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Quotation Supplement (Monimi) Investors-Supplement (guarerty)

## Street RailwaySupplement (Guratent) State and Cily Supplement (Semidnump)

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## OLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending to-day, February 26 , have been $\$ 1,215,060,539$, against $\$ 1,547,373,003$ last week and $\$ 804,682,488$ the corresponding week of last year. The figures for the week in both years cover only five business days, Washington's Birthday having intervened.

| harings. | Week Ending February 26. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1898. | 1897. | Por Oont |
| N6w Yor | \$616,194,606 | \$353,031,940 | +74.5 |
| Boston | 71,102,426 | 56,415,681 | +28.0 |
| Philadelphia. | 53,221,179 | 40,618,990 | $+30 \cdot 9$ |
| Baltimore | 12,111,442 | 8,888,377 | $+36 \cdot 2$ |
| Ohicago | 73,669,979 | 54,485,077 | +35.2 |
| 8t. Louis | 21,368,672 | 14,551,327 | +46.9 |
| N6w Orlea | 7,398,839 | 7,210,472 | +2.6 |
| Seven cities, 5 day | \$855,067,143 | \$535,231,864 | +59.8 |
| Other cities, 5 days. | 120,998,764 | 101,768,493 | +18.9 |
| Total all oities, 5 da | \$976,065.907 | \$637,000,357 | +53.2 |
| Ak cities, 1 day | 238,984,632 | 167,682,131 | +42.5 |
| Total all cities for week | \$1,215,060,539 | \$804,682,488 | $+51.0$ |

The full details of clearings for the week covered by the above statement will be given next Saturday. We cannot, of course, furnish them to-day, bank clearings being made up by the various clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last twenty-four hours of the week have to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night.

We present below our usual detailed figures for the preFious week, covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon, February 19, and the results for the corresponding week in 1897, 1896 and 1895 are also given. Conorasted with the preceding week, there is an increase in the aggregate exchanges of about three-hundred and thirtythree million dollars, and at New York alone the gain is two-hundred and seventy-one millions. In comparison with the week of 1897 the total for the whole country shows an inorease of $62 \cdot 1$ per cent. Compared with the oent, and the excess over 1895 is record a gain of 114 per New York the excess over 1897 is $31 \cdot 3$ per cent. The increase ver 1896 reaches $53 \cdot 3$ per cent, and making comparison with 1895 the gain is seen to be $65 \cdot 3$ per cent

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Publtcation suspauded for the present

## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Matters relating to the Maine disaster have been the absorbing interest in financial markets this week. There are very few facts known to-day that were unknown when we wrote last Friday. Whatever has since been disclosed has left the cause of the disaster wholly undetermined. Rumors persistently repeated, mixed from day to day with trifling developments of no significance, have become a widely disorganizing influence. Prolonged uncertainty amid such surroundings has led to extreme caution; caution has led to hedging, and the natural fruitage, contraction and extensive liquidation, has followed. The money market has been a centre through which these influences have largely acted. The circumstances related above account for the loss of currency by our banks last week and this week. It was not an outlow for crop or business purposes, but a notice that caution had exteuded to the interior and induced a withdrawal of deposits to provide against a possible need growing out of present complications. This movement, added to the general situation, made lenders more discriminating and conservative, and very naturally produced on Wednesday a steadier and on Thursday and Friday a decidedly firmer money market-facts that in turn had a part in hastening the unloading of securities. and so contrib uted further to the break in prices. With the current set so strongly against Wall Street values, and with the uncertainty continued that was used to produce the panicky condition, there was nothing to arrest, the decline until a level had been reached where the large capitalists were ready to take the offerings of the weak holders.

An incident of the çurrent liquidation has been a decided drop in foreign exchange and reported engagements in Havre and London of $\$ 2,800,000$ gold for New York. Such a movement was to be expected. Investments in exchange have been so widely engaged in as to include transactions by weak as well as strong operators. We have often referred during late months to the borrowings on exchange in the call-loan market. As many holders of stocks on margin have been shaken out under the disturbed state of affairs, so some of the buyers of exchange who have borrowed on call instead of on time have found it convenient to sell on this occasion, and the operations net such parties a loss. It is also said that Europe has been purchasing our securities freely the last few days. Should these purchases be continued or should money further advance, the same round of movements may be repeated and the outcome be a further fall in exchange and very considerable imports of gold. The latter, though, in very large amount at this late period of the season is hardly to be expected. Besides, we are inclined to think that the present scare has about spent its force and will be followed by a clearer and more pacific view of the entire Cuban situation. We would refer our readers to an article on subsequen i pages, which treats this subject very fully.

The case involving the legality of the Joint Traffic Association is being heard before the United States Supreme Court at a time when the need for agreement among the roads to maintain rates and protect the interests of shippers and railroads alike is being emphasized by current events from day to day. All this ẁeek numerous dispatches have appeared in the daily papers referring to cuts in rates, either passenger or
freight, in various parts of the country, and have noted the inability of the managers to hit upon any plan for checking the demoralization. The bond of union between the roads was slight enough before the decision of the Supreme Court in the TransMissouri freight case last year, but since then the roads have been completely at sea and no one has been able to suggest a feasible remedy. We do not know of course whether the decision of the Court in the present Joint Traffic case will be the same as in the Trans-Missouri case, but there can be no doubt that if it is and Congress does not change the, law, the roads will be utterly helpless.

In the arguments before the Court this week, Mr. James C. Carter made a very able plea showing tha the Joint-Traffic agreement can be construed to be in accord with the law. He contended that the agreement was not a violation of the Anti-Trust law in restraint of trade. Instead of being in restraint of trade, it was actually intended to promote trade and commerce. He main tained that regulation did not necessarily mean restraint, and that the word was only used in the statute as applicable to injurious restraint. At the most the agreement was merely a restraint upon competition, and competition is only an incident to trade and not always essential to the prosperity of trade. Indeed it is sometimes necessary that competition shall be curtailed in the interest of the public welfare. Competition carried to its utmost limit must in the end always result in the extinction of weaker rivals by stronger ones; hence to check it before it reaches that point is not in derogation of public interest. Railroad wars resulting from competition are destructive not only to railroad property and injurious to stockholders, but they are infinitely more so to the public at large through discriminations which are often sufficient to raise one man to wealth while they reduce another to poverty. Hence Mr. Carter urged that the contract was in accordance with the law and was wholesome, in the interest of the public as well as of the railroads. The main object of the agreement was to bring about uniformity in rates, and if this is desirable the agreement was to be commended and not condemned and restrained. He also contended that com-; petition in railroad rates could not be defended, whatever might be its beneficial effects in other lines of business, and that the Government was under as much obligation to protect shippers from discrimination, such as grows out of unchecked competition, as if it itself owned the roads.

The Central of New Jersey does not issue a very elaborate report, but at least one departure, in the direction of increased conservatism, is noticeable in the brief statement which has been submitted this week of the company's operations for the late calendar year. Previously the company has made it a practice to include the coupons, amounting to $\$ 428$,120 per year, on the $\$ 6,116,000$ of Lehigh \& Wilkesbarre Coal Company consolidated mortgage bonds owned by it, in its yearly statement of income, even though the payment of the coupons was not met, but deferred. The idea of course was that the company would be able to realize upon these coupons some time in the future, and that in the meantime the item might properly be carried as a credit to income. But now the company has changed its policy in this respect and
has eliminated the item altogether from income. This undoubtedly is the wiser course, and the change is to be commended. It is also stated that the item has likewise been excluded from the balance sheet. The company, as will be remembered, last year reduced its quarterly dividend to one per cent, and is now on a 4 per cent basis. The report shows that on the operations of the twelve months a surplus of $\$ 186,73 \%$ remains above the amount required for the 4 per cent dividends, and this, as already stated, without counting the interest on the Lehigh \& Wilkesbarre bonds, payment of which was deferred.

Considering the unsatisfactory condition of the anthracite trade during the year, the result is fully up to expectations. Gross earnings increased over the year preceding, but only in small amount, namely $\$ 95,422$; at the same time, however, expenses were reduced $\$ 149,897$; the two together brought an increase in the net in amount of nearly a quarter of a million dollars$\$ 245,319$. The report says nothing as to the results of operations of the Lehigh \& Wilkesbarre Coal Company beyond the reference to the non-payment of the coupons on the consolidated bonds held by the Central. How the Coal Company fared, therefore, during the year cannot be stated. The company, as is known, is controlled by the Central. The charges to capital account during the year by the Central were only $\$ 129,543$. In the matter of current liabilities the Central is in easy condition; the total of the current liabilities in the balance sheet is only $\$ 3,882,063$, whereas the aggregate of the available current assets is given as $\$ 8,766,147$, this latter including $\$ 259,090$ of materials and supplies on hand.
Money on call, representing bankers' balances, loaned at $1 \frac{1}{2}$ and at 2 per cent early in the week, averaging 13 per cent. It was not until Wednesday that any change was noticeable. Thursday and yesterday the market was active. Continued withdrawals of currency by banks in the interior, a decided fall in stocks due to disquieting rumors, and a changing of loans, together with a demand for more margin on stock collateral, caused an advance in the rate on call to 4 per cent on Thursday, with the bulk of business on that day at 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Friday the extremes were $2 @ 3$ per cent. The average for the week has been about $23^{3}$ per cent. Banks and trust companies quoted 2 per cent as the minimum early in the week, and $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent later, some banks obtaining 3 per cent. Time contracts were in moderate demand, with an abundant supply until Thursday at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for sixty to ninety days, 3 for four to five and $3 \frac{1}{2}$ for six months on good Stock Exchange collateral. Concurrently with the advance in rates for call money noted above, time loan rates advanced to 3 per cent for sixty days, $3 \frac{1}{2}$ for ninety days and 4 for four to six months. Yesterday the quoted rates were 4 per cent for sixty days to six months. Rates for commercial paper were unchanged, and they seemed to be uninfluenced either by the rumors or by the failure of the woolen manufacturing house of Sawyer, Manning \& Co., of Boston. There is no particular pressure of paper on the market and the demand is moderate. Rates are $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for sixty to ninety-day endorsed bills receivable, $3 \frac{1}{2} @ 4$ per cent for prime and $4 \frac{1}{2} @ 5$ per cent for good four to six months' single names.
The Treasury has this week declined to transfer currency on deposits of gold. One reason assigned is
that the net gold reserve in the Treasury is already as large as is desirable. Another reason is that it has been the practice of some of the banks to deposit gold for transfers of currency in order ro secure Government rates for the transportation of such currency. Legal-tenders would then be presented for gold, and the gold would again be deposited for transfers of currency. Banks are now shipping their currency directly to their correspondents, either by registered mail or by express, as may be directed by the consignees.

It is now reported that the Chinese loan of $£ 16,-$ 000,000 has been underwritten at 90 . The rate of interest is said to be $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety-day bank bills in London $2 \frac{3}{4}$ @ 2 13-16 per cent. The open market rate at Paris is $1 \frac{3}{4} @ 1 \frac{7}{8}$ per cent and at Berlin and Frankfort it is $2 \frac{3}{8} @ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. According to our special cable from London the Bank of England gained $£ 543,351$ bullion during the week, and held $£ 34,037,215$ at the close of the week. Our correspondent further advises us that the gain was due to the import of $£ 114,000$ from Australia and to receipts from the interior of Great Britain of $£ 4 \% 5,000$ net and to exports of $£ 46,000$, of which $£ 36,000$ were to South America and $£ 10,000$ miscellaneous.
The foreign exchange market was dull, steady and without special feature until Wednesday afternoon. Then the market grew a little more active and the tone was, demoralizing fall in rates, caused by dearer money and by offerings of bills drawn against purchases of stock for European account, and also by offerings by holders of long sterling, who were borrowing on call instead of on time, and who disposed of their bills and thus increased the pressure on the market. The inquiry for remittance was light. Yesterday there was a further fall in rates and engagements of gold for import to New York were reported at Havre and London. The course of the market in the near future was quite uncertain, much depending upon the rates for money. The gold engagements for import include $\$ 250,000$ by Kuhn, Loeb \& Co.; Muller, Schall \& Co., $\$ 600,000$; Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co., $\$ 700,000$; L. Von Hoffman \& Co., $\$ 750,000$, and the National City Bank, $\$ 500,000$; total, $\$ 2,800,000$.
Nominal rates for exchange opened unaltered on Monday at $483 \frac{1}{2} @ 484$ for sixty day and $486 @ 486 \frac{1}{2}$ for sight. There was no change until Thursday, when Brown Bros. \& Co., the Bank of British North America, Heidelbach, Ickelheimer \& Co., Lazard Freres and the Merchants' Bank of Canada reduced their posted rates half a cent, but these reductions caused no change in the range. Yesterday further reductions made the range $483 @ 483 \frac{1}{2}$ for sixty-day and $485 \frac{1}{2} @ 486$ for sight. Rates for actual business opened on Monday unchanged compared with those at the close of Friday of last week, at $483 @ 483 \frac{1}{4}$ for long, $485 \frac{1}{4} @ 485 \frac{1}{2}$ for short and $485 \frac{1}{2} @ 485 \frac{3}{4}$ for cable transfers. Tuesday was a holiday. On Wednesday, though the tone was easier no change was made in rates for actual business, but on the following day these rates sharply fell off, and the market closed weak at a decline of half a cent in rates for long and short sterling, to $482 \frac{1}{2} @ 482 \frac{3}{4}$ for the former and $484 \frac{3}{4}$ @4 85 for the latter, while cable transfers were threequarters of a cent lower at $485 @ 485 \frac{1}{4}$. Yesterday there was a further sharp break, bringing the rates.
down to 4811 $@ 482$ for sixty-day, $484 @ 484 \frac{1}{2}$ for sight and $484 \frac{1}{4} @ 484 \frac{3}{4}$ for cable transfers. The following shows daily posted rates for exchange by some of the leading drawers:
daily posted rates for foreign exchange.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \&  \& Mon. ${ }_{\text {Meb }}$ 2i. \& TUES. 22. \& WED...| \&  \&  <br>
\hline Brown Bros...... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \text { days. } \\ \text { Sight.... }\end{array}\right.$ \& 84
$861 / 8$

8 \& 84
$861 / 6$ \& \&  \& 84-31/6 \& $8316-3$
$86-51 / 6$ <br>

\hline Baring, Magoun \& Co... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \text { days } \\ \text { Sight... }\end{array}\right.$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 84 \\
& 864
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 84/1/9 \& \& 841/8 \& 884 \& $881 / 2$ <br>

\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bank British } \\
& \text { No. America.. }
\end{aligned}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
60 \text { days. } \\
\text { Sight.... }
\end{array}\right.
$$ \& 84 \& 84

$861 / 6$ \& - \& 84.8 \& 881/2 \& 831/2 <br>

\hline $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bank of } \\
\text { Montreal } \ldots . . .
\end{gathered}\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\text { B0 days. } \\
\text { Sight.... }
\end{array}\right]
$$ \& \[

883 / 2
\] \& $8831 / 2$ \& \& $8831 / 2$ \& 831/6 \& $831 / 2$

86 <br>
\hline anadian Bank $\quad$ B0 days. of Commerce.. (Sight.... \& 84 \& 84
86 \& \& 84 \& 84
86 \& 8319 <br>

\hline Eleidelbach, Ick- $\{00$ days. elheimer \& Co. $\{$ Sight.... \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 84 \\
& 861 / 6
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 84

$861 / 6$ \& H \& 84
8616 \& $881 / 8$ \& 631/23 <br>

\hline Lazard Freres... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 60 days. } \\ \text { Sight... }\end{array}\right.$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 84 \\
& 861 / 4
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 84

$861 / 8$ \& \& 84.8 \& $8831 / 8$ \& | 831/3-3 |
| :--- |
| $80-5 \frac{1}{2}$ | <br>

\hline Merchants' Bk. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}80 \text { days. } \\ \text { of Canada...... } \\ \text { Sight... }\end{array}\right.$ \& $$
84
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 84 \\
& 861 / 2
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 84 \\
& 861 / 2
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& \& 844 86 \& $8831 / 6$ \& ${ }_{86}^{831 / 6}$ <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

Rates for actual business vesterday were $481 \frac{1}{2} @ 482$ for long, $484 @ 484 \frac{1}{2}$ for short and $484 \frac{1}{4} @ 484 \frac{3}{4}$ for cable transfers. Prime commercial $481 @ 481 \frac{1}{2}$ and documentary481@4813. Cotton bills for payment 481 , cotlon bills for acceptance $481 \frac{1}{2}$ and grain bills for payment $481 \frac{1}{2}$.

Thefollowing statement gives the week's movements ot money to and from the interior by the New York bunks.

| Week Endina February 25, 1898. | Received by N, Y. Banks. | Shipped by N. Y. Banks. | Net Interior Movement. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uarrency. | \$3,829,000 | \$7,780,000 | Loss. $\$ 3,951,000$ |
| Gold. | 392,000 | 581,000 | Loss. 189,000 |
| Total gold and legal tenders .... | \$4,221,000 | \$8,361,000 | Loss.\$4,140,000 | follows.


| Week Ending February 25, 1898. | Into Banks. | Out of Banks. | Net Change in Bank Holdings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' interior movement,as above | \$4,221,000 | \$8,381,000 | Loss. $\ddagger 4,140,000$ |
| Bub-Treasury operations............. | 12,300,000 | 15,300,000 | Loss. 3,000,000 |
| Total gold and legal tenders. | \$16,521,000 | \$23,661,000 | Loss \$ \$7,140,000 |

The following table indicates the amount of bullion In the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

| Bank of | February 24, 1888. |  |  | February 25, 1887. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Total. | anld. | Silver. | 2 otal. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 77 |  |  | 39,029,270 |  |  |
| Fra |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| ust | 36,388,000 | 12 | 48,835,000 | 30,77 | 12 | 43,453 |
| Bpa | 9,51 | 10,710 | 20,22 | 8,52 | 10,88 | 19,4 |
| Netherla | 2,643,000 | 8,886,0 | 9,529,00 | 2,634,0 | 6,921,0 | 0,55 |
| Nat. | 2,874,000 | 1,437,000 | 4,311,000 | 2,828,60 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tot. prev.w'k 192,201,660 $05,172.628$ 287.374, 288 189,654,827 $96,385,856$ 286,020,683 <br> * The division (between gold and silver) given in our table of coin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and bullion in the Bank of Germany and the Bank of Belgium is made from the best estimate we are able to obtain; in neither case is it olaimed to be accurate, as those banks make no distinotion in their weekly returns, merely reporting the total gold and silver, but we be- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heve the division we make is a close approximation. <br> Note.-We recelve the foregoing results weekly by cable, and while notall of the date given at the head of the column, they are the re surnsissued nearest to that date-that is the latest reported figures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## THE REAL CUBAN SITUATION.

This week's events, while they have justified the high praise bestowed on our popular self-control a week ago by home and foreign "critics, have shown also the need of continuous and resolute exercise of such a quality. It has been at least suggested "that the severest test of national sobriety and self-restraint is yet to come. We believe that our people will show their fitness to deal with this as with all previous omergencies ; in this conviction the incidents of the present week again confirm us. This week, as in the first shock of excitement a week ago, it is the excep-
tions which have proved the rule. The attempt of some sensational newspapers to make capital by addressing the credulity and passions of the multitude has excited an outspoken revulsion of disgust through the whole community. The hardly more respectable attempt of one or two members of the United States Senate to obtain a moment's cheap popularity by appealing to the baser instincts of their hearers and constituents has utterly failed of its purpose. From this very Senate, to which for many years we have been used to look with doubt and misgiving, the solitary outbursts of reckless jingoism have been answered with a dignity and eloquence which recall the older days wien the Senate was what its founders meant it to be-"the balanse-wheel which adjusts and regulates."
We have mentioned again this creditable exhibition of character, not in order to praise what we hold to be no more than ought to have been expected, but because it gives confidence in a further appeal for exercise of the same qualities while we are passing through the rest of this critical period. That the period, in some regards, is really critical, no one is likely to deny. The experiences of this week have been sufficiently instructive-chiefly, however, as showing how timid sentiment in some quarters has become. How trying the suspense has been the action of that barometer of sentiment, the stock market, is abundant witness. It is not seldom true that self-control which is sufficient to withstand the first shock of alarming news-such as that of the Maine explosion ten days ago-will be severely tested by a protracted period of apprehension and uncertainty. The violent collapse in security values this week has measured, not the belief of financial interests that war with Spain is either inevitable or probable, but the strain on endurance resulting from the period of uncertainty. Bad news is sometimes less disturbing than no news at all; and the entire absence of trustworthy information during the period in which the Naval Court has deliberated, properly, with closed doors, has left the investment community in the condition of one groping in the dark. There is, perhaps, no great cause for wonder, such being the situation, that speculators with " margins" to protect, and with heavy obligations in a more or less unsettled money market, should have hastened to relieve themselves of a portion of their load.
But the really notable incident of the week has been, not the liquidating sales of uneasy speculators, but the confident and very heavy buying at each successive downward movement of the market by the large and conservative investment interests. It is these interests which are by training and temperament the soundest judges of a situation such as nov: exists. Nor ought the attitude of London capital to pass unnoticed. With their own home money market hardly favorable to speculative undertakings, and with the English stock exchanges fresh from their really serious disturbance under last Saturday's West African advices, these London interests have for ten days past been buying American securities. In this foreign buying there is food for thought; for the judgment of experienced watchers of the situation, accustomed by long practice to study the probabilities of international diplomacy, and far removed from the turmoil of popular controversy on the spot, deserves great weight in framing opinions of our immediate future.

All conservative judgment in this matter must, we under present circumstances they would be, the believe, take into account the possibility that the court of inquiry will decide that the Maine was not destroyed by accident. If the court were to find that the vessel was wrecked by an explosion from within, the country, we believe. would experience a sensation of intense relief-this notwithstanding the many and serious problems to which such a discovery would lead. But if it is demonstrated clearly that the Maine was attacked secretly and deliberately from without, what then?

That such a discovery would be an affair of grave significance cannot be dou'sted. The question of fixing responsibility, and discovering the culprit, would become a matter of the highest conceivable import-ance-doubly so from the fact that absolutely no precedent for such a case exists. But to assume, as many readers of the current news whose common sense ought to guide them better seem to do, that the result of such a discovery would be an immediate declaration of war against Spain, is to adopt a conclusion as unjust as it is absurd.

It is conceivable that the ship was wrecked by a torpedo; that the implement of destruction was obtained in the harbor of IIavana, and was prepared and launched with the deliberate purpose of destroying with its entire crew the United States man of-war. Let all this be supposed: What possible grounds could be obtained from this, by a civilized pople, for declaring war on the Spanish Government? We presume that if the Maine had been destroyed by a torpedo in the harbor of Halifax, people who promptly charged the crime on the British Government, and clamored for instant declaration of hostilities, would be regarded as harmless lunatics. It will be answered, doubtless, that our Government's relations with the Spanish Government have been in some measure strained; that the presence of the Maine before Havana was not welcome, and therefore that the two cases are not analogous. But we suspect that when the situation is seriously reviewed, it will be seen that the supposi. tion which imputed deliberate responsibility for the attack to the Spanish authorities would be the more irrational of the two. The theory is so absurd upon its face that we have almost hesitated to repeat it ; but it needs to be repeated, first, because much of the current random talk upon the subject leads directly to such an inference, and, second, because on no other theory could a verdict of destruction by act of an enemy lead to a declaration of hostilities.

Had it been the Spanish iron-clad now at anchor in our harbor which was destroyed by an explosion, and had it been proved conclusively that the explosion was a result of deliberate attack, we can conccive the high spirit of scorn with which our people would have met the insinuation that our Government had plotted the ship's destruction for purposes of revenge. Indeed, we are not sure whether the sense of indignation at the insult contained in such suggestion, or the sense of its absurdity, would appeal most strongly to our people. Yet, knowing this, our newspapers and in a degree some of our public men, have allowed themselves this week to express freely and publicly their theories as to what sort of punishment should be visited on Spain in case it were found that the Maine was not destroyed by accident. We cannot conceive of any more unwarranted position, and certainly none could be more utterly un-American. Were the consequences a thousand times less scrious than
proposition to inflict the penalty before even inquiring as to the true culprit would be monstrous and revolting. But when such a proposition of national Lynch law is made in a case involving wholesale sacrifice of life, property and public honor, we are almost tempted to ask, what can have happened to the wits of these hot-headed orators?

The truth of the matter is, that of all improbable theories regarding this mysterious occurrence, the most improbable is this very theory of culpability by the authorities at Havana. Nothing has been more certain, in the events of the last four weeks, than the fact that the Spanish Government, and its representatives in Cuba, were straining every nerve to maintain amicable relations with the United States. A deliberate attack upon our war-ship would be a singular supplement to such a policy. Nothing has been more certain than the fact that Spain was striving to justify her cause in Cuba in the eyes of other European States. A conspiracy to destroy a friendly vessel in Havana harbor would be a curious move to win such international sympathy. We venture to say -not because of belief in the friendly sentiments of Spain, but because we give the nation credit for possessing at least the power of human reason-that in no quarter would a suggestion for the destruction of the Maine have awakened such horror and dismay as in the administrative conferences of Havana or Madrid.

We have no wish to pursue this reasoning further. As the popular theory which has made it necessary is in our judgment altogether childish, so it is difficult to argue seriously on the conclusions to which that theory would force us. We have no fear of war as a result of this occurrence so long as our people maintain the poise and self-control with which they have thus far met each successive crisis in the Cuban imbroglio. We are aware that the President has in his hands, and will presently submit to Congress, a report showing a really deplorable condition of affairs in Cuba. Undoubtedly the discussion of this report in Congress would be embittered by the sentimental influence of a decision that the Maine was not destroyed by accident. We realize, too, that in such a case some perplexing questions of responsibility for an occurrence of this kind in a Spanish harbor would arise, quite irrespective of the silly theory that the Spanish Government approved the act. But the more troublesome and serious these questions become, the more reason is there for appealing to that sober judgment which our people have already shown themselves to possess in abundant measure.

Much has been said, in recent debate on the Cuban situation, of the discredit which attaches to unwillingness to go to war, even when the cause is just and the provocation great. No such accusation has ever been truthfully lodged against the United States. But there is one still deeper stain on national honor, which we trust may be spared this country: the reputation of provoking hostilities when they were not' justified, merely because of a conviction that victory would be easy. We do not believe that our people have any wish to incur a stigma of this sort, nor do we think that there exists such a thing as a "war party" among our citizens, outside of a very few professional agitators in Congress and in the press. Believing this, we trust that the self-control and sound judgment already exhibited in this Cuban matter will prevail as potently during the next few weeks.

## THE CHICAGO \& ALTON RAILROAD.

The annual report of the Chicago \& Alton Railroad, issued this week, will no doubt be considered disappointing. It is for the calendar year, and in comparison with small earnings in 1896 shows a further marked falling off in both gross and net$\$ 166,678$, or $2 \cdot 44$ per cent, in the former and $\$ 281$,808 , or 10.05 per cent, in the net. We have become accustomed to look for decidedly improved results in the case of Western roads. During the first six months of $189 \%$, indeed, the conditions were still unfavorable. But during the last six months the situation changed. Prices of grain, and particularly wheat, advanced, the grain movement, stimulated by an urgent foreign demand, became of large dimensions, the farming sections enjoyed great prosperity, and coincidently trade revived all over the United States. The effect, as will be remembered, was to give the Western roads an enormous tonnage, resulting in many instances in very striking gains in revenues, this being a distinguishing feature ofthe returns the latter part of the year.

Has the experience of the Chicago \& Alton been different from the rest of the roads, and if so why has it fared worse than its neighbors? We know that many will have a ready answer. The Alton, as we have so often pointed out in these columns, has during the last twenty years pursued a unique and distinctive policy. While other systems were making new extensions and spreading out in various directions, the Alton management have rested content with their existing mileage and sought the development of that. The policy, too, was crowned with a considerable share of success. During the time when nearly all the other Western companies were obliged to reduce their dividends, or suspend them altogether, the Alton was able to maintain for many years its old rate of 8 per cent per annum. The fact that it, too, was finally compelled in $189 \%$ to make a cut in the dividend (reducing to a basis of 7 per cent per annum), and that the company's annual report now shows a new retrocession in earnings rather than the decided growth characteristic of 'the roads in general, will by many be taken as conclusive evidence that the policy of the management has proved a failure.

It must be admitted that in the light of the results now disclosed, the action of the company in reducing the dividend was not only conservative, but was very like a necessity. The first quarterly dividend in $189 \%$ was on the old 8 per cent basis; that is, was 2 per cent; the others were on a $\%$ per cent basis, or $1{ }^{3}$ per cent each. The aggregate of the dividends for 1897 , therefore, was $7 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent. The company earned this amount of dividends, but the surplus above the sum required for the purpose was very small -only $\$ 31,823$. The decrease in net earnings, we have seen, was $\$ 281,808$. This brought the amount of the net down to $82,519,928$, the smallest total for nineteen years-that is, since 18\%8. The gross earnings for 1897 were $\$ 6,673,605$, which is better than the extraordinarily low total for 1894 (following the panic of 1893), but is with that exception the smallest of any year since 1879 . In $188 \%$ the gross was $\$ 8,941$,386, against the $\$ 6,673,605$ for 1897 ; the net in 1887 was $\$ 3,671,183$, against $\$ 2,519,928$ now.
But can the unfavorable showing be attributed to the policy of not adding new lines and extensions? Is not the explanation to be found in other causes?

All the indications, we think, prove that it is. At the outset it is well to remark that the Alton, constituting a trunk-line system connecting Chicago with Kansas City and St. Louis, was unusually well situated to dispense with extensions and auxiliary lines. Kansas City and St. Louis are both important traffic centres, and a number of independent lines and systems from the West and South terminate there which could be depended on to act as tributaries and feeders to the Alton. For the same reason it is not possible to draw any conclusions as to the effects of the Alton's policy had it been applied to other Western systems. The Alton's geographical location was such as to make the policy feasible in its case, where in other cases it might have been wholly impracticable, and very likely disastrous.

Then also the Alton does not stand alone in making poor comparisons with the best of previous years. While the recovery on it was small even during the last half of $189 \%$, when other roads gained so largely, yet there are few Western roads, which, even after the 1897 improvement, do not still fall behind their totals for some of the earlier years. Confining ourselves, however, more particularly to the changes between $189 \%$ and 1896, we find in the first place that the loss was almost entirely in the passenger business, the passenger earnings for $189 \%$ having been only $\$ 1,961,397$, against $\$ 2,116,242$ for 1896. It is possible that the Alton, which has a very eligible route for passengers, may have had a more active competition to meet than heretofore from some lines whose roads have been greatly improved through reorganization. As a matter of fact, however, the passenger business has been poor on all roads. It was a general complaint in 1897 that trade revival had not brought any recovery in the passenger traffic, and many have been the attempts to explain this apparent anomaly. Hence in this respect the experience of the Alton has been not at all exceptional, but like that of other roads.
Again, there were in the late year some special disturbing circumstances affecting either earnings or expenses, or both. Thus $\$ 133,881$ was expended during the year on account of the reconstruction of the superstructure of the company's bridge over the Mississippi River erected in 18\%3. The item increased expenses to that extent and diminished net earnings to the same extent. Then it should not be forgotten that the bituminous coal strike which began in July and lasted for about three months was a serious drawback, depriving the company of its coal traffic and in other ways impairing the year's outcome. The company's earnings fell off continuously during the first seven months, and the heaviest loss of all occurred in July when the strike broke out. In August and September earnings increased despite the strike. We may say that the decrease the first seven months was $\$ 424,597$, the increase the last five months $\$ 257,918$.
Nor should the steady and uninterrnpted decline in rates, both in passengers and in freight, be overlooked as a factor in the unfavorable results. The average per ton per mile in $189 \%$ underwent a further decline of over 6 per cent, reducing it to only 763 thousandths of a cent per ton mile, the lowest point, we believe, on record. As recently as 1894 the average was $91 \%$ thousandths. There are roads of course in the eastern part of the country where the average is much smaller than three-quarters of a cent per ton mile. But for a road in the West and having a traffic like that of the Alton, the average given is signally low.

We may note at the same time that the average on the passenger traffic dropped to below two cents per passenger per mile-to 1.918 cents.

But the best proof that the year's poor outcome can not be ascribed to the lack of a system of roads under the Alton's own control west of the Missouri, is furnished in the fact that the falling off is in the local traffic, not in the through traffic. If the absence of an auxiliary system were proving a detriment, the through traffic would be the class to suffer and reflect that fact. But the report shows 715,595 tons of through freight moved in 1897, against only 587,700 tons in 1896, 548,383 tons in 1895 and 513,890 tons in 1894. On the other hand, the local traffic amounted to only 2,391,650 tons in 1897, against 2,658,989 tons in 1896, 2,695,896 tons in 1895 and $2,260,338$ tons in 1894. Moreover there are branches of the local traffic where the $189 \%$ figures are the poorest in a long term of years. For instance, the earnings of the company from farm products shipped at local stations in Illinois and Missouri were less than in any year since 1885. From farm products shipped in Illinois the earnings were only $\$ 697,884$ in 1897 , against $\$ 1,011$,032 in 1896 and $\$ 928,240$ in 1895 . On wheat by itself the revenue on local shipments in Illinois was almost nil-being reported only $\$ 12,926$ in 189\%, against $\$ 137,313$ in 1896 and $\$ 213,484$ in 1891. On shipments of farm products in Misssouri the revenue was bat $\$ 198,036$ in 1897 , against $\$ 344,843$ in 1896 and \$348,238 in 1895.
These small earnings may appear surprising in view of the excellent harvests gathered in the West the last two years, and to many it will seem as if the company was losing its hold on the local traffic. But such a supposition would be as erroneous as that in the other case, and the explanation is as simple as in that case. While the crop situation was good as a rule in the West, there were sections where it was very poor. For confirmation we need go no further than to refer to the fact that in Illinois the wheat crop in 1897 was one of the smallest in the State's history, being reported by the Agricultural Bureau at Washington at only $11,578,003$ bushels, against $28,668,146$ bushels in 1896 and $33,312,370$ bushels in 1894. In Missouri the situation was but little better, the crop at $14,104,458$ bushels for $189 \%$ comparing with $23,353,920$ bushels for 1894.

In conclusion it is only necessary to state that while local traffic in each of the leading cereals, wheat, corn and oats, shows a marked decline in 1897 as.compared with the years preceding, the company's total traffic in each of these cereals increased, demonstrating very clearly that the road dil not fail to share in the general expansion in the grain movement in 1897, notwithstanding it had no lines of its own west of the Missouri. Of wheat the road moved $4,478,522$ bushels in 1897, against 3,615,669 bushels in 1896 and 4,274,468 bushels in 1895 ; of corn, 12,988,749 bushels against $11,122,420$ and $11,043,849$, and of oats $5,56+$,413 bushels, against $5,042,391$ and $4,673,624$ bushels.

THE PROGRESS OF JAPANESE INDUSTRIES AND HER FINANCIAL SITUATION.* Tokio, Japan, Jan. 1, 1898. The Chino-Japanese war has not given any material assistance to the Japanese industries, for the indemnity obtained from China has not only been wasted by *Commnnicated by a correspondent at Tokio.
being used for the expansion of the Imperial army and navy, but in addition the Government has absorbed a large amount of capital from the people through the means of bonds and taxes. This war has, however, given a tremendous stimulus to the rise of new industries.

In $189 \pm$ there were in Japan $53 \%$ commercial firms supported by natives, with a capital of 32 million yens; 454 manufacturing corporations, with a capital of 41 million yens, and 896 banks, with a capital of 159 million yens. Now there are 1,005 commercial firms, with a capital of 239 million yens; 980 manufacturing corporations, with a capital of 163 million yens, and 1,552 banks, with a capital of 309 million yens. During the same interval the Japanese people have invested nearly 400 million yens in railroad enterprises and about 100 million yens in maritime transportation. And in the single year of 1896-97 the foreign trade of Japan increased from 275 million to 370 million yens.

This rapid promotion of the Japanese industries appears almost insredible, and it is really very difficult to understand how the Japanese people have acquired so much additional capital in so short an interval. Undoubtedly, they must have imported some foreign capital, but this does not exceed, so far as the record shows, the sum of $70,000,000$ yens. In studying the deposit column of the banking report, we find the increase of forty per cent in the single year of 189495. But I cannot tell whether or not deposits have increased in the same ratio after 1895. Supposing that they have, still there is reason to believe that the demand for capital in my country has outrun its supply. The following furnishes strong corroborative evidence. average rate of interest per day on 10,000 yens.


Thus the rate of interest has steadily risen, and concurrently Government bonds have declined ; they used to command 5 per cent premium before the war, but are now sold at 8 per cent discount. Especially since the uncertainty engendered by the political crisis in the East has the price of every security and stock in Japan enormously declined. As one result of this, several banks in Tokio are refusing to take many of these depreciated securities as collateral. In the meantime not a few of our newly-established corporations require further investments of capital before they can be put fully in operation turning out their products. Thus we have the reason for the scarcity of capital and the stringency of money, of which our people have been complaining for some time.

Besides the foregoing difficulties, our cotton manufacturers are at present experiencing pressure from the fall in price of silver. For this depreciation in silver involves a corresponding rate of discount on the foreign bill payable in China, and this discount in turn reduces the receipts of our cotton manufacturers, who export their products mainly to China. The alternative is for our manufacturers to ask higher prices from their Chinese customers, but this would eventually diminish their demand for our cotton goods. The Chinese demand for such goods has already fallen off. 'The difficulty has been felt especially by our cotton manufacturers in Osaka. There has come a threatening stringency in the money market at that point.

The latter part of December is the regular season in the year to settle all kinds of obligations, and people
in general require a large sum of capital set apart for this purpose. The Bank of Japan has already issued its extra notes to the sum of $40,000,000$ yens Still, the money market continues to be strin gent, and many eminent business men are holding meetings in different places, discussing the present situation and how to provide remedies. Many have suggested an increase in the volume of our currency, but this would not give any solution of the existing difficulty, for the prevailing stringency of the money market is due to the scarcity of capital, and nothing else. Secondly, some business men have proposed to sell their stock holdings to foreign capitalists. But evidently they do not understand that the stocks in question give the holders the direct control of stock companies, and also evidence the ownership of movable and immovable properties belonging to such corporations. Moreover, according to the revised treaties between Japan and other countries, no foreigner is allowed to possess any immovable property in Japan. Therefore, the proposed sale of stocks is to be regarded as contrary to the law of the country, unless some special arrangement could be made.

Lastly, the best of all the suggestions that have been made is the proposed raising of a loan abroad either by Government or by private corporations. In case our Imperial Government should raise a large sum on a foreign loan, the suggestion is that the money acquired be employed for the redemption of public bonds possessed by our native capitalists. Of course if private corporations secure loans abroad, the money will go towards the development and expansion of their enterprises. Either one of these methods would increase our circulating capital, and in turn relieve the existing stringency of our money market.

It is obvious from what has been said that the unexampled progress of Japanese industries has now been checked, and unless some device is adopted for the in troduction of forergn capital or the Chinese indemnity payment affords relief the outlook certainly can not be regarded as assuring.

## POWER OF OFHICIALS TO IMPOSE LIABILIIY UPON MUNICIPALITIES.

It is a well-settled rule of law that the officials of a municipality cannot bind the municipality except so far as they have statutory authority to do so. In other words, that the acts of public officials in making contracts for municipal corporations impose no liability upon the corporations unless such acts come within the authority conferred upon the officials by law. This doctrine has received illustration and confirmation in a case just decided by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department. The case attracts attention not only because the Court has reaffirmed an old principle, but because in this judgment the doctrine has been carried further perhaps, or at least more rigidly applied, than on previous occasions.

The decision was rendered in a suit brought against the city to recover for supplies furnished one of the city departments. The title of the cause was "John J. Walton and others (composing the firm of Hunter, Walton \& Co.) vs. The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city of New York." It appears that on various dates between the 8th day of January 1896 and the $1 \%$ th day of April 1896, the plaintiffs furnished butter for the public institutions at Ward's

Island, in lots ranging from $\$ 45840$ to $\$ 935$, for the aggregate sum of $\$ 4,28656$. The action was to recover on two of these lots. The orders on which the butter was delivered were apparently regular in form and were signed by the purchasing agent for the Department of Public Charities and Corrections. It appears, too, that the purchases were properly certified to by the Commissioners of Public Charities to the Finance Department. On this state of facts the lower court gave a jrdgment against the city, which judgment is now reversed by the Appellate Division.

The ground for holding the purchases invalid is that they were not made after public letting to the lowest bidder in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 64 of the Consolidation Act. The relevant parts of this section are contained in the following: "All contracts to be made or let for work to be done or supplies to be furnished, except as in this Act otherwise provided * * * shall be made by the appropriate heads of departments under such regulations as now. exist, or shall be established by ordinances of the Common Council. Whenever any work is necessary to be done to complete or perfect a particular job, or any supply is needful for any particular purpose, which work and job is to be undertaken ar supply furnished for the corporation, and the several parts of the said work or supply shall together involve the expenditure of more than one thousand dollars, the same shall be by contract * * * unless otherwise ordered by a vote of three-fourths of the members elected to the Common Council; and all contracts shall be entered into by the appropriate heads of departments, and shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be founded on sealed bids or proposals made in compliance with public notice duly advertised in the City Record."

We have put one phrase of the foregoing, it will be observed, in italics, because the question whether the purchases were valid hinges mainly upon the interpretation to be put upon that phrase-that is, whether it can be claimed to be applicable to the case under review. We have already stated that the lower court gare judgment for the contractors. Moreover, a minority of the Appellate Division takes the same view, and has written a dissenting opinion sustaining the lower court. This minority is made up of two of the five judges, namely Judges Van Brunt and McLaughlin. They hold that as the butter was furnished upon different orders, given at different times, no one of which was for the sum of $\$ 1,000$, the provision in Section 64 can not be held to apply to the purchases in question. Judge McLaughlin, who wrote the minority opinion, contends that the statute was dnsigned to prevent favoritism, frand and corruption by public officials, and that this was its only purpose. He thinks that the purchases in this case must be treated in the same manner as thourh each purchase had been from a different individual, and without any knowledge on the part of the various sellers that purchases had been made of other parties. He says the infirmity in the purchase depends upon the want of power in the department to make it, and the question as to the want of power is not affected by the fact that the separate purchases are made from the same individual. In his estimation each of the purchases was as distinct as though they had been made from different parties; each had no relation to the others; nor was there anything which connected them together as a continuous transaction. Moreover the city
has "received and used the plaintiff"s property; corporation is not bound. In such cases the statute it has not paid for it ; it concedes that it was of the value claimed, and it also appears that a necessity existed for its use. It is not even suggested that the butter was ordered, furnished or used with the intent on the part of any one to evade the statute." Furthermore Judge McLaughlin argues that the statute was never designed to enable the city to do an act which, if done by an individual, would be dishonest.

