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## VOL. 65.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1897.
NO. 1 ti89

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.
For the month of October the exhibit is a very satisfactory. All bat nine of the cities included in our statement record geins over the correaponding month of 1890, and in the aggregste for the whole country the excess reacues $23 \cdot 3$ per cont For the ten minths the increase over the same period of a year ago is 9.6 per cent.

|  | etober. |  |  | Ten Montrse. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1807. | 890. | P.C | 1807 | 1890. |  |
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|  |  |  |  | \% |  |  |
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|  |  | 2,057.1 |  | 1,074, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | 21, |  |  |
|  | 608.600.2 |  |  | 6.220,012 | 5,27.0.06,881 |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40,063, 61 | 4,970 |  | 5.370,143, | 0,34,3 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 0.4.780, |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (1012,76 |  |  |
| Total Paeine | 110,073,808 | स2, 680,1 |  | 805,687, | , |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 410583.e.7 |  |
| Omas |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Denver... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dos Molnas } \\ & \text { Blomis Clty } \\ & \text { Lincolm ... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Yromon: Tos. oth's W. | 183.724, | \% 0,7 |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{13}$ |  |  | 1.100 |  |  |
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|  |  | , |  | 6, $3,1 / 84$ |  |  |
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| chaterinio: | 120.2085 | 1;012:761 | $\stackrel{+15}{ }$ | 1i,78 | 10,665,4. |  |
| Total oxnti. | 290 |  | +0 | 2000. | 9,805,020, 3 |  |
|  |  | 4.0000 | +22 | \%i,020,012810 | 41,94,312. |  |
| patalde A. X. X . | ,20 | 1,002, 6 |  | 1, 2 | 18,468,377,676 |  |
| treal. | 9 | 20.300 |  | 445,510, | ${ }^{125} 58$. |  |
| Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,070.15 |  |  | ${ }^{27} 3$ | 2784020 |  |
| Toc. Camanas . | 117,156,290 | 94. 317.860 - | +24 | V27, 700.8 | 832, $\times 8$. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The waek's total for all cities shows a gain of 17.9 per cent over 1896. The increase over 1895 is 0.8 per cent and the excess over 1891 is 15.9 per cent. Outside of New York the increase compared with 1896, is 204 per cent, the loss from 1895 is 2.7 per ct., and the excess over 1894 reaches 6.5 p . c.

| Claarimat ct- | Week maing October 30. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. $=$ | 1896. |  | 1895 | 1894. |
|  |  | $082$ |  | $244.024$ | $849.450,259$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13 | 13,2\%6 |  | 13,605 | 4,000,120 |
|  | on | 1,522; | +885 |  |  |
|  | 12 | 1,319 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | +11 | 1.4 | 9 |
|  |  |  | +17 | ${ }_{605} 3$ | ${ }_{5}$ |
|  | 261,300 | 202, 0 | -0 | 372,00 | 30,700 |
|  | 5,1vere | 070,933,012 | +158 | 778.078,402 | 1,844,766 |
|  | 03,683,791 | 81,263,448 |  |  | ¢ |
|  |  | 1,6077, 380 | ${ }_{+81}$ | ,15 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1670.12}$ | asi | +11. | , 197 | .887.152 |
|  | 1.21, | 1, 1, 21.1 |  | 1.417 | ${ }^{1,440.712}$ |
|  | 1,4 | 1,787 |  | 1.50 | 1,342,624 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 781,915 \\ 461,034 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 904,484 |
|  |  | 423,492 |  | 500.03 | 805.970 |
|  | 2,001,039 | 3,v00,S08 | +205 | 193,688,645 | 118.850,351 |
|  | 101800 | 81,480,182 |  | 95,003,457 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ,102, |  | 6.478 .1 | 3 |
|  |  |  | - | 8,7153 | -6 |
|  |  | . 541 | +33 | 2,48 |  |
|  | 1.553,4 | 1,363. | +20 |  | ,901,567 |
|  | 80.7 |  |  | 62 | 205,388 |
|  | 31 |  | + ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 192.2 |  | -6. | 1,396 |  |
|  |  |  | +10 | 180.144 | g |
|  |  | 137.94 | $+$ | 155,000 | 185,018 |
|  | 270 |  |  |  |  |
|  | , 356 | 115,854,60 |  | 2,118,583 | 0,067,003 |
| 8an Franclaco. Balt Luke Clty Los Arakeles. Trso0ma geattie..8 pokane Fario. oux Falla Tots) Paciflo. | 10,71 | 14,72 |  | 16.07 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,214, | 813 |  | 1,10 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |
|  | 972, 2 |  | 17 |  |  |
|  | 1.19 | 481.3 | +18 |  | ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | 300.2 | 181,67 |  | 173,266 | 113228 |
|  | 88.532 | 00,618 | +2 | 83,437 | 67,130 |
|  | 25.24682 | 081,7 |  | 1,613,4 | 0,918,695 |
|  | 11,473,109 | 918 |  | , 40 |  |
|  | 6,97: | 8,663 |  | 4,13i |  |
|  | 8,155 | 4.839. |  | ¢ 6181 | 2,260.686 |
|  | ${ }^{3} 878$ | 1.655, | + | 8.93b |  |
|  | 1,222 |  |  |  | 1.30 |
|  | 1.420, | 010.418 |  | 1.070 | 1,149,508 |
|  |  |  |  | 756 | ${ }^{640.017}$ |
|  |  | 837 |  |  |  |
|  | 472,5 | 410. |  | 4279 | 155.771 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 87,215 | 78,218 | $+25 \cdot 2$ | 68,048 | 83,958 |
|  | 3,432, | 38,400,05 |  | 40,137,80 | 3,250 |
|  | 30.342 8882 | 18.971 |  | 24.450 | 1,80 |
| New Orleans. Louisvilie. Qalveston. | $\begin{aligned} & 288,772 \\ & 684, i 19 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | .2077800 |
|  | 543, | , | +28 | S02 |  |
| Qalveston...... | , | 3, 3.359 |  | ,329 | .8731888 |
|  | 19 | 1.85 |  | 2,081,97 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Momph |  |  |  | 訾, |  |
| Dalas: Dashri Nal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nashri Norfoll |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,104 | 1.210\% | -88 | (0,288 |  |
|  |  |  | +28*3 | 29, | 2, |
|  |  | 311,9 | +136 | 4,171 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 64,786,377 | 85,351,058 | +17.0 | 08,814,201 | 69,204,170 |
| Total all......... | 1,174,060,58 | 996,529,6u | +1791 | 1,184,732,20 | 1,013,039,014 |
| Oatalde N. York. | 493,826,727 | 400,977,57 | +20 | 301,4s | 608,683,955 |
| Montreal............. | 12,983,045 |  |  | 11,25 | 0.18 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6,1024.710 |
|  |  |  | +66 | 1,94 | 1,483,1 |
| Hamilion. <br> Bt. John. |  |  |  | 691,56 | 726, |
|  | 65 | dsa | +8.8 |  |  |
| Total Ganmaz.... | 846,616 | 1.08 | +26 | , | 8.7 |

## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Among the occurrences of this week the next in importance to the elections, which we have remarked upon in a subsequent article, has been the foreclosure sale of the Union Pacific Railroad (main linde), effected on Monday and Tuesday, the 1st and 2 d of November. The reorganization of this property has for a long time been looked forward to as an industrial event of decided promise. Now by reason of the higher price paid for the main line and the postponement of the sale of the Kansas Pacific branch to December 16, the property is in a less satisfactory condition; indeed, what shape it will finally take is a problem not yet fully developed. At the moment ehief interest attaches to the disposition which shall be made of the cash paid and to be paid for Monday's purchase so as not to disturb the money market. It has been determined by the Government to deposit certain amounts in several of the national banks which have signified their willingness to take them. As money is abundant and rates very low, even where a bank owns United States bonds little can be made out of Government money, and there would seem to be no inducement for any institution to borrow bonds for the purpose, especially as the period is short during which much of the money will be retained by Secretary Gage. All our readers know that $\$ 29,904,952$ of Pacific Railroad bonds fall due on the first of January and a considerable portion of the purchase price for the Union Pacific will not become payable until about that time. Hence a good part of the money will simply be paid in to be paid out.

Through these Government deposits, through the Government deficits, and through payments on account of the Pacific Railroad debt, this whole transaction, it is claimed, will be effected without materially deranging the money market. The cash is nearly all in New York now. It will only be transferred from one bank or trust company to another bank, and in some cases of the depositary banks from one account to another account of the same bank. Of course it is not unlikely that about the first of January-at which time of every year large arrangements for dividend and interest payment are a usual event-it is not unlikely that brokers will have to pay higher rates than they are now paying unless the body of them make provision beforehand to tide over that period. We doubt, too, whether Secretary Gage will let his balance held in Sub-Treasury run down much lower than it now is; that is to say, though he may take little out of the money market he will not put new supplies of currency into it, as he is now necessarily doing because of the Government deficits. But currency seems to be flowing this way so rapidly, notwithstanding shipments to St. Louis last week and shipments to New Orleans this week, that it looks as if closer money must be very temporary should it prevail at all this winter.

As to the details of the payments for the Union Pacific purchase it seems unlikely that the final instalment will be turned over to the Government much before the middle of January. The Reorganization Committee has deposited thus far on behalf of its purchase $\$ 4,364,525$, of which $\$ 2,000,000$ represents the preliminary deposit required on the purchase of the Government subsidy lien, $\$ 1,364,525$ the deposit on the sinking fund purchase and $\$ 1,000,000$ the deposit on the first mortgage lien. The latter does not of course count as part of the payment ta be
made to the Government, leaving $\$ 3,364,525$ as the amount actually paid on that account thus far. In addition an instalment of $\$ 4,000,000$ will be due to-day, November 6, this forming the balance of the sum which under the decree has to be paid within five days after the acceptance of the bid. As to the remainder (estimated at $\$ 45,880,000$ ) of the purchase price, $\$ 12,280,000$ will be due fifteen days after the date of the confirmation of the sale. It is not thought that confirmation will occur until about November 15. Taking this as the probable date, the $\$ 12,280,000$ payment would be called for on November 30. The remaining $\$ 33,600,000$, according to the terms of the foreclosure, will have to be paid in four equal instalments, thirty, forty, fifty and sixty days respectively after the sale has been confirmed. In other words, $\$ 8,400,000$ will be due about December $15, \$ 8,400,000$ about December 25, \$8,400,000 about January 4 and the final $\$ 8,400,000$ not until, say, January 14.
While trade latterly has become rather quiet, there can be no doubt that mercantile affairs are on an unusually sound basis. The long period of liquidation preceding the present revival, during which the weakest concerns were weeded out, would alone ensure such a condition even if the recupcration in trade did not exist as an added favorable feature. These remarks are suggested by the appearance of the October reports of mercantile failures. According to the compilations prepared for Dun's Review, the insolvencies this year were smaller than in the corresponding month of any recent year. Briefly, the liabilities of the failed concerns foot ap only $\$ 9,5 \% 7,751$ in October 1897, against $\$ 14,880,266$ in October 1896, $\$ 15,386,750$ in October 1895, $\$ 10,738,174$ in October 1894 and $\$ 28,167,814$ in October 1893. In the matter of the number of failures, the comparison is equally favorable. Only $8 \% 5$ traders went under in the month this year, against 1,254 in the same month last year, and 1,189 in both 1895 and 1894. As the "Review", in commenting on these results, well says, it is the general trend of failures toward smaller liabilities and lower averages which discloses more surely than almost any other symptom the state of business. There is also truth in the "Review's" statement that the tendency towards shrinkage in commercial disasters is so general and so strong that marked progress towards prosperity could be safely inferred if there were no other evidence obtainable. The general conclusion is reached that in the great branches of industry and trade, upon which the prosperity of the country mainly depends, a sounder condition appears to have been reached than has existed at any other time since the autumn of 1892 , and with two or three other brief exceptions, at any time during the past seventeen years.

Our compilation of bank clearings for October shows a much smaller ratio of improvement than was the case in the two months preceding, reflecting in this the quieter state of trade which has developed. The gain over last year for October is only 22.3 per cent, where in September it was $50 \cdot 1$ per cent and in August $36 \cdot 0$ per cent. Outside of New York the comparison is much the same. There the ratio of gain for October is only 15.2 per cent, against 28.5 per cent for September and $19 \cdot 8$ per cent for August. It-would be incorrect, however, to assume that the smaller ratios of increase are entirely duf: to a quieter state of trade. In part the diminution
mnst be ascribed to the fact that there was one less business day in the month the present year, October 1897 having contained five Sundays, against only four Sundays in Oatober 1896. Then also there has been a marked subsidence of the spirit of speculation in the various markets. This is well shown by the falling off in the dealings on the New York Stock Exehange. Last year the monthly aggregates of the stock sales did not vary greatly during August, September and October, falling below five million shares each month. The present year the sales foot up only $8,0 \cdot 32,512$ shares for October, against $13,142,160$ shares for September and $11,435,248$ shares for August.

But if the ratio of improvement is no longer so large as it was, yet the comparisons are extremely favorable and indicate stri kingly the contrast between the business conditions prevailing the present year and those prevailing last year. Indeed in the general nature of the improvement, the showing is better even than for the months preceding. For instance, notwithstanding the loss of a day there are only two places outside the South where the Clearing House returns fail to show a gain. In the South there are seven places which have fallen behird, but the reason for this is well known. It is due to the prevalence of the yellow fever epidemic and the embargo on traile and business resulting from the same. Thus New Orleans has suffered a deorease on that account of $20 \cdot 4$ per cent. Fortunately, however, the situation in that section is now improfing. The temperature has fallen decidedly in many parts of the South, and it is expeeted that this will quickly be followed by an abatement of the discase. Fintirely apart, however, from the weather conditions the quarantino restrictions are already being decidedly relaxed. Our usual comparative tables of the clearings will be found on page 852 and the detailed statement on the page preceding this article.

Money on call, representing bankers' balances, has loaned at the Stock Exchange during the week at $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, with the bulk of the business and the average at 2 per cent. Banks and trust companies quote $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent as the minimum, though some loan at 2 per cent. Time contracts on good Stook Exchange collateral are $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for sixty days, 3 per cent for ninety days to four months and $3 \frac{1}{2} @ 4$ per cent for five to six months. There continues to be a good demand for commercial paper without much increase in the supply, and rates are $3 \frac{1}{2} @ 4$ per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, $4 @ 4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent for prime and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ف5 per cent for good four to six months' single names. One feature of the week has been a relaxation in the demand for currency for transfer to St Louis and a renewal of the inquiry from New Orleans. Advices received by banks from that centre stato that business is improving. Cotton and sugar are moving more freely, and there is a better feeling among bankers and merchants, leading to a greater inquiry for money.

A feature of the week has been a fall in bar silver in London from 27 pence per ounce on Monday to 263 pence on Thursday, closing yesterday at $26 \frac{1}{2}$ pence. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills in London 27 per cent. The open market rate at Paris is 2 per cent ; at Berlin it is 4 per cent, and at Frankfort it is $4 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent. According to our specfal cable from London the Bank of

England lost $£ 433,670$ bullion during the week, and held $£ 31,494,501$ at the close of the week. Our correspondent forther advises us that the loss was due to the export of $£ 5 \%, 000$ (of which $£ 38,000$ were to Egypt, $£ 14,000$ were to South America and $£ 5,000$ were to the Continent), to the shipment of $£ 493,000$ net to the interior of Great Britain and to the import of $£ 116,000$, of which $£ 100,000$ were from the Cape and $£ 16,000$ from China.

The foreign exchange market has been dull this week and without special feature. The tone was firm on Monday, when there was an advance of one-quarter of a cent in rates for actual business, but on Wednesday the market was a little irregular, with long sterling firm and short sterling and cable transfers easier, influenced to some extent by fractionally lower open market discount rates in London. Bankers report a liberal supply of cotton bills from the Gulf ports, due to an increased movement of the staple, but these bills continue to be held at comparatively high prices, and it is claimed that deliveries of commercial bills on contracts are not prompt. Though imports of goods are small and exports large, thus calling for lower exchange, bankers report that as the market falls off in response to these trade conditions, there is a demand for sterling, which brings about a reaction, and some of this inquiry comes from bankers who are buying long sterling to hold until it ruins to sight, as they are able to hypothecate these bills at from $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per cent on call and at 21 per cent for sixty days. The market was quoted firm, though quite dull, on Thursday, and closed firm yesterday. The range for nominal rates for sterling was unchanged on Monday at from $\pm 83$ to $483 \frac{1}{2}$ for sixty day and from 486 to $486 \frac{1}{2}$ for sight. Rates for actual business were advanced one-quarter of a cent, compared with those at the close on Friday of last week, to $482 \frac{1}{2} @ 482 \frac{3}{4}$ for long, $485 \frac{1}{2} @ 485 \frac{3}{4}$ for short and $486 @ 4864$ for cable transfers, and the market was strong. Tuesday was the election holiday. On Wednesday the tone was irregular. No change was made in nominal rates, and those for actual busmess in long sterling remained unaltered, while those for short sterling and cable transfers were reduced one-quarter of a cent to $485 \frac{1}{4} @ 485 \frac{1}{2}$ for the former and 485 定@ 486 for the latter. There was no change in nominal rates on Thursday and the market was dull and steady, closing firm at an advance of one-quarter of a cent in rates for actual business to $482 \frac{3}{4} @ 483$ for long, $485 \frac{1}{2} @ 485 \frac{3}{4}$ for short and $486 @ 486 \frac{1}{4}$ for cable transfers. Yesterday Brown Bros, advanced their posted rates half a cent for long and short, but there was no change in the rates for actual business. The following shows daily posted rates for exchange by some of the leading drawers.

