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Bank \& Quotation Section
Railway Earnings Section

## VOL. 92.

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Bankers' Convention Section
SATURDAY, JUNE 241911.

Electric Railway Section
State and City Section

## The (10) Wroncle.

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WHLEMAN R. DANA COMPANY, Pubishers, P. O, Box95S. Front, Pineand Depeyster Sts.n New Kork.

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Vlee-Presdents; Arnold G, Dana, See. Addressea of all, Offlee of the Company

## CLEARING-HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telograph, \&o.. Indicates that the total tine 24 have been $\$ 3,066,267,688$, against $\$ 3,192,304,406$ last week and $\$ 2,847,611,370$ the corresponding week last year.


| 1911. | 1910. | Per |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1,440,430,007 | \$1,356,321,551 | 6.2 |
| 157,944,342 | 114,680,710 | +37.7 |
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The full detalls for the week covered by the above will be glven next Saturday, we cannot furntsh them to-day, cearimgs beng made up by tho tho week has to bo in all cascs cstmanated as we go to press Friday nlght, We present below detalled
noon, func 17 , for four years.

| Cleartnas at- | Week ending June 17. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1911. | 1210. | finc. or Dec. | 1909. | 1908. |
| New York.,.... | 1.001,i32,210 | 1,716,292,078 $144,861.108$ | +11.0 +6.2 | 2,197,699,741 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.247 .530,130 \\ 108,010,039 \end{array}$ |
| Philadelphta .... | $153,894,370$ $46,519,026$ | 144,801,108 | + 7.3 | 133,012,66 | $108,010,039$ $37,208,740$ |
| Batimorn | 33,800,266 | 29, 133,792 | +13.1 | 27,111,332 | 22,610,329 |
| Buttalo. | 10,039,458 | 9.978,808 | +0.6 | 9,137,135 | 7,697,743 |
| Washington | 7,472,156 | 0,034,142 | +7.8 | $6,078,349$ $5,752,453$ | 5, 10, 5,163 |
| 1 tochester | 6,483,240 | 3,062.578 | +13.1 | 4, 0078122 | $5,085,189$ $3,024.249$ |
| Scranton | 2,735,549 | 2,176,694 | +10.6 | 2,313,760 | 2,168,135 |
| Syracuse | 2,580,333 | 2,447,006 | +5.8 | 2,288,104 | 1,814,482 |
| Reading. | 1,682,824 | 1,745,494 | $-3,6$ | 1,526,213 | 1,161,051 |
| Trenton | 1,542,100 | 1,942,240 | -20,6 | 1,54,049 | 1,177,759 |
| Whecling | 1,825,314 | 1,808,460 | +0,9 | 1,789,077 | 1,410,587 |
| Whikes-Barre | 1,251,109 | 1,410,08: | $-11.3$ | 1,215,068 | 1,082, 101 |
| Wrimington | 1,626,036 | 1,701,217 | -4 | 1,533,611 | 1,419,463 |
| Harrtaburg | 1,150,000 | 1,187,613 | -3.2 | 1,152,498 | 1,118,770 |
| York | 872,707 | 977,084 | -10.7 | 922,357 | 824,076 |
|  | 880,740 | 824.833 | 3.8 | 731,513 | 594,720 |
| Cheater | 546.040 | 625,703 | $-13.0$ | 509,207 | 440,350 |
| Greensburg | 619.661 | 484,036 | +27.8 | 44,663 | 523,873 |
| Binghamton .... | 527,600 | 471,300 | +11.9 | 427,200 | 451,200 |
| Altoona | 534.601 | 627.654 | +1.3 | 473,511 | 462,868 |
| vrantain | 255,000 | 240.360 | +3.5 | 281,717 | 265,000 |
| Lancaster | 904,315 | 1,032,926 | -3.7 |  |  |
| Totat Mtddte | 2,180,793,522 | 1,988,227,360 | +10.0 | 2,443,045,804 | 1,451,763,526 |
| Boaton | 144,409,747 | 141,888,703 | +1,8 | 145,334,595 | 121,437.055 |
| Providence | 8,550,500 | 7,365,300 | +10,1 | 7,1818,200 | 6,645,600 |
| martford | 4,763,200 | 3,871,295 | $+23.0$ | 3,420,960 | 3,022,396 |
| New Have | 2,073,437 | 2,842,882 | +4,6 | 2,787,059 | 2,184,798 |
| Springacte | 2,290,688 | 2,296,208 | 0.2 | 2,240,000 | 1,722,870 |
| Worcoster | 2,736,426 | $2,320,525$ | +17.9 | 1,831,247 | 1,491,146 |
| Portland | 2,105,178 | 1,937,987 | +8.7 | 1,765,223 | 1,413,340 |
| Fail Ptyer | 1,335,594 | 1,034,309 | +-29.1 | 1,153,344 | 1,081,146 |
| New Bedford | 1.46,658 | 1,079,311 | +6.2 | 928.756 | 738,683 |
| Lowell | 621,005 |  | +18.7 | 474.681 | 464,246 |
| Holyoke | 579,632 | 500,003 | +15.9 | 525,582 | 380,164 |
| Tot. New Eng. | 171,602,155 | 165,659,722 | +3.6 | 167.769,647 | 140,581,413 |


|  | Veek endura June 17 |  |  |  |  |
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## ELECTRIC RAILWAY SECTION.

A new number of our "Electric Railway" section, revised to date, is sent to our subscribers to-day. The editorial discussions in the same embrace the following topics: "Car Dispatching and Control by Telephone on Electric Roads," "Car Development in Electric Traction" and "Electric Railways and the Public Utility Commissions."

## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

If we may be permitted to make a suggestion to the managers of the New York Clearing House as to the form to be given to the weekly bank returns issued on Saturdays, now that a number of large trust companies have been admitted to membership and are obliged to furnish figures the same as the banks, it is that no attempt be made to combine the two sets of figures in one general aggregate, but that the results for each class of institution be kept wholly segarate and distinct. Any other method of treating the returns is to make the totals useless for reference and comparison. This becomes evident on a mere glance at last Saturday's statement with the magnitude of the changes disclosed. In loans an increase of $\$ 571,994$, 600 was reported, in deposits an increase of $\$ 419,053$,200, in money holdings an increase of $\$ 73,927,700$, and in total reserves held (the trust companies being allowed to keep a part of their reserves on deposit with the banks) an increase of $\$ 139,278,700$. We need hardly say that these extraordinary additions to all the items follow simply from the inclusion for the first time of fifteen trust companies. But though the cause itself is plain, these prodigious changes tend to obscure entirely the underlying currents or movements affecting the different items which it is one of the purposes of the weekly figures to bring to view.

It may be urged that these wide differences will exist for only a single week, that in this week's return (to be issued to-day) and in subsequent returns there will be only such changes as follow from changes in trade and monetary conditions, inasmuch as with the figures of the trust companies once included the comparisons will henceforward be on a like basis. What little force there would otherwise be in this argument disappears when it is remembered that only a part of the trust companies have as yet joined the Clearing House and been admitted to membership. The transactions of the trust companies still outside the Clearing House are fully as large as, and in some of the ifems even larger than, those of the companies already reposing within the Clearing-House fold. Thus while the total of loans last Saturday of the trust companies reporting to the Olearing House was $\$ 550,262,000$, the aggregate of the loans for all the trust companies in Greater New York at the same date (according to the weekly return of the State Banking Department) was no less than $\$ 1,125,374,100$, showing that the outside companies had outstanding loans in amount of over $\$ 570,000,000$. Aggregate money holdings of the Clearing-House trust companies were last Saturday $\$ 59,892,000$, but money holdings of all the trust companies in Greater New York on the same day were $\$ 126,767,900$, showing over $\$ 66,000,000$ of eash in vault held by the companies that have not yet applied for entry into the Clearing House. Several of these outside institutions will gain admission in the near fu-
ture. The Fidelity Trust Co. began clearing this very week, and its figures will be included in to-day's statement. The Metropolitan begins to clear next Monday and its figures will appear in the statement the coming Saturday. The Knickerbocker Trust will appear soon thereafter, as the directors have already voted to apply for admission. Some others will undoubtedly follow at longer or shorter intervals, and during the whole of the time while this is going on the weekly comparisons will be disarranged and the general results be deprived of a great part of their usefulnes.
But even if this were not the case-that is, even if there should be no further additions to trust company membership and the number of institutions reporting should remain unchanged-it would nevertheless be highly desirable that the results for the banks should be kept wholly separate from those of the trust company members of the Clearing-House Association. These weekly returns are used not merely to compare one week with another, but to compare one year with another. This being so, inclusion of the trust companies in the general totals renders comparison altogether out of the question. We need hardly urge that it is often important for the newspaper writer or the student to see how the aggregate of loans or the aggregate of deposits to-day contrasts with corresponding items at certain dates in the past. But with the totals of these two items increased somewhere between $\$ 500,000,000$ and $\$ 1,000$,000,000 (depending upon the number of trust companies that may ultimately enter the Clearing House), the comparisons will be futile and worthless unless the trust companies are first eliminated from the totals. The same is true of the money holdings; $\$ 60,000,000$ has already been added to these money holdings by the inclusion of the trust companies thus far admitted to membership, and a further $\$ 66,000,000$, we have seen, may be added through the inclusion of the remaining companies.

The form in which the bank statement was issued last Saturday was on the whole satisfactory and there is no occasion for taking exception to anything in it except that the two classes of institutions were incorporated in the same table. Figures were given to enable one to determine the amount contributed by each class of institutions. For instance, at the bottom of the general statement containing the individual returns of both the banks and the trust companies, footings have been inserted for all the items in such a way as to show besides the grand aggregates the amounts for the banks and the trust companies separately. Therefore, any one who wants to eliminate the trust companies is at liberty to do so, all the necessary data being at hand for the purpose. The fact remains, however, that both the trust companies and the banks are included in one and the same statement, and a grand total given for the whole. So long as this is the case, these grand totals will attract chief attention and little heed be given as to how they have been made up. The newspapers feature the grand totals alone.
There is absolutely no reason why the two classes of institutions should be joined together and incorporated in one statement. Their reserve requirements are wholly different and the character of their business is also widely different. The trust companies
represent a new body of financial institutions which have come into prominence during the last twenty-five years. The banks are still the credit instruments of trade, and in their operations reflect mercantile conditions, even though the resultsmay at times be tinged by operations connected with speculative dealings on the Stock Exchanges. The weekly statistics for the banks are available for half a century back and the continuity of the comparisons on this basis ought to be preserved for the future. To swell the totals now, all of a sudden, by the contributions of the trust companies, and to give these enlarged totals a ClearingHouse label, as if they were the same kind of thing as in the past, will obviously be a most serious mistake.
Stated in brief, the weekly Clearing-House returns should show the results for the banks in a separate table in the same way as heretofore and with separate footings that will admit of accurate comparisons with the past. The trust companies in turn should be grouped in a table, all by themselves; in that way no embarrassment would be caused by the inclusion of other trust companies from time to time, for every one would then (having a trust company statement to deal with all by itself) recall the fact and recognize it. A summary statement might be added showing the two sets of totals and giving a general footing for the two. This last should, however, be plainly called a summary, so as not to mislead any one.

We make these suggestions, not in a spirit of criticism, but wholly with the view of maintaining the value of these Clearing-House statistics, which form such an important feature of the city's banking history for the last half century.

The American Telephone \& Telegraph stock is the third stock of an American company to get the privilege of quotation on the Paris Parquet, the inmost circle of the French investment market. Philadelphia Company was the first and Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Ry, the second. Previously only bonds of American corporations had been accepted. The movement, in our opinion, is in its infancy, and is destined to grow with the years. It is but a fitting outgrowth of the drawing together of the world's financial centres, a new and natural link in the rapidly forming international monetary bonds. One sign of the times is the notification that an influential bank is to be established in Paris by a syndicate of American and English bankers, who will devote their energies mainly to the propagation of the movement for the distribution of trustworthy American securities throughout France. Now that an opening has been found, progress should be comparatively easy. Our bankers can offer French investors more generous returns than can ordinarily be obtained at home, the stability of our corporations is greater than ever before, public ty is constantly being cultivated and the ethics of our financiers are to-day as high as those of their European confreres.

An attempt to prejudice French investors against American securitics, by reason of the fact that the increase of $\$ 50,000,000$ in the stock of the American Telephone \& Telegraph Co. came on the very day the company's shares were admitted to trading on the Paris Bourse, has signally failed. To remove all occasion for criticism the bankers who had brought about the listing of the shares on the French Bourse mag-
namimously gave purchasers of shares on the opening day of official trading the privilege of withdrawing from their contracts because of the unexpected incident and its corollary of a four-point break in the market value of the stock here. Obviously such generous action was not calculated to embitter the Bourse against the financial interests handling the listing arrangements. In financial circles here it was, of course, well understood, and eyen stated by the President in his statement to stockholders, that the extraordinary growth of the Amerizan Telephone \& Telegraph Company's business would involve an early increase in capitalization; indeed, the remarkable appreciation in the market value of the shares was attributed in part to the expectation of "rights" to acerue from the anticipated offering. The declaration of valuable "rights" not infrequently helps the quotation of a stoek, especially if Wall Street happens to be feeling cheerful. In this instance the looked-for "rights" were duly offered, stockholders being allowed to subscribe for $\$ 50,000,000$ at par, as compared with a market price of better than 150 for the outstanding capital on the day the announcement was made. The immediate effect of the announcement was to cause a drop in the price of the shares on the New York Stock Exchange from $1517 / 3$ to $1475 / 8$, but there has since been recovery, and yesterday the close was at $1487 / 8$.

No solution satisfactory to all parties has yet been devised for overcoming the trouble which has existed for months between American and European bankers who handle cotton bills of lading. Some time ago a clearing house in New York was suggested as a means of meeting requirements, but though local as well as Western bankers endorsed this proposal, Southern bankers have raised objections to such a plan, their contention being that profitable business would be diverted from the South. This week a representative conference of bankers was called together by the Bill of Lading Committee of the American Bankers' Association, but after protracted discussion it was discovered that no agreement could be reached. We give particulars in our column devoted to banking news on a subsequent page. The whole question of financing our international trade is exercising keen discussion in banking circles. Two important cases are now before the courts dealing with the responsibility of New York bankers handling drafts and documents. The Supreme Court cannot pass upon these suits for months, even should appeals be taken at the earliest possible moment. Inasmuch as the first bale of new cotton has already been sold on the New York Cotton Exchange, it behooves all those interested in the marketing of the staple to address themselves without loss of time to formulating methods which will be acceptable for the current season at least. It seems to us that European bankers and importers of our cotton have sought to throw an undue onus upon American bankers, The buying and selling of cotton is primarily a matter for the producers and the manufacturers, the banker being merely used for the facilitating of settling the accounts and not to be regarded as a party to the transactions. English spinners cannot exist without American cotton; that being so, it is surely their concern to make arrangements for paying for what they buy.

With the greatest wealth of pageantry that history has ever recorded, George V. was on Thursday, in the ancient Abbey of Westminster, crowned King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions across the seas. The ceremony was distinguished over its predecessors of a thousand years by its Imperialistic flavor, by its unex mpled gorgeousness and by demonstrations of unbounded loyalty in an age when democracy is triumphant and in a country where the Socialistic note has of late been often struck by responsible statesmen. Representatives of British power from every part of that Empire whereon, it is the Briton's proud boast, the sun never sets, congregated to do honor to the son of Edward the Peacemaker and the grandson of Victoria, under whose sway the spirit of Empire was quickened and welded into a common force.

India, the Australian Commonwealth, New Zealand, United South Africa, Egypt, the Dominion of Canada and lesser possessions, all sent their most eminent representatives to pay homage to King George, the first ruler possessing knowledge of the Empire gathered by much traveling and mingling with the peoples on their native soils. Foreign monarchies delegated princes to attend the ceremony, and republics, including the United States, appointed special ambassadors, while all sent warships to join in the naval demonstrations which formed a feature of the programme. The British Metropolis was crowded with visitors, yet so thorough were the arrangements that not one accident occurred to mar the rejoicing. The elaborate procession from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey wended its way through cheering masses, not one discordant note being heard, notwithstanding all the noisy ridicule which the Socialists had sought to cast upon the Crown and all its historic trappings. In the evening bonfires were lit all over the country and the celebrations were continued throughout yesterday with the same enthusiasm as was manifested on Coronation Day, the nation having observed a double holiday. What influence the unprecedented demonstrations of loyalty will have upon the political, the constitutional problems which confront the new sovereign and his Parliament can only be conjectured; that some of the more revolutionary statesmen will feel compelled to revise their attitude towards the Crown and its bulwarks can well be imagined.

Portugal was formally proclaimed a republic by the newly elected Constituent Assembly on Monday, and on Wednesday Anselmo Braacamp was elected President. The Assembly, which organized with 192 Deputies, ratified the Government's edict proclaiming the republic, declared the abolition of the monarchy and the proscription of the Braganza dynasty. The decree was received with great enthusiasm by the crowds which had gathered outside the Assembly Building, and the day was observed as a national holiday. No disturbances of any nature occurred, and no uprising by Royalists is now apprehended. The first President of the Republic is the President of the Lisbon Municipal Council but was not a member of the Provisional Government which assumed control of affairs when the revolutionists on Oct. 5 proclaimed Portugal a republic. The United States was prompt to recognize the new republic. On Monday afternoon the

American Charge D'Affaires delivered the following note to the Portuguese Minister of Foreign Affairs:
"Whereas, The National Constituent Assembly has this day settled upon and definitely proclaimed the form of government adopted by Portugal, I have the honor, acting according to the instructions received from my Government, of hereby informing Your Excellency that the Government of the United States of America has to-day officially recognized the Government of the Portuguese republic."

Very little is known here concerning the political sympathies of the head of the new government, but the fact that he did not receive an office in the Provissional Administration suggests that the Presidency has sought him rather than that he has sought the Presidency.

Ship-owners have shown more consideration for their employees than the union agitators had declared them capable of. The demands put forward were such that employers could not grant, yet they manifested a disposition to meet the seamen half way, and after only a few days' interruption to traffic, a compromise was reached. A good deal of inconvenience was experienced at the principal Bitish ports, but elsewhere the so-called "international strike" proved abortive. No dislocation of traffic occurred in New York, nor was the threat to declare a strike all along the coast put into execution, an agreement having been quickly reached. The trans-Atlantic lines came to terms with their men before any serious interruption to the regular service was possible. The strikers must be credited with having selected a propitious time for action, inasmuch as the British Government was particularly desirous of preventing the marring of the Coronation demonstration on the water. It is to be hoped that the magnanimity of the ship-owners will result in the establishment of cordial relations between them and their servants, for the public would not feel comfortable were those handling passenger steamers animated by a feeling of antagonism to the transportation companies.

Thursday and Friday having been observed as holidays in London, the Bank of England did not issue its weekly statement as usual, but will publish the returns on the resumption of business this morning, For the first time in many weeks Continental competition appeared for the new South African gold offered on Monday, Germany having taken $\$ 500,000$; but, as an offset, Paris has continued to ship moderate amounts of the metal to London in payment of securities recently purchased. The Coronation festivities may have entailed more or less demand for gold coin. Our special correspondent informs as by cable that for the Bank week ending on Wednesday the stock of gold increased $£ 616,000$, not including the interior movement. Our correspondent furnishes the following details of the gold movement in and out of the Bank for the Bank week: Imports, $£ 621,000$ (of which $£ 275,000$ from Egypt, $£ 6,000$ from France and $£ 340,000$ bought in the open market); exports, $£ 5,000$ to Gibraltar. The statement of movement of bullion to and from the interior will be issued to-day.

The minimum discount rate of $3 \%$ was not changed this week. In the open market the charge for accepting spot bills at the close on Wednesday was $2 \frac{1}{4} \%$, while bills to arrive are nominally $23-16 \%$. Money continues plentiful in Paris, the private rate there
being still $21 / 8 \%$ for spot bills and bills to arrive. The Bank of France on Thursday reported an increase of $\$ 2,215,000$ in its stock of gold, a small gain in silver, a reduction of nearly $\$ 7,000,000$ in note circulation, an increase of $\$ 15,500,000$ in Treasury advances and a gain of $\$ 1,755,000$ in general deposits. The spot rate in Berlin was marked up to $35 / 8 \%$, but was yesterday lowered to $31 / 2 \%$; certain institutions have accepted bills at $31 / 4 \%$ for future delivery, but others have quoted higher figures. At Amsterdam there has been an advance to $27 / 8 \%$ and at Brussels to $2 @ 21 / 8 \%$. Next Saturday's half-yearly settlements are likely to produce firmness at all financial centres during the new week. The Bank of Bombay has followed the example of the Bank of Bengal by reducing its official rate from $5 \%$ to $4 \%$.

Instead of money rates having advanced locally during the closing fortnight of the half-year, a distinct decline has occurred, and there is not yet within sight any enlargement of the demand for either speculative or mercantile purposes. Trading on the Stock Exchange has narrowed down to a professional rut; indeed, the dulness is almost as pronounced as it was while the market was awaiting the Supreme Court decisions. Trade throughout the country continues so quiet that currency is still being remitted to New York, despite the low returns obtainable. Then foreign exchange rates early in the week fell to the low evel since January, and the question of gold imports before the end of July is being discussed. The offerings of new corporate securities have been light and payment for the $\$ 50,000,000$ Panama issue has not yet been made. Everything, it will thus be seen, has conspired to keep down interest rates.

Whether the current quotations will continue during the next month would appear to be questionable. The Panama bonds must be paid for, the July interest and dividend disbursements will have to be met, new financing is likely to arise, the commercial demands are expected to increase appreciably around July 15, the Canadian banks may resume the withdrawal of gold from this centre next week, sterling is likely temporarily to move away from the gold-import basis and it is within the range of possibility that agricultural or political news will stir up more activity in stock speculation. Opinions differ as to the chances of a general revival in trade during the summer months, though the best authorities incline to the belief, that, should nothing of a very disturbing nature occur in the crop-growing States or at Washington, a recovery will set in during the fall season. Certainly, facilities for branching out can be obtained upon extremely attractive terms. The feature of this week's money market has been a reduction in long-term rates; six months' funds have been procured at $31 / 4 \%$ and over-the-year facilities at $35 \% \%$, with borrowers now bidding only $31 / 2 \%$. The latest banking statistics published locally and elsewhere show that the position is very strong, while the outlook for the autumn is improved by the international trade conditions.

The detailed range for time money at the close of the week is as follows: $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ for sixty days, $23 / 4 \%$ for ninety days, $2 \frac{3}{4} @ 3 \%$ for four months, $3 @ 31 / 4 \%$ for five months, $31 / 4 \% @ 31 / 2 \%$ for six months and $35 / 833 / 4 \%$ for over-the-year. The demand is light, almost the only inquiry being for the longest periods,
at usually somewhat lower terms than those offered by lenders. Call money has again ruled daily at $23 / 8 \%$, with the maximum each day $21 / 2 \%$. A minimum of $2 \%$ was recorded on Tuesday, but few transactions have been put through below the renewal figure. Yesterday the range was $21 / \mathrm{s} @ 21 / 2 \%$, with the final loan made at $21 / 4 \%$. Commercial paper of choice quality is still scarce, yet discounts have not been weakened by the casier tone in the money market. The est sixty to ninety days' endorsed bills receivable are done at $31 / 2 @ 3 / 4 \%$, the choicest four to six months' single-name bills at $33 / 4 @ 4 \%$ and less desirable names at 41/4@5\%. Aiter the close of the fiscal year a little more activity is looked for.

Notwithstanding the two-days' holiday in London, foreign exchange has been more active and rates have moved upwards. Financial institutions have begun to arrange for the remittance of funds in connection with next Saturday's extensive payments to over-sea bondholders, noteholders and stockholders. This year's interest and dividend bill to Europeans is unusually large, since European subscriptions for new American issues have been on a good scale and quite a few American stocks have been listed in Paris, either on the Parquet or the Coulisse. It was contended by exchange dealers not long since that the settlements would be effected without stiffening rates to any marked degree, but it is now said that a short account of some magnitude has been created by those who expected to cover at low figures. During the last few days the recovery has been stimulated by purchases from this source. The more powerful institutions would not be averse to keeping the market on a level which would not permit these gamblers to fulfil their contracts without loss, but if quotations go appreciably above 486 for demand and $4861 / 4$ for cable transfers, international bankers who have large credits abroad would no doubt be ready to draw bills. From a low level of $485 \% / 4$ for sight drafts on Monday to 486 on Thursday was the extent of the advance during that period, while yesterday a maximum of 48605 was recorded, though the tone became easier before the close. Next week's movements in exchange should, therefore, be more interesting than those of the last month. The firmness may last for some time into July, as the payments to Europeans will not be all made at the very beginning of the month. Thereaiter, however, a relapse to even lower terms than any quoted in June is regarded as likely. Gold imports to New York were resented a few weeks ago by the Bank of France and nothing has occurred in the interval to suggest that a movement would be less unwelcome in the near future. London's attitude has not been so clearly established; as the Bank of England's stock of bullion is far above normal, and as there are no extraordinary demands pending from other quarters, the assumption may reasonably be formed that an inflow would not be antagonized.

Compared with Friday of last week, sterling exchange on Saturday was slightly easier, with demand quoted at $48580 @ 48585$, cable transfers at 486 @ 48605 and sixty days at $48365 @ 48370$. On Monday demand declined, on dull trading, to $48575 @ 48580$ and cable transfers to $48595 @ 486$; sixty days advanced to $48370 @ 48375$. There was a firmer tone on Tuesday, although trading was light; demand
moved up to $48580 @ 48585$ and cable transfers to $486 @ 48605$; but sixty days was weaker at 48365 @ 48375 . On Wednesday sterling opened and remained higher, at 48585@48590 for demand, $48605 @ 48610$ for cable transfers and $48370 @ 48380$ for sixty days. Demand advanced sharply on Thursday, due to preparations for the July 1 settlements, to $48595 @ 486$, cable transfers to $48620 @ 48630$ and sixty days to $48390 @ 484$. On Friday forenoon demand touched $486 @ 48605$ and cable transfers $48630 @ 48635$, but a relapse followed and the market closed at 484@ 48410 for 60 days, $48590 @ 486$ for demand and $48625 @ 48630$ for cables. Commercial on banks was quoted at $4831 / 2 @ 4833 / 4$ and documents for payment $4831 / 2 @ 4833 / 4$. Cotton for payment ranged from $4831 / 4 @ 4831 / 2$, grain for payment from $4831 / 2 @$ $4833 / 4$.

The following gives the week's movement of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.

| Week enama Jure 23 1011. | Rectered by | (tappat bu. | Net Interfor Moventent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Curreney } \\ \text { Cord } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 311,420,000 \\ 2 ; 067,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,238,000 \\ & \hline 946,000 \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Total gold and legat tenders...... | 313,496.000 | 85, 18,000 | Saln $38,312,000$ |

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as follows.

| Week erding June 231011. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Into } \\ & \text { Banks. } \end{aligned}$ | Out of Banks | Net Change in Bant Holdngs. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' Interlor moveraen Sab-Treasury operations. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13,496,000 \\ 20.200 .000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85,184,000 \\ & 27,100,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain } \\ & \text { Loss } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88,312,000 \\ 900,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total gold and lc | \$39,606,000 | .28 |  | 3,412,000 |

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks.


## THE GOVERNMENT'S NEW LOAN.

There are many reasons why the sale of $\$ 50,000,000$ 3 per cents by the United States Government last Saturday was an event of broad interest in American finance. The occasion for this loan is doubtless understood by every one; its purpose is to reimburse the Treasury for its previous expenditures from its ordinary cash balance, in payment for work on the Panama Canal. Up to the present date there has been expended for that purpose $\$ 239,000,000$, of which something over $\$ 87,000,000$ has been provided through sale of bonds, leaving nearly $\$ 152,000,000$ which has been drawn from the general Treasury fund and is by law repayable to the Treasury as a result of bond sales. There are authorized and not yet issued for the purpose of Panama Canal construction, including reimbursement of the Treasury, bonds to the amount of $\$ 290,500,000$, and of this amount the $\$ 50,000,000$ issue placed last Saturday was a part.

Now, so far as concerns the Treasury itself, its total deficit in revenue below expenditure for the fiscal year
to date-with about one week remaining to the yearis $\$ 17,000,000$. This deficit was wholly caused by a $\$ 35,000,000$ net expenditure on the Panama Canal during the period. Hence the present plan to reimburse the Treasury through proceeds of these bonds.
But this is only part of the story. When the present Secretary of the Treasury assumed office in 1909, the double problem of the public credit and of the national bank circulation confronted him. In his first report he advocated the immediate adoption of the plan of paying for the Canal through bonds, urging that 'the expressed policy of the Government to pay the cost of the Canal from the proceeds of bonds, in order that the next generation or two shall share with this the cost of the great enterprise, should be secured and established." But the Secretary went further than this in his subsequent report. Recognizing that the basis of government bond security for national bank notes was an uneconomic plan which of recent years has worked very badly, and recognizing also that the further indefinite increase of bank-note issues on such a basis would complicate future plans for reform of the currency system, he advocated the issuing of bonds without what has been known as the "ciroulation privilege."
The Secretary recognized, as did all other people, that a certain artificial value was imparted to Government bonds through this privilege of use as collateral for bank notes, and he frankly declared that $2 \%$ bonds could probably not be sold at par or better without that privilege. Therefore he proposed a $3 \%$ issue, and supported that recommendation by the undoubtedly correct statement that neither the United States Govermment nor any other government possessed a legitimate borrowing power on a $2 \%$ basis, and that the sooner the Government's proper position in the market was recognized the better. In his report of last December, the Secretary stated that if a $\$ 50,000,0003 \%$ loan were to be issued without the circulation privilege, "we should be able to gauge experimentally the rate at which the Government could borrow on an investment basis, and we should then be better able to formulate a financial policy for the future."

This is the reason why last Saturday's sale-the first Government bond sale in forty-eight years which has been made without the circulation privilegeis in its way a landmark in our national finance. There was, in the first place, very great and very natural curiosity as to what the result of such a sale would be. For a time there was even a question as to whether the required price of par could be obtained for such a loan. The prolonged depreciation in the market value of public securities-observed not only in the case of New York City's loans, but in the Government issues of all foreign States-seemed to make even that question doubtful. No one could estimate surely in advance what had been the exact market value of the circulation privilege. As the time for the sale drew near, the common estimate in the banking community was that the bonds would sell above par, but could not bring more on the average than 102. Last week the curb bid for the new bonds "when issued" went as high as $1031 / 4$, but held as a rule below 103. When the tenders for last Saturday's Government offer had been compiled, it was found that the
loan had been perhaps three times covered, and that the average price of the successful bids was 102.50 .

Now, this result left two interesting questions behind it-first, was this a satisfactory result, and, second, what did the result foreshadow as regards the market for the $\$ 240,000,000$ more in loans which are authorized for completion of the canal? That some disappointment has been felt at the relatively small oversubseription, and at the fact that the average price did not meet the maximum bid on the curb, must be admitted. But that, after all, was a consequence of exaggerated expectations on the eve of the bond sale. In the view of the banking community, Saturday's sale must be classed as highly satisfactory. The price secured is very substantially above the market rate of the 3\% loans of such important European States as France and Germany. It is higher than the present price of the British $21 / 2 \%$ consols would indicate, if reduced to the equivalent for a $3 \%$ loan. It is above the price at which the $3 \%$ Spanish War loan of 1898 was sold-although it is fair to say that the war loan promptly rose to a substantial premium on the market. But, what is most important, the Government bond sale has actually achieved by a considerable margin what some respectable economists a year or two ago had declared to be impossible.

The second question, what the results of this sale indicate for future Government loans, is more difficult to answer. It is impossible to ignore the fact that the price obtained for Saturday's Government 3\% offer was in some degree influenced by the opportunity offered for exchanging these new bonds, without the circulation privilege, for older United States issues which still enjoy that privilege. This does not apply to the 3 per cents of 1898 , because those bonds are now redeemable at the Government's option, and hence sell on the market at a lower price than the new 3 per cents command. But the Government's 4 per cents, which still remain outstanding and which do not mature until 1925, were found to offer a very profitable basis of exchange.

By selling these bonds at the market price and buying new 3 per cents at the subseription price, it was possible to exchange an investment with a net yield of $23 \%$ for an investment with a net yield of approximately $27 / 8 \%$. This inducement naturally appealed to institutions such as life insurance companies which hold large blocks of the old 4 per cents for pure investment purposes, and to other holders outside of national banks, such as use those bonds as a basis for circulation or for public deposits. It will thus be seen that to some extent even the new bond issue is affected by the circulation privilege conferred on the older Government issues.
It is probable, therefore, that although the new 3 per cents can not be used as a basis for circulation, their use for the purpose of transferring older Government bonds from the hands of outside investors to the hands of national banks may actually result in some increase, great or small, of note circulation based on Government bonds. Furthermore, this influence will in a degree continue so long as market values justify; for there are now outstanding in other quarters than the national banks no less than $\$ 92,000,000$ of the old 4 per centa. But of course each exchange of the sort reduces the supply available for similar operations in the future, and, furthermore, its tendency should be,
through readjustment of prices, to bring more close to an even basis the investment yield of the old and the new bonds.
This somewhat complicates the question as to the future market for our Government 3 per cents without the right for use as a basis for circulation. That question must, moreover, depend on the future course of the investment market itself, and that is something rather difficult to foresee. That there has been a distinct and encouraging improvement lately in the price of high-grade investment bonds, is known to every one. In addition, the Postal Savings Bank law, which has not yet really got into operation, may conceivably have its influence hereafter on the demand for new Government bonds. That, it mus be confessed, is a somewhat dubious reliance, the more so in that the Postal Savings law turned its attention rather more positively to the calling in of the old 3 per cents from banks and transferring them to the Postal Savings account than it did to the more important question of subscription to the new Government issues.

But on the other hand, it must be kept in mind that bond issues for the Panama Canal are not mandatory in the sense that the Government is bound to raise money for such purposes at sta ed dates. It is still possible, for considerable intervals of time, to provide for the financing of the Panama Canal through the Treasury's general fund; and up to a certain point there are distinct advantages in such a policy, since it averts the accumulation of that unwieldy Treasury surplus which was itself a troublesome influence on our money markets during the decade past. At all events, the Government may within reasonable limits choose its own time for continuing the experiment o public borrowings on bonds without the circulation privilege.

It is admitted that the circumstances of the present time were in many respects unusually favorable to a successful loan. Just how the price would be affected at another time, when bank reserves might be low, demand for capital in trade particularly active, and diversion of interest to speculation general, is a matter of conjecture. The one unquestionablefact in this future is that the haphazard increase of our banknote circulation, as a result of influences wholly unconnected with the requirements of trade, must sooner or later be brought to a halt and in this endeavor, Saturday's bond sale is the important initial step.

## FURTHËR LIGHT UPON THE ANTI-TRUST LAW.

The decision of the United States Circuit Court this week for the District of Delaware declaring the Du Pont Powder Co. (the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.), together with 27 other companies and individuals, guilty of maintaining a combination in restraint of inter-State commerce in powder and other explosives is not so much noteworthy on its own account as it is for the interpretation it puts upon the recent decisions of the U. S. Supreme Court in the cases of the Standard Oil Co, and the American Tobacco Co, The Circuit Court undertakes a direct application of the rules laid down in these cases. Not only that, but in its decree against the Powder Company it uses the
identical language employed by the Supreme Court in the Tobacco case.
The opinion is by Judge William M. Lanning (Judges George Gray of Wilmington and Joseph Buffington of Pittsburgh concurring), and after enjoining the defendants from continuing the combination, which is found illegal, and ordering its dissolution, fixes Oct. 16 next as the date for a hearing as to the nature of the final injunction to be granted and as to any plan for dissolving the combination which shall be submitted by the defendants or by the Government. The object of the hearing is stated to be to "ascertain and determine upon a plan or method for such dissolution which will not deprive the defendants of the opportunity to re-create out of the elements now composing said combination a new condition which shall be honestly in harmony with and not repugnant to the law." The similarity of the language here to that employed by the Supreme Court in the Tobacco case will be readily recognized.

Judge Lanning, after noting that, when the suit was begun by the Government in 1907, the Du Pont Company, organized in 1902, controlled in the United States from $64 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the trade in various kinds of powder, takes occasion to point out that. according to the interpretation put by the Supreme Court in the cases already referred to upon the Sherman Anti-Trust law, that statute does not condemn every combination "to prevent competition." What the statute does condemn is "every combination in restraint of trade or commerce among the several States," \&c. Judge Lanning takes the same view that we have expressed, that the decision in the Oil and Tobacco cases widens and extends the application of the Sherman law, instead of restricting it. He says the decisions referred to "make it quite clear that the language of the Anti-Trust Act is not to receive that literal construction which will impair, rather than enhance, freedom of inter-State commerce." He emphasizes the distinction between "restraint of competition" and "restraint of trade," adding: "As we read those decisions, restraint of inter-State trade and restraint of competition in inter-State trade are not interchangeable expressions. There may be under the Anti-Trust Act restraint of competition that does not amount to restraint of inter-State trade, just as before the passage of the Act there might have been restraint of competition that did not amount to a common law restraint of trade."

The distinction made between "restraint of trade" and "restraint of competition" is important, and would seem to be in consonance with the decisions in the Tobacco and Oil cases, though Chief Justice White, who wrote the opinions in both cases, nowhere uses these precise terms or expressions. Some such distinction was clearly necessary in view of the observation in the Tobacco case by Judge Lacombe in the lower Court to the effect that under the Anti-Trust law it would be illegal for an express driver on one side of a State boundary to join in partnership with an express driver on the other side of the boundary, because the necessary effect of suchaction would be to prevent the competition that might otherwise have existed between the two individuals. We remarked at the time that this was the reductio ad absurdum. The Supreme Court, as we have previously shown, refused to sanction any such conclusion, which would inevitably follow from a literal adherence to the language
of the statute, but said the law must be construed in the "light of reason" or "by the rule of reason."

We notice that President Taft in his talk this week before the Yale alumni, in praising the Supreme Court, expressed the belief that "those decisions have done and will continue to do great good to all the business of the country and that they have laid down a line of distinction which it is not difficult for honest and intelligent business men to follow. They have said that that statute applies to conspiracies and at attempts to restrain trade which are undue or unressonable because their intent and effect is partly, or wholly, to monopolize, to exclude or supress competition, and control prices, and not to combinations or associations in the normal development of business where there may be some incidental restraint that was not the object of the combination or the association. Therefo e, it becomes largely a question of fact and a question of conscience with the business community that they can well follow and make the standard of their future action."

We are not so firmly convinced in our own mind as the President is in his that the distinction here referred to is going to be as easy to make as he thinks it will be. At all events, by disregarding the strict language of the statute and applying instead "the rule of reason," with the idea of giving effect to the apparent purpose and intent of the law-maker, the possibilities of extending the scope of the law are multiplied many fold. It appears quite among the probabilities that under the so-called rule of reason many industrial combinations, beneficial in their operations, will be legally condemned when proceedings to that end shall be instituted against them. This was our belief before, and Judge Lanning's observations in the present powder case confirm us in this opinion, for he says: "It matters not whether the combination be in the form of a trade association or a corporation, if it arbitrarily uses its power to force weaker competitors out of business or to coerce them into a sale to, or union with, the combination, it puts a restraint upon inter-State commerce and monopolizes or attempts to monopolize a part of that commerce in a sense that violates the Anti-Trust Act."

Prompted by the Supreme Court's own cautious policy with regard to the Tobacco Company and the Standard Oil Company, care is taken not to do unnecessary injury to the Powder defendants in the attempt to give effect to the law. Judge Lanning says that "to stop the business of the combination immediately, might be attended with very disastrous consequences." He then adds: "The defendants, or some of them, for example, furnish military and ordnance powders to the United States Government. We understand, also, that they furnish explosives used in the construction of the Panama Canal. Their ability to continue so to do should not be destroyed before the expiration of a reasonable time for adjusting their business to the changed conditions." It is for this reason that October 16 has been fixed as a date for considering plans intended to prohibit further violations of the law and yet allow the business in its essential features to be continued. Obviously, the task in all these cases is not going to be an easy one, and the effort of the lower Court to give effect to the ruling of the Supreme Court will be watched with no little concern.

PROPOSED PENALIZATION OF UNOCCUPIED LAND.
Somewhere in the legislative mill in Albany is a proposit on for a change in real estate taxation so that at the end of five years the rate of tax upon land alone shall be twice that on buildings or improvements. No man has foresight enough to infallibly determine exactly the results of such a tax scheme; yet some considerations relating to equities and probable effects can be suggested in advance.

Whether the difference in rate were produced by progressively raising the tax on land or by lowering that on buildings, or by both, it plainly could be of no concern (at least no immediate concern) to either owner or user how the proportion of tax is adjusted between land and buildings on it; so long as a fixed amount is exacted of both, they stand as one piece of property. The effect upon unoccupied land, especially in the suburbs and the outlying portions of the city, is most problematical, and would be most severe. These outlying portions are built up with detached frame houses, having usually a driveway and a stable or garage, or room for one, and always with extra land for a lawn or a more unpretentious yard. The owners are persons of moderate means, who went out thither not only because they could get a dwelling and land to place it on for less money than within the dense city, but because they could include the vacant land for their own personal quiet and for the children's sake. To obtain this, they have submitted to some inconveniences of transportation and otherwise, besides assessments for improvements and a rising scale of tax, which does notalways seem quite just, and has been a sensibly-felt burden added to the maintenance of growing children. This has been a movement in good faith on part of these persons, entered into in a sort of tacit understanding that conditions would remain about as stable as they can ever be around a great city. Without enlarging upon the point, it is fair to raise the question whether these house-owners have not acquired a vested right in the moral sense; whether it is just to visit upon them a change whose tendency would be to deprive them of this land, not unused, though not built over, for which they planned at first and have since been paying.

Another class of persons also have right to consideration; those who have been buying lots in the last few years. Some have bought for their own occupancy and are living on their purchase, accompanied with the thought of the mortgage they must bend their backs to lift off; some have bought for investment, and in every instance an inducement held out to buyers has been the prospect of rise in values. Purchase for either motive is clearly legitimate, and in every instance the city and State have tacitly come into the transaction as partner, by assent to the understanding that in general things shall be kept about as they are. Is it not true that all these people have aequired rights upon moral, social and economic grounds?

It should be noted, also, that all owners of city houses with more than the usual backyard about them are inevitably subject to a gradual pressure by increased values. In the "Heights" section of Brooklyn there used to be a little private park consisting of several uncovered lots, close to the overlook across the East River; this tiny park has yielded to pressure, and
is partly covered. Clinton and Washington avenues, formerly notable for their distinctive beauty, have gradually become cut up, and the "villa" style has shifted to such streets as St. Mark's Avenue, where already the load on the land makes its beauty too costly for any but wealthy men. Whole blocks of what was once the business part of Fulton Street in Brooklyn have been destroyed, as to increment and values, by the shifting incident to bridges. However severe upon individuals, these changes are unavoidable; the public cannot warrant protection to the citizens from them, but is there not reason, in justice as well as in expediency, against changes which are not necessary?

The intention plainly is to promote closer settlement by making bare land too costly to hold. But such a penalizing is not entirely sure to make for the intended result; it might hit the home-builder and small accumulator harder than the rich man or the land speculator, though aimed at the latter. The natural effect upon the purchase of outlying lots, either for immediate use or for holding, would be deterrent. Is it wise to thrust such a factor into the problems of value and of distribution of population? This whole problem of city values was never more difficult to foresee, even to the best judges, and the subway situation intensifies the difficulty.

We are proposing subways to get people outward; this proposition would menace one of the prime inducements which have been strong enough to move them outward, even with the old methods of transportation. Concede the intrinsic excellence of the desire to unpack congested sections by a movement outward; whatever tends to deprive the home of its bit of land, tends to transfer congestion without relieving it. And if the question be asked, how shall the crowded city dweller get his share of space in turn? the answer must lie in the expansion of the area available to those who work within the packed city; this depends upon transportation, and modern methods of carrying are expected to solve it.

After all else is said, it is clear that this proposition is not one of revenue-of present revenue, at least. It grows out of the doctrine that "unearned increment" is a public robbery. It is not a step proposed towards a more complete and rational solution of the problem of taxation. It is one more suggested application of the tax power to promote some social changes. We may well hesitate before straying off into such experiments just now.

## THE ECONOMIC RESULTS OF COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

"Happy is the man who knows the causes of things." Felix qui rerum potuil cognoscere causas is an old Latin maxim that has lost none of its point or its pith. We have frequently called attention to the schools for advanced commercial education which have been opened in Europe, of which those in France were among the earliest. That they aro not mere incidental facts, but are the expression of a widespread intelligent purpose, amounting to a permanent movement, in the minds of the leading European business communities, recognized and fostered by the various governments, has for some time been apparent. And, what is more important, that they have exerted a wide influence in stimulating all forms of industrial and agricultural,
no less than strictly commercial, education begins now to be evident.

Though Germany had thirty years' start, it is about the same length of time since the first advanced schools of commerce were opened in Paris. The "Commercial Institute" is devoted largely to the preparation of young men for foreign trade, and the "School of Higher Commercial Studies," in its splendid buildings on the Boulevard Malesherbes, chiefly to the training of the sons of merchants. The Franco-Prussian War had not long passed and France was still in the throes of establishing the republic; while the enormous cost of the war, coupled with the 5,000 million francs paid as indemnity to Germany, was supposed to constitute a financial load under which the country would long stagger, if ever she should recover.
In the commercial and industrial condition of France to-day we can estimate the value and efficiency of the forces which have been at work. Much is to be said about the stimulating power of republican institutions, and Americans may well be the first to recognize that in view of the shortness of the time it has existed, the French Republic is the most remarkable the world has ever seen, but the rapid development of France in the last few years and her present great prosperity must be accounted for only as the result of very definite, thoroughgoing and permanent causes.

Fortunately facts are abundantly in evidence. Prof. Bracq's recent work, "France Under the Republic," presents many which serve our purpose.

To begin at the remotest point, coincident with the opening of the commercial schools (which, by the way, quickly spread from Paris to the other chief cities) and inspired by the same impulse, schools of agriculture, especially in its higher and scientific aspects, were opened. As a result, though the population of France has for some time shown little or no advance, an ever larger class turns to agriculture, so that the number of small land owners increases. Meanwhile agricultural production has increased enormously. Elaborate statistics might be given in support of this statement, but we have space only for a few typical illustrations. Since 1873 beet-root sugar has developed from 349,360 tons to 948,671 . The vineyards in 1871, extending over $6,397,000$ hectares, occupied $6,516,000$ in 1905, and the yield went up from 83,000 ,000 hectolitres to $118,000,000$, with the practical stamping out of the phylloxera. Improved agricultural machinery is coming in on an unprecedented scale with the agricultural chemist and proper fertilzers. Gredit for all this is largely given to the new education. Every one of the eighty-six departments has an experimental agricultural station. There are innumerable public laboratories of many kinds, and schools for viticulture, irrigation, draining, cheesemaking, vegetal pathology, \&c., with advanced schools culminating in the National Agronomic Institute of Paris; while the Government has established a special decoration known as the merite agricole.