Judge Ingraham, however, in delivering the prevailing opinion, construes and applies the statute rigidly. He says the action in the present case was based apparently upon the assumption that the municipal corporation (the defendant) like any private corporation, incurred indebtedness for supplies furnished by reason of an order given for the supplies and an acceptance of the supplies so ordered. The rule, however, he points out, in relation to the liability of municipal corporations for contracts made by its agents is somewhat different from that which relates to a private corporation with general authority to make contracts and employ agents whose acts are binding upon the corporation. He refers to the case of McDonald vs. The Mayor, where the Court declared that it is fundamental that those seeking to deal with a municipal corporation through its officials must take great care to learn the nature and extent of their power and authority - that the acts of public officials in making contracts for municipal corporations impose no liability upon the corporation unless such acts come within the authority conferred upon the officials by law.

The provision in the Consolidation Act above quoted, Judge Ingraham says, is a limitation upon the powers of the officers of a municipal corporation to make contracts which shall impose a liability upon the municipal corporation. The butter was ordered from day to day, and each separate order was for less than $\$ 1,000$; but it was all material of the same character, and the several parts together involved the expenditure of more than $\$ 1,000$. In a little over thrce months the Charities Department expended upwards of $\$ 4,200$ in this way for butter alone. It also had to supply the meat, bread and other articles of food for the inmates of the asylums, clothing and fuel, and other articles necessary for the maintenance of the institutions. Hence if the contention of the plaintiff was to prevail, "every particle of supplies needed for all of these institutions could have been ordered by the Commissioner at such price as he pleased, upons ch terms as he pleased, or if such quality as he pleased, without competition, without public letting, in violation of the Consolidation Act, simply by placing the articles needed in several orders, seeing to it that no one order exceeded $\$ 1,000$. That it was this method which the statute was intended to prevent is clear."

But counsel for the plaintiff had contended that the city, having accepted and used these goods, must pay their fair value. In reply Judpe Ingraham points again to McDonald vs. The Mayor and also to Smith vs. City of Newburg. In the latter it was held that a subsequent ratification cannot make valid an unlawful act without the scope of corporate authority. An absolute excess of authority, the Court held in that case, by the officers of a corporation. in violation of law, cannot be upheld; and where the officers of such a body fail to pursue the strict requirements of a statutory enactment under which they are acting, the
must be strictly followed, and a person who deals with a municipal body is obliged to see that its charter has been fully complied with. When this is not done, no subsequent act can make the contract effective.

RAILROAD GROSS AND NET EARNINGS FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR.
In our issue of January 15 we presented an early preliminary exhibit of the gross earnings of United States railroads for the late calendar year. To-day we furnish ib tabulation covering both gross and net earnings, and comprising all roads from which it has been possible to secure returns of that kind. The statement, as usual, is a very comprehensive one. It embraces over one hundred and forty thousand miles of road, and the aggregate of the gross earnings runs considerably in excess of a thousand million dollars, and the aggregate of the net reaches nearly 350 million dol lars, as will appear from the following summary of the totals.

| Milt s of road heo. 31. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1897 . \\ & 140.447 \end{aligned}$ | 1896. <br> 138,979 | Amount. $1,468$ | $\text { P. } \boldsymbol{\sigma} \text {. }$ |
|  | \$ | \$ | 1,463 |  |
| Frozs earning | 1,092,732.890 | 1,037,511,872 | 55,221,018 | 5.32 |
| Operating expenses.. | 743,563,543 | 724,264,744 | 19,3)1,79.7 | 267 |
| Vet earnings. | 349,163,347 | 313,247,128 | 35,919,219 |  |

The results here are substantially the same as in our preliminary statement in January. There is a very substantial improvement in both the gross and net, the addition to the former having been $\$ 55,221$,018 , or $5 \cdot 32$ per cent, and to the latter $\$ 35,919,219$, or 11.47 per cent. In our January article we set out all the leading events and conditions that had a bearing on the course of earnings during the year, and to this we would refer the roader, as the pressure upon our columns does not permit a repetition of the facts there given.

In recording such a large gain in both gross and net the present statement is in sharp contrast with that for 1896, when there was a small falling off in gross and net alike. Indeed, since 1892 there has been only one other year (namely 1895), when an improvemen has been recurded. This affords an indication of the gratifying character of the 1897 showing. The following carries the comparisons back for a series of years.

 '92(210 $1.088,688,6371,027,294,855+56,393,7 \times 2{ }^{2} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}345,840,027 \\ 338,133,575 & +7,706,452\end{array}\right.$
 ${ }^{9} 91\left(206\right.$ 969,003,527 1.091,975,721-122972194 291,832,7: $332,126310 \quad 4^{\circ}, 323,803$ -95 209) $1,020,074752 \quad 958,331,064+61,740,683$ 315, $88,15: 288,936,544+26,451,609$



Another fact deserves to be brought out, and that is that substantially the entire improvement, large as :t is, occurred during the last six months. This is evident from the circumstance that our compilation for the six months to June 30, covering practically the same roads as the present compilation, actually showed a loss in the gross- $\$ 1,734,085$-while the gain in the net was only $\$ 6,760,808$. It will be remembered that the last six months the whole situation changed. It was then that the great advance in the price of wheat occurred; then that the grain movement assumed such large dimensions; then that our agricultural classes
entered upon a new era of prosperity, and then that general trade slowly but very persistently revived all over the United States. The monthly summaries plainly reveal the steady process of development which went on. Taking first the gross, we find a loss in January, then. very smoll gains the next three months, an increase of about 3 per cent in May and June, an increase of $y$ per cent in July, of close to 15 per cent in August and September, and large ratios of gain thereafter, barring only October, when there was temporarily a lower percentage of improvement. In the net the comparisons have been much the samea loss in January with gains thereafter, but only becoming large the latter part of the year, when the improvement in some months ran close to or in excess of 25 per cent.
gross and net earnings.

| M $n$ ith | Gross Earnings. |  |  |  | Net Earnings. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | Inc.or Dec. | P. c. | 1897. | 1896. | Inc.or Dec. | P. c. |
|  | $\bigcirc$ | \$ |  |  | 4,900,873 |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ -1,222,326 \end{gathered}$ | 7.58 |



 |  | April.. | $57,931,742$ | $57,789,859$ | $+141,883$ | 0.25 | $16,015,544$ | $15,296,017$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { May... } 61,077,455 & 59,172,952+1,904,504 & 3 \cdot 22 & 17,410,347 & 15,148,650 & +2,261,697 & 14 \cdot 93 \\ 3 \cdot 29 & 14,904,563 & 13,486,252 & +1,414,311 & 10 \cdot 52\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { June.. } & 53,457,057751,751,394 & +1,705,658 & 3 \cdot 29 \\ 14,904,563 & 13,486,252 & +1,418,311 & 10 \cdot 52 \\ \text { J3, }\end{array}$ Jug. . 72,455,924 $89,00,838+2,378,0301 \pm 86121,815,076 \quad 20,215,655+4,579,42122 \cdot 75$




Note.-The number of roads included in January was 134; in February 131; in March 135; in April 134; in May 135; in June 111; n July 134 in Augast 142; in September 138; in Ostober 130; in November 139; in December 134.

It is scarcely necessary to say that in the case of many individual roads very heavy amounts of gain are shown, and that as a rule the grain-carrying roads are most conspicuous in this way. The Burlington \& Quincy, for instance, has nearly $5 \frac{3}{4}$ million dollars increase, the Atchison $3 \frac{3}{4}$ millions, the Canadian Pacific $3 \frac{1}{3}$ millions, etc. But in reality the improvement extends to all parts of the country and to all classes of roads, not excluding the roads in the manufacturing and mineral districts, of which the Pennsylvania is a type, it having added over $4 \frac{1}{8}$ million dollars to its gross. In the net earnings the showing is much the same, and we have an equally noteworthy series of increases. The decreases of any magnitude are so few as hardly to deserve mention. There are only two for amounts exceeding $\$ 200,000$ in the gross, and but one, namely the Chicago \& Alton, for that amount in the net, as will appear by the following.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | St. Jos. \& Gr. Island... 438,597 |
|  | Kan. C. Ft. S. \& Mem. 432, 284 |
|  | Denv. \& Rio Grande. . 412,74t |
| Ilinois Central $\dagger . .$. ..... 2,962,959 | Chic. Great Western. ${ }^{\text {W99,370 }}$ |
| Union Pacific ............ $2,930,473$ | Oregon Short Line.... 390,735 |
| exican Central ....... 2,637,803 | New England......... 359,500 |
| 2,244,039 | Ft. Worth \& Den. C... 308,953 |
| orthern Pacific ..... ... 2,102,988 | Mobile \& Ohio......... 296,945 |
| 1,805,146 |  |
| 1,568,921 | Bait. \& Ohio So west.  <br> Mont. \& Mex. Gulf.... 263,911 |
|  | Georgia \& Alabama... 261,201 |
| ,164,172 | Chic. \& East. Ills...... 257,471 |
| thern Railway....... 1,067,696 | Wabash ............... 242,296 |
| Ches. \& Ohio............ 1,022,223 | N. Y. Chic. \& St, L.... 227,459 |
| Grand Trunk .......... 887,211 | Allegheny Valley $\ldots$. ${ }^{\text {M }}$. 211,521 |
| Clev. Cin. Chic. \& St. L. 837,066 | Minn. St. P. \& S. S. M. $\quad 211,494$ |
| Chic. Mil. \& St. Paul... 826,378 | Long Island |
| N. Y. N. H. \& Hartf'd. - 789,144 |  |
| Mexican National....... * 755 73,725 | Total (representing <br> 61 roads)........... $\$$ |
| Pacific Coast............. $\quad 739,934$ | 61 roa |
| Louisv. \& Nashv....... 589 | Dul. So. Sh, \& Atl..... \$314,696 |
| Rio Grande Western... 571,3 | Del. Lack. \& West.... 230,953 |
| Chic. St. P. M. \& Om. . $\quad 496,600$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nash. Chat. \& St. L..... } & 456,015 \\ \text { Northern Central }\end{array}$ | $3 \text { roads)......... }$ |
| Northern Central Union Pac. | 3 roads)......... |
|  |  |
| * For eleven months. † Covers lines directly operated East and West of Pittsburg; the gross increased $\$ 2,126,600$ on Eastern lines and $\$ 2,051,500$ on Western lines. <br> $\ddagger$ Increase based in part on larger mileage. |  |
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 Chic. Burl. \& Quiney...
Northern Pacitic........ Canadian Pacific Southern Pacific Union Pacitic.... Illinois Central $a$ Chicago \& North west New York Central...... Norfolk \& Western... N. Y. N. H. \& Hartf'rd. Southern Railway
K. C. Pittsb. \& Guif $a$ K. C. Pittsb. \& Gulf $a$.. Mexican Central... Wabash. Boston \& Maine. Mexican National. Pacific Coast...
Oregon Short Line Cin. N. O. \& Tex. Pac.
Increases.
teh. Top. \& S. Fe. Lake sh. \& Mich. So
St. Jos. \& Grand Isld. New England Erie.
Rio Grande West..... Un. Pac. Denv. \& Güif Louisv. \& Nashv..... Central of N. Jerserg. St. Louis \& SSan Fran. Allegheny Valley Mont. \& Mex. Gulf Denv. \& Rio Grande. Lehigh Valley RR. $\ddagger$ Grand Raps. \& Ind.
Total (represent
59 roads) .........s.
Chicago \& Alton
0,511

| 9346,381 |
| ---: |
| 338,625 |
| 337,728 |
| 304,245 |
| 302,587 |
| 293,073 |
| 290,839 |
| 286,924 |
| 269,905 |
| 245,319 |
| 244,725 |
| 242,359 |
| 241,417 |
| 239,073 |
| 218,002 |
| 214,834 |
| 214,603 |
| 211,462 |

* For
or eleven months. * For eleven months.
directly operated east a
increased $\$ 2,328,300$ an

析 nereased $\$ 2,328,300$ and on West of Pittsburg; the net on

Arranged in groups, the anthracite group alone records a decline in the gross, thus reflecting the adverse condition of the anthracite trade, while in the net no group falls behind. In the net, too, the gains, in ratio at least, approximate one another very closely, if we leave out the Pacific group, where the increase runs as high as 22.20 per cent, and the anthracite group, where the increase runs as low as $4: 53$ per cent. The following shows the totals for the different groups. At the end of this article will be found a detailed statement giving the figures for each road included in the various groups.

## SUMMARY BY GROUPS.

| GECTION OR Group. | Gross Earnings. |  | Net Earnings. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1597. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | Inc. or D |  |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Engl'd (13) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trunk lines. (18) | 304,502,292 | 293,365,047 | 92,834, 605 | 84,198,93^ | +8,635,067 | $10 \cdot 26$ 4.53 |
| Anthra.coal(1) | 145, 885,854 | 145,414,211 | 34,509,578 | 33,013,521 | +1,496,057 | 4.53 |
|  | 37,540,918 | 36,474,154 | 11,495,12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10,677, 506 | +817, 320 | $7 \cdot 86$ |
| Mid. West'n.(32) | 72,983,832 | 88,943,086 | 23,345,723 | 21,412,046 | +1933,677 | $9 \cdot 03$ |
| Northwest'n (15 | 130,975,641 | 187,466,279 | 51,500,480 | 46,119,8 | +5.3-0,586 | 11.67 |
| Southwest'n(19) | 88,658, 746 | 61,025,587 | 20,916,57f | 18,562,114 | +2,354,462 | $8 \cdot 68$ |
| Paciflc Coast(18) | 129,752,501 | 117,181,650 | 50,880,89 ${ }^{\text {n }}$ | 41,837,091 | +9.242.905 | 22\% |
| Southern.... (39) | 101,887,8 9 | 97,229,8-8 | 32,046,420 | 28,985,126 | +3,081,784 | 10.64 |
| Mexican ..... (1) | 20,281,135 | 16.748,527 | 7,634,175 | 6,418,489 | +1.21 | 4 |
| Tot..(190 r'ds) $\left.\overline{1^{1992732890}} 1037511872\right\|_{349,169,947} 313,2+7,128+35,919,91911 \cdot 47$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| England, 5,296 miles against 5,295 mles in 189 ${ }^{\text {; }}$; Truuk lines, 24,928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| against 24,828; Anthracite coal, 5554 against 5,529; Middle States, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,119 against 4.113; Middle Western, 12,381 against 11,524; Northwestern 25,438 against 25,417; Southwestern, 15,182 agai ist 15,065; |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mexican, 3,647 against 3,552; grand total, 140,4 17 against 138,979. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

With reference to the statement for December, considered by itself, only a few words are necessary. The exhibit ranks among the best of the year, the increase in the gross being $8 \frac{5}{8}$ million dollars, or $13 \cdot 51$ per cent, and in the net over $3 \frac{3}{4}$ million dollars, or $18 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. In this case no group has fallen behind in the gross, and only one (for a trifling wmount) in the net. The ratio of gain for several of the groups is very heavythus the Trunk line group has 21.69 per cent gain, the Anthracite Coal 21.89 per cent, the Middle Western $26 \cdot \% 1$ per cent, the Southwestern 23.95 per cent and the Pacific $30 \cdot 51$ per cent.

| SECTION OR Group. | Gross Earnngs. |  | Vet Earnings. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. | Inc. or Dee. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -unk lines..(12 | 19,680,235 | 17,277,840 | 5,888,629 | 4,821, | +1,045,459 |  |
| Anthra.icoal. | 7,563,359 | 7,003,572 | 1,563,121 | 1,288,389 | +200,732 | 9 |
| East. \& Mid.(14) | 2,730,131 | 2, 114,234 | 5¢3,936 | 56 | -1,282 | . 71 |
| Mid. West'n.(19) | 5,033,683 | 4,208,870 | 1,885,152 | 1,487,775 | +397,377 |  |
| Northwest'n(10) | 7,417,06 | 6,596,397 | 3,023,927 | 2,911,94 | +111,880 |  |
| Southwest'n.(17) | 6,803,063 | 5,661,395 | 2,209,234 | 1,788 | +426,839 |  |
| Pacifl Coast (16) | 12,400,985 | 10,493,440 | 5,206,04 ${ }^{4}$ | 3,988 | +1,217,152 | 51 |
| Soathern.... 38 , | 9,863,186 |  | 3,403,732 | 3,24 |  |  |
| Mexican ..... (2) | 1,356,204 | 1,1 | 534, |  |  |  |
| Tot.. (134 r'ds) | 72.432.890 | 63,813,040 | 24,25R, | ,455, |  |  |
| It will be understood, of course, that the 1897 gain follows a loss in 1896, and in fact all other years since 1892, with the exception of 1895 , when there was a temporary marked recovery. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Year and | Gross Earnings, |  |  | Net Eturninss. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nurwber of roads. | Year Given. | Year Preceting. | Increase or Decrease. | Year Given. | Year Preceding. | Increase or Decrease. |
| December. | ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }^{8}$ | \% | ${ }^{8}$ | 8 | \% |
| 1891 (132) | 64.137,168 | 58,870,958 | $+5.286,510$ | 21,071,03; | 18,406,852 | $+2,364.245$ |
| 1892 (124; | 62,643,259 | 61,501,607 | +1,141,652 | 20,794,50t | 20,739,852 | +54,652 |
| 1893 (121 | 47,082,2:6 | 56,253,436 | -8,301,160 | 15,178,383 | 18,423,657 | $-3,245,269$ |
| 1894 (132) | 47,871,6 75 | 49,838,120 | -1 966,425 | 15,044,636 | 15,295,650 | -251,014 |
| 1895 (137) | 58,382.246 | 52,704,783 | +5,877,463 | 19,527,667 | 18,584,851 | +2,942,816 |
| 1896 (138) | 54,227,519 | 55,865,138 | $-1,637,819$ | 18,270,420 | 18,354,744 | -8t,324 |
| 1897 (134) | 72,4 | 83.813.04 | +8.619.844 | 21258.7 | 20.455 | +3.801.32 6 |

We annex a list of the roads distinguished for large losses or gains during the month. The statement comprises all changes amounting to $\$ 30,000$ or over. It is a striking illustration of the generally favorable character of the exhibit that there are no losses for this amount in the gross and but one in the net.
principal changes
Hincreases.

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| $1,320,200$521,494501,491488,071481,728462,634396,871325,710315,518291,032237,683246,204226,606209,190193,355155,746138,251120,570118,98392,91190,53270,30669,10067,044 |
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| Union Pae. Increases. D Gulf.: |
| :--- |
| Northern Central |

Chic. Burl. \& Quincy...
Atch. Top. \& S . Fe..... Southern Pacitic. Phil. \& R. and Coal \& i. Unadian Pacific Northern Pacifi Erie.
Chic. Miiw. \& St. Paul. Mexican Central Denver \& Rio Grande. Souithern Railway Clev. Cin. Chtc. \& st... Pacific Coast Louisvilie \& Nashiviile Pio Grande Western

$\dagger$ Covers lines directly operated both east and west of Pittsburg and Erie. The gross on the Eastern lines incr
on the Western lines increased $\$ 894,700$.
principal changes in net earnings in dececirbere.

Increases.
Pennsylvaniat...........
Grand Trunk.........
Southern Pacific Union Pacitic Illinois Central Atch. Top. \& S. Fe.
Phil. \& R. and Coal hil. \& R. and Coal \& I Baltimore \& Ohio Canadian Pacilic
Leh. V....................i. Oregon RR \& Nav Denver \& Rio Grand Denver

$\$ 456,900$ | Increases |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 333,900 | Oregon Short Line...... |
| 32,112 | St. Jos. |
| 3 |  | 323,878 Ft. Jos. \& Gd. Island... Burl. Ced. R. \& Nor 245,419 Chic. Burl. \& 2 . \& G. 221.430

167,275 Louisville \& Nashville. 163,05. 129,022 100,620
t Covers lines directly operated east and west of Pittsburg \& Erie.
The net on the Eastern lines inereased $\$ 26,100$ and the net on the The net on the Eastern lines inc

The following is the detailed statement for the calendar year referred to further above.
EARNINGS OF UNITED STATES RAILWAYS JAN. 1 TO DEC. 31.


Total (13 roads)
Trunk Lines-
Baltimore \& Ohio... B \& O. Southwest
Clev. Cin. Ch \& St.
Peoria \& Eastern. Erie... Trunk Det. Gr. Hr. Mrunk Hilw. $a$,
Lake Sh. \& Mich. So. Lake Sh. \& Mich. So.
Mich. Cen. \& Can. So.
N. Y. Cent. \& Hud. R. Penn. - East P. \& E....
West Pitts. \& Erie..
Phila. \& Erie a..
Pitts. C Cr Pitts. C. C. \& St. L.:
Pitts. You. \& Ash.. Wabash


| 0 |
| :---: |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |$|$ | $26,100.14$ |
| :---: |
| $6,456,97$ | $6,456,97$

1388.529
175062
$33,137,072$
$19.18,112$ N $13,630,00$
$45,433,918$ $5,815,21$
$64,223,176$

$38,3,4,320$ | $b 15,14,017$ |
| :---: |
| $b 1.449^{2}$ | $\xrightarrow[301502292]{12,206,20}$



Centhracite CoalCent' 1 of New Jersey.
Delaware \& Hudson.
Renss. \& Saratoga.. Renss. \& Saradoga
Niban ©
Anada.. Aibany \& Susq...
De. Lack. \& West'
N.Y. Lack. \& West

ERE.

## \$63,584



## 

## From our own correspondent.

London, Saturday, February 12, 1898.
On Tuesday Lord Salisbury, in the House of Lords, and Mr. Balfour, in the House of Commons, made very full statements respecting what has been going on in China, disposing of some rumors which had made a very bad impression upon the public. It appears that it was the Chinese Government that objected to the opening up of Ta-Lien. Wan as a treaty port, and that the difference between the two governments was settled by the arrangement that the port was to be opened as soon as the railway extends to Ta-Lien-Wan.

Meanwhile the Russian Government has given a written engagement that whatever ports fall into its power in China shall be opened to British trade equally with Russian. The German Government has given a similar promise with regard to Kiao-Chou. Mr. Balfour added in the House of Commons that the loan negotiations are at an end. And it is generally understood that Japan has intimated that she will not insist upon the payment of the remainder of the indemnity if she is allowed to retain Wei-Hai-Wei. So far, therefore, the crisis in the Far East seems to be at an end, and the policy of free trade for all Powers appears to be admitted as a success

At the same time the British Government is supporting the Russian in its demand that Prince George of Greece shall be nominated Governor of Crete, and the British, Russian and French governments have agreed to guarantee the requisite loan for Greece. It may be hoped, therefore, that the Greek question is now in a fair way of being settled. It would ap pear that an understanding has thus been arrived at between the British and the Russian governments on all serious mat ters.

Unfortunately there is still a dispute pending between ourselves and France with regard to West Africa. It cannot be possible, though, that either government will be mad enough to quarrel upon such a subject. In the Soudan the prepara tions for the advance to Khartoum are being pushed forward That that is the ultimate object was admitted by Lord Salis bury, who went so far as to say that he hoped Khartoum would be in Egyptian possession in the course of a few months.
In India the stringency in the money market is as great as ever, and unfortunately the plague appears to be spreading. According to newspaper telegrams it has broken out in the Nyzam's territory of Hyderabad, in Southern India. On the other hand the famine is at an end, the crops are all excel lent, and the exports are proceeding most favorably.
The news from Australia is good, too. There are now hopes that the wheat harvest will turn out better than was anticipated. At all events, throughout the northern part of New

South Wales there have been favorable rains, though the Southwest and South are still suffering from the drought.
President Kruger has been again re-elected President of the Transvaal. It is asserted by many who profess to be in the President's confidence that he will now make considerable concessions to the mining industry.

Owing to the political anxieties that have lasted so long, there is extremely little business doing upon the Stock Exchange. There is a certain amount of speculation in American securities, but to a very large extent it is professional. There is scarcely any real investment, and indeed the amount of business doing in all departments is exceedingly small. Even in what are considered here the very best securities, investment is not as large as it usually is at this season of the year, while in the more speculative departments there is scarcely anything doing. Practically there is nothing doing in the mining market, and there is very little in the markets that are here called miscellaneous and industrial The same is true of the international market. Argentine securities are commanding some attention, but not a great deal
On the other hand, the home trade continues wonderfully good. Perhaps it never was more active than it is at present. One of tbe largest of our banks, which has over 100 branches in different parts of England, chiefly in the great manufacturing and mining districts of Northern and Midland England, states that never before has there been a better demand for money. And the same intelligence cones from the larger bankers in Scotland.
The Board of Trade returns, however, for January are not more than moderately satisfactory. The value of the exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures for the month was $£ 19,231,404$, a decrease of $£ 554,832$, or a little over $23 / 4$ per cent. The value of the imports was $£ 39,916,491$, an increase of $£ 140,823$, equal to 0.3 per cent. The falling off in the exports is, to a considerable extent, due to a decline in prices. But beyond that there is a falling off in the exports to both the United States and to India.
As regards the imports, the chief feature is a decrease in the raw materials for manufactures, which, however, is probably due to the discouragement that existed a few months ago, owing partly to the engineering strike and partly to the falling off in American and Indian orders. During the last month or six weeks there has been a decided recovery in the cotton trade, and the woolen trade is also much more hopeful.
The collection of the revenue is going on upon the usual very large scale at this time of the year. Money in immense amounts is being transferred from the other banks to the Bank of England. In consequence the Bank has control of the outside market and is doing a large business in loans. This situation will probably continue until about the middle of March. There is a fair demand for gold in the open market, but there is no fear now of withdrawals from the Bank. If it be true that the crisis in the Far East is over and that the British and Russian governments have come to an understanding with regard to Turkey, then it is likely that the Russian demand for gold will fall off. And if a settlement of the West African question is also arrived at probably the revival of confidence will, for a while, bring about very considerable ease all over Europe. At all events it appears that China is not going to borrow at present, and it is inferred that she will not have to pay any further indemnity to Japan. In that case Japan will not be able to take gold unless, of course, she borrows much more largely in London. And there is no inclination at present to send gold into the Bank of England to the credit of the Indian Government.
Meanwhile the stringency in the Indian money market is as great as ever, and is likely, indeed, to grow even greater, as the rice shipments from Burmah are now assuming very large proportions. The India Council on Wednesday offered for tender, as usual, 40 lacs of rupees in bills and telegraphic transfers. It sold rather more than $101 / 2$ lacs in bills at from $1 \mathrm{~s} .313 \cdot 16$ d. to $1 \mathrm{~s} .327-32$ per rupee, and about $2 t^{3} / 4$ lacs in telegraphic transfers at from 1s. 3 15-16d to 1s. 3 31-32d. per rupee, making altogether rather more than $37 \frac{1}{4}$ lacs. Apparently, therefore, the Council for the present is unwilling to take a lower price than 1 s .3 13-16d. per rupee, for the total amount applied for was 72 lacs. In other words, the Council, while offered 72 lacs, sold only about $371 / 4$ lacs, evidently bewhile it was unwilling to take a lower price than 1s. $318-16 \mathrm{~d}$. per rupee.
The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols \&c., compared with the last three vears:

Oirculation
Pablio deposits.
Other deposits
Government securities Other securities
Reserve of notes and ooin
Coin \& bullion, both depart'ts. Prop.reserve tollabilitles.p.o. Bankrate .. .. ... .per cent. Consols, 2\% per cent Bilver
Olearing-House retarns..
$\begin{array}{llll}137,204,000 & 129,209,000 & 123,474,000 & 114,382,000\end{array}$ The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the ohief Continental cities have been as follows:

| Rates of Interest at | Feb. 11. |  | Feb. 4 |  | Jan. 28. |  | Jan. 21. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank Rate. | Open <br> Markeı | Bank Rate | Open Market | Bank <br> Rate. | Open <br> Market | Bank <br> Rate. | Open Marke |
| Parts... | 2 | $13 / 4$ | 2 | 115-16 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Berlin............ | 4 | 25/8 | 4 | 23/6 | 4 | 27/8 | 4 | 31/8 |
| Eamburg .... |  | 21/8 | 4 | 27/8 |  | 3 | 4 | 314 |
| Erankfort. .... |  | 2 15-16 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 31/8 | 4 | $33 / 8$ |
| Amsterdam.... | 3 | 256 | 3 | 23/8 | 3 | 234 | 8 | 234 |
| Brussels....... | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Vienns..... .. | 4 | 33/8 | 4 | 31/2 | 4 | 31/6 | 4 | 316 |
| 3t. Peters burg. | 51/2 | 5 | 51/2 | 5 | 53/6 |  | 6 | 5 |
| Madrld......... | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Oopenhagen... |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Messrs. Pixley \& Abell write as follows under date of Feb. 10
Gold.-The market continues to be cleared by Continental demands, and there is little change to notice in price. There are no movements £28,000; Australia,' £148 000; China, £12,000; Bombay, $£ 71000$ Total. \&439,000. Shipments to Bombay, \&5,000;
Silver.-A slight rise, caused by demand for spot silver, did not last. ${ }_{26} 6_{18} d$. There is little offering to-day, but the market for forward sil $26{ }_{1}{ }^{16}$. There is little offering to-day, but the market for forward sil-
ver is rather weaker. The Bombay price to-day is Rs. $673_{4}$ per 100 ver is rather weaker. The Bombay price to-day is Rs. $673_{4}$ per 100
Tolahs. Arrivals: New York, $£ 80,000$; New Zealand, $£ 3,000 ;$ Chili, $£ 31,000$. Total, $£ 114,000$. Shipments: Hong Kong, Feb. 5, £5,000; Bombay, Feb. 5, £37,500.
Mexican Dollars. A few of these coin have changed hands during the week at 26 d ., but the market is a dull one. Shipments to the

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first twenty-three weeks of the new season compared with previous seasons:


Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on September 1):
$\begin{array}{llccc}\text { Wheat imported. owt. } 27,934,8110 & \text { 181,766,010 } & \text { 1896-7. } & 1895-6 . & 1894-5 . \\ \text { Imports on }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Imports of thour...... } & 9,166,580 & 10,390,450 & 9,523,650 & 8,464,600\end{array}$ Fotal............. 50,402,141 $\frac{12,659,819}{51,816,279} \frac{7,191,180}{46,823,290} \frac{9,935,829}{49,415,795}$ $\begin{array}{lllll} & 1897-8 . & 1896-7 . & 1895-6 . & 1894-5 . \\ \text { Aver.price wheat, week. } 34 \mathrm{~s} . & 10 \mathrm{~d} . & 30 \mathrm{~s} . & 7 \mathrm{~d} . & 26 \mathrm{s.} .4 \mathrm{~d} . \\ \text { Average } & \text { 20s. } 6 \mathrm{~d}\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Aver.price wheat, week.34s. } 10 \mathrm{~d} . & \text { 30s. } & 7 \mathrm{~d} . & 26 \mathrm{~s} . & 4 \mathrm{~d} . & 20 \mathrm{~s} . \\ \text { Average price, season..33s. } & 9 \mathrm{~d} . & 29 \mathrm{~s} . & 5 \mathrm{~d} . & 24 \mathrm{~s} .11 \mathrm{~d} . & 19 \mathrm{~s} . \\ \text { Ad }\end{array}$
The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

|  | This week. | Last week. | $1897 .$ | 1896. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat.........prs. | .2,465,000 | 2,430,000 | 2,410,000 | 2,201,000 |
| Flour, equal to qrs. | 490,000 | 535,000 | 395,000 | 368,0¢0 |
| Maize............ 1 | 730,001, | 665,000 | 860,000 | 803,000 |

English Financial IVIarkets-Per Cable.
The daily closing quotations for securities, etc., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Feb. 25 :




 | Wed. |
| :--- |
| $255_{8}$ |
| $1211_{16}$ |
| $123_{1}$ |
| $37^{1} 1_{8}$ |
| $1255_{8}$ |
| 30 |
| $841_{2}$ |
| 2258 |
| $967_{8}$ |
| $491_{8}$ |
| $141_{3}$ |
| $403_{4}$ |
| $053_{4}$ |
| 96 |
| $571_{2}$ |
| $673_{4}$ |
| 13 |
| 18 |
| 17 |
| $511_{4}$ |
| $241_{8}$ |
| 65 |
| $597_{8}$ |
| $101_{8}$ |
| $241_{2}$ |
| $121_{2}$ |
| $91_{2}$ |
| 31 |
| $321_{4}$ |
| $583_{4}$ |
| 18 |


©ommextialand bxiscenaneous Tew
National Banks. - The following information regarding national banks is from the Treasury Department un liquidation
3,500. - The American Exchange National Bank of Chicago, Illinois has gone into volnntary liquidation by resolution of its stook holders dated Jan. 25, 1898, to take effect Feb. 11, 1898. 3,748.-The Citizens' National Bank of Concordia, Kansas, has gone into Voluntary liquidation by resolution of its stockholders
3,860.-The First National Bank of Grand Junction hone into voluntary liquidation by resolution of its stockholders dated Oct. 30, 1897.
4,835.-The Alexandria National Bank, Alexandria, Indiana, has gone dated January 11, 1898, to take effect January 22,1898 . 2,596.-The State National Bank of Logansport, Indiana 1898 into voluntary liquidation by resolution of its stockholders dated January 1898
IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK,-The following ar the imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods February 17 and for the week ending for general merchandise February 18 also totals since the beginning of the first week In January.

| For voeek. | 1898. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ory goods. 才en'l mer'dise | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,983,570 \\ 4,728,486 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,738,904 \\ 6,682,219 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,811,138 \\ 5,993,310 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,569,178 \\ 7,089,785 \end{array}$ |
| Total $\qquad$ since Jan. 1. | \$6,712,056 | \$9,421,123 | \$8,804,448 |  |
| rry goods, ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 16,785,732 \\ 41,604,957 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 17,603,647 \\ 47,808,732 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 22,334,306 \\ 46,736,406 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 24,985,608 \\ 43,604,368 \end{array}$ |
| Eotal 7 Weaks.. | \$58,390,689 | \$65,412,379 | \$69,070,712 | \$68,5 |

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending February 21 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEA.

|  | 1898. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the week. Prev. reported | \$8,344,180 | \$8,030,334 | \$8,100,353 | \$5,826,372 |
|  | 53,835,565 | 46,652,421 | 46,322,182 | 41,343,967 |
|  | 1\$62,179,745 | \$54,68?,755 | \$54,422,535 | \$47,170.339 |

The following table shows the exports and imports of pecie at the port of New York for the week ending Febru pry 19 and since January 1, 1898, and for the corresponding
periods in 1897 and 1896 .

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

| Gold | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan.1. | Week. | SinceJan. 1 |
| Great Britain....... |  | $\$ 200$ |  | 99 |
| France................ |  |  | \$60,795 | 3,050,167 |
| West Indies .......... | \$57,000 | 3,344,805 | 17,197 | 106,595 |
| Mexico .............. |  |  | 4,431 | 10,337 |
| South America..... |  | 16,470 | 19,817 | 133,915 |
| Total 1898. | \$57,000 | \$3,361,475 | 02,752 |  |
| Total 1897....... | 71,545 | +3,331,476 | \$102,752 | +3,937,838 |
| -Total 1896....... | 8,250 | 11,880,985 | 3,699,927 | 16,286,207 |
| Silver. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
|  | Week. | Since Jan.1. | Week. | SinceJan. 1 |
| Great Britain....... | \$806,192 | \$5,879,838 |  | \$548 |
| France................ |  | 286,000 |  | 22,081 |
| West Indies............ |  | 116,988 | \$1,443 | 53,141 |
| Mexico ............. | 14,159 | 14,159 | 20,910 | 175,906 |
| South America..... |  | 44,050 | 63,208 | 175,706 |
|  |  |  |  | 14,165 |
| Total 1898.....- | \$820,351 | \$6,341,035 | \$85,561 | \$441,667 |
| Total 1897...... | 1,052,210 | 5,848,144 | 20,769 | 316,327 |
| Total 1896....... | 1,099,045 | 7,196,926 | 44,185 | 322,101 |

Of the above imports for the week in $1898 \$ 9,390$ were A merican gold coin and $\$ 566$ American silver coin.

Breadstuffs Figures Brought From page 434.-Th statements below are prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Feb. 19, and since Aug 1, for each of the last three years, have been as follows: Receipts at- Flour. Chicag Milwaukee Duluth. Toledo Detroit Cleveland. St. Louls Peoria. Kansas City Tot.wk.'98 Same wk.'97 Since Aus. 1 Since Aub 1897-98.
1896-97. 1895-96..

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Feb. 19, 1898, follows:

|  | ${ }_{\text {Flour, }}^{\text {Fbis. }}$ |  |  | Oats, bushi. | Barley. | $\xrightarrow{\text { Ruse, }}$ bush. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York..... | 1, 10.638 | ${ }^{2268025}$ |  | 555.800 | 55,575 | 25325 |
| Moston..... | 37,963 | ${ }_{19.790}$ |  |  | 2,2725 | 7,:85 |
| Philadelphi | C2,113 | 61.195 | 1,112,431 | 451:845 | 5,600 |  |
| Baltimore ........... | 75.402 | 598.035 | 1,115.1188 | 179,833 |  | 177,080 |
| Richmon | 4,156 | ${ }_{74}^{15.3150}$ |  | 11,387 |  |  |
| New orreans*...... | 129,000 |  | 486, | 142,220 |  | 33,000 |
| Nortolk. |  | ........ |  |  |  |  |
| Mo | 4,286 | 94,050 | $1{ }^{136}$ | 6,300 |  | 4,000 |
| Charlestor | 288 |  | 50,000 |  |  |  |
| Portland. Me | 7,095 10,767 | $\begin{array}{r} 117,009 \\ 60,455 \end{array}$ | 42,500 | $\begin{gathered} 87,9 \mathrm{8ig} \\ 137,553 \end{gathered}$ | 27,995 | 8,1:7 |
| Total week..... Weet 1897 | $\begin{aligned} & 492, \overline{277} \\ & 324,788 \end{aligned}$ | $\xrightarrow{4.43,155} 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,14,922 \\ & 5,843,969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164,043 \\ & \hline, 342,357 \end{aligned}$ |  | $296,502$ | ports on through bills ofladive gris.

Total receipts at ports from Jan, 1 to Feb. 19 compare as follows for four years:


Total grain.... "" $56,315,891 \quad 41,221,792 \quad 18,967,840 \quad 9,345,214$ ending Feb. 19, 1898, are shown in the annexed statement:


 Galveston.
Cbarleston Cbarleston

 The destination of these exports for the week and since September 1, 1897, is as below
 Sitept. 1 Ring
Contom
Continent....... Sontinant.e.io.:
West inders. Brit. N. A. Co1's.
Other c cuntries..
$\qquad$
Total 1888-7

## ${ }_{269,817}^{434,784} \begin{array}{ll}7.542,929 \\ 6.2<4,017\end{array}$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\begin{array}{r}1,300 \\ 564,035 \\ \hline\end{array}$
The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and geaboard ports, Feb. 19, 1898, was as follows:


Bank Stock List-Latest prices. * Not Listed.

| BANKS. | Bid. | Ask. | BANKS. | Bid. | Ask. | BANKS. | Bid. | Ask. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ameri | 350 |  |  | 750 |  |  |  |  |
| Am. Exch... | 225 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { German Am. } \\ & \text { German } \mathbf{E x} . * \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11250 \end{aligned}$ |  | Ninth. <br> 19th Ward.. |  |  |
| Bowery*..... | 300 | 325 | Germania... | 325 |  | N. America. | 13 |  |
| Broadway |  |  | Greenwioh... | 165 |  | Oriental..... Pacific ..... |  |  |
| Oentral... | 160 |  | Hide \& L.* ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Park |  |  |
| Ohase. | 400 |  | Hud. River.. |  | 525 | People |  |  |
| Chatham | 280 | 295 | Irving........ |  |  | Plaza*. |  |  |
| Chem | $8{ }^{10}$ |  | Leather Mfs' |  |  | Prod.Ex.*... | 115 |  |
| Oitizens' |  |  | Liberty ${ }^{+}$. . . |  |  | Republic.... | 174 |  |
| Oolumbia. | 150 | 210 | Lincoln...... |  | 230 | Secor |  |  |
| Commerce... Continental. | 127 | 210 | Market\& Fui | 225 | 240 | Seventh | 108 | 120 |
| Corn Exch... |  |  | Mechanios'--, |  |  | Shoe \& Le'th | $2^{1}$ |  |
| East River |  |  |  |  | $110{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| 11 th Ward |  |  | Merchant |  |  | Tradesm'ı's. | i10 |  |
| $\mathrm{Frith}^{*}$. |  |  | Merch't. Ex. |  |  | 12th, Ward* |  |  |
| First. |  |  | Metropol's... |  |  | Union |  |  |
| First N., S. I. |  |  | Mt. Morris.. |  |  | Un'd States. |  |  |
| 14th Street.- |  | $\begin{aligned} & 160 \\ & 187 \end{aligned}$ | N. Ams ${ }^{\text {dam. }}$. | 245 |  | Yorkville | 175 |  |
|  | 300 |  | New York | 235 |  | Wester | 40 | 60 |
| sevo |  |  | N. Y. Co'nty | 800 |  | West |  | ...... |

## Miscellaneous Bonds:

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: | Miscellaneous Bonds.

Jeft. \& Clear. C. © I. 1st $\mathrm{g} . \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{s}} \mathrm{s}$
 Metropol. Tel. \& Tel. 1 st $58 .$.
Mich.-P Ponn. Car 1st $5 \mathrm{~s} . . .$. Mutual Union Teleg. $68, \mathrm{~g}$.:
Nat. Starch Mfg. 1 st 6 . 106 b.


 Non-conv. deb. 5s............ ...... $\begin{gathered}\text { Western Untern Teleg. } \\ \text { Was coll. tr. } 58 . \ldots . . \mid+1031_{2} b\end{gathered}$

City Railroad Securities.-Brokers' Quotations


New York City, Boston and Philadelphia Banks.-Below we furnish a summary of the weekly returns of the Clearing House banks of New York City, Boston and Philadelphia The New York figures do not include results for the non member banks, which will be found separately reported on the third page following.


