $1,853,778$ 8,785 | 1.223 | 342,312 |
| Rlo Grande Southe | 12,432 | 12,710 |  | 278 |
| St Louis Southwes | 86\%,258 | 295,000 |  | 18,000 |
| Southern Rallway | 1.769,663 | 1,754.743 | 14.919 |  |
| Texas of Pacino | 451.388 | 423,232 | 27,456 |  |
| Toledo Peorla \& Wc | 37,897 | 35,663 | 2,234 |  |
| Toledo St Louls | 79,187 | 84,802 |  | 5,705 |
| Net Increase (1.29 | 19.496.029 | 10,247,719 | 1,499,235 | 950,925 |

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates. - The table following shows the gross and net earnings of STEAM railroads and industrial companies reported this week:

| Road. | Gross Earninas <br> Current previous |  | $\xrightarrow[\text { Currete }]{\text { Net }}$ Year. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nonys } \\ & \text { Prevous } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 939$ |
|  | 17,207 | 5,128 | 2,383 2.047 | deet.341 |
| Bridgeton \& Saco River, Feb | 3.739 | 3,909 | 109 | 1,022 |
| July 1 to Feb 29...... | 30,244 | 35,981 | 2,725 | 0,837 |
| Denver \& Rio Grando- |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,520,6588 |  | 4.239 706.221 |  |
| rand Trunk of Canada - |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Trunk Ry ......Feb | 2,506,247 | 2,320,673 | 400,026 | 330,922 |
| Grand Trunk Western.Feb | 475,843 | 497,356 | 56.451 | 82,243 |
| Det Gr Hav \& Mrlw. . Feb | 147,941 | 157,187 | det, 18,008 | det.2,920 |
| Canada Atlantlo ...... Feb | 129,935 | 121.662 | def.27,739 | det.12,166 |
| Lexington \& Eastern b-Feb July 1 to Feb 29. | 38,734 356,238 | 37,444 330,169 | 13,972 118,715 | def.1,252 |
| Norfolk \& Wertern , . . . Feb | 3,049,562 5,973,397 | 2,563,081 | ${ }_{9} 950,001$ | 813,543 |
| Juy 1 to Fob 29..... 25 | 5,973,397 | 23,988,740 | 9,251,610 | 8,633,707 |
| Pacific Coast July 1 to Feb 29 Feb | 462,633 5.068259 | 449.023 5.35685 | 33, 503 <br> 835,517 | 15,708 970,514 1 |
| Texas \& Pactho . ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,371,944 | 1,159,412 | 157,074 | 114,562 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 20 | 2,836,580 | 2,482,075 | 461,944 | 377,888 |
| Toledo Peoria \& West.b Mch | 103,271 882,846 | 97, 9870 | 13,704 189045 | 10.479 |
| bash b |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to Feb 20 .... 10 | 0,373,200 | 20,329,843 | 4,584,694 | 5,680, 355 |
|  | INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES. |  |  |  |
| compantes, | Year. | provious Year. | Ourrent |  |
| Ablagton \& Rockland Eleo Light \& Power Co b. Feb Jan 1 to Feb 29 | 0,516 10.786 | r $\begin{array}{r}8,072 \\ 18,092\end{array}$ | 1,958 3,776 | 2.039 4.286 |
| American $\mathrm{Tel} \& \mathrm{Tel}$ (Ifolding $\mathrm{Col}-{ }^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Blackstone Vall G \& E. E. Feb | 100.914 213,488 | 98,904 | 50.280 | 51,258 |
| Edis Elce (Brockton) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 213,488 34,078 | 211,034 | 106.463 | 112,691 |
| Edis Elec (Brockton), b <br> Jan 1 to Fob 29 | 34,076 09.651 | 31,040 64,462 | 14,484 20,294 | 12,541 24,549 |
| Fall Rtver Gas Whes. ${ }^{\text {dan }}$, Feb | 35,211 78,202 | 36,386 768827 | -9,823 | 13.962 |
| Houghton Co Elec Lt, b Feb | 28,449 | 26,752 | 16,503 | 14,884 |
| Jan 1 to Feb | 60,003 | 56,607 | 34,752 | 31,697 |
| Lowell Elec Lt Corp, h. Feb <br> $\operatorname{Jan} 1$ to Feb 29. | 35.148 71,012 | 42,297 84,674 | 13,435 26,274 | 15,474 30.695 |
| Mexican Tol \& Tel CO . Feb | 55,919 | 50,529 | 32,387 | 25,521 |
| Mch 1 to Feb 20 | 637,069 | 574,420 | 322,016 | 300.146 |
| MInneapolis Gen Elec.b.Feb | ${ }_{3}^{145,062}$ | 119,787 | 186,150 | 62.117 |
| Sterra Pactio eleo Co-b.Feb |  | 45,865 |  | 133,74 |
| Jan 1 to Feb $29 \ldots .$. | 102:273 | 93, 877 | 62,876 | 57,307 |

##  <br> ${ }_{0}$ These results are in Moxtosin currency.

Interest Charges and Surplus.

| Roads, |  | Prectous | ${ }_{\text {cuid }}^{\text {Ba }}$ | Earns. Pretious |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| tefonte Central <br> Jan 1 to Mch at | $\begin{aligned} & 244 \\ & 738 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & 750 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ 1,315 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Bridgeton \& Saco River. F | 037 0,206 | ,981 | er. 2288 7.519 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to Feb 29. | 3,787.01. | 4.120:363 | 20.119,808 | x5,445,257 |
| edo Peorla ${ }^{\text {d }}$ WesternMch | ${ }^{24,016} 15$ | 23, 524 | xdeti, 318 | $x$ det 4,312 |
| Tuly 1 to | 15.3 | 219 | x10,169 | 215.056 |

INDUSTRIAI COMPANIES.
Int., Rentals, de.- $\quad$ Bat, of Net Earns:-
Curient Prevoious Ouren Previous
Compantes.
 $\begin{array}{lllll}\mathrm{Jan} 1 \text { to Fob 29...Veb } & 188 & 188 & 1,770\end{array}$ 1,851
3,010 American $\mathrm{Te} \& \mathrm{Tel}$ (Holdings Co -


| Jan 1 to Feb 29. | 80,092 | 2,224,672 | 6,848,459 | 6,036,552 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lackstone Vall Gas \& El.Feb | 31,442 | 30.203 | 18.838 | 20,965 |
| son Elec (Brockton) Feb |  | 60,491 | 44,871 | 52,200 |
| Ison Eice (8rocktob) -Feb Jan 1 to Feb 29.... | 3,064 | 1,797 3,625 | 12,514 25,350 | 10,784 |
| Fall River Gas Works,_. Feb | 546 | , 551 | 9,277 | 13.411 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 29...... | 1,132 | 1,157 | 23.050 | 26,906 |
|  | 8, 4,368 | 4,489 0,169 | 11,910 25,385 | 10,395 22,528 |
| Lowoll Rlec Lt Corn....Feb Jan t to Feb 20. | .533 | 1,676 | 11.002 |  |
| nneapolts Gen Elec..--Peb | 41,464 | 24,290 | 32,849 |  |
| Jan 1 to Fcb 20 | 76,031 | 49,760 | 109,519 | 83,084 |
| Slerra Pacilac Electric..Fob Jan 1 to Feb $20 \ldots .$. | 5,425 10.867 | 8, ${ }^{4.127}$ | 26,827 52.009 | 24,67 49,05 |

## ELECTRIC RAILWAY AND TRACTION COMIPANIES

| Name of Road. | Latest Gross Earnings, |  |  | Jan. 1 to latest date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week or Month. | Current Year. | Prenious Year. | Current Year. | Prexfous Year. |
| A | Fe |  |  |  |  |
| A ciantic | Eeprun | 19 | 16.677 | 4 | 9 |
| CAur Elgia de Chle |  | 120.640 51,518 | 112,206 | 246,387 | 233,492 87,076 |
| Baton Rouge Elec | February | 11,019 | 8,351 | 23,180 | 87 |
| Blughamton Rallway | February | 31,490 | 26,555 |  | 54 |
| Brock © Plym St Ry= | February | 6,882 | 6,420 | 14,045 | 13,891 |
| Bkign Rap Tran Syst | Decomber | 1920.274 | 1804,037 | 23,233,009 | 21,808,887 |
| Cape Breton Etec Co. | February | 23,693 | 22.083 |  | 49,526 |
| Carolina pow \& Lt | February | 33.127 | 28,934 | 70,341 | 59,966 |
| Cont paric N \& E R | December | 53.028 | 50,180 | 638.063 | 35,266 |
| Central Pemn Trac | February | 67,076 | 60,874 | 137,345 | 127,758 |
| Chattinooga Ry | February | 76,657 | 69,264 | 157,661 |  |
| Cley Painesy \& Eas | February | 21,717 | 21,053 | 44,625 |  |
| Clev Southw do Colu | February | 77,418 |  | 56.989 |  |
| Columbus (Ga) Et | February | 41,884 | 47,024 | 6, |  |
| Coney Istand \& Brlym | December | 103. 190 | 103,508 | 1,409,273 | 6 |
| Dallas Etectric Corp. | Eebruary | 129,751 | 119,965 |  |  |
| Detrolt United $12 y$ | 2d wk Mch | 183,373 | 160,588 | 1,060,886 | 733,925 |
| D DEB \& Bat (Re | December |  | 47,7 | 617 |  |
| Duluth-Superior Trac | February | 83,647 | 78,091 | 171,491 | 162,288 |
| East St Louls \& Sub. | February | 185,809 | 168.680 | 376.844 | 357,404 |
| E1 Paso Electric | February | 61,644 | 54,850 | 131,419 | 116,619 |
| Falrm so Claries T | Pebruary | 36,086 | 49.763 | 114,826 |  |
| 42dStM\&SNAv (Reo) | December | 134.043 | 113,208 | 1,606,382 | 1,43s,284 |
| Galv-Hous Blec Co | February | 136,445 | 99,028 | 282,452 |  |
| Grand Raplds Ry Co | February | 91,627 | 81,836 | 189.075 | 173,003 |
| Havana Electrlo Ry. <br> Honolulu Rapld Tran <br> $\$$ Land Co. | Wls Apr | 60,381 |  | 667,461 | 639,604 |
|  | February <br> February | $\begin{aligned} & 45,900 \\ & 21,970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37,824 \\ & 30.567 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91,386 \\ & 44,095 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76,745 \\ & 43,823 \end{aligned}$ |
| Houghton Co Trac Co |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mruson \& Manhat | February | 434,323 | 302,271 | 889,531 |  |
| Itimols Traction C | January | 616,704 | 573,971 | 616,704 | 71 |
| Interboro Rap Tran. | December | 2845,096 | 2760,389 | 30.331,582 | 349.525 |
| Jacksonvilo Trac Co. | February | 45,912 | 46,973 | 95,700 |  |
| Lake Shore Fleo Ry- | February | 82,118 | 76,258 | 169,271 | 27 |
| Long Ialand Eleotr | December | 14,070 | 13,211 | 209,256 |  |
| Metropolltan St (Reo) | December | 1148,683 | 1116,919 | 13,656,723 | 13,330,239 |
| MHw EI Ry \& Lt Co | December | 460.546 | 423,524 | 5,038,691 | 4.694,392 |
| Milw Lt, Ht \& Tr Co. | Deoember | 20,333 | 80,894 | 1.121,205 | 1.056.750 |
| Montreal Streot Ry | Fobruary | 393,995 | 330,737 | 811.857 |  |
| Nastiville Ry \& L | February | 159,039 | 101,282 | 326,073 |  |
| New Orleans Ry | Dece |  |  | 6,380,909 | 34 |
| N Y City Interboro | Decemb | 33,73: | 21,452 | 314,101 | 231,258 |
| N Y \& Long Isi Tr | Decombe | 28,131 | 24.795 | 389,168 |  |
| N Y \& Qucens Co | Decor | 98.959 | 85,605 | 1,253,981 | 1,122,138 |
| Northam Easton | Febr | 11,969 | 10.868 |  | 90 |
| No Caro Pub Serv | Decemb | 24,124 | 20,873 | 252,174 | 217,312 |
| North Ohto Tra |  | 198,209 | 172,413 | 407,508 |  |
| North Texas Elec CO | February | 113,488 | 109.088 | 228,183 | 233,097 |
| Ocean Electrio ( | Decomber | 4.253 | 3.101 | 123.087 | 10,570 |
| Paducali Trace Le C | Jamu | 24,693 | 21,787 | 24,693 | 21,787 |
| Pensacola Electric |  | 23,010 | 22,320 | 15,276 | 14,689 |
| Phila Rapld Trans Co | Janua | 1808,472 | 1716.046 | 1.808,472 | 1,716,046 |
| Port(Oro) Ry, LdeP |  | 518,927 | 478.263 | 1,050,140 |  |
| Puget Sound Eleo | Februa | 128,734 | 132,135 | 263.809 | 36 |
| Rio de Janelro Tram Btght \& Power Co |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | February | 1080,926 | 941,213 | 2,189,945 | 1,040,788 |
| Joseph (Mo) Ry, Li |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heat \& Power Co. | February | 91,701 | 8. | 194.242 | 74,114 |
| Sao Paulo Tram, LeP | Pebruary | 317,782 | 279.457 | 721,293 | 561.813 |
| Savannah Eleotric Co | February | 56,459 | 51,301 | 114,798 | 105,104 |
| Seattle Electrio Co | February | 413,838 | 428,557 | 863,654 | 907,285 |
| Second Ave (Reo) | December | 77,260 | 04,015 | 937.466 | 845.062 |
| Southern Boutevard | Docember | 9.853 | 8,507 | 125,663 | 11,145 |
| Sou Wtsconsin Ry Ca | Pebruary | 16,926 | 14,057 | 34,926 | 28,641 |
| Staten Ial'd Midand. | December | 18.026 | 15.789 | 279,730 | 251.276 |
| Tampa Electrio Co | February | 59,659 | 57,335 | 120,410 | 110,559 |
| hird Avenue (Rec). | December |  | 201,416 | 3,680,409 | 3,432,013 |
| Toronto Rallway Co. | December |  |  | 4,851,541 | 4,377,116 |
| Tri-Clty Ry \& Lt Co. |  | 239.609 | 220.269 | 1,809,378 | 1,813,111 |
| Twin City Rap Tran | 4th wh Mot | 208,575 | 196,693 |  |  |
| Underground Eleo Ry of London Three tube lines |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wk Apr | E12,355 | E14,240 | £203,630 | £198, 335 |
| Metropolitan Dist. | Whe Apr | E11,503 | E11.793 | C175.845 | E166,945 |
| miked tram | Whe Apr | £6,660 | E5,059 | E77,001 | E73,871 |
| London Ge | Wk Apr | E48,079 | £30,290 | £562,559 | ¢431.912 |
| Unton (Rec | December | 198.850 | 172.758 | 2.471,033 | 2,225,276 |
| UnlonRy, 6 \& ECO(I | Pebruary | 293,554 | 251,685 | 807,276 | 528,067 |
| United Rys of St L | February | 893,010 | 863,090 | 1,826,814 | 1,784,009 |
| Onited RRs of San Fr | February | 649,27a | 577,580 | 1.320,672 | 1.215.893 |
| Westchester El (Rec) | December | 45,746 | 41,041 | 601,898 | 532,425 |
| hatcom Co Ry \& Lt | February | 34.004 | 31,350 | 69,513 |  |
| Yonkers RR (Reo) | December | 57.036 | 53,373 | 678 , |  |
| Youngst \& Ohlo R | ebruary | 17,159 | 15,80 | 34,4 | 32.788 |


Electric Railway Net Earnings.-The following table gives the returns of ELECTRIC railway gross and net earnings reported this week.


| Roads. | Grass Ea | rnings Prevors Yeors. \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net Earinings- } \\ & \text { Current } \quad \text { Previous } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brockiton \& Plymouth. b. Feb | 6.882 | 13,801 | 912 107 | 162 |
| c Areton Eleet -b. . . Feb | 23,603 | 22.083 | 8,337 | 7,870 |
| $\operatorname{Jan}^{1} 1$ to Feb | 52,620 | 49,526 | 10,169 | 20,023 |
| Cleve Patnesy \& East-a-Feb | 21,717 | 44,167 | 6 6.828 | 8.065 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 20...... | 44.625 | 44.167 | 13.771 | 17.601 |
| Columbus (Ga) EICO-b.Feb Jan 1 to Feb 20...... | 41,884 86.200 | 37,024 | ${ }_{4}^{21,11818}$ | 18,329 38,617 |
| Dallas Elec Corpn b.....Feb | 129,751 | 119,965 | 47,436 | 37,027 88,084 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 29...... | 264,021 | 255,145 | 96,365 240.501 | 38,064 243,009 |
| Detroit United 1 | 774,729 $1.508,016$ | 880,619 $1.410,475$ | 24,591 527.053 | 243,009 |
| E1 Paso Elect-b .....Feb | 61,944 | 54,850 | 29,387 | 33,225 |
| Galveston-Houston El,b.Feb | 136.445 | 99, 228 | 48.088 | 28,054 |
| Gavesan 1 to Feb 20..... | 282, 352 | 211,094 | 103,359 | 66.914 |
| Houghton Co Tract b. . . Feb | 21,070 44.005 | 20,567 43.823 | 7.586 11.367 | 5,125 11,070 |
| Jaeksonylle Tracton | 45,912 | 46,973 | 14.782 | 16,706 38,514 |
| Lake Shore Elee Ry | 82,118 | 76,258 | 25.725 | 28,126 |
| Lake Jan Ito Feb ? | ${ }_{169,271}$ | 160,827 | 57, 121 | 63,338 |
| Northern Texas Elect-b | 113,488 | 109,088 | 45,649 | 44.845 |
| Jan 1 to Fob 29 | 228,183 | 233,097 | 80.501 | 95,289 |
| Pensacola Eleot Co. b...Feb | 23.015 45.276 | 22,320 44,689 | 8,938 15.781 | 8,062 16,313 |
| Puret Sound Ef Co b ...Feb | 128,734 | 132,135 | 22,505 | 18.090 |
| Jan 1 to Fcb 20 | 263,809 | 274,386 | 43.283 | 34,134 |
| Savannah Elect Coo b . . Feb | 56,439 114,788 | 51,301 | 15.888 31.828 | 15,226 30.857 |
| Jan 1 to F | 114,798 | 105,104 | 31,828 | 30.857 |
| Seattic Blectrio Co b....Feb Jan 1 to Feb 20 | 413,838 863,654 | 428,557 807,885 | 144,721 | 102.320 343.782 |
|  |  | 57,335 |  |  |
| Tampan 1 to Feb 29...... | 120.410 | 120,550 | 57,301 | 50,552 |
| United Traction (Albany) Oct 1 to Dee 31 | 584,415 | 509,807 | 137,699 | 181,177 |
| Western ohilo a ......Jan | 45,900 | 43,259 318.331 | 15,004 | 188,109 |
| Whatcom Co Ry do Lt.b.jan | 363,355 34,004 | 318,351 31,350 |  |  |
| Whatcom Co RY ${ }_{\text {dan }}$ Lt Lt.b-dan | 34,014 69.513 | 64,787 | 20,345 | 24,101 |

a Net earnings here given are after deducting taxes.

Interest Charges and Surplus.

| Roads. | Mri. Senta | ls. de.- Prevous Year. \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bal. of } \\ & \text { Current } \\ & \text { Year. } \\ & \xi \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Earns. } \\ \text { Proplous } \\ \text { Year. } \end{array} \\ & \hline \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baton Rouge Elect $\mathrm{Co}-\mathrm{Feb}$ | 1,730 | 1,717 3,415 | 3.329 7 | 2.742 |
| Binghamton Ry . . ....Feb | 9,755 | 9,534 | 3.424 8,032 | 1,231 |
| Jan 1 to F | 10,283 | 10.136 | 6.032 | 2,024 |
| Brochton \& Plymouth.. Feb Jan 1 to Feb $29 . \ldots$ | 1,048 2,103 | 1,100 2,225 | derr906 | defa38 |
| Cape Breton Elect Co.....Feb | 5,636 | 5,654 | 2,701 | 2.216 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 20 | 11,272 | 11,308 | 7,897 | 8,715 |
| Cleve Palness $\dot{\otimes}$ East.... Feb | 9,944 19,959 | 8,175 16,347 | det3. 116 deto 188 | def110 |
| Columbus (Ga) Elect Co . Feb | 12.683 | 7.896 | 8,428 | 10.453 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 20 | 20,300 | 15,410 |  |  |
| Dalhs Elect Corpn Jan 1 to Feb 29 Feb $\qquad$ | 24,020 | 42,197 | 52,731 | 15,887 |
| Detroit United Rys | 175.150 356.750 | 176,368 350,003 | 89.909 202,701 | 79,501 |
| E1 Paso Elect. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, .-.Feb | 7,128 | ${ }^{6,766}$ | 22,259 | 15.459 |
| Jan 1 to | 14.283 | 13,442 | 40.260 |  |
| Galveston-Houston El . . Feb Jan 1 to Fob 29 | 34,337 68.456 | ${ }^{19,578}$ | 13,751 34,903 | 27,701 |
| Hourhton Co Tract .....Fen | 5,227 | 5,260 | 2.359 | def135 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 29... | 10,454 | 10,519 | 913 | 551 |
| Jacksonville Traction... Feb | 9,463 | 6,919 13.823 | 5,319 13,075 | 3,787 34.691 |
| e Shore Elect Ry | 34,833 | 34,782 | der9, 108 | def6,656 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 20 | 69,425 | 69.410 | der12,004 | der60,072 |
| Northern Texas Elect... Feb | 20,845 | ${ }^{20.487}$ | 24,804 47,814 | 24,358 54,752 |
| Jan 1 to Feb 29 | 41,690 | 40,547 | 47,811 | 54,752 |
| Pensacola Elect Co Jan 1 to Feb 29 $\qquad$ | 6,377 12,754 | 4,939 10,230 | 2,561 3,027 | 3,123 6,083 |
| Puget Sound Elect Co | 37,221 | 41,708 88,773 |  | det23,618 dectis, |
| Savannah Btect Co ......Feb |  | 15,219 |  | 7 |
| San 1 to Fcb 20 | 31,819 | 30,841 | 9 | 16 |
| Seatto Electric C | 85,384 172.117 | 87,110 176.917 | 59,337 130.146 | 75,310 106685 |
| Jan Eleet Co.......Feb |  |  |  |  |
| Jan 1 to Feb 29 | 9,225 | 9,361 | 18,136 | 11,188 |
| United Traction (Albany) Oct 1 to Dee 31 | 104,878 | 106,171 | x96,315 | x131,341 |
| Western Ohio .in ....Jan | 13,141 | 102,2810 | 1,862 | 3,428 |
| July 1 to Jan 31 | 94,051 | 102,216 | 57,867 | 55,400 |
| Whatcom Co Ry \& Lt ...Feh Jan 1 to Eeb 29.. | 5,237 10,473 | 7,413 | 9,378 18,872 | 8,094 10.738 |

a Atter allowing for other income recelved.

## ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports.-An index to annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published during the preceding month will be given on the last Saturday of each month. This index will not include reports in the issue of the "Chronicle" in which it is published. The latest index will be found in the issue of March 30. The next will appear in that of April 27.

## Pittsburgh Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Ry.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)The report of President McCrea, together with the income account and balance sheet, will be found on subsequent pages. The usual comparative statistics of operations, balance sheet, \&c., were given in the "Chronicle" last week on page $976,-$ V. 94, p. 976, 912.

| Coal Department- Gross recelpts.... Gross expenses.... |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net earaln | ${ }_{\text {H19,7010 }}^{190}$ |  |  |  |
| Onperan tham | पet.2.4.501 | 41.923 | 206.144 | 833,116 |
| Gross earnings..... | ${ }^{21,418187}$ |  |  | (18.500.731 |
| Taxem tears. from oper- | 8.060,087 | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {8,233,513 }}$ |  |  |
| peratung ino | 8,101,248 | 7,786,105 | 7,055,011 | 7,275,081 |
| (en |  | \% | 100,011 | 275,048 |
|  |  |  | 1,710,133 | 1,22 |
| Totat onerer inco |  | $\frac{20,077.700}{0.80,728}$ |  |  |
| Sobisturs | 2,022.020 | 2,046,084 | 2,076,266 | 1,887,628 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Int: on met inoudiond | cill |  | ${ }^{4} 5$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| on divisional bonds. cral int, and discomit cellancous ltems...- | \% 7 \%,iog | (10,009 |  | u. |
| Ttud cat |  |  |  |  |
| Diva. on stock ( 1 (\%)..... |  | $\frac{3,823,180}{1,505,099}$ | $\frac{3,825,000}{1.369,750}$ | $\frac{3.810}{1,488,}$ |
| , |  |  |  |  |

 tryited
Adyances on un-
mined Advances oan
minimed coan.
Real estate. Road \& Equp.
D. A. .
Cinndlailloid Matnie equipm't Coal deot. equip slocks \& bonds Cast
Fre inu. .inind
8pec. Tses. tundis. Equip. trust ra: Sqpectal deposits
Suppitem on hand $\mathrm{Bmis} \&$ accta. rec
Sdv., new lines.


Toth1 …....127,198,621 $\overline{115,822,101}$ Tota1 .......127,108,621 $\overline{115,822,191}$



 Potac Lata Improvement Co. Income debenturs ( 8250,000 ) and Chateazgat Ore


## Pittsburgh \& Lake Erie Railroad,

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
President William C. Brown, New York, says in substance: Road. The roport covers the operation of matn line, 71.25 miles; pro-
prietary Unes, 6.66 miles: Ines leased. 111.30 miles: trackaro riphts, 28.20
 rights sccured from
of the Sharon Ry.
Stock.-There was lssued duriny the year $\$ 4,200,000$ new stock, maklug
the total amount outstanding Dec. 31 \$25,200,000 (V. 92, D. 660 . Merger:-On Jan. 9 thio Elwood Connecting RR. was consolldated with
the Beaver \& Ellwood RR.
Triparitue Acreoment-On Feb, 16 an agreement was executed by the
Nypano RR. Co., the Liske Shore \& Mollifan Southen Ry. Co., tho Eric RR. Co. the dicveland \& Maloning Valley Ry, Co. and the Pitisburgh \&
 agreements of Oet, 201877 relative to track conacetions, handing of traftle
and the rights of the partes interested. On the same date on agreoment was oxcouted by the Erle RR, Co. riving Costio branch for the landing of certain through business over to and from
polits located on or beyond such branch.
Results. Thic (rross revenued from rall operations wero $815,308,501$, a
decrease of $\$ 1,744,137$ Fretitht revenue was $\$ 13,318,145$, decreaso of
 of in almost evory clace of trelght carted, particularly in ores, coal, coke Other Income amounted to $\$ 354,245$, the ficrease of $\$ 85,021$, bells in re-
ceipts from hiro of equipment partially oftset by decreases in dividends on stooks owned and interest on loans ind deposital.
Deductions from licome were $51,276,133$, an lincrease of 3387,188 , chtefly due to the incrensed restduc avaliabic for distributton account of pront from of which amount is due the Laike Shore \& Mchizan Southern Ry. Co. Onalt The pront from operation after the payment of two dividends (10\%)
was $33,078.560$, from whith hiere bas been deducted for additions and bet
 570 for yards and sldings and 8535,793 on account of 1,000 ateet coke caris Ed.] An extra divident of 51250 per siare [25\%1 was decarared outo of the accumulated surplus. The revenses of the Phtsburgh Charticra \& Youghtocharges, The Mononsaiela RR, was able to pay its expenses, Interest on Its bonds and make neceessary Improvements.
On Jan. 18 the directors approved a pls
Tho amounth expended for adortions and betterments employces. yands and sidints, $\$ 536,222 ;$ for depots and bight of way 3291,681 : tor account of 1,000 compoitte steel rondoins, 5691,3889 . The equitment retred and credited to replacement fund inctuded. 12 locomotives. 7 . Dassenbetterments to equipment charged to replacement fund amounted to $\$ 794,-$
664, notably $\$ 710,920$ on account of 2,000 steel cars.)

1908.




| (1tumtnous coal ....... | 1011 | 1010 | 1909 | 1008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.508 | 181 | 12 | 7,911,266 |
|  |  |  | 5,73 | 3,07 |
| Stone, sind, \&c....... | 1,019,396 | 1,202.0 | 1,887,889 | ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | 4,435,156 | 4,807,704 | 3,820.005 | 3,260,038 |
|  | 88,413,477 | 22,822,085 | 77,693,592 | 37,356,268 |
| Frit enrns, por ton p.mite | 0.76a | 0.70 sets . | 0.729 | 0.706 |
|  | 1,159 |  |  | 8 |
| Tou loud (all) | 1,244 | 1.256 |  | 1,092 |
| Earns, per paser p. mile-Gross cerns. per mille... | 1.710 ct | 1.707 880 | 1.722 878 | 731 854.888 |
|  | InOOMS ACCOUNT. |  |  |  |
|  | 1011. | 1910 |  |  |
| Fretght,Passenger | 13.3 | 15, 011.437 |  |  |
|  | 1,320,074 | 1,584,8 | 1,337,8 | 1,165,684 |
| Malt, express, Cc , | 389.4 | 62 | 345 |  |
|  | 80.911 | 86,5 | 67, | 55,863 |
| Total oper. revenuc.xixpenses <br> Maint. of way \& sirue. Maint. of equipment. Traffic expenses. Transportatlon oxp. Gencral expenses. | 5,308,560 | 17,052.697 | .838,01 | . 382,6 |
|  | 1,698,465 | 1,077,5 | 496 | 574,007 |
|  | 78 | 1,520,3 | 331,357 | 965,376 |
|  | 683 | 184, |  | 132,897 |
|  | , 683.3 | . 281.5 | .188,159 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 956,834 | 46,0 | t9 | 372,668 |
|  | ,2,48 | 寿 | , | 1 |
|  | 2,351,726 | 0,106,631 | 19.748 | 2 |
| Deltelt, outside oper... | 3,8 | 5, | 4,818 |  |
| Net operattue rev. Taxes accrued | $7,347 \times 38$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Operatine Income Itire of equipment Interest on toans, \&c... | 6,900,4 | 8,779,62 | 8,214,288 | 4,804,038 |
|  | 174,650 | 209,224 | 247.423 | 78.7 |
| Gross corporate tnc.Deduct <br> entals leased lines. nterest on tionds. mprovem'ts \& equtpm't tre of equipment oint faciltics, rents, \&e. Dividends ( $10 \%$ ) | 7,374,693 | 0,078,852 | 8,461,711 | 883,3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 220,000 |  |
|  | 1,404,117 | 804,0 |  |  |
|  |  | 108,474 | 88,568 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 53,2,246 \\ 2,520,000 \end{array}$ | 2,100,000 | 11,149 $1,499.003$ | \%,758 |
| Total deductlons. <br> Balance, surplus. | 5,290,249 | 7,553,036 | 2,346,1 | 5-5,464 |
|  | 2.084,444 | 1,225,816 | 6.115,605 | 339,893 | Aiso $\$ 20$ extra divldend pald froru accumnlated surplus Feb. 11910

and $\$ 1250 \mathrm{Mch} .311011-3$ ee below. and ${ }^{\text {sio }}$
From
sio 84



 as sjown in balance sheet.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31 | 1911. | 1910. | Lamithes- | 1911. | 1910. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |

 | P. Mrokid Y add ns |
| :--- |
| x betterments | $\&$ betcerments-

A dancer to lesor
and other atad otherccos.-
stk, in Burdry cos.
 Other tavertuments.
Materal 4 supples
Cash Cash
Bits Biss recervable.
Tratrle bill reody Trame
Agents
sendidy Agents \& conduc. Other advances. .2 $1,127,2525$
 Total .......... $\overline{53,046,612} \overline{49,765,073}$ 8 mad sinee Jume 30 1007, $86,641,961$, and to equipment: Conitsts of expenditurer for addulions and betterments to road stace June so

 d. incmides additsons to toad, $81,697,856$, and 10 equipment, $51,121,347$,-v. 04 . D. 768,609 .

## Lake Erie \& Western Railroad.

(Report for Fiecal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
President William C. Brown, New York, says in substance:
 movement of hifh-class commoditios, while, on the other band, thore was a
substantlal increase In low-class traftlo. The passenger traln and other substantal increaso in low-class trarflo,
revenute showed a
The operating expenses decreased $\$ 1.472$. In the mainterance substantial decreases wero shown, while transportation expenses showed
 payrouls and also the higher cost of tuet. The net necrease of $832,786 \mathrm{in} \mathrm{re}$
newals of cquipment was mainly due to the targe number of old cars, unit for service, wilich wero destroyed.
Notes.-To meet the defetts of recent years and to provido funds for
necessary additions and betterments thls company had borrowed on .tts notes to Dec. 311910 the sum of 31 , i80,015. For the same purpose, and to provide a sutfecent worting fund to carry on lis bustiness, the company belng $31,679,075$, all due to the Lake Shore \& Michlgan Southern Ry. Co. Additons, de. The expendtures for additions and betterments changed
 and standardizing; 3.83 miles of matn track were renowed with $00-1 \mathrm{~b}$. rall 38.26 miles with $80-\mathrm{ib}$. rall: 22.04 miles with $75-\mathrm{lb}$, rall. Twelve new stwel bridges replaced wooden trestles, nve passenger stations wero con-
struoted or reconstructed, additional water-tank facilties were co shop taclittes at Sanduslo, otio, were remodeled, \&c. Extonsive repairs
were made to the inturlocking plants.

| OPERATING STATISTICS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| operations- | 1911 | 1010. | 1909. | 1908. |
| Mlles operated Dee. 31 | 838 |  |  | -89086 |
| Passengers carricd | 1,791,218 | 1,753,290 | \%1,668,019 | $1,620,297$ $48.909,725$ |
| Passengers one mere. mile. | 1.63 cts. | 1.57 ${ }^{\text {cts }}$ | 1.58 cts. | 1.58 cts . |
| Earns, per pass. tratnm. | ${ }^{50.77}$ | 30.76 | \$0.72 | \$0,68 |
| - Frolght (tons) carried. | 4,991,361 | 4,938,818 | 4,487,722 | 3,696,681 |
| - Fr't (tons) one mille. | 63,054,830 | 661,394,292 | 578,694.019 | 468,311.700 |
| Rate per ton per mitte. | 0.636 cts. | 0.650 cts . | 0.686 cts . | 0.715 cts. |
| Earns. per fr tr. mile.- | \$2.19 | 32.28 | 32.25 | 52.11 |
| Earns, per mille of road. | \$6, 118 | \$6.221 | \$5,692 | \$4,021 |
| Av. tr-load (rev.) tons. | 344.92 | 347.64 | 328.05 | 295.28 |

- Revenue frelight only.

| EARNINGS, CHARGES, \&C. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings- | 1211. | 1910. | 1000 | 1008 |
| Frelght | \$4,220,980 | \$4,339,196 | \$3,972,410 | \$3,347,580 |
| Passenger | 805,433 | 875,763 | 803,753 | 771,646 |
| Mall, express and miso | 267,289 | 262,395 | 236,580 | 210,483 |
| Other than transport'n. | 37,110 | 35,072 | 31,247 | 22,449 |
| Total oper. revenue. | \$5,420,821 | \$5,513,326 | \$5,043,990 | \$4,361,158 |
| Expenses - |  |  |  |  |
| Maint. way \& structures | \$841.728 | \$869.039 | \$769.087 | 3778.337 797790 |
| Maint, of equipment. | 906,600 153,598 | 1,032,747 | 981,127 | 797,790 132,409 |
| Traffic expenses. ${ }^{\text {Transportation }}$ | 2,164,413 | 2,076,035 | 1,843,506 | 1,818,657 |
| General expenses. | ${ }_{139}$ | 140.510 | 122,872 | 133.110 |
| Total expenses | 34,295,621 | \$4,297,093 | \$3,860,443 | \$3,660,393 |
| Per cent exp. to earns. | (79.24) | (77.94) | (76.54) | (83,83) |
| Net operating revenue.- | 1,125,200 | \$1,216,233 | $\$ 1,183,547$ $\mathbf{2 1 7}, 424$ | 3700,765 213,650 |
| Taxes accrued | 231,532 |  |  |  |
| Operating Inco | \$893,668 | \$991,751 | \$966.123 | \$487,115 |
| Fents, Interest, de | 119.471 | 108,063 | 100.504 | 101.833 |
| Gross corp. Income | \$1,013,139 | \$1,099,814 | \$1,066:627 | \$588,948 |
| Deduct - |  |  |  |  |
| Rentals leased line .... | \$132,517 |  | \$260,005 | 08 |
| Hire of equlp., rents, \&c. Int. on bonds, \&o...... | 233,302 | 244,808 | 555,086 | 561.538 |
| Other Interest. | 111,576 | 64,585 | 103,376 | 71,642 |
| Add'ns \& bettern'ts... |  | 136,764 | 56,065 |  |
| tal dedu | 31,025,363 | \$1,125.623 | \$975.522 | \$820.388 |
| Batance | det. 512,224 | det.325,809 | sur, \$91,105 | et.3240,440 |


| cta- | $1911 .$ | $1010 .$ | Liabilitita- | $1911 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1910 . \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Road ic equip't | 5,005,701 | 35,005,385 | Common stock. | 1,840,000 | 11,840,000 |
| Securitues owned. | 197,506 | 162,506 | Preferred atock . | 11,8i0,000 | 11,840,000 |
| Oth.physical prop. | 26,699 | 26,699 | Mortgage bonds, | 10,875,000 | 10,875,000 |
| Advances to con- |  |  | Equtp, tr, oblig' s | 63,354 | 145,252 |
| trolled, dc., cos. | 68,880 | 64,035 | Bils payable... | 1,679,075 | 1,180,015 |
| Cash | 650,144 | 562,772 | Vouchers \& wayes | 570,006 | 975,741 |
| Material esupples | 469,413 | 502,386 | Miscasce'ts pay'le. | 195.318 | 169.090 |
| Traffle and other ace'ts recelvable | 302,008 | 380,036 | Matured interest.-- Acor. taxes\&miso. | $\begin{aligned} & 275,075 \\ & 210,006 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 274,875 \\ & 213,587 \end{aligned}$ |
| Miscellaneotis .... | 22,487 | 14.429 | Add, to prop., inc. |  |  |
| Items in anspenso. | 80,821 | 78,463 | stace J'ne 30 . 07 | 193,728 | $103,728$ |
| Total | 7,723,659 | 37,607,611 | tal | 37,723,659 | 37,697,611 |

## a After deducting equipment replacement fund, $\$ 373,401,-\mathrm{V}, 04$, p. 826 .

## West Jersey \& Seashore RR.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
Pres. James McCrea, Camden, N. J., March 18 1912, wrote: Income.- The total operating revenues from the rall 1 nes show an increase
$\$ 265,004$, or $4.45 \%$, and the operating expenses $\$ 262,376$, or $5.70 \%$, due of $\$ 265,094$, or $4.45 \%$ and the operating expenses $\$ 262,376$, or $5.79 \%$, due
pringipally to tncreased wages and to the necessary provislon for the depreprincipally to tncreased waces and to the necessary provision for the depre-
elatlon of the electric Hne equipment. The taxes ahov a substantial In-
orease, but ther effect was neutrallzed by an Increase in rentals recelved (of $\$ 43,644$ and by a decrease in other payments of the company, so that
the net income for the year was $\$ 709,935$, a decrease of only $\$ 22,003$. After paying divldends of $6 \%$ on the spectal guaranteed stock and $5 \%$ on the common stock, there remained a balance or 3221,615 , which was transferred to the "rescrve or additions and
which should not be capttalized.
Funded Debt,-The Camden \& Atlantle RR, consols, $3650,0005 \%$ and \$349,000 $6 \%$, matured July 1.1911 and were refunded by the 1 ssuc of our $\mathrm{D} .1702,882)$, The $4 \%$ certlicate of Indebtedness due the Pen
RR . Co. matured July 1 1011 and was extended to July 11212 .
Improvements. The expenditures during the year for road and equipment aggregated serve for addtlons and betterments, approprlated out of Income of prevlous \%ears, $\$ 90,018$; charged to capltai account: Road, $\$ 37,086$; equlpment, \$330, 180. The captat accounts, howeyer, were reduced $\$ 557,942$ by the
application of credita for cquipment retired during the year, making a net application of credits
decrease of $\$ 82,058$.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COOUNT. } \\ & 1911 . \\ & \hline 256 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{1010 .} 353$ | ${ }^{1900 .}{ }_{356}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miles operated <br> Revenues- |  |  |  |
| passengers | 4.019.180 | 3,808,779 | 3,473,458 |
| Freight | 1,838,598 | $\begin{array}{r}1,798,006 \\ 375,988 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,585,731 \\ 362,245 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Miscella | 389,889 | 375,988 | 362,245 |
| Total | 6,247,667 | 5,981,673 | 5,421,434 |
| Expenses- ${ }_{\text {Eaintenance }}$ of way and st | 960,315 | 1,045,667 | 918,331 |
| Maintenance of equlpment. | 927,015 | 731.514 | 680,852 |
| Traffio ... .-........ | 152,225 | 179.696 | 146,302 |
| Transportatio | 2,629,203 | $\begin{array}{r}2,452,436 \\ 121,403 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,168,957 \\ 101.400 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| General | $124,334$ | 121.403 | 101.400 |
| Total | 4,793,092 | $4,530,716$ | 4,015,932 |
| Net operating reve | 1,454,575 | 1.450 .057 | 1,405,502 |
| Outside operations | det. 42,800 | der.65,975 | sur.22,626 |
| Taxes | 354,135 | 278.733 | 273.242 |
| Operating Income | 1,057,640 | 1,106,249 | 1,154,886 |
| Add miscellaneous. | 101,777 | 65,681 | 50,656 |
| Tot | 1,159,417 | 1,171,030 | 1,205,542 |
| Deduct- | 319,083 | 330,026 | 347,005 |
| Hire of equipment | 50,845 | 39,117 | 28,689 |
| Rental | 12,054 | 5,030 | 18.724 |
| Sinking fund | (5) $\begin{array}{r}68,554 \\ 482080\end{array}$ | (5) $\begin{array}{r}6482,080 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Dividends on common Dlv. special gu. stock |  | (5) 482,080 | 2) 433,872 |
| Div. special gu. stock Miscellaneous. | 6,240 | 6,240 1,325 | 6,240 2,650 |
| Extraordinary expenditures |  | 143,193 | 177,788 |
| Additions and betterments. | 221,615 | 100.000 | 100,000 |
| Total | 1,159,417 | 1,171,030 | 1,170,631 |
| Surplus. |  |  | 34,911 |

 cos. prop, ce. ace
Marketable

Marketable secur's Cash $\quad$ mvestments Agento \& conduoh Trattic, \&c., bals.
Miscellineotis.