Industrially the advance is even more marked. Scientific methods have been introduced which are making available $9,000,000$ horse power of water falls in the mountains that was unused. From 1870 to 1905 the production of coal increased from $13,000,000$ tons to $38,000,000$; the production of pig iron, $217 \%$; of iron and steel, $200 \%$, and the extraction of iron ore, $399 \%$. In 15 years, from 1891 to 1906, the number
of steam engines rose from 26,000 with 316,000 horse power to 79,000 with $2,232,000$ horse power. The horse power used in textile industry increased in 12 years, $1890-1902$, from 173,000 to 434,529 . The high character of French industrial production is known to all.

The connection between all this and the schools is close. The National Conservatory of Arts and Crafts, an experimental laboratory and a museum, has been made a great school of technology, with a budget of nearly a million and a half of francs. The Central School of Arts \& Manufactures, preparing engineers for all forms of industry, as well as for public works, expends three-quarters of a million annually. Four national schools of arts and crafts followed, in Aix, Angers, Chalons and Lille, expending 1,838,290 franes; and a fifth school of the same kind has recently been opened in Paris.

The purpose of these institutions is to train overseers and employers, improving their methods and enlarging the scope of their industries. Besides these, there are very many industrial and technical schools of all kinds for workmen. There are also 26 special "Schools of Commerce and Industry," for teaching the best methods of marketing the industrial products.

But when we come to the direct development of French commerce and general business, the most significant facts appear. Only in comparatively recent times has France paid any attention to her colonies. The capital invested in French colonies under the Empire was insignificant-it is now estimated at $4,000,000,000$ francs; and the colonial trade, which in 1870 was so unimportant as not to be noted in "The Statesman's Year Book," is now $1,400,000,000$ francs annually. A recent observer, Mr. J. F. J. Archibald, has said: "Not until I visited the French colonies of Northern Africa did I find what I considered a most perfect form of colonization, and I now firmly believe that the French people and the French Government are to-day the most practical colonizers of the civilized world." The increase of trade in France herself is no less marked. The general tonnage of French ports has quadrupled since 1866, and in 16 years the tonnage on her canal and inland waterways has increased $42 \%$. The commerce of the country has grown more than $5,000,000,000$ francs annually since 1869 (though Alsace and Lorraine were included at that time); from 1875 to 1907 it rose from $7,500,000,000$ to $11,819,000$,000. The business of the Bank of France, which in 1871 was $68,814,000,000$, in 1908 rose to $236,975,000$,000. During the last days of the Empire, French investments abroad were estimated at $12,000,000,000$ francs; they are put at $37,000,000,000$ now. The wealth of the country in securities of all kinds was $25,000,000,000$ franes in 1880 ; it rose in 1906 to 135 ,$000,000,000$.
It is true that France does not stand alone among the nations in her development. Progress has been general the world over. But in the case of other leading countries it has followed in no small measure from a growth of population. This has operated on the one hand to increase productive capacity, and on the other hand to add to consumptive wants, thereby creating a field for the enlarged production. In these circumstances the growth which stands to the credit of France would not excite comment except that the French people have not had the advantage of a large
growth of population, numbers in that country having remained practically stationary. That such marked development should have occurred notwithstanding the absence of that stimulating agency furnishes the strongest evidence of what scientific methods and a sound educational system can do for a country.
The important fact to be noted is that the progress of France, great in itself, whatever it may be in comparison with others, is not due to accidental or transitory causes, but among other things, directly and perhaps chiefly to the development of schools of commercial and other special training intended primarily for her leaders of business and of industry.
One of the lessons the French took to heart after the war with Germany was that it "was the school-teacher who won at Sedan"; and this in a truer and deeper sense than Wellington's saying that Waterloo was won by Eton. To-day in turn France is teaching that definite, well-directed education is as necessary in the world of business as it is in the world of thought. And traditional education will not do; it must be the education that fits a man for the work he has to do in life when that work is viewed in its largest relations. It must be the education of the scholar, that is, the man who knows how to learn and has been taught how much there is to be learned even in the particular line in which he is engaged.
Our great business men, who are proud of America's position in the commercial world, which they have done so much to win, can do no better than to see that their sons and the young men who are to be their successors are provided with schools which will open to them the very best form of education, that will fit them for their tasks, or that the institutions of higher learning which are now seeking their support will recognize the new conditions and adjust their curriculums to meet them. For the joy of life as well as for its fair success, a traditional education must give place to something more modern.

## the need of Checking fire waste,

The fire loss through the country in the month of May, according to the figures compiled by the "Journal of Commerce", was a little less than in January and 10 millions less than in March, but considerably more than in any of the first five months of the year since 1908, except in January of 1909. The total for the five months ending with May is about 109 millions, against 86 millions in 1910 and $891 / 4$ millions in 1909. The largest fire in the past month was at Coney Island, destroying considerable property, on which there was a light insurance.
Comparisons of one month against another and against the same month in other years are less significant than the broader comparisons which show that the waste is steadily incrensing. The statistics offered at the last annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, a few weeks ago, showed that the property loss in 1910 was 25 millions beyond 1909, and the per capita loss was $\$ 2$ 33, against $\$ 214$ in 1909. By figures not fully complete, as they come from a varying number of cities reporting, it appears that the per capita loss in Europe in 1910 ranged from 92 cents in France down to 19 cents in Germany. The financial result to the insurance companies continues somewhat unfavorable, for the

Board President's annual address announced an underwriting profit of 4.89 per cent on premiums in 1910, but for the last decade a loss of about $231 / 4$ millions, or 1.01 per cent on premiums. This means a net loss on underwriting operations solely, and the manner of ascertaining it has been explained by us in the past.
The encouraging side is that at last there is a general and steadily increasing realization of the seriousness of the subject and of the fundamental fact that fire waste, not the underwriters, are the cause of the confessedly heavy burden of insurance rates. The rates must measurably conform to the hazard, or the insurance fails with the companies; to attempt coercing the companies by statute is like pounding the thermometer and barometer because the weather is not satisfactory. This seems too elementary to need statement; and yet, all the country over, legislatures have been for many years passing laws, in obedience to public clamor, to prevent companies from combining (as it is mistakenly imagined they do) for the purpose, and with the result, of keeping rates high. Very slowly, yet without any exposure to a backward slip in the process, we are understanding the case better and beginning to deal with it more rationally. Insurance commissioners in several States are issuing monthly bulletins which discourse upon waste and prevention. Fire marshall laws are becoming general, and the powers of those officers are made more stringent; in Ohio, for instance, and also in Illinois, reeent amplifications of their powers promise good results, and in this rather tardy State a bill for the purpose has lately become law.
Active educational work is also going on. Of a certain address on the subject 11,000 copies have been distributed. A model fire marshall law has been drafted and 13 States gave it consideration in their last sessions. The National Fire Prevention Association, which held its 15 th annual convention lately, is more zealously at work than ever. It aims high, declaring that "we prescribe real buildings of fireproof construction, not shells with unprotected vertical and horizontal openings; real fire windows, not merely things of glass and metal; real fire doors," and so on. One of the most encouraging signs is that the Rochester Chamber of Commerce has set an example to commercial bodics elsewhere by issuing, under its own official imprint, a booklet, arranged by topics, upon fire waste and fire prevention. Also the difficult subject of a better building code is in course of threshing out, in this city and elsewhere.
A change in the attitude of the Associated Credit Men of the country towards this subject is also encouraging. That organization has for several years maintained a committee upon insurance and has discussed the bearing of insurance upon credit, at its annual conventions. But its committee formerly seemed chiefly impressed with the importance of inducing mercantile debtors to carry a sufficient quantity of insurance; gradually these men are coming to realize that quality is of at least equal importance with quantity, and now the Association has openly ranged itself with fire prevention. At their recent annual convention, the committee report declared that, no matter from what angle insurance problems are approached the conclusion is inevitable that "of prime importance is the question of the country's
excessive fire waste, compared with which related problems are only of incidental importance."
The report reaffirmed the close relationship with the National Fire Prevention Association, from which great benefit has already come. It cited the efforts already made to show local credit associations that, for the sake of local mercantile advantage, they ought to welcome and act upon, rather than resent or averslough, the criticisms of underwriting engincers upon the physical conditions of their respective cities as to fire risk. The report makes the suggestive declaration that "there is no association of credit men in the land but can get action from city authorities on any reasonable demand for better protection." The position of the committee was sustained at all points by the convention.

Replacement of existing buildings by those of slower-burning material and design is necessarily a gradual process, but improvement of existing buildings need not wait for the process of replacement. It a recent meeting, Mr. Walter L. Fisher, the new Secretary of the Interior, forcibly remarked that if a tax of \$251 per annum upon every man, woman and child in the country were proposed, there would probably be a protest, even though the proceeds were for some recognized good purpose; yet this tax through waste goes on and is little realized, because assessed indirectly. The movement for a new line of "conservation" by which every person may gain is proceeding, and its milestones are so definite that they are at last clear. They form one matter for encouragement among our many troubles.

## THE FALL RIVER CELEBRATION.

Fall River, Mass., brings to a close to-night an extensive and elaborate celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the erection of the first cotton mill at that point, now and for some years past the premier cotton-manufacturing centre of the country. Many of the features of the celebration were of a carnival nature, the week opening with the coronation of a queen and followed by a land parade and closing with a water carnival and an aviation exhibition. The Federal Government has been represented by a fleet of war vessels, and yesterday President Taft honored the occasion with his presence.
Not the least important feature of this cotton centennial has been the manufacturers' exposition at the State Armory and at the Durfee Textile School. The exhibits there have included not only the old styles of textile-manufacturing machinery placed side by side with the ponderous and perfected machines of the present time, but a very complete showing of the many descriptions of goods the mills produce. Furthermore, in the Textile School actual manufacturing in all its various processes has been shown.
The exposition was not confined entirely to American goods nor to textile fabrics. On the contrary, there were exhibits of fabrics from leading centres in England, France, Germany, Switzerland, Belgium, Scotland and Ireland, and the American hat and other trades were represented. In connection with the celebration, the Fall River Trade and Industry Association issued a handsome and profusely illustrated volume of nearly 200 pages, outlining the development of the city and its cotton-manufacturing industry. During the continuance of the event there has been a
quite general closing of the mills, most of those not entirely idle having been on short time.
The mill, the starting of which one hundred years ago by Col. Joseph Durfee, is the occasion for the present celebration, was located, it is said, on land now occupied by the Laurel Lake Mills, and moreover, the original building is supposed to be still standing. The equipment consisted of about 500 spindles and no looms, the yarn being woven into cloth on hand looms by the farmers' wives. Two years later two other mills were built, the Troy Cotton \& Woolen Manufacturing Co, and the Fall River Manufacturing Co., between them equipped with about 3,500 spindles. While development of the cotton manufacturing industry of Fall River may be said to have made more or less progress prior to the Civil War, it is only since that time, and concurrent with the much more extensive planting of the staple, that expansion has been rapid. In 1865 the number of spindles operated there was 265,328 ; within five years the total had doubled, and in 1875 was $1,269,048$. Twenty years later (in 1895) the aggregate had risen to $2,833,691$, notwithstanding the large development of the industry elsewhere, and especially at the South. During the following six years only a comparatively moderate expansion occurred, the spindles numbering $3,054,803$ in 1901.

The last decade, however, has witnessed unusual progress, as at the present time there are in Fall River 45 corporations, owning and operating 111 cotton mills, the equipment of which consists of $3,936,944$ spindles and 93,904 looms, the whole representing an investment of $\$ 32,960,000$. That amount, though, does not cover by many millions the actual value of the plants. Consumption of cotton, which in 1890 reached about 250,000 bales, was reported at 446,100 bales in 1910, a gain of nearly $80 \%$ in a period of twenty years. Coincidently with the rapid growth of cotton manufacturing, the population of Fall River has made large increases, for while from 1810 to 1865 the advance was only from 1,296 to 17,525 , since the latter date there has been an augmentation to over 120,000 .
ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, BANKERS AND TRUST CO'S.
-The public sales of bank stocks this week aggregate 1,396 shares, of which 1,371 shares were sold at the Stock Exchange and 25 shares at auction. The transactions in trust company stocks, all auction sales, reach a total of 125 shares. Rumors that the National City Bank would declare a special $40 \%$ dividend caused active dealing in the bank's stock. The price of the stock advanced from 420 at the opening to 460 and closed at $4571 / 2$, the sales amounting to 739 shares. National Bank of Commerce stock was also active, the transactions aggregating 546 shares, while the price rose from $2151 / 2$ to 221 ex-dividend and closed at 220.


## - Sold at auction. $x$ Ex-dividend.

-The Underwood Bill, reducing the tariff on raw wool, was passed by the House of Reprosentatives on the 20th inst, by a vote of 221 to 100. The bill as passed is in substantially the form approved by the Democratic caucus of the House on the 1st inst. The votes in its favor were made up of 194 Democrats, 26 Republicans and 1 Socialist, while those registered against it consisted of 99 Republicans and 1 Democrat. An impression had gained ground that no
action upon the measure was likely by the Benate at the present Special Session, but the Republican insurgents in that body have combined with the Democrats to force it up for consideration. These members on Wednesday succeeded in passing a motion offered by Senator Gore, instructing the Finance Committee of the Senate to report the Wool Bill not later than July 10. The motion carried by a vote of 39 to 18 , the votes in its favor being cast by 23 Demoorats and 16 Republicans-all but two of the latter being "insurgentsil to the Senate at once, and accordingly the Wool Bill, together with the so-called Farmers' Free List Bill, which passed the House on May 8, was reported, to the Senate on that day. An adverse report in each instance was made by the Committee. The Wool Bill places a duty of $20 \%$ ad valorem on raw woll imports, as against an average duly of a little over $44 \%$ ad valorem under the present law. On partly manufactured wool and on products manufactured in whole or in part from wool the average duly under the proposed law, it is stated, would be about $42.5 \%$ ad valorem, as compared with the present ad valorem duly of more than $90 \%$. It has been estimated by the Ways and Means Committee that the bill would reduce the revenue under the woolen schedules of the tariff by a littlo more than $\$ 1,000,000$.
-In an opinion bearing on the Federal Corporation Tax Law, Commissioner of Internal Revenue Royal E. Cabell has decided that increased valuation of assets entered on the books of corporations are to be included in gross income in the returns of annual net income. In his finding in the matter he says:

## Oftlec of Comminurioner of Intenal Reveni

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 arby youlia aboinenisililliocurred and beling so emtered and carrted on yourr boolst an to thow that the valuo of your rasets was greater by tuls moount at the clase of the yeur, thana at the begtinuntus, this necrease must be accounted tor as theome.

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tectlve.
Securities which deprectate in value may be treated in the same way. If the securittes have aetaally depreclated in value and there is record evidence on the books of the corporation of such deprectation, the amount thereof may be dedueted from the groas tnoome, If no gueh entrios are made. and the securittes are sold at a loss, the loss may be prorated and the amount opportioned to the year in which they were sold and to the preceding yeary aubsequent to Jan. 11000 may be deducted.
In any ovent, this office will thalst that in so far as they are conslatent with the Imitations of the Inw, book entries constltute the data for the preparation of the returns for the purpose of spectal exclse tax.
it is therefore held thint the Item of $\$ 32,34601$ above referred to shoutd be Ineluded in your return and to that extent facrease your net income and tax llability for the year 1010.

Respoctfully,
ROXAL E. CABELL, Commissioner.
Baltumore. Md.
Commissioner Cabell has also made a promulgation to the effect that an extension of time beyond the thirty days from March 1 which collectors may allow for the filing of returns, will not be granted where the application for such extension is not made on or before March 31.
-Postmaster-General Hitchcock named 100 additional postal savings depositories this week, increasing the number to 800 . A statement with regard to the showing on May 31 of the 48 original offices opened in January records deposits of $\$ 328,231$, against $\$ 26 \$, 442$ on April 30. The deposits in the 45 offices opened on May 1 amounted on May 31 to $\$ 66,700$, making a total for the 93 offices of $\$ 394,931$. No figures for the additional offices which have been named are as yet available; out of the whole 800 a large number was opened subsequent to May 1. Many, indeed, have not got started yet and will not begin operations until July.
-Comptroller of the Currency Lawrence O. Murray has sought the co-operation of the State Banking Departments
at the forthcoming distrist meetings of the national bank examiners. He has invited the Bank Superintendents of the various States to name one examiner in each State to prepare a paper to be read at the meetings. It is announced from Chicago that acceptances have been received from the Superintendents of all the States in that district, embracing Michigan, northern Indiana, northern Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska, and the meeting will also be attended by the Clearing-House examiners of Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis and St. Paul. The State departments elsewhere, it is understood, have likewise indicated their intention to be represented at the gatherings of the other districts. In the case of the New York district, a paper will be read by State Bank Examiner Joseph A. Broderick.
-Charles S. Millington, who was uppointed last month as Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, to succeed the late George S. Terry, assumed charge at the Sub-Treasury on the 15 th inst. With his arrival the task of counting the cash, amounting in the neighborhood to $\$ 145,000,000$, was begun, eleven clerks from Washington being delegated to assist in the work, which it is expeoted will extend over a month.
-It is announced that the Mint at New Orleans after July 1 will be discontinued. It is to be conducted in the future merely as an assay office and a storage place for silver dollars.
-The plan for the creation of a central checking office in New York City, to serve as a clearing house for all cotton bills of lading against which drafts are drawn on foreign bankers, was the subject of a conference in this city on Monday and Tuesday of this week. The meeting was held at the instance of the sub-committee of the Bill of Lading Committee of the American Bankers' Association, and grew out of the opposition to the suggested arrangement which developed among banking interests in the cotton States. Those present at the conferenco were in the main bankers from these Southern and Southwestern States, and evidence that their views have been given recognition is disclosed in the statement issued at the close of this week's deliberations, announcing that it had been "concluded that the method carried with it certain vague responsibilities which are likely to lead to litigation and contention in the future, and that these elements of doubt must be cleared up by the Liverpool committee to the entire satisfaction of the American committee before it can be considered." It was agreed, however, that greater safeguards should be required of transportation companies in the issuance of negotiable bills of lading for merchandise of all kinds, and approval was expressed of the methods for safeguarding their issuance proposed in the agreement of the railroads. The committee further indicated its readiness to assist and co-operate in the passage and enforcement of Federal and State laws and railway commission regulations which would lead to greater safety in the handling of negotiable documents.

The plan for the establishment of a central checking office was suggested by the Liverpool Bill of Lading Conference Committee, and a resolution approving the proposal was adopted at a meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce in this city on April 12, attended by representatives of the Southeastern and Southwestern cotton-carrying railroads, the Liverpool Bill of Lading Cotton Conference and the sub-committee of the Bill of Lading Committee of the American Bankers' Association. At the convention of the Louisiana Bankers' Association in May a protest was entered against the action of the sub-committee of the American Bankers' Association in approving the formation of a central office in New York, and it was urged that a committee from bankers in the larger cotton cities of the South be heard before carrying the movement into effect. Sol. Wexler, Vice-President of the Whitney-Central National Bank of New Orleans, one of those present at this week's conference, has taken occasion to explain the attitude of the Southern bankers, as follows:
Wo are opposed to the contrat-otflee of clearing-house plan on several grounds. In tho hras place, if axes upon the Southern bankers certain vasue responsibilites whitch we do not think we should be compolled to accept. In tie next place.
problom oreston has been greatly exaggerated and, In my optiton, the
This Southern Cotton growers have been placed ta a wrong Heht by the promlnence sfiven tho Knleht-Yancey and Stecle-Miller fallures. In these two nence sit whs not the faut of the Southero bankers that so many loses were
ease recorded throughout England and tits country as a result of the disclosures In these fallures, for had the credit of these two firms been fnvestigated in the South it would have been found that not one cent had been advanced to these hrms by the bankers in the South.

We are co-operating with the rallroads to bring about better methods in the tssuance of cotton bills of lading, and a lready gratifying results have been accompilshed. We are still working with the representatives of the Southern roads to perfect even the present systems employed and we the to get Congress to pass certain leglstation, such as the Stevens bill, we hope the responsibility for fraudulent bllls may be placed where it belonger where is the only way tin which the destred results can be brought about. The plan to form a clearlng house for cotton bills and not for other bills is absurd on lts face.
-In its "Journal" for June the Ameriean Bankers' Association reports the enactment of the uniform bills of lading Act in the following States: Iowa, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and New York. Last year, it is noted, the Act was passed by the legislatures of Maryland and Massachusetts, thus making eight States in which it has become a law.
-Under a bill signed by Gov. Dix on the 20 th inst. it is provided that upon the failure to pay safe deposit rental within thirty days after notice, the contents shall be inventoried and sealed by a notary public and transferred to a general box, to remuin for two years unless removed earlier by the owner. At the expiration of the two-year period the safe deposit company is given the right to dispose of the same.
-A plan to divide New York State into examination districts is being considered by State Superintendent of Banks George C. Van Tuyl.Jr. Mr. Van Tuyl is of the opinion that such an arrangement would serve to increase the value and efficiency of the State bank examinations. The plan which is proposed is to divide the State into four examination dis-tricts-the Western District, with headquarters at Buffalo, to include banking institutions of western New York; a Central District, with headquarters at Syracuse; an Eastern District at Albany, and a Southern District, in charge of the Chief Examiner, with headquarters in the office of the State Banking Department at New York City. Each of the upState districts is to be in charge of an examiner of experience and ability, who will be expected to cover the examination work of the banks in his immediate vicinity through examiners to be assigned by the Banking Department. A general supervision of each of the districts will be maintained by the Chief Examiner. It is the purpose to shift the examiners from place to place, the only permanent reprosentatives being the examiners in charge of the districts, although, it is stated, none of these will be located in any district permanently if the conditions seem to warrant an occasional change
-A resolution calling upon the State Superintendent of Banks to investigate the circumstances and conditions under which State banks and trust companies have joined the New York Clearing-Houso Association was adopted by the Senate on Thursday. A report in the matter from the Superintendent is asked for not later than the 27th inst. The resolution in full, introduced by Senator Grady, is as follows:
Reootred, That the State Superlntendent of Banks be, and hereby is, dreeted to Investigate and report to the Senate not later than June 271911 the circumstances and condittons under whfeh State banks and trust companfes in the City of New York havo Jolned or placed themselves under the
rules and regulations of the New York Clearing-House Assoclatlon and elso rules and regulations of the New York Clearlng-House Assoclatlon, and also Whether such rutes and regulatlons affect, and in what partleutar, any of the laws of the State of New York In their applicatlon to any of the insti-
-The Metropolitan Trust Co. of this city was admitted to membership in the New York Clearing-House Association on Monday. Its checks and drafts will be made payable through the Clearing House beginning Monday next. The institution is the seventeenth trust company to become a member of the Association, and its Clearing-House number is 117 .
An amendment to the constitution of the Clearing House, adopted on the 19th inst., stipulates that "every institution redeeming through a member of this Association shall keep a cash and deposit reserve equal to the minimum percentage required of members of the Association."
The Clearing House also announces a ruling made by its Clearing-House committee on the 12 th inst,, as follows:
flegoterd. That the reserve of State banks and trust companles shall be based on the fegal net depostty as provided by the law at the date of the
adoption of th amendments to the Crearlng-1Iouse constitution May 9 1911,

Still another ruling, respecting collection charges was adopted on the 12 th inst, by the Clearing House. This is made known in the following communication whioh the Association has issued:

NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE, 77-83 CEDAR STREET.
Dear Sir:-The following ruling of the Clearing-House Committeo on a question relating to collection charges, adopted thla day, Is forwarded for your Information:
Would the
Ing House respeoting sharger on out-of-town Items, If It purchased from a
frm not a oustomer of the bantr thefr note payable in St. Pant, at a given rate, and made no charge for exchange at the time the noto was forwarded
for collectlon?" for collectlon?
Cullng of the Clearing-House Commituee: "The Clearing-House rutes contemplate the charging of collecton rates on all out-of-town Items from
whatever source derived. Thls ruling the mater whatever source derived. This ruling is made comprehenslye in order to
meet Ingenlous cases for evaslon. In the case of boupht paper meet ingenfous cases for evaslon. In the case of bought paper the broker
should allow the charge as a part of the purche showed, the flood of eases woutd practioally nullify the rules:"
low

## WILLIAM SHERER,

 By order.Chatrman ClehiAM A. NASH.
-The payment of interest at the rate of $31 / 2 \%$ is continued in the July declarations of the following banks, which heretofore reduced their dividends to that figure: Bank for Savings, the Bowery Savings Bank, the Union Square Savings Bank and the Union Dime Savings Bank.
State Superintendent George C. Van Tuyl Jr. on Thursday announced it as his intention to proceed with the assessment of the stockholders of the failed Union Bank of Brooklyn Borough as rapidly as possible. Assemblyman Louis Goldstein, who introduced a resolution calling for a Legislative investigation into the affairs of the institution, has been appointed by Govenor Dix as Special Counsel to the State Banking Department in the probe which it is proposed to make into the bank. The inquiry is to be conducted, it is understood under the authority of Governor Dix, and as a consequence no action has been taken by the Legislature on Mr. Goldstein's resolution. Assistant District Attorney Mitchell May has also been named by District Attorney Clarke to co-operate with Mr. Goldstein in his investigation. Nothing has been paid to the depositors of the institution since its failure in April 1910. According to a statement printed in the "Tribune" this week and attributed to Edward L. Dodge, the Deputy in charge of the liquidation of the bank, it owed at the time of its suspension between $\$ 2,000,000$ and $\$ 3,000,000$ to other banks and trust companics from which it had borrowed. Of these debts, he stated, about $\$ 2,000,000$ have been paid, leaving a little less than $\$ 400,000$ still to be paid.
-The Alter bill, requiring all private bankers in Penusylvania to secure a license from a board consisting of the State Treasurer, Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Banking Commissioner, was signed by Gov. Tener on the 19th inst.
-An amendment to the rules of the Chicago Board of Trade, which is intended to prevent "corners" and manipulation, was adopted by the members on the 16 th inst. by a vote of 348 to 191. Under the new regulations it is provided that in the event of defaults on future contracts a committee shall be named to determine as nearly as possible the true commercial value of the commodity on the day of maturity of the contract as the basis upon which settlement is to be made, and it is stipulated that a penalty of not less than $5 \%$ and not more than $10 \%$ shall be imposed upon the defaulter. According to the Chicago "Tribune," under the rules heretofore in foree, the average price of any given future contract was taken as the settling price for the day. We give herewith the text of the new rule:
In case any property contracted for future dellvery fa not dellvered at maturity of contract, the President shall appolnt a committec of three from the mombership at large, to be approved by the board of directors, whtom committee shall determine as nearly as possible the true commerclal vatue of the commodity in question on the day of maturity of the contraet, and the prlce so establishod shall be the basls upon which settlement la made. As ifquidated damage, the seller shall pay to the purehaser not fess tham $5 \%$, nor more than $10 \%$, of the value of the commodity as established by the committee: the percentage, within sald IImits, to be such as, In the judgment of the committec. may be just and equiteable
Settlement shall be made without delay, and the damare, an determined under the provisions of this seetion, shall be due and payable Immedfately upon the findturs of the committee.
This seotion shall aot bo construed as applytug to any partica having the
property both bought and sold, in all of whteh eased seftement shall property both bought and sold, in all of which eases settlement shall to made on the basis of prices estabilshed by the contracts in such lastances.
-The eighteenth annual convention of the New York State Bankers' Association, held at Manhattan Beach on Thursday and Friday of the current week, attracted one of the largest gatherings of financiers in its history. Bankers and their families from all parts of the State and from neighboring States, as well as Now York City bankers, attended in large numbers. The feature of the first day's proceedings was an address by Joseph T. Talbert, VicePresident of the National City Bank, New York, whose paper, "Progress in Banking," made a favorable impression, On Friday Willian C. Poillon, President of the Mercantile Trust Co., New York, made one of the addresses of the day on "The Proposed Participation of Trust Companies in the National Reserve Association," and furnished $a$ succinct account of what has been accomplished in that direction. John Harsen Rhoades of Rhoades \& Co. discussed the Aldrich plan as related to mutual savings banks, as noted further
below. The ladies enjoyed an automobile trip Thursday morning, and in the afternoon "Bud" Mars made three spectacular flights in his aeroplane, flying with perfect ease out to sea until the airship was almost invisible, and another time circling the hotel and performing many graceful movements, showing absolute mastery of the air. Following this the bankers and their guests spent the remainder of the afternoon seeing the sights of Luna Park. In the evening the attendance was further increased by a big representation of New York City bankers who came down to Manhattan Beach for the banquet at the Oriental Hotel. It was the first time the President of the United States attended a dinner of a State bankers' association, and when it came his turn to speak President Taft received a great greeting. His address was devoted entirely to an exposition of the Aldrich currency reform plan, which received his hearty endorsement. The speech of Martin W. Littleton met with instant applause, and the remarks of Charies F. Moore also pleased the diners. Rt. Rev. Mgr. Edward W. McCarthy was another speaker. A pleasant feature at the banquet was the presence of the bankers' wives. Pretty sterling silver smell-ing-salts bottles were given as souvenirs to the ladies and sterling silver pocket knives to the men. Friday afternoon the delegates and their guests sailed around Manhattan Island, and in the evening enjoyed the illuminations, fireworks and music arranged for them at the Manhattan Beach Hotel grounds. A dance at the Oriental Hotel last night concluded the social program. W. A. Bennett, Vice-President of the American Exchange Bank, was elected President of the Association for the ensuing year; C. A. Pugsley, Vice-President, and E. L. Milmine, Treasurer

- At the eonvention of the New York Bankers' Association just closed, "The Aldrich Plan as Related to the Mutual Savings Bank" was given able treatment by John Harsen Rhoades, of the banking firm of Rhoades \& Co. Mr. Rhoades contended that if there is one institution which should lend its enthusiastic assistance and support to the cause of banking reform it is the mutual savings bank. Dealing with the question as to whether or not the mutual savings bank, a non-stock and non-commercial corporation, shall become a member of the proposed National Reserve Association, and secure its privileges, Mr. Rhoades made the following comments:
Sinco membershitp ts elective, whether the savings depostory shall ombrace thls precrogative by subseribing to the capltal stoek, is a matter which each bank will deternine for itself. That advantages will accrue is mamfest. In such States. for example, as Massachusetts, where the savtngs
bank to empowered to livest tn commerclal paper, the value of the redlsbank is empowered to invest th commerclal paper, the vatue of the re-dis-
coumt faclity is apparent, In the Stato of New York this distinet service coumt facility is apparent, in the stato of New Yorke this distinct service
would not obtaln, seeing that wo are not permitted so totavest our funds, would not obtatn, seeng that wo are not permitted so the avest our runds,
but the privilege of negotlatiag a loan through the local assoclation upon but the privilege of negotiathag a loan through the local assootation upon
our glit-edged securities might be of Inestmable value. Whlle it is not our glt-cdged securites might be or mestmaie
properiy whith the province of the savings bank to borrow, yet in emergenoy this procedure might be unavoldable. Expertence has shown that te Is then most difffoult to approneh disinterested Inatitutions, many of which may be in a ifke predicament.
In a letter bearing the slegatures of a apecelal commlttee appolnted by the American Hankers' Assoclation, and addressed to Ar. James B, Forgan,
 matual or tristee savinss bank, provided it has an ummpared surplas or
not leas than the anlount whteh would be required for the capptat of a nanot leas than the anlount whtch wound be required for me capta of a ma-
tlonal bank in the aame location, may subrectibe to an amount of captat thonal bonk in the name location, maty smeribe to $20 \%$ of the surplus of
atock of the Natlonat Reserve Assoclaton equal to the subzeribing bask, and not less, and suoh memberrhlp shall carry with it in tioc local amsoolation the same rights and privileges as are onjoyed by the natlouad bank.
It ts forther provided that llablutes for savines deposits, subject to notice of 60 days, shall be exempt from a reserye requirement.
It may prove expedtent that the frrst olause bo amended. In New York City, for Inscanoc, the requited capleal for a natlonat bank is in the netighborhood of $\$ 200,000$. We have savlngs banks with deposits of 3100,000 .000. An institution with depostl Habllttes ageregating $\$ 100,000,000$, and a surplus or excess la nssets of but $\$ 200,000$ would not be a very destrable acqustition to the Natomal Reserve Assocfation, Agaln, by buch discrlmination many a amall but strong depostery would be bareed.
I woutd sugsest that thts proviston woutd do better to stipulate as a meinbershlp limitation that the muzual savings bank shall have an unim-
pafred surpius or not also contended that inasmuch as no other banking institution is exempt, it seems no more than right that the National Reserve Association should demand as a membership qualification a reasonable cash reserve from the trustee savings bank.
-The Maryland Bankers' Association, which met in annual session on Wednesday and Thursday of this week ai Deer Park, has adopted a resolution indorsing the Aldrich plan for the creation of a National Reserve Association, as amended by the Currency Commission of the American Bankers' Association. A. Piatt Andrew Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in sketching the main outlines of the suggested plan in an address before the bankers, called attention to the fact that the proposed association, both in
its system of organization and in the functions which it is to perform, is only a development of arrangements with which we are familiar in America. The form of organization, he stated, is modeled upon that of our political government, and the functions with which the Reserve Association are to be endowed, he pointed out, are identical with those which have been exercised from time to time by the associated banks of our principal cities.
-A decision to bar all brokers from further membership in the Michigan Bankers' Association, reached by the Execuitve Council on the 13 th inst., was modified on the following day, when it was decided that no additional brokers would be taken in as members. With regard to brokers now holding membership in the organization, the Executive Council is authorized to expel any of them by a two-thirds vote. Retiring President Emory W. Clark of Detroit is quoted as stating that the Executive Council felt compelled to adopt the course indicated, because of the fact that some of the brokerage firms were inclined to take advantage of their connection with the Association to send representatives to the convention for business purposes, while some also tried to promote their interests by using the letter heads of the Association. The Michigan Unincorporated Bankers' Association was formed at the convention, with W. H. Acker of Richmond, Mich., as President. In referring to the new organization, and its purpose, Mr. Acker, according to the Detroit "Free Press," said:
There are 276 untncorporated banics in the State, and one-third of these are controlled by natlonal or State banks as branches. We have $150 \mathrm{mem}-$ bers ln our assoclation, and, whille most of us are members of the Stato Bankers' Assoclatton, the inlncorporated banks have separato Interests to look after in the way of eectishation and other matters. There is nabolutely no clash and both assoclations will meet at the same place and time each year.
-The Owen Bill, intended to provide for the guaranty of bank deposits in Wisconsin, was defeated in the Senate on the 14th inst. by a tie vote. It is understood that the bankers as a whole were opposed to the measure. To forcstall the introduction of similar legislation at the next session it is stated that a movement has been undertaken to organize group clearing-house associations and secure mutual insurance for the banks of the State. The Milwaukee "Sentine"" reports that at a meeting of Group 1 of the Wisconsin Bankers' Association at Rice Lake on the 8th inst., the movement had its inception, with the appoint ment of a committee, consisting of two State bankers and one national banker, to consult with committees from other groups. What is desired, it is said, is a plan for the examination of banks under the supervision of the Wisconsin Bankers' Association similar to that in use by the Milwaukee Clearing House Association, but with an insurance feature included.
-The Idaho Bankers' Association has endorsed the plan for ourrency reform as modified by the Currency Commission of the American Bankers' Association. Resolutions in the matter were adopted at its annual convention on the 12 th, 13th and 14th inst. held at Boise. As a result of a movement urged by J. A. Givens of Nampa, President of the Association, for the correction of the lack of knowledge which the average man has as to the true relation existing between the bank and the community, a resolution also carried providing for the appointment of a committee of five "whose duty it shall be to prepare and publish statements from time to time, setting forth such information as will inform the public in rogard to banking matters generally, and more particularly in regard to the items of re-discounts and bills payable.'
- Under resolutions adopted during its annual session on the 7th and Sth inst, the South Dakota Bankers' Association pledges its co-operation in the movement furthered by the Comptroller of the Currency and the American Bankers' Association to safeguard banks in the purchase of commercial paper by a system of registration. The Association also approved the plan for the establishment of Senator Aldrich's National Reserve Association, as modified by the Currency Commission of the American Bankers' Association.
-In its issuc of the 16 th inst. the "Oklahoman" of Oklahoma City announces that practically all the State banks which had resisted the assessment levied in March by the State Banking Board to replenish the bank-guaranty fund, have now paid the same, and as a consequence it is considered doubtful whether the suit brought by the Bank of Indian Territory at Guthrie will ever come to trial. The President of that institution had obtained an injunction in May restraining the Board from interfering with the operations of the bank because of its refusal to meet the payment. Settlement is also reported to have been made by a number of the
institutions which changed from State to national banks sbout the time the assessment was announced.
-In an address before the Virginia Bankers' Association at Hot Springs on the 17 th inst., Oliver J. Sands, President of the American National Bank of Richmond entered into a discussion of currency legislation, pointing out the defects of the present system, and urging the enactment of the proposed Aldrich plan. The Richmond "Despatch" reports that although Mr. Sands seriously questioned the probabl ty of the country ever being able to adopt all at once a radical revision of its financial and banking system, he asserted that unless the bankers made some attempt to settle the question in the near future, such legislation would not result until the country had experienced some great financial calamity bringing all classes to their knces. Congressman Edward B. Vreeland also spoke on the currency question and Mr. Aldrich's solution of the problem. At the instance of Joseph M. Hurt, of Blackstone, a resolution was passed calling for the appointment by the President of the Association of a committee of twenty bankers, two from each of the ten Congressional districts in the State, to study the proposed currency legislation, and instruct their Representatives in the Lower House before the next meeting of Congress as to their findings.
- In commenting on the adyantages offered under the plan for currency revision suggested by Nelson W. Aldrich, Irving F. Moulton, Vice-President and Cashier of the Bank of California, N. A., of San Francisco, in an address presented at the convention of the Oregon Bankers' Association on the 9 th inst., made the following statement:
The smater banks would receive proportlonately as great benent as the laryur Insttutlons. The crop-moving season to the thme when banls are obliged to borrow most heavily. Then the country banks sutfer as severely as do thelr city brothers. Both should welcome a reform that would create
a more Intelligent use of nssets than is now possible. This matter of elasa more tutelligent use of assets than Is now possible. This matter of elas-
tIety lo so well set forth In the Aldrtch plan that It searcely needs explaining. tIcly lo so well set forth in the Aldrich plan that It s carcely needs explaining.
It is unlversully conceded that the Aldrich system of establlshlng the cur
. It is unlversally conceded that the Aldrich system of establishlng the cur-
rency system and discount centres more neady approsehes what will be aceeptable to the entire country than anything yet explofted. The fear of the stnaller bank regarding the worktng out of the Aldrlch system is withont foundation.
-It is understood that the National City Bank of this city has under consideration plans for the organization of a security company along the lines of the First Security Company, formed by the First National Bank in 1908. As in the latter case, the company allied with the National City Bank would, if established, hold the various securities owned by the bank. While the proposition has not yet been developed, it is intimated that the new organization will probably have a capital of $\$ 10,000,000$, which will be provided for through a cash dividend of $25 \%$ on the $\$ 25,000,000$ capital of the National City Bank. The bank's surplus and profits exceed $\$ 34,000,000$.
-In the interval between Jan. 21911 and June 71911 , the Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co. of New York, London and Paris increased its line of deposits $\$ 16,250,436$, or from $\$ 116,368,590$ to $\$ 132,619,026$. On the latter date the company's capital and undivided profits were $\$ 7,415,039$ and aggregate resources $\$ 141,638,645$.
-Two new members have been elected to the board of the Bankers Trust Co. of this city, increasing the membership to twenty-seven. The new directors are Francis L. Hine and Charles D. Norton, respectively President and VicePresident of the First National Bank.
-Charles Starek, a National Bank Examiner at New York, his entered the employ of the First National Bank of thiscity.
-Vacancies on the board of the Trust Co. of America of this city have been filled by the election to its directorate of Charles E. Meyer, Charles D. Freeman and Albert B. Boardman,
-The forty-sixth consecutive dividend of the Columbia Bank of this city has been declared, being a semi-annual distribution of $8 \%$, payable July 1. Th is places the stock on a regular $16 \%$ per annum basis; the amount paid in 1910 Was $12 \%$ regular and $4 \%$ extra, previous to which $12 \%$ had been the yearly rate.

Since Jan. 11909 the Hudson Trust Co., Broadway and 39th Street, has made substantial addition to deposits, having increased them from $\$ 2,243,241$ to $\$ 3,757,748$ on June 7, a gain of nearly $70 \%$. The company has a capital of $\$ 500,000$ and surplus and profits of $\$ 710,165$. The executive staff includes Elverton R. Chapman, President; Louis H. Holloway, Henry C. Strahmann and John Gerken, VicePresidents; Henry G. Lewis, Treasurer, and Richard A. Purdy, Secretary.
-The sentence of one year in the county penitentiary imposed on William A. Diboll, Treasurer of the United Wireless Telegraph Co., was remitted by Judge Martin on the 21 st inst., and instead he has been sentenced to pay a fine of $\$ 2,000$. Treasurer Diboll has also been relieved from paying his share of the $\$ 50,000$ which he and his associntes were assessed for the proseoution of the suits brought against them, in which they were charged with misusing the mails with intent to defraud.
-On Monday next, the 26th inst., the Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn will increase its capital from $\$ 750,000$ to $\$ 1,000,000$, and when the new capitalization is completed, the institution will become a member of the New York Clearing House. Stockholders are privileged to subscribe at par for the new stock to the extent of one-third of their present holdings. On June 7 the bank carried the largest line of deposits in its history, this item reaching an aggregate of $\$ 9,251,200$. Its earnings are steadily increasing, as an earned surplus of $\$ 1,000,000$ and undivided profits of $\$ 61,301$ abundantly testify. The bank is a thoroughly mereantile institution.
-A reduction of $\$ 500,000$ in the capital of the Franklin Trust Co. of Brooklyn, changing it from $\$ 1,500,000$ to $\$ 1,000,000$, is contemplated. The eapitul was increased from $\$ 1,000000$ to the presont amount in 1906, in connection with the opening of a branch office in Manhattan. As the Manhattan office was discontinued on April 29 last, satisfactory arrangements having been made with the Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co. for the convenience of depositors in Manhattan, and as the Franklin has become a member of the New York Clearing-House Association, the trustees believe that a capital of $\$ 1,000,000$ is now sufficient for the company's requirements, and that it is for the interest of the stockholders that the capital be reduced to $\$ 1,000,000$. The amount thus released is to be applied in increasing the surplus. The proposed reduction will not alter the company's financial position, or the proportionate share of each stockholder in the assets of the company, but will simply mean a transfer of $\$ 500,000$ from capital account to surplus account, Action in the matter will be taken by the stockholders on July 5. The company's deposits have been steadily growing; on Jan. 21911 they were $\$ 12,103,762$, increasing to $\$ 13,279,832$ Feb. 28 and to $\$ 14,296,019$ June 7, when its total resources were $\$ 16,883,047$. The board is representative of many important New York and Brooklyn business interests.
-A charter for the Springfield Avenue Trust Co. of Newark, N. J., was approved by the State Banking Dopartment on the 15th inst. The company will have a capital of $\$ 100,000$; it will locate on Springfield Avenue.
-Francis J. Molloy, Second Vice-President of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Troy, N. Y., and Mayor of Troy from 1894 to 1900, died on the 18th inst. He was sixty-four years of age. Mr. Molloy was also a member of the Democratic State Committee.
-The Asbury Park Trust Co., newly organized, is to begin business on July 1. The entire capital and surplus of $\$ 125,000$ is announced as paid in , the payments having been completed on the 15 th inst. W. J. Couse is President of the company and F. A. Schilling is Treasurer. The institution is equipped with a steel-lined fire and burglar-proof vault, which will contain from 75 to 100 safe deposit boxes.
-As a result of the vacancies which occurred through the death last month of Burton G. Bryan, Secretary and Treaso urer of the Colonial Trust Co. of Waterbury, Conn., Charles E. Spencer Jr, has been clected Treasurer and Wilbur P. Bryan has been chosen Secretary. Mr. Spencer had been Assistant Treasurer, while the new Secretary had held the office of Assistant Secretary. Henry L. Rowland has been elected Trust Officer in place of George M. Woodruff, who resigns that position, but continues as First Vice-President. The election of a successor to the late Mr. Bryan on the board has been deferred until a later meeting. Resolutions attesting to the worth of their late associate were adopted
by the directors, by the directors.
-On June 16 the Old Colony Trust Co. of Boston reached its twenty-first anniversury, and on this occasion the growth which has come to the institution is worth recording. Deposits of $\$ 80,933,451$ are shown in the statement issued under date of June 7, the total assets in this report reaching $\$ 94,516,311$. The Boston "News Bureau" in a recent edition furnished a table indicating the development of the company since its organization on June 161890 , and we reproduce
the same herewith, adding the figures under the new call of June 7. The other figures are all of date Oct. 31.

