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## CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the Jnited States for the week ending to-day, Sept. 1, have been $\$ 1,170,636,013$, against $\$ 1,209,949,507$ last week and $\$ 1,512,247,691$ the corresponding week of last year.

| Clearings. <br> Returns by Telegraph. | Week Endino September 1. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1900. | 1888 | P. Oent |
| New York | 6539,681,224 | \$729,921,578 | -20.1 |
| Boston. | 68,460,107 | 98,526,433 | $-32.6$ |
| Philadelphia | 66.289,207 | 68,270,689 | $-18.7$ |
| Baltimore. | 12,945,165 | 16,146,788 | $-18.8$ |
| Cnicago.. | 93,984,449 | 01,573,756 | +2\%6 |
| St. Louls. | 22.320,230 | 21,800,000 | +2.4 |
| New Orleans. | 4,500,388 | 4,234,745 | $+6.3$ |
| Seven citles, 5 days. | \$798,159,748 | \$1,081,473,989 | -22.8 |
| Other citles, 5 days | 175.497,828 | 168,471,862 | +4:2 |
| Total all clties, 5 days.............. | \%971.657,370 | \$1,199,845,851 | $-19.0$ |
| All citles, 1 day......................... | 198,978,643 | 812,30 1,810 | -383 |
| Total all clties for week........... | 81,170,688,013 | \$1,512,247,691 | $-22 \cdot 6$ |

The full details of clearings for the week covered by the above statement will be given next Saturday. We cannot, of course, furnish them to-day, bank clearings being made up by the various clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last twenty-four hours of the week have to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night.
We present below our usual detailed figures for the previous week, covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon, August 25, and the results for the corresponding week in 1899,1898 and 1897 are also given, In comparison with the preceding week there is a decrease in the aggregate exchanges of ninety-four million dollars, the loss at New York being sixty-five millions. Contrasted with the week of 1899 the total for the whole country shows a decline of 20.4 per cent. Compared with the week of 1898 the current returns record a decrease of 0.4 per cent, and the excess over 1897 is 14.8 per cent. Outside of New York the decrease from 1899 is 1.7 per cent. The excess over 1898 reaches 18.9 per cent, and making comparison with 1897 the gain is seen to be 27.7 p.c.


## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

With almost nothing doing on our Exchange and nothing of interest stirring in the business world ex. cept politics, there has seemed to be a disposition in some quarters this week to make the most out of a disgruntled state of affairs among the anthracite miners numbering, it is said, 140,000 men. Tuesday, however, the Mine Workers' Union held tro sessions, discussing their grievances, and resolved to ask their executive committee to authorize a strike in case a fair and amicable settlement was not reached within ten days. We do not assume to know the full merits of this particular case. There are, though, a few stubborn facts which are beyond question and which indicate clearly that a strike at this date would be a very untimely action, would enlist nobody's sympathy worth having, and must necessarily fail, because the railroad or mining company that increased its ex. penses under present circumstances and prospects would be doing an extremely heedless thing.
The facts and circumstances we refer to are obvious to everyone engaged in business or who has any considerable acquaintance with financial affairs. All departments of trade have suddenly passed out of a year of great prosperity into a condition of decided depres. sion-from a state of general confidence to one of distrust. Prices of nearly every kind of manufacture from being high are again low, and in most cases are still declining. Consumption from being abnormally active has become sluggish and transactions have correspondingly decreased. Besides all this, no business man can know to-day where this depression will stop. The hopeful features are (1) that haviug passed through a season of great prosperity our industries are in a better condition than usual to withstand the strain of a severe set-back, and (2) that there are important industrial interests-such, for instance, as are represented by the farmers of the West and the plant ers of the South-which are in an unusually satisfactory shape, having reaped a good surplus from their crops in 1899 and having the promise of receiving pay. ing prices for their products this year also. But overhanging the future, and overhanging the affairs of every merchant, manufacturer, agriculturalist, and, indeed, endangering every man's savings, be it little or much, is the black cyclonic storm-cloud of Bryanism. No one can find a hole deep enough to hide away from its threatenings. Each enterprise and each individual's work and savings are at risk. These words we believe to be in no degree extravagant, but literally true. Can any wage-earner hope to improve his condition by striking when every employer is beset with dangers which force him to economize? His employer, if a safe and careful manager, has not only to meet the conditions of to-day, but to prepare for the worst the future of those conditions can bring. Is it not clear that a strike instituted while these surroundinge exist could not meet with the sympathy of any one outside of the party of de. structionists?

Announcements of new or increased dividends, based on the prosperity which the roads enjoyed during the twelve months ending last June, are becoming less frequent in the railroad world. This week, however, two such announcements have been made. The Chicago Indianapolis \& Louisville has declared a divi-
dend of 2 per cent on its preferred stock, payable Oct. 15. One per cent was distributed on these shares in March of last year, being the first dividend on the same, but nothing has been paid in the interval since then. It should be noted that the present declara. tion is distinctly called a semi-annual dividend, so evidently it is felt that a regular periodic distribution can now be maintained. Earnings the previons year were sufficient to provide for the full 4 per cent dividend to which the preferred shares are entitled had such a course been deemed advisable. For the eleven months to May 31 of the late fiscal year (the figures for the full twelve months are not yet available) the net improved over four hundred thousand dollars as compared with the corresponding eleven months of the year preceding.
The other company which has made a new dividend is the Central of Georgia. This company has just declared $3 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent on the outstanding first preferred income bonds. In October of last year the payment was only 2 per cent and the previous year the payment was also only 2 per cent. The amount of the first preference incomes is $\$ 1,000,000$. There are also $\$ 7,000,000$ of 2 d preference incomes and $\$ 4,000,000$ of 3 d preference incomes, but nothing has ever been paid on these. In years gone by the Central of Georgia was one of the prosperous systems of the South. When it came under the control of the Richmond Terminal people it got into difficulties, and in 1895 the property was sold at foreclosure and the present company organized. Mr. John Mr. Egan is now the President of the company, and under his management the road is slowly but surely forging ahead.

The annual report of the Chicago Great Western Railway Company, which we print at length on subsequent pages, shows a continuance of the prosperity which has been such a marked feature in this company's affairs in all recent years. The further addition to gross receipts in the twelve months ending June 301900 was $\$ 853,297$, or 14.54 per cent, and the further addition to net earnings was $\$ 306,590$, or $17 \cdot 82$ per cent. In the period of depression succeeding the panic of 1893 the road's revenues fell off, and for 1894.5 the gross earnings were but $\$ 3,636,098$ and the net only $\$ 819,349$. From this there was an increase in the gross to $\$ 4,709,820$ in 18956 , to $\$ 5,386,043$ in $1897 \cdot 8$, to $\$ 5,867,739$ in 1898.9 and now to $\$ 6,721,037$ in 1899-1900. The net from $\$ 819,349$ in 1894-5 rose to $\$ 1,399,57 \%$ in 18956 , to $\$ 1,608,6 \% 1$ in $189 \% .8$, to $\$ 1,924,223$ in 1898.9 and now to $\$ 2,230,814$ in 1899-1900. In the five jears, therefore, net increased over 170 per cent. But this is not the only direction in which improvement has occurred. The physical and financial condition of the property has also been greatly improved in the interval. One financial operation of the year in particular deserves mention. The company is organized in accordance with Eaglish methods, and during the year the 5 per cent Sterling Priority Loan of the old Chicago St. Paul \& Kansas City, amounting to $\$ 2,823,150$, and which was the only mortgage indebtedness of the company, was called and paid off. The company, therefore, now has no mortgage debt whatever, though it has some equipment obligations outstanding. The permanent capital of the company is eutirely made up of stock, divided into four classes, namely 4 per cent
debenture stock, 5 per cent preferred stock A,4 per cent preferred stock $B$, and common stock.

Out of the net earnings of $\$ 2,230,814$ for the late year, the company was able after meeting taxes, rentals, \&c., to pay the full 4 per cent on the debenture stock, and also the full 5 per cent on the preferred stock $\Lambda$, and jet carry forward a surplus balance of $\$ 143,783$. President Stickney says that the earnings during the year were limited by the motive power and cars which the company possessed, that the carrying capacity has now been increased, and that hence there seems no reason why the new fiscal year should not record another advance in earnings equal to the increase of the twelve months just past. An advantage which the company had in its expense accounts deserves mention. The report tells us that in the last two years 169 miles of track have been relaid with heavy 75-pound steel rails; yet the charge for renewals of rails was but $\$ 29,270$ in $1898-9$ and no more than \$15,611 for 1899-1900. The explanation is found in the fact that the order for the rails was given when prices were still low ( $\$ 1900$ per ton) and that by the time the rails were delivered the price had advanced so that the company was able to sell the old rails taken up at about $\$ 10.00$ more per ton than the cost of the new rails. Of course a similar advantage will not exist the present jear. On the other hand the expenditure on the equipment in the late year $(\$ 618,311)$ was equal to 11.8 per cent of the entire cost of the same. Rolling stock having thus, through these and previous jears' outlays, been brought to a high standard of efficiency, it is thought the equipment can now be maintained with reduced expenditure.

The Pennsylvania Railroad return for the month of July has been issued this week. As expected, the gains are now becoming smaller, but any gains at all must be regarded as satisfactory considering the ex. tent of the improvement a jear ago. In July of 1899 there was a gain in gross on the Eastern lines of $\$ 919,400$ and a gain in gross on the Western lines of $\$ 759,200$, making together $\$ 1,678,600$. The present year for this month there was a further increase of $\$ 708,400$ in gross on the Eastern lines, which certainly is a satisfactory addition, but there was a small decrease $(\$ 52,900)$ on the Western lines, making the gain in cross for the combined system $\$ 655,500$, following the gain of $\$ 1,678,600$ last year. The decrease on the Western lines may be supposed to reflect the shutting down of iron and steel plants, and also in part, no doubt, it is to be ascribed to the very poor winter. wheat crop raised the present season in tihe Middle Western States. Augmented expenses are a feature of the returns both on the Eastern and the Western lines; for example, on the Western lines the loss of $\$ 52,900$ in gross has been attended by expenses enlarged in the sum of $\$ 224$, 300 , producing a decrease of $\$ 27 \%, 200$ in net. On the Eastern lines the addition to expenses has been $\$ 325,100$, leaving $\$ 383,300$ gain in net. Subtracting from the latter the loss in net of $\$ 27 \%$,200 on the Western lines, we get $\$ 106,100$ as the gain in ret on the combined system. Last year in July it is proper to say, the combined gain in net was $\$ 461$,100. The following furnishes a six-year comparison for the lines east of Pittsburg-the only portion of the system for which we can make such a comparison.

| LiNes Hast of Pittsburg. | 1900. | 1888. | 1888. | 1897. | 1898. | 1805. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July. | 8,790,035 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross earnings.... Operat'g expenses | $\begin{aligned} & 8,790,025 \\ & 4,578,604 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,081,605 \\ & 4,250,584 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,182,205 \\ & 3,400,864 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 , 4 8 0 , 3 2 5} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 6 0 8 , 6 p 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,258,595 \\ & 3,795,064 \end{aligned}$ | 5,415,893 $3,855,564$ |
| Net earnings | 2,214,431 | 1,881,131 | 1,701,431 | 1,811,781 | 1,482,631 | 1,659,831 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31. Gross earnings.... | 47,611,408 | 39,230,808 | 36,525,808 | 35,089,908 | 95,583,870 | 34,974,170 |
| Operat'g expenses | 33,183,525 | 28,016,135 | <6,285,425 | 21,778,825 | 26,588,883 | 25,768,983 |
| Net earnings.. | $\overline{14,457,881}$ | 10,314,481 | $\overline{10,240,181}$ | 10.293.031 | 8,075,187 | 9,205,187 |

There has been no change in the official rates of discount by the banks at any of the European centres this week. Open market, or unofficial, rates at London have been somewhat sensitive to the movements of exchange in our market, but at other centres the discount rates have remained steady to firm. The statement of the New York Associated Banks last week showed an increase of $\$ 5,091,500$ cash, of which $\$ 4,608,300$ was specie and $\$ 483,200$ legal tenders. The loans were increased $\$ 2,518,700$, carrying this item to $\$ 817,402,300$, or the highest on record, while there was a gain in deposits of $\$ 7,038,500$, to $\$ 901$, 356,300, against $\$ 914,810,300$ March 4 1899, the max. imum figure reached. The surplus reserve was increased $\$ 3,331,875$, now standing at $\$ 23,888,925$. Though the payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city of checks for the redeemed extended 2 per cents have been smaller than they were last week, they have nevertheless contributed to augment the cash in the banks. The payments on account of the redemption of the 2 per cents in the six days ending August 31 were \$1,872,28236, making with those of last week $\$ 7,17 \%, 190 \% 0$. The total redemptions reported from Washington up to the close of business on Thursday, which included the above, were $\$ 17,238,850$ of the outstanding $\$ 25,364$, 500 when the call for redemption was issued May 18. The applications for the exchange of fundable bonds into the new 2 per cents amounted at the close of business on Thursday to $\$ 330,421,050$.

Money on call, representing bankers' balances, has uniformly loaned at the Stock Exchange during the week at $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and at $1 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent, with the bulk of the business and the average at $1 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Banks and trust companies quote $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cont as the minimum. It may be observed, however, that bank money usually stands undisturbed, and for this reason it is regarded in the nature of a short-time loan. Borrowers are willing to pay a higher rate than they would if they expected to return the money the next day, and in many cases banks obtain 2 per cent for such accommodation. Where bank balances are left unemployed toward the close of the day they are offered on the Stock Exchange and loaned at the ruling rate of $1 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent. There is little or no business in time loans. The transactions in stocks are of such limited volume on the Stock Exchange that commission houses require very little money for short periods and such requirements will, it is regarded as probable, continue to be easily met in the call-loan branch of the market. In some cases borrowers are somewhat anxious to make provision for periods beyond the election, and therefore about the only business done is for four to six months. Quotations are $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for sixty to ninety days and 4 @ $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for the abovenoted longer periods on good mixed Stock Exchange collateral. The market for commercial paper is chiefly confined to out of town, city banks doing little or nothing and reserving their funds for the accommo-
dation of their customers．The bulk of the business done is with buyers in Western cities．The supply of paper is good，with some very acceptable names offer－ ing，and there does not appear to be any accumulation． Rates are 4 ＠ $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for sixty to ninety day en－ dorsed bills receivable， 4 等＠ $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for prime， with fully 90 per cent of the sales at 5 per cent，and $5 @ 6$ per cent for good four to six months single names．

Military operations in South Africa have been active during the week．On Sunday General Roberts en－ gaged the Boers over a perimeter of nearly thirty miles，resalting in the capture of General Oliver，com－ manding the Boer forces at：Winburg．On Monday the British defeated the Boers at Machadodorp，the enemy retiring with the loss of their guns and ammu－ nition． 0 wing to the nature of the ground and the advantageous positions occupied by the Boers，offensive operations are reported difficult．The news from China indicates an early withdrawal of the allied troops from Pekin to the coast，in order to give opportunity for the return to the Chinese capital of the Empress Dowager，the Emperor and the members of the Tsung－li－Yamen and the opening of negotiations between the Powers and the Chinese Government． The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 4 per cent．The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills in London $3{ }^{3}$ per cent．The open market rate at Paris is $2 \frac{5}{3}$ per cent and at Berlin and Frankfort it is $3 \frac{7}{3}$ per cent．According to our special cable from London the Bank of England gained $£ 2,014,821$ bullion during the week and held $£ 35,370,220$ at the close of the week．Our correspon－ dent further advises us that the gain was due to the import of $£ 1,948,000$ ，of which $£ 1,898,000$ were bought in the open market，mostly from United States， and $£ 50,000$ from Australia，to the receipt of $£ 92,000$ net from the interior of Great Britain，and to $£ 25,000$ exported to the Cape．
The foreign exchange market has been moderately active this week．Influenced by lower discounts in London early in the week and by fairly liberal offer－ ings of commercial drafts against cotton and grain， long sterling declined and at the same time short sterling grew easier in the absence of demand for re－ mittance．Later，discounts in London recovered，and it was reported that the Bank of England had renewed its offer of advances，free of interest，on gold in tran－ sit，indicating some urgency in the demand for the metal．Concurrently there was an inquiry to remit for stocks sold for European account and for coupon and other settlements，and the whole market gradually grew firmer．Though the above－noted action by the Bank of England might influence exports of gold were rates for exchange to advance，it is regarded as unlikely that shipments will be made unless there shall be the additional inducement of the payment of a higher price than is now offered for the metal．The cotton bills which have come upon the market this week are against shipments of the new staple and moderately large amounts of grain bills have been offered．Receipts of gold at the Cus－ tom House during the week，$\$ 31,761$ ．The Assay Office paid $\$ 829,77743$ for domestic bullion．The Mariposa，which arrived at San Francisco on Friday of last week，brought $\$ 1,750,000$ gold from Sydney， N．S．W．The New York Sub－Treasury yesterday paid San Francisco Mint checks to the amount of
$\$ 1,346,425$ in part settlement for this gold．It was announced yesterday that the Moana，which left Syd－ ney，N．S．W．，August 29，for San Francisco，has $\$ 2,750,000$ in gold．The Canadian Bank of Com－ merce has received $\$ 1,000,000$ and the Bank of British North America $\$ 500,000$ ，during the week，in drafts representing Yukon gold deposited at Seattle and at San Francisco for their account．
Nominal rates for exchange have been uniformly maintained by all drawers at 485 for sixty－day and $488 \frac{1}{2}$ for sight．Rates for actual business opened on Monday at a decline of one quarter of a cent all around，compared with those at the close of business on Friday of last week，to 484 ©（4） $84 \frac{1}{4}$ for long， $487 \frac{1}{2} @ 487 \frac{3}{4}$ for short and $488 @ 488 \frac{1}{4}$ for cables． The tone was easy and it so continued on the follow－ ing day，though then the only change in rates for actual business was a fall of one－quarter of a cent in long，to 483 等 14.84 ，short and cables remaining un－ changed．The market was steadier on Wednesday． On Thursday rates for actual business in long ad－ vanced one－quarter of a cent to $484 @ 484 \frac{1}{4}$ ，while short and cables remained unaltered．The tone was steady to firm on Friday，and actual rates for long and for cables advanced one－quarter of a cent．The following shnws daily posted rates for exchange by some of the leading drawers．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Senkin }}$ | 9\％ | \％ | 旡 | ${ }_{\text {gix }}^{6}$ | \％ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1885}$ | 发\％ | 愿为 | ${ }_{\text {g }}^{\text {g }}$ | 路为 |  |
| orea |  |  | ， | 发\％ |  |  |
| 何 | ${ }^{485}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {gis }}$ | ${ }^{\text {8\％}}$ |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {gin }}^{\substack{\text { gix }}}$ |  | cick |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The market was firm on Friday，with rates for actual business $494 \frac{1}{4} @ 484 \frac{1}{2}$ for long， $487 \frac{1}{2}$＠4 473 for short and $488 \frac{1}{4} @ 488 \frac{1}{2}$ for cables．Commercial on banks
 Cotton for payment $483 \frac{1}{1} @ 483 \frac{1}{2}$ ，cotton for accept－


The following gives the week＇s movements of money to and from the interior by New York banks．

| Week Ending August 31， 1800. | Received by N．Y．Banks． | Shipped by N．Y．Banks． | Net Intersor Movement． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ourrency | 15．487，000 | 83，338，000 | Grin．12．151．000 |
| Gold | 1，124，700 | 644．000 | Grin．480，000 |
| Total gold and legal tenders．．．．． | 16，611，000 | \＄3，980，000 | Gain．：2631，000 |

Result with Sub－Treasury operations：

| Woek Endino ${ }^{\text {a }}$ uoust S1， 1900. | Into Banks． | Out of Banks． | Net Ohange in Bank Holaings． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks interior movement，as ahove | \＄8，811，000 | 83，880，000 | Galn．12，R31．000 |
| Sub－Treasury operations． | 22，200，000 | 20．000，000 | Gain．2．210，000 |
| Total goid and legal tenders．． | 123.811000 | \＄23．880．000 | Gain．14，581．000 |

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks．

| Bank of | August 90， 1800. |  |  | $\triangle$ ugust 31． 1899. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold． | slluer． | Total | Gold． | Suver． | Total |
|  | 5 | ${ }_{5}$ | $\pm$ | $\stackrel{3}{ }$ | $\leqslant$ | 5 |
| angiand． | 35，370，220 |  | 35，370，220 | 35，749．548 |  | 95，789，646 |
| Erance．．． | 89，988，194 | 45，455，230 | 135，453，424 | 77．078．118 | 47，900，000 | 124．936．724 |
| Germeny ．．．．． | 29，371，000 | 15； 231,000 | 44，502，000 | 27，287，000 | 14，082，000 | 41．359，000 |
| Russia．．．．．．．． | 78，898，000 | 7，855，000 | 80，553，000 | 94，314，000 | 5，255．000 | 98，589，000 |
|  | 37，724，000 | 9，972，000 | 47，696，000 | \＄0，509，000 | 10，603，000 | 41．202，000 |
| Spain ．．．．．．．．． | 18，689，000 | 16．802．000 | 30，581．000 | 12，980，000 |  | 26，658．000 |
| Itaiy ．．．．．．．．． | 15，438，000 | 1，060，000 | 17，107，000 | 15．529．000 | 1，394．000 | 18，923，000 |
| Vetherlands．． | 4，870，000 | 5，922．000 | 10，792．000 | 2，712，000 | 8．03v．000 | 8．781，000 |
| Nat．Belg m．．． | 2，811，000 | 1，405，000 | 4，218，000 | 2，8ds，000 | 1，487，000 | 4，911，000 |
| －rot．this week | 308．189．414 | 10\＄111280 | 412，280，644 | 299，174，864 | 100892808 | \＄99 507，270 |
| Tot，urev．w＇k | 305,606887 | 108 H 5494 | 409．981．351 | 900．9A5．9H1 | 101974540 | 403．840 581 |

AMERICA, RUSSIA AND CHINA.
It is possible that the highly interesting diplomatic incident in the Chinese crisis which has come to light this week will turn out to be the solution of the complex situation. The overture of Russia to the United States for joint action in the direction of peace has, at all events, advanced the situation to a point where it is possible to see light ahead.

That the diplomatic position was radically altered from the moment of the rescue of the ambassadors, was evident to everybody. That single object having been accomplished, nothing remained to assure nnanimity of purpose on the part of the Powers. Nothing had occurred to dispel the uncomfortable misgiving that some, at least, of the European governments were planning to stay in China until they could occupy permanently their slice of Chinese territory. It was commonly reported that Russia, whose Asiatic do minions had been actually invaded by the Chinese, regarded itself as openly at war with China, and the movement of Russian troops into Northern Manchuria was rather generally accepted as the first step in an outright seizure of territory. Germany oocupied, and still occupies, a peculiar position because of the murder of its ambassador. Emperor William's impulsive speeches to his soldiers could hardly be interpreted except as pointing to his intention of carrying on a prolonged and aggressive campaign against China, and in Germany they were quite universally accepted as meaning that. Japan was well understood to be smarting under the loss of the fruits of its victory over China in 1895, and to be disposed to make the most of its present opportunity. Aside from these particular points of doubt, it was quite possible for any nation whose citizens and property had been attacked in China to assert its claim to an indemnity and announce its purpose of seizing and holding Chinese territory until the indemnity was paid.

The Russian proposition, forwarded to Washington on August 14 and published last Thursday, simplifies the situation very greatly. The Russian note to the United States, published in full yesterday, bluntly declares that Russia, having "no designs of territorial acquisition in China," and having advanced into Northern Manchuria purely "for military purposes," will retire its troops both from there and from Southern China, provided the other Powers acquiesce, and will await resumption of diplomatic relations with a new Chinese Government. Russia's appearance in this role is clearly of the highest importance, not only because the intentions of that Government had been most doubtful, but because its announced adherence to the policy of peace throws so great a weight into the balance against aggressive hostilities as to make probable an early settlement of the trouble. Practically, this action commits to the policy of peaceable adjustment all the Powers but Germany. The United States Government officially, early in the episode, declared its purpose of restricting our own military operations wholly to "rescuing the American officials, missionaries, and others who are in danger," and "affording protection to American life and property." Mr. Brodrick, the British Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and the spokesman of the Foreign Office, publicly announced last Wednesday that Great Britain was "prepared to support the loyal viceroys of Sonth China who have stood aloof from this insurrection," and that it could not undertake to govern

Chiva itself or with the assistance of other Powers. France, it has been assumed, would co-operate with Russia. As for Japan, it is taken for granted that, under reasonable limitations, its policy would be governed by that of Great Britain and the United States.

It seems to us, therefore, that the prospects of a peaceful solution of this complicated affair are brightened more than could have been expected by Russia's move. The suggestion of that Government that the allied troops be withdrawn from Pekin, and that Li Hung Chang be recognized as Plenipotentiary, is open, doubtless, to more than one explanation. Russia, for one thing, has diplomatic reasons for taking a position which, in case of a restitution of the Chinese rulers, would give it the right to claim the position of a friend. This supposition, we are aware, conflicts with the lately prevalent theory that the two Powers were technically at war. But the situation has now changed rather radically, and it is only reasonable to keep in mind the continuous diplomatic policy of Russia, for some years past, to ingratiate itself with the existing, Chinese Government and keep in touch with the administration at Pekin. It is quite possible, also, that Russia, emerging from a series of bad agricultural seasons and trade reaction, and burdened with several large financial enterprises in Northern Asia, may have strong personal reasons for wishing to avoid a prolonged campaign. If either of these motives exists, or both of them, we hardly see how the situation can be affected for the worse. On the face of things the overture of the Russian Government in behalf of peaceful negotiations with China is scarcely compatible with the idea of immediate and forcible seizure of the Northern Chinese provinces.
The difficulties of the situation do not end, of course, even in case the Powers agree to enter on negotiations for a settlement. Even the United States Government has stipulated, in its circular letter of July 10 , that for "wrong done to our citizens we propose to hold the responsible authorities to. the uttermost accountability." The British Government has not committed itself as to whom it deems to be the authoritative Chinese Government, and Mr. Brodrick, in his speech of Wednesday, was careful to stipulate that the Government, "while prepared to preserve British trade with China, will claim some penalty or indemnity for the damage wrought." The problem of indemnity cannot be avoid $d$, and it is difficult to see how that problem can be kept wholly distinct from the question of territorial claims. The doubts of the English Government over the actual status of the Government of China foreshadow demand for action in the case of the Empress, who is in many quarters held guilty of complicity with the Boxer rebellion. The jealousy between England and Russia in Chinese diplomacy has caused some not unnatural irritation in Great Britain on the first news of the "entente" between Washington and St. Peterburg, and the diplomatic traditions of the two governments may cause some clash in later negotiations. This is a diplomatic pathway full of pitfalls; nevertheless the first step, it appears to us, has been wisely and fortunately taken.
The position of the United States is to a considerable extent defined by the wish of our Government to fulfill at the earliest possible date the pledge of its original declaration of policy, and withdraw its troops from China. Probably the Administration would prefer to have this question settled, or at all events
our country's relation to it assured, before the political campaign is over. This is a natural and reasonable wish, because, in the heat of an electoral canvass in which the issue of Imperialism already has become prominent, the presence of American troops in China is likely enough to be seized upon as an argument by some of the opposition. The argument could not be employed with fairness, because the necessity for the despatch of American troops to Pekin was recognized unanimously by our people, and because, also, intelligent public opinion is unanimous in approving the policy of our State Department throughout the Chinese crisis. As a first step to the holding of responsible authorities accountable for the mischief done, it was necessary to establish diplomatic relations with some Chinese afficial. Li Hung Chang was for many reasons the obvious intermediary in such nego. tiation; indeed, it will be remembered that our Government officially declared, in the note of July 10, long before any accrediting of Li by the Empress, that "so long as the local provincial authorities are not in overt collusion with rebellion, and use their power to protect foreign life and property, we regard them as representing the Chinese people, with whom we seek peace and friendship." This declaration, it seems to us, was inspired by remarkably sagacious foresight of the very situation which has now arisen. The fact that our Government thus declared itself six weeks ago makes its present attitude perfectly consistent.

It does not by any means follow, in our judgment, that by entering on peace negotiations we commit ourselves in advance to any distinct arrangement. The fact that Li Hung Chang, with whom we negotiate, bears the credentials of the Empress, does not estop the United States, or any other Power, from subsequently demanding her removal. To submit to a ruler terms of peace, conditioned on his own abdication, is nothing new in diplomacy, and in this very phase of the matter it is most fortunate that our Government, itself disinterested, is now co-operating frankly and cordially, not only with Great Britain, but with Great Britain's diplomatic rival, Russia. The United States certainly does not, by its co-operation with Russia in this first step for rehabilitation of order in China, commit itself to any ulterior plans of Russia. Least of all does our Government surrender one jot of its original demands for equal trading rights in the Chinese ports and an "open door." In assuming such consequences some of the London papers yesterday fall into a wholly needless error. So far from making any such concession, the relations now established between the United States and Russia are such as to make a future American demand for fair play in trade with China far more imperative than a note from Downing Street. This is the best imaginable guaranty of good faith among the Powers and of ultimate harmony of purpose.

Germany, and Italy along with it, will doubtless still be regarded as possible stumbling-blocks in the negotiations. Under present circumstances it is important to keep in mind two responsible public declarations of policy made on July 12, two days after the American note was issued. On that day Count Von Bülow officially announced, in bohalf of Germany, that "we desire no partition of China and seck no special advantages." On the same day Italy's Foreign Minister declared in the Chamber of Deputies that "the Cabinet has no political intentions towards expansion or intrigue in China."

## SOUTHERN RAILWAF REPORT.

As each additional annual report of the Southern Railway Company comes to hand and shows a continuance of the progress which has marked the affairs of the concern almost from the day of its organization, one is impressed anew with the wonderful results that have been accomplished. The Southern Railway, as is known, is successor to the old Richmond \& West Point T'erminal combination, and the reorganization was the work of J. P. Morgan \& Co. or (as the firm was then known) Drexel, Morgan \& Co. Mr. Morgan's whole life has been devoted to the work of rehabilitation, either in the railroad or the financial world. But we are sure he never had a more difficult, a more complex and apparently a less promising task than when he undertook to put the peculiar and discredited assortment of roads making up this system in a condition where it might render effective transportation services to the public and net some small return to the discouraged owners. Others would have shrunk from the taskin fact they all did draw back, several attempts at reorganizing the concern having previously failed, so that in common accord every one tarned to Mr. Morgan as the one person who could carry out the work of reorganization with any assurance of success. When the firm finally agreed to formulate a scheme, the obstacles to be overcome seemed almost insuperable. The late Mr. C. H. Coster, to whose lot it fell to arrange the reorganization, gave his time to the work day and night.

It is testimony to the wise way in which things were planned that, from the wreck of the Richmond Terminal confederation, there has arisen one of the strongest systems of the day; for the Southern Railway, as it stands to-day, is certainly deserving of the appellation of a "strong system." Its financial condition is of course of the best. But physically it has also been reconstructed. It is the remark of all those who travel over the system that the transformation in this respect has been as complete as in the other. It must also be considered to have been a happy move to have placed such a capable management in charge of the property as those who have been in control of its affairs. Everyone will recognize the benefit to the security holders that has accrued from the reorganization. But has not the whole South also been equally benefited? Who can estimate the advantages that have resulted from the improved services that the road has been able to give as the result of its reconstruction and rehabilitation? The transformation, too, came at a most opportune time, a time when the South was on the eve of an industrial development exceeding anything ever known in that part of the country and a development which the Southern Railway has done so much to promote.
Since the Southern Railway was formed, its mileage has been very greatly enlarged. The new additions seem to have been secured on advantageous terms, and hence its prosperity has increased rather than diminished. On June 301895 the system comprised 4,392 miles of road. On June 301900 it embraced no less than 6,431 miles. In both 1893.4 and 1894.5 gross earnings on the old mileage fell short of 18 million dollars. For 1899-1900 the total on an average of 6,306 miles was over 31 million dollars. In the late year alone the increase was \$5,-

847,183. President Spencer, to whose skilled management so much is due, presents a table in the report giving a comparison between the last two years on substantially the same properties-that is eliminating from the comparison the differences arising from the changes in mileage, nearly a thousand miles of road having been added during the late twelve months. This comparison is useful as showing how much of the expansion in revenues in this particular period has followed from a growth in traffic and not from an increase in extent of road operated. In brief, the gain in gross earnings in this way is found to have been over $3 \frac{1}{2}$ million dollars ( $\$ 3,504,690$ ), or $12 \cdot 65$ per cent. In the net the further improvement on the same basis was $\$ 800,119$, or $9 \cdot 34$ per cent.
A measure of the company's prosperity is of course found in the surplus reported for the twelve months after allowing for expenses and all fixed charges. This surplus for $1899-1900$ is given as $\$ 2,91 \%, 251$. The corresponding surplus for $1898-9$ was $\$ 2,094,519$ and for 1897.8 it was but $\$ 1,007,013$. At $\$ 2,917,251$ the surplus is equal to almost the full 5 per cent to which the $\$ 60,000,000$ of preferred stock is entitled. The payments of dividends, however, out of the year's earnings will aggregate only $\$ 1,800,000$ ( $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent paid last April and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent to be paid the coming October), thus leaving a balance of $\$ 1,117,251$ to be carried forward to the credit of profit and loss.
The accounts of the company are stated with great clearness and also with great fulness. The liabilities of every character of all subordinate companies operated as a part of the system, whether leased or owned, are shown in the balance sheet, and treated as liabilities of the Southern Railway. All changes in debt, in mileage, in construction, etc., are set out in detail and at length. The company has no floating debt, and has had none since its organization.
The payments for new equipment during the year amounted to $\$ 1,568,968$. Of this only $\$ 137,368$ was charged to capital account, all the rest being charged to operating expenses or to reserve accounts created through charges to expenses to provide for equipment renewals. These heavy expenditures for new equipment charged to expenses reflect, the report tells us, the company's policy of improving the condition of its rolling stock and of increasing the average capacity of its freight cars and the average efficiency of its locomotives without increasing its capital account. Aside from the $\$ 137,368$ charged to capital account for new equipment, the only other charge to that account was $\$ 620,727$ for construction and real estate, making a little over three quarters of a million as the total charges to capital account during the year. The company is still in need of more equipment, and provision has been made for the lease and ultimate purchase, under a car-trust plan, of 83 locomotives, 3,450 freight cars, and 50 passenger, baggage and express cars, deliverable this year.

## POSITION OF WABASH RAILROAD.

Like practically all United States railroads, the Wabash had a very successful year in the twelve months to June 20 1900, but unlike most other roads its en. larged income did not enable it to distribute any considerable extra amonnt among its security holders. Daring the last two years the gross earnings of the company have risen (in part, but only in part, as the result of the opening of its through line to Buffalo) from $\$ 13,207,862$ to $\$ 16,440,990$. The only direct
return that has accrued to the security holders from this expansion in the income of the company has been in the payment of the 6 per cent dividend on the small issue ( $\$ 3,500,000$ ) of class "A" debentures, calling for $\$ 210,000$. The remainder of the additional profits went to improve the physical and financial condition of the property, such improvement counting obviously as a substantial advantage to the security holders, even though they got no return in the way of income. Of course there was at no time any thought of a dividend on either class of stock, but it was supposed not unlikely that some payment might be made on the Class B debentures, whose outstanding amount is $\$ 26,500,000$. But from the report now submitted it is apparent that, owing to the company's needs, such a payment was out of the question. Furthermore, a critical survey of the situation makes it evident that there will have to be a further substantial increase in earnings before these debentures can hope to receive dividends.
As we have before pointed out in these columns, there is a weak point in the affairs of the Wabash Railroad. It occupies a strong position in the heart of the country and has been well managed, but those administering it are seriously handicapped by a defect in its financial organization. When the property was reorganized in 1889 not enough heed was given to the future, and no provision made for capital requirements from year to year. In all the more recent reorganizations of railroad properties this point has been carefully looked after, and a reserve in bonds provided which can be availed of from time to time as there may be call for it. Not so in the case of the Wabash, which is practically helpless in that regard, having no bonds it can put out to raise money for added capital, except where a new line may be built and a specific lien on such line can be issued and disposed of, as happened with the Des Moines Division.
If additional equipment or track or other facilities are required, the management hence have no recourse except to use earnings for the purpose-provided they are available; if not, to borrow on notes, and thus run up a floating debt. This latter course is always objectionable. The Wabash was burdened with a debt of this kind in the depression of a few years ago. Doubtless such debt could, in large part at least, have been avoided, if the management had not felt it absolutely essential to adhere to its policy of making extensive improvements and betterments in order to bring the property up to the high standard of competing lines. At all events, when times improved and earnings expanded, the first opportunity was taken to get rid of the floating obligations; and this is the fact to which we have reference when we say that the position of the company is better financially, as well as physically, than a few years ago, and that the junior securities have correspondingly more merit, even though no dividends are paid on them.

Having so recently disposed of the burden of a floating debt, it would obviously have been folly to have incurred a new one. Nor, having due regard to the exigencies of competition and the future of the Wabash property, could the management have oalled a halt on the policy of providing needed additions and improvements. As President Ashley well says, this policy demands the completion of plans for bringing the physical condition of the Wabash system up to the standard of first.class lines, and to provide rolling
stock adequate to meet the requirements of a constantly increasing traffic. Inability to comply with such demands would diminish the competing power of the Wabash in the ratio of the deficiency. Under these circumstances the Directors, he states, have not hesitated to authorize liberal outlays from earnings in order to enable the lines of the Wabash to compete with other first-class systems. The proposition, he well says, rednced to its simplest form, presented the alternative of losing instead of gaining traffic if the requirements of shippers could not be met.

The direct deduction from income during the year for additions to property is given as $\$ 223,664$, which would not be a very large item standing by itself. After taking that sum out, the surplus for the twelve months, above the requirements for charges and the dividends on the Class $A$ bonds, is only $\$ 210,099$, which latter sum is not quite equal to 1 per cent on the $\$ 26,500,000$ of Class B bonds. In view of the company's peculiar position as concerns capital requirements, as explained above, the management evidently acted with prudence in not undertaking to make any distribution on the debenture $B$ bonds. Of course, in addition to the $\$ 223,664$ charged as a separate item against income, large amounts were appropriated for betterments and improvements and included in expenses. We shall not undertake to analyze the expense accounts with the view to seeing how much increase has occurred under each head in comparison with similar outlays for the year preceding. The work of improvement has been going on for a long time, and hence a comparison of the latest year with the year preceding would fail to show the full extent of such outlays, since the movement has been a progressive one. A few citations, however, from the report will serve to give an idea of how really extensive this work was in the late year.

Thus the total amount spent for repairs of engines (including $\$ 19 \%, 261$ paid for now engines) was only a trifle less than a million dollars. In exact figures it was $\$ 996,769$, which is equal to $\$ 2,323$ per engine for 429 engines, the average number on hand during the twelve months. Nothing is needed beyond the announcement of this average per engine to indicate how very heavy the outlays here have been. Or take repairs of cars (passenger and freight) on which $\$ 1,180,453$ was spent in the late year, against $\$ 754,684$ in the year previous. Vice-President Ramsey points out that the expenses of this department in 1899-1900 as in 1898.9 were away above the normal-first, on account of the charging out of amount carried in suspense for new dining cars and coaches; second, putting on of safetjं appliances, couplers and air brakes, steam heat, \&c.; third, new freight cars, and, fourth, postal and combination cars. The total amount on account of these items, he states, was $\$ 741,55 \%$. In the case of maintenance of way we will not attempt to go into particulars beyond saying that repairs of track counted for $\$ 704,884$ in the late jear, against $\$ 598$,224 the year previous and $\$ 593,001$ the year before.

The company last March gave contracts for 3,500 additional freight cars, which were to be delivered by September 1, and President Ashley lays stress on the urgent need there was for this added rolling stock. He refers to the shortage of cars that existed all through the year. On that point, however, certain statistics in the report are absolutely conclusive. For instance, we find that out of a grand total of car mile-
age made on the Wabash lines during the year of 185 million miles, almost 105 million miles was made by foreign cars and only 85 millions by Wabash cars. On the other hand the mileage made by Wabash cars on other roads was less than 40 million miles. At the same time it is significant of the great expansion which has occurred in the company's traffic that this is the situation, notwithstanding the capacity of the freight equipment on June 301900 was 348,837 tons, against only 235,074 tons on June 301889.

We stated above that it appeared likely that a further substantial increase in earnings would have to take place before dividends could be counted upon on the Class B bonds. This conclusion is based on the fact that the cost of the 3,500 new cars will all, it would seem, ultimately have to come out of earnings. At $\$ 700$ per car, the 3,500 cars would cost in the neigh borhood of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ million dollars; payment is to be made in 72 equal monthly notes, though the company has the option of anticipating the payments if a new method of financing the operation should be desired. We have shown above how heavy the outlay was for new cars in the late jear. On account of the purchase referred to the requirements the current year will be still heavier. Mr. Ramsey figures that the increase will be $\$ 21,117$ per month, which would make a little over a quarter of a million dollars increase for the year.

In the operating department excellent results are being attained. For instance, in the late year the freight train mileage was actually reduced slightly, though the road moved 257 million tons more of freight one mile. The following will show what has been accomplished during the last fow years in the way of increasing the train-load and augmenting the earnings of the freight trains. The Wabash realizes very low rates, the average per ton per mile the last two years having been 5.58 and 5.53 mills respectively, and attention is called in the report to the fact that the earnings per ton mile are now less than the cost of rendering the service per ton mile in the year ending June 301895.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tons } \\ & \text { one mile. } \end{aligned}$ | Miles run by trains. | Rate per ton per mile. | Earnings per train mile. | Train |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900..1,902,881,278 | 7,075,158 | $5 \cdot 58 \mathrm{mills}$ | \$150 | 291 |
| 1899..1,666,830,054 | 7,101,324 | 5.53 | 129 | 255 |
| 1898..1,365,693.174 | 6,306,504 | 6.24 | 135 | 21 |
| 1897..1,149,989,024 | 5,402,191 | 6.61 | 140 | 213 |
| 1896..1,218.785,3う7 | 6,313,782 | 6.96 | 134 | 193 |
| 1895..1,100,976,202 | 6,245,391 | $7 \cdot 21$ | 127 | 17 |

Considering the difficulty under which the management have labored, the foregoing is really a marvelous exhibit. In five years the train-load has been raised from 176 to 291 tons and the trains now earn $\$ 150$ per mile, against only $\$ 12 y$ in 1895 , though in the interval the rate received declined from $7 \cdot 21$ mills to 5.58 mills.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, BANKERS AND TRUST CO'S
-The sales of bank stocks this week aggregate 45 shares, of which 35 shares were sold at the Stock Exchange and 10 at auction. The sales of trust company stocks reach a total of 45 shares, all sold at auction.

"Sale at the Stock Exchange.