Auction Sales.-Among other securities the following, not regularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Son

Shares.
8 Nat. Bank of Commerce. 206
10 Bank of N. Y., N. B. A... 2361 10 Bank of N. Y., N. B. A... $236{ }^{1}$ 100 Leavy \& Britt' n Brew. $\mathbf{C o} .110$ 10 Real Estate Exchange \& 10 Lauct. Room, Limited... 76 2 Law yers' Mort. Ins. Co.. 102 100 Fifth Ave. Trust Co.i... ${ }^{37}$
 $\qquad$
TBankixuy and gfinaxucial
Spencer Trask \& Co.,

## BANKERS

## EEE,

65 state Street, Albany.
NEW YORK.
NVESTMENT SECURITIES.

## George barclay Moffat. Alexander m. White, J <br> MOFFAT \& WHJTE, BANKERS,

No. 1 NASSAU STREETE,
NEW YORK.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

## Tiantkers＇（Ga夫夫tte．

WALL STREET，FRIDAY，FEB．25，1898－5P．M．
The Money Market and Financial Situation．－The Cuban situation has overshadorred all other influences in its effect upon business in Wall Street this week．There has been no official information given out which would warrant a change in public sentiment，but the feeling seemed to gain ground that the disaster to the Maine did not occur without an out－ side agency，and a report on the investigation now being made in Havana harbor is looked for with deep interest． The uncertainty of the present situation has resulted in a decline of prices，and weakly－margined stocks have been dis lodged in considerable amount．The bear element has taken advantage of the opportunity，and it is reported that the short interest has considerably increased within a few days． Conservative capitalists and investors are apparently undis－ turced．Sales of high－grade railway bonds have been on a smaller scale than usual．The better class of stocks，so far as they have changed ownership，have passed into stronger hands．Moreover，there has been some buying for foreign account on the low quotations of the week．The foreign ex－ change market is easy and lower．The money market is firmer， partly on account of the stock market conditions．
The open market rates for call loans on the Stock Ex－ ohange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from $11 / 2$ to 4 per cent．To－day＇s rates on call were 2 to 3 per cent．Prime commercial paper is quoted at $31 / 2$ to 4 per cent．
The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed an increase in bullion of $£ 543,351$ and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was $44 \cdot 10$ ，against $45 \cdot 67$ last week；the discount rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent．The Bank of France shows an increase of $1,935,000$ francs in gold and $4,825,000$ francs in silver．
The New York City Clearing－House banks in their state－ ment of February 19 showed a decrease in the reserve held of $\$ 6,779,400$ and a surplus over the required reserve of $\$ 25,688,450$ ，against $\$ 32,437,050$ the previous week．


The Clearing－House，on Oct．30，1897，also began issuing weekly returns showing the condition of the non－member banks which clear through the Clearing－House institutions． The statement in full for the latest week will be found on the second page following．

Foreign Exchange．－There is little change to note in＂the market for foreign exchange．It was firm during the early part of the week，growing easier towards the close on a more liberal supply of bankers＇bills．
To－day＇s actual rates of exchange were as follows：Bank－ ers＇sixty days＇sterling， $4811 / 2 @ 482$ ；demand， $484 @$ $4841 / 2$ ；cables， $4841 / 4 @ 4843 / 4$ ；prime commercial，sixty days， $481 @ 4811 / 2$ ；documentary commercial，sixty days， $481 @$ $4813 / 4$ ；grain， $4811 / 2$ ；cotton for payment， 481 ；cotton for acceptance， $4811 / 2$.
Posted rates of leading bankers follow：

| February 25. | Sixty days． | Demand． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers＇sterling bills on London． | 483 ¢ $4831_{2}$ | $485{ }^{1} \bigcirc 10486$ |
| Prime commercial |  |  |
| Paris bankers＇（franos）${ }^{\text {Pat．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．}}$ |  |  |
| Amsterdam（guilders）bankers．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 40 ¢ $0401{ }_{16}$ |  |
| Frankfort or Bremen（reichmarks）b＇kers | $94^{3} 8$ ®9412 | $94^{3} 4094^{7} 8$ |

count，selling $1-16$ premium；New Orleans，bank，par， commercial $\$ 100$ discount；Chicago， 50 c ．per $\$ 1,000$ dis－ count；St．Louis，2．c．＠15c．discount．
United States Bonds．－Sales of Government bonds at the Board include $\$ 67,5004 \mathrm{~s}$ ，coup．，1925，at $1241 / 4$ to $1271 / 2 ; \$ 20,030$ 4 s, reg．， 1925 ，at $1261 / 2$ to $127 ; \$ 13,0904 \mathrm{~s}$ ，coup．， 1907 ，at 113 ； $4 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{rem.}$,4 s ，reg．， 1907 ，at $111 \%$ ，and $\$ 6,0005 \mathrm{~s}$ ，coup．，at $1131 /$ ． The following are the closing quotations：

＋This is the price bid at the morning board no sate was made．
United States Sub－Treasury，－The following table shows the daily recsipts and payments at the Sub－Treasury ：

| Date． | Receipts． | Payments． | Balances． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ooin． | Coin Oerl＇s． | Ourrency |
| Feb． 19 | $2, \$ 88,333$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 3,49,794 \end{gathered}$ | $147, \$ 72,419$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 1,448,202 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{41,914,482}{\$}$ |
| ＂． 21 | 3，295，342 | 2，939，447 | 147，400，840 |  |  |
|  | 5，004， 966 | 2，656，332 | $147,518,246$ |  |  |
| ＂ 24 | $3,590,610$ $3,534,033$ | $4,274,169$ $3,360,335$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 147,417,149 \\ 147,257,475 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,339,623 \\ 1,476,258 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,999,201 \\ & 44,195,938 \end{aligned}$ |
| ta | 18，253，184 | 16，650，0 |  |  |  |

Coins．－Following are the current quotations in gold for coins：
Sovereigns．．．
Napoleons．． ${ }_{25}$ X Pesetas． 25 Pesetas． Span．Doubloons． 1 Fine gold bars． $\$ 484$
384
474
478
1550
1550
par
 Fine Silver bars Five francs． Mexican dollars． Peruvian sols． U．S．trade dollars -65
 Board and Rairoad Bonds．Sund．debt 2.3 s of 1991 at $70^{3} /$ to $71 \frac{1}{4}, \$ 3,100$ North Carolina $6 \mathrm{~s}, 1919$ ，at 128 ，and $\$ 1,0 \mathrm{c}$ Tennessee settlement 3s at 90 ．The railway bond market reflects the uncertain feeling which exists among investors as to the possibilities of the near fu－ among mos been no puridation of thi tire．There has class of securities as a whole，but prices have declined an average of about 3 points for speculative issuies，which have been the active features of the market．The volume of business at the Exchange has been confined within a narrow range，and averaged a little over $\$ 4,000,000$ per day，par value until to－day，when the sales amounted to only $\$ 3,023,000$ ． The new Union Pacific 4 s and Atchison adjustment 4 s have been conspicuous for activity，transactions in them aggre－ gating a large amount．Special activity is also noted in a chison crene 4s Chesapeake \＆Ohio，Rock Island，Erie Metropolitan Street Railway，Missouri Kansas \＆Texas， Northern Pacific，Oregon Improvement，Oregon Short Line， San Antonio \＆Aransas Pass，Texas \＆Pacific，Union Pacific，U．P．Denver \＆Gulf，Wabash and Wisconsin Cen－ tral issues．
Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks．－There was almost no exception to the steadily downward movement of prices in the stock market this week until to－day，when there was a rally and the close was an average of about one point higher than last night．Transacticns at the Ex－ change amounted to 734,100 shares on Thursday and averaged 576，780 per day．As might be expected under the circum－ stances the decline，but the best class of investment issues，including Pennsylvania，New York Central，Lake Shore，Michigan Central and Pullman Palace Car，lost from 3 to 8 points． The active list，as a whole，shows a decline considerably in excess of the average loss in the stocks mentioned．

The effect of recent developments upon the stock market can be readily seen by reference to the following table，which shows the highest prices since January 1st，the closing last week and the closing to－day of some of the more active stocks．

| stocks． | Highest． | Clos．last Friday． | Closing to day． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York Central． | $119{ }^{3} 4$ B6CE | 11638 | 11234 |
| Lake Shore．． | $1943_{4}$ uin |  | $192{ }^{1}$ |
| Michigan Cen | 11478 | $1101_{2}$ | 106 |
| North West | $130{ }^{1}{ }^{3}$ | $126{ }^{1} 2$ | 12158 |
| St．Paul． | 974 | 9538 | 92 发 |
| Burlington \＆Quiney | 10314 | $100{ }^{18}$ | 944 |
| Rock Island． | 9418 | 9118 | 858 |
| Missouri Pacific | $35{ }^{5}$ | $32{ }^{1} 4$ | 2658 |
| Illinois Central． | 10878 | $1041_{2}$ | $1011_{4}$ |
| Pennsylvania． | 12058 | $117{ }^{1} 2$ | 11414 |
| Reading 1st prefer | $54{ }^{18}$ | $49{ }^{12}$ | $43{ }^{5}$ |
| Northern Pacific preferr | 69 | ${ }^{6478}$ |  |
| Union Pacitio preferred | $63{ }^{3} 8$ | 5988 | $541_{2}$ |
| Louisvillo \＆Nashville． | $60{ }^{1}$ | 5818 | 543 |
| Manhattan Elevated． | $1201_{4}$ | $1143 /$ | 103 |
| Metropolitan Street Ry． | $1711_{2}$ |  |  |
| American Sugar ．．．．．．．．．． |  | $132^{1} 2$ | $123{ }^{1 / 2}$ |
| Pullman Palace Car． | 18934 | 184 | 179 |

## NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANOE-ACTIVE STOCKS for week ending FEB. 25, and since JAN. 1, 1898.



综 For Inactive stocks see following age.

Unon Pacific Ry-
street................. 100
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continaed)-INACTIVE STOCKS.


No price Friday latest price thils week. $\ddagger$ Actual sales.
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.-STATE BONDS FEBRUARY 25.

| SECURITIES. | Bid. | sk. | SECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. | SECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| to 5...1906 | 10 |  | Missouri-Fund......... 1894-1895 |  |  | Tennessee-68, old.....1892-1898 |  |  |
| Olass B, 5s................... 1906 | 107 |  | North Carolina-6s, old........J8J |  |  | Do New series.... 1914 |  |  |
| Class O, 4s................. 1920 | 95 |  | New bonds, J\&J.......i8923-1898 |  |  | Compromise, <br> New settlement 3 3-5-6......... 1912 <br> 1913 | 90 | 93 |
| Arkansas-68,fund̈,Hol.1899-1900 |  |  | Chatham Rr ${ }^{\text {Special tax, class }}$ I................... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non Holford. |  |  |  | 103 |  | D0 4128............. 1913 |  |  |
| 78, Arkansas, centrat.......1914 |  |  | 6s......................... 1919 | 125 |  | Penitentiary 4 428......... 19131 |  |  |
| Stamped 4s... |  |  | South Carolina-íles, 20-40..1933 6s. non-find. $\qquad$ | 103 |  | Virgideferred t'st res'ts, stamped. | 4 | 6 |

New York City Clearing Honse Banks.-Statement of con dition for the week ending February 19, based on averages of daily results. We omit two ciphers ( 00 ) in all cases.

| Banks. (00s omitted.) | Oapital | Surpl's | Loans. | Specie. | Legals. | Deposits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |
| Manhattan |  |  |  |  | 2,522 | 16,492,0 |
| Merchants' | 2,0 | $2,087,6$ | 12,72 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{2}, 454,0$ | 1,267,0 |  |
| Mechanics | 1,500,0 | 2,597,2 | 20,719.4 | 3,247,9 | 3,030,7 | 24.317,0 |
| Phenix | 1,000,0 |  |  | 352 |  |  |
| City | 1,000,0 | 3,745 | 71,220,7 |  | 723,7 | 88,416,5 |
| Tradesme | 300,0 | 7,45 | 23,746,5 | 5,456,5 | 4,120,4 | 25,959,0 |
| Chemical- | 600,0 | 180,9 | 5,006,9 |  | 607,2 | 5.828,2 |
| Gallatin.. | 1,000,0 | 1,653,9 | $7,209,8$ | 943,6 | 1,409,9 | 6,638,9 |
| Butchers' ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 300,0 | 169,3 | 1,080, | 282,0 | 273, 0 | 2,215,0 |
| Mechanics'\& |  | 163 | 2,036,0 | 112,3 | 265,3 | 2,944,0 |
| Leather Man | 600 | 489, | 3,337,4 | 358,1 | 517,5 | 3,093,8 |
| Geventh | 300,0 |  | 3,668,7 | 321,4 | 293,0 | $2,28,2$ 2,736 |
| State of New Yor | 1,200,0 | 2 495 | -3,668,7 | 2,08 | 6,051,0 | 23,010,0 |
| American Exchange |  | 2,480,8 | $25,115,4$ | 2,668 | 3,886.3 | 21,744,8 |
| mme | 1,000,0 | 1,634,2 | 6,309,4 | 1,094 |  |  |
| Mercan | 1,000,0 | 1,030,0 |  | 1,053 |  | 11,988, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| aritic | 1,500,0 | 858,2 | 17,873,7 | 3,50 | 2,073,2 | 20.918 .2 |
| Chatha | 1,450,0 | 988,0 | 6,220,8 |  | 1,014,0 |  |
| People's | 200,0 | 2508 | $\begin{array}{r}1,734,0 \\ 12 \\ \hline 889\end{array}$ |  | 98 | 15,309,0 |
| North An |  | 2,19 | 28,18 | 5,720 | 4,20 | 36,049,9 |
|  | 500,0 | 35 | 3,151,0 | 305 | 76 |  |
| Citize | 600,0 | 407 | 2,525,7 | 409 | 30 |  |
| as | 500,0 900,0 | 1,021,1 | 5,323,4 | 709,0 | ,05 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { arket } \& \\ & \text { hue \& } \end{aligned}$ | 1,000,0 | 159,5 | 3,987,6 |  | 47 | 432,0 |
| Corn Exrh | 1,000,0 | 1,314,0 | 9,351,7 | 1,727,4 | 945,0 |  |
| Continen | 1,000,0 | 204 |  | 979,0 |  |  |
| Oriental |  |  | 25,217,0 | 4,856,0 | 2,933,0 | 27,160,0 |
| nporte | 2,000,0 | 5,265, 7 | 39,902,8 | 10,197,4 | 2, 30, | 51,223,6 |
| East Ri | 250,0 | 145,4 | 1,326,6 | 175 |  |  |
| Fonrth | 3,200,0 | 2,056,7 | 23,99 |  | 7 |  |
| Central |  |  | 9, | $2 \cdot 950$ | 2,94.0 | 6,314,0 |
|  | 750,0 | 282,4 | 3.499,0 | 560, 6 | 409,8 | 3,848,0 |
| First | 500 | '7,012,9 | 29,090.5 | 4,441 | 5,525.5 | 31,668,6 |
| N. Y. Nat'l Exch'ge. | 300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bowery............ |  |  |  |  | 393,6 | 3,948,0 |
| New York imerican.: | 750,0 | 28 | 2,836,5 | 26 | 434,4 | $2.699,5$ |
| Chase | 1,000,0 | 1,0 | 24,396,8 | 6,411 | 4,730 | 32,891, ${ }^{3,7}$ |
| A | 100,0 | 1, 57 | 8,422, | 1,184,3 | 578, | 3,135,4 |
|  | 200,0 | 711,4 | 3,652.0 | 363,9 | 58 |  |
| Lincoln | 300,0 | 646,1 | 6,478,9 | 1,018 |  |  |
| Garfield |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 816,8 | 5.0 | 1,043,0 | 1,146,8 | 6,725,2 |
| West | 200,0 | 341,1 | 2,332,0 | 249.0 | 4 |  |
| Seabo | 500 | 324 | 9,592 | 1,597.0 | 1,60 | $11.972,0$ |
| Bixth |  |  |  | 2,960, | 5,385 |  |
|  | 100,0 | 957,5 | 5,284, | 557,5 | 1,105.6 | \%,646,0 |
| Nat. Union Ban | 1,200,0 | 786,6 | 11,944, | 2,966,6 |  | $13,326,7$ $3,237.6$ |
| Y. ${ }^{\text {Prty }}$ |  |  | 3,983.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 306,2 \\ & 585.2 \end{aligned}$ | 359,2 | 3,595,0 |
| Bik.of N.Amsterdam | 1,000 | 317 | 2,807,4 | 669,0 | 265,1 | 35,0 |
|  | 690\%2 : | 274.2712 | 646915 2 | 1188838 | 93.494 .8 | $3 \times .5$ |

Reports of Non-Member Banks.-The Clearing-House now
also publishes returns for non-member banks. Statement of also publishes returns for non-member
averages for week ending Feb. 19, 1897, is as follows:

| BANKS. <br> (00s omitted.) | Capi- | Sur- | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Loonses } \\ \text { Invest } \\ \text { ments. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Specie. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Legal } \\ \text { Tenar } \\ \& \quad{ }^{\prime}+r \\ \text { Notes. } \end{gathered}$ | Deposit.with |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Not } \\ \text { posits. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clear- } \\ & \text { ing } \\ & \text { Hause } \\ & \text { Aqent. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Bkg } \\ & \text { Trist } \\ & \text { onses. } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Astor Nat Astor Placal | 300, | $3 \overline{5} \overline{5}, \underline{6}$ | 2,450,4 |  |  |  | 160,0 |  |
| Colonial. | 100,0 |  | 1,878,0 | 131 | 104,0 | 156,0 | 27\%7 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Cle }}$ Columbia ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  |  |  | ${ }_{67,0}$ | 84, | 245'2 |  |  |
| Fourteenth S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franklin N |  |  | 470, ${ }_{6}$ | 100, | 52 | , | 5,5 |  |
| Hamilton. |  |  | 1,299 | 49,1 | 70 |  |  |  |
| Hide \& Lea |  | 144,6 | 1,970, | 91,3 | 60,0 | 13 | 31,2 |  |
| Home... |  | 18 | 1,083,0 | 43,0 | 74.0 10 10 | ${ }^{2159,0}$ |  |  |
| Mount |  |  |  | ${ }_{26,4}$ | 191,2 | 194, |  |  |
| Mutual... | 10 |  | 61 | 32,4 | 148,0 | 110, | 36,0 |  |
| Plaza. |  | 10 | 1,032 | 11, 7 | 43,8 | 36,4 |  | 1,2 |
| Riverside |  |  | 45 | 18,3 | 年这, |  |  |  |
| State. |  |  | 1,071,5 | 20,9 | 110, | 180, 4 |  |  |
| Twenty-th |  | 42 | 671,5 | 37 | 239,7 | ${ }_{125}^{65}$ | 91,8 |  |
| Union squ | 100 | 114, | 1,211,9 | 94, 3 | 67,0 | 113,4 |  | 1,208,6 |
| Broos Bedford... |  |  | 94 | , ${ }^{3}$ | 122, ${ }^{41}$ | 116,2 | 85,0 |  |
| Bradway |  | 165,3 | ${ }_{1,03}^{1,26}$ | , | 79,0 | 447,8 | ,2 |  |
| Brooklyn. | 100.0 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | , | 10,9 | 18,0 | 40,1 | 1,0 | 211,5 |
| F |  | 181,9 | 450 | 59,1 | 38,6 | 81,6 | 33,1 |  |
| g county |  |  |  | 431,4 | 29,7 | ${ }^{112,3}$ |  |  |
| Mantact'r |  | 39 | 2, $2,43,6$ | 102,0 | 139,4 | 148,6 |  | 2,3 |
| Meoh's ${ }^{\text {M }}$ - Tra |  |  | ${ }^{8} 871.7$ | 50, ${ }^{521}$ | ${ }_{212,0}^{42}$ | 83,6 | $\xrightarrow{26,6}$ | 875,0 |
| Nassau Na |  | ${ }^{5814,4}$ | 2,312,0 | ป1,0 | 342,0 | 3H5,0 | 56,0 | 2,709,0 |
| National side |  |  | 643,8 792,9 | ${ }_{42,3}^{11,6}$ | $2{ }^{6}$ | 197, ${ }_{48,5}$ | ${ }^{539,9}$ | 1,277,9 |
|  | 100 | 117,6 | 1,73 | 62, | 107,6 | 286,3. | 122,1 | 2, 126,4 |
| , |  |  | ${ }^{45}$ | 38. | 14,2 | 77,6 |  | 3451, |
| S |  | 220 | 1,03 | 88 | 12 | 815,0 | 10,5 | 1,030, 0 |
| Twenty-91xth | 10 |  |  | 10 | 14 |  | 2,2 | 199,0 |
| Wallabout | 100 | 31,5 | 483,9 | 13,1 | 34,5 | 71,1 | 4 | 0,1 |
| OTher Crities | 400,0 |  | 3,765,0 | 138,0 | 168,7 |  | 833,8 |  |
| Had. Co. Nat. J. |  |  | 1,456,3 |  |  |  |  | 1,481,6 |
| at, |  | 16 | 7 7 727, |  | 71, 21.5 |  | ${ }_{223,5}^{223,5}$ | 1,522,68 |
| Nat., H | 125.0 |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 63. | 203, 0 |  |
| Bank of Staten Isi. | 12 | 42,6 71,6 |  | 14,9 19,4 | 15.3 20,0 | 18,3 |  | 455,2 516,8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



 simmariesor the weelky returns ot the banks in New

## BUSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.



THE OHRONIOLE.

# NEW YORE STUCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued)-ACTIVE BONDS FEB. :JJ AND FOR YEAR 1898; 

RAILBOAD ASD
MISCELLANEOUS BOMDS.
Amor. Ootton Oil, deb.,8g. 1900 Ann Arbor. $-1 \mathrm{st}, 48, \mathrm{~g} \ldots 1995$
 Broomlyn Elev. 1st, 6 g .
Union Elevated. 6 g . Bklyn Rap. Trans., 5 g .
 Oent. of Cons., 5s, $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{j}}$........... 1945 Consol., 78...............1902 ${ }^{\text {Maneral mortgage, }}$
 Am. Dook \& Imp,5s.... Ches, \& Ohlo.-Sorr. A, 6 g. Mortgage, 6, $1 . .$.
 Onic. Burl. \& $2 \mathrm{Q}^{2}$ con. 4 Cl . Dobentare, 5s. Denver Diviston 4
 Oonsol. 6 g . Gengral 00nsol.. 1 st $5 s$.
Ohicazo \& Erie. 1 st, 5 g.
Ohic. Gas L. \& $0 .-18 t, 5 \mathrm{~g}$. Oh. Ind. \& L. -Ref., g., 5 ${ }_{18 t}^{18 t, ~} 80$ outhwestDiv. 68.1905 J 1st,0n.\&P.a. Div., 68. Whic. \& MO. Riv. Div.,5s.. Gen. M., $4 \mathrm{~g}_{\text {, }}$ series A . Ohic. \& N. W. - Oon 3ol., 78. Boxpon, gold, 7s.
Binsing fund. 6 s
 Extension, 25 -5ture, $58 . .1909$

 Oanc. Bt. P, M. \& O - $-83 \ldots 1930$ J \&

 Ool. \& 9 th Avo gu. 5 Goneral, 6g ...-C.......... 1st consol, 4 g . Dal. 刃o, Sh, \& Atl- $5 \mathrm{~g} .$.
Evison El. III.-1st,
 Erie Ry,-18t, ©on., 7 g .1929 M Ft. W. \& Dzi, Oity. Gon, Elestrio, deb. $5 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{Q}$ IIInols Oentral. Western Lines, 1 st, 4 s $2 \overline{2}, 42 \mathrm{a}-5 \mathrm{~s}$.
ows dentrai.-ielt. $5 . . .1909 \mathrm{M}$ Kan.O.P.\&G.-1st \& ooi.g. $5 \mathrm{~s}^{2} 23$ J \&
 arse Erie \& West. 5 . Shore. - Don, op., 18t, Gola, ala, L28................ 19037 J Lex. Av. \&Pav. Figu. 58 g. 19931 A Gor scal mortgage, 48..1931
 General, 6g.......e....... $1930 \mathrm{~J}^{\mathrm{J}}$ J


NEETYORE STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES-(Continued?-INACTIVE BONDS—FEB, 25.

| sevurities. | Bia | Ask | SEOURITIES. | Bid. | A8 | geourities. | Bid. | As.l. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Batt. \& Ohio-1st, 6s, Paris B. $1919 \times$ | 118 | 11812 | Ohio \& M. -2 d consol. 7s... 1911 |  |  |
| Railroad Bonds. |  |  | 5s, gold .................... 1925 |  | $93 *$ | Springfield Div. 1st 7s........ 1905 General 5s..................... 1932 | ${ }^{10612}$ | 718 |
| (Stock Exchange Prices.) |  |  | W Va. \& Pitte. - ist, g., 5 s .11990 |  |  | Brooklyn Elevaied-2ä, 5s... 1918 |  |  |
| labama Mid.-1st, g., guar.. 1928 |  |  |  |  |  | Seaside \& B. B. -1st,g,5s,gu. $1: 342$ Branswia |  |  |
| toh. Topeka \& San E'ran.\&quip. trust, ser. A, 5 s , g.. 1902 |  |  | Cent'l Ohio Reo - -18t, 4 128. 1930 <br> Col. Cin. \& Mid.-1st, $4^{11} \mathbf{2}_{2}$.. 1939 | 99 |  | Branswlak \& W'n-18t, g., 48.1938 Buff.R.\& Pitts.-R.\& P.1st,6s. 1921 | 2 |  |
| Onloago \& St. Lou. - 1st, 6 s .1915 |  |  | Ak. \&Ch. Juno. $-1 \mathrm{st}, \mathrm{g}, 5 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{gu} .193 \mathrm{~B}$ |  |  | Roch \& Pltts.-Cons.1st,6s.1922 |  |  |
| Atian.Ave.,Bkiyn-Imp.g.5s. 1934 <br> Atlan, \& Danv.-1st, Q. 58.1150 | *95 | $100{ }^{-}$ | B. \& O S. W., 1st, g., $4188 \ldots 1990$ |  | 103 | Olear. \& Mah, -1st,gu.,g.,5s. 1943 <br> Bufti. \& Susameh -18t, 5s, g. 191: |  |  |

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.-INACTIVE BONDS-(Continued)-FEB. 25.


## Gurestment

## hailroad gntelligence.

## RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the
gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The peturns of the street railways are brought together separstely on a subsequent page.

| ROADs. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor M | Mo 1897-9 | 1896-97. | 8. | 896 |
| Adirondack.... | .-. December | $23,343$ |  | $07,9$ |  |
| Ala. Gt. Sout Ala. Midland | 2d wk |  | 7 | $4{ }^{4}$ |  |
| Ala. N. O.Tex. \& | \% ${ }_{\text {d }}$ December ${ }^{\text {Pao. Junc }}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | E. Jan |  |  |  |  |
| iks. Sh. \& $P$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allegheny |  | 212,760 | 177,398 | 212,760 |  |
| Ann Arbor | 3 d |  | 4 21,963 |  |  |
| Atoh.T. \& B.F |  | 2,860 | 2,463,930 | 2,860,448 | 2,46 |
| Atlanta \& Ch | r. Novemb' | 148 | 163,724 | 1,515,568 | 8 1,447 |
| Atl. Knox. \& | January | 25. | 19,010 | 25,020 | 19 |
| Atlanta \& $W$ | Decemb |  | 52,214 | - 566,167 |  |
| Austi | December | 17,9 | 27,651 |  |  |
| Balt. \& Ohi | January | 2,017,8 | 1,950,844 | 2,017,851 | 1,950 |
| Bata ${ }^{\text {a }}$, Sou | 3d wk Feb | 129,461 | 1 117,246 | 884,434 | 826 |
| Bath \& Ham'n | December | ${ }_{1}^{4}, 094$ | 4,101 <br> 1559 |  | 38,675 |
| Brunsw'k\&W | Decem |  |  | 580,606 |  |
| Buffr.Roch.\&P | 3d wk Fe | 60,783 | - 58,933 | ${ }_{463,540}^{580,606}$ | -601,125 |
| Baifalo \& sus |  | 40,466 |  |  |  |
| OanadianPacific | de 3 d wk Feb |  |  |  | 461,459 |
| Oar. Midland. | Janu |  | 5,119 | 2,784 | 2,277,924 |
| Oent | 2 wk F | 7,649 | 124,809 | 744,435 |  |
| Oentral of N. J. | - December. |  |  | 13,212,772 |  |
| Oentral Pacif | - December | 1,141,951 | 94.5,612 | 14,173,6 |  |
| Char. \& W. Oa | December- | 72, | 48,433 | 600,2 | 556,589 |
| Ones. \& Ohio |  | 225 | 193 | 612 | 1,500,030 |
| , |  |  | 955, |  |  |
| Ohic. \& Ez | 3d wh Feb. |  |  |  |  |
| hlo. Ind | 3d wk F | . 102,39 | 102,546 |  |  |
| Ohic.Mil. \&St. | 3d whFeb. | 573 | 52 | 4 | 78 |
| Onic. \& ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  | 2,561,557 | 2,096,136 | 2,561,557 | 2,096,136 |
|  | Ja | 76,000 | 1,0 63,861 | 76,000 |  |
| 1e.st. | Decembe | 727,344 | $1,020,807$ 659,953 | , 38 |  |
| Ohio.T | 2d wk Feb. | . 22,619 | 19,366 | 135,010 |  |
| 10. © W. Mrioh | d wk Feb | 32,726 |  |  | 148,323 |
| Ohoc. Ok. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | tih wk Jan | 26,000 | 18,000 | 92,000 | 57,000 |
| Oin. N.O. \& | anuary... | 332,835 | 263, 283 |  |  |
| cin.Ports. \& Vir. | 4ta Wk Jan | 6,277 | 5,03 | 0 |  |
| Olev.Can. \& So. | 1 stwk Feb, | 11,415 | 10,645 |  |  |
| Di.Oin.On. \& St. | 2 d wk Feb. | 269,112 |  |  | 1,549,450 |
| 1.Lor. \& Wh | January. | 147,048 | 125,407 | 147,048 |  |
| Ool. Mi | January.. | 145,664 | 21,261 128,708 | 208,604 | 149,513 |
| H | January* | 211,6 | 178,097 | 211,606 |  |
| Jolue | dWk | 17,95 | 15,943 |  |  |
| drystal | December |  | 1,265 |  |  |
| amb'l'd Valles |  |  |  |  |  |
| R1 |  | 185,000 | 99,400 | 1,042,100 | 0 |
| Des. M. N. \& \% ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1stwk Feb. |  |  | 16 |  |
| Det. G. Rap.\& | 2 d wk Feb. | 34,610 23,61 | 28,367 20,647 |  |  |
| Det. \& Lima N | d wh Feb. | 7,628 |  |  |  |
| t. | r | 9,615 | 23,959 | 464,232 | 400,812 |
|  | December. | 25. 64 |  | 2,644,539 | 1,973,846 |
| ElginJol. \& E | January | 116,715 |  | 164,661 |  |
| are | December. | 2,793,295 2 | 2,535,612 33 | 33,137, | 331,926 |
| vanisodind'plie ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Decen | ${ }_{6,045}^{3,903}$ | 5,591 | 62. | 61 |
| vansv. \& T. H. 3 | 3 wk | 23 | 4.503 19.203 | 33,188 |  |
| itohburg | em | 618,834 | 585,027 | 7,305,825 | 7,285,902 |
| t. \& P.M |  | ,960 |  |  | 307,638 |
| la. Oent. \& P | $18 t w k$ Dec. | 46 |  |  | 975,511 |
| W, W | th wk Jan |  |  | 692 | 83,334 |
| ds. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 8,9 | +,937 | 56. | 36,169 |
| eorgia RR | wk Feb. |  |  |  |  |
| rgia ${ }^{\text {a }}$ A | $k$ Feb. | 26,580 | 22,094 | 181,0 | 48,992 |
| a. Oar'la \& | ecember | 726 |  | 889, |  |
| . | nua | 83 | -5,102 | 83,732 | 79,652 |
| Cin.R.\& Ft. | d wk | 38 | 35,1 | 12,519 |  |
| Tr | W |  | 7,909 | 46,570 |  |
| Mus. | 2 d wk Feb | 3,160 | 1,768 | 15,361 |  |
| Tr'nk ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathbf{W k} \mathrm{Feb}$ | 50,356 | 45,316 |  |  |
| Ohio. \& Gr. Tr. | ${ }^{2 \mathrm{a}}$ WK wk Fe | 415,437 | 355,854 2 | 2,727,554 | 2,368,642 |
| Det.Gr.H.\& M. | 4 thwh | 1031, | $\begin{array}{r}103,600 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,083,327 |  |
| Cin.Sag.\&Mac | , | 4,384 | 3 3 3,632 | 123,604 |  |
| Tol.S. © Musk- | hwkDec. | 3,147 | 8,024 | 111,509 | $83,829$ |
| St. P. M. \& M | January... 1, |  |  |  |  |
| Eastof M | Janua |  |  |  |  |
| MontanaC |  |  | 148 | 173, | 148,121 |
| Tot.system. J | January... 1 | 1,366,414 1,0 | ,031,416 1, | 1,366,414 | 1,031,416 |
| , |  | 1, | 8,142 | 10,014 |  |
| os.Tun.\&W | nuar | 300 |  | 00 |  |
| as. © Tex. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ den | December | 354,817 | 414, | 664.534 | 756 |
| Innois Oentralt Jo | January, Novemb; | ${ }_{12303898}^{36,017}{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  | 33,8 | 898,262 |
| nd. III.\& Iowa. |  |  |  | 429,865 |  |
| , \& + t. North'n 3 r |  | 73.155 | $\begin{aligned} & 60,094 \\ & 72.949 \end{aligned}$ |  | 480,941 |



| Roads. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | 1897-98. | 1896-97. | 1897-98. | 1896-97. |
| Un.P.Den. \& G.. | 2d wk Feb. | 72,918 | $57,001$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 464,364 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ \$$ |
| Wabash, | 3d wk Feb. | 23,949 17,717 | 21,273 | 1,651,297 | 1,473,347 |
| W.Jersey \& Sea'e | December. | 163,574 | 152,818 | 2,5 0,94: | 2,534,92, |
| W.V.Cen \& Pitte | December. | 98,306 | 93,387 | 1,137,553 | 1,162,612 |
| WestVa.\& Pitts. | Novembrr. | 31.644 61,706 | 31,067 60,976 | 361.503 601,076 | 593,128 |
| West. N.Y.\&Pa. | 2 d wk Feb. | 51,900 | 48,500 | 327.100 | 301,994 |
| Wheel. \& L. Erie | 3 d wk Feb . |  |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin Cent. | 3d wk Feb. December. | 90,033 7 | 83,886 8,249 | $\begin{array}{r} 60,490 \\ 88,361 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 498,170 \\ 92,999 \end{array}$ |
| Wrightsv.\&icter | December. | 5,734 | 5,552 | $\begin{aligned} & 88,361 \\ & 70,129 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 68,833 | from ferries, etc., not given separately. $\ddagger$ Mexisan currency. $d$ In-

eludes operationsof the Chic. Burlington $\&$ Northern in bota years. $\$$ Covers results of lines directly operated east of Pittsburg. $\dagger$ Includes Chesapeake \& Ohio So' western, Ohio Valley and Chioago and Texas for 1893 but not for 1897.
e. Figures from July 1 include rasults on A. T. \& S. Fe, Gulf Col. \&
8. Fe, S. Fe Pacitic (old Atlantic \& Pasifie) and So. Cal. Ry. Results 8. Fe, S. Fe Pacinid old Atlantic \& Paific and formerly inciuded, are excluded after Julv 1
Latest $G$ ross Earnings by Weeks - The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing are separately summed up as follows:
For the third week of February our preliminary statement covers 36 roads, and shows 10.65 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

| 3d week of February. | 1898 | 1897. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ann Arbor. | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\$}{8} \\ 33,934 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{21,963}{\substack{8 \\ \hline}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 98, } \\ 11,971 \end{gathered}$ | \$ |
| B8it. \& Ohio sounhwesc.. | 129,461 | 117,246 | 12.215 1850 |  |
| Buff. Roch. \& Pitts........ | - 60,783 | 58,933 310,000 | 41,000 |  |
| Chesapeake \& Ohio | 225,967 | 193,927 | 32,040 |  |
| Ohleazo \& East. Illinois. | 79,167 | 76.896 | 2,271 |  |
| Ohic. Great Western..... | 112,330 | 102,546 | 4939 |  |
| Chicago Milw. \& st. ${ }^{\text {chaul }}$ | 26,825 | 21,261 | 5,564 |  |
| Denver \& Rio Grande | 135,000 | 99,400 |  |  |
| Evansv. \& Indianapolis | 6,045 | 4.503 | 1,542 |  |
| Evansv. \& Terre Haute. | 23,045 $38,9+4$ | 19,669 | 3,200 |  |
| Georgia \& Alabama | [26,580 | 28,0 4 | 4,486 |  |
| International \& Gt. No.. | 73,155 | 72,949 | 06 |  |
| Iowa Central ${ }_{\text {Kanawh }}$ M Michigan | 39, 109 | 36,917 | 2,292 |  |
| Kan. Uity Pittsb. © Guif | 65,227 | 25, 859 | 39,368 |  |
| Kan. City Sab, Belt .... | 9.100 | 6.539 | 2,561 |  |
| Lake Erie \& Wester | 66,9 | 645,362 | 6,939 |  |
| Mexican Central | 115,407 | 112,773 | 2,634 |  |
| Minneapolis \& St. L | 33,890 | 32,367 | 3 | ,126 |
| Mo. Kansas \& Trexa | 210,967 | $22 \pm .093$ |  | 13,126 |
| Mo. Pacitio \& Ir, | 470,000 24.000 | 434,030 21.000 | 36,00 3,00 |  |
| I. Y. Ontario \& Westeri | 58,901 | 63,514 |  | ,613 |
| Norfolk \& Weste | 210,137 | 181,22 | 28,916 |  |
| Ohio River. | 14,793 | 14,121 | 2 |  |
| (ent | 112.800 | 88,400 | 24,400 |  |
| Texas \& Pacitio | 153,471 | 126,039 | 27,432 |  |
| Toledo d Ohio C | 26,5 | 28,260 | 176.676 | 740 |
| Wheeling \& Lake E | 25,745 | 17,346 | 8,400 |  |
| Wisconsin Central. | 90,033 | 83,886 | 6,147 |  |
| Total (36 roads).. | 4,152,410 | 3,752,878 | 420,935 | 21,401 |
| Net increase ( 10.65 |  |  | 399,531 |  |

Net increase ( $10 \cdot 65$ p.e.)
For the second week of February our final statement covers 74 roads, and shows 13.83 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

| $2 d$ week of February. | 1898. | 1897. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Previously rep'd (35 r'ds) | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{8}, 6,769 \\ 3,67,76 \end{gathered}$ | 3,238,803 | 450,609 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{8}, 643 \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama Gt. 8outhern... | 34,057 12,291 | 31,604 9,680 | 2,453 2,611 |  |
| Atiantio de Danvilie.in': | 78,581 | 80,603 |  |  |
| Central of Georgia.. | 117.649 | 124,809 |  | 7.160 |
| Chic. Indianap. \& Louisv. |  | 49,400 | 4,810 |  |
| Olev. Uin. Chio. \& 8t. L. | 269,112 | 246,365 | 22,747 |  |
| Det. Gd. Rapids \& West. | 23,610 | 20,647 |  |  |
| Dalath 8o. Shore \& At1 | 25,644 56,980 | - | 3,852 |  |
| Ft. Worth \& Rio Gr. | 8,901 | 4,937 | 3,964 |  |
| Georgla...... | 39,955 | 39,616 |  |  |
| Georgla \& Alaban | 25,515 | - 35,101 | 3,424 3,448 |  |
| Grand Raplds Cincinnati R. \& Ft. W | 7,903 | 7,538 | 365 |  |
| Traverse City........ | 744 3,160 | 1,768 | 1,392 | 165 |
| Grand Trunk . . .i. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  |  |  |
| Ohicago \&Gr'd Trunk | 415,437 | 355,854 | 59,583 |  |
|  | 92,653 | 80,441 | 12,212 |  |
| Kan, C. Mem. \& Birm. | 35,21 | 24,65 | 10,563 |  |
| Kansas City \& Omaha. | - $\begin{array}{r}5,875 \\ 30.603\end{array}$ | -7.438 |  |  |
| Louisv. Evansv. \& St. Li | 30,603 <br> 430,185 | 387,385 |  |  |
| Mexican Central. | 267,266 | 251,099 | 16,167 |  |
| Minn. St. P. \& Ste. S. M.. | 65,471 | 56,362 | 9,109 |  |
| Mobile \& Birmingham Norfolk \& Western... | 214,940 | 188,042 | 26,898 |  |
| Northern Pacitic. | 321,931 | 239,781 | 82,150 |  |
| Oregon RR. \& Nav. | 103,518 | 59,483 5,816 | 44, 1,0 |  |
| St. Louis \& San Fran | 129,760 | 103,816 | 25,914 |  |
| 8t. Louis southwestern | 104,2 | 84,300 | 19,400 |  |
| San. Fe Prescott \& P | 430,217 | 401,920 | - 25.297 |  |
| Toledo Peoria \& Westit. | 19,818 | 21,624 |  | 1,806 |
| Un. Pac. Den. \& Galf. | ${ }_{51} \mathbf{7 2}$ | 57,001 48,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,917 \\ 3,400 \end{array}$ |  |
| Total (74 roads) ........ | $\overline{7,327,757}$ | 6,437,279 | 919,842 | 29,364 |
|  |  |  | 890,478 |  |

Tot increase ( 13.83 p.
 Roads.
Chice. Peo. \& St. L. Sept. July 1 to Sept. 30....
Chic. Term. Transf.. Dec.
July 1 to Dec. 31 ..... Chic. \& West Mich........
Jan, 1 to Dec. Choctaw Okla. \& G.D.D.e. Jan. 1 to Dee $31 . . .$.
Nov. 1 to Dec. $31 . .$. Cin.N.O.\& Tex. Pac.a. Jan.
July 1 to Jaa. s1. . Cleve. Oanton \& 8o Dec. Jan. 1 to Dea. 31.....
July 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. Olev.Cin. C.\&St.L.a...Dec.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .1$ Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .12$
July 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. Peoria \& East'n.a. . Deo.
Jan. I to Dec. 3 i. ... July 1 to Dec. $3 \mathrm{~L} . . .$.
Clev. Lor. \& Wieel...Dec. Jan. ito De e. 3 IL . ...
July 1 to Duc. $31 .$. Colorado Midland. ..De.
Jan. 1 to. Jan. 1 to Dec. $3!$
July 1 to Deo. 31
Columb. Newb. \& Laur.July 1 to Dou. 31.... Ool. Sand. \& Ho зk'g. Dзo. Orystan............... $\begin{gathered}\text { Dec. } \\ \text { Jan. }\end{gathered}$ to Dec.... Oumberland Valley. Nov.
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 .... Delaware \& Hudson CanalOct. 1 to Dec. 31 . Jan. I to Dec. 31......
N. Y. \& Canada bOct. 1 to Dec. 31 . Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.
Albany \& Susq.bOct. 1 to $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{c} .31$. Del. Lack. \& Western, 10 Dess'a bOct. 1 to Dee. 31. ....
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.... Syr. Bing. \& N. Y.bOct. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Deo. 31....
Don. \& R. Grande.b. Dec Jan. 1 to Dee. $31 . . .$.
July 1 to Dee. $31 . . .$. Des Moines \& K. O...... Des Moines No. \& W.Doc. Det. Gd. Rap.\& W.a.troit \& Kaok' $0 . a$. Dec Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .$.
July
1 to Deo. $31 . \ldots$. Duluth \& Iron RangeJan. 1 to Dec. 31
Duluth So. Sh.\& Att. Ooc. 1 to Dea. 31:.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 .$.
Dunk. All.V. \& Pitts.Oct. 1 to Dec. 31.
Jan, 1 to Deo. 31. Elgin Joliet \& E...a.. Dec. Jan. 1 to De............
July 1 to Dec $31 .$.
Erie. a. Jan. 1 to De...... 1 Eureka Springs............ Fall BrookOct. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. Fitchburg.b-

Oct. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots$... 1,969,623 1,896,508 Fint \& Pere Marq.a.Nov. Ft. W. \& Denv. City........ Ft. Worth \& Rio Gr...Nov. Gadsden \& Att. Un..Jan.