## 1890

 1895. 1898 -....................................... 1006 11.............................13,442,860

The company last year (in February) 80, , 451 15 over the busilargest trust company in New England. The aggregate deposits, following the merger, were announced as close to $\$ 65,000,000$ and the resources as over $\$ 77,000,000$. Comparison of these with the latest figures reveals the extent of the further expansion within the past sixteen months.
-William Watson Smith, of the law firm of Gordon \& Smith, has been elected a director of the Union National Bank of Pittsburgh, succeeding the late Johns McCleave.
-Action on the question of increasing the capital of the Union Bank of Chicago from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 500,000$ will be taken at a meeting of the stockholders to be held on July 11. The new stock is to be sold at $\$ 130$ per share, and of the $\$ 90,000$ premium. $\$ 75,000$ will be added to the surplus, making it $\$ 115,000$, while $\$ 15,000$ will go toward profits. The purpose of the new capital is to provide for the acquisition of the bank's premises, negotiations for which were recently consummated. Under these proceedings the bank purchases for $\$ 100,000$ the building in which it is housed (formerly the property of the old National Bank of Illinois), and obtains a ground lease of the premises for a term of 198 years. The Union Bank has occupied the bank floor of the building since May 1910; the property is now known as 25 North Dearborn Street, but had previously been designated 115 Dearborn Street. The lease is taken over at a graded rental of $\$ 30,000$ a year for the first five years, $\$ 32,000$ for the second five years, $\$ 34,000$ for the next five and $\$ 36,000$ for the remainder of the term-183 years-the yearly rent thus averaging $\$ 35,696$. The site measures $91 \times 120$ feet. The bank was established in 1905 and has deposits of about $\$ 1,400,000$.
-Authority has been granted by the State Department to organize the Merchants' Bank of Chicago with $\$ 200,000$ capital. It is stated that the bank will not be given an operating existence; the Merchants' Loan \& Trust Co, is responsible for the movement, and, as in the case of the Union Trust Co. of Chicago, which undertook the formation of a separate concern, and then arranged for its absorption for the purpose of enlarging its board of directors, the auxiliary organization will be merged with the Merchants' Loan \& Trust Co. The latter is limited under its charter to thirteen directors, while under the charter of the Merchants' Bank a directorate of thirty-five is provided for.
-The growth of its trust business has compelled the First Trust \& Savings Bank of Chicago to prepare new and enlarged quarters for its trust department, located on the street floor at the northeast corner of the First National Bank Building, with a direct entrance on Dearborn Street and entrances from the bond and savings departments and the lobby of the building. This new space, occupying nearly the entire north half of the Dearborn Street side of the building, has been arranged and equipped with every modern facility for the transaction of trust business and the convenience and comfort of the bank's customers. The lobby and customers' waiting room of the new department are fitted in marble and bronze and the officers' quarters and customers' consultation room in mahogany. The development of trust business in Chicago is well illustrated in the case of the First Trust \& Savings Bank. Its trust department was started at the time of the bank's organization in 1903, but soon outgrew its quarters and several years ago required the enlargement of the banking offices for its accommodation. It was thought at that time the new space would be sufficient to accommodate its needs for a number of years, but the large and varied business of a fiduciary character entrusted to it has necessitated the present removal of this department.
-The Home Savings Bank of Milwaukee began business on the 15 th inst, under the management of Faustin Prinz, Prosident, and Michacl Wells, Vice-President and Cashier. It is located at Third Street and Garfield Avenuc.
-Articles of incorporation for the Commercial State Bank of St. Paul, at Seven Corners, with a capital of $\$ 25,000$, were filed on the 14th inst.
-A second dividend in liquidation of 350 per share was made payable to the stockholders of the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana at New Orleans on the 21st inst. The first dividend amounted to \$125 per share. The bank had a capital of $\$ 380,200$. It was succeeded by the Citizens? Bank \& Trust Co. on January 30.

- A proposal to increase the capltal of the Bankers' Trust Co. of Houston, Texas, from $\$ 1,000,000$ to $\$ 2,000,000$ will be acted upon by the shareholders at a meeting on August 15. It is also understood that a change in the name of the institution is contemplated.
-The report of the Imperial Bank of Canada (head office Toronto) presented at the annual meeting May 25, and covering the year onding April 30 1911, shows $\$ 833,126$ as carried forward after the customary appropriations, as against $\$ 696,135$ a year ago. The sum available for distribution aggregated $\$ 2,307,386$, consisting of the $\$ 696,135$ at the credit of profit and loss of April 30 1910, the net profits for the year of $\$ 841,692$ and the premium of $\$ 769,559$ on new stock. The dividend requirements absorbed $\$ 625,428$, a transfer of $\$ 769,559$ was made to the reserve fund, $\$ 71,774$ was written off bank premises and $\$ 7,500$ was contributed to the employees' pension and guaranty funds, leaving, as stated above, $\$ 833,125$ as the sum carried forward. The deposits, interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing, have grown during the twelve months from $\$ 41,399,889$ to $\$ 46 ;-$ 504,492 and the total assets now stand at $\$ 63,710,026$, against $\$ 56,239,000$ April 30 1910. The paid-in capltal is $85,769,559$, and the Reserve Fund is equal to the capital. With the May 1 distribution, the dividend rate of the bank was incroased from 11 to $12 \%$ per annum.


## FALL RIVER MILL DIVIDENDS FOR FIRST HALF. OF 1911.

Thirty cotton-manufacturing corporations located in Fall River which furnish reports of operations have declared dividends during the second quarter of the year. The total amount paid out is much less than for the corresponding periods of 1910 or 1909. The aggregate of the amount distributed has been $\$ 341,025$, or an average of $1.23 \%$ on the capital. In 1910 the amount paid by thirtyfive mills was $\$ 442,650$, or an average of $1.67 \%$. In 1909 the average rate of dividend was $1.58 \%$, in $19081.66 \%$ in $19072.21 \%$; in $19061.32 \%$; in $19050.78 \%$; in $19041.15 \%$ in $19031.42 \%$; in $19022.14 \%$. In 1901 the average percentage was 1.43 and in 1900 the average rate of distribution was $2 \%$. In 1899 the average dividend was $1.31 \%$; in 1898 it was $0.50 \%$; in 1897 it was $0.91 \%$; in 1896 is was $1.57 \%$. Current year's rato has therefore been exceeded each year since 1905.

| Second Quarter. <br> 1011 and 1910 | Captial. | Dierdends 1011. |  | Dtedends 1910. |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Inc. }(t) \\ \text { or }(-c), \end{array}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% | at. | \% | A miount. |  |
| American Linc |  |  |  |  | 12,000 | ${ }^{8} 0.000$ |
| Ancoman muils |  |  |  | al $1 / 3$ |  |  |
| Arkwright sitit | 450,000 495,000 |  |  | $11 /$ |  |  |
| Lamaby Mfic |  |  | 3,6 |  | 3,5,500 |  |
| Border Clity | 1,000 | 11 |  | 115 | 15,0 |  |
| Chace Millis. | 1,200,000 | 15 | 18,000 |  | 24,000 | -0,000 |
| Conanseut M | ${ }^{251}$ | 112 | 3,7 | 11/2 | 3,776 |  |
| Corneti Mmia |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Davio mits | 1,250, |  |  | , | 18,7500 |  |
| Kilint Muls. | 1,100,000 | Nod | , | 81象 | 8,700 | -8,7000 |
| Grante Mill | 1,000,0 | 11/5 | 1 L, |  | 20,0 |  |
| Hargraves silim | 1.500 | 18 |  | d2 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | -8,000 |
| Laturcl Lake mut | 600, | $1 \%$ |  | 2r | 12,0 |  |
| Lincoln Mite. Co | 700. | 115 | 10. |  |  | 0 |
| Lather mety Co |  | $1 / 3$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechaniee Milla | 1,200 |  | 12,0 | 15 |  |  |
| Narrammsett >til | 400,0 | 114 |  |  |  | -2,000 |
| Osborn Mill | 750,0 | 13 | 11. | $1{ }^{1 / 5}$ | 11, |  |
| Parker mut | 1,200, | $1{ }^{1}$ | 18. |  | 18,0 | ,000 |
| Richard Borden | 1,000, |  | 20, |  | 20.0 |  |
| Sayamory Mfige | 1,200, |  | ationd | $h^{2}$ |  | $-12,000$ |
| 8hove mills. | 550 |  | 8,250 | 1/3 |  |  |
| Statord Mus. | 1,7000 |  |  | 13 | 10, | - |
| Tecumseli Mill | 750 | 1/2 | 11 , | 13 | 11,2 |  |
| Tryycot. \& Wool | , 300 |  | 18. |  |  | -3,000 |
| nion cotwo | 1,200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weetaniog Mma | 500,000 |  | 5.000 | 132 | 7,50 | $2,500$ |
|  | ,780 | 1.23 | 341,025 | k1.67 | 142,650 | -101,625 |


Combining the foregoing results with those of the first quarter, we have the following exhibit for the half-year. It is scen that on a capitalization of $\$ 27,756,670$, the mills have paid out in dividends $\$ 784,875$ in the first half of the present year, or $2.83 \%$, against $3.59 \%$ in 1910; $4.30 \%$ in 1009 , $3.92 \%$ in $1908,4.70 \%$ in $1907,3.26 \%$ in $1906,1.15 \%$ in
$1905,2.36 \%$ in $1904,2.89 \%$ in 1903 and $3.57 \%$ in the like period of 1902

| Half－Ycars． 1911 and 1910. | Capital． | Dioidends 1911. |  | Dividends 1910. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inc. }(+) \\ & \text { Dec. }(\rightarrow) . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \％ | Amount． | \％ | Amount． |  |
| American Linen | 800.000 | 216 | 18，000 | 3 | $24,000$ | $\$$ |
| Ancona stits． | 300.000 | 3 | 3，500 |  | 3，000 |  |
| Arkwright Mills Barnard Mfg．C | 450,000 495,000 | No dit | ${ }_{\text {Idend }}$ | $23 / 6$ | 11，250 | $-11,250$ |
| Barmaby Mog．Co | 355，000 | ${ }_{2}^{13}$ | 7.425 | 3 2 2 | 14,850 7,000 | －7．425 |
| Border City Mig． | 1，000，000 | ${ }_{3}$ | 30,000 | 2 | 30，000 |  |
| Bourne Mills | 1，000，000 | 3 | 30.000 | 3 | 30，000 |  |
| Chace Mills－ | 1，200，000 | $33 / 2$ | 42，000 | 4 | 48，000 | －6．000 |
| Cornell Muls | 400，000 | 4 | 16，000 | 14 | 7,580 56,000 | －40，000 |
| Davts Mills | 1，250．000 | 3 | 37.600 | 3 | 37，500 |  |
| Davol Mills | 500，000 | 3 | 15，000 | 3 | 15，000 |  |
| Filint Mllis． | $1,160,000$ $1,000,000$ | 115 | 17,400 35,000 | 4 | 17,400 40,000 |  |
| Hargraves Milis | 1，800，000 |  | 32,000 | $\frac{4}{5}$ | 40,000 40,000 | －5，000 $-5,000$ |
| Ktng Philt Mmils | 1，500，000 |  | 45，000 | 3 | 45，000 |  |
| Laurel Lake Mills | 600，000 | 312 | 21，000 |  | 24，000 | $-3.000$ |
| Lincoin Mig．Co | 700，000 |  | 21，000 | No dt | vtdend． | ＋21，000 |
| Luther Mfg．Co | 350,000 750,000 | 3 | 10，500 | 3 | 14，000 | －3．500 |
| Merchants ${ }^{\text {M }}$ Mfs． | 750，000 $1,200,000$ |  | 18,750 30,000 | 3 <br> 3 | 22,500 36,000 | －3，750 $=6.000$ |
| Narragansett M | － 400,000 | $3 \%$ | 14.000 | 4 | 16，000 | －6，000 $-2,000$ |
| Osborn 3rills | 750,000 |  | 22，500 | 3 | 22，500 |  |
| Parker Milla | 800,000 | 3 | 32，000 | 5 | 40.000 | －8，000 |
| Pocazset Mfg．Co | $1,200,000$ $1,000,000$ | 3 | 36,000 40,000 | 3 6 | 36,000 60.000 | －10．0．0 |
| Sagamore Mitg．Co． | 1，200，000 | 4 | 48，000 | 4 | 60,000 48,000 | －20，000 |
| Seaconnet Milis | 000，000 | No a | vidend． | 1 | 24，000 | －24，000 |
| Stoove Mul Stafford Mil | 650，000 |  | 16，500 | 3 | 16，500 |  |
| Stevens Mgs． C | 1，700，000 | $3^{13 / 2}$ | ［15，000 | 3 3 3 | 30,000 21,000 | $-15,000$ |
| Tecumseh Milts | 750，000 | ， | 22，500 | 6 | 22，500 |  |
| TroyCot．\＆Wool，Mr | 300，000 | 41／2 | 13500 | 6 | 18，000 | 9，500 |
| Union Cotton Mig． | 1，200．000 |  | 36000 | 3 | 36，000 |  |
| Wampanong Mills． | 750.000 | 11／2 | 11250 | 3 | 22.500 | $-11,250$ |
| Weetamoe Mills | 600，000 | 21／2 | 12，500 | 3 | 15，000 | 00 |
| Total | 27，756，670 | 2.83 | 784，875 | 3.50 | 951，050 | －166．175 |

## 

## English Financial Markets－Per Cable．

The daily closing quotations for securities，\＆o．，at London， as reported by cable，have beon as follows the past week： Weck London，

| Week enatho June 23．Sat | Mfor． | Tues． | Wed | Thurs． | Nr, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2413 | 243／4 | ${ }^{24} 78.16$ |  |  |
| Foraccount． | $157913-16$ |  | $7911-16$ |  |  |
| Fromeh renteo（in Paris）fr 96.35 | 95．37／3／ | 95．20 | ${ }_{95.20}$ |  |  |
|  | 831 | 734 |  |  |  |
| $\bigcirc$ Anacomda Minlos Co．．．． 8 \％ | \％号 | 88 |  |  |  |
| Atcle Topelia \＆Santa Ve． $116 \%$ | 117\％ | 117\％ | 116\％ |  |  |
| Barctuorch |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bumbore ${ }^{\text {Prefered }}$ | $1111 / 2$ | $111 \%$ | 111 |  |  |
| Canallan Pactic ……．．2475／6 | 24854 | 24715 | 2465 | \％ |  |
| Charapeake \＆Ohlo ．．．．．．． 8615 | 86\％ | 803 | 861 |  |  |
| Cusago Great Westera．．．．． $24 / 5$ | $243 / 2$ | $211 / 3$ | 24.1 |  |  |
| 1）eaver \＆RIo Grande．．．．．． 20 ／ | 132 | 8313 | 131 | ¢ |  |
| Proterred．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $61{ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  | 5915 | 281／2 |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Eric，}}{\text { Visit preterred }}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{367 / 1 / 8}$ | 5676 | 37 3\％ | 374 | 4 |  |
| Second prefered | ${ }^{576}$ | 68.2 | 57 |  |  |
| Hunimots Central．．－．．．．．．．．．1451／2 | 145 | 1451／2 | 145 | 4 | 辿 |
| Lousvic of Nashvile ．．．． 156 | 156 | 157 | 155\％ |  |  |
| Mlssouri ransse \＆Texas．．．． $383 / 3$ | 385 | $383 / 2$ | 38 | \％ |  |
| Missour Pache ．．．．．．．．．． 515 | $51 / 4$ | 62 | $513 / 2$ |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{67}$ | ${ }^{07}$ | 66 | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | 荟 |
| N．Y．Central \＆Hudson Riv． 14. | $114 \%$ | 1145 | 11. |  |  |
| N．Y．Ontarto \＆Western．．． 16.18 | $10^{69 / 2}$ | 466 | 1614 |  |  |
| Preferred． | 1935 | 133 | 112 |  |  |
| Northern Patic，．．．．．．．．．．．1381／ | 138\％ | 1381／2 | 138 |  |  |
| a Pemssylvania ．．．．．．．．．．64／6 | 64 | 6 | 64 |  |  |
| a Reading Co ．．．．．．．．．．．．．82\％ | 82 | 824 | 824 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{6}$ | $461 / 4$ | 464 |  |  |
| Roek titand ．．．．．．．．．．．．．3）34， | 348 | 449 | ${ }_{34}^{46}$ | O |  |
| Southern Pacinc．．．．．．．．．1224 | 1221， | 122］／6 | 121818 |  |  |
| Southern raltway ．．．．．．．．． 32 3， | 32 k | 33 | $32 \%$ |  |  |
| Uroterred．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．731／3 | $72 \%$ | ${ }^{7315}$ | $731 / 2$ |  |  |
|  | 19136 | 1913／ | 100\％ |  |  |
| U．Preferred．Steel Corporation．．．．．．．888／8 | 97 | 97 | 97 |  |  |
|  | $817 / 4$ 1921 | ${ }_{8}^{813}$ | 8076 |  |  |
| Wabast | 1731 | 173 | $17 \%$ |  |  |
| Preterred．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{40}$ |  | 394 | 394 |  |  |
| Extended 4s ．．．．．．．．．．．．70\％／ | 70\％； | 70\％ | 709 |  |  |
| a Price per slare，of nterting． |  |  |  |  |  |

Breadstuffs Figures brought from page 1711．－The state－ ments below are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange．The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending last Saturday and since August 1 for each of the last three years has been：

| Recripts at | Flour． | Wheat． | Corn． | Oata． | Bertey． | Tye． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chleago ．．． | bbte． 10 ckss s 105,212 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { bush } 6070 \mathrm{rag} \\ \mathbf{1 7 0 , 0 0 0} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { bush. } 56 \mathrm{Ds} . \\ 3,802,850 \end{array}$ | buah． 32 lbs $2,142.400$ | oush． 48 lbs. 117,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5 u, 56 \mathrm{ds} . \\ 5.000 \end{array}$ |
| Miwauked． Dututh | 63,020 10,785 | 154,810 294.528 | $\begin{array}{r}214,700 \\ 187,887 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 304,400 346,051 | 100.600 325 | 9.180 |
| Minneapoils． |  | 1.286 .350 | 167,887 160.050 | 225，000 | 141，800 | 15，400 |
| Toledo ．．． |  | $\begin{array}{r}62,000 \\ 35,235 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 63,600 31,525 | 48.000 65.080 | 11， | 15，400 |
| Cleveland－ | 5．170 | 35,235 10.640 | 31,525 04,720 | 65,080 35,510 |  |  |
| St．Louts．．． | 48.830 | 133，168 | 555.250 | 477，850 |  |  |
| Peoria | 50.000 | 12.000 | 246，062 | 100．000 | 15，600 | 1.000 |
| Kansis City． |  | 168，000 | 342，600 | 76．500 |  |  |
| Total wk． 11 | 290.417 | 2，326，761 | 6，699，244 | 4．001，794 | 381，325 |  |
| Same wk． 10 | 305.421 | 1，933．658 | 3，334，608 | 2，844．668 | 1．178．619 | 56，363 |
| Same wk．＇09 | 300，092 | 1，437，945 | 3，057，007 | 2，567，951 | 887，938 | 69，813 |
| Since Aur 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1010-11 \\ & 1000-10 \end{aligned}$ | $18,184.670$ $18,518,416$ | $201,792,087$ $233,211,766$ | $257.721,152$ $167 / 559,954$ | 175，392，734 | 61，773，469 | 5，053．028 |
| 180x－00 | 18，951，205 | 207，347，622 | 136，763，747 | 152，453，802 | $76,428,453$ $78,086,457$ | $6,519,031$ $6.000,423$ |

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended June 171911 follow：

 $\begin{array}{rllllll}\text { Total } & 150,149 & 8,883,801 & 779,012 & 56,660,852 & 600,575 & 48,822,252 \\ \text { Total } 12009-10 \ldots .25112,760 & 0,459,576 & 839,415 & 83,048,899 & 236,000 & 28,057,418\end{array}$ The world＇s shipments of wheat and corn for the week ending Junc 171911 and since July 11910 and 1909 are shown in the following：

| Expors． | Wheet． |  |  | Corn． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1910－11． |  | 1909－10． | 1910－11． |  | 1000－10． |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Week } \\ \text { Jume } 17 . \end{array}$ | Since Suly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stnex } \\ & \text { July } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week } \\ & \text { furie } 17 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sbice } \\ & \text { tuty } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | since suly 1 ． |
| North Amer． | Bushels． <br> 1．872，000 <br> 4，384，000 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Buishels. } \\ 130,74.000 \\ 210784000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bushels. } \\ & 520,000 \end{aligned}$ | Bushels． <br> 44，040，000 | Jtushels． 28，273，000 |
| Russia | $4,384,000$ 206,000 | $217,264.000$ $86,082,000$ | $210,784,000$ $20,026,000$ | $1.819,000$ $2,066,000$ | $25,683,000$ $77,348,000$ | $17,868,000$ $27,376,000$ |
| Argentina | 1，928，000 | 87，746，000 | 57，212，000 | ${ }^{-1}$ | 65，516，000 | 67，405，000 |
| Anstralia | 752,000 $\mathrm{r}, 600000$ | 55，544，000 <br> 49 <br> 136,000 | 39，504，000 |  |  |  |
| Otb．countr＇s | $1.000,000$ 125,000 | $49,486,000$ $7.760,000$ | 45，408，000 |  |  | －－1．0．2． |
| Total． | 10960000 | 630，547，000 | 509，808，000 | 405，000 | 2，503．000 | 0，022，000 |

The quantity of wheat and corn afloat for Europe on dates mentioned was as follows：

|  | Wheat． |  |  | Corn． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Critted Kingdom． | Conthent． | Total． | United Kinotom． | Continent． | Tota\％． |
| June 171911 | Hiushets． | Liushris． | Fushets． 50，328，000 | Linshets． 0，078，000 | Fushats． 6，536，000 | Bustels． <br> $12,614,000$ |
| Jume 101911. | 26，004，000 | 29．381，000 | 58，288，000 | 0，239，000 | 6，571，000 | 12，810，000 |
| Jume 181910. | $26.000,000$ | 11，120，000 | 37，120，000 | 5，270，000 | 4，030，000 | 10，200，000 |
| June 10 1909． | 25，600，000 | 14，480．000 | $10.080,000$ | 8，415，000 | 11，220，000 | 19，635，000 |
| Jume 211908. | 19，600，000 | 13，920，000 | 33，520，000 | 0，205，000 | 9，945，000 | 16，150，000 |

－An attractive list of municipal and Western industrial securities is advertised on another page by the bond depart－ ment of the Continental \＆Commercial Trust \＆Savings Bank，Chicago．Special circular giving full detailed infor－ mation will be sent on request．

## DIVIDENDS，

The following shows all the dividends announced for the future by large or important corporations：
Dividends announced this week are printed in italics．

| Co |
| :---: |
| Railtoade（Steam） <br> Alabama Great Southern，ordinary <br> Preferred <br> Albany \＆Susquebanna． <br> Allegheny \＆Western，guarantced <br> Atch．Topeka \＆Santa Fe，pref． <br> Attantle Coast Line RR．，common． <br> Becch Creel，quar．（quar．） <br> Boston \＆Albany（quar．） Boston \＆Lowell．．．．．．．． <br> Boston \＆statie，common（quar．） <br> Boston \＆Providence（quar．） <br> Boiton Revere Beach \＆Lymin． <br> Canada Southern． <br> Canadtan Pacife，com（quar．）（No．60）． <br> Carthage Watertown \＆Bnckets Harbor． <br> Central RR．of Now Jersey（quar．） <br> IExtra． <br> Chesapeake \＆Oblo（quar）． <br> Chicago Burlington \＆Quiney（quar） <br> Chleago \＆Eastern Iilinols．pref．（guar．）． <br> Chic，Indlabapolts \＆Lonisville，com．．．． <br> Preferred <br> Cbleago of North Western，com．（quar．） <br> Preferred（quar．） <br> Chicano \＆Western Indlma（ghar．）．．．．．．．．．． |
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| Cent． | When Payable． |  | Bonks Closed． Days Inctustice． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jun | 27 | HoIach of rce．May27a |
|  | Aug． | 28 | Holders of rec，July 22 a |
|  | Juty |  | Jume to to June a |
|  | Juty |  | Holdern of rec．Jume22a |
| ${ }_{3}^{23 / 5}$ | Aug． |  | Holders of rec June30a |
| 3 | July | 10 | Junc 22 to July 10 |
| 24 | June | 30 | Holders of rec．May31a |
|  | July |  | May 29 to June 3 |
|  | July |  | Holders of rec．June la |
| 21／2 | July |  | Holdera of ree．June20a |
|  | July |  | Hotders of rec．June15a |
|  | Aug． |  | Hotders of rec．June30a |
|  | June | 30 | Holders of reo．June 1 a |
|  | June | 30 | Holdera of rec．June23a |
|  | Aug． |  | Holders of rec．July $20 a$ Hotdern of ree，Junclsa |
| 1 K | June | 30 | Holdera of rec，June 0a |
|  | Juty |  | Jume 27 to Joly 4 |
|  | Juty |  | Holders of rec．Juneiza |
|  | June | 28 | Holders of rec．Junel4a |
|  | June | 28 | Holders of rec．June14a |
|  | July |  | Holders of ree．June $2 a$ |
|  | Juty |  | Holders of ree，June $2 a$ |
| 13. | June |  | Holdera of rec，Jume30a |





 trom May 25 to Juty 1 , ${ }^{0}$ Allo declared $1 / 2 \%$ extra on common atock. payable
Nov. Ito hiolders of rccord Oet, 2.

National Banks.-The following information regarding national banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department: OHARTERS ISSUED TO NATIONAL BANKS JUNE 9 TO JUNE 13.


 CHANGE OF CHARTER NUMBER,
2,712-The First National Bank of MeConuelsville, Ohio, to No. 46, tho VOLUNTARY LIOUIDATION.

Canadian Bank Clearings.-The clearings for the week ending June 17 at Canadian cities, in comparison with the same week of 1910 , show an increase in the aggregate of $31.1 \%$.

| Ctaarinos at- | Week ending Sune 17. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1911. | 1910. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ino. or } \\ & \text { Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | 1909. | 1808. |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torone | ${ }^{37} \mathbf{3}, 1515022$ | 28,420, 50 | +52.2 | ${ }^{38,280,681}$ | $26,018,289$ $20,663,677$ |
| Winupge | $20.280,186$ 10.761 .067 | 15,677.525 | +20.4 | -11,722,000 | 8,862,144 |
| Otawa | 3,986,070 | 3,157,503 | +26.2 | 2 2,028:143 | 2,720,800 |
| Quebec |  | $2,346,170$ $1,840,622$ | + +7.6 | ${ }^{3}+2,364,612$ | coiver |
| Hamition | 2,532,733 | 1,859,327 | +373 | 1,899.123 | 1,435,137 |
| Calgary | 2, $2,727,067$ | 2,705,048 1,867060 | +33.2 |  | 1.070,083 |
| 8L, John | 1,40.155 | 1.310.453 | +46, | 1.247,957 | 1,100.225 |
| London | 2,569,687 | (1,292.128 | +88.2 | . $\begin{aligned} & 1,42,233 \\ & 1,162012\end{aligned}$ | $1.086,565$ 048.671 |
| Remina | 1,849,375 | 871.759 | +112.2 |  |  |
| Sranden | 1,265,600 | Not trimad | ${ }_{\mathrm{a}}^{\text {in }}+14.8$ |  |  |
| moose Jaw | 7,720,000 | Not tocude | ${ }_{1} 10$ tot |  |  |
| Lethbridge | 658,000 | Vot motiode | d in tot |  |  |
| Bradtord | 640.060 | Not tratude | d in tot | a. |  |
| Total Cana | 146.113,670 | 108,955,865 | +34,1 | 100,022,002 | 72,107,997 |

Auction Sales.-Among other securities, the following, not regularly dealt in at the Board, were recontly sold at auction in New York, Boston and Philadelphia
By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Sons, New York:


 15 Lond Nainnd Loonk \& Tr, Co.....3199)
100 isrondway Trust Cc... ${ }^{\text {Bandso }}$ 814.000 United Brewertes Co. Per ernt 18t 68, '28. F. \&A. 65 \& tot
 \$1,000 Creocnt Athistie Ci
 on
3100 oxfora club or bikiyn 1it 3 3. $\qquad$ By Messrs. Francis Henshaw \& Co., Boston:



## By Messrs，R．L．Day \＆Co．，Boston：

 8 Harvard Trust Co．
5 Great Falls Matis．Co． 2 Atanulu Cotuon sulus 3 Frakkidin Co．（Lawis．on，Me．．．． 5151

By Messrs．Barnes \＆Lofla有解，Philadelphia：
shares．
12 sai 12 Salem（N，J．）Nat．Bkg．Co．，
$\$ 50$ each．．
14 First Nat．Bank，Pbindelphia 230 10 Third National Bank．．．．．．．．．．．． 256
16 Tradesmen＇s Trust Co．．．．．．．12
14 West Phula．Tiue \＆Truat Co．． Provldent Life \＆Trust Co 124 3 Gitrard Trust Co ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 051 ${ }_{4}^{4}$ Assets Realization
 3 Phla．Co，for Guar．Mitges．．．． 1543 20 Commerctal Trust Co．． 10 Equitable Trust Co． 3 Reat Estate Trust Co，pref．．． 100 10 Fidellty Trust CO．．．．．．．．．．．．．．950－95 100 Fatrm．Park Transp，$\$ 50$ cich． 85
100 Ohto Tracton Co，com． 100 Easton Con．Elec．，Com $\$ 50$ each 21 10 Citizens＇$(10$ thdolith）Pass．Ry ． 298
4 Fkd，\＆Southwark Pass IVy，Co． 381 10 Peopless Nat．Fire Ins．Co．， 825
 200 Waterbury Gar LL，Co， $325 \mathrm{ca}, 60$
75 Hudson County in． 75 Huddon County（N．J．）Gas Co－137
25 Equitable Ill．Gas Dt．Co ，pref． 103 31 Esgor \＆Hudson Co．Gas Co .140
$52 \mathrm{J.O}, \mathrm{BrIIl}$ Co，prel 30 Everett $11 y$ ．$k$ Lt．$\&$ Woter Co－ 66
4 American Pipe $\&$ Construe．Co． 94 25 John Wyeth $\&$ Bro．，10e．．．．．． 200 20 Warren Bros．Co．， 1 st pt． 325 ka ． 30 3 Philla．Bours，Dref．． 825 caoth， 8
4 Phila．Bourse，comm．，$\$ 50$ caet， 43
275 Berinis Shore Mining Co，pref， ， 00
By Messrs．Samuel T．Freeman \＆Co，，Philadelphia：




Statament of New York City Olearing－House Banks and Trust Companies．The detailed statement below shows the condition of the New York City Clearing－House member for the week onding June 17．The figures for the separate banks are the averages of the daily results．In the case of the totals，actual figures at the end of the week are also given． The returns of the trust companzes are included for
bume，but made up，80e＂Chronicle＂V． 85, p． 836 in the case of the banks，and V．92，p．1607，in the case of the trust companies． detathed returns of banks．
We orlt two alphers（ 00 ）in all cases．

| Banks． 00 s omitted． | Captal | Sutplus | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Loqus } \\ & \text { Averay } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Spect } \\ & \text { Aver } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { egats. } N$ | Net Depos－ izs，Avge． | nearic． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank of N．Y Manhattanco |  | $0,413$ | $34,60$ | $8,072$ |  |  |  |
| Meroliants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Mrech}^{\text {a }}$ Me |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City | 25， | ， | 1． |  |  |  |  |
| Chemt | 3.0 | ， 81 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merch．${ }^{\text {che }}$ |  |  | $8,650,0$ | 1，316，0 | 152，0 |  |  |
| Butchid ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  | 15， | 149,02 |  | 3，635，0 |  |  |
| Mercaritile |  | 2, | 14.188 | d |  | 11. |  |
| thi |  | 1，105 | 15．467\％ | 2，374．0 | 1.41 | 14， |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hanover | 2，65 | $\xrightarrow{12,620} 1.867$ | 22，783 | 5.4 |  |  |  |
| Niowid． |  | 501 |  |  | 1，748，0 | 10.3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corn | 3，000 | 5. | 50. |  | 3 |  |  |
| Imp，\＆Tra | 1，80 | ${ }^{7} 783$ |  | 22.0 | 1，33 |  |  |
| Earat |  | 12，96 | 1.10 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 37，22 | ， | 2，513， | ${ }_{13}$ |  |
|  | 10，00 |  | 120，03 | 12. |  | 136. |  |
| 05 |  |  | 2 |  | 120．0） | 3.5 |  |
| N．Y．${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 3，10 | 1.43 | 716.0 |  |  |
| German |  |  | si | 16.5 |  |  |  |
| Firth |  | 2.2 | 12. | 2，4 | ，03 | 13，8 |  |
| German |  |  |  |  | 565. |  |  |
|  |  | 1， | 14. | 4，018 | 1，016 | 15，910．0 |  |
|  |  | 1.242 | ， |  |  | 8．974．0 |  |
| Mretro |  | 2，145 | 13， 1 as， 6 | 1，60 | 1．872．0 | 14,0 |  |
|  |  |  | 57， |  | 224，0 | 5.31 |  |
|  |  | 2. | 22，401，0 |  |  | 26 |  |
|  |  | 2, |  | 4.12 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 15. | 4，8 |  | ， |  |
| ths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 的 Exc | 1，000，0 | 051.9 | 9，674，0 | －1032，0 | 1.510 .0 |  |  |
| Totals， $\mathrm{A}_{\text {y }}$ | 134，150，0 | 200，877 |  |  |  |  | 28.14 |
| Actual rigs． | June |  |  |  |  | 438，274，0 | 28.20 |

Ctr cutation，－On the basts of averages，ofrculation of nattonal banks to the
Clearing House amounted to $\$ 15,303,000$ ，snd accorolng 10 betuas figurce they were $\$ 45.545 .000$ ．

| Trusit Cos． 005 omitted． | Surplue． | Loans． Arerage． | Specte． A verage． | Legals． A verage． | On dep． vith C．H Banks． | Net Deposits． Averape． | Nesere， |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manhattan． | $\frac{8}{8} 31,4$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 19,057,0 \end{gathered}$ | $1,996.0$ | $50.0$ | $1,758.0$ | $\stackrel{8}{14,394,0}$ | $4.2+10.8$ |
| Brookiyn | 2，397，2 | 17，093，0 | 2，063，0 | 517,0 | 1，945，0 |  | $8.7+11.4$ |
| Bankers | 6，529．9 | 81，092，0 | $8,769.0$ | 526，0 | 9．145．0 | $61,945,0$ | $15.0+12.8$ |
| U．S．Mtg，\＆TT | 4，446．4 | $40,828,0$ | 3，248，0 | 840.0 | 4，455，0 | 27.383 .0 | $14.9+13.6$ |
| Astor Gins Tr | 11，429．9 | 13， 3700 | 2，087．0 | 1．561．0 | 3．000，0 | 23，777，0 | 15．0＋9．2 |
| Guaranty | 22，977，9 | 136，991，0 | 11，043．0 | 1，255，02 | 20．918．0 | 82.811 .0 | $14.8+20.1$ |
| Meromitle | 7，620，0 | 62，831，0 | 6，365，0 | 11，0 | 5，098，0 | 41，776，0 | $15.2+10.8$ |
| Law．TIE T． | 6，453，8 | 19，026，0 | 1，545，0 | 728，0 | 1，782，0 | 14，669，0 | $15.4+10.7$ |
| Cotumbla Standard | 1，426， | 15,0060 $17,136,0$ | $1.516,0$ $2,197,0$ | 100.0 | $1,308,0$ $2,347,0$ | 10.761 .0 | 15，0＋10．8 |
| Pcople＇s | 1，727，4 | 17，234，0 | $2,440,0$ | 406，0 | 1，936，0 | 16，559，0 | $17.1+10.2$ |
| New York | 11，183，3 | 51，069，0 | 5，490，0 | 140，0 | 3，664，0 | 34，443，0 | $16,3+9,6$ |
| Vrankun | 977，4 | 12，287．0 | 1，430．0 | 276.0 | 1，247．0 | $11.050,0$ | $15.4+10.0$ |
| Lincoin． | 582.0 | 9，674，0 | 1，224．0 | 227,0 | 1，086，0 | 0，009．0 | $16.1+10.7$ |
| Totals，Avge． | 82，039，1 | 550，262．0 | 53，216，0 | 6．676．0 | 61，267．0 | 300.878 .0 | $15.3+15.7$ |
| Actual figs． | June 17． | 554，644，0 | 57，939，0 | 6，718，0 | 65，351，0 | 303．745，0 | $16.4+16.6$ |

The capitat of the trust companies is an follows：Manhattan．\＄1．000．000；Brook－ yn，$\$ 1,000,000$ ；Bankers，$\$ 3,000,000 ;$ U．S．Mtge．\＆Trust，$\$ 2.000$ ． 0000 ；Astor．
 ard，$\$ 1,000,000$ ：People＇s，$\$ 1,000,000$ ；Now York，$\$ 3,000,000$ ；Franldin，$\$ 1,500,000$ ； Lincolti，$\$ 1,000,000 ;$ total，$\$ 32,125,000$ ．
SUMMARX COVERING BOTH BANES AND TRUST COMPANLES．

| Weck cnul＇s June 17. | Capital． | Surplus． | Loans． | Specte． | Legal Tenders． | On Dep＇t withe $-1 T$ ， Banks． | Nat Deposits． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Averages Banks | 134，150，0 | 200，877，31 | 1，364，429，03 | 326，150，0 | 75．278，0 |  | 1．426．219．0 |
| Trust cos． | 32，125，0 | 82，939，1 | $550,262.0$ | 53．216，0 | 6，676．0 | 61，267，0 | 390， 478.0 |
| tal | $166,275,0$$\ldots \ldots$. | 283，816．4 | 1，914，691，0379，375，0 |  | 81，954，0 | 61，267，0 | 1，817，007，0 |
| Banks ${ }_{\text {Trust cos．}}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,375,152,0326,007,0 \\ 554,644,0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 70,201,0 \\ 6,718,0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,438,274,0 \\ 393,745,0 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 65，351，0 |  |  |
| Totat ．－ |  |  | 1，929．796．0，3 | 383，946，0 |  | 83，000．0 | 65，351，01 | 1，832，019，0 |

The State Banking Department also furnishes weekly returns of the State banks and trust companies under its charge．These returns cover all the institutions of this class in the whole State，but the figures are compiled so as to distinguish between the results for New York City（Greater New York）and those for the rest of the State，as per the following：

For definitions and rules under which the various items are made up，see＂Chronicle，＂V．86，p． 316.
state banks and trust companies．

| Wees ended Jume 17. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Staue Banks } \\ \text { Greater } N . Y . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Trust Cos． in Greater $N . Y$ ， | $\begin{gathered} \text { Staue Bininks } \\ \text { aratide of of } \\ \text { Greater N. Y. } \end{gathered}$ | Trus Cos． outilde of Greater $N, \boldsymbol{T}_{\text {，}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capitat as of Teb．28．．．－ | $23,075.000$ | $63,206,000$ | $\underset{9,528,000}{8}$ | $0,525,000$ |
| Surplus as of Feb .28. | 38，886，100 | 175，811．800 | 11．274．643 | 11，328．963 |
| Loans and tovestmente． Change from last week． | $294,696,000$ $+3,462,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,125,374,100 \\ -6,983,100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 96,435,300 \\ 4490.600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 149,382,800 \\ +116,100 \end{array}$ |
| Specté $\qquad$ Change from last week． | $52,473,300$ $+1,024,900$ | $\begin{array}{r} 115,410,600 \\ -2,538.500 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Legal－tenders of bx，notes Change from tant week． | $23,590,500$ $+18,800$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,357,300 \\ -210.900 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Deposita $\qquad$ Change from tast week． | $\begin{array}{r} 352,420,100 \\ +3.140 .200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,242,874,009 \\ +7,030,200 \end{array}$ | $102.634,800$ $+9,200$ | $\begin{array}{r} 158,402,600 \\ -1,231,800 \end{array}$ |
| Reserve on deposits．．．．． Change from last weels． | $102,066,400$ $-700,300$ | $\begin{array}{r} 135,468,600 \\ -2,645,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,084.000 \\ -204.800 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,663,200 \\ -1,368,100 \end{array}$ |
| P．C，reserve to deposts． Pereentase last week．． | $\begin{aligned} & 29,1 \% \\ & 29,0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.4 \% \\ & 16.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.4 \% \\ & 22.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.6 \% \\ & 16.3 \% \end{aligned}$ |

\＆therease over last week．－Decreane from last week．
Note，－＂Burptu＂includen ill undivided prontes，＂rewerve on deponitu＂Inctudes， from cearrie legents．Truat companlex to New York Bthto ard requtred by law to

 thitry dayn，and atso exelusive of time deposts not payable within thirty days， repreegnted by eertincates，nod alen excluatve of depneds mecured by bonds or
 of Nely York nwned by the bank or beld in truit for it by nay publle department，
 of tme depoilta not payable withita thirly days，Yeprefented by certifeates caccord－
ing thg to the amendment of 1910）and exeluatve of deposits kecurd（acrording to
amendment of 1911）Dy bonds of oblleatons of the City or Hate of New Yofk，and
 obtigatlons of the state or city of Ne
for it by any pubuc department．

```
Racree Required for Trust Compantes
```

and Sinte llanks．
Manhatian Borouch
 Brookyo
Other Borongha（without branches in Manhisuan） Brooklyn Borough，with brandies in Mankatan．．
Other Borovighs with branctieg io Manbattan．．．．
Etee Total
nerere
Revire
$15 \%$
$15 \%$
$15 \%$
$15 \%$
$15 \%$
$10 \%$ $\qquad$

The Banking Department also undertakes to present sepa－ rate figures indicating the totals for the State banks and trust companies in the Greater Now York not in the Clearing House．These figures are shown in the table below，as are also the results（both setual and sverage）for the Clearing－

House banks and trust companies. In addition, we have combined each corresponding item in the two statements, thus affording an aggregate for the whole of the banks and trust companies in the Greater New York.
The figures for this week show very large changes as compared with those for last week because the reports of trust companies are included with Clearing-House banks for the first time. These large differences disappear in the last column. new york city banks and truat companies
Week ended Jume $17-$

Capitat as of June 7...
Surptus as of June 7.-.
Loans and inyestments,
Cbange from last week
Deposits
Change Specte
Chim
change trom last week
Legal-tenders - Change from last week
Banks' cash to vault. Trust Cos, ceash in vautt Agrate money holdings Money on deposit with othier bks. \& trust oss.
Change trom last week

Total regerve.............
Change trom last week
Surplus reserve.
$\%$ ot money holdi \% of money holdings to \% of cash res'ves of tru Cash on dep, with bks. Total Akgr'te reserves to ag-
gregite deposits Aggr'to money hold'gs to agsr te deposits..
2

 deposits amounted to $3740,747,800$ a decrease ork City": with thits Item included. the eage of the Clearing-House members, the deposits are "net" both fort week, Th位
The averages of the New York City Clearing-House banks and trust companics combined with those for the State banks and trust companics in Greater New York outside of the Clearing-House compare as follows for a series of weeks past:

COMBINED RESULTS OP BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN We ornt tico ctphers to all these fioures.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week } \\ & \text { Sndel, } \end{aligned}$ | Loans and Intestments. | Deports. | Specto. | Legals. | Tot. Mones Holdings. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enlire Res. } \\ & \text { on Deposit. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 15.. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \mathbf{3} \\ 2,406,582.8 \end{array}$ | 2,495.710.0 | $419.047 .1$ | 04.075.5 | 514.022 .6 | . 6 |
| Aprit ${ }^{22 .-}$ | 2,507,088,1 | ${ }_{2}^{2,514.81}$ | ${ }^{429} 9$ |  | 523,305,9 530.941 .0 | 3 |
| May 6 :\% | 2,514,961,3 | 2,5 | 433,695,8 | 93,712.6 | 627,408,4 | 553,201,4 |
| May $13 .$. | 2,518,309,7 | ${ }_{2}^{2,5}$ | 436,01 | 94 | 53 | 557,340.3 |
| May 27. | 2,518,862 | 2,607,915 | 442,47 |  | 537 | 564,758,2 |
| Jung | 8.152,1 | 2,570,202,0 | 435. |  |  | 557,990,9 |
| June June 17. | ${ }^{\frac{2}{2}, 5570,795,5}$ | 2,7488,7854, | $430,205,0$ $47,199,3$ | ${ }_{0}^{0.4,311.3}$ |  | $561,250,2$ 626396 |

Reports of Clearing Non-Member Banlss.-The following is the statement of condition of the clearing non-member banks or the week ending June 17, based on average daily results:

| Bank. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capt- } \\ \text { cot } \\ \cot \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Sur- } \\ \text { ptus. }}}{ }$ |  | Specte, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leogl } \\ & \text { Remider } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Bank } \\ & \text { Notes. } \end{aligned}$ | Depoast weth |  | Depostrs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clare } \\ & \text { tig } \\ & \text { Agent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Borks. } \\ & \text { te. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wash. Htte | 100,0 | ${ }^{282} 8$ | 1,385,0 | 140,0 | 速 | 151,0 |  | 1,354.0 |
| Colontil | 4000 | 102, 8 | ${ }^{1,668,5}$ | 800,9 | ${ }_{427}^{24.7}$ | 1593,9 | 200, 20 | +1,737.0 |
| ${ }_{\text {Columbli }}$ | 3000 200.0 | 762,4 183,2 | 6,477,0 | ${ }_{656,0}^{658}$ | 637, | 957.0 | 85,0 | 7,688, |
| Fuctiry | 500,0 | 5215 | 3,878,9 | 250,5 | 170.8 | 248,1 | 54,8 | I, 110,4 <br> $5,157,5$ |
| Mt. Mortio. | 250,0 | 34.4 | 2,065.4 | 494,0 | 52.0 | 552,9 | 73,9 | 3,625,6 |
| Mutual | 200 | 387 | 3,67 | 21,0 | 603, | 1307, |  | 4,370.0 |
| P1an Wair | 200,0 | 102 | ${ }_{2}^{4,07}$ | 173,2 | 361,0 50,6 | $1,397.0$ 260,0 |  | S.586,0 $2,340.8$ |
| Yorkvilit | 100,0 | 492 | 4.126,0 | 49,9 | 881.9 | 205, 8 | 430.0 | 5,882,4 |
| New Neth | 200,0 2000 | 271,8 143 148 | $2,394,0$ 1,3495 | ${ }_{2}^{258,0}$ | 86,0 | 1373, 16 | 35,0 | 2,818,0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| madway | 200,0 |  | 3,257.7 |  | 451,4 |  | 312,1 | 3,703.0 |
| Mrionat | 1.000, | 853 | 12,351 | ${ }_{245.8}^{64.8}$ | 1, 1750.5 | $1.132,8$ $1,456,0$ 1 | 136,3 209,0 | $6,608,0$ $15,634,5$ |
| Nassay Nat | $\begin{aligned} & 450,0 \\ & 7000 \\ & 2000 \end{aligned}$ | 1,061,3 | 77331 | 710.0 | ${ }^{355}$ | 1,379,0 | - | 8,262,0 |
| Nat. Cly | 300,0 2000 | 508, 150,8 | $4,041,0$ $2,180.4$ | 13180 | 575.0 124 | 618,0 193 | 187,0 87,8 |  |
| First Nat | 3000 | 150,8 6112 | ${ }^{2}$ 2,180, | 135,0 | 124,3, | 1933 421,0 | 87 | $2,461,8$ $3,300,0$ 3, |
| Mrral Nat | 400.0 | 1,287,6 | 5,273,5 | 280,3 | 360,9 | 4,342 |  |  |
|  | 250 | 775,1 | 3,040,3 | 161,6 | 55,3 | 259 | 314,8 |  |
|  | 200,0 | 411.2 | 2,223,6 | 8,3 | 97,8 | 380,8 | 24,2 | 2,406,9 |
| Hoboken. Becond Nat. |  |  | 3.668,6 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125,0 | 277.9 | 2,959,0 | 183,1 | 37,7 | 72,3 | 24,4 | 3,375,1 |
| Tot. Jne 17 |  | 12,802,2 | 90,870.5 | 7,109,2 | 7,862,3 | 16.825,5 |  | 19788, |
|  | 7,497,0 | 12,790, | 99,63 | 7.032 | 8,231,4 |  | 3,063,7 | 118545,5 |

Boston and Philadelphia Banks.-Below is a summary of the weekly totals of the Clearing-House banks of Boston and Philadelphia.

| Banks. | Capttat and Surplus. | Loans. | Specte, | Legals. | Deposts. a | Circu- lattor. | Cleartngt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. May 27. | $\stackrel{8}{81,350,0}$ | $217.771,0$ | 26,113,0 | ${ }_{3,624,0}$ | 266,993, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 145.275 .1 |
| June 3.. | $41,350.0$ | 218.728,0 | 25,382,0 | 3,466,0 | 266993,0 $270,600,0$ | 7,116,0 | 145,275,1 |
| June 10-: | $41,350,0$ $41,350,0$ | 219,280,0 | 25.723 .0 $26.724,0$ | $3,401.0$ $3,306.0$ | 268,087,0 | 7,122,0 | 157,443,6 |
| Pbilo |  |  |  | 3,306,0 | 275,285,0 | 7.123,0 | 144,499,7 |
| May 27.. | 60.105 .0 | 268.707.0 | 83,48 |  | $331,760,0$ | 15,309,0 | 139,184,5 |
| June 3.- June 10. | $60,105,0$ $60,105,0$ | $268,282,0$ $270,282,0$ | 87.4 |  | 330.44 .0 | 15,301.0 | 173,728,4 |
| June 17.. | 60,105,0; | 273,436,0 | 88,06 |  | $337,662,0$ $343,577.0$ | $15,208.0$ $10,279.0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163,565,1 \\ & 153,804.4 \end{aligned}$ |

a Includes Government deposits and the ttem "due to othcr banks." At Boston Government deposits amounted to $\$ 3,070,000$ on Jume 17 , agalnat $\$ 3,068,000$ on
June 10 .

