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| IRMINGHAM ALA | WM. D. PERKINS \& CO. INVESTMENT SEOURITIES |
| Otto Marx \& Co. BANKERS AND BROKERS, Birminaham. Allabama. stocks and bonds. |  |
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| baltimore | Denver <br> State of <br> JAMES N. WRIGHT \& CO. <br> 312 OENTURY bULLDING. |
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Regular Weekly Sales
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## 7emidends.

FERROCARRILES NACIONALES DE MEXICO. (NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO.) Broad Street, New York, January 14, 1910. First Preferred Stock Dividend No. ${ }^{4}$. A semb-ammual dividend of One Per Cent (One bolng the fourth dividend on the First Preferred Stock of this Company, has been declared, payable
February 10, 1910, to the holders of Dividend February 10, 1910, to the holders of Dividend senting such stock, upon presentation and surrender of such Warrants to the company at it office in New York or Mexico
holders at the rate of Two Mayable at option of the Dollar, elther in the City of Mexico in Mexican Gold Pesos, or tit the City of New York in E. E. BASHFORD, Assistant Secretary.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
COMPAN Yiladebruary 1,1910 .
The Board of Directors has this day dectared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF SER ORENT UPO The Capital Stock of the Company Sill
payaber on and after February 88 , 1910 , to stock-
holders as registered upon the books of the Comphatders as registered upon the books of the Com-
pany at the close of business February
5, pany at the close of business February 5,1910 . fled permanent dividend orders,
JEFFERSON \& CLEARFIELD COAL \& IRON A dividend of two and one-haif per cent has been declared on the preferred stock of this com pany, payable February 15th, next, to stockhold rs of record February 7th, 1910 at 3 p. m. Agents of the Company. GEO . CLUNE, Treasurer. Rochester, January 28. 1910.

NORFOLK \& WESTERN RAILWAY CO The Board of Directors has declared upon the Adjustment Preferred Stock a semi-annual diviPa., on and after February 18, 1910, to the Adpasionent Preferred stockholders of record at the close of business January ${ }^{31}$ E. ALD 1910 . SEN, Secretary.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY, The Directors have this day declared a divi-
OND ONE AND ONE-QUARTER (1 $K \%$ ) PER GENT upon the Common stock, payable carch 1 1910, to stockholders of record at the pon the Common stock of TEN $(10 \%)$ PE OENT, payable after March 15, 1910, in the Comof record at close of business pebruary 21, 1910. This action was taken in view of the tact that for che years 1904 and 1905, while the company no dividend was pald on the Common stock for those years. JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.
H. M. BYLLESfBY of COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of the
San Diego Oonsolidated Gas \& Hec. Oo. has deolared a guarteriy dividend of One and Stock of this Company, payable by check January 15 th, 1910 , to stockholders of record as of The Preferred Stock books will be closed on
December 31st, 1909, and re-open on JanuDecember 318 st , 1909, and ro-open on January 11th, 1910 . J. GRAF, Assistant Secretary.
H. M. BYLLESFBY of COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of the
OLlahoma Gas \& Electric Company has declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters of thls Company, payable by check January 15 th, 1910 , to stookholders of record at the close of business December 81 st. 1909. The Preferred Stock books will be closed on January $11 \mathrm{th}, 1910$. AMERICAN SMELTERS' SECURITIES CO.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Broadway N. Y City Feb }{ }^{2,}{ }^{19} \\
& \text { QUARTERLY DIVIDEN NO } \\
& \text { PREFERRED STOCK, SERIES B. }
\end{aligned}
$$ The Board of Directors of the American Smelters' Secturitles Company have this day deolared a dividend of $11 \% \%$ on the Preferred Stock, Series B,

of the Company payable March 1,1910 , to stock of the company, payabie March 1, 1910, to stock-
holders of pecord at ${ }^{\text {o'clock }}$. m . Feb. 1810 . 1910
The books of the Preferred Stock, Series B, whil be closed at s
 PEOPLES OAS LIGHT AND COKE COMPANY Notiog hereby giver hatia dividend of ONE Company, payable on Februart 25 stock of this Company, payable on February 25, 1910 , to the
tockholders of record at the olose of busfness on January 20, 1911 L. A. WILEY, Secretary.
R. T. Wilson \& Co; Bankers \& Commission Cerchants WALL STREET - - NEW YORK

## Fituancian <br> The Union Discount Co. of London, L't'd.,

 39 CORNHILL, LONDON, E. C. Oable addrems, "UD1800, LONDON."Capital Subscribed, $\$ 7,500,000$,
Paid In 150,000 Shares of $\$ 50$ each, on which $\$ 25$ have been pald. $\$ 3,750,000$
Reserve Fund,
\$3,750,000
Number of shareholders, $2,847^{\circ}$.
DIRECTORS.
Robert Balfour, M. P.
William Thomas Brand.
Sir William Dum, Bart.
Arthur John Fraser. The Hon. Wm. Henry Goschen Henry Oppenheim. Manager,
CHRISTOPHER R. NUENT.
$\begin{array}{lc}\text { Sub-Manazerf } \\ \text { E. C. STEVENSON } & \text { Assistant SubManager, Foreign Dept. Manager, WEVILL JACKSON. Secretary, } \\ \text { O. BERGEL. }\end{array}$ Dr.


The Company discounts approved Bank and Mercantile Acceptances, recelves Money on Dopoofis and grants Loans on approved Negotiable Securitios at rates which can be ascertained on appilictich on the usual terms.. 7th January, $1910 . \quad$ SONDON, E. C.,
LON1.

Nederlandsch Administratie- \& Trustkantoor
(NETHERLANDS ADMINISTRATION \& TRUST COMPANY
215 Singel - AMSTERDAM. (Holland.)

H. Migimkszo Pronident<br>Board of Directorss<br>

A. A. H. boisseyain Direotor or SWwiss Bainkereln and
of Labouchere Oyens \& Co's Bank.
J. A D DUYSTEE.
F. Th. EVERARD.
P. M. J. GiLissen.

AUO ${ }_{\text {Jan }}$ KALFF. Kalif ${ }^{\circ}$
Ph. MEES. Mees \& Zoonen.
H. MEINESZ,
a. H. DE MAREZ OYENS ${ }_{\text {Labon }}$.
A. L. O. H. PICHOT ${ }_{\text {Wo }}$.
W. M. SChEUURLEER.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Agent, etc. Acts as Trustee of Corporation Mortgages.
WEBB \& CO.
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74 BROADWAY - NEW YORK

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## 

St. Louis Rocky Mountain \& Pacific 5s, 1955
Pittsburgh Shawmut \& Northern, all issues Green Bay \& Western Deb. As \& Stock New Orleans \& Great Northern 5s, 1955

Kewaunee Green Bay \& Western 5s, 1921 Santa Fe Prescott \& Phoenix 5s, 1942 Buffalo \& Susquehanna $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ \& 4 s Missouri Oklahoma \& Gulf 5s, 1944 Louisiana \& Arkansas 5s, 1927 Gulf \& Ship Island 5s, 1952 New York \& Jersey 5s, 1932

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Chisholm \& Chapman
Yembert of the Now Yort stook mxomango 18 Wall Street, 75 stato street Now York. Boston.

Mason City \& Ft. Dodge 4s, 1955 Wisc. Minn. \& Pacific 4s, 1950 Duluth Rainy Lake \& W. 5s, 1916 Canton-Mas. El. Ry. 1st 5s, 1920 City of Minneapolis 4s, 1917 Bangor \& Aroos. 1st 5s; 1943 New Haven Deb. 4s, 1956
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Williamsport Gas Co. 1st 5s
Allentown Gas Co. 1st 5s
N. Y. Suburban Gas Co. 1st 5s

Toledo Elec. St. Ry. 1st 5s, 1912


Newport \& Oincinnati Bridge 41/2s
Montana Central $5 s$
Morris \& Essex 7s, 1915
Morris \& Essex 7s, 1914
Cin. Iebanon \& Northern 4s
BLAKE \& REEVES
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sA Pine Streot. Now Yoet
WES OFTER
Missouri Kansas $\&$ Texas of Toxas
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FOSTER \& ADAMS
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Railroad and Public Utility Bonds
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[^2]St．Ioouis \＆San Fran．41／2s， 1912 Atlanta Knoxville \＆Cinn．4s， 1955 New Orleans Terminal 4 s
Omaha Water Co．Cons．5s， 1946 Omaha Water Co．Cons．5s， 1946
Cons．Water Co．of Utica Deb．5s，1930 Cons．Water Co．of Utica Deb．
Kansas City \＆Pac．4s， 1990 Kansas City \＆Pac．4s， 1990
Inter－Continental Rubber Common Iiberty National Bank Stock New England Watch Oo．Stock

## Gude，Winmill \＆Co．

 BANKERS20 BROAD STREN＇，I． $\bar{Z}$ ．
Telephone 445－6－7 Rector
Oregon RR．Navigation 4s， 1946
Pitts．Ohic．\＆St．I．31／2s， 1949 迹逪

Texas \＆New Orl．Cons．5s， 1943 ． U．S．Rubber Col．Tr．6s， 1918 ，挺䋹

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Morris \＆Essex $31 / \mathrm{s}$ ，due 2000
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Providence Securities 4 s
Western N．Y．\＆Penn．4s
Pitts．Bess．\＆L．Frie Cons．5s Mob．Jack．\＆Kan．Oity Bond Ctis．

PROVIDENCE SECURITIES DEB．4s BUFFALO \＆SUSQUEHANNA 4s and 41／2s REPUBLIC IRON \＆STEEL Ist and Coll． 58 FT．WAYNE \＆WABASH VAL．TRAC． 5 s ONTARIO POWER COMPANY Ist 5s
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Bonds secured by mortgage on revenue－producing，property，with ample margin，constitute desirable investments，possessing safety of both principal and interest．

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514 Fifth Ave．，New York
33 Lombard Street，London，E．C．

| ONNEOTICUT RY．\＆LIGETING 1st \＆Refidg \＆Sinking Fund $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ ． uaranteed by the $N$ ． 1951 （Stamped） <br> Co and thy the N．G．N．H．\＆Hartiord <br> mprovment Co． <br> Edward V．Kane \＆Co． <br> th American Building．PHILADELPHIA <br> Mombers Philladelphia Stock Exchango |
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Western Electric 1st 5s， 1922
St．Louis \＆Cairo 1st 4s， 1931
Wilmington \＆Nor．Gen．5s， 1932
Prospect Pk．\＆Coney Isl．1st 6s，1926
GILMAN \＆CLUCAS
Telo．3657－8－9 John 34 Pine St．o N．Y．Clity
Wabash，Det．\＆Chic．5s， 1941
Illinois Cent．Traction 5s， 1933
Cin．Gas Transfer 5s， 1933
Lockport Lt．Ht．\＆Power 5s， 1938
N．Y．\＆Pa．Tel．\＆Tel．4s \＆ 5 s
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Chicago \＆Alton 1 st 3 s and Debentures Wisconsin Minn．\＆Pacific 4s

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Detroit Grand Haven \＆Milw． 6 s
Chicago \＆Eastern Illinois 1st 5 s
Iron Mountain 5 s and River \＆Gulf 4 s
WERNER BROS．\＆GDLDECHMIDT
Tel．4800－1－2－3－4－5 Broad．
25 Broad Street，N．Y．

## 



Washington Terminal 1st 31/2s, 1945 Buff. \& Susq. 4 s and 5 s
Ga. Ry. \& Elect. $6 \mathrm{~s}, 1932$ \& 1949 Southern Ry., Memphis 5s, 1996
Hudson \& Mranhattan Bonds \& Stks
M. WOLFF,

Cable Add. "MOWOLYP" 27 whmam St. IT. I Phones 6557-6558-6559 Bread
Contral Vermont 4s, 1920
Lansing Fuel \& Gas 5s, 1921
Canton (O.) Electric 5s, 1937 Duluth Edison Co. Preferred Stock Detroit City Gas General 5s

## H. L. NASON \& CO. BANKERS <br> National Shawmut Bank Building.

 Boston. Mass.Onion Reillway, Gas \& Eloctrie
Portland Railway, Iight \& Powor
Momphis stroet Reilway
ALL LOUISVILLE LOCAL BECURITIES
S. C. HENNING \& CO. Louisvilite, Kiy.
${ }^{71}{ }^{71}$ Brondway
Kings County Electric Light rights.
Ohicago Burlington \& Quincy, illinois
Division 31/2s \& 4s.
Pennsylvania $31 / 2$ s of 1915.
TRADED IN BY
MILTON WEBER

- BROAD STREET

Tel. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}5678 \\ 5674\end{array}\right\}$ Bread
WM. HUGHES CLARKE MIOHIGAN
RAILROAD, MUNICIPAL, AND OTHER PUBLIC CORPORATION INVESTMENTS
DETROIT, MICHIGAN
Equipment Bonds and Car Trusts

## Swartwout \& Appenzellar BANIERS

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

## 44 Pine Street

NEW YORK CITY

## American Power \& Light

Oklahoma Gas \& Electric
San Diego Cons.Gas \& Electric
Arizona Power Co.

## WILIIM P. BOMBRIGUT \& CO

 Members of New York Btoek Exohange: sA BROAD STREET, NEW YOR K Calorade Springe, Cal.${ }^{6}$ Coorge St., Masaloa House, Loadoa, B. C
Mricheo-Rlchard Fits Oorild, Ist Nat. Bank Bldg. BosTon-R. A. A B. Lo Mamaing, 35 Congrose Et.


Amor. Light \& Traction Oo. Stocks Pacific Gas \& Electric Oo. Oommon Amor. Gas \& Electric Oo. Stocks
Tri-Oity Railway \& Iight Oo. Btocks

## LAMARCHE \& COADY

Tal. 5775-6 Broad.
25 Broad St.0 N. Y
Western Electric Co.
tst Mtge. 5\% Gold Bonds, due 1922

## OURTIS \& SANCER

 Mamber N.I., Boetondo Ohicago Stook Ercianges Besten NEW YORK Chlease8t. Jos. B7. THARI P.Oo.1st 58,37 Pough.It., Ht. \& P. Oo. 1st 5s, 1921 Howb. It. EIt. \& P. OO. 1st Es, 1921
Os. Oar. \& Northern 1st 6s, 1929
Sutton, Strother \& Co.,
Galvert and German Streots BATMTMOBE
Members of Baltimore Stook REohange
DEALER IN
BUFFALO, ROOEEFSYER ATD SYRAOUSE SEOURITIES

Chattanooga Ry. \& Light Co. First and Refunding
6s, due 1956 .
St. Clair County Gas \& Electric Co. Consolidated
Quaranteed 5 Es, due 1959
WURTS, DULLES \& CO.
IS5 8. POUR1H ST.。 PHILADELPHIA Telephone Lombard 1060-1061

## QUEBEC RAILWAY, LIGHT,

HEAT \& POWER CO., LTD. COMMON STOCK AND BONDS
WARREN, GZOWSKI \& CO. Members Toronto Stock Exchange
TORONTO
NEW YORK 4 colborne st .
Central Union Telephone Stock

## ClIFFORD ARRICK

87 Talbott Bldg.
INDIANAPOLIS
American Brake Shoe, Common \& Pfd. American Power \& Light, Com.\&Pfd. Central Railway Syndicate. Lackawanna Steel stock.

WM. M. CLARKE
Tal. 1018-16-17 Rector 20 Brond St.c N.

## WANTED

Gunnison Co., Colo., 4 s
Utah Lit. \& Pow. Co. 4s \& 5s
Peoria Water Co. 4s Albion (N. Y.) Water Co. 6 s Houston (Tex.) Water Wks. Co. 6 s New Hampshire El. Ry. stocks Kalispell Water \& Elec. 5 s Paris Water Co. 4s Omaha Water Co. stocks
Utah Light \& Rwy. 5 s
Wichita Water Co. $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s} \& 6 \mathrm{~s}$

## H. C. Spiller \& Co.

Spochulists in Inactive Bonds
27 State Street
Boston

## WANTED

Nockere Mills (tax exempt)

Argont ine Centrax ex.
Alartord Carpet Ry .
Hartiord Carpet Com.
Amercan Oille Prri. (tax exompt
N. E. 1 nvestment
Niles-BementePond Com. Prfd. (tax exempt

Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
Columbia Nat'l Life (tax exempt)
Lowe Mfg. Co.
Heywood Bros. \& Wakefield Com.
Douglas Shoe 1

aratoga Gas \& Electric Power 5s. 1917
HOTCHKIN \& CO.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
33 STATE STREET, BOSTON
relephone 3448 Maln.
350,000 St. Louis City 48
25,000 . St. Joseph, Mo.
1028

FRANCIS, BRO.\& CO.
(Listablished 1875)
214 North 4th Street, ST. LOUIS
Huron (S. D.) 3s
New Jersey steel 6s and Stock
New Hampshire Llec. Rys., com. \& pref Toledo Electric Street Railway 5s
Toledo Railway \& Light 4s and 5s
Waterloo Water 5s
Van Buren (Me.) Water District 4s
F. W. MASON \& CO. 8 Be Stato st.

WANTEED
Haverstraw (N.Y.) Water 5s, 1952
Butte Water 5s, 1921
Clinton (Iowa) Water 5s, 1931
100 Butte Electric Power Oommmon
C. H. FARNHAM

27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Am. Tel. \& Tol. Oonv. As, Mareh 1030 Am. Tel. A Tol. Ooll. Tr. As, July 1020 *) T. Telophone $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$, Novomber 1030

GEORGE L. WARE
Tol. 284 Maln
bs State St., BOSTON
Del. \& Hudson Refunding 4s, 1943
Ohic. R. I. \& Pac. General 4s, 1988
Iron Mtn., River \& Guif Div, 4s, 1933
Ohic. \& North West. Gen. 31/2s, 1989
GILBERT ELIOTT \& CO.
Tol. John 855
NEW YORK

## Altoona Gas 5s

Susq. Blooms. \& Berwick 5s
Oity of Pittsburgh 4s and 5s
Penna. Borough 4s netting 4\%
George B. Atlee \& Oo.
119 s. Ath st., PEITADITPEIA
Memberi Phila. Stock Exohange

## 䓡turucutal.

OAMERON \& OOMPANT, dealers in TREICATIOX AITD EYDBO-ELEO TRIO BONDS, are in position to make attractive prices to banks and bond houses who wish to purchase entire issues or parts of issues of such bonds. which are secured by 1st Mortgage on properties of unquestionable merit.

Correspondence and investigation in vited.

## CAMERON \& COMPANY 815 First National Bank Bldg., CHIOAGO.

T. W. STEPHENS \& 00 . 2 BAIN ERREIT, IEW FOEE

## INVESTMENT BONDS

Interest allowed on accounts of Individuals and Corporations

## raxated.

BOND SALESMAN WANTED
A NEW YORK STATE RAILROAD CORONE OR BOND SALESMAN TO DISPOSE OF ITS SIX PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTYYEAR GOLD BONDS. THE RIGHT MAN WHO CAN PROVE HIS ABILITY ABSOLUTELY CAN MISSION AND EXPENSE ACCOUNT. BOND HOUSE REFERENCES MUST ACCOMPANY REPLY. ADDRESS, R.M. A.. CARE "CHRON ICLE," P. O. BOX 958, NEW YORK.

BOND SALESMAN WANTED
by an old established Ohicago house with rapidly growing business. Good opening with steady advance for right man who has wide acquaintance with country banks and large local buyers. Correspondence will be held strictly confidential. State experience and qualifications. Address "X. Y.", care Commercial and Financial Chronicle, P. O. Box 958 New York Oity.

WANTED-Bond salesman who can sell public utility and irrigation bonds. Give references and experience. Address O. M. D., 513 Monadnock Bldg., Ohicago.

| POSITION AS MANAGER of New York office for Western or Southern Bond or Ming and Investments. controlling some capital, with good office. Address "L. A. $R_{p}{ }^{\prime \prime} \cdot{ }^{\text {care }} \mathbf{~ C o m - ~} 958$ mercial and Financial Chronicle, P. O. Box 958 New York City. <br> Bond man, Boston born, several years. administrative experience that city now located in Now York, wishes return to Boston located in New York, wishes return to boston branch there for outside, "banking house. ©. F. D., Care "Chronicle." |
| :---: |
|  |  |

CONTROLLING INTEREST.-Active man of several years' experience in country bank manage Merience in city investyent lines. would associate canse ${ }^{\text {be }}$.useful and advantageous, Ad Aress,
M.
EXPERIENOED BOND SALESMAN WANTED
by prominent New York Banking House. Applicants should state experience and salary desired. Address "erenerienced", P. O. Box 822.

## 

## ESTABLISHED 1856.

National Discount Company, Limited, 35 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND. Telegreiplif Addreses NATDIS LowDON.

## SUBSORTBED OAPITAE, \$21,166,625

Paid-up Oapital
\$4,238,325
In 160 , 938 shares of $\$ 125$ each, of which $\$ 25$ has boes peld up. Number of proprleters, $\mathbf{3 , 4 0 2}$ Boserve Fund,

2,150,000

## Edmund Theodore Doxat, Ohairman. <br> W. Murray Cuthrio, Deputy Chairman.

Iawrence Edimann Ohalmers,
Frederick William Green, Walter James Heriot, Frederick Leverton Elarris

Sigismund Ferdinand Mendl,
John Trancis Ogilvs,

## Oharles David Seligman.

Meanger.
PHILIP HAROLD WADE.
Joint Sub-Managers.
Secretary.
WATEIN W. WILLIAMS. FRANOIS GOLDSOHMIDT. ORARLES WOOLLEY Bankers
BANE OF ENGLAND.
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LIMITED.
BALANOE BEIEJ, 31st DEOHMBER 1909.

| Dr. | \$5mel | Sterling. | $\underset{\$ 1,622,749}{\mathrm{Cr}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| viz. 169,338 shares $=$ |  | By Cash at Bankers-ar Indian Government. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| of $\$ 125$ each. <br> -a Opital pald-up, viz.: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| - Deposits and SundryBalances.-.-.-.© Blis Re-discounted | ,402,810 | - Other Securities, including short-dated Colonlal Bonds $\qquad$ |  |
|  | 20,803,959 |  |  |
| - Amount at Credit of Pront and Loss Account | 703,149 | - Loans at call, short and | 11,743,819 |
|  |  | A. Axed dates.-......-- | 6,563,840 |
|  | 303.771 | -6 Bills Discounted | 77,037,088 |
|  |  | - Interest due on Invest- |  |
|  |  | Sundry Balances..- |  |
|  |  | - Freehold Premises ... | 500,000 |
|  | \$99,597,014 |  | \$98.597,01 |

Prost and Loss Account for the Eial-Xear ending 31st December, 1909.


On behalf of the Board,
EDMUNDT. DOXAT, Chatrman.
We report that we have obtained all the informationtand explanations which wephave required. We have examined the Securitles representing Investments of the Company, those held aganst Loans at call, short and fixed dates, and all Bils discounted in hand. Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhlbit a true and correct vlew of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information, and the explanations given to us, and as shown
by the Books of the Company, except that It does not state the amount of Investments and Bills placed as securlty agalnst Deposits. 35 CORNHILL, 6th January, $1910 . \quad$ FRANCIS W. PIXLEY, F.C.A., $\}$ Approved Mercantile Bills Discounted. Loans granted upon Negotiable Securities. Monoy for longer periods upon specially agreed terms

## D. ARTHUR BOWMAN

Third Nat. Bank Bldg.
ST. LOUIS, mo

## TO INVESTORS

We offer an excellent selection of High-Grade Municipal Bonds. Paying $37 / 8 \%$ to $45 \%$.

SEND TO-DAY FOR OUR LIST.

## C. B. Van Nostrand <br> 3 WALL Ef R <br> INDUSTRIALS

The most conservative bankers, brokers and investors have constantly before them

## BABSON'S REPORTS

## Fundamental Conditions

For detalle concorning theee Reperts or our ${ }^{-}$Bueiness Baromotern" ( whioh we install in banke both for their own and customers' ves) addrese Baben'e Compliting Othices. Wellealey Bille, Man

New York office, 33 Broadway
Largent Statietical Orcanimation in the U. Bo
Denver \& North Western 5s \& Stock
Denver Tram way Sinking Fund, 1038.
Denver Com. Tram way, 1933, 5 s
Denver Tramway, 1919, $\delta$
Denver Gas Stock.
Denver Union Water Securities

M O - A
11 Cooper Blds..

箷ank Statemxexts.

## The First National Bank of Chicago

Statement of Oondition at Close of Business January 31, 1910.



## OFFICERS

JAMES B. FORGAN, President
HOWARD H. HITCHCOCK, Vice-President FRANK O. WETMORE, Vice-President

AUGUST BLUM, Vice-President
CHARLES N. GILLETT, Cashier



## FIRST TRUST and

 SAVINGS BANKStatement of Condition at Commencement of Business February 1, 1910.


OFFICERS
JAMES B. FORGAN, President
EMILE K. BOISOT, Vice-President
LOUIS BOISOT, Trust Officer ROBERT D. FORGAN, Treasurer

DAVID V. WEBSTER, Secretary BURT C. HARDENBROOK, Manager Bond Dept. FRANK M. GORDON, Assistant Manager Bond Dept.
(The stock of this bank is owned by the stockholders of The First National Bank of Chicago and every director is a director of that bank.)

Combined deposits of both banks Nov. 16, 1909, $\$ 147,458,44687$ Combined deposits of both banks Jan. 31, 1910, \$153,746,497 49


AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JANUARY 311910


## Colonial Trust \& Savings Bank OF CHICAGO



[^3]Bawk statencents.
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
at the close of business January 31, 1910. Loans and discounts...-...-...

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| U. S. bonds to secure circulation........ 1,275 |  |  |
| U. S. bonds to secure U. S. |  | 1.000 |
| Premiums on U. S.bo |  |  |
| Stocks, securities, \&c---------------- 240,705 |  |  |
| Other real estate owne |  | 650,000 |
| Due from national banks |  |  |
| Due from State banks and bankers...-- 244,18493 |  |  |
| Items...- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Exchanges for ClearingHouse 006 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Redemption fund with |  |  |
| Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than $5 \%$ redemption fund.-..........-. |  |  |
|  |  | 3,165,198 86 |
|  |  |  |
| LIABILITIES. $\$ 3,000,00$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Undividedtaxes paidprofits, |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| National banknotes. Outstan |  | 1,264,200 00 |
|  |  |  |
| Due to other national $52,140,47478$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Due to State banks and |  |  |
| bankers $\qquad$ 483,438 99 |  |  |
| and savings banks .....- 2,082,586 41 |  |  |
| Individual deposits subject$6,805,06856$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Demand certificates of |  |  |
| deposits | 19,204 87 |  |
| Certified checks....-...-. 226 , |  |  |
| Cashier's checks outstand- 12238902 |  |  |
| U.S.deposits.-.-.-...-- 1,00000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Total $\qquad$ \$18,801,101 78
State of New York, County of New York, ss. do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and bellef. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of February, ${ }^{1910}$. ALBERT B. CORY, Notary Public.
Correct-Attest: WILLIS G. NASH WILLIS G. NASH,
CHAS, E. PERKINS,
WILLIAM SKINNER,

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
at New York, in the State of New York, at the close
of business January 31st, 1910: Loans and discounts. RESOURCES.


Bax Sistatemexts.

## THE NATIONALBANK OF THE REPUBLIC

## OF CHICAGO

Statement of Condition at the Olose of Business
January 31, 1910.
RESOUROES


United states Bonds..................... 1,763,023 27
Real Estate Bonds 26,37680
Cash and Exchange.................................. 10,949,714 85
Total
\$30,079,767 49
LIABILITIES

| Capital Stock paid in | \$2,000,000 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Surplus and Profits, net | 1,173,261 92 |
| Reserved for Tazes | 35,000 00 |
| Ourrency in Oircula | 1,723,000 00 |
| Bond Accoun | 642,000 00 |
| Deposits | 24,506,505 57 |

Total
506,505 57


JOHN A. LYNCH, President
W. T. FENTON, Vice-President

THOS. JANSEN, Ássistant
W. B. LAVINIA, Assistant Cashier W. H. HURLEY, Assistant Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

 Charles R. Crane-..-Vice-President Crane Co.
John V. Farwell.--Of John V. Farwell Co. Henry Sregel
J. B. Greenh Peter Cooper's Glue Factory

 Louis F. Swit --.-.---- President Switt Co Frank E. Vogel --....-President Swift \& Co W. T. Fenton-President Siegel, Cooper © Co.

## MinoisTrust\&SavingsBank

CHCAGO
STATEMENT FEBRUARY I, 1910

## RESOURCES

Demand Loans on Collateral
-\$26,058,612 24
Time Loans on Collateral_-..................... 31,104,227 00

$\$ 5,7663,57994$
Real Estate
14,716 90


\$98,450,915 30
LIABILITIES
Oapital stock paid in
$\$ 5,000,00000$
Surplus Fund
8,000,000 00
Undivided Profits
347,423 75

Time Deposits
58,716,498 43
85,103,491 55
$\mathbf{8 9 8 , 4 5 0 , 9 1 5} \mathbf{3 0}$

NOTICE.-The Merchants' National Bank of of Ohio. is closing up its affairs. All note holders and others, creditors of sald Association, are therefore hereby notined to present the notes
and other claims against the Association for payDated January 27th. P. STAMM, Cashier.

NOTICE TO ALL
The Mineola National Bank, located at Mineola. All note-holders and other creditors of the assoand on are hereby notified to present Mineola.ETex. JJan. 5, 1910.

## Sauth Statements. <br> THE LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

 139 bROADWAY| Condensed Statement January 31, 1910. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| RESOURCES. | LiAbilities. |
| Loans and Discounts -...-........ <br> U. S. Bonds to secure circuiation.15,365.750 01 Capital Stock $\$ 1.000,00000$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| House -------.-.-.-.-.-.-- 9,763,293 72 |  |
| \$28,779,355 39 |  |
| FREDERTOK B. sciencir - President ohas. |  |
| DANIEL G. REID -- Vloc-President FREDERIGK P. Mocilinn - Asst. Cashler |  |
| ZOHETH S. FREEMAN - - Vico-President | HENRY S. BARTOW - - Asst. Cashier |
| NRT P. DAVISON. | an Executive Committee - - Asst. Cashier |

## THE MERCHANTS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY

OLDEST BANK IN CHICAGO


## Headquarters for Highest Grade Bonds

 and "Corn Belt" Farm MortgagesORSON SMITH, President
EDMUND D. HULBERT, VIce-President P. G. NELSON, Vige-President J. G. OROHARD, Gashig Vresident H. G. P. DEANS, Manage department.

## 135 Adams St., Chicago <br> o

| Nassau National Bank <br> BROOKLYN, N. Y. <br> Statement at Close of Business Jan. 31st, 1910, RESOURCES. <br> Loans and Investments---- $\$ 6,517,55749$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Exchanges for Clearing House----- } & \mathbf{9 1 0 , 9 4 5} 67 \\ \text { Cash Reserve. } & \mathbf{2 , -} 001,93704\end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | s |
|  |  |
|  | Capital JANUARY |
| LIABILITIES. $\quad \$ 9,430,44020$ | Capita Surplus Prits \$1,000,000 00 |
|  | Surplus \& Profits 1,150,653 00 |
|  <br>  | Deposits : 9,163,568 00 |
|  | Total Resources 11,669,520 58 |
| DTMomas T. Barr, President $\$ 9,430,44020$ <br> Ebert B. Wood ward, VIce-President <br> Edgar McDonald, $2 n d$ Vice-President |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | porations. Firms and Individuals, and will be pleased to meet or correspond with those cois templating making changes or opening new |
|  |  |
| THE COAL \& IRON NATMUNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. <br> STATEMENT AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINES |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| DEPOSITARY OF UNITED. STATES, CITY ORINEW YORK ${ }^{\text {8,226,063 }} 4$ |  |

P. C. PETERSON, Assistant Cashier
C. E. ESTES, Assistant Cashier C. E. ESTES, Assistant Cashier LEON L, LOEHR, Secy. and Trust Officer - W. THOMPSON, Manager Farm Loan Dept
.
$\square$



## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## THE MARKET AND FULTON

## NATIONAL BANK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close
of business, January 31, 1910: Loans and discounts.......
 Verdraits, secured and unsecured.
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. bonds on hand U. S. deposits.-. Banking house, furniture and fixtures. agents) national banks (not reserve $\begin{array}{r}4,29856 \\ 200,000 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$
 550,000 00
bankers, trust companles and savings

 Exchas of other national banks --.-.-.-.-.


2,055.260 18
10,00000 $\mathbf{2 9 , 0 0 0} 00$
$\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 7 3 5 , 0 9 2 3 8}$ Capltal stock patd LIABILITIES.
 taxes paid -...-...-.-.-. Due to other national banks-.........-
Due to State and private banks and

 Demand certificates of deposit.... Certified checks----7-7-ing United States deposits.....
$\$ 1,000,00000$

Tota
State of New York, County of New York s. named named bank, do solemnly swear that the above state-
ment is true to the best of may knowledge and befief. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of
February, 1910 .

February. 1910.
O. B. LEWIS,

Correct-Attest: A. GILBERT B. FISKE: R. $\left.\left.^{\text {RENNINGB, }}\right\}\right\}$ Directors.
gank Statements.
LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK of the city of new york. Organzzod 1882
Capital, Surplus \& Undivided Profits
$\$ 2,460,21300$
JANUARY 31, 1910
Capital
$\$ 1,000,00000$
Surplus
Undivided Profits
$\$ 1,000,00000$
$\$ 460,21300$ Deposits
\$22,587,799 00
Total resources
\$26,409,667 00
OFFICERS
THOMAS L. JAMES, President WM. A. SIMONSON. VICe-President JOHN S. SAMMIS, JR., Asst. Cashier


Second National Bank
Fifth Ave. and 28th St., New York City
Report of Condition January 31, 1910. PESOURCES.

New York County Mational Bank CORNER OF 14TH ST. AND EIGHTH AVE . NEW YORK
STATEMENT JANUARY 31, 1910 RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts
United States bonds................-
Porto Rico 4s to secure U. S. de-
Porto Rico 4s to secure U.S. de-
posits - --------------------
Real estate and fixtures
Exchanges for Clearing House...-
Cash and reserve ....-.-....-.-.
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock, surplus and pronts Orculation

JAMES C. BROWER.
\$5.421.557 98 250,000 00

100,000 00 $\begin{array}{r}1,807,45576 \\ 450.511 \\ \mathbf{4} \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\mathbf{4 5 0 , 5 1 1} 05$
$\mathbf{3 4 9 , 1 7 7} 87$ $2,854,71526$
$11,233,117$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 11,233.41792 \\
-\$ 2,081,11010
\end{array}
$$

198,30000
\$11,233,417 92 Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, JERSEY CITY, N. J.

January 31, 1910.
oans and dis RESORCES.
Due from banks and bankers.-.-.-- $2,799,48544$
Real estate and securities.-
United States bonds. $2,799,48544$
$\mathbf{9 4 8 , 5 3 4} 65$ 550,00000 $9.529,14030$ $\$ 400,00000$
Capital LIABILITIES.
Surplus and undivided profts. 1,231,723 7 390,300 00
$\$ 9,529,14030$
GEO. T. SMITH, President.
ROBT. E. JENNINGS, Vice-President. EDWARD I. EDWARDS, Cashier.
R. H. GOODELL \& CO., 122 Monroe Street, Chicago.

Ebrokers in high-grade unlisted and factive


Fetuametal.

## THE

Mechanics and Metals National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

## 33 Wall Street

Capital, \$6,000,000 Surplus, \$6,000,000<br>Undivided Profits, \$1,700,000

## OFFICERS

ates w. McGARRAH, President.
CHARLES H. SABIN, First Vice-Pres't ALEXANDER E. ORR, Vice-Pres. WALTER F. ALBERTSEN, Cashie. Nicholas f. Palmer, vice-Pres. andrew a. knowles, Vice-Pres FRANK O. ROE, Vice-President. OSEPH S. HOUSE, Asst. Cashier ROBERT U. GRAFF, Asst. Cashier JOHN ROBINSON, Asst. Cashier.

The Mechanics National Bank of the Clty of New York and the National Copper Bank of New York have been consolidated and merged under the title of THE MECHANICS' AND METALS NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The business heretofore carried on by the consolidated banks will hereafter be transacted at the banking offlces of The Mechanics and Metals National Bank, No. 33 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.

## THIRD AVENUE

## Railroad Company

 REORGANIZATIONNotice to Non=Depositing Bondholders

TO HOLDERS OF THE FOUR PER CENT FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUN-DRED-YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY ISSUED UNDER ITS MORTGAGE DATED MAY 15, 1900.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the above-mentioned Four Per Cent First Consolldated Mortgage Hundred-Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Rallroad Company issued under its mortgage dated May 15, 1900, that pursuant to a Bondholders' Agreement, dated November 6, 1907, entered into between certain holders of sald bonds, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as partles of the second part. to whicb Bondholders' Agreement reference is made for all its terms and provisions, a Plan and Agree ment of Reorganization, dated December 2 . 1909, has been duly prepared and adopted and copy thereof duly lodged with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary Printed coples of such Bondholders' Agreement and of sald Plan and Agreement of Reorraniza tlon may be obtained at the office of sald De positary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.
Holders of sald Four Per Cent First Consolldated Mortgage Hundred-Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Rallroad Company who of The Third Avenue Raliroad Company who
have not yet deposited their bonds under the have not yet deposited Agresald Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, are hereby notified that they may without penalty become parties to the sald Bithout penaly becont of November 6. 1907 Bondhotiers Agreement on November said Plan and entitled to avall of the benent of said Plan ing their bonds with the coupon of January 1, 1908, and all subsequent coupons accompanying the same, with the Central Trust Company of New York, as Depositary, as aforesald, on or before February 18, 1910, and such deposit shall be deemed equivalent to the fling of written assent to sald Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. Bonds so deposited will thereafter be held by the Depositary for account of the Committee, subject to the terms and provisions of sald Bondholders Agreement or November 6. 1907, and said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, as fully to all intents and purposes as if heretofore deposited.
Dated New York, January 13, 1910.
JAMES N. WALLACE.
ADRIAN ISELIN.
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF.
JAMES TIMPSON.
HARRY BRONNER
Bondholders' Committeo.

REDEMPTION OF
Chicago \& North Western Ry. Co. SINKING FUND BONDS OF 1879.
The following numbered bonds of the above issue, both Six and Five Per Cent, have been with the mortgage, and will be redeemed by THE
FARMERS LOAN $\&$ TRUST COMPANY FARMERS' LOAN \& TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee, at No. 20 Willam Street, New York;
at 105 and at 105 and accrued interest to February 1st, 1910
upon surrender of the bonds; interest will ceas to accrue on and after that date. Registered Registered bonds in denominations of $\$ 5,000$ and $\$ 10,000$, drawn in part for redemption by numbers, representing $\$ 1,000$ each, must be sur rendered and new registered bonds bearing inter
est from October 1, 1909, will be given for the undrawn portion thereof:
Nos. $151,975,1780,2213,2430,2772,{ }^{2}$ EACH.
$6 \%$ (E) REGIST 3963,4060 , 4

$1957,1980,11984,{ }_{2193}, 2360,1588,1932$,

$2774,2816,2839,2995,3460,35173$. $6 \%$ (D) REGISTERED BONDS, $\$ 5,000$ EACH, | Each Number Drawn Representing $\$ 1,000$. |
| :---: | 6\% (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $\$ 10,000$ EACH, Each Number Drawn Representing $\$ 1,000$. $0956,01009,01030,01051,01114,01138$ $01144,01144,01153,011$

Nos. $0109,0305,0408,0434, \$ 1,000$ EACH

$5 \%^{\text {T }}$ (E) REGISTERED BONDS, $\$ 1,000$ EACH
NOs. $0023,0088, ~$ 1216, 1648, $1984,2461,3016,3185,3324$,
$5 \%$ (D) REGISTERED BBONDS, $\$ 5,000$ EACH, Each"Number Drawn Representing $\$ 1,000$. Nos. $0353,0368,0386,0401,0418,0448,0478$
$0691,0713,0730,0733,0737,0753,0770$ 0784, 0794, 0808, 0832.
$\mathbf{5 \%}$ (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $\$ 10,000 \mathrm{EACH}$, Each Number Drawn Representing $\$ 1,000$. Nos. $0810,01180,01218,01236,01245,01281$
$01375,01421$. CHICAGO \& NORTH WESTERN RY.CO., By R. H. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

LOUISVILLE \& NASHVILLE,RR. COMPANY Six Per Cent Sinking Fund Bonds.意 DUE APRIL IST, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the Louisville \& Nashville Railroad Company will pay at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York Six , on presentation, on and after this date, its Six Per Cent Sinking Fund Bonds, due April 1st 1910, AT4PAR AND ACCRUEDIINTEREST TO DATE OF PA YMENT
INTEREST on sald Boads will CEASE ON APRIL 1st, 1910.
E. L. SMITHERS, Assistant Treasurer

New York, February 1st, 1910.

## B. W. Strassburger <br> 3OUTHERN INVESTMEN' BECURITIBE MONTGOMIEET MTM.



## The Liverpool and London and Globe

 Insurance Company a stock company.62nd Annual Statement United States Branch Statement 31st December, 1909



DIREOTORS IN NEW YORK.
 J. B. KREMER Jr.,
T. Agency Superintendents.

TO THE HOLDERS OF New York, February 11910.
First Mortgage Bonds of THE
MIDLAND RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
DATED APRIL 1ST 1880.
MATURING APRIL 1 ST 1910
The undersigned, successor by merger to the Midland Railroad Company of New Jersey, offers 0 extend the abil rate of $5 \%$ per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of April and October in each year, SECURITY OF SAID BONDS TO REMAIN

HRIV SAID BONDS TOREMAIN UNIMPARRED. s to the terms of the extended offer

New York Susquehanna \& Western Railroad Company
IBy F. D. UNDERWOOD, President.

Referring to the above notice, the extension offer eposit the same, together with the April 1st 1910 coupon with the undersiged at their office 23 Wal Street, New York, ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1ST 1910, and who make a cash payment at the same fime of $\$ 95$ per $\$ 1,000$ bond. The April 1st 1910 coupons will be cashed at the time of such deposit Copies of the Extension Supplement may be had on application at the office of the undersigned

Temporary receipts will be issued upon such deposit, exchangeable for bonds with the Extension Supplement and new coupon sheet attached thereto, when prepared. We are prepared to buy at par and interest at any time prior to March 11910 the bonds of such holders as do not desire to avail themselves of the above privilege of extension.

## J. P. MORGAN \& CO.

## We Own and Offer MUNICIPAL BONDS

Issued by Counties, Cities, Towns and Boroughs.

## R. M. GRANT \& CO BANKERS

81 NASSAU STREET
NEW YOR

## (1) opaxtuexshipls.

## The firm of TATLOCK \& BEAMARD 29, 1910 .

 day dissolved by mutual consent. New York. The undersigned have entered into a general partner, as dealers in investment bonds, under the firm name of TATLOCK \& CO.JOHN TATLOCK,
H. ROWLAND VERMILYE.
HENRY ZUCKERMAN \& CO. We beg to announce that Mr. Louis Wund has this day retired from our firm and that
Mr. James McVickar, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, has been admitted to memberDated January 31st, 1910 EKRMAN \& CO.

## 矢7xanctal.

TO THE HOLDERS OF National Starch Co.'s

FIVE PER CENT DEBENTURE BONDS AND
National Starch Manufacturing Comoany's
SIX PER CENT MORTGAGE BONDS
The undersigned Committee for holders of the above-described Deebenture Bonds having
completed their investigation of the affairs completed their investigation of the affairs of having consented, at the request of the holders of a number of the above-described Mortgage of such Mortgage Bonds, request, in order that united action may be taken to protect the interests of the holders of sald Debenture Bonds posit thelr Bonds with MESSRS. SPE YER \& CO-
No. 24 Pine Street, New Yori City, under ain agreement of deposit dated December 22d, 1909 , may be obtained after December $24 \mathrm{th}, 1909$. Upon deposit of Debenture Bonds on or before anuary 3d, 1910 , bearing the interest coupons signed will buy such coupons for cash at par, are withdrawn. Upon deposit of the Mortgage honds on or before January 3d, 1910, bearing No past-due interest coupons which matured
November 1st, 1909 , the underslgned will buy uch interest coupons for cash at par, subject Withdrawn. deposit of the Debenture Bonds or Mortgage Bonds, Messis. Speyer \& Company therefor.
Dated
December 22d, 1909.

> J. D. HIGGINS, JOYMORTONN: A. HECKSSHER, EDWIN S. MARSTON,
A. V. HEELY,

No. 22 Wecretary, Willam Street, New York City.

REFERRING TO THE FOREGOING NOTICE WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE DEPOSITS OF THE BONDS AND DEBEN ISSUE OUR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT THEREFOR.

## SPEYER \& CO.,

24-26 Pine Street
New York, December 27, 1909.
The Committee has extended to February 21 the time in which bonds may be deposited, deposits on such terms may
New York, January 26 , 1910 .
gaectixgs.
REPUBLIC IRON\& STEEL COMPANY.
OF STOCKHOLDERS
A special meeting of the stockholders of Repubto authorize a mortgage of all or part porposa Company's properties and franchises to or the an issue of bonds, to an aggregate principal amount not to exceed at any one time $\$ 25,000,000$ order to retire existing bonds, and for other cor porate purposes, and upon any matters relating thereto, will be held at the office of the Compan an the 7 th Exchange Parce, Jersey of Maty, N. J., forenoon.

The stock transfer books of the Company will 1910, and will be reopened at 10 February 14 th , on March 8th, 1910 .
Dated, Pittsburgh, Pa., February 4th, 1910.
By order of the Executive Committee. By order of the Executive Committee.
H. L. ROWND, Secretary. OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT Philadelphla, Dec. 9, 1909. U special meeting of the Stockholders of the at the office of the Company, Northwest corner of Broad and Arch streets, Philladelphia, on
Wednesday, February 9,1910 , at 12 oclock noon Wednesday, February 9,1910, at 12 o ${ }^{\circ}$ clock noon, proposed increase in the authorized caplital stock of the Company from $1,009,467$ shares, of the par value of $\$ 50$ each, to $1,110.414$ shares, of the par value or 850 each
The stock transter DOUTHIRT, Secretary. The stock transfer books will be closed from 8 p. m. J January 28 1910, until 10 a. m.. Feb-
ruary 10 1910

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Company's chief office, Phillipstown, day, 17 th day of February, 1910, at 1 o'clock Pirectors and for the transaction of a such ord of Directors and for the transaction of such other
ing. The stock and Transfer books will be closed againsth the transfer of stock on Saturday, Februon February 18 th at 10 oclock $A$. M. reopened -i - inmien JAMES L. MORGAN, Secretary.

## 

# The Fidelity Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA 

L. G. FOUSE, President

## Thirty-First Annual Statement


\$19,502,070 14

LIABILTTIES

|  | 334 02 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reserve for Outstanding Losse | 117,992 47 |
| Reserve for Deferred Dividends | 633,526 85 |
| Dividends payable in 1910 | 127,719 03 |
| Premiums and Interest prepaid | 92,092 46 |
| Accrued Taxes and all other | 89,321 84 |
| Net Surplu | 00, |

\$19,502,070 14
Paid insurance in force - - - . . \$124,666,815.00
Total payments to policyholders since organization - \$20,616,350 30
Ledger assets during 1909 increased 13.64 per cent; reserve 13.77 per cent ; premium income, 3.68 per cent; interest and rental income, 12.72 per cent; death losses and payments to members, 8.08 per cent. Every approved death claim paid.

Annual report of President, giving full details of income, disbursements, investments and information bearing on the present life insurance situation, sent on application.

## Sixty-sixth Annual Statement

## New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

## 87 MILK STREET, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

ALFRED D. FOSTER, President D. F. APPEL. Vice-President<br>J. A. BARBEY, Secretary WILLIAM F. DAVIS, Assistant Secretary J. G. WILDMAN, Assistant Secretary



## 

## \$575,000

INDIAN REFINING COMPANY

## (cincinnati, ohio)

## Car Trust 5\% Gold Notes

Dated January 1, 1910. Maturing in semi-annual series January 1, 1912, to January 1, 1916, inclusive. Principal and semi-annual interest (January 1st and July 1st) payable at office of the Trustee. Coupon Notes callable on any interest date after January 1, 1912, at 105 and interest. Denomination, $\$ 1,000$.
FIRST TRUST \& SAVINGS BANK, Chicago, Trustees
These notes are issued on the basis of $68 \%$ of the cost of seven hundred and forty-two (742) Steel Under-frame Tank Cars of standard capacities.

INDIAN REFINING COMPANY IS THE LEADING PRODUCER OF REFINED AND LUBRICATING OILS, INDEPENDENT OF THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY, WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

We have thoroughly investigated the business and financial standing of the Indian Refining Company, and recommend these notes for investment, because:
(1) Car Trust Notes have a record for punctual payment of principal and interest equaled by few, if any, other securities.
(2) These Equipment Notes represent a first lien on valua= ble income=producing property costing $\$ 834,99639$.
(3) There is a substantial equity behind these notes which more than proportionately increases with the serial reduction of the debt.
(4) The equipment is, itself, an asset, producing a revenue more than sufficient to meet the maximum annual interest charge.
(5) The notes are the direct promise to pay of a Company enjoying a successful business history, large resources, and net earnings several times the maximum annual requirements for interest and maturing principal.

## Price to Yield 5.25\%

Pending delivery of the definitive notes, on or about Feb. 10, 1910, we will issue Interim Receipts if desired.

All matters pertaining to the legality of this issue have been under the personal supervision and passed upon by our attorney, Harry P. Weber, Esq., Chicago, whose approving opinion is on file in our office.

Ask for Descriptive Circular No. 372

## McCOY \& COMPANY INVESTMENT BONDS 400-4IO Borland Block, Chicago

THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
A. W. DUNNING, President
"The Oldest and Foremost"
Home Office
City Investing Building 165 Broadway
Branches-Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Pittsburgh, Atlanta

CONFIDENTIAL AUDITS, INVESTIGATIONS AND ENGINEERING APPRAISALS FAOTS

Samuel T. Callaway Trowbridge Callaway Stuyvesant Fish Jr. Charles Edward Adams

## Callaway, Fish \& C0.

## Bankers

37 Wall Street, New York
Members New York Stock Exch. Dealers in Investment Securities Interest Allowed on Deposita

TEL. 6JOT HANOVER

J. K. Rice, Jr. \& Co.

## FOR SALE

75 American Express
50 Atlas Portland Cement Common
100 American District Tel. of N. J.
$\$ 10,000$ Arnold Print Works 6 s
100 American Brake Shoe Preferred
200 Atlantic Shore Line RR. Common
25 Broadway \& 7th Ave.
110 Borden's Milk Commo
100 Babcock \& Wilcox
\$1,000 Bliss (E. W.) Co. 6s
100 Buffalo \& Lake Erie Traction Pref.
100 Buffalo \& Lake Erie Traction Common
$\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ Cal. Gas \& Electric 5s
100 Cincinnati Northern
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Col. \& Hocking Coal \& Iron 6 s
$\$ 10,000$ Chicago Subway 5 s
50 Cons. Car Heating of Albany
100 Del. Lack. \& Western Coal
100 Des Moines \& Fort Dodge Pref.
$\$ 5,000$ Denver \& Northwestern 1st 5s
$\$ 10,000$ Eastern Penn. Rys. 1st 5 s
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Fairmont Coal 5s
100 Federal Sugar Common
50 General Development Co.
$\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 0 0}$ Hall Signal 1st 6s
100 Hartford Carpet Preferred
$\mathbf{\$ 3 , 0 0 0}$ Hecker=Jones=Jewell Deb. 6s
100 Hudson \& Manhattan Common
115 International Silver Preferred 20 International Time Recording Common
$\mathbf{\$ 5 , 0 0 0}$ Indiana Nat. Gas \& Oil 5 s
$\$ 10,000$ Indianapolis \& Louisville 1st 4s 100 Kings Co. El. Lt. \& Power (Rights)
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Kansas City Outer Belt 4s
100 Lacka wanna Steel
50 Louisville Henderson \& St. L. Pref.
100 Madison Square Garden
25 New York Curtain
50 National City Bank
$\$ 10,000$ Newark Cons. Gas 5 s
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ New Mexico Ry. \& Coal 5s
40 Phelps, Dodge \& Co.
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Preferred
10 Singer Manufacturing
200 Standard Screw Preferred
50 Safety Car Heat \& Light
30 Sen Sen Chiclet
\$2,000 Tacoma Gas \& Electric 1st 5 s
125 Tri-City Ry. \& Light Common
10 Title Ins. Co. of New York
50 Texas (Oil) Co.
$\$ 9.000$ Texas (Oil) Co. 6s
$\$ 5,000$ Union Bag \& Paper 5 s (Stamped) 100 U. S. Industrial Alcohol Common 50 Union Gias \& Elec. (Cinn.) Preferred 32 United States Express 50 Van Norden Trust Co. 50 Wells Fargo (New Stock) 70 Wells Fargo (Rights) 100 Yale \& Towne Mfg.

## WANTED

\$10,000 Adams Express 4s, 1947
100. Albany Southern Common

100 Albany Southern Preferre
100 Amer. Brake Shoe \& Fdry. Common
$\$ 10,000$ Amer. Brake Shoe \& Fdry. 5s
$\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Binghamton Gas 1st 5 s
$\$ 5,000$ Bliss (E. W.) 6 s
150 Brooklyn Union "L"' Common
100 Buffalo \& Susa. RR. Preferred
$\$ 5,000$ Col. \& Hocking C. \& I. 1st 5s
120 General Chemical Common
120 General Chemical Common
25 Home Fire Ins.
$\$ 5,000$ International Silver Deb. 6s
$\$ 5,000$ International Sil ver 1st 6s
$\$ 10.000$ Lake Superior Corp. 1st 5 s
100 Lawyers Title Ins. \& Trust
\$5,000 Lehigh \& Wilkes-Barre Coal 41/2s
$\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 0 0}$ Lehigh \& Wilkes-Barre Coal 5s
100 Mechanics \& Metals Nat. Bank
100 Mechanics a Metals Nat. Bank
25 Nassau Nat. Bank of Brooklyn
$\$ 5,000$ N. Y. Biscuit Co. 6 s
$\$ 5,000$ N. Y. \& Rockaway Beach 1st 5 s
$\$ 10,000$ N. Y. Shipbuilding 6s
100 Niagara Falls Power Co.
50 Norwich \& Worcester Preferred
\$5,000 Omaha Water Cons. 5s
100 Pittsb. \& Lake Erie RR.
100 Royal Baking Powder Preferred

- 100 Western Pacific

50 Worthington Pump Preferred
We have good markets in unlisted and inactive
securities and respectfully invite inquirles.
securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
J. K. Rice, Jr. \& Co.
,Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St..N.Y.

## 

## \$2,350,000

# Canadian Car \& Foundry Co., Limited FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT GOLD BONDS 

Dated December 1, 1909

Due December 1, 1939

Callable as a whole at 110 per cent and accrued interest on December 1, 1919, or any interest date thereafter, or in part for sinking fund purposes only on any December first after 1911, at 110 per cent and accrued interest.
Interest payable June 1 and December 1. Both principal and interest payable in New York, Montreal, Toronto; or in London, England, at the fixed rate of exchange of \$4862-3 to the $£$.
Coupon bonds of $\$ 1,000$, $\$ 500$ and $\$ 100$ denominations, interchangeable; may be registered as to principal only. Convertible into sterling bonds at the above fixed rate of exchange. The sterling bonds are re-convertible.

## Trustees, THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, Montreal Bankers, BANK OF MONTREAL

Outstanding (including bonds now offered)...-.......................... $\mathbf{\$ 3 , 5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$
Reserved for future capital expenditures at $75 \%$ of cost thereof
$4,000,000$
Issuable only when net earnings for fiscal year next preceding are at least 3 times the first mortgage interest charges; but in no event can outstanding
bonds exceed the fully paid preference stock of the Company ( $\$ 5,000,000$ now outstanding).

Maximum authorized issue
$. \$ 7,500,000$
The Canadian Car \& Foundry Co., Limited, organized in 1909 under the laws of Canada, is a consoli ${ }^{2}$ dation of the three largest car-building concerns in Canada, manufacturing steel and wooden cars. It has two large modern plants in Montreal and one in Nova Scotia.

From a letter of the President of the Company, which will be sent upon request, and to which we refer for details, we summarize as follows:-

1. First mortgage.
2. Replacement value of properties estimated over $\$ 7,500,000$, or more than double outstanding bonds.
3. Preference and Common Stocks have present market value more than $\$ 7,000,000$.
4. Net earnings last 2 years (a dull period) nearly 5 times present interest charges; estimated net this year 7 times these charges.
5. Sinking Fund, $2 \%$ cumulative, beginning 1912, retires before maturity at least $\$ 3,500,000$ bonds.
6. No floating debt. Net current assets over $\$ 2,200,000$.
7. Capacity over $\mathbf{8 5 \%}$ of all car=building companies in Canada.

PRICE $1021 / 2$ AND INTEREST, YIELDING $5.80 \%$.

# LEE, HIGGINSON \& CO. <br> NEW YORK BOSTON 

## FEBRUARY INVESTMENTS

We OWN AND offer the following seourities in amounts to suit purghaser, SUBJECT TO PREVIOUS SALE

| \$50,000 | Chicago \& North Western Railway General Mtge. $31 / 2$ s of 1987 * + To Yield about $3.90 \%$ | \$25,000 | Louisville \& Nashville RR. First Mtge. 5 s of $1937 *+$ To Yield about 4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50,000 | Lake Shore \& Michigan Southern First.Mtge. Reg'd $31 / 2$ s of 1997 * $\dagger$ To Yield about $\mathbf{3 . 8 6 \%}$ | 50,0 | Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Trans. Short Line 4s of 1958 To Yield about $4.25 \%$ |
| 50,000 | Manhattan (Elevated) Railway Consol. (now First) Mtge. 4s of 1990* To Field over 4\% | 50,000 | New York New Haven \& Hartford Convertible Debenture 6s of 1948 To Yield about $4.16 \%$ |
| 50,000 | Chicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul <br> Chic. \& Pac. West. Div. 1st 5s of 1921 * $\dagger$ Wis. \& Minn. Div. 1st 5s of 1921 * Dubuque Division 1st 6s of 1920 * Dakota \& Gt. Southern 1st 5s of 1916 * + To Yield about 4\% |  | Pennsylvania Railroad Convertible Debenture $31 / 2$ s of 1915 To Yield about $4.20 \%$ |
|  |  | 50,000 | Michigan Central Railroad Debenture 4s of 1929 To Yield about $4.52 \%$ |
| 100,000 Northern Pac.---Gt. Northern Chic. Burl. \& Qu. Joint Coll. Tr. 4s of 1921 To Yield about 4.32\% |  | 50,000 | Colorado \& Southern Railway Refunding \& Ext. Mtge. 41/2s of 1935 To Yield about $4.60 \%$ |
|  |  | 50,000 | Tidewater Company First Lien Guar. 6s of 1913 To Yield about $5.30 \%$ |

## GUARANTEED STOCKS

Exempt from Taxation in New York and Oonnecticut.

| - ${ }_{\text {Rate }}^{\text {\% }}$ | To Yield | Shares. Rate | To Yield |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Guaranteed by Delaware Lack. \& Western |  | Guaranteed by Delaware \& Hudson \% |  |
| 500 Morris \& Essex Railroad.-...-.......... 7 | 3.85\% |  | 16\% |
| 200 New York Lack. \& West...-.------ 5 | 3.92 | 100 Rutland \& White | 4\% |
| 100 Utica Chen. \& Susq. Valley <br> 100 Cayuga \& Susquehanna $\qquad$ | 3.93 |  |  |
| uaranteed by Pennsylv | 3.95\% | Guaranteed by lllinois Central 400 Illinois Central Leased | 3.96\% |
| 500 Cleveland \& Pittsburgh |  |  |  |
| 100 Cleve. \& Pittsburgh Special ---------1. 4 | 3.9 | Guaranteed by 200 Fort Way |  |
| 100 United Neẃ Jersey RR. \& Canal -... 10 | 3.9 | 200 Fort Way | 3.99\% |
| 100 Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne \& Chicago .... 7 | $3.99 \%$ |  | 3.96\% |
| Guaranteed by New York Central 400 Rome Watertown \& Ogdensburg..... 5 |  | Guaranteed by Phila. \& Reading Ry. Co. 200 Mine Hill \& Schuylkill Haven | 4.37 |
| Guaranteed by Chic. R. I. \& Pac. Ry. 100 Peoria \& Bureau Valley. $\qquad$ | 4.26\% | Guaranteed by Michigan Central |  |

Detailed descriptions of any of the above securities and additional lists of offerings will be sent on request.

## Redmonda©0.

ISSUE LEITERS OF OREDIT AVAILABLE IN ALI PARTS OF THE WORLD TRANBAOT A GENERAL FOREIGN AND DOMESITO BANKING BUSINESS

33 Pine Street - New York<br>Cable Address "Mimosa," New York<br>624 Fifth Avenue<br>New York<br>507 Chestnut Street Philadelphia

# (Tommerials fllfronitle 

VOL. 90. FEBRUARY 5, 1910. NO. 2323.

OLEARINGS-FOR JANUARY, FOR FOUR YEARS, AND FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 29.


THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.
Confidence has continued deeply disturbed this week. The suspension of such a highly respected banking house as Fisk \& Robinson would cause some feeling of disquietude even in normal times, when everything was serene and quiet. Coming at a moment when fear has taken possession of men's minds, the shock has been intensified. This firm, while on the one hand making a specialty of the very highest grade of investment securities, on the other hand has manifested in some of its undertakings that venturesome spirit to which the country owes all its progress and development. This means that it has embarked in new enterprises, more particularly the construction of additional roads, which need time to demonstrate their success. Unfortunately; at the moment such a feeling of distrust has been engendered by the launching of radical Government policies, directed against transportation and industrial corporations, that security issues even of the best type, with a long interest or dividend record behind them, are under a cloud, while obligations on new ventures and involving some degree of risk do not stand the ghost of a chance of being leniently treated, either by investors or lending institutions. Everything regarding railroads and manufacturing and production, according to present plans, is to be regulated by the arbitrary action and the rigid rule of the Federal Government. The effect is to put enterprise at a discount and distrust at a premium. The firm passed through the troublous times of 1907, but now that security values are once more in jeopardy the strain has proved too great.

It is worthy of note that the Stock Exchange received the news of the failure with great composure. It was not until after the close of business on Tuesday that steps were taken to have a receiver appointed for the concern under the bankruptcy law, and the bulk of the public knew nothing of the event until announcement of it appeared in the morning papers on Wednesday; yet prices on the Stock Exchange on that day yielded comparatively little, and it was a matter $o^{c}$ general comment how well the stock market had stood the shock. On Thursday, however, the morning papers contained flaming announcements saying that the leaders of the dominant party in Congress, both in the Senate and the House of Representatives, had agreed to push all of President Taft's bills, the "insurgent" Republicans as well as the regulars having given promises to that end. The program mapped out was the same as has previously been outlined, and is to include Federal incorporation for business concerns, amendments of a drastic kind to the Inter-State Commerce Law, postal savings banks and other things too numerous to mention in detail. Since the President sketched his policies with such bluntness and directness in his special message to Congress on Jan. 7, the Stock Exchange has been extremely sensitive to reports and rumors regarding the action of the Government in these regards, and consequently a renewed break in values was precipitated on that day, more violent than any previously experienced in the present downward movement.

This shows the true source of the trouble, and also shows where the remedy must be applied. The pres-
ent is no time to mince words, and it would be the heighth of folly to cultivate a false sense of security by refraining from discussing what is upermost in men's minds, or by failing to point out the real dangers that beset us in this trying emergency. It is idle to say that the President will do none of the things feared, and that business men may pursue the even tenor of their way. If the President had not spoken so emphatically to the railroad representatives at their conference with him on the first business day of the year, in regard to his purpose concerning both the Inter-State Commerce Law and the Anti-Trust Act, and if he had not elaborated his purposes at such great length in his special message, then there would be force in this kind of argument. As it is, the language of the message, with its carefully-balanced phrases and sentences, has left an impression of danger which it is almost impossible to efface. Undoubtedly it seems preposterous to speak of the possibility of another panic (predictions of which now fill the air), at a time when both banking and mercantile credit seem to be exceptionally sound, and while all our great manufacturing plants and other agencies of production are working full time in execution of past orders, and when bank clearings and railroad earnings tell of unexampled activity.

But it is the President himself who has invited attention to the possibility of trouble from the carrying out of his plans and purposes. He has laid out a course of action for himself which would involve the disruption of most of the great industrial undertakings of the country, saying that "it is the duty and purpose of the Executive" to investigate and prosecute all industrial undertakings concerning which "there is any reasonable ground for suspicion . . . that they are conducting business on a plan which is in violation of the Anti-Trust Law." It is the President, too, who has taken pains to point out that industrial chaos would certainly follow the carrying out of such a policy. In his special message he declares that "millions of wageearners, employees and associated tradesmen" would be affected, and asserts that the effect must be "(1) to disturb the confidence of the business community, (2) to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its. places of hoarding, and (3) produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circumstances among the innocent many for the faults of the guilty few." As it is possible for the President to bring about the very condition of things against which he warns (for the power lies in his hands), it is not surprising that fear of such an outcome should be rapidly spreading through the community.

The movement has gone so far that confidence can now be quickly restored only by some conspicuous act indicating that the possibility of danger which the President foreshadowed is a thing of the past. We indicated last week how conclusive assurance to that end could be furnished. The Anti-Trust Law, which is the cause of all the trouble, should be unconditionally and at once repealed. With that done, it would no longer be incumbent upon the President to take action against combinations of all kinds, whether operating in reasonable or unreasonable restraint of trade, and whether beneficial or injurious to the public interest. The Government's remedy would then be under the common law, and the courts would issue their death decree against combinations that were really detrimental to the public interest, and would leave all
others alone. The whole matter would in that event be taken out of politics. Therefore we say again, Repeal the law and let legitimate business go on unmolested, in accordance with modern-day requirements. We know it is claimed that Congress will not grant repeal, but so it was claimed for years that the Silver Coinage Law, which had been bringing on repeated panics, would not be repealed. Yet it was accomplished nevertheless.

Overmuch has been made of certain poor returns of railroad earnings which have been published the present week. These are wholly due to special conditions and are not in the least degree indicative of any permanent or general tendency-presupposing, of course, that business prosperity be maintained. The unfavorable statements have come mainly from roads in the Western half of the country, and have followed chiefly as a result of a great augmentation in expenses. Thus, the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe, with a gain of $\$ 221,697$ in gross in December, added $\$ 1,371,007$ to its expenses, occasioning a loss in net of $\$ 1,149,320$ for the month, and the Chicago \& North Western for the same month, with $\$ 106,119$ gain in gross, increased its expenses by $\$ 926,691$, producing a loss in net of $\$ 820,572$. The Chicago Burlington \& Quincy actually had a decrease of $\$ 180,840$ in gross and as this was attended by an augmentation of $\$ 583,540$ in expenses, there was a loss of $\$ 764,380$ in net. The Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific likewise suffered a decrease $(\$ 355,339)$ in gross contemporaneously with an augmentation of $\$ 237,378$ in expenses, causing $\$ 592,717$ falling off in net. The Great Northern loses $\$ 315,747$ in gross and $\$ 533,947$ in net. The Illinois Central, with $\$ 98,682$ increase in gross, added $\$ 546,796$ to expenses, producing a loss in net of $\$ 448,114$. The Union Pacific shows $\$ 452,114$ gain in gross and nevertheless has $\$ 715,478$ decrease in net, owing to an increase of $\$ 1,167,592$ in expenses. And these illustrations might be multiplied.

Several of the roads here enumerated have new transcontinental competition to contend with, more particularly the operation of the Puget Sound line of the Milwaukee \& St. Paul; but that is not the main reason for the losses in earnings. Bad weatherheavy snowstorms and severe cold-is chiefly responsible for the unfavorable results. There was, however, still another drawback operative in the case of some of the roads. We have reference to the strike of the railway switchmen on the lines running west from St. Paul and Duluth to the Pacific Coast. Adverse weather conditions prevailed during December, not only in the Central Western States but in nearly the whole of the territory between the Mississippi River and the Pacific Coast. The effects of the severe weather were felt in a double way-first in restricting the volume of traffic and secondly in adding enormously to the expense of moving it. The weather was also again bad in January and hence the resultsfor that month, too, are likely to be disappointing. But obvlously there is nothing enduring or permanent in such conditions, and with their disappearance earnings will again improve. In the Eastern half of the country returns continue exceedingly gratifying, and as indicating the nature of the results for some of the large systems which have been free from the disturbing influences mentioned, we may refer to the December
statement of the New York New Haven \& Hartford. That great property, while adding $\$ 594,532$ to its gross revenues, increased expenses no more than $\$ 6,317$, leaving a gain of $\$ 588,215$ in net.

The movement to rehabilitate the Democratic Party in this State is taken seriously enough to cause resignation of a $\$ 15,000$ salary by a member of the Public Service Commission in the Second District, that he may devote himself to the work. The fact that this Party has not elected a Governor since the year 1892 proves that very serious disorders have been holding it. Far from being a mere partisan struggle upon which the great outside public who labor at their own business and provide the funds can afford to look with only the interest of spectators, it is impossible to lay too much emphasis upon the vital importance of a genuine Opposition in a democratic country.

From its origin about 1855 down to the end of the Civil War, the Republican Party was undoubtedly permeated and dominated by great moral ideas, which did not preserve it from mistakes, but did give it in a large degree a real public policy instead of selfishly personal aims. Prolonged and apparently unshakable tenure has wrought evil upon it, for frail human nature cannot stand the stress of opportunity without checks. The inevitable result is giving up to party what belongs to mankind. The just relation of things get inverted; party becomes an end instead of merely a means for establishing specific public policies; instead of the party serving the country, the country and the government become, by a sort of twist upon the divine right said to be in sovereigns, the property of a ruling party and operated for its aggrandizement. We need not condemn this harshly, for it is natural because human.
The indispensable check is a real Opposition, having ideas and policies of its own which it means to carry out if intrusted with power, and for which it is willing to suffer in the wilderness, if need be; something loftier than hanging on the flank of the party in power for the time being, seeking to "put it in a hole," viewing its wickedness with the familiar campaign alarm and banking politically upon its blunders. It is a phenomenon that the Democratic Party has been able to keep up a name and a hollow shell of organization through nearly a half-century of almost unrelieved staying out in the cold; but such a name and shell are far from making the real Opposition which is needed and which has a potency of good. At present there are insurgents and regulars in Washington and elsewhere; there are large lines of cleavage and little rifts which might become large; one might confidently predict the loss of the next House and a heavy slump of the dominant party with the people but for one unhappy fact: there does not seem to be anybody else to vote for. Over and over indignation has had to spend itself, and the Republicans; in this and other States and the nation, have been kept in because no better alternative appeared. Unsatisfactory as the situation was, the Democrats have been unable to offer any coherent policy and get any sane leadership, and no refuge has opened. Whether the movement now undertaken in this State will lead us to leadership and healthy political substance is yet to appear; but undertaking to do it is certainly a matter of national importance.

Presumptive evidence of a much more satisfactory and promising commercial andindustrial situation during the first month of the new year than in the opening month of 1909 is furnished, as will be seen, by our compilation of bank clearings for that month which is given on the first page of this issue. Not only does the total for the whole country exceed that for any preceding month in our history, but the same is true of most of the cities that go to make up the statement. The heaviest total heretofore recorded was in Jan. 1906, when, stimulated by a volume of stock transactions of almost record proportions, the clearings at New York showed a large increase. But this 1910 aggregate exceeds that of 1906 slightly at New York, and by 800 millions of dollars in the whole country. Confining the present comparison with January of earlier years, we find that of the 132 cities included in our compilation, all but 9 exhibit gains over 1909, and where losses are shown they are as a rule unimportant. Furthermore, at all but 33 points this year the figures are the greatest ever reported for January. The total clearings for the month, at $\$ 17,136,944,530$, exhibit an excess over January of 1909 of $22 \%$, and compared with the corresponding period of 1908 there is an increase of $50.7 \%$, and over 1907 of $13.9 \%$.
This is the heritage that Mr. Taft, who happens to have been made the ruler of our nation a few months ago, and as such received as his charge, to keep and to do his best to improve. The biggest exchanges the country has ever enjoyed is expressed in the refrain coming up last month from every quarter of this wide and fruitful land, which our worthy President is echoing by actions not encouraging peace and prosperity, but fomenting discord, and by changing the fundamentals of business methods so as to disturb in many ways the smooth current of affairs.

At New York the gain over 1909 reaches $26.6 \%$, and contrasted with 1908 and 1907 are $65.9 \%$ and $16.7 \%$ respectively. Outside of this city the result as compared with last year is an increase of $14 \%$, with the gains over 1908 and 1907 reaching $27.3 \%$ and $8.8 \%$. Considering the figures by groups there is no lack of evidence of activity. In the Middle Section, beside New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh report important increases over a year ago, and the same is true of many cities of lesser prominence. A similar exhibit is made by New England and the Middle West, the loss at Cincinnati being explained by bank amalgamations. On the Pacific Slope every city reports a larger volume of clearings than in 1909, and quite generally (San Francisco and Oakland being the notable exceptions) the largest on record for January. The "Other Western" group likewise shows up very well, and at the South, notwithstanding a restriction of business due to a smaller cotton movement, many large gains are to be noted.

With regard to transactions in stocks and bonds at the leading exchanges of the country, greater activity in stocks is to be recorded in January this year as compared with the month of 1909 . Values, however, receded to quite an important extent without any marked recovery, as a result mainly of developments in Washington in the matter of regulating and controlling corporations, \&c. On the New York Stock Exchange the share dealings reached $24,538,649$ shares, against $17,275,500$ shares in 1909 and $16,594,095$ shares in 1908. The current year's dealings were exceeded in

1906, when the total was $381 / 2$ million shares, and also in 1901. Bond sales, on the other hand, were of smaller volume than a year ago, this year's total of $\$ 86,822,500$ contrasting with $\$ 137,766,500$ in Jan. 1909 and $\$ 91,317,200$ in 1908 . This year's aggregate is, therefore, well below the record for January ( $1391 / 2$ millions of dollars) reached in 1905. On the Boston Stock Exchange the Jan. 1910 stock dealings were $2,024,930$ shares, against $1,027,193$ shares in 1908, and in bond transactions reached $\$ 1,914,400$, comparing with $\$ 3,073,700$ a year ago.

A citizens' meeting, attended largely by representative property owners, was held in Brooklyn on Wednesday, and the Brooklyn Heights Association was organized expressly to look after the interests of the section consisting of the high land along the river lying between Fulton and Jeralemon streets. This is an old residential section, once rated high because of its outlook upon the bay and because of a peculiar asset which it will always possess, namely its nearness to Manhattan. But it has no transit facilities, for the present Interborough tubes pass under Jeralemon Street and touch the surface only at Borough Hall; the old Fulton Ferry has fallen nearly out of use, and all transit construction of late years has tended to carry population to the new districts south of Prospect Park. Property in this Heights section has in fact been declining; many families have moved away; and this new local organization declares that the residents are tired of loving their neighbors more than themselves, thereby more than fulfilling the Scriptural injunction.
What they call for now is the speedy construction of river tubes from Fulton and Beekman streets through Cranberry and Pineapple in Brooklyn under Fulton Street to Borough Hall, to connect there with the proposed Lafayette Avenue subway by two spare tracks now in Fulton Street. On the Manhattan side the proposed connection is with the loop to join the three bridges, this loop being now under construction. A short extension west of William Street could reach the present Hudson Tunnel System and the proposed Lexington Avenue subway, if the latter is built. Some of the construction now called for was approved and authorized several years ago. Building of the Broadway-Lafayette Avenue line in Brooklyn would make a complete, although irregular-shaped, loop between the two cities. An integral part of the plan is a station on the new tube line at some point between the river front and Fulton Street, thus giving the Heights section better access than is now afforded by the rather distant station at Borough Hall.
Another demand, rather happily phrased, is that the Brooklyn side of the old bridge "be made simple and decent." The grotesque ugliness which has been produced by tagging on passageways, track inclines, storage tracks and other conveniences is plain when one stops to look at it. But we in New York are in too much hurry to look often, and the excuse for this accretion of make-shifts is the great pressure in transit which forced the trolleys themselves upon the bridge structure and has produced a series of alterations for the purpose of aiding movement. This ugliness can doubtless be modified or entirely eliminated, and it is well to cultivate a habit of taking notice; but it must be a work of time and seems to involve gradual
development of an intelligent idea of art as something intrinsically worth while.