- Quite recently the National Park Bank of this city hei an inquiry from Enrope regarding the probabilities of sul cessfully placing in this country a loan for $\$ 10,000,000$ c bonds issued by the Government of Sweden. The bank ai
vised with its correspondents, but the results of such inves. tigation are not stated. The bonds which it is proposed to place in this country are dated August 15; they bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum for ten years and thereafter at the rate of $31 / 2$ per cent, and the Swedish National Debt Office, through which the bonds are issued, binds itself not to redeem the securities before Augast 15, 1920. The loan is created by the above-noted National Debt Office by reso. lution of June 28 under authority of the regulations passed by the Swedish Diet on May 14, which regulations received royal ganction June 29. The loan is made largely with a view to the construction of railroads in the kingdom. The security of the bonds appears to be ample; the issue price of 98 , the rate of interest and the term of the bonds would seem to make them desirable for investment, and the loan would proba. bly be a success should the National Park Bank undertake to place it. The bonds, it is thought, would be largely taken by natives of Sweden resident in this country. It is reported that the bonds were originally offered in London, but for some reason not assigned, though probably because of the offerings of domestic loans of more importance, the loan was not successful.
-James Speyer, of the well-known banking firm of Speyer \& Co., returned from Europe this week much benefited by his prolonged vacation.
-The stockholders of the Continental National Bank of Chicago on Angust 23 voted on the erpoposition to increase the capital from $\$ 2,000,000$ to $\$ 3,000,000$, to provide for the expansion in the bank's businese. Out of the total of 20,000 shares, 18,274 were represented at the meeting and voted in favor of the resolution.
- Another bank is to be organized in Cleveland, to be called the Union Bank \& Savings Company. A charter has been issued by the Secretary of State, and it is expected that the new irstitution will soon start, with a capital of $\$ 200,000$. The organizers are Henry C. Christy, President of the Colonial National Bank, of Cleveland; F. E. Dilley, Jacob A. Rangh Charles Babcock, John Rock. J. J. Phillips, all of Cleveland', and J. Sterling Morton of Bedford. It is stated stock sub. scriptions are to be limited to blocks having a , maximum of $\$ 2,500$ each.
-According to the St. Louis "Globe.Democrat," East St. Louis is soon to have a trust company. The institation will be called the East St. Louis Trust Company, and will be capitalized for $\$ 500,000$. The men behind the enterprise, It is stated, have appointed Ex-Congressman W. S. Forman, M. M. Stephens and W. K. Murphy, of Pinckneyville, a committee of incorporation. East St. Louis is in Illinois, and the concern will be incorporated under Illinois laws.
-The St. Louis "Globe Democrat" also reports that the stockbolders of the Missouri Trust Company of Sedalia, Mo., met on Monday of this week for the purpose of voting on a proposition to increase the capital of the company to $\$ 1,000,-$ 000, and to remove the principal [office to St. Louis. The capital is now $\$ 200,000$. Because of the failure to secure a suitable building in St. Louis, and for other reasons, the meeting was adjourned until Sept. 10.
-Mr. Arthur T. J. Rice, who for forty-five years was connected with the National Broadway Bank of this city, lost his life this week as the result of an accident while bathing at Brighton Beach. Mr. Rice entered the bank while quite young and advanced step by step until he reached the position of Second Vice-President, from which he retired two years ago. He was also trustee of the Dry Dock Savings Institution.
-Thomas J. Powera, Commissioner of Banking for the State of Penncylvania, was killed by falling from a train in the outskirts of Philadelphia on Wednesday night of this week. Mr. Powers was appointed Bank Commissioner on March 1, 1899, and was well known all over the State of Pennsylvania. Captain John W. Morrison, Deputy Bank Commissioner, will remain in charge until a successor to Mr. Powers is appointed.
-The Census returns ahow that Jersey City has a population now of $2 \subset 6,433$, a gain of 43,430 , or $26 \cdot 64$ per cent, since 1890. The city has a larger population than Denver, Indianapolis, Kansas City and a host of other well-known cities. The growth in the operations of the banks and trust companies has been no less marked. We have recently directed
attention to the increase in the cace of the larger institutions, but the emaller concerns have also been keeping pace with the movement. For instance, we observe that the People's Safe Deposit \& Trust Company of Jersey City for July 1,1900 , reports deposits of $\$ 1,500,894$, against $\$ 1,278,293$ on January 1, 1900, $\$ 1,066,347$ on January 1, 1899, $\$ 759,279$ on January 1, 1898, and but $\$ 437,050$ on January 1, 1897.
-The annual election of the Boston Stock Exchange is to be held on September 24. Mr. John Parkinson has been selected by the Committee on Nominations as a candidate for President, Mr. C. C. Jackson as nominee for Vice-President, and Mr. Sidney Chase for Treasurer. A year ago Mr. E. D. Bangs was elected President and Mr. Sidney Chase Treasurer.
-Mr. C. F. W. Dillaway and Abbott W. Lawrence, formerly of Dillaway \& Starr, have formed a co-partnership under the name of Dillaway, Lawrence \& Co., with offices in Post Office Square, Boston.


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## [From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, August 18, 1900.
Owing to the recovery in New York, the large shipments of gold from that city to London, the victorious advance of the Allies upon Pekin, and the growing belief that the war in South Africa is almost at an end, there has been a very much more cheerful tone in the stock markets this weok, and prices generally bave advanced. Business, however, has been very restricted. There has indeed been some more baying of American recuities, but even in that department the general pablic is holding entirely aloof, and in other directions the volume of business has hardly increased.
Everybody here believes that Mr. McKinley will be reelected, but for all that the public considers that it is better to wait until his re-election is assured, even if higher prices have then to be paid. Moreover the war in South Africa has dragged on so long that people, though very hopeful, are still not sure that operations will be brought to an end very soon; and, lastly, the position in China is deterring operations. Even if active resistance by the Chinese Government ceases, it is evident that the reorganization and reform of China will be tedious and difficult. Up to the present, so far as the public is aware, the Powers are all working cordially together, and as long as military operations last it is hoped they will continue to do so; but when once diplomacy takes the place of military operations, there are fears that differences of opinion may arise and that many difficultics may spring up.

Owing to all these canses there is very little disposition to engage in new risks, and nnfortunately the prospects of trade are not calculated to give very much encouragement. The dividends declared by British railway companies"for the first half of the year have been very disappointing, and the reports show clearly that there has been, and must continue to be, a very large increase in the working expenses. The increase is mainly due no doubt to the rise in the price of coal and of railway materials generally, but partly also it is caused by the rise in wages, the shorter hours the men work, and the consequent increase in the number of men employed. The railway companies, to recoup themselves, have been making various charges which bring in very little, but cause a good deal of dissatisfaction, and at present negotiations are understood to be going on between the different companies for a general advance in rates. The expfctation is that the negotiations will result in a general rise of rates, and if that happens it is feared that trade will be seriously checked. Already trade has undoubtedly received some check from the rise in the value of money, and still more from the high prices of coal and other raw materials. If railway rates are raised there will probably be a further rise in those prices, and all this will tend to bave an adverse effect upon industry. There is a very great falling off in the new orders for ships, and in many other directions there are evidences of a diminution in activity. The great Lancashire industries are suffering, moreover, from the famine in India and the disturbances in China, and the wool trade has also suffered from the undue speculation in raw wool at the end of last year and the difficulties that have occurred in consequence, chiffly, however, upon the Continent.
The large shipments of gold from New York caused a general decline in rates at the beginning of last week. Moreover, the Government has been making very large payments, which have added considerably to the funds in the open market, and for a time it was believed that the Bank of England was itself beginning to repay loars it had previously made so as to get control of the market. The belief, however, was unfounded. The Bank of England has not been repaying loans: on the contrary, during the past day or two it has been borrowing further. The directors of the Bank recognize that it is no use to make arrangements for the import of two or three millions sterling of the metal from New York unless they take measures to secure the retention of the money when it gets here; consequently the Bank has begun to borrow again, and it is believed that it will go on borrowing until it makes the 4 per cent rate effective. At
the same time some surprise has been cansed by the fact that the Bank has not promptly secured £200，000 of the metal imported from India．It is said that the $B$ ank has been haggling about the price；and it is known that further sums could be obtained upon the Continent if the Bank were to exert itself．While，though，the Bank has raised its bay－ ing price for American gold and has given facilities for im－ ports，it is not acting with equal promptitude in other direc－ ions．Still，it is thought probable that at least half a mil－ lion sterling will be obtained from India，and that from a million to two millions sterling will come from Russia．
It is said that arrangements are being made in Paris for a small loan of about four millions sterling to the Russian Government，bat it is felt that in existing circumstances it will be impossible to float a large loan in Paris，and there－ fore it is concluded that the Russian Government will have to send very considerable amounts of gold to both Paris and Liondon，not merely to meet the interest on the bonds held abroad and to pay for the munitions of war that it has pur－ chased，but also to provide for remitting largely to the Far East．Altogether the estimate now is that within the next month or six weeks from four to five millions sterling in gold will be obtained by the Bank of England，but there will on the other hand be large outflows of both coin and notes from the Bank－probably five or six millions sterling－ between now and the end of October．Therefore，even if five millions sterling in gold are obtained from abroad，the reserve of the Bank of England will remain small，and it will be essentially requisite for the directors to take every precaution to protect the reserve
In Paris money is very abundant and cheap，but there is ittle prospect at present，at all events，of gold coming from that centre．In Berlin the liquidation of industrial securi－ ties is still going on．Trade has received a very considerable check；specnlation has been brought almost to a standstill， and consequently the money market is much easier than it was，It is hopsd now that the Imperial Bank will not find it necessary to raise its rate of discount，antil the ond of Septem－ ber at all events；but everybody recognizes that towards the end of September and throughont October there will be very considerablestringency．The best opinion is that the liquida－ tion has gone so far that the stringency will be much less than it was last year；still，there will probably，none the less，be a good deal of stringency，and that is another reason why the Bank of England should take strong measures to protect its reserve．
Meanwhile the India Government continues to sell its drafts fairly well．It offered on Wednesday 20 lacs and the applications amounted to nearly 175 lacs．The whole amount offered for tender was dispost of at prices ranging from 18． 329 －32d．to 18， $331-32 \mathrm{~d}$ ．per rupee．Subsequently about 3 lacs were sold by special contract at $18,315-16 \mathrm{~d}$ ．per rupee． The following recurn shows the position of the Bank of England，the Bank rate of discount，the price of consols，\＆c．

|  |  | $\text { Aug, } 16 .$ | $\text { Aug. } 17 .$ | $\text { Aug. } 18$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circulation． | 30，251．925 | 28．724．285 | 28，012，030 | 27，893，400 |
| Pablic deposit | 8，120， 60 | 7.01 A ． 084 | 7，802，908 | 7．757，411 |
| Other deposit | 12，088，110 | 40．674，370 | 42，440，103 | 38，507．23才 |
| Government | 20．037，580 | 13，0／4．858 | 13，458，443 | 18．220，980 |
| Other securt | $3010 \cdot 101$ | 30，784，743 | 30，774，238 | $264 \times 0,438$ |
| Reserve of notes | 18，8さ2，854 | 22，272，573 | 23，77¢，837 | 24．015，308 |
| Coin \＆bulion，both departm＇ts | 30．859，\％と9 | 34，196，938 | 84，9×4，867 | －6058，708 |
| Prop．reserve to liabilities．． D ．c． | 381／2 | 405 －16 | 4714 | 53 7－16 |
| Bank |  |  | 26 | 2 |
| Oousol | 80 | 105\％ | 1105 | 12 |
| Biver． |  |  | $2718 \mathrm{~d} .$ | $241$ |

English Financial Marketsorer Cable．
The daily closing quotations for securities，etc．，at London are revorted bv cable as follows for the week ending Aug． 31.

| London． | Sat． | Mon． | Tues． | Wed． | Thur | Fri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver，per ounce．．．．．d． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consols．，new， 28 p．ots． | ${ }_{98}^{97}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fr＇oh rentes（In | ${ }^{98} 0$ | －${ }^{97151}$ | $100 \cdot 75$ | －${ }_{0}^{9838} 8$ |  |  |
| Spantsh 4s． | $71{ }^{5}$ | 7158 | 7158 | 72 | 72 | 14 |
| Anaconda M | 9 |  |  | 9 |  |  |
| Atoh．Top．\＆Bant | 27 | 278 | 275 | 281 | 2834 | $28{ }^{\circ} 8$ |
|  | $71{ }^{88}$ | $71{ }^{58}$ | $71^{1{ }_{4}}$ | 7178 | $72{ }^{4}$ | $7{ }^{71}{ }_{4}$ |
| Baltimore \＆ | $73^{3} 4$ | $73{ }^{1}$ | 73 | $73{ }^{1}$ |  | $73{ }^{7}$ |
| Preferred．．．． | $81^{2} 4$ | $81{ }^{2}$ | $81{ }^{4}$ | $811_{4}$ | 8114 | $81{ }^{8}$ |
| Canadian $P$ | 912 | $91^{12} 4$ | 9138 | $91{ }^{1 / 8}$ | $91 L_{2}$ | 913 |
| Chesapeake do O <br> Ohic．Mil．\＆8t．P | ${ }_{11638}^{28}$ | ${ }_{1}^{28}$ | ${ }_{115}^{2728}$ | 2758 11538 | 2712 | ${ }_{11618}$ |
|  | 194 | 194 | 1914 | 191 |  | 1162 |
| Do do | $683_{8}^{4}$ | 684 | $68{ }^{1}$ | 6812 | $68{ }_{4}$ | 1984 |
| Erle 0 ， | $11{ }^{38}$ | ${ }^{11} 1^{1} 8$ | $11{ }^{18}$ | $11{ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1138}$ | 1138 |
| 1 lat prof | 3458 | $34{ }^{12}$ | 3438 | 34 | $851_{2}$ | 3538 |
| 2 d preferr | 17 |  |  |  | $171_{2}$ | ${ }^{1}$ |
| oulsville \＆ N | 173 | ${ }_{179} 194$ | 119 | 119 |  |  |
| Mo．Kan．\＆Tex．， |  | 1038 | 103 | 119 | 10 | 1038 |
| Prererred | 313 | 3134 | 3112 | 319 | 110 | 318 |
| N．Y．Cent＇l \＆Hudso | 13228 | $1321_{4}$ | 132 | 132 | 132 |  |
| N．Y．Ontario \＆Wee | $21{ }^{2}$ | 2138 | 2138 | 2138 | 215 | 2158 |
| Norfolk \＆Western． | 34，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $34{ }^{\text {3 }}$ | 342 | 346 | 3518 |  |
| Do do pr | $77^{18}$ | $77^{1}{ }^{2}$ | $77{ }_{3}$ | $77^{1}$ | $77 L_{8}$ | $77{ }_{2}$ |
| Northeru Paciflo | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ | 51 | $51{ }^{51}$ | 51\％ | ${ }_{73}{ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ |  |
| Penneylvania | 73 664 |  | 68 | ${ }^{7281}$ | ${ }_{6}^{73}$ |  |
| ＊Phila．\＆Read | $8{ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{8}$ | $8{ }^{58}$ | $8_{81}^{81}$ | 858888 |  |
| ＊Phlla．\＆Read．， 1 at pre | 3019 | $30{ }_{2}$ | 3018 | $30^{2}$ | x $191_{2}$ | 2918 |
| ＊Phila．\＆Read．， 2 d | 14．94 | 14.9 | 143 | ${ }^{1418}$ | $14{ }_{4}$ | 1438 |
| Douthern Paoiflo | $341_{4}$ | 34 | $3^{337^{7}}$ | 34 | 344 |  |
| Bouth＇n Rallway， | 11 | 1138 | 1114 | 1138 | 1138 | 119 |
| Onion Preinio |  | 53 |  | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | － $53{ }^{1}$ | $533_{8}$ |
| Preferred． | 78 | 7788 |  | 59\％4 77 |  |  |
| Wabar | 1 1494 | 1834 | 1819 | $18{ }^{\text {L }}$ | 19 | 18\％ |

## （ifommexcial and gixiscellameons Thens

Imports and Exports for the Week．－The following are the imports at New York for the week

FOREIGN IMPORTS．

| For weeek． | 1900. | 1899. | 1898. | 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Goods Gen＇l mer＇dieg | $\begin{array}{r} 72,083239 \\ 7,696,535 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 2,231,935 \\ 5,071,339 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 81,699,959 \\ 4,913,644 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,044,337 \\ 5,917,327 \end{array}$ |
| Tot | \＄9，779，774 | 87，303，274 | \＄6，613，603 | \＄6，961，664 |
| Dry Goodr．．．． Gen＇l mer＇diso | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 80,109,553 \\ & 277,346,115 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 967,871,634 \\ & 266,996,331 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 62,442,000 \\ & 221,343,303 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 94,005,373 \\ & 252,418,917 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total 34 weeks | \＄357，455，668 | \＄334，867，965 | \＄283，785，303 | 346，424，290 |

The following is a statement of the exports（exclusive of specie）from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Aug．27，and from January 1 to date．

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEER．

|  | 1900. | 1899. | 1898. | 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the week． Prev．reported | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 13,135,690 \\ & \mathbf{3 7 7 , 4 8 6 , 3 8 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,762,556 \\ 291,224,904 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 8,011,798 \\ \mathbf{3 1 0 , 6 1 5 , 0 7 7} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,078,527 \\ 262,522,163 \end{array}$ |
| Total 34 weeks | \＄390，622，070 | \＄298，987，460 | \＄319，626，875 | \＄269，600，680 |

The following shows exports and imports of specie at New York for the week ending Aug． 25 and since January 1 hixports and importe of speote at new york．

| Gold． | Exports． |  | Imports． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week． | Since Jan． 1. | Week． | SinceJan． 1. |
| Great Britain．．．．．．． |  | \$19,029,720 |  | \＄93，996 |
| France．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | $\begin{array}{r} 17,661,481 \\ 4,500,709 \end{array}$ |  | 254,760 325,884 |
| West Indiec．．．．．．．．．．． | \＄5000 | 1，895，413 | \＄1，14i4 | 232，654 |
| Mexio0 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | －95，810 | 4，137 | 211,532 |
| Bouth America | 30，127 | 3，771，855 | 6，250 | 398，825 |
| all other coantries． |  | 175，526 |  | 70，675 |
| Total 1900．．．．．． | \＄30，627 | \＄47，133，514 | \＄11，531 | \＄1，588．326 |
| Total 1899．．．．．． |  | 25，300，737 | 111，452 | 8，784，758 |
| silver． | Exports． |  | Imports． |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Week． | SinceJan．1． | Week． | SinceJan． 1. |
| Great Britain．．．．．．． | \＄1，154，700 | \＄32，309，470 |  |  |
| France．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Germany |  | $\begin{array}{r} 590,800 \\ 4,450 \end{array}$ | ．．．．．．．．．． | $\begin{array}{r} 965 \\ 2,628 \end{array}$ |
| Wert Indies．．．．．．．．．．． | 15,420 | 298，806 | \＄2，149 | 160，408 |
| Mexdoc．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 55314 | 52，132 | 1，837，295 |
| dll other countries． | 475 | 14，655 |  | 196，833 |
| Total 1900．．．．．． | \＄1，170，595 | \＄33，273，495 | \＄54，281 | \＄2，815，621 |
| Total 1899．．．．．． | 947,667 $11 \leqslant 8,871$ | $30,908,629$ <br> $29.488,628$ | 31,712 64,224 | $2,470,861$ $1,50,071$ |

Keports of Non Member Banks．－The following is the statement of condition of the non－member banks for the week ending Aug．25，based on averages of the daily result． We omit twon ciphers $(00)$ in nul mases．

| BANK8． （00s omitted．） | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capi- } \\ \text { tal. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sur- } \\ & \text { plus. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Loans \& } \\ & \text { Invest- } \\ & \text { ments. } \end{aligned}$ | Specie． | Leg．T \＆B， Notes | （rear＇ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { wother } \\ \text { Oths.dcc } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\int_{\text {Deposte }}^{\text {Net }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yore City Borough of Manhattan， |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
|  | 100 |  | 1209，3 |  |  | ， |  | 1402，8 |
| Eleventh | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourteenth | 100，0 | 8， | 1290． | 80 |  | 15 |  |  |
| Gansevo | 200，0 | ， | 678．4 |  | 43 ， |  | 29.0 |  |
| Mamilt |  | 109 | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Matual | 200 | 134，1 | 124 | 29 | 115， | 175，2 |  |  |
| N1netee | 100 | 48，0 | 118 |  | 120 |  | 1，3 |  |
|  | 100 | ${ }_{128,6}^{182,6}$ | 188 | 52,0 | 10 | 120.0 |  |  |
| 8 state | 100 | 19 | 293 | 218,0 | 10 | 108，0 | 13，0 |  |
| Twelith |  |  | 111 |  | 16 | 112，8 |  |  |
| Twenty－th | 10 |  | 878 | 46. | 9 |  |  |  |
| Vnrtulle | 100.0 |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| Warhington． Borough of | 100，0 | 25，0 | 185，7 | 3，1 | 19,3 | 78， 3 | 65， | 230,9 |
| Bedford．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broadw | 100 | 164，0 | 1349，1 | 12, | 104， | 257，4 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Braokly }}$ | 300 | 188，8 | 1348 | B3，0 |  |  |  |  |
| Etth 4 | 100，0 |  | ${ }_{8680}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 28，4 |  | 46，6 |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Kinga Cou }}^{\text {Kannfat }}$ | 150，0 | ${ }^{61}$ | 2497 | 304 | 27， | 77，4 | 71. |  |
|  | 500 | ${ }^{405,6}$ | 2889 ， | 178 | 163 ， | 1017，8 |  |  |
| Meoh＇s ${ }^{\text {d }}$ drad | 100 |  | 920, | 15，2 | 53， | ¢ 3 3，${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 50， | 89 |
| Nabsal Nation | 300 |  | 3797. | 214,0 | 948， | ${ }^{560}$ |  |  |
| National | 300 | 59 | 2632 | 1812 12 12 | 26 |  | 149 |  |
| People | 100 | 13 | 91 | 33， |  | 36，5 | 10 |  |
| Schermerho |  |  | 451，3 |  |  | 45，5 |  |  |
| 8evanten Nat |  | 333， | 1079， | 113 | 10 | 269. | 45 |  |
| Twents－81זth W＇d． | 100 |  | 48 | 10， | 28. | ${ }^{43} 8$ |  | ， |
|  |  |  |  | 40 | 12 | 40. | 109， |  |
| Merchante ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ． | 100，0 | 12，3 | 426，4 | 6，0 | 42，8 | 90，6 |  | 8， |
| Rormegh of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank nt staten Isl． | 100，0 | 87，2 | 8797，${ }^{6}$ | 18.5 | ${ }_{20,0}^{23.8}$ | 89．5 | 52，0 | ${ }_{765}^{685}$ |
| 1st Nat．，Staten Isl． Other Citics． | 100，0 |  |  | 37，5 | 20，0 | 189，7 |  |  |
| 18 tatat N，Jer |  |  | 4525，4 | 229.4 | 232 |  | 10.6 |  |
| Hed．Co．Nat | ${ }_{25}^{25}$ | 548，6 | 1961.7 | 75.1 62,3 | 5 |  | 65，0 | 1606.2 931,4 |
| 3 A Nat．，Jer |  | ${ }_{222}{ }^{3}$ |  | 6 |  | 101，3 | 24，7 |  |
| 1 l t Nat．，Hobo | 110，0 | 457， | 2096.0 | 100.9 |  | 119.7 | 0. | 1748 |
| 24. Nax．，Hobuken． | 125.0 | 102，4 | 7＊3，2 | 62，3 | 47 | 69， 9 | 63，8 | 918. |
| Totale Totale Totale Totala | 79 |  |  |  | 3794．2， |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8, \\ & 8,1 \\ & 6,4 \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ |

New York City Clearing House Banks.-Statement of condition for the week ending Aug. 25, based on average of daily results. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.


Breadstuffs Figures Brought from Page 459.-Th statements below are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Ang. 25, and since Aug. 1, for each of the last three years have been:

| Eseaipts at- | Tlour. | Wheat. | Corn. | Oats. | Barloy. | $\cdots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bble. 198 lbs | Bush. 60 てbs | Buvh.5625s | Bush. 321 bs | Buth. 487 bs | Bu. $581^{10}$ |
| Ohlearo.. | 111.081 | 2,281,158 | 884,600 | 1,828.203 | 98,125 | 20,400 |
| Mllwauree.. | '2,370 | 142,800 | 64,600 | 08,400 | 134.300 | 8,400 |
| Duinth | 102,600 | 296584 | 51,934 | 13.492 | 29,541 | 3,412 |
| Minneapolis. | 3,41: | 1,457,610 | 53,680 | 149,440 | 88.720 | 8,340 |
| Toledo. | 18,787 | 608,803 | 210,000 | 526,800 | 11,800 | 15,800 |
| Dotrolt | 8,000 | 109,575 | 72,668 | 178,210 |  |  |
| Cleveland |  | 46,301 | 74,650 | 678863 | ...... |  |
| 8t. Louls | 33,000 | 898,012 | 257.835 | 188,780 | 750 | 4,326 |
| Peorla....... | 7,200 | 12.800 | 282,800 | 385,700 | 6,300 | 2,100 |
| Kansas City. |  | 1,507,000 | 114,000 | 36,000 | ...... | ..... |
| Tot.wk. 1900 | 358,329 | 7,109,983 | 2,087,567 | 4,055,098 | 850,688 | 62,578 |
| Bume Wk.'g. | 491,FOB | 8,781.941 | 3,707.481 | 5,842,278 | 481.201 | 137.805 |
| Bame wk.'98. | 374.9:0 | 8,664,¢89 | 4,600,404 | 4,778,044 | 328,008 | 223,371 |
| Stince 4 us. 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1800 | 1.437.886 | 23.083,0e8 | 10,219,034 | 18.034.283 | 862.703 | 342.134 |
| 1899 | 1,684,452 | 15 587.994 | 15,681,319 | 19,100.847 | 1,115,576 | 437,531 |
| 1898. | 1,183 388 | 15,165,948 | 15,3P8,659 | 14, 103,440 | 578.848 | 818,612 |

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports. for the week ended Aug, 25, 1900, follow:

|  | Fi.our. |  | Oor | Oats, | Barlay |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Yor | 182 |  | 136 |  |  |  |
| Boston | 144,532 | 157,278 | 1.348,210 | 214,489 | 5.838 | 414 |
| Montr | 23.882 | 329.487 | 409.503 | 91,333 | 800 | 10,472 |
| Phlladelpal | 62,452 | 439,247 | 298,501 | 232,985 | 8.0 |  |
| 8sitimore | 90,002 | 291,388 | 381,099 | 157788 |  | 18, 98 |
| R10hmon | 650 | 9,768 | 14,420 | 81,504 |  | 1,822 |
| Now Orlean | 10,483 | 187,000 | 78,400 | 54.840 |  |  |
| Nowport | 2,44B |  | 137.143 | 240,000 |  |  |
| Norfoll <br> Galven | 8,116 |  | 42 |  |  |  |
| Portland M | 7,554 | 118,2:8 | 8,592 | 138. |  |  |
| Total | 378,612 | 2,614.442 | 3,004,328 | 2,006.777 | ${ }^{9.688}$ | 80.306 |
| Week 1889 | 411, 31 | 2,783,859 | 4,237,501 | 3,118,704 | 198.6:8 | 30,021 |

* Recelpts do not include graln Dasulng through New Orleans for forelo

保
Total receipts at ports from Jan. 1 to Ang. 25 compare as follows for four years:



The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week onding Aug. 25, 1900, are shown in the annexed statement:



 3r.N.Am Coiojo

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, Aug. 25, 1900, was as follows:

|  | Oorn, 774,000 | Oate, B43,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { מyo, } \\ \text { bush. } \\ 144,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Barlioy } \\ & \text { bus, } \\ & 2 R 6,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do afoat...... 80.003 | 8 $3 \% 0000$ | $0{ }^{\circ}$ | .... ... |  |
|  | $568.000$ | 213, 1000 | 37\%000 |  |
| Baltimore............ $1,484.000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 720,000 \\ & 587,000 \\ & \hline 80 \end{aligned}$ | 622,000 |  |  |
| Galveston.............. 2.081 .0 |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal....... ....... 284,0 | 129,000 | 37,000 | 8,000 | 1.000 |
| rislo................ $8,061,000$ | 472,000 | 96,000 |  | 20,000 |
| Do ailost...... $1,050,0000$ | \% $80 \dot{6}, 0000$ | 1,1090000 | 29,000 | 6,000 |
| Do atoat....... 262,0000 | 92,000 | 64,000 | 59,000 | 3,000 |
| 10ago... | 7\% 76.0000 | 2,183,0000 | 371.000 | 17,0 |
| M11 Douree anil....... 816,0000 | ¢0, 0 ¢0̈ | 127,0000 | 3,010 | 5,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| jnluth.... aino ….... 7,222,000 | <21,000 | 51,000 | 38,000 | 05000 |
|  | - 990000 | $30 \% 7000$ | 14.000 | 13,000 |
|  | 137,000 | 72,000 | 8,000 |  |
| ransan Clty.......... 1 , e01, vov | 233.0000 | $\cdots{ }^{2} 8.0000$ |  |  |
| Peorls |  | $\begin{array}{r} 542.000 \\ 25,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 9,000 1,000 |  |
| 3n M1s81anl ppi River. |  | ........ |  |  |
|  | 56\%\%000 | 72,000 |  |  |
| Total Aug. 25, 1800* 48, ${ }^{\text {abe }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6.97u | $7,021,00$ $4 \times 07$ | 681010 588000 |  |
| Total Aug. R7, 1898+ 5,937,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 81 Aug. 23.1897+ 16.473,000 | 27,873,000 | 8,270,000 | 8.0 | , 6 , |

Includes stocks In private elevators at M11waukee.

+ Stocks in privatc elevators at Milwankee not lacluded
NOTE.-Beginnlng July 1. 1899, the New York Produce tixchango has changed its Visible Supply statement by inclu ing stocks at New Orleans, Gaiveston,
Ft. Wulliam and Pt. Arthur (previonsly omitted) aud leaving out Albany Oswezo and Cincinnati, formerly included.

Auction Sales.-Among other securities the following, not regularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction, By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Son.
stocks.

| Stocks. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Clinton Hal Assoon..... $511_{8}$ | 25 U. B. Mort. \& Trust Co.. 450 |


| Stocks. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Clinton Hal Assoon..... $511_{8}$ | 25 U. B. Mort. \& Trust Co.. 450 | By Messrs. R. V. Harnett \& Co.


| Sfoc | sto |
| :---: | :---: |
| d 18900 m . St. L. | 114 Amer. Loan \& Trust Co. ${ }^{\text {\$ }}$ 2 |
| 0. Ry. Co.......... \$1 | 05 Amer.Dist. Steam Co. $\$ 225$ |
| 0 Natirnal Iron Fence Co. \$1 | 631 National Flbre Oo....... \$2 |
| 150 Gas Consum. Benefit Co. \$1 |  |
| 54 N.Y R.Est. \& Bdglmp.Co. \$3 | $\$ 1000$ Ampersand Hot |

Banking and gifnaxutax.

## Spencer Trask \& Co., BANKERS,

## 27 \& 29 PINE STREET,

NEW YORE
Transact a general bankino business) act as Fiscal Agents for corporations, and negotiate security issues of railroads and other companies. Execute commission orders and deal In

## INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Branch Offee, 67 8tate St., Albany

Gmorge barolat moffat.
ALIEXANDER M. WHity, JE
MOFFAT \& WHITE

## BANKERS,

Members New York Stock Eirohange,
NO. 1 NASSAU STREEET, NEW YORE.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

## Sankexs (fazette.

DIVIDENDS.

| Name of Oompany. | Per Oent. | When Payable | Books closed. (Days inclusive.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rallroads (Steam). <br> Atlantic Coast Line (Oonn.) | 212221 | Sopt. 15 | Sept. | to | Sept. 16 |
| Chic Ind. \& Loulsv., pref . |  | Oct. 15 | Oct. 2 | to | Oct. 15 |
| Little Miami, guar. (quar.) |  | Sept. 10 | Sept. | to | Scpt. 9 |
| Portland \& Rumt'd Falls (quar.) |  | Sept. 15 | Sept. | to | Sept. 15 |
| Street Railways. <br> South Bide El., Chio. (quar.).... <br> Miscellaneous. | 34 | Sept. 29 | Scpt. 19 | to | Oct. 1 |
| Andover Iron | 522 | Sept. 1 | Aug. 16 |  |  |
| Cambria Iron |  |  | Hoiders of rec. Sept. 15 |  |  |
| Consol. Gas, N. Y. (quar |  | Sept. 15 | Scpt. 6 | to | Sept. 16 |
| Continental Tobacoo, pref | $1{ }^{3} 4$ | Oct. 1 | Scpr. 16 | to | Oct. 1 |
| Rapublic Ir. \& Steel, pref. (quar.) | $19_{4}$ | Oct. 1 | Scpt. 23 | to | Scpt. 30 |
| Rubber Goods, com. (quar.) | 1 | Oct. 16 | Oct. 7 | to | Oct. 15 |
| " ${ }^{\text {" pref. (quar.) }}$ | 184 | Sept. 15 | Sept. 9 | to | Sept. 16 |
| United States Printing (quar.) | $1{ }^{1}$ | Scpt. 1 | Aug. 22 | to | Aug. 31 |
| Va.-Car. Chem., com. (quar.). | 1 | Sept. 1 | Aug. 29 | to | Aug. 31 |

WALL BTREET, FRIDAY, AUG. 31, 1900.-5 P. M.
The Money Market and Financial Situation.-There are no substantial evidences of a broader interest in the security markets this week. It is claimed in certain quarters that there is a better demand for some classes of securities, but if such is the case the demand is apparently limited to Board-room traders, and the volume of business is still very small. No doubt business in Wall Street will increase to some extent upon the return of capitalists and investors as the midsummer holiday period closes.

The news of the week, both foreign and domestic, is in the main favorable. The situation in China is evidently clearing up, and other international complications of less interest to us seem to be progressing towards a settlement. The political campaign, which is rapidly absorbing public attention and will have an influence more or less important upon all industrial enterprises during the next two months, has not assumed any new phases.

Reports of railway earnings now being published show the effect of increased cost of labor and material in final results. While gross receipts are generally larger, the net earnings are in a number of cases smaller than during the corresponding period last year.
The open market rates for call loans on the Stock Exchange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from $11 / 4$ to $11 / 2$ per cent. To-day's rates on call were $11 / 4$ to $11 / 2$ per cent. Prime commercial paper 4 to $51 / 2$ per cent.

Tho Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed an increase in bullion of $£ 2,014,821$ and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was $47 \cdot 38$, against 41.04 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France shows an increase of $1,825,000$ francs in yold and a decrease of 600,000 francs in silver.

The New York City Clearing-House banks, in their statement of Aug. 25 showed an increase in the reserve held of $\$ 5,091,500$ and a surplus over the required reserve of $\$ 23,888,925$ against $\$ 20,557,050$, the previous week.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1900 . \\ & \text { Aug. } 25 . \end{aligned}$ | Differen'sfr'm <br> Prev, week. | $\begin{gathered} 1899 . \\ \text { Aug. } 26 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1898 . \\ \text { Aug. } 27 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ 74,222,700 \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 58,922,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 59,022,700 \end{gathered}$ |
| Surplus | 91,035.000 |  | 77,382,600 | 75,292,300 |
| Losns \& diso'nts. | 817,402,300 | Inc .2,518,700 | 756,789,900 | 672,091,800 |
| Oiroulation. | 28,586,000 | 1n0. 502,400 | 14,072,400 | 14,123,300 |
| Not depos | 901,356,300 | In, $7,038,500$ | 858,135,100 | 760,234,400 |
| Bpecie | 173,531,200 | Inc.4,608,300 | 172,381,100 | 155,968,700 |
| Legal tenders | 75,696,800 | [no. 483,200 | 54,531,200 | 55,433,200 |
| Reserve held. | 249,228,000 | Ino $5,091,500$ | 226,912,300 | 211,401,900 |
| Legal reservo. | 225,339,075 | 1n0.1,759,625 | 214,533,775 | 190,058,600 |
| Surplus reserve | 23,888,925 | Inc.3,331,875 | 12,378,525 | 21,343,300 |

Note.-Returns of separate banks appear on page 423.
Foreign Exchange. - The market for foreign exchange has been dull and relatively steady. Both the offerings and inquiry for bills were limited, and rates are practically unchanged.
To-day's actual rates of exchange were as follows: Bankers' sixty days'sterling, $4841 / 4 @ 4841 / 2$; demand, $4871 / 2 @ 4873 / 4$; cables, $4881 / 4 @ 4881 / 2$; prime commercial, sixty days, $4833 / 4 @$ 484 ; documentary commercial, sixty days, $4831 / 4 @ 484 \frac{1}{2}$; grain for payment, $4841 / 4 @ 4841 / 2$; corton for payment, $4831 / 4$ @4 831/2; cotton for acceptance, 4 883/4@484.
Posted rates of leading bankers foliow:

| August 31. | Sixty days. | Demand. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers' ${ }^{\text {atering bllis on London. }}$ |  | 48818 |
| Prime commerclal..... |  |  |
| Paris bankers' (franos) |  | 5164015 |
| Amsterdam (gullders) ba | 40 \$401 | 403 |
| Frankfortor Bremen (relohmaris) | 945899411 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $9531 ¢$ |
| ${ }^{*}$ Less $1_{18}$. |  |  |
| The following were the rates | domestio | ange on |
| New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, |  |  |
| buying 1-16 discount, selling 1-16 premium; Charleston, |  |  |
| buying par, selling 1-10 premium; New Orleans, bank, \$10) |  |  |
| nium ; commercial, 75 c . dis | nt; Chic | go, 15 c . |

count; St. Louis; 50c. per $\$ 1,000$ premium; San Francisco, sc. per $\$ 100$ premium.

United States Bonds.-Sales of Government bonds at the board were $\$ 2,0003 \mathrm{~s}$, registered at $1091 /$; $\$ 46,0003 \mathrm{~s}$, coup., at $1091 / 4 ; \$ 4,0004 \mathrm{~s}$, coup., $19 \cdot 25$, at $1341 / 4$ and $\$ 5004 \mathrm{~s}$; coup., 1907, at $1151 / 4$. The following are the daily closing quotations; for yearly range see seventh page following.

|  | Interest Periods. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 25 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } \\ 27 . \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{28}{A_{2} u g .}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } \\ 29 . \end{gathered}$ | Aug. 30 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } \\ \mathbf{3 1} . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2s, 30-year, rel'd'g $\dagger$ |  | *103s |  | *103 ${ }^{4}$ | *1033 | *103 | *10312 |
| 2s, do do ..reg. |  | *1033 |  | *1033 | ${ }^{*} 103{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }^{*} 10312$ |
| 3s, 1918 .........reg. | Q. - Feb. | *109 | *109 | 109 L | *109 | ${ }^{*} 109$ | *109 |
| 38, 1918 .........ooup. | Q. - Feb. | *109 | *109 | *109 | 10914 | *109 | *109 |
| 3s, 1918, small.reg. | - Feb. | *109 | * 109 | * 109 | ${ }^{\text {+109 }}$ | *109 | * 109 |
| 38, 1918, small. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. l . $48,1907 . . . . . . \mathrm{reg}$. | Q. - Feb. | *115 | *115 | +115 | *115 | *115 | *1143 |
| 4.s, 1907 ...... oonp. | Q. - Jan. | +115 | *115 | -115 | * 115 | *115 | -114\% |
| 4s, 1925 .........reg. | Q. - Feb. | ${ }^{1} 13318$ | *134 | *134 | *13414 | *134. | *1333 |
| 48, 1925 ...... 00up. | Q. - Feb. | ${ }^{*} 1331_{2}$ | *134 | 13414 | *13414 | *134 | *133s |
| 58, 1904 .........reg. | Q. - Feb. | ${ }^{*} 1121_{3}$ | *11218 | $\times 11212$ | *1124 | *11219 | 1121 |
| 5s, 1904 ...... 00up. | Feb | * 11212 | 112 | 11218 | +11212 | 1121 | 11218 |

* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

Coins.-Following are the current quotations in gold for coins and bullion
Sovereigns...
Napoleons........ 25 Pesetas.
Span. Doubloons. 1550
Fine gold bars. $\qquad$


State and Railroad Bonds.-Sales of State bonds at the Board include $\$ 5,000$ Virginia 6 deferred trust receipts at $61 / 2, \$ 500$ Virginia fund. debt $2-3$ s of 1991 at $891 / 2, \$ 2,000$ Louisiana consol. 4s at 108 and $\$ 6,000$ Tennessee settlement 3s at 95.

The market for railway bonds has been steady to firm, and nearly all active issues are fractionally higher than our last quotations. Although there are not so many conspicuously strong features as were noted last week, a few issues made a substantial advance.

The daily transactions averaged about $\$ 1,000,000$, par value, in which Atchison, Baltimore \& Obio, Central of Georgia, Missouri Kansas \& Texas, Reading, St. Louis Southwestern, Union Pacific and Wabash bonds were conspicuous.
Stock and Bond Sales. - The following shows the volume of business in stocks and bonds on the New York Stock Ex. ohange for the past week and since Jan, 1:


We add the following record of the dally transactions:


Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks. The stock market opened weak on Monday, when there was more activity than during the past two weeks, and prices generally declined. Tuesday's market was steady, and on Wednesday the tone was firmer and early losses were generally recovered. Thursday and to-day the market has been steady, with trading largely professional and fluctuations unintportant. The volume of business was limited to an average of 150,000 shares per day.

The coal stocks were the weak features of the railway list on rumors of possible labor troubles in the coal regions. Central of New Jersey declined $31 / 2$ points, but recovered a part of the loss. The grangers were inclined to weakness on traffic reports issued showing an increase in operating expenses as compared with last year. Local transportation issues were relatively firm, Manhattan Elerated and Metropolitan Street Railway showing fractional net gains Long Island, which has been quite inactive of late, sold 61\% points below the last previous selling price on the offering of 200 shares, recovering 4 points to-day.

American Tin Plate led the miscellaneous list in the mat ter of advance, showing a net gain of $31 / 4$ points. The iron and steel stocks were strong on rumors of improving conditions in the industries they represent. American Tobacco, Continental Tobacco and General Electric were firm features. American Sugar Refining and Consolidated Gus each declined, the former losing nearly 4 points.

New York Stock Exchange-A Daily, Weekly and Yearly Record.

on thal day. Lesi than 100 tharom
OUT8IDE 8ECURITIE8 (Given at foot of 7 OONseoutive pages), - ST REET RAILWAYS, dic.

|  | Bla. | Aak |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | - 100 | (108 |  |  |  | Surih A |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{110}$ |  |  |  |  | Sor |  | ${ }_{115}^{725}$ | , |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{109}$ | alrd Ave |  |  | B. $\mathrm{L}^{\text {a }}$ |  | ${ }_{884}^{108}$ |
|  |  | - 117 |  |  | ${ }_{7}^{408}$ | ${ }_{\text {Tarry }}$ |  |  | Brooky |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Lix |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



SEPT. 1; 1000.]
THE CHRONICLE-BOND PRIOES (5 pages) PaGs 1.