Imports and Exports for the Week.-The following are the imports at New York for the week ending June 17; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January. FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK

| For Week. | 1911. | 1910. | 1009. | 1008. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Goods General M | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,163,127 \\ \mathbf{1 3 , 4 2 3 , 1 7 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32,441,679 \\ & 15,900,608 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82,496,634 \\ & 13,259358 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,657,692 \\ 8,473,108 \end{array}$ |
| Since January | \$15,586,303 | \$18,342,287 | \$15,755,992 | \$10,130,800 |
| Dry goods. General Merchai | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 6 6 , 1 9 6 , 2 5 8} \\ & 340,794,092 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 874,708,095 \\ & 371,614,445 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 579,748,839 \\ & 326,349,566 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 55,282,858 \\ & 23,027,375 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total 24 weeks.............. $\$ 406,900,350,846,323,440,3106,098,405, \$ 286,310,233$ |  |  |  |  |

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending June 17 and from Jan. 1 to date: EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK.

|  | 1911. | 1010. | 1909. | 1008. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the we | \$14,867,568 | S15,693.972 | 613,128,455 |  |
| Prevlously | 350,254,025 | 283,344,161 | 278,943.353 | $306,255,765$ |
| Total 24 weeks | \$365,122,493 | 5299,038,133 | 292.071,8 | 317,780,201 |

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending June 17 and since Jan. 1 1911, and for the corresponding periods in 1910 and 1909:

| Gold, | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan. 1 | Week. | Since Jan. 1 |
| Great Br |  |  |  | \$73,067 |
| ${ }^{\text {France }}$ Germa ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 83,500 | \$10,921 | 161.797 1.819 |
| West Indf Mextco | 8100 | 1,645,530 | 115.429 | 1,112,083 |
| South America |  | 813,020 | 482,073 20.813 | $1,006,243$ $1,608,793$ |
| All other countr |  | 157,625 | 112,917 | $1,608,793$ $1,090,452$ |
| Total 1911 | 3100 | \$2,620,381 | 8751,183 | 80,207,624 |
| Total 1910 | 50,400 | 44,261,408 | 75,240 | 6,643,622 |
| Total | 50.000 | 56,432,302 | 96.118 | $5.382,135$ |
| Siliver |  |  |  |  |
| Grat Britain. | 8827,005 53,200 | \$21,140,007 |  | 8170,028 |
| Germany |  | $1,338,900$ 16,193 | 1 |  |
| West Indes | 1,181 | 61,827 | 4.329 | 2.6450 |
| Mextco |  |  | 9,122 | 2,201,615 |
| South Amirica |  | 19,804 | 20,002 | 821,462 |
| All other countr | 242 | 5.208 | 60.578 | $870,83 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Total 1911 | \$881,628 | \$22,382,320 | 684.053 | \$1.106,706 |
| Total 1910 | 484,986 | 19,627,990 | 10.807 | 1,864,328 |
| Total 1700 | 772,816 | 21,826,668 | 62.084 | 2,461,130 |

Of the aboveimports for the week in 1911, $\$ 122,772$ were American gold coin and $\$ 3,669$ American silver coin.

## ganktug ant g ctuaxciat

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Write for our ctroutar entitled "Judtctous Inveatment," whith reats the above subject In detall

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Members New York Stock Exchange

## WHITE, WELD \& CO. Members New York Stock Exchange. <br> NASEAU STREET: <br> NEW YORK <br> THE ROOKERY OHICAGO

## zankexs (fozette。

## Wall Street, Friday Night, June 231911.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-The security markets have again been dull and narrow. Reports of considerable damage to the wheat crop in South Dakota, the present status and prospects of the Canadian reciprocity treaty in Congress, indications that tariff matters will receive attention and, perhaps, tariff schedules be revised during the present session of Congress, another decision by the United States Circuit Court declaring that the Powder Trust is operating illegally, and reported activities of the Federal Grand Jury, have all had more or less influence in producing conditions first mentioned,
At the same time it is not generally thought that any of these matters will have an unfavorable influence upon general business and as the week draws to a close there is an increasing disposition to take a rational view of the situation as a whole. There is, as every one knows, an abundance of time in which any slight damage which spring wheat may have suffered in some localities can be made good before
harvest; and the fact that an officer of the United States Steel Corporation reports a substantinl increase in the business of his company is a matter of real, not imaginary, importance.
The transactions in bonds at the Exchange have been considerably enlarged by the introduction this week of Panama 3 s and the former having been taken in large amounts at a premium of from $27 / 8$ to 3 per cent.
Some such results of their listing was, of course, to be expected in the present state of the money market.
The open market rate for call loans at the Stock Exchange during the week on stook and bond collaterals has ranged from 2 to $21 / 2 \%$. To-day's rates on call were 21/8@ $21 / 2 \%$. Commercial paper quoted at $31 / 2 \omega 33 \%$ for 60 to 90 -day endorsements, $3 \%(4 \%$ for prime 4 to 6 months' single names and $41 / 4$ @ $5 \%$ for good single names.
The Bank of England weekly statement was not issued as usual on Thursday owing to Coronation holidays.

The rate of discount remains unchanged at $3 \%$, as fixed March 9. The Bank of France shows an increase of 11,075,000 francs gold and $2,300,000$ franes silver.

NEW YORK CITY CLLALLING-HOUSE BANKS,
(Not Inetuding Trust Compantes.)

|  | 1911 <br> A ierdeges for teeck exding Јил 17 | Difficenea from preplous teeek. | 1010. <br> Anerazes for week rnting Iune 18 , | 1009. <br> Averages for tecek eneting June 19. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Caplt | 134, 150,000 | 8 | $130.350,000$ | $\stackrel{8}{8} 26,000$ |
| Surplus | 200,877,300 |  | 185,325,600 | 172, 1818,900 |
| Loans and discount | 1,304,429,009 | tre, 12,015,500 | 1,105,089,700 | ,372,384,900 |
| Circulation | 1,428,219,000 | Dec. 10, 103, 800 | 1.101, 005.800 | 1,443,046,000 |
| Speeto | 326,150,000 | tre, 10,050,200 | 251,048,000 | 301.230,109 |
| Legal tenders.... | 75.278,000 | Tne. 864,100 | 69,435,800 | 78.791,100 |
| Reserve he | 101,437.000 | Iuc. 11,014,300 | 324,083,500 | 380,030,200 |
| 25\% of deposits | 356,554,750 | mm. 4,073,250 | 297,998,950 | 360.761 .500 |
| Surplus reervo. | 44,882,250 | Inc. 6,012.050 | 26,084,850 | 10,268,700 |

## Note-The ctearlag Housc now lsacs a statement weekly showing condition of the bank on saturday morning as wett as the above average. ngure, together with the returns of the separate banks and trust companics, , teo the summary linced by the Stater Banktms Department. EIvtng the condition of state banks and truit com the second page preceding:

Foreign Exchange- - An upward tendency has been noted during the week, demand crossing 486 and cable transfers 48614 this forenoon, though the closo was slightly below the top.




 for short. This posted rates for sterung, as quoted by a representative houso, have








Domestic Exchange. The following are the rates for domestle exchange $\$ 1,000$ premlam. Boston. 10 c . Der $\$ 1,000$ discount. Now. Orieans,



State and Railroad Bonds.-Sales of State bonds at the Board include $\$ 2,000$ Virginia fund. debt, 1991, at $861 / 8$ and $\$ 44,000$ Virginia 6 s , deferred trust receipts at 57 to $581 / 4$.

The market for railway and industrial bonds has been less active than last week, but the deficiency was in part made up by the introduction, as noted above, of new Government and foreign issues. Prices have had a tendency to decline in sympathy with the shares market, led in several cases by convertible issucs.

Norfolk \& Western conv. 4 s have been a notable exception, having advanced nearly ${ }^{2}$ points. Some of the Eric issues, Northern Pacific 3s, St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s and Readings have been relatively strong features. WabashPittsb. Term. 1st trust receipts have been the most active bonds during the week, have covered a ranged of 2 points and close with a fractional net loss.

United States Bonds.-Sales of Government bonds at the Board are limited to $\$ 720,000$ Panama 3 s , "when issued," at 1027/8 to 103. The following are the daily closing quotations: for yearly range see third page following.

|  | Interest Pertods | ${ }^{\text {June }} 17$ | Juna 19 | June 20 | Tunc 21 | Jume 22 | June 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2s, 1930 ..........-reglstere | 2-Jan | -1004 | 1004 | -1004 | -1004 | -1004 | -1004 |
| 28, 1030, ...........coupon | Q -Jan | *1005 | :100 | -1001 | 2100) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | -1005 | -1004 |
|  | Q-Feb | *101/2 | * 101 | -101 5 | -1013 | -101才 | ${ }^{*} 1015$ |
| 38, 1908-18..........coupon | Q-Feb | ${ }_{\text {-1014 }}+11{ }^{\text {che }}$ | -114 | -114 ${ }_{-1 / 2}$ | +101/2/2 | -101/2 | -114 |
| 48, 1925...............eoupon | Q-Fb | -114 | $\cdot 114$ | -114 | *114 | * 114 | -14 |
| 25, 1936 Рamami Canat гe¢is | Q $-1 / \mathrm{cb}$ | -100 | -100 | -100 | -100 | -100 | -100 7 |
| 3s, Pan Camal wben lisued |  |  |  |  |  | 02 | 102T\% |

- This la the pefce bld at the morning board, no sele was made.

Railroad and Miscellaneous.-Stock transactions have been on a limited seale, averaging for the week only a little more than during the dull period in May. The market had a firm tone on Monday, when the entire active list recorded an advance of nearly a point. But the movement was not sustained and, notwithstanding some recovery to-day, closing prices are in many cases lower than last week.

Among the exceptional features Lehigh Valley is conspicuous for an advance of over 2 points and Norfolk \& Western is nearly 2 points higher than last weok. Canadian Pacific advanced sharply to-day and at $2431 / 8$ made a new high record.

Denver \& Rio Grande, on the other hand, added 3 points to the decline noted last week and Louisville \& Nashville is 2 poinis lower.
Underwood Typowriter sold to-day 6 points higher than on Tuesday. General Electric and Amalgamated Copper have also been strong features of the industrial group.

For daily volume of business sce page 1693.
The following sales have occurred this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow:


Outside Market.-Business in the outside market this week was principally in bonds, trading elsewhere being extremely limited. The weakness of American Tobacco was a feature, The stock after an advance of 2 points to 412 dropping to 386 . The close to-day was at 397. Intercontiontal Rubber com.
rose from $273 / 8$ to 28 and fell to 27 . Standard Oil gained 2 points to 655 , declined to 645 , the final figure to-day being 647. Studebaker Corp. com. from 663 ran up to $683 / 4$ and reacted to $67 \frac{1 / 4}{4}$. The preferred moved up from 105 to $1071 / 2$. Amer. Telep. \& Teleg. "rights" to the new stock issue appeared in the trading and sold up from $61 / 2$ to 7 . Recordtransactions in the Chinesc Railway 5s, overshadowed aN else.. With the listing of these two issues on the Exchange, trading has fallen off. Sales of Panama 38 "w. i." reached about $\$ 6,000,000$ at prices ranging between 1023 and 10314. Later the bonds sold on the Exchange at 103 and $102 \%$ : The Chineso Railway 5 s from $977 \%$ reached 98 , sank to $97 \%$ and moved up finally to $973 / 4$. After this the bonds were traded in on the Exchange up from 9794 to $977 / 8$ and down to $97 \% /$. Great Northern $41 / 5 \mathrm{~s}$ "w. i." advanced from 101 13-16 to $1017 / 8$. Oregon-Wash. RR. \& Nav. 4 s advanced from $927 / 8$ to 93 and weakened to $9213-16$. Southern Bell Telep. 58 sold up from $995 / 8$ to $993 / 4$. Trading in mining shares was small. Braden Copper sold up from $47 / 8$ to $5 \frac{1}{8}$ and down to $43 / 4$. British Columbia moved down from $55 / 8$ to $51 / 8$ and Butte Coalition from $197 / 8$ to $191 / 8$. Giroux advanced from 7 to $71 /$ and fell to $63 \%$, the close to-day being at 67/8. Greenc Cananea rose from $71 / 2$ to 8 , fell back to $71 / 2$ and finished to-day at $75 / 8$. Inspiration rose from $91 / 8$ to $93 / 8$, reacted to $83 / 4$ and sold to-day at $87 / 8$,

Outside quotations will be found on page 1693.

New York Stock Exchange-Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly occurvine two pages


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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[^0]New York Stock Exchange-Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly


June 241911.1




## BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGE-Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly




[^1]Philadelphia and Baltimore Stock Exchanges-Stook Record, Daily, Weekly, Yearly


1694
CHICAGO STOCK EXCEINGT - Stock Record—Daily, Weeklv and Yearly


Chicago Bond Record

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Chicago Banks and Trust Companies

| NAME | $\begin{gathered} \text { Outztand- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { Stock } \\ i \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surples } \\ & \text { ould } \\ & \text { Proflts } \\ & \text { I } \end{aligned}$ | Divident Record |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 190 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \pi \\ 1910 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Calu |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Chicago | 50, | ,7, | 10 | 10 |  | 准 11,5 |
| Cont\% ${ }^{\text {Corn }}$ \& Comm Nat | 20,000,0 | 10,285, 3 |  |  |  | T $111,2^{12}$ |
| Corn Exchange Natlonal Drexel State. | 3.000 .000 200,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,600, \\ 41 \end{array}$ | 12 |  |  | 1y '11, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Drover | 600,000 | 44,198 | 10 | 10 |  | muy $\quad 11,2{ }^{\text {un }}$ |
| arlewood | 200.000 | 14, 51,046 |  |  |  | Apr 11112 |
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| Hboralan B'k'g Ass' | 1.500,000 | 1,053 |  |  |  |  |
| Kaspar Stato Bank | 200,000 | 103. | 10 | $10+1$ |  |  |
| La Salle St Natlo | 1,000,000 | 257.081 |  |  |  | 77 |
| Live Stoek Exch'ge | 1,250,000 | 546.108 | 10 |  |  | $111,21 \mathrm{z}$ |
| Monroc National Nat Bakk of Rept | $\begin{array}{r} 300,000 \\ 2,000,000 \end{array}$ | 60,841 |  |  |  | $1{ }^{1}$ |
| Natonal | 2,000,000 | 1.405 |  |  |  |  |
| National | 250,000 | 00,300 |  |  |  | Juty 11, 11 |
| North Avenue Sta | 209,000 | 74.633 | $51 / 2$ |  |  | July '11, 10 |
| North Side State Sav'gs | 50,000 | 34,29 | 6 |  |  | 7uy '11, 112 |
| North West State | 200,000 | 30,403 |  |  |  | July 11, 114 |
| People's Stk Yds | 300.000 | 115,137 |  |  |  | Say 11,212 |
| Prafrie St | 500,0 | 62,711 | 6 |  |  | Tuly '11, 112 |
| Security | 300,000 | 207,494 | $11 / 2$ |  |  | Apr '11, 112 |
| South Chico | 200,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| South SIde State Bank | $1,500$ | 1,065,670 |  |  |  |  |
| Stook Yards Savings. | 250,000 | 106,483 |  | 8 |  | Mchsili, 2 |
| Union Bank of Cbleag | 200,000 | 49.854 |  |  |  |  |
| Washington Park Nat'1 | 100.0 | 8,494 |  |  |  |  |
| Wendel Stato..- | ?,000 | 11,015 | Noue | Nons |  |  |
| Central Trust | 2,000,000 | 27074 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Ohtoago Sav Bk \&o Tr | 1,090,000 | 224 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |
| Cnicago Thte \& Trust.- | 6,000,0 |  | 0 |  |  | fune3011, 2 |
| citizens Trust \& Savints Cotonlal Trust \& Saving | 50 |  | $8+2$ |  |  |  |
| Cont 6 Comm Tr cosav | 3,000,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drovers'TrustaSaving | 200.000 | 140,326 | 8 | 8 | Q- | y |
| Farwell Trust | 1,500,000 | \$234,190 |  |  |  |  |
| Pirst Trust e Savting | 2,800,000 | 3,018,600 |  |  |  | Meh $3 \mathrm{HIL}, 4$ |
| Vt. Dearborn Tr SSay Bk | 250,000 | 3,057 | neg, b | ma. Apr |  | V.02, p. 929 |
| Guarantee Trust \& Sav | 200,000 | 226.611 | Incorp | orated | 1008 |  |
| Harris Trust \& Styiniss. | 1,250,000 | 1,918,434 | $10 \%$ | $11+5$ | Q-J | yuy 11,3 |
| Tuinots Trust \& Saylags | $5.000,000$ | $8.850,823$ | $16+4$ |  |  | May 20'11,1 |
| Kedrood Trust | 200,000 | 02,030 | 6\% | 13 |  | futy '11, 14 |
| Lake Vlew Truatesay | 200.000 |  |  |  |  | Ape '11, 112 |
| Merchants' Loane Tr Co | 3,000,000 | 6,273,210 | 12 |  |  | Juty 11, 4 |
| MetropolitanTrustasay Michigan Ave Tr Co. | 750,000 | 248,857 |  |  | Q-J | me30'11, 12 |
| Michigan Ave Tr Co...- Mid-City Tr \& Say Bk- | 200.000 | 60.037 | Beg. b | as Oct |  |  |
| Mid-City Tr \& Say Bk. | 500,000 | 55,372 | Com, b | เง. Ap |  | 11 V 92 p 1004 |
| Northern Trust Co- ${ }^{\text {dor }}$ | 1,500,000 | 2,807,084 |  |  |  | Tre30.11,2 |
| North-Western Trasav | 1200,000 | 77,298 | 6 |  |  |  |
| Peoplo's Tr \& Sav Bk.- | 500.000 | 137,535 | Beg. b | Dee |  |  |
| Puifman Trust \& Saygs | 800,000 | w227,001 |  |  |  |  |
| Sherldan $\operatorname{Tr}$ co Sav Bant Standard Tr As Savings. | 200.000 | 220.073 | Beg. | He 319 |  | 141 |
| Standard Tr \% Savings- Stockmen's Trust do Sav | 1,000,000 | 284,85 |  | nneed |  | 010 |
| Stockmen's Trust d Savy Unfon Trust Co..... | , | 836,984 |  |  |  | '10, 3 |
| Unfon Trust Co ${ }^{\text {West }}$ Trust \& Savings | 1,200,000 | 1.239,380 | $18+2$ |  |  | $3011$ |
| Weat'n Trust \& Savings West Side TreSavbank | $1,250,0009$ |  |  |  |  | $A_{p r} 11$ |
| West Side TreSavBank Woodiawn Tr 4 SavBans | $\begin{array}{r} 200.000 \\ 200.000 \end{array}$ | $112$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Mch31.11, } \\ \text { muly } 11,24 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

[^2]

Volume of susiness at Stock Exchanges



\section*{| Souer a |
| :---: |
| Ness $\begin{array}{c}\text { York sioct } \\ \text { Exciannio }\end{array}$ |}



Government bonda...
State bonds.........
MR. and milse. bo

| stocks |  | Railroad, sec. Bonds. | StatBonts. | $\underset{\text { Bonds }}{ }$ |
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| suare: | Pior polue. |  |  |  |
| 173.641 | \$15.584.100 | \$1,429,000 | \$177.000 |  |
| 2760.027 240.478 | $22,772,700$ $22,677,800$ | $2,367.000$ $3,064,500$ | 203,000 173,000 |  |
| 103.160 | 17.404.100 | $3,0184,500$ $2,184,500$ | 173.000 194,000 |  |
| 472,515 | 12,673,000 | 2,335,000 | 243,000 | \$93,000 |
| 200.745 | 19.407.000 | 1,663,500 | 327,000 | 60,050 |
| 1,500,692 | \$140,668,600 | \$13,043,500 | \$1,317,000 | 6153,000 |

DAILY TLANSAGTIONS AK THE BUSEON AND PHILADELPHEAK

| Week maing June 231 1911 | Uoiton |  |  | Priladelphia |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Listed sharef, | Unisited share. | Bond sales. | Listed shares. | Unisted 8/ares. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bond } \\ & \text { sates. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Saturday |  | Hollday |  | 3,042 | 2,760 | 831,000 |
| Monday | 18,754 <br> 19,815 | 17,502 6,327 | $\$ 71,000$ 35,000 | 5. 5154 | 4,398 3,020 | 29,500 86,400 |
| Wednesday | 15,518 | 4,959 | 88,500 | 8,187 | 1,365 | 93,100 |
| Thursday | 22,585 | 8,330 | 41,000 | 9,102 | 12,012 | 105.910 |
| Friday ... | 12,701 | 4,680 | 71,000 | 6,100 | 3,730 | 122,900 |
| Total | 89,763 | 44,807 | 8309,500 | 36,917 | 27,215 | \$468,816 |

## Outs.de Securities

| Street Railways | Btd | Ask | Street Railways | But | Ask |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  | 80 | ${ }_{60} 8$ | $\text { Raplit Iras St Ry .... } 100$ | 10, | 240 |
| B'gevithav | 1.0 |  |  | 102 |  |
| 2 dmtge 53 | ven | 101 | Hob \& |  |  |
|  | kxc | -103 |  |  | $1{ }_{4}$ |
| Cenvi Crosstowa |  | - | Gu g $5 ; 1953 . . . .11-4$ | $98 \mathrm{I}_{2}$ |  |
| 1st mitye 031022 ...M. N | 80 | 85 | No Hud Co Ry os 1014 JJ | 01 |  |
| Coa Pk N \& E Rly stoes - 100 | 10 | 20 | S9 1928 [ ...J-2 | 102 |  |
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| Dry Dook E B \& Blat gold 531952 ... |  | m | So 2 2de 01 opt 1914....A-O | $1011_{2}$ |  |
| Sortp 531914 |  | 40 | Syracase R T 5 S 1976 ...M-8 | 101 | 103 |
| Ighth Avenue | 250 | 310 | Trent P \& H 531 | 97 | 150 |
| Serip 631914 |  |  | United Rys of 8 t |  |  |
| 42 d \& $\mathrm{Gr} 8 \mathrm{Ft} \mathrm{I}^{\prime \prime}$ y stock. 100 | 200 | 225 | Corn yot tr cits..... 100 | $9_{54}$ | 10 |
|  | \% 40 | 60 | Gen 4s 1934-Seo stoct | Exc | 1185 |
| Inter-Met-Sie 8loen Exeb | thge | list | Uatt Rys sia Fran-see Buk | ExC |  |
| Lex $A v *$ Pay $V$ S 5 -Sce 8tk | 50x0 | thit | Wash Ry \& 12L Co...... 100 | $39{ }_{2}$ |  |
| Motropol St liy-See Stk | Kxe | ${ }_{175}^{175}$ | Proterred - . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 100 |  | $\frac{8912}{85}$ |
| Nithth Avenue stock .... 100 Becond Ayemmo 1 took ... 100 | 150 | $\begin{array}{r}175 \\ 13 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ |  | $x$ | $85$ |
| Comsol 6s 1948.......12-A | 41 | 48 | as Securities |  |  |
| Sixth Aveme stnck -. 100 | 121 | 28 |  |  |  |
| Bou Bouter 651945 | ${ }^{65}$ | 79 | Cont Nsed Yote |  |  |
| So Ver lat 59 1919....c. A-0 | 80 | V8 | Cent Un Gas $551927 . . . J$ J-J | 1014 | 103 |
| Thitd Avenie $\mathrm{rta}-$ See stk | Kxo | 138 |  |  |  |
| Tarry WP P \& M Y"kera st Re be | 185 80 | $\begin{aligned} & k 0 \\ & 86 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | c Matual Gas. . . . ...... 100 | 177 | 185 |
|  | 15 | 2 | 14t cony 531048 ....J-d | 102 | 103 |
| Tweaty-thint St atook -100 | 190 |  |  | ${ }_{100}^{1042}$ |  |
| Ualon Ry lic is $1032 \sim 12-\hat{1}$ | ${ }_{65} 014$ | 104 | x Comot at 1945......J. | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 40 \end{array}$ |  |
| Westehester-1st $6 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 43 \mathrm{~J}-\mathrm{J}$ | 65 | 7 |  | 100 | 2 |
| Utr |  |  | is Staudard | 74 |  |
| Lan Avenue R1 |  |  | (Pretared ......... 100 | 95 |  |
| Con 59 ¢ 1931......A-0 | 10112 | 103 |  | 104 | 106 |
| A B \& W $18.51033 . .$. A-0 | 180 | 102 |  |  |  |
|  | 168 | 110 |  |  |  |
| Bxtyn Hgts int bs 1911 A-0 | 08 | 102 |  | 512 |  |
| 1kiyn Quens co e Sub |  |  | Amer Ltght is Traot.... 100 | 296 | 298 |
| ${ }^{6}$ 19t g $533^{\prime} 41$ op 1015 - J-J | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 101 \\ 09 \end{array}$ |  | 103 |  |
| Bxiyn kap Tran $\rightarrow$ Seo stock | $6 \times 8$ | 1at | aspgotog ( N x) Gat ink |  |  |
| Cobey 1s1 © Bkiyn..... 100 | $t 0$ | 05 | 19 L 591038 | 95 | 09 |
| 1at eona 5 ¢ 4 | 78 | 80 | Brooilya un Gai-sea stk | Exe |  |
|  | 75 | k0 |  |  |  |
|  | - ${ }_{\text {O8 }}$ | 1015 |  |  |  |
| King Co $14 t$ 4s-See stoek Nassau Eleo pref....... 100 | Ex | [135 | Cithes sorvted Co........ 100 Frotertad ........... 100 |  |  |
|  | 103 | 105 | Con Gas of NJ So 1030 - Ja | $92{ }^{2}$ | 07 |
| 1at $41051-50 e$ Stook | 1680 | ${ }^{\text {Lta }}$ | Consumers' |  |  |
| N W'b'g \% Flat 1st ex 4 the | 92 | 25 | 531038. $\qquad$ J-1 | 100 |  |
| 8telisway Lat 6a 1922...J-J | 103 | 105 | Danver Gas \& Elec..... 100 Gen g $5 \mathrm{Si} 1049 \mathrm{op} \ldots . \mathrm{M}_{1-\mathrm{N}}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ 810 \end{gathered}$ |
| Stre |  |  | Elisabeth Gas Lt Co.... 100 | 300 |  |
| Duffato street Ky - |  |  | Esser \& 1 Hutaion | 140 |  |
| 13t consol 6 s 1931.... P-A | 104 | $105{ }_{2}$ | Ons \& Et Bergen Co.... 100 | 83 | 84 |
| Deb 691917 .......A-0 | 10312 | 105 | - Gr Rap Ist 581915 ... P- | 09 | 101 |
| Columbas (0) St Ry.... 100 | 80 | 53, | Huason Co Gas........ 100 | 13. | 140 |
| Preterred .......... 100 | $\mathrm{Pal}_{3}$ | 10012 | Indtana Lightioz Co.... 100 | 83 | 35 |
| Colum Ry con $58 . \sec$ Phy |  |  | 491958 op cinc.e. F-A | 68 | 70 |
|  | 10154 | $1025^{2}$ | Indispapolts gas....... 50 | 18 |  |
| ePreterred ........ 100 | $81^{2}$ | 82 |  | 77 | 100 |
| 1814 ret 4598-See Stook | Exo | ust | E Ladede (im-See Btoek E | xeh 11 | - |
| Gpand Raplds Ry pret- 100 | ${ }_{42}^{82}$ | 85 | 6 Froterred . . . . . . 100 |  |  |
| Loulsy St 5s $1030 . . . J$-J | 1095 | 1007 | Malison Gas os 19 | 103 | 08 |
| LYan \& Bos 1st 53 1024.J-D | 106 331 | 107 | Nowark gas 619 | 128 | 130 |
| New Ori kys \& Lgt... 100 | 834 |  | Nevark Consol Gas..... 100 | 98 | 99 |
|  | - 大7 |  |  | 104 |  |
| - Pub Sery Corp ot $N J=$ See | $8 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{~s}^{1} \mathrm{E}$ | xilit | No 5103 | 100 |  |
| Tr etts 2\% to $6 \%$ perpel | 1068 |  | Pacise Gas \& E, com... 100 | 64 | 15 |
|  | 10053 | 101 |  | 8612 | 83 |
| orth Jersey 8 c R8. 100 | 77 |  | Pat AtPas Gas \& Elec.. 100 | ${ }^{02}$ | ${ }^{04}$ |
| $13 t$ is 1948 \% |  | 77 |  | 101 | 103 04 |
| 1 lt os 1933........J-D | $\begin{gathered} 7613_{4} \end{gathered}$ | $105 r_{4}$ | St Josept qas os 1937 ..J.J | 1 | 0 |



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## 

## RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two statement to show the fiscal year totals of those roads whose fiscal year does not begin with. We add a supplementary period. The returns of the electric railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

| ROADS | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | July 1 to Latest Duto. |  | ROADS, | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Juty 1 to Latest Dale. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Woek ir } \\ & \text { Monih. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prcotous } \\ \text { Yoar. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Current } \\ \text { Year: } \end{gathered}$ | Previcus Year. |  | Week or A fonth. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Propious Year. . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current: } \\ & \text { Xear. } \end{aligned}$ | Previcus Ysar. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No \& Nor East Ma \& Vlcisstrurs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & \text { way } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 288,856 \\ & 156,074 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,210,745 \\ & 1,564,457 \end{aligned}$ | N Y Oot \& Western N Y Susp \& West. |  | 607.78 347,71 | 730,41 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,700,388 \\ & 3,216,378 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 7.032,988 \\ & 2: 0105: 827 \end{aligned}$ |
| Vlots she \& Pac | May | 102,077 ${ }^{1} 0.002$ |  | 1,383:093 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,333,256 \\ & 1,258 \end{aligned}$ | Nortols Southern- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,008,0 | 5,186, | 4 700, |  |
|  |  |  | . 38 |  |  | pactibo Coast |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Atitantic }}$ |  | 35 | 2,812,4 | 26,704, 1212 | 25, 1886 | Pennylvana Br, |  | 12 | 12730 | 1310 |  |
|  |  |  | 777\% |  | 80.812 | Cumberland Vali |  |  |  |  | 211,048 |
| Banyor siA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,168, 102 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Host }}$ | $\mathrm{ADPH}^{\text {a }}$ | 3,504.6.66 | 3,539, | 37,072 | \% 0 ,082,149 | $\cdots \times$ | ADe |  | 290,531 |  |  |
| Bratroton Snco | Aprit ${ }^{\text {ata }}$ |  |  |  |  | Northern Central |  | 1, 102 ; | 1,061,235 |  |  |
| Bugrato \& Sury- |  | 18, | H, | 11,955, 600 | 1,810.729 |  | AD | , 1783 | - 402,088 | 5,07 | 1,503,389 |
| Camadian Pactic |  | 313, |  |  | 12, 149 | Pennsylvanta Co- |  | 3,71 | ,721, |  |  |
| Centrat of Georg | 2a wl/ Jume | 197,700 | 1 |  | , | Mrand map |  |  |  |  | 4,274280 |
| Central of New Je: |  | 321,1 |  |  | 5,314 |  |  | $8,924,92$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192.39 \\ & 008,011 \end{aligned}$ | 8, 8.718 | $\begin{gathered} 32,1894886 \\ 8: 25.170 \end{gathered}$ |
| ches 8 Ohto Linve | 2d we Jüc |  |  | , | , | Enst Fitls \& E E |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18,1786070 |  |  |  |
| peata Great We | 2prom | 6,477,473 | -8,803,597 | 12,070 |  | Perestarguetto Wes |  | 2025in17 | 332130 |  |  |
| Chto mid e | 2 a wh Jume | 121,5 | 121, | 5,8 | 5,723:515 | Raletende Soutipori | May | $\begin{gathered} 1.281,126 \\ 16,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,322,130 \\ 12,000 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 14,644,024 101.584 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,606.030 \\ 140.181 \end{array}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {aprin }}$ | 1,771, | 3,480,3 | st, | 53,974,705 | Reading Company Pmila A Reading |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chio | Apell | 5,518 | 787,01 |  | 61,521,509 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| Ch |  | ,147 | . 1025 | 13,680,105 | 1504.737 | R1ch |  | - 77 |  | 67,036,040 | 5,718,518 |
| Cin Ham < Dayton |  | $7514,60{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 758;031 | 7,923,498 | 7,832,331 | Rlo Grande June... |  |  |  |  | 1,855,095 |
| Coloraito Midatand. |  | 131,66\% | 181.282 | '621,707 | 1,968,642 | Rio Gra | 2 d wk |  |  |  | 799,343 |
|  | 9ict | 2376 | 292.550 | 5.2 | 15.09 | Rook Istand Lines: |  | 5,054 |  | 57,101 | 5,248,298 |
| Cornwail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{120} 273$ | 1 | 2,838 |  |
| Corn | pril |  |  |  |  | St Louts os San Fran |  | 3,172. |  |  |  |
| Delawarc in liud |  | 301, | 1278 | 2, 2 29, 189 | 2.10 | Chio Ee East 11. |  | 933,203 | 737 | 10,461 | 16 |
| Del |  | ,028, |  |  | 9,7 |  |  | ${ }^{190,390}$ | 174,702 | ${ }^{2.23}$ | 2,058,381 |
| Deny | 2 a whe.jume |  |  | 2,3 |  |  |  |  | 180, 044 | 40,234, |  |
| Denyer N |  | 23.248 | 23.536 | 959.556 |  | S |  |  | 202,710 | 11.410 | 1,610,390 |
| Detroit $0^{\circ}$ | za wh |  | 37. | 1,1250,341 | 1,520,805 | ${ }_{\text {San }}$ Saba |  |  | 296, 1 | 6,706, | 5.300,684 |
| Dut ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | 269,449 | 425.675 | 5,805, | 7,335,208 | Soubhard Arr Linc- |  | 1381 | 0833 | 15 |  |
| Sou stora e | za wt | -63,1 | ${ }^{68,1}$ | 3.002 | 3,142, 138 | Southern Rall | 2 w w June | 1,036,463 | , |  | 026,374 |
|  | Apri | , | .282, | 6, 20 | 691 | Cin | 20 wk sune |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foonda ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | May |  |  |  |  | , |  | 38,599 |  | 2,282 | 2,231,810 |
|  |  | ${ }^{2} 525,260$ | 245 | $2{ }^{2}$ |  | тenm 4 | ne |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Tryc |  | 112,774 | 801 | 42,8 |  | Texas \& Pacino- |  | 23, 126 | 260.300 | 15,265 | 15,141,319 |
| Det Gr H © M | 1st wle Jun |  |  | , |  | Toledo |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cansua Atanti | 26 wic Jum |  |  |  |  | To |  | 2, |  | , 62 | ${ }^{8}$ |
| Guif © Shio sata | Apa | - 16 | , 10 | 1.6 | 1, | Tombigbee Valle | A |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 480 | 43 | 6,0 | , | VIrginta \& So We |  | 8,671,000 | , 35 | 74,302 | 75,183,891 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | wh |  |  |  |  |
| Itrernat is Gt | d wk | , |  |  |  | West |  | 589 | 656,0 |  | a |
| a mintroccanle | 2d W ${ }^{2}$ | 100.392 | 180,731 | 8, 3509.249 | ${ }^{8,147,102}$ | W | April -.... | 533,077 | 468,030 | 5,630,265 | 5,711,544 |
| Kanawha do Mic | - | 213,932 | 195,5 | 2,566,912: | 2,278.470 | Wrightsv |  | [67,878 <br> 24.158 | - $24,3,35$ |  | + $\begin{array}{r}200.599 \\ 269886 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Kansas city S |  | 704.775 34.000 |  | 9,353, | 8,863 <br> 1,357 | Yazoose Miss Vall |  | 790,501 | 832,432 | 10.068,033 | 0,455,117 |
| Lealgh | May | 3,519,574 |  | 33, | 2.015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lexragt | Amil |  |  |  | 374,403 | Various Fiscal |  |  |  |  | Prevtous |
| Loultama os Arl |  | 113,248 | 12 | . | 1,094,140 | Denens |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | dwo | 944,755 | 070,885 |  |  | Del |  | Jan 1 to |  |  | ,2K4,907 |
| Macon © Birm' |  |  | 070,25 | 51, 138.202 | 128,702 |  |  | ran |  |  |  |
|  |  | 700,535 | 697,894 | 7,470,293 | 7,401,420 | Lake |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| kal | wk | 173 | 203,000 | 7,845,500 | 7,413,100 | Mioblig |  | Jan | Aprili | 1, | 1,42,730 |
| Minneap \& Sti | 2d wh |  | 10.354 | 71 | ${ }^{791.535}$ | Cleve |  |  | $\wedge$ Aprit | D, 5 : |  |
| Minn St P \& 38 | 2d wk June | 410,180 | 449,363 | 20,018,539 | 2,028, 344 | Peoria |  |  | Apri 30 |  | 1,030,680 |
| Misatrovp: Cmit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Apeli 30 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 760,369 | 737 |  |  | an | Apria | 3,5 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 2 awk | 000,000 | 1,000,000 | 0,655,636 | 50,699,887 | 20 |  | fan | $A_{\text {prin }} 30$ | 1,808 | $8{ }^{39}$ |
| Nash |  | ${ }^{\text {cose }}$ | ${ }^{070,635}$ | 31.417 | 0.604,447 | en: |  | Jan | $\wedge_{\text {ppril }} 30$ | 40,103.010 | 01,712,070 |
| Nevata-Cal-O | 2 wk |  |  |  | $58,269,525$ 430,250 | Bat |  | Jan | Apeli 30 |  |  |
| Nevoila Cen |  |  | 2,402 | 71,678 | 50,230 | ${ }_{\text {Cumber }}$ Long |  |  | 30 |  | a |
| - O Great North |  | 139.240 | 140.431 | 409,307 | 1,108:020 | Mary h Delawaro |  | fan | Apry ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2 x 254 | 1 |
| N Y C | Aprt | 8,369;123 | 732.030 |  | 1,579 | N Y Philind |  | yan 1 to | Aprit 30 | 1,00 | 1,015,236 |
|  |  | 3,764. | 770 |  | , | Pbladelp |  | ${ }_{\text {an }}$ | Apmisi | +,80 |  |
| Chare Ind \& South |  |  | 309,727 | 4,624,280 | ${ }_{3}^{4}, 609,3537$ | Wenast |  | tran |  |  |  |
| Mroh |  |  |  | 23,034,121 |  |  |  |  | Apris |  |  |
| Ped | dim |  | - 274,959 |  |  | Puter crincta chte es. | 为 | an | . | , |  |
| Cin |  |  |  |  | 721,084 |  |  | man it to | Aprt |  | 179,628 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - Na |  | an 1 to | Apr | . 700. | 1000,218 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 120 |  |  | yan |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20291729 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 308,617 |
| NYNH W Harti- | April ....- | 5,150,362 | ,352 | 51,400,005 | 40,874,221 | Texas \& Dachio. |  | an a l | Aprisg | 6,320,700 | 001,820 <br> 0.708, と11 |

AGGREGATES OF GROSS EARNLING-Weakly and Monthly.


Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.-In the table which follows we sum up separately the earnings for the second week of June. The table covers 43 roads and shows $2.40 \%$ decrease in the aggregate under the same week last year.

| Second week of Jung. | 1011. | 1010. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\$$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 6.349 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ann Arbot | 41,290 | 33,610 | 7,680 |  |
| Atlanta Btrmingham \& Attantio | 46,606 | 45,200 | 1.406 |  |
| Butfalo Rochester \& Pittsburgh | 181,826 | 212,896 | 22,800 |  |
| Canadian Northern............- | 313.200 2.057 .000 | 290,400 |  |  |
| Canadian Pacinc | $2,057,000$ 197,700 | $1.902,000$ 189,600 | 155,000 8.100 |  |
| Ohesapeake \& Ohlo | 580.607 | 619,972 |  | 30.365 |
| Chlcago \&o Alton | 332,408 | 208.607 | 33,741 |  |
| Chloago Groat Weste | 277,478 | 274,712 | 2,766 |  |
|  | 121,500 | 121,649 |  | 15,040 |
| Colorado o Southern | 237.653 | 292.550 |  | 54.898 |
| Denver \& Rto Grand | 431,500 | 444,700 |  |  |
| Detrott \& Mackinac | 20,283 | 24,045 |  |  |
| Detrolt Toledo \& Ironton ${ }^{\text {Dulut }}$ South Shore \& Atinte | - 63,184 | 65,116 |  | 11,321 4,932 |
| Duluth South Shore of Atlantic. Georkla Southern \& Florida. | 38.599 | 69,071 |  | 472 |
| Grand Trunt of Canada Grand Truole West | 952,264 | 891,252 | 01,012 |  |
| Canada Atlantie.........) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Interoceanlo of Mextco. | 100.892 | 180.731 | 10.161 |  |
| Towa Centrat | 70,300 | 71,718 |  |  |
| Loulsvillo \& N Mincral Range | 94,759 | 970,285 |  |  |
| Minneapols \& St Louls | 96,677 | 110.747 |  | 14.070 |
| Minneapolls St paul \& S 8 M Chicayo Divtaton | 419,155 | 449,363 |  | 30,208 |
|  |  | 447,233 | 84 |  |
| Missour Pactio. | 1,009,000 | 1,000,000 | 9,000 |  |
| Moblte \& Ohto. | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ +165,690 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -213,050 |  | 6,360 336,300 |
| National Rallways of Mex Nevada-Callformin-Oregon | $1,165,423$ 7,799 | $1,501,729$ 7,629 | 170 |  |
| Rlo Grande Southern | 9,227 | 13,112 |  | 3,485 |
| St Louls Southwes | 100,026 381,591 | 202,710 383,004 |  | 73 |
| Seaboard Alc Line Southern Rallway | 1,036,463 | 1,050,735 |  | 23,273 |
| Tenn Alabama \& Gcorg | 2,637 | 2,194 | 443 |  |
| Texas of Pacilio. | 234,126 | 269,400 |  | 35.174 |
| Totedo Pcorla \& Wistern | 23,755 | 22,292 86,070 | 1,465 |  |
| Toledo St Louls \& Wester Wabash. | 82,025 604,379 | 86,070 874.570 | 9 | 1,040 |
| Total (43 roads) | 13,444,268 | 13,775,015 | 3,4,355 | 675.102 |
| Net decrease (2.40\% |  |  |  | 330.747 |

For the first week of June our final statement covers 43 roads and shows $1.57 \%$ decrease in the aggregate under the same week last year.

| First week of June. | 1911. | 1910. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prevlously reported (38 roads) | $\frac{8}{12,073,538}$ | $12,362,302$ | $353$ | $681,800$ |
| Grand Trunk of Canada. Grand Trunk Western. Detroit Gr Hay \& Mitw Canada Atlantlo. | 873,582 | 791,354 | 82,228 | ... |
| Tennesseo Alabama en Gcorita. | 2,429 | 2.104 | 235 |  |
| Total (43 roada) <br> Net deorease (1.57\%) | 12,049,549 | 13,155,850 | 475,589 | $\begin{aligned} & 681,890 \\ & 206,301 \end{aligned}$ |

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.-The table following shows the gross and net carnings of STEAM railroads and industrial companies reported this week:

a Not orningi here given are atter dedueting taxes.
b Net earninga here given are beforr deduetlog taxes
$r$ After allowing for miscollaneous recelpts snd net from coal and other
 $\$ 330,403$ in $1010:$ and from
against $\$ 2.737,710$ in 1010 .

| InterestNoads. | Charges and Surplus. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - int.. Rem } \\ & \text { Current } \\ & \text { year. } \\ & \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { its, dec. } \\ & \text { Previous } \\ & \text { Yegr. } \\ & \$ \mathrm{~s} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { - Bal. of } \mathrm{N} \\ \text { Current. } \\ \text { Year. } \\ \mathrm{s} \end{gathered}$ | Earns, Prepious Year. \$ |
| Central New EnglandJan 1 to Mch 31. | 477,109 | 122.810 | def154,099 | 2200,369 |
| Dunktrk Alt Vall \& PittsJan 1 to Mch 31. | 14,693 | 10.073 | $x$ def3.355 | $x \mathrm{def} 12.039$ |
| New Jersey \& New YorkJan 1 to Mel 31 | 56,455 | 53,746 | xdet24.323 | $x \mathrm{dets} .413$ |
| Pere Marquetto ....... May | 383,746 | , 384,998y | der 225.540 | ע8.328 |
| July 1 to May \$3. . . . | 4,074,825 | 3,067.123y | dr1776,693 | 7440,040 |
| Rio Grande Southern...Apr July i to $\mathrm{Apr} 30 \ldots$. | 19,848 192,137 | 20,257 106,375 | $x$ def7.287 $x$ de114,452 | ${ }^{x} \times$ derss,792 | INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES.


| Compantes. |  | Pnt, Rentals, dec,Current Previsus |  | -Bal. of Net Earns. Current Previous |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ycar. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Year. | Year. | Year. |
| Atlantio Clty El | Co... May | 6.803 | 5,442 | 9.833 | 9.720 |
| Canton Eleo Co | ...... May | 3.724 | 3,255 | 8,780 | 5,951 |
| Kings Co EL Lt | E P Co-May | 109,959 | 100,773 | 66,056 | 69,948 |
| Jan 1 to M | ay 31. | 558,892 | 507,025 | 430.620 | 422.729 |
| Muncle Elec Lit | Co......May | 5.875 | 1,216 | 849 | det 300 |
| Rockford Elec | Co....... May | 6.706 | 5,716 | 6,878 | 2,803 |
| Scranton Elec | Co....... May | 11,988 | 10.179 | 14,789 | 15,329 |
| $x$ After allowing for other income recelved. <br> $y$ After allowing for outbide operations, hire of equipment and other |  |  |  |  |  |
| ELECTRIC | RAILWAY | AND | TRACTI | COI | NIES. |



## c These ngures are fot consolldated company.

Electric Railway Net Earnings.-The following table gives the returns of ELECTRIC railway gross and net earnings reported this week. A fall detailed statement, including all ronds from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest
this kind will be found in the issue of June 10.

