

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The situation and character of our financial markets have not changed materially this week. At the Stock Exchange there has been the same dull and unsettled kind of market heretofore reported, transactions not only being limited but affording very little evidence of investment buying. As a result those who are interested in depressing prices have found it comparatively easy to give a somewhat ragged appearance to values. Properties about whose earnings and business not much is made public by the managers, such as the more speculative industrial stocks, and likewise those of railroads whose financial position is not assured and the future consequently in some measure uncertain, have suffered in varying degrees; but the best classes of securities are still high and reasonably steady. Government bonds have secured a further advance, the new 3 per cents having made their highest record. First-class railroad bonds have given very little evidence of decline, and pretty much the same is true of their stocks. The railroad earnings, as we indicated they would last week, disclose remarkable increases. This latest development is of course due to the enlarged grain movement, receipts of wheat reaching the highest figures at Chicago ever recorded. The foreign demand for that cereal has likewise been extremely active, the exports continuing very free and prices having risen almost daily.

At the moment there appears to be no real adverse domestic condition, but numerous industrial facts and movements favoring a prosperous business year. Consequently, to explain the kind of mild paralysis that has affected Wall Street affairs, we have to draw on the past or the future; what has happened or what is about to happen or both, are accountable for the withdrawal of buyers. Looking back, it would be reasonable to say that the radical and capricious decline in American Sugar and Tobacco stocks, and especially the former, must have disabled a considerable number of traders, and deprived the market of a part of its more venturesome class. Judging though from Street experience, those breaks in a special kind of security, more or less celebrated for inside manipulation and violent fluctuations, could be only a temporary influence at most, and depressing the whole market, if at all, only for an inconsiderable time. Indeed, we can discover no event, either past or future, that should have such a general effect on the whole body of investors except what we have several times referred to—a common desire to wait because coming months include too many and too large uncertainties.

The public forgets so easily, that very many to-day fail to realize how sensitively alive to every possible condition which may disturb the measure of values are those who have money to invest and likewise those who have the keeping or control of the capital of others; we should add, too, every well-informed man who has any property to be jeopardized when the basis of values is threatened. The intense anxiety felt by all the classes referred to and, in truth, by all in business life, while the last Presidential election was pending, and the uncontrollable joy and thanksgiving which found public expression in so many and such affecting ways up town in this city, and, indeed, in almost every city on election night, while the favorable returns were being received, are all a recent memory. We refer to those matters, not because we

think those scenes or the 16-to-1 issue will ever be repeated in this country. We refer to them because they are a late experience, and as such clearly indicate that anything which opens a semblance of a chance for their recurrence is sufficient to arouse the same sentiment and produce similar action.

In the light, then, of what has transpired so recently, and having in mind also the four years of struggle during President Cleveland's Administration in defense of our standard of values, can there be any doubt that the elections which are just before us, and which may give the country both a Lower House and a Senate either favorable to a gold currency or favorable to a silver currency, are the incubus that is preventing the full and free action of the industrial conditions which are now so auspicious? In our opinion the event feared will not happen. Under the circumstances confidence in the honesty and good judgment of the average American ought to be complete; the popular will has been tested so often, and has on so many occasions proved equal to the emergency, that there is the best of reasons for trusting it now. To be sure, some that made up the majorities two years ago will not be found in the same ranks this year; they seem to think that when a party becomes dumb it has experienced a change of heart. But the body of those who left party to ensure that victory, though unknown in political circles, will vote again this fall so as to make their influence effective. Until though the elections of next month shall have determined the event, the uncertainty which has during recent weeks checked Wall Street business will continue to keep affairs there dull and unsettled, even if all other conditions should remain favorable.

European complications likewise became this week quite unexpectedly and for a brief time a prominent disturbing influence on our Stock Exchange. We have written at length on this subject on subsequent pages. It seems, if reports are correct, that active operations for putting the French Navy in a condition for immediate use are at present in progress. This fact, taken in connection with the Fashoda incident and the speech on Wednesday of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, gave the appearance of a grave and seriously disturbed condition to the relations existing between France and Great Britain. On the same day also a decided flurry occurred in all the leading financial markets of Europe. Naturally enough our Stock Exchange, already deserted by investors and open to every unsettling influence that happened to be going, was easily made to yield for the day under the pressure of this new source of derangement. The better opinion at London turned out to be that nothing new had occurred affecting the relations of the two countries and that war was not a possible outcome. Hence on Thursday the influence here was found to have spent its force and there was a general recovery from the losses of the previous day. Friday a cable came from Paris that General Marchand would retire south of Fashoda. Very likely the reported activity in the navy yards of France will in the end turn out to have been greatly exaggerated; possibly whatever of truth there may be in the statement is referable to the situation in China.

It has been stated that the disturbance noted above in the Berlin and Paris markets was not wholly and perhaps not chiefly, due to the new developments

in France and England over the Fashoda incident. The flurry, it is claimed, became possible only because the markets were already sensitive under the fear of a drain of gold to New York, the burden of which the higher rate at the Bank of England seemed about to transfer to those centres. There have all along been moderate arrivals here of gold from the Continent the shipment of which had not been publicly announced. The present week the arrivals from all sources reach \$2,827,886; of that about \$750,000 came from Germany, about the same amount from France, and the balance mostly from London. Indeed, a feature of the arrivals of gold at New York this year—and it was much the same last year—is the small shipments to each consignee, and the diversity of the points from which the gold has come. It moves in dribbles, little sums quietly picked up in the various markets, evidence of the same reluctance everywhere shown to part with the metal. And yet the aggregate is considerable. The foreign trade figures made public this week for another month afford a record of the gold arrivals in August and September of \$32,142,000 gross and \$27,083,000 net. If to that we add the \$8,200,000 which is stated to have reached the Seattle Assay Office and the San Francisco Mint from the Klondike this season, and the probable arrivals at all points in October—say \$15,000,000—it becomes evident that we have been accumulating considerable gold here besides our own production during the current half-year. It looks, however, from the nature of our foreign trade balance as if there would have to be a period of freer gold imports before the new year opens. Taking the whole trade movement, merchandise and gold and silver, for September, the favorable balance that month is \$31,180,000, and since the first of January, made up in the same way, it will be found to be \$296,448,000. The four months from October 1 to February 1 will include the heaviest exports of the year. Most likely it was a fear of some such larger movement impending that disturbed the Continental money markets this week. Higher exchange as the week closes has deferred, but only deferred, such a movement.

The acquisition by the Atchison managers (subject to ratification by the stockholders at their meeting in December) of the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Railway marks one of the prominent events of the week and year. There are many aspects in which the matter is important. The people of San Francisco have long sought a new rail route to the East independent of the Southern Pacific. By this arrangement they get it under the most favorable auspices, backed by an extensive and powerful trans-Continental system. For ourselves we have never been able to find any ground for the charges of extortion and monopoly which have been so freely made against the Southern Pacific year in and year out. But the fact can not be ignored that this sentiment has existed. It will be a great point gained to have all basis for it removed by the establishment of a second line, and we imagine that the Southern Pacific people themselves will experience a great sense of relief. The projection of the road was the result of a popular movement, and funds for the beginning of the work were obtained by the sale of the stock at par through public subscriptions. Thus far there has been no difficulty in obtaining money to push the enterprise, but it must be considered questionable whether the road could be made permanently successful without

the aid and support of a large system, such as has now been secured for it.

To the Atchison the acquisition of course means a great deal. At present it has to rely entirely upon the Southern Pacific for an outlet to the Golden Gate. The relations between the two companies have been friendly, and the Southern Pacific has sought to furnish the Atchison with the needful accommodation for the conduct of its business. But there is always an advantage in a large system having its own line. For some time the Atchison managers, mindful of this, have been steadily moving in that direction. The exchange of its Mexican lines for the piece of road extending from The Needles to Mojave is now seen to have been part of a much larger and more ambitious scheme. Through that exchange it obtained a continuous line under its own control from Lake Michigan to the Pacific Ocean, but an outlet at San Diego could not answer as a substitute for an outlet at San Francisco, and hence the efforts of the managers have been directed towards securing both, an object which has now been attained.

The San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley is at present in operation from Bakersfield in Southern California to Stockton, where water connection is had with San Francisco. An extension from Stockton to Point Richmond, opposite San Francisco, eighty miles, is in course of construction. As this involves rather difficult work some time must elapse before its completion. There is thus left only the gap of 68 miles between Bakersfield and Mojave to give a continuous road to San Francisco Bay. The building of this last piece, it is thought, can be dispensed with entirely by getting trackage rights over the Southern Pacific line between the same points. It is a particularly gratifying fact that there seems no likelihood of friction with the Southern Pacific by reason of this step. One reason, no doubt, is that the Southern Pacific managers wish to show that the charge that they have been anxious to retain a monopoly of California traffic is unfounded. Another reason is that the road being there the Southern Pacific people naturally prefer that the Atchison should be responsible for it rather than that it should exist as an independent disturbing factor. At all events, they are taking a rational view of the matter, and are understood to be willing to accord traffic rights over the piece of road in question. Thus the move seems likely to lead to happy results all around.

The New York Central has this week issued its statement for the quarter ending September 30 and it deserves a few words of explanation. The statement shows results about as expected, that is a considerable loss in gross earnings, but offset to a large extent by a decrease in operating expenses. In brief, gross earnings fell off \$884,551, while expenses were reduced \$504,292, leaving a loss of only \$380,259 in net earnings. The falling off in the gross follows entirely from the exceptional character of the conditions last year in the matter of the grain tonnage. The high prices ruling for grain in the summer of 1897, attended by the large export demand, resulted in a grain movement of phenomenal dimensions over the railroads. The present year, on the other hand, prices were unsatisfactory and farmers held back their grain. If comparison is made with the corresponding quarters of other years, the showing is entirely favorable. Thus, while the gross now is \$11,394,396, for the same quarter in 1896 it was \$11,064,702 and for the like

quarter of 1895 \$11,436,036. The net at \$4,376,214 contrasts with but \$3,992,934 in 1896 and with \$4,163,112 in 1895.

Passing to a consideration of the other items in the statement, we find some even more striking changes from last year than those already noted. The fixed charges have increased \$723,281. But the reader need hardly be told that this is due to the absorption of the Lake Shore into the New York Central system. The increase in charges is attended by a still larger increase in the income from investments, representing the return received by the Central on its holdings of Lake Shore stock. This income from investments is reported almost a million dollars larger than for the same three months of 1897—in exact figures the increase is \$956,105. As a consequence of all this, the final result shows a surplus above the one per cent dividend for the quarter, only \$147,434 less than for the same quarter of 1897, notwithstanding the falling off of \$380,259 in the net earnings. The amount of the surplus is \$553,607 for 1898, against \$701,042 last year. In 1896 we may say the surplus was only \$46,043, in 1895 \$224,431, while in 1894 there was a deficit of \$96,943.

No class of roads has greater difficulty in checking the declining tendency in rates than the soft-coal roads. The truth of that statement is brought forcibly to mind in the annual report issued this week by the Western New York & Pennsylvania. This road had realized in 1896-7 an average of only 5.121 mills per ton per mile, but for 1897-8 there was a decline to the very lowest figure in the company's history, namely 4.726 mills. The matter is of importance only as showing that a good part of the advantage resulting from the development of traffic is lost through this unceasing whittling down of the price paid by the shipper for the services rendered to him. The Western New York & Pennsylvania is not a large system, yet the shrinkage in rates meant a loss to it in net earnings of about \$200,000. The addition to traffic was fortunately sufficiently large to permit a gain in revenue despite the decline in rates. In this way the company was able to add \$291,163 to its gross earnings and \$191,306 to its net earnings. The call for interest, however, on the general mortgage bonds, as it happened, was \$75,000 larger than in the year preceding, because the bonds now bear a higher rate. After meeting the increased interest requirements, there was left a surplus of \$190,509, but except for the smaller rate received the surplus would have been over double this amount. The whole thing only goes to show anew how circumstances beyond control frequently come in and disturb the calculations of railroad managers and prevent their labors on behalf of the property, and the efforts they are making to extend its revenues, from becoming fully manifest.

Extracts from an advance copy of the annual report of the Southern Pacific Company appear in this issue of the CHRONICLE. We think the new arrangement of the matter in the report will commend itself to those desiring to get quickly at the results obtained from the operation of the combined properties for which the shares of the Southern Pacific Company are outstanding. Both in mileage and in earning capacity the company is one of the largest in the country (its gross receipts for the year ending June 30, 1898, having been \$58,477,498), and we expect to review the report next week.

The deposits of public money in the specially-designated depository banks are increasing, now amounting to over \$92,800,000, and it is expected that these deposits will soon reach \$100,000,000. As noted last week, the increase is largest in banks in the interior. The awards for the 3 per cent bonds were completed on Monday. It is said that those who subscribed for larger amounts than \$4,500 get none. The amount thus far paid into the Treasury on this account is \$190,380,425, leaving \$9,619,575 yet to be paid; it is thought probable that final settlements will be made by the end of the month. The movement of money by transfer through the Treasury has been smaller than last week, and chiefly to the South. Some of the banks have been shipping direct to the Northwest and some to the South, but the drain by these shipments and transfers was more than offset by the excess of payments over receipts at the Sub-Treasury, by the arrivals of gold from Europe and by the receipt of gold from San Francisco. These consignments come principally to Lazard Freres and Seligman & Co., who were concerned in the importation of \$2,000,000 gold at San Francisco from Australia, published in this article Sept. 3. It is reported that some of the banks and trust companies are—directly and not through exchange houses—purchasing commercial bills for investment and profit, loaning the proceeds of these bills abroad at the current rates there ruling. The operation would seem to be safe and likely to be profitable so long as the tendency of the exchange market continues upward. Loans by the banks upon long bankers' sterling, bought for investment, to hold until it runs to sight, are made to some extent, but banks generally seem inclined to demand 3 per cent for these loans, while the holders of the bills are indisposed to pay more than 2½ per cent.

Money on call, representing bankers' balances, has loaned at the Stock Exchange during the week at 2½ and at 1½ per cent, with the bulk of the business at 2¼ and the average about 2 per cent. The lower rate was not recorded until Thursday afternoon, when there appeared to be a pressure of offerings and considerable money was loaned below 2 per cent. The range on Friday was from 2 to 1½ per cent. Banks and trust companies quote 2 per cent as the minimum, some however obtaining 2½ for loans which are expected to remain undisturbed, including some upon sterling collateral. Time contracts are freely offered, the demand is good and a fair amount of business is done, especially on sterling for short dates. Quotations are 2½ per cent for sixty to ninety days, 3 per cent for four to five months and 3@3½ per cent for six months. There is a good inquiry for the best commercial paper and the supply is moderately large. Rates are 3½@3½ per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, 3¾@4¼ per cent for prime and 4½@5 per cent for good four to six months' single names.

Excitement abroad concerning the Fashoda incident seemed to be subsiding early in the week, but it was revived by a report on Wednesday that the French fleet was being prepared at Toulon for service, and that war preparations were being actively made. On Friday it was reported by a cable from Paris to London that General Marchand would retire south of Fashoda. On this news the London market advanced sharply. Porto Rico passed under the absolute sovereignty of the United States on Tuesday, the flag be-

ing raised at San Juan and at other principal cities. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France raised its rate of discount on Thursday to 3 per cent from 2 per cent, at which it had stood since March 14 1895. It was reported on Thursday that the Bank of Germany would further advance its rate of discount next week. It was said that one reason for the sensitiveness of the Berlin discount market was that Paris bankers had advanced to houses in Berlin a large amount (said to be 250 millions of francs) by way of discounts, and therefore higher rates at Paris might compel the withdrawal of some of this money and at the same time check the financing of Russian loans in Berlin. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills in London $3\frac{3}{4}$ @ $3\frac{7}{8}$ per cent. Following the advance at the Bank of France, open market discounts at Paris rose to 3 per cent, falling on Friday to $2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent, and the unofficial rate at Berlin and Frankfort was $4\frac{1}{4}$ @ $4\frac{3}{8}$ per cent. According to our special cable from London, the Bank of England lost £52,207 bullion during the week and held £31,143,744 at the close of the week. Our correspondent further advises us that the loss was due to the import of £20,000 from Australia, the receipt of £195,000 net from the interior of Great Britain and the export of £267,000, of which £220,000 were to Egypt, £27,000 to South America and £20,000 to Malta.

The foreign exchange market was dull and steady to firm until Thursday, when it grew more active and stronger, influenced by dearer discounts in London and on the Continent. The feature has been continued purchases of long sterling for investment, to hold until it runs to short, and also buying of commercial bills by banks for profit as above noted. The firm tone for short sterling is partly due to the demand to remit for stocks sold here for European account and to remittance for settlements. There has been \$300,000 gold engaged by Lazard Freres for shipment from Europe this week. There was an arrival of \$3,750,000 gold at San Francisco from Australia on Thursday; arrivals of gold at this port from Europe have been \$2,827,886.

The range for posted rates for exchange was from 4 82 to 4 82½ for sixty day and 4 85 for sight until Thursday, when there was a pretty general advance, caused by higher discounts abroad, and the range was from 4 82½ to 4 83 for sixty day and from 4 85 to 4 85½ for sight until Friday, when an advance in the latter made the range for sight 4 85½ to 4 86. Rates for actual business opened on Monday unchanged, compared with those at the close on Friday of last week, at 4 81½@4 81¾ for long, 4 84¼@4 84½ for short and 4 84¾@4 85 for cable transfers. The tone was steady to firm and the business light. There was no quotable change until Thursday when rates advanced one-quarter of a cent all around to 4 81¾@4 82 for long, 4 84½@4 84¾ for short and 4 85@4 85¼ for cable transfers. The market closed strong on Friday, with rates for actual business 4 82@4 82½ for long, 4 85@4 85¼ for short and 4 85½@4 85¾ for cable transfers. Prime commercial 4 81@4 81½ and documentary 4 80¾@4 81½. Cotton for payment, 4 80¾@4 81, cotton for acceptance 4 81@4 81½ and grain for payment 4 81½@4 81¾.

The following shows daily posted rates for exchange by some of the leading drawers.

DAILY POSTED RATES FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

	FRI. Oct. 14.	MON. Oct. 17.	TUES. Oct. 18.	WED. Oct. 19.	THUR. Oct. 20.	FRI. Oct. 21.
Brown Bros..... { 60 days. 82	82	82	82	82	82½	82½
{ Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Baring, { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
Magoun & Co. { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Bank British { 60 days. 82	82	82	82	82	82½	82½
No. America. { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Bank of { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
Montreal { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Canadian Bank { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
of Commerce. { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Heidelbach, Ick- { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
elheimer & Co. { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Lazard Freres... { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
{ Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½
Merchants' Bk. { 60 days. 82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½	82½
of Canada..... { Sight.... 85	85	85	85	85	85½	85½

The following statement gives the week's movement of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.

Week Ending Oct. 21, 1898.	Received by N. Y. Banks.	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.	Net Interior Movement.
Currency.....	\$4,879,000	\$3,806,000	Gain, \$1,073,000
Gold.....	931,000	694,000	Gain, 237,000
Total gold and legal tenders.....	\$5,810,000	\$4,500,000	Gain, \$1,310,000

With the Sub-Treasury operations and gold imports the result is as follows.

Week Ending Oct. 21, 1898.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change to Bank Holdings.
Banks' interior movement, as above	\$5,810,000	\$4,500,000	Gain, \$1,310,000
Sub-Treasury oper. and gold imp'ts	\$3,400,000	28,400,000	Gain, 7,000,000
Total gold and legal tenders.....	\$9,210,000	\$30,900,000	Gain \$8,310,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks.

Bank of	Oct. 20, 1898.			Oct. 21, 1897.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
England.....	31,143,744		31,143,744	31,955,689		31,955,689
France.....	73,678,536	49,119,064	122,798,500	78,424,386	48,288,368	126,712,754
Germany..	24,194,000	12,463,000	36,657,000	25,465,000	13,118,000	38,583,000
Russia ..	101,399,000	3,500,000	104,899,000	114,613,000	4,067,000	118,710,000
Aust.-Hung'y	35,329,000	12,498,000	47,827,000	38,254,000	12,480,000	50,734,000
Spain.....	10,999,000	5,277,000	16,276,000	9,028,000	10,460,000	19,488,000
Italy.....	14,798,000	2,234,000	17,032,000	15,632,000	2,340,000	17,972,000
Netherlands	4,313,000	6,893,000	10,979,000	2,630,000	6,704,000	9,334,000
Nat. Belgium	2,785,000	1,392,000	4,177,000	2,753,383	1,376,667	4,130,000
Tot. this week	293,549,280	93,225,964	391,775,244	319,685,888	98,784,025	417,469,913
Tot. prev. wk	299,651,297	93,539,714	393,391,011	318,332,792	99,039,644	417,372,436

THE POLITICAL DISTURBANCES IN EUROPE.

It is Dr. Max Nordau, we believe, who gave assent in one of his recent works, to the popular notion that the last years of a century are sure to be subject to momentous political upheavals. The theory, if it may so be called, has the usual attraction exercised over the popular mind by efforts to construct curious coincidences into law. The public rather enjoyed the suggestion that because the Sixteenth Century ended with the Turkish and Franco Spanish wars, the Seventeenth with the struggle of united Europe against Louis XIV., and the Eighteenth with the French Revolution and the consequent disintegration of European States, therefore the last hours of the Nineteenth Century must have something similar in store for us.

It will hardly be necessary to engage in argument over the problem whether international events are likely to time themselves scrupulously to a calendar devised by a monk in the middle ages. As a matter of coincidence, however, it is somewhat interesting to observe the complex diplomatic situation which exists throughout the European world as the present century approaches its end. The statesman who wishes a puzzle to solve can at most times find what he wishes in continental diplomacy, which was certainly rather more tangled during 1848 and 1870 than it is in 1898. But there are numerous factors in the present situation so peculiar

and striking that they may be said to distinguish to-day's political outlook from that of any similar period in recent history. This novelty of the diplomatic situation leads, as a novel situation often does, to grave misgiving and perplexity—misgiving founded less, perhaps, on visible signs of danger than on developments whose results are difficult to predict at all. The situation is worth study; that it is being studied by conservative interests, more or less apprehensively, has been shown by recent movements of foreign government securities. It was only a few days ago that British consols declined $\frac{1}{2}$ point, German Imperial 3s declined 1 point, and French rentes $\frac{1}{2}$, almost within a week, and the climax of this decline was reached under misgivings in regard to the diplomatic outlook at Paris, Pekin and Constantinople. On Wednesday of this week the same disturbing rumors began to circulate again, resulting in another upset on the foreign bourses.

We have already indicated the three directions in which such misgivings have had their influence. The Chinese imbroglio passed at the close of last month into a most extraordinary stage. That a court revolution of most serious significance had occurred at Pekin was proved by all advices. The young emperor of China had been regarded as largely under English influences; it was suddenly announced that he was sick or dying, and his relative, the dowager-empress, a foe of long standing to Great Britain, at once assumed control of public affairs. The known facts of this strange situation were presently expanded to a rumor that the Emperor had been put to death by the pro-Russian palace faction. The grave possibilities involved in such an event were obvious.

This week's events suggest that the misgivings of two weeks ago were exaggerated. On Tuesday last, the official physician of the French legation, who was perhaps as impartial an authority as could be found, was admitted to the sick room, and he found the emperor alive. The situation is still embarrassing, particularly since the English people, having seen already a withdrawal by their ministry from one ultimatum regarding trade influence in China, are restless and angry over the possibility of a final diplomatic defeat at the hands of Russia; but it has disappeared as a source of acute misgiving.

When uneasiness over the Pekin situation was at its height, there was similar misgiving in regard to the Sultan's attitude in the Cretan matter. The Ottoman ruler had again been brought into conflict with the rather cumbrous machine known as the Concert of Europe, and as usual the collision arose from his deliberate failure to keep his promises. He had agreed to withdraw from Crete at a given date. The date arrived, and the Turks had neither withdrawn nor made any effort to do so. After his fashion, the Sultan begged for more time, and in substance his demand was granted. It need only be noticed, however, that the alarm of two weeks ago over possible resistance by the Turk, with consequent disputes among the Powers, was not well-grounded. The episode is indeed somewhat useful as showing that the predictions of eighteen months ago, after the Greco-Turkish war, to the effect that the Sultan had now regained a formidable place among European Powers, was wholly premature. Fortunately both for the peace and the self-respect of Europe, Turkey has promptly fallen back into its old position of a pensioner and a suppliant, whose presence is tolerated

simply because it is not easy to say who shall replace it.

Evidently, then, two of the rumors which have been unsettling the European Stock Exchanges have no such foundation as the alarmists thought. But there remained, and still remain, the two far more serious influences of the Fashoda dispute between England and France, and the Dreyfus complication at Paris. We think that these two factors in the situation are closely connected with one another. That is to say, we believe—and the belief is shared by nearly all the responsible London newspapers and reviews—that but for the Dreyfus crisis, the episode of Fashoda and Major Marchand would have been closed some weeks ago. By this we do not mean that the French Government intends to go to war with England in order to shake off its home embarrassments. Such a possibility has, indeed, been suggested, and has doubtless played its part in the misgivings of the week. It is the kind of recourse which would instantly have occurred, under similar circumstances, to the mind of Napoleon III., and what we know of that tinsel statesman would lead to the belief that he would promptly have chosen war.

But the Premier of the French Republic is a man of a different stamp. An ascetic in character and habit, he has already shown the quality of his moral courage by shaking off army dictation in the Dreyfus matter. So long as he retains control, it is likely to be the army, and not the Ministry, which would welcome a foreign war for the sake of the obscurity into which such a war would throw the scandals of the military administration. It is, in fact, rather generally believed among the well-informed in London that the delay in Great Britain's demand for the withdrawal of Major Marchand and his Frenchmen from Fashoda arises solely from the English Ministry's wish to leave the French Government a dignified avenue of retreat. M. Brisson's position is not pleasant. He is of course aware that Gen. Kitchener holds Major Marchand at his mercy; that but for the English victory at Abdurman, the little group of Frenchmen would themselves have fallen victims to the Khalifa, and that without a single aggressive move it is in the Sirdar's power to cut off supplies from the French explorers and force them to unconditional surrender. As a matter of fact, Major Marchand and his men are to-day Gen. Kitchener's protégés and guests, a fact which lends some color of absurdity to the theory of a critical international situation on the Nile. We take this view of the matter, agreeing in it with the conservative London press, despite Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's threatening speech at North Shields last Wednesday evening. Sir Michael's words must be explained, we think, exactly as the French Cabinet's action is accounted for—by the fact that both ministries have an impatient public to keep in hand.

If this view of the Fashoda matter is correct, conservative management of the situation may be as confidently expected from M. Brisson and M. Hanotaux as from Lord Salisbury. Indeed, we should suppose that the British Foreign Office has purposely refrained from any aggressive official demonstration, in view of the awkward political state of things in Paris. At best the Premier's position is insecure. The army influence is massed against him; experienced politicians have made no secret of their belief that his tenure of office will end with the re-assembling of the Deputies. It is, we think, the act both of intelligent diplomatists and of gentlemen for the English Min-

istry, at such a juncture, to leave the Fashoda case very much in *statu quo*, and to refrain from any move which could embarrass the French Government.

But if the apprehensions of many political observers are fulfilled, and the Brisson cabinet is ousted, what is to be the result? The Dreyfus case must none the less approach its crisis; the four past years, and notably the four past months, have proved the hopelessness of smothering the scandal. If, as is not impossible, the *Cour de Cassation* were to refuse a rehearing, on the ground that Col. Henry's confession of forgery relating as it does to a document not adduced in the original Dreyfus hearing, is therefore not new evidence—even in such event there is little reason to believe that the end of the matter has been seen. It is this uneasy feeling that the French Government is groping in the dark, and that no human foresight can predict the Paris news of the next few months, which upsets at intervals all the European markets. The whole disturbance, in other words, once more reduces itself to doubt over this political and military mystery in France. For ourselves, we can only repeat what we have said before, that however perilous, from an opportunist point of view, may be the path which the Brisson Ministry has chosen, it is the only possible way to safety. If straightforward and honorable dealing cannot avert the storm which has so long been overhanging French institutions, then nothing can avert it. But we have too much confidence in the reserve of common sense and self-respect among the French people to believe that appeal to publicity and justice can fail.

GREAT NORTHERN'S PROSPERITY.

It is difficult to write with regard to the Great Northern Railway, and its controlling spirit Mr. James J. Hill, without appearing to indulge in language which to the uninformed will seem extravagant or exaggerated. American railroad history affords many examples of systems that have had a prosperous career and have netted large returns and handsome profits to their promoters and backers. But among them all there is not one that has had a more marvelous record of prosperity than that of the Manitoba and Great Northern, the latter being merely a more convenient form of organization for extending the operations of the former.

As was said last week, as a money maker it has been unequalled. It has made money for all those in any way financially interested in the property. But at the same time it has conferred untold benefits upon its patrons and the communities which it serves. To the latter it has opened up new territory, has furnished unexcelled facilities and a steadily decreasing charge for the transportation services rendered. Indeed, this last has been Mr. Hill's pre-eminent merit, that he has kept steadily in view the desirability and need of giving the public more and more for its money. It may have been simply enlightened self-interest that dictated this course, but the fact itself is unquestioned. The present report furnishes many evidences of the importance which Mr. Hill lays on this feature and of his purpose and desire to give continued prominence and attention to it hereafter.

In the first place we find from the report that the average rate received again declined and is now only 9.32 mills per ton per mile. There would be of course nothing uncommon about a rate of less than a cent a ton per mile here in the East, where there are large

manufacturing interests and where the country is well settled, but in the section traversed by the lines of the Great Northern, where population is thin and manufacturing industries few, such a rate is very low. As recently as 1889 the Manitoba was able to obtain 1.49 cents per ton per mile. The decline since then shows the benefits already accorded to the public, and we may add that passenger rates have in like manner declined.

But Mr. Hill is not ready to stop there. He has put his property in condition to move freight at a steadily lowering cost, and he recognizes that the public will demand participation in the resulting saving. So he has already made provision for a further reduction and plainly intimates that he is prepared to take additional steps in the same direction in the future as circumstances may warrant. Indeed, all through the report Mr. Hill's belief in steadily declining rates hereafter is apparent, as also is his confidence that come what may in this regard, the Great Northern, better than any other system, will be able to cope with the situation. Referring to the line just built between Fosston, Minn., and Duluth, to furnish a more direct route to the latter point, he says that on account of the decrease in distance effected in this way between the wheat fields and the head of the lakes, heavy reductions have been made since the close of the year in wheat rates, so that a still lower average per ton mile for the current year is certain. He estimates that this reduction in wheat rates will amount to a concession of a million dollars to the producers on the tonnage of the year. There are further references to the subject of rates, in the same vein, in other parts of the report.

It is needless to say that to Mr. Hill alone belongs the credit of having made it possible to give to the new communities served by his system needed transportation facilities at such low and steadily declining rates, for he has from the first looked with the closest care after the operating details, and studied how to reduce the cost of moving traffic so as to ensure a constantly diminishing minimum per unit of work. Nor need any one be told that the system is distinctively his work and creation, that it owes its existence as well as its success to his genius and his efforts. Indeed in this respect his identification with the property has been much like that of those master spirits who created and organized the great Eastern trunk lines—Commodore Vanderbilt in the New York Central, John W. Garrett in the Baltimore & Ohio, and J. Edgar Thomson and Thomas A. Scott in the Pennsylvania. These were all men of rare talent and ability in the railroad world, and Mr. Hill in the organization and development of the Manitoba and Great Northern has shown that he is possessed of qualifications of the same order.

We dwell thus upon Mr. Hill's part in the undertaking because it is impossible to understand the marvelous results produced without taking into consideration the method through which they have been reached and the characteristics [of the man who devised them and carried them out. Mr. Hill's ability as a financier has been as conspicuous as his talent as a railroad manager—a rather unusual combination of qualities. He has skilfully avoided making special stock dividends of large amount—the method formerly in vogue for increasing capitalization, and which excited so much adverse criticism. And yet the proprietors have been given many large extra returns in addition to

the payments they have received in cash in the shape of dividends. When the Great Northern Company was formed, only a little over eight years ago, the Manitoba shareholders were allowed to take its \$20,000,000 stock at 50, the other 50 per cent being paid by a transfer of securities held in the Manitoba treasury. In 1893, \$5,000,000 additional Great Northern stock was issued, raising the total to \$25,000,000. This \$5,000,000 was paid for at par, but as the stock had by this time advanced to 125@130, the privilege was a valuable one. The more recent operations are familiar to our readers. In June of the present year the company announced its purpose to increase the stock from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000. The additional stock was issued at par, but only payment of 60 per cent (\$15,000,000) was required in cash; the other 40 per cent (\$10,000,000) was paid in stock of the Seattle & Montana, which had previously been ordered distributed to the Great Northern shareholders. The company in effect bought this Seattle & Montana stock back from the Great Northern stockholders, paying 80 cents on the dollar for it; \$12,500,000 of Seattle & Montana stock was to be distributed, and the company took it at \$10,000,000 in exchange for its own stock.

The new Great Northern stock hence cost the Great Northern shareholders only 60; it was selling in the market at the time in the vicinity of 180. Even now, with the stock at \$50,000,000, instead of at the previous \$25,000,000, the price is 136. It remains to be said that with the 60 per cent cash payment received, amounting to \$15,000,000, the company retired its \$15,000,000 4 per cent collateral trust bonds, effecting a saving of \$600,000 per year in its fixed charges. Now a further increase to \$75,000,000 is in contemplation. The additional \$25,000,000, however, will go entirely to take up the \$20,000,000 of Manitoba stock outstanding, and thus provide for the consolidation of the two companies. The exchange, it will be seen, will be on the basis of \$125 of Great Northern stock for \$100 of Manitoba stock. The Manitoba stock now gets 6 per cent in guaranteed dividends, and hence the result of the exchange will be to reduce the rental charges of the Great Northern in the sum of \$1,200,000 per year. Summing up, therefore, we find that of the \$50,000,000 additional stock represented by the increase from \$25,000,000 to \$75,000,000, \$35,000,000 will go to displace that amount of existing securities (stock and bonds) and work a reduction in annual fixed charges of \$1,800,000. This latter is an important fact which should not be lost sight of.

The most noteworthy feature in connection with the affairs of the road is that with all these additions to capitalization the road retains the distinction of a small capitalization per mile, and moreover with each succeeding year its capacity for making money and earning dividends seems to expand. The company began by paying 4 per cent dividends, then increased to 5 per cent, then to 6 per cent, and now since the stock has been raised to \$50,000,000 there has been an increase to 7 per cent. A statement is given in the report showing that the bonded debt outstanding on the entire system per mile of main track is less than \$25,000 per mile—in exact figures \$24,943. The stock of the Manitoba is reported \$5,175 per mile, but this is based on the 3,864 miles of Manitoba road alone; as the stock of none of the other roads is in the hands of the public, it would be proper to make the calculation on the basis of the mileage of the whole system—say 4,700 miles—giving an average

of only \$4,255 per mile. The \$25,000,000 of Great Northern stock on the same basis of mileage averages \$5,318 per mile. Accordingly the capitalization in stock and bonds is represented by \$24,943 plus \$4,255 plus \$5,318, giving \$34,516 per mile. The \$15,000,000 of new stock now to be issued (in excess of the securities to be taken up) would increase this by \$3,191.

As to the growing prosperity attending the operation of the road, the late year's results furnish perhaps the best illustration we have yet had of the property's phenomenal record in this respect. The income account shows dividends of \$1,500,000 paid (6 per cent) on Great Northern stock and a surplus remaining on the operations of the twelve months of \$2,071,768. Obviously, therefore, the company could have paid 8 per cent more on the stock, making 14 per cent altogether, and yet have had a small balance left over. But we figure that the proprietary lines, steamship companies, &c., netted a surplus of \$500,000 to \$600,000 above the amounts received by the Great Northern from them in the shape of dividends. If we are correct in this calculation, we have here the equivalent of two per cent more on the stock. Finally, the surplus of \$2,071,768 shown by the income accounts, it is proper to say, remained after a contribution of \$1,500,000 to the Fund for Permanent Improvements and Renewals and \$750,000 more for the construction of the Cascade Tunnel, making \$2,250,000 together. In other words the company has devoted or proposes to devote a sum equal to 9 per cent on the stock to strengthening and improving the property. Mr. Hill takes pains to emphasize that this money need not have been appropriated in this way except as a matter of wise policy—that independent of these outlays and appropriations the property has been kept in the highest state of efficiency; that only such amounts as were paid for actual additions to the property were charged to "Additions and Improvements;" that replacements and renewals were charged to operating expenses. The company does not carry the cost of the "Additions and Improvements" as an asset on its books, but the item is separately entered on both sides of the balance sheet, making its true character apparent, and leaving it as a basis for future capitalization if so desired.

It will be asked how such favorable results are possible? Two main causes may be assigned—Mr. Hill's marvelous methods of management and the evident good judgment he has shown in the extension of the mileage of the system by providing new road largely profitable in itself aside from its value in strengthening the position of the system as a whole. On this last point we may refer for illustration to the building of the direct line to Duluth just completed. Any one can see from a glance at the map that for the purposes of through traffic this furnishes a very desirable piece of road. But from the report we also learn that besides materially shortening the through route, it will develop a large local business. It is pointed out that the road runs through the largest body of standing pine east of the Rocky Mountains, that as a consequence a heavy lumber traffic may be expected; furthermore that it traverses a portion of the iron ore region of Minnesota, and that a considerable ore traffic is already being handled.

In the matter of economy in operations the Great Northern's exhibits are each year becoming more noteworthy; and never was this characteristic more strik-

ingly revealed than in the business of the late year. No less than \$3,141,484 was added to the gross earnings of the twelve months with an addition of only \$152,834 to the expenses. In other words, practically the whole of the gain in gross counted as a gain in the net. Obviously the improvement in the gross did not follow from a rise in rates, for we have already seen that the average further declined, bringing it down to only 9.32 mills per ton mile. The improvement was due entirely to an increase in the volume of tonnage transported, and this enlarged amount of traffic the road was able to move with but a slight addition to expenses. The revenue tonnage of the system was increased 617,700 tons (of which only 145,700 tons was in wheat), or 8½ per cent, and the tonnage movement one mile was increased nearly 17 per cent. And yet the freight train mileage was increased less than two per cent.

Here, then, we see the policy of securing economy in operations by adding to the train-load carried a step further in advance. The CHRONICLE was the first to direct attention, several years ago, to the notable distinction attained by the Great Northern in this particular. Since then others have awakened to a realization of the same fact, and latterly it has become quite the fashion in reviewing the report of a railroad company to make this the sole test and criterion of the efficiency of a road's operations. Indeed this has been done to such a nauseating extent—writers who know least about the subject prating most about it—that one is almost tempted to avoid reference to the matter even in such an exceptional case as the present, so as to guard against further meaningless comparisons on the part of the ignorant and the superficial. The attentive reader of these columns need not be told that the average train-load is affected by a variety of circumstances—by the character of the tonnage, the conditions under which it is moved, the relative proportions moved in opposite directions, the extent of the branch lines, &c., &c. Comparisons between one road and another are worthless unless these considerations are all taken into account. In the Great Northern case, however, certain general comparisons are permissible.

We find that the company's record, noteworthy before, has become still more noteworthy. Over 35 tons (or 12½ per cent) was added to the average lading of its trains in the late year, raising the average to 316 tons. We had occasion recently to note the great progress made by the Northern Pacific in this particular, but that company's average for 1897-8, even after the really striking advance made during the last two years, still falls behind that of the Great Northern, being only 265 tons. We will permit ourselves only one other comparison. At 316 tons the Great Northern's train load comes within five tons of that of the Lake Shore, which has an enormous through traffic, traverses an older part of the country, and has a mileage made up largely of main track line. It may be a surprise to hear that the saving in expenses effected through the increase in train-load amounted on the business of the late year to over a million dollars. The statement can be easily verified by calculating how many more trains it would have been necessary to run if the average load had been no heavier than that for 1896-7, which was already regarded as exceptional.

Because of this increase in train-load the company's trains earned 25 cents more per train mile than in the

previous year, notwithstanding the decrease in the average rate received—that is, the trains earned \$2.38 against \$2.13. The net earnings were \$1.24 against only \$0.96, an improvement of almost 30 per cent. This and the fact that renewal expenditures on road and track have been lessened through the improvement wrought in the condition of the property by the heavy outlays of the past, will explain the wonderful operating results that have been achieved. The benefits, we have seen, accrue not alone to the stockholders, but to the public as well in lower charges and reduced rates.

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY REPORT.

In the late fiscal year ending June 30 1898 the Burlington & Quincy had an opportunity to show what it could do under favoring conditions. Previously for several years it had encountered poor results. This experience, indeed, had been so prolonged that many were inclined to fear that the career of prosperity which the property had enjoyed throughout its history was about to be interrupted. These gloomy views were not shared by careful students of American railroad history. The trained observer knew that the property possessed tremendous earning capacity, and that, given the required conditions, this characteristic would quickly manifest itself.

Those whose faith in the property was strongest also placed great reliance upon the character and excellence of the management. The shares have always been largely held in the East and the directorate has as a consequence comprised a very extensive representation of New England men. The Board includes the names of some of the most influential and best known men in that part of the country. Mr. John M. Forbes, who died last week, belonged to that class. And as showing the conscientious attention to duty which these men manifest, we may note that according to the Boston papers Mr. Forbes presided over the last dividend meeting of the Board, though he was ill at the time and had to be supported to the chair by two of his fellow-directors.

The Quincy's strong point has always been that it passes through some of the best agricultural districts in the West, and that its hold on the tonnage of these districts has been secured through the creation of an extensive system of branches completely gridironing the favored sections. The road has long held the distinction of being the largest corn-carrying system in the country. As it happened, though, until this last year the crops were poor or indifferent for several successive seasons. At the same time grain prices were low, pinching the farmers, while the general prostration of trade all over the United States added still another depressing influence.

Thus it was that year after year, beginning with 1894, the company showed a deficiency below the amount needed to pay dividends. These deficits were repeated so persistently, that many, as already said, were apprehensive lest the condition should become chronic. Fortunately all this was changed in the late year. The crops were among the largest ever harvested. A crop shortage abroad, too, created an urgency of demand, giving the farmers unusually good prices for their products. As the reader knows, the shortage was especially pronounced in wheat, but the demand extended to all kinds of grain, and in particular to corn. Lastly, business revival in the country at

large insured to the road an extension of the traffic in merchandise and general freight.

In this we are simply rehearsing facts well known to our readers, but it is necessary to recall them in order to account for the large growth in revenues and traffic, and the wonderful change in the prospects of the road, which has occurred in the short period of twelve months. The fact that the road has such a large tonnage in corn makes it subject to wide fluctuations in earnings from year to year, dependent upon whether the previous season's yield of that cereal has been abundant or deficient; but entirely apart from that circumstance the conditions in the late year were such as to work a great improvement in earnings.

The company in 1897 changed the ending of its fiscal year from December 31 to June 30, and the present is really the first report we have had in a period of eighteen months. This circumstance makes it difficult to institute comparisons with corresponding periods of other years. The deficiency, however, is supplied by the report as far at least as the year immediately preceding is concerned. The report furnishes the figures for the twelve months ending June 30 1897 as well as for the twelve months to June 30 1898, and that comparison brings out in sharp relief the change which has occurred. In brief, the road added over 7¼ million dollars to its gross earnings, or in excess of 20 per cent. The general nature of the improvement, too, appears when we observe that not far from a million dollars of the gain was furnished by the passenger department—in exact figures, \$926,776. This feature arrests attention, because in the case of so many other roads there has been a complete absence of recovery in the passenger business. We note another unusual, we might almost say unique, feature. There was actually a small rise in the average rate received. The rate was low in both years, but for 1897-8 was 9.19 mills per ton per mile, against only 8.67 mills in 1896-7. Such increase in face of general rate demoralization can only be explained on the theory that a large part of the expansion in traffic came from the local branches, on which rates range higher than on the competitive lines, thus pulling up the general average a little.

After years of enforced economy this splendid addition of 7¼ million dollars to gross revenues allowed the management to pursue a liberal policy again in the matter of disbursements, and we find there was an addition to the operating expenses in the large sum of \$5,149,117. But even after this augmentation in expenses there was an improvement in the net in the sum of \$2,124,859. The effect on the company's general income account has naturally been marked. In the calendar years 1895, 1896 and 1897 there was each time a larger or smaller deficit, as already stated; for 1897-8 there is a large surplus. The dividend rate was raised from 4 per cent to 5 per cent during the twelve months, but only 4½ per cent was paid out of the year's earnings. After allowing for the amount required for this 4½ per cent and providing for all the charges, there was left a balance of \$2,392,667, equal to nearly three per cent more on the outstanding stock.

This plenitude afforded the managers the opportunity for the first time in a long while to resume the practice which was formerly a feature of its operations, of setting aside a certain sum out of revenues for improvements. From the surplus of \$2,392,667 a million dollars has been carried to the Renewal Fund,

still leaving, however, a balance of \$1,392,667. This latter fact is significant, because since the close of the fiscal year dividends have been raised to a 6 per-cent basis, and the extra 1½ per cent required for this purpose, beyond the 4½ per cent paid in 1897-8, would take somewhat less than the amount of this balance of \$1,392,667. In other words, on the basis of the results for 1897-8 the company can pay the 6 per cent rate, even after making the contribution of a million dollars to the renewal fund. It is also proper to say that these results likewise allow for the usual heavy contributions to the sinking funds, the company having in the late year paid out for this purpose \$778,612 directly from earnings, and these funds having received \$1,344,382 altogether during the twelve months.

Monetary & Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, October 8, 1898.

The effect of the Bank's efforts during recent weeks to get control of the London money market has been neutralized this week by some foreseen and other unforeseen circumstances. The payment of the Bank dividend and the quarterly interest on the funds would, it is well known, place, for a time at any rate, a superabundant supply of loanable capital in the hands of the market, and would thus nullify the efforts of the Bank directors. Against this effect, however, a heavy demand for gold on Scotch account has come upon the London market nearly three weeks earlier than it was generally expected, and therefore the dividend payments have not caused the superabundance that was supposed likely. Consequently, although rates are lower than a week ago, there has been less fall than was looked for in some quarters.

Owing to the absence of speculative activity in the stock markets, the short loan market is superabundantly supplied with loanable capital, and day to day money can readily be obtained at a little over 1½ per cent, while the discount rate for three months' bills is anything from 2¾ to as high as 2½ per cent, and even long-dated paper is well below the official minimum charged by the Bank of England. The directors at their meeting on Thursday made no change in their rate, which consequently remains at 3 per cent. Owing to the causes which I have explained, very little of the lending and discount business now goes to the Bank, and if it is to regain the control of the market, which it had very nearly obtained a week ago, it will require again to borrow upon a very extensive scale.

The Bank return shows a decrease of over two millions sterling in the reserve and the proportion of the reserve to the liabilities has fallen to 44¼ per cent, being a drop during the week of over 3 per cent. This decline, however, being due to internal movements and not to export of gold upon foreign account is not regarded as a serious factor in the outlook. For the moment the general feeling in the money market is that shipments to your side have ended for the present. But the Bank directors, and heads of the great financial houses, and those responsible for maintaining an adequate reserve to meet possible calls upon them in the early future, cannot afford to overlook the fact that very large sums may be taken from London on your account whenever your bankers or financial houses may see fit to do so.

No gold has been withdrawn from the Bank this week for the United States, but small parcels in the open market have been undoubtedly bought up for shipment to New York, and there is in addition some demand for the Continent, although this is not likely to prove of very great magnitude.

Business on the Stock Exchange this week has been, if possible, duller than before. The recent efforts of the professional element in the various markets to put up prices and attract the attention of the public have been discontinued, the general feeling being that in the present political outlook it is vain to attempt to induce the public to engage in Stock Exchange speculation. There is, of course, at all times a certain amount of investment business going on: but considering the season of the year and the amount of money that has been received by the investing classes in the form of dividends, interest on loaned money and savings from salaries, and what not, even this business is remarkably small.

The traffics of our home railways continue to record very large increases. But the result of the last half-year's working went to show that the growth in receipts was to a large extent absorbed by a corresponding growth in expenditure and consequently these increases, remarkable though they are, have but very little effect upon the market.

The recent activity in American Rails, as far as this market is concerned, did not extend beyond the purely professional element, the outside public taking very little part in the movement. Strenuous efforts have also been made by the great mining magnates, both by those interested in South

Africa and Western Australia, to attract public interest to these markets, but without success. The heavy losses which resulted on the break down of the mining boom at the end of 1895 and the political uncertainty which is still felt regarding the outlook in South Africa apparently militate against any recovery in that market.

Copper shares, however, have been an exception, and there has been a large business in Anacondas, Rio Tintoes, and the shares of other copper mining companies. This, of course, is largely due to the strong demand for copper for shipbuilding and other purposes.

The silver market has been weaker, with a firmer tone the last day or two, the price closing yesterday at 28d. There have been some sales from your side, while the demand both from the Continent and from the East has greatly fallen off. The India Council on Wednesday were as successful as ever in the disposal of their weekly allotment of Council drafts. For the 40 lacs offered, the total applications exceeded 262 lacs at prices ranging from 1s. 3 29 3/4 to 1s. 4d. per rupee. The total sales realized for the fiscal year from April 1 exceed 8 1/2 millions sterling, compared with only 4 millions at the corresponding date 12 months ago. The Council will offer 40 lacs again next week for tender; while at this time last year they were unable to make any allotments.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols &c., compared with the last three years:

	1898. Oct. 5	1897. Oct. 6	1896. Oct. 7	1895. Oct. 9
Circulation	28,180,105	28,413,280	28,189,850	26,767,985
Public deposits	8,175,534	8,798,507	8,798,507	5,321,889
Other deposits	37,729,536	40,571,024	43,572,556	50,295,171
Government securities	14,241,940	15,758,236	16,939,198	15,511,473
Other securities	29,083,901	29,887,375	23,137,480	25,119,989
Reserve of notes and coin	20,386,537	21,542,888	28,144,093	31,763,706
Coin & bullion, both departments	31,746,912	33,196,103	39,513,413	41,728,611
Prop. reserve to liabilities p.ct.	4 3/4	4 3/4	5 1/2	5 1/2
Bank rate	3	2 1/2	3	10 1/4
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent.	109 13-16	111 1/2	106	31 1/2
Silver	27 13-16d.	25 1/2d.	30 1/2d.	31 1/2d.
Clearing House returns	197,542,000	189,247,000	182,717,000	149,514,000

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first five weeks of the new season compared with previous seasons:

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Imports of wheat, cwt.	5,345,200	4,720,100	5,700,830	8,440,700
Barley	2,644,900	2,194,215	1,841,920	2,896,160
Oats	1,507,270	1,703,070	1,640,650	1,471,740
Peas	200,280	325,630	292,195	245,710
Beans	225,650	399,550	218,750	457,670
Indian corn	5,165,100	5,529,700	6,865,200	4,252,100
Four	1,809,430	1,438,300	2,038,380	1,858,720

Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on September 1):

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Wheat imported, cwt.	5,345,200	4,720,100	5,700,830	8,440,700
Imports of flour	1,809,430	1,438,300	2,098,380	1,858,720
Sales of home-grown	2,783,400	3,639,914	2,909,561	1,428,670
Total	9,938,030	9,798,310	10,709,071	11,923,090
Aver. price wheat, we. 1/2s. 9d.	3s. 4d.	3s. 4d.	2s. 2d.	2s. 6d.
Average price, season	26s. 4d.	33s. 6d.	24s. 1d.	23s. 0d.