What has been facetiously said to be the motto of China, "Never do to-day what can be put off till to-morrow," is recalled by this week's announcement from Pekin that an Imperial edict has been issued denying the petition from the representatives of the Provincial Assemblies for the early establishment of an Imperial Assembly and reiterating the Throne's decision to establish a Parliament "at the end of nine years, according to the constitutional scheme." Nine years, measured by New World standards, is an unconscionably long period to wait for a political reform. In these northern parts the people would enforce their wishes within a year or two, certainly at the quadrennial Presidential election, while farther south one or more revolutions would be hastily precipitated to secure any desired change; but in the Orient nine years, or even a hundred years, is a brief period, so accustomed have the yellow races become to thinking, t might almost be said, in centuries. This ancient habit, however, is breaking down under stress of Occidental innovations, and China may have her Imperial Parliament before the contemplated nine years have elapsed. This view is encouraged by the successful inauguration of the Provincial Assemblies, whose first sessions were held last fall. Theretofore the Chinese Empire disdained representative legislative bodies, but the well-guarded experiment, introduced in all but one of the twenty-two provinces, proved more successful than the sanguine had expected. True, the populace did not exercise to the full their new right of voting, the polls being extremely light in contrast with those, say, in the election just terminated in Great Britain; but the example set by the patrician classes is likely to be followed by others enjoying the privilege. The sessions were conducted decorously, the members, mostly men of substance, contributing useful advice to the officials, and altogether the reform party are enthusiastic over the signal progress achieved.

Are the joint-stock banks of England taking advantage of the existing favorable opportunity to strengthen their gold reserves? The reticence observed during recent weeks concerning the purchasers of the new South African gold offered each Monday in London admits of this question, and, indeed, there have been suggestions that part of the metal ostensibly allowed to revert to the Bank of England has in reality been taken by the privately-owned banks that have too long been dependent overmuch upon the central institution for reserves. If such a movement has been in progress it is to be welcomed, as has been explained in these columns on other occasions. This week's Bank of England statement, which is more than usually favorable for the first week in February, shows total specie on hand of only $\$ 183,300,000$, a very slender foundation for the enormous banking structure of England to rest upon-for that is virtually the position. For several weeks the new bars have brought only the minimum price of 77 s .9 d . per ounce, private discounts have been very low, the rate allowed on money on call and at short notice was reduced immediately the Bank lowered its official charge, so that everything has favored the acquisition of metallic reserves by the powerful joint-stock institutions that now do
so large a share of home and foreign banking. This week some $\$ 5,000,000$ Transvaal gold was offered, and, as has been usual of late, "the Bank of England got the bulk of it," India taking a small amount. The Bank's coin and bullion has not increased so rapidly as to vitiate the theory that moderate consignments have found their way into other vaults in the metropolis.

Early in the week the French floods began to subside,--slowly at first, but more rapidly during the last three days. No authoritative estimate of the damage sustained has yet been made; that it will not fall short of, but in all probability will considerably exceed, one billion francs ( $\$ 200,000,000$ ) is generally claimed; yet a perusal of European newspapers gives the impression that the lurid descriptions published in our own press were much overdrawn. The foreign bourses have all along remained free from demoraliza-tion-there has on no occasion been such declines in French securities as were recorded on the New York Stock Exchange last Thursday,-and no abnormal shipments of gold to Paris are apprehended in the immediate future; London has sent moderate amounts this week, but these remittances would probably have been made in the ordinary course of business arising from the re-payment of French purchases of bills made in London late in 1909.

The task of restoring order in the city of Paris is now being prosecuted with as great vigor as the receding masses of water will permit. The streets are being cleared of debris, houses are rigidly disinfected, vehicular traffic is being gradually restored, lines of communication are being repaired, and lighting plants are resuming operations. Some time must necessarily elapse before the subways can be declared safe, the vast system of sewers put in order, weakened buildings and bridges reinforced, and the homeless thousands returned to their former dwelling-places. But in the meantime suffering is being mitigated by generous expenditures for food, raiment and shelter. The response of civilized nations to France's need for assistance is the one pleasing feature of the whole lamentable occurrence. Kings, emperors and other rulers have hastened to aid the stricken republic, the contribution of 25,000 francs by the Emperor of Germany having been a notable incident, while in private munificence America has led all other peoples with contributions approximating a million francs. A financial correspondent in Paris, discussing this phase of the disaster, cables: "Paris is fully appreciative of the sympathy of America and the generosity of New York financiers toward sufferers by the floods. Incidentally, this prompt aid and goodwill is particularly opportune, since it will aid the Government in its desire to secure a mutually satisfactory adjustment of the tariff controversy between the two republics. The Government is highly desirous of such an adjustment, but is greatly handicapped by popular criticism based on widespread antagonism to what are considered your country's high-handed methods." The Bank of France on Thursday was able to record a nominal gain in its stock of gold, but its note circulation showed an increase of almost $\$ 35,000,000$ and discounts an increase of fully $\$ 17,500,000$, due mainly to the Feb. 1 settlements. Discounts in Paris are no higher to-day than they were a week ago.

European politics are still in a somewhat turbulent state. Great Britain is awaiting with intense interest the convocation of the newly elected House of Commons; Greece has just formed a new Cabinet; dissatisfied Cretans want to ally themselves with the next Greek Assembly, and Turkey is unsettled by warlike preparations on the part of Greece and the reported belligerent intentions of Bulgaria; a new Ministry has been formed in Norway, and tariff questions are troubling Germany, Austria, France, Portugal and other Continental countries. Happily, no grave disturbances are regarded as probable at any point, even the delicate question of taxation schedules having thus far been handled in a manner that promises the peaceful establishment of new agreements between the various nations whose international trade relations have been disturbed either by changes at home or abroad. At the moment no modus vivendi has been arrived at between Germany and France, both of which have raised their tariff walls; but no open rupture has occurred and the Frankfort Treaty of 1870-71 is expected to avert any serious tariff warfare.

The complete returns of the British Parliamentary election throw little new light on the attitude of the electorate towards fiscal reform, the House of Lords or other important matters. The Liberals have obtained a nominal victory, since they return to Westminster with more members than the Opposition can boast, the final figures, according to the latest advices, being: Liberals, 274; Unionists, 273, exclusive of 82 Nationalists, and presumable 41 Laborites, who, of course, are classed with the Ministerialists. Yet these returns do not prevent the Protectionists from claiming that their doctrine has made substantial headway, especially in the great manufacturing centres. In England alone the Unionists secured no fewer than 239 seats, against a combined total of 227 for the Liberals and Laborites, a majority of 12, which contrasts with a majority of 211 in 1906 for the Liberal-Labor combination. In Scotland less progress was made by the Unionists, while in Ireland the dominant consideration was Home Rule. There has been irresponsible talk of a coalition Ministry either under Premier Asquith or Lord Rosebery, but nothing of the kind is regarded as even remotely possible. Mr. Asquith and other members of the last Cabinet are resting after the trying turmoil of the campaign, and nothing definite has been made known regarding the composition of the new Ministry or concerning the procedure to be followed when Parliament assembles on Feb. 15. Therefore it were idle to waste time in speculating upon the unknown.

It may be added that the Liberal Government's new scheme of labor exchanges was inaugurated on Tuesday last, when Winston Spencer Churchill, President of the Board of Trade, visited the newly opened establishments in London. About one hundred of these exchanges are to be started during February and 150 more within the next six months, for the purpose of bringing idle men into direct touch with prospective employers. The percentage of unemployed trade unionists at the end of 1909 was 6.6 , against $\mathbf{7 . 7 \%}$ for the whole year, a figure only once exceeded (in 1908) during the last decade, although it is satisfactory to know that the tendency was towards improvement all through the second half of the year.

Tariff negotiations between the United States and Germany have been concluded on a basis of reciprocal conciliation. American merchandise will continue to be imported into Germany on the most favorable terms granted to any foreign nation, our Government in return promising to refrain from imposing the maximum duties upon German goods. Great satisfaction is expressed in both countries over the peaceful settlement of a difficult problem. Our State Department will now be free to devote its energies to drawing up an agreement with France, the only other European country whose attitude may lead to complications. Strangely enough, the disaster that has overtaken Paris promises to have a potent influence in modifying French opposition to what has been interpreted there as our high-handed action, the spontaneous generosity and kindness of Americans towards sufferers from the floods having created an excellent impression. The course already pursued by our Government leaves no room to doubt that every possible means will be utilized to arrive at an amicable understanding with the sister republic across the sea. For the present little is heard of the outlook for an agreement between the United States and Canada. To the list of countries already enumerated as having been guaranteed minimum duties Belgium has been added. Austria is believed to have also made acceptable proposals.

President Taft has planned an exhaustive investigation by the Tariff Board into all questions relating to our international trade relations, our home manufactures, \&c., on the lines followed by the German authorities. Congress is to be asked to appropriate $\$ 75,000$ for this purpose.

Japanese statesmen are courageously setting an example in the conduct of national finances that Western exchequers might follow with profit. Instead of joining the insensate craze for bigger and ever bigger armaments, entailing, consequently, crushing burdens in the form of new taxation or enormous loans to be paid off by posterity, Japan is rigidly curtailing her expenditures for non-reproductive purposes, stimulating private enterprise by well-directed public efforts, and, in place of running deeper and deeper into debt, maintaining taxation on a basis that enables the Government to steadily reduce the national debt. The Cabinet has just decided, in conformity with the general financial scheme of the country, to issue a domestic loan of $100,000,000$ yen ( $\$ 50,000,000$ ) bearing interest at the rate of $4 \%$, to redeem the same amount of 5 per cents, thus saving a substantial sum in annual interest payments. The banks, it is stated, have agreed to accept the issue at 95 so as to accelerate the accomplishment of the conversion of the entire domestic debt of $1,420,000,000$ yen. Japanese bonds have proved formidable competitors of European Government bonds, owing to the highly attractive income yield and the rapid rehabilitation of the country's finances; indeed, the depreciation in British consols to a $3 \%$ basis has quite lately been attributed in no inconsiderable measure to British purchases of Japanese issues, which enjoy an active market in London and Paris. In New York Japanese Government bonds advanced about a point this week on the announcement of the new $4 \%$ loan. Trade in Japan, it may be added, is very prosperous at present, and Japan's place among the nations has not been injured by recent diplomatic developments.

Yesterday an announcement came from Rio de Janeiro that the Minister of Finance has been formally authorized to. enter into an agreement with the Rothschilds in London for a $£ 10,000,000$ loan, to convert the $5 \%$ external debt into $4 \%$ bonds.

The commercial failures for the month of January 1910, in so far as the amount of liabilities represented thereby is concerned, cannot be taken as in any sense reflecting the current business situation of the country. On the contrary, bank clearings, railroad earnings, trade reports, \&c., go to indicate a better status in commercial affairs-better in fact than a year agoand yet the month's total of failed liabilities greatly exceeds that of January 1909. Moreover, never before in the opening month of the year has the bankrupt indebtedness been as heavy as in 1910. The truth of the matter is that a few failures contributed the bulk of the liabilities, the collapse of the Columbus \& Hocking Coal \& Iron pool, which carried down three New York firms, being responsible for nearly 9 million dollars of the total debts of brokers, transporters, \&c., in January. Furthermore, the embarrassment of a book-publishing house at Akron, Ohio, served to swell manufacturing liabilities to the extent of 2 millions of dollars. In fact, 38 of the failures of the month contributed over 20 millions of dollars to the total of liabilities.

The aggregate number of failures in January 1910, according to Messrs. R. G. Dun \& Co., were 1,510, with defaulted indebtedness of $\$ 32,015,754$, against 1,471 for $\$ 14,008,085$ in the month of 1909 and 1,949 , for $\$ 27,099,514$, in 1908 . Furthermore, the first month of the new year the aggregate of liabilities is only $41 / 4$ millions of dollars less than the high record total of December 1907. But, as intimated above, a few failures (38) accounted for the bulk of this indebtedness, 19 of which were in the manufacturing division. The total manufacturing liabilities were $\$ 8,679,469$ in 1910, against $\$ 5,802,733$ in 1909. In the trading class $\$ 3,106,856$ of liabilities out of the $\$ 11,000,265$ totat of 1910 was contributed by 12 failures. In 1909 the trading liabilities were only $\$ 7,196,828$. Aside from the three brokerage houses directly involved in the Columbus \& Hocking Coal \& Iron collapse, 4 others failed for more or less notable amounts, giving a total of $\$ 11,906,565$ liabilities for the 7 , leaving but $\$ 429,455$ to represent the remaining 45 insolvents among brokers, \&c. The 1909 indebtedness in that class only slightly exceeded a million dollars. With the opening of February the business outlook has become quite threatening, the embarrassment of Messrs. Fisk \& Robinson, occurring Feb. 2, having been of wider and more serious effect than at first anticipated.
The situation as regards failures in the Dominion of Canada in January 1910 was distinctly more favorable than in the United States. Not only was there a decrease in number as compared with a year ago but. the total of liabilities was much less.

The Pennsylvania RR. return of earnings for December furnishes testimony to the wonderful gains in revenues that occurred on this great railroad system during 1909 as a result of the revival in general trade and the extraordinary activity of the iron and steel industry. The statement gives the figures both for December and the calendar year. On the lines
directly operated east and west of Pittsburgh and Erie there is an increase for the month as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year of $\$ 1,610,900$ in gross and of $\$ 960,600$ in net. At the same time the lines directly operated west of Pittsburgh and Erie added $\$ 1,411,100$ to gross and $\$ 357,700$ to net. For the combined lines, therefore, the augmentation in this one month has been $\$ 3,022,000$ in the case of gross and $\$ 1,318,300$ in the case of net. The gains follow an increase on the combined lines in Dec. 1908 of $\$ 919,900$ in gross and of $\$ 1,294,700$ in net, but a loss of $\$ 2,489,100$ in gross and of $\$ 1,767,500$ in net in Dec. 1907.
A still more striking illustration, however, of the magnitude of the gains in 1909 is supplied when we deal with the results for the full twelve months of the calendar year. For this period the addition to gross on the Eastern lines has been no less than $\$ 17,267,600$ and the addition to net $\$ 7,543,500$, while there has been a further gain of $\$ 14,091,800$ in gross and $\$ 5,014,200$ in net on the Western lines. The combined improvement, therefore, amounts to $\$ 31,359,400$ in gross and $\$ 12,557,700$ in net. It remains to be said that notwithstanding the magnitude of the gain in gross, it falls short of the previous year's loss, the shrinkage in gross revenues in 1908 having reached the extraordinary sum of $\$ 47,189,000$. The loss in net then, however, was only $\$ 8,366,100$, as against the present gain of $\$ 12,557,700$. In the following we furnish a comparison on the Eastern lines for December and the twelve months for the last six years:

| Lines East of Pittsb. | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. | 1906. | 1905. | 1904. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December. | ${ }_{13}{ }^{\text {s }}$ | ${ }_{12}{ }_{266,417}$ | 11,911,317 | ${ }_{13}{ }^{\text {\% }}$, 617 | 11970,117 | ${ }_{10,097675}$ |
| Oper. exp. | 9,639,538 | 8,989,238 | 9,017,138 | 9,073,538 | 8,398,338 | 7,507,538 |
| Net earns | 4,237,779 | 3,277,179 | 2,894,179 | 3,952,079 | 3,571,779 | 2,590,137 |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31Gr'ss earns $153,567,190$ Oper. exp. 107,146,909 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 136,297,190 \\ 97,412,009 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164,813,090 \\ & 119,607,209 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 148,239,890 \\ & 101,805,609 \end{aligned}$ | 133,921,990 | 118,145,094 |
|  |  | 93,390,409 |  |  | 81,802,742 |
| Net earns | 46,420,281 |  | 38,885,181 | 45,205,881 | 46,434,281 | 40,531,581 | 36,342,352 |

The Bank of England again secured a considerable part of the ( $\$ 5,000,000$ ) new gold offered in London, although India once more figured as a competitor. As there have been gold shipments this week from London to the Continent of Europe and to South America, the Bank's stock of specie was reduced and the proportion of reserve to liabilities fell from $51.85 \%$ to $50.46 \%$, which, however, is still above the average for the first week of February. According to our special cable from London, the Bank of England lost $£ 246,210$ bullion during the week and held $£ 36,660,140$ at the close of the week. Our correspondent further advises us that the loss was due largely to exports to the Continent. The details of the movement into and out of the Bank were as follows: Imports, $£ 241,000$, wholly bought in the open market; exports, $£ 662,000$ (of which $£ 507,000$ to the Continent of Europe, $£ 150,000$ to South America and $£ 5,000$ to various destinations), and receipts of $£ 175,000$ net from the interior of Great Britain.

Foreign discount rates have declined appreciably since the close of last week, and the undertone at most centres has been weak, notwithstanding the month-end requirements and the special circumstances that have arisen in Paris. In London the quotation for both 60 and 90 -day bills has dropped to $21 / 2 \%$; the

Stock Exchange there had discussed the possibility of a reduction in the official rate to $3 \%$, but although the Bank of England reported on Thursday reserves of $50.46 \%$, no ohange was made, a fact that did not excite surprise among New York international bankers. At Paris the prevailing charge is now $21 / 2 \%$, or the same as in London, whereas heretofore the latter has consistently quoted a higher figure. The tension that has been a feature in Berlin for many weeks, with only temporary recessions, has materially relaxed; the rate there is now only $3 \%$, or $11 / 2 \%$ below the Reichsbank's minimum; but this week's bank statement, showing a loss of fully $\$ 17,000,000$ specie and an increase in circulation, loans and discounts of $\$ 31,500,000$, combined with to-day's Government bond issue of $\$ 120,000,000$, precludes an immediate reduction in the $41 / 2 \%$ rate. At Amsterdam money remains so plentiful that only $13 / 4 \%$ is charged for discounting the best bills. No changes have been made this week in any European bank rate. The trade activity in India is responsible for the retention of a $6 \%$ rate in Bombay and Calcutta.

The local money market is dull, owing, not to any lack of funds, but to the apathy of borrowers. The two divisions that are at all active are call and twelve months' funds, the market's extremes. Numbers of these long loans have been placed at $41 / 2 \%$, which is expected to represent about the average rate for time accommodation throughout 1910. There is little inquiry for short maturities now that day-to day loans are availa le at $3 \%$ or le s. The charge for 60 and 90 days is now $33 \% \%$, for four and five months $4 \%$ and for six months $4 @ 41 / 4 \%$. The supply is in excess of the demand, yet investment in bonds or notes is very backward. Call money on no day this week has crossed $3 \%$, while on Tuesday and Friday $2 \%$ was named. The ruling quotation on the first three days of the week was $23 / 4 \%$, and, although rates have been weaker since then, that has been the average for the week. Yesterday the range was from $2 \%$ to $23 / 4 \%$. The banks are so anxious to keep their funds in liquid shape that comment has been thereby excited on the Stock Exchange.

Commercial paper is being drawn in considerable-in fact, large-quantity, and as local banks must first attend to the requirements of their own customers, there is no active inquiry for bills in the open market. The out-of-town absorption is satisfactory, though not sufficient to clean up supplies. Rates are somewhat out of line with the collateral loan market; whereas, ordinarily, commercial paper of the highest grade can be negotiated $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ above the money market, this is not possible to-day. Very few bills can be placed at $41 / 2 \%$, this figure being the exception rather than the rule; the usual minimum is still $43 / 4 \%$. The range for choice four to six months' single names is $41 / 2 @ 5 \%$ and $5 @ 51 / 2 \%$ for less attractive bills. Sixty to ninety days' endorsed bills receivable are quoted $41 / 4 @ 43 / 4 \%$.

Foreign exchange has not fluctuated more than $1 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. per pound sterling from beginning to end of the week, and operators are to-day as sharply divided as ever on what is likely to happen this spring. That there has been no advance to speak of thus far is generally attributed to shipments of bonds, short-term notes,
stocks and New York City revenue warrants to Europe, particularly England and France. This movement has been referred to frequently in these columns, and it is still the most notable feature of the exchange situation. Those who look for lower exchange emphasize the lack of inquiry for any important purpose whatsoever, while, on the other hand, the bullish operators point to a continuance of very heavy merchandise imports and comparatively light exports -the Appraiser of the Port of New York reports for January the receipt of merchandise appraised at $\$ 79,758,153$, against only $\$ 62,959,703$ in 1909 and $\$ 53,418,799$ in 1908 . The frequently expressed view that nation-wide extravagance is having a strong influence upon our foreign exchanges derives some support from these figures, and more especially from the added information that the value of precious stones and pearls received here last month was $\$ 4,541,607$, as contrasted with $\$ 1,958,963$ in Jan. 1909 and $\$ 313,-$ 457 in Jan. 1908.
Dealing in exchange has not been so stagnant as the subjoined daily quotations would suggest. Speculation is not flagrant, yet brokers and certain bankers believe they can make money by operating in futures, for which the most varied quotations are recorded; instances are heard daily of purchases and sales by astute dealers at highly profitable rates, highly profitable because covering operations have been already effected, thus leaving no room for loss. One very influential private international banking house has been a heavy seller of its long bills and a purchaser of cables.

Compared with Friday of last week, sterling exchange on Saturday was 5 points lower, at $48380 @$ 48390 for 60 days, $48615 @ 48620$ for demand and $48655 @ 48660$ for cable transfers. At the opening of the week long sterling and demand were 5 points up and cable transfers were quoted $48655 @ 48665$. On Tuesday the only change was in demand, which closed at 48625@48630, the highest closing rate for any day this week. Wednesday brought a lower range for 60 days, at $48380 @ 48390$, and for demand, at $48615 @ 48620$; but cables were firm at the overnight level, 48655@48660. Thursday, as usual, was a dull day, and spot rates remained unchanged, although demand was quoted as high as 48635 for next Wednesday's steamer. On Friday demand closed at 48615@48620, but cable transfers declined to 48645@48650.

The following shows the daily posted rates for sterling exchange by some of the leading drawers.

|  |  | ${ }_{\text {Jan }}^{\text {Fri. }} 28$ | ${ }_{\text {don. }}^{\text {Jon } 11}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Fed. }}{ }^{\text {Wed }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Thens. }}^{\text {Thars. }}$ | $\left.\right\|_{\text {Feb } \% \text { \% }} ^{\text {Fri. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Brown }}$ | - 6 do days | 4 88.3 | ${ }_{87}^{87 \text { \% }}$ | ${ }_{87}^{84 / 2}$ | ${ }_{87}^{84 / 2}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87 / 2}$ | ${ }_{87}^{84 / 3}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Kidere }}^{\text {Kiderers }}$ | - | - ${ }^{4} 888$ | ${ }_{87}^{88} 8$ | ${ }_{84}^{883}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87 / 2}$ | 8873/ | ${ }^{887 / 2}$ |
|  | Stigotays | 8 488 | ${ }_{87}^{873}$ | ${ }_{84}^{872}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87 / 2}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{841 / 2}^{87}$ |
| Canorth America | Stighays | 3 ${ }^{4} 8875$ | ${ }_{87}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { orda commerce }}$ | - |  | - 87 | ${ }^{883} 8$ | ${ }_{87}^{873}$ |  | ${ }_{88}^{88 / 3}$ |
|  |  | 8 ${ }^{4} 4874$ | ${ }_{84 / 2}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{843}^{87}$ | ${ }_{84}^{87}$ | ${ }_{847}^{87}$ |
|  | ${ }_{\text {J }}^{\text {Stight }}$ Says | S ${ }^{4} 8884$ | ${ }_{84}^{873 / 3}$ | ${ }^{873}$ | ${ }^{874}$ | ${ }^{873 \text { \% }}$ | ${ }^{8743}$ |

The market closed on Friday at $48390 @ 484$ for 60 days, $48615 @ 48620$ for demand and at $48645 @$ 48650 for cables. Commercial on banks was quoted at $48355 @ 48365$ and documents for payment at $4827 / 8$ @4 $431 / 2$. Cotton for payment ranged from $4825 / 8$ to 483 and grain for payment from $4831 / 2$ to $4835 / 8$.

The following gives the week's movement of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.

| Week ending Feb. 41910. | Received by N. Y. Banks. | Shipped by N. Y. Banks. | Net Interior <br> Movement. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currency | \$10,377,000 | \$6,349,000 | Gain | \$4,028,000 |
| Total gold and legal tenders | \$12,341,000 | \$6,841,000 | Gain | \$5,500,000 |

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as follows.

| Week ending Feb. 41910. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Into } \\ & \text { Banks. } \end{aligned}$ | Out of Banks. | Net Change in Bank Holdings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' interior movement. sa above Sub-Treas, operations. | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 12,341,000 \\ & 35,100,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 6,841,000$ $35,560,000$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { Gain } & \$ 5,500,000 \\ \text { Looss } & \$ 60,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total gotd and legal tend | 847,441,000 | 842,401,000 | Galn \$5,040,000 |

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks.

| Banks of | Reb. 31910. |  |  | Feb. 41909. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Goold. | Suver | Touat. | Gold. | sluer. | Toual. |
|  | 36.660,140 | $\varepsilon$ |  |  | E |  |
| France.- | 835 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rusais | ${ }^{412,5051.0000}$ | 7,3077.000 | 48,788, 0 , 00 | 21:977,000 | 7,299,0 | 129:276:000 |
| Ausain - | 56.596.000 | 12,918.000 |  | 49,985 | ${ }^{12,7270000}$ |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Nather }}$ Nather | ${ }^{38.0823 .2000}$ | 2, |  | a |  | 13,244, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Nat.Belg | ${ }_{4}^{4.2228}$ | ${ }^{2,111,000}$ | ( |  | 2,095,333 |  |
| Switeri'd |  |  | 5i.027,000 |  |  |  |
| Total ween 493.809 .760 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 109,163,36: | ;05,046,030 | :774,830 | 109,343,31i |  |

## THE PARIS FLOOD DISASTER.

In view of the highly sensational aspects which the matter has assumed during the past week or so, it causes some instinctive surprise to discover that the Paris floods actually existed as a serious problem to the French people during hardly more than a week. Yet, at the time when the cable dispatches were announcing, early in the present week, that the water was subsiding and the Paris streets emerging from the overflow, Paris newspapers arriving by the latest mail contained no allusion to a disastrous situation of things in Paris itself, but confined their discussions chiefly to the heavy rainfall in the interior.
The episode as a whole is one of very considerable interest; but, we suspect, by no means of so broad an interest as has been popularly attached to it. It is not the first time that the waters of the Seine have mounted practically as high as this; overflows of this sort, under peculiar climatic conditions of certain seasons, have happened a number of times during the past century. If the consequences of this overflow were to be as disastrous as some of the dispatches have made us suppose, it is scarcely conceivable that the Government and people of France would have neglected the most extensive measures of protection against further recurrences. The probability is, that when all the facts have been fairly digested and the work of repair is well under way, people will reach the conclusion that this was one of those isolated incidents which are extremely awkward, extremely inconvenient, and extremely expensive, but which do not by any means stop the wheels of industry for any considerable time.
When the flood was at its height at the close of last week, the question began to be asked, how will the world's markets be affected by such a disaster as the inundation of Paris? The answer might have been sought in the French financial markets themselves, where a minimum of response appeared to be
given to the developments of the day. French Government bonds, for instance, hardly fluctuated at all during the week of inundation, and sold scarcely half a point below the highest point of the present year. Predictions of trouble in the markets seemed, in fact, to be based, first, on the fact that other markets, such as those of London and New York, already had troubles of their own from other causes, and, second, that financial Paris, having been a lender to all other outside markets, might find it necessary to restrict its further advances.

We should greatly doubt whether any such result is to be expected. The estimate popular in some of the cable dispatches, that losses of $\$ 200,000,000$ have been involved, is pure guesswork. There has undoubtedly been much damage to the streets of Paris and to some of its structures; this, for the most part, the Government will repair. Some of the public utilities, such as the gas connections and the underground ailway must have been injured to at least an appreciable extent; this will be made good mainly from the funds of companies interested. But when there is talk of a blow to the financial markets as a result of the Paris floods, it is in point to ask why the same people do not talk of world-wide calamity as a result of such recurrent episodes as a cyclone in the Gulf States or such a sensational occurrence as the great New York blizzard of 1888.

Yet we do not remember to have heard such occurrences referred to as a menace to the security of markets. In one respect, no doubt, such actual destruction as has occurred from the Paris floods might create, through analogy, a little uneasiness. That the destruetion of San Francisco in 1906 was an event of real and great significance in the financial markets of the period, there is now no doubt whatever. European economists have no hesitation in assigning the losses at that city and in Chili as a contributory cause to the disordered money markets of that year and to the financial panics of the following year. But a moment's consideration will show why this was so, and why it need not be so in the present instance. The sequel in 1906 was due not only to the fact that destruction in the case of San Francisco was complete, but to the further fact that the disaster involved the immediate payment of enormous indemnity funds by insurance companies whose risks had been involved.

It is not improbable that sales of something like $\$ 100,000,000$ in high-grade securities were made on the stock exchanges during 1906 by these companies, in order to raise the funds awarded to people whose property had been destroyed at San Francisco. Little or nothing of this sort exists in the case of Paris. Beyond the involving of beneficiary organizations of one sort and another in the payment of indemnities, no compulsory liquidation of the sort.can be expected to follow. The French people are energetic and thrifty; most of them husband substantial amounts for their own account against any adverse accidents of trade or nature. As for the Government expenditure, that will no doubt be large, especially if the Ministry were to contemplate such more permanent safeguards against a flood as our own people long ago adopted in the Mississippi Valley. But it is pertinent to ask whether the use of capital for such purposes, under the worst imaginable conditions, can compare with the
heaping up of taxes and appropriations for increasing and maintaining idle armaments.
Indeed, the dismal conjectures to which we have lately been treated regarding the effect of the Paris inundation on markets and prosperity may be appropriately referred to people who cheerfully and persistently predict for us outbreak of international war. A conflict of that sort, even on so small a scale as the Transvaal struggle, brings about expenditure of capital which must be reckoned, not even in the hundreds of millions, but in billions. Not only is destruction of property and interruption of trade involved in such a case on a vastly larger scale than in the French inundation, but still more prodigious expenditure of capital is invited with the outright purpose of insuring such destruction. Yet it is reasonably safe to say that many people who have been shaking their heads this past week over the possible finarcial consequences of the floods in France, would discuss with exemplary calmness news that England and Germany were on the verge of outbreak of hostilities.

The most pleasing aspect of the French disaster, when all things have been considered, is the prompt and generous response made by other nations in contributing to the relief of people temporarily made homeless. That such good offices should have been volunteered, not only by the United States and England but by Germany also, is one of those incidents which leads to the belief that, after all, the world is not made up of hostile States waiting for the chance to jump at one another's throats. At some future day, the singular inconsistency will be pointed out of these international demonstrations of readiness to help in any affliction of the day, and the simultaneous preaching of the sure approach of a time when all of us shall be purposely imposing such afflictions on one another.

## THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK BILL.

The Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads on Friday of last week reported to the Senate the Postal Savings Bank Bill prepared by Senator Carter, and which is supposed to embody the views of the Taft Administration regarding a measure of that kind. Postal savings banks form one of the declared features of President Taft's policies, but until lately it was supposed that no attempt would be made to establish such banks. until the Monetary Commission had completed its labors and reported some plan of reform for our whole banking and currency system. Postal savings banks, it was argued, could then be made to dovetail into and form a part of this general system.

Now, however, it appears that the President is getting impatient. He is no longer inclined to wait with reference to the execution of any of his plans. He now insists that railroad legislation, anti-trust legislation, conservation laws, postal savings banks and the various other measures and schemes that form part of the Roosevelt and Taft policies, shall be rushed through at once and completed at this session of Congress. If Representatives and Senators do not respond, they will find themselves ostracized. Congress, cowering under this threat, seems willing to yield ready obedience, and Mr. Taft, remembering his success in having the corporation tax grafted on the Tariff Bill last summer, is determined to give no quarter to those who hesitate, but to push
straight ahead for his goal. If the postal savings banks were made part of a general financial scheme, Senator Aldrich would have charge of any measure introduced for that purpose, and it is significant that the bill now reported and which this week has been under consideration in the Senate emanates not from the Finance Committee but, as already stated, from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads.

The first observation to make with reference to a postal savings bank bill, entirely irrespective of the provisions and merits of this particular measure, is that there is no warrant for any such innovation, and the attempt to establish such banks under United States authority marks further meddling and interference by the Federal Government in matters that appertain and should belong exclusively to the State. In Commonwealths like Massachusetts and New York, where there is a body of savings institutions which has no superior anywhere in the world, it is obviously preposterous to say that any plausible grounds exist for the establishment of a postal savings bank or for any attempt of the Federal Government to enter the field at all. In the two States mentioned, and in others here in the East, savings institutions are distinctively mutual and all profits go to the depositors, while the trustees who direct the institutions give their services gratuitously. Why, therefore, should the Federal Government "butt in" at allwaiving entirely the question of its Constitutional right to enter into this kind of business?
In the States where mutual savings banks do not exist or have not attained the magnitude and the prominence they have here in the East, the case against the postal savings bank is less strong only because the facts are less patent. Where there are no savings institutions per se there are other classes of financial institutions entirely capable of filling the same functions, and which do fill them. In the West most of the commercial banks have savings departments and the trust companies almost invariably solicit savings deposits. Both classes of institutions, too, make it a practice as a rule to cater to the small depositor. It is also to be remembered that if savings banks are not so much in evidence in the West and in the South as in the East and Middle States, accumulations of wealth in these newer communities have not yet attained the same size and magnitude.
But even if it could be demonstrated that there was an absence of needed savings bank facilities, it would still remain true that the States-the local governments-should endeavor to meet the need, and not the General Government. The Federal Government is charged with certain large and general functions, more particularly the things which the local communities cannot do themselves. On the other hand, it is the province of the States to provide the things that concern most directly their own citizens. If savings banks are needed anywhere, the States will know-what the general Government cannot knowwhat sort is best adapted to local needs and what kind of regulation, supervision and control may be necessary. They, too, better than any one else, can determine what character of investments should be prescribed and how those investments can be made legitimately to promote local growth and development. The needs and requirements in these respects, it will be readily perceived, may be as widely different as
the States themselves differ in character and resources. Thus in this respect, also, it seems preposterous for the Federal Government to proffer its unsolicited services.

We are told that postal savings banks will promote thrift. Granting this, the encouragement of thrift is a function which belongs distinctively to the State. This is a case where the old saying that charity begins at home applies. The State, not the General Government, should supply eleemosynary institutions. As a matter of fact, however, if the promotion of thrift be the object of postal savings banks, the ordinary savings banks must be considered as better adapted to the purpose by far, since they can offer much higher rates of interest than the Government ever could undertake to pay. Obviously, the inducement to save up money is greater in proportion that the promise of a return increases.

It has also been urged that postal savings banks, where the General Government guarantees the safety of the deposits, will induce ignorant foreigners to deposit their savings instead of hoarding them. A very exaggerated idea seems to prevail as to the extent of such hoards, but where the practice is pursued at all, the creation of postal savings banks appears not in the least likely to change or eradicate it. The foreigners who indulge in such habits do not have confidence in government of any kind. Their dislike for the same has been acquired at home, and the fact that our own Government ostentatiously offers them a refuge for their hoards is not in the least likely to wean them from their hoards is not likely to wean them from their accustomed modes. Their prejudice against government is based on fears as well as ignorance.

There remains a third consideration, which is not openly avowed, but merely hinted at, and which may be the real propelling force behind the whole scheme. We believe, too, that this thought, like so many others, originated with Mr. Roosevelt. At present the $2 \%$ bonds of the United States are a troublesome feature in our currency system. With the diminution of Government deposits in the banks, and the consequent release of the security back of those deposits, consisting in considerable part of Government bonds, the price of $2 \%$ bonds is maintained at par with the greatest difficulty. Why not, therefore, provide a new body of deposits which could be utilized for the purpose, and, through constant increase, be eventually raised to proportions where it could take up the whole amount of the bonds- $\$ 700,000,000$. It is only proper to say, however, that if this purpose exists it does not stand clearly revealed in the provisions of the present bill, though in certain contingencies an outcome such as desired might easily result.

The bill has been drawn so as to meet, as far as possible, the various objections that have been raised against the postal savings bank idea. Its framers seek thereby to disarm criticism, but the scheme is none the less objectionable on that account. The bill by its second section provides that each and every post office within the United States which is authorized to issue money orders, and such others as the Post-master-General in his discretion may from time to time designate, shall be postal savings depository offices, to receive deposits from the public. Deposits are not to be received in amounts of less than one dollar, but in order that smaller amounts may be accumu-
lated for deposit, any person is to be allowed to purchase from any depository office, for 10 cents, a postal savings card, to which to attach specially prepared adhesive stamps to be known as postal savings stamps, and when the stamps so attached amount to one dollar or a larger sum in multiples thereof, including the 10 cent postal savings card, the same may be presented as a deposit.
The postal savings depositories are to be under the supervision and direction of a Board of Trustees to consist of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Postmas-ter-General and the Attorney-General, acting ex officio. This board is to make all the regulations for the receipt, transmission, custody, investment and repayment of moneys deposited at postal savings depositories; and any general regulation prescribed by the Postmaster-General is to be subject to the approval of this board. Interest at the rate of $2 \%$ per annum is to be allowed and to be entered to the credit of each depositor once in each year, but interest is not to be computed or allowed on any sum less than one dollar or some multiple thereof. The amount to the credit of any one person is never to exceed $\$ 500$, exclusive of accumulated interest.
One of the criticisms that has been made against postal savings banks has been that by their operation they must tend to withdraw money from local sources and to transfer it to the large financial centers. As a consequence, the local communities would lose the benefit that might be derived from the local accumulations and savings that would otherwise find employment at home. The present bill has been drawn to meet these objections, but whether it would be effective in that way can only be determined by experience. By the eighth section it is provided that the postal deposits shall be re-deposited "in any solvent bank or banks subject to public supervision and examination in the State or Territory, and as nearly as practicable in the immediate neighborhood in which the funds are received, at a rate of interest not less than $21 / 4 \%$ per annum. Where more than one such bank is available, the deposits shall be distributed ratably among the banks as far as practicable, on the basis of their capital and surplus." It will be observed that this does not confine deposits to national banks. It contemplates the State banks as well. As security for such deposits with the banks, the Board of Trustees may take either indemnity bonds, or, at its option, any bank may deposit collateral security in lieu of any indemnity bonds, "such collateral to be subject to the approval of said board." This last clause might be pregnant with great consequences if the deposits should ever reach large proportions, which may well be doubted.

But suppose the banks should refuse to receive the deposits at the rate of interest and on the terms prescribed? What then? In that case "said funds may be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, who shall be the Treasurer of said board, and may be withdrawn from deposit upon their order for the repayment of postal savings depositors, or for investment in bonds or other securities of the United States, or in bonds or other securities in which investment of the funds of savings banks is authorized by the law of the State or Territory in which such deposits were received." There is here apparently a concession to local sentiment and local needs, but we have empha-
sized the little word "or" so as to show the alternative forms in which the Board of Trustees may make investments. There is a further provision "that postal, savings funds deposited in any State or Territory in which no provision is made by law governing the investment of savings bank funds may be invested in the same character of securities in such State or Territory as are made the subject of investment of savings bank funds by the laws of the States of New York or California."

A further provision which might tend to heap up accumulations of money in the Treasury (always providing that deposits reached large proportions) is a requirement that the "Board of Trustees shall maintain a reserve fund either with the Treasurer of the United States or the banks as herein provided, not more in amount than $10 \%$ of the total funds deposited in postal savings depositories."

The scheme seems quite likely to involve the Government in losses. The most that would be left out of which to pay expenses is the difference between the $2 \%$ interest paid depositors and the $21 / 4 \%$ which the depository banks are to pay the Government on the deposits transferred to them. Of course, if the banks refused the deposits and investments were made by the Government, the difference might be greater. On the other hand, under Section 10, additional compensation is to be allowed postmasters at post offices of the fourth class for the transaction of postal savings depository business. Such compensation is not to exceed $1 / 4$ of $1 \%$ on the average sum upon which interest is paid each calendar year, on receipts at such post office. Postmasters, assistant postmasters and clerks, however, at post offices of the Presidential grade, are not to receive any additional compensation for such service. Altogether, this postal savings bank scheme seems to embody a rash and needless experiment.

## LAST YEAR'S LARGE IRON PRODUCTION.

With the commendable promptness which characterizes all of his work, Mr. James M. Swank, of the American Iron and Steel Association, at the close of January gave out the statistics of iron production in the United States for the calendar year 1909. The figures reflect the extraordinary activity which developed in the iron and steel trade during the latter half of the year, and show a product in excess of that for any previous calendar year. The contrast with the year immediately preceding is most noteworthy. That was the year following the 1907 panic, and the total product for the twelve months reached only $15,936,018$ tons. For 1909, on the other hand, the make of iron was almost 10 million tons larger, it amounting to no less than $25,795,471$ tons. The previous high records were $25,781,361$ tons in 1907 and $25,307,191$ tons in 1906 , both of which have thus been surpassed, though not very largely; the increase over the banner year 1907 being, in fact, quite triflingonly 14,110 tons.

When the results for the last two years are divided into half-yearly periods, a continuous record of growth is disclosed. In the first half of 1908 the previous large iron output was cut almost in two, only $6,918,004$ tons being made. In the second half of 1908, with the nomination and the election of Mr. Taft, and with a feeling that his policies would be conservative, the product increased to $9,018,014$ tons. In the first
half of 1909 the showing was still better, with an output of $11,022,346$ tons. In the last half of 1909 the prodigious figure of $14,773,125$ tons was reached. The magnitude of the latter total will appear when we say that the previous high figure for a six months' period was fully $11 / 4$ million tons below this result. The maximum referred to was attained in the first half of 1907, when the official statistics showed a make of $13,478,044$ tons, as against the aggregate of $14,773,125$ tons in the second half of 1909. The following is a half-yearly record extending back to 1898.

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON IN HALF-YEARLY PERIODG.


In the first quarter of 1909 it did not seem likely that all previous maximums would be excelled. There was a time in these early months when the iron and steel industry appeared to be in a critical condition. In February the U. S. Steel Corporation found itself obliged to depart from its policy of maintaining price stability, owing to the severe cutting of prices by outside producers, and for a while very low prices for iron and steel and all their products prevailed. In March further cuts in iron and steel prices occurred, and such was the situation that nearly all the large companies outside the U. S. Steel Corporation announced reductions in wages, the reductions generally amounting to $10 \%$ and being scheduled to go into effect April 1. The list of companies reducing wages included the Lackawanna Steel Co., the Pennsylvania Steel, the Maryland Steel, the Jones \& Laughlin Co., the Cambria and the Republic Iron \& Steel. Thereafter, however, the situation quickly improved. Confidence that the new Administration would pursue a wise policy steadily increased, and the President's acts in many little ways did much to encourage this belief. The pending tariff legislation injected some uncertainties, but on the whole no great apprehensions were entertained of very radical cuts in tariff duties on iron and steel articles. When a tariff measure was finally enacted, this view was seen to have been fully justified. The rapidity with which recovery ensued is illustrated by the fact that the lower schedules of wages remained in effect for only the brief period of three months. By the first of July all the leading companies had restored the old wages. The last half of the year revival of activity proceeded at such a pace that nearly every month showed a new high record of iron production.

The sensitiveness of the iron and steel trade to changes in general business conditions is proverbial, and the wide expanse between the make of iron in a period of extreme depression, such as prevailed in the early half of 1908, and the output in the latter half of 1909, when normal conditions had been restored, should be a warning to our legislators not to entertain schemes of legislation calculated to disturb business confidence.

One feature of the iron and steel industry during the late year was the enlarged exports of iron and steel and their products. On the other hand, in the closing months of 1909 the home demand for iron and steel was of such magnitude that home supplies did not alto-
gether suffice, and accordingly the importations again assumed somewhat larger magnitude. Taking not merely the shipments and imports of pig iron alone, but of all kinds of iron and steel, it is found that the exports for the calendar year, according to the Custom House statistics, aggregated $1,243,461$ tons, against 964,243 tons for the calendar year 1908, while the imports reached 362,501 tons, against 205,755 tons. In the following we show the relations between the imports and exports for each of the last six years.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF ALL KINDS OF IRON AND STEEL. |  |  | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. | 1906. | 1905. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Imports | $\ldots-\ldots-t_{1}$ | 1904. |  |  |  |  | Exports $\ldots$........-*1,243,461 *964,243*1,301,981*1,325,740 1,010,384 1,167,709 Excess of exports... $8880,960 \quad 758,488 \quad 639,631 \quad 747,531 \quad 593,930 \quad 901,311$

* Includes for 1909 162,140 tons; for 1908, 114,370 tons; for 1907, 176,831 tons, and for 1906, 141,784 tons, of pipes and fittings, these being the first years when the weights for this item were reported.
Nothing is known concerning the stocks of pig iron remaining unsold in the hands of the producers, the latter having some years ago discontinued furnishing the statistics. The only measure of home consumption is that furnished by treating the stocks as unchanged and adding the imports and deducting the exports. This we undertake in the following statement. We use here only the imports and exports of the pig metal, since in this instance the purpose is to show merely the consumption of pig iron. It will be seen that the domestic consumption on that basis figures out $25,908,460$ tons for 1909, against $15,981,-$ 524 tons for 1908, but against $26,197,133$ tons for 1907.

| Tons of 2,240 lbs | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. | 1906. | 1905. | 1904. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock of pig Jan. 1 Produc. dur. year | 25,795,471 | ${ }_{15,936,018}$ | $25,781,361$ | ${ }_{25,307}^{(7)}$ | 22,992,442 | 598,4 |
| Total supply Stock end of year | $\underset{(?)}{25,795,471}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 15,936,018 \\ (?) \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\underset{(?)}{25,781,361}$ | $\underset{(?)}{\text { 25,307,191 }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23 ; 438,822 \\ \mathbf{*} 446,442 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,095,522 \\ 446,442 \end{array}$ |
| Cons'n home pig. Imports of pig. | 25,795,471 | $15,936,018$ <br> 92,202 | 25,781,361 <br> 489,475 | 25,307,191 | 22,992,380 | $\begin{array}{r} 16,649,080 \\ 79,500 \end{array}$ |
| Exports of pig. | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} 25,970,459 \\ 61,999 \end{array}$ | $16,028,220$ 46,696 | 26,270,836 | $25,687,019$ 83,317 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 23,204,845 \\ 49,221 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,728,580 \\ 49,025 \end{array}$ |
| Domestic cons'n- | 25,908,460 | 15,981,524 | 26,197,133 | 25,603,702 | 23,155,624 | 16,679,555 |

* No data as to stocks were furnished at this time; we have taken the amount he same as at the end of the previous year.
The range in prices was very wide during the twelve months, as already indicated. Steel billets at the mills in Pittsburgh were $\$ 25$ per ton when the year opened; in March there was a drop to $\$ 20$, but by the latter part of November the quotation had got up to $\$ 2750$. Bessemer pig iron at Pittsburgh from $\$ 1740$ on Jan. 1 dropped to $\$ 1565$ in April, but by Oct. 20 was up to $\$ 1990$, and in the case of other iron and steel products the course of values was much the same. In the following we attempt to show the variations in prices by giving the quotation at the beginning of the year and that at the end of the year, and also the high and low points for the year, each with dates.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Price } \\ & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1909 . \end{aligned}$ | RANGE FOR YEAR 1909. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \text { Dec. } 31 \\ 1909 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Low. |  | High. |  |  |
| Old Iron T ralls_a | ${ }_{21}{ }^{\text {¢ }} 25$ | $17{ }^{\text {S }} 00 \mathrm{Mch}$ | 11 to May | $6212$ |  |  |  |
| No. 2 fdy.p. irona | 1725 | 1600 Apr | 28 to May | 191900 Oct | 27 to Dec |  |  |
| Basic pig iron_a | 1675 | 1500 Mch | 31 to May | 191900 Oct | 27 to Nov | 10 | 1875 |
| Gray f'ge p. iron b |  | 1440 Mch | 17 to May | 261740 Nov | 17 to Dec | 31 | 1740 |
| Bessemer p. Iron $b$ | 1740 2500 | 1565 Apr 2000 | 21 to May Mch 3 | 51990 Oct | 20 to Dec |  | 1990 |

## At Philadelphia. b At Pittsburgh

We add still one other table to indicate the average yearly prices on leading articles of iron and steel. This registers, it will be seen, only slightly higher averages for 1909 than for 1908, but much below the corresponding averages in the three preceding years. For
steel billets the average is even below that of 1908; in other words, at $\$ 2461$ for 1909, the comparison is with $\$ 2631$ for 1908, $\$ 2925$ for 1907 and $\$ 2743$ for 1906.

AVERAGE YEARLY PRICES OF IRON AND STEEL, 1902 TO 1909.
1909. 1908. 1907. 1906. 1905. 1904. 1903. 1902. Old fricles T ralls at Phila_-..ton_19.42 18.60 23.88
 Gray forge pig iron, Lake ore,


 $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { store at Philadelphia_ } 100 & \text { lbs. } & 1.75 & 1.70 & 2.11 & 1.98 & 1.92 & 1.72 & 2.00 \\ 2.13\end{array}$

It is always interesting to note the distribution of iron production among the different States and geographical divisions of the country. We furnish further below a record of this kind covering the last seven years. Thefeature of this record istherelatively slow growth of the South. Alabama in 1909 made $1,763,617$ tons, which is far in excess of the best previous record for any calendar year, but notwithstanding the expansion in that State, the South as a whole made much less iron than in any recent year with the single exception of 1908. Pennsylvania also failed to equal its results in the best of previous years, but Ohio is forging ahead at a striking rate and New York also has-surpassed its best previous aggregate. Illinois likewise shows considerable advance, and such is the progress of Michigan that that State combined with Indianain the late year made almost a million tons of iron.

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON BY STATES.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Tons } \\ 2,240 \\ \text { los. } \end{gathered}$ | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. | 1906. | 1905. | $1904 .$ | 1903. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South. | Tons. | Ton |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ala | 1,763,617 | 1,397,014 | 1,686,674 | 1,674,848 | 1,604,062 | 1,453,513 | 1,561,398 |
|  | 391,134 | 320,458 | 478,771 | 483,525 | 510,210 | 1,310,526 | 544,034 |
| Tenn | 333,845 | 290,826 | 393,106 | 426,874 | 372,692 | 302,096 |  |
| w. Va | 228,282 | 65.551 | 291,066 | 304,534 | 298,179 | 270,945 | 199,013 |
| Ky | 86,371 | 45.096 | 127,946 | 98,127 | 63,735 | 37,106 | 102,441 |
| N. ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 70,156 | 75,602 |
| Texas. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 286,856 | 183,502 | 411,833 | 386,709 | 332,096 | 293,441 |  |
| To | 3,116,17 | 2,326,7 | 3,445 | 3,467,2 | 3,219,673 | 2,743,313 | 3,237,079 |
| P | 10,918,824 | 6,987,191 | 11,348,549 | 1,247,869 | 10,579,127 | 7,644,321 | 8,211,500 |
| Ohlo | 5,551,545 | 2,861,325 | 5,250,687 |  |  | 2,977,929 | 3,287,434 |
| N. Y | 1,733,675 ${ }_{\text {294,474 }}$ | $1,019,495$ <br> 225,372 | $1,659,752$ 373,189 | $1,552,659$ <br> 379,390 | 1,198,068 ${ }^{311,039}$ | 605,709 262,294 | +521,917 |
| Illin's. | 2,467,156 | 1,691,944 | 2,457,768 | 2,156,866 | 2,034,483 | 1,655,991 | 1,692,375 |
| Mich.a | 964,289 | 348,096 | 436,507 | 369,456 | 288,704 | 233,225 | 244,709 |
| Wisc.b | 348,177 | 1418,938 | 322.083 | 373,323 | 351,415 | 210,404 | 283,516 |
| Mo.c ${ }_{\text {M }}$ M ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 382,766 \\ 18,388 \end{array}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 3 , 0 7 1}$ $\mathbf{1 3 , 7 9 4}$ | 468,486 19,119 | 413,040 20,239 | 407,774 15,987 | 151,776 12,071 | 270,289 $\mathbf{1 7} 766$ |
| Gr Tot 2 | 25,795,471 | 15,936,018 | 25,781,361 | 25,307,191 | 22,992,380 | 16,497,033 | 18,009,252 |

a Including Indiana. b Including Minnesota. c Including Colorado, Washington and Californi

## CHICAGO \& NORTH WESTERN RESULTS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR.

We continue to-day a practice we have pursued for over twenty years and present an income statement of the Chicago \& North Western Railway Co. for the calendar year. The fiscal year of the company, as is well known, ends with June. A statement for the calendar year, however, always possesses interest because it brings the results down for six months later.
A system like the Chicago \& North Western, traversing some of the best areas in the territory west and southwest of Chicago, and managed with the skill and efficiency that has always distinguished the administration of this property, not unnaturally shows very ready response to changes in business conditions. It is, of course, impossible to avoid a contraction in traffic and revenues in a time of industrial depression, but, on the other hand, there is sure to be quick recovery the moment that trade revives. The returns we have secured for the late calendar year furnish convincing testimony of the truth of this statement. In 1908, under the industrial depression which was so
strongly marked at that time, the gross earnings of this great system fell off from $\$ 69,338,593$ to $\$ 62,415,759$.
With the return of business prosperity in 1909, the whole of the 1908 loss was recovered, and more, too. In other words, aggregate gross earnings for the twelve months of 1909 were $\$ 69,810,533$, against $\$ 62,415,759$ in 1908 and $\$ 69,338,593$ in 1907. To state that the late year's revenues were larger even than they had been two years before is to say that they were the very largest in the company's history.

Another feature in the operation and conduct of this property also always stands out very prominently. We refer to the fact that expenses are nearly always to a greater or less extent adjusted to the state of the company's income. In prosperous years the outlays are on an exceedingly lavish scale. In contradistinction, in the lean years extraordinary outlays are cut out, such action being, of course, rendered easy by the very lavishness of the previous disbursements. This must be in the main the explanation of the fact that in the late year the augmentation in expenses exceeded even the amount of the gain in gross earnings, leaving the net earnings actually smaller than in 1908. From $\$ 49,174,819$ in 1907 expenses in 1908 had been reduced to $\$ 42,127,701$; in 1909 there was an increase to $\$ 50,849,839$. Thus the net earnings for 1909 were $\$ 18,960,694$, against $\$ 20,288,058$ in 1908 . It should be said, however, with reference to the large augmentation in expenses in 1909 that in the closing month special adverse conditions served greatly to increase operating cost for the time being. We have in mind more particularly the bad weather conditions-severe cold and heavy snows-which proved such an adverse influence with so many Western roads in that month, as explained in a paragraph in our article on the "Financial Situation" on a previous page, where we deal with the poor returns generally which have come the present week from Western roads. It is possible, too, that the switchmen's strike on the roads running west from St. Paul and Duluth may also have served to increase operating cost of the Chicago \& North Western in that month. At all events with gross earnings for Dec. 1909 somewhat larger than for the corresponding month in 1908, the net earnings were only $\$ 687,416$, against $\$ 1,505$,-988-from which figures it appears that over $\$ 800,000$ of the loss in net earnings for the late calendar year occurred in the very last month.

As to the remaining items in the year's income statement, it is not needful to say much. Interest charges are growing a little larger with the increase in the company's obligations, while the miscellaneous income in the late year was about $\$ 466,000$ smaller than in the previous year. The fact is, however, that the margin above interest and dividend requirements has always been so very large that even a reduction of one or two million dollars by reason of diminished income still leaves the surplus of very ample proportions. The company is paying $7 \%$ dividends on the common stock and $8 \%$ on the preferred stock, and over and above the requirements for that purpose there was a balance in the late year of $\$ 3,600,260$. In 1908 and 1907, under the larger net earnings of those years, the surplus each year was about $53 / 4$ million dollars. The full income results for the last four years appear in the table which follows.

${ }_{e}^{d}$ Atter allowing for a credit of $\$ 734,996$ for income from investments.
$e$ After allowing for a credit of $\$ 2,534,230$ for income from investments.
$f$ After allowing for a ceredit of $\$ 2,732,149$ for income from investments.
As the company's fiscal year ends with June, it wil be useful to separate the last six months of the calendar year from the first six months. This we have done in the statement we now give.




Last 6 mos_39,165,191 $\overline{35,333,129} \overline{36,136,714} \overline{11,126,858} \overline{12,238,764} \overline{10,945,914}$ Total year. $\overline{69,810,533} \overline{62,415,759} \frac{10,338,593}{18,960,694} \frac{12,288,058}{20,163,774}$
It will be observed from the foregoing that the gross earnings in 1909 increased very largely in all the months except December, when, for the reason already given, the gain was only of moderate proportions. Net earnings, on the other hand, either show only very slight gains or positive losses; and in December, by reason of the adverse conditions then prevailing, the loss was of very large proportions, as noted above. For the six months to Dec. 31 the aggregate of the net for 1909 , it will be seen, was only $\$ 11,126,858$, as against $\$ 12,238,764$ for 1908 , but comparing with $\$ 10,945,914$ for 1907.

## IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION IN 1909.

A not unimportant feature of the year 1909, which, in common with bank clearings, railroad earnings, building construction statistics and foreign trade returns, bears testimony to the late relief from the depressed industrial conditions, was the trend of the alien movement. We are not apt soon to forget the situation as it existed in the previous year-a situation that in each month down to September witnessed the departure of a greater number of aliens than arrived and for the whole of 1908 netted a loss in the aggregate foreign-born population of the country. That development could not fail to attract attention, as it contrasted so sharply with 1907, when it was feared that the tide of immigration, even though of unprecedented volume, was not great enough to supply the prospective demand for an increased labor force. But we have seen how, on the heels of the panic, conditions quickly changed, and steamship companies could not at times furnish sufficient accommodations for those who desired to leave the country.

In the fall of 1908, however, the industrial and commercial outlook began to improve, and with the change immigration was again stimulated and emigration perceptibly checked. Fortunately, at no time since then has the inward tide been as strong as in 1907 or 1906, as recovery had not sufficiently progressed to enable us to assimilate readily such a volume of arrivals. But the inflow of aliens in 1909 was comparatively heavy, and the outflow rather below the normal of
recent years, resulting in a net gain in foreign-born population in excess of any years except those mentioned above. The latest official immigration state ment-that for December-in conjunction with the statements for earlier months enables us to compile the data from which the foregoing deductions are drawn and also serves as the basis for subsequent remarks. The statement shows that the number of immigrant aliens admitted through all ports of the country during December 1909 was 48,107 , a total 2,104 greater than in the month of 1908 but 18,467 less than for the same period in 1907. The aggregate inward movement of immigrants for the full year 1909 was, therefore, 907,195, comparing with only 410,319 in 1908 . In 1907, however, the inflow reached $1,334,166$ and in 1906 was $1,215,689$.
It is, of course, not without interest to note the nationality of the lately arrived, and also to note the changes that are now taking place. The 1909 immigration was most largely made up of Italians, of which nationality the arrivals totaled 229,205 , or over onequarter of the whole, whereas in 1908 and 1907 the inflow from Austria-Hungary was greatest. From neither of these countries did the arrivals assume noteworthy proportions until late in the ' 80 s, but since then have annually been of important volume. The same is true also of Russia and Poland. On the other hand, the immigration from the British Isles, Germany, and Scandinavian countries, although in 1909 of fair proportions, was much less than in earlier years. Arrivals from Ireland for many years were heavier than from any other country, averaging annually close to 100,000 during the decade 1851 to 1860 , out of an aggregate average of less than 250,000 . In 1909 only 35,422 came from Ireland. Germany also was drawn upon very largely down to the early ' 90 s , and in the ten-year period 1881 to 1890 almost one-third of our immigration was from that country. After that time there was a marked decrease, but last year more Germans came here than in either 1908 or 1907. From England likewise the arrivals were comparatively large down to about 1890, and Scandinavian immigration reached its heighth about the same time. The net result of the change in the nationality of immigrants is that, while down to about 1900 the majority of the arrivals were from Northern Europe, since that time they have been from the south.

The foregoing remarks refer, of course, to immigrant aliens, or those coming here for the first time, but in addition the non-immigrant aliens, or those returning from a temporary sojourn abroad, are an important item in considering the effect of immigration on population. In 1909 the inward movement of such was greater than ever before in the history of the country. This was a merely natural movement, as most of those who departed late in 1907 or in 1908 did so to return upon the first indication of better times. The arrival of these non-immigrant aliens in 1909 aggregated 212,031 , against 147,266 in 1908 and 171,302 in 1907. Combining the immigrant and non-immigrant figures, we have a total for 1909 of 1,119,226, which contrasts with only 557,585 in 1908 and $1,505,468$ in 1907.

The outward movement of aliens, emigrant and non-emigrant, needless to say after what has already been outlined, was much less in 1909 than in 1908, and, moreover, smaller than in 1907. For the twelve
months departing steerage passengers numbered but 320,668 , as against 598,783 in the previous year and 534,000 in 1907. Bringing together the figures of immigration and emigration, we have the following summary, which shows at a glance the sharp contrast between 1909 and 1908.


It will be noted that, whereas in 1909, through the movement of aliens, the population of the United States was increased to the extent of 798,558 , there was an actual loss of 41,198 in 1908 . In 1907 and 1906 gains were greater than in 1909, but with these exceptions the result for the last year stands unbeaten.
There is one feature in connection with the subject of emigration that deserves to be mentioned, especially as it does not seem to be made fully a part of the official statement, upon which all our remarks are based. We refer to the emigration across the border from the United States into Canada. Early in the year 1909 it was estimated by Dominion officials that there would be a considerable inflow into Canadian territory from our side of the line, calculations being based upon ease in obtaining homestead lands and the inducements held out to prospective settlers. But estimates were largely exceeded, the number crossing during the year being officially stated at 90,148 . It is further stated that American arrivals had taken up in homesteads and pre-emptions $2,400,000$ acres of land, mainly in the wheat-growing sections of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan; it is estimated that at least half a million acres of the land thus occupied will be producing wheat the coming season.

## GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCTION AND MOVEMENT IN 1909.

While the tendency towards augmentation of the gold production of the world was in evidence in 1909, as it has been for over a quarter of a century except during the Boer War period, the actual expansion witnessed was comparatively moderate, especially as contrasted with the result attained in 1908. It will not soon be forgotten that in the year 1908 the aggregate new supply of gold secured from the world's mines showed a very important gain over 1907, notwithstanding a decrease in the product of Australasia. In fact the revised figures show a yield over $11 / 2$ million fine ounces greater than in 1907, an expansion only exceeded in 1897 and 1898, when large additions to the output occurred in both Africa and Australasia.

It is true of course that outside of Australasia every large contributing country gave in 1909 an enhanced supply, but in no instance was the gain in any way conspicuous, and to some extent the result for the Witwatersrand district of Africa was rather disappointing. We have referred from time to time to the labor problem injected into the working of the Rand mines as a result of the repatriation of the Chinese, but until within the past year the difficulties thus presented have been easily surmounted and production of gold continued to quite steadily expand month by month. In 1909, however, the situation assumed a different
phase. Repatriation steadily progressed and at the close of the year had been practically completed, thus removing the Chinese as a factor in labor. Now it is known that any losses occasioned by their departure were more than made good in the earlier months by the recruiting of natives. In fact, the native force, including those employed by contractors, reached on April 30 a total of 175,122 , the largest on record. But after that date the aggregate of native employees began to decline and by the end of September had fallen to 158,298 , the number of Chinese dropping from 7,734 to 3,204 during the same interval. From that level the native force gradually increased and at the close of the year stood at 172,077 , or only 3,045 less than on April 30, but newest recruits were not thoroughly efficient. The shortage in the labor force, the causes for which (prosperity due to excellent harvests; \&c.) we quite fully explained on Nov. 13 1909, page 1253, served to check development in gold production, the monthly totals for the Rand declining until in each month of the last quarter of the year the output was less than for the corresponding period of 1908. The late increase in the labor force, however, is a favorable development in the mining situation in Africa, and while it has not yet turned the tide of production, it upholds optimistic opinions expressed when the force showed greatest loss, and also goes to confirm belief that efforts now making will secure to the workings ample hands to continue important further expansion.

But even with the recent and temporary check in yield Africa continues by far the most important contributor to the world's annual new supply of gold. Barely a dozen years after gold began to be secured from Africa that country (in 1898) became the world's foremost producer. During the Boer War period there was of course a decided drop in production, but thereafter progress in development was very rapid and by 1905 Africa regained the premier position and in 1908 and 1909 its yield exceeded that of Australasia and the United States combined; in fact was almost $40 \%$ of the world's aggregate. In contradistinction to the expansion in Africa has been the recent lack of progress -in fact retrogression- in Australasia. Down to and including 1905, in which year the country's production reached $4,232,091$ fine ounces, development had been quite steady; but since that time there has been a gradual recession in yield, the total dropping in 1909 down close to 3 million fine ounces. The United States, on the other hand, made a very fair gain in production in 1909, its yield having more than trebled in the last twenty years. Canada showed a further, though very moderate, enlargement in output in 1909, but the yield was much less than in any year from 1899 to 1903, the period when gold from the Yukon served to give the Dominion considerable prominence among gold producers. In Mexico production has also been quite encouraging and during 1909 approximately $11 / 4$ million fine ounces were secured. Russia is likewise apparently making progress and in the late year production is estimated to have reached close to 18/4 million ounces. India too did a little better in 1909 than in 1908, and the same is true of a number of other small producing countries.

We began these gold compilations before any other authority took the work up. In more recent years the Director of the United States Mint, having pursued with diligence and the aid of Government facilities the
same investigations, we gladly avail ourselves of those results to supplement our own. But no early figures, except an estimate for the United States, are furnished by the Mint, the results for the world not being ready until fully eleven months after the close of the year. As detailed below, the world's gold production in 1909 was approximately $22,154,034$ fine ounces, which is a continuation of our own annual record of yield begun in 1866, and furthermore marks an augmentation in output of almost $100 \%$ in the last twelve years, the 1897 output having been 11,483,712 fine ounces. It is a notable fact in connection with the large and steadily increasing production of gold that there are times when the new supply coming forward has seemed insufficient to meet the commercial demand. During the past year in particular competition for the new supplies was keen from leading financial centres of Europe and the principal banks secured collectively an amount in sight equaling about one-third of the world's total accumulations. But the increase went almost wholly to the institutions in Russia and Austria-Hungary, the German and French banks showing losses and the Bank of England practically only nominally a gain. It is also a fact that due to the drain from various quarters the visible stock of gold in the United States was less at the close of the year than at the opening- $\$ 1,653,881,807$ on Jan. 1, against $\$ 1,638,108,821$ on Dec. 31. In 1907 our net imports of gold almost equaled in amount the production of the country; in 1908 the movement was outward to the extent of about $33 \%$ of our home yield, but in 1909 we lost net $883 / 4$ millions of dollars, equivalent to nearly $90 \%$ of the year's yield. Of this large total South America (chiefly Argentina) took in excess of 50 millions and Japan secured 27 millions. Reflecting the heavy imports of the metal the Argentine Conversion fund showed an augmentation of about 50 millions of dollars during the year.
In addition to the visible channels into which gold finds its way, it must not be forgotten that its use in the arts constitutes year by year a steadily increasing medium of absorption. In 1907 the United States Mint estimated, after quite thorough investigation, that over 135 millions of dollars had been so used in the world, but for 1908, the result doubtless of the depression then existing, the result it reached was only 114 millions. It is not improbable, however, that in the past year the amount increased to close to one-third of the aggregate production. Considering that item in conjunction with the gain in European bank holdings and in the Argentine Conversion Fund, we account for approximately 350 millions of dollars. This leaves a little in excess of 100 millions as the amount that has been absorbed by the banks and treasuries of countries not included in our compilations or is being hoarded secretly.
The truth that this attempt to trace the lodgment of the year's new supply brings up to us is that the demand for the metal is so great, especially as a monetary basis, that no matter how large the production, its absorption is certainly assured.
The following detailed compilation of the gold product will enable the reader to trace the growth in the contribution from the various sources of supply since 1880. Corresponding information from 1871 to 1881 will be found in Vol. 70 of the "Chronicle," page 256, and from 1851 to 1871 in Vol. 54, page 14.

COLD．－PRODUCTION IN THE WORLD－OUNCES AND VALUES．


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The ounces in the toregoing table for any of the countries given may be turned into dolars by multiplying by 20．6718．The value in pounds
sterling may also be ascertained by multiplying the ounces by 4．2478．
Thus，according to the above，the product in Australasia in 1909，stated in Thus，according to the above，the product in Austral

## Official Details from Gold－Producing Countries．

From the returns we have obtained from the mines， mint bureaus and other official and semi－official sources respecting gold mining in 1909，we are able to deduce the following

United States．－The gold mines of the United States，ac－ cording to the preliminary estimate furnished by Dr．A．Piatt Andrew，Director of the Mint，produced in 1909 about a quarter of a million fine ounces more than in 1908．The chief contributor to the increase was Nevada，which showed a gain of 155,720 fine ounces，bringing the yield，of the State close to the high－water mark attained in 1907．California， too，did well，advancing its output from 935,074 fine ounces in 1908 to $1,029,000$ fine ounces in 1909，and in Alaska the yield moved up from 960,669 fine ounces to $1,013,340$ fine ounces．Among the smaller producers Montana and Arizona did better than in the previous year．Colorado，on the other hand，showed a moderate decrease in yield，attributable to the closing down of the Homestake mines on account of labor troubles．From South Dakota and Utah also a smaller product was secured．The net result for the United States as a whole，however，was a gain in yield of 226,039 fine ounces，valued at $\$ 4,672,200$ ．The ounces and values，as estimated for each State in 1909，compare as follows with the final figures for 1908 and 1907.

| Gold Production． |  |  |  |  |  | 1909 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine |  | Fin | Val2 | Fine ozs． | Val |
|  | 1，010，921 | 320，897，600 | 1，106，38 | \＄22，871，000 | 1，062，056 | 31，954，700 |
| Callforn | 815，288 | 16，853，500 | 935，074 | 19，329，700 |  | 21，271，300 |
| Alaska | 894，424 | 18，489，400 | 960，669 | 19，858，800 | 1，013，340 | 20，947，600 |
| South Da | 200，185 | 4，138，200 | 374，529 | 7，742，200 | 331，363 | 6，849，900 |
| Montana | 167，987 | 3，472，600 | 152，865 | 3，160，000 | 174，123 | 3，599，400 |
| Arizon | 128，871 | 2，664，000 | 120，937 | 2，500，000 | 129，273 | 2，672，300 |
| Utah | 247，758 | 5，121，600 | 190，922 | 3，946，700 | 185，993 | 3，844，800 |
| Nevada | 745，507． | 15，411，000 | 565，475 | 11，689，400 | 721，195 | 14，908，400 |
| Idaho | 60，754 | 1，255，900 | 69，829 | 1，443，500 | 67.207 | 1，389，300 |
| Orego | 59，124 | 1，222，200 | 43，823 | 905，900 | 34，488 | 712，900 |
| New Mexico．－ | 15，964 | 330，000 | 14，817 | 306，300 | 13，464 | 278，300 |
| Washington | 12，689 | 262，300 | 12，273 | 253，700 | 18，282 | 377，900 |
| South．States． | 11，712 | 242，100 | 12，383 | 256，400 | 5，594 | 115，700 |
| Other States． | 3，643 | 75，300 | 14，339 | 296，400 | 14，981 | 309，700 |

Africa．－The year 1909 witnessed what may be termed a partial check to the activity in gold－mining development in Africa．That is to say，in the Witwatersrand district，from which much the greater part of the gold comes，insufficiency or inefficiency of labor during most of the year hampered operations，and in the closing months caused the production to fall below that of the corresponding period of the previous year．But notwithstanding this adverse development，and the further fact that districts outside the Rand collectively gave a smaller output than in 1908，the yield for the whole country was the largest on record．In this connection it is not out of place to again draw attention to the rapid strides made by Africa in the last twenty years as a gold producer． Not until 1887 was gold secured there in any measurable quantity，and in 1889 the yield was only 366,023 fine ounces． But development thereafter was steady and rapid as a rule， barring the Boer War period，and twenty years later（in 1909） the output reached $8,334,604$ fine ounces，an aggregate almost as great as the whole world produced in 1894．More－ over，twelve years ago the yields of Australasia，the United States and Africa were all of approximately the same amount； in 1909 the last－named country not only exceeded the other two by $162 \%$ and $74 \%$ respectively，but more than equaled their combined total．

The Witwatersrand district produced alone in 1909 a total of $7,039,136$ fine ounces，or only $3.8 \%$ more than in the pre－ vious year，the yield in December 1909 at 583,209 fine ounces，for the reasons already noted，showing a loss of 54,644 fine ounces from the record total of the month in 1908. With the Chinese now eliminated as a factor in the labor situation and the work of recruiting natives thoroughly systematized，it is believed that hereafter no hindrance to development，such as that of the past year，will soon again be encountered．The results of gold mining in the Rand proper，month by month，for seven years are set out in the fol lowing：

| unces． | 1903. | 1904 | 1905. | 19 | 1907. | 190 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January－－ | 192，935 | 278，867 | 357，214 | 411，256 | 520，089 | 540，202 |  |
| February． | 187，978 | 282，436 | 351，052 | 389，283 | 475，785 | 520，969 | 550，645 |
| March | 208，456 | 299，625 | 385，575 | 424，773 | 520，163 | 553,440 | 592，415 |
| April | 218，900 | 297，470 | 385，394 | 420，467 | 518，243 | 543,361 | 587，626 |
| May | 224，409 | 306，586 | 400，149 | 441，936 | 506，100 | 558，243 | 603，411 |
| June | 228，168 | 299，913 | 396，188 | 456.014 | 487.956 | 550.240 | 596,216 |
| July | 242，070 | 298，825 | 401，121 | 473.385 | 513，655 | 561，988 | 599，078 |
| August | 262，569 | 301，113 | 410，859 | 489，787 | 534，598 | 565，545 | 24 |
| Septemb | 267.513 | 301，131 | 399，536 | 486，522 | 517，746 | 565，439 | 585，736 |
| October－ | 275，664 | 313，928 | 397，868 | 521，397 | 532，993 | 594，054 | 581，132 |
| November | 272，107 | 324，011 | 407，056 | 515，193 | 530，215 | 591，204 | 576，768 |
| December | 278，710 | 349，889 | 414，421 | 529，521 | 562，684 | 637，853 | 583 |

Outside of the Rand，as stated above，less gold was se－ cured in 1909 than in 1908．The mines at Lydenburg，Bar－ berton，\＆c．，in the Transvaal，returned an aggregate yield of only 241,406 fine ounces，against 270,079 fine ounces in the previous year，and in West Africa a loss was recorded． Rhodesian production，however，advanced from 607，012 fine ounces in 1908 to 623，389 fine ounces in 1909，and there was some gain in Madagascar，\＆c．The subjoined compilation covering the progress in gold mining in all sections of Africa since 1886 is given without further remarks．

| Year． | AFRICA＇S GOLD PRODUCTION－FINE OUN |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ | Ou | £ | Ounces． |  |
| 1887（part yr） | 28.7 | 122，140 |  |  | 28.7 | 122，140 |
|  | 190，2 | 808，210 | 50.000 | 212，390 | 240.266 | 1，020，600 |
| 1889 | 316，023 | 1，342，404 |  | 212，390 | 366.023 |  |
|  | 407.7 | 1，732，041 | 71,552 | 303，939 | 479，302 | 2．035，980 |
| 189 | 600 | 2，552，333 | 127，052 | 539，691 | 727，912 | 3，092，024 |
| 1892 | 1，001，818 | 4，255．524 | 148，701 | 631，652 | 1，150．519 |  |
| 1893 | 1，221，151 | 5，187．206 | 159，977 | 679，550 | 1，381．128 | 5，866．756 |
| 189 | 1，637，773 | 6，956，934 | 227，765 | 967.5 | 1，865，538 |  |
| 189 | 1，845．138 | 7，837．779 | 270，000 | 1，146，906 | 2，115，138 | ，984，685 |
|  | 857，071 | 7．888，465 | 293，035 | 1，244．755 | 2，150，106 | 9，133，220 |
| 189 | 2，491，552 | 10．583，616 | 326.941 | 1，388，780 | 2，818，493 | 11，972，396 |
| 1898 | 3，562．813 | 15．134，115 | 341，908 | 1，452，357 | 3．904．721 | 16，586，472 |
|  | 3，360，091 | 14，273．018 | 305，784 | 1，298，909 | 3，665，875 | 15，571，927 |
| 1900 | 395，385 | 1，679，518 | 166．922 | 709．051 | 562，307 | 2，388．569 |
|  | 238，995 | 1，015，203 | 235.701 | 1．001．211 |  | 2，016，414 |
| 1902 | 1，691，525 | 7．185，260 | 307，286 | 1，305，299 | 1，998，811 | 8，490，559 |
| 1903 | 2，859，479 | 12，146，494 | 458，183 | 1．946，290 | 3，317，662 | 14，092，784 |
| 1904 | 3，653，794 | 15，520，329 | 509，747 | 2，165，303 | 4，163，541 | 17，685，632 |
| 1905 | 4，706，433 | 19，091，658 | 788，040 | 3，347，436 | 5，494，473 | 23，339，094 |
|  | 559，534 | 23，585，400 |  |  | 6，601，685 | 28．072，249 |
| 1907 | 6，220，227 | 27，403，738 | ，200，847 | 5，100，958 | 7，421，074 | 32，504，696 |
| 008 | 6．782，538 | 28，810，393 | 1，397，147 | 5，034，845 | 8．1779，685 | $34,745,238$ $35,403,248$ |
| 09 | 7，039，136 | 29，900，359 | 1，295，468 | 5，502，889 | 8，334，604 | 35，403，248 |

Total ．．．．$\overline{57,668,106} \overline{245,912,137} \overline{9,774,207} \overline{41,578,950} \overline{67,442,313} \overline{287,491,087}$ Australasia．－Again the mines of this country show a falling off in gold production．Due to the poorer ores en－ countered in the lower levels of most of the mines，a retro－ grade movement in output set in in 1906 and has continued since in varying degrees in almost every province．The re－ sult has been that from a yield of nearly $41 / 4$ million fine ounces in 1905 there was a drop to $3,925,591$ fine ounces in 1906，a further decline to $3,668,308$ fine ounces in 1907 and 3，551，113 fine ounces in 1908，and the 1909 product reached
only $3,243,005$ fine ounces. How great a change the years have brought is readily seen when we state that in 1904 Aus tralasia was the heaviest single producer in the world, but now its yield is less than half that of the African fields and materially below that of the United States. We subjoin a compilation indicating the product of each colony and the combined total for a series of years:

\begin{abstract}

a Estimated in part.
Canada.-A moderate increase in yield in the Yukon district accounts in great part for the gain Canada's production for 1909 exhibits over the 1908 outcome. Of course, as only an approximate idea of the output for the year is obtainable, but our information comes from Mr. Jno. McLeish, Statistician of the Department of Mines of Canada, whose estimates in the past have been very close to the actual results. Eastern Canada, he states, has probably shown a decrease, and British Columbia's yield has been as much as or a little more than that of 1908. His estimate indicates an aggregate enlargement in production in 1909 of 31,826 fine ounces, the total yield being placed at about 507,938 fine ounces, against 476,112 fine ounces in 1908. Even at that figure the output is comparatively small as compared with the period from 1898 to 1907 inclusive, when excellent results from the Yukon served to materially swell the annual totals. The exhibit for Canada for the last thirteen years, in fine ounces and values, is as follows:
 have stated in earlier years, that no early information of a conclusive nature is obtainable. It follows therefore that any estimate made is at times subject to important revision. That was not the case in 1908, however, our estimate coming extremely close to the recently issued final figures. The tendency has been toward increased production the last few years, with the augmentation in yield in 1909 noticeably large. For the purpose of this compilation we have estimated the output of Russia's mines at $\$ 35,000,000$, or $1,693,128$ fine ounces. Details for the last thirteen years are appended:


India.-A small increase in the production of gold in India in 1909 is indicated by the returns from the Colar field, where the principal mines of the country are located. Compared with the years from 1903 to 1906 inclusive, however, the output is less. As will be seen in the appended table, the Colar field gave in 1909 a total of 544,007 gross ounces, which compares with 534,377 gross ounces in 1908 and 531,829 gross ounces in 1907.