Amer Leght \& Trac._....May
Jan 1 to May 31 Atlantlo Shore Ry-b.........
Jan 1 to May 31 Bangor Ry \& E1 a
July 1 to May
si Blrm'ham Ry, L \& P . . May
Jan 1 to May $31 \ldots \ldots .$. Chattanooga Ry d Lt.a-May
Jan 1 to $\mathrm{Stay} 31 . . \mathrm{Ma}$ Duluth-Sup Trac_b_May
Jan 1 to Stay $31 \ldots \ldots .$. East St $t_{1}$ \& Suba Jan 1 to May 31 May
 - Hudson \& Manhattan a May Lebligh Van Trang July 1 to May $31 . . . .2 y$ Moxleo Tramwnys........ May
Jan 1 to May 3 .





 St JosRy, LLe. Ha d da a May




Preolous
Year
3
264,045
$1,468.102$
$1,468,102$
7,814
7,814
26,613
20,351
273,085
103.032
496.062
496.062
28,339
131.495

131,495
40,464
163,260
75,619
401,146
42,795
190.610
208,692
065,070
55,784
655,886

170,617
$1.099,702$
72,661
373.689
72,661
373.639
66,082
752,472
707,259
$1,604,563$
249,833
$1,138,905$ $1,950,351$
1,91800
30,211
160,850
150,453
730,841
322,609
$1,346,376$

During this period the capteal stook was Increased from $33,000,000$ to
37.,000.000 $V$. 91. p. 1450.1163 In order to provide funds with more extensively to ennage in the yacuum-oleanfing industry, and greatly
to increase the scope of tie already
 present iscal year, splendidly equipped and nro now well started upon tho
 Your company has talken lis.



 div, olarge. The avcrage outstandlog com practicaly fout times the pret.


 The company is now operating six plants, as follows: botler plant, Nor-
Wlch, Connh: Eastern statlonary vacuum-cleanluk plant. Philadelphla:
 eled fron-waro plant. Unlontown, Pa. The elctortanization extends from
 nkee, Detrote and
NCOME ACCOUNT.

Common dividen


 BALANCE SHEET.


 work in progrss.
matertat \& supp. 1,38 551,285



## International Mercantile Marine Co., New Xork.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1910.)The report signed June 1911 by C. A. Griscom, Chairman. and J. Bruce Ismay, President, says in substance:
General Ressuls.-The comblned Income accoumt of the compantes for the
year 1010 shows a surplus of $\$ 4,840,581$ after mectine all axce year 1010 shows a surplus of $84,849,561$, aftec mecting ali ixed charreesand
operating expenses, in whioh iatter are included all
 the year 1900, an tncrease of $83,667,246$, the Leyland and Natonal Unes, in
which toos not necudo the operations ot
 an Bondse-By the sinklug fund, 5250,000 of the $5 \%$ mortgaze bonds were

 pubilc amounted on Dec. 31 Tnsurance- The results of the working of the Insurance department for
the year 1910 were 60 sallsfactory that premumm coltceted from the ansoclated compantes durlag the latter part of the year, amomnting, with interert, to 8573,007 , were not requtred by the department, and therefore
were orecited to pront and loss account.

 The atcamshto Patiman in whlch the White St
 steamers in whtheh your, company, win bo jotntis incerverted are expected to
be completed and tin commission thts fall Owing to the doyelopment of tis bustiess to the West Indies, Moxico and steamers of the Median type. to be dellvered the lated part of this year. Rotowing the polly of disposing of obsolete tonngge. the scamera
 The SS. Ottawa was also sold in March and the ©S. Ottoman lo Aprlit 1911: onc Olymple, the laryest steamer in the world, galled from Sounhampton




The number of vessels now in the varlous services is 194. representing a
gross tonmagn of 1078, 370 tons, to



## 2 <br> 2

32....................... und
5 ,
10, Gross Tons.
5,000 to 20.000
 Generat-Tho trang-Atiantio passenger traffic showed aimaterlal increase In the nist and second elass moyement, both cast and west-bound, with the result that your carntngs from this branoch of the trattic wece substantally



 hoped that the earntnes rrom paxsencerer bustiness may be fairly wholl it is
talned as the resalt of the recont mpata-
 far $a$ very unheauthy como citiontha amounting to less than tmports, show-
trade. During the latter part of the year, however, owing to the excellent crops in thts country and the conacquent reduction in tho price of all cercals, and alao to the ailghty the conss activo
 that the cornings of the year, althought tar from sanditions tmproved. so
 prospects are more encourading,
The demand for beet and pact
ton has been so great, and packing-house producta for domentio congump-
oo feed for cattle so blyh, that there was
 conditions, the better class of Hve stock became more pientitul, and the ex.
portation of pockluy-house products lincreased, and the outlook for the
 devetoping so satistactorty that your drectors dectded to placo the steam-


Tho steamshtp Arablo haa oowpleted her seventh annual crulse to tho
Cediterranean and the Holy Land, and arrangements have been made tur her to make a simlar crulso umder charter, Teaving Now York in Feo. 1912. Because of the atractlons of short cruses to the West Indies and Panama
Canal, the American Line steamshit New York was placed in this trade for Cano, voonages during the past winter, and It has been dectded to carry out
simmilar cruises in tho comiag winter. The trade condtions between Great Britaitn and Australla and New Zeciand, and botween the United States compantes belno able to lacrease thels toanage in these trades, to the ma-

 olo picas to the ctrye nond aul the termina
port was concentrated at the now plers.

EARNINGS, EXPISNSLES, OHARGES, NC.

Gross voyare carnings---
Miscel. carns., Totat recelpts.
Gross oper. \& gen.
Net earnings............
Deduct
 Int. on loans, \&c........
Englith Income tax.
Int. on adv. For constr:
now ships Total deductions. Balance. ins. account Pror. purch inds. for year.....s.
 , 40,580 sur. $1,182,335 \mathrm{def} .1,720,983$ sur. $4,033,751$ Tncludes $31,179,339$ for "overhauts, lay-up expenses and betterments"
In 1910, against $\$ 1,076.065$ in $1909, \$ 1,247, .234 \ln 1908$ and $31,208,681$ in 07 CONSOLIDATED HALANCE SHEET DEC, 31-COMPRISING AMERI-


Cossects-
Invertuentis-
Int
 Sundry ship $\begin{gathered}\text { eb } \\ \text { alled co se mex. }\end{gathered}$.
members'pa
Corter
Coposita Inventorlem-is.
 Int, rec. . . neect Ageecey hatanoce Market, stocha \& Coshlas banke.ön hand de in trininst Open voy acots: pired timsurince mprov'ts, betterments


Denct.........

> | $2,040,658$ |
| :---: |
| 938,34 |
| $1,483,033$ |
| 673,088 |
| 230.690 |
| 23024 |
| 640,710 |
| $1,575,022$ |
| $1,158.544$ |
| 73,391 |
| 217,000 |

$$
\overline{205,329,435} \sqrt{202,544,543}
$$

trust bonds...
Dcb, bonds con Deb, bonds con-
stit, cos, held

1910.
$s$ Total ........

$\begin{array}{ll}3,976,467 & 3,785,280\end{array}$
144,025
$1,008,189$
3.7

214,007
908,805

630,050 346,872
$\begin{array}{ll}1,871,650 & 2,123,818 \\ 1,6757 \\ 1,65,586\end{array}$

$\frac{048,585}{205.329,435}-\cdots \cdots \cdots$

## New England Telephone \& Telegraph Co., Boston.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1910.)President Jasper N. Keller, Boston, May 1 1911, writes in substance:
Total Number Stittons,- New England T. \& T. Co. Deo 31 1910, exohange, 203,705 . private Hne 5,307 Southern Mass, Telephone Co.. ex-
ohange 27,740 , private line $107:$ subbilicensees assoclated and connected

 Commisson, atter forr year invettration, recommenaed to the company
the adopton of a pinn and veledule of ratex for the Boston and Suburbin tho adoption or a pinn and vebeduic of rated for the Boston and Siburbin
division. In reply the company anuomecd is dedsion to give the entre


 preparatory, and, with cortata modincations approved by the commtssion.
 both the company and the Southern Maxd. Telophone Co aggregato ${ }^{38,}$.-
400,000, namely, for new constructon and real estate, $34,000,000$, and for 400,000, namely. for pow construction
repalte and deprectalon, $84,400,000$.

> OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULLTS,
 "In theso cases the "nasoclated" as well as the "sub-licensec" compantea
are Included.

| Revenue- | 1910. | 1509. | 1908 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exchange be | 30,610,005 | \$8,896,874 | \$8,160,158 | \$7,668,600 |
| Tou service | 3,233,054 | 2,845.140 | 2.561.190 | 2,512.345 |
| Miscellancous | 8, 8159 | 67.144 | 141.133 | 178.012 |
| Messenger earnings |  | $43.625$ | 49,948 | S5.400 |
| Toterest and dividends: | 316,601 | 234.000 | 224.138 | 178,617 |
| Tota | 13,171.709 | \$12,086,7*3 | \$11,259,13 | \$10,679,6 |
| epration. |  |  |  |  |
| Repars and deprectation | 4,131,396 | 3,522,446 | \$8,312,139 | \$8,007.4 |
| Taxes | 70.681 | 6.44,250] |  |  |
| Messenger expenso. |  | 45,307 | ${ }_{76,203}$ | 80,424 |
| Inter | 118,808 | 142,966 | 254,036 | 360,48 |
|  | 89.077,715 | 58,002.834 | \$8,698,717 | \$8.513.423 |
| et reven | \$3,193,994 | \$3,183, 949 2,191,860 | \$2,560,413 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$2,186,203 } \\ 1,872,817 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Divideads | 2,350,686 | 2.101,866 | 2,076,842 | 1,872,817 |
| Balance, surplus.. | 8843,308 | \$902,083 | \$483,571 | \$293.38 |


$x$ During the year 1910, the company's records of construction have been increased by amounts shown necessary by nventory made under the dircction of the
has been added among the liability accounts under the titlo of "Inventory adjustment:
$y$ After deducting $\$ 200.000$ yearly tor depreclation of stocks and bonds. $V$ After dedueth
-V . $91 . \mathrm{p} .592$

## United Shoe Machinery Co., Boston.

## (Report for Fiscal Year ending Feb. 28 1911.)

President Sidney W. Winslow says in substance:
General Results- - The past fiscal year has shown a continued improvement
in the business of the company and of the forelgn companles in whilch thie company is interested. The factory at Beveriy has turned out a grester

 trom shoe factories over 4,000 of tis machines which were scrapped
hat they might be repaced with machlues embodyling the lapest Improve-monto-an expense walch the company assumes under tis present bystem
of doing bustiness, but whte would otherwise have to be borne by the dioo manufacturers.
Adatitions, dec.-The Beveriy plant with the addittons constructed during the ycar and tiosc now under contract win have a noor space of 21 aorts. asctory, and the averarc weekty pay-rill is over 875,000 .
fuc
The company has continued tial fiberal expenditures for
The company has continued tis inceral expendtures for the tmprovement Bo that it is now in a better position than ever before to furnish shoc manufacturers with the istat and most mipover machines. In pursuance of thls polley it bas segurca unventons and pats it became necewary to purchase a majorfty of the stock of the Thomas G. Plant Co., manufacturers of chase a mate Corporation tntends to retaln this stock only untll it can bo dilsposed of advantageously (V. 21, p. 965, 878; V. 92. p. 193). Roualtes Rectreat-- The nmounts reccuve per by this company for the manutacture of different classes of shoes are sabstanylally as follows: Goodyear Weits, men's.... $\$ 0.05694$ Chndren's Goodycar turn. $\$ 0.005$
Coodyear Welts, Women's. 0.04694 Men's and women's AteKay. 0.01746

 Vested in stook of the corporation and gtven to lessees under the terms of a
oircular letter dated June $101910(\mathrm{~V} .00, \mathrm{p}, 1618)$. Thie forecoing royaties substantlally cover everythitg whith the company reolver for the use of its prinolpal machines. In return the company Assumes the whole cost of inventon, development, manufacture and depre-
clation of machines, care of the machlnes, clation of machines, care of the machines, dc. The company now makes over 300 different machlnes, some of whtch are
teased to manutacturers. many of which are sold outight, and most of
which can be elther leased or whech can be elther leased or purchased as the shoe manufacturer may prefer. In constructing Goodyear welt shoe, the hilghest type now gener-
aily worn, the tidispensable macolnes whle the company supplies oxcluschlno. These are the machinea by whilch the fole and the upper are sewed tocther arter the monner in whiloh thes would be sewed by hand.
The Metallio machtnes, which tneert sluzs, bints and wire in heels or soles, are placed in fictorics by the company without clarge to the ahoc manufacturer. The company furnthtes the Goodycar weiter and atitcher and





 The par vatue of the average holating in common stocle ts $36.645:$ pref. $\$ 2,206$ :

Machines Out on Lease Btarch 1 and Incraye for Yow.


PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT OP BOLDING CO. (UNITRD SHOE MACHNNRY CORPORATION).

Earus. for year z
$\operatorname{mos}$. $\operatorname{In}$ value of

Bal, sur, for $\mathrm{yr} . \overline{52,125,070} \overline{82,000,023}$
Total ……. $\overline{58,250,730} \underset{\$ 8,363,999}{2,36,215}$

Total surplus...85.787.597 85.124,754 INCOME ACCOUNT OP OPERATING CO. UNITED AHOK MACHINERY CO.).


 | BALANCE | 1911. | 1010 . | Labllifiz- | 1011. | 1910, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


 Total . ......... $\overline{45,402,430} \overline{40,250,303} \overline{40} \mid$ Total .........45,402,430 $\overline{40,250,303}$

- Repectents stock of Sboe Mrechtrery Co. carricd on the bonka of the Corporation
 to the prevlous year.

| Agses- | $1911$ | $1910 .$ |  | $\stackrel{1215}{8}$ | $1910 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| reat cotat |  | 1,001,067 | Common miock. | . 878.93 |  |
| Machl | 2,032,416 | 2,512,132 | Mreterred atomk | 9,971,854 | ${ }_{402,1085}$ |
|  | 7,581:252 | 10,438.727 | Acctis. | 20,669,800 | 18,542,022 |
| Patent rights | 400.000 | 400,000 | Machinery reserv |  | 296,870 |
| Leamsd mach, ntik | 23,228,744 | 19,408,230 |  |  |  |
| miscelladoous ....- | 5.133 | 5. 160 |  |  |  |
|  | 42,258,020 | 40,002,026 | Total | 42,258,029 | 10,032,020 |

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS,

## RAILROADS, INCLUDING ELEOTRIC ROADS.

Abilene \& Southern Ry,-Application to Issue Bonds, The company on June 16 applied to the Texas State Railroad Commission for leave to register $\$ 1,700,000$ bonds and 370,000 stock on 54 miles completed, Abilene to Ballinger, Abres., Mrorgan Jones; Sec., Treas, and Aud., W. E. Kaultean. Offlec,
American Olties Railway \& Light Co.-Sale to New American Cities Co.-The stockholders will vote on June 28 on the following propositions:
(f) To sell to the American Cittoy Co (a New Jersey corporation) all the


 (2) To authortze the sate of all the boonds and stooks of Ry, \& Let cican


 Son (ot whifh J. K. Newman. President num director of this company, is a






Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Ry.-Syndicate Closed.The syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan \& Co. which underwrote the $\$ 43,686,0004 \%$ bonds offered to the shareholders in April 1910 has, it is stated, been closed, all the bonds having been sold. -V. 92, p. 1563, 1498

New Line Opened.-The company on June 15 opened for operation a link of the Coleman-Texico cut-off, giving its gulf division a connection with the new trans-continental ine via Amarillo, Tex.
The line fust opened ruas between Sweetwater and Mess, nbout 120 miles,
The link of tho out-orf from Coleman to Swectwater, nbout 125 miles, has
 gocrated between Amarmo and. Coteman, connection belng tratns will be Gute diviston at this place, aifording tho Texas panianande. Wetern Kankss, potnts on the Guff const.-V. 02 2. p. 1563, 1408
Atlanta Birmingham \& Atlantic RR.-Extension of Receiver's Certificates.-Clark, Dodge \& Co. and White, Weld $\&$ Co, announced on Monday that, subject to the approval of the Court, they had arranged with the general protective committee to extend or refund for one year the $83,250,000$ receiver's certificates of the system due July 1. Present
holders will be offered either eash or a one-year renewal of holders will be offered either cash or a one-year renewal of the obligation. Compare V. 92, p. 116, 1563.
Atlantic Shore (Electric) Ry., Maine.-Rcorganized Com-pany,-The reorganization of the Atlantic Shore Line Ry Co. (foreclosed) was completed some time since under tifle of "Atlantic Shore Railway," per plan in V. 91, p. S69.
Report of Altantic Shore Line (Old Company) for 12 Stontha pathro Tune 30
Gross
Oprating
Net



## Bartlett-Florence Ry

y.-S

Georgetown, Tex., on June 12 Confirmed, Judge Wilcox at on May 29 for $\$ 41,000$ to J. L. Bailey, C. J. Gardner, J. W. Jackson and others. It is said the road will be extended from Jarrell to Florence and from Bartlett to Rockdale.

Successor.-See Bartlett Western Ry, below.-V. 92 p. 1498, 880

Bartlett Western Ry.-New Company.-The company was incorp, in Tex. on June 17 with 341,000 cap. stock, as succes sors of the Bartlett-Florence Ry,, foreclosed. Officors are:

Belt Railroad \& Stock Yards Co. of Indianapolis,-New Stock- $50 \%$ Stock Dividend. - This company filed on June 14 a certificate of incrense of common stock from $\$ 1,000,000$ to $\$ 2,000,000$. It is proposed that one-half of such increase shall bo allotted "to the present holders of the common stock in proportion to the number of shares severally held by each, as a distribution or dividend, of a like amount of the surplus assets." The remainder will be sold from time to time to provide for improvements and additions.



Bingham \& Gariield Ry.-See Utah Copper Co., V. 92, p. 1372, and compare V. 90 , p. 1683.-V. 91, p. $654,716$.

Birmingham \& Southeastern Ry.-New Morlgage.-The company, which recently changed its name from Union Springs is Northern Ry, has arranged to make a new mige. for $\$ 8,000,000$ for the extension of the road.
The company has at present a mortigage to secure an Issue of $\$ 1,000,000$
bonds, of which $\$ 75.000$ were at last aucounts outstanding
 from Port Davis to Rocktord, 58 miles, havint been proposed, of which 30
miles to Millstead has been forsome time mostly completed. - V. $024, \mathrm{p}, 124$.

Boonville St, Louis \& Southern Ry,-Reported Sate.-Sec Missouri Pacific Ry. below.-V. S9, p. 284.
Boston \& Maine RR,-Sale of Stock Authorized.-The Massuchusetts Railroad Commissioners on June 22 authorized the company to sell at public auction $\$ 227,300$ of unsubscribed common stock at not less than par. Compare

Bruce Mines \& Algoma Ry.-Sold.-A Canadiau paper says




Canadian Pacitic Ry,-Listed.-The London Stock Exchange on or about June 7 listed a furthor issue of $£ 1,232,200$ $4 \%$ perpetual consol. deb. stock and $£ 100,0004 \%$ non-cum. preference stock, making the total amounts thereof on the ist $£ 29,225,428$ and $£ 11,428,082$ respectively. - V. 92, p. 1563.
Carolina Clinchfield \& Ohio Ry,-Numored Lease.-It is widely reported that a lease of the Carolina Clinchfield \& Ohio is being considered by the Chesapeake \& Ohio and Seaboard Air Line. The combined roads would give a through route from the Atlantic seaboard to Chicago.-V. 92, p. 321.

Chesapeake \& Ohio Ry,-Favorable Decision as to Hocking Control.-Sce Hocking Valley Ry, below.-V. 92, p. 1242.
Chicago \& Alton RR.-No Action on Preforred Dividend.No action on the dividend on the $4 \%$ non-oumulative pref, stock, it is stated, is likely to be taken until after July 1 The semi-annual dividend, if declared, will be payable about July 15.,-Y, 92, p. 1635, 394
Ohicago Burlington \& Quincy RR.-Bonds Called.-Two hundred and forty-six Burlington \& Missouri River RR, in Nebraska consolidated M. $6 \%$ bonds due July 1 1918, of $\$ 1,000$ each, and 49 of $\$ 600$ each have been called for pay ment on July 1 at par and interest at the New England Trust Co, Boston, trustee.-V. 92, p. 1685, 1435

## Ohicago Indianapolis \& Louisville Ry.-Maburing Bonds-

 option.-Notice is given that the Louisville New Albany \& Chicago Ry, Company's \$2,300,000 Chic. \& Indianap. Div, 1st M, $6 \%$ bonds, dated 1881 and due Aug. 1, 1911, will be redecmed on that date at the Central Trust Co. N N YPotter, Choate \& Prentice
Potter, Choate \& Prentice, 55 Wall St., N. Y., and the Eirst Trust \& Savings Bauk, Chicago, referring to the above mentioned notice, annotince that they have purchased the $\$ 2,300,000$ Chic. Indiamp, \& Louisy, Ry. Co, refunding(now frst) mige. $4 \%$ gold bonds, due July 1 1947, which were reserved to retire the above bonds, and are now prepared to take the maturing $6 \%$ bonds to a limited extenton a $3 \%$ basis in exchange for the refunding (now first) mtge. bonds at $941 / 2$ and int., yielding over $4.30 \%$. See also V. 92, p.
1031 ; V. 91 p. 1095 .
Chicago \& North Western Ry,-New Station at Chicago. The "Railway Age Gazette" of New York on June 9 had an illustrated article regarding the new passenger terminal which the company opened to the public on June 4. The approximate cost is stated us follows: Real estate and logal expenses 811,560,000; station building and train shed, $\$ 6,380,000$ power station building and equipment, $\$ 810,000$; elevated approaches, $\$ 5,000,000$; total, $\$ 28,750,000$. - V. 92 , p. 1635.
Chicago Southern Ry,-Sale of Collateral.-The 811,000 ,000 Southern Indiana Ry, common stock deposited under
the Chicago Southern notes was purchased at auction on the Chicago Southern notes was purchased at auction on June 21 for $\$ 500$, in behalf of the Chicago Terre Haute
Southeastern Ry. Co., the reorganized co.-V. 92, p. 1435.
Citizens' Railway \& Light Co., Fort Worth, Tex,-Receiver's Sale July 1.-Receiver John W, Davis announces that the property of the company will be offered for sale in parcels on July 1. A press dispatch says:


Oleveland Cincinnati Ohicago \& St. Louis Ry.-Bonds Offored. Guaranty Trust Co. New York offorant $971 / 2$ and int. the unsold part of $310,000,00020$-year $41 \%$ gold debentures of 1911 dated Jan, 1 1911, due Jan. 1 1931, interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1 in New York (denomination $\left.\$ 1,000 \mathrm{c}^{*} \& \mathrm{r}^{*}\right)$. The debentures are part of a $\$ 20,000,000$ issue authorized in May 1910 , of which $89,650,181$, payable in francs, were sold to French bankers. Application will be made to list the debentures on the New York Stock Exchange. A circular says:
The indenture under which the debentures aro lssued provides that so Mont as thes nre oustandlag the company will not make any now mortgace
on tu roud, other than on leased lnes, without lncludins such debenturcs equally and ratanly with cyery bond or debenture secured by such mort-
giage This provison, of course, does not apply to the renowal or ext
 the debentures wil be used to refmburso this reasury for the payment
and retirement of the company's 4 -year notes of that amount, whleh maand retircment of the company's 4 -year notes of that amount, whleh ma-
tired June 1 the terminat frollities of the company, which during the past two years have been found madeguate to handle the business, resulting in almo ycars tinuous congestion and atding very rreaty to the expense of operation,
as well as liming thu volume of trattic that could bo moved. The net
corporate Income of the company for the year ending Dec,
 nuat interst on the above-mentioned $\$ 5,000,000$ notes pald June it, wa S1,475,497 The increased Inturest charges due to the 18sue of the $\$ 10,-$
000,000 of debentures is only 3200.000 .-V. 92. . 1310,807 .
Cleveland \& Marietta Ry.-Merger.-Sco Toledo Columbus Ohio River Ry. below.-V. 88, p. 52.

Oleveland Underground Rapid Transit RR.-Increase of Stock.-The company has filed with the Secretary of State of Ohio a certificate of increase of capital stock from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 3,500,000, \$ 2,000,000$ to be common stock and $\$ 1,500,00$ $6 \%$ preferred.-V. 92, p. 1031.
Colorado Midland Ry.-New President.-George W. Vallery, formerly Gen. Mgr., has been elected President to succeed A. D. Parker, resigned.-V. 92, p. 447.

Colorado Railway, Light \& Power Co., Trinidad, Col,Foreclosure. -The Central Trust Co., as trustee under the first mortgage, on June 13 brought suit in the United States Circuit Court at Denver, Col., to foreclose the same, the interest being in default. There are $\$ 1,864,000$ bonds out-standing.-V. 92, p. $1178,460$.

Delaware \& Eastern RR.-Foreclosure Sale.-Judge Hough in the U. S. Circuit Court on June 16 ordered the sale of the road on Aug. 11 at Margaretville, N. Y., under the mortgage of 1906 for $\$ 1,000,000$.
The Court dented thoapplioation of Russell Murray, a bondholter (whith
 denial is made, however, without p
of (urther facts.-V. 92 , D. 881 .

Delaware Lackawanna \& Western RR.-New Directors.Stephen S. Palmer, Pres, of the Now Jersey Zinc Co., and J. F. Talmage, of N. Y., have been elected direotors, to succeed the late Frank Wor

Denver Railway Securities Co.-Organization.-On June15 this company took over the holdings of the estate of the late David H. Moffat in the Denver Northwestern \& Pacific Ry, and now holds, it is stated, securities covering about $\$ 10$,$181, \$ 18$ of the total amount of $\$ 14,000,000$ heretofore expended on the property. In order to ensure local (Denver) control, the stook of the Securities Co. has been placed in a 7 -year voting trust, the voting trustees (Col. D. G. Dodge, Eawrence Phipps and Joseph C. Helm) to vote the stock as the board shall direct, Arrangements, it is stated, will be
made to take up the outstanding notes of the Colorado-Utah Construction Co. und to raise funds to continue construction.




 has yet been given out.
Eureka \& Palisade Ry:-Redecmed by Shareholders.-An officer of the company, writing from Palisade, Jume 14, says: In March 1910 the road suffered soverety from washouts and last No-
vember it was sold ander forcelovere nale but before the redemp


Galveston Harrisburg \& San Antonio Ry,-Bonds Authorized. -The Texas Railroad Commissioners on June 17 authorized the company to register $\$ 6,104,000$ bonds on the Galveston-Victoria division. Compare V. 92, p. 1636.
Green Bay Traction Oo.-Sale.-See Northern HydroElectric Power Co. under "Industrials" below.-V.82, p. 568:
Hocking Valley Ry.-Injunction Vacated.-Judge Sater in the U. S. District Court at Columbus, O., on June 19 granted the motion of the defendants in the suit brought by Howard D. Mannington, Secretary of the Ohio Indiana \& Michigan Coal Operators' Association, and two attorncys of Columbus to vacate the restraining order preventing the Chesapeake \& Ohio Ry. from voting the Hocking Valley stock. Compare V. 92, p. 1032.
The Court say that "at a later and more conventent date an optaton
wHive nite selfmy forth the ceason for its netlon," itis expected ant appen
 the facts to a a large extent, at least, came under the Court's notice, -
V 92, D 1os,
Houston Belt \& Terminal Ry.-Bonds Offered.-William salomon \& Co. of N. Y. and Chicago, and G. H. Walker \& Co. of St. Louis, offer, by advertisement on another page, at 101 and interest, the unsold portion of $\$ 2,000,0001$ st M. 30 -year $5 \%$ sinking fund gold bonds, duo July 11937. Auth. issue, $\$ 5,000,000$; outstanding, incl. present issue, $\$ 1,266,000 ;$ retired by sinking fund, $\$ 86,000$. Denom,
$\$ 1,000\left(\mathrm{c}^{*}\right)$. Entire issue redeemable on July 11917 , or any int. date thereaftor (Jan. I or July 1) at 105 and accrued int. Central Trust Co. of New York, trustec. The bankers furnish the following summary:

Security and Guarantef-Sicourcd by a 18 mf . on property of company Providng solo termina Malmites at Houston for Atohison Topeka \& Santa


 Proporty. Comprises 173 acres of land, hefluding anew pasticnger station


Interborough-Metropolitan Co.-Noles Again Extended,The $82,549,400$ collateral trust $6 \%$ notes which were extended in 1908 and 1910 (the last time until July 1 1911)
have been again extended for one year to July 1 1912.V. 92, p. 1178, 1108.

Lehigh \& Hudson River Ry.-Bonds Due July 1:-The principal of the $\$ 800,000$ Lehigh \& Hudson River 1st M. 5 s and the $\$ 145,000$ Warwick Valley RR. 1st M. $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, due July 1 1911, will be paid at maturity at the Central TrustCo., 54 Wall St., N. Y. The July coupons should be presented to the Irving Nat. Exch. Bank, N. Y., or the First Nat. Bank, Warwick, N. Y. The company has sold to Drexel \& Co., of Philade hia, $\$ 945,000$ gen. M. $5 \%$ bonds to provide for the refunding, increasing the amount of the generals outstanding to $\$ 2,265,000$, V. 92, p. 595.

Lexington \& Eastern Ry, $\$ 1,000,000$ 1st $5 s$ Mature.The issue of $\$ 1,000,000$ 1st M. 5 s of 1894 , due July 11911 , will be paid at maturity, together with the July coupon, at the office of the Louisville \& Nashville RR. Co., 71 Broadway, N. Y. City. Compare V. 91, p. 1447.
Little Rock (Ark.) Railway \& Electric Co.-Extra Divi-dend,-A semi-annual dividend of $4 \%$ and also an extra dividend of $1 \%$ has been declared on the $\$ 1,500,000 \mathrm{com-}$ mon stock, payable July 1. The company is controlled by the American Cities Ry. \& Light Co.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Previous Dirldend Record Common Stock (Per Cent). } \\
1906 . \\
1907 \\
190
\end{gathered}
$$

Regular
Extra
Junc, 11/2
1010.

Louisville \& Nashville RR.-Payment of $\$ 1,000,000186 \mathrm{M}$. 5s.-See Lex. \& Eastern Ry, above,-V. 92, p. 1565, 1311.
Metropolitan Street Ry., Kansas Oity, Mo, and Kan.Payments Authorized,-Judge Hook in the U. S. Circuit Court by order dated June 15 directed the receivers to pay the principal and interest of obligations of the company, matoring this year, amounting to $\$ 984,640$, from the earnings of the company, provided it would not unduly hamper the operation of the road.


Missouri Pacific RR.-Purchase.-The company has, it is stated, purchased the Boonville St. Louis \& Southern Ry., a 44-mile line which it has operated under a 99 -year lease.V. 92, p. 1636, 1436.

Nashville (Tenn.) Railway \& Electric Co,-Dividend In-creased.-A quarterly dividend of $1 \%$ has been deolared on the $34,000,000$ common stock, payable July 1 to holders of record June 19, comparing with $3 / 1$ of $1 \%$ since Jan, 1910, the first distribution of $1 \%$ having been made in July 1909.
Northwestern Elevated RR., Chicago.-New Bonds for Use as Collateral.-The sharcholders will vote Aug, 21 on authorizing the issue of $\$ 25,000,000$ 1st M. $5 \%$ mortgage bonds, which will be used as part collateral for the $\$ 30,000$,0003 -year $5 \%$ notes of the new Chicago Elevated Rys. See V. 92, p. $1563,1498 .-$ V. 92, p. 1436, 262.

Pensacola Mobile \& New Orleans Ry.-Details of Mort-gage.-The company's mortgage to the Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee, is made to secure an authorized issue of $\$ 750,000$ 1st M. 20-year $5 \%$ \$1,000 bonds, dated May 1911 at \$10,000 per mile.
Interast payable M. \& .N. at office of trustec. Honds are not subject to galls arc mormed 35 mullor are now in operation, all grading about


Philadelphia Baltimore \& Washington RR,-Maturing Bonds. The $\$ 1,500,00018 t \mathrm{M}$. (tunnel) $6 s$ issued in 1871 by the Baltimore \& Potomac RR, and due July 11911 will be paid at maturity at the Broad St. Station, Phila., or at 85 Cedar St., N. Y. The July coupon should be presented to the Mechanies Nat. Bank of Baltimore for payment. Compare V. 92, p. 1437.

Philadelphia Company, Pittshurgh. -Tioo Extra Dividenda of $1 / 2 \%$ Each.-The directors on June 6 declared the regular quarterly dividend of $11 / 2 \%$ on the $(\$ 38,735,000)$ common stock, payable Aug. 11911 to stockholders of record July 1 1911. On June 17 the board also declared an extra dividend of $1 / 2$ of $1 \%$ on the common stock, payable on Aug. 11911 to stockholders of rocord July 1 1911, and an extra dividend of $1 / 2$ of $1 \%$ on the common stock, payable on Nov. 11911 to stockholders of record Oct. 2 1911. Compare V. 92 , p. 1307, 1319.

Rapid Transit in New York Oity,-Reporl of Special Transit Committec Adopled:-The Board of Estimate on June 21 unanimously approved the McAneny report on new subway and elevated fines presented on June 13 (V. 92 , p. 1637) with several amendments, the most important being indicated below. The Interborough and Brooklyn Rapid Transit companics are given until Juno 28 to agcept or reject the city's offer.

The nterborough Ranld Transit Co. Is requifed to consent to the tmmedl ate modineation of contracts 1 and 2 . so as to provlde that the portion of
the exlsting subway beween $42 d$ St., Manhattan, and Atlantlo Avo., Brook



 upon the exerolse of the option of the city to terminate the so provldc that and that ot the ceaso of the proposed Severth Ave extension boall be
 appralsal, and the difte
by thic proner party.
third party designated hy tit: the have the compnay asslgn its rights to a


Reading Company.-Dividends to be Paid Quarterly Beqinning Next November.-Beginning with the comm n dividend in November 1911, all three classes of stock-1st pref., 2 d pref. and common-will, it is announced, be placed on a quarterly dividend basis instead of semi-annually, as heretofore. To make proper adjustment there will be paid a 2 -months dividend on the 2 d pref, in Jan. 1912.-V. 92, p. 1437,1110 .

Seaboard Air Line Ry,-Full Adjustment Interest.-The full interest of $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ on the $\$ 24,975,500$ adjustment mtge. income bond (the same as in Feb. last and Aug 1910) has been declared for the half-year ended April 30, payable Aug. 1. The results for the six months ended April 30 Showed, after all deductions, incl, a special allowance of
$\$ 152,000$, as permitted by the mtge., a surplus of $\$ 1,675,265$ applicable to interest on the adjustment bonds, the full interest on the latter amounting to $\$ 624,488$.
New Director.-Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, has been elected a dircetor.-V. 92 ,
p. 1244,1179 .

Toledo Columbus \& Ohio River Ry.-Merger of Peansyl vania RR. Subsidiaries.-The sharcholders of the Cleveland \& Marietta RR, and the Toledo Walhonding Valley \& Ohio Ry. Co., both members of the Pennsylvania system, voted last week to merge the companies under title of the Toledo Columbus \& Ohio River Ry. Articles of incorporation have been issued by the Secretary of State of Ohio for the new company, with $\$ 12,000,000$ stock. The "Cincinnati Tribune" says:




Toledo Railways \& Light Co.-Status,-Attorney W. W. Miller of Hornblower, Miller \& Potter, says there is no truth in the report as to an impending receivership. He says:
The committee representing the bondhotders is satisied with the nego-
Hations now belny carrted on for an adjustment of the franchise question
 justed within a comparatlvely short time An atternpt to throw the comA meeting of the bondhotders and creditors held in this city recently was comake arrangements tor the payment of the semi-annunl interest on the
company's bonds due July ind discuss the question of tmprovements to the property for the coming 6 months.
Slace the creditors and bondholders about $2 \%$ years ago, It has expended protective committec was orirantzed
 In raling the standard of ementency of the property to meet the requiteNo steps will be taken tow
chise question has been settled As somizing the property unth the frana plan will be presented. and it As expece as that matter ts out ot the way,


Toledo Walhonding Valley \& Ohio Ry,-Merger. See Toledo Columbus \& Ohio River Ry, above.-V, 75, p. 1088 .

United Power \& Transportation Co., Philadelphia.-Dividenda Resumed.- A dividend of $\$ 110$ per $\$ 25$ share has been declared on the $\$ 3,593,750$ stock, payable July 1 to holders of record June 20, being the first distribution since Jan, 30 1908, when $\$ 331$ was paid.-V. 91, p. 590.

United Railways \& Electric Co, of Baltimore.-Proposed Note Ipsue. - The directors have devised a plan for the making of an issue of $\$ 3,125,0003$-year convertible and collateral $5 \%$ notes, the proceeds of which will be used to retire: (a) the $\$ 2,500,000$ obligations of the Balt. City Pass. Ry. Co, due Nov. 11911 , mamely $\$ 2,000,000$ 1st M. $5 \%$ bonds and $\$ 500,00041 / 2 \%$ certfs. of indebtedness. (b) $\$ 535,000$ Series "B" and "C" car trust certfs. outstanding aftor Oct. 1 1911. (or $\$ 2,500,000$ [?]) of Úvited Railways \& Electric Co. Ist cons. M. $4 \%$ bonds. Stockholders will vote on the matter July 5 . The notes wlu be convertible into common stock at 325 per 350 athare at
any tme before maturtty, wnless the company











Virginia Anthracite Coal \& Ry, Co.-Sale June 29.-The receivers, Richard H. Smith and W. J. Payne, of Richmond, announce that the property will be offered for sale on June 29 1911 at Christianburg, Va., by the Commissioners appointed by the Court in the receivership proceedings. Upset price,
$\$ 40,000$. $\$ 40,000$.
from Clristiansburg Station on ing about 10 miltes in tength, extending



Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Ry.-Reported Plans.-The reorganization plan is, we are informed, in preparation, with prospects of completion at an early date. According to published statements, the following features have been tentatively agreed upon:
win end the lonk has been reached by the reorganization cominittecs that
reotween the two finterests, and bring about the
 In the Went Slde RR. and 83800.000 Termimal RR. \&Coal Co., Its holdings recelve $81,000.000$ adjustment $8 \% \%$ bonds and $\$ 3,200.000$ non-cum. $5 \% \%$
pret stock of the new pref stock of the new company,
The nxed charkes of the proper Inciuding interest on the adjustment bonds, whille the cornings are now
 annual fixed charse. 0.02, D. 1033, 882 .

Washington Potomac \& Chesapeake Ry,-New Securities. -This company has applied to the Maryland Public Service Commission for anthority to increasc its capital stock from $\$ 500,000$ (in $\$ 100$ shares) to $\$ 2,000,000$, and its bonded debt also to $\$ 2,000,000$, with a view to extending its line (now in operation from Brandywine to Mechaniosville, Md,, a distance of 21 miles) from Brandywine to Benning, in the District of Columbia, and from Mechanicsville to Cedar Point, on Chesapeake Bay, and Point Lookout.

Western Maryland Ry.-Extension to be Completed by Aug. 1.-The extension from Cumberland, Md., to Connellsville, Pa., at a connection with the Pittsburgh \& Lake Erie, 87 miles, will, it is announced, be laid not later than Aug. 1 . About 2 months later the company expects to operato through tralng to
pltstburgh over the extenslon and tho Pitsburgh \& Lake Eriorond thlrds of the linc hag been compieted and a reat part of the work on the
remalnlag thrid has been done.-V, $2, \mathrm{D} .1567$, 1437.

West Jersey \& Seashore RR.-Bonds Duc July 1.-Holders of the Camden \& Atlantic RR. consol. M. $8349,0006 \%$ coupon and $\$ 650,0005 \%$ registered bonds which mature July 1 1911 may (a) exchange their bonds for an equal amount of West Jersey \& Seashore RR. Co. 1st consol. M. $4 \%$ bonds, series F, maturing July 11936 ( $0^{*} \& r$ ), for a period of 30 days from July 1; or (b) the principal of the maturing bonds will be paid July 1 at Broad St. Sta., Phila.-V. 92, p. 882, 873 .

## INDUSTRIAL, GAS AND MLSOELLANEOUS.

Alabama Consolidated Coal \& Iron Co.-Merger.-The plan of merger with the Southern Iron \& Steel Co, has been at least practically completed, and it is expected that the same will be announced as soon as the underwriting has been arranged. Haydon, stone \& Co., it is expected, will be the syndicate managers.
$6 \%$ The plan, it ts unotfichally stated, provides for the issuo of $\cdot \$ 8,000,000$ of
 V. D2, p. 1638,1438 .

Amalgamated Copper Co.-Stalus.-President John D. Ryan is quoted as saying:
I think general bustess conditions have improved since the Supreme
Court deetsons in the rexst onses. There is a grater fecline of secturity

 present to bring this abont, but prospects on oct thi whole are extent
The copper business has been better durint the that two modl
price of the metal is still low and many companies aro not productin the




American Cities Co.-New Company.-See American Cities
 American Seeding Machine Co.-Dividend Increased,-A quarterly dividend of $1 \%$ and $1 / 2$ of $1 \%$ extra have been declared on the $\$ 5,000,000$ common stock, both payable July 15 along with the regular 11/2\% quarterly on the pref. stock, to holders of record June 30, comparing with $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ quarterly in Jan, last (when distributions were resumed) and pril 1911. Compare V. 91, p. 1631,-V. 92, p. 727.
American Telephone \& Telegraph Co., Boston.-New Stock.-The dircetors on June 20 voted to authorize an issue of approximately $\$ 50,000,000$ stock, shareholders of record June 30 to have the right to subscribe for the same at par on or before Aug. 31 to the extent of 1 shareo $f$ new for each 5 of old. Subscriptions will be payable in four equal installments, Nov. 1 1911, Feb. 1 1912, May 1912 and Aug. 1 1912. Part-paid stock will participate in current dividends. Only $4 \%$ int. will be allowed on pre-payments. On June 20 1911 there was outstanding $\$ 274,640,600$ stock and there still remained $\$ 23,799,000$ convertible bonds, which (prior to the change of conversion rate to result from the new stock issue) are exchangeable at option of holder for stock at a price
(for the stock) of 8133.7374158 (for the stock) of $\$ 133.7374158$.


Increase in Income.-See New England Telephone \& Telegraph Co, below
Listed in Paris.-An initial blook of 300,000 shares of the capital stock was listed Junc 20 on the parquet of the Paris Bourse, being the first American "industrial" stock accorded this privilege. (Compare Va.-Caro. Chem. Co., V. 91, p. 1635.) The New York "Sun" of June 21 said:
 body \& Co, of Boston, have been the American baukers actug, The
Frenoh banklak syadtoate 1 s composed of hie Banque de Parts et des Peys-




 bank, therefore, that had ill canceled all sates from which the purchasers

American Tobacco Co.-Mandate to Be Issued June 29. The mandate of the United States Supreme Court in the Government suit will, it is stated, be issued on June 29.V. 92, p. 1501, 658.

Ann Arbor (Mich.) Water Oo.-Proposed Sale.-See "Ann Arbor" in State \& City department.
Atlantic Fruit Co., New York.-Proposed Merger. -The stockholders will vote July 171911 upon a proposition for the sale of the entire business, property and assets of the company on the basis below stated and on giving an option thereon to Joseph Di Giorgio. In anticipation of this sale to a new consolidated company, the stock certificates are now being deposited, endorsed in blank, with the Maryland Nat. Bank of Balt.