English Financial Markets—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, etc., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Oct. 21:

LONDON.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fr.
Silver, per ounce	27 1/16	27 1/16	27 1/16	27 1/16	27 1/16	27 3/4
Consols., new, 2 1/2 p.cts.	109 1/16	109 1/16	109 1/16	109 1/16	108 1/16	108 3/4
For account	109 1/16	109 1/16	109 1/16	109 1/16	108 1/16	108 1/16
French rentes (in Paris) fr.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Spanish 4s.	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2
A.S. Top. & Santa Fe.	12 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	12 1/2	13 1/2
Do do pref.	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Canadian Pacific.	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	82 1/2	83 1/2
Central Pacific.	26 3/4	26 3/4	26 3/4	26 3/4	25 3/4	24 3/4
Chesapeake & Ohio.	22	22	22 1/2	22	21 3/4	21 3/4
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul.	110 5/8	110 5/8	111 1/8	110 5/8	110 3/8	110 7/8
Gen. & Rio Gr., pref.	55 3/4	55 3/4	55 3/4	55 3/4	55	54 3/4
Erie, common	13 1/2	13 1/2	13	13	12 7/8	12 7/8
1st preferred	34 3/4	34 3/4	34 3/4	34 3/4	33 3/4	33 3/4
Illinois Central.	112	112	112	111 3/4	110 3/4	111
Lake Shore	198	198	198	198	198	198
Louisville & Nashville.	56 1/4	56 1/4	56 1/4	56	55 1/2	56
Mexican Central, 4s	11	11	11	11	11	10 5/8
Mo. Kan. & Tex., com.	118 1/2	119	119	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
N. Y. Cent'l & Hudson.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
N. Y. Ontario & West'n	51	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	50 1/2	50
Norfolk & West'n, pref.	41 3/4	41 3/4	41 3/4	41	40 3/4	40 3/4
Northern Pacific, com.	78	77 3/4	78	77 3/4	76 3/4	77 1/4
Preferred	60 3/4	60 3/4	60 1/2	60 1/4	60 3/8	60 5/8
Pennsylvania	8 3/8	8 3/8	8 3/8	8 3/8	8 3/8	8 3/8
* Phila. & Read.	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4	20	20 1/8
* Phil. & Read., 1st pref.	10 1/8	10 1/8	9 3/8	9 3/8	9 3/8	9 3/8
* Phil. & Read., 2d pref.	8 3/4	9	9	8 3/4	8 3/4	8 3/8
South'n Railway, com.	34 1/2	34 1/2	35 1/4	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Preferred	33 1/2	33 3/8	33 3/4	33 1/2	32 3/4	32 7/8
Union Pacific.	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	66 3/4	65 1/2	66 1/2
Do new pref.	21 1/4	21 1/4	21 1/4	20 3/4	20 1/4	20
Wabash, preferred	21 1/4	21 1/4	21 1/4	20 3/4	20 1/4	20

* Price per share.

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The following are the imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods Oct. 13 and for the week ending for general merchandise, Oct. 14 also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For week.	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Dry goods	\$1,703,049	\$1,389,213	\$1,477,473	\$2,663,230
General merchandise	7,246,447	7,051,281	4,671,262	7,858,970
Total	\$8,949,536	\$3,440,494	\$6,148,735	\$10,522,200
Since Jan. 1.				
Dry goods	\$74,394,924	\$103,434,003	\$89,606,247	\$118,217,344
General merchandise	263,017,167	291,454,307	265,010,519	293,770,578
Total 41 weeks	\$337,442,091	\$394,938,316	\$354,616,766	\$411,997,922

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Oct. 17 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
For the week.	\$10,124,415	\$8,630,510	\$8,596,445	\$9,382,884
Rev. reported	367,322,385	316,826,419	292,727,509	258,256,154
Total 41 weeks	\$377,446,800	\$325,476,929	\$301,324,044	\$267,639,038

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Oct. 15 and since January 1, 1898, and for the corresponding periods in 1897 and 1896.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exports.		Imports.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain	.....	\$200	\$1,091,771	\$43,690,735
France	.....	8,000	100,167	16,070,661
Germany	.....	.....	537,743	27,010,238
West Indies	\$3,200	8,281,708	5,011	2,686,073
Mexico	.....	2,500	.....	91,656
South America	.....	105,757	224,222	690,599
All other countries	.....	20,292	7,379	559,200
Total 1898	\$3,200	\$8,417,437	\$1,963,303	\$90,799,162
Total 1897	.....	29,709,922	1,762,966	8,452,860
Total 1896	20,000	50,976,282	1,735,911	64,084,568
Silver.				
Silver.	Exports.		Imports.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain	\$1,050,784	\$35,391,126	\$11,047	\$27,991
France	.....	773,350	.....	24,132
Germany	.....	2,610	.....	4,010
West Indies	.....	478,805	1,101	21,235
Mexico	.....	14,159	30,102	934,096
South America	4,100	196,814	3,006	643,507
All other countries	700	8,185	2,454	72,818
Total 1898	\$1,055,584	\$36,870,049	\$47,710	\$1,987,789
Total 1897	933,046	37,027,981	54,913	2,308,840
Total 1896	1,136,455	42,230,724	103,817	2,446,942

Breadstuffs Figures Brought From Page 860.—The statements below are prepared by us from the figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Oct. 15, and since Aug. 1, for each of the last three years, have been as follows:

Receipts at—	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Wt. lbs.
	Bbls. 196 lbs.	Bush. 60 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.	Bush. 32 lbs.	Bush. 48 lbs.	Bu. 56 lbs.
Chicago	85,620	1,376,116	3,826,600	3,139,021	865,265	139,400
Milwaukee	67,000	510,900	80,600	279,000	620,000	63,000
Duluth	115,675	3,498,294	6,899	7,027	205,228	69,383
Minneapolis	2,534	2,129,490	44,080	471,600	.....	.....
Toledo	1,325	336,734	414,862	30,000	.....	15,080
Detroit	4,165	157,805	23,877	25,954	13,726	17,711
Cleveland	.....	52,799	287,130	218,862	.....	.....
St. Louis	39,310	870,093	402,725	195,650	133,750	8,100
Georgia	12,850	10,100	616,900	275,100	120,000	3,000
Kansas City	.....	1,042,000	81,091	62,000	.....	.....
Tot. wk. '98.	319,547	10,282,301	5,754,613	4,707,214	1,962,969	318,031
Same wk. '97.	320,988	7,813,223	5,916,184	4,027,688	1,696,935	323,443
Same wk. '96.	379,179	7,344,833	5,769,346	7,177,642	2,366,864	365,721
Since Aug. 1.						
1898	3,523,788	75,890,613	47,985,634	46,510,961	10,899,925	3,130,441
1897	3,134,720	76,190,170	70,310,000	54,816,683	5,546,841	3,811,443
1896	3,259,132	63,458,087	41,525,511	49,592,991	8,512,801	2,321,850

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Oct. 15, 1898, follow:

Receipts at—	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	177,621	1,839,100	724,625	812,400	225,225	260,395
Boston	71,782	213,573	84,666	168,694	.....	510
Montreal	71,314	696,079	587,866	327,067	5,600	9,016
Philadelphia	75,406	295,537	684,349	353,183	9,600	58,700
Baltimore	125,959	429,670	528,354	110,586	.....	174,799
Richmond	3,984	12,698	8,39	5,880	.....	982
New Orleans*	6,217	79,100	118,537	22,425	.....	.....
Charleston	.....	60,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newport News	22,297	16,000	359,999	49,921	.....	.....
Halifax	.....	278,000	32,000	1,000	.....	.....
Total week	551,580	3,720,755	3,129,056	1,651,596	211,425	592,332
Week 1897	493,580	3,466,961	3,530,351	1,721,286	472,648	181,084

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

Total receipts at ports from Jan. 1 to Oct. 15 compare as follows for four years:

Receipts of—	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Flour	15,897,102	20,226,345	8,378,408	13,128,0

Exports from—	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bbls.	Flour, bbls.	Oats, bush.	Rye, bush.	Peas, bush.	Barley, bush.
New York.....	1,470,000	485,351	101,554	237,813	33,369	36,188	50,038
Boston.....	344,344	51,185	44,085	193,039	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	112,000	302,206	54,770	273,050	111,428	.....	.....
Baltimore.....	244,113	658,019	65,593	100,000	94,285	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	95,859	17,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norfolk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York News.....	10,000	359,999	22,297	49,221	.....	.....	.....
Montreal.....	374,781	301,850	39,603	134,029	.....	.....	.....
Galveston.....	238,257	17,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston.....	60,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total week.....	2,876,657	2,596,703	325,390	970,901	256,582	36,188	50,038
Same time 1897.....	1,460,619	1,928,088	230,655	1,400,940	166,335	88,629	118,532

The destination of these exports for the week and since September 1, 1898, is as below.

Exports for week and since Sept. 1 to—	Flour.		Wheat.		Corn.	
	Since Sept. 1, 1898.	Since Sept. 1, 1898.	Since Sept. 1, 1898.	Since Sept. 1, 1898.	Since Sept. 1, 1898.	Since Sept. 1, 1898.
United Kingdom.....	231,140	1,372,381	1,636,139	11,975,357	1,090,939	1,372,381
Continent.....	35,008	252,611	1,338,103	8,755,156	1,483,285	252,611
S. & C. America.....	21,292	184,032	2,415	4,809	2,749	184,032
West Indies.....	34,472	166,394	.....	.....	17,476	166,394
Br. N. Am. Colo's.....	2,882	29,298	.....	.....	.....	29,298
Other countries.....	618	34,737	.....	177,708	1,254	34,737
Total.....	325,390	2,039,453	2,876,657	20,913,028	2,596,703	2,039,453
Total 1897.....	220,656	1,618,447	4,600,619	25,131,430	1,928,685	22,797,001

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, Oct. 15, 1898, was as follows:

In store at—	Wheat.		Corn.		Oats.		Rye.		Barley.	
	bush.	bbls.	bush.	bbls.	bush.	bbls.	bush.	bbls.	bush.	bbls.
New York.....	709,000	1,912,000	428,000	124,000	24,000	10,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	155,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany.....	.....	30,000	.....	60,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo.....	1,094,000	1,886,000	1,103,000	199,000	798,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago.....	1,810,000	11,665,000	1,023,000	194,000	134,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee.....	35,000	.....	.....	.....	8,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Duluth.....	2,376,000	1,097,000	114,000	53,000	439,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Toledo.....	330,000	209,000	69,000	17,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Detroit.....	121,000	140,000	13,000	35,000	92,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oswego.....	.....	81,000	.....	.....	19,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis.....	705,000	152,000	15,000	6,000	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Do afloat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati.....	.....	.....	35,000	2,000	44,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	21,000	821,000	11,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Toronto.....	21,000	.....	5,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montreal.....	146,000	26,000	471,000	26,000	12,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	338,000	954,000	144,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peoria.....	1,000	724,000	236,000	2,000	12,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Indianapolis.....	277,000	49,000	29,000	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kansas City.....	823,000	531,000	32,000	35,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baltimore.....	973,000	1,010,000	191,000	214,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minneapolis.....	730,000	678,000	892,000	44,000	210,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
On Mississippi River.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
On Lakes.....	3,963,000	1,954,000	928,000	328,000	594,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
On canal and river.....	66,000	1,015,000	291,000	.....	262,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Oct. 15, 1898.....	14,598,000	25,040,000	6,080,000	1,308,000	2,750,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Oct. 8, 1898.....	12,050,000	22,202,000	5,409,000	718,000	2,319,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Oct. 15, 1897.....	23,933,000	46,495,000	12,334,000	3,180,000	3,407,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Oct. 17, 1898.....	54,808,000	11,175,000	10,135,000	2,350,000	3,411,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Oct. 19, 1898.....	48,99,000	6,479,000	4,380,000	879,000	3,701,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

New York City Clearing House Banks.—Statement of condition for the week ending October 15, based on averages of daily results. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

BANKS.	Capital.	Surpl's.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.
Bank of New York.....	\$2,000,000	\$1,853,680	\$12,970,000	\$2,780,000	\$730,000	\$12,840,000
Manhattan Co.....	2,000,000	2,086,400	15,291,000	2,588,000	1,626,000	16,507,000
Mechanics.....	2,000,000	2,005,100	9,629,000	1,952,000	1,165,000	14,311,000
America.....	1,500,000	2,612,500	18,615,000	3,142,100	1,983,200	21,244,000
Phoenix.....	1,000,000	243,400	4,283,000	862,000	264,000	4,255,000
City.....	1,000,000	4,322,800	74,086,300	25,446,600	3,278,000	97,317,400
Chemical.....	300,000	6,996,400	24,432,000	6,824,900	1,917,800	25,899,000
Merchants' Exch'ge.....	600,000	176,100	4,606,000	1,082,800	294,900	5,225,300
Gallatin.....	1,000,000	1,725,400	7,445,700	1,115,700	714,300	6,268,800
Butchers' & Drov'rs.....	300,000	121,200	1,043,300	190,600	83,700	1,142,900
Mechanics' & Trad'rs.....	400,000	174,200	1,884,400	245,000	185,000	2,014,000
Greenwich.....	200,000	500,000	1,720,000	1,015,100	102,700	1,753,900
Leather Manufact'rs.....	800,000	482,800	3,747,500	833,200	193,400	3,642,300
Keybank.....	300,000	109,300	8,875,300	354,100	159,100	2,271,800
State of New York.....	1,200,000	518,300	3,674,900	497,700	159,100	2,929,800
American Exchange.....	5,000,000	2,610,800	25,090,000	4,580,000	3,180,000	22,069,000
Commerce.....	5,000,000	3,602,000	26,146,000	1,813,300	3,266,000	20,153,000
Broadway.....	1,000,000	1,627,800	6,851,500	1,762,900	201,800	6,778,500
Mercantile.....	1,000,000	1,013,600	11,032,500	3,716,200	714,600	12,771,900
Pacific.....	422,700	479,200	2,549,200	673,200	447,900	3,387,800
Republic.....	1,500,000	834,100	18,508,800	4,325,000	561,100	18,866,800
Chatham.....	450,000	988,800	5,991,300	725,400	924,200	6,045,900
People's.....	700,000	200,000	1,740,000	1,015,100	74,900	2,468,300
North American.....	750,000	584,800	10,376,200	2,791,100	449,800	11,616,900
Hanover.....	1,000,000	2,240,200	36,760,900	9,937,900	2,264,000	45,169,100
Irring.....	500,000	368,000	3,682,000	511,300	197,200	2,824,400
Citizens.....	800,000	378,400	2,470,800	630,700	156,400	3,006,300
Nassau.....	900,000	266,600	2,338,200	495,900	308,500	3,000,300
Market & Fulton.....	900,000	974,100	5,756,000	1,173,700	544,000	6,129,300
Shoe & Leather.....	1,000,000	164,000	3,438,300	724,200	222,100	3,925,800
Corn Exchange.....	1,000,000	1,280,800	9,832,500	1,894,500	1,148,000	11,007,300
Continental.....	1,000,000	605,200	5,604,000	1,281,300	250,200	5,959,000
Oriental.....	300,000	403,000	1,855,700	199,400	385,500	1,887,700
Importers' & Trad'rs.....	1,500,000	5,615,100	24,095,000	5,299,000	1,104,000	24,779,000
Park.....	2,000,000	3,335,900	34,331,000	10,393,000	2,488,000	43,623,000
East River.....	250,000	164,700	1,225,300	285,700	137,700	1,304,100
Fourth.....	3,200,000	2,030,200	23,552,200	4,942,700	2,535,300	29,115,500
Central.....	1,000,000	510,000	9,880,000	3,113,000	883,000	13,442,000
Second.....	300,000	721,100	5,583,000	1,168,000	500,000	6,628,000
Ninth.....	750,000	287,500	2,998,600	741,200	246,700	3,363,400
First.....	500,000	7,488,200	29,747,400	7,996,600	1,279,600	30,735,200
N. Y. Nav'l Exch'ge.....	300,000	60,800	1,354,500	206,200	98,700	1,235,700
Bowery.....	250,000	614,200	2,903,000	678,100	422,900	3,569,000
New York County.....	200,000	450,300	3,365,500	989,800	333,400	3,979,400
German American.....	750,000	277,500	3,360,700	395,000	307,600	2,756,400
German.....	1,000,000	1,129,900	28,822,900	5,344,100	4,085,300	38,374,800
Fifth Avenue.....	100,000	1,170,100	5,051,600	1,651,100	524,500	6,352,400
German Exchange.....	200,000	575,900	2,241,900	168,800	69,400	2,485,000
Germania.....	200,000	754,200	3,647,300	559,000	66,300	4,933,500
Lincoln.....	300,000	748,200	6,933,400	1,433,600	509,400	7,940,400
Garfield.....	200,000	857,600	6,498,100	1,494,800	387,300	6,787,900
Bank of the Metrop.....	200,000	326,300	1,880,200	417,800	178,800	2,251,600
West Side.....	300,000	982,200	5,032,700	1,028,400	399,900	5,341,500
Seaboard.....	200,000	351,200	2,411,000	428,000	330,000	2,792,000
South.....	200,000	384,200	8,068,000	1,322,000	1,313,000	9,851,000
Western.....	200,000	349,300	1,322,000	374,000	274,000	1,550,000
First Nat. B'k'g'.....	300,000	767,700	27,257,400			

Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books closed. (Days inclusive.)
Railroads (Steam.)			
Cin. Ham. & Dayton, pref. (quar.)	1 1/4	Nov. 8	Oct. 29 to Nov. 8
Ga. Sou. & Florida, 1st pref.	5	Nov. 1	to —
" " 2d pref.	3	Nov. 1	to —
Lake Erie & Western, pref. (quar.)	1 1/4	Nov. 15	Oct. 30 to Nov. 15
Nash. Chatt. & St. Louis (quar.)	1	Nov. 1	Oct. 23 to Nov. 1
North & West Branch	3	Nov. 1	to —
" " (extra)	1	Nov. 1	to —
Pittsb. Virginia & Charleston	2 1/2	Nov. 1	to —
Sunbury Hazleton & Wilkesbarre	4	Nov. 1	to —
Street Railways.			
Columbus (O.) St. Ry. (quar.)	1	Nov. 1	Oct. 22 to Oct. 31
D. D. E. B'way & Batt. N. Y. (qu.)	1 1/2	Nov. 1	Oct. 21 to Nov. 1
Exeter (N. H.) Street Ry.	3	Oct. 31	to —
Banks.			
American Exchange National	3 1/2	Nov. 1	Oct. 22 to Nov. 2
Germania	5	Nov. 1	Oct. 19 to Oct. 31
Trust Companies.			
Hamilton, Brooklyn, quar.	2	Nov. 1	Oct. 26 to Oct. 31
Miscellaneous.			
American Steel & Wire, pref.	1 3/4	Nov. 1	Oct. 21 to Nov. 1
Chicago Edison (quar.)	2	Nov. 1	to —
Edison Elec. Ill., Boston (quar.)	2	Nov. 1	Oct. 20 to Nov. 1
Grand Rapid Gas Light	3	Nov. 21	Nov. 11 to Nov. 21
Pennsylvania Coal (quar.)	4	Nov. 1	Oct. 21 to Nov. 1
Railway Equipment of Minn.	3	Nov. 1	to —
Sprague Electric, pref.	3	Nov. 1	Oct. 23 to Nov. 1
Stand. Distri. & Distil., pref. (qu.)	1 3/4	Nov. 8	Oct. 30 to Nov. 8
United States Envelope, pref.	8 1/2	De. 1	to —
Welsbach Incan. G. L. of Canada.	1	Nov. 20	to —
Worthington (H. R.), pref.	3 1/2	Nov. 1	Oct. 24 to Nov. 2

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, OCT. 21, 1898.—5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—Notwithstanding the fact that sales of securities for foreign account have been on a liberal scale this week, the volume of business at the Stock Exchange has been more limited than for many weeks past. The foreign offerings were readily absorbed, however, and prices have generally been well sustained, especially in the bond market, the Government 3s having made a new high record.

Public interest in politics is increasing as the election period draws near, and this fact has no doubt contributed to the inactivity which has been a conspicuous feature in Wall Street. Moreover the political situation abroad is not such as to stimulate confidence in financial circles, although it may have increased the demand for our wheat and corn, which has been exceptionally heavy this week. This demand seems certain to increase the traffic of the grain-carrying roads, as the supply at the seaboard is limited.

The local and foreign money markets present an interesting contrast. The Bank of France, following the action of the Banks of England and Germany, has advanced its discount rates, while in Wall Street call money has loaned at 1 1/2 per cent. These conditions have favored the absorption of long bills of exchange in this market for investment.

The open market rates for call loans on the Stock Exchange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 1 1/4 to 2 1/2 per cent. To-day's rates on call were 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. Prime commercial paper quoted 3 1/4 to 4 1/4 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a decrease in bullion of £52,207, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 49.00, against 46.30 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France shows a decrease of 6,500,000 francs in gold and 2,950,000 francs in silver.

The New York City Clearing-House banks in their statement of Oct. 15 showed an increase in the reserve held of \$5,002,300 and a surplus over the required reserve of \$19,661,550, against \$18,743,600 the previous week.

	1898. Oct. 15.	Differen'ce fr'm Prev. week.	1897. Oct. 16.	1896. Oct. 17.
Capital	\$ 58,272,700		\$ 59,022,700	\$ 60,622,700
Surplus	75,911,300		74,440,100	73,590,200
Loans & disc'n'ts.	646,403,400	Inc. 1,002,330	569,117,000	456,139,300
Circulation	15,496,600	Inc. 23,400	15,866,700	20,521,100
Net deposits	727,144,200	Inc. 1,633,750	616,079,600	453,695,200
Specie	147,945,100	Inc. 5,094,500	94,886,700	59,136,400
Legal tenders	53,502,500	Dec. 92,200	73,747,700	66,198,500
Reserve held	201,447,600	Inc. 5,002,300	168,634,400	123,334,900
Legal reserve	181,766,050	Inc. 4,084,350	154,019,900	113,423,800
Surplus reserve	19,661,550	Inc. 917,950	14,614,500	11,911,100

Foreign Exchange.—The market for foreign exchange has been steady to firm, on a liberal supply of commercial bills. Rates advanced on the higher discount rates abroad. The demand from remitters is limited, but a considerable amount of long sterling was absorbed for investment.

To-day's actual rates of exchange were as follows: Bankers' sixty days' sterling, 4 82 @ 4 82 1/2; demand, 4 85 @ 4 85 1/2; cables, 4 85 1/2 @ 4 85 1/2; prime commercial, sixty days, 4 81 @ 4 81 1/2; documentary commercial, sixty days, 4 80 3/4 @ 4 81 1/2; grain for payment, 4 81 1/4 @ 4 81 1/2; cotton for payment, 4 80 3/4 @ 4 81; cotton for acceptance, 4 81 @ 4 81 1/4.

	Oct. 21.	Sixty days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London.	4 82 1/2 @ 4 83		4 85 1/2 @ 4 86
Prime commercial	4 81 @ 4 81 1/4		
Documentary commercial	4 80 3/4 @ 4 81 1/2		
Paris bankers' (francs)	5 24 1/2 @ 24 3/8		5 22 1/2 @ 21 1/2 16
Amsterdam (guilders) bankers.	39 1/8 @ 39 7/8		40 @ 40 1/8
Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks) b'kers	94 1/4 @ 94 1/8		94 7/8 @ 94 1/2 16

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying 1-16 discount, selling 75c. per \$1,000 premium; Charleston buying 1/8 discount, selling par; New Orleans, bank, 50c. premium, commercial, 75c. discount; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 40c. per \$1,000 discount.

United States Bonds.—Sales of Government bonds at the Board include \$3,000 4s coup., 1935, at 127 1/4; \$16,000 4s coup., 1907, at 111 1/2 to 111 3/4; \$2,000 4s reg., 1907, at 110 1/2 to 110 3/4; \$5,000 currency 6s at 102 1/2; \$7,000 3s reg. at 104 3/4 to 105 1/4; \$784,000 3s coup. at 105 3/8 to 105 7/8 and \$8,240 ditto (small bonds) at 105 1/2 to 105 3/4.

The following are the daily closing quotations; for yearly range see seventh page following.

	Interest Periods.	Oct. 15.	Oct. 17.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 19.	Oct. 20.	Oct. 21.
2s.....reg.	Q.-Mch.	* 99	* 99	* 99	* 99 1/8	* 99	* 98 1/2
3s, 1918.....reg.	Q.-Feb.	*104 7/8	*105	*105 1/4	*105 1/4	*105 3/8	*105
3s, 1918.....coup.	Q.-Feb.	105 3/8	105 3/4	105 3/4	105 3/4	105 3/4	105 3/8
3s, 1918, small, reg.	Q.-Feb.	104 3/4	104 3/4	*105 1/4	*105 1/4	*105 1/4	*105 1/4
3s, 1918, small, c'p.	Q.-Feb.	105 3/8	105 3/4	105 3/8	105 3/8	105 3/8	105 3/8
4s, 1907.....reg.	Q.-Jan.	110 1/2	*110 3/4	*110 3/4	*110 3/4	*110 7/8	*110 7/8
4s, 1907.....coup.	Q.-Jan.	111	*111 1/4	*111 1/4	*111 1/4	*111 1/2	*111 1/2
4s, 1925.....reg.	Q.-Feb.	*26 1/4	*126 1/4	*126 1/4	*126 1/4	*126 3/8	*126 3/8
4s, 1925.....coup.	Q.-Feb.	*127 1/4	*127 3/4	*127 3/4	*127 3/4	*127 3/4	*127 3/4
5s, 1904.....reg.	Q.-Feb.	*112 3/8	*111 3/4	*111 3/4	*111 3/4	*111 3/4	*111 3/4
5s, 1904.....coup.	Q.-Feb.	*112 3/8	*112 3/4	*112 3/4	*112 3/4	*112 3/4	*112 3/4
6s, cur'y'99.....reg.	J. & J.	*102 1/2	*102 1/2	*102 1/2	*102 1/2	*102 1/2	*102 1/2
4s, (Cher.) 1899, reg.	March.	*102	*102	*102	*102	*102	*102

*This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds.—Sales of State bonds at the Board were limited to \$28,000 Virginia fund. debt 2-3s of 1991 at 78 1/2 to 78 3/4.

The market for railway bonds has been exceptionally dull, the transactions in this department at the Exchange averaging only about \$1,500,000 par value per day. This limited amount of business was fairly well distributed, although the Atchison, Chicago Terminal, Detroit City Gas, Erie, Metropolitan Street Railway, Missouri Kansas & Texas, New York Central & Hudson, Lake Shore, Northern Pacific, Oregon Short Line, Reading, St. Louis & Iron Mountain, Southern Ry., Texas & Pacific, Union Pacific, U. P. Denver & Gulf, Wabash and Wisconsin Central issues have been somewhat conspicuous. In the active list the changes noted in quotations are in nearly all cases limited to fractions, with higher and lower about evenly divided.

Stock and Bond Sales.—The following shows the volume of business in stocks and bonds on the New York Stock Exchange for the past week and since January 1.

	Week ending Oct. 21.		Jan. 1 to Oct. 21.	
	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.
N. Y. Stock Exch.	\$34,380	\$73,000	\$18,038,610	\$9,158,800
Government bonds	23,000	23,000	2,521,200	1,292,100
State bonds	2,208,500	9,478,000	634,615,510	426,805,210
RR. & misc. bonds				
Total	\$10,055,780	\$9,569,000	\$655,179,320	\$437,256,110
Stocks—No. shares	1,008,538	1,043,133	88,914,652	62,576,489
Par value	\$96,564,750	\$160,188,500	\$8,062,010,675	\$5,996,661,200
Bank shares, par val.	\$5,250	\$11,600	\$145,910	\$288,410

We add the following record of the transactions:

Week ending	Shares.	Stocks.	Railroad, &c.	State	U. S.
Oct. 21, 1898.	119,655	\$10,287,550	\$871,000		\$30,160
Saturday	249,511	21,307,250	1,440,500		178,000
Sunday	168,140	15,856,300	1,346,500		168,800
Tuesday	139,788	12,359,800	1,470,000	15,000	23,000
Thursday	178,209	17,055,750	1,758,500		524,120
Friday	214,202	19,704,100	2,317,000		23,540
Total	1,060,538	\$96,564,750	\$9,203,500	\$28,000	\$824,240

The sales on the Boston and Philadelphia Exchanges were:

	Boston.			Philadelphia.		
	Listed shares.	Unlisted shares.	Bond sales.	Listed shares.	Unlisted shares.	Bond sales.
Saturday	10,711	3,723	\$46,100	3,745	2,584	\$56,788
Sunday	39,963	7,580	60,900	14,101	6,676	117,500
Tuesday	18,409	7,007	24,505	5,293	6,386	158,425
Wednesday	14,343	4,234	27,950	6,834	4,212	92,520
Thursday	33,739	3,997	64,800	5,939	3,738	176,320
Friday				8,026	8,714	189,900
Total	97,665	26,526	261,250	43,943	32,200	741,433

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—With the professional element largely in control, the stock market has been relatively dull and narrow. On Monday weakness was the prevailing feature of the entire list, in sympathy with a sharp decline in the anthracite coal shares and some of the industrial stocks. The tone was better on Tuesday, and some recovery in prices was made, but there was a large falling-off in the volume of business. Wednesday's market was firm, but transactions at the Exchange were limited to about 130,000 shares, the smallest for any day in many weeks. Thursday there was some improvement, both in prices and the volume of business, the latter having been augmented by liberal sales for foreign account. To-day's market was strong and more active. Closing quotations were in many cases the highest of the week.

Net changes in the railroad list are generally unimportant, although the coal stocks have not fully recovered from the decline of Monday, and the local traction shares have been erratic. Illinois Central was a weak feature, and Louisville & Nashville, Union Pacific and Northern Pacific issues yielded somewhat to the selling by foreign holders.

The miscellaneous list was less conspicuous than of late. American Sugar Refining has been relatively steady, and American Tobacco covered a much narrower range than for several weeks past. Hawaiian Sugar advanced over 6 points on important changes in the management of the company. Federal Steel shares have appeared in the unlisted department, and declined between 1 and 2 points from the best prices of the week.

New York Stock Exchange—A Daily, Weekly and Yearly Record.

STOCKS—HIGHEST AND LOWEST SALE PRICES.

Main table containing stock prices for various companies like Railroad Stocks, N. Y. Stock Exch., and others, with columns for dates (Saturday to Friday) and price ranges (Lowest, Highest).

* These are bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. † Less than 100 shares. ‡ Ex div and rights. § Before payment of asstmt. ¶ 2d instal. pd.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES (GIVEN AT FOOT OF 7 CONSECUTIVE PAGES)—STREET RAILWAYS, &c.

Table listing outside securities, primarily street railways, with columns for company name, bid price, and ask price.

STOCKS—HIGHEST AND LOWEST SALE PRICES.

Table with columns for dates (Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Oct. 15-21) and stock prices for various companies.

Table titled 'STOCKS' and 'N. Y. STOCK EXCH.' listing various stocks with columns for 'Sales of the Week', 'Range for year 1898', and 'Range for previous year (1897)'. Includes entries like Oregon Short Line, Pacific Coast, Pennsylvania, etc.

* These are bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. † Less than 100 shares. ‡ Ex div. of 100 p. c. in bonds. § Lowest is ex dividend. ¶ Unstamped.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES (GIVEN AT FOOT OF CONSECUTIVE PAGES).—STREET RAILWAYS, &c

Table listing 'Street Railways' and 'Outside Securities' with columns for 'Street Railways', 'Bid.', 'Ask.', and 'Street Railways', 'Bid.', 'Ask.'.

BONDS.					BONDS.				
N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE					N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE				
WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.					WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.				
Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.	Week's Range or Last Sale.	Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.	Week's Range or Last Sale.	Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.
	Bid. Ask.	Low. High.	No.	Low. High.		Bid. Ask.	Low. High.	No.	Low. High.
Akron & Chic Jnc. See B&O.					Ches & Ohio—(Con.)—				
Alabama Cent. See Sou Ry.					Gen gold 4 1/2s.....1992	M-S	85 1/2 Sale	84 1/2	85 1/2
Alabama Mid 1st gu g 1925	M-N	93 1/2	Aug '98	91	Registered.....1992	M-S	.....	.....	.....
Albany & Susq. See D & H.					R & A Div 1st con g 4s.1989	J-J	104	104	Oct '98
Allegheny Val. See Penn Co.					2d con g 4s.....1989	J-J	95	95	Oct '98
Am Dock & L. See Cen of N.J.					Craig Valley 1st g 5s.1940	J-J	95 1/2	95 1/2	May '98
Ann Arbor 1st g 4s.....1995	Q-J	88	88	80	Warm Spr Val 1st g 5s.1941	M-S	.....	.....	.....
Atch T & S Fe gen 4s.....1995	A-O	93 1/2	93 1/2	500	Ellz Lex & B S gu 5s.1902	M-S	101 1/2	101 1/2	.....
Registered.....1995	A-O	89 1/2	89 1/2	728	Chic & Alton sink fd 6s.1908	M-N	108	108	111
Adjustment g 4s.....1995	Nov	72	71	72	Lou. & Mo Riv 1st 7s.....1900	F-A	108	108	J'ne '98
Registered.....1995	Nov	.....	.....	.....	2d 7s.....1900	M-N	108	108	J'ly '98
Equip tr ser A g 5s.....1909	Q-J	.....	.....	.....	Miss Riv 1st g 6s.1912	A-O	100 1/2	100 1/2	.....
Chic & St L 1st 6s.1915	M-S	.....	.....	.....	Chic Burl & Nor. See CB & Q.				
Atl A & Bklyn Imp g 5s.....1934	J-J	.....	.....	.....	Chic Burl & Q—Con 7s.....1903	J-J	116 1/2	116 1/2	22
Atlan & Danv 1st g 5s.....1950	J-J	99	98 1/2	Sep '98	Sinking fund 5s.....1901	A-O	102	102	Sep '98
Atlanta & Char. See Sou Ry.					Debenture 5s.....1913	M-N	110 1/2	110 1/2	3
Austin & N W. See So. Pac.					Convertible 6s.....1903	M-S	116	113 1/2	4
Balt Creek & S. See Mich Cen					Iowa Div sink fd 5s.....1919	A-O	106	111	Aug '98
Balt & O 1st 6s Pkg Br '19	A-O	112	112	2	4s.....1919	A-O	102 1/2	102	Aug '98
Trust Co. cts. of dep.....	F-A	115	114 1/2	Oct '98	Deny Div 4s.....1922	F-A	102	102	1
Gold 6s.....1885-1925	F-A	115	115	Oct '98	4s.....1921	M-S	99 1/2	100	Oct '98
Coupons off.....	F-A	.....	.....	.....	Chic & Iowa Div 5s.....1905	F-A	107	107	70
Registered.....1885-1925	F-A	113 1/2	113 1/2	Ang '98	Norfolk Exten 4s.....1923	F-A	103 1/2	103 1/2	.....
Sprey & Co. certif. of dep.	F-A	118	114 1/2	10	Registered.....1927	M-N	97	97	May '98
Trust Co. cts. of dep.....	F-A	118	118 1/2	Sep '98	Han. & St. Jos. con 6s.1911	M-S	120	120	Sep '98
Consol gold 5s.....1988	F-A	118	118	Ang '98	Chic Bur & Nor 1st 5s.1926	A-O	107 1/2	107 1/2	Oct '98
Registered.....1988	F-A	118	118	Ang '98	Chic & E Ill—1st af cur 6s.1907	J-D	116 1/2	116 1/2	Sep '98
J P M & Co cts. of dep.....	F-A	118	118	20	Small.....1907	J-D	.....	.....	.....
Trust Co certif. deposit.	F-A	117 1/2	117 1/2	.....	1st con g 6s.....1934	A-O	128	130	Aug '98
Balt B'lt 1st g 5s int gu.1990	M-N	100	99	Sep '98	General con 1st 5s.....1937	M-N	108	109	108
W Va & P 1st g 5s.....1990	A-O	.....	.....	.....	Registered.....1937	M-N	100	106	J'ne '98
Monon Riv 1st gu g 5s.1919	F-A	107 1/2	107 1/2	.....	Chic & Ind C Ry 1st 5s.1936	J-J	102 1/2	105	Sep '98
Cen Ohio R 1st g 4 1/2s.1930	M-S	107 1/2	107 1/2	.....	Chicago & Erie. See Erie.				
Col & Cin M 1st ext 4 1/2s.1939	J-J	76	75	Oct '98	Chic Ind & Louisville.....				
Ak & C 1st int gu g 5s.1930	M-N	102 1/2	105	Ang '98	Louisy N A & Ch 1st 6s.1947	J-J	91 1/2	114	Oct '98
Coupons off.....	J-J	102 1/2	107 1/2	J'ly '98	Chic Ind & L. & E 1st 6s.1947	J-J	91 1/2	91	Sep '98
Pitts & Con 1st g 4s.....1946	J-J	104 1/2	105	Oct '98	Refunding 6s.....1947	J-J	104 1/2	105 1/2	Sep '98
B & O S W 1st gu g 4 1/2s.1990	J-J	80	82	Sep '98	Chic Milwaukee & St Paul—				
B & O S W Ry con g 4 1/2s.1993	J-J	80	82	Sep '98	1st 7s & gold R D.....1902	J-J	159	159 1/2	159 1/2
1st inc g 5s ser A.....2048	Nov	6	0	J'ne '98	1st 7s & gold R D.....1902	J-J	159	159 1/2	159 1/2
Series B.....2048	Dec	6	0	J'ne '98	1st Iowa & D 7s.....1899	J-J	159	152 1/2	Sep '98
B & O S W Ter Co g 5s.42	M-N	102	105	Aug '98	1st C & M 7s.....1903	J-J	159	141	Apr '98
Ohio & Miss 1st con 4s.1947	J-J	102	105	Aug '98	Chic Mil & St P con 7s.1905	J-J	159	159 1/2	159 1/2
2d consol 7s.....1911	A-O	103	103	108	1st I & D Exten 7s.....1908	J-J	160	160	160
1st Spr'gfield Div 7s.1905	M-N	103	103	108	1st Southwest Div 6s.1909	J-J	118 1/2	117	Aug '98
1st general 6s.....1932	J-D	.....	.....	.....	1st La Crosse & D 5s.....1919	J-J	110	110	Mar '98
Beech Creek. See N Y C & H.					1st So Minn Div 6s.....1910	J-J	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Bel & Car. See Illinois Cent.					1st Hast & D Div 7s.....1910	J-J	129 1/2	130 1/2	130 1/2
Boomer Bridge. See M K & T.					5s.....1910	J-J	120	118 1/2	Oct '97
Bway & 7th A. See Met S Ry.					Chic & Pac Div 6s.....1910	J-J	120	118 1/2	Oct '97
Bklyn El Tr Co of 1st g 6s.1924		89 1/2	90	90	Chic & P W 1st g 5s.....1921	J-J	117 1/2	117 1/2	40
Tr Co cts 2d g 5s.....1915		90	86	J'ne '98	Chic & Mo Riv Div 5s.1926	J-J	114 1/2	115 1/2	3
3d instal pd.....		88	88	May '98	Mineral Point Div 5s.1910	J-J	110	107	Mar '98
S & BBT Co cts 1st gu g 5s.42		70 1/2	70 1/2	Dec '97	Chic & L Su Div 5s.1921	J-J	114 1/2	112	Apr '98
3d instal pd.....		91	91	91 1/2	Wis & Minn Div 5s.1921	J-J	115 1/2	115 1/2	Oct '98
Un El Tr Co cts 1st gu g 6s.37		91	92	91 1/2	Terminal gold 5s.....1914	J-J	114	113 1/2	5
Bklyn Rap Tr g 5s.....1945	A-O	104 1/2	103 1/2	104	Far & Sou assu g 6s.....1924	J-J	125	127 1/2	Jan '98
Bklyn City 1st con 5s.1916-41	J-J	113	114	114	Con sink fund 5s.....1916	J-J	106 1/2	106 1/2	May '97
Bklyn & Montauk. See L Isl.					Dak & Et So g 5s.....1916	J-J	106	112	Sep '98
Bruna & West 1st g 4s.....1938	J-J	.....	.....	.....	Gen gold 4s series A.....1938	Q-J	106	106	106
Buff N Y & E. See Erie.					Registered.....1938	Q-J	105 1/2	105 1/2	Feb '98
Buff R & P gen g 5s.....1937	M-S	106 1/2	107 1/2	Oct '98	Mil & No 1st M L 6s.1910	J-D	120	121	Oct '98
Debenture 6s.....1947	J-J	106 1/2	106 1/2	Oct '98	1st consol 6s.....1913	J-D	121	125	Oct '98
Roch & Pitts 1st g 6s.1921	F-A	126	127	Mar '98	Chicago & Northwestern—				
Consol 1st 6s.....1922	F-A	124	123	Aug '98	Con 7s.....1915	Q-F	143 1/2	142 1/2	143 1/2
Cl & Mah 1st gu g 5s.1943	J-J	121	103	Apr '97	Gold 7s.....1902	J-D	115	115	Oct '98
Buff & Southwest. See Erie.					Registered.....1902	J-D	114 1/2	114 1/2	Sep '98
Buff & Susq 1st gold 5s.1913	A-O	.....	.....	.....	Sinking fund 6s.1879-1929	A-O	117	119	Oct '98
Registered.....1913	A-O	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	Registered.....1879-1929	A-O	109	110	Oct '98
Bur O R & N 1st 5s.....1908	J-D	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	Sinking fund 5s.1879-1929	A-O	109	110	Oct '98
Con 1st & col tr g 5s.....1934	A-O	107 1/2	107	Oct '98	Registered.....1879-1929	A-O	110	107 1/2	J'ly '98
Registered.....1934	A-O	107 1/2	107	Oct '98	Sinking fund deb 5s.....1938	M-N	120	120	Oct '98
M & St L 1st gu g 7s.1927	J-D	.....	.....	.....	Registered.....1938	M-N	120	117	Mar '98
C R I F & N W 1st g 6s.....20	A-O	104 1/2	108	Dec '97	25-year debenture 5s.1909	M-N	110 1/2	111 1/2	Oct '98
1st gold 5s.....1921	A-O	104 1/2	105	Jan '98	Registered.....1909	M-N	109 1/2	109 1/2	Mar '98
Canada South 1st 5s.....1908	J-J	109 1/2	110	110	30-year debenture 5s.1921	A-O	115	117 1/2	118
2d 5s.....1913	M-S	108 1/2	109 1/2	108 1/2	Registered.....1921	A-O	117 1/2	117 1/2	Feb '98
Registered.....1913	M-S	108 1/2	108 1/2	Jan '97	Extension 4s.....1886-1926	F-A	105	105 1/2	105 1/2
Carb & Shawn. See Ills Cent.					Registered.....1886-1926	F-A	103	103	J'ne '98
Carthage & Ad. See NYC & H.					Gen gold 3 1/2s.....1987	M-N	103	103	Oct '98
C R I F & N. See B O R & N.					Registered.....1987	Q-N	.....	.....	.....
Central Ohio. See Balt & O.					Escan & L Sup 1st 6s.1901	J-J	106 1/2	107 1/2	May '98
Cen RR & Bkg Co of Ga.....					Iowa M & Minn 1st 7s.1907	F-A	108	108	108
Collateral gold 5s.....1937	M-N	93	92 1/2	J'ne '98	Des Mo & St Pet 2d 7s.1907	A-O	108	108	108
Cent of Ga Ry 1st g 5s.1945	F-A	116	114 1/2	J'ne '98	Mil & Mad 1st 6s.....1905	M-S	.....	.....	.....
Registered.....1945	F-A	116	114 1/2	J'ne '98	Out C F & St P 1st 5s.1909	M-S	108 1/2	109	Mar '98
Consol gold 5s.....1945	M-N	89 1/2	89 1/2	73	North Illinois 1st 5s.1910	M-S	108 1/2	105	Apr '98
Registered.....1945	M-N	89 1/2	89 1/2	73	Mil L S & W 1st g 5s.1921	M-N	138 1/2	136	Oct '98
1st pref income g 5s.....1945	Oct	37	35 1/2	Oct '98	Convertible deb 5s.1907	F-A	108 1/2	105 1/2	Feb '97
2d pref income g 5s.....1945	Oct	10	12	10 1/2	Ext & Imp a f g 5s.1929	F-A	119	118 1/2	118 1/2
3d pref income g 5s.....1945	Oct	10	12	10 1/2	Mich Div 1st gold 6s.1924	J-J	132 1/2	134	Mar '98
M & N Div 1st g 5s.....1946	J-J	91 1/2	92	92	Ashland Div 1st g 6s.1925	M-S	132 1/2	133	Mar '98
Mobile Div 1st g 5s.....1946	J-J	91 1/2	92	92	Incomes.....1911	M-N	112	112	Apr '98
Mid Ga & Atl Div 5s.1947	J-J	.....	.....	.....	Chic Rook I & Pac 6s.....1917	J-J	132	131 1/2	132
Cent of N J—1st con 7s.1899	Q-J	102 1/2	103 1/2	Sep '98	Registered.....1917	J-J	130	130	Aug '98
1st convertible 7s.....1902	M-N	113 1/2	112 1/2	Sep '98	General gold 4s.....1988	J-J	104 1/2	104 1/2	96
Convertible deb 6s.....1908	M-N	113 1/2	113 1/2	J'ly '98	Registered.....1988	J-J	104	104	Sep '98
General gold 5s.....1987	J-J	113 1/2	113 1/2	114	Des M & Ft D 1st 4s.1905	J-J	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Registered.....1987	Q-J	111	111 1/2	111 1/2	1st 2 1/2s.....1905	J-J	70	70	Feb '98
Leh & W B C con as 7s.1900	Q-M	100	99	Oct '98	Extension 4s.....1905	J-J	83	83	Mar '97
5s.....1912	M-N	95	91	J'ly '98	Keok & Des M 1st 5s.1923	A-O	106	110	108 1/2
Am Dock & Imp Co 5s.1921	J-J	113	114	Oct '98	Small.....1923	A-O	.....	.....	.....
N J South int guar 6s.1899	J-J	.....	.....	.....	Chic & St L. See At T & S F.				
Central Pacific—					Chic St L & N O. See Ill Cen.				
Sprey & Co cts dp A.1898	.....	103	103	103	Chic St L & Pitts. See Pa Co.				