 July 1 to Dec. 31.....
teorgla \& Alab'a.a. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 3 i...... South. \& Fla.a.J.... Grafton \& UptonJuly 1 to Dec. 31.
Jan. 1 to Dee 31.
Gd. Rapids \& Ind........
Gr. Trank of Oanada. Do. Jan. 1 to Deo. 31.....
July 1 to Dec. $31 . .$.

Ohic. \& Gr. Trank...Nov. | Jan. 1 to N N. $30 . . .$. . |
| :--- |
| July 1 to Nov. |

Det. Gr. H. \& Mil. Vor. Jan 1
July 1 to Nov. 1 to Nov. $30 \ldots . . .$.

$\begin{array}{rr}68,216 \\ 190,970 \\ & 21\end{array}$ | 93,099 | 213,952 | 62,731 | 14,76 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\ldots$, | 61,074 | 61,01 | $\begin{array}{rrrr}549,910 & \cdots \cdots \cdots & 62,449 & 61,041\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}135,071 & 124,022 \\ 1,650,724 & 1,642,617\end{array}$ $1,289,0731$ 145

1,12
262 318,203 1,124,354 $332,835 \quad 262,220$ $\begin{array}{rr}2,272,217 & 1,981,552 \\ 68,116 & 52,743 \\ 667315 & 704,078 \\ 356,014 & 376,652\end{array}$ 350,01 376,652 $\begin{array}{ll}1,325,020 & 1,204,450 \\ 7,420,542 & 13,011,483 \\ 6,689,424\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}, 420,842 & 6,689,424 \\ 168,122 & 150,521\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}168,122 & 150,521 \\ , 750,024 & 1,703,514\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}1,952,300 & 1,703,544 \\ \mathbf{9 3 3}, 377\end{array}$ 146,739 87,8
$1,239,0$
598, $\begin{array}{rr}1,338,094 & 1,239 \\ 79,438 & 598 \\ 168,819 & 141 \\ 1,757,371 & 1\end{array}$ 1,75
96 $\begin{array}{rrr}66,104 & 64,020 & 1 \\ 296,950 & 236,575 & 6 \\ 82,685 & 62,827 & 17 \\ 803 & 565 & \\ 13,207 & 10,782 & \\ 69,538 & 60,734 & 2 \\ 757,329 & 756,002 & 24\end{array}$



25,119
321,141
273,785
92,473-$\underset{2,436,620}{ }$560,593
$2,303,834$$\begin{array}{ll}230,424 & 223,033 \\ 951,056 & 920,910\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}1,179,266 & 1,131,549 \\ 4,055,804 & 4,169,432\end{array}$ $2,672,491$
$7,856,858$ $2,351,111$
$3,227,990$ +261, 313.5313,140633,293
906,093639,991
$1,834,6 \times 7$ $\begin{array}{ll}1,559,242 & 1,289,831 \\ 3,933,229 & 4,131,131\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}226,935 & 220,137 \\ 849,554 & 880,776\end{array}$ | 220,137 | 105,78 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 880,776 | 337,78 |
| 567,565 | 273,32 |
| $, 238,379$ | $3,119,95$ |
| 769,459 | $1,786,61$ |
| 12,039 | 3,762 |
| 120,418 | 20,86 |
| 32,662 | 12,32 |
| $412,25 \pm$ | 90,18 |

> 358.936
215,879 215,89
$2,901,952$
1,53 5 1,536,470
> det. 643
26,771 8,041
134,310 4,475,468 $\begin{array}{ll}16,981 & 12,099 \\ 162,105\end{array}$ 37,231
430,382 $1,316,740 \quad 1,187,370$ 332,377
8,827
1178,8
468 $\begin{array}{ll}1,791,735 & 1,116,050 \\ 2,644,539\end{array}$
 406,234
$1,591,114$

$\square$ 64,249 | 29,615 |
| :--- |
| 464,232 |
| 199,943 | 180,072

2,233
112,

## $\stackrel{t}{4}$

## 693,799 $1,118,499$ 142,806 526,391

605,365
$879,42 \mathrm{j}$88,957
671,130
18.642
16,778 357,939
399,169201,115
605.798605,798$8,48,793$
$5,115,663$
553
27,967

## 109,936

654,862
$2,232,228$
72,821
673,50579,237
453,99341,838
241$\begin{array}{r}43,547 \\ 415,158 \\ \hline 2257\end{array}$42,682
317,369317,369
213,12333,141
193,363
14,82756,6036,678,038$6,678,038$
$3,953,139$16,873
345345,203
156,165
23,966
243,230 145,546
$\begin{array}{rr}882,870 & 863,493 \\ 120,196 & 86,533\end{array}$ 1,129,623 $\begin{array}{rr}83,732 & 79,652\end{array}$ 23,702 25,375 $\begin{array}{rr}50,043 & 53,545 \\ 213,839 & 188,482 \\ 2,538,773 & 2,460,028\end{array}$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
27,991 \\
441,312 \\
214,527
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
505,178 \\
8,184,205 \\
4,78 j, 809
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8,184,205 \\
& 4,780,809
\end{aligned}
$$

98,136
272,941
669,741
$2,166,546$
50,917
603833,458
242,536210
35,797
45
$\mathbf{~} 29$24,83033,060
189,380
10.034
20,16320,163
41,318
437,387
5,379,5749,145
251,508251,508
80,30780,307
4,380
4,380
93,167
72,887

$1,123,533$
1,

29| 2,5 |
| :--- |
| 24. |

| $3,756,8$ |
| :--- |
| $2,249,25$ |


| 96 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 90 | 6, |
| 3 |  |$\begin{array}{rrrr}2,578,214 & 2,096,516 & 1,022,372 & 776,953 \\ \pm, 746.250 & 21,783,291 & 7,575,696 & 6,253,969 \\ 4,087,301 & 11,409.243 & 4,620,290 & 3,419,647 \\ 70,889 & 65,094 & 23,885 & 20,\end{array}$ Lehigh Val. Co 31 Co. Dec.

Lexington \& East'n. Dec. Long Island RR. b.... Dec. July 1 to Dee. 31...... Long Isl'd RR. Sys.b......
Jan. 1 to Dec. 3 I..... July 1 to Dec. 3 L.... Louisv.Hend. \& st.L. Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. $30 . . .$. .
July 1 to Nov. $30 . \ldots$. Louisv. \& Nashv.b. Doc.
Jan. 1 to Dee. $31 . . .2$
July 1 to Dec. $31 . \ldots 1$Mason \& Birming........Jan. 1 to Dec. 3i......
July 1 to Dec. 31.
ManistiqueRoad
ads.July 1 to Dac. 31.Jan. 1 to Dec. $3 i^{\text {Dec }}$Jan. $\ell$ to Dac. 31.Indiana Ill. \& Iowa.. Deo.7$\begin{array}{rrr}758,483 & 747,094 & \\ 365,416 & 345,219 & 2 \\ 163,342 & 132,137 & \end{array}$Iowa Central. b.......Dec.
Jan, 1 to Dec. 3 i.....
July 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.Iron Railway.b............Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .$.
July 1 to Dec. $31, .$.Jaok. Tam. \& K. W...Jan.
Apr. 1 to Jan. $31 .$.20,969
189,00920,969
189,009
70,799Kanawha \& Mioh. 0 .......
Jan. 1 to D.e.Kan.C. Fr. 8. \& M.a..Dec.. 44,9
2,6
1


, 185Jan. 1 To Dec. 31 Dec.23,885

210,817| 5 | 44,209 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 7 | 577.938 |
| 256,430 |  |1,1

6
6
6

247,221
47,651
$535,2,29$

247,221
47,651
$535,2,29$

247,221
47,651
$535,2,29$   $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 231,472 & 46 \\ 427,404 & 33\end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 231,472 & 46 \\ 427,404 & 33\end{array}$   $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 231,472 & 46 \\ 427,404 & 33\end{array}$         

1,166
3,697
1,675

1,166
3,697
1,675

1,166
3,697
1,675

1,166
3,697
1,675 12,068
137,430

1,125
6,304

1,125
6,304

1,125
6,304
1,30
18,637
1,30
18,637
1,30
18,637
118,733
61,049
118,733
61,049
118,733
61,049
118,64
$1,422,84$
768,05
118,64
$1,422,84$
768,05
118,64
$1,422,84$
768,05 768,050
$\mathbf{4 0 , 9 6 6}$ 768,050
$\mathbf{4 0 , 9 6 6}$ 768,050
$\mathbf{4 0 , 9 6 6}$ 40,966
287,605 40,966
287,605 40,966
287,605 $\begin{array}{rrrr}101,553 & 100,701 & 24,375 & 23,399 \\ 354,508 & 297,142 & 66,193 & 23,148 \\ 302,613 & 90,017 & 124,083 & 17,290\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}101,553 & 100,701 & 24,375 & 23,399 \\ 354,508 & 297,142 & 66,193 & 23,148 \\ 302,613 & 90,017 & 124,083 & 17,290\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}101,553 & 100,701 & 24,375 & 23,399 \\ 354,508 & 297,142 & 66,193 & 23,148 \\ 302,613 & 90,017 & 124,083 & 17,290\end{array}$
35,870
415,1972
35,870
415,1972
35,870
415,1972 2$\begin{array}{rrrr}10,191 & 12,068 \\ 313,398 & 393,143 & 124,657 & 137,430 \\ 3,439,396 & 3,31,026 & 153,176 & 135,087\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}313,398 & 287,026 & 153,176 & 135,087 \\ 3,439,396 & 3,341,273 & 1,463,283 & 1,427,016\end{array}$$\begin{array}{lrrr}1,539,113 & 1,551,3 £ ? & 464,032 & 356,924 \\ 1,503,977 & 1,459,762 & \text { dof.59,33j} & \text { def.29,576 }\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}15,306 & 16,649 & 2,282 & 4,335 \\ \mathbf{3 0 4}, 077 & 19 \pm, 59 \pm & 63,727 & 57,319\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}291,323 & 194,594 & 63,727 & 57,319 \\ 4,156,393 & 2,93,797 & 52,209 & 266,432 \\ 2,435,631 & 2,272,240 & 1,249,975 & 1,303,194\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrrr}2,746,773 & 2,334,831 & 1,331,594 & 1,3170,649 \\ 44,746 & 1,914 & 930,401\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}464,172 & 30,949 & 5,548 & 5,395 \\ 251,973 & 196,284 & 110,478 & 102,91,2\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr} & 415,999 & 110,478 & 102,91,2 \\ 1,925,973 & 196,284 & 71,454 & 58,990\end{array}$
$6,81410,5$
6,627
67,105706.42!58,990
671,955Memphis \& Chas'6,627
67,105
38,933$\begin{array}{r}671,955 \\ 6,532,316 \\ \hline 3,531,253\end{array}$Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.
July 1 to Dsc. $31 . \ldots .$.Mexican Central..........12,Mex. International. Sept.
Jan. 1 to Sept. $30 . \ldots$.Mexican National....Nov.
Jan. I to Nov. $30 . . .$.Moxican Northern....Nov.
Jan. 1 to Nov, 30Minn. \& St. Louis. a. Dec.July 1 to Dec. $31 . . . . .$.
Minn.St.P. \& S.Ste. M.DJan. 1 to D sc. $3 \mathrm{~L} . \ldots .$.Mo. Kansas \& Texas. Dos.Mobile \& Birm'gh'm.......Jan. 1 to Dэc. 31. ...
July 1 to Dэc.Mobile \& Ohio ........ Dec.Jan. 1 to Des. $31 . . . .$. .
July 1 to Dэc. 3 1.....Monterey \& Mex. G'f..Dec.
Jan. 1 t) Dec. Si. ....Nash. Ch. \& St. L.b..Jan.
July 1 to Jan. 3 L. .... 3,3$\begin{array}{rrrr} & 19,73 & 19,159 & 33,897 \\ & 145,635 & 71,383 & 56,193 \\ 814,493 & 1,325,395 & 367,863 & 298,037 \\ 814,2 \mathrm{72}, 309 & 254,787 & 222,019\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrrr}\text { Mexican. } 1 \text { to Dsc. } 31 . . . .12,845,820 & 10,203,017 & 4,016,313 & 3,463,746\end{array}$2,2
5,4$\begin{array}{rrrr}259,747 & 2,110,811 & 82,010 & 68,352 \\ 494,623 & 842,757 & 733,619\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}53,036 & 36,897 & 2), 739 & 17,897 \\ 537,177 & 662,008 & 303,657 & 346,402 \\ 229,963 & 244,135 & 13,\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}129,903 & 244,135 & 137,437 & 346,402 \\ 170,777 & 164,424 & 73,082 & 131,846\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrr}2,152,932 & 1,994,424 & 75,086 & 74,035 \\ 1,243,433 & 1,437,744 & 808,730\end{array}$3,8$\begin{array}{lll}301,930 & 295,045 & 108,849\end{array}$806,735
492,385
110,225
$1,507,493$$\begin{array}{rrrr}3,899,538 & 3,688,044 & 1,674,947 & 1,507,493 \\ 2,308,311 & 2,005,135 & 1,101,683 & 365,784 \\ 1,181,353 & \ldots \ldots \ldots & 391,649 & \ldots \ldots \ldots\end{array}$391,619
$2,732,293$$\begin{array}{ll}10,672 & 12,785 \\ 43,780 & 71,579 \\ 21,820 & 67,139\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { July } 1 \text { to Jt. L.b..Jan. } & 462,072 & 413,031 & 143,241 & 399,226\end{array}$$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Nevada Central... } \quad \cdots \quad 3,372,901 & 2,979,070 & 1,297,645 & 1,148,052\end{array}$
2. Y. N. H. \& H
Y. N. H. \& HartfordOct. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. N. Y. Ont. \& West a. Dee
Jan. 1 to Dec. 3 i..... Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 in...
N. Y. Phil. \& NorfolkOct. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Doc. $31, .$. N. Y. Sus. \& West.b..Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31.... Norfolk \& West'n.a.Dec 979,024 984,021 346,070 $\begin{array}{llrrr}\text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \ldots \ldots .10,892,257 & 11,081.866 & 3,253,221 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31, \ldots . . & 5,772,157 & 5,417,623 & 1,884,287\end{array}$ Northeastern of Ga...Nov Jan. 1 to Nov. 3)....
July 1 to Nov. 30.... Northern Central. b..Jan Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .21,020,532$
0mo , Ohio River. b........... Dec Ohio River \& Chas...Dec
July 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.



 Pennsylvania-

 West of Pitts. \&E.Dec..
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . .$. Peoria Nee. \& Ev... Sept.
Jan. 1 to Sept. $30 \ldots .$. Inc. 894;700 80,636
673,590 Petersburg............ Dec. July 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .$. Phila. \& Erie.h......Nov.
Jan. 1 to Nov. $\mathbf{3 0} . . . .$. Phila. \& Reading........... $\begin{array}{lll}1,724,472 & 1,509,871\end{array}$ Coal Total both Co, $31 \ldots . .1$ Reading Comp'ny..Jan. - Lotal all Compan's Jan. Phil. Read. \& N.Eng..Dec. Jan. 1 to Deo, $31 . .$. Phila. Wilm. \& Balt..Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . . .8$
Nov. 1 to Dec. $31 . \ldots .1$ Pitts. Chartiers \& Y'h'yOct. 1 to Dec. 31..
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31... Itts. C. C. \& St L... Jan. Pittsburg \& Western.Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31...... Pitts. Youngs. \& A...Jan. Rioh. Fred. \& Pot....Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. Rioh. \& Petersburg..Dec Jan. 1 to Dec. 31......
July 1 to Dec. 31..... Rio Grande Junct....Nov Bio Gr'nde South. b.. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .$.
July 1 to Deo. $31 . \ldots .$. sio Grande West.b. Dec Jan. 1 to Dea. 31. 6t. Jos. \& Gd. Isl......Dec. July 1 to Dec. 31..... St. Louis \& 8an Fr...Dec Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .$. .
July 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. $\operatorname{san}$ Ant. \& Aran. P.. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31...... San Fr. \& N. Pao.....JJan. Banta Fe Pres.\& Ph..Dec. Fla \& West b De Sav. Fla. \& West. $\mathrm{b}_{\text {. De }}$ July 1 to Dec. 31..... Silver \&p. Ocala \& G.Dec July 1 to Dec. 31.... silverton....e ........Dec Sioux City \& North ..De. South Car. \& GeorgiaSouth Haven \& East.. Nov.

7,538.8 19
7,282,692 312,742 278,715 $10,043,701$ 19 9, \$ \$ ,401,12


## 57,952 664,836 376,979 744,903 $\begin{array}{llll}744,903 & 675,803 & 169,950 & 143,750\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{rrrr}8,942,149 & 8,881,7,1 & 2,444,221 & 2,318,055 \\ 1,493,962 & 1,348,062 & 396,699 & 339,499\end{array}$ 35,650$\begin{array}{rr}59,280 & 45,118 \\ 159,774 & 197,850\end{array}$$\mathbf{3 4 , 5 1 7}$69,8731,31 1,08
$\qquad$ 3,014,055 3,014,055 2, 1,662,767 1, 2,8
$\mathbf{5}, 4,487$
697,986

378,33 697,
325,
25

335 $\begin{array}{r}335, \\ \text { v. } \quad 156, \\ \text { 37, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 36 |
| :--- |
| 4 | 212,499

270,29 $\begin{array}{ll}2,974,223 \\ 1,80 ง, 227 & 2,\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}7 & 20,0 \\ 3 & 101,3 \\ 330,17\end{array}$ $1,162,763$?

## $\underset{18978 .}{\text { Gross }}$

 Southern Roads. JanJul t.b.Deo -Gross Earnings. 1897-8 Ear $\underset{\$}{1896-7}$ Lo'uisiana West b.Dec. Jan: 1 to Dec. 3 i.... M'gən'sLz.\&Tex. b. Dəo. Jaa. 1 to Dec. 31..... N. Y. Tex. \& v b. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31..... Texas
$\qquad$ 'exas \& N. Orl.b. Dec.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .$.
July 1 to Deo. $31 . . .$. Atlantic Proo't'sb|lDec
 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { July } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \ldots \ldots . . & 6,506,846 & 7,350,384 & 2,151,604 & 2,770,372\end{array}$ Pasific System.b. Dec. 2,998,392 2,519,779 1,157,789 808,674 July 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .19,806,21516,852,63088,969,857$ 6,669,380 Total of all. t.i. ... Dec. $\begin{array}{llllll}4,812,331 & 4,324.260 & 1,916,602 & 1,587,724 \\ 48,646,103 & 18,763,4,03 & 16,742,066\end{array}$ July 1 to Dec. 31 ......28,470,514 26,440,0 $7712,015,92410,428,272$ $\begin{array}{llrrrr}\text { So. Pac. of Cal.b...D3c. } & 919,494 & 774,858 & 387,815 & 293,730\end{array}$

So. Pac. of Ariz.b..D8o, 272,191-223,884 Jan. 1 to D $+0.31 \ldots \ldots$. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { So. Pac. of N. M.b..Dec. } & 130,6 \geq 2 & 114,754 \\ \text { Tan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 . \ldots . . & 1,338,421 & 1,15 t, 61 \times\end{array}$

 July 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . . .1,312,678$ 1,242,923 Southern Railway.a.Jan. $1,674,976 \quad 1,565,963$
July 1 to Jan. 31...... 12,168,730 11,404,549 529,322
$4,030,406$ 126,799
869,285 2
396,554
6797 $\begin{array}{lr}507,395 & 67,979 \\ 62,827 & 59,554\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}637,646 & 46,554 \\ \mathbf{6 2 2 , 5 5 j} & \mathbf{2 5} .596\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}322,55 〕 & 252,536 \\ 65,992 & 49,710\end{array}$ 794,311 49,710
833,043
569,125 479,793
$3,779,147$ $\begin{array}{cccccc}\begin{array}{c}\text { Bpokane } \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 3 \text { i...... }\end{array} & 596,910 & 439.759 & 312,041 & 256.431\end{array}$

| Stony Cl. \& C. M...b...Dec. | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 2}$ | 1,460 | def.737 | def.9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . \ldots$ | 34,997 | 40,023 | 7,493 | 12,800 | Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.....

Syraouse Gen. \& Corn.Occ. 1 to Dec. 31
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 190,424
631,319 185,123
682,689 88,286 77,544
209,162 Terre Haute \& Ind'polisJan. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots .$. 362,572 $\quad 311,096$ 121,218
351,635 74,548
216,804
st. L. Van \& Cerre H. Oct. 1 to Dec. $31 \ldots . .$.
Jan. 1 to Dəc. $31 . . .$. Terre Haute \& Logan. Oct. 1 to Dec. 31.....
In diana \& Lake Mioh.Oct, 1 to Dec. $31 .$.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 .$. , ,201,609

123,356 72,389
196.328 31,877
87,128
$\qquad$
Terre Haute \& Peoria-
Ot. 1 to Dec. $31 . .$.
Jan 1 to Dec. $31 . .$. Oot. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . .$. East. 1 to Dec. 31.....
Jan. 1 to Deo. 31. ... 18,069 101,759
395,522 31,245
39,477 $\underset{\text { det. } 7,278}{\text { def. } 922}$ Jan. 1 to Deo.
Jan. 1 to Nov................
$\qquad$21,269
$76,7 \dot{ } 9$9.963
29,454
rFoledo\&Ohio Cent.b. Dec.Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.....
Julv 1 to Dec. $31 . .$.651,Tol. Peoria \& West..Jan.July 1 to Jan. 31.....
Tol. St. L. \& Kan. City a-
Oct. ito Dəo. 31......Oct. 1 to Dヵo. $31 . . .$.
Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . .$.613,889
$2,253,811$173,364
640,539$\mathbf{1 4 4 , 7 0 3}$
587,583297,16956,293
68,87831,877
87,128
2,800
14,614209,1624,548
6,80472,389
196.328def. 922
Ulster \& Delaware-
Oot. 1 to Deo. 31.89,86390,6862,344
10,92110,439
23,15118,281
69,83941,907
490,071499,071
231,37915,126 133,213 Jan to Dec. 31. 403,687
$\begin{array}{r}23,089 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 24,400
100,788

## Union Pacific-

Union Pac. RJ.b...Dec. $1,441.062$ 1,175,593
591.058
5.351,639 $\begin{array}{crrrr}\text { CeIt. Branch.b.... Dec. } & 53,768 & 50,214 & 23,797 & 2,3,539 \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \text {... } & 612.665 & 445,921 & 271,506 & 209,588\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrrrr}\text { Leased lines.b...Dec. } & 43,548 & \mathbf{3 3 , 6 2 2} & \mathbf{1 0 , 8 1 9} & \mathbf{3 , 4 1 9} \\ \text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \ldots & 514,206 & \mathbf{3 3 5 , 0 8 7} & \mathbf{9 4 , 7 9 0} & \text { def.21,372 }\end{array}$ Grand total.b.... Dec. $1,728,687$ 1,402,977

713,418 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \ldots 19,120,983 & 16,490,510 & 7,2 & 27,074 & 5,800,976\end{array}$


$\qquad$
ormont Valley -
$\qquad$
$51,201 \quad 51.620$ 23,951
69,026 ..... 24,518
$\mathbf{7 2 , 3 3 5}$

| alia \& Tulare b |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oot. 1 to Dec. 31 | $2,227$ | 2,287 8,749 | 811 3,138 | 2,326 |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31..... | 8,978 |  |  | 291,680 |
| Wabash.b....a..... De | 1,055,907 $2,206,200$ | 1,963,904 | 3,880,297 | 3,338,307 |
| Jan. 1 to Doc. | 6,813,473 | 6,134,059 | 2,233,403 | 1,900,739 |
| Waeo \& Northw'n . . Dec. Jan. 1 to Dac. 31..... | 17,717 $\mathbf{2 2 4 , 7 4 1}$ | 35,081 278,579 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,783 \\ 88,216 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,048 \\ 140,950 \end{array}$ |
| Walkill Valley- |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 1 to Dec. 31 | 44,736 $\mathbf{1 7 0 , 6 7 2}$ | 43,090 171,410 | 16,412 | 11,584 |
| Jersey \& Sea | 163,574 | 152,818 | del. 15.789 | 8,453 |
| W. Jersey Jsan. 1 to Dec. 31. -s. | 2,550,940 | 2,554,920 | 591.922 | 586,888 |
| West'n of Alabama.. Dec. | 61,706 | 60,976 | 26,625 | 25,294 |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31..... | 601,076 | 593,128 335,880 | 230,517 114,953 | 222.597 142.494 |
| July 1 to Dec. 31..... | 300,423 | 335,880 | 114,953 | 142,494 |
| West. Va.Cent. \&Pitts. Dec. | $\begin{array}{r} 98,306 \\ 583,495 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93,337 \\ 587,280 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,889 \\ 177,492 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,965 \\ 197,811 \end{array}$ |
|  | 31,644 | 7 | 13,982 | 16,204 |
| Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 | 361,503 | 357,393 | 166,877 | 187,177 |
| July 1 to Nov. 30. | 176,150 | 166,056 | 83,895 | 93,750 |


| Roads.West.N.Y.\&Penn.b..Dec.Jan. 1 to Dec. $31 . . . .$. Jan, 1 to Dee. $31 \ldots$July 1 to Dee. 31. |  | 18988-7, | 189 | $959 .-\overline{98.7 .}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,130,463 | ${ }_{3,036,651}^{226.187}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,017} 93,355$ | 1,061,483 |
|  | 1,846,825 | 1,671,137 | ,737,728 | ${ }_{632} 1,201$ |
|  | - $\begin{gathered}7,693 \\ 88,361\end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{9}^{8,299}$ | 3,384 31.238 | 4,453 |
| July 1 to Dee. 31....: | ${ }_{49,426}$ | 92,999 | 31,236 21,336 | ${ }_{24,315}^{42,31}$ |
|  | - $\begin{gathered}5.734 \\ 70.129\end{gathered}$ | - ${ }_{\text {J, }}^{6,525}$ | 1,822 | 2,184 |
| July 1 to Dee. 31.....: | 39,072 | -68,838 | - | 25,405 |

a Net earnings here given are after deducting taxes.
b Not earnings here given are before deducting taxes.
c Deducting other exper
 $\$ 86,081$,against $\$ 125,142$ last year, and from January 1 to November 30, , $1,270,892$,against $\$ 1,223,139$. This is the result in Mexican dollar treated (acoording to the compan''s method of keeping its aocounts) as equivalent to 80 cents in United Statase money- that is, all depreci $d$ Includes the operation of seven miles of Susquelan $\underset{r}{\text { road. }}$
r Thirty per cent of gross earnings.
g After allo wing for
December 31 was $\$ 288,916$, against $\$ 325,23$, total net from July 1 to intindes besides Atliantio System the Houston \& Texas Central A A Stin \& North Nestern, Central ${ }_{\star} \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{F}$ Orieans.
ta Fe, santa Fe Pacific with July include At. T. \& \& Fe, Gule Col. \& Santa Fe, santa Fe Pacifie (old Atiantio \& Paoififi) and so. Californiai Ry. been included. $\dagger$ For January, 1898 , taxes and rentals amounted to $\$ 147,784$ agst.
$\$ 163,099$, and
from July
to after deaucting whieh, net for January 1898 , was $\$ 345,600$, azainst $\$ 316,032$. From Jull' 1 to January 31 net, after deduoting taxes and

T.Inctudes Chesapeake Onto \& south western from July 1, 1397. Ohio
1897. from August 1, 1897, and Chiceaso \& Texas frum Oetober 1,

O Includes Chicago Barlington \& Northern for both years
is Including income from ferries. \&e.
Miscellaneous Companies.
Columbus Gas Co....Jan.
Apr. 1 to Jan. 3i..... Consol. Gas Co., N.J.Jan. Ed. El. Ill. Oo., Bklyn.Jan. Edison El.I.CO.,N.Y.Jan, Grand Rap.Gas-L.Co.Jan. Jackson Gas Oo.....Jan. Laclede Gas-L. Co....Jan. Madison Gas \& Elec.. Deo Mexican Telephone......

1897-3 Earnings. $-\sim$-Net Earnings.-Pacitin. 1 to Dec...ì...... Pacifto Maill............... Man. 1 to Dec. 31....... st. Joseph Gas Co....Jan st. Paul Gas Lt. Co... Jan. Tenn. Coal I. \& RR Wastern Gas Co.



## $\begin{array}{ll}\ldots \ldots \ldots . & \cdots \cdots \cdots . \\ 89,381 & \ldots \ldots . . \\ 83,748\end{array}$

Lo
 Long Island RR. Sys. Dea. Long Island RR. Sys.Deo.
July 1 to Dee. 3i..... Mo. Kansas \& Texas. Deo. Nashry to Dec. 3...... July 1 to Jan. $31 \ldots .$. Philadelphia \& ReadingAll companies. ...Jan. Pitts. C. C. \& St. L...Jan. Rio Grande Janct ...Nov. Rio Grande sonth....Dac July 1 to Deo. 31..... San Fran. \& No. Pao. Jan
July 1 to Jan. 31. south Car. \& GeorgiaJuly 1 to Dөo. 31 . Tenn. Coal I. \& RR...JJan. roledo \& 0. Cant.....Dec.
July 1 to Dde. 3i..... Tol. Peoria \& West... Jan.
July 1 to Jan. $31 . . .$.

 615,75 ${ }^{3}$ 113,022
684,846 684,846
285,566 285,566
$1,713,612$ 126,569 126,569
897,240
 ${ }_{687,188}^{109,224}$ * $4.52,291 \times 4 \uparrow .82,930$
 $\begin{array}{rrr}125,881 & 1, & 21,672 \\ 876,267 & 310,405 & 12,171\end{array}$ 745,000
$5,215, \cdot 000$ $247,615 \quad$ …....: det. 2981,52 $\begin{array}{rrrr}7,708 & 7,708 & 130,718 & 31,984 \\ 92,500 & 92,500 & 16,299 & \text { def.7,027 }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllr}14,140 & 14,107 & 5,465 & 1,298 \\ 84.810 & 84,610 & 1,579 & 22,317\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}19,004 & 19,104 & \text { def } 2,183 & \text { def. } 12,992 \\ 133,028 & 133,723 & 88,280 & 28,423\end{array}$ $170,350 \quad 161,150 \quad 108,310 \quad 72,980$ $\begin{array}{rrrr}42,254 & 47,777 & 21,330 & 10,161 \\ 236,007 & 37,868 & * 20,397 & * 4,266\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{rrrr}22,373 & 22,673 & \text { def.870 def. } 7,547 \\ 156,609 & 161,683 & 11,462 & \text { def.29,703 }\end{array}$

After allowing for other income reesived

SEREET RAIGWAES AND TRACEION COMPANIES.
The following table shows the gro is earnings for the latest period of all street railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the cable is the same as that for the steam roads-thtt is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, aad the last two columns the earninge for the calendar year from January 1 to and including such latest week or month

| Gross <br> Earnings. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week or Mo | 1897-8 | 1896-7. | 1897-8. | 1896-7. |
| Akron B | January... | $5,655$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & 5.550 \end{aligned}$ | $5655$ | ${ }_{5,550}^{8}$ |
| Atlanta Railway | December. | 4,596 6,624 | 3.932 6.117 | 49.874 89.161 | ${ }_{8}^{49.176}$ |
| Atlantic Coast Eí |  | 7,721 | 6,282 |  |  |
| A ${ }^{\text {cong Br. Elec.Ry }}$ | No |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore Con. R | January. | 167,526 | 159,292 |  | 159.292 |
| Bath St. Ry. (Main | January |  | 1.311 | 1,306 | 1.311 |
| Binghanion St. | Jan |  | 6,336 |  |  |
| Bridgeport | January | 26, 998 | 22,603 | 26.898 | ${ }_{22,606}$ |
| Brockton ${ }^{\text {Broondy }}$ Eleva | Jan | 25.111 | 229 |  |  |
| Br'klyn Rap. Tr. |  |  | 89,000 | 98,000 | 89,000 |
| Broaklyn Heights B'klynQ | y. | 414,810 | 392.286 | 414,810 | 392,286 |
| Oalumet Electric | Decemb | 14.892 |  |  |  |
| Charleston City Ry | January | 11,773 |  | 11,773 |  |
| Citiz'ns'(Munoie Ind.) | January... | 8,418 | 4,390 | 5 |  |
| Uity Eleo. (Rome,Ga.) | Jan | 72 |  |  |  |
| Cleveland Eleo |  | 135,75 | 124,178 | 135,753 | 8 |
| Columbus St. Ry. ${ }^{\text {cos }}$ | Januar | 55,417 | 4.501 |  |  |
| Uonsoli'd Tra | Janu | 242,590 | 217,316 | 242,590 |  |
| Danv.Gas El. Light \& | Novem |  |  |  |  |
| Denver Con, Tramw. | Decem |  | 577,897 |  |  |
| Detroit Citi'ns' ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  | 42,398 | 38,132 | 133 |  |
| Detroit Eleg. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | January | 33,567 | 33,457 | 33,567 |  |
| Erie Elec | January | 10,986 | 10,258 |  |  |
| Galveston City Ry | Septemb' | 14,54 ${ }^{1}$ |  | 163,399 | 161,692 |
| Harrisburg Traction | January... | 18,497 | 16,376 | 18,497 | 16,376 |
|  | Decemb | 3,492 | 765 |  |  |
| Houston Eleo. ${ }^{\text {Hët }}$ | October |  |  |  |  |
| Interscate Conso |  |  |  | 16,623 | 4,072 |
| Kingsto |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lehigh Tractio | Tanu | 4,0 | 3,679 | 8,00 |  |
| London st. Ry. (Can | January... | 7,706 | 6.601 |  |  |
| Lowell Law. \& Ha | January | 30.705 | 27.541 |  |  |
| Metrop (Kansas City) Metro. W. Side (Chio.) | January | 147,659 | 148,793 | 1477639 | 128,793 |
| Montgomery 8t. Ry |  | 4,261 | 3,6\% | 1 |  |
| Montreal 8 rreet Ry, | Ja | 110,156 | 99,636 | 110,156 | 99,636 |
| Nassau Elec. (B'klya) | January | 135.438 | 109,623 | 135,438 | 109,.23 |
| New Lond | January... | 4,921 | 4,520 |  | 4, 520 |
| New Orleans Traction | January... | 105,784 | 99,721 | - 53,587 | ${ }^{53.428}$ |
| Vorth shore Traction | January | 97,518 | 91,591 | 97,548 | 91,591 |
| Ogdeasbarg St. Ky. | January | 1,044 | 1,031 | 1,044 | 1,031 |
|  | January... | 27,462 | 23,769 | 27,46 | 23,769 |
| Riohmond Traction.. | January... | -6,633 | 8,034 |  |  |
|  | December. |  |  | 791,181 | 847,440 |
| Sohuylkill Traction.. | Septamb | ${ }_{8.523}^{4,373}$ |  | 67,373 | 4,029 |
| Sohuylkill Val. Crac | January. | 4.066 | 8,509 |  | 72,816 $\mathbf{3 , 5 0 9}$ |
| Sorantun \& Carb | January | 2.891 | 3,009 | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | 3,509 |
| cranton \& Pittston | lanuary. | 4,7×8 | 4,730 | 78 | 4,730 |
| Sracuse Rap. Tr . Ry . | January | 30,166 | 27,572 | ${ }_{37}{ }^{3}, 18$ | 27,572 |
| Cerre Haute El' ${ }^{\text {Co. Ry }}$ | Septem, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : | 14,259 | 13,705 | 111,790 | -32, 341 |
|  | Decemb <br> January | 86,563 | 74.540 | 2,597.632 |  |
| win City Rap. | Jauuary | 63,723 |  |  |  |
| U | January | 15,802 |  |  |  |
| United Tra |  |  |  | 117,960 | 104,967 |
| Jit. [rao. (Reading) |  | 12,824 |  |  |  |
| Wakefield \& Stone... | January.. | (12,614 ${ }^{1}$ | + $\begin{array}{r}1,238 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12,824 <br> 3,614 | 11,677 |


| Gross EARNINGS. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | 1898. | 1897. | 1888. | 1897. |
| Waterbury Traction.. | January. | $\frac{\$}{\$ 22,235}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 19,071 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{8}{8} .235$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbb{8} \\ 19.071 \end{gathered}$ |
| West Chicago 8 t . Ry | d wk Feb. | 67,895 | $66,340$ | 488,601 | $464,830$ |
| Wheeling Railway.. | January... | 14,276 | $12,925$ | $14,276$ | $12,925$ |
| Wilkesb. \& W. V . Valley | January...\| | 40.356 | 39,419 | $40,356$ | 39,419 |