DAILX POBTRD RATES FOR FOREION BXGHANGE.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FRI } \\ & \text { Oet. } 30 \end{aligned}$ | Mos Now. 1. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Waw... } \\ & \text { Nov. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Thor, } \\ \text { Nov, } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown Brot...... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \text { day } \\ 8 / \mathrm{ght}\end{array}\right.$ | 88 | -88 |  | $83$ | 63 | $\begin{gathered} 3-1 / \sqrt{3} \\ -6-3 / 4 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 8 | 88 |  | 68 10 |  | -83/40 |
| Bank Britioh $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { So days }\end{array}\right.$ | 894 <br> eft | $\begin{aligned} & 88 y \\ & \text { 8e\% } \end{aligned}$ | 近 | 88 | 8936 806 | -936 |
| Bent of Montreal ....... Cingight. | 884 $86 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8816 \\ & 86 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{aligned} & 833 \\ & 761 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 834 \\ & 801 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{-35}$ |
|  | $89 \%$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89 \% \\ .80 \% \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \% \\ & 861 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | 83\% | 831 |
| Heidelbach, I ck- $\{00$ dayn elheimer do Co. isight... | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \% \\ & 865 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 831 / 6 \\ & 86 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 681 / 9 \\ & 60 \% \end{aligned}$ | 883 | 80\% |
| Linzard Frores... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \text { days. } \\ \text { six hL. }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 881 / 6 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $883$ |  | 8314 | 834 | ${ }_{86}^{81 / 4}$ |
| Morchants' Bk if Canada...... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \text { days. } \\ \text { Bight. }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \% \\ & 86 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 835 \\ & 80 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 831 / 2 \\ & 80 / 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \% \\ & 86 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { स3y } \\ & 80 \% \end{aligned}$ |

Rates for actual business yesterday were $4823 @ 483$ for long, $485 \frac{1}{3}\left(485 \frac{9}{4}\right.$ for short and $486 @ 486 \frac{1}{4}$ for
cable transfers. Prime commercial bills $482 \pm$ (64 $42 \frac{1}{2}$ and documentary 481 @at 482 .
The foilowing statement gives the week's movements of money to and from the interior by the N. Y. banks.

| whek Ending November 5, 1897. | Received by N, Y, Banks. | Shipped by N. Y. Banks. | Net Interior Movement. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$5,420,000 | \$3,367,000 | Gain. $\$ 2,053,000$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jarr } \\ & \text { Gold } \end{aligned}$ | 481,000 | 411,000 | Gain. 70,000 |
| Total gold and legal tenders | \$5,901,000 | \$3,778,000 | Gain. $\$ 2,123,000$ |

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as follows.

| Wrek E | November 5, 1897. |  | Into Banks. <br> Banks. | Out of Binks. | Net Change in Bank Holdings. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' interfor movement, as above Sub-Treasury operaticns |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 85,901,00 \\ & 13,300,00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,778,000 \\ & 11,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \text { Gain.: } 2,123,0 \text { /0 } \\ & 0 \text { Gain. } 2,800,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Total gold and legal tenders..... $\$ 19,201,000$ \$14,778,000 Gain $\$ 4,423,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following table indicates the amount of bullion the principal European banks this week and at the orresponding date last year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bent of | November 4, 1887. |  |  | November 5, 1896. |  |  |
|  | Gold. | Suver. | Tota | Gol | Suver. | 1otal |
| Estao | 2 | $\varepsilon$ |  | $\underset{35,807,202}{\frac{8}{4}}$ | . ${ }^{\text {s... }}$ | $\pm$ |
|  | 78,322 288 | 48,291,358 | 126,618,744 | -7,210,383 4 | 49,171,5 |  |
| Oermany | 20,462,060 | 13,0c0,00 | 40,002,000 | 26,480,000 1 | 14,298.000 | 41.428,00 |
| Aust.-Huvg'y | $37,970,000$ | 12,381,000 | 50,551, 000 | 30,389,000 1 | 12,594,000 | 12,977,060 |
| Spain | 9,223, 000 | 10,600.c00 | 10,018,000 | 8,528, | 9,976,00 | 18,504,00 |
| Netheri | 2,618,000 | 6, 2 88,000 | 0,314,000 | 2.68 | 8,732,0 | 9,567,000 |
| N | 2,75 | 1.378.687 | 4,133,000 | 2,852,667 | 1828,333 | 3 2,979,00 |
| ot.thls week ot.prev.w't | $\begin{aligned} & 188,8 \cdot(2,2 \\ & 159,404,2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,027,025 \\ & 2.032,311 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 281,829,245 \\ & 1262.336 .579 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 188,652,257 \\ & 195.981 .0879 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,797,0032 \\ \\ 99110,7532 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3278,450,160 \\ 3270971.840 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## THE ELECTIONS-WHAT THEY MEAN.

The event of the week has been the elections. They have resulted at almost all points either in the success of the Democratic Party, or, where that has not been the case, in the majorities against it of a year ago being greatly reduced. The most signal victory that party has achieved is in having obtained full possession of the government of our new city, the Greater New York; from the first of January all departments of this enlarged municipality will be under its control. But though that is a highly important incident, the outcome in other cities and the small majorities in some other States are even more striking. So radical a change as these results indicate was not anticipated, and it has very reasonably given rise to disappointment in industrial circles. Some even infer from it a likelihood of a new disturbance three years hence over the tariff but more especially over silver questions. Such suggestions are natural but not well considered. Those agitations may recur, for the future is full of all sorts of possibilities; but the results of these elections are no evidence that the agitations will be renewed, and most of all they are no evidence of a reaction in opinion with reference to the currency.

As we look at it the lack of interest recently shown by the party in power in favor of a radical reform of our monetary situation-or speaking more accurately the oozing out of the intense interest exhibited by that party during the election-has done more than all things else to bring about these results. It is of course not the only influence, but it has been the prominent influence. The large independent vote went with that party in November 1896 solely because it was seeking and supposed it would attain and make secure the existing gold basis for values. That vote has in large part neglected to act with the same party in 1897 because of this apparent indisposition manifest among leading Republicans to take up and carry through with a will that cannot be defeated a thorough reform measure. Independent voters were never
wedded to a high tariff, but they accepted a measure in that interest, and gave it precedence willingly, trusting that when it had been disposed of Congiess would with equal zeal and firmness see that our currency was cured of existing defects which years of business distress and trial had made so conspicuous.
We do not assume that the Administration's purpose to act and to do its utmost to secure reform, as heretofore expressed, has no existence now or has weakened. That point is not vital in this discussion. All we say is that a feeling is abroad, and it has been confirmed by opinions expressed on the part of those high in the councils of the party now in power at Washington, that only perfunctory work with reference to the currency will be done by the next Congress; that tariff legislation is making business active, and that currency discussion and legislation would be a disturbing influence and must not be und rtaken. Some of the most prominent among the party newspapers have likewise advocated time and again the same course of action. Certainly these opinions as to the prospective treatment of the subject have encouraged the belief until it has become almost public opinion that no earnest work will be done the coming winter; and the independent voter sharing in this opinion has lost interest in the Republican party, and has either neglected to vote or voted with the opposition.

The majorities of 1896 can never be repeated except when, as then, there is a clearly defined issue of principle at stake, the decision of which affects the individual interests of the people at large, and when entire confidence is felt that those interests are safe in the hands of the party advocating them. There was precisely such a situation in 1896; there was nothing like such a situation in 189\%. That statement explains in a brief form and in the clearest terms the results in the two years. The elections the current week consequently do not disclose any change of opinion with reference to currency affairs; they rather re-assert and confirm the opinion expressed by the vote of 1896. They substantially assert that vote was cast a year ago to secure the stability of our eurrency. To-day those who cast it not only see no sign of an earnest movement in that direction, but hear on all sides that there is to be none having in it any vital force; the sound money public says therefore by its action this week that we have lost confidence in the promises made; that if the same votes are wanted again the faith felt then must be confirmed and restored by works done now.

There never was a conclusion widely adopted that had less of reason and facts to support it than the one so frequently advanced now-a-days that to attempt currency reform legislation in 1898 would disturb brisiness. The unwisdom of that excuse for delay will become evident if we only ask ourselves how could currency discussion on any occasion disturb business? The sensitive point has always in the past been the Treasury gold reserve. That has proved the source of unrest because it is the pivotal point and because it was so vulnerable. Today the reserve is, on the contrary, abundant and surrounded and safeguarded by such a supply of gold and such trade conditions that confidence in its stability could not be subverted or shaken by discussion or legislation that exhibited a determined purpose among the sound money party to fortify that reserve in this day of our strength against any future disturbing causes.

Our foreign trade may be reversed next fall. Morcover, there is always another possibility so long as our Senate has in it so little real conservatism as it now has-a possibility which may at any moment tax the strength of our monetary arrangements. There is a possibility of war, threatened or actual, with its unknowable horrors and developments, a condition that could not fail to excite the fears of the investing public in Europe and America. It would give rise to that fear quicker than any other incident could. As a mere matter of defense there is consequently nothing we could do to-day, not even building guns and ships, which would be so advantageous, would add so materially to our fighting strength as to make our measure of values safe against all contingencies. Remember, too, that as our currency is now, if we lose our hold on gold the alternative is silver. We talk about Spain being in no condition financially to go to war. How much better off are we with this catastrophe confronting us ?

We repeat, then, that the elections do not mean that the spirit for currency reform is weakening among the people-it is growing stronger instead of weaker. They do not mean a reopening of the old silver fight three years hence. Elections that take out of office Maryland's representative in the United States Senate-the worst because the cleverest silver man in that body-can mean nothing of that sort. They are simply a very loud call to the Republican party for immediate, earnest, continued action in the work of reforming our currency until it is effected.

## GOVERNMENT INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS.

The Government receipts, disbursements and deficit prove to have been the past month much as we surmised a month ago (Chronicle, October 2, page 596) would be the outcome. In our forecast for the October deficit we stated that the total would be considerably larger than in September, when it was, according to our statement, which includes the National Bank Note Redemption Fund (see page 855) only $83,012,000$, but smaller than in August, when it was $\$ 14,131,000$. It appears that the actual October deficit, shown in our exhibit of the accounts, was $88,303,000$. It is satistfactory to know that this increase in the deficit was wholly due to larger disbursements, and that those were in excess of September only because the interest payments were larger. To state the facts in brief-the disbursements were $\$ 26,261,000$ in September (of which $\$ 388,000$ were on the interest account), but they rose to $\$ 34,266,000$ (including $\$ 5,212,000$ of interest paid) in October. A further feature of the disbursements is that the October result was about normal, being, as stated, $834,266,000$ in 1897 against $834,428,000$ in October 1896 and䡙55,092,000 in 1895.

With reference to the income for October, we are pleased to note that it is favorable. Both Customs duties and internal revenue taxes show satisfactory growth. Uustoms receipts were only $\$ 6,988,000$ in August and $\$ 7,913,000$ in September, while in October they reached $\$ 9,713,494$. This material and continued development of that branch of the service is an especially favorable fature, not only as a present fact but because of the promise it affords of future growth. The recovery in Customs payments has been more rapid than was generally anticipated. Imports of merchandise were so large during the last five months of tariff
legislation (March to July, both included,) the fear was that the recovery would prove to be extremely slow. Of coarse we do not assume that the rate of increase in this item shown the last three months can continue from month to month until the maximum is reached. It is not unlikely that there will be a further enlargement in November; but soon thereafter we look for a temporary check to the upward movement. But it is, we repeat, a promising fact, when one remembers how large the imports were of all important articles (such as wool, sugar, \&c., ) before the tariff went into effect, that this brauch of the Government income has already reached a monthly total of nearly 10 million dollars.
The internal revenue taxes have shown even greater vitality. That quality was not unexpected; we have indicated on prerious occasions that this item of revenue was likely to displays speedy enlargement. It has now reached $\$ 13,615,000$, that being the total for October; the income from the same branch of the Government revenue in the whole of 1896 averaged only a trifle over 12 million dollars monthly, and in 1895 the average was less than 12 million dollars. We look for a further considerable expansion; how long the growth will continue will depend upon the development of general business. There is still room for enlargement. The internal taxes as they stand to-day ought to net in fairly good times an average of at least 17 million dollars. It has, too, been the history of that class of revenue ever since the first interral taxes were laid, in 1863, that with the rates unchanged a material increase of income from year to year could be relied upon.

Of course we do not mean to imply that sufficient revenue from duties and internal taxes to meet current appropriations is an immediate prospect. There is little reason to doubt that the November and December figures will be considerably less unfavorable than those for October have been. But the January return will unquestionably again show a large adverse balance, as the disbursements that month will be heavy. Hence the important fact, we repeat, is that the Government income is on the increase, and that condition, following our recent experience of prolonged deficits, is to business circles an exhilarating, hopeful and restful influence.
The payment of cash to the Government on account of the Union Pacific foreclosure sale will serve to keep the Treasury in good condition for the remainder of the year notwithstanding its deficient revenue. We referred to this fact last month; but the Government financial situation is not complete without re-stating it. That sale, after paying the Pacific railroad bonds which fall due January 11898 will provide the Treasury with a very considerable surplus. On the first of November the Government still had a cash balance of $\$ 207,756,100$ (against $\$ 241,154,455$ October 1 1896), of which $\$ 153,573,147$ was net gold. There is consequently not the least cause for uneasiness on account of current or future Government deficits. The Treasury is in strong position to-day and there is every assurance that it will be able to retain that situation until it has abundant revenue.

Below we give our usual table of Government cash holdings on the 1st of November and on three previous monthly dates. These figures give in brief the condition of the Treasury cash. The receipts and disbursements referred to above will be found in the Commercial and Miscellaneous News Department.


## THE NEFT STEP IN CUBA.

We have already called the attention of our readers to the fact that the Cuban situation has passed into a somewhat new and altered phase. It was general opinion at the death of Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish Premier, who was the type and embodiment of repression, that the drastic policy employed since 1893 to put down the Cuban revolution could not survive him. An effort was nevertheless made to continue it, and General Azcarraga, one of the followers of Canovas, undertook to organize a Spanish Ministry pledged to exactly the same line of procedure. Hardly a month was needed to show that the underta king was impracticable; there was another change in the Ministry at Madrid, and a Premier who was committed as far to Cuban conciliation as any Spanish statesman could be has now assumed control. General Weyler, whose harshness in the administration of the Captain Generalship of Cuba had excited protest pretty much throughout the world, has been notifiel of his removal from office; General Blanco, who is named to take his place, goes to Havana presumably with the purpose of humane administration. Finally, it has been intimated that liberal grants of self-government will be proposed to Cuba.

This happened while a special communication from our Government to Spain was on its way. It was believed that Minister Woodford's note called attention again, and somewhat positively, to the damage suffered by this country's commerce through the prolongation of the Cuban war, and asked for a definite statement of what Spain expected to accomplish. The reply to this note has since been received by our State Department. Its contents have not been made public, but a resumé of an apparently official character, given out to the press, indicates that the reply is courteous, that it repeats the belief of the Spanish Government in a speedy ending of the war, but reserves any definite declaration pending the change in administration at Havana. Probably this note will be fully made public four weeks from now in* connection with the Piesident's message to Congress. If our own Administration has decided.on any change in attitude or policy, its position will then be stated. The matter will next be placed in the hands-of Congress.

While the Ouban question rests in this more or less uncertain shape, it is in some considerable degree a factor of financial disturbance. By this we mean, not that the financial community apprehends trouble, but that it sees a situation which may conceivably result in international friction, and which therefore, so long as the matter is in doubt, stands as an obstacle to reviving confidence. That this phase of the situation has had its part in the recent hesitating and drooping investment markets, we have no doubt. It was distinctly the governing impulse in yesterday's sharp decline. Reaction in prices was natural enough, to
be sure, after the violent rise of August and September, but the influence of these diplomatic uncertainties is shown by the failure of the markets to resume any show of activity or confidence, even after the speculative liquidation and profit-taking had plainly run its course.
We are not disposed to share any serious misgivings regarding the outcome of this matter. It is possible, in the first place, that the Spanish offer of autonomy will be sufficiently expanded to satisfy the Cubans. This possibility, we are aware, has been strenuously denied by the Uuban sympathizers and by the Cubans themselves, who declare, no doubt with justice, that what the Spanish ministry wishes to do is to adjust the quarrel on a basis of reforms which will still leave actual control, directly or indirectly, in the hands of the home government. But it is already apparent that the Spanish statesmen are sick of the war and anxious to put an end to it. The utter collapse of the Spanish Government's public credit promises to cut off its actual sources of supply. It cannot continue the Cuban war without raising fresh resources; it cannot apparently raise these resources except through heavy increase in home taxation; and it cannot make such increase in the Spanish taxes without endangering its own position with the people. In other words, the Sagasta Government itself, to use a homely figure, is at the end of its: rope. The United States is justly anxious and irritated at the continuance of the Cuban war, but our anxiety is as nothing compared to that which must beset the Spanish Ministers. With us it is a question of sentiment or of commercial interest; with them it is a question of political life and death. If this is true, and if, as seems to be the fact, the Cuban revolutionists are able to hold out indefinitely, it appears. to us that the Cubans must sooner or later be the actual masters of the situation. If they demand a much more liberal measure of home rule than that with which the Sagasta Ministry opens their demands must apparently be met.

To some extent this view is combatted by Mr. Hannis Taylor, General Woodford's predecessor in the Spanish mission. Mr. Taylor treats the question in this month's "North American Review." The propriety of severe and public criticism of a government by an ambassador just returned from diplomatic intercourse with it is rather questionable. The further disclosure of private personal communications exchanged between Canovas and Mr. Taylor during his diplomatic residence at Madrid, as made by the exMinister in the daily papers yesterday, is more than a questionable act ; it is a very serious breach of confidence. But waiving this point, Mr. Taylor's review of the situation is extremely interesting, even to those who cannot wholly share in his conclusions. On one point he lays especial stress, observing that "no matter how willing Señor Sagasta might be to settle the war by a liberal grant to Cuba in the way of self-government, it would be folly for him to attempt to make such a grant as the Spanish nation as a whole would promptly repudiate." He adds his own conviction that "any Ministry that dares to undertake such a perilous enterprise will be at once discredited and driven from office."

To. Mr. Taylor's knowledge of the situation at Madrid, high respect is due; yet there are certain elements in human nature which must in a measure govern such a situation, and it is scarcely possible
to imagine that when confronted by domestic ruin as the price of dictation to Cuba, the Spanish people will not eventually be controlled by the motives which control all other people under parallel circumstances. Mr. Taylor himself admits, in discussing the value of a peremptory demand by the United States for termination of the war, that "the mere passing of such a resolution * * will so completely prostrate the present Cuban policy of Spain that it will die in a short time, without further action upon our part. The Spanish people themselves, worn out and exhausted by an unfruitful strife of which the masses who are mainly called upon for military service are thoroughly weary, will see that the continuance of the conflict under existing conditions is impossible."
But if this is so, we fail to see why the policy of conciliation or surrender must not equally be forced on Spain and the Spanish people by the movement of events. If the Spanish Ministry and Dynasty are threatened with actual ruin by continuing the Cuban conflict, fear of ponular anger to be provoked by settlement with the Cubans can hardly be the foremost consideration. Two very unpleasant alternatives would, in such case, no doubt exist; but public ministers, like ordinary people, are apt, under such conditions, to select the lesser evil of the two.
Mr. Taylor's intimation that a threat by the United States to Spain would be more effective than continued pressure through the medium of friendly diplomacy, may possibly be correct. But it must be kept in mind what the alternative might involve. That Spain would declare war on the United States on receipt of such a public threat we greatly doubt. But suppose that Spain, while not taking such aetion, nevertheless ignores our threat and continues to prosecute the Cuban war. Is the United States to send its army down to Cuba to fight with General Blanco? We hardly think so; we are very sure that even the hottest-headed jingo at Washington would shrink from suggesting that, if there were any chance that his suggestion would be adopted.

For ourselves, we are much inclined to believe that if the recent and present attitude of our administration is maintained, "the present Cuban policy of Spain", to quote Mr. Taylor's words again, "will die in a short time, without further action on our part." Indeed, we hold it as a reasonable possibility that menacing talk at Washington will chiefly serve to prolong the present unfortunate situation. It is sometimes easy for the ministers of a proud people to yield ground because their people's own best interests so require. But to yield because of another nation's threat is a different matter, and so we believe both our own Government and the Sagasta ministry would find it.

## SOUTHERN PAOIFIC COMPANY REPORT.

The Sonthern Pacific Company haviug changed the ending of its fiscal year from December 31 to June 30, so as to make the year conform to that adopted by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, has now issued a report bringing its operations and accounts down to Jund 301897 after having issued in the spring a report to December 311896 . The report is very full and comprehensive. Indeed we know of no railroad corpqration in the comntry which now fornishes a more complete and exhanstive annual statement of its affuirs than does the Southern Pacifice.