Total
$\ldots . .21,366,22321,506,365$ Total .........21,366,223 21,506,365 a After deductlig reserve for accrued deprectation of equIpment, $\$ 188,-$
496 , and of road, $\$ 20,864$. $b$ Includes additions to property since , 1907, through meome, $\$ 641,953$; Invested in sinkicis and redemption funds,
$\$ 360,508$; car trust prinlepal charged out in advance, $\$ 20,125$; reserve for $\$ 360,508 ;$ car trust prinlepal charged out In advance.
additions and betterments, $\$ 221,997$. V. 94, p. 828 .

## Rutland Railroad.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
President William C. Brown, New York, says in substance: Resulis,-The total operating revenues were $\$ 3,416,713$, an increase of
$\$ 76,870$; frelght revenue increased $\$ 11,42 \%$, passenger revenue 364,057 , Other Income was 3104,946 , an increase of $\$ 47,706$, caused by change in nal mattor, which has been penuling slnce 1900.
Addutons, de:-There have been expended and ehargel to theome for
addllons and betterments $\$ 37,858$, moluding $\$ 25,631$ for now cars and $\$ 0,000$ for the net income of thls year, $\$ 339,300$ has been approprlated for
From improvements, consisting of new ralts, ballastlog, reconstruction of bridge masonrsack consater statlons, eltmination of crade orossines, etc track, new
 at Chatham, $\$ 37,365$ : two frolght tocomosives, $\$ 37,053$, ete. Two locomotives, 2 passenger cars and 61 other cars were withdrawn from service.
 Mui
Pas
Pas
Ra Pass
Pass
Rato
Tons
Tons

\section*{| 1 |
| :--- |
| 1 |
|  |}


| Earninos- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INCOME } \\ & 1911 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COUNT. } \\ & 1910 . \\ & \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | $1000 .$ | $1908 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frelght -... | 1,859.097 | 1,847,674 | 1,721,305 | 1,476,478 |
| Passenger | 1,165,204 | 1,101,147 | 1,043,562 | 972,118 |
| Mall, express \& miscell | 346,251 | 330,541 | 281,631 | 250,755 |
| Other than transport'n. | 46,161 | 60.472 | 55,034 | 55,853 |
| Total ope | 3,416,713 | 3,339.834 | 3,102,432 | 2.755.204 |
| Malnt, way de structures | 402,280 | 467,071 | 468,164 | 302,507 |
| Maint. of equipmont... | 522,876 | 482,669 | 459,687 | 361,526 |
| Traffic expenses | 87.525 | 80,408 | 79.099 | 69,933 |
| Transportation expenses | 1,372,148 | 1,247,706 | 1,124,892 | 1,088, 119 |
| General expenses | 83.288 | 77.712 | 70,003 | 69,682 |
| Total expenses | 2,468,117 | 2,356,250 | 2,201,845 | 1.081,767 |
| P. o. oper, exp, to earms. | (72.24) | (70.55) | (70.97) | (71.93) |
| Net operatlis revenue. | 948,596 | 983,578 | 900,587 | 773,437 |
| Taxes accrued | 124,037 | 121.022 | 114,306 | 08.976 |
| Operating Incom | 823,659 | 861,656 | 786,281 | 674,461 |
| Int., divs., rents, \& | 104,046 | 57.240 | 52,791 | 45.086 |
| Gross corporate | 928,605 | 918.896 | 839,072 | 720.447 |
| Rentals leased lines | 19,000 | 19.000 | 19,000 | 10.000 |
| Hito of cqulp. \& | 8,396 | cr. 13.071 | 8.303 | cr.7,287 |
| Tnterest on bonds | 478,535 | 480,358 | 484,183 | 489.785 |
| Other Interest | 23,060 | 19,597 | 23,581 | 26,463 |
| Improv'ts and equipm't | 277,158 | 291.029 | 204,005 | 20,987 |
| Equip. sinking fund. | 100.000 | 100.000 | 100,000 | 100.000 |
| Total đeductions | 006,149 | 896.918 | 839,072 | 648,048 |
| Balance. surplus. | 22,456 | 21,983 |  | 71,499 |

Balance, surplus.....



468 Ops
less
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Ton
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CONSOL
 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Cash on hand, } k c, & 1,048,380 & 1,608,380 & \text { Preferred stock, } & 9,057,600 & 0,057,600\end{array}$ Mat' \& supples. Loans \& billa rećte. Siaking funds Agents focoda'... Sundry collectible
account mecounts ....... Total. cous ...... Total ......... $\overline{23,568,776} \overline{23,324,200}$ Preferred stock, o
Bonds (sec Ry, \&
Ind." section).

- After deducting $\$ 148,360$ for adjustment of sundry accounts prior to
1911.-V, 94, D. 68 .


## Washington (D. O.) Railway \& Electric Oo.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
President Clarence P. King, Washington, D. C., March 1, wrote in substance:
Income:-The operations of all compantes show an Increase in gross come decreased $\$ 7,159$ and fixed charges increased $\$ 30,754$, resulting in surplus Income of $\$ 350,208$. an increase of $\$ 136,264$,
Of the surplus income. $\$ 555.000$ was distributed Of the surplus income, $\$ 555,000$ Was distributed as diyldends on our $\$ 183,479$ Was appHed to the needs of the several compantes as follows: Sinidig fund Pot. E1. P, Co., $\$ 77,300$ (Invested in our $4 \%$ consols, making
total sinking fund investment $\$ 234,153$, and loss on their second-hand total sinking fund Investment $\$ 234,153$ ), and loss on their second-hand
equipment, $\$ 10,709$; depreclation on rallways, $\$ 60,000$; removal of abanequipment, $\$ 10,709$ depreciation on raunways, $\$ 60,00 ;$ park, $\$ 7,425$.
doned tracks, $\$ 28,046 ;$ charged off, account Glen Echo (Beginning with Mareh 11912 the dividends on the $\$ 6.500,000$ common stock were made $1 \%$ quarterly, contrasting with
Dec, 1009 to Deq. 1911.] Tho rallway compantes carried $81,309,540$ passengers, of whleh 20,095,202 were free transfers. Average fare, 4.316 ets. per pay pansenger carrica,
3.164 ets, per passonger carried, Including transfers. On Dec. 31111 the
Poter Potomac E1. P. Co. had 16,212 customers, an Increase for the year or $2,721$. double-tracking of the 11 tha St. Hne on Nichots Ave. (Anacostla) to the
terminus at Congress Helhts, 1 . 39 miles: tho balance of the cost of the
extension of the North Capltol extenslon of the North Caplol St. Ine to Brooldand, purchase of real estate,
Investment In Glen Eeho Park, \&c., total, $\$ 130.516$, tess credits from re-
trement of cars, abandonment of tracks, \&ec, 8125,602; net charge of the
rallway companles to constructlon account, s4,834. Thic oxpenditures by
 amounted to (net \$423, 151.0 Power Co. Issued 5450,000 additional
Bonds.-The Potomac Eleo, Po


 1,171 motors; shops adequately equipped; elght car houses.
Thi Potomac El. Power Co. owns and operates two power plants, viz . (a) On the Anacostia Rtver, it Benning Road, D, C. modern, fre-proof
 An order has been placed for an adodtional 12,000 hip, turbo-generator
at the Bemning plant, replacing is $2,700 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{p}$, turbo-cencrator, therehy cressing the capaclty $0,300 \mathrm{~h}$, p. and maldng an aggrecrate capaclly of both General. The Potomac Ei, Power Co, has enlarged its sub-stations,
Installod additionat conduits, underground cables, overhesd incs, exc. thus providing for the muntopal and publo demands for electifo lighting operated by Georgo Weems Wlliams as recelver sitice April militil. Scen Nov. 121011 through cars have been operated on the 1 th St. He to Con-
gress Helghts and simeo De. 1911 fromatil polnts on the Brightwood and Eresest Glen Hinces to the wharcy In Washington.
An order has been piacod for 50 fourten-beneh open cars. Other exINOOME ACCOUNT OF ENTIRE SYSTEM FOR OALENDAR YEARS.




 Tho vet income of the whole sistem in 191 as shown aboye was 8850,908 .
of this, $\$ 204,677$ was applited drectly by the subsidisry companles witiouit passing through the promit and loss account of the Wahtiniston Ry. © Elec-
tric Co, leaving. after payment of dividends Wy Washineton Ry, \& Elec. Co. 301,231, dedueting 556,318 for deprectation ln equipment retired or

 Potomac Electirc
Power Co. Dan.
Invests. In real nest. do Sundry secur.




## Total.

$\stackrel{\text { Total }}{\text { Nole. }}$

Note The tiin | 1011 | 1910. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 |
| 182,972 | $28,259,491$ |
| 855,629 | 855,21 |
|  | 100,050 |

the fiands ot the pubicis in the treagury, there beting 89,391,400 of these bonds in The total finded debt of the syitem. Incl. the debt of the controlled ens. $(811.078$


## Washington Baltimore \& Annapolis Electric RR.

(Report for Nine Months Ending Dec. 31 1911.)
The "Battimore Torminal Co." Incorporated in Maryland June 51905 name and tncreased and re-classified its capltal stock in accordance with

SUMMAR Y OF OPERATIONS FOR NINE MONTHS END, DEO, 31 '11.


Net operating revenue, .. 3293,043 Net income .............. $\$ 95,655$ Passengers oarried, 1,239,333, Car mlles: (a) Passenger, tracks owned,
805,$105 ;$ other tracks, 203,$572 ;$ total, 1,408,077; (b) frolght, 04,879 (e) Bervice, 16,785. Total of all, 1,530,34;",

## BALANOE SHEET DEC, 311911.


 Cash .................... 105,057 Vouchers, Ace. ...........in) - $6,000,005$
 Other current thease $(8250,000)$
Miscellaneous

7,977 Other cle cm

$8,0,03$
5,035
Reserves.
Proit and accrued....
Cars: ( $a$ ) Electetcally coul 120.0
 W. B, \&A. El, RR, Co., single track, 5i.p50; milles; second tracke, 33.570
 Total oocrated, 111.020 mioks. 6.97 miles, and second track, 6.07 miles.
DIrectors: President, George T, Bishop, and Vice-Pres, F,
 Batimore: Treasurer, George A. Cralk. Toledo; F. F. Graves, Cloveland
and George R. Sheldon. New York.-V.

## Philadelphia Electric Company.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
President Joseph B. MeCall April 10 wrote in substance:罧Detapare County Electric Co.-The results for the year (shown below) do stock or which was purchased durligtric 100. (V. 92, D. 1035), the capital
nald company exced the nxed chinerzes. smportant Contracts, Contracts baye been closed by compantes whose papttal stock we own with the Pulladelphata Bapld Traysit Co. For tho supe
ply of current for une la connection with thelr system, both In Phitadelpha and adjacent thereto, and in Delaware County and chester. A portion of
 aterm of 10 years, These contracts wili very greauly add to the developConstruction Account.-Addition for the year aggregated $\$ 2,111,808, v \mathrm{vz}$;

Antial Enderground. .............
 $\$ 243,296$
144.019
251,999 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Meters, are lamps, \&c........ } & 639,465 \\ 160,190\end{array}$
Insurance Fund. - Thts account, which is not tnctuded in the figures of
the report, contains $\$ 461,481$ in cash Rates. Followlig our Dolicy, reductions were made Jan. 11912 in the bounded by Lombard and Callowhili streets to consumers in the distrtet till rivers: and in the mintmum for residence lighting from 8462 to $\$ 8$ a
month; aid more tavorable rates to churches, hospitals and month; and more favorable rates to churches, hospitals and charitabie in-
situtions throughout the clty. It is hoped that these reductlons, which ampunt to about $\$ 200.000$ a year, will be made up by Increased business A reduction was also made to the olty in the prico of street lighting for
1912 , amountling to $\$ 53,000$ on the lamps erected Jan. 11012 . RESULTS FOR CALENDAR YEARS.
$\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { No. of consumers Dec, } 31 & 1011,720 & 1910, & 1909, & 1908, \\ \text { Connected load Dec. 31 } & 30,726 & 31,783 & 27,818 & 24,868\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { ( } 50 \text { watt equivalent) }- & a 2,430,055 & 2,178,467 & 1,926,171 & \text { (7) } \\ \text { Gross income, all coil... } \$ 0,425,590 & \$ 5,946,026 & \$ 5,480,003 & \$ 5,244,964\end{array}$ Oper, exp., taxes, fixed
charges ind deprect
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { charges and deprec'n- } \$ 5,021,849 & \$ 4,729,647 & \$ 4,287,642 & \$ 4,285,301 \\ \text { Dlv. (on amt, pald } 1 \mathrm{~m}) & -(6 \%) 899,724 & (6) 877,237 & (6) 809,780(53) 71,069\end{array}$
 ${ }^{*}$ Also extra stock dividend of $\$ 150$ per share pald Mch. 151910 . calling the Phild. Rapid. Transit Co, and other compantes, amounting to $10,000 \mathrm{k}$. F BALANCE BHERT DEC. 31.

> 路

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5
$$ 5utiz Advanced sub.cos for construelon. 1

Phlla, Elec. pold 4 .
Acota, recelyable Supptes
Suvinced Advanced pay'm'ts
Miscellaneous
Totu




## United States Smelting, Refining \& Mining Co., Boston.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)Pres. Wm. G. Sharp, March 20 1912, wrote in substance:



 metal contents were $38 \%$ copper, $6 \%$ icad, $35 \%$ sillyer and $21 \%$ vold. the
Convoltaterd Bazanca shes- Tice Consoffduted Batance shet -The charzes to capltal necount for oonstruc-
toon and other addations to property il 1911 by the company and Its sub-

 Habultes and assels. The excess of current assets, Itmeluding finventorics
 aenerat- The charges to caplital account ( $82,402,078$, Include the cost
of acqutring the Gold Road Mine. 24 mules north of Kingman, Arls : also the construction and development expendtures at the properties of the
Needles Co. In Arizons and Caltormls, the completlon of construt the Mextcan propertles, and of the increased capacty at the Chrome rehacery, all reforred to in the last report. All other construction and tmThe deduction th the consoldated earnings statement of stitis. provided out of earnlagg for deprechation, tmprovement and bette.6enent the ncoumulated deprectatlon funds of the comblned compants be noted that on Dee, 31 to $\$ 2,820,352$, are in additlon to the tmpoupement and better-
ment reserves to which construction expenditures have been chared

Statement by Managing Director A. F. Holden, Boston, March 20. The ore rescrves werg matmtalned and an unusunt amount or prospectmgs
was done aud tmportant developments were made. Thi Rlehmond-
 rebuilt. A new corporation has taken over the railload and the track is belng relaid. The Ntagara Mintay \& Smelting Co. In which your company
held a majorlty titerest, was rcorganized and operations will be resumed.

Report of Fred Lyon, V.-Pres., in Charge of Operation, March 20 (a) Shiprnents of tead ore from the mines at Btogham, Utah, amounted to than was extrncted outlook extremey favorabic. (o) In the Centennialmore ore than was extracted, ilthough production was heavy illdied tong). Deiftias on the 2,000-foot level, or below the water level.
 continued in what fooks llie promising territory Exploration work is belng midvaie ran steadlly, (e) Anre amount of development work and dat mondrinng was dome by the Mammoth Copper Minine Co., whit the most gratirying resuits, The ore doveloped almost equals the 270,331 tons
extracted. The grade of the newly developed ore is somewhat hicher tha the averate of the old rescrve. The mine never promised better, The
new sdtt tumnel No. 5 has reached a length of about 3.200 ft. : to ts to be the matn haulage tunnel. The smelter operated thee furnaces steadily
and successfully. if The ortitnal Quartz Hill minc

 stamp mill. The managernent was taken over in duly. Tho comlar yor wrasseliliead rennerysed earntnes the effectes of improvements. if The copper rechnery the production of copper was somonwhat areater than in 1910 . CaL, was run litermitrently, as also was the concentrator. at Neeates. of oro was not suffictent for sicady operation. The ores treated orlgunpled matnly in the mines of the Necdes sinting $\&$ Smetting Co, ftself. The costs, however wero high and the pronts rather low, In the Tennessee mine the The tonnage fm sloht ss not large but is belng steadily added to, and we expect that durtry 1812 the mine will jotn our activo producers,
Real del Monte $V$ Pactuca Afines in Mexico.-The power service normat durfag tot nnd largo tonnages of inting oro were opened up. rased from 600 tons per day to 1,200 tons per day. It is contemplated to continue vigorously the further development of the mines, also considerable
exploration work. The revolution has not interefered with operatlons.

EARNINGS AND OPERATIONS OF ALL COMPANIES FOR YEAR (inct, custom ores.)

 copper, io
Lead ib
Silver. oz
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Net earnss. after repalirs } & \begin{array}{ll}\$ 3,261,103 \\ \text { Deprec. \& } & \text { reserve funds } \\ 1.26,620\end{array}\end{array}$ Admin. \&oregar experis
Int. U. S. Minlog debs.
Proht for year -....
DIVs. .on minorty stock


Balance, surplus.


32.840 .113
$\qquad$
2.840 .413
 0.0428
0.38815 1910.
$33,038,041$
1.067069

$\begin{array}{ll}0.04478 & 0.13006 \\ 0.34203 & 0.05297 \\ 0.51060\end{array}$
 4.5810 $\begin{array}{r}10,40 \\ 10.40 \\ 10.000 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}193,53 \\ 31 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r}311,631 \\ 175,978 \\ 30,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$

- $\begin{array}{rlll} & 835.744 & \$ 79.665 & \$ 727.526 \\ \$ 607,163\end{array}$ Covsomidivad bait
$\begin{array}{cc}1915 & 1010 . \\ 8 \\ 0.8582 & 41.574 .801\end{array}$
Anscts-
Cort
nt shares Deld for cexof other cos
Def, chise to oper. Ores and matte. tetabar tn transit not in process.
Noter recelvatit
coets. rocelvathe Noter recelvatile
Acocts. realvatle
Cajh Cash .
Total.

- Miscellaneous Untilitles in 1911 incluce dratts in transit. 8206, 369: reaerve for



## Pittsburgh Coal Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.) Chairman M. H. Taylor, Pittsburgh, Mch. 12, wrote: Tonnage.-The total tonnage produced and handled was $10.020,675$ net


 vernings, after deduction for royalty. depreciation on plants and equip ments 3nd interest on 1st M. onds, were $31,391,337$, a decrease of 3573,513, or $20.18 \%$. The net earnings were about $5.14 \%$ on the pret stock out-
standing. The docrease in vorss pronts and not carnings ps due to mn th-
 of a tess toanage, the cxpense Imposed under tho revised State mintig lass
nit the charge to operating durnic the year of betterment expenditures whion under forcoer practloe would have been debited to renewal account. Trade Conditions. - The tonnaze moved better represented the demand or and selung vaiuc or the prot of the preceding year when mintire suspenslon in other nelds moduly favored both tominage and price. Aithough mild weather for the flrst quarter, aud the tighter down raltroad ore movement throuphout the scason, decreased the tonnage volume. and greater competis belleved the Wliconsin Co. has made some advancement in the Northwest and that lts outlook for future business has been mproved. Count the net carnings for the year and chargitg the 4 dividends of 1 ac cacedit Deo, 31 1911 was $\$ 8,481,541$ (an liccraase ot sj8, 247 over 1910) There has been no readjustment In the values of any of the assets sustatmfug thls credit. and they are belleved to represent A preater worth than they Working Capital:-The wortitng capleal at Dee. 3111011 was $34,306,404$. a net Increase of $\$ 865,421$ over 1910 , chtifify accounted for by the unexpended banance of the deprecation rcal eve coar Co. located as Ashland and Manitowoc. Wls. and of the interest owned in Canadian Northern Coal
Ore Dock Co. at Port Arthur, Ont. from which sales fulf, cost was reallized. Such increase was after thic necessary payments.
Payment subsid. co, bonds $\$ 101,239$ Bonds and stocks bought. $\$ 143.026$ Payment car tust notes.
Pation
Payment purchaso money
ancrat pottion.-The company has greatly strengthened its anancial Financtat Position. The company us iteaty strengthened is anancia and certalin reduction of axed charges for a less and an uncertain carntig from coke productionat Estato.-The decrease of $\$ 7,829,929$ in coal lands and real estate account comes as follows:
Received account net proceeds from salc of Colontal colsing trnet

 Punt and Equipment.- The capital Investment in plant nad equipment
has been decreated $\$ 1.615,351$, chicely throufh sale of Improvements upon has Colonlal cotifoy tract, dock equipment of Central Coal $\&$ Dock Co at Ahtiand and Mantowoo. on Dock No. A at Superior, Wls, and usual do-
prectsilon, less deblts to account for expenditures made during the year prectstion, tess debits to account iovexpenstructon amounting tosze.042. sulty guarantee the return of
 bas been determsined that forthcr theresse in suca nestiza, 181 betterment expenditure prevtously reforred to has beco charged to operating expense. Mning Dopartment. The 85 mlotns plants owned Jan. 1.1911 were: In
In
 to others, 7; exhausted This nctive mines durlig the scar was equivalent

 of the annual possible productir eapacty previously reported.
Pitusuroh Coat Dock E Wharf Cop-The new dock ant Duluth was put in coummisslon at the openims or the past Lake serson It total cost to date
 No expenditures excenting for complotlon of already authorized work aro
contemplated for the presont year. The sate or the canalian Northern Coal \& Ore Dock Co. bonds, nu of Which. Pltsivurgh Coal Dook \& Whart Co. Donds of 1909, required tho appilcation of the proceeds or such coltateral bonds towards the retirement
of such lssue under the terms of the mortikaze, leaving outstanding then

 Canadian Northerm Cond \& Ore Dook Co. Gonds and

Further provision of funds is necessary to complete Dock No. 7. Dulath,
Minn. reconstruct Dock No. 5, Superlor, Wls, and for other like purposes: To retire the outstanding bonds, replace worklne capital ndyaneed and make proviston of addttonal tunds, It lo advlsable that a nev 1 st M., rest
Ing upon the dook propertles held, stould bo created and bonds be issued and a plan to accompilsh this 18 now belnis considered by the tirectors. Coking Coal Tract Sate- The coldng coal terittory owned and held in the name of the Cotonia Coke Co. Agycegating less uian 3 ,oot acres or measured adopted June 8 1011, for 31,450 per acre, Inctuding tmprovements, effective
Inly 1011 , the consideration belng bonds of that company having a first itive guarantecd as to prinelpal and Interest by the U, S. Steet corporation. me exact acreare and bit the fatter we in excess of $310.000,000$. There have been recelved on accoumt of this conslderation $89,501,000$, bonds or the procceds appled to the purchase and panceltaton of 88.600 .000 sit M. bonds st 110 . ownership in the shares of this company hins been tnorensed durthe the year by the acquistion of 148,828 shares of pret, and 75,248 shares of common
 600,000 shares outstanding, Payment for the pref, sharcs was mide in
20 -year debenture bonds ot the Pitsburgh Coal Co. ot Pal, dated July 1 20-1, bearing $5 \%$ Interest, frec of State tax and exchanged at par for the
 ment for the common shares was mado by an exchange of treasury common ahared of the Pittsb. Coas co. or N. J. At the par value of each. Thls action
Was taken ln order to protect the large livestment prevlously made and in
 by an Increase In demand. due to scabonablo weather, uncertalnty as to the date and termis of the rencwal or the present wage acate contract whth Steel Industry: but prices so far biave not adyanced. Net results will be mateflaly helped by lower laterest oliarges. Based on the net earnings of 1011 under tis adverse condtisns ored RESULTS TOR YEAR ENDING DEC, 31, INCI SURSIDIARY CO'S




 Depletion of coal lands.- $\$ 606.181$ Net profits..... Incerest on bonds did. $5 \%$ $\begin{array}{r}\$ 2.480,738 \\ 1.088,791 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $53,021,489$ |
| :--- |
| $1,056,038$ |

| $\$ 1,832,556$ |
| :--- |
| $1,012.458$ | $\$ 1,508,513$

$1,042,707$
 Lesnextraior'd adjustm'ts $\qquad$ Totat surplua Dec, 31- $\$ 8,481,541 \quad \$ 8,443,103 ~ \$ 7,831,333 \quad \$ 7,021,235$ .Productlon Includes sundry purchases from other producors and coal CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31. (Plusburgh Coal Co, and Subordtary Compantes.) Asseti-
 $\begin{array}{cc}1,870,003 & 81,270,038\end{array}$ Common stiok stooks $\&$ bonds 1
stin Cash with truster
Penston fund til vertiments Merenanatse
Accounts and bilis Cash cash realyb. $\rightarrow 8$, $5,147,243 \quad 4,673.248$ Total … $\overline{102,757,307} \overline{107,360,519}$
 I Propertles owned Dee. 31 1911, conststing of coal lands, mine plants
 $\$ 665,731$. $-v$

## Lehigh Coal \& Navigation Co.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
Pres. W. A. Lathrop, Phila., Feb. 6 1912, wrote in brief:
Stock. -The capital stook, which Dco, 314910 amounted to 32.172 .80
(including 825.000 beld in the treasury), was Increascd to 826.587 .650 by action of tho board of manayera Jan. 33111 , ns nemitomed in the last $\$ 26,557.050$ by the $10 \%$ stook aliotment at par, which was pald tor between May 15 and May $271011(V, 02$, op 265). The amount thus recetved pro-
vided in part funds necessary for the payment at maturty, June 1 1011, of
 matured. Tnctading 34.000 held to redeem scrip of sald loan amounting to 3, 750 , dind were pald at that thme from funds reallzed tin part from the $105 \%$
stock allotment.
 May due 184, and 11024 wero executed and placed in the treasury trust 4 5\% 10 -year zold power bonds due Dec. 1 1921, ccoured by a depostt of s1,000,000 Lealga Cosi \& Naylgation Co. gen, mitge, bonds and $\$ 3,000$.-
 bonds were sold on favorable terms, the coopany recelving payment therements. 2 1912. This ssuc was miad to proviac or tho mancia repure-
 the crection of a larye steam plant for the generaton of electical encrey.

 near the north end of the tunnel, at Hanto. Pa, westhueleasy rach of a large industral territory in eastera pennsylvania and Now Jorsey. The tuel. Tho plant is so detitned that other units may be symanctrically



 Azaing thts was' a ruil years intecrest on the collateral tust $43 / 5$ loan loann sinking Sinting Fund.-The securtites nud cash sct apart in the coai during 1011 was derved entroly from tacome upon meestments. The
fund tias now reached such proporthons that, with the acoretlons due to the

 dircot from fincome are no louser desirable.
Coal Mining Dept.-Coal tonnage from lands owaed and controlled:

 Total commerclal coal........ $\overline{4,001,007} \overline{3,840,855} \overline{3,187,070} \overline{3,116,645}$ In addition there was consumed for power and other purpases at the
mfnca 514,859 tous, making the totat production from all sources $4.515,906$ tons. Ryainst 4. 2588,0338 gross tons in 1910

cain of $2.844,006$ tons over the preylous cecord year of 1007. While the
 the year, and the headimgs were sucgessfuly conncoted on Fcb, 511212,
and the tunnel is now taklim the dramage of Nosquehonine colicery from Fo. 2 shatt to daylleht, near the junction of the Nesquetronlug Oreek with ere compicted durne the year for onoming a new collery of farge
 which wim be roown as Summit colucry, Will hecth shthatents durng 1013, It 8 mpoposed to extend the Laissinnc Tumnel about 7,400 feet farther tor thic purpase of draining the underarount workthys of this
will be tapped at a deptit of atout $6: 3$ fect betow the gurface.
Canat.-Tho Delaware Divlsfon Canat was opened for pavigetion March is
1911 and the Lehtgh Canal sharch 29 1011 Both canals were olosed Nov. 30 1911. Heavy rains and consequent freshets durine Jume and Ahenst caused a complete suspenston of boating on the telileit Canal for nearly a
month. Notvithstandmethis loss, thero wcre moved durtne the season of
 of whith 323,808 gross tons verc anthracte coal. The net revenuc of both canals In
264 im 1010, an Increase of $\$ 10,634$.
 The eross recepts of the Johein' $\&$ Susquehanna RR. and branchics show a net morease of 3200,287 , as compare with 1910 , but tils dcos not inrease tae real contra by tho company.
Drlenstons:- Constructlon worte upon the extension of the Lehtgh \& New
England RR. from Danlelsville, Pa, to Tamaqua, Pa. (at which polnt conncetion will be made with the Painther Creek RR, of the whon poim pany). was begun In February 1911 and and It isexpected that the now line
will be ready for operation eniry in the summer of 1912 .

|  | 1011. | 1910. | 1000. | 1908 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger and mal | 487,224 |  | (10,389 |  |
| elght and express | 3,688,872 | - | \%,280 |  |
|  | 0,305 180 | 5,030,2 | 4.763,4 | 5,134,350 |
| Total ...... | 0,481,282 | -9,280,095 | 8,682,352 | 8,387,444 |
| ontal, | 3,160,427 | 3,093,065 | 2.804:117 | 2,795.815 |
| LEEIGH COAL \& NAV. CO. EARNS., EXXPENSISS AND OHARGES, <br> 1011. 1910. 1000. 1908. |  |  |  |  |
| Raitroads C:mal and water power tehtelf coal lande. Miscellancous | 287, 14 | 2,285, 253 | 2,278,055 | 2,309,273 |
|  | , |  | loss 18,904 |  |
|  | 2.023,357 | 1,608, | 1.227,656 | , 613,208 |
|  | 101,321 | 138.72 | 167,736 | 243,670 |
| Totat <br> Intorest <br> Rentals, taxes, \&o | 4,53, 793 | 14 | 65 | 127,986 |
|  | 861,362 | 897,3 | 884 |  |
|  | 570,061 | 520,0 | 429. | 51 |
| Balance $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bidende } \\ & \text { Dividend }\end{aligned}$ | $1,440,423$ $3,094,370$ | $\frac{1,417,409}{2,427,112}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,344,32 \\ & 2,340,22 \end{aligned}$ | $1,396,155$ <br> $2,731.781$ |
|  | $3,094,3$ $2,028,19$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1,066,174 |  |  | 1,274,133 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| cla |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,001,007 | 3,849,855 | 3,187,970 | 5 |
| ad, see foot-note b |  |  |  |  |

## - As to spectal serlp diyldend, sec foot-note betow.

BALANOE SHEET JAN, 1

| Lechtgh \& Susq. RR. | 1912 $16.005,304$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1011 ; \\ & 10,005,312 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1910,770 \\ 15,022,770 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ 15,082,849 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tenigh Nave costupptag |  |  | 7 |  |
| Coal Ima |  | 4,801,232 |  |  |
| Panth. Crk. RR, \&e $\mathrm{cq}^{\text {a }}$. | 8,977. | 6.484,548 | 9,944,404 |  |
| Lansford shops d cqulp. | 401, | 9 |  |  |
| Produtive work |  | 648,610 | \%8,9\% |  |
| nited prop ty |  |  |  |  |
| Canal tomartioe | 64 |  | ${ }^{\text {1.23, }}$ |  |
| rratani |  | 833,876 | 545,830 | 169,053 |
| nitices ow | ,00 |  |  |  |
| insuranco tund | 371, | 7.352, 35 | 362:080 | 32 |
| Cash on mand | 614, | 1,502 | 1,050,718 | 20 |
| Adv. mado tos sub | 736, | 857 |  |  |
| Acooumseccel | 974,3 | 1.806 | 1,3 | ,320,075 |
| Mrtce. ground rents aniu | 01 |  |  |  |
| Coadgments | 13,660 | 17.160 |  |  |
| Prep'a ins, det.acots. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 203.7 | 230, | ${ }_{204.488}$ |  |
| Total | 50,002,280 | 40,325.74 | 46,813,88 | ,269,0 |
| Lab |  |  |  |  |
| Capltal stook Spectal serin dividend Bonds(see "Ry.cindus- | 26,857,050 | 24,146,950 | $\begin{array}{r} 21,003,750 \\ 3,150,412 \end{array}$ | 19,113,0 |
| tral Section) | 18,425,333 | .015,083 | 178,033 | 3 |
| Bills payable. |  |  |  |  |
| Unpald vouch, \& pay-rolls | 903.7 | 1,157,340 |  | 926,250 |
| Acerued taxes | 60 | 89.38 | 2,257 | 02 |
| Insurance | 371,060 | 354:512 |  |  |
| Coal lands sinling rund- | 1,031,131 | 087.743 | 767 , | ${ }_{686.1}$ |
| due and uncollcoted | 140 | 140.806 |  |  |
| Acorued int, on bond |  |  |  |  |
| ront | 21,514,771 | 1.010.605 | -740,203 | 204 |
| Total |  | ,325.741 | 46,813,882 |  |

[^6]
## Consolidation Coal Co., Baltimore, Md.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1011.)
Pres. J. H. Wheelwright, Balt., March 20, wrote in subst.

 days, ubon the completion of The Sandy Vallat $\&$ Elthorn Hiv The ofic shoments in Ausust next, upon the comppietion of thic Loalsvile \& Nashlville RR, sextonslon into this neld.
houses are under construetton have been completed and 800 sddtionat and central power plant, ofricitbumbith than of Jenking has been established and a rescrvoir holding $50,000,000$ sallons of water, are constructed or in
 \& Tho enstern portion of thls property will be served by The Sandy Valley
 havine bult 2,000 all-steel 100,000 -1b. canscly cars, and will order addt-



 necessary to thle care of your mines on the Keyments and equipment
 are even more favorable than we amtelpated, and sampling and tests war-
rant the conclusions that for hyoprofuct, ifuminnine rant the concluslons that for hy-proftrct, Huminating and fuel gas thecoal
excceds in quallty and coonomy of consumption any known conl neld in General Resule
during the produced by the comphay decreased $1,188,730$ uns . Sitioe Jen. 11922
 RESULTS FOR YEAR ENDING DEC, 31 (INCL. SUBSIDIARIES)

| Coal mined. |  | 9,370,633 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coko manutactured-e. Coal mined by feses. | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 13,750 \\ 473,008 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | 90.692 521.858 |  | 37.91 506,570 |
| ning |  |  |  |  |
| Ls |  | 0,180.013 | 10,23, 7,087 | 0,682,301 |
| c. minling |  | 251 |  |  |
| Deprec. misc, cquipm't. | 78 | 59,607 | 68,401 | 73, $2 \times 2$ |
|  | 8,708,278 | 0,407,030 | 7,110.705 | 6,084,279 |
| Net carnings. Int. © divs. on see owned | 2,652,415 | 215,226 107,848 | 277, |  |
| Total lico | 2,088,886 | 3,213,074 | 3,081.107 | 3,086.414 |
| t. on Cons, Cont bond |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 650.376 | 650,610 | 3, 35 |
|  | 153.618 |  | 10,509 | ${ }^{67}$ |
| Sinkes ravesub, cos. bonds- | 22, 2104 | 19, 2178 | 109 |  |
| Tnerest and exchango... | 22,437 | 5,968 | 37 | , |
| Insurance | 41,803 | 29,306 | 25,140 | 8, 8 , 0.029 |
|  | 72,343 | 234,180 | 197,3 | 168 |
| Cash d | ,201,013 | ,141,562 | 08 | .060,000 |
| Totar deduction |  | 2,842,050 | 509.121 | 2 |
| Balance, surplut ........ | 182,323 | 571,024 | 482,076 | 482,002 |

$\frac{a}{a} 18000 \%$ stook dividend calling for $\$ 0,150,000$ pald sfarch 1909 from
 mont Coas Co, stock.
in 1911 and instrince 83 lvanta RR, deprectation amounting to 8108,230 ance with Inter-state Commerce Commlenfon olassibioation,

COMBINED GENERAL BALANEE SHELT DECHMBER 31.
Araces-
$\qquad$ 191.