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Street Railway Net Earniags.-In the following we show both the gross and the net earnings to latest dates of all STREET railways from which we have been able to procure monthly returns. As in the case of the steam roads, the returns of the different roads are published by us each week as soon as received, and once a month (on the third or the fourth Satur day of the month) we bring all the roads reporting together as is done to-day. Besides the roads making monthly returns we publish this week those makiag quarterly returas.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $-\boldsymbol{1 8 r}$ | 1896-7. |  | $8 .-7 .$ | Pough.City\&W.Falls.Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31..... | $\begin{array}{r} 6,179 \\ 86,406 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,0355 \\ 86,131 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,400 \\ 33,636 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,633 \\ 36,597 \end{array}$ |
| Roads. |  |  |  |  | hester Railway- |  |  |  |  |
| Akron Bed. \& Clev | 5,635 | 5,550 | 86 | df. 96 | Ost. 1 to Dec. 31. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. | $\begin{aligned} & 201,283 \\ & 791,181 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 195,067 \\ & 847,440 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82,223 \\ 296,674 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52,165 \\ 253,534 \end{array}$ |
| Amsterdam St. Ry....Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,596 \\ 49,5974 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.982 \\ 49.176 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 757 \\ 11,697 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 548 \\ 10,084 \end{array}$ | Roxb'gh Ches. HilldsN.Jan. | 4,373 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 84,402 } \\ \hline 1029\end{array}$ | *def. 886 | * def.1,366 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8chavikill Tratt'n. | 23 | 80 | 4.061 | 3,861 |
| $\text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Dec. } 31 \text {. }$ | 89,16 | $86,08$ | $19,92$ | 20,513 | Jan. | 67,036 92,778 | 7-7,816 | 36,910 | 30,962 |
| Atl. Highl'ds Red Bank |  |  |  |  | sehuylkill Val. Trae. | 4,066 | 3,509 | 464 | def. 16 |
| ong Br. Elee | 33 | 2,103 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,245 \\ 16,691 \end{array}$ | 561 | Scranton \& Carbon... | 2,391 | ......... | 1,124 |  |
| Atlantic Coast Ry.. . Oct. | 7,721 | 6,282 | 2,182 | 524 | Ju |  | 4,730 |  | 1,687 |
| Baltimore Con. St. Ry.- | 270,103 | 1,210,495 | 710,884 | 582,618 | July 1 to Jan. 31.... | 41,408 |  | 15,220 |  |
| Bath St. Ry. (Maine).Ja | 1,306 | 1,311 | ef. 361 | def. 68 | Scranton Railway ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 30,166 |  |  |  |
| Bay Cities Con.St.Ry.Ja | 6,253 | 6,336 | 1,704 | 2,152 | Southern |  |  |  |  |
| Binghamton St Ry...Jan. | 11,102 | 10,029 | 3,137 | 2,442 | to Dec |  |  |  |  |
| Bridgeport Tract'n. . J | 26,893 | 22.603 | 11,216 | 7,451 | Jan. 1 to Dзc. 3 | 50 | 45,34 |  |  |
| July 1 to Jan. 31. | 200,403 | 193,640 | 96.719 | 80,882 | irty.fo |  |  |  |  |
| Brockton Con.St.Ry.Jan. | 25,111 | 22,918 | 10,369 | 7,022 | Oct. |  |  |  |  |
| ooklyn Rapid Tr |  |  |  |  | City RR.- | 132,076 | 118,910 |  |  |
| roozlyn Heig <br> Oct. 1 to Dec |  | 1,063,170 | 450,094 | 430,373 | Jan. 1 to Dec. | 535,897 | 508,590 | 246,857 | 237,629 |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. | ,461 | 4,360,085 | 1,772,408 | 1,827,116 | 23th \& 29th Sts.Cros |  |  |  |  |
| B'klyn Queens Co. \& Sub.b |  |  |  |  | Oct. 1 to Dec |  |  |  |  |
| to D | 186,975 |  | 4,21 | $286$ | Twin City Rapid Tr. |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to Dee |  |  |  |  | Ion Street Ry. (N |  |  | 59,499 | 46. |
| , 1 to Deo | +72,458 | 136.59 |  |  | Jan. 1 to Dee. 31. | 569, | 521.7 | 234,336 | 219,767 |
| Jan. 1 to Dee. 31 | 443,81 | 536,5 |  | 20 | ited Fract.(Pitts.). | 117,960 | 104.967 | 59,205 |  |
| oklyn Elevated- |  |  |  |  | July 1 to Jan. 31. | 86 | 827, | 71,339 |  |
| Jan. 1 to D | 459,404 | 433 | 175,13 |  | nited Tract.(Providen |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to Dec |  |  |  |  | July 1 to Dec. 31 | 924,51 | 895,3 | 411,587 | 41, |
| falo Railw Oct. i to |  | 337,990 | 173,825 | 170,702 | Utica Belt Line ( N . Y |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. | 1,361, | 1,366,537 | 685,32 | 683,882 | Jan. 1 to Dee. 31 | 182,32 | 170,00 | 2,832 |  |
| I. \& Njagara F. Elec |  |  |  |  | erbury Trac. | 22,23 | 19,071 |  |  |
| lumet Electric.. | 14,892 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1 to Dec. 31..... | 142,921 |  |  |  | Oot. 1 to Dec | 29,634 | 29,234 | ,844 |  |
| arleston City Ry.Jan. | 11,773 |  | 4,496 |  | Jan. 1 to Dec. 3 | 127,772 | 129,314 | 35,410 | 0,568 |
| Juls 1 to Jan. 31..... | 96,124 |  |  |  | Wilkesb.\& Wy.Vy.T | 40,356 | 39,419 | 22,560 | , ,33 |
| Cit.St. Ky.,Mun.(Ind.) Jan. | \| 5,418 | [4,390 | 2,821 | [2,155 |  |  |  |  |  |
| City Eleo.(Rome, Ga.)Jan. | 1,572 | 1,438 | df. 47 | 210 | a Net earnings here gi | re | ducti |  |  |
| Oleveland Electric.... Dec. | 146,435 | $\begin{array}{r} 135,572 \\ 1,634,842 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 62,63 \\ 593,07 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,899 \\ 553,864 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} \mathrm{N}$ |  |  | and |  |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. ${ }^{\text {clev. Painesv. \& E...J }}$ | 1,632,020 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 593,0 \\ 1,2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 503,8 \\ 1,2 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | a |  |
| Olev. Painesv. \& E. | 5,43 |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| Columbus (O.)St. Ry..J | 53.788 | 46,869 | 23,598 | 23,097 | $\dagger$ Figu | cov | ati | er, | beiag for |
| Oonsol.Tract'n, N.J.bJan. July 1 to Jan. 31..... | $\begin{array}{r} 242,59 \\ 1,838,72 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 217,316 \\ 1,694,591 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122,392 \\ & 952,741 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102,877 \\ & 840,375 \end{aligned}$ | only two month ! Includas Bro |  |  |  |  |
| ey Istand \& B'kly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 1 to Dec. 31. |  | 343, | +144, |  | ter | d Sur | . | ollow | Strek |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. | 43 |  |  |  | W, | \% | d | arn | given in |
| sstown St. Ry. (B Oct. 1 to Dec. 3 |  |  |  |  | the foregoing, also | t char | for in | est, \&c | it |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31..... | 483,007 | 470,15 | 159,929 | 142,28 | surplus or deficit abovo | bel | hose | es. |  |
| nv.Gas El.-L. \&St.Ry.Nov | ov. 10,141 |  | 4,500 |  |  | - |  | l ot |  |
| Jan. 1 to Nov. 30..... | 95,735 |  | 43,202 |  |  |  |  |  | 1896-7. |
| ver Con. Tramw..Dec. Jan, 1 to Dec. 31. | $\begin{array}{r} 64,99 \\ 723,36 \end{array}$ | 57,897 724,511 | 31,582 291,310 | $\begin{array}{r} 25,807 \\ 281,771 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Roads. } \\ & \text { lanta Railway } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$, 250 \\ & \mathbf{1}, 25 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Detroit Citizens'st. Ry.Jan | n. 91,585 | 82,239 | 42,253 | 36,962 | timore C |  |  |  |  |
| Dotroit Eleetric Ry...Jan. | 33,567 | 33,457 | 11,786 | 10,432 | July 1 to Dec. 31..... | 381,996 | 374,900 | 328,888 | 207,71 |
| Dock E. B. \& |  |  |  |  | Consol. Tr. of N. J..Jan. | 115,477 | 109,975 | 6,915 | del. 7,093 |
| Oct. 1 to Dee. | 173,7 | 717,260 | $\begin{array}{r} 58,990 \\ 194,691 \end{array}$ | $44,858$ | Denver Oon.Tramw..Dec. | $\begin{array}{r} 18,495 \\ 220,864 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,828 \\ 214,161 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.087 \\ & 70,446 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,979 \\ 67,610 \end{array}$ |
| Jan. 1 to Dec. 31... |  |  | 8,512 |  | Paterson Railway....Jan. | 8.900 | 9,162 | 1,836 | de. 42 |
| July 1 to Nov. $30 . .$. | $\begin{aligned} & 17,5 \\ & 87,5 \end{aligned}$ | 95,27 | 44,82 | 49,15 | Schuylkill Traction. Sep | 2,083 |  | 1,978 | 1,77 |
| nirk \& Fredonia- |  |  |  |  | Jan. 1 to Sep | 18,747 | 18,747 |  | 5,801 |
| Oct. 1 to Dec. 31.. | 5,46 |  | 2,2 |  | Oct. 1 to sept. 30 | 25,000 | 25,030 | 11,910 | 5,801 |
| rty-Seo.St.Manh.\&St.N. |  |  |  |  | terbury Tract'n. | 3,277 | 3,130 | 5,416 | - $\mathbf{2 0 , 8 3}^{\mathbf{4}, 00}$ |
| Oct. 1 to Dee. $31 \ldots .$. <br> Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. ... | $\begin{aligned} & 187,767 \\ & 732,605 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 175,243 \\ & 710,498 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 36,275 \\ 123,718 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,5 \\ 137,97 \end{array}$ | suly |  | 18,520 | ,963 |  |
| ton St. (N. Y.) - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 1 to Deo. 31.... | 15,086 | 14,222 | 7,012 | 6,187 |  |  |  |  |  |
| veston City Ry..Sept. | 18,542 | 19,148 | 6,936 60,713 | 7,6 62,9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30... | 163,393 | 161,692 | 60,713 | 62, | 3 | AL | EP | TS. |  |
| Earrisburg Tract'n. . Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31. | $18,497$ | 130,376 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,250 \\ 67,321 \end{array}$ | 6,369 54,599 |  |  |  |  |  |
| kimer Mohaw |  |  |  |  | Annual Reports. | foll | g is | dex to | annu |
| Frank. Eles.ky . Dec | , 49 | 3,76 | 1,75 | 20,5 | ports of steam ranl | ds, str | ailw | nd misc | laneou |
| Jan. 1 to Des. 31..... | 39,571 | 42,60 | 18,22 | 20,533 | companies which | been | hed | e the las | editio |
| er-State Consol. Street |  |  |  |  | the Investors | TREET | ILWA | Suppl | TS. |
| Ry. (No. Attleb.) ...Jan. | 9,931 | 943 | 1,438 |  | This index does not | lade | rts, in | day's | IRONICL |
| ehigh Traction......J.an. | 8,170 | ,140 | , 588 | - 37,205 |  |  | lroa |  |  |
| July 1 to Jau. |  |  |  | 1,611 |  |  |  |  |  |
| London St.Ry. (Can.) Jan. |  | 迷 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lowell Lawr'e日 \& H.Jan. | 30, | 27,541 | 10.819 | 7,845 | America |  | ago |  |  |
| anhattan Elevated (N.Y | Y.) ${ }_{2,597,186}$ |  |  |  | Americ | 33 | oro |  |  |
|  |  | 9,128,112 | 3,969,370 | 3,717,649 | Ammerimare Cuesapeak | c. 231 | aware |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cand | . 379 | vare |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Oheraw \& Darlington. |  | son Elec | . | , |



## Chicago \& Alton RR.

(Report for year ending Dec. 31, 1897.)
President T. B. Blackstone says in substance:
The decrease in gross earnings in 1897, compared with those of the preceding year, is $\$ 166,679$, or $2 \cdot 437$ per cent. The increase in operating expenses is $\$ 115,13$, or $2 \cdot 85$ per cent. The decrease in net earnings is therefore $\$ 281,809$, or 10 per cent. The cost of maintenance of way includes $\$ 133,881$, which was expended during the year on account of the reconstruction of the superstructure of your bridge over the Mississippi River erected in 1873. A further expenditure of about $\$ 85,000$ will be needed during the present year for the completion of that work.
The number of passengers transported during the year is $9 \cdot 6$ per cent less than in 1896, the number of through passengers being 5.3 per cent less and the number of local passengers nearly 10 per cent less than in that year. The average rate per mile by all passengers was in 18971.913 cents, and $18962 \cdot 023$ cents per mile
The number of tons of freight transported during the year was 4.3 per cent less than in the preceding year, the increase of through freight being 21.76 per cent and the decrease of local freight 10 per cent. The average rate per ton per mile was in $1896 \cdot 817$ of a cent, and in $1897 \cdot 763$ of a cent.
The earnings of your company from farm products shipped at local stations were less than in any year since 1885, and such traffic, compared with traffic from other sources, was relatively less than in any year since 1887. A strike by coal miners occurred about the first of July, and continued about three months, during which your company was deprived of its coal traffic.
Under such circumstances and others of like character, together with the continued reduction of rates on all traffic, the cause of reduced earnings during the year is apparent.
Statistics.-Various statistics of interest are as follows:

| Description- | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Passenger Traftic
Passengers car'd.
Of which local Pass. $n$ mile Av. dis. each pas. Av. dis. eacile......
Rate per mile
Pass, earnings per
Pass, earnings per
train mile....
Freight Traffic.
Tons carried...
Of which local.
Tons one mile.
Av. per ton p. m
Freight earnings

Character of Freight.-The principal $169.9 \quad 160.5$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { (000s omitted.) } & 1897 . & 1896 . & 1895 . & 1894 . & 1893 . \\ \text { Coal, tons.......... } & 1,048 & 1,257 & 1,313 & 1,012 & 1,136 \\ \text { Wheat, bushels....... } & 4,478 & 3,615 & 4,274 & 4,523 & 4,727\end{array}$ Corn, bushels Oats, bushels
$\begin{array}{llll}1,899,888 \\ 2,199,041 & 2,169,169 & 1,979,933\end{array}$

Financial. -The statistics of earnings and the balance sheet have been compiled for the Chronicle as follows :

## operations and fiscal results.



42175 , which, together with a decrease of $\$ 149,89697$ in the cost of operating, has resulted in an increase in the net earnings of $\$ 245,31872$ as compared with the preceding year. The operating expenses, as heretofore, cover all expenditures for repairs, charges for reduction in value of equipment and other property, and also include expenditures for renewals of bridges, buildings and wharves, substitution of heavier rails and other construction. The charges to capital account for the year amounted to $\$ 129,54341$, representing disbursements for construction of new railroad, sidings and connections, and purchases of land, equipment, etc. The nons, amounting to $\$ 428,120$ on $\$ 6,116,000$ Lehigh \& Wilkesb e Coal Company consolidated mortgage bonds, owned by the company, the payment of which has been deferred, have not been included in the income account for the year or in the balance sheet attached htreto "
Results for four years and general balance sheet have been: ummary of earnings and expenses.

|  | $1897 .$ | $1896 .$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Receipts- }]{\text { Gross earning }}$ | 13,21 | 13,117,350 | 13,568,024 | 12,659,941 |
| Operating expenses and taxes....... | 8 | 8,318,568 | 8,295,055 | 5 |
| Net earnings....Income from invest- | 5,044,101 | 4,798,782 | 5,272,969 | 4,221,636 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ments \& prem, | 698,13 | *1,268,56 | 1,201,57 | *1,141,397 |
|  | 5,742 |  | 6,474,545 | 5, |
|  |  | , |  |  | Interest on bonded

and other debt.... $3,027,755 \quad 3,030,029 \quad 2,955,166 \quad 2,873.589$


Total payments. 5,555,503 $\quad \overline{5,795,927} \quad \overline{5,771,107} \quad \overline{6,005,735}$ Balance..............sur.186,737 sur.271,415 sur.703,438 def.642,702
${ }^{\text {"In }}$ these years Lehigh \& Wilkesbarre cou pons ( $\$ 428,120$ ), which are omitted in 1897, were inctuded. See Pres ident's remarks above. -ED.
balance sheet december 31 .

Assets-
RR appurtenances, incl.
and
purchased lines......... purchased lines.
Other property and real estate. St'cks of other companies own'd. B'nds of other companies own'd. ash on hand.
uills receivable, \&c Materials and suppii

## Total.

## Liabul, ties-

## Funded debt

Sunded debt (see INvEsTors'
Real estate bouds and mortgages urrent cash liabilities for wages, supplies, \&o
Interest and rentals die
Accrued charges, \&c., inc. taxes.
Profit and loss.
Total.
$\begin{array}{cc}1897 . & 1896 \\ \$ & \$ 8\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}36,508,588 & 36,344,634 & 35,922,558\end{array}$
 $\begin{array}{rrrr}14,296,167 & 14,330,578 & 14 \\ 7,658,179 & 7,679,495 & 7 \\ 15,353,409 & 15,596,879 & 15 \\ 488,419 & 201,368 & \\ 3,510,650 & 3,543,088 & 3 \\ 4,507,989 & 4,633,741 & 4\end{array}$ 259,090
$\overline{82,582,791} \overline{82,608,169}$
$22,497,000 \quad 22,497,000 \quad 22,497,000$
$50,000,000 \quad 50,000,00050,000,000$ 307,100 307,100 307,100 $\begin{array}{lll}1,227,861 & 1,319,114 & 1,167,256 \\ 1,13,9: 5 & 1,112,030 & 1,108\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}1,113,9,5 & 1,11,12,030 & 1,108,218 \\ 1,540,278 & 1,723,152 & 1,161,39\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}1,540,278 & 1,723,152 & 1,641,395 \\ 522,975 & 462,857 & 462,629 \\ 5,373,652 & 5,186,015 & 4,91,2,\end{array}$ 2,582,791 -V. 65, p. 1219.

Chicago St. Paul Minneapolis \& Omaha Ry.
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1897.)
The preliminary statement for the year 1897 shows as below, the receipts from land sales being excluded :
Gross 1897. 1896. 1895. 1894. $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Gross earnings........ } \$ 8,652,793 & \$ 8,156,193 & \$ 7,508,764 & \$ 7,297,619 \\ \text { Oper. exp's. and taxes. } & 5,737,447 & 5,137 & 034 & 4,836,652 \\ 4,946,184\end{array}$

Net earnings...... $\$ 2,915,346$ \$3,019,159 $\$ 2,672,112 \$ 2,351,435$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Intereston bonds (net). } & 1,411,470 & 1,405,353 & 1,422,830 & 1,412,300\end{array}$ Rentals....

Total. $\qquad$ $\$ 2,685,066 \$ 2,678,257 \$ 2,323,854 \$ 2,309,274$ Surplus........ 64, . 514 $\$ 230,281 \quad \$ 340,901 \quad \$ 348,258-\$ 42,161$

Mexican Central Railway.
(Preliminary Statement for 1897.)
The approximate results for 1897, compared as below earnings, expenses and charges.

Gross earmings...
Operating expenses...
Net earnings(Mex.C'y)
Average rate receiv'd for
Mexican dollars.
Net earnings equivalent
Debit balance of miscel
items (1897 estimated)
Bal. for fixed charges...
Fixed charges.......
Deficit for year......... subsidy trust fund.... Balance of subsidy trust. fund Dec. 31....
$* \$ 161,228$ of this is on account of the deficit in 1896.
$\mathrm{~V} .66, \mathrm{p}, 337$.
$\begin{array}{cccc}1897 . & 1896 . & 1895 . & 1894 . \\ \$ & \$ & \$ & \$ \\ 2,845,819 & 10,208,020 & 9,495,865 & 8,426,025 \\ 8,829,471 & 6,744,273 & 5,599,390 & 5,459,675\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrr}12,845,819 & 10,208,020 & 9,495,865 \\ 8,829,471 & 6,744,273 & 5,599,890\end{array}$ $\overline{4,016,318} \overline{3,463,747} \overline{3,896,175} \overline{2,966,350}$ $48 \cdot 24 \mathrm{c} . \quad 53 \cdot 17 \mathrm{c} . \quad 52 \cdot 95 \mathrm{c} . \quad 51 \cdot 87 \mathrm{c}$. $1,937,483 \quad 1,841,515 \quad 2,063,156 \quad 1,538,693$ $53,166 \quad 3,993-21,309 \quad 45,989$ $\begin{array}{lllll}1,884,317 & 1,837,522 & 2,041,347 & 1,492,704 \\ 2,423,183 & 2,320,533 & 2,306,600 & 2,06,888 \\ & & & & \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}538,866 & 483,011 & 265,252 & 814,184\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}2,524,347 & 3,250,644 & 3,377,120 & 3,570,585\end{array}$

## Lake Erie \& Western RR.

(For the year ending December 31, 1897.)
In advance of the pamphlet report, the following statement is presented:
 -V. 66, p. 337

## Detroit Grand Rapids \& Western RR. <br> (Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1897.)

The advance statement for 1897 shows:


Balance, su

- v. 64, p. 469.
Mobile \& Birmingham Railroad.
(Report for the year ending June 30, 1897.)


## President T. G. Bush says :

After providing for the Jear's interest on the prior lien bonds $\$ 39,350$, out of which the directors made a payment of 2 per cent on the first mortgage income bonds for the six months ending Dee. 31, 1896, leaving $\$ 15,350$ to be carried to protit and loss account. The plan of charging a fixed sum each month to working expenses for paying for the astual work done, there remained at the end of the payng for the astual work done, there remained at the end of the
fiscal year $\$ 1,939$ to the oredit of "renewal of trestles fund" and $\$ 2,642$ to the credit of "renewal of ties fund," together $\$ 4,582$, which is available tor future renewals.
A portion of the sum of $\$ 21,034$ which is charged in the operating expenses might be strictly classed as improvements to the property, as place old one worn out); (2) the payment of car trust notes matared (3) payments on account of ne slip dock and other improvements at Mobile, and (4) dredging the Mobile River opposite the company's property.
The local traffic showed great improvement over the previous year, were better organized, has contributed largely to the inereased net revenue.

The earnings, expenses, etc., and balance sheet, have been: earnings, expekses, and charges.



## Twin City Rapid Transit Co.

(Advance statement for the year ending Dec. 31, 1897.)
An advance statement shows the following:
$\begin{array}{ccccc}1897 . & 1896 . & 1895 . & 1894 . \\ \$ \\ \text { Gross earnings............... } 2,009,121 & 2,059,217 & 1,98 *, 804 & 2,003,67\end{array}$
 Net earnings...........1,007,041 $\overline{1,064,059} \overline{1,009,319} \quad \frac{959,131}{}$ Taxes, rentals and all interest charges............ 692,302 684,527 $\quad 750.840 \quad 738,961$

Surplus earnings...... $314,737 \quad 379,532 \quad 258,479 \quad 220,170$
The annual interest or dividends on the total issue of $\$ 1,712,200$ of preferred capital stock of said company is $\$ 119,854$


Includes: Minneapolis Street Railway Co. stock, $\$ 5,000,000$; 8t. Paul City Railwav stock, $\$ 5,000,000$; Minneapolis Lyndale \& Minne. tonka Ry, Co. s
V. 65, p. 1127 .

## United States Leather Company.

(Report for year ending Dec. 31, 189\%.)
The report of the United States Leather Company for the year 1897 furnishes little detailed information, consisting merely of a statement of the assets and liabilities, which we compare as follows:

| Assets- | $\begin{gathered} 1897 . \\ \$ 8 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1896 . \\ \Phi \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1895 . \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash. | 2,217,175 | 2,091,184 | 1,000,159 |
| Due by custom | 4,010,533 | 3,479,083 | 3,037,154 |
| Bills receivable | 77,927 | 115,411 | 96,791 |
| Doubtful debts, | 27,564 | 19,243 | 15,353 |
| Other debtors | 217,963 | 31,065 | 65,455 |
| Hides and leathe | 8,253,797 | 7,335,333 | 11,128,374 |
| Bark and tanneries | 1,405,976 | 1,328,150 | 1,455,948 |
| Sundries, personal prop., etc.. | 227,967 | 238,332 | 276,351 |
| Advances to other companies. | 14,951,843 | 15,506,358 | 15,405,505 |
| Railroad bonds. | 100,000 | 99,458 | 99,458 |
| Tannery plants, | 6,349,138 | 6,314,192 | 6,159,609 |
| Stocks of other | 35,484,033 | 35,438,123 | 35,261,057 |
| Treasary stock | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Good will, etc. | 62,776,084 | 62,661,259 | 62,475,507 |
| Total | 136,200,000 | 134,757,191 | 136,576,721 |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Liabilities- }]{\text { Lccrued interest }}$ | 62,610 | 56,220 |  |
| Unpaid dividends. |  | 3,003 | 2,994 |
| Current accounts, etc | 124,757 | 132,806 | 123,100 |
| Acceptances on hide imp' |  |  | 261,580 |
| For exchange, not yet du | 1,316,855 | 592,682 |  |
| Bills payable....... |  |  | 3,000,000 |
| Bonds, less in treasury | 5,280,000 | 5,280,000 | 8,520,00) |
| Preferred stock | $62,22,900$ $62,825,900$ | 62,111,100 | 61,621,900 |
| Oommon stock | 62,825,900 | 62,711,100 | 62,221,900 |
| Stock to be issu Surplus........ |  |  | 607.213 |
| Surplus. | 4,363,978 | 3,869,962 | 3,152,964 |
| Total | 136,200,000 | 134,757,191 | 136,576,721 |
| The quick assets are as fo | llows: |  |  |
| Oash | 2,217,175 | 2,091,184 | 1,000,159 |
| Bills | 77,927 | 115,411 | 96,791 |
| Due by customer | 4,010,533 | 3,479,083 | 3,037,154 |
| Hides and leathe | 8,253,797 | 7,335,333 | 11,128,374 |
| Bark and personal property | 1,597,204 | 1,539,610 | 1,6 2,311 |
| Advances to other companies. | 14,951,843 | 15,506,358 | 15,405,505 |
| Sundry debtors | 217.963 | 31,065 | 65,455 |
| Doubtful debts, | 27,564 | 19,243 | 15,353 |
| $\boldsymbol{R}$ ailroad bond | 100,000 | 99,458 | 99,458 |

V. $64, \mathrm{p}$

## Brooklyn Wharf \& Warehouse Company

(Report for the year ending Ja 2. 31, 1898)
The report is in the form of a circular, furnishing without comment the facts shown below for the fiscal year ending Jan. 31, 1898
profit and loss account for year ending jan. 31.
Receipts from storage, merch, and 1898.1897 .1896
grain, wharfage, rents, etc........\$2,092,586 \$1,859,190 \$1,675,687 Expenses, inc. rents, interest on
loans, office salaries, taxes, dred ging, stationery and all other
general expenses, inc. deprecia-
tion of tools and machinery, etc. $1,050,512 \quad 848,431$
654,520

Interest on bonds
Dividend (6\%) on pref. stock "A.....
payable following March.
Palance, surplus. balanc Cash in bank........... Acc a storage, Accounts receivable. Mortgage and stocks.. Stock of oil, coal, \&e.. Railroad plant (cost). curities (cost)
Tools, machin. \& bet's. Electric plant (cost).. Wharves, warehouses

Total.

## $\stackrel{\$ 31,735,276}{ }$

\$31,735,276
During 1897 nothing has been chargel to cost of wharves, warehouses and real estate.
*[In the above statement of profit and loss account we have introduced the dividend of 6 per cent, payable in each case March first of the succeeding year. The balance sheet is given in fuller form than heretofore, and we note the following facts

The first mortgage bonds and capital stock remain the same as a year ago, but the item of " open accounts payable," then amounting to $\$ 2,092,279$, is now represented by "accounts payable," $\$ 68,871$; "'bills payable," $\$ 950,000$, and " time loan payable," $\$ 68,871$; " bills payable, $\$ 950,000$, and " time loan
on railroad plant and stock of other cos.," $\$ 50,000$, in all $\$ 1,518,871$. As against the assets as above the balance sheet of Jan. 31, 1897, showed : Cash, $\$ 165,427$; open accounts, $\$ 2$, 541,082 ; fixtures, etc., $\$ 43,251$; real estate, plant, etc., $\$ 29,-$ 564,00 ) ; total, $\$ 32,313,760$. Ed.]-V. 65, p. 366.

## GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Reorganizations, Etc.-Latest Data as to Defaults, Reorganization Plans, Payment of Overdue Coupons, Etc.-All iacts of this nature appearing since the publication of the last issues of the Investors' and the Street Railway Supple$\mathrm{M} \operatorname{ENTS}$ may be readily found by means of the following index. This index does not include matter in to-day's Chronicle.


Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Ry.-Bonds Listed.-On the New York Stock Exchange have been listed \$3,442,000 general 4 s , making total listed $\$ 113,462,000$. The new bonds were issued for the redemption of guarantee fand notes per offer in Chronicle of Feb. 5, 1898, p. 287. The total issue of the notes was $\$ 3,00.000$, of which $\$ 8,605,0) \mathrm{J}$ remained outsranding. and to retire them $\$ 10,500,00 \mathrm{~J}$ of the new 4 s were reserved by the general mortgage.
The committee is also empowered to add to the list from time to time the remainder of these 4 s to an amount not exceeding $\$ 7,058,000$, as and when officially notified that they have been issued in exchange for the balance of the aforesaid notes.-V. 66, p. 383.
Brooklyn Borough Gas Co.-Incorporated.-This company was incorporated at Albany, Feb. 21, with a capital stock of $\$ 500,000$, to supply gas and electricity. The stock is $\$ 500,000$ and the directors are Samuel B. Lawrence, Francis P. Lowrey and Armitage Mathews of Manhattan, and Henry M. Haviland and John B. Summerfield of Brooklyn Borough.

Central Coal \& Coke.-Bituminous Coal Roads.-Incor-porated.-The Central Coal \& Coke Co. has been incorporated under the laws of Obio in pursuance of the plan for restoring harmony to the bituminous coal trade. The new company is capitalized for $\$ 20,000$, and will act as general selling agent at Coluumbus, O. The President of the Western New York \& Pennsylvania RR. at the annual meeting in January said.: "Efforts are again being made to induce har" monious action in the handling of soft coal, and if they are successful, there will be an improvement in coal rates after the first of May next."-V. 66, p. 38.
Chicago \& Northwestern Ry.-New $31 / 2$ s Listed.-On the New York Stock Exchange have been listed $\$ 1,000,00031 / 2$ per cent general mortgage gold bonds of 1897. An additional $\$ 2,000,000$ are authorized to be listed upon official notice of their exchange for existing bonds.-V. 66, p 288.
Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific Ry.-Bonds Called.-The company notifies the holders of its extension and collateral 5 per cent bonds of 1884 that it will redeem the entire issue at 105 and interest on April 30, 1898, interest ceasing that day. -V. 66, p. 384.

Coney Island \& Brooklyn RR.-Brooklyn City \& Newtown RR.-New Stock. - The shareholders of the Coney Island \& Brooklyn RR on Wednesday voted to increase the capital stock of $\$ 1,000,000$ to $\$ 2.000,000$. The increase, it is understock of is preparatory to complete consolidation with the Brooklyn City \& Newtown RR., now held under lease.V. 66, p. 38.

East Shore Terminal Co.-Transfer of Control.-The interests which have heretofore controlled the East Shore Terminal Co., Charleston, S. C., have sold their holdings to C. C. Cuyler of Cuyler, Morgan \& Co., New York. It is under-
stood that the purchase is in the interest of the Plant system, the Atlantic Coast line and the Louisville \& Nashville, all of which companies will jointly use the valuable terminal facilities consisting of tracks along the river front, wharfs, warehouses, cotton compressors, etc.-V. 62, p. 138.
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Philadelphia. - United Gas Improvement- $\$ 7,500,000$ Bonds Offered.Bank of Philadelphia, Pa., offered for sale this week at 1(21/2 and interest $\$ 7,500,0005$ per cent first mortgage sinking Fuad gold bonds of the Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Philadelphia. These bonds are due Jan. 1, 1928, and are secured by mortgage to the New York Security \& Trust Co. as trustee. Both principal and interest are payable in gold coin of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, free from all taxes imposed, by the United States of America or the commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The subscription books opened at ten o'clock Thursday and were almost immediately closed, the applications for the bonds being largely in excess of the issue. The allotments made, it is stated, were less than 20 per cent of the amount asked for. The bonds have than 20 per cent of the amou 105 and interest.
James Ball, President of the Gas Light Company, writes as follows : The total issue is limited to $\$ 7,500,000$ bonds, due in 1928 , but re-
deemable in 1908 at 105 an 1 interest, in the event of the city's then
terminating the lease. If the lease is not then terminated, the bonds terminating the lease. If the lease is not then terminated, the bonds
continue irredeemable until 1928 . except for sinking fund purposes. continue irredeemable until 1928 . except for sinking fund purposes.
The mortgage contains provision for a sinking fund of $\$ 124,000$ a year, The mortgage contains provision for a sinking fund or \$124,000 a year, to be invested, it ingether witht in the bonds of this company, at not excoeding 105 and interest, either by purchase in the market or by
drawings at that price. The sinking fund is sufficient to retire the drawings at that price. The sink
whole issue of bonds at maturity.
The contract between the United Gas Improvement Co. and the city provides that in the event of chs city's terminating the lease in 1908 it shall acquire a certain portion of the property of the Equitable 11 -
luminating Gas Lisht Co. of Pliiladelphia by paying therefor $\$ 1,060$,oo0, being the appraised value of certain property now owned by the
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Philadelphia, together with Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Philadelphia, together with
6 per cent interest thereon to the date of payment, making a total amount of $\$ 1,696,000$ to be then paid on this account. It also proproperty after the lease takes effect, together with 6 per cent thereon to the date of payment, and as this contract further provides that the amount so expended shall not be less than $\$ 5,000,000$ within three years from the date of the lease, the minimum to be paid by reason of
this provision will be $\$ 7,100,000, \$ 5,000,000$ of which will be principal and $\$ 2,100,0006$ per cent interest for seven years. The total minimum amount which th $\rightarrow$ city will be required to pay in the event
of its terminating the lease is therefore $\$ 8,796,000$. This obligation of the contract of the United Gas Improvement Co. with the city will be so far assigned as security for the bonds as to enable the trustee o
the mortgage to receive payments directly from the city. The total number of bonds merts direct in from the citt
000 , as $\$ 1,468,000$ bonds whil by that time have been retired the $\$ 6,032$, sinking fund. It will therefore be seen that the minimum sum to be paid by the city in the event of the termination of the lease is about
$\$ 2,500.0$ in excess of the amount of the bonds which will then be $\$ 2,500.00$ in excess of the amount of the bonds which will then be
outstanding. If the city does not avail itself of its option to termin outstanding. If the city does not avail itself of its option to termin-
ate the lease at the end of ten years (1908) the city will have no other right of purchase; but at the end of thirty years all the property will revert to the city without compensation. The Equitable Illuminating United Gas Improvement Oo. at agreed prices, which, it is estimated Will prove proti able to the Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of bonds, the United Gas Improvement Co. has entered into a contract whereby, among other things, it is provided that if the yearly profits do not amount to a sum sufficient to provide ifor interest and sinking
fund charges, then the United Gas Improvement Co. is to make good fund charges, then the United Gas Improvement co. is to m
any deticit out of the proceeds of gas sales in Philadelphia.
The United Gas Improvement Co. is to furnish gas to the municipality f, ee of charge and to sell cas to consumers at a net rate to it of 90 cents for ten years. Thereafter the price may be reduced as fol
lows: From 1908 to 1913 to 85 cents, net; from 1913 to 1918 to 80 cents, net; from 1918 to 1928 to 75 cents, net. There can therefore es, as they are fixed by the contract.
ing in 1908 for the purpement Co. has created a sinking fund, begin luminating Gas Light Co. in 1928 , retiring the stocks of the Equitable Ilthe city, and has agreed that this sinking the property is to revert to the stocks shall not be distributed so long as any of the bonds which shall remain unpaid and maturity, or within sixty days thereafter the bonds shall not be sufficient for the purpose, the trustee under the sinking fund for the redemption of the stock shall pay to the trustee under the mortgave sufficient, in addition to the contents of the bond sinking fund, to discharge, at maturity, all bonds at par, with interest unpaid thereon.
per its capital stock for the
Lease Valid.-The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania on Monday announced its decision sustaining the ruling of the lower court and declaring the lease of the gas works to be legal.
Fixed Charges. - The interest and dividend charges of the new company ahead of the common stock are as follows:
Interest on $\$ 7,500,000$ of 5 per cent bonds..... $\$ 375,000$
Sinking fund for above bonds............... 124,000
Dividend on $\$ 3,125,000$ preferrad stoek,
cent for first year and 6 per cent thereafter.. 125,000

Total charges ahead of common stock...... $\overline{\$ 624,000}$ Thereafter

375,000
124,000
187,500 $\overline{\$ 636,500}$
Beginning in 1908, as stated in President Ball's letter, the Improvement Co. agrees to create a sinking fund to retire the stocks of the Equitable Company in 1928, when the property is to revert to the city.-V. 66, p. 236.
Hinton New River \& Western RR.- Mortgage for $\$ 600$, 000 Friled. -The company has made a mortgage to the Central Trast Co. as trustee to secure $\$ 600,000$ bonds to be issued on a prop ssed line from Petersburg, Va., down the New River to Hinton, and a branch to St. Albans and Charleston.

Knickerbocker Telephone \& Telegraph Co.-Incorpor-ated.-This ecropany has been incorporated with a capital of $\$ 7.500,000$ to construct and operate lines of telephone from New York City throughout New York State and New Jersey. The directors are Samuel B. Lawrence, Francis P. Lowrey and Charles L. Horton. of Manhattan Borough (New York), and John B. Summerfield, Henry M. Haviland, Geore Spencer and Henry C. Everdell, of Brooklyn Borough.
Knoxville Electric Light and Power.-Mortgage Filed. -The company has made a mortgage to the Union Trust Ca. of Philad-iphia as trustee, to secure $\$ 100,000$ of 5 per cent gold bonds. Of the loan $\$ 50,400$ is to be used to retire the company's outstanding bonds, and the remainder to take up the bonds of Schuyler Electric Light \& Power* Co.
Metropolitan Street Railway (N. Y. City).-Earnings for the quarter and the six months ending December 31 have been :

$\begin{array}{cccccc}3 \text { mos. ena. } & \text { Gross } & \text { Net } & \text { Other } & \text { Interest. } & \text { Balance, } \\ \text { Dec. } 31-\text { earnings. } & \text { earnings. } & \text { income. } & \text { taxes, elc. } \\ \text { surplus. }\end{array}$ | $1896 \ldots \ldots .$. | $2,272,754$ | $1,081,407$ | 129,935 | 793,226 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18,116 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ccccccc}1897 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . & \$ 4,601,400 & \$ 2,178,279 & \$ 315,304 & \$ 1,572,798 & \$ 920,785 \\ 1896 \ldots \ldots .4 & 4,409,863 & 1,999,587 & 264,172 & 1,578,811 & 684,948\end{array}$ On Sept. 30, 1897, the company had cash on hand, $\$ 6,093$,704, while there was due it by open accounts, $\$ 1,434,983$; on Dec. 31, 1897, the cash on hand was $\$ 1,163,810$, while the amount due on open accounts was $\$ 3,006,536$. The balance sheet of Dec. 31 includes the new debenture certificates amounting to $\$ 6,000,000$, and on the other side of the account shows an increase of securities of other companies from $\$ 12$, , 075,688 to $\$ 15, ¢ 68348$ since Sept. 30,1897 , as well as an increase during the same period in other permznent investments from $\$ 3,686,709$ to $\$ 7,502,516 .-\mathrm{V} .66, \mathrm{p} .337$.

Morristown \& Cumberland Gap RR.-Sold Undér Fore-closure.-At Knoxville, Tenn., this road, extending fromMorristown to Corryton, Tenn., a distance of 40 miles, was offered for the fourth time at foreclosure sale, and was purchased by Adolph Segal of Pailadelphia for $\$ 61,000 . \mathrm{Mr}$. Segal last November purchased the Richmond Nicholasville Irvine \& Bsattyville RR., and reorganized it under the title of the L urisville \& Southeastera Ry. This last named road extends from Versailles (east of Louisville) southeasterly to Irvine, 62 miles. -V. 66, p. 82.
Muskegon Grand Rapids \& Indiana RR.-Coupon Paid.The coupon due July 1, 1895, was paid in October, 1897, at the office of Winslow, Lanier \& Co.

Nashville Chattanooga \& St. Louis Ry.-\$44,000 Consols Listed.-There have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange $\$ 44,000$ additional first consol. 5s, making the total listed $\$ 5,638,000 .-\mathrm{V} .66$, p. 82.

National Linseed 0il.-Annual Meeting.-No financial report was read at the annual mэeting on Feb. 16, President Euston confining his remarks to a description of the improvements made during the year in the proparty of the company, particularly in the machingry departmont, and the advan tages derived from the patents owned by the company for the manufacture of linseed oil. He stated that the deliveries of oil to the trad $\rightarrow$ showed a marked improvement over previous years. Thrae diractors ware re-elactel,
The "Caicago Caronicle" quotes an active offi sial of the company as saying, after th $\theta$ moting h i 1 a ljourned:
The business of our company really began to increase about Oct. 1 , and and this month are naturally the most quiet in the lingee d-oil business, but our sales as compared with st quiet in the linseed-oil 1897, are sho wing large ineraazes by barrels, and as tho price of lin seed oil is much higher than it was a year ago, we are doing exoeed-
ingly well. There was a big range in the pric of linseod oil during 1897. It sold as low as 25, cents a gallon early in the year and closed who is located at Boston, says the Western markets are farn ahtand. those of the East. זa New Enylani, he says, the people are much slower in resuming heavy consumption than they are out here. We find that the manutacturers of oll elotia, which is laryely oomp sed of
 would appear that people of this ciast ars m vising m more money than they were some time ago.-V. 64, p. 463.,

New England Gas \& Coke-Massachusetts Pipe Line. Stock Issue Mlleyal.-The Massachusetts Board of Gas Comhe Masachusetts Pipe Line Co, was illegal - V 66 stock by 65, p. 635.
Northern Pacific Ry.-Washington \& Columbia River Ry. - Control Purchased.-The Northern Pacific Railway Company has purchased for $\$ 500,000$ the entire capital stock and most of the $\$ 3,245,00$ ) four p $\ni$ r cent incom $\Theta$ bonds of the Washington \& Culumbia River Ry. This latter road extends from Hunt's Junction on a branch of the Northern Pacific (which skirts the Columbia River in eastern Washington), easterly to Dayton, Wash., and southerly to Pendleton, etc., in Oregon, 163 miles in all. The road has outstanding $\$ 3,500,000$ of 4 per cent first mortgage bonds, but these are not to be guaranteed. For the year ending June 30, 1897, the net incoms available for fixed interest charges was. $\$ 77,531 .-\mathrm{V} .66$, p. 289 ; V. 61, p. 770.

Ogdensburg \& Lake Champlain RR.-Forecl sure Sale Ordered.-At Utica, N. Y., Feb. 24, Judge Coxe, of the United States Circuit Court, ordered the foreclosure sale of this property, the upset price to be $\$ 1,000,000$. William H. Comstock, of Utica, as special master, will conduct the sale and fix the date for its occurrence.-V. 65, p. 1174.
Pennsylvania Steel Co.-March Coupons to be Paid in Scrip. - The company has notifisd the holders of its second mortgage bonds that it will avail itself of the option contained in the mortgage and will pay the interest due thereon March 1 in scrip instead of cash. Since the reorganization effected two years ago interest on the second mortgage bonds has been paid regularly in cash, although under the terms of the mortgage the company had the right to pay the interest in scrip to and including the coupon of September, 1898. The scrip is convertible into second mortgage bonds, a sufficient amount having been retained for that purpose. The payment in scrip March 1 relieves the company of a cash payment of $\$ 98,500$. Plans to secure additional working capital, it is stated, will be discussed at the annual meeting on March 8.-V. 65, p. 824.

People's Gas Light \& Coke.-Mutual Fuel Gas.-Mortgag Filed.-The mortgage made by the Mutual Fuel Gas Co. to the Central Trust Co. as trustee to secure $\$ 5,070,000$ of 5 per cent bonds was recorded this week. The bonds are to be issued in fulfillment of the plan for the acquisition of the property by People's Company, as stated in the Chronicle, property p. 870, 925. At the annual meeting recently President Billings announced that the consolidation of the companies was voted on Jan. 16.-V. 66, p. 382; V. 65, p. 870.
Union Pacific RR.-Preferred Stock now Issuable to Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Gold Notes 6s.-J. P. Morgan \& Co, referring to their previous notice, now inform holders of certificates of interest issued in respect of Union Pacific Railway Company 6 per cent gold collateral trust notes, that the order restraining the delivery of the preferred stock having been vacated, they will now continue the delivery of such stock as set forth in their notice of Feb. 7 last. Holders of their memoranda for preferred stock may now obtain the stock therefor upon surrender of such memoranda.
Road Sold Under Foreclosure. -The entire line from Kansas City to Donver with appurtenances, etc., was sold on Saturday, Feb. 19, under foreclosure of the Kansas Pacific Consolidated mortgage and purchased for the Union Pacific reorganization committee for $\$ 8,000,0 c 0$, this being the upset price. On Monday the property of the Denver Pacific Ry. \& Telegraph Co. was purchased for the sam9 committee for $\$ 2,0$ 0,000 , at the foreclosure sale under the first mortgage. The committee's representatives were the only bidders. The property embraced in the last-named sale consisted of three parcels, for which the individual bids first received were as follows : First, land grant, $\$ 651,000$; second, contracts, notes due, etc., $\$ 303,000$, and, third, the 106 miles of railroad between Denver and the Union Pacific Junction at Cheyenne, telegraph lines, etc, $\$ 1,000,000$. The total bids for the three parcals a orregated only $\$ 1,9 j 0,000$, and as already said the parcels aggregated only entire prop
$\$ 2,000,000$.