BONDS.					BONDS.														
N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE					N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE														
WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.					WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.														
Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.						
	Bid.	Ask.	Low.	High.				Low.	High.	Bid.	Ask.			Low.	High.				
Clearfield & Mah. See RR&P.							Plint & Pere M g 6s...1920	A-O	110	110	117	Aug'98	110	117					
Cl A& C 1st & 2d g 6s...1930							1st consol gold 5s...1939	M-N	94	94	95	Aug'98	85	95					
Cl Can 1st 5s tr rec...1917	J-J	74 1/2	Sale	70	75	11	Pt Huron Div 1st g 5s.1939	A-O	92	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	1	85	95 1/2				
O C & St L—Gen g 4s...1938	J-D			91 1/2	91 1/2	2	Fla Cen & Pen 1st g 5s.1918	J-J											
Calro Div 1st gold 4s...1938	M-N			99 1/2	99 1/2	2	1st land gr ext gold 5s.1930	J-J											
St L Div 1st col tr 4s...1940	M-N			90	90	1	Consol gold 5s...1943	J-J											
Registered...1938	M-N			90	90	1	Ft S & V B Gse. See StL&SF.	J-J											
Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s...1940	M-N			90	90	1	Port St U D Co 1st g 4 1/2s.1941	J-J			105	Mar'98	105	105					
W W Val Div 1st g 4s...1940	J-J			87	87	1	Ft W & D C—1st g 4-6s.1921	J-D	74 1/2	75	74 1/2	74 1/2	15	65	70 1/2				
Cin W & M Div 1st g 4s.1991	J-J	95		95	95	1	Ft W & Rio Gr 1st g 3-4s.1928	J-J		82	81	Oct'98	54 1/2	64					
Cin I St L & C 1st g 4s.1936	Q-F	102		101 1/2	101 1/2	1	Fulton Elev. See Kings Co El.												
Registered...1936	Q-F						Gal Har & S A. See S P Co.												
Consol 6s...1920	M-N						Gal Har & S A. See S P Co.	A-O		95	95 1/2	95 1/2	1	88 1/2	98				
Cin S & C 1st con 1st g 5s.1928	J-J			114	114	1	Gal & Ala Ry 1st pf g 5s.1945	A-O			103	Aug'97							
Ind Bl & W 1st pf 7s...1900	J-J	105		107 1/2	107 1/2	1	Gal Car & No 1st g 5s.1929	J-J			92	J'ly'98	92	92					
O Ind & W 1st pf 5s...1938	Q-J						Georgia Pacific. See So Ry.												
Peo & East 1st con 4s...1940	A-O	75		74	75	5	Grand Rap & Ind. See Pa Co.												
1st 4s...1940	A-O	75		74	75	5	Housatonic. See NYNH&H.												
Income 4s...1939	A-P	120		104	104	1	Hous E & W T 1st g 5s.1938	M-N	95	96	96	Sep'98	88	96					
Cl C & Ind 1st s f 7s...1899	M-N	104		104	104	1	Hous & Tex Cen. See So P Co.												
Consol 7s...1914	J-D	130		135 1/2	135 1/2	1	Illinois Cent 1st g 4s...1951	J-J	110 1/2		109 1/2	Aug'98	109 1/2	115					
Consol sinking rd 7s...1914	J-D	130		135 1/2	135 1/2	1	Registered...1951	J-J			109 1/2	J'ly'98	108 1/2	109 1/2					
General consol gold 6s.1934	J-J			132	127 1/2	1	1st gold 3 1/2s...1951	J-J			105	Mar'98	105	105					
Registered...1934	J-J						Registered...1951	J-J			102 1/2	Apr'98	101	102 1/2					
O&S 1st M C C C & 17s.1901	A-O			107 1/2	107 1/2	1	1st gold 3s sterling...1901	M-S											
Cl Lor & W con 1st 5s.1938	A-O	105		106	106 1/2	1	Registered...1901	M-S											
Clev & Marietta. See Pa RR.							Coll Trust gold 4s...1952	A-O			104	Sep'98	103	104					
Clev & Mahon Val g 5s.1938	J-J	121		121	121	1	Registered...1952	A-O			103 1/2	Apr'98	103	103					
Registered...1938	Q-J						Coll Trust gold 4s...1953	M-N			102 1/2	Mar'98	101	101					
Clev & Pitts. See Penn Co.							Coll tr 2-10 gold 4s...1904	J-J			100 1/2	Sep'98	100 1/2	100 1/2					
Cl Mid'd—1st g 2-3-4s.1947	J-J	58	58	58	58	1	Registered...1904	J-J											
Cl & 9th St. See Met St Ry.	J-J	65 1/2	78	87 1/2	87 1/2	1	Western Line 1st g 4s.1951	F-A	102		103 1/2	Aug'98	101	105					
Clum & Greenv. See So Ry.							Registered...1951	F-A											
Cl HV & Tol—Con g 5s.1931	M-S			75	75	1	Louisville Div g 3 1/2s.1953	J-J	93 1/2	Sale	93 1/2	93 1/2	28	92 1/2	94 1/2				
J P M & Co eng cfs \$85 pd.	J-D			78 1/2	78 1/2	5	Registered...1953	J-J			78 1/2	79	79 1/2	Oct'98	78 1/2	80			
General gold 6s...1904	J-D			54	51	Feb'98	St Louis Div g 3s...1951	J-J			93	93 1/2	93	93	15	92 1/2	94 1/2		
General lien gold 4s...1906	J-J						Registered...1951	J-J											
Registered...1906	J-J						Registered...1951	J-J											
Cl & Cin Md. See B & O.							Calro & Bridge gold 4s...1952	A-O											
Cl Conn & Term. See N&W.							Registered...1952	A-O											
Conn & Pas Rvs 1st g 4s.4-3	A-O						Middle Div reg 5s...1951	F-A											
Dak & Gt So. See CM & St P.							Spring Div 1st g 3 1/2s.1921	J-J			100 1/2								
Alas & Waco. See M&N.							Registered...1921	J-J											
Del Lack & Western 7s...1907	M-S	123		122	122	128	Chic St L & N O g 6s.1951	J-D	124		123 1/2	Sep'98	115 1/2	123 1/2					
Eyr Bing & N Y 1st 7s.1906	A-O	123		126	125 1/2	126	Registered...1951	J-D			123	Sep'98	123	123					
Morris & Essex 1st 7s.1914	M-N	142		141 1/2	141 1/2	144	Gold 3 1/2s...1951	J-D											
7s...1900	J-J	106		107	107	107	Registered...1951	J-D											
1871-1901	A-O	109		108 1/2	108 1/2	1	Registered...1951	J-D											
1st con guar 7s...1915	J-D	140		139	139	142 1/2	Mem Div 1st g 4s...1951	J-D			103 1/2	Jan'98	103 1/2	103 1/2					
Registered...1915	J-D						Registered...1951	J-D											
N Y Lack & W 1st 6s...1921	J-J	135 1/2		137	137	Sep'98	Bellev & Car 1st 6s...1925	J-D	117 1/2										
Construction 5s...1923	F-A	116	118	118 1/2	118 1/2	Nov'97	St L Sou 1st g 4s...1931	M-S	90		90	Nov'97							
Warren 2d 7s...1900	A-O			108	108	108	Ind Bl & W. See CGC & St L.												
Del & Hd 1st Pa Div 7s...1917	M-S			148	148	Sep'97	Ind Dec & W 1st g 5s...1935	J-J	102	103 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	1	97	104				
Registered...1917	M-S			143	143	Mar'97	Int & Gt No 1st gold 6s.1919	M-N	122	124	123	123	12	116	123 1/2				
Alb & S 1st con g 7s.1906	A-O	143		125	125	Aug'98	2d gold 5s...1909	M-S	86		87	87 1/2	16	78	92				
Registered...1906	A-O			116	116	Oct'98	3d gold 4s...1921	M-S	55	58	58 1/2	Aug'98	44	60					
Gold 6s...1906	A-O	116		116	116	Oct'98	Iowa Central 1st gold 5s.1938	J-D	102	103 1/2	105	105 1/2	8	97	106 1/2				
Registered...1906	A-O			116	116	Oct'98	Iowa Midland. See Ch & N W.												
Bens & Sar 1st 7s...1921	M-N	147		147	147	Sep'98	Jefferson RR. See Erie.												
Registered...1921	M-N	143 1/2		141	141	May'98	Kal A & G R. See LS & M S.												
Del Riv RR Bge. See Pa RR.							Kan & Mich. See Tol & O C.												
Den Con Tr Co 1st g 5s...1933	A-O						K C & M R B 1st g 5s.1929	A-O	74 1/2										
Den Tram Con g 6s.1910	J-J						K C & St L 1st g 5s.1925	A-O	73 1/2	Sale	72 1/2	74 1/2	40	65	51 1/2				
Met Ry Co 1st gu g 6s.1911	M-N						Kan C & Pac. See M K & T.												
Den & R Gr 1st gold 7s...1900	M-N			110 1/2	110 1/2	Sep'98	Kan Mid. See St L & S F.												
1st con g 4s...1936	J-J	97		97 1/2	97 1/2	Oct'98	Kentucky Cent. See L & N.												
1st con g 4s...1936	J-J	108 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	Oct'98	Keok & Des M. See CR I & P.												
Improvement gold 5s.1928	J-D	95 1/2	Sale	95 1/2	96	7	Kings Co El eer A 1st g 5s'25	J-J	55	54 1/2	54 1/2	Oct'98	40	59					
Des M & Ft D. See CR & I P.							Pal El 1st g 5 ser A.'29	M-S	45	40	40	Oct'98	35	49					
Des M & Minn. See Ch & N W.							Knoxville & Ohio. See So Ry.												
Des M Un Ry 1st g 5s...1917	M-N	102		102	102	Oct'98	Lake Erie & W 1st g 5s.1937	J-J	116	Sale	116	116	2	115	117 1/2				
Det & M Tol. See LS & M So.							2d gold 5s...1941	J-J	99		99 1/2	99 1/2	10	95	104 1/2				
Det & Mack 1st lien g 4s.1995	J-D						North Ohio 1st gu 6s.1945	A-O	100	103 1/2	100	100	5	100	102				
Gold 4s...1995	J-D						LS & M S. See N Y Cent.												
Dul & Iron Range 1st 5s.1937	A-O	105 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	15	Leh Val (Pa) coll g 6s...1907	M-N			104	Aug'98	104	104					
Registered...1937	A-O						Leh V & S 1st g 5s...1907	M-N			104 1/2	103 1/2	104	17	99	104 1/2			
3d lien mortgage 6s...1916	J-J						Leh V N Y 1st gu g 4 1/2s.1940	J-J	104 1/2		103 1/2	104	17	99	104 1/2				
Dul & W & S 1st g 6s.1910	J-J						Registered...1940	J-J			111	Aug'98	107	112 1/2					
Dul & W Shore & At g 6s.1937	J-J			92 1/2	92 1/2	Feb'98	Leh V Ter Ry 1st gu g 5s.1941	A-O	112		109 1/2	J'ly'97							

BONDS					BONDS								
N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE					N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE								
WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.					WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.								
Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.
	Bid.	Ask.	Low.	High.				Low.	High.	Bid.	Ask.			Low.	High.
Lou & Nash (Con.)	M-J	106	103 1/4	Sep '97	.....	.....	N Y Cent (Con.)	M-J	110	109 1/4	Sep '97	.....	103 1/4
Pennacola div gold 5s. 1920	M-J	.....	181	Sep '97	.....	.....	Reg deb 5s of 1889-1904	M-J	100	100	Sep '97	.....	100
St L div 1st g 5s. 1921	M-J	.....	105	Jly '98	.....	105	Debenture 4 1/2s. 1890-1905	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Aug '98	.....	100 1/2
2d gold 5s. 1920	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Jly '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1890-1905	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Feb '98	.....	104 1/2
Nash & Dec 1st 7s. 1900	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Aug '98	.....	94	Debt certs ext g 4s. 1895	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2
St L div 1st g 5s. 1910	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1905	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Jne '98	.....	104 1/2
S & N A con g 5s. 1936	F-A	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	G 3 1/2s. 1907	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2
Gold 5s. 1937	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1907	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2
Unfin'd 4s. 1940	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Lake Shore col g 3 1/2s. 1908	F-A	107 1/2	104 1/2	Jly '98	.....	104 1/2
Registered.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1908	F-A	94 1/2	94 1/2	Oct '98	.....	94 1/2
Penn & Atl 1st g 5s. 1921	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Mich Cent col g 3 1/2s. 1908	F-A	93 1/2	93 1/2	Oct '98	.....	93 1/2
Col trust g 5s. 1931	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1908	F-A	92 1/2	92 1/2	Oct '98	.....	92 1/2
L & N M & 1st g 5s. 1946	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Harlem 1st 7s. 1900	F-A	106 1/2	106 1/2	Oct '98	.....	106 1/2
N Fla & S 1st g 5s. 1937	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1900	M-J	100 1/2	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2
Col trust g 5s. 1937	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N J June R gu 1st 4s. 1886	F-A	100	100	May '97	.....	100
Kentucky Cent g 4s. 1987	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1886	F-A	100	100	May '97	.....	100
L Clin & Lex g 4 1/2s. 1931	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	West Shore 1st 4s gu. 2361	F-A	109 1/2	109 1/2	Oct '98	.....	109 1/2
L & Jeff Bge Co gu g 4s. 1945	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 2361	M-J	110	109 1/2	Oct '98	.....	110
L N A & C. See C1 & L.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Beach Ck 1st gu g 4s. 1936	M-J	108 1/2	108 1/2	Nov '97	.....	108 1/2
Louis Ry Co 1st con g 5s. 1930	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1936	M-J	108 1/2	108 1/2	Nov '97	.....	108 1/2
Manhattan Ry con 4s. 1900	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	2d gu gold 5s. 1936	M-J	106 1/2	106 1/2	Jne '98	.....	106 1/2
Mahon Coal. See LS & M.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1936	M-J	106 1/2	106 1/2	Jne '98	.....	106 1/2
Metrop El 1st g 5s. 1908	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Clearfield Bitum Coal Corp	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d 5s. 1899	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	1st 5 fnt gu g 4s ser A. '40	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Man S W Coloniz g 5s. 1934	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Small bonds series B. '40	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Market St C Ry 1st g 5s. 1913	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Gouy & Oswe 1st gu g 5s. '42	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
McK'pt & B V. See P McK & Y	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	R W & Og con 1st ext 5s. '22	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan El. See Man Ry.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	R W & Mont 1st gu g 5s. '18	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Met St Ry gen o tr g 5s. 1907	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Nor & O T R 1st gu g 5s. '18	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bway & 7th Av 1st g 5s. 1943	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Oswe & R 2d gu g 5s. '16	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1943	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Utica & Bk Rlv gu g 4s. '82	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Col'd 9th Av 1st gu g 5s. 1908	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Moh & Bk 1st gu g 4s. 1931	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1908	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Cart & Ad 1st gu g 4s. 1991	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lex Av & P F 1st gu g 5s. '93	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Put 1st con g 4s. '93	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1903	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & North 1st g 5s. 1927	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mex Cent con gold 4s. 1911	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Lake Shore & Mich South-	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st con income g 5s. 1939	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Let Mon & Tol 1st 7s. 1906	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d con income g 5s. 1919	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Lake Shore divid 7s. 1899	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Equip & Col g 5s. 1919	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Consol 1st 7s. 1900	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mex Internat 1st o g 4s. '77	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1900	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mex Nat 1st gold 6s. 1927	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Consol 2d 7s. 1903	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d inc 6s A Cp stmpd. 1917	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1903	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d income gold 6s B. 1917	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	hold 3 1/2s. 1907	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mex North 1st gold 6s. 1910	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1907	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1910	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Cin & S 1st g L & M S 7s '01	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mich Cent. See N Y Cent.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	K A & G R 1st g c 5s. 1938	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mid of N J. See N Y Sus & W	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Mahon C IRR 1st 5s. 1934	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mil El Ry & L 30-yr g 5s. 1926	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Mich Cent-1st con 7s. 1902	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M L & W. See Chic & N W	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	1st con 5s. 1902	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mil & Mad. See Chic & N W	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	5s. 1909	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mil & North. See Ch M & St P	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	5s. 1931	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mil & St P. See Ch M & St P	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1931	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Min & St L gu. See B C R & N	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	4s. 1940	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minn & St L-1st g 7s. 1927	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1940	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st con gold 5s. 1934	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Nat C & St 1st gu g 3s. '89	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa ex 1st gold 7s. 1909	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1909	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South West ex 1st g 7s. '10	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Chic & St L 1st g 4s. 1937	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pacific ex 1st gold 6s. 1921	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Registered. 1937	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M & P 1st 5s at 4s int gu. '36	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Green Lake. See Erie	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M S M & A 1st g 4s int gu. '26	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Har. See N Y C & Hud	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M S P & S M con g 4s int gu. '38	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y Lack & W. See D L & W	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minn St Ry 1st con g 5s. 1919	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y L E & W. See Erie.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minn Un. See St P M & M.	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Man Beh. See Long Is.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mo Kan & Tex-1st g 4s. 1900	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & N E. See N Y N H & H	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d gold 4s. 1900	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y N H & Hart Ist reg 4s. '03	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st exten gold 5s. 1944	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Convert deb certs \$1,000	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M K & T of T 1st gu g 5s. '42	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Small certs \$100	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
K C & Pac 1st g 4s. 1900	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Housatonic R con g 5s. 1937	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dal & Wa 1st gu g 5s. 1940	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Derby con 5s. 1918	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boonev Bdg Cogu g 7s. '06	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & N E 1st 7s. 1900	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tebo & Neosh 1st 7s. 1903	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	1st 5s. 1900	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mo K & E 1st gu g 5s. 1942	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & North. See N Y C & H	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mo Pac-1st con g 5s. 1926	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y O & W con 1st g 5s. 1939	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8d 7s. 1906	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Refunding 1st g 4s. 1992	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trust g 5s. 1917	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	Regis \$5,000 only. 1992	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1917	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & Put. See N Y C & H.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st col gold 5s. 1920	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y & R B. See Long Isl.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Registered. 1920	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y S & W. See Erie.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pac R of Mo 1st ex g 4s. '36	M-J	.....	100 1/2	Oct '98	.....	100 1/2	N Y Tex & M. See So Pac Co.	M-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d extended gold 5s. 1938	M-J</												

BONDS.					BONDS.														
N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE					N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE														
WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.					WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.														
Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Low.	High.	No.	Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.		Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Low.	High.	No.
	Bid.	Ask.	Low.	High.							Bid.	Ask.	Low.	High.						Bid.	Ask.
Ore Sh L—1st con g 5s...1946	J-J	108 1/4	107	47	96	108 1/4	107	134	108	Say F & W 1st con g 6s.1934	A-O	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Non-conc Inc A 5s...1946	Sept.	75	77 1/2	134	58	81 1/2	81 1/2	103	58	1st g 5s...1934	A-O	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Non-cu inc B & col tr. 1946	Oct.	55	54 1/2	103	39	58 1/2	58 1/2	103	39	Scioto Val & N.E. See Nor & W	J-J	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Oswego & Roma. See N Y C										Seab & Roa 1st 5s...1926	J-J	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
O C F & St P. See C & N Y										Sea & B Bklyn. See Bklyn El	J-J	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Pac Coast Co 1st g 5s.1946	J-D	106	105 1/2	105 1/2	17	102	106 1/2			So Bay & So 1st 5s...1924	J-J	104 1/4	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
as of Missouri. See Mo Pac										So Car & Ga 1st g 5s...1919	M-N	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
Panama 1st g 4 1/2 s.1917	A-O									Southern Pacific Co—									
S f subsidy g 6s...1910	M-N									Gal Har & S A 1st g 6s.1910	F-A	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107
Penn Co gu 1st g 4 1/2 s.1921	J-J	118	114 1/4	114 1/4	9	108	114 1/4			2d g 7s...1905	J-D	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Registered...1921	J-J	114	110	110	110	110	110			Mex & Pac div 1st g 5s.'81	M-N	98	98 1/2	98 1/2	98	98	98	98	98
Gtd 3/8s col trust reg.1937	M-N									Hous & T C 1st W & N 7s.'03	J-J	111	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
P C C & St L con gu g 4 1/2 s.	A-O	111 1/4	113	Sep.'98	109 1/2	113				1st g 5s int gtd...1937	J-J	111	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
Series A...1940	A-O	111 1/4	111 1/4	111 1/4	7	108	113 1/2			Con g 6s int gtd...1912	A-O	82	85	85 1/2	82	82	85	85 1/2	82
Series B guar...1942	A-O	111 1/4	111 1/4	111 1/4	7	108	113 1/2			Gen g 4s int gtd...1921	A-O	82	85	85 1/2	82	82	85	85 1/2	82
Series C guar...1942	M-N	104	104 1/2	Sep.'98	104 1/2	108				Morgan's La & T 1st g 6s.'11	J-J	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Pitts D 4s guar...1945	M-N	104	104 1/2	Sep.'98	104 1/2	108				1st 7s...1904	A-O	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127
Pitts Cln & St L 1st 7s.1909	F-A	106 1/2	105	J'ne'98	106 1/2	108				N Y Mex 1st g 4s.1912	A-O	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
Registered...1921	F-A	140	109 1/2	Apr.'97	109 1/2	110				Ore & Cal 1st gtd g 5s.1926	J-J	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
Pitts Ft W & C 1st 7s.1912	J-J	140	140	May'98	140	140				S A & A Pass 1st g 4s.'43	J-J	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
2d 7s...1912	J-J	140	140	May'98	140	140				Tex & N O 1st 7s...1905	F-A	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
3d 7s...1912	A-O	116	112 1/2	Apr.'97	112 1/2	116				Sabine div 1st g 6s.1912	M-S	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
C St L & P 1st con g 6s.1932	A-O	116	112 1/2	Apr.'97	112 1/2	116				Con g 5s...1943	J-J	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Registered...1932	A-O	108	107	May'98	107	109				So P of Argu 1st g 6s.'09-10	J-J	108	109	109 1/2	108	108	109	109 1/2	108
Gen & Pitts con s f 7s.1930	M-N	108	107	May'98	107	109				S P of Cal 1st g 6s.'05-12	A-O	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109
Gen gu g 4 1/2 s'er's A.1942	J-J									1st con guar g 6s.1937	M-N	102	102 1/2	Sep.'98	102	102	102 1/2	102	102 1/2
Series B...1942	A-O									A & N W 1st g 5s.1941	J-J	85	87 1/2	Sep.'98	85	85	87 1/2	85	87 1/2
Series C...1940	J-J									S P Coast 1st gu g 4s.1937	J-J	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Gr R & I ex lat gu g 4 1/2 s.1941	J-J									S P of Mex 1st g 6s.'11	J-J	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
Alleg V al gu g 4 1/2 s.1942	M-N									South Ry—1st con g 6s.1914	A-O	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4	97 1/4
N & C Bdg gen gu g 4 1/2 s.1945	J-J									Registered...1914	A-O	104 1/4	105 1/2	Oct.'98	104 1/4	104 1/4	105 1/2	104 1/4	105 1/2
Penn RR 1st real es g 4s.1923	M-N									Mem Div 1st g 4 1/2 s.1904	J-J	104 1/4	105 1/2	Oct.'98	104 1/4	104 1/4	105 1/2	104 1/4	105 1/2
Con sterling g 6s...1905	J-J									Registered...1904	J-J	101	101	Sep.'98	101	101	101	101	101
Con currency 6s reg...1905	Q-M									E Ten reor llen g 4-5s.1938	M-S	101	101	Sep.'98	101	101	101	101	101
Con g 5s...1919	M-N									Registered...1938	M-S	101	101	Sep.'98	101	101	101	101	101
Registered...1919	Q-M									Ala Cen R 1st g 6s...1918	J-J	109	112 1/2	Aug.'97	109	109	112 1/2	109	112 1/2
Con g 4s...1943	M-N									Atl & Ch Air Line Inc.1900	A-O	118	118	Sep.'98	118	118	118	118	118
Cl & Mar 1st gu g 4 1/2 s.1935	M-N									Col & Greenv 1st 5-6s.1916	J-J	118	118	Sep.'98	118	118	118	118	118
UN J RR & Can gen 4s.1944	M-S	114 1/4	115 1/2	Feb.'98	115 1/2	115 1/2				E T Va & Ga 1st 7s...1900	J-J	107 1/4	107	107	107 1/4	107 1/4	107	107	107 1/4
DR RR & Bre 1st gu 4s g 3/8	F-A									Divisional g 5s...1980	J-J	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4
Sun & Lewis 1st g 4s...1936	J-J									Con 1st g 5s...1956	M-N	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4	114	114 1/4
Pennsion & At. See L & N	J-J									Gal Pac Ry 1st g 6s...1929	J-J	112	117	Oct.'98	112	112	117	112	117
Peo Dac & E 1st g 5s rec.'20	M-N	100 1/4	99	99	14	95	101 1/2			Knos & Ohio 1st g 6s.1925	J-J	112	117	Oct.'98	112	112	117	112	117
Evans Div 1st g 5s rec.'20	M-N	99	99	99	14	95	101 1/2			Rich & Dan con g 6s.1915	J-J	122	122 1/2	Aug.'98	122	122	122 1/2	122	122 1/2
2d g 5s tr rec 1st pd.1928	M-N	18 1/2	18 1/2	J'ne'98	15	18 1/2				Equip sink fund g 5s.1909	M-S	101	101	Nov.'97	101	101	101	101	101
Peo & East. See C O C & St L										Deb 5s stamped...1927	A-O	100	104	Sep.'98	100	100	104	100	104
Peo & Pek UN 1st g 6s...1921	Q-F	121	120	May'98	120	120				Virginia Mid gen 5s...1936	M-N	108	109	Oct.'98	108	108	109	108	109
2d g 4 1/2 s...Feb.1921	M-N	95	90	Sep.'98	85 1/2	90				Gtd stamped...1936	M-N	108	109	Oct.'98	108	108	109	108	109
Pine Creek reg guar 6s...1932	J-D									W O & W 1st cy gu 4s.1924	F-A	109	107 1/2	Sep.'98	109	109	107 1/2	109	107 1/2
Pitts Cln & St L. See Penn Co										West N C 1st con g 6s.1914	J-J	118 1/2	118 1/2	Aug.'98	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
P C C & St L. See Penn Co										S & N Ala. See L & N									
Pitts Clev & Tol 1st g 6s...1922	A-O									Spok Falls & Nor 1st g 6s.1939	J-J								
Pitts & Connellv. See B & O										Stat Isl Ry 1st con g 4 1/2 s.1943	J-D								
Pitts Ft W & Ch. See Penn Co										Sunb & Lew—See Penn RR									
Pitts June 1st g 6s...1922	J-J	133								Syra Bing & N Y. See DL & W	A-O	109	112 1/4	Aug.'98	109	109	112 1/4	109	112 1/4
Pitts & L Erie. 2d g 5s...1928	A-O	124 1/4								St L M con gtd 5s.1894-1944	F-A	107	109	Oct.'98	107	107	109	107	109
Pitts McK & Yo—1st gu 6s.'32	J-J	120								St L M Bge Ter gu g 5s.1930	A-O	104 1/2	108	Oct.'97	104 1/2	104 1/2	108	104 1/2	108
2d guar 6s...1934	J-J									Terre Haute Elec Ry g 6s.'14	Q-J								
McKee & B V 1st g 6s.1914	J-J									Tex & N O. See So Pac Co									
Pitts P & F 1st g 6s...1916	J-J	90	90	Oct.'98	90	90				Tex & Ry E div 1st g 6s.1905	M-S	107	105 1/2	Sep.'98	107	107	105 1/2	107	105 1/2
Pitts Sh & L E 1st g 5s.1940	A-O	110 1/2	110 1/2	Sep.'98	104	110 1/2				1st gold 5s...2000	J-D	107	107	107 1/2	107	107	107 1/2	107	107 1/2
1st consol gold 5s...1943	J-J	98 1/2	94 1/2	J'y'97	76 1/2														

BONDS.						BONDS.							
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE						N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE							
WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.						WEEK ENDING OCT. 21.							
Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.	Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.	Interest Period.	Price Friday, Oct. 21.	Week's Range or Last Sale.		Bonds Sold.	Range from Jan. 1.		
		Bid.	Ask.					Low.	High.			Low.	High.
Det Gas Co con 1st g 5s. 1918	F-A	109	110	94 Aug '98	90 103	No Westn Telog. See West. Un.	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ed El III 1st conv g 5s. 1910	M-S	109	110	110 '10	108 112 1/2	Florida Wat Co g 6s. 1889-19	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st con g 5s. 1905	J-J	116 1/2	117	117 Oct '98	114 1/2 119	Pl Valley Coal 1st g 6s. 1920	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ed El III 1st g 5s. 1910	A-O	109	110	113 1/2 J'n'e '97	.....	Procter & Gamb 1st g 6s. 1920	J-J	.....	.....	.....	113 118	
Registered.....	A-O	.....	.....	.....	.....	S L Ter Supplies Station & Equip Co 1st g 4 1/2 s 5-20 '17	J-D	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ed Gas L N Y 1st con g 5s. '32	M-S	.....	.....	.....	.....	S Yuba Wat Co con g 6s. '23	J-J	.....	100	101	Feb '97	
Gen G & Fuel. See P G & Co.	J-D	108 1/2	110	108 Oct '98	96 109	Sp Val Wat Works 1st g 6s. '06	M-S	.....	75	75	77	10
Gen Elec Co deb g 5s. 1922	F-A	108 1/2	110	108 Oct '98	.....	Stan Rope & T 1st g 6s. 1946	F-A	.....	19	18	19	39
Gr Rap G L Co 1st g 5s. 1915	F-A	108 1/2	110	108 Oct '98	.....	Income g 5s. 1946	J-D	.....	92	93	93	7
K C M Co Gas Co 1st g 5s. 1922	A-O	108 1/2	110	108 Oct '98	.....	Sun Ck Coal 1st g s f 6s. 1912	J-D	.....	93	93	93	7
Lac Gas-L. Co of St. L. 1st g 5s. '19	Q-F	94	105	105 1/2	100 105 1/2	Tenn Coal T Div 1st g 6s. 1917	A-O	.....	93	93	93	7
Mut Fuel Gas Co See Peop Gas	M-N	.....	.....	111 Nov '97	.....	Birm Div 1st con 6s. 1917	J-J	.....	93	93	93	7
Peo Gas & C 1st g 6s. 1904	M-N	.....	.....	111 Nov '97	.....	Cah C M Co 1st g 6s. '22	J-D	.....	93	93	93	7
2d gen g 6s. 1904	J-D	.....	.....	111 Nov '97	.....	De Bar C & I Co g 6s. '10	F-A	.....	83	83	83	83
1st con g 6s. 1943	A-O	.....	.....	113 1/2 Aug '98	.....	U S Leath Co s f deb g 6s. '18	M-N	.....	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Refunding g 5s. 1947	M-S	103	103	.....	.....	Vt Marble 1st s f 5s. 1910	J-D	.....	107	107	Sep '98	165 107
Registered.....	M-S	.....	.....	.....	.....	West Union deb 7s. 1875-1907	M-N	.....	107	107	Mar '98	105 105 1/2
Ch G-L & Cke 1st g 5s '37	J-J	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2 Sep '98	.....	Class C 4s. 1906	J-J	.....	110 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2	16
Con G Co of Ch 1st g 5s '38	J-J	104 1/2	105	105 Oct '98	.....	U S 4s coupon..... 1907	Q-F	.....	113 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2	16
Ch G & F Ch 1st g 5s '05	J-J	105 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2 '95	102 108	U S 4s registered..... 1925	Q-F	.....	126 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	116 1/2
Ed Gas L N Y 1st g 5s. 1910	M-N	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2 '98	101 1/2 105 1/2	U S 4s coupon..... 1925	Q-F	.....	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	117 1/2
Westn Gas Co col tr g 5s. '33	M-N	104	104	101 Mar '98	101 101	U S 5s registered..... 1904	Q-F	.....	113 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	109 1/2
Registered.....	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....	U S 5s coupon..... 1904	Q-F	.....	112 1/2	113 1/2	112 1/2	109 1/2
Mut Fuel Gas Co 1st g 4s. 1937	Q-J	104	104	104 Feb '98	104 104	U S 6s currency..... 1899	J-M	.....	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	5
Registered.....	Q-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	U S 4s rec certs (Cherokee) '99	J-M	.....	102	102	102	104
De Bardel C & L. See TC & L.	A-O	.....	.....	.....	.....	STATE SECURITIES.		.....	.....	.....	.....
el & H Can. See RR bonds.	A-O	.....	.....	.....	.....	Alabama—Class A 4 to 5. 1906	J-J	.....	108	109	May '98	108 1/2 109
Det M & M Ind gr 3/4 s A. 1911	J-J	17	17	17	16 19	Small.....	J-J	.....	108	108	Aug '98	105 108
erie T & Teol tr g s f 5s. 1926	J-J	.....	.....	98 1/2 Mar '98	98 1/2 98 1/2	Class B 5s.....	J-J	.....	108	108	Sep '98	105 108
Gr Riv Coal & C 1st g 6s. 1919	A-O	.....	.....	95 1/2 Jan '97	.....	Class C 4s.....	J-J	.....	100	100	Aug '98	98 100
Hamd B Co 1st g f g 6s. 1931	M-S	109	111	111 Aug '97	.....	Currency funding 4s. 1920	J-J	.....	105	105	.....	.....
I Steel Coal Co. deb 5s. 1910	J-J	.....	.....	70 Apr '97	.....	Dist of Columbia—3 1/2 s. 1924	F-A	.....	117 1/2	117 1/2	Sep '98	115 117
I Non-con deben 5s. 1913	A-O	.....	.....	70 Apr '97	.....	Louisiana—New con 4s. 1914	J-J	.....	105	105	Sep '98	100 105
ron Steamboat Co 6s. 1901	J-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	Small.....	J-J	.....	100 1/2	100 1/2	Mar '98	98 100 1/2
Jeff & Clear C & I 1st g 5s 1926	J-D	.....	.....	107 May '97	.....	Missouri—Funding. 1894-95	J-J	.....	103	103	.....	.....
2d g 5s. 1926	J-D	.....	.....	80 May '97	.....	Norta Car—Consol 4s. 1910	J-J	.....	103	101	Jan '98	101 101
Mad Sq Gard n 1st g 6s. 1919	M-N	.....	.....	102 J'ly '97	.....	Small.....	J-J	.....	122	128	Feb '98	128 128
et T & T 1st s f g 5s. 1918	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....	So Carolina—4 1/2 s 20-40. 1933	J-J	.....	103	103	.....	.....
Registered.....	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....	Tenn—New settlem't 3s. 1913	J-J	.....	94	93 1/2	Oct '98	87 93 1/2
Mich Pen Car Co 1st g 5s. '42	M-S	.....	.....	85 J'n'e '97	.....	Small.....	J-J	.....	78 1/2	78 1/2	J'n'e '98	87 88
Mut Un Tel Co. See Wn Un.	M-N	108 1/2	107	107	105 109	Virginia fund debt 2-3s. 1991	J-J	.....	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	28
N at Starch Mfg Co 1st g 6s. '30	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....	6s deferred bonds.....	J-J	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
N wpt News S & D 1st g 5s. 1990	J-J	Trust receipts stamped.....		5	7 1/2	7 1/2	Oct '98	4 1/2 9 1/2
N Y & N J Tel gen g 5s. '20	M-N	.....	.....	.....	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
N Y & Ont Land 1st g 6s. 1910	F-A	.....	.....	.....	.....			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* No price Friday; these are latest bid and asked this week. † Bonds due July. ‡ Bonds due May. § Bonds due April. ¶ Bonds due January.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES (GIVEN AT FOOT OF 7 CONSECUTIVE PAGES).—RRs., BANKS, MISCEL.

Railroads.		Miscellaneous.		Miscellaneous.		Miscellaneous.		Banks.		Banks.		Banks.	
Bid.	Ask.	Bid	Ask	Bid	Ask	Bid	Ask	Bid.	Ask.	Bid.	Ask.	Bid.	Ask.
N Y El deb 5s g Man Ry.	98	Galveston Wharf—1st 5s.	99	100	Schwarzchild & Sulzb. 100	85	45	Texas & Pacific Coal. 100	55	62 1/2	Kings Co.....	100	110
No Pacific Mo Div 1st 6s.	.....	Genesee Fruit..... 100	.....	.....	Semet-Sohly deb 5s.....	101	103	1st 6s 1908..... A&O	102	.....	Manufact'rs. 240	255
Pittab & Connolly 1st 7s	104	German Am Real Est. 100	23	80	Simmons H'rdw-Com. 100	110	113	Title Guar & Trust..... 100	285	290	Mechanics'.....	225	
Do con 6s g by B & O	115	Glucose Sug Ref-Com. 100	62 1/2	63 1/2	Preferred..... 100	118	126	Trenton Pott-Com. 100	5	10	Meeh & Tra.....	250	
Rock Isl'nd & Peoria. 100	105	Preferred..... 100	108 1/2	108 3/4	Singer Mfg Co..... 100	245	425	Preferred..... 100	28	35	Nassau.....	275	
st P East & Gr Tr 1st 6s.	.....	Goodyear Shoe Mach. 35	39 1/2	39 3/4	Standard Oil..... 100	415	416	Trow Directory-New. 100	30	35	Meeh & Tra.....	250
Tenn C & H ry con 6s 1901	.....	Gorham Mfg Co-Com. 100	.....	.....	Stan. Dist. & Dis.-Com. 20	20 1/2	20 1/2	Union Switch & Signal. 50	72	74	Nassau.....	275
Do S Pittab 1st 1902.....	.....	Preferred..... 100	114	120	Preferred..... 100	68 1/2	68 1/2	Preferred..... 50	13	14	Nat City.....	330
Miscellaneous.....	.....	Great Falls Ice..... 100	120	120	Stan Ind'ry Cable 100	117	118	Union Typewr.-Com. 100	13	15	North Side.....	380
Am Soda Foun-Com. 100	45	Hartford Carpet Co. 100	61	.....	Sloss I&S 6s 1917 F&A	88	.....	1st preferred..... 100	100	103	People's.....	190
1st preferred..... 100	45	Heck-Jones J Mill-Pf. 100	55	.....	Southern Cotton Oil..... 50	80	.....	2d preferred..... 100	96	100	Scherm'h'n.....	140
3d preferred..... 100	17	1st 6s 1922..... M&S	88	93	Stat Isl R T 1st 6s 13A&O	107	.....	U S Glass-Common. 100	24 1/2	25 1/2	17th Ward.....	100
Amer Steel & Wire-See S'ck Ex'l't	.....	Her's-Hall-Mar-Com. 100	.....	1	2d 5s 1926..... J&J	80	70	Preferred..... 100	70	80	Sprague.....	215
American Surety..... 50	160	Preferred..... 100	3 1/2	7	Stilw-Bierce & Sm-V. 100	96	98	U S Projectile Co..... 100	.....	100	26th Ward.....	140
Am Typewr's-Stock. 100	47	Hoboken Land & Imp't. 100	100	.....	Swift & Co..... 100	100	100	Wagner Palace Car..... 100	163	165	Union.....	100
Amer Sewing Machine..... 5	2	International Elevat. 100	75	80	1st 6s.....	106	108	Westing Air Brake..... 50	.....	160	Wallabout.....	100
Amer Strawboard..... 100	31	International Navig. 100	.....	105	Susq Coal 6s 1911..... J&J	115	.....	Willamantic Linen Co. 25	25	.....	Worth'n P'p-Com. 100	35
Amer Wringer com..... 100	103	International Paper 100	.....	105	Term Wareh-Stock. 100	.....	10	Preferred..... 100	96	99	.....	.....
Prof..... 114	101	Bonds 6s..... 100	.....	110	1st 6s.....	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amer Graphophone..... 10	135	International Pulp..... 100	.....	110	2d 5s 1926..... J&J	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Preferred..... 10	145	Iron Steamboat..... 100	.....	10	Stilw-Bierce & Sm-V. 100	.....	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Anderson (Chic)..... 10	10	6s 1901..... J&J	55	60	Swift & Co..... 100	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Automatic Vending..... 10	25	John B Stetson-Com. 100	45	.....	1st 6s.....	.....	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barney & M Co-Com. 100	.....	Preferred..... 100	100	110	2d 5s 1926..... J&J	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Preferred..... 100	.....	Journey & Burnham. 100	22	.....	Term Wareh-Stock. 100	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6s 1942..... J&L	97	Preferred..... 100	65	70	1st 6s.....	.....	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bergn & Eng Br-See Phi l. list.	110	Knickerb'r Ice (Chic. Jw. I.)	43	46	2d 5s 1926..... J&J	.....	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Blackwell & Durh Tob. 25	124	Knickerb'r Ice—Bonds 5s.	88	92	City..... 1000	.....	1000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bliss Company-Com. 50	110	Lawyers' Surety..... 100	109	105	Colonial..... 140	.....	140	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Preferred..... 50	102 1/2	Lawyers' Title Ins. 100	150	158	Columbia..... 135	.....	135	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bond & Mort Guar..... 100	192	Lorillard (P)-Pref. 100	114 1/2	117 1/2	Commerco..... 206	.....	206	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cart-Crums-Pref. 100	53 1/2	Ludlow S G-Stock. 100	.....	.....	Continental..... 128	.....	128	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Celluloid Co..... 100	77	Maine S S..... 50	40	35	East River..... 280	.....	280	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cent America Tr'nsit. 100	.....	Merch & Miners' S.S. 50	120	.....	East River..... 235	.....	235	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cent Firewrks-Com. 100	2	Mech'nical Rub-Com. 100	20	30	Fifth Ward..... 925	.....	925	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Preferred..... 100	35	Preferred..... 100	.....	.....	Fifth Ave..... 2750	.....	2750	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chateaugay Ore & Ir 6s '15	40	Verzenthaler Linot..... 184 1/2	185 1/2	.....	First..... 2750	.....	2750	.....	.....	.....	.....</

Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore Stock Exchanges—A Daily and Yearly Record.

Share Prices—Not Per Centum Prices.

Main table containing stock prices for Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Oct. 15-21. Includes columns for Bid, Ask, and Range of Sales in 1898 (Lowest, Highest).

Table of Inactive Stocks, Stocks-Bonds, Bonds, and Bonds-Philadelphia. Includes columns for Bid, Ask, and Bid, Ask for various securities.

Investment AND Railroad Intelligence.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

Table with columns: ROADS, Latest Gross Earnings (Week or Mo, 1898, 1897), Jan. 1 to Latest Date (1898, 1897). Lists various railroads like Adirondack, Ala. Gt. South, etc.

Table with columns: ROADS, Latest Gross Earnings (Week or Mo, 1898, 1897), Jan. 1 to Latest Date (1898, 1897). Lists various railroads like Iron Railway, Jaok. T. & K. W., etc.

ROADS.	Week or Mo	Latest Gross Earnings.		an. 1 to Latest Date.	
		1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.
Wisconsin Cent.	2d wk Oct.	106,745	106,621	3,856,726	3,494,277
Wrightsv. & Fen.	August....	6,687	6,093	53,541	51,789
York Southern.	August....	6,062	6,959	47,030	45,203

a These figures include results on leased lines. b Includes earnings from ferries, etc., not given separately. c Includes Des Moines & Kansas City for all periods. d Includes operations of the Chic. Burlington & Northern in both years. e Includes results on A. T. & S. Fe, Gulf Col. & S. Fe, S. Fe Pacific (old Atlantic & Pacific) and So. Cal. Ry. f Includes the Pacific system, the Atlantic properties and the Houston & Texas Central system. g Beginning July, earnings of Memphis Division and Middlesborough & Aiken branches are included for both years. h Results on Cin. Lebanon Northern are included from September 1 in both years.

* Results on Kansas City & Independence Air Line are not included for either year.

† Includes Chesapeake & Ohio So'western for both years, but Ohio Valley and Chicago -nd Texas for 1898 only. Results on Yazoo Branch excluded after July 1 1898

‡ Mexican currency.

§ Covers results of lines directly operated east of Pittsburg.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.—The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing are separately summed up as follows:

For the second week of October our preliminary statement covers 67 roads, and shows 4.40 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

2d week of October.	1898.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
Alabama Gt. Southern...	\$ 37,147	\$ 34,752	2,395	-----
Ann Arbor.....	27,082	27,791	-----	709
Atlantic & Danville.....	10,905	14,202	-----	3,297
Balt. & Ohio South-west..	152,043	145,899	6,144	-----
Buff. Roch. & Pitts.....	84,722	79,868	4,854	-----
Canadian Pacific.....	607,000	644,000	-----	37,000
Central of Georgia.....	143,700	12,497	16,203	-----
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	247,506	230,276	17,230	-----
Chicago & East. Illinois.	96,707	109,233	-----	12,546
Chic. Great Western.....	116,044	122,418	-----	6,374
Chic. Indian'is & Louisv.	68,689	73,928	-----	5,239
Chicago Milw. & St. Paul	941,615	804,989	136,626	-----
Chic. Term. Transfer ..	24,809	23,188	1,626	-----
Chicago & West Michigan	42,713	35,446	7,267	-----
Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L.	295,961	239,442	-----	56,519
Clev. Lorain & Wheel'g.	31,126	39,502	-----	8,376
Col. Sandusky & Hook'g.	17,489	22,442	-----	4,953
Denver & Rio Grande....	186,000	171,300	14,700	-----
Det. Gd. Rap. & Western	30,041	26,860	3,181	-----
Evansv. & Indianapolis.	6,492	7,813	-----	1,321
Evansv. & Terre Haute.	27,263	26,495	768	-----
Flint & Pere Marquette.	65,767	59,826	5,941	-----
Ft. Worth & Rio Grande.	13,546	14,646	-----	1,100
Georgia.....	41,531	43,331	-----	1,800
Georgia & Alabama.....	26,800	26,544	264	-----
Grand Rapids & Indiana	42,330	40,433	1,897	-----
Cin. Rich. & Ft. Wayne	9,121	8,895	226	-----
Traverse City.....	764	619	145	-----
Musk. Gr. Rap. & Ind..	2,841	2,680	161	-----
Grand Trunk.....	510,16	513,640	-----	3,479
Chic & Grand Trunk } Det. Gd. H. & M. }				
International & Gt. No. }	124,788	96,793	27,995	-----
Iowa Central.....	46,812	40,902	5,910	-----
Kanawha & Michigan....	10,303	16,213	-----	5,910
Kan. City Pittsb. & Gulf	70,197	59,741	10,466	-----
Kan. City Sub. Belt.....	11,423	9,348	2,075	-----
Lake Erie & Western.....	74,812	70,493	4,319	-----
Louisville & Nashville.	465,875	430,340	35,535	-----
Mexican Central.....	274,573	218,100	56,473	-----
Mexican National.....	119,963	108,804	13,159	-----
Minneapolis & St. Louis	49,351	60,629	-----	10,978
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	118,398	92,312	26,086	-----
Mo. Kansas & Texas....	351,215	2,080,505	60,410	-----
Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt. .	607,000	535,000	22,000	-----
Central Branch.....	23,000	28,000	-----	5,000
Mobile & Birmingham..	10,117	8,470	1,647	-----
N. Y. Ontario & Western	77,589	83,409	-----	5,820
Norfolk & Western.....	235,887	230,948	4,939	-----
Ohio River.....	23,687	23,831	-----	144
Oregon RR. & Nav.....	171,896	174,045	-----	2,149
Peoria Dec. & Evansv...	20,788	19,228	1,560	-----
Pitta. Bes. & L. Erie....	30,564	11,015	19,549	-----
Pittsburg & Western....	66,834	67,013	-----	179
Rio Grande Southern....	8,914	7,485	1,429	-----
Rio Grande Western....	69,400	80,100	-----	11,100
St. Joseph & Gd. Island	33,100	28,303	4,397	-----
St. Louis & San Fran....	162,832	172,325	-----	9,443
St. Louis Southwestern.	141,400	137,690	3,700	-----
Northern Railway.....	527,733	496,573	31,160	-----
Texas & Pacific.....	211,221	191,114	20,110	-----
Toledo & Ohio Central..	37,031	42,611	-----	5,580
Toledo St. L. & Kan. City	48,366	52,147	-----	3,781
Wabash.....	307,249	300,979	6,270	-----
Western N. Y. & Penn..	62,400	75,100	-----	12,700
Wheeling & Lake Erie..	23,860	40,533	-----	16,673
Wisconsin Central.....	106,745	106,621	124	-----
Total (67 roads).....	8,649,932	8,285,030	583,036	218,134
Net increase (4.40 p. c.)			384,952	

For the first week of October our final statement covers 83 roads and shows 5.20 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

1st week of October.	1898.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
Previously rep'd (83 r'ds)	\$ 8,304,959	\$ 7,853,247	577,450	123,738
Burl. Ced. Rap. & North.	129,745	109,316	19,929	-----
Clev. Canton & South'n..	15,645	14,953	-----	692
Clev. Cin. Chic. & St. L.	296,977	299,442	-----	2,465
Col. Sandusky & Hook'g.	15,253	23,350	-----	8,097
Duluth So. Shore & At..	35,265	36,399	-----	1,134
Fla. Cent. & Peninsular.	45,948	46,404	-----	456
Kan. City Ft. S. & Mem.	85,962	93,220	-----	7,258
Kan. C. Mem. & Birm....	23,430	21,765	1,665	-----
Kansas City & Omaha..	6,374	7,474	-----	1,100
Keokuk & Western.....	13,624	12,713	-----	911
Northern Alabama.....	4,037	3,779	-----	258
Northern Pacific.....	65,443	62,061	2,482	-----
San Fe Prescott & Phx.	17,467	13,186	4,281	-----

	1st week of October.	1898.	1897.	Increase.	Decrease.
Texas Central.....	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,721	-----	\$ 324	
Toledo Peoria & West'n.	21,176	22,445	-----	1,269	
Total (83 roads).....	9,686,710	9,207,978	627,881	149,149	
Net increase (5.20 p. c.)			478,732	-----	

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the gross and net earnings of STEAM railroads reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of September 24, 1898. The next will appear in the issue of October 29, 1898.

Roads.	Gross Earnings.		Net Earnings.	
	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.
Ann Arbor..... Aug.	126,539	105,392	52,913	36,557
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	967,689	834,816	268,389	282,615
Austin & North'n b. Aug.	10,781	13,556	595	2,624
July 1 to Aug. 31....	19,946	22,421	def. 1,099	702
Baltimore & Ohio b. Aug.	2,492,459	2,371,830	641,657	716,504
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	18,435,837	16,686,091	4,586,262	3,457,153
July 1 to Aug. 31....	4,807,458	4,617,322	1,102,663	1,271,939
Balt. & Ohio South'b. Aug.	615,689	590,662	177,029	200,091
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	4,510,171	4,094,629	1,122,544	1,200,081
July 1 to Aug. 31....	1,122,923	1,126,655	268,424	342,787
Central Pacific. b. Aug.	1,451,014	1,439,233	619,740	706,404
Chicago Gt. West'n. Sept.	551,646	524,145	215,538	186,995
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	4,063,776	3,682,255	1,256,538	1,090,410
July 1 to Sept. 30....	1,469,212	1,395,345	530,840	479,642
Chic. & West Mich. Aug.	204,050	152,011	60,387	34,378
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	1,221,345	1,040,072	229,539	190,236
Cin. N. O. & Tex. P. a. Sept.	449,019	327,149	108,543	118,209
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	3,455,146	2,663,695	1,186,376	907,724
July 1 to Sept. 30....	1,266,904	944,458	449,859	308,229
Cin. Ports. & Va. b. Aug.	27,271	25,494	9,767	7,712
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	176,010	167,425	32,414	27,616
July 1 to Aug. 31....	50,712	50,312	16,263	14,570
Columbus Gas Co. Sept.	-----	-----	9,252	10,452
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	-----	-----	79,642	85,724
Apr. 1 to Sept. 30....	-----	-----	38,646	40,814
Commonwealth Elec. Co. (Chicago) Sept.	30,035	-----	9,608	-----
Consol. Gas Co. N. J. Sept.	-----	-----	10,748	9,494
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	-----	-----	43,428	39,316
Det. Gd. Rap. & W. a. Aug.	143,328	128,008	36,843	34,173
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	969,480	828,859	197,085	158,811
Edison El. Co. N. Y. Sept.	230,124	182,187	88,926	68,884
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	2,170,764	1,743,755	903,878	765,856
Findlay Ft. W. & W. b. Aug.	9,894	7,635	3,378	1,287
Apr. 1 to Aug. 31....	39,648	32,336	9,220	def. 4,812
Fr. Trunk of Canada. Aug.	1,623,215	1,712,517	559,435	581,914
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	12,233,445	11,918,979	4,106,009	3,874,864
July 1 to Aug. 31....	3,124,469	3,370,475	1,050,514	1,149,943
Chic. & Gr. Trunk. Aug.	270,009	280,024	45,926	33,833
July 1 to Aug. 31....	550,471	536,027	99,580	53,149
Det. Gr. H. & Mil. Aug.	93,541	100,519	35,944	34,577
July 1 to Aug. 31....	178,677	180,413	52,315	50,476
Houst. & Tex. Cent. Aug.	254,203	279,358	78,873	97,015
July 1 to Aug. 31....	467,688	483,280	133,600	133,968
Kan. C. Mem. & B. a. Aug.	95,327	91,429	14,883	18,511
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	952,518	750,079	210,880	137,360
July 1 to Aug. 31....	184,293	165,740	22,022	25,852
Madison Gas & Elec. Sept.	-----	-----	3,497	3,746
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	-----	-----	32,070	36,155
Apr. 1 to Sept. 30....	-----	-----	18,773	21,692
Mo. Kansas & Tex. a. Aug.	906,652	987,770	290,435	324,525
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	6,662,223	6,724,983	1,544,448	-----
July 1 to Aug. 31....	1,659,457	1,795,688	411,892	518,899
Nash. Ch. & St. L. b. Sept.	528,178	486,651	203,646	180,743
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	4,339,361	4,707,747	1,556,820	1,442,687
July 1 to Sept. 30....	1,603,642	1,457,647	633,561	541,617
New York Central. Sept.	4,117,343	4,399,820	1,743,560	1,890,749
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	33,155,540	33,347,579	11,608,997	12,669,280
July 1 to Sept. 30....	11,394,897	12,278,948	4,376,214	4,756,473
No. Alabama Ry. Aug.	19,370	15,801	8,010	5,976
Ohio River. b. Aug.	88,273	89,718	40,533	26,832
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	601,041	593,563	181,981	202,453
Pitta. C. C. & St. L. a. Sept.	1,523,786	1,352,677	666,633	561,246
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	11,684,770	10,736,021	3,155,886	3,324,641
Pitta. Youngs. & A. Sept.	130,458	150,488	40,689	64,638
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	1,150,147	1,054,048	380,377	420,735
Sav. Fla. & West. b. Aug.	335,901	327,772	81,186	41,789
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	2,813,281	2,227,940	855,371	638,693
July 1 to Aug. 31....	756,968	493,236	245,743	103,831
Southern Pacific—				
Gal. Har. & San. a. b. Aug.	385,805	427,923	87,303	160,636
July 1 to Aug. 31....	779,487	769,525	165,662	229,285
Louisiana West. b. Aug.	111,469	91,925	51,390	42,116
July 1 to Aug. 31....	217,305	168,412	109,315	71,784
M'gan's L. & Tex. b. Aug.	597,593	448,351	241,833	99,161
July 1 to Aug. 31....	1,144,487	850,127	439,755	1,96,966
N. Y. Tex. & M. b. Aug.	27,951	43,401	14,744	28,364
July 1 to Aug. 31....	53,324	67,745	25,514	38,589
Texas & N. Ori. b. Aug.	159,956	132,714	83,760	57,623
July 1 to Aug. 31....	3,0384	259,358	162,255	112,617
Atlantic Pr'p'tsb. Aug.	1,307,372	1,165,189	457,511	389,976
July 1 to Aug. 31....	2,554,712	2,149,842	953,214	647,955
So. Pac. of Cal. b. Aug.	1,216,327	1,392,595	457,321	708,677
July 1 to Aug. 31....	2,307,889	2,754,912	816,381	1,409,732
So. Pac. of Ariz. b. Aug.	192,655	214,031	37,317	79,716
July 1 to Aug. 31....	384,304	390,065	85,596	129,014
So. Pac. of N. M. b. Aug.	93,289	107,932	36,624	53,201
July 1 to Aug. 31....	201,769	202,317	82,412	

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following roads in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

Table with columns: Roads, Int., Rentals, etc., 1898, 1897, Bal. of Net Earn'gs., 1898, 1897. Rows include Chic. & W. Mich., Det. Gd. Rap. & West., Kan. C. Mem. & Bir., Mo. Kansas & Texas, Nashv. Chat. & St. L., Pitts. C. C. & St. L., Tenn. Coal I. & RR.