Adv. paym'ts ant ,255,105 37,808,000


other inysimmen
Coal and coke



and alvs. diso
BDeclat depestio io
cover rovallicr io
specal deposita for
62,223
spectal depostia or
ERE tiora mprov.
185,100
358,371


Total …2.....59,036.400 $\overline{48,086,705}$ Total .

## 1......

 plants and equipment, sil,000,807, tead recve for depreciation, $83,360,995$, bath



 retired Jume 1 104, sso,000: tota, $81,230,802$, cominon atock, 2700 stares Nortuverten Metrodolitan coal Co. common stock.--i. p.

## Southern Iron \& Steel Co.

## (Reporl for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)

Cecil A. Grenfell, Chairman Executive Committee, on Feb, 15 1912, said in substance:
Resulls.-The year has been a difilfeut one for tron and steel cos, the

 its make of ple tron at Alabama Crty: the sumplus has been sold at a los\%.

The total denct for the year was $\$ 140,384$, almost entirely due to the
same adverse causes as memtoned for 1910 (V. 93, p. 1666 . On the stcel mame adverse causes as mentoned for 1010 CV. 93 , D. 1666, On the stcel


 operations, Includar the Georsia Company, was $\$ 234,000$ oo the the resulf hor the year 19n are certamyes when the there not the sughtest doubt that even at prosent prices, when the plants arc
completed ani rounded out, they can be made prontable when operated up to their destgned capactity

## ctual Deliveries) in Tons. 1011 11.382

Pig tron
Bilets BMets
Platin wire Galvanized wire.
Barbed wire Barbed wire
Freld fence
 interest and sinkfigt tund on 8897.000 irst Mtge, $5 \%$ bonds. Owing also to the low price of ple fron, we were not able to operate the Chattafortcommercial sale. The latter propertles are subject to $\$ 592,000 ~ 6 \%$
 tautts, on the bonds of both sald companles was approved by the reorganlza-
tion committee. The JoInt committee on Oct. 111911 Issucd a plan (V, 93, . 1026 to re-
onvanize the Southern Iron $\&$ Steel Co, through a merger with the Alabama Consolldated Co. An undervirings arreement has also been prepared under which Harvey Fsk a en that the money required to eifect thls consubscribers. At thercore be otbalined as almost the whole of it will be represented by inquid assets, nev worlang capital or improvements, There whill be able to enlarze its proilts. will
SOUTHERN IRON \& STEEL CO GONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS
ACCOUNT FOR YEARS ENDING DEC. 31 IT 1011. 1010.
 Spee. oper. charga, a162,509

| Lose -ihar |
| :--- | :--- |


 cost nojustment, s18, 092 , balanes, $\$ 162,390$
0 Includes in til1 interest on bank loans, ke, 861,907 ; cost of validatmg plg iron


SOUTHERN IRON \& STBEL CO. AND GKOROIA STEEL CO. CONSOLIDATED |  | 1911. | 1910. | Labluttes- | 1011. | 1910. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Paant e property- 25

New conatrueton.
reconstint Furn, \& fixtures:. Stink rat of subb.cos: tnentortes Acces. receivable:
Notes recelvable. Recolvery chati:
Ion \& Coal Co Cash . cigs. tooper'n and constructon
Total
$\qquad$



## New York (Bell) Telephone Co., New York City

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)President Union N. Bethell says in substance:
On Dco, 311911 the company owned 598,332 (out of a total of 600,000 shares) of the capltal stocik of The Bell Telephone Co, of Pennsylyanta
(V. 04, p. 627). The comblned operatlons of your company nid its asso-
 of Colum, and aravts of Conn. Va, W. Va, and ohito.
of colt

 ated by your eompany and taz local connectlig companies, an hercase during the year of 3100,771 . Including the assoclated and connceting
compance, there were in scrvico in the whole system at the end of the year $1,524,024$ stations, an tincrease of 160,254 stations.
COMBINED OPERATING RESULTS FOR NEW YORK TELEPHONE Not including locat connecting companies - Inter-compamy ftems eliminated.

Not teiephone carnings.
Other income Total net Income
Tnterest charres.

Dividends declarnd $\qquad$ | $\$ 15,072,701$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1,443,504$ | 35,546,758 $\begin{array}{r}\$ 16,516,295 \\ \$ 2,085,766 \\ \$ 16,375,381 \\ \$ 2,300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $313,630,704$

1.417 .055 | $10,010,493$ | $9,606,081$ | $\$ 1,285,508$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $9,133,850$ |  |  |

Bal. to sur. accts, \& res. for conting $\overline{\$ 3,920,036} \overline{\$ 4,372,749} \overline{\$ 4,634,421}$ INCOME ACOOUNT OF NEW YORK TELNPHONE CO.
Recenue-
Exochange servtec...
Toll service.
$\$ 30,048,488-327.1910$.



Aramtensice
Remtats.
Taxes ..........
Not carninges
$\frac{9,141}{339,189,}$ $\$ 896.580$ $327,856,73$
$8,497.160$. 1909
$\$ 24,000,8$ DIvIdends and interest carnthigs.
Total net earnlnga.
Interest

Balance, surptus............................ | $\$ 2,395,826$ | $\$ 14,496,715$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 2,150,714$ |  |
| $10,000,000$ | $8,712,48 \times$ |

$\overline{\$ 2,827,194} \stackrel{\$ 3,633,513}{ }$

Assetx
Plant Plant
Realestato. Stecks \& honds.
Billa 2 acels. Bils \&ac Prepaid expen
Sinking fund
Caih Total
$-\mathrm{V} .03, \mathrm{p} .1202$ BALK
1911.
s 00,015,287 INCE SHEET DSCEMBE

1910. | 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ |  |
| $91,055,265$ | C. |
| $15,288,697$ | B | Linbutiex-

Capitalistocle 1911. $\stackrel{7}{1}$ $\begin{array}{r}72.545,900 \\ 17.223 .412 \\ 2.776 .765 \\ 225,76 \\ 174.047 \\ 1.044 .024 \\ \hline\end{array}$

 Acocs, payable,
Res, " obll
surplus \& res've

for conting ... | $17,043,110$ | $11,778,819$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $10,510,507$ |  |

## Western Electric Co., Chicago.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.)
Pres. H. B. Thayer, Chic., Mch. 20 1912, wrote in part: The sales for 1011 were $366,24,375$, as compared with $308,375,150$ for
the 13 months endtry Dec. 31 1910, an lnerease or $4.9 \%$ per aminm. Our the 13 months endmig Dec. 31 1910, an mercase of $4.9 \%$ per annum. Our
sellng prices were not advanced. The linereased cost of labor and material Was to some extent overcome by economics and improvements. as com-
Vor 1011 the number of orders recelved in America was 831,000 , as pared with 896,000 for 13 months ending Dec. 311910 , an licrease of $2.2^{\%}$ per annum, white the value or an order for 1911 was 874, as compared with
$\$ 72$ for 1910 . On $\sin .11912$ the total number of employees was 23,423: Jan, 11311 it was 23,464 . Of thls number 11,000 were cmployed at the
Chicago plants, the others in the Now York and forelgn Chicago plants, the others in the New York and foreign factorles or in our Aaditional bullitings ageregating $250,000 \mathrm{sq}$, ft . of Hoor space have been completed, making it possible completely to vacate the Olinton St. bulldings for manuracturng purposes, although as tenants we stll occupy space in The total current assets, including sundry
except $18 t \mathrm{M} .5 \%$ bonds, were on Jan. $11912 \$ 42,498,047$, which 18 more than 2.8 times the $\$ 15,000,000$ bond lissue.
Certain extreordinary expenditures in
nectain extrardmary expendicures in connection with new lines of work and soneral reserves.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSESS.
Gross sales



 Balance, surplus..................... $\$ 980,292 \quad \$ 1,684,276 \quad \$ 890,264$ a 11 1-1 \%

 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cash } \\ \text { Bnle rectivable } & 2,760,727 \quad 3.596,269\end{array}$


- Includes in 1911 real estato and buldings, $\$ 12,573,932$, hess depreciaton reserve.


(The) Butterick Company.
(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911.) INCOME ACCOUNT.
 Net tncome.
 Balance, surplus: _.... $\$ 300,000 ~ \$ 207,790 ~ \$ 185,627 \overline{\$ 161,547} \cdot \$ 100,322$ - Deaci.

Asseds-
Casis
Hondr owned ....d Rds,Cosik.pirrili. Paper in stock. ALANCE SHEET DECE 31" Mase manulact'd

 Pa't. E'd-wille eon
tracts, copr'ts,
trade-marko
Total ridiomai
$0,786,065 \quad 9,786,065$
Dec. it 1211 s Co. The grether vart of whote stook ts owned, had outatanidige
 argatint $\$ 100,000$ ( $10 \%$ ) in 1010: surplus for year, $\$ 11,023$ in 1911, againat $\$ 26,431$

## Phelps, Dodge \& Co., New York.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1911,)
President James Douglas, N. Y., March 1 1912, wrote:
The copper sold during 191 bas been $158,900,251$ Isso of elcetrolytc and

 Average price. 12 3fic. per lb, net cesh, 1.0 b New york

 eadot of tho compancics the mincs owned by Pherss, Dodre \& Co. amounts




 Total output compantes' works $\overline{\text { 134,149,627 1bs. }} \overline{1.794,805 ~ o z, ~} 27,154 \mathrm{oz}$. The decreaso in custom ores as compared with the uonnare treated in 1910

 392 tons were devoted to the manufaoture of coke.
Copper Oueen Consolfaqted Minimp GO-Whe ore production of the mines
-xceded that of 1910 by almost 23.000 tons. but the copper contents of the ore was neariy 310 \% les. As potnted out hast ycar, this extractlon of
 the onnaco of the year before.
At the Douglas smelter the operating cost dhows satiffactory reduction,
and though the constructlon charge to copper on account of the bullitig of the new roasthg and reverierntory plants was abbormally heovy the cost per pound of copper produced whe pructicully the sume as for i910. tructural materfal) will bo tu operation by May 1912
 tons. As in the casc of the "Copper Quech," however, the lower operating costs more than compensated for the reduction In conper contents of the ore Expexpeted before, and these dilicoverles, torether with hades of a depth exploratons in company propertices outside of the proved Morencl distrlet, exdleate that the development durinit 1012 may be extromely linterestlipy. Nodesuma Copper Co.-Throuth the producton of a cleaner concentrate and throush iow in in the concentrates has been matertaly cose of the rehals, with fimprovement th the cost of mitnlue and miluthe, hes made the nadielal outcome for 1911 more tavorable in spite of the recont revolu-
tlon in Mexico, whereby labor conditions were unsettled and supplics dilit-

 than were milled, Rand so ss avilable for the trituro. The ore rescryes In
thight are approximately the same an on Dee, 31 1010.
Stan Canyon Fuel Co.-The producton of coal was 232, , 86 tons tess than
In 1010 , but the prico per ton reallzed from marketlng a high-krade domestle coal has served to matitain the carniugs at substantally the same ofeste Throuph the destruction by fire of the maln tlpple, operations were celppled untt the neve steel structure was installed, and it was necessary to procure from rocelon sources such coke as the company coutd not supply on lits con-
tracts. The Vermelo Coal \& Colk Co Stat Cinyour Fuel Co, was Incorporaited durtng 1910 to markettio product of the latiter.
Phelps Dodgo Mercantite Co.- In order to disassoclate the mereantlie de-
Ptments from all connectlon Wits
 poration, whose stock 15 owned by Phelps, Dodge oce Co., purchased rom cach of the consttuent operatins compantea tos store business and stock of


## inCome statement


earnings of controlled cos. for year ending dec. 31. This dividends shown below were, of course, pald in part from the large accumulated surpluses.-Ed.

Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Co
 Batance ............det.\$1,044.089D. $\overline{81,676,144} \mathrm{~S} . \$ 1,246,278 \mathrm{~S}, \overline{\$ 1,015,237}$ Detroit Copper Mining Co.

Surplus or dencth ...sur, $\$ 130,496$ det. $\$ 760,453$ sur. $\$ 393,269$ sur. $\$ 472,016$ Moctezuma Copper Co.
Net Lncome.
Dlvidends pald.

$)^{1028} 8$

Surplus .............. | 3452,182 |
| :--- |
| $\$ 12,601$ |
| $\$ 16,454$ |
| $\$ 522,826$ |

 surplus. \$105,071.

| Year- | Cop, Queen Mine. | Moct.Mine. | Detroil Mine, | Totat. $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1911 | 74,489,728 | 20.707.955 | 22,704,398 | 123,002,081 |
| 1910 | 76,42s,908 | 23,728,647 | 23,056,202 | 123,213,847 |
| 1909 | 84,429,731 | 25,487,776 | 24,591,021 | 135,508,588 |
| 1908 | 76,125,162 | 16.522,580 | 24,233,172 | 115,870,014 |



As balanoe sheets of subsidiary companies dec. 31.
As to idjustinent in yaluation of mithe and mining clilms, see remarks above.

| Asselion | $1911 .$ | 1910. | LabututisCapleat stock | 1215. | 1910 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cs and m |  |  |  | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Plant ef real eat | ,030,026 | 2, 8477776 | fis |  |  |
| ceks, bo | 2,372,477 | 2,47,537 | Contingent funiol | 5 | 4,037 |
| ting \& necty. tec | 1,213,520 | 1312815 | Phant renew |  | 1,020,000 |
| coin | 130,572 | 2,102 |  |  |  |
| Ores, bull \& oup | 4,015,424 | 4,101,051 |  |  |  |

##  

| Detroit Copper Mining Co. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assata - | $1911$ | $\begin{gathered} 1910, \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | Dtasiutics- | 1911 |  |
| Mines iomin |  | 50.2.430 |  |  |  |
| Plant, real est, \&c | 160735 | 415.215 | Aceobinta and |  |  |
| Optinns on oth- pro | S503 | 451 | mayilue | 181,009 | 194,572 |
| Ores, builion, ceorai |  |  | sine and |  |  |
| supplie | 680, 28 | 16.3 | Contingeney fond. |  | $8$ |
| Accounte rocivable | 180.15 | 53\%\%\% | surpuas .......... | as |  |
| Cash | 822,098 | 850,203 |  |  |  |
| Total | 392, 45 | 406,070 |  |  |  |

 dathon on plant and main: propertes, 3247.702


Total …........7,499,634 4,533,766 Total . ...........7.189,634 4,533,760
 Sug Canyon Fual Co.
 Yriprov, \& constr's
fecurtes ounct securites owncd
Hisell Inveatmenta Current nesess
Cash
Total
years timon-10. The Staiz Cain) 950 A 08 .



GENERAL XNVESTMENT NEWS,

## RAILROADS, INOLUDING ELEOTRIO ROADS.

## Baltimore \& Ohio RR.-New Officers.-

Arthur W, Thompson, General Mnnarer, has been made atso Third Vlee-
 resident in Chicazo. At a meeting of the drectors of the Cinclinat Hamilton \& Dayton Ry,
Georre M. Shriver, Second Vlee-Pres. of the B. \& O. Was elected to the George M. Shriver, Second Vice-Pres. or fuc of Was elected to the


Bay State Street Ry., Boston.-Application to Issue Stock and Bonds. The company has applied to the Mass. RR. Commissioners for authority to issue $\$ 1,513,000$ additional stock at par and also $\$ 2,000,000$ additional bonds. There is now outstanding $\$ 21,133,900$ stock and $\$ 20,691,000$ bonds. A hearing will take place on April 16.
The bonds are to be $5 \%$ serial bonds, 395,000 to be rettred next year, with increases in subsequent years as follows: 36,000 a year during each
of tho 3 years next followngy $\$ 7,000$ a year for the next 3 years, 89,000 A year for 2 years, 810.000 for 3 , years: $\$ 2.000$ for the next 2 years and


Boston \& Albany RR.-Application to Issue Bonds.-The company has applied to the Mass, RR. Commissioners for authority to issue $\$ 1,000,00025$-year $41 / 2 \%$ refunding bonds, dated July 1 1912, to reimburse the New York Central \& Hudson River RR, for improvements to the property. A hearing will take place April 18. Compare V. 84, p, 277 .

Boston \& Maine RR.-Proposed Lease.-Gov. Foss of Massachusetts on April 10, in a statement to the public, said: The transportation problems of this State seem to me to have reached a ortical stituaton. Our frelght and passebser seryice is notoriously poor;
 Provided the Lekistature creates a powerril Public Service Commisslon
to control our railioad nervice, then wo would ask, are the people ready to
 perme they expend s100,000.000 in the actuol comneotion of the tracks on the north nad south of Bostoi, mazing a four-traek tunne under Boston for that purpose, eleotrifymyt nil ther combined trackase within the metro-
poltan area and bringlig the whole yyovem up to the highest standard?


 ombes in Boston and that all now securitles must
in Boston on as favorable terms as in New York.
Features of the Proposed Bill. as Reported by "Bostor News Bureau:"
() The dissolution of the Boston 1 Maine to the New York New Haven \& Hartford for a period of 25 y years at
 to operatlon and ciectrined, tue rate maybe moreased to 6\%, but ho higher
rate stail be pald except on the condition that an amount equlyalent to
the rate above 6\% mali be pald Into the State treasury, The fease roay be
oxtended for anokher 25 years ung approvat hy the Tubic Servoe Com-
 mination of the value of their stock by three commbstoners,
(2) Conzesting Thanel. Thie consuruetion by the city (withint three years nfter work is begun) of a tunnel for electric service between the North and
South stations ln Boston. city bobds ruming not over 45 years and braring not over $4 \%$ Intcrest to be lssued to meet the expense, and the tunnel to
be operated by the two roads under contruct till July 1037 at a rental of $43 / \%$ upon net cost, The Now Haven Road to construct and own the
tunnel in case the oity dectdes not to bulld same. (3) The electrincation Withm 5 years from the making of the lease of
the Now Haver-Boston of Mane system within the metropolitan distriet. S., within the limits Included betveen the following named polnts:
Swampscot, Wakenefd Jnnctlon. Woohtstor, Stoneham, Lexington, WalSham, Necdham Juncton, Dedram, Readville, Mratapan and Bratatres,
(4) The climination of all switchlug charges as between the two terminala (5) Any rallroad reaching Boston or any Lunction rallroad gerving Boston to be entlifed to use the tumnel and have trackape over the Nev Kaven and Boston o M Matie vithin the electric zonce, but without privilegec of locen ber-
vice between two polints on sald trackace untesg the Now Haven assent. (6) This Act sinall not thke efrect until accepted both by the eity Councir Haven and Boston \& Malne - - V. 94. D. 349
Central of Georgia Ey,-Interest on Income Bonds.-Notice is given by Treasurer Askew to holders of second and third preference ineome bonds that, by resolution of the directors adopted April \& , interest at the rate of $2.179 \%$ ( $\$ 21.79$ per bond) on each 2 d preference income bond, and at the rate of $5 \%$ ( $\$ 50$ per bond) on each third preforence ineome bond has been ascertained and declared to be payable for the fiscal year ended June 301908 , and will be paid on and after April 12 at Guaranty Trust Co., N. Y, or Citizens is Southern Bank of Savannah, Ga.

This is the remsinder of the full $5 \%$ on the second pref bonds, the other $2.821 \%$ having been paid some time ago. Compare V. 93, p. $1309,1563$.
Stamped bonds, to whlch interest warrants or coupons have been attached, need bot bo presented, but Interest whil be patd on presentation
and surrender of coupon No. S, Unstamped bords must be presented in
order that payment of Interest may be noted thercon. order that poyment of interest may be noted thercon.
Clarence 1. Parker of Gicago. Vice-Prestent of the mints Central, has
 staf, one of the ventre-pot Georgla and Ocean Steamatip compantes, to suc-

Central New England Ry. Lease.-The proposed 999-year ease mentioned last week will cover only the portion of the New Fingland RR. situated within the State of New York, namely about 29 miles of road extending from a point on the State line near Mill Plain, Comn., to Hopewell Junction, N.Y., on the Central New England Ry. (thence to Poughkeepsie being 12 miles), all or most of which is double tracked. -V. 94 , p. 982.

## Dentral Pacific Ry.-Acquisition.-See Oregon Eastern

 Ry. below.-V. 94, p. 982.Ohicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul Ry,- $\$ 50,000,000$ Convertible Debentures A uthorized- $\$ 34,893,500$ Offered.- The direetors on April 9 authorized an issue of $\$ 50,000,000$ convertible gold debenture bonds bearing not over $5 \%$ interest, of which $\$ 34,893,50041 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ are to be issued at present and offered to holders of both preferred and common stock of record April 25 to the extent of $15 \%$ of their holdings at or before May 31 , at par, payment to be made May 31. Kulm, Loeb \& Co. and the National City Bank have, it is understood, underwritten the bonds; the U. S. Trust Co. is also interested.

Chairman Roswell Miller says that the proceeds will be sufficient to provide for the capital requirements of the company during 1912 and 1913. The $\$ 50,000,000$ bonds were authorized by the Wis. RR. Comm, on Nov. 301909. The bonds offered wili be convertible at par tnto commonstock after
June 11917 and prior to Juno 1022 , at the option of the holders, within
 Decem ben, Thoy whl he issued as coupon bonits; denominatlons 31,000 , 3500 and $\$ 100$. The $\$ 1,000$ nid $\$ 500$ bonds willie exdhangesble for roglse
tered bonds and the registered for coupon bonds. Tho $\$ 100$ bonds may tered bonds and the registered for coupon bonds. The $\$ 100$ bonds may
be refistered onty as to prinelpal
Wbrants will be issued to stoctholders specifying the amount of bonds for whith they are chitiled to subscribe, but they may be exchansed at the
office of the company for sub-warrants in $\$ 1,000$, s500 and 3100 bosts asyrexathas in amount the original warrant. Such exclange must be made
before May 31. Sub-warrants cannot bo split up. The subsclpton war-
 per anumm to Dee. 1 t012, and sueh receipt may be exclanged for the deThe privitere of subserlptlor will be olven only to the holders of subserip-
tlon warrants for $\$ 1,000$. $\$ 500$ and 8100 of a multiple thereof and thelr assigns upor, warrants in the prescribed form. Practional warrants will
be fssued which will not onttite the holder to subscibe, but which, if pre-

 malled atier May 9 . Warrants not otherwlse provlded for as above can
be obtained st tho offlee of the company not later than May $25 .-$ V, 94 , D. 767, 697.

Ohicago \& North Western Ry.-Merger of SubsidiaryBonds Assumed.- A deed was filed on April 2 in the office of the Secretary of State of Wisconsin transferring the Sparta \& NorthWestern Ry. to the Chicago \& North Western for a consideration of $\$ 1$ and the assumption of the outstanding $\$ 15,000,0001$ st M. 4s due March 11947 (V. 94, p. 416). VV. 94, p. $697,487$.
Chicago Rock Islend \& Pacific Ry.-Guaranteed Bonds Listed.-See St. Paul \& Kansas City Short Line RR. below.
Earnings. For 4 months ending Oet. 31:
Four Operating Net Oper. Taves Other Intcrest \& Balance
Mos.- Revenue. Revente. Accrued. Income. Rentaty. for Dins.
 From the surplis ns above in 1911 therc was patd the quarterly div. of
$13 \%$ on Sept. 30 1911, callog for $\$ 935,940$, leaving $\$ 1,068,655$. V. in.

## D. 330,278

Ohicago Subway Co.-See Chicago Utilities Co, below. On Aprif 3 Benjarotn S . Harmon, acting for the reorganization com-
mittee, Henry DeForest. Chairman, bid in for $\$ 50,000$ the security holdings


Chicago Utilities Co.-Keorgarized Compary.-This company was incorporated in Maine April 9 with $\$ 22,500,000$ common stock and $\$ 30,500,000$ pref. stock, to succeed the Illinois Tunnel Co. and Chicago Sabway Co. (see above), per plan in V. 93 , p. $938,939,1386 ;$ V. 94, p. 350.
 Armour \& Co, Ohtcago, and C. W. Hothatbs, Sormerty Gen, Mrg. of the
Chicaro Indlana \& Southern Rid., who vil be the Preslident of the new co,
Cincinnati Familton \& Dayton Ry.-Bonds Authorized.The Public Service Commission of Ohio has authorized the company to issue $\$ 1,559,0005 \%$ bonds, which are to be sold at not less than 880 .
The bonds are to be pledged to the Batfmore \& Ohto RR, Co, which is
to adyance the 80 of of the face value of the bonds. tho onilro sum to bo used for tmprovements and new cquipment.-V. 94. p. 826, 206.

New Officers.-See Baltimore \& Ohio RR, above.--V. 94, p. 826, 206.
Golumbia Power, Light \& Railways Co., Bloomsburg, Pa, Offer to Purchas6-Proposed New Companies.-It is under-
stood that, under an agreement with Graham \& Co. and Bertron, Griscom \& Jenks, of Phila, and N. Y., an offer has been made to purchase the outstanding stock and bonds of this company and the securities of its subsidiary or affitated companies.
companles will, wo understand be organt or of before May in Pennsyivaila, viz. new troilcd and saction company to toke over the rallway sompames now con- may sibsequently be acguled. Proposed cant-
tall tallzetlon: s200.000 $5 \%$ nol-cum, non-vothase pret stock, pref. D. \& d.,










 com, stock of now fleht and power company; total, sino; while the holder
 of ench company, Columbln \& Montour Eleo. Rys, 1st M, Ss exchangeable
for $\$ 90018 \tau \mathrm{At}$, and $\$ 100$ pret, of now Traction company.-V. $04, \mathrm{p} .882$.
Detroit Toledo \& Ironton Ry.-Sale Again Deferred.Judge Angell in the U. S. District Court, at the request of the general lien M. bondholders, further postponed the sale of the road from April 9 to Oct. 8.-V. 94, p. 697, 350.
Erie RR.-Notes Sold.-The company has sold to J. P. Morgan \& Co. the $\$ 10,000,0003$-year $5 \%$ collateral trust notes authorized last week. (V. 94, p. 982.)
re-the proceeds wim be used to construct doubie track, reduce grade and


Fairmount Park Transportation Co., Philadelphia.-New Bonds.-This company, which operates the electrio railway line running through Fairmount Park, has called a meeting of its shareholders for April 16 to authorize a new 8750,000 first mortgage, under which it is proposed to issue $5 \%$ bonds in order to retire $\$ 500,0001 \mathrm{st}$ M. 5s and $\$ 188,0002 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{M} .5 \mathrm{~s}$, all due Sept. 1 1912, and for other corporate purposes.V. 87, P. 1605.

Federal Light \& Traction Co., Now York.-Acquisilion:On March 1 the company acquired all of the outstanding securities of the Deming (N, M.) Iee \& Electric Co.

 ( $850 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{p}$ ) is being insulled.

Called.- For payment at par and int. on April 25 at Columbia Tr. Co., 135 Broadway, N. Y., all of the $\$ 2,000,0006 \%$ collateral notes dated Feb, 15 1911, due Feb. 15 1913. See V. 94, p. $910,90 \mathrm{~s}, 982$.

Forty-second Street Manhattanville \& St. Nicholas Avenue Ry., New York.-Payment of Bonds. -The Union Trust Co. of N. Y., mortgage trustee, gives notice that it will pay on presentation, with interest at $6 \%$ per annum from March 4 1909 to date of payment, all of the 355,000 second M. income bonds due Jan. 11915 which are held by the public.

Grant's Pass \& Rogue River Ry.-Assels.-Receiver Jenkins on Jan. 27 filed an inventory in the Cirouit Court. The combtned dssats of the Painc Weatern Co, Grant's Pass \& Rogue River are valued at s3.023. The assets of the two last-named compantes are stated to be of no yalue.
the Rocuce RIver are ceet of track lafd by the ratroad and the tresto over

Hudson \& Manhattan RR.-New Directors.-Walter G. Oakman and William M. Barnum have been elected directors to succeed A. N. Brady and W. H. Corbin.-V. 94, p. 630.

Illinois Tunnel Co.-Reorganization.-See Chicago Utilities Co. above.-V. 94, p. 982, 911.

Indianapolis Crawfordsville \& Western Traction Co.-Sale.-The road was sold at foreclosure sale at Crawfordsville, Ind., on April 6 for $\$ 1,000,000$ (the upset price) to Joseph T. Elliott \& Sons of Indianapolis.
No amnouncement is made as to what disposition will by made of the road,
One fumpr from a supposed authoritative source las th that tie Mekinley purchasers. - V. 04, p. 082,410
Kansas City Mexico \& Orient Ry,-Extension of Time. The 1st M. bondholders' protective committee ( $V$. 94 , p. 867) gives notice that the time for the deposit of bonds has been exteuded to April 30 , thereafter sudject to penalty. Construetion Companies Stockholders' Commitlie. - The prolective committee for the International and Union Construction companies stocks has similarly extended the time for deposit until May 4.-V. 94, p. 911, 767.

## Long Island RR.-Earnings.




Maritime Coal Fiailway \& Power Co.-Approved.The stockholders on Mach 28 approved the proposed modification in the trust deed permitting the issue of $\$ 1,000,000$ additional bonds, which it is stated, will be placed in England. Compare V. 94, p. 826.-V. 94, p. 982

Milwaukee Sparta \& North Western Ry,-Merger-Bonds Assumed. - See Chicago \& North Western Ry. above.-

Missouri Kansas \& Texas Ry.-Elected.-On April 10 the proposed new officers, de., were duly eleeted. See names V. 94, p. 982.

Missouri Pacific Ry,-Notes Offered.-The 3-year 5\% gold notes recently offered in Amsterdam by Teixeirade Mattos Breres at $961 / 1$ are part of the last block of $\$ 5,000,000$ of the $\$ 25,000,000$ issue authorized in 1911 which were placed by Speyer \& Co. Compare V. 94, p. 827, 768.
Montreal Tramways \& Power Co.-Notes Sold.-Potter, Choate \& Prentice, New York City, offered on April 10 the remainder of the authorized issue of $\$ 5,000,000$ 3-year $6 \%$ collateral trust gold notes, dated April 1912 and due April 1 1915, but subject to call at $1001 / 2$ and int, on any int. date, either as a whole or in amounts of not less than 8100,000, under provisions of the trust indenture. Par The notes have all been sold, but the advertisement appears for record on another page.

This collateral Statemant oy the Aforesade Bankors:

 at presont in excess of isos of the smount of the note Issue The riterto pay the thtercht on the notes, white present carnings acoruliy to thio total collateral are reported as between two and three thes the Interest on the

 phated by thts company durine the ilfe of these notes.
Tho consoldaton of the Montreat tramways system the Mrontreal Tramways Co. has becn ratifed by an det of the Loglslature of the Province
Condensed Extracts from Letter of Pres. E. A. Robert. Monireal. Apr. 2 '12.


 Arontroal Tramways Co-The street raltivay hus been In successful opora
thon since 1801 , the pritipal pretecessor of the Montreal Tramways Co






 Montreal bante chaxines, $3880,770,000$ In 1001, $82,088,540.000$ 10 1010.



Now York Central \& Eudson River RR.-Acquisition Approved.-Debentures Authorized.-The Pablic Service Com. on April 9 granted the application of the company:
 Gtook of ith Ulica \& Blicol River RRB., not owned by the R. W. \& O., at
 Holders of the stocks named will be given the right to take cash or deb, bonds figured at $92,-\mathrm{V} .92$, p. $983,832$.
New Zork \& Farlem RR.-Minority Stockholders' Com-mittee.-A committee lias been formed to look after the rights of minority stockholders who are untilling to accept tho recent offer of the New York Central of 850 ( 8175 ner 850 share) for their stock ( $\mathrm{V}, 94, \mathrm{p}, 208,768$ ), consisting of


Stuckholdors are requested by adyartisement on another page to com.
mumbank with thio Scoretary of 4 Ho committeo, John S. Sheppard Jr.
New York New Haven \& Hartford RR.-Net Surplus of $\$ 1,500,000$ Instend of Deficil of $\$ 1,942,227$ for 6 Months ending Dee. 31 1911. - An authoritative statement says:





Possible Lease.-See Boston \& Maine RR. above.-V. 94, p. 983,912

New Zork State Railways,-Lisled.-The New York Stock Exchange has listed $\$ 19,997,700$ common stock.

Earnings. - For calendar years:


## New Orleans Ry. \& Light Co,-Earnings.-

## 

Noriolk Southern RR,-New Director.-Richard H. Swartwout of Swartwout \& Appenzellar has been eleoted a director, to succeed Oakleigh Thorne, who resigned. V. 94, p. 768, 699.

## Ocean Shore RR., Oalifornia.-Neto President.-

s. Alred Wmilams lias been klooted prealdent and Gen, Mge, to suroceed S. W. Resnolds as President and II. H. Landls, as Gencral AMmazer, both recont asscessment.-V. D4, D. 812 .

Oklahoma Contral RR.-Foreclosure Sale.-Judge Campbell in the U. S. District Court at Muskogee, Ala., on March 30, in the foreclosure suit brought by the Western Trust \& Savings Bank of Chicago, mortgage trustee, ordered the foreclosure sale of the road.-V. 93, p. 1324.

Pere Marquette RR,-Committees.-In view of the appointment of receivers, the following committee request the deposit of the securities named (see advertising columns):
Refunding, Mortgape 4\%. Bands Due 1955.-Bendamin Strong Jr. Chatr
man, Frankifn O. Brown. Frederick Strauss, Francts R, Hat, E, V, R.



 Oid Colony Trust Co. Bostont Pre Commuseo-Phlifp Stookton, Chairman, E. W: Denio. Scc, 17 Court St., Boston, Mass,, and Storey. Thorndylith

Bankers' Statement.-J. P. Morgan \& Co. April 6 said:
Owing to nnal refusal of the Michlyan State Raltroad Commlelon to
permit the company to carry out arrangements. whichit had made for borrowtis money to moot maturing oilleatlons fnotably $55,000,0006 \%$ deter-
 aro not intormed of tic reasons watck ted to tho rofuat of the Commisslon

Philadelphia (Pa.) \& Easton Street Ry.-Receivers'ip.Judge Ryan in the Bucks County Court on April 5 appointed Augustus H. Sickler and Godfrey Schmidheiser of Philadelphia permanent receivers.-V. 94, p. 699.
Porto Rico Railways.-New Debenture Stock or Bonds.President W. M. Aitken in the annual report says:
In view of the greatis improved thancial poitlon and of the large capleal
expenditures necessary by hie rapld develomment of the property, the expermitures necesary by tas rapld deveopment of the propertyi the




Quebec Railway, Light, Heat \& Power Co.-No Dividend. As expeeted, the directors have unanimously voled not to declare the usual quarterly dividend (although earned) which would have bean payable this month, owing to the heavy expenditures for improvements. Compare V. 94, p. 827 .
Rapid Transit in New York Oity.- Favorable Decision.Justice Blackmar in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn on Thursday overruled the demurror in the three fax-payers' suits which were brought to enjoin the making of the proposed contracts with the Interborough and Brooklyn Rapid Transit companies for the construction and operation of new subways. The Pub. Serv. Comm. on April 10 directed its counsel to prepare the forms of contract.

 Whth thic discusslon of onty two questions: (I) whither the pooting of the
recelpte of the new subway with thosse nowoperated by the lessecs ls lezal; and (2) whether the so-ctiled proposed perferentlat pagments to the two
companoss are lecal Both questions are dectaed in the arfirmative. An abprat whi be taken.

 refrence to the two polats touched upon tyy the C
"New York Sun" of Aprll l-W, $94,0,912,632$.

Rates.-The following are recent developments: Decision, Judige Jones in the U, S. Dtotrlet Court Mildde Dist.of An,
on April 2 held Iliegal the Alabama rate statutes of 1007 , Inoludine thic

 oplnton is given In fall In the Monttomery "Advertiser" or April 2 .
Spokane Rate Case. The U. S. Supreme Court on Aprll 8 ordered a re-


Rome Watertown \& Ogdensburg RR.-Purchase Ap-proved.-See N. Y. Cenitral \& Hudson River RR, above.

St. Paul \& Kansas City Short Line RR.-Listed.-The New York Stock Exchange has listed $\$ 5,000,000$ 1st M. $41 / 2 \%$ gold dollar bouds due 1941 and also $£ 1,000,000$ gold sterling bonds guaranteed prin. and int. by the Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific Ry. In dealings in $\ell$ sterling bonds, 35 shall be the equivalent of $£ 1$ sterling.
Earnings.-For 3 mos, ending Oct. 311911 and of predecessor company, the St. Paul \& Des Moines RR., for 13 mos . ending July 81 1911:



Seaboard Air Line Ry.-Equipment Ordered.-The company has authorized the purchase of 26 locomotives, 1,200 freight cars, 25 caboose ears an
cars.-V. 94, p. $94,983,352$.