The size of the report gives a good idea of the ground it covers. It is issued in folio form and makes no less than 112 pages. Of course the company is a very large one and embraces within itself a great many constituent companies, a fact which would tend to make the report a bulky one in any event. But we are referring to the matter contained in it, in which particular it seems to have been framed with the special purpose of supplying the facts best adapted for the needs of security holders and the public. Not only the finances of the company, but the physical condition of the property, the details of operations, the composition of traffic, the distribution of expenses, and a host of other things, are set out at great length. To give only a few illustrations, table No. 8 f nishing a summary of receipts and disbursements, tables Nos. 10 and 11 giving the details of earnings and expenses, table No. 23 showing the tie and rail renewals, and table No. 24 indicattng the character and conditior. of tracks and bridges, are models in their way. In addition the accounts of all the constituent comparies are treated separately and with great fulness. The executive and accounting officers of the company are to be congratulated upon their skill in arranging and presenting the vast mass of statistics and information which the report contains.
The Southern Pacific is one of the large railroad corporations which have passed very oreditably through the trying times that all railroads have experienced in recent years, In extent of mileage, the property ranks with the largest systems of the day, the average mileage operated for the late year having been 7,371 miles, which makes the achievement the more noteworthy. In some respects conditions with it were perhaps more trying than with most other roads, as so considerable a portion of the system's business consists of trans-Continental tonnage which has to be moved long distances at very low rates and competition for this business has been very active not only on th part of the rail lines, domestic and foreign, but also on the part of the water lines. Such competition would alone havemade the situation discouraging, but the coincident depression in the prices of agricultural products raised in California and the subsequent general prostration of trade and industry all over the United States added still further to the difficulties of the management.

As far as the late year was concerned the loss in gross earnings was comparatively small, amounting to only 8715,168 , or 144 per cent, and this loss the company was able to meet by a reduction of somewhat over a million dollars in expenses, leaving actually a small gain in net- $\$ 32 \%, 013$. But to understand the significance of the loss in gross earnings, it should be remembered that it follows heavy losses in the years preceding. If we compare with 1893 (only four years before) we find that gross then on about 200 miles less road was $\$ 54,356,729$, against only $\$ 48,871,900$ now. Expenses in the same four years were reduced over three million dollars, that is from $\$ 34,815,52 \%$ to 831,675,941, but that still leaves a decrease of about 2f million dollars in the net earnings, which have deolined from $\$ 19,541,202$ in 1893 to $\$ 17,195,959$ in 189\%. Notwithstanding this shrinkage in net revenues, the income account for the late year shows that the company on the operations of the tw lve months was able to meet all of its fixed charges and expenses (including 8619,296 charged for the replacement of equipment, $\$ 165,448$ for applying auto-
matic couplers to 7,283 freight cars and $\$ 490,245$ contributed to sinking funds), and yet carry forward a balance of $2 \frac{1}{4}$ million dollars-in exact figures, $\$ 2,273,038$. Taking out of this latter $\$ 922,798$ spent for betterments and additions (and which was charged to the extent of $\$ 133,471$ to profit and loss and $\$ 789$,327 to capital account of proprietary and leased lines), there still exists a credit balance of $\$ 1,350,240$. In other words this balance of $1 \frac{1}{3}$ million dollars remains even after taking out in full the betterment outlays, whether charged to capital account or to profit and loss.

These figures make it evident that the position of the company was a very strong one when the extreme depression in business began-that is, that there was considerable leeway for a loss in revenues without endangering the company's ability to meet its charges. But the most important fact in connection with the falling off in revenues is still to be mentioned. The falling off was entirely due to a decline in rates- the volume of tounage actually increased quite considerably. In brief, the company was able to add to the amount of its freight traffic notwithstanding the depression in business. While this speaks well for the way the road has been managed and the growth of the territory tributary to it, it also serves to illustrate the difficulties the management have had to contend with. We have become accustomed in this country to heavy declines in rates, but the shrinkage in the case of the Southern Pacific is in extent rather out of the ordinary. In 1893 the company still realized an average of over $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per ton per mile- $1 \cdot 505$ cents; for 1897 the average was but 1.126 cents. The contraction in the four years, it will be seen, has been almost three-eighths of a cent per ton per mile, or over 25 per cent. The expansion in traffic has been only less marked, and very fortunately too, for had the decline in rates been attended by a contraction in the volume of business the result must necessarily have been serious. As it was, the density of tonnage, that is the ton miles per mile of road operated, rose from 299,929 tons in 1893 to 351,836 tons in 1897. Noteworthy though the increase in traffic has been during the four years, it is in ratio only 17.31 per cent, as against the $25 \cdot 18$ per cent decline in rates.

The report contains an interesting computation showing the effect that the decline in rates has had on revenues. In brief it is found that had the company been able to realize in 1897 the average rates received only four years before, earnings for 1897 would have been $\$ 10,632,238$ greater than they are. This, then, represents the extent of the contribution made by one large system to lighten the transportation charges of producers and shippers during the period of depression through which the whole community passed during these four years. It becomes evident, too, that except for this reduction in rates the gros earnings for $189 \%$ instead of being $5 \frac{1}{2}$ million dollars less than for 1893 would have been over 5 million dollars larger than in that year.

Another feature in the company's affairs is worth bringing out. We saw above that expenses in 1897 were about 3 million dollars less than in 1893, notwithstanding the addition of some 200 miles of road. The figures we have just given make it apparent that this reduction was effected in face of an increase of 17 per cent in the amount of tranportation work done, that is, the volume of freight traffic moved. Nothing could show more strikingly the increased economy with which the road is being oper-
ated. If we seek for the causes to explain this cheapening in operating cost, we learn an instructive lesson as to the wisdom of expenditures calculated to raise the standard and efficiency of a property. From figures given in the report it appears that since 1835 no less than $\$ 16$,723,335 has been spent for betterments and additions to the property. This money has been applied in various ways-in substituting steel and iron bridges for wooden structures; stone, brick or concrete foundations for timber ones; ballasting track and using ereosoted and burnettized ties in renewals; providing new rolling stock and in making various other improvements, additions and betterments.

These heavy outlays tend to reduce expenses in a two-fold manner; first in diminishing the amounts needed in this way and in reducing repair and renewal expenditures, and secondly in making it possible to move traffic at a lower cost per unit of work. As one instance of the saving which the company has been able to effect in maintenance of way expenses by the large expenditures for permanent work, we may point out that the annual expense for maintenance and renewal of trestling on the lines of the Atlantic properties has, under the use of creosoted lumber, \&c., been reduced from $\$ 31 \%, 848$ in 1891 to only $\$ 98,393$ in 1896. It appears from the Controller's report that 4,634,242 of the ties in the track, or about 18 per cent of the whole, are burnettized or creosoted, and that $16,363,-$ 050 , or 64 per cent, are of redwood, cypress, cedar and bois d'are, which do not readily decay, and whose service is prolonged by the use of tie plates; thus leaving only $4,562,0 \% 8$, or about 18 per cent, of untreated ties to be replaced by burnettized or redwood ties as renewals become necessary. It also appears that about 20 per cent of the timber trestles have already been renewed with creosoted lumber, and that there are 961.40 miles of tie-plated track in the road bed.

We need hardly say that the company has also been increasing its train loads, thus admitting of the movement of an increased amount of tonnage on a decreased freight train mileage. In the late year, for instance, the train load was added to in amount of over 14 tons. The report contains figures this time showing the train load on the basis of the actual revenue train mileage, and from these it will be seen that the train load on this basis in the late year on the Pacific Division was nearly 239 tons. That this is a high average will appear when we say that on the New York Central the load in the same year was 270 tons. The comparison is intended as only a rough one, as we do not know whether the method of computation on the Central is precisely the same.

As certain roads have made application to the Interstate Commerce Commission for an extension of time (beyond January 1 1898) for equipping freight cars with automatic couplers and train brakes, under the act of Congress approved March 2 1893, the following statement in the report becomes interesting: "These companies began to equip their locomotives and freight cars with automatic air brakes a number of years ago, and the equipment with air brakes, as required by act of Congress, has been nearly completed. Automatic couplers have been applied to very much more than one-half of the freight cars of the company as required by this act."
President C. P. Huntington makes some timely observations bearing on the decline in rates. He
says it is evident that rates should be increased or else tonnage will have to be much greater than it has been in order to maintain the roads in their present efficiency and leave a fair return to those who have invested their money in creating the properties. He points out that the shareholders of the Southern Pacific have never received a dividend since the organization of the company, but have on the contrary advanced many millions to place their properties in the present high state of efficiency for the public service. He does not believe that the public, when it understands the matter, will desire to have the railroads operated at prices which cannot leave a fair return to those who have spent their time and money in building them. He lays great stress upon the recent action of the North Carolina Railroad Commission, in refusing to further reduce freight and passenger rates, as evidence of a growing disposition to treat railroad properties with greater fairness than in the past. He thinks the necessities and requirements of a railroad's oxistence are better understood than ever before, and the inter-dependence of State and railroad in those matters which directly concern the progress and prosperity of each is being more clearly reoognized.

He speaks encouragingly of the indications of returning confidence and business activity. The revival in general business, he says, has already been reflected in a gratifying improvement in the company's business since the close of the fiscal year, and all signs point to the movement of a large tonnage in both directions over the lines of the system. As bearing out these remarks we may note that the monthly returns show an increase for July and August of $\$ 1,450,549$ in gross and of $\$ 964,204$ in net. The full statement for September has not yet come to hand, but the Pacific Division alone for that month records *557,563 gain in gross and $\$ 498,981$ gain in net.

## COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND MOVEMENT TO NOVEMBER 1.

The weather conditions during October have favored the rapid gathering of the cotton crop, and marketing has been upon a very liberal scale, although checked at some points by the yellow fever quarantines. The movement has been only slightly less in volume than a year ago, appreciably heavier than in 1895, but not so liberal as in October 1894. Our statements show that $1,871,754$ bales have come into sight through the ports, interior towns and the rail movement overland, whereas in October of 1896 the total reached 1,891,562 bales, in 1895 it was $1,722,122$ bales and in 1894 reached $2,116,630$ bales. The aggregate for the two months of 1897 is $2,941,454$ bales, or 172,395 bales less than for the two months of last year.

## overland movement to noybmber 1.

The movement overland has been a little less than in October 1896, the gross shipments reaching 223,543 bales, which compares with 233,521 bales in 1896, 206,093 bales in 1895 and 271,027 bales in 1894. The loss this year is largely in the movement via Louisville and Cincinnati, although the shipments via Cairo have also decreased. The movement via St. Louis, however, is greater than in 1896. The net overland for the month is almost the same as in October last year, being 183,747 bales, against 183,746 bales; but compared with 1895, when the total was 170,662 bales, there is an increase. The total for the
two months falls behind that of a year ago 19,702 bales. The details of the whole movement overland for three years are appended:

OVERLAND FROM SEPT. 1 TO OCT, 31.

|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4mountshipped- |  |  |  |
| Vla 8t. Loui | 150,154 | 131.298 | 115,509 |
| Via Cairo. | 63,523 | 72,046 | 51,152 |
| Via Parker | 2,556 | 4,745 | 6,293 |
| Via Rock-Islan | 5.778 | 6,882 |  |
| Yis Loulsville | 13,321 | 40,147 | 27,787 |
| Via Cincinnati | 11,794 | 28,983 | 12,040 |
| Fia other routes | 17,213 | 15,750 | 9,314 |
| Shipped to mills, not inolude | 2,528 | 2,631 | 2,038 |
| Cotal erose over | 266,867 | 302,482 | 224,133 |
| Oeduct shipments - |  |  |  |
| Overland to New York, Boston, \&c... | 38,954 | 55,102 | 34,319 |
| Between interior towns | 2,605 | 1,023 | 1,352 |
| Galveston, inland and local mills...... | 734 | 1,016 | 959 |
| Kew Orleans, Inland and local mills... | 2,941 | 3,958 | 3,872 |
| Moblle, inland and looal mills.......... | 1,140 | 1,920 | 1,426 |
| Savannah, inland and looal mills........ | 183 | 167 | 396 |
| Oharleston, inland and local mills..... | 775 | ... | 1,276 |
| f. Carol'a ports, inland and loeal mills. | 192 | 239 | 243 |
| Firginla ports, inland and local mills.. | 1,498 | 1,510 | 1,120 |
| Total to be deducted | 49,022 | 64,935 | 44,963 |
| Lesving total net overland*......... | 217,845 | 237,547 | 179,170 |

- This total Includes shipmenta to Oanada by rail, which since 8eptember 1 in 1897 amounted to 14,309 bales, is 1896 were 17,384 bsles and in 1895 were 7,548 bales.

REOEIPTS, EXPORTS AND SPINNERS TAKINGS.
The port movement-the net receipts-approximates closely to that for October, 1896, but compared with 1895 an appreciable increase is exhibited; the receipts for the month have been $1,424,907$ bales, against $1,468,516$ bales a year ago and $1,202,460$ bales in 1895 . For the two months the loss from 1896 is 169,393 bales, and compared with 1895 the gain reaches 625,263 bales. Foreign exports have been heavy during the month, and have reached $1,028,634$ bales against 906,488 bales last year and 630,060 bales in 1895. For the season to date the excess over a year ago is 28,011 bales.

| Novement from Sept. 1, 1897, to Oet. 31, 1887. | Fecespts since Sept. 1 1887. | Recespts tince Sept. 1, 1820. | EXPORT8 BINOE BEPT. 1, 1897 TO- |  |  |  | Stock, Oct. 81 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Great Britain* | France. | Contsnent. | Total. |  |
|  | 598. | 649.7 | 172 | 74, | 5,871 | 19,503 | 192,730 |
| Tex | 9,833 | 38,234 |  |  | 3.300 | 3,500 |  |
| few Orleans | 481,478 | 720,203 | 149.895 | 75,089 | 95,088 | 320,072 | 150,075 |
| Hoblle | 83.818 | 92,017 | 9.708 |  |  | $9,70 \mathrm{~d}$ | 80 |
| Florid | 15,121 | 8,853 | 8,150 |  | 6,500 | 14,650 |  |
|  | 403.807 | 304,591 | 28,489 |  | 147,818 | 170,-07 | 127,900 |
| Bran | 69,304 | 39.208 | 20.390 |  | 10,552 | 30,882 | 17,921 |
| Jharleaton | 175.839 | 150,105 | 30,890 |  | 60,749 | 81,389 | 58,828 |
| Port Royal,so. | 28,076 | 12,219 | 16,946 |  | 8,000 | 24,946 |  |
| Pilmingto Washing | 147,368 625 | 115,125 | 78,410 |  | 36.185 | 114,575 | 26,458 |
| Torfolk | 163,330 | 261,091 | 18,111 |  | 1,790 | 19,810 | 33,800 |
| Newp'tNew | 5,278 | 4,173 | 1,4459 |  |  | 1,480 | 1,480 |
| Tew Y | 2,818 | 10,871 | 00,837 | 18,711 | 14.878 | 110.506 | 62,527 |
| 80 | 10,341 | 28,523 | 45, 268 |  | 351 | 45,619 | 17,100 |
| Galtimore | 5,858 | 8,490 | 11.92b | 900 | 16.975 | 29.800 | 12,200 |
| Thiladolphla, ke | 18,912 | 7,218 | 2,351 |  | 850 | 3.20 | 3,465 |
| San Fran'sco,de |  |  |  |  | 11,685 | 11,68 |  |
|  | 2,211,600 |  | 657,167 | 163,842 | 500,081 | 1,321,000 | 736,153 |
|  |  | 2,351,002 | 718,05 | 144,310 | 420,814 | 1,293,079 | 1,090,852 |
| Total 1 M0s, |  | 1,588,340 | 344,317 | त1,944 | 325,352 | 711,613 | 918,217 |


Using the facts disclosed by the foregoing state ments, we shall find that the portion of the crop which has reached a market through the outports and overland, and the Southern consumption, since September 1 this year and the two previous years is as follows:

|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} 2,211 \\ 217,899 \end{aligned}$ | (381,00 | $\frac{1.586 .348}{179,170}$ |
|  |  | $\xrightarrow{\substack{618,849 \\ 164,0,0}}$ | ${ }^{1,785,516} 1$ |
|  | 2,615,454 | ,782,548 |  |

The amount of cotton marketed since September 1 in 1897 is thus seen to be 167,095 bales less than in 1896 and 681,938 bales more than in 1895 . To
determine the portion which has gone into the hands of Northern spinners during the same period we have prepared the following :
Total receipts to October 31, 1897, $\varepsilon$ a above..........bales $2,615,454$ g welk on hand commencement of year (Sept. 1, 1897)-
At Northern ports....................... 42,351
At Bouthern ports....................... 34.664- 77,015
At Northerv interior markets....................... $\quad 3,989-\quad 80,004$
Total supply to November 1, $1897 .$. $1,321,0=0$ Of this supply there has been exported
to forelgn ports since Sept. $1,1897.1,321,0: 0$ Less forelgn cotton Included ... bales. 3,337-1,317,753 Sent to Canada direct from West................... 14,309
Burnt North and South.
618
Stook on hand end of month (Oct. 31, 1897)-
At Northern ports.................................... 659,572
At Southern ports...........
735,153
5,977-2,073,840
At Northern interior markete $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Total takdngs by spinners since September 1, 1897.
Tasen by Southern spinners..
Taken by Northern spinners -ince September 1, 1897. 621,618

Taken by Northern spinners -ince September 1, 1897. 186,000 435,618 Increase in takings by Northern spinners this year. bales.

The above indicates that Northern spinners had up to Oct. 31 taken 435,618 bales, an increase over the corresponding period of 1896 of 5,055 bales and a gain over the same time of 1895 of 56,220 bales.

## AMOUNT OF CROP NOW IN SIGHT.

In the foregoing we have the number of bales which has already been marketed this year and the two previous seasons. An additional fact of interest is the total of the crop which was in sight on November 1 compared with previous years. We reach that point by adding to the above the stock remaining at that date at the interior towns less stock held by them at the beginning of the season. In this manner we find the result for three years on Nov. 1 to be as follows:

|  | 1897. | 1896 | 1895 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total marketed, as above. ...bsles Interior stocks in excess of Sept. 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.615,454 \\ 326,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,7-2,549 \\ 331,300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,3,516 \\ 331,100 \end{array}$ |
| Total in sight.............. bales. | 2,941,454 | 3,113,849 | 2, $-64,516$ |

This indicates that the movement up to November 1 of the present year is 172,395 bales less than in 1896 and 676,938 bales in excess of 1895 .