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES

The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all STREET railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the table is the same as that for the steam roads—that is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings or the calendar year from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

Table with columns: GROSS EARNINGS, Latest Gross Earnings (Week or Mo, 1898, 1897), Jan. 1 to Latest Dat. (1898, 1897). Rows include Akron Bed'd & Clev., Albany Railway, Amsterdam St. Ry., Atlanta Railway, Baltimore Con. Ry., Bath St. Ry., Bay Cities Consol., Birmingham St. Ry., Bridgeport Traction, Brockton Con. St. Ry., Brooklyn Elevated, Br'klyn Rap. Tr. Co., Brooklyn Heights, B'klyn Q'ns & Sub., Charleston City Ry., Cin. & Miami Val., Citizens St. Ry., Ind. P., City ns' (Muncie) Ind., City Elec. (Rome, Ga.), Cleveland Electric, Cleve. Palmv. & E., Columbus St. Ry. (O.), Danv. Gas El. Light & Street Ry., Dayton & West Trac., Denver Con. Tramw., Detroit Cit'ns St. Ry., Detroit Elec. Ry., Duluth St. Ry., Erie Elec. Motor, Fr. Wayne & Belle Island (Detroit), Harrisburg Traction, Herkimer Mohawk Ilion & Fk'fort El. Ry., Houston Elec. St. Ry., Interstate Consol. of North Attleboro, Kingston City Ry., Lehigh Traction, London St. Ry. (Can.), Lowell Law. & Hav., Metrop. (Kansas City), Metro. W. Side (Chic.), Montgomery St. Ry., Montreal Street Ry., Muscatine St. Ry., Nassau Elec. (B'klyn), Newburg St. Ry., New London St. Ry., New Orleans Traction, Norfolk St. Ry., North Chic. St. Ry., North Shore Traction, Ogdensburg St. Ry., Paterson Ry., Richmond Traction, Roxb'h Ch. H. & Nor', Schuylkill Val. Trac., Seranton & Carbon'de Seranton & Pittston, Seranton Railway, Syracuse Rap. Tr. Ry., Toronto Ry., Twin City Rap. Tran., Union (N. Bedford), United Tract. (Pitts.), United Tract. (Prov.), Unit. Trac. (Reading), Wakefield & Stone, Waterbury Traction, West Chicago St. Ry., Wheeling Railway, Wheel. & Wv. Valley.

* Includes Baltimore Traction and City & Suburban for both years. † Decrease in September due to extraordinary business in September, 1897, when many conventions were held and a public visit made to city by President McKinley. ‡ Increase in receipts in September due to encampment of 2d Army Corps at Meadville, Pa.

Street Railway Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of STREET railway gross and net earnings received this week. In reporting these net earnings for the street railways, we adopt the same plan as that for the steam roads—

that is, we print each week all the returns received that week, but once a month (on the third or the fourth Saturday) we bring together all the roads furnishing returns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of September 24, 1898. The next will appear in the issue of October 29, 1898.

Table with columns: Roads, Gross Earnings, 1898, 1897, Net Earnings, 1898, 1897. Rows include Atlanta Railway, Bay Cities Con. St. Ry., Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, Olt. St. Ry. Mun. (Ind.), City Elec. (Rome, Ga.), Detroit Cit'ns St. Ry., Detroit Electric Ry., Ft. W. & E. I. Ry. (Det.), Harrisburg Traction, Inter-St. Con. St. Ry., London St. Ry. (Can.), Muscatine El. Ry., Newburg Electric, New London St. Ry., Paterson Railway, Southern Boulevard (N. Y.), Twin City Rapid Tr., Union Street Ry. (N. Y.), Yonkers RR.

* Increase in receipts in September due to the encampment of 2d Army Corps at Meadville, Pa.

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following STREET railways, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

Table with columns: Roads, Int., rentals, etc., 1898, 1897, Bal. of Net Earn'gs., 1898, 1897. Rows include Atlanta Railway, Paterson Railway, Twin City Rapid Tr.

The following is a statement of the gross and net earnings of the Nashville St. Railway for the month of September and the five months of the fiscal year from May 1 to September 30. Figures for 1897 were extraordinarily large on account of Nashville Exposition, which lasted from May 1 to November 30, 1897, and therefore comparison is made with 1896.

NASHVILLE STREET RAILWAY.

Table with columns: September, 1898, 1896, May 1 to Sept. 30, 1898, 1896. Rows include Gross earnings, Operating expenses, Net earnings, Proportionate interest, taxes, Surplus.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports.—The following is an index to all annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published since the last editions of the INVESTORS' AND STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENTS. This index does not include reports in to-day's CHRONICLE.

Table with columns: RAILROAD AND MISCEL. CO'S, Volume 67, Page. Rows include American Cereal Co., Atchison Top. & Santa Fe, Boston & Albany, Boston & Maine, Boston Electric Light, Buff. Rocheb. & Pitts., Calumet & Hecla, Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley, Central Coal & Coke, Central of Ga. Ry., Chesapeake & Ohio, Chic. Burlington & Quincy, Chic. & East. Ill., Chicago Great West., Chic. Ind. & Louisville, Chic. Mil. & St. P., Chic. & North West., Chic. Peoria & St. Louis, Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L., Col. Fuel & Iron, Denver & Rio Grande, Erie Ry., Fall Brook Ry., Fitchburg RR., Georgia & Alabama, Glucose Sugar Refining (10 1/2 mos.).

RAILROADS & MIS. CO.'S—(Con.)—
Volumes 66 and 67— Page.

Peoria & Eastern.....	425
Pullman's Palace Car.....	787
Railway Equipment Co. of Minn.....	468
Reading Co.....	578
Rio Grande Southern.....	425
Rio Grand Western.....	424, 786, 794
St. Louis & San Fran.....	272, 631, 644
St. Louis Southwestern.....	786
San Francisco Breweries (Limited).....	349
St. Paul & Duluth.....	731
Santa Fe Pres. & Phoenix.....	631
Staten Island Rapid Transit.....	368
Southern Railway.....	366
Toledo & Ohio Central.....	732
Ulster & Delaware.....	478
Un. Pac. (6 mos.).....	631, 731, 786, 794
United Electric Securities.....	480
United States Glass.....	480
Wabash RR.....	316, 526, 538

RAILROAD AND MIS. CO. (Con.)—
Volume 66 and 67— Page.

Wagner Palace Car Co.....	369
Wolsbach Light.....	240
Western N. Y. & Penn.....	316
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg.....	735
West Va. Cent. & Pittsburg.....	478
Wisconsin Central Co.....	424

STREET RAILWAYS.

Volumes 67— Page.

Bridgeport Traction.....	426
Buffalo Railway.....	368
Brooklyn Rapid Transit.....	425
Metropol. St. Ry. of Kansas City.....	479
Metropol. St. Ry. (N. Y. City).....	577
Middletown-Goshen Traction.....	480
Muscatine Electric.....	480
New York & Queens County.....	731
Third Avenue RR.....	480
Union Traction Co. (Phila.).....	734

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.
(For the year ending June 30, 1898.)

The first report of this company covering a full twelve months since the change of fiscal year from Dec. 31 to June 30 is given on pages 851 to 853 embracing the remarks of Mr. Charles E. Perkins, the President, and the balance sheet and income account.

Southern Pacific Company.
(Report for the year ending June 30, 1898.)

On pages, 844 to 850, of to-day's CHRONICLE will be found extracts from the report of Mr. C. P. Huntington, the President of the Southern Pacific Company, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, including the balance sheets, income accounts, etc.

As supplementary to the above, we give in the tables here following a statement showing the work done by the transportation department, upon which the increase or decrease in the expenses is, to a large extent, contingent:

PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Freight—

Tons carried (commercial).....	1897-8. 6,614,746	1896-7. 5,455,196
Tons carried 1 mile.....	2,058,832,138	1,484,359,556
Rate per ton per mile (commercial).....	1.009 cts.	1.227 cts.

Passenger—

Passengers carried.....	20,223,806	19,151,558
Passengers carried 1 mile.....	587,906,575	485,207,200
Rate per passenger per mile.....	1.833 cts.	1.929 cts.

ATLANTIC SYSTEM—

Freight—

Tons carried (commercial).....	3,085,068	2,733,914
Tons carried 1 mile.....	1,083,276,792	910,407,817
Rate per ton per mile (commercial).....	0.789 cts.	0.904 cts.

Passenger—

Passengers carried.....	986,297	1,019,917
Passengers carried 1 mile.....	74,631,552	78,721,882
Rate per passenger per mile.....	2.218 cts.	2.295 cts.

HOUSTON & TEXAS CENTRAL—

Freight—

Tons carried (commercial).....	1,085,701	1,116,159
Tons carried 1 mile.....	201,384,785	198,848,698
Rate per ton per mile.....	1.312 cts.	1.390 cts.

Passenger—

Passengers carried.....	707,472	675,116
Passengers carried one mile.....	29,874,515	27,516,332
Rate per passenger per mile.....	2.370 cts.	2.399 cts.

—V. 65, p. 976.

Western New York & Pennsylvania Railway.
(Report for the year ending June 30, 1898.)

On pages 853 to 854 we give President De Coursey's remarks from the annual report in fall. The earnings, expenses, charges, etc., were as below.

OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS.

	1897-8.	1896-7.	1895-6.	1894-5.
Miles of road oper'd.	633	643	643	643
<i>Operations—</i>				
Passengers carried.....	1,333,986	1,371,426	1,504,631	1,392,054
Pass. carried 1 m. mile.....	32,959,327	31,798,109	33,527,794	30,846,061
Rate per pass. p. m.	2.054 cts.	2.039 cts.	2.107 cts.	2.185 cts.
Freight (tons) car'd.....	4,327,776	3,618,853	4,124,395	4,287,832
Fr'gt (tons) car 1 m.	507,414,667	415,705,224	463,700,601	500,674,137
Rate per ton per m.	0.4726 cts.	0.5121 cts.	0.5022 cts.	0.4903 cts.
<i>Earnings—</i>				
Passengers.....	676,885	667,416	706,545	673,945
Freight.....	2,398,019	2,128,832	2,328,863	2,454,953
Mail, express, &c.....	171,033	158,526	150,622	153,112
Total earnings.....	3,245,937	2,954,774	3,186,030	3,282,010
<i>Expenses—</i>				
Maint. of way, &c.....	490,475	487,750	581,861	527,091
Maint. of equip'm't.....	466,480	417,890	433,010	515,959
Conduct'g transp.n.....	1,079,175	1,029,156	1,110,035	1,125,173
General.....	106,674	108,150	109,005	124,613
Total.....	2,142,804	2,042,946	2,233,911	2,292,836
Net earnings.....	1,103,133	911,828	952,119	989,174
P. c. of exp. to earn.....	66.01	69.14	70.11	69.86

INCOME ACCOUNT.

	1897-98.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1894-95.
<i>Receipts—</i>				
Net earnings.....	1,103,133	911,828	952,119	989,174
Other income.....	8,391	54,611	56,638	29,600
Total.....	1,111,524	966,439	1,008,757	1,018,774
<i>Disbursements—</i>				
Int. on 1st mort'g's.....	499,500	497,500	516,351	508,710
Int. on gen. mort'ge.....	300,000	225,000	50,000	
Int. on r. e mort'gs.....	15,556	15,561	15,549	14,854
Int. on equip notes.....	5,890	10,052	10,858	72,882
Taxes.....	100,070	90,076	95,430	89,658
Total.....	921,016	840,189	688,188	685,914
Surplus for year.....	190,508	126,250	320,569	332,860

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

	1898.	1897.	1896.
<i>Assets—</i>			
Road and equipment.....	51,398,956	51,423,934	51,424,068
Stocks and bonds owned.....	686,476	686,261	686,261
Materials and supplies.....	208,318	155,780	180,168
Due from agents and conductors.....	94,610	103,988	95,586
Due from individuals, comp's, &c.....	671,454	566,317	479,929
Cash on hand.....	349,988	225,889	248,268
Unac'd int. includ'd in equip. notes.....	20,563	26,452	36,504
Miscellaneous.....	5,479	5,969	21,946
Total assets.....	53,435,843	53,194,651	53,172,730
<i>Liabilities—</i>			
Stock.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Bonds (see SUPPLEMENT).....	29,990,000	29,990,000	29,990,000
Equip. notes (including interest).....	104,733	133,986	188,52
Interest on bonds.....	344,790	337,128	302,550
Real estate mortgages.....	289,799	289,798	289,798
Wages and supplies.....	432,322	363,547	353,254
Kinzua Valley RR. warrants.....	57,000	57,000	57,000
Bills payable.....			62,720
Profit and loss.....	2,217,071	2,023,065	1,929,028
Miscellaneous.....	128	128	128
Total liabilities.....	53,435,843	53,194,651	53,172,730

—V. 67, p. 316.

Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad.
(Report for the year ending June 30, 1898.)

The report of President Edward D. Adams will be published in the CHRONICLE next week. The first year of operations ended June 30, 1898, and showed results as below:

	1898.	1897.	Increase.
<i>Gross earnings—</i>			
Rentals and trackage.....	\$66,867	\$45,695	\$21,172
Traffic.....	449,394	336,684	112,710
Gross earnings.....	\$1,119,261	\$1,019,917	\$99,344
<i>Expenses and charges—</i>			
Op. exp and taxes.....	\$455,605	\$455,605	
Interest charge.....	562,157	562,157	
Balance, surplus.....	\$101,599	\$101,599	\$0

The balance sheet shows: New first 4s outstanding, \$13,000,000 (after deducting \$290,000 in treasury); bonds of predecessor companies assumed, \$1,044,000; current assets, \$1,076,730; current and contingent liabilities, \$603,364, making net current assets \$473,367, an increase of \$101,599 during the year.—V. 66, p. 1188.

Indiana Decatur & Western Railway.
(Statement for year ending June 30, 1898.)

President Woodford has furnished us with the following:

	1898.	1897.	Increase.
<i>Year ending June 30.</i>			
Gross earnings.....	\$481,701	\$455,695	\$26,006
Operating expenses and taxes.....	353,282	336,684	16,598
Net earnings.....	\$128,419	\$119,011	\$9,408
Fixed charges.....	91,200	91,200	
Surplus.....	\$37,219	\$27,810	\$9,408

—V. 65, p. 27.

Western Union Telegraph Company.
(Report for the year ending June 30, 1898.)

President Thomas T. Eckert says in substance: The decrease of 767 miles of poles, as compared with the preceding year, is caused by the abandonment of certain highway lines, which it would otherwise have been necessary to reconstruct, at a large cost, and the transfer of the wires therefrom to newer poles on parallel railroad routes.

The increased revenues made necessary an increased outlay for operating and general expenses of \$655,111. For reconstruction and maintenance, \$342,914 more was spent than for the preceding year, and the cost of equipment of the new offices and for improving old equipments was increased \$48,371. The amount paid for taxes was \$123,980 less, because of the settlement during the preceding year of disputed accounts with several States, but was still \$144,033, more than was paid during the fiscal year 1896.

The average tolls received were 30.1 cents per message. The average cost per message was 24.7 cents. The decrease in the average tolls received, and the increase in the average cost per message, are accounted for by the large number of Government and press messages, contingent upon the war with Spain.

The cost of construction of new property for the year was \$1,117,652. The surplus account was increased \$315,694.

Statistics.—The following table exhibits the mileage of the lines operated, number of offices, number of messages sent, receipts, average tolls and cost per message for every fifth year since 1866 and for each of the last seven years:

Year	Miles of wire.	Offices.	Messages.	Receipts.	Average tolls per message.	Average cost to Co. per message.
1867.....	85,291	2,565	5,879,252	\$6,564,925 36	66.2	43.8
1872.....	137,190	5,237	12,444,499	8,457,095 77	66.2	43.8
1877.....	194,323	7,500	21,158,941	8,812,52 61	43.6	29.8
1882.....	374,368	12,068	38,842,247	17,114,165 92	38.2	25.8
1887.....	524,641	15,658	47,394,530	17,191,909 95	30.4	23.0
1892.....	739,105	20,700	62,387,298	23,706,404 72	31.6	22.3
1893.....	769,201	21,078	66,591,458	24,978,442 96	31.2	22.7
1894.....	790,92	21,166	58,632,237	21,852,655 09	30.5	23.3
1895.....	802,451	21,360	58,307,315	22,218,019 18	30.7	23.3
1896.....	826,929	21,725	58,760,444	22,612,736 28	30.9	24.0
1897.....	841,002	21,769	58,151,684	22,638,859 16	30.5	24.3
1898.....	874,420	22,210	62,173,749	23,915,732 00	30.1	24.7

Earnings, etc.—The results for three years were as follows, compiled for the CHRONICLE:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

	1897-98.	1896-97.	1895-96.
Revenues for the year.....	23,915,732	22,638,859	22,612,736
<i>Expenses—</i>			
Operating and general expenses.....	12,749,272	12,094,161	12,011,654
Rentals of leased lines.....	1,570,006	1,570,498	1,570,720
Maintenance and reconstruction.....	2,688,283	2,345,370	2,440,000
Taxes.....	566,224	690,205	422,191
Equipment of offices and wires.....	251,794	203,423	270,190
Total expenses.....	17,825,581	16,906,656	16,714,756
Profits.....	6,090,151	5,732,203	5,897,980
<i>Disbursements—</i>			
For dividends.....	4,867,911	4,792,855	4,767,805
For interest on bonds.....	896,555	895,510	893,967
For sinking funds.....	9,991	39,991	39,991
Total disbursements.....	5,774,456	5,728,356	5,701,763
Balance of profits.....	315,695	3,847	196,217
Surplus July 1 (beginning of year).....	7,647,541	7,643,694	7,447,476
Surplus June 30 (end of year).....	7,963,23	7,647,541	7,643,693

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

	1898.	1897.	1896.
Assets—			
Telegraph lines; stocks owned of leased companies, franchises, patents, etc.	102,969,202	101,761,510	101,306,874
Stocks and bonds of leased telegraphs received in exchange for collateral trust bonds.	8,502,000	8,488,000	8,401,000
Stocks of not leased telegraph and telephone companies, and other securities.	8,023,068	8,103,671	7,516,230
Real estate.	4,977,034	4,977,033	4,979,533
Supplies and materials.	119,162	125,897	126,263
Sundry accounts receivable, etc.	2,606,837	2,812,821	2,593,572
Cash.	2,142,604	1,647,294	1,338,081
Sinking funds.	497,406	494,269	461,693
Total	129,867,312	128,410,498	126,723,250
Liabilities—			
Capital stock.	97,370,000	97,370,000	95,370,000
Funded debt.	15,356,282	15,352,002	15,275,208
Gold & Stock Tele. Co. for stocks of other cos. held through lease	1,956,600	2,039,200	2,039,200
Sundry accounts (including dividends payable July 15).	5,623,011	4,403,571	4,796,964
Sur. of inc. prior to Oct. 1, 1881, approp. for tele. lines & prop.	1,598,184	1,598,184	1,598,184
Sur. of inc. sub. to Oct. 1, 1881, plus the surplus prior to Oct. 1, 1881, not approp. as above.	7,963,235	7,647,541	7,643,693
Total	129,867,312	128,410,498	126,723,250

Pullman's Palace Car Company.

(Report for the year ending July 31, 1898.)

Acting President Lincoln says in substance:

Contracts.—During the fiscal year contracts have been made continuing the operation of cars upon the following:

Atlantic Coast Line, Union Pacific RR., Oregon Short Line RR., Oregon Railway & Navigation, Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry., St. Louis & San Francisco RR., Burlington Cedar Rapids & Northern Ry., Colorado Midland Ry., Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR., Mexican Central Ry.

New contracts have been made with the Bangor & Aroostook RR. Co., the Atlanta Knoxville & Northern Ry. Co. and the St. Joseph & Grand Island Ry. Co. The total mileage of railways covered by the cars of this company is 121,662.

Cars.—There have been built during the year, for the use of the company, 23 cars, costing \$367,739. Cars owned and controlled number 2,410, of which 371 tourist or second class.

Passengers.—The number of passengers carried during the year was 5,356,912, and the number of miles run was 201,295,321. During the previous year the number of passengers carried was 4,852,398, and of miles run was 190,582,758.

Manufactures.—The value of the manufactured product of the car works of the company for the year was \$10,368,256, and of other industries, including rentals, \$1,032,086, making a total of \$11,400,342, against \$4,631,618, for the previous year.

Statistics.—The results for several years are as follows:

	1897-98.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1894-95.
INCOME ACCOUNT.				
Revenue—				
Earnings of cars.	8,398,837	7,743,344	8,162,460	7,452,353
Patent royalties, manufacturing profits, rentals, interest, &c.	2,076,031	1,231,544	1,081,923	1,094,772
Total revenue.	10,474,868	8,974,888	9,244,383	8,547,125
Disbursements—				
Operating expenses.	3,776,315	3,511,869	3,730,079	3,511,030
P'd other sleep. car assns	831,634	812,169	847,897	716,204
Repairs in excess of mileage, &c.	791,038		138,998	
Divid's on capital stock	2,880,000	2,880,000	2,880,000	2,880,000
Total disbursements.	8,280,955	7,204,038	7,596,974	7,137,234
Net surplus.	2,393,833	1,770,850	1,647,409	1,410,391

BALANCE SHEET JULY 31.

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Assets—				
Cars and equipment.	22,153,304	22,638,087	23,779,145	21,187,548
Invest's in oth. car assns controlled and operated	2,896,468	3,662,645	3,672,836	3,937,363
Invest's at Pullman, &c.	8,113,767	8,104,518	8,103,080	7,988,473
Patents, U.S. and foreign.	111,609	114,082	112,328	110,537
Furniture and fixtures.	75,000	114,658	114,371	113,938
Real estate, car works, &c., Chicago, St. Louis, Wilmington, Detroit, &c.	1,573,295	1,798,561	1,797,527	1,796,587
Securities.	10,334,921	9,478,724	8,727,871	6,799,300
Construct'n material and oper. supplies, incl. cars in process of construct'n	4,099,942	3,191,188	3,884,464	3,701,742
Cash and loans.	7,609,562	12,587,625	9,080,093	6,883,065
Balance of accounts rec.	6,112,230	1,817,871	3,648,119	7,274,400
Total assets.	63,093,105	63,502,959	62,919,838	62,792,958
Liabilities—				
Capital stock.	36,000,000	36,000,000	36,000,000	36,000,000
Special dividend.	7,200,000			
Surplus (less written off sur'g'yr., \$10,013,737)	19,883,105	27,502,958	26,919,838	26,792,958
Total liabilities.	63,093,105	63,502,959	62,919,838	62,792,958

* Embraced in the following accounts: Loss on cars, sold or destroyed, \$56,888; depreciation of cars, \$1,000,000; depreciation of Association cars, etc., \$262,504; depreciation in sundry properties, \$258,274; for franchises, patents, etc., \$1,190,760; Central Transportation settlement, \$1,195,930; special dividend, \$7,200,000—\$11,164,356; less appreciation in values of securities (\$1,150,619), \$10,013,737. —V. 67, p. 787, 789.

Standard Rope & Twine Company.

(Report for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1898.)

President V. P. Travers says in substance:

Financial.—After charging off \$150,000 to depreciation and paying the interest on the first mortgage bonds, there still remains a net balance of \$233,563 to the credit of the year's

operations. The amount of \$62,565 has been spent for additional machinery at the mills and \$27,753 has been credited to the reorganization committee for machinery taken from idle mills, making the total for improvements and additional construction during the year \$90,317.

In adjusting the final accounts of the year all merchandise, both raw material and manufactured goods, has been taken at a price considerably below that at which it was selling on August 1, 1898. All bad and doubtful debts have been written off, and the excess of current assets over liabilities is calculated upon a most conservative basis. This excess is at present about what it was when the company commenced business in August, 1895, and in view of this fact the directors do not feel that they are warranted in paying any dividend upon the income bonds at this time.

Since August 1 all floating liabilities have been liquidated. The general expenses, sale, and administration charges, etc., have been largely increased from the fact that the company has felt obliged to carry an abnormally large stock of raw material, owing to the stoppage of supplies from the Philippine Islands.

Manufacturing Plant.—The renovating and improving of the plant has been in progress for the past two years. The entire plant is now equipped with modern machinery throughout and is in the highest state of efficiency. This year has been a record breaker as to cost of production, and the use of machinery that is up to date in every particular will tend to reduce further the cost of manufacture.

Production.—While the number of pounds of goods manufactured and sold aggregates in the neighborhood of 50,000,000, as against about 63,000,000 last year, the advantages to your company have been greatly augmented by the profits realized in comparison with what would have resulted had a more aggressive policy been enforced and a larger amount of goods been sold at very much lower figures. Manila and Sisal rope that were selling at this time last year at practically ruinous prices are to-day being sold at a profit.

General Business.—Though the past year has been, like its predecessor, one of keen competition, the competition has been conducted more advantageously to your company. The company is equipped to do a much larger business, but it has done that which was the most profitable in the judgment of your directors. This company is now well established and is recognized as an important and respected factor in the industry with which it is affiliated.

The books and accounts of the company have been audited by the Audit Company of New York.

Earnings, Etc.—The operations of the year were as follows:

	1897-98.	1896-97.
OPERATIONS OF YEAR ENDING JULY 31.		
Income—		
Proceeds of sales.	\$3,100,118	\$3,542,353
Merchandise on hand July 31 (end of year)	1,032,864	986,987
Total receipts and merchand. July 31.	\$4,132,982	\$4,529,340
Operating Expenses, Etc.		
Purchases of raw material.	\$1,506,564	\$2,892,686
Merchandise on hand Aug. 1 (beginning of year)	986,987	770,272
Mill cost of production.	682,200	728,396
Allowances and discounts, merchandise, insurance, freight, cartage, storage and labor.	206,596	140,556
Sales department expenses: Traveling, advertising, telegraph, etc.	158,785	167,149
New York office.	111,822	
Tot. oper. exps. & merch. Aug. 1 (begin. year)	\$3,659,554	\$4,699,059
Balance—	sur. \$4 3,428 def	\$169,719
Other income—		
Received from Reorganization Committee.		191,150
Sundry earnings.		44,945
Sinking fund credit.		30,000
Total net income and merchand. increase.	\$473,428	\$6,376
Charges and construction expenses—		
Interest on bonds.	\$177,300	\$180,000
Paid sinking fund.		80,000
Improvements to mills and new construction.	62,565	54,212
Total charges and construction.	\$239,865	\$264,212
Balance after crediting increase in merchandise and extraordinary receipts.	sur \$233,563 def.	\$167,836

STATEMENT OF CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JULY 31.

	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.
Assets—				
Merch. sup., etc.	\$1,229,033	\$1,223,877		
Accts. & bills receiv.	89,075	739,538		
Cash.	220,024	117,788		
Sinking fund.	29,550	30,000		
Total.	\$1,907,912	\$2,101,224		
Liabilities—				
Accounts and bills payable.		\$366,338	\$703,218	
Surplus of current assets.		1,601,574	1,398,011	
Total.	\$1,907,912	\$2,101,224		

The company's capitalization is: Common stock, \$12,000,000; consolidated mortgage bonds, \$7,500,000; first mortgage bonds, \$2,955,000, since August 1 reduced to \$2,912,000 by sinking fund.—V. 67, p. 484.

Nassau Electric Railroad.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1898.)

The road was opened July 28, 1895. Earnings for the fiscal year ending June 30 have been:

	1897-98.	1896-97.
Gross earnings.	\$2,054,080	\$1,760,562
Operating expenses.	1,259,838	1,045,364
Net earnings.	\$794,242	\$715,198
Other income.	63,610	64,712
Net income.	\$857,852	\$779,910
Interest on bonds.	\$260,584	\$207,301
Taxes.	72,000	33,000
Rentals.	477,444	469,009
Balance, surplus.	\$47,824	\$70,600

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

Table with 4 columns: Assets, 1898, 1897, Liabilities, 1898, 1897. Rows include Road & equip't, Suppl's, Open accounts, Cash, Prepaid insurance, Bonds, leased lines, Interest in projected lines, Capital stock, Funded debt, Loans and bills payable, Interest accrued, Wages, suppl's, &c, Open accounts, Taxes and rentals accrued, Profit & loss, surp.

* Rights to use the tracks of Kings County Electric Railway Company, Coney Island Foot Hamilton & Brooklyn Railroad Company and the Union Railroad Company of Brooklyn, construction of which is secured by deposit of securities against construction contracts, \$2,000,000.—V. 67 p. 318.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Reorganizations, Etc.—Latest Data as to Defaults, Real Organization Plans, Payment of Overdue Coupons, Etc.—All facts of this nature appearing since the publication of the last issues of the INVESTORS' and the STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENTS may be readily found by means of the following index. This index does not include matter in to-day's CHRONICLE. Full-face figures indicate Volume 67.

RAILROADS & MIS. CO.'S. Volumes 66 and 67— Page. Appleton (Wis.) Water, 221, 426, 487. Atch. Col. & Pac. pay on acc of bonds, 375. At. Jew. Co. & W. pay on acc of bonds, 377. Augusta Southern, 328. Balt. & Ohio coupons, 856, 859, 1043. do do 27, 377. do do 1235. do do reorg. matters, 1088, 1235. do do 27, 221, 369. do do J. J. Hill in new co, 577, 632. do do plan operative, 273. do do suit of pref. stock, 373. do do Balt. Belt bonds dep, 318. do do final instalment, 688. do do sale of pref. stock, 426. do do time for deposit limited, 481. do do reorg. branch lines, 688. do do position of B. & O. 688. Balt. & O. So'west., plan matured, 578. Bath (Me.) Gas & Elec. assignm't, 481. Bear Valley Irrigation Co. (Redlands, Cal.), reorg., 369, 481, 788. Carolina Central., plan effected, 481. Centralia & Chester, reorg. prop., 755. do do suit for new rec., 788. Central Br. U. P., 953, 1043, 1139, 77. Central Ohio., suit filed, 427; reorg., plan, 688. do do deposits lim. to Nov. 1, 788. Cent. Pac., Govt. foreclosure suit, 318. Central Stamp & Coin, 481. Central Vermont., int. payment, 269. do do plan, 735. Cent. Washington, reorg., 856; plan, 953. Chic. & Atch. Bridge, new secur., ready, 578. Chic. F. & Des Moines, reorg., 221. Cincin. & Musk. Val., successor co., 222. Citizens' Electric, reorg., 370. Como, Ind., reorg. applied for, 370. Cleve. Akron & Col., judgment, 733. do do plan, 736, 77. Col. & Cin. Midland., reorg., plan, 688. do do deposits lim. to Nov. 1, 788. Col. Hook V. & Tol., further advance of p. c. for int. on bonds, 482. Col. Sar. & Hook, reorg. plan, 174, 222. Council Bluffs Gas & Elec. L., forec., 529. Dallas (Tex.) Elec. reorg. applied for, 370. Deny. Leadv. & Gun'son, sale, 319, 633. do do plan, 736, 748. Detr. & Lima Nor., reorg., 689. Det. Mac. & Mar., int. payment, 736. East Ill. Coal., reorg. coupons, 482. Edison Elec. Ill. of Brooklyn, consol'n., 530, 578, 633, 689, 736. Federal Steel., consol'n., 530, 578, 633, 689, 736. Galveston & Gulf Shore., sold, 576. Galv. La P. & Hous., reorg., 529, 746. Hutson Tunnel Ry., reorg., 222, 374. Indiana & Lake Mich. Elec. Nor., 788. Jamestown & L. Erie, reorg. suit, 371. Jasper Town & Lands., reorg., 428, 634. Kearney & Black Hills., 222, 372. Kansas Loan & Tr. Co., reorg., 530. Kentucky & Ind. Bridge, coupons, 634. Kingfield & River, sold, 322, 371. Kingston & Pembroke., plan, 428. Litchfield Carrollton & Western, 428. do do sale, 736. Little Rock Hot Springs & Texas, 320. Los Angeles City Cal. Water, reorg., 634. Lowell (Mich.) Wat. & Light, forec., 471. Madison Sq. Garden., consp. pay't, 690.

RAILROADS AND MIS. CO.'S (Con.) Volumes 66 and 67— Page. Nashville Tell co & Charleston., 371. Nat. Linsseed Oil., reorg., 530, 631. do do 24 suit for rec., 736. Newark Somerset & Straitsville., reorg. plan, 688. do do deposits lim. to Nov. 1, 788. Newark (N. Y.) Water Works, sale, 275. New England Loan & Tr., reorg., 490. do do reorg. committee, 789. New Orleans & West., reorg. cert., 320. N. Y. Phila. & Norfolk, reorg., 530. Ohio Riv. & Charleston, 275, 427, 530. Ohio Southern., 223, 373. Paducah Gas Light., default, reorg., 633. Peoria Dec. & Evansville, forec., 275. do do int. pay'm't, 635. Phil. Read. & N. E., sold, 737. do do reorg. matter, 789. Pitts. Junc., reorg. plan, 688. do do deposits lim. to Nov. 1, 788. Pitts. & W., 2d mort. com. sell out, 789. Rich. Nich. Irv. & Beattysv., sold, 737. St. Louis Avoyelles & Southwest., reorganized company, 632. Santa Mans. & New., reorg. plan, 688. do do plan effected, 737. do do dep't'm't. to Nov. 1, 788. St. Louis Kan. & So'west., sale, 579. St. L. Chic. & St. P., receiver, 737. Staten Island Rapid Transit., 484. do do default on 1st mort., 691. do do in hold. of 1st ds., 737. Tacoma Land Co., reorg., 737. do do reorg., 831. Terre Haute & Logansport., sale, 691. Tradesmen's Nat. Bk., liq'n., 738, 802. Union Dep. (Spok. Falls, W.), sale, 738. Union Pacific RR., first dividend, 633. Union Pac. Lin. & Col., sold to U. P., 435. Un. Pac. Den. & Gulf, 435, 579, 691. do do plan, 736, 748. Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. control of Walker Co. purchased, 635. West Troy Water., reorg., 276. Wheel & L. E., plan, 1142; forec., 128. do 3d int. of assess., 1289, 179. Wheel & L. E., 324, 579. Whitebreast Fuel., forec., 691. do do receiver, 748. Wisconsin Central Co., 276, 540, 647. STREET RAILWAYS. Page. Brooklyn Elevated., 426. Bufr. Kenn. & Ton. Elec., sold, 427, 529. Crescent City RR., 427, 529. Fourth Street & Arsenal Street Ry. (St. Louis), 427, 529. Fulton Wall & Cort. St. Fer. RR., 428. N. Y. & N. J. Traction, reorg., 488. Met. W. S. El. RR. (Chl.), plan mod., 789. Newburyport (Mass.) & Amesbury RR., receiver, 690. New Orleans Traction, plan, 690, 736. New Orleans City & Lake., plan, 736. New York & Queens Co., default, 737. N. Y. & N. J. Traction, reorg., 488. People's Ry. (St. Louis, Mo.), sale, 789. Petersburg Elec. Ry., sale, 435. Rockford Traction., forec., 737. Saginaw (Mich.) Cons. St. Ry., 435. Union St. Ry. (Saginaw, Mich.), 435. Lakeside Ry., Mahanoy City., 371. Terre Haute Elec. Ry., 597.

definitely off, and if so whether the plug tobacco properties thus far acquired by the American interests will be merged is a matter for conjecture. The new stock issues, however, of the American Company are commonly assumed as incidental to the recent purchase of plug tobacco factories. Reduction of Prices—Not long ago the Liggett & Meyers Co. reduced plug prices about 10 per cent. This week the American Company has made a cut of 10 per cent under the Liggett & Meyers schedule and is offering premiums to all salesmen of wholesale dealers, and is adopting other warlike methods.—V. 67, p. 787.

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.—San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Ry.—Purchase.—In a statement regarding the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Road in the CHRONICLE of Sept. 24, we alluded to our understanding that the stock of the company was being deposited in escrow preparatory to transfer to the Atchison on Jan. 1, 1899. The company now issues the following confirmatory announcement: "Chairman Walker is able to announce the substantial completion of negotiations for the purchase of the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley RR. which will give the Atchison its long desired entrance into San Francisco. The stock of the Valley Company has been deposited under an option contract in an amount carrying complete control, and the transaction is now in shape for ratification by the Atchison stockholders at the approaching annual meeting. "The road thus acquired is completed and in successful operation from Bakersfield to Stockton, 235-27 miles, where it connects with river boats for San Francisco. Funds are in hand for the construction of the road from Stockton to Point Richmond on San Francisco Bay; this work is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible and will be completed next year. It has been intended to build a short connecting link between Bakersfield and the present line of the Atchison System at Mojave or some point in that vicinity, but present indications are that this construction will not be necessary, as a trackage contract is in process of arrangement for the use of the line now existing between those points. The Directors are confident that this extension of the Atchison will materially increase the earning power of the system. It will afford to San Francisco and the San Joaquin Valley another absolutely independent line of railroad to and from the East." The Bakersfield & Los Angeles project seems little likely, therefore, to be carried out.

To Ratify Leases, Consolidation with Branch Lines and Purchase of San Joaquin Valley Road.—The stockholders will vote Dec. 8 on the following propositions:

- 1. To approve the sale and conveyance to this company of the railroad, property, franchises, etc., of the following named companies (the stock and bonds of which are owned by this company), viz.: Kansas City Top-ka & Western RR., Leavenworth Northern & Southern Ry., Southern Kansas Ry., New Mexico & Southern Pacific RR., New Mexican RR., Rio Grande Mexico & Pacific RR., Silver City Deming & Pacific RR., Wichita & Western Ry., St. Joseph St. Louis & Santa Fe Ry.
2. To approve of leases to this company of the railroads, property, franchises, etc., of the following companies (the stock and bonds of which are owned by this company), viz.: Chicago Santa Fe & California Ry., Denver & Santa Fe Ry., Pueblo & Arkansas Valley RR., and to ratify the lease of Mojave portion, commonly called the "Mojave Division" of the Southern Pacific RR. from a connection with the railroad of the Santa Fe Pacific RR. at the Needles to Mojave, Cal.
3. To approve the sale and conveyance to this company, or of leases to this company of the railroad property, franchises, etc., of the following named companies (the stock and bonds of which are owned by this company), viz.: Chicago & Kansas & Western RR., Kansas City Emporia & Southern Ry., Florence El. Road & Walnut Valley RR., Marion & McPherson Ry. and Wichita & South Western Ry.
4. To vote upon the approval of the purchase by this company of stock (or stock trust certificates) representing the control of the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Ry. Co.

Official Circular.—An official circular explains the above propositions in substance as follows:

- First—The Atchison Company owns the stock and bonds of each of said companies, the same being pledged under the general mortgage. It is proposed to make absolute conveyances of the properties of these companies to the Atchison Company so as to constitute the general mortgage a direct first lien thereon, and to save unnecessary expense in operation. Such conveyance will not involve any increased obligations.
Second—The stock and bonds of these companies are also owned, but consolidation not being immediately practicable, in view of local statutes, etc., it is proposed to accomplish substantially the same result by long-time leases. It is proposed also to ratify the lease of the Mojave Division, which has been executed as stated in the last annual report. This lease has been assigned to the Santa Fe Pacific RR. Co., and the Mojave Division is now operated as part of the Santa Fe Pacific RR.
Third—To vote upon the approval of arrangements of similar character with respect to certain other lines embraced in the Atchison System, by sale or by lease, as may be found most expedient.

Regarding the proposition to purchase control of the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Ry., the circular says in part:

This purchase will give us control of a railroad now in operation from Stockton, Cal., south to Bakersfield, 235 miles; also a loop line from Fresno, through Visalia and Tulare, to Corcoran Junction, of which 44 miles are now in operation and 25 miles under construction and nearly completed, making a total mileage between Stockton and Bakersfield of 304 miles, in addition to side tracks 41 miles in length. Also 14 engines, 12 passenger and combination coaches, 516 freight cars and 8 other cars. The present connection of this line with the city of San Francisco is by water from Stockton. An extension of about 80 miles is under construction from Stockton to Point Richmond on the northeast side of San Francisco Bay. The Chief Engineer of the Atchison System says: "The constructed line of road between Bakersfield and Stockton is in excellent condition. The grades are about 16 feet to the mile, and the alignment is exceptionally good. The roadbed and embankments are 16 feet wide. The track is laid with steel rails weighing 62 1/2 lbs. to the yard; 3,000 redwood ties to the mile; Servis tie-plates on every tie. The station buildings are commodious and attractive. The terminal grounds at all the important points are ample for any business." The line has been favorably regarded by citizens along the line, where it has been aided by liberal donations from individuals and communities, especially of lands for right of way and station purposes, estimated as worth approximately \$500,000. Funds for beginning the work were obtained by the sale of stock to the amount of

American Tobacco.—Continental Tobacco.—\$2,065,000 New Preferred Stock.—The American Tobacco Co. has applied to the New York Stock Exchange to list \$2,065,000 additional preferred stock, thus raising the outstanding issue of preferred shares to the total amount authorized, viz., \$14,000,000. The sale on Tuesday of 18,500 shares of the preferred stock at 115 "seller 30" is believed to be connected with the transfer of this new stock and to which for the purpose of making "a public record of the price at which it is transferred from the company to certain insiders." Last June the Stock Exchange listed also \$3,100,000 additional common stock, making the total common shares listed \$31,000,000, or the total amount authorized. This \$3,100,000 was "for the purpose of extending the company's business and procuring additional working capital."

Plug Tobacco.—Apparently the proposed consolidation has fallen through. The Louisville manufacturers, Finzer Bros. and Weissinger Tobacco Co., it is said, have been notified that their plants will not be wanted. Last week, as we were informed, preliminaries for the consolidation were still pending. Indeed, the belief was expressed in Wall Street early in the present week that the P. Lorillard Co. was likely to be purchased, Mr. Lorillard to receive 60,000 shares preferred and the same common stock, \$6,000,000 par value. Whether, as a matter of fact, the consolidation as first planned under the title of the Continental Tobacco Company is

\$2,474,800 through public subscriptions paid for at par. The remainder of the authorized capital of \$6,000,000 is unissued. Subsequently \$6,000,000 5 per cent bonds were sold to a syndicate on favorable terms, the money realized being advanced from time to time as required for construction purposes, \$2,671,000 having been issued up to June 30, 1898. The moneys provided are believed to be sufficient to complete the Visalia loop and also the line from Stockton to Point Richmond, including the acquisition of sufficient terminal property at the latter point and the construction of a passenger ferry-boat, a tug and two barges for the service across the bay to the city of San Francisco, together with a reasonable margin for contingencies.

The books have been thoroughly examined by independent auditors, whose report shows that all receipts from stock subscriptions and sale of bonds have been honestly and judiciously expended.

The road, in its unfinished condition, with no connection south of Bakersfield, and without access to San Francisco except by the use of boats from Stockton, has earned more than its operating expenses and taxes, viz., for the year ending June 30, 1898, gross \$411,079; net over operating expenses and taxes, \$109,126. Its earnings will be largely increased when completed to San Francisco and in receipt of the through business of the Atchison System.

The traffic of the Atchison System to and from points in California north of Mojave affords an important part of its revenue, having resulted during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, in gross receipts exceeding \$1,500,000. This business should increase in future with the increase of business in Northern California and the development of Trans-Pacific commerce through San Francisco, and its volume will undoubtedly be materially promoted by an independent line to San Francisco through the fertile and highly cultivated San Joaquin Valley. Our Northern California traffic has heretofore been interchanged with the Southern Pacific at Mojave. Since the Atchison foreclosure no permanent arrangements have been consummated for the continuance of this interchange of traffic, and the adoption of measures whereby this business may be preserved to the Atchison System is a necessary requirement of the situation.

If it shall be found necessary to construct a connecting link between Bakersfield and the Atchison System in California, means can be provided, either by using general mortgage bonds reserved for extension purposes, or by an issue of bonds upon the new line; but it is the expectation that such construction will not be required, as trackage rights over the existing line between Bakersfield and Mojave, 68 miles, can be obtained, and negotiations to that end are now in progress.

Your directors therefore strongly recommend the purchase of the outstanding stock of the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Railway at par, which represents the precise cost thereof to the present holders, without interest. Arrangements have been made insuring the delivery thereof in an amount carrying complete control of the property. The assets of the Atchison Company are sufficient to provide the funds required for this purpose, and its resources are ample to carry the plan to completion without affecting the payment of interest or dividends.—V. 67, p. 688, 635.

Baltimore & Annapolis Short Line RR.—New Bonds.—The stockholders will meet at the office of Alex. Brown & Sons, Baltimore, Md., on Nov. 3, 1898, to consider the question of issuing bonds to pay off the floating debt.

Braddock (Pa.) Electric Ry.—Receivers.—A. L. Sailor and William M. Brown have been made receivers of the property. The road is not in operation and has paid no interest since November, 1897, on its bonded debt of \$40,000.

Brooklyn Wharf & Warehouse.—Charges Reduced.—The company has written a letter to the grain committee of the New York Produce Exchange agreeing to lighter its "grain on the same terms and conditions as the railroad companies now lighter theirs, on condition that the equalization charge on the railroad grain is abolished." A premium of ½ cent per bushel has been charged on grain stored in railroad elevators because such grain is entitled to free lighterage to ocean steamships. This arbitrary charge was abandoned recently by the grain committee. The object is to reduce the port charges, so that New York may secure a larger proportion of the grain bound for shipment abroad. V. 66, p. 425.

Carolina Central RR.—Readjustment Notice.—More than four-fifths of all the bondholders having assented to the agreement for readjustment of the debt, the plan, as already stated in this column, has been declared effective. Bondholders who have not deposited their bonds or signed the agreement are requested to do so by November first, after which date bonds can only be received subject to such conditions as the committee may fix.—V. 67, p. 735.

Central Transportation Co.—Distribution.—The shareholders are now receiving their \$28 per share from assets and as a final distribution, it is thought, will get about 50 cents per share more.—V. 67, p. 176.

Central Vermont RR.—Central Vermont Ry.—Bill to Incorporate Reorganized Company.—Bills were introduced in the House and Senate at Burlington, Vt., this week, to incorporate the Central Vermont Railway Co. The new company will be organized under the terms of the modified plan of reorganization which was cited in V. 67, p. 735. It will issue \$3,000,000 of capital stock, and is to embrace the Central Vermont, Missisquoi Valley, Burlington & Lamolle Valley Railways, and leases of the New London Northern and Montreal & Vermont Junction railways. The incorporators are:

E. C. Smith, D. D. Ranlett, Charles M. Hays, Charles Percy, W. Seward Webb, J. G. McCullough, Ezra H. Baker and Samuel Kilner.—V. 67, p. 735.

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.—Bonds Converted into Stock.—The company informs us that of the convertible bonds issued in 1890 and 1892, and aggregating \$15,263,900, there have been converted into stock since the end of the late fiscal year \$923,300, viz.: First series, \$481,800; second series, \$441,500. This is the first year that any of these bonds have been converted, the stock having at last reached a point where the exchange is considered advantageous. The conversion may be made at par at any time prior to Dec. 1, 1902, except when the books are closed. The terms of conversion were in the INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT of Oct., 1896, page 5. The capital stock has been increased by the conversions to \$32,926,100.—V. 67, p. 786.

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.—New Chairman.—The directors this week elected John L. Gardner Chairman of the board in place of the late John M. Forbes, and J. Malcolm Forbes was also elected a director.—V. 67, p. 786.

Chicago & West Michigan Ry.—Coupons.—The directors have voted to pay holders of coupons due Nov. 1, 1898, of Chicago & North Michigan RR. Co. on each \$25 coupon, \$20 in cash and \$5 in 10 year coupon scrip of same form, and on same basis, as that heretofore issued.—V. 66, p. 1089.

Colfax Electric Ry. Co., Denver, Col.—Foreclosure.—Geo. E. Ross Lewin, trustee for the bondholders, has brought suit to foreclose the \$150,000 mortgage of 1891. No interest has been paid since 1891.

Colorado Valley RR.—Receiver.—George G. Moore, Chief Engineer for the road, is quoted as saying that Mr. Sloan of the banking firm of Trammell & Co., Sweetwater, has been made receiver of the Colorado Valley Railway and intends to build the road on to San Angelo. An extension is also proposed via Wichita Falls to the northwest to connect with the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe or the Rock Island at Sugden, I. T.—V. 65, p. 1219.

Columbus Sandusky & Hocking RR.—New Committee.—John G. Carlisle and Joseph F. Randolph of New York and Charles S. Hinchman of Philadelphia have been appointed a committee to represent bonds deposited with the North American Trust Co. The committee will issue its formal statement and bondholders' agreement within the next few days.—V. 67, p. 222.

Dallas Terminal Ry. & Union Depot.—\$800,000 New Bonds.—We are officially informed that it is the purpose of the company to cancel by Jan. 1, 1899, the \$80,000 bonds bearing 6 per cent now outstanding and to issue \$800,000 5 per cent 30-year gold bonds, to cover the 31 miles of road to be built between Dallas and Fort Worth in addition to the present terminal property in Dallas. W. C. Connor is the company's President.