OUT8IDE 8ECURITIE8 (GIVEN AT FOOT OF 7 CONSEOUTIVE PAGES).-GAS SECURITTES, dec.

| Btreot Hallwaym. | Bid. | Ant | Gra Socurilles. | Bid. | All. | Gane Seourision. | Bid. | Ank. | Gmesecaritios. | Bid. | Anl. |
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| lo side Bil (Chlo)-8tock. 17reoneeRap.TT., 5 , 1940 |  | 00 |  |  |  | N Y a Haict R1ver cas- |  |  |  |  | 300 |
| Onton Trap (Chio) Com. | ${ }^{812}$ | is | NEW YORE. |  |  | 1st 5i $1844 \ldots \ldots . . . . J d J J$ | ${ }^{8} 110$ | 118 | 1ncinnatl Gsas Coke hl Gan L \& Heat-Com. |  | 58 |
| Proferred. | 51 | ${ }^{5176}$ | Gant Union Gam-1at 5 | 8108 | 108 | Nor On 1at 5ileaz..Mon | 108 | 104 | Proferr |  | ${ }_{89}^{81}$ |
| Profarred | ${ }_{68}^{20 x}$ | 88 | Con Gai (NY)-8toot-N | Y ${ }^{\text {8tz }}$ | ${ }_{98}$ | Btanderred............. | 180 | ${ }_{148}^{128}$ |  | 10 |  |
| Gen 48198 |  | ${ }^{856}$ | Equit Gam- |  |  |  | 160 |  | - Istor 1988.........Jat | 80 | 881/4 |
| Tant Chicas |  | ${ }_{100}^{1114}$ |  | 8118 300 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 116 \\ & 310 \end{aligned}\right.$ | Baltimore Connolldat-8s |  |  | - minol Gat (Pitta) ..... ${ }_{\text {Prof. }}$ |  |  |
|  | 10 | 103 |  |  |  | Bay 8tate Gaa-.......... |  | 136 | Bond | 118 | 1133/4 |
| Proforred ... ........... | 100 | 38 |  | \$10826 | 108 | Boiton Unitedaae Rondi- | orto |  | Mnum Gas (J.......Men | 108 | 106 |
|  |  |  | Gold 68 -See ${ }^{\text {N. }}$. Y. Stz. | Elich. | List | 1st 5 B Bonds......... |  | 65\% | BAnd intareot |  |  |



OUT8IDE SECURITIES (GIVEN AT FOOT OF 7 OONSEOUTIVE PAGES).一GAS, TEL. \& $1 E L E P E$., de

| Gan Socurition. | Bla. | Ask. | , | Bid. |  | Gae Socurlites. | Bid. | A | Teleg. 8 | 31d. | Ask. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dotrolt Gan- dee N Y Hxo | h. 116L | 40 | K8nsa, City Gas......100 | 1 981. | 101 | Ohio \&Ind Con Nat \& 111- | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 68 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Amorican dis Tolepur | 8tock | Irala |
| Fort Wavne (Ind).......... | $88^{\circ}$ | 45 | Laclede Gai-N Y Ytook | Brah. |  | Peoples Gar \& Coro-N Y | 8took | Broh | Bell Teleph, of Batfalo.. | 1184 | $10{ }^{\circ \prime}$ |
| 1at 8! 1985...........JdJ Cand Rauld --stoot | 60 108 | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ .08 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Latayette (Ind) Gat...... | 40 81 | 48 | Philadelphla Co-See Bos Providence Gam...... 50 | $\begin{aligned} & \tan L \\ & +943 \end{aligned}$ |  | Central do south Amer.io | 108 | 106 |
| Grand Raplde-stook...... | \$1083 | 106 | Loganspt ${ }^{\text {L }}$ Wab Vai- | 81 |  | Providence (Moseph (Mo)............ | 30 | 3ï\% | 511909-99........J.J.J | $109{ }^{\circ}$ | 104 |
| Hartiord (Ct) GanL... 25 | + 48 | 51 | 2Et 6ı1985 .......J搝D | 60 | 63 | 581987.............JdeJ | \% 98 | 98 |  | 165 |  |
| Hrdson Co | 85 108 | 108 | Madison (Win) Gar-8tok | 8101 | 75 105 | S: Paul Ga-8took...ip ${ }^{\text {con }}$ | 16 +80 | 58 | Commer Union Tel ( NY ). | 110 |  |
| Indlans Nat \& |  |  | Newart Gas 681914 | 189 |  | Syraoune Gay-Btook..... |  | 14 | \%rio Toleg devep-S68 8 | tok Bix | 88 |
| 1at 6i1808 ...... M\&N | 61 | 65 | Newart Conmol Gan .ioo | 56 |  | 10t 5s 1946.........JdJ | 88 80 | 98 |  | 48 | 8 |
| Indianapolif Gas-Btock. | 80 | 87 100 | 5ı 1948 ............J\&D | 1:08 | 109\% |  | 90 | 95 | fand interest †Prion | or sb |  |


| BONDS. <br> M.Y. BTOOK EXOHANGE <br> Week miding aug. 31. |  | Week's Range or Last Sale. | cex mix | Range Jan. 1. | N. Y. BTOCK EXCHANGE WEEE ENDNG AUG. 31. |  | Price Aug. 3ı. | Week's Ranoe or Last Bale. |  | Range Janes. 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bid. } \\ & 108 \mathrm{~m} / 2 \mathrm{k} . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Iowa or 1at gold $7 . .11909$ | 127 |  |  | , |  |  |  | $105^{108} \text { Mas'0 }^{1029}$ |  |  |
| Sonth Wento | ${ }_{1281}^{128}$ | ${ }^{188}{ }^{183}$ Aug ${ }^{\text {May }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1it oons gold 31. | *114 | 1131/ 114 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 1st and ratnnd. |  | 97\% 971/6 | - | 98 90匃 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| n\&filqn. |  |  |  |  | NYNH\& Hart 1utreg 43.03 |  | 1023 103\% |  |  |  |
| M SBMMA 18 stg |  |  |  |  | Oonvert deb oertisi,000.. | A- |  |  |  | ${ }_{85} 85 \times 191$ |
| StP888M 00 |  |  |  |  | 8mall | M- | 130." | 188 Apr ${ }^{\text {apo }}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Kssn}^{\text {¢ }}$ Te | 82 |  |  | 881/3 934 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2d gold 41. |  |  | 38 | 88 |  |  |  | J8n.'00 |  | - |
| Borner Baf ${ }^{\text {Oog }}$ |  | 100\% Nov |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | $102 \quad 107$ |
| MEA WTofTlit | $911 /$ | 92Y 93\% |  |  | Rogis 85,000 onl 7.11992 | M-8, |  | ${ }_{101 \%}^{218}$ Nov'g8 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}102 & 107 \\ \cdots & \end{array}$ |
| 8h\&80u |  | 98 Aug'00 |  | $92 \times 1880$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 104 | $10{ }^{1}$ |  |  | Tex $\$ \mathrm{M}$. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 114 | ${ }^{11887}$ Aug |  | ${ }_{11212}^{112} 11816$ | Nor \& Bouth 1st $\mathrm{g} 5 \mathrm{~A} . . .1941$ Norf \& Wert-Gen g 8x. 1931 |  |  | 114X J'ne'00 19934 Aug'00 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 1164 \\ 29 & 1891\end{array}$ |
| Trnst 8 8s.............1919 ${ }^{19}$ | 9836 Salile | 88\% | - 92 | 94 10178 | New ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reziter | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lat ooll gc: Rejilutere | 90 | 91 |  | 80 98\% |  |  | 97\% Bale | 97\% ${ }_{\text {97\% }}{ }^{\text {97\% }}$ |  | 97\% $97 \%$ |
|  |  | $\dddot{940}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Jne ${ }^{\circ} 0$ |  |  | meal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pao R or Mo 1 at |  | 1058 Jan '00 |  | 1052 1054 | OO \% Tis gng 51.101922 |  |  | 101 |  | 9\% ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{log}$ |
| 8 Ltont \& Iron |  |  |  |  | North Hilnois. Buchi ${ }^{\text {d }}$ NW. |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Unit \& ret | 788\% | 79 | 14 |  | Prior |  | 104\% Sa |  | 78 |  |
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| Mob Jack \& |  |  |  |  | 2 d 51. |  |  | 3118 | 2 | 10 |
| Mob \& Unio new |  | 128 Aug'00 |  | $120{ }^{\circ} 198^{\circ}$ |  |  |  | 1003/ Aug'00 |  | 97\% ${ }^{983} 1003 / 8$ |
| lst extenion |  |  | - $\cdot \stackrel{\circ}{8}$ | $\begin{array}{rl}12031886 \\ 83 & 87\end{array}$ |  |  | -...... ${ }^{88 \%} 118$ |  |  | ${ }_{113}^{88 \%} 100$ |
| Montgom Div 1ntg 51.19 | 106 | 108' Aug'00 |  | 1083/ 108\% | Nor Ry Oal. Son |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Morris \& Finsex. Seu Del Lds |  |  |  |  | General goia bu. . . . . . 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |
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| 1st oon goiol Bio......... | 108 |  |  | 100\% 100\% | Ry \% Nar See Un Pao |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1stigild 6 J | 109 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 lst bs Mol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| H\&D. San PNH\&H |  |  |  |  | Pacomitco-lst g 51.1948 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N J Juno RR Sea N $Y$ Oent. |  |  |  |  | Panams litufg $31 / 1 . .1917$ |  |  | 316 May'00 |  |  |
| Now \& Oin Bage, Sos Penn OC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N Y BEln \& Man Bh. Sce |  |  |  |  | Regintered.........1981 |  | $115^{*} 178^{\prime \prime}$ | 1113 J8n. ${ }^{1}$ | 0 | 111 |
| Y Oont <br> Reglate |  |  |  |  |  |  | 119 | Nor'98 |  |  |
| G 3\%fs |  | 110 | 9 | 108\%8111 | Bogintored ........1832 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debent |  | 10 | 5 |  | Olev \& Plttioon ¢ P 7 7 .1900 |  |  |  |  | , |
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OUTSIDE 8ECURITIES（GIVEN AT FOOT OF 7 CONSEOUTIVE PAGES）．－BANKS \＆MISCELL＇S．

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| Foarth | ${ }^{89}$ | 1165 <br> 175 | 23d | 1885 |  | Met |  |  |
| Gallatin | 380 |  | Weat | 375 |  | NYII | 1975 | 1195 |
| Gansero |  |  |  | 41 |  |  |  |  |
| German |  | 180 | Yorkville |  |  | al Est |  |  |
| German | 285 |  | Br＇K |  |  | Btandard $T r^{\prime}$ | 210 |  |
| Gormanl |  |  |  |  | 20 | ${ }_{\text {Tr．}}^{\text {Tr．}}$ |  |  |
| Hamilto | 145 |  |  | 245 |  | Uni | 1900 | 1400 |
| no |  | 485 | ${ }_{\text {Brook }}$ | 110 | 85 |  |  |  |
| Imp a Trad． |  | 680 |  | 100 | 110 |  | 990 |  |
| Irvin | 180 | 180 | First． |  | 300 |  |  |  |
| Liber | ${ }^{210}$ |  | Hamilton |  |  | BR＇KLYN |  |  |
|  |  |  | Mannfaot |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manhatt | 285 | 880 | Mechani | 180 |  | Flatb |  |  |
| Market ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 210 | 3330 | Mech \＆ | 270 |  | Erankilin |  |  |
| Meohanion | ${ }_{95}^{800}$ | l $\begin{aligned} & 210 \\ & 100\end{aligned}$ | Meroh | 100 |  | Hamilio |  |  |
| Meroantlie | ＊20 |  |  | ${ }^{285}$ |  | L |  |  |
| Meroh |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meroha |  | 180 |  |  |  |  | 85 |  |
| Mt Morr | $\begin{aligned} & 375 \\ & 185 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | sc |  |  | ， |  |  |

Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore Stock Exchanges-A Daily and Vearly Record.


## Thurstment and findroad gntelligente.

## RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every Steam railroad from whioh regular weekly or monthly returns an be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.


[^0]Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.-The latest weokly earnings in the foregoing are separately summed up as follows: For the third week of August our statement covers 63 roads and these show 6.98 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

| $3{ }^{\text {d w }}$ week of Augusl. | 1900. | 1899. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 8 |
| Alabama Gt. Sonthern. | 42,977 | 40,771 | 2,206 |  |
| Ann Arbor......inio.... | 27,824 $108,0^{\text {a }}$ | 29,848 97.529 | 15,471 | 2,024 |
| Burl. Ced. Rap. \& Nortb | 94,4.38 | 99302 | 15,4 | 4,864 |
| Oanadian Paoiflic.. | 587,004 | 550,014 | 37,000 |  |
| Contral of Georgi. | 101,49 ${ }^{1}$ | 87,49 | 7,346 |  |
| Chattanooga sonthern | 289, 83 | 246, 77 | 43,657 |  |
| Ohicago \& East. Illinols | 110.14 | 118,5\%8 |  | 8,329 |
| Oul. Great Western. | 126,87 | 132,630 |  | 5,759 |
| Ohic. Indplis \& Louisv. | 74.58 | 83,132 |  | 8,550 |
| Onleago M11w. \& 8t. Pau | 836,171 26.396 | 761,13 ${ }_{25,123}$ | 75,341 |  |
| Choc. Okla \& Gulf... | 62,25 | 26, 18. | 35,77 |  |
| Cln , A.O. \& Tex. Pacillo | 82,765 | 82,94.9 |  | 4 |
| Onev, Min. Chio. \& 8t. 1 | 319.61 t | 303,469 | 16,14\% |  |
| Peoria \& Eastern..... | 3!,800 | 39,64: |  | ,898 |
| Clev. Loraln \& Wheel'g Col. Sandusky \& Hook'g | $\begin{aligned} & 39,015 \\ & 17,959 \end{aligned}$ | 34,9, |  | 1,113 |
| Denver \& Rio Grande. | 227,6 4 | 174,800 | 52,80 |  |
| Duluth So. Shore \& Ati | 51,588 | 56,663 |  | 5,075 |
| Evansv. d Indianapolie | 7,086 | 8,495 |  |  |
| Evans\%. \& Terre Hante | 32,27 <br> $5,7-8$ |  |  | 2,025 980 |
| Ft. Worth \& Rio Grande Georgia | 27,10 ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ | 25,891 | 1,215 |  |
| Grand Trunk. | 499,29 | 466,744 | 22,551 |  |
| Hooking Valley | 101, 63 | 86,998 | 14,085 |  |
| Intorn' \& Gt. North'n . | 64,89 | 71,433 |  | 6,538 |
| Iowa Contral. | 41,608 | 52,2 |  | 10,633 |
| Eanawha \& Michican. | 16,407 | 12,519 | 3,888 |  |
| Kan. City Ft. 8. \& Mem. Kan. Clty Mem. \& Birm | 107,614 30,680 | 110,357 23,91 | 6,689 | 2,743 |
| Lonisv. Evaners \& St. | 42.0 n 3 | 40,813 | 1,25 |  |
| Louisville \& Nashille. | 483.14: | 447,500 |  | 14,355 |
| Mexican Central. | 276,5=1 | 263,692 | 12,888 |  |
|  | 133,03 | 123,337 | 9,693 4,614 |  |
| Minn. St. P. \& S. Ste. M. | 80, $2 \times 4$ | 82,964 |  | 2,435 |
| Mo. Kanias do Trexas | 258,58x | 247,144 | 11,444 |  |
| Mo. Pacitic \& Iron Mt. | 617,0 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 533,00 | 74,000 |  |
| Central Branch. | 32,000 | 28,000 | 4,000 |  |
| Mob. Jaokson \& K. Cilty. | 2,51:3 | 1,749 | 764 |  |
| E. Y. Untario of Westers. | 110,020 | 107,991 | 2,029 |  |
| Nortnern Pacifio | 630,57 | - 232,137 |  |  |
| Ohlo River.. | 33, 90 | 31,89, | 3,395 |  |
| Pere Marquette. | 168,671 | 15 1,235 | 18,436 |  |
| Pittsh. Bess. \& L. Erie.. | 47.344 | 46,500 | 1,014 |  |
| Pittsburg \& Western... | 66,816 | 68,997 |  | 2,181 |
| Bio Grande Southern... | 11,101 | 14.,205 | 16,800 |  |
| St. Louis \& San Fran. | 182,72. | 160.357 | 22,363 |  |
| Et. Louis southwestern. | 113,867 | 105,791 | 8,076 |  |
| 8herman 8hreve. \& So.. | 8,066 | 5,649 | 2,417 |  |
| gouthern Rallway -q.e.0. | 606,5 6 | 579,513 | 27,023 |  |
| Teras \& Paolite ......... | 134.211 | 133,836 | 6,9 |  |
| Toledo Pooria \& West'n. | 46.242 20,921 | 39,295 | 6,9 |  |
| Wabash...........e.e..... | 348,425 | 334, 79 | 14,146 |  |
| Wheoling \& Lake Erie. | 35,0<8 | 35,201 |  | 3 |
| Oleveld Canton \& 80. | 19,048 | 16,763 | 2,285 |  |
| isconsin Oentral. | 103,050 | 108,221 |  | 5,171 |
| Total (63 roads) | 9,233,991 | 8,63:,206 | 697,454 | 94,669 |
| Net increase 1698 n. o. ... |  | ...... | 602,785 | ......... |

For the second week of August our final statement covers 68 roads, and shows 8.25 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

| 2d wocek of August. | 1900. | 1899. | Increase. | Deerease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Previously rep'd (60 r'ds) | 8,961.071 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 74,308 \end{aligned}$ |
| Barl. Ced. Rav. \& North. | 87,137 | 87,826 |  | 689 |
| Cbattanooga sonthern... | 2,158 | 1.67 | 481 |  |
| Interocoauic ( Uex.). | 72,800 | 69.900 | 2,900 |  |
| Mexican Rallway. | 88,400 | 82,200 | 6,700 |  |
| Mexioan Bouthern..... | 13,883 | 15,036 | -...... | 1,153 |
| Santa Fe Pras. \& Phosnix. | 17,010 | 19,049 |  | 2,039 |
| Sherman shreve. \& 80... | 6,876 | 5.471 | 1,40 |  |
| Texas Cen | 7,972 | 5,894 | 2,078 |  |
| Total (68 roads). | 9,257,807 | 8,552,625 | 783,371 | 78,189 |
| Net increase 18.25 b. 0.1.. | -... |  | 705,182 |  |

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates,-The table following shows the gross and net earnings of STEAM railroads reported thisweek. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given onoe a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the Chronicle of Augast 18, 1900. The next will appear in the issue of Septembor 22, 1900.

| Boads. | Gross Earnings. |  | --Net Earnings.-- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ourrent | Previous |
|  | Year. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year. } \\ \$ \mathbf{8} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year. } \\ & \varnothing 8 \end{aligned}$ | Year. |
| bama Gt. 80'th.aJuly | 149,685 | 157,066 | 35,321 | 52,079 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31.... | 1,139,968 | 1,053,568 | 298,016 | 293,088 |
| Alabama Midl'nd lb Juno | 56,894. | 79,629 | 14,302 | 30,070 |
| Jan. 1 to June 30.. | 481,948 | 400,507 | 86.314 | 45,617 |
| July 1 to Juno 30. | 949,651 | 835,011 | 201,326 | 136,676 |
| Allegheny Vallev.t.July | 1298,335 | 308,732 | 88,818 | 121,303 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31. | 1,935,087 | 1.750,896 | 566,541 | 647,225 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31....26,400,931 22,668,294 110690369 17,497,648 |  |  |  |  |
| Bellefonto Ceniral. July | 2,318 | 2,055 | 521 | 847 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31.... | 26,686 | 16,094 | 8,479 | 2,501 |


| ads. | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-Gross Earnings.- } \\ & \text { Ourrent Previous } \\ & \text { Year. Year. } \end{aligned}$$8$$\$$ |  | -Nel Na Ourrent Year. 8 | rinings.- <br> Preoimes <br> Year. <br> 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ck\&W |  |  |  |  |
| n. 1 to June | 341,249 | 310,545 | 117,874 |  |
| July 1 to June 3 |  | 631,211 | 237,423 | 17 |
| ff R. \& Pittbe.b.July | 475.686 | 268,673 | 197,566 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 | 209,719 | 2,065, 161 | 1,441,054 |  |
| adian Paotita.a. | 2,471,170 | 2,385,625 | 4 | 972,962 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 |  |  | 6,162,321 | , |
| nt. of Georgin .a June | 407,600 | 371,061 | 75,755 |  |
| Jan. 1 to June *0 | .918.856 | 2,613 642 |  |  |
| July 1 to Jume 30 | 8,086,264 | 5,767,3\&6 | 1,879,858 |  |
| t. of Georgia.a.July | 523.084 | 428.702 | 153,873 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July | ,441,940 | 3,042,344 |  |  |
| ar.a Bavannab.t June | 49,452 | 64394 | 91.5.112 | 40,266 |
| Jan. 1 to June | 07.306 | 39К.222 | 99.869 |  |
| July 1 to June | 878.550 | 669,301 | 120,146 |  |
| esap. \& Obin M..July | ,198,633 | 1,051,155 | 485,605 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 | ,23,107 | 6,802,295 | 2,381,296 | 2,1 |
| c. Barl. \& Qnin. Hu | -07, | , | 1 | 1,359,733 |
| Jan. I to July |  |  | 8,458658 | 8,339,825 |
| 16. M. \& 8t. P a..July | 3,220,327 | 3,381,474 | 1 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July | , | , | 6,456,8y4 | 6,983,613 |
| a. N. O. \& T. P. . . July | 421,786 | 397,663 | 07,500 | 142.912 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 | ,940,753 | 2,618,142 | 23,913 |  |
| Oin.Chic.\&8t. L.aJuly | ,362,648 | 1,254,798 | 356.249 | 40 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31. | 9,492,787 | 8,190,912 | 2,603,740 | 2,15 |
| anria \& East'n a.July | 170,870 | 185 |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to July | 69,218 |  | 8 |  |
| nv. \& Rio G'r. b.July | 952,553 | 708,453 | 339,074 |  |
| Jan 1 to July 31 | 5,881,278 | 5,105,821 | 2,044,092 | $1,791$ |
| A.x.... - July | 3,215,008 | 3.302 .533 | 940.914 | 914,570 |
| Jan. 1 to July 31. |  |  | ,987,796 | 4,506,227 |
| Findiay Ft.W.dW.b June |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to June? ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 47,283 | 49,0 | 6.5 |  |
| July 1 to June 30 | 16.226 | 98.995 | 15,945 |  |
| W. d Den.Cl'v.b July | 143,033 | 114,332 | 36,830 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 | 1, | 839,727 | 168.757 | 167 |
| orgta.a.... .. July |  | 116 |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31 | 027,254 | , | 6 | 49 |
| Gocking Vallev a..July | 386,874 | 315783 |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to July $31 \ldots$ | 2,594,448 | 1,750,664 | 1,028,527 |  |
| Lehigh Valley Rer.aJuly | 2,030,106 | 2,339,89 | 273.871 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 3 | , | 12,716,164 | 1.878 .941 | 2,120,829 |
| Dec. 1 to July 31 | 6,238, | 4,613,627 | 2,286,698 | 2,471,519 |
| high V. Coal 'ro.aJuly | 1.704.216 | 1,578, | df117 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July -1.. | ,2<0,481 | 9,584,010 | df.573.6 |  |
| Dec. 1 to July 31.... | 046 | , | di. 557 , |  |
| Mex. International.July | 409,0 42 | 393,008 | 146.103 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July 31. | 3,081,468 | 2,669,700 | 1,229.842 | 1,199.038 |
| dland Term'l. ... June | 68,521 | 48.013 | 28,732 |  |
| Dec. 1 to June 30 | 430,317 | 303,853 | 197,941 | 130 |
| nn. \& St. Loula.a.July | 251,296 | 240,160 | 80, 01 |  |
| Jan 1 to July 31.... | ,567,195 | 1,49 | 81 |  |
| New London Northern- |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 1 to June | 227,358 | 233,830 | 7,257 |  |
| Jan. 1 to June 30 | 450.892 | 453,208 | 88,361 | 2,318 |
| N. Y.sus. \& West.a.July | 185,765 | 221,970 | 76,770 | 99,417 |
| Sorthern Central. b.July | 595,515 |  | 12,632 |  |
| Jan. 1 to July $31 .$. | 398,409 | 3,762,309 | 1,135,316 |  |
| Ogdens. \& L. Champl.b- |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 1 to June 30.. | 155,299 | 149,539 | 48,937 |  |
| Jan. 1 to June 30 | 269,707 | 282,831 | 78,92 |  |


\section*{Pennsylvania- <br> Lines dirently} | East of Pitte o E.July |
| :--- |
| Jan. 1 to July $31 \ldots 90,095$ | West of Pitte F.July Deo. 52,900 De0. 277.200 Jan. 1 to July 31... Inc.3,665,800 Inc. 512,300 $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Phil. Wilm. \& Balt.bJuly } & 941,7,8 & 897,478 & 304,931 & 302,034 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 & 6,380,889 & 5,892,489 & 1,791,844 & 1.693,894\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July 31 } \ldots . . & \mathbf{6 , 3 8 0 , 8 8 9} & 5,892,489 & 1,791,844 & 1.693,894 \\ \text { Nov. } 1 \text { to July } 31 \ldots . . & 8,292,151 & 7,557,651 & 2,441,793 & 2,193,293\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Gich. Fred. \& Pot June } & 108,046 & 104,059 & 24,106 & 29 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to June 30.... } & 544,353 & 482,174 & 224,247 & 176,773 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to June } 30 . . . & 993,252 & 898,260 & 421,202 & 326,058\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Bt. Jos. \& Gd. If1-a.July } & 109,466 & 132,078 & 35,233 & 41,910 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 \ldots . . & 752,856 & 740,305 & 153,577 & 155,622\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { st. Louls\& \&an Fr b.July } & 712,433 & 561,945 & 294,632 & 193,798 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 . \ldots . & 4,511,225 & 4,082,231 & 1,782,818 & 1,544.826\end{array}$

 Sav. Fla. \& Wert b.June $416,063 \quad 375,096 \quad 175,000 \quad 205,237$ $\begin{array}{llrrrrr}\text { Jun. } 1 \text { to June June } 30 \ldots . . & 2,403,892 & 1,940,343 & 739,644 & 506,002 \\ \text { July } & 1,760 & 3,992,196 & 1,2 \varepsilon 9,106 & 1,022,677\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrrr}\text { 81lv.Rp. Ocala d H bJuno } & 20,617 & 28,316 & 2,674 & 18,438 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to June } 30 & 142.929 & 161,536 & 74,384 & 100935\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrrr}\text { Jun. } 1 \text { to June June } 30 & \ldots & 142,929 & 161,536 & 74,384 & 100935 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to } & 300,939 & 158,159 & 182,058\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Bonthern Rallw'r.aJuly } & 2,530,851 & 2,279,165 & 643,105 & 659.523 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 . & 17,829,047 & 15,723,231 & 4,614,927 & 4,519.075\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Coleno \& O. Cer, .a.July } & 211,251 & 168,886 & 59.391 & 57,934 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 \ldots . . & 1,483,431 & 1,068,305 & 424,988 & 297,357\end{array}$ Troy \& New E: glandApr. 1 to June 30

## ter \& Delawhra

 Apr. 1 to Junc 3 $30 . .$.6.442

6,586
401
480

| Apr. 1 to Junc 30.... | 127,261 | 108,045 | 22,875 | 30,31 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jan. 1 to June 30... | 216,272 | 180,014 | 48,425 | 41,86 | $\begin{array}{rrrrrrr}\text { Wabash.b........ July } & \mathbf{1 . 3 5 0 , 1 0 5} & \mathbf{1 . 2 7 3}, 185 & 350,708 & 904,084 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 32 \ldots & 9,1 \mathbf{1 , 4 3 7} & \mathbf{8 , 2 6 8 , 0 3 7} & 2,361,800 & 2,301,753\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llrrrr}\text { W. Jersey\& Benнh.t July } & 465,581 & 412,781 & 177,962 & 168,462 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to July } 31 & 1,866,733 & 1,637,033 & 461,894 & 439,494\end{array}$

## Net earnings here given are after deducting taxes.

b Net earnings here given are before deducting taxes.
$\ddagger$ After aliowlog for expenditures for lostterments, not in July, 1900 , was $\$ 130,438$, against $\$ 76,108$ ia 1899

* Figures for Julv, 1900 and 1899, inclade operations of the Gan Francisoo \& San Joaquin Valley Ry.
f For July, 190 ), taxes and rentals amounted to $\$ 163.274$, against $\$ 154,649$, af er deductiog which not for July, 1900, was $\$ 1,159,197$, agalnst $\$ 325,462$.

Interest Charges and Surplas．－The following roads，in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the fore－ going，also report charges for interest，\＆c．，with the surplue above or deficit bolow those charges．

|  | Int．，rentals，etc．－－Bal．of Net Earn＇s．－ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ourrent | Previous | Ourrent | Previons |
|  | Year． 8 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year. } \\ \$ 8 \end{gathered}$ | Year. | Year. |
| Bellefonte Central．July | 54 |  | def． 23 |  |
| Jan． 1 to July 31．．．． | 3，338 |  | 5，141 |  |
| Ohio．Barl．\＆Quinos July | 825，000 | 815，818 | 492，454 | 543，915 |
| Olev．Cin．Ch．\＆8t．L．July | 239，501 | 233，351 | 116，748 | 107，149 |
| Peorla \＆Eastern．July | 33，750 | 36，250 | 7.725 | 7，379 |
| Den．\＆R．Grande．．．Juls | 203，910 | 198，743 | ＋165，653 | \＄119．849 |
| Eooking Valley．．．．．July | 72，283 | 63，070 | ＊82，578 | 61，424 |
| New Lordon Nrithern－ Apr． 1 to June 30．．．． | 62，142 | 61，215 | ＊df．19．828 | ＊df．15，437 |
| 8t．Jos．\＆Gr．Isl＇d．．July | 8，750 | 8.750 | 26，483 | 33.060 |
| raledo \＆Ohio Cen．．July | 32，095 | 33，722 | －27，313 | 24，212 | Taledo \＆Ohio Cen．．July

$\ddagger$ There tigures inolude other income．After deducting $\$ 15,000$ for Renewal Fund and Bond Conversion in July，1900，and the same
anount in July， 1899 ，the surplus 18 ．$\$ 150.653$ ，against $\$ 104.849$ a year ago．

Northern Pacifle．－We give below the gross and net earnings，etc．，of the Northern Pacific for Jaly．

|  | ＊1800． | 1899. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grnes earnings． | \＄2，612，508 | \＄2，350，163 |
| Operating ex\＆ensea． | 1，461，641 | 1，194，037 |
| Net esrnings | \＄1，1\＆0， 67 | \＄1，156，126 |
| Taxes，rentals，betterments，eto | 320，449 | 319，334 |
| Net operatiog income． | \＄820，418 | \＄836，792 |
| Miscel au＇s insome，not includ＇g land sales | 57，431 | 22，222 |
| Maln system． | \＄877．849 | \＄859．014 |
| Proprietary lines． | 16.870 | 20，624 |
| Tot | \＄894，719 | 879，638 |

## Ihe operations of the 8t．Paul \＆Dulnth are inoluded in 1800.

## STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES．

The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all STREET railways from which we are able to ob－ tain weekly or monthly returns．The arrangement of the table is the same as that for the steam roads－that 1 s ，the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month：and the last two columns the earnings for the oulendar year from January 1 to and including sucb latest week or mohth．

STREET RAILWAYB AND TRACTION COMPANIES．


| Gross <br> EArnings． | Latest Grass E＇arnings． |  |  | San． 11 to Latest Date． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | Ourne Year． | Preơus Year． | Ourrent Year． | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Prerious } \\ \text { Year. } \end{array}$ |
| Sonthwest Mo．Elect． | July．－．．．．． | ${ }_{22,912}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 21,846 \end{gathered}$ | \＄ | \＄ |
| Bouthern Ohlo Traot． | July．．．．．．． | 31，215 | 21，898 | 157.85 | 124.465 |
| Staten Island Eleo．．． | May | 18，154 | 18，869 | 67，176 | 67，016 |
| Toronto Ry． | July | 127.123 | 116825 | 810.739 | 716.692 |
| Twin Oity Rap．Tran． | July | 249，842 | 225，390 | 1，575，641 | 1，376，745 |
| Onion（N．Bedford）．． | July | 29，207 | 24，505 | 141．139 | 125，104 |
| United P．\＆Transp．． | July | Inc． 24 | 046 | Inc． 156. | 825 |
| Onited Traotion－7 | July | 123，699 | 116，055 | 757，459 | 721，685 |
| United Traot．（Pitts．） | July．．．．．．． | 172834 | 161，475 | 1，083．209 | 945408 |
| Onited Traot．（Prov．） | July．．．．．．．． | 233，635 | 200，644 | 1，310，277 | 1，120，288 |
| Winnebago Traotion． | May ．．．．．．．． | 7.250 8.542 |  |  |  |
| Worcester \＆Marl＇b＇h | July．．．．－．． | 8，542 | 8，473 | 37，519 | 86，317 |
| ＊Figares from May Scranton \＆Carbonda <br> $\dagger$ 8trike in Clevelan | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and Carb } \\ & \text { in } 1899 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{ton} \mathrm{P} \\ & \text { idale } \end{aligned}$ | lway， 8 llway． | nton \& | $1,$ |

the returns of STREET railway gross and net earnings received this week．In reporting these net earnings for the street milways，we adopt the same plan as that for the steam roads－that is，we print each week all the returns received that week，but once a month（on the third or the fourth Saturday），we bring together all the roads furnishing re－ turns，and the latest statement of this kind will be found In the CHRONICLE of August 18，1900，The next will appear to the issue of September 22， 1900.

|  | －Gross Earningb．－－－Net Earnings．－m |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ourrent | Previous | Ourrent | Previous |
|  | Year． | Year． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year. } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | Year． |
| Lorain \＆Cleve．Ry．July | 11，900 | 11，468 | 7，597 | 7，826 |
| Jan． 1 to July $31 .$. | 53，820 | 51，407 | 28，868 | 28，085 |
| Blohmond Trao＇n．．．July | 20，979 | 19.151 | 11，435 | 10，086 |
| Jan． 1 to July sl．．．． | 118.050 | 96，923 | 57，247 | 42，514 |

## ANNUAL REPORTS．

## Wabash Railroad．

（Report for the year ending June 30，1900．）
The pamphlet report for the year ending June 30．1900，has just been issued．The remarks of Mr．O．D．Ashley，the President，are given at length in this week＇s issue of the Chronicle on pages 439 and 440 ；also extracts from the report of Vice President and Gentral Manag．r Ramsey．Statistics compled in the usual form for the Chronicle are as fol－ lows：


## ＊Three ciphers（ 000 ）omitted．

$\dagger$ Revenue frelght only．

| Net eardings．．．．．．．． <br> Invt＇ B ，rentale，\＆c．． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INCOME } \\ & 1889.00 \text {. } \\ & 4, \frac{93,574}{339,522} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { ACCOUNT. } \\ 1898-99 . \\ \mathbf{3 . 9 8 2 . 5 0 0} \\ 249,811 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1897-98 . \\ \mathbf{\$}, 903,083 \\ 292,065 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 189 \mathbf{N}^{\mathbf{S}} 97 . \\ & 3,547.631 \\ & 195,347 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total． | 4，833，096 | 4，232，311 | 4，195，148 | 3，742，978 |
| Taxts | 567.327 | 567，163 | 499，486 | 529，970 |
| Tr＇k \＆b＇dke rentals | 797，6：8 | 77C，276 | 527，756 | 417，169 |
| Additions \＆misc．．． | 332185 | 55，441 | 71，865 | 72，958 |
| Total | 1，697，190 | 1，392，880 | 1，099，107 | 1，020，097 |
| Appilcable to int＇t． | 3，135，906 | 2，839，431 | 3，096，041 | 2，722，881 |
| Interest on bonds．． | 2，589．471 | 2，542，285 | 2，545 335 | 2，694，545 |
| Rent of leased lines | 126，325 | 149，210 | 149，210 | 2，601，545 |

Rent of leased lines $-\frac{126,325}{420,110} \frac{149,210}{\text { sur．} 147,936 \text { sur．} 401,496} \frac{149,210\}}{\text { sur．28，336 }}$


Result．．．．．．．．．．．．，8ur．210，000 str．147，936 sur． 401,496 sur 28,336 balance sheet june 30.
1900．1899 1898． 1897

| Assets－ | 1900. | 1899. | $\$ 898$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Road，equipm＇t，\＆o． | $\$ 34,944,500$ | $135,033,500$ | $133,433,500$ | $133,433,500$ | Construction acot． 64,664 Supplies \＆mater．． Cash on hand Stooks and bonde． Puroh＇g Oommittee． Arvances \＆miscell．


| Lrabilities - | $\begin{gathered} 1900 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $1899 .$ | $1898 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1897 . \\ \$ 8 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Common stock | 28,000.000 | 23,000,000 | 29,000.000 | 28,000,000 |
| Preferred stock | 24,000,000 | 24,0¢0,000 | 24,000,000 | 24,000,000 |
| Bonds. | 83,045,000 | 83,073,000 | 81,534,000 | $81,534,000$ 764,797 |
| Int. due \& accrued. | 769.353 | 795,363 | 761,146 | 764,797 |
| Vouch. \& pas-rolls \& due ind. \& RRs. | 1,988.350 | 2,006,598 | 2,016.165 | 1,474,535 |
| Taxes accrued...... | -397,494 | 351,927 | 339,660 | $355,807$ |
| Hospital account.. | 3,490 | 3,314 | 3,460 | 2,962 |
| Notes payable t.... | 649,451 | 880.472 | 845,302 | 977,822 |
| Dlv, on deb. bonds.. | 105,000 | 282,481 |  |  |

profit \& loss Total $\overline{139,335,980} \overline{139,333,156} \overline{137,499.734} \overline{137,109,923}$
Includes in $1899.00 \$ 539,432$, in 1898-99 \$803,0j0, and in $1897 \cdot$ $98 \$ 479,434$, carried in saspense account for new equipment.

## Chicago Great Westorn Railway.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1900.)
The remarks of President Stickney, from the annual report, giving much valuable information regarding ths property, and the principal tables of operations, etc., are given on pages 441 to 444.

EARNINGS, EXPENSES AND CHABGES.

|  |  | AND CH |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings | $\begin{gathered} 1899-00 \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | 18§8-9. | $\underset{\$}{1897-8 .}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1896.7 . \\ \$ \$ . \end{gathered}$ |
| Passenge | 1,359,908 | 1,175,019 | 1,075,846 | 938,592 |
| Frelght | 5,128,659 | 4,475,406 | 4,102,517 | 3,549,011 |
| Mall, express, | 232,470 | 217,314 | 207,681 | 193,256 |
| Total earnin | 6,721,037 | 5,867,739 | 5,386,044 | 4,680,859 |
| Operating Expenses <br> Manterance of way |  |  |  |  |
| Malntenance of equip. | 618,312 | 556,426 | 600.246 | 466,997 |
| Conduoting transpt'n. | 2,481,085 | 2,137,781 | 2,000,914 | 1,788,394 |
| Agencies \& advert'ing. | 192,076 | 191,956 | 192,592 | 179,557 |
| General expenses...... | 381,212 | 352,664 | 330,057 | 316.613 |
| Taxes............. | 204,000 | 204,000 | 173,000 | 153,000 |
| Tota | 4,694,223 | 4,147,515 | 3.950,373 | 3,580,587 |
| Nst earning | 2,026,814 | 1,720,224 | 1,435,671 | 1,100,272 |
| Deduct- |  |  |  |  |
| Rentals(incl. equipm't) | 463,930 | 450,177 |  | $431,207$ |
| Interest priority loan.. | 70,579 201,676 | 141,158 157,962 | 141.157 111,062 | 141,158 69,591 |
| lntersst, other loans... | 201,676 9,574 | 157,962 8,873 | 111,062 | 69,591 |
| Total | 745,759 | 758,170 | 700,832 | 644,959 |
| Balan | 1,281,055 | 962,054 | 734,839 | 455.313 |
| \% div. ondeb. | 568.650 | 498,002 | 396,524 | 364,541 |


| Expenses- | $1899-00 .$ | $1898.99 .$ | 1897-98. | $1896.97 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conduct'g transp'n. | 10,475,930 | 8,296,428 | 7,263.724 | 6,745,999 |
| Way and structures. | 4,665,231 | 3,597,261 | 3,031,171 | 2,920.180 |
| Maint. of equipment | 4,635,351 | 3,792,304 | 2,751,824 | 2,250,766 |
| General............... | 1,007,143 | 814,531 | 1,455,145 | 1,316,201 |
| Tot | 21.831,447 | 17,356,355 | 14,501,864 | 13,233,156 |
| Net sarnings. | 9,369,423 | 7,997,331 | 6,593,975 | 5,846,344 |
| P.c. of exp. to earns. | 69-98 | 6845 | $68 \cdot 74$ | $69 \cdot 35$ |

+ Not including company's freight. * (000's) omitted.
TT The operations are reported on the following averages of miles operated for the F8ar: In 1899-00, 6,303; in 1838-99, 5,254; in $1897-98,5,251 ; 1896-97,4,806$.
1NCOME ACCOUNT.

|  | 1899-00. | $\begin{gathered} 1898.93 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1897-93 . \\ \$ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1896-37 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net earnjngs......- | $9,369.423$ | 7,997.331 | 6,593.975 | 5,846,344 |
| Inc. from Investm'ts | 276,418 | 209,920 | 149,481 | 152,910 |
| Miscellan's incomo. | 42,383 | 118,550 | 198,897 | 133,923 |
| Total | 9,638,229 | 8,325,801 | 6,942,351 | 6,133,177 |

Deduct -
$\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { Fixed charges and } & & & & \\ \text { rentals............ } & \text { 6,755,442 } & \text { 6,207,253 } & 5,862,768 & 5,612,234 \\ \text { Mlscellaneous...... } & 15,535 & 24,028 & 72,571 & 75,022\end{array}$ Dividends on prof.. (3) $1,800,000$ (2) 1.172,901

| Total............ | $\overline{8,570,977}$ | $\overline{7,404,185}$ |  | $6,479,239$ |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance, surplus... | $1,117,252$ | 921,616 | 463,112 | $-97,077$ |  | General balance sheet june 30.


| Assels- | 1900. | 189 |  | $97$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of road |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of equipment. . $15,758,017 \quad 13,597,128 \quad 12,275,338 \quad 11,467,454$ |  |  |  |  |
| Socurities pledg'd or |  |  |  |  |
| beld for control... | 21,921,371 | 21,496,277 | 16,068,201 | 14,712.973 |
| Securitios owned. | *3,457,305 | 3,056,962 | 1,998,061 | 1,382.598 |
| Mater'ls \& supplies. | 2,202,221 | 1,193,873 | 1,078.539 | 957,950 |
| Billf reo., deferred.. | 136.235 | 179,191 | 173,311 | 412,495 |
| Insur. pd., not aco'd | 8,609 | 3,516 | 18,521 | 19,593 |
| Insurance fund.... 160,185 --...... |  |  |  |  |
| Sinking fund......... | 109,707 | 130,515 | 104,272 | 52,689 |
| Cash in hands and |  |  |  |  |
| Due from ag'ts, oto. | 555,107 | 507,456 | 396.598 | 2,410,843 |
| " U.S.Gov. | 340,618 | 332,948 | 321,014 | 292,322 |
| " con.lines | 522,501 | 556,017 | 718,732 | 542,779 |
| " Indiv.\& 00's | 1,035,610 | 1,043,508 | 532.859 | 291,833 |
| Bills rec'vble, curr't | 55,846 | 66,530 | 62,079 | 210,972 |
| Sundry accounts. | 108,639 |  |  |  |



Total Labilities. $\overline{328,750,820} \overline{318,903,571} \overline{299,894,853} \overline{287,324,643}$
*Includes $\$ 1,276.000$ Southern Ry. consols. In treasurs.
-V. 71, p. 286, 183

## Hocking Valley Railway.

(Statement for the year ending June 30, 1900.)
The results for the late fis aal year compare as follows with those for the year 189899 :

|  | 1899.00. | 1898-99. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross earnings | \$1,348,830 | \$2,974,035 |
| Operating expenses and taxes. | 2,593,881 | 1,959,520 |
| Net earnings from operation | \$1,754,449 | \$914,515 |
| Other Income | 221,579 | 24,223 |
| Total available Income | \$1,976,528 | \$938,738 |
| Fixed charges. | 807,98 J | 149,175 |
| Net income.. | . $\$ 1,168,548$ | \$789,563 |

-V. 71, p. 341, 236

## Repnblic Iron \& Steel Co.

(Report for the 14 months ending June 30, 1900.)
The first annual report will be fonnd on pages 453 and 454. It will be noticed that the company has deducted from the profits ( $\$ 5,684,101$ ) for the period covered $\$ 883,014$ for im. provements, renewals and depreciation, $\$ 1,097,358$ for depreciation in raw and finished material on hand and $\$ 50,030$ for ciation in raw in the collecting of outstanding accounts. Together these deductions aggregate $\$ 2,040,372$, leaving the net profits $\$ 3,643,729$, from which has been declared 7 per cent on the preferred stock, or $\$ 1,421,679$. The net surplas remaining after payment of the preferred dividend. is \$2,222,050. - V. 70 p. 1099,

## GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS. <br> RAILROADS. INCLUDING STREET ROADS.

Boston Elevated RR.-West End Bonds Sold.-The West End Street Railway 4 per cent 15 -year bonds, amounting to $\$ 2,112,000$ have been awarded to Kidder, Peabody \& Co. at $104 \cdot 69$, and are now offered to the public. The bonds are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$ each, are payable principal and inerest in lawful money, are dated Aug. 1, 1900 (with interest , 1915. The other bids received by the company ranged from 104.31 to 104.57\%.—V. 71, p. 235, 83.