As it will interest the reader to see what has come into sight each month of the season during this and previous years, we have prepared the following, which shows the movement for the last four seasons.

| Months. | 1897. | 1896 | 1895. | 1894 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beptember. Ootob: $\mathbf{r}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,069,800 \\ & 1,871,754 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{1}, 222,287 \\ & 1,891,562 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 542,394 \\ 1,722,122 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 663,703 \\ 2,116,130 \end{array}$ |
| Total 2 months Balance season. | 2,941,454 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,113,849 \\ & 5,500,162 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,264,516 \\ & 4,897,957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,80,333 \\ & 7,112,433 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total crop..... | ........ | 8,714,011 | 7,162,473 | 9,892.766 |

WEIGHT OF BALES.
To furnish a more exact measure of the receipts up to Oct. 31 we give below our usual table of the weight of bales. We give for comparison the figures for the same time in the two previous years.

year being 509.66 lbs . per bale, against $50 \% .32 \mathrm{lbs}$. per bale for the same time in 1896 and 510.00 lbs . in 1895.
the dry goods trade during ootober.
Brsiness during the month of October has proved disappointing. The demand for cotton goods has fallen short of expectations so far as staples and seasonable fances have benn concerned. Trade with the South has been seriously interfered with by yellow fever restrictions. Unusually mild weather generally has restricted distribution elsewhere, and a steadily declining market for raw material has been another unfarorable influence. Production has been full, and the month closes with larger stocks in first hands than at the opening and with a lower average range of prices, although there has been little change in open quotations. Print cloths have been weak and have declined to $2 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{c}$. for extras, the lowest point hitherto recorded in the print cloth market.

| 쌨M웅0 | 1897. |  |  |  |  | $\times 96$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oot' $n$ low middling | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Print- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { 6loth8, } \end{array}\right\|$ | Sheetings, stand. ard. | Lancaster ginghams | $\begin{aligned} & S^{\prime} t h^{\prime} n \\ & 3-y d . \\ & \text { sheet- } \\ & \text { ings. } \end{aligned}$ | Oote'n low middling. | Print ing cloths, $64 \times 64$ | Sheetings, standard. | Lancaster ginghams | S'th'n 3-yd. sheet. ings. |
| 1.. | ${ }_{61} 18$ | $21_{8}$ | $4{ }_{4}$ | 5 | $4^{43}$ | 8 |  | $51_{2}$ | 5 | ${ }_{518}^{1}$ |
| 2.. | ${ }^{61} 16$ | $21_{2}$ | 434 | 5 | 438 | 8 | ${ }^{258}$ | $5{ }^{2}$ | 5 | $51_{8}$ |
| 4.. | 61 | 2 | 4 |  |  | 8 | $20_{8}$ | $5{ }^{2}$ | 5 | 18 |
| 5.. |  | 2 | $4{ }^{4}$ | 5 | 438 | 713 | $2{ }^{2} 8$ | 519 |  |  |
| 6.. | $6^{8} 16$ | $2{ }_{2}$ | 434 | 5 | 438 | 781 | 258 | $51_{9}$ | 5 | 54 |
| 7.. | $63_{16}$ | $2{ }^{2}$ |  | 5 | 538 | 75 | 208 | $51_{2}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 8.. | 61.6 | $2{ }^{1}$ | 434 | 5 | 438 | 79.6 | $2{ }^{5}$ | $51_{2}$ | 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| $9 .$. | 6116 | 212 | 434 | 5 | 438 | $79_{18}$ | $25_{8}$ | $5^{1} 2$ | 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| $10 .$. |  |  |  |  |  | $7{ }^{76}$ | ${ }^{29} 16$ | $51_{2}$ | 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| $11 .$. <br> 12. |  | ${ }_{2} 1_{8}$ | $4{ }_{4}$ | 5 | $43_{8}$ |  |  | .8.. |  |  |
| 13.. | 51516 | ${ }_{27}{ }^{2}$ | 4.4 | 5 | 458 | $7{ }^{76}$ | ${ }^{29} 16$ | 518 | 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| 14.. | ${ }_{515}{ }^{1516}$ | ${ }_{27}^{27} 18$ | 4.34 5 | 5 | 438 438 | $7{ }^{75}$ | 29 29 29 | $5{ }^{51}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 15.. | 578 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{1} 16$ | 431 | 5 | 438 | $7{ }^{16}$ | $2{ }^{2} 16$ | $51_{2}$ | 5 | 518 |
| $16 .$. | $57_{8}^{8}$ | 238 | $43_{4}$ | 5 | $43_{8}$ | 79.6 | ${ }_{29}{ }^{1} 16$ | $5{ }^{18}$ | 5 | 518 |
| $17 .$. |  |  | S. |  |  | 7916 | 2916 | $51_{3}$ | 5 | $5^{19}$ |
| 18.. | 53 | 238 | $4{ }_{4}$ | 5 | 44 |  |  | ..S. |  |  |
| 19.. | 54 | 238 | 434 | 5 | 41 | 7916 | $2^{29} 16$ | $5{ }_{1}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 20. | $5{ }_{3}$ | 238 | $43_{4}$ | 5 | 414 | 7916 | 2916 | $5 L_{8}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 21. | 53 | 238 | 484 | 5 | $4^{1} 4$ | 7918 | $2{ }^{5} 8$ | $51_{2}$ | 5 | 53. |
| $22 .$. | 51118 | ${ }^{3} 3_{8}$ | $43_{4}$ | 5 | $41_{4}$ | 7916 | 258 | $5_{12}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 23.. | $5^{11} 16$ | 238 | $43_{4}$ | 5 | 414 | 758 | 258 | $5{ }_{2}$ | 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| 24.. | $5{ }^{5}$ | 238 | .8. |  |  | 788 | 258 | 51 | . 5 | $5{ }^{18}$ |
| 26.. | 55 | 238 | 434 | 5 | $4{ }^{4}$ |  |  | $51_{2}$ |  |  |
| 27.. | $5{ }_{5}^{58}$ | 238 | $4{ }_{4}$ | 5 | $44_{4}$ | $7{ }^{716}$ | 258 | $51_{9}$ | 5 | $5{ }^{8}$ |
| $28 .$. | $5{ }^{5} 8$ | $23_{8}$ | $48_{1}$ | 5 | 414 | 7916 | 25 | $51_{8}$ | 5 | 54 |
| 29:. | $5{ }^{9} 16$ | 238 | 48 | 5 | 44 | 7918 | 258 | $51_{2}$ | 5 | 518 |
| 30.. | $5{ }^{\prime \prime} 10$ | 238 | 484 | 5 | 44 | 7918 | 258 | $51_{2}$ | 5 | $5{ }^{1} 8$ |
| 31. |  | - | ..S. |  |  | 7318 | 258 | 518 | 5 | 518 |

DR The above prices are-For cotton, low middling uplands at New ginghams, agenta' prices, which are subject to an average discoung of 5 per cent, e cuept when ocherwise stated; Southern sheetings net.

## THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT AND THE PROPOSALS:

 OF THE UNITED STATES SILVER COMMISSION.The following is the text of the reply sent October 19 by Lord Salisbury through our Ambassador at London, Mr. John Hay, to Senator Wolcott and the other members of the Monetary Commission regarding the proposals of the United States asking Great Britain's co-operation in promoting bimetallism:
'Sir-Her Majesty's Government have given their most careful consideration to the proposals respecting currency which were submitted by the representatives of the United States and France at the conferences held at the Foreign Office on July 12 and July 15 last. I have the honor to enclose a copy of a letter from the India Office to the Treasury, from which it will be observed that their unanimous and decided opivion is that it would be most unwise to reopen the mints as part of the proposed arrangements, and that 'this conclusion is indorsed by the Secretary of State in Council. Her Majesty's. Government have carefully considered the reasons by which this conclusion is supported. Among other arguments the Government of India point out that they can hardly be expected to give up the policy which for four years they have been endeavoring to make effective, in the absence of subslantial security that the system to be substituted for it is practically certain to be stable. If, owing to the relative smallness of the area over which the bimetallic system is to be established, to the great divergence between the proposed ratio and the present gold price of silver, or to any $\dot{\text { ther }}$ cause, the legal ratio were not maintained, the position of silver might be much worse than before, and the financial embarrassments of the Government of India greater than any with which they have as yet had to contend. These are argriments against the proposals as they stand of which it is impossible to deny the force; but even were they less strong than they appear to Her Majesty's Government, or than they

Will probably appear to the representatives of the United States and France, the Government of India could hardly be compelled, against their own decided opinions, to make a second important change in Indian currency within so shor a period as four years, at a time of exceptional difficulty and suffering In these circumstances Her Majesty's Government feel it their duty to state that the first prop osal of the United States representatives is one which they are unable to accept. Her M ijesty's Government are therefore desirous to ascertain how far the views of the American and French Governments are modified by the decision now arrived at, and whether they desire to proceed further with the negotiations at the present moment."
The full correspondence concerning the proposals of the United States was published in a Parliamentary paper issued Friday, October 22. The Eaglish papers to hand this week contain very extensive summariez of this correspondence, and from them we take the following extracts .

## THE PRELIMINARY NEGOTIATIONS

The correspondence opens with brief communications in which the Treasury and the India Office are respectively made acquainted with a meeting held at the Foreign Office on July 15, at which various proposals-set out in detail hereafter-were made by Senator Wolcott, one of the United States Commissioners. In the letter from the Treasury to the India Office which bears date August 2, allusion is made to the serions issues involved in the proposals in question, and the Lords of the Treasury state tbat, before expressing any opinion on the matter themselves, they would be glad to learn the views of the Secretary of State and of the Government of India. In another letter, despatched by the Foreign Office to the Treasury on August 5, are enclosed memoranda not only of the mating held on July 15, but of one also held at the Foreiga Office three days previously. Those present at that meeting were Lord Salisbury, Lord George Hamilton, Mr. Balfour, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, the Hon. John Hay (American Ambassador) and the three special envoys from the United States, Messrs. Wolcott, Paine and Stevenson.
On the invitation of Lord Salisbury, Mr. Wolcott made a statement as to the nature of the envoy's mission, explaining that they had determined, in the first instance, to ascertain the views of the French, Eaglish and German governments on the quastion of reaching an international agreement respecting bimetallism. After mentioning that a complete and satisfactory preliminary understanding had been arrived at with the Government of France, Mr. Wolcott presented some ressons which, in the opinion of the envoys, rendered an international agreemont desirable, and explained why the success of the effort to secure such agreement depended upon the attitude of England. Mr. Wolcott's suggestions are in the memoranda tabulated in the following form :

PROPOSALS OF THE UNITED BTATES

1. Opening of the India Mints: repeal of the order making the sovereign legal tender in India.
2. Placing one fifth of the bullion in the issue department of the Bank of Eagland in silver.
3. (a) Raising the legal tender limit of silver to, say, $£ 10$ : (b) issuing of 20 s , notes, b ised on silver, which shall be legal tender ; (c) retirement, gradual or otherwise, of the 10s. gold pieces and substitution of paper, based on silver.
4. Agreement to coin annually $£$ - of silver. (Present silver coinage average for five years about $£ 1,000,000$, less annual withdrawal of worn and defaced coin for re-coinage, e350,000).
5. Opening of Indian Mints to the coinsge of rupees and for the cainage of the British dollar, which shall be fall tender in the Straits Settlements and other silver standard colonies, and tender in the United Kingdon to the limit of silver legal tender.
6. Colonial action and coinage of silver in Egypt.
7. Something having the general scope of the Huskisson plan
Oring to the absence of the French Ambassador (Baron de Courcel), it was mutually agreed to regard the discussion which took place on Mr. Wolcott's proposals as informal, and in order to give his Excellency an opportunity of expressing his views the mesting was eventnally adjourned until the following Thursday. Jaly i5. Both the French Ambasador and the French Minister Plenipotentiary (M. L. Geoffray) then attended the gathering.

## POSITION OF THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

The meeting was very largely occupied with an important declaration by the French Ambassador of the position taken ap by his Guvernment on the matter. After describing in detail the inadequacy of the present monetary situation, caused (as he stated) among other things by the superabundant production of silver, Baron de Courcel mentioned that the desideratum which he was instructed to urge was the reopening of the mints of all the commercial countries to the free coinage of silver in the ratio of $151 / 2$ with gold. The French Government, he stated, would not consider the reopening of the mints of India alome a guaranty sufficient to permit them to reopen the French mints to the free coinage of silver, but his Excellency suggested that (in the event of the English Givernment refusing to adopt the same measure for Eagland) other steps might be taken which Would up to a certain point be equivalent. One of these
alternative expedients was that England should purchase an-
nually a certain quantity of silver metal, say $£ 10,000,000$, for a series of years.
england will not open her mints to silver.
In reply to the declarations of the French Ambassador the Chancellor of the Exchequer stated definitely that the Eng. lish Government would not agree to open the English mints to the unlimited colnage of silver, and that whatever views he and his colleagues might separately hold on the question of bimetallism, he thought he might say they were united on this point.
india government opposes reopening of india mints.
Lord George Hamilton, on the 5th of August, apprised the Government of India of the suggestions made by the American envoys and the French Ambassador, and to this dispatch the Government of India replied in a letter dated the 16th of September, in which they recommended the rejection of the proposals for reasons which were stated at considerable length. The communication, which occupies more than six elosely printed pages in the official paper, and the first of the signatories of which is Lord Elgin (Governor General), first details the peculiarities of the respective currency systems of France, the United States and India. Reference is made to the proposals $m$ de by the Government of India ia 1892, which ultimately resulted in the adoption of the policy of a gold standard and in the closing of the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver. It is pointed out that if it were certain that the measurfs now proposed would result in the establishment of a stable ratio between the rupee and sterling currency, the Government of India might well consider whether their adoption would not be preferable to the policy to which they committed themselves in 1898, in the hope of attaining the same result by isolated action on the part of India alone.
Proceeding to discuss the new proposals in detail, Lord Elgin and his colleagues express the belief that the first result of the suggested measures, if they even temporarily succeeded in their object, would be an intense disturbance of Indian trade and industry by the sudden rise in the rate of exchange, which, if the ratio adopted were $151 / 2$ to 1 , would be a rise from about 16d, to about 23 d . the rupee. Such a rise would be enough to kill their export trade, for the time at least. If the public were not convinced that the arrangement would have the effect intended, or believed that it would not be permanent, the paralysis of trade and industry would be prolonged, and accompanied by acute individual suffering None of the advantages expected would be attained, and the country would pass through a critical period, which would retard its progress for years. The home officials were reminded that, owing to the fact that both France and the United States hold large gold reserves, the question is less serious for them than for India, on whom alone practically the whole risk of disaster from failure would fall.
"Moreover", continues the communication, "it seems to us somewhat unfair to expect that India should, after its struggles and difficulties of the last decade, consider itself on the same plane in the discussion of those p ojects as France and the United States. India has since 1893 passed through a period of severe tension and embarrassment alike to trade and to the Government. We are satisfied that, great as have been the troubles which have attended this period of transition, the attainment in the end of the paramount object of stability in exchange is worth more than all the sacrifices made. We believe that our difficulties are now nearly over, and that we shall in the near future succeed in establishing a stable exchange at 16d, the rupee, by continuing the policy nitiated in 1893."
Doubt is next expressed as to whether France and the United States are likely, with the help of India, to be able to maintain the relative value of gold and silver permanently at the ratio they intend to adopt, and the possible contingencies which might follow with either France or the United States reduced for a time to a paper currency are suggested as being worthy of consideration. The Indian Government further express the opinion that a three sided agreement is open to much greater risk of termination by the action of one or two of the parties than a many-sided agreement, such as they advocated before $1-98$. For these and other reasons, without taking into consideration the objections bas d on the particular ratio proposed (which are separately discussed), the writers continue: "We have no hesitation in recommending your Lordship to refuse to give the undertaking desired by the governments of France and the United States. We are quite clearly of opinion that the interests of India demand that her mints shall not be opened as part of an arrangement to which two or three countries only are parties, and which does not include Great Britain." The concluding portion of the dispatch is mainly occupied with a declaration that, whatever inducements are held out to her by other nations, India's best policy in monetary matters is to link her system with that of Great Britain; a criticism of the rates of $151 / 2$ to 1 as being too high, and a reiteration of the "unanimous and decided" opinion before-mentioned.

In forwarding this dispatch, on October 13, to the Treasury, Lord George Hamilton recorded his concurrence with the recommendations of the Indian Government, and on the 16th of October the First Lord of the Treasury handed over the matter to the Foreign Office.
The correspondence concludes with the reply of Lord Salisbury, announcing the decision of the British Government, and which reply we have printed above.

Clearings by Telegraph.-Sales of Stocks, Bonds, \&c.Stock Exchange Clearing-House Transactions.-The sub joined statement, covering the clearings for the current week, usually appears on the first page of the Chronicle, but on account of the length of the other tables is crowded out once a month. The figares are received by telegraph from the leading cities. It will be observed that as compared with the corresponding week of 1896 there is an increase in the aggregate of 17.9 per cent. So far as the individual cities are concerned New York exhibits an excess of 20.7 per cent, and the gains at other points are: Philadelphia 10.1 per cent, Chicago 43.7 per cent, Baltimore $15 \cdot 6$ per cent and St. Louis $48^{\circ} 0$ per cent. Boston records a loss of 12.2 per cent and New Orleans 8.1 per cent.

| Clearings. <br> Returna by Telegraph. | Week Endino November 6. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | Par Oomı. |
| Now York | \$590,573,972 | \$489,102,869 | $+20.7$ |
| Boston | 88,789,759 | 95,457,293 | $-12 \cdot 2$ |
| Philadelphia............. ...... | 54,919,794 | 49,897,425 | $+10 \cdot 1$ |
| Baltimore | 13,814,759 | 11,950,094 | $+15.6$ |
| Ohicago | 97,158,824 | 87,632,229 | + 43.7 |
| 8t. Louts | 24,363,904 | 16,464,590 | +48.0 |
| New Orlea | 7,533,159 | 8,284,104 | $-9 \cdot 1$ |
| Sevon oities, 5 days | \$872,154,171 | \$738,788,604 | +18.1 |
| Other oities, 5 days............ | 160,019,284 | 130,794,268 | +223 |
| Total all oities, 5 days | \$1,032,173,455 | \$869,582,872 | $+187$ |
| All cities, 1 day ................. | 215,011,764 | 188,060,612 | $+14.3$ |
| Total all oities for week | \$1,247,185,219 | \$1,057,643,484 | $+17.9$ |

Anotber table, our usual monthly detailed statement of transactions on the various New York Exchanges, has also been crowded off of the first page. The results for the ten months of the current year, are, however, given below and for purposes of comparison the figures for the correspond$\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{ng}}$ period of 1896 are also presented.

| Description. | Ten Months, 1887. |  |  | Ten Months, 1896. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Par Value } \\ \text { or Quantity } \end{array}\right\|$ | Actual Value. | $\left[\begin{array}{c} \text { Aver'ge } \\ \text { Price. } \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Par Value } \\ & \text { or Quantity } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Actual | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Aver'ge } \\ \text { Price. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| Stock $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Sh's. } \\ \text { Val.. }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 84,052,691 \\ 261364193 E 0 \end{array}$ | 4030759116 | ${ }^{65} 7$ |  | 22759520385 | $88^{\circ} 0$ |
| RR. bonds. | 2.380,030, 110 | \% $\begin{gathered}833,247,234 \\ 811.418,349\end{gathered}$ | - $72{ }^{76.1}$ |  | $8200,788,282$ $828.987,789$ | 70.9 115.4 |
| Govt bonds | ${ }_{81}{ }^{3}, 288,100$ |  |  | -31.731.500 | \$20,8713.554 |  |
| Ethnk stocks | 1248;010 | $8137,437$ | $170^{\circ} 0$ | ¢472,420 | 8774,517 | 183.9 |
| Total.... | t6583423970 | 4,878839889 | 68.5 | 84,487,648378 | \$2,987834507 | 86. |
| Cotton., bls. Graln.bush. | 120,360,700 | 8772.482,350 \$1,013321z0 | 234.55. | $3,3,085,800$ $1,044,981,085$ | 81,450309885 $8891,943,724$ | $88810$ |
| Total ralue. |  | 80,163043548 |  |  | 85131,838221 |  |

The transactions of the Stock Exchange Clearing-House from Oct. 25 down to and including Friday, Nov. 5, also the aggregates for January to October, inclusive, in 1897 and 1896 are given in tabular form below.