Denison & Northern Ry.—Ordered Sold.—United States Judge Townsend, sitting in chambers at Ardmore, I. T., Sept. 29, ordered that the assets of this partially-constructed road be sold by Special Master W. F. Bowman.—V. 63, p. 357.

Denver Leadville & Gunnison Ry.—Union Pacific Ry.—Union Pacific Denver & Gulf Ry.—Sale Ratified.—The holders of the Denver Leadville & Gunnison (Union Pacific) 4½ per cent bonds on Tuesday voted to ratify the agreement (V. 67, p. 736), providing for the sale of the property to the Union Pacific Denver & Gulf reorganization committee. Under the terms of the plan each \$1,000 bond is to receive \$650 in new Gulf first four per cents, \$200 in new first preferred Gulf stock and \$160 in second preferred.

Sale Nov. 18.—Preparatory to making the above transfer the road is advertised to be sold under foreclosure at West Denver, Col., on Nov. 18.—V. 67, p. 736, 748, 790, 802.

Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Brooklyn.—\$2,000,000 Consols Sold.—The \$2,000,000 first consolidated mortgage 4 per cents offered last week at 93½ were over-subscribed. A description of the loan was in the CHRONICLE of Sept. 3, p. 482. The union of the Edison Company and the Kings County Electric Light & Power Co. has now been perfected, only about sixty shares of the Edison Company remaining unexchanged. The interest charges of the Edison Company, including the consolidated mortgage bonds now issued, will be \$155,000 per annum. The net income for the calendar year 1897 of the Edison and Municipal companies applicable to charges was \$487,000.

Bonds Called.—The Edison Company's existing first mortgage of \$1,500,000, in accordance with the terms of the deed of trust, has been formally called for redemption on Oct. 1, 1900, at 110 and interest. The consolidated mortgage will then be a first lien upon all the properties of the company now owned or hereafter to be acquired.—V. 67, p. 786.

Federal Steel.—On Unlisted Department.—The common and preferred shares were placed this week on the unlisted department of the New York Stock Exchange.—V. 67, p. 788.

Great Northern Ry.—No Action as to Stock.—At the annual meeting this week the proposition to increase the company's capital stock to \$75,000,000 to absorb the Manitoba road was discussed but not acted upon.—V. 67, p. 785, 788, 796.

Lake Erie & Western Ry.—Regular Dividend Declared.—Earnings.—Vice-President and General Manager Bradbury, in connection with the declaration of the regular dividend, said: "When the sale of the company's second mortgage bonds was completed last summer to liquidate bills payable and complete the purchase of certain securities, the entire floating debt of the company was funded. The balance-sheet of August 1 shows no floating debt whatever, and \$239,000 cash on hand. The earnings and expenses (the latter partly estimated) for the nine months ending Sept. 30, 1898, were:

Gross.	Net.	Charges.	Dividends.	Surplus
\$2,562,453	\$1,032,786	\$557,267	(3¾%) \$144,000	\$31,519

—V. 67, p. 788.

Purchase of Pittsburg & Western 2ds.—It is understood that the purchase last week of Pittsburg & Western second mortgage bonds by Messrs. Simon Borg & Co. was in the interest of Lake Erie & Western.—V. 67, p. 788.

New Haven (Conn.) Street Ry.—Fair Haven & Westville RR.—Change of Control.—Roads to Unite.—The stockholders of the Fair Haven & Westville RR., one of the oldest street railway companies in the State, will vote Oct. 31 on a proposition to acquire control of the New Haven Street Ry. Co. The latter was organized in 1893, and by acquiring various small roads and building numerous extensions, has established an important system of street railways, embracing about 35 miles of track and reaching Fair Haven, Westville, Morris Cove, Light House Point, Cosy Beach, Lake Saltonstall, Mt. Carmel, etc. Its capital stock of \$1,000,000 has paid 2½ per cent yearly for several years past. The terms of consolidation or purchase are not announced, but the intention is to merge the two properties under the control of the present managers of the New Haven Street Ry. This merger leaves the Winchester RR. Co., owning 2½ miles of track, the only street railway company in the city not controlled by these interests.—V. 67, p. 320; V. 64, p. 134.

New York Air Brake.—New Directors.—Important changes in the board occurred this week, when new directors were elected, making the present incumbents as follows:

Hon. R. P. Flower; Anthony Brady, Jay C. Young, Thos. C. Purdy, George B. Massey; President, C. A. Starbuck; Vice-Prest., Daniel Magone; Secy. and Treas., John C. Thompson; Asst. Treas., H. A. Rogers.

Messrs. Brady and Flower were connected with the Walker Company, which was recently sold to the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co., and the inclination is to see in the present election indications of a closer relation with the Westinghouse Air-Brake Co.

New York Central & Hudson River RR.—Quarterly.—Earnings for the quarter ending September 30 were:

3 mo. end.	Gross Earnings.	Net Earnings.	Fixed Charges.	Dividends.	Balance.
Sept. 30, 1898.....	\$11,394,397	\$5,467,182	\$3,913,575	(1%)\$1,000,000	\$553,607
1897.....	12,278,948	4,891,336	3,190,294	(1%) 1,000,000	701,042

—V. 67, p. 737.

Ohio Southern Ry.—Sold.—The property was purchased at the foreclosure sale on Oct. 15 for \$2,000,000, the upset price, by Judge Judson Harmon, representing the first mortgage bondholders' committee, William A. Read, of Vermilye & Co., Chairman. No other bid was received. No plan of reorganization will be issued at present.—V. 67, p. 372.

Omaha Street Ry.—Redemption of Bonds.—Notice is given that all of the 6 per cent bonds of 1886 will be redeemed Jan. 1, 1899, at the offices of Estabrook & Co., Boston and New York.

Pittsburg & Western Ry.—Annual Statement.—The report for the year ending June 30, 1898, as presented at the annual meeting this week, showed the largest gross earnings in the history of the road. The results compare as follows:

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Gross earnings.....	\$3,221,406	\$2,768,507	\$3,091,302	\$2,867,892
Net earnings.....	969,415	953,084	981,223	916,663

Sale of Bonds.—It is understood in well-informed circles that the purchase of second mortgage bonds mentioned last week was made by Lake Erie & Western interests and forms part of a plan not yet ready for public announcement.—V. 67, p. 789.

Richmond & Petersburg RR.—Petersburg RR.—Atlantic Coast Line RR. Co. of Virginia.—Meeting Nov. 21 to vote on Consolidation.—The stockholders of the Petersburg and the Richmond & Petersburg RR. companies will vote Nov. 21 upon the proposition to consolidate the properties under the corporate name of the Atlantic Coast Line RR. Co. of Virginia. A meeting for the same purpose was set for July 19, but adjourned without action.—V. 67, p. 178.

Richmond Petersburg & Carolina RR.—Construction.—Vice President and General-Manager J. S. Negley writes us as follows: "The first division south of Petersburg, Va., has been fully completed and will be operated at once. The work north and south of this division is now being placed under contract and will be speedily completed. Twenty (20) miles north of Ridgeway, N. C., has been graded, and the piers in the Roanoke River erected and in readiness for the superstructure. The entire line will now be completed without further delay." The road, which is supposed to be intended as a northern extension of the Seaboard & Roanoke, is projected from Ridgeway, N. C., via Petersburg to Richmond, Va., about 106 miles.

Rutland RR.—Delaware & Hudson Canal Co.—Sale of Stock.—The Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. has sold its holdings of the securities of the Rutland RR. Co. to Mr. P. W. Clement, the President of the latter company.

There is said to be no truth in the report that New York Central interests are associated with the purchase.—V. 67, p. 127, 221.

Saginaw Consolidated Street Ry.—Union Street Ry.—Sold.—These properties were purchased at the foreclosure sale on Oct. 15 for \$150,000 by Homer Loring, acting for the bondholders whose holdings have been deposited with the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Co.—V. 67, p. 435.

St. Louis Peoria & Northern Ry.—Chicago Terminal & Transfer.—Extension.—New Tenant.—Arrangements, it is stated, have been made for the extension of the St. Louis Peoria & Northern by the construction of several important branches, including one to Chicago, where, as we learn in this city, terminal facilities have been secured from the Chicago Terminal Transfer RR. Co. The St. Louis Peoria & Northern is now in operation from St. Louis to Peoria, Ill., 164 miles. It is proposed to build a line from New Holland on the main line to Chicago, a distance of 140 miles, and to extend the road on the north from its present terminus at Peoria to Clinton, Iowa, 100 miles. Other branches contemplated will bring the total mileage of the system up to about 520 miles.—V. 66, p. 1002, 1188.

Santa Cruz (Cal.) Water Co.—Foreclosure.—A press despatch from San Francisco, Oct. 15, says that the Holland Trust Co. of New York has brought suit, in the United States Circuit Court against the City Water Co. of Santa Cruz and the City of Santa Cruz to foreclose a mortgage on all property of the Water Company and for an injunction restraining both defendants from handling said property. The amount involved is \$103,000 with interest. The city bought the works Jan. 1, 1891.

Southern Railway.—Additional Directors.—At the fifth annual meeting this week the board was increased from nine to eleven members, the two additional directors being Messrs. Adrian Iselin, Jr., of A. Iselin & Co., and James T. Woodward, President of the Hanover National Bank.—V. 67, p. 427.

Southern States Lumber Co.—Southern States Land & Timber Co. Ltd.—New Company Formed.—The Southern States Lumber Co. has been organized to succeed to the property of the Southern States Land & Timber Co., sold under foreclosure. The capitalization of the new company is \$700,000 stock and \$685,000 bonds. The latter are secured by one mortgage, Knickerbocker Trust Co., trustee, but \$514,000 of the bonds have preference as to interest and are six per cents; the remaining \$171,000 bonds are sevens. All the old bondholders have assented to the reorganization and will get in addition to the securities allotted under the plan all the interest in arrears on their bonds, the surplus earnings in the hands of the receiver being sufficient for that purpose.—V. 65, p. 1072.

Southwest Missouri Electric Ry.—Sale of Control.—The local interests at Carthage, Mo., have sold their holdings in the company's stock to Eastern capitalists, who have elected the directors named below. The new Bailey branch into Galena is to be finished without delay.

A. H. Rogers, President, Joplin; E. Z. Wallower, K. G. Neilsley, H. L. Hershey, E. S. Hermain, E. C. Felton, John E. Fox, W. J. Calder, Harrisburg, Pa. Felton Bent, Philadelphia, J. F. Harrison, W. W. Calhoun Carthage, Mo.

See Webb City in the STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENT.—V. 63, p. 407.

Streator (Ill.) Ry.—Sold.—This property was sold under foreclosure on Oct. 7 for \$14,000 to C. S. Barr, of Streator, the principal bondholder.—V. 63, p. 970.

Syracuse Rapid Transit.—Loan Enjoined.—The company has been enjoined from borrowing \$200,000 through certain of its directors and paying therefor the proposed bonus in stock and cash.—V. 67, p. 738.

Terre Haute & Logansport R.R.—Foreclosure Sale Adjourned.—The foreclosure sale of the Terre Haute & Logansport under the extension mortgage, which was set for October 20, has been adjourned for thirty days.—V. 67, p. 691.

Toledo St. Louis & Kansas City RR.—Hearing on Appeal Postponed.—The hearing on the appeal from the decree of foreclosure, which was to have been argued this month, has been postponed until the December term of the Court, there not being the requisite number of judges present at the October term.—V. 66, p. 1003.

Union Pacific Denver & Gulf Ry.—Foreclosure Sale Nov. 19.—The foreclosure sale is set for Nov. 19 at Pueblo. No bid will be accepted for the property embraced in the first mortgage of the Denver Texas & Gulf Ry. less than \$1,500,000; for the property embraced in the first mortgage of the Denver Texas & Ft. Worth RR. less than \$2,500,000; nor for the remaining property embraced in the consolidated mortgage of the Union Pacific Denver & Gulf Ry. Co. less than \$5,250,000. For the property embraced in the consolidated mortgage, when offered for sale as an entirety, no bid will be received less than the sum of \$9,000,000. Vol. 67, p. 738, 748.

Wilmington & Northern RR.—Reading Co.—Sold.—A controlling interest in the Wilmington & Northern has been acquired by or in the interest of the Philadelphia & Reading Ry. The W. & N., with its branches, embraces 88 miles of road and forms for the Reading a natural extension from the junction near Reading, Pa., to Wilmington, Del. The sale was currently reported last week as made to B. & O. interests, but the story was officially denied to the CHRONICLE.—V. 66, p. 950.

Westinghouse Air-Brake.—The company, it is stated, has formally taken over the plant and property of the Boyden Air-Brake Company, located in Baltimore.—V. 67, p. 691. ♠

Reports and Documents.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY. PROPRIETARY AND LEASED LINES.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT—FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1898.

To the Stockholders:

NEW YORK, August 24, 1898.

The President and Directors submit herewith their report of the property, earnings, expenses, assets and liabilities of the proprietary companies and leased lines constituting the Southern Pacific Company's lines for the year ending June 30, 1898.

I.—PROPERTIES AND MILEAGE.

The properties which constitute the Southern Pacific Lines, the miles of road and water lines owned or leased by them consisted on June 30, 1898, of the following mileage:

Divisions.	Main Track.	Second Track.	Sidings.	Ferries.	River and Ocean Lines.
PROPRIETARY LINES.					
<i>Mileage of lines belonging to Companies the capital stock of which is principally owned by the Southern Pacific Company, and which are operated by the Southern Pacific Company under leases to it:</i>					
Louisiana Western Railroad.....	147.37		32.30		
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad and Steamship Co.....	281.85	26.13	129.85	1.00	3,175
South Pacific Coast Railway.....	101.00	8.96	40.75	3.00	
Southern Pacific Railroad (of Arizona).....	392.90		47.05		
Southern Pacific Railroad (of California).....	*2,542.91	40.52	573.43	5.00	
Southern Pacific Railroad (of New Mexico).....	167.45		25.74		
<i>Mileage of lines belonging to Companies the capital stock of which is principally owned by the Southern Pacific Company, but which are operated by their own organizations:</i>					
Austin & Northwestern Railroad.....	107.86		13.12		
Central Texas & Northwestern Railway.....	12.36		2.54		
Fort Worth & New Orleans Railway.....	40.05		6.64		
Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway.....	919.43		144.12		
Houston & Texas Central Railroad.....	452.55		110.24		
New York Texas & Mexican Railway.....	91.00		7.48		
Texas & New Orleans Railroad.....	215.72	3.89	71.17		
<i>Mileage of lines of which the Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad & Steamship Company is the principal owner of the capital stock, but which are operated by their own organizations:</i>					
Gulf Western Texas & Pacific Railway.....	111.20		15.16		
Iberia & Vermillion Railroad.....	16.13		1.64		
The Direct Navigation Company.....					75
Marysville Steamboat Line.....					190
Total Proprietary Lines.....	5,599.61	79.50	1,221.27	7.00	3,440
LEASED LINES.					
<i>Mileage of lines belonging to Companies whose capital stock is owned by others than the Southern Pacific Company, but which are operated by the Southern Pacific Company under leases to it:</i>					
Central Pacific Railroad.....	1,359.22	9.51	348.21	3.69	125
Oregon & California Railroad.....	655.76		79.58		
Total Mileage June 30, 1898.....	7,614.59	89.01	1,649.06	10.69	3,565
Total Mileage June 30, 1897.....	7,599.71	84.67	1,602.18	10.69	3,565
Increase.....	14.88	4.34	46.88		

* Includes Southern Pacific RR. Company's line from Mojave, Cal., to the Needles, 242.51 miles, which is leased to September 1, 1899, to the Atchafalaya & Santa Fe Railway Co.

The lines owned by each company are shown on Comptroller's table No. 1.

The changes in mileage and ownership since last report have been as follows:

Southern Pacific Railroad Company.—Under the laws of the State of California, the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, the Northern Railway Company, the Northern California Railway Company and the California Pacific Railroad Company, by articles of consolidation dated April 12, 1898, amalgamated and consolidated on April 14, 1898, their capital stocks, debts, properties, assets and franchises, vesting the same in a consolidated and amalgamated corporation, under the name and style of the *Southern Pacific Railroad Company*. The mileage consolidated by this Act aggregates 2,538.26 miles of main track and branches and 37.00 miles of second track. There was also added during the year to the mileage owned the following extensions: April 15th, Montalvo to Oxnard, 5.39 miles; May 1st, Pomona to Chino, 2.19 miles; May 11th, extensions at Riverside, 1.46 miles; May 11th, Salinas to Sugar Factory, 2.81 miles; total, 11.85 miles.

The remaining changes in mileage have occurred in the transfer of the mileage of the California Pacific (113.51 miles), which was reported under "Leased Lines" in the last annual report, to the mileage of "Proprietary Lines" this year, and in minor changes of distances, resulting from the reconstruction of lines or from other causes.

II.—OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR.

The gross receipts and disbursements of the Southern Pacific Company in respect of its leased lines, and of proprietary companies in respect of lines not leased, and the other receipts and disbursements of the Southern Pacific Company and of all proprietary companies, are as follows:

RECEIPTS.	This Year.	Last Year.	During the Year 1898.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Miles of rail lines—Proprietary, 5,357.11; leased, 2,014.98.....	7,371.98	7,357.10	14.88	
Gross receipts of proprietary companies, viz:				
Transportation receipts.....	\$37,850,429.71	\$33,488,479.22	\$4,361,950.49	
Trackage and other rentals.....	317,735.01	534,243.64		\$216,508.63
Income from investments.....	40,690.05	75,702.00		35,011.95
Interest on open accounts.....	381,840.37	382,591.40		751.03
Earnings of sinking funds.....	151,528.33	125,245.00	26,283.33	
Miscellaneous receipts.....	106,265.01	25,925.56	80,339.45	
Total.....	\$38,848,490.48	\$34,632,186.82	\$4,216,303.66	
Gross transportation and other receipts in respect of lines of the following Co's.:				
California Pacific RR. Co.....		\$1,248,025.72		\$1,248,025.72
Central Pacific RR. Co.....	\$15,816,011.62	12,742,407.49	\$3,073,604.13	
New Mexico & Arizona RR. Co.....	187,162.88		187,162.88	
Oregon & California RR. Co.....	2,107,851.23	1,436,037.20	671,814.03	
Sonora Railway Co.....	423,528.13		423,528.13	
Total.....	\$18,534,553.86	\$15,426,470.41	\$3,108,083.45	
Gross receipts of Southern Pacific Company from rents, investments and sources other than from net profits from the operation of leased lines.....	\$1,094,454.20	\$993,053.98	\$101,400.22	
Total receipts.....	\$58,477,498.54	\$51,051,711.21	\$7,425,787.33	

DISBURSEMENTS.	This Year.	Last Year.	During the Year 1898.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Expended for account of proprietary companies, viz.:				
Operating expenses.....	\$24,001,802 09	\$22,199,702 13	\$1,802,099 96	
Taxes.....	942,864 07	884,534 74	58,329 33	
Trackage and other rentals.....	642,724 04	731,977 22		\$89,253 18
Interest on funded debt.....	8,253,840 30	7,866,584 04	387,256 26	
Interest on open accounts.....	180,734 24	220,868 47		40,134 23
Sinking fund contributions and earnings.....	476,528 33	415,245 00	61,283 33	
General administration and miscellaneous expenses.....	33,065 53	74,807 32		41,741 79
Land department expenses and taxes.....	83,586 95	63,269 23	20,317 72	
Total.....	\$34,615,145 55	\$32,456,988 15	\$2,158,157 40	
Expended in respect of lines of the following companies:				
California Pacific RR. Co.....		\$1,175,373 45		\$1,175,373 45
Central Pacific RR. Co.....	\$15,816,011 62	12,742,407 49	\$3,073,604 13	
New Mexico & Arizona RR. Co.....	217,628 43		217,628 43	
Oregon & California RR. Co.....	2,432,334 58	2,214,523 07	217,811 51	
Sonora Ry. Co.....	509,236 90		509,236 90	
Total.....	\$18,975,211 53	\$16,132,304 01	2,842,907 52	
Expenditures of Sou. Pac. Co. for insurance, taxes, interest and all other accounts except for deficits in the operation of leased lines.....	764,533 85	464,704 98	299,833 87	
Total disbursements.....	\$54,354,805 93	\$49,058,997 14	\$5,300,898 79	
Balance.....	\$4,122,602 61	\$1,997,714 07	\$2,124,888 54	
Betterments and additions.....	1,299,258 03	806,959 35	392,298 68	
Surplus over all disbursements.....	\$2,823,344 58	\$1,090,754 72	\$1,732,589 86	

The disbursements include \$324,483 35, advanced for account of the Oregon & California Railroad Company, which still remains due from the last-named company.

The expenditures for betterments and additions have this year been charged against the income account by the respective companies.

The return of commercial activity and prosperity throughout the country is reflected in the gratifying improvement of the company's earnings. Compared with the previous year, and, taking the operations of the California Pacific Railroad into the calculations for the purpose of comparison, the Proprietary Lines show an increase of \$3,113,924 77, or 8.96 per cent, in gross earnings, and \$2,487,198 26, or 21.89 per cent, in earnings over operating expenses. The gross earnings of the Atlantic Properties decreased over eleven hundred thousand dollars during the existence of the quarantine restrictions, from September 23 to November 15. Upon removal of these restrictions, however, this loss was rapidly recovered, and the year closed with a gain of \$302,865 66 over the previous year.

The marked improvement of the general business situation in Oregon is manifested in the gross earnings of the Oregon & California Railroad, which increased \$671,814 03, or 46.78 per cent. Earnings over operating expenses increased \$46,943 33, or 149.09 per cent. The advances by the Southern Pacific Company for account of the year's operation were \$324,483 35, against \$809,610 12 in the previous year.

The gross earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad increased \$3,126,637 54, or 24.74 per cent. A considerable part of this increase resulted from the exceptional conditions during the year, to wit, the quarantine restrictions on the Atlantic Properties, which interrupted through service via New Orleans, and which forced a large tonnage, which under normal conditions seeks the water lines and the low-grade routes, to the Northern lines, and the transportation of troops and Government stores during the war with Spain.

The operation of the New Mexico & Arizona and Sonora Railways resulted in a loss of \$116,174 32 to this company. Serious washouts, particularly on the Sonora Railway and other much needed renewals on both lines, increased the expenses \$75,645 06 over the amount expended the preceding year.

The receipts and disbursements in respect to the New Mexico and Arizona Railroad, and Sonora Railway, under temporary arrangement with the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company in contemplation of the consummation of a definite lease of these properties, appear in the income of the Southern Pacific Company, and not in any other statement in respect to the earnings or traffic or transportation operations of the other lines.

III.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

The changes in the capital account for the year ending June 30, 1898, have been as follows:

	Fixed interest-bearing bonds and debt.	Income mortgage bonds.	Capital Stock.
Outstanding June 30, 1897.....	\$144,345,051 71	\$6,354,000 00	\$182,251,752 00
<i>Issued or taken over during the year.</i>			
Houston & Texas Central RR. 5-per-cent debenture bonds issued in exchange for consolidated and general mortgage debenture bonds extended.....	\$550,000 00		
Southern Pacific RR. first consolidated 5-per-cent bonds of 1893, issued in payment for new lines.....	297,000 00		
Southern Pacific RR. first consolidated 5-per-cent bonds of 1893, issued in exchange for first mortgage five-per-cent bonds of 1888.....	378,000 00		
Bonds of California Pacific RR. Co., taken over under articles of amalgamation and consolidation, viz.:			
First mortgage 4 1/2-per cent bonds.....	\$2,232,000 00		
Second mortgage 4 1/2-per cent bonds.....	1,545,000 00		
Third mortgage 6-per cent bonds, Series A.....	1,998,500 00		
Third mortgage 3-per cent bonds, Series B.....	1,000,000 00	6,825,500 00	
Southern Pacific RR., capital stock issued in payment of new lines.....			\$423,400 00
Southern Pacific RR. capital stock issued under articles of amalgamation and consolidation for account of the following companies:			
California Pacific.....	\$13,800,000 00		
Northern California Ry.....	128,000 00		
Northern Ry.....	14,830,400 00		28,758,400 00
Total for the year.....	\$8,050,500 00		\$29,181,800 00
Total.....	\$152,395,551 71	\$6,354,000 00	\$211,433,552 00
<i>Retired during the year.</i>			
Houston & Texas Cent. RR. first mort. 5-per cent bonds purchased and canceled.....	\$196,000 00		
Hous. & Tex. Cent. RR. consolidated mort debenture bonds retired and canceled.....	705,420 00		
Hous. & Tex. Cent. RR. general mort. debenture bonds retired and canceled.....	411,000 00	\$1,312,420 00	
Southern Pacific RR. first consolidated 5-per-cent bonds of 1888, exchanged for first mortgage bonds of 1893.....	378,000 00		
Southern Pacific Branch Ry. first mortgage 6-per cent bonds purchased and canceled.....	45,000 00		
Texas & New Orleans RR. first mortgage—main line—7 per cent bonds purchased and canceled.....	23,000 00		
Texas & New Orleans RR., payment to State of Texas for account of school fund.....	7,530 47		
Capital stock retired under articles of amalgamation and consolidation South Pac. RR. Co., viz.:			
Northern California Ry.....			\$1,280,000 00
Northern Ry.....			12,896,000 00
Total for the year.....	\$1,765,950 47		\$14,176,000 00
Outstanding June 30, 1898.....	\$150,629,601 24	\$6,354,000 00	\$197,257,552 00
Increase.....	\$6,284,549 53		\$15,005,800 00

There were also purchased and canceled during the year, \$71,000, face value, Southern Pacific Co. 6 per cent steamship bonds. The details of receipts and expenditures on capital account are shown on Controller's table No. 8; the funded debt and interest accruing thereon annually, on table No. 9

IV.—TRANSPORTATION EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

The transportation earnings and expenses of the Proprietary Companies have been as follows:

	This Year.	Last Year.	DURING THIS YEAR.		
			Increase.	Decrease.	Per cent.
Miles of road operated.....	5,357.11	5,243.16	113.94		
EARNINGS.					
Passenger.....	\$ 7,942,275.25	\$ 7,132,426.70	\$ 809,848.55		11.35
Mail, express and baggage.....	1,329,331.02	1,225,713.69	103,617.33		8.45
Freight.....	24,366,586.25	21,427,602.45	2,938,983.80		13.72
Sleeping car and all other sources.....	1,856,811.67	1,408,869.74	447,941.93		31.79
Total rail lines.....	35,495,004.19	31,194,612.58	4,300,391.61		13.79
Steamships.....	2,355,425.52	2,293,866.64	61,558.88		2.68
Total.....	37,850,429.71	33,488,479.22	4,361,950.49		13.03
OPERATING EXPENSES.					
Maintenance of way and structures.....	4,323,699.52	4,329,869.78		6,170.26	.14
Maintenance of equipment.....	3,649,146.58	3,447,688.97	201,457.61		5.84
Conducting transportation.....	13,136,191.64	11,717,001.89	1,419,189.75		12.11
General expenses.....	865,699.79	913,455.89		47,756.10	5.23
Total rail lines.....	21,974,737.53	20,408,016.53	1,566,721.00		7.68
Steamships.....	2,027,064.56	1,791,685.60	235,378.96		13.14
Total.....	24,001,802.09	22,199,702.13	1,802,099.96		8.12
Earnings over operating expenses.....	13,848,627.62	11,288,777.09	2,559,850.53		22.68

The traffic moved over all the company's lines, proprietary and leased, exceeded that of any previous year in the history of the company. There were carried passengers and freight, viz.:

Number of through and local passengers.....	7,817,877
Number of ferry-suburban passengers.....	14,099,698
Total, this year.....	21,917,575
Total, last year.....	20,846,591
Increase.....	1,070,984
Number of passengers carried one mile, this year.....	692,412,642
Number of passengers carried one mile, last year.....	591,445,414
Increase.....	100,967,228

Number of passengers carried increased 5.14 per cent and passengers carried one mile 17.07 per cent. The average receipts per passenger per mile were 1.898 cents, against 1.999 cents last year—a decrease of .101 cents or 5.05 per cent.

Tons of commercial freight carried this year.....	10,785,515
Tons of commercial freight carried last year.....	9,305,269
Increase.....	1,480,246
Tons of commercial freight carried one mile this year.....	3,343,513,715
Tons of commercial freight carried one mile last year.....	2,593,616,071
Increase.....	749,897,644

Number of tons carried increased 15.90 per cent and tons carried one mile 25.91 per cent. The average receipts per ton per mile were 1.008 cents, against 1.126 cents last year—a decrease of .118 cents, or 10.48 per cent.

In addition to the above tonnage there were carried 393,149,630 ton miles of company freight and 12,309,433 ton miles transferred across the Mississippi River at New Orleans and traffic of The Direct Navigation Company, making a total of 3,748,992,778 ton miles for the year.

The operating expenses of the rail lines have absorbed 61.91 per cent of the gross earnings, against 65.42 per cent in 1897, and the steamships 86.06 per cent of their gross earnings against 78.11 in 1897.

Maintenance of Way and Structures.—Included in these expenditures is the cost of the following improvements:

On the lines east of El Paso: For raising levees, rebuilding seven miles of roadbed and track washed out between Sabine Pass and Taylor's Bayou, and washout protection on El Paso Division.....	\$20,009.13
Change of line at Altuda and near Maxon.....	4,558.92
Reinforcing 8,026 lineal feet of timber trestling with third stringers and iron superstructure over bridge at Devil's River.....	13,394.36
And on the lines west of El Paso: Change of line Railroad Pass, Dragoon Pass and between Soledad and Santa Margarita.....	49,001.22
Filling in 3,300 lineal feet of trestling and steel girder bridge at Willow Creek.....	10,927.24

Maintenance of Equipment.—These expenses include the cost of replacing the following equipment worn out, destroyed or sold:

14 locomotives, 1 baggage, mail and express, 2 combined passenger and baggage, 1 passenger, 3 postal, 2 first-class sleeping cars, 4 tourist, 691 freight cars of all classes, and 10 road-service cars.....	\$351,761.95
Also for applying air-brakes to 12 freight cars and automatic couplers to 4,787 freight cars.....	100,956.60

The rolling stock equipped at the close of the year with safety appliances in accordance with the Act of Congress in respect thereto is as follows:

	Number.	Per cent of total owned.
Locomotives equipped with driver-brakes.....	708	96.20
Freight cars equipped with air-brakes.....	14,923	75.09
Freight cars equipped with automatic couplers.....	14,686	73.86

The steamer "Octavia" was condemned during the year and replaced by the "Ratoon."

Conducting Transportation.—The careful attention given by the management to the loading of cars and tonnage rating of locomotives has enabled the company to move the large increase in traffic above referred to with an increase in expenses of only 12.11 per cent. The mileage and traffic moved on the respective statistical divisions has been as follows:

	PACIFIC SYSTEM.			ATLANTIC PROPERTIES.			HOUSTON & TEXAS CENTRAL LINES.		
	Amount.	Per cent Increase.	Per cent Decrease.	Amount.	Per cent Increase.	Per cent Decrease.	Amount.	Per cent Increase.	Per cent Decrease.
Passenger service:									
Revenue train miles.....	7,913,437	3.51	.....	1,682,363	.....	7.80	911,639	1.03	.....
Car miles.....	49,447,254	14.35	.....	10,272,828	.....	2.58	4,796,140	5.45	.....
Passenger miles.....	587,906,575	21.17	.....	74,631,552	.....	5.19	29,874,515	8.57	.....
Freight service:									
Freight train miles.....	9,103,390	31.51	.....	4,754,336	.....	2.65	1,251,971	.....	3.86
Car miles.....	209,623,981	36.76	.....	101,796,410	.....	11.30	26,542,165	.....	4.77
Ton miles.....	2,330,020,962	39.37	.....	1,181,225,774	.....	18.68	225,417,509	.....	1.41
Average tons per car.....	15.04	3.51	.....	15.75	.....	4.86	12.99	.....	.54
Average tons per train.....	255.89	7.14	.....	248.45	.....	17.50	180.05	.....	2.55

The ferry steamers at New Orleans transferred 107,022 loaded and empty cars. The average number of cars transferred per trip was 7.85 and the average cost per car 71 cents.

V.—GENERAL REMARKS.

Summarizing the transactions for the year ending June 30, 1898, the results have been as follows:

Gross receipts of proprietary companies.....	\$38,848,490 48	
Gross receipts of other lines.....	18,534,553 86	
Gross receipts of Southern Pacific Company.....	1,094,454 20	\$58,477,498 54
Operating expenses of proprietary lines, (including \$351,761 95 for replacement of equipment and \$100,956 60 for equipping rolling stock with safety appliances) taxes, interest, sinking fund contributions and all fixed charges.....	\$34,615,145 55	
Operating expenses and other expenses for account of other lines, including \$324,483 35 advanced for account of Oregon & California Railroad.....	18,975,211 53	
Expenditures of Southern Pacific Company.....	764,538 85	54,354,895 93
Balance.....		\$4,122,602 61
Expenditures for betterments and additions charged to income account.....		1,299,258 03
Surplus over all charges.....		\$2,823,344 58

The expenditures on capital account of the proprietary companies have been as follows:

Construction of lines in Louisiana and California.....	\$2,140,644 39
Real estate, rolling stock and other additional property acquired.....	708,397 90
Cost of California Pacific Railroad, Northern Railway and Northern California Railway.....	22,483,396 01
Total expenditures on capital account.....	\$25,332,438 30

This has been provided for as follows:

Capital stock issued under articles of amalgamation of California Pacific Railroad, Northern California Railway and Northern Railway.....	\$14,582,400 00
Capital stock issued in payment of new lines.....	423,400 00
Bonds of California Pacific Railroad Co. taken over.....	6,825,500 00
Bonds of other companies issued for account of property acquired.....	297,000 00
Total.....	\$22,128,300 00

Balance.....	\$3,204,138 30
There was retired from the outstanding capital during the year, after deducting bonds exchanged or extended, face-value bonds to the amount of.....	830,000 00

There were added to the equipment during the year and charged against the fund for replacement of rolling stock: 6 baggage, mail and express, 1 business, 2 combined baggage and passenger, 3 postal, 912 freight cars of all classes, and 12 road service cars; also 19 box, 15 refrigerator and 4 tank cars charged against the income account and 20 first-class passenger, 4 postal, 100 stock, 2 pit and 102 Rogers' ballast cars charged to capital account. The unexpended balance to the credit of the fund for replacement of rolling stock at the close of the year amounted to \$208,631 98.

There was treated at the several wood preserving plants of the company the following material:

Creosoted—Piling, lineal feet.....	452,389
“ —Lumber, B. M.....	6,258,508
Burnettized—Cross ties, Number.....	1,160,714
“ —Lumber, B. M.....	297,660

The economies resulting from the large annual output of these plants has been referred to in previous reports. The improvement in the physical condition of the roadbed, track and bridges, is summarized in table No. 16 in the Controller's report.

The employes' hospital service has been maintained with as satisfactory results as in the past. There were treated during the year in the hospital, offices and homes, 25,944 patients of the Pacific System lines, and 8,461 patients of the lines of the Atlantic Properties. On the Pacific System the receipts exceeded the expenses by \$11,877 30, and on the Atlantic Properties there was a loss of \$5,043 75, which was charged against the income of the year. The increasing demands upon this branch of the Company's service from the Company's employes on the Pacific System lines prompted the Company to purchase a suitable site in San Francisco for a hospital building and proceed with the erection of a building adequate for its needs and appointed with the best appliances and facilities for the treatment of its patients.

The Board regrets to announce the death during the year of four of its esteemed and valued officers, each of whom had spent the greater part of his business life in the service of these interests. Mr. Charles F. Smurr, Freight Traffic Manager, on October 31, 1897, after a service of twenty-five years. Mr. Richard Gray, General Traffic Manager, on January 7, 1898, after a service of twenty-four years. Mr. A. D. Wilder, Superintendent of the Western Division, on February 14, 1898, after a service of thirty years; and Mr. J. G. Schriever, Vice-President Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad & Steamship Co., and Traffic Manager at New Orleans, La., on March 16, 1898, after a service of thirty-two years in these interests. The experience gained by these gentlemen in their long connection with these interests will be greatly missed, and the ability and fidelity which each brought to bear in the administration of the interests committed to him make it especially appropriate that the Board should express their sense of the deep loss to the Company.

The Board acknowledges its appreciation of the loyalty and devotion which its officers and employes—from the highest to the lowest—have manifested in the discharge of their respective duties, and it fully recognizes the fact that their fidelity and personal pride in the efficiency of these properties have contributed very much towards bringing them up to their present high standard.

Respectfully,

C. P. HUNTINGTON,

President.

INCOME ACCOUNT—SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

EXPENDITURES.		RECEIPTS.	
Operating expenses, taxes, interest and all other disbursements for account of the following "Proprietary Lines," which are an obligation of the Southern Pacific Company under the terms of the respective leases:		Gross transportation and other receipts of the following "Proprietary Lines."—i. e. lines belonging to companies the capital stock of which is principally owned by the Southern Pacific Co. and which are operated by the Southern Pacific Co. under leases to it:	
Louisiana Western RR.....	\$ 908,132 59	Louisiana Western RR.....	\$ 999,514 69
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas RR. & SS.....	5,736,264 56	Morgan's Louisiana & Texas RR. & SS.....	5,678,581 00
South Pacific Coast Ry.....	931,337 57	South Pacific Coast Ry.....	872,213 98
Southern Pacific RR. (of California).....	15,167,311 84	Southern Pacific RR. (of California).....	15,320,942 45
Southern Pacific RR. (of Arizona).....	2,947,812 68	Southern Pacific RR. (of Arizona).....	3,013,065 16
Southern Pacific RR. of New Mexico.....	1,258,123 19	Southern Pacific RR. of New Mexico.....	1,498,145 91
	\$26,948,982 43		\$27,382,463 19
Operating expenses, taxes, interest and all other disbursements in respect of the following lines, which are an obligation of the Southern Pacific Co.:		Gross transportation and other receipts in respect of the following lines whose capital stock is owned by others than the Southern Pacific Co.:	
Central Pacific RR., No. 22.....	\$15,816,011 62	Central Pacific RR., No. 22.....	\$15,816,011 62
Oregon & California RR., No. 23.....	2,107,851 23	Oregon & California RR., No. 23.....	2,107,851 23
New Mexico & Arizona RR.....	217,628 43	New Mexico & Arizona RR.....	187,162 88
Sonora Railway.....	509,236 90	Sonora Railway.....	423,528 13
	18,650,728 18		18,534,553 86
Expenses operating Marysville steamboat line.....	53,856 61	Gross receipts Marysville steamboat line.....	61,452 61
Taxes.....	41,015 34	Rental from steamships.....	510,191 35
Rental to Central Pacific RR. Co.....	10,000 00	Rental from terminal facilities and other property.....	150,332 51
Rental to Oregon & California RR. Co.....	5,000 00	Interest on bonds owned.....	136,883 33
	15,000 00	Profit operating wood preserving works	69,764 40
Interest on steamship bonds.....	152,190 00	Dividends on Wells Fargo & Co. stock owned.....	99,000 00
Insurance on steamships.....	166,641 54	Miscellaneous.....	16,830 00
Interest on open accounts.....	235,581 37		
General administration expenses.....	20,253 99		
Annual contribution for redemption of steamship bonds.....	75,000 00		
Balance to profit and loss, No. 18.....	647,221 79		
	\$47,011,471 25		\$47,011,471 25

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES—SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

LIABILITIES.		1898.	1897.	ASSETS.	
<i>Capital Liabilities—</i>				<i>Capital Assets—</i>	
Capital stock	\$121,055,170 00	\$120,995,070 00	Stk owned in prop'yary co's, No. 19	\$123,385,203 89	\$122,990,653 08
Southern Pacific Company 6 per cent steamship bonds, due Jan. 1, 1911	2,501,000 00	2,572,000 00	" " leased lines, No. 19	400,000 00	679,830 16
			" " other comp's, No. 19	893,201 67	903,577 67
	\$123,556,170 00	\$123,567,070 00	Steamships & other float'g equip'm't.	*1,537,991 22	3,072,845 04
<i>Current Liabilities—</i>				Total	\$126,216,396 78
Loans and bills payable	\$1,425,000 00	\$913,075 53	<i>Current Assets—</i>		\$127,646,905 95
Audited vouchers	1,299,137 69	1,241,361 15	<i>Face Value.</i>		
Audited pay-rolls	2,129,097 79	1,803,504 44	Capital stock Wells, Fargo & Co.	\$1,650,000	\$1,815,000 00
Individuals and companies		28,356 35	S. P. RR. Co. of Cal. 1st M. 5% bonds	1,376,000	218,530 31
Depositors	245,343 63	347,899 33	G. W. T. & P. Ry. Co. 1st M. 5% bonds	2,224,000	1,334,178 38
Pacific Improvement Company	652,776 46	771,719 28	H. & T. C. RR. Co. Debenture 5% bonds	452,000	452,000 00
Traffic balances	130,080 69	100,729 73	O. & C. RR. Co. 1st M. 5% bonds	401,000	312,125 00
Interest coupons due, but not presented	159,712 50	89,565 00	Gila Valley Globe & Nor. Ry. Co 5% bonds	270,000	204,145 84
Interest coupons due July 1st	2,377,630 00	2,452,950 00	Sierra Ry. Co of Cal. 1st M. 6% bonds	50,000	50,000 00
Interest on bonds accrued to June 30, but not due	837,490 50	832,490 49	Cash	3,935,254 50	2,009,579 13
Dividend payable to Central Pacific stockholders July 1, 1897	217,713 43	395,326 93	Agents and conductors	577,054 16	494,140 04
	\$9,473,982 69	\$9,006,978 23	Individuals and companies	95,248 43	204,114 99
<i>Deferred Liabilities—</i>				Bills receivable	1,757,568 38
Individuals and companies	\$163,125 69	\$140,500 00	U. S. Gov't transportation	45,369 23	19,054 27
Taxes estimated to June 30, 1897	130,373 18	884,701 97	Material, fuel and other supplies	1,734,789 74	2,400,075 20
Central Pacific Railroad Co.	203,059 85	576,000 00	Construction advances	323 652 51	18,362 47
Wells, Fargo & Co. contract	544,000 00		Total	\$12,874,916 48	\$9,775,672 82
	\$1,040,558 69	\$1,601,201 97	<i>Deferred Assets—</i>		
<i>Contingent Liabilities—</i>				Steamship El Rio and tug El Toro	\$577,363 67
Steamship insurance fund	\$570,000 00	\$1,013,098 75	River steamers and barges	\$23,600 00	23,600 00
Marine insurance fund	669,401 82	540,036 04	Real estate and ter. prop., San Fran.	2,001,737 97	2,000,016 05
Renewal fund for cars	92,100 77	204,935 51	Real est. and ter. prop., other places	977,716 04	731,187 28
Renewal fund for locomotives	73,320 06	25,120 06	Creosoting and burnettizing works, California	125,672 38	125,603 30
Renewal fund for floating equip'm't	13,360 00	74,020 26	Rolling stock	147,274 03	129,704 92
Renewal fund for structures	20,606 43	1,614 12	Individuals and companies	42,238 44	33,733 63
Individuals and companies		3,117 95	Sonora Railway Company	729 559 37	634,398 15
Wells, Fargo & Co. contract		69,840 00	U. S. Gov't transport'n, Pac. System		
Austin & Northwestern RR. Co.	20,829 29	19,771 04	Total	\$4,047,798 23	\$4,255,612 00
Central Texas & Northwest'n Ry. Co.	5,303 39	5,026 97	<i>Contingent Assets—</i>		
Houston & Texas Central RR. Co.		414,318 93	G. H. & S. A. Ry. M. P. ext.		
Louisiana Western Railroad Co.	117,393 91		2d mort.	\$1,110,000	\$277,500 00
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad & Steamship Co.	1,520,173 93	2,075,514 98	Individuals and companies	2,022 97	
Northern Railway Company		2,405,328 36	Unadjusted accounts	2,170,440 84	1,358,014 21
Southern Pac RR. Co of California	3,839,244 09		Fort Worth & New Orleans Ry. Co.	1,270 00	13,076 17
Southern Pacific RR. Co. of Arizona	72,181 81	13,322 56	Galv. H'burg & San Antonio Ry. Co.	833,643 80	1,099,010 00
Southern Pac. RR. Co. of New Mex.	22,428 69		Gulf Western Texas & Pac. Ry. Co.	30,672 07	34,756 79
Texas & New Orleans RR. Co.	335,621 79	216,722 28	Houston & Texas Central RR. Co.	2,663 53	
The Direct Navigation Co.	105,140 60		Louisiana Western RR. Co.		96,930 36
	\$7,477,104 58	\$7,099,737 81	New York Texas & Mexican Ry. Co.	374,568 38	601,666 63
Total liabilities	\$141,547,815 96	\$141,275,038 01	Southern Pacific RR. Co. of Cal.		657 84
			South. Pacific RR. Co. of N. Mexico		109,738 60
<i>Balance to credit of profit and loss</i>	\$8,898,552 04	\$7,104,332 93	Oregon & California RR. Co.	3,589,474 92	3,107,672 34
Total	\$150,446,368 00	\$148,379,370 94	Const'n advances to prop. companies		2,157 23
			Total	\$7,307,256 51	\$6,701,180 17
			Total	\$150,446,368 00	\$148,379,370 94

*STEAMSHIPS AND OTHER FLOATING EQUIPMENT OWNED.

Ocean Steamships—El Dorado	3,531 tons	River Steamers—Herald	204 tons
El Mar	3,531 "	D. E. Knight	217 "
El Monte	3,531 "	Knight No. 2	24 "
El Paso	3,531 "	Barges—Acmé	295 tons, Nicolaus
			700 tons, Oroville
			800 tons

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES—PROPRIETARY COMPANIES.

LIABILITIES.		Total June 30, 1898.	Total June 30, 1897.	ASSETS.	
<i>Capital Liabilities—</i>				<i>Capital Assets—</i>	
Capital stock	\$197,257,552 00	\$182,251,752 00	Cost of road and franchise	\$379,736,520 04	\$357,009,841 02
Funded debt (No. 9)	156,983,601 24	150,699,051 71	<i>Current Assets—</i>		
Total	\$354,241,153 24	\$332,950,803 71	Stocks and Bonds (No. 13)	916,170 00	\$1,001,465 00
<i>Current Liabilities—</i>				Cash	915,713 58
Loans and bills payable		\$5,750 00	Agents and conductors	87,708 60	759,325 75
Vouchers and pay-rolls	\$970,160 68	819,568 85	Bills receivable	82,886 64	101,069 34
Pacific Improvement Co.	34,918 45		Pacific Improvement Company	315,928 35	265,190 76
Individuals and companies	3,751 27	294,329 17	Individuals and companies	260,126 99	286,059 07
Coupons due but not presented	375,979 67	274,400 00	U. S. Trans'n & Atlantic properties	162,381 12	65,363 71
Coupons due to July 1st	428,107 50	490,624 99	Material, fuel and other supplies	1,194,264 32	1,333,059 18
Interest on bonds to June 30th	482,144 14	28,961 36	Traffic balances	30,824 89	
Traffic balances	80,007 19	347,328 98	Total	\$3,966,001 49	\$3,893,452 73
Depositors	523,057 47		<i>Deferred Assets—</i>		
Total	\$2,898,126 37	\$2,260,861 35	Individuals and companies	\$241,322 83	\$41,212 88
<i>Deferred Liabilities—</i>				Unadjusted accounts	8,366 21
Individuals and companies	\$23,945 56	\$107,823 70	State of Texas sub'dy lands 694,141 acres	630,261 06	2,179,973 74
Taxes assessed but not due	105,477 00	93,496 07	Other lands in State of Texas 130,013 acres	293,868 19	290,016 19
Unadjusted accounts	2,760 00	376,182 44	Land notes and contracts	2,501,365 04	2,850,051 21
Sinking funds, uninvested	506,530 30	77,115 75	Other property	11,493 60	11,493 60
Total	\$638,712 86	\$579,502 21	Sinking funds	3,715,115 22	3,071,534 03
<i>Contingent Liabilities—</i>				Total	\$7,401,792 15
Individuals and companies	\$110,113 54		<i>Contingent Assets—</i>		
Renewal funds	29,851 13	\$107,235 78	Individuals and companies	\$130,916 17	\$116,566 87
Unadjusted accounts	394,569 83		Unadjusted accounts	237,225 73	26,313 54
Southern Pacific Co.	1,482,930 58		Southern Development Co.	603,176 98	603,176 98
Southern Development Co.	619,825 42	637,415 73	Stock in Proprietary Co's (No. 13)	583,151 46	583,151 46
Austin & Northwestern RR. Co.	4 85	59,030 31	Southern Pacific Company	6,330,512 46	3,194,168 73
Cent. Texas & Northwestern Ry. Co.	22,467 55	7,373 62	Miscellaneous stocks	865 00	865 00
Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio Ry. Co.	190,308 91	170,346 27	Austin & Northwestern RR. Co.	74,061 30	84,391 67
Gulf West. Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.	2,728 80	562 12	Cent. Texas & Northwestern RR. Co.	136,519 98	
Houston & Texas Central RR. Co.	263,971 31	132,296 10	Fort Worth & New Orleans Ry. Co.	81,862 43	55,280 28
Morgan's La. & Texas RR. & SS. Co.	72,681 52	68,040 59	Galv. H'burg & San Antonio Ry. Co.	982,296 27	867,591 99
New York Texas & Mexican Ry. Co.	71,797 47	187,301 63	Gulf Western Texas & Pac. Ry. Co.	63,547 98	377,307 00
Texas & New Orleans RR. Co.	1,333,660 49	1,164,942 10	Houston & Texas Central RR. Co.	150,525 59	59,028 08
The Direct Navigation Co.	40,277 63	77,115 75	Iberia & Vermillon RR. Co.	2,645 97	7,703 82
Principal of deferred payments on land contracts	2,377,944 83	2,769,952 53	Morgan's La & Texas RR & S.S. Co.	26,060 41	26,001 74
Total	\$7,019,133 86	\$5,383,612 53	New York Texas & Mexican Ry. Co.	294,805 34	219,050 61
			Texas & New Orleans RR. Co.	99,746 23	119,720 24
			The Direct Navigation Co.	115,263 63	62,808 06
			Total	\$9,912,682 93	\$6,402,626 07
<i>Profit and loss</i>	\$37,947,912 49	\$35,642,203 87	<i>Profit and loss</i>	\$1,728,042 21	\$1,066,782 20
Total	\$402,745,035 82	\$376,816,983 67	Total assets	\$402,745,038 82	\$376,816,983 67

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY—CAPITAL STOCK OWNED IN PROPRIETARY COMPANIES, LEASED LINES AND OTHER COMPANIES.