Sedalia (Mo.) Light \& Traction Co.-Plan.-The Bannard committee of 1st M. bondholders, with which over two-thirds of the $\$ 749,000$ issued 1st M. 5s of 1906 are acting, announces the filing of a plan of reorganization dated March 271912 , under which Henry L. Doherty \& Co. of New York would reorganize and manage the company, and receive voting trust certificates for the entire common stock of the successor company, while holders of bonds deposited with the N. Y. Trust Co. on or before April 19 will, it is expected, receive over (a) $50 \%$ in new bonds and (b) $50 \%$ in new pref. stock, convertible into bonds and bearing a dividend guaranteed by the Gas Securities Co. of N, Y. (V.94, p. 564), beginning with $1 \%$ for the first year and increasing by $1 \%$ each year until $5 \%$ is reached. The committee say in substance





 Ptan-Capitalization of New Co., to be Incorp. in Missouri or Elsewhere


 In case it shall acquite the property at foreclosure. To treasury: Mray be used to secure adyances to be furnished by
Hery L Doherty of not to exceed $\$ 90,000$, but not sold under $85 \%$.
Pref. stock. Authorized, not over $\$ 500,000$. Preterred as to fiscts and hrooue, bearng a cumulative divilend
Issuable to the committec, that part issued in excl
Issuable to the committee. that part lssued in exchange for
present bonds to be convertible for seven ycars into bonds present bonds to be convertible for seven years into bonds
at rate of par lit pref. stook for race value in bonds, provided

 cummatative rate. the pren. dtuddends for all prevtous ycars cumuatye rate.
havins beon patd, and the diveresst rate on any bonds lssued
tor oret. stock to be adiusted tor oret, stook to be adjusted at the same rete patd on the
pref. stook at dato of converslon. Divldends to be kuranpref. stock at date of converslon, Dividends to be guaran-
 for arst year, $3 \%$ for second ycar, $3 \%$ for third year, $4 \%$ for
fourth year and $5 \%$ yearly thereater. ...................
Vot convertible, to bo transferred to treasury, applicable to
corporate purpoaes.
 blonk and thecrenpon dellvered of ond held by ac trastecthere after arreed upon, and to be dellivered to or upon the order of
the sald Herry L. Doherty \& Co, when the net carninss appliThe sid te tiry Le Doherty ou co, when the net carnings applthe preferred atook nt the then cumulative rate shall be equal
to 1 Se times tho total of sich amount for the preceding to 13 times tho total of such amount for the preceding 12
monthis: but if sjeh net earntues shall not equal such amount withm the period of seven years, than lin wequ case such trostee thaild deltver such stook to or upon the order of your committec or thot nomtnee. Total auth, not over . ................... $\$ 2,000,000$

 bonds rassentini to this plan. This should glve to such bondholders $50 \%$ of the race value of there bonds in such new bonds and so"e in such new pref.
stoote, The rematnder, If any, will be divlded amone tie assentins bond-
 or they will bo sold and the proceeds distributed th cosh amone the partlelpathe bondiolders or used In furtherance of the reorganlzation. Each holder of certiocates of deposit will be concluslvely decmed to liaye whthdraw as prescribed in the bondrolders acreement. The plan will be

ISlgned by Otto T. Bannard, Chalrman, Robert T. Sheldon and Herbert K. Hathett the committec. The Secreary to mocommiter 18 David H

## Toledo Railways \& Light Co.-Meeting Again Poslponed.

 -The joint meeting of the bondholders and stockholders protective committee for the consideration of reorgamization plans has been again postponed for a week to allow the auditors of H. M. Byllesby \& Co. of Chicago time to complete examination of the property. See V. 94, p. $828,913$.United Railways \& Electric Co., Baltimore.-Report:-
 1910 From the surplus as above $101011,5976,675$, thero werad cducted to come bond intureset ind aret. dlvid
leaving $\$ 16,675 .-$ V. 84, D. 418

Virginian Ry.-Oullook,- The following data are given: The Virginian Ry. Was bulle for the purposc of fumbilag the best possible
ransportatlon facifife in order oo brine the colebrated bituminous coal of the New Rlver and Pocahontas Distriets, W. Va., to tidowater at
 and Sewall's Polnt. $V$ n., 356 molles, is only 10 ft , ner mite compensated for
 Hikato and follts to losure with 127 and 224 tons on the drivers, and
 The property hs it now exists, with provision for an expenditure of
\$1,000,000 for lacreasct facillelss, can uransport $6,000,000$ tons of coal

 The coal onarntions now locatod alonir the the provide an output of from 4,500,000 to 7,000,000 tons per year, and new operationsmay be expeeted ool resomper ns rapldy as uasportation racintles can bo assured, The
 of the line to furnifh the equipment and means of transportation-the to
crease in 1011
 coan now accessible without buidting noy addulomil mileage. The virgin
 With a tratric of $6,000,000$ tons, which should be developed in the fiscal deduct taxes, $\$ 300,000$, and interest, $\$ 1,900,000$, leaves surplus, $82,100.000$ For Jan and Feb. 1012 the conl aud coge shipments over the road amounted


Wabash RR. - Extension of Time.-The Pierce Protecive Committee for Ist refunding and extensions mortgage bonds gives notice that permanent engraved certificates of deposit of Equitable Trust Co., are now ready for delivery in place of temporary certificates. See advertisement.
Over $\$ 10.000,000$ of the bonds had been dopsoled with the commitec Exchane. The time for maline deposita has been extended to Aprill 15. fter which no further depostes will be recelved except on such conditions

West End Street Ry., Boston.-Bonds Authorized. The Mass. RR. Commissioners on April 6 approved an issue of $\$ 754,00020$-year $41 / 2 \%$ bonds, the proceeds to be used to pay in part the cost of permanent additions and improvements made by the Boston Elevated Ry.-V. 94, p. 561

The bonds have been awarded to E. F. Rollins \& Sons and Perry, Coffin \& Burr jointly.-V. 94, p. 561.

Wheeling \& Lake Erie Ry.-Eatersion of Receiver's Cer-Wicates.-All of the outstanding receiver's certificates (\$4,190,000) expire on May 1. The Court has granted a 6 months extension to the present holders on the basis of $5 \%$ interest instead of $6 \%$ as formerly.

Liability on Coal Co. Bonds.-Seo Pittsburgh Wheeling \& Lake Erie Coal Co. under "Industrials."-V. 93, p. 1602.
Winnipeg Electric Ry.-Proposed Sale.-The purchase of the company and collateral enterprises, negotiations for which have been in progress for about a year, is reported as further advanced by legislation enaoted during the recent session of the Manitoba Legisature and fhrough ngreements now in course of completion with the city of Wimnipeg.
The Reese-Muir syndicate are the Intending buyers, New York and European captaltsis belng assoclated wilh them; these partites were repLegstature. Several nesv compantes have bicen and are belng formed to provlde meins for nnanelng the purchase and the constderable requirements lor extens
$828,692$.

## INDUSTRIAL, GAS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Allis-Ohalmers Co., New York.-Receivers.-Judge Sanborm in the U. S. District Court at Milwaukee on April 6 appointed President D. W. Call and Otto H. Falk, President of the Merchants' \& Manufacturers' Association, as receivers of the company, on petition of the First National and Visconsin National banks of Milwaukee, and W. D. Nichols, a bond and stockholder, and aiso Secretary of the company. See plan, V. 94, p. 913.

American Rolling Mill Co., Middletown, 0.-Notes.-By circular, A. G. Beeker \& Co., Chicago, offer at par and int. (for equal amounts of each maturity) the entire \$1, $500,0005 \%$ gold notes dated March 151912 and due in four installments of $\$ 375,000$, the first March 151914 , the last Sept. 15 1915, but redcemable at 101 at any interest date on 60 days' notice, trustee, Cont. \& Comm. Tr. \& Sav, Bank. Chicago; par \$1,000 and \$5,000; p. \& i. (M. \&S.) payable at office of A. G. Becker \& Co. The circular seys in substance: The orlghator and sole producer of "Amerlean ingot tron" whlolr com-
mands better pricea vian any competifye materials Products: black and mandzankeder sheots. corruzated taivanized eulverts, tinks, roonns, electrical Sheces, zo This lesue will retire nil the company commerola paper and

 trust deed provides that, walle these notes arc out, the quicic assets must , Real estate (600 acres), Dlant and equipment and bafio patents Investments and rot ror
Casth, necounts and bills recelvable and mene...................77,230 celvablea tnetude subscelptlons to can, stk. Since patd in crsth) $3,020,997$ Current liablilles (there are no honds or morigages)............ $81,031,704$
 3575,461.
Digest of Statement by Pres. Geo. M. Verity, Middtetown, O., Mch. 13 '12





 Ground and dume work, and we have obtalned patents in the United States,
Canata aud many European countrles, whled Eive us excluslvo rlats. In normal tancs our mlaimum carntif capaoty will now be $\$ 1,250,000$
American Silk Co., New York.-No Appeal.-The United States Supreme Court on April 8 handed down a decision declining to grant an appeal from the judgments obtained by the Kuickerbocker Trust Co. of N. Y., against 6 defendants for the unpaid balances on subseriptions to stock. Compare V. 92, D. 1638.-V. 93, n. 941.

American Sugar Refining Oo.-New Officer.-Washington B. Thomas has been elected President to fill a vacancy that has existed in that office sinco Feb. 1911, when he resigned to become Chairman of the board.-V. 94, p. 984, 828.

American Window Glass Co.-Approved.-The stockholders on April 10 approved the increase of $\$ 2,791,000$ in the indebtedness of the company.
The Indebtedness is it is stated. to be exchanged for floating debt and
pled aced seorty forp pymment of the Ameriean Wlandow Glass Machinc
Ann Arbor (Mich.) Water Co.-Electors Vote Against Pur-chase.-See Ann Arbor in "State and City" department. V. 94, p. 769, 353.

Associated Oil Co.-Report.-For calendar year: Catcouar Net (after, Int,on Depreciation Sinking
 Frank G. Drum and W. O. Sproule have been elected directors to succeed
Berton E. Green and Guy Sinoup -
Birmingham Coal \& Iron Co.-Sale-Payment of Bonds.See Woodward Iron Co. below.-V. 93, p. 1326.
Bristol (Conn.) Water Co.-Condemnation Prociedings Held Illegal. -See "Bristol" in "State and City" department.

British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.-Listed on Curb£4,500,000 ordinary shares and $£ 2,100,000$ preference shares (par $\ell 1$ ) have been listed on the New York Curb.
Dlvidends payable at Nationat Provinolal Bank of England, Ltd, Sayoy

(The) William Carter Co., Needham, \&c., Mass.-Pref. Stock.-Parkinson \& Burr, N. Y, Boston and Hartford, quote the $6 \%$ cum. pref. stock (which they offered last Feb.) at 104 bid, 106 asked; par $\$ 100$. A circular showed: Callable all, but not in part, on any dividend date at 115 and acorued
dividends. Divldends $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Mis}$. Outstandling stookt pref. (fult Voting


 started 1878: Incorp, 1902) and Sprinizneld Knitting Co. (control purchased
In tao9.) Total net assota over $\$ 300$ per shase of pref, stock; het quick In 1909.) Total net asseta
assats over $\$ 169$ per share.
Combined Net Earnings (Pref. Diftdend Charges Onty $\$ 18,000$ Per Ann).
1007
1000 $\begin{array}{lllll}1907 & 1908 & 1909 & 100 \\ \$ 80,425 & \$ 69,064 & \$ 99,051 & \$ 125,850 & \$ 113,951\end{array}$
Castle Valley Coal Co., Utah.-Sold.-See U. S. Smelting, Refining \& Mining Co. below.-V. 90, p. 112.
Chicago (Bell) Tolephone Co--Bonds.-The company has sold an additional $\$ 14,000,000$ of its 1 st M. 5 (making $\$ 19$,000,000 outstanding) to a syndicate consisting of Harris Trust \& Savings Bank, First Trust \& Savings Bank, Illinois Trust \& Savings Bank, Northern Trust Co., Merchants' Loan \& Trust Co, and Lee, Higginson \& Co.
Tho proceedq will bo usod to pay the noating debt. for the new general
oftice bullinis now under constnictlon and for office hulling now under construction and for construotion and acguisition
diring 1012 and 1933. The bonds are beine ofered prlvately at 190 94. D. 535.

Chino Copper Oo.-Listed.-The New York Stock Exchange has authorized to be listed the $\$ 350,000$ additional stock recently offered to shareholders at $\$ 25$ per $\$ 5$ share (V. 94, p. 829), on notice of payment in full, making the total amount to be listed (including amounts reserved for outstanding convertible bonds) $\$ 4,350,000$.
Earnings.-For calendar year 1911
Copper produced.
.
\$131.231 Miscellaneour theome
Opcrating expenses
Net operating proit
omo is
37,382 Losses on bad debts. \&c...
118, 6,373
Consolidated Fuel Co.-Sold.-See United States Smelting, Refining \& Mining Co. below.-V. 93, p. 1024.
開Consolidation Coal Co,-Listed.-The New York Stock Exchange has listed $\$ 960,000$ additional "first and refunding" M. 40 -year $5 \%$ bonds due 1950 (which were issmed for additions and improvements), making the total amount listed $\$ 13,960,000$ - V. 94, p. 985,829 .

Home Telephone Co.. San Francisco.- City Electors Vote Against Merger.-See "San Francisco" in "State and City" Department.-V. 82, p. 1370
Gas Securities Co., N. Y.-Proposed Guaranty.-See Sedalia (Mo.) Light \& Traction Co. under "Railroads" above. - V. 94, p. 564.

Goodyear Tire \& Rubber Co., Akron, $\mathbf{O}$.-Increase of Stock- $100 \%$ Stock Dividend.-Stockholders, itis stated, will vote May 28 on increasing stock from $36,000,000$, consisting of $\$ 5,000,000$ common and $\$ 1,000,000$ preferred, to $\$ 10,000$,000 common and $\$ 5,000,000$ pref., of which $\$ 5,000,000 \mathrm{com}-$ mon and $\$ 3,000,000$ pref. will remain in the treasury. In connection with the increase a stock dividend of $100 \%$ is to be declared. Outstanding, $\$ 2,286,100$ common and $\$ 1,000$,000 preferred
Present stockholders. Wil it is sald bo given the right to subseribe to
about $\$ 340,000$ comenon about 3340,000 common stoek in treasmy at par. Tho present pret, stock


Guggenheim Exploration Co., New York.-Change in Par Value.-The shareholders will vote April 17 on changing 000 and the of shares of capital stoek from 220,000 to 880 ,000 and the par value from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 25$ per share, the total authorized amount to remain $\$ 22,000,000$ as heretofore, of which $\$ 1,206,700$ in treasury Dee. 31 1911.-V. $\Omega 1$, p. 696.
Hale \& Kilburn Co.-Earnings.-For the year 1911:



Hudson County (N, J.) Water Co.-Suit.-Vico-Chancellor Howell, on April 10, on application of holders of 350 bonds which have been deposited with the reorganization committee, made an order to show cause, returnable April 18, why they should not be permitted to withdras their bonds.
It is alleced that Turner A. Reall, Prosident of the company, dominates
the conmittec.-V. 94. D. 215 .
Inter-State Independent Telephone \& Telegraph Co., Joliet, \&c., Ill.-Default.-The company has delaulted in payment of coupons due April 1 on the $\$ 2,200,000$ 1st 5 s .

Jamison Coal \& Coke Co., Pittsburgh
The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, the mortgage Bonds,- is placing at par and int. the entire issue of $\$ 5,000,000$ 1st M. $5 \%$ sinking fund gold bonds, tax-free in Pa., dated April 1 1912 and due May 1 1931, redeemable at any int. date at 105 and int. Par $\$ 1,000 \mathrm{c}(*)$. Int. M. \& N. at office of trustee. Total issue $\$ 5,000,000$. A circular states:


 valued at ovor $39,000.000$.
These bonds wlil his a irst llen on the above property. The present
1ssues whil bo called for redemption or cash for paymeat thareot deposiled
 nnnually (payable A. © O beglmnlng Aprill 1 1014, and an additional
 V. $83 . \mathrm{p} \cdot 1536$.

Lackawanna Steel Co.-Quarterly Stotement.-The combined earnings of the company and subsidiaries for the three months ending March 31 were:



Luna Park Oo., Coney Island.-Assignment.-The company on April 3 made an ussignment to Roman Deben, the auditor of the company, for the benefit of creditors.
Muntetnal Court Justice Rlchards in Prooklyn on the Rame day fesued a
dtspossess order agalast he commany at the requent of the Bea Reach tand dispossess order agatast the company at the request of the Sea Beach Land
Co., owners of the property in whteh the park stands. The Sen Beach Co. may operate the park hlils yeat.
absets, but gave no detalls as to the come that the llabluter execed the troubles nre aterrbuted to the Dreane company's finances. The nianclal
tre coustig the cancoline of the Parle property phich. althourint the credit, and the fire later in the funa


McCrum-Howell Co.-Creditors' Committce.-The following bankers have, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the company's notes and open accounts, consented to act as a creditors' committee:
Albert H. Wigalin (Pres, Cliaso, Nat Bank, N. Y.) John C. Mokcon anty Trust Co, N, Y, and Hermin Waideck vice-Pres Conesinental

 the terms of a creditors agreement, It ts probable that a stoctholders, committec will sion he appotited to
 A círcular says:
Edward R. Stettintus. Pres, of the Dlamond Mateh Ca, and willam If
Woodin of this Amertoan Car \& Poundry Co. have been nppointed recelvers Woodin of the Amerconn Car \& Pounctry Co, have been appotntod recelvers
by the U, D. Distret dourt Nether has any Deunary nuerot in the ec..






 decistons and roquiro applionting to the Conirt as to the policy of the recelv-
 questons so arsing would be impracticable It is tmportant that they be
represented by a cormittee at onice,-V. 04, p. 280,770 .

Mexican Petroleum Co., Itt., of Delaware.-Listed.-The New York Stock Exchange has authorized to be listad, on no-
tice of issuance of permanent engraved certificates, $\$ 1,300$, 00010 -year $6 \%$ convertible first lien and refunding bonds, series A , due $1921, \$ 12,000,000$ non-cumulative $8 \%$ pref.
stock and $\$ 31,986,200$ common stock.-V. 21, p. 830,355 .
Michigan State Telephoze Co,-Report,-For cal. year: Calondar
year.
 charsed agatnst the coanting so showe respective calendar years. That, are those
National Electric Lamp Co.-Bonds Called.-All of the outstanding $\$ 1,161,000$ series " A " $5 \%$ collateral trust gold bonds dated Nov. 11902 have been called for payment at 106 and interest on May 1 at the U. S. Mortgage \& Trust Co., New York, trustee. The $\$ 872,000$ series "B" bonds dated
July 11905 , cannot be called for payment until July 11912 . -V. $94, \mathrm{p} .212$.
National Fireproofing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.-Financing.At the annual meeting on April 4 Pres. Heriry stated that the properties of the Great Eastern Clay Co., which originally cost $\$ 1,500,000$, had been purchased through an issue of $\$ 300,0001$ st M. and $\$ 300,0002 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{M}$. bonds, secured by the property of the Clay company, but that only $\$ 450,000$ thereof had been issued. See V. 94, p. 70, 766.
Niagara Lockport \& Ontario Power Co.-Earnings.-

 $\$ 530,401$, oper. expenses. $\$ 163$, 112 and "deducturns from ino. 1 . $\$ 42,79$. The hoders of all of thio 83.000 .000 b-year notes maturing Junc 11912
have agrecd to exchange the smme tor an equal amount of lit pref. cumulahave agred to exchange the same tor nn equal amount of 1 st pref. cumula-
t1ve $6 \%$ stook to retiro the notes at matutty.-V, 93, p. 474 ,

## Nipissing Mines Co.-Report.-For years ending Dec. 31:



 total income. $\$ 2,867,425$, From ths was deducted the cast of minting and
all other expenscos, $\$ 772,184$ ( 3 gatast 3869,650 ) and dividends as above


Northwestern Yeast Co., Ohicago.-Dividend Increased.A quarterly dividend of $6 \%$ has been declared, placing the stock on a regular $24 \%$ yearly basis, comparing with $3 \%$ quarterly and $12 \%$ extra at the end of each year formerly paid.-V. 90 , p. 171.

## Olelahoma Natural Gas Co.-Earnings.-

##   for P. \& L. suspense ltems and $\$ 124.340$ for depreciation, leaving $\$ 213.566$.

Pacific Telephone \& Telegraph Co,-City Eleclors Vote Against Merger. -See "San Francisco" in "State and City" Department.-V. 94, p. $555,566,419$.
Pennsylvania Salt MKfg. Co., Phila.-New Slock.-The shareholders voted April 10 to increase the capital stock from $\$ 5,000,000$ to $\$ 7,500,000$.
Sharcholders of record April 20 whil be permitted to subscribe for the
now stock at par ( 850 per share) now stock at par (s50 per share) in amounts equal to so\% of thetr


Philadelphia Electric Co.-Assessment.-Pres. McCall says: The question of an assessment upon the stoct will not bc taken un by
the board until tit next regular mecting, which is on Aprli 23 . Compare

## Pittsburgh Wheeling \& Lake Erie Coal Co,-Decision

 Holding Railroad Responsible.-Judge Day in the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio on April 5, in the foreolosure sale brought by the Bankers Trust Co. of N. Y.. as trustee under the mortgage securing the $\$ 200,000$ prior lien 5s, which matured July 1 1911, handed doven a deoision holding that the Wheeling \& Lake Erie RR. is obliged to pay off and discharge the same.The protectlye committioo loo the $\$ 63,500$ 1st $\mathrm{M}, 48$ (E, E. Cardenter,





[^7]burgh Ry. Ca. the Punxsutawney (Pa.) Iron Co.'s furnace and has assumed charge.

1. V. Roblison, Prestdent of the Rochester \& Pltsburgh Coal \& Iron Co.


Sears, Roebusk \& Oo., Ohicago.-Monthly Sales Statement.

## January februar Eebruary March

Total for 3 months.
United Shoe Machinery Co Independent Shoe Machinery Co., Ltd., of Canada on Apr. 11 filed a suit in the U. S. District Court at Boston for $\$ 2,000$, 000 damages for alleged violation of the Anti-Trust law The Duplessls company was organtzed about 15 yccars ngo by English
capltalssts and had a factory in Beverly, Mass, It is alleged thint it was

United States Light \& Reating Co.-New Direclor.William P. Hawley has been elected a director to succeed Edwin Hawley, deceased.-V. 94, p. 831, 627.
United States Smelting, Retining \& Mining Co., Boston.See "Amuual Reports.
Coal Properties, dec.-The Utah Co. was incorporated in Maine on April 4 with $85,000,000$ capital stock, all of which, will be owned by this company, to take over the Utah coal properties recently purchased in its interest, also to issue notes to be given in connection with payment therefor.
The notes, it is stated, will be guaranteed by the parent company and
secured by the pledec of farge Intereats in tho Casto Vailey Coal Co $v$. . Do,

 drectly with the Unton Paclio systerm at Spanish Forks.
Sale of Noles.-The company has sold to Lee, Higginson the $\$ 10,000,0006 \% 5$-year collateral trust gold notes of the Utah Company, guaranteed principal and interest by the United States Smelting, Refining \& Mining Co.
The notes ary dated April 1 1913, are due April 11017 , Int, payable A, 80 . The proceeds of the notes wul be phaced In cserow and used solely to inance
 cerns, and the condtruction of a second rairoad outhet therdor connecting
with the Unlon Padife RR. The notes will be secured by collateral representing entire ownership of tho now ralifoad nad tntecersts to the coa!
seopertles. The suarantor company has no mortgate or noating debt.
 Without equally seciring tis guaranty of these notes. The averare net
pronts of the guarantor company for the last stx ycars were noarly $4 / / \mathrm{times}$
United States Steel Corporation. Subsidiaries Orders Mch. 31,-The report of orders given out Apr. 10 shows unfilled orders on the books Mch. 31 aggregating $5,304,841$ tons, being a decrease of 149,359 tons, against an increase of 74,479 tons during February and 294,960 tons during Jan.


United Wireless Telegraph Co, New York.-Sale to Marconi Co., dec.-It was reported that Judge Hale in the U. S. District Court on April 5 approved the offer of the committee to pay to the trustees in bankruptcy $\$ 650,000$ in cash, of which $\$ 100,000$ down, $\$ 100,000$ on May 8 and the remninder on Dec. 1 1912. The legal formalities have, however, we are informed, not yet been straightened out. the Marconl Wirel eqo committec is in pursuance or the arrangennent with now corporation, with an authorized capital of $\$ 10,000,000$, is to be formed

 of Amerlea will be turned over at a valuation of st, ili, 200 amit the Sir oitver Lodre Americsu patents by the Marconl Wireless Telegraph Co., Lta, of London, at a vatuation of 7888 , 800 . A tetter stated to have been seat to for entering Into the arrangement was the statoment mode by the Marconi intorests ithat the additional $\$ 7,000,000$ capital stock of the new company has practically been subacribed in cash, which will he used to manufacture
 recetve. at any time within 100 days, $\$ 700,000$ In cast lostead of stock.
The Unted Wireless reorganzaton commitce has extended to
 dated Feb, $11012(\mathrm{~V}, 04, \mathrm{D}, 70 \mathrm{~S})$. No further extensfon of $t \mathrm{me}$, it is
 upon payment of an assessment of 60 conts por share, or $\$ 850$. Any
stockhotder wha hes heretofore pald bis subscriptlon may, upon demand In writing recelved by the comaitec on or before Aprll 30 . have tio same returnet, together with the deposited shares; otherwlse he shall be con-
Eideret to havcapproved the merger with the Marconi Co.-V.9s,

Utah Company (Coal),-Guaranleed Notes.-See U. S. Smelt., Ref. \& Mining Co, above.

Wostinghouse Air Brake Co., Pittsburgh.-Increase of Authorized Stock from $\$ 14,000,000$ to $\$ 20,000,000$ - Shareholders will vote dpril 24 on increasing the capital stoek from $\$ 14,000,000$ to $\$ 20,000,000$, as a preliminary to the doclaration of a dividend of $33 \quad 1-3 \%$, payable in stook at par out of the earned sturplus. Siecretary R. F. Emery says:
Shoutd the proposed Increase of the eapital stook be ndopted, It the the
purpose of the boatd In due courso thereater to deelare a dividend of purpose of the boatd in die dock of the company at par out of the carned surplus, which now approximates $\$ 7.000,000$,
rate of future cash dividenits declarei on the tacreased cepltal will probabls bo proportlonately refuced, the purpose of the proposod increase beins that the amount of stook held by the company's sharchotders shall more nearly The stockholders ard also asked to state whethor they fayor listing the

For other Investment News see page 1064

## 

## THE PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI CHICAGO \& ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 311911.
ABSTRACTS
Pittsburgh, Pa., March 271912.
To the Stockhotders of The Pittsburgh Cincinnuti Chicago \& St. Louis Raitway Company
The Board of Directors herewith submit their report for the year ending December 31 1911, with the data relating to the lines embraced in your system necessary to give a clear understanding of their physical and financial condition The mileage of the Lines directly operated by your Company is as follows:
 under their own organizations.


|  | Rail limes direotly operated. |  | $11-$ | Comparison Increase. | wifth 1910 . Decrease. $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Revenues.. | Pretzht revenue Passenger revenue....... | 8.014,013 48 |  | \$25,465 15 |  |
|  | Mall revenue | 1,247,132 00 | .............. | 60.68878 |  |
|  | Express revenue | 1,411,44777 |  | 7.45083 |  |
|  | Other transportation revenuc Non-transportaton revenue. | 1,258,052 44 |  | 1,062 19 | 117,028 13 |
| Total Operating | evenues |  | \$38,549,933 46 |  | 82,051,445 93 |
|  | all Hines directy operated |  |  |  |  |
|  | Maintenance of way and st | 7,050,822 36 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}5050,752 \\ 540.081 \\ 54 \\ \hline 8 .\end{array}$ |
| Oporating Expenses.. | Trattlo | \% 822,637 04 |  |  | 43,06358 885.653 |
|  | Transportation | $\begin{array}{r}14,002,85040 \\ 703,07341 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | \$10,800 09 | 885.65342 |
| Total Operating Expenses |  | ......... | 27,501,394 65 |  | 74 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | -............ | \$11,048,538 81 | 8349,144 81 |  |
| Outside Operations. | Total revenue Total expense | $\begin{aligned} & 52.53506 \\ & 20.37178 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2,29081 2,41789 |  |
|  | Denolt |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { P, O. O i } \\ \text { Leased ines St, L. }\end{array}\right.$ | \$1,278.532 10 |  | \$50,787 28 | \$52.642 01 |
|  | Total tax |  | 1,560,802 45 | ...xt--- | \$1,854 73 |
| Operating IncomeRentals Pald (roads oper |  |  | \$9,407,809 404 | \$350,878 76 | \$108.778 26 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Operating tuoome of the Plttsburgh Cluetnnati Chteago \& St. Louts Ry. Co |  |  | \$9.050.967 88 | \$459,057 02 |  |
| Other Inco | Divldends and titerest on sceurites owned | \$119.780 40 |  |  | \$113,683 00 |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Interest , Ecneral accoun } \\ \text { Sundry accounts ........ }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 120.16486 \\ 5.050606 \end{array}$ |  | \$56,847 is | 2,53940 |
|  | Total | .-........... | 244,975.89 |  | 859,274 66 |
| Gross Income |  | .............. | \$9,305,043 77 | \$400,382 36 |  |
| Fixed Chargea | Interest on funded debt | \$2.658,996 67 |  | \$84,590 44 |  |
|  | Interest on equppment trust obligations Plsed rental of leased roals | 233,405 23 |  | 2,120 is | \$11,283 34 |
|  | Rents $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rute of equtipment. }\end{aligned}$ | \% 8 \% 376098 |  |  | 51,373 2067648 |
|  | Approprlatons to sinkink funds .-........................ | 53843000 |  | 22,74000 |  |
|  | Advances to Clinctinnatl Rlobmond \& Ft. Wayne RR. Company Sundry accoumts. | $\begin{array}{r} 10,26185 \\ 11,13974 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9,23603 \\ & 9,21965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Total. | ....... | 4,815,855 45 | -...-... | \$178,600 44 |
| et |  |  | \$4,490,088 | 579. |  |

Amount to crodit of Pront and Lozs, Decomber 311910
Pront on sale of securltles and settlement of sundry old
Profit and Lass Account.
........ 739,28441
mor extraordinary Expenditures In revtsing grades and alignment, and other outlay not chargeable to capital account...........
Amount to credt of Pront and Loas December 311911.

## GENERAL REMARKS.

## mileage

The net decrease in mileage of lines operated under their own organizations is due to sale of the Cincinnati \& Muskingum Valley Railroad, and to the acquisition of the Cincinnati Lebanon \& Northern Railway.
income.
The revenues of the lines directly operated show a de crease for the year of $\$ 2,051,44593$, or 5.05 per cent, due to a decrease of $\$ 2,029,08475$, or 7.19 per cent, in freight revenue and a decrease of $\$ 117,02813$, or 7.52 per cent, in other transportation revenue, less an increase of $\$ 94$, , 66695 , or 0.88 per cent, in passenger, mail, express and non-transportation revenue. The reduction in freight revenue was caused by a decrease of 7.40 per cent in tonnage and 7.19 per cent in ton mileage, the average rate received per ton per mile being the same as in the previous year. The commodities showing the largest decreases were bituminous coal, coke, stone, sand and like articles, pig and bloom iron, bar and sheet metal, and castingsand machinery. the general hesitancy in business circles being most pronounced in the steel and iron trade, especially in the earlier part of the year.
The reduction in revenues was more than offset by a reduction in the operating expenses of $\$ 2,400,59074$, or 8.03 per cent. All the main expense accounts show large reductions, with the exception of General Expenses, which were slightly increased. The decrease of 8950,752 34, or 16.44 per cent, in Maintenance of Way and Structures, while distributed through nearly all the primary accounts, was chiefly in ballast, rails and other track material, and in labor of all kinds, due in part to reduced charges to Expenses in connection with grade changes and second-track construction work. The reduction of $\$ 540,98149$, or 7.12 per cent, in Maintenance of Equipment was chiefly in the items of freight car repairs, renewals and depreciation. The decrease of $\$ 43,06358$, or 4.97 per cent, in Traffic Expenses was due to a reduction in the items of stationery and printing, the expenditures in the previous year having been abnormal, due to the reprinting of a large number of tariffs. The reduction in Transportation Expenses of $\$ 885$,65342 , or 5.95 per cent, was principally due to a decrease in freight train mileage of 14.64 per cent, which, while partially caused by a decrease of 7.19 per cent in ton mileage, was largely accomplished through the increase in train loans on the portion of the line between Bradford and Logansport, where the grade reduction work had been substantially completed in the latter part of 1910. It will also be noted that there is a considerable reduction in the items of expenses for yard operations. The slight decrease in Taxes on the Pittsburgh Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Railway was nearly offset by the increase on the leased lines.

The Net Income for the year, after meeting all liabilities and providing for the sinking fund, was $84,490.088$ 32, an increase of $\$ 579,07880$, as compared with 1910, and was sufficient to pay dividends of five per cent on the Preferred and Common Stocks, and to provide for one-half the principal
of maturing car trusts, and $\$ 649,23753$ for extraordinary expenditures in revising grades and alignment, abolition of grade crossings, additional tracks and facilities and improvement of equipment not chargeable to capital account.

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

There was a substantial profit realized by the sale of The Cincinnati \& Muskingum Valley Railroad Company Stock, which was credited to the Profit and Loss Account, and, after charging against this account $\$ 650,76247$ for extraordinary expenditures prior to 1911 in revision of grades and alignment, and other outlay, which in the judgment of your Board was not chargeable to capital account, the total amount to the credit of Profit and Loss Account at the close of the year was $\$ 3,722,17199$, an increase of $\$ 88,52194$.

CAPITAL STOCK AND FUNDED DEBT.
The amount of Capital Stock outstanding December 31 1011 was as follows:
Proterred (authorized 300,000 shares). 274
Proferred, sertp
7,70000
25000
Common (authorized 450,000 slares) , 371,730
stares
Common serip

## $37,173,11050$

## \$04,649,060 50

There was an increase of $\$ 125$ in the preferred and $\$ 1$,506,300 in the common stock, or a total of $\$ 1,506,425$, due to the issue of $\$ 1,498,000$ common stock in payment for an equal amount of the capital stock of the Cincinnati Lebanon \& Northern Railway Company, the redemption of $\$ 50$ preferred serip and to the conversion of $\$ 8,475$ of securities.
In addition to the foregoing amounts of preferred and common capital stock issued, there are reserved to retire outstanding stocks of the constituent companies $\$ 86,08149$ preferred and $\$ 436,83254$ common stock, making the aggregate capital stock $\$ 65,171,97453$, out of a total of $\$ 75,000$,000 authorized in the Articles of Consolidation.

The amount of funded debt authorized in the articles of consolidation is $\$ 75,000,000$ and the amount outstanding December 31 1911, including unmatured funded debt of constituent companies, was $\$ 59,204,000$, an increase of $\$ 2,230,000$ as compared with 1910, due to the issue of 3,000 Pittsburgh Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Railway Company consolidated mortgage $4 \%$ bonds, series "H," to furnish the funds necessary for the construction of second track and other additions to the property, and to the redemption of 770 Pittsburgh Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Railway Company consolidated mortgage three and one-half per cent bonds, series "E," through the operation of the sinking fund.

## EQUIPMENT TRUSTS.

The following statement shows the status of the Car Trust contracts at December 31 1911. Payments were made on account of principal during the year amounting to $\$ 1,461$,09359 , leaving a balance of $\$ 5,348,31873$, as shown in the General Balance Sheet.

|  | $\mathrm{Cars}_{3}$ | Pracipat | Dec. 311911 | Batance of Cost Dec. 311011. | Final Payment Duc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pennsylvana Steel Car trust. Sercs F | ( $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 400\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3335,94603 \\ 46 \% \\ \hline 00000\end{array}$ | 3302,35140 114,000 00 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 33,59460 \\ 46,000 \end{array}$ |  |
| Penusylyania Steel Equpmert Trust, Serles E | 310 | 241,72336 | 217,55102 | 24:172 34 | Dec, 11913 |
| Ponnsylvania Steel Equlpment Trust, Seftes E, G. 11.1 | 2,730 | 3,300,364 60 | 2,712,291 68 | 678.07792 | Mch. 11913 |
| Pennsylyama Steel Rolling Stook Trust, Serles G | 1.000 | 1.236,093 10 | 988,976 08 | 247,21902 <br> 109.500 <br> 100 | May 11913 |
| Pennsslyanla Steel Roling Stook Trust. Series 11, I | 2,309 | 2,160,974 36 | 1.301.934 62 | 867,88974 | Nug. 11913 |
|  | 1,692 | 1.615,638 160 | ( 969,37280 | 646,25520 | Sept, 1915 |
| Union Trust Co.-Pgi, ic Eastern Coal Co, Cars | 1.800 | 1,693,620 800 | $\begin{array}{r}1,016,152 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 677,4486 <br> 50700 |  |
| Pennsylyanta General Frelght Equlpment Trust, Serles | 1,500 |  | 162,007 43 | 507,0000 $1.458,06685$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { May } & 19196 \\ \text { May } & 11020\end{array}$ |
| Total | 13.024 | 514,410,035 82 | \$9,062,617 09 | \$5,348,318 73 |  |

## CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT:

The portion of the double track through Union City on
the Logansport Division, mentioned in the report for 1910
as umanishied, was completed early in the year, and substan-
tial progress made with the interlocking plants and new
stations rendered necessary by the track changes between
Bradford and Logansport. The new double-track bridge
over the Wabash River on the revised location at Logans-
port was completed and placed in service early in the year,
and the old single-track bridge is used in a westbound running
track and in facilitating the handling of locomotives between
the shops and south yards.
The right of way and real estate needed in connection with
the revision of grades and construction of second track
through Piqua has been practically acquired, and as soon
as the necessary legislation is secured from that city, the construction work will be commenced.
The second track work on the Indianapolis Division between Richmond and Knightstown, mentioned in the report for 1910, was completed between Richmond and Dublia and between Dunreith and Knightstown, excepting about one mile through the town of Dunreith. This work involved sundry changes in alignment, the abandonment of twentytwo highoway grade crossings and two railroad grade crossings and the relocation and rebuilding of stations and a material reduction in grades and curvature. The aggregate mileage involved in this work is 36.8 miles, of which 24.8 miles have been completed, and contracts have been let for the remaining 12 miles between Dublin and Dunreith.

The expenditures for construction, etc., during the year were as follows:
shight of way and real estate
Second, thlrd and fourth tract
Second, third and fourth tracks, pittebburgh, Indlanapolis and Stations and other struetures Interiockers and slimal apparai Track elevation ti Chleago, Ilinots. Bridges at sundry points.
Additonal yard trackss.

3142,20003 1,106,467 27 4,436 65 79,64609
2015
$\qquad$
$31,811,68001$ 202,581.94 \$1,609,098 07

Total
Total.
Of this amount $\$ 1,229,75585$ was charged to Capital Account and $\$ 604,48250$ extraordinary expenditures not chargeable to capital account was charged against the Income for the year. The balance of the charge against the Incom, $\$ 44,75503$, was for extraordinary expenditures on road and equipment of the Little Miami Railroad not chargeable to the capital account of that road.

SECURITIES OWNED.
The securitios owned by your Company at December 31 1911, and held at a valuation of $\$ 3,602,51531$, produced an income of $\$ 119,76040$. During the year your Company sold its holdings of 3,010 shares of the Pennsylvania Land Company stock at par, the purpose for which the Land Company was formed having been effected; also its holdings of Cincinnati \& Muskingum Valley Railroad Company stock, consisting of 20,000 shares, at par, to the Pennsylvania Company, which had acquired substantially the entire capital stock of the Cleveland Akron \& Columbus Railway Company, with which the Cincinnati \& Muskingum Valley

Railroad was subsequently merged and consolidated; and also purchased, at par, from the Pennsylvania Company its holdings of Cincinnati Lebanon \& Northern Railway Company stock, the line which connects with your Richmond Division at McCullough and with the Little Miami Railroad at Middletown Junction, Ohio, thus giving your Company entrance to very valuable terminals in the Cities of Cincinnati and Middletown.

## CONTROLLED AND AFFILIAT ED ROADS.

The Waynesburg of Washington Railroad Company, control of which is vested in your Company, shows a decrease in Operating Revenues, Operating Expenses and Taxes, and Net Income, but was able to pay the usual dividend.

The Pittsburgh Chartiers \& Youghiogheny Railway Company, one-half of which Company's Capital Stock is owned by your Company, shows a large decrease in earnings, which could not be offset by the reduction in expenses, and, although the surplus over all charges was $\$ 66,50263$, no dividend was paid, the entire net income being applied in part payment of the cost of elevating the tracks in the Borough of McKee's Rocks in order to eliminate grade erossings.