and preferred, Baltimore \& Ohio, Central of N. J., Chesa peake \& Ohio, Chicago Burlington \& Quincy, C. C. C. \& St. Louis, Chicago Gas, Ch csgo Great Western common, Chicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul common, Chicago \& North Western common, Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific, Ohicago St. Paul Minneapolis \& Omaba common. Delaware \& Hudson, Delaware Lackawanna \& Western, Erie, General Electric, Lake Shore \& Michigan Southern Louisville \& Nashville, Manhattan, Missouri Kansas \& Texas preferred, Missouri Pacific, National Lead common, New York Central, New York Ontario \& Western, New York Susquehanna \& Western preferred, Northern Pacific preferred, Pacific Mail, Reading common and frat and second preferred, St. L uis \& San Francisco 2d preferred. Southern Railway common and preferred, Tennessee Coal \& Iron, Teras \& Pacific. Union Pacific, United States Leather oommon and preferred, United States Rubber oommon, Wabash common and preferred and Western Union.
The course of bank clearings at leading cities of the country for October and since January 1 in each of the last four years is shown in the subjoined statement.
bank clearings at leading cities.

| (000,000s omitted.) | $1897 .$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1896 . \\ \$ \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $1895 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1894 . \\ 8 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York... | 3,336 | 2,614 | 2,934 | 2,282 | 26,707 | 23,528 | 24,339 | 19.810 |
| Boston....... | 476 | 403 |  |  |  | 3,652 | 3,911 | 3.337 |
| Chioago. | 451 | 379 | 427 | 402 | 3.640 | 3,662 | 3.788 | 3,537 |
| Philadelphia | 305 | 273 | 367 | 291 | 2,610 | 2,634 | 2.900 | 2,489 |
| 8t. Louis .... | 123 | 96 | 113 | 101 | 1,110 |  | 1,027 |  |
| Pittsburg... | 74 | 62 | 72 | 61 | 677 | 629 | 611 | 542 |
| Baltimore. | 71 | 62 | 65 | 58 | 647 | 595 | 575 | 557 |
| Ban Fran'co. | 74 | 63 | 67 | 63 | 605 | 559 | - 563 | 545 |
| Oincinnati... | 55 | 48 | 58 | 56 | 513 | 484 | -541 | 530 |
| Kansas City | 50 | 46 | 51 | 46 | 442 | 411 | 127 | 394 |
| New Orleans | 33 | 42 | 63 | 41 | 311 | 369 | 376 | 336 |
| Loulsville... | 28 | 24 | 27 | 25 | 263 | 235 | - 261 | 258 |
| Minneapolis. | 54 | 53 | 53 | 39 | 305 | 309 | - 286 | 245 |
| Oleveland.. | 29 | 24 | 30 | 24 | 257 | 250 | 244 | 193 |
| Detroit. | 28 | 25 | 31 | 26 | 244 | 249 | 267 | 237 |
| Providence.. | 27 | 26 | 31 | 27 | 221 | 212 | 223 | 198 |
| Milwaukeo.. | 26 | 20 | 25 | 21 | 199 | 193 | 202 | 183 |
| Jmaha. | 26 | 17 | 19 | 21 | 198 | 178 | 154 | 202 |
| Rattalo.. | 20 | 19 | 21 | 19 | 168 | 182 | 180 | 160 |
| Columbus... | 15 | 14 | 19 | 16 | 150 | 145 | 151 | 138 |
| 3t. Paul. | 24 | 23 | 22 | 19 | 151 | 188 | 175 | 148 |
| Hartford. | 11 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 104 | 101 | 98 |  |
| Denver. | 11 |  | 12 | 13 | 103 | 101 | 114 | 4 |
| Total | 5,347 | 4,352 | 4,976 | 4,047 | 43,803 | 39,814 | 1,418 | 5,216 |
| Other oities.. | 286 | 255 | 261 | 248 | 2,227 | 2,180 | 2,050 | 1,971 |
| Total | 5,633 | 4,607 | 5,237 |  |  |  |  | 187 |
| Outside N. Y . | 2,297 | 1,993 | 2,303 | 2,013 | 19,322 | 18,466 | 19,129 | 17,377 |

The volume of transactions in share properties on the New York Stock Exchange each month since January 1 this year and last year is indicated in the following:
sales of stocks at the new yobl stock exchangs.

| Month. | 1897. |  |  | 1898. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Shares | Values. |  | Number of Shares. | Values. |  |
|  |  | Par. | Actual. |  |  | ctr |
|  |  | \$ | , |  | - | \$ |
| Jan | 3,365,412 | 323,774, 550 | 203,587,472 | 4,535,612 | 417,301,550 | 50,445,669 |
| Feb | 2,803,401 | 268,480,100 | 171,604, 654 | 5,203,008 | 492,613,700 | 308,289,135 |
| Ma | 5,089,916 | 485,428,750 | 325,254,505 | 4,586,579 | 386,926,000 | 252,465,667 |
| 1st | 11,208,729 | 1,075,633,600 | 705,446,831 | 14,325,28) | 1,298,841,250 | $-809,200,471$ |
| Apri | 3,569,007 | 335,716,350 | 229,076,827 | 4,058,613 | 372,055,175 | $258,369,075$ |
| May | 3,342,035 | 324,135,850 | 227,037,389 | 2,799,613 | 283,702,533 | 188,033,302 |
| Jun | 6,436,926 | 617,615,100 | 432,502,258 | 4,370, 765 | 417,371,550 | 295,680,013 |
| 20 | 13,347,988 | 1,277,167,300 | 888,616,41t | 11,228,992 | 1,053,12ヶ,25 | 740,082,390 |
| 0 mos. | $\underline{24,556,087}$ | 2,353,100,900 | 1,594,063,045 | $\overline{25,554,281}$ | 2,349,970,508 | 1,549,282,881 |
| July... | 6,898,074 | 653,123,800 | 458,958,383 | 5,555,981 | 527,594,250 | 354,384,289 |
| Augu | 11,435,248 | 1,085,902,050 | 658,315,855 | 4,267,81 | 412,967,675 | 268,716,029 |
| Sep | 18,142,180 | 1,264,451,850 | 798,890,824 | 4,574,200 | 431,796,550 | 274,215,386 |
|  | 31,473,482 | 3,003,477,500 | $\overline{1,914,164}, 864$ | 14,398,000 | 1,372,358,475 | 897,315,877 |
| 9 mos. | 56,030,179 | 5,356,578,400 | $\overline{3,508,227,909}$ | 39,952,281 | 3,722, 328,283 | $\overline{2,446,598,538}$ |
| Oot | 8,022,512 | 779,840.950 | 522.531.207 | 4,931,438 | 456,713,350 | 312,921,847 |

The following compilation covers the elearings by months since January 1.

| Menth. | Clearings, latal An. |  |  | Clearings Outside New York. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | P.ct. | 1897. | 1898. |  |
|  | $4,507,014,723$ | $4,627,1 \pm 3,291$ | $\rightarrow 2 \cdot 6$ | 1,917,867,391 | 2,064, 729,583 |  |
| Pebruary | 3,691,475,797 | 4,115,488,188 | -10:3 | 1,646,345,818 | 1,742,476,558 | ${ }_{-5 \cdot 5}$ |
| March .. | 4,218,269,600 | 4,145,141,188 | +1.7 | 1,831,159,056 | 1,828,904,585 | +0. |
| 1st quar. | 12,416,760,120 | 12,887,772,868 | -3.7 | 5,395,172,085 | 5,636,110,678 | 4 |
| April. | 4,111,801,077 | 4,302,198,478 | -1.4 | 1,861,834,318 | 1,208,741,151 | -2.5 |
| May | 4,173,481,542 | 4,240,261,974 | -1.8) | 1,858,304,238 | 1,900,170,181 | -2.2 |
| Jan | 4,467,7e2,601 | 4,305,283,347 | +8•8 | 1,903.215,893 | 1,880, 999,808 | +0.8 |
| 20 quar | 12,752,-25,220 | 12,817,741,797 | -0.7 | 5,826,354,447 | 5,699,810,940 | -1. |
| 0 months. | 25,169,585, 340 | 25,795,514,485 | -2:2 | $\overline{11,021,528,512}$ | 11,335,921,614 | -8-8 |
| Jaly | 4,811,948,050 | 4,377,989,444 | +9.0 | 1,978,029,1:4 | 1,896,609,75 | +4: |
| August.... | 4,813,630,0 5 | 3,502,582,134 | +36.0 | 1,906,772,125 | 1,591,420,030 | +19:8 |
| Soptember. | 5,571,698,340 | 3,712,583,659 | $\underline{+50 \cdot 1}$ | 2,119,389,298 | 1,649,549,488 | +28\% |
| Quar... | 15,227,282,475 | 11,662,185,237 | +30\% | 6,004,177,575 | 5,137,579,250 | +16 |
| 9 months | 40,398,807,815 | 37,387,679,702 | +8*0 | 17,025,704,037 | 16,473,500,888 |  |
| October | 5.832, 975.025 | 4.606.633,18 |  | 2,290.614.864 | 1,992,816,808 |  |

## DEBT STATEMENT OCTOBER S1, 1897.

The following statement of the public debt of the United States on October 311897 is made up from official figures issued on that day. Lower down we give an interesting exhibit of the bouds issued in aid of the Pacific Railroads, and the Treasury cash hold. ings, all of the zame date.

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT OCTOBER 31, 1807.

| Title of Loan- | Intersat payable. | A moses iswed. 5 | Reqlatered. |  | 2otal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \},-M. | 250,000,000 | 25,284,500 |  | 25,384,500 |
| 4s, Punded toan, 1207, |  | 740900850 | 490,560,350 | 60,075,000 | 550, e41,300 |
|  |  | 100000,000 | 1i.73i.150 | 38120i7, 650 | 100,000,000 |
| Ss, Loan of 1901 |  | 158,315,40 |  |  |  |
| Total, exchading Pac ER Bonds |  | 293,235,8:0 | 888,851,000 | 14,4i0,200 | 847,305,660 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

debt on whice interest has ceased since maturity.

Debt on whlch interest has ceased..................21,34, 27020
DEBT BEABING NO INTHEEST.


Acxregate of debt beariog no interest ............. .... ................ $\overline{2379,639,590} 14$

## RECAPITULATION


The foregoing flgures show a gross debt on October 31 1897 (interest-bearing and non interest-bearing) of $\$ 1,228,-$ 320,62049 and a net debt (gross debt less net cash in the Treasury) of $\$ 1,020,584,59069$.

Paoifio Railroad bonds are never included in the officisl total of the Government debt. The status of these obligations to-day is as below. Methods of book-keeping make the of. flaial record unintelligible to most readers, and hence we have brought together in our compilation the leading facts relating to the subject.

BONDS IBSUED IN AID OF PACLEIC RATLROADS

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Total...........34,023,512 } & 81,888,356 & 80,714,000 & 20,901,952 & 14,004,0_{0}{ }_{0}\end{array}$ The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood October 31 we take from the Treasury statement of tha date. The net cash balance given below is the same as deducted above in reaching the net debt.

## OASH IN THE TREASURY.



IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AT SAN FRANCISCO.
The Collector of Customs at San Francisco has furnished us this week the details of imports and exports of gold and silver through that port for the month of September, and they are presented below, together with the figures for the preceding months, thus completing the results for the nine months of the calendar year 1897. The imports of gold were very heavy in September, the amount received reaching $\$ 8,630,646$, of which $\$ 3,293,091$ was in ooin mostly coming from Australia, and of silver there came in $\$ 146,222$, of which $\$ 84,157$ was bullion. There has been received during the nine months a total of $\$ 6,408,436$ gold and $\$ 1,545,384$ silver, which compares with $\$ 2,802,568$ gold and $\$ 1,480,641$ silver in 1896. The shipments of gold during September were $\$ 13,430$, almost all coin, and the exports of silver have been $\$ 840,436$ coin and $\$ 386,500$ bullion. For the nine months the exports of gold have been 8408,881 , against $\$ 858,498$ in 1896 and $\$ 7$, 248,818 silver has been sent out, against $\$ 6,445,486$ in 1896 . The exhibit for September and the nine months is as follows :
imports of gold and silver at san franoisco.

| mONTHS. | GOLD. |  |  | SILVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ooin. | Budition | Total. | Ooin. | Bullion | Total. |
| 1897 |  | 5.732 |  | \$ |  |  |
| January... | 7,980 | 35,732 | 43,712 | 10,879 | 225,16 | 236,044 |
| February.. | 1,096 | 57,796 | 58,894 | 3,482 | 108,741 | 112,223 |
| March.... | 31,231 | 91,951 | 123,181 | 3,029 | 133,877 | 136,906 |
| April. | 5,900 | 86,789 | 92,689 | 28,651 | 1 77,527 | 106.178 |
| May...... | 2,436 | 42,24 | 44,682 | 33,460 | 174,011 | 207,471 |
| June | 1,139 | 72,403 | 79,442 | 36, $\times 30$ | -103,513 | 140,343 |
| July | 2,680 | 78,264 | 80,944 | 81,334 | 179,971 | 261,305 |
| Augrast | 2,193,965 | 61,281 | 2,253,246 | 65,76 | 132,932 | 198,692 |
| 8eptemb' | 8,293,091 | 337,555 | 3,630,646 | 62,065 | 5 84,157 | 146,222 |
| Tot. 9 mos . | 5,53 | 864,01 | 6,403, | 325, | 1,219,8: | 545,384 |
| EXPOBTS OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM SAN FRANCISCO. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MONTA8. | GOLD. |  |  | SILTER. |  |  |
|  | Ooin. | Bull'n | Total. | Ooin. | Bullion. | Total. |
| $\frac{1897 .}{\text { January }}$ | $105.252$ | \$ | $105,252$ | 198,490 | 512,540 | 711 |
| February.. | 100.940 2,940 |  | 105,2,940 | 391,938 | 542,910 | 934,848 |
| March.... | 6,995 | 675 | 7,670 | 108,616 | 587,300 | 695,916 |
| Aprll ...... | 51,390 | 100 | 51,490 | 49,012 | 372,644 | 421,656 |
| May...... | 5,015 |  | 5,015 | 36,720 | 608,100 | 644.820 |
| June ....... | 106,554 |  | 106,554 | 300,387 | 467,840 | 768,227 |
| July... | 8,175 |  | 8,175 | 471,696 | 405,030 | 876,726 |
| sugnst | 108,255 | 100 | 108,855 | 643,471 | 325,188 | 968,659 |
| Beptemb'r. | 13,040 | 390 | 13,430 | 840,436 | 383,500 | 1,226,936 |
| Fot. 9 mos . | 407,616 | 1,265 | 408,881 | 3,040,766 | 4,208,052 | 7,248,818 |

FAILTRES BY BRANCHES OF TRADE.
We take from Dun's Review the following statement showing the failures in the United States by branches of trade for the month of October in each of the last three years.

| Manufacturers. | Month of Detober. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. |  | 1896. |  | 1895. |  |
|  | No. | Liabilitiea. | No. | Liabuities. | No. | Liabilities. |
| Iron, foundries end malls.. | 4 | $25,000$ |  | $8.3,760$ | 19 | $883,482$ |
| Machinery and tooll . . . . | 18 | 134,36) | 16 | 328,392 |  | 76,085 |
| Wool'ns, e'rp'ts, drnit goods Cottons, Ince and hosery | $\frac{1}{1}$ | 58,000 | 8 | $2,075,600$ 81,800 |  | $1.290,000$ $210,000$ |
| Lumb'r, carprot'rade coop rs | 83 | 521,918 | 27 | 781.084 | 24 | 1,576.220 |
| Clothlag and millinery.... | 21 | 364,350 | 28 | 601.840 | 32 | 1,064,043 |
| Hats, gloves and furs | 4 | 31,500 | 8 | 28,00 | 7 | 100,500 |
| Chemucals, drugs \& baints. | 6 | 94,000 | 8 | 150,200 | 12 | 150,082 |
| Primtinu and engrsv | 15 | 150,100 | 15 | 18, |  | 71,700 |
| Milling rnd bakers... | 11 | 80,880 62,570 | 15 | 1816,411 182,972 | 12 | 59,820 |
| Liquors and tobacco. | 7 | 443,500 | 11 | 450, 932 | 12 | 241,200 |
| Glass, earthenware \& brick | 9 | 142,011 | 8 | 47.560 | 6 | 213,200 |
| All other ............... | 50 | 900,015 | 53 | 1,584,028 | 89 | 857,801 |
| Total manufacturing... | 189 | 2,878, 842 | 244 | 6,936,301 | 252 | 6,901,941 |
| Traders. <br> General atores | 97 | 590,158 | 169 | 1,031,454 | 156 | 1,401,725 |
| Grocertes, mests and fish | 148 | 355,612 | 202 | 691,201 |  | 628,063 |
| Hotels and restaurants.... | 31 | 120,112 | 39 | 274,288 | 25 | 389, 155 |
| Liquors and tobacco..... | 60 | 457,959 | 75 | 345.719 | 72 | 581.549 |
| Clathing and furnishing... | 531 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}318,573 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 87 | 1,611,381 | 69 | 1.487,62\% |
| ghoee, rubbers and tranks. | 42 | 1,202,769 | 55 | 174,036 | 47 | 743,166 |
| Furniture and crockery... | 18 | 60,075 | 15 | 149,574 | 11 | 127,160 |
| Hardware, stowes \& tools. | 30 | 2e8,525 | 68 | 434,710 | 52 | 428,550 |
| Drugs and paints. . | 39 | 169,503 | 50 | 151.799 | 45 | 215,888 |
| Jewelry and clocka. | ? | 30.800 | 18 | 150,640 |  | 147.000 |
| Books and papers. | 0 | 17,8 | 14 | 94,675 | 14 | 74.315 |
| Hats, furs and glove | 83 | 200,000 567,483 | 111 | 74,540 | $1 \times 2$ | 1,176,268 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total trading.. <br> Brokers and tranaporters. | $\begin{gathered} 664 \\ 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,914,3571 \\ & 1,754,552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 929 \\ 26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,41 \mathrm{~A}, 822 \\ 527,050 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 981 \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,280,198 \\ 204,621 \end{array}$ |
| Total commer | 875 | 0,577,751 | 1,254 | 14,880,268 | 1,189 | 15,886,750 |

Nore-Iron, woolens and cottons meluce all the branches of tnusg manu-
tactures: machinery includes implements and tools; lumber includes saw,
 snd furnishings; hats include furs and gloves; chemicals include drugs, fertill-
zers, paints and oils; printing and books include engraving and maps; milling zers, paints and oils; printing and books include engraving and maps; miling
incudae baking; leather and ahoos incluce makers of harness, saddlery, trunks
 eludes earthenware, pottery, brick, lime and cement; groceries include meats
and Alsh; hotele include restaurants; dry goods include carpets and curtains; and filh; hotels include restaurants; dry goods include carpets and curtains;
furntrure includes crockery; hardware nicuces stoves and cools; and jewelry
 or produce dealers whose main business is not the handing of actual products,
With mort kage and other loan concerns, and transporters include all except inFith mortgage and other loan co
corporated railway companles

## 

## [From our own correspondent.]

Ldndon. Saturday, Oct. 23, 1897.
The first three weeks of O tober have passed, and yet there is no sign of that revival of business on the Stock Exchange which was expected as soon as the holiday season ended. This is mainly due to the fear of dear money, but many other causes have combined. The long-continued struggle between the employers and the employed in the engineering trade is one of the first of these. Everybody feared that the struggle would affect the general trade of the country, but as yet, at all events, the home trade has not suffered to any appreciable extent; indeed, it may be said that the home trade has seldom been more prosperous. The foreign trade is somewhat checked, but in spite of that it is remarkable that the rate $0^{-}$ wages is well maintained, and outside of the engineering trade there is very little complaint of want of employment.