Securities Sold Under Foreclosure.-At the foreclosure sale on Wednesday of the collateral securing the collateral trust 6 per cents of 1879 , the following bonds were bought by Kuhn, Loeb \& Co. for $\$ 3,710,000$ for account of the new Union Pacific RR. Co.: Colorado Central 7 per cent bonds, $\$ 1,600,-$ 000 ; Utah \& Northern first mortgage $7 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 1,974,000$. The amount due on the 6 s of 1879 was for principal, $\$ 3,503,000$ and for interest to Ott. 14, 1897, $\$ 131,935$-total, $\$ 3,634,934$. The amount received at the sale will therefore pay par and interest to date on all these bonds. Of the collateral there interest to date on all these bonds. O the collateral there remained unsold: Colorado Cэatral 8 Republican Valley bonds of $1 \leftarrow 9+, \$ 860,000$. The last-named Republican Valley bonds of $1 \subset 9+, \$ \$$
bonds, however, are of small value.
onds, however, are of small value.
The Colorado Central bonds were sold with the January, 1898, coupons "on," in other words, without the coupons of earlier date, all of these having been paid prior to the sale. The Colorado Central bonds are an underlying loan of the Union Pacific Denver \& Gulf RR. The total issue is $\$ 4,788$,000 , covering the line from La Salle to Julesburg, 151 miles, and, with various branches, a total of 275 miles.

Foreclosure Sale March 23 Und Collateral Trust Mortgage of 1883. - R I. Day \& Co, will sell at auction at the Real Estate Exchange in Boston on March 23 the following stocks and bonds, which were pledged to secure the Union Pacific collateral trust 5 per cent bonds of 1883 , viz.: Colorado Central RR. first mortgage 7s or 1879, with the coupons of
and from Jan. 1. 1898 and from Jun. 1.1893
Utah \& Northern Railw Utah \& Northern Railway Co is ic i878 from Jan. 1, 18Bt.... Omana \& Republican Valiey Ry. consol. 5 s of 1887 , with the coupons of and from March 1. ldat.


 169,000
$8+9,000$ 573,000 1,309,000 39.500 39,500 bonds, 79 at $\$ 35$ each....
The property will first be sold in parcels of not exceeding $\$ 100,000$ each, and the sales will continue until enough cash is realized, together with the cash on hand to the credit of the bonds, to pay in full, if possible, the entire $\$ 4,677,000$ of outstanding 5 s of 1883 , with the interest thereon from June 1, 1897.-V. 66, p. 385.

## 4epoxts and 国ocaments.

## NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1897.

## Office of Northern Central Railway Co.,

Baltimore, February 15th, 1898.
To the Stockholters of the Northern Central Ruilway Company
The Directors respectfully submit the following report of the operations of the main line and of the railroads now operated under lease or otherwise by this Company for the year ending December 31st, 1897:

## estrivgs

From freigh
$\begin{array}{r}\$ 5,049,32069 \\ 1,105,29582 \\ . \quad 123,93177 \\ . \quad 92,90898 \\ \hline\end{array}$
passenger
express.
mails....
. $\$ 6,732,70297$
Total earnings.
EXPENSES.
For maintenance of way and structures. maintenance of equipment.
$\$ 972,02953$
973,18282 conducting transportation.
... .......... 973,18282
$2,734.40753$ $2,118.74664$
Total expenses.
$4,793,36652$
Net earnings.
$\overline{\$ 1,934,33645}$
The gross earnings from operation of the Northern Cen-
tral Railway and railroads controlled by it, for the year ending December 31st, 1897, were And for the previous year
\$6,732,702 97
Showing an increase in gross earnings of............... $\$ 446,10095$
The expenses for the same period were $\qquad$ . $\$ 4,798,36652$ And

Showing an increase in expenses of. $\qquad$
The net earnings for the same period were. $\xrightarrow{\$ 1,934,33645}$
And for the previous year..
showing an increase in net earnings of.
income account.
In addition to the net earnings as above stated..
$\$ 1,934,3364$ There was received from dividends and interest There was received from dividends and interest............ account, exchange, \& 319,19400
222969
28,24859
Proportion of loss in operating Elmira and Canandaigua
Divisions received from Pennsylvania Railroad Oo..
17,115 91
Total net receipts.
. $\$ 2,301,124-64$
From which deduct the following amounts:-
Rental Shamokin Vailroad..........................................202,342 99
Rental Eimira \& Williamsport Rail-
road...
202,342 99
read Lykens Valley Railroad......................................................
152,48201
34,49992
389,82495
Interest on Equipment:nterest on Equipment:- Pottsville Railroad. Elmira
road.
oad...............................
$\$ 4,59501$
15,620 74
20,215 75
410,04070
$\overline{\$ 1,891,08394}$
Deduct:-
Interest on funded debt....................... $\$ 771,69500$
Intrrest on real estate mortgages and
Interest on car trusts.
21,05032
41,40679
Taterest on car trusts
41,40679
55,86359
Sundry expenditures.
13,932 59
Payments on account of Elmira \& Lake For intario Railroad Co.:
For interest on bonds.... $\$ 25,02837$ For taxes..................... 21,860 75
For interest on equipm'. 17,375 45

64,26457
968,212 86
Balance to credit of Income Account for 1897
..........
$\$ 922,87108$ Out of which were paid cash dividends of 7 per cent....
Leaving amount to be transferred to credit of Profit and and Loss Account for 1897
$\$ 396,66408$ Amount to credit Profit and Loss Account,
December 31, $1896 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
of old accounts, \&c ined from adjustmen
\$2,059,379 13
33,145 73
Balance to credit of Profit and Loss Account, Dec. 31,'97. $\overline{\$ 2,489,12894}$
The total number of passengers, irrespective of the divisions over which they were carried, the passenger mileage and the revenue from the same, on all lines of the Company, were:

|  | Passengers. | Passengers <br> one mile. | Earnings. <br> passenger |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| per mile. |  |  |  |

The total number of tons, irrespective of the divisions over which they were moved, the tonnage mileage, and the revenue from the same, on all lines of the company were :

|  | Tons. | Tons one mile. | Earnings. | Rate per ton per mile. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1897. | 14,580,225 | 962,244,791 | \$5.049,320 69 | ${ }^{5} 525$ |
| 189 | 13,253,431 | 885,552,996 | 4,767,227 35 | . 538 |
| Increase | 1,326,794 | 76.691.795 | \$282,093 34 |  |
| Percentag | 10.011 | $8 \cdot 660$ | $5 \cdot 917$ | $\cdot 013$ |

The aggregate movement of bituminous coal was $3,256,656$ tons, an increase of 640.058 tons, and of anthracite coal $3,924,370$ tons, an increase of 49,940 tons. The tonnage of both classes amounted to $7,181,026$ tons, as against $6,491,028$ or the preceding year, being an increase of 689,998 tons in the actual aggregate of coal transported, irrespective of the number of divisions over which it was moved
The amount of grain received at the elevators at Canton, as compared with the previous year, was :

## 1897 1896 <br> An increase of <br> ................... <br> 24,716,34a bushels. <br> $14,662,337$ <br> $\overline{10,054,012}$

The amount of grain received at the local elevator, No. 2, in the city of Baltimore during the year was 1,759,31\% bushels, as against 1,441,223 bushels in 1896 .
The principal items of tonnage, besides coal and grain,
were lumber, iron ore, manufactures of iron, and petroleum. The Real Estate Account shows a decrease of $\$ 11,48565$ for the year, as follows:
$D r$.
Purohase of property in Baltimore for Jackso A's Wharf
Station.........................
Purchase of land
20,500 00
Recording deeds, conveyancing, \&
60435
5643
$o r$. $\overline{\$ 21,66435}$
By amo
to Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore Railroad and Union Railroad.
33.15000

Net reduction Real Estate Account..................... $\overline{\$ 11,48565}$
The only charge to Capital Account during the year was that of $\$ 282,450$, keing one half the cost of 1,256 long gondola cars, which had been purchased under the terms of Series C of the Pennsylvania Equipment Trust. The last certificates of that series having matured and been paid during the year, these cars now form a portion of your regular equipnent.
The second track was completed between Goldsboro and New Cumberland on the Baltimore Division, a distance of 8 miles, and between Georgetown and Herndon on the Susquehanna Division, a distance of 3 miles, thus making the entire Main Line betweèn Baltimore and Sunbury double track, with the exception of the gap between Bridgeport and Marysville, a distance of $51 / 2$ miles, over which no passenger traffic passes. Additional sidings were laid at Halifax and Herndon, and improvements made in the yard tracks and transfer at Sunbury, through which the traffic is handled more economically and effectively at that point.
The work of renewing the bridges and trestles was further continued on the various divisions, 672 feet of ste 1 and other permanent bridges being substituted for lighter structures. The most important of these improvements was on the Canandaigua Division, where a Howe truss bridge and wooden trestle were replaced by a steel bridge 152 feet in length and four spans of steel deck girders, each 52 feet long, making $a$ total of 368 feet. The piers and abutments were also rebuilt of stone and the alignment improved.
There was a net increase in track and sidings of 17 miles. There were 7,906 tons of new steel rails and 203,129 cross-ties used in construction and repairs, and additional sections of the road were ballasted with stone and cinder.
Frame combined passenger and freight stations were erected at Monkton and Marysville, and a brick passenger station at Millersburg.
Seven locomotives, having been sold or condemned, were replaced by new standard power. There was no change in the passenger equipment. There were 134 freight cars built to replace vacant numbers, and the equipment was increased through the car trust arrangement already reerred to
The terminal facilities at Baltimore were enlarged through the purchase of adjacent properties at Jackson's Wharf and the lease by the Terminal Warehouse Company of the Miller's Wharf and warehouse property.

In accordance with the terms of the ConsolidatediGeneral Mortgage, the amount of bonds outstanding thereunder was reduced by the drawing July 1, 1897, through the operation of the Sinking Fund, of $\$ 138,000$ of Series A and B
Dividends amounting to 7 per cent were paid during the year, and a considerable surplus carried to the credit of
rit and Loss.
Your Board have to regret the loss of three of their most valued m mbers, Col. E. B. Parsons, Mr. Louis W. Hall and Mr. Henry James. Mr. James was a prominent merchant of the city of Baltimore, a man of high inteority and ability, and had given to your affairs conscientious and valuable service from his election in 1884 until his death at Baltimore on July 27, 1897.

Mr. Hall, who had been one of your Directors since 18,88 died suddenly at Harrisburg on the 12th of July, 1897. He was a lawyer of eminent ability, and his legal attainments made his counsel of special service in connection with your affairs.
Col. Enos B. Parsons died at. Asheville, N. C., May 6th, 1897. He had served with distinction in the Union Army during the Civil War, became thereafter engaged in business pursuits, and was elected a Director in 1889. His frank and genial manner won the friendship of his associates, and his faithful discharge of duty attested his devotion to your interests.

Mr. M. H. Arnot was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Colonel Parsons, Mr. Wayne MacVeagh to fill that caused by the death of Mr. Hall and Mr. Michael Jenkins to fill that consequent upon the death of Mr. James.
Since the close of the year your Company has also lost by death, on the 29th of January, 1898, its Purchasing Agent, Mr. A. W. Sumner. Mr. Sumner had been in your service since 1864 and had been officially connected with your Purchasing Department from 1875 until his death. He performed the duties of that responsible office with the utmost fidelity and ability, and possessed qualities which especially fitted him for the successful administration of his office.
In accordance with the revised organization Mr. Charles A. Chipley was appointed General Freight Agent in charge of local traffic, and Mr. John B. Thayer, Jr., General Freight Agent in charge of through traffic, taking effect March 10th 1897; and Mr. Arthur Hale Superintendent of Telegraph January 1st, 1898
The following statements of the Treasury accompany this report: Income Account, General Financial Statement, and Statement of Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company There is also appended to the report the statement of the Insurance Fund. Your attention is also called to the report Insurance Fund. Your attention is also called to the reports of the General Manage
The Board takes great pleasure in acknowled ging the zeal and fidelity show by the various officers and employes in the discharge of their duties during the past year.
By order of the Baard of Directors.
FRANK THOMSON,
President.

Pittsburg Bessemer \& Lake Erie RR.-Equipment Bonds, -The company has sold $\$ 500,000$ of 6 per cent gold equip
 yearly from 1900 to 1903 inclusive, and $\$ 30,000$ yearly from 1904 to 1908 inclusive.-V. 65, p. 621.
Texas Central RR.-Bonds Callē̄. -The company gives notice that on April 1 it will redeem all of its outstanding first mortgage 6 per cent bonds at 105 per cent and accrued interest, and that interest on these bonds will cease on that date. Also that after March 1 these bonds may be exchanged at the office of Moran Brothers for first mortgage bonds of the same company bearing interest at 5 per cent. Coupons of $\$ 30$ each due April 1 from bonds so exchanged will be paid without rebate at the time of exchange.-V. 65, p. 623.
T.Iedo St. Lonis \& Kansas City RR.-Issue of Receiver's Cert ficates:- The receiver has issued and sold $\$ 43{ }^{1}, 0 \wedge 05$ per cent certificates, the proceeds of which, together wi h cash on hand, have been used to pay off the old purchase money judgmeats, aggregating, with interest, $\$ 555,0 \wedge 0$. The certificates, which are a lien ahead of the first mortgage bonds, may be paid off by the receiver at any time.-V. 66, p. 84.

Topeka Belt Ry.-Ordered Sold.-Judge Williams at Topeka on Feb. 14 ordered the foreclosure sale of the property. The road is described in the press dispatches as a product of "boom days" and as of little value. S. Barnum is receiver.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co.-Additional Preferred Stock Listed.-The company has listed on the New York Stock Exxchange an additional $\$ 577,000$ of 7 per cent preferred stock, making total listed $\$ 1,712,000$. The proceeds of the new stock and of a new issue of three-year 6 per cent notes for $\$ 50,000$ have been applied to the redemption of the $\$ 1$, 435,00 six per cent guaranteed certificates issued in 1893 An advance statement for the calendar year 1897, with balance sheet, is on a preceding page. - V. 64, p. 704.
United States Leather.-Dividend Increased.-The di rectors have declared a quarterly dividend of $11 / 4$ per cent on the preferred stock, payable April 1. The January dividend was 1 per cent. In 1897 the company paid 4 per cent altogether; in 1896, 1 per cent; in 1895-6. The balance sheet is given on a preceding page.-V. 64, p. 422.

Wilmington \& Chester Traction Co.-Incorporation.This company bas been incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with capital stock of $\$ 2,000,000$ and incorporators as follows Henry C. Moore of Trenton, Henry A. McCarthy of Ridley Park, G. Richard Nichols of Germantown, Clarence Sice of Darley, Penn., and Charles P. Martindale of Camden. The company is presumably a consolidation of the Wilmington City Ry. and the Chester Traction Co. recently purchased by E. W. Clark \& Co. -See V. 66, p. 343.

## The (rommercial Times.

## COMMERCIALEPITOME

friday Night, February 25, 1498.

The uneasiness shown in financial markets over the posibilities of the outcome of the existing relations between Spain and the United States have had very little influence apon general business, though buyers, as a rule, in some departments, have sho Nn a disposition to hold off and await positive developments. The depression in financial circles, as a result of the above mentioned possibilities, and a slight hardening of money rates, have also had an influence adverse to the development of healthy business conditions. Advices received from London stating that the Chinese Government had agreed that the internal highways of China are to be ened to British and other steamers in the course of June next has been received with considerable interest.
Lard on the spot has been in fairly active export demand for Cuba and the United Kingdom ; refiners also have been buyers and prices have advanced, closing at $5 \cdot 45 \mathrm{c}$. for prime Western and $5 \cdot 10 \mathrm{c}$. for prime City. R f fined has had a moderate sale at higher prices, closing at $5 \% 5$ e. for refined for the Continent. Speculation in lard futures at the Western market has been fairly active. Early in the week prices advanced. Subsequently realizing sales and sympathy with the decline in grain resulted in a reaction. The close was steady.
daily closing prices of lakd futures

| Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.55 | 5.60 | H'l'y. | 5.65 | 5.55 | 5.55 |

Pork has had only a jobbing sale, but prices have held steady, closing at $\$ 1075$ for old mess, $\$ 1150 @ \$ 12$ for family and $\$ 1050 @ \$ 1250$ for short clear. Cut meats have been in moderately active demand and prices have advanced slightly, closing at $63 / 861 / 2$ c. for pickled bellies, $12 @ 10$ lbs. average, $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for pickled shoulders and $71 / 2 @ 8$ c. for pickled hams. Beef has been in moderate demand and full prices have been paid, closing at $\$ 9 @ 950$ for mess, $\$ 10 @ \$ 11$ for packet, $\$ 11 @ \$ 1250$ for family and
 at $\$ 2$ a $\$ 24$. Tallow had a moderate sale at steady prices, at $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Lard stearine has advanced to $61 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for City, closat $43 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Lard stearine has advanced to $61 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for City, clos-
ing steady. Cotton-seed oil has been dull and unchanged at 23c. for prime yellow. Butter has been fairly active and steady at 14@20c. for creamery. Cheese has been in fair demand and steady at $61 / 2 @ 9 c$. for State factory, full cream. Fresh eggs have been easier, closing at 15 c . for choice Western.

Brazil grades of coffee have sold slowly; supplies in sellers' hands have been large, but there has been no attempt to orce business, and values have held steady at $63 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for Rio No. 7 on the spot. The mild grades have been in demand for desirable grades, and as offerings have been small prices have advanced to $9 @ 91 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for good Cucuta. East India growths have been quiet but steady at 24c, for standard Java. Spec ulation in the market for contracts has been moderately active, but at lower prices, under selling by local operators, prompted by a continued large movement of the Brazil crop and weaker European advices. The close was steady.
Following are final asking prices : Feb.
March

April. $\qquad$ \begin{tabular}{l|l}
5.50c. \& May. <br>
5.50c. \& June

 $\qquad$ 

$5 \cdot 60 \mathrm{c}$ \& Aug. <br>
$\mathbf{5} \cdot 65 \mathrm{c}$ \& Sept
\end{tabular} Raw sugars have been firm. Refiners have been buyers at $43-16 \mathrm{c}$. for centrifugals $96-\mathrm{deg}$. test and $311-16 \mathrm{c}$. for muscovado 89 deg, test, but have succeeded in obtaining only a limited supply at these figures. Refined sugars have been only moderately active but firm at $51 / 4 @ 53 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for granulated. Teas have been steady. Other staple groceries have been firm.

Kentucky tobacco has been in more active demand for ex port and firm; sales 250 hhde. Seed leaf tobacco has sold slowly and prices have been barely maintained. Sales for the week were 870 cases, as follows: 150 cases 1896 crop New England Havana, 17@35c.; 120 cases 1896 crop New England seed leaf, 22@30c. 100 cases 1893 crop Pennsylvania seed leaf, 12c.; 150 cases 1895 crop Pennsylvania seed leaf, $111 / 1012$.. 100 cases 1895 crop Pennsylvania Havana, $113 / \mathrm{c} .100$ case 1895 crop Zimmers, $15 @ 17 \mathrm{c} .$, and 150 cases sundries, $6 @ 16 \mathrm{c}$. also 350 bales Havana at 60 c . to $\$ 1 \cdot 10$, in bond, and 125 bales Sumatra at 75 c . to $\$ 1 \cdot 75$, in bond.
Straits tin has had a fairly active sale, and in response to stronger foreign advices prices have advanced, closing at $14 \cdot 15 @ 14 \cdot 2$ ic. Ingot copper has been firm. Deliveries on contracts have been large and a moderate volume of new business has been transacted, and prices have advanced to $111 / \mathrm{c}$. for Lake. Lead has weakened slightly, closing at $3.80 @ 3.821$ biticr has been firm but quiet .80@3.821/2c. for domestic. Spelter has been firm but quiet at $4 \cdot 10 @ 4 \cdot 20 c$. for domestic. Pig iron has been mo
Refined petroleum has been fairly active and higher, closing at $5 \cdot 85 \mathrm{c}$. in bble., $3 \cdot 35 \mathrm{c}$. in bulk and 6.50 c . in cases; naphtha quiet at $5 \cdot 50 \mathrm{c}$. Crude certificates have been moderately ac tive and higher, closing at 92c. bid; credit balances have been advanced to 73c. Spirits turpentine has been in more ac tive demand and firmer, closing at 35@35\%c. Rosins have been quiet but steady at $\$ 140(145$ for common and good strained. Wool has been quiet and easier. Hops have been moderately active and steady.

## COTTON.

Friday Night, February 25, 1898.
The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams rom the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 162,474 bales, against $1 \varepsilon 5,133$ bales last week and 200,863 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1897, week, maknes, against $5,940,209$ bales for the same period of 1896-7, showing an increase since Sep. 1,1897 , of $1,419,251$ bales.
Receipts at-

|  | м | Tues | Wed. | Thu | Fri. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,166 | 9,000 | 5,40 | 4,997 | 3,827 | 3,146 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3,403 |  |
| 13,212 | 20,393 | 10,242 | 4,231 | 5,591 | 9,507 | 63,1 |
| 1,814 | 1,867 | 1,657 | 651 | 612 | \% 09 |  |
| 3,430 | 3.416 | 4,070 | 3,363 | 2,715 | 3,293 | 20, |
| ...... |  |  |  |  | 7,984 | 7,9 |
| 221 | 1,552 | 227 | 1,838 | 1,025 | 2,356 |  |
| .... | ...... |  |  |  | 713 |  |
| 426 | 471 |  | 592 | 121 | 228 |  |
|  |  |  | 1.... |  | 32 |  |
| 541 | 480 | 794 | 1,134 | 1,702 | 1,627 |  |
|  | .... |  |  |  | 487 |  |
| 962 | 639 | 721 | 789 | 582 | 648 |  |
| 151 | 1,138 | 425 |  | 470 | 1,900 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,952 |  |
| 171 | 468 |  | 36 | 8 | 987 |  |

Tot. this week $\overline{25,094} \overline{39,424} \overline{23,544} \overline{17,957} \overline{16,683} \overline{39,772} \overline{162,474}$
The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1897, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

| Receipts to$\text { Feb. } 25 .$ | 1897-98. |  | 1896-97. |  | Stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep. } \\ 1,1897 . \end{gathered}$ | This week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep. } \\ \mathbf{1 , 1 8 9 6 .} \end{gathered}$ | 1898. | 1897. |
| Iveston. | 30,544 | 1,73⿱̆,618 | 17,147 | 1,237,792 | 173,9 |  |
| Tex. C., \&e | 3,403 | 78,474 | 2,699 | 92,148 |  | 4,291 |
| New Orleans | 63,176 | 2,226,763 | 30,546 | 1,828,099 | 566,782 | 362,408 |
| Mobile | 7,140 | 315,711 | 5,601 | 256,760 | 45,186 | 22,641 |
| Florida. |  | 95,253 | 35 | 68,726 |  |  |
| Savannah. | 20,287 | 1,044,115 | 13,554 | 745,923 | 90,361 | 68,48 |
| Br'wick, \&c. | 7,984 | 209,257 | 973 | 136,174 | 6,104 | 1,17 |
| Charleston. | 7,219 | 422,904 | 2,840 | 371,198 | 26,912 | 35,6 |
| P.Royal, \&c. | 713 | 61,812 |  | 58,486 |  |  |
| Wilmington. | 1,838 | 299,907 | 582 | 229,041 | 19,868 | 12,55 |
| Wash'n, \&c. | 32 | 1,177 | 8 | 826 |  |  |
| Noriolk | 6,278 | 500,484 | 6,907 | 635,679 | 63,655 | ,41 |
| N'port N., \& | 487 | 14,855 | 198 | 14,736 | ${ }^{963}$ | 10 |
| New York. | 4,341 | 77,533 |  | 42,348 | 203,265 | 264,331 |
| Boston | 4,084 | 153,353 | 1,808 | 138,157 | 48,000 | 21,00 |
| Baltimor | 2,952 | 60,552 | 793 | 53,789 | 31,749 | 18. |
| iladel, \&o. | 1,996 | 61,692 | 70 | 30,327 | 11,456 |  |
| Totals |  | , | 84,39 |  | 8, | , |

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

| Receipts at- | 1898. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894. | 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galves'n, \&c. | 33,947 | 19,846 | 19,546 | 23,977 | 6,794 | 13,467 |
| New Orleans | 63,176 | 30,546 | 26,266 | 45,255 | 21.793 | 28,555 |
| Mobile | 7,140 | 5,601 | 3,220 | 3,472 | 2,084 | 3,015 |
| Savannah | 20,287 | 13,554 | 16,656 | 15,867 | 9,645 | 4,495 |
| Chas'ton, \&c. | 7,932 | 2,841 | 11,336 | 8,961 | 1,822 | 2,100 |
| Wilm'ton, \&e | 1,870 | 590 | 1,453 | 2,002 | 790 | 354 |
| Norfolk. | 6,278 | 6,907 | 9,926 | 7,318 | 5,858 | 3,701 |
| N. News, \&c. | 487 | 198 | 1,361 | 5,756 | 5,252 | 1,390 |
| All others... | 21,357 | 4,312 | 5,895 | 25,332 | 13,820 | 7,964 |
| Tot. this wk. | 162,474 | 84,395 | 95,659 | 137,940 | 67.858 | 65,041 |

The exports for the week ending this evening re ich a total of 148,529 bales, of which 80,612 were to Great Britain, 7,016 to France and 60,2$) 1$ to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for tie week and since Sept. $1,1897$.

| Exports from- | Week Ending Feb. 25, 1893. <br> Exported to- |  |  |  | From Sept. 1, 1897, to Feb. 25, 1898. Exported to- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Brit'n. | France | Continent. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Week. } \end{gathered}$ | Great Britain. | France | Continent. | Total. |
| Galveston | 11,474 | 5,044 | 21,148 | 37,864 | 853,115 | 268,935 | 338,730 | $\overline{1,256,780}$ |
| Tex. City, \&c.. |  |  | 317 | 317 | 4,949 |  | 17,794 | 22,743 |
| New Orleans.. | 33,349 |  | 8,141 | 41,490 | - 21.036 | 316,181 | 488,394 | 1,523,611 |
| Mobile. | 3,636 |  |  | 3,638 | 113,122 |  | 43,708 | 156,830 |
| Pensacola |  |  |  |  | 59,818 |  | 30,882 | 90,700 |
| Savannal | 5,866 |  | 16,616 | 22,482 | 73,798 | 33,517 | 503,136 | 609,475 |
| Brunswic |  |  | \$,100 | 4,100 | 126,456 |  | 53,997 | 180,453 |
| Charleston. | 1,786 |  |  | 1,78e | 83,489 |  | 196,416 | 279,905 |
| Port Royal. |  |  | ..... |  | 45,662 |  | 8,000 | 53,662 |
| Wilmingt |  |  |  |  | 108,556 |  | 180,083 | 268,039 |
| Norfolk. |  |  |  |  | 54,748 |  | 23,427 | 78,173 |
| N'port N., \&c.. |  |  | 205 | 205 | 9,538 | 200 | 719 | 10,487 |
| New Yor | 4.713 | 1,972 | 5,014 | 11,899 | 193,198 | 37,700 | 146,084 | 378,980 |
| Boston | 13,686 |  | 207 | 13,893 | 193,895 |  | 4,525 | 197,220 |
| Baltimore. | 5,538 |  | 2,495 | 8.033 | 65,807 | 2,188 | 77,582 | 145,587 |
| Philadelphia.. | 564 |  |  | 564 | 11,315 |  | 1.350 | 12,685 |
| San Fran., \&ic. | ...... |  | 2,860 | 2,660 | 2,422 |  | 80,393 | 82,814 |
| Total | 80,612 | 7,016 | 6,901 | 148,529 | 2,522,720 | 655,751 | 2,168,253 | 5,343,724 |
| 1 1-tal, 1898-97. | 41889 | 24,801 | 46,811 | 113,494 | 2,538,274 | 554.321 | 1,548,670 | 4639,265 |

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lambert \& Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

| Feb. 25 at | ON SHipboard, not cleared for- |  |  |  |  | Leaving stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britain. | France. | Other Foreign | Ooastwise. | Total. |  |
| New Orlean | 14,209 | 28,955 | 55,303 | 1,046 | 99,513 | 467,269 |
| Galveston...... | 10,027 | 9,947 | 25,571 | 11,354 | 56,899 | 117,008 |
| Savannah...... | None. | None. | 15,000 | -500 | 15,500 | 75,361 |
| Mobile | None. | None. | 7,000 | 1,800 | 8,800 | 18,112 |
| Mobile. | 15,000 | None. | 10,000 | None. | 25,000 | 20,186 |
| orfolk | 5,000 | None. | 5,500 | 18,000 | 28,500 | 35,155 |
| Other port | 9,700 20,000 | $\stackrel{2,000}{\text { None. }}$ | 6,900 20,000 | None. None. | 18,600 40,000 | 184,665 78,140 |
| Total 1898 | 73,936 | 40,902 | 145,274 | 32,700 | 292,812 | 995,896 |
| Total 189 | 43,439 | 16,882 | 70,402 |  |  |  |
| Total 1896 | 57,935 | 8,368 | 62,208 | 14,839 | 143,350 | 685,083 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been only moderately active, and no changes of an important nature have occurred in values. Saturday prices eased off a few points, under limited selling for European account. Monday values again weakened slightly during early 'Change, in response to slightly easier advices from Liverpool and limited selling by local longs, prompted by the depression in financial circles. Subsequently, however, there was some buying to cover contracts over the holiday on Tuesday and the early loss was recovered. Wednesday there was a firmer tone to the market. Liverpool advices came unexpectedly stronger, the result, it was stated, of the more amicable political situation in the Far East, and as they were accompanied by buying orders both from Liverpool and the Continent, local shorts became somewhat nervous and bought to cover contracts. At the advance, however, there was moderate selling by longs to realize profits and part of the improvement was lost, closing with prices 6 to 8 points higher for the day. Thursday there was an unsettled market. Foreign advices were again stronger and Liverpool bought. Southern advices reported firm markets, with a more active demand from exporters, and prices advanced early. The depression in financial circles, however, prompted selling by Wall Street longs who were disposed to liquidate their accounts, and there was also some selling for Western account, and the close showed prices slightly lower for the day. To-day the market was moderately active on buying for foreign account early in the day. Subsequently local operators bought, stimulated by a smaller movement of the crop for the week than expected, and active, and in some instances slightly higher, markets at the South. The close was vers steady with prices 5@7 points higher for the day. The spot marke has been dull and without changes, closing at $61 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for middling uplands
On the basis of the rates on and off middling as established by the Revision Committee, the prices for a few of the grades would be as follows:

 *Includes sa es in septemner, for septamber, 84,900; September318,100; September-December, for December, 1,181,400; SeptemberJanuary, for January, 3,979,600.
The following exchanges have been made during the week: -18 pd. to exch. 2,200 Mch. for Aug. ${ }^{\circ} 06 \mathrm{pd}$. to exch. $2,600 \mathrm{Mch}$. for May. 13 pd . to exch. $1,000 \mathrm{Mch}$. for July. -17 pd. to exch. $12,600 \mathrm{Mch}$ for Aug. -10 pd . to exch. 200 Mch . for J'ne. -15 pd. to exch. 900 Mch . for Sept. Even 40 Feb for Mch
-16 pd . to exch. $4,100 \mathrm{Mch}$ for Aug 14 pd. to exch. 100 Mch . for Sept. 07 pd. to exch. 2.000 Mch for May. $\cdot 15 \mathrm{pd}$. to exch. 300 Mch . for Nov.
$\cdot 11 \mathrm{pd}$, to exch. 500 Mch for June .11 pd to exch. 500 Mch . for June
-14 pd. to exch. 1,0 Mo Moh. for Oct ${ }^{12}$ pd. to exch. 500 Mch . for July 03 pa. to exch. 100 May for June. .03 pd. to exch. 300 June for July: 16 pd. to exch. $1,500 \mathrm{Mch}$. for Aug -12 pd do exch. 700 May for Nov. $\cdot 12$ pd. to exch. 1,000 May for Jan. 03 pd. to exch. 200 July for Aug. 03 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Dec. .09 pd . to exch. 500 Mch . for J'ne.

THE OHRONICLE

The Visible Supply of Cotion to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph is as follows. Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns and consequently all European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the total the complete figures for to night (Feb. 25), we add the item of exports from the United States including in it the exports of Friday only.

 Ftock at Hamburg...
Btock at Bremen.
Btock at Amsterdam
Btock at Rotterdam.
Stock at Antwerp Stock at Antwerp

Stock at Havre. Stock at Marseilies. Stock at Barcelona. Stock at Genoa... |  | 41,000 | 52,000 | 67,000 | 25,000 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 3,000 | 13,000 | 20,000 | 15,000 | Total Continental stocke.. $738,300 \frac{1300}{637,300} \frac{20,000}{826,200} \frac{15,00}{1,064,200}$

 $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Amer.cotton afloatfor Europe } & \mathbf{5 5 2 , 0 0 0} & \mathbf{3 4 5 , 0 0 0} & 343,000 & 421,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { Egypt, Brazil, \&o.,aflt.for E'pe } & 39,000 & 30,000 & 347,000 & 28,000 \\ \text { Stook in United States ports } & 1,288,708 & 930,160 & 828,433 & 989,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Stook in U. S. interior towns.. } & 511,247 & 374,238 & 410,983 & 402,728\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { United States exports to-day- } \quad 22,609 & 2,624 & 24,462 & 19,763\end{array}$ Total visible supply........ $\overline{4,377,864} \overline{3,823,322} \overline{3,784,078} \overline{4,794,719}$
f the above, totals or American and other desoriptions are as follow s: Of the above, totals of American and other desoriptions are as follow s: Liverpoolstock.
.bales. 1 $\begin{array}{rrrrr}. . & 7,000 & 20,000 & 26,000 & 27,000 \\ . . & 322,000 & 230,000 & 297,000 & 357,000 \\ . . & 3,000 & 6,000 & 9,000 & 17,000 \\ . & 300 & 300 & 200 & 200 \\ & 7,000 & 11,000 & 16,000 & 12,000\end{array}$ ............ 12,000
5,000

5,000 87,000 0 Oontinental stocks................ $1,051,0001,223,000 \quad 960,0001,666,000$ | American afloat for Europe.. | 705,000 | 552,000 | 345,000 | 733,000 | 975,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { United States stock............ } & 1,288,703 & 930,160 & 828,433 & 989,028 \\ \text { United States interior stocks. } & 511,247 & 374,238 & 410,983 & 409778\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { United States exports to-day. } & 22,609 & 2,624 & 24,462 & 19,763\end{array}$

Total American.
Last Indian, Brazil, occ.London stock stock... Oontinental stoc... India afloat for Eurone......... Egypt, Brazil, \&c., affoat. Total East India, \&o Total East India, \&c... Total Visible supply Middling Upland, Liverpool. Middling Upland, New York Egypt Good Brown, Liverpoo Peruv.Rough Good, Liverpool Broach Fine, Liverpool.......
$\begin{array}{ccccc}4,130,561 & 3,455,022 & 3,299,878 & 4,473,519 \\ 128,000 & 180,000 & 190,000 & 148,000\end{array}$

The ports past week 99,000 bales. ne above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight of 1897, a gain of 593,786 bales over the corresponding date of 1896 and a decrease of 416,855 bales from 1885.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement-that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1896-9\%-is set out in detail below.

|  |  | H 0 4 4 x 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { er } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ i 0 \\ 0 \\ y \end{array}$ |  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \vec{W} \\ & 0 \\ & \omega \\ & \omega \\ & \omega \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{心} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $$ | - <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
|  |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bu ux } \\ & \text { Cixit } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4} \\ 0 \\ \stackrel{1}{7} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{5}$ <br> io er N NNN <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { elt } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| c |  <br>  <br>  |  |

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 29,521 bales, and are to-night 187,009 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 54,496 bales more than the same week last year, and since Sept. 1 they are 1,277,797 bales more than for the same time in 1896-97.
Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets, Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern a ad other principal cotton markets for each day of the week

```
Week endin
```

Galveston.
New Orlean
Mobile.
Savanna Savannah.
Charlesto Charleston.
Wilmington Norfolk. Boston... Philadelphi Augusta.. St. Louis. Houston. Cincinnati Louisville...

| Eatur. | Mon. | Tиез. | Wednes. | Thurs. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5!316$ | 51318 |  | $5_{59}^{78}$ | $5_{59}^{7}$ | $57_{8}$ |
|  | 512 $5{ }^{5} 8$ | ! |  | 59818 | - ${ }_{51}^{59}{ }^{16}$ |
| $5{ }^{5}$ | $5^{55}$ |  | ${ }^{515}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | ${ }_{511} 18$ | $5{ }^{5}$ |
| $5{ }^{5}$ | $5{ }^{58}$ |  | $55_{8}$ | $511{ }_{18}$ | $51^{\frac{1}{1}} 10$ |
| $5{ }^{5} 8$ | 558 |  | $5{ }^{5}$ | $5{ }^{5}$ | $53^{16}$ |
| 578 | 578 | జ | 578 | 578 | 578 |
| $6{ }^{14}$ | $6{ }^{4}$ | \% | $6{ }_{4}$ | $61_{4}$ |  |
| 6 | 6 | - | $6^{18}$ | $6^{18}$ | $6^{18}$ |
| $6_{12}$ | $6^{612}$ | 4 | $6_{6}{ }^{1}$ | $6^{12}$ |  |
| ${ }_{5}^{515}{ }_{16}$ |  |  | ${ }^{6} 11$ | 6 | ${ }^{61} 16$ |
| $55_{8}$ $55_{8}$ 5 | 5 ${ }^{5} 8$ $5{ }_{8}$ 58 |  | ${ }_{5}^{511} 16$ | ${ }_{511}^{118}$ | $511{ }^{16}$ |
| $55_{8}$ 5 5 |  |  |  | ${ }_{578}^{1116}$ | ${ }_{5}^{511}{ }_{8}^{116}$ |
| ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }_{53}{ }^{516}$ |  | $5_{4}{ }^{16}$ |  | 5\% |
| 578 | $5{ }^{5}$ | , | $5{ }^{5}$ | $55_{8}$ | $5{ }^{4}$ | Southern markets were as follows

 Atlanta... …...... ${ }_{6}{ }^{16}$ Eufaula.an.

olumbus. Ga. 558 Montgomery... $513_{16} \mid$ Shreveport...... $55_{18}$
RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS. -The following table indicates theactual movement each week from the plantations, The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which flasliy reaches the market through the outports.

Ending-
 $\overline{233,940} \overline{130,160} \overline{112,395} \overline{602,828} \overline{502,917} \overline{533,688} \overline{213,211} \overline{100,958}-\frac{13,475}{}$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}208,710 & 138,302 & 122,902 & 580.970 & 471,188 & 505,878 & 196,852 & 108,571 & 95,092\end{array}$

 | 200.886 | 119,423 | 106,446 | 558,555 | 429,094 | 458,279 | 190,170 | 104,117 | 85,582 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 Tho from the plantations since Sept. 1, 1897, are 7, 825. 631 bales; in 1896.97 were $6,193,853$ bales; in $1895-96$ were $4,838,494$ bales.
2.- That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 162,474 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 132.953 bales, the balance bein taken from stocks at interior towns. Last year receipts fron the plantations for bhe week were 56,728 bales and for 1896 they were 68,155 bales.
OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINOE SEPT. 1.We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week ending Feb. 25 and since Sopt. 1 in the last two years are as follows.

| February 25. | 1897-98. |  | 1896-97. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Sept. 1. | Week. | Since Sept. 1. |
| 8hipped- |  |  |  |  |
| Via St. Louls. | 18,230 | 698,834 | 8,139 | 427,116 |
| Via Cairo. | 10,399 | 286,824 | 8,082 | 231,061 |
| Via Parker | 1,008 | 23,611 | 923 | 13,407 |
| Via Rock Isla | 638 | 40,288 | 113 | 12,648 |
| Via Louisville. | 2,668 | 93,323 | 2,526 | 113,764 |
| Via Cincinnati | 6,603 | 100,445 | 4,243 | 109,639 |
| Via other routes, | 4,277 | 119,387 | 1,876 | 83,975 |
| Total gross overla | 43,823 | 1,362,712 | 25,902 | 996,610 |
| Deduct shipments- |  |  |  |  |
| Overland to N. Y., Boston, \&C. Between interior towns. | 13,373 226 | 353,130 20,673 | 3,304 49 | 264,621 3,231 |
| Between interior towns.......... <br> [nland, \&c., from South.......... | 856 | 27,538 | 49 669 | 25,877 |
| Total to be deducted | 14,455 | 401,341 | 4,022 | 293,729 |
| Leaving total net overland*.. | 29,368 | 961,371 | 21,880 | 702,881 |

* Includi

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 29,368 bales, against 21,880 bales for the week in 1897, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an increase over a year ago of 258,490 bales.

In Sight and Spinners Takings.

Receipts at ports to Feb. 25.... Get overland to Feb. 25............. 25

Total marketed
interior stocks in exeess.........................
Caine into sight during week
Total in sight Feb. 25..........
North'n spinnerstak'gs to Feb.25 $\overline{33,214} \overline{1,691,403} \overline{39,443} \overline{1,286,182}$
Decrease during week
It will be seen by the above that there has come into sight during the week 184,321 bales, against 98,608 bales for the same week of 1897, and that the increase in amount in sigk $t$ to-night as compared with last year is $1,935,268$ bales,

Weather Reports by Telegraph.-Reports to us by telegraph this evening indicate that rain has fallen in most districts of the South during the week, but that in general the preeipitation has been light. The temperature has been lower. In Texas farm work has been retarded in western and southwestern sections by cold weather. The preparation of land has been commenced in portions of other States
Galveston, Texas.-Cold weather has retarded farm work over West and Southwest Texas. We have had rain on two flays during the week, the precipitation reaching seventythree hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 41 to 69, averaging 55 .
Palestine, Texas.-We have had rain on one day during the past week, the rainfall being twenty-four hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 50, highest 70 and lowest 30
Corpus Christi, Texas.-There has been light rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest being 72 and the lowest 44.
San Antonio, Texas.-There has been no rain during the week. Minimum thermometer 34.
New Orleans, Louisiana. - We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall being sixty-four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 56 .
Shreveport, Louisiana.-There has been rain on two days of the past week, the precipitation reaching thirty-five hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 50, highest 69 and lowest 31 .
Columbus, Mississippi.-We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 51 , the highest being 70 and the lowest 28
Leland, Mississippi.-Te'egram not received.
Greenville, Mississippi. -The weather has been clear and pleasant all of the past week.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.-Rain has fallen on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching seventeen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 70, averaging 52.
Little Rock, Arkansas - It has rained on one day of the Week, the rainfall reaching nineteen hundredths of an inch.
The thermometer has averaged 44, ranging from 25 to 66.
Helena, Arkansas, - There has been light rain on one day of the week, the precipitation being eleven hundredths of an inch. Ploughing and picking of cotton are in progress. Trees are budding. The thermometer has ranged from 25 t) 61 , averaging 42.
Mobile, Alabama.-Planting preparations have made some progress. A considerable decrease in the use of fertilizers is indicated. We have had rain on three days of the week, the precipitation reaching fifty-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 52 , ranging from 31 to 68 .
Memphis, Tennessee.-Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of one hundredth of an inch. Average thermometer $43 \cdot 6$, highest $62 \cdot 7$ and lowest 28 .
Montgomery, Alabama.-There has been rain on three days of the week, the precipitation being thirty-one hundredths of an inch. The weather has been clear since Wednesday and farmers are actively preparing lands. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 62 , averaging 46
Selma, Alabama.-Rain has fallen on two days of the week, to the extent of ninety hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 49, highest 66 and lowest 31 .