Central of Gcorgia Railway.-Interest on Incomes.-The directors on Wednesday declared a dividend of $31 / 4$ per cent n the $\$ 4,000,000$ first preferred incoms bonds, contrasting with 2 per cent paid both in 1898 and 1899.-V. 70 p. 1191.
Chicago Burlington \& Qaincy RR.-New Line. -The new branch, about 150 miles in length, extending from Alliance, Neb., to Brush, Col. ( 88 miles east of Denver), it is expected will be opened for traffic on or about Sept. 10. The line, it is stated, traverses a rich farming country and will make pos. sible a direct route between Denver and the rich mining district of the Black Hills. Alliance is the eastern terminus of the extension to the Guernsey iron mining country.-V. 71. p. 390, 181

Chicago Indiana \& Eastern Ry.-Mortgage.-The company has made a mortgage to the New York Sycurity \& Trust Co. trustee to secure $\$ 1,000,000$ of 5 per cent 40 -year gold bonds. The proceeds of the new loan, it is said, will be used in building the extension of the road from Matthews southeast to Richmond, 51 miles. Construction is in progress.
Chicago Indianapolis \& Louisville Ry.-Dividend.-The ompany has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on the $\$ 5,000,000$ of 4 per cent non-cumalative preferred stook, payable Oct. 15. In March, 1899, 1 per cent was dis tributed, being the only other dividend to date. - V. 71, p. 181.

Easton (Pa.) Consolidated Electric Co.-Instalment. Notices, it is said, will shortly be mailed calling for the payment of the $\$ 250$ per share which has been authorized by the board, the first instalment of $\$ 125$ to be payable Oct. 1 and the second of $\$ 125 \mathrm{Dec}$. 10. The proceeds $(\mathbb{W} 75,000)$ will be used to pay for a 6 -mile extension of the electric road to Nazareth, Pa., and of one mile in Phillipsburg. These pay ments will make the $\$ 1,500,000$ stock 25 per cent paid. -V 70, p. 1249.
Ererett \& Monte Cristo Ry.-Reorganization.-The reor ganization committeo, consisting of Fred. T. Gates, John D Rockefeller Jr., George Welwood Murray, Colgate Hoyt and Gardner Colby, gives notice that a meeting of the certificate holders, under the agreement dated April 24, 1899, will be held at Room No. 1409, 26 Broadway, New York, on Sspt. 5, 1900, at 11 A.M., to consider a plan of reorganization which will then be submitted. Edward V. Cary, 26 Broadway, New York, is Secretary of the committee.-V. 70, p. 791.

Grand Rapids Grand Haven \& Muskegon (Electric) Ry.New Enterprise. - This company was recently incorporated in Michigan to build an electric railway 45 miles in length connecting the three cities named in its title. The President, J. D. Hawks, of Detroit, who is also President of the Detroit \& Mackinac Ry., writes us as follows: "While the money has been raised, the amount of securities has not been decided. There will be no bonds in the market until after the road is in operation. We are busy now securing private right of way and doing our Gguring on power-house location, machinery, cars, etc. We have no orders placed for cars. but machinery will all be Westinghouse, Church, Kerr \& Co. Weatinghouse electric machinery." The Vice-President is Thos. F. Carroll; Treasurer, Wallace Franklin; Secretary, Jos. Kerwin.
Harana Electric Street Railway.-Bonds Authorized.The stockholders on Thursday voted to issue $\$ 1,000,000$ second mortgage 6 per cent ten-year bonds.-V. 71, p. 236.

Houston Electric Street Ry.-Reorganization.-Eliot Wadsworth and Owen D. Young, the reorganization committee, announce the following deposits under plan:
Houston City Street Ry. Co. 7\% bonds. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
The plan provides that a new company shall be organized under the laws of Təxas to own the franchises and railway properties of the present company, the capitalization to oe as follows:
Commonstock to be authorized and issued.
$\$ 1,000,000$
as well as in dividends eumulative, preferred as to assets
Mortgage 5 per cent 25 -jear gola bonds, to be subject to
call as a whole at $1071_{2}$ and accrued interest on and after
ton Jears from their date, Aug. 1, 1900; present 1ssue Also issua

75,000

1,250 expended rate of $\$ 1,000$ of bond for each
ditions to the property mortgaged, other than addi.
dional track
ditional mill issuable at the rate of $\$ 10,000$ for each
The terms of new single track buit
The terms of exchange of old for new secarities follows:


An association has agreed to furnish the committee a sum of money sufficient to pay:
(a) The matured bonds of the Houston City Street Rallway 00 , \$137.000 ; (b) all existing liens which are paramount to the mortgage to International Trust Co, and which inolude all aoorued legal liabilities for street paring; (c) an amourt of cash sufficient to make such 1 m provemcnis ana repairs as are (d) all expenses or foreclosure and reorganization.
In return such association is to receive the stock and se. curities of the new company remaining after carrying out the requirements of this plan. The depositary is the Inter. national Trust Co., Boston. The time for the deposit of the income bonds has been extended to Sept. 25.-V. 66, p. 950.

Los Angeles Terminal Ry.-Proposed New Line to Salt Lake City.-The report is confirmed that Senator W. A. Clark of Montana and his brother have acquired a majority of this company's $\$ 3,000,000$ capital stock through parchase of its treasury holdinge, with a view to the use of the property as a terminus for a new line to be constructed from Salt Lake City via San Bernardino to the Pacifis coast, a total distance of about 713 miles. It is proposed to organize a new company to carry out the plan.
T. E. Gibbons, Vice-President and General Manager of the Terminal Company, says: "It is roughly estimated that it will require the proceeds of $\$ 20,000,000$ in bonds, as well as the stock, to construct and properly equip the line with necessary branches in Sonthern California and at other points. This at 4 por cent would put the property uader fixed interest charges of only $\$ 800,000$ per annum." Others interested in the enterprise are R. C. Kørens, S. A. Bemis and John T. Davis, of St. Louis.-V. 71, p. 390.
Mohawk \& Malone Ry.-Interest on Incomes.-The New York Central \& Hudson River RR. Co. will pay on Sept 1 $31 / 2$ per cent for the year on the $\$ 3,900,000$ income bonds. In September, 1899, 3 per cent, and in September, 1898, 2 per cent, was paid.-V. 69, p. 385.

Moore Co. \& Western RR.-Default-Protective Measures. -The principal of the $\$ 350,000$ bonds, which matured on March 1, 1900, and which was extended by the consent of the bondholders for six months, will not, we are informed, b3 paid; neither will the interest due Sept. 1 be met. The bondholders are therefore requested to communicate with F. J. Lisman \& Co., 30 Broad Street, with a view to protecting their interests. See advertisement on another page.-V. 71, p. 236.

New Orleans \& Western RR.-Sale.-The foreclosure sale will take "place at Port Chalmette, La., on Oct. 6. The upset price is $\$ 1,000,000$. From this amount mast be paid $\$ 400,000$ receivers' certificates and about $\$ 125,000$ on open accounts, etc., any balance remaining to be distributed pro rata among the $\$ 2,000,000$ first mortgage bonds. These last carry $\$ 333,12 \bar{j}$ of interest accrued. It is thought in New Orleans that the Kansas City Sonthern Ry. Co. may appear as a bidder, in order to obtain terminals at New Orleans. See modification of reorganization agreement in V.71, p. 288, 236.
New York Central \& Hudson River RR.-Weehawken Ter-minals.-Elaborate plans have bsen prepared for the improvement of the West Shore terminal at Wechawken. The total expenditure, it is said, will be between $\$ 3,000,000$ and $\$ 4,000,000$, but this outlay will be distributed over a considerable period. The work includes the enlargement of the Weehawken yards, the concentration there of terminal busi ness now handled at several other pointe, and the building of additional piers. The intention is that when these improvements are completed a portion of the freight traffic now carried on the east bank of the Hudson shall be sont over the West Shore tracks.-V. 71, p. 236.

Northern Ry. of Costa Rica.-Press reportssay: "This company has been organized under the laws of Costa Rica by interests identified with the United Fruit Co., to build a line from the coast inland, a distance of 69 miles, largely through the plantations of the United Fruit Co. The capital stock is $\$ 1,600,000$, and an issue of $\$ 1,600,000$ of 5 per cent bonds, it is said, has been underwritten by assndicate, composed chiefly of Boston parties. The road is about one-half con structed.'

In response to our request for confirma'ion of the foregoing, Treasurer Charles A. Habbard, of the United Fruit Co., writes: "The proposition as to the Northern Railway of Costa Rica has not been sufficientlo advanced at this time to enable me to farnish you with defnite information concern ing its financial affairs. If the project is carried out as now contemplated I shall be pleased later to answer your in quiries concerning the property.
Ratland RR.-Proposed Purchass of Controlled Companies. -Application, it is stated, will bэ made to the next Vormont Legislature for an amendment to the charter permitting the company to bay the Bennirgton \& Rutland, the Ratland Canadian, the Rutland \& Noyan and the Ogdensburg \& Lake Champlain railroad companies, and the Rutland Transit Co., and for this parpose to increase the capital stock.-V. 71, p. 82.

St. Louis \& San Francisco RR. - New Line.-To.day the St. Louis Oklahoma \& Sjuthern Railway, known as the Red River division of this system will bapened for bnsingss from Sapulpa to Henrietta, $I_{i} T_{1,} 45$ miles.-V. 71, p, 233, 237.

Seattle (Wash.) Electric Co.-Franchise.-The new franchise, it is reported, has been formally taken over. The company is a combination of the leading street railway and electric-lighting interests of Seattle, baving acquired, besides the 12 companies mentioned on page 85 of our Street Rail Way Stpplement, the North Seattle Cable Ry, and the James Street Cinstruction Co. The Seattle Electric Co., it is understood. will issue : $\$ 3.735 .000$ first mortgage bonds; $\$ 1,250,0$ co preferred stock and $\$ 5,000,000$ common stock. The gross earnings of the consolidated system were as follows 1899.
$\$ 874.000$
747,000
$\mid 1896$.
537,000
It is thought that if the present rate of increase is contin ued, the 1900 earnings will be over $\$ 1,000,000 .-\mathrm{V} .70$, p. 584
Texas New Orieans RR. - New Bonds - The Texas Railroad Commission has authorized the issue of \$4.435.2. 0 'bonds, at $\$ 20,010$ per mile, upnn the following: Extenainn from Rockland to Cedar, 165 miles; old Texas Trunk, 50.58 miles; Loussiana $W$ tstern Extension, 6.18 miles. Tne last two issues are ander the provisions of the consolidation act. by which the said roads are to retire outstatding indebtedness. See also V. 71, p. 183, and V. 70, p. 997.
Toledo St. Louis \& Kansas City RR.-Second Instalment. -The second instalment of $\$ 5$ per share on the preferrt stock and $\$ 3$ par share on the common stock must be paid ai the Central Trust Co. by Sept. 5.-V. 71, p. 237.
T"ledo St. Lonis \& Westrrn Ry.-Instalment.-Sce To ledo St. Louis \& Kansas City RR. above.-V. 71, p. 343, 237.

## INDUSTRIAL. GAS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

American Brass Co.-Purchase-Increase of Stock.-At Waterbury, Conn., on Tuesday the stockholders voted to increase the capital stock from $\$ 6,000,000$ to $\$ 10000,000$, and to apply $\$ 2,000,000$ of the new stock to the purchase of the $\$ 400$,000 capital stock of the Bevedict \& Burnham Manufacturing Co. The rfmaining $\$ 2,000,000$ of new capital stock, it is said, will remain in the treasury for fatare requiremente. V. $70, \mathrm{p} .40$.

American Malting Co-A director is quoted as saying
No dividend will he declared on the preferred stock out of the proftie for the jear ending Ang. 31, though these ghow a emall peroentage on the preferred gtook. We have been oleaning out' in pider the prospeote encouraging. There has been a substantial reduction in expenses ail along the line."-V. 70, p. 478.
Asphalt Co. of America.-Terms of Consolidation.-The "Philadelphia News Bureau" says:
The details of the treatment of the Asphalt of Amerioa 5 in the consolidation with the National Asphalt Co, have now been deter mined upon. We oan atate the following as being official. The alnking fund will be increasen to $\$ 30,000$ per annum. At present the company is nbliged to retire not less than $\$ 25,0$ and not more tereet must be set aside in any vear hefore anything be pald on the etook. Of course under the terme of the oonso idation the Asphait 5 are secured by the deposit of all of the company's paid-in capital stook.-See V. 71 , p. 344.

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York.-Dividend -The com pany has declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, thus restoring the rate to 8 per cent per annum. The dividend is payable Sept. 15 ; books close Sept. 5 and reopen Sept. 17. Director Samuel Sloan is quoted as saying: "It is a quarterly dividend, and pats the company back on its old basis before the strike; and that is not all, for we have a handsome surplus besides I bave been a director in the company for a great many years, and I have never known a time when the outlook was so promising."-V. 71, p. 344, 184.

Electro-Pneumatic Transit Co.-Reorganization.-It is reported that reorganization matters are progressing satis factorily, and that it is proposed to exchange the $\$ 1,500,000$ old stock, $\$$ for $\$$, for new stock, and in addition to give to the shareholders for the assessment of 20 cents ( $p \in r \$ 10$ share) paid in 18985 per cent debt certiflcates also $\$$ for $\$$. The assessment aggrtgated $\$ 30,000$ and the issue of debt certificutes, it is said, will be for the $\operatorname{sam} \theta$ amount. No preferred stock it is stated will be issued.-V. 70, p. 897.
International Paper Co.-Officers. - The directors elpeted at the annual m"eting of stocknolders at Corinth, New York, Aug. 22. 1900, were: Darius Ogden Mills, Aloozo N. Burbavk, Thomas S. Coolidge, Warren Curtis, F. B. Jennings has been elected a director to fill the vacancy caused by the death of H . G Burltigh. Officers:
President, Hugh J. Chisholnm; 1st Vice-President, A. N. Burbank $2 d$ Vice-Prealdent, Wm. B. Dillon; Treasurer, A. N. Burbank; Seare tary, E. W. Hyde.- V. 71, p. 286.

Kansas City (Mo.) Gas Co.-New President.-Hugh McGowan, formerly of Kansas City, has been elected President of the company to succeed the late Milton J. Payne. Mr McGowan is a stockholder in the company, and is also Presi dent of the Ibdianapolis Street Railway Co. E. L. Bundreth of Philadelphia has been elected a director in place of Colonel Payne.-V. 71, p. 82.

Ogden Gas Co. of Chilengo.-Receipts.-The company, it is stated, reports its receipts from sales of gas for the year ending June 30,1900 , as $\$ 275,664$, an increase of $\$ 32.113$ over the previous year. Of the late sear's receipts $\$ 2,442$ came from the city for 75 -cent gas.

Status of Purchase.-See People's Gas Light \& Coke Co. below.-V. 70, p. 1294.

People's Gas Co. of Chicago.-Ogden Gas Co.-Reports are conflicting as to whether there has been delay in the
proposed pqyments for the Ogden Gas Co. The "Chicago Economist," how'ver, on Aug. 25, said
The deal whereby it was proposed to acquire the Ogien Gas Co. and The Cosmopolitan Electric Co. In the interest of the Peopiés Cominan has not fallen through Neither has it been consummated. There is a Btrong probabilty, in fact almost a certainty, that the deal whll fnally be carried ont substantialiy on the oricinailniee. In a genera interest of the are as trol of the Ogden. At least two men prominently ldentified with tho Ogden wonld have remalned in the management. A oash sum, said to have been $\$ 200,000$, was paid over as earnest money. Latir an at tempt was made to secure an amendment of the Ogden franchise. This atiempt was bircked by Mayor Harrison. It did not affect the essential facts of the deal. But no further payments have been made The Oydan Company recorded a mortgage eecuring $\$ 6,001.000$ ol change in the dire have not yet been 18siled and there has been no onmpanles However among men with the beat sonrce of informa tinn the beliff is expressed that the deal will finally he oarried through as originally intended. The ogden Company is doing a littie work in the way of laying mains, but that is not at all algniflioant.
It was asserted yesterday that the Municipal Gas Co., incorporated last week (page 392), is orgavized in the interest of the Peoples' Company and for the purpose of fighting the Ogdfn Gas Co. The last-named company, under its charter, cannot charge in excess of 90 cents per 1,000 cabic feet for gas. The Peoples' Company charges \$1.-V. 71, p. 239.
Price,: McCormick \& Co.-Paymert to Creditors.-The crt ditors who filed their claims received on Monday a dividend of 50 per cent in cash at the Metropolitan Trust Co. Over 85 par cent of all claims against the firm have been filed with the trustees.-V. 71, p. 393, 290,

Rogers Locomotive \& Machine Works Co.-This company, which employs about 1,500 men, early in the week annonnced its intention to go into liquidation, closing down its locnmotive works and also probably its iron works on or about Dec. 1. The business was established at Pater son, N. J., in 1800, by John Clark of Paisley, Scotland, who started an iron works on a part of the present site. The building of locomotives was begun in 1852. Robert $S$, Hughes, the President, died three weeks ago.
In view of this announcement, a move has been started in Paterson to purchase control and continne the business. Jacob Rngers, the principal owner, says:
If the onelness men of raterson wish to buy me out, and will make am arowind of a proposition, I will meet them more than half way. I buainessing old. and have ail the money l want. I have tried to deater part of the stock of the soven jeara, bust look at ar the husiness more or less. The works are turning out now about twenty locomotives a month. There is from $\$ 1,0,0$ to $\$ 1,500$ proft on each finished needed, the is a goodr be inoreased and profits tncreased per engine. I estimate that the cost of needed improvements and working capital would be $\$ 00,000$, or, perhaps to be safe, $19 y \$ 400,000$. would make easy terms.
The works at present have no railroad connection, and it is necessary to haul the locomotives taken throngh the streets by horses.
Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co.-Dividends.-The company has declared a dividend (No. 2) of 1 per cent on the commonstock, payable Oct. 16 to stockholders of record Oct. 6; also a quarterly dividend (No. 6) of $13 / 4$ per cent on the preferred stock, payable Sopt. 15 on stock of record Sept. 8. The first dividend on the common stock, also 1 per cent, was paid July 16 last.-V. 71, p. 393, 239
Sharon Steel Co.-Increase of Stock.-The stockholders will vote Oct. 11 on a proposirion to increase the capital stock from $\$ 1,000,000$ to $\$ 5,500,000$. A new plant for the m , nufacture of pig iron, steel. iin plate, rods, wire and wire nalls is ander constraction. - V. 21, p. 140.
Superior Water, Light \& Power Co.-Reorganization. Bondholders who have not signed the agreement of reorganization will expedite the matter by sending their address to Walston H. Brown, 42 Wall St., Now York City, or to Victor M. Watkins, St. Panl, Minn.
The plan, which it is hoped to carry through without foreclosure and the appointment of a receiver, provides for the issuance of the following new securi, ies
First mortgage 4 per cent bonds
$. \$ 1,400,000$
6 per oent bonds............................................ $1,2 \mathrm{C} 0,000$
To be used in parment of the debts of the company.... $\quad 3_{50000}^{200,000}$
Uf whioh in payment of coupons for three years up to
and including May 1, 1901, on $\$ 1,200,000$ outstand-
ing 6 per cent bonds
216,000
To holders of 6 per cent bonde. $\$ 70$ per bond as com pensation for reruotion in rate of interest

84,000
50,000
By the plan for each $\$ 1,0006$ per cent bond, its holder will receive $\$ 1,0004$ per cent first mortgage bond and $\$ 2504$ per cent income hond. All new bonds will be dated and bear interest from May 1, 1901.

On Aug. 28 the holders of more than 90 per cent of the outstanding bonds had signed the reorganization agreement. The United States Mortgage \& Trust Co. is the dep sitary under the plan. The committee consists of the following
Frank B. Kellogg. Kennetl Ciark, Henry P. Upham, Victor M. WatFina and Robert R Dunn, of st. Paill, W
Now York Oity.-See also V. 71, p. 393 .
Unlon Electric Co. of Dubuque.-Incorporated.-This company has been incorporated in Iowa to effect the consolidation already noted. Authorized capital stock, $\$ 1,000,000$. Incorporators: E. D. Stont, W. S. Molo, G. W. Kiesel, E. A. Engler, W. J. Brown, D. D. Myors, B. W. Lacy, B. E. Linehan, all of Dubaque.-See V. 71, p. 343.

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## THE WABASH RAILROAD COMPANY.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900

The results of the traffic on the entire system, as stated by the Auditor, for the year ending June 30, 1900, were as follows
Gross Earnings ..........
Miscolianeous Recoipts

| Total Receipts |  | 16,710,604 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deduot Operatling Expenses ............ $\$ 11,947,41743$ |  |  |
| Deduot Taxes.. | 567,327 22 |  |
| Deduct Balance Joint Traok Rentals and Miscellaneous Expenses | 767,746 87 |  |
| Deduct Additions to Property and Other Charges. $\qquad$ | 292,207 70 | 13,574,699 02 |
| Net Earnings applicable to Interest. Interest on Bonds.. |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,135,90512 \\ 2,715,80611 \end{array}$ |
| Surplus. | ..... | \$420,099 01 |
| Dividends on Debenture "A" Bonds |  | 210,000 00 |

## Net Surplus

$\$ 210,09901$
The very full report of Vice-President Ramsey and the tables of the Auditor, both herewith submitted, will enable the bondholders and stockholders of the Company to analyze the operations of the year, and to form a correct idea of the policy which has governed the management, and which is still influential in the affairs of the Company.

This policy demands the completion of plans for bringing the physical condition of the Wabash Railroad System up to the standard of first-class lines, and to provide rolling stock adequate to meet the requirements of a constantly increasing traffic. Inability to comply with these demands will diminish the competing power of our lines in the ratio of the deficiency. Hence the necessity of large expenditures to meet up-to-date conditions, not only in roadbed and track, but in equipment. Under these circumstances the Board of Directors has not hesitated to authorize liberal outlays from earnings in order to enable the lines of the Wabash to compete with other first-class systems. The proposition, reduced to its most simple form, presented the alternative of losing instead of gaining traffic, if the requirements of shippers conld not be met. Considering it vital, therefore, to the interests of the Company, the orders for new box and coal cars have been largely increased, and are now in the course of delivery. Reference to VicePresident Ramsey's report will develop the striking fact that during the pressure of traffic in the past fiscal year a daily shortage of 1,500 cars has been a common occurence. At courpeting points the company which can supply these cars will necessarily secure the traffic, and it has therefore resolved itself into a simple question of providing for business which the constantly developing resources of the country offer, and which belongs to our system. Failure to do this would be inexcusable, unless circumstances rendered it impossible to furnish the means of payment.

This brief explanation of the policy of the Company seems necessary in order to account for the liberal additions to rolling stock, which must be paid for from earnings. These payments extend through the ensuing six years, in monthly instalments, and except so far as they have been increased by the addition of the leased lines between Detroit and Buffalo, are a legitimate charge to operating expenses in the department of maintenance and repair.
Attention is directed to the interesting table of the Auditor (see pamphlet, p. 54), giving the mileage statistics of the Company for twenty years. The comparison from 1889 to 1900 is made substantially upon the same system. The year 1900 shows for the first time since 1893 an increase in the earnings per mile, while at the same time the rate per ton per mile has decreased from 0.683 cents to 0.558 cents. In other words, the road has earned more net per mile at about $51 / 2$ mills per ton per mile in 1900 than in 1894 atabout $63 / 4$ mills per ton per mile. The passenger statistics show a similar improvement, and the net earnings per mile ( $\$ 1,-$ 920 74) are the largest since 1889, the year of reorganization. A careful study of these tables will show that notwithstanding the discouraging features of railway traffic, incidental to constantly declining rates and more aggressive competition, the Wabash Company has not only held its ows, bat is fairly gaining in its efforts to solve the transportation problem.
A fact bearing upon the economical handling of freight is made impressive by a comparison of the average loads per car and per train. The table shows that from 11.08 tons per car in 1889 the average increased to 16.07 tons per car in 1900, while the average train loads increased from $179 \cdot 40$ tons in 1889 to $291 \cdot 02$ tons in 1900 . This forcibly illustrates the advantages gained by discarding the small freight cars formerly in use for those of larger capacity, and also demon-
strates the value of the more powerful engines recently added to our motive power.
The financial condition of the Company is substantially the same as at the close of the last fiscal year, except so far as the engagements for new rolling stock have added, or will add to the obligations of that character. There is no floating debt, as represented by borrowed money. The 3,500 box and coal cars recently ordered and now being delivered are not included in the Auditor's statement, and do not appear in the accounts of the last fiscal year. Payment for these cars in monthly instalments will extend through the ensuing six years, unless otherwise provided for.

The otficers and employes of the Company have zealously contributed to the successful operations of the year, and in all departments they are entitled to this recognition of loyal and faithful services.

For the Directors,
O. D. ASHLEY,

President.
NEW York, August, 1900.

## EXTRACTS FRON THE REPORT OF J. RAMSEY JR., VICE-PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER.

With the large increase in gross earnings, $\$ 2,047,01614$, there may be some feelings of disappointment in the comparatively small increase in net earnings, but a careful examination of the various statements and statistics, especially those showing the expenditures on account of the various improvements and additions to the property, cars and locomotives, will show that a large part of the increase in expenses has been due to actual improvements and additions, and that the increase due to cost of securing, moving and handling the increased traffic and legitimate mainte. nance of the property bas been not out of proportion to the increase in earnings.
The increase of $\$ 2,047,01614$ in earnings is divided as follows:
Wabaeh, west of Detroit, Increase.
$. \$ 1,586,23642$ suffalo Division, Increase.

460,779 72
The increase of $\$ 1,535,94361$ in expenses is divided as follows:
Wabash, west of Detroit, Inorease. $\qquad$ . $\$ 1,209,44666$ Buffulo Division, Increase. 326,496 95
Leaving out the Buffalo Division for the years 1898-1899 and 1899-1900, the percentage of operating expenses to earnings on the Wabash proper was as follows:
Year ending June 30th, 1899, $\qquad$ $71 \cdot 21$ per cent Year ending June 30th, 1900 71.87 per cent

## FREIGHT TRAFFIC.

The freight traffic statistics again show a large increase, $236,051,224$ ( $14 \cdot 16$ per cent) in "tons revenue freight carried one mile," at an average rate of 0.5579 cents per mile, an increase of 0.0052 cents ( 0.94 per cent), at a cost per ton mile of 0.4250 cents, an increase of 0.0038 cents ( 00.9 per. cent), leaving a net profit of 0.1329 cents as compared with 0.1315 cents last year, an increase of 0.0014 cents.

The average revenue per freight train mile was $\$ 1.5005$; expense per mile, $\$ 1 \cdot 1431$, and net earnings, $\$ 0 \cdot 3574$, as against $\$ 1.2973, \$ 0^{\circ} \cdot 88 \%$ and $\$ 0^{\circ} 3086$ respectively last year.

The total freight train mileage was 7,075,158, a decrease of 26,166 , or about $3 \cdot 67$ per cent.

The loaded cars per train increased 0.90 cars, the load per car 1.24 tons, and the "revenue" train-load was 263.94 tons, against $234 \cdot 72$ tons last year, an increase of $34 \cdot 19$ tons, or $14 \cdot 6$ per cent.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.
Expenses of operation and maintenance increased as follows :


## *Decrease.

MOTIVE POWER DEPARTMENT.
The expenses of this departnent show an increase of $\$ 475,88819$, of which $\$ 91,71126$ is due to the Buffalo Di-
vision, leaving $\$ 384,17693$ increase on the Wabash proper. The principal items of increase were as follows:

## Engineers and Firemen. <br> Fuel for Locomotives.

. 999,20008
Repairs to Engines (Including new englnes).
nes) ... $\qquad$ 112,349 19

Repairs, E. \& M. S., W., W. \& C. Stations. 196,874 25

Tools and Machinery and new Tools.
Incldentals (Buffalo Division Import Duties). $\qquad$ 9,12633
30,30008 30,300 08 Wipers, Hostiers and Dispatchers. 6,599 08

The total amount expended for repairs of engines (including $\$ 197,26185$ paid for new engines) was $\$ 996,76958$, equal to $\$ 2,32300$ per engine for 429 engines, the average number on hand during the year. This is $\$ 39800$ per engine in excess of the average per engine last year.
We received, during the first five months of the fiscal year, 8 eight-wheel passenger engines, 28 mogul freight and 4 switching engines. Ten of these were allotted to the Des Moines Division and charged to the Construction Account of that division.
The total cost of there 40 engines, not including interest,
10 Engines charged to Des Moines Division Construotion
Account..
402,88799
100,01428
Balance, for which 60 monthly notes were given....
.\$302,87371 On June 30th, 1900 , there were 52 monthly notes outstanding, each $\$ 5,07188$.
.\$263,73776
Nearly 50 per cent of the engines on hand July 1st, 1899 , went through the shop for general repairs, and 72 per cent for heavy repairs. These per cents are away above the average for such repairs, and show the "building up" of our motive power that is going on.

## CAR DEPARTMENT.

The expenses of this department for the year were, as last year, away above the normal-first, on account of the charging out amount carried in suspense for new dining cars and coaches; second, putting on of safety appliances, couplers and air-brakes, steam heat, etc.; tbird, new freight cars, and fourth, postal and combination cars. The total amount on account of these items was $\$ 741,55715$.
Gould vestibules were applied to 5 coaches, making 97 coaches, cnair, dining and combination cars now so equipped. In the application of these 5 vestibules we spent \$1,623 28.
We equipped with the Gold system of steam heat 168 passenger cars, all classes, making 272 now so equipped. During the year we expended $\$ 24,48359$ for steam heating.
We equipped three passenger cars with Pintsch gas, at a cost of $\$ 735$, making a total of 115 cars now so equipped.
Automatic couplers were applied to 1,639 freight cars and air-brakes were applied to 622 cars. This does not include couplers and air-brakes for new equipment. All of our freight equipment is now supplied with automatic couplers and about 51 per cent supplied with air-brakes. In the application of automatic couplers and air-brakes we expended about $\$ 73,000$ during the year ending June 30 th, 1900 .
In Marcli, 1900, contracts were entered into for 3,000 thirty-ton box cars, 36 feet long in clear, and for 500 fortyton coal cars, all to be delivered by September 1st, 1900 . They are now being received rapidly, and all will be on hand by about the 1st of September, as per contract. They are all built to modern standards, steel bolsters, air-brakes, automatic couplers, draft rigging and large dimensions. The contracts provide for payment in 72 equal monthly notes, interest at 5 per cent, with option of anticipating payments.

## GENERAL REMARKS.

The most salient items of expenditures in this report are, first, "Equipment," and second, "Improvements of the Property.'

## fqUIPMENT. <br> $\$ 772,05715$, divided as follows :

New Freight Cars.
New Passenger, Combination, Postal and Dlning Cars. New Locomotives..
New Safety Appliances, Air-brakes, Automatic Couplers,
Steam Heat, etc.
$\$ 379,13760$
90,456 06 197,261 85

Total.
105,201 64
The 1901, be greatly increased by the payments necessary under the contract for the 3,000 new box and 500 new coal cars. The monthly payments will be this year: New cars, $\$ 46$,89986 ; locomotives, $\$ 5,07188$, an increase of $\$ 21,11 \% 91$ per montl.

In considering these increases in expenditures, we must not forget that these new cars will largely increase our revenues and decrease the amount we pay other roads for the use of their equipment. The Wabash Company has always been "short" in car equipment, always a borrower from competitive as well as friendly lines, and while in "lean" years it managed to get along, in years of lieavy grain or other traffic, it was forced to look to other roads for cars, and of course got them only where the owner could spare them, and as a result the Wabash has lost enormous tonnage for want of cars during rush periods. Gars must te provided when wanted by the shirper, or the traflic is lost.

During the past year we were, for months, "short on orders," by actual records, an average of 1,500 cars per day, and while we paid other roads some $\$ 400,000$ for use of their cars we lost unknown amounts in traffic by not having cars when traffic was offered, or by not being able to control the cars via any route shipper desired.

The value of the new equipment is already apparent in the movement of new grain, and although some 800 new cars are now in service, we are still short on orders.
It must not be assumed that the large expenditure for new cars and locomotives was all in excess of the requirements of maintaining equipment. I estimate that from $\$ 450,000$ to $\$ 500,000$ per annum would be required to make good the depreciation of locomotives, cars, etc., so that our expenditures during the past year on this account have not been more than $\$ 000,000$ above what our normal expenditures should be.

## Car and Engine Trustr.

June 30th, 1900 , the car and engine trust notes outstanding were as follows:
St. Charles Car Company, Contract June 28, 1998, 39 notes (last one due September 24, 1903), each $\$ 4,696$ 18.. $\$ 183,15102$ Missourl Car \& Foundry Company, Contract June 28,
1898, 41 notes (last one due November 5, 1903), each $\$ 4,69618$.
Engines, 8t. Louis Trust Company, 52 notes (last one due
November 1, 1S04), each $\$ 5,07188$.
263,75779
Total amount trust notes outstanding
\$639,452 16
In addition to the above we have an operative contract with the American Car \& Foundry Company for 500 box 500 coal and 200 furniture cars, on a mileage basis, running to July, 1909, when the mileage payments will be complete and the cars belong to the Wabash Company. On this account the monthly mileage payments are $\$ 7,19476$.

## improvements and Additions to the Property, <br> $\$ 420,52550$.

The items included under this head are given in detail in other portions of the report, but are so scattered in the different reports that the aggregate value and importance of the work is not fully understood until attention is called to it.

## AdDITIONS.

Real Estate.
....................\$11,61659
New yards, tracks, spurs, eto..........................140,201 17
Double track, Bement to Decatur... ............ 23,247 07
New Shops, Stations, Buildings, eto............. 31,739 17
New Interlocking Plants..
15,392 92
\$222,196 92

## improvements.

Reducing Grades and Removing Curves...
$\$ 55,71956$
Filling Trestles, Iron Bridges in place of
Wooden ones, River Proteotions, New Sta-
tions enlarged, eto.
133,999 29
New 8hop Machinery.
8,609 73-198,32859

## $\$ 420.52550$

In addition to these items of expenditure to improve the property, there have been great improvements made in the condition of the property, and considerable sums expended in the way of heavy rails, frogs, switches and track betterments.

As shown by the foregoing statistics, there was no let-up in the policy of improvement which has been in force since the reorganization in 1889. While large sums have been and are being expended annually in this direction, it is the aim of the management to make these expenditures in such directions as will secure the best and quickest results in increased traffic, reduction of expenses and increased safety of operation; and that such results have been secured, at least to a moderate degree, is shown by the large increase in both freight and passenger traffic, increase in car and train load, and decrease in cost of handling traffic on the ton-mile basis. The average earnings per ton mile for the past year were less than the cost per ton mile for the year ending June 30th, 1895, the cost per ton mile for 1900 being 25 per cent less than for 1895.

The reduction of grades at Boody Hill and Cerro Gordo from 49 to 21 feet per mile will make the capacity of every engine operating over these districts about 30 per cent greater, and the double-tracking between Bement and Decatur will considerably reduce the "overtime" paid to train men and delays to trains.

While gross earnings were large for the year just ended, the present year promises a good increase; rates are better maintained and are slightly higher than a year ago, and the crops tributary to the Wabash are large. The corn crop tributary to our line is reported twenty per cent better than last year, and last year we carried nearly $1,000,000$ tons of corn. The wheat crop west of us is heavy, and is beginning to move at fair rates. The reduction of prices for iron and steel will largely increase orders for building supplies, and tbe termination of the long strike and lock-out between building contractors and labor unions at Chicago and other points, and the outlook for a long treaty of peace between these interests, promises well for traffic in building material.
The reduction in prices will prove a double benefit ncreasing tratfic aud reducing expenses.

## CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900.

To the Shareholders
The Directors submit the following report
During the year the Company has operated $929 \cdot 51$ miles, which is the same as in the preceding year, and the figures of the last jear are given for comparison :

This Year.
The Gross Receipts from all
sources have been.....
sources havc been............ 6,721,037 06
Operating ex penses have been. $4,490,22301$
Balanoe over Oper. Expen's.2,230.814 05 Taxes...
Net Earnings..................2,026,8:4 05 Gross Receipts per mile.
Operating Expenses per milie.
Net Earnings
Operating Expences
ings, percentage..

Preceding
Year.

5,867.739 78 | 3,943.516 45 |
| :--- |
| $1,921,223$ |

$1,924,22333$
1,72 $\mathrm{n}, 22333$

| 7,23073 |
| :--- |
| 4,83074 |
| 21947 |
| 2 |

2,180 52

The advance in price of coal alone added \$61 506 to cost of uperation, which is $9 \cdot 10$ of one per cent of the gross earnings. At last year's prices of coal, the percentage of expenses to earnings would have been 65.91 , against the 67.21 of the previous year, a decrease of 1.30 per cent

The Gross Receipts have increased 14.54 per cent.
The Operating Expenses have increased 13.86 per cent.
The Net Earnings have increased 17.82 per cent
The Freight Earnings have increased $\$ 653,25260$, or $14 \cdot 60$ per cent.
The Passenger Earnings have increased $\$ 184,88901$, or $15 \cdot \% 4$ per cent.
The other earnings have increased $\$ 15,15567$, or 6.96 per cent.

## CAPITAL AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES.

 MORTGAGE DEBT.At the end of last year, June 30, 1899, the Company had outstanding a mortgage indebtedness known in the accounts as the "Five per cent Sterling Priority Loan of the Chicago St. Paul \& Kansas City Railway Company," amounting to $\$ 2,823,150$, which was the only mortgage indebtedness of the Company. According to the terms of this loan the Company lad the right to retire it on any interest paying day at 105 , at which price it required $\$ 2,964,30750$ to pay the loan. The loan was paid on the first day of January, 1900, from the sale of $\$ 3,300,000$ of Four per cent Debenture Stock at $901 / 2$ and accrued interest, realizing $\$ 2,986,500$, $\$ 22,19250$ more than enough to pay the loan, which has been used in payment of additions and improvements for the year. The exact amount of Four per cent Debenture Stock which was consumed in the conversion of the Priority Loan was $\$ 3,275,478$, the interest on which is $\$ 131,01912$ per annum. This conversion has therefore reduced the fixed charges of the Company ranking prior to the Four per cent Debenture Stock $\$ 141,15750$ per annum, while it has increased the interest on the Four per cent debenture Stock $\$ 131,01912$, making a net decrease in fixed charges of $\$ 10,13838$ per annum. The Company has now no mortgage indebteduess.

## CAPITAL STOCK

The permanent capital of the Company is represented entirely by stock. It has never issued bonds.
The capital stock is divided into four classes, stated in the order of their preference, as follows:
(1) Four per cent debenture stock, which partakes of the nature of both stock and bonds. As a stock it participates in the management by voting at stockholders' meetings in all respects the same as other stocks. Like a bond, it bears a fixed rate of interest of four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, in gold. It is a perpetual security, not terminable like a bond by lapse of time
(2) 5 p.c. preferred stock $\mathbf{A}$, which also participates in the management by voting at stockholders' meetings the saine as the other stocks of the Company. It stands next to the Debenture Stock, and is entitled to a dividend, when earned, not exceeding five per cent per annum, payable semi annually. The dividend is not cumulative, but, unlike ordinary preferred stocks, the payment of a dividend in each half-year, if earned, is not left to the discretion of the Board of Directors. There is a specific contract in each stock certificate to the effect that the dividend must be paid whenever earned.
(3) 4p.c. preferred stock $B$ stands next to the Preferred Stock A, and is entitled to a dividend, not exceeding four per cent per annum, in preference to the Common Stock. The preference is in the usual form of the preferred stocks of American railways. It also participates in the management by voting at stockholders' meetings, the same as the other stocks of the Company.
(4) Common stock, which is entitled to such dividends as the net earnings of the Company will justify in each year, after paying or providing for the interest on the Debenture Stock and the dividends on the Preferred Stock $A$ and Preferred Stock B. It also participates in the management by voting at stockholders' meetings, the same as the ther stocks of the Company.