EAST INDIA-GOLD PRODUCTION PRINOIPAL MINES.



Totals $-. . . . . . . . . .-544,007 \overline{534,377} \overline{531,829} \overline{563,478} \overline{615,561} \overline{606,193} \overline{597.786}$
Other Countries.-There are very few countries in the world from which some gold is not secured, but aside from
those already reviewed Mexico alone warrants any special reference. That country has for many years been prominent as a silver producer, but since 1893 there has been more or less steady development of gold mining and now it ranks fifth in amount of yield. Based on such information as has come to hand, we estimate that the 1909 output of Mexican mines was about $1,250,000$ fine ounces, as against $1,082,210$ fine ounces in 1908. In South America, the only country that has shown steady development of recent years has been Colombia, which likely further increased its product in 1909. Central America also probably did better, and the same is presumably true of France, and of Japan, China, Korea and Siam in the Far East. It is therefore probable that for all other countries (not including Mexico) the 1909 product was moderately greater than that of 1908.

## Silver Production of the World.

We have heretofore often remarked that very little early data with regard to the production and accumulation of silver are obtainable; that is to say, facts are too vague at this time to enable us to reach any definite conclusions as to the 1909 yield. Dr. Andrews's estimate for the United States is, of course, at hand, and it indicates an increase of about $11 / 2$ million ounces. Information from Mexico also would seem to foreshadow a gain of practically the same dimension in that country, but a slight decline is probable in Aus tralasia. Canada is rapidly coming to the front as a silver producer as a result of important development and conse quent expansion of yield in the Cobalt district. Mr. McLeish, in fact, estimates the yield for the Dominion at between 5 and 6 million ounces greater than in 1908. While fluctuations in the price of silver at London were frequent, they were within a narrow range, the highest price having been $247 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$. and the lowest 23 1-16d., with the average 23 11-16d In 1908 the average was $243 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$., or $11-16 \mathrm{~d}$. higher, and the averages in earlier years were $303-16 \mathrm{~d}$. in 1907 and $307 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$. in 1905

We now present a statement of silver production covering each year since 1890. See "Chronicle" of Feb. 11 1899, page 258, for results back to 1871.

|  | United | Mexico. | Australia. | All Other Producers. | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ounces. | Ounces. | Ounces. |  | Ounce | Ounces |  |
| 1892 | 58,330,000 | 35,719,237 | 10,000.000 | 33,916 | 37,965.412 | 25.900.270 |
| 1893 | 60,000,000 | 44,370,717 | ${ }_{20}$ |  | 152,939,986 | 25,370,513 |
|  | 49,500,000 | 47,038,381 | 18,073,440 | 53 | , 1 | 24,626.510 |
|  | 945 | 46,962,738 | 12,507.335 | 53, | 169,180,249 | 21,0 |
| '91 | 287,0 | 213.595 |  |  |  |  |
| 1896 |  | 45,7 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $53,860.000$ | 53.903.180 | 11,878000 | 44,431, | 64,073,1 | 18,885,500 |
|  | , 500 | 56,738,000 | 10,491,100 | 51,560,7 | 73,227,864 | 19,488,135 |
| 1900 | 57,647,000 | 57,612,090 | 12,686,653 |  |  | 19,161,112 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 20,344,575 |
|  | 79,544,300 |  | 60,634,7 |  |  | 7, |
|  | 55,500,000 | 57,656,549 | $10,230.046$ | 49,910, | 11,283 | 19,598,934 |
|  | 54,300,000 | 70,499,942 | 8,026,037 |  |  | 16,318,731 |
| 1904 | 57,682,800 | 60,808,978 | 14,558,892 | 31, | 192 | 17.292,944 |
|  | 56,101,600 | 65,040,865 | 12,561,600 | 35,884,774 | 169,588,839 | $\begin{aligned} & 18,044,172 \\ & 19,652,873 \end{aligned}$ |
| 01 | 278,798,400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1908 | 56,517,900 | 55.225,268 | 14,237,246 | 39 | 0 | 21,308,678 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1907 \\ & 1908- \end{aligned}$ | - | ${ }_{73}^{61,147,203}$ | 17,083,031 | 48,2 | 85,014,623 | 23,271,622 |
| 1909 ( | 53,849,000 | 75,000,000 | 17,000,000 | 68,000 |  | 1 |
| a Values of sllver in this table are commercial values and are computed on the average price each year of silver as given by Messrs. Pixley \& Abell, London. Value of $£$ in this table. $\$ 4.8665$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, BANKERS AND TRUST CO.'S.

-The public sales of bank stocks this week aggregate 99 shares, of which 74 shares were sold at the Stock Exchange and 25 shares at auction. The transactions in trust company stocks reach a total of 77 shares. Ten shares of stock of the Union Trust Co. were sold at 1400, an advance of 149 points over the price paid early in December 1909, when the last previous sale was made. A sale of 7 shares of Guaranty Trust Co. stock was made at $7951 / 4$, the last previous public sale having been made in May 1909 at 680. The table below, given in our usual form, shows the actual sales of New York City bank stocks made during the week at auction and at the Stock Exchange. Extensive tables showing the bid and asked quotations, deposits, surplus, \&c., of banks and trust companies in all important cities in the United States are published monthly in the "Bank and Quotation" Section, the February issue of which accompanies to-day's "Chronicle." Bid and ask quotations for all New York City bank and trust company stocks are also published weekly in another department of the paper, and will be found to-day on pages 355 and 356

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Shares. BANKS-New York. Low. High. Close. Last previous sale. } \\ \text { " } 74 \text { Commerce, Nat. Bank of.-- } 196 & 199 & 199 & \text { Jan 1910- } 200\end{array}$ | 74 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Commerce, Nat. Bank of.-- $196 \quad 199 \quad 199 \quad$ Jan $1910-200$ 10 Jeflerson Bank BANK-Brooklyn. 10 Nassau National Bank....- 256256256 TRUST COMPANIES-New York.

20 Carnegie Trust Co_.......... 150150150 Dec 1909-1591 7 Guaranty Trust Co_..........7951/4 7951/4 795 1/4 May 1909-680 10 Lawyers' Title Ins. \& Tr. Co. $300 \quad 300 \quad 300$ Jan 1910-300 10 Union Trust Co-.-.-----1400 14001400 Dec 1909-1251 TRUST COMPANY-Brooklyn 30 Nassau Trust Co----------
—The United States Supreme. Court has set March 14 as the date for the hearing of the case brought against the Stone, Tracy Co. of Windsor, Vt., to test the constitutionality of the Corporation Tax Law. Six other suits which have been instituted were advanced Jan. 31 on the docket for hearing as one case with the Vermont suit. These are: Wyckoff Van Derhoef against the Coney Island \& Brooklyn RR.; Francis L. Hine vs. the Home Life Insurance Co.; F. W Smith vs. the Northern Trust Co. Bank of Chicago; William H. Miner vs. the Corn Exchange National Bank of Chicago; L. W. Jared vs. the American Multigraph Co. of Cleveland, and the Cedar Street Company vs. the Park Realty Co. of New York. With the exception of the last named, which was brought to the Supreme Court on Jan. 28, reference has heretofore been made to all of the foregoing. The Cedar Street Company is a stockholder of the Park Realty Co., and an injunction was sought by it to restrain the Park Realty Co. from paying the tax. Still another suit is to be carried to the Supreme Court-Joseph E. Gay of Jaffrey, N. H., having brought action against the Baltic Mining Co., of which he is a stockholder, to prevent the company from paying the tax. The company's demurrer was sustained by the U. S. District Court at Boston on the 28th.

An opinion on the question as to whether or not corporations receiving income from another corporation subject to the corporation tax shall deduct that income from its gross receipts, if the net income of the corporation from which it is received has been less than $\$ 5,000$, has been given by Attorney-General Wickersham in response to a request of Secretary MacVeagh. Mr. Wickersham says: "I am clearly of the opinion that the dividend received by a corporation of a character to which the Act applies should be deducted from its gross income regardless of the amount of net income of such dividend-paying corporation."

Amendments to the tax law were introduced in the House on the 31st ult. by Representative A. J. Sabath. The changes, it is stated, are intended to relieve small and private corporations from the burden of the tax and from the publicity feature of the law.

On the 3 d inst. advices came from Washington to the effect that President Taft had announced that he did not consider an amendment to the Corporation Tax Law necessary in order to modify the publicity feature of the law, so as to prevent the disclosure of the private affairs of corporations. This statement, it was said, was given as a result of a visit from S. C. Mead, Secretary of the Merchants' Association of New York, who asked that the publicity feature of the law be eliminated. Mr. Mead alleged that many manufacturers thought their business would be harmed by the exposure of their private affairs to competitors, but President Taft is reported to have said that he thought sufficient protection could be given to manufacturers by a discreet administration of the law. He agreed, however, to take this question up with Attorney-General Wickersham and Secretary MacVeagh.

The New York Chamber of Commerce, at its meeting on Thursday, adopted a resolution introduced by Chairman A. Barton Hepburn, which urges upon Congress the repeal of the provision requiring that the annual returns of corporations filed in accordance with the law shall be open to public inspection. The resolution says:
"Whereas, Paragraph 6 of the Corporation Tax Law provides that the returns made by corporations under the operation of the law shall be placed on file in Washington and shall be public documents; and,
Whereas, Such publicity will expose corporations to sensational attacks and will disclose many features regarding their accounts and concerns that will greatly injure their business; and,

Whereas, The Government is amply protected by the provision that the statements made of any return must be sworn to, with a privilege to inspect the books of any corporation if the Government suspects that an improper roturn has been made, coupled with severe 'penalties against false oaths; now, therefore, be it
"Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New Yort strongly urge upon Congress the immediate repeal of Paragraph 6 of the Corporation Tax Law."
The National Association of Wholesale Grocers is also identified with a movement against the tax law. In a letter addressed to Secretary MacVeagh under date of the 1 st inst., it quotes a resolution indorsed by its executive committee on Jan. 21, in which, besides declaring the law to be discriminating, it protests against the publicity feature and asks relief by appeal or amendment. The communication concludes with a request for consideration of an extension of 30 days from March 1 in which to file reports.
-The Payne Bill, embodying the suggestions of Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh for modifying the law with regard to future issues of United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness, was passed by the House on Jan. 31 and by the Senate on the 2 d inst. The recommendations of Secretary MacVeagh in this particular, and with respect to the adjustment of the tax on national bank circulation, secured by United States bonds, were given in this department a week ago. No legislation has yet been taken on the latter question, although the bill was introduced in the House on Jan. 27. The measure enacted this week corrects the defect which had heretofore existed with relation to the Panama bonds, by making both principal and interest payable in gold, whereas the law had previously provided for the payment of interest only in gold. The new law also provides that future issues of bonds may be in such denomination as may be prescribed by the Secretary, that future issues shall be exempt from taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under any State, municipal or local authority, and further provides for the appropriation of a sum not exceeding one-tenth of $1 \%$ of the amount of the bonds to pay the expenses of preparing, advertising and issuing them.
-Regulations which are hereafter to govern the deposit of moneys of the State of New York in financial institutions are outlined in a communication issued on Jan. 28 by State Treasurer 'Thomas B. Dunn and State Comptroller Clark Williams to banks and trust companies serving as depositories. We give below a copy of the letter, which, it will be noted, besides fixing a uniform rate of interest on the funds at not less than $3 \%$, requires that those accepted as depositories must have surplus and undivided profits exceeding $20 \%$ of their share capital, and stipulates that the aggregate amount of the balances of general and canal funds in each institution will be limited to $25 \%$ of its capital, surplus and undivided profits. The stipulations in full are as follows:
It is desired by the undersigned to state a fixed policy for the administration of the funds of the State. This policy, so far as it relates to the funds under the supervision of the Commissioners of the Canal Fund, has been approved by that Commission. It is proposed:
First. That the approval of depositories will be limited to institutions whose surplus and undivided profits exceed $20 \%$ of their share capital.
Second. The aggregate amount of the balances of the general and canal Second. The aggregate amount of the balances of the general and canal
funds in each institution will be limited to $25 \%$ of its capital, surplus and funds in each inst
undivided profits.
undivided profts.
Third. Preferen
Third. Preference will be given to State and national banking instituions securing such deposits by State bonds.
Fourth. Preference will be given to State Institutions offering satisfacFiry surety company bonds.
Fifth. Private banks. As these institutions are not ohartered by the State, and are not under the supervision or examination of either Federal or State departments, and are not required to make report of condition, hey will not be considered for appointment as depositories.
Sixth. In depositing with and in drawing upon depositories, the same principles will be observed, and such deposits and drafts will be made, so far as convenient, ratably on a percentage basis.
These limitations and requirements will not apply to the fiscal agent of the State nor to institutions upon which treasury chacks are ordinarily issued in payment of State obligations.
Although it is the purpose of the undersigned officers to observe impartially the policy as to the deposit and withdrawal of State funds outlined above, nelther they nor the Commissloners of the Canal Fund arein any way bound thereby in the exercise of their judgment and discretion.
Statutes permitting, it is the purpose of the undersigned to arrange for the acceptance of a uniform bond to secure deposits, whether belonging to the general fund or to the canal fund, and whether secured by State bonds or by the bond of a surety company; also to require the payment of a uniform rate of interest of not less than $3 \%$ on all State deposits, excepting so-called "active accounts," whether in the general fund or in the canal fund, said interest to be paid semi-annually.
It is believed that the foregoing policy will result in a more satisfactory administration of the funds.
Please forward to the offices of the undersigned coples of the last published statement of the condition of your institution, and arrange to have subsequent statements filed in these offices.

Respectfully yours,
T. B. DUNN, Treasurer

CLARK WILLIAMS, Comptroller.
-The first of the series of financial monographs resulting from the investigations of the National Monetary Commis-sion-"The History of Banking in Canada," by Roeliff M. Breckinridge-was issued on Jan. 28. A work on this subject was published some twenty years ago by Mr. Breckenridge, and in the monograph which the Commission has just issued Mr. Breckenridge has brought the history of Canadian banking down to the present time and has discussed fully the changes and developments which have taken place since the publication of his original volume. Facts and figures indicating the growth and present condition of the Canadian banks are submitted in the monograph. Mr. Breckenridge shows that the Canadian system is in many respects similar to the Scotch banking system; it is primarily and fundamentally a branch banking system. There are to-day, it appears, only 29 banks in Canada, and 19 of that number have their head offices in Toronto and Montreal, their branches, numbering more than 2,000 , being distributed from the Atlantic to the Pacific, into the Yukon country, and even into foreign countries. The Commission announces that it will publish later the substance of the interviews had with leading bankers in Toronto and Montreal by the sub-committee which personally visited Canada early last fall. Dr. Joseph French Johnson of the New York University also went to Canada in the interests of the Commission to prepare a technical report upon the methods and practices of the Canadian banks, and this will likewise be published shortly.
-The special committee of the Wisconsin Legislature on banks and insurance is said to have agreed on a tentative report to the Governor, and has drafted for enactment by the Legislature seven bills pertaining to the government of the State banks. One of these provides for the regulation and supervision of the banking institutions, another makes provision for the segregation of commercial and savings deposits, still another relates to the investment of funds of mutual savings banks and another prescribes the duties of bank directors. On the deposit-guaranty proposition the committee makes the following comment:

We are of the opinion that the guaranty law has a tendency to invite into the banking business men of inferior banking ability, and the extent to which men of such inferior ability will be able to secure control of banks depends to a considerable extent on laws tending to discourage men of this class from entering the business."
-State Bank Commissioner Bergh of Wisconsin in his annual report, filed on the 21st ult., takes occasion to refer to what he terms a "new feature of banking," which he states has manifested itself of late, and which, if permitted to go on unhindered, will, he declares; eventually result in monopoly control of the banking business. His remarks concern "so-called holding companies," which he says are increasing with an alarming rapidity in various parts of the country, and he recommends legislation discouraging their existence in Wisconsin. A case in particular which he cites is that of a company with headquarters in Minneapolis, which, he states, owns a controlling interest in more than fifty banks in Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota and the Dakotas. The principal objection to the method ,hepoints out, is that the President and Cashier of the bank are usually outside men, with only a few local directors. The management, he continues, is directed by the holding company, and the loans are in a majority of cases made to parties outside the State.
-The New York Stock Exchange has deferred for two weeks action on the report of its sub-committee with respect to the failure of Lathrop, Haskins \& Co. of this city, which was to have been passed upon on the 2 d inst. The postponement was consented to at the request of one of the firm's members, Henry S. Haskins, and is believed to have been taken in view of the examination on Monday next of James R. Keene on matters pertaining to the Columbus \& Hocking pool in the proceedings against J. M. Fiske \& Co.
The complaint in the suit referred to last week, brought by Howard M. Taylor to recover $\$ 23,800$ alleged to have been lost in the collapse in the Hocking stock, has been amended so as to include as defendants, in addition to the six firms originally named, the following: James R. Keene, Markoe \& Morison, Newburger, Henderson \& Loeb, Tucker, Anthony \& Co., Atwood Violett \& Co., Van Schaick \& Co., Wagner, Dickerson \& Co. and Bishop, Laimbeer \& Co.
-No embarrassment of recent times has drawn forth more general regret than the suspension this week of the firm of

Fisk \& Robinson, which had ranked as one of the larger and more important of the city's banking houses. While in most quarters it was an unexpected development, it is stated that its difficulties had been made known to the banking fraternity a week ago, when an examination of its affairs was made; reports state that requests for advances made by the firm had readily been responded to, owing to its standing, up to within the past few weeks, and still further aid would have been forthcoming had it not been that the examination disclosed the fact that a large part of its assets consisted of securities considered as not immediately salable. The naming of a receiver, Bronson Winthrop, took place late Monday afternoon, with the filing of an involuntary petition in bankruptcy against the firm. The firm had large dealings in Government and city bonds, and was identified with the financing of various enterprises. One of these was the Buffalo \& Susquehanna Railroad properties, and it is to the shrinkage in the market value of the securities of that system that the failure is attributed, according to a statement issued on behalf of the firm on Monday, which we give below:
An involuntary petition in bankruptey was filed against the firm offisk © Robinson on Feb. 1, and Mr. Bronson Winthrop was appointed recelver. The act of bankruptey alleged was the written statement of the firm acknowledging their inability to pay their debts and their willingness to be adjudged bankrupts.
The recelver immediately took position of the office of Fisk \& Robinson, at 35 Cedar Street, and found a statement taken from the books of the firm by Messrs. Patterson, Teele \& Dennis, the well-known firm of public accountants, as of Jan. 26 1910. A condensed summary of the statement
is as follows: is as follows:

$\$ 6,847,96896$
$\overline{\$ 6,847,96896}$
It has been impossible as yet to ascertain the exact amount of secured and unsecured obligations of the firm, but it is estimated that the secured obligations will amount to about $\$ 5,000,000$ and the unsecured debts to over $\$ 1,000,000$.
The cause of the fallure is attributed by the members ofthe firm to the shrinkage in market value of the $41 / 2 \%$ bonds of the Buffalo \& Susquehanna Rallway Co. and the preferred stock of the Buffalo \& Susquehanna Railroad Co., of which the firm were carrying a large amount. These securities were all in loans, and as the market value diminished the lenders holding these securities as collateral have from time to time demanded additional collateral. There are other securities owned by the firm, which have not as yet a general market, and could not be realized on in time to meet the demands for additional margin on the secured loans and the demands of the unsecured creditors. It is hoped that the creditors of the firm whose claims are secured by the Buffalo \& Susquehanna Railway bonds and the Buffalo \& Susquehanna Rallroad stock will withhold sale of the same until a plan can be devised to conserve the value of these securities. If the Buffalo \& Susquehanna securitles are thrown on the market, both the creditors who hold them as security and the estate will be greatly damaged. As soon as the statement of Patterson, Teele \& Dennis of Jan. 28 is brought down to date, a detailed statement of the financlal condition of the frm can be made.

It is stated that negotiations had been under way for the sale of the Buffalo \& Susquehanna system and the failure to carry these plans to completion had contributed in bringing about the firm's suspension. It is said, too, that the estat ${ }^{e}$ of the late F. H. Goodyear, who was President of the Buffalo \& Susquehanna properties, was not inclined to extend the aid to the companies which might have been given were he still alive. The firm of Fisk \& Robinson was formed in 1899, the partners being Harvey E. Fisk and George H. Robinson', the Stock Exchange member. Mr. Fisk was a son of the late Harvey Fisk, who founded the firm of Harvey Fisk \& Sons. Harvey E. Fisk had, prior to 1899, been a partner in that firm, of which his brothers, Pliny Fisk and Charles J. Fisk, are members. Mr. Robinson had been an employee of Harvey Fisk \& Co. before he and Harvey E. Fisk had formed their co-partnership. In addition to its New York offices at Cedar and William streets, Fisk \& Robinson had branches in Boston, Chicago and Worcester. Mr. Winthrop has been named as ancillary receiver for the out-of-town branches.
-One of the important events in banking circles this week was the opening for business on Monday morning of the new Mechanics \& Metals National Bank, 33 Wall Street, formed through the consolidation of the Mechanics National Bank and the National Copper Bank. The President's room was transformed into a bower of American Beauty roses sent by the many friends of the two banks; congratulations were tendered in person by nearly all the leading bank officials of the city and the opening was altogether a most auspicious one. The event marks a new period in the history of the Mechanics,' which was chartered in 1810,
making it one of the oldest banking institutions in the city. The National Copper, while a comparatively young bank (having begun business in 1907), had a very successful career, and the merger will add largely to the resources of the older institution. The enlarged bank has a capital of $\$ 6,000,000$, surplus of $\$ 6,000,000$, undivided profits of $\$ 1,700,000$. The official statement published under date of Jan. 31 reports deposits of $\$ 88,222,964$ and aggregate resources of $\$ 104,676,260$. Gates W. McGarrah is at the head of the institution, with Charles H. Sabin First VicePresident; Alexander E. Orr, Nicholas F. Palmer, Andrew A. Knowles and Frank O. Roe, Vice-Presidents; Walter F. Albertsen, Cashier, and Joseph S. House, Robert U. Graff and John Robinson, Assistant Cashiers.
-The withdrawal of the Van Nordens from the management of the three institutions which had been under their direction, namely the Van Norden Trust Co., the Nineteenth Ward Bank and the Twelfth Ward Bank, has occurred. The changes now have served to renew the reports of an ultimate consolidation of these institutions with the Carnegie Trust Co., spoken of nearly a year ago, when the announcement was made that a number of the directors of the Carnegie had, with other interests, formed a syndicate which had acquired control of the Van Norden Trust, the Nineteenth Ward and Twelfth Ward banks. In the case of the Van Norden Trust Co. the changes took place on Jan. 25, but were not made known until the 30th. Warner Van Norden retires as director of the company, his son, Warner M., resigns the presidency, and Theodore L., brother of Warner M., withdraws as Vice-President. The presidency of the company has not as yet been filled. Charles A. Moore, of Manning, Maxwell \& Moore, has been elected Chairman of the board of directors of the institution; Watkins Crockett, who became a Vice-President in December, remains in that capacity; Bradley Martin Jr., who has been its Treasurer for the past six weeks, has become Vice-President and Treasurer; W. W. Robinson continues as Secretary, and Charles A. Fisher remains as Assistant Secretary and Treasurer. The reorganized board of the Van Norden consists of Henry F. Shoemaker, Martin J. Condon, Irving E. Raymond, Samuel H. Kress, Joseph B. Reichmann, Gustave Baumann, Charles A. Moore Sr., Charles A. Moore Jr., Edward R. Finch, William J. Cummins, Bradley Martin Jr., Watkins Crockett and Tompkins McIlvaine. About seven of these are members of the board of the Carnegie Trust. It is stated that provision for a board of twenty-one members was made at the annual meeting of the Van Norden. The latter has a capital and surplus of $\$ 1,000,000$ each. It was established by the Van Nordens in 1902. The price which they received for their holdings (a seven-tenths interest) is said to have been $\$ 325$ per share.
In the Nineteenth Ward Bank, Bradley Martin Jr. succeeds Warner M. Van Norden as President. No successor has been chosen to T. L. Van Norden as Vice-President. The members of the new board are: C. A. Moore Sr., Martin J. Condon, John J. Harrington, W. J. Cummins, John V. Coggey; Edward W. Harris, Lawrence Atterbury, Samuel H. Kress and Bradley Martin Jr.
Watkins Crockett has been chosen Vice-President of the Twelfth Ward Bank to succeed T. L. Van Norden, and Mr. Crockett and Bradley Martin Jr. take the place of Warner M. and T. L. Van Norden on the board. F. B. French continues as President of the bank. Charles A. Moore Sr . has been elected Chairman of the board.
-A special meeting of the stockholders of the Knickerbocker Trust Co. of this city will be held on the 23d inst. to take action on the question of increasing the authorized capital from $\$ 2,000,000$ to $\$ 3,200,000$. The company also announces the prospective payment on March 14 of $15 \%$ of the face of the surplus certificates "Series A," which will bring the total payments on these certificates up to $65 \%$. The "Series A" certificates were issued to represent $30 \%$ of the deposits at the time of the reorganization. The final installment on the certificates which covered the other $70 \%$ of the deposits was paid in April 1909. The March payment will reduce the total of "Series A" certificates outstanding to $\$ 3,600,000$. The new stock which the company will put out will be issued at $\$ 300$ per share. While action toward increasing the capital from $\$ 1,200,000$ to $\$ 2,000,000$ was taken at the time of the reorganization, the outstanding capital has apparently
since remained at $\$ 1,200,000$. In its present announcement the company states that $\$ 800,000$ of stock is reserved for the holders of the "Series B" certificates, which latter amount to $\$ 2,400,000$; they represent the money contributed toward the reorganization by the stockholders in March 1908, and are convertible into capital stock at $\$ 300$ per share. The other $\$ 1,200,000$ of the new capital must, under the resumption plan, be offered in the first instance to the holders of the outstanding $\$ 3,600,000$ "Series A" certificates. A syndicate, however, has been formed under the management of F. G. Bourne, J. Horace Harding and William A. Tucker, which has offered to the holders of the outstanding " $A$ " certificates, par and interest for the amount remaining due thereon on March 14 next, the syndicate's intention being to convert the certificates into new stock. The net result of the entire operation, the company states, will be the putting in of $\$ 3,600,000$ new capital in the institution, making its capital stock $\$ 3,200,000$ and its surplus nearly $\$ 6,000,000$. All the old depositors who assented to the plan for the resumption of business will have been paid in full, principal and interest, and the trust company will be in a position to resume dividends on its capital stock. The date fixed for the issuance of the new stock is March 14.
-Continued improvement in the assets and standing of the Lincoln Trust Co. under the new management is apparent from the statement of its condition on Dec. 31 1909, when deposits were $\$ 12,517,637$. Against these deposits (which are $\$ 6,034,571$ greater than on Dec. 311907 and $\$ 3,283,961$ more than on Dec. 31 1908), the company's cash in vault was $\$ 1,421,857$ and cash in banks $\$ 1,848,144$. Its other assets were: $\$ 1,982,526$ demand loans, $\$ 2,736,150$ time loans, $\$ 2,482,898$ bills purchased, $\$ 2,142,004$ bonds at market value, $\$ 353,000$ stocks at market value, $\$ 1,071,244$ bonds and mortgages, $\$ 2,041$ rents receivable, $\$ 39,501$ accrued interest receivable-or total assets of $\$ 14,079,668$. The company's deposit requirements are more restrictive and its business of a higher character since Alexander $\mathbf{S}$. Webb became President, Abram M. Hyatt and Owen Ward, Vice-Presidents, Horace F. Poor, Treasurer, Joseph Z. Bray, Secretary, and Breckinridge Carroll, Assistant Treasurer. The capital is $\$ 1,000,000$, surplus and undivided profits \$556,731.
-The ninth annual banquet of the "New York Chapter of the American Institution of Banking" will be held at the new Hotel Astor, 44th Street and Broadway, next Tuesday evening. The speakers and topics announced are: Lewis E. Pierson, President American Bankers' Association, "Opportunities"; Rev. Charles F. Aked of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, "The Other Side of the Account"; Alexander McLean, Editor of the "Brooklyn Citizen," "The Banker as a Peace-Maker"; Assistant District-Attorney Robert H. Roy, of Kings County, "Our Friends, the Liars," and William J. Burns, President of Burns-Sheridan National Detective Agency, "The Art of Counterfeiting."
-R. Ross Appleton, President of the Fourteenth Street Bank of this city, was elected a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce last Thursday.
-The deposits of the Phenix National Bank, corner Nassau and Liberty streets, this city, of which Finis E. Marshall is President, reached the highest figure in the history of the institution at the close of business Jan. 31, totaling $\$ 14,353,869$. These record figures are better appreciated when it is recalled that the present management of this bank took charge of its affairs April 24 1905, when deposits were only $\$ 3,357,890$ and aggregate resources $\$ 4,686,915$. Besides the steady and substantial growth in deposit business, the new management has been able to increase surplus and undivided profits to $\$ 691,333$, a gain of $\$ 412,307$ since April 22 1905. On a capital stock of $\$ 1,000,000$ dividends of $\mathbf{6 \%}$ per annum are paid. Aggregate resources on Jan. 31 were $\$ 16,897,702$. Bert L. Haskins is Cashier.
-The first statement to be issued by the Guaranty Trust Co. of this city since the consolidation with it of the Fifth Avenue Trust and Morton Trust companies appears under date of Jan. 31 and shows capital of $\$ 5,000,000$; surplus of $\$ 18,000,000$; undivided profits of $\$ 3,013,024$; deposits of $\$ 138,116,672$, and total resources of $\$ 164,411,710$. The merger went into effect on Jan. 27.
-The new statement of the Coal \& Iron National Bank of this city for Jan. 31 reveals a still further increase in the business of this young and progressive institution. Deposits are reported at $\$ 6,481,844$, as against $\$ 6,038,346$ at the time of the previous call. Aggregate resources advanced from $\$ 7,780,838$ to $\$ 8,226,063$.
-Among the prominent out-of-town bankers who were in in the city this week were Robert Wardrop, President of the People's National Bank of Pittsburgh, and Caldwell Hardy, President of the Norfolk National Bank, Norfolk, Va.
-Deposits of the Liberty National Bank of New York have increased nearly five million dollars since the call of Nov. 16 1909, the amount having risen from $\$ 19,985,664$ (Nov. 16 1909) to $\$ 24,139,574$ for Jan. 31 1910. Aggregate resources have increased from $\$ 24,705,014$ to $\$ 28,779,355$.
-George Frederick Vietor, senior member of the dry goods house of Frederick Vietor \& Achelis, of international prominence, died on the 29th ult. Mr. Vietor was on the board of a number of local banking institutions, including he National Park Bank, the Plaza Bank, the Jefferson Bank, the Mount Morris Bank, the Washington Trust Co., the United States Trust Co., the Franklin Trust Co., the German Savings Bank, the Equitable Life Assurance Society, the American Surety Co., \&c. He was seventy years of age.
-The Franklin Trust Co. opened its new Brooklyn branch at 569 Fulton Street on Monday. The company's main office in that borough is at 164 Montague Street. The branch is in charge of Frederick W. Richt.
-James Ten Eyck has been elected Vice-President of the New York State National Bank of Albany, succeeding the late W. B. Van Rensselaer. Ledyard Cogswell Jr. has also become a Vice-President of the institution, and George A. White takes the place of assistant cashiership, previously held by Mr. Cogswell. Ledyard Cogswell 'Sr. is President of the bank.
-With the election of E. F. Shanbacker to the presidency of the Fourth Street National Bank of Philadelphia, noted last week, James Hay has been chosen as First Vice-President -the post which Mr. Shanb acker vacates. B. M. Faires continues as Second Vice-President, and a Third VicePresident was elected this week, Frank G. Rogers, heretofore manager of the foreign exchange department, being the appointee. Mr. Shanbacker, the new President, has been identified with the bank for twenty years. He entered its employ as a stenographer, but his capabilities quickly earned for him a place on the executive staff, and his advancement, step by step since his assignment to the office of Assistant Cashier, places him to-day, at the age of forty, at the head of one of the foremost of the Quaker City's banking institutions. Sydney F. Tyler continues as Chairman of the bank's board.
-Levi L. Rue, President of the Philadelphia National Bank, has been elected Chairman of the Philadelphia Clearing-House Committee, to take the place of the late Richard H. Rushton.
-In these days of big trust company consolidations, such as are occurring in this city, it seems not out of place to refer to a company in another State which occupies a position of commanding prominence. We have reference to the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh-an organization distinguished by the largest accumulated surplus of any trust company in this country, the amount for Nov. 61909 being $\$ 25,000,000$; this is in addition to undivided profits of $\$ 1,-$ 294,598 and $\$ 1,500,000$ capital, giving it the enormous banking strength of $\$ 27,794,598$. About one year ago, Nov. 27 1908, the company's surplus was $\$ 24,000,000$, undivided profits, $\$ 926,971$, which, with $\$ 1,500,000$ capital, brought its capital resources up to $\$ 26,426,971$. In the banking department the institution had $\$ 32,222,218$ deposits Nov. 16 1909 and in the trust department on the same date it held $\$ 36,461,426$ due sundry estates. The total amount of trusts under deeds of trust or mortgages to the company as trustee was $\$ 208,360,211$ and total amount of securities deposited by corporations to secure issues of collateral trust bonds was $\$ 175,518,783$. The board of directors includes men who are known nationally for their prominence in leading Pittsburgh industries, viz.: H. C. McEldowney, President; P. C. Knox, D. E. Park, W. N. Frew, G. E. Shaw, H. C.

Frick, B. F. Jones, A. W. Mellon, Vice-President; J. B. Finley, H. C. Fownes, R. B. Mellon, Henry Phipps, Thomas Lynch, J. M. Lockhart, E. C. Converse, Wm. B. Schiller, J. H. Lockhart, Thos. Morrison and J. M. Schoonmaker, Second Vice-President.
-William Zoller has been elected President of the American Deposit \& Trust Co. of Pittsburgh to fill the vacancy caused by the death of O. P. Cochran.
-W. F. B. Stewart has been elected President of the Security Title \& Trust Co. of York, Pa., succeeding Daniel F. Lafean, resigned.

- Owing to ill-health, Chas. D. Andrews has severed his connection with the Cement National Bank of Siegfried, Pa., as Cashier. On Jan. 12 A. P. Laubach, who has been a member of the board of directors since 1900; was chosen his successor.
-George B. Donavin has become President of the Security Savings Bank of Columbus, Ohio, succeeding Emery J. Smith, who retires from the presidency and the directorate.
-The Citizens' National Bank of Evansville, Ind., which was temporarily closed on Jan. 17 pending an examination of its affairs, re-opened on the 31st ult. With its reorganization, the capital stock of the institution has been increased from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 300,000$. The bank's re-opening was also made possible through the assessment of $100 \%$ on the stockholders. Allen Gray, who has been elected President of the reorganized institution, has taken $\$ 100,000$ of its stock, on the understanding, it is said, that the directors control $\$ 100,000$ more, some of the smaller stockholders having surrendered their holdings in order that the $\$ 200,000$ control might be placed with the President and directors. C. P. Bacon is First Vice-President and J. G. Johnson, who had been placed in charge of the institution at the time of its suspension, has become Second Vice-President and active manager. Frank Fuchs, formerly teller, has been made Cashier.
-Deposits in Chicago national banks at the close of business Jan. 31 show an increase of nearly seven millions over the amount disclosed by the last previous call, Nov. 16. The principal gains were shown by the First National ( $\$ 2,-$ $737,000)$ and the National Bank of the Republic ( $\$ 1,900,000$ ). The National City Bank deposits increased $\$ 1,100,000$. The total combined deposits of the First National Bank and the First Trust \& Savings Bank were $\$ 153,746,497$-a gain of nearly $\$ 6,300,000$ over their combined deposits of Nov. 16.
-It is reported that Senator Lorimer's sons, Congressman W. J. Moxley, C. B. Munday (a Southern Illinois banker) and others, in connection with powerful financial interests in New York and Washington, are organizing two new financial institutions for Chicago. Application has been made at Springfield for the incorporation of the La Salle Street Trust Co. with $\$ 1,000,000$ capital; and at Washington, it is reported, for a charter for the La Salle Street National Bank with a capital also of $\$ 1,000,000$. The old banking rooms of the Corn Exchange National in the Rookery have been leased.
-William T. Abbott, of the firm of Richter, Montgomery, Hart \& Abbott, has been elected Vice-President of the Central Trust Co. of Illinois, at Chicago, to succeed W. Irving Osborne, who resigns to become President of the proposed Commercial Trust \& Savings Bank of Chicago. Mr. Osborne is replaced on the directorate of the Central Trust Co. by Julius Kruttschnitt.
-The First National Bank of Milwaukee, Wis., has compiled an interesting comparative statement showing its resources, \&c., for a series of years ending with Dec. 31. We give below a resume of the development of this institution during this period:

| Date- |  | Capital. | .\&Pr | Deposits. | Resourc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec. 31 | 1905 | \$2,000,000 | \$403,209 | \$11,879,236 | \$14,709,996 |
| Dec. 31 | 1906 | 2,000,000 | 547,293 | 14,657,767 | 18,420,698 |
| Dec. 31 | 1907 | 2,000,000 | 650,583 | 13,563,422 | 18,481,203 |
| Dec. 31 | 1908 | 2,000,000 | 753,420 | 15,114,145 | 19,618,005 |
| Dec. 31 |  | 2,000,000 | 811,563 | 17,297,801 | 21,927,095 |

As indicated above, deposits have increased in the past four years over five millions of dollars, having advanced from $\$ 11,879,236$ to $\$ 17,297,801$; deposits during the panic year of 1907 naturally fell off a little, but they were greatly enhanced the following year. Aggregate resources in the period under review increased over seven million dollars,
being report ed at $\$ 14,709,996$ at the end of 1905 , as against $\$ 21,927,095$ at the end of 1909 . The success of the bank is, no doubt, due to its experienced management, guided by Fred. Vogel Jr., the well-known head of the institution, William Bigelow and Fred T. Goll, Vice-Presidents; Henry Kloes, Cashi er; and Oscar Kasten, A. W. Bogk and E. J. Hughes, Assistant Cashiers. W. C. Haas is manager of the foreign and savings departments.

Oanadian Bank Clearings.-The clearings of the Canadian banks for the month of January 1910 show an increase over the same month of 1909 of $27.2 \%$.

| Clearings at- | January. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1910. | 1909. | Inc. or Der. | 1908. | 1907. |
| Montreal | 175,154,089 | ${ }_{134,935,526}{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | \% ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 116,108,737 | 128, ${ }^{\mathbf{S}} 184.689$ |
| Toronto | 134,571, 415 | 116,564,080 | +15.4 | 97,973,517 | 115,920,789 |
| Winnipeg | 69,703,144 | 51,729,453 | +34.7 | 48,755,463 | 44,620,387 |
| Vancouver | 29,274,530 | 16,406,127 | +78.4 +13.0 | 13,992,301 | 13,402,453 |
| Quebec. | 9,945,298 | 9,085,776 | +9.5 | 8,676,796 | 8,191,643 |
| Halifax | 8,993,057 | 7,760,344 | +16.0 | 8,011,550 | 8,657,571 |
| Hamilton | 7,930,767 | 6,259,986 | +26.7 | 6,471,363 | 7,001,820 |
| St. John | 6,463,577 | 5,742,472 | +12.6 | 5,335,407 | 5,768,012 |
| London | 5,786,808 | 5,258,393 | +10.0 | 5,412,678 | $5,772,898$ |
| Calgary | 9,447,788 <br> $\mathbf{7}, 390$ | $5,561,296$ $4,235,476$ | +69.9 +74.5 | $4,755,986$ $4,391,095$ | 5,576,115 $\mathbf{3 , 9 0 9 , 5 0 9}$ |
| Edmuonton | 5,243,160 | $4,235,476$ $3,580,022$ | + +46.5 | 4,251,626 | $3,909,509$ $3,348,310$ |
| Regina |  | Not included | al |  |  |
| Total Canada | 484,718,036 | 381,118,717 | +27.2 | 335,939,123 | 363,302,371 |

The clearings for the week ending Jan. 29 make a very favorable comparison with the same week of 1909 , the increase in the aggregate having been $26.5 \%$.

| Clearings at- | Week ending Januar |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1910. | 1909. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inc. or } \\ & \text { Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | 1908. | 1907. |
| Montreal |  | , 36 |  |  | 331,422 |
| Toronto | 27,223,541 | 25.027,841 | 8 | 19,380,244 | 23,463,200 |
| Winnipeg- | - | 11.186,949 | +21.4 | 9,070.131 |  |
| Vancouver | $6,843,963$ 3,51959 | 3, ${ }^{3,973,781}$ | $\begin{array}{r}+72.2 \\ +19.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{2} 2,805,937$ | ${ }_{2}^{2,612,731}$ |
| Quebec.- | ${ }^{2}$ 2,095,948 | ${ }^{1} 1,925,702$ | $+8.8$ | 1,578,819 | 1,555,609 |
| Halifax | 1,924.201 | 1,717,123 | +12.1 | 1,378.093 | 1,823,829 |
| Hamilton | 1, $1,3886,381$ | 1,176,646 | +22.8 <br> +17.8 | 1,092,484 | 1, 1,043,200 |
| London | 1,124,074 | , 9332,827 | +20.6 | 877,876 | 1,133,143 |
| Calgary | 2,126,989 | 1,299,201 |  | 1,025,108 | 1,306,684 |
| Edmonton | 1,894,749 | 1, 710.505 | +25.9 | 538,262 | 887,942 |
| Regina .- | 614,163 | Not included | in total |  |  |
| Total Canada- | 105,394,364 | 83,331,867 | +26.5 | 65,607,640 | 71,885,827 |

Clearings by Telegraph-Sales of Stocks, Bonds, \&c.The subjoined table, covering clearings for the current week, usually appears on the first page of each issue, but on account of the length of the other tables is crowded out once a month. The figures are received by telegraph from other leading cities. It will be observed that, as compared with the corresponding week of 1909, there is an increase in the aggregate of $14.4 \%$. So far as the individual cities are concerned, New York exhibits a gain of $19.0 \%$; Boston, $8.6 \%$; Philadelphia, $11.9 \%$; Baltimore, $10.9 \%$; 'St. Louis, $2.9 \%$; while Chicago exhibits a loss of $8 \%$ and New Orleans a decline of $11.4 \%$.

| Returns by Telegraph-Week end. Feb. 5. | 1910. | 1909. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yoi | \$1,968,265,861 | \$1,654,569,181 | +19.0 |
| ${ }^{\text {Boston-ibu }}$ | ${ }_{\text {131,815,533 }}^{166.514,106}$ | $153,276,845$ 11796,670 |  |
| Baltimore | 19,430,620 | 26,535,155 | +10.9 |
| Chicago | 230,573,031 | 250,494, 336 | -8.0 |
| New Orleal | $60,725,909$ $16,159,755$ | $59,024,511$ $18,237,535$ | +2.9 -11.4 |
| Seven citles, 5 days Other citles, 5 days | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,603,484,815 \\ 461,274,382 \end{array}$ | \$2,279,934,233 $415,276,491$ | +14.2 +11.3 |
| Total all citles 5 All citiles, 1 day.... | \$3,064,759.197 | \$2,695,210,724 | +13.7 +18.8 +1 |
| Total all cities for week | \$3,653,757,961 | \$3,192,808,135 | +14.4 |


| Other Western Clearings brought forward from first page. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clearings at- | January. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1910. | 909 | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Inc. or } \\ \text { Dec. } \end{array}\right\|$ | 1908. | 1907. |
| Kansas Cit | 216,960,367 | ${ }_{188,953,477}^{\text {¢ }}$ | 14.8 | 625,124 |  |
| MInneapolis | 96.859,099 | 70,701,406 | +37.0 | 93,231,843 | 79,371,521 |
| Omahai- | -68,044.069 | ${ }^{571.438,768}$ | +19.0 | - ${ }_{\text {50, }}^{51,54,147}$ | - $47,96428,41$ |
| Denver- | 41,430,789 | 37,982,496 | +9.1 | 32,939,647 | 36,236,823 |
| Ses Moines | - |  | + +13.5 |  | 25,410,232 |
| Sloux City | 10,818,439 | ${ }_{10,671}$ | +1.4 | 9,246,184 | $9,487.681$ |
| Wichita | 11,076,099 | 7,468,678 | +48.0 | 5,716,774 | 6,152,955 |
| Lincoln | 6, 6 655,405 | 5,922,494 | + 13.0 | $5,288,412$ <br> 12021 |  |
| Davenpor |  | 5, 5 584,221, | +30.3 | 4, ${ }_{4}^{4,177,903}$ | 4,767,412 |
| Cedar Rapids:-.. | 5,877,172 | $4,242,987$ | +38.4 | 3,466.001 | 2,954,907 |
| Colorado Springs. |  | 3,046,473 | +9.6 | 2,786,441 | 3,411,652 |
| ${ }_{\text {Premont }}$ Pre | - $1,790.182$ | 2, | +18.2 | 1,455,102 | 1,711,633 |
| Fargo | 3,985,955 | 2,657,294 | +50.0 | ${ }^{2}$ | 2,266, 261 |
| Sloux Falls....-- | $3,879,923$ $15,582,668$ | 2,529,251 |  | 2,211,303 | 1,845,561 |
| Tot.other West | 577,107,166 | 489,114,946 | +18.0 | 443,799,843 | 424,606,453 |



Our usual monthly detailed statement of transactions on the various New York Exchanges is appended. The results for the month of January in 1910 and 1909 are given below:

| Descrip- | January 1910. |  |  | January 1909. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par Value } \\ & \text { or Quantity. } \end{aligned}$ | Acaual | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & A_{P r i c e}^{A v e r} \\ & \text { Price } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Par Value or Quantuty. | Actuas Vatue. | $\left.\right\|_{\text {Pree }} ^{\text {Pver }}$ |
| $\overline{\text { Stock } / \text { Sh's. }}$ | ,538,649 |  |  | 17,275,500 |  |  |
|  | ,255,816,7755 |  |  | \$1,69,551,575 | ,468,910 | ${ }^{96.3}$ |
| Rovit bds- | 882, 834,500 | \$79, 5688.949 | $1{ }^{\text {10.3 }}$ | \$134,837,000 | 3128,468,741 |  |
| State bds-: | \$4,038,500 | \$3,970.057 | 98.3 | \$2,858,500 | \$2,981,221 | 104 |
| Bank st'ks. | \$46,700 | \$103,847 | 22 | 84,500 | 87,140 | 158.7 |
| Total | 32,342,685, | 2,320,532,556 | 99.0 | 1,747,318,095 | 1,681,904,813 | 96.3 |

The volume of transactions in share properties on the New York Stock Exchange each month since July 1 in 1909-10 and 1908-09 is indicated in the following:

| Mr'th. | 1909. |  |  | 1908. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Number } \\ & \text { Shares. } \end{aligned}$ | Values. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \end{aligned}$ | Values. |  |
|  |  | Par. | Actual. |  | Par. | Actual. |
|  |  | $\underset{1,191,292,400}{\mathbf{s}}$ | 100,402,461 |  | 249,522,675 |  |
|  |  | 2, $277,638,050$ |  |  | 1,699,430,100 | 58, 406,183 |
| Sept | 19,981,67 | 1,771,443,700 | 1,792,407,611 | 17,582,499 | 1,557,670,87 | 1,485,649,298 |
| 5 | 57,426,423 | 5,230 | 5,194,278,366 | 50,321,32 | 4,506,623,650 | 4,034,324,962 |
| 9 mos | 156562795 | 14302.170.575 | 13876,404, | 134970765 | 11861,49 | 9,699,866,908 |
| Oct | 18,769,870 | 1,697,136,975 | 2,675,478,912 | 44,966,326 | ${ }_{2}^{1,389,941}$ | ${ }^{2}, 306,950,4878$ |
|  | 17,560,015 | 1,592,990,400 | 1,590,409,846 | 23,002,354 | 2,140,577,800 | 2,059,978,414 |
| 4thqr | 58,069,399 | 5,331,799,575 | 5,265,934,965 | 62,235,581 | 5,832,749,725 | 5,619,624,889 |
| an | 24,538,649 | ${ }_{2,255,816,775}^{1910}$ | 2,236,641,564 | 7,275,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 1900 \\ 09,551,575] \end{array}$ | $1,550,409,801$ |

The following covers clearings by months since July 1 1909:

| Month. | Clearings, Total Alu. |  |  | Clearings Outside New York. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1909. | 1908. | \% | 1909. | 1908. | \% |
| July -- | 13,450.296,601 | 11,083,067,658 | +21.4 |  |  |  |
| Aug -- | 13,494,088,282 | 10,258,939,077 | +21.5 | 4,807,150,872 | 4,464,979,899 | +14. |
| Sept.- | 13,523,716,649 | 11,123,659,566 | +21.6 | 5,045,339,702 | 4,341,175,951 | +15.3 |
| 3d qr- | 40,468,101,532 | 32,465,666,301 | +24.7 | 14,983,545,427 | 12,839,981,319 | +16 |
| 9 mos- | 119152,606.208 | 92,876,964,107 | +28.3 | 44,586,524,891 | 45 |  |
| Oct | 15,851,214,417 | 12,146,793,193 | +30.4 | 5,798,872,871 | 4,912,521,420 | +18.0 |
| Nov | 14,761,814,837 | 12,990,265,305 | +13.6 | 5,698,238,183 | 4,799,242,503 | +18.7 |
| Dec | 15,843,243,961 | 14,394,826,531 | +10.1 | 5,936,505,156 | 5,128,540,012 | +15 |
| 4th qr. | 46,456,273,215 | 39,531,885,029 | +17.5 | 17,433,616,211 | 14,840,303,935 | +17 |
| Jan | $\frac{1910}{17,136,944,530}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1909 .{ }^{\circ} \\ 14,047,990,538 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ +22.0 \end{array}$ | $\frac{1910 .}{5,887,868,549}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1909 . \\ 5,163,690,843 \end{gathered}$ | $+1$ |

The course of bank clearings at leading cities of the country for the month of January in each of the last eight years is shown in the subjoined statement:

BANK CLEARINGS AT LEADING CITIES IN JANUARY. (0000.000
omited.

## New Yo Chicago Boston

 Philadelphia St. LoulsPittsburgh Pittsburgh Baltimore CincinnatiKansas
Cleveland
Minneapo Minneapolis New Orl
Detrolt
Loulsilil Doulsovill
Omaha Omaha
Provide Providence Los Angele Butalo
St. Paul St. Paul
Denver
ndiana
Denver ---
ndianapolis
Richmond
Memphis
Seattle
Seattle...-
Bartford
Hatity
Total



DEBT STATEMENT JANUARY 311910.
The following statements of the public debt and Treasury cash holdings of the United States are made up from official figures issued Jan. 31 1910. For statement of Dec. 31 1909, see issue of Jan. 22 1910, page 213; that of Jan. 31 1909, see Feb. 6 1909, page 350.
interest-bearing debt january 311910.


Aggregate int.-bearing debt--1,091,090,190
Note.-Denominations of bonds are: $\frac{20,50}{864,475,000} \overline{48,842,490} \frac{30,00,000}{913,317,490}$ Note.-Denominations of bonds are:
Of $\$ 20$, loan of 1908 , coupon and reg
Of $\$ 20$, all 1 of 1908 , coupon and registered.
Of $\$ 500$ all inse except 3 s of 1908 ; of $\$ 100$, all issues.
of $\$ 500$ all
Of $\$ 500$, all issues; of $\$ 1,000$, all issues.
Of $\$ 5,000$, all registered $2 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}$ and 4 s ; of $\$ 10,000$, all registered bonds.
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY
Funded loan of 1891 , continued at $2 \%$, called May 18 Dec. $31 . \quad$ Jan. 31.

 Refunding certificates, matured July $11907-\cdots$

909,135 26
$1,321,650$
17,310
00
subsequent to Jan. 11861 ...........................
909,135 26

United States notes. DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

 53,28250
$28,447,72200$
$6,859,712$
Aggregate debt bearing no interest.
$\overline{\$ 382,041,73278}$
RECAPITULATION.
Classification-
Interest-bearing d
Interest-bearing debt.
$\underset{\$ 913,317,490}{ } \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Dan. } \\ \text { Dec. } 31191909 . \\ \$ 913,317,490 .\end{gathered}$ Debt bearing no interest

Total gross debt-.......-
Cash balance in Treasury
Total net debt $\qquad$


Increase
Decrease (
( - )
or

## -- $\mathbf{\$ 4 3 , 4 3 0} 00$

| 1,$460 ; 81900$ |
| :--- |
| 088,00202 |

* Including $\$ 150,000,000$ reserve fund.

The foregoing figures show a gross debt on Jan. 31 o $\$ 1,297,681,51804$ and a net debt (gross debt less net cash in the Treasury) of $\$ 1,066,720,65437$.

TREASURY CASH AND DEMAND LIABILITIES.The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood January 31 are set out in the following:

| AS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ld | 866,808,869 00 |  |
| Silver | 484,665,000 00 |  |
| Sliver dollars | 3,894,000 00 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Treasury notes of } 1890- & 384,894,000 \\ 00\end{array}$ |
| Total trust fund General Fund Holda | ,355,367,869 00 | Total trust liabilities_1,355,367,869 00 Gen. Fund Liabilities |
| Gold coin and bul | 19,639,274 35 | Nationa |
| Gold certincates | 50,617,490 00 | Outstan |
| Sliver certincat | 10,624,977 00 | drafts .-.-.-.-.-.-. 14,070,958 59 |
| Silver dollars | 6,258,733 00 | Disbursing officers bal- 14,070,058 |
| Sllver bullion | 3,264,382 22 |  |
| Treasury note of 189 | 8,402,096 00 | Post Office account |
| National bank netes | 37,293,443 76 |  |
| Fractional silv | 19,703,482 77 |  |
| Fractional currency | $\begin{aligned} & 18301 \\ & 1,167.88875 \end{aligned}$ | Total gen' liabilities. 129,106,658 88 |

Minor coin
Bua
Tot. In Sub-Treas' ies.
In Nat. Bank Deposita Credit Treasurer of U. S.
Credit U. S. dis. officers
Total in banks $48,353,94178$ Credit Treasurer of U.S.
Total in Philippines.. Reserve Fund Holdings-
,715,435,391 55
RY CURRENCY HOLDINGS.-The following compilation, based on official Government statements, shows the currency holdings of the Treasury on the first of Novem ber and December, 1909, and January and February, 1910. Statements of corresponding dates in previous years will be found in our issue of Feb. 61909 , page 350.

TREASURY NET HOLDINGS.

| Holdings in Sub-Treasuries- Nov. $\mathbf{\$}^{1}$ '09. | Nov. 1 '09. Dec. 1 '09. Jan. 1 '10. Feb. 1 '10. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net gold coin and bullion.-....-254,735 | 250,567,638 | 241,989,339 | 220,256,764 |
| Net silver coin and bullion.....- $12,113,630$ | 12,393,467 | 18,141,817 | 20,148,092 |
| Net United States Treasury notes 1 12,465 | 4,530 | 8,162 | 9,751 |
| Net-legal-tender notes .-.-.---- $4,501,054$ | 4,459,267 | 7,814,753 | 8,402,096 |
| Net national bank notes-------- 17,944,644 | 17,709,371 | 23,240,419 | 37,293,444 |
| Net fractional sllver-.------.-- 17,952,453 | 15,963,589 | 15,832,549 | 19,703,483 |
| Minor coin, \&c.--------------- 1,534,522 | 1,249,293 | 1,069,470 | 1,174,066 |
| Total cash in Sub-Treasuries - 308,794,235 | 302,347,155 | 308,096,509 | 306,987,696 |
| Less gold reserve fund..-------150,000,000 | 150,000,000 | 150,000,000 | 150,000,000 |
| Cash bal. In Sub-Treasuries . . $158,794,235$ | 152,347,155 | 158,096,509 | 156,987,696 |
| Cash in national banks...-.-...- 49,497,654 | 49,069,718 | 47,926,877 | 48,353,942 |
| Cash in Phillppine Islands..-.-- 6,107,046 | 5,863,02 | 5,631,184 | 4,725,885 |
| Net Cash In banks, Sub-Treas_214,398,935 De luct current liabliti'ts_a_ .-. $125,295,857$ | $\begin{aligned} & 207,279,897 \\ & 125,344,772 \end{aligned}$ | $211,654,570$ $127,065,704$ | 210, |
| Avallable cash balance. -.....- 89,103,079 | 81,935,125 | 84,048,866 | 80,960,864 |
| Chiefly "disburs |  | $32$ | er bullion, |

## 

[From our own correspondent.]
London, Saturday, January 291910.
The stock markets throughout the week have been dul and lifeless, chiefly because the elections this week have been much less favorable to the Unionists than the Stock Exchange had hoped. Last week the Unionist gains were large and the City flattered itself that they would continue, and would so reduce the Government majority that it would be impossible for it to effect its policy with regard to the House of Lords and to carry its Budget without material modifications. This week the Unionist gains have been very much smaller than was anticipated, and it now looks as if the Liberalsalone -without reckoning either Labor members or the Irish Nationalists-will be equal to, or perhaps slightly superior in numbers to the Opposition. If that be so, the Government in all reasonable probability will attempt to carry out its policy. Of course it is possible that the King may refuse to promise to create, if necessary, enough of Peers to carry the Government policy through the House of Lords. But while the King's dislike of such a promise is natural and everywhere respected, the possibility of persisting in the refusal will depend upon his being able to find some statesman who will succeed not only in forming a Cabinet but in attracting to it such support as will bear down the united strength of the Liberals, the Labor members and the Irish Nationalists.

There is hence a general unwillingness to engage in new risks. There has been, however, no material fall except in the American department, and there markets have followed New York without attempting any initiative of their own. Undoubtedly the fluctuations in New York have helped to accentuate the quietness of London. The floods in Paris have, likewise, had the same effect. And the probability is that markets now generally throughout Europe will continue weak, or at all events inactive, for a considerable time. In Paris there are preparations going on for a number of loans of all kinds. But they have not advanced sufficiently to settle either the amounts or the prices at which they will be brought out. Indeed, in several cases it is not certain that the negotiating parties will be able to come to an agreement However, there is talk of a Brazilian loan, a Servian loan, a Hungarian loan, and so on, in Paris. The Hungarian loan for 500 million francs has been put off; but it is understood that the French bankers will be willing to reopen negotia that the French bankers will be willing to reopen negotia
tions whenever the political situation in Hungary seems to tions whenever the political situation in Hungary seems to
justify it. Here in London preparations are being made justify it. Here in London preparations are being made
for a number of new issues also. But they are held back until the result of the elections is known. Possibly they may be held back even until it is understood whether the Government will be able to carry out its policy towards the House of Lords.

Money, in the meantime, is easy, but as it is believed that Mr. Lloyd-George's Budget will have to be accepted for the financial year ending with the 31st of March, the general expectation is that the collection of the revenue will now proceed at such a rate that the Bank of England will soon obtain control of the open market. As Parliament will not meet until the 15 th of February, as the swearing in of members and other formalities will take about a week, and as negotiations between the Prime Minister and the King may take a considerable further time, it is clear that there will be no opportunity to frame a new Budget, and therefore most people recognize that it will be incumbent upon Parliament to pass Mr. Lloyd-George's Budget for this year. Next year the Budget may be fought as bitterly as the one has been which now seems likely to be accepted

The India Council offered for tender on Wednesday 80 lacs and the applications exceeded $8641 / 2$ lacs at prices ranging from $1 \mathrm{~s} .41-32 \mathrm{~d}$. to $1 \mathrm{~s} .43-32 \mathrm{~d}$. per rupee. Applicants for bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. and for telegraphic transfers at $41-16 \mathrm{~d}$. per rupee were allotted about $7 \%$ of the amounts applied for, and above in full.
The following returns show the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, \&c., compared with the last four years:
$\qquad$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Clear.-house returns } 238,256,000 & 223,685,000 & 220,047,000 & 216,570,000 & 289,938,000\end{array}$
The rates for money have been as follows:


The bank rates of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities have been as follows:


Messrs. Pixley \& Abell write as follows under date of Jan. 27:
GOLD.-The Bank of England has secured about $£ 200,000$ out of this week's requirements. During the week Paris has taken $£ 160,000$ in sovereigns, and more $£ 50,000$ for the Argentine and $£ 5,000$ for Gibraltar, while $£ 41,000$ has been set aside or the Stralts Scttlements notes and gold reserve. The Bank has so far recelve arrive next week, of which. $£ 1,032,000$ is from South Africa, and it is probable that a arge portion of this will be retained in London. The gold production of the worid or 1909 is estimated by the "New York Engineering and Mining Journal", at £92,vail accounts for one million, Mexico for one and a half, and Russia for over one and quarter millions. Arrivals- South Africa, $£ 439,000$;' West Africa, $£ 43,000$; West
Indies, $£ 18,000 ;$ total, $£ 500,000$. Shipments-Bombay, $£ 149,750$; Calcutta, $£ 53$, SILVER. -There 24 3-16d.. the price to-day is again $241 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$., or the same as last week. The only eature of interest has been that China has taken the place ng, and had it not been for their sales, the Chinese purchases would no doubt have had more effect, as America has not been a free seller. Advices from China repor o improvement in the import trade and siver is reported to be a considerable position open in China for a fall in exchange, which will prove a source of strength later on. The dally ofitake in Bombay is said to be less, but stocks still show larg ecreases, and are 000 is due to arrive there, at the and of this week. As China tIll an unsatisfled buyer, the position of the market remains good, although move ments will probably be narrow. The price in India is Rs. $611-16$ per 100 tolahs. rrivals-New York, $£ 230,000$; West Indies, $£ 6,000$; Calcutta, $£ 55,000$; Port Sald £1,500; total, £111,500.

The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:
The quotations for bulion are reported as follows. Jan. 20.
GOLD.
 Bar gold, fine, oz-German gold coin, oz

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the season to date, compared with previous seasons.

|  | 1 I |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twenty-one weeks. |  | 19,113,500 | 35,931,900 | 33,943,000 |
| po | 2,547,800 | 12,235,700 | 14,452, 200 | 11,905,300 |
| Oats | 7,892,400 | 5,102,000 | 4,194,800 | 4,841,800 |
|  | 988,277 | 669,000 | 908,420 | 933,470 |
| Bea | 1,548,380 | 672,170 | 573,540 | 464,850 |
| dian c | 16,183,500 | 15,498,100 | 19,798,000 | 20,335,800 |
| Flour | 5,851,900 | 5,602,200 | 6,392,800 | 6,013.200 |
| Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stock on |  |  |  |  |
| September 1): |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1909-10 | 1908-09 | 1907-08. | 1906-07.0 |
| Wheat import | 52,435,840 | $\begin{array}{r} 35,113.500 \\ 5,602,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35,931,900 \\ 6,392,800 \end{array}$ | $33,943,000$ $6,013,200$ |
| Smports or home-gr | 12,785,317 | 15,171,728 | 14,293,072 | 12,236,733 |
| Total | 61,073,057 | 55,887,428 | 56,617,772 | 52,192,933 |
| Average price of wh | 33s. 9d. | 33 s . 2 d . | 35 s . 6d. | 268. 1 ld |
| Average price, sea | s. | 318. 10d. | 34s. 3d. | 26s. 3d. |
| The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and |  |  |  |  |
| maize afloat to the United Kingdom: |  |  |  |  |
|  | This woek. | Last week. | 190 | 1908. |
| heat | qrs - 2,645,000 | 2,510,000 | 2,175,000 |  |
| Maize | qrs- 200,000 | 195000 670,00 | 165,000 435,000 | 295,000 |

## English Financial Markets-Per Cable

The daily closing quotations for securities, \&c., at London as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week: Week ending Feb. 4. silver, per oz
Consols, new French rentes (in Paris) -Amalgamated Copper Co and
Atch. Topeka \& Santa $\mathrm{Fe}_{-}-1193 / 4$ Paitimore Canadlan Paciñc-:Chicago Milwaukee \& Denver \& R
Preferred Erle --1rst preferredLlinois Central Moulsville \& Nashivilie Preferred
Nat. RR. of Mexico N. Y. Central \& Hud. Riv Norfolk \& Wester Preferred
Northern Pacific
Pennsylvania. a First preferred. $a$ second preferre Southern Pacific Southern Rallway. Preterred
nion Pacific
Unlon Pacin
U. S. Steeel Corporation. Wabash .

Preferred


> N-MNM

(Hommextal and zeistexameoxscex
GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES. Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers to-day the details of Government receipts and disbursements for the month of January. From previous returns we obtain the figures for previous months, and in that manner complete the statement for the seven months of the fiscal years 1909-10 and 1908-09. For statement of January 1909, see issue of Feb. 6 1909, page 353.

GOVER

| (000s omitted.) | 1909-10. |  |  |  | 1908-09. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | 7 Mos . | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | 7 M |
| Receipts- | , | \% | 5 | 5 | , | ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | \$ | ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| Customs | 25,637 | 27,052 | 25,731 | 193,587 | 24,294 | 24,058 | 24,058 | 161,771 |
| Internal reven | 22,551 | 26,174 | 20,250 | 157,279 | 21,104 | 24,412 | 17,757 | 147,261 |
| Miscellaneous | 3,539 | 3,742 | 4,341 | 26,335 | 4,510 | 2,728 | 4,444 | 28,733 |
| Total receipt | 51,727 | 56,968 | 50,322 | 377,201 | 49,908 | 51,198 | 46,259 | 337,765 |
| Disbursements- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civil and miscellaneous | 14,026 | 15,073 | 15,025 | 100,768 | 14,439 | 14,214 | 13,338 | 99,543 |
| War | 13,518 | 14,096 | 12,072 | 100,829 | 14,184 | 17,201 | 10,632 | 100,792 |
| Navy | 11,030 | 10,323 | 10,413 | 74,037 | 11.368 | 10,237 | 9,109 | 67,605 |
| Indians | 1,355 | 734 |  | 8,625 | 1,956 | 1,723 | 944 | 10,614 |
| Pensions | 15,185 | 13,341 | 11,645 | 94,745 | 14,791 | 13,951 | 11,847 | 93,927 |
| Postal deficlency---.--b |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on public debt | 1,982 | 2,117 | 3,271 2,824 | 13,978 | 2,220 | 163 3,843 | 3,277 3,991 | 14,070 18,201 |
| Total disbursements Less repayment of unexpended balances.- | 60,245 | 56,840 | 56,150 | 424,016 | 60,998 | 61,332 | 59,138 | 421,752 |
|  | 778 | 1,484 | 1,278 | 2,034 | 56 | 1,103 |  | 1,636 |
|  | 59,467 | 55,356 | 54,872 | 421,982 | 60,342 | 60,229 | 59,138 | 420,116 |

Note.-December 1908 recelpts do not include $\$ 30,731,008$ proceeds of Panama
BANK NOTES-CHANGES IN TOTALS OF, AND IN DEPOSITED BONDS, \&c.-We give below tables which show all the monthly changes in bank notes and in bonds and legal tenders on deposit. The statement for January 1909 will be found in our issue for Feb. 6 1909, page 352.

| 1909-10. | Bonds and Legal-Tenders on Deposil for |  | Circulation Afloat Under- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bonds. | LegalTenders. | Bonds. | LegalTenders. | Total. |
| Jan. 31 | 681,518,900 | $\underset{46,363,455}{\text { S }}$ | $\underset{630,309,637}{\$}$ | ${ }_{46,363,455}^{\text {\% }}$ |  |
| Dec. 31 | 683,437,240 | 26,952,730 | 683,401,523 | 26,952,730 | 710,354,253 |
| Nov. 30 | 681,689,370 | 26,438,190 | 680,995,267 | 26,438,190 | 707,433.457 |
| Oct. 30 | 679.545,740 | 25.595,793 | 678,344,963 | 25,595,793 | 703,940,756 |
| Sept. 30 | 676,386,040 | 26,776,066 | 676,031,393 | 26,776.066 | 702,807,459 |
| Jug. 31 | 672,925,700 | 26,581,779 | 667,503,731 | 25,581,778 | 693,845,474 |
| June 30 | 660,689,070 | 270,243,666 | 659,673,408 | 30.246,666 | 689,920,074 |
| May 31 | 657,972,970 | 31,314,847 | 656,268,268 | 31,914,847 | 688,183,115 |
| april 30 | 653,901.910 | 34,243.657 | 653,164,570 | 34.243,657 | 687,408.227 |
| Mch. 31-. | 651.267.130 | 38,265.225 | 646,142,390 | 38.265.225 | 684.407.615 |
| Feb. 28. | 640,769,140 | 42,696,715 | 635,588,885 | 42,696.715 | 678,285.600 |

The following shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositories on Jan. 31

| Bonds on Deposil Jan. 311910. | U. S. Bonds Held Jan. 31 to Secure- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank Circulation. | PublicDeposits in Banks. | Total Held. |
| 4\% Loan of 1925 | 16,057,150 | 4,040,100 | 20,097,250 |
| 3\% Loan of 1903-1918 | 14,576,340 | 3,867,500 | 18,443,840 |
| $2 \%$ Consois of 1930 | 573,940,150 | 26,422,600 | 600,362,750 |
| 2\% Panama of 1936 | 50,549,580 | 2,858,000 | 53,407,580 |
| 2\% Panama of 1938 | 26,395,680 | 1,722,000 | 28,117,680 |
| $4 \%$ Philppine Loans. |  | 4,873,000 | 4,873,000 |
| $3.65 \%$ District of Colu |  | ${ }_{847,000}$ | 935,000 |
| Territory of Hawall. |  | 847000 680,000 | 880,000 |
| $4 \%$ Philippine Rallway |  | 136,000 | 136,000 |
| State, City and Railroad |  | 3,012,000 | 3,012,000 |
| Total | 681,518,900 | 49,393,200 | 730,912,100 |

National Banks.-The following information regarding national banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

APPLICATIONS TO CONVERT INTO NATIONAL BANKS
The Dexter Horton \& Co., Bankers, Seattle, Wash., into "The Dexter Horton Narmers' State Bank of La Moure, N. Dak., into "The Farmers" National Bank of La Moure." Capital, $\$ 50,000$ Inc., Troutville, Va., Into "The First National Bank of Troutville." Capital The Farmers' State Bank of Glasgow, Ky., into "The Farmers' Nationa Bank of Glasgow." Capital, $\$ 75,000$.

NATIONAL BANKS ORGANIZED
January 22.
9,644-The First National Bank of Belfast, N. Y. Capital, $\$ 25,000$ H. B. Van Fleet, President; Henry W. Loomis, Vice-President; CHANGE OF TITLE.
3,484-The National Bank of White River Junction, Vt., to "The First 7,796-The National Bank of St. Petersburg, Fla., to "The Central Na

LIQUIDATIONS
4,227-The Somerset County NQtional Bank of Somerset, Pa., Jan. 201910.