A syndicate headed by Sternberger, Sinn \& Co. has underwritten $\$ 2,500,000$ bonds of the new Atlantic Fruit \& Steamship Co. (see below), to be incorporated in Delaware, probably to-day.
Digest of Circular Signed by Secretary Irving K. Ward, N. Y., June 161911 new corporation ts to be formed whtch shat, If atm mattord are cousum-


 ware oorporation, (h) Donald Stcamshte Co, a N. V. corporation stooll,


 cach phare being of par value of siness.
to talic oyer the above-named bualnestes.




 necessary for the ruquirements of yarious businesss wit be used in the
development of the company'o business, in the planting of larze additional

 Co. Hrom enterfay me \& Steamship Oo.-New Company.-Sce Atlantic Fruit \& Ste
Atlantic Fruit Co. above
Baldwin Locomotive Works.-Stock Offered.-Drexel \& Co., Philadelphia, and White, Weld \& Co., New York and Chicago, offer, subject to allotment, the remaining unsold portion of the $\$ 20,000,0007 \%$ cumulative proferred stock at $\$ 104$ per share, payable July 1 1911. Preferred as to assets and dividends. Dividends payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Cumulative from July 1. Par of shares, $\$ 100$. Redecmable, but only as a whole, at $\$ 125$ per share and accrued divs 1 The preterred stock ean be tncreased only with the consent of the holdera


 Digest of Letter of Alba B, Johnson to the Bankers, Dated Junc 22. The Baldwin Locomotive Works (Inoorp. In Pennsylvanla in June 1911] has acquired all of the capltal stock of "Baldwin Locomotlve Works," a
Pennsylvanla corporatlon organized in tiog to take over the business of the co-partnership which owned and operated the worles slnce Its beginning
In 1832 . The Baldwin Locomotive Works inten In accordance with Pennsylvania laws. to acquire the ownershitp of the Dhant and property of such older corporation, Mned by the entire capital
stock of the Standard Steel Works Co., now owned the older corporatlon. IThe re-Incorporation under the name of the Phlladelphta LocomoIncorporation of the new Baldwin Locomotive Works, Inio whlech new bonkng Interests have been admitted. Ed. 1 .
The plant and property so to be accultied is
of the plant and property so to be acquired is subject to the dirst mortgage
 jold acquass tion of the plant and property, the Baldwin Locomotive Works,
tis accordance with the provisions of such nirst mortgake, Is to $n$ ssume the In accordance with the provisions or such irst mortgage, is to nssume the
payment of the 810.000 oon bonds outstanding, nnd also of any and all ad-

 standing, $\$ 600,000$ have becn retired by operation of the stilding fund aut


 prises about 87 accres and employs upwards of 2,000 men . The officers and managers of the former busincss take for lnvestment $35.00,000$ of tee
preferred stook of the new company and hold also a majority of the common stock or the now company, and sich one mint of the entire butiness. Anlan has becn arranged under whleb certath momployecs of the new com-



Comblned net pronts for cat year 1910 of Baidwio Locomotive
Worlis and Stand
Net pronts for cal. year 1910 of Daldwin Loco, Works ntone.... $52,706,080$

 Includthe amounts ciarged off for deprectatoon on the Baldwta plant




 400.500 for the iast ten y ears. Baluin Locomotire Works and siander st Gross sales (tholudink reokilpts from hath sourear....... Manu $\begin{array}{r}5,707,682 \\ -50.412,480 \\ \hline\end{array}$
 \$5,295,132
 Balanoe avallable for dividends................................ $\$ 2,706,080$ CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET. BALDDIN LOCOMOTIVE
WORKS AND STANDARD STEEL WORKS, DEC, 31 1910.


| Land and bulldings-.$\begin{aligned} & \text { Batdwin } \\ & \text { Standard........... }\end{aligned}$ |  | Baldwin capltal stock $\quad \$ 20,000,000$ <br> Baldwin bonds............ 10,000,000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 9.011,858 \\ 1.875 .803 \\ \hline 808\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Bald | 0,851 |  |  |
| Standard | 4,800,831 |  |  |
| welltag | 7.850,048 | Bill |  |
| Accou | 6,240,959 | Savings |  |
|  | \%80, | Accounts payable (tormer |  |
|  | 1,87 | Ac |  |
| Cap. ntk nubscrp. with |  |  | -34.572 |
| praot \& exp.of bond tsis | 446,350 |  |  |




 recelvable having been canceled and the capteat stock collateral released to
the owners). prior to the sequisition of the stock of such corporation by
TThe Income accoumts and the batance sheets of the Daldwin Locomotive
 the year 1915 an annual sinlang find of $2 \%$ of the maximum amount of Dirctors-Wuifam L. Austla (Chatrman: Alba B. Jotnson (Preatdent)




(E. W.) Bliss Co., Brooklyn.-No Common Dividend, Owing to Strike. - The directors have voted not to pay a dividend for the current quarter on the $\$ 1,250,000$ common stock, owing to the strike of the International Brotherhood of Machinists which began on May 1. Distributions since April IS99 have been at the rate of $21 / 2 \%$ quarterly (payable Q.-J.), prior distributions having been $2 \%$.

About 1.000 employees went out, about one-third of thetr places having

Brown Hoisting Machinery Co., Oleveland.-New President. -Harvey H. Brown has been made President, succeeding the late Alexander E. Brown, who died April 26.

Buffalo General Electric Co.-Additional Bonds Authorized. -The Public Service Commission, Second District, on June 23 authorized the issue of $\$ 150,00030$-year $5 \%$ bonds, which are to be sold at not less than par.
On Feb. 21 last the Commission authorized the issuance of 3420,000
ounds to sceure property m Buralo and ereet a bullding thereon. This


Champion Coated Paper Co.-Stock Authorized for Divi-dend.- The stockholders on June 23 approved the increase in the common stock from $\$ 1,500,000$ to $\$ 3,000,000$, the new stock to be distributed as a $100 \%$ stock dividend. Compare V. 92, p. 1502, 1376.

Chino Copper Co.-New Bonds.-Stockholders will vote June 30 on authorizing an issue of $\$ 2,500,00010$-year $6 \%$
Ist M. s. f. convertible gold bonds, bearing date July 1, and Ist M. s. f. convertible gold bonds, bearing date July 1 , and
also an incrense of $\$ 500,000$ stock to provide forconversion.
 sald bonds on the basty of one 3500 bond for caioh 140 shares of sloek ctotai





 A ctroulat says. "Tho ocetifigate of organlzation contatued a proviston In accordance with agrecments made with the parter from whom the company acutred the property, That perod has now expted. The come
pony, howeve, has not been compelled to delay the development and
por
 per day, as orifrimerty planned, to 5,000 per dhy, and in order $\$ 0$ meet

Colts' Arms Co., N. Y.-Bonds Called.-The outstanding $\$ 275,0005 \%$ collateral trust bonds will be paid off at 105 and interest on July L at the American Trust Co., Boston, trustee Compare V. 92, p. 1638.
Columbia Gas \& Electric Co., Oincinnati.-Earnings.-



Commonwealth Edison Co,-Additional Bonds Listed.The Chicago Stock Exchange has listed an additional \$900, 000 1st M. bonds, increasing the amount outstanding up to $\$ 24,000,000 .-$ V. 92, p. 798.
Consolidated Gas, Electric Light \& Power Co. of Balti-more.-Earnings.-For year ending March 31:


Contoocook Mills Corporation, Hillsboro, N. H.-Pref. Stock Offered. Subscriptions are being received by I. M Taylor \& Co., Boston and N. Y., at 107, to yield $6.54 \%$ income, for the unsold portion of $\$ 450,0007 \%$ cumulative pref. stock of this new Mass. corporation, organized as successor, without change in management, of the Contoocook Mills Co. of N. H, Pref. as to dividends and assets; dividends Q.-J., accumulative from July 1 1911. Full voting power. No funded debt. Auth, issue $\$ 500,000$; par $\$ 100$. Callable at $\$ 125$ on or after June 1 1913. American Trust Co., transfer agent. Old Colony Trust Co., registrar.

## Digest of Bankers' Circular uet of these mills ts the we


 with frc-sprinkter syxtems and ulithtcd by electrictiv. pronts in the past 5 years, Inclusive of the amounts withdratm tor scrvices About $\$ 59.000$ and for the last 19 years 350.000 . The demand has so expanded ihat it is planned to tacrease thr output 50\% mmedtately. whtch should tncrease total mronts to bbout 390,000 . or threo times the dividend
requirement. The company whil own outright one of the best water powers
 Rlver. The minimum power now taken from two whe ls s ss sufficicicit tor
he present plant and from $300 \%$ to $400 \%$ more power is cstlmated to b the present plant and from $300 \%$ to $400 \%$ more power ts estimated to bg
nallable. No mortgage can bo authorlzed except with vote of $75 \%$ of hie outstandtury precerred stook.

 rights ${ }^{\text {rec. }} 1850,000$

Des Moines ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ) Water Oe Offer sell to City Des Moines" in "State \& City" dep.-V. 92, p. 1502, 1438.
Dominion Steel Corporation,-First Dividend.-An initial dividend of $1 \%$ has been declared on the $334,598,600$ capital stock, payable July 3 to holders of record June 20 .-V. 92 , p. 1434,325 .

Donald Steamship Co., New York.-Proposed Merger.See Atlantic Fruit Co. above.-V. 81, p. 1613, 1495.
(E. I.) du Pont de Nemours Powder Co,-Dissolution Ordered in Government Suit.-The U. S. Circuit Court, 3d Cir-
cuit, at Wilmington, Dela., on June 21 decided in favor of the Government the suit begun in July 1907 to obtain the dissolution of the company for violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. Compare V. 85, p. 286, 342. Judge Lanning wrote the opinion, Judges Gray and Buffington concurring. See also editorial on another page.



 Mrg. Co., Austin Powder Co, King Powder Co., Anthony. Powder Co., Ltd.: Amcrean E. O. and Schultze Gunpowder Co., Peyton Chemical Co., Herry
ceau Pont (U. S. Senator from Delaware). Henry F. Baldw in ceased), Callfornla Powder Works, Conemauigh Powder Co., Metropolitan Intormation as phall enable that the tra Court. in order to obtain such further force to ot adsuafleation, whit hear the petutioner and the defendants on
Oct. 10 nex
 the petitioner and the derendanse, orany of them, to the end that the Court which will not deprive the defendamis of he opportunity to xc-create out of the eletrients now composimk sald combination a new condition which
shall be honcsily in harmony with and not repurnant to thelaw provisions follow closely the rulng in tic American Tobacco case, These Unth the entry of the hinal degree the sald 28 derendants are jotntly and Turther extend or enlarge the netd of operationsor the power of the atore-
Bonds Called.-One hundred and twenty-four 1st M. $5 \%$ collateral trust gold bonds have been drawn for redemption on July 1 and will be paid at the Metropolitan Trust Co., of New York.-V. 92, p. 1502, 1314.
Federal Biscuit Co., New York.-Merger-Sale of Stock.This company, recently organized as a merger of baking par, is ofrering privately a limited amount of its pref. stook par, $\$ 100$ a share, with a bonus of $50 \%$ in common stock.







 Crentaik a larker demand for them py ils to manuraoture unilorm soods.
 Organtzed under the faws of Delaware, with quth. capteal of 818.000 .000

 and ooin. stoolr allike in egual proportions. No mortyaze can be io prefucd






Georgetown (D. C.) Gas Light Co.-New Plan.-The stockholders on June 5, neting under a modified plan, authorized an issue of $\$ 1,000,000$ (not $\$ 2,000,000$ ) $50-\mathrm{yr}, 5 \%$ bonds, interest F. \& A.
 or retire eutatanding cortincatea of indebtedncess, 380,000 for lloating ladebt-



Great Lakes Steamship Co., Oleveland.-Bonds-Merger. -The Tillotson \& Wolcott Co.. Cleveland, has recently placed an issue of $\$ 1,500,000$ rof. 1st M. $6 \%$ gold bonds, 1912 to 1921, both due serially $\$ 150,000$ each July 1 from 1912 to 1921, both incl. Prin, and int. (J, \& J.) payable at Guardian Savings \& Trust Co., Cleve., trustee. Par $\$ 1,000$. Digest of Bankers' Statement
 Were controled by the same titerest that control the new corporation:


 These bondz are lasucd under a ibt M , on the entro property, constrting
of 21 modern stcel frelght boata used in the are and cont-onervile trade on the Great Laled The The yessels have hust been appralsed by three experts. the everage valuauton belag $55,035,800$ Hor $39,802,000$, whitch represented

 apprascd at
boods offer herownoth:
Tho company win be coutrolled and manared by the same Intoresty that
controlled the ola compancs - interesta wiose hade conneotlona have
 cmable it to semd out led principal boaty ou Jume 1 , The averago ammual earnings for the pat years were na follows gross, \$1, 338,784, oncrating,
$\$ 833,032 ;$ net. $\$ 400,752$, or moro than sumflent to cover the insurand
fund and the maximum interest and principal requirements, whilie the economict rrow
Insurance.-In lfou of Insurance polleles the company will, each year pay to the trustec $\$ 350,000$ in cahn. Which sim is to accumulate untal it at least $50 \%$ of the oqustanding bondt, with a minimum of $\$ 350,000$.
Great Western Cereal Co., Ohicago.-Sale of Mills.-The company has sold to the Quaker Oats Co. the mills at Fort Dodge, Ia., and Joliet, III., together with trade rights in "Mother's Oats."
The company retains its propectles at Akron, O,, Muscatloc and Nebrastca Clty, Iowa.
Prestdent Joy
Morton Is quoted as saying: "The Great Western Ceroat
 to duspose of pirt of its property, That has becn now aceomplifhed in a Westorn Cereal Co, Just what tes future operatoas are to be will depend upon the action of 1 ts ghoitholders.
Vice-Presldent Douglas sayki

Green Bay (Wis.) Gas \& Electric Co.-Sale.-See Northern Hydro-Electric Power Co. below.-V. 91 , p. 592
International Merc. Marine Co.-See "Annual Reports,"
New Dircctor.-A. H. Gillard has been elected a director
o suceeed John E. Archbold, who resigned.
Bonds Called.-Three hundred and twenty-five ( $\$ 325,000$ ) ist M. sink. $\mathrm{fd}, 5 \%$ gold bonds issued under mtge, dated Feb. 11899 , under the former name of the International Navigation Co., have been called for payment on Aug. 1, at par and interest, at the Fidelity Trust Co., Philadelphia, trustee.-V, 92, p. 191.
International Smokeless Powder \& Chemical Co.-Desion. See Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co, above.V. 92, p. 599, 466.

Geo. W. Jackson (Inc.), Chicago,-Liquidation.-The creditors' committee has, it is stated, undertaken to complete the existing contracts, but no new contracts have been sought

The well-equipped fabricatine plant has been practically shut down and now offered for sule, Other office-bullding and warenouso property of
 opproximatoly 7,000 bons amual equipped for the manufacture of both farge nat small steel work.-V, 22, D. 1035. 559.
Knickerbocker Ice Co. of Chicago.-Bonds Not Yet Offered No offering of the $\$ 4,300,000$ new bonds recently sold has yet been made, but is expected to bo shortly. Besides providing for the payment of the $\$ 1,200,0005 \%$ notes, which have been called for payment at 101 on July 1 , the new notes, it is reported, will be used to retire the $\$ 1,962,000$ of old 1st M. $5 \%$ bonds outstanding, which will be called and paid at 105 on Oct. 1 next.-V. 92, p. 1639, 1503
Maryland Coal Co. (of Md.).-Subsidiary.-The Maryland Coal Co of W, Vi., which was recently ineorporated with a capital stock of $82,000,000$, is, we are informed, merely a subsidive orgazed to operate the West Vircimia propertios of the old Maryland Coal Co.-V. 92, p. 466, 326.

Merchants' Coal Oo., Pittsburgh.-Control, \&c.-See United Coal Co. below.-V. 90, p. 680.

Merchants' \& Miners' Transportation Co., Baltimore. Dividend Reduced.-The "Balt, Sun" on Jume is said: The nonnolat dstrfot lauraded yesterday that the wreotors had delared
the dividenil for July at thic cate of $1 \%$ Instead of $3 \%$ This makes the dis



Montreal Light, Heat \& Power Co,-Reduction of Prices.A reduction for electricity for lamps has been announced, to

purchased by the estate of Simon J. Murphy of Detroit Mich., which, at the same time, bought the holdings of L. E. Meyers of Chicago in the Green Bay Gas \& Electric and Green Bay Traction companies. The total consideration was $\$ 1,000,000$ in round numbers.-V. 89, p. 1545.
Orange \& Rockland Electric Co. of Monroe, N. Y.-Bonds Authorized. -The Public Service Commission, Second Dis trict, has authorized the company to execute a mortgage to secure an issue of $\$ 500,000$ in bonds.
Ot the bonds 8183,500 are nuthorized to be issued at present, viz. $\$ 37,000$ to rerund outstanding bondas, 307000 to discharise obirations of the company tincurred for cappital purposes, 50,000 to dischargo accounts incurred ror captal purposes and shat Moroe. Tha company operates in Moaroe. Phant and system locawde. Woodbury Palls Florida. Whshinithonvilte, Centrat Valley, Higthand Xeus, Turnet and Ox
Pacific Coast Rower Co., Seattle, Wash.-Another Extra Dividend.-A regular semi-annual dividend of $\$ 250$ per share has been declared on the $\$ 7,075,000$ common stock, also an extra dividend of 50 c , per share, both payable July 17 to holders of record July 1. These are the same payments as in January last. Compare V. 92, p, 1636, 59.

Pennsylvania Gas Co., Warren, Pa.-Stock.-This company, which supplies gas in Wurren, Corry and Erie, Pa., and in Jamestown, N. Y., has, it is reported, recently filed a certificate increasing its capital stock from $\$ 800,000$ to $\$ 4,800,000$ prying thereon a State tax of $\$ 10,333$. Pres., C. N. Payne; Sec., W. H. Filler.

Quaker Oats Co.-Purchase of Mills.-See Great Western Cereal Co. above.-V. 92, p. 660, 592.
Sherwin-Williams Co., Oleveland.-Ally.-See SherwinWillimms Co. of Canada below.-V. 91, p. 877
Sherwin-Williams Co, of Canada., Ltdi, Montreal.-Pref. Stock: Offered, -The Montreal-London Securities Corp., Ltd., and Johnston, MoConnell \& Allison, both of Montreal, are offering for subscription $\$ 300,0007 \%$ cumulative pref, stock, with $20 \%$ bonus of common stock in this new company, incorporated on June 91911 under the Canadian law
Condensed Extracts from Bankers' Adverifsement Based on Official Data, Amerles (V, 01, p, 877 ) and the alfectors of the now cotapany have taken S1,500,000 for investment, and of the romsindur \$1,200,000 his been taken by Cannatanine- Auth, To be lssued.


 Eng: branct otflecs, factorles and warehouges, Toronto, Winnipef, Vancouver: oxtde marts and Bombay Now Zealand: Parts bustnex of the Sherwin-Willams Co, of A merfca, the largest manuticturers of palate and varnishes in Canada. Plant covers inout four neres in Montreal, most modern and cormplete (oult in 1005), ombracing paint, varnisn and (insed the control of the cannac
 yarnish worlis at orontor: pafat factory and lingecd oll mill at wimpipeg; ox-

 pany has slace $10 n 5$ becn asoclated with the stervin-WIII ams Co.
 mark, patents, richts, and good-will of the companies, whith are valued at over $83,000,000$,
Comblned carnlngg for thy year 1010, after allowiag for depreclation
 dividend on $7 \%$ orot, stock. 8210,000 : bslatice surplus, cuact to $45 \%$ on
 or oyectors (eontinuing the prosent msangeraenta): Water H. Cotting-
 James W, Garson, London. Tranifer arents, Royal Trust Do. Regis-

## Southern Oaliiornia Edison Oo., Los Angeles,-Converti-

 Debentures.-Harris, Forbes \& Co., E, H. Rolling \& Sons ad Perry, Coffin \& Burr are offering at 101 and interest, elding $5 \% \%$ income, a limited amount of an issue of $1,000,0006 \%$ five-year gold debentures (tax-exempt in (iffornia), dated April 11911 and due April 1 1916, but deemable on any int. date at 101 and int. Interest A. \& O. N. Y., Los Angeles or Chicago. Par $\$ 1,000\left(\mathrm{c}^{*}\right)$. Conrible at par at option of holder into common stock. bankers show:Capitalisntion as o/ficially Reparted Aprit 30 1011, $\$ 4,000,000$ mon frecelvilig divs of $0 \%$ per anm.), auth , $526,000,000: 1.7 .7,200,000$



Net earntngs . . ...... $\overline{\$ 1,004,806}$

Now England (Bell) Telephone \& Telegraph Co.-Dividend Rate Now $7 \%$. The directors on June 21 declared a quarterly div, of $13 / 4$, increasing the annual rate from $6 \%$ to $\%$. The American Telep, is Teleg. Co., as owner of $58 \%$ of the $\$ 39,178,000$ capital stocs, will pro
extont of $\$ 227,000$ per annum.
Pres. Kellor says: "Theo average dividend to the stoekholders durlar the




 margin ot satety over nxed chargec. Thn orticery fece that thits distribution of tio hozesyot net varnmzs fotwoen te cmployees the puble and its
Report.-See "Annual Reports" on a preceding page.V. 91, p. $592,151$.

Northern Hydro-Electric Power Co., Peshtigo, Wis. Sate.-A controlling interest in this corporation has been

Balance
Tho debentures are lssued to pay for permanomitestension and additions. Under the detenture Agreament, no new mtey, ean bo placed on he property uniess thele debentures are atlorided the securtey of any such metge. Ony
s $\$ 00,000$ of the debeature will bo avaliable for our oustomers. They will be heavily overaubscribed at the lsuce price of 101 and titi (Compare
Swilt \& Co.-On Chicago Regular List.-The Governing Committee of the Chicago Stock Exchange this week placed on the regular list the $\$ 75,000,000$ stock hereeofore traded in on the unlisted department.-V. 92, p. 1114, 116.
Union Stock Yards Co. of Omaha.-Earnings,-In reference to a discrepancy in the statement V. 92, p. 1378, we have the following:

There was a transportion in the efrcular which you recelved, which, as you presumed, was an ndyance proof, the exnenyss belag stated tin the ele-
 olroular. In reference to the net earninger of the dast two years with s100, thoy have chayged the net earnueing the net to \$454,558 and $\$ 460,287$, ro-
opo of deprectiton, thas redacing
spectively; while, as a matter of faet, the earninga were $\$ 100,000$ in excess
 United Coal Co. of Pittsburgh.-Offering of $6 \%$ BondSecured Coupon Notes.- J. S. \& W. S. Kuhn, Inc., Pitts-
burgh, N. Y., Chicago and Phila and Kubn, burgh, N. Y., Chicago and Phila, and Kuhn, Fisher \& Co., Boston, are offering at par and int., by advertisement on another page, the unsold portion of a block of $\$ 750,0006 \%$ bond-secured coupon notes, dated Dec. 31 1909; par $\$ 1,0000^{*}{ }^{*}$ due $\$ 100,000$ Jan. 11916 , $\$ 100,000$ Jan. 1 1917, $\$ 125,000$ Jan. 1 1918, \$250,000, Jan. 11919 and $\$ 175,000$ Jan. 11925. Int. J. \& J. at Safe Deposit \& Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, Pa., trustee. Tax free in Pennsylvania. The bankers having already sold $\$ 750,000$ (V. 88, p. 298) of the authorized note issue ( $\$ 1,500,000$ ), the proceeds of which have been expended in permanent improvements, are now offering the remainder, which has been issued to reimburse the company in part for the purchase of $75 \%$ of the capital stock of the Merchants' Coal Co. (V. 90, p. 630).

## Abstract of Bankers' Circular




 Jeat to a bonded debtot of only 33.036,000, outstanding May 351011 Total



 March 1 1004 shall have becen reetred by smakrs fumd. Under the varoous ooal is oxhausted.
Financlal Statement May 25 1011-(Totat Outstanding Bd. Debl $311.481,000$ )
Capltal stock. 1st $M .53,1955$, auth, $\$ 7,000,000$ (V. 82, p. 1326); Issued, $\$ 6,-84,000,000$
087,000 , less retired by sinking fund, 3204,000

## Held for betterments and purchase money mortgages.-. $\$ 13,000{ }^{6}$ <br> Vaomi Cont Co bonded debt of cos. Whose cap, stk, has beed acquired: <br> 



 Gcoss pronts.

 $\$ 5,000.000$, of whloh over $\$ 1,100,000$ thas been patd ont of approxmately he following deductions from gross promits; Depletion of coal langs, \$ftor
 the propertfes in Somerset County tivo other seams owned, ani in West of coat are avrutabla in the slngle scam now Approximately $254,000,000$ tont ons are availablo in the zeams yet to be opened, a total of $558,400,000$ tons. according to englneers estimates. The total acreage controlled is is, 650 .
The coal is of thennest quatlity for both ga3 and steam, that from the Orenida mine befo furalshed the Governmont for usc in tie. Acatemy at Ane orenda The mines are equipped with improved labor-saving machlnery. We also own several thousond acres of surface, valuable river frontage, rallway ox-
tenstons, modern power houses, more than 1,000 miners houses and hotels, consions, modera power houses, more than 1,000 miners houses and hotels,
160 river cratt and one steamboat, $\&<$
 Ming, oapaclty 1,800 tons a day Filzabeth pylt, are s follows: Patterion
 Lards, Pa, Nromt Mtinc, capaoty 1, Roo tons a day. Betla Vornoad P


 a largo ralfroad systom, and sipveral on the Monon mathe boling locatod on

 Which the Untted Coal Co. \&artelpates of Maltyankec, In the owncrihip of two-torras of the stock of the Trum Coal Co.nf CIncinnath,which ompas an


United States Light \& Feating Co.-Par of Stock,-Th directors at a recent meeting considered the question of increasing the par value of the common and pref. stocks of the
company from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 100$, and referred it to a to report later.
If the change is approved by the board and authorized by stockholdery United Sork Stock Exchange.-V. $\mathrm{Da}^{2}, \mathrm{D} .1041$
vertible Bonds Authorized-Present Issue $\$ 6,000,000$ Endiv written-Offered to Stockholders at 92 .-The stockholders on June 10 adopted the various propositions relative to the auhorization of $\$ 12,500,0006 \%$ bonds, payable in five years from the respective dates thereof, redcemable at option of company at 105 and int, on any int, date after two years from the issues thereof in amounts of not less than 8100 000, and convertible at par into common stock at option of holder at any time after two years.
The present issue of $\$ 6,000,000$ of said bonds has been anderwritten by a syndionte headed by Eugene Moyer Jr. $\&$ Co., New York, and is offered for subseription at $92 \%$ of par until 5 p. m. July 14 to all shareholders of record June 20 to the extent of $\$ 2,533.56$ bonds on account of each 100 shares of stock held, or, in other words, approximately a $\$ 1,000$ bond for each 39.47 shares.
N, Y. $12 \%$ July 1411011 and $50 \%$ and acerued int. Oct. 2 Weat 61 st $9 t$. ate the bonds will be trsued. The second tnstaliment may be prepatd.


United States Steel Corporation.-Status.-Chairman E, H. Gary on Wednesday, before sailing to attend the international congress of ironmasters in Brussels early in July,
said: said:
There has been a slow, steady fncreaso in the steel bustiness during the to 30,000 tons per day, which is a constderable pleprovement over last month. Our milis aro rumntng at $68 \%$ of capacity. Of course ther many months. thts export bustness, whilel is runmmg at the rate of about $2,000,000$ tons Der atnum, whioh is a very large tncrease
At the convention at Brussels there will
produclng countrles of the world. The oblect ls slapty from all of the steelwith reference to the economic, ethleal and soclologicy to exchange views sonal acqualintanceshlo and fers are interested. It is bellestions in which posttion to co-operate in business affarss so contact may result in a dishoped there might be formed an intemats so far as it is proper. I have have to ascertain the wlshes of the forel Inntitutete, but of of courso we shall It ts no probable that we can do more at thls meting than to obtaln options appoint a committee to confer and report at some future tlme.
Reduction of Wire Prices.-The American Steel \& Wire Co has made a formal reduction of $\$ 2$ per ton on wire products, including wire, wire nails and painted and galvanized barbwire, effect've June 21.
months have been made on the rely technical, as dellveries for the last few Prices are now back to the level of last January. The readjustment bring The "Iron Age" this week notes that $\cdots$ an lmprover or sar products inusual in June, and hence thls year's developments are highty demand is of the lion of bustness is increastag, belng larger in nearty Steel Corporation are steadily pl Iron. The bookings of the United States


## United Wireless Telegraph Co.-Officers Convicted.-A

 jury before Judge Martin in the U.S. Circuit Court on May 29 after a trial lasting over 4 weeks, found five officers of the company guilty of conspiracy and of misuse of the mails to defraud investors in the company's stock. An appeal has been taken.The men found gulty, Including Prestdent Chistopher C . Whison, Treas-
urer Wm. A. Diboil. Francls X Butler ,
 agent, were sentenced to imprisoncment for terms of 1,3 arker, Western inseal


Receivership.-Associate Justice Bird of tho
Court on June 12, on application of George Maine Supreme Court on June 12, on application of George Ross Eshleman of Lancaster, the holder of 80 shares of pref, and 620 shares of common stock, appointed John Howard Hill of Portland Me., Frederick I. J. Hanson of Philadelphin (3d Y.-P.) and Seth M. Milliken receivers.
Justice Cohalan in the State Supreme Court in this city on June 19, on application of Samuel P. Williams and other stockholders, appointed Sidney Harris and Robert E. Dowling, President of the City Investing Co., receivers of the property in this State
Judre Holt in the U. S. Circoit Court on June 16 dented the appllenton


 The allegatons of the bilt of complatnt in the Fetcral sult, which are ad-
motted to the company's answer. are milt valuation, ampanys answer, are that tho assots of the company, at a
ff there







Price on applleation at the firm's home office in Pittsburgh or branch offices in Chicago, Philudelphia, New York and
Boston: Boston
-Plympton, Gardiner \& Co., bankers, are offering for investment on another page $81,000,000$ (new issue) of the U. S. Govt. Panama Canal 3\% gold loan of 1911, due 1951 . These bonds aro tax-exempt throughout the United States These bonds aro tax-exempt throughout the United States,
and available for deposit with the Treasury Department as and available for deposit with the Treasury Department as
security for Government deposits, including funds of postal security for Government deposits, including funds of postal
savings banks.
-We have received a copy of the 1911 edition of the Histo ( of Tndianapolis Securitios and Manual of Statistics," published by the Meyer-Kiser Bank, 137 East Washington St., Indianapolis, Ind. The booklet is replete with financial information regarding securities local to the Indianupolis market.
-Clark, Dodge \& Co aro offering Publio Service Corporation of New Jersey general mortgage $5 \%$ sinking fund bonds. sec advertisoment on another page.

## The emmoxtcial dimes.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, June 231911.
With good crop prospects, easy rates formoney and indications of a favorable showing in our foreign trade balance for the fiscal year ending June 30, the outlook for general trade of this. The improvement in the copper trade is another. Still another are rather more cheerful developments in the fron and steel market, Yet conservatism is still manifest everwhere.
LARD has been rather quiet but in the main steady; prime Western here 8.50 c ., City $77 / 8 \mathrm{c}$., refined for the Continent 8.65 c ., South America 9.65 c ., Brazil in kegs 10.65 c . Futures have been only moderately active at best and most of the time the fluctuations have kept within a contracted compass for lack of anything stirring in the news.
DAILY OLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN NEW YORK.
 DATLY CLOSING PRIOES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAdO.
 PORK ha: remained quiet; moss here $\$ 17 @ \$ 1750$, clear \$1575@\$17 and family \$1850@\$19 50. Cut meats have been firm, but the demand has been comparatively small. Pickled hams 14@141/2c., pickled bellies, clear, $12 @ 13 \mathrm{c}$. and pickled ribs 11@120. Beef quiet and steady; mess $\$ 1250 @ \$ 13$, packet $\$ 13(a) \$ 13$ 50, family $\$ 1350 @ \$ 14$ and extra India mess $\$ 20 @ \$ 2050$. Tallow 53 c . for City, Stearines declined to $71 / 2 @ 8 \mathrm{c}$, for oleo, while still quoted at 10@101/4c. for New York lard. Butter firm, with a fair demand; creamery extras 23c., firsts $21 @ 220$. Cheese firmer, with the trade taking the receipts; State, whole milk, colored, fancy,111/2@120. Eggs, Western firsts, 141/2@15c
OIL.-Domestic linseed in better jobbing demand at easy prices. City, raw, American seed, 90@91c;; boiled, $91 @ 92 \mathrm{c}$; Calcutta, raw, $\$ 1$. Cottonseed dull; winter $6.50 @$ $91 @ 0$. 7.25 c ., summer
 83 c . Corn steady but quict at $5.90 @ 5.950$. Nolive quiet at $88 @ 900$. Lard quict. Prime $63 @ 70 \mathrm{o}$. Cod firm at $57 @ 58 \mathrm{c}$. for Newfoundland and 54@) 56 c , for domestic.

COFFEE has been very quiet, with No. 7 Rio 125/8@ 123 m .; No. 4 Santos $131 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Futures have as a rule shown little life. In other words, the trading has been small and the fluctuations correspondingly contracted, though within a day or two there has been some increase in transactions in the distent months. Primary markets have latterly been firmer, with reports of large sales in Brazil.

Closing prices were as follows:



SUGAR.-Raw firm but quet; the Cuban crop is estimated at $1,500,000$ tons; European quotations are far above the Cuban parity. London has been steady. Centrifugal, 96degrees test, 3.95 c .; muscovado, 80 -degrees test, 3.45 c ; molasses, 89 -degrees test, 3.20 c . Refined, granulated, $\overline{\mathrm{c}}$. Teas in fair demand and steady. Spices quiet.

PETROLEUM, though quiet for the home trade, meets with a steady export demand. Refined, bbls., 7.25 c .; bulk 3.75 c . and cnses 8.75 c . Gasoline in 100 -gallon drums 183 Mc .; drums $\$ 850$ extra. Naphtha, 73 to 96 degrees, in 100 -gallon drums, $16 \mathrm{\%}$ e; drums $\$ 850$ extra. Spirits of turpentine 56 c . Rosin $\$ 650$ for strained, common to good. Hops, though quiet, are firm; the crop is making good progress in this country.
TOBACCO.-Conditions in the tobaceo trade have shown
Manufacturers of eigars have continued to make only such purchases as are necessary from time to time to satisfy immediate needs. Desirable binder continues in light supply. Sumntra tobacco has moved but slowly; the high prices asked check business. Guban tobacco has been dull. Many packers, however, are rather more optimistic as regards the business outlook for the autumn. There has been talk at Washington of raising the internal revencieduty on manufactured tobacco.
COPPER has advanced, with a better demand and a more checrful feeling as to the statistical position; consumption is reported to be increasing. Lake $123 / 9127 / 8 \mathrm{c}$., electrolytic nominally 123 告., standard $121 / 40$. Tin has declined at home and abroad; the London market is under manipulation, it is believed, in order to sell "corner" holdings. Spot here nominally 44 e ., June $431 / 2 \mathrm{c}$, , July 421 cc . Spelter $53 \mathrm{c} \mathrm{c} .$, being advanced by the syndicate. Lead firmer at 41 Gc . Pig iron in better demand; No. 1 Northern $\$ 15 @ \$ 15$ 50; No. 2 Southern \$1475@\$15 25. The steel trade has improved materially; railroad work is increasing; independent rail mils arc operating, it is believed, to 65 to $70 \%$ of their capacity. The price of all steel wire products, including nails, has within a few days been cut at the rate of $\$ 2$ a ton to conform in a measure to recent outs in other steel products. Prices on wire products are back to the level of last January, Some increase in demand for steel, which is unusual in June, encourages the hope that the tide has turned.

## COTTON.

Friday Night, June 231911.
THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 6,871 bales, against 12,573 bales last week and 18,271 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Sept. I 1910 8,349,725 bales, against $7,083,812$ bales for tho same period of 1909-10, showing an increase since Sept. 11910 of $1,265,913$ bales.

| Receipls at- | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galveston | 71 | 150 | 1,223 | 61 | 111 | 546 | 2,170 |
| Port Arthur |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas Orleans.... | 181 | 853 | 405 | 475 | 151 | 53 | 1,618 |
| Gutfport ......- |  | 12 | 43 |  | 3 |  | 88 |
| Pensacola |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Jacksonville . . . | 140 104 | 169 | 373 | 95 | 173 | 103 | 1.020 |
| Branswlek |  |  | -... |  |  | 102 | 102 |
| Charleston | 6 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
| Gcorketown | 148 | 102 | 155 | 165 | 153 | 148 | 871 |
| Wimington Norfolk | 18 | 100 | 108 | 10 |  | 34 | 340 |
| N'port News, \& |  | 2... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nuw York. |  |  |  | 70 | 20 | 70 | 179 |
| Baston Batumore |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 362 | 362 |
| hitadelphi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 622 | . 42 | 6,87 |

The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1 1910, and the stocks to-night, compared with last year:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Receipts to \\
Tune 23.
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1010-11.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1909-10.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Stock.} \\
\hline \& This week. \& Since Sep \& This
Weet. \& \[
\left[\begin{array}{c}
\text { Since Sep } \\
11000 .
\end{array}\right.
\] \& 1017. \& 1910 \\
\hline Galv \& 2,170 \& 2.734,124 \& 4,240 \& 2,459,955 \& 14.940 \& 33,2 \\
\hline Port Arthur \& \& 306,943 \& \& 142,281 \& \& \\
\hline Now Orlenns \& 1.018 \& 1,561,301 \& 8.198 \& 1,267,290 \& 69,065 \& 72,555 \\
\hline Qutrport \& 58 \& 240.580 \& 650 \& 242,188 \& 1,185 \& 4,706 \\
\hline Pensacola \& 5 \& 122,678 \& 400 \& taz;385 \& \& \\
\hline Juoksonville, \&0-
Savanmah \& 1.020 \& - \& 3.200 \& 1,322,421 \& 11.688 \& 23,978 \\
\hline Prunswlect \& 102 \& 282,736 \& 649 \& \({ }_{2}^{20,4}\) \& 7.339 \& . 503 \\
\hline Chanteston \& 11 \& 1,436 \& \& 1,37 \& \& \\
\hline Whimington \& 871
340 \& 409.988
558,054 \& t.578 \& 312.130
503,750 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,025 \\
\& 0,515
\end{aligned}
\] \& 8.229
8.744 \\
\hline N port Nows, de. \& \& 3,924 \& 348 \& 18,780 \& \& \\
\hline New York..... \& \& 13,987
38.089 \& 2,303 202 \& 25,095
13.817 \& 118,823
8,109 \& 4,308 \\
\hline Boston \& 362 \& 111,034 \& 398 \& 72,304

1 \&  \& | 4,840 |
| :--- |
| 1.038 | <br>

\hline Philadelphta \& \& 365 \& \& 1,796 \& 3,310 \& 1.038 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

In order that comparison may be made with other years, give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

| Beceipts at | 18 | 1010 | 1809. | 1005. | 1207. | 1806 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gniyeston | 2,170 | 4,240 | 0,733 | 14, | 9.389 | 10,098 |
| 1pt Arthur, \&c Now Otleans. | 1,618 | 8, 188 | S.710 | 10. | 5.108 | 0.522 |
| Mobita -... | 1.08 | 850 3,290 | ${ }_{3}^{128454}$ | \%,890 | 8,034 | 4.683 |
| Brunswlok | 102 |  |  |  |  | 102 |
| Chardeston, | 871 | 669 208 | 324 126 | 3,050 | 58, | 1.175 |
| Nortom | 340 | 1.6 | ${ }^{12} 25$ | 4.811 | 197 | .711 10 |
| N'port N. All others | S1 | 3,303 | 1,004, | 2,603 | 292 | 350 |
| tal thto wh | 6,871 | 22,361 | 34,420 | 43,355 | 21.050 | 30,6: |

Stnee Sept. $1-\overline{8,340,725} \overline{7.083,812} 0,075,0308,056,2 1 8 \longdiv { 0 . 5 0 5 , 5 8 5 } \overline { 7 , 5 7 5 , 3 2 8 }$
The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 20,366 bales, of which 1,334 were to Great Britain, Below to France and 19,032 to the rest of the Continent.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Erporta } \\ & \text { from - } \end{aligned}$ | Wrike enditig June 231911. Exported to- |  |  |  | From Sept. $\begin{aligned} & 11910 \text { ta fune } 231911 . \\ & \text { Nrported to-- }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great <br> Britatn. | mas | Continemt. | Total. | Great | prance. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contt- } \\ & \text { nent: } \end{aligned}$ | Total, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Port Arthur - |  |  |  |  | 212.81 | 86,959 | 33, |  |
| Terascty, New orcman |  |  | 0.001 | n, | 803,082 | 143,173 |  |  |
| Mobite |  |  | 1.862 | 1,862 | ${ }^{68,69}$ | 42,754 | 37,260 | ${ }_{122}^{18,}$ |
| Penyeol |  |  |  |  | 6,27 |  | 8,602 | 34.211 |
| Bavanah |  |  | 3.350 | 3,350 | ${ }^{320.697}$ | 114,600 | 459,571 78.125 | S94,838 <br> 152,458 |
| ${ }^{\text {mpunswiok }}$ |  |  |  |  | 18,832 | 0.000 | 97:351 | 122.083 |
| Charmimito |  |  |  |  | 137,87 10,801 | 32,015 | 213,226 4.84 | 383,112 10,64 |
| Nerfoik Neves |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.... |  |  | ${ }^{4.716}$ | 5.564 <br> 134 | 292,987 100858 | 92,021 | 287.140 8.572 | 072,148 100,430 |
|  | 304 |  | 2,071 | 2.165 | 22,362 | 8,270 | 73,602 | 104,274 |
| Phthatipht |  |  |  |  | 49,992 |  | 15,804 | ט5,706 |
| Portand, Mo. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84.1 | 84,155 |
|  |  |  | 200 | 200 |  |  | 3 | 14 |
| Theoma P (ertand, Ore. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 |
| ${ }^{\text {Portand }}$ Pembina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,627 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,334 |  | 10,032 | 20. | ,265,57 | 005,6 | 139, | 10,982 |

to above exports, our give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New líark.

| June 23 at- | On Sntpboard, Not Cleared for- |  |  |  |  |  | LeavingStock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britain. | France | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ger- } \\ & \text { many } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { Foretgn } \end{gathered}$ | Coastwise. | Total. |  |
| New | 2,769 | 392 | 3.088 | 迷 |  |  |  |
| Gavveston |  |  | 6.537 | 2 | 414 | 7,053 | 7883 |
| Charteston. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,688 7 7 |
| Norfolk |  |  | 21 |  | 6,000 | 6.000 | 1,004 |
| Other ports. | 700 250 | 400 | 1.200 | 000 |  |  | 3,51 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,866 |
| Total 1910 | 3,986 <br> 0.9 |  | 11,146 | 8,986 | . 608 |  |  |
| Total 1809 | 18,725 | 15,493 | 9,692] | 11,376\| | 10,026 | 71,250 | 257,408 314,288 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been fairly active at irregular prices, declining sharply at times, owing to beneficial rains in Texas and elsewhere in the Southwest, as well as east of the Mississippi. Advices from Toxas collected by the "Galveston News" indicate that the crop is in better condition than at this time last year. Very little damage has been done by boll weevil. The hot, dry weather which provailed for a considerable period seems to have been very destructive to them. There has been, moreover, persistent and heavy liquidation in the July option, not only here but in New Orleans, which has had the effect of causing a very sharp decline in the pice. It is to this circumstance, ascribed, though the timely rains east and west of the Misascribed, though the timely rains east and west of the Mis-
sissippi have naturally been a large factor in the decline. There is a growing impression that the outlook for the crop is in the main mu $h$ better than speculators for a rise would have the general public and others believe. Not only is the acreage the largest on record, but it may be doubted if cultivation has in recent years been as thorough as it is this year under the spur of the existing high prices. One hears from Texas, for example, more frequently than at any time in the past, of the very widespread application of scientific farming methods, with beneficial results; the abnormally large purchases of imp oved implements; the introduction of heavier work animals on the farms, and the unusually heavy purchases of fertilizers, not heretofore used much in Texas. In that State the farms are unusually clean and remarkably free, we are told, of pests, so that the spell evil, especially weather was far from being an unmixed needed dry, warm conditions for a time. To-dny prices moved within a narrow range. The South sold to some extent on further good rains in many sections of the belt. Reports from the Atlantic States have been very favorable
of late. On the other hand, temperatures of in Toxas, 107 in Okolacma an-1 100 to 103 in to 110 States have been the source of many complaints. It is asserted, too, in some quarters that the subsoil moisture i Texas is deficient. The fact is recalled that June conditions are usually followed by deterioration, which in some sections has been marked. Spot cotton is in rather better demand. The statistical position on the surface, at least, seems to many strong. There has been a good domand from spinners and trade interests on the basis of about 13 c . for October and December. Spot cotton has declined to 15.10 c . for middling uplands.
The rates on and off middling, as established Nov. 161910 by the Revision Committee, at which grades other than middling may bo delivered on contract, are as follows:




The official quotation for midding upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:


## NEW YORK QUOTATIONS FOR 32 YEARS.

The quotations for middling upland at New York on



 | .19 | 1887 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 31 | 1886 |
| 00 | 1885 |
| 44 | 1884 |
| 38 | 1883 |
| 00 | 1882 |
| .00 | 1881 |
| 31 | 1880 |

## MARKET AND SALES AT NEW YORK.

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the weok at New York are indicated in the following statemont. cor the convenience of the reader we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

|  | Spot MarketClosed. | Futures <br> Markel <br> closed. | SALES. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Spot. | Contr'ct | Totat. |
| Saturday -2. Monday | Qulet, 10 pts deo-- | Barcly steady | 65 | - | 55 |
| Tuesday | Gutet, 10 pts , ody. | Steady |  | - + - | 55 |
| Wedresday. | Qulet. 10 pts dec- | Barely steady |  |  | -... |
| Thursday | Qulet, 10 pts dec. | Barely steady. | 227 | -2. |  |
| Friday ..... | Qutet, 10 pts. deo.. | Steady | 124 | -22 | 124 |
| T |  |  | 406 |  | 406 | 10,88

9.19
10.38
11.35
10.50
13.31
11.06
11.04

FUTURES.-The highest, lowest and elosing prices at
New York the past week have been as follows:

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign consequently as the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursfor to-night. But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Friday), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.


Stook at Mamburg.
Stook at Bremen.
Stock Be
Stook at Havrc
Soofl at Marciles
stook at Barceloga
Stook at Genoa....
Stook at Trieste ..............
Total Continental stocks
Total European stooks. Indla cotton afoat for Europe . Egypt. Brazall,de.,natt.for Europe. Stook in Alexandria. Egypt
Stook in Bombay, Tidia.. Stook in U. S. ports
Stook in Untrior towna
U. S. exporty to-dray.
Totat vtsible oupply $\qquad$ $2,605,257$

| 00 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 00 | 1 |
| 00 | 1 |
| 00 |  |
| 00 |  | Of the above, totals of American nad other dexeriptions are as follows:

AmericanLiverpootstok
Itanchester stock.

Coutimental stock | Armerican afloat for Europe........ | 026,000 |
| :--- | :--- |


$\qquad$ 437,000
38,000
367,000
154,711

East Inillan, Brazil, se.-


Total East Indta, dec.
$\qquad$
Total vistble supply. pool.

90,000
12,000

Total vistble supplatiny Uptand, Elverpool. --
 Pcruvan, Rough Good, Liverpool
Broach, fine, Liverpoal
Tinevelly, Good, Llvernool

Continontal imports for bales.

The above figures for 1911 show a decrease from last week of 106,081 bales, a gain of 16,716 bales over 1910 , a do-
crease of 721,783 bales from 1909 , and a loss of 118,445 crease of 721,78
bales from 1908 .