Under the laws, the management of railway companies is vested in a board of directors, who are elected by the stockholders. As most American railways are constituted, the stock represents the smaller, and the bonds represent the larger, proprietary inttrest, but the bonds have no voice in the management. Under the organization of this Company the management of the details of operation is in the Board of Directors, but the Board of Directors is elected by the wbole body of the proprietorship, as all classes of stock have an equal vote in electing the Directors. The interest rights of the Four per cent Derenture Stock, and the special dividend rights of the Preferred Stock $A$, are secured by a deed of trust and contract between the Company and the Manhattan Trust Company of New York, as Trustee. This trust deed and contract defines the respective rights of each class of stock, and is a mortgage security for the interest rights of the Debenture Stock and the dividend rights of the Preferred Stock A.
Among other things, it provides for an annual meeting of tne Debenture and Preferred A stockholders collectively, to elect a Finance Committee, consisting of five of their own members. The Finance Committee have an absolute veto power on the action of the Directors involving the issuing of new securities and the making of expenditures of money, except for operating expenses.

The modus operandi of making improvements and ad ditions requiring increased capital is as follows: The Directors take the initiative by making a statement of such improvements and additions as they deem it advisable to be undertaken, with an estimate of the cost, and proposing a method of providing the funds. This statement and estimate is then submitted to the Finance Committee for appioval, and such items as the Committee do not approve cannot be undertaken. Thus it is seen that the judgment of two independent boards, the Board of Directors and the Finance Committee, must concur in the wisdom of expenditures, except for operating expenses, before they can be made.
The Committee has authority to appoint its independent auditor, who has no connection or relation to the Board of Directors, who makes periodical examinations of the accounts of the Company and reports directly to the Committee. Mr. Stephen Little, of New York, is at present the Committee's auditor.
But notwithstanding the concurrence of the Board of Directors and the Finance Committee, no additional Debenture or Preferred Stock A can be issued until authorized:
(1) By a vote of two-thirds in amount of the Debenture Stock, Preferred A, Preferred B and Common stockholders, collectively, at a meeting called for that purpose, of which each stockholder must have notice by publications in news papers, and by notice mailed to each stockholder, at least sixty days in advance of the meeting, stating specifically the porposes for which such meeting is called.
(2) By a vote of a majority in amount of the Debenture and Preferred A stockholders, attending a separate meeting of those two cla: ses of stockholders, collectively.

## stocks outstanding.

The amounts of the various classes of stock outstanding on the 30 th of June, 1899, and the 30 th of June, 1900, and the increase (or amounts issued during the year), are as follows: Stock.- June 30, 1899. June 30, 1900. Increase

| Debenture 8tock |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pref | \$12,435,135 | \$16,681.033 | \$4,245,898 |
| Preferred Stock | 7,468,090 | 11,468,090 |  |
| Common Stock | 21,238,045 | 21,308,145 | 0,100 |
|  |  |  |  |

The $\$ 4,245,898$ of Debenture Stock which has been issued during the year has been used as follows:
For conversion of the Priority Loan as hereinbefore stated $\$ 3,275.478$ For exchange of First Mortgage Bonds, under the plan of
For retiring $\$ 80,22696$ of car trust obiligations bearing 7 per cent interest and $\$ 83,58934$ bearing 5 p. c. interest.
For additions and improvements.
The annual interest on the entire $\$ 4,245,898$ issued during The annual interest on the Priority Loan. The annual interest on the Phich has been retired, was................. $\$ 141,15750$
when The annual interest on the car trust iiabilitios
retired was.......................................... 9,4, 9535
Making the total saving in annual interest charges......... $\$ 150,05285$ And the totai increase in annual charges by reason of is-
sulag $\$ 4,245,898$ of Debenture Stock Only................ $\$ 18,88307$ sulng $\$ 1,245,898$ of Debenture Stock only................ $\$ 18,88307$
That is to say, by these operations the Company has received the proceeds of $\$ 764,000$ of Four per cent Debenture Stock for additions and improvements, with an increase in fixed charges of only $\$ 18,88307$, equal to about $21-3$ per cent per annum

The $\$ 25,360$ of Preferred Stock A which has been issued during the year has been used as follows:
For exchange of First Mortgage Bonds under the plan of re-

The $\$ 70,100$ of Common Stock which has been issued during the year has been used for exchange of Common Stock and Income Bonds of the Chicago St. Paul \& Kansas City Railway Company, in pursuance of the plan of reorganization.
INTEREST AND DIVIDEND8 PAID ON STOCK DURING THE YEAR
Two semi-annual interest payments of 2 per cent e80h, on the 4 per cent Debeniare stook, making 4 per cent for the jesr, amnunting to.
Two stmi-ans ual dividende of $2 l_{9}$ per cent each, on the Preferred Stook $A$, making 5 per cent for the year,
amounting to.........................................................................
$\$ 568,65050$
568,620 00
$\$ 1,137,27050$

## INDEBTEDNE88,

The following is a statement of the entire indebtedness of the Company, except current accounts pertaining to operation, on the 30th day of June, 1899, and the 30th day of June, 1900:


Total.
$\overline{. \$ 7,814,423} \overline{72} \overline{\$ 5,246,74377} \overline{\$ 2,567,67995}$

* Increase.

The total indebtedness of the Company, therefore, at the end of the present fiscal year is $\$ 5,246,74377$, which will be retired at maturity from the proceeds of Debenture Stock which has already been authorized, and of which $\$ 1,202,900$ is now in the treasury of the Company. The conversion of this indebtedness into Debenture Stock will materially reduce the fixed charges.
annual rentals payable.
The Company owns all its terminal grounds, yards and facilities in fee simple, except in the city of Chicago, where the princıpal part of its terminal property is a lease-hold estate, and except in Des Moines, where a small part is leasehold.
The Company holds a lease from the Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad Company, running for 99 years, with the privilege of renewals without re-valuation, which gives it the unlimited use, in common with other lessees, of about eleven miles of double main track; of the passenger station and all the side trackis leading to industries; also, the exclusive use of a freight house and accompanying tracks; of a freight yard containing tracks for team delivery ; of a freight terminal yard one mile long and eight tracks wide for making up trains, standing freight cars and transferring freight; a roundhouse, turntable, coal shed, etc. ; of 4,000 feet of side tracks for standing passenger cars, with facilities for cleaning and small reparss; of 88,473 square feet of, at present, unusued land located in the heart of the city, which is held as a reserve to accommodate increased busiuess, and 1,320 lineal feet of dock frontage on the Chicago River, accessible for steamships navigating the Great Lakes.
The Company's use of this vast property is as full and complete as though it absolutely owned the whole of it. Instead of paying all the taxes, repairs and renewals, which it would have to pay if it was the owner, it only pays an equitable proportion. Instead of paying interest on the total cost (about $\$ 20,000,000$ ), as it would have to pay if it owned the whole of it, this Cumpany pays an annual rental equal to 5 per cent on less than $\$+, 000,000$.
The lease antedates the mortgages which have been issued by the Terminal Company, and therefore can never be disturbed by possible financial disasters which may result in the foreclosure of such mortgages. This lease-hold estate including the reserve, is sufficient to accommodate several times the present volume of traffic, and is regarded as a valuable asset of this Company in excess of its rental cost.
At Des Moines the Company owns much the lar el part of its terminal facilities, but leases passenger facilities at the union passenger station, and yards and warehouses in the heart of the city for local freight deliveries.

The following is a statement of all the rentals payable:
 For Dubuque Bridge.....................

## Total...

 $\begin{array}{ll}1,01583 & 12,58108 \\ 30,000 & 30,00000\end{array}$$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { The increase in } & \text { 7,.........363.20722 } & 370,36138 & 7,15416\end{array}$ increased facilities leased during the year. The increase to rental of Des Moines terminals is due to the completion of a fine new passenger station. The slight increase in rental for running powers is simply an adjustment of accounte.

## ROLLING STOCK AND OAR TRUSTE.

The Company owns rolling stock free and clear of incumbrances, which cost.
It has also bought equipment at various dates on the car trust plan, amounting to..

The Company when it took over the property 401280 Chicago St. Paul \& Kansas City Company assumed a car trust liability amounting to $\$ 1,723,430$, bearing 7 per cent intcrest. This bas been reduced to $\$ 886,49667$. On May 25,1896 , the Company created a car trust liability of $\$ 100$,000 , bearing six per cent interest, now roduced to $\$ 70,000$. In April and May, 1899, it created car trust liabilities amounting to $\$ 396,970$, bearing five per cent interest, now reduced to $\$ 312,440$, and in January, 1900, it created a car
trust liability of $\$ 48,23750$, bearing five per cent interest, now reduced to $\$ 40,68596$. There has been paid on account of these varıous liabilities during th-fiscal year $\$ 163,81630$. Therefore, on account of the equipment purchased on the car trust plan, which cost $\$ 2,401,87280$, there has been paid $\$ 1,092,25017$, leaving a balance due represented by equipment le use warrants on the 30 th of June, 1900. $\$ 1,309,62263$. All car trust liabilities have been promptly paid at maturity. ADDITIONS TO ROLLING BTOCK.
During the fiscal year the Company has increased its rolling stock by the purchase of ton locomotives, 100 gondola cars, 78 box cars, one baggage car, and has continued the process of equipping its rolling stock with au'omatic couplers and air brakes to such an extent that the whole is now equipped with automatic couplers and 78 per cent with air brakes, thus fully complying with the law of Congress upon the subject. The amount which has been expended in increasing its rolling stock as above stated is $\$ 259,7723$, of which $\$ 210,93973$ has been paid in cash, and $\$ 48,23750$ in car trust liabilities.
The amount paid on car trust liabilities and for rolling stock purchased is $\$ 374,75503$.

## ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO THE PERMA-

 NENT PLANT.There has been expended during the fiscal year for additions and improvements the sum of $\$ 1,028,27331$ [given in detail in pamphlet report].

## TERMINALS.

When the line was constructed, about two and a half acres of expensive land, covered with buildings, were purchased in Kan-as City at the enormous price of about $\$ 110,000$ per acre, for freight terminals. Later on another detached piece of land was purchased for an elevator site and freight yards. But the increase of business at Kansas City has made these yards entirely inadequate, and by reason of their inadequacy the terminal work at Kansas City has been done at an unreasonable cost, besides necessitating the payment of large sums to other companies for switching.

About a year ago the Company succeeded in contracting for the purchase of about twenty acres of land favorably situated, on wbich it is now constructing terminal yards which, when completed, will equal in capacity and location the terminal facilities of any other company in Kansas City. The land was purchased at the exc edingly low price of $\$ 5,000$ per acre, and a contract has been made for grading at about $\$ 3,000$ per acre, making the total cost of the land when ready for the tracks about $\$ \times, 000$ per acre, against $\$ 100,000$ per acre paid for the purchases of years ago. As it was found necessary to perfect some of the titles by condemnation proceedings, and the legal right of the Company to condemn lands in Kansas City was doubtful, the Terminal Railway Company of Kansas City was organized for the purpose of procuring and holding the title. All the stock of the Termival Company is held in the treasury of this Company. Payments on account of the purchase price and for grading have been made to the extent of about $\$ 95,000$, and the grading has so far progressed that tracks are being laid to meet the immediate necessities of the Company in the large business which is now coming to it at that point. The yard when completed will be about 3,700 ftet long and 500 feet wide at the widest part, and will embrace several miles of sidetracks, a roundliouse and warehouses. Through this yard connections will be made directly with several important industries and with other lines of rallway, thus saving the payment of switching charges which it is estimated will nearly, or quite, equal the interest upon the whole investment But its principal justification will result from increased business and reduction in cost of operation. After the yard is completed the expensive land first purchased may be sold as opportunity offers.
During the year the Company has leased from the School Trustees a strin of land adjoining its present terminal yard in the outskirts of Chicago, a mile long and 1.50 feet wide, embracing about twenty acres, and has agreed to purchase the same on or before the 4 th day of November, 1911 , at the price of $\$ 2,500$ per acre. On this land the Company has laid several miles of side track, which will tend to relieve the freight blockade which occurs at Cbicago in the heary business of each returning autumn. No progress has been made in the erection of the contemplated warehouses at Chicago, which would also relieve the congestion of the autamn business, by furnisbing quicker discharge of cars, for the reason that the labor strike among the building trades, which has continued all summer in Chicago, has prevented it. No contractor in Chicago could be induced to undertake it.

## OPERATION

details of operating expenges and renewals.
Repairs of Road and Track. ............... $\begin{array}{ll} \\ \$ 503,591 & 1900 \\ \$ 420,3.53\end{array}$
 Ronewals of Rails.
Repairs and Renewals Bridgos and Cui. Repaits and Re日e wais Bilidings.... Repairs Fences, Road Crossings, signs
 Sunw Fencing and Sho vollng Repsirs and Renewals Locomotivos ani Ropairs au Ropairs aud Renowals Passenger Cars...

15,611 16
52,87427
22.84408 22,84408
24,91424
7,73232
285,47805
78,26021

### 60.49684 44.23874

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1900 \\ & \$ 214,71387 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 189^{\circ} . \\ \$ 211,49^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Repairs and Renowals Freight Tools and |  |  |
| Machinery | 14,82972 | 12.40358 |
| O. W. \& T.. Shop and Lights at Shop and Engine 1,51506 1,003 38 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Fuel for Locomotives | 608.02805 | 471,804 07 |
| Water Supply | 29,294 < 2 | 27,169 82 |
| O. W. T. and Other Supnlies for locos.. 23,30007 18,44560 |  |  |
| Engineers, Firemen, Wipers and Dispatchers. | 436,015 53 | 392,273 72 |
| Conduotorb, Brakemen and Baggagemen <br> - Passedger. | 81,025 41 | 79,646 36 |
| Conductory, Brakemen and Baggagemon |  |  |
| Switohmen, Flagnen and | 128,31191 | 103,44860 |
| Train Suppites. | 45,530 02 | 45.71457 |
| Station Suppli | 27,537 56 | 25,459 05 |
| Dining.Car Expe | 5,468 94 | 10.08. 24 |
| Operailng Trlegrap | 96,6:2:2 | 90, 1234 |
| Loss and Damage to Frojeht and Baggage | 22,09133 | 24,278 84 |
| Damage to Property and Stock | 15,432 63 | 14.21632 |
| Injuries to Perbo | 44,49744 | 50,442 12 |
| 8tation Srivice | 346,01306 | 324,405 59 |
| Sleeping and Paesenger Car Mileag | 16,11716 | 11,148 05 |
| Frolght Car Mileago. | 142,73618 | 86,489 92 |
| Trackage. | 37.8 ¢9 29 | 34,460 14 |
| Switohing Charge | 125,896 37 | 101,090 06 |
| Superiutondence. | 30,665 47 | 31,058 01 |
| Rental of Locomo |  | 10:56 |
| Stationery a | 45,510 42 | 40,69743 |
| Insurance. | 10.80000 | 11,100 00 |
| Outside Agen | 154,6:9 39 | 155,171:8 |
| Advertising | 37,436 66 | 36,-85 20 |
| Expenses of Traffo Associatio | 12,768 11 | 10.60162 |
| Expenses at Stock Yards and Elevators.. | 11,391 ¢9 | 10,530 09 |
| Salaries of Othicers and Olerko. | 189,200 39 | 177.39981 |
| Gedoral Offi + Expenses and 8upplies.... | 38,42655 | 28,860 10 |
| Legal Expensos. | 34,989 07 | 41,019 71 |
| New York Office Expense | 7.59699 | 4,564 59 |
| London Office Expense | 18.15226 | 17,62250 |
| Miscellantous. | 12,375 86 | 10,269 11 |
| Total | 490.22301 | 3,943,516 45 |

MAINTENANCE OF THE PERMANENT WAY.
There has been expended for maintenance of permanent way $\$ 817,5: 3847$. against $\$ 704,68770$ in the previous year, an nerease of $\$ 112,85077$.
The Company's proportion of all the somewbat extensive improvements which have been made to the lines on which it has runuing powers, including the replacing with a much heavier steel :uperstructure of the bridge over the Mississippi River at Dubuque, has been charged to expenses.

## NEW RAILS

The company, during the fiscal year of 1899, purchased and laid in the track 10,000 tons, and during the present fiscal year has purchased 10,000 tons additional, of 75 -pound steel lails, which are now being laid in the track, making for the two years 169 miles of track relaid with heavy steel rails. The small amounts which appear in the accounts as charged to renewal of rails in the two years grows out of the fact that the rails purchased for use in 1849 were purchased at a price of $\$ 1900$ per ton, but, before they were laid in the tracks and the old rails let loose, the price of rails had advanced to such an extent that the old rails sold at about $\$ 1000$ per ton more than the new rails cost. The process of laying rails is going on, and by the end of November of this year the entire line from Chicago to Oelwein. a distance of 240 miles. which carries the thickest traffic, will be relaid with heavy steel rails.

This rapid renewal of rails is fo ced up $n$ the company by comprtition rather than by due regard to economy. The rails which have been taken up were so nearly perfect that they have been eagerly purchased by non-competitive lines for re-laying rails, and a due regard for economy would have required they remain in the track for several years longer.

## MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT.

There has been expended for maintenance of equipment $\$ 618,31199$, against $\$ 556,42617$ in the previous year, an increase of $\$ 61,88582$. The expenditure this year is equal to 11.8 per cent of the entire cost of the equipment, and something over nine per cent of the gross earnir gs. The large expenditures which hare been made in the last three years for repairs and maintenance of equipment have placed the entire motive power, passenger coaches and fretght eqnipment in first class condition. During the year one baggage car, seventy-two box cars and seven caboose cars have been purchased, and charged to maintenance to make good equipment which has been destroyed and not rebu lt. The equipmrnt having thus been brought to a high standard of efficiency, with the facilities which are now fossessed in the Oelwein shops, it can reasonably be expected that the
equipment can be maintained in the future with reduced expenditures.
comparative statistics.
Showing the relative economy in the movement of trains this year compared with last year.1 \& 99.
1900. Incre'se. P.c.Ine
Freight-
Totai frelg
Freight-
Totai frelg Number miles earnings....... $\$ 4$ 475,406 \$5,128,658 \$653,252 14.6trains.Wagesof...........................brakemen......................Prassengen.
390,481 2,707,988 317,507
Total earnings of passenger
trains, including mail and ex
Number milos run by paseen-
Wages of passengor conduotors ..... ,059,085 2,076,461 17,376361,469 \$1,557,759 \$196,280
$\$ 79,646 \quad \$ 81,025 \quad \$ 1,379$

The cost of fuel consumed and the wages of engineers and firemen have not been distributed between the passenger and freight trains. The increase in thee two items must therefore be compared with the total earnings.


The increased price of coal has added $\$ 61,566$ to the cost of oprration, equal to nine-tenths of one par cent of the gross earnings. The increase in price, together with the large increase in freight tonnage moved ( 35.9 per cent) is a sufficient explanation for the increase in coal, both in respect to cist and tons. The table shows that in the movement of trains the line has been worked with considerable economy over the previous year.

## THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

The gross earnings of the line having increased 15.07 per cent in $1898,8 \cdot 94$ per cent in 1899 and 14.54 per cent in the present year, the question naturally arises, Will the nest year also show an increase?
For several years prices of manufactured goods have been advancing, and in 1899 the prices of such goods, more es pecially the products of iron, had been forced by unnatural methods to such a height that it became evident that they must recede to theirnarural level. All at once the evident truism that "prices cannot advance forever" seemed to be on all tongues, and this catch phrase, more than anything else, seemed to affect the opinion of the public in regard to prices. Then it was said that if "prices cannot increase forever," "railway tarnings cannot in rease forever," which seemed to be rerarded as equally conclusive. Based, 10 a large extent, on this fallacy in reasoning, at the beginning of June there was a widespread feeling that the $t$ affics of railways would be at a standstill in the new fiscal year, if they did not actually decreas.
The merchants partook of the forebodings of the public mind, and curtailed their orders for merchandise, and for a few weeks in June, and the early days of July, there was a decided tendency of west-bound or merchandise traffics to fall off. This tendency seems, however, to have reached the turning point about the 20th of July, and so far as the traffic of this Company is concerned amounted to only about six per cent of the west-bound business of one month. Since the 20th of Juily the tide has turned, and has been followed by a substantial increase in the west-bound merchandise traffic compared with business of the same period in the previous year. The merchants have found that even the people of northern Minnesota and the Dakotas are not prepared to reduce consumption while they have money in their pockets, because, perchance, they have lost half of their expected crop of wheat, while the half which they have saved promises to bring larger prices, and the rest of their crops is fairly abundant.

It is evident that increased prices and increased traffics rest upon different bases. Irices are governed by the relation of supply to demand, the cost of production being the controlling factor in the long run. An increase in production which might tend to reduce prices would have a certain tendency to incr ase railway traffic. Increased population, increased capital and increased efficiency of laborsaving devices, all tending to reduce prices, are the producers of increased railway traffics, and as long as population and capital merrases, railway trattics must increase.
The first Cenvus of the population of the United States was taken in 1790, and there has been a Census taken at the end of each subsequent ten years. The increase for a hundred years has been, with remarkable regularity: at the rate of about 30 per cent for each decade, compounded at the end of each ten years. The increase of capital has b+en more rapid. The statistics of the aggregate earnings of the railways of the United States have been tabulated since 1871, and show as uniform increase by decades as the population, but at two and a half times the rate, or 75 per cent increase 1 n each decade, compounded at the end of each ten fears. The increase by years has been almost as uniform as by decades. In only four years (1876-1877, 1884 and 1894) have the aggregate farnings shown a decrease in comparison with the preceding year, and in every other year the aggregate earnings have increased. There are no such conditions threatening the immediate outlook of railway earnings as preceded in the four years of decreases.
But the history of any particular line does not justify the expectation of such certainty or uniformity of increase. Both internal and $\epsilon x$ ternal conditions affect the earnings of the particular lines. If the particular line is starved to such an extent that its facilities, motive power and ca's do not increase, its traffics must of necessity remain at least stationary, and will probably decrease. "So the partial fallure of a single crop, like the wheat crop in Northern Minnesota and the Dakotas in the present year, may affect the particular railway disastrously, while the area is too insignificant, compared with the rastness of the whole country, to perceptibly affect the aggregate railway faruings.
The shortage of $100,000,000$ bushels of wheat will necessarily reduce the freight earnings of the spring-wheat-carrying ily reduce the freight earnings of the spring-wheat-carrying
lines, but the lines of this company are so situated that it
has never participated, to any appreciable extent, in the carrying of wheat from the Northwest except in the form of flour. The great flouring mills of Minneapolis must con tinue to make flour. If the usual supply of wheat is cur tailed, the shortage will be made good from the abundant harvests of the Southwest, in the transportation of which, this company, having the shortest line between Kansas City and Minneapolis, will be an important factor. Instead of hauling flour from Minneapolis to Chicago only, it will haul wheat from Kansas City to Minneapolis and the resulting flour from Minneapolis to Chicago-two hauls instead of one. Besides, the local harvest of the territory immediately adjacent to the line, which is always good, is this year superior.

The earnings during the fiscal year covered by this report have been limited by the motive power and cars which the Company possessed. The new fiscal year begins with increased motive power and cars in possession, and 16 addi tional locomotives and 800 freight cars under contract to be delivered during July and August. Some of the locomotives will not be delivered within the contract period, but, not withstanding, the Company will have increased its carrying capacity from 15 to 20 per cent over last year, and, from the present point of view, there seems to be no reason why the fiscal year ending June 30,1901 , should not record another advance in earnings equal to the increase of the pres ent year.
This expectation seems to be sustained, in a measure, by the fact that at the time of writing this report, six weeks of the new fiscal year have elapsed with an increase in gross earnings of $14 \cdot 30$ per cent. The percentage of increase in the six weeks ( 14.30 per cent) is almost exactly the average percentage of increase ( 14.54 per cent) of the present year

The Directors take pleasure in expressing their appreciation of the faithful and intelligent services rendered by the General Manager and other ofticers in charge of operations, and by the employes, during the year
By order of the Board of Directors.
A. B. STICKNEY,

President.
GENERAL BALANOE SHEET, CAPITAL ACOOUNT8, JUNE 30, 1900.

ASSETS.
 Cost of road, including Terminals to June 30, 1900
Joseph Elevators Kasas City and St
Our interestin Chio. Union Transfer Ry.
All ihe Stock of DeKalb \& Great West ern Ry.-
All the Stock of City Terminal Ry. Co.,
Kansas City
2,799,019 49
2,401,872 80
5,200,892 29

Bonds and Stocks of Other Compantes.
Cash with London Finance Committee..
acoounts Receivablo.

56,467,015 30

## 85,00000 56,69444

111,753 63
94,185 10
347,633 17
19079
8430052

## GENERAL BALANOE SHEET, REVENUE ACCOUNTS <br> JUNE 30, 1900

OURRENT $\triangle$ COOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

## Due from agents and conductors.

 Due from individual Due rom other rallway compantes Borest acorued on cecurltios owned Cash minnesota Transfer Ry. Co.... Sunply hand. Supply of faeland material on hand Bills receivable
erial on hand.......... Dus from capital accounts. $\qquad$
Cash Deposited in London and New York to pay-
Tnterest on Sterling Loans.
Dividend on 4 per cent Debenture stock
payable July 15, 1900 ........................
"A," payable july 31, 1900................
$\$ 229,02819$
117,48632
51,40845
51,40845
43750
43750
48926
121,07184
708,63694
708,63694
19.55000
347,874 38
$\$ 1,595,98288$

Deposited in London to pay interest and
dividends from Jan. 15. 1843, to July 31
1900, on 4 per cent Debenture Stock and
able in exchange for one First Mortgage
Bond......................................................
$\$ 17,85212$
333,47200
282,542 50
633,868 62

21400
$\$ 2, \overline{230,06350}$

## CURRENT AOOOUNTS PAFABLE

Interest maturing on bonds Minnesota
Rental acorulng to Northern Pacific........................................
 Taxes acorning, estimate Pay-rolls. Vouchers and ourrent accounts...................................... Coupons on C. St. P. \& K. C. RJ. Co.' First Mortgage Bonds, nnpresented... Mileage tickets outstanding nsurance collected not expended...

78
17.76803

73,09871
245,72680
245,72680
059,06307

Interest maturing on Sterling Io....
2,750 74

Dividends payable July 15, 1900, on 4 2,75014
7,10220 Dividend payable Julv 31, 1900, on 5 par $\$ 333,47200$ oent Praferred Stock "A".................... 284,295 00
$\$ 1,468,29390$

Interest due Jan. 15, 1893, to July 15, 1900, on 4 per cent Debenture stock of reorganization in exchange under plan First Mortgage Bond exchange for on
Dividend due Jan. 31 and Julj 31,1899 and 1900, on 5 per cent Preferred Stock "A." not jet issued but issuable under plan of reorganization, in exchange for one First Mortgage Bond...
Balance Inoome Aocount, June 30, 1900.
617,767 00

## $\$ 16000$

5400
21400
$\$ \overline{2,230.06350}$
W. B. BEND, Auditor.

INCOME ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900.
Operating Expenses and Taxes.
\$4,694,223 01
Rental Chicago Terminals....
\$192,072 97
Kental Des Molnes Terminals......................
12,581 58
Rental Dubuque Bridge............................. $\$ 30,00005$
204,654 55

Interest on Equipment Lease Warrants
*Interest on C.St. P. \& K. C. 5 per cent Ster
ling Priority Loan, six mont
Interest on this Company's proportion as
jt Panner of the Bonds issued by the
Interest on thls Company's proportion as
joint owner of the Bonds issued by the
Minnesota Transfer Rallway Co..............
Interest on Loans for Capital Improvem'ts
Interest on Loans for Capital Improvem'ts
Internal Revenue War Taxes .........................
$\$ 30,70083$
135,70683
165,706 83

## ziAbilities.

|  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $4 \%$ Debenture Stock...........17,876,500 00 |
| $4 \%$ Debenture Scrlp........... |
| ,432 99 |

$17,883,93299$
$1,202,90000$
Less in the Treasury........... 1,202,900 00 Debenture Stock and
5\% Preferred Stock A.........11,371,800 00 16,681,032 99
5\% Preferred Stock A.........11,371,800 00
Preferrea Stock A Outstanding.
4\% Preferred Stock B......... $-4,489,1900011,303,900,00$
Less in the Treasury.......... $\quad 7,489,19000$ Preferred Stock B Outstanding...
Tommon stock...................
7\% Equlpment I.ease War-
rants,
Rs.
6\% Equipment Lease War-
rants, C. G. W. Ry. Co......
5\% Equipment Lease War-
ranta, d. G. W. Ry. Co..... Iotal Car Trlest Liabiti. Sterling Loau, due in 6\% Sterling Loan, due in
1902 Gold Noter, due in 1903
$5 \%$ Gold Notes, due in 1903,
U. ถ. Currency...

5\% Gold Notes, due in 1904, stering...
5\% Loans at varlous dates.
Total Liabititieson Loans.
Advancos from Earulugs...
-_- 7,468,090500
21,308,14500

886,496 67
70,00000
353,125 96
$1,309,62263$
£2С0,000 969,69696
£100,000 484,84846
2190,625
$\$ 200,000$
$1,124,24242$

## £152,900

$\$ 67,000$
550,000
$1,358,33330$
$\begin{array}{r}3,937,12114 \\ 347,87435 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$62,355,78614$

${ }^{*}$ The C. St. P. \& K. C. 5 per cent Sterling Priorlty Loan was paid in full January 1, 1900.
There have been paid two selui-annual interest pasments of 2 per oent each on the 4 per cent Debenture

per centeach on the 5 per cont Preferred Stook A,

$\$ 568,65050$ 568,62000
143,78360
$\$ 1.281,05410$

Surplus over all charges prlor to 4 per cent Dobenture
8took.
$\$ 1,281,05410$
$\$ 1,281,05410$
\$1,281,034 10
W. B. BEND, Auditor.

## SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900.

New York, September 1, 1900 To the Stockholders of the Southern Railuay Company:
The President and Board of Directors submit the following report of the operations of the Company for the year ended June 30, 1900:

INCOME ACCOUNT.
1900. 1899 Inc. or Dec.

Grose Earnings from
Operations............
Operations $\ldots$............
Operating Enses............
Net Income from OperNet Income from Oper-
atlons...............
Income from other
Sources.................

31,200,869 89 \$25,353,686 07 I. $\$ 5,847,18382$ $21,831,44686 \quad 17,356,35537 \quad 1.4,475,09149$
\$9,369,423 03 \$7,997,330 70 1.\$1,372,092 33
318,80548 328,46981 D.9,66433
$\overline{\$ 9,688,22851} \overline{\$ 8,325,80051} \overline{1 . \$ 1,362,42800}$
Interest and Rentals... $\overline{\$ 6,755,44230} \xlongequal{(6,207,25280} \overline{\text { I. } \$ 548,18950}$ Other Deductions from
Income................

Balance............
No. 5 , 1 per ot paid
No. 5,18 per ot. paid
$\underbrace{\$ 6,770,97701}_{\$ 2,917,25150} \frac{15,53471}{} \frac{24,02823}{\$ 6,231,28103} \frac{D .8,49352}{I \cdot \$ 539,69598}$

Reserved for Divid'd
No. 6, $11_{2}$ per cent,
pay'le in Oot. 1900
900,000 00
$\$ 2,017,25150$
900,00000
Bal. carried to oredit of Proft and Loss.

For dividends for the year 1899, see Profit and Loss Account, Table 3, page 32 of Annual Report for 1899.

For details of Income Account see Table 2, pages 451 and 452.

This account for 1900 includes, for the entire year, the results of operation of the Mobile \& Birmingham Railroad, South Carolina \& Genrgia and Augusta Soththern Railroads, Carolina Midland Railway, Seivern \& Knoxville Railroad and Atlantic \& Yadkin Railway, whereas for 1899 it included the results of operations of these properties during only a part of the year, bamely:

Mobile \& Birmingham RR., March 1 to June 30, 1899.
South Carolina \& Georgia and Augusta Southern Railroads, May 1 to June 30, 1899.

Carolina Midland Railway and Seivern \& Knoxville RR., May 21 to June 30, 1899.
Atlantic \& Yadkin Railway, A pril 1 to June 30, 1899.
It also includes the results of operation of the several properties added to the system during the year 1900, as follows:
Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad, August 7, 1899, to June 30, 1900.
Atlantic \& Danville Railway, September 1, 1899, to June 30, 1900.
Northeastern RR. of Georgia, November 1, 1899, to June 30, 1900.

Lockhart RR., May 28, 1900, to June 30, 1900.
The Gross and Net Earnings shown above are the results of the operation of an average of $6,306 \cdot 12$ miles for the entire year in 1900 as compared with an average of $5,377 \cdot 50$ miles in 1899.

The mileage operated at the close of the year was $6,431 \cdot 11$ miles as against $5,958.68$ at the close of the previous year, an increase of 472.43 miles, as follows:
Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad... Iriles.
Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad.
Atlantio \& Danville Ratlway.......
Atlantio \& Danville Ratlway

Traokage over Charleston \& Western Carollna Railway-Allen-
dale Junction. S. C., to Yemassee, S. C.



The net increase of $\$ 548,18950$ in "Interest and Rentals" consists of :
Increase in interest upon Southern Railway First Consol-
Increase in interost r........................................................
Railway Oompany First Mortgage Four Per Cent Bonds.
paid for the entire year 1899-1900 ae against thre
months in the previous year.
28,49000

Net increase in interest on Southern Railway Company Certifoates of Indebtedness leaued and sold in May, lina \& Georgla Railroad stook and Northern Alabama Rallway bonds and stock and on Southern Rall way Company Certifioates of Indeb tedness fsenued and sold in May, 1899, t) provide, 1 n part. for the purohase of bonds and stock of the Caroltna Midland. Rallway Co. and atock of the Setvern \& Knoxville RR. Co.. Interest on said certifloates having been pald for the entire year rious year.
nterest from June is to 30,1900 on $\$ 1.000 .000$ South. ern Railway Company Certtiloates of Indebtedness 18 Midiand Reild to provide for extenstons of the Carolina Midland Rellway.

45,00000

Incroase in rental of the Mobile \& Birmingham Railroad, paid for the entire year 1899.1900, as against four months of the previous year.
Increase In rental of the South Carolina \& Georgia and Augusta Southern rallroade, pald for the entire vear 1899-19C0, as against two months of the previloue jear (incluaing rental of Sumter \& Wateree River RR.)..... Increase in rental of Rlobmond \& Mecklenburg Railroad, patd for the entire year 1899-1900, as against elght
Rental of Atlantic \& Danvile Railway Company for ten months-September 1, 1899, to June 30, 1900............. Rental for trackage rights over Charleston \& Western Carollna Railway and Charleston \& Savannah Railway, between Allendale, S. C., and Savannah, Ga., six months Sundry small increase.
undry small increa
Total increases
Decrease in interest on Southern Rallway in Decomber. 1897 itices of Indehtedness issued of Memphis Divieion of account of purchase of the original ilssue of $\$ 1,200,000$ were outstandłng June 30,1900
Decrease in Interest on Atianta \& Charionte Air Line Income Mortgage Six Per Cent payment of the princtpal op sald bonds hav ing been extended to January 1, 1907, at 4 per cent per annum.
Miscellaneous decreases, due to retirement of Rlohmond \& Danville and Georgia Pactile Equipment Sinking Fund Bonds.

## 3,750 00

12,113 33
Net fncrease..................................... $\quad \$ 548,18950$
The increase of $\$ 28,490$ in interest upon Southern Railway First Consolidated Bonds was due:
(a) To the fact that $\$ 1,000.000$ of bonds which bore Inter-
est for only six months of the figcal year 1899 carried in-
terest for entire y ear 1900. Involving an inorease of....... $\$ 25,00000$ (b) To the sale during the year of $\$ 1,395,000$ of bonds bearing interest from June 11, 1900 .. 3,490 00
$\overline{\$ 28,4} 0000$
First Consolidated Bonds reserved in the hands of the Trustee for future improvements amounted, at the close of the year, to $\$ 12,900,000$, issuable only for expenditures for new and additional property under the limitations specified in the mortgage, and at a rate not exceeding $\$ 2,000,000$ in any one calendar year. One million dollars have been withdrawn during the year 1900, as stated below.

Memphis Division First Mortgage Bonds similarly reserved for improvements upon the Memphis Division amount to $\$ 1,417,000$, to be issued at a rate not exceeding $\$ 100,000$ per annum ; and, in addition thereto, $\$ 1,500,000$ of these bonds are reserved solely for the construction, if determined upon, of a line of railway between Sterenson and Chattanooga. None of the reserved bonds of this issue have as yet been withdrawn from the Trustee.
There are also reserved, in the hands of the Trustee, \$1,000,000 of Memphis Division Second Mortgage Bonds, issuable for improvements on the Memphis Division, at a rate not exceeding $\$ 100,000$ per annum. None of the reserved bonds of this issue have as yet been withdrawn from the Trustee.

## EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

The Earnings and Expenses in comparisor with those of substantially the same properties in the previous year were as follows:
Gro 1900. 1899. Increase. P.c. of Ore Earkings........31,200,869 89 27,696,179,85 3,504,690 $0412 \cdot 65$
 Operating Expenses and Taxes............ 21 Net Earnings from Ratto of Expenses to

| Rato of Expenses to |
| :---: |
| Earnings........... $69.98 ~$ | DIVIDENDS.

As shown in Income Account, dividends amounting to 3 per cent on the preferred stock, payable $11 / 2$ per cent in April, 1900, and $11 / 2$ per cent in October, 1900 , have been charged against Income for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900. Dividends in the previous year aggregated 2 per cent on the preferred stock, and were charged to Profit and Loss Account.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.
The balance standing at credit of Proflt and Loss on
June 30, 1899, was. .............. .......................... 2, $_{2}$,366,563 88 The balano standing at the credit of that account on 3,510,7e1 86
For details of Profit and Loss Account see Table 3, page 452.)
financial condition.
The financial condition of the Company at the close of the year is shown in the comparative balance sheet ( Table 1, p. 450 .)
The Company has no floating debt, and has had none since its organization.
The liabilities of every character of all subordinate com$p^{\text {anies operated as a part of the System, whether leased or }}$
owned, and affecting the income of the Southern Railway Company. are shown in the balance sheet, and are treated as liabilities of this Company.

Capjtal Stock.
There have been no changes during the year in the amount of capital stock outstanding.
Funded Debt, outstanding Securities of Leasehold Estates and Equipment obligations.
As stated in the last annual report, there were outstanding on June 30, 1899:
Funded Deht (including $\$ 1,394,000$ Southern Rallway
Compla Division second Mortage Bonds
by ttu Oompany) $…$...........................
103,932,300 00
Outstanding securities of Leasehold Estates.............
Equipment Notes of Old Companies or their Reoeivers.

## Total.

\$125 880,79163
On June 30, 1900, as shown by the balance sheet (Table 1) there were outstanding
Funded Debt, tnoluding \$1,276,0 0 Southern Rallway
First C , solidated Bonds free in Treasiry aud
$\$ 1,50 r$, 000 Memphis Division Second Mortgage
Bonds inwned by ihe $O$ mpany.
104,970,200 00 Ontstanding Securlties of Learohold Estates................ anipment Notes or old oompanies or their Reoeivers.

5,9 2. 20000
1,675,996 29
Total.
.\$132,732.29626
Net increase during the year in these acoounts........ $\$ 7,051,9 ; 9,63$
This net increase of $\$ 7,051,99463$ represents :
additions doring tear:
(a) New Bond Issues-

Southern Rullway Co. First Consolidated Bonds... \$1,278,000 00 Issued as folows:
Upon retirnment of an equal amonnt or Equipment Bouds. and Equipment prus and of tbelr Recelvers. Oompa-
Unon retirement of an equal amountoi Prínr Lien Bonās redeemed, viz.

Charioteesvilie \& Rupidan First Mortgage Bonds.
Issued during the year for acoount of the aoquisition of new property...
$\$ 263,00000$

15,00000
$1,000,00000$
$\$ 1,278,00000$
(b) Securities of Leasehold Estates-

Firet Mortuages Per Cent Bonds.
RICHMOND \& MECKLENBURG RR 10.
Finst Mortgage 4 Per Cent Bonds.
Sectrities of atlantic \& Danvileie Railivay C mpany:
First Mortgage 5 Per
Pıeferred Stock.......... 3,099,200 00
$1.238,00000$
Pıeferred Stock............ 3,099,20000
$\$ 100,00000$
7,000 00
$4,337,20000$
(0) Equipment Obligations-

Amodnt of Contracta for new Eqdipment Re-
Ceived juring the Year, Payable in Monthly
Instalments during the Yeirs 1400 TO 190.3, IN-
clubive, or Earlier at the Option of the Com-
pany
2,141,815 00

## total additions.

\$7,864,015 00 REDUCTIONS DURING YEAR.
Richmoud \& Danvilie Equipinent Sinking
Gourgia Pacific Equipment Sinking Fund is
Per rent Bunds, rettired.......................
Chariottesvilie \& Rapidan First Mortgage Chariottesville \& Rapidan First Mortgage 6
Jer Cent Bonde, retired. Equipmedt Notes of old C.
Equipment Notes of old Companies or their Rectivers patd
Company paid.......................................
Total Reductions. 465,818 71

Net inorease in those aocounts as above. 105,000 00
120,000 00
15,100 00
106,10166

信
The increase in securities and equipment obligations outstanding, as shown above. is fully represented either by the amount of prior li -n securities retired, or by the cast of new and additi nal property acquired, or by s curities upon newly-acquired properties outstanding at the time of their acquisition.

Extension and Refonding of Matured Bonds.
The Atlanta \& Charlotte Air Line Railway Company Six Per Cent Income Bonds, in amount $\$ 70,000$, became due April 1, 1900, and were extended at 4 per cent until January 1, 1907

The East Tennessee Virginia \& Georgia Railroad Company First Mortgage Seven Per Cent Bonds, in amount §3,123,000 , matured on July 1, 1900, and provision was made for taking them up by the issue and sale as of that date of an equal amount, par value, of Southern Railway Company First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, pursuant to the requirements of the First Consolidated Mortgage Deed of Trust.

The annual saving in interest charges to the 'ooupany by reason of these two inaturities will amount to $\$ 77,460$.

Certificates of Indentedness.
Of the $\$ 1,200.000$ Six Per Cent Certifeates of Indebtedness issued in December, 1897, on account of the purchase of the Memphis Division, $\$ 400,000$ wrre paid during the year, leaving outstanding at ilhe close of the year the sum of $\$ 200.000$, payable in December, 1900 .