NAME OF COMPANY.	June 30, 1898.	
	Par Value.	Cost.
<i>Proprietary Companies:</i>		
Austin & Northwestern RR. Co.....	\$1,008,000 00	
Central Texas & Northwestern Ry. Co.....	200,000 00	
Fort Worth & New Orleans Ry. Co.....	300,000 00	
Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio Ry. Co.....	27,038,900 00	
Houston & Texas Central RR. Co.....	9,598,400 00	
Louisiana Western RR. Co.....	3,810,000 00	
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas RR. & Steamship Co.....	14,995,000 00	
New York Texas & Mexican Ry. Co.....	615,000 00	
South Pacific Coast Ry. Co.....	5,993,000 00	
Southern Pacific RR. Co. (of Arizona).....	19,992,600 00	
Southern Pacific RR. Co. (of California).....	86,069,689 00	
Southern Pacific RR. Co. of New Mexico.....	6,886,300 00	
Texas & New Orleans RR. Co.....	4,997,500 00	
	<u>\$181,004,389 00</u>	<u>\$123,385,203 89</u>
<i>Leased Lines:</i>		
Oregon & California RR. Co.....	\$4,000,000 00	
	<u>\$4,000,000 00</u>	<u>\$400,000 00</u>
<i>Other Companies:</i>		
Mexican International RR. Co.....	\$4,172,100 00	
Miscellaneous.....	67,300 00	
Total.....	<u>\$4,239,400 00</u>	<u>\$893,201 67</u>
	<u>\$189,243,789 00</u>	<u>\$124,678,405 56</u>
<i>The Morgan's Louisiana & Texas RR. & SS. Co. is the owner of the following capital stock in the following companies:</i>		
Gulf Western Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.....	\$496,500 00	
The Direct Navigation Co.....	50,000 00	
Iberia & Vermillion RR. Co.....	300,000 00	
Atehalaya Bay Co.....	24,500 00	
Buffalo Bayou Ship Channel Co.....	5,054 00	
Total.....	<u>\$876,054 00</u>	<u>\$583,151 46</u>

PROPRIETARY COMPANIES—ROLLING STOCK AND FLOATING EQUIPMENT OWNED.

ROLLING STOCK.	Total owned June 30, 1897.	Destroyed or sold, credited to Renewal fund.	ADDED AND CHARGED TO			Total owned June 30, 1898.
			Renewal fund.	Income account.	Capital account.	
<i>Locomotives:</i>	749	14	....	....	....	735
In thorough order.....	....	....	....	....	....	267
In good order.....	....	....	....	....	....	259
Requiring repairs.....	....	....	....	....	....	152
In shop.....	....	....	....	....	....	57
Out of service.....	....	....	....	....	....	3
<i>Passenger Equipment:</i>						
Baggage, mail and express.....	175	1	6	....	....	180
Business.....	14	....	1	....	....	15
Chair and parlor.....	6	....	....	....	....	6
Composite.....	3	....	....	....	....	3
Compartment.....	4	....	....	....	....	4
Combined passenger and baggage.....	55	2	2	....	....	52
Dining.....	5	....	....	....	....	5
Passenger.....	467	1	....	....	20	484
Postal.....	10	3	3	....	4	14
Sleeping—first-class.....	71	2	....	....	....	69
Tourist.....	41	4	....	....	....	37
Total.....	851	13	12	....	24	869
<i>Freight Equipment:</i>						
Box.....	9,872	150	563	19	....	10,256
Caboose.....	299	2	2	....	....	299
Flat.....	6,457	423	236	....	....	6,221
Fruit.....	808	6	2	....	....	804
Furniture.....	242	2	....	....	....	240
Gondola.....	1,251	31	40	....	....	1,305
Pit.....	....	....	....	....	2	2
Refrigerator.....	126	....	40	15	....	181
Stock.....	420	73	....	....	100	492
Tank.....	27	4	29	4	....	77
Total.....	19,502	691	912	38	102	19,877
<i>Road Service:</i>						
Ballast.....	....	....	....	....	102	102
Derrick and tender.....	44	3	3	....	....	49
Dump.....	21	....	....	....	....	21
Miscellaneous.....	9	....	1	....	....	9
Pile driver and tender.....	13	....	....	....	....	13
Station.....	78	3	8	....	....	86
Water.....	128	4	....	....	....	124
Total.....	293	10	12	....	102	404

FLOATING EQUIPMENT.

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA & TEXAS RAILROAD & STEAMSHIP CO.—"MORGAN LINE"—

	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons
Steamships, iron.....	Algiers..... 2,294	Excelsior..... 3,264	Tugs.....	Crickett..... 15	Juno..... 80
	Aransas..... 1,157	Gussie..... 998		El Chico..... 106	Picayune..... 23
	Chalmette..... 2,983	Morgan..... 994		El Mozo..... 104	Restless..... 53
	Clifton..... 1,187	Whitney..... 1,338	Barges, etc.....	Adeline.....	Caroline..... Harlan..... Ramos
Car transfer steamers at New Orleans, La.—	Carrier..... 1,749	Endeavour..... 634		Alice.....	Enterprise, Matilda... Rebecca
River steamers.....	Baggasse..... 57	Saccharine... 218		Belle.....	Grace..... Minna... St. Mary
	Ratoon..... 52	Sugarland... 241		2 derrick boats.....	1 steam pile driver
				2 s'tship stern docks..	1 dredge boat

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY RR. CO.

FORTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT—FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1898.

CHICAGO, September 14, 1898.

To the Stockholders of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company:

Your Directors submit the following report of the operations of the Company for the year ended June 30, 1898:

*** EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.**

The Gross Earnings of the Company, including those of all leased and controlled railroads, have been:

From Freight.....	\$30,543,639 88	
From Passengers.....	8,153,042 17	
From Mail, Express and Miscellaneous.....	4,103,480 28	\$42,800,162 33

The Expenses have been:

Operating Expenses.....	\$26,272,218 42	
Taxes.....	1,533,667 62	27,810,886 04

Net Earnings from Operating..... \$14,989,276 29

Add for—

Other Income and Interest.....	\$457,331 34	
Net Receipts of B. & M. RR. in Nebraska and H. & St. J. RR. Land Departments for the year.....	76,829 95	534,161 29

Total net Receipts..... \$15,523,437 58

Charges have been:

Interest on Bonds.....	\$8,251,466 00	
Rent of Tracks and Depots.....	410,566 35	
Sinking Funds.....	778,612 25	9,440,644 60

\$6,082,792 98

Dividends have been paid as follows:

September 15, 1897, 1 per cent.....	\$820,028 00	
December 15, 1897, 1 per cent.....	820,028 00	
March 15, 1898, 1 1/4 per cent.....	1,025,035 00	
June 15, 1898, 1 1/4 per cent.....	1,025,035 00	3,690,126 00

\$2,392,666 98

From which the Directors have carried to "Renewal Fund" the sum of..... 1,000,000 00

Surplus for the year..... \$1,392,666 98

1897-8 COMPARED WITH 1896-7.

Gross Earnings from Operating in 1897-8.....	\$42,800,162 33
In 1896-7.....	35,526,186 49
Increase in 1897-8.....	\$7,273,975 84

Operating Expenses and Taxes in 1897-8.....	\$27,810,886 04
In 1896-7.....	22,661,768 96
Increase in 1897-8.....	\$5,149,117 08

Net Earnings from Operating in 1897-8.....	\$14,989,276 29
In 1896-7.....	12,864,417 53
Increase in 1897-8.....	\$2,124,858 76

Percentage of Operating Expenses (including Taxes) to Gross Earnings in 1897-8.....	64.98
In 1896-7.....	63.79
Increase in 1897-8.....	1.19

Total number of Passengers carried one mile in 1897-8, exclusive of Free Mileage.....	362,302,510
In 1896-7.....	316,021,501
Increase in 1897-8.....	46,281,009

Gross Earnings from Passengers in 1897-8.....	\$8,153,042 17
In 1896-7.....	7,226,265 76
Increase in 1897-8.....	\$926,776 41

Gross Earnings per Passenger per mile in 1897-8.....	2.23 cents.
In 1896-7.....	2.27 "
Decrease in 1897-8.....	0.04 cents.

Miles run by Passenger Trains in 1897-8 (standard gauge).....	10,424,510
In 1896-7.....	10,103,666
Increase in 1897-8.....	320,844

Miles run by Passenger Trains per mile of road operated in 1897-8 (standard gauge).....	1.452
In 1896-7.....	1.407
Increase 1897-8.....	.045

Total number of Tons of Freight carried one mile in 1897-8.....	3,295,586,072
In 1896-7.....	2,750,736,618
Increase in 1897-8.....	544,849,454

Gross Earnings from Freight in 1897-8.....	\$30,543,639 88
In 1896-7.....	24,007,347 64
Increase in 1897-8.....	\$6,536,292 24

* A statement of Earnings and Expenses for the six months ended June 30, 1897, will be found on pp. 59-60 of pamphlet.

Gross Earnings per ton per mile in 1897-8.....	0.919 cents.
In 1896-7.....	0.867 "
Increase in 1897-8.....	0.052 cents.
Miles run by Freight Trains in 1897-8 (standard gauge).....	18,849,775
In 1896-7.....	15,915,267
Increase in 1897-8.....	2,934,508
Miles run by Freight Trains per mile of road operated in 1897-8 (standard gauge).....	2.625
In 1896-7.....	2.217
Increase in 1897-8.....	.408

NOTE.—The Earnings and Expenses of all roads owned or controlled by the C. B. & Q. RR. Co. are included above; but the tons and passengers carried one mile do not include those of the narrow-gauge roads, for which no such statistics are kept. In figuring the earnings per ton and per passenger per mile, the freight and passenger earnings of the narrow-gauge roads have therefore been excluded.

CAPITAL STOCK.

The Capital Stock of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, in which there has been no change since the date of last report is.....	\$82,002,800 00
Capital Stock of the Burlington & Missouri River RR. Co. (Iowa) outstanding on June 30, 1898, was.....	1,400 00
Aggregate of Capital Stock on June 30, 1898.....	\$82,004,200 00

NOTE.—The C. B. & Q. RR. Co. owns and holds in its treasury almost all of the capital stock of the railroad companies controlled by it. For a detailed statement of the amount of such stock outstanding and the amount owned by the C. B. & Q. See page 52 of pamphlet report.

FUNDED DEBT.

The Funded Debt of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR. Co. on December 31, 1896 was.....	\$128,829,900 00
--	------------------

There were issued during the eighteen months ended June 30, 1898, Bonds as follows:

C. B. & Q. Consolidated Mortgage 7 per cent Bonds of 1903 issued for Scrip surrendered.....	\$2,000 00
C. B. & Q. Iowa Division 4 per cent Bonds of 1919 sold.....	207,000 00
B. & M. R. RR. in Nebr. Consolidated Mortgage 6 per cent Bonds of 1918 sold....	547,000 00
	\$756,000 00

The reductions during the eighteen months were as follows:

Bond Scrip exchanged for C. B. & Q. Consolidated Mortgage 7 per cent Bonds of 1903 and canceled.....	\$2,000 00
Purchased for Sinking Funds and canceled:	
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1919 (Iowa Division).....	228,000 00
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1927 (Nebraska Extension).....	620,000 00
	850,000 00

Net Decrease of Funded Debt during the eighteen months..... 94,000 00

Total Funded Debt of the C. B. & Q. RR. Co. on June 30, 1898.....	\$128,735,900 00
Outstanding Funded Debt of controlled railroad companies on December 31, 1896 (being the amount not owned by the C. B. & Q. RR. Co.), was.....	\$24,259,000 00

The reductions during the eighteen months for bonds purchased and canceled were as follows:

Tarkio Valley First Mortgage 7 per cent bonds of 1920.....	\$11,000 00
Nodaway Valley First Mortgage 7 per cent bonds of 1920.....	10,000 00
C. B. & N. First Mortgage 5 per cent bonds of 1926.....	93,500 00
Decrease during the eighteen months.....	\$114,500 00

Total outstanding Funded Debt of Controlled Railroad Companies on June 30, 1898..... 24,144,500 00

Total outstanding Funded Debt of the whole system on June 30, 1898..... \$152,880,400 00
For detailed statements of which see pages 38 to 51 of pamphlet.

LENGTH OF ROAD.

The number of miles of Road owned and leased by the Company, including all Branches, on Dec. 31, 1896, was.....	5,652.62
Add, for mileage leased and operated jointly with other Companies and Roads for which a fixed yearly rental is paid.....	207.23
Total number of miles operated by the Company, December 31, 1896, as stated in the last Annual Report.....	5,859.85
Less decrease on account of changes in tracks at Omaha, Neb.....	0.15
Total number of miles operated by Company, June 30, 1898.....	5,859.70

DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Number of miles of road owned and leased by the Company, including all Branches.....	5,652.47
Number of miles of leased road operated jointly with other Companies, and that for which a fixed yearly rental is paid.....	207.23
	5,859.70
Number of miles of standard gauge road operated by railroad companies controlled by the C. B. & Q. RR. Co. on June 30, 1898.....	1,438.99
Total.....	7,298.69

Brought forward.....	7,298 69
From which should be deducted for mileage operated jointly by two or more companies in the System, and which is therefore duplicated above.....	118 72
Making the total standard gauge mileage operated by the whole System on June 30, 1898.....	7,179 97

The average number of miles operated by the System during 1897-8 was..... 7,179 97
 NOTE.—For details of the above mileage, see pages 53 to 58. In addition to the above standard gauge mileage, the Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR. Co. controls 178-60 miles of narrow-gauge road.

LENGTH OF SECOND TRACK.

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD CO.

The number of miles of Second Track on June 30, 1898, was:	Miles.
In Illinois.....	204 01
In Iowa.....	88 61
In Nebraska.....	4 75
Total.....	297 37

STANDARD GAUGE CONTROLLED ROADS.

In Missouri 31-100 miles of Second Track was added during the year.	
Length of Second Track on standard gauge controlled roads, June 30, 1898, was.....	26 28
Total.....	323 65

CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT.

EXPENDITURES.

There was expended for Construction during the eighteen months ended June 30, 1898, on the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad and Branches in Illinois and Iowa :

For Undercrossing, La Grange, Ill.....	\$20,589 42
For New Terminal Facilities, Quincy, Ill., including Land and Tracks.....	206,749 76
For Track Elevation, Chicago.....	5,545 68
For Elevation of St. Charles Air Line, including Land and Tracks.....	18,986 09
For New Freight House, Chicago, including Land and Tracks.....	44,282 18
For Land, Chicago.....	54,830 02
For Land and Right of Way.....	15,248 78
For New Tracks.....	22,325 16
For New Buildings.....	11,195 05
For Electric-Light Plant, West Burlington Shops.....	5,302 11
	\$405,054 25
Less Miscellaneous Credits.....	4,420 78
	\$400,633 47

On the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad in Nebraska and Branches:

For Land and Right of Way.....	\$14,169 31
For New Fences.....	23,92 70
For New Buildings and Water Works.....	28,345 25
For New Side Tracks.....	31,773 40
For New Bridging.....	41,134 09
For New Ballast.....	71,077 69
For New Depot at Omaha, including Land and Tracks.....	457,078 14
For Permanent Improvement of Roadbed, Atchison & Nebraska RR.....	9,790 22
For Miscellaneous Construction.....	22 44
	677,296 24

	\$1,077,929 71
Deduct for excess of Premium over Discount on Bonds sold, and excess of Discount over Premium on Bonds purchased for Sinking Funds and canceled.....	31,307 32

Net amount charged Construction Account during the eighteen months was.....	\$1,046,622 39
The cost of Shop Tools and Air Brakes paid for during the eighteen months and charged Equipment Account was.....	29,157 78

Net amount charged Construction and Equipment Accounts during the eighteen months was.....	\$1,075,780 15
--	----------------

There was expended for Construction during the eighteen months on the standard gauge roads controlled by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company :

For New Ballast.....	\$87,185 86
For New Tracks.....	69,010 58
For New Bridging.....	7,640 90
For New Buildings.....	4,369 02
For New Fencing.....	314 11
	\$168,520 47

Less Credits for amounts refunded in condemnation cases and other small items.....	91,796 20
--	-----------

Net amount charged to Construction Account in the eighteen months was.....	\$76,724 27
--	-------------

The cost of Cars, Shop Tools and Air Brakes paid for during the eighteen months and charged Equipment Account was.....	6,599 96
--	----------

Net amount charged Construction and Equipment Accounts during the eighteen months was.....	\$83,314 23
--	-------------

There was expended for Construction during the eighteen months on the narrow gauge roads controlled by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company:

For New Side Tracks.....	\$3,501 75
For New Buildings.....	331 86
For New Fencing.....	994 10
	\$4,827 71

Less credits for Land sold.....	183 15
---------------------------------	--------

Net amount charged Construction Account during the eighteen months was.....	\$4,634 56
---	------------

The cost of Cars and Air Brakes paid for during the eighteen months and charged Equipment Account was.....	15,066 71
--	-----------

Net amount charged Construction and Equipment Accounts during the eighteen months was.....	\$19,701 27
--	-------------

EQUIPMENT

No new cars or engines were charged in Equipment Account of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company during the eighteen months ended June 30, 1898.

The Equipment on June 30, 1898, is as follows:

Engines.....	891
Passenger and Combination Cars (1).....	552
Baggage, Mail and Express Cars (1).....	188
Dining Cars.....	10
Officers' and Pay Cars (1).....	13
Way Cars.....	399
Boarding Cars (2).....	16
Wrecking Cars.....	9
Box and Stock Cars (2).....	24,991
Coal, Flat and Ore Cars.....	6,910

NOTE.—(1) One Passenger Car changed to a Baggage and Mail Car, and three changed to Officers' Cars. (2) One Box Car changed to a Boarding Car.

There was added during the eighteen months to the equipment of the standard gauge railroad companies controlled by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company :

Combination Cars.....	1
-----------------------	---

The Equipment on June 30, 1898, is as follows:

Engines.....	214
Passenger and Combination Cars (1).....	104
Baggage, Mail and Express Cars (1).....	51
Dining Cars.....	4
Officers' and Pay Cars.....	5
Way Cars.....	110
Boarding Cars.....	2
Wrecking Cars.....	6
Box and Stock Cars (2).....	5,416
Flat and Coal Cars (2).....	1,626

NOTE.—(1) Five Passenger and Combination Cars changed to Baggage, Mail and Express Cars, and one new Passenger Car added. (2) One Stock Car changed to a Coal Car and one Coal Car omitted from 1896 report.

There were added during the eighteen months to the Equipment of the narrow gauge railroad companies controlled by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company :

Ore Cars.....	9
---------------	---

The Equipment on June 30, 1898, is as follows:

Engines.....	18
Passenger and Combination Cars.....	17
Baggage, Mail and Express Cars.....	3
Way Cars.....	2
Wrecking Cars.....	3
Box and Stock Cars.....	316
Flat, Coal, and Ore Cars.....	273

GENERAL REMARKS.

The actual length of standard gauge road operated by the Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company and controlled companies on June 30, 1898, was 7,180 miles, the same as on December 31, 1896.

The average number of miles of standard gauge road operated by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company and controlled companies in 1897-8 was 7,180 miles, the same as in 1896-7. The gross earnings per mile of road operated were \$5,961 02 in 1897-8, against \$4,947 94 in 1896 7. The operating expenses, including taxes, per mile, in 1897-8, were \$3,873 33, against \$3,156 24 in 1896-7. The percentage of operating expenses, including taxes, to gross earnings, in 1897-8, was 64 98 against 63 79 per cent in 1896-7.

The number of tons moved one mile on the standard gauge road increased 19 81-100 per cent as compared with 1896-7, while freight earnings increased 23 06-100 per cent. Passengers carried one mile increased 14 64-100 per cent, while passenger earnings increased 12 82-100 per cent. The percentage of operating expenses to gross earnings increased 1 19-100 per cent.

Sinking Funds have increased during the year \$1,344,382 09, of which sum \$778,612 25 was paid directly from the earnings of the year, and the remainder \$565,769 84 was the accumulation of interest on bonds held in the funds. This Sinking Fund increase was used in purchasing \$1,342,600 bonds, of which \$529,000 bonds were canceled and \$813,600 remain uncanceled in the Sinking Fund investments.

For further details relating to the affairs of the company, reference is made to the Report of the Treasurer and following statements. By order of the Board of Directors,
 CHARLES E. PERKINS, President.

INCOME ACCOUNT.

THE CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY, IN ACCOUNT WITH INCOME ACCOUNT JUNE 30, 1898.

DEBIT.

Dec. 31, 1893—For Balance as p. Ann. Report of 1896.....	\$11,511,392 40
June 30, 1898—For Freight Earnings, eighteen months.....	\$32,257,342 33
For Passenger Earnings, eighteen months.....	8,400,650 05
For Miscell. Earnings, eighteen months.....	4,548,915 73
	45,206,908 11
For Int on Securities of Controlled Roads, eighteen months.....	\$1,100,687 38
For Dividends on Stock of Controlled Roads, eighteen months.....	1,407,653 13
For other Interest and Income, 18 months..	622,924 10
	3,131,244 61
For Net Receipts from B & M. R. RR. in Neb. Land Grant, 18 mos..	93,957 66
	\$59,943,502 78

CREDIT.	
By Operating Expenses, 18 months...	\$27,411,661 72
By Rent of Tracks & Depots, 18 mos...	327,534 31
By Taxes, State, Co. & City, 18 mos...	2,345,171 49
By Interest on Bonds—	
Chic. Bur. & Q. RR. and Branches,	
eighteen months.....	10,101,248 50
By Cash Paid to Sinking Funds (18	
months) for—	
C. B. & Q. 5s of 1901...	\$88,875 00
C. B. & Q. 4s & 5s of	
1919 (Iowa Div.).....	229,425 00
C. B. & Q. 4s of 1921	43,000 00
C. B. & Q. 4s of 1922	
(Denver Extension).....	119,520 00
C. B. & Q. 4s of 1927	
(Nebraska Extension).....	588,238 59
B. & M. R. RR. in Neb.	
4 per cent Bonds.....	100,410 00
Linc. & North West. RR.	
7 per cent Bonds.....	6,000 00
	1,175,463 59
By Dividends—	
March 15, 1897, 1 p. c.	\$820,028 00
June 15, 1897, 1 p. c.	820,028 00
Sept. 15, 1897, 1 p. c.	820,028 00
Dec. 15, 1897, 1 per cent	820,028 00
Mar. 15, 1898, 1 1/4 p. c.	1,025,035 00
June 15, 1898, 1 1/4 p. c.	1,025,035 00
	5,330,182 00
By Amount transf'd to Renewal Fund.	1,000,000 00
By Balance at credit of Income Acc't.	\$47,691,266 61
	12,252,236 17
	\$59,943,502 78

GENERAL ACCOUNT.

THE CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY
IN GENERAL ACCOUNT, JUNE 30, 1898.

DEBIT.	
<i>Capital Stock—</i>	
820,028 shares C. B. & Q. stock.....	\$82,002,800
14 shares B. & M. R. RR. (Ia.) stock.....	1,400
	\$82,004,200
<i>Funded Debt—</i>	
C. B. & Q. Consolidated Mortgage 7 per cent	
Bonds, payable July 1, 1903.....	\$28,915,000
C. B. & Q. Consolidated Mort. Bond Scrip.....	9,000
C. B. & Q. Sinking Fund 5 p. cent	
Bonds, payable Oct 1, 1901.....	\$2,500,000
Less amount purchased for Sinking	
Fund and canceled.....	185,000
	2,315,000
C. B. & Q. Iowa Div. Mort. Sinking	
Fund 5 p. c. Bonds, payable	
Oct. 1, 1919.....	\$3,000,000
Less amount purchased for Sinking	
Fund and canceled.....	182,000
	2,818,000
C. B. & Q. Iowa Div. Mort. Sinking	
Fund 4 p. c. Bonds, payable	
Oct. 1, 1919.....	\$12,502,000
Less amount purchased for Sinking	
Fund and canceled.....	3,452,000
	9,050,000
C. B. & Q. Sinking Fund 4 p. c. Bonds, payable	
Sept. 1, 1921.....	4,300,000
C. B. & Q. Sinking Fund 4 p. c. Bonds, payable	
Feb. 1, 1922 (Denver Extension).....	7,968,000
C. B. & Q. 5 p. c. Bonds, payable May 1, 1913	
C. B. & Q. Nebraska Extension	
Mort. Sinking Fund 4 p. c. Bonds,	
payable May 1, 1927.....	\$29,441,000
Less amount purchased for Sinking	
Fund and canceled.....	3,331,000
	26,110,000
C. B. & Q. Convertible 5 per cent	
Bonds, payable Sept. 1, 1903.....	\$15,278,700
Less amount converted into stock	
14,800	
	15,263,900
C. B. & Q. Chicago & Iowa Division 5 p. c.	
Bonds, payable Feb. 1, 1905.....	2,320,000
B. & M. R. RR. in Nebraska Consolidated	
Mort. Sinking Fund 6 p. c. Bonds, payable	
July 1, 1918.....	13,441,000
B. & M. R. RR. in Nebraska Sinking Fund 4	
p. c. Bonds, payable Jan. 1, 1910.....	3,347,000
Republican Valley RR. Mort. Sinking Fund 6	
p. c. Bonds, payable July 1, 1919.....	1,078,000
	\$125,934,900
<i>Contingent Liabilities for Branch Roads—</i>	
Ottawa Oswego & Fox River Valley RR. 8 p.	
c. Bonds, payable July 1, 1900.....	\$1,076,000
Atchison & Nebraska RR. 7 p. c. Bonds, payable	
March 1, 1908.....	1,125,000
Lincoln & North Western RR. Sinking Fund	
7 p. c. Bonds, payable Jan. 1, 1910.....	600,000
	2,801,000
Matured Coupons, not presented.....	\$78,754
Coupon Interest to mature July 1, 1898.....	1,616,890
Unpaid Vouchers and Pay Rolls.....	1,356,209
Sundry current accounts.....	2,350,039
	5,401,892
Profit and Loss.....	13,465,232
Renewal Fund.....	10,000,000
Income Account.....	12,252,236
<i>Sinking Funds, showing the total of payments to and</i>	
<i>accretions of Sinking Funds for—</i>	
C. B. & Q. 5 per cent Bonds of 1901.....	\$1,919,037
C. B. & Q. 4 and 5 per cent Bonds of 1919	
(Iowa Division).....	3,490,248
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1921.....	1,013,086
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1922 (Denver	
Extension).....	1,863,659
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1927 (Ne-	
braska Extension).....	3,033,009
B. & M. R. RR. in Neb. 6 p. c. Bonds of 1918.	
4,448,514	
B. & M. R. RR. in Neb. 4 p. c. Bonds of 1910.	
1,876,528	
Republican Valley RR. 6 p. c. Bonds of 1919.	
315,992	
Lincoln & North Western RR. 7 p. c. Bonds	
of 1910.....	173,904
	18,133,976
	\$269,993,456

CREDIT.	
<i>Construction Accounts—</i>	
Amount of Construction and Equipment, includ-	
ing cost of Branch Roads, reported Decem-	
ber 31, 1896.....	\$205,670,432
Amount expended for Construction in the	
18 months ended June 30, 1898.....	1,046,622
Amount expended for Equipment in the 18	
months ended June 30, 1898.....	29,158
	\$206,746,213
Less amount at debit of Moulton & Albia	
RR. Construction, transferred to Profit	
and Loss.....	112,030
	\$206,634,183
<i>Cost of Investments in the Securities</i>	
<i>of Controlled Roads—</i>	
Hannibal & St. Joseph RR. Co.....	\$9,172,081
St. L. Keokuk & Northwest RR. Co.....	9,336,196
Kan. C. St. Jo. & Council Bluffs RR. Co.....	5,294,908
Chicago Bur. & Northern RR. Co.....	4,480,844
Chicago Bur. & Kansas City Ry. Co.....	5,126,512
Narrow Gauge Railroads.....	1,884,511
	35,295,352
Sundry Investments.....	3,516,850
Materials on hand for future use.....	1,513,508
<i>Trustees of Sinking Funds, showing the cost of uncan-</i>	
<i>canceled securities and cash awaiting investment held in</i>	
<i>Sinking Funds for—</i>	
C. B. & Q. 5 per cent Bonds of 1901.....	\$1,742,998
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1921.....	1,013,086
C. B. & Q. 4 per cent Bonds of 1922	1,863,659
B. & M. R. RR. in Nebraska 6 per cent Bonds	
of 1918.....	4,448,514
B. & M. R. RR. in Nebraska 4 per cent Bonds	
of 1910.....	1,876,528
Repub. Valley RR. 6 p. c. B'ds of 1919.....	315,992
Linc. & N. W. RR. 7 p. c. B'ds of 1910.....	173,904
	11,434,680
<i>Current Accounts—</i>	
Sundry Available Securities.....	\$2,624,308
Sundry Acc'ts and Bills Receivable.....	3,384,981
Cash on hand.....	5,589,593
	11,598,883
	\$269,993,456

WESTERN NEW YORK & PENNSYLVANIA
RAILWAY CO.

FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT—FOR THE YEAR ENDING
JUNE 30, 1898.

To the Stockholders of the Western New York & Pennsylvania
Ry. Company:

Your Board of Directors submits the following report of the operation of your road for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898:

Details as to the financial condition of your Company will be found in the Auditor's Report, and the General Superintendent's Report gives the details as to operation and as to the physical improvements made.

The funded debt remains unchanged.

INCOME ACCOUNT.

Gross Earnings.....	\$3,245,937 53
Operating Expenses.....	2,142,803 52
Net Earnings.....	\$1,103,134 01
Interest, Discounts and Commissions.....	8,390 47
Total.....	\$1,111,524 48
Deductions from Net Earnings as follows:	
Interest on First Mortgage Bonds, W. N.	
Y. & P. RR. Co.....	\$499,500 00
Interest on General Mortgage Bonds, W.	
N. Y. & P. Ry. Co.....	300,000 00
Interest on Real Estate Mortgages.....	15,556 00
Interest on Equipment Notes.....	5,889 54
Taxes.....	100,070 28
	921,015 82
Net Income to Profit and Loss Account.....	\$190,508 66

Compared with the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1897.

The Gross Earnings increased 9.85 per cent.....	\$291,163 46
The Operating Expenses increased 4.83 per cent.....	99,857 56
The Net Earnings increased 20.98 per cent.....	191,305 90
Net Earnings for 1897, after deducting only Operating	
Expenses, were.....	911,828 11
Net Earnings for 1898, after deducting only Operating	
Expenses, are.....	1,103,134 01
An increase of.....	\$191,305 90
In 1897 the Net Income, after deducting Bond interest,	
Taxes, interest on Real Estate Mortgages and on	
Equipment Notes, was.....	\$126,249 95
In 1898 the Net income, after making the same deduc-	
tions, is.....	190,508 66
An increase of.....	\$64,258 71

Inasmuch as the Bond Interest on the General Mortgage Bonds in 1898 was \$300,000, as against \$225,000 in 1897, an increase of \$75,000, and, further, as our assessment for taxes was, because of a higher rate, \$9,994 05 greater than in 1897, the increase of \$64,258 71 should, for the purpose of comparison with last year, be stated at..... \$149,252 76

As a result of the revival in business which began in the summer of 1897, the number of tons carried increased from 3,618,853 in 1897, to 4,327,776 in 1898, a gain of 708,923 tons or 19.59 per cent, but the average freight rate declined from 5.121 mills in 1897, to 4.723 mills in 1898, a decrease of .395 mills per ton per mile, which, upon the ton mileage of 507,444,667 for 1898, amounts to \$200,440 64.

Had we received the same rate per ton per mile in 1898 as in 1897 the net revenue of your Company in 1898, after deducting all fixed charges, would have shown in comparison with the net revenue for 1897 an increase of \$390,949 30, instead of \$190,586 66. It will be seen, therefore, that because of the low rates prevailing, your Company did not derive the advantage it should have received from its creditable increase in traffic.

It should be a matter for congratulation that, notwithstanding this decrease in rate, the increase in tonnage coupled with a decrease in Operating Expenses (and this without permitting any deterioration of the physical condition of your property) has enabled us to show such a creditable increase in Net Income.

We have no bills payable except those heretofore issued for new equipment, and which mature monthly as follows:

In the calendar year 1893.....	\$41,757 24
" " 1899.....	62,976 25
	\$104,733 49

MEMORANDUM.—In our previous report these notes amounted to \$133,935 88 Of which there have been paid..... 31,792 03

Leaving a balance of.....	\$102,193 80
To which should be added notes issued for interest for extension of payment on part of above equipment obligations, amounting to.....	2,539 69
	\$104,733 49

On page 36 [pamphlet] is stated the items of expenditure for Betterments, amounting to \$50,973 24 for improvements to road, new buildings, etc., and to \$34,226 28 for improvements to rolling stock, aggregating \$95,199 52, as against \$87,397 01 so expended in 1897.

The above Betterments have all been charged to Operating Expenses.

The large steel viaduct of 1,742 feet, at Silver Creek, on our Pittsburg Division, the erection of which was referred to in the report for 1897 is substantially completed. When completed this structure will have cost, in round figures, \$36,000, including masonry foundations. The major portion of this cost has been paid and included in Operating Expenses.

The new office building at Babcock Street, Buffalo, for the Superintendent of the Buffalo and Rochester Divisions, has been erected, and the better accommodation obtained has greatly facilitated our business. It cost \$7,847 93. A new station costing \$361 51 has been erected at Jamison Road; also one at Struthers, costing \$1,267 81. A new water tank costing \$1,192 96 was built at Brocton. Real Estate was purchased during the year and charged to cost of Road, Franchises and Property, amounting to \$4,712 00, of which \$3,000 was for right-of-way at Newcastle, and the balance for land at Bradford, East Aurora and Riverside Junction.

Cost of Road, Franchises and Property received credit for \$30,500, realized from the sale of old rail and fixtures off the Narrow Gauge road.

We have laid 1,036 tons of new 80 lb. steel rail, covering 8.63 miles, on the Buffalo Division; and 2,105 tons of new 67-lb. steel rail covering 20.04 miles, on the Pittsburg and River Divisions. We have laid 43,991 cubic yards of first-class ballast as against 42,191 cubic yards laid in 1897. We have placed 179,997 ties (mostly white oak) as against 175,313 in 1897.

Our expenditures on Freight cars increased \$55,394 31, a portion of this increase being due to the greater number of air brakes and automatic couplers applied, and to the rebuilding of ten new box cars of 60,000 lbs. capacity to replace others worn out and destroyed. The condition of our Freight cars has been improved by reason of these heavy expenditures. During this year,

136 Box cars were equipped with Air-brakes.	
82 Gondola cars were " " " "	
2 Locomotives " " " "	
539 Freight cars " " " " Automatic Couplers.	
2 Locomotives " " " "	

There remain of Standard Gauge equipment:	
4 Switching engines requiring driving wheel brakes.	
6 Engines requiring Air-brakes.	
7,183 Cars in freight service requiring Air-brakes.	
32 " Company's " " " "	
1 Passenger car requiring Automatic Couplers.	
1,368 Cars in freight service requiring Automatic Couplers.	
26 " Company's " " " "	
9 Locomotives requiring Automatic Couplers.	

The entire cost of adding the above Air-brakes and Couplers, including the labor of applying them, will be, in round figures, \$464,000. Of this amount about \$28,000 is for Couplers and \$436,000 for Air-brakes. To meet the requirements of the laws now in force in the State of New York all of our equipment must be equipped with Air-brakes by January 1, 1903, and with Automatic Couplers by January 1, 1900.

PASSENGER EQUIPMENT: The repairs made during the year have been sufficient to maintain it in average good condition but some of this equipment is of a type that should be replaced by new and more modern coaches.

MOTIVE POWER: The conditions of locomotives in service has been slightly improved, as will be seen by reference to detailed statement on page 40 [pamphlet].

PASSENGER TRAFFIC: There was a decrease in number of local passengers carried of 45,230 and an increase in the number of through passengers of 7,790—a net decrease of 37,440—but the average number of miles traveled per passenger was 25 in 1898, as against 23 in 1897, and this gain in distance traveled was sufficient to secure an increase in our passenger earnings of \$9,468 48.

This increase in revenue is almost entirely from through business, which was quite heavy because of the Grand Army Encampment held at Buffalo, in August, 1897.

The law recently passed by the State of New York requiring the sale of mileage books for 500 miles at the rate of two cents per mile resulted in a more general use of mileage books for local traffic and a consequent reduction in our revenue.

The above refers only to earnings from passengers carried. In 1897 our net income from passenger train service was \$256,999 53. In 1898 it is \$273,175 07, an increase—including the \$9,468 48 given above—of \$16,175 54.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC: Our total tonnage increased 708,923 tons, or nearly 20 per cent. In only one article of traffic, viz., Refined Oil, was there any decrease. The percentage of increase is, respectively, as follows:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Iron Ore.....	442	Stone and lime.....	21
Iron.....	66	Lumber.....	12
Crude Oil.....	54	Anthracite coal.....	10
Ice.....	54	Merchandise.....	3
Live stock.....	25	Bark.....	3
Bituminous coal.....	24	Salt.....	2½
Hay and grain.....	23		

There has been an almost continuous decrease in the average freight rate from 10 65 mills per ton per mile in 1883 (the year of the consolidation of the several roads comprising your property) to 4.77 mills in 1898—a reduction of over 55 per cent. In the same period expenses have been reduced from 5.33 mills per ton per mile in 1883 to 3.13 mills in 1898—a reduction of not quite 42 per cent. Had it been possible to secure the same ratio of reduction in expenses as we suffered in freight earnings, our expenses in 1898 would have been 2.42 mills per ton per mile instead of 3.13 mills, which would have increased our net earnings by \$360,285 71, and to a total of \$1,463,419 72.

Attention is called to the several tables, on pages 37 and 31 [pamphlet], of Gross Earnings, Operating Expenses and Net Earnings for the last eleven years, beginning with the reorganization in 1888 down to and including the year 1898. These tables show an almost continuous reduction in the percentage of operating expenses to gross earnings, which is all the more worthy of notice because, beginning with the year 1896, all betterments have been charged to Operating Expenses. The ratio of expenses for 1898 is 66.01 per cent and the lowest for any year in the period above referred to.

In our annual report for 1894, reference was made to the abolishment of Grade Crossings in the City of Buffalo and the great expense which would thereby be entailed. The removal of these crossings is now in progress under a contract with the City of Buffalo, which provides that the expense involved shall first be borne by said city, and afterwards that this Company will reimburse said corporation in twenty (20) equal annual payments. The interest upon said deferred payments, to be charged to this Company, will be at the same rate as borne by the municipal bonds sold by the City of Buffalo to meet the outlay, and this Company will be credited in settlement with any premium that may be realized by the City of Buffalo upon the sale of its bonds.

On page 37 [pamphlet] will be found a certificate of the public accountants, Messrs. John Heins & Co., of Philadelphia, certifying to the correctness of the books and accounts of your Company.

Acknowledgment is made to officers and employes for the creditable discharge of their duties.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,
SAMUEL G. DECOURSEY,
President.

—Rolston & Bass, 16 Broad Street, will buy and sell Pullman Palace Car stock and rights.

—Holders of the securities of the New England Loan & Trust Co. are referred to the advertisement in another column of the R. J. Waddell Investment Co. of Ottawa, Kansas.

—Attention is called to the offering of \$90,000 Athens Electric Railway Co., Athens, Ga., first mortgage 6 per cent bonds. Further particulars will be found in the advertisement of John W. Dickey in another column.

—Messrs. Redmond, Kerr & Co., 41 Wall street, New York City, and the National Commercial Bank of Albany, N. Y., offer at 112½ and accrued interest, yielding 4.37 per cent on the investment, a block of Southern Boulevard R.R. Co. first mortgage guaranteed five per cent gold bonds. This is a trolley road, part of the Union Railway & Third Ave. R.R. system, which extends from Park Row and Broadway in New York City to points in Westchester County. The advertisement on page viii. gives a statement of earnings and other information.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Oct. 21, 1898.

Continued mild weather in the Central and Eastern sections of the country, together with the growing interest shown in the political campaign in this and other States, has had rather an unfavorable influence upon trade, and complaints have become somewhat general the past week of a falling off in business activity. Politics in particular are having more bearing upon the business situation, as the disposition has appeared to be growing among merchants generally to await election returns and see which party will be in power in the House of Representatives before making new ventures of importance. The unusual activity of the demand from Europe for our breadstuffs has continued and has further advanced prices for the same. Reports bearing upon the unsettled political relations existing between England and France have been dominant factors in the speculative markets. On Wednesday the United States Government took possession of the island of Porto Rico. The progress of the peace negotiations at Paris between the United States and the Spanish Commissioners appears to be slow.

Lard on the spot has been in fairly active demand, and on Thursday prices advanced rather sharply. To-day the improvement was lost and business was less active, closing at 5-37½c. for prime Western and 5-05@5-10c. for prime City. Refined lard has had a fairly large sale, and prices have advanced, closing at 5-65c. for refined for the Continent. Speculation in lard for future delivery has been moderately active and at higher prices. The advance was most pronounced on Thursday when buying by shorts to cover contracts advanced values rather sharply. To-day the market was easier under realizing sales.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

October delivery.....c.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
	5-37	5-37	5-35	5-37	5-45	5-37

Pork has had only a moderate sale but prices have advanced, closing at \$9 @ 9 25 for mess, \$12 75 @ 14 for family and \$11 @ 13 for short clear. Cut meats have had a moderate call from the home trade at steady values, closing at 4¼c. for pickled shoulders, 7@7½c. for pickled hams and 5¼@5½c. for pickled bellies, 14 @ 10 lbs. average. Beef has had a fair sale at unchanged values, closing at \$8 50 @ \$9 for mess, \$9 10 for packet, \$10 50 @ 11 for family and \$14 50 @ \$15 50 for extra India mess. Lard stearine has advanced to 6¾c. for prime city. Oleo stearine has been firmer, closing at 5 3-16c. for prime City. Tallow has had a moderate sale and prices have advanced to 3½c. Cotton-seed oil has been in moderate demand and steady at 22½@23c. for prime yellow. Butter has advanced for choice grades, closing firm at 15@23½c. for creamery. Cheese has been quiet but steady at 7@9c. for State factory, full cream. Fresh eggs have been in fair demand and firmer for desirable grades, closing at 19½@20c. for choice Western.

Brazil grades of coffee have continued to have a slow distributing sale and business in the market for invoices has been quiet; prices have declined, closing easy at 6c. for Rio No. 7 on the spot. West India growths have been quiet, and for the average run of supplies prices have favored buyers. Good Ccuta has held steady at 8¼c. East India growths have been dull and unchanged. Speculation in the market for contracts was quiet up to day, when the trading was fairly active on buying for investment account, but it was at lower prices. Following are the final asking prices:

Oct.....	5-25c.	Jan.....	5-50c.	May.....	5-80c.
Nov.....	5-25c.	Mar.....	5-65c.	June.....	5-85c.
Dec.....	5-40c.	April.....	5-75c.	July.....	5-90c.

Raw sugars have been in better demand from refiners; offerings have been small and prices have held firm at 4¼c. for centrifugals, 96-deg. test, and 3¼c. for muscovado, 89 deg. test. Refined sugar has been in moderate demand and firm; prices for a few of the soft grades have been advanced; granulated has been unchanged at 5c. Other staple groceries have been steady.

Kentucky tobacco has had only a small sale, but values have been firmly maintained. Seed leaf tobacco has been fairly active at full values. Sales for the week were 4,945 cases, including 400 cases, 1897 crop, Gebhardt, private terms; 1,510 cases, 1897 crop, Wis. Hav., 9@13c.; 300 cases, 1898 crop, Wis. Havana, 11c., &c.; also 450 bales Havana at 73c. @ \$1 in bond and 200 bales Sumatra at 85c. @ \$1 70 in bond.

Straits tin has been in fairly active demand and prices have advanced. At the close, however, under increased supplies and easier foreign advices prices weakened slightly, closing at 17-90@17 95c. Ingot copper has been in a more active demand for export and prices have advanced slightly, closing at 12½c. for Lake. Lead has been quiet and prices have weakened to 3 75c. for domestic. Spelter has been in fair demand and prices have advanced to 5-10@5-15c. for domestic. Pig iron has continued in fair demand and steady at \$9 75 @ 11 50 for domestic.

Refined petroleum has been higher, closing at 7-40c. in bbls., 4-90c. in bulk and 8-15c. in cases; naphtha steady at 7c. Crude certificates have been firmer, closing at \$1 19½; credit balances have been advanced to \$1 18. Spirits turpentine has advanced sharply on light supplies, closing firm at 36½@37c. Rosins have been on limited demand and steady at \$1 25 @ 1 30 for common and good strained. Wool has continued quiet. Hops have been in fair demand and firm.

COTTON.

FRIDAY NIGHT, October 21, 1898.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams (from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 422,379 bales, against 395,915 bales last week and 346,231 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1898, 1,862,299 bales, against 1,781,095 bales for the same period of 1897, showing an increase since Sept. 1, 1898, of 81,204 bales.

Receipts at—	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Jalveston.....	18,483	34,284	24,676	22,242	19,755	20,895	138,333
Tex. City, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,561
New Orleans.....	10,668	12,410	16,594	12,274	9,984	12,849	74,777
Mobile.....	2,635	4,507	2,020	863	1,448	2,038	12,914
Florida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,521
Savannah.....	10,232	9,942	15,789	12,342	8,608	7,934	64,877
Brunsw'k, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,246
Charleston.....	3,055	9,649	4,252	6,990	3,635	2,283	29,864
Pt. Royal, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,896
Wilmington.....	4,307	4,868	4,797	2,627	3,619	4,488	24,636
Wash'ton, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	82
Norfolk.....	6,188	5,759	5,330	4,885	5,061	5,588	32,811
N'p't News, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,647
New York.....	.....	531	200	551	250	325	1,857
Boston.....	383	681	955	2,559	2,132	498	7,203
Baltimore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,432
Philadel'a, &c.	50	103	348	100	11	.....	612
Tot. this week	53,402	82,734	74,961	65,436	54,503	91,343	422,379

The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1898, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

Receipts to Oct. 21.	1898.		1897.		Stock.	
	This week.	Since Sep. 1, 1898.	This week.	Since Sep. 1, 1897.	1898.	1897.
Jalveston...	138,338	639,544	112,046	503,857	288,508	189,848
Tex. C., &c.	1,561	6,930	1,214	8,820	.....	.....
New Orleans...	74,777	392,971	80,258	359,394	200,601	138,248
Mobile.....	12,914	62,770	12,453	67,578	44,776	23,405
Florida.....	6,521	17,082	6,650	14,975	.....	.....
Savannah.....	64,877	307,154	65,208	331,638	135,804	138,828
Br'wick, &c.	9,246	45,034	8,147	51,379	15,809	17,325
Charleston...	29,864	124,587	23,226	144,315	44,517	43,576
P. Royal, &c.	11,896	12,104	400	10,224	.....	.....
Wilmington...	24,636	114,553	18,519	124,666	46,911	28,119
Wash'n, &c.	82	338	49	475	.....	.....
Norfolk.....	32,811	107,129	31,208	131,622	46,878	28,626
N'port N., &c.	3,647	4,977	891	4,383	3,669	1,395
New York...	1,857	3,747	1,130	1,544	64,976	57,919
Boston.....	7,208	16,561	5,665	11,502	18,900	15,000
Baltimore...	1,432	2,716	463	4,303	5,257	8,937
Philadel. &c.	612	4,002	2,932	10,360	6,307	7,489
Totals.....	422,379	1,862,299	370,541	1,781,095	923,013	699,315

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at—	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Jalvest'n, &c.	139,899	113,280	80,841	67,833	92,322	69,102
New Orleans	74,777	80,288	104,758	101,985	133,184	118,851
Mobile.....	12,914	12,453	15,781	12,234	9,093	13,439
Savannah...	64,877	65,208	37,242	45,633	63,553	58,817
Char'ston, &c.	41,760	23,626	21,227	13,226	22,654	22,703
Wilm'ton, &c.	24,768	18,567	17,200	10,044	22,110	14,359
Norfolk.....	32,811	31,208	33,688	18,133	17,630	32,637
N. News, &c.	3,647	894	923	11,440	20,269	15,516
All others...	26,926	25,037	18,911	14,805	16,859	12,809
Tot. this wk.	422,379	370,541	330,571	295,435	400,676	358,238
Since Sept. 1	1,862,299	1,781,095	2,006,302	1,369,821	1,932,237	1,475,239

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 334,231 bales, of which 111,571 were to Great Britain, 29,081 to France and 123,629 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1, 1898.

Exports from—	Week Ending Oct. 21, 1898.			From Sept. 1, 1898, to Oct. 21, 1898.		
	Great Brit'n.	France	Continent.	Great Britain.	France	Continent.
Jalveston.....	51,327	21,820	18,227	91,381	66,135	69,773
Tex. City, &c.	.....	.....	763	763	.....	2,279
New Orleans...	3,316	.....	32,337	35,848	13,804	65,784
Mobile.....	.....	.....	.....	12,718	.....	13,718
Pensacola.....	6,371	.....	6,371	14,432	.....	2,590
Savannah.....	8,496	6,302	25,461	40,229	6,302	85,751
Brunswick.....	10,002	.....	.....	10,002	.....	5,679
Charleston...	7,785	.....	13,774	21,559	.....	38,174
Port Royal...	11,893	.....	.....	11,893	.....	11,893
Wilmington...	.....	.....	21,032	23,177	.....	47,176
Norfolk.....	.....	.....	550	550	.....	2,528
N'port N., &c.	.....	.....	.....	701	.....	701
New York.....	9,584	950	8,834	19,376	1,525	37,577
Boston.....	2,649	.....	.....	2,649	.....	180
Baltimore.....	175	.....	2,293	2,437	.....	6,594
Philadelphia...	.....	.....	.....	300	.....	300
San Fran., &c.	.....	.....	400	400	.....	936
Total.....	111,571	29,081	133,629	234,231	87,563	334,231
Total, 1897....	103,847	89,992	91,680	238,549	458,210	333,618

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lambert & Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

Oct. 21 at	ON SHIPBOARD, NOT CLEARED FOR—					Leaving stock
	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast-wise.	Total.	
New Orleans...	6,130	24,839	17,443	1,053	49,465	151,136
Galveston.....	58,955	16,206	25,079	2,461	102,701	185,807
Savannah.....	2,000	1,000	25,000	None.	28,000	107,804
Charleston.....	4,000	None.	9,000	1,500	14,500	30,017
Mobile.....	25,000	None.	8,000	None.	33,000	11,776
Norfolk.....	10,000	None.	5,000	20,000	35,000	11,878
New York.....	4,400	1,500	2,650	None.	8,550	56,426
Other ports.....	30,000	None.	20,000	None.	50,000	46,953
Total 1898...	140,485	43,545	112,172	25,014	321,216	601,797
Total 1897...	128,153	35,333	104,341	16,924	284,755	414,559
Total 1896...	194,505	41,819	111,723	15,705	363,752	699,639

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has continued quiet. Little if any new speculative interest has been shown in the market. Owing to the belief that another large crop has been made, and the enormous supplies now coming into sight, few operators see anything in the situation of a nature to induce buying for investment account. On the other hand, however, the fact that prices on their present low basis discount large supplies, together with the fact that Europe, exclusive of France, continued to show a disposition to purchase cotton freely on the basis of current values, sufficed to hold bear operators in check. The principal development of the week has been cooler weather in cotton belt, and on frost reports there has been some buying by shorts to cover contracts. No serious damage has been stated to have been done the maturing crop by these reported frosts, as they all were of a light nature. Nevertheless on Thursday prices advanced several points during early change on predictions of a further drop in the temperature at many points in the cotton belt. During the afternoon, however, fairly free selling for foreign account, and rumors relative to the unsettled political situation in Europe had a depressing influence, and all of the improvement was lost. To-day the market was quiet and without changes or new features of an important nature. The close showed prices unchanged for the day. Cotton on the spot advanced 1-16c. on Monday and on Thursday. To-day the market was quiet and easy, closing at 5 1/2c. for middling uplands.