The Cincinnati Lebanon \& Northern Railway Company, the entire Capital Stock of which is now owned by your Company, although showing a slight decrease in net income, was able to pay a dividend of four per cent, and, after transferring $\$ 12,000$ to the Reserve for Additions and Betterments, to add a small amount to the credit of its surplus account.

By order of the Board,
JAMES McCREA, President.

INCOME ACCOUNTS OF ALL CORPORATLONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 311011.


[^8]Woodward Tron Co., New York. Consolidation.-The plan pending for the consolidation of the properties of the Birmingham Coal © Iros Co. with the properties of the Woodward Iron Co. of Alabams uader title of the Woodward Iron Co. is now, we understand, effective. A circular issued by the Birm. C. \& I. Co. Feb. 151912 said in substance:
By the temus of thr consolldation the bohdiolders and ercdtions of the

 plan has been accopted by mabitantially sil of the stacktolders of both
companies and of the creditors of the Birm. Coat \& Iron Co. The WoodWard Iron Co. of Alshimma luas no bonds and no notes or debts oxcept The company wil acqutre the lands and properties, excopt current ac-
counts, of the Birm. Coal do fron Co. and Woodward Iron Co. of Ala. Gounts, of the Brm. Coal Lo Tron Co, ant Woodward Iron Co, of Al
Estmated, coal, $830,109,000$ tons; Fed ore, $286,290,000$ tons; brown or
$10,000,000$ tons: 10,000,000 tons: surface, 37,159 acres; improyements, $87,340,000$
 Common stoc
Sinfing fund morrigise 5s gold bonds, totalathin $\$ 25.000 .000$.
Datcd Jan. $\frac{1012, ~ d u e ~ d a n . ~}{11} 1952$. Present (sue to retire

S0.000. 000 ; for trinediate improvements, expenses of consoll-
datioe, $\$ 2,500,000$ )
Eeserved for future addttions, improvements, de.

 amount of bonds outatanding; atter 1930, this mintmim to be fincreased On the basis of past years the combinmed propertes should begin earning
at least $\$ 1,000,000$ pet annum. Deduet interest on $\$ 13,500,000$ 反\% bonds
 pref, stock, $\$ 180,000$; bsi, for reserves sand divs, on com. stook, 5145,000 .
 to market about 300,000 tons of coal In sodition to that used tor fuet and
In matenc ple Hon. The sates to the public should be more tham doubled
as a resuit of the
 use the money provided by the bonds reserved for beterments and im-
provernents to erect immedtately an sddtilonal modern blast furnace, atso to Increase the cappacity of the coal mines. Owns and operatis 21, 4 mbles
of raitrosd, with focomotives and cars; electrle power plants, water plame ec, Most of the exlsthog froprovements are of modern date, Inchding a
number of oy-product colce ovens, and the devtes for mining coal and ore. The practest mamagernent wil be condueted by the present owners of the

- Merrill, Oldham \& Co., bankers, of 35 Congress Street, Boston, Mass., will furnish on request a selected list of bonds of conservatively capitalized public service corporations baving an established earning capacity and serving large centres of population, with an assured income of $5 \%$ on the investment. The mortgage bonds which the firm is otfering have been purchased by them after eareful study and in-
vestigation with particular regard to the security of the prineipal.
-W. S. Barstow \& Co., Engineers, Managers, New York, announce that they have sold to Philadelphia banking interests the control of the Bethehem Consol. Gas Co., Canisteo Gas Co., Greenville Gas Lt. Co., Homer \& Cortland Gas Lt., Horneli Gas Lt., Ithaca El. Lt. \& Power, Ithaea Gas Lt., Norwich Gas \& El. and Van Wert Gas Et. Cos.
The control of thesa companies was held by the Associated Gas \& Electifo dends on its $\$ 500.000$ pref. stock, nhd last year caraed a amplus equal to over $6 \%$ ou $\$ 600,000$ common stor
- W. F. Garby, L. H. Holton and J. W. Goodwin of San Franeisco have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of Goodwin, Garby \& Holton, Inc., for the purpose of dealing in municipal, railroad and corporation bonds. The new firm has secured handsome quarters in the First National Bank Building in that city. Mr. Garby, who is President of the firm, was associated for five years with the bond house of E. H. Rollins \& Sons in their San Francisco office
-Franz H. Krebs, bond dealer at 74 Broadway, this city, solicits personal inquiries from the holders of the United States Steel Corporation sinking fund $5 \%$ bonds. Mr. Krebs advertises in to-day's issue that holders of these bonds, by exchanging them for Indiana Steel Co. $5 \% 1952$ bonds, can realize a profit on the transaction and also obtain better bond value from the standpoint of better investment.
-Spencer Trask \& Co., 43 Exchange Place, New York, Albany, Boston and Chicago, are to-day advertising an issue of Beloit (Wis.) Water, Gas \& Electric Co. 1st mtge. 25-year $5 \%$ sinking fund bonds at a price to yield the investor about $5.30 \%$. Deseriptive eircular on application. See the advertisement for the investment features of this seeurity.
-Hallgarten \& Co., 5 Nassau St., N. Y., own and offer for sale, by advertisement elsewhere, a small block of VirginiaCarolina Chemical Co. Ist M. $5 \%$ bonds subject to prior sale at market price, yielding about 5\%. Full particulars of this offering appear in to-day's advertisement.
-Attention is called to the offering of a square section of 652 acres near Chicago's city limits, price $\$ 600$ per acre, equivalent to $\$ 60$ a city lot. Street cars run through the property. See particulars in the advertisement on another page of the Drexel State Bank, agents.
-L. Sherman Adams of $50^{\circ}$ Congress St., Boston, formerly the Boston representative of Frederic H. Hatch \& Co. of New York, desires inquiries in securit'es having a New Fingland market. Mr. Adams is a specialist in securities of this class and vill furnish quotations.

Werner Bros. \& Goldschmidt, 25 Broad St., are prepared to quote accurately bids and offerings of the various bond issues in the Pere Marquette system and also the stoek.

## The Commextial times.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, A pril 121012.
Trade continues to improve. There is still plenty of room of course, for improvement; but the fact remains that the tendency of American business is to expand. Seasonable wenther is helping trade. The iron and steel business is increasing. The metal trades generally are on the mend. Textile fabrics are firm, with a fair business in cottons, woolens and silks. Cotton has risen sharply on wet weather and floods, and wheat because of winter-killing. But, taking the business situation os a whole, it is such as to encourage those who keop within conservative limits, though some anxiety is becoming manifest as to the possibility of Mr . Roosevelt's return to power.
LARD on the spot has been easier of late, owing to a lessened demand and some increase in the receipts of hogs at times, as wenl as a reactionary tendency in futures; prime Western 10.10 c ., Middle Western 9.90 c ., City steam 958 @ $97 / \mathrm{c}$. Refined lard has also been egsier; Continent 10.55 c ., South America 11.15c. Brazil, in kegs, 12.15 c . The speculation in lard futures at the West has been act ve at irregular prices. Of late a reactionary tendency has developed. DAILY CLOSING PRIGES OF LARD PUTURES IN NEW YORK, May delivery
July delvery.

How ind.

RES 1N
Wod.
10.00
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Thurs. } & 81 \\ 10.00 & 10.20 \\ 10.22\end{array}$
DAILY CLOSING PRIOES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAOO.
May dellyery
July dellvery. $\qquad$


PORK on the spot has ruled quiet and steady; mess $\$ 1850$ (a) 819 , clear $\$ 1750$ (0) 819 , family $\$ 1950 @ \$ 20$ 50 Beef has been in moderate demand and firm; mess \$12, packet \$13, family \$15@\$1550, extra India mess \$26@\$2650. Cut meats have been quiet and firm; piekled hams, regular, 10@20 1bs., 1194@1248c.; piekled bellies, 6@12 1bs,, 101/2 (a)11/5c. Butter has been in moderate demand and fairly steady; creamery, extras, $321 / 20$. Chease has been quiet but firm; State, whole milk, held, specials, white, 191/2c. Eggs easier on larger supplies; Western firsts 2119@211/2c.
OILS.-Linseed has ruled firm, owing to strouger prices for seed at Duluth, whero the receipts have been on a smah seale; a farrly active demand ror jobbing quantities of oil has prevailed here; the market for ear lots, though quiet, has been firm, with sellers reserved; City, raw, American seed, $75 @ 76 \mathrm{c} . ;$ boiled $76 @ 77 \mathrm{c}$. Caleutta, raw, S0e. Cottonsced has advanced, owing to the strength of the cotton market, firmness in other oils aud light offerings: winter 6.50@7.25c.: summer white $6.25 @ 6.85 \mathrm{c}$. crude $5.14 @ 5.33 \mathrm{c}$. Cocoanut has met with a routine demand at firm prices; Cochin 9.60@10c.; Ceylon 8.90@9c. Lard strong; prime 80c. Corn higher at 6.65@6.70c. Cod firm at $52 @ 53 \mathrm{c}$. for dom.

COFFEE on the spot has been quiot and easier: Rio No. 7, $14 \%$ a $14 \%$ on Sontos No. 4, $161 /(a 16 \% \mathrm{cc}$. West India growths quiet and steady: fair to good Cucuta 1615@163/c. The speculation in coffee futures has been quieter during much of the time, but of late the tendency has been upward, with an inereased demand. The European markets have also exhibited an upward trend, whilo some falling off in the reccipts at Sao Paulo has been noticeable. Also leading interests have given support. Closing prices were:

\section*{ <br> \section*{Juno | 14.020. | September |
| :--- | :--- |
| 14.070. | October |
| 14. 120 | November |}}

14.16 c.
14.20 D Deembar Dceembar
Jazuary
February
 own ible supplies and freer offerings. The visible supply in the world is now $2,880,000$ tons, or only 300,000 tons less than a
year ago, whereas recently the deficit was much larger. year ago, whereas recently the deficit was much larger, Centrifugal, 96-degrees test, 4.11e.; muscovado, 89-degrees test, 3.61 c ; molasses, S 9 -degrees test, 3.36 c . An increased demand has been received from refiners at the lower prices. Refined has been quiet and easier; granulated $5.20 @ 5.30 \mathrm{c}$

PETROLEUM.-Refined has continued active and firm; barrels 8.20 e ; bulk 4.60 c ; cases 10.10 c . Gasoline has ruled firm with a good demand; 86-degrees in 100 -gallon drums, 21 c .; drums $\$ 750$ extra. Naphtha has been active and strong; 73@76-degrees in 100-gallon drums, 1816 c ; drums $\$ 750$ extra.

Spirits of turpentine quiet and easier at 481@49c. Common to good strained rosin quiet at $\$ 670$. TOBACCO.-No real cliange has occurred, business sti i being quiet, so far as paekers are concerned. Manufacturers it is true, are trading rather more freely in binder. Their supplies of this sort are believed to be only moderate. Some think, moreover, that the general trend of prices is in the direction of a rather higher level. The purchases of Pernsylvania tobaceo are small. Ohio is so firmly held that business is much restricted. Also Sumatra is held at very firm quotations, so much so that manufacturers are taking it in only moderate quantities.

COPPER has ruled firm on the whole, though the demand has been less active; Lake and electrolyfic on the spot 157 sc , There has been considerable speculative buying recently, and an increased demnnd is noted in certain quarters from abroad Tin has been more netive and firmer at 43 sc . for spot. Lead quiet and steady at $41 / \mathrm{cc}$. Spelter quiet and firm at 6.70 c . Iron has been more active and firm. No, 1 Northern \$1525@\$1575; No. 2 Southern \$1475@\$15.

## COTSON.

Friday Night, April 121912. THE MOVEMENT OF THE OROP as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 142,631 bales, against 151,458 bales last week and 140,646 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Sept. 11911 10,843,245 bales, against 7,928,595 bales for the same period of 1910-11, showing an increase since the same period of $1910-11$, sh
Sept. 11911 of $2,914,650$ bales.

| Recelpls at- | Sat. | Min. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galyeston | 6,693 | 4,538 | 11.194 | 2.581 | 5.753 | 4.005 | 24, 848 |
| Texas Cliy Pt. Arthut, | 260 |  |  |  |  | + 556 | 2,168 2,138 |
| New Orteans | 714 | 2,156 | 5,421 | 3,830 | 3,495 | 3,858 | 22,025 |
| Guitport Monile | 53.1 | 517 | 524 | 513 | 506 | 2,850 165 | 2,850 2,759 |
| Mensiacola |  |  |  |  |  | 13,000 | 13,000 |
| Jacksonville, \&o. | 17 |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Savanmat | 3.117 | 5.086 | 5.000 | 2.281 | 3.092 | 2,889 | 22,365 |
| Charteston | 687 | 181 | 840 | 303 | 202 | 357 | 2,600 |
| Georgetown | 1202 | 1090 |  | 635 | 925 | 952 | 8.755 |
| Norfolk | 2,032 | 2.454 | 4,142 | 3,146 | 940 | 2,340 | 15,664 |
| N port New |  |  |  |  |  | 8,948 | 3,948 |
| New Yor | 179 | 401 | 1.02 | 013 | 801 | 389 | 3,208 |
| Batumore |  |  |  |  |  | 2,987 | 2.987 |
| Philadelphta. | 26 | 11 |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| Tot this week | 16.124 | 18,653 | 30,665 | 14,182 | 17,537 | 45.487 | 142,631 |

The following shows the week's total roceipts, the total since Sept. 1 1911, and the stocks to-night, compared with list year:

| Recolpls to <br> Aprlt 12. | 1011-12. |  | 1010-11. |  | stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thas Week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since Sep } \\ & 11011 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { This } \\ & \text { week. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{c} \text { Sincossep } \\ 1 \\ 1010 . \end{array}\right.$ | 1012. | 1011. |
| Galveston Texias City | $\xrightarrow{44.842}$ | 3,342, 727 580.743 | 13,362 | 2,638,777 | $\begin{gathered} 223,894 \\ 48.860 \end{gathered}$ | 71,386 |
| Port Arihur, \&o | 22,625 | 1, 5232.1685 |  | 1,411,2098 |  |  |
| Now Gurport ....... | 22,62 <br> $2 \% 50$ | 1,682,063 | 13,301 | 1,41, 3.238 | 110,878 7,950 | 89,778 2,177 |
| Noble | +2.759 | 300,203 206217 | - 619 | 224.093 | 21,057 | 6,500 |
| Jamsomylite, \&e. | 13.00 | 200,201 | , 421 | 22,762 |  |  |
| Savannah | 22,365 | 2,255, 809 | 5,545 | 1,346,026 | 127,969 | 46.834 |
| Chateston | 2.600 | 404.55 | 160 | 274,740 | 26,394 | 18,555 |
| Georgeto |  | 919 | 78 | 1,424 |  |  |
| Norroik | 15,664 | 688, 872 | $\begin{aligned} & 579 \\ & 804 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 395,852 \\ 82,737 \\ 8,8,547 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,450 \\ & 48,807 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,213 \\ 14,867 \end{array}$ |
| Noort News, 6 c . | 3,048 | 32.785 |  | 3,924 |  |  |
| Bowton. | T,208 | 53,781 |  | 8,21 35005 | 185,004 | 83, 7 ,75 |
| Battimore | 2,087 | 111.207 | 676 | 104,834 | 7.625 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,11 \\ & 4.15 \end{aligned}$ |
| Phlladelphta |  | 007 |  | 316 | 2,309 | $3,188$ |
| Total.... | 152.031 | 10843245 | 37,120 | 7.025, 595 | 773,871 | 466.54 .3 |

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

| Recoipts at- | 1012. | 1911. | 1910. | 1809. | 1003. | 1907. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gatyeston | 24.842 | 13,367 | 40,803 | 34, 382 | 23,856 |  |
| Toxas dity, ece | $2{ }^{4,625}$ | 13,301 | 25,635 | ${ }_{25,173}^{13,52}$ | 20.248 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,453 \\ & 16.2757 \\ & \hline 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| Moblio ${ }_{\text {Sainannil }}$ | 22,759 | 5.610 | 3,691 | 23.853 | 1,883 10,287 | 1,104 8.500 |
| Branswder:*: | 24,650 |  | 1.480 | 2.100 |  | 1,215 |
| Charieston, Coc | 2,000 | 25id | +348 | ${ }_{8}^{1,1438}$ | 188 | 515 |
| Nortorik | 15.654 | 804 | 4,790 | 8.044 | 3,101 | 4,015 |
| Allothers... | 23.948 | 3, 2 ii | 7,250 | 1.48 1.402 | 2,648 | 2,668 |
| Total this wh- | 142,631 | 32.100 | 82,40 | 121,705 | 60,595 | 70,481 |
| Stinee Sept. | 0843245 |  |  |  |  |  |

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 214,814 bales, of which 70,695 were to Great Britain, 32,863 to France and 111,256 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1 1911:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brporls } \\ & \text { Hom- } \end{aligned}$ | Weok endtug Apr! 13 1012. Expmital $10-$ |  |  |  | From Sept. 11941 to ADrमl 131012 Syportid fo- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total. |  | Fra | Contt- nent. | Tot |
|  | 23,260 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Artur, |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 071 |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ Oricums. |  | 2,700 | 55 | 52,402 | 715 | 4 |  |  |
| dile |  |  | 5,023 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Itp |  | 12,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Savannal Brunswlek |  |  | 28,570 | 33.877 |  |  |  |  |
| Cuarleston | 3.600 |  |  | 3100 |  |  |  |  |
| Intmit |  |  |  |  |  | 115 54 | 215,002 | 483, |
| Norfots |  |  |  |  | 12,430 |  | 98 | 16,0. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Newp } \\ & \text { Now } \end{aligned}$ | 3,683 | 8.063 | 11 |  | 216, 16 | 78,81i | 200.360 |  |
| Baltim |  |  | 3, 254 | 2.644 |  | 5.920 | 80, |  |
| Pannicel | 875 |  |  | 1.875 |  |  | 17,245 |  |
| Pintian |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seattle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{P}$ |  |  | 2.081 | 2, |  |  | 59,834 | . 8 |
| Pembina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4.378 |  |  | 4,808 |
| tal | 70.625 | 12 |  |  | . 080 | 1080433 | (,450,030 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 9.422, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York.

| Amil 12 at | On Shipbaard, Not Cleared for- |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leaving } \\ & \text { Slock } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Greal Brilaln. | France | Ger- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Foreign } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coast- } \\ & \text { tofse. } \end{aligned}$ | Total. |  |
| New Orlear | 8,030 | 6.098 | 4,703 | 11,450 | 72 | 32,044 | 4 |
| Gatycston | 31,011 600 | 12,795 | 22,350 | 13,009 | ,707 | 60,962 | 116,372 |
| Charicston |  |  | I,000 |  |  | 1.000 | 25,344 |
| Mobile | 178 | 5,004 | 1,800 | 1,100 | 18.000 | 15,220 | 6,738 |
| New Yur |  |  |  | $4.50{ }^{\circ}$ |  | 7,700 | 147,304 |
| Other por | 0,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |  |  | 12,0 | 13 |
| Total 1912 | 54,025 | 24,087 | 26,815 | 30, 129 | 22,570 | 153,535 |  |
| Totail 1910 | 11,819 | 7,445 | 12,310 | 22,053 | 23.240 | 73,273 | 403 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been on a larger scale at a sharp advance in prices. This was due largely to reports of umprecedented floods in the Mississippi River and its tributaries, the breaking of the levees in some States and a fear of further serious breaks elsewhere, which has kept the trade qui vive all the week. Moreover, the weather in the South has continted to be more or less rainy in both the Eastern and Western sections of the belt, whereby field work has been more or less delayed. In fact, it is contended by some that the season is now so far behind that it looks like a rather later start than usual for the crop. The interesting question, too, is eagerly discussed as to the likelihood of another big crop sueceeding the past one. Occasionally in the past two big crops have come together, but the concensus is that this has been the exception rather than the rule. In recent years there have been ups and downs in the crops in alternate years of, roughly, two million to three million bales. The crop of $13,828,846$ bales raised in 1908-09 was followed by a drop to $10,650,961$ bales. Those of 1906-07 and 1904-05, by recessions in the years following of $2,000,000$ to $2,200,000$ bales. It is small wonder, then, that intense interest is felt in the question whether another $16,000,000$-bale crop is to be raised this year, or whether there will be a falling off of two millions to three million bales. In the meantime, the market is, if anything, unusually sensitive to weather, river and levee news from the South. Also, the spot situation at the South is reported very firm. It is said that American mills have shown more disposition to buy the actual cotton of late and have found it rather difficult to get desirable grades without bidding up the price. The cotton goods market has been rising under the stimulus of a good demand. The English coal strike has practically ended, and some half a million men have already returned to work. This will be a great relief to the Lancashire cotton industry. Lancashire mills are believed to be engaged well ahead and prices are firm, eyen if new business has fallen off somewhat. The speculation here has broadened noticeably. The outside public has been coming in to it. There has beon heavy profit-taking at times, attributed to large Wall Street, Waldori-Astoria and other interests, but the market on most days has absorbed offerings with a readiness which has excited general remark. There has been covering of shorts by Memphis and other interests and Liverpool at times has also purchased on a big scale. Very large interests have been trading in and out; that is, while they have been bullish, they have been content to trade in big blocks for moderate turns. This has confused the rank and file of traders somewhat, but it has been noticed that on anything like a good setback these big interests have re-entered the market and again bought heavily. Exports have been liberal and receipts show some natural decrease. On the other hand, the long interest is now becoming more scattered. It is believed to be in weaker hands. Prices have advanced recently some $\$ 350$ per bale, or $\$ 1250$ a bale since the low point of last December. A certain amount of 'pyramidding" has been in evidence. This always has a tendency to weaken the speculative foundations of a market to a greater or less extent. Certainly, it tends to render it more vulnerable to attack. On Thursday came a sudden decline, due to heavy liquidation at home and abroad. From Texas come very favorable reports in regard to the next crop. Some land usually devoted to corn will be given up to cotton in that State. On the whole, the weather has been better than recently, and in many sections of the belt field work has been pushed with vigor. Spot cotton has risen to 11.65 c . for middling uplands, an advance for the week of 65 points.
The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:
 NEW YORK QUOTATIONS FOR 32 YEARS.


MARKET AND SALES AT NEW YORK.

|  | Spol MarketClosid. | Futures Marke clased | SALES. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Spot. | Contr'al | Totat. |
| Saturday |  | HOLIDAY. |  |  |  |
| Tuesday | Qulets pts, ady | Barely steady | 500 | 300 | 00 |
| Wedresiday | Steady 20 pts, dyv.. | Firm ${ }_{\text {Barely steady }}$ | 400 | - | 400 |
| Triurady . | Steady 20 pts.adv. | Barely steady : | 300 | 0 | 300 <br> 200 |
| Total | ............ | . | 1.200 | s00 | 1.700 |

15 FUTURES．－The highest，lowest and closing prices at New York the past week have been as follows：


THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to－night，as made made up by cable and telegraph，is as follows．Foreign stocks，as well as the afloat，are this week＇s returns，and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thurs－ day evening．But to make the total the complete figures for to－night（Friday），we add the item of exports from the United States，including in it the exports of Friday only．


Total vistble supply ．．．．．．．．．．55，391，212 $\overline{3,955,341} \overline{3,784,110} \overline{4,703,889}$ Of the above，totals of American and other descrlptlons are as follows： American－
Liverpool stock

|  | bates．1，253，000 | 293，000 | 672，000 | 1．210， |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ma | 60，000 | 82，000 | 41，006 | 01.0 |
| C | 082，000 | 621.000 | 617，000 | 881,000 |
| American afloat | 603，286 | 211,382 | 32， 365 | 260.23 |
|  | 773.871 | 169，543 | 481，752 | 603，73 |
| U．S．Intertorst | 375，274 | 438，585 | 424.186 | 870. |
| ．S．expo | 42，081 | 1，831 | 10，607 | 33，6 |

Total American …．．．．．．．．．．．4，120，212 $\overline{2,814,341} \frac{1,578,110}{\frac{00,010}{3,046,839}}$



Continental imports for the past week have been 103,000 bales．

The above figures for 1912 show a decrease from last week of 129,949 bales，a gain of $1,435,871$ bales over 1911 ，an ex－ cess of $1,607,102$ bales over 1910 and a gain of 687,373 bales over 1909.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement－that is， the receipts for the week and since Sept．1，the slipments for the week and the stocks to－night，and the same items for the correspouding period for the previous year－is set out in detail below．

|  | 5z |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \％ － － |
|  |  |  | 菏 |
|  | 号 |  | 告 |
| Morement to April 121912. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \％ |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  <br>  ni | O |
|  | 袻 |  780 <br>  | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The above totals show that the interior stocks have de－ creased during the week 27,105 bales and are to－night 63,311 bales less than at the same time last year．The receipts at all towns have been 51,303 bales more than the same week last year．

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT．1．－We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept．1，as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night．The results for the week and since Sept． 1 in the last two years aro as follows：

| dprit 12 | －1011－12 |  | －1010－11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Stace Sent 1. | Week | Since |
| pped－ | 13，742 | 503， 385 | 4.688 | 453，048 |
| via Cairo |  | 35，007 | 2，056 | 100，344 |
| Vla Rock | 637 | 6，399 |  | 25，862 |
| Via Lo | 4，204 | 139．511 | 2，892 | 120，254 |
| Vla Cricin | 3，072 | 111，367 |  | ${ }^{62,696}$ |
| Via Virginia po | 7.693 | 398，585 | 1，489 | 170，119 |
|  | ．32，087 | 1，437，205 | 13，019 | 1，170，333 |
| Deduct sirpments－ |  |  |  |  |
| Overween luterior towns |  | 87，738 | 80 | 63，771 |
| Inland，de．，from South |  | 40，673 | ． 0 | 39，158 |
| otal to be deduc | 12，718 | 200,775 | 2，570 | 241，444 |
| ceaving total net overlani | 20，269 | 1，137，43 | 10，449 | 923，8 |

－Including movement by rall to Canada．
The foregoing shows the week＇s net overland movement has been 20,269 bales，against 10,449 bales for the week last year，and that for the season to date the aggregate net over－ land exhibits an excess over a year ago of 208，541 bales．


## $\frac{\text { North．splnnera＇talkfugs to } A}{\text {－Decrease durlu？week．}}$

Movement into sight in previous years： Week－ $\qquad$ Bales．
103 Since Sepl． 1
$1009-10-1$ Bates．
$9,312,069$ $1010=\mathrm{Aprl}$
$1909-A \mathrm{prl}$
 $9,512,869$
$2,011,781$
$0,129,929$ 1908－Aprll 18．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 95,551 1007－08－April 18．．．．．．．10，122，229
QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS．－Below are the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week．

Weok ending
April 12 .


NEW ORLEANS OPTION MARKET,-The highest, lowest and closing quotations for leading options in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sat'cuy: } \\ & \text { Aprito: } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Tupsaty, } \\ \hline \text { Aprita: } \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Wodrday } \\ \text { April } 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | Apriili: | $\vdots .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { April- } \\ & \text { Range } \\ & \text { Closlig. . } \end{aligned}$ | HOLT- |  | 11.50 | 1.88 | 1.85 - |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Mavaing } \\ \text { Nange } \end{gathered}$ |  | 11, 1144 -47 | ci, ${ }^{1,58-55}$ |  | 11.55-7 | 73 |
|  |  | 11.45 | $1.32=$ | -1.78 | -11.2 | $\underline{11}$ |
|  |  |  | 1.40-59 | 54-8 | -8 | 511.78-87 |
| ${ }_{\text {Aupust }}$ Ranse |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 11,28.35-37 \\ 11.35 \end{array}$ |  | 1.42 | 17.68 | - @ |
| Sepl:- |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{11.65-}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Reange }}^{\text {Relosing }}$ |  | $\overline{11} .30-32$ | 1.40-41 | 11,40-42 | (11.51-56 | 11.04-50 |
| Ochaorio |  | 11:09-28-28 | 1,40-40 | 11.34-5 | , $1.35-38$ | (11.40-60 |
| Notember Ranfer |  | $\overline{11.26}$ = |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Cosing }}$ |  |  | 1.35 | 1.94 | 1,38 | 11. |
| (eater |  | 1$11,13-2$ <br> 11.272 | 1,30-37 | 11.35-601 | 11.37. 58 | 11.51-62 |
| nuary |  | 71, 20.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Tones |  |  | 1.37- | - | 4 | : 58 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sone or } \\ & \text { Sopin } \\ & \text { Options } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Firm, } \\ & \text { V'y } \end{aligned}$ |  | Flym. | y. | $\mathrm{Trm.}_{\text {Stealy }}^{\mathrm{Tr}}$ |

MISSISSIPPI FLOOD. -Since the first break in the levees along the Mississippi River that occurred at the close of March the embankment has given away at a number of other points, flooding considerable territory and entailing enormous loss, but thus far only a limited area of cotton territory has been affected. The earlior breaks were confined to points in Illinois, Missouri and Kentucky; but high water resulted in considerable flooding of territory, including low-lying portions of the city of Memphis. On April 6 crevasses were reported in Crittenden County, Ark., opposite Memphis, and three breaks were reported in the levees south of Helena the following day. On Monday of the current week the St. Francis levee in Arkansas gave way, considerably extending the flooded area in northeastern Arkansas, and on Thursday a break in a small levee at Ashland, Miss., resulted in the inundation of about 3,800 acres of land, it is stated. The water in the lower river continues to rise, and fears are expressed that further breaks will occur in cotton territory. Up to this time, however, no very considerable amount of land devoted to the staple is involved in the overflow, although in all it is estimated that approximately 2,000 square miles of land are under water.

COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMEN'T TO APRIL 1.-Below we present a synopsis of the crop movement for the month of March and the seven months onded March 31 for three years:


Palestine, T'ex.-We have had a rainfall of twenty-seven hundredths of an inch during the week, on three days. Minimum thermometer 48

San Antonio, Tex.- We have had rain on three days during the week, the rainfall being sixty-nine hundredths of an inch. Lowest thermometer 50 .
Taylor, Tex. - We have had light rain on two days the past week, the precipitation being three hundredths of ian inch. Minimum thermometer 50 .

New Orleans, $L a$.- It has rained on five days of the week, the rainfall reaching seventy-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 67.
Shreveporl, La. - There has been rain on three days during the week, to the extent of two inches and six hundredths. The thermometor has ranged from 51 to 82 .
Vicksburg, Mins.- It has rained on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 63, the highest being 80 and the lowest 47.
Litlle Rock, Ark.-Rain has fallen on two days during the weey, the precipitation reaching fifty-six hundredths of aa inch. The thermometer has ranged from 46 to 80 , a veraging 63.
Helena, $A 火$. - The river is the highest ever known and rising. Helena is the only place to cross swamps from Cape Girardeay to New Orleans. All dry here yet inside the levee, but outside very deep. There has been rain on one day of the week, to the extent of ninety-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 59.8 , the highest being 77 and the lowest 42.
Memphis, Tenn.-The river is at 42.5 feet on the gauge, or 7.5 feet above the flood stage, but falling. We have had rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and sixty-six hundredths, and it is now raining. Thermometer has ranged from 45 to 76 , averaging 60.
Mobile, Ala. There has been rain on two days of the week, to the extent of one inch and twenty-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 65, ranging from 51 to 79.
Montgomery, Ala. - There has been rain on two days during the week, to the extent of sixty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 64, the highest being 79 and the lowest 45.
Selma, Ala.-There has been rain on threo days of the Week, to the extent of ninety-five bundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 43 to 79, averaging 62.
Madison, Fla.-Rain has fallen on one day during the week, the precipitation reaching twenty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 48 to 88 , averaging 68 .
Savannah, Ga.-We have had rain on two days the past week, the precipitation being fifty-eight hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 64, lighest 75, lowest 51.
Charleston, $S, C$.-We have had a rainfall of fifty-four hundredths of an inch during the week on two days. Average thermometer 62, highest 74, lowest 50 .
Chařlotte, N. C.-Planters are just beginning work. We have had rain on one day the past week, the precipitation boing five bundredtlos of an inch. Average thermometer 78 , highest 39, lowest 58 .
INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.


ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

| Alexandria, Eoyps. April 10. | 1911-12. |  | 1910-11. |  | 1909-10. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recelpts (cantars) This week Since Sept. 1 | $\begin{array}{r} * 50,000 \\ 7,107: 871 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 38,000 \\ 7.412 .071 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5.500 \\ 4.858 .076 \end{array}$ |  |
| Exports (balcs)- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { This } \\ & \text { Week. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept } 1 . \end{gathered}$ | This Weet | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { This. } \\ & \text { Week. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \operatorname{Sept} 1 . \end{gathered}$ |
| To Elverpool | -2,000 | 163,873 <br> 188,061 | 1,250 | 187,363 | 5,250 | 130,650 |
| To Conttrent and Ind | *8,000 | 188,016 | 10,000 | 102,158 |  | 113,352 |
| To Amerlca. | *2,000 | 81,689 | 4,000 | 88,786 | 400 | 67,100 |
| al ex |  | 732,549 | 12,650 | B07.7 | 8.180 | 558,771 |

[^9]| WORLD＇S SUPPLX AND TAKINGS OF COTTON． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton Takings． <br> Week and Season． | 1911－12． |  | 1910－11． |  |
|  | Weok． | Season． | Feek． | Scason． |
| Vrisible supply | 5，521，101 |  | 4，110，140 |  |
| Vmisbican may Sep to Ajrili 13 | 191.705 | 13，875，512 | 77.635 | 10，760，391 |
| Bombay recelits to Apr | 62,000 0.060 | $1,755.000$ 100.060 | 60,000 18,700 | 1，730，000 |
|  | 9，000 | 106,060 948,000 | 18,700 8,000 | 288，005 |
| Other subpty to April 1 | 1．000 | 187，000 | 4，000 | 224，000 |
| Total supply | 5，701，950 | 18，474，930 | 4，287，738 | 15，479，810 |
| Vistble supply April | 5，301，212 | 5．391，212 | 3，955，341 | 3，055，341 |
| Total takings to April 12 | 400 | 13，083，718 | 332，397 | 11，525，469 |
| Of which | 203，744 107.000 | 18 | 230,697 101.700 | $8,730,464$ $2,785,005$ |
| －Eminaraces recolots |  |  |  | dles，\＆ |

MANCHESTER MARKET．－Our report received by cable to－night from Manchester states that the market is firm for yarns and quiet for shirtings，Merchants are not willing to pay present prices．We give the prices for to－day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison．


SHIPPING NEWS．－As shown on a previous page，the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 214,814 bales．The shipments in detail，as made up from mail and telegraphic returns，are as follows：
 Baitc， 1.957 upland， 96 forelgn
To Manchester－$\lambda$ pril - Cavour，
To Manchester－Aprll 6－Cavour， 1,200

To Hambury－April 4－President Grant，1．100．．．．

To Antwerp－April 1 －Manluttan，200．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．



To Manchester－Aprl 6 Felesfors， $10,348, \ldots, \ldots$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
tenberg，6．097－
To Hamburs－April 10－Kilisica， 2,622
To Trieste Aprll 6 －Federios，2．785
TEXAS CITY－To Mextco－Aprll 6－City of Mamplco，1，150．．．．
PORT ARTHUR－To Hamburg－Aprtl b－Clswlek To

$\qquad$
To Mexico－April $12=$ Burbo Bank， 200 ．．．．．
To Hamburg－Apria - verdaig， 769
To Christlanta－April 16 Mextcano， 762
To Antwerp－Aprir 6－Llongwin．4，484
To Gothenburg－Aprll 11－
To Gothen burs－April 11 －Mexfeano，500．
To Genoa－Aprl 9 －Crtta di Patermo， 3.700 ；Princlpessa Lac－
$\mathrm{thtis}, 6.392$.