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement－that is， the receipts for the week and since Sept．1，the shipments for the week and the stocks to－night，and the same items for the corresponding period for the previous year－is set out in detail below．


The above totals show that the interior stocks have de－ creased during the week 9,547 bales and are to－night 38,123 bales more than at the same time last year．The receipts at all the towns have been 2,185 bales less than the same week last year．

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT 1．－We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept．1，as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night．The results for the week and since Sept． 1 in the last two years are as follows：


## －Inctudine movement by rall to Canada．

The foregoing shows the week＇s net overland movement has been 5,365 bales，against 5,970 bales for the week last year，and that for the season to date the aggregate net over－ land exhibits an increase over a year ago of 203,861 bales．


| Week ending June 23. | Closing Quitations Jor Midaling Colton on－ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sat＇day． | Monday， | Tuesdou． | Wed＇day． | Thursd＇v． | Friday． |
| Galveston | 159 | 15 年 | 15 K | 15／6 | $151 / 5$ | $153 / 2$ |
| New Orleans． | 15 15－16 | $15{ }^{15} 5$ | 15 15 |  | 15 | 16 |
| Savannah | 1515 | 151 | 1515 | $15 / 2$ | 15 | 154 |
| Charteston． | $15 \%$ | $15 \%$ | 158 | 153 | 15.5 | $15 \%$ |
| Worfolk |  | 1516 | 154 | 154 | 151 | $15)$ |
| Battmore | 15 年 | 15 年 | $15 / 2$ | $15 \%$ | 15 \％ | 15 |
| Phitadelphia | 15.75 | 15．55 | 15.65 | 15.55 | 15.45 | 15，85 |
| Augusta | 15\％ | 15 \％ | 15 | ${ }_{15}^{159}$ | ${ }_{15}^{153 / 5}$ | 15／2 |
| St．Louls | 150－16 | 1515 | 15 | $151 / 8$ | $151 / 5$ |  |
| Houston． | $151 / 8$ | 15 \％ | 151 | $15 \%$ | 15. | 15 |
| Little Rock | 15 | $14 \%$ | 143 | 148 | 145 | 143／2 |

NEW ORLEANS OPTION MARKET．－The highest， lowest and closing quotations for leading options in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows：

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Sat'day. } \\ \text { Jume } 17 . \end{array}\right\|$ | Monday， <br> Iนทe 19. | Tuesday， Јине 20． | Wed＇dau． June 21. | Thursu＇v． <br> Јине 22， | Fridau． June 23． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| गиルー Range Closing | $14.74=$ | 14.67 | 14.94 | $\overline{14.92}$ | $14.00$ | $14.87$ |
| Range | 14． $\mathrm{MD}-15$ | 14．67－．78 | $14.81-.08$ | 14．95－． 06 | 14．98－． 96 | 14．88－．94 |
| Closing | 14．85－．87 | 14．70－．71 | 14．85－． 99 | 14．95－． 97 | 14．93－． 94 | 14．88－．81 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wgust- } \\ & \text { range } \end{aligned}$ | 14．18－514 | 15，90－14 | 14．12－22 | 14．05－22 | 14．01－． 10 | $14.06-.10$ |
| Closing | 14．24－．28 | 14．01－．04 | 14．30－22 | 14．06－．07 | 14．05－．07 | $14.10-$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { eptomber } \\ & \text { Range } \end{aligned}$ | 13．41－．5．3 | 13．28－． 28 | 13，36－40 | 13．21－．32 | 13．17－．27 | $13,18-20$ |
| Closing | 13，44－．46 | 13．28－．30 | $13.30-.40$ | 13．20－．21 | $15.17-19$ | $18.10-.20$ |
| actober－ Ranse | 13．18－．29 | 13．00－． 14 | $13.08-16$ | 13．93－， 09 | 12，00－，02 | 02－． 00 |
| Closto | 13，21－，22 | 13．04－．05 | 18．13－11 | 12，93－．14 | 12．92－．03 | 12．95－．86 |
| overnber Rance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Closfny | 13.20 | 13，03 | 13.12 | 12.91 | 12．01－．03 | 12．93－． 95 |
| December Rance |  | 13．00－． 12 | 13．07－． 16 |  | 12．80－． 00 |  |
| Closiag | 13．20－．21 | 13．03－04 | 13．12－．13 | 12．02－．03 | $12.91-.92$ | 12．93－，94 |
| January－ Range |  |  | 13．12－． 17 |  |  |  |
| Closing | 13．26－．27 | 13．08－09 | 13．17－．19 | 12．97－．99 | 12，96－．97 | 12．98－．00 |
| Fobruary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Claalng | 13.30 | 13.13 | 13,22 | 13.02 |  | 13. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { March- } \\ & \text { Raage } \end{aligned}$ | 30－．41 | 13．21－． 27 | 13．20－．31 | 13.2 | 13，10－， 13 | 13．08－． 12 |
| Closing | 13．36－．38 | 13．20－．21 | 13．20－．31 | 13．09－． 11 | 13．08－．09 |  |
| Tone－ |  |  |  | Steady． | Very st＇y | Ste |
| Options | Stea | Steacis | Steady． | ERev． | Steady． | edy. |

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH．－Our tele－ graphic advices from the South this evening denote that the weather has been quite favorable as a rule during the week over most of the South．Beneficial rains have fallen in almost all localities and the temperature has been satisfactory generally．The crop，on the whole，is doing very well．
Galveston，Texas．－There has been rain on three days of the week，to the extent of one inch and forty－three hundredths． The thermometer has averaged 79，the highest being 88 and the lowest 70.
Brenham，Texas．－There has been rain on two days the past week，the rainfall being one inch and fourteen hun－ dredths．The thermometer has averaged 84，ranging from 71 to 97.
Cuero，Texas．－It has rained lightly on one day of the week， the precipitation being eighteen hundredths of an inch．The thermometer has ranged from 70 to 103，averaging 87.
Dallas，Texas．－We have had rain on two days the past week，the rainfall reaching twenty－five hundredths of an inch． Average thermometer 86，highest 104，lowest 68.
Henrietta，Texas．－It has rained on two days of the week， the rainfall reaching thirty－four hundredths of an inch． The thermometer has averaged 85 ，the highest being 108 and the lowest 61.

Huntsville，Texas．－We have had rain on one day during the week，the precipitation being one inch and sixty－nine hundredths．The thermometer has averaged 83，ranging from 70 to 96

Kerrville，Texas．－It has rained on one day of the week， the precipitation being eight hundredths of an inch．The thermometer has ranged from 62 to 100，averaging 81.
Lampasas，Texas．We have had rain on two days of the past week，the rainfall reaching eight hundredths of an inch． Average thermometer 85，highest 104，lowest 65.
Longview，Texas．－There has been rain on two days during the week，to the extent of forty－two hundredths of an inch． The thermometer has averaged 85 ，the highest being 100 and the lowest 70.
Luling，Texas．－We have had rain on one day during the week，the precipitation being eight hundredths of an inch． The thermometer has averaged S6，ranging from 7I to 100.

Nacogdoches，Texas．－There has been rain on two days the past week，the rainfall being twenty－six hundredths of an inch．The thermometer has ranged from 68 to 108，averag－ ing 85.
Palestine，Texas．－We have had rain on three days during the past week，the rainfall being forty－seven hundredths of an inch．Average thermometer 80 ，highest 92 ，lowest 68 ．
Paris，Texas．－The week＇s rainfall has been eighty－four hundredths of an inch on one day．The thermometer has averaged 85 ，the highest being 102 and lowest 67.
San Antonio，Texas．－There has been rain on one day during the week，the rainfall reaching thirty hundredths of an inch．The thermometer has averaged 85，ranging from 70 to 100 ．

Weatherford，Texas．－There has been rain on one day the past week，the rainfall being five hundredths of an inch．The thermometer has ranged from 70 to 105 ，averaging 88.

Ardmore, Olka.-The week's rainfall has been seventeen hundredths of an inch on two days. The thermometer has averaged 87, the highest being 106 and lowest 68.

Marlow, Okla. - There has been rain on two days during the week, to the extent of forty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 88 , ranging from 67 to 110. Oklahoma, Okla.-We have had rain on one day the past week, the rainfall being twenty-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 63 to 106, averaging 85.
Tulsa, Okla.-We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation being sixty-eight hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 85 , highest 106 , lowest 65.
Alexandria, La.-It has rained on two days during the week, the rainfall having reached one inch and seventy-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 83 , the highest being 97 and the lowest 68 .
Amite, La. There has been rain on three days during the past week, the precipitation being three inches and five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 83, ranging from 68 to 98.

New Orleans, La.-We haye had rain on five days during the week, the rainfall reaching four inches and two hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 71 to 96 , averaging 83 .

Shreveport, La.-We have had rain on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch und eight hundredths. Average thermometer 84 , highest 99 , lowest 70.

Meridian, Miss.-We have had rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and nineteen hundredths. The thermometor has averaged 83 , the highest being 98 and the lowest 68.

Vickshurg, Miss.-There has been rain on six days during the week, to the extent of seventy-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 80 , ranging from 70 to 95 .

Yazoo Cily, Miss, -There has been rain on four days during the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and sixty-three hundredths. Thermometer has ranged from 70 to 99 , a veraging 85.
Forl Smith, Ark.-We have had rain on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching twenty-two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 85, highest 102, lowest 68.

Helena, Ark.-We have had rain on six days of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and seventy-five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 83, the highest being 99 and the lowest 71.
Lille Rock, Ark.-There has been rain on four days during the week, the rainfall reaching fifty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 67 to 96 .

Texarkane, Ark.-We have had rain on one day the past week, the rainfall being twenty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 69 to 99 , averaging 84. Challanooga, Tenn.- We have had rain on five days of the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and forty-five hundredths. Average thermometer 82, highest 96, lowest 68.
Memphis, Tenn.-Moisture has been of great relief to crops, which were beginning to suffer. We have had rain on fivedays of the week, the rainfall reaching soventy-five hundredthsof aninch. Weather now threatoning. The thermometer has averaged 81, the highest being96and the lowest 69.

Nashville, Temn,-There has been rain on three days during the past week, the precipitation being ninety-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 83 , ranging from 68 to 95 .

Mobile, Ala.-Good and beneficial rains throughout the interior. Crop reports are very favorable. It has rained on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-nine hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 70 to 92 , a veraging 80 .
Montgomery, Ala.-Timely rains. Crop reports are good. We have had rain on five days during the past week, the rainfall being fifty-five hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer. 80 , highest 100, lowest 68 .

Selma, Ala.-It has rained on six days during the week, the rainfall having reached forty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 81, the highest being 100 and the lowest 71.
Thomasville, Ala, - There has been rain on two days during the week, to the extent of one inch and ten hundredths, The thermometer has averaged 84, ranging from 65 to 104 ,

Madison, Fla.-It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching seventy-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 68 to 102, averaging 85.
Tallahassee, Fla. - We have had rain on one day the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and sixty hundredths. Average thermometer 83, highest 96, lowest 69.

Atlanta, Ga.-We haye had rain on five days of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty-seven hundredths of an inch, The thermometer has averaged 81, the highest being 96 and the lowest 66 .

Augusta, Ga.-There has been rain on five days during the past week, the precipitation being three inches and ninetyone hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 66 to 96.
Savannah, Ga.-We have had rain on four days during the week, the rainfall reaching four inches and thirty-five hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 65 to 99 , averaging 80 .
Charleston, S. C.-It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 83 , the highest being 92 and the lowest 73 .

Greenville, S. C.-There has been rain on three days during the past week, the precipitation being one inch and seventyfour hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 81 , ranging from 67 to 95
Florence, $S$. $C$.- There has been rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and ninety-four hundredths. Thermometer has ranged from 67 to 98 , averaging 82 .
Sparlanburg, S. C.-Rain has fallen on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching seventy-three hundredths of an inch, Average thermometer 80, highest 96, lowest 64.

Charlotte, N. C.-There has been rain on two days of the week, to the extent of fourteen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 82, the highest being 96 and the lowest 68.
Grcensboro, N. C.-There has been rain on three days during the week, to the extent of one inch and twenty-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 75 , ranging from 57 to 92.

Raleigh, N.C.-It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching forty-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 92 , averaging 78.
WORLD'S SUPPLY AND TAKINGS OF COTTON.

| Cotton Takings. Week and Scason. | 1910-11. |  | 1009-10. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Scason. | Week. | Season |
| Visible su | 2,711,341 |  | 2.710,84 |  |
| Visible suply Sept. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{1,495,514}$ |  | 1,93, ${ }^{1}$ |
| Bombay recelpts to June |  | 2,326,000 | 28.000 | 3.027.000 |
| Other Indla ship'ts to June $22 .-$ | 16.100 | -371,300 | 18.000 | 431,000 |
| Other supply to Junc 21 | 12,000 | 1.007,600 | 1,000 10.000 | 654.000 <br> 236,000 |
| Tot, | 2,830 | 16,945,46 | 2,521,010 | 16,418,041 |
| Vistbic supply Jume 23 | 2,605,257 | 2,605,257 | 2,588,041 | 2,588,541 |
| Ot | 22 |  | 59 | 0 |
| Of which other | 142,773 82,700 | 0.705 .312 3.574 .000 | 167,369 66.000 | $\begin{aligned} & 0,060,500 \\ & 3,769,000 \end{aligned}$ |

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.

|  |  |  | 1910-11, |  | 1900-10. |  | 1908-00. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Week. | Since <br> S $\& \mu t$, | Week. | Since | Week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sopt. } 1 . \end{gathered}$ |
| Bombay.................. |  |  | 0,000 | 2,326.000 | 28,000 | 3,074,000 | 23,000 | 2,037,000 |
| Pixports <br> from- | Nor the Week. |  |  |  | Strico September 1. |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grat. } \\ & \text { Brltain. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Conti- } \\ & \text { nentit } \end{aligned}$ | Japan cchna | Total. | Great | Conu- | Japain \& China | Totat. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bombay } \\ & 1010-11 . \\ & 1900.10 \\ & 1905809 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,000 \\ 7,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,000 \\ 17,000 \\ 8,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.000 \\ & 2,000 \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & 93,000 \\ & 23,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 851,000 \\ & 917,000 \\ & \text { 918,000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 518,000 \\ & 883,000 \\ & 810,000 \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 1,425,000 \\ 1,83,000 \\ 1,187,000 \end{array}\right.$ |
| Cateuta- 10.10 .1. |  | 3,000 | 1,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & 3.000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,000 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 5.000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,000 \\ & 40,000 \\ & 30,000 \end{aligned}$ | 10,00040.00031,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 55,000 \\ & 89,000 \\ & 75,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Madras- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1910-11$. $1000-10$ 1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1001.000 | 100 <br> 1,000 <br> 2,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,000 \\ & 4,000 \\ & 4,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,000 \\ & 10.000 \\ & 20.000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ 1,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 26,300 \\ 21,000 \\ 34,000 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| All others ${ }_{\text {cose }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1910-11 \\ 1000-10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.000 \\ & 3,090 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & 11,000 \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 3,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & 15,000 \\ & 14,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,000 \\ & 17,000 \\ & 18,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 234,000 \\ 2800,00 \\ 252,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,000 \\ 8.000 \\ 88,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 290,000 \\ & 3921.000 \\ & 328,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1008-09 | 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total all- } \\ 1910.11 . \\ 190910 . \\ 1008-09 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,000 \\ & 4,000 \\ & 3,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,000 \\ & 22,000 \\ & 12,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,1,00 \\ 17,0,00 \\ 12,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,100 \\ & 4,000 \\ & 47,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110,000 \\ & 127,000 \\ & \text { 50, } 000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,120,000 \\ & \substack{2 \pi 20,000 \\ 859,000} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500.301 \\ & 885.002 \\ & 715.0001 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,796,300 \\ & 2,274,000 \end{aligned}$ $\begin{aligned} & 2,27,000 \\ & 1,624,000 \end{aligned}$ |

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.


MANCHESTER MARKET.-Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market continues quiet for both yarns and shirtings. Productions is boing curtalled moderately. Wo give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison.


SHIPPING NEWS.-As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past wcek have expored 20,366 bales. The shipments in de tail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:
 To Bremen-June 21-Prinz Fredirich Wilhe im, 2
To Hamburk-June 20-President Lincoln, 282,




AVANNAH-To Rotterdmn Ju
Barcelona-June 17 - Alberta, 2,100.
To Trieste-Jue 17- 17-Aberta, $\delta 00$

OSTON-To Liverpoo june 10-Devonian
To Yarmouth-Jwne 12 $\rightarrow$ PTnce Arthur, 12,


## Total.

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's soles, stocks, \&e., at that port:


The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

| Spot. | Safurlay. | Manday. | Tuedtay. | Wedresday | Thuraday, | Friday, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Market } \\ & \frac{12: 16}{\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}} \end{aligned}$ | Dull. | $\begin{gathered} \text { More } \\ \text { demand. } \end{gathered}$ | Qutet. | Easter, |  |  |
| Mid.upl'ds. | 8.27 | 8.17 | 8.10 | 8,21 |  |  |
| Sates | 4,000 300 | $\begin{array}{r} 0,000 \\ 500 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0.000 \\ 200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.009 \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HOLA- } \\ & \text { DAY. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { HAYi- }}{\text { HOLI }}$ |
| Futures Market opened | Qufet at $13,5 \mathrm{nta}$. idvanco. | Demoralizd 10 m 12 pts . declite. | Stendy at 10124 pt. decine. | stcady at 1350335 $\mathrm{Dta}, \mathrm{mdy}$. |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Market, } \\ \stackrel{4}{\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}} . \end{gathered}$ | Qutet at <br> 106132 pLr. advance. | Qutet nt <br> $121 / 2015$ <br> ptis, dee, | Very ste'dy at $2 \times 0$ pts. advance. | Quret at $4031 / 2 \mathrm{pta}$ dection. |  |  |

The prices for futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of upland, good ordinary clause, unless otherwise stated.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jung } 17 \\ & \text { June } 23 . \end{aligned}$ | Sat. |  | Mon. |  |  | res. | Wed. | Thurs. |  | Fri. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1299 \\ & \text { p.m. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / 2 \\ & \mathrm{pm} . \mathrm{m} . \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 12.29 \\ 0 . \mathrm{m} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m} .$ |  | p. m. | $\begin{aligned} & 1294 \\ & \text { nom. p.m. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129 \\ & \text { p. m. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\text { p. }{ }^{4}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 9715 \\ 79.6 \\ 74 \\ 98 \\ 14 \\ 005 \\ 95 \\ 94 \\ 91 \\ 95 \\ 95 \\ 95 \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  | 1 MA |  | $\frac{\mathrm{HO}}{\mathrm{DA}}$ |  |

## BREADSTUFFS.

Friday Night, June 231911.
Flour has continued for the most part quiet, buyers as a rule still adhering tenaciously to the policy of purchasing from hand to mouth. It may be that when they can get a clearer idea of the size of the prospective wheat crop and of the ultimate drift of wheat prices, their attitude mny change, but however this may be, for the timo being at least, their buying is still dictated by the rigid conservatism with which everybody is familiar. Within a day or two the rise in wheat has been reflected in a somewhat firmer tone in the flour market, and some buyers, fearing a rise in flour, have increased their purchases somowhat.

Wheat advanced sharply at the opening of the week, mainly owing to reports of damage to the crop in South Dakota. It was asserted that the crop in that State has suffered serious injury, that it would not be much more than half that of last year, \&e. Like accounts have also been received from Northwestern North Dakota. The yield in the James River Valley, it was loudly assorted, has been greatly reduced by high temperatures. Pastures in South Dakota are said to be brown, and that not only will the wheat crop in that State decrease sharply by reason of hot, dry weather, but that the condition of oats
and barley crops is also bad from a lack of grain. Some and barley crops is also bad from a lack of grain. Some elevator people assert that the crop of wheat in South Dakota will be the smallest since 1887. Some well-known crop statisticians have been sending out doleful reports. They often do at this stage of the season, and later on the outlook
quite as often improves. Very large operators, it is noticeable, have been good buyers, and commission houses have been encouraging their following to buy. One report was to the effect that Nebraska would raise only $40,000,000$ bushels winter wheat, against $34,000,000$ last year, the smallest crop in ten years, all the others exceeding $40,000,000$. The Northwestern markets have been strong, but as usual Chicago has been the hotbed of bull speculation. The world's shipments have fallen off noticeably, reaching ouly $10,960,000$ bushels, against 12,512,000 in the previous week. Europe's visible supply has decreased sharply. Some bad orop reports have come from Germany and Humgary. On the other hand, many consider the reports of damage as grossly exaggerated and not a little sarcasm has been heard at the expense o what are popularly termed "erop killers, It is argued that the Northwest could lose 100,000,000 bushels and still raise as much as last year. Besides, of late the indications have pointed to cooler wenther with rains. Good rains are reported in some parts of the Southwest. European markets have plainly viewed the alarmist crop reports from the West with suspicion and have shown a degree of apathy which has greatly disappointed speculators for the rise on thisside of the water. The comparative sluggishness of European markets was attributed partly however, to favorable crop news from various Furopean countries and also from Arcentina. Timely rains in our own Northwest would, it is believed by many, still do wonders. But in the meantime the season of "erop scares" has opened and a large short interest is believed to have been practically eliminated, whereby the "technical position" has been theoretically, at least, sensibly weakened. Export business has been injured by the advance in prices. The transactions have kept within very narrow bounds. Wheat fulures to-d y moved downward under more favorablo erop and weather advices, both domestic and foreign, reports of good threshing returns and selling by leading interests.
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT FUTURES IN NEW YORK.


DAILY CLOSING PRIOES OF

## July deltvery in elovator-

of w
Soptombor delvery in elevator $\qquad$
Indian corn has adyanced, partly in sympathy with wheat and partly owing to some adverse crop accounts from southern Kansas and the Southwest, generally owing to hot dry weather The world's shipments reached only $4,405,000$ bush., aguinst $5,344,000$ in the previous week. Yet eash corn has been more or less depressed, even when futures under the spur of speculation have advanced. Cash houses have been selling July, and that month has been at it notice able discount. There has been some heavy seling of September by prominent interests. On the other hand, the Southwest has been buying to some extent, thongh most people are averse to taking a decided stand on the bull side this stuge of the season. Very few seem seriously to belicve that ony grave injury has been done to the crop by the period of hot, dry wenther at the Southwest, especially as that section has latterly had more or loss rain. Prices to-day declined under liquidation on roports of more favorable weather West.
DAILX CLOSING PRICES OF NO, 2 MIXED CORN IN NEW YORK.
 DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUTDRES IV CHICAGO,

Oats have advanced on bad wenther reports about oats, hay and the pastures. Concerning onts, many gloomy reports have been received from South Dakota, Minnesota, lowa and Illinois, Many are the more disposed to give credence to such advices from the fact that the last Government report was unfavorable. Soptember has sold at the highest price of the senson. Cash prices have risen and the speentative buying of futures has been heavy and aggreasive To-day prices were lower under realizing sales


The following are closing quotations:


The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports June 17 1911, was as follows:


## THE DRY GOADS IRADE.

Now York, Friday Night, June 231911,
Demand for staple cotton goods improved slightly during the week, a large portion of the orders received coming from road salesmen, but the tendency among buyers to purchase in small quantities became more general, and although the aggregate reached fair proportions, all things considered, the character of the demand continued decidedly unsatisfactory to mills. The amount of business being placed in anticipation of future requirements is much lighter than is usually expected at this season of the year, and there appears to be little, if any, prospect of a muterial change for the better in this respect until possibly next month, when jobbers from various sections of the country are expected to enter the
market, or until the outlook for cotton, in the matter of yield and prices, becomes more clearly defined. At present hope is entertained of a large crop, and consequently lower prices, which is one of the reasons advanced for the hesitancy among buyers; sellers, however, point out that cotton goods prices generally are now below parity with the staple, and that it will be several months before goods made from new
cotton will come on the market. Furthermore, in view of cotton will come on the market. Furthermore, in view of
the fact that stocks of numerous staples in first hands are the fact that stocks of numerous staples in first hands are
already limited and being steadily reduced by frequent purchases of small lots, and that curtailment of production is increasing, it is argued that, prices for some time to come are likely to rule firm, to say the least. Because of these and other well-known conditions, many sellers would not be surprised to see a sharp uplift in goods prices should a brisk demand suddenly develop. During the past week the cotton goods market, although quiet, ruled generally firm, with a stronger tone noted in some lines, and difficulty experienced by buyers, particularly in heavy brown cottons, in securing the best grades of staples for immediate delivery in quantities desired. Cotton yarns were fairly steady and in some quarters better inquiries were reported; but the improvement in business done was not marked. A noteworthy feature of for spring 1912, including cotton hosiery at prices slightly lower on the average than last year, owing to expectations among manufacturers that raw material will decline; lines of silk hosiery which were opened also showed some reductions. The response from buyers on these and other goods offered for spring has thus far been only moderate. Woolen and worsted men's wear and dress goods markets remained quiet.
DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.-The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending June 17 were 12,702 paekages, valued at $\$ 780.687$, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:

| Now York to June 17- | $\longrightarrow 1911$ |  | - 1010 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week, | Since Jan. 1. | Week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Jan. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Great Britaln ........ | Weor 18 | Jan. 405 | ${ }_{16}$ | 1.039 |
| Other European | -46 | 511 | 5 | ${ }^{563}$ |
| China | 8.641 | 43,743 | 5.473 | 33.690 |
| Arabla | 250 | 14,946 |  | 7,113 |
| Arabla | 46 | 10,703 | 250 | 5,585 |
| West Indles. | - 2615 | 1.843 10.011 | -518 | 1,730 13,342 |
| Mexico | +545 | 19,011 1,130 | 338 | 13,342 |
| Central Amerlea | 933 | 0,382 | 192 | 4,307 |
| South America. | 750 | 25,448 | 1.129 | 24,082 |
| Other countries | 1,159 | 19,255 | 319 | 20,172 |
| Total | 12,702 | 153 | 7883 | 112,549 |

Total $\quad \overline{12,702} \quad \overline{152,437} \quad \overline{7,833} \quad 112,519$
The value of these New York exports since Jan. 1 has been $\$ 11,121,952$ in 1911, against 87,869,601 in 1910.
Domestic cottons continued to be taken steadily, but
usually in small quantities for immediate or near-by use; instances of bulk or forward buying were exceptional. Heavy brown cottons were very firmly held, reflecting curtailment and small supplies. Likewise denims, tickings and colored cottons generally, although in moderate request, displayed a strong tone. Staple prints and bleached goods were quiet but steady. Orders for staple ginghams were light and scattered; new lines of dress ginghams for next spring delivery moved steadily but slowly. The export trade remained generally quiet; moderate sales, mostly of sheetings and drills, were reported for China account, whilo Manila took some goods, including prints. Print cloths were in light demand, orders consisting principally of small scattered lots; ofrerings by second hands and certain small mills at concessions were again reported, but no large quantities were available below market quotations, which remained unchanged from the preceding week.

WOOLEN GOODS.-In the men's wear division some woll-known mills named prices for spring on cheap fabrics, including unions, cotton worsteds and cassimeres without much change; business placed so far on these lines is rather light and confined mostly to sample pieces. Openings of staple fabrics for spring are awaited with much interest; prices have not yot been formally announced, but buyers are expecting reductions. It is reported that certain worsted piece-dyes will be from 5 c . to 10 c , a yard lower than last year, and that attractive prices will also be named on woolens. Further orders were placed on fine serges for spring at the "at value" busis; the total, however, was not large. Except in a few quarters, duplicate orders on heavyweight fabrics from clothiers were small in the uggregate. Scattered repeat orders on staple lines of dress goods for fall were received but the market generally continued quiet. In coatings a fair amount of business was done, chiefly with the cutting-up trade on fancy woolens. In suitings for immediate delivery cream serges have been quite active, Western distributers and manufacturers particularly having called for additional quantities. Indications point to a general curtailment by dress goods mills during the carly part of July. The passage of the House bill lowering the turifi on wool and woolens, and subsequent developments in the Senate, were disconcerting to agents handling woolen and worsted goods; they were surprised by the large majority vote in the House in favor of the measure, and while they do not look for logislation that will affect goods prices this year, they fear tariff considerations will hold business back for some time.
FOREIGN DRY GOODS.-No particular developments were noted in imported woolens and worsteds; some agents handling men's wear fabrics have opened lines for next spring, with fairly satisfactory results; the majority, however, are deferring their openings until a later date. Dress inens continued in moderate request, principally from garment makers for immediate shipment. Burlaps were fairly active, steady and unchanged.

## Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week } \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | June 171911. | Since Jon | an. 11911. | ND SI Week June | Ending <br> 181910 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manutactures of - | Pkgs. | value. | Pkos. | Vors. | Pkos. | Value. | Pkos. | 1010. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 905 | 226,863 | 17,193 | 4,395,703 | 1,009 | 231,473 | 23,371 | 61.659 |
| Coti | 2,262 | 583,187 | 67,526 | 18,983,728 | 2,379 | 647,755 | 71,833 | 20,106,028 |
| Silk | 965 | 422,272 | 36,792 | 16,245,351 | 1,197 | 586,073 | 35,024 | 16,571,880 |
|  | 1,604 | 313.710 | 42.049 | 8,4 4.153 | 1,736 | 352,609 | 40,969 | 9.756, 88 |
| Misselliazeous | 724 | 70,740 | 79,095 | 5,063,849 | 1.838 | 133,408 | 106,902 | 6,808,256 |
| Total | 6,400 | 1,625,778 | 242,655 | 53,258,790 | 8,154 | 1,952.008 | 287,100 | 50,304,611 |
| Sanutactures of WAREHOUSE WITHDRAWALS THROWN UPON THE MAREET. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wool | 193 | 66.146 | 6,269 | 1,806,201 | 509 | 125,049 |  |  |
| Cott | 716 | 135,332 | 18,177 | 5.422,088 | 474 | 154.898 |  | 4,825,026 |
| Sllk | 210 | 78,262 | 4,822 | 2,012,209 | 200 | 77,690 | 5.077 | 2,220,920 |
| Flax | 461 | 92,340 | 12,692 | 2,757,579 | 388 | 92,799 | 12,243 | 2,545,235 |
| Miscellan | 1,054 | 26,299 | 100,304 | 1,087,069 | 13,404 | 75,450 | 109,725 | 1.739.080 |
| Total withar | 2.634 | 398,379 | 142,264 | 13,986,046 | 14.075 | 526.703 |  |  |
| tered | 6.460 | 1.625.778 | 242,655 | 53,258,790 | 8,154 | 1.952,008 | 287,190 | 39,394,61 |
| Total m | 9,094 | 2,024,157 | 384,919 | 67,244 | 3,129 | 2,478,803 | 438,869 | 73.19 |
| Manufactures of- IMPORTS ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSE DURING SAME PERIOD. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wo | 436 |  | 6,988 | 1,914,761 | 170 |  |  |  |
| cotr | 665 | 216,195 | 16,662 | 5,192,427 | 584 | 181,151 | 17,283 | 5,018,930 |
| Sulk | 181 | 70,767 | 4,325 | 1.798,8 | 232 |  | 5,328 | 2,250,150 |
| Flax | 541 | 118,721 | 11.698 | 2.647,080 | 556 | 126.249 | 13,715 | ${ }^{2}, 989,617$ |
| Miscollanco | 368 | 21,498 | 88,523 | 1,384,332 | 5,676 | 43,409 | 104,393 | 1,960,133 |
| Total |  | 537,349 | 128,196 | 12,937,468 | 7.218 | 480,671 | 150,285 | 15,314,384 |
| Entered for co | 6,460 | 1,625,778 | 242.655 | 53,258,790 | 8,154 | 1,952,008 | 287,120 | 50,304,611 |
| tal | 8,651 | 2,163,127 | 370,851 | 66,196.258 | 15.372 | 2,441,679 | 437,475 | 74,708,095 |

## GTATE AND GITY DepantMENT.

## News Items.

Ann Arbor, Mich,-Purchase of Water Plant Proposed.According to the "Michigan Investor," the Ann Arbor Water Co., at the request of the city, which has been considering the question of municipal ownership, has offered to sell its
property for $\$ 525,000$.

Bayonne, N. J.-Recount of Vote Shows Defeat of Commission Plan of Government. The recount of the vote cast June 13 on the commission plan of government (V, 92 , p. 1652 ) showed 2,212 ballots "for" and 2,217 "against." 1 "the
first count was 2,234 "for" to 2,237 "against." As stated first count was 2,234 "for"
below, the new form of government was adopted by the voters of Trenton on June 20.

Chinese Government Loan.-Listing.-The Imperial Chinese Government contracts "when issued" for the Hukuang Railway $5 \%$ sterling bonds have been admitted to quotation on the New York Stock Exchange. See V. 92, p. 1652.
Des Moines, Iowa.-Voters Favor Municipal Ownership of Water Plant.-The election held June 19 (V, 92, p, 1511) resulted in favor of municipal ownership of the water works, the city to acquire same by purchase or construction. The vote was 3,496 to 1,140 . Mayor Hanna says that the next step is the appointment of a court of condemnation or arbi-
tration to consist of three district judges selected by the tration to consist of three district judges selected by the of the Statc outside of Polk County . This court will fix the price and, after this has been done, the matter will be voted upon at a second election. There were 396 "for" to 151 "against."

Huntsville, Ala,-Voters Favor Commission Plan of Gov-ernment.- A favorable vote was cast at the election held commission form of government
Illinois.-Supreme Court Decision on Inheritance Tax Law. -The Supreme Court has declared valid that section of the new Inheritance Tax Law under which safe deposit concerns, trust companies and corporations are compelled to give notice to the Attorncy-General and Stato Treasurer before a box may be opened and property transferred after the death of the owner. The Court holds that it applied not only to individual decedents, but in all cases where the decedent was a member of a partnership doing business in the state,
Constitutionality of the clause was questioned in a suit filed by the National Safe Deposit Co. of Chicago, against Andrew Russell, State Treasurer, and Wal er R. Lincoln, Inheritance Tax Attorney, whose duty it was to enforce the measure.

Remaining Legislative Bribery Cases Dismissed. -The bribery eases involving Representative Lee O Neil Browne of Ottawa, Representative R. E. Wilson of Chicago, L. D.
Hirsheimer of Pittsfield and F. J. Traut of Benrdstown and Hirsheimer of Pittsfield and F. J. Traut of Beardstown and
A. B. Johnston of Chicago have been dismissed. State's Attorney Burke has been postponing bringing the cases on trial on account of the verdict returned in the former cases and hoping that he would develop more determining evidence before the matter was tried. When the case of Lee O'Neil Browne was called on June 20 his attorneys asked for an immediato trial, and Attorney Burke then advised the Court that he was satisfied that he could not obtain a conviction on the evidence at hand, and to continue with the trial would be t useless expense. V. 92, p. 894 .
Lansing, Mich.-Commission Plan of Government Defeated. -By a vote of 2,391 to 1,214, the citizens on June 19 defeated the proposition to adopt the commission form of government.
Nevada.-Legistature Ratifics Federal Income Tax A mend-ment- We have just been advised that a resolution ratifing stitution was passed by amendment to the Feded by the Governor on Feb, 8 1911. The vote in the House was 45 "ayes" to 0 " "nays," 4 absent, and in the Senate 18 "ayes", to 0 "nays," I vacancy.
Newport, Ky.-Commission Form of Government Upheld; - A dispatch from Frankfort to the Cincinnati "Times-Star" says:

## Tho Court of Appeals this atternoon overruled the putifon for a rehearing in the cast of tho clty of Nowport asanst sivs, which is tio commasion  form of governmernt easien.

Trenton, N. J.-Government by Commission A pproved by Voters. -The plan to adopt the commission form of government was approved by the electors of this city on June 20 (V. 92, p. 1652) by a vole of 6,792 to 4,890 . The total vote cast was about $66 \%$ of the regular vote.
既United States.-House Rejects A mendment Giving Congress Control of Elections for Senators.-By a vote of 112 to 172 the House of Representatives on June 21 refused to concur in the Bristow amendment to the resolution providing for the election of U. S. Senators by direct popular vote. The amendment reserves to Congress the right to control such elections, and as previously stated was adopted in the Senate by a vote of 45 to 44. See V, 92, p. 1653.

Panama Bond Sate,- The $\$ 50,000,000 \quad 3 \%$ 50-year
(June 17) were oversubscribed more than three times, over 10,000 bids having been received. The number of bids received and accepted has not been calculated with absolute accuracy as yet, but it is believed that the number of nccepted bids is about 1,200 in all. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Andrew announced on June 20 that 1,190 of the Treasury Andrew announced on June 20 that 1, 190
proposals had been accepted at the following prices: 103 and upwards, $\$ 2,330,500 ; 102.75$ to 102.99, $\$ 18,698,500 ; 102.50$ to $102.74, \$ 11,019,500 ; 102.25$ to $102.49, \$ 16,568,800 ; 102.21$ to $102.24, \$ 1,382,700$. The average price received by the Government is estimated to be about $102.50-\mathrm{a}$ basis of about $2.905 \%$. The highest bid received was one of 110 submitted for $\$ 100$ bonds. The next highest offer was 105.50, also for a small lot. A considerable number of the bids received were for amounts ranging from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 5,000$. The largest single allotment was to Harvey Fisk \& Sons and A. B. Leach \& Co. of New York City on a joint bid. They got $\$ 10,000,000$ of the bonds at 102.779. The next highest allotment to any single bidder was that to the Hanover National Bank of New York. The Hanover gets $\$ 6,500,000$ of the bouds on bids which range as follows: $\$ 500,000$ at $103.133, \$ 500,000$ at $103.083, \$ 500,000$ at 102.933, $\$ 750,000$ at $102,883, \$ 750,000$ at $102.783, \$ 750,000$ at 102.633 , $\$ 750,000$ at $102.533, \$ 1,000,000$ at 102,30 and $\$ 1,000,000$ at 102.283 The National City Bank of New York which bid for the entire $\$ 50,000,000$ issue, got only $\$ 1,000,000$ of the bonds, at 102.25, its highest bid. Other large allotments were as follows:

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Frest Natiomat Bank,
Portamouth $O_{0}$
Contracts for $200,000 \quad 102,63$ on the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Walla Walla, Wash.-Election on Commission Plan,Mayor Tausick has called an election for July 10 to ascertain whether or not the voters are in favor of adopting the commission plan of government.
Waterloo, Seneca County, N. Y.-Sewer Proceedings Vati-daled.- $\Lambda$ bill has been passed by the Legislature, it is reported, validating the preliminary procoedings taken by the village for the construction of the soiver system started in 1908. This is because suit was brought to provent the completion of the system. The matter is now pending in the Court of Appeals, the case having been decided in favor of the city by Justice Sutherland and the Appellate Division. See V. 92, P. 477 . A bond issue of $\$ 90,000$ to $\$ 100,000$ was voted to pay for the system, which, it is snid, was about one-third built when the injunction was sought.

Wichita, Kan.-City Rejects Company's Offer to Sell Water Plant.-The Topoka "Capital" states that the City Commissioners on June 19 decided not to accopt the offer of the Wichita Water Co, to sell its plant for a little over $\$ 1,200,000$, but to acquire the same by condemnation. The property, it is stated, has been appraised by the State Board of Equalization at about $\$ 625,000$. Compare V. 92, p. 1653.

## Bond Calls and Redemptions.

Idaho.-Bond Call.-Interest will cease July 1 on the following coupon deficiency funding bonds, Suly it on the Nos, 1 to 5 incl., 7 to 18 incl., 25 to 42 incl., 49 to 66 incl., 68 to 70 incl., 75 to 88 incl., 90 , and 98 to 102 incl. They will be redeemed at the State Treasurer's office in Boise.

Missouri.-Bond Calls,-Whitaker \& Co of St. Louis, in their quotation pamphlet dated June 15, include the follow ing list of municipal bonds which have been called for redemption:






 Paris Soh. Dist., Monroc Co. J\% bd. No. S for $\$ 1,000$, dated Juty 21906,
has been oniled nind will be pild July 2 1911


 Wmow springs $5 \%$ ref. Water bds. Nos, 1 to a for $\$ 500$ each, dated fuly 1
1000 , have been called nud will be pald July 11911 .
Ohio County (P, O. Wheeling), W. Va.-Bond Call.-The following $41 / 2 \% ~ 10-30-\mathrm{yr}$. (opt.) bds, of the denom. of $\$ 500$ each will be redeemed on July 1 at the German Bank of Wheeling:
Nos, $369,201,178,13,303,114,137,204,374,377,370,227,150$,
$345,12,130,303,279,110,161,370,281,158,381,186,367,133,121 ;$
$338,209$.

## Bond Proposals and Negotiations this week

 have been as follows:ABERDEEN, Chehalis County, Wash--Zonds Offered by Bankers.-The

 bullding bonds.
ARCHBOLD. Fulton County, Ohto-Bond Sate--On June 10 the 815,000

 ATTLEBDRO. Bristol County, Mass-Bind Oificring Furthe detalls


 AUDUBON COUNTY (P. O, Audubon), Iowa,-Bond Sale. The In-



 BA YONNE. Hudson County. N. J.-Bond Sate- On June 6 the s187,000


 $\$ 30,000$ bis atiocion is stated.


 Auth. Sce. 05. Muncipat Codo, Dato May 1 1011, Int, ann. Cort, pala for withtn po days from date of award. Purchaser to pay accrued int BEAVER, Beaver County, Pa-Bonds Voted.-The eteation hed on
 107: for the bldg. bds, 244 to 136 . BENTON HARBOR, Berrien County. Mich.-Bonds Voted.-Tho ques-
 at private sate.
BERWYN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO, 100 ( $P$ O. Berwyn), Cook County It. BIG HORN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 45 (P. O. Raymond), Rev. Stat ot ©licrk, tor $31,0006 \%$ coup. Did. bds. Auth. ohap. 140 Rev. Stat. of 1910; Donom, 3500 Date July I 1911. Int, July 1 at the as the holder may eleot, Dua i, 20 years.
 mids. offered on June 2 (V. $02, \mathrm{p}$. 1450 ) biave not been solid.
BLAIR. Trempealeun County, Wis.-Bond Election.-Reports tace to-day (June 24) proposicion to ssuc 10,000 chy-hall bonds will take
BOISE CIT X, Ada Count, Idaho.-Bond Sate.-The s33.000 7\% 1-10were awarded on May 25 to the Ftrat Nat. Bank of cleve, at a Dremium.
BOISE CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Boise City),


 water and nre bds. VV. 92, p. 1580. The time for accepting proposals was
extended two weeky.

 CALISPEL DIKING DISTRICT NO, 1. Stevens (now Pend Oreille)
 Denom. son. Dato July 1011 . Int. annunily at the County Treas office in Newport, Due fuly 1 1921, opt. $\$ 8.000$ yrly, after 5 yrs. Cert.
eheck for $2 \%$ of bld, payable to the County Treasurer, is required.
 CAPE MAY, Cape May County $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{J} .-$ Bond offering.-It Is stated that


 CEDAR RAPIDS, Limn County, Io wa,-Bonds Votnd.- The eleotlon held CENTER TOWNSHIP, Posey County, Ind,-Bonds offered by Bankers. -





CHARLES CITY. Floyd County, Iowa,-Bond, Sate,-The $\$ 50,000$
 CHELAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTBICT No Dis






CHEYENNE COUNT X (P. O. Sidacy), Neb,-Bond Sale--On June 19
 E. H. Rolifns, \& Sons, Denver-Par and interest, county to allow $\$ 1,430$ C. H. Cotria. Chtoaso- 5251 brems and ineftental expeases.
 A. J. Hood © Co, Dotrot- $\mathbf{3 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ and rurnish bank bonds. Thos. J . Botger Co , Cl Cloago $-350,026$, Int, and blank bonds.
CHICKASHA, Grady County, Okla.-Bonds Proposed.-According to
 further stated that dennte action on the matter was deferred until thio next
CHOCTAW COUNFY SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 5 (P. O. Messcr), Okla
Bond Dow of Fori Smilh. Denom 5500 . Date June 151911. CLAYVSVILLE. Wastington County, Pa-Bonds Proposed.-The Board CLEEELAND, Ohio.-No Speciat Bond Etection. On June 12 the Clty

 bus as follows:
 $\qquad$ $8300,210-103.17$
$26,024-104.090$


 $\begin{array}{r}46,809-104.02 \\ 31.433-104.476 \\ 83.390-104.245 \\ 8,321-104.012 \\ \hline\end{array}$ Papers state that the New First Natonal Bank has reguib30-104.42 ing to purchase only the nrss elght Issucs of bonds mentooned above, desirthat the attorneys for the bldder are not cortalin that the bonds which they tectime are legar.

 other bids were recelved
COLOUITT, Miller County, Ga - Bond Sato. We Wre advised that the (v.02, p. 886 ) were awarded ou June 1 to J . H. Hilaman \& Co, of Allanta. COLOUITT COUNTY (P. O. Moultrie), Ga,- Honds Proposed,-The coorek county o. воoavinct mo. $\$ 100,000$ court CRESTLINE
$535-\mathrm{yr}$. (av,) coup. West Bucy County, Ohio--Bond Sale.-The $38,5005 \%$

 Coard County, Tex.-Description of Bonds.-WTRICT (P. O. Croweli, 520,000 otdick, bss. voted on fune 6 (V. 92, p. 1054) bear interest at $5 \%$
 were awarded on June 12 to $Q$. M. Bechtel \& Co, of Davenport Cal. - Hond Election UNION HIOH SCHOOL DISTRICT. Tulare County, uno ot tasutnc 550,000 bds., it ts stated.
DELAWARE COUNT Y (P. O. Munciel. Ind-Bonts Offered by Bankers



DENTON COUNTY (P) O. Denton). Tex, - Bond Election.-Reports atote that an election will be held July 29
$\$ 75,000$ Lewlsville Road District bonds.


Whanss © Uterback Sco. Co., Okiahoma City,
Greer Bond \& Lavestment Co., Okdatioma Clty
DODGE CENTRE, Dodge County. Minn.-Bon ............. 37.005 vote was castonnune 19 on the question ot 18sulng $320.0004 \%$. Antere bonde. There were 64 yotes "for" and 3 , Against:" Duc 1971 to 1930 .
VIsed that these bonds will be sold to the State of Minnesota.
 bds. The vote was unanimous.
DOTHAN. Houston County, Ala.-Bond Election.-An elcetton will be
held, It 1 sstated, to vote on the quesion of issulne water nnd llatit bonds.
EAST AURORA. Eric County, N. Y--No Action Yet Taken.-Up to
June 16 no action had yet been taken looking tovvards the
$\$ 112,000$ sower bonds yoted on March 21 . V. 02 . D. 825
EDEN (P, O. Bar Harbor), Me.-Bond Offering.-The Town Selectuen



EL RENO, Canadian County Okla,-Bond Election Proposed.-A reso-
 Waterivin (Town UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P, O.

 J. THart, Abany (for 4.408 , Hik (for 4.455)




EVERETT, Snohomish County, Wash.-Bond Ofortnd - Proposala will
be recelved until 12 m. July 1 by C.C. Gllman, Comp., for 3030,000 gold
 ${ }^{1931}$. Cert. cheok on a bank in Everect for $2 \%$ of bld, payable to Alex Keay, Treas, required. Ofticial circuar states mate met its obligations
FAIRPIELD, Somerset Coonty, Me.-Bond Salo.-An tssue of 327,000



 Wertill, Oldhame \& Co, Bosi-101.789 neld. Savings Mank, Vair-
FAIRFIELD SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Richmond), Henrico County Va,-Bonas Dereardi- 535,000 bldg. bds. (V. 22 , p. 1451), It 1s stated.
 $\$ 5.000$ bidg. bonds (V. 92, p. 1053)
FARGOO Cass County. No. Dak.-Bond Sale-On June 14 the 830,000
$41 \% \%$ 12,-yr, (av.) park dist. Imp. bds. (Vt. 22 , D. 1083 ) were awarded
 FARMERSVILE SCHOOL DSTRICT (P. O. Farmersville), Collin
Count, Tex. Bonds Regrated.-The State comptroler refistered on

FORT BEND COUNT Y (P, O. Richmond. Tex, Bond Etection Proposed.