Of the $\$ 2,350.000$ Five Per Cent Certificates of Indebtedness issued in May, 1899, to provide in part for the purchase of stock of the South Carolina \& Georgia Railroad Company
and of the Seivern \& Knoxvil'e Railr 'ad Company, and of stock and bonds of the Northern Alabama Railway Com. pany and of the Carolina Midland Ralway Company, \$633,33333 were paid during the year, leaving outstanding at the close of the year $\$ 1,716,6666 \%$.
In order to provide for advances to the Carolina Midland Railway Company for the extension and com letion of its line from Columbia, S C., to Hardeeville, S C., there were issued June 15, 1900, Southern Railway Company Four Per Cent Certificates of Indebtedness in the sum of $\$ 1,000,000$, payable in four equal semi-annual instalments, the first of which will be due July 1, 1901, and the last on January 1, 1903.

## (a) For New Construction and Real Estate-

Expenditures for New Construction and Real Estate charged to capital account during the year have been (see Ba'ance Sheet, Table 1, "Current New Construction, Year $1 \times 99$-1900") :


Balance representing cost of 446,180 feet
of addilional Track........................................

Less proceeds from sale of Real Estate at
CoIumbia, 8 . C.

9,750 00
Total for Construotion and Real Estato................
(b) For New and Additional Equipment -

Expenditures for new and additional equipment, oharged co capital account during the sear (as showis hy the Balince Sheet, 「abla 1. "New and Additional Equipment. Year 1899-1900") nave been

137,368 23 Representing the coat of


Total charges to Capital Acoount during the year for Construction, Real Estate and Equiphen
 , 1 on account of the addition to the Company's general office building, at Washington, D. C., represents only the cost of the new and additional structure. The cost of the necessary alterations in the original building will be charged to operating exp-nses.

Equipment Trust and Equipment Sinking Fond Payments.
Equipment Trust notes of the old Companies or their Receivers have been paid during the year as follows:
East Tenn. Va. \& Ga. Car Trust Notes. Memohis \& Charleston
South Caro ina \& Ga.
....... $\$ 37.50000$
24,47904
$36,9.28$
Augusta Suuthern
$\begin{array}{r}36,12434 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Total.. year on
Sinking Fund payments during the account of Equipment Bonds have been
Richmona \& Danville 5 Per Cent Equipment
Sinking Fund
$\$ 104,41250$
enrgia Paoific 5 Per Cent Equipment Sinking
105,62000
Total.
210,03250
Total pavments during the year on aocount of old equipmenc obllgations outstanding upon the several propor ties at the time of their acquisition. ............... $\$ 316,13416$

## Payments for New Equipment

Payments for new equipment during the sear have
 Of Whioh "he

The balance, Viz .
137,368 23
has been charced to Operating Expenses or counts oreated through charges to Operating Expenses provide for equipment renewals. The new equipinent thus paid for and so charged consisted of:

## 23 Locomolives, 24 Passenger Cars <br> 1,627 Freight Cars.

As against this, equipment was retired during the year as follows
1к L.comotives,
| 751 Freight and Roadway Cars.
The heavy expenditures for new equipment cliarged to Operating Expenses reflect tho. Compa y's policy of improving the condi ion of its rolling stock and of increasing the average capacity of its freight cars and the arerage ofticiency of its locomotives without increasing its capital account.

The average capacity of the freight-car equipment of the system, which in $1 \times 95$ was 47,180 pounds per car, in 1900 is 51,619 pounds per car, an improvement of 4.38 per cent.
The average tractive power of the locomotives, which in 1895 was 2,819 tons per engine, in 19110 was 3,072 tons per engine, an improvement of 8.98 per cent
These average results have been obtained notwithstanding the fact that during the five years relatively large proportions of light-capacity equipment have been received with such lines as the Memphis \& Charleston, South Carolina \& Georgia, Mobile \& Birmingham and Atlantic \& Danville.
The replacement of all equipment retired since the Company commenced operations in 1891 has been fully provided for by proper charges to Operating Expenses.
Equipment Obligations Outbtanding at Close of the Year.
Equipment Obligations, as above stated, were outstanding at the close of the year in the amount of $\$ 1,809,88626$, consisting of:
Equipment Trust Notes of the old Companies or of their Receivers, viz.:


``` Memphis \& Charieston South Carolina \& Ga.
```

``` 8,15968
63,23029
```

 \$133,889 97 equipment contracts 1,675,996 29

## Total.

 . $\$ 1.809,89626$The equipment obligations of the Southern Railway Co., amounting to $\$ 1,675,99629$, consist of the unmatured bal ances on contracts for 3,200 freight cars purchased and re ceived during this fiscal year as follows:

## $2,000 \mathrm{Bc}$. Cars, <br> 300 Coal Cars.

The total contract price of the above equipment was $\$ 2$, 141,815 , of which $\$ 465,81871$ was paid during the year ended June 30, 1900. The balance is payable in monthly instal ments during the next three years or earlier, at the option of the Company.

## New Equipment Contracts:

In addition to the purchase of equipment made during the year, as shown above, a contract has been made for the purchase of new equipment as follows:

> 18 Passe negr Locomotiver, 65 Frelght Loomotives, and 3,450 Freleht Oars, VIZ: 1950 Douhla

1,950 Duble Hopper-Bottom Coal Cars, 800 Ventilated Box Cars, 200 Clate Cars.
A small number of these cars had been delivered in advance prior to June 30th, and are included in the inventory of equipment on hand on that date.
This equipment will be paid for twenty per cent in cash and the remainder under equipment trust obligations bearing four per cent (4\%) interest and maturing in fourteen (14) semi-annual instalments dating from November 1, 1900.

This equipment, while available on delivery as additional equipment for the growing traffic of the Company, is purchased in anticipation of future renewals, and the cost will be charged entirely to renewal accounts.

Further contracts have been made for the purchase of new passenger-car equipment as follows:

## 22 Pascenger Coachee,

6 Combination Passenger and Baggage Cars.
This should provide for the present necessities of the service and for the replacement of such passenger equipment as may be retired during the coming year.

## INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT

As shown in Table 21 of pamphlet, the equipment on hand of all lines on June 30, 1900, as compared with June 30 1899, consisted of:
Looomotives..............
Passenger Serice Cars.
Frelght Cars
Road Service Equipmer.
This includes for 1900 equipment received during the year:-

With the Atlantic \& Danville Railway, viz.
${ }_{23}^{26}$ Locomotives,
811 Freight Cars.
With the Northeastern Railroad of Georgia, viz.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ Locomotives.
3 Passenger Servico Cars,
Aside from equipment received, as above, with lines acquired, there was a net increase in available equipment during the year of :

5 Locon otives,


6 Pa\&senger Service Cars,
2,645 Frelght Cars,
Floating equi 115 roaa service Cars. pment at the close of the year ornsisted of Boats, 1 Pump Boat and 1 Pile Driver.
This includes 1 Steamer, 1 Tug, 4 Bar
received with the received with the Atlantic \& Danville Railway.

## Operating Efficiencr.

Attention is invited to tables 9 and 10, in pamphlet, showing the insprovements uade during the year in operating efficiency as compared with the several years previous.

The average number of tons (all freight) per train as compared with the year previous increased 11.78 per cent; as compared with $1896,25 \cdot 56$ per cent.
The average number of tons (all freight) in each loaded car as compared with the year previous increased 57 per cent; as compared with 1896,13 per cent.
The average earnings per freight train mile as compared with the year previous increased 10.44 per cent; as compared with 1895., 12 per cent.
These average results do not indicate fully the improvements which. have been accomplished on the lines of densest traffic, on account of the large number of branch lines in the system upon which full train loads of freight are never secured, and of the number of new lines in poor condition and with thin traffic and light-capacity equipment which have been added to the system during the years named, which have tended constantly to keep down the average efficiency.
The improvements have been most marked in the last year becau ${ }^{\circ}$ e of the increased volume of traffic, and of the accumulated effect of the expenditures made in previous years to improve the property and thus secure more advanced methods of operation.

Contracts were let last spring for the work of reducing grades and improving the alignment of the road between Asheville, N. C., and Knoxville, Tenn., which, when completed, will result in considerable economies in haudling the heavy traffic over that line.

## ADDITIONAL PROPERTIES.

atlantic \& Danville Railway.
The property of the Atlantic \& Danville Railway Company was leased on August 31, 1899, to the Southern Railway Company for a period of fifty years from July 1, 1899, at a fixed rental of -
$\$ 127,000$ per annum until July 1, 1901,
157,000 per annum from July 1, 1901 , to July 1, 190 !,
188,000 per annum from July 1, 1904, to July 1, 1909, and
218,000 ver annum thereafter.
The Atlantic \& Danville Railway consists of a main line of standard-gauge railroad from West Norfolk, Va., to Danville, Va., a distance of $205 \cdot 1$ miles; a narrow-gaue e branch, $50 \cdot 49$ miles in length, from James River Junction, Va. (near Emporia, Va.), to Claremont, on the James River, and several small spurs and branches aggregating 26.83 miles, in all $282 \cdot 43$ miles of road.

Northeastern Railroad of Georgia.
On October 31, 1899, the Southern Railway Company purchased from the State of Georgia the Northeastern Rai road of Georgia, a line extending from Lula, Ga., where it connects with the Atlanta \& Charlotto Air Line Railway, to Athens, Ga., a distance of 28.93 miles, th $\rightarrow$ property having been offered for sale by the State to the highest bidder, pursuant to public advertisement. The purchase price was $\$ 307,000$, of which $\$ 100,000$ was paid at tbe time of purchase, $\$ 100,000$ will be due November 1, 1900, and the remainder, $\$ 107,000$, on November 1, 1914, such deferred payment bearing intere-t from November 1, 1899. at $31 / 2$ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. The Southern Railway Comp ny has the right, however, to anticipate the payment of either or both of the deferred insta'ments on the due date of any semi-annual interest payment.

Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad.
The construction of the Sum'er \& Wateree River Railroad, extending from a point on the Camden branch of the South Carolina \& Georgia Railroad, near Kingville, S. C., to Sumter, S. C., about 16 miles, was completed on August 8, 1899, and the road has been operated since October 2, 1849, under the terms of an op rating agreement between the Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad Company and the South Carolina \& Georgia Railroad Company, whereby the last-named Company operates the property for account of its owners.
The South Carolina \& Georgia owns substantially all of the stock, and has guaranteed payment of the principal and interest of $\$ 100.000$ First Mortgage Five Per Cent Bonds of the Sumter \& Wateree River Railroad Company, this being an obl gation incurred before the Southern Ry. Co, obtained its controlling interest in the South Carolina \& Georgia.

## Savannah Extension

In pursuance of the plan inaugurated in the last fiscal year, by the purchase of the Carolina Midland Railway, the last-named Company, during the summer and fall of 1899 , constructed a cut-off hetween Cayce (near Columbia), S. C., and Perry, S. C., $31 \cdot 12$ miles in length, thus giving this Company the control of a direct line of read from Columbia to Allendale, S. C., connecting there with the Charl+ston \& Western Carolina Railway. Trackage agreements were made with the Charleston \& Western Carolina Railway and th- Plant System for the operation of Southern Railway trains from Allendale to Yemassee, S. C., and from Yemas see, S. C., into Savannah, Ga., including the use of the Plant System terminals at Savannah. This Company was thus enabled to run its own trains into Savannall from the beenabled to run its own trains into Savannall from the be-
ginning of last winter's Fiori la passenger traffic, and the Florida service has been since successfully operated over the new route in connection with the Plant System south of Savannah.
Under the trackage contracts above referred to, provision was made for the future shortening of the line, if desired, and the modification of the trackage agrerments accordingly. It has now been decided to do this by the construction, by the Carolina Midland Railway (ompany, of a line about 53 miles in length, from Allendale, S. C., to

Hardeeville, S. C., on the Plant System, and it is expected that the new line will be completed in time for next winter's Florida traffic.

To provide funds without creating floating debt, and pending the permanent funding of the cost of these properties ard extensions, certificates of indebtedness, bearing four (4) per cent interest, were issued and sold in June last as stated a bove.

Arrangements have been substantially concluded for the construction of a new Union Passenger Station at Savannah, Georgia, and terminal tracks connecting it with the several roads entering Savannah. The Southern Railway Company will own a one-third interest in the property and will enjoy equal rights with other owners in its use and operation.
ensley Soutiern Railway.
For the purpose of reaching and insuring the development of important coal properties near Birmingham, a line of railroad has been projected between Ensley, Alabama, on the Southern Railway Company's Woodlawn-Bessemer Branch, and Parrish, Alabama, the junction of the Nortaern Alabama Railway with the Southern Railway Company's line, a distance of about thirty-five miles. For this purpose the Ensley Southern Railway Company (substantially all of whose stock is owned by this Company) has been organized under the laws of Alabama, and is now constructing those portions of the line, about 25 miles, which are immediately needed in order to reach the more important of the coal beds referred to.

In order to avoid parallel construction by the Louisville \& Nashville Railroad Company, an agreement bas been made by which that company will be granted trackage rights over about 18 miles of the Ensley Southern line.

## Lockhart Raliboad.

In order to provide railroad facilities for the Lockhart (S. C.) Mills, a cotton manufactory of importance situated on the Broad River, the Lockhart Railroad Company was organized by the owners of said mills, and has constructed a railroad therefrom to a point on the Asheville \& Spartanburg Railroad, near Orr's Crossing, S. C., a distance of 13.81 miles. The Southern Railway Company has assisted in such construction and the road has been leased to the Southern Railway Company for a term of years, and has been operated under such lease since May 28, 1900.

Ore belt Railroad.
For the purpose of reaching the iron-ore beds of the Georgia \& Alabama Mining Company near Cave Spring, Ga., on the Company's line between Rome, Ga., and Anniston, Ala., a branch line about six and one-half miles in length was under construction at the close of the year, and has since been completed. This branch was built under the charter of the Ore Belt Railroad Company, substantially all of whose capital stock is owned by this company.

## Extension of the Round Hill (Va.) Branch.

With a view of further developing the summer resort and other traffic of the Washington-Round Hill (Va.) branch, that line has been extended a distance of about four miles to Bluemont, Va., a point in the Blue Ridge Mountains, and the extension was opened for traffic on July 1, 1900.
Consolidation of Baltimore Chesapeake \& Ricimond steam-
boat Company with Chesapeake Steamship Company.
The Chesapeake Steamship Company, a corporation organized in January, 1900, under the laws of Maryland, has purchased the property and franchises of the Baltimore Chesapeake \& Richmond Steamboat Company, all of whose capital stock was owned by the Southern Railway Company. Pursuant to this consolidation the Zouthern Railway Company has received, and pledged under its First Consolidated Mortgage, securities of the Chesapeake Steamship Company in lieu of, and equal in amount to, those of the Baltimore Chesapeake \& Richmond Steamboat Company formerly awned and so pledged, viz.:
$\$ 250,000$ of Capital Stock of Chesapeake Steamship Company.
$\$ 250,000$ of Certificates of Indebtedness of Chesapeake Steamship Company.
In addition to the purchase of the Baltimore Chesapeake \& Richmond Steamboat Company's property, the Chesapeake Steamship Company has acquired two new steamers, the "Atlanta" and "Augusta," at a cost of about $\$ 555,000$, to provide for which it has issued, and sold at par additional stock to the amount of $\$ 350,000$ and Certificates of Indebtedness to the amount of $\$ 204,800$. Of the additional stock thus issued the Southern Railway Company purchased $\$ 150,000$, par value, and of the certiticates of indebtedness $\$ 53,200$, par value, and has pledged the $\$ 150,000$ of capital stock as further security under the Company's First Consolidated Mortgage.

Reoiganization and Operation of Kentucky \& Indiana
bridoe Co.
The property and franchises of the Kentucky \& Indiana Bridge Company, in which the Southern Railway Company has, for some time past, been interested as a bondholder, were sold under foreclosure on January 18, 1900. A now corporation has been formed by the purchasers, under the title of Kentucky \& Indiana Bridge \& Railroad Com pany, which, pursuant to the plan of reorganization, will issue its securities as follows in payment for the property: Capitai Stock.
First Consolldated Mortgago Four Per Cent Bonds.
$\$ 75,000$
$, 000,000$

The total issue of First Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent Bonds of the new company will be limited to $\$ 2,500$, 000 , of which $\$ 1,000,000$, as above stated, will be issued for the purchase of the property, $\$ 1,000,000$ will be reserved to pay off the $\$ 1,000,000$ of outstanding first mortgage five per cent bonds of the old company, due March 11, 1911, and the remaining $\$ 500,000$ will be reserved to be issued only for future improvements and betterments to the property
The Southern Railway Company, the Bultimore \& Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company and the Chicago Indianapolis \& Louisville Railroad Company jointly control the new company, each having subscribed for a one-third in terest in the new securities issued or to be issued for the purchase of the property.
The property of the Kentucky \& Indiana Bridge Company consists of a railroad about five miles in length, including a bridge across the Ohio River, between New Albany, Ind., and Louisville, Ky., and of important switching facilities, including five miles of terminal lines in Louisville. The new company is operated as a separate organization, but the three companies above named will have the use of the bridge and terminals, paying as rental an aggregate amount sufficient to cover any deficiency of earnings of the new com pany to meet its operating expenses, maintenance, taxes and fixed charges, the portion of such rental payable by each of the three companies named to be determined in proportion to their respective use of the facilities.

## Columbia Union Station.

A company has been organized for the purpose of constructing a Union Station at Columbia, S. C., and the work is now under way. The Atlantic Coast Line and the Southern Railway Company have each subscribed for a one-half interest in the securities of the new company, and will use the station jointly.

## NEW INDUSTRIES

The development of manufacturing industries in the South has continued during the past year in a marked degree

Upon the lines of this Company, or tributary thereto, 514 manufacturing industries and plants were completed and began operations during the year, including:

## Textile Industries.

27 new cotton mills began operations, equipped with 4,498 looms and 220.158 spindles, and having a combined authorized capital of $\$ 3,440,000$.
The equipment of old cotton mills was increased by the addition of 9,449 looms and 287,021 spindles, the improvements having an estimated value of $\$ 9,065,3 \div 8$.

The total increase during the year in the capacity of active cotton mills tributary to this Company's lines was, therefore, 13,947 looms and 507,179 spindles, the additional capital invested being about $\$ 12,500,000$.
21 knitting mills began operations with estim ated capital of $\$ 594,000$.

Iron and Steel Industries.
There were put in operation during the year:
A new steel mill at Ensley, Ala., capital $\$ 1,000,000$.
A new wire and rod mill at Ensley, Ala., capital $\$ 2,000,000$. An iron-pipe plant, North Birmingham, Ala., capital \$175,000.

14 pig-iron furnaces went into blast.

## Miscellaneous.

449 miscellaneous industries were established and put in operation during the year, among which may be mentioned 39 furniture factories, 3 J wood-working plants, 66 lumber mills, 2J cotton seed oil mills, 29 four mills and 7 canneries

## GENERAL REMARKS.

The year has been one of unusual business activity and rowth in the territory reached by your Company's lines.
The iron and coal industries of the Southern States have been still further developed, and the large and modern steel plant referred to in the last report has been completed and put in successful operation at Ensley, Ala. It has now been determined by the owners to add to this plant a mill for the rolling of steel rails, an industry much needed for the full utilization of the products of Southern furnaces, and, if successfully maintained, of much possible benefit to the railways of the Southern States.
The improved price of cotton during the year as compared with that of recent years has greatly benetited the entire cotton-producing section, the surplus stock of previous years having been consumed and the farmers fortunately having received a full share of the advance.
As pointed out elsewhere, the development of cotton manufactures in the South continues upon a steady and substantial basis, and is contributing largely to the prosperity of that section of the country.

The increased business activity throughout the country during the year has resulted, however, in a large increase in the cost of the operations of the railways, both in labor and in materials used, and unfortunately the railways were unable, like other consumers, to increase the average price of the sole article which they have for sale-namely, transportation.
Other branches of business and industry can, when the cost of production increases, increase their prices to measurably correspond, but the average rates received by railway companies practically make no adrance, and as a rule continue to diminish, even in times of increased cost of
operation. The railways, therefore, in time of prosperity must secure improved results, if at all, solely by the more economical handling of a greater volume of traffic.

By the death of their lamented colleague, Mr. Charles H . Coster, your directors have been deprived of a friend and associate whose rare ability, sound judgment and wise counsels have been of inestimable value to the Company. Their deep regret at his loss and their appreciation of his worth have been expressed in a minute upon the record of the Board and a copy has been sent to Mr. Coster's family.

The accounts of the Company have been examined by certified public accountants, Messrs.Patterson, Teele \& Dennis, and their certificate is attached to this report.

Especial attention is directed to the General Manager's report. and to the annexed tables, for statistics, details of earnings and expenses, materials used, betterments made and oconomies accomplished in the operation of the property.
The acknowledgments of the Board are due to ali officers and employes for the faithful discharge of their duties during the year.

Respectfully submitted, by order of the Board,
SAMUEL SPENCER, President.

## EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORT OF THE GENERAL

 MANAGER.
## MILES OF ROAD OPERATED

The nu mber of miles of road operated on June 30, 1899, was. .5,958.68 The number of miles of road operated on June 30,1900 , was.. $6,431 \cdot 11$

## Aninorease of

A detailed statement of the roads operated on June 30,1900 , is given in Table No. 19 in pamphlet report. The details of the increase in miles operated are as follows:
Northeastern RR. of Georgia-Lula to Athens, Ga........ Miles.
Atlantio \& Danvile Railway-Danville to West Norfoik, a., and Branches.
 Sumter \& Wateree River RR.-8umter Junction to Sumter, S. C.
Cranka Midland Railway-Extension Cayoe to Perry,S.C. $31 \cdot 12$
Traokage Rights, Plant Syetem-Yemassee, S. C., to Sa-
Trackage Rights, Charieston \& western Carollna Ry.-
Alendale junotion to Yemassee, S. C.....................
Trackage Rights, Louisville \& Nashville RR.-Extension beyond depot at Middlesboro, Ky .
Trackage Rights. Atlantio Coast Line-Entrance to Net additions by reas

The lines of road are located as follows:


Misaissippi.
Tennesse日..
Kentucky...
(eorg1a.......................1,021.06
The arera.......... 0 . 1 Company in the year 1899-1900, including acquired roads shown in foregoing table, was $6,3 \cup 6 \cdot 12$, as compared with $5,377 \cdot 00$ miles in the previous year. For purposes of proper comparison, however, the statistics relating to Earnings and Expenses as given below for the year ended June 30, 1899, cover an average mileage of $6,221 \cdot 81$ miles, or substantially the lines operated during the fiscal year just ended.

> EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.
$\underset{\text { Eralght........ }}{\text { El }}$
Passonger....
Mail...
Express......
Tutal Earnings ... 31 200,869 89 27,606,17985 3,504,690 $0412 \cdot 65$ Conduoting Transpor
tation...................10,475,930 11 9,216,437111,259,4930013.67 and Structures Was Maintenance of Equip. General Expenses....

Total Exp.\& Taxes.. $\overline{21,831,446} \overline{86} \overline{19,126,87576} \overline{2,704,57110} \overline{14 \cdot 14}$ Net Earnings from
Operation..............
Earnings .............
$\begin{array}{lllllll}9,369,423 & 03 & 8,569,304,09 & 800,11894 & 9 \cdot 34\end{array}$

COMP

## Freight Traffic.

The freight earnings increased $\$ 3,215,550 \cdot 04$, or 18.07 per cent.

The number of tons of freight carried increased $1,888,524$ tons, or 16.14 per cent.

The number of tons of freight carried one mile increased $371,739,238$ tons, or $19 \cdot 34$ per cent.
The average length of haul of freight per ton was 168.82 miles in 1900 and 164.29 miles in 1899, an increase of 2.76 per cent.
The average rate per ton per mile was 916 of a cent in 1900 , as compared with 925 of a cent in the previous year, a decrease of about one per cent.

The average earnings of freight trains per mile run were $\$ 1 \cdot 617$ in 1900 , compared with $\$ 1 \cdot 464$ in 1899 . Increase 10.44 per cent.

## Passenger Traffic.

The passenger earnings increased $\$ 172,73839$, or $2 \cdot 28$ per cent.
The number of passengers carried increased 702,496 , or 11.73 per cent.

The number of passengers carried one mile decreased 10,446,105 , or 3.07 per cent.
The average rate per passenger per mile was 2.349 cents, as compared with 2.226 cents in the previous year, an increase of $5 \cdot 53$ per cent.
The average distance traveled by passengers was 49.22 miles, as compared with 56.74 miles in the previous year, a decrease of $13 \cdot 25$ per cent.

The average earnings of passenger trains per mile run were $\$ 1.008$ in 1900 , compared with $\$ 1.033$ in 1899 , a decrease of 2.44 per cent.
The decrease in the number of passengers carried one mile (as against an increase of 11.73 per cent in the number of passengers carried), and the increase in the average rate per passenger per mile, are due to the long-distance movements of a large number of United States Government troops in 1899 at reduced rates.

Conducting Transportation.
The total expenses for "Conducting
Transportation increased...............
$\$ 1,259,493$ or $\mathbf{1 3} \cdot 67 \%$
The total tonnage moved (inoluding
Company's freight) in 1900 was -....... The total tonnage moved (including
Company's freight) in 1899 was ........

## An increase of.

15,492,02 1
13,203,541

The total number of tons oarried one
mile (1ncluding Company's freight) in 1900 was. $2,641,271,338$
The total number of tons oarried one
mile (including Company's freight) in

The number of miles run by passenger trains in 1900 was......................... The number of mlles run by passenger
trains in 1899 was...........................
The number of miles run by freight trains The number of miles run by freight trains
in 1899 was............................
An increase of.
The number of miles run by all trains in The number of miles rua by all tralne in The number of miles rua by all tralns in

## An increase of

The number of miles run by loo0motives The number of miles run by locomotives in 1899 was............ by locomotives

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The average number of tons carried per the average number of tons oarried per $450.970,177$ or $19.50 \%$

9,787,143
9,263,164
523,979 or $5 \cdot 66 \%$

12,989,996
12,150,757
839,239 or $6.91 \%$
23,692,715
22,038,740
$1,603,975$ or $7 \cdot 26 \%$
30,100,477
26,912,843
$3,187,634$ or $11.84 \%$
$203 \cdot 33$
rain in 1899 was...
An increase of ........................ $\quad 21.43$ or $11.78 \%$
The arerage cost of conduoting trans-
portation per train mile in 1900 was... The aratage ortr on 1898 trans-

An increase of. $\qquad$
44.22 ots.
$41 \cdot 72$ "
2.50 " or $5 \cdot 99 \%$

In the above computations mileage of mixed trains is considered as ane fourth passenger service and three-fourths freight.

To summarize:
The experss for conducting transportation increased 13.67 per cent.

The number of tons carried (including Company's material) increased $17 \cdot 33$ per cent.
The number of tons carried one mile (including Company's material) increased $19 \cdot 50$ per cent.
The number of passengers carried increased $11 . \% 3$ per cent.
The number of miles run by all trains increased $7 \cdot 26$ per cent.
The gross earnings increased 12.65 per cent.
The average cost of conducting transportation per train mile increased 5.99 per cant.
The average number of tons carried per train increased $11 \cdot 78$ per cent.
The gross earnings per train mile increased 5.91 per cent. maintenance of property.
(a) Maintenance of Way and Structures.

In many respects considerable improvement has been made in the physical condition of the property. The road-
way and structures bave been maintained at every point. The total increase in the expense was $\$ 17,28762$, or $18 \cdot 17$ per cent, principally on account of renewals of and extraordinary repairs to buildings. bridges, trestles and cul rerts, increased renewals of cross-ties and new ballasting.
Steel Rails.-32•13 tons of new 75 -pound, and $27.485 \cdot 52$ tons of new 80 -pound, a total of $2 \tau, 51 \% \cdot 65$ tons, of steel rails, were laid during the year.
SIDE-TRACKS.- $97 \cdot 59$ miles of new side-tracks have been constructed during the year ( 51.23 miles for industrial plants), and 57.34 mi es of side-tracks have been acquired with new lines, while 13.09 miles of side-tracks have been taken up, making net increase in length of side-tracks 141.84 miles.
The total mileage of side-tracks at the end of this fiscal year is $1,247 \cdot 37$, as compared with $1,105 \cdot 53$ previous year.
(b) Maintenance of Equipment:

The increase of $\$ 582,37993$, or $14 \cdot 37$ per cent, in expenses for Maintenance of Equipment has further improved the general average condition of the rolling stock.

The average exp-nse for repairs and renewals of eaoh class of equipment per engine per mile, and per car per mile, during the six years of the Company's operation, has been as follows:

1894-5. 1895-6. 1896-7. 1897-8. 1898-9. 1899-00

|  | cent | Cen | den |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | mlle.4.19 | $4 \cdot 12$ | $4 \cdot 89$ | 5.58 | $5 \cdot$ | 0 |
| Freight Cars | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.53 | $0 \cdot 77$ | 0.73 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

andreiv S. patterson. C. P. A. rodnet 8. Denits, C. P. A.
ARTHUR W. TEELE, C. P. A. . A. JO日N WHITMORB,
Pattersin. TEELE \& DENNIS,
Certified Public accountants,
30 Broad Street.
New York, August 18, 1900.
To the Bondholders and Stockholders of the Southern Railioay Company:
We have made an examination of the books and accounts of the Southern Railway Company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, and hereby certify that the Balance Sheet, Income and Profit and Loss Accounts publish $-d$ herewith are in accordance with the books, and in our opinion truthfully set forth the result of the year's operations and the financial condition as at June 30, 1900.
In the course of our examination the records of the departments of revenue and expenses have been traced to original and authorized sources

All charges to plant, construction or equipment accounts hare been especially considered and found to be correct.
The cash balances were verified either by actual count or by certificates obtained from depositories or other custodians.
The securities of the Company have been verified, either by actual count or by certificates of custodians.

Patterson, Teele \& Deviis, Certified Public Accourtants.

TABLE 1.-COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 1900, AND JUNE 30, 1899.


TABLE I.-COMPARATVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 1900, AND JUNE 30, 1899 - (Conolnded).


TABLE 2.-INCOME ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1900, COMPARED WITH YEAR ENDED JUNE $30,1899$.


Table 2.-INCOME ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1900, COMPARED WITH YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1E99.-(Conoluded.)


TABLE 3.-PRONTT AND LOSS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1900. Balance at Credit of this Acoount June 30, 1899......... \$2,366,563 88 ended June 30,1900 or income Account for jear ended June 30,1900

Deduct: Miscellaneous Debits
Credit Balance carrled forward June 30, 1900
TABLE 4.-FUNDED DEBT JUNE 30, 1900, AND 1899

| Olasses of Bonds. | Principal Due | Interest. |  | Amount Outstanding. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Due. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rate. } \\ & \text { P. } \mathrm{Ci} . \end{aligned}$ | June 30, 1900. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June 30, } \\ & 1899 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Southern R.7.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Conf. Mcrt. Bonds. <br> "East Tenn." Reorg. M. | 1994 1938 | J- J | 5 5 | 131,311,000 | - 30,033,000 |
| Memphis Div. 1 st M.... | 1996 | J-J | 4-4 ${ }^{12}$-5 | 5,083,000 | 5,083,000 |
| Mempbis Div. 2d Mort (owned by So. Ry. Co. | 1996 | A - |  | 1,500,000 |  |
| Aiken Branch 1 st Mort. | 1998 | A | 4 | 1,50,000 | 1,550,000 |
| Deber ture Mortgage | 1927 | - | 6 | 5,997,000 | 5.997,0¢0 |
| Equip. Slnkir Fund M. | Var. | M-S | 5 | $3,368,001$ 697,000 |  |
| Wash. Ohlo \& West. RR.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Mortgage.........: | 1924 | F-A | 4 | 1,025,000 | 1,025,000 |
| Rlohmond York River \& Chesapeake RR: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 st Morigage | 1910 | J - |  | 400, 000 |  |
| 2 d Mortgago | 1910 | M | $4{ }_{2}$ | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| hork. <br> 1st Mortgage........... | 1913 | A - | 6 | 150,000 | 150,000 |
| West. No. Carolina RR.: | 1914 | I - | 6 | 2.531 .000 |  |


| Olasses of Bonds. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prin. } \\ & \text { cipat } \\ & \text { Due. } \end{aligned}$ | Interest. |  | Amount Outstanding. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Due. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rate. } \\ & P . O t . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1900 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June 30, } \\ & 1899 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Charlotte Col. \& Aug.RR. 1st Extended Mort.... | 1909 |  | 5 | 1,997,500 | $1,997.500$ |
| 2d Mortgage ............ | 1902 | A-O | 7 | 1,900,000 | 1,500000 |
| Columbia \& Greenv. RR.: 1st Mortgage. | 1916 | - J | 6 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| East Tenn. Va.\& Ga. Ry.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Mortgage. <br> 1 st Mottgage. | 1900 |  | 7 | $3,123,000$ $3,106,000$ | $3,123,000$ $3,106.000$ |
| Consolldated Mortgage. | 1956 | M | 5 | 12,770,0.0 | 12,7\%0,000 |
| Alabama Central RR.: lat Mortgage. | 18 | J | 6 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Georpla Pacilio RR.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Mortgage............ | $\begin{aligned} & 1922 \\ & \text { Var. } \end{aligned}$ | - | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,660,000 \\ 282,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,5 \mathrm{EO}, 000 \\ 402,000 \end{array}$ |
| Knoxville \& Ohlo RR.: 1 st Mortange. | 1925 |  | 6 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Spartanb. Un, \& Col. RR.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Mortgage. | 1995 | J - | 4 | 1,000,000 | 1,0c0.000 |
| Scrial Mort., Series A. | 1906 | M - | ${ }_{6}$ | , | 860,000 |
| ". ${ }^{\text {" }}$ | 1916 | M-8 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 1,900,000 | $1,100,000$ |
| " " " | 1921 | M- | 4 | 950,00u | 950,000 |
| " "، | 1926 |  | 5 | 1,775,040 | 1,775,000 |
| " " | 1931 |  |  | 1,310.000 | 1,310,000 |
| General Mortgake. | 1936 | M | 5 | 4,859,000 | 4,859,0¢0 |
| Charlottesville is Rapldan RR. 1st Mort.... | 191 | J - J | 6 | 325,700 | 340,860 |
| Atlantic \& Yadkin Ry.: 1st Mortgage......... | 1949 |  | 4 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Total as ner Bal'n ceshe |  |  |  | 104.970 200 | 103,932.300 |
| * Including \$1,394,000 | ee in | Don | ans' | asury, June | 30, 1899. |
| . 1,276,000 | " |  |  | " " | 190. |

TebIe 5-OUTSTANDING SECURCTIES OF LEA\&EHOLD ESTATES.

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Prin. } \\ \text { cipai } \\ \text { Due. } \end{array}\right\|$ | In'erest. |  | Amount Outstanding. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Due. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rate. } \\ & P . O i . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June 30, } \\ & 1900 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June 30, } \\ & 1899 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Atlanta \& Cliarl'te Air L. Ry.: | 1907 | -0 | 4 | $500,000$ | $0$ |
|  | 1907 |  | 7 | 4,250,000 | 4,250,000 |
| *Income Mort. Bonds, Ext. | 1907 |  | $\stackrel{4}{6}$ | 750,000 $1,700,000$ | 750,000 $1,700,060$ |
| Stuck ........................ |  |  | 6 | 1,700,000 | 1,700,060 |
|  |  |  |  | 7,200,000 | 7,200,000 |
| North Carolina RR.: stock |  | J-J |  | 4,000,000 | 4.000,000 |
| Goorgia Midland RF.: 1st mortgage Bonds.. | 1946 | A-0 | 3 | 1,650,000 | 1,650,000 |
| so. Caroliua \& Georgia RR.: 1st Mortgaze Bonds. | 1919 | $\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{N}$ | 5 | 5,250,000 | 5,250,000 |
| Allgusta southern RR.: <br> let Mortcage Bonds. | 1924 | $\mathrm{J}-\mathrm{D}$ | 5 | 400,000 | 400,000 |
| Sumter \& Wareree River RR.: 1st Mortgage Bonds. | 1919 | A-O | 5 | 100,000 |  |
| Moblle d Birmingham RR.: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prior Lien Bonds.... | 1945 | J-J | 4 | 600,007 $1,200,0 \cup 0$ | 600,000 $1,200,000$ |
| Y st Mortgage Bonds. Preferred stook. | 1945 | J-d | 4 | 1,200,000 | $\begin{array}{r}1,200,000 \\ 900,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 2,700,000 | 2,700,000 |
| Richm'nd \& Mecklenb'rg RR.: lat Mortgage Bonds. | 1948 | M-N | 4 | 315,000 | 308,000 |
| A thantio \& Danville Ry.: |  | J - J | 5 |  |  |
| Preforred stock | 1950 | J-J | 5 | $3,099,200$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4,337.200 |  |
| Total ae per Balance Sheet. |  |  |  | 25.951 .200 | 21,508,00 |

Total as per Balance Sheet. I..................... 25,95 $200021,508,000$

* Par ment of prinolpal extended from A prll 1, 1900 . to January 1 1907, and interest reduced prom six to four per cent per annum. of the $\$ 7.50,0$
$30,1000$.

Table 6.-STATEMENT OF SECURLTIES OWNED BY SOUTH ERN RAILWAY CO., AND BY IT PLEDGED UNDER its First consolidated mortgage DEED-JUNE 30, 1900.
Name of security
June 30, 1900

## Railroad Bonds-

Par Value.
Alabama Central RR. Co........Income Bonds and Scrip. $\$ 1,355,275$ Danville \& Western Ry. Co.................... lst Mtge. 5 p. o. 1,051,000 Elberton Air Line RR. Co...................1st Mtge. 7 p. c. 150,000

 Pledmont RR. Co...................................1st Mtge. 6 p. c. 500,000 Pledmont RR. Co....................................2d 2 Mtge. 6 p. ©. $50 \mathrm{n}, 000$ So. Ry. Co. in Kentucky......................... 1st Mtge. 5 p. o. 3,000.000 So. RJ. Co. in Mississippi .....................1st Mrge. 5 p. c. 200,000 | Western North Carolina RR. Co..........1st Mtge. 6 p. c. $1,325,000$ |
| :--- |
| Washington Ohlo \& Western RR. Oo...... 1st Mtge. 4 p. o. |
| 221,000 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Washington Ohlo \& Western RR. O.......1st Mtge. } 4 \text { p. o. } & 221,000 \\ \text { Yadkin RR. Oo.......................... 1st Mlge. } 6 \text { p. o. } & 615,000\end{array}$

Total Bonde....................................................... $\$ 10,120,275$
Railroad Stocks-
 Knoxvllle \& Ohlo RR. Co............................................. 1,111,300 Southern Ry. Co. in Kentuoks 1998. 200

Total Stocks.
\$8,374.500

Olher Securilies-
Chesapeake Steamehip Co.... Certififate of Indebtednees.
$\$ 250.000$ 400,000
Total other Securities...........................................................
Total Bonds, Stocks and other Seourities
$\$ 650,000$

Book Valuation, as per Balance Sheet.
$\$ 13,544,927$

## REPUBLIC IRON \& STEEL COMPANY.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1900.

## Executive Offices,

## Chicago Stock Exchange Building,

Chicago, August 21st, 1900
To the Stockholders of the Republic Iron \& Steel Company
Your directors herewith beg to submit to you their report ind statement of accounts for the fiscal period ending June 30, 1900.

## CONDITION OF PLANTS.

The various plants taken over by this Company have, with but few exceptions, been in full operation since the organization of this Company. A great deal of money has been spent at many of our plants to improve their physical condition, and generally our plants have been greatly improved since they were taken over. These expenditures, however, have been charged to operating expenses and form no part of the "New Construction Account" in the balance sheet.

## NEW CONETRUCTION AND ACQUIBITIONS.

The Bessemer Steel Plant, which we have been erecting at our Brown-Bonnell Works, Youngstown, Ohio, has recently been completed. Its present capacity is 600 tons per day, but as soon as the new billet mill is completed this plant will have a daily capacity of 1,000 tons. We are now enabled to supply our Mills with steel from this Plant, and are placed in a much more independent position than we were during the past year. The Plant is equipped with all modern labor-saving appliances to produce steel at the lowest possible cost
We have opened up coal mines on the Pioneer property, at Sayreton and Warner, Alabama, and are also erecting an additional Blast Furnace on this property at Thomas, Ala. bama, which will be completed towards the end of this year. This Furnace, when completed, will be the most modern and best-equipped Blast Furnace in the South.
We are also erecting additional coke ovens at Thomas, Alabama, to supply this Furnace with coke. When these improvements are completed we will have a group of three well-equipped Blast Furnaces and 850 coke ovens at this paint.

Of the 26,000 acres of land comprising the Pioneer prop erty in Alabama, 14,000 acres are underlaid with coal which makes an excellent quality of coke, and is also a firstclass steam coal; 10,000 acres are underlaid with a fine quality of brown ore and red ore, and the balance of the property consists of limestone quarries, town-site and adjacent ground. The Pioneer property has sufficient ore, coal and limestone to supply several furnaces for many years

We have acquired during the past year an interest in the Mahoning Ore \& Steel Company's ore property on the Missaba Range in Minnesota, and also a one-lialf interest in the Union Ore Company's property on this range (a highgrade Bessemerore). This, in addition to the ore properties oripinally acquired by this company, insures us a full supply of lake ores for our mixture in making Bessemer pig-iron at our Northern Furnaces.
We have also purchased 550 acres of additional coal lands in the Connellsville region, and will be able to supply our

Northern Furnaces with coke from our own orens as soon as additional ovens are erected.

## THE OUTPUT.

The principal articles manufactured by the company are Merchant Bar Iron and Steel, Bessemer, Foundry and Mill Pig-Iron. In addition thereto our output comprises a considerable tonnage of nuts, bolts, washers, rivets, cut nails, railroad and boat spikes, cold-drawn shafting, turn buckles, car axles, forgings, angles, tees, harrow teeth, channels, hexagons, small T-rails, splice bars, frog fillings, rail fasten ings, special shapes for bicycle makers and for builders of cars, implements, carriages, wagons and bridges. The an nual capacity of tinished material exceeds one million tons.

## PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS.

Owing to the large amount of finished material which had been contracted to be manufactured by the constituent companies at low prices for delivery during the last half of 1899, prior to the time the plants were turned over to this company, we did not recerve the full benefit of the high prices ruling during the first six months after the organiza tion of the Company; nevertheless, the net profits of the Company, after deducting all expenses, and allowing for depreciation, were $\$ 3,643,72892$. Of this amount $\$ 1,421,67900$ has been paid by way of dividends on the preference shares of the Company, leaving a net surplus of $\$ 2,222,0499$.
The value of raw and finished materials and supplies in the balance sheet has been arrived at by reducing the cost thereof to the present ruling prices, which are lower than the prices at the close of the fiscal period (June 30th), and are on a safe and conservative basis. The deductions for shrinkage and depreciation have been made under the supervision of the Executive Committee.
From the annexed balance sheet it will appear that the current assets of the Company on June 30th amounted to $\$ 8,892,03135$ and the current liabilities to $\$ 1,379,27867$ leaving (after payment of dividends) an excess of current assets over current liabilities of $\$ 7,512,75268$

## LIABILITIES.

The company has no bonds outstanding and nomortgages or liens of any description on any of its properties, except the deferred payments ( $\$ 214,000$, payable in six annual instalments) on the Connellsville coal lands acquired since its organization.
We have no "Bills Payable," and the "Current Accounts Payable" shown in the balance sheet have all since been discharged.