To Hamburs Aprll $\delta$－Vogesen， $330-\overline{2}$－Vesterland， $5,593$.
PENSACOLA－To Havre－Aprll 12 －Pcntee， 13,000 －
GUVANNAT－To Have－Aprid
To Hamburk April 9 －Tchus， 11,858 ．
To Genoa－April \＆－Fedora，1，650
To Pasares－April o－Quecriswood， 100.
BRUNSWIOK－To Manchester－April 6 －Katherine，5，092 ．．．．．
BRUNSWIOK－To Manchester－April $6-$ Katherine， $5,992$.
GHARLESTON－No LIverpool－Applis－Satburn． $3.400 .$.
BOSTON－To Gqno3－April 8 －Oretle， 1,150 ．．． $204 \ldots .$. April $3-$
BALIMORE To Bremen－Apill 2 Koln，

SAN FRANCISCO To Japan April 10 Mongolian． $5.042 . .$.
SEATYLE－To Japan－April 8 －Maba Maru， 802.
To China－Aprl 8 Inaba Maru， 303 ．．．．
To China－Aprll 8－Inaba Maru，303．．．．
TACOMS－To Japan－Aprll $11-$ Harleaden． 2.084.
The particulars of the foregoing shipments for the week， arranged in our usual form，are as follows：

|  | Britain． |  | 1，358 | 300 | 1，104 |  | 7．442 | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | － 32.693 | 4，663 | 1.358 10.029 | 300 | ${ }_{7}^{1.104}$ |  |  |  |
| Texas city |  |  |  |  |  | 1，150 |  | 1，1 |
| Port Arthu |  | 2,700 | 7 783 | 5.759 | 11.492 | 200 |  |  |
| Ney Orle | 2，500 | 2.00 | 8，223 |  |  |  |  | 8， 123 |
| Pors |  | 13,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gultport | 5．307 | 12.000 | 20.085 | 425 | 8．06\％ |  |  | 33，877 |
| Brumswicl |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charleston | 3，400 |  |  |  | 1150 |  |  | 1, |
| Battimor |  |  | 2，454 |  |  |  |  | 2，45 |
| Philadeph | 1.875 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1，87 |
| San Franc |  |  |  |  |  | 302 | 5，042 |  |
| Sactioma |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2，084 | 2.08 |

Total $\quad \overline{70,605} 32,865 \overline{57.182} \quad 0,484 \quad 29,238 \quad 2,08215370 \quad 214,814$
wing statement of the week＇s sales，stocks，\＆c．，at that port：


The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows：

| Spot． | Saturday． | Montay． | Tregdoy． |  | Wearestay． |  | Thurstay． |  | Tifors． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Market, } \\ 12: 1 \mathrm{l} \\ \text { P. Mt. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HOLI- } \\ & \text { DAY. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HOLI- } \\ & \text { DAY. } \end{aligned}$ | Culct． |  | Dull． |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { soro } \\ \text { demand. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Fair beginiss doing． |  |
| Mad．uplde |  |  | 0.30 |  | ¢． 3 ¢亏 |  | 0.82 |  | 6.44 |  |
| Sales Spec．exp． |  |  | $\frac{15000}{500}$ |  | \＄．000 |  | 6,000660 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9.000 \\ 600 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| Futurcs． Market opened |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Firm, } 15 \\ & \text { dolotat } \\ & \text { doyance. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Stenity at 3 polats adyance． |  | steady at $5 \Leftrightarrow 6$ pte． advance． |  | Quiat at 203 pts． dreline． |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Murket, } \\ & \text { 4. } \\ & \text { P. M. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Qutet． 1312运15 modranee． |  | stronic at S酸 10 pts． inivarice． |  | B＇tx ity at 3202 nts ． mivares |  | steady at 8 （6）Dts． anvance， |  |
| The prices for futures at Liverpool for each day are given below．Prices are on the basis of upland，good ordinary clause，unless otherwise stated． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } 6 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Apr, } 12 . \end{gathered}$ | Sat． | Mon． | Tues． |  | Wed． |  | Thurs． |  | Eri． |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{12 K} \cdot \frac{4}{\mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{~m} .} \mathrm{p} \cdot \mathrm{~m} . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 123.94 \\ & \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{~m} . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{M} .4 \\ & \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 123 \\ & \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{m} . \\ & \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} . \\ & \hline \mathrm{tt} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | d．d． <br> HOLI－ <br> DAX． | d．${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 1131111311311321103030303010150101020203 | ${ }_{22}^{\text {a }}$ \％ |  |  |  |  |
| Apr－May May－June |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| Suy－June |  |  |  |  | $201 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |
| Juty－Arit－ |  |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |
| Aur－－Scp－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct－Nov－ |  |  |  |  | 13， |  |  |  |  |
| Nov．－Dec， |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb，－Mch． |  |  |  |  | 123 |  |  |  |  |
| Mch－Apr． |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |

## BREADSTUFFS．

Friday Night，April 121912.
Flour has been in moderate demand at generally firm prices．The advance in wheat has had a tendency to strengthen quotations for flour，but it is noticeable that buy－ ers for the most part have adhered to the policy of buying from hand to mouth．They have pursued this course，as is well known，for some months past，and until the market for wheat takes a distinctly definite trend one way or the other， it is believed that they will continue to buy in the same re－ stricted way．The output at the Northwest last week was 284，185 barrels，against 306,290 barrels in the same week last year．It is stated that though flour sales by Minneapolis mills last week were considerably increased，as a whole business was irregular．

Wheat has advanced，owing mainly to unfavorable crop reports from the winter－wheat section．The Government report on the $9 t h$ inst．was also interpreted as a bullish docu－ ment and on the day following caused a sharp upward turn． It indicated on April 1st a crop of $493,000,000$ bushels，as against an indicated crop on April 1st last year of 510000,000 bushels；but the last crop turned out finally to be only $430,656,000$ bushels．The year previous it was 434，142，000 bushels．The high record winter－wheat crop was in 1906， when it reached $492,888,000$ bushels．The condition this year on April 1st was $51 / 2 \%$ below the ten－year average．It was the lowest in some years．In other words it was $80.6 \%$ ， was the lowest in some years．In other words it was $80.6 \%$ \％
against． $86.6 \%$ Dec．1 1911， 83.3 on April $11911,80.8$ April 11910 and 86.1 as a ten－year average．Glanc－ ing at the report in detail，the wheat trade has been in－ terested to note that in Indiana the condition on April 1 of the present year was only $61 \%$ ，or $25 \%$ below that of a year ago and 23 less than two years ago．Illinois was $62 \%$ ，or $20 \%$ less than last year and $22 \%$ less than two years ago． Ohio was only $63 \%$ ，against $84 \%$ a year ago and 85 two years ago．Nebraska was $93 \%$ ，it is true，which was $7 \%$ better than a year ago， $23 \%$ higher than two years ago and $7 \%$ in advance of 1909．The report from Kansas was also good；the condition there was $85 \%$ ，or $10 \%$ better than a year ago and $21 \%$ better than on April 1 1910．But the up－shot of the report was that the yield may turn out to be even less than that of last year，when，as we have seen，it was $430,656,000$ bu．，which was itself the smallest for three years，and was some 62，000，000 bu．under the high－record yield of 1906. This data comes down only to April 1，but since then some bad reports have continued to be received from Illinois， Indiana，Ohio and Missouri．The Missouri condition on April 1 was only $76 \%$ ，or $15 \%$ below that of a year ago． In addition，the firmness of corn has helped to advance prices of wheat．A fair business，too，has been reported for export． On he other hand，visible supplies in this country and abroad are still large，and there are large concentrated hold－ ings at Chicago，where the stock of contract grade is some $9,000,000$ bushels，largely in the hands，it is supposed，of one holder，or，at any rate，of one interest．This rather chills
the ardor of some who might otherwise take the bull side, Furthermore, the price of No. 2 red wheat is some 17 cents a bushel higher than it was a year ago, while the visible supply in the United States is $58,061,000$ bushels, or $16,000,000$ bushels more [than a year ago and some $23,000,000$ bushels more than at this time in 1910. The world's stock of American whent of all kinds, including Canadian, is $113,121,000$ bushels, or double what it was a year ago. The world's stock of European and American wheat is $201,521,000$ bushels, or nearly $25,000,000$ bushels more than a year ago and some $50,000,000$ bushels more than at this time in 1910. Under the circumstances it is believed that an advance in price can only come from weather scares. The May option has shown almost spectacular strength at times. It has, however, been so erratic that many refuse to trade in it. To-day prices again advanced sharply with renewed bad reports from Illinois and Indiana. July touched 10 c . on a big demand to cover.
DAILY GLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT FUTURES IN NEW YORK. No. 2 red
May deivery in devator.
July delvery in elevalor. $\qquad$
 Wed.
11113
108
108
DATLX CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT FUTURES IN $106 \% 1095$
 May delfvery in elevator....
ruly delvery in eleator
$\qquad$

 Indian corn has also advanced, owing to bad weather and a sharp cash demand. It has reached new high levels for the present season. The large eash trade at the Southwest has been a noteworthy stimulus to the market, as the feeding demand has continued unabated. The receipts, moreover, have been small, and stocks at the Southwest have been rapidly decreasing. In a single day cash prices advanced half to one cent at Chicago, one cent at Omaha, Minneapolis and Peoria and three cents at Kansas City. The world's shipments, on the other hand, have been 4,302,000 bushels, against $3,358,000$ bushels for the same weok last year, But the visible supply of American is steadily decreasing and is now two million to six million bushels smaller than at this time in the last two years. Buenos Ayres reports, moreover, state that heavy rains are interfering with the movement of the crop in Argentina. Prices in this country in the meantime are some 25 to 30 cents higher than a year ago. To-day prices again advanced on the same general factors as above noted, though the influence of the steady rise in wheat was also felt.
DAILY OLOSING PRICES OF NO, 2 MIXED CORN ININEW YORK.
 DAILY OLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUPURES IN CHICAGO. May dellivery in clevatorJuly dellvery in elevator-
Sopteraber delvery in elevator...

and ander the stimulus of a good cash demand and the lateness of the season for seeding. New high levels have been reached on this movement, partly owing to the advance in corn, which has continued to exercise a very noticeable influence on the market for oats it is said, too, that recently something like $1,000,000$ bushels of Manitoba oats was sold for export at the opening of navigation. There has been a good deal of covering of shorts and also not a little buying in of hedges against cash oats by many of the Western houses. It is believed, too, that the stocks in the Eastern States are comparatively small. Seeding is now making rapid progress under more favorable conditions, Some think the acreage is likely to be larger than was at one time expected. To-day prices were again higher. July has reached an unusually high point for this time of year. Standards
Standards
No. 2 white
...................
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF ON May dellvery In elevator.......... Sat. Aroat. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Firi,
 The following are closing quotations:





Corn, per bushel-
No, $2 \ldots . . .$.
-AGRIOULTURAL DEPARTMENT REPORT -Tho port of the Department of Agriculure showing the condition of winter grain on April 1 was issued on April 9 as follows: 1
$\stackrel{\text { The Crop Renorting Board of the Bureau of Statistles, United States }}{\text { Department of }}$ and agents of the Buresus that the averare condition of wiater whicat on Ryrll 1 was $80.6 \%$ of a normal, against 83.3 on Aprll $11911,80,8$ on April 1
 points, as compared with an average decline in the past ten years of 3.3
point between theso dates.
pointh between tocse dates, -The average condtion of ryc on April 1 was $87,0 \%$ of a normal, argainst 30.3 on April 1 1911, 92.3 on April 1 1910, and 80.8 . the average condition for the past ten years on April 1.

The statements of the movement of breadstuffs to market indicated below are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Prodnce Exchange, The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending last Saturday and since August 1 for each of the last three years has been:

| Pr | Flour. | Whent. | cam. | Sats. | arkey | Ryc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $285,600$ |  | busht. 39 bss. |  | . 5 |
| Duluth | 18.800 | 129, | 10 | 1310 |  |  |
| Minneas |  | 1.591, | 77.5350 | 230 , | 130,150 | 17, |
| Detroit | 5.088 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clevelan |  |  | 36. | 3,480 |  |  |
|  | 57,400 48 |  |  |  | 1,8 |  |
| Kansen ${ }^{\text {C }}$ |  | 6, 5 | 108,0 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| same Wk. '10 | 28in,9 | 3,204,038 | 2,628,076 | 2,360, | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 .6 \\ & 1.234 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 13,240, | 11.615 |  |  |  |

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended April 61912 follow:

| Recetpts at- | Ploug, bol. | Wheas: bucis. | Gora. bren. | Oats, <br> hush. | Barley, bush. | Rue: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York ... | 196, 114 | 759.600 | 68,625 | 445,300 | 97,020 | 1,150 |
| Boston | 47.641 | 242540 | 12,030 | 77163 | 583 |  |
| Portland, M | 17,000 | 410,000 |  | 18.000 | 11,000 |  |
| Phatadelphta | 46,880 | 120,886 | 35,159 | 163,050 |  | 1,600 |
| Batumore Now Oriea | 22.210 | 22,279 | 30,432 62.400 | 19,438 |  | 10,548 |
| Nortolk | 2,142 |  |  | ,000 |  |  |
| Galreito |  | 8,000 |  | 2.000 |  |  |
| Mobile. | 5,000 | 300 | 3,000 |  |  |  |
| Montrea | 14,250 | 38,142 | 125 | 62,887 | 40,184 |  |
| Total week 19 | 309,754 | 1,932,347 | 221,071 | 854,828. | 148,703 | 13,298 |
| Slince Jan 11912 | ,847,474 | 17,504,210 | 20,688,374 | 10,203,814 | 2025,047 | 197.202 |
| Week 1911. | 300.326 | 731.080 | 763.151 | 916,362 | 244,777 | 13,289 |
| 8 m ce Jan, 1191 | ,991,597 | 13,288,006 | 34,006,337 | 11.890, 502 | 1728,973 | 200,325 |

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending April 6 are shown in the annexed statement:

| Esporis from- | Whent fucht, | cons. mish. | Flour. sols. | Oits. bush. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rys, } \\ & \text { tuthe: } \end{aligned}$ | Barlev. outh. | Poas. buen: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 781,497 410000 | 30,726 | 80,115 | 2,795 |  |  | 3,427 |
| Portand, Mo.... | 410,000 208.675 | 25,714 | 17,000 3.580 | 18,000 10,317 |  | 11.000 |  |
| Philadetpha | 87,000 | 43;000 | 16,000 | 13,000 | ..... |  |  |
| Batitmore. | 130,023 | 411,826 | 33,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Now Orleans | 1,000 | 53,000 | 9,357 | 500 | ..... | …... |  |
| Malveston. | 300 | 3,000 | 6,007 5,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Total week | 924,427 | 867,336 | 180,467 | 44,642 |  | 11,000 | 3,427 |
| Week 1911 | 864.961 | .055,152 | 184,037 | 114,535 |  |  | 5,118 |

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 11911 is as below:

| cstar to |  |  |  | Strice |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr. 0 | ). | Apme 6. |  | Apret. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dea |  |  | +3, |  | 248,8 |  |
| a | 28,672 | 869 | 11000 | (G35 |  |  |
| West ind | 34,38 | 1,007.7 | 300 | 18,328 | 15,707 | 1,550 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tier Countried | 21,781 | 258.438 |  | 23,000 | 1,576 | 20, |

 The world's shipments of wheat and corn for the week ending April 61912 and since July 11911 and 1910 are shown in the following:

$\frac{\text { Total ..... 13888000 } 1388,248,000}{\text { The quantity of wheat and corn afloat for Europe on dates }}$ mentioned was as follows:


The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports April 6 1912, was as follows:

| ta | CANADIAN_GRAINRSTOCKS. Camadtan Bondustiva Cavadian Bonded |  |  |  |  | Canalian Bondes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15 | os |  | busi: | bush. | oisht |  | bust: |
| nutreal | 15 |  | 6 | 332 |  |  |  |  |
| Toronto |  |  |  | 2.545 |  |  | 3 |  |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| it Arthur | 5486 7780 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,499 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| tal April 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Moh, 30 | 125 |  |  | 7.183 |  |  | 90 |  |
| Total April ${ }^{8}$ | 1-12.484 |  | 30 | 6,444 |  |  | 73 |  |



## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

New York, Friday Night, April 121912.
Owing to the Easter and Jewish holidays, many buyers have been absent from the dry goods markets during the past week, and as a consequence there has been less activity from the standpoint of new business. Prices are firmly held at recent advances, however, and in view of the recent increases in wages and cost of raw material, they are beginning to be accepted as more or less permanent. With the passage of the holidays, retailers are now directly confronted with the spring season and cannot possibly afford to delay longer in covering their requirements. While the weather as yet has not been conducive to a normal demand from consumers for spring apparel, retail stocks are low and this demand must be eventually supplied. In the cotton goods division of the market buyers have taken hold slowly during the week, as the advances have been a little too rapid for their approval. They are more interested in obtaining prompt deliveries upon the goods already ordered and are complaining of d lays. The fact is that mills are in a better sold condition than buyers had supposed and are not worrying about advance business. The matter of chief concern to mills and selling agents at present is making satisfactory deliveries on their present contracts. There has been marked improvement in the export trade as compared with the dulness of the past fortnight or so. Buyers for China account are sending forward substantial inquiries for sheetings, but their bids are not up to the levels which the mills are asking. This is probably due to the fact that they are not aware of the advance in prices which has taken place since they were in the market last, but which they will probably meet when they are more in touch with conditions. The Pepperell mills are reported to have placed their entire July output of standard drills for India account at $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. In the cotton-yarn division operations are still upon a restricted scale with buyers radically opposing the prices asked by spinners. While buyers have sent forward some very good orders, spinners are still firm on their prices and have refused to accept business at concessions, Good demand continues in the dress goods markets, particularly on cream-colored serges for spring. Whipcords and Bedford cords are also in good request. With the exception of some requests for the prompt shipment of delayed sample pieces, the initial fall business is practically closed. So far the fall business has been chiefly in cloakings; with Chinchillas the most active. Other descriptions of rough finished cloakings have also been well ordered. In men's wear buyers find that they will have to meet advances this season of from 5 to $71 / \mathrm{cc}$. on most lines of fancy worsteds. Adyances ranging from $21 / 2$ to 5 e , have also been named on woolens. These are entirely the ouctome of the recent wage increase and will probably be acceptable to buyers.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS. - The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending April 6 were 9,493 packages, valued at $\$ 706,460$, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:


While business in domestic cottons during the past week has been more or less quiet, markets have been far from idle. It is not expected that trading will be large until more progress has been made with distribution and until mills have made more headway in catching up with orders which many are far behind with. Requests for prompter deliveries of goods are numerous and many efforts are being made to hurry shipments in order that buyers may know where they stand. All markets continue to display a firm undertone, the recent advances in cotton helping to stimulate a stronger feeling. It is admitted by a number of the large houses that their business during the month of March was the greatest for some time past. Another encouraging feature of the situation is the willingness on the part of some buyers to make purchases sufficient to carry them into the new cotton year. Many retailers are preparing to provide for their fal lines of napped goods, claiming that even should the new cotton crop be large enough to meet requirements, it would not be of any benefit in supplying goods needed during the early part of September. Sheetings and drills continue firm for any delivery during the next two months, with some number withdrawn from the market so far as deliveries before the first of July are concerned. Wash fabrics are spasmodic with some dealers doing a fair business. It is reported that considerable headway has been made on fall lines such as poplins, fancy voiles and some numbers of closely woven yarn-dyed fancies. Standard branded bleached cottons are firm. Print cloths and convertibles rule steady with sales made of special construction goods for delivery in September Fine cloths are only being purchased in a moderate way. Gray goods, $381 / 2$-inch standard, are quoted steady at 5 c .
WOOLEN GOODS. - In the markets for men's wear and dress goods labor troubles continue to be one of the chief topics of conversation, owing to the fact that the strikes among operatives have delayed deliveries of sample lines which are long overdue. In some instances shipments of spring goods have also been stopped. Prices are firm and there is a good demand reported for most all lines. According to advices from the cutting-up trade, certain grades of suitings, such as serges, will be in active request through the summer and into the carly fall. Higher prices are predicted and as a consequence some large duplicate orders are being tendered
FOREIGN DRY GOODS.-Linens are decidedly firm with importers very much disturbed because of the delayed shipments, owing to the state of affairs in foreign shipping circles, due to the recent coal strike. Business booked for fall delivery has been of satisfactory proportions. Housekeepings continue to move freely and colored dress goods lines are in active request for the current season's needs. Owing to delayed shipments from abroad, stocks are being rapidly reduced. Burlaps have ruled quiet but steady during the past week, with no particular new feature. Prices are steady with lightweights quoted 6.50 c , and $101 / 2$-ounce at 7.35 c .
Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods.


## State and City Depamtment.

## MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN MARCH

We present herewith our detailed list of the municipal bond issues put out during the month of March, which the crowded condition of our columns prevented our publishing at the usual time.

The review of the month's sales was given on page 995 of the "Chronicle" of April 6. Since then several belated January returns have been received, changing the total for the month to $\$ 21,068,069$. The number of municipalities issuing bonds was 293 and the number of separate issues 418. MARCH BOND SALES.

| page. | Name. Rate. | Maturity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 719.-A |  |  |
|  | Akron, Ohlo |  |
|  | Albla Sch. Dist. Towa ...... 43/2 | 1922 |
|  | Allen Twp, Soh. Dist, Oblo.... 5 | a1920 |
|  | Alplne High S. D. No. 1, Utah. | d1922-1932 |
| 929 | American Fork S.D.No.14.Utah $51 / 2$ | d1922-1932 |
|  | Andover. Ohto. | a1920 |
| 863 | Andrews Co.Com.S.D.No,2, Tex. | 1942 |
| 863. | AndrewsCo.Com. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, N. No. 28 , Tex. | d1922-1032 |
| 929 | Arcadia (Town) U. F. S. D. | a192 |



 997._Bear Lake Cou
779 Bedford, Ind
863 ..Bedford, Ind







 779 -Chicopec, Mass
008 . Oncinnat1, Ohto 6 Issues)......... Cltrus County, Fla
-. Clay School Dist., Cal. 864. Clevecand, Ohlo.....................
864. Cleveland, Ohto.
930 . Cleveland Sch. Dist.. Ohlo..... 998 Coltax, Wash
1074 Columbus, ohto (12 Issues)
1074 Cook County S. D. No. 38. $11 .$.

 930.- Delaware County, Ohto,
864 Delphos Chty Sch, Dist., Ohto..
9ps. Do Soto County, Fla 4 aloli $\begin{array}{lr}6 & 1913 \\ 6 & 13 \\ 43 / 2 & 19 \\ 4 & 19 \\ 4.10 & 10 \\ 4 & 10 \\ \$ 415 & 19 \\ 5 & 91\end{array}$


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount. Price. |  |
| 340.000 | 102.9125 |
| 815,000 | 101.4858 |
| 60,000 | 105,683 |
| 15,000 | 1053 |
| 60,000 | 1002,438 |
| 20,000 | 101.38 |
| 12,000 | 102.34 |
| 1,500 | 100 |
| 1,500 | 100 |
| 27,500 | 100.287 |
| 50,000 | 101.054 |
| 60,000 | 100 |




| $927$ |
| :---: |
| 1913-1932 |
| d1017-1942 |
| 1942 |
|  |
| 1923-1934 |
| 1913-1352 |
| 1913-1018 |
|  |
| 1923 |
| 11922-1932 |
| 1013-1922 |
| 1923-1032 |
| 1940 |


| urity. $27$ | Amo |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 |
| 1942 | 6 |
| $12{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 150 |
|  | 280 |
|  | 78 |
| 1934 | 12. |
| 1952 | 30 |
| 1018 | - 5 |
|  |  |
|  | 156. |

## $\dddot{2}$

10.088
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$108.14 i$
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100.80
$\begin{array}{ll}100.80 \\ 00 & 100 \\ 00 & 102.11\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}, 000 & 102.113 \\ .069 & 101.451 \\ .200 & 100 \\ .000 & 103.50\end{array}$

会
.000 100

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10666 \\
& 100 \\
& 102
\end{aligned}
$$

$\begin{array}{r}1.876 \\ \hline . . .\end{array}$
100
100
108.098
104.62
100
3.323
1107
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288
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60
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100.77
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101.25
102.055
104.633

2100
103.88
102.652
103.06 to
100,52
100,392

102,72
96,37
100
05.098
03.11
102.281
107.58
107.27
100.733
104.205
100.25
100.8
106.825
101.293
100.83
102.725
$102.47^{-}$
101.691
100
100
103.07
103.18

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100.13
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100.005
96.66
102.809 100.81
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Total band sales for Maroh 1912 ( 293 mumbelpalteles
coverlng 418 separate \$ssues).............. $\$ 21,068,009$ $\bar{a}$ Average date of maturity. $d$ Sublect to call in and after thic carller


## revised totals for previous months

The following items, included in our totals for previous months, should be eliminated from the same, as the sales have not been carried to completion. We give the page number of the issue of our paper in which the reason for the failure to consummate the sales may be found.



We have also learned of the following additional sales for previous months:

| Na | Maturily. | Amount. | price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 77 | 1924 | 515,000 | 101.60 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 868 - ${ }^{\text {sugusta, }}$ T | 410 |  | 100.20 |
| ${ }^{1074}$ - Detrolt, Mloh |  |  |  |
| 865. Green | 1913-1926 | 8.500 |  |
| 780.-Hemphill Co.Com.S.D | d1931-1951 | 6,000 | 100 |
| 931. Iowa Clty, Jowa | a1915 | 15,431 |  |
| $865 \ldots$..Jefierson Co. S. D. No | d1913-1917 | 1,500 | 100.10 |
| 909.- Tefferson Cr . Dr | 1920-1939 | 30.000 |  |
| 1076. Lake County. Ol |  | 40,000 |  |
| 781 . Matagorda Co. Dr. D. No. 5,Tex |  | 27.950 | 100 |
| Mlsassis! | 1914-1932 |  |  |
|  |  | 32,676 |  |
| 781 . North Dakota (11 1 | Various | 73,083 |  |
| 866 , Ozark, Ala |  |  |  |
| 887 - Rowre School | ${ }_{\substack{1917-1922 \\ 1937}}$ | 32,000 | 100.366 102,047 |
| ${ }_{782}{ }^{\text {7 }}$ - Saumsaw |  | 33.133 |  |
| 1002. Snyder, Nel | 11914-1020 | 9,000 | 100 |
| 1078 Spokare. Wash |  | 57,309 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {782 }}$ - Sumner Co, S. D. No, 46 , Kans- | $1917 \& 1922$ | ${ }^{23,500}$ |  |
| ${ }_{782} 0$ TTarklo School Distr |  | 20,000 |  |
| 1078. Toledo Sch. Dist, Ohio(January) |  | 35,000 |  |
| 733.-Wabaunsce Co.S.D.No.13, Kans |  | 1.800 |  |
|  | 1913-1922 | - 78.458 |  |
| 783.-Wichtta, Kan. 4 is |  | 38,728 |  |
| 1880 -Zanesville, Ohlo (3 lastes) | 191761021 | 31,000 |  |
| All the above sales (except as ind | dicated) | for Feb | ary. |
| These additional February issues (not including temporary loans) fo | will mak or that mo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { the to } \\ & \text { th } \$ 29, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sales } \\ & 3,661 . \end{aligned}$ |
| DEBENTURES SOLD BY CANADIAN | municip | TIES 1 | OH |
| Paje. Nama, Rate. | Maturity. | Amount. | Price. |
|  |  | 35, | 102.25 |
| 868 - Battle B |  |  |  |
| 868-Brampton, Ont | ${ }^{\text {1013-1942 }} 1032{ }^{\text {che }}$ | 39,050 3,000 | 09.168 |
| 724.-Dominlon of Canada.......... $31 / 2$ |  | 00,000 |  |
| 1004. Enderly |  |  |  |
| Fort ran | 1022 |  | 96.50 |
| 936, Herbert Seliool District, Sask.. 515 | 1032 | 12,000 |  |
| 1005. High Rlver Schoo | ${ }_{\text {1942 }}^{193}$ | 22,000 |  |
| 784. Tnnistall. | 1913-1932 | 15,000 |  |
| 1005. Lethbrides |  | 750,000 | $98.50{ }^{\circ}$ |
| ondon, |  | 203,500 |  |
| (elville. | 硡 | 6,000 |  |
| Nelvile, | 1013-1922 | 6,400 |  |
| ${ }^{1035}$ - Miden ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1927 | 2,300 |  |
| 784. Montcalm, Que ............... 4 4,4 | 1942 | 60,000 |  |
| 1005 . Mount H | ${ }_{\text {193-1032 }}^{1923}$ | 6,000 |  |
| 1005. Nanatmo | 1022 |  |  |
| ${ }_{036} 8$. North Batuletor |  | 170, |  |
| 1005. North Battleford | ${ }_{1032}^{1937}$ | 2,000 |  |
| 1005. Peachland, B | ${ }_{1922}^{1932}$ |  |  |
| 1080 R Richmond, B. O. (2 issues) ..... 41/2 | 1902 | 0,000 |  |
| 936..-Rural Munio. ot St. Paul, Man. . 5 | 1931 | 5,000 | 101.54 |
| 868.-Salvador, Sask | 1927 | ,, 300 | 95.304 |
| Stmpao | ${ }_{\text {cher }}^{1027}$ |  | 100 |
| 936.-Sunderiand |  |  |  |
| 936.-Teulon'S. D | 1932 | 5,000 | 104.06 |
| 44. Tyllsonbu | 1013-1942 | 25,000 | 100.76 |
|  | 1913-1927 | 4,000 | ${ }^{35.40}$ |
| 724.-Vancouv |  |  |  |
| non, B, Chto ont. | 1013-1027 | 6.700 |  |
| - ork Townshp, oni...........- |  |  |  |

Total debentures sold in Maroh. $\qquad$ \$31,601,0341

ADDITIONAL SALES OF DEBENTURES FOR PREVIOUS MONTHS.



 $\qquad$
The above sales (except as indicated) are for February These additional February sales make the total of debentures sold that month $\$ 2,854,803$.

## News Items.

Atchison, Kan.-Commission Form of Government De-feated.-According to early returns, the question of adopting the commission form of government failed to carry at the election held April 2.
Aurora, Colo.- Court of Appeals Holds Town Liable For Payment of Water Bonds.-A decision was handed down April 3 by the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals holding, according to the Denver Republican, that the town of Fleteher, now Aurora, must pay to S. J. Hickman of Westchester, Pa ., the sum of $\$ 180,000$ as the result of its failure to redeem a bond issue of $\$ 150,000$, voted in 1891, to take over the Fletcher water plant from the old Denver Water Co., predecessor of the Denver Union Water Co.
The case has been pendine, It is sald, both in the trlal and appelate Bryans, who represents tre muntcinallity, has now declared that he wil at in 1801 the old town of Fletelier voted to lssue bonds for the purchase of the water phant constructed for its ued by the Deaver Water Co. Sult was brourgh by taxpayers to enjoin the payment of the bonds on the
sround that the plant cost but sis.,00 white the bonds for 1 ts purchase
 etectlon mantpulated by the poiltical agents of the od Donver Water Co.
Thls sult was declded in tavor of those who held the Donds. The legality of the bond lassue, it is now held by the Appellato Court, count not be attacked in a sult ngalnst the town to colleot on the bouds as ihat
was not radsed in the frst sult to enfoin the payment of the bonc

Aurora, Kane County, II.-Election on Commission Form of Government.-The question of adopting the commission form of government will be submitted to a vote, it is stated, on April 16.

Beaumont, Jefferson County, Texas.-Commission Form of Government Rejected.-By a vote of 339 "for" to 349 "against" the question of adopting the commission form of government was defeated, it is stated, at the election held April 2.
Bishop, Nueces County, Texas.-Commission Form of Government Approved. - The question of adopting the commission form of government was approved, it is stated, at an election held April 3.

Bozeman, Gallatin County, Mont.-Commission Form of Government Defealed.- The election held April 1 resulted in the defeat of the commission form of government (V. 94, p. 502). The vote was 374 "for" to 618 "against."

Bristol, Conn.-Charter Amendment For Acquisition of of Water Works Declared Unconstitutional.-On March 28 Judge Case of the Superior Court dismissed the application of the city for a preliminary appraisal of the plant of the Bristol Water Co, with a view to submitting the result of the same to the voters for their acceptance. The memorandum of the Court follows:
The so-catted "first appraisal" may be rejected by the cley or $1 t$ mas be rendered of no effeot by the mere neglect or refuzal of the water company to
signify its acceptance of it. In the first event, the proceeding onds: in siznify ins acceptance oity must then proceed to a condernmaton of the proporty th a new proceeding involving the appolntment of a new committee.
as a basts for resular condemation procecdinks, by atmply lifnoting it.
 Apparently the Aet seoks to Impress the judtelal department into secvice
for the purpose of submitting In advance a tontative firuro for the ppproval for the purpose of submitting in advace a entation deldec There Is no inmality fo sicha proceeding nor is te one which the Lecisiature can tmpose upon thio Superlor Court, or a dudgo of that Court actine ns such. The attempt 1 B
 Bradley vs. New Haven, 73 Conn. 646 , and Spencer's Appeal, 78 Conn, 301: It is not a fudtelal proceedtas in nny sense "hnal and conetusive upon the partles," nor is It of a "quasi-udfedat character coming to the Court
for review upon any proceding in the mature of or analocuous to an appeat. The motion to dismiss for want of jurlsdiction is granted.

The charter amendment under which proceedings were to be taken by the city was ratified by the voters on Jan. 17. V. 94, p. 223.

Michigan.-Legistature Adjourns.-The Legislature of this State which convened in special session March 20 (V, 94, p. 862) adjourned April 5.

Prior to adjournment a resolution was passed providing for the submission to the voters at the November election of an amendment to the Constitution allowing cities and villages to amend their charters piecemeal without making a general charter Zrevision

Mississippi.-Income Tax Bill.- We print in full below the bill referred to in the "Chronicle" of March 23 (page 862), providing for the levying of a tax of 5 mills on the dollar on all incomes in excess of $\$ 2,500$ per year.
HOUSE BLLL NO, GION PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY AND COLLECSee. 1. Be It enacted by the Legislature of the State of Misslasfippi That at the tme of makding the assessinent of real and personnl property tor taxation in this State, the assessor of each county shan each year de-
 made. In excess of 32,500 . The blank for listing taxes shail contain
the questlon: "Was yout Income fromisslarices, fees, trade, professlon find
property, or any or all of them, for the year endfag February 1 si , in exces Sec. ${ }^{2}$. It the person answers the question in the attirmative, he shail be
furnistied by the assessor with a blank in the followling form, to-wht:

 foregotng oerilincato ts true to the best of my dapwledge do certify that the

"Subscribed and sworn to before me thits.......... day of.






 Auditor misy taka such steps ar ho may deem necessary to requfre any
 Witnes,, pe, provided, however, If any witness so subpoenaed falls and
refuses to appear and give tnformatlon, as provided by tifis sectlon, the
 and give testmony ab required by thits bectlon, and If any such person
subpoenacd shall fall or rcfuse to obey sald subpoena, such person shall be punlighed as provided by lav ta cases of contempt
State of stisibslppl a tax on all fincomer as follows: On all anmual facome In computhy Incomes, the acoessary expenses actually fncurred in carryos on any busincss, gcoupation or profession, not tneluding remuneratio
to the taxpayer for personal supervision of the support and malntenance of hif or her family, shall be deduoted from tho tross Income or reyenue; and the word "nicomin" as used in this Act shatl bo deemed and taken to mean "eross pronfe": Proylfod that no reduction shall be made or allowed for
any amount pald out or contracked for permanent improvements or letter any amount paid out or contrack for permanent improvements or better
ment made to mercasc the value ot any property or estate, or for the increase of captal, captat stock or hasets. And lwome, there shall not be mefuded nterest ypon such bohd or securtes of this State, or of tho United siates
the pringpal and interest of whloh aro by the law of thetr issunice exemp crom taxation. "When tho moomelisder ved from property upon whtch 1 . Wh pad an ad valorem eax, the amount of the ad valorem tax pald shall bo Sco 5. It shall be antawt
ger whatsocyer nny income tax retum or anty part thereof or in any man thercon, unless the tax liverein becomes delinguem, and any persons viotht ing the provisfons of this reption shall be decmed guity of a missiecueanos
and shail be fined nat to exceed fifty dollarn and lmprisoned In the county jat not more than thirty days for each offonce.
Sce, 6 . If amy of the taxcs therein levted hiccome deifnguent become a llen on all the property, puronal and real, of such delinquent per-
son, nud shall be coffeoted as ad yalorem taxes.

knowtugly swear falsely shall be gullty of perfury,
Seo. 8 . Any asscosor who shath tatl or refuse to perform the daties heretn
 action in the name of the state ncatngt the assessor
Sed. 9. That this Aet Bhall take cifcot and bo in foree from and atter its Approved March 181012
Newport, Campbell County, Ky.-City Loses Suit to Compel Bank to Accept Bonds.- The suit brought by the city of Newport to corapel the Newport National Bank to accept the $\$ 100,0004 \%$ street bonds awarded to it on August 23 1911 was decided by Cirruit Judge Yungblut on April 6. It is held, according to local newspapers that the city cannot compel the bank to take the bonds because of irregularities in effecting the sale. The Court says, however, that it does not intend to indieate that the city has no authority to issue the bonds. See V. 93, p. 1131
Okmulgee, Okmulgee Oounty, Okla.-Commission Form of Government Adopted.-The election held April 2 resulted, it is stated, in a vote of 391 to 186 in favor of the adoption of the commission form of government.
Pittsburgh, Pa.-Court Denies Application for Injunction to Restrain Hump Improvemont Profect.-On April 4 Judge Chas, P, Orr in the U. S. District Court refused to grant a preliminary injunction to restrain the sale of the bonds offered on that day (April 4) for the "hump improvement project." The award of the bonds was reported last week. The Court, it is seid, fixed April 16 as the date for a hearing of arguments in the suit.
Port of Vancouver Clarke County, Wash.-Voters Favor Establishment of Part District.-The election held April 6 (V. 14, P. 778) resulted in favor of the establishment of the Port of Vancouver
San Francisco, Cal,-Voters Favor Calling Election For Acquisition of Home Telephone Co, - At a special election held March 20 the voters decided to refuse to assent to the suggestion that the city authorities permit the merger of the Home Telephone Co, with the Pacific Telephone \& Telegraph Co. They declared in favor of the plan to call another special election to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 6,000,000$ bonds for the acquisition of the Home Telephone Co. Less than 30 per cent of the registered vote was cast, there being 21,174 ballots "for" and 10,353 "against" the proposition rejecting tho merger and 20,500 "for" to 10,665 "against" the plan to call a special election to issue bonds for the acquisition of the Home Co. Concerning the result of the election, City Attorney Long is quoted in the San Francisco "Chronicle" as saying: "The vote against the telephone merger and for a muniopal telophone system was merely advisory. The ordinances as voted on are manifestly illegal 2 and the Board of Supervisors cannot act with such an illegal authorization. All that the Supervisors can do is todtakgthis votelas an expression of the will of the people.

If a telephone system is to be acquired by the city as a public utility, proceedings must be begun anew. This can be done either under the charter provisions relating to the initiative or by the Board of Supervisors in the usual anner
Seattle, Wash.-Municipal Car Line Bonds Declared Valid.-On April 5 Judge R. B. Albertson of the Superior Court declared valid the \$800,000 bonds voted March 71911 for a municipal railway system. V. 94, p. 862.

## Bond Proposals and Negotiations this week

 lase been as follows: tenston bonds.
ADAMS COUNTY (P. O. Natchez), Miss.-Bonds Proposed,-Local
papers state that the Board of Superyibora hive been petitioned to lssue papers seato mat bonde.



 quired. Bonds to bo dellyered and pald for within 5 days rom date of ba
 oifice. Duc Dart ycerty from 1012 to 1021 .
 abolltor (elty's portion) bonds (V. 94, p. 863) City Say. Bank \& Trast Co., Allance
 Well, Roth \& Co.. Cindanati.

 than the three-fourths majority necossary to authorize. We are odvised that the proposiluon wil be re-submitted sometme to June.
 miltea to a vote on may 1
ATCHINSON. Atchinson County, Kan-Bonds A Authorized - Reports
state that nn ordmance was passed authorzalug the lasuance of $\$ 13,627$ paving bonds.
5 ATHENS, McMinn County, Tenn.-Description of Bonds.-The $\$ 5,000$ (umame an 97) beer interest $\mathbf{y}$.
EAUBURN, FAdroscoggin County, Me--Temporary Loan,-A Ioan of Tupper of Boston at $4.10 \%$ discoumt.
Provosais wa county be recelved unith iz Wapakoncta), Ohio.-Bond offering.

 qutred. Bonds to be dellvered and phid for

 tul. dato
BAKER, Baker County. Ore.-Bond Sate.-On April $285,400246 \%$


 Vored.-By a voth orthorized on March 30 .
Impt, bonds was author
BALTIC, Tuscarawas County Ohio,- Bond Election.- It Is stated that
Belction will be held May 21 to vote on the question of issulig $\$ 11,000$ antectionks-constr. bonds
BANCROFT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bancroft). Kossath County.

BASTROP COUNTY (P, O, Bastrop), Texas.-Bonds Voted.-The 5\% \%or 5\% rond-lmprovement bonds (V. 94 , P. 803) ine vote was 60 .
These bonds whil be offered, we are advised, in about two months.
BAY COUNTY (P, O. Bay City). Mich,-Bonds Defeated.-The propost-
Hon to tssue $\$ 150,000$ court-toute bonds was deteated, it is stated, at an tlon to ksue 8150,000
elcetion held Aprit 1.1
$\because$ BEAUMONT. JeffersonTCounty, Tex-Bond Sale-On Aprit 4 the


 to lasue $\$ 15,000$ 8\% 5 -10-year (optional bridge bonds.
TrBENZONIA TOWNSHIP, Benzonia County, Mich,-Bonds Vaded--Reports stato tian
recent clectlon

 ereation wil buldug bonds.
BISOU IRRIGATION DISTRICT (P. O. Fort Morkan, Morkan County by the Hoard of Dtrectors for $3126,0006 \%$ coup. bonds. Denom. ( 60 ) 6100 and (240) 5500 Date Dec. 1 1011. Int. J. \& D. at County Treas. office



 BLUEFFTON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Blaffion), Allen County, Ohio. Hall, derke Bd. ot Edy for $\$ 10,000415 \%$ chool bonds, Denom, $\$ 2$ ano.
 bank for $2 \%$ of bonds bla for, pasable to the VII. Treas,, required.