## DIVIDENDS.

The following shows all the dividends announced for the future by large or important corporations:
Dividends announced this week are printed in italics.


Auction Sales.-Among other securities the following, not egularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction. By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Son:

 \$1,000 Pas Bonds A. \& O. Oct. 1908 coupon on_ $\$ 11$ Co. coll. trust 6s, 1956, J. \& $J$.

 s3.000 BKI.jn. Bath \& West End
RR. gen. 58,1933 ,

Statement of New York Oity Olearing-House Banks.-The detailed statement below shows the condition of the New York Clearing-House banks for the week ending Jan. 29 The figures for the separate banks are the averages of the daily results. In the case of the totals, the actual figures at the end of the week are also given.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Banks. } \\ & \text { 00s omitied. } \end{aligned}$ | Captal. | Surplus. | Loans: Average. | Specie. <br> Average | Legats. A verage | Deposits. Average. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Ree } \\ & \text { Ree }\end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ban | $2,000,0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Manhattan }}{\text { Merchants }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanics' -- | 3, 200000 | $1,693,7$ $3,851,2$ | 185,714,0 |  |  | 18,9 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {A }}$ America | 1,500,0 |  |  |  | 2,042 | ${ }_{25}^{26}$ | . 8 |
| ${ }_{\text {clty }}$ | 25,000 | 28,853,0 | 171,377,0 | 45,465, | 5.815,0 |  |  |
| Merchants ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,000,0 | 6,183,0 | 27,585,8 | ${ }^{4.411 .5}$ | 2,315,9 |  |  |
| Gallatin | 1,000,0 | 2,443,1 | 8.37 | 1,239,6 | 433,4 | 6,593 |  |
| Greenwich | 500,0 | ${ }_{777,4}^{153}$ |  |  | -7,6 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Amer. Exch }}$ | ${ }^{5} 5.000$ | 5,095,1 | 28,7 | 3,855,1 | 2,059,0 | 22,109,6 |  |
| Mercantile | 3,000,0 | 1,570,8 | 141,046, | ${ }^{22,01}$ | 9,454,0 | 119 |  |
| Pacific |  | 8897, | $4,064,0$ | ${ }^{618}$ | 462,1 | 10,68 | 7 |
| People |  | 477,5 | 7,891,5 |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Citizens }}{ }^{\text {chanorer }}$ | 3,000 2,550 | ${ }_{1}^{11,101,1}$ | 63,501,0 | 12,304,7 | 7.71 |  |  |
| Nassau | 500 |  | 6,456,3 | 5,135,9 | 1,148,7 |  |  |
| Metropol | 2,000,0 | 1, $1,6629.9$ | ${ }_{12}^{8,}$ | ${ }^{1,047,2}$ | 1, ${ }^{1,51,5}$ |  |  |
| Corn Exchan | 3,000,0 | 5,254.1 | 42,94 | 7,948 | 4,906,0 | ${ }_{50,613}^{12,14}$ |  |
| Park | 1, 1,50000 | 7,594, $9,912,5$ | $25,675,0$ 81,0160 | ${ }_{21,644}$ | 2, 25 | ${ }^{23,2}$ |  |
| East |  | 105 | 1,589,4 | 433 , | 111 |  |  |
| Second | 1,000,0 | 1,899,3 | ${ }_{12,440,0}^{22,039}$ | 6,63,0 2, | 53 | ${ }_{12}^{27,5}$ |  |
| Irving E | $10,000,0$ 2,000 | 19,808,6 | 107,359,6 | 26,689, | 149 | 101,5 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Bowe }}$ | 250,0 |  | 3,554, | ${ }^{4,693}$ | ${ }_{58,0}$ |  |  |
| Nerman-Am | 750,0 | 1,642,4 | 4, ${ }^{5} 5$ | 1,839 | 669 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Chase }}$ Fith | 5,000,0 | 7,040,4 | 67,545,4 | 22,072 | 4,176, | ${ }_{79,71}^{4,71}$ |  |
| German Exch | 200,0 | 2,894,0 | 13,62 | 2,567 |  | 15.0 |  |
| Germanta | 1 | 1,006,5 |  | 777, | 486 | ${ }_{5,2}^{4,}$ |  |
| Garith | 1,000,0 | 1,147, 1 | 7,737,2 | 1,913,5 | ${ }_{296}^{975}$ |  |  |
| Metrop | 1,2000 |  | ${ }^{3,427,6}$ | 600,3 |  | 3,59 |  |
| West Stid |  | 1,139,0 | 4,247,0 | ${ }_{978,0}$ | , 249 |  |  |
| Liberty | 1, | 2,704,4 | 17 | 4.109,0 | 1,1 |  |  |
| N. Y, Prod | 1.00000 | ${ }^{7} 705$, |  | 2 | -151,9 | ${ }_{8,81}^{17,81}$ |  |
| 14th Street | 1,000,0 | - ${ }_{334,5}^{863,0}$ | ${ }_{5}^{13,}$ | 4.1 | 29 | 17,2 |  |
| Coal \& Iron | $3.000,0$ 1,000 |  |  |  | 412,4 | 25,64 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 656,0 |  |  |
|  | 28,350,0 | 181,012,1 |  | 69,814,0 | 74, | 1240,711 | 27.7 |
| Actual figures | Jan. 29-- |  | 1225,397, | 271,543,6 | 73,405,3 | 249 | 27.6 |


The State Banking Department also now furnishes weekly returns of the State banks and trust companies under its charge. These returns cover all the institutions of this class in the whole State, but the figures are compiled so as to distinguish between the results for New York City (Greater New York) and those for the rest of the State, as per the following:

STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES.

| Week ended Jan. 29. | State Banks in Greater $N . Y$. | Trust Cos. in Greater $\boldsymbol{N} . \boldsymbol{Y}$ | State Banks outside of Greater $\boldsymbol{N} . \boldsymbol{Y}$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trust Cos. } \\ & \text { outside of } \\ & \text { Greater } N . Y \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capltal as of Nov. 16 | 26,075,000 | 63,425,000 | 8,758,000 | $\overline{8}$ |
| Surplus as of Nov. 16 | 38,586,700 | 167,632,400 | 10,719,766 | 0,652,956 |
| Loans and investments.Change from last week. | $\begin{array}{r} 296,340,400 \\ -2,180,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,057,212,300 \\ -5,137,800 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90,213,400 \\ +257,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 134,170,600 \\ -67,400 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 50,910,900 \\ +1,874,800 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 116,177,300 \\ +477,600 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Legal-tenders \& bk. notes Change from last week. | $\begin{array}{r} 25,067,500 \\ -610,800 \end{array}$ | $12,598,300$ $-909,800$ |  |  |
| Deposits Change from last week- | $\begin{array}{r} 340,824,500 \\ -1,284,400 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|r} 1,115,339,400 \\ +5,238,200 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93,827,400 \\ -589,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140,557,100 \\ -124,600 \end{array}$ |
| Reserve on deposits.....- Change from last week. | $\begin{array}{r} 93,595,300 \\ +1,539,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 133,841,400 \\ -694,900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,055,800 \\ -339,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,474,400 \\ -239,800 \end{array}$ |
| P. C. reserve to deposits.Percentage last week- | $\begin{aligned} & 27.9 \% \\ & 27.4 \% \end{aligned}$ | $15.8 \%$ 15.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.8 \% \\ & 20.2 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.0 \% \\ & 13.2 \% \end{aligned}$ |

+ Increase over last week. - Decrease from last week.
Note.- "Surplus" Includes all undivided profits. "Reserve on deposits" in-
cludes, for both trust companies and State banks, not only cash due from reserve agents. Trust companles in New York State are required by
law to keep a reserve proportionate to ther to location as shown below. The to their deposits, the ratlo varying according the aggregate of deposits, excluslve of moneys held in trust and not computed on sented by certificaltes, and alliso exclusive of deposits pecured wy bithin 30 dayse within
of repreof New York The State banks are likewise required to keep a reserve varying according to location, but in this case the reserve is computed on the whole amount
of deposits, exclusive of deposits secured by bonds of the State of of deposits, exclusive of deposits secured by bonds of the State of New York.


The Banking Department also undertakes to present separate figures indicating the totals for the State banks and trust companies in the Greater New York not in the Clearing House. These figures are shown in the table below, as are also the results (both actual and average) for the ClearingHouse banks. In addition, we have combined each corresponding item in the two statements, thus affording an aggregate for the whole of the banks and trust companies in the Greater New York.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES

| Week ended Jan. 29. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Clear.-House } \\ \text { Banks. } \\ \text { Actual'igures } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Clear.-House } \\ \text { Ranks. } \\ \text { Average. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | State Banks \& Trust Cos.not in C.-H. Aver. | Total of all Banks \& Trus Cos. Average. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital as of Nov. 16-- | $\stackrel{\$}{8}$ | $\stackrel{s}{\mathbf{S}}, \mathbf{3 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\underset{5}{\mathbf{s}}$ | $\stackrel{\substack{\boldsymbol{S} \\ 01,9000}}{ }$ |
| S | 181,012,100 | 0 | 176,431,300 | 357,443,400 |
| Loans and investments Change from last week | $\begin{array}{r} 1,225,397,300 \\ +10,650,000 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 1,218,476,900 \\ +17,486,200 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,150.962,400 \\ -6,724,700 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,369,439,300 \\ +\mathbf{1 0 , 7 6 1 , 5 0 0} \end{array}$ |
| Deposits $\qquad$ Change from last week | $\begin{array}{r} 1,249,086,800 \\ +17,713,200 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 1,240,711,800 \\ +27,004,400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} a 1,105,006,300 \\ -6,606,100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,345,718,100 \\ +20,398,300 \end{array}$ |
| Specie Change from last week | $\begin{aligned} & 271,543,600 \\ & +6,684,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 269,814,000 \\ +10,087,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 122,567,100 \\ +328,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 392,381,100 \\ +10,415,700 \end{array}$ |
| Legal-tenders $\qquad$ Change from last week | $\begin{array}{r} 73,405,300 \\ -441,300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 74,026,700 \\ -72,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} b 20,958,600 \\ -971,900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94,985,300 \\ -1,043,900 \end{array}$ |
| Aggr'te money holdings Change from last week | $\begin{aligned} & 344,948,900 \\ & +6,243,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 343,840,700 \\ +10,015,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} c 143,525,700 \\ -643,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 487,366,400 \\ +9,371,800 \end{array}$ |
| Money on deposit with other bks. \& trust cos. Change from last week |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 20,050,100 \\ -218,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,080,100 \\ -218,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total reserve Change from last week | $\begin{aligned} & 344,948,900 \\ & +6,243,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 343,840,700 \\ +10,015,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 163,585,800 \\ -861,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 507,426,500 \\ +9,153,800 \end{array}$ |
| Percentage to depos:ts requiring reserve Percentage last week-- | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 7 . 6 5 \%} \\ & \mathbf{2 7 . 5 2 \%} \end{aligned}$ | 27,74\% $\mathbf{2 7 , 5 3 \%}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.1 \% \\ & 17.0 \% \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Surplus reserve | 32,677,20) | 33,662,750 |  |  |

+ Increase over last week. - Decrease from list week.
a These are the deposits after eliminating tue tiem "c
and other banks and trust companies in New York City from reserve depositories deposits amounted to $\$ 1.225,811,900$, an increase of $\$ 3,217,100$ over last week In the case of the Clearing-Houss banks, the deposits are "net"' booth for the average and the actual figures. $b$ Includes bank notes. cof this amount State banks held
$\$ 14,750,100$ and trust companies $\$ 128,775,600$.

The averages of the New York Clearing-House banks combined with those for the State banks and trust companies in Greater New York outside of the Clearing House compare as follows for a series of weeks past:

COMBINED RESULTS OF BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES IN
GREATER NEW YORK.

| Week Ended. | Loans and Investments | Deposits. | S,recie. | Lejals. | Tot. Money Holdings. | Entire Res. on Deposit. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2.381,234,4 | 2,296,068.3 |  |  | 9,999,1 |  |
| Dec. 11 -- | 2,371,455,0 | 2.287,814;6 | 348,630,4 | 911,157,5 | 439,787,9 | 461,271,6 |
| Dec. 18.- | 2,381.734.9 | 2.306,845,1 | 352,494,6 | 93,113,6 | 445,603,2 | 467,258,3 |
| Dec. 24-- | 2,400,207.6 | 2,327,891,3 | 356,082,2 | 91,085,3 | 447,16x.5 | 468,252,6 |
| Jan. ${ }^{\text {Dec.- }}$ | 2.301.5957, ${ }^{2}$ | 2,326,424, ${ }_{2}$ | 354,160 | $89,809,7$ 918150 | $443,970,3$ 446769 | 468,8825 |
| Jan. 15-- | 2,356,308,2 | 2,318,525,2 | 367,916,2 | 96,164,1 | 464,080,3 | 484,929,8 |
| Jan. 22.- | 2,358,677,8 | 2.325,319,8 | 381,965,4 | 96,029,2 | 477,994,6 | 498,272.7 |
| Jan. 29. | 2,369,439,3 | 2,345,718,1 | 392,381,1 | 94,985,3 | 487,366,4 | 507,426,5 |

Reports of Non-Member Banks.-The following is the statement of condition of the non-member banks for the week ending Jan. 29, based on average daily results:

We omit tuo ciphers ( 00 ) in all thesefigures.

| Banks. | Capital. | Sur- | Loans, Disc'ts and Investments. | Specie. | Legal Tender and Bank Notes. | Deposit with |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Deposits. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Clear- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { Agent. } \end{gathered}$ | Other <br> Banks, \&c. |  |
| N. Y. City |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boroughs of <br> Man. \& Brx. |  |  |  |  |  |  | s |  |
| Wash. Hgts | 100.0 | 247.4 | 1,170,0 | 144,0 | 52,0 | 97,0 | $\bigcirc$ | 1,180,0 |
| Century - | 2000 | 151,8 | 1,436,8 | 27,8 | 146,6 | 68,5 | 126.9 | 1,522,4 |
| ${ }_{\text {Colonial }}$ Columbia | 400,0 300,0 | 311,0 | 5,142,5 $\mathbf{6 , 2 0 4 , 0}$ | 751,9 | 465,7 554,0 | 656,2 813,0 | 204,1 | 6,604,8 |
| Fidelity | 200,0 | 159,3 | 1,038,7 | 118,8 | 64,3 | 89,8 |  | 1,079,3 |
| Jefferson.-- | 500,0 | 586,9 | 3,440,8 | 13,9 | 521,0 | 161,5 | 281,1 | 3,469,8 |
| Mt. Morrls - | 250 | 287.6 | ${ }_{3}^{2,404,}$ | 435,4 | 29,7 | 349,1 | 74,9 | 3,083,3 |
| Mutual | 200,0 | 328,5 | 3,547,5 | 29,0 | 578,5 | 503,7 | 5,2 | 4,199,2 |
| Plaza ${ }^{\text {Pa }}$ - | 100,0 200,0 | 103,9 | 4,043,0 $1,733,0$ | 326,0 | 449,0 51 | 475,0 |  | 4,764,0 |
| Un.Ex.Nat. | 1,000,0 | 959,3 | 8,355,4 | 1,081,6 | 1,000,0 | 275,3 |  | 8,994,2 |
| Yorkville | 100,0 | 446,0 | 3,995,3 | 50,7 | 728,1 | 255,2 | 224,5 | 5,136,7 |
| New Neth'd | 200,0 | 243,5 | 2,249,0 | 233,0 | 78,0 | 223,0 | 10,0 | 2,400,0 |
| Batt.Pk.Nat | 200,0 | 150.3 | 1,152,7 | 203,4 | 32,5 | 68,0 | $\cdots$ | 1,104,0 |
| Aetna Nat. Borough of Brooklyn. | 300,0 | 315,9 | 2,021,0 | 423,5 | 34,4 | 195,2 | 23,9 | 1,891,3 |
| Broadway | 200 | 541,1 | 3,238,8 | 27,1 | 381,6 | 291 | 128,2 | 3,502,1 |
| Mirs.' Nat, | 1,000,0 | 79897 | 5,831,5 | 543,3 | 196,4 | 752,2 | 111,7 | 6,318,3 |
| Mechanics' <br> Nassau | 1,000,0 | 934,7 9664 | 10,833,1 | 3159,3 | 1,191,1 | 1,171,7 | 249,8 | 13,678,8 |
| Nat. City- | 300,0 | 607,5 | 3,996,0 | 109,0 | 604, 0 | $1,026,0$ 557,0 | 181.0 | 6,984,0 |
| North Side_ | 200,0 | 144,0 | 1,839,1 | 142,0 | 101,8 | 216,0 | 101,7 | 2,138,4 |
| First Nat-- | 300.0 | 573,0 | 3,445,0 | 320,0 | 81,0 | 384,0 | 39,0 | 3,151,0 |
| Jersey City. | 400,0 | 1,237,1 | 4,819 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hud.Co.Nat | 250,0 | 745,6 | 2,674,8 | 157,3 | ${ }_{39,6}$ | 1,596,5 | 370,0 | 6,139,6 |
| Third Nat-Hoboken. | 200,0 | 384,8 | 1,970,1 | 11, 55,3 | 112,2 | ${ }_{335,3}^{20,4}$ | 26,0 | 2,070,7 |
| First Nat- | 220,0 | 623,7 | 2,576,6 | 106,6 | 15,2 | 150,9 |  |  |
| Second Nat. | 125,0 | 249,6 | 2,624,2 | 81,3 | 93,5 | 91,4 | 165,5 | 2,907,2 |
| Tot. Jan. 29 | 8,447.0 | 12,968,9 | 98,394,8 | 7,443.5 | 8.271,5 | 11,242,0 | 2,662,0 |  |
| Tot. Jan. 22 | 8.447 .0 | 12,968,9 | 100108,7 | 7,485,3 | 8,297,7 | 11,881,9 | 3,841,2 | 114175,7 |
| Tot. Jan. 15 | 8,447 | 12,968, | 0405 | 7,734 | 8,578 | 14, |  | 118875.9 |

Boston and Philadelphia Banks.-Below is a summary of
the weekly totals of the Clearing-House banks of Boston the weekly totals of the Clearing-House banks of Boston

| We omil tuo elphers (00) th all these figures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capilal } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Surplus. } \end{gathered}$ | Loans. | Specie. | Legals. | its. | Circu- lation | Clcarings. |
| Boston. <br> Jan. 8.- | ${ }_{40,300,0}^{\text {¢ }}$ | 190,296,0 | 23,299,0 | ${ }_{4,726,0}^{8}$ | 241,979,0 | 7,134,0 | 221.566.9 |
| Jan. 15-- | 40.300,0 | 189,482,0 | 23,533,0 | 4,915,0 | 242,901,0 | 7,110,0 | 202.785,8 |
| Jan. 22-- | 40,300,0 | 192,567,0 | 23,481,0 | 4,628,0 | 249,085,0 | 7,059,0 | 214,234,1 |
| Jan. ${ }_{\text {Plila }}{ }^{\text {29,-- }}$ | 40,300,0 | 194,978,0 | 23,613,0 | 4,366,0 | 244,109,0 | 7,053,0 | 183,243,2 |
| Jan. 8. | 56,315,0 | 259,350,0 |  |  | 309,307.0 | 16.815.0 | 202.189,6 |
| Jan. 15-- | 56,315,0 | 261,084,0 | 68.46 |  | 307.598.0 | 16,780,0 | 165,786,1 |
| Jan. 22-- | 56.315.0 | 259,575,0 | 68.16 |  | 304,544,0 | 16.751,0 | 163,351,5 |
| Jan. ${ }^{29}$ | 56,315,0 | 256,484,0 | 70,03 |  | 300,336,0 | 16,759,0 | 147,455,9 |

a Including Government deposits and the Item "due to other banks." At
Boston Government deposits amounted to $\$ 3,025,000$ on January 29, against Boston Government depo
$\$ 3,030,000$ on January 22

Imports and ङxports for the Week.-The following are the imports at New York for the week ending Jan. 29; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January

| For week. | 1910. | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry goods .-.-.-.-. | \$3.528,883 | \$4,162,992 | \$3,662,639 | \$4,562,080 |
| General merchandise | 17,063,248 | 14,124.309 | 9,170.192 |  |
| Total | \$20,592,137 | \$18,287,301 | \$12,832,831 | \$19,203,508 |
| Dry goods. | \$14,685,767 | \$14,395,161 | \$12,318,321 | \$16,573,106 |
| General merch | 60,527,024 | 46,513,697 | 29,165,623 | 50,706,212 |
| Tot | \$75,212,79i | \$60,908,858 | \$41.483,944 | \$67,279,318 |
| The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Jan. 29 and from Jan. 1 to date: <br> EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1910. | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. |
|  | \$11,888,601 | \$10,928,366 | \$17,443,158 | \$11,417.445 |
|  | 38,824,732 | 41,973,041 | 52,075,357 | 37,771,647 |
| Total 4 weeks.-.-------- | \$50,713,333 | \$52,901,407 | \$69,518,515 | \$49,189,092 |

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Jan. 29 and since Jan. 1 1910, and for the corresponding periods in 1909 and 1908:
EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

| Gold. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weck. | SinceJan.1. | Week. | inceJan |
| Great Britain |  |  |  | \$972 |
| France |  |  | \$16,421 | 16,421 |
| Germany |  |  |  |  |
| West Indle | \$200 | \$92,900 | 1,500 | 8,189 |
| South America | 270,000 | 2,886,500 | 53,830 | -221,369 |
| All other countries |  | 500 | 10,495 | 47,996 |
| Total 1910 | \$270,200 | \$2,979,900 | \$94,633 | \$322,289 |
| Total 1909 | 1,150,000 | 7,843,125 | 41,163 | 577,993 |
| Total 1908 | 1,500 | 55,925 | 783,483 | 5,373,722 |
| Great Britain. | \$641,031 | \$3,549,949 |  | \$1,530 |
| France | 52,000 | 172,050 | \$110 | 110 |
| Germany |  | 500 |  | 1,137 |
| West Indies | 200 | 4,155 |  | 5,782 |
| Mexico |  |  | 121,558 | 195,444 |
| South America |  |  | 37,372 | 173,404 |
| All other countries |  |  | 791 | 33,022 |
| Total 1910 | \$693,231 | \$3,726,654 | 8159,831 | \$410.429 |
| Total 1909 | 1,070,594 | -3,937,649 | 183,186 | - ${ }^{3414,777}$ |
| Total 1908 | 1,020,971 | 3,284,314 | 233,571 | 581,777 |

Of the above imports for the week in $1910, \$ 1,500$ were American gold coin and .. ... American silver coin Of the exports during the same time, $\$ 270,200$ were American gold coin and $\$ 200$ were American silver coin.

## Bankixg aud fixauncial.

## INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Our elght-page circular No. 687 describes several lssues of sound investment bonds yielding about $41 / 2$ to $51 / 2 \%$.

## Spencer Trask \& Co.

WILLIAM AND PINE STS. NEW YORK
Branch offices: Chicago, ILL., Boston, Mass., Albany. N. Y.

## MOFFAT \& WHITE BANKERS <br> Members New York Stock Exchang <br> 5 NASSAU STREET, THE ROOKERY

BANKING and EXCHANGE of every deseription in connection with EXPORTS \& IMPORTS

## International Banking Corporation

60 Wall St., New York. CAPITAL \& SURPLUS, $86,500,000$ BRANCHES and AGENCIES throughout the WORLD.

THE INTERNATIONAL BANK
Organized under the Laws of N. Y. State. 60 Wall St., Now York
Accounts invited. Interest pald on Term Doposits. THOMAS H. HUBBARD President.

## Thankexs (hazette

## Wall Street, Friday Night, Feb. 41910.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-Agencies which have had a depressing influence in the security markets for some time past have again been dominant this week, and with results more disastrous than heretofore. The downward movement was perhaps briefly accelerated by the suspension of a well-known bond house, but the chief cause for renewed weakness, which carried prices to the lowest level in recent months, is not new and is generally well known to our readers. Managers of large and important industries are not enlarging their facilities for business and capitalists and investors are evidently not only not buying, although buying usually predominates at this season, but are selling securities, and this state of affairs is due largely to the attitude of officials at Washington towards corporate interests.

Reports of railway gross earnings for the month of December are generally favorable, but on account of heavy operating expenses, net earnings are in some cases considerably reduced. The money market remains unusually easy for the season, call loans having been freely negotiated at between 2 and $3 \%$, and funds are accumulating at this centre. This accumulation is due to receipts from the interior, to a limited demand for general business purposes and perhaps to the heavy liquidation of stocks. The Bank of England reports a reserve equal to over $50 \%$ of liabilities, notwithstanding the movement of gold to Paris and other shipments.

The open market rates for call loans at the Stock Exchange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 2 to $3 \%$. To-day's rates on call were $2 @ 23 / 4 \%$. Commercial paper quoted at $41 / 4 @ 43 / 4 \%$ for 60 to 90 -day endorsements, $41 / 2 @ 5 \%$ for prime 4 to 6 months' single names and $5 @ 51 / 2 \%$ for good single names.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a decrease in bullion of $£ 246,210$ and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 50.46 , against 51.85 last week. The rate of discount remains unchanged at $31 / 2 \%$, as fixed Jan. 20. The Bank of France shows an increase of 300,000 francs gold and a decrease of $1,600,000$ francs silver. NEW YORK CITY CLEARING-HOUSE BANKS.

|  | 1910. Averages for week ending Jan. 29. | Differences from previous week. | 1909. <br> Averages for week ending Jan. 30. | 1908. <br> Averages for week ending Feb. 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cap |  | \$ |  |  |
| Surplus | 181,012,100 |  | 165,447,700 | 163,396,900 |
| Loans and discounts | 1,218,476,900 | Inc. $17,486,200$ | 1,341,960,600 | 1,133,786,100 |
| Circulation | 51,209,800 | Dec. 562,500 | 49,441,500 | 69,263,700 |
| Net deposits | 1,240,711,800 | Inc. 27,004,400 | 1,422,820,100 | 1,138,501,500 |
| U. S. dep. (incl. above) | 1,661,000 | Dec. 34,600 | 3,866,700 | 61,024,000 |
| Specle | 269,814,000 | Inc. $10,087,200$ | 301,202,200 | 258,139,600 |
| Legal tenders | 74,026,700 | Dec. 72,000 | 82,200,200 | 67,012,500 |
| Reserve hel | 343,840,700 | Inc. $10,015,200$ | 383,402,400 | 325,152,100 |
| 25\% of deposit | 310,177,950 | Inc. 6,751,100 | 355,705,025 | 284,625,375 |
| Surplus reserve | 33,662,750 | Inc. 3,264,100 | 27,697,375 | 40,526,725 |
| Surplus excl. U. S. dep- | 34,078,000 | Inc. 3,255,450 | 28,664,050 | 55,782,725 |

Note.-The Clearing House now Issues a statement weekly showing the total of the actual figures on Saturday morning. Thase figures, together with the returns
of separate banks, also the summary issued by the State Banking Department showing the condition of State banks and trust compantes not reporting to the

Foreign Exchange.-Foreign discount rates have tended lower this week. Foreign exchange has been fairly active here at irregular and, on the whole, lower rates.
To-day's (Friday's) nominal rates for sterling exchange were $4841 / 2$ for 60 day and $4871 / 2$ for sight. To-day's actual rates for sterling exchange were $48390 @ 484$ for 60 days,48615@48620 for cheques and 48645@48650 for cables. Commercial on banks 48355@48365 and documents for payment $4827 / 8 @ 4831 / 2$. Cotton for payment $4827 / 8 @ 483$ and grain for payment $4831 / 2 @ 4835 / 8$;

To-day's (Friday's) actual rates for Paris bankers' francs were $5193 / 8$ less 1-16@ $5193 / 8$ for long and $5171 / 2$ less $1-16 @$ $5171 / 2$ less $1-32$ for short. Germany bankers' marks were 945/8@9411-16 for long and 95@95 1-16 less 1-32 for short Amsterdam bankers' guilders were $4006 @ 4008$ for short.
Exchange at Paris on London 25 f. 181/4c.; week's range $25 \mathrm{f} .181 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. high and $25 \mathrm{f} .161 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. low.
Exchange at Berlin on London 20 m . $471 / 4 \mathrm{pf}$.; week's range, $20 \mathrm{~m} .471 / 2 \mathrm{pf}$. high and $20 \mathrm{~m} .453 / 4 \mathrm{pf}$. low.

The range of foreign exchange for the week follows:
Sterling, Actual-

| Low for the week | ${ }_{84}$ | Cheq | ${ }_{4}^{\text {Cables. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LowParis Bankers' |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| High for the week | 193/8 | $5171 / 2$ | $5167 / 8$ less 1-16 |
| Low for the week.-..-.-.- 520 |  | $5171 / 2 \mathrm{l}$ less 3-32 | $5171 / 2$ less 1-32 |
| High for the week --.------- 943/4 |  |  |  |
| Low for the week.....-.-.-.- 945/8 Amsterdam Bankers' Guilders- |  | 95 | 95 1-16 |
|  |  |  |  |
| High for the week |  | $401 / 8$ | $401 / 4$ |

The following are the rates for domestic exchange at the undermentioned cities at the close of the week: Chicago, 15 c per $\$ 1,000$ discount. Boston, 10c. per $\$ 1,000$ discount. St Louis, par. Savannah, buying, 3-16 premium; selling, par St. Paul, 50 c . per $\$ 1,000$ premium. San Francisco, 90 c per $\$ 1,000$ premium. New Orleans, commercial, $\$ 1$ per $\$ 1,000$ discount: bank, 90 c . per $\$ 1,000$ premium. Montreal $311 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per $\$ 1,000$ premium.
Sastate and Railroad Bonds.-Sales of State bonds at the Board $\$ 21,000$ Virginia 6 s def. trust receipts at 52 to 53 .

The market for railway and industrial bonds has been irregular and in some cases fluctuations have been wide. The transactions have not been extensive, averaging only about $\$ 3,000,000$, par value, per day. These were quite generally distributed, including a relatively large number of issues.
United States Bonds.-Sales of Government bonds at the Board include $\$ 11,0002$ s reg., 1930, at $1001 / 4$ to $1007 / 8 ; \$ 2,500$ 3s coup., $1908-18$, at $1011 / 2$ to $1021 / 8$, and $\$ 3,0004 \mathrm{~s}$ coup. 1925, at $1151 / 4$. The following are the daily quotations; for yearly range see third page following

|  | Interest Periods | ${ }_{\text {an }}^{29}$ | ${ }_{\text {Jan. }}^{31}$ | ${ }_{1}$ eb. | Feb. | ${ }_{3}{ }_{3}$ | Feb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2s, 1930 ----------1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Feb |  | *10 |  |  |  |  |
|  | -F |  | *10 |  |  | 13/4 |  |
| 48, 1325 .-.------regi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{* 100}{ }^{1143 / 4}$ | ${ }_{* 100}{ }_{10} 14 / 4$ | *100 |  |  |  |
| 2s, 1938-Pana |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-Prices advanced in the stock market during the short session on Saturday, but the movement was limited to that period. On Monday the market was dull, the transactions amounting to only a little more than 500,000 shares, and prices began again to decline. This movement increased in force, an 1 the transactions in This movement increased in force, an I the transactions in traded in was more than three times as large as on Monday and in many cases the lowest prices recorded in recent months were reached. At the same time a long list of the most active issues had covered a range of from 4 to 8 points.
U. S. Steel, Reading, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and the copper stocks have been leaders of the market. Smelting \& Refining sold on Thursday $121 / 2$ points lower than on Monday, Amalgamated $77 / 8$ points lower, Utah Copper $73 / 4$ lower, Chesapeake \& Ohio 7 lower, Inter.-Met. pref. 81 lower, and Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Reading and Louisville \& Nashville from 6 to $63 / 4$ lower. A slight reacLion near the close on Thursday was followed by a highly irregular market to-day, with closing prices generally a fraction higher than last night.
For daily volume of business see page 364.
The following sales have occurred this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow:

| $\begin{gathered} \text { STOCKSS } \\ \text { Week ending Fe3. } 4 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Sales } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { feek } \end{array}$ | Range for Week. |  | Ranye since Jan. 1. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lowest. | Highest. | Lovest. |  | Highest. |  |
|  | 301 | Jan | Feb | \$2 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Amer }}$ | 12 | ${ }_{83} 77$ Feb | 231 |  | an |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {can }}$ |  | ${ }^{174}$ | ${ }_{\text {Feb }}$ | 7 |  |  | an |
|  |  | $127 / 8 \mathrm{Feb}$ | Jan | $12^{7 / 8}$ |  |  | n |
| EI du Pont Powd |  | $851 / 4 \mathrm{Feb}$ | Feb |  |  |  | Jan |
| General Chem | 14 | ${ }^{08}{ }^{4} \mathrm{Feb}$ | - |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred | 1,01t | 104 Feb | 1105 |  |  |  |  |
| Homestake M |  |  | 883/9 Feb |  |  |  |  |
| Keokuk \& Des | 100 | ${ }^{70} / 2$ Feb |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York D | 56 | $\begin{array}{lll}30 & \text { Feb } \\ 83 \\ \text { Jan } \\ \\ 41\end{array}$ | ${ }_{1}^{4} \begin{array}{lll}30 & \text { Feb } \\ 83 & \text { Jan }\end{array}$ |  | $\stackrel{\text { Feb }}{ }$ |  |  |
| N YeN Hex H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nor Ohio Trac \& |  | Feb | 51/8 Jan |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Pac Telep \& }}$ |  | Jan |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsy sub rcts, |  | Jan | Fe | / |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Peoria }}$ M Eastern |  | Jan | ${ }^{22}$ Jan |  |  |  |  |
| Rutland. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First preterred | 200 | Feb | $55{ }^{1 / 2} \mathrm{Feb}$ |  | Jan |  |  |
| St L\&SF-C \& new stock tr certs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Porto Rico Sug, pt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1-6 |  |  |  |  |
| tah Copper rights |  | Jan 29 | 3/8 Feb |  |  | 8 |  |

Outside Market.-"Curb" securities this week were extremely dull until Thursday, when a persistent selling movement set in and prices broke sharply. The weakness continued in the early trading to-day, but later the market improved somewhat. Copper stocks, as usual, were prominent. Boston Consolidated from 20 reached 201/4, dropped to $173 / 4$ and closed to-day at $181 / 2$. Butte Coalition lost about 3 points to $235 / 8$, and ends the week at 241/4. British Columbia went up from $71 / 4$ to $71 \%$, but weakened and finished to-day at $6 \frac{1}{4}$. Gila rose from $81 / 2$ to 9 and ran down to 8 . Giroux improved from 10 to $103 / 4$ and declined to $91 / \%$. GreeneCananea went up from 10 to $10 \frac{1}{8}$, then down to 9 , closing to-day at $91 / 2$. Miami advanced a point to $251 / 4$, but fell to $221 / 2$, the closing figure to-day being 23 . Nevada Consolidated advanced from $231 / 2$ to $237 / 8$, then fell off to $205 / 8$, with the close to-day at $207 / 8$. United Copper common sold down from $71 / 2$ to $67 / 8$. Kerr Lake advanced from $815-16$ to 93-16, sank to 89-16 and improved to 811-16. Among the specialties American Tobacco, after gaining 4 points to 400, dropped to 390 , but was favorably influenced by the declaration of the regular quarterly dividend of $21 / 2 \%$ with $71 / 2 \%$ extra, and rose to 405 , the close to-day being at 404. Standard Oil lost 3 points to 640 , then recovered to 646 and again weakened, the end for the week being 635 . United Cigar Mfrs. common lost a point to $871 / 2$, then sold up to 89 but broke badly to 81 . Transactions to-day were up to 83 . Chicago Subway declined from $41 / 8$ to $31 / 8$ and ends the week at $31 / 4$. Kan. City Mex. \& Orient was traded in up from $213 / 4$ to $231 / 8$ and do wn to 22 . West. Pac. 5 s weakened from $971 / 2$ to $971 / 8$. Outside quotations will be found on page 364 .

New York Stock Exchange-Stock Record, Dailv. Weekly and Yearly
A:

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-3R KEEK' GUOTATIONS.

| Banks | Bid | Ask | Banks | Bia | Ask | Lanks | Bid | Ask | Banks | Bid | Ask | Lanks | Bid | Ast | k | bid | Ask |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Aetna }}^{\text {New }}$ Y ori |  |  | Chatham ${ }_{\text {Chelsea }}$ | 325 | 340 | Fifth | 300 | 350 | Jefferson\1-- |  |  | Nassau 91-- | 225 |  | Srod Excl 9 9 | 170 | 175 |
| Aetna --- | 610 | ${ }_{C}^{182}$ | Chelsea Ex ${ }^{\text {Cla }}$ |  |  | First | 1914 |  | Liberty | 640 | 425 | New Neth'd | 200 | -2u | Ceserve -- | 145 | --- |
| Amer Exch- | 254 | 258 | Chtizens' $\mathrm{cit}^{\text {cti }}$ | 145 160 | 455 | Fourth | ${ }_{200}^{155}$ | 205 | Manhattañ | 300 | 425 350 | New YorkCo | 750 315 | 33. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | - jeaboar | 375 400 |  |
| Audubon |  | 135 | cluy | 445 | 415 | Gailatin | 330 | 345 | Mars't\&Ful | 263 | 265 | N'ht \& Dayi | 225 |  | sherman--- | 135 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Battery P }{ }^{\text {P }} \text { - }}$ | 125 | 130 | Coal \& Iron | 145 | 155 | Garfield | 295 | 305 | Mech\&Met's | 265 | 275 | 19th Ward: | -... | 420 | State fl ---- | 30 |  |
| Bronx Borop | 375 300 | --.-- | Colonia! ${ }^{\text {columbla }}$ | 350 | 36 | Germ-Am ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 140 | 4-5- | Mercantile | 175 | 185 | Northern -- | 10.5 | 110 | 12 th Ward- | --- | 150 |
| Bryant Nat, | ${ }_{157} 217$ | 225 | Commerce- | 1196 | +199 | Germania Ti: | 550 | 575 | Merchants ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 180 | 150 | Par | 465 | 240 | End Wardis:- | $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { lij } \\ & 195\end{aligned}$ | - 20.0 |
| Bryant Pki | $150{ }^{151}$ | 150 | Corn Ex ${ }^{\text {dit-- }}$ | 125 | 334 135 1 | Greenwich: | 260 640 | - 265 | Metropolis is | 390 | 410 | Peope's | 28.9 | 295 | Wash 11 'ts $i_{i}$ | 275 |  |
| Century 71 -- | 170. | 175 | Fldelity Tl- | 165 | 135 175 | Hanover--- | 565 | 605 -75 | Metroporind | ${ }_{250}^{19712}$ |  | Phe Plaz | 1725: | 1871. | West Slde Y'oravile | 500 500 |  |
| Chase .-.--- | 43') | 465 | Fifth A veqi- | 130. | 15015 | rrving N Ex | 205 | 210 | Mutual 介i..- | $2 \times$ | ${ }_{290}$ | Pla | 625 |  |  | 500 |  |



|  | NEW STOCKS | Hange Since January 1. On befrs of 100 -share sois |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |



New York Stock Exohange-Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly
Jan 1 1909, the Reehange method of quotting bonds was changed, and prices are now alf-c"and snterest"-sxespt for income and delaulted bonds.'
 pros nomo g os....pl945 0 ö

MISCELLLANEOUS BONDS-Continued on Next Page.

[Vol. Lxxxx.

N. Y. GTUCK EXCHANGE $\underset{\text { WEKENDM FRB } 4}{ }$

| Price Friday Feb 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{112}$ | 48\% |

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 Unitied \& ret gold 4s.. 1929 J.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - - ¢0. $\vdots \vdots \vdots$ |  |  |  | Bonds |
| ¢000 |  | (1:ccec:c |  |  |
| N: cec::c:c | $\mathfrak{\vdots}$ |  |  |  |

BONDS

## 

## 



MISCELI INEOUS BONDS-Continued on Next Page


Telegrapls and Telephone
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$$
\int \begin{aligned}
& \text { NY } \\
& \text { Pac } \\
& \text { Wes }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Pac 'r } \\
\text { West } \\
\text { Fda } \\
\text { Conv }
\end{gathered}\right.
$$



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CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE-Stock Record—Daily, Weekly and Yearly


Chicago Bond Record

| chioadi stiock EXCHANGE Week ending Feb. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Inerer } \\ \text { Period } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Frica } \\ \text { Feb } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Weekt's Ranoe or Last Sale | ${ }_{\text {S }} \mathrm{B}^{\text {dods }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Range } \\ \text { fear } \\ \text { Year } 1910 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | No. | Lovo High |
|  |  | $2348{ }^{\text {sale }}$ | ${ }_{921}^{10}$ | ${ }^{-9} 8$ | 92129 |
| Cal ${ }^{\text {A So Chio Ry Co }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Cass}^{1 s t} \mathrm{Al}^{\text {Ms }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chlit Board of Trade |  |  | $100{ }^{10}{ }^{\text {May }}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 10278 |  | -72 | 10278 |
| Chic Consol Trac 41/81 |  |  | ${ }_{50}$ Aprr'09 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Chic }}$ Chuditorium |  |  | ${ }^{9634}{ }^{3} \mathrm{Jan}{ }^{\circ} 03$ |  |  |
| Chle Jc RR 18t Mg 5s-18 |  |  | $9412{ }^{\text {a }}$ Dec ${ }^{-0} 9$ |  |  |
| Chlc No Shore Elec ${ }^{\text {chs }} 118$ |  | $841{ }^{\text {S }}$ | ${ }_{844}^{87} \mathrm{Feb}^{\text {P406 }}$ |  |  |
| Chic Ry 5 s. |  | 10059 1014 | $1008_{4} 101$ |  |  |
| Chic Rys 4 -5s series . |  |  | ${ }_{8418}^{9518}{ }^{951}{ }^{9518}$ | 23 20 | $\begin{aligned} & 9518 \\ & 8410 \\ & 86 \end{aligned}$ |
| Chic Mys 4-5s series |  | -7.:-9112 | 918 |  |  |
| Chic Rys coll $68 \mathrm{~s}-11$ |  | 101 10118 | ${ }^{1008_{4}} 101{ }^{101}$ | - | - |
| Chic Rys ${ }^{\text {T }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chic Telephone 5s---1923 |  | $103 \quad 10334$ | $13^{2}$ Jan'10 |  | $103{ }^{10314}$ |
| Commonw-Edison 5s-1943 |  | 102.1025 | ${ }_{1023_{8}}^{102023^{2}}$ | 32 |  |
|  |  | $100^{-}$ | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ J'ne'08 |  | $100{ }^{-10018}$ |
|  |  | 1021 |  | 5 | 102141028 |
|  |  |  | Dec |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{9614}$ |  |  |
| Knick'b'ker İe 1st 5 S. 1928 |  | -80 100 |  |  | 83 |
| Income 5s |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc}83 & \text { Jan'10 }^{16} \\ \text { May'05 }\end{array}$ |  | 83 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Metr W Side El- } \\ & \text { 1st 4s }-1938 \end{aligned}$ |  | 83 Salc |  |  | 8384 |
| Morrls ${ }^{\text {d }}$ C |  |  | ${ }_{0212}{ }^{\text {Jan'10 }}$ |  |  |
| North West El 1 1st 4 s - 18 |  | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Ogden Gas 58 |  | $94{ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{9212}{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | $921_{2} 9$ |
| earsons-Taft 5 |  |  |  |  | $2{ }^{2}$ |
| ${ }_{4}^{4.605}$ |  | ${ }_{97}^{96}$ | ${ }_{97}^{93}{ }^{\text {Nov }}$ |  | 9 |
|  |  | ${ }_{981}{ }^{2}$ | $100 \mathrm{Mch}{ }^{\circ} 9$ |  | 9 |
| Refunding ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $103{ }^{10338}$ | $12134{ }^{\text {may }}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 102-14 | ${ }_{104}^{1044} \mathrm{Jan}^{1010}$ |  |  |
| Consum Gas 1st 58.1836 |  | ${ }^{10214}$ |  |  | 1021 |
| South Sto |  | $9^{923} 3_{8}{ }^{34}$ |  |  | ${ }^{9314}$ |
| Union El (Loop) 5 ss |  | ${ }_{921}^{101}$ | ${ }^{10012} 10{ }^{10012}$ |  | 100 |
| Union Pacific conv 4s-1911 |  |  | $114{ }^{14} \mathrm{Nov}^{\prime 2} 4$ |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {General }} \mathrm{m}$ |  |  | ${ }_{80}{ }^{80}$ Doved |  |  |
| Western Stone Co 58 . 180 |  |  |  |  |  |

Chicago Banks and Trust Companies

| NAME | $\begin{gathered} \text { Outsuand- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { Slock } \\ \dagger \end{gathered}$ |  | Dividend Record |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { In } \\ 1908 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ln } \\ 1909 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { er- } \\ \text { eod } \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{d}{\%}$ |
| Calumet National----- | \$100,000 |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| Chicago Crity | 7 500,000 |  | 10 | 10 |  |  |
| -ntinental Nation | 9,000,000 | 40,919, | ${ }^{1}$ | 411 | J | Jan |
| Com Exchange Nationai | 3,000,000 | \% 5143,94 | 12 | 12 | Q-J | - |
| Drexel State | 200,000 | 29,2 |  | 9 |  | Oct |
| Drovers' Dep Nat | 600 | w 400 | $91 / 2$ | 10 | Q-J | Jan |
| rst National | 8,000,000 | w 8441.395 | 12 | $1{ }^{12}$ | Q-M | jan 31'09, 30 |
| First Nat Engle | 150,000 | 167,011 | 10 | 10 | Q-M | Dec3100, 212 |
| Foreman Bros | 1,000,000 | w 517,489 | Pri |  |  |  |
| Fort Dearborn | 1,000,000 | ${ }^{2}$ 368,384 |  | $8$ |  | c3 |
| Hibernian B'E'g A | 1,500,0 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{2} 8337,604$ | 8 | 8 |  | ce31'0 |
| Kaspar State Bank | 200,000 | 132,458 | 10 | 10 |  | n 10,20 |
| Live Stock Exch' | 1,250,000 | 2. 474,665 | $10+2$ | 10 |  | Dec31'05,212 |
| Manroe Nank of Rep | 2,000,000 | \%1173, | 4 | 4 |  | $109,1$ |
| Natlonal City. | 1,500,000 | ${ }^{2} 517$ | 3 | 6 |  | $11_{2}$ |
| National Pro | 250,000 | 73.8 |  |  |  | Dec31 |
| North Avenue | 200,000 | 66,637 | $21 / 2$ | 51 |  |  |
| North N West Stat | 50,000 200,000 | 18. |  |  |  | 2 |
| People's Stik Yds S | 300,000 | 65,305 | b | -19. No |  | V.89; p. 1320 |
| Prairie Nationa | 250,000 | - 73,35 |  |  |  |  |
| Prairle State | 500,000 | w 56,052 | 8 |  | Q-M | De |
| Railway Exchan | 250,000 | w 13,995 |  | ne |  |  |
| Security Chicago Savings- | 300,000 200000 | (\% $\begin{array}{r}160,9 \\ 82,0\end{array}$ | 6 | ${ }_{6}^{13 / 2}$ |  | Dec31.0 |
| South Slde State. | 200,000 |  |  |  |  | Jan 10, 112 |
| State Bank of Chica | 1,500,000 | w 1609.465 | 1 | 12 |  | Jan 10,3 |
| Stock Yards Savings | 250000 | ${ }^{2} 181,135$ | 7 | 8 |  | Dec3109, 2 |
| Union Bank of Cbica | 200 | 37,761 | 6 | 6 |  | Nov '09, 3 |
| Wendell state |  |  | 6 | None |  | Dec31'08.112 |
| American Trust do Savs- | 3,000,000 | 81. | 8 | ${ }_{6}$ |  | Juty "09, ${ }^{2}$ |
| Chicago Sav B | $2,000,0$ $n 500,0$ | W 80 | 16 | 7 |  | Jan 09,184 |
| Chicago Title \& Trust | 5,000,000 | ¢1,319 | 1 | 6 |  | 10, 112 |
| Citizens'Trust \& Sa | 50,000 |  |  | 4 |  | Oct ${ }^{109,2}{ }^{2}$ |
| Colonial Trust \& Savings | 600.000 | ${ }^{0}$ 516,493 | +2 | $8+2$ |  | Jan '10, $\mathbf{2 1}_{2}$ |
| Drovers' Trust \&Savings Farwell Trust Co | $\begin{array}{r} 200,000 \\ 1,500,000 \end{array}$ | 2 105,055 | 73/2 |  |  | Jan '10, 2 |
| First Trust \& Savings | 2,000,000 | $\nu 3122,460$ |  | 16 |  | Dec31109, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Guarantee Trust \& Sa | 200,000 | 14.613 | Incorp | orated |  | V.87.p.1138 |
| Harris Trust \& Savings- | 1,250,000 | $w 1213,053$ |  |  | Q-J | Jan 10, 712 |
| Mlinois Trust \& Savings | 5,000,000 200,000 | - 8347.424 |  |  |  | Jan '10, ${ }^{\text {da }}$ |
| LakeVlew 'rrustd | 200,000 | 36,747 | $41 / 2$ |  |  | Jan 10, ${ }^{\text {de }}$ |
| Merchants' Loan \& | $3,000,0$ | iv 5502,000 | 12 | 2 |  | Jan 10, 3 |
|  | 750 | ${ }^{20}$ 255,811 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | Jan '10, 112 |
| North-Western Trà | 1,000,0 | ${ }^{20} 2185$ | -8 | 8 |  | Jan 10, 2 |
| Pullman Trust \& | 500,000 | 189,967 | 8 | 8 |  |  |
| Sheridan Tr \& Sav Bank | 200,000 | 24,974 |  |  |  | V.89, p. 141 |
| Stockmen's Trust \& Sav | 200,009 | - ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | $\text { Jan io } 212$ |
| Western Trust \& Savin | 1,200,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,077,9 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Dec31'09,2 |
| West Side Tr\&SavBank | 200,00 | ${ }^{*}$ - 81,797 | Began | In |  | 51908 |
| W'oodlawn 'Tr ${ }^{\text {dSSavBank }}$ | 200,000 | 39,239 | B |  |  | $10,11_{2}$ |

[^4]BOSTON STOCK EXOHANGE-Stock Record. Daily, Weeklv and Yearlv


| BUNDS BOSTON STOCR EXOHPG： WEHE ENDING FEB 4 |  | Prios <br> Friday Feb |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { or } \\ & \text { sale } \end{aligned}$ | 䫆苞 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Range } \\ & \text { Year } \\ & 19 \mapsto, 9 \end{aligned}$ | BUNDS <br> BOSTON STOCK EXCH＇G Weex Ending Fieb 4 | \％．${ }^{\circ}$ | Price Friday Feb 4 | Weak＇s Range or Last sale | S気 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nanuee } \\ & \text { Year } \\ & 1909 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| －mol |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll} \hline \text { Lowo } & \text { High } & \text { No } \\ \text { Y17 } & 9 . h_{2} & 71 \end{array}$ |  |  | Lon High $915_{8} \mathrm{YG}_{4}^{1}$ | Illino1s Steel deben 5s．．．． 1910 |  | Bia $\quad A s k$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low High No } \\ & 993 \text { Nov'09 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Convertible 4s． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1093 Nov＇09． 100 名 1 |  |  |
| Am Writ Paver |  |  |  |  |  |  | a Fall |  | iöü iöös | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} 1004 \\ 117 \\ 100 & 117 \end{array}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 993 \\ & 100 L_{8}^{101} 1011_{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Aten＇t＇op \＆ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kan Clin \＆Spr 1 s |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Kan C F＇t Scott \＆M 6s．．．． 19 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{90} 9010{ }^{100}$ |
| Stamped ．．．．．．．．．．J＇\y 199 |  | $\mathrm{OS}^{3}{ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  | Kan CM \＆B gen 48．．．．．．． 19 |  |  | 110 |  |  |
| 50－year conv 10 －year conv |  |  |  |  |  | 025 | Assented income 58．．．．． 193 |  |  |  |  | $11641204$ |
| vit \＆W |  |  |  |  |  |  | Man ${ }^{\text {ane Cont cons }}$ |  | 102 Srle | $\left\|\begin{array}{ll\|l\|} 102 & 102 & 12 \\ 1125 & 10802 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| uston Rhect L |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cons 1st |  |  | $1135 \mathrm{~B}^{10 V^{\prime} 03 . . .}$ |  | ．． |
| oston \＆Lowe |  |  |  |  |  | 1004 | Mara Hongh \＆Ont 18 st 6.192 |  |  | 15 J＇ne＇us．．．． |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mass Gas $4128 . . . . . . . . . . .1929$ |  | 984 Sale | 98 982 40 |  | 00 |
| Bar \＆Mo Riv cons 6s ．．． 191 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18tcons ine 3 |  |  |  |  | $84^{3} 88$ |
| Sinking fund 48 |  |  |  |  |  | 994 |  |  |  | $\begin{cases}16 & \text { Apr'U8: } \\ 15 & \text { Apr } \\ \hline\end{cases}$ |  |  |
| Batte d Boston 1st $68 . . .191$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mich Telep1st 58．．．．．．．．．． 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uedar Rap \＆Mo B 1st 7 s .191 2d 7s |  |  |  |  |  |  | Minne Gen Elec con g 5 s 19 New Eng Cot Yarn 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ent Vermioist g 4s．．．May 192 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | －．．．．．．．．．． |
| B\＆ 4 Iowa Div ist 58.1919 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | W Eny Teleph |  |  |  |  | $\int_{102} 102^{4} 104^{3}$ |
| 20wa Div ist 48 ．．．．．．．．．． 191 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Yew England cons g ธı．．． 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debenture 58．．．．．．．．．．．．．1913 |  |  |  |  |  | 01 | Boston Term 1st 4s．．．．19 |  |  | 1002 |  |  |
| Denver Exten 48．．．．．．． 1922 |  |  |  | an |  | 99100 | Y N H \＆H con deb $3 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska kixted 4s．．．．． 1 |  |  |  |  |  | $1 L_{2} 102$ | Conv dev 6s（ctis）．．．．．． 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 88 |  |  |  | Ord Colouy gold 4s ．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $j$ oint bouds see Gi Norrthern |  |  |  |  |  |  | Oreg Sh Line lst |  |  |  |  |  |
| Caiodo Hy d stik Yas 58.191 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Repub Valley lsts if $6 . . .19$ |  | 10 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Putland 1st con gen 4128.19 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 15 | Jan＇10 |  | ${ }^{6} 118{ }^{1} 4$ | Rutland－Canadian 1st 4819 |  |  | $102^{\text {ta }}$ |  |  |
| Chic © No Mich lst gu 5s． |  |  |  |  |  |  | Savannah kilec 1st cons 58.19 |  |  | y8 2 May'06 |  | $104.10 \square_{2}$ |
| Uhio d W Mich gen bs．．．． 1421 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＇rerre Hante |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concord \＆Mont cons $48 . .19 \% 0$ |  |  |  | 上ee＇u |  |  | Torrington 1st g js．．．．．．． 19 |  |  | $1$ |  |  |
| Conn \＆Pass it $18 t \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{4s...1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Union Pac RR \＆ 1 gr g 4 s． 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 91 |  |  |  | 促 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{1021}^{1024} 103{ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ |
| Dominion Coal lst at $58 . .19 .10$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{9612}{ }^{8} 97$ | Uniteal Fruit ge |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline 96 \\ 160 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9508.87 \\ & 1208160 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fitenburg |  |  |  |  |  |  | U S Steel Corp 10－60 yr 58.19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fcentioin Mo |  |  |  |  |  |  | West End Street Ry 4s．．．． 191 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100160 \\ & 1021_{1}^{108} 1081 \\ & 1001_{2} 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| Unstampea 18t 6is．．．．．．．． 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1{ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| Gtinord is \＆ 4 coll tr 49 1921 |  | $\cdots{ }^{4} 9 \square_{4}{ }_{4}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc} 95 \\ 953_{4} & 98 \\ 981_{2} \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 99 \\ & 99 y_{8} 100 t_{2} \\ & 96 \\ & 937_{\mathrm{s}} \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ |
| fegsatered 48．．．．．．．．．．．． 1421 |  |  |  |  |  | ph |  | 484 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | onsm Cen |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^5]Philadelohia and Baltimore Stock Exohanges－Stock Record，Daily，Weekly，Yearly



| Week ending Feb. 41110. | Stocks. |  |  | Railroad, \&c., Bonds. | State Bonds. | U. $\boldsymbol{S}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Shares. ${ }^{\text {Par value. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saturday Monday | 810,665 $\$ 75,830,000$ <br> 520,776 $44,88,600$ <br> 575,945 $51,80,600$ <br> 67,745 $58,89,500$ <br> $1,665,495$ $150,83,250$ <br> 982,490 $91,171,000$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,532,500 \\ 2,530,500 \\ 2,277,000 \\ 2,701,000 \\ 4,040,000 \\ 3,334,500 \end{array}$ | \$72,500 ${ }_{\text {222,000 }} \mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ |  |
| Tuesday |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wednesda |  |  |  | 227,500 | 0 |  |
| Thursday. |  |  |  | 101000 | , 500 |  |
| Friday. |  |  |  | 174,500 | 1,000 |  |
| Total | 6,229,116 \$473,222,075 \$16,415,500 |  |  |  | \$918,500 ${ }^{\text {l }}$ 16,500 |  |
| Sales a New York Stock Exchange. | Week ending Feb. 4. |  |  |  | Jan. 1 to Feb. 4. |  |  |
|  |  |  | 909. |  | 1910. |  | 909. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stocis No. shares } \\ & \text { Par value. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} \hline 5,229,116 & 2,830,379 \\ 247,222,075 \\ \$ 7,400 & 8264,869,800 \\ \hline 1,500 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 28,436,324 \\ \$ ?, 603,323,250 \\ \$ 54,200 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 19,683,417 \\ \$ 1,834,893,425 \end{array}$ |
| Bank shares, Bonds |  |  |  | $4,080,000$ |  |  |  |
| Government bo | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 16,500 \\ 818.500 \\ 16,415,500 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,000 \\ 1,772,500 \\ 29,557,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 51,000 \\ 4,662,500 \\ 95,092,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 39,000 \\ 4,599,000 \\ 161,948,000 \end{array}$ |
| State bonds-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RR. and misc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total bonds | $16,415,500$ |  | 31,500 | \$99,805,500 \$ |  | 166,586,000 |
| DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Week endingF'eb. 41910. | Bosion. |  |  | Philadelphia. |  |  |
|  | Unldsted shates. |  | Bond sales. | Unitsted shares. |  | Bond sales. |
| Saturdas |  | 16,827 | \$16,000 | 11,813 | 3,935 | \$26,000 |
| Tuesday |  | 23,112 | 31,500 | -14,481 | 4,057 | 62,700 |
| Wednesdä | 24.408 | 18,142 |  | -16,933 | 9,576 4,921 | 57,200 |
| Thursday .-.......... | $\begin{aligned} & 41.167 \\ & 69,897 \end{aligned}$ | 45,261 | 161,500 | -87,946 | 24,889 | 75,700 |
| Friday.- | $\begin{aligned} & 69,897 \\ & 41,327 \end{aligned}$ | 35,638 | 70,500 | 32,563 | 19,512 | 75,500 |
| Total ....-...-.... | 210,690 | 162,787 | \$392,000 | 111,543 | 66,890 | \$370,000 |

## Outside Securities





## Investment and tianleoad intelliqence.

## KAILROAD GHOSS EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from July 1 to and including such latest week or month. We add a supplementary statement to show the fiscal year totals of those roads whose fiscal year does not begin with July, but covers some other period. The returns of the electruc railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

| ROADS. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | July 1 to Latest Date. |  | ROADS | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | July 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week or | Current | Previous Year. | Currers | Previous Year. |  | Week or Month. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Currents } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Previous | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Current } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Previous |
|  |  |  |  |  | s |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2d wk Jan | $\begin{gathered} 98,000 \\ 28920,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,0,000 \\ & 23,000 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & L_{n}^{n}{ }_{\mathrm{L}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 471,548 \\ & 326,543 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{37}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & y_{2}^{2,01,290,298} \\ & 1,125,585 \end{aligned}$ |
| Vlicks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| atch |  | $8,388.776$ | 8,168 | 52.8 | 7.283 | C |  |  |  |  |  |
| danta | 3d wk | 2,892 | 39, | 13,974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| alan |  | 2,892 | , 535 |  | 10 | Pltts $\%$ Lake Erie | Novembe |  | 965 | 7,676,512 |  |
| angor |  |  | 215,871 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {Rutiand }} \mathrm{Y}$ Chio ${ }^{\text {Ster }}$ | Novembe |  |  |  |  |
| Bellefonte Cen | Decemb | 3,436.3 | 3,189, | 22,756, | 20,472 | Total all $11 n$ es |  | 21728813 |  |  |  |
| dre |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| uffrech Roch | L |  | 175,702 | 5,396,540 | 4,276, | N Y Y Susa ${ }_{\text {d }}$ Her |  | 949,623 |  |  | 7,581,913 |
| nad | 4 th wk Ja | , | 147;800 | 7,58 |  | Norfolk \& South--r |  |  |  |  |  |
| nadia | 4 th wk |  | , 504 | 5 |  | * |  | ,786,559 |  |  |  |
| entral |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central |  | 323,1 | 283 ,8 | 1,693,'612 | 1,556,781 | Pac |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chattan | ${ }^{\text {sd }}$ wk J |  | 1.3229 |  |  | Pennsslvania Co-r | Decem |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3d wk | 560,9866 |  |  |  |  | De |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago | Decem | . 56 | .742 | 45, | 41,602,595 | Per | Decemb | 1,326,495 |  | 8,26 | ,226,289 |
| $p$ Chicago Gt We |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chic Ind co Louls |  |  |  | 298 | 2,991,578 | Pits CIn Ch \& St ${ }^{\text {P/ }}$ - | Dec |  |  | 77,096 | 146 |
| , |  |  | 5,12 | 29,567,441 | 27,573,907 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Phila \& Readi |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{10}{ }^{\text {ctin }}$ | Dece |  | 5,234 | 7,7919 | 7,13 |  |  |  |  | ,10,302 |  |
| ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~T}$ Te |  | 111,8 | 101,4 | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $n \mathrm{Ham}$ |  | ${ }^{743,1}$ | 659,8 | 4,977,942 | 4,249,8 | R10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clev Cin Chic do | Decemb | 18 |  |  |  | Rock | De | 5,079,706 | 5,435 | ,73 | 1,878,360 |
| $h$ Colora | 3d wk | 317 |  | 9,5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |  |  | Cht | Dec |  |  | 6,01 | ,950 |
| Copper |  |  |  |  |  | $t \mathrm{E}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cornwal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuba Ral |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 159 |
| Delaware | Dece | .758 | , 783 | 0,3 |  | Peoard Alr Lin |  |  |  |  |  |
| env \& | wk |  |  |  | 2.48 | Atlanta \& Birm | November | 1,73 | 1,484,2 | 7,761 | 6,790,367 |
|  | d wh Jan |  |  |  |  | Southe |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $1{ }^{8}$ |  | Souther |  | 11316036 | 10592952 | $69.951{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Ann | 3d wk Jan | ${ }_{2}$ |  |  |  | Sout | ab |  |  |  |  |
|  | November- |  | 598 |  |  |  | wk Jan |  |  |  |  |
| Dul Sou Shore | 3d wem | ${ }_{6} 41$ | 64 | 1,585 | 1,4 |  | wk Jan | 10,570 | -59,6 | 2,24 | 1,991,937 |
|  |  |  | ,993.198 | 8,447 | 6,06 |  | 3d wk |  |  | , | ${ }_{1,076,444}$ |
|  | ecemb |  |  |  | 10 |  | ${ }^{3 \mathrm{da}} \mathrm{Wk}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Fonda Johns |  | - $\begin{array}{r}64,841 \\ 282,259\end{array}$ |  | 1,580,798 | 1,479,249 | Tex | Decemb |  |  |  |  |
| Georgla South \& Fia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{23}$ | 21 | 665 | , 473.168 |
| and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,17 |  |
| Det | 3d wk Jan |  |  |  |  |  | Novemb |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Decemb |  | ${ }_{743} 5$ | 7,85 |  |
| reat Northern | Dece |  | 4 |  |  | Var |  |  | 105 | 4,95 | 4, 634,971 |
| ocking Valles | Dece | 55 | 44 | 4, | 3,458 | Wabash | 4 th wk | 777.869 | 608 | , |  |
| ois Central | mb |  |  | 1,059,645 | 29,242,8 | Western | Novemb | 569, |  |  | 2,584,951 |
| rnat \& Gt N | 3d wk Jan |  |  | 68 | 4,7 | W Jersey | Decem | 346,3 | 326,67 | 3,3 |  |
| nteroceanio | 4th wk Jan | 276.0 | 20 | 38 | 3.7 | Wheeling | Novemb |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa Central Miç |  | 201,4 | 156, | ${ }_{1}^{1,986,642}$ | 1,200,114 | Wrightsville \& Teni | December |  |  |  |  |
| Kansas C | Dece | 801 | 73 | 4, |  |  |  | 1,066,038 | 66,229 | 5,383,3 | 5,329,162 |
| K CMex ${ }_{\text {L }}$ Lehigh Orien | 2 Decemb | 3,022 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 6} 51888$ | 8, | $7{ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lexington \& Eas |  |  | ${ }^{23,536}$ |  |  | Various Fiscal | Years. |  | riod. | Year. | Year. |
| Long risiand - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| usisiana \& ${ }_{\text {S }}$ |  | 100 | ${ }_{78}{ }^{1} 3$ |  | 480 | Beile |  |  |  | 19 |  |
| $s_{5}$ Louisv \& Nas | 3 d wk | 1,039 | 873 , | 28,89 | 26,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine Central. | Dece |  | 613,8 | 4,670,213 | 4,386,818 | ${ }_{a}^{a}$ |  |  | Jeo |  |  |
| nis | No |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 2$ |  |  |  | Nov 30 |  |  |
| Maryla |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a Mexcan }}$ Mexican Rallu | th Wk J | 2 | 17 | 4 | 3,970,828 | $n$ Lake Erie |  |  |  |  | , ${ }^{2}, 410,991$ |
| ${ }_{a}$ Mexican Sout | 4 th Wk Dec | ${ }^{147}$,5 | ${ }^{126}$,785 | $4,287,8$ | $\stackrel{\text { - }}{ }$ | Michiga |  |  |  |  | 2,122,789 |
| igan |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Pe }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | dims Jan |  |  |  |  | Peoria \& |  |  | No |  |  |
| inn | w | 382,799 | 316 | 13,903,68 | 1,833,465 | Plttsbu |  | Ian | No | 3,45 | 9, 5757565 |
| Cht go |  |  |  |  |  | Rutlan |  |  |  |  | 2,543,104 |
| ssourl Kan |  | 98,25 | 2,208,876 | 14,156, | 3,792,369 | tal |  | , an |  |  |  |
| Pace ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Ir |  |  |  |  |  | Northern |  | Jan | Deo |  | 48 |
| entral | ${ }^{3 \mathrm{l}}$ Wk Wk Jan |  |  |  |  |  |  | Jan | Ded |  |  |
| Nas |  |  |  |  |  | Phila |  | Jan |  |  |  |
| a Nat Rys of Mex | ${ }^{4 \text { th }}$ wk Jan | 1,450,3766 |  |  |  | Pritsb Pr |  | Jan |  |  | ${ }^{37}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | an | , |  |  |
| t Northe | ovember | 117.493 | 45,80 | 548,14 | 218,60 | West Jersey \& Soash |  | Jan 1 | O Deo 31 | 5,765,758 | 5,338,558 |

AGGREGATES OF GROSS EARNIIGS-Weokly and Monthly.

| Weekly Summarles. |  |  | Cur'nt Year | Prev's Year | Inc. or Dec. | \% | Monthly Summaries. |  |  | Cur'nt Year | Prov's Year | Inc. or Dec. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 d | week No | (4) | 13.450,158 | 11.691,325 | $+1.758,833$ | 15.05 | Month Mch |  | (890 roads) - | 205,708,319 | 183,453,906 | + 22,254.413 | 12.13 |
| $3 \mathrm{3d}$ | week Nov | (44 roads) | 13,003,412 | 11.852,248 | +1.151.164 | ${ }^{9.71}$ | Month Apri | 1909 | (895 roads) | 197,011.539 | 175.002, 648 | +2.008.891 | 12.50 |
| 4th | week Nov | (43 roads) | $16.900,874$ | 13,971,227 | +2,929,647 | 20.97 | Month May | 1909 | (893 roads) | 201,625,122 | 74,475,411 | $+27,149,711$ $+26.373 .3 \sharp 7$ | 15.58 |
| 2d | week Dec | $(41$ roads | 12,638,160 | 11, 1142,346 | +1,027,554 | 4.89 | Month July | 1809 | (885 roads) | 219,964,739 | 95,245,655 | +24,719,084 | 2.66 |
| 3 d | week Dec | (40 roads) | 12,089,781 | 11,258,272 | +831.509 | 7.29 | Month Aug | 1809 | (883 roads) | 236,559,87 | 26,877,014 | +29,682,863 | 4.35 |
| 4 th | week Dec | (42 roads) | 17,522.287 | 15,948,781 | +1,573,506 | 9.83 | Month Sept |  | (882 roads) | 246.065 | 219,013,703 | +27,052,253 | 12.35 |
| 1st | week Jan | (42 roads) |  |  |  |  | Month Oct |  | $(881$ roads) | 260.613 | 233,105,043 | +27,508,010 | 11.80 |
| ${ }_{3 d}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | week $\begin{aligned} & \text { week }{ }^{\text {Jan }}\end{aligned}$ | (43 roads) (44 roads) | $10,675.438$ $11,339,770$ | $9,503,200$ $9,900,946$ | $+1,172,238$ $+1,438,824$ | 14.33 | Month Nov |  | (756 roads) | 242,115,779 | $207,816,169$ <br> 5638 | $+34,299,610$ $+3,220,441$ | 6.51 5.69 |

 of which. being a Canadian road, does not make returns to the Inter-State Commerce Commission. $T$ Includes Evansville \& Indiana RR. Includes


 higures are on new basis pre
Hinnatil from Nov. 11009.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.-For the third week of January our final statement covers 44 roads and shows $14.53 \%$ increase in the aggregate over the same week last year

| Third Week of January. | 1910. | 1209. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prevously reported (32 roads) - | $10,649,624 \mid$ | $0,241,687$ | $1,416,013$ | 8,076 |
| Atlanta Birmingham \& Atlantic | $51,828$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,241,687 \\ 39,177 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,416,13 \\ 12,651 \end{array}$ |  |
| Chattanooga Southern...-.-.-- | 1,772 263,703 | 18,329 | 12,443 |  |
| Denver Northwestern \& Pacific | 263,703 | 268,029 11897 |  | ,326 |
| Detroit Toledo \& Ironton | 27.718 | 24,515 | 3,203 |  |
| Georgia Southern \& Fori | 42,654 <br> 3980 | 35,624 38,669 | 7,030 |  |
| exican Rallwa | 140,000 | 126,100 | 13 , |  |
| Mineral Range | 15,629 | 15,232 | 397 |  |
| Nevada-Califo | 5,797 | 2,390 | 3,407 |  |
| Toledo St Louls ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 23,437 66,791 | 24,806 |  | 9 |
| Total (44 roads) <br> Net increase ( $14.53 \%$ ) | 11,339,770 | 9,900,946 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1,458,155 \\ 1,438,824 \end{array}\right\|$ | 19,331 |

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.-The table following shows the gross and net earnings of STEAM railroads and of industrial companies reported this week:

Roads.