Another unfavorable influence is the threatened strike in Lancashire. The cotton trade in that county has suffered from the distress in India and th 3 dislocation of the Chinese trade caused by the extraordinary fall in silver. The fall led a great many native merchants to repudiate the orders they had given befo e the fall began, and now that recovery is setting in the honest merchants that took up and paid for their orders are complaining that they are suffering from the competition of the dishonest merchants who first rapudiated their contracts aud then bought when exchange was at the lowest. The Lancashire employers are asking for a reduc tion of wages. The employed offer to agree to short time. What the result will be is uncertain as yet.

Then great disappointment has been caused this week by the report of the Committee of the Transvaal Volksraad, to which the report of the Industrial Commission was referred. The committee recommends very much smaller concessions then the commission advised, and the industry is greatly dissatisfied. The full text of the report has not reached this country, and it is impossible, therefore, to ascertain what the concessions recommsnded amount to, but the general impr s sion seems to be that they will range from sixpence to a shilling per ton of ore crushed, which would be utterly insuf. ficient.

In India the frontier fighting is not yet over, though it is hoped that a very few weeks will bring it to an end. The autumn crops in India have all been good and the growing crops promise well. Very favorable accounts are received respecting the rice crop, and the preparations for wheat are very forward and very favorable. The cotton crop, too, looks well.

In Australia, on the other hand, there is, unfortunately renewed fear of drought. Enough rain has fallen to seoure the wheat crop, which is reported to be in excellent conditi in, but the spring rains have been very deficient and consequently the moisture has not penetrated very deep, and it is feared that the grass will perish when the heat sets in and that the weakened sheep will die in large numbers. A very small wool clip is ther fore anticipated.
N ) progress is yet made in a settlement with either Cuba or the Pbilippines. On the other hand reinforcements are being sent out, and as the finances of Spain are already in a desperate state, the fears of an utter break-down increase. Naturally, this is weighing heavily upon t $P$ aris Bourse, which is interested to so great an extent in Spanish securities.
The peace negotiations between Greece and Turkey are not yet at an end, and nobody knows whether it will be possible to get the Turks out of Thessaly at an early date. In Crete there is utter anarchy, and there are fears of further troubles with the Sultan. All over the Balkan States there is unrest, and there is much uncertainty as to the relations of the Great Powers. That they are all intent upon maintaining peace for the present is universally agreed, but that a change in the grouping is going on can hardly be doubted, and what may happen in the early future is agitating men's minds. In Italy the movement seems to be growing in favor of withdrawing from the Triple Alliance.
The final result of all this upon the Stock Exchange is an unwillingness to engage in new risks. The Continental bourses are exc-edingly quiet, and therefore international stocks are neglected. The higher classes of home securities are steady, but they a e more likely to decline than to advance.

Everybody is now expecting a 4 per cent Bank rate. Therefore, it is anticipated that several financial houses will sell securities to provide themselves with the means of lending and discounting at high rates. In the American markets itvestors are doing nothing; indsed, investors are buying very little of any kind of securities ; apparently, they are now looking for lower prices before the end of the year
On the other hand investors are not selling American securities to any considerable extent The speculative purchasing is also smaller than it was. Speculation in American securities is largely confined to members of the Stock Exchange and professional operators, and they follow, to a large extent, the lead of New York.
In the South African Department ther-s has been a fall consequent upon the report of the Raad Committee, and the disposition of the public just now appears to be to desert the market. Even the Western Australian m irket is decidedly more quiet than it was. The general impression appears to bs that the set-back is only temporary; at all events, several important houses that have kept aloof from the market hitherto have now interested themselves in it, and it is understood that they are propared to giva more banking accommodation than heretofore.

The Bank of England is exerting itself actively to make the 3 per cent effective by borrowing in the open market, and it has succeeded so far that the rate of discount for three months bills is now about $23 / 4$ per cent, and seems to be moving upwards. But the brokers employed by the Bank have not been as successful as they usually are. The truth appears to be that the joint-stock banks do not hold very large supplies, but that the houses that accept for foreign customers have exceptionally large amounts. These amounts, however, they are unwilling to part with for any length of time because they do not know how soon they may be drawn upon. They are willing, therefore, to lend out the money from day to day or even for a few days, but not for a month or so. The market, therefore, presents this curious spectacle that very short loans are in abundant supply at very low rates, while long loans are scarce and dear, and the discount rate is gradually moving up to the level of the Bank rate.
The general impression is that before long there will be another advance in the Bank rate. The G $\rightarrow$ rman money market is tight. The demand for gold in tha open market in London is so great that all arrivals are bought up for foreign countries, and there is a steady, though for this week a small, drain upon the Bank of England. It is not thought that either Russia or Austria or Japan will take gold to any considerable extent directly from the Bank, hut that gold will have to go to Germany seams probable. That a considerable amount may be taken for New York is also thought highly likely, and that some of the metal will have to be sent to India is the impression of those who are in the best position to judge. It seems certain now that the India Council will not be able to resume the sale of its drafts until the new year. When, therefore, the export season becomes active, it is difficult to see how the trade can be financed without the ship-
ment of gold. ment of gold.

The silver market is rather tending upward just now.
The "Rsilway News" of L ndon reports the traffic receipts for the week ending O:c 17 of 54 railways of the United Kingdom which make weekly returns at £1,7e8,998, against $£_{\text {of }}\left(676,93^{4}\right.$ in th corresponding week of last year, an increase of $£ 76,968$. For the sixteen weeks of the current half-year receipts were $£ 29,646,866$, an increase of $£ 947,910$.
The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, \&c., compared with the last three years:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1827 . \\ & \text { Oct. } 20 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1898 \\ & \text { Oct. } 21 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1895 . \\ & \text { Oct. } 23 . \end{aligned}$ $£$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 . \\ & \text { Oct. } 34 . \\ & \pm \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mraulation | 27,510,015 | 86,979,620 | 26,103,565 | $25,430.18$ |
| Fublio deposits, | 7,313,421 | 5,334,369 | 4,816,743 | $5,399241$ |
| Other deposits | 36,315,25 2 | 45,808,726 | 50,872,490 | 39,059,672 |
| Government securities. | 14,058,726 | 14,862,380 | 18,436,525 | 15,311,589 |
| Otherseourities. | 26,268,029 | 28,397,251 | 25,500,463 | 18,776,846 |
| Beserve of notes and coin.. | 21,145,654 | 25,919,558 | 32,221,593 | 28,121,687 |
| Coln \& bullion, both departm'ts | 31,855,669 | 36,089,178 | 41,525,158 | 36,751,867 |
| Prop.reservetoliabilities..p. o. | 485-16 | $509-16$ | 588:-16 | 63116 |
| 3ankrate .. ... ...per cent. | 3 | * 4 | 58. | J 11 |
| Consols, 2\% per cent | 11134 | 108 | 107 5-18 | 10159 |
| 3ilver | 27\%8d. | 3031 | 307/8d. | $291 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$. |
| He ring-House returns. | 76,295, 000 | 167,592,000 | 163,323.030 | 97,887.000 |

## मo ving-House returns.

- October 22.

Messrs. Pixley \& Abell write as follows under date of Oct. 21
Gold-The Bank has sold $£ 309,000$. Germany took $£ 150,000$, sov-
ereigns, and $£ 139,000 \mathrm{U}$. S. gold coin. The ereigns, and \&139,000 U. . . gold coin. The open market price is only
a fraction under the Bank selling price a fraction under the Bank selling price. Arrivals: South Africa,
$\$ 175,000$; Australia, 261,000 ; Bombay, $\$ 50,000$. Shipment: BomZ 175,$000 ; \mathrm{Au}$
$\mathrm{bay}, 80,000$.
silv-r-The market remains very short of silver ready for immediate
deliver, delivery, and advantage has been taken of this to raise forward rates,
tone at closing to－day is rather Weaker．Azrivals：New York，e192，000；
Chili， 233.000 ．Shlpments：Bombay， 2182,000 ．
Mexican Dolla－s－There has been a large business in these coin for November shipment．Arrivals：New York，$£ 8,000$ ．shipments：Penang， 221，000；Hongkong，23，000．
The quotations for bullion are reported as follows：

＊ 115 －16a2．
The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities have been as follows：

| Rates of Intereat at | Oet． 23. |  | Oct． 15. |  | Oct． 8. |  | Oct． 1. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank Rats． | Oown Market | Bans <br> Rata | Open Market | Bank <br> Bate． | Open Market | Bank <br> Rate． | Open Marke |
| Parls．．． | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 176 | 2 | 11／6 |
| Geriln． | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 24 | 1 | 53\％ |
| Eambars | 5 | 4\％ | 5 | 146 | 1 | 44 | 4 | 䋐 |
| Franikfort． | 5 | 4\％ | 5 | 4）4 | 4 | 3 CN | 1 | 5\％／ |
| A materdaca．．． | 3 | 34 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2\％ | 3 | 56 |
| Braseels．．．． | 3 | 8 | 3 | a | 3 | 2 | － | 2 |
| Fteuns．．．． | 4 | 4 | $f$ | 3\％ | 4 | 374 | t | 4 |
| 3t．Petersbura． | 6 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Madrid．－ | 5 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Copenhasen | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 | ， | 5 | b | 5 |

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first seven weeks of the new season compared with previons seasons：

## ［MPORTS．

|  | 189 | 18 | 1895. | 189 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tuphortarwheas，ewt | 453，000 | 7，617，530 | 10，949，000 | 10，519，9 |
| Barley | 3，231，315 | 3，082，010 | 4，526，630 | 4，823，7 |
| Oata | 2，290，420 | 2，081，150 | 1，877，040 | 2，16 |
| Peas | 437.030 | 411.935 | 342，960 |  |
| eans． | 576，470 | 454．420 | 588.930 |  |
| Indlan co | 7，921，100 | 9，597，880 | 5，977，100 | 3，849 |
| loar | 2，023，300 | 2，797，910 | 2，377，420 | 2，816 |

Supplies available for consumption（exclusive of stocks on September 1）：

|  | 1897. | 189 | 1895. | 1894. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9at lmported．cwt． | 7，453，0 0 | 7，617，580 | 10，949，000 | 10，519，901 |
| Importa of flour．．．．．．． | 2，023，300 | 2，797，010 | 2，877，420 | 2，816．356 |
| Sales of home－krown． | 4，825，882 | 4，034，745 | 2，252，158 | 2，980，633 |
| Total | 14，302，182 | 14，450，185 | 16，078，578 | 16．316，890 |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895 | 1894 |
| Aver．prioe wheat，weel | ak．318． 104. | 278． 10 d． | 24s． 11 d ． | 178． 70 |
| Average prioe，sesagon． | ．．339． 7 d ． | 24a．11d | 238，3d． | 198 lod |
| The following sh maize afloat to the | hown the United | usntities ngaom： | of wheat． | flour and |
|  | Mis week． | Last week． | 1896. | 189 |
|  |  | 1，575，000 | 2，015，000 | 781．00 |
| Flour，equas to qre．． | 270.000 | 230,000 | 250.000 | 246.000 |
| Maize ．．．．．．．．Tre．．． | 360.006 | 460.000 | 1，030，000 | 626.000 |

## Enzlish Fiasncial TMarkets－Per Cable

The daily closing quotations for securities，etc．，at London， are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Nov．5：

| Lombom． | Sat． | Mon． | Tues． | Wed． | Thurs． | Fri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| silver，per ounce．．．．．．． 4 ． Jonsols．，new， 23 p．cte． | ${ }_{11111^{271}}$ | 27 | 2619 | $\begin{aligned} & C 63_{2} \\ & 1123_{16} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 263_{8} \\ 112 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26 x_{2} \\ 11218 \end{array}$ |
| Fror acount | 11179 |  |  |  | $112^{5}{ }^{6}$ |  |
| Froh rentes（in Paria）tr． | $1{ }_{14}^{1030}$ |  | $103 \cdot 35$ | 10340 | $03 \cdot 47{ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{13}^{03.5}$ |
| Aron．Top．\＆danta Fe． | ${ }^{14}{ }^{19}$ |  |  | ${ }^{139} 9$ | 28.4 | ${ }_{28}^{13}$ |
| Canadian Pacifle． | 82 |  |  | 813 | 8134 | $821_{4}$ |
| Chesapeake \＆Ohlo．．．． | 2234 9638 | J |  | ${ }_{94}^{224}$ | ${ }^{224} 94$ | ${ }^{223} 4$ |
| Denv，\＆Eio Gr．，pref． | 464 |  |  | 454 | $4{ }_{4} 5^{5}$ | $45^{2} 18$ |
| Erie，oommon．．．．．．．．．． | 155 |  |  | 18 s | 1514 |  |
| Int praferred | 38 |  |  | 37.4 | 364 | ${ }_{1031}^{361}$ |
| Lake Shore． | $174 \chi^{19}$ |  | z | $1741_{2}$ | 17412 |  |
| Loutavile \＆Naghrilie． | $587_{8}$ | S |  | 5678 | 5618 | 543 |
| Mexicar Contral， 48 | 663 |  |  | $6_{13}{ }^{2}$ | $8_{13} 3^{2}$ | ${ }^{861} 1$ |
| M．Y．Cent1 \＆Huisaon． | $111{ }^{1}$ | 8 | \％ | $1111^{1 / 4}$ | 110 | $109^{1 / 2}$ |
| V．Y．Ontarlo \＆Weat＇n | 1896 |  | 4 | 184 | 161／4 | 16 |
| Nortolk \＆Weat＇n，pref． | 4.4 | \％ |  | 45 | ${ }_{531}$ |  |
| No．Pao．Dret，fre reote． | 5424 |  |  | 5378 | 534 | 5 |
| Pennsglvania ．．．．．．．．．． | 1178 | 3 |  | ${ }^{5889}$ | ${ }^{581} 1 L_{8}$ | 5814 1078 |
| Bouth＇a Rallway， 00 m ． |  |  |  | $9{ }^{958}$ | $10{ }^{1}$ | 924 |
| Proterrai．．．．．． | 314 |  |  | $31{ }^{18}$ | 3059 |  |
| Union Paolflo．．．ria ．．． | 194 |  |  | $19{ }^{233}$ | ${ }^{22488}$ | 188 |

## ©ammerclaland zatiscellaneons 置ew

Government Revenue and Expenditures．－Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury，we are enabled to place before our readers to－day the details of Government receipts and disbursements for the month of Ootober．From previous returns we obtain the figures for previous months， and in that manner complete the statement for the ten months of the calendar years 1897 and 1896
begeiprs（ 000 s omilted）．

|  | 1897. |  |  |  |  | 1898. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ous－ tomas． | Inter <br> Rov＇u | N．Bk． Red＇y． Fund | Misc S＇ree | 7 tal ． | Ous－ toms． | Intor Rov＇u | N．Bh． Red＇p． Fund． | $\begin{aligned} & M i s c^{\prime} \\ & S^{\prime} r c e s \end{aligned}$ | Total |
|  | 8 | 8 | ${ }^{2}$ | \％ | \％ |  | 8 | \＄ | 8 | \％ |
| Js | 11，09 | 10，625 | 3，000 | 2，71 | 27，441 | 17，375 | 11，176 | 483 | 2，391 | 81，875 |
| Feb | 11，587 | 10，888 | 3，201 | 2.150 | 87，826 | 18，20． | 10．80： | 992 | 1，846 | 87，051 |
| ar | 20.881 | 11，926 | 1，748 | 1，458 | 87，968 | 13，34 | 11，534 | 341 | 1，101 | 26，382 |
| Apri | 24，588 | 11，r8 | 1.242 | 1，931 | 39，260 | 11，285 | 11，202 | 178 | 2，083 | 24，729 |
| May | 18，885 | 10，678 | 2，203 | 2，239 | 31，999 | 10．95） | 11，55． | 28 | 2，144 | 24，879 |
| Jan | 21，501 | 12，8－7 | 1，823 | 2.187 | 37.907 | 11，352 | 13，25 | 1，314 | 3.080 | 29，108 |
| July ． | 16,967 | 19.7 .8 | 771 | 2，850 | 39.856 | 12，157 | 14，308 | 3：0 | 2，564 | 29，389 |
|  | 6，088 | 11，193 | 1，395 | 818 | 20，419 | 12，331 | 11.97 | 29 | 1，271 | 25，585 |
|  | 7，806 | 13，049 | 1，312 | 1，585 | 23，860 | 11.374 | 11，67 | 日 | 1，531 | 24，050 |
| 0 | 9，713 | 13，01s | 1，572 | 1，083 | 25，008 | 11，108 | 13，363 | 8 | 1，814 | 26，372 |
| m | ，68 | 1 |  |  | ． 1 | 5，1 | 120，92p | 4 |  |  |

 disbursements（ 000 om umitted．）

|  | 1897. |  |  |  |  | 1886. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ordi－ nary． | Pess－ atons． | $\begin{gathered} \text { In. } \\ \text { terest. } \end{gathered}$ | N．$B \%$ ． Red＇p． Euna | Total． | Ordi－ nary | Per－ Sons | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { torest. } \end{gathered}$ | N．Bk． Red＇p． Red＇p： Fund． | 2otai． |
|  |  | 8 | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 8 | ${ }^{8}$ | 4 | \％ |  | \％ | \％ |
| fant． | 12，984 | 10，542 | 6，765 | 885 | 31，156 | 15．423 | 9，967 | 6，245 | 1，119 | 38，494 |
| Feb | 12.690 | 18，208 | 2，958 | 1，10＋ | 29，804 | 12．184 | 19，817 | 2.288 | 1，103 | 27，852 |
| March．． | 14.589 | 12，167 | 457 | 1，176 | 88，389 | 14.892 | 11，7）0 | 872 | 912 | 28，188 |
| April． | 15，707 | 10，764 | $\delta, 672$ | 914 | 32，887 | 18，780 | 10,07 | 5，141 | 684 | 29，683 |
| May．．． | 13，442 | 12，3 4 | 3，074 | 1，783 | 30，818 | 12，803 | 12，874 | 2，88 | 1，115 | 29，542 |
| fune． | 12，：51 | 10，089 | 11. | 1，391 | 24，250 | 18，6－7 | 11，30 | 458 | 1，114 | 28，564 |
| 1017．．． | 2742 | 14，988 | 600 | 1，091 | 51，1，91 | 12，277 | 13，101 | 0，710 | 783 | 42，871 |
| su\％ | 16，569 | 13，7／3 | 2，926 | 968 | 34，5：0 | 20，288 | $12,30_{6}$ | 2，938 | 4－8 | 30184 |
| teot． | 13.989 | 10，902 | 388 | 802 | 26，201 | 14，671 | 11，4 6 | 423 | 4511 | 97，030 |
| Oat | 17，605 | 10，k85 | 5.218 | 561 | \＄4 266 | 18，599 | 10.24 H | 5，083 | 461 | 81，439 |
| 10 mms ． | 102.588 | 110.719 | 34．147 |  |  |  |  |  | 8，228 | 815，845 |