The rates on and off middling, as established Sept. 15, 1893, by the Revision Committee, at which grades other than middling may be delivered on contract, are as follows.

Fair.....	1 on	Good Ordinary.....	c. 11 1/16
Middling Fair.....	3/4 on	Good Middling Tinged.....	Even
Strict Good Middling.....	7/16 on	Strict Middling Stained.....	7/32 off
Good Middling.....	5/16 on	Middling Stained.....	7/16 off
Strict Low Middling.....	3/16 off	Strict Low Mid. Stained.....	1 off
Low Middling.....	7/16 off	Low Middling Stained.....	1 3/8 off
Strict Good Ordinary.....	3/4 off		

On this basis the official prices for a few of the grades for the past week—Oct. 15 to Oct. 21—would be as follows.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary.....	4 5/16	4 3/8	4 3/8	4 3/8	4 7/16	4 7/16
Low Middling.....	4 10/16	5	5	5	5 1/16	5 1/16
Middling.....	5 3/8	5 7/16	5 7/16	5 7/16	5 9/16	5 9/16
Good Middling.....	5 11/16	5 3/4	5 3/4	5 3/4	5 13/16	5 13/16
Middling Fair.....	6 3/8	6 5/16	6 5/16	6 5/16	6 7/16	6 7/16
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary.....	4 9/16	4 5/8	4 5/8	4 5/8	4 11/16	4 11/16
Low Middling.....	5 3/16	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 5/8	5 5/8
Middling.....	5 9/16	5 11/16	5 11/16	5 11/16	5 3/4	5 3/4
Good Middling.....	5 15/16	6	6	6	6 1/16	6 1/16
Middling Fair.....	6 3/8	6 7/16	6 7/16	6 7/16	6 9/16	6 9/16
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Low Middling.....	4	4 1/16	4 1/16	4 1/16	4 3/8	4 3/8
Middling.....	4 15/16	5	5	5	5 1/16	5 1/16
Strict Middling.....	5 3/32	5 7/32	5 7/32	5 7/32	5 9/32	5 9/32
Good Middling Tinged.....	5 3/8	5 7/16	5 7/16	5 7/16	5 9/16	5 9/16

The quotations for middling upland at New York on Oct. 21 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows.

1898.....	c. 5 1/8	1890.....	c. 10 1/4	1882.....	c. 11 1/16	1874.....	c. 15
1897.....	6 3/8	1889.....	10 1/16	1881.....	11 1/8	1873.....	16 3/8
1896.....	7 1/16	1888.....	9 3/4	1880.....	11 3/16	1872.....	19 3/8
1895.....	8 3/8	1887.....	9 3/8	1879.....	11 3/8	1871.....	18 3/8
1894.....	8 7/8	1886.....	9 5/16	1878.....	9 7/8	1870.....	16 3/4
1893.....	8 1/8	1885.....	9 1/16	1877.....	11 9/16	1869.....	26 3/8
1892.....	8 1/4	1884.....	9 7/8	1876.....	10 3/8	1868.....	25 3/4
1891.....	8 1/16	1883.....	10 1/16	1875.....	14 3/8	1867.....	19

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spots and futures closed on same days.

	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	FUTURES MARKET CLOSED.	SALES OF SPOT & CONTRACT.			
			Ex- port.	Con- sump.	Con- tract.	Total.
Saturday..	Dull and easy..	Steady.....	.....	83	.....	83
Monday...	Steady at 1/16 adv.	Firm.....	.....	57	100	157
Tuesday...	Quiet.....	Steady.....	.....	33	600	633
Wednesday	Quiet.....	Steady.....	.....	410	400	810
Thursday..	Quiet at 1/16 adv.	Steady.....	500	123	.....	623
Friday.....	Dull and easy..	Steady.....	.....	116	100	216
Total.....			500	822	1,200	2,522

FUTURES.—The highest, lowest and closing prices of Futures at New York are shown in the following table.

	Oct. 15 10	Oct. 21	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Week.
October.....	5 22 3/4	5 23	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4
November.....	5 22 3/4	5 23	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4
December.....	5 22 3/4	5 23	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4	5 23 3/4
January.....	5 28 3/4	5 30	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4	5 29 3/4
February.....	5 31 3/4	5 32	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4	5 31 3/4
March.....	5 32 3/4	5 33	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4	5 32 3/4
April.....	5 35 3/4	5 37	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4	5 35 3/4
May.....	5 40 3/4	5 41	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4	5 40 3/4
June.....	5 45 3/4	5 46	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4	5 45 3/4
July.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
August.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
September.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
October.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
November.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
December.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
January.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
February.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
March.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
April.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
May.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
June.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
July.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
August.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
September.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
October.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
November.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4
December.....	5 48 3/4	5 49	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4	5 48 3/4

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph is as follows. Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns and consequently all European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the total the complete figures for to-night (Oct. 21), we add the item of exports from the United States including in it the exports of Friday only.

	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Stock at Liverpool.....	bales. 530,000	288,000	396,000	887,000
Stock at London.....	3,000	4,000	10,000	6,000
Total Great Britain stock.	533,000	292,000	406,000	893,000
Stock at Hamburg.....	17,000	11,000	25,000	39,000
Stock at Bremen.....	61,000	38,000	53,000	99,000
Stock at Amsterdam.....	1,000	1,000	4,000	9,000
Stock at Rotterdam.....	300	300	100	200
Stock at Antwerp.....	7,000	6,000	8,000	10,000
Stock at Havre.....	74,000	53,000	82,000	255,000
Stock at Marseilles.....	4,000	4,000	5,000	4,000
Stock at Barcelona.....	27,000	27,000	42,000	38,000
Stock at Genoa.....	23,000	4,000	14,000	20,000
Stock at Trieste.....	17,000	8,000	24,000	23,000
Total Continental stocks..	231,300	152,300	257,100	490,200
Total European stocks...	764,300	444,300	663,100	1,383,200
India cotton afloat for Europe	25,000	11,000	39,000	37,000
Amer. cotton afloat for Europe	645,000	605,000	572,000	376,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c. afloat for E'pe	24,000	39,000	39,000	52,000
Stock in United States ports..	923,013	699,315	1,063,391	902,520
Stock in U. S. interior towns..	476,932	325,576	447,355	325,574
United States exports to-day..	64,657	45,407	48,622	52,161
Total visible supply.....	2,922,902	2,169,598	2,873,468	3,128,455

Of the above, totals of American and other descriptions are as follows:

American—	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Liverpool stock.....	bales. 454,000	210,000	284,000	778,000
Continental stocks.....	171,000	107,000	167,000	412,000
American afloat for Europe..	645,000	605,000	573,000	376,000
United States stock.....	923,013	699,315	1,063,391	902,520
United States interior stocks.	476,932	325,576	447,355	325,574
United States exports to-day..	64,657	45,407	48,622	52,161
Total American.....	2,734,602	1,992,298	2,583,368	2,846,255
East Indian, Brazil, &c.—	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Liverpool stock.....	76,000	78,000	112,000	109,000
London stock.....	3,000	4,000	10,000	6,000
Continental stocks.....	60,300	45,300	90,100	78,200
India afloat for Europe.....	25,000	11,000	39,000	37,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat.....	24,000	39,000	39,000	52,000
Total East India, &c.....	183,300	177,300	290,100	282,200
Total American.....	2,734,602	1,992,298	2,583,368	2,846,255
Total visible supply.....	2,922,902	2,169,598	2,873,468	3,128,455
Liverpool Upland, Liverpool..				

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1897—is set out in detail below.

TOWNS.	Movement to October 21, 1898.		Movement to October 22, 1897.	
	Receipts This Week	Stock Sept. 1, 1898.	Receipts This Week	Stock Oct. 22.
Arkansas	1,595	8,472	1,424	1,023
Alabama	9,954	59,666	6,987	11,762
Montgomery	6,448	35,986	5,849	5,538
Selma	3,692	14,136	3,109	6,767
Heald	1,076	47,778	7,502	26,237
Little Rock	2,627	14,053	3,156	8,749
Arkansas	5,016	20,197	2,958	3,844
Atlanta	8,059	34,757	7,571	13,723
Augusta	2,117	17,587	1,985	31,723
Atlanta	4,075	21,578	1,918	10,485
Augusta	4,883	24,113	3,008	3,420
Macon	7,860	9,564	2,402	2,672
Home	13,560	1,260	8,600	21,152
Louisville, Ky.	13,165	54,133	8,905	21,812
Shreveport, La.	2,129	9,133	1,860	7,177
Columbus, Miss.	2,199	11,005	983	3,000
Greenwood	1,885	10,408	625	5,796
Natchez	1,254	5,548	388	4,341
Vicksburg	1,993	6,670	1,329	1,722
Yazoo City	1,080	6,410	921	4,978
St. Louis	2,227	7,751	1,727	4,978
Charlottesville	1,502	8,465	1,562	3,400
Missouri	4,484	101,934	3,822	122,416
Ohio	1,105	5,142	1,104	7,830
Greenwood	4,484	8,465	1,562	7,830
Channahon	1,105	5,142	1,104	7,830
Memphis	32,884	120,132	16,776	19,073
Greenwood	899	3,241	362	452
Nashville	5,514	40,779	4,717	8,256
Brenham	7,033	33,534	6,618	4,941
Dallas	152,784	815,971	117,929	8,836
Houston	5,925	31,259	6,576	79,516
Paris				1,291
Total 81 towns	849,116	1,693,921	263,003	476,932

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week.

Week ending Oct. 21.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON—					
	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston	51 ¹ / ₈	51 ¹ / ₈	51 ¹ / ₈	5	5	5
New Orleans	5	4	5	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆
Mobile	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆	4 ⁷ / ₈	4 ⁷ / ₈	4 ⁷ / ₈	4 ⁷ / ₈
Savannah	4 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₄	4 ³ / ₄
Charleston	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆	41 ³ / ₁₆
Wilmington	47 ¹ / ₁₆	5	5	5	5	5
Norfolk	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈
Boston	53 ³ / ₁₆	5 ³ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈
Baltimore	53 ³ / ₁₆	5 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈
Philadelphia	55 ³ / ₁₆	51 ¹ / ₁₆	51 ¹ / ₁₆	51 ¹ / ₁₆	5 ³ / ₈	5 ³ / ₈
Augusta	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5	5 ¹ / ₈
Memphis	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5	5	5	5	5
St. Louis	5	5	5	5	5	5
Houston	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5	51 ¹ / ₁₆	51 ¹ / ₁₆	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆
Indianapolis	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈
Louisville	51 ⁵ / ₁₆	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈	5 ¹ / ₈

The closing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important Southern markets were as follows.

Athens	51 ¹ / ₈	Columbus, Miss	4 ³ / ₄	Nashville	4 ⁷ / ₈
Atlanta	41 ³ / ₁₆	Eufula	4 ⁵ / ₈	Natchez	4 ³ / ₄
Charlotte	4 ³ / ₄	Little Rock	4 ¹ / ₂	Raleigh	4 ¹⁵ / ₁₆
Columbus, Ga.	4 ¹ / ₂	Montgomery	4 ³ / ₄	Shreveport	4 ¹ / ₂

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Telegraphic advices to us this evening indicate that on the whole the weather has been fairly favorable at the South the past week. The work of gathering the crop has made excellent progress, although interfered with by rain at some points. Marketing has been very free. The temperature has been lower as the week closes and light frosts were reported in some localities this morning, including districts in North Texas.

Galveston, Texas.—Rain has retarded picking in some localities, but where the weather has permitted, the gathering of the crop has been rushed. Taken as a whole the yield is reported as good. We have had rain on three days of the past week, to the extent of eighty-two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 67, highest 82 and lowest 51.

Palestine, Texas.—Light frost this morning. We have had rain on two days during the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and sixty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 60, the highest being 84 and the lowest 36.

Huntsville, Texas.—It has rained heavily on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching two inches and twelve hundredths. Light frost this morning. The thermometer has averaged 60, ranging from 40 to 82.

Dallas, Texas.—Light frost this morning. There has been rain on one day of the week, but the rainfall was too small to measure. The thermometer has ranged from 34 to 84, averaging 60.

San Antonio, Texas.—Cold weather has caused bolls to open rapidly. We have had rain on one day of the week, to the extent of two hundredths of an inch. Minimum temperature 40.

Luling, Texas.—There has been rain on one day during the week, the precipitation reaching thirty-three hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 65, highest 90 and lowest 39.

Columbia, Texas.—There has been rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching thirty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 59, ranging from 38 to 79.

Cuero, Texas.—We have had rain on two days during the week, to the extent of nineteen hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 39 to 83, averaging 61.

Brenham, Texas.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and forty-four hundredths. Average thermometer 64, highest 88, lowest 40.

Corpus Christi, Texas.—There has been beneficial rain on two days during the week, to the extent of fifteen hundredths of an inch, but more rain is needed. The thermometer has averaged 66, the highest being 82 and the lowest 50.

Longview, Texas.—Light frost this morning.

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 33 to 82, averaging 58.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had rain on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and four hundredths. Average thermometer 64.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—We have had rain on three days during the week, to the extent of two inches and eighty-eight hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 59, the highest being 82 and the lowest 41.

Columbus, Mississippi.—Bad weather retards picking. It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching ninety hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 75, ranging from 40 to 85.

Leland, Mississippi.—Frost has occurred on three nights during the week. It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall being two inches and seventy-nine hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 37 to 73, averaging 56 7.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Quarantines are retarding receipts somewhat. We have had rain on two days of the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty-five hundredths. Average thermometer 59, highest 78 and lowest 41.

Greenville, Mississippi.—The weather is cloudy and cooler.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—We have had rain on three days during the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and forty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 54, the highest being 74 and the lowest 37.

The above totals show that the interior stocks have increased during the week 86,113 bales, and are to-night 151,356 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 87,976 bales more than the same week last year and since Sept. 1 they are 223,632 bales more than for the same time in 1897.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1.—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports received Friday night. The results for the week ending Oct. 21 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows.

October 21.	1898.		1897.	
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Shipped—				
Via St. Louis	23,364	85,158	31,525	107,579
Via Cairo	13,072	39,532	10,351	46,935
Via Parker			480	2,027
Via Rock Island	3,960	8,723	1,714	3,465
Via Louisville	2,123	9,707	3,181	10,609
Via Cincinnati	2,649	10,373	1,687	6,614
Via other routes, &c.	3,074	13,886	2,746	10,262
Total gross overland	48,242	167,984	51,684	187,491
Deduct shipments—				
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c.	11,159	27,026	10,240	27,709
Between interior towns	1,203	1,715	542	1,503
Indian, &c., from South	922	6,039	579	6,535
Total to be deducted	13,284	34,780	11,361	35,747
Leaving total net overland*	34,958	133,204	40,323	151,744

* Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 34,958 bales, against 40,323 bales for the week in 1897, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 18,540 bales.

In Sight and Spinners' Takings.	1898.		1897.	
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts at ports to Oct. 21	422,379	1,862,299	370,541	1,781,095
Net overland to Oct. 21	34,958	133,204	40,323	151,744
Southern consumption to Oct. 21	26,000	192,000	21,000	162,000
Total marketed	483,337	2,187,503	431,864	2,094,839
Interior stocks in excess	56,113	372,813	33,600	280,500
Came into sight during week	569,450		465,464	
Total in sight Oct. 21		2,560,316		2,375,339
North's spinners tak'gs to Oct. 21	66,805	246,887	69,607	355,662

Helena, Arkansas.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and eleven hundredths. Too much rain. The thermometer has averaged 53.33, ranging from 35 (this morning) to 71.

Memphis, Tennessee.—Wagon quarantine will be abolished in a few days. It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and eighty-three hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 40.4 to 73.8, averaging 54.7.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain during the week to the extent of one inch and thirty-six hundredths. Average thermometer 55, highest 73 and lowest 37.

Mobile, Alabama.—Cotton picking is active. There has been light frost throughout the interior on several days and heavy frost in some sections. There has been rain on two days during the week, the precipitation reaching fifty-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 63, the highest being 77 and the lowest 46.

Montgomery, Alabama.—Light frosts occurred on two days of the week, but no damage resulted. We have had rain on one day of the past week, the rainfall being eighty-nine hundredths of an inch, and it is raining to-day and warmer. The thermometer has averaged 60 and ranged from 43 to 76.

Selma, Alabama.—We have had rain on two days during the week, to the extent of one inch and fifty-two hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 38 to 78, averaging 60.

Madison, Florida.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the precipitation being forty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 67, the highest being 83 and the lowest 44.

Savannah, Georgia.—There has been rain on three days during the week, the rainfall reaching fifteen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer averaged 64, ranging from 51 to 80.

Augusta, Georgia.—The gathering and marketing of the crop is progressing rapidly. We have had rain on one day during the week, the rainfall being fifteen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 41 to 73, averaging 58.

Charleston, South Carolina.—There has been rain on two days of the week, the precipitation being twenty hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 65, highest 83 and lowest 51.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—Light frost occurred on low ground on two mornings, but no damage done. We have had rain on one day during the week, to the extent of forty four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 60.3, the highest being 77 and the lowest 42.

Greenwood, South Carolina.—There has been rain on two days of the past week, to the extent of one inch and eighteen hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 41 to 65.

Wilson, South Carolina.—It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation being one inch and eighty-five hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 42 to 70, averaging 59.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock October 20, 1898, and October 21, 1897.

	Oct. 20, '98.	Oct. 21, '97.
	Feet.	Feet.
New Orleans.....Above zero of gauge.	4.7	3.5
Memphis.....Above zero of gauge.	6.1	0.4
Nashville.....Above zero of gauge.	4.4	0.3
Shreveport.....Above zero of gauge.	1.1	*1.4
Vicksburg.....Above zero of gauge.	11.3	1.3

* Below zero of gauge.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COTTON.

Alexandria, Egypt, October 19	1898.	1897.	1896.			
Receipts (cantars)*.....						
This week.....	230,000	230,000	290,000			
Since Sept. 1.....	619,000	809,000	930,000			
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.		
Exports (bales)—						
To Liverpool.....	12,000	31,000	17,000	30,000	16,000	43,000
To Continent.....	3,000	31,000	7,000	33,000	5,000	24,000
Total Europe.....	15,000	62,000	24,000	63,000	21,000	67,000

* A cantar is 98 pounds.

† Of which to America in 1898, 4,581 bales; in 1897, 3,958 bales. In 1896, 3,015 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is steady for both yarns and shirtings. Manufacturers are working at a fair profit. We give the prices for to-day below and compare those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison.

	1898.						1897.					
	32s Oop. Twist.		8 1/4 lbs. Shirtings, common to finest.		Cott'n Mid. Uplds.		32s Oop. Twist.		8 1/4 lbs. Shirtings, common to finest.		Cott'n Mid. Uplds.	
	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.
Sp. 16	57 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	37 3/4	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 7 1/2	41 1/2	0 4 1/2	38 1/2
" 23	5 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	35 3/4	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 7 1/2	38 1/2	0 4 1/2	37 1/2
" 30	5 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	3 1/2	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 7 1/2	37 1/2	0 4 1/2	37 1/2
Oct. 7	5 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	3 1/2	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 8	37 1/2	0 4 1/2	37 1/2
" 14	5 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	3 3/4	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 8	37 1/2	0 4 1/2	37 1/2
" 21	5 1/2	0 6 1/4	4 0	0 6 6	3 1/4	6 1/4	0 7 1/2	4 1 1/2	0 6 8	37 1/2	0 4 1/2	37 1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP.—Mr. Fr. Jac. Andros, of Boston, has mail advices from Alexandria, Oct. 1, as follows:

Reports from the interior are unsatisfactory. Temperature has not been hot and nights are cold, which, with the prevailing fogs, is retard-

ing the development of the plants. Planters who are in a very good financial position are holding their cotton off the market, absolutely refusing to sell at current prices. This accounts for the small receipts. The quality of the first picking is superior to last season, especially as to staple. The second picking is expected to be inferior, due to the fogs.

SEA ISLAND COTTON MOVEMENT.—We have received this (Friday) evening by telegraph from the various ports the details of the Sea Island cotton movement for the week. The receipts for the week ending to-night (Oct. 21) and since Sept. 1, 1898, the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of 1897, are as follows.

Receipts to Oct. 21.	1898.		1897.		Stocks.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	1898.	1897.
Savannah.....	3,054	8,512	2,839	8,606	11,400	12,569
Charleston, &c.....	238	651	409	1,363	1,736	2,215
Florida, &c.....	.....	.....	150	326	541	429
Total.....	3,292	9,163	3,398	10,295	13,677	15,213

NEW ENGLAND COTTON MILLS SITUATION—NEW PLAN ADOPTED AT FALL RIVER.—The plan referred to in last week's CHRONICLE, the operation of which it is expected will result in an improvement in the goods market at Fall River, was adopted on Thursday, Oct. 20, all the print cloth mills participating in the action taken, and goes into effect immediately. The plan in brief is as follows:

All 64-squares 23 inch, 58-squares 27-inch, 64-sixties 27-inch and 64-sixties 28-inch goods made in the city are to be sold by two trustees. The surplus stock of the goods named to be pooled and given into the hands of two trustees, and at the end of every quarter the price will probably be averaged and each mill reimbursed pro rata. Each mill will bill that portion of the product which comes under the agreement to the trustees, who will sell the same. An important feature of the plan is a four-weeks curtailment to be accomplished within the next three months, and an even greater curtailment may be arranged under the terms of the agreement. If a mill cannot or will not shut down the time required it must pay a penalty of half a cent per spindle per week to a general fund, which will be divided among the mills that stop.

An advisory committee of five to look after the matter of the production of the four classes of goods, and two trustees who are to sell these goods and have entire charge of the disposition of the surplus stock, were elected, Messrs. Frank W. Brightman and Cyrus C. Rounseville were named as the trustees and Messrs. Charles M. Shove, Thomas E. Brayton, Joseph A. Baker, David A. Brayton and James E. Osborn as the Advisory Committee.

Fifty-two mills are included in the agreement, and these mills contain about 2,500,000 of the three million spindles in the city. Some of the mills will close next week.

REDUCTION IN WAGES IN AUGUSTA (GA.) COTTON MILLS.—It is officially announced by Pres't Charles Estes, of the Southern Cotton Manufacturers' Association, that all the mills in the Augusta district that are in the association have decided upon a reduction of wages. The reduction will average about 10 per cent, ranging from 8 to 13 per cent, and affects about 5,000 operatives, with about 1,000,000 yearly pay-roll. The new scale, which has not yet been completed, will go into effect some time in November.

About two years ago, when the cotton goods trade struck rock bottom, and the situation with the New England mills became so acute, there was considerable talk in Augusta about the mills in this district curtailing production or reducing wages. It was even stated at the time that the matter was brought up for consideration in the Manufacturers' Association, but the mill managers generally were not disposed to take any such action, and preferred rather to run without profit for a while, if need be, rather than disturb the existing conditions, or do anything that would tend in the least to create dissatisfaction among employes or impose any burden upon them. It was the hope for a change for the better that actuated the management of the various mills. But this change has not come. There has been no improvement in the cotton-goods trade.

Again, the average of wages in Augusta is higher than in any of the cotton manufacturing States of the South. President Estes, discussing the situation in detail, said that it was essential that the mills located in Augusta district be placed on a nearer basis of competition with other mills in the South, to enable them to compete with these mills in the markets of the country, and to afford at least the probability of making a return upon the capital invested. Even after the present reduction goes into effect the scale in the Augusta district will be about 6 per cent higher than the average in the other Southern mills.—Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle, October 16.

COTTON MOVEMENT AND FLUCTUATIONS, 1893-98.—New York: Latham, Alexander & Co.—(Twenty-fifth Annual Edition.)—A handsomely bound copy of the twenty-fifth annual issue of their very useful publication, "Cotton Movement and Fluctuations," has been received this week from Messrs. Latham, Alexander & Co. All the features which have made former editions of this book so valuable and interesting have been retained in the present issue, including a general review of the New York cotton market of 1897-98 by the publishers, and a letter from Messrs. Ellison & Co. on the cotton industry in Europe. In addition Mr. Thomas Ellison contributes an article on the "Cotton Industry of Japan," and the work also contains a biographical sketch of Mr. Ellison and a description of the Lowry (round bale) compress. The statistical matter is very complete, and is brought down to the close of the cotton year of 1897-98. The publication should prove very useful to those interested in cotton.

MEXICO'S LARGE COTTON CROP.—A dispatch from Torreon, Mexico, under date of October 18, says: "The cotton crop in Mexico this year is greater than was ever known before. In the Laguna district alone the value of the crop is estimated at \$8,000,000."

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C.—There has been a satisfactory moderate inquiry for jute bagging during the week under review, but at unchanged quotations. The close to night is at 6¼c. for 1¾ lbs. and 6½c. for 2 lbs. standard grade. Car-load lots of standard brands are quoted at 6¼c. for 1¾ lbs. and 6½c. for 2 lbs., f. o. b. at New York. Jute butts have been in moderate request for parcels to arrive at '90c. for paper quality and 1¼c. for mixing.

SHIPPING NEWS.—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 264,281 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:

	Total bales
NEW YORK —To Liverpool, per steamer Cevic, 6,787 upland (including 691 rolls counted as 345 bales), and 152 Sea Island.....	6,939
To Hull, per steamer Francisco, 1,184.....	1,184
To Manchester, per steamer Tantalus, 1,440 upland and 21 Sea Island.....	1,461
To Havre, per steamer La Champagne, 850 upland and 100 Sea Island.....	950
To Bremen, per steamers Karlsruhe, 3,076.....	3,746
To Hamburg, per steamer Bulgaria, 500.....	500
To Rotterdam, per steamer Statendam, 1,256.....	1,256
To Antwerp, per steamers British King, 750.....	1,121
To Genoa, per steamers Aller, 608.....	2,110
To Naples, per steamer Aller, 100.....	100
NEW ORLEANS —To Liverpool—Oct. 14—Steamer Hogarth, 3,316	3,316
To Bremen—Oct. 19—Steamer Chatfield, 5,501.....	5,501
To Hamburg—Oct. 14—Steamer Sardinia, 450.....	450
To Antwerp—Oct. 14—Steamer Arabian Prince, 1,165.....	1,165
To Copenhagen—Oct. 15—Steamer Alexandra, 1,161.....	1,161
Oct. 19—Steamer Arkansas, 1,733.....	2,894
To Barcelona—Oct. 14—Bark Jaime Mir, 300.....	300
Oct. 20—Steamer Conde Wifredo, 4,450.....	5,750
To Genoa—Oct. 14—Steamer Egyptian Prince, 4,267.....	4,267
Oct. 18—Steamer Citta di Palermo, 8,300.....	12,567
To Trieste—Oct. 20—Steamer Laeroma, 2,500.....	2,500
To Venice—Oct. 20—Steamer La Croma, 1,500.....	1,500
GALVESTON —To Liverpool—Oct. 13—Steamer Bodlewell, 11,285	11,285
Oct. 14—Steamer Cayo Romano, 8,819.....	8,819
Steamers Springwell, 8,558; Tasso, 8,599.....	17,157
Oct. 17—Steamer Ida, 5,104.....	42,395
To Manchester—Oct. 19—Steamer Cromwell, 8,932.....	8,932
To Havre—Oct. 20—Steamers Nordfarer, 12,654; Wennington Hall, 9,175.....	21,829
To Bremen—Oct. 15—Steamer Glantivy, 6,345.....	6,345
Steamer Obi, 7,049.....	13,394
To Hamburg—Oct. 19—Steamer Camrose, 678.....	678
To Antwerp—Oct. 15—Steamer Norma, 4,155.....	4,155
CORPUS CHRISTI, &C. —To Mexico, per railroad, 763.....	763
PENSACOLA —To Liverpool—Oct. 18—Steamer Comino, 6,371.....	6,371
SAVANNAH —To Liverpool—Oct. 20—Steamer Helen, 8,466.....	8,466
To Havre—Oct. 20—Steamer Olivadene, 5,776 upland and 526 Sea Island.....	6,302
To Bremen—Oct. 15—Steamer Westwater, 8,575.....	8,575
To Barcelona—Oct. 17—Steamer Clio, 8,300.....	8,300
To Genoa—Oct. 20—Steamer Dora Foster, 6,686.....	6,686
To Trieste—Oct. 17—Steamer Clio, 1,900.....	1,900
BRUNSWICK —To Liverpool—Oct. 20—Steamer Heathmore, 10,002.....	10,002
CHARLESTON —To Liverpool—Oct. 19—Steamer Mab, 7,775 upland and 10 Sea Island.....	7,785
To Bremen—Oct. 18—Steamer Istar, 13,774.....	13,774
PORT ROYAL —To Liverpool—Oct. 18—Steamer Inchmaree, 11,896.....	11,896
WILMINGTON —To Bremen—Oct. 14—Steamer Bellerby, 10,850.....	10,850
Oct. 20—Steamer Beltisloe, 10,182.....	21,032
NORFOLK —To Rotterdam—Oct. 18—Steamer Hillbrook 550.....	550
BOSTON —To Liverpool—Oct. 19—Steamer Sylvania, 2,649.....	2,649
BALTIMORE —To London—Oct. 20—Steamer Montana, 175.....	175
To Bremen—Oct. 19—Steamer Willehad, 2,262.....	2,262
SAN FRANCISCO —To Japan—Oct. 20—Steamer China, 400.....	400
Total.....	264,281

The particulars of the foregoing shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows.

	Great Brit'n.	French ports.	Ger-many.	Olth. Europe.	Mexico.	Japan.	Total.
New York.....	9,584	950	4,246	2,377	2,210	.....	19,367
N. Orleans.....	3,316	.....	5,951	4,059	22,317	.....	35,643
Galveston.....	51,327	21,829	14,072	4,155	.....	.....	91,383
Cor. C. &C.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	763	.....	763
Pensacola.....	6,371	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,371
Savannah.....	8,466	6,302	8,575	.....	16,836	.....	40,229
Brunswick.....	10,002	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,002
Charleston.....	7,785	.....	13,774	.....	.....	.....	21,559
Port Royal.....	11,896	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,896
Wilmington.....	.....	.....	21,032	.....	.....	.....	21,032
Norfolk.....	.....	.....	550	.....	.....	.....	550
Boston.....	2,649	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,649
Baltimore.....	175	.....	2,262	.....	.....	.....	2,437
San Fran.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	400	.....	400
Total.....	111,571	29,081	69,912	11,141	41,413	763	400

To Japan since September 1 shipments have been 958 bales from Pacific Coast.

Cotton freights at New York the past week have been as follows.

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Liverpool.....d.	11 1/4	11 1/4	11 1/4 @ 3/16	11 1/4 @ 3/16	11 1/4 @ 7/16	11 1/4 @ 3/16
Do.....d.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Havre.....c.	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Bremen.....c.	37 1/2	37 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40
Hamburg.....c.	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35	35 1/2
Amsterdam.....c.	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Reval, v. Hamb.....c.	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Do v. Hull.....c.	48 @ 50 1/2	48 @ 50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Rotterdam.....c.	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35	35
Genoa.....c.	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2
Trieste.....c.	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2	45 @ 50 1/2
Antwerp.....d.	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Ghent, v. Antw'p'd.	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2

† Cents net per 100 lbs.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port.

	Sept. 30.	Oct. 7.	Oct. 14.	Oct. 21.
Sales of the week.....bales.	65,000	81,000	74,000	82,000
Of which exporters took.....	2,300	1,900	1,400	3,300
Of which speculators took.....	200	1,500	800	400
As American.....	59,000	76,000	68,000	75,000
Actua export.....	5,000	2,000	4,000	3,000
Forwarded.....	58,000	67,000	67,000	77,000
Total stock—Estimated.....	635,000	*568,000	545,000	530,000
Of which American—Estm'd.....	562,000	*495,000	471,000	454,000
Total import of the week.....	31,000	23,000	46,000	65,000
Of which American.....	27,000	23,000	41,000	60,000
Amount afloat.....	100,000	188,000	271,000	324,000
Of which American.....	96,000	185,000	270,000	323,000

* Re-count of stock; 26,000 bales deducted.

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Oct. 21 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

Spot.	Sat'day.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thurs'day.	Friday.
Market, } 1:45 P. M. }	Steady.	Fair business doing.	Harden'g.	Easier.	Good business doing.	Fair business doing.
Mid. Up'ds.	3 3/32	3 3/32	3 3/32	3 3/32	3 1/16	3 1/16
Sales.....	10,000	12,000	12,000	15,000	12,000	12,000
Spec. & exp.	500	1,000	500	1,500	1,000	500
Futures. Market, } 1:45 P. M. }	Quiet at partially 1-64 adv.	Steady at partially 1-64 dec.	Steady at 1-64 advance.	Steady at partially 1-64 dec.	Steady at partially 1-64 dec.	Quiet at 1-64 decline.
Market, } 4 P. M. }	Steady.	Firm.	Barely steady.	Quiet.	Steady.	Quiet.

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

Oct. 15 to Oct. 21.	Sat.		Mon.		Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
	12 1/2 P. M.	1 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.	1:45 P. M.	4 P. M.
October.....	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 01	3 02	3 01	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 01	2 63	2 63
Oct.-Nov.....	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 01	3 01	3 00	3 00	2 63	2 62	3 00	2 63	2 63
Nov.-Dec.....	2 63	2 63	2 63	3 00	3 00	3 00	2 63	2 62	2 62	2 63	2 62	2 62
Dec.-Jan.....	2 63	2 63	2 63	3 00	3 00	3 00	2 63	2 62	2 62	2 63	2 62	2 62
Jan.-Feb.....	2 63	2 63	2 63	3 00	3 01	3 00	2 63	2 63	2 63	2 63	2 62	2 62
Feb.-March.....	3 00	3 00	3 00	3 01	3 01	3 01	3 00	2 63	2 63	3 00	2 63	2 63
March-April.....	3 01	3 01	3 00	3 02	3 02	3 01	3 01	3 00	3 00	3 01	3 00	3 00
April-May.....	3 02	3 02	3 01	3 02	3 03	3 02	3 02	3 01	3 01	3 02	3 00	3 01
May-June.....	3 02	3 02	3 02	3 04	3 04	3 03	3 03	3 02	3 02	3 03	3 01	3 02
June-July.....	3 03	3 03	3 03	3 04	3 05	3 04	3 03	3 03	3 03	3 03	3 02	3 02
July-Aug.....	3 04	3 04	3 03	3 05	3 05	3 04	3 04	3 03	3 04	3 03	3 03	3 03
Aug.-Sept.....	3 04	3 04	3 04	3 06	3 05	3 05	3 05	3 04	3 04	3 05	3 03	3 03

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, October 21, 1898.

Reflecting a continued upward tendency to values for the grain, there has been a firmer market for wheat flour, as the mills have advanced their limits, particularly for spring patents. The volume of business transacted in the local market has been only moderate, as buyers by their recent purchases have largely anticipated their current wants, and, despite the general strength of the situation and the fact that the close of navigation is near at hand, have shown little disposition to further add to their holdings. Northwestern mills have reported free acceptances of their cable refusals. Rye flour has been firm but quiet. Buckwheat flour has been quiet and prices have weakened slightly. The close, however, was steady. Corn meal has been in fairly active demand at about steady values.

Speculation in wheat for future delivery has been fairly active and the tendency of prices has continued towards a higher basis. The unusual activity of the export demand, which daily throughout the week has been in excess of 1,000,000 bushels, has been the principal strengthening feature, the fact that Mediterranean ports came into the market as buyers during the latter part of the week going to verify the reports that Russian shipments are and will continue small. Reports of unfavorable weather conditions in Argentine for the growing crop have also had their influence in favor of values. The unsettled political situation in Europe, too, has been referred to by many of the trade as having considerable bearing on the upward course of prices and the heavy purchases for foreign account. The export demand has been principally for November and December shipments, owing largely to the inability of shippers to obtain freight room for prompt shipments and also to the full supplies previously purchased for shipment this month. Wednesday and Thursday the export demand reached the largest proportions thus far noted, the purchases each day here and at outports, according to the reports which were in circulation in the trade, amounting to 2,000,000 bushels. To-day there was a fairly active market, but prices declined in response to weaker European advices, which prompted some realizing sales by longs. The spot market was easier. At the lower prices exporters were free buyers, particularly during the latter part of the day. Their purchases to day here and at outports amounted to about 1,000,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER IN NEW YORK.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Cash wheat f. o. b.....	75 1/8	75	75 3/8	77	73 5/8	77 3/8
Dec. delivery in elev.....	71 7/8	72 1/4	72 7/8	74 1/2	73 1/8	74 5/8
Mar. delivery in elev.....	73 1/4	73 1/2	74 1/8	75 3/8	76 5/8	75 1/4
May delivery in elev.....	71	70 3/4	71 1/4	72 3/8	73 3/8	72 3/8

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 SPRING IN CHICAGO.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Oct. delivery in elev.....	64 3/4	65 1/4	65 3/8	Hol.	68	66 3/4
Dec. delivery in elev.....	64 1/2	65 1/8	65 3/8	Hol.	68	66 3/4
May delivery in elev.....	65 3/8	66 1/4	66 3/4	Hol.	68 3/4	67 3/4

Indian corn futures have been moderately active at advancing prices. Foreign advices have reported stronger markets, and the export business has continued on an unusually extensive scale. Unfavorable weather conditions in the corn belt have also had a strengthening influence upon values. The purchases by exporters for the week have averaged close to 1,000,000 bushels daily, about evenly distributed between the United Kingdom and the Continent. To-day the market was easier under realizing sales and in response to weaker foreign advices. The spot market was active at lower prices. The sales to-day for export here and at outports were 850,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN IN NEW YORK.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Cash corn f. o. b.....	37 3/4	38 1/4	38 5/8	39 1/2	39 5/8	38 1/2
Dec. delivery in elev.....	36 3/8	37 1/8	37 1/2	38 3/8	38 1/2	37 1/2
May delivery in elev.....	38 3/8	39	39 3/8	40 1/4	40 1/8	39

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN IN CHICAGO.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Oct. delivery in elev.....	30 5/8	31	31	Hol.	32 1/2	31 1/2
Dec. delivery in elev.....	30 3/8	31 3/8	31 5/8	Hol.	32 5/8	31 1/2
May delivery in elev.....	33 1/8	33 3/8	34	Hol.	34 3/4	33 5/8

Oats for future delivery have been neglected in the local market, but at the West the trading has been fairly active on buying for investment account, stimulated by a good trade in the cash market as both the home trade and exporters have been large buyers. The sales for export included a reported transaction of 1,500,000 bushels white oats for shipment from the Northwest to the United Kingdom via Newport News. To-day the market at the West for contracts was easier under realizing sales by recent buyers. The spot market was steady but less active. Export sales were only 10,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS IN NEW YORK.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Cash No. 2 mixed, elev...	28	28	28	28 1/2	29	29
Cash No. 2 white, elev...	29 1/2	29 1/2	30	30 1/2	30 3/4	30 1/2

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED OATS IN CHICAGO.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Dec. delivery in elev.....	22 1/4	22 3/8	23	Hol.	23 1/2	22 3/8
May delivery in elev.....	23 1/4	23 3/8	23 3/8	Hol.	24 1/2	22 3/8

Rye has been sparingly offered, and as there has been an export demand the limited supplies obtainable have been purchased at higher prices. Barley has been quiet but values have been firmly maintained in sympathy with the strength of other grains.

The following are closing quotations:

WHEAT.

Fine.....	\$2 50	22 65	Patent, winter.....	\$3 60	24 40
Superfine.....	2 60	22 80	City mills, extras...	4 60	24 85
Extra, No. 2.....	2 75	23 03	Rye flour, superfine	2 90	23 35
Extra, No. 1.....	2 80	23 25	Buckwheat flour...	1 35	15 1/2
Clears.....	3 00	23 45	Corn meal—		
Straights.....	3 40	23 90	Western, etc.....	2 10	22 15
Patent, Spring.....	3 90	24 60	Brandywine.....		2 20

[Wheat flour in sacks sells at prices below those for barrels.]

GRAIN.

Wheat—			Corn, per bush—		
N'th'n Duluth, No. 1	81 3/4	283 3/8	Western mixed.....	67	240 7/8
Red Winter, No. 2.	76	277 3/8	No. 2 mixed.....	37 1/2	240 7/8
Northern, No. 1.....	75 3/8	277 3/4	Western Yellow.....	38	239 1/2
Oats—Mix'd, per bah.	23 1/2	23 0	Western White.....	38	239 1/2
White.....	29 1/2	23 35	Rye—		
No. 2 mixed.....	29	23 0	Western, per bush....	55	259
No. 2 white.....	30 1/2	23 1 1/2	State and Jersey.....	53	257
			Barley—Western.....	45	255
			Feeding.....	39	242

For other tables usually given here see page 825

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, P. M., October 21, 1898.

There has been an improvement in the volume of business transacted this week, but still the demand has lacked spirit. The colder weather has helped distribution with retailers generally, and reports from the South show that it has benefited the fever stricken districts, releasing a demand from certain southern markets from which no business had come for some time past. There has been no material alteration in the tone of the primary market here, and the tendency of prices is still generally in favor of buyers. The print cloth situation is an exception. This is decidedly firmer and prices 1-16c. higher. The Fall River manufacturers have agreed to curtail production for four weeks during the next three months and to pool their stocks in the hands of a small committee. One feature of the week was an auction sale of some 3,000 pieces of silks, which was very well attended and went off with considerable spirit at satisfactory prices.

WOOLEN GOODS.—There has been no improvement of any moment in the demand for spring lines of men's wear woolsens and worsteds. In some quarters, chiefly in fine-grade fancies, orders are more numerous, but in other directions they continue disappointingly slow. The price situation is unsettled, but the downward tendency is not pronounced, certain mills preferring to shut down rather than reduce prices further. In re-orders for heavy-weights the colder weather has had some influence, the supplementary demand being of fully average volume for the time of year. Satinets and doeskin jeans continue inactive and prices irregular. Overcoatings are dull and prices favor buyers. Sales of cloakings show some increase but sellers are easy to

deal with. Dress goods are quiet throughout and business secured for spring well below average volume; prices are in favor of buyers. Flannels and blankets steady but quiet.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending October 17 were 9,126 packages, valued at \$340,718, their destination being to the points specified in the tables below:

NEW YORK TO OCT. 17.	1898.		1897.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	42	2,754	6	3,766
Other European.....		850	249	2,903
China.....	4,495	132,490	1,501	101,554
India.....	34	9,821	1,176	10,735
Arabia.....	964	28,484	1,650	19,904
Africa.....	411	9,801	937	15,544
West Indies.....	466	12,142	559	11,989
Mexico.....	131	3,703	156	2,828
Central America.....	690	6,663	59	6,811
South America.....	1,858	40,395	683	39,295
Other Countries.....	37	14,088	62	4,048
Total.....	9,126	261,191	7,038	219,377
China, via Vancouver.....		21,623		16,166
Total.....	9,126	282,814	7,038	235,543

* From New England mill points direct.

The value of the New York exports for the year to date has been \$9,200,851 in 1898, against \$8,563,459 in 1897.

There has been more demand for export in brown sheetings and drills, which has been met by sellers at easy prices. Home buying is still moderate in heavy-weights, but in sympathy with print cloths some light-weights have been in better request and firmer. Ducks are quietly steady. Brown osnaburgs flat. Bleached cottons have been in steady request for small quantities. Quotations are not changed, but the market is easy and irregular. Wide sheetings inactive and cotton flannels and blankets quiet at previous prices. Denims are in quiet demand and prices easier. Ticks dull, plaids in moderate request and other colored cottons inactive with ready sellers. Kid finished cambrics quietly steady. Fancy prints in moderate request and irregular in price. More staple lines have sold to an average extent without quotable change. Fine printed specialties are doing fairly well for spring, but the best spring business is relatively in fine gingham. Staple gingham steady. Print cloths have advanced to 2c. for regulars and are firm at the close.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—Importers are generally complaining of the small volume of business secured for spring. The orders this week for dress goods, silks and other leading descriptions have been light. Dress goods are irregular in price and silks hardly as firm as before.

IMPORTATIONS AND WAREHOUSE WITHDRAWALS OF DRY GOODS.

The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Oct. 20, 1898, and since January 1, 1898, and for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

IMPORTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 20, 1898.	1898.		1897.	
	Week Ending Oct. 20, 1898.	Since Jan. 1, 1898.	Week Ending Oct. 21, 1897.	Since Jan. 1, 1897.
Manufactures of—				
Wool.....	381	63,685	402	68,587
Cotton.....	1,238	254,222	1,000	211,577
Silk.....	914	410,028	1,390	578,938
Flax.....	10,858	424,448	1,017	152,911
Miscellaneous.....	8,383	199,013	1,110	162,008
Total.....	21,744	1,151,435	5,509	1,412,322
Manufactures of—				
Wool.....	267	95,453	30	40,936
Cotton.....	289	86,087	145	17,836
Silk.....	1,051	471,884	51	23,078
Flax.....	464	60,339	188	28,487
Miscellaneous.....	1,617	36,726	230	15,204
Total withdrawals for consumption.....	2,742	325,788	644	117,371
Entered for consumption.....	21,744	1,151,435	5,509	1,412,322
Total imports.....	24,486	1,477,223	6,153	1,529,693
Imports entered for warehouse during same period.....	46,325	1,468,779	9,334	1,774,833
Warehouse withdrawals thrown upon the market.....	24,486	1,477,223	6,153	1,529,693
Imports entered for warehouse during same period.....	761,774	75,858,703	9,334	1,774,833

STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT will be furnished *without extra charge* to every annual subscriber of the COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.

The STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT will also be furnished *without extra charge* to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

The STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENT will likewise be furnished *without extra charge* to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

The QUOTATION SUPPLEMENT, issued monthly, will also be furnished *without extra charge* to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

TERMS for the CHRONICLE with the four Supplements above named are Ten Dollars per year within the United States and Twelve Dollars in Europe, which in both cases includes postage.

Terms of Advertising—(Per inch space.)

Transient matter (each time) \$3 50	Three Months (13 times) .. \$25 00
STANDING BUSINESS CARDS.	Six months (26 times) .. 43 00
Two months (8 times) .. 18 00	Twelve Months (52 times) .. 58 00

Beltrami County, Minn.—Not Liable for Debt.—We take the following from the "Pioneer Press" of St. Paul of October 4, 1898: "Judge Otis in the District Court yesterday filed an order sustaining the defendant's demurrer to the complaint in the case of the First National Bank of Detroit, Minn., vs. the Board of County Commissioners for Beltrami County. The action was brought to test the county's liability on indebtedness contracted before the organization of Beltrami County as a separate organization from Becker County.

"Judge Otis, in his memorandum, states that if the contracts set out in the complaint were binding at all at the time they were made, they were binding upon Becker County. Defendant county at that time had no corporate existence for taxable purposes. After Beltrami County was incorporated it never assumed the indebtedness, nor was it imposed by legislation."

Cleveland School District—Glenville, Ohio.—Apportionment of Debt.—At a recent conference between the Glenville School Board and a representative of the School Council of Cleveland the amount of the Glenville school debt to be assumed by the Cleveland district, owing to the annexation of a portion of Glenville to the city of Cleveland, was determined upon. The total debt of the Glenville School District, it is stated, is \$41,210, and 6-8% of this debt, or \$2,802 28, will be payable by the Cleveland district.

Colorado.—Warrants Ordered Paid.—According to the Denver "Republican," George W. Kephart, State Treasurer, has been peremptorily commanded by the District Court to cash the State warrants, series of 1889, held by the American Savings Bank of New York, to the amount of about \$16,000. The final process in the suit was issued October 1, 1898, but it is stated the money will not be paid on the Court's command, as the State will appeal to the Supreme Court, where it is believed that the precedent established in previous cases of the same kind will be followed and the mandamus dissolved.

Harrison County, W. Va.—Bonds to be Canceled.—According to the Cincinnati "Commercial-Tribune," this county ten years ago issued \$150,000 of bonds to aid the West Virginia & Pennsylvania Railroad, an extension of a road from Pennsylvania to Clarksburg, the county seat of this county. The road was not completed within the three years as agreed, and a few weeks ago the County Court issued an order to cancel the bonds. The company secured an injunction, and on September 28, after a legal battle in which many prominent lawyers of the State participated, the Judge decided in favor of the county to destroy the bonds. The railroad, it is stated, may possibly take an appeal.

Hill City, Kan.—Litigation.—The Corning Estate of Rochester, N. Y., has brought suit against Hill City for payment of \$10,000 refunding bonds. The city claims that the bonds were not issued regularly. It is said that a compromise of 50 cents on the dollar has been offered to the holders of the bonds.

Melrose (Town), Mass.—Petition for Charter Authorized.—At the special town meeting held on October 3, 1898, the proposition to petition the next General Court for a city charter was carried by a vote of 506 to 335.

New Britain, Conn.—Bond Issue Confirmed.—At a special city meeting on October 17, 1898, the following resolution, to correct a technical error (omission of date), in an ordinance providing for a recent bond issue, was passed:

"Whereas, on June 18, 1896, at a meeting of the legal voters of New Britain, it was duly voted to authorize a further issue of \$75,000 of city sewer bonds, payable in thirty years, and whereas \$25,000 of said bonds have been issued and the Board of Sewer Commissioners has sold the balance of \$50,000 of said bonds to R. L. Day & Co. of Boston, said \$50,000 of bonds to bear date August 1, 1895, and payable in thirty years from August 1, 1895;

"Voted, that the Board of Sewer Commissioners be and it is hereby authorized to issue to R. L. Day & Co. of Boston the balance of \$50,000 of the city sewer bonds authorized to be issued by said vote of June 18, 1896, said bonds so to be issued to be dated August 1, 1895, and to mature in thirty years from August 1, 1895, but in the form prescribed by said vote of June 18, 1896."

Oregon.—Legislation.—On October 6, 1898, the State Senate passed a bill abolishing the State Board of Equalization. A new bill was then introduced providing that the Gov-

ernor, Secretary of State and the State Treasurer should constitute a State Equalization Board and providing for a "variable levy for State purposes." Under this bill the new board instead of changing the valuation of the various counties will add to or take from (as the case may be) the levies assessed against the counties.