## INSURANCE.

The plants of the Company are protected by fire insulance, the officers and employes occupying positions of trust are under surety bonds, and the Company carries a safe line of accident policies.

THE FUTURE.
During the coming year the Company will be in a position to concentrate its operations in the plants offeriug the
most favorable conditions as to efficiency and cheapness of production, as well as to geographical location nearest the markets of consumption. It will also have the benefit of its new steel plant, new blast furnace and new coke ovens, as well as of the new mines opened.
The expenses of the Company will also be greatly reduced the work having now been so systematized as to require a much smaller clerical force.
We invite your attention to the annexed balance sheet and probit and loss account, certified by the Audit Com pany of New York.
For the Board of Directors,
Randolph S, Warner,
President.

## BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 1900

## ASSETS

Real Estate, Plants, Buildings, Machinery and other ow Consiruction, including New Steel Plant at Youngatown, npening of new Coal Mines and work on new Blast Furnace at Birmingham.

41,142,251 58
$1,218,20344$
Stock in sundry companies at cost
547,200 00
New Gas Pipe Lines and prepaid Gas Leases, prepald

Inventorles of Raw and Flnished Materlals and SupAccounts and Bills Recelvable
Cash on hand.
116,73057

4,132,730 01
3,008,968 75 1,203,13259
\$51,369,216 94

## LIABILITIES.

Canltal Stock iesuedPreferred............

Common $\qquad$
$\$ 20,852,00000$
$545,10000 \$ 20,306,90000$ \$27,352,000 00

161,000 00
$27,191,00000 \$ 47,497,90000$ 1,023,90? 92
Current Accounts Pajable.......... ..
Preference d: vidend No. 4 (paid July 2, 1900).

355,37075
Deferred Instalments on purchase of Coal I ands, payable in six annual pay

214,000 00
Reserve for Taxes, Relining Furnaces, eto.. 55,988 35
Profit and Loss Arcounts-
Net Profits for the fieoal period (14 Months) onding une 30,1900 , per
Lebs Seven Per Cent Dividend on Preferred Stook
R. S. Warner, Esq

Presıdent of the Republic Iron \& Steel Company,
Chicago, Ill
Dar Sir:-We have made an audit of the books and ac. counts of the Republic Iron \& Steel Company for the fiscal period ( 14 months) ending June 30, 1900, and in accordance therewith certify that the foregoing statements of Profit and Loss Account and the General Balance Sheet are true exhibits of the results of the operation of the company for said fiscal period, and of its condition as of June 30, 1900, as shown by said books and accounts.

The Audit Company of New York,
A. W. Dunning, Western Manager.

APPROVED:
Thomas L. Greene, Manager.
Attest:

## F. J. Howell, Western Secretary.

LIST OF PROPERTIES OPERATED AND OWNED OR CON TROLLED BY REPUBLIC IRON \& BTEEL COMPANY.

## Designation

Cambria Mine ( Harquette Range) Lillif Mive (Marquette Range) Franklin Minu (Missabe Range) Besstmer Mine (Missabe Range)
$\qquad$
Localion.
 Mahonjug Ore \& Bteel [ $3-50$ ch Int ] (Mis Union Ore Co. [1.2 Int] (Missabe Rangsabe Range)...Hibbing, Minns Raimund Mine (on Pioneer Property) Spaulding Vine (on Ploueer Property) ......... Virginsa, Minn. Gothite Mine (on Pioneer Property). Near Birmingliam, Ala. Near Birmingham, Ala Coke Properties.
Connellspllle Coke Works. $\qquad$ Nicholson, Pa.
Coal Properties.
Springfield Mine............................................................................... Bayreton Mine (on Pioneer Properiy)...............Near Birmingham, Ala. Woudside Mine (Connellsville District)

Near Birmilgham, Ala.

## Limestone Properties.

Croton Limestone Works (on Pioneer Property).......................................... Castle, Pa.
Croton Limestone Works Fi....................................................... Castle, Pa. Dale Limestone Works (on Pioneer Property)...Near Birmingham,
Union Limestone Works (1.6th Int ) ................................... Blast FubNaces.
Pioneer No. $1 .$.



Haseltun.
Hall...... Youngstown,

Steel Plants.
Beasemer Steel Plant.................................................................... Minnesuta ( pen-Hearth Stel Plant............. Columbia Heights. Minn Railroads and Docks.
Sharon Connecting RR
Rolling Mills.
Alexandria Works
Alabama Woiks.. Yungham. Ala Andrews Works. ourgstown, 0


Crown-Bonnell W orks...............................................................................................................................................
Curns Works.......................................................................................................
Curns Works......
Eagie Works ...
Indlana Wolks. Cleveland, O

Inland Works. .Ironton, 0.

Leetonia Works

Marion Works............................................................................................
Marion Works.....
Muncie Works.
Columbia Helghts, Minn
Mitohell-Tranter Works..................................................................................... Ind
New Albany Works.
Bharov Works...
Gylvan Works..
Springfirld Works.
Toledo works
Tudor Works Werre Haute Works

- abash Works.
rizs.
Alhans, Iud.

Westerman Wor flels. It]

Wetherald Works
Wutherald Work.
after deductions providing for depreciation, repairs, taxes, interest and insurance, were $\$ 2,152,174$. See last report in V. 70, p. 174.-V. 70, p. 1167.

United States Cast Iron Pipe \& Foundry Co.-To Pass Dividend.-We are informed that for good business reasons, in which the public have but little interest, it is deemed conservative action to suspend dividends for the time being. The directors have therefore decided to pass the fourth quarterly dividend of $13 / 4$ per cent on the $\$ 12,500,000$ of preferred stock.-V. 71, p. 88.
-For September investments Messrs. Redmond, Ktrr \& Co. offer for sale a stlected list of high-grade bonds and guaranteed stocks. Their advertisement will be found on page viii.
-The Farmers' Loan \& Trust Company will pay dividends on a nomber of securities, list of which will be fond in another column.
-Winslow, Lanior \& Co. will pay dividends on a number of securities, list of wbich will bo found in another column. $-N$. W. Harris \& Co. will pay dividends on a neznber of securities, list of whioh will be found in another colnmn.

## Thx © Commextial Times.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, August 31, 1900.
The business situation in commercial circles has undergone no radical changes. For the week trading has been quieter as the close of the month being at hand and the near approach of a holiday, which in some trades will extend from Friday night until Tuesday morning, has had a tendency to hold busers in check. Confidence in the future prospect for business appeared to be fairly general, and a fair average demand is expected during the remainder of the year. Considerable attention is being given to the situation of the coal market and the prospects of developing an export business to Earope. Reports from the iron and steel markets have been fairly encouraging, reporting an improvement in demand, with prices sloowing a better undertone. Crop news from the Westand Southwest has bzen generally favorable, bat from the Sjathern Atlantic and Gulf States it has been. of a contlicting character.
Lard on the spot has been decidedly less active, both exporters 'and refiners being slow buyers, and prices have declined uoder moderately free offerings. The close was quiet at 7'10c. for prim $\rightarrow$ Western and $6 \cdot 6 \mathrm{cc}$. for prime City. Refined lard bas had only a small sale and prices have weakened to $7 \cdot 30$ c. for refined for the Continent. Speculation in lard for future delivery has been quiet, and owing to increas ing receipts of swine prices have declined. Close was quiet. daily olosing prioes of lard futures,
August.
$\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { Sat. } & \text { Mon. } & \text { Tues. } & \text { Wed. } & \text { Thurs. } & \text { Fri. } \\ \mathbf{7} \cdot 15 & 7 \cdot 10 & 7 \cdot 10 & \mathbf{7} \cdot 05 & 7 \cdot 10 & \mathbf{7 1 0}\end{array}$
Business in the market for pork has continued quiet, but prices have beld about steady, closing at $\$ 12 @ 13$ for old mess and \$1275@1350 for new mess, $\$ 15 @ 1550$ for family and $\$ 1350 @ 1550$ for short clear. Cut meats have sold slowly, and the tendency of prices has been in buyers' favor, closing at $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for City shoulders, $83 / 40101 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for pickled bollies, 14@10 lbs. average, and $10 @ 1 u^{3} / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for pickled hams. Bee has been unchanged and steady at $49 @ 50$ for mess, $\$ 10 @ 11$ for packet, $\$ 1050 @ 1150$ for family and $\$ 1425 @ 1650$. for extra India mess in tcs. Tallow has been without changes and quiet at 47.16 c .. Oleo stearine has had a botter sale. closing firmer at $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Lard stearine has held steady at about sc. Cotton-seed oil has been quiet and prices have weakened to $341 / 2 @ 35 \mathrm{c}$. for prime yollow. Batter has continned firm for desirable grades, and prices have adranced slightly, closing at 18@22c. for creamery. Cheese has been quiet, hat prices have held about stoadr, ranging from $83 / 4 @ 101 / \mathrm{c}$ c. for State factory, full cream. Fresh eggs have been firm and higher for choice stock, closing at $17 @ 171 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for choice Western.

Brazil grades of coffee have received slightly increased attention, there being some improvement in the distributing business, and prices have been steadier. A railroad strike in Santos caused a temporary check in the receipts. Brazil markets have been firmer. The close was quiet at $81 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for Rio No. 7. West India growths have had only a small sale, but $\nabla$ alues have held steady at $101 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for good Cucuta. East India growths have been in fair demand and firm. Speculation in the market for contracts has been moderately active. There has been some buying for European account and prices have advanced slightly. The close was easier, reflecting weaker foreign advices. Final asking prices were
Sopt.

Oet... $\qquad$ \begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
7.300. \& Dec. <br>
7.350. \& Jan.

 $\qquad$ ${ }_{7.600}^{7.550} \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { March. }\end{aligned}\right.$ 

7.600 <br>
7.650 \& Aprll <br>
Apay
\end{tabular}

7.703
7.75 a
7.808 Nov.

Raw sugars have been firm; offeringe have continued small owing to scarcity; prices have been unchanged at $47 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for centrifugals, 96 deg. test, and $41 / 40$. for muscovado, 89 -deg. test. Refined sugar has been in active demand, and prices have been advanced 5 points, to $6 \cdot 15 \mathrm{c}$. for granulated. Other groceries have been unchanged.
Kentacky tobacco has been firm on the anfavorable crop news. Seed leaf tobacco has boen fairly active and firmer. Sales for the week were 3,480 cases, as follows: 1,400 cases 1899 crop, New England Havana, 15@60c.; 550 cases 1899 crop. New England seed, 22@50c.; 450 cases 1899 crop, flats, 13@18c.; 300 cases 1899 crop, Zimmers, private terms; 150 cases 1893 crop, Zimmers, 141/2@151/2c.; 100 cases 1899 crop, Wisconsin Havana, private terms; 100 cases 1898 crop, Wisconsin Havana, 113/4@123/4c.; 100 cases 1899 crop Penv. Havana seed, private terms; 200 cases 1899 crop Pennsylvania soed leaf, private terms, and 100 cases 1898 crop, Pennsylvania seed leaf, 12c.: also 650 bales Havana at 40c. $\$ \$ 100$ in bond and 175 bales Sumatra at 8uc.@\$175 in bond.

Straits tin has declined but at the close there was some re covery, rfflecting stronger foreign advices, and on some im provement in demand closing at $30.80 @ 31 \cdot 20 \mathrm{c}$. Ingot copper has been quiet but steady at $165 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for Lake. Lead has been advanced, closing steady at $4 \cdot 371 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for domestic. Spelter quiet but steady at $4 \cdot 10 @ 4 \cdot 15 \mathrm{c}$. for domestic. Pig-iron in fair demand and steady, closing at $\$ 13 @ 17$ for domestic.
Refined petrol um has been steady, closing at $8.05 \%$ in obls., 550 c . in bulk and 9.35 c . in cases. Naphtha unchanged at 9.55 c, Crude cerrificates have been neglected, Credit
balances have been unchanged at $\$ 125$. Spirits turpantine has been dull and easier, closing flat at $36 @ 361 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Rosins have weakened slightly, closing dull at $\$ 150$ for common and good strained. Wool has been dull and prices have ruled in buyers' favor, Hops in fairly active demand and firm.

## COTTON

Friday Night, August 31, 1900.
The Movement of the Crop, as indioated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached $2 t, 261$ bales, against 8,115 bales last week and 3,012 bales the previous week.

| Receipts at- | sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Pri. | Toral. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galv | 1,139 | 1,115 | 1,133 | 1,384 | 994 | 1,154 | 6,919 |
| Sab. Pass, \&0. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Orleans... | 337 | 1,518 | 435 | 287 | 181 | 2,828 | 5,586 |
| Moblle......... | 20 | 125 | 494 | 8 | 3 | 232 | 882 |
| Penssoola, \&0. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Savannah... | 625 | 616 | 1,028 | 2,220 | 1,521 | 1,021 | 7,031 |
| Bransw'k,de. | ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charleston..... | 79 | 118 | 114 | 408 | 74 | 331 | 1,124 |
| Pt. Royal,de. | ... |  | ..... | .... |  | 2 | 2 |
| Wlimalngton.... | 59 | 120 | 197 | 271 | 185 | 111 | 943 |
| Wash'ton, \&o. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norfolk........ | 16 | 95 | 193 | 281 | 322 | 201 | 1,108 |
| N'D't News, \&o. |  |  |  |  | ...... | 97 | 97 |
| Now Yort..... |  |  | ..... |  | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Boston......... |  |  |  | 12 | -.... | ... | 12 |
| Baltimore |  |  |  |  |  | 493 | 493 |
| Philadol'a, \&o.. | 40 |  |  |  |  | 24 | 64 |
| Tot.this weok | 2,315 | 3,707 | 3,594 | 4.871 | 3,280 | 6.494 | 24,261 |

The following shows the week's total reoelpts, the total since Sept,1,1899, and the stock to-night, rompared with last year,

| Receipts to Aug. 31. | 1899-1900. |  | 1898-1899. |  | stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Since Sep } \\ 1,1899 . \end{array}$ | This week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep. } \\ 1,1898 . \end{gathered}$ | 1900. | 1899. |
| Galveston | 6,919 |  | 27,737 |  | 3,634 | 24,603 |
| Sab. P., \&c. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Now Orleans | 5,586 |  | 11,409 |  | 34,714 | 126,405 |
| Moblle ...... | 882 |  | 1,338 |  | 4,529 | 8,290 |
| P'saoola, \&o. |  |  | 3,104 |  |  |  |
| gavannah... | 7,031 |  | 12,233 |  | 9,152 | 17,338 |
| Brewlok, \&o. |  |  | 500 |  | ...... | 715 |
| Oharleston.. | 1,124 |  | 3,722 |  | 2,789 | 9,315 |
| P.Royal,do. | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wilmington. | 943 |  | 1,692 |  | 3,094 | 10,464 |
| Wash'n, \&o. |  |  | -..... |  | ... |  |
| Norfolk ... | 1,108 |  | 1,738 |  | 3,227 | 15,143 |
| N'port N., do | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.. |  |  | 36 |  | 22,637 | 150,821 |
| Boston..... | 12 |  | 742 |  | 2,500 | 4,000 |
| Baltimore. | 493 |  |  |  | 600 | 3,000 |
| Ehtladel, \&o. | 64 |  | 580 |  | 1,086 | 4,581 |
| Totals. | 24,261 |  | 84,831 |  | 87,882 | 374,675 |

In order that comparison may be made with other years, wegive below the totals at leading ports for six seasons,

| Receipts at- | 1900. | 1899. | 1898. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gaivos'n,do. | 6,919 | 27.737 | 19,196 | 22.144 | 42,357 | 3,575 |
| Now Orleans | 5,586 | 11,409 | 5,237 | 20,167 | 27,537 | 6,515 |
| Moblle. | 882 | 1,338 | 355 | 469 | 3,428 | 329 |
| Savannah. | 7,031 | 12,233 | 3,813 | 4,809 | 20,648 | 3,431 |
| Ohas'ton, \&o. | 1,126 | 3,722 | 952 | 1,566 | 10,200 | 677 |
| Wlim'ton, \&e | 943 | 1,692 | 180 | 414 | 6,179 | 35 |
| Norfolk. | 1,108 | 1,738 | 1,132 | 128 | 5,684 | 6 |
| N. Newrs, do. | 97 |  |  | 79 | 193 | 71 |
| All others. | 569 | 4,962 | 1,345 | 495 | 664 | 444 |
| Cot. this wh. | 24,261 | 64,831 | 32,250 | 50,271 | 116,890 | 15,093 |
| Sinco Sopt. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The exports for the week ending this evening resoh a total of 12,104 bales, of whioh 7,251 were to Great Britain, 2,206 to France and 2,647 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1, 1899.


In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lsmbert \& Barrows, Produce Exohange Building.

| Aug. 31 at | ON SHIPBOARD, NOT OLEARED FOR- |  |  |  |  | Leasino stodk. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | areat Britain. | Prance. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Foreign } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Ooastwise. | Totat. |  |
| Now Orleans. | 2,055 | None. | 1,667 | ${ }^{7}$ | 3,769 | 30,945 |
| Gaveston.. | None. | None. | None. | 203 | 203 | 3.431 |
| davannah | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | 9,152 |
| Oharleston | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | 2,789 |
| Mobile. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | 4,529 |
| Noriolk... | None. | None. | None. | 1,000 | 1,000 | 2,227 |
| Now York | 700 | None. | 800 | None. | 1,500 | 21,137 |
| Other ports... | 1,000 | None. | None. | None. | 1,000 | 6,180 |
| Total 1900... | 3,795 | None. | 2,467 | 1,210 | 7,472 | 80,390 |
| Total 1899. | $\begin{aligned} & 8,991 \\ & 8,748 \end{aligned}$ | 2,145 | 17,083 | 6,023 3,050 | $\begin{aligned} & 34,242 \\ & 21,290 \end{aligned}$ | 340,433 154,836 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery bas been only moderately active and the undertone has been unsettled, owing to the conflicting character of the crop advices. The Bnrtau report was less favorable than expected, reporting further deterioration, whereas an improvement was expected as a result of the recent needed rainfall in the cotton belt east of the Mississippi River, particularly as nearly all the private advices bave reported the crop outlook east of the Mississippi as more promising. Both public and private advices rave agreed in reporting the crop prospects in Texas as favorsble. The movement of new-crop cotton has shown a modes ate increase as compared with last week, but it is still much smaller than last year. Advices from the South, however, report offerings of cotton increasing, and shippers state that a moderate business has been traneacted with Manchester, Havre and Bremen for October-November shipment. Busiress with domestic spinners, however, has been small; as riflecting the poor outlook for the cotton goods trade, they have been slow to make purchases on the present basis of values. Statistically the position of the market has cuntinued strong, and in the Liverpool market August contracts went out with something of a squeeze, Reports from India report crop prospects more favorable, with indications pointing to a crop about $2,000,000$ bales larger than last year. Latest reports from Egypt give promise of an average crop. To-day there was an irregular market. During the early trading prices advanced a few points, reflecting stronger fortign advices; reacted under scaltered selling, prompted by generally favorable weather conditions in the cotton belt; but toward the close again rallied on local shorts buying to cover contracts over the holiday. Final prices, however, were again easier, and 1 to 2 points lower for the day, exclusive of September, which was 11 points higher, and October 1 point higher. Cotton on the spot has keen quiet, closing at $95 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for middling uplands.
On the basis of the rates on and off middling as established by the Revision Committee, the prices for a few of the grades would be as follows:

| UPLANDS. | Sat. | Mon | Tues | Wed | Th. | Eri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Good Ordinary Low Middling. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8{ }^{9} 16 \\ & 9316 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89_{16} \\ & 93{ }_{16} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88_{16}^{9_{16}} \\ & 9{ }_{3}{ }_{18} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{9}^{89}{ }_{9}^{9{ }_{18}^{18}}$ | $-8{ }^{8}{ }^{18}$ $9^{3} 18$ |
| Midading. | ${ }^{95 \sigma_{8}}$ | ${ }^{98}{ }^{16}$ | ${ }^{9} 9{ }^{9} 8$ | ${ }^{9}{ }^{98}$ | 958 |  |
| Good Midaling Middung Fair | ${ }_{1038}^{961616}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}915 \\ 1038\end{gathered}\right.$ | ${ }_{1038}^{415}$ |  |  | ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| GULF. | Sat. | Mon | Tues | Wed | Th. | Frı. |
| Good Ordin |  |  |  |  | 813 |  |
| Low Middling | ${ }^{9718}$ | ${ }^{9716}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97_{16}{ }^{16} \\ & 97_{6} \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{87}{ }_{18}$ | $9^{97} 7^{16}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97_{18} \end{aligned}$ |
| Good Mididi |  | ${ }_{103}^{978}$ | ${ }_{103}^{978}$ | ${ }^{97}{ }^{978}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 978 \\ 103_{10} \\ 103 \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Good Midding. } \\ & \text { Midding Fair. } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{105}^{10}$ |  | ${ }^{103}$ | ${ }_{105}^{105_{8}^{1+}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{30^{3} 18} \\ & 10^{8} 8 \end{aligned}$ | $10{ }^{318}$ <br> 108 |
| STAINED. | Sat. | Mron | Tues | Wed | Th. | Fris |
| Low Midding | 824 | ${ }_{8}^{84}$ |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{84}$ | $8{ }^{4}$ |
| Midduling.i.i. | ${ }_{938}^{9316}$ | ${ }_{93}^{93}{ }_{16}$ | ${ }_{93}^{93}{ }_{16}$ | ${ }_{9}^{93}{ }^{18}$ | ${ }_{9}^{93}{ }^{18}$ | ${ }_{93}^{93}{ }_{18}$ |
| Good Middling Tingei | ${ }_{988}^{88}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98}$ | ${ }_{98}^{98}$ | ${ }_{988}$ | 95888 | ${ }_{98}^{93}$ |

The quotations for middling upland at New York on Aug. 31 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows.




The total sales of cotton on the spot eaoh day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add columns which show at a glance hnw the market for spots and futures olosed on same days.

|  | SPOT MARERTOLOSED. | Futures Market OLO8ED. | Saleg of 8pot \& Oontrajo. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ex- } \\ & \text { port. } \end{aligned}$ | oon- oon | Oontract. | Total. |
| Saturday | Dull at $1_{8}$ dec. | steady |  |  |  |  |
| Monday.... |  | steady | 00 | 70 |  |  |
| Tuesday... | Qulet \& staady. | steady <br> Easy. |  | 121 | 1,600 | 1,600 |
| Thursday. | 1pull............. | Sready |  |  | 600 | 600 |
| Friday. | D | B'rly steady. |  | 235 | 4,000 | 4,235 |
| Total. |  |  | 500 | 128 | ,2 | 7.1 |

FIUTUREs, - The highest, lowest and closing prices of Futures at New York are shown in the following table.


THE VISIBLE SUPPLY of CotTon to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Aug. 31), we add the item of exports from the United States, inclaaing in it the exports of Friday only,

| 8took at LTYerpool....e.obios. | $\begin{aligned} & 1900 . \\ & 272,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1899. } \\ & 890,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1898 . \\ & 790,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stook at London.................. | 10,000 | 9,000 | 5,000 | 3,000 |
| Total | 282,000 | 899,000 | 74:,000 | 490,000 |
| 3tock at Hembar | 18,000 | 32,000 | 20,000 | 19,000 |
| 8took at Bremen | 58,000 | 184,000 | 152,000 | 74,000 |
| Stook at Amsterd |  | 3,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Btook at Rotterda | 200 | 200 | 300 | 200 |
| Stock at Antwer | 3,000 | 4,000 | 9,000 | 0 |
| 8took at Havre | 73,000 | 161,000 | 140,000 | 2,000 |
| Stonk at Marse | 3,000 | 6,000 | 4,000 | 0 |
| Stock at Barcelo | 65,000 | 94,000 | 57,000 | 3,000 |
| 8tock at Genos | 14,000 | 25,000 | 27,000 | 32,000 |
| 8took at Tries | 6,000 | 25,000 | 19,000 | 14,000 |
| Total Cont | 240,200 | 534,200 | 429,300 | 282,200 |
| Tetal European st | 522,200 | 1,433,200 | 1,224,300 | 72,200 |
| India ootton afloat for Earope | 41.000 | 23,000 | 37,000 | 20,000 |
| Amer. oottonafloat for E'rope. | 31,000 | 54,000 | 72,000 | 36,000 |
| Egypt, Brazil, \&0., aflt.for Epo | 11,000 | 12,000 | 13,000 | 14,000 |
| 8tock in United States ports.. | 87,862 | 374,675 | 176,126 | 36,997 |
| 8 tock in U. 8. interior towns. | 44,454 | 242,785 | 101,730 | 49,590 |
| United States exports to-day | 7,043 | 10,204 | 7.755 | 3.674 | Total vistble supply........ $\overline{744,959} \frac{12,149,864}{1,631,911} \frac{3.61}{982,761}$ Of the above, totals of American and other desoriptions are as follows American-

$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Liverpool stook.........bales. } & 189,000 & 816,000 & 710,000 & 376,000 \\ \text { Continental stooks..................000 } & 210,000 & 465,000 & 367,000 & 217,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Continental stooks........... } & 210,000 & 465,000 & 367,000 & 217,000 \\ \text { Amerloan afloat for Earope... } & 31,000 & 54,000 & 72,000 & 36,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { American afloat for Europe... } & 31,000 & 54,000 & 72,000 & 36,000 \\ \text { Onited States stock........... } & 87,862 & 374,675 & 176,126 & 88,997 \\ \text { United States interlor stocks. } & 44,854 & 242,785 & 101,730 & 49,890\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { United States interlor stocks. } & 44.854 & 242,785 & 101,730 & 49,890 \\ \text { United States exports to-day.. } & 7,043 & 10,201 & 7,755 & 3.674\end{array}$
Total A merican
East Indian, Brazit, \&c.-

At the Interior Towns the movement-that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1898-99-is set ont in detail below.



he above totals show that the intern aco reased daring the weok 80 bales, and are to-night 197,931 bales less than at same period last year.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WRER AND SINCE SEPT. 1.We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept. 1, as made ap from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week ending Aug. 31 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows

| August 31. | 1899-1900. |  | 1898-1899. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Sept. 1. | Freek. | Since Jep 1. 1 |
| Shipped- |  |  |  |  |
| Viadt. Louls wem ...................... | 3,865 |  | 3,285 |  |
| Via Cairo. Via Padnoah | 436 |  | 469 | -........ |
| Via Padnoah $\qquad$ Via Rock Island | ....... |  | ..... |  |
| Via Louisville..... ............................ | 132 |  | 591 |  |
| Via Oinoinnati...................... | 26 |  | 211 |  |
| Vla other routes, | 178 |  | 498 |  |
| Total grose overland. Deduct shipments- | 4,637 |  | 5,054 |  |
| Ovorland to M. Y., Boston, \&o.. Between interior towns. | 569 |  | 1,029 |  |
| Inland, \&o., from South............ | 247 |  |  |  |
| Total to be deducted | 816 |  | 1,029 | .-....... |
| Leaving total netoverland*.. | 3,821 | --. | 4,025 |  |

Leaving total netoveriand*
*Including movement by rall to Canada.
The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 3,821 bales, against 4,025 bales for the week in 1899.

| In Sight and Spinners' Takings. | 1899-1900. |  | 1898-1899. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Heek. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | Week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sepl. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Reooipts at ports to Ang. 31...... | 24,261 |  | $64,831$ |  |
| Donthern oonsumption to Aug. 31 | 28,000 |  | 26,000 |  |
| Total marketed... Interior stocks in exo | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 56,082 } \\ \begin{array}{r}80\end{array} \\ \hline 8602\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 94,856 \\ 5,675 \end{array}$ |  |
| Oame into sight during week. Total in sight Ang. 31.......... | 56,002 |  | 100,531 |  |
| North'n epinners tak'ge to Aug. 31 |  |  | ... |  |

Jute Butis, Bagaing, Etc.-The demand for jute bagging has been only moderate during the past week, but at unchanged prices, $\nabla$ iz.: $73 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for $13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}$. and 8 c . for 2 lbs , standard grades. Car-load lots of standard brands are quoted at 8@81/4c., f.o.b., according to quality. Jute batts continme dull and nominal at $13 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for paper quality and $23 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for bagging quality, new crop.

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets, Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Soathern and other principal cotton markets for each dav of the week.

| Week ending Aug. 31. | OLOSING QUOTATIONS EOR MIDDLING OOTTON ON- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Satur. | Mon. | Tues | Wednes. | Thurs. | Eri. |
| Galverton... | $9_{9818}$ | $9{ }^{18}$ | 938 | ${ }_{95} 5_{18}$ | $9^{91} 4$ |  |
| New Orleans | $9{ }^{9}$ | $9_{93}^{93}$ | 98 9 | $9_{98}{ }^{5}$ | 918 812 | $91$ |
| 8avannah... | 9 | 9 | 9 | $91_{16}$ | $8_{9}^{4}$ | $8{ }_{9}{ }^{1}$ |
| Oharleston.. | 9 | $8^{78}$ | $87_{8}$ | 878 | $8^{7} 8$ | 878 |
| Wilmington. | 9 | -938****** | 914* | 93ı" | 917* |  |
| Boston....... | $9{ }^{3}$ | 958 | 958 | ${ }^{95}$ | 958 | 95 |
| Baltimore | $9{ }^{3}$ | $9{ }_{4}$ | 98 | 924 | $9{ }^{4}$ | 98 |
| Philadolphia | 978 | $9{ }^{7}$ | 978 | $9^{7} 8$ | ${ }^{978}$ | 978 |
| Augasta..... | $9^{3}{ }_{18}$ | ${ }^{91} 1_{8}$ | $9^{918}$ | 9116 | $99^{9716}$ | $9{ }^{17}$ |
| Memphis.... | $9_{99}{ }^{16}$ | 9916 | $9_{99}{ }_{16}$ | $9{ }^{9}{ }_{18}$ | ${ }_{97}{ }^{18} 18$ | $97_{16}$ |
| 8t. Louis..... | $9_{91}{ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{9}^{91}{ }_{18}$ | ${ }_{9} 9{ }_{18}{ }^{16}$ | $9_{91}^{918}$ | ${ }_{9} 918$ | ${ }_{9} 9{ }_{18}^{16}$ |
| Honston..... | 912 | 914 | $9^{14}$ | 914 | 94 | 914 |
| Oindinnati.. | 919 | $9{ }^{19}$ | $9{ }_{3}$ | $91_{2}$ | $9{ }^{1}$ | 912 |
| Loulsville... | 93 | 98 | 98 | 93 | 934 | 95 |

* New ootton

Weather Reports by Telegraph. - Our telegraphic advices from the South this evening indicate that the weatber has been more favorable as a rule during the week. The drought would seem to have been broken quite generally, rain having fallen along the Atlantic and also in districts of the Gulf States, Texas, Arkansas and Tennessee, where needed, and benefiting the plant. Some complaints of damage from the drought come from the Carolinas, but our correspondents at Little Rock and Memphis report the crop greatly improved, and from Selma we are advised that the rain will prove very beneficial. Picking is becoming general in the earlier sections.

Galveston, Texas. - We have had showers on three days of the week, the precipitation reaching twenty-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 83, the highest being 89 and the lowest 77.
Abilene, Texas.-We have had showers on three days dur ing the week, the precipitation reaching eighty-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometerihas averaged 82 , ranging from 64 to 100.
Brenham, Texas. - There has been rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching twenty seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 71 to 93 , averaging 82.
Corpus Christi, Texas.-There has been no rain the past week. Average thermometer 82, highest 89 and lowest 76 .
Cuero, Texas.-Rain has fallen on two days of the week. to the extent of eighty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 83 , the highest being 96 and the lowest 70.
Dallas, Texas.-We have had rain on one day during the week, the precipitation reaching forty-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 82, ranging from 65 to 97.
Henrietta, Texas.-We have had dry weather all the week. Th $\theta$ thermometer has ranged from 65 to 105, averaging 82.
Hurtsville, Texas. - There has been rain on three days of the past week, the rainfall being five inches and forty hun dredths. Average thermometer 83. highest 98, lowest 67
Longview, Texas.-We have had rain on two days of the past week, the precipitation reaching forty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 83, the highest being 98 and the lowest 68.
Paris, Texas.-It has been dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 84, ranging from 66 to 101.
San Antonio, Texas. - We have had rain on two days of the week. The rainfall reached eighty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 74 to 96 , averaging 85.
Temple, Texas. - We have had rain on two days during the week, the rainfall being eighty-two hundreths of an inch. Average thermometer 78, highest 96 , lowest 59.

New Orleans, Louisiana.- We have had rain on five days of the week, the precipitation being one inch and thirty-two hundreths. The thermometer has averaged 82.
Slireveport, Louisiana.- We have had rain on four days of the week, the rainfall being two inches and thirty-eight hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 67 to 94.
Columbus, Mississippi.-We hear a few complaints of shedding. There has been rain on one day during the week, the rainfall reaching twelve hundredths of an inch. The ther mometer has ranged from 74 to 98 , averaging 86.
Leland, Mississippi.-We have had rain during the week, the precipitation being thirty-six hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 77, highest 89 , lowest 65 .
Greenville, Mississippi.-We have had good rain during the week. The weather is warm.
Little Rock, Arkansas.-Crops are greatly improved. We have had showers on five days during the week, the rainfall being two inches and eighty-eight hnndredths. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 91 , averaging 77.
Helena, Arkcansas. -The first bale of new Arkansas cotton was received here on Tuesday the 28th. Rainfall for the week one inch and ninety-nine hundredths on three days. Avrrage thermometer $75 \cdot \%$, highest 91 and lowest 65.

Memphis, Tennessee. - The condition of cotton is considerably improved. We have had rain on three days of the week, to the extent of twenty eight handredins here, but heavier in the immediate neighborhood. The thermometer has averaged 77.8, the bighest being 91 and the lowest 65.

Mobile, Alabama.-The cotton crop is making fair progress. Picking is becoming general. We have had rain on three days during the week, to the extent of sixteen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 70 to 90 , averaging $\times 1$.

Montgomery, Alabama.-Picking is becoming general. We have had rain on five days of the past week, the precipitation being one inch and forty hundredths. Average thermometer 83 , highest 92 and lowest 75.

Selma, Alabama.-The rain of the past week will prove very beneficial to cotton. There has been rain on four days of the week, the precipitation reaching two inches and twenty five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 79, lhe highest being 90 and the lowest 67.

Savannah, Georgia. - We have bad rain on two days during the week, to the extent of fifty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 71 to 95 , averaging 89.

Augusta, Georgia.-We have had rain on four days of the past week, the precipitation being four inches and seventeenhundredtbs. Average thermometer 82, highest 96 and lowest 69.
Charleston, South Carolina.-Rainfall for the week three hundredths of an inch, on two days. The thermometer has averaged 84, the highest being 94 and the lowest 73.

Greenwood, South Carolina.-Some claim that the rain came too late to do good to cotton and that the crop will be ten per cent less than last year. We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching seventy-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 70 to 90 , averaging 80.

Charlotte. North Carolina.-More rain is needed for late cotton; early co ton can hardly bs benefited now. We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall being ninetyseven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 81, the highest being 94 and the lowest 68.
Weldon, North Carolina - There has been rain on two days of the week, to the extent of one inch and forty-eight hundredths. Cutton is claimed to have been damagel some by the drought. The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 68 to 97.
Manchester Mareet.- Onf report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market has been dull but steady for yarns and flat for shirtings. The demand from India is improving. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this aud last year for comparison.

|  | 1900. |  |  | 1899. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 328 0op. Twis!. | 84 lbs. Shirtings, common lo finest. | Cott'n Mid. Uplds | 32: Oop. Twist. | 81 lbs. Shurtings, common to Anest. | Oott'n Mid. Opld |
| J'r 27 | $8^{1} \lambda_{8} \cdot 9^{\text {d. }}$ | $\begin{array}{ccrrr}\text { 8. } & \text { d. } & 8 . & \text { d. } \\ 5 & 4 & 0 & 8 \\ 5 & 8 & 8 & \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {d }}^{\text {d }}$, | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { d. } & \text { d. } \\ 513_{18} & -611_{16} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llll} \text { s. } & \text { d. } & 8 & d . \\ 4 & 31_{8} & 7 & 11_{8} \end{array}$ | d. |
| Aug. 3 | $88^{7}$ | $\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 3 & 07 & 719\end{array}$ | $571{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $511_{16}-611_{18}$ | $44^{4} 41078$ | ${ }^{388}$ |
| $\because 10$ | $8^{818} \quad 1878$ | 5 4 07 9 <br> 5 5   <br> 5    | ${ }_{519}{ }^{19}$ | $5^{77} \overbrace{}^{\circ} 6^{34}$ | $4{ }^{4} 1072$ | $31{ }^{3} 8$ |
| C 17 | $8{ }^{8} \quad 0878$ | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 31207 \\ 5 & 3 & 9\end{array}$ | 51432 | 578 68 | $\begin{array}{llll}4 & 41807 \\ 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 4 & 210\end{array}$ | 3716 317 |
| " 24 <br> 31 | $\begin{array}{ll}8 & 0878 \\ 818 & 87_{8}^{7}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ccccc}5 & 3 & 67 & 8 \\ 5 & 3 & 7 & 10\end{array}$ | 511 <br> 523 <br> 1 | ${ }_{6}{ }^{16-613}{ }^{67}{ }_{8}^{18}$ |  | 31732 $315 \%$ |

Cotton Crop Circular.-Oar Annmal Cotton Crop Review will be ready in circular form about Thursd ay, September 6, Parties desiring the circular in quantities, with their business card printed tuereon, should send in their orders as soon as possible, to ensure early delivery.
New England Mill Situation.-It is reported from Fall River that at a meeting of the Manufacturers' Association held yesterday an agreement was reached to reduce the wages of operatives in that city 10 per cent. The cut, if made, will go into effect September 17, and will effect over 25,000 hands.
Government Weekly Cotton Report. - Mr. James Berry, Chief of the Climate and Crop Division of the U. S. Weather Burean, made public on Tuesday the telegraphic reports on the crop in the Southern States for the week ending Aug. 27, sammarizing them as follows:
Except in Alabama, where an improvement in the oondition of ootton 18 reported, the general conditlon of thls crop over the central and shedding and premature opeaing belne zenerally reported, while the boll worm has been destruotive in toe central and western portions. In Texas cotton has generally 1 mproved in the south portlon, but 10 some localities in the north portion was injured by hot winds. Pleking is in general progress over the central and southern portions of the belt.
Beipping News.-As shown on a previous page, the exports of ootton from the United States the past week have reached 12,104 bales. The shlpments In detail, as made up from mail and telegraphlo returns, are as follows:
NBW York-To Liverpool, per steamers Cevic, 1,194.... Philadelphlan, 79 ..................... 500 ...
To Hall, per stainer steamer Massadequa. 706 .
To Bremen, per steamer' Frieârioh der Grosse, $1.07{ }^{\prime}$
To Hamburg, per steamers Belgravla, 81 L....Pennsyiva-

NEW ORLAANS-TO Havre-Aug. 31-Steamer spanish Prince 1,500.
To Rotterdam -Aug. 25-Steamer Istrar, 142 ..................
 Boston-To Liverpool-Aug. 24-Steamers Kausas, 279; 851 rania, 10.


Cotton freights at New York the past week have been as follows.

|  | Batur. | Mon. | Tues. | Fednes. | Thurs. | Irs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liverp'l,LateSepc. | 25 | 30 | 30 | 30 | $5_{32} \mathrm{~d}$. | ${ }^{5} 32 \mathrm{~d}$. |
| Havre.............c. | 45 | 45050 | 45650 | 45050 | 45050 | 45050 |
| Bremen, Sept 6..c. | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Hamburg........c. | 3718 | $37^{1} 8-40$ | 3720-40 | $3718-40$ | 3719-40 | $3718-40$ |
| Amsterdam......c. | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Rotterdam.......c. | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 40 | 40 |
| Reval, v.Br-Hame. | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 50 |
| Do v. Hull...c. | .... | -... | -... | .... | -... | -. |
| Do V. St. Pet.c. | 40045 | 40045 | 40045 | 40045 | 45250 | 45050 |
| Genoa.............c. | 35 | 40 | 40 | 10 | 45 | 45 |
| Trleste, asked...c. | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Antwerp.........c. | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Ghent, v.Antw'p.c. | $361_{8}$ | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |

## Qnotatinns are ce

*and 5 per cent
Liverpool. - By cable from Liverpool we have the follons ingstatement of the week's sales, stocks, \&o., at that port.

|  | Aug. 10. | Aug. 17. | Aug. 24. | Aug. 31. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales of the week.......bales. | 17,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Of whioh exporters took..- | 1,100 | 1,200 | 1,400 | 12,000 |
| Of whlch speoulators took. |  | 500 | 500 | 300 |
| Sales American. | 15,000 | 16,000 | 15,000 | 16,000 |
| Actual export. | 3,000 | 4.000 | 8,000 | 3,000 |
| Forwarded | 27,000 | 30,000 | 32,000 | 46,000 |
| Total stock-Estimated. | 315,000 | 310,000 | 306,000 | 276,000 |
| Of which American-Est | 221,000 | 218,000 | 217,000 | 189,000 |
| Total import of the wee | 42,000 | 29,000 | 36,000 | 14,000 |
| Of which American. | 31,000 | 27,000 | 2 5,000 | 11,000 |
| Amount afloat...... | 59,000 | 49,000 | 32,000 | 31,000 |
| Of which American. | 50,000 | 37,000 | 25,000 | 21,000 |

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Aug. 31 and the daily olosing prioes of spot cotton, have been as follows.

| spot. | Sal'day. | Monday. | Tuesday. | Fed'day. | Thursd'y | Priday. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Market, } \\ 1: 45 \text { P. M. } \end{array}\right\}$ | Dull and easler. | Qulet. | Very little doing. | Quiet. | Qulet and firm. | Irregular. |
| Mid. Upl'ds. | $5^{9} 16$ | 512 | ${ }^{517} 32$ | 558 | $5^{233} 32$ | $5^{23} 32$ |
| 5xies......... | 2,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 2,000 |
| \%pec. \& exp. | ....... | 300 |  |  | 400 | 200 |
| ETutures. Market, | Easy at | Steady a | Steady at | Steady al | Steady at | Steady at |
| 1:15 P. M. $\}$ | decline. | partiany | advance. | $\begin{gathered} 1-64 \backsim 2-64 \\ \text { advance. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cline. } \\ & \text { elige } \end{aligned}$ | $3-6 \pm 8 \mathrm{~d}$ - vance. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Market, } \\ \text { 4. P. M. }\end{array}\right\}$ | Steady. | Quiet. | Steady. | Steady. | Quiet. | Feverish. |

The prices of futures at Liverpool for eaoh day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated,
63-64e prices are given in pence and 64ths. Thus: 463 means 63-64d., and 501 means $51-64 d$.

|  | Sat. Aug. 25. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mon. } \\ \text { Aug. } 27 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tues. } \\ & \text { Aug. } 28 . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wed. } \\ \text { Aug. } 29 . \end{gathered}$ |  | Thurn. Aug. 30. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FrI. } \\ \text { Aug. } 31 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 121_{2} \\ & \text { P. M. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ P, M \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \text { P. M. } \end{aligned}$ | $\int_{\text {P. M. }}^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \text { P. M. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \frac{4}{4} \\ P . M \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M} . \end{aligned}$ | $1 \underset{\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M} .}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & P . M . \end{aligned}$ | P. M. | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 4.5 \\ & \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \text { P. } . \end{array}$ |
|  | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 521 | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {d }} 2$ | $521$ | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {d }} 24$ | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {d }}$. | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} 36$ | 539 | 53 | 532 | d. |
| Aug.-80pt | 508 | 504 | 504 | 505 | 503 | 503 | 514 | 315 | 514 | ${ }^{5} 14$ | 522 | 526 |
| Sept.-Oat. | 453 | 452 | 452 | 453 | 456 | 456 | 460 | 460 | 459 | 458 | 183 | 500 |
| Oct. NOV. | 444 | 442 | 443 | 443 | 4.46 | 447 | 450 | 450 | 449 | 448 | 451 | 452 |
| Nov.-Deo | 439 | 488 | 439 | 439 | 442 | 442 | 445 | 445 | 44 | 443 | 145 | 445 |
| Deg.-Jan. | 436 | 433 | 436 | 436 | 439 | 439 | 4.42 | 442 | 441 | 440 | + 42 | 4.42 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 434 | 433 | 434 | 434 | 437 | 438 | 440 | 44 | 439 | 438 | 440 | 440 |
| Feb. Moh | 433 | 432 | 433 | 433 | 436 | 437 | 439 | 439 | 437 | 436 | 438 | 438 |
| Mch.-April. | 432 | 431 | 4.32 | 432 | 435 | 435 | 438 | 438 | 436 | 435 | 437 | 437 |
| April-May. | 430 | 430 | 431 | 431 | 435 | 435 | 4.37 | 437 | 435 | 434 | 436 | 436 |
| May- June.. | 430 | 429 | 430 | 431 | 434 | 434 | 436 | 436 | 434 | 433 | 435 | 435 |
| June-July. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## BREADSTUFFS.