Madison, Florida-Telegram not received.
Savannah, Georgia.-It has rained on three days of the week, to the extent of seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 29 to 76, averaging 53.
Augusta, Georgia.-There has been rain on one day of the past week, the precipitation reaching forty hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 48, highest 69 and lowest $2 \%$.
Stateburg, south Carolina. - We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation being eighty four hundredths of an inch. Hail on Sunday. The thermometer has averaged $46 \%$, ranging from 26 to 67 .

Charleston, South Carolina.-There has been rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching eleven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 52 , the highest being 69 and the lowest 32.
Greenwood, South Carolina.-There has been rain on one day of the week, the precipitation being seventeen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 51 , averaging 41.

Wilson, North Carolina.-Rain has fallen on two days of the week, to the extent of fiftysix hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 44, highest 56, lowest 24.
The rollowing statement we nave also recelved by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock February 24, 1898. and February 25, 1897.


JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, \&C.-The market for jute bagging has been very quiet during the week under review, very little demand having materialized. The close is at $4 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{c}$. for $13 / 4$ lbs., 5 c . for 2 lbs. and $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for $21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}$. The m rrket for jute butts has also been quiet. Quotations are 80c. for paper quality, $11 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for mixing and $11 / 2 @ 15 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for spinning cuttings, to arrive.

India Cotion Movement from all Ports.-The receipts of cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week ending Feb. 24, and for the season from Sept. 1 to Feb. 24 for three years have been as follows:

| Receipts at- | 1897-98. |  |  |  |  | 1896-97. |  |  | 1895-96. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Wee |  | $\underset{\text { Sex }}{\text { Si }}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sin } \\ & \text { Sep } \end{aligned}$ |  | Week. | Since Sept. 1. |
| Bom |  | 61, |  | 52 |  |  |  | 678,0 |  | 69,0 | 1,036 |
| Exports from- | For the Week. |  |  |  |  |  | Since September 1. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Great <br> Britain. |  | Oontinent. |  | Total |  | GreatBritain. |  | Continent. |  | Total. |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Bombay- } \\ 1897.98 . \\ 1896-97 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \ldots \ldots . . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ 13,000 \\ 43,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000 \\ 13,000 \\ 43,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ 7,000 \\ 24,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 82,000 \\ 194,000 \\ 300,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 84,000 \\ 201,000 \\ 324,000 \end{array}$ |
| Calcutta- $1887-98$. $1896-97 .$. $1895-96$ | ...... |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,000 \\ & 4,000 \\ & 3,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,000 \\ 19,000 \\ 13,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11,000 \\ & 23,000 \\ & 16,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Madras- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1897-98.. | ....... |  |  |  | i,o... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ 9,000 \\ 18,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 5,000 } \\ 17,000 \\ 13,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8,000 \\ 26,000 \\ 31,000 \end{array}$ |
| All ${ }^{1895-96}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1897-98.. |  |  |  |  | $1,000$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,000 \\ 13,000 \\ 20,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 23,000 \\ & 41,000 \\ & 30,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32,000 \\ & 54,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1896-97.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Total all- } \\ 1897-98 . \\ 1896.97 \\ 1895-96 . . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ \begin{array}{r} 23,000 \\ 44,000 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000 \\ 13,000 \\ \mathbf{4 5 , 0 0 0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15,000 \\ & 33,000 \\ & 65.000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 120,000 \\ & 271,000 \\ & 356,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 135,000 \\ & 304,000 \\ & 421,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

According to the foregoing Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 11,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record a loss of 10,000 bales during the week, and since September 1 show a decrease of 169.000 bales.
Alexandria Receipts and Shipments of Cotton. Through arrangements we made with Messrs. Davis, Benachi \& Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekyl cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

| 4.6exandria, Eqypt, February 23. | 1897-98. |  | 1896-97. |  | 1895-96. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts (oantars*)..... This week............ Since Sept. | $\begin{array}{r} 185.000 \\ \mathbf{5 , 5 9 4}, 000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 120,000 \\ 4,976,000 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 85,000 \\ \mathbf{4 , 7 6 6 , 0 0 0} \end{array}$ |  |
|  | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. 1. } \end{aligned}$ | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | This week. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{array}$ |
| Exxports (bales) - <br> To Liverpool <br> To Continent $\qquad$ | 4,000 7,000 | 245,000 244,000 | 10,000 | 250,000 | 5,000 | 267,000 |
| To Continenti....... | 7,000 | 244,00 | 11,000 | 222,000 | 9,000 | 220,000 |
| Total Europe.... | 11,000 | 489,000 | 21,000 | 472,000 | 14,000 | 487,000 | tor which to 4 merioa in 1897-98, 30,792 bales; in 1896-97, 31,130 bales: in 1895-96, 42,641 bales.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Feb. 23 were 185,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe 11,000 bales.
Bea island Cotton Movement. - We have received this (Friday) evening by telegraph from the various ports the details of the Sea Island cotton movement for the week, The receipts for the week ending to-night (Feb. 25) and since Sept. 1, 1897, the stocks to-night, and the same items for the cor responding periods of 1896.97, are as follows.

| Receipts to Feb. 25 | 1897-98. |  | 1896-97. |  | stock |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | Since sept. 1. | This veek. | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{array}\right\|$ | 1898 | 1897. |
| Savannah Oharleston, \&o $\qquad$ | 309 15 | 55,271 | 734 | 80,022 10,161 | 16988 3,977 | $\stackrel{18}{18,293}$ |
| Elorida, \&o................. | 105 | 6,331 | 35 | 6,435 | 1,576 | 4,290 |
| Total................... | 429 | 71,173 | 774 | 96,618 | 22,541 | 26,317 |

' heaxports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 2,832 bales, of which 2,780 bales were to Great Britain, 50 to France and - to Reval, and the amount forwarded to Vorthern mills has been 1,272 bales. Below are the exports for the week and tince Sepienber I in $1897-98$ and $1896-97$

| Exports from- | Week Ending Feb. 25. |  |  | Since Sept. 1, 1897. |  |  | North'n Mu $\mathrm{s}_{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Brit' $n$. | Fr'nce \&c. | Total. | Great Brit'n. | Nr'nce dic. | Total. | Week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| Savannah. | 2,053 |  | 2,053 | 12,205 | 3,234 | 15,439 | 1,167 | 18,573 |
| Uharl't'n, \&c | 309 | --...- | 309 | 4,529 1,725 | ......- | 4,529 1,725 |  | 1,243 6,131 |
| Florida, \&o. | 204 | 52 | 260 | 1,725 4,889 | 3,028 | 1,725 | 105 | 6,131 |
| Roston. | 210 |  | 210 | -252 |  | - 262 |  |  |
| Balt., \& 0. |  |  |  |  | 200 | 200 |  |  |
| Total | 2,780 |  | 832 | 23,610 | 6,462 | 30,072 | 1,272 | 25,947 |
| Total 1896-7 | 1,165 | 70 | 1,235 | 34.696 | 8,131 | 42,827 | $72$ | 30,446 |

A considerable portion of the Sea Island cotton shipper to foreign ports goes via New York, and some small amountr via Boston and Baltimore. Instead of including this cotton for the week in which it leaves the Southern outports, we follow the same plan as in our regular table of including it when a-tually exported from New York, \&c. The details of the shipments of Sea Island cotton for the week will be found under the head "Shipping News," on a subsequent page.

Quotations Feb. 25 at Savannah, for Floridas, common, $91 / 2 \mathrm{c} . ;$ medium fine, 10 c .; choice, $131 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Charleston, Carolinas. medium fine, $151 / 2$ to 16 c . ; fine, 17 c .; fully fine, 19 to 20 c.; extra fine, 26 to 33 c .

Manchester Market.-Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is firm for yarns and shirtings, in consequence of Liverpool news. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison.

|  | 1898. |  |  | 1897. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 82s Oop. Twist. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 14 \text { lbs. Shirt } \\ \text { ings, common } \\ \text { to finest. } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { ott? } \\ \text { Mid. } \\ \text { Uplds } \end{array} \end{aligned}\right.$ | 328 Oop. Twist. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 814 \text { lbs. Shirt- } \\ \text { ings, common } \\ \text { to finest. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sigma_{\text {ott }}{ }^{2} \\ & \text { Mid. } \\ & \text { Upld } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{Jn} \cdot{ }_{2}^{2}$ | ${ }^{d .} d .$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \overline{d .} \\ 33_{18} \\ 37_{18} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{llll} \hline \text { s. } & \text { d. } & \text { s. } & \text { d } \\ 4 & 1 & 06 & 7 \\ 4 & 1 & \theta_{6} & 7 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4102}$ |
|  |  | 1  <br> 1 $\pm 6$ <br> $17^{1}$  <br> 1  | ${ }_{37}{ }^{3} 7_{32}$ | ${ }^{64}{ }^{6}{ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{18}$ |     <br> 4 1 ar  <br> 4 1 7  <br>  7 7  | ${ }_{3132}^{332}$ |
|  | 534 $\mathrm{al}^{3}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 4 & 0 L_{2} 06 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{32}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 311 \\ & 37, \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll} 4 & 0 & 06 \\ 4 & 5_{2} \\ 01_{8} \\ \infty 6 & 6 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |

Shipping News.-As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 148,539 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:
Hew York-To Liverpool, per steamer Tauric, 2,537 upland and 208 Sea Island
To London, per steamer Colorado, 1,668.
To Havre, per steamers La Normandie, 780 upland and 5
Sea Island...Liv, 1,140 upland and 47 Sea Island.
To Bremen, per steamer Karlsruhe, 2.264
To Hamburg, per steamer Arabia, 662
To Christiana, per steamer Island, 100
To Oporto, per steamer Dona Maria, 500
To Genoa, per steamer Fulda, 488
NEW URLEANS -To Liverpool-Feb. 19-Steamers Costa Rican, 4,000; Magician, 9,161....Feb. 21-Steamers Marino, ,Ma;chester, $5,626 \ldots$. .Feb. 25-Steamer Governor, 5,300 To Belfast-Feb. 25-Steamer Imshowen Head, 700
To Hamburg-Feb. 19-Steamer Rhaetia, 3,774....
To Antwerp-Feb. 21 -Steamer wiliam Anning, 100
To Genoa- Feb. 21-Steamer Alesia, 1,336 .
GALVESTON-To Liverpool-Feb. 17-Steamer Gienioig, 4,604

To Bremen-Feb. 21-Steamer Kairos, 4.458 .....Feb. 23 -
To Rotterdam-Feb. 18-Steamers Headlands, iōi; Lance lot, 434
To Antwerp-Feb 19 -Steamer Curytiba. 517

MAVANNAH-To Livierpool-Feb. 21-Steamer Ardrishaig, 3,813
upland and $2.053^{\circ} \mathrm{ea}$ Island.
To Bremen-Feb. 18 -Steamer Oiaf K Jrre, 4.2io.............
To Barcelona-Feb. 19-Steamer Sir Walter Raleigh, 3,450
To Genoa - Feb. 19 -Steamer Sir Walter Raieich, 1,700
 Newport News 309 sea Island.
Newport News-To Antwerp-Feb. 23 -Steamer St. Enoch,
Boston-To Liverpool-Feb. 15-Steamer Victorian. $8.364 .$.
Fsland.... Feb. 18-Steamer Canada, 2,402....Feb. 21-
Steamer Kansas. 807 -..................................................
Baltimore-To Liverpool-Feb. 16-Steamer Sedgemore, 1,519
To Bremen-Feb. 23 -Steamer Roland.
Philadelphia-To Liverpool-Feb. 18-Steamer Rhynland. 56 gan Francisco-To Japan-Feb. $2 \dot{2}$-Steamer Gaelic, $1,850 \ldots .$.
TACOMA-To Japan-Feb. 19-Steamer Columbia, $810 \ldots . . .$.

Total
Note.-In last week's exports from Galveston steamer to Rotterdam should have been Glen rech, not Glenloig. Ludgate from Mobile took per steamer Indrani. Steamer from Savannah to Genoa and Trieste fhould have been Istok, not Ilia.
The particulars of the foregoing shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows.

Great French Ger- Oth. $\mathrm{F}^{\prime}$ rope-Mexico
Now York Galveston. Tex.C., \&c Mobile...... Brunswick Charleston W'p't News Boston.... Baltimore. Philadelp'a San Fran
Tacoma 13,686 ,564 ……. 2,495 2acoma $\qquad$ 80,612 -
To Japan since September 1 shipments have been 77,183 woales from Pacific Coast, 7,100 bales from Pensacola, 3,800 bales from Mobile and 15,243 bales from New York.
Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, \&c.
Miguel M. Pinillos, steamer (Span.) Six thousand bales of cotton stored in the warehouse at Genoa, took fire Feb. 19, by spontafrom New Orleans, by the Spanish steamer Miguel M. Pinillos, and 1,000 bales from Savannah by the British steamer Buakingham, which arrived Jan. 16. Between 1,500 and 2,000 bales were destroyed and the remainder more or less damaged.

Cotton freights at New York the past week have been as follows.

|  | Satur. | Mon. | Tues. | Wednes. | Thurs. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liverpool, asked.d. | $26+$ | $26+$ |  | 261 | $26 \dagger$ | $26+$ |
| Havre............c. | 30 ®32 $\dagger$ | 30 ®321 |  | 30®321 | 30 ®32t | 30®321 |
| Bremen .........d. | $32+$ | $32+$ |  | 321 | 32 | $32 \dagger$ |
| Hamburg . . . . . . $\mathrm{d}^{\text {d }}$. | $30+$ | $30^{+}$ |  | $30 \dagger$ | 301 | $30 \dagger$ |
| Amsterdam......c. | $30+$ | 301 | \% | $30+$ | 30. | $30+$ |
| Reval, v. Hamb.d. | 46 + | $46 i$ |  | $46 \cdot$ | 461 | $46 \dagger$ |
| Do v. Hull... $d$. | $40 \dagger$ | 401 | \% | $40 \dagger$ | 401 | $40 \dagger$ |
| Rotterdam ......d. | $30+$ | $30+$ | \% | $30+$ | $30+$ | $30+$ |
| Genoa ...........d. | 401 | 40t |  | 40 $\dagger$ | 401 | $40 \dagger$ |
| Trieste........... $d$. | ${ }^{13} 64$ | $18_{64}$ |  | $13_{64}$ | $13_{64}$ | ${ }^{13}{ }_{64}$ |
| Antwerp........d. | 18 | 18 |  | 18 | ${ }_{88}$ | ${ }_{88}$ |
| Ghent,v.Antw'p.d. | $5^{22}$ | $5_{3}{ }^{9}$ | ! | $5_{32}$ | $5_{33}$ | ${ }^{5} 3$ |

$\dagger$ Cents net per 100 lbs . from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales. stocks, \&c., at that port.

|  |  |  | Feb. 4. | Feb. 11. | Feb. 18. | Feb. 25. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales of | erz |  | 65,000 | 81,000 | 56,000 | 0 |
| Of which | Pe |  | 2,600 | 5,600 | 3,500 |  |
| Ot Which | ec |  | 1,400 60,000 | 2,100 71,000 | 52,000 | 56,000 |
| Actua expo |  |  | 10,000 | 5,000 | 7,000 | 4,000 |
| Forwarded. |  |  | 75,000 $1,050,000$ | 80,000 $1,140,000$ | 1,168,000 | 69,000 $1,179,000$ |
| Of which A | merican- | Estm; ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 928,000 1 | 1,140,000 | 1,1643,000 | 1,179,000 |
| Total import | of the |  | 121,000 | 175,000 | 109,000 | 83,000 |
| Ot which A | merica |  | 113,000 | 156,000 | 96,000 | 72,000 |
| Amount atto | at...ic |  | 299,000 297,000 | 256,000 | 244,000 | 242,000 240,000 |
| he tone | of the | erpoo | 1 mark | et for | ots and | future |
| each day prices of | the t cott | $k$ end | ling Feb. | 25 and | be daily | closing |
| spot. | Sat'day. | Monday. | Tuesday. | . Wed'day. | Thursd'y | Friday. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Market, } \\ 1: 45 \text { P. м. }\} \end{array}\right\}$ | Quiet but steady. | In buyers' favor. | Firmer. | Good business doing. | Fair business doing. | Firm. |
| Mid. Upl'ds. | ${ }^{311_{32}}$ | $3^{311} 32$ | ${ }^{311} 32$ | ${ }^{313} 32$ | $3^{37}{ }_{16}$ | $3^{77}{ }_{16}$ |
| Sales. <br> spec. \& exp. | 7,000 500 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 500 \end{array}$ |
| Futures. Market, 1:45 Р. м. | Quiet. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Quiet at } \\ & \text { partially } \\ & \text { 1-64 dec. } \end{aligned}$ | Steady. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Seard at at } \\ \text { partially } \\ 1-64 \text { adv. } \end{gathered}$ | Steady at 1-64 de- cline. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Steady at at } \\ \text { partially } \\ \text { 1-64 dec. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Market, <br> 4. P. M. | Barely steady. | Quiet and steady | Steady. | Barely steady. | Quiet but steady. | asy |

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } 19 \text { to } \\ & \text { Feb. } 25 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: |
| February Feb.-Mch. |
|  |  |
|  |
| April-May... |
| June-July... |
|  |  |
|  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept.-Oct..... } \\ & \text { Oct.- Nov.... } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |
|  |
|  |

## BREADSTUFFS

Friday, February 25. 1898.
Early in the week, reflecting an advance in the prices for the grain, there was a firmer market for wheat floar, mills advancing their limits. Only a limited volume of business, however, was transacted, as buyers were slow to pay the advances asked, Subsequently the market for the grain turned easier, but sellers of flour did not weaken in their ideas of values, with the result that business was checked materially, buyers limiting their purchases to such supplies as were needed to meet immediate requirements. Rye flour has been quiet but steady. Buckwheat flour has had only a small jobbing sale, but values have been maintained. Corn meal has had a moderate sale at steady prices.
There has been a fairly active speculation in the market for wheat futures. During the first half of the week thetendency of prices, particularly for this crop deliveries, was to wards a higher basis. There was fairly active buying for foreign account. Cable advices came stronger, and this stimulated a demand from shorts to cover contracts, on which prices scored a fairly sharp advance. Thursday, how ever, there was a reaction in prices, the improvement early in the week being more than lost under free selling by longs
realize profits, prompted by a weaker turn
European advices. The depression in financial circles and the uneasiness over the political situation were depressing features, as was also the fact that the visible supply of wheat and the amount on passage to Europe is much larger than when prices were considerably lower than those now ruling. Favorable crop prospects were also sighted as a factor against higher values. To-day the market was firmer early in the day on buying by shorts to cover con-
tracts. Toward the close, however, there was increased pres sure to sell and prices declined, closing slightly lower for the day. The export business for the week has been only moderately active. The export sales to-day here and at out ports were 80,000 bushels, including No. 1 hard Manitoba at $110 \% / 8$ f. o. b. afloat.

## daily closing prices of no. 2 Red winter wheat.

March delivery.
May delivery

There has been only a limited speculation in the market for Indian corn futures. Immediately following our last report there was a fairly sharp advance in prices, in sympathy with a rise in wheat values and on a continued good export demand and stronger foreign advicss. Subsequently, however, there developed an easier tone and prices have gradually weakened, more than losing the advance, under moderate selling, prompted by a large increase in the visible supply and a heavy movement of the crop. To-day the market was quiet and the close was slightly lower with wheat. Exporters have been active buyers. Their purchases to day here and at outports were 300,000 bushels, including No. 2 mixed at $361 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. f. o. b. afloat.

## daili closing prices of no. 2 mixed corn.

May delivery.
July delivery $\begin{array}{ccccc}\text { Sat. } & \text { Mon. } & \text { Tues. } & \text { Wed. } & \text { Thurs. } \\ 3618 & 357_{8} & \text { Holi- } & 3558 & 347{ }^{2}\end{array}$ oet ther future delivery have been quiet. Early in the rise in whe was an advance in prices, in sympathy with a shorts to cover contracts ; then followed a gradual reaction under increased offerings, largely by longs to realize profits, prompted by a fairly full movement of the crop. The export business has been fairly active and has held the reaction in values in check to a limited extent: Today the market was quiet but steady. The export business for the week has been moderately large, although to day exporters were out of the market. No. 2 mixed in elevator was quoted at $311 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. and No. 2 white in elevator at $321 / 2$ c.
daily closing prices of no. 2 mixed oats.
 Rye and barley have had only a limited sale, and during he latter part of the week prices weakened slightly.
The following are closing quotations:

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Patent, winter..... $\$ 500$ ©5 25 |
|  | City mills, extras.. 560 a 80 |
|  | Rye flour, superfine 275 D3 15 |
| Clears ................ 420 ¢ 450 | Buckwheat flour... 125 al 35 |
| Btraights.............. 445 @5 25 | Wester |
| Patent, Spring..... 525 ه6 05 | Brandywine |
| [Wheat flour in sacks sells at price | below those for barrels.] |
|  | ATN. |
| Wheat ${ }^{\text {c }}$ c. | Corn, per bush- $\quad$ - |
| Hard Duluth, No. 1.110 a $1107_{8}$ | Western mixed........3414 ${ }^{1} 0388^{3}$ |
| Red Winter, No. $2 . .105$ a 10678 | No. 2 mixed............345 ${ }^{5}$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {a }} 383_{8}$ |
| Hard Man., No. 1..109 11078 | Western Yellow........3512030373 |
|  | Western White........3512 ${ }_{2} \varnothing 373_{4}{ }^{\text {Rye- }}$ |
| White .............. 32 a 37 | Western, per bush.... 58 a59 |
| No. 2 mixed........ 311 $1_{2}$ ( $321_{2}$ | State and Jersey....... 54 a58 |
| No. 2 white.......... $32^{1_{2}}$ ( $33^{1_{2}}$ | Barley-Westeru ......... 45 D54 |

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday, P. M., Feb. 25, 1898.
The observance of the holiday on Tuesday made a break in the week's business at first hands, which affected total results and prevented the aggregate sales reaching quite as large a total as last week. Tht market has in fact ruled quieter all around, so far as spot business is concerned. It is, however, generally expected that buying will be indulged in on a more liberal scale shortly, as local jobbers are more active than at any time since the opening of the spring season, and reports show that jobbing business is good in other distributing centres, and a good supplementary call for seasonable supplies ought to be the result of this. In the absence of any new feature of own so far as prices go. Agents are well situated as regards stocks of most descriptions of staple and fancy goods, and do not deem it necessary to press sales, whilst the quieter demand has prevented any development of recent firmer tendency, except in the matter of wide sheetings, the production of which is peculiarly affected by the prevailing strikes. The market for raw cotton has again cut but little figure, and up to the present time the "war scare" has not made itself felt as a market influence. Business in the woolen goods division has again been quiet, and the situation has been slightly disturbed by the failure of Sawyer, Manning \& Co. and the mills at Winooski, Vt., for which they were agents.
Woolen Goods.-There has been only a quiet busiress reported in heavy-weight woolens and worsteds for men's wear, and the general situation hardly bears as promising an appearance as it did several weeks ago. Some agents, having failed to sell up to expectations, are easier to deal with and this encourages buyers to seek concessions in other quarters. The heavy failures referred to above have also been a disturbing element. The chief feature in spring business
taken altogether the week's developments have not been of a favorable character. Both overcoatings and cloakings have been dull, but prices remain unchanged. Low-grade dress goods for fall have sold well at opening prices and the demand for fancies is expanding. Flannels in fair demand and blankets quiet at firm prices.
Domestic Cotton Goods.-The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Feb. 21 were ${ }^{7,392}$ packages, valued at $\$ 276,020$, their destination being to the points specified in the tables below:

| New York to Feb, 21. | 1898. |  | 1897. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan. 1. | Week. | Since Jan. 1 |
| Great Britain... | 52 | 622 |  |  |
| Other European | 1.15 | 150 | 240 20 | 591 |
| India. | 1,961 403 | 17,344 4,215 | 2,101 | 17,695 |
| Arabia | 1,838 | 4,215 4,238 | 1,564 | +574 |
| Africa | 1,544 | 5,210 | 1,564 | 4,761 |
| West Indies | 203 | 2,137 | 207 | 1,761 |
| Mexico. | 109 | -583 | 139 | 2,814 |
| Central America | 88 | 767 | 173 | 1,118 |
| South America. | 642 | 6,790 | 236 | 9,553 |
| Other Countries | 537 | 1,392 | 257 | -732 |
| Total................... | 7,392 | 43,448 | 5,517 | 39,994 |
| China, via Vancouver*.... |  | 100 |  | 7,950 |
| Total. | 7,392 | 43,548 | 5,517 | 47,944 |

From New singland mill points direct.
The value of the New York exports for the year to date has been $\$ 1,562,015$ in 1898 against $\$ 1,621,655$ in 1897.
Neither the home nor foreign demand for heavy-weight sheetings and drills has been of a pressing character this week and business has been moderate. Prices are, however, firm. In light-weight brown goods sellers have proved rather easier to deal with. Brown osnaburgs and ducks also quieter The demand for bleached cottons has been steady and of fair. extent, at previous prices, which are firmly held for by sellers. Wide sheetings are getting quite scarce and are occasionally about ten per cent higher. Cotton flannels and blankets are dull and unchanged. Coarse colored cottons have been in moderate demand throughout, but the market has ruled steady. Kid-finished cambrics firm but quiet. Reorders for fancy calicoes fair, and a steady business doing in more staple lines at previous prices. Wide and sheer specialties in good supplementary demand. Ginghams are firm throughout and in very fair request. Regular print cloths have ruled iaactive but firm. Odd goods in moderate request and slightly easier

Foreign Dry Goods. - The new lines of dress goods for fall are more freely shown by importers, and in some quarters fair orders have been taken. Silks are in fair demand also. Linens quiet. Ribbons and laces and hosiery and underwear also quiet, but prices maintained.
Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals or Dry Goond The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Feb. 24, 1898, and since January 1, 1898, and for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows :


## State and City Depaftmint.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION,

The Investors' Supplement will be furnished without extra charge to every annual subscriber of the COMMERCIAL and Financial Chronicle.
The State and City Supplement will also be furnished without extra charge to every subscriber of the CHRONICLE.

The Street Railway Supplement will likewise be furnished without extra charge to every subscriber of the Chronicle.
The Quotation Supplement, issued monthly, will also be urnished without extra charge to every subscriber of the Chronicle.
TERMS for the Chronicle with the four Supplements above named are Ten Dollars within the United States and Twelve Dollars in Europe, which in both cases includes postage.

## Terms of Advertising-(Per inch space.)

Transient matter ( 1 time).. $\$ 350 \mid$ Three Months ( 13 times) .. $\$ 2500$


New York State.-Biennial Sessions of the State Legislature. -The State Senate has passed a bill providing for biennial sessions of the State Legislature
Perry County, Ill.-Bonds Valid.-A special dispatch to the Chicago "Inter-Ocean" from Springfield, bearing date of February 21, 1898, said: "In the United States Circuit Court to day Judge Allen held valid about $\$ 60,000$ in bonds and coupons issued by the County of Perry in aid of the Chester \& Tamaroa Railroad.
Philadelphia, Pa.-Gas Lease Sustained.-On February 21, 1898, the State Supreme Court confirmed the decision of the Lower Court, which declared legal the lease of the city gas-works to the United Gas Improvement Co. Local papers state that it is rumored that the case will be appealed to the United States Supreme Court.
Tacoma, Wash.-Warrants Valid.-The State Supreme Court has reversed the finding of the lower court in a decision which affects over $\$ 1,000,000$ of Tacoma City warrants. The previous decision held that the warrants had been canceled, and therefore could not be paid, and as the Union Savings Bank held $\$ 250,000$ of the warrants, it was compelled to sus pend. The decision of the Supreme Court will compel the payment of the warrants, considerable amounts of which it is stated, are held in Philadelphia, New York and other Eastern cities
Texas.-Bonds to be Made Payable in Lawful Money of the United States,-A special dispatch to the St. Louis "Globe Democrat" from San Antonio, Texas, dated February 20 , 1898, said: "Attorney-General Crane has informed the County Commissioners of Bexar County that hereafter all bonds, in order to be approved by him, must read, 'payable in the lawful money of the United States,' instead of 'payable in gold.' The question as to the nature of the mon $\rightarrow \mathrm{y}$ in which bonds, issued by counties and cities in this State. are to be paid was brought to the attention of the Attorney-General by the action of the city of Beaumont a short time ago. The City Council of that place passed an ordinance providing for the issuing of bonds, making them payable in gold. The Mayor vetoed the ordinance because of the gold-payment feature. The Council then passed the ordinance over the Mayor's veto, and the free silver contingent in the town burned the City Council in effigy.

When the bonds reached the Attorney-General for ap proval that official made the ruling that they must read 'payable in lawful money of the United States.' Immedi ately thereafter the matter of Bexar County's proposed issue of $\$ 240,000$ railway subsidy refunding bonds was brought to the notice of the Attorney-General, and he announced his ruling that the bonds must not read 'payable in gold,' but 'pavable in lawful money of the United States.'
Washington.-Mortgage Law Unconstitutional.-On Feb ruary 15,1898 , the State Suprem9 Court declared unconstitutional the mortgage law of this State. The law was a populistic one and was passed by the late fusion Legislature. It granted one year's stay of execution and sale under foreclosure of mortgages and allowed a minimum or appraised value to be placed on mortgaged property, and provided that the property could not be sold under foreclosure at less than 80 per cent of such valuation. The law was considered antagonistic to money lenders and had the effect of checking the in flow of capital into the State.

## Bond Calls and Redemptions.

Augusta, Ga.-Bond Call.-Notice has been given by P. S. North, City Collector and Treasurer, calling for payment March 1, 1898, $\$ 101,5007 \%$ bonds issued in 1873 . Holders of the old bonds may exchange them for a like amount of $31 / 2 \%$ 30 -year refunding bonds, to be dated March 1, 1898.
Bollinger County (MO.) School District No. 4.-Bond Call.-The district called for payment February 11, 1898, bond No. 6 issued in July, 1891. Interest $8 \%$.
Cedar Rapids, Iowa.-Warrant Call.-Notice has been given by P. W. Gifford, City Auditor, calling for payment

April 1, 1898, all warrants issued prior to January 1, 1894. Payment will be made at the office of the City Treasurer.

The official notice of this warrant call will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Clark County, Wash.-Warrant Call.-County Treasurer Alexander called for payment February 10, 1898, on which date interest ceased, about $\$ 8,000$ warrants of the various school districts of this county.

Columbus, Ohio.-Bond Call.-The Sinking Fund Commissioners have decided to call for payment March 15, 1898, $\$ 159,3006 \%$ and $\$ 7,9005 \%$ street-improvement bonds.
Crosby County, Texas.-Bonds Redeemed.-The county redeemed $\$ 1,000$ of its bonds on February 19, 1898. These bonds were held by the State Permanent School Fund.
Ellis County, Texas.-Bond Redemption.-The county officials have ordered the cancellation of $\$ 4,000$ road and bridge bonds and $\$ 4,000$ jail bonds of this county.
Erath County, Texas.-Bonds Redeemed.-On February 19,1898 , the county redeemed $\$ 3,000$ bonds held by the Permanent School Fund

Guadalnue County, Texas.-Bonds Redeemed.-On February 21,1898 , the county redeemed $\$ 5,000$ court-house bonds, which were held in the State Permanent School Fund.

Huntsville, Mo.-Bond Call.-Bonds Nos. 26, 27 and 28, bearing $6 \%$ interest and dated May, 1889, were called for payment February 10, 1898. Denominations $\$ 300$.
Lincoln County, Mo.-Bond Call.-The county has called for payment February 1, 1898, $5 \%$ bonds Nos. 42 to 51, each $\$ 1,000$. Bonds bear date of May, 1888

Menard County, Texas.-Bonds Redeemed.-The county has redeemed $\$ 2,000$ funding bonds held by the Permanent School Fund

Missouri.-Bond Call.-The State Board of Funding Commissioners has called for payment March 15, 1898, at the American Exchange National Bank, New York City, three hundred $\$ 1,000$ bonds.
Pierce County, Wash.-Warrant Call.-General Fund warrants Nos. 2,022 to 3,628, aggregating $\$ 20,000$, will shortly be called for payment at the Treasurer's office.
Pierce County (Wash.) School District.-It is stated that $\$ 20,000$ school district warrants, issued in 1895 and numbered 1.302 to 1,573 , will shortly be called for payment at the County Treasurer's office.
Pike County (Mo.), Cuivre Township.-Bond Call.-Bonds Nos. 39 to 54 , bearing $5 \%$ interest and dated October 1 1887, have been called for payment February 1, 1898. Denominations $\$ 1,00$ n
Pike County (Mo.), Peno Township.-Bond Call.-Township bonds Nos. 20 to 22, bearing $5 \%$ interest, and dated November 1, 1887, have been called for payment February 1, 1898. Denominations $\$ 1,000$.

Pittston, Pa.-Bond Call.-The borough has called for payment March 1, 1898, $\$ 2,2005 \%$ borough bonds.
Ray County, Mo.-Bond Call.-The county has called for payment April 4, 1898, $\$ 17,900$ railroad-aid bonds. It is stated that upon the payment of these bonds the county will be free from debt.

Wapello County, Iowa.-Warrants Redeemed.-During the month of January County Treasurer Spry redeemed \$31,207 outstanding warrants, of which about $\$ 24,000$ were bridge warrants
Wheeling, W. Va.-Bond Call.-The Commissioners of the loan of 187\%, known as the 10-30-year loan, have called for payment March 1, 1898, at the Exchange Bank of Wheeling, oonds Nos. $2,5,10,13,24,42,57,58,79,115,122,123,144$, 155, 157, 165, 182, 180, 185, 190, 193 and 207. Interest will cease on March 1, 1898.

## Bond Proposals and Negotiations this

 week have been as followsAda County School District No. 6, Boise City, Idaho. Bond Sale.-On February 19, 1898, the $\$ 4,0008 \%$ bonds were awarded to Mrs. Eliza M. Smith, Boise, at 102.55 and blank bonds. Following are the bids
Mrs. Eliza M. Smith, Boise ....... $\$ 4.102 \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Chas. F. Neal, Boise.............. } \$ 4,052 \\ & \text { S. A. Kean. Chicago, }\end{aligned}\right.$
 Bonds mature $\$ 500$ on February 1, 1901, 19॥4, 1906 and 1903, and $\$ 1,000$ on February 1, 1907 and 1910. For further description of bonds see Chronicle February 12, 1898, p. 351
Allegheny (Pa.) Third Ward School District-Bond Sale. -According to local press reports, the district recently sold the $\$ 170,000$ bonds authorized last fall to R. J. Stoney, Jr., Pittsbarg, at 101.87 .

Augusta, Ga-Bond Sale.-The city has sold an additional 58,000 of its $31 \% \%$ refunding bonds at par
Bay St. Louis, Miss.-Bond News.-We are advised that the details of the $\$ 40,000$ bonds recently authorized by the State Assembly, for water-works, electric-lights, \&c., wil not be definitely determined upon until early in March.
Bell County (P. O. Bellton), Texas.-Refunding Bonds Proposed.-We are advised by W. L. Wilson, County Treas urer, that $\$ 65,0006 \%$ bonds mature October 10, 1898. Mr Wilson says: " Refunding bonds will be issued, but no positive action has been taken in the matter by the Commis sioners' Court. One or two propositions, however, will be considered at the present term of Court, which will be in session some two weeks yet.'

Botetourt County (P. O. Fincastle), Va.-Bond Offering - Proposals will be received until 12 M. March 10, 1898, by
the Board of Supervisors, for $\$ 8,000$ bridge bonds. Securities bear date of March 1, 1898, and mature March 1, 1908. Interest will be at not more than $5 \%$, payable yearly on March 1, at the office ofithe County Treasurer. Bids are asked on a basis of $5 \%$ interest, or at such lower rate of interest as bidders may be willing to take and give par for the bonds.
Bonds Authorized by the House of Delegates.-The House of Delegates has passed a bill authorizing the Board of Supervisors to refund the outstanding bonds of this county

Bozeman, Mont.-Bond Sale Postponed.-We are advised that the city has postponed the sale of the $\$ 56,0006 \%$ water bonds until probably some time in April. Bids were to have been received up to February 15, 1898, as per notice in the Chronicle January 22, 1898
Brazos County. Texas-Bonds Authorized.-The County Commissioners' Court has made arrangements to refund $\$ 30,0006 \%$ bonds with a like amount of 5 per cents.
Buffalo, N. Y. - Temporary Loan.-The Sinking Fund Commissioners have taken a $\$ 35,0003 \%$ bond maturing July 1 ,

Butler, Ohio-Bond Election.-The Village Council has passed an ordinance providing for an election to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 10,000$ electric-light plant bonds.
Calumet Township, Pike County, Mo.-Bond Sale.-The township has sold to Gaylord, Blessing \& Co., St. Louis, $\$ 30,000$ refunding bonds.
Canton, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Further details are at hand concerning the sale of the $\$ 13,93322$ refunding bonds, bids for which will be received until 12 . M. March 7, 1898, by Louis N. Ley, City Clerk. Bonds are issued pursuant with Section 2701 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio. Thirteen bonds will be in denominations of $\$ 1,000$ and one of $\$ 93322$. They will be dated March 1, 1898, and mature March 1, 1908. Interest will be at not more than 5\%, payable March and Soptember, at the Fifth Avenue Bank, New York City, or at the City Clerk's office. Each bidder must deposit with his bid a certificate from the First National Bank, Canton, showing that he has deposited $\$ 1,500$ as a guaranty that should his bid be accepted and the bonds awarded him he will take them up within eight days after notice of the award.
Charleston, S. C.-Bond Sale.-On February 19, 1898, the $\$ 100,00041 / 2 \%$ refunding bonds were awarded to C. H. White \& Co., New York, at 104•114. Following are the bids


Fur Part of the Bonds.


Bonds mature 30 years from date of issue. For further de scription of bonds see Chronicle January 29, 1898, p. 250. Cheboygan County, Mich. - Bond Election.-The county will vote on the question of issuing $\$ 30,000$ new court-house bonds at the coming spring election.
Clark County, Ky.-Bond Sale.-Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., Cincinnati, were recently awarded $\$ 7,0004 \%$ twenty-year refunding bonds.
Clifton Heights, Pa.-Bonds Defeated-At the spring election held February 15, 1898, the borough voted against the issuance of $\$ 17,500$ town hall bonds.
Collinwood Village, Ohio-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M. March 21, 1898. by L. A. Wilson, Village Clerk, care of Jay Odell \& Sons, Wick Block, Cleveland, Ohio, for $\$ 18,0005 \%$ grade-crossing bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with an Act of the State Legislature passed April 27, 1893, and authorized by Council November 14, 1897. They are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, with interest payable April 1 and October 1 at the Cleveland Trust Co., Cleveland. Principal will mature $\$ 1,000$ yearly, beginning 12 years from date of issue. A certified check on some bank n Cleveland for $\$ 500$ must accompany bids.
Columbus, Miss. - Bond Election.-An election will be held March 23, 1898, to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 70,000$ water-works and sewerage bonds.
Columbus (Neb.) School District.-Bond Election.-An election will be held in March to vote on the question of issuing not more than $\$ 25.000$ bonds for a new school house.
Columbus, Ohio.-Bonds Proposed.-An ordinance was introduced in the City Council February 21, 1898, authorizing the issuance of $\$ 160,0004 \%$ bonds to refund the $\$ 165,0005 \%$ "Boston Loan" maturing March 18, 1898. The new bonds, if authorized, will be dated April 1, 1898, and mature April 1, 1900. Interest will be payable April and October.

Columbus, (Ohio), School District.-Bond Sale.-On February 23, 1898. the $\$ 33,0004 \%$ twenty-year school bonds were awarded to Hinman \& Beatty, Columbus. at 104.003 . Sixteen bids were received for the bonds. For description of bonds see Chronicle February 5, 1898, p. 301.
Concordia, Mo.-Bond News.-We are advised that the amount of the water-works bonds recently voted is $\$ 5,000$, and that the interest will probably be $6 \%$, payable in gold. Full details have not yet been determined upon.

Covington, Ky.-Loan. Authorized.-On February 17, 1898, the Council authorized the city officials to negotiate a loan of $\$ 3,500$.

Cripple Creek, Col.-Bond Election.-An election will be held to vote on the proposition to issue $\$ 150,000$ bonds for the purchase of a water-works system.
Easton, Pa.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 4 p. M. March 3, 1898, by John S. Noble, City Clerk, for $\$ 120,20031 / 2 \%$ bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 100$, $\$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000$, dated April 1, 1898. Interest will be payable April 1 and October 1, and the principal will mature April 1, 1928. Of the total issue, $\$ 101,300$ will be applied towards the refunding of outstanding $4 \%$ bonds and $\$ 18,900$ for city improvements. All bids must be accompanied by a New York draft or certified check for $\$ 250$, payable to the City Treasurer.

The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.