FORTUNA, Humboldt County, Cal- Bond Etection.-The Trustecs have ssulug sewer bonds.
FRANKLIN. Norton County, Mass-Bond Sale-On Junc 19 the





FREDERICK CITY, Frederick County, Md.-Bond Ofering,-Proposals will be recelved untll 7:30 p. m. July 19 by the Mayor and Aldermen for $\$ 30,000-415 \%$ 10-30-y5. (opt.) coup, water bonds. Denom.: 20 bds, of $\$ 1,000$ and 30 of 8500 esch. Date. July 1 1011. Int.J. \&J. Cert. check for $5 \%$ of bisc. bld for, payable to the Mayor \& Adermen, is required. Purchaser to pay acented interest.

The offictat notice of this bend offering with appear next week among the adecrtsements elsewhere in this Department.

 County, Toxas.-

OAOETOWN. Tuscola County, Mich.-Bond Sale:-Wo are advlsed that
the $\$ 2,0005 \%$. water bds. votad on Moll. 13 (V. $22, \mathrm{p} .825)$, Are betmis thken at par by the mlehigan Pspo Co


GLENDALE SCHOOL DISRRCT Los Angeles County, Cal-Bond
 GONZALES COUNTV P. O. Gonzales.). Texas.- Bonit ELtection,-An
 ORAND JUNCTION Mesa County, Colo. $=$ Bids Rejected, All blds re-
Mre crved onstem constr, bods (V) 23 ,
ORAND RAPIDS, Keat County, Mich. Bond offering. - Proposats wilt coupon bonda:




Denom. $\$ 1,000$. Int. Dayable at the Treas. office. Bonds are exempt
from all taxation. Unconditional cert. check for $3 \%$ ot bds. bid for, payable to the Treas., required.
 court-house bds. (V, 92, D, 892). Auth. Scc. 1267, Rev, Stat. of
 ar in the state Comptrouer year (optonal) bonds.
GUNNISON, Gunnison County, Colo.-Bond Offering.-M. J. Schmitz, Auth. Subdy 6 \& 867 , Sec. 6525 . Rev. Stat. of 1908 ; also vote of 94 to 60 at election held April 4
anch and 4011 . Denom. 40 of 81,000 bds. or s 100 cach, 60 of 8500
and office or at tho Hanover Nat. Bank In New York City. Due 15 yrs opt.
after 10 yrs. Offlcha circular states that there is no controversy or itigathon, threatened or pending, concerning the validity of these bonds, the precent officers to thelr respective offices; also the olty has never defaulted HAgCDSTOW ony of ta obigations.
 HNNCOCK COUNTY (P. O. Sparia), Ga,-Description of Bonds.-The


 S2.008,735, Ohio. No Bonds Authorisef.-We are advised that the papers stating that
his dtacrlet has nuthorlzed tho Lsuance of 88,000 blds, bds, are In error. HOBOKEN, N. .I.-Bond offerino.-Further detalls are at batid relative to the ofterlat on June 28 of the $\$ 125.000-45 \%$ coup. or reg. Nity-hall-

 the City Treas. oftioce Due July 1 1031. Bonds aro tax-exempt. Cert. check for 32,500 , payable to the "Clty of Hoboken," required
The official notice of this bond offering will be Jound amonid the advertise
HONEA PATH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34 (P, O. Honea Paifh), Ander

 ning 1912. Due 1931. Cert. check tor $10 \%$ bis. bld tor required. Bond.
debt at pracot, 88,000 . Assens. val.. $\$ 075.000$. J. F. Monroe is secty.

 opt. atter 20 years. No deposit required.
HOOUIAM. Chehatis County, Wash.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-The
 HUMBOLDT
 HURON COUNTY (P.O. Bad Axe), Mich,-Bonds Defeated.-The propo-
sition to ssule the 3100,000 court-housc bds. (V. 92, D. 826 ) fallect to carry stiton to ssiue the 3100,000 court-houe
 to the State Exchange Bank and the Commerclal National Bank, both of
Iutchtuson, at thelr jolnt bld of 100.28 , Int. © blank bds. Followling are Ho tuenchtrso
the btas:
State Exich. Bank and Commerctal Nat. Bank, Hutehinson. $* 3125,350$ of


125,35000
125.305
125160
18.828
18.80

## - And blank bonds.

Denom. 8500 or $\$ 1.000$. Int. payable in Topeka.

 Were als or Cocelved bus.
IMPERIAL, Imperiat County, Cal,-Bond Etection, An election wil be
held to-day (Juno 24), it ia stated. to vote on the question of issulur $\$ 3,000$
 JCKKSON COUNTV (P. O. Holton) Kan.-Etection,-Avoording to
renorta en ection wil be held tululy io vote on a propoalton to thue reporta an electuon will bo held in July to vote
hioudtr me levy a drect tax to bulfd a court-house
IEPFERSON COUNTY P P, O. Madiona, Ind.- Bonds Offered by Bonkers. 33,260 4\% \% tax-exempt Satuda TwD. gravel-road bds. Denom. $\$ 16346$

 JEFPERSON COUNTY (P, O, Fairfietd), Iowa, Bond OJfering-Pro-
 JEFPERSON TOWNSHIP, Jay County. Ind.-Bonds offread by Bankers.


 by N, M. Stewart. Clerk Bd. of Ed. (P. O. Dublin R. D. No, 1), tor the

 1012 to 1019 trect, Bonds to be dellivered JuIy ${ }^{5} 1911$ Cert, check for
S100, payable to the Treas. Bd, of Ed., required.
Blds must be uncondis100, payable to the Treas. Bd. of
tonal. Purch. to pay accrued tit

 JOHNSTOWN. Licking County, Ohio- Bond Sate- The 86.67038



KENESAW, Adams County, Neb--Hond ofering.-We are advised
 Pi. oc. N. The bds. .hive been.
counts and Sceretary of state.

KENTWOOD, Tangipatioa Parish, La,-Bond Etection Proposed,-A
potitlon is belng cireulated, it is stated, calling for an election to vote on potition is beln elrecuated, it is stated. calling for an
the question of ssuing 550.000 water and sewer bonds.
KING COUNTY SCHOOL DISRICT NO. 71, Wash.-Bond offoring,-
 at election held May 27 . Denom. 3500 . Int. ann at at the Treas. ottioe, or at
the $n s c a l$
asenoy of the State in $N$.


KING COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 137, Wash. -Bond Offering.P. O. Seatutel, For $\$ 8,000$ coup. ref. A budy. bds. at not exceeding 6 Tre int Auth. electlon held Juno ${ }^{2}$ De Denorn. ssoo. Int. ann. at the Treas. otflee or at the fiscal agency of the State In N, Y., at optlon or purchaser. Due
20 yrs., opt, after 5 yrs. Bonds will be dellvered Aug. 1 111 . Cert. Check

KNOXVILLE. Tioga County, Pa.- Hond Sale.-On June 10 S24.000 Denom si. 000 Date July 1101 . Int. J. \& J. Duc 54,000 in 1916 and

LAMONT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Lamont) Buchanan County. Iowa
Bond Sale. We are auvisel that the 34,000 8-yr. Dd 4 . bds. Yoted on Marel. 15 (V. $92, \mathrm{p}$. 800 ) have becn sold.
LEBANON, Boone County, Ind- - Btds Rejected.-The Rollowing blds
decelved on June 19 for the $\$ 30,000.4 \%$ 5 $5 /-\mathrm{yr}$. (av.) coup, water ret, bds. (V. ${ }^{93}$, will ${ }^{1535}$ ) were refected
 Mavin Trust Co
The above bldders aro ail of Indianapolls.
LEBANON, Lebanon County, Pa.-Bond Sale. The $\$ 110,0004 \%$ sewer
bds. retused by Graham \& Co. ot Phila. (V, $02 . \mathrm{p}$. 200 ) were awarded to local Investors on Aprit 1, wo are Just advised. . LEE FLORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3 (P. O. Heayener). pect \& Dow of Fort
LEMOORE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Kings County Cal.-Description of
 LIBERAL Seward County. Kan.- Bond Eilection, An election will be
held July 6 , it is stated, to vote on the question of Issuing 330,000 water bds.

 15,000 Newark 192. Limnville road bds. Due $\$ 500$ each 6 mos., Jath, 11912
15.000 Nowalk to Columbus road bds. Due $\$ 500$ each 6 mos., Jan. 1

15,000 State read bds. Due $\$ 500$ each 6 mos., Jan, 11912 to July
12,000 Newarke. Wilkins, Run road bits. Duc 8500 each 6 mos., Jan, 1 Anth. See, 7407 to 7463 , Incl, Gen. Code. Denom, ssoo, Date July 1
1911. Tnt, \& \& at the Co. Treas. Bonds to be dellvered on or before

LINCOLN COUNT Y SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 18 , Idatho- - Bond Sate.On June 17 s16.000 10-10-yr. (ser.) coup, se
the State Board of hand Commisioners as js.
LINDSAY, Tulare County. CaI.-Bond Etection proposed.- This place,
accordng to reports, Lntends to vote on the lssuanco of 555.000 water Das. LITTLE ROCK, Pulaski County, Ark.-Bond Sale--On May 24 ses. 000


 103.242. E. H. Roulins \& Sons, ofiting 102, 189, wero the sccond histest 16, 8 state 6 Clty Sectlon, issued May 271111 .
 water-works bas
 Hon to Issue 816,000 water bonds.

 gtated, For a loan or 3700,000 , que July 1 1912, and a loan of $\$ 100.000$, due
Dec. 1911 Date July 11011 . LUTHER, Boone County, Iowa,-Honds Voted. The proposition to Mecomb CITY. Pike County. Miss.-Price pard for Bonts. The pre paid tor the $515,0005 \% 20-\mathrm{yr}$. Water-wortis bds. disposed of on June 06 t
 MCCUTCHENVILLE, W yandot County, Ohlo- Hond Sale.-On June 13

 MADISON COUNTY (P. O. Huntsville), Ala,-Bond Offering, Proposals

 MADISON COUNTY (P. O. Agderson), Ind-Bonds offered by Bankers. ravel-rom bds. in belmy ottered by the J. IV Whid \& Co. State Banis or
 MALHEUR CO. SCHOOL DIST. NO. 15, Ore.-Bond Sate. The S2s,000
 MALVERN, Carroll County, Ohio.-Bond Etection.-Accordlnit to toca papers an clection wil be called soon to vote on the question of lissulng
$\$ 16,000$ water bds.


 or Boston at $3.64 \%$ discount, and s30,000, due Aprll 10 1912, to Estabrook
$\&$ Co of Boston, at $3.08 \%$, Alecount. MARQUETTE, Marquette County, Mich,-Bond offorino- Proposals
wiil be recelved untir D. m , Juy 3 oy P, Primeau, Comp.: tor $\$ 10,000$

## 

 MARSHALLTOWN, Marshall County, Iowa.-Bona Sale.-The $\$ 25,000$ MARTINEZ, Contra Costa County. Cal, Bond zVyction.-The elcedion
 massillon, stark Co
has been passed providing for the issuance of $\$ 3.20041 / \% \mathrm{cou}$. An ordmance
 MELROSE. Middesex County Mass. - iend Electio
 bonds to pay part of the cost of constructing an $\$ 84,000$ memortal hall.
MENARD COUNTY (P. O. Petersburg), HII-Bond Sale-On June 15






 are exempt from taxaton In Penh. Sert. oheck for $\$ 1,000$, payabic to the
Dlst. Treas., required. M. W. Nell $\$$ Sceretary



 MONTCLAIR, Essex County, N.J.-Bonds Proposed.-The Bord of
 plant-Imp. bds., according to reports. Denom. $\$ 1,000$. int.J. \&\%, Duter County Cat. PROTECTION DISTRICT (P. O. Santa Ana), Orange
 NBW BRAUNFELS. Comal County, Texas. - Bond Election. On July In
an cecton will be held, it is reported, to vote on the question of lssulng
 NEWMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Stamislaus County, Cat-Bond Sale accorans to reports. W. Halsey 6 CO . or San Vranclisoo at 105.119 . IINEW TRIER TOWNSHIP HIGH SCHOOL DISTIRCT, Cook County. Bank oride. D. 1453) were awarded to the Contmenal a Commerdal Nat
 NOBLE TOWNSHIP
Not Sold-Offoring-The $\mathbf{O}$. Belle Valfey), Noble County Ohio-Fionds May 20 (V. 02, p. 1331 ) are betag re-advertised, btds to be opened July is. NORTH ADAMS. Berkshire County, Mass. - Note Sate.-The ${ }^{35,000}$
sower, 36,000 sddevalk and $\$ 1,500$ street notes (V.02, p. 1580 have beon
 NORTH STAR SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. North Star




 NoWATA. Nowata County. Okla, Prtee Patd for Bonds. - Splizer. Rorextesslon bds. (V. 02, D. 1586 ) awarded trem on May 20. Date Junc 1 1011 .
Interest J.
OAKDALE. Stanisfaus County, Cal,-Honds Voted. The electoon held



 0 O
 OOLETHORPE, Macon County, Oa, - Mond ofiering, -Proposals will bo

 No Hoating dobt, Assessed val. 1910, 5350,000



 a Flat btdion
Denom. 81,000 . Date July 1
1011
ORANGE Orange County. Texas,-Bonds Voted-Accordlog to reports question of lssume $\$ 43,000$ deep-water bordd
 ORLEANS COUNTY (P, O. Abion), N. Y.-Bond Sule--On June 20 the Adims \& Co. of Now York at 101.131 \& int.- A basis of about $4.347 \%$.
 O XFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oxford), Butter County, Ohio--
Sond Sale. On June 10 55,000 ts
 OWOSSO, Shia wassee County, Mich, Bonds Voted.-At an election held
Janc 15 thi Issiance of 55.000 fre-hail bds, at not execeding $5 \%$ int. Was authorized by a vote of 324 to 117. Due Oct. 15 1012, 1913 and 1014. Was PAQE COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 8 (P, O. Clarinda), Iowa.-

 held June 10 resuited In tavor or the questloo. of Issulng $\$ 18.000$ water bds.
The vote, according to reports, was 60 "tor to 38 . agalnst." PASADENA, Los Angeles County, Cal.- Bond Offering-- Further de-


18,000 nro-apparatus bds. Denom, 40 bds of $\$ 250$ and 8200 each
proposals for theso bonds wii bo recelved unti 9 a. m on that by Heman Dyer, Clyy Clerik, Date Juna 1 1911. Int. J, $\&$ D. Cert.

 by purchaser
PINE RIVER SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Pine River), Cass County,
Minn.- Bond Issue Rescinded.-AI atithorized has been rescinded.
 $\$ 500$. Int. M. \& S
PONTOTOC COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P, O, Maxwell)
OkIa.-Bonct Sale.-Sper \% bldg. bds. Denom, 5500. Due Jan, 11931. POTTSVILLE. Schuylkill County, Pa,-Bond Sale.-On June 20 thic
 PREBLE COUNTX (P. O. Eaton) Ohio.-Bond Offering- Proposats
wili be recelved unul July 8 by tho County-Commastoners, acoordag to

 1011. Int. M. \& N.
READING. Middlesex County, Mass--Temporary Loan.-We are ad,

REDONDO BEACH. Cal-Hond Election Poxtponed--The eleotion


RED RIVER PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO, 1 (P) $\mathbf{O}$, Coushatta), RENSSELAER, Rensselaer County, N, Y, Bonds Re-avarded.-The to E. H. Rolltus \& Sons at 104.569 were refused by that nrm on June 20 Son \& Co of New York accepped we next highest bld, that of Farson RIPON HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Ripon), San Joaquin County a proposition to lesue $\$ 22,5005 \% 22-\mathrm{yr}$. bldg. bds,
ROCHESTER, N. Y. - Note Offering. - Proposals will be Fecelved untl disponal notes, Prinelpal and moterest will bo payable elght months from July 31911 at the Unon rust ROCKY RIVER, Cuyahoga County, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-
 1837 wero awarded to tho Flist Nat. Blt, at $101.573-\mathrm{a}$ basis of about
 ROME. Oneida County, N. Y.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will bo rocelved untu 11 a. m, July oby d. L. Mnesfaster, Clty Clerk, for $\$ 160,000$ Date July 1 1911. Int, J, \& J, at the Nat. Parke Bank in Now York. Due in 20 yra. Purohaser to pay accruod int.
The official netice of this bond offering will be found among the advertsements elsewhere in this Department.
SACRAMENTO, Sacramento County, Cat-Bonts Voted.-The question
 The yote for the elementary bds. was 2,060 to 737, for the hith-school bds. ST MELEN
Bond HELENA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, Napa County, Cal

 uixteen to twenty years Inclustvo.



ST, PETRRSBURG, Hillsboro Coonty. Fla-Bonts Vofed-The election

 blds. voted on Feb 21 V. 03, p. 617.
SANDUSK Y, Erio County, Ohio.- Bond Sate-On June 10 the 814,000


 Amerioan Banking \& Trust Co., Sandissicy
11.02700
11.00080 SAN OABRIEL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Los Angeles County 11,011 oo Election $\$ 220,000$ bonds. III.- SANGAMON COUNTV TOWNSLIP HIOH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO, $13-5$,



 SANTA FE, N, Mox-Honds Proposed.-Thts place, it is stated, pro-
poses to Lssu0 $\$ 10.0004 \%$ retaud. bde.

SAPULPA, Creck County, Offa.-Bond Election.-An election wil be
beld June 28 to vote on the question of lssuing 375,000 water-works bonds. SCHENECT


 SCOTT COUNTY (P. O. Scottsburg), Ind.-Bonds Offered by Banke In tis circular for June the J. F. Wild $\&$ Co. State Bank of Indlanapolis is nom. $\$ 222$ 34. Date May 151911 Int. M. M N. at the County Treas. ursers ottice. Duo \$222 54 each slx months from May 151912 to Nov, 16 1921 incl. Bonds are tax-exempl.
SEATTLE. Wash,-Bond Saies for May,-During the month of May the Amount. 569,622 . 90 Int. Rate.


$\begin{array}{lr}\text { May } \\ 1.1921 \\ \text { May } & 11916 \\ \text { May } & 61921 \\ \text { May } & 101916 \\ \text { May } & 151916 \\ \text { May } & 221916 \\ \text { May } & 221916 \\ \text { May } & 251916 \\ \text { May } & 221921\end{array}$
SEDGWICK COUNTY (P O. Wichita), Kam-Bonds Voted - Am elog
fon held

 or the Shairnce Bank Co in sis
SHELBY COUNTY (P. O. Memphis), Tean,-Bond Sale.-The Bank of $30-\mathrm{yr}$. coup, sch. bds. dated July 1 1011. The price pald was $101.525 \%$ A basls of about 4,409\%. The tollowlay bids were recelved:, Mem.100.625
 Denomtnation 51,000 . Interest J, \&J, in New York or Memphis. SHINER. Lavaca County. Tex.-Bonds Sold,-The $\$ 8,0005 \%$. $5-20-\mathrm{yr}$.
(opt.) water bds. registered on Peb. 28 (V. 92, p, 828) have beon awarded o local Investors.
SHINER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Shiner), Lavaca to deolde whether or not this district shall lssue $\$ 12,000 \mathrm{bldg}$, bonds.
SIOUX FALLS, Minnehaha County. So, Dak.- Bond Etection Reseinate.
-Tho eceofon whict was to have been held June 27 to vote on the question of issulnis the $\$ 100,000$ water DdS . (V. 02, p. 1658 ) has been called of, it in
sNOHOMISH, Soohomish County, Wash,-Bonds Voted.-The election tudd Junc 7 resulted 1 tantated in a voto of 174 to 8 in tavor of the propo-
attion to tasue the 810.000 20-yr. water bds. awarded on March 31 to the Atlas Construction Co. of Everett (V, 02, D. 904)

SOUTH STILLWATER, Washington County, Minn-Bond ofreringtor $\$ 5,0006 \%$ water bds. Denom, $\$ 500$. Due $\$ 1,000$ Aug. 1 1913 or on
to any hug. 1 thereatter.
SPOKANE. Wash, -Rato of Interest.- The $\$ 415.000$ 20-yr, gold coup.
brldge bonds awarded to Wm. A. Read \& Co. ot Cijleago at 102.035 it int. ${ }^{-4.347 \%}$ Dasls (V. 02, p. 1658 )-bear $41 / 5 \%$ int.
STAMBAUGH, Iron County, Mich,-Bond Offering Postponed.-The ofrernay or the 85.000 . $\%$ stroet and sidowaik bds, which was to have taken STEUBENVILLE, Jefferson County Ohio,-Bond Sale.-The following $\$ 3,0007-\mathrm{yr}$ ( (ay) st. $44 \%$ coup essesment bonds (v. $92, \mathrm{p} .155$ ). Stacy $\&$ Braun, Toledo
Vinton Banldny Co, Vinton.
Now Trrst Nat. Bank, Cotumbus
VIrst Nat, Bank, Cloveland.
Ots $\infty$ Hough, Clevelana
Natlonal Excbango झan


Seasongood \& Maycer, Cincimnatt ................... 41,62730
Well, Roth \& Co., Cincinnatl
41,100
SUGAR CREEK TOWNSHIP, Shelby County, Ind.-Bonds offered by
 of Indlanapolla. Denom. 3585 . Date July 11011 . Int. J. \& J. at uic Pairtand Nat Mank In Fatrland, Bd.
$\$ 888,510$. Ieat val. (est.), $\$ 1,700,000$,


 Bonds Refused.-The nbove securties wore awarded on Aprl 7 to $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}$,
Magraw of St Pat for the reason thant they were not advertiked a surflement rengrth of time.
 Hution \& Bisidine of Bradner at 103.40. The bldis tollow wero awarded
 SYCAMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Sycamore), Wyandot County
Ohio.-Bonda Deceled.
 bouds.



 to the Compt. requifed. Proposats muze be unconditional mord madabe




 TOLBDO. Lucas County, Ohifo- Hond Sale - On June 21 the 5150,000 don, Miler Co, of cleveland at 100,34 nad int., $a$ bests of about $3.559 \%$. Other pldg follow:
Stacy \& Eraun, Totedo . 5150,222 00|OHIS 8 Hough, Cleveland $\$ 150,011$ o7

$\$ 180,00000452 \%$ reservolr bds, Date June 1 1011. Due $\$ 0,000$ yearly $15,941425 \%$ assess, bids. Date dunce so 1011 . Due $37,97071 \mathrm{in} 1$ $12.0000041 / \%$ year and 37,07071 in 2 years. 100,00000555 certincates of 1912 to 1031 incl. Certined chicok for $1 \%$ of bouds bld tor requtred.
UNADILLA. Dooly County, Ga.-Bonds Voted.-The election hold
 UPPER DUBLIN TOWNSHIP, Pa,-Bond Salo- On May 27 an issue
of 535,0 . VAN BUREN TOWNSHIP, Grant County, Ind.-Bonds Offered oy





WARREN. Trumbull County, Ohio,-Bond Sale.-The $510,00043 \%$


 Elrst Nat. Bank, Oleveland: 10:328)
WASHINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Washington).Pa.-Bond Sale,-On
 Sons or Now York, Jointly, at 101,14 and int, a $4.36 \%$ basls. Wo are
ntormed that the bonds bear date of July 1 Inil and are subject to the State money is needed and the second blook or 1150,000 on Dee, 15 1011, the purshaser to have the option of maturities delivered
WATERDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Los Angeles County. Cal,-Bond
Elechlon-An election will be held Juno 2G, it is stated, to vote on the questron of ssulme $\$ 1,000$ bonds.
WATERTOWN, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-A loan of 350,000 due
April 201012 , has been negotiated, It 15 reported, with the old Colony Trust Co. of Boston at $3.57 \%$ discount ind a premlum of 40 cents.
 WENDELL. GRADED SCHDOL DISTRICT, Wake County, No. Caro--
Bond Sale. Acoordtur to reports. the sio,
 bus at $102.33-1.80 \%$ basts.
WESTBROOK. Cumberland County, Me.-Btas,-Other bids recelyed



 WESTVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. New Haven), Comn-Bond Sole. H. Roulnas \& Sona of Boston at $108.169-A, 4.20 \%$ bisis. The tol-
 Denome $\$ 1,000$. Date July 11011 Int. J. \& J. Due.july 1 1941.
 try oifred by the J. F Willd ECO. State Bank of Indtanapotls, Denom.
S500 and $\$ 300$. Date July 1 1011. Int J. 0 , at tho Randolph County
 926, Inet, Total bonded debt. Including this issuc, $\$ 37,300$.
 $\$ 7.50000$ paving bds. (V. 92, D. 983). Auth. Sec. $59-\mathrm{a}$, VII. Chatter: Sec

 Dato Juty 1 1911. Bds, will be delvered July 1 1911, A deposit of WILKES-BARRE, Luzerne County, Pa,-Bond Offering.-According to
 wI

WOBURN. Middlesex County, Mass.-Loan Offering,-Proposals will
be recelved untll $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$, June 27 , It 1 s stated, for a loan of $\$ 40,000$, due
WOODBURN: Marion County, Ore,-Bond Sale.-The 8408707
 Int. M. \& S.
WOOD COUNTY (P. O. Parkersburg), W. Va. - Bits Refected.-Acordd
me to dispatches, only two blds were recelved on Junc $4.5 \%$ 20-30-yr. (opt.) coupon Parkersburg Magisterinh Dtstrict road bonds.
Belng below par, they were rejected. V. 02 , pinno.
WOONSOCKET. R. I. - Bond Offering-- Furcher detalls are at hand relafunding bds. (V. 92. p, 1060, Pronosals will be received untir 10 n m .


## NEW LOANS

## SALE OF CITY OF LOUISVILLE FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT GOLD BONDS

office of the commissioners of the sinking fund,
Cly Hall Annex, Loulsville, Ky., June 15th, 1911, FOR SALE- So many of the bonds of the CHy of Loulsville as may be necessary to refund and
nay or the prinelpal of 8300.000 oo or bond of the ety of Loulsville, fonown as old Lablilty Bonds one thousand dollars each. dated Aprlt 14th, 1886, due August 1st. 191 , tousvilic Refunding Gold Roods, Elicrenth Issue. due and Dayable Aurust 18t, 1021. Satd bond thaif per centum per annum, payable semp-annually on the first days of Tebruary and Au fust and


 laiv or laws ot satt city, and under authorly or an Act of the Genceal Assembly of the Commonweath of Kentuoky for the government of ottes of the irst cosss in the State of Kentueky, approved Mareh
22 d , 1902 , Gelay Section 3010 or the Kentucky Statutes.


 marked "Proposais for Bonds." SInktng Fund of the City of Loulsyme reserve the right to reject bldder. No proposal will be considered, unless accompanted by a certined check purchased by any or State bank dobna business in the Criy of Loulsvile. paynblo to the order of the on a natlonat banik tho sinking Fund of the "Clyy or Loursvile tor two per centum of the fuce value of the whiole number bldders. Brome will be ready for dellivery In the Clty of Loulaville at the ortice of the Commissioners of the Sland to any bldder, on tive days' notice that same are roady for dellvery, may be, at the optlon of the Commissioners of the SInklag Fund, consldered as a cancellation of itie bld.
loss or damake cnused by reason of the fallure to pay for sald bonds to the extent of any suol expense,
JAMES B. BROWN, Presldent,
J. M. TERRY, Treasurer \& Sc

## L. F. DOMMERICH \& CO,

 NEW YORKCeneral Offices, 57 Greene Street
SOLICIT MERCANTILE ACCOUNTS TO FINANCE DISCOUNT AND GUARANTEE SALES FOR MANUFACTURERS AGENTS AND OTHERS CARRY NO GOODS FOR OWN ACCOUNT

Established ove 60 Years

## NEW LOANS.

## \$125,000

CITY OF HOBOKEN, N. J. CITY HALL BUILDING BONDS
Publlo nottce is hereby glven that the Mayor
nd Councll of the Clty of Hoboken whll recelve proposals on
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 28TH 1911. at tour o'tock.
Cor the purchase of one hundred and twenty-Hve
thousand $(\$ 125,000)$ dollars bonds of the City of Hoboken, bearing interest at the rate of four nod onehale per centum (45\%) per annum, payable
seml-annually on Jninuary prst and July irst each year, and to run for a period of twenty (20) Tears from date of lowed bonds are Issued undor and by vtruc of the provilions of an Act of the
Lettslature of the State of New Jersey, entitcd Legtsiature of the State of New Jersey, entited
"An Alet to enable etita in thls State to extend.
 ordinance entuted An ordinance providiting for
the extenston, atteration and enlargement of the extenston, atheration hnd eniagement of
the city Hit bullding in the city of Hoboken
 authorizing the lssuance of bonda of said eity
in the sum of one hundred and twenty-nve thou-
 At the option of the bldder, of such denominatons not tess than on thouand ( 51,000 ) or more
than ten thousand ( $\$ 10,000$ ) dollars, as the bldder may olecet.
Blds to addressed to the Mayor and Councll of the crty or Hoboken, and condorsea clerk of the Boartiln open session whinn called for in the regular order of bustness relatung to seated proposals. and shall be accompanied by a certiled cheok
or cash in the sum of two thousand nve hundred ( 32,500 ) dollars. cany further nformatlon relating to sald bonds in the City Hall, Hobokeen, N.J. J. retect anyyor and blds if deemed in the interest to
of the dity so to do of the city 80 to do.

Councll i, LONDRIGAN.

THE AMERICAN MFG. CO.

MANILA SISAL AMD JUTE
CORDAGE
65 Wall Street
Now York
detlyered $\$ 300,000$ July 5 and $\$ 200,000$ Aug. 7 . They will be certifed as to genuineness by the Frrst Nat. Bank of Boaton, and legally approved by
Ropes, Gray \& Gorham, whose optalon will be furnished to purchaser. WORCESTER, Worcester County, Mass, Temporary Loaht,-According, Klssel. Klimicutt \& Co. of New York at $3,125 \%$ discount $\$ 50$ \& WYANDOT COUNTY (P. O. Opper Sandusky). Ohio-Bond Offering.-

 YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL. DISTRICT NO. 10, Wash,- Dond Ofjering:
 der. Int. somb-amn me dated on first of nome month at the optlon of bld Total debt at present, $\$ 13.43828$. Assessed \&ue equal, val, $1010,5439,430$ YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23. Wash- - Bond offering
 Laws ot 1807 , pages 357 ct. sca, also edeotion hild May 251011 . Date
"day of tssue., or may be dated on the nrst of some month at the option of bldder. Int, ann, at Treas. ottice. Due 20 yrs: YAKIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 49, Wash,-Bona Offerino.

 or may bo dated on the first of some month, at the odtlon of bldder Int.
ann. at the Treas office. Due 20 yrs., opt; after one ycar. Total debt at present, $\$ 41,095$ 49. Axsesa. \& cqual., val, for 1910, $\$ 1,815,720$,
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. - Bond Offering - Probosals wil be recelved
ntil $2 \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{m}$. July 17 by W . I, Davies, City Audtor, for the following


Falrmont Ave.
10.095 Breaden St. pavtar. Dut 32.0190 ct .11012101016 Incl.

10 Vernon St, paving. Due 5443 Oct, i 1912 to 1916 Incl.
710 Floplat St. 8ewer. Due 142 Oct, 1912 to 1916 mel,

865 Grace Stelps St. repaving: Duc s201 Oct ${ }^{1} 1912$ to 1916 focl.

Dated July 241011 . Int. A. © O. at Clity Treas, offleo, Separate blds to be made for each lisue, Cert. national bank check for $2 \%$ of bonts bla

July 24 . The city is now ready to lssue rerlistered bds, In exchange for
eoup. VOUNGSTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P, O, Youngstown), Mathoning
 Col for $\$ 74,361$ ( 107,760 ) \& int,- $n$ basis cr -bout $4.084 \%$. Other blas
follow: Younosvicle Townsifip ip Frst Nat. Bic., Franklín County


Canada, its Provinces and Municipalities.
 BARRIE, Ont--Debenture Sale - On Junc 16 the $81,0005 \%$ 10-gr. hos-



 BATTLEFORD, Sask.- Debenture Sale- Brent. Naxon $\&$ Co. of Toronto, COBALT, Ont-Debenture Offering.-Propowals will be recelyed untl July 1, It is stated, for $\$ 43,500 \%$ 10-yr, wate works and sewer debentures. DEFIANCE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2612 iP, O. Dupuis). Sask--Debenture sate-NA \& Jancor
 beginnlog Apr, 1 1912.
ELORA. Ont.-Debenture Offering, Proposals will be recelved untl
 ESTEVAN, Sask.-Debentures Voled.-Papers state that in additlon to the sis,000 sidowaik debentures belng voted on June 2 (V, 92, D. . 5889 ,
by-laws providing for $\$ 10,000$ sewer and $\$ 5,000$ water debentures also FAIRYDELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 2346 (P9, Fairydell), Alta.-
 GALT, Ont- Debenture Offering.- Proposals will be recelved untll 12 mm . electrio power-plant debentures repayadie une - 1931 (.. 92, p. 1601). Denom. s1,000. Int. J. \& D. at the Treas. ofnce or Merchants ${ }^{p}$ Bank of Canada in Galt.
HAMMLION, Ont.-Loan Etection Proposed-We see it stated that the
Board of Control has recommended to the Councll that an election be held Buly 25 to vote on a by-law to ralse 5505,160 for a power nnd light plant. - HUMBOLDT, Sask.-Debenuures Voted und Sold-The electlon held
 tebentures (V. 92, D. 1580 ), Th
these debentures have been sold

## NEW LOANS.

## CITY OF TRENTON

$\$ 63,200$ STREET PAVING BONDS $\$ 45,000$ PARK BONDS

MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD BONDS

## nist on applioation

SEASONGOOD \& MAYER Morcantilo Library Building OINOINNATI

Thomas J. Bolger Co. MUNICIPAL BONDS Legal for Savtngs Banks, Postal Savings and Trust Funds BEND POR LIST
19 South La Salle St.,
OHICAGO
Charles M. Smith \& Co. CORPORATION AND MUNICIPAL BONDS

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING OHICAGO

## NEW LOANS

\$208,000.00

## BEXAR COUNTY,

41/2\% Court House Refunding Bonds (County Seat, San Antonio.) Seated blds will be recelved by the undersigned antil 12 o clock noon, MONDAY, JUNE 26TH, 1911, for the purchase of $\$ 208,000$ 4\%
Refunding Bonds of the denomination of $\$ 1,000$ each. dated July lat, 1011 , maturfing July 18t,
1951, redecmable at the plensure of joxar County at any tima after ten years from thelr dato.
Interest payable semi-annually, on the tenth day Intereg payable semi-annually, on the tenth day
of Aprif and tho tenth day of October of cach year. Thiese bonds will have the written approval of
the Attorney-Generat of the State of Texan, and therr legaity will be passed upon also by Messrs, a copy of thetr oplnton, wll bo furnighed to the
successful btdder, and thoy will be regatered in the ofrico of the State comptroller of Texas.
They will be engraved under the supervision of and certined as to thelr genulnenesy by the
United States Mortgage © Trust Company, Cedar Street, New York, N, Y,
A certified check for two per cent of the amount of the par value of the bonds hid for must accompany each bld, same to be returned to unsccceasmat
bldders,
No bids will be recelved for tess than the par No blds will be recelved for tess than the par
value and accrued Interest of the bonds bld for. The right to reject any or all blds is hereby The bonds will be dellvered to the purchaser
or purchasers on or before fuly 20 保 pexar County has never defaulted In payment of obligations, Any informatlon relative to satd bondy will be
furnshed by Erank R. Newton, County Clert San Antonto, Texas

> P. H. SHOOK, Comnty Judte, Bexar County, ICexas.

## BLODGET \& CO.

 BONDSGO STATE STREET, BOSTON
30 PINE ATREET, NEW YORE
STATE, OITY \& RATLROAD BONDS
HODENPYL, HARDY \& CO.
7 Wall St., Now York
Railroad, Streot Ry., Gas \& Elec. Light
SECURITIES

NEW LOANS.
\$30,000
Putnam County, New York, bonds
Sealed blds will be recelved by the undenigned
 lesuct by the County of Putnam, Now York of Bonds will be payable s2,000 on tho Hrot day nciuaive, and will bear minterest at four and one-
quarter per cont, payable seml-annually on Princlpal and Incerest payable ai the office of the County Treasurer or at the Prot Nattonal
Bank, Browster. N. All blds muat be accompanted by a errulaed
cheok for two per cent of the total amount of the The right da reserved to reject any and ali blds.

County Treasurer of Putuam County.
County Tressurer of Putua.
Brewster, N. Y., Iune 13. 1911.
Adrian H. Muller \& Son, AUCTIONEERS.

## Regular Weekly Sales

or
S TOCKS and BONDS every wednesday

Office. No. $\delta \delta$ WILlitam STREET. Corner Plane Street.

SSTABLISEBD ${ }^{1836}$
H. C. SPEER \& SONS CO. First Nat. Bank Bldg., Chicago SOEOOL,
COUNTY AND MUNIOIPAL BONDS
> F. WM. KRAFT lawyer
> Specializing in Examination of Municipal and Corporation Bonde 1312 First national bank bldo..: CHIOAGO, ILL.

KERRRISDALE, B. C.-Lomn Election.-It Is s. stated that a by-law for
S40,000 for school purposes will be voted upon at an early date. KILDRUM SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 2695 (P
ture Sole. An 1 ssuuc or $512005 \mathrm{~K} \%$ bide. debentures was awarded to the Albertar. School Supply Co. at Dar. Date May 15 1011. Int. ann
Due Nov. 15 I 1921. KIPLING. Sask.- Debenture Sale-- Reports state that ${ }^{\text {S }}$
debentures Inve been awarded to Nay
LACOMBE Alberta-Loan Etcation. An election wll be heid shotiv, It Is stated, to bortow $\$ 20,000$ for a waier-worles sysiem.
LINDSAY, Ont.-Debenture Sato--The Ontarlo Secutities Co.. Ltd., of Toronto, has been awarded, It ts stated s 47,200 4.s\% debcat

- MURNEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 2599 (P, O. Semans), Sask- DebenNational Finance CO.. Ltd it of Restina, for $\$ 1,51675-$ maling the prico 101.1176. Date Junee 8 1911. Int. Nov. 1. Due Nov, 11 192\%,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.-Loan Election.-A by-law providink for
Losn of $\$ 10.500$ for sochool purposes wil bo submitted to a vote, It is stated, In the near future.




1,941 0010 -vr, gravel stde-waik debentures.
tontreal in North Toronto.
ONTARIO.-Stock Sold in London-Ot the $35,500,000$ Ontarlo GovernMent 4. stock anthorized by tho Legislature at the tast session, $32,500,000$ (e500,000) was issued in London recently by the Bank of sfontreat at 101.
The loan 1s due 101047 .
PENTICTON, B, C. Debenture offoring-Proposals wit be recelved $\$ 25.00020-\mathrm{yr}$. Kettle RIver Valley rallroad-ald debentures.
, 500 10 -yr. $\mathbf{y r e - p r o t e c t i o n ~ d e b e n t u r e s . ~}$

1:500 $10-\mathrm{yr}$, park- paprovement debentires.
8,000 20-yr. vranotithic sidewalk debentures.

Date Junc 11911 . Int, J, \& D
RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF HURON NO. 223 (P. O. Eyebrow), Sask.Debenture Offering, Proposals will be received untul June 25 by J. A.
Baldry, Sec.-Treas., for $315,0006 \%$ debentures, due $\operatorname{In} 20$ ann, Installments. RURAL MUNICIPALITY OR MEOTA, Sask,-Debenture Offering,-
 RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF WOOD CREEK NO. 281 (P. O. Simpson),
Sask.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be recelved until 12 m. July 8 .


ST, ALBERT, Alberta--Debenture Sale-Nay \& James of Regina have ST. BONIFACE, MAN.-Debenture offoring. - Proposals will be recelved untul 5 p. m. July 3 by J. B. Cote, Clty Clerk, for the following $5 \%$ coup.
local-Imp.


 taga, Montreal, St. Boniface or Winnipege Canadlan Bank of Comi,
Toronto, or Clydesdale Bank, Letd, London, Purchaser to pay acerued $\operatorname{lnt}$, ST, MARY'S, Ont:-Debentures Voted:-The etecton Held June 10 re$4 \% \% 20-\mathrm{yr}$. bridge debentures ( $.92, \mathrm{D} .1591$ ), We are advised that these debentures will be offered for sale within six weeks.
SHAWENEGAN, Que.-Debenture Sale.-The Dominton Bond Co., Ltd.
of Toronto has been awarded $\$ 15.000$ debentures, according to reports. SHEHO, Sask.-Debenture offerino,-Proposals wIII be recelyed unt1 Due part yearly for 15 years, beginning Oct. 11 1912 . acbentures.
SNOWFLAKE SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 1111 (P.O. Snowflake), Man.-
 D.

SOUTHAMPTON, Ont.-Debenture offering.-Proposals will be recelved
 MPRUCE CREEK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO, 723 (P, O. Soruce Creek), debentures (V. 02, D. 1457 were awarded to J. G. Mackintosh of Whumipeg J. G. Mackintosh, Wlonn .. 32,00800 Alloway AChamplon, Wlon 82,03200 W. H. Burgess \& Co. Tor-
Wood, Gundy

 June 12. $\quad$ VIPD VIRDEN. Man,-Debenture Offering. - Further detalls are at hand rela-
UVe to the offerlag on July 6 of the $825.0005 \%$ Kold coup, bldz. debenturce
 Canadian Bank or Commerce in Vated July 2 1011, Int, July 2 at the prin. ${ }^{\circ}$ int. No deposit requrred, Debenture debt, not Incl, thto
 it is stated davor of a proposition to 1 ssuc $\$ 79,000$ street-Impt. debentures
WALLACE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Man - Debenturo Etection, An elec
toon wil be held June 26, it is stated, to vote on a by-law to issue $\$ 3.000$ WENTWORTH CO
Ontarlo Soly ontario Sceuritics Co, Ltd. of Toronto, were awarded, reports state,
$\$ 26.00041 / 2 \%$ 20-Instailment House of Refuge debentures.

## NEW LOANS.

## \$160,000

## CITY OF ROME, N. Y.,

 WATER BONDS Tha understigned untile eleven oclock a mion Clerk of the City of Romie. N. X., for the purchase One hundred and sixty thonsand dollats ( 5160 . 000) of Bonds at one thousand dollars ( $\$ 1,000$ ) ach. Satd bonds are lasued to refund a water They are tissued In accordance with bcoome due Generai Iumitpal Law and the Charter of the City of Rome, belng Chapter 650 of the Laws of 1904. gears. The rate or laterest is four per cent (20) mnum, payable January nrst and July niat cach ear, Principal and interest are payable at the ational Park Bank, New Yoric, The proceeds
onds will be dated July 1 , 1911 . The the water debt above mentioned. The bonds, nader the law, cannot be sold for less than par. Successfut bldders will bo required to pay accrued
interest from the date of bonds to the date of delfvery of same. MLBERT MAC MASTER, OIty Clerk.

## \$150,000

## Dallas County, Alabama, road bonds

Sealed blds will be recelved until eleyen o'clock
m. MONDAY, JUL. 3,1911 , for $\$ 150,000$ of he good-road bonds of Datlas County Atabama bear $5 \%$ interest, payable somi-annually, July 1
and January i, in New York. Sald bonds will be or the denomination of \$500; coupons on sald onds. The right to reject any and all bids is resorved.
P. H. PITTS. Probate Judge,

MUNICIPAL BONDS avens tavertment $40 \%$ to $60 \%$ Write for ULEN \& CO.
BANKERS
Bank and Trust Company Stocka nEw YORE AND BROOKLYN bovarr And sold
CLINTON GILBERT a WALL ST., NEW YORK.

## BOND CALL.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OF BONDS.
Powell County, Montana
The Board of County Commisstoners or Powell
 May Concern, GREETING Notice is hereby given that the Treasurer of
powell County, Montana, will upon July 1911, redeem alt bonds numbered from one (i) th thtrty-two (32). Inolusive, of the bond Isaue
of बald County of July 1at, 1901. All holder or owners of any of the aforesald bonds are requited to present the same to the Treasurer
of satd County upon July 1st, 1911, at hts office at Deer Lodge, ta sald County, for payment County Treasurer upon sald day the same will b thereon up to that date, but such interest due draw interest on or after that date, and all owner or holders of sald bonds, or any thercof, are
hereby notiled that interest upon the same wil ceaso upon the date atoresata,

Dated May 10th, 1011 Po

## T. W.STEPHENS \& CO

## BANKERS

2 WAL工 SXREET, NEW YORE.

## INVESTMENT BONDS

Intorest allowed on accounts of Individuals and Corporations

## NATIONAL LIGHT,

 HEAT \& POWER COMPANY
## gonds <br> Ah lissuos

A. H. Bickmore \& Co., BANKERS

30 PIno Streot,
Now York
R. T. Wilson \& Co. 33 WALL STREET NEW YORK

## ACCOUNTANTS.

HASKINS \& SELLS Certified public accountants

30 Broad Street, New York
London, E. O., 30 Coleman Street.
CHICAGO CLEVELAND
Whllamson Bulld Third Nat LOUIS
PT SBU PITTSBURGH
Farmera' Bank Bulling BALTMORE
Equitable Bullaing
ANNOUNCE THE REMOVAL OF
THEIR CHICAGO OFFIOE TO THE
HARRIS TRUST BUILDING
111 WEST MONROE STREET SUITE 1117-1120
Telephone Number UnchangedCentral 3080.

LYBRAND,
ROSS BROS \& MONTGOMERY

Cortified Publlo Acoountanta (Penosyivanta)
NEW YORK,
55 Liberty 8t PHILADELPHIA, Land Title Bldg PITTSBURGH, Union Bank Bldg. CHICAGO, First National Bank Bldg.
JAMES PARK \& CO.
OERTIFIED PUBLTO ACCOUNTANTS
Now York, Ohicago, Oincinnati and London, England.
AUDITORS FOR PINANCIAI TNSTTTU. TIONS INDUSTRIAI AND
MINING COMPANIES
Investrations, Financial Statementa,

WE BUY
Entira Tpaction Propertios In PENNSYLVANIA
George B. Atlee \& Co. BANKERS


[^0]:    

[^1]:    Norib-Buyer paya noorued interest in addition to the purchase prico for all Boston Bonds. *No prico Frilay; Latost bid and asked. If Vlat prioo

[^2]:    
    