Coinage by United States Mints．－The following state－ ment，kindly furnished us by the Director of the Mint，shows the coinage at the mints of the United States during the month of October and for the ten months of 1897.

| Denominatione． | October． |  | Ten Months 1897. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pieces． | Value． | Pieces． | Value． |
| Jouble eagles． | 174.000 | $3,480,000$ | 2，592，484 | $51,849,680$ |
| Eagles．．．．．．．． | 8500 56.060 | 85,000 280,000 | $1,143,731$ 1,109847 | $11.437,310$ $5,549,235$ |
| dair eagles．．．．．．．．． | 56，0c0 | 280,000 | 1，109 847 | 5，549，235 |
| zuarter eagles．．．．．． |  |  | 10，647 | 26，617 |
| rotal go | 238，500 | 3，845，000 | 4，856，709 | 68，862，842 |
| 3tandard dolla | 620，000 | 620，000 | 9，547，401 | 9，547，401 |
| qair dollars． | 1，362，0c0 | 681,000 | 3，286，301 | 1，698，150 |
| Quarter dollar8．．．．．． <br> itmes． | $2,432,000$ $3,920,000$ | $608,0 \mathrm{C}$ 392,000 | $8,627,318$ $10,091,778$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.156 .805 \\ & 1,009,178 \end{aligned}$ |
| ver | 8，334，000 | 2，301，000 | 31，652，698 | 14，406，534 |
| five centa． Tne sent．．． | $\begin{array}{r} 3,006,000 \\ 13,0=0,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150,300 \\ & 130,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,775,881 \\ & 42,342,493 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 838,794 \\ & 423,425 \end{aligned}$ |
| $f$ ral mino | 16，226 000 | 280，500 | 59，118，374 | 1，262，219 |
| aral comake | 24，598，50 | 6，426，500 | 95，627，781 | 84，531，59．5 |

Changes in Legal Tenders and National Bank Notes to Nov．1．－The Comptroller of the Currency has furnished us the following，showing the amounts of national bank notes Oct．1，together with the amouts outstanding Nov．1，and the increase or decrease during the month；also the changes in legal tenders beld for the redemption of Bank notes up to Nov． 1.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 mount outstanding Oct．1， 18 |  | \＄230，193，900 |
| A mount iraner daring oot | \＄677，205 | 146，265 |
| Amount outatanding Nov．1， 1897 |  | \＄230 047，635 |
| Lrgal Tender Notes－ |  |  |
| Amount on deposit to redeem national bank not： 8 Oct．1， 1897 |  | ＊25，120，710 |
| Amonut deposited durink Ooto | \＄1，7－7，180 |  |
| An＇t．relasuęd and bank notes retired |  | 999，975 |
| mount on deposit to redeem national bink notes Noz， 1,1897 |  | 826．120，6 | Tirmastion of National＋uld smiks，not included in ahove．$\$ 84,640_{0}$ ． NoTE，－From amount of National Bank notes outstanding Sept． 30 ，

8531．－91 has been deducted for new notes due bauk，but not delisered．
According to the above the amonnt of legal fenders on de posit Nov． 1 with the Treasurer of the United States to $x e-$ deem national bank notes was $\$ 26,120,685$ ．The portion of this deposit made（1）by banks bec ming insolvent，（2）by banks going into voluntary liquidation，and（3）by banks re－ zucing or retiring their circulation，was as follows on the first of each of the last five months．
Deposits by- $\left|\frac{\text { July 1. }}{8}\right| \frac{\text { Aug. 1. }}{8}\left|\frac{\text { Sept. 1. }}{8}\right| \frac{\text { Oct. 1. }}{8}\left|\frac{\text { Nov. 1. }}{\frac{8}{8}}\right|$

Insolv'nt bks. Ligutd ${ }^{\text {Led }}$ bks Red'o'gund.
 Total.... $\overline{24,666,029} \overline{24,259,980} \overline{24,752,548} \overline{25,120,710} \overline{26,120,685}$ * Act of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882.

Imports and Exports for the Week.-The following are the imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods October 28 and for the week ending for general merchandise October 29 also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK,

| For woeek. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry goods.... Gen'l mer'dise | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,034,787 \\ 5,395,161 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,290,659 \\ 7,067,300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,406,527 \\ 8,396,271 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,787,699 \\ 8,840,574 \end{array}$ |
| Total ....... | \$6,429,948 | \$8,357,959 | \$10,802,798 | \$10,628,273 |
| Sry goods..... | \$106,293,629 | \$92,448,652 | \$122,929,231 | \$73,163,592 |
| Gen'l mer'dise | 303,577,652 | 278,754,091 | $310,238,457$ | 286,500,611 |
| Total 43 weeks | \$409,871,281 | \$371,202,743 | \$433,167,688 | \$359,664,208 |

The imports of dry goods for one week later will be found in our report of the dry goods trade.
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending November 1 and from January 1 to date :

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the week. | $86,691,863$ $\mathbf{3 3 5}, 561,968$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 8,834,357 \\ 309,364,461 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,985,947 \\ 274,198,066 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,434,337 \\ 293,234,809 \end{array}$ |
| Prev, reported | 335,561,968 | $309,364,461$ | $274,198,066$ | $293,234,809$ |

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending October 30 and since January 1, 1897, and for the corresponding periods in 1896 and 1895.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

| Gold. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan.1. | Weck. | SinceJan. 1. |
| Great Britain. <br> France <br> Germany <br> West Indies <br> Mexico <br> Bouth America <br> All other countries. | \$30,624 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 979,660 \\ \mathbf{1 5 , 4 7 7 , 4 7 3} \\ 11,780,000 \\ 570,006 \\ 2,030 \\ 185,937 \\ 750,440 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \ldots \ldots . . . \\ \ldots \ldots . . \\ 185,275 \\ 2,653 \\ 11,901 \end{array}$ | $\$ 3,550,029$ <br> $2,500,000$ <br> $2,143,153$ <br> $3,574,264$ <br> 147,991 <br> 808,199 <br> 491,894 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total 1897 | \$30,624 | \$29,745,546 | \$199,829 | \$13,215,530 |
| Total 1896...... | 38,000 | 51,030,282 | 7,986,126 | 77,857,737 |
| Total 1895....... | 129.355 | 71,041,924 | 9,845 | 24,942,176 |
| Silver. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
|  | Week. | Since Jan.1. | Week. | SinceJan. 1 |
| Great Britaln. <br> France. <br> Germany <br> West Indies <br> Mexico <br> South Amerlaa <br> All other countries. | \$956,999 |  | ........ | \$52, 10 C |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 37,764,627 \\ 638,000 \\ 5,750 \\ 323,350 \end{array}$ | \$23,820 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,321 \\ 402,563 \end{array}$ |
|  | 195 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 323,350 | 30,178 | 1,179,284 |
|  | 8,595 | $\begin{array}{r} 170,296 \\ 3,325 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,270 \\ 1,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 794,063 \\ 43,107 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total 1897..... | \$985,789 | \$38,910,473 | \$70,668 | \$2,475,744 |
| Total 1896....... | 942,008 877,900 | 41,020,618 | 9,655 47,100 | $2,478,312$ $1,582,900$ |

Of the above imports for the week in $1897 \$ 8,515$ were American gold coin and $\$ 653$ American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time, $\$ 3,575$ were American gold coin.

City Railroad Securities.-Brokers' Quotations.

| Atlan. Ave., B'klyn- <br> Con. 5s, E., 1931 AEO Bl'eck. St. \& Fal F.-Stk. 1stmort. 78, 1900.J\&J $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ way \& 7 th $A$ ve. Stook <br> 18t mort., $58,1904 . J \& D$ <br> BWay 18t, 5 c.guar. 1924 <br> 2d ba, Int.aarent... Jo. <br> Met, 8 t . By, gen. $5 \mathrm{e}, 97$ <br> Brooklyn dity-stook <br> Consol. $53,1941 . . J$ <br> Bklyn. Orosst'n 58.190 s <br> Bkl'nQ'ns Co.eSub. 1st <br> Bkinc.e Newt'wn-stk <br> Brooklyn Eiapld Transit. <br> 5s, 1945 ............Ado <br> Central Crosatown-Stk, $1 \mathrm{st} \mathrm{M} ., 6 \mathrm{~s}, 1922 \ldots \mathrm{Md} \mathrm{N}$ <br> Cen. Pk.N.\&E.RIv.-stk <br> Colnmbus \& 9th Ave. 5s <br> Ohrist'p're 10 th St.- Stt |
| :---: |

[^0]Gas Securities.-Brokers' Quotations.

| GAS COMPANIES. | Bid. | Ask. | GA8 COMPANIES. | Bid. | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B'klyn Union Gas-Stock. | 121 |  | People's (Jersey City | 180 | 17 |
| Bonds ............ ..... | 11312 |  | Willamsburg 1 st 6 | 103 |  |
|  | 72 | $77^{\circ}$ | Equitable | 290 |  |
| Bonds | 10134 | $1{ }^{102}$ | Bonds, 68, | 103 | 105 |
| Jersey City \& Hoboken. Metropolitan-Bonds... | 185 |  | Bonds, 5 s. | 79 | 82 |
| Mutual (N. | 340 |  | Stancara pi | 1150 |  |
| N. Y. \& Eleast Riv. 18 \% | 108 |  | Western ${ }^{\text {G }}$ |  |  |
| Oommo | 83 |  | Bonds, | 101 | 10 |

New York City, Boston and Philadelphia Banks.-Below we furnish a summary of the weekly returns of the Clearing House banks of New York City, Boston and Philadelphia. The New York figures do not include results for the nonmember banks.


## * We omit two ciphers in all these floures. + Inoluding tor Boston and Philadelphia the item "due to other bankg"

## Miscellaneous Bonds:



Note.-" $\mathrm{b}^{\prime}$ "indioates price bid: " $a$ " price asked. * Latest price this week
Bank Stock List-Latest prices. *Not Listed.

| BANKS. | Bid. | Ask. | BANK8. | Bid. | Ask. | BANKS. | Bid. | Ask. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| America | 335 |  | Gar |  |  | N.Y.Nat.Ex | 1 |  |
| Am. Exch. | 220 | 171 | German Am. <br> German Ex. |  | 320 | Ninth. | $1{ }^{971}{ }^{12}$ |  |
| Bowery* | 300 |  | Germania.... | 300 |  | N. America. | 135 |  |
| Broadway. | 230 | 250 | Greenwich | 165 |  | Oriental | 160 |  |
| Butch.\&Dr.- | 18 | 101 | Hanover | 350 |  | Paci |  |  |
| Chase | 500 |  | Hud. Rive | 155 |  | Peopl | 210 |  |
| Chath | 290 |  | Im.\& Trad |  | 550 | Phenix |  | 0 O |
| Chem | 4000 |  | Irving | 145 |  | Plaza** | 187 |  |
| City | 620 |  | Leather | 165 | 180 | Prod.Ex | 115 | 120 |
| Citizen |  | 150 | Liberty*. | 130 |  | Repub | 150 |  |
| Columbia. |  | 175 | Lincoln. |  | 800 | Seaboa | 172 |  |
| Commerce. | 208 |  | Manhattan... | 220 | 240 | Secon | 1425 |  |
| Continental Corn Exch. |  | ${ }_{300}^{132}$ | Market\& Ful | 215 | 230 | Seven <br>  | 100 98 | 100 |
| East River.. | 135 | 145 | M'chs' \& Trs' | 110 | 125 | Stateof N.Y. | 108 | 112 |
| 11th Ward.. | 250 |  | Mercantile... |  | 18712 | Third. | 10 | 70 |
| Fifth Ave. | 3000 |  | Merchant. | 145 | 150 | Tradesm'n's. | 102 |  |
| Fifth ${ }^{\text {Fin }}$. | 240 |  | Merch't. Ex. |  | 124 | 12th Ward*- | 125 |  |
| First....... | 2700 120 | 150 | Metropol's... | 125 |  | Union | 201 | $18{ }^{-1}$ |
| 14th Street.- |  | 160 | Nassau | 150 |  | Un'd Stat | 200 |  |
| Fourth. | 184 |  | N, Ams'dam. | 225 |  | Yorkville | 170 |  |
| Gallatin | 310 | 340 | Now Yorl |  | 240 | Wertern | 120 |  |
| hanrevoott |  | 100 | 4 Y. Co'vty | 700 |  | West | 275 |  |

Auction Sales.-Among other securities the following, not regularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction: By Messrs. R. V. Harnett \& Co :

50 The Hendrickson Manufacturing C
By Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Son

| 10 Empire City Fire Insurance Co. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Ohatham Nat'l Ba |
|  | Amer. Ex. Nat'l Ba |
|  | Market \& Fulton Bank |
|  | Guarantors Liability Indemnity Co, of Penu.... |

16 Corn Exchange Bank.... 295 $5,000 \mathrm{Fl}$ Bonds. Co. 1st 5s, 1918 Pent. \& Penin. Ry. \$18,000 Great Northern $\mathbf{R R} 107$ 48, coll. tr., 1902 . M\&S... $98^{33}$


## B8ankixg and Financial

## Spencer Trask \& Co., BANKERS

27 \& 29 PINE STIREET
65 State Street, Albany.
NEW TORE NENT SECURITIES.

## GBorǵr Baroliy Mofeat. <br> ALEXANDER M. WHITE, Je

MOFFAT \& WHITE, BANKERS,
No. 1 耳AssAU STREET,

## NEW YORE

I NVESTMENT SECURITIES

## grankers' (fazette.

DIVIDENDS.

| Name of Company. | Per Oent. | When Payable. | Bookr closed. <br> (Days inclusive.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fallroads (Steam.) | 1.4 | Dee. | to |
| Ohic. \& Alton com, \& pref. (quar. <br> Manchester de Lawrence. | 5 | Nov. | to |
| Nashua \& Lowell. | 419 | Nov. 1 | to |
| Pennsylvanda.. Street Rallways. | 212 | Nov. 30 | - to |
| Brilyn (ity de Newtowa (quar.). |  | Nov. 1 | Oot. 21 to Nov. 2 |
| Metropol'n St. K.C., Mo.(quar.) | ${ }^{29}$ | Nov. 15 | Oot. 27 to Oot. 31 |
| West Chic. Street (quar.) ....... <br> Banks. | 112 | Nov. 15 | Nov. 6 to Nov. 15 |
| Bank of the State of New York.. IIacellancous. | 3 | Nov. 10 | - 12 to Nov. 10 |
| Amerlcan Cotton Oll, pref....... | 3 | Dee. 1 | Nov. 12 to Dee. 2 |
| American Distriot Telegraph | 1 |  | Nov. 10 to Nov. 15 |
| Erie Teleg. \& Telep. (quar.) ....... Tehigh Coal of Navigation....... | 1 | Nov. 15 | Nov. 7 to Nov. 14 |
| Standard Oll (quar.) |  | Dec. 15 | Nov. 18 to Dec. 15 |
| " | ${ }_{2} 2$ | Nov. | Oct. 16 to Oot. 81 |

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, NOY. $5,1897-5$ P. M.
The Money Market and Financial Situation.-There was nothing in the most important event of the week, the elections, to stimulate buoyancy or even activity in the market for securities, and therefore the week in Wall Street has been dull until to day, when the stock market was active and prices declined on a fresh Cuban scare. The local election was disappointing to a majority of the voters because the successful candidate for Mayor represents a minority ele ment, and in some other States the margins are uncomfortably narrow.

Aside from the results of the elections, whatever they may signify, there have been no unfavorable developments, but the possibilities of the future, with Congress to assemble a month from now, do not encourage capitalists and investors to active operations.

In railroad circles the event of the week was the sale of Union Pacific in accordance with the reorganization plan, and it is expected that the further process of rehabilitating the company will proceed without interruption. Reports of railway earnings continue to reflect a satisfactory traffic movement, although the Clearing House returns for the month of October show an increase of less than 23 per cent over the corresponding period last year, as against an increase of over 50 per cent for September and 36 per cent for August.

The foreign exchange market has been featureless and attracted little attention. The supply of bills has been readily absorbed, and changes in rates are nominal.

The open market rates for call loans on the Stook Exohange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from $11 / 2$ to $21 / 2$ per cent. To-day's rates on call were $13 / 2$ to 3 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at $31 / 2$ to $41 / 2$ per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a decrease in bullion of $\mathcal{E} 433,670$ and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was $47 \cdot 03$ against $47 \cdot 63$ last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The Bank of France shows a decrease of $1,500,000$ francs in gold and an increase of 750,000 francs in silver.
The New York City Clearing-House banks in their statement of Oct. 30 showed an increase in the reserve held of $\$ 3,335,600$ and a surplus over the required reserve of $\$ 24$, 271,800 , against $\$ 22,904,700$ the previous week.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1897 . \\ & 0<4.30 . \end{aligned}$ | Differensiom Pren. week. | 1896. Oct. 31. | $\frac{1895 .}{\text { Noo. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oapltal.. | $59,022,700$ |  | $60,622,700$ | $61,122,700$ |
| auplus. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Ino |  |  |
| +10n |  | Inc. 100 | 20,500 | 14,45 |
|  |  | Ino | 446,455,900 | 529,882,400 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Rese |  | (10) | 129,074,700 |  |
| Legal | 156,334,80 |  | 11 |  |
| irplus reserve | 24,271,8 | .1,367, | 17,463,225 | 17,594,400 |
| The Clearing House has also begun to issue weekly returns showing the condition of the non member banks which clear through the Clearing House institutions. The statement in full will be found on the second page following. |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Exchange. - There has been no change in the conditions governing the foreign exchange market. The limited demand for bills has been abundantly supplied and rates |  |  |  |  |
| have remained steady. |  |  |  |  |
| ers' sixty day 4853 ; cables, $48214 \times 4821 / 2 ;$ | ys' sterlin $480 @ 486$ documenta | g. $482^{3}$ @ 4 4; prime co ry commerci | 83; deman mmercial, al, sixty day | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ad, } 4851 / 9 \\ & \text { sixty days, } \\ & \text { ys, } 4813 / 49 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| November 5. |  |  |  | Sixty days |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers' sterling bills on London <br> Prime commercial <br> Documentary commercial. <br> Paris bankers' (franes)........... Amsterdam (guilders) bankers <br> Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks) b'kers |  |  |  |  |  | 86 | 8618 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Sayannah, buying $1 / 8$ discount, selling par; Charleston, buying 1-16 discount, selling $1-16$ premium; New Orleans, bank, par, commercial, \$1 25 discount; Chicago, 25 c . per $\$ 1,000$ premium; St. Louis, par. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States Bonds.-Sales of Government bonds at the Board include $\$ 16,0004 \mathrm{~s}$, coup., 1925 at $1275 / \%$ to $128 ; \$ 3,500$ 4s, coup, 1907 at $114 ; \$ 5,000$ 4s, reg., 1907 at $113 ; \$ 6,000{ }^{\circ} 5$ s, reg., at $1143 / 4$ to $115 ; \$ 4,0005$ s, coup., at $1147 / 8$, and $\$ 10,000$ 6 s , cur., 1898 at 1023 /4. The following are closing quotations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest Periods. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 30 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1 . \end{gathered}$ | Nov. | Nov. | Noo. | Nov. |
| 2s,................reg. | Q-Moh. | + 99 | * 9812 |  | * $98{ }^{12}$ | * 9813 |  |
| 48, 1907.........oup. | 2. Jan |  | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*} 1127^{7}{ }^{-1137}$ | , |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48, $1925 \ldots . .$. Tog. | -Fel |  |  | 흥 | ${ }^{* 12738}$ | ${ }^{* 12758}$ |  |
| 58, $1904 \ldots . . . . . \mathrm{reg}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1147_{8}$ <br> $1147_{8}$ |
|  | J. \& J |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| 68, our'oy, $988 . .$. reg. |  | ${ }^{1} 1158$ | *102\% | 垵 |  | -1143 | $102{ }^{\circ}$ |
|  | J. \& J |  | +106 |  | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*} 106$ | ${ }_{*}^{* 106}$ | ${ }^{+106}$ |
| 48, (Cher.) $1898 . \mathrm{r}$ | March. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48, (Cher.)1899.reg. | aroh. |  | *103 |  | *103 | 03 |  |

-Thas is the price bid at the morning board; no sute was made.
United States Sub-Treasary. - The following table shows the daily receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury:

| Date. | Receipts. | Payments. | Balances |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ooin. | Ooun Oert's | Ourrenoy. |
| Oot. 30 | $8,88,451$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 3,255,724 \end{array}$ | $147,811,581$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ 453,693 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{8}{8}$ |
| Nov. 1 | $2,711,559$ | 3,085,484 | $147,935,009$ | $638,798$ | $47,270,946$ |
| " 3 | 2,426,630 | 3,644.461 | 147,735,202 | 434,636 | 46,457,084 |
|  | $2,409,105$ $8,193,819$ | $2,982,500$ $3,262,105$ | 147,665,226 | 410,716 495,889 | 45,977,659 |
| Total.. | 13,927.564 | 16,230,274 |  | ............. |  |

Coins.-Following are the current quotations in gold for coins :
Sovereigns..
Napoleons.

| Napoleons. |
| :--- |
| X Xeloh |

25 Resetas.

 Fine mold bars.
State and Railroad Bonds.-Sales of State bonds at the Board include $\$ 12,00$, Tennessee settlement 3 s at 83 to $84 \%$; $\$ 1,000$ ditto small bonds at 80; $\$ 9,000$ Virginia fund. debt, $2-3 s$ of 1991 , at $671 / 4$, and $\$ 1,000$ Alabama Class A at $1081 / 2$.