 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Bangor \& Aroostook-b.Dec } & \mathbf{2 2 0}, 437 & \mathbf{2 1 5 , 8 7 1} \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec 31_- }\end{array}$ 76,500












| Cuba RR |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| July 1 to Dec 31 | 31, | 211,583 | 174,349 | 95,000 | $\mathbf{7 4 , 2 0 5}$ |


$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Delaware \& Hudson_b_-Dec } & 1,758,680 & 1,564,900 & 8,041,155 \\ \text { Jan } 1 \text { to Dec } 31 \ldots, \ldots-19,525,858 . & 18,459,260 & 8,067,380\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Denv \& Rio Grande_a_-Dec } & 1,815,330 & 1,717,789 & 408,003 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31-\ldots--12,370,776 & 10,958,756 & 3,789,828\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrrr}\text { Duluth So } S h \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to } & \text { Atl_b_Dec } & 236,365 & \mathbf{D 1 3 , 2 2 9} & \mathbf{7 2 , 1 6 4}\end{array}$




 $\begin{array}{crrrrr}g \text { Interoceanic of Mez_-_Dec } & 644,767 & \mathbf{5 6 6 , 4 3 5} & 254,212 & \mathbf{2 1 3 , 2 3 9} \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31-\ldots--- & 3,428,257 & 3,139,512 & 1.146 .246 & \mathbf{9 8 0 , 6 3 7}\end{array}$



 $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Louisv \& Nashville -b-NDec } & 4,483,844 & 3,978,009 & 1,751,361 & 1,465,353 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31 \ldots-\ldots 2,049,258 & 23,449,626 & 10,454,186 & 8,453,809\end{array}$ | $x$ Maine Central b- | July 1 to Dec | 31 | 662,884 | 613,836 | 177,473 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |


 $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Mississippi } & \text { Central_a_-_Dec } & 77,485 & 59,077 & 30,441 & 19,713 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31 \ldots \ldots & 434,338 & 332,666 & 172,011 & 114,366\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{crrrr}\text { Nashy Chat \& St L-b-_Dec } & 918,368 & 910,510 & 257,965 & 4,488,805 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31 \text { _--...- } & 5,698,548 & 5,544,266 & 1,542,808 & 1,409,499\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Nevada-Cal-Oregon_b-- Dec } & 31,591 & 31,990 & 14,512 & \mathbf{8 , 4 0 , 3 2 2} \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to } . \text { Dec } 31 \text { _-_--- } & \mathbf{2 6 5 , 0 5 2} & 203,642 & 149,715 & 118,037\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{crrrr}\text { Nevada Central } \mathbf{b}-\ldots \ldots \text { Dec } & \mathbf{6 , 1 6 4} & 6,352 & \mathbf{1 , 0 0 7} & \mathbf{2 , 0 1 2 3} \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } \mathbf{3 1} \ldots-\ldots-- & \mathbf{3 9 , 0 5 2} & 41,589 & \mathbf{3 , 3 3 9} & \mathbf{1 3 , 2 6 7}\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { N Y Ont \& Western_a--Dec } & 636,951 & 634,963 & 176,512 & 138,267 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec } 31-\ldots-- & 4,449,260 & 4,340,200 & 1,361,440 & 1,360,379\end{array}$




 Pennsylvania-Lines directly operated.
$\begin{array}{cccccc} \\ \text { East of Pltts \& Erieb Dec13,87,317 } & 12,266,417 & 4,237,779 & 3,277,179 \\ \text { Jan } 1 \text { to Dec } 31 \ldots--153,567,190136,299,590 & 46,420,281 & 38,876,781\end{array}$



## Southern Railway

| Mobile \& Ohio-b_--. Dec July 1 to Dec 31 | 915,069 $5,221,262$ | $\begin{array}{r} 892,001 \\ 4,934,988 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 291,922 \\ 1,654,262 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 268,876 \\ 1,618,737 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cinc N O \& Tex P_b--Dec July 1 to Dec 31 | $757,836$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,04,888 \\ \mathbf{6 4 4 , 9 4 6} \end{array}$ | 1,297,252 |  |
|  |  | 888,105 | 1,655,206 | 1,28 |
| July 1 to Dec | 370,269 2,023,955 | $\begin{array}{r} 319,865 \\ \mathbf{1 , 8 1 4 , 6 4 9} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 125,221 \\ & 606,741 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{9 1}, \\ \mathbf{5 2 0} \end{gathered}$ |
| eorgia So \& Fla July 1 to Dec 3 | 227,831 $1,185,545$ | 185,890 960,437 | 71,011 328,736 | 272 |
| ledo \& Ohio Cent_a_-Dec July 1 to Dec 31 | 2,272,575 | $\begin{array}{r} 275,560 \\ 2,473,168 \end{array}$ | 88,581 $\mathbf{7 3 7 , 3 5 7}$ | 34,8 864,8 818 |
| oledo St L \& West'n July 1 to Dec 31 | 1,975,870 | 291,431 $1,806,238$ | p111,105 p704,604 | ${ }_{p}^{p 12123}$ |
| July 1 to Dec 3 | 7,034,834 | 6,582,720 $42,640,088$ | $2,484,265$ $23,827,406$ | 22,199,7 |
| andalia $b$ <br> July 1 to Dec 3 | 810,595 $4,955,552$ | $\begin{array}{r} 743,256 \\ 4,592,660 \end{array}$ | $1,195,174$ $1,404,179$ | $22,067,007$ 172,094 $1,233,935$ |
| t Jersey \& Seash_b_Dec Jan 1 to Dec 31...... | 346,374 $\mathbf{5 , 7 6 5 , 7 5 8}$ | 326,674 $\mathbf{5 , 3 3 8}, 558$ | 1,473,311 $\mathbf{9}$, | $\begin{array}{r} 53,811 \\ 1,216,116 \end{array}$ |
| ghtsv \& Tennille_b_-Dec July 1 to Dec 31. | $\begin{array}{r} z 26,679 \\ z 167,178 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} z 24,778 \\ z 144,553 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,732 \\ \mathbf{6 9 , 3 3 2} \end{array}$ | 8,112 49,154 |
| oo \& Miss Valley a_ _ Dec July 1 to Dec 31. | 1,066,038 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,166,229 \\ \mathbf{5 , 3 2 9 , 1 6 2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 339,745 \\ & 810,985 \end{aligned}$ | 414,892 661,390 |

## Companies. Cumberland Tel \& Tel Co-b Jan 1 to Dec 31

Curront Earnings-
Yearevious
Current Earnings$\mathbf{6 1 5 , 3 6 8} \mathbf{6 , 1 4 1 , 8 1 8} \quad 2,735,928 \quad 2,478,845$

 a Net earnings here given are after deducting taxes.
b Net earnings here given are before deducting taxes.
$g$ These results are in Mexican currency.
$n$
$\boldsymbol{p}$ These figures represent $30 \%$ of gross earnings
$p$ For December miscellaneous credits to income was $\$ 417,710$, against
$\$ 129,408$ in 1908 , and for period from July 1 to Dec 31 was $\$ 374$ in ig09, against $\$ 88,218$ in 1908 .
s After allowing for miscellaneous charges to income for the month $s$ After allowing for miscellaneous charges to income for the month of
December 1909 , total net earnings were $\$ 178,790$, against $\$ 309,761$ last December 1909 , total net earnings were $\$ 178,790$ against $\$ 309,761$ last
year, and for period from July 1 to Dec. 31 were $\$ 2,413,474$ this year,
against $\$ 2,478,622$. against $\$ 2,478,622$.
$x$ These
$x$ These figures are on the basis of accounting prescribed by the Inter-
State Commerce Commission. $z$ Includes $\$ 130$ other income for December 1909, against $\$ 161$ in 1908 ,
and for period from July 1 to Dec. 31 includes $\$ 682$ in 1909 aginst $\$ 581$ last year. The earnings of the Dublin \& Southwestern RR. are included
in both years. Interest Charges and Surplus.
 INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES.

| Name of Road. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to latest date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week or | Current | $\begin{aligned} & \text { revotous } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Current Year. | Previous Year. |
|  |  | 4.706 |  |  |  |
|  | Decembe |  |  | 2,937,491 |  |
| caur Eligin \&c Chic R3 | N 3 cember. | 117,2 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Bingham }}$ | S ${ }^{\text {sptember }}$ | 188, | 177 | 1.64 |  |
| Brockton |  |  | 7.962 | 130,786 | ${ }^{1222,265}$ |
| Camaguey ${ }^{\text {co }}$ | Vovem | ${ }_{21}^{11}$ | ${ }_{21}^{10,793}$ | ${ }^{122} 2.119$ |  |
| Carollina Pow it LtC | Decemb | 16 |  |  |  |
| Central Penn Tra | Decembe |  |  |  |  |
| Chariest |  | 11098 | 968 | 10.24 | 9,003,164 |
| Cleve Paine | Decem | ${ }^{23}$, | 32 | 321 |  |
| Dalla | Decem | 119 |  | , 320 | 8 |
| trot | Novemb | ${ }^{85.509}$ | 76 | ${ }_{896}$ | 10,836 |
| Lo |  | 177.712 |  | 1,850 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {El }}{ }_{\text {Eair }}$ | Dec | - ${ }_{42,26}$ | ${ }_{36}{ }_{36}$ | 600,958 |  |
| Ft Wayne ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nover | 123,651 | 111 |  |  |
| Galv-Hous Elec Co-- |  |  |  | 1,20 |  |
| Havana Electric Ry. | Wk | 37,696 | ${ }_{40,059}$ | 30 | 50 |
| ${ }_{4}$ Land | ct |  | 34,010 | 341,989 |  |
| Houghton Co Trac Co |  | 26 |  |  |  |
| Jacksonvilie Elec Co.- | Decembe | 49,011 | 38,965 | 486,778 | 430,838 |
| Kansas Clity-West | Decembe |  | 28,439 | 357 |  |
| Milw El Ry | Decembe | 395,753 |  | 4,267 | ${ }_{3}^{1}, 888.539$ |
| Milw | Decembe | 70 | 62, |  |  |
|  | Wk Jan ${ }^{28}$ |  |  | 30 |  |
| Nash | Decemb | 182 | 149 | 1,777, | 1, ${ }^{1} 8989743$ |
| rth | Decembe | 108 | 97.448 | 1,259 | 1,080,577 |
| rthwest Elev Co | January |  | ${ }_{1156}^{173,731}$ |  |  |
|  | Decembe | 150,884 | 20 | d1,727,34 | ${ }_{226,614}$ |
| Pensa |  |  |  | 46 |  |
|  | Dec | 432,666 | 386,797 | 4,818,022 | 4,351,676 |
| Light \& Power | D | , 30 | 618,850 | 7,527 | ,138, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Decemb |  |  |  |  |
|  | Decembe | 481 | 415 | 5, ${ }^{1625,184}$ |  |
| mpa | e | 14, ${ }^{14}$ | 150 | - 5968.303 |  |
| Toledid | ecem | 263,400 | 235,974 | 2,730,396 |  |
| Toronto Rallways. | 29 | 76,141 | 65,84 |  |  |
| ound El Ry | wk Ja | 131,642 | 120,545 | 391,405 | 355,070 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 析 | Wk Jan |  |  |  |  |
| Metropoll | Wk Jan | ${ }_{\text {¢10, }}^{10,157}$ | ${ }_{\text {cta }}$ |  |  |
| United Rys of St L. | Decembe | 918 |  |  |  |
| thed Rrs of San | ovember |  |  | 6,810 |  |
| atcom CoRy \& | December | 39,149 | 37,353 |  | 362,252 |

e' These inguren are for consolldaled company. 1 Includes earnings of
the Norfols Counts Ferrles
Electric Railway Net Earnings.-The following table gives the returns of ELECTRIC railway gross and net earnings reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of
this kind will be found in the issue of Jan. 291910 . The next will appear in the issue of Feb. 261910.

 Kingston Consol Ry-
Oct 1 to Dec 31
 $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Nashville Ry \& Lt Co } \ldots \text { Dec } & \mathbf{3 3 , 0 2 3} & \mathbf{4 0 , 9 7 2} & \mathbf{3 1 , 8 7 5} & \mathbf{1 9 , 3 6 5} \\ \text { Jan 1 to Dec } 31 \ldots \ldots & \mathbf{3 9 4 , 3 5 3} & \mathbf{3 9 3}, 099 & \mathbf{3 1 6 , 1 4 4} & \mathbf{2 4 9 , 6 3 4}\end{array}$ Philadelphia Company-
Oct 1 to Dec 31 -
 Pough Cy \& Wapp Falls-
Oct 1 to Dec $31 .-\ldots, 457 \quad 8,033$
def.4,301 xdef. 198 $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { St Jos (Mo) Ry,L,H\&P_Dec } & 21,759 & 20,924 & 24,791 & \mathbf{2 5 , 4 8 7} \\ \text { Jan } 1 \text { to Dec 31_-_--- } & 256,989 & 247,220 & 217,016 & 206,839\end{array}$
 $\boldsymbol{d}$ Includes Oswego Traction Co.
$\boldsymbol{x}$ After allowing for other income received.

## ANNUAL REPORTS.

## South Side Rlevated Railroad, Chicago.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)

## President Weston says in brief:

Traffic-During the latter half of the last year there was a gain in traffic as compared with the corresponding perrod of the previous year, November
showing the largest business of any November in the history of the road. showing the largest business of any November in the history of the road,
except November 1903, during which business was abnormal on account of the strike on the Chicago CIty Rallway.
Charges at a Maximum. The fixed charges last year increased $\$ 16,460$,
for the reason that the rental or the road rom Indlana and 40 th St. to the stock Yaras and Pid not begin until April 1908. With this Earnings.-The Increases in the amount of net earnings and surpius are
due entirely to improvements in due entirely to improvements in operation, which have resulted in greater increase in wages to trainmen and some other of the employees. Lease Proposition.-Early in the year your directors considered a proposition from a committee of gentlemen looking towards the leasing of the
various elevated railroads of this city on the basis of fixed rentals and the operation of the several lines under a single management. The negotiations extended over several months, but the gentlemen never submitted an
offer which your directors felt they could consistently place before the offier which your directors felt they could consistently place before the
shareholders. At
the termination of the negotiations, during which only sher rental to be patid by the leasing company was considered, nothing was
teft in the way of the committee to make further suggestions in regard to
le this daate. II the urban transportation companies are to be brought together, they should be unifed on a basis which will permit the underly ing
companies to share reasonaly in the future growth of the business. Status. The property is in irst-class repair; the company has no floating
debt other than its current expenses; it has cash on hand amounting to $\$ 620.884$ on Dec. 31 1909; and you may confidently expect a steady and continuous inprovement, as evidence by the consideration of the question of dividends
during the lise year
will $b$ the and prudent business management. (See a subsequent page.-Ed.) RESULTS FOR CALENDAR YEARS. 1908 .


Total gross Operating Expenses---

Maintenance of way,

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 2,105,193 \\
\$ 114,081
\end{array}
$$ Maint. of equipment Conducting transportan

General exp. and taxes-
Loop rental and expenses Total
Per cent Net earning. to earn. Deduct bond interest--
do rental Ch. Jct. Ry do rental Ch. Jct. Ry.:-
do dividends
$\qquad$

Balance, surplus..-

$$
\widehat{20,580,011} \overline{20,309,064}
$$


 Current assets. Cash on hand-Total

Total
$\overline{20,580,011} \overline{20,309,064}$ $x$ Current liabilities, $\$ 273,825$ in 1909, is made up of taxes and rental, accrued
but not due, pay-rols, other audited bills and sundry accounts.
 deducted from reserve account, making total depreciation reserve Dec. 311909
$\$ 290.682$.-V. 90 , p. 304. United Railways Co. of St. Louis.
(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)
President and General Manager Robert McCulloch on Dec. 311909 wrote in brief:
Earnings.-Passenger earnings show an increase over 1908 of $\$ 495,427$ 1909 of $\$ 518,266$, or $4.89 \%$. Operating expenses, taxes and increase for increased $\$ 290,718$, or $4.31 \%$.
The amount available for dividends amounted to $\$ 1,285,071$, being an increase of $\$ 228,103$. The surplus earnings after payment of divideng of The percentage of transfers used by revenue passengers is increasing ich year. The percentage of transfers used during 1909 increased to 44.85 , as against 44.50 for 1908 .
Funded Debt.-On Marc
cised its option
cised its option to purchase the $\$ 1,500,000$ the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. exerpledged with them as collateral securlty for the $\$ 1,200,0005 \% / 2 \%$ collateral
trust notes, due July 11909 . From the proceeds the trust notes, due July 1 1909. From the proceeds the said $\$ 1,200,000$ col On May $11910 \$ \$ 1,948,000$ underiying $5 \%$ bonds of the St. Louis RR. Co. will mature. Under the terms of our first general mortgage there are reinjuries, property damages and expenses of the claim department shows a reduction of $\$ 3,560$, as compared with 1908 . The injuries and damages reserve fund has been increased during the Year by $\$ 161,478$, being the
difference between the amount actually paid on account of injuries and damages and the amount charged to operating expenses, and has also been increased by $\$ 25,000$, the dividend on 5,000 shares of our pref. stock held
in the treasury for the benefit of this fund. This fund Dec. 311909 amount-
ed to $\$ 971,565$.

 bonds of Cass Avenue Ry. Co. held in the treasury for this fund, s. 5.525 ;
total increase. $\$ 51,180$. This fund on Dec. 311809 amounted to $\$ 26,552$. total Increasee. \$51, 180. This fund on Dec 311909 amounted to $\$ 222,552$. ings was credited to this fund and $6 \%$ during the last sis months; also
86,058 from other sources, making a net credit of 5615,819 . The amount sharged tom other sources, making a net credit of $\$ 615,819$. The amount
chatis fund during the year on account of large expenditures for reconstruction,
Roadwaiy and Track.-During the year 3.14 miles of unused track were During the year there was replaced 39.93 miles of old track with new track of the most modern construction, and 12.38 miles of $T$-rall track on the county lines have been re-tled and re-ballasted in substantial manner. rate purpose is to continue this reconstruction at approximately the same
added during condins are good. To the paved track there have been added durlng the year 15.24 miles.
Within the ctty: Granite block the 3118.58 miles of track on pubic streets creosoted wooden blocks, 2.48 miles; asphait, 7.03 miles: wooden bridges,


| Reconstruction and Renewal of Track by Company in City and County (Miles). |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 0 4}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 1 . 5 6}$ | 1905. | $\mathbf{8 . 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 0 6}$ | in The St. Louis \& Suburban Ry during the three years prior to its merger Right of Way.-A right of way has been acquired extendin

from DeBaliviere Ave. to a connection with the Suburban Line in Uni versity City, it being our intention to extend the McPherson Ave. line. $471 / 2$ feet in length, seating 46 passengers, weighing 50,000 lbs. empty, and equipped with four 40 h . D. motors.
One Mill Passenoer Tax. Our General Counsel is giving special attention to the case, which has had a hearing in the Circuit Court of the citty, but
thus far the Court has made no ruling. (V. 88, p. 744; V. 86, p. 1287.) 2. RESULTS FOR CALENDAR YEAR.
 surplus
\# Includes depreciation, $\$ 609,761$ in 1909, $\$ 527,856$ in 1908, $\$ 540,182$
n 1907 and $\$ 455,681$ in $1906 ;$ also taxes, which in 1909 aggregated $\$ 773,880 ;$ GENERAL BALA NCE SHEET DEC. 31

 do res've funds
First gen. M. bds (employ. M. bds. badge
dep. fd.), $125 \%$
in bonds in bonds. $125 \%$
Mo. Elec. RR. M.
pur. $5 \%$. pur. EMC. RR. $5 \%$. M .
Miscell. securlties Material \& supp-
Cash - Cash for coupons
Jotes recelvable
open accounts
Znsur., \&c., prep'd
Miscelianeous

| 16,000 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 630,000 | 6 |
| 62,150 |  |
| 246,827 | 2 |
| 273,184 | 2 |
| 53,540 |  |
| 1,903 |  |
| 99,265 |  |
| 42,979 |  |
| 29,635 |  |


$x$ Includes taxes not due, $\$ 190,739$, and sundry creditors, $\$ 67,972$, \&c $\$ 5,970$ for adjustments. TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FOR YEARS 1905 TO 1909


## Lake Shore Electric Railway, Cleveland.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)President E. W. Moore, in the report submitted Jan. 25, describes the various improvements and additions made during the year and adds:
Earnings.-The following is a comparative statement of the results for
the system:

 Rolling Stock. -Ten new 36-foot gondola cars, $80,000-\mathrm{lbs}$. capacity, were
purchased for use in the crushed stone trade. Lighting. Of Feb. 1 the People's Light \& Power Co. began furnishing
the village of Vermilion with arc lights and also with commercial and resi-
dence service Bonds.-During the past year the company has sold its treasury general
mortgage bonds, $\$ 1,250,000$, the proceeds of which have been applled towards the payment of floating debt, retiring the collateral trust notes which matured on Dec. 1, and improvements or the past year (V.89, n. 721 ).
Stockholders.-On Dec. 311909 there were 280 stoch RESULTS FOR YEAR ENDING DEC. 31 (Incl. Sand. Frem. \& So. Ry.).

| Operations- | 1909. | 1908. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passengers carried --..- | 4,951,002 | 4,788,418 | 4,904,505 | $4,{ }_{48}^{190}$ |
| Earnings per passenger - | 18.57 cts . | 18.11 cts . | 18.61 cts. | 18.54 cts |
| Number car miles | 3,325,869 | 3,339,131 | 3,392,735 | ${ }_{3,355,661}$ |
| Nrot earns. per car mile | 27.65 cts . | 25.97 cts . | 26.91 cts . | 25.65 cts. |
| Earninjs- | 12.70 cts . | 11.27 cts . | 11.54 cts . | 11.46 cts . |
| Passengers | 818,263 | 792,614 | 839,237 | - |
| Parior, \&c., car revenue | 6,621 | 3,869 | 5,002 | 795,688 |
| Rents, power, \&c...- | 60,834 $\mathbf{3 3 , 8 9 5}$ | 50,472 | 47,207 | 39,404 |
| Gross income | 919,613 |  |  |  |
| Oper. exp. and taxes, | 497,331 | 867,269 490,974 | 913,161 | 860,720 |
| Per cent oper. to income | (54.08) | (56.61) | (57.11) | 476,258 <br> (55.33) |
| Net earnings | 422,282 | 376,295 | 391,602 |  |
| Other income .-.-. -- -- | 25,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,462 \\ 6,250 \end{array}$ |
| Total income- | 447,282 |  | 416,602 |  |
| Deduct-Interept | 350,450 | -326,233 | 294,073 | 390,712 254,198 |
| Balance, surpios. | 96,832 | 75,062 | 122,529 | 36,514 |


| BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sets | 1909. |  |  | $1909 .$ | $1908 .$ |
| Cost of rd.\& equip. 13 | ,578,304 | 13,244,089 | Common sto | 4,500.000 | 4,500,000 |
| S. E. gen. mtge. |  |  | Preferred sto | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| Prends in treas-.. |  | 1,229,000 | Bonds | 6,245,000 | 6,220,000 |
| Securities in treas. | 474817 |  | Bills payable | 200,000 | 1,002,257 |
| S!nk. fd. T.F.\&N- | 45.817 | 474,917 33,100 | Accounts payable |  | 1 |
| Due from cos. and |  |  |  |  |  |
| individuals | 145,313 | 190,153 | Taxes accrued not |  |  |
| Miscel a accounts | 45,542 | 43,808 | due | 8,106 | 10,139 |
| Prepaid insurance- |  | 14,096 | Miscellaneous ac- |  |  |
| Cash | 138,462 | 42,917 | Surplus account.- | 410.839 | 323,939 | Total $\ldots \ldots . \overline{14,455,409} \overline{15,275,280}$ Total $\ldots . . . . .-14,455,409 \overline{15,275,280}$ EARNINGS OF LORAIN STREET RR. CO. FOR YEAR END. DEC. 31




## Northern Ohio Traction \& Light Co., Cleveland.

 (Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)Pres. H. A. Everett, Cleveland, Jan. 15, wrote in substance
Earnings.-The gross revenue for the year 1909 is $\$ 2,177,642$, as com-
pared with $\$ 1,890,473$, showing an increase of $\$ 287,169$, or $15.2 \%$, this being an average dally increase of $\$ 78676$ per day. improvements for the year was $\$ 142,981$, viz: Road, power-houses, dec general, $\$ 100$. Exclusive of $83-100$ miles of additional double track, which cost $\$ 16,500$ the track and roadway expenditures represent the difference crete and crushed stone foundations, and new pavement addition of condepartment, 27,175 duct feet of conduit have been lald on Mill the lighting
and the lighting wires placed und and the lighting wires placed underground. Bonds.-Second mortgage bonds, $\$ 300,000$ maturing May 1 1909;
\$600,000 $6 \%$ gold notes maturing. Sept. 11 1909: $\$ 100,000$ Tuscarawas Electric Co. ffrst mortgage, maturing May 1 1909: $\$ 100,000$ Tuscarawas
an issue of $\$ 1,000,0006 \%$ collateral trust 1010, have been retired by Dividend Increase. On March 15 a dividend bonds.
was paid. At ate of $1 / 1 /$ of $1 \%$ incerent paid from its surplus earnings for the year its entire fooating debt ${ }^{\text {and }}$, Inany has and all expenses in connection with the refunding of the $\$ 1,000,000$ of mithepreciation.-The with a substantial amount for depreciation has been continued, making a total to the credit to this fund on Dec. 311909 of $\$ 300,000$. , makig
of 47 . 47 . RESULTS FOR CALENDAR YEAR OF THE COMBINED PROPERTIES. $\begin{array}{lcccc} & 1909.8 & 1908 . & 1907 . & 1906 . \\ \text { Miles operated Dec. } 31- & 214.88 & 214.05 & 214.53 & 204.12\end{array}$


## Kansas Oity-Western Railway Co.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending June 30 1909.)
President C. F. Holmes, writing on Oct. 201909 (compare map on page 56 of "Electric Ry. Section") says in substance: General Results.-Gross earnings increased $\$ 18,704$, or $5.66 \%$; total net
income increased $\$ 5,338$, or $4.30 \%$ fixed charges increased $\$ 1,121$, or $1.38 \%$ and surplus after charges increased $\$ 4,217$, or $9.80 \%$. $\$ 1,121$, $1.38 \%$
 for betterments and extensions slnce the property was taiken over by the present management have totaled (to June 301909 . $\$ 842,140$. It has has been done to the extent of $\$ 138,906$, thus reduclng the cost of better-
ments and extenslons, as shown in the balance sheet, t
$\$ 503$ ments and extenslons, as shown in the balance sheet, to $\$ 503,235$.
Financial.-The $\$ 4,000$ first refunding mortgage $5 \%$ bonds in the were sold during the eear, ma king the amount of bonds now in the hands
of the public $\$ 1,650$ yent of the public $\$ 1,650,000$. The company continues r ree of flo the hands
the excess of debtrent
the assets over current labilities having increased more the excess or current ase
than $60 \%$ during the year
Earnings
Earnings Available for Dividends.-Plans for the improvement of the sys-
tem have now been practically completed, and results in the way of increased efficlency already have been realized. Beginning (July 1 1910)
with the next nise basls. While such year, che the property will be placed on a formal operating
bilnt alter the methods of operation, Its principal feature will be the inclusion in operating costs of reserves agalnst
depreclation and a discontinuance of the policy of writing down the cost
of betterments by the amount of accrued surplus earnings. The surplus hrrough the payment of dividends when in the judgment of the management they are warranted.

INCOME ACCOUNT FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30. Gross Earnings-Passenger-------

$\begin{array}{lll}908-09 . & 1907-08 \text {. Inc. or Dec. } \\ \mathbf{3 3 1 , 5 9 0} & \$ 315,576 \\ +\$ 16,014\end{array}$


Total-
Operating Expenses-Operating Expenses-
Maintenance of way, \&
Maintenance of equipment-
Conducting transportationConducting transportation
Taxes.



 Surplus.
Note. -The entire surplus has been credited to cost of property in lieu of depreciation charges BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

| Assets- | $\underset{\$}{1909 .}$ | $\underset{\$}{1908 .}$ | Liabilities- | $1909 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 190 \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ost of property |  |  | Capital stock. | ,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
|  | 咗 | 3,597,610 | Bonds |  | 1,646,000 |
|  | 93,355 | 93,157 | Unpaid | 4,659 | 4,162 |
| Accts. recelvable | 49 | 4,259 | Accts. payable- | 10,209 |  |
| aterial and sup- |  |  | Acc'd bond int | 27,525 | 27,434 |
| plies | 20,371 | 17,639 | Sundry reserves | 9,761 | 9,745 |
| eferred assets. | 10,277 | 9,358 | Accrued taxes,- | $8,000$ | 8,691 |

 - Includes cost of property, $\$ 3,081,267$; betterments and extensions

## United Cigar Manufacturers' Co., New York.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)
income account.
Cal. Year. Cal. Year. Cal. Year. 9 Mecos. to Gross profits
Administ'n \&selling exp. Profit from operations
Miscel. profit \& int. rec'd

| $\$ 2,820,977$ |
| :--- |
| $1,217,654$ | Total proft $\begin{array}{r}\$ 1,603,323 \\ 179,441 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}--- & \$ 1,782,764 \\ \text { oits } & \$ 75,267\end{array}$ Int. on loans \& deposits on customers accts

Divs. on pref. stock
Divs. on com. stk. $(5 \%)$
 BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31

BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31.

\section*{| Assets- |
| :---: |
| Cost of property |
| 1909. |}




 Total .-.......-25,571,397 $\overline{24,095,927} \quad$ Total ...........25,571,397 $\overline{24,095,927}$ a Trade marks, patent rights and real estate and machinery as of Jan. 11909 ,
$\$ 16,890,923$; additional real estate and machinery acquired during year, less depre clation, $\$ 31$; additional real estate and machinery acquired during year, less depre ciation, $\$ 31,729 ;$ investment in arrinated comp
reserve for discounts, 850,000 .-V. 90, p. 171 .

## Sears-Roebuck \& Co., Chicago

(Report for Year ending Dec. 31 1909.) INCOME ACCOUNT

Sales, less returns, allowances, discounts, \&c $\$ 51,011,536 \$ 21,813,592 \$ 40,843,866 \$ 50,722,840$ $\begin{array}{ccccc}\begin{array}{c}\text { Purchases, all exp. and } \\ \text { administration ch'ges_ }\end{array} 44,391,681^{19,494,264} & 38,452,538 & 47,187,297\end{array}$

 Other reserves--------$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Common dividend --(41/2) } 1,350,000 & 1 / 2) \\ \text { Preferred dividend } & -\overline{-1}, \overline{2} \overline{5} & \text { (7) } 68 \overline{8} \overline{2} \overline{5} \overline{5} \overline{0} & \text { (7) } 6 \overline{9} \overline{5}, \overline{6} \overline{0} \overline{2}\end{array}$ Surplus for year..... $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4,172,985 \\ & \$ 1,650,207 \\ & \$ 1,352,296 \\ & \$ 2,542,900\end{aligned}$ BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31.


## General Chemical Co., New York

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)
President Wm. H. Nichols, New York, Jan. 28 1910, wrote in substance
Since the last annual report there has been an increase of our preferred
capital stock outstanding $\$ 1,500,000$ thereof having been lssued at par capital stock outstanalng- $\$ 1,500,000$ thereof having been issued at pa tion and improved facilities, a considerable portion of which is already under way
Among these improvements may be mentioned a plant near Vancouver B. Ci which is now in operation, and a more important plant at Newell, il us to dispose of the ground upon which the old Pittsburgh plant stands, nd which has become too valuashe to be used for the chemcal business Steps have been taken to establish our interests on the Pacific coast of the nd improvements are in our existing plants.
on the common stock, payable March 1 , and a dividend dividend of $11 / \%$ common stock, payable in common stock at par on March 15. Both div dends will be paid to stockholders of record Feb. 211910 . As to this extra ividend, it will be remembered that no dividend was paid upon the commo in these years, and the directors deemed it appropriate at this time to make some recognition ofthe fact.
 Pref. dividend ( $6 \%$ )--Common dividend (4\%) $\$ 705,000$
296,412
246,102 harged of plant 246,102
109,346
15,000
 $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Exp. on repairs \& recon- } \\ \text { str'n chgd. to exp. acct. }\end{array} \quad 399,511 \quad 463,860 \quad 568,368 \quad 522,038$ BALANCE SHEET DEC. 31.

| Assets- | $1909 .$ | $1908 .$ | Liabilities- | $\begin{gathered} 1909 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1908 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mfg.Invest. at cost | ,491,886 | 14,334,087 | Preferred stock | 2,500,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Invest. in oth. cos | 3,008,614 | 2,962,757 | Common stock | 00 |  |
| Merchandise (cost) | 1,905,152 | 1,981,011 | Accounts payable. |  |  |
| Acts. receivable.- | 2,936,195 | 2,474,462 | Div. pay Jan. 3-- | 187,500 | 165,000 |
| Cash | 2,063,290 | 679,946 | Reserve for fire ins. | $\begin{array}{r}436,512 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 389,206 |
| Insurance and miscellaneous | 524,870 | 472,948 | Prof. sharing fund <br> Corp. tax reserve Surplus. | $\begin{array}{r} 109,346 \\ \hline-x 3,956,850 \end{array}$ | 3,189,018 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (INCLUDING SUB-COMPANIES) DEC. 31


 owned .......- $520,705 \quad 474,848$ Sundry accounts $\begin{array}{llrllll}\text { Miscell. Investments } & 70,756 & 72,975 & \text { accrued (not due) } & \mathbf{3 6 0 , 6 1 4} & 446,316\end{array}$




* The manufacturing investment as above is figured after deducting mortgages not due on properties purchased, amounthe cost for depreclation, which, together with the cost of repairs and replacement charged
to expense account from the time of the formation of the company (1899) to the prexent date, amount in the aggregate to $\$ 6,727,578$. $x$ This surplus will be redu
$\$ 741,030$ by the $10 \%$ stock dividend payable March 151910 .-V. $90, \mathrm{p} .306$.


## Guggenheim Exploration Co., New York.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)
President Daniel Guggenheim, New York, Dec. 31 1909, wrote in substance:
Status.-Comparison with the last annual statement will show an in-
crease in [the accumulated] surplus of $\$ 213,376$. The net earnings at present date are equal to $14.7 \%$ per annum. This by no means represents the actual earnings of the companies in which we are interested, but is based upon their present dividend disbursements. In this connection it should be remembered that the copper companies have made their earnings upon
the extremely low prices for the metal which have prevailed during the year. Security Holdings.-We continue to carry American Smelters Securities Co. stock, of which we own $\$ 11,249,000$ par value, upon our books at a
nominal valuation of $\$ 1$. In a statement issued by the American Smelting nominal valuation of $\$ 1$. In a statement issued by the American Smelting
\& Refining Co. (V. 90, , $\mathbf{p}$. Amere about smetters Securities Co. for the six months ending Nov. 301909 were about equal to a rate of $7 \%$ annually on the common stock of the
Securities Company, and it is expected that their future earnings will be larger. Upon this showing it seems safe to assume that a fair present value of this stock would be about par, in which event the book value of Guggenwould be $\$ 315$ per share exclusive of good-will.
During the year our holdings of Cumberland-Ely Copper Co stock and Nevada Northern Ry. Co. bonds were converted into Nevada Consolidated Copper Co. stock, which was placed upon a dividend basis in the last quarter The initial dividend was $371 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per annualy equal told Co. commenced dividend disbursements in the third quarter of the year, at the rate of $8 \%$ per annum The copper companies in which we are interested are now issuing quar bALANCE SHEET DEC. 31.
 Note.-All of the above items are carried at cost.-V. 89, p. 667.

## Midvale Steel Oo., Philadelphia.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Oct. 31 1909.) RBSULTS FOR YEARS ENDING OCT. 31 .
 For net profits of previous years, see V. 86, p. 283. baLANCE SHEET OCT, 31.

| Assels- | $1909 .$ | $1908 .$ | Llabiliti | $1909 .$ | $1908 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property\&equip't. | 9,621,375 | 9,814,419 | Capltal stock | 0.000 | 000 |
| Patterns. | 200,000 | 200,000 | Bills payable- | 1,125,000 | 875,000 |
| Worked materials. | 1,983,073 | 1,657,751 | Accounts payable. | 371,202 | 395,590 |
| Raw material --: | 527,910 | 378,400 | Miscellaneous | 164 | 168 |
| Merch'so, coal, \&o. | 369,398 | 362,803 | Fire insurance fund | 100,000 |  |
| Bills a'aeots rec- | $\begin{array}{r} 1,101,009 \\ 100,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 785,827 \\ 44,480 \end{array}$ | Surplus .-----.-* | 1,665,812 | 310,464 |
| Cash | 109,412 | 87,542 |  |  |  |
| Tota | 4,012,178 | 3,331,222 | Total | 4,012,178 | 3,331,222 | * After deducting $\$ 50,000$ installment of fire insurance fund applicable to the

year 1908.-V. 89. D. 1355 .

## North American Company.

(Balance Sheets of Subsidiary Companies as of Dec. 31 1909.)
The report of the North American Co. for the calendar year 1909, including the income account and balance sheet and the income accounts of the subsidiary companies, were given in the "Chronicle" last week, page 301. Below we give the condensed balance sheets of the subsidiary companies as of Dec. 31 1909. The dividends paid are there shown in all cases except the Union Elec. Lt. \& Power Co. of St. Louis and St. Louis County \& King Electric Co. The dividends of the Union Electric Light \& Power Co. amounted to $\$ 593$,100 , or $6 \%$, which if deducted from thenet income of theyear, $\$ 748,376$, leaves a balance, surplus, of $\$ 155,276$. There were $\$ 18,000$ dividends declared on the stock $(\$ 300,000)$ of the St. Louis County Gas Co., leaving a profit and loss surplus of $\$ 1,492$, as below shown, the balance sheet still showing $\$ 18,000$ "dividends accrued."
BALANCE SHEETS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES AS OF DEC. 311909. aMil.El.Ry. Un. Rys of Un.El.L.t. De Detroit Sl.L.Co. \& West.K.
\& Lt. Co.
$\underset{\text { Pro., plant }}{\text { Assits }}$

$\overline{45,090,248} \frac{\cdots-\cdots}{107,169,624} \frac{\cdots \cdots-}{28,033,471} \frac{\cdots \cdots}{17,994,263} \frac{\cdots-\cdots}{788,054} \frac{1,196,042}{6,484,401}$ Capital stock Funded debtBllls payable
Accts. payable Accts. payable-
Vouch. \&pay-rolls Surety, \&c.,depos Int.,tax., \&c.,.acer
DIvs. acred. \& Divs. accr'd,
Reserves
Miscellaneous
Total $\overline{45,090,248} \overline{107,169,624} \overline{28,033,471} \overline{17,994,263} \overline{788,054} \overline{6,484,401}$ a Includes Milw. Elec. Ry. \& Light Co., Milw. Light, Heat \& Trac. Co, Milw,
Central Heating Co., Racine Gas Light Co., Kenosha Gas \& Electric Co. and Watertown Gas \& Electric Co. b Including Milw. Elec. Ry. \& Lt. Co. pref. stock and
$\$ 9,000,000$ Milw. Lt. Ht. \& Tr. Co. stock. cSinking fund of Kenosha Gas \&
Electric Co -V. 90 , p. 301 .

## American Light \& Traction Co.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)
RESULTS FOR CALENDAR YEARS

Earns. on stk. of sub.cos.
Miscelianeous earnings.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1909 . \\
3,033,668 \\
311,773
\end{array}
$$

$\xrightarrow{\mathbf{1 9 0 8}} \mathbf{\$ 2 , 4 5 2} \mathbf{2 7 0 , 1 9 1}$ $\underset{\substack{1907 \\ \$ 2,236,261 \\ 226,897}}{ }$ $\xrightarrow{1906} .070,5$ Expenses Net earnings -
Div. on pref. stock $(6 \%)$
Cash div. on com. stock. $\$ 3,239,179$
854,172
(9) 778,495 $\$ 2,723,064$
45,000 \$2,463,158 $2,263,736$
48,000 Cash div. on com. stock. $\$ 2,678,064$
854,172
(7) 495,082

\$2,426,595 | $\$ 2,215,736$ |
| :--- |
| 853,068 | Total dividends Balance, surplus

Reconstruction reserve.-

## $41,897,000$ $59,480,000$

 $0 \begin{gathered}9,885 \\ 15,643\end{gathered}$
## ,885,000

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
5,000,000 & 310,00 \\
11 ; 161,000 & \\
750,616 & 399,65 \\
357,661 & -
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10,000 \\
& 99,658
\end{aligned}
$$

2,000,000
$1,963,000$ $1,963,000$
1,115
$2,411,348$ 411,348 $\begin{array}{rr}24,52 \overline{24} & 24,050 \\ 259,342 & 10,244 \\ 29,4\end{array}$ 49,839 59,099 99

## Union Stock Yards Oo. of South Omaha.

(Report for Fiscal Year ending Nov. 30 1909.)
results for yearis ending nov. 30.

| Total earnings Total expenses | $\begin{gathered} 1909 . \\ \begin{array}{c} 1584,083 \\ \\ 884,796 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1908 \\ \begin{array}{c} 1855,016 \\ 288,096 \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1907 \\ \$ 809,783 \\ 319,281 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1096 \\ \left.\begin{array}{r} 1068 \\ 3812,582 \\ 3 \end{array}\right) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net ear | \$569,287 | \$496,020 | \$490.502 | 8504,437 |
| vidends | +449,766 | $4 \overline{49}$, $76 \overline{6} \overline{6}$ | $4 \overline{49} 9 \overline{8} \overline{8} \overline{8}$ | 449,754 |
| Balance, surplus_ - | \$19,521 | \$46,254 | \$40, |  |

BALANCE SHEET NOV. 30.

Acc'ts receiv,
Cash on hand
Total $\overline{87}, \overline{\mathrm{p} .} \mathbf{2 8 4 , 0 1 3 , 2 7 2} \overline{\$ 7,979,608} \quad$ Total $-\ldots .-\overline{\$ 8,013,272} \overline{\$ 7,979 ; 600}$

## Armour and Oompany.

(Statement to New York Stock Exchange Nov. 15 1909.)
Following is a digest of the official statement made in connection with the listing on the New York: Stock Exchange of the $\$ 30,000,000$ "real estate first mortgage $41 / 2 \% 30$-year gold coupon bonds:
These bonds are secured by first mortgage made by Armour and Company
(as mortgagor) and by Armour Packing Co. Armour Car Lines (as joint mortgagors) to the Farmers' Loan \&o Trust Armour trustee, dated June 1 1909.
The corporation of Armo
on April 71900 ; capital stock $\$ 20,000,000$, all isincorporated in Illinois Co. Was incorporated in New Jersey Feb. 27, 1893; capital stock $\$ 1$ Packing
all issued all issued. Armour \& Co. was incorporated in N. J. March 22 1900; capitai
stock $\$ 100,000$, all issued. Armour Car Lines was incorporated in N. J.
 after June 11914 any part, chosen by lot, not less than $10 \%$, may be redwelve weeks' notice by ad Dertisement in New York. $1021 / 2$ and interest thereon, upon Armour and Company, Armour \& Co. and Armour Car Lines now condist the business formerly carried on by the firm of Armour \& Co. estab-
lished in Chicago more than 35 years ago by the late Philip D. Armour. Ome firm of Armour \& Co. had packing-house plants at Chicago and South the utilization of raw materials (generally known as packing-house byit also owned a number of refrigerator and of such plants being at Chicago. branch houses, salesrooms and other distributing establishments throughout Armour Packing Co. was the successor for a partnership composed of several members of the Armour family and had itt partnership composking house and pro-
ducing plants at Kansas City, Kans., also a number of refrigerator cars, Larrely because
and of controlling and active stockholders and of the firm of Armour \& Co Co., the corporations of Armour and Company, Armour \& Company an Armour Car Lines were formed, and subsequently the interests of all the business for operating and financial purposes. The stockholders and their respective interests of the four companies are identical, except only that one share in each of the three New Jersey corporations is held by a resident Since 1900,
Louis, Ill., and Armour \& Co. has built a packing-house plant at East St to hereafter erecting a packing plant on part thereof Minneapolis with a view Conditions upon which the Remaining $\$ 20000000$ Bond

1. The purchase or construction of additional packing houses factories and other producing plants, warehouses, packi, for use in production and manufacture, and the equipment thereof, and of additional branch houses, salesrooms, icing stations, \&c.; and the purchase of additional real
estate, improvements, extensions to any property subjected to estate, improvements, extensions to any property subjected to the lien 2. To an amount not exceeding $\$ 10,000,000$ of said bonds, for the general improvement and betterment of any of the properties at the time subject quisition of cars and other rolling stock, and for the acquisition of raw materials, supplies and other articles and things for use in the business stituting quick assets, as said term is hereinafter limited and defined.
Real Estate upon which the Indenture Securing said Bonds Constitute a 1st Mtge.
2. Lands in Chicago on which are located the slaughter houses, pack-
ing houses, warehouse, factories, refineries and other plants
and works, and the office building of Armour and Co, at the
3. Lands in Shicago on which are located the glue works, soap works
4. Lands in County of St. Clair, Ill., upon which are located the
slaughter houses, packing houses, refineries, factories and other
plants and works of Armour and Co. at the National Stock
Yards near East St. Louis in said county, say National Stock
Lands in County of Douglas, Neb., being the tract upon which
are situated the slaughter houses, packing houses, warehouses
refneries, factories and other plants of Armour and Co. at
South Omaha in sald county, say--1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sands and tracts situate in County of wandotte, Kan., beeng } \\ & \text { the }\end{aligned}$ houses, warehouses, refineries, factories and other plants and works of Mrmour Packing Co. at Kansas City in sald county, say 30.50 Lans and tiacts in county of Woodbury, Iowa, being the tracts warehouses, refineries, factories and other plants and works of Armour \& Co. at Sloux city, in said county-- being the tracts upon which are located the slaughter houses, packing houses.
warehouses, refineries, factories and other plants and works of Armour \& Co. at Fort Worth, in said county $\overline{\text { Ramsey, }}$ Minn.upon which it is contemplated to hereafter erect and construct certain slaughter houses, packing houses, refineries, factories and
property of Armour \& Co. and situated near the city of Minne-
5. Real estate saituate in the County of New York and County of 700.00 Kings, N. Y.i upon which are situate certain branch houses, preservation and distribution of products belonging to Ar-
Together, in each instance, with all the structures, plants, fixtures and other appurtenances now or at any time hereafter acquired, constructed, erected or placed upon said tracts of real estate, respectively. other mortgage lien, and the title thereto is vested in said Armour of any Armour Packing Co. or Armour \& Co., as the case may be, and as above
stated.

Securtites Pledged as Additional Securtty for said Issue of Bonds, 1. Underlying first mortgage 30-year $5 \%$ gold bonds of Armour
$\&$ Co.. dated May 31909 , payable on or before 30 years
from said date, interest payable May 1 and Nov. 30 .
from said date, interest payabie May 1 and Nov. $30-\$ 7,493,355$ Underiving first mortgage $30-$ year $5 \%$ gold bonds of Frank
E. White, dated May 311909 payable on or before 30 years
from said date, interest payable on May 1 and Nov. 30 ....
from sald date, interest payabie on May 1 and Nov. $30 . \ldots .1,341,323$
and Said underlying mortgages (so called) constitute first mortgage liens
respectively on the several tracts of real estate. $\mathbf{r}$ leasehold interests respectively on the several tracts of real estate ar easenold interests
(sald real estate being additional to that described above), and the branch
houses, warehouses, salestooms, railroad terminals, \&c., thereon which are used in the distribution, preservation and sale of the products of the slaughter houses, \&c., herelnbefore described, and are situated, respectively, in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Con-
necticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgla, Ilinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas,
Kentucky. Louisiana, Malne, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, MinneKentucky Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, MinneNorth Carolina, North Daakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rork,
sland, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginla, Washingto
West Virginia and Wisconsin. Neither Armines has any funded debt other than the $\$ 30,000,000$ hereby
requested to be listed, nor is any of the property mortgaged by said inArmour car to be listed, nor is any of the property mortgaged by said in-
requed ture or by any of sald underlying mortgages subject to any mortgage denture or by an
or similar llen.
Covenant of the Joint Mortgagors, namely the Armour Packing Co., Armour
"The joint mortgagors, and each of them, in consideration of the benefits
and advantages to accrue to them, and each of them, as recipients of a large portion of the proceeds of the bonds issued and to be issued herfunder and otherwise in the premises, do hereby, pursuant to the consent, authority issued capital stock of sald corporation, jointly and severally, expressly agree and blnd themselves, their successors and assigns, by way of original and every bond from time to time issued or to be issued under this indenecome payable, by declaration or otherwise, in accordance with the terms nd provisions truly keep, perform and observe each and the mortgagor nants and agreements in this indenture contained, and conform to coveand every condition, limitation and restriction imposed upon or applicabl therefrom, all with the same force and effect as if the join to be implied and each of them, had signed and sealed the sald bonds and mortgagors, the coupons annexed to said coupon bonds; hereby waiving, for value eived, any notice of any step or action taken under or by virtue of any mortgagor."
perts of the Covenants as to Dividend Payments, Quick
Continue While These Bonds Remain Out.
no (1) li., to Sec. ${ }^{7}$ At no time (1) shall the combined outstanding indebtedpanies, including the outstanding bonds secured by this indenture, exceed in the aggregate the value at the time of their combined unincumbered quick assets; nor (2) shall the mortgagor delcare or pay a dividend upon
ts stock except only out of undivided and undistributed net profits earned after Oct. 24 1908; nor (3) shall any of the joint mortgagors, or any of said auxlliary or subsidiary companies, pay any dividend except, only on condition that any such dividend shall be paid to the mortgagor to become
a part of its earnings and income; nor (4) shall the mortgagor or either of the joint mortgagors make any distribution of its assets or funds to the holders of its stock, other than by way of dividends out of net profits as abgre provate amount of the then outstanding capital stock of the mortgagor aggregate amount of the then outstanding capital stock of the mortgagor
and of the combined surplus of said four corporations to less than the sum of $\$ 81,869,62524$.
If any dividend shall be paid in contravention of the aforesaid provisions or by the trustee, pay the aggregate amount of such dividend to the trus tee, to be applied in the redemption of bonds outstanding hereunder, subject to the restrictions of Article 8 of this indenture.
auxiliary and subsidiary companies, will at all times have on hand, free auxiliary and subsidiary companies, will at all times have on hand, free receivable which shall not have been made or accrued more than six factured, produced or prepared, or in process thereof, including meats, provisions, hides and by products, live stock and other raw materials and supplies, and (d) such other articles as are generally known as "packinggate and combined outstanding indebtedness of the mortgagor and the joint mortgagors, and their several and respective auxiliary and subsidiary including, iny inding all bonds secured hereby then outstanding of not incmuang any indebtedness then existing between two or more of such compantes or any bonds or other
denture and held by the trustee.
Combined Income Accounts of Armour and Company, Armour Packing Co. Armour \&
Co. and Armour Car Lines for Years Ending Oct. 231909 and Oct. 241908 .
 Mrr. and sales.ArmourCarLines
Allled companies
Net miscell'ous_
Allied companies
Net miscell'ous. $\begin{array}{rr}\text { '09. Oct. } 24, \\ , 08 \\ , 290 \\ \$ 10,167,667 \\ , 279 & 361,808 \\ .454 & 870,794 \\ & 2081\end{array}$

$\qquad$
Total recelpts $\overline{\$ 10,582,905} \overline{\$ 11,608,474}$ Total disburs'ts $-\overline{\$ 3,454,980} \overline{\$ 6,308,475}$


Assets-
Land, buildings, plant, machingery, equipment, \&c-
Refrigeration and other car Investment in allied cos.-.
Product, material \& supplies Misc. marketable investments. Bills recelvable.-Accounts recelvable
ash on hand and in bank
Total


The working capital has been increased during the year by $\mathbf{8 8 4 3 , 2 5 9 ,}$
which is represented by cash or quick assets. The Goldschmidt Detinning Co., in the organization of which your comRES ULTS FOR CALENDAR YEARS.

## Earnings

$\qquad$ $\begin{array}{cc}1909 . & 1908 \\ \$ 3,301,677 & \$ 3,111,898 \\ \$ 3,246\end{array}$
 $\$ 545,526$
Depreclation, \&c.-.--
Patents purchased. Fire losses
Preferred di Fire losses
Prefred divs. $(5 \%)$
Balance. surplus. $\frac{2,-061,6 \overline{6} \overline{5}}{\$ 694,486} \quad \frac{2,061,6 \overline{6} \overline{5}}{\$ 644,599} \quad \frac{2,061, \overline{6} \overline{6} \overline{5}}{\$ 590,728} \quad \frac{2,061,665}{\$ 51,756}$ -----

2,061,665
----0.$\$ 561,135$
33,300 1006.
2,534,367

 (Report for Year ending Dec. 31 1909.)



 Bills recelvable Merchandlise on hand 65,644
336,386 $\begin{array}{r}360,746 \\ \mathbf{5 5 5}, \mathbf{6 4 9} \\ \mathbf{4 6 5} \\ \hline\end{array}$

Total........$\overline{9,965,695} \overline{8,892,526}$ Total ...............9,965,695 $\overline{8,892,52_{6}}$ Note.-Not included in the above statement of assets for 1909 were 57,263 shares
of the capital stock of other companies, chiefly water companles, par value $\$ 5,497$,of the capital stock of other companies, chiefly water com
250; factory bulldings, machinery. \&c.-V. 89,

## American Real Estate Co., New York.

(Balance Sheet of January 1 1910.)
The company's annual statement, given Jan. 22 in our advertising department, compares as follows (see also miscellaneous news items):

| BALANCE SHEET OF JAN. 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets- | $1910 .$ | $\underset{\$}{1909 .}$ | Liabilities- | $1910$ | $190$ |
| Real estate and im- |  |  | Bonds and certs., |  |  |
| improvements-*1 | ,704,437 | 10,818,225 | with int. accr'd. | 9,461,253 | 8,336,42 |
| Mortgages receiv'le | 306,647 | 628,313 | Real est. mtges., |  |  |
| Cash | 261,641 | 292,319 | incl. int. to date | 30,802 | 715,711 |
| Due from agents.- | 22,230 | 19,706 | Accounts payable. | 29,981 | 498 |
| Invest. In oth. cos. | 100,000 |  | Advance payments, |  |  |
| Sundry accounts.- | 33,583 | 22,638 | rentals, contract |  |  |
| Sup. \& equipment | 18,440 | 22,549 | \&c. | 34,682 | 24,12 |
| Payments on acct. of real est. contr. |  |  | Reserves \& miscel. Capital stock | $\begin{array}{r} 28,327 \\ 100,000 \end{array}$ |  |
| Miscel. assets_-.-- | 64,221 | 48,115 | Surplus. | 1.751,154 | 1,653, |

Total
$\overline { 1 5 , 5 3 6 , 1 9 9 } \longdiv { 1 1 , 8 5 1 , 8 6 6 }$
Total
Boroug estate and improvements include properties in process of development ments (Borough of Manhattan, $\$ 927,391$; Borough of the Bronx, $\$ 4,302$ improve of Yonkers, $\$ 2,169,036), \$ 7,398,618$; buildings in course of construction and land
therefor (Borough of the Bronx, $\$ 690,610$; city of Yonkers, $\$ 22032$, $\$ 712,642$ rental properties-land and buildings (Borough of Manhattan, $\$ 1,423,805$; Borough
of the Bronx, $\$ 2,835,712$; city of Yonkers $\$ 141,668$ ), $\$ 4,401,185 ;$ houses ready for sale, Yonkers, $\$ 78,183 ;$ improvements to leasehold property, Manhattan. $\$ 20,503$;
total. $\$ 14.704 .437 .-V .88$, b. 293.

## GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

## RAILROADS, INCLUDING ELECTRIC ROADS.

American Railways.-Lease.-The company has taken a perpetual lease of the Scranton Dunmore \& Moosic Lake RR., a steam road 10 miles in length, and will electrify and operate it in connection with the Scranton system. Action on the proposed lease of the Johnstown property is delayed for a few days while certain details are completed.-V. 90, p. 235, 165.

Boston Railroad Holding Co.-Additional Boston \& Maine Stock--Press despatches state that the company has completed arrangements to acquire sufficient additional Boston \& Maine stock to give it an actual majority of that company's $\$ 31,991,490$ outstanding common and preferred stock.-V. 89, p. 992 .

Buffalo Rochester \& Pittsburgh Ry.-Permission to Issue Additional Bonds.-The Public Service Commission, Second District, has granted the company permission to sell $\$ 1,277,-$ 000 additional consolidated mortgage $41 / 2 \%$ bonds, for improvements begun during the last calendar year. This will make $\$ 6,012,000$ of the bonds outstanding. Of the new bonds, $\$ 500,000$ have been sold and the remainder will be issued from time to time as required for improvements.V. 89, p. 1410.

Buffalo \& Susquehanna Ry.-Payment of Coupons, \&c.Owing to the suspension of Fisk \& Robinson, the fiscal agents, the Knickerbocker Trust Co., it is announced, will pay the coupons on the issues below mentioned and the installment of B. \& S. Railroad equipment bonds due Feb. 1:
 The firm, it is reported, has owned about $\$ 1,200,000$ or the outstandpreferred stock. See item under Banks, Bankers and Trust Companles;
on a prevlous page.-V. 89, p. 992 .

Chicago \& Alton RR.-Bonds Called.-Twenty-two (\$22,000) Mississippi River Bridge Co. bonds will be paid April 1 1910 at the First National Bank, No. 2 Wall St., N. Y. -V. 89, p. 989
Ohicago Burlington \& Quincy RR.-New President-Offi-cers.-Darius Miller, Vice-President, has been elected to the presidency of this company and also the Colorado \& Southern, succeeding George B. Harris. H. E. Byran has been elected Vice-President of the two roads to succeed Mr. Miller, and C. G. Burnham was chosen Vice-President of the C. B. \& Q., succeeding Daniel Willard, who is now President of the Baltimore \& Ohio. Howard Elliott succeeds Daniel Willard as a director.-V. 90, p. 302.

Ohicago Oity Ry.-Increase in Extra Dividend.-The company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of $11 / 2 \%$ on its $\$ 18,000,000$ of stock, payable March 30, and an extra (annual) dividend of $4 \%$, payable March 2 to stockholders of record Feb. 27. This makes $10 \%$ for the year 1909, contrasting with $9 \%$ for 1908 , the extra dividend a year ago having been only $3 \%$.-V. 90, p. 53.
Ohicago \& Milwaukee Electric RR.-Suit.-A Canadian paper says:
Trost and Govelgn Bank of Canada has launched an action agalnst A. C. C .
 mortgage $5 \%$ gold bonds of the Chicago \& Millwaukee and 835,000 bonds of the Libertyville Trotting Association.-V. 88, p. 504.
Ohicago \& Milwaukee Transportation Co.-Called Bonds.Five first mtge. bonds of 1898, covering steamship "Christopher Columbus," to wit, Nos. 18, 19, 37, 58 and 65, have been drawn for redemption on March 1 at par and interest at the Bank of Commerce, Cleveland, Ohio.-V. 84, p. 1184.
Chicago \& North Western Ry.-Bonds Called.-Five and six per cent sinking fund bonds of 1879 to the amount of $\$ 136,000$ drawn for redemption February 1 are being paid at the Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co., New York, at 105 and accrued interest to Feb. 1 1910. The numbers will be found in our advertising columns.
Statement for Calendar Year 1909.-See editorial on a preceding page.-V. 90 , p. 166.
Cincinnati Northern RR.-Initial Dividend.-This company, controlled by the Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Ry., has declared an initial dividend of $3 \%$ on its $\$ 3,000,000$ of capital stock, payable March 1 to stockholders of record Feb. 15.-V. 81, p. 1314.
Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago \& St. Louis Ry.-Other ncome.-See Cincinnati Northern RR. above.-V.90, p. 108 Colorado \& Southern RR.-Officers.-See Chicago Burlington \& Quincy RR. above.-V. 89, p. 1541.
Columbus Delaware \& Marion Ry.-Coupons.-On Feb. 1 the coupons due Aug. 11909 on the $\$ 915,000$ first refunding mortgage bonds were paid at the Mercantile Trust Co., New York, thereby preventing foreclosure proceedings. On or before May 1 it is expected that the coupons which matured Nov. 1 on the $\$ 1,000,000$ first mortgage issue of the Columbus Delaware \& Marion Electric RR. will be met. The $\$ 5,000$ due the sinking fund of the Columbus Northern was paid Dec. 28.-V. 89, p. 1541
Detroit United Ry.-Payment of Notes.-The $\$ 2,000,000$ collateral trust $5 \%$ notes will be paid at maturity Feb. 15. The necessary funds will be derived one-half from surplus earnings and the remainder from money borrowed.
The management, it is understood, deems it unwise to sell first consolicalendar year to more than meet one-half of the maturing noting the late rent earnings are very favorable, showing large gains over a year ago.-
V. 89, p. 1347 .
D.mid

Report.-For year ending Dec. 31:
 * During $190733 \%$ dividends were paid (V. 85 , p . 1005 ) but $1 \% \%$ of
same ( $\$ 125,000$ is included in the dividends charged against the 1006 earns.

New Equipment.-The directors, it is said, have authorized the expenditure of about $\$ 500,000$ for new equipment, including 75 pay-as-you-enter cars and 17 interurban cars, delivery to begin in April; another $\$ 100,000$ to be spent at the company's shops in Detroit in completing the cars. . 89, p. 1347.
Fort Smith Light \& Traction Co.-Notes Offered.H. M. Byllesby \& Co., Chicago, are offering at 97 and interest, netting $7 \%$, the $\$ 650,00031 / 2$-year $6 \%$ notes.
Dated Jan. 111910 due July 11913 , but callable on 30 days' notice at
101 and Int. Interest quarteriy in Chicago, Ill, April, Juls, October and Jan. 1. American Trust \& Savings Bank, Chícago, trustee. Compare
Fort Worth \& Denver Terminal Ry.-Bonds.-The Texas Railroad Commission has approved an issue of $\$ 300,000$ first mortgage 30 -year 6 s in substitution for a temporary issue made some time since.-V. 86, p. 1100, 1589.
Forty-second St. Manhattanville \& St. Nicholas Ave. Ry., Now York.-Sale Adjourned.-The foreclosure sale under the $\$ 1,600,000$ second mortgage has been again adjourned to March 26.
Puproposed plan of reorganization, it is stated, has been submiltted to the -V. 90, p. 54.

Galveston Harrisburg \& San Antonio Ry.-Decision.Judge Maxey in the Federal Court at San Antonio, Tex., on

Jan. 28 in the suit brought by Thomas H. Hubbard and the Crocker estate in behalf of themselves and others to foreclose the $\$ 6,354,000$ Western Division 2d mortgage (income) bonds, sustained the special demurrer of the company and the Southern Pacific Co. to the portion of the complainants' petition which asked for the application of earnings of the system to the payment of interest on the income bonds. Compare V. 88, p. 1437; V. 84, p. 803 .
demurrers of the defendants are overruled and the complainants are other untll rule day in March to amend their bill of the complainants are given G. H. is held that the lease and contract of Feb. 10 . 1885 . is ultra vires of the G. Hpiain. A. RR., And is contrary to pubic. policy, null and vold, and the
compen cannot recover of the Southern Pacific Co. upon any of the covenants or agreaments containea in said lease contract: that that the come
plainants cannot subject the earnings of the Southern Pacific R. R. of Cali-


 upon the earnings of said companies or any they any lien or clatm

,
Property.-This company's subsidiary intgage on Controlled Property.-This company's subsidiary interurban road, the Galveston-Houston Electric Ry. Co., has filed a first mortgage to the City Trust Co. of Boston to secure not exceeding $\$ 5,000,000$ of $5 \%$ 45-year bonds.
company to 1ssue $\$ 3,000,000$ of these bonds, to cover the cost of the construction of the proposed interurban electrric rallway between
and Galveston the causestan, about 45 miles, Including the pro rata expense of building
the remaining $\$ 2,000,000$ bonds are reserved to provide
 soon as the causeway is ready for use. on any interest day at 105 as a whole or for sinkting 1 fund of $1 \%$, callable

 bonds, $\$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000 ;$ registered, $\$ 1,000$ and $\$ 5,000$. No prior Hens. V. 89, p. 593.

Huntingdon \& Broad Top Mountain RR. \& Coal Co.-Earnings.-For the year ending Dec. 31:



Indianapolis Crawfordsville \& Western Traction Co.Foreclosure Suit.-The Marion Trust Co. of Indianapolis, as mortgage trustee, has brought suit in the Federal Court at Indianapolis for foreclosure at the request of the bondholders. Bondholders' Committee: Guy M. Walker, New York; A. B. Conover,
Chicago; A. F. Reynolds, Crawfordsille, Ind.; T. M. Lucas, Frankfort, Ind., and Hugh Dougherty of Indianapolis. The committee has about
Inter-State Railways Philadelphia $F^{2}$
ayed.-The semi-annual interest due Feb ayed.-The semi-annual interest due Feb. 1 on the $4 \%$ bonds remains unpaid, and it is understood that advantage will be taken, as before, of the three months' grace allowed for payment.
Leased Companies.-See Wilkes-Barre Ry. and Reading Transit Co. below.
Time Extended.-The readjustment committee; George H. Earle Jr., Chairman, urges prompt assent to their plan of reorganization. The time for the deposit of bonds thereunder with the Real Estate Trust Co. or Guaranty Trust \& Safe Deposit Co., Philadelphia, has been extended to Feb. 21. Compare V. 89, p. 225.-V. 89, p. 1596.
Iake Shore Hlectric Ry., Cleveland.-Report.-See "Annual Reports.'
Plan for Readjustment of Dividends on Preferred Stocks.The stockholders' meeting of Jan. 25 was adjourned to March 29 1910. The plan was unanimously approved by the stockholders present and the company's attorneys are now drawing up the necessary papers for signature and deposit of the present preferred stocks. Compare V. 90, p. 110.

Louisiana \& Arkansas Ry.-Payment of Coupons.-The coupons due March 1 will be paid at the office of the Standard Trust Co., 25 Broad St., the company's new fiscal agent. Harvey E. Fisk, a member of the firm of Fisk \& Robinson, who suspended this week, has been one of the 5 voting trustees of the stock (it having been deemed desirable to have resident proxy-holders), although the firm did not own any of the stock.-V. 89, p. 1280.
Louisville (Ky.) Ry.-Bond Issue Authorized.-The stockholders on Jan. 29 authorized the proposed blanket mortgage with the Fidelity Trust Co. of Louisville, as trustee, to secure not exceeding $\$ 20,000,0005 \% 40$-year bonds.
New Director.-L. W. Botts has been elected a director both of this
company and the Louisville Traction Co., to succeed the late Henry Bishop V. 90 , p. 167.

Manila Flectric RR. \& Lighting Oorporation.-Stock In-crease.-This Connecticut corporation filed on Dec. 6 a cer tificate of increase of authorized capital stock from $\$ 6,000,000$ (only $\$ 5,000,000$ outstanding) to $\$ 8,000,000$.

- The controlled company, the Manila Suburban Railways Co., which is likewise a Connecticut corporation, has also filed notice of increase of authorized stock from $\$ 500,000$ to $\$ 1,000,000$. (Compare V. 82, p. 218.)-V. 85, p. 282.
Milwaukee Hectric By. \& Iight Oo.-Contract for Power.See Southern Wisconsin Power Co. under "Industrials." Earnings-Balance Sheet.-See North American Co., V. 90, p. 301, also under "Annual Reports" in the present issue.p. 89, p. 1411.

Missouri Pacific Ry, -New Mortgage Filed.-The company has filed its first and refunding mortgage to the Guaranty

Trust Co. of New York and Benjamin H. Edwards, as trustee, to secure an authorized issue of $\$ 175,000,000$ of bonds. Compare V. 89, p. 1347.-V. 90, p. 237.

New Orleans Great Northern RR.-Payment of Coupons.It is announced that the coupons due Feb. 1 are being paid at the office of the trustee, the Knickerbocker Trust Co. They have been heretofore paid by Fisk \& Robinson.V. 88, p. 1197.

New Orleans Railway \& Light Co.-Proposition to Share-holders.-Bertron, Griscom \& Jenks, New York, on Jan. 27, with a view to establishing an international market for the stock, made a conditional proposition to buy from the shareholders $\$ 4,000,000$ of the common stock and $\$ 2,000,000$ of the preferred stock, being $20 \%$ of their respective holdings, at $621 / 2$ for preferred and 30 for common, provided the requisite assents be sent to the Hibernia Bank \& Trust Co., New Orleans, not later than Feb. 15. This offer is approved by the local committee of stockholders that served in the refinancing deal last summer. The firm in a circular letter financing deal last summer.
dated Jan. 27 say in substance:
In addition to the financing of the company, which we had undertaken we have purchased and placed in other markets a very large amount of your 43\% bons wis whout he had made a part of our condtitions.
While we are emphatically of the oplinion that the control of such a company should always rest in its home city, we belleve that it would be very and to that end we are willing to undertake the organtzation of a syndicate in New York and abroad for the purpose of placing in those markets a con-
 at $\$ 30$ per share and 20,000 shares of the preferred stock at $\$ 6250$ per
ahare, being $20 \%$ of each class fo stock. 3hare, being $20 \%$ of each class fo stock.
If you approve of these suggestlons.
your assent to the Hibernia Bank \& Trust Co., New Orleans, not later than Feb. 51 1.10, when, if the amount or stock required is securred, we would
fesire 30 days in which to conclude these negotiations abroad, and upon its desire so days in which to conclude these negotiations abroad, and upon its successful termination we will make arrangements to pay for the sald
stock at the Hibernia Bank \& Trust Co. at a date not later than March 31.V. 89, p. 1542.

New York \& Queens County Ry.-Cars over Queensboro Bridge.-The new through service to Manhattan across the Queensborough Bridge for a 5-cent fare was begun on Feb. 2. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment on Nov. 12 last granted the application to run cars across the bridge, the franchise
New York Susquehanna \& Western RR.-Extension of Bonds-Option of Sale.-The company offers the holders of the $\$ 3,500,000$ Midland RR. Co. of New Jersey $6 \%$ bonds maturing April 1 to extend same so that they shall mature April 1 1940, with interest at $5 \%$ per annum, payable semiannually on April 1 and Oct. 1, the present first mortgage security of said bonds to remain unimpaired. J. P. Morgan \& Co. announce by advertisement on a previous page that the extension offer applies only to the holders of such bonds who deposit the same, together with the April 1 coupon, at their office, 23 Wall St., New York, on or before March 1, and who make a cash payment at the same time of $\$ 95$ per $\$ 1,000$ bond. The April 11910 coupons will be cashed at the time of such deposit. The bankers are prepared to buy at par and interest, at any time prior to March 1, the bonds at par and interest, at any ine prior to marcmselves of the privilege of extension.-V. 89, p. 1341.

Northern Texas Electric Co.-New Bond Issue.-The stockholders will vote Jan. 311910 on authorizing a collateral trust deed to secure an issue of $\$ 10,000,00030$-year $5 \%$ collateral trust gold bonds for the purpose of acquiring first mortgage bonds and coupon notes of Northern Texas Traction Co.; providing funds with which to take up any additional issues of stocks or bonds which may be put out by the Northern Texas Traction Co., either for re-financing its the Northern Texas Traction Co., enther forther improvements, present indebtedness or for financing further improvements, additions and extensions to the pr
funds for other corporate purposes.

Extract from Circular Dated Boston, Mass., Jan. 191910.
Your company owns the entire capital, stock of the Northern Texas
Traction Co. $\mathbf{\text { Con }}$ (which operates the principal electric railway system in the Traction Co. Which operates the principal electric railway system in the
 to the centre of Tor Texas Traction Co. Is Is Increasing very rapidly, and it is
of the Norther
necessary to make improvements and addtions to the plant, and also necessary to make improvements and additions to the plant, and also
take care of the $\$ 500,000$. $6 \%$ notes which the company has outstanding. take care of the $500,0006 \%$ notes which the company has outstanding.
For these puroses the Northern. Texas Traction Co. must, from time to
time, sell additional securities. It is deemed advisable that all new time, sell additional securtitles. It Is Is deemed advisable that all new
securltes Issued by the Northern Texas Tractlon Co. should be accuired securites issued by the Northern yexas company should be in a position to acquire outstanding first mortgage bonds or Northern Texas Traction Co., if and to the extent that the same may be deemed wise.
It is for the purpose of provding funds for the purchase of these securities
Further Authorized Statement.
Of the new bonds, approx Mately s1, 100.000 wiil probably be used to finance improyements and additions for the Northern Texas Traction Co.
 extensions and Improvements of the Tractlon Co. The EElectrric Co. WIII
gurchase the additonal stock and bonds to be issued by the Traction purchase the additional stock and bonds to be issued by the Traction Floures Indicating the Grooth in the Business of the Property.
 Per mille of road.
$-\mathrm{V} .89, \mathrm{p} .411$.

Pennsylvania RR.-First Quarterly Distribution.-The directors, having in November last decided to pay future dividends quarterly, have declared a regular quarterly dividend of $11 / 2 \%$ on the stock (about $\$ 400,000,000$ ), payable Feb. 28 to stockholders of record Feb. 5, being at the same rate per annum ( $6 \%$ ) as the semi-annual payment last November.-V. 90, p. 303.

Pittsburgh \& Allegheny Valley Ry.-Sale Ordered.-A press dispatch from Leechburg, Pa., on Feb. 1 states that
the Court has ordered the property to be sold by the trustee, interest on $\$ 533,500$ bonds being in default.-V. 88, p. 507.
Pittsburgh Westmoreland \& Somerset RR.-Control Sold at Auction.-At auction in New York last week there were sold 3,537 shares of $\$ 100$ each, constituting a "majority and controlling" interest in the road, for $\$ 1,200$ for the Iot.
There were also sold $\$ 71,000$ firs thge. 5s due 1935, with interest notes
for April and October 1908 and 1909 int., and with coupons from April 1910
Red, for \$1,100 lor the lit.-V. si, p. 1849.
Reading (Pa.) Transit Co.-Proposed Lessee Company.This company was incorporated in Penn. about Jan. 20 with $\$ 10,000$ stock, with a view to leasing from the InterState Railways Co. of Philadelphia the lines of the United Traction Co. of Reading, and also, it is said, the lines of the Schuylkill Valley Traction Co., together aggregating more than 150 miles of street railway.
Directors: H. G. Louser, Lebanon, Pa.; Geo. L. Roller. Chas. J. Easterly,
J. C. Murray, Harry H. Reigel (Treasurer), ail of Reading, Pa.
Rock Island Company.-Listed in London.-The London Stock Exchange has listed $\$ 49,350,000$ of the preferred stock. -V. 90, p. 168.

St. Clair Incline Plane Co., Pittsburgh.-Probable New Bonds. The company has filed a certificate of increase of debt to $\$ 75,000$.
St. Louis Iron Mountain \& Southern.-Acquisition-New Stock, \& $c$.- The stockholders on Feb. 2 approved the following propositions:
To purchase in whole or in part the assets, franchises and property of the subsidiary companies mentioned on page 1543 of Vo . 89 ; to increase the
capital stock from $\$ 130,000,000$ to $\$ 190,000,000$, and to increase the bonded cebt by $\$ 25,000,000$. For fuil detalls compare V. 89, p. 1543 .-V.89.p.1543.
Santa Fe Liberal \& Englewood RR.-Reorganization.-See Yankee Fuel Co. under "Industrials" below.-V. 89, p. 349.

Santa Fe Raton \& Des Moines RR.-Reorganization.-See Yankee Fuel Co. under "Industrials" below.-V. 89, p. 163. Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR.-Reorganization.-See Yankee Fuel Co. under "Industrials" below.-V. 89, p. 666.
Savannah Augusta \& Northern RR.-Sale March 15.This property, it is stated, will be offered for sale at Statesboro, Ga., on March 15, under order of the United States Court, to satisfy a claim of nearly $\$ 300,000$ made by Wm. J. Oliver, contractor, of Knoxville, Tenn.-V. 89, p. 164.
Seattle-Tacoma Short Line Electric RR.-Bonds.-The mortgage recently filed secures $\$ 3,500,0006 \%$ gold bonds dated July 11909 and due July 1 1929, but callable on or after April 1.1919 at 110. Denominations \$100, $\$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000$. Interest payable J. \& J. at the Fidelity Trust Co., Tacoma, which (and not the Tacoma Trust Co.) is the trustee. Provision for the interest on the issue has, it is stated, been made coverPres.; Henry C. Ewing, Vice-Pres.; Arthur G. Prichard, Treas.; A. E. Roth

Southern Pacific Co.-New Mortgage.-The stockholders will vote on April 6 on making a $\$ 50,000,000$ mortgage to cover the franchises and property now owned or hereafter acquired in the City and County of San Francisco and the County of San Mateo, Cal.

Reported Sale of Wells Fargo \& Co. Holdings.-It is currently reported that the company has sold its holdings of Wells Fargo \& Co. (Express) stock, amounting on June 30 1909 to $\$ 1,530,000$ (of the total issue of $\$ 8,000,000$ ), but since increased to $\$ 4,590,000$ by the $200 \%$ stock dividend At present prices the sale would net about $\$ 8,000,000$, but it is supposed the Southern Pacific realized considerably more from the sale. The purchaser is stated to be the American Express Co., which recently acquired the right to operate over the Union Pacific lines. It is also rumored that the Harriman estate has parted with its holdings of Wells Fargo \& Co. stock.-V. 90, p. 168.

South Side Elevated RR., Chicago.-Dividend Resumption to be Considered April 1.-At the annual meeting last week it was voted that the board of directors take up the question of resuming dividends at a meeting to be held April 1. Com pare "Annual Reports" on a previous page.-V. 90, p. 304.

Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis,-Supreme Court Dismisses Certificate of Lower Court.- The United States Supreme Court on Jan. 31, on application of United States Solicitor-General Bowers, dismissed the certificate issued by the judges of the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis in the suit brought by the Government, and remanded the case to the lower court for re-trial.
The motion was made because in the lower court no final judgment or decree or order determinative of the merits was rendered. It is held that
the Supreme Court, not having original jurisdiction, has no jurisdictlon now the Supreme Court, not having original jurisdiction, has no
to hear and determine the case. Compare V. 88, p. 1374.
Third Avenue RR., New York.-Sale Again Adjourned.The foreclosure sale has been again adjourned to March 1 The foreclosure sale has been again adjourned to March 1
1910 Compare V. 89, p. 848; V. 88, p. 1314.-V. 90, p. 168,54 .

Union Utilities Oo., Morgantown, W. Va.-Bonds, \&ec.Wm. Morris Imbrie \& Co., New York, purchased during 1909, jointly with the National City Bank, the $\$ 200,000$ preferred stock, also $\$ 1,000,000$ "first mortgage sinking fund $5 \%$ gold bonds" dated July 11909 and due July 1 1944, but redeemable at 105 and accrued interest at any interest period on 30 days' notice; Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co., New York, trustee. Coupons J. \& J. The firm has lately been placing the few unsold bonds at $971 / 2$ and interest, and a small amount of the preferred stock at par and interest. The company in its present form is the result of a series of consolida-
tions effected of recent years under the laws of West Virginia, and it owns in fee and operates all the public utilities (with a few unimportant exceptions), electric light and power, street railways, water and gas in Morgantown, W. Va., and adjacent communities.
Abstract of Letter from Gen. Man. H. R. Warfield, Sept. 231909.
Capltal stock (7\% cum. pref. Capttalization.
 provements and extensions, 755. In bonds for each \$1 of outlay then the intearnings for the previous year shall have been 2 y,
to be insued $\$ 50$ on the boonds outstanding as well as those Earnings for Calendar Year 1908 and for Sinding.