BOULDER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Boulder, Boulder County, Colo. Wen, Roth \& Co. of Chicalo. This sale was made subject to the approval FBOWIE COUNTY(P. O. Boston). Tex.-Bonds Voted.-Reports state
 BRISTOW, Creek County, Okla,-Bond Sate. Speer \& Dow of Fort
Smith were awarded

BRITTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Britton, Ma-
 Markhall County Bank, Britton...... 810,12000
H. T. Holz \& Co., Chicazo H. T. Holtz \& Co. Chicaza ...
 Bolger. Sosach Caso. ©hleazo......
 John Nuveen \& Co., Chicago-
BROOKLYN TOWNSHIP (P. O. Brooktyn), Susquchanna County, Pa, Iocal minestors at 100.375 . Dato Aptll 1 1912. Int. A. © O. Due from





## - BId refected, not having complied with notice for blds.

BUFFALO. N. Y.-Bonds Authorceed.-O dinances have been passed
providme for the lssuance of $360,00020-50$-yr. (opt.) partl-sitepurchaso providint for the Ysuance or so,

CAMBRIDAE, Washington County. N. Y.-Bonds Voted-We are advised under date of April 12 that a propositton to ksic 336,000 bonds car-
ried by a vote of 225 to 10 at an election held March 26 . These bonds are to take the place of the s30,000 bonds offered but not sold on Fob, 20
(Y, 04, D. 719). The bonds recently voted wlit not be Issued for several

 street storm-sewer-extension bonds-32... - - is.ksi - Bed
CANTON SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Canton). Stark County, Ohio.-
Bond Offering.-Proposals will be recelved untlit 12 . May i by the Board of Education, W. C. Lane, Clerk, for $\$ 110,0004 \%$ school-building sitcpurchase and improvement bonds. Authority Secs. 7629 and 7630 . Gen
Code. Deniom. 31,000 . Date May 1 1912. Int. M. N N. the office of Due May 1195 . Certhed check on a bank in the Clty of Canton for $\$ 1.000$ zequired. Blds must be made on blank forms furnished upon applfeation to
 also recelved on April 2 for the $\$ 50,000$, 30 -year coupon and $\$ 8,0002$-year reglstered $5 \%$ bonds awarded, as gtated last week, to R. M. Grant \&o Co, of New York at 103.08 and fiterest and 100.02 and interest, respectively:

*For $\$ 8,000$ Issue. a For $\$ 58,000$ issue. 1 For $\$ 39,000$.
CARTHAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Carthage), Jasper County, Mo.
-Bonds De/eated.-The electon held Aprii 2 (V, 44, D, 77 D$)$ resulted in the Bonds Defeated.- The election held Aprit $2(V, 94$, D, 770$)$ resulted in tho
defcat of the proposition to 1 ssue $\$ 80,000$ to $\$ 100.000$ bidg. and site bonds. CATAWBA ISLAND TOWNSHIP Oitawa County, Ohio.-Bond Offor-
ing.-Proposals wil be recelved until 12 m . May 11 by A, S. Barnum

 on some bank in Port Clloton for s soo, payabte to the TwD. Treas., reCHARLOTTE, Mecklenbury County, No. Car-Bond Sale-on the $\$ 150,000$ paving and $\$ 100,000$ sewer $415 \%$ ance-sk. coup, bonds of o4. D. 779 Were awarded to the Carolina Insur
otte at 101.125 and int. Other Dids follow




 | R. M. Grant \& Co., Now York.................. 160,717 | 00 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Firat Nattonal Bank, Charlotte | 100,56000 |


 CHAUNCEY SCHOOL. DISTRICT (P, O. Chauncey), Afterss County, hio. Bonds Defeated,-Accordhug to reports, a proposinon to issuc
$\$ 4,000$ school bonds was defated at an electlon beld March 30 . CLALLAAl COUNTY ( $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{O}$. Port Angeles). Wash. -Bond offering.-
Proposals will be recelved, it is stated, until 2 p . m. May 2 dy R . D. Mo-
 CLARK COUNTY (P. O. Athens), Ga,-Bonds Voted,-Local papers
atato that the proposition to issue $\$ 200.000$ court-house bonds cacried at the eleation held April 3 (V. 94, D. 294).
CLARKSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Clarksburg), Harrison
County. W. Va.- Bond Offerino. Proposals will be reorlved until 3 p. m.

 bld, payable to the Board of Education, required.
CLEVEL,AND, Ohio.-Bond Election. - In addition to the questions of be voted upon at the olection to be held May 21 (V. 04, D. 930 ), propositions
to isue $82,000,000$ library building. $\$ 700,000$ site-purchase and schoolbutiding, $\$ 300,000$ sehool-bullding Improvemont and $\$ 100,000$ sohool-playBonds Not Awarded,- No award was made on April 8 of the $\$ 1,000,000$ $4 \%$ coupon electric-light bonds (V, 94, p, 720), as sult has been started in Bond Offering.-Proposals will be recelved unti
Coughilin, City Auditor, for the following eight lssutes ot $4 \%$. May 10 by T, T, $\$ 450,600$ (city's portlon) street-tmprovement bonds. Due April 11937. 350,000 lnflrmary and hospltal bonds. Due Aprll 11942.
$\$ 75,000$ house of correctlon bonds. Due April 11942.
25,000 city 19 -farm school bonds. Due April 11942.
25,000 markethouse bind
25,000 city-farm school onds, Due April 11942.
25,000 market-house bonds. Due April 1942
35,000 nre-department bonds. Due Aprl 11942.
Denom. 31,000 . Interest semi-annanlly from April 1 at the American Exchange Natiouai iank in New Yock. Certilied check on a national bank
for $6 \%$ of bonds bld for, payable to the Oity Treasurer, is required. Blds
must These bonds were awarded on March 25 but the sale was not consumV mated, assufficlent time had not elapsed since the passing of the ordinance.
CLINTON COUNTY (P, O. St. Johns), Mich.- Bonds Defeated. -The
question of Lssuing 330,000 poor-house bonds falled to earry at the election held Aprli 3, the vote being 1,736 "for" and 1,751 "aralnst."
COAL. SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Adamston). W, Va--Bonds Dejeated. tsale $\$ 70,000$ bonds,
COFFEVVILLE, Montgomery County, Kans-Bond Sale.-Sutherlin © Co, of Kansas Clty, Mo, have been awarded $\$ 130,00$
(average) water-extenslon bonds at 101,75 and Interest.
COLUMBIANA COUNTY (P, O. Lisbon), Ohio.-Bonds Pr
stated that tals county will tssue $\$ 250,000$ road limpt. Bonds.
COLUMBUS, Ga.-Bond Election.-An ordinance was passed on Apri4 shall lasue $8350,000415 \%$ gold conpon bonds for the purpose of buld owning and operating a system of water-works. Denom. \$1,000. Int: J. \& J. Due $\$ 14,000$ yearly July 1 from 1918 to 1942 . Incl. These bonds,
if authorzed, will take the place of the $\$ 250,000$ bonds refered to in V. 91 ,
D. COLUMBUS.Ohio.-Bonds Authorised.-Ordinances we
providing for the issuance of the following coupon bonds.
$\$ 5,0004 \%$ sewer boads. Denom. $\$ 1,000$. Date not later
 $28,0004 \%$ sewer bonds. Denom. S1,000. Date not later than Dec. 31
1912 Int. M. S. at the agency of the city th New York. $65,0004 \%$ Bewer bonds. Denom, $\$ 1,000$. Date not later than Dec, 31 1912,
Int. $M$. \& S. at the agoney of the clty In New Yorls. Due

 $10,000-4 \%$
sever bonds.
1912 , Dent.
Int. Bonds Purchased by Sinking Fund During Quarter Ending March 311912. Fund at par and Int. durfre the quarter ending March 31 1012.
Amount Sinting Amount, Int. Purpose,
$\$ 10,000$
2,000

$\begin{array}{ll}10,000 \\ 30,000 \\ \$ & \$ 435 \\ \text { Indamola sub }\end{array}$
ta

COMMERCE, Hunt County, Tex-Bonds Voted.-It Is stated that a ron held recenty. CONSHOHOCKEN SCHOOL. DISTRICT (P, O. Conshohocken), MontApril 17 by the Finance Committeo, R. N. Camptell. Obairman, for $\$ 20,000$
 COOK COUNTY SCHOOL. DISTRICT NO. 38 (P. O. Kenilworth), III--
 interest. Nine bldas wera
CORONADO SCHOOL DISTRICT San Diego County, Cal,-Bona $\$ 80,0005 \%$ bulldtar bonds. Denom. $\$ 1,000$. Due $\$ 4.000$ yearly from 3 to 22 yeara, incluslve
COUNCIL GROVE, Morris County, Knn - Bonds Voted.- The eleotion
holdAprlt resulted, it is stated, in favor of the proposttons to Issue 365,000 micr-worics-system and 325,000 sewerace-system $5 \% 10-20-\mathrm{yr}$. (op t.) bds. CUERO, De Witt County, Texas.-Bonds Voted.-The questou of Issuing
the 325,000 seweragosystom bonds (V. 04 , D. 646) carred, It is stated, at the election held Aprll 2 .
CUYAHOGA COUNTY (P, O, Cleveland , Ohio,-Bond Sale, -On Aprit RIdge Road No. 2 bonds (V. os, p. 864 , were awarded. it fo stated, to the DALLAS. Dallas County, Tex.-Bonds Vored.-The election held Aprlt 2 300,000 (V 94 p, 720 ), the vote being as follaw: $\$$ mount. Purpost-Works Improvement

 DAYTON. Ohio-Bond Sald-On Aprll a tho following blds were roportion) and $\$ 65,0004 \% \% 7-10-\mathrm{yk}$, (ser,) Keowee St. bridge-constr, bonds Brlghton-German Bank, OInclnnatl. $\qquad$ $\$ 65,000$ cssue.
$\cdots+365,20150$
$\cdots \quad 65,17550$ Atlas Nathonai Bank, Clnctnnati,
 8.000 issue. Hreed \& Farrison, Cincinnath
$\qquad$ Davies-Bertran Co. Clactanati. $\qquad$ 60,08125 $\$ 8,24800$
8,23100
8,22800 - Successful blds.
$\qquad$ 8,22080
8,21800
8,190
80

Bonds A uthorised.-An ordinance was passed on Aprit 2 , It is stated, pro-
viding for the Issuance of $\$ 25,000$ bonds to erect 8 standpipes in Riverdale and Dayton Vlow.
DE BEQUE. Mesa County, Colo.-Bonds Voted.- $\mathcal{A}$ proposition to Issue 320,000 mountain water-suppy
election held Aprll 2 . It is stated.
DENVER. Colo-East Denver Park District.-Blds.-The other bids
 New York Life Insarance Co-
Equitable Ltfe Insurance Co 100.555 and fat. Y

Co . | bonds |
| :--- |
| 1. $p .098$ | Equitable Lite Insurance Co

Hochler \&e Cummmes. Toledo

100,016 for $\$ 5000,0000$ Hoertar ec Cummmess, forcao..................... 100.311 for $\$ 500.000$ Syndicato of Denver banks and bont dealers...Par far int. for all DETROIT, Mich, Bond Sald. This elty has dtsposed of $\$ 55.000 \quad 3 \mathbf{3} \%$ DINUBA SCHOOL DISTRICT. Tulare County, CaI - Bona Sate,-Dn 720 ) were awarded, it is stated, to N. W. Halsey \& Co. of San Frandsco at 104.11.
DOYLESTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Doytestown), Bucks
County, Pa, Bonds Aufhorised,-Reports state that the School Board has County, Pa,-Bonds Aufhorised. - Reports state that the Sc
authorized tho Issuance of $\$ 50,000 ~ 315 \%$ bulding bonds.



DURANT. Bryan County, Okla.-Resull of Bond Election.-Reports state
that an elcoton hetd Apri 2 resulted in favor of a propostiton to lissuc
 EAST ALTON SCHOOL. DISTRICT NO. 101 (P. O. Alton), Madison
County, M.- Mond Election.-An electlon will be beld today (April 13 to vote on the questlon of issufag $\$ 12,000$ lmprovement bonds.
EAST LIVERPOOL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. East Liverpool), Columbiana County, Ohio. Bond Election.-Local papers state that an elecerion
will be held Xpil 16 to vote on a proposition to issue $\$ 135,000$ bldg. bonds. EAST ORANGE, Essex County, N. J.-Atarard Possponed.-We are ad-
vised that no award will be made until probably April 22 or 100.0004
 as followst
Essex Co. TT
 issue $\$ 10,0004 \%$ 20-yr. bldg. bonds.
ELLIS COUNTY (P. O. Waxahachie), Tex.-Bond Etection.-Locat papers state that A proposition to trsue s7,000 Patmer District road bonds
will be sibmited to tho voters at an election to be held Nay 11 . ELVRIA SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. ELyria), Lorain County, Ohio--

 Bo-20-ycar lopt.) high-school-bulding obnds authorized by a vote of 1 . 762
 be named in bld. Depostt of $\$ 2,500$ required.


ESTHER VILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Estherville). Emmet County.
 was nuthorized by a yote of 260 to
will be otered for sale about May

 Denom, not less than 8500 or more than 81,000 . Int (rate not to exceed
$6 \%$, payable semil-ann. Cert, chieck for $2 \%$ of price bid required. FARGO, Cass County. No Dak,-Warrant Offering--Proposals will be
recelycd until $8 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$. Xpril is (tme extended from Aprll s) by E. R. Orchard, City Aliditor, for approximately $\$ 150,000$ Davigy warrants payable
in 15 hannual lostaliments ( cill may decide ou dsy of sate. Blas to be eealed and made in person. No Interest at part second, best premlum at 6 \% Interest; chitr, option or prior
payment. Warrants to be lssued as cash is required by the clty bowteen FARIBXULT COUNTY (P. O. Blue Earth), Minn-Bond Offering.Commissloners for $\$ 80,000$ Judictal Ditch No. 14 bonds. Auth. Chap. 330.


 FLINT UNON SCHOOL DISTRICT IP. O. Flint, Genesce County, Mich.
 FLORA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 (P. O., Mobridgel, Watworth April 23 byd. Wreley, Treas, for $83,5005 \%$ coup, bldg. bonds, Denom.
$\$ 100$ and szoo. tit payabic nt placo sultable to buyer. Duee $\$ 500$ yearly
 FORBES, Dickey County, No, Dak. - Bonds Voted. - An election held
March 19 resulted In a vote of 32 to 4 in favor of the questlon of lssulng FORT DODGE SCHOOL DISTRCT (P. O. Fort Dodgel, Webster
 pती I 1012. Int
FRANKLIN COUNTY (P. O. Columbus), Ohio-Bond Offering.-Proposcokt, Clerk, for $\$ 3,700$ 5\% diton bonds. Auth. Seo. 6023 and other
 County for $\%$ of bonda bld for required. Bonds to be delvered after
Mfay 21012 .

 Spokane \& Eastern Trust Cartiens Le Earlea, Inc. $\$ 83,780$ 00 Carstens \& Earles, The.. $\$ 86,71900$
 Spokane \& Enstern Trust Unlö Trust \& Sav. Bank 87,29000 87.18600 John E. Prico
 FRUITA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO, 2 (P, O. Fruita), Mesa County, Colo.-



## - Succesatul blds. a And blank bonds

The International Trust Co. later ralsed their bld to \$37,216.
ERUITLAND TOWNSHIP AIch. -Bonds Defeated.-According to rephe Alecillinda summer resort, district with tho Whitchall County road woa defected by a vote of 99 "for" to 106 "agalnist" at an electlon held
recently. V. 94 , b. 780 .

FULTON COUNTY (P, O. Wauseon), Ohio--Bond Sole-- of the four
 urity Siv. Bank \& Trust Co. of Toledo for $\$ 28,660$, $75(100.564)$ and Int. GAINESVILLE, Alachua County Fla, - - Bond Oflering,- Proposals wil



 35.000 street bonds. Auth Chap. 6347 , Laws of 1911 . Date Jant

GENEYA, Ashabula County. Ohio.-Bond Electlon.-An eleotlon will
bo held May 21 , it ls stated, to vote on a proposildon to issue $\$ 4,000$ fundlag
GLOVERSVILEE, Futton County, Y $Y$-Bond Sate-On Aprle the Sohi Jotin J. Hart of Albany at 100.108 and int. Other blds follow: Y - 100.011
E. H. Rollms
GRAND RAPIDS, Kent County, Mich.-Bönds Voted-Local papers

GRANADA AND HOLLY IRRIGATION DISTRICT, Prowers County,
Colo. Bond of ering,-- PRoposals will be recolved utili 12 m, April 27 by
 celved for less than $95 \%$ of the tace value.
GRAND TRAVERSE COUNTY (P. O. Traverse City), Mich.-Bonds purchase the srounds of the Traterse City Drvilisg Park for agrteultural
 Clerk Bd, of Supervisors (P. O. Fesno), for $\$ 7,0006 \%$ bonds. Denom
 GREENE COUNTY (P, O, Leakesville). Miss.-Bond Otfering,-Pro-
posals wal bo recelved until iz m. May 25 by J, Durner, Treasurer, for the s25, $0005 \%$ 5-10-year (opt.) coupou tax-free road bonds (V. p4, p, 780).
 GREEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL
and building bonds to be matered on the s15.000 5\% couponsile-puretiosi and bukding bonds to be oftcered on April 16 was inadvertentiy roported in
 GREENVILLE TOWNSHIP SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13

 Inci, siso cach 6 months from April 201915 to Oct. 20 1016, Incl., 8150 months from April 20 1921 to Oot. 20 1925, incl. Certined cheok for $5 \%$ of bla, payable to the clerkc Board of Education, required.
GROTON TOWNSHIP. Erie County, Ohio-Bonds Voted.-Reparts
state utat the proposton to 1 Rsue 25,000 road-impt. bonds (V, i4, p. 780) arried by $n$ vote of 83 to 50 at the elaction held Marcl 28


 shail bo In sucht orm os may be agreed upon by and between Board of Al-
dermen, committee and purchazer thereot.
HAMBLEN COUNTY (P O. Morristown). Tenn,-Bond Election.-Re-
ports state that a proposition to issue $\$ 25,000$ plike-mpt, bonds will be HANCOCK COUNTY (P. O, Bay S. LLouis), Miss.- Bond offerthe:-


HARMONY GROVE AND CLARKS CHAPEL CONSOLIDATED
SCHOOL DISTRICT. Tex.-Bonis VREd.-A propositlon to ISSLe 81.500 School DISTRICT. Tex,-Bonds Vreca,-A proposition to 1 ssue 51,500
bonds recelved a unamimous vote at a recent cleotion, it is stated, in a

HARRISON COUNTY (P. O. Corydon), Ind.-Bond Sale.-On Aprif A
 advlised that an lirezular
Kean \& Co. of Clicalgo.
HARTFORD, Cont-EAST HARTFORD FIRE DISTRICT-Bond Pres. Boand of Commra, for 350,000 4 $\%$ \% 20 -30-year (ont.) coupoi (with
 HASTINGS, Barry County, Mich,- Hond Sale-On Aprll 4 Spltwer,
Rorick \& Co. ot Toledo were awarded at private sale $\$ 25,650$ paving bonds voted April 1
HAYWARDS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. ${ }^{3}$ (P. O. Hay
wards). Alameda County, Cal. Bonds Voted. The electon held March za resulted in fayor of the proposition to lssuc the $880,0005 \%$ bulldinc bonds
(V) (V. 94, ip. 780). The Vote whe 880 t
bouds will be offered lu about 60 days.

 now outstanding. in thaty

 HERRIN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Herrin), Williamson County, II.-
Bonds Doved:-Acording to reports, a proposition to lssue $\$ 50,000$ \#ighBondo Votedi- Abcording to roports, a proposition to lssue $\$ 50,000$ high-
schoolbullaling bonds carled by a vote of 532 to 206 at an election held school-by
HESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. San Jose), Santa Clara County, Cal,

 office. Due $\$ 1,000 \mathrm{in} 1$ year and 82,000 y yearly thereatter.
 awarded to Barrls. Forbes \& Co. of N. Y, at 106.3 i- $a$ basls of about
 A. . . . .

HOLMES COUNTY (P. O. Millersburg), Ohio.- Bond Sale. - It Is re-
In
 HOMESTEAD TOWNSHIP, Benzonin County, Mich-Bonds Voted,-
It 18 Btated that the quegtion or issulng 320,000 road bonds recelved a favorable yote at a recent electlon.
HONEOYE UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Honeoyc), Ontario County. N. Y- - Bonds Proposed.- Keports stato that this dilstrict 18 con-
templating the lssuance of $\$ 11,000$ bonds at not less than $5 \%$ Interest. HOUSTON HEIGHTS, Harris County, Tex, Bonds Voted-Bond
 HUDSON COUNTY (P. O. Jersey City), N. J.-Bonds Authorised-Re-
 HUMESTON 1
HUMESTON, Wayne County, Lowa,-Bonit Election Propased.- We are
adrlsed hat an electon will be hed in the ncar future to vote on a propo-
Atton to ssue sicto HUMPHREY SCHOOL DISRRCT (P, O, Humphrey) Plate County.
Neb, Bond Election. An
 HUNTINGTON SCCHOOL DISIRICT (P. O. Huntington) Angelina


HION. Herkimer County, N. Y- Bonds Voted - An election held Apr. 9 strec-paninvor bonds. It IS stated that the vote wis t 21 to 61 and 362 to 101 .
respectlyely.
INDEPENDENCE, Montzomery Connty, Kan-Resalk of Bond Election.




 KIR KWOOD SCHOOI DISTRITS
 Mo.- Bonds Defeated:- Tho proposition to issue (the $\$ 100,00$
KING COUNTV SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 161 , Wash.-Bond Sale.-
On Aprit 6 the $\$ 10,000$ 2-15-ycar (ODt.) coupon buldme bonds (V. 04, p.

 Henry Pratt \& Co
 $10,01060^{10 r} 0 \%^{29}$
10,00930 foress
 papers state that on April 1 the County Court authorized
$\$ 22.000$ tonds to establish three agricultrual high schools.
KNOXVILLE. Knox County. Tenn.-Bonds Proposed.-This elty will
refund the $\$ 150,000$ water-worls bonds of 1882 with a new Tssue of 20 -year bonds dated July 1 1912. Detalls of new lssue not yet declded 20 -year LAFAYETTE, Nicolete County, Ming.-Bonds Defeated. -The election
brid Aprll 4 resuited in the defat of the proposition to $i$ ssuc the $37,0004 \%$ water-works bonds (V. 94, D. 08 . the LA GRANGE, Fayette County. Texas.-Bonds Voted.-A proposition 102 to 7 B at an eleotion held April 2 , eccording to reports.
LAKE COUNTY (P. O. Crown Poind, Ind.- Bond Offoring-: Proposals

 LAKE COUNTY (P, O. Painesville), Ohio.-Bond Sate--This county has
dlsposed of 30,000 i\% coup. (all-ground bonds. Int. M. \& S. at the Treasurer's office. Bonds are tax-cxempt in Ohlo.
CAKEEWOOD CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P O. Lakewood, Cayahoga


 LAURENS, Pocahontas County, Iowa.-Bonds Voted An election held sarch 20 ressulted in fhvor or the proposition
LAWRENCE COUNTY (P, O. Lawrenceburg, Tenn-Bond Election ported, were to have boen voted upon on Maroh 16 , we are advised that the LEE COUNTY (P, O. Tupelo), Miss.-Bond Sale: On April ${ }^{2}$ the warded, reports state, to the People's Bank \& Manch 1 (V. 0.4 , 1.721 ) Were
 Comm., for the $\$ 100,0005 \% 40-\mathrm{yF}$. conp. road-Impt. bonds voted Jam. 16 Count, Dreas. oftice. A cert. cheok for $3 \$ 00$, payable to the Claatrman, is required.
LEWIS COUNTY (P, O. Hohenwald. Tenn.-Bond Offering,-Proposals
 Denom, 3500 . Dato Juno 1 1012. Interest payable at Hohenwald. Duc Junc 11922 . Certined check for 8500 . Dayabie co County Judge, requtred.
No debt at present. Assessed valuation 1911, $51,290,113$. LEWISTOWN, Fergus County. Mont.-Bouds Voted, ATtavorable vote
was caston Apri 1, ceports otate, On the proposition to
 LIBERTY COUNTY (P, O, Liberty), Texas,-Bonds Redstored,-On
April $\$ \$ 125,000$ 5\% Road District No Comptrolter.
7. LOGAN COUNTY(P:O. Guthrie) ; Okla.-Boncs to Be Offered, We are
 fiscal agency.
LONDOND Madison County, Ohlo-Bondtsale:-On March 29 the
 bout $4.071 \%$
FELONG BEACH, Los Angeles County, Cal--Bondg? Defeated.-The elec-




First Natlonal Bank, ©leve- $516,74695 \mathrm{Mayer}$, Deppe \& Watter,

 LUCAS COUNTV (P. O. Toledo), Ohio-Bond Offering-Proposals will for $\$ 55,81395 \%$ brldge-lmpt, bonds. Auth. Secs, 2434 and 2435 , Inch, Gen. Code. Denom. (54) $\$ 1,000$ and (1), $\$ 1,813$ 95, Int. seml-annual at thio County Treas. office. Due hin one year and six months. Bonds to be dolvered
May 7 . A deposit in cash or certhed check ou a bank $\ln$ Toledo for $\$ 1.000$ reçulied Purchaser to pay accmed interest.
LUMBERPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Lumberport), Harison
 a vote of 182 to 76
MAHONNG COUNTY ROAD DISTRICT NO. $\frac{1}{(P)} \mathbf{O}$. Youngstown),
Ohio.- Bond Salo.-The following blds were recelved on $\Lambda$ pril 5 for the
 New FIrst N. Bk., Colum 206.74900 )
5 OThts bid, it ts sald, was successful.
MMARICOPA COUNTV SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ariz-Bond Sale.-On
 CMARION Grant CADC April in
 MARION, Marion County, Ohio,-ZHond Sale.-On April 8 the 338,225

 Weil, Roth \& Co.. CIncinnath 40000 First Nat. Bank, Cleveland 339200 sreed \& tramm, Toledo. MARSHALL COUNTY (P. O. Warren), Minn.-Rond Sate.- On Aprll 2
the 524,000 s\% is awarded to M. W. Matteson for O. C. Kaman \& Co. of St. Paul at a
premlum. Denom. $\$ 1,000$. Date May 1 1912. Interest M, \& N. MECHANICVILLE, Saratoga County,
D.
Dosals will be recelved,
 \$1,500 required.

 $450.00045 \%$ impravemenent bends. Due Mraroh 11942
by E. M. Douglass, Clty Clerk. Dato March 11 1912. P. In. on that day
 Memphis; required. Both lssucs shall be soat Jontly and blds must be
made for the entre two lots of bonds. Tho legally of these bonds bas

MENOMINEE COUNTY (P. O. Menominee), Mich-Bonds Defeatedt 13 stated that a proposition to lssuc 850,000 road-impt. bonds was de-
fested at an clection held April 1 , the vote belng 1,374 "for" to 2,131 leagalnst.
M MDDLESEXICOUNTY (P, O. Cambridge), Mass-Temporary Loan.A lomin ot 8100.000 , duc NoV. 6 . Was Herotlated, reports state.
Coffin \& Burr of Boston at $3.50 \%$ discount and $\$ 1$ promlum.
MiDDLETOWN. Buter County, Ohio.-Bond Offering-Proposats

 10 days artur dituc of
amidLAND COUNTY (P, O. Midand), Mich.-Bonds Dofeated.-AccordIng to reports the proposition to lissue 820,000 Jall bonds was delcated at the election meld recently (V. 04, p. 578).
 18;years; opt. after 5 /years.
WMILLIKEN. Wed County. Colo.-Bonds voled.-The proposition to
issue $\$ 15,000$ water-works bouds, it 15 sald, carrled at the elcotion held MILTON TOWNSHIP, Dupage County, ili.-Bonds Defeated,-it is stated that a proposition to lsste high-school-bide. bonds was defeated at an cteotion held April







 Aprill (V. 94, P. 032) was refocted. Roporta further state that proposals
are agatn asked for those bonds unill $6 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$. May 6 .

 Sept. 1 10s6. Optouit at any interest-paying date attor 10 ycars. Bonds
aro tax-cxempt. Cert. clicok for $-5 \%$, Daynble to the "City of slonmouth,"
required.
ports state mary COUNTY (P. O. Dayton, Ohio- Hond offering, -Re-
 from 1913 to 1919 Inct, and $\$ 1.000$ May i 1920.
MOUNTAIN YIEW. Kíowa County, OkIa.-
$\$ 13,000$ 6\% water-woiktextension bonds were nccepted by Kennect it fonds w. contractors, at par, in payment for tinstalline the system. The

 nvarded to T. L. Belseker at 102 . Date April 1 1 19i2. Int. A. \& 0 .
Other bids follow: Hicn \& Co. Chicamo.... 320,473 Hanchett Bond Co, Chteago $\$ 20,237$

 *These offers appear to be higher than that of the successful bldder, but
they are so reported to us by the County Auditor.

MUDDY CREEK DRAINAGE DISTRICT, Duplin County. No. Caro.-
Bond Offering. - Proposals will be recelved unitl 12 m , Aprily


 ders may submit form of bonds with bid, or tho same wind isse tax-free,
requested by purchaser at time of acceptaice of bid. Bonds are MURRAY, Hocking County, Ohio-Bonds Not Sotd.-We are advised
 be trregular.
MURRAY COUNTY (P. O. Slayton, Minn- - Bond Offerthos,- Further

 1015. Cert, oheckl for 8100 required $1: 30$ p. m. Aprll 20 by W. A. Scoman,
 Due s3.00
MUSKOGEE, Muskozec County, Okla, Bond Etection.-Local papers state that an cleotion w,
$\$ 130,000$ schoot boads.
NEWARK SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Newark), Licking County, Ohio.
 bonds: Auth, Seses, 7623, 7626 and 7627, Gen. Code; also vote of 1,005
 eacingx months from May 1813 to May 1 1937, Incl. Bras must be unconditional and bldacra are recaired to satisf themsetyes of the legality of the
bonds. Certined clicok for $10 \%$ of bdd, Dayable to the Pres. Board of Educ., requred. Purnaser to pay acorned tmeres.


 to 1922 inc:
1922 lncl .
NEWCASTLE, Lawrence County, Pa.- Bonds Proposed. We are ad-
yisod that thl place ls contomplating the Issuance of $\$ 75.000$ sewerympoyement bonds.
NRW ORLEANS, La. No Action Yee Taken.-It is stated in the New
Orleans Ploayme, of April 3 that thero has is yet been no ordimance drawn witt reclation to the proposed issue of the 3300.000 bonds by the eub-
 V 94, D. 032.
 81.097 to 804 .

NEWTON TOWNSHIP. Trumbull County, Ohio-Bond Offering, - Pro-
 Date May 1 1012. Int. It. \&o Ne, beylonlog Noy, 1 1912, payable at thi
 NILES SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Nitcs), Alameda County, Cal-Vote:

 were awarded, It is stated, to Curtis \& Sanger of N. Y,
NOXUBEE COUNTV (P, O. Macon), Miss.-Bonds Authoriced.- It is
 bonds to bulld macadam roads in District No. 3.
OAKFIELD. Fondddu-Lac County, Wis-Bonds Voted--It is stated
that a proposition to 1 ssucs $\$ 4,000$ vilinge hall bonds carricd by a vote of
OAK GROVE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oak Grove), Jackson County

OAKMONT SCHOOL DISTRICT ( (P. O. Qakmont), Allegheny County,

 OCEANVIEW SCH00L. DISTRICT. San Diego County. CaI.-Bond Sale.

- On Sorch is so,000 $6 \%$ schoot bonds wore alvarded to Stephens \& Co. of San Diezo for 36.269 , makikir the prico 10, 483 a basis of about $5.50 \%$. Denom. 81.000 Date Feb. 19192, ,
yearls from 1922 to 1927. holualve.
 according to reports.


60,000 sower bonda. Date May i 191212
so, 000 Davlog bonds. Date May 1912 .


 gaton pendint or threatencd aitecting the legality of these lssues, and that
therchas been no defante of payment of princl pal or interest ou any previous sace. Blas to bo made tor all or for each lssue, but for no part of cable lissue. ORANGE COUNTY POOR DISTRICT NO, I. N. Y.-Bond OJferind-
Proposals will berceclved until 12 m . Aprilio, it isstated, by R. Johnston.


OSAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ( $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{O}$. Osaze City), Osage County,
 782),

OSSINNING, Westchester County, N. Y. - Bonc offering. -Proposals williger, VII. Clérk, for $\$ 54$, , 200 S-yr, streetimpt, bonds. Int. (rate not to exceed $4 \%$ ) Bemi-annual. Cert. chicel for $\$ 1,000$ required. (ate
 yote of 888 to 208 at an election heta March 12 . Denom, 31.000 . Date May ${ }^{1} 1912$ Int. M. \& N. Duc May 1 toz2. Cortinec
bonds bld for required. C , S. Servatus is city Clerk,
PAOLA. Miami County, Kan,-Bords Voted-It is atated that a propo-
eltion to tasuo si0,000 parts bonds carrled at an elcoton held April 2 . PENNINGTON COUNTX (P, O. Rapid City), So Dak,-Bonds Voled-Reports state that the propostuon to tsue sis
favorable vote at tho electlon held March 30 .
PITSBUROH, Pa.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be recelved on or
 Ooo or theso boadd aro for reservort conatr, and pumpling station, soo.000

 or the work contomplated to be done under them. The yallity of these Issues will be passed upon bV Howkins, Delanfold folo Logrellow, Bonds
will be ready for dellvery with the certificate of validity on day of sale. PLAINCITY VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Plain City), Madi-
son County. Ohio.

PLEASANT HILL, Cass County, Mo--Bond Sale Sutherlin \& Co. of
Kan. CIty have purohased at par and lit. $510.5005 \%$ 20-yt. water-works
bonds.
POLK COUNTY (P. O. Des Moines), Iowa.-Bonds Authorized.- Heports gate that the Board of County Supervisors has adopted a resolution
povent for the issuance of $855.000415 \%$ bridge bonds. Denom. $\$ 1,000$. Pomeroy, Mcigs County, Ohio.-Bont Sates.- On March 1825.300 4\% Daving bonds were awarded to the Sliting Fund at par, Denom
31,000. Date March 1 1912. Int. M. \&S, Due part each $31 \times$ montlis.





 308,000 4/5\% 20-yt, coup tax-finco retunding bonds. Denom. 51,000
 payabte to the Cty Treas, Is required. Bonds vilu be cerrined as to genm meness by the Knlckerbnckee Trust Co, of N. Y. and will bo approved as
to legally by Hawkins, Delaileld \& Longrellow of N. Y. Blank forms for bids turnis
PURCELL. McClain County, ORia-Bonds Voed.-A proposition to 1 b-
sue suo. it is stated.

 \$12,000 nre-dept. 4 $5 \%$ bonds ofrech on March 20 (V 04. p. 722). RACINE, Racine County. Wis - Bond Sale-On April 10 the sib.000
 Manufacturess Nat. Benk, Racine
$\$ 26,628$
26.587
and blant bonds
RANDOLPH COUNTY, No. Car-Bande Voted.- According to reports bonds, amounting to $\$ 80,000$ (Ashboro TwD., $\$ 80,000 ;$ Brower TwD., 310,000; and Randeman (w... 30,000 .
RAPID CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Ranid City) Penninyton
County. So. Dak.-EBond Eletlon Hoposed:-An eloction wil be held, it ts coumed, to vote on a propostion to - 5 sue $\$ 40,0005 \%$ high-school-bulding bonds.
READING, Hamitton County, Ohio-Vote-LLocal papers state that
the vote cast on Apris sewerake-system bonds (V) 日4., D. 1001) was 560 "for" and 122 "against")
 26 at an clectlon hedd Aprll 3 .
R1O VISTA, Solano County, Cal, Bond Sale-On April 4 the 520.080
 101.50 and int.- -A basis ot about $4.829 \%$. Dcciom, 81,000 , Date Aprif

ROSEDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Rosedale), Wyandotec County, $\$ 20,0.006 \% 20-\mathrm{yr}$. school bonds at 10 L .60 and tat.
ST, ALBANS, Franklin County, Vt.- Bond Sale. This city has disposed
of $12,0004 \%$ bonds to pay the U. S. Deposit Fund Debt. Date Aprit 14 1912. Due $\$ 4,000$ yearly Aprll 11920 to 1022 inclusive.

St. AnTHONY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 2 ( P . 0.
 Other bids followe


ST, CL.AIR COUNTY iP. O. Pori Huron, Mich--Bonds Defeated.-Th 1,041 "for" to $4,313^{3}$ - arainst" at an election held April 1.
ST. CLAIRSVILLE SCHOOL. DISTRICT (P. O. St. Clairsville) Belmont
County, Ohio- Bond ELediom.-1t Ia ADril 5 ' to vote on a propoption to 150 ne $\$ 60,000$ high-schoot-blde. bonds.
 awarded to A. B, Leach \& Co, of cincago as 5s, reporta state
 coup, refunding bonds. Auth, Sec. 3916, Geat. Code, Denom. (13) 51.000
 to city Treas, required. Bonds the
day atter tinc of award. Purchaser to pay acorned tinterest.
SALEM SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Salem), Columbiana County, Ohio -vote on a proposition to ssue 375,000 ,
 SAND POINT, Bonnce County, Idaho--Bonds Re-Avarded.-Report state chat the later refuled by them, owing to pending hitimaton iv. 14;
SARTELL. Stearns Cognty, Mins.-Vole.-We are adytsed that the
 SAWTELLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Srwtetie) Los Angeles
County. Cai.- Bonds vored.-An clection hed April 2 resulted in favor of


SCOTT'S BLUFF, Scott's Bluff County. Neb,-Bond Oftering.-Further
detalls are at hand relative to the offerng on April 15 of the 512,000 . $5 \%$.



SEATTLE, Wash-Bond Sales for Morch,-During Maroh the following speclalimpt, assess. Donds, aggregatiag $\$ 131,203$ ob, were lssued by the city.