Fridat, Ang. 31, 1800.
The demand for wheat flour has reached only very moderate proportions, as it has come almost exclnsively from the local trade, little interest being shown by exporters, A hardening tendency to values for the grain haj given the market a fairly good undertone. Still awaiting further developments, buyers in the main have shown a disposition to keep their purchases limited to such supplies as have been needed to meet immediate requirements. City mills have been quiet bat steady. Rye flour has been in more active demand and prices have advanced slightly. Corn meal has had a fair sale at about steady prices.

Specalation in wheat for futare delivery has been slightly more active, and the tendency of prices $h 4 s$ continued towards a higher basis. The foreign advices in the main hare been of a character favorable to the market, although the advices received from France, considering the poor crop reports, have been somewhat discouraginy. Advices received from Londou say that it is estimated that the Enylish crop will be considerably smaller than last year and that the re quirements of foreign wheat will be about $190,000,100$ bushels. The movement of the winter-wheat crop has continned on a fairly liberal scale, although tho receipts show some falling off from their recent large totals. The reports from the iuterior markets, however, indicate
that the dfmund for wheat is aclive, both exporters and millers apparently being free buyers. The weather reports from the Northwest have been more encouraging, the needed dry weather for harvesting being reported. Nevertheless it is believed by many of the trade that the recent wet and un settled weather experienced has served to further shorten the yield of the spring-wheat crop. Business in the spot market has been moderately active, as exporters have been fair buyers here and at outports. To-day there was an easier market, reflecting weaker foreign advices, and under liquidation by recent buyers. The spot market was quiet and easier ; sales reported for export were 160,000 bushels.
DAILI OLOEINO PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER IN NEW YORK.


Indian corn futures have received only a limited amount of speculative attention, but prices have advanced. The principal strengthening factor has been the statistical position. The actual supplies in sight have been small and the
movement of the old crop has continued light, with the country offerings reported small. Consequently there has been a general disioclination to sell the market, particularly of the near-by deliveries, and althongh crop news has been generally favorable, prices haveshown a tendency to harden. The spot market has been firmer, with exporters fairly free buyers here and at outports. To-day the market was quiet and slightly easier. The spot market was moderately active. The sales for export here and at outports were 600,000 bushels.
daily olobing prioes or no. 2 mixed oorn in Net Yolik.

|  | Sat. | Mon. | Trues. | Werl. | Thuers. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oash corn f. o. b. | 4538 | 46 | 463/4 | 4758 | 4658 | $46^{1} 4$ |
| gept. dellvery in elev | 4312 | 4438 | 4514 | 4508 | 4518 | $44{ }_{2}$ |
| Dec. dellvery in elsp | $40{ }_{4}$ | $40^{3}$ | 4138 | 4138 | 4118 | 41 |
| May delivery in elev | 4012 | 4118 | 415 | $41{ }_{8}$ | 41 | 41 |

DAILY CLOBING PRIORS OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN IN CHECAGO.
Auguat delivery in elev.. Oct. delivery in elev.

Oato for fature de
quiet. Early in delivery at the Western market have been there was covering of short sales on anfavorable weath $-r$ reportg. Subsfquently, however, conditions were more favorable, and this, conpled with a fairly full crop movement, resul+ed in an easier market. Loc illy there has been a limited amonnt of business transacted in the spot market, out prices have weakened slightly. To-day the market was quiet. The spot market was unchanged.


Rye has been firmly held, with offerings light. Barley has been firm.
Following are the closing quotations:


Government Weerly Grain Report.-Mr. James Berry, Chief of the Climate and Crop Division of the U. S. Weather Burean, made public on Tuesday the telegraphic reports on the grain crops in the various States for the week ending Angust 27 as follows :
Weather. - The week ending august 27 is the fourth week of exwas dry over the graater part of the Southern Statea, portions of New England, and the Ohior Valley, there were in thesed listricts good rains over lucal areas, and very general and abundant rains over thie northern portious of the ceniral valleys, southern half of the upper Lake region. and in the Middie Atlanilo States.
oediug. Weeks of August, have been highiy favorable for the rapld development of corn, a large part of the eariy orop belng already made, rains which feil In Nebrasky, Kansas and Missouri have improved the con lition of oirn, hut much in the two list-mentioned States has been Kermanently injured. While the orop in Southern Illinols and Wretern very favorable for ourn over the greater part of the princlpal corn the northern portions of the Gulf and South Atlantic States it was unfavorable. portions of the Gulf and South Atlantic States it was un-

8 Pring Wheat. - Heavy raing in the gpring-wheat reglon have re tarded threshing and yrevented the oompletion of harvest in North nakota, in which state, as well as in Minnesota and portiovs o Nebraska, stacked wheat has suspainer damage. Ralns have also de
ajed threshing in Montana and Washingion.
sar For other tables usually given here see page. 423.

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

## New York, Fridat, P. M., August 31, 1900.

The situation in cotton and woolen goods has not improved during the week so far as the business passing at first hands is concerned, and in both divisions manufacturers are racing unsatisfactory conditions. The general run of prices o goods is below what they could be prodaced at on current cost of raw material, etc., and while there does not appear to be any near chance of material reduction in cost, there is absence of all indications of a demand sufficient to advance the price of merchandise. Reports of contemplated reductions in wages of mill operatives are current, and it is prob able that Fall River at least will make a cat within the next month. The curtailment movement in force there has failed to either improve the price of or to reduce the stock It is stated that this cartailment may be prolonged beyond the date originally agreed ${ }^{\bullet}$ upon-Sэptember 17. The heary cotton goods mills, suffering from the absence of China business, are gradually shatting down, and there is quiet curtailment of production among the Sjuthern spinning mills. Reports of woolen mills shutting-down or having in contemplation a cessation of work are increasing. With bayers these features are not as yet counting for much, bat later on they may become quite an important factor.
Domestio Cotton Goods. - The exports of cotton goode from this port for the week ending Aug. $2^{\text {y }}$ were 1,410 packages, valned at 95,331 , their destination being to the points specified in the tables below

| New York to AUG. 27 | 1900. |  | 1899. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan. 1. | Week. | Since Jan. 1 |
| Great Britain. | 86 | 1,545 | 48 | 1,443 |
| Other Earopean | 4 | 1,250 | 17 | . 693 |
| China.. |  | 140,039 | 7,319 | 179.594 |
| [ndia. | 100 | 8,839 |  | 1,656 |
| Arabia |  | 23,259 | 1,378 | 32488 |
| dirica | 23 | 2.870 | - 422 | 11,272 |
| West Indies | 441 | 18,488 | 313 | 20,841 |
| Mexico. | 66 | 2,136 | 72 | 2,924 |
| Contral amerioa | 155 | 8.148 | 161 | 7,183 |
| 3outh America. | 535 | 29,044 | 99 | 31,159 |
| Other Coantrie: |  | 6,035 | 215 | 5,726 |
| Total. | 1,410 | 241,703 | 10,034 | 294,979 |

The value of the New York exports tior tihe year to date has been $\$ 10,462.489$ in 1900 , against $\$ 10,572,902$ in 1899 .
For heavy brown sheetings and drills the market is decidedly irregular on goods in stock and the demand slow on home and export account. Sellers, however, are holding aloof on goods to be made, and bids, on current prices for spots, are seldom accepted. Ducks and brown osnaburgs are slow and easy to buy. There has been no change in the mar ket for low and mediam-grade bleached cottons, a quiet demand being met at steady prices, but some of the finest grades have been rednced from 5 to 10 per cent. Finest makes of wide sheetings also reduced about $71 / 2$ per cent. A alight improvement in the demand for denims is noted, but the demand is still irregular. Ticks, plaids, checks and stripes and other coarse colored cottons are still in limited rfquest and ensy to buy. Sales of fancy prints are made at irregalar prices and general demand continues indifferent. Forsuch staple lines as indigo blues, Turkey reds, mournings, etc., the demand is moderate bat steady, and prices are gen. erally maintained. The gingham market has been without special feature, a quiet demand coming forward at steady prices. There have been no sales of regular print cloths, the price remaining unchanged at $27 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. In odds business has been light but prices steady.
Woolen Goods.-Prices of men's-wear light-weight woolens and worst ds are very irregular for both staple lines and fancies. Lines on which prices were gaaranteed for the eeason have not been affected, but in some quarters where guaranties were given on standard goods substitates in the shape of new and lower-price goods have been brought out. A Clay wors ed, 12 ounces, for $821 \% \mathrm{c}$., has this week been put upon the market by the American Woolen Company, whose standard 12 ounce Clay remains unchanged at $\$ 121 / 2$. That company has aiso put out a new 11 -ounce serge at $721 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., against $8 * 1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for its regular 11 ounce serge Buyers are not assured by this feature and are as a rule adhering to their previous conservative policy, the orders com ing forward being small and by no means numerons. Sat inets are s'eady, but cotton-warp cassimeres and cotton worsteds irregular. Overcoatings are easy to bay, but the demand has not improved. Cloakings inactive and irregular in price. Staple dress goods in moderate request and fairly steady, but the general ran of fancies is dnll and irregular. For fiannels and blankets the demand has been indifferent at anchanged prices.
Foreign Dry Goods.-The general market for foreign merchal dise has been quitt at first hands, but johbers report a good general business. Inporters are beginning to show new lines of woolen and worsted dress goods for spring, but demand has not yet developed to any extent.

## STATEAND CITY D錚ATMMENT。

## News Items.

United States Censu8.-Population of Cities.-We give below the official populations of those cities whose returns have been tabulated since the reports published last week. We make comparisons with the Census totals for 1890, giving the difference in numbers as well as percentage.

| Allegheny, | $\begin{array}{r} 1900 . \\ -\quad 129,896 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Baltimore, M | 508,957 |
| Boston, Mass | 560,892 |
| Denver, Colo. | 133,859 |
| Indianapolis, | 169,164 |
| Kansas City. K | 51.4 |
| Kansas City, M | 63,752 |
| Newark, N | 246,070 |
| New Orleans, La | 287,104 |
| Paterson, N.J | 105,171 |
| Pittsburg. | 321,616 |
| Rochester, | 162,435 |
| St. Louis, Mo | , |
| San Francisoo | 342,782 |
|  |  |


| Population. |
| :---: |
| 1899. |
| 105,287 |
| 434,439 |
| 448,477 |
| 106,713 |
| $+113,973$ |
| 38.316 |
| 132,716 |
| 181,830 |
| 242,039 |
| 78,317 |
| 238,617 |
| 133,896 |
| 451,770 |
| 298,997 |
| 61,431 |


Percentage
$\dagger$ Including 1890 population of territory annexed since that date.

## Bond Proposals and Negotiations this

 week have been as follows :Albeville, S. C.-Bids Rejected.-We are advised that the Council rejected all bids received on Augast 1 for the $\$ 6,000$ $6 \%$ 20-year bonds decribed in the Chronicle July 7 on p. 46.

Ada County (Idaho) School Uistrict No. 10.-Bond Offer-ny.-Proposals will be received until 5 P. M., September 3, by C. A. Powell, Clerk board of trustees, for $\$ 1,500$ gold bonds. Securities will mature $\$ 500$ in three, five and seven years. This district is situated about four miles from the city of Boise. It has no indebtedness at present, and the assessed valuation in 1899 was $\$ 55,000$.

Adams County (Wash.) School District No. 15.-Bond Sale.-On August $18 \$ 6,000$ 10-20 year (optional) school bonds were awarded to W. E. Bell, Spokane, at par and blanks for $53 / 4 \%$ bonds. The only other bid received was that of H. E. Noble, Portland, at $103 \cdot 49$ for 6 per cents. Securities are dated Sept. 1, 1900.

Adams County (Wash.) School District No. 23.-Bond Sale.-On August $18 \$ 2,5005$-10-year (optional) bonds were awarded to W. E. Bell, Spokane, at $101 \cdot 24$ and blanks for $6 \%$ bonds. Following are the bids

For $8 \%$ Bonds.
W. E. Bell, Spokane.
*. And blank bonds.

$\$ 2,52600$

Anson, Me.-Bond Sale. - We are advised that an issue of $\$ 60,00031 / 4 \% 1 \cdot 10 \cdot$ year (optional) refunding bonds has been awarded to the Skowhegan (Me.) Savings Bank. Securities are dated Oct. 1, 1800. Interest will be payable semi-annually.

Arlington Heights, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will bo recoived until 12 M., September 28, by C. A. Billingsley, Hamlet Clerk, for $\$ 669765 \% 1-7$-year (serial) street-improvement bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 9568$, dated August 1, 1900 . Interest will be payable annually.
Atlantic City, N. J.-Bids Rejected.-Following are the bids received Angast 27 for the $\$ 200,0004 \%$ gold water bonds: A. S. Leland \& Co. New York..107.089
Jno. D. Everitt \&

Bids were all rejected.
Barnes County (P. O. Valley City), N. Dak.-Bond Offer-ing.-Proposals will be received until October 15 by T. M. Gunderson, County Auditor, for $\$ 20,0005 \%$ refunding bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 500$, dated Nov. 17, 1900. Interest will be payable annaally and the principal will mature Nov. 17, 1920.

Bell Connty, 'Iexas.-Bonds Approved:-The AttorneyGeneral has approved an issue of $\$ 14,460$ bridge bonds.

Benton Connty, Ind,-Bond Oiffering.-Proposals will be received until 2 P. M., September 3, by James Darby, County Treasurer, for $\$ 32,05041 / 2 \%$ Richland Township gravel-road bonds and $\$ 40041 / 2 \%$ bonds to pay the expenses of the election held in the above named township to anthorize the issuance of the road bonds. Securities will be divided into forty series and will mature one series each six months from May 15, 1901, to Nov. 15, 1920, inclusive. Cash or a certified check for $\$ 300$ will be required with each bid.
Bond Offering. - Proposals will be received until September 7 by James D. Smitn, County Anditor, for $\$ 5,0006 \% 5$-year asylum bonds. Interest will be payable annually.

Big Morn County, Wyo.-Bond Sale.-On Augast 25 the $\$ 37,000$ funding bonde were awarded to E. H. Rollins \& Sons, Denver, at $100^{\circ} 95$ and blank bonds for 5 per cents. Following are the bids
©. H. Rollins \& Sons, Denver $\$ 37,350$ 00 $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { F. R. Fulton \& Co, Chicago.**37,037 } 00 \\ \text { Geo. E. Abbott, Cheyenne... } 37,000\end{gathered}\right.$
And blank bonds free of charge to the county.
For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 11, p. 303.
Brockville, ont.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received untill 2:30 P. M., September 7, by W. S. Buell, Chairman Finance Committee, for $\$ 100,0004 \%$ lighting-works debentures. Interest will be payablo semi-annually cn Feb-
ruary 2 and August 2 at the Bank of Montreal, Brockville, and the principal will mature in twenty yearly instalments of various amounts. The election held to authorize these securities carried by a vote of 481 to 77. The present debenture debt of the town is $\$ 559,82321$, including $\$ 180.000$ for water works. The sinking funds aggregate \$107,822 31.
Canton. Ohio.-Bonds Defeated.-At the election held August 25 the propositions to issue $\$ 75,000$ storm-water-sewer bonds and \$20,000 garbage-disposal works bonds were both defeated.

Carthage, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On August 21 the $\$ 118255 \%$ 1-10-year (serial) sidewalk bonds were awarded to the German National Bank, Cincinnati, at 102. For description of bonds see Chronicle July 28, p. 199.

Cleveland, Ohio.-Band Offering.-Proposals will be re. ceived until 12 M., September 20, by Chas. P. Salen, City Avditor, for $\$ 100,0004 \%$ bridge bonds, maturing April 1, 1920. Securities will be coupon bonds, in denomina. tion of $\$ 1,000$, dated April 1, 1900. Interest will be payable semi-annually, both principal and interest bring payable at the American Exchange National Bank, New York City. A certified check drawn on a national bank for $5 \%$ of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the "City Treasurer of Cleveland," must accompany bids. Proposals must be made on blanks furnished by the City Auditor.
Clyde, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m., September 8, by Chas. T. Hurd, City Clerk, for $\$ 9.387$ 4\% refnnding bonds. Securities are issued under authority of Section 2701, Revised Statutes of Ohio. They are in denomination of $\$ 500$, except one bond, which will be for $\$ 387$, all dated Sept. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable semiannually at the Chase National Bank, New York City. Principal will matuce part each six months, $\$ 500$ from March 1 , 1914, to Sept. 1, 1922, inclusive, and $\$ 387$ on March 1, 1923 . All bids must be unconditional and must be accompanied by a certified check for $\$ 300$. Accrued interest is to be paid by the purchaser.
Decatar County, Ind.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 19,040$ Salt Creek Township gravel-road bonds was recently sold to local banks at 100577.
Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m., September 25 , by G. J. Kinnaird, Treasurer, for $\$ 25,0005 \%$ debentares. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 5,000$ and will mature thirty years from May 6, 1897. Interest will be payable semi-annually. The coupons for interest up to May 6,1900 , will be detached.
EI Paso County, Texas.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 63,500$ refunding bonds mentioned in the Chronicle August 11 have been taben by the State Permanent School Fund.

Fostoria (Ohio) School Distrlct.-Bond Sale.-On Aug. 25 the $\$ 15,0004 \%$ school bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, at 101.46 -an interest basis of about $3.73 \%$. Following are the bids
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleve... } \$ 15,21900 & \text { New 1st Nat. B'k. Columbus. } 815.07500 \\ \text { W. R. Todd \& Co... Cincin..... 15,175 } & 00 \\ \text { First Nat. Bank, Fostoria.... } 15,150 & 00\end{array}$ W. R. To odd \& Co.. Cincin....
R. Kievbotte \& Co. Cincin R. Klevbolte \& Co.. Cincin...
Rogers \& Son. Chagrintrails Rogers \& Son. ChagrinFills.. 15,13800
P. Briggs \& Co., Chincinnati. 15,05500 Seasongood \& Mayer, Cin..... 15.040 00
Lamprecht Bros. Co.. Cleve., 15,03750

For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 11, p. 304.
Fredonia, N. Y.-Bond Sale.-On August $27 \$ 30.000$ 4\% 1-10-year (serial) paving bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, at 103.02. Following are the bids
 R. Kleybolte \& Co.. New Fork..103.01 Lamprecht Bros.
Bond Offerg (N. Y.) Union Free School Distrlct No, 1,Soptember 11.-Proposals will be received until 8.P. M. September 11, by Wm. C. Wright, Clerk (P. O. Tarrytown),
for $\$ 6,0004 \%$ bonds. Securities are dated Oct. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable at the Tarrytown National Bank. Principal will mature $\$ 3,000$ Oct. 1,1924 , and $\$ 3,000$ Oct. 1 , 1925.

Greenburg (N, Y.) Union Free School District No. 10. -Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8P. 3., September 5, by the Board of Education, Wm. H. Jackman, Clerk, for $\$ 15,0004 \%$ bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, dated Oct. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable annually on Dec. 31, and the principal will mature $\$ 1,000$ yearly on December 31 from 1902 to 1916, inclusive. A certified check for $\$ 750$, payable to Frederick Ranscht, President Board of Education, must accompany proposals.

Greenville, Ohio.-Bona Sale.-On August 27 \$15,000 4\% 1-15-year (serial) Washington A venne assessment bonds were awarded to Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., Cincinnati, at 103.006 -an interest basis of a hout $3.565 \%$.
Holland, Mich.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received antil 7:30 P. M., September 4, by William O. Van Eyck, City Clerk, for $\$ 10,0004 \%$ sewer bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$. dated Sept. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable annually on Fobruary 1 and the principal will mature Feb. 1, 1911. A certified check for $\$ 150$ mast accompany each proposal.

Jamestown, N, Dak.-Bonds Voted.-This city recently voted in favor of issuing $\$ 10,000$ water-works bonds.
Joplin, Jasper County, Mo.-Bonds Registered.-The State Auditor has registered an issue of $\$ 5,000 \quad 5 \%$ 1-year carrentrevenue bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 500$ dated Aug. 20, 1900. Interest will be payable at the Miners' Bank of Joplin.

Klugs County (Wash.) School District No. 1.-Bids.Following are the


#### Abstract

  National Bank of Comincree $(\$ 50, v 00)$ Dentson, Fror \& Hico Bonds. 50,81500 Denison, Prior \& Co..Cieve. 200,000 00 M. F. Backus, Seatte....... 200,100 co  Dexter. Horton\&Co.,Seattie 20, non 00 the bonds being delivered immediately, * Conditioned. wo are adviscd, on ali th

As stated last week, bonds were awarded to N. W. Harris \& Co., Chicago, at $105 \cdot 35$. Knox Connty, Ind.-Bond Sale.-An issue of $\$ 29,97517$ $412 \%$ Busseron Township gravel-road bonds was sold.on Aug. 22 to Campbell, Wild \& Co., Indianapolis, at 102'21. Following are the bids :  Knoxville, Pa.-Bonds Voted.-The issuance of $\$ 45,000$ bonds was authorized at a recent election. Labolle School District, Lewls County, Mo.-Bonds Reg-istered.-Building bonds to the amount of $\$ 2,000$ have been registered by the State Auditor. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 100$, dated June 1, 1900. Interest will be at the rate of 6\%, payable at the Home Savings Bank of Labelle, Principal will mature in ten years. Lakewood, Ohio. - Bond Sale.-On August 17 the $\$ 112,500$ 4\% sewer bonds were awarded to Denison, Prior \& Co, Cleveland, at $100 \cdot 74$ and accrued interest-an interest baris of about $3 \cdot 95$. Bonds are divided into three series of $\$ 37,500$ each, and will mature $\$ 500$ of each series every six months, beginning Oct. 1, 1905. For further description of bonds see Chronicle July 28, p. 200. Lancaster, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M.. Sept. 17, by H. T. Mechling, City Clerk, for $\$ 3,0005 \%$ High Street assessment bonds, in denomination of $\$ 150$, and $\$ 3,5005 \%$ North High Street assessment bonds, in denomination of $\$ 175$. Securities are dated June 20, 1900 Interest will be payable semi-annnally at the office of the City Treasurer. Principal will mature one bond of each issue' every six months from Feb. 1, 1901, to Aug. 1, 1910, inclasive. A certified check for $\$ 200$ must accompany proposals. Authority for the issuance of these bonds will be found in sections $2: 04$ and 2705, Revised Statutes of Ohio.


These bonds are alike in description to the two iscues sold June 18. The reason for the re-sale has not jet been made known to us

Lawrence, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-This city recently borrowed $\$ 50,000$ for a little over two months from Curtis \& Sanger, Boston, at 2.96\%. Following are the bids received:

Lima, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M., September 3, by C. E. Lynch, City Clerk, for the following paving bonds :
 1801, to July Principal will mature $\$ 1,160$ each six months from Jan. 1,



 1, 1910 , inclusive.
Securities are dated July 1, 1900. Interest will be payable January 1 and July 1 at the office of the City Treasurer. Bonds are issued under authority of sections 2,703 to 2707, inclusive, and 2709, Revised Statutes of Ohio. Proposals must be made separately on blanks prepared by the city, and which may be obtained from the City Clerk, and must be accompanied by a certified check on a Lima bank for $5 \%$ of the amount of the bonds bid for and made payable to the City Clerk. Accrued interest to be paid by the purchaser.

Lorain, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On August 20 the $\$ 9,0004 \%$ sewer bonds were awarded to A. V. Hagemen, Lorain, at par. The only other bid received was one from W. R. Todd \& Co., Cincinnati, at par, which bid we are advised was not accompanied by a certıfied check as required. For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug, 4, p. 252.

Luverne, Minn.-Bond Sale.-On Augast 25 the $\$ 10,0005 \%$ 20 - year sewer bonds were awarded to the First National Bank of Luverne at $109 \cdot 62$-an interest basis of about $4 \cdot 28 \%$. For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 11, p. 305.
Mansfield, Ohio.-Bonds Not Sold.-This city has been offering for sale a large number of street.improvement bonds, but we are advised that, owing to the fact that the

## NEW LOANS.

BOND CALK.
CITY OF BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

## NOTICE

To Holders of Fourth Series Sanitary Bonds of the City of Birmingham, Alabama.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 14, 1800.
Your attention is called to the following resolutlon adopted by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham on August 10th, 1900, viz.:

Be it resolved by the Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham, That the holders of 'FOURTH SERIES, SANITARY BONDS,' of the City of Birnilngham, Ala., ISSUED ON THE 1ST DAY OF APRIL, 1885, authorized by an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama, entitled 'An Act to authorize the Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham to negotiate a loan for drainage and for sanitary purposes and to issue bonds for the payment of the same,' approved February 14th, 1885, said bonds being payable twenty years after date of their issuance, with the option to tbe city to pay same after ton years from the date of their lissuance, bearing Interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually on the 1 st day of Avril and October in each year at the Hanover Natlonai Bank in the City of New York, are hereby notifled that said bonds are herewith called for re1900, together with be paid on the 1st day of October, interest hereon shall cease from and after said date.
"Be it further resolved, Tbat the treasurer of the City of Birmingham is hereby instructed to make publication of the above resolution once a week for four consecutive weeks in some paper published in the City of Birninggam and some financial paper published in the City of New York."
In pursuance of the foregolng resolution, notice is hereby given the holders of said bonds that same will be paid on presentation and surrender thereof on the first day of Octover, 1800, at the Hanover National Bank, New Fork Clty, and that interest from and after said date ceases.

## NoTICE

To holders of School Bonds of the City of Birmingham, Ala.
Your attention is called to the following resolution adopted by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham on August 10th, 1900, viz.:
"Be it resolved by the Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham, That the holders of 'SCHOOL BONDS' of the city of Birmingham, Alabama, ISSUED ON THE FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1885, authorized by an Act of the General Assembly of Alabama, entitled. 'An Act to authorize the Mayor and Aldermen of Birmingham to issue bonds of said city for an amount'not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, for the purpose of purchasing school lots in sajd city and of erectlon, adding to and improving school bulldlngs, and furnishing the same,' approved February 17, 1885 , said bonds being payable in thirty years after date of their issuance, with the option to the city to pay same after fifteen years from the date of their issuance, bearing lnterest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, interest payable annually on the first day of July in each year at the Hanover National Bank in the City of New York, are hereby notlifed that said bonds are herewlth called for redemption and will be paid on the first day of July, 1901, togetherd with interest to said date, and that interest thereon shall cease from and after said date.
"Be it further resolved, That the Treasurer of the City of Birmingham is hereby instructed to make publication of the above resolution once a week for four consecutive weeks in some paper published in the City of Birmingham and some financial paper published in the City of New York."
In pursuance of the foregoing resolution, notice is hereby given the holders of said bonds that same will be paid on presentation and surrender thereof on the first day of July, 1001, at the Hanover National Bank, New York City, and that interest from and after said date ceases.

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state, city \& railroad bonds.
bids submitted for the work by the contractors were all in excess ot the estimates of the City Engineer, the bonds have not been sold and the improvement of the several streets has been indefinitely postponed.

Massachusetts.-Bond Sale,-On August 29 the $\$ 325,000$ $3 \%$ gold bonds maturing July 1, 194u, and the $\$ 400,1003 \%$ gold bonds maturing April 1, 1930, were awarded to Blake Bros. \& Co. and Estabrook \& Co., Boston, at 101.29-an interest basis of about $2.94 \%$. Following are the bids :

For description of bonds see Caronicle Angust 25,014
Mayville, Mich.-Bonds Defeated.-At a recent election a proposition to issue $\$ 5,000$ electric-light-plant bonds was voted upon and defeated,

Medicine-Hat, N. W. T.-Debenture Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M., September 15 , by W. N. Adsit, Town Clerk, for $\$ 40.0004 \%$ water debentures. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 500$. Interest will be payable yearly at the Merchants' Bank of Canada, Medicine-Hat. Principal will mature $\$ 2,000$ yearly from 1901 to 1920 , inclusive.
Millersburg, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On August 27 the $\$ 4,000$ 5\% 2-11-year (serial) paving bonds were awarded to The Claude Ashbrook Co., Cincinnati, at $106 \cdot 375$. Following are the bids :
Claude Ashbrook Co., Cin...*\$t,285 $00 \mid$ Seasongood \& Mayer, Cincin.*\$4, 18100

 - And accrued interest.

For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 25, p. 410.
Mindenmines, Mo.-Bond Sale.-P. F. Keleher, St. Louis, has purchased an issue of $\$ 2,0106 \%$ funding bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, dated Aug. 1, 1900, and will mature one bond in five years and one bond in ten years.

Mineral Wells, Texas.-Bonds Approved. -The AttorneyGeneral has approved for registrution $\$ 3,000$ funding-improvement, $\$ 9,500$ funding water-works and $\$ 9,000$ schoolhouse bond 3 .

Minto Township (P. O. Harriston), Ont.-Debenture Sale.-On August 20 the $\$ 4,292514 \% 1-20$ year ( (erial) deben. tures were awarded to Geo. A. Stimson \& Son at $101 \cdot 38$. Following are the bids:
Geo. A. Stimson \& Son........ $84,35200 \mid$ G. W. Wood \& Son............... 24,32600
 Morrilton, Ark.-Boŕa sale.-Un Augast $2 y^{\prime}$ the $\$ 32,000$ 5\% gold water-works bonds were awarded to W. J. McDonald, Oak Park, Ill., at par. For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 25. p. 410.

Mount Vermon, Ili.-Bond Sale.-It is stated in local papers that an issue of $\$ 30,0004 \%$ refunding bonds has been sold to Campibell, Wild \& Co., Indianapolis.
Muncy, Pa.-Bond Sale. - This borough has sold to local citizens an issue of $\$ 7,0004 \% 10-20$-year (optional) bonds. Securities are dated Sept. 1, 1900, and the interest will bэ payable at the office of the Borough Secretary.

Nassan County, N. Y.-Bond Offering. - Proposals will be received until 12 M., September 7. by J. Seymour Snedeker, Clerk Board of Supervisors, for $\$ 65,00031 / 2 \%$ gold bonds. Securities are dated Sept. 1, 1900, and will matare Sopt. 1, 1930. A certified check, payable to Henry M. W. Eistman, County Treasurer, for 5 \% of bid, must accompany proposal. Accrued interest must be paid by purchaser.
New Castle (Pa.) School District.-Bond Offering.-Pro. posals will be received until 7 P. M., September 3, by J. S. Westlake, Secretary, for $\$ 18,00031 / 2 \% 1020$ year (optional) funding bonds. Securitits are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, dated Oct. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable semi-annually, free of tax.
New Whatcom (Wash.) School District No. 1.-Bond Otfering. - Proposals will be received until 2 P. M., Sept. 8, by Mrs. E. V. Lilley, District Clerk, for $\$ 43,000$ refunding bonds.

Ohio University.-Bond Sale.-On August 24 the $\$ 10,000$ $5 \%$ certificates of indebtedness were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sins, Cleveland, at $109 \cdot 27$-an interest basis of about $3 \cdot 40 \%$. Other bids were received from Seasongood \& Mayer, Cincinnati; Feder, Holz man \& Co., Cincinnati; The Bank of Athens, Athens; The New Firsi National Bink, Columbus; The Lamprecht Bros. Co., Clevtland; L. G. Worstell, Atheng; The Security Savings Bank of Athens and Denison, Prior \&

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Co., Cleveland. Bonds matrere $\$ 5,000$ on September 1 of each of the years 1906 and 1907. For description of bonds see Ceronicle July 14, p. 99.

Orange County. Ind.-Bonds Not Sold.-We are advised that an issue of $\$ 16,4004 \%$ gravel-road bonds offered for sale on August 6 were not sold. The issue will be re offered for sale about September 3 as $41 / 2$ per cents.
Otsego, N. Y.-Bond Sale.-On August 25 the $\$ 47,00031 / 2 \%$ refunding bonds were awarded to Isaac W. Sherrill, Poughkeepsie, at 102•17. Following are the bida


For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 25, p. 410.
Palo alto High School District, Santa Clara County Cal.-Bond Sale-On August 20 the $\$ 20,0005 \%$ gold bonds were awarded to F. J. Hambley, San Jose, at 107•15-an interest basis of about $3 \cdot 848 \%$. Securities matare $\$ 2,000$ in 1904 and $\$ 3,000$ yearly from 1905 to 1910 , inclusive.
Perry County. Ill.-Bond Election-Bond Offering.-We are advised by T. G. Taffee, County Clerk, that the Country Board contemplates sabmitting to the voters at the regular November election the proposition tn refund its outstanding railroad-aid bonds. The amount to be refunded is about $\$ 175,000$ and bids for the same will be received antil Sept. 10, 1900.

Port Clinton, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On August 27 the $\$ 2,750$ 5\% 2-11-year (serial) sewer bonds were awarded to the Croghan Bank of Fremont at $105 \cdot 70$. Following are the bids :
Croxhan Bank of Fremont.... $\$ 2.90700{ }^{2}{ }^{\text {Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleve... } \$ 2,78450}$
For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 11, p. 306.
Portland, Ure.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be re ceived until 2 P. M., September 15. by the Committee on Ways and Means of the Common Council, care of Thomas C. Devlin, City Auditor, for $\$ 25,0006 \% ~ 10$-year gold improvement bonds. Securities will be issufd in denominations of not less than $\$ 25$ nor more than $\$ 500$. Interest will be payable aemi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer. Bidders will be required to submit a flat bid without conditions, except as to the regularity of each issue of bonds, and a certi. fied check for $5 \%$ of the amount of bid, drawn on a bank in
the city of Portland, payable to the City Anditor, must accompany each bid.
Preble County, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On Angust 25 the $\$ 17,-$ 000 4\% bridge bonds were awarded to the Preble County National Bank at $104 \cdot 559$ and the $\$ 130004 \%$ County. Home-repair bonds were sold to the same institution at 103.50 . At these prices the bonds net about $3 \cdot 387 \%$ and $3.415 \%$, respectively. For description of bonds see Chronicle Aug. 18, p. 358.

Red Bank, N. J.-Bond Election.-An election will probably be held in this place to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 10,000$ water bonds.

Riverside (P. O. Biveredge), N. J.-Bond Sale.-On August $23 \$ 5.0005 \% 11$-year (average) bonds were awarded to Henry Hahn, a local investor, at 110. Following are the bids
Henry Hahn..... $\dddot{\text { Pent..........110.00 }} \mid$ Walter Stanton \& Co., N. Y...... $105 \cdot 24$
 C. Zabriskie, Jersey City.... $107^{101}$
Edw. C.Jones $\&$ Co., New York. 106.50

Riverside School District, Riverside County, Cal.-Bond Offering. - Proposals will be received until 10 A. M., Sept. 21, by D. G. Mitchell, County Treasurer, for $\$ 40,000$ 4\% gold highschool bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, dated Ang. 8, 1900. Interest will be payable semi annually at the office of the County Treasurer. Principal will mature $\$ 4,000$ yearly on August 8 from 1911 to 1920, inclusive.

Robertson County, Texas.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 6380$ refunding bridge bonds mentioned in the CHronicle July 21 have been taken by the Permanent School Fand of the county. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, exceptone bond, which is for $\$ 380$. Interest will be at the rate of $4 \%$, and the principal will mature in twenty years, sabject to call after five years.

Saginaw, Mich.-Bond Sale.-On August 18 \$6,000 4\% sewer and $\$ 8,0004 \%$ street-improvement bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, at $102 \cdot 283$ and 102.30, respectively. The sewer bonds are in denomination of $\$ 600$, dated Aug. 1, 1900, and the street bonds $\$ 800$ each, dated Sept. 1, 1900. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer. Principal of each issue will mature one-tenth yearly.
Saline County (MO.) Salt Pond Township.-Bond Sale.We are advised that the $\$ 25,0004 \%$ refunding bonds, recently

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registered, have been sold to the Wood \& Huston Bank of Marahall, Mo., at 102. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, and will mature in twenty years, part being subject to call after five years and part after ten years.

Sliaron, Wis -Bond Sale.-We are advised that the $\$ 3,000$ 4\% 12-14-year (serial) bonds mentioned in the CHRONICLE July 14 have all been sold to local investors.

Shawano, Wis.-Bond Offering.-We are advised by M. J. Wallrich, Mayor, that this city has voted by a large majority to issue $\$ 15,000$ electric-light-plant and water-works bonds. Interest on these bonds will be at the rate of $31 / 2 \%$, parable annually at the first National Bank of Shawano. Principal will mature $\$ 1,000$ yearly from 1906 to 1920 , inclusive. An offer of par bas been received from the State for these bonds, but the Mayor is open for any bids that may be made for the same

Shenandoall (Iowa) Independent Scliool District.-Bond Sale. This district has sold $\$ 3,0004 \% \quad 510-$ year (optional) bonds to Mason, Lewis \& Co., Chicago, at par. These bonds are in addition to the $\$ 10,000$ sold last month to the same firm.

Stackton, Cal.-Bond Offering.-Proposals for the $\$ 52,000$ 4\% 1-40-year bonds (fully described in the CHRONICLE Angust 18. p. 359,) will be received until 5 P. M, September 11, by I. H. Robinson, City Clerk. A certified check for $\$ 500$, payable to the Mayor, must accompany proposals.

Stonghton, Wis.-Bids Rejected-Bond Sale.-All bids received on August 20 for $\$ 23,000$ city hall bonds were rejected. The City Treasurer was afterwards awarded $\$ 5,000$ as an investment for the sinking fund and the remaining $\$ 18,000$ will be taken by the State. Interest will be at the rate of $31 / 2$ per cent.

Titusville, Pa.-Bonds Voted.-An issue of $\$ 6,000$ Spring Street peving bonds was voted at the election held August 7, 1900. These bonds, we are advised, will not be sold until some time next spring.

Valdosta, Ga.-Bond Sale.-On August 15 the $\$ 25,000$ 5\% 30 year gold sewer bonds were awarded to Trowbridge \& Niver Co., Chicago, at $108 \cdot 16$-an interest basis of about $41 / 2 \%$.

West Superior, Wis.-Temporary Loan.-The city has borrowed from the American Exchange Bank the sum of $\$ 14,000$ at $0 \%$ interest.

White Plains, N. Y.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8 P. M., September 6. by the board of tiustees, Samuel C. Miller, President, for $\$ 50.00031 / 2 \%$ road bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 1,000$, dated Oct. 1, 1900 . Interest will be payable semi-annually, and the principal will mature $\$ 5,000$ yearly on October 1 from 1910 to 1919, inclusive. A certified check for $10 \%$ of the par value of the bonds, payable to the Village Treasurer, must accompany proposals. Authority for the issuance of these bonds will be found in Chapter 353, Laws of 1899, as amended by Chapter 49\%. Laws of 1900 .
Whitesboro, N. Y.-Bids Rejected.-At a meeting of the Village Trustees held August 24 a resolution was adopted rejecting all bids received on August 10 for the $\$ 40,00031 / 2 \%$ gold sewer bonds. A fall list of the bids was given in the Chronicle August 18, p. 359.

Woodbury, N. Y.-Bond Sale.-Oב Angust $21 \$ 5,0004 \%$ $51 / 2-$ year (average) bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, at 102.30. Following are the bids :


Yakima County (Wash.) School District No. 16.-Temporary Injunction.-We are advised that the $\$ 5,000$ bonds offered for sale on August 25 were not sold, owing to a temporary injunction having been granted to restrain their issuance.

Yonkers (N. Y.) School District.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8 P. M., Sept 5 , bv J. H. Claxton, Secretary Board of Education, for $\$ 56,00031 / 2 \%$ bonds. Securities are in denomination of $\$ 5,000(+x c e p t$ one bond which will be for $\$ 1,000$ ), dated August 1, 1900. Interest will be payable April 1 and October 1. Principal will mature on April 1 as follows: $\$ 5,000$ in $1914 \$ 10,000$ in the years from 1915 to 1919 and $\$ 1,000$ in 1920. A certified check for $5 \%$ of the amount of bonds bid for must accompany proposals.
Fonngstown Township, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On Aug. 24 $\$ 10.0005 \%$ 1-10-year (serial) park bonds were awarded to Feder, Holzman \& Co., Cincinnati, at 105.65-an interest basis of about $3 \cdot 95 \%$. Securities are dated Sept. 1, 1900, and the interest will be payable semi-annually:

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(Spectalists in Southern and We:Lern Sonds.)
31 NASSAU STREET, - NEW:YORK.


[^0]:    * Flgures [rom June 1 are for the rallrosd only, $\ddagger$ Mexican ourrency. § Oovers result of lines directly operated east of Pittsburg
    b Does not Inolude the \&ustin \&o worthwestern the 8 On Antonio \& Aransas Pass or Hoth Years.
    - Rennlta on Montromery DIvision are include in 1900, but not for 1899

    Includes 8t. Paul \& Duluth from July 1, 1900.