1,000,000 Earnings for Calendar Year 1908 and for Six Months Ended June 301909.
Gross earnings.
Year 1908.
6 Mos. 1909. Operatíng expen

| Year 1908. |
| :--- |
| $-\$ 106,953$ |
| $-106,417$ |


| $\$ 158,877$ |
| ---: |
| 46,603 |

Net earnings, The bonds are secured by direct first mortgage upon ail property now owned or hereafter acquired. The property now pled ald property now
more than $\$ 1,00,000$ and has a present replacement value in excess more than $\$ 1,200,000$, and has a present replacement value in excess of
$\$ 1,400,000$. The territory served consists of Morgantown, W. Va., and
adjacent adjacent communities, Morgantown alone containingatown, Wopulation of ab and
15,000 . It is the home of the University of Went Virging, with 15,000 . It is the home of the University of West Virgina, with of about
students. The company owns and operates (with a few unimportant exceptions. all of the public utilities of the territory served, including elec-
tric light and power, street railways The street rallway system owned consists of $41 / 2 \mathrm{~m}$ miles.
rails. The power plant supplies power for the trolley system, track; 70-1b. other lines running into the suburbs, including the Morgantown \& Pittsburgh Rif, leased by the Union Utilities Co. The latter compown \& Pittsthe pubinity. Ititis and supplies current to the coal mines and factories in from 32 wells in different parts of Monongalia County and 20 wells in Grewn
 eet. The company also owns coal felds, so that if the natural gas should
give out it has the facilities for making artificial gas. The water supplied give out it has the facilities for making artificial gas. The water supplied
to the city by the Union Utilities Co. is obtained from the-Monongahela解
not less than $1 \%$ semi-annually of amount of boyment of interest on bonds) pranchises were granted in 1902 for 25 years; the fund. The tagas and water street rallway franchises in 1103 for 50 years. Among the owners and directors are Senator Stephen B. Elkins, Gov. W. E. Glasscock of the properties are owned outright. Pres., D. Elkins; Sec., H. R. Warfield,

United Power \& Transportation Co.-Report.-For three calendar years:
$\underset{1909-\quad \text { Gross. }}{\text { Yeat }}$ (over Charges). Dividends.

Wilkes-Barre (Pa.) Ry.-Lease.-This company, chartered n November 1909, authorized capital stock $\$ 300,000$, leased Jan. 11910 for a period of 800 years all of the property rights, franchises and privileges of the Wilkes-Barre \& Wyoming Valley Traction Co., which is controlled by the InterState Rys. Co. of Philadelphia.
c. W. Leycocker; Sec. \& Treas.-V. ${ }^{\text {Vid }}$ 89, p. Wright, Vice-Pres. \& Gen. Mgr.

## INDUSTRIAL, GAS AND MISOELLANEOUS.

Ef Albemarle \& Chesapeake Canal Co.-Foreclosure.-The Union Trust Co. of New York, as trustee, on Feb. 3 filed a suit in the Federal Court at Norfolk, Va., to foreclose the $\$ 500,000$ first mortgage of 1879 .-V. 89 , p. 44.

Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation.-International Asbestos Trade Association.-This company is the principal factor in the International Asbestos Association, recently organized in New York by representatives of American and Canadian producers and manufacturers that handle, it is stated, between 80 and $90 \%$ of the asbestos business in the United States and Canada. An authoritative statement says: Included in the association are the largest producers and users of asbestos
 Co., \&c. The agroegate. capo, Lililing Asbesto Co., United States Asbestos

 operation between consumer and producer, cultivation of new markets, rendered commerclally valuable. Compare V. 90 , p. 169 .
American Cotton Oil Co.-Stock Increase by Su
See (N. K.) Fairbank Co. below -V. 89, p. 1484 iary. American Express Co.-Reported Purchas. 1484. Pacific Co. under "Railroads" above - V 90 -See Southern
american Ice Oo New York - Extenion p. 304
$\$ 150,000$ bonds of the Hygienic Ice Co. of Washington; DTe due Jan. 1 1910, will be extended for ten years upon the payment by the American Ice Co. of $10 \%$ at this time and $10 \%$ annually, bearing $6 \%$ interest, payable quarterly. The papers are now being drawn for the extension, the bondholders having agreed to it.-V. 90, p. 165.
American Radiator Co.-Common Stock Dividend In-creased.-The company has declared a quarterly dividend of stock, payable, it is said of $2 \%$ on the $\$ 5,000,000$ common stock, payable, it is said, on March 31 to stockholders of record March 22 . This increases the regular annual rate from $6 \%$, maintained since March 1909 , to $8 \%$, with the same $2 \%$ extra as in 1907,1908 and 1909 . The regular quarterly distribution ( $13 / 4 \%$ ) on the $\$ 3,000,000$ preferred
is payable Feb. 15. is payable Feb. 15.


New Common Stock.-The stockholders will vote on March 2 on canceling the $\$ 2,000,000$ authorized but unissued preferred stock (limiting the preferred stock to the $\$ 3,000,000$ now outstanding) and replacing the same with $\$ 2,000,000$ common stock. This will increase the common stock from $\$ 5,000,000$ to $\$ 7,000,000$, but the total authorized amount orh classes, $\$ 10,000,000$, will remain unchanged.
subscribe prorr rata, to the classes of record Feb. 2 will be given the right to
the new stock at $10 \%$ of their holdings, for $\$ 800,000$ of
 reserved for subscription by employees and department heads at the same
price, the exacutive committee beng empowered to designate those to be
permitted to substite prenitted executive committe being empowered to designate those to be
purposes.
New Plant.-Construction work is to be begun at once on a large plant in Kansas City, Mo.
The new plant is to be located on a 16 -acre tract of land just north of
Kansas City across the Blue Rlier, between the Missouri Paclicic and the Kansas City Ryi tracks, to bulld bolierra and radiators to supply the terri-
tory from the Mississippl River to Arizs and Texas and the Dakotisis. River to Arizo ana, Colorado, Okilahopma, Northern
The bulldings are to be fireproof, of steel and
 stated will approximate $\$ 50,000$. It is hoped to have the plant in
operation withis 6 months
may be incto emplos about 500 men, which number may be increased to 1,000 within a year.-V. 88, p. 684 , which number
American Strawboard 0 0.-Earnings.-Secretary L. W man is quoted as saying:
The fact that the company was extricated from the hands of a recelve statement, but in the then went into a dull season will not produ ace a goed
and orders are nor the summer and fall business incre and orders are now equat part of the summer and fall business increased
About $90 \%$ of the stock to [About $90 \%$ of the stock is owned by the United Box Board \& Paper Co.
See that company below.]
Earnings.-Earnings for the 8 months ending Dec. 25 1909 are reported as follows:
Gross profts, $\$ 14,668 ;$ administration expenses, $\$ 37,896 ;$ net profits,
$\$ 76,772 ;$ Interest pald, $\$ 5,357$; balance, surplus, $\$ 71,415$.-V. 88, p. 44.
American Tobacco Co.-Extra Dividend.-The directors have declared the usual quarterly dividend of $21 / 2 \%$ and $71 / 2 \%$ extra on the $\$ 40,242,400$ common stock, payable March to holders of record Feb. 11. The same "payr"" dividch was paid in Dec. and Sept. last, but in Mexra dividend and June 1909 the extra disbursement was $5 \%$. Extra Dividends on Common Stock in Addition to Regular


Atlantic Gulf \& West Indies Steamship Lines.-Dividends from Subsidiaries.-On Dec. 201909 the Clyde Steamship Co. paid a dividend of $3 \%$ on its $\$ 14,000,000$ stock, contrasting with $4 \%$ last year, and the New York \& Porto Rico Steamship Co. paid a dividend of $11 / 2 \%$ on its $\$ 8,000,000$ stock. Nearly all the shares in each case (V. 88, p. 160 ; These are all th, 1606 ) are owned by the A. G. \& W. I. Co. subsidiaries will make for the calendar year 1909 .-V. 88 p. 160, 885, 1375; V. 89, p. 350.

Beaver Dam Coal Co.-Consolidation.-See Goshen Coal Co. below.-V. 79, p. 214.
Bemis Bros. Bag Co., st. Louis.-New Stock.-A certificate was filed at Springfield, Mo., on Jan. 2, increasing the capital stock from $\$ 5,000,000$ to $\$ 8,000,000$


Buckeye Steel Castings Co., Columbus, Ohio.-Extra Dividend.-A regular quarterly dividend of $11 / 2 \%$ (the rate paid since May 1909) and an extra dividend of $2 \%$ were paid Feb. 1, making $8 \%$ for the year. Compare V. 88, p. 1315 .
Buffalo \& Susquehanna Iron Co.-Payment of Coupons.See Buffalo \& Susquehanna Railway under "Railroads"
above.-V. 88, p. 1439 . above.-V. 88, p. 1439.
Canadian Car \& Foundry Co., Ltd.-Bonds Offered.Lee, Higginson \& Co., New York, Boston and Chicago, the Royal Securities Corporation, Ltd., Montreal, and the Dominion Securities Corporation, Ltd., Toronto, are offering at $1021 / 2$ and interest, yielding $5.80 \%$ (see advertisement on another page) the unsold portion of a block of $\$ 2,350,000$ first mortgage $6 \%$ gold bonds, dated Dec. 1 1909, and due Dec. 1 1939, but callable at $110 \%$ and interest (1) as a whole on Dec. 11919 or any interest date thereafter, or (2) in part for sinking fund purposes only on any Dec. 1 after 1911. Interest payable J. \& D. Both principal and interest payable in New York, Montreal, Toronto; or in London, England, at the fixed rate of exchange of $\$ 4862-3$ to the $£$. Dollar bonds convertible into sterling bonds and re-convertible. Trustees, the Royal Trust Co., Montreal; bankers, Bank of Montreal. The following particulars are furnished:
Organized in 1909 under the laws of Canada; is a consolldation of the
three largest car-bulding concerns in Canada, manufacturing steel wooden cars. It has two large modern plants in Montreal and one in Nova
Scotia. Scotia.

Maximum Authorized Issue of Bonds, $\$ 7,500,000$.
Outssanding (incuring bonds now offered)
Reserved for future capltal expenditures at
but
$75 \%$ but issuable only when net earnings for fiscal year next pre-
ceding are at least three times the frrst mortgage interest
charges; but in no event can outstanding bonds exaceed the
fully pald preference stock ( $\$ 5,000,000$ now. outstanding).
Particulars Mentioned in Prestdent's Letter (Copies will be Sit $-\ldots-4,000,000$ First mortgage on propertles having a reppacement value upon Request.,
$\$ 7,500,000$, or more than double outstanding bonds.
2. Preference and common stocks have market value more than $87,000,000$.

Net earnings last two years (a dull period) nearly five times present
interest charges; estimated net this year seven times these charges. 4. Slnking fund, ${ }^{2}$ \% cumula
5. No floating debt. Net current assets over $\$ 2,200,000$. Canada. See

Childs (Restaurant) Co., N. Y.-Increase of Stock.-The tockholders will vote Feb. 18 on issuing $\$ 1,000,000$ additional preferred stock, making the total authorized preferred $\$ 3,000,000$-V. 88, p. 1375.
Cleveland (O.) Electric Illuminating Co.-New Stock.The shareholders on Jan. 26 voted to increase the authorized capital stock from $\$ 6,500,000$ to $\$ 10,000,000$, to be issued as common stock from time to time when the company's needs require, and to be offered first to shareholders at par, possibly some $\$ 2,000,000$ during 1910 . A large plant on the lake shore at the foot of East 71st St. is contemplated.V. 90 , p. 305, 112.

Consolidated Coal Co. of Saginaw, Mich.-Bonds Offered. -Child, Hulswit \& Co., Grand Rapids, are offering at 101 and interest $\$ 280,000$ first mortgage $\mathbf{6 \%}$ serial gold bonds. A circular reports:
Dated 1900 and due in seml-annual installments from May 11911 to
 trustee. Total authorized, $\$ 1,500,000$, present issue to retire all existing
 Thetal viue of property in excess of $\$ 3,000,000$. Nine mines in active oper lease so, Net earnings more than twice the interest charge.

Output (Tons) of Companies now Comprising Consolidated Coal Co.
 President, Walter S. Eddy, Saginaw. Compare V. 84, p. 1370
Consolidated Gas, Electric Light \& Power Co., Baltimore. -Amended Ordinance Rejected.-For record it may be stated that on Dec. 281909 the company sent a letter to Mayor Mahool pronouncing the amendments to the natural gas ordinance prohibitory and declining to proceed further with the negotiations. See correspondence in "Baltimore Sun" of Dec. 29.-V. 89, p. 1670.

Oudahy Packing Oo., Chicago.-Earnings for 12 Months ending Oct. 31 1908.-The statement of earnings made public last week in connection with the application to list the $\$ 4,000,0005 \%$ bonds on the Chicago Stock Exchange, it appears, was for the year ending Oct. 31 1908, not 1909. Compare V. 88, p. 1256; V. 89, p. 166, 222; V. 90, p. 305.
Cumberland (Bell) Telephone \& Telegraph Co.-Report.For year ending Dec. 31:

Danbury \& Bethel Gas \& Electric Light Co.-New Stock.This Connecticut corporation has filed a certificate increasing its capital stock from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 300,000 .-$ V. 84, p. 162.
Dayton Breweries Co.-Report.-For year ending Dec. 31:

 マ 85, p. 796.
Deere \& Co., Moline, Ill.-Acquisition.-The company confirms the statement that it has purchased the Moline Wagon Co., having a capital of $\$ 1,000,000$, owning 15 buildings and employing 500 men; output, 30,000 wagons yearly. No stock or bonds, we are informed, are to be issued or guaranteed on account of the purchase.-V. 89, p. 1544.

Detroit Edison Co.-Earnings-Balance Sheet.-See North American Co., V. 90, p. 301; also under "Annual Reports" in the present issue.-V. 88, p. 1624.
Diamond Match Co., New York and Chicago.-Dividend Rate Reduced from 8 to $6 \%$. The directors on Jan. 28 declared a quarterly dividend of $11 / 2 \%$, payable March 151910 to holders of record Feb. 28 1910, thus reducing the annual rate from $8 \%$ to $6 \%$.
Abstract of Statement by Pres. Edw. R. Stettinius under Date Jan. 311910 . ${ }^{\text {This }}$ conclualon is a continuance of the pollcy adopted in Nov. 1908. when it was deolded to reduce the dividend from $10 \%$ to $8 \%$ and reserve adeauate amounts for deprectation and extensions. The board wes then
encouraged to expect that the profits for 1909 from the company's Calliornla

 1908. The improvement in the lumber trade on the Pacific Coast which throughout the year, partlcularly of the prover grades, continued depressed;
 general result.
Whilie the pron
the of the Calfornia lumber operation during the past two Years have been unsatisfactory, no doubt ls felt by the directors pas to the sented by improvements and plants, consisting of saw-mills, logging roads,
 of sugar and white ploe, fr and other woods now standing on the lands. exoluding the amount invested in and employed by the Chtco match factory assest, (in ex cess or Habilitiles of that department, consisting of inventories, and balanco of $83,743,98,8$ representeng the value of about $8,100,000,000$ feet
of standing timber and or improvements and plants, or about $\$ 120$ per or standing timber and or improvements and plants, or abqut $\$ 120$ per
1,000 in The company's sales of matches during the past year were the largest


In respect to the dividend pollcy, it is the opinion of the board that
dividends should pe paid at as high arate as is consistent with the obiga-
tions of the tions of the company and the necessity of reserving out of each year's earnings adequate amounts for depreclation
pany's buisiness. See also V. 80 , p. 238 .
Distillers' Securities Corporation, New York,-Status of Controlled Companies.-The combined income account of the Distillers' Securities Corporation and constituent companies for the year ending June 301909 and their combined balance sheet on June 30 last were given in V. 89 , p. 1067. The combined income account of the Distilling po. of America and constituent companies and their combined balance sheet for the same periods are given below:
Distilling Co. of America and Constituent Companies Combined Income
Account for Year Ended June 30 1909. Gross profit from all sources..........................................- $\$ 2,374,269$ Int. on notes and loans ( $\$ 3221,294$ ), taxes ( $\mathbf{8 9 9}, 095$ ), rentals Additions and repairs ( $\$ 225,50,195)$ ), administration and ail other 584,223 Additions and repairs $(\$ 225,195)$, administration and ail other
expenses $(\$ 336,702)$ 561,898
88,750

Total deductions $\$ 2,321,002$
$\$ 53,267$ Distilling Co of America-Combined Balance Sheet June 30 1909.
Assets $(\$ 92,746,553)$.
Liabilities ( $\$ 92,746,553$ ). Assets ( $(\$ 92,746,553$ )
Prop. and plants owned Cash op. by constit. cos \$73,813,177 Cash ts \& bills receivable-
Merchandise, materials \& supplies (at cost)- $-\overline{-1} \overline{\text { (principaliy }}$

Securities stocks in cos. owned by 5,345,859 | Lo |
| :---: |
| Loans |
| Surplu |

* Of which $\$ 346,110$ pref. and $\$ 369,575$ com. stock were held for con-
version of K. D . W . Co. and A.S.M.Co. outstanding unacquired stocks

Doherty Securities Co.-Incorporated.-This company was incorporated in Maine on Dec. 201909 with $\$ 2,000,000$ of authorized capital stock in $\$ 100$ shares, presumably as an ally of the Doherty Operating Co. See V. 89, p. 1485.

East Ohio Gas Co.-Meeting Adjourned.-The meetings of the several companies called on Jan. 31 to ratify the merge of the East Ohio Gas Co., Cleveland Gas Light \& Coke Co and People's Gas Co. were adjourned, it is believed tem porarily, owing to objections raised by Eastern interests. Compare V. 90, p. 240.

Fdison Phonograph Co.-Thomas A. Edison Purchases Minority Stock.-Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court in this city on Jan. 29 made an order permitting Thomas A. Edison to purchase for $\$ 155,000 \$ 144,000$ stock of the company, constituting nearly all the minority stock.
The stock has been held by the Guaranty Trust Co., as trustee, as part collateral under a mortgage made by the International Phonograph Co. in
1903 to secure $\$ 360,000$ bonds. The trustee, it is said, also held 45. 000 out of 50,000 shares of International stock. The latter, in 1907 went into the hands of James F. Lynch as receiver and in 1908 derauited on the prin-
clpal of the mortgage. The recelver, in answer to the foreclosure suit
brought, set up the claim, it is stated, that the Edison Co. shares could not clpal of the mortgage. The receiver, in answer to the foreclosure suit
brought, set up the claim, it is stated, that the Edison Co. shares could not
have been properly deposited under the mortgage, and brought a counterhave been properiy deposited under the mortgage, and brought a counter
suit for conversion. The payment is made in settlement of the litigation. or the amount
about $\$ 112,000$, it is reported, goes to the trust company as trustee for the
bondholders and the remainder will be distributed by the recelver bondholders and the remainder will be distributed by the receiver among The papers presented to the Court state that the net earnings of the Edison Co. for the year ended February 1909 were $\$ 225,000$, but because of a
bonded indebtedness of that amount and a foating debt of between $\$ 600,000$ and $\$ 700,000$, the latter due to Mr. Edison, no dividend was paid. it is stated that "the earnings for the current year have been $g$ g
(N. K.) Fairbank Co., Chicago.-New Stock.-The shareholders will vote Feb. 24, on increasing the capital stock from $\$ 2,000,000$ to $\$ 3,000,000$, in shares of $\$ 100$ each.
Incorporated in Illinols in 1885. A subsidiary of the American Cotton
Oil Co. George A. Morrison is President; J. B. McMahon, Vice.Pres., and F. H. Brennan, Sec. \& Treas.-V. 81, p. 667 .

Goshen Coal Co., Oleveland, 0.-Bonds Offered.-Hayden, Miller \& Co., Cleveland, are placing at par and interest $\$ 325,0006 \%$ bonds secured by a first and only mortgage. A circular says in brief:
Principal and interest (J. \& J.) payable at Guardian Savings \& Trust Co.. annual installments on Jan. 1, viz.: 1911, $\$ 10,000 ; 1912, \$ 11,000 ; 1913$, $\$ 17,000 ; 1914, \$ 12,000 ; 1915$ to $1917, \$ 14,000$ yearly; $1918, \$ 16,000 ; 1919$,
$\$ 23,000 ; 1925, \$ 18,000 ; 1921, \$ 18,000 ; 1922, \$ 20000 ;$ but redeemable in whole or part in inverse order Sinking fund payable each month to the trustee to provide for principal and interest, six cents for each ton of run-ot-mine coal taken from principal Abstract of Letter fro
Abstract of Letter from President C. L. Cassingham, Cleveland, Jan. 15 '10-
Organzed under laws of Ohho (on Dec. 27 1909 with $\$ 800,000$ of authorized capital stock) and has acquired by deed the properties heretofore owned by Beaver Dam Coal Co. (V. 79, D. 214), Philadelphia Co., Goshen
Coal \& Mining Co., East Goshen Coal Co. and Cleveland \& Tuscarawas $95 \%$ of the combined acreage constituting a compact tract, served by cieveland \& Pitts. and Cleveland \& Marietta railways (Pennsylvania lines) and three shaft and two slope, and their output in 1909 was approximately 540,000 tons, although the coal market was very dull in the frst nine months. The annual output capacity is at least 1,000,000 tons per annum. ample to meet the sinking fund of the present bond issue at. 6 cents per ton. Goshen coal is sold in large volume in Cleveland, Lorain and other places and has a special market in the territory which liees between the
Net Value of 6.606 Acres of Tested Unmined Coal Owned in Fee Except 235

Total valuation........- $\$ 864,722$ Total net assets .......... $\$ 711,722$ 33 TThe bankers point out that the debt per dollar of appraised value is and that when the entire debt is paid there should remain $17,571,000$ tons. against impairment of same. No floating debt. Mgr.; F. M. Osborne, V.-P.; J. A. Beidler, © W. Bane, Fred. Storm, Andrew Squire, W. S. Hayden

Easelton (Pa.) Steel Tube OO.-Guaranteed Notes.-This company, referred to in the semi-annual report of the Republic Iron \& Steel Co. cited last week, and more fully described in the annual report for 1908-09 (in V. 89, p. 527), created in April 1900 an issue of $\$ 2,000,0003$-year $5 \%$ notes of $\$ 1,000$ each, due April 15 1912, but callable as an entire issue on any interest day at par and interest. Interest payable A. \& 0.15 at office of trustee. These notes are secured by first mortgage to the New York Trust Co., N. Y., trustee, and are all outstanding. They are guaranteed by endorsement, as to principal and interest, by the Republic Iron \& Steel Co. Compare V. 89, p. 531
Hemming Manufacturing Oo., Garfield, N. J.-Stock Offered.-Harold L. Bennet, 25 Broad St., is offering the preferred stock at par with a bonus of $100 \%$ in common par $\$ 100$ a share. A circular says:
Recently organized under laws of New York for the manufacture of in


Hudson Navigation Co.-New Officers.-John W. McKin non has been elected President to succeed Charles W. Morse Edward F. Murray has been chosen Vice-President and Campbell Carrington Secretary and Treasurer. The following board of directors was elected:
New Directors-George R. Sheldon, Benjamin S. Guinness, Frank C Old Directors Re-elected John W. McKinnon, George E. Shaw, Edward F. Murray, Benjamin S. Guinness, Campbell Carrington and John Engws.-

Illinois Lakes Light \& Power Co., Ohicago.-Mortgage.This company, incorporated in July last with nominal $(\$ 2,500)$ capital stock, the incorporators being Thomas $H$. Robinson, L. W. Bestel and L. F. Mason, has filed a mortgage dated Oct. 41909 to the Central Trust Co. of Illinois, as trustee, covering property in McHenry County, Ill., to secure 400,00020 -year $5 \%$ bonds. G. A. Ellingsen, Chicago, is interested.

Indian Refining Co., Cincinnati.-Stock, \& c.-This important (independent) producer of refined and lubricating oils, incorporated in Maine in 1905, recently permitted its shareholders to subscribe at $\$ 120$ a share (par $\$ 100$ ) for $\$ 500,000$ new capital stock, thus increasing the stock outstanding to $\$ 3,000,000$, consisting of $\$ 2,600,000$ common stock and $\$ 400,0007 \%$ and participating pref. stock. In December 1907 a first mortgage was made to secure an issue of $\$ 500,0006 \%$ gold bonds due Dec. 1912, but callable after Dec. 1909 at 105. Par $\$ 1,000$. Int. J. \& J. at Harvey Fisk \& Sons, 62 Cedar St., N. Y. Annual sinking fund $\$ 55,000$. Bonds still outstanking $\$ 445,000$. Annual dividend rate $12 \%$, last quarterly $3 \%$ paid Jan. An 1910 .

Car Trust Notes Offered.-McCoy \& Co., 181 La Salle St. Chicago, are offering, at prices to yield about $51 / 4 \%$, by advertisement on another page, the unsold portion of an issue of $\$ 575,000$ car trust $5 \%$ gold coupon notes, direct obliga-
tions of the company, dated Jan. 11910 . Due serially in semi-annual installments of $\$ 65,000$ from Due serially in Jan. 11916 except that $\$ 70000$ will mature 1912 to and $\$ 50,000$ in 1916. Principal and interest (J. \& J.) payable at First Trust \& Savings Bank, Chicago, trustee Callable on any interest date after Jan. 11912 at 105 and int. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. These notes, issued in the 742 steel under-frame tank the basis of $68 \%$ of the cost of 742 steel under-frame tank cars of standard capacities. Abstract of Circular of McCoy \& Co.
The Indian Refining Co. has $\$ 3,000,000$ capital stock outstanding, worth
 of the sale of its canital stock, and has to-doay, we are andums as the reselt a surplus of
upwards of $\$ 2,00,000$ Dividends of $12 \%$ per annum are, paid, and the
net earnins upwards of \$2, 000,000. Dividends of $12 \%$ per annum are paid, and the
nete arnnings, as offciaily stated, are double the dividend requirements. sufficient to meet its entire requirements, and heveloped production of oil meet its needs for certainly more than 25 years to come. It is one of the
few Independent companies in this country controling its own production,
and, in addition to its own requirements funishes

 any oucer company, ing more business in refined and lubricating oils than
United States. Its products dent ont ine intributed endard Oil Co. within the through 85 distrits proding stata are distributed east of the Mississippi River
jobbers who handie its produchs exclusive the company and through pany more than $30 \%$ to $40 \%$ of the total business, the average being possibly it sarves. The stock is owned distributed over the entire territory which several New York City bankers. Directors: Wwiam Cooper New York: c. L. Harrisoner Cincocter, Cincinnati; William M. Barnum,
Richmond Levering (Pesident) $W$ The Secretary is Newell H. Hargrave of Cincinnati and the Treasurer National Bank Building, Cincinnati.j
Inter-Continental Rubber Co.-Pref. Stock to be Subject to Call.-The preferred shareholders have voted to make the preferred stock subject to redemption at any time after three years from the issue thereof at par, and in the discretion dividends shall have been provided all accrued cumulative On Jan shall have been paid.
On Jan. ${ }^{1}$ the accumulated dividends on the pref. stock amounted to
 Tht regular dividends will be paid quarterly.-V. 90, p. 170.
International Harvester Co., Now York.-Stock Dividend. -The directors have declared a stock dividend of $331-3 \%$ on the common stock, payable Feb. 21 to stockholders of record Feb. 3. This is in accordance with the plan increas-
ing the capital stock from $\$ 60,000,000$ to $\$ 80,000,000$, ratified by the shareholders on Jan. 28. Compare V. 90, p. 306.

## International steam Pump Co.-Acquisition.-The com-

 pany, it is announced at Hazleton, Pa., has purchased the Jeanesville Iron Works, maker of mine pumps at that place. In Dec. 1907 the total assets of the Iron works were estimated at $\$ 741,000$ andstated as 8491,000, the company being then embarrassed

Earnings.-For the quarter ending Dec. 31:



Balance, surplus $\overline{567,475} \mathbf{\$ 2 8 1 , 6 6 1}$
Jamison Coal \& Coke Oo., Pittsburgh, Pa.-Bonds Offered. -Darr \& Moore, Pittsburgh, N. Y., Boston, \&c., are placing at par and interest $\$ 400,000$ Barrackville purchase money and improvement first mort. $5 \%$ gold bonds of $\$ 1,000$ each, dated Juainder of free from Pennsylvania State tax, being the reannual installment authorized issue of $\$ 1,500,000$ due in and $\$ 100,000$ yearly 1919 to 1929 , but callable at 105 and interest. Union Trust Co., Pittsburgh, trustee. Coupons payable J. \& J. A circular says:
These bonds are secured by a first lien on all of the property of the Jami-
son Coal $\& x$ Cooe Co. formeriy owned by the Barrackylle Coal situated at Barrackville, near Fairmont, Marion County, W, Va Coke Co., of 5,400 acres of unmined Pittsburgh steam coal, about '400 acres of surface The Jamison Coal \& Coke Co. is one of $t$
coke companies in western Pennsylvania. The company has made coal and in every year of its existence, with a constantiy increasing volume of busi-
This issue of bonds constitutes an indebtedness of less than two cents per ton on the coal contents, without andobing for of the improve two cents per
property, which of themselves will have cost $\$ 1,000,000$ Extracts from Lettr
The compon Letter of Pres. J. M. Jamison, Pittsburgh, Feb. 11910 E Coke Co. all of its proverties, mining and surface rights, situated near of which it maild in cosh $\$ 250,000$, and $\$ 1,100,000$ in $5 \%$ purchsese bonds on the property purchased. and 1 Itso paid to the trustee $\$ 250,000 \mathrm{in}$
cash, which is now being expended in one cash, which is now being expended in opening up and improving this prop-
erty
In addition, $\$ 40,000$ in cash is being expended in further developing the property from the sale, at ash in, of allilie amonened in further develop-
authorized issue of $\$ 1,500,000$. The property is situated
at the the total RR., contiguous to the properties of the Fairmont Coal Co. and other large operating companies.
The coal is.
steam purposes. The seam is about of hith grade for gas, coking and general tons to the acre; the coal lles 330 feet belo whd the surface. One shatt has It st the present intention to install coke ovens. Should the coal selar under the mortgage be mined in excess of 150 acres annually, then for succ excess the company will pay to the trustee at the rate of $\$ 500$ per acre for
such excess so removed. The Jamison Coal $\underset{\sim}{\&}$. Coke Co. now owns, in one contiguous and solid block, in Marion Co., W. Va, about 15,000 acres on Prittsburgh steam coal,
with the necessary surface iands; it aiso owns, in the Greensburg Basin about 6,000 acres of surface lands; it also owns, in the Greensburg Basin, ovens, tipples, \&c., \&c.

New Stock.-The company has filed a certificate of increase of capital stock from $\$ 4,000,000$ to $\$ 6,000,000$. The new stock is all common and $\$ 1,000,000$ of it is now sold to stock holders at par. The company paid dividends aggregating $7 \%$ in 1908 and $8 \%$ in 1909
The deal for the purchase of the Farmington, W. Va., property of the Georges Creek Coal \& Iron Co. has gone through and the $\$ 2,700,000$ or ist M
20 year $5 s$ to be ssued in connection therewith are to be dated Feb. 11910
 to call at any interest period after 5 years at 10. $1 / 2$.
In our re word "Barricksville"
should be Barrackotatlon from the tron creased by the Farmington purchase were given as 15,000 acres, which we
learn should be learn should be 21000 acres.
The bonded
 Barrackville purchase "Alexandria.purchase money" bonds and the $\$ 1,500,000$
 $\$ 45,00$; series No. 2, outstanding, $\$ 375,000$; series No. 3 , outstanding The officers are: Pres, Jno. M. Jamison; Vice-Pres., W. W. Jamison Annex. After April 1 will be 1507 Ollver Bldg. Compare V. 88, p. 1133;
V. 90. p. 113 .

Keystone Telephone Co.-It is announced that the coupons due Jan. 11910 on the first mortgage $5 \%$ bonds, formerly paid by Fisk \& Robinson, will be paid at the office of the Knickerbocker Trust Co.-V. 90, p. 160.

Knickerbocker Ice Co., Ohicago.-Report.-The results for the year ending Dec. 31 were

 nine months. The next dividend (semit-annual) will be pald April 190101 plus for the year 1909.--V. 89, p. 1413.
Laclede Gas Light Co.-Report.-For year ending Dec. 31:

 The amount avallabie for dividends on the common stock in 1909 ( $\$ 772,64$ ) is
equal to $9.1 \%$, against $\$ 652,421(7.6 \%)$ in 1908 , after allowing a charge for depre equalo
clation equal to three times that of the previous year. During 1909 no charges were made to depreclation fund, all repairs, \&e., bellg charged directly to operating ex-
penses, and all worthless claims or assets being charged orf.-V. 89, p. 1143.

Libby, McNeill \& Libby Oo., Ohicago.-Stock Decrease.This company, "now a subsidiary of Swift \& Co.." recently filed a certificate of decrease of capital stock from $\$ 2,000,000$ to $\$ 100,000$.-V. 76, p. 869 .
Louisville Lighting Oo.-New Securities Authorized.-The stockholders on Jan. 31 ratified the proposition to issue
$\$ 1,000,000$ of convertible 30 -year $6 \%$ gold bonds and $\$ 1$, 150,000 pref. stock. Compare V. 90, p. 306
MacArthur Brothers Co., Engineers and General Contractors, New York and Ohicago.-Preferred Stock at Par.Bigelow \& Co., 49 Wall St., New York, have already placed privately over half of their block of $\$ 2,000,000$ cumulative $7 \%$ preferred stock, out of the total of $\$ 3,000,000$ authorized and issued Dividends payable M. \& S. Callable on any dividend date after March 11913 at $\$ 110$ per share and accrued dividends. Preferred as to assets as well as dividends. Equitable Trust Co., New York, registrar.

Abstract of Letter from President Arthur F. MacArthur.
By a resolution of the stockinholders, the company has obligated itself interest of the preferred stock, issued and outstanding, and until 1893, tit was oonducted by the firm or MMacArthur Brothers.; In 1893 organizied in Illinois and in 1903 MacArthur Brothers Co. was inDuring these 84 years the company has successfully completed over
$\$ 100,000,000$ worth of public works. The most notable, executed in whole or in part, are: Erie Canal, large portions; Chicago Drainage Canal, several sections; World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, and several of the largest build-
ings; Sault
Ste. Marre water-power canal; Wachusetts Dam for City of Bosion; Katonah Dam and Ashokan Dam and reservoir for City of New York, and many thousands of milles of rallroad comprised in the principal
trunk lines of the United States and Canada. During its entire history has never fatiled to meet an obligatlon or fullill a contract.
The contracts now on hand amount to $\$ 22,000,000$ and awaiting award upwards of $\$ 30,000,000$ more. Additional working capital was necessary, preferred stock and $\$ 2,000,000$ common stock to $\$ 3,000,000$ pref. and $\$ 3,000,000$ com. stock (all issued).
The company carries on Its
The company carrles on Its payrills from 10.000 to 15,000 men, and its thousand cars, over 40 locomotives, thousands of dollars worth of steam-
 pendent upon that company's large car shops, engine houses, machine
shops, \&ec. The total valuation of sald company , holding is $81,500,000$. Its entire capitalization (s997,750) is owned by MacArthur Brothers Co. Over $30 \%$ or the preferred stock and about $00 \%$ or the common stock of MacArthur Brothers Co.
 Other income: Rental plant, $\$ 28,248$; drvidends, , stocks, bonds, Total profit Net operating gain
Estimaters for the current year, based on actual resuits for nine
ndicate that thenths, Indlcate that the earnings will approximate 8522,000 , almost 2 多 times the
total preferred dividends, including the increased stock, although the new capital has not been available.
Bash
Ils recelvabieFinancial Siatement of Dec. 11900 .
Sind
 Tillatal

\$2,957,673 43
814,241 01
Net assets -1. and Treas.; Armurel F. Malls, Vico- Pres. and Asst. Treas.; F. C . Hitchcock,
Vice-Pres.
 ment was elected at the annual meeting on Feb. 1 to succeed that in control for many years, the only officer to hold over being Henry B. Needham, formerly Secretary and Treasurer, who becomes President, succeeding J. E. Knapp, who resigned last October. Compare V. 89, p. 1545.
Other Officers Elected.- Vloe-Presidents, Wm. H. Ziegler and C. L. F.
Roblinson: Secretary and Treasurer, W. H.
 Samuel S. Slater, Howard H. Shields and Matthew Rath.
Old Directors Re-elected:
W. H. Van Kleeck, C. L. F. Robinson, H. B. Needham and Thomas A. Knickerbacker. ${ }^{\text {Ditrectors }}$ Retired: $\mathbf{J}$. Wendel, Michael Coleman, E. H. Litchfield, F. W. Pardee, George Hewlett and J. E. Knapp.-V. 89, p. 1545 .

Mexican National Packing Oo.-Receivership Due to Bank Failure.-Judge Lanning, in the U. S. Circuit Court in New Jersey on Feb. 2 appointed Henry De Kay receiver of the property in a suit instituted by the British \& Mexican Trust, Ltd., of London, and supported by the English interests representing $80 \%$ of the bonds, over two-thirds of the stock and the bulk of the floating debt.
The share capital is stated as $\$ 22,500,000$ (Mexican); bonded debt se-
cured by mortanaze about $\$ 12,500,000$; fioating debt about $\$ 2,000,000$, of which only $\$ 300,000$ is due.
Statement by Samuel C'ntermyer, Counsel for Enolish and Other Investors. The appointment of a recelver it due to the temporary tying up of a large amount of the company's resources (understood to be about $\$ 500,000$ gold)
through the suspension of the United States Banking Co. of Mexico
Cilty through the suspension of the United States Banking Co. On Mexico under way in England for furnishing the company with a large amount of addtional capilta at the time of the suspenslon of the bank. These ar-
Narragansett Electric Lighting Co.-Report.-For year

 V. 88.

National Equipment Oo., Springfield, Mass.-Stock Of-fered.-Pettigrew, Bright \& Co., 75 State St., Boston, are placing at par ( $\$ 100$ a share) a block of $\$ 300,0007 \%$ cumulative preferred stock, part of an authorized $\$ 1,000,000$, of which $\$ 700,000$ has been issued. Authorized common stock, $\$ 1,000,000$; issued, $\$ 500,000$. A circular says: Organized under the laws of Massachusetts as a oonsolldation of the prin
cipal candy-making-machinery manufacturers of the United States Financtal Statement of Contectone Ma Financial Statement of Confectioners' Machinery \& Mfg. Co. (Acquired)





 to purchase this property. The manufacture of candy and chocolate in
the
the the United States has doubled in the past ten years. The sales of the Confhe National Equipment co. Is ine only concern In the world which can
Pasadena by City.-See "Pasadena" in "State and City" department. -V .90 , p. 240.
Pennsylvania Water \& Power Co.-Reorganized Company. -This company was incorporated Jan. 13 under the laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of $\$ 8,500,000$, and on Jan. 29 took title to the property of the former McCall Ferry Power Co.,foreclosed last December per plan in V. 88, p. 1440; V. 89, p. 1545
The new mortgage is made to the Knickerbocker Trust Co. of New York each, dated Jan. 11910 and due Jan. 1 1940. Sinklng fund for purchase of bonds at not over 105,1915 to 1919 , $\$ 50,000$ yearly; 1920 to 1924 ,

 Charles E. F. Clarke is Treasurer and Sherman L. Lewwis is Secretary. The dam is belng pushed forward rapidis.
Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.-Report.-For calendar year: Profits -



 \$610,811 in 1908 and $\$ 797,071$ in 1907.-V. 89, p. 221
Raton Water Works Co., New York.-Reorganization.See Yankee Fuel Co. below.-V. 89, p. 167.

Republic Iron \& Steel Co.-Mortgage.-The company announces by advertisement on another page that a special meeting of the stockholders will be held on March 7 to vote on authorizing a mortgage to seeure an issue of $\$ 25$,000,000 of bonds on allor part of the company's properties and franchises, the proceeds to be used to retire existing bonds and for other corporate purposes.
Guaranteed Notes.-See Haselton Steel Tube Co. above. V. 90, p. 300.

St. Louis County Gas Co.-Earnings-Balance Sheet.See North American Co., V. 90, p. 301; also under "Annual Reports" in the present issue.-V. 84, p. 342.

San Jose Lumber Co. (Mexico), North Vernon, Ind.Bonds Offered.-Thomas A. Rockwell \& Co., Chicago, are offering at par and interest the unsold portion of an issue of $\$ 400,000$ 1st M. $6 \%$ serial sinking fund gold bonds due in annual installments on Jan. 1 from 1911 to 1914, \$25,000 yearly, 1915 to 1920, $\$ 50,000$ yearly, but callable after July 11910 at 105 and interest. P. \& i. (J. \& J.) payable at Merchants' Loan \& Trust Co., trustee, Chicago, Ill. denominations $\$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000 \mathrm{c}^{*}$. A circular says in part: A going concern, having its principal office and selinng department in [whlch is on the Pacinc Coast or Mexlco, about 7 miles nor stro or Manzanilio a terminus of the Mexican Central RR. IJ, a tract containing red, white and
black oak and hickory, stumpare value $\$ 900$.000; mahogany, black walnut black oakk and hickory, stumpage value sio0, 000 ; mahogany, black walnut
and teak, stumpage value $\$ 700,000$, and other readily marketable woods. stumpage value, s210,000
The company deals, only in logs and ties, shipping its product as raw material, aidithas areacy graded ready for thes and ralls 3 bules or rail-
 Ind., is President and the active offlcer. The capital stock is closely held:
 and Government concessions. The issue is made for the purpose of equip ping the railroad, the work of which is belng rapidy completed, at an ex
pense of $\$ 240,000$, and of providing $\$ 200,000$ working caplital. There is no fioating debt. Prior to the execution of this mortrage the company
owned its timber land unincumbered no part of the proced is to be used to reimburse the company or or the stockholders or this issue
 marl teat

Shawinigan Water \& Power Co., Montreal.-Earnings.For calendar years 1909 and 1908:
 $\begin{array}{lllllll}-\cdots-\cdots . .-7 & 706,224 & 608,884 & 339,465 & \mathbf{4 \%} / 260,000 & \mathbf{9 , 4 1}\end{array}$
New Director.-Howard Murray, Treasurer of the company, has been elected a director to succeed J. N. Green shields, resgined.-V. 90, p. 113.
Southern New England Telephone Co.-Report.-For year ending Dec. 31

New Stock.-President Alling in his report says:
at is now expected that some time in October or November of this year by the issue of si,0eg, 100 of new stock at par, In the ratio of 1 share 0 new stock for 7 shares of stocki payment to be made in 2 installments, the

Southern Wisconsin Power
Kilbourn, Wis.-Bonds Offered-Important Contract with Milwaukee El. Ry. \& Light Co.-Devitt, Tremble \& Co., Chicago and Philadelphia, and the Milwaukee Trust Co. bond department, Milwaukee Wis., are offering at a price to yield about $51 / 4 \%$ the unsold portion of a block of $\$ 500,000$ first M. $5 \%$ sinking fund gold bonds dated 1908, due Oct. 1 1938, but callable on any interest day on 60 days' notice at 105 and int. Interest payable A. \& O. at American Trust \& Savings Bank, Chicago, trustee. Par $\$ 1,000 \mathrm{c}^{*}$. Company began activeo peration delivering power, Aug. 6 1909. A circular reports: $U$

Capualization-

$\$ 1,500,000$
Gross earnings. 6 to Dec. 31 1909. The net earnings outstand'g-\$2,000,000 Net earnings interest on outstanding bonds.
Condensed from Letter of Pres. Magnus Swenson, Madison, Wis., Oct. 41909. power. The princlpal contract is with the Milwaukee Electric Railway \& Light Co. and under its terms we obtain a continuous market for all the power we may have for sale, at the same time being free to sell a portion
to other consumers when it is more profitable to do so for 25 years and provides for the delivery of to do so at This contract runs the terminus of our present transmission lines. it assures us a minimum gross income at all times largely in excess of our fixed charges and bond estimate of our gross income at $\$ 240,000$ for the ensuing year is conserva-
tive. The Milwaukee Electric Railway \& Light Co. also is willing to take the power generated by any extensions we may make, and we expect to

The company is a Wisconsin corporation organized in from Co.
With cor-power development on the Wisconsin River at Kilbourn, Wis., with complete flowage rlghts in perpetulty. Includes concrete power house, subject to a continuous overload of $25 \%$, equivalent in the aggregate to $10,000 \mathrm{~h}$. p ., each generator driven by six 57 -inch water turbines; dam, ength 400 ft. height, 55 ft .; principal transmission lines (operating under on right-of-way owned or under perpetual easement; towers, four-post calvanized steel, 60 to 90 ft . high, with concrete bases
Bonds in escrow are issuale
ins, \&c., and may be issued at the rate of only $80 \%$ of the of same. Annual ginking fund beginning July 201914 , with accumulaThe large marke approximately $\$ 675,000$ bonds prior to maturity. of large clties near Kilbourn and along its transmission lines has influenced Based on the proposed increased capacity, the following estimate is plant. Based on the proposed increased capacity, the following estimate is made
Necossary bond issue, $\$ 2,300,000$; possibie earnings, $\$ 500,000$; net earn-
ings, $\$ 406,000$; interest on

Springfield (Mass.) Breweries Co.-Acquisition.-The ompany has acquired control of the Liberty Brewing Co through the purchase of a majority of the $\$ 300,000$ stock, at a price stated to be about par.
The Liberty Brewing Co. has paid 5\% dividends for about 5 years. The minority interests, it is reported, have
stock in any amount at the same price.
of the Springfleld Breweries Co., have been elely President and Treasurer the Liberty company. Theodor have been elected to similar positions in regular annual dividend of $5 \%$ has been declared, payable March The V. 87, p. 284.

Topeka (Kans.) Independent Telephone Co.-Earnings.For six months ending Nov. 30:
6 Mos. End. EToss Expenses, Net Interest Balance, 1909
1908
 3610,000 , of which $\$ 610,000$, of which $\$ 77,000$ owned by company, leaving in hands of public
$\$ 533,000$. Capital stock authorized, $\$ 1,000,000$; issued, $\$ 400,000$. Theo-
dore Gary is President.-V.

Torrington Co.-Uniform Preferred Certificates.-There be ing now no distinction between the Classes A and B preferred shares, stockholders are requested to send their certificates for the aame to Kidder, Peabody \& Co., Boston, for transfer into the new uniform certificates. SeeV. 89, p. 1673, 1345

Union Flectric Light \& Power Co. of St. Louis.-Earn ings-Balance Sheet.-See North American Co., V. 90, p. 301 also "Annual Reports" in present issue.-V. 89, p. 1416.

United Box Board Co., Chicago and New York.-Circu lar.-The management has sent a circular to stockholders, which says in brief:
ship, no repairs. This was true as to both the American Straw reard Co ship no repairs. This was true as to both the American Strawboard Co
and the United mills. The present board has, therefore, put the mills in
first-class condition as far as practlcable The amount had also become greatiy reduced, both in straw, wood and paper mateck: the especially straw. The money to pay for these purchased large supplies esipeciall straw. The money to pay for these materials was for the firs
time bowed the credit of the company alone, without collateral or personal guaranties. Dead mill property has been rented and vacant property disposed of greatly reducing the carrying expenses. Changes tion. Alt current bills have been promptly pald and the discounts secured. months previous to Dec. 31 ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {p }} 90, \mathrm{p}$. 307 ) is statement an unfavorable one demoralied condition of the market for paper board products caused by the prosecutions of paper men by the Government, but in which this com-
pany in way involved (2) diminished profits from business on account
of these conditions; (3) the improvements in progress on for several months past, which have practically put out of commission the mill in New York and the Benton and Fairfield mills in Maine have also suffered greatly for the past three months because of insufficient water to operate them. The abo

See statement of earnings published last week.-V. 90, p. 307.

United Railways Investment Co.-Payment of Notes.The $\$ 200,0006 \%$ notes of 1908 , Series C, maturing Feb. 15 1910, will be paid, principal and interest, on and after such date at the New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St., N. Y. City, or at office of United Railroads of San Francisco, San Fran-cisco.-V. 89, p. 848.
United States Realty \& Improvement Co.-Tender of Bonds Accepted.-The executive committee has accepted the tender of the Mercantile Trust Co. of New York to sell $\$ 1,000,000$ debenture $5 \%$ bonds at 92 and interest. The company has also purchased $\$ 284,000$ additional of the debentures, reducing the amount outstanding from $\$ 13,-$ 284,000 to $\$ 12,000,000 .-V .90$, p. 307, 241
Zankee Fuel Co.-Plan of Reorganization Dated Jan. 27 1910.-The committee of bondholders of the Yankee Fuel Co. and the Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR., 55 Cedar St., New York, under date of Jan. 271910 says in brief:
John W. Platten, Chairman, Gustav E. Kissel, H. A. V. Post and Wm. H. Coverdale, with John O. O'Cong as Counsel and Calvert Brewer as Sec'y.,
Depositary, Unilted States Mortgage \& Trust Co., 55 Cedar St., N.Y'.

The committee, representing a large number of the outstanding securities fully examined all facts obtainable relative to these two companies care during the last three months has been in constant negotiation with the Shepard companies, and has reconciled all diff bondholders of the variou proposed plan of reorganization save one only: the kind of security to be foreclosure and new company. The plan herewith submitted contemplates is at once futlle and misleading, since, while the only other plan advanced existing mortgages, the assent of $75 \%$ of holders of existing bends (nearly one-half of which have little if any value) and the issuance of new collateral
trust bonds based upon deposit of the assenting binds is Examination of the various properties shows that the Yankee is the only one whose assets warrant its shows that the Yankee Fuel Co. operations, together with those of the Santa Fe Raton and whose future has certain property, such as its pro rata claim on the assets of Moines ER . D . ard \& Co., bankrupts, and miscellaneous materials and supplies upon the sale of which some cash can be realized, but there is nothing to fndicate that it ever will have any value as a railroad property. The Santa Fe no property of substantial value except their pro rata claim on the assets standing, would amount to only $5 \%$ of the total of $\$ 4,261,000$ of the out in The committee, for the purpose of harmonizing the conflicting claims and organization plan for to which they might be entitied, advocates such a re Eastern RR. Co. as could include such other companies as might assen thereto; but if none of such companies assent thereto, then the reorganiza-
tion of the Yankee Fuel Co. and the Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR. Co.
will at once proceed independently

Descrivtion of Properties,
Descrbiton of Properties, Believed to be Correct, but not Vouched For. (etachee parcels, owned partly in fee and partly as to mineral righ many situated in Colfax County in northeastern New Mexico and in Las Animas purchase money, about $\$ 46,000$, must be paid to avoid legal complicathe . There are five seams of coal with a minimum thickness of 5 feet The entire mine development is expensive and will probably have to be neither the quantlity nor the quality of coal on the vain but been determined. Bonds sold, $\$ 2,027,000$; stock issued, $\$ 800,500$; actually
expended as reported by Shepard \& Co., $\$ 625$ s. expended as reported by Shepard \& Co., $\$ 625,172$.
Either the Llewellyn or Meredith seams should
capacity of 1,200 to 1,500 tons daily output. For the developed, with a for railroad extensions, tipples, electrical mining machinery, equipment,
$\&$ c., would be $\$ 300,000$; for the Meredith $\$ 185,00 \mathrm{~F}$. The latter develop ment should produce a daily profit of about $\$ 850$
Raton eastwardly to the Yankee mine, about 9 miles, and naw built from spur from Carisbrook to Lake Alice. Fulfills no useful purpose other than Santa Fe Ry. at Raton. Has been in operation since December 1906 Bonds sold, $\$ 293,000$ stock lissued, $\$ 60,000$. Actually expended as re-
ported by Shepard \& Co., $\$ 203,800$. ported by Shepard \& Co., $\$ 203,800$.
Santa Fe Raton \& Des Moines RB
with the Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR. at Carisbrook southeastwardly to the Colorado \& Southern RR. at Des Moines, 39 miles. Routhoadbed graded
for entire distance and a number of culnerts for entire distance and a number of culverts built; 8 miles of track laid wrook. Bonds sold, $\$ 905,000$; stock issued, portion eastwardly from Carls-
b 235,000 . Actually expended as reported by Shepard \& Co., $\$ 569,715$.
The St. Louis Rocky Mountain \& Pacific RR. parallels this proposed line pleted. The population is negligible and the coal movement no comportant as via Raton and the Atchison. This property seems to nave a
scrap value only, which may reach 100,000 , scrap value only, which may reach $\$ 100,000$. When the traffic requires a
southeastern outiet, this road could be completed to the St. Louls Rocky Mountain \& Pacific RR. at Cunningham, about 9 miles from Carisbrook.
Santa $F$ Liberal \& Englewood RR. Projected eastwardly from Des Moines Santa Fe Liberal \& Ennlewood RR.-Projected eastwardly from Des Moines
through Liberal to Englewood, Kan., and thence southeastwardly to Woodward, Okla.; 310 miles; 15 miles of roadbed graded and one mlle of track Actually expended as reported by Shepard \& Co.. $\$ 171,175$.
At $\$ 20,000$ per mile, construction and equipment would cost $\$ 6,200,000$. As the total population of the counties through which the road would run per annum (with an operating cost of $65 \%$ ) to meet fixed charges, whereas
the per capita earnings of existing railroads in this terri tory is only $\$ 18$ per annum. Raton Water Works Co. of New York. -A holding company whose princi-
pal asset is the Raton Ice Co. of New Mexico, which in turn owns surface pal asset is the Raton Ice Co. of New Mexico, which in turn owns surface
rights to 656 acres of land (the location of which is not ascertainable) at a cost of $\$ 124,758$. This latter company appears to own land at Syracuse, Junta and Lamar, and three ice houses; estimated value of miscellaneous pleted for $\$ 30,000$ (minimum estimate), the total cost of the property would be $\$ 286,000$ and the revenue should pay the bond interest. If
to complete the dam should cost $\$ 190,000$ (maximum estimate) to complete the dam should cost $\$ 190,000$ (maximum estimate) the reve-
nue would not be sufficient to pay the bond interest. Bonds sold, $\$ 256,000$. Recapitulation.-The Yankee Fuel Co. and the Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR. Co. can be put into operation by a construction expenditure which on purchase price of land. Although the price of coal in this district is low ( $\$ 137$ per net ton at mine), yet an output of 1,500 tons per day should show a satisfactory profit. The Raton Water Works Co. of New York can
be put on a paying basis provided cost of completing dam, \&e.. does not
exceed $\$ 44,000$. The Santa Fe Raton \& Des Moines Fe Liberal \& Englewood RR. should be abandoned, with the possible exPlan of Reorganization-Proposed New Securitios af ter Foreclosure. rant and the right to subscribe thereto with $100 \%$ bonus in stock to be offered first to the holders of the outstanding bonds. This mortgage is to be secured by a lien on the entire property. Fuel property. [Funds recelved later from assets of $\mathbf{E}$. $D$ Shepard \& Co. may be used for similar purposes, or for retiring
sectit is proposed to discontinue expenditure on the 30 mile Cunningham and Des Molnes and to abandon the entire Santa First income 5\% bonds, interest payable onl
be exchanged at par, with $27 \%$ in in stock, for outstanding (1) Yankee Fuel and (2) Santa Fe Raton \& East. RR. bonds.
Second income $4 \%$ bonds to be exchanged on a $50 \%$ basis for out-
standing bonds of Santa Fe Raton \& standing bonds of Santa Fe Raton \& Des Moines RR. Co
( $\$ 905.000$ ), Santa Fe Liberal \& Englewood RR. ( 878 . and Raton Water Works Co. of N. Y. ( $\$ 256,000$ ), with in case of bonds exchanged for S. F. R. \& D. M. RR. an amount of
stock equal to $27 \%$ of new bonds $(13,13 \%$ on old bonds) $100 \%$ with the new first mortgage bonds, and to an anount
equal to $27 \%$ of all first incomes (to be issued the equa to an amount equal to $27 \%$ of ail second incomes and Terms of Exchange. Amount
Each Existing $\$ 1,000$ Bond of- Outstand'g.
Yankee Fuet Co
Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern RR-- $2,027,000$

## Santa Fe Raton \& Eastern $\mathrm{RR}^{-\quad 2,027,000}$

Santa Fe Raton \& Liberal \& Englewood RR.

Yankee Fuel bonds in the amount of $\$ 473,000$ and the assumption that 5000 represented in this reorganization, now remaining unsold and held by the
thistee in bankruntcy of E. D. Shepard \& Co., are not valid liens against
the varlous companies.-V. 89, p. 925.

Warwick Iron \& Steel Co.-Report.-For calendar years:
 Amount reserved for general repairs in $1909, \$ 121,140$ against $\$ 100,091$ Well . 88, p. 383
Wells Fargo \& Co.-Reported Sale of Stock.-See Southern Pacific Co. under "Railroads" above.-V. 90, p. 307.

West Kentucky Coal Co.-Earnings-Balance Sheet.-See North American Co., V. 90, p. 301; also under "Annual Reports" in the present issue.-V. 88, p. 1005.

Wilmington (Del.) Gas Co.-Earnings.-For the month of December and 4 months ending Dec. 31 1909:
Period
Covered- $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Gross } \\ \text { Sales. Taxes, \&et.) }\end{gathered} \begin{gathered}\text { Nond } \\ \text { Int. }\end{gathered} \begin{gathered}\text { Pref. Balance, } \\ \text { Divs. Surplus }\end{gathered}$ 1 month ending Dec. 31 -
 Cubic feet of gas sold in December, 28,719,800 an
nding Dec. $31 \quad 1909113,520,600$.-V. 89, p. 781.
-The 66th annual statement of the New England Life Insurance Co. of Boston, Mass., is advertised elsewhere inthe "Chronicle" to-day. This company, which was organized under the laws of Massachusetts and conforms to ganized under the laws of Massachusetts and conforms to increased its business and financial strength during 1909. Its total assets Jan. 11910 were $\$ 51,269,293$. After reserving $\$ 44,852,385$ (at Massachusetts standard) for policyholders and providing for other contingencies, the corporation had over and above all other liabilities a net surplus of $\$ 4,218,620$. With $\$ 197,492,772$ total insurance in force, the New England Life Insurance Co. has increased its assets $\$ 3,307,588$; net surplus, $\$ 716,292$; insurance paid for, $\$ 5,-$ 462,179 , and insurance in force, $\$ 12,578,914$. The actual mortality of its policyholders in 1908 was $68 \%$, while in 1909 it was only $57 \%$. The officers of the organization are Alfred D. Foster, President; D. F. Appel, Vice-President; J. A. Barbey, Secretary, and William F. Davis and J. G Wildman, Assistant Secretaries
-The Liverpool \& London \& Globe Insurance Co., a stock company, has issued the sixty-second annual statement of its United States branch for the calendar year 1909. It shows total assets of $\$ 13,885,802$, which include real estate amounting to $\$ 1,551,406$; United States Government $4 \%$ bonds, $\$ 467,475$; State and city bonds and railroad stocks and bonds, $\$ 4,873,130$; bond and mortgage, $\$ 3,549,950$; bank balances and all other assets, $\$ 3,443,841$. The company reports unearned premium and all other liabilities $\$ 8,766,622$, leaving a surplus of $\$ 5,119,180$. The New York directors are Charles H. Marshall, Chairman; Walter G. Hubbard, John A. Stewart, Edmund D. Randolph and Thatcher M. Brown. Henry W. Eaton is Manager and Thatcher M. Brown. Henry W.
George W. Hoyt Deputy Manager.
-Fisher, Semple \& Co. is a new St. Louis bond and brokerage firm, recently established on the second floor of the Rialto Building, corner of Fourth and Olive streets. George K. Fisher was with the Altheimer-Rawlings Invest ment Co. for twelve years, latterly as Assistant Treasurer. Frederick H. Semple was a stockholder in the same company. Both are young men of energy and experience in the business and both are members of the St: Louis Stock Exchange. E. E. Mepham is a special partner. This new firm is well located and thoroughly equipped for doing a successful bond business.
-A. B. Turner \& Co., specialists in New England mill stocks, at 24 Milk St., Boston, have opened a New York office in the Trinity Building, 111 Broadway. Benjamin Dobson, formerly an officer in the Beacon Trust Co., Boston is the New York Manager. The firm issues monthly a 40 page investment circular of high-grade investment stocks, consisting of manufacturing, bank and trust company, gas, electric, and guaranteed railway shares. The February circular is ready for circulation and will be mailed on application.
-A list of securities which J. K. Rice, Jr. \& Co. of this city "wants to buy" and a list which the firm has "for sale" at attractive prices is advertised in this issue of the "Chronicle." J. K. Rice, Jr. \& Co. are large dealers in inactive, unlisted and miscellaneous securities and invite inquiries upon the and from individuals and banking institutions. Write or call at the firm's offices at 33 Wall St. Telephones " 7460 to 7466 Hanover."
-The partnership existing under the name of Blodget, Merritt \& Co. of Boston and New York expired on the 1st inst., when E. P. Merritt retired. The business will be aarried on by the new firm of Blodget \& Co., formed by William Blodget, Albert H. Newman, Charles E. Ober and Archer D. Friend of Boston and George E. Farrington and R. High Carleton of New York.

The large banking office formerly occupied by the Knickerbocker Trust Co. at 66 Broadway is for rent. This office is on the street floor of the Manhattan Life Insurance Co. Building, contains 5,200 square feet and includes fixtures and vault. The Knickerbocker Trust Co. will sublet the office to a banking or Stock Exchange house on favorable terms.
-H. F. Bachman \& Co., bankers, Philadelphia, announce the removal of their New York office from 74 Broadway to larger offices in the National City Bank Building, 55 Wall St.

## The (fommextial Times.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, Feb. 41910.
There is a good general trade, but the collapse in the stock market is naturally of world-wide interest Speculation is if possible, more quiet than ever after this latest blow; but confidence in the general outlook, however is not yet greatly impaired.

| Stocks of Merchandise. | Feb. 1. 1910. | Jan. ${ }^{1910 .}$. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 1{ }^{1909 .} . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cocoa -------------------------b-bags | 22,250 | 28,500 | 30,427 |
| Coffee, Brazil--------------------bags. | 3,513,334 | 3,549,541 | 2,922,327 |
| Coffee, Java---------------------mats | 64,325 | 72,485 | 59,623 |
| Coffee, other----------------------bags | 385,169 | 391,079 | 285,935 |
| Sugar-----------------------bags, \& ${ }^{\text {c-- }}$ | 26,500 | 38,000 | 18,800 |
| Hides -------------------------- No- | 12,000 | 12,572 | 28,700 |
| Cotton -------------------------b-bles | 168,175 | 158,473 | 160,173 |
| Manila hemp---------------------bales | 5,240 | 4,267 | 4,208 |
| Sisal hemp-----------------------bales- | 1,728 | 1,863 | 396 |
| Flour ----------------------------bbls | 69,900 | 64,500 | 60,200 |

LARD on the spot has advanced. Trade has been quiet, but receipts of hogs have decreased, hog prices have advanced, the future market at the West has risen and offerings of product have been light. Prime Western 12.50c., Middle Western 12.40 c . and city steam $121 / 4 @ 123 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Refined lard has been quiet and irregular. Continent 12.70c., South America 13.40c. and Brazil in kegs 14.40 c . The speculation in lard futures at the West has been active. There has been some irregularity at times, owing to a decline in wheat and liquidation, but the trend of themarket has been upward, owing to lighter arrivals of live hogs at an advance in quotations, buying by packers and purchases by commission houses.
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO.
January delivery_:-...11.75
May dellvery
 uly dellvery-.... 1 $\$ 2350$, clear $\$ 24 @$ @ $\$ 650$ and family $\$ 25 @ \$ 26$. Beef has been dull but firm with supplies light. Mess $\$ 12 @ \$ 13$, packet $\$ 13 @ \$ 1350$, family $\$ 1550 @ \$ 1590$ and extra India mess $\$ 2150 @ \$ 2250$. Cut meats have been quiet and firm. Pickled hams, regular, light to heavy, 13@131/4c.; pickled bellies, clear, light to heavy, 13@131/2c.; pickled ribs, light to heavy, 13@131/2c. Tallow has been quiet and easier; City 6334c. Stearines have been quiet and weak; oleo 15c. and lard $123 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Butter has been quiet and easier; creamery extras $291 / \mathrm{c}$. Cheese has been quiet and firm; State, f. c., Sept., fancy, $171 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Eggs quiet and easier; Western firsts 30 c.

OIL.-Linseed has been strong, with the demand small, owing to the high prices. City, raw, American seed, 77@ 78c.; boiled 78@79c.; Calcutta, raw, 85c. Cottonseed has been quiet and easier; winter $7.15 @ 7.75 \mathrm{c}$. and summer white 7.15@7.25c. Lard has been dull but strong with supplies small. Prime $\$ 125 @ \$ 128$; No. 1 extra 65@68c. Cocoanut has been quiet and steady; Cochin $95 / 8 @ 10 c$.; Ceylon 91/8@91/4c. Olive quiet and steady at 72@85c. Peanut quiet and steady; yellow 62@67c. Cod has been quiet and steady; domestic 38@40c.; Newfoundland 42@44c.

COFFEE on the spot has been quiet and steady. Rio No. 7, 85/8@83/4c.; Santos No. 4, 91/8@91/4c. West India growths have been quiet and steady; fair to good Cucuta $10 @ 101 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. The speculation in coffee futures during the week has been extremely dull, the transactions on one day amounting to only 2,500 bags. Fluctuations have been trifling. There has been a small amount of liquidation by Wall Street and foreign houses, but spot interests have made purchases. Closing prices were as follows:

April --7.05c. December--.---7.055.
 96-degrees test, 4.14@4.17c muscovado 89-degrees test $3.64 @ 3.67 \mathrm{c}$., and molasses, 89 -degrees test, $3.39 @ 3.42 \mathrm{c}$ Refined has been quiet and steady. Granulated 4.95 c . Teas have been steady with a small jobbing trade. Spices have been quiet and firm. Wool has been quiet and steady. Hops have been firm and more active

PETROLEUM.-Refined has been steady. Export trade has been fairly active. Domestic purchases have been on a small scale. Barrels 7.90c., bulk 4.40c. and cases 10.30 c . Gasoline has been moderately active and steady; 86 -degrees, in 100 -gallon drums, 183 c. c.; drums $\$ 850$ extra. Naphtha has been quiet and steady; 73@76-degrees, in 100-gallon drums, $163 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.; drums $\$ 80$ extra. Spirits of turpentine has been quiet and steady at 63c. Rosin has been quiet and firm; common to good strained $\$ 440$.

TOBACCO.-The market for domestic leaf has been quiet. Manufacturers are apparently better supplied with leaf than many in the trade had supposed. Prices, however, have ruled firm, despite the dulness, as growers in some-sections are asking higher quotations. Havana and Sumatra have been quiet and firm.
COPPER has been quiet and easy; Lake $133 / 4 @ 137 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. electrolytic $131 / 2 @ 135 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. and casting $131 / 4 @ 131 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Lead has been quiet and steady at $4.671 / 2 @ 4.721 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Spelter has been quiet and easier at 6c. Tin has been quiet and steady spot $321 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Iron has been steady. No. 1 Northern $\$ 1850$ @ $\$ 19$; No. 2 Southern, $\$ 1825$. New England interests have bought freely of foundry iron in Virginia and Pennsylvania In the local market there have been large sales of machinery.

## COTTON.

Friday Night, Feb. 41910. THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 69,282 bales, against 108,863 bales last week and 131,913 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Sept. $119095,696,632$ bales, against 7,568,435 bales for the same period of 1908-09, showing a decrease since Sept. 11909 of $1,871,803$ bales.

| Receipts at- | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galveston | 2,410 | 7,124 | 6,315 | 3,340 | 6,045 | 2,700 | 27,934 |
| Cort Arthur |  |  |  |  |  | 1,584 |  |
| New Orleans | 2, $\overline{1} \overline{5} \overline{6}$ | 6,50] | $2, \overline{0} \overline{3} \overline{3}$ | 1,341 | 3,061 | 1,565 | 16,660 |
| Guifport |  | -937 |  | - $\overline{4} \overline{1}$ |  | +154 | , 154 |
| Pensacola |  |  | 1,193 | 428 | 292 | 696 250 | 4,007 250 |
| Jacksonville |  | 71 |  |  |  | 1,561 | 1,632 |
| Savannah | 574 | 837 | 1,389 | $3 \overline{8} \overline{5}$ | $\overline{8} \overline{0} 0$ | 848 | 4,913 |
| Charleston | 39 | 46 | 27 | 180 | 33 | 4,987 $\mathbf{1 5 7}$ | 4,987 482 |
| Georgetown |  | 104 |  |  |  |  | 104 |
| Noriolk | 71 78 | 118 | 248 | 28 | 129 | 28 | 622 |
| N'port New | 78 | 741 | 313 | 195 | 238 | 494 849 | 2,059 849 |
| New York |  |  |  |  |  | 849 | 849 |
| Boston | 50 | 50 | 50 | 72 | 50 | 50 | $\overline{3} \overline{2}$ |
| Baltlmore |  | 2,327 |  |  |  | 371 | $\begin{array}{r}2,698 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ |
| Total this wk. | 5,839 | 18,859 | 593 | 5,969 | , 7 |  |  |

The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1 1909, and the stocks to-night, compared with ast year:

| Receipts to February 4. | 1909-10. |  | 1908-09. |  | Stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This Week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep } \\ 11909 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | This Week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep } \\ 11908 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | 1910. | 1909. |
| Galveston-1---- | 27,934 | 2,069,828 | 98,739 | 2,864,535 | 117,425 | 164,200 |
| Port Arthur-- |  | $\begin{array}{r} 96,280 \\ \mathbf{3 0}, 361 \end{array}$ | 8,800 | 2,864,772 | 117,425 | 164,200 |
| New Orlea | 16,660 | 865,415 | 64,706 | 1,515,088 | 208,987 | 300,744 |
| Gulfport | 154 | 8,262 |  | 1, 15,987 | 1,004 |  |
| Mensacola | $\begin{array}{r}4,007 \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | 191,735 | 7,869 | 293,751 | 27,497 | 59,577 |
| Jacksonvile, ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$--- | 1,632 | 36,659 | 7.806 | 109,446 |  |  |
| Savannah | 4,913 | 1,159,613 | 23,713 | 1,231,128 | 75,683 | 123,615 |
| Brunswick | 4,987 | 197,584 | 5,980 | 275,255 | 6,947 | 12,153 |
| Georgetown | 482 104 | 191,294 | -3,674 | 172,813 | 27,515 | 20,202 |
| Wilmington | 622 | 280,052 | 6,420 | 334,655 | 12,333 |  |
| Norfolk | 2,059 | 395,858 | 11,942 | 454,687 | 32,923 | 43,369 |
| N N port Now New | 849 | 13,842 | 1,628 | 7,012 |  |  |
| Boston | $3 \overline{2}$ | 6,642 | $10 \overline{5}$ | 12,180 | 168,410 | 70,820 |
| Baltimore | 2,698 | 49,491 | 3,415 | 75,674 | 12,415 | 19,538 |
| Philadelphia | 25 | 812 | 144 | 2,934 | 1,557 | 4,983 |
| To | 69,282 | 5,696,632 | 247,763 | 7,568,435 | 700,589 | 924,813 |

Note. 9,448
since Sept. 1 .
In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

| Receipts at- | 1910. | 1909. | 1908. | 1907. | 1906. | 1905. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galveston | 27,934 | 98,739 | 80,249 | 119,037 | 53,721 | 13,755 |
| New Orleans. | 16,660 | 11,073 64,706 | 10,249 66,858 | 8,529 67,743 | 974 41.637 | 17,121 |
| Mobile | 4,007 | 7,869 | 6,093 | 4,281 | 2,746 | 3,587 |
| Savannah | 4,913 | 23,713 | 25,041 | 21,521 | 12,770 | 11,997 |
| Brunswick | 4,987 | 5,980 | 2,983 | 5,916 | 8,542 | 2,487 |
| Charleston, \&c | 586 | 3,699 | 1,704 | 1,788 | 1,078 | 1,155 |
| Wilmington | 622 | 6,420 | 7,319 | 5,664 | 1,079 | 2,094 |
|  | 2,059 849 | 11,942 | 9,742 | 10,404 | 5,479 | 6,304 |
| N'port N., \&c All others.---- | $\begin{array}{r}849 \\ 5,081 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,628 11,994 | 4,825 | 2,148 4,258 | 1,078 $\mathbf{2 , 5 0 1}$ | 188 4,934 |
| Total this wk- | 69,282 | 247,763 | 215,113 | 251,289 | 131,605 | 85,544 |

Since Sept. $1 . \overline{5,696,632} \overline{7,568,435} \overline{6,391,212} \overline{7,525,840} \overline{5,864,051} \overline{6,726,971}$ The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 120,071 bales, of which 61,903 were to Great Britain, 1,794 to France and 56,374 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1 1909:

| Exports from- | Week | ending Feb. 41910 Exported to- |  |  | From Sept. 11909 to Feb. 41910. Exported to- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britain | Fr'nce | Continent. | Total. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Great } \\ \text { Brilain. } \end{gathered}$ | France. | Continent. | Total. |
| Galveston | 30,095 |  | 31,520 | 61,615 | $602,572$ |  | 722,052 | 1,685,103 |
| Port Arthur |  |  | 1,000 | 1.000 | $23,007$ | 15,398 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,075 \\ 57,875 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $1,68,108$ 96,280 |
| New Orleans | 4,730 | 1,609 | 6,248 | 12,587 | 317 | 3,512 | 176,969 | 637,528 |
| Moblle | 2,240 |  |  | 2,240 | 28,157 | 59,195 | - 20,285 | 107,637 |
| Pensacola |  |  |  |  | 39,855 | 38,418 | 22,742 | 101,015 |
| Savannah | 12,676 |  | 10,093 | 22,769 | 206,212 | 83,991 | 371,932 | 662,135 |
| Chanswick | 5,471 |  |  | 5,471 | 73,679 | 5,496 | 84,555 | 163,730 |
| Wharleston |  |  |  |  | +92,265 | 15,700 | $\begin{array}{r}92.274 \\ 153 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 105,769 |
| Norfolk |  |  |  |  | 4,800 | 15.10 | 153,474 368 | 261,439 5,168 |
| Newport News New York | 6,164 | 185 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston - | ${ }^{6} 527$ |  | 164 | 691 | 69, | 36,988 | 60,874 8,406 | 195,182 |
| Baitimore |  |  |  |  | 15,329 | $\overline{3,900}$ | + 26,520 | 75,749 |
| Portland, Me |  |  |  | 1,3 | 33,743 427 |  | 12,286 | 46,029 |
| San Francisco |  |  | 2,656 | $\overline{2,656}$ |  |  | 24,549 | 24,549 |
| Seattle |  |  | $2.12 \overline{1}$ |  |  |  | 16,041 | 16,041 |
| Portland, Ore |  |  |  |  |  |  | + 200 | 4,572 |
| Pem |  |  |  |  |  |  | 600 | 200 600 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 61,903 | 1.794 | 56,374 | 120,071 | 1,624,788 | 763,077 | 1,871,10 | 258,967 |
| Total 1908-09 | 106,450 | 11,196 | 127,001 | 244,647 | 2,630,541 | 758,657 | 2,568,517 | 5,957,715 |

[^6]| Feb. 4 at- | On Shipboard, Not Cleared for- |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leaving } \\ & \text { Stock. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britain. | France | Germany. | Other Foreion | Coastwise. | Total. |  |
| New Orlea | 11,601 | ${ }_{11} 817$ | 11,777 | 5,079 |  | 29,364 | 179,623 |
| Galveston | 10,763 | 11,749 | 18,805 | 13,616 | 6,769 | 61,702 | 159,723 |
| Charleston |  |  | 2,911 |  | 500 | 2,911 | 72,772 27 |
| Moblle | 215 | $2, \overline{3} \overline{5} \overline{0}$ | 6,792 |  | 200 | 9,557 | 17,940 |
| Now York |  | 50 | 0 |  | 16,000 | 16,000 | 166,923 |
| Other ports..-- | 3,000 |  | 4,000 |  |  | 7,000 | 166,060 35,149 |
| Total 1910 | 26,469 | 14,966 | 44,785 | 19,695 | 23,469 | 129,384 | 571,205 |
| Total 1909-- | 53,631 | 19,362 | 48,069 | 35,566 | 18,173 | 174,801 | 750,012 |
| Total 1908 | 55,904 | 51,207 | 67,814 | 30,280 | 27,241 | 232,446 | 588,391 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery during the past week has been on a moderate scale and prices have again been more or less irregular. The tendency has been towards a decline in the near months and a slight advance in the more distant options. There has been liquidation and some short selling in the near months, which accounts for the recession. The whole situation, too, has been affected more or less by the collapse in the stock market. Spot cotton has been generally quiet. Speculation has been dull. With speculation dormant, spinners buying sparingly, general sentiment affected by a sharp fall in securities, the meat boycott and the growing complaints of the high cost of living, it is not to be wondered at that the market has at times hesitated. Yet distant months of late have shown a tendency to advance. This is due primarily, it would appear, to covering of shorts. For some time past the drift of opinion has favored the selling of the next-crop months, on the idea that the present high prices could mean nothing less than a record-breaking acreage and, with reasonably favorable conditions, a very acreage and, with reasonably favorable conditions, a very
large crop. In such circumstances the short interest in large crop. In such circumstances the short interest in Meantime, spinners are buying futures here to some extent, and Liverpool is also a steady purchaser of March and May at New York in the liquidation of straddles. Also, certain prominent interests are supposed to have been accumulating March and May for some little time past. There is a notion in the trade that such buying is with a view of accepting delivery of the cotton. Moreover, Liverpool of late has been stronger and more active. It has been sending reports, too, to the effect that Manchester was doing a better business. Bombay receipts have decreased. Liverpool's daily spot Bombay receipts have decreased. Liverpool's daily spots
sales of late have been 10,000 to 12,000 bales. The receipts sales of late have been 10,000 to 12,000 bales. The receipts
at our Southern ports and interior towns have fallen to figures which excite some remark. Some maintain that the decrease simply reflects the decrease in the demand. But believers in higher prices and a very small crop argue that the small receipts of late are confirmatory of their ideas as to the size of the yield. There has also been some talk to the effect that Texas was not getting enough winter rains. The decline from the high prices reached during the speculative inflation, too, has been sharp, and in the nature of things something of a rally, even if brief, would not be altogether surprising. At any rate, all this has led to more or less covering of shorts and has prevented any marked recession of prices, where it has not brought about some actual net advance. Just now stress is laid upon the fact that spot prices at the South are far above a parity with futures at New York. According to the advocates of better prices, the spot markets constitute the sheet anchor of the whole situation. A revival of bull speculation is not expected, however. "The burnt child dreads the fire." The public has had enough for one season, and also most of the professionals. To-day there was an advance on stronger Liverpool cables than had been expected, favorable Manchester trade reports, small receipts, firm and more active spot markets at the South, buying by spot interests and commission houses and covering of shorts. Spot cotton here has been quiet. Middling uplands 14.90 c ., an advance for the week of 15 points.
The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:


## NEW YORK QUOTATIONS FOR 32 YEARS.



MARKET AND SALES AT NEW YORK.
The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.