SHEBOYGAN, Sheboygan County, Wis.- Bonds Voted - - By a vote of
700 to bonds (V. 94, D. 933) carried at the election held April 2.
SHELBY. Teton County. Mont.-Bonds Voted.-An electon held April 1 resulted in favor ot he propositton to issue $322.0000 \%$ water-system-con-

SHREVEPORT, Caddo County, La.-Bond Sale.-The Loulatann State
Life Ins, Co. of Shreyeport was awarded on April 0 at 100.5035 and interest,
 SIERRA SCHOOL DISTRICT, Sacramento County, Cal.-Bond Etection.
 SISSON. Siskiyou County, Cal-Bonds Voted, Accordins to reports the
 SOUTH DAKOTA.-Descripiton of Loan,-The 8500,000 revenue war-
cants avarded $\operatorname{In}$ March to the Plerre Banking \& Trust Co. In Plerre at $4.24 \%$ Interest (V. $94, \mathrm{p}$. 1002 ) are to the denomination of sin Plerre at and dated April 1912 . Imeerest A \& $\alpha$. Due Aprit 1013. SOUTH ORANGE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Essox Comnty. otered onAprill 8 (V. . $4, \mathrm{p}, 933$ ) were awarded to Adams 8 Co. of New York at 103.17 . The bonds mature 85.000 in 20 years, 310.000 in
$\$ 10.000 \ln 22$ years, $320,000 \mathrm{in} 23$ years and $\$ 20,000 \ln 24$ years.

 Spokane. Wash-Bond Sales.-The following $6 \% 10-\mathrm{gr}$, speclal impt. onds dated Mch, 11912 and agreerating $\$ 17,540$ wercelssued during March:
Elm Street grade bonds. .... 56,550 Rockwood Boulevard Longrellow Avenue bonds-. 7,270 bonds
We haye
 SPOKANE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 122 (P. O. Hillyad.
Wasth.- Bond Sale. Donds were awarded to Woodin, MoNear \&e Moore of Chicago at 103.07 and aterest-a basts of about $4.76 \%$. Fourteen bids wero recelved.
SPOTTSXLVANIA COUNTY (P. O. Spottsylvania) Ya, - Doscription
Bonds.-The $820.000 \%$ road bonds awarded Maroh 11 to Foehler \& Cummmess of Toiedo V. $94, \mathrm{p}$. 1002 are In tho denom. of $\$ 500$ cach and
SPRINGFIELD, Greene County, Mo-Result of Bond Election--Reports


SPRINGFIELD, Clark County, Ohio--Bond Sale.-On April 9 the five
ssulss of coup. Donds, aggregating $\$ 118,49984$ (V. $94 . \mathrm{p} .723$ ) were awarded $\$$ as follows; $\$ 9,000004 \%$ 10-yr, (ay.) water bonds to Hayden, miller $\&$ Co. ot Cleve$6.0350043 \% 211 / 2-\mathrm{yt}$, sower-constr, bonds to Well, Roth \& Co. of Clinc.
$4,622805 \% 2 \%$ \%rys, (ay.) Summit Ave, Impt. nssess, bond to the citl$60,0000041 \% \% 8223-y T$. $a$ ay, general 1 l git bonds to A. E. Aub. \& Co. of
 Blds were also recelved from Mayer. Deppe \& Waiter and Davles-Bertram Co. It Cinc. and the American Trust © Si Sa
and the First Nat. Bank of Springield.
SPRINGFIELD TOWNSHIP (P, O. Elizabeth), Union County, N. J.-
Bond Election.-A vote wili be taken April 30 on a proposition to Issue about $\$ 20,000$ town-hal-erection bonds.
SPRING GROVE, Houston County, Minm:-Bond Offertng.-Proposats
 Hon beld March 12. E, O. Clauson is VII, Recorder.
 awarded to S. A. Kean \& Co of Chic, at 101.45, Other blds follow: were Stacy \& Braun, Toledo... 10,10670 F First Nat. Bank, Cleve... $810,074,75$

 SUFFOLK, Nansemond County, Va.-Bond Offering,-Proposals wil be recelved untll 3 p. m. May 2 by J. B. PInner, Supt. Dept. of Finance, for the $\$ 40,0005 \%$ 30-yr, coup. school, street, water and funding bond (V. 94, p. 1002). Denom. \$500. Date June 1 1912. Int. J. \& D. at the city Treas, office. Cert, cheek for $5 \%$ or bid, payable to the Treas., is required. Bonds may be registered at option of purchaser
The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the adeertise-
SULLY COUNTY (P. O. Onida). So. Dak.-Bond Sale.-On March 21 14.000
of shigo for $\$ 14,086$, making the price 100.614 , Denom. $\$ 500$. Date April 1 1912. Interest semplannual.
SULPHUR SPRINGS, Hopkins County, Tex,-Bonts Voted.-The
 or 40 years, all optionat atter 10 years
SUMNER COUNTY ( $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{O}$, Gallatin). Tenn.-Bond Sate.-The $\$ 200,000$ to Woodin, MeNear \&a Moore of Chleago and the Mercantle Trust Co. of Jackson at thetr joint bld of 100.875 tor $41 / 5 \mathrm{~S}$, Other blds follow:
A. B. Leach \& Co. Chltago. $\$ 201,700$ John Nuveen \& Co., Chicago $\$ 108,400$ Denom. $\$ 1,000$ Int. A. $\delta_{0}$ O. Due on Aprll 1 as follows: $\$ 15,000 \mathrm{~mm}$
$1917 . ~ \$ 25,000 \mathrm{in}$ i922. $\$ 30,000 \mathrm{in} 1927, \$ 35,000 \mathrm{fn} 1932, \$ 45,000 \mathrm{in} 1937$ nd $\$ 50.000$ in 1942
TACOMA. Wash, Bonds Voted, We are ndvlsed that proposittons to an election held apriz 2 . respectlyely. Int. rate to be named in bld. Date of offering not ye ietermined
Bond Satex. -The following $7 \%$ spectal-Impt. assess. bonds, aggregating
$\$ 23.57407$, were sold la February:

## Amount. Purpose. $\$ 4,42505$ Gradling  3.15420 - PlankIng Dirt  1,86608 $\$ 2,866920$ 1,5355 2.83474 1,22427 3.79070 GradIng - Sewer Grading -Sewer Wrar <br> $\qquad$ Date. Feb. Feb. Feb. Feb. Feb.  The above bonds arc all subject to call, part each year.

TEMPERANCE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Fresno County, Cal,-Bond well, Clerk Bd, of Supervisors (P, O. Fresno), for 37 , $5006 \%$ bonds. Darr-
 TERRELL. Kaufman County, Tex,-Bonas Vofat,-The proposition to bonds (V. 94, p. 943 ) recolved a favorablo vote at the electlon held Aprll 2 . THOM ASVILLE, Thomas County, No. Car.-Bond Offering.-Proposals
will be recelved untI $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Apr 20 by A. H. Raren. Olerk, for $\$ 10,000$
 THROCKMORTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Throckmorton). Throckmorton County. Texas.-Bonds Reqistered.-An
Issue of $\$ 20,000$
$5 \%$
$5-40-\mathrm{year}$ (opt.) bonds was registered by the State

 that the Is de was dispos

TIFT COUNTY (P. O. Tifton), Ga. - Bond Filection.- Reports state that
Relection will be held May II to vote on a propositlon $\$ 60,000$ court-houso TIPPECANOE COUNTY (P. O. La Fayette), Ind.-Bond Sate,-On Aprit 5, reports state, 5 lssues of townshlp road bonds, aggregating $\$ 26,900$
were purchased by Edward O'Gara for $\$ 27.078$. TOLEDO. Ohio. $=$ Bids. - The following blds were also received on Apr. 3
for the $\$ 150,000$ i $15-17$-yr. (ser.) coup. water-works bonds awarded on that day, as stated in V. $84 . \mathrm{yr}$. (ser, 1002 , to the Rudolph Kleybolte Co., Inc.,
ther-worss Prov.Say.Bk.\&Tr.Co.Cln. $\$ 150,390$ 00 Stacy \& Braun, Toledo. $\$ 150,33333$
 the lowasnce of the following $5 \%$ eoup improvement assess bondsing tor $\$ 3,00794$ West Grove Place No. t bonds. Denom: (1) $\$ 307$ 日4 and (9)

 months from Sept. 41913 to Sept, 41917 , Incl.
the $\$ 230$ each $81 \times$
t-ann. at the Second Nat. Bank to Toledo. TOLEDO CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Toledo), Ohio.-Amount of 1912 was $\$ 165,000$ and not $\$ 130,000$, as at frst roported (V. 94, p, 82).
Dit TRAVERSE CITY. Girand Traverse County, Mich. - Bonds A uthorized.-
It is stated that the City Councl authorized the Issuance of $\$ 7,000$ park bds. TRENTON, Wayne County, Mich.-Bonds Defeated,-According to ro-
ports, a propositton to Issue 36,000 school bonds was defeated by a vote of 24 to 14 at an election held Aprll 4 .
TROY, N. Y,-Cerificate Sate. On Aprlt 10 S100,000 $5 \%$ certincates
of Indebtedness were awarded to the Albany Savings Bank of Albany at

 TROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Tray), Bell County, Fox, - Pr, Prestdent School Board, for the $520.0005 \% 10-40-y r$, (opt.) bidg. bonds registered March 15 (V. 94, D. 867 ).
TROV SCHOOL DISTRICT (P.O. Trow), Montgomery County, No, Car,

- Bond Sale.-A. Hood \& Co. of Detrott have been awarded on a $5.375 \%$ busts the $320,000.6 \% 20-30-\mathrm{yr}$. (opt) coup. bldg, bonds which were to be TRUMBULL COUNTY (P. O. Warren), Ohio. $\rightarrow$ Bond Offering - Propos-
 beginning Aprli 1 1913. payable at the Co. Treas. Duells700 each six
months from Aprll 1913 to Oct. 1916 Incl Bonds to be dellvered and pald for at the Co. Treas; on May 6 1912. Cert. check on a local bank for 3200 , payable to Co. Aud, required. Puroh. to pay accrucd int. Bids must be unconditionat, Bdd
of the legallty of the bonds.
UHRICHSVILLE. Tuscarawas County Ohio.-Bond Offering,-Pro-
posals will be recelved unti 7 p. m, Say 3 by H. O . Snyder, VIllage Clerk,
 2,600 Water St. bonds. Denom, $\$ 260$. Dut $\$ 260$ yrly. Jan. 1 from
1913 to Auth. See. 3014, Gen. Code. Date Jan, 1 1912, Int. J. \& J. Bonds
 accrucd Interest.
SImllar Lssues of bonds were awarded on Feb. 20 to MIayer, Walter \& Co. of Clinclar lssucs of bonds were
UNDERWOOD, McLean County, No. Dak-Bond Sale,On Aprll 2 bonds (V. 94, D. 934) were awarded to T, L. Brisoleer of Fessenden at par. Abld was also recelved from the First Nat. Bank of Barnesylle.
VALLEJO. Solano County Cal-Bond Election Proposed,-According fill and s100.000 munterpal tipht and power plant bonds (V, 93, p. 1493) will be submitted to the voters. VENICE GRAMMAR SCHOOL. DISTRICT (P, O. Venice LOS Angeles
County. Cal.-Bonds Voted.-Reports state that a proposition to Issue 360,000 bldg. bonds earried at a recent election.
VENTNOR CITY (P, O. Attantic City), N. J. - Bond Sate. $\rightarrow$ On April ${ }^{3}$
the $515,0005 \%$ 40-yr, coup. park Impt. bonds dated April i 1012 (V.04, the $515,0005 \% 40-\mathrm{yr}$, coup. park mpt, bonds dated. April 101012 and int:
p. 034 , were awarded to Douslas Fenwlok \& Co. of N. Y. at 100.40 and VINTON DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO, 1 (P. O, Vinton), Calcasieu
Parish, La, Bonds Voted.-An electlon held March 26 resulted in favor Parish, La.-Bonds Voledt.-An ele
of the issuance of $\$ 106,000$ bond
 and $\$ 25,000$ fire-department bonds.
WAGONER, Wasoner County, Okla,-Bonds Voted, It Is statod that
a proposition to Issue $\$ 20,000$ bonds for the Misouri Oklihoma $\&$ Gulf Extensar cen COUNTY ( $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{O}$. Vicksburg) Miss:-Bond sate-On Aprll WARREN COUNTY (P, O. Vicksburg), Miss,-Bond Sale.-On April 2
$\$ 3,200 ~ 5 \% ~ 5-20-y r$. (opt.) bridge-constr, bonds were awarded to the Home Sav. Bank of Vloksburg at $103.125-a$ basis of about, $4,30 \%$ to opt, date
and $4.757 \%$ to full maturlty. Denom. $\$ 1,000$ and $\$ 100$. Date Aprll 2



 City Treas. otrice. Due 8500 yrly, March 1 from 1014 to 1018 incl. Bond
to be dellyered and pald for within 10 days from time of award. Cert check for 2.0 of of bonds bid for within 10 days from thme payable to the Treas., required.
pay acerued interest.
 WUURUA Ho
 W-30-yER (scry, Tioga County. N. Y. -Bond Sate.-On Aprli 0 the 8238,000虽 blank bonds. Principal and Interest to be payable at the purchaser's
 . H. Rollins 8 Sons, New York



WAYNESFIELD SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O. Waynesfield)

 from time of award. Cert. check for $2 \%$ of bonds bld tor, payable to the Treas. Bd. of Ed., required. Puroth. to pay accrued int


 lnol. Bonds to be dellvered and pald withit 10 days trom tlme or
Cert. oheck for 3100 , payable to the Clerk Bd. of Ed., required.
WEBB CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Webb CIIy), Jasper County


WHARTON, Wharton County. Tex.- Bond Etection.-An eleotion Will
bo held tine nes future, it is stated, to vote on the questlon of lssuing
$\$ 1,500$ sewer bondt \$1,500 sewer bonds.
WHITEFISH SCHOOL D ISTRICT. Flathead County, Mont.-Description
 WHITESIDE SCHOOL DISRRICT (P. O. Whiteside), Lincoln County, now - Bethod bldeted. - Reports state that a proposition to lssue bonds ior a
netw WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. White Sulphur
 $\$ 20,0006 \%$ coup. bullaing bonds voted March 2 V. 94. p. 723 , Date
Thy 151912 . Int. payable at the Bank of White Sulphir Springs at White Sulphur Sprinits Due May 151032 ;opt, after Moy 151923 . Cert
check tor st least $10 \%$ of bla, payable to the Sec. Bd. of Ed, required.
 WRAY Ye bonds dated March 1912.
WRAX, Yuma County, Colo.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be re ceived unth April 20 by E, $M$. Hedrlek, Town Olerk, for $\$ 35,0006 \%$ 10-15yr. (opt.) water-works bonds. Cert, check on a natlonal bank for $5 \%$ re-
culred. Blds must be unconditlonal No other lodebtedness. Aszess. autred. Blds must be unconditonal, No other lindebtedness. Absess. val. $\$ 222,108$ 42; real val, lest.), $31,100,000$.
The offictal notice of this bond offerind woll be found amiong the advertiseneents etsewhere in this Department.
WINTHROP, Suffolk County, Mass.-Temporary Loan-A Ioan of
s30.000 due Apill 21013 Was nesotlated with Bond \& Goodwin at $3.58 \%$ WORTHAM. Freestone County, Tex.-Bonds Regstered--The State
Comprotler Tcys WYANDOT COUNTY (P. O. Upper Sandusky), Ohio--Bond Sate-



 YAZOO COUNTY (P, O, Yazoo City), Miss.-Bonds Authorized,- HeISsuanco of 8775,000 roid bonds.
 topt.) coup, bid, bonds (V.04, D. 723), were awarded to the Montana Stite
land Commlessoners at par, A bid of par was also recelved from the Westnela State Bank in Westatia.
YORKTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Yorktown), Page County,
Iowa.-Bonds Proposed,--Thls distret, we are advtsed, Intends to issuc rowa. bond

NEW LOANS

## \$843,000

City of Tacoma, Washington WATER AND BRIDGE BONDS
Notice 19 hereby given that on THURSDAY ofrice of the May 192 inton, th the Cly Hall th sald Clty, saled brds 1. Bonds numbered from 201 to 500 both in clusive, in thice sum of $\$ 300,000$ of tho Issue au-
thorlzed by Ordluance No. 3982 , approved Januhorized by Ordtnance No, 3082 , approved January bth, 1910 , and providity for the construotlon bonde staill be the reneral bouds oo sadd olty or the par value of s1,000 cach, payable tn tweaty Years from the datuot the lssuio ot boonds numbered per annum, payable seml-annually it the inscal per annum, payable sempannusily at the Nscal
agenoy of the State of Washlneton tr Now York
Cly. and knowu as GREEN RIVER GRAVITX CHy, and knowU As GREEN RIVER GRA VITX
WXTER SXSTEM BONDS. In the sum of $\$ 68.000$ of the fsuce suthorized by
Ordinance No, 4292 of satd City, passed SeptemOrdinance No, 4292 of sadd city, passed Septem-
ber 21 st, 1010 , and providmg for the construeton
 Tacoma of the par value of $\$ 1,000$ each, payable In twenty years from date of tssue, with interest annually at the niscal arenoy of the State of Washington in New York City, and known as CITY
OF TACOMA PUYALIUP RIVER BRIDGE ONDS,
atve. In the sum of $\$ 475.000$ of the tssuc authorized by Ordinance No. 4394 of sald Clity approved September
construction of a bridge over providing for the Cly waterway, Sald bonds will be thie general bonds of sald olty yeara from date of issue, with literest not exoeedrag at the per annum, payable semt-annualiy Now York Olty, and mown as CIVY OF TACOMA
NEW ELEVENTH STRET BRIDGE BONDS. - Blas interest proposed by the bldder. wdot based on expoed 5\%. The right is reserved by the clty 0 award the bonds, or any part theroof, to the tghest and best bldder, or reect all bods; and the Ight is also resorved to require a bond or deposi performance of his contract to take and pay for For awll thform
City Controller. Dated Cacoma, Wash., Maroh 14h, 1912 SINKING FUND BOARD,

W, W, SE
JOHN P, MEADS, city Controller.
RAY FREELAND, Oommissloner of Finance.
H. C. SPEER \& SONS CO.

First Nat. Bank Bldg., Chicago SOHOOL,
OOUNTY AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

BONDS FOR SALE.

## Union Irrigation District, Raymondville, Texas

BONDS FOR SALE
$\$ 100,00021$ to 30 -year $51 / 2 \%$ Bonds. Interest payable annually. Interest and principal of the lands of the district annually.
The Union Irrigation District, In Cameron and par yalue Countles. Texas, desires to sell $\$ 100,000$ he place deslgnated by the purchaser; they bear nterest at rate of $51 / 2 \%$ annually, payable Janu-
are first. They mature serlally from 21 to 30 years Notlce is hereby glven that sealed proposals for the purchase of sald bonds will be recelved by
the Board of Dtrectors of the Unton Irrigation Distretct at Raymondsyille, Texas, and opened
tn publio on the 16TH DAY OF ApRIL. A. D.
912, at ten A. M. A11 Dda must be accompan1912, at ten A. M, AII brda must be accompan-
led by certined check for $\$ 2,500, ~ p a y a b l e ~ t o ~ A . ~ T . ~$ Woodhouse, President or the Board of Direators of the good falth of satit proposed purehaser. The Unton Irrigation District oomprises 86,400 cres at present thme; applteations are pendimy
for an addition to thls distrlet lyy the owners of 24.000 acrea: assessed valuation of the distrlot Or 1911, 3756,000 ; aotual valuatlon of property of the district, about $33,000,000$; population of
the distrtet about 1,200; number of landowners about 700 . Outstandlag bonded Indebtedness about 7 .
of the diflot, none; floating Indebtediness, none OL A. TE WOODHOUSE, Presldent.

NOTICE TO ENGINEERING CONTRACTORS, Notice ls hereby given that sealed proposals wil tors of the Unton Irrigation Dlstrict for the Preation System at eleven oclook A. M.. APRIL
16TH, A. D. 1912. This Preliminary Engtneertng Includes 165 mics Prellminary line; 474 square miles Topo-
graphy; 131 miles of Located ine; and necessary nformation motdent thereto. Plans and sped. on file, and open to inspection at the office of the Distriot Engliecr, Raymondville, Texas.
Bldder will be required to purchase the entire
$\$ 100,000$ bond lssue, as advertised above, and pay for same at not less than the par value thereof Pronosal must be accompanted by certined chook for blanks furnished by the District Engiticer.

Raymondville, Texas.

## BLODGET \& CO.

## BONDS

6O STATE STREET, BOSTON 20 PINE STREET, NEW YORK

TATE, CITY \& RAILROAD BONDS

## NEW LOANS <br> \$27,000 00 <br> CITY OF SUMMIT, N. J. sGHOOL BONDS

Sealed proposals will be recelved by the Com-
mon Councli of the Cly of Summit. N. J., at 8 p. M. On TUESDAY, APRIL 16. 1912. and openco ar bal cour at a pabio meettig of the at the Muncelpal Bullding in the ctity of Summit, N. Juchiase of the 327,00000 Issuc ot $4 \% \%$ the denominstion ot 31,000 each. payable the thitty years, lisued th pursuance of an Act of the
Leglsiature of the State of New Jersey entitled Leglstature of the State of New Jerscy entitled
"An Act to establish a thorough and effectent system of free public sohoos and provice for
the mandenancent management the maineonance, support and management
theroved october 10,1003, and atso by
virtue ot a Resolution of the Common Councli virtue of a Resolation of the Common Counci
of the sald city of Summit passed at a regular mecting of the sald Common Councll held on the and duly approved by the Mayor of the sald clty of Summit.
Each proposal must be secompanted by a certlFifty Dor cash, for the sum of Two Hundred and furnished. It shatil be made payable to the city of The Common Councll of the Clty of Summit. N.J., reserves the right to accept or reject all proposals for the nbov-ments of the Clty it may By direction of the Common Councll of the Clty of Summit, N, J. EDW, ROWE, Olty Clerk.

Charles M. Smith \& Co CORPORATION AND MUNICIPAL BONDS FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUIL OHIOAGO

Sutherlin \& Company MUNIOIPAL BONDS

Cormmerce Building
KANSAS CITY
The Financial Review 1912 ISSUE
A. Year-book of Financial Information Five-Year Monthly Range of Prices of Stocks and Bonds.
Bound in cloth-Two Dollars. Commercial \& Financial Ohronicle,

ZANESVILLE, Muskingum County, Ohio,-Bond Sate.-This elty has disposed of the following $4 \%$ reg. bonds, we are advised:
Amount.
Dutpose.



## Canada, its Provinces and Municipalities.

BRANDON, Man-Loan Etection.-The ratepayers will vote Apr 125 ,
it Is stated, on by-laws ageregating $\$ 50,000$ for a park, fire-hall, sldewalks It ls stated, on by-laws aggrega
CALGARY, AIta.-Debenture Election.-An clection will be held April 17 : $\$ 50,000$ 20-yr, sewer, $\$ 20,00020-\mathrm{yr}$ dralmage, $\$ 100,000$ 30-yr, system, $\$ 20,000$ 15-yr, asphait-paving-plaut, $\$ 30,000$ 20-yr. public-comfort-station fand $\$ 12,000,20-\mathrm{yr}$. city-stable debentures.
CANORA, Sask- Debenture昰Sate.-ItMIs reported that C. H. Burgess \& Co. of Toronto were the successfui bidders for the 5 lssues of debentures
EDMONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P, O. Edmonton), Alta,
Debenture Offering.-Proposals wilt be recelved untli 12 m . Apri 18 date Debenture Offering-Proposals will be recetved until 12 m , Apri1 18 (date
ehanzed from Apri 15) by W. D. Bradley. Sco. Treas. Puble School Board, for 8840,000 43s $\%$ coup. debentures, due in to annual installments of prin-

ESTERHAZY, Sask-Debenture?Sale.-We are advlsed that the $\$ 1,000$ debentures (V. 94. p. 582 ) were sold in February to a Reglna firm.
FERGUS, Ont.-Loan Election.-A by-law providing for a loan of $\$ 35,000$ tor a water-works system will be submitted to, the ratepayers. 16 Isstated,
on Aprlifis.
HANLEX, Sask.-Loan Voted,-Reports state that Fa favorablo vote was cast recently on the by-law provlding for the loan of 810,000 for ${ }^{\text {a }}$ . HUMBOLDT, Sask -Debenture Sale.-On April 1 the $\$ 7.600$. 0.1005 )
 p. 650) were awarded to O. H. Burgess \& Co, of Toronto for $\$ 10,061$ ( 99.61 and int. Other blds follow:
 HUNTSVILLE. Ont,- Debenture Election.- $A$ vote will be taken April 29 on a by-law to lisue $\$ 5,000$ debentures for town hall and fre hall, according
to reports.
IEIFUR SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1561 (P, O. Leifyr), Man,- Debenture
offering-L Proposals will be recoived on or before Aprliz by, N Mounn offoring.-Troposas $\$ 2.0006 \%$ debentures. Due in 20 annual installments of iprincipal and interest.
LEETHRIDGE, AIta,-Loan Election Proposed.- It is roported that an electlon will be held shorty to submil to the ratepayers a by-law providing a
MANOR, Sask.-Loan Defected. - A by-law providing for a loan of 83,00
or obtaining water and completing Aa Bkating rink falled to carry at tor obtaining water and completingla skating rink falled to carry at a
ecent election.

MILTON, Ont - Debenture Sale - Reports state that Goldman \& Co. of Toronto purchased an tssue of $\$ 12,0005 \%$ 20-Installmont debentures. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont.-Loan Election.-An electlon will be held
April 22 , reports state, to vote on a by-law provlding for a loan of $\$ 3,00$ April 22, reports state, to vote on a
RED DEER, Alta, - Debenture Offering,-Proposals will be recelved un-local-mpt. debentures aggregating $\$ 17,423$. 1 . Dreas. for three issucs of $6 \%$. 30 annual ments of principal and Interest at the Merchants' Bank, Red Dcer.
REGINA, Sask- Debenture Election.-Reports state that the following propositions to lssue debentures will bo submitted to a vote on April 18: prone $\$ 200$ water-works, $\$ 11,000$ health and rellef, $\$ 152,000$ trunk sewer. $\$ 51,000$ firc-protection, $\$ 83,000$ electric-Hght and power, $\$ 75,000$ hospital,
$\$ 16,000$ Dominton Exhibltion const, and maintenance and $\$ 150,000$ muntal pal rallway ext. and equipping debentures.
RICHMOND, B. C.-Debenture Sate.-On March 30 the $\$ 100,000$ road

ROCANVILLE, Sask.-Debentures Proposed,-Canadian papers state
that the issuance of $\$ 3,000$ skating and curing-rink debentures is being contomplated by this clty skating and curing-rink debentures is being RURAL. MUNICIPALITY OF CUPAR NO. 218, Sask.-Loan Election proposed,-An election will probably be held, it is stated, for the purpose
of submititig to the ratepayers a by-law providing for a loan of $\$ 10,000$ for bumding roads.
RURAL MUNICIPALIT Y OF BIGGAR NO. 247. Sask.-Debenture Sate. An ssuc of $38,0006 \% 20$-installment debentures was purehased, reports RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF FRANCIS, Sask.-Debenture Sale.Reports state that $512,5005 \%$ 20-nstaliment debontures were purchased
by C. H. Burvess 60 of RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF TRAMPING LAKE NO, 380, Sask,ment debentures (V. 94, p. 582 ) were awarded, it pestated, to B. K.
Thompler ST. CATHARIN
of $\$ 38,000$ to purchase the plant of the St, Catharines Gas Co. carried, it 8 reported, at a recent election.
SMITH'S FALLS, Ont,-Loan Defeated.-The election held March 28
resulted, it is stated, In the defeat of the by-lave providing for the loan of $\$ 13,000$ for certaln land purchases (V, D4, D. D 68 ) providing for the loan of SOUTH VANCOUVER. B. C.
SOHTH VANCOUVER, B. C,-Debontures Voted, - Reports state that
the followg propositions to tssue debentures, aggregating $81,820,000$, carried at a recent olecton: $\$ 405,000$ for schools, $\$ 200,000$ for roads,
$\$ 100,000$ for sidewalks and $\$ 325,000$ for wating $\$ 1,820,000$, $\$ 100,000$ for sidewalks and $\$ 325,000$ for water works.
STRATFORD, Ont, -Loan Election.-By-laws providing for loans of
$\$ 5,700$ for park purposes and $\$ 13,000$ formarkot bulding will be submitted so, 700 or parik purposes and 313,000
to a vote. It is stated, on Aprif 26 .
UNITED TOWNSHIPS OF NEELON AND GADSON (Subury Price Paid for Debentures.- The prico psld for the $\$ 4.000$ (Sudbury), Ont.-
dis-listallment debentures awarded to Goldman $\& \mathrm{Co}$. of Toronto (V. $94, \mathrm{p}, 936$ ) was 95.40 . WINDSOR, Ont -Debentures to be Offered Shorilu.-According to reports. thls elty whil shortily offer for sate an lssue of $\$ 160.0005 \% 10-\mathrm{yenx}$
local Improvement debentures.
NEW LOANS.
TOWN OF WRAY, COLO.,

WATER WORKS BONDS
Bids? will be recelved by the Town Clevis of Wray, Colorado, untll APRIL 20TH, 1912, for the purchase of $\$ 35,000$ 00 $6 \% \quad 15$-year, 10 -year optional, water-works bonds. A check of $5 \%$ certined by a National Bank must aceompany each bld. No bld conditional upon the legallty of the lssue will be considered, as the Town wII furnish legal approyal. Assessed valuation, \$222,108 42. Estimated real valuation, $\$ 1,100$, 00000 . Population (Census 1910), 1,050, No other indebtedness.

## NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 40,000$

City of Suffolk, Virginia,
$5 \%$ BONDS FOR SALE
Seated proposats for sale of sald bonds. payable thirty years from date, June 1 1912, with 5 per cent interest ipayable semi-annually, will bo ro celved until 3 D. m.

$$
\text { MAY 2, } 1912
$$

to be accompanied by certified cheok for 5 per cent, and no bld less than par will be recelved. The right to rejeot any and all blds reserved. For full partloutars, address

Sunt B PNNER
Supt. Department of Finance.

## L. F. DOMMERICH \& CO.

## NEW YORK

General Offices, 57 Greene Street SOLICIT MERCANTILE ACCOUNTS TO FINANCE FOR MANUFACTURERS, AGENTS AND OTHERS
CARRY NO GOODS FOR OWN ACCOUNT
Established over 60 Years

CAPITAL, $\$ 1,000,000$
SURPLUS, $\$ 4,000,000$
PHILADELPHIA TRUST
SAFE deposit and insuranoe COMPANY
Main Office, 415-17 Chestnut St.
Branch Office, 1415 Chestnut St. EXECUTES TRUSTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Acts as Trustee for Corporation Mortgages, Registrar or Transfer Agent Interest allowed on Individual and Reserve Accounts

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Adrian H. Muller \& Son, AUCTIONEERS, Regular Weekly Sales OF STOCKS and BONDS

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Office, No. 55 WILliAM STREET,
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Bolger, Mosser \& Williaman MUNICIPAL BONDS

Legal for Savings Banks,
Postal Savings and Trust Funds. SEND FOR LIST:
19 South La Salle St.,
OHICAGO

MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD BONDS
LISt on application
SEASONGOOD \& MAYER
Ingalls Building OINOINNATI

## F. WM. KRAFT

lawyer.
Specializing in Examination of
Municipal and Corporation Bonds 1312 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.,

OEICAGO, ILL.
HODENPYL, HARDY \& CO:
7 Wall St., New York
Railroad, Street Ry., Gas \& Elec. Light
SECURITIES


[^0]:    - "The Amerlean Transportation Question": by Samuel O. Dunn, Editor of the "Rallway-Age Gazette," Lecturer on Transportation at Northwestern Univeralty, Member of the Ilinols Bar. 290 pares. Price, 3150 net. New York and London: D. Appleton \& Co., 1912.

[^1]:    * Excludes Colorado Spring e Cripple Creek Dlatriet in 1912; in March 1911 tho

[^2]:    a Meludes the Mexas Contraternathonal in both years.
    f Now Ineludes Mexcan Int in both years.
    $\psi$ These ngures are down to the end of the thitd week only in

[^3]:     Bgures，together with the returns of the separate bank padd thast companteg，also banks and trust compantes not freporting．to the Cleartmy．Holse，appear on the second

    Foreign Exchange．－The market ruled quiet and about steady throughout the week．
    1．To－day＇s（Friday＇s）nominal rates for stering exehange were 4844 for
    
     for payment 484 8． 481 ． ．Cotton for payment $4831 /(9485 \%$ and grain The Dosted rates for sterling，as quoted by a representative house，were
    not changod durimg tho woek from 484 for 60 days and $487 \%$ for sight．
    
    
     40 B－16 for short
    
    
    Sterling，Actual Strit Daus．
    High for the week．．． 48110
    Low for the week 48380
     Germany Bankers＇Marks－
    HIgh for the week．．．． 948
    Low for the week．
    0.9016
    
    $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Chegues．} & \text { Cables．} \\ 48705 & 48750 \\ 48080 & 48720\end{array}$
     $\begin{array}{llll}951 / 8 \\ 95 & 1-16 & \text { less } 1-32 & 95 y / 5 \\ 05 \% & \text { less } 1-32\end{array}$ Domestic Exchange．－Chicako，250，per St．Louls， 250 ．per si， 000 premtum bld and 300 ．Aasked．Noston，par， commerolal， 50 c ．Der $\$ 1,000$ discount；bank，$\$ 1$ promlum，San Franolisoo，
    200．per $\$ 1,000$ premlum．Savannah，buying， $3-16 \%$ discount：selling par，
    

[^4]:    *No price Fridas: latest bld and aaked. a Due Jan, o Due Feb. e Due May $q$ Due Junc. $h$ Due Juty. $p$ Dua Nov. $s$ Optlon sale.

[^5]:    
    
    

[^6]:    
     $x$ After deducting $\$ 177,008$ for sundry ace'ts idjusted:-V 94, p. 410

[^7]:    Queens City Electric Light \& Power Oo., Traverse City, Mitich, Purchase by City.-See Traverse City in "State and City" Department.-V. 91, D. 1003.
    Roanoke (Va.) Gas Light Co.-Successor Company.C. H. Geist of Phila., who recently purchased the Roanoke Gas Co, is organizing the Roanoke Gas Lt. Co. in Va., to own the properties in fee.
    
    
    
    

    Rochester \& Pittsburgh Coal \& Iron Oo.-Purckase. The company has purchased from the Buffalo Rochester \& Pitts-

[^8]:    Includes the surplus from operation of fixed rental road.
    a Divldends guaranteed by the Pltsburgh Clnolnnatt onlcago \& St. Louls Rallway Company
    a Dividends guaranteed by the Plttsburgh Clinolnnath onlcago of S .
    $b$ Excess of operating exponves and taxes over operating reyenuc.
    GENERAL BALANOE SHEET OF THE PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI CHIOAGO \& ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY DECEMBER 311911.

    | Pronativ ASSETSS. |  |
    | :---: | :---: |
    | Proporty Invostment -Road and Equlpment |  |
    | Investment to June 301007 - |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    | Inyestment since June 501907 - \$110,285,260 27 |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    |  | 27,367.382 00 |
    |  | \$137,652,642 27 |
    | Reserve for acerued depreolation (equipment)-Or | 738.01942 |
    |  | \$136,804.622 85 |

    

    | Other InvestmentsAdvances to proprictary, afflifated a controlled companles for constructio equipment and betterments <br> Miscellancous investments- |
    | :---: |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |

    Other Tuvestments-
    Adxances to proprictary, affilited and
    controlled compantes for construction,
    cquipment and bettermants
    cqulpment and beterments :-.........
    Miscellancous investments-
    $S$ courlites-uppledged
    \$282,41037

    Working Assets-
     Loans ant blll rocelvable. Tratfo balances due from othor companles. Due from a grats and tleket recelvers. Tiscellaneous accounts recelvable.
    Traterials and supplies
    Other workine assets
    515,71700
    $2,639,01431$

    Deforred Deate nems-
    Temporaty nivanoes to proprletary, affillWorking funds
    $\$ 181,051$
    83,61029
    Working funds and securtes in slnlaing and redemption funds
    Other deferred debit ltoms...............................

    | Capitat Stock- |  |
    | :---: | :---: |
    | Preterred | 5,950 00 |
    | Common |  |
    | Stock Hablifty for converslon of outstanding | 522.91403 |
    |  | 5,171,07 |
    | Morioage, Aonded and Secured Ded -Con. mti. |  |
    |  |  |
    | Con. Mtg. $41 / 5 \%$. Serles "B," due 1942 | 8,786.000 00 |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    | 1945 . ${ }^{\text {coser }}$ |  |
    | Less 137 bonds in Sink. Fund 137,000 00 |  |
    | Con, Mtg, 3 粦\%, Scrles "E, |  |
    | due 1949 ................... $\$ 11,908,000$. 00 |  |
    | Less 6,073 bonds in Sink. Fund.$6,073,00000$ |  |
    |  |  |
    | Con. Mtis. $4 \%$, Series "F." due 1953...... $10,000,00000$ |  |
    | Con. Mty. 40 . Serles "G, due 1057 | 10,000,000 00 |
    | Con MtE. 4. Series "H," due 1960 . R2, 3,000,00 |  |
    |  |  |
    | Con. Mrtg. $5 \%$ coup. bonds, C. St. L. \& P. |  |
    | RR. Co., due 1932.............. 1,195 |  |
    | Con. Mtg, $5 \%$ reg, bonds, C. St. L. \& P. RR. Co due 1932 |  |
    | 1st Mig. $31 / 2 \%$ bonds, Chartiers Ry. Co., |  |
    | due Oct. ist 1931. | 625,000 00-59,204,000 00 |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    | Loans and bills pay | 8355,000 00 |
    | Traffio balances due to other compantes.... 473.382 , |  |
    |  |  |
    | M | 284,145 26 |
    | Matired interest, dividends and rents unpaid 106,36938 |  |
    | Matured mortgage, bonded and secured debt 12.71207 |  |
    | Other worktng lisbilitles.................. 63.403 73-3,865.068 73 |  |
    |  |  |
    | Unmatured intorest, dividends and rents |  |
    |  |  |
    | Taxes ncerued........................... $1,144,37488$ |  |
    | Deferred Credit tems-Operating reserves |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    |  |  |
    | Additions to property since June 30 1907, |  |
    | Reserves from tncome or surplus- |  |
    | Invested in sinking and redemption funds. | 6,210,761 15-13,507,670 |
    | Profit and Lo | 3,722,17199 |
    |  |  |

    $327,475,95000$
    $37,123,11050$ 522,914 03
    $\$ 65,171,97483$
    $\$ 10,000,00000$ $8,786,00000$
    1,27000000
    $4,983,00000$

    ## Con, Mtg, $3 \frac{1}{5}$ \%, Serles "E

    5,025,000 00
    $10,000,00000$
    $1,000,00000$
    $3,000,00000$
    $3,000,00000$
    $\$ 11,00000$
    $625,00000-5 \rho, 204,00000$
    $\$ 355.000 .00$
    473.38254
    2.570 .05575
    284.14526
    $12,878,74335$

[^9]:    