Among other bills passed by both houses of the Legislature are the following: To amend the charter of Astoria, to amend the charter of Baker City, to amend the charter of Ashland and to amend the charter of Condon. Bills to amend the charter of the city of Union and to incorporate the town of Monmouth have passed the Senate, and bills to incorporate the city of Pendleton and to establish a fiscal agency in New York City have passed the House. The Portland charter bill also passed both houses.

Santa Cruz, Cal.—City Must Pay Bonds.—The Denver "Republican" says that on September 29, 1898, Judge De Haven decided that the city must pay the \$360,000 and interest at 5% from April, 1894, on bonds issued by the city for improvements. The bonds were disposed of to Eastern capitalists. The city claimed that it had never received the money and refused to bear the brunt of the debt, alleging that the issue was illegal for the reason that the City Council was not a legal body, their successors having been elected. Judge De Haven held otherwise, and ordered the amount paid, which, with interest, will increase the debt to nearly half a million dollars.

Bond Calls and Redemptions.

Austin, Texas.—Bond Redemption.—Pursuant to an ordinance passed September 19, 1898, the city has redeemed \$10,000 water and light bonds held by the New York Life Insurance Company.

Cortland (Village), N. Y.—Bond Redemption.—On September 30, 1898, \$6,000 of the \$14,000 normal school bonds then outstanding were paid off by the Village Clerk.

Galveston, Texas.—Bond Call.—Edward McCarthy, City Treasurer, has called for payment November 5, 1898, at his office, the following "forty-year limited debt bonds:" Nos. 671 to 679, 686 to 688, 692, 693, 697 to 705, 707 to 713, all inclusive. Bonds are for \$1,000 each.

Harrisburg (Pa.) School District.—Bond Call.—The Treasurer of this district called for payment on October 1, 1898, on which day all interest ceased, bonds Nos. 490 to 503, inclusive, in amount of \$1,000 each. Notice was also given to the holders of bond No. 86 for \$500 and bond No. 107 for \$100, to present the same at once for redemption and payment. The interest on these bonds ceased on April 1, 1897.

Helena, Mont.—Bond Call.—City Treasurer H. F. Tilton called for payment October 15, 1898, at the office of E. H. Gay & Co., Fiscal Agents for the city, about \$50,000 6% sewer bonds.

Iowa.—Warrant Call.—State Treasurer John Herriott has called for payment October 29, 1898, after which time interest will cease, outstanding warrants Nos. 1429 to 4113 inclusive.

Jefferson County (P. O. Brookville), Pa.—Bond Call.—This county called for payment on October 1, 1898, bonds Nos. 1 to 50, issue of 1893, to the amount of \$15,000. We are advised that no refunding bonds will be issued.

Lycoming County, Pa.—Bond Call.—The County Commissioners have given notice that bonds of Series C, numbered 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 103, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 114, 117, 119, 120, 124 and 137 are called for redemption and will be paid at the office of the Commissioners in Williamsport, Pa., on November 1, 1898, on which date interest will cease. The Commissioners also notify holders that bonds of Series C numbered 116 and 122 and 125 to 172, inclusive, except 137, and bonds of Series D numbered 1 to 390, inclusive, all subject to call at the option of the Commissioners, are called for payment on November 1, 1898, at the office of the County Treasurer. Present holders have the privilege of exchanging their bonds for new county bonds bearing 3½% interest by notifying the County Commissioners on or before October 27, 1898.

Missouri.—Bond Call.—It is stated in local papers that \$558,000 3½% (optional) bonds were called for payment October 15, 1898. This reduces the bonded debt of the State to \$3,642,000.

Multnomah County, Ore.—Warrant Call.—Ralph W. Hoyt, County Treasurer, has called for payment September 25, 1898, county warrants class 35, drawn upon the general fund, that were presented and indorsed "Not paid for want of funds," from June 1, 1897, to June 30, 1897, both dates inclusive. Interest on these warrants ceased on September 16, 1898.

The County Treasurer has also called for payment October 5, 1898, warrants as above issued from July 1, 1897, to August 31, 1897.

Warrants of Class B, county road fund, indorsed "not paid for want of funds," from November 1, 1897, to November 30, 1897, inclusive, have also been called for payment. Interest ceased October 12, 1895.

Newport, Ky.—Bonds to be Redeemed.—Street improvement and funding bonds and coupons to the amount of \$1,750, which fall due this month, have been ordered paid by the Committee on Ways and Means of the General Council.

Ouay County (P. O. Ouray), Col.—Bond Redemption.—The County Treasurer called for payment on September 25, 1893, after which date all interest ceased, bonds 1 to 9, in-

clusive, First Series, denomination of \$1,000. We are advised that no new bonds will be issued, but that payment will be from the Sinking Fund.

Pierce Township, Lawrence County, Mo.—Bonds Called.—Township 6% bonds numbered 104 and 105, for \$500 each, dated March 1, 1887, have been called for payment. Interest ceased September 1, 1893.

Pilot Grove Township, Cooper County, Mo.—Bond Call.—Township 5% bond, numbered 184 for \$500, dated Jan. 1, 1890, has been called for payment. Interest ceased September 1, 1898.

Putnam County, Mo.—Bond Call.—On November 1, 1893, the following bonds of Putnam County will be redeemed at the Third National Bank of St. Louis: Bonds numbered 81, 82 and 83, dated November 1, 1887, and Nos. 1 to 17, inclusive, dated May 1, 1889. The bonds all bear interest at 5% and are of the denomination of \$500. Interest ceases on date of redemption.

Seattle, Wash.—Warrant Call.—City Treasurer A. H. Foote has called for payment at his office the following warrants, interest on which will cease on October 15, 1893:

- Olive Street—Ordinance No. 1450, warrant No. 1867, balance interest due; No. 1875, part payment, principal \$100.
- Washington Street—Ordinance No. 4520, warrants Nos. 428 to 432, inclusive.
- Howell Street—Ordinance No. 4604, warrant No. 379.
- Jefferson Street—Ordinance No. 4503, warrant No. 437; balance principal and interest.
- Terrace Street—Ordinance No. 4540, warrant No. 614.
- Boren Avenue et al.—Ordinance No. 4578, warrant No. 763.

Washington.—Warrant Call.—The State Treasurer has issued a call for State General Fund warrants numbered from 26,931 to 28,400, inclusive, amounting to \$103,657.21. Interest will cease after October 17, 1898.

Wheeling, W. Va.—Bond Call.—The Commissioners of the Electric Light Loan have called for payment October 1, 1898, at the Bank of Ohio Valley, Wheeling, bonds Nos. 3, 5, 7, 10, 11, 24, 35, 39, 59, 65, 66, 81, 93, 94 and 98, all for \$100 each, and Nos. 110, 113, 105, 121, 123, 139, 157, 160, 163, 171 and 195, of \$500 each, and No. 213, for \$1,000.

Bond Proposals and Negotiations this week have been as follows:

Akron, Ohio.—Loan Negotiated.—This city recently negotiated a loan of \$20,000 on a note for 90 days.

Anthony School District, Iowa.—Bonds Voted.—At a special election on October 3, 1893, the people of this district voted in favor of an issue of \$5,000 school-building bonds.

Ashley (Borough), Pa.—Bond Election.—At the election to be held on November 8, 1893, the question of issuing \$3,000 5% bonds for the purpose of disposing of outstanding orders will be submitted to a vote of the people.

Ashtabula, Ohio.—Proposed Election.—It is reported that this city will soon hold an election to vote on the question of issuing bonds for the construction of a new school building.

Atkinson (Town), Neb.—Bonds Defeated.—At a special election held in this town on October 15, 1893, the proposition to issue \$10,000 bonds in aid of the Atkinson & Northwestern Railway was defeated. 114 votes were cast in favor of and but 53 against the measure; a two-thirds vote, however, was required to carry it.

Augusta, Ill.—Bond Election.—At a special election to be held in this place the question of issuing bonds for the purchase of a park site will be submitted to a vote of the people.

Barrett School District (P. O. Santa Monica), Cal.—Bonds Voted.—This district has voted unanimously to issue \$1,500 7% bonds. Interest will be payable semi-annually and the principal will mature \$700 in five years and \$800 in eight years from date of issue. Bonds have been ordered sold by the Board of Trustees.

Barron, Wis.—Bond Sale.—We are advised that the \$1,200 electric light bonds authorized at the election held September 17, 1893, have been disposed of.

Bergen (Village), N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 18, 1893, the \$2,500 coupon bonds were awarded to Jose, Parker & Co., Boston, at 100-429 for a 3½% bond. Following are the bids:

<p><i>For 3 5/8% Bonds.</i></p> <p>Jose, Parker & Co., Boston... 100-429</p> <p><i>For 3 5/8% Bonds.</i></p> <p>R. B. Smith & Co., New York... 100-17</p> <p><i>For 3 7/8% Bonds.</i></p> <p>Rochester Savings Bank, Rochester... 100</p>	<p><i>For 4% Bonds.</i></p> <p>Geo. M. Hahn, New York... 102-47</p> <p>Waller Stanton & Co., New York... 101-87</p> <p>Benwell & Everitt, New York... 101</p> <p>S. A. Kean, Chicago... 100-25</p> <p><i>For 4 80% Bonds.</i></p> <p>W. S. & C. E. Housel, Bergen... 100</p>
---	--

Principal will mature \$500 yearly on October 1 from 1903 to 1907, inclusive. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 809.

Blackhawk County (P. O. Waterloo), Iowa.—Bond Election.—At the general election to be held on November 8, 1893, the question of issuing the following bonds will be submitted to the voters of the county: \$75,000 court-house, \$15,000 for the purchase of ground and \$10,000 for building a jail. If bonds are authorized, the interest will not exceed 4% and will be payable at Waterloo.

Blockton, Iowa.—Bonds Voted.—This city has voted to issue \$4,000 bonds for a water-works system.

Bloomfield (Town), N. J.—No Action in Regard to Bond Issue.—We are advised by William L. Johnson, Town Clerk, that no action has as yet been taken in reference to the issuance of the sewer bonds, to which reference was made in the CHRONICLE of April 18, 1893.

Boston, Mass.—Bond Issue.—The Boston News Bureau says it is probable that the \$100,000 of Boston Terminal bonds recently approved by the Mayor and both branches of the city government will not be issued for some time, probably a month at least. The Finance Committee is considering the

matter and will present their report to both branches of the city government for ratification.

Broome County, N. Y.—Loan Authorized.—It is reported that the Treasurer of this county has been authorized to borrow \$48,000 for a short term.

Buchanan (Town), Va.—Bond Sale.—The \$3,000 refunding bonds, for which proposals were asked until Sept. 30, as stated in the CHRONICLE of September 24, 1893, were not sold until October 12, when they were awarded to the E. W. C. Jones Co., New York City, on a 6% basis.

Caldwell County, Mo.—Bonds Registered.—On October 17, 1893, State Auditor Seibert registered the \$13,500 6% Court-house bonds which were sold on September 5, 1893, to Altheimer & Rawlings, St. Louis, Mo.

Cambridge, Mass.—Bonds Authorized.—This city recently authorized the issuance of \$50,000 3½% bonds for the beginning of a bridge between Boston and Cambridge. We are advised that this bridge will probably be three years in building, and cost, when completed, \$1,350,000. The present issue of bonds will mature 40 years from date of issue. Interest will be payable at City Treasurer's office or sent by check to holder. Date of sale has not yet been determined.

Carthage, Ill.—Bond Issue.—It is reported that this town is about to issue \$1,500 of water bonds.

Coffeyville, Kan.—Bond Election.—An election is soon to be held in this city to vote on the question of issuing \$20,000 of bonds in aid of the Kansas Oklahoma Central & Southwestern Railway.

Colton, Cal.—Bond Sale.—The \$20,000 of 6% 1 to 40-year water-works bonds offered for sale September 30, 1893, have been awarded to A. H. Conger, Los Angeles, Cal.

Columbia, S. C.—Bond News.—Mr. Chas. C. Wilson, City Engineer, writes us that the City Council is proceeding steadily with its investigation of the new water-works and sewerage project, and will, he thinks, certainly adopt it. Mr. Wilson says that an issue of about \$500,000 bonds will be required, but that nothing will be done towards their issuance until after the next meeting of the Legislature in January.

Columbus, Ohio.—Bond Sales.—On October 14, 1893, the \$160,000 4% refunding "Boston Loan" bonds were awarded to Jose, Parker & Co., Boston, at 100-61. Following are the bids:

<p><i>Premium.</i></p> <p>Jose, Parker & Co., Boston... \$276 00</p> <p>Farnon, Leach & Co., Chicago... 880 00</p> <p>Mary L. Loos... 450 00</p> <p>Parkinson & Burr, Boston... 308 77</p>	<p><i>Premium.</i></p> <p>Perry, Coffin & Burr, Boston... \$320 00</p> <p>W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland... 272 00</p> <p>Ohio National Bank, Columbus... 100 00</p>
--	---

Principal will mature April 1, 1900. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 809.

We are also advised that the \$10,500 4% West Park Avenue improvement and \$3,000 4% Harris Avenue improvement bonds, a description of which was given in last week's CHRONICLE, will be taken by the Trustees of the sinking fund.

Details of Bonds Authorized.—Further details are at hand concerning the \$50,000 levee bonds and \$3,000 Fourth Avenue improvement bonds mentioned in the CHRONICLE of last week. The levee bonds are to be dated October 1, 1898, and mature October 1, 1918. Interest will be 4%, payable April 1 and October 1. The Fourth Avenue bonds will be dated September 1, 1898, and mature September 1, 1908, subject to call after 1902. The interest, at 4%, will be payable March 1 and September 1. Interest and principal payable at the office of the City Treasurer. The date of sale has not yet been announced.

Coshocton, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M. November 1, 1893, by F. F. Wagner, Village Clerk, for \$1,200 6% sewer bonds. Securities will be in denomination of \$300, dated November 1, 1898; the first instalment of interest will be payable March 1, 1900, and remaining instalments thereafter on March 1 and September 1 at the Commercial Banking Company Bank, Coshocton. Principal will mature \$200 yearly on September 1 from 1900 to 1905, inclusive.

Proposals will also be received until 12 M. November 8, 1893, by F. F. Wagner, Village Clerk, for \$1,500 6% street paving bonds. Securities will be in denomination of \$100, dated November 8, 1893; the first instalment of interest will be payable March 1, 1900, and the remaining instalments thereafter on March 1 and September 1 at the Commercial Banking Company Bank, Coshocton. Principal will mature \$100 yearly on September 1 from 1900 to 1914, inclusive. Both the above issues are issued pursuant with sections 2,237, 2,704 and 2,705 Revised Statutes of Ohio. Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for 5% of the gross amount of bonds bid for, and the purchaser must furnish blank bonds.

Crookston, Minn.—Sale Declared Off.—We are advised by William Lanctot, City Clerk, that the sale of the \$8,000 5% bonds for which proposals were asked until October 15, 1893, was declared off and the proposition will again be submitted to the voters at the general election to be held on November 8 next. "Proceedings were not satisfactory."

Crystal Springs, Miss.—Bond Sale.—On October 15, 1893, the \$16,000 6% water-works bonds were awarded as follows: \$3,000 at 101-50 to T. H. Kendall, Crystal Springs, and \$13,000 at 101 to J. S. Sexton, Hazlehurst. There were four other bids received, ranging from par to 100-6. Interest will be payable annually on July 5 and the principal will mature 20 years from date of issue.

Defiance, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M. October 29, 1893, by J. J. Malley, City

Clerk, for \$20,000 4 1/2% refunding bonds. Securities will be in denomination of \$500, dated September 1, 1898; interest will be payable March 1 and September 1 at the City Treasurer's office. Two bonds will mature each six months (in their numerical order from 1 to 40) from September 1, 1910, to March 1, 1920, inclusive. Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 2701, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and a city ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to Issue Refunding Bonds for the Year 1898." Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for \$500 drawn on a bank of the city.

Delaware County (P. O. Delaware), Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 14, 1898, the \$8,700 5% county improved road bonds were awarded to the First National Bank, Columbus, at 103 and the \$7,161 county ditch bonds to the same bank at 102-876. Following are the bids:

—Premium— Road Ditch Bonds. Fds.		—Premium— Road Ditch Bonds. Fds.	
New First Nat. B'k. Colum. \$261	\$206	Briggs, Smith & Co., Cin. \$198	\$186
J. L. Wolfley, Delaware... 260	205	Deposit Bank, Delaware... 195	157
Delaware Co. B'k. Dela... 203	165	S. A. Kean, Chicago... 174	143
Seasongood & Mayer, Cin. 202	160	R. Kleyboite & Co., Cin... 156	128

The principal of each of these issues will mature one bond each six months from March 1, 1899, to September 1, 1903. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of October 1, 1898, p. 703.

East Hartford (Town), Conn.—Details of Authorized Loan.—We are advised that the loan which we stated last week had been authorized will be borrowed on town notes, \$10,000 to be paid May 1, 1899, out of the next tax levy, and \$8,000 payable May 1, 1900, out of the tax levy of 1899.

Fayetteville, Tenn.—Bonds Voted.—The election which was originally called for August 27, 1898, was held on October 15, and the proposition to issue \$30,000 5% water-works bonds was carried by a large majority. Bonds will mature 20 years from date of issue, subject to call after 10 years.

Florence, Col.—Bonds Voted.—At the election held on October 11, 1898, the proposition to issue \$135,000 bonds to erect water works for fire and domestic purposes was carried by a vote of over two to one. The bonds will bear 6% interest, payable in gold semi-annually at the Kountze Bros. Bank, New York City, or at the Bank of Florence. Principal will mature 15 years from date of issue, subject to call after 10 years. Date of sale has not been determined.

Gallatin, Tenn.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until November 1, 1898, for \$35,000 4% water works bonds, to be issued January 1, 1899, or sooner. Principal will mature 20 years from date of issue, the corporation of Gallatin reserving the right to redeem part or all of them after 10 years. Interest will be payable semi-annually. D. K. Spillers is the Chairman of the Finance Committee.

Ganado (Town), Texas.—Proposed Bond Issue.—We are advised that this town will soon issue \$1,500 school bonds.

Geneseo (Village), N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 17, 1898, the \$5,000 4% water-works bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, at 101-05. Following are the bids:

W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland... 101-05	Bertron & Storrs, New York... 100-30
S. A. Kean, Chicago... 100-60	Benwell & Everitt, New York... 10-27
Geo. M. Hahn, New York... 100-49	Genesee Valley Nat. Bk., Geneseo... 100-00

For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 810.

Gloucester, Mass.—Bond Sale.—On October 19, 1898, the \$75,000 4% "Stage Fort Park Loan" bonds were awarded to W. Holman Cary, Boston, at 110-280. Following are the bids:

W. Holman Cary, Boston... 110-280	Blake Bros. & Co., Boston... 109-150
E. H. Rollins & S. ns, Boston... 110-078	N. W. Harris & Co., Boston... 108-675
Perry, Coffin & Burr, Boston... 109-576	Blodget, Merritt & Co., Boston... 108-470
Horace S. Homer & Co., Boston... 108-437	Adams & Co., Boston... 10-030
Parkinson & Burr, Boston... 109-391	City National Bank, Gloucester... 108-000
R. L. Day & Co., Boston... 109-329	S. A. Kean, Chicago... 107-500

Principal will mature one bond yearly on July 1 from 1899 to 1938, inclusive. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 810.

Goodhue (Minn.) School District.—Bonds Voted.—This district recently voted to issue \$2,500 5% bonds for a new school house. Principal will mature in 5, 10 and 15 years. Date of sale has not yet been determined.

Grant County (P. O. Williamstown), Ky.—Bond Election.—At the election to be held in November the question of free turnpikes and of issuing bonds to pay for same will be submitted to the people.

Hackettstown (Town), N. J.—Loan Authorized.—According to report this town was authorized to borrow \$1,000. In explanation it should be said that the several appropriations which are made at the charter election held in April of each year are not available until the taxes are collected in December, so the Treasurer is instructed to borrow through the summer and fall the money that is needed for various expenses. The loan is always negotiated with the local bank for the short time which it runs.

Hanover (Borough), Pa.—No Election at Present.—It has been reported that an election would soon be held in this borough to submit to the people the question of issuing \$50,000 paving and highway improvement bonds. In reply to our inquiry the Secretary says: "The borough of Hanover will not be in a position to issue bonds until after the spring (February) election, and only then if authorized by the voters."

Herkimer, N. Y.—Bonds Voted.—At the election held on October 10, 1898, the people voted favorably on the question of issuing the \$13,000 electric light-plant bonds.

Herminghaus School District, Fresno County, Cal.—Bond Sale.—An issue of school bonds to the amount of \$1,500 has recently been awarded to the Oakland Bank of Savings at 103 33.

Independence, Mo.—Bond Election.—At a special election to be held on November 1, 1898, the people will vote on the

question of issuing \$75,000 sewer bonds. If the proposition carries, the bonds will run 20 years and will bear 4% interest.

Jonesville (Village), Mich.—Bonds Voted.—At a special election held on October 10, 1898, this village voted to issue \$18,000 water-work bonds and \$10,000 electric-light bonds. Date of sale and other details of the issue have not yet been determined.

Kaukauna, Wis.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until November 1, 1898, by L. C. Wolf, City Clerk, for \$35,000 refunding bonds, which are to replace the 6% Lawe Street bridge bonds, payable December 17, 1898. The new bonds will bear the date and draw interest from the date of the payment of the bonds retired, and will be payable at some stated place within the State of Wisconsin. Principal will mature \$2,000 yearly from 1905 to 1911 and \$3,000 yearly from 1912 to 1919. The terms of sale of said refunding bonds will be as follows: To the person bidding the highest sum, not less than par, and offering to accept the lowest rate of interest, for the whole or any part of said bonds, the said bonds, in whole or in part, shall be issued. If the bonds so offered for sale shall not have been sold, or if any portion of them shall remain unsold, at the expiration of 30 days, such bonds shall then be disposed of by the Common Council in such manner as in their judgment will be for the best interests of the taxpayers, but in no case will such bonds be sold except at a rate of interest as low as that borne by the old bonds. During the time in which the bonds are offered for sale within the city of Kaukauna they will be of denominations not exceeding \$100 nor less than \$35, but after the expiration of said 30 days they may be of any denomination in the discretion of the Common Council. Securities will be issued pursuant to sections 959 2, 4 and 926-11, Sanborn & Berryman's Annotated Statutes of Wisconsin for 1898.

Lawrence, Mass.—Bonds Sold.—The 4% sewer bonds which, according to newspaper statements, the Mayor and City Treasurer have been authorized to negotiate, are not a new issue. They are the same bonds which we reported in the CHRONICLE of June 18, 1898. The issue is \$75,000, and the whole amount has been sold to the Sinking Fund Trustees.

Lawton (Village), Mich.—Bonds Voted.—At a recent election held in this village the proposition to issue \$5,000 electric-light bonds was carried by a vote of 151 to 30.

Lincoln, Neb.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 4 o'clock October 31, 1898, at the office of the City Treasurer for the sale of paving bonds of District No. 3, bearing 6% interest, payable annually and maturing in from 1 to 10 years. Amount of issue to be determined hereafter. A certified check for \$200 on a Lincoln bank or cash must accompany each bid.

Madison County (P. O. London), Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M. October 31, 1898, by the County Commissioners for \$17,200 6% road improvement bonds. Interest will be payable May 1 and November 1 at the County Treasurer's office. Securities are issued pursuant to Section 4,846 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and the laws amendatory thereof, and supplementary thereto, and will bear date of November 1, 1898. The issue consists of three parts, \$8,000 Gregg road improvement bonds, denomination \$800; \$5,000 McGuires road improvement bonds, denomination \$50, and \$4,200 of Lockburn road improvement bonds, denomination \$420, and one bond of each series will mature semi-annually on May 1 and November 1, from 1899 to 1903, inclusive.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certificate of the County Treasurer, showing that at least 5% of such bid has been deposited in the treasury. The official circular states that the county has never defaulted in payment of principal or interest. W. D. Wilson is the County Auditor.

Mansfield, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. November 21, 1898, by F. M. Remy, City Clerk, for \$10,000 6% Debt Extension bonds. Securities will be in denomination of \$1,000, dated December 1, 1898; interest will be payable annually, and the principal will mature December 1, 1899. Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for \$500 drawn on either of the local banks and made payable to the City Clerk. Bonds are issued pursuant to Section 2701, Revised Statutes of Ohio, as amended and passed April 18, 1892.

Medford, Mass.—Bond Sale.—On October 17, 1898, the \$90,000 4% public building loan bonds were awarded to Blodget, Merritt & Co., Boston, at 110-54. Following are the bids:

Blodget, Merritt & Co., Boston... 110-54	Adams & Co., Boston... 110-211
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Boston... 110-397	Parkinson & Burr, Boston... 110-158
N. W. Harris & Co., Boston... 110-385	Estabrook & Co., Boston... 110-15
R. L. Day & Co., Boston... 110-329	Foote & French... 110-09
Blake Bros. & Co., Boston... 110-24	W. Holman Cary, Boston... 110-078
Perry, Coffin & Burr, Boston... 110-22	Frederick Bancroft... 106-91

* For \$3,000. Principal will mature August 1, 1918. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 810.

Memphis (Tenn.) School District.—No Bond Issue at Present.—We are advised by A. B Hill, Secretary of the Board of Education, that the \$30,000 school bonds which we reported in the CHRONICLE of October 8 as having been authorized will not be issued until some changes are made in the law, which cannot be done until after the Legislature meets next January (1899)—in fact, they may not be issued for a year or more.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Bonds Authorized.—The City Council has authorized the issuance of the \$80,000 coupon bridge bonds and \$200,000 coupon school bonds referred to in the CHRONICLE of Oct. 8, 1898, and the proposition will be sub-

mitted to the voters at the general election to be held on November 8, 1898. If issued all the bonds will be dated January 1, 1899 (not June 1, 1899), and will bear 3½% interest, payable semi-annually. Principal will mature January 1, 1929. Bonds will be sold by popular subscription at not less than their par value and accrued interest.

Monroe, La.—Further Details of Bond Election.—In addition to the propositions to be submitted to the voters at the election to be held on November 9, 1898, as stated in the CHRONICLE of last week, we are advised that the question of issuing \$5,000 charity hospital bonds (making \$155,000 bonds altogether) and the levy of a special tax of five mills annually until the maturity of all the \$155,000 bonds to be voted upon to pay the interest and principal of same will also be considered.

Monrovia, Cal.—Bond Sale.—On Oct. 15, 1898, the \$25,000 water improvement bonds were awarded to the Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleveland, O., at 103. A full description of the issue will be found in the CHRONICLE of Oct. 1, 1898, p. 705.

Mount Pleasant (P. O. White Plains, N. Y.) School District No. 5.—Bond Sale.—On October 15, 1898, this district sold at public sale \$4,000 5% school bonds to the Home Savings Bank, White Plains, at 106-125. Benwell & Everitt, New York, bid 106-0625, and Leland, Towle & Co. and F. R. Carpenter also bid.

Negaunee (Mich.) School District No. 1.—Bond Sale.—This district has issued \$12,000 5% bonds which were voted at an election held on September 5, 1898. Securities are in denomination of \$200. Principal will mature \$3,000 yearly from 1902 to 1915, inclusive. We are advised that the bonds were sold at par to local parties and were all disposed of before September 20, and that it is quite possible they will be called before maturity.

New Brunswick, N. J.—Bond Sale.—On October 20, 1898, the \$62,000 4% sinking fund bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, at 106-155. Following are the bids:

W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleve.....	106-155	Bertron & Storrs, New York..	104-15
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Boston....	105-798	National Bank of New Jersey,	
E. C. Jones Co., New York.....	105-735	New Brunswick.....	103-87
W. S. Stanton & Co., New York 105-15		C. Zabriskie, Jersey City.....	103-65
Parson, Leach & Co., N. Y.....	105-10	D. A. Moran & Co., N. Y.....	104-09
Benwell & Everitt, New York....	104-379	S. A. Kean, Chicago.....	103-25
W. D. Van Vleck.....	104-30	Graham, Kerr & Co., Phila....	103-2258

*No check.

Principal will mature November 1, 1923. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of September 24, 1898, p. 656.

New Orleans, La.—Liquidation Claims Not Awarded.—As stated in the CHRONICLE of August 27, 1898, p. 445, proposals were asked until October 11 for the sale of claims against the city under the Floating Debt Ordinance of the State Constitution. We are advised that the Board took no final action upon the proposals received at that time, but will do so at a called meeting later on.

New Richmond (Village), Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 m. November 10, 1898, by Charles R. Day, Village Clerk, for the \$30,000 4% water-works and electric-light coupon bonds voted at the special election held on September 12, 1898. Interest will be payable May 10 and November 10 at the Village Clerk's office and the principal will mature one bond yearly as follows: \$500 from 1900 to 1903, inclusive; \$800 from 1904 to 1908, inclusive; \$1,200 from 1909 to 1914, inclusive; \$1,400 from 1915 to 1921, inclusive, and \$1,000 from 1922 to 1928, inclusive. Bonds are issued pursuant to the village ordinance passed October 3, 1898, and bear date of November 10, 1898. Each proposal must be accompanied by \$200 in money or a certified check for that amount drawn on some bank in New Richmond or Cincinnati.

New Rochelle, N. Y.—No Bond Issue.—The election which was held on October 17, 1898, was not for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing \$5,000 fire department and other bonds, as has been reported, but on an appropriation for the fire department.

Newton (P. O. West Newton), Mass.—Notes Authorized and Sold.—This city recently authorized the issuance of \$16,500 4% notes for the widening of Auburn and Lexington streets. Principal will mature Oct. 1, 1903. We are advised that these notes have been taken by the city Sinking Fund Commissioners at par.

Norfolk, Va.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock October 27, 1898, at the office of H. S. Herman, City Treasurer, for \$599,000 of 30 year 4% coupon bonds of \$1,000 each maturing November 1, 1928. Interest will be payable May 1 and November 1 at place to suit purchaser. The bonds are issued for the following purposes: Additional water supply, \$250,000; Atlantic City ward sewerage and street improvement, \$180,000; to retire bonds maturing January 1, 1899, \$77,000; for an iron bridge, \$52,000, and for street improvements, fire engine house and other public improvements, \$40,000. A certified check, payable to the order of the City Treasurer for 1% of the amount bid for must accompany each proposal. A further deposit of 4% will be required upon notification of award, and interest at 4% will be allowed to successful bidders on the 5% deposit from the time of receipt of the 4% deposit to the delivery of the securities.

The official advertisement of the sale will be found elsewhere in this Department.

Bond Election.—At the general election to be held on November 8, 1898, the question of issuing \$150,000 of bonds for the purpose of establishing a system of sewerage in the Fifth Ward (Brambleton), and also the question whether or not the present rate of taxation of \$1 on the \$100 valuation of property in this ward shall be increased to \$1 60 for the purpose of paying the expenses of operating such sewerage plant and of paying the interest on said bonds, will be submitted to a vote of the people. The bonds, if issued, are to mature in 30 years and bear interest at a rate not to exceed 6%.

Norwood, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 m., November 4, 1898, by W. E. Wichgar, Village Clerk, care of William E. Bundy, room 210, Lincoln Inn Court, Cincinnati, for \$3,000 5% sidewalk bonds. Securities will be in denomination of \$500, dated October 1, 1898, and will mature October 1, 1908. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the Atlas National Bank, Cincinnati. Bids must be accompanied by certified check for 5% of the amount of bonds, payable to order of Village Clerk. Securities are issued pursuant with Section 2,334 A. B. C., Revised Statutes of Ohio, as amended.

Proposals will also be received at the same time and place for \$3,925 68 6% 1-10-year (serial) street-improvement bonds. Securities bear date October 19, 1898. A certified check for 5% of the gross amount of bonds, payable to the Village Treasurer, must accompany proposals.

Oakland (Town), Md.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received by R. S. Jamison, Mayor, and the Town Council until 9 p. m. October 25, 1898, for \$13,000 4% coupon municipal bonds. The proceeds will be used to pay off floating debt and improve the streets of the town. Securities will be in the denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, as the purchasers may desire; interest will be payable January 1 and July 1 at the Garrett County Bank, Oakland. Principal will mature \$1,000 yearly from July 1, 1903, but bonds are redeemable at the pleasure of the Mayor and Town Council after the date mentioned. Bonds are issued pursuant to Chapter 24 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, 1893. Each proposal must be accompanied by the currency or a certified check payable to the order of the Mayor and Town Council, without condition, for an amount equal to 10% of the amount bid. Residents of the town are to be preferred, "everything else being equal." The official circular states that the written or printed opinion of the Counsel to the Mayor and Town Council will be given to any persons desiring to bid on said bonds as to the validity of the same and the authority under which they are issued.

Oneida (Village), N. Y.—Bond Offering.—On November 2, 1898, this village will sell the \$6,316 29 sewer assessment bonds recently authorized by the Sewer Board. The bonds will run 10 years, one-tenth of the principal being payable each year.

Osakis (Village), Minn.—Bond Sale.—On October 14, 1898, the Village Council awarded \$1,000 of the \$2,000 6% 3-year bonds (for which proposals were asked until October 8, but the sale of which was postponed, as stated in the CHRONICLE of last week) to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Co., Minneapolis, at 103. Other bidders were Kane & Co., Minneapolis, 102-31; J. D. Cleghorn & Co., Minneapolis, 101-30, and the National German-American Bank, St. Paul, 101. We are advised that owing to recent payment into the village treasury of additional liquor license revenue, the Council voted to issue but \$1,000 bonds in place of the \$2,000 advertised.

Pawnee County (P. O. Larned), Kan.—Bond Call.—County Treasurer G. W. Lawrence calls for payment on November 30, 1898, after which date all interest will cease, bonds Nos. 3, 4 and 5, bearing date of August 17, 1887, and being in denomination of \$1,000 each, issued by this county to the Denver Memphis & Atlantic RR. Co. Bonds will be paid at the fiscal agency of the State of Kansas in the city of New York.

Perry, N. Y.—No Bond Issue.—It has been reported that \$7,000 town-hall bonds had been voted. We are advised that no bonds are to be issued; the money is to be raised on town notes at 4%.

Persia (Village), Iowa.—No Bonds at Present.—It has been reported that this village proposed to put out \$5,000 water-works bonds. Upon inquiry we learn that the bonds will not be issued at present.

Port Jervis, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—According to local report, the \$22,000 4% school-house bonds to which reference was made in the CHRONICLE of August 20 have been sold to Isaac W. Sherrill, Poughkeepsie, at 103-37. It is stated that a large number of bids was received.

Ripley County (P. O. Doniphan), Mo.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 2 p. m., November 10, 1898, by W. C. S. Lackey, County Treasurer, for the \$20,000 4% court-house and jail bonds authorized at the recent election. Securities will be in denomination of \$500, dated December 1, 1898; interest will be payable June 1 and December 1. Principal will mature \$1,000 yearly on December 1 from 1899 to 1918, inclusive. Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check for 3% of the amount bid. The official circular states that there is no dispute as to the legality of this issue, and that principal and interest of all former issues of bonds were paid without any litigation. Total assessed valuation for the county for 1898 is \$2,060,343. Estimated real value, \$4,070,000. The above issue is the only bonded indebtedness. Total floating debt about \$3,000 in warrants which will soon be paid. Population is 11,000.

Riverhead (L. I.), N. Y.—No Action Yet Taken in Regard to Bond Issue.—We are again advised that no action has yet been taken looking towards the issuance of the \$25,000 school bonds which, as stated in the CHRONICLE of September 10, 1898, the Board of Education has under consideration.

Rockton (Village), Montgomery Co., N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 17, 1898, the \$12,000 road-improvement bonds were sold to the Amsterdam Savings Bank at par for a 3 1/2% bond, their bid being the only one received. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 811.

Roeding School District, Fresno County Cal.—Bond Sale.—This district has recently sold an issue of \$2,000 bonds to the Oakland Bank of Savings at 104.25.

Rossville (Town), Ind.—Bond Sale.—We are advised that the \$300 of school bonds recently offered for sale have been disposed of.

Salem, Ohio.—Not a New Issue of Bonds.—We are now advised that the \$5,047 40 6% Lundy Street improvement bonds which this city is offering for sale on Oct. 25, 1898 (see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 811), are not a new issue, but are identical with those sold to The Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleveland, on Sept. 6, 1898; they were not taken by that firm because it was discovered that the bonds had not been advertised quite the full time required by law, involving the legality of the issue, and it was, therefore, deemed best to re-advertise them.

Shakopee, Minn.—Bond Sale.—On October 11, 1898, \$8,000 5% bonds were sold to the First National Bank, Shakopee, at 100.693. Principal will mature on November 1, \$4,000 in 1899, \$2,000 in 1900 and \$2,000 in 1902.

Sharpsburg, Pa.—Bids.—On October 18, 1898, the following bids were received for the \$60,000 4% street improvement bonds:

Mercantile Tr. Co., Pittsburg, \$61,515 00	Metropolitan Nat. Bk., Pitts., \$60,900 00
Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleve., 61,302 00	Booth & Flinn, 60,600 00
Penn Mut Life Ins. Co., Phila., 61,250 00	Briggs, Smith & Co., Cincin., 60,551 50
Denison, Frior & Co., Cleve., 61,007 00	Trowbridge, MacDonald & Niver Co., Chicago, 60,365 00
John K. Bryden, 60,810 50	S. A. Kean, Chicago, 60,150 00
W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleve., 60,696 00	N. W. Harris & Co., Chicago, 60,101 81
Robinson Bros., Pittsburg, 60,642 00	
Ewd. C. Jones Co., N. Y., 60,601 50	

For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of last week, p. 812. Shelby County, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 18, 1898, the \$30,000 6% county deficiency bonds were sold to Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., Cincinnati, at 111.275. Following are the bids:

Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., Cin., \$33,382 50	German-Amer. Bk., Sidney, \$33,075 00
Denison, Prior & Co., Cleve., 33,376 25	S. A. Kean, Chicago, 33,037 50
Mason, Lewis & Co., Chic., 33,351 00	S. Kuhn & Sons, Cincinnati, 33,015 00
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincin., 33,286 75	New First Nat. Bk., Columbus, 33,015 00
W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleve., 33,257 00	Briggs, Smith & Co., Cincin., 33,003 00
Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleve., 33,183 00	Citizens' Bank, Sidney, 32,601 50
Society for Savings, Cleve., 33,175 00	Peoples Sav. & Ln. Ass., Sidney, 31,400 00

Spitzer & Co., Toledo, bid \$33,538 50, but bid was received two hours late. Principal will mature \$1,500 on January 1, 1900, and \$1,500 each six months thereafter up to and including July 1, 1909. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of October 8, 1898, p. 759.

Shippensburg (Borough), Pa.—Bond Election.—At the general election to be held on November 8, 1898, this borough will vote on the proposition to issue \$10,000 4% street-improvement bonds. The total debt at present is \$33,682 and the latest assessed valuation was \$805,391.

Shreveport, La.—Petition for Bond Election.—At a recent meeting of the City Council a resolution was passed providing that a petition be circulated among the taxpayers, calling on the Council to order an election to empower it to issue \$40,000 of paving bonds, and to assess a 1 mill tax for 20 years for redeeming the same. If issued the bonds will probably be for \$500 each, bear interest at 5% and mature in 20 years.

Somerville, Tenn.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 3 P. M., November 3, 1898, by the Finance Committee, for \$10,000 5% water and light bonds. Securities are issued under authority of a special act of the State Legislature and voted at the election held August 29, 1898. Securities are in denomination of \$500, dated December 1, 1898. Principal will mature 20 years from date of issue, one-fourth being optional every five years. A certified check for 2 1/2%, payable to the City Treasurer, must accompany proposals.

South Chester—Chester, Pa.—Bond Redemption.—Bonds to the amount of \$3,000 of the late borough of South Chester (which has been recently annexed to the city of Chester) are now overdue, and will be taken up by the city and paid for out of the sinking fund.

Spokane, Wash.—Bond Sale.—On October 12, 1898, the \$10,000 5% park bonds were awarded to W. E. Bell, Spokane, at 100.57. W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, bid par, less \$100 for expenses, and S. A. Kean, Chicago, bid 102 for 20-year bonds. Principal will mature August 1, 1908. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE of September 17, 1898, p. 605.

NEW LOANS.

\$599,000

CITY OF NORFOLK, VA., 30-YEAR 4% COUPON BONDS OF \$1,000 EACH,

DUE NOVEMBER 1ST, 1928.

INTEREST PAYABLE MAY 1ST AND NOV. 1ST.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the City Treasurer of Norfolk, Va., until 12 o'clock M., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 1898, for \$599,000 four per cent, semi-annual, 30-year Coupon Bonds, issued for the following purposes, viz: For additional Water Supply \$250,000 00 For Atlantic City Ward sewerage and Street Improvement, 180,000 00 To retire Bonds maturing January 1st, 1899 77,000 00 For Iron Bridge over Smith's Creek 52,000 00 For Street Improvements, Fire Engine House and other Public Improvements 40,000 00 Total \$599,000 00

Bids may be for the whole or part of the said Bonds, and must state price and accrued interest.

Bonds issued in denominations of \$1,000, and place of payment of interest to suit purchaser.

Bidders to enclose certified check for 1% of par value of amount bid for.

Immediately upon notification of allotment a further deposit of 4% of par value of amount allotted shall be made.

FOUR (4) per cent interest will be allowed successful bidders on the 5% paid in, from the time of receipt of the 4% until Bonds are ready to be delivered.

The remaining 95% to be paid immediately after purchasers are notified that bonds are ready for delivery.

Checks to be made payable to order of H. S. Herman, City Treasurer of the City of Norfolk, Va.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

NATHANIEL BEAMAN,

Chairman Finance Committee Common Council.

CHAS. H. CONSOLVO,

Chairman Finance Committee Select Council.

THE

LAMPRECHT BROS. Co.,

Century Building, CLEVELAND, OHIO,

DEALERS IN

MUNICIPAL, RAILROAD, STREET RAILWAY & CORPORATION BONDS.

LISTS SENT UPON REQUEST.

Information given and quotations furnished concerning all classes of stocks and bonds that have a Cleveland market.

INVESTMENTS.

Government AND Municipal Bonds BOUGHT AND SOLD.

APPRAISEMENTS MADE OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED FOR THE PURCHASE, SALE, OR EXCHANGE OF ABOVE SECURITIES.

LISTS ON APPLICATION.

N. W. HARRIS & CO., BANKERS,

31 NASSAU ST. (Bank of Commerce Bldg.)

ADAMS & COMPANY,

BANKERS

DEALERS IN

INVESTMENT BONDS.

Members of Boston Stock Exchange.

No. 7 Congress and 31 State Streets.

BOSTON

BONDS.

City of Baltimore 3 1/2%.

New York City 4 1/8 & 5s.

And other High-Grade Securities.

EDWARD C. JONES CO.

NEW YORK - 1 NASSAU STREET.

PHILADELPHIA - 421 CHESTNUT ST.

Whann & Schlesinger, MUNICIPAL BONDS

71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

INVESTMENTS.

HIGH-GRADE

State, Municipal, County, School

BONDS.

Legal investments for Savings Banks in New York and all New England.

Rudolph Kleybolte & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 1 Nassau Street, New York, 3d and Walnut Streets, Cincinnati, O.

LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.

\$175,000

Los Angeles Traction Co.

1st Mortgage 6% 20-year Gold Bonds.

Total issue \$250,000.

First Mortgage at \$14,000 per mile, Net earnings for 28 months of operation, \$69,983 99 equivalent to 12% on the total issue of bonds.

Population of Los Angeles 103,079.

Send for full description of property.

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS,

19 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

MASON, LEWIS & CO.,

BANKERS,

67 Milk Street, Boston.

171 La Salle Street, Chicago.

OFFER FOR SALE:

State of Massachusetts 3 1/2%

Salt Lake City, Utah 4s

Bayfield County, Wis. 5s

South Omaha, Neb. 6s

Trinidad, Colorado 5s

And Other Desirable Securities.

State, County, City, School, Bonds.

BRIGGS, SMITH & CO.,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Stephens County, Texas.—Bonds Approved and Registered.—The Attorney General has recently approved and the Comptroller has registered \$8,900 5% 2-40-year court-house funding bonds of this county.

Tom Green County, Texas.—Bonds Approved and Registered.—The Attorney General has recently approved and the Comptroller has registered \$10,000 5% 10-30-year court-house and jail bonds of this county.

Topeka, Kan.—Date of Election.—According to official report, the election to vote on the question of issuing \$440,000 water-works bonds will be held on November 12, 1898. The bonds, if issued, will be in denomination of not less than \$10 and not more than \$200, and will mature in 20 years or less; interest will be at a rate not to exceed 5%, payable semi-annually.

Trenton, N. J.—Bond Issue.—It is reported that this city is about to issue \$34,950 paving bonds, bearing 4% interest and maturing in 10 years.

Troy, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals are asked until 12 m. to-day (October 22, 1898,) by the Mayor, Comptroller and Chamberlain for \$52,000 3½% bonds known as "Public Building Bonds of 1898." Securities will be issued in such denomination (but not less than \$5,000) as the bidder shall desire, and will bear date of November 1, 1898; interest will be payable semi-annually at the City Chamberlain's office. Principal will mature on November 1, \$10,000 yearly from 1909 to 1912, inclusive, and \$12,000 in 1913. Bonds are issued under Chapter 670 of Laws of 1892 and in pursuance of a resolution of the Common Council adopted October 6, 1898, and approved October 13.

Tyrone (Borough), Pa.—No Purchase to be Made at Present.—In regard to the proposed purchase of the Tyrone Gas & Water Plant, mention of which was made in last week's CHRONICLE, we are advised by City Treasurer T. J. Gates that nothing will be done at present. Mr. Gates says: "There was some action taken, but it won't materialize; from all appearances it has fallen through."

Utica, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 18, 1898, the \$5,000 5% 1 year bonds were sold to Miss Anna S. Wells, Utica, at 101½. Bids were also received from W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, Ohio; Louis Lombard, New York City; J. G. Gibson, Utica, and W. T. Baker, Utica.

Valparaiso, Ind.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until October 28, 1898, for \$51,000 4% refunding bonds. Interest will be payable in Chicago or New York, to suit buyer. Bonds will be issued as follows: \$10,000 10-20 years, \$20,000 15-20 years and \$21,000 straight 20 years.

Walton, (N. Y.) School District.—No Bond Election.—It has been reported that an election would be held in this district on October 31, 1898, to submit to the people the question of issuing \$32,000 school refunding bonds. Upon inquiry we learn from the President of the Board of Education that all bonds now to be issued have been sold, and that there will be no further sales until July 1, 1899.

Westerly (Town) R. I.—Loan Negotiated.—We are advised by Town Treasurer J. M. Pendleton that he has sold to George Mixter, Boston, a \$25,000 note of the town to run for three months at 2¾%.

Wharton County, Tex.—Bonds Approved and Registered.—On October 12, 1898, the Attorney General approved and the Comptroller registered \$27,500 court house and jail refunding and \$9,500 county bridge refunding bonds of this county.

Wilson County, Tenn.—Issue of Warrants.—It is reported that warrants to the amount of \$75,000, maturing in 1902, will be issued for the purpose of redeeming the same amount of railroad-aid bonds outstanding.

Winneshek County (P. O. Decorah), Iowa.—Bond Election.—At the coming election the people will be asked to vote upon the question of issuing \$75,000 court-house bonds.

Woodbury, N. J.—Bonds Already Taken.—This city is to issue \$6,000 bonds for the purpose of building a fire engine-house. Securities will be in denomination of \$1,000, dated November 1, 1898; interest not exceeding 4% will be payable annually at the City Treasurer's office. Principal will mature \$1,000 yearly on November 1 from 1899 to 1904, inclusive. We are informed by the City Clerk that these bonds will not be advertised, but are already subscribed for by the Water Department Sinking Fund of the city.

Wooster, Ohio.—Bond Election.—At the general election to be held on November 8, 1898, the question of issuing \$25,000 electric-light bonds will be submitted to a vote of the people.

INVESTMENTS

PUBLIC SECURITIES

SUITABLE FOR

SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST FUNDS.

LISTS MAILED ON APPLICATION.

Farson, Leach & Co.

CHICAGO, NEW YORK
100 Dearborn St. 35 Nassau St.

TROWBRIDGE,
MACDONALD
& NIVER Co.

MUNICIPAL BONDS,
1st Nat. Bank Bldg. . . CHICAGO

F. R. FULTON & CO.,
MUNICIPAL BONDS,
171 LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO.

M. A. Devitt & Co.,
MUNICIPAL BONDS.
First National Bank Building.
CHICAGO.

Blodget, Merritt & Co.,
BANKERS,
16 Congress Street, Boston
STATE, CIT & RAILROAD BONDS

INVESTMENTS.

GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL
AND RAILROAD BONDS.

C. H. WHITE & CO.,

BANKERS,

31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

AGENTS FOR THE

ANGLO-AMERICAN BANK, Ltd.,
Charing Cross, London.

Individual Accounts received subject
to check at sight in London.
Cable Transfers.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.
E. C. STANWOOD & Co.

BANKERS,

121 Devonshire Street,
BOSTON.

William E. Nichols,
15 WALL STREET, - NEW YORK
MUNICIPAL WARRANTS.

SEND FOR LISTS'

CHOICE MUNICIPAL BONDS
from SOUTHERN & WESTERN states,
yielding 4 to 5¼%.

ROSENBERGER & LIVERMORE,
Forty Wall Street, New York.

W. D. Van Vleck,
35 NASSAU STREET, - - NEW YORK.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

CHRONICLE VOLUMES FOR SALE.
WILLIAM B. DANA COMPANY, 76½ Pine St., NY

INVESTMENTS.

27th
year

Located in the West since 1872,
and having had large experience in
Western Mortgage Loans,

THE R. J. WADDELL
INVESTMENT COMPANY,
OF OTTAWA, KANSAS.

Offers Special Facilities for the care and collection
of the Securities of the

NEW ENGLAND LOAN
& TRUST CO.

Have received for collection about \$2,000,000 of
the securities of the following companies: Equitable
Mortgage, Lombard, Western Farm Mortgage,
and Jarvis Conklin. Send for circular giving de-
tailed statement of what we have accomplished.

REFERENCES: (Importers' & Traders' Nat. Bank,
New York City,
{ Mercantile Trust Co., Boston, Mass.
and many others East and West.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

Securities Netting from 3½ to 6%
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Send for our Investment Circular.

DUKE M. FARSON, Banker,
Municipal Bonds, 182 Dearborn Street
CHICAGO.

WASHINGTON

State Warrants,
To Net 6%.

CALVIN PHILIPS,
TACOMA, - WASHINGTON.

S. A. KEAN,
MUNICIPAL AND OTHER
SECURITIES,
132 La Salle Street, Chicago.

A. M. Kidd & Co.
BANKERS,

12 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Established 1865.

MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
Allow interest on deposits subject to sight check
Buy and sell on commission stocks and bonds either
for cash or on margin, and deal in

Investment Securities.

H. J. MORSE, CHAS. D. MARVIN, W. M. KIDDER