FUTURES.-The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York the past week have been as follows:


THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks, as well as the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Friday), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.


AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement-that is, the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period for the previous year-is set out in detail below.


The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 11,198 bales and are to-night 97,516 bales less than at the same time last year. The receipts week last year.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1.-We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows:
Leaving total net overland * $\qquad$ $\overline{610,416}$


* Including movement by rall to Canada

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement has been 20,423 bales, against 42,239 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 334,517 bales.
 North. spinners' takings to Feb. 4-- $\overline{61,044} \overline{1,522,212} \overline{88,111} \overline{1,791,699}$ - Decrease during week.

Movement into sight in previous years: Week-
1908 Feb.
$1907=\mathrm{Feb}$. $\qquad$ Bales.
 QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.-Below are the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for ach day of the week.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week ending } \\ \text { EMebruary } 4 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Closino Quotations for Midaling Cotion on- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sat'day. | Monda | Tuesday | Wed | Th | Friday. |
| Gaiveston -- | 143/8 |  | 143\% | 1443\% | $11^{14} 3$ | 14 |
| Mobile | 14 14 | 14 14 | $14 \%$ | 14 | ${ }_{14}^{14}$ | ${ }^{14} 4$ |
| Charreston |  |  |  | 14 5/8 | 14 \% | 14 5/8 |
| Norfolk |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston | 14.75 | 14.55 | 14.60 |  | ${ }_{14}^{14.80}$ | ${ }_{14.75}^{14.18}$ |
| Philladelph | 14.80 | ${ }_{14.85}^{14}$ | 14.95 | ${ }^{14} 15.05$ | 14.1/30 | 14.1/20 |
| Augusta | 14.7 | 14.78 | 14.9 |  | ${ }_{14} 15.00$ | ${ }_{14}^{15.15}$ |
| Memphis | 15 15 | 1514 | 15.5 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Houston | 14. |  | ${ }^{1545}$ | 151/8 | 15 14 | 151411-16 |
| Little Roc | $14{ }^{1 / 4}$ | $14{ }^{14}$ | 14. | 14\%\% | 14. |  |

NEW ORLEANS OPTION MARKET.-The highest, lowest and closing quotations for leading options in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Sat'day, } \\ \text { Jan. } 29 . \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Monday } \\ \text { Jan. } 31 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tuesday, } \\ & \text { Feb. 1. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Wed'day, } \\ \text { Feb. 2. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Thursd } \\ \text { Feb. 3. } y, \end{array}\right\|$ | Friday, <br> Feb. 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 14.26-. 30 | 14.36-. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14.38-.42 | 14.51-.54 | 14.63-.66 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { arch } \\ \text { Range } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| A priosil |  | 14.43-.44 | 14.52-.53 | 14.53-.55 | 14.58-.59 | 4.79-80 |
| Range | $\overline{14.52-.}{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | -14.55-. $\overline{58}$ | 14.62-65 | 14.65-68 | 14.68. | 14.88-90 |
| av |  | 14.55-. 88 | 14.62-65 | 14.65-68 | 14.68-.72 | 14.88-.90 |
| ${ }_{\text {Rang }}$ | 14.55-76 | \| 14.52 .58 | 14.60-75 | 14.63-81 | $\begin{aligned} & 14.70-.88 \\ & 14.76-77 \end{aligned}$ | 14.83-.88 |
| une- <br> Rang |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Cosing } \\ \text { Culy- } \end{gathered}$ | 14.64-66 | 14.70 | 1 | 14. | 14 | 4.98-.00 |
| Range | 14.68-.88 | 14.6 | 5 | 14.75-.92 |  |  |
| uoust |  |  |  | 36 | 14.87-.88 |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Cange }}$ | 14.04 二 | $\overline{13} .95$ - $\overline{10}$ | 13.95-.08 | 14.14-.16 | 14 @ ${ }^{10}$ | @ |
| September |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 13.95-.10 \\ & 13.00-10\end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |
| Closing | - @ 二 | ${ }_{13.17-20}^{13.00-10}$ | $13.27-28$ | ${ }_{13.25-.27}^{13.22}$ |  | ${ }_{13}^{13.29-.37}$ |
| Range |  |  |  |  | 13.28-.32 | 13.36-.37 |
| Closing | 12.44-.46 | 12.53-.57 | 12. |  | 12.63-70 | 14.69-80 |
| December Range | $12.31-$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Tone }}{\text { Closing }}$ |  | $12.37-4$ | 12.49-.51 | 12.45-.48 | 12.48-.49 | 12.60-.62 |
| Spot | Quiet. Steady. | Qulet. Steady. | Quiet. steady | Quiet. Steady | Qulet. | Steady. |

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.-Telegraphic reports to us from the South this evening indicate that the weather has been satisfactory in the main during the week. Rain has fallen in most localities, but has in general been moderate or light.
Galveston, Texas, \&ec.-No weather reports received this evening.
New Orleans, Louisiana.-Rain has fallen on one day during the week, the rainfall being sixty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 57.
Shreveport, Louisiana.-We have had rain on three days during the week, to the extent of one inch and forty-five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 34 to 67 . Month's rainfall 2.13 inches.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.-Rain has fallen on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and ninety-three hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 37 to 65 , averaging 50
Helena, Arkansas.-It has rained on one day during the week, to the extent of five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 41.5, the highest being 52 and the lowest 22 .

Memphis, Tennessee.-Dry all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 31.4 to 57.4, averaging 42.4.

Mobile, Alabama.-There has been rain on three days, to the extent of ninety-one hundredths of an inch. The therMontgomery averaged 54, ranging from 40 to 70.
Montgomery, Alabama.-There has been rain on three days during the week, the rainfall being two inches and sixteen hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 66 , averaging 48

Selma, Alabama.-Rain has fallen on three days during the week, to the extent of one inch and five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged $431 / 2$, the highest being 65 and

Madison,
day during the week-Rain has fallen very lightly on one day during the week. The thermometer has averaged 51,
ranging from 30 to 67 . ranging from 30 to 67
Augusta, Georgia.-Rain has fallen on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and forty-eight hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 27 to 63 , averaging 44.

Savannah, Georgia.-Rain has fallen on three days during the week, to the extent of fifty-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 49, the highest being 62 and
Charleston, South Carolina.-Rain has fallen on one day during the week, the rainfall being twelve hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 46, ranging from 30 to 61.
Charlotte, North Carolina.-We have had rain on two days during the week, the precipitation being forty-four hundredth of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 40, the highest being 57 and the lowest 23 .
 INDIA COTTON

| February 3. <br> Receipts at- | 1909-10. | 1908-09. | 1907-08. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week. } \begin{array}{c} \text { Sincee } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Since } \\ \hline \text { Week. } & \text { Sept. } 1 . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Week. } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 105,000 $1,520,000$ | 103,000 935,000 | 91,000 971,000 |



| Alexandria, Egypt, February 2. | 1909-10. |  | 1908-09. |  | 1907-08. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Receipts (cantars)- } \\ \text { This week } \\ \text { SInce Sept. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,000 \\ 4,607,036 \end{array}$ |  | 5.376,057 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 95,000 \\ 5,671,924 \end{array}$ |  |
| Export (bales)- | This | $\text { Sept. } 1$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { This } \\ \text { Week. } \end{gathered}$ | Since Sept. 1. | This Week. | Since Sept. 1. |
| To Liverpool To Mancheste | -6.250 | 103,772 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9,000 } \\ & 1,750\end{aligned}$ | 120,092 | 5,750 8.500 | 157,241 |
| To America. | 10,000 3,000 | 191,747 | 5,000 4,750 | 174,364 | 12,250 2,750 | cos,23, 350 <br> 39,106 |
| Total expor | 23.750 | 434,378 | 20,500 | 454,211 | 29.250 | ,615 |

Note.-A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyrtian bales welgh about 750 lbs.
MANCHESTER MARKET.-Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market continues quiet for both yarns and shirtings. The demand for both yarn and cloth is improving. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:


COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMENT TO FEB. 1.-Below we present a synopsis of the crop movement for the month of January and the five months ended Jan. 31 for three years:


DOMESTIC EXPORTS OF COTTON MANUFACTURES -We give below a statement showing the exports of domestic cotton manufactures for December and for the twelve months ended Dec. 31 1909, and for purposes of comparison like figures for the corresponding periods of the previous year are also presented:

| Quantities of Manufactures of Cotton (colored and un colored) Exported to- | Month ending Dec. 31. |  | 12 Months end. Dec. 31. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1909. | 1808. | 1909. | 1908. |
| United Kingdom...-. ${ }^{\text {yds }}$ | 298,621 | 251,525 | 2,400,283 | ,698,860 |
| Germany | 3,297 |  | 89,024 | 27,562 |
| Turkey in | 225,457 | 260,559 | 2,329,669 | 2,144,643 |
| Other Europe | 1,042,146 | 29,496 | 506,238 | 6,023,350 |
| ral American States |  |  |  | 6,023,350 |
| and British Honduras.-- | 2,056,555 | 3,560,283 | 29,358,234 | 29,142,302 |
| Mexico ---------------- |  | 117.341 | 1,631,622 | 1,779,626 |
| Cuba | 708,116 | 1,252,605 | 21,047,857 | 14,501,039 |
| Oth. West Ind. \& Bermuda | 2,440,073 | 3,546,178 | 43,831,962 | 35,232,394 |
| Argentina | 222,754 | 144,070 | 2,206,849 | 1,020,100 |
| Brazll | 104,555 | 210,583 | 2,508,998 | 2,111,373 |
| hile | 515,068 | 345,720 | 9,154,592 | 7,877,336 |
| Venezuel | 570,299 | 139,876 | $2,573,938$ $5,409,960$ | 1,391,619 |
| Other So | 642,809 | 787,083 | 7,458,215 | 7,043,968 |
| Aden | 113,600 | 4,788,450 | 18,140,520 | 26.243,782 |
| Ohinese Emp | 5,452 | 5,462,472 | 154,460,002 | 79,635,264 |
| British East | 624,818 | 2,034,600 | 10,605,478 | 10,311,890 |
| Hongkong | 139,993 | 97,348 | 1,499,633 | 447,954 |
| Japan British Aust | 27,655 760,986 | 49,923 | 7 1958,579 | 192,204 |
| Philippine Isla | 1,741,196 | 765,885 | 17,126,370 | 7,623,625 |
| Other Asia and | 118,483 | 235,972 | 2,783,383 | 2,206,527 |
| ritish Africa | 535,800 | 704,094 | 9,478,136 | 5,300,244 |
| ther | 65,381 | 78,596 | 2,388,307 | 1,604,597 |
| Total yards | 14,536,839 | 29,195,920 | 380,519,787 | 272,242,179 |
| Total values | \$1,006,476 | \$1,678,379 | \$23,050,260 | \$16,904,383 |
| Value p | \$.0692 | \$.0575 | \$.0606 | \$.0621 |
| Value of Other Manufactures of Cotton Exported to- |  |  |  |  |
| United King | 01,797 | \$24,671 | \$736,946 | 852,000 |
| Belgium | 471 | 117 | 2,813 | 1,855 |
| Germany | 8,634 | 17,166 | 75.430 | 31,312 |
| Other Europ | 8,464 | 2,727 | 77,397 | 58,493 |
| British North | 110,442 | 57,846 | 1,390,757 | 915,763 |
| and British Hondu | 72,826 | 31,487 | 681,295 | 30,451 |
| Mexico | 16,575 | 24,005 | 253,179 | 256,347 |
| Cuba | 29,829 | 21,206 | 381,480 | 274,755 |
| Oth. West Ind | 19,960 | 17,745 | 198,144 | 135,862 |
| South A | 14,338 | 12,294 | 104.704 | 77,034 |
| Ohinese | 2,040 | 186 | 33,874 | 51,946 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Japan } \\ & \text { British Aus } \end{aligned}$ | 588 | 762 5585 | 88848 | 23,425 |
| British Aust British Afric | 67,001 | 55,858 10,475 | 415,368 147,298 | 292,545 157,066 |
| Other cou | 21,385 | 6,951 | $\mathbf{5 3 3}, 009$ | 247,881 |
| Waste, | \$279,999 | \$190,225 | \$2,217,259 | 2,547,871 |
| Yar | 31,822 | 69,078 | 451,244 | 25,736 |
| All | 306,357 | 282,053 | 3,655,555 | 2,969,458 |
| Total manufactures of | \$2,099,004 | \$2,503,231 | \$34,414,860 | \$26,854,183 |

SHIPPING NEWS.-As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 120,071 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:
NEW YORK-To Liverpool-Jan. 28-Cymric, 5,976
Total bales.
To Manchester-Jan 28 -Cavour, 188
To Havre-Feb. 2-La Bretagne, 100
To Marselles-Jan. 28-Germani
GALVESTON-Jan. Liverpooln, Jan. 28 - Benedict, $8,057-1$ To Bremen-Jan. 31 -St. Egbert, 8,330 Meb. 3 -- Druen-
dart, 9,228 Jan. 28 Conway, 3,566
To Barcelona-Feb. 2-Delphine, 3,379
To Barcelona-Feb. 2-Delphine, 3,379_
TEXASCITY - To Mexico-Jan. 25-Norheim, 000
To Dunkirk-Feb. 2-Texas, 1,609
To Antwerp-Feb. 4-Milton, 238
To Antwerp-Feb. ${ }^{4}$ - 28 -Trifels $238{ }_{-}$
To Oporto-Jan. 28-Berenguer el Grande, $900-\mathrm{Feb}$. 2 -- Pio


Parlsiana, 4,032-1.-Musician, 100
To Bremen-Feb. 2-Brika, $10 ; 093$ -
BRUNSWICK -To Liverpool-Feb. 3 - Pola, 5,471
To Yarmouth-Jan. 25-Boston, 164 -
To Venice-Jan. 25-Ancona, 100
SAN FRANCISCO-To Japan-Feb. 1 - Chica, $2,6,125$
Total
The particulars of the foregoing shipments for the week, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

Great French Ger- -Oth.Europe-Mex.,
Britain. ports. many. North. South. \&c. J

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great } \\ & \text { Britain. } \end{aligned}$ | French | Germany. | Oth. | South |  | Tapan. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. | -6,164 | 185 |  |  | 1,250 |  |  | 7,599 |
| Galveston | 30,095 |  | 21,124 |  | 10,396 |  |  | 61,615 |
| Texas City |  |  |  |  |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |
| New Orleans | 4,730 | 1,609 | ---- | 505 | 5,743 |  |  | 12,587 |
| Savannā | 12,676 |  | 10, $\overline{0} \overline{3} \overline{3}$ |  |  |  |  | 22,769 |
| Brunswick | 5,471 | --. |  |  |  |  |  | 5,471 |
| Poston ${ }^{\text {Philadelphi }}$ | 527 |  |  |  |  | 164 |  | 691 |
| San Francisco |  |  |  |  | 1,318 |  |  | 1,318 2,656 |
| Seattle | - ----- |  |  |  |  |  | 2,125 | 2,125 |

Total ......- $\overline{61,903} \overline{1,794} \overline{31,217} \overline{505} \overline{18,707} \overline{1,164} \overline{4,781} \overline{120,071}$
The exports to Japan since Sept. 1 have been 44,754 bales from Pacific ports and 200 bales from New York:.

Cotton freights at New York the past week have been as follows, quotations being in cents per 100 libs:


LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Live rpool we have the following statement_of the week's sales, stocks, \&c., at that port:

| Sales of the week | $\text { Jan. } 14 .$ | $\text { Jan. } 21 .$ | $\text { Jan. } 28$ | Feb, 4. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Of which speculators took | 1,000 |  | 49,000 1,000 |  |
| Of which exporters took | 2,000 | $\overline{2,000}$ | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| Sales, American | 36.000 | 45,000 | 41,000 | 57,000 |
| Actual expo | 10,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 7.000 |
| Forwarded | 50,000 | 70,000 | 50,000 | 75,000 |
| Total stock-Estimated.- | 084,000 | 1,068,000 | 1,072,000 | 1,062,000 |
| Of which American-Est | 998,000 | 983,000 | 978,000 | 981,009 |
| Total imports of the week | 92,000 | 56,000 | 56,000 | 73,000 |
| Of which American | 81;000 | 39,000 | 39,000 | 59,000 |
| Amount afloat | 180,000 | 149,000 | 170,000 | 175,000 |
| Of which American | 130,000 | 99,000 | 118,000 | 122,000 |

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

| Spot. | Saturday. | Monday. | Tuesday. | Wednesday. | Thursday. | Friday. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Market, } \\ \text { 12:15 } \\ \text { P. M. } \end{gathered}$ | Moderate demand. | Quiet. | Hardening tendency. | Steady. | Steady. | Good demand. |
| Mid. U | 7.74 | 7.68 | 7.7 | 7.79 | 7.84 | 7.91 |
| Sales $-1 .---1$ Spec. \& | $\begin{array}{r} 14,000 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | 7,000 500 | 8,000 500 | 10,000 1,000 | 12,000 1,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Futures. } \\ \text { Market } \\ \text { opened } \end{array}\right\}$ | Steady at 3@5 pts. decline. | Quiet at $1 @ 6$ pts. decline. | Steady at 5@ 6 pts. advance. | Steady at 4@5 pts. advance. | Qufet at $1 @ 4 \mathrm{pts}$. advance. | Steady, unchanged. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Market, } \\ \frac{4}{\mathbf{P} . \mathbf{M} .} \end{array}\right\}$ | Quiet at 4@ $51 / 2$ pts. dec. | Quiet at 51/2@9 pts. dec. | Quiet at 21/2@7 pts. adv. | Barely st'y at 1@51/2 pts. adv. | Very st' dy at5@113/2 pts. adv. | Very st'dy unch.to $61 / 2$ pts. adv. |

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of upland, good ordinary clause, unless otherwise stated

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } 29 \\ & \text { Feb. } 4 . \end{aligned}$ | Sat. |  | Mon. | Tues. |  | Wed. |  | Thurs. Fri. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l\|} 123 / 4 \\ \text { p.m. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121 / 2 \\ & \text { p.m. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121 / 4 \\ & \text { p.m. p.m. } \end{aligned}$ | $121 / 4$ | p.m. | $\begin{aligned} & 123 / 4 \\ & \text { p.m. } \end{aligned}$ | p.m. | $\begin{aligned} & 1214^{\circ} 4 \\ & \text { p.m. p.m. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | a. |  |  |  |  | d. | a. |  |  |  |
| Jan.-Feb ${ }^{\text {Jan }}$ |  | 561/2 | $481 / 248$ | 53 | $511 / 2$ | 59 |  | 6468 |  |  |
| Feb.-Mch. |  | 57 | 481/248 | 5 | $511 / 2$ | 59 | $561 / 2$ | $631 / 268$ |  | 2 |
| Mch:-Apr. |  | 58 59 | $\begin{array}{llll}50 & 49 & 1 / 2 \\ 51 & 1 / 2 & 511 / 2\end{array}$ | $5411 / 2$ | 53 54 | $601 / 2$ | 58 | $641 / 269$ $641 / 269$ |  | $1 / 275$ 73 |
| May-June |  | $601 / 2$ | $53521 / 2$ | 57 | $551 / 2$ | 62 \% | 59 | $65^{69}$ |  | $1 / 273$ |
| June-July | ---7 | 59 1/2 | $52511 / 2$ | 56 | 5412 | 6113 | 58 | $631 / 267$ |  | 71/2 |
| July-Aug- |  | 57 | 50 | $531 / 2$ | $521 / 2$ | 59 | $551 / 2$ | 61.65 | 64 | 67 |
| Aug.-Sept |  | $8361 / 2$ | $761 / 20$ | 241/2 | 24 | 30 90 | $25{ }^{1 / 2}$ | 281/234 | 32 |  |
| Oct.-Nov. |  | $631 / 2$ | $571 / 258$ | $641 / 2$ |  | $711 / 2$ | 67 | $8931 / 2731 / 2$ |  |  |
| Nov.-Dec. |  | 55 | 49 49 1/2 | 56 | $561 / 2$ | 63 | 59 | 6164 |  | 65 |
| Dec.-Jan- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5712 | 591462 |  | 63 |
| Jan.-Feb- |  | $531 / 2$ | $471 / 248$ | 54 $51 / 2$ | 55 | 61 $61 / 2$ | $571 / 2$ | 5931/262 |  |  |
| re.-Mch. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $571 / 2$ | 59 1/2 ${ }^{62}$ |  |  |

## BREADSTUFFS.

Friday, Feb. 41910.
Prices for wheat flour have been steady as a rule during the week. Trade has been quiet and there is no disposition to look for increased activity in the near future. In fact, the depression in wheat of late has apparently made consumers more determined than ever to purchase very sparingly Cash premiums on wheat in various parts of the country have shown a tendency to shrink. At the Northwest the demand for flour has slackened of late, and it is said that some of the mills will shut down in the near future unless business increases. Rye flour and corn meal have been quiet and steady.

Wheat has declined. Receipts have continued large. Ar gentina's shipments have increased and European markets have declined. The Northwestern movement during January was $108 \%$ larger than during the same month last year. The possibility of export business in this country in the near future seems dubious. The outlook for our growing winterwheat crop is believed to be favorable. The world's shipments have reached a very large total, something like $1,700,000$ bushels larger than in the previous week. On some days the total receiptsat. spring-wheat and winter-wheat points in this country have been nearly treble those for the corresponding days last year. Less attention is paid to the fact that the Argentina crop is officially es timated at $140,000,000$ bushels against $161,700,000$ last year with an exportable surplus this year of $88,000,000$ bushels, as against $96,000,000$ in 1909 . The difference in the exportable surplus for the two years is not so great as it was at one time expected to be. In most parts of the world, too, the crop outlook is favorable. It may be reit erated that the opinion among experienced people is quite general to the effect that any deficit in the Argentina crop will be nore than made up by the yields in Russia, Australia and India, without counting on a possible increase in this country, where the acreage is certainly larger than it was last season. The stocks of wheat at the Northwest are
steadly increasing. At the same time there is doubtless some tendency to oversell the market. The stocks at Chicago and Minneapolis are comparatively small, though at the Northwest they are increasing, at Chicago they are gradually dwindling. The Chicago stock usually increases at inherently strong, owing to the smallness of supplies at Chicago and the Northwest. The market is thus a two-sided affair, with the speculation on a moderate scale and more of a "scalping" character than anything else. To-day prices fell on heavy receipts, reports of easier cash markets, weakness in Lverpool, larger shipments from Argentina, a decrease in the exports from this country, selling by cash interests and pit traders and long liquidation.
daily closing prices of wheat futures in new york

 DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT FUTURES IN CHICAGO.


Indian corn futures here have been nominal. At the West the market has been active. Prices have shown irregularity as strong interests are arrayed upon opposing sides. Bears have been favored by larger country offerings and heavy receipts. Moreover, the cash demand has been light much of the time, Liverpool has been weak and the crop news from Argentina has been favorable. Elevator interests have sold freely. On the other hand, every decline has uncovered orders to purchase, and prices have rallied. To-day there was a decline on large receipts, dulness and depression in the cash market and general selling
dAily closing prices of no. 2 MIXED CORN IN NEW York. Mash corn-1.-.-.-.
 daily closing prices of corn futures in chicago.
 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { eeptember delivery in elevator...-. } 663 / 8 & 661 / 8 & 663 / 8 & 661 / 4 & 661 / 2 & 661 / 8 \\ \text { Oats for future delivery in the Western market have been }\end{array}$ quiet and the fluctuations in prices have been largely in company with those in corn. On recessions commission houses and some elevator interests have made purchases and there has been scattered covering, though sentiment among the rank and file of the trade is bearish on the large size of the last yield and the belief that sooner or later the receipts must increase materially. The cash demand of late has been small and cash interests have sold futures. To-day prices declined, owing to depression in wheat and corn, weakness on the spot, selling by elevator interests and liquidation.
daily closing prices of oats in new york.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS FUTURES IN CHICAGO.
May dellvery in elevator--

The following are closing quotations: FLOUR.

P EXPORTS OF BROADSTUFFS, PROVISIONS, COTTON AND PETROLEUM.-The exports of these articles during the month of December, and the twelve months, for the past three years have been as follows:

| $\underset{\text { from }}{\text { Exports }} \text {. }$ | 1909. |  | 1908. |  | 1907. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | December. | 12 Months. | December. | 12 Months. | December. | 12 Months. |
|  | 3,718,050 | 46,901,998 | 5,655,284 |  |  |  |
| Wheat --bu | 1,198,558 | 9,639,263 | 1,216,046 | 12,947,975 | $17,190,962$ $1,362,788$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89,807,600 \\ & 15,191,351 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wheat *_.-bu } \\ & \text { Corn_-.-bu } \end{aligned}$ | 9,111,561 | 90,278,681 | 11,129,491 | 150,170 | 23,323,508 | 9 |
|  | 5,758,912 | 34,703,911 | 6,417,563 | 37,053,7 | 4,490,397 | 82,184,165 |
| Total bush. Values. Wheat \& flour | 14,870.473 | 124,982,592 | 17,545,054 | 187,223,762 | 3,905 | 240,442,844 |
|  | 0,038,124 | 686,853 | 1,670,146 | 152,606,938 | 3,784,32 | 149,501,702 |
| Corn \& meal. | 4,046,497 | 25,765,143 | 4,425,632 | 25,966,58 | 2,970,141 | 48,855,544 |
| Rye ---.-al | 135,362 | 1,281,764 | 43.696 116.416 | 2,403,327 | 248,186 | 1,137,291 |
| Barley -.--- | 252,275 | 3,167,426 | 663,612 | 4,592,491 | 104.743 154,298 | 1,582,975 |
| Breadstufts Provisions | 14,472,258 | 129,191,96 | 6,919,5 |  | 7,261,6 | 2,456 014 |
|  | 10,011,464 | 131,390,642 | 15,523,868 | 160,190,9 | 1,453,7 | 74,894,854 |
| Provisions .-Cattle \& hogs | 53,856,863 |  | 72, 25 | 24,204, 252 | 7 | 33,520,621 |
| Petroleum, ${ }^{\text {coc }}$ | 7.887,280 | 99,748,893 | 8,133,613 | 105,281,6 | 7 | $468,972,924$ $85,480,634$ |
| Total value | 8,299,085 | 7,772, |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | , | 126037 | 7 |

The statements of the movement of breadstuffs to market indicated below are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending last Saturday and since August 1 for each of the last three years have been:

| Receipts at | Flour. | Whear. | Corn. | ats. | Barley. | Rye. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | bbls. 19868 zas | 60 los. | Sish. 56 los. | Sh. 32 lbs . | h.48ios. | . |
| Chicago--:- | 209,796 71,575 | 228.000 88.900 | $2,283,000$ 23,200 | 604,000 <br> 184,500 | 612,000 282,100 |  |
| Duluth | 3,400 | 396,330 |  | 247,474 | ${ }_{52,343}$ | 4,107 |
| Minneapo | 研 | 2,773,480 | 286,920 | 退 360.530 | 581,660 | coibio |
| Detrolt- | 4,008 | 28,602 | 52,582 | ${ }_{43,710}^{37,250}$ |  |  |
| Cleveland | 2,056 | ${ }^{2,000}$ | 205,757 | 44.425 | 290 |  |
| Peoria | 94,694 | 409,551 13,000 | 824,800 551,635 | 652,800 296,600 | 94,900 61,200 | 3,000 5,500 |
| C |  | 657,300 | 656,700 | 117,000 |  |  |
| Tot.wk. ${ }^{\text {Prame }}$ |  | 5,6 | ${ }_{3}^{5,217.79}$ | - ${ }_{\text {3 }}^{3,588,289}$ | 1,687,493 |  |
| Same wk. 08 | 334,363 | 3,198,325 | 5,691718 | 3,531,849 | ${ }_{1} 1,165,845$ | 203,758 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 585 | 88,944,181 | 16,488,504 | 1,74 | 6 |
|  |  | 51,963,88 | 07,354,450 | 106,532, | 5,87 | 85,838 |

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Jan. 291910 follow:

| Receipts at- | Flour, | Wheat, bush. | Corn, bush. | Oats, bush. | Barley, | $\underset{\text { hye, }}{\text { Rye, }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 132,849 | 194,400 | 106,875 | 3,300 | ,200 | 300 |
| Boston | 28,402 | 158,350 | 18,008 | 74,460 | 2,495 | 3,914 |
| Portland, | 8,000 | 322.000 |  |  |  |  |
| Philadimo | 44,59 | 250,677 |  | 111,359 | 3,000 |  |
| Richmond | 1 | 22, | 1213,744 | - 45 | 4 |  |
| New Orleans | 23,535 | 2,400 | 328,600 | 84,000 |  |  |
| Newport News |  |  | 77,143 |  |  |  |
| Norfolk | 2,142 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Galvest |  | 27,000 | 28,000 |  |  |  |
| Montrea | 4,711 | 11.189 | 9,000 3,100 | 41,101. | 18.752 |  |
| St. John | 1,000 | 302,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Halifax, |  | 40,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Total week 1910 | 290,131 | 1,386,470 | 843,668 | 688,558 | 5,531 | 21,484 |
| Since Jan. 1 1910.1 | ,397,004 | 4,990,191 | 6,022,479 | 2,868,982 | 281,969 | 103,357 |
| Since Jan. 1-1909-1 | 283,114 | 1,235,537 | 1.207,666 | 724,571 | 74,203 | 11,612 |
| Since Jan. 1 1909.1 | ,133,947 | 5,297,918 | 4,820,770 | 3,121,790 | 483,164 | 34,853 |

* Recelpts do not include
on through bills of lading.

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Jan. 291910 are shown in the annexed statement:

| Exports from- | bus | Corn, bush. | Flobur | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oats, } \\ & \text { oush }, \end{aligned}$ | Rye, bush. | Barley, bush. | ${ }_{\text {Peass, }}^{\text {bush. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 146,264 | 44,125 | 53,5 | 3,908 |  |  | ${ }^{1,317}$ |
| ortan | 273,322 | 96.192 |  | 1,450 |  |  |  |
| Philadelph |  | 1,100 | 28.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore- | 16,000 | ${ }_{469} 176$ | ${ }_{9}^{15,071}$ | 200 |  |  |  |
| Newport |  | 77.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Galvest | 24,000 | 296,000 9,00 | 6.400 |  |  |  |  |
| Nortolk |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2,142}$ |  |  |  |  |
| St. John, N | 302 |  | 1,000 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| eek 1 | $1$ | $57$ | $: 8038$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,558 \\ 21,769 \end{array}$ |  | 1,564 | ${ }_{1}^{11.9}$ |

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 11909 is as below:

Exports for week and



The world's shipments of wheat and corn for the week ending Jan. 291910 and since July 11909 and 1908 are shown in the following:

| Exports | Wheat. |  |  | Corn. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1909-10. |  | 1908-09. | 1909-10. |  | 1908-09. |
|  | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Week } \\ \text { Jan. } 29 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { nuly } 1 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { July } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Jan. } 29 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Suly } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Suly } 1 . \end{aligned}$ |
| North Amer | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. $126.283,700$ | Bushels. <br> 1,512,000 | Bushels. | Bushels. |
| Russian ...- | 2,000,000 | 135,688,000 | 40,952,000 | 306,000 | 11,261,000 | 9,217,500 |
| Danublan ${ }^{\text {--- }}$ | 488,000 | 13,872,000 | 27,160,000 | 451,000 | 14,232,000 | 15,981,500 |
| Argentine -- | 824,000 | 16,416,000 | 39,243,000 | 502,000 | 58,594,000 | 43,289,500 |
| Australlan.- | 2,120,000 | 12,692,000 | 17,080,000 |  |  |  |
| Oth. countr's | 408,000 | 31,512,000 | 8,122,000 |  |  |  |
| Total | 8,108,000 | 306,829,000 | 258,840,700 | 2,771,000 | 99,060,000 | 84,822,900 |

The quantity of wheat and corn afloat for Europe on dates mentioned was as follows:


The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at prinejpal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Jan. 29 1910, was as follows:


## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

## New York, Friday Night, Feb. 41910.

With the exception of a substantial and satisfactory volume of orders booked for fall cottons, primary and secondary markets for cotton goods have ruled generally quiet, so far as forward business is concerned, and trading has been more or less irregular, some lines showing a moderate improvement in demand and others continuing very dull. In the primary market converters and other users of print cloths have been inclined to hold off; apparently they are not oversupplied and have not fully covered prospective requirements, but prefer to wait until the price situation clears before committing themselves to any great extent. This refers particularly to the continued offerings of scattered lots of print cloths by second hands and others at concessions below recent prices. Such offerings seem to have disturbed and unsettled buyers more than the mills, for the latter have as a rule remained firm on contract business, owing to the continued high cost of the staple; recent declines in cotton futures have not benefited them to any extent. As previously stated, very close prices have been named on various lines of cottons and other goods; it is significant that some mills have notified agents that unless buyers respond with satisfactory orders during the next few months these prices will be withdrawn and production curtailed. Most jobbing houses have had a more active trade, especially in made-up merchandise, notions, \&c.; staple piece goods were fairly well patronized, though to a less extent than to ready-to-wear departments. Many out-of-town merchants visited the market and operated quite freely to cover immediate needs, but showed little disposition to anticipate requirements. In cotton yarns the situation is still unsettled and trading light. Demand for dress goods for fall has been well maintained and leading producers report a satisfactory initial business; lines of staple worsteds of the better quality were opened during the week and met with a good response from buyers. In men's wear, orders on staple worsteds and corded woolens for fall have been received by the principal producers in large volume.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.-The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Jan. 29 were 1,926 packages, valued at $\$ 146,753$, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:


The value of these New York exports since Jan. 1 has been $\$ 1,056,261$ in 1910, against $\$ 1,297,741$ in 1909.
Bleached goods have been taken in moderate quantity; prices of unbranded lines eased off slightly in sympathy with the recessions in gray cloths, but certain other lines-displayed a hardening tendency. Napped cottons for fall have continued active, with a large business done, some lines have been sold up and withdrawn, while others are well sold ahead into the summer months. Ginghams have ruled firm and in steady request, especiatly dress ginghams, which are teported rather scarce, some mills being considerably behind on deliveries. An increased inquiry and larger business developed in printed goods for fall. Printed flannelettes were opened at advances of from $21 / 2$ to $7 \%$ over last year's prices, and a good application by buyers at the new levels is reported. Trading in shirtings for spring delivery has been of moderate proportions. In the export division the situation remains unchanged as regards the Far East; a fair amount of orders came forward from miscellaneous ports. The print cloth market has not shown much life; regulars remain unchanged, but standard wide goods are quoted a shade easier at $58 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. to $57 / \mathrm{c}$
WOOLEN GOODS. - Several mills opened lines of worsted dress fabrics of the better class for next fall delivery and have received a substantial volume of initial orders, the demand running chiefly to serges, diagonals, henriettas, batistes and taffetas. The application on corporation goods generally has been extensive; in fact, some lines are said to be fully sold up for the autumn season. In the men's wear market carded woolen goods and staple worsteds for fall have been in active demand, and in some quarters an exceptionally large business is reported booked. Lines of fancy worsteds were opened during the week for fall 1910 by the American Woolen Co.; these fabrics were fairly well taken, but fancy worsteds, so far, have not moved as well as staples, and market conditions are irregular. It is noteworthy that new lines of worsteds shown this week for the next heavy-weight season contain many cloths of lightweight construction which are being offered so as to make prices conform to buyers' ideas.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.-Imported woolens and worsteds have moved in moderate quantity, but buyers have been conservative in operating for distant deliveries, owing to uncertainty over tariff agreements. Linens have continued active and firm. Business in burlaps has been rather dull; light-weights are quoted at 3.40 to 3.45 c . and heavy weights 4.40 to 4.45 c .; these prices could possibly be shaded on car-lot orders.
Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods.
The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan. 291910 and since Jan. 1 1910, and for the corresponding periods of last year were as follows:





## Gtate AND CITY DEPARTMENT



MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN JANUARY
In compiling our usual monthly table of municipal bond sales we find that during the first month of 1910 there were $\mathbf{1 4 , 1 2 7 , 9 7 2}$ of such securities disposed of, not including Canadian bond issues or loans of a temporary nature. These latter amounted to $\$ 21,644,549$ and $\$ 15,451,362$, respectively.

Our figures show that the number of municipalities which offered bonds in January was much smaller than in the months preceding and notwithstanding the fact that several large blocks of bonds were sold, the total is less than that recorded for any month in 1909
The Canadian market also shows a decrease in the supply of new issues. That the total for the month is much larger than usual is due to the fact that it includes the Dominion Government $£ 4,000,000(\$ 19,466,000)$ loan and $\$ 1,584,200$ bonds of the city of Calgary, Alberta. Both of these issues were sold in London.
Among the principal issues made in the United States in January were the following: $\$ 2,500,0004 \mathrm{~s}$ of Chicago (Ill.) Sanitary District, $\$ 700,00041 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ of Seattle, Wash., $\$ 675,0005$ s of East St. Louis, Ill., $\$ 664,50031 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ of Boston, Mass., $\$ 525,00041 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ of Waterloo, Iowa, $\$ 390,0004 \mathrm{~s}$ of Ashtabula, Ohio, $\$ 378,00031 / 2$ s of Springfield, Mass., and $\$ 365,00031 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ of Detroit, Mich

The number of municipalities emitting bonds and the number of separate issues made during January 1910 were 188 and 268 respectively. This contrasts with 232 and 308 for December 1909 and with 252 and 332 for January 1909.

For comparative purposes we add the following table showing the aggregates for January for a series of years:


In the following table we give a list of January loans to the amount of $\$ 14,127,972$ issued by 188 municipalities. In the case of each loan reference is made to the page in the "Chronicle" where an account of the sale is given. JANUARY BOND SALES




Total bond sales for January 1910 (188 municipali-
ties, covering 268 separate issues)
$a$ A verage date of maturity, $a$ Subject to call in and after the earlier
year and mature in the later year. $k$ Not including $\$ 15,451,362$ of temporary loans reported, and which do not belong in the list; also does not include $\$ 21,644,549$ of Canadian loans.
investment. $\boldsymbol{y}$ And other considerations.

BONDS SOLD BY CANADIAN MUNICIPALITIES.


REVISED TOTALS FOR PREVIOUS MONTHS.
The following items, included in our totals for previous months, should be eliminated from the same. We give the page number of the issue of our paper in which the reasons for these eliminations may be found.

## Page. Naldwinsville, N. Ne of Municipality. (Sept. list). <br> 390-_Greenwich, Ohio (6 issuest. December ilist) <br> 

$\qquad$ Amount.

We have also learned of the following additional sales for previous months.


All the above sales (except as indicated) are for December. These additional December issues will make the total sales (not including temporary loans) for that month $\$ 30,865,152$. The revised figures make the sales for the year 1909 aggregate $\$ 337,224,874$.

## News Items.

Chattanooga, Tenn.-Litigation.-This city filed suits in the Common Pleas Court on Jan. 29 against the Western German Bank of Cincinnati and the Fourth National Bank of Cincinnati. On March $311909 \$ 125,00041 / 2 \%$ 30-year sewer bonds were awarded to the former bank for a premium of $\$ 10,256$. See V. 88, p. 895. The bonds were not accepted (V. 88, p. 1078), however, and were re-awarded on May 51909 to the Mercantile Trust Co. of St. Louis (V. 88, p. 1268) for a premium of $\$ 8,16250$. Suit is brought to recover the difference between these two bids. A certified check for $\$ 1,250$ was submitted with the Western German Bank's bid, but the Fourth National Bank, on which it had been drawn, refused payment. Action has been brought, therefore, against the Fourth National Bank for the value of the certified check and against the Western German Bank for the difference between their bid and the price at which the bonds were finally sold, less the face of this check.
Chillicothe, Livingston County, Mo.-Suit to Restrain Issuance of Light Bonds.-According to local papers suit has been filed in the Circuit Court by the People's Gas \& Electric Co. to restrain the issuance of the $\$ 50,000$ electric-light bonds awarded on Jan. 17 to the Wm. R. Compton Bond \& Mortgage Co. of St. Louis. See V. 90, p. 317. It is said that this suit will be heard before Judge A. B. Davis on Feb. 19.
Colorado.-State Tax Levy on Foreign Corporations Declared Constitutional.-The Denver "Republican" of Jan. 28 prints the following regarding the ruling of the Federal Court upholding the constitutionality of the law providing for the taxation by this State of the capital stock of foreign corporations:
The law which gives the State the right to levy a tax of 2 cents on every thousand dollars of the capital stock of all foreign corporations dolng
business within the State was again declared to be constitutional by Judge business within the State was again deccared to be constitutional by Jurge
Lewis in the Federal
Weurt yesterday
The case was that against the Great Western Sugar Co., which refused to pay the tax on the ground that it was anconstitutional.
Santa Fe RR. With these two decisions to support their claime against the officials will probably proceed against all the forelgn corporations which have refused to pay the tax.
Davidson County (P. O. Nashville), Tenn.-Suit to Enjoin Delivery of Bonds to Peabody College.-Petition has been made to the Chancery Court by Dr. Charles Brower for an injunction to restrain the county officials from issuing the $\$ 100,000$ $4 \%$ coupon bonds authorized by the County Court on April 111909 as a gift to the George Peabody College for Teachers. See V. 88, p. 1079. The bonds were ordered issued under authority granted by the Legislature and were not submitted to a vote of the people. The complainant holds that the Legislature in authorizing the County Court to issue these bonds without first submitting the matter to a vote of the people violated Article II of Section 29 of the Constitution, which provides, among other things, that
aid The credit of no county, city or town shall be given or loaned to, or in aid of, any person, company, association or corporation, except an election
be frst held by the qualned voter of such conty town or elty and on
the assent of three-fourths of the voters casting their votes at such election."

The bonds in question are now in the hands of the executive committee of the Board of Trustees of the George Peabody College for Teachers.
Illinois.-State Supreme Court Upholds Constitutionality of Amendment to Tax Law.-The amendments to the tax law fixing the limit of the rate to be levied by taxing bodies at $3 \%$ instead of $5 \%$ of the assessed valuation have been held constitutional by the State Supreme Court. The case came up from the Sangamon Circuit Court, where Judge Creighton decided that the amendments were unconstitutional. As already stated the last Legislature passed bills known as
the Busse Bond Bills, which fixed the assessed value of property at one-third instead of one-fifth of the actual value. The amendments just declared constitutional were passed subsequent to the passage of these bills in order to provide for a proportional decrease in the maximum rate of taxation. See V. 89, p. 1363.
Japan-New Loan.-The Cabinet has decided to issue a $4 \%$ domestic loan of $\$ 50,000,000$, to redeem a like amount of outstanding $5 \%$ bonds. The associated banks of Japan, according to cable dispatches, have agreed to accept this loan, the price to be 95 . This is said to be the first step in the proposed scheme for the conversion into $4 \%$ bonds of the domestic debt of $\$ 710,000,000$.
Memphis, Tenn.-Charter Act Providing for Commission Form of Government Declared Constitutional.-Chapter 298, Acts of 1909, providing for a commission form of government for this city (V.89, p. 1297) was declared constitutional
on Jan. 26 by Chancellor F. H. Heiskell in denying the application made by F. B. Hunter and others for an injunction to enjoin the Mayor and his associates from exercising the functions of members of the Board of Commissioners. Motion has been made for an appeal and it is expected that the case will go to the Supreme Court at the coming April term.

Mississippi.-House Favors Propased Incame Tax Amend ment.-A joint resolution to ratify the proposed amendment to the United States Constitution empowering Congress to levy and collect taxes on incomes from whatever sources derived without apportionment among the several States and without regard to census or enumeration, was unanimously adopted by the House of Representatives on Jan. 29.

Republic of Cuba.-Bonds Listed in London.-Cable advices announce the listing on the London Stock Exchange of the $\$ 5,500,00041 / 2 \%$ gold coupon bonds, the first installment of the $\$ 16,500,000$ loan awarded to the speyers by the Cuban Government in July 1909. The bonds were admitted to the New York Stock ${ }_{2}$ Exchange list on Dec. 22 1909. See V. 189 , p. 1683 .

## Bond Calls and Redemptions.

(n) Oincinnati, Ohio.-Bond Call.-Payment will be made on May 1 at the American Exchange National Bank in New York City or at the Fifth-Third National Bank in Cincinnati of $5 \%$ consolidated sinking fund bonds numbered from 1 to 1,337 inclusive. These bonds were issued in accordance with an Act of the General Assembly passed April 9 1880, in exchange for Cincinnati Southern Ry, bonds. They are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$ each and are dated May 11880 Maturity May 11930 , subject to call after May 11910.

Oincinnati School District, Ohio.-Bond Call.-Interest will cease April 1 on $4 \%$ bonds numbered from 371 to 400 inclusive. They will be redeemed on that day at the American Exchange National Bank in New York City or at the Fifth-Third National Bank in Cincinnati. The securities are'in denomination of $\$ 500$ each and are dated Oct. 11891. They mature Oct. 1 1911, but are subject to call after Oct. 11901.

Denver, Colo.-Bond Call.-The following bonds will be redeemed on Feb. 28:
$\begin{gathered}\text { Storm-Sewer Bonds. }\end{gathered}$ North Denver Storm Sewer Dist. No. 1-Bonds Nos. 89 to 92 inclusive.
44 Inclusive
Santary-Sewer Bonds.
Iighlandis Speclal Sanitary Sewer Dist. No. 7-Bond No. 1-Bond No. 16. West Colfax Ave Special Sanitary Sewer Dist.-Bond No. 56.

North Side Improvement Dist. No. 7-Bond No. 1.
South Broadway Improvement Dist. No. 2-Bonds Nos. 57 and 58
South Sroade Improvement Dist. No. 1 -Bond No 45.
Thirteenth St. Improvement Dist. No. 1-Bond No. 26.
Alley Paving Dist. No. 7-Baving Bonds.
Surfacing Dist. No. 3-Bonds Nos. 48 and 49.
Fourteenth St. Viaduct Dist.-Biadud Nonds. 832.
Montclair Park Dist.—Bonds Nos. Bonds. 330 inclusive.
Upon the request of the holders of any of the above bonds recelved ten days before the expiration of this call, the Treasurer wil arrange for payment at the Mercantile Trust Co., New

## Bond Proposals and Nerotiatlons this weel

 tre bean as follows:Alameda, Cal.-Bond Election.-An election will be held Feb. 19 to vote on propositions to issue the following $41 / 2 \%$ $1-40$-year (serial) coupon bonds, mention of which was made in V. 89, p. 1438: $\$ 50,000$ to build a school at Eighth St and complete additions to the Wilson School-house; $\$ 100,000$ to build an elementary school in place of the Haight School, and $\$ 30,000$ to construct an intercepting sewer. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Interest semi-annually at the City Treasury
Allerton, Wayne County, Iowa.-Bond Offering.-J. E Mace, Treasurer, is offering for sale $\$ 12,500$ refunding chool bonds

Altus, Jackson County, Okla.-Bonds Voted.-It is reported that a proposition to issue $\$ 200,000$ water-works electric-light and sewer bonds carried by a vote of 418 to 7 at an election held Feb. 1.

Anson Independent School District (P.O. Anson), Jones Dounty, Tex.-Bonds Registered.-On Jan. 28 an issue of $\$ 25,0005 \%$ 20-40-year (optional) bonds was registered by the State Comptroller.

Archer County (P. O. Archer City), Tex.-Bonds Regis ered.-On Jan. 28 the State Comptroller registered the $\$ 20,0004 \%$ coupon jail-building bonds that were awarded on Nov. 151909 to the Southern Structural Steel Co. of San Antonio at par. See V. 89, p. 1438.

Austin, Tez.-Bond Election.-Propositions to issue $\$ 75,000$ school, $\$ 150,000$ sewer and $\$ 100,000$ street bonds will be submitted to the voters of this city, it is reported during the month of March

Baker Oity, Ore.-Bond Election Proposed,-This city proposes to call an election to vote on the question of issuing bonds.
Baldwinsville, Onondaga County, N. Y.-Bond Offering.Proposals will be received until 7 p.m. Feb. 7 by M. Johnson Village Clerk, for $\$ 28,0004 \%$ registered refunding water bonds.
Denomination $\$ 1,000$ Date Sept. 1 1000. Tnterest semi-annually at the Baldwinsville State. Bank in New York exchange. Maturity Sept. 1
1928. Bonds are exempt from taxes. On Sept 271809 . 80,000 Water

 or bonds due March 1910 , while the remainder ap $\$ 200000$ wwill take parmenent of those reerused. Bonded debt. Includng the $\$ 28,000$ above, $18 \$ 60,000$
No floating debt. Assessed valuation 1909, $\$ 1,407,750$.
Bay City, Tex.-Bonds Registered.-The $\$ 11,000$ street improvement and the $\$ 2,000$ water-works $5 \% 10-40$-year (optional) bonds voted on Nov. 101909 (V. 90, p. 122) were registered on Jan. 27 by the State Comptroller.
Bell County Common School District No. 89, Tex.-Bond Offering.-This district is offering for sale the \$1,500 5\% bonds registered by the State Comptroller (V. 89, p. 1684) on Dec. 31909.
Denomination $\$ 100$. Date Nov. 10 1809. Interest annually in April
Maturity 20 years, subject to call after 10 years.
Benoit, Bolivar Oounty, Miss.-Bond Offering.-This city is trying to dispose of at private sale the $\$ 10,0006 \%$ 20-year gold coupon water-works bonds, the bid for which was re jected (V. 88, p. 1684) on Dec. 71909.
Big Stone County (P. O. Ortonville), Minn.-Bond Offer-ing.-Proposals will be received until $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. March 1 for $\$ 20,000$ ditch-construction bonds.
Authority, Chapter 230, Laws of 1905, as amended. A. V. Randall is County Auaitor.
Bismarck, No. Dak.-Bond Election.-An election will be held Feb. 10 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 50,0004 \%$ city-hall bonds. Maturity 20 years.
Bladen Oounty (P. O. Elizabethtown), No. Oar.-Bonds Defeated.-An election held Jan. 11 resulted in the defeat of a proposition to issue $\$ 40,000$ railroad-aid bonds
Bloomington, Monroe County, Ind.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 33,800606 \%$ sewer bonds has been awarded to the Terre Haute Savings Bank of Terre Haute for $\$ 33,903$ 07, the price thus being 100.303 .
Denominations, $\$ 500$ and $\$ 38006$. Date July 6 1909. Interest in
Boston, Mass.-Bond Sales.-The following $31 / 2 \%$ bonds, aggregating $\$ 664,500$, dated Jan. 1 1910, were disposed of during January to trust funds:
$\$ 15,000$ Cambridge bridge bonds. Maturity $\$ 3.000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 25,000 Playground (Ward 13) bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,250$ yearly on Jan. 1

 35,000 Jan. L from 1021 to 1925 inclusive. bath (adition for women) bonds. Maturity $\$ 5,000$ 55,000 yearly fire-boat bonds. Maturity $\$ 5,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1911 5,000 Co 1921 inclusiestown playground bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 7,500 from 1911 to 1915 inclusive. Matinder playground bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,500$ yearly on Jan. 12,000 Commbuis Ave. 1915 Inclustusive. bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ yearly on 25,000 Jan. 1 from 1911 to 1922 inclusil ${ }^{2}$.ilce-station bonds. Maturity 25,000 East Boston court house and poitce-station indive. Maturty 20,000 library building (Ward 22) bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ yearly on 50,000 High School of Commerce and School Administration bullding inclusive. (Dalton St. to Boylston St.) bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ 10,000 foot $\begin{aligned} & \text { fearly on Jan. } 1 \text { from } 1911 \text { to } 1920 \text { inclusive. } \\ & 10,000 \text { Yoot bridge (Wimington St. to Hde Park Ave.) bonds. Maturity }\end{aligned}$ 10,000 $\$ 1,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1911 to 1920 inclusive.
Boston subway and tunnel bonds. Maturity $\$ 6,000$ yearly on 240,000 Boston subway and tunnel bonds.
Buffalo, N. Y.-Bond Sales for January.-During the month of January $4 \%$ bonds aggregating $\$ 49,53762$ were disposed of at par to the various sinking funds:
$\$ 10,00000$ police and fire underground wire bonds dated Jan. 11910 and ${ }^{*} 3,07574$ due 81,000 yearly on Jan. 1 fro

* 3,07574 grade-crossing bonds dated Jan.
87500 temporary-loan bonds dated Jan
941 00 temporary-loan bonds dated Jan

25,00000 temporary-loan bonds dated
$x 1,44000$ temporary loan bonds dated Jan. 11910 and due July 11910 and due July 11910.
42800 derary-loan bonds dated Jan. 171910 and due July 11910.
$x$ See V. 90, p. 123. * See V. 89, p. 1684.
Bond Offering. - Proposals will be received until 12 m . Feb. 7 by Wm. G. Justice, City Comptroller, for the $\$ 500,0004 \%$ registered water bonds mentioned in V. 90 , p. 317.

Authority, Chapter 203, Laws or 1906, as amended by Chapters 84 and 724, Lews of 1907, and Chapter 349, Laws of 1909. Date Feb. 15 1910 Bank in New York Clity. Maturlty Feb. 151960 subject to call after 20 years. Bonds are exempt from taxes. Certined check on a bank or trust
company for $2 \%$ of bonds bid for, payable to the Clity Comptrolier, is company
required.

Bridgeport Independent School District (P. O. Bridgeport), Harrison County, W. Va.-Bonds Voted-Bond Offer-ing.-The election held Jan. 31 resulted in favor of the proposition to issue the $\$ 2,0005 \%$ gold coupon schoolproposition building bonds mentioned in V. $90, \mathrm{p} .317$. The vote was

74 "for" to 6 "against." Proposals will be received for these bonds until March 2.
Denomination sin0. Date March 1 1910. Interest annually at the
Bridgeport Bank in Brideport. Maturlty Marcon 1 1930.
idgeport Bank in Bridgeport. Maturity Laroh 1930 .
Buhl, Twin Falls County, Idaho--Bonds Voted.-This village has voted to issue $\$ 25,0006 \%$ 10-20-year (optional) coupon water-works-system bonds. The date of offering has not yet been determined upon.
Denomination s1,000. Date Jan. 1 1910. Interest semi-annually in
in Buhl or New York City. Bonds are exempt from all taxes.
has no debt at present. Assessed valuation for $1009, \$ 250,000$.
Byesville, Guernsey County, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-The \$25.$8005 \%$ coupon street-improvement (assessment) bonds described in V. 90, p. 180, were awarded on Jan. 17 to the Davies-Bertram Co. of Cincinnati for $\$ 26,786$, the price thus being 103.821. Maturity part yearly on Oct. 1 from 1910 to 1919 inclusive.
Caldwell, Noble County, Ohio.-Bonds Voted.-By a vote of 112 to 17 this place, it is stated, authorized the issuance of $\$ 3,000$ bonds at an election held on Jan. 20.

Oamden, Oneida County, N. Y.-Voters Decide against Sale of Municipal Light Plant.-At an election held Jan. 29 the citizens of this village decided against disposing of the municipal light plant to the Camden Light \& Power Co. and entering into a contract with that concern to furnish the village with light.
Carbon Fiil, Walker County, Ala.-Bond Sale.-An issue of light and water bonds has been disposed of, according to the City Clerk.
Casey, Clark County, Ill.-Bonds Not Sold.-No award has yet been made of the $\$ 9,0005 \%$ bonds, proposals for which were asked until Jan. 15
Centralia, Boone Oounty, Mo.-Bonds Voted.-An election held Jan. 25 resulted in favor of the issuance of $\$ 45,000$ waterworks and $\$ 20,000$ sewer bonds. The vote was 370 "for" to 62 "against."
Cherokee County Common School District No. 73, Tex. Bond Sale. The $\$ 2,0005 \% 10-20$-year (optional) bonds registered on Nov. 291909 (V.89, p. 1684) were disposed of on Jan. 1 at par. Denomination $\$ 100$. Date Sept. 11909. Interest annually on April 1.
Chippewa County (P. O. Sault Ste. Marie), Mich.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. March 16 by Herbert L. Parsille, County Clerk, for $\$ 100,00041 / 2 \%$ refunding road bonds.
Date June ${ }^{1}$ in 1010 . Interest semi-annual. Maturity June 1 1925. A
deposit of $2 \%$ is required with bid.
The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Oincinnati, Ohio.-Bonds Authorized.-Ordinances were passed by the City Council on Jan. 24 authorizing the issuance of the following $4 \%$ coupon bonds:
$\$ 200,000$ water-works extension bonds. Denomination $\$ 500$ or multiples

1,000 one bond of $\$ 2200$ Date Feb. 151.1010 Maturity ten years. Mite.

Interest seml-annually at the City Treasurer's office.
Clay County (P. O. West Point), Miss.—Bonds Authorized. -An ordinance was passed on Jan. 7 providing for the issuance of the $\$ 40,000$ road and bridge-building bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1684. The date of offering will not be determined upon, however, until Feb. 8.
Cleveland, Ohio.-Bonds Authorized.-Ordinances have been passed providing for the issuance of the following $4 \%$ coupon refunding bonds:
\$5,000 Sewer District No. 13 bonds due April 11921.
74,000 Sewer District No. 5 bonds due April 11920.
24,000 Sewer District No. 3 bonds due April 11920.
Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date April 11010 . Interest semi-annually at American Exch National Banf in New York City.
Columbia City, Whitley County, Ind.-Bond Sale.-It is reported that $\$ 13,000$ water and light bonds were awarded on Jan. 24 to the First National Bank of Columbia City for $\$ 13,966$, the price thus being 107.430 .

Columbus, Ohio.-Bonds Authorized.-An ordinance was passed by the City Council on Jan. 31 providing for the issuance of $\$ 105,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon street-cleaning assessment bonds.
Denomination $\$ 25,000$, except one bond of $\$ 5,000$. Interest March 1. and Sept. 1 at the City T,
Commerce, Hunt Oounty, Tex.-Bonds Registered.-On Jan. $25 \$ 5,0005 \%$ 10-30-year (optional) school-house bonds were registered by the State Comptroller.
Conshohocken, Montgomery County, Pa.-Bond Election. -An election will be held Feb. 15 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 125,0004 \%$ bonds. Maturity 30 years.
DOorpus Ohristi, Nueces Oounty, Tex.-Bond Offering.Further details are at hand relative to the offering on Feb. 18 of the $\$ 140,0005 \%$ coupon sanitary-sewer bonds mentioned in V.90, p. 318. Proposals will be received until $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on in V. 90, p. 318. Proposals will be
that day by Clark Pease, Mayor.
HAuthority, Section 1, Article 4, Acts of 31st Legislature. Denomination


* Ooshocton School District (P. O. Ooshocton), Ooshocton Oounty, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m . March 1 by Theodore Agnew, Clerk of the Board of Education, for the $\$ 27,0004 \%$ school-building bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1366.
Authority Sections 3991 and 3992, Revlsed Statutes. Denomination

 3\% of bonds bid for. payable to the City Treasurer, is required. Purohaser o pay accrued interest.
Crawford County (P. O. Denison), Iowa.-Bonds Pro-posed.-We are advised "that there has been some talk oe issuing $\$ 25,000$ bonds for the erection of a new county homf for the poor and also of the issuance of drainage bonds." Our informant further states, however, that no definite action has yet been taken in the matter. The question of issuing has yet been taken in the matter. be que question of issuing the people, while nothing further can be done in regard to issuing the drainage bonds until the hearing of the engineer's report on the proposition, which report has not yet been filed.

Oushing, Payne Oounty, Okla.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 2 p. m. Feb. 21 by C. W. Dutton, Town Clerk, for $\$ 25,0006 \%$ coupon water-works bonds.
Authority, Chapter 15, Section 950, Laws of 1909. Maturity 25 years.
 quired. Bonded debt, then, $1909, \$ 437,896$.
Dade County (P. O. Miami), Fla.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 10 a. m. Feb. 17 by Z. T. Merritt, Clerk of Circuit Court, for the $\$ 150,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon road and refunding bonds voted on Jan. 3 (V.90, p. 251).
Authority, Sections 786"to"807, Generalistatutes. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date April i 1910 Interest semi-annuany in Miami. Maturity April $i$
1940 , subject to cailafter Aprlit 1922 , ingany amount. Bonds are ezempt 1940, subject to cainafter Aprilit 1922 , ingany amount. Bonds are exempt
from taxes. Certifed check for $5 \%$ of bld is required.
Davidson County (P. O. Nashville), Tenn.-Bond Election. - An election will be held April 21 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 150,000$ State $_{\perp}$ Fair bonds.
Dawson Independent School District (P. O. Dawson), Clay County, Tex-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 12,0005 \%$ bonds described in V. 89, p. 1685, were sold on Jan. 27 to Spitzer \& Co. of Toledo. Maturity May 81949 , subject to call after May 81929.
Delaware, Delaware Oounty, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 31 the four issues of $5 \%$ coupon street-improvement assessment, bonds aggregating $\$ 18,752$ 04, described in V. 90 p. 318, were awarded to the Delaware National Bank of Delaware at 105.498 and accrued interest. A list of the bidders and the premiums offered by the same follows:
 Tllotson\& WolcottCo.Clev. 86178 Seasongood $\&$ Mayer. Cin
Delaware S. Bk., Delaware
FIrst Nat. Bank
Bleveland
Deposit Bkg. Co, Delaware
Maturity part of each issue vars 50 March that 54685
esenver, Colo.-East Denver Park District.-N Action Yet Taken.-Up to Jan. 28 no action had yet been taken looking towards the issuance of the $\$ 2,000,000$ improvement bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1099 . We are informedithat a protest has been filed by certain property owners in the district to prevent the proposed improvements from being made. *Our informant further states that the matter is now before the City Council, which will determine whether or not the protest is signed by a sufficient number of names to make it effective.
Des Moines, Iowa.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 50,0006 \%$ riverfront property purchase bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 318, were sold on Jan, 25 to the Home Savings Bank of Des Moines at par. 14 Maturity 3 years, subjectíto call at any time. 1910. Interest semi-annual.持Dodge City, Ford County, Kan.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8 p. m. Feb. 10 by Pearl Trebilcock, City Clerk, for $\$ 65,000$ of the $\$ 100,00041 / 2 \%$ waterworks bonds yoted on Aug. 291909.
Authority, Chapter 101, Laws of 1905. Denomination \$1,000. Date Sept. 30 190. Interest Jan. I and July $i$ at the State fiscal agency, the
 to the clity Clierk, is required. Bonded debt at present, \$55,000; no float-

 1682 ) have been dismissed. It was originally proposed to use the prov-
ceeds of the bonds for the ;construction of a munclpal water system. Arrangements have now been made, however, Whereby the clty takes over
 pany secured the dismissal of the suit at plaintif's expense.
Donie Independent School District (P. O. Donie), Free stone County, Tex.-Bonds to Be Offered Shortly.-We are advised that the $\$ 3,0005 \%$ bonds described in V. 89, p. 1685, will "be sold as early as possible."
Edinboro, Erie Oounty, Pa.-Bond Election.-A proposition to issue $\$ 18,000$ water-works bonds will be submitted to a vote of the;people on Feb. 15.
Ellwood City, Lawrence County, Pa.-Bond Election.An election will be held Feb. 15 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 40,000$ subway and sewer bonds.

EI Reno, Oanadian Oounty, Okla.-Bond Sale.-The \$50,000 city-hall, $\$ 20,000$ fire-station and $\$ 10,000$ water-works
$5 \%$ 20-year bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 251, were awarded on Jan. 26 to Wm. A. Mason \& Co. at 102.88.
Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. 27 1910. Interest seml-annual. The
following bids were also recelved. following blds were also recelved:

| O. E. Honnold |
| :--- |
| John Nuveen Co., Chicago $-881,005$ |
| 1 S. A. Kean \& Co., Chicago- $\$ 78,800$ |

Eros School District (P. O. Eros), Jackson Parish, La.Bonds Not Sold-Temporary Loan.-This district recently offered $\$ 10,000$ school-building bonds without success. We are informed, however, that the Board borrowed the money and the contract for the school has been awarded.

Falls City, Richardson County, Neb.-Bond Offering.Proposals will be received until 6 p . m. Feb. 12 by W. H. Schelmzel, City Clerk, for the $\$ 12,5005 \%$ coupon bonds voted (V. 89, p. 1685) on Dec. 14 1909. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to aid the Missouri Pacific RR. Co. in establishing and maintaining a freight division, yards, roundhouse and other improvements at Falls City. Denomination 5500 . Date day of dellvery. Interest annually at the
fiscal agency of the State of Nebraska in New Yore Ityy Matury 20
years, subject to call atter 10 years. Certifed check for $5 \%$ of bonds bid years, subject to
Fargo, Cass County, N. D.-Warrant Offering.-Proposals will be received until 5 p. m. Feb. 7 by N. C. Morgan, City Auditor, for the following coupon special assessment warrants at not exceeding $7 \%$ interest:
 1,000 anter $\mathbf{~ M a t}$
lows: $\$ 3,000$ in 1912 and $\$ 2,000$ in each of the years 1914, 1916
1918 and 1918 and 1920 .
Authority, Sectlons 2784 and 2786, Poilitical Codes of 1905. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date March 11010 Interest on July 1 at some financial
Institution In Chicago. Certified check for $\$ 800$, payable to $W$ W. . Laizure, Clty Treasurer, is required. Official notice states that the city has never defaulted in payment of its bonds, either principal or interest, and that there is no litigation or controversy pending or threatened concerning the
validity oo these warrants, the boundaries of the districts, nor the title of the officials to thelr respective offices. Purchaser to furnish blank warrants. 909.

Florence, Florence County, S. O.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 31 the $\$ 70,0005 \%$ 20-40-year (optional) coupon sewer bonds described in V. 90 , p. 124, were sold to N. W. Harris \& Co. of New York City at 101.689 and accrued interest-a basis of about $4.868 \%$ to the optional date and about $4.904 \%$ to full maturity. Following are the bids:
N. W. Harris \& Co., N. Y. $\$ 771,182{ }^{30}$ People's Bank of Florence $\$ 70,93100$
Thos. J. Bolger Co., Chic.
71,050
00

Florence School District (P. O. Florence), Douglas County Neb.-Bond Election - An election will be held Feb 12 it is reported, to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 8,000$ building bonds.
Floyd County (P. O. New Albany), Ind.-Price Paid for Bonds.-We are advised that the price paid for the $\$ 210,000$ $4 \%$ coupon funding bonds awarded on Jan. 27 to Breed \& Harrison of Cincinnati (V. 90, p. 319) was $\$ 213,05050$ (101.452) and accrued interest. Bids were also received from C. C. Witting, Field, Longstreth \& Co of Cincinnati and Gavin L. Payne \& Co. and the Indiana Trust Co., both of Indianapolis.
Fort Worth, Tarrant County, Tex.-Bonds Voted.-An election held Jan. 25 resulted in favor of a proposition to issue $\$ 100,00041 / 2 \% \quad 20-40$-year (optional) public-school bonds. The" vote was 405 "for" to 150 "against." Date of sale not yet determined.
Frankfort, Herkimer County, N. Y.-Bonds Proposed.This village is considering the advisability of issuing bonds.
Franklin, Williamson County, Tenn.-Bond Offering.Proposals will be received until' 12 m . Feb. 14 by H. P. Fowlkes, Recorder, for $\$ 35,000$ coupon sewer-extension bonds. Bids are requested for $4 \%, 41 / 2 \%$ and $5 \%$ bonds.
 subject to call after ${ }^{20}$
Recorder, is required.

Gadsden, Etowah County, Ala.-Bond Election.-Propositions to issue $\$ 60,000$ water and $\$ 50,000$ school $5 \%$ bonds will be voted upon Feb. 21. Maturity June 11930.
Galesburg, Knox County, Il.-Bonds Proposed.-This city is considering the advisability of issuing $\$ 75,000$ water bonds.

Garfield County (P. O. Enid), Okla.-No Bonds to Be Issued.-We were advised under date of Jan. 25 that there Tssued.- We were adivised under date of Jan. 25 that there was no truth in the report that this c
the issuance of $\$ 500,000$ road bonds.
Glendale, Hamilton County, Ohio.-Bonds Defeated.-An election held Jan. 25 resulted in the defeat of a proposition to issue $\$ 40,000$ sewer bonds.

Grand Valley Irrigation District (P. O. Grand Valley) Garfield County, Colo.-No Action Yet Taken.-Up to Jan. 29 it had not yet been decided what the amount of the proposed bond issue should be. See V. 89, p. 1685.
Greene County (P. O. Catskill), N. Y.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 30,0004 \%$ coupon court-house and jail bonds described in V. 90, p. 252, were disposed of at public auction on Feb. 1 as follows: $\$ 10,000$ due in 1929 at 102.25; $\$ 10,000$ due in 1930 at 102.50 and $\$ 10,000$ due in 1931 at 102.75 .
Greenwich, Huron County, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m. Feb. 24 by D. L. Webb, Village Clerk, for the following $5 \%$ improvement bonds: $\$ 1,400$ East Main St. (village portlon) boonds. Denomination $\$ 146$.




Date Nov. 1 1909. Interest annual. Maturity one-tenth of each issue on bonds bid for, payable to the Village certk, is required. $5 \%$ or amoun pay accrued interest. A llke amount of bonds was disposed of on Deec. 28 it was disoov.
length of time.

Guadalupe County (P. O. Seguin), Tex.-Bond Offering.The $\$ 50,0005 \%$ 10-40-year (optional) road bonds registered by the Comptroller on Jan. 20 (V. 90, p. 319) are being offered by H. M. Wurzbach, County Judge.
Denomination 82,500 . Date April 10 1808. Interest annually in Austin
and New York City
Guernsey, Laramie County, Wyo.-Bids Rejected.-We are advised that all bids for the $\$ 20,000$ water-works bonds offered on Jan. 20 and described in V. 90, p. 180, were rejected. The bonds will be re-advertised.

Hardin County (P. O. Kenton), Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 31 the $\$ 14,5805 \%$ ditch-construction bonds described in $\dot{V} .90$, p. 319 , were sold to the Kenton National Bank of Kenton at 1019 , were sold and accrued interest. A list of the bidders and the premiums offered by the same follows:
Kenton Nat. Bank, Kenton- $\$ 23494 \mid$ Sec.Sav. Bk. \& Tr.Co., Toledo. $\$ 20750$ First Nat B Wolcott Co., Cle. 228 90 Hayden, Miller \& Co., Cleve- 1830
 part yearly from 1911 to 1915 inclusive.

Hastings, Adams County, Neb.-Bond Election.-If the $\$ 50,000$ bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 319 , are authorized at the election to be held March 8 , they will carry $5 \%$ inter est and mature in 20 years, but will be redeemable at the option of the city after 5 years. We are advised that the proceeds of the bonds will be used to pave intersections as paving districts are created, but that at present the number of districts created would not require more than $\$ 12,000$.

Havelock, Lancaster County, Neb.-Bond Election.-An election will be held Feb. 15 to vote upon a proposition to is sue $\$ 76,0005 \%$ coupon water and sewer bonds.
Denomination \$500. Interest payable at the State fiscal agency in New York city. Maturity 20 years, subject to call after 5 years.
Haverhill, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-According to re ports, this city on Feb. 3 borrowed $\$ 450,000$ from F. S Moseley \& Co. of Boston at $3.56 \%$ discount and a premium of $\$ 487$. The loan is due $\$ 150,000$ Oct. $51910, \$ 140,000$ Nov. 51910 and \$160,000 Feb. 41911.
Higgins Independent School District (P. O. Higgins), Lipscomb County, Tex.-Bonds Awarded in Part.-Up to Jan. 28, $\$ 10,000$ of the $\$ 20,0005 \%$ coupon bonds described in V. 89, p. 1686, had been disposed of at par and accrued interest, as follows: $\$ 7,000$ to funds of Lipscomb County and $\$ 3,000$ to E. C. Gray. Maturity Sept. 1 1949, subject to call after Sept. 11919.
Hollywood Union High School District, Los Angeles County, Cal.-Bond Sale.-Reports state that the $\$ 100,000$ $5 \%$ bonds offered on Jan. 26 (V. 90, p. 252) were sold to E. H. Rollins \& Sons of San Francisco at 107.763.

Hopedale, Harrison County, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Further details are at hand relative to the offering of the $\$ 3,600$ $41 / 2 \%$ registered sidewalk bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 319 Proposals will be received until 12 m . Feb. 26 by Chas. M Miller, Village Clerk.
Authorlty, Sections 53 and 95, Municlpal Code. Denomination $\$ 100$ turity, part payabie on Feb. 1 1915, Aug. 1 1917 and Feb. 1 1920. Bonds turity, part payabe on Feb.
are taxe
Assessed valuation $\$ 130,000$.