Ellijay, Ga.-Bonds Voted.-The town has voted $\$ 5,000$ bonds for a new school building. The vote was 73 to 2 .
E1 Paso County, Texas.-Bond Sale.-On February 21, 1898, the State purchased for the School Fund $\$ 10,000$ county
jail bonds.
Bonds Approved.-The Attorney-General has approved for registration $\$ 78,000$ refanding court house and jail bonds of this county.
Elsinore, Cal.-Bond Sale.-On January 10, 1898, the city sold $\$ 15,0006 \%$ water bonds to J. M. Gardiner, Los Angeles, at $101 \cdot 50$ and $\$ 5,0 \curvearrowleft 10$ of the same issue to H. K. White of Elsinore, at par. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated July 1, 1897, and mature one bond yearly on July 1, from 1898 to 1937, inclusive. Interest will be payable January 1 and July 1, in gold, at the City Treasurer's office.
Essex County, N. J.-Park Bill signed by the Governor.The Governor has approved the bill recently passed by the State Legislature authorizing the county to issue $\$ 1,500,000$ bonds to complete its system of parks.

Evanston, Ill.-Bonds Authorized.-The Council has passed an ordinance providing for the issuance of $\$ 30,000$ City Hall bonds. Securities are in de nominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated April 1, 1898. Interest will be payable at the State Bank of Chicago or at the First National Bank, New York City. Principal will mature $\$ 3,000$ every other year, beginning April 1, 1900, and ending Ap ril 1. 1918.
Evanston (Village), Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M., March 21, 1898, by Wm. H Krapp, Clerk, care of Chas. J. Fitzgerald, 305 Johnston Building, Cincinnati, for $\$ 6,323 \cdot 136 \%$ refunding bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with Section 2701 Revised Statutes of Ohio. They will be dated February 21, 1898, and mature February 21,1908 . Both principal and interest are payable at the Atlas National Bank, Cincinnati. A certified check for 5\% of the gross amount of bonds, payable to Wm. Gale, Treasurer, must accompany bids.
Exeter, N. H.-Bond Election.-At the annual meeting of the town to be held March 8, 1898, the question of issuing Fall electric-light plant bonds will be voted upon.

Gall River, Mass.-Bond Sole.-On February 19, 1898, the lowing are the bids: $\&$ Co. $\$ 205,0004 \%$ bonds at $107 \cdot 092$. Following are the bids:


Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated February 1 , 1898. Interest will be payable February 1 and August 1, and the principal matures February 1, 1908.
Fayette, Pa.-Bonds Defeated.-At the spring election held February 15, 1898, the question of issuing $\$ 12,000$ waterorks bonds was defeate
Fergus County School District No. 1, Lewiston, Mont. March 19, 1898, by the Board will be received until 7 P.M. March 19, 1898, by the Board of Trustees for $\$ 23,0006 \%$ refunding bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated April 2, 1898. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the office of the County Treasurer, and the principal will mature April 2, 1918. An unconditional certified check, certified by the Bank of Fergus County, for $\$ 1,000$, payable to the "Chairman of the Board of Trustees of School District No. 1, Fergus County, Mont.," must accompany bids.

Fresno, Cal.-Bond Election.-On February 14, 1898, the City Trustees decided to call an ele tion to vote on the quesGadsden, Ala.-Bonds Authorized.-The City Coblic park.
Gadsden, Ala.-Bonds Authorized.-The City Council recently passed an ordinance instructing Mayor Elliott to sell
$\$ 5,000$ bonds for the payment $\$ 5,000$ bonds for the payment of outstanding warrants.
Geneva, N. Y.-Bonds Authorized. - The State Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the city of Geneva to issue bonds to complete its sewer system.

Qladeville (Town) Wise County, Va.-Bonds Authorized. -The State Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the Town Council to issue bonds in aid of the construction and equipment of the main line of the Gladeville Railroad
Gladwin (Township) Mich.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 3,0006 \%$ bonds have been awarded to M. Butman, Saginaw. Bonds mature 10 years from date of issue subject to call after 6 years. For further description of bonds see Chronicle January 29, 1898, p. 251.
Green Bay, Wis.-Bonds Authorized.-The Council has authorized the issuance of $\$ 19,000$ bonds for the repair and rebuilding of bridges.

Harmon and Marion Townships Drainage District No. 1 Lee County, Ill.-Bond Sale.-The district has sold to John Mee, Sterling, $\$ 15,000$ drainage bonds at $104 \cdot 50$.
Harrison County, Tex.-Bonds Redeemed.-On February 18, 1898 , the county redeemed $\$ 15,000$ railroad-aid bonds held by the State School Fund.
Harrisonburg, Va.-Bond Issue.-This city will issue, about the first of May, $\$ 50$, , $035 \% 20.30$ year (optional) water bonds.
Homestead, Pa.-Bond Sale.-We are advised that the borough has sold the $\$ 25.000$ judgment bonds authorized at the spring election held February 15, 189ヶ.
Houston, Texas. Bond Sale.-On February 16, 1898, the city sold to Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., Cincinnati, $\$ 60,0005$ refunding bonds at $103 \cdot 125$. Bonds are issued to refund a like amount of $6 \%$ bonds maturing January 1, 1922, but which are now subject to call.
Janesville, Wis.-Bonds Proposed.-The city has under consideration the issuance of bondsfor a city hall.
Johnstown, (Pa.) School District.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M . March 8, 1898, by W. A. Cochran, Secretary Board of School Controllers, for $\$ 100,000$ bonds. Securities will be in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated April 1, 1898. Interest will be payable April 1 and October 1 at the office of the City Treasurer. Principal will mature 30 years from date of issue, subject to call after 3 years. Bids will be considered on a basis of $31 / 2 \%$ and $4 \%$ interest.
Jefferson County, Texas.-Bonds Authorized.-The County Commissioners have authorized the issurnce of $\$ 11,00040$ year bridge bonds.
Lacey (111.) Levee and Drainage District.-Bond Sale. Trowbridge \& Co., Chicago, have bjught an issue of $\$ 46,400$ bonds of this district
Lawrenceburg, Ind.-Bond Sale.-The city has sold $\$ 50$, $00041 / 2 \% 15$-year bonds to Seasongood. \& Mayer, Cincinnati,
Lidgerwood (N. D.), School District.-Bonds Voted.-The district recently voted to issue $\$ 4,0004 \%$ bonds for a new school house. Bonds mature twenty years from date of issue, subject tocall after ten years. We are advised that the bonds will probably be sold by the State.
Louisville, Ky. - Bond Offering.-The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will receive proposals until 12 m . February 22,1898 , for the purchase of the following bonds $874,0005 \%$ bonds, dated May 1, 183 , maturing May 1, 1920 , subject to call after 173,500 4 $\begin{gathered}\text { May impovement bonds, dated July } \\ \text { ject to call after Julv 1, 1903. }\end{gathered}$, 1883, maturing July 1, 1923, sub-
The above bonds are heir among the assets of the sinking fund and are subject to sale in the aiscretion of the Board A certified check on a bank in Louisville payable to the "Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the city of Louis ville" for $1 \%$ of the face value of the bonds proposed to be purchased must aecompany bids.
Mahanoy City, Pa.-Bond News.-We are advised that the $\$ 80,0,10$ paving bonds authorized at the election held February 15,1898 , will probably be issued late in the spring or summer.

Marin County (Cal.) Fairfax School District-Bond sale.-On February 14, 1898, the $\$ 2.7006 \%$ school-building bonds were awarded to the Oakland Bank of Savings (the only bidder) at $106 \cdot 6 \%$. Bonds will mature $\$ 540$ yearly on Jaquary 3, from 1904 to 1908, inclusive. For further description of bonds see Chronicle February 5, 1898, p. 302.
Marlboro, Mass.-Loan Authorized.--It is reported that the City Treasurer has been authorized to borrow $\$ 165,000$ in anticipation of the collection of taxes.
Martin's Ferry, Ohio.-Bonds Proposed.-The Council has under consideration the calling of an election to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 35,000$ bonds for new machinery at the water works.
Massachusetts.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M. March 2, 1898, by E. P. Shaw, Treasurer and Receiver-General, for $\$ 2,000,00031 / 2 \%$ gold "Metropolitan Water Loan" bonds. Securities will be in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated January 1, 1898. Interest will be payable January 1 and July 1, and the principal will mature January 1, 1898. A certified check for $2 \%$ of the amount of bonds bid for must accompany bids.
The official notice of this bond offering will be found among the advertisements elsewhere in this Department.
Middletown (Pa.) School District.-Bond Sale.—On February 19,1838 , the $\$ 35,00 \cdot 4 \% 10-20$-year bonds were awarded to E. Peirce at $102 \cdot 515$. Following are the bids E. Pieirce.... Dick Bros., Philadeiphia.
Heyl $\&$ Major, Philadeloh
 * Bid flat.

Interest will be payable at the Farmers' Bank of Middle. town, Pa.
Moline, III.-Bond Sale.-We are advised by Chas. G. Carlson, City Clerk, that the city has issued $\$ 3,39050$ bonds to the Davis Co. in payment for work in improving the streets. Mr. Carison says "these bonds are not a regular city issue, but simply special taxation vouchers."
Montpelier, Ind.-Correction.-In the Chronicle February 12, 1898, we reported that the City Council had authorizod the issuance of $\$ 11.135$ funding bonds, the information being based on a report which appeared in one of the In-
dianapolis papers. We are now advised by W. Davis, Treåsurer, that "no such order of bonds is contemplated."

Mount Vernon, N. Y.-Bond Sale.- On February 21, 1898 the $\$ 33,0005 \%$ three-year tax relief bonds were awarded to Farson, Leach \& Co., New York, at 104.375. Following are the bids:



Mount Vernon, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On February 19, 1898, the $\$ 7,5006 \%$ sewer-assessment bonds were sold to the First National Bank, Mount Vernon, at 109.81. Bonds mature $\$ 375$ semi-annually, beginning, January 1, 1899. For further lescription of bonds see Chronicle last week, p. 394.
Muscatine, Iowa-Bonx Sale.-On February 17, 1898, the City Council awarded to the First National Bank, Chicago $\$ 300,00041 / 2 \%$ bonds at par, the purchaser to furnish all blanks and exchange, also to make change of bonds for old issue. Following bids were received :
First National Bank, Chicago, for $41 / 2 \%$ bonds-par and other considerations
The Lamprecht Bros. Co.. Cleverand. for 44\% r 1-30 year bonds-par.
W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, for $41 / \%$ 20-year gold bonds-par, eharging $\$ 500$ Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., Cincinnati, for 41/\% 20-year gold bonds-par, charging Dietz, Denison \& Prior, Cleveland, for 46\% bonds-par, city to furnish bonds. Edw. C. Jones Co., Cincinnati, for $41 / \% \%$, 20 -year gold-par, less commission, Illinois Trust \& Savings Bank, for $4 \% / 2 \%$ gold bonds-par, less commission,
$\$ 2.00^{n}$.
 Napoleon, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until March 12,1898 , for $\$ 1,6006 \%$ sewer bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 400$ and mature on $\theta$ bond yearly. Interest will be payable January and July at the City Treasurer's office.
Nashua, N. H.-Bonds Proposed.-The City Councils have under consideration an ordinance providing for the issuance of bonds for the payment of the Hunt Library site note.
Nevada, Mo.-Bonds Sale Authorized.-At the election held February 7, 1898. the citv electors confirmed the sale of the $\$ 24,000$ 5\% refunding bonds to Chas. N. Hammond \& Co. Kansas City, Mo. Securities are dated March 1. 1898, and mature March 1, 1908. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the Merchants-Laclede National Bank, St. Loais.
Newton, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-The city has negotiated a 9 months' loan of $\$ 100,000$ with R. L. Day \& Co., Boston, at $2.90 \%$ discount.
New York State.-Bids.-Following is the full list of bids received February 8,1898 , for the $\$ 3,230,0003 \%$ gold canal bonds:
$\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { For the Entire Issue. } \\ & \text { Vermilye \& Co., New York }\end{aligned} \right\rvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { For the Fntire Issue. }\end{gathered}$

 | Bank, N. Y... | $(\$ 1,230,000) \ldots .104 \cdot 3$, | $\begin{array}{l}\text { N. W. Harris \& Co., New York.. } 103 \cdot 63\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Harvey Fisk \& Sons, |  |  | Jos. E. Gavin, Buffalo............103.995 Blake Bros. \& CU., , N. Y..... $101 \cdot 777$



La Fayette
Spencer Tras
W. L. Findley
Carrie A. Carroil.
Theodore Cantleld....


As stated last week, the bonds were awarded to Vermilye \& Co., New York, at 105.07.
Norfolk, Va.-Bonds Authorized.-The State Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the city to issue bonds for the erection, repair or rebuilding of a bridge over Smith's Creek.

Olivia (Minn.) School District.-Bonds Voted.-At a spec ial school meeting held recently it was voted to issue $\$ 6,000$ bonds for the purpose of building an addition to the present school house.
Orange County, Texas.-Bonds Authorized.-The County Commissioners on February 16, 1898, authorized the issuance of $\$ 33,50040$-year bonds for the building and furnishing of a new court house.
Peru, Ind.-Bond Sale.-The city has sold at par to W. J Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, $\$ 12,0005 \%$ refunding bonds. Se curities are issued to take up a like amount of $6 \%$ funding bonds now subject to call. They mature $\$ 1,000$ yearly on January 1.
Philadelphia, Pa.-Loan Bilt Again Defeated.-On Feb ruary 24, 1898, the Common Council again defeated the Loan Bill" as amended. The bill, as it was voted upon by the citizens last fall, provided for the issuance of $\$ 12,200,000$ bonds for various improvements. This amount was reduced by the $\$ 1,000,000$ allowed for the improvement of the gas works; that item not being necessary upon the lease of the works to the United Gas Improvement Company. On January 27, 1898, the bill was defeated in Common Council, but subsequently the vote was reconsidered, On Thursday the Common Ccuncil, in the Committee of the Whole, agreed to amend the bill so as to provide for an isstue of $\$ 6,100,000$ to cover the more important improvements. The amended bill lacked the necessary two thirds vote upon its final passage, the vote being 73 to 53.

Phillipsburg, N. J.- Bord Sale.-James L. Smith of Phillipsburg has bought $\$ 1,900$ 4\% 22 year school bonds at 101 .
Polk Connty (P. O. Crookston), Mimn.-Bomd Offering. Proposals will be received until 10 A. M., March 42,1898 , by the Board of County Conamissioners for $\$ 20,0006 \%$ ditch bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 5,0$, dated June principal will matare 10 years from dably on June 1 and the principal will mature 10 years from date of issue. Pur-
chasers will be required to furnish blank bonds. A certified check, payable to the County Treasurer, for $5 \%$ of the face value of the bonds, must accompany bids.
Pontiac (III.) School District.-Bond Sale.-On February 14, 1898, $\$ 10,0005 \% 5 \cdot 77$-year (average) school bonds were awarded to Trowbridge \& Co., Chicago, at 104.49. Following are the bids :

## Trowbridge \& Co.. Chicago........104.49 National Bank of Pontiac..

N. W. Harris \& Co., Chicago......104:25 $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { F. } \\ & \text { W. F. Scroud, Walnut. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland......102.07 }\end{aligned}\right.$

Portland, Ore.-Bonds Awarded.-Dietz, Denison \& Prior, Cleveland, have been awarded the $\$ 75,0006 \%$ improvement bonds at their bid of $107 \cdot 50$. Bids for these bonds were received on January 24, 1898, as stated in the Chronicle, but the award was not approved by the Council until February 16, 1898.
Bond Ordinance Vetoed.-The Mayor has vetoed the ordinance passed February 2, 1898, awarding to Morris \& Whitehead, Portland, $\$ 400,0005 \% 20$-year gold funding bonds at par. The Mayor claimed that there was no authority for the issuance of the bonds, and even if they were legally authorized, the ordinance should not become a law because it was proposed to sell the bonds without advertising for bids. It is stated that Estabrook \& Co., Boston, offered $\$ 50$, C00 premium for the bonds.

Providence, R. 1.-Notes Authorized.-Un February 21, 1898, the Common Council authorized the issuance of $\$ 1 \mathrm{C} 0,100$ notes for school purposes.
Bonds Authorized. - The State Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the city to borrow $\$ 10,000$ for the purpose of furnishing and decorating the Casino at Roger Williams Park.
Red Bluff, Cal.-Bonds Defeated.-On February 12, 1898, the proposition to issue $\$ 62,5004 \%$ water-works bonds was defeated.

Red Wing, Minn.-Bonds Proposed.-It is stated that the City Council will consider the question of issuing $\$ 15,000$ bonds for the building of an armory and city hall.
Rhode Island.-Bonds Under Consideration.-The State Legislature has under consideration a bill providing for the submission to the people of a proposition to issue $\$ 1,500,000$ bonds for the completion of the State House and furnishing the same.
Roehester, N. Y.-Temporary Loans.-The city has negotiated the following loans with Dunscomb \& Jennison, New York:
$840,000,6$ months' loan, at.
$\left.{ }_{3 \%}^{234 \%}\right|^{\$ 250,000,4} 4$ months' loan, at.........23/\%
Rogers (City) Mich.-Bond Election.-An election will be held in March to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 2,000$ bonds for a village hall.
Royersford, Pa.-Bonds Defeated.-The proposition to is sue $\$ 19,986$ electric-light bonds was defeated at the election held February 15, 1898.
Saginaw, Mich.-Temporary Loan.-The city has borrowed $\$ 8,000$ of the $\$ 25,000$ loan recently authorized by the Common Council. The loan was negotiated with the Savings Bank of East Saginaw on a due bill at $4.90 \%$. The balance will be borrowed from local banks in such amounts and at such times as the money may be needed.
St. Joseph, Mo.-Last Year's Proposed Refunding Bonds to be Destroyed. -The Bond Committee has presented a report to the City Council, recommending the canceling of the new refunding bonds which the city tried to float last summer. This is the final chapter in the attempt on the part of the city to call in the outstanding $6 \%$ bonds prior to their maturity, though the officials still strenuously insist that the steps taken last summer were in accord with the city's legal and equitable rights.
St. Paul, Minn.-Temporary Loan.-The city sold on February 15,1898 , an additional $\$ 150,00 \mathrm{~J}$ of the certificates of indebtedness. These certificates are issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes and bear $4 \%$ interest.

Seguin, Texas.-Bonds Authorized.-The City Council has authorized the issuance of $\$ 10,000$. $6 \%$ street improvement bonds and $\$ 8,0006 \%$ water-works bonds.
Sheboygan, Wis.-Bonds Proposed.-The City Council has under consideration the issuance of from $\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 25,000$ bonds for a school building in the Fifth Ward.
Sherburne (Minn.), School District.-Bonds Defeated.The issuance of bonds by this district was recently voted against at a special election.
Shreveport, La.-Bonds Proposed.-The question of issuing bonds for street improvements is being agitated by leading citizens of this place.

Sioux City (Iowa) Independent School District.-Bond Election.-Local press reports state that an election will be held March 14, 1898, to vote on the question of issuing bonds to take up a $\$ 60,000$ mortgage which stands against the highschool property.

Slater, Mo. - Bond Sale. -The city has sold to Gaylord, Blessing \& Co., St. Louis, the $\$ 15,0005 \% \quad 5-20$ year waterworks bonds at 102:33.

Smyth County, Va.-Bonds Authorized.-The State Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the county to extend the time for payment of some of its bonds.

Spartanburg County, S. C.-News.-We are advised by Mr. H. E. Ravenel that the proposition to issue $\$ 200,000$ road improvement bonds "is only talk, and if it ever materializes it will be in the dim future.'
Springfield, ohio.-Bonds Proposed.-A bill will be introduced in the State Legislature providing for the issuance
of $\$ 20,000$ bonds for the erection of a combined station, patrol and workhouse in this city.
Syracuse, N. Y.-Bond Sale.-On February 21, 1898, the $\$ 132,0004 \%$ local-improvement bonds were awarded to Joseph E. Gavin, Buffalo, at $101 \cdot 815$. Following are the bids:


Bonds mature $\$ 33,000$ yearly from February 1, 1899, to 1902, inclusive. For further description of bonds see ChronICLE February 12, 1898, p. 354.
Temporary Loans.-The city has negotiated the following loans with Dunscomb \& Jennison, New York, in anticipation of the collection of taxes:

Tarentum, Pa.-Bonds Voted.-The question of issuing $\$ 40,000$ grading and paving bonds and $\$ 15,000$ sewer bonds was voted upon favorably at the spring election held February $15,1898$.
Tiffin, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On February 19, 1898, the $\$ 9,500$ b\% debt-extension bonds were awarded to the Atlas National Bank, Cincinnati, at $112 \cdot 01$. Bonds mature March 1, 1908. For further description of bonds see Chronicle February 19, 1898, p. 394.
Tonawanda (N. Y.) School District.-Bond Sale.-On February 16, 1898, the district awarded $\$ 12,0004 \% 231 / 2$-year (average) bonds, one-half to Farson, Leach \& Co., New York, and one-half to Jas. H. Rand, North Tonawanda, both at 105.14. Bonds are dated October 1, 1897.

Trenton, N. J.-Bond Sale. -The Sinking Fund Commissioners have taken $\$ 45,0004 \%$ 10-year refunding bonds at $102 \cdot 50$.
Upper Sandusky, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M. March 24, 1898, by A. F. Leser, Village Clerk, for $\$ 6,0006 \%$ refunding bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with Section 2,701 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and authorized by ordinance passed by the Village Council February 7, 1898. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated April' 1,1898 , and mature eight years from date of issue. Interest will be payable semi-annually, both principal and interest being payable at the Ninth National Bank, New York City. A certified check for $\$ 500$ must accompany bids,
Van Wert County, Ohio-Bonds Authorized. -The State Legislature has authorized the issuance of $\$ 43,000$ deficiency bonds by this county.
Vigo County, Ind.-Temporary Loan.-The county has negotiated a one-year loan of $\$ 50,000$ with Dunscomb \& Jennison, New York. Loan bears $41 / 2 \%$ interest.

Wapakoneta, Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m. March 21, 1898, by V. B. Arrold, Village Clerk, for $\$ 35,000$ 5\% street-improvement bonds. Secarities are issued pursuant with Sections 2835, 2836 and 2837 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and were authorized by ordinance passed February 2, 1898. They are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated March 1, 1898 ; interest will be payable semi-annually, both principal and interest being payable at the Village Treasurer's office. Principal will mature as follows.
\$500 semi-annually from March 1,1907 , to Sentember 1,1908 , Inclusive. , 500 semi-annual 1
tember 1, 1920, inclusive.
A certified check for $\$ 200$, payable to J. J. Connaugton, Mayor, must accompany bids.
Warren County, Miss.-Bids.-Following are the bids received February 7 , 1898, for the $\$ 15,5005 \% 20$-year refunding bonds:
Vieksburg Bank.

$100^{2} 50$ The Noel-Young Boni \& Stock
 $100 \cdot 00$
+100.00

## *Less $1 \%$ commission.

As stated last week, the bonds were awarded to the Vicksburg Bank. The total debt of the county is $\$ 78,100$. The assessed valuation is $\$ 6,400,000$, about $60 \%$ of the actual value. Population about 40,000 . The debt limitation by law is $5 \%$ of the assessed valuation.
Watervliet (N. Y.) School District-Bonds Voted.-On February 23, 1898, at a special election, the district, by a vote of 209 to 89, authorized the issuance of $\$ 53,000$ s shool bonds.
Watseka, Ill.-Bond Sole.-N. W. Harris \& Co., Chicago, have been awarded $\$ 14,0005 \%$ seven and one-half year improvement bonds. Interest will be payable semi-annually.
Waukegan, Wis.-Bond Ordinance Vetoed.-The Mayor has vetoed the ordinance recently passed authorizing the issuance of $\$ 7,50 \cap 5 \%$ tunding bonds.

Weatherly, Pa.-Bonds Defeated.-At the spring election held February 15, 1898, the question of issuing $\$ 22,400$ schoolbuilding bonds was voted down.

White County, Ill.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until April 1, 1898, by the County Board of Supervisors for $\$ 280,00041 / \%$ funding bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 1,40$, dated April 1, 1898. Principal will mature $\$ 14,000$ yearly, beginning July 1, 1899. Interest will be payable January and July, both principal and interest being payable at the American Exchange National Bank, New York City

Wilmerding, Pa.-Bonds Proposed.-The question of call ing an election next May or June to vote on the proposition to issue $\$ 30,000$ school bonds, is being discussed.

Yuma County (Ariz.) School District No. 1.-Bond Elec-
tion.-An election will be held February 26, 1898, to vote on
the question of issuing $\$ 10,0007 \%$ school bonds. Securities, if payable aqnually. Principal will mature $\$ 2,000$ yearly, be payable annually. Principal will mature $\$ 2,000$ yearly, be ginning I ccember 31 , 1907.

Elsinore, Cal.-J. T. Kuhns, Treasurer ; L. B. Peck, Clerk. This city is in Riverside County.
LOANS- When Due. Total debt July 1, 1897 8-1937 Assessed valuation 1897: 18 R187,000


Hillsborough County, N. H.-Frank C. Livingston, Treasurer. County seat is Nashua.

| LOANS- <br> B <br> When Due. | Bonded debt Jan .,'98.. \$312,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| s, June, \$40,000....June 1, 1921 | Floating debt Jan,,'98. 15,174 |
| Funding Bonds 1894- | Assets (cash)............ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 327,174 |
| $4 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~J} \& \mathrm{~J}, \$ 117,000 \ldots . . \mathrm{Jan}$. 1, 1914 | Net debt Jan, 1, 1898... 294,648 |
| Optional after Jan. 1, 1904 | Tax valuation 1896....59,233,847 |
| Sept., $\$ 35,000 \ldots . . .$. Sept. 1910 | Population in 1890 was.....93,247 |
| BUILDING Bonds- - . . Sept. 1910 | Population 1896 (about)....97,000 |
| , March, \$120,000 ....Mar. 191 |  |

## INDまX TO STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT.

In the following index reference is made by the page number to every item regaraing State, city, town or county finances which has been published in the current Volume of the Chronicle-that is, sinee January 1, 1898. For index to items in Volume 65, see CHRONICLE of assessed valuations, \&o. This index will be published in the STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT of the CHRONTCLE On thest reports of total debt, month

| daCo. School District | 351 | Athens, ohio..300, 355 , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 6, Ida | 351 |  |
| Akron, Ohi | 392 | Augusta, Ga........... 98 , |
| Alameda Co. Fruitvale |  |  |
| Albany Co., N. Y | 12 |  |
| Alba |  |  |
| Alexandria | 300 | B |
| Alexandri | 147 | B |
| Alexandria |  | Ba |
| Alleghany | 392 | Barry Co. School Dist. |
| Allegneny Co, Md..... |  | No. ${ }^{\text {Nasic Cit }}$ |
| Ward Sch. Dist, Pa. | 198 | Bay Ci |
| Allentown. Pa.. | 198 | Bay St. Lo |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Va... } 250, \\ 300,351 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Be} \\ & \mathrm{Be} \end{aligned}$ |
| And | 198 | Bedford, |
| Annapolis, Md........46, | 148 | Bedford, |
| Anoka Co. |  | Bell Co., Te |
| Appleton, Wi | 151 | Belleville, N. J........98, |
| Arapahoe Co. |  | Bethel |
| No. 2, Col...........46, | 97 | Bethlel |
| Arapahoe Co. Sch. Dist. |  | Beverly, Mas |
| No. 17, Col. | 97 | Bingha |
| rizon | 249 | ckbaw |
| Ashlanc | 148 | Blackstone, Mass.... |
| Ashlan | 199 | ${ }^{\text {B1 }}$ |
| Atc | 199 |  |
| Athens, Ga...........148 | 250 | Blue Ea |



 $\begin{array}{r}393 \\ 301 \\ 393 \\ 352 \\ 250 \\ 98 \\ 301 \\ 393 \\ 393 \\ 301 \\ 199 \\ 301 \\ 249 \\ 302 \\ 152 \\ 301 \\ 47 \\ 199 \\ 148 \\ 352 \\ 148 \\ 301 \\ 393 \\ 301 \\ 392 \\ 352 \\ \hline\end{array}$

NEW LOANS.

## 出: 300,000

CITY OF OMAHA, NEB.,

## $4 »$ FUNOING BONDS.

OMAHA, February 10th, 1898.
Sealed bids, marked "proposals for bonds," will be ceceived by the undersigned, up to 12 o'clock noon of $\mathbf{\$ 3 0 0}, 000$ or part-thereof, but not less than $\$ 50,000$, of 20 -year $4 \%$ semi-annual Funding Bonds of the City of Omaha, to be dated March 1st, 1898, of denominations of $\$ 1,000$ each, and payable at the Nebraska Fiscal Agency in New York.
Each bid must contain a distinct proposal stating the amount bid for and premium offered in addition to the principal and accrued interest to date of payment, and must be accompanied by a certified check on a National Bank, payable to the City of Omaha, in a sum equal to $2 \%$ of the amount bid for.
Bonds are authorized by Section 122 of Charter of Motropolitan Cities, approved March 15th, 1897, and Ordinance 4353, approved February 9th, 1898.
The faith and credit of the City of Omaha are pledged for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds.
The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.
BONDED DEBT
General, including this issue ... $\$ 3,336,100$ Less exemptions as to limit...... $1,350,000-\$ 1,986,100$ Special assessment. Assessed valuation 1898 Mill levy per $\$ 1,000$.
A. G. EDWARDS City Treasurer

## Old Vinginia Securities.

The General Assembly of Virginia has enacted a aw, approved January 25, 1898, allowing the bolders ruary 14, 1882, or February 20, 1892, until July 1, 1898, to fund them, at the same rates as provided in the act of February 20, 1892, except as to the time the new bonds shall carry interes
This is probably the last time that this opportunity will be allowed, and parties holding any of the securtities mentioned should avail themselves of it without delay.
For particulars address,
JOSIAH RYLAND, JR.,
and President of Cecond Auditor,
Sinking Fund of Virginia,
Richmond, Va

NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 400,000$

STATE of NEW YORK 31/2 PER CENT BONDS.

COMPTROLLER'S Office, Albany, February 17th, 1898. \} Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of February, inst., at noon, for the purchase of $\$ 400,000$ registered bonds of this State, to be issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 220 of the Laws of 1897, for the acquisition of land in the territory embraced in the Adirondack Park.
The bonds will be dated February 1st, 1898, and will be of the denomination of $\$ 5,000.00$ each; will draw interest at the rate of $31 / 6$ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and will mature $\$ 200,000$ Fe Pri 1st, 1907 and $\$ 200,000$ February 1st, 1908.
Principal and interest will be payable at the Bank The Manhattan Company in the City of New York The Comptroller reserves the right to reject al the interests of the State
All proposa's must be sealed and endorsed "Ad irondack Park Loan," and directed to the Comptrol ler of the State of New York, Albany, N. Y

JAMES A. ROBERTS,
Comptroller.
Government and
Municipal Bonds BOUGHT AND SOLD.
APPRAISEMENTS MADE OR QUOTATIONS EXCHISHED FOR THE PURCHASE, SALE, OB UISTS
N. W. HARRIS \& CO. BANKERS,

## \$200,000

Central RR. \& Electric Co. Of New Britain, Connecticut
1st Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold 5s.
This road has direct connection with the Citv of Sep dor earnings to Oct. 1, 1897, and full descrip
tion of yoperty.

## E. H. ROLLINS \& SONS, 19 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

## NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 120,200$

## City of Easton, Penn.,

 3 $11 / 2$ PER CENT BONDS.sealed bids will be received by the undersigned until 4 P. M. Thursday, March 3, 1898, for One hundred and twenty thousand, two hunm dred dollars, or any part thereof, of new issue City of Easton Bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 312 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st April and on the 1st October in each year, to be delivered on, or as soon after April 1st, 1898, as possible, in denominations of $\$ 100, \$ 500$ and $\$ 1,000$ and run thirty years from April 1st, 1898. Of the total amount $\$ 101,300$ is to be applied to refunding outstanding $4 \%$ Bonds and $\$ 18,900$ to be applied to city improvements. All bids to be accompanied by a New York drafl or certiffed check for $\$ 250$ as guaranty of good faith of the successful bidder and to beyable to the City Treasurer of Easton, Pa. to be used as iqquidated damages should any bidder receiving an award fail to fulfill his proposed contract to take the Bonds bid for. All checks to be returned to unsuccessful biders after award is made and the successful bidder when bonds are delifered.
The right to reject any or all bids or parts of bids is reserved.
"Bids should be sent to undersigned and endorsed "Proposals for Bonds.

JOHN S. NOBLE, City Clerk.
Notice to Warrant Holders. hereby give to the holders of warrants issued by the City of Cedar Rapids, Iowa priorto January 1st, 1894, to present the same for payment to the Treasurer of said City on or before April 1st, 1898, as interest on all such warrants will cease from and after that date.
Dated Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Feb. 23, 1898.
P. W. GIFFORD, City Auditor.

## $\$ 25,000$

7\% Well-secured 1st Mort. Gold Bonds, Maturing in 1904.
For particulars address

## CALVIN PHILIPS,

TACOMA, - ASHINGTON.

## WARRANTS.

Carefully selected, High-grade State, County, City
and Public School issues, maturing in 6 to 24 month and Public school issues, maturing in 6 to 24 months ROBT, E. STRAHORN \& CO.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## NEW LOANS.

## $\$ 2, \mathrm{OOU}, \mathrm{OOO}$

## COMMONWEALTH OF

MASSACHUSETTS

## 3½ PER CENT BONDS.

TREASURY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, Boston, February 23. 1898.
Sealed proposals for the purchase of bonds of the Metropolitan Water Loan," for two million dollars $(\$ 2,000,000)$, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, March 2, 1898, at which time they will be publicly opened and read. This loan will be issued in coupon bonds of $\$ 1,000$ each, dated Jan. 1, 1898, payable January 1, 1938, with interest at the rate of three and one-half (31/6) $\mathbf{p e}^{\mathbf{r}}$ cent per annum, from Jan. 1, 1898, payable semiannually on the first days of January and July in each year, and may be delivered as coupon or regisPrincinal and interest will be paid in gold coin of the United States of America, or its equivalent, at
the office of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in
The "Metropolitan Water Loan " is authorized by Chapter 488 of the Acts of 1895 .
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
All bids must be accompanied by certified checks for 2 per cent of the amounts bid for. E. P. SHAW,

## ADAMS \& COMPANY,

 BANKERS DEALERS IN
## INVESTMENT BONDS,

Members of Boston Stock Exchange.
No. 7 Congress and 31 State Streets, BOSTON

SYRACUSE
${ }^{3}$ RAPID TRANSIT RAILWAY BONDS
Bought and Sold.
EDWARDC.JONESCO.
NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA
1 NASSAUSTREET,

## INVESTMENTS.

## Investment Bonds

 FORNew York Savings Banks and Trustees.
LISTS SENT UPON APPLICATION. MEMBERS OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK stock exchanges.

R. L. DAY \& CO., 40 Water Street, Boston. \% Nassau Street, New York.

## PUBLIC SECURITIES

SUltable for
SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST FUNDS.
LISTS MAILED ON APPLICATION.
Farson, Leach \& Co., CHICAGO. 100 Dearborn St.

NEW YORK,
WHANN \& SCHLESINGER

## MUNICIPAL BONDS.

2 wall street, new york.
Blodget, Merritt \& Co., BANKERS

16 Congress Street, Boston. state, City \& railroad bonds

INVESTMENTS.

## $\$ 90,000$

San Luis Potosi Electric Co. FIRST MÓRTGAGE

## 6\% GOLD BONDS.

Full particulars with Special Circular on Application.
PRICE TO NET 6\%
C. H. WHITE \& CO., BANKERS,

31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORE.

## HIGH-GRADE

State, Municipal, County, School BONDS.
Legal investments for Savings Banks in New Yoris
Rudolph Kleybolte \& Con,
BANKERS

35 and 37 Nassau Street, New York。
Cincinnati. Philadelphia.
LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION
MUNICIPAL BONDS.
E. C. STANWOOD \& CO. BANKERE,
121 Devonshire Street, BOSTON.

TEXAS MUYAND SELLL BANK STOCKS.
R. N. MENEFEE \& CO., BANKERS, CHARLES W. ROSENBERGER, 18 Wall Street, New York.

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## INVESTMENTS.

MASON, LEWIS \& CO.,
BANKERS.

69 Milk Street, Boston,
171 La Salle Street, Chicago, OFFER FOR SALE


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W. J. Hayes \& Sons, HANKERS,
DEALERS IN MUNICIPAL BONDS;
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Cleveland, Ohio.
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William E. Nichols, 15 WALI, STREET, - NEW YORK. MUNICIPAL WARRANTS.

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## Railroad BONDS Municipal

Descriptive Circulars on Application.
EGMMILES NORFOLK TO OCEAN VIEW. STANDARD GAUGN, RLECTRIC POWER.-
Special Commissioners sale or the Norok Ocean
View Rairoai, its Rroperty and Franchises, including the Ocean View Hotel Property. Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the we hall sell at problic Auction in front of the Cus-
tom House, Norolk, Vinginia, on Wednesdey the
Hed referred to property.
Fer further intormation apply to W . W. OLD
OWect NALDWELL
BANK OF CHARLESTON. SURITAL

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## 1850.

The United States Life Insurance Co.
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. All policies now issued by this Company contain the following clauses :
"After one year from the date of Issue. the liability of the Company under this olicy shall not be disputed.'
"This policy contains no restriction whatever upon the insured, in respect All Death Claims paid WITHOUT Drs AOUNT oun aived been received
Aotive and Successtul Agents, wishing to represent this Company, may commumi

Office, 261 Broadway, New Yorts.
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GFORIGERS:
 ARMHUR C. PERRY.................................................................. FINANCE COMMITTRE:
GEO. G. WILLIAMS..........Pres. Chem. Nat. Bank

J. Spencer Turner, Brinckerhoft, Trumer \& Ca. MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN COTTON SAIL DUCK

AND ALL EINDS OF
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CAR COVERING BAGGING.
RAVENS DUCK, SAIL TWINE, \&C. POPE "AWNING" STRIPFs. AGENT
UNITED STATES BUNTING CQ. A full supply all Widths and Colors, alv
stoek $\mathbf{1 0 9}$ Duane Street, New York.

## WM. FRANKLIN HALL. Accountant

## Eizchange Builling, 33 State Streat,

Books andited. Fxaminations and investigationa

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## American Express Co.

Established 184 I. Capital, $\$ 8,000,000$. 65 BROADWAY, N. Y. Issues TRAVELERS CHEQUES immediately available as funds everywhere. Draws FOREIGN DRAFTS in Sterling, Francs, Marks, and Money Orders, on all parts of the Commercial World.

Makes CABLE TRANSFERS of money England and the Continent.
These facilities are obtainable at all iffices of the Company.
Bank and Trust CompanyStocks
New Vork and Brooklyn bought and sold.

## CLINTON CILEERT

## Aberle.Kidon bee

## 

18 WAMC STREET, NEW WORK
Established 1865.
MEMBERS OF NEW YORE STOCK EXCHANGE Allow interest on deposits subject to sight chook
Ant
Ant and sell on com mission stockz and bonds either

Investment Secarities.
fl. J. Morse chas d. Marvin. w m kiddre
SECURE BANK VAULTS.


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WELDED CHROME STEEL AND IRON Round and Flat Bars and 5-ply Plates and Angles Cannot be Sawed, cut or Driled, and positively CHROME STEEI. WORKS
Kent Ave., Keap \& Hooper \&ts.
Sole Man'f'ers in the U.S. BROOKLYN, N. Y

## Twast ©omaramies.

## Union Trust Company



80 Broadway, New York.

- APETAL,
$\$ 1,000,000$ $\$ 5,213,000$


## AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS

Executor, Administrator, Quardian, Receiver or Trustee, AND I8
A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEY. ACTS AS TRUSTEE OF MORTGAGES OF CORPORATIONS and accepts the transfer agency and registry of stocks.
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS, which may be made at any time, and withdrawn on five days notice, with interest for the whole time they remain With the company.
For the convenience of depositors this company also opens UURRENT ACCOUNTS, subject, in acoordance with its rules, to check at sight, and allows Interest upon the resulting daily balances. Such anecks pass through the Clearing House

MA specially to the
MANA GEMENT OF REAL ESTATE and to the collection and remitta
It makes ample provision in its
BURGLAR AND FIRE PROOF VAULTS cor the safe-keeping of securities piaced in its cus tody, on which it collects and remits income.


## New York Security \&

 Trust Company,
## 

Oapltal, $\$ 1,000,000 \mid$ Surplinw, $\$ 1,500,000$
CHARLES S. FAIRCHILD, President.
WM. L. STRONG, 1st Vice-Pres.
ABRAM M. HYATT, 2d Vice-Pres ZELAB VAN LOAN Ast Secretary.

Authorized to act as executor, trustee, administra-
sor, guardian, agent and receiver. sor, guardian, agent and receiver.
Receives deposits subject to sight drafts, allowing interest. A legal depository for court and trust funds. A designated depository for the reserve of State TRUSTEES
. . 8. Fairchild,
W. H. Appletoon, $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { M. C. D. Borden, } \\ & \text { B. Aymar Sands, } \\ & \text { James A. Bualr, } \\ & \text { J. G. MoCullough }\end{aligned}\right.$

Wm. L. Strong,
W. Fuckleg,
3. G. Nelson,


## Rhode Island Hospital

Trust Company,

Owpital...81.000,000|Surplus....8\%89.000 DIRECTORS.
Christopker Lippitt, Horation. Campbe
Royal C. Taft,
Robt. H. I. Goddard,
Geo. W. R.Matteson,
William D. Ely.
Robert I. Gammell
William Binney,
William B. Weeden,
Rowland Hazard,
GERBERT J. WELLS,
Kobert Knight, John W. Danielson Herbert J. Welis John C. Pegram, Lyman B. Goff, Eugene W. Mason Geo. Gordon King Rowland G. Hazerd Lucian Sharpe ADWARD S. CLARK, WM. A. Gice-Preside

The Union Trust Co. PHILADELPHET ATRET

CAPITAL,

$$
\text { Incorporated } 1882
$$

$\$ 1,000,000$
Transacts a General Trust and Safe Deposit Business under corporation mortgage
Collects and Remits Income at Reasonable Rates.
Solicits Accounts of Bankers and Solicits Accounts of Bankers and others. Interest All
President
President,
J. SIMPSON AHRICA. THOMA-Presidenl.
2d Vice-President, GEORGE MAS PATTM 2d Vice-President, GEORGE A. FLETCHER. Treasurer and secretary. Trust Othe
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