Huntington, Suffolk County, N. Y.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 18,0005 \%$ coupon 1-9-year (serial) road-building bond offered on Jan. 27 (V. 90, p. 252) were sold to Parkinson \& Burr of New York City at 103.261 -a basis of about $4.269 \%$.

Huntington, Oabell County, W. Va.-Bond Election.-The voters of this place will shortly have submitted to them, ac cording to local papers, the following bond propositions $\$ 225,0006 \%$ paving and sewer bonds; $\$ 75,0005 \%$ 30-year paving and sewer bonds, and $\$ 80,0005 \% 30$-year bonds to procure sites for a city hall, jail, fire station and market.
Huntsville, Madison County, Ala.-Bond Election.-The City Clerk informs us that the amount of city-hall bonds to be voted upon Feb. 28 is $\$ 50,000$, and not $\$ 20,000$ as reported in V. 90 , p. 319 . The securities, if voted, will carry $5 \%$ inin V. 90, p. 319 . The securiti
Imperial, Imperial County, Cal.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 50,0006 \%$ municipal improvement bonds was awarded on Dec. 281909 to the Wm. R. Staats Co. of Los Angeles at 103.10.
Denomination $\$ 500$. Date Jan. 1 1910. Interest semi-annual. Ma-
turity $\$ 1,500$ yearly from 1911 to 1942 inclusive and $\$ 2,000$ in 1943 . Mal
Irwindale School District, Los Angeles Oounty, Oal. Bond Sale.-The $\$ 7,00041 / 2 \% ~ 1-14$-year (serial) gold bonds offered on Jan. 17 (V. 90, p. 125) were sold, according to reports, to the American Savings Bank of Los Angeles for $\$ 7,046$ 50-the price thus being 100.664
Denomination $\$ 500$ Date Jan. 17 1910. Interest annually at the County Treasurer's office.
Janesville, Rock County, Wis.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 2,325476 \%$ coupon Racine St. improvement bonds was sold recently to W. H. H. Macloon at 101.
Denomination \$100. Date Jan. 171910 . Interest on March 1 in Janes-
ville. Maturity part yearly from 1 to 5 years. Jeff Davis County Common School District No. 4, Tex. Bond Offering.-J. P. Weatherby, County Judge, is offering for sale the $\$ 6,0005 \%$ 15-40-year (optional) bonds registered by the Comptroller on Jan. 18. V. 90, p. 319.

Denomination 8100 . Date Jan. 11910 . Interest annually at Austin
and Fort Davis.
No and Fort Davis,
atlon 1909 ,
s62e,

Jefferson City, Cole County, Mo.-Bonds Authorized.Dispatches state that this city recently authorized the issuance of $\$ 40,000$ bonds.
Johnston City, Ill.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-In their circular for January, Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago are offering for sale $\$ 10,00041 / 2 \%$ funding and improvement bonds. Denominatlon \$500. Date June 1 1909. Tnterest annually at the office of Farson, Son \& Co. of New York Clys. Maturity June 1 1919. Total
debt, Inclucing this ssene, $\$ 15,000$. Assessed valuation, $\$ 330,000$. Real
valuation (estimated) valuation (estimated), $\$ 2,000,000$.

Kansas City, Kan.-Bond Election.-An election will be held on March 10, it is stated, to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 500,00041 / 2 \%$ 30-year water-works bonds.

Kennet Square, Chester County, Pa.-Bond Election.An election will be held Feb. 15 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 35,000$ street-improvement bonds.

Lakeland, Polk County, Fla.-Bond Offering.-Additional details are at hand relative to the offering on March 1 of the $\$ 25,000$ public-school, $\$ 18,000$ electric-light and water-plant and $\$ 22,000$ water-main-extension $5 \%$ coupon bonds described in V. 90, p. 320. Proposals for these bonds will be received until 2 p. m. on that day by H. L. Swatts, City Treasurer.
Authority, Chapter 4869, Laws of 1899, and Chapter 5817, Laws of 1907, nation $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. 1 1910. Interest seml-annuall at ine DenomiPark Bank in New York City. Maturity 30 years, subject to call after July 11921 . Certifled check for $\$ 500$ is required with bid for each issue.
Official circular states
there is is no itigation or controversy pending 0 . threatener concernine the valldity of these bonds or the titles of the officials to their respective offices. It further reports that no previous issues have ever been conte
paid promptly

Lamar Irrigation District, Bent and Prowers Counties, Colo.-Bonds Voted.-Denver papers state that an election held Jan. 29 resulted in favor of the issuance of $\$ 4,000,000$ bonds "to finance the proposed Bent and Prowers counties irrigation scheme, which will water 100,000 acres."

Lancaster, Lancaster County, Pa.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 65,0004 \%$ 20-30-year (optional) street, sewer and firedepartment bonds described in V. 90, p. 253, were awarded on Feb. 2 to J. B. Long \& Co. of Lancaster at 102.64 and accrued interest. The following bids were also received:


Laporte Oounty (P. O. Laporte), Ind.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-J. F. Wild \& Co. of Indianapolis are offering to investors $\$ 5,30041 / 2 \%$ 1-10-year (serial) Dewey Township school-house bonds.
Denomination $\$ 530$. Date Jan. 1 1910. Interest semi-annually at the


Las Vegas School District No. 12 (P. O. Las Vegas), Clark County, Nev.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 2 p. m. Feb. 21 by W. R. Thomas, Clerk of the Board of Trustees, for $\$ 30,0006 \%$ school bonds.
Authority, Chapter XIX, Laws of 1908. Denomination \$500. Date Maturity $\$ 1,500$ yearly on April 1 from 1911 to 1930 inclusive. Certifled check for $1 \%$ of bld is required.
sessed valuation 19098600,000 .

Lawrence, Nassau Oounty, N. Y.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 3 p. m. Feb. 7 by Newman J. Pettit, Village Clerk, for the following registered bonds offered but not sold on Dec. 131909 (V. 90, p. 64):
$\$ 46,000$ street-Improvement bonds. Maturity $\$ 2,000$ yearly on Jan. ${ }^{1}$
4,000 drainage bonds. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1915 to
 Denomination 81,000 Date Jan. 11910 Interest (rate not to exceed $5 \%$ semi-annualy at the Knickerbocker Trust Co. In New York City. to Peter B. Oney Jr.; VIllage Treasurer. The legality of the bonds is ap-
proved by Hawkins. Delafeld $\&$ Longfellow or New York City, whose popinion will bee dellivered to the purchaser. Bonds will be ready for deliv $-~$
ery on Feb. 14.
Lawton, Comanche County, Okla.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 125,0005 \%$ water-works bonds was awarded on Jan. 24 to John Nuveen \& Co. of Chicago for $\$ 125,007$-the price thus being 100.005. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. 11910. Interest semi-annual. Maturity Jan. 11930.

Livermore, Alameda County, Cal.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 10,000$ 1-20-year (serial) public-park bonds described in V. 90 , p. 253, were awarded on Jan. 24 to August May, President of the Bank of Alvarado, at 105.963 and accrued interest for 5 s . The following bids were also received: B. Hank of Livermore, Liv're $\$ 10,42500]$ Wm. Re Staats \& Co., Los

Los Angeles-Hollywood, Cal.-Consolidation.-On Jan. 24 the citizens of these two municipalities voted in favor of consolidation. The vote is reported as follows:
Los Angeles- ${ }^{6,229}$ "for" to ${ }^{375}$ "against."
Lowndes County (P. O. Hayneville), Ala.-Warrants Offered by Bankers.-Coupon 6\% warrants, amounting to $\$ 6,500$, are being offered for sale by Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago.
Denomination $\$ 500$. Date July 1 1909. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Interest seml-annually at the } \\ & \text { County } \\ & \text { Treasurer's office. }\end{aligned}$ Maturity on Jan. 1 as follows: $\$ 1,000$ in 1911,
 Including thls issue, $\$ 222,000$.

Madill, Marshall County, Okla.-Bonds Voted and Sold.According to reports, an election held Jan. 31 resulted in
favor of propositions to issue $\$ 20,000$ sewerage-system and $\$ 5,000$ street-improvement bonds. It is further stated that these bonds have already been disposed of.
Madisonvihe, Hamilton County, Ohio.-Bond Salé.-On Jan. 26 the $\$ 3,5004 \%$ 25-year fire-department bonds described in V. 90, p. 253, were sold to General W. B. Shattuc at 102.50 .
Maryland.-Bonds Not Sold.-We are advised that no award was made of the $\$ 1,000,00031 / 2 \%$ coupon road Series " $C$ " bonds offered on Feb. 1 and described in V. 90, p. 125.
Marlin School District (P. O. Marlin), Tex.-Bond Election. -The election to vote on the question of issuing the $\$ 15,000$ 5\% 10-40-year (optional) school-building bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 320, will be held Feb. 23.

Massachusetts.-Bond Offering.-Further details are at hand relative to the offering on Feb. 10 of the $\$ 4,791,000$ $31 / 2 \%$ gold bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 320. Proposals for these bonds will be received until 12 m . on that day by Elmer A. Stevens, State Treasurer and Receiver-General, at Boston. The bonds answer the following description:
$\$ 6,000$
40,000
Armory
Armory bonds due Sept.
Sept.
1
19338
1935.
100,000 Armory bonds due Sept. 1 Sonds due Sept. 1939.
${ }_{2}^{5000,000}$ Grade-crossing abibolitilin bonds due Nov. 11939.
${ }_{5130}, 000 \mathrm{M}$ Metropolitan sewerage bonds due Jan. 11949.


 Suffolk County court-house bonds due siz, oop yearly on Sept. 1
from 1910 to 1919 inclusive and $\$ 16,000$ yearly on Sept. 1 from 1920 to 1939 inclusive.
Bill be will be received for registered bonds, except the water bonds, which Issued pending only. In case of coupon bonds, Interim certificates, will be Certified check tor $2 \%$ of bonds bid for, drawn on a national bank or trust company doing business in Massachusetts or New. York City, and, made Matagorda County Drainage District No. 1 (P. O. Bay City), Tex.-Bond Sale.-The \$114,000 5\% 12-year (average) bonds mentioned in V. 90, p. 320, were sold recently to the Wm. R. Compton Co. of St. Louis.
Denomination 81,000 . Date Oct. 10 1909. Interest seml-annually in
Bay City or in New York City.
Miami County (P. O. Peru), Ind.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 20 the Citizens' National Bank of Peru was awarded $\$ 56,000$ $31 / 2 \%$ court-house-construction bonds at par and accrued interest. These securities are a portion of an issue of $\$ 252$, 000 bonds, the remainder of which had been previously purchased by this bank.
Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. ${ }^{6}$ 1906. Interest annually. Ma-
turity $\$ 14,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1923 to 1926 inclusive. The sale of turity $\$ 14,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1923 to 1926 inc
$\$ 112,000$ of these bonds was reported in V. 88, p. 248 .
Middletown, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 2,94210$ 41/2\% coupon sewer (assessment) bonds described in V. 90, p. 320 were awarded on Jan. 31 to the New First National Bank of Columbus at 101.393 and accrued interest. The bids were as follows:
 Maturity part yeariy from 1911 to 1920 inclusive.
Midway School District (P. O. Midway), Woodford County, Ky.-Bond Sale.-It is reported that an issue of $\$ 20,00041 / 2 \%$ school-building bonds has been sold. Maturity 20 years.
Mille Lacs County (P. O. Princeton), Minn.-Bonds Proposed. -There is talk of issuing $\$ 28,000$ funding bonds. The County Auditor writes us under date of Jan. 29, however that no official action has yet been taken by the Board of County Commissioners in the matter, and that in all probability none will be until after the next session of the Legislature, as the present laws authorizing the issuance of bonds for this purpose are not considered applicable to the present needs of the county.
Minden, Kearney County, Neb.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 7:30 p. m. Feb. 7 by Charles A. Chappell, City Clerk, for $\$ 21,0005 \%$ coupon refunding water bonds.
 semi-annually at the County Treasurer's otrice, Maturity 20 years, sub-
ject to call at any interest-paying period. Certifed check for $1 \%$ of bonds ject to call at any in
bld for is required.
Minneapolis, Minn.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 2 p. m. Feb. 24 by the Committee on Ways and Means at the office of Dan C. Brown, City Comptroller, for the following $4 \%$ bonds:
$\$ 50,000$ grade-school bonds. Date Jan. 1 1910. Maturity Jan. 11940.
50,000 high-school bonds. Date July ${ }_{1} 1910$ Maturity July 1940
Interest seml-aninual, Certiled check for $2 \%$ of bonds bld for, payable
The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.
Mohall, Ward County, N. D.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 10,000$ 20-year registered warrant-refunding bonds offered on Jan. 10 and described in V. 90, p. 126, were awarded to the State of North Dakota at par for 4 s .
Montgomery, Ala.-Bonds Authorized.-Local papers report that this city has authorized the floating of $\$ 100,000$ refunding bonds.
Morton, Delaware County, Pa.-Bond Sale.-The \$3,500 $5 \%$ registered funding bonds offered on Jan. 25 (V. 90 ,
p 254 ) were disposed of to several individual buyers at 101

Denomination $\$ 500$. Date Feb. ${ }^{1}$ 1010. Interest semi-annual. Ma-
urity Feb. 1940 , aubjeot to oall at any interest-paying period after Jurity 1 Feb. 1212.

Moscow, Latah County, Idaho.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 16,000$ $6 \%$ 10-20-year (optional) gold coupon refunding water-works bonds described in V. 90, p. 181, were sold on Jan. 20 to the Union Trust Co. of Spokane at 103.85 and accrued interest. The following bids were also received:

Mit. Pleasant, Henry Oounty, Iowa.-Bonds Proposed.Reports have it that this city intends issuing \$15,000 $4 \%$ tax-exempt bonds for paving purposes.
Nashville, Tenn.-Bond Offering.-Reports state that proposals will be received until March 15 for $\$ 250,000$ trunksewer and $\$ 300,000$ high-school-building $41 / 2 \%$ bonds. Mention of the latter issue was made in V. 89, p. 1555.
In requirest semi-annual. Maturity 30 years. Certified check for $\$ 5,000$
Natchez, Miss.-Bonds Voted.-The election held Jan. 29 resulted in favor of the proposition to issue the $\$ 50,000$ bonds in aid of the Mississippi Western RR. See V.89, p.1370.
Navarro County Common School District No. 6, Tex.Bonds Registered.-The State Comptroller registered \$15,000 $5 \%$ 20-40-year (optional) bonds on Jan. 25.
Newark, N. J.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m. Feb. 10 by J. H. Bacheller, City Comptroller, for the $\$ 1,120,0004 \%$ coupon (with privilege of registration) school-house bonds, mention of which was made in V.90, p.64. Denomination $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 10,000$ at option of the purchaser. Date
Dee. 311209 . Interest will be paid at the office of the Sinking Fund Commissloners, exaept on the registered bonds, which will be mailed to the
 uired. Purchaser to pay acorved interest.
The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.
New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 30,0004 \%$, 10-20-year (optional) coupon improvement "Series 1910 " bonds, bids for which were received on Jan. 10 (V. 90, p. 181), were sold on Jan. 31 to A. C. Hoyt of New Castle at par.
New York Oity.-Bond Sales.-The bonds given herewith were purchased during the month of January by the Sinking fund of this city at par:


The following revenue bonds (temporary securities) were also issued during January:


Total
Niagara Falls, N. Y.-Bond Sale:-The $\$ 60,0004 \%$ gold registered pubic-pan 20 to Chisholm \& Chapman p. 126, York City at par. Maturity Jan. 11930

North Dakota.-Bonds Purchased by State in January.During the month of January the following $4 \%$ bonds, aggregating $\$ 71,800$, were purchased at par with Permanent Educational Funds of the State:

| , | \%unt. | Purpose. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x$ Devil's Lake Sp | 15,000 | Funding-- | Dec. 31 | Nov. 151929 |
| Fischer | 500 | Bullding | Dec. 311909 | Dec. 311924 |
| Ft.RiceS.D. Morton Co- | 500 | Building | Dec. 31 | Dec. 311924 |
| leigh Co--- | 1.500 | Bld. \& Rep | Dec. 311909 | Dec. 311919 |
| Minot Sp.S.D.,Ward Oo. |  | Funding | Dec. 311909 | Dec. 311929 |
| P | 800 | Building | Dec. 311909 | Dec. 311919 |
| Plano S. D., Barnes Co. | 1,000 | Refunding | Dec. 311909 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Dec. } 311914 \\ \text { Dec. } 311919\end{array}\right.$ |
|  |  |  |  | \$500 each |
| Ryder (Vil.), Ward Co. | 2,500 | Town-Hall | Dec. 311909 | Dec. 311929 |
| Ryder (Vil.), Ward Co- | 1,500 | Fire Appar | Dec. 311809 | Dec. 311924 |
| Stewart S. D.,Kidder Co | 1,000 | Bldg. \& Furn. | Nov. 151909 | Nov. 151919 |
| er ST. D.,KidderCo. | 500 | Bullding | Nov. 151909 | Nov. 151919 |

$x$ See V. 89, p. 1024.
Northfield School District (P.O. Northfield), Rice County, Minn.-Bond Election.-An election will be held Feb. 15 to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 100,0004 \%$ bonds.
Oak Creek Drainage District (P. O. Lincoln), Neb.Bond Sale.-On Jan. $29 \$ 13,014406 \%$ funding and construction bonds were disposed of to W. E. Barkley Jr. of Lincoln at par.
Denomination $\$ 650$ 72. Date Feb. 1 1910. Interest annually on July 1.
Maturity $\$ 650$ (2) vearly on July 1 from 1911 to 1930 inclusive.
Oak Park School District No 97 (P 1930 inclusive.
Oak Park School District No. 97 (P. O. Oak Park), Cook Oounty, Ill.-Bids.-In addition to the successful bid of 102.62 submitted by A. B. Leach \& Co. of Chicago for the $\$ 60,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon school bonds sold (V. 90, p. 321) on Jan. 27, the following were also received:
N. W. Halsey \&Co. Chic- $\$ 61,386$ O0 Well, Roth \& Co. Cin




Okiahoma City, Okla.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-The following $6 \%$ coupon paving-assessment bonds are being offered to investor's by Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago:
$\$ 23,52681$ Reno Avenue bonds. Denominations $\$ 500$ and 8114 . 99 . Date

18,954 09 July 13 1809. Maturlty $\$ 2,10601$ yearly on 8 Sept. 15 Ifrom 15,054 55 Third Ttreet bonds. Denominations $\$ 500$ and $\$ 15065$. Date
Interest Sept. 15 at the City Treasurer's office.
Bond Sale.-The $\$ 150,000$ water-works, $\$ 50,000$ incinerator and $\$ 10,000$ public-building-site $5 \% 25$-year bonds offered on Jan. 31 (V. 90, p. 321) were sold on Feb. 1 to the Provident Savings Bank \& Trust Co. of Cincinnati at $104.125-\mathrm{a}$ basis of about $4.718 \%$. Denomination $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. 1 1910. Interest semi-annual.
Otsego (P. O. Oooperstown), Otsego County, N. Y.Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 1 p. m. Feb. 21 by Harvey K. Murdock, Railroad Commissioner, for the $\$ 14,0004 \%$ coupon refunding bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1688.

Laws. Derity Section 8, General Municipal Law, Chapter 24 of Consolidated anws.lly at the First N1,000. Date March 1s 1910. Interest semi-
 bonds, payable to the Railroad Com missloners, is
must be prepared to pay for bonds on March 11910 .
Palisade Irrigation District (P. O. Olifton), Mesa County, Dolo.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 24 the $\$ 88,000$ coupon dambuilding bonds described in V. 90, p. 254, were sold to John J. Lumsden at 96 and accrued interest. Maturity part yearly from 11 to 20 years inclusive.

Pasadena, Cal.-Water Bonds Defeated.-The election held Jan. 26 on the question of issuing $\$ 1,200,00041 / 2 \%$ bonds for the purchase and extension of the plants of the Lake Vineyard Land \& Water Co. and the Pasadena Land \& Water Co. (V. 90, p. 254) resulted in the defeat of that proposition.
Pasco County (P. O. Dade Oity), Fla.-Warrants Offered by Bankers.-In their January circular, Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago are offering for sale $\$ 12,5006 \%$ coupon courthouse warrants. These securities are part of an issue of $\$ 30,000$ warrants.
Denomination $\$ 500$. Date July 11909 . Interest semi-annually at the

Paterson, N. J.-Bonds Proposed.-Reports state that at a meeting of the Board of Finance held Feb. 2 the City Counsel was authorized to prepare an ordinance providing for the issuance of $\$ 325,00030$-year refunding bonds, to be dated May 11910

Pecos School District NTo. 1 (P. O. Pecos), Reeves County, Tex.-Description of Bonds.-The $\$ 20,000$ school-building bonds voted on Nov. 101909 (V. 89, p. 1688) carry $5 \%$ interest and mature in 30 years. We are informed under date of Jan. 29 that the Board of Education is preparing the data relative to the issuance of these bonds, to submit to the Attorney-General for his approval.

Pike County (P. O. Petersburg), Ind.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-An issue of $\$ 4,00041 / 2 \%$ Patoka Township school-house bonds is being offered to investors by J. F. Wild \& Co. of Indianapolis.
Denomination $\$ 400$. Date Dec. 13 1909. Interest semi-annually at
the J. F. Wld \& Co. State Bank in Indianapolls. Maturity $\$ 800$ yearly on Dec. 13 from 1910 to 1914 inclusive. Bonds are tax-exempt. Total
bonded bonded debt, this Issue.
(estimated), $\$ 1,800,000$.
Placerville School District (P. O. Placerville), Eldorado County, Cal.-Bonds Defeated.-The election held Dec. 22 1909 resulted in the defeat of the proposition to issue the $\$ 20,000$ bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1441.

Pocahontas, Tazewell County, Va.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-Of the $\$ 60,0006 \%$ street, sewer, school and refunding coupon bonds, proposals for which were asked until Nov. 301908 (V. 87, p. 1375), $\$ 55,000$ are being offered to investors by Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago.
 $(\$ 60,000)$ this issue.
mated) $\$ 1,881,474$.

Portsmouth School District (P. O. Portsmouth), Scioto County, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m . March 1 by Wm. C. Hazlebeck, Clerk of the Board of Education, for $\$ 150,0004 \%$ coupon high-school-building bonds.
Authority Sections 3991 and 3992, Revised Statutes. Denomination Bank of Portsmouth. Maturity $\$ \$, 000$ yeariy beginning March 1.1009 . Certined checir for so of bonds bid for, payable to the Cierk, is required. Purchaser to pay accrued interest. Bonds to be delivered as
$\$ 50,000$ at once, $\$ 50,00$ Sept. 11910 and $\$ 50,000$ March 11111.
Racine, Wis.-Bond Sale.-On Feb. 1 the $\$ 35,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon refunding bonds described in V. 90, p. 321, were awarded to the Trowbridge \& Niver Co. of Chicago at 102.277. The bids were as follows:

Trowbrldge\&NIverCo.,Ch. $\mathbf{5 3 5} 5,79700 \mid$ E.H.Rollins \& Sons, Chico. $\$ 35,38000$ Harris Tr. \& S. Bk., Chic. 35,79500 Farson, Son $\dot{\text { \& }}$ Co., Chic.- 35,088 50

and $\$ 1,000$ yearly from 1926 to ${ }^{1930}$ inclusive.
Ralston, Okla.-Bonds Not Sold-Bond Offering.-No
Ralston,
award was made on Jan. 17 of the $\$ 25,000$ 6\% 10-25-year
(optional) water and light bonds described in $V .89$, p. 1688. Proposals are again asked for these bonds and will be received this time until Feb. 7
Redford Township (P. O. Redford), Wayne Oounty, Mich. -Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 2:30 p. m. te-day (Feb. 5) by the Township Board at the office of Allen L. Lamphere for $\$ 50,0004.1 / 2 \%$ bonds. Authority, election held Jan. 101910 . Denomination $\$ 500$ Interest
seml-annual Mat Marity $\$ 2,000$ yearly on March 1 from 191 to 1920 inclusive and $\$ 3,000$ yearly on March 1 from 1921 to 1930 inclusive. Certifled check for $\$ 500$, paayble to the To
townshlp will furnlsh blanks for bonds.
Richland County (P: O. Wahpeton), No. Dak.-No Bond Election.-The reports that an election will be held March 22 to vote on the issuance of $\$ 50,000$ court-house bonds are erroneous.

Richmond School District (P. O. Bichmond), Wayne County, Ind.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. $20 \$ 75,0004 \%$ schoolhouse bonds were awarded to the Dickinson Trust Co. of Richmond. These securities are the remaining portion of an issue of $\$ 175,000$ bonds, $\$ 100,000$ of which were awarded to this company (V. 89, p. 366) on July 30 1909. The price paid for the issue was 101.258.
Denomination 8500 . Date Aug. 21909 Interest semi-annual. Ma-
turity part yearly on Aug. 1 from 1915 to ${ }^{\text {I918 }}$ inclusive.
Bising Sun, Woods County, Ohio.-Bids.-Among the bids received on Jan. 24 for the $\$ 3,0006 \%$ coupon electriclight bonds awarded to Wilhelm Myers of Rising Sun at 107.274 and accrued interest (V. 90, p. 321) were the following:



Roanoke, Roanoke County, Va.-Bond Election.-An election will be held March 24 to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 800,00041 / 2 \%$ bonds. Maturity May 1 1940. The pro$\$ 800,000 ~ 41 / 2 \%$ bonds. Maturity May 1 1940. The proceeds of the bonds will be devoted to the erection of school
buildings, improvement of schools, streets, sewers and the buildings, impro
Bochester, N. Y.-Note Offering.-Proposals were asked or until 2 p. m. yesterday (Feb. 4) by Chas. F. Pond, City

Comptroller, for $\$ 300,000$ local-improvement notes. Maturity Aug. 4 1910. The result of this offering was not known to us at the hour of going to press

Note Sale.-On Jan. 28 the $\$ 549,000$ 6-months water-works notes described in V. 90, p. 255, were awarded to Bond \& Goodwin of New York City at 100.014 for 4.125 s . The bids were as follows:
Bond \& Goodwin, New York City-4 $3 \%$ interest and $\$ 77$ premium.
W. N. Coler \& Co., New York-41\% interest and s3 premi um.
R. N. Kalbflelsch, Rochester $-4 / 2 \%$ interest.

Moroe County Saviggs Bank, Rochestert. $4.40 \%$ int. for $\$ 100,000$ notes.
Proposals will also be received until 2 p. m. Feb. 9 by Chas. F. Pond, City Comptroller, for $\$ 280,000$ notes issued in anticipation of taxes.
Denomination and interest rate to be named in bid. Maturity four
months from Feb. 11 1 1910
Rutherford School
County coupty, N. J.-Bond Sale.-On Jan. 17 the $\$ 86,30041 / 2 \%$ weren school-building bonds described in V. 90, p. 181, Mat awarded to the Bergen County Bank at 102.356 Maturity Feb. 11950.

Saginaw, Mich.-No Water Bond Election at Present.Referring to the reports that an election would be held some time in February to vote on $\$ 500,000$ water-works bonds, the Comptroller writes us on Jan. 28 that "we are not quite sure that we will have an election on our water-works proposition."
St. Bernard (P. O. Cincinnati), Ohio.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 9,2105 \%$ coupon Murray Road improvement bonds described in V. 90, p. 255, were awarded on Jan. 29 to Seasongood \& Mayer of Cincinnati at 104.169 and accrued interest. The bids were as follows:
Seasongood \& Mayer, Cinc- $\$ 9,58400 \mid$ First Nat. Bank, Cleveland 89,56700 Trust Co, CInclnatI \&
Citizens' Bank, St. Bernard
9,578
9,583
40 Maturlty $\$ 921$ yearly on Nov. 26 from 1910 to 1919 inclusive.
St. Oroix Falls, Polk County, Wis.-No Action Yet Taken. -We are advised that no action has yet been taken looking towards the issuance of the bridge-construction bonds voted on Dec. 14 1909. See V. 89 p. 1688.

## NEW LOANS

## CITY OF NEWARK, N. J. \$1,120,000 School Bonds

Sealed proposals will be received by the Comptroller of the City of Newark, New Jersey, until 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, the 10th day of February, nineteen hundred and ten, at his office in the City. Hall, City of Newark, New Jersey, for the purchase of any or all of an issue of bonds as follows:

## $\$ 1,120,000$ OF SCHOOL BONDS <br> Dated December 31, 1909.

They will be fifty-year bonds and bear interest at the rate of four per cent per annum and will contain a clause giving the City of Newark the option to pay the same at any time after forty years from their date. They will be issued as coupon bonds with the right of registration as to principal or principal and interest. No bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest.

Circulars giving conditions governing bids and particulars respecting the financial condition of the City will be mailed upon request
J. H. BAOHELLIGR, Comptroller, City Hall, Newark, N. J.

## HORREST \& CO. BANTKERS <br> Municipal and Seasoned <br> Corporation Bends <br> FREB OR tax <br> ali chestnut st.. Philadelphia, pa <br> MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD BONDS <br> SEASONGOOD \& MAYER, Ilercantile Ibbrary Eutiong Ontorimati <br> McCOY \& COMPANY <br> Municipal and <br> Corporation Bonds <br> I8I La Salle Street, - Chicago

## F. WM. KRAFT <br> LAWYER <br> Specializing in Examination of

Municipal and Corporation Bonds
1312 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDO. OHIOAGO, IIX.
P. J. GOODHART \& CO., Bankers

## Sy BROADWAY

 Tolophone 2240 Reoto 396 Walmat Bt., Cheismat! Bank and Trust Co. StecksCharles M. Smith \& Co. CORPORATION AND MUNICIPAL BONDS
FLest mationar maye Bushotion

## NEW LOANS.

## \$100,000

CITY OF AMSTERDAM, N.Y. water bogns
OFFICE OF THE WATER COMMISSIONERS. AMSTERDAM, N. Y B January 24 th, 1910 .
Sealed proposais will be recelved at this oftice
until Tuesday, February 8th, 1910, at eight o'clock p. m ., for the purchase of registered water
bonds bonds of the City of Amsterdam, N. Y., to the amount of $\$ 100,00000$, to be issued pursuant to atory thereof, and pursuant to section 8 , of Article ${ }^{2}$ of Chapter 29, of the Laws of 1909, entitied An Act relating to municipal corporalaws, and pursuant to appropriate resolutionio the Water Commissioners of Amsterdam, N. Y. The entire issue will be payable twenty years from date and will bear interest at 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, be made payable at the Farmers National Bank of Amsterram,
N. Y., or, at the option of the purchaser, at any N. Y,, or, at the option of the purchaser, at eny unless the purchaser or denominations of $\$ 1,000$ and will be issued and dated as soon as they can be prepared after they have been awarded
No bid at less than par and accrued interest will be considered. Bidders may bld upon the whole issue or upon any portion thereof in amounts of not less than E1, Each bid must be accompanied by a certifled: check for 2 per cent of the face value of the amount of the bonds bid for, payable to John J. Turner, Bids or proposals should be addressed to "TheWater Commissioners of Amsterdam" at Amster-
dam, N. Y., and marized 'proposals for Water dam, N. Y., and marked "proposals for Water is reserved arbitrarily to refect any and all bids is reserved.
for the proceeds of this issue of bonds is to be used for the purpose of paying and retiring a like Commissioners of Amsterdam, falling due March 1.
1910 .
This issue of bonds will be secured not only by the credit and property of the Clity of Amsterdam. N. Y., but also by a sinking fund to be oreatid on the lssuing thereof for their redemption by and interest thereon at their maturity.

WILLIAM MCCLEAR
GEORGE WHEST,
Finance Committee of the Water Commissioners

## HgTABLIMTID 1 ºs

H. C. Speer \& Sons Co.

First Nat. Bank Bliden Chicmso
CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL BONDS

Seattle, Wash.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 500,000$ general park and $\$ 200,000$ municipal-light-extension 20 -year coupon bonds described in V. 90, p. 128 , were sold on Jan. 29 to E. H. Rollins \& Sons and A. B. Leach \& Co., both of Chicago, at 102.35 for $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}-\mathrm{a}$ basis of about $4.323 \%$.

The following bids were received for $41 / 2 \%$ bonds:


Committee Appointed to Revise City Charter.-The Mayor on Jan. 29 announced his selections for the Charter Revision Commission. The seven men appointed are required to report their findings to Council before the next regular municipal election in 1912, in order that the revision they recommend can go on the ballot at that election

Seattle School District No. 1, King County, Wash.-Bond Sale.-On Feb. 1 the $\$ 500,000$ 1-20-year (serial) coupon bonds described in V. 90, p. 255, were awarded to N. W. Halsey \& Co. of Chicago at 101.07 for $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}-\mathrm{a}$ basis of about $4.372 \%$. Other bidders were:

Sevier County (P. O. Sevierville), Tenn.-Bonds Voted.This county has voted to issue bonds to pay for stock subscribed in the Knoxville Sevierville \& Eastern Railway Co. The bonds will not be issued, however, until the road is completed to Sevierville

Springfield, Lane County, Ore.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8 p. m. Feb. 28 by the Common Council for $\$ 10,000$ coupon bonds at not exceeding $6 \%$ interest.
Authority, Section 121, 122 and 123, Town Charter, and Page 272, Session Laws of 1893.
Interest semi-annuai.
Maturity 10 years. Jo
J. N. Rhoads is Recorder.

Spring Lake Drainage and Levee District, Tazewell Oounty, Ill.-Bonds Offered by Bankers.-Farson, Son \& Co. of Chicago are offering to investors $\$ 59,0006 \%$ bonds. Denomination $\delta 500$. Date April 1 1909. Interest Jan. and July at the
office of Farson, Son $\&$ Co. in New York City. Maturity on July 1 as follows: $\$ 6,000$ in each of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918, $\$ 3.000$ in 1919 $\$ 6,000$ yearly from 1922 to 1927 inclusive and $\$ 2,000$, in 1928 . Total
debt, $\$ 200,000$. Real valuation (estimated), $\$ 1,600,000$.

Stanton School District (P. O. Stanton), Stanton Oounty Neb.-Bonds Defeated.-An election held here on Jan. 29 it is reported, resulted in the defeat of a proposition to issue $\$ 25,000$ new school-building bonds. The vote was 125 "for" to 152 "against."
Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio.-Bond Offering.Proposals will be received until 12 m . March 1 by Hugh $\mathbf{W}$ Patterson, City Auditor, for $\$ 12,50041 / 2 \%$ coupon La Belle View Boulevard improvement bonds.
Authority, Section 2855, Municlpal Code. Denomination s500. Date
Sept. 1909 . Interest seml-annually at the Doffice of the sinking Fund
 March 1 in11. Certifled check for $3 \%$ of amount of bonds bid for, payable to the city Treasurer, is rqueurred. Purchaner to pay accroed, pheterest.
These bonds were offered but not sold on Jan. 12. See V. 90 , p. 256 .
Troy, N. Y.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 11 a. m. Feb. 9 by Hiram W. Gordinier, City Comptroller, for $\$ 158,00041 / 2 \%$ registered public-improvement bonds.
Date Feb ${ }^{1}{ }^{1910}$ Interest semi-annual. Maturity one-twentieth yearly from Feb. 11911 to Feb. ${ }^{1} 1930$ inclusive. Certiled ched cher for $1 \%$
of bonds bid for, payable to the Clity of Troy, is required. Purchaser to pay accrued Interest. Bids must be made upon blanks furnished by the

Tuolumne County (P. O. Sonora), Cal.-Bond Offering.Proposals will be received until $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Feb. 7 , it is stated by W. J. Richards, County Treasurer, for $\$ 50,0006 \%$ Columbia Road bonds.
Denomination $\$ 500$. Interest annually on July 15. Maturity par
Union Township School District (P. O. Lyndhurst), Ber gen County, N. J.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 37,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon school-building bonds described in V. 90 , p. 323, were awarded on Jan. 31 to the Rutherford National Bank of Rutherford at 101.002 -a basis of about $4.432 \%$. No other bids were received. Maturity $\$ 1,000$ yearly on Jan. 1 from 1916 to 1952 inclusive.
Utica, Winona County, Minn.-Bonds Proposed.-This village proposes to issue bonds for the construction of a water-works system.

Washington, Warren County, N. J.-Bonds Not to be Offered at Present.-We are advised that the $\$ 60,000$ sewer-

## NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 245.000$

The Mayor and Council of WILMINGTON, DELAWARE FOUR PER CENT GOLD BONDS
Sealed bids will be receited by the Finance Committee of the Council of The Mayor and Councl of Wlimington, Delaware, until 12
o.clock, noon, on FEBRUARY 9,1910 , for the
purchase of $\$ 245,000$ Gold Bonds of purchase of $\$ 245,000$ Gold Bonds, of The Mar Maye
and Council of Wilmington, known as "Wllming and Council of Wilmington, known as "Wilming-
ton Water Works Bonds, belng part of an
authorized issue of $\$ 800,000$ and issued for the authorized issue of $\$ 800,000$ and issued for the and completing the Water Works System of the City of Wilmington, which sald issue was authorIzed by an Act of the General Assembly of the
State of Delaware, approved March 29, A. D.
1907, belng Chapter 179 Vol The principal and interest of of sald bare Laws. Waid bonds Delaware of the denomination of each, and will bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum from February 9,1110 , and November in each year; and mature, without option of prior redemption, as follows:
$\$ 70,000$, ay $1,1924$.
$\$ 70,000$, ay $1,1925$.
and be endorsed: "Bids mused in sealed envelopes Wilmington Water Works Bonds' and delivered to the undersigned in the office of the Clerk of the Oouncll, Wilmington, Delaware, on or before
12 o'clock, noon. Fehruary 9,1910 . Elds. Each bid must be on form furnished by the clty and must be accompanied by certified check of the amount of the par value of the bonds bld the purchase price if the bidder is successial ond the same to be forfeited if the bidder falls to The successif for bonds awarded.
February 21, 1910 . at 12 o'clock, noor the bonds Oity Treasurer's office, Wilmington, Delaware at which time said bonds will be ready for deJAMES KANE
SAMUEL H. BENSOLLEN,
Finance Committee of the Councll of The
John H. Watkins MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD BONDS
ジo. 2 WAIN sTREET, NEW YORE

## NEW LOANS. <br> \$160.000 <br> City of Beaumont, Texas

 $5 \%$ BONDSSealed blds will be recelved by the City Councll of the Clty of Beaumont, Texas from JANUARY
$15 \mathrm{TH}, 1910$, to MARCH for the purchase of all, or any part of $\$ 160,0$

$$
\$ 100,000 \text { Scho }
$$

$\$ 100,000$ School House Building and
Repair Bonds
50,000 Sewerage Bonds
10,000 Street Im provement and
Repair Bonds
All of sald bonds belng of the denomination of December 1st, 1949, subject to the right of the Cly to redeem all or any part of sald bonds at any tlme after twenty years from the date thereof, at par and accrued interest, and bearing Interesi-
at the rate of $5 \%$ per annum payable semlannually on the 18 st day of June and $18 t$ day of December of each year. The principal and Statest of America, at the office of the City TreasNrer, Beaumont, Texas, or at the Hanover National Bank, New York City, N. Y., at the
option of the holder. optlon of the holder.
Each bld must be m
by the clty, and must be accompanled by a dul certifed check on one of the banks of the City o Beaumonds bld for. The bld should be in sealed envelope marked "Bids for City Bonds," and addressed to J. G. Sutton, Clty Secretary, Beaumont, Texas.
The blds to
on or before be considered must be filed by him The right is reserved by the cist 10 a . m. 1910 . J. G . SUTTON, City of Beaumont. Tex.

Seaxing \& $\mathbb{C}$
7 WALL STREET, - . NEW YOBK.
BANKERS
Investment Securitles

WE OWN AND OFFER
MUNICIPAL BONDS
Fax Exompt Anywhere in the United States Write fer Particulars
ULEN, SUTHERLIN \& CO. S 17 First Mat. Bank Bidg, CHICAGO. ILL.

## NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 250000$

CITY OF HOBOKEN, N. J. SOHOOL BONDS

Public notice is hereby given, in accordance Hoboken, passed on the 12 th day of January 1910, and duly approved on the 13th day purchase of bonds of the City of Hoboken, to be known as "School Bonds," in the amount
of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollar from the date of issue, registered or coupon, at the option of the bldder, will be recelved at th regular meeting of the Councll to be held on
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock.
Bidders to state prices on bonds bearing annum, payable semi-annuall and Councll of the city of Hoboren to the Mayor shall be accompanied by Hoboken, N. J., and five the Msand dollars ( $\$ 5,000$ ). The Mayor and Council of the Clty of Hobo
ken reserve the right to reject any or all blds if deemed in the interest of the City so to do

City Cilerk

## CANADIAN MUNICIPAL BONDS

## W. A. MACKENZIE \& CO., toronto, canada

## sin $8 . c$ cecr

LEONARD H. HOLE

## W. N. COLER \& CO.

 BANKERS43 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK,
INVESTMENTS.

## BLODGET \& CO.

## BANKERS

60 STATE ATREET, BOSTON
30 PINE STREET, NEW YORK
STATE, CITY \& RAILROAD BONDS
system and dispossal-plant bonds voted on Dec. 71909 ( $V .89, \mathrm{p}, 1616$ ) will not be offered for sale before July 1.

Water Valley, Yalobusha County, Miss.-Bonds Voted.An election held Jan. 25 resulted in favor of a proposition to issue $\$ 10,0005 \%$ railroad-aid bonds. Maturity 20 years. The vote was 421 "for" to 6 "against."

Wausau, Marathon Oounty, Wis.-Bonds Not Sold.-Up to Jan. 27 no award had yet been made of the $\$ 45,000$ school and the $\$ 15,000$ sewer-construction $4 \%$ coupon bonds mentioned in V. 89, p. 1689.

Waverley School District No. 12 (P. O. Columbia), Richland County, So. Car.-Bonds Voted.-An election held Jan. 25 resulted in favor of a proposition to issue $\$ 20,0005 \%$ school-building bonds. Interest semi-annual. Maturity 20 years.

Wellesley, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-A loan of $\$ 30,000$ has been negotiated with the Wellesley National Bank of Wellesley, it is stated, at $3.65 \%$ discount. Maturity Nov. 11910.

Westchester County (P. O. White Plains), N. Y.-Bond Sale.-The following award was made on Feb. 2 of the two issues of $41 / 2 \%$ registered bonds described in V. 90, p. 324 : $\$ 36,52213$ temporary-loan bonds awarded to W . N. Coler \& Co. of New
 Wilmington, Del.-Corrected Maturity.-The Clerk of the Council informs us that the $\$ 245,0004 \%$ gold water-works bonds to be offered at 12 m . Feb. 9 mature on May 1 instead of Nov. 1, as we were at first advised. The correct maturity follows: $\$ 45,000$ on May 1 1923, \$60,000 on May 11924 and $\$ 70,000$ on May 1 in each of the years 1925 and 1926. For other details of bonds and terms of offering see V.90,p. 324 .

The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Wilmington School District (P. O. Wilmington), Clinton County, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 40 ; 0004 \%$ coupon school building bonds described in V. 90, p. 324, were sold on Feb. 1 to Weil, Roth \& Co. of Cincinnati, it is stated, for $\$ 40,84110$
-the price thus being 102.102. Maturity $\$ 500$ each six months from March 11911 to Sept. 11950 inclusive

Woburn, Middlesex Oounty, Mass.-Temporary Loan.A loan of $\$ 20,000$ has been awarded to Loring, Tolman \& Tupper of Boston at a discount of $3.52 \%$. Maturity of notes
Oct. 1510 . Oct. 151910.
Woodstock, McFenry County, III.-Bonds Refused.-An issue of $\$ 8,0005 \%$ bonds recently awarded to A. B. Leach \& Co. of Chicago at 102.475 has been refused by them.
Menomination $\$ 1,000$. Date Jan. ${ }^{1}{ }^{1910}$. Interest semi-annual.
Yakima Oounty School District No. 88, Wash.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 1,200$ coupon new school-building bonds described in V. 90, p. 258, were awarded on Jan. 29 to the State of Washington at par for 6\% 1-20-year (optional) bonds. Bids for $6 \%$ 5-20-year (optional) bonds were also received from Wm. D. Perkins \& Co. and the Seattle Trust \& Title Co. of Seattle.

## Canada, its Provinces and Municipalities.

Battleford, Sask.-Debe nture Offering.-Proposals will be received until Feb. 15, it is reported, for $\$ 1,500$ schoo debentures at not exceeding $8 \%$ interest. Maturity part yearly for 10 years. B. J. Patchen is Secretary-Treasurer.
Dominion of Canada.-Refunding Loan Placed in London -The announcement is made that the $£ 4,000,00031 / 2 \%$ refunding loan offered in London by the Bank of Montreal has been covered by public subscriptions. The issue price was 99. Maturity July 1 1950, redeemable on six months notice af ter June 1930.
Dunnville, Ont.-Debenture Election.-An election will be held Feb. 14, it is stated, to vote upon a proposition to issue $\$ 10,00041 / 2 \% 20$-year debentures as a loan to the Wilhelm Telephone Co.
Hawkesbury, Ont.—Debentures Authorized.-It is reported that this town has authorized the issuance of $\$ 6,000$ debentures.

Highland Valley School District, Sask.-Debenture Sale.An issue of $\$ 1,50051 / 2 \%$ school debentures $h$ as been awarded,

## NEW LOANS.

## \$ 1 65,000

## Bayou Terre-aux-Boeufs

 Drainage District 5\% BONDSParish of St. Bernard, January 1st, 1910.
Board of Commissioners of the Bayou The Board of Commissioners of the 1010 .
Terre-aux-Boeufs Drainage Dlstrict will recelve Terre-aux-Boeufs Drainage District will receive pids for the purchase of its bond issue of One ( 165,000 on or before TUVESDAY, The FEBRUARY Dollars
SH, 1910 , at 12 o'clock noon. These bonds are in denominations of One Oent (5\%) interest, interest payable annually date, with the option of redemption in numerical order after Ten (10) years.
Article 281 of the Constlued in conformity with must be sold for not less than par. Each ble is to be accompanied by a certined check for Twenty-Five Hundred Dollars (\$2.500) payable to the order of the said Board of Combe retalned and oredited on the purchase price of the bonds; the checks of the unsuccessful bldder The Board of Commissioners of the Bayou Terro-aux-Boeufs Drainage District reserves the right to reject any and all blds.
Inal, Secretary, St. Bernard, La., B. F. Estopnal, Secretary, St. Bernard, La., Or to H. L.
Favrot. Attorney. 608 Hennen Bldg. New
Orteans

## $\$ 100000$ <br> CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

 BONDSSealed bids will be received by the Committee
on Ways and Means of the City Councll of Minneon Ways and Means of the City Councll of MinneP. M., for the whole or any part of One Hundred Thousand ( $\$ 100,00000$ ) Dollars of Grade School bonds, dated January 1, 1910, and payable Jan. 1
1940 . (4) Bonds to bear interest at the rate of four (4) per cent per anterest at the rate of four
January 1st. payable July 1st and

A certified to reject any or all bids is reserved. A certifed check for two (2) per cent of the quist, City Treasurer, must accompany each bld. malled upon application. particulars win be DAN C. BROW்N, City Comptroller,

BLACKSTAFF \& CO. INVESTMENTS 1332 Walnut Streot PHTADELPEIA
LIST OF SPECIAITIES ON REQUEST

NEW LOANS.

## \$ 100.000 <br> CHIPPEWA COUNTY, MICH ${ }^{*}$

 REFUNDING BONDSSealed blds will be received at the office of th ${ }^{\circ}$ County Clerk or Chippewa County Michigan, up
to three o'clock p . ${ }^{\mathbf{m}}{ }^{\text {on }}$ MARCH $16 \mathrm{TH}, 1910$ for the sale of $\$ 100,000$ Refandin County Road
Bonds of Chippera June 1st, 1910 , due firteen, Mears after date bearing interest at the rate of $43 / 1 / \%$ per annum
payable semi-annually. $2 \%$ deposit required payable
For further information address
HERBERT L. PARSILLE, Sault Ste. Marle, Michigan.

## PERRY, COFFIN \& BURR Investment Bonds

 60 State Street, Boston
## HUNT, SALTONSTALL \& CO.,

Mombers Now York Steok Rxehange Investment Securities 60 STATE STREET BOETON

George I. Hovey \& Co. 299 BROADWAY, NEW YORK INVESTMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD
Commisslon Orders Executed

ACCOUNTANTS.

## Arthur Young \& Co.

Certifiod Public Accountants allingis)
Now York, 30 Pine Sereot Milwankee, 638 Welle Bids Kameas Uity, 1108 Uomererce Blis.

## LYBRAND <br> ROSS'BROS MONTCOMERY Certifled Public Accountants Land Meto Bulldine   First Mayinnal maik Bidg..

JAMES PARK \& CO. obrtified publio aooountants Ilow York, Ohicago, Oinolnnati and London, England.
$\triangle$ UDITORS TOR FINANOIAL INETITU. MNINQ


## ALFRED ROSE \& CO., OERTIFIED PUBLIO AOOOUNTARFI

 56 Pine Street, - NEW YORK Telephone 4861 Jahn.LOOMIS, CONANT \& CO.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTE
$\mathbf{3 0}$ Broad Street, New York
it is reported, to the Ontario Securities Co. of Toronto. Maturity part yearly for 10 years.

Killarney, Man.-Debenture Offering.-Additional details are at hand relative to the offering on Feb. 14 of the $\$ 3,000$ $6 \%$ heating-plant and town-hall debentures mentioned in V. 90, p. 325. Proposals will be received until 4 p. m. on that day by Geo. B. Monteith, Secretary-Treasurer.
Date Feb. 1 1910. Tnterest annually at the Bank of Hamiltón in
Madoc, Ont.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received at once, it is stated, for $\$ 60,0005 \%$ debentures. Maturity part yearly for 20 years. W. H. McBain is Clerk.

Mount Olive School District, Sask.-Debenture Sale.-It is reported that $\$ 1,5005 \%$ school debentures have been awarded to the Ontario Securities Co. of Toronto. Maturity part yearly for 10 years.

Neapean, Ont.-Debentures Authorized.-A by-law has been passed, it is stated, authorizing the issuance of $\$ 24,072$ school debentures.
North Vancouver, B. O.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received until $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Feb. 28 by Thos. Shepherd, City Clerk, for the following $5 \%$ debentures: $\$ 65,000$ waterworks, $\$ 40,000$ sewer, $\$ 16,000$ school, $\$ 10,000$ road machinery, $\$ 5,000$ park and $\$ 3,000$ fire-equipment debentures. Interest semi-annual. Maturity Jan. 171960.
Pelee Township, Ont.-Debenture Sale.-The \$1,681 5\% debentures described in V. 90, p. 184, were awarded on Jan. 22 to C. H. Burgess \& Co. of Toronto at 101.308 and accrued interest. Maturity part yearly for 20 years. The following bids were received:

Port Dover, Ont.-Debenture Sale.-Reports state that an issue of $\$ 11,0005 \%$ thread-mill-loan debentures has been awarded to H. C. Burgess \& Co. of Toronto. Maturity part yearly for 15 years.
Prince Albert, Sask.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received until Feb. 14 by C. O. Davidson, Treasurer, for the following debentures:



 1927 inclusive.
Rock Island, Que.-Debentures Authorized.-It is reported that an issue of $\$ 8,5005 \%$ 20-year loan debentures has been authorized by the rate-payers.

Smith Falls, Ont.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received until Feb. 7 by J. A. Lewis, Town Clerk, for the following $5 \%$ debentures:
 Interest payable annually.
Strathcona, Alta.-Debenture Election.-An election will be held Feb. 7 , it is stated, to vote on propositions to issue $\$ 8,01941 / 2 \%$ 30-year debentures and $\$ 50,00041 / 2 \%$ 40-year bridge debentures.

Waldorf School District No. 2422 (P. O. Waldorf), Sask.Debenture Sale.-J. Addison Reid \& Co., Ltd., of Regina bought on Jan. $10 \$ 1,50053 / 4 \%$ school-building debentures at par. Interest annually on Jan. 10. Maturity part yearly until Jan. 101920 inclusive
Wetaskiwin, Alberta.-Price Paid for Debentures.-We are informed that the price paid for the $\$ 2,621256 \%$ local improvement debentures disposed of on Dec. 281909 to Brent, Noxon \& Co. of Toronto (V. 90, p. 259) was $\$ 2,622$ 25, or 100.038. Date Dec. 28 1909. Interest annual. Maturity part yearly for seven years.

Wingello School District No. 2361 (P. O. Hanley), Sask.Debentures to be Offered Shortly.-This district wiH be on the market about the 10th or 15th of February with $\$ 1,400$ debentures.
Yorkton, Sask.-Debenture Offering.-Further details are at hand relative to the offering on Feb. 15 of the $\$ 40,0005 \%$ coupon high-school debentures mentoned in V. 88, p. 1691. Proposals will be received up to and including that day by R. H. Lock, Secretary-Treasurer.

Date Dec. 1 1909. Interest annually at the Bank of British North America in
inclusive.

## ENGINEERS.

H.M.Byllesby \& Co.

Incorporated
ENGINEERS
DHEIGN, CONETRUGT AND OPRR-
ATM RAIEWAY, LIGHT, POWER,
HYDRAULIC AND GAS PLANTR.
EXAMINATIONS and REPORTS
218 La Salle Street, CHICAGO
Otilahoma City, Okiahoma, Mobile, Ala., San Diego, Cal

WM. J. WILGUS,
M. Am. Soc. G. E. Formerly Chief Engr., Chm., Elec. Traction Com., and Vice-Pres. N. Y. G. \& H. R. RR. and Leased Linee COLIN M. INGERSOLL,
M. Am. Soc. C. E. Formerly Ghief Engineer N. Y. N. H. \& H. RR. Consulting Engineer on Transportation, City of New York.

## Advisory Engineers

Railroad and Municipal Problems Investigations and Reports
ICS BROADWAY
NEW YORK
J. G. WHITE \& CO., Engineers, Contractors,
43-48 Exchange Place, NEW YORK Chicago, Illis. San Franelisce, Cal. Investigations and Reports on Electric Railway, Gas, Electric Light and Power Financial Ingtitutions and Investors.
Doctric Rallways, Electric Light and Power Plants, Irrigation Systems Financed Designed and Bullt.
London Correspondents:
J. G. WHiTE \& CO., Limited, g Cloak Lane, Cannon St., E. C.

# THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CINCINNATI <br> CHARTER 24. 

## CAPITAL RESOURCES <br> - $\$ \mathbf{\$ 6 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$

WM. S. ROWE, President
C. B. WRIGHT, Vice-President

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## MELLON NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH

A bank whose service to correspondents is unsurpassed.

Write for terms.
A. W. MELLON, Prest.
W. S. MITCHELL, Cashier

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $\$ 6,900,000$

```
Fomond C. Var Diest
I. WIIkin Robert MoF. Dobl Associat Kingin
Associated Engineers Co. Consulting and Euporvising Engincors 417 Century Bulating
IFth \&e stout Sto., DENVER, COLO.
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## 

H. M. CHANCE,

Conaulting Mining Engineer and Geologhat COAL AMD MIMERAL PROPERTIES Examined, Dovoloped, Managed.
837 Drexel Bldg.y PHILADELPHIA, PA.

## NATIONAL LIGHT, HEAT \& POWER $C O$.

GUARANTEED BONDS
A. H. Bickmore \& Co., BANEERS


| Ptimlums on Marline Risks from 1st January. 1909, to 31st December, 1909 Promlums on Policles not marked of 1st January, $19 \mathrm{C9}$$\qquad$$\qquad$ $\$ 3.759,39125$ 7 717;12 70 |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |


$\begin{array}{r}\$ 467,72628 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Losses pald during the year whloh were estimated in 1908



A dilidend of interest of Six per cent on the outstanding certificates of profts will be pald to the holders thereot, or therr leegal fepresertatives, on and after Tuesday the first of February neat, or thetr pugat repreesitatives, on ond after Tuesday thil fe redeemed and pald to the holders thereof, intereat thereon will cease. The certifcates to be produced ar. the time of payment and canceled. ending 31 Dist Decembert per 9 . which are entitiled to partictpathen dinvidend. for which, upon application, certlacates will be lsoued on and after Tuesday the third of May next.
By order of the Board.
O. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { By order of the Board. } \\
& \text { TROSTEES. }
\end{aligned}
$$

| francis m. bacon. FALDRON P. BROW゙N. | OLEMENT A. GRISCO ANSON W. HARD. | GELLAS B. PRATP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FEENON H BROWN, | LEWIS CASS LEDYARD. | A. A. RAVEN, |
| JoHN Ni BEACH. | CHANDER N. LOVELLL, | DOUGLAS RO |
| GEORGE O. CLARE | GEORGES ${ }^{\text {GHA MACY }}$ MALALL | GUSTAV H. SCHWAB. |
| CORNELIUS ELDERT. | NICHOLAS F. PALMER. | ISAAO STERN. |
|  | HENRY PARISH | GEORGE E. TURNURE. |
| RBERT L. GRIGGS. |  | President. <br> LDERT, Vice-Prestdent. OBB, $2 a$ Vico-Prestient. AY $3 d$ Vice- President. STEWART. 4 Vich |

# CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY 

of New Yörk<br>54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $\$ 18,000,000$
(of which $\$ 17,000,000$ has been earned)
Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Reeeives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances. Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

# Wilkinson, Reckitt, Williams \& Co. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 

NEW YORK 52 Broadway

CHICAGO<br>Marquette Blde.

PHILADELPHIA
MutualuLifo Bldø.

LONDON, ENGLAND

Loadonhall Bldge.

## $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Oapital Surplus and } \\ \text { Undivided Profits }\end{array}\right\} \$ 3,000,00000$ Deposits - . - - - 16,000,000 00

 Dash in Vaults - - - $-8,200,00000$
## Branches

8\% GALIANO ST.: HAVANA.


## NATIONAL BANK OF CUBA

## ERAD OFFIOE-HAVANA



NEW YORK AGENCY-1 WALL ST.
Collections a specialty.
Sole Dapositary for the Funds of the Repablic of Cuban. United States Depositary in Cuba.

Cable Addrese-Banconac.

## BANK OF HAVANA

76 OUBA STREET
CARLOS DE ZALDO. President
JOSE I. DE LA CAMARA, Vice-President
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { John E. Gardin } \\ \text { Alvin W. Krech }\end{array}\right\}$ New York Committee Alvin W. Krech

Acts as Cuban correspondent of Americain banks and transacts a seneral banking business. Oapital, \$1,000,000

## LADD \& TILTON BANK

PORTLAND - OREGON Estabushed 1859
Oapital Fully Paid - - - \$1,000,000 Surplus and Undivided Profits $\$ 500,000$ OFFICERS:
W. M. Ladd, President. R. S. Howlrd Jro, Alste. Cath. W. Cooldigham, ©Prros. J. W. Ladd, Asst. Cashlor. Interest pald on Time Deposits and Eavinge Accounta. Accounts of Banks, Firms, Corporations and Indifiducle overy. facility consistent with good baniding.

## bATtery para mitional bañik

TWO BROADWAY (Produce Exch. Bldg.)
Shipping and Export Accounts Invited CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $\$ 300,000$
E. A. DE LIMA, Prest. HDWIN B. DAY, Cashier.

## GEO B. EDWARDS

BROKER AND OOMMIEROTAI AGENTI Negotiations, Investigations, Reports, 1 United States, Canada, or Foreign

Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street,
ephone 4218 Beekman, NEW YORK. N. Y.

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mANILA, SISAL AND JUTE CORDAQE.

65 Wall Street,
Now York

[^7]
OHARTERED $1864 \quad 30$ BROADWAY
Branch 185 Fufth A venue, Corner ssth Streot
With Modern Safo Deposit Vaults
Capital \$1,000,000
Surplus (earned) $\$ 8,000,000$
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Ec.
Administers "Institutionan, Trustee, and Other
Recelves Secuittiary insto
Securities for Safe Keeping and
Collection of
Collection of Income.
Waiter P. Bliss, TRUSTEES. H. Van R. Kennedy.
Amory S. Carhart. James Gore King.
Alez. S. Cochran. W. Emlen Roosevelt,
Amos P. Eno, N. Pariker Shortridge.
Frederic deP. Foster, James Speyer.
Harrison E. Gawtry. John V. B. Thayer.
Robert W. Goelet. Charles H. Tweed,
Adrlan Iselln Jr..
Augustus W. Kelley, James T. Woodward.
Whllam Woodward.
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## Manhattan

## Trust

Company

Wall Street, Corner Nassau
NEW YORK

## UNITED STATES MORTGAGE \& TRUST COMPANY NEW YORI <br> ```CAPITAL, \\ SURPLUS, \\ $2,000,000.00 $4,000,000.00```

Invites Personal and Business Accounts. Acts as Trustee, Executor, Administrator, Guardian and in All Fiduciary Capacities. Certifies Municipal and Corporation Bonds.

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55 Cedar $t.
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3rdst \& B'way easth St. \& 8th Ave.

[^8]

## IllinoisTrust\&SavingsBank

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\$13,400,000
Pays Interest on Time Deposits, Current and Reserve Accounts
Deals in Investment Securities and Foreign Exchange Transacts a General Trust Business.

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General Offices, 67 Greene Sirreet
SOLICIT ACCOUNTS TO FINANCE
DISCOUNT AND GUARANTEE SALES
CARRY NO GOODS FOR OWN ACCOUNT

## 宅xust compraxies.



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 PROVIDENCE, R. I. GAPITAL SURPLUS --------------\$8,000,000 Robert I.Gammell, Walter R. Callender. Whilam B. Weeden, Edward Holbrook, Eward D. Peaivo, James E. Sullivan,
Robert Enighti, Benjamin M. Jactison
John W. Danicison. John R. Freoman,
 Irman B, Gofr. Nobert W. Tatt.
Eowland G, Hazard. Webster Gnight. Mrelson W. Aldrith, Soh, Stephen O. EdWards: R. H. IVes Goddard Jr

IRRBERT J. WELLS, President.


JOHNE: LAPHAM, Aest. Seo \%y. G.A.HARRINGTON. Asst.Tr.OÜficer

Girard Trust Company.
OAPITAT and SURPLUS, $\$ 10,000,000$ Acts as Executor. Administra tor. Trustee Financial $A$ Eenit or fodviduals or Interest Allowod on Individual and Acts as Trustee of Corporation Mortgages,
Depositary under Plans of Reorganization Registrar and Transfor Agent Assumes entire charge of Real Estate".
Safes to Rent in Burgiar-Proof Vaults.
E. B. MORRIS, Prestdent.
A. A. RHOADSN, 2d Vice-President.
O. J. PAGE, Scoretare-Pres. and Treasures. Etringham B, Morris. MANAERS: Ohn B. Grown Jr. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ran B. Garrett. } & \text { Edw. T. Stotesbury } \\ \text { Whiliam H. Gaw. } & \text { Charies E. Ingersoli }\end{array}$ rancis 1. Gowen, John S. Jenks JJ.: enry Tatnall. Saace H. Clothier, $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Thos. DeWItt Cuyler. } & \text { W Hinckle Smith. } \\ \text { G. Hartman K uhn. } & \text { B. Dawson Coleman }\end{array}$ ames Speyer. PHTT Chestnut Streets. PHIIADISLPEIA

CENTRAL
TRUST COMPANY OF ILLINOIS, chloago.

Capitals - . - . $\$ 2,000,000$
Surplus and Profits
900,000

BANKITG, SAVINGS AND TRUSI

## CITY TRUST CO

SO STATB STREET BOSTON MASS BUNKER EILL BRANOH:
City Square OHARLESTOWN MASS
Capital \& Surplus, - = $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ Transacts a deneral Trust and
Interest Allowed on Deposits Subject to Check Acts as Truster ander Reliread and other Mort gagess also as Agont for the Registaring A logal Depositary for Oourt Funds, and anthor to act as Erecutor, Guardian. PHILIP DIRECTORS. F. Adems 2d


| George EscKelth, Gardiner M. Lave |
| :---: |
| Arthur Lyman. |
| Robert $T$ Paine 2 d |
| Andrew ${ }^{\text {W P Prestom }}$ |
| Richard S. Rus |
| nor |
|  |
| Charles A. Ston |
| Galen L. Stone |
| Nathaniel Tha |
| Eenry O. Underwood |
| Sidney W . WI |

Boston Safe Deposit

## Trust Company

BOSTON. MASS
Transacts a Ceneral Trust and Banking Business.
Interest Allowed on Deposits, Subject to Check
Morts as Trustee under Rallioad and other Guardian. Administrator and Trusteo
Capital - . - $\$ 1,000.000$
Surplus (Earned) 2,000,000
CHARLES DIRECTORS, ROGERSON, President-
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gerard O. Tobey } & \text { Edward W. Hutchin } \\ \text { Nathantid. Rust } & \text { James R. Dunbar } \\ \text { Frank G. Wobster } & \text { Elwy G. Preaton }\end{array}$ Arthur F. Estabrook Richard M. Saltonstal George B. Wlibur
Charies
Farlace
Firbanks Janace L. Prerca
John W. Farwell
O. Minot Weld jehomiah $W$. Rice Rathaniel F. Ayer
Reorge $\mathbf{O}$. Humphreys Goorge W. Wheo Wright
Industrial Trust Company Providence, R. I.
CAPITAL
SURPLUS yrus P. Brown, President.


## The Trust Company of North America

## 608-605-607 Chestrut St. Philaderphia.

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| Henry O , brengle. | J. Levering Jonce |
| :---: | :---: |
| James Crospy Brownd | Matcolm Lloyd, |
| John Cadwalader | John Mcillhenny |
|  | Rlahard W |
| Edwin S. Dtron. | John $W$ |
| Eugene L. Ellien | W $\operatorname{liam} \boldsymbol{F}, \mathrm{R}$ |
|  |  |
| Harry Co Francie, | Ad |
| Henry 10 Gaw. Jrom | Edward D. Toland |
| Howard |  |

OLD COLONY TRUST CO.

BUNIUN MASS
vapital ano surplus $\quad 7,500,000$
Authorized Reserve Agent for Truat Oompanies of Maino. Rhode Island and massachusetts.

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T. Jefferson Coolidge Jr.. Charman.
Gordon Abbott: Robert F Herrick

| Oltver Ames. | Henry S. Howed |
| :--- | :--- |
| O. W Amory. | Watter Hunnowell | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { O. W Amory. } & \text { Wa'ter Hunnewellf } \\ \text { Ohartes } \mathrm{F} \text { Ayer. } & \text { Thomas L. Lverme }\end{array}$ Samuel Carr. Chariea $S$ L Mellen: B. P Oheney. Charies S Molle Rlchard Olney. Robert T. Paine 2di Charles E. Cotting. Philip Y. DeNormandie. Philip Dexter. roderto C. Dumaino. rederlok P. Flsh. George P. Gardner Herp Saitonstal Herbert M Sears; athanial Thayer: Luclus Tuttile. Charles W Whittlemi

The NEW ENGLAND

## TRUST COMPANY,

 BOSTON, LASSCAPITAL, $\$ 1,000,000$ SURPLUS, $\$ 2,000,00$ Safe Deposit Vaults
Authorized to act as Executor, and to recefve and hold money or property in trust or on depoolt Adm Courts of Law or Equity Ezecutori Corporations and Individuals. Also acts as Trustee under Mortgages and as Interest allowed on Doposits Subject to Chech

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88-92 Beaver Street, - New York City. BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, PROVIDENOI LIVerpool, WHLD \& CO.

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Geo. H. McFadden \& Bro., COTTON MEROHANTS, PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK. LVERPOOL CORRESPONDENYTE R BRIMER CORRESPONDENTS: MOFADDEN BBOTHERS \& CO


Mason Smith \& Co., COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTG, NEW ORLENE, LA.
MEMPH18, TENN. DALLAS TEE Bajera of spot Cotton, Orders cor Contracte FixoLiverpool and Havre Marteta.
R. H. ROUNTREE \& CO., Commission Merehants.
Cotton, Grain, Provisions and Coffies. OUTTON EMCEAYGE BUILDNFE.


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Hopkins, Dwight \& Co., COTMYN.
COTTONABEED OIL.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
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NEW YORK.
Lminuar, ATtren \& Co. Lamited, New Orleang, La LEHMAN BROS.,
Nom, 16-22 William street, New York. Members of the stock, Ootton, Ooffee
and Produce Hachanges, New Yorje.
Orders ezeonted on the abovc Hzcohanges, as well in
Now Orleans, Chicako and forelkn marketa. Siegfr. Gruner \& Co., OOTTON MEROHANTS 17 South William Street, NEW IORK.
WILLIAM RAY \& $C 0$.
 OOTNTON BEBOKERE,
43 Uotton Exchange, Now York. Orders Ior future delivery contracts oreouted on
the Now York and Liverpool Cotton kizchankee.

GWATHMEY \& CO.,

- COTTON MERCHANTS,

22 Exchanee Place, - - New York.
ROBERT MOORE \& CO.,
56 Bonvor street, Now York.
 THD IN NHW YORK AND LIVERPOOL EXOOTTON PURCEASED FOR BPINNERE USK.

SMITH \& HAYNE, Frank B. Hayne (in Commendam)
COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDIN NEW ORLEANS, LA.
 IN NEW OBLEANS, NEWV YORE AND
(Other cotton cards on preceding page.)
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Megotiate and Issue Loans for Rallroads and Established Oorporations. Buy and soll Bonds suitable for Investment.
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CHICAGO CITY MORTGAGES.
HIGH-GRADE INDUSTRIAL BONDS CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BONDS. CORPORATION \& RAILROAD BONDS. sEND FOR CIRCULARS.
PEABODY, HOUGHTEING \& CO.
181 La Salle Street, CHICAGO.
( Establishen 1865.
GEO. H. BURR \& CO. BANKERS
Commercial Paper
43 Exchange Place. - New York
Chicago Boston St Louis San Franciseo

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Municipal and Corporation First National BONDS 50 Congress st.
Bank Bldy. Bank Bldg. zis Broadway Boston New Yorts

Chas. S. Kidder \& Co.
MUNICIPAL \& CORPORATION BONDS
182 La salle street, ohfongo
Devitt. Themble \& Co. bonds for investment First Nationich inink bloo.
 PHILAOLL-LHIA

## H. T. HOLTZ \& CO. <br> Dealers in

MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD AND CORPORATION BONDS:

Correspondence Invited 171LLA SALLEESTREET, OHIOAGO
\%ifuameiat.
E. H. ROLLINS \& SON8

Established 1876

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 MUNICIPAL PUBLIC UTILITTY BONDSFiscal Agent for Oities and Corporationa List on Application

43 Exchange Place NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO
DENVER SAN FRANCISGO
F. H. PRINCE \& CO., BANKERS
BOSTON, MASS.
HIoh-Grade Investments.
Members of New York and Bonton Stook Brehangee

SUllivan Brothers \& Co.

- BONDS

427 CHESTNUUT STRREET PHILADELPHLA, PA.
Members $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { New York Stock Exchange } \\ \text { Philadelphia }\end{array}\right.$
( Eistaohabed 1808,
W. T. HATCH \& SONS, BANEERS ANI BROKERs,
71 Broadwav, - New York. MEMBERE OF
NEW YORE BTOUK EXORAMGE.

## CLEMENT \& SMITH

 successors to HAVEN \& CLEMENT,1 Nassan Street, corner Wall Street. Members of the New York Stook Rirohange.
Bonds, Stocks, Cotton, Grain.

## Dominick \& Dominick

115 BROADWAY
Momber Now York Steok Exomane
United Bank NoteCorporation Stocks

DICK BROTHER8 \& CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, 30 Broad Stop and Now York. Momberi of N. Y. And Phlla. Stook Erohages New York, Now Oriean and Liverpool Ootton Exchangea, Now Yort Ooflee Hzohe


[^0]:    Oapleal............................. 88,000,000 00 Surplue and Profte........... 9,912,516 28 Dopents MoTa, 13, 1909m107,340,305 90 RICBARD DHLAFLEALD.
    GILBHRT G. THORNE JOEN a MOREON JOBT OHN C VAN CLRAF.
    VICMERESLDENT MAURICRA H, BW EHR
    WHTLAM O. JONFG WHLTLAM A MAIN,
    FRMDK O. FOXCROFT. ASET, CASHEMR

[^1]:    WE WANT TO BUY
    Wabash Equipment 5 s
    C. © O ${ }^{\circ}$ Richmond $\&$ Allegheny

    Morant s.a. \& Texas 6 s and 7 s s
    Chicazo \& North Western Divisionals
    J. H. BECKER \& CO.

[^2]:    Liberty National Bank
    Coal \& Iron National Bank
    Royal Baking Powder Preferred DEALT IN BY
    LUTZ \& COMPANY
    Bank \& Trust Company Stocks
    25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 273 Bread.

[^3]:    REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
    THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
    at New York, in the State of New York, at the close
    of business January 31st 1910 : R business January 3ist, 1910.
    Loans and discounts RESOURCES.
     U.S. bonds to seeure circulation--
    U.S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits....... $5,000,00000$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Bonds, securities, \&c.-................. } & 15020,000.00 \\ \text { Banking house }\end{array}$
     Due from national banks
    (not reserve agents)
    Due from State
    83,570,060 59 Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust
    butit and companies and savings

    | b |
    | :---: |
    | Che |
    | I |
    | Ex |
    | H |
    | No |
    |  |

    Items.................-.
    Exchanges
    House
    Notes of
    other national
    banks
    Fractional paper, currency,
    Fractional paper, currency,
    nickels, and cents.....
    nickels, and cents....-
    bank, money reserve in
    bank:
    $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Specie. } \\ \text { Legal-tender notes.- } & \begin{array}{l}3,574,430 \\ 1,559,838 \\ 00\end{array}\end{array}$
    Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer Due from $\mathbf{U}$. S. Treasurer

    549,153 59
    819,43603
    $8,700,32130$
    57,00000
    3,205 79
    $18,833,4453$ Total
     Capital stock
    Surplus fund.
    Undivided
    
     Due to other national
    banks Due to State and private
    banks and bankers $\begin{array}{ll}\text { d private } \\ \text { nkers-1.- } & \text { 4,394,145 }\end{array}$ Due to trust companies $4,394,14547$ $\begin{array}{rr}\text { and savings banks....-: } & \mathbf{9 2 3 , 4 9 2} 98 \\ \text { Dividends unpaid } & 6,47950\end{array}$ Dividends unpaid--.-.-- $\quad 6,47950$
    Individual deposits subject
    
    
    ing-....................-
    109,50665
    United States deposit
    Reserved
    State of New Y.............................-850,922,2543 named bank $H$. BENNETT, Cashier of the abovenamed bank, do solemnly swear that the above state-
    ment is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Subscribed and waltern to before me this Cashler.
    February, 1910. ELBERT A. BENNETT.
    Notary Public, Kings
    [Seal.]
    Certifcate filed in New York County.
    Correct-Attest:
    JNO. T. TERRY,
    $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { JOHN CLAFRLY, } \\ \text { LEWIS L. CLARKE, }\end{array}\right\}$ Directors.
    WANTED
    We will pay good prices for complete list of
    stockholders of first-class gas and electric light power, railway, telephone and industrial corpo rations located in Central and Western Unitod
    States and Canada. Reolies held confidential.
    R. H. GOODELL \& CO.

    122 Monroe St.,
    CHICA0O.

[^4]:     date Dec 31 1909. $u$ Stock increased in 1909. © In additio. the equivalunt of $1 \%$ of $4 \%$ more came from First Trust \& Savings Bank. $t$ As

[^5]:    Nots－Bujer pays accried interest in addition to the purchase price for all Boston Bonds．＊No price Friday；latest bid and asked．VFlat price．

[^6]:    In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York.

[^7]:    A. L. REGISTER \& CO.,
    

[^8]:    Bank and Trust Company Stocks NEW YORE AND BROOKLYN bouaht and sold
    CLINTON OILBERT,