The market for railway bonds has been relatively tirm During the early part of the week the volume of business was exceptionally limited, ranging from $\$ 985,000$, par value, on Monday, to $\$ 2,7 \backsim 3,000$ to-day, and averaging a little more than $\$ 1,501,000$ daily. Prices have been better sustained than in the market for stocks, and in only a few cases were declines more than fractional until to-day. Among the exceptions are Kansas Pacific 1st consols, which, for reasons noted last week, have further declined, and Atchison adjustment 4 s are over 3 points lower than our last quotations. On the other hand Houston \& Texas Central $4 s$ and the Missouri Kansas \& Texas issues advanced. Special activity is noted in Atchison, Chesapeake \& Ohio, Chicago \& Eastern Illinois, Chicago Terminal, Kansas Pacific, Lake Shore, Missouri Kansas \& Texas, Minn. \& St. Louis, Northern Pacific, Oregon Improvement, Oregon Short Line, Reading, Southern Railway, Texas \& Pacific and Union Pacific Denver \& Gulf bonds.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-The elections this week had a depressing effect in the stock market. Total transactions at the Exchange on Monday were less than 166,000 shares, and the daily average for the week, excluding to-day's large business, only about 280,000 shares. This represents chiefly the operations of professional board room traders and in the absence of outside interest prices in the active list have declined an average of over three points, So little support is there in the market that a vigorous bear raid to-day based on the Spanish-Cuban situation resulted in a liquidating movement of considerable magnitude and a sharp decline of prices, a part of which was recovered before the close. The coal stocks were acain the weak feature. De,aware \& Hudson sold down to $1081 / 2$, a loss of $51 / 2$ points, and Central of New Jersey at $861 / 2$ was 6 points bev low the closing price last week. St. Paul was weak becayse its report of earnings for the last ten days of October was misunderstood, there being two Sundays in the period against one last year. There was no strength apparent in the active railway list and prices moved downward with unusual regularity.

The same conditions prevailed in the miscellaneous list, American Sugar and Consolidated Gas being the only features; they were under special pressure and each declined nearly 10 points.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-AUTIVE STOCKS for weeh ending NJV. 5, and since JAN. 1, 1897 !


[^1]NEW YORK STOOK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued)-INACTIVE STOCKS.

| Ifactive Stocks ndleates unlisted. | $\frac{\text { Noc. } 5 .}{\text { Bid. } \mid \text { Ask. }}$ |  | Range (sales) in 1897. |  | Inaotive Stooks. fi Indicates unlisted. | Nov. 5. |  | Range (sales) in 1897. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Lowest. | Eighest. |  | B1a. | Ask. | Lowest. |  | nest. |
|  | 180 |  | 170 Feb. | 177a dpr. | Adams Express........................ 100 | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Ann Arbor.......................... 100 | 10 | 13 | 9 Jan. | $15^{1} 4 \mathrm{Aug}$. | Amerioan Bank Note Co IT.......... |  |  | 421 July |  | July |
| Preterred................................ 100 | 29 | 31 | $22^{23} \mathrm{~d}$ pr. | 40 Aug. | Amerioan Coal............... . . 25 | 120 | 1 | 113 Apr. |  | Jan |
| Bufalo Rochester \& Pittsbarg 100 | 16 | 2210 | 163 May | 2518 Sept. | Amerioan Express............... 100 | 11178 |  | 10912 Jan. | 119 | Sept, |
| Preferred................... 100 | 45 | 60 | 55 Feb. | $66{ }^{1 / 4}$ Sept. | Amer, Telegraph \& Cable...... 100 | 192 |  | 85 Ig Jan. | 94 | June |
| Burl. Sedar Raplds \& Nor... 100 | 70 |  | 68 Apr. | 76 Aug. | Brooklyn Union Gas............ 100 | +12148 |  | 85 Jan. | 137 | Sept. |
| Chieago Groat West. pret. A... 100 |  |  | 3148 Aug. | 43 sept. | Cate. Juno. Ry, \& Stook Yards. 100 |  |  | $102^{3} 2 \mathrm{May}$ | 105 | Apr. |
| Preterred B ................ 100 | $1231_{8}$ |  | 19 Auz. | 3318 Sept. | Colorado Fuel \& Iron........... 100 |  | $20^{88}$ | 154 Jume | $27^{7} 8$ | Sept. |
| Clieve sad to | 166 |  | 61 Apr. | 1684 Sept. | Preferred | 70 |  | 73 Sept. |  | May |
| Col. Hock | 18 | 33 | $1 L_{q} A p r .$ | 18 Jan. | Col, \& Hook, Cositr.rets.all pd. 100 Commeraial Cable............ 100 | $170^{142}$ |  | 34 June | 162 | Ang . |
| Des Motran \& Et. Dodge ........ 100 | 8 | 11 | 7 Apr. | 14 \% July | Consol. Coal of Maryland....... 100 | 38 |  | 35 Feb . | 162 | Jan. |
| Preferred .................. . 10 | 70 |  | 60 Juy | 65 June | Detroit Gas. ..................... 50 | 46 | 51 | 20 Jan. |  | Oot. |
| Duluth 59.5 | 3 |  | 3 Apr. | $4{ }^{58}$ dig. | Edison Elec. III. of N, Y ....... 100 | 123 | 125 | $101 \%$ Jan. | 132 | sept |
| Prefarred |  |  | 64 May | 104 Aug. | Edison Eleo. Ill, of Brookivi. 100 | $10{ }^{\circ}$ | 110 | 97 Feb | 1151 | Aug. |
| Evansville |  |  | 20 June | 348 Sept. | Erie Telecraph de Telephone .. 100 |  |  | 681 gm Apr . | 76 | Sept. |
| Preierred M ................... 100 |  |  | 30 June |  | Ilinois Steel. ........ ............ 100 |  |  | 2982 Apr . |  | Aug. |
| Fint \& Pere Marquette... .... 100 |  |  | 7 Jane | 144 Amg . | Lualede Gas | $+384$ | $41^{1}$ | 22 May | 498 | Aug |
| Prelerre |  |  | 30 Mar. | 49 Oet | Preferred......... ... .... ... 100 | 85 |  | 701 Mar. | 96 | Aug. |
| Fort Wor.h \& Rlo Grande....... 100 |  |  |  | 2048 Sept. | daryland Coal, pret.. ..... ... 100 | 40 | 50 | 40 July | 50 | May |
| Green Bay \& Weatern.......... 100 | 0 |  | 2718 A pr. | 40 Aug. | Miohigan-Peninaular Oar vo... 100 |  |  | 10 July | 14 | Sept, |
| Deb. certto, A................... 1000 |  |  |  |  | Preferred.......... .............. 10 - |  |  | 42 May | 61 | Sopt. |
| Deb. gertfs B....... ....1000 |  |  | 4 Apr. | gu7 dept | Minnesota Iron ................... 100 | \$5642 |  | 38 Apr. |  | Aug. |
| Kansas City Pitta, de Guit .... 100 |  |  | 23 Sopt | 2978 sept | Vatlonal Linseed Oll Co........ 100 | 116 | 17 | 10 May | 231 | Aug |
| Keokuk \& Des Moinps. ....... 100 | 258 |  | 2 Feb. | 4\% Ang. | Vatlonal 8tarch Mfg. Oo........ 100 | 7 | 10 | 3 May |  | Aug. |
| Prefarrea. | 12 |  | 12 Mar. | $28 L_{2}$ Jan. | Yew fentralCoal..... | 6 | 8 | $43.10{ }^{\text {4 }}$ |  | Aug. |
| Mexlaan Central......... |  |  | 6 Aug. | 938 July | N. Y \& Ebat River Gas 介I....... 100 |  |  | 6 )2, Jrue |  | Septi |
| Mexloan Sationsl tr. otfs ...... 100 |  |  | 14 Mar. | 23 Aug. | Pieferred f1 ....................... 100 |  |  | 98 May | 1201 | Sept. |
| Morris 合 statax ...... ......... 50 | 1684 |  | 1624 S June | 170 Aug. | North Amerloan Co............. 100 |  | 4 | 358 Apr . |  | Aug. |
| Ni gh. Chatt, \& St. Loale. ....... 100 |  |  | 70 Jas. | R5 Sept. | Ontario silver Mining ......... 100 | 341 | 170 | $3^{2 / 8}$ Ang. | $10^{\text {m }}$ | Jan. |
| Y. Y. \& Harlem. ................. 50 |  |  |  | 324 May | Pennsylvania Coal............... so | 340 | 370 | 340 Mar. | 340 | Ma |
| N.Y. Lsos, \% Weatern ........ 100 |  |  | 119 Jan . | 122 Mar . |  | \$165 | 166 | 152 Jao. | 185 | Sept. |
| Pennaylvanla ................... 50 | 11 07 | 111 | 1034 Jan . | 119 Sept. | Quioksilver Mining. .............. 10 | , | 3 | $1^{12}$ e, June | 41 | 8 Aug. |
| Peurla Peoarur d Evansville.. 100 |  | $1^{128}$ | 4 June | 878 Aug | Preferred. ............. ....... 100 | 8 | 11 | 8 Apr. | 13 | Aug. |
| Peorla d Raatern ...... ... .-. 100 |  | 7 | 34 Feb . | $8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$ Aug. | Standard Gas, pref ¢f .... 100 |  |  | 102 Jan | 151 | Sept. |
| Plits. Ft. W. \& Clic. Ruar.. . 100 | 166 |  | $1 \mathrm{l}^{3} 0$ May | 17248 Ang. | Tennessee Coal \& Iruh, rref... 100 |  |  | 65 Apr. | 80 | July |
| Rensaelaer \& Baratoka. ... .- 100 | 182 | 186 | 175 Oct | 185 Jaw | Feaniao Peolfle Land Trust....... 100 |  |  | 6 Apr. | 9 | Aug. |
| Bome Watertown \& Oxdens. 100 | 1183 |  | 116 Mar. | 121 lo sept. | U.8, Express................... 100 | $40$ | 15 | 37 Feb. | 48 | Juy |
| Wisconaia Cent. rot. Er, ctfs... 10 | 2 |  | Jane | 438 Amg . | Walls Fargn Exdresa ... 10 ¢ | 110 |  | $97 \mathrm{Jan}$. | $112$ | Aug . |

* Ko price Priday lateat price this week.


## Actual sales.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.-STATE BONDS NOVEMBER 5.

| SECurities. | Bid. | Ask. | 8ECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. | SEOURITIES. | Bid. | Ask, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama-Class A, 4 to 5.... 1906 | 108 |  | Missourt-Fund......... 1894-1895 |  |  | ennessee-6s, old......1892-1898 |  |  |
| Clase B, 54, ................ 1906 | 108 100 |  | North Carollna-6s, old. .......JdeJ Funding aet |  |  | 68, wo bonds.....is92-8-1900 |  |  |
| Ourreney fiuding 49....... 1920 | 98 | 101 | New bonde, J\&j.......1892-1898 |  |  | Compromise, $3-4-5-68 . \ldots \ldots 1912$ |  |  |
| Arkans3s-68, fund, Hol. 1890-1900 | ....... |  | Chatham RR. |  |  | New settlement 38.......... 1913 | 847 |  |
| Non Holford. .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loutslans-78, ecrs .......... 1914 |  |  | 69......................... 1919 | 122 |  | Peutrentiary 420.12 ............. 1913 |  |  |
|  |  |  | South Carolina-i29, 20-40..1933 | 103 |  | VIrginla fmoded debt, 2-38.... 1991 | ${ }^{67}$ | 671 |
| New consols. 4s.... ........ 1914 | 99 | 101 | 6a, mon-find .............. 1888 |  |  | 6 s , deferred t'st rec'ts, stamped. |  |  |

New York City Bank Statement tor the week ending Oct. 30, 1897. We omit two ciphers ( 00 ) in all cases.


Reports of Non-Member Banks. - Returns are now also published for the nou-member banks. The statement for October 30, 1897 (the firet issned), is as follows.


BUETON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.


## NEW YORK STUOK EXGHANGE PBICES (Continued)-ACTIVE BONDS NOV. इ AND FOR YEAR 1897


 NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES-(Continwed),-INAOTIVE BONDS NOV

| BEUURETIES. | B1a | Ask, | SEOURITIES. | BJd. | Ask. | SECURITLES. | Bid. | Ablk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Balt. \& Ohio-18t, 68, Park B. 1919 58, gold........................... 1925 | ${ }^{107}$ | 30 | Brunswick \& W'n-1st, ,, 48.1938 Buff.R.\& Pitts,-R.\& P. 1st, 68, 1921 |  |  |
| (Slook Bxchange Prices.) |  |  | Cons, mort., golal, 5 B............. 1925 |  | 30 | Buff.R.\& Pitts,-R.\& P.18t,68. 1921 Rooh. \& Pitts.-Cons.1st,G8, 1922 | 123 | 12618 |
| Alabsmis Mid.-1st, \%., guaz. 1928 |  |  | B. \& O. B. W,, 1st, g., $4 \mathrm{I}_{28}^{58 . . .1990}$ | .. |  | Ouf. \& Susqueh.-18t, $58, \mathrm{~g}$ g. 1918 |  | 1002 |
| Atoh. Topeka \& San Fran,- 1909 |  |  | Monon. R1ver, 18t, g, g. 58.. 1919 |  |  | Burl. Oed. Rap. \& No, -18t, 58. 1906 | 0818 |  |
|  |  |  | Centiohio Reo -18t, 41.188 .193 | *97 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Conool. \& collat, trast, 58. 1934 |  | 105 |
| Atlan. \& Dariv-1at. E, 59...1950 |  |  | Brooklyn Elevated-2d, 55...1915 | 80 |  | Ced. Rap. I. F. \& No, 1et, 68. 1920 |  | 107 |
| Atlan.Aver, Bklyn-Tmp. 5 . 58.1934 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | 18t, 58.................. | 105 |  |

NMW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.-INACTIVE BONDS-Continued)-NOV. 5.


## Suvestment触ailroad intelligente.

## RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every aTEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two oolumns the earnings for the period from January 1 to and Including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street railways are brought together sep arately on a subsequent page.

| Roads. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. |
|  | August 4thwk Oct. August. | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 19,887 \\ 41,899 \\ 45,363 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 20,865 \\ & 46,458 \\ & 44,99, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{8} \\ 1,285,240 \\ 489,451 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 128,745 \\ 1,220,987 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pac. Jung | 21,000 | 28,000 | - 939,742 | 953,079403,210 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1st wk Oet. |  |  |  |  |
| Allegheny Val.. | Septembr. | 238,947 | 191,155 | 1,826,437 | 1,759,8-8 |
| Ark. Mudand... | 4thwkO | 38,050 | 31,411 | 1,003, 62 | 965,775 |
|  | Aukust |  |  |  |  |
|  | Septemb | 423,2138 | 2,911, 130 | 931.475 | 1,5 54,676 |
| Atlanta \& Char | July | 127,936 | 130,711 | 931,875 |  |
| AtLI. Kno | septe | 27,504 | 21.445 | 2018 | 211.620 |
| Atlanta d |  | 44,096 |  | 348,854 | 320,429 |
| Atlan. domanv | Athwk | 10,8 | 11,476 |  |  |
|  | Aum | 13.506 |  |  |  |
| Balt |  | 319 | . 93 |  |  |
| Bal. 4 | 4thwk 0 | 195,001 | 1-9,623 | 5,315,611 | 5,111,463 |
| Bath \& Ham' | August | 3,337 | 2,356 |  | 14,704 |
| Bir. \& At | Septem | ,509 | 2,8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buft. Roch. | 4thwic | 112,8 | 110,7 |  | 2,780,502 |
| Butrato |  | 67 | 61 | 44 |  |
| Bur.0. Ra | 3 d wk Oek | 108,566 | 123,51 | 3,347 | 3,5 |
| Oanadian | thwn Oet | 653,00 | 790,00 | 19,180 | 16,791 |
| Oar. Midia | Septemb' | , | 7,9 |  |  |
| Oent of | tuwk | 197,50 | 199,1 |  | 4,24 |
| Dentral of | Septem | 209,04 | 116 | 9,249,781 |  |
| Central Pa | August | 1,4 49,2 | 169, | 8,65 | 7,8 19,523 |
| Oharleat'ns | Augus | 35.50 | 30,30 | 124 |  |
| Char. \& W |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oher. | thwk Oct |  | 276,235 |  |  |
| Ohlo. Bur, d |  | 414, | 3,164,5 | 8,253 |  |
| Ohie. \& Eas | 4thwk | 109,311 | 90,2 | 3,270 | 3,1 |
| Ohte Gt $\mathbf{W}$ | 4thwk0 | 103,997 | 157.313 | 4,203,965 | 3,0 1,221 |
| Cufer min. | 3d wk 0 | 70,975 |  |  |  |
| Chlo. Peo.d | Reptemi | 65,8 | 68, |  |  |
| Ohle.EKEI. | October | ,793,612 | 1 |  | 12,082,927 |
| Ohlo.8L.P.M | Septeab | 091,9 | 882,5 | 5,343,51 | 5,627, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onlo. atw, | 3 dkkoc | 35,110 | 34,13 | 1,328,0เ9 | 1,820,552 |
| Choe Ok, | mb | 118,8 | 103 | 11 |  |
| Oin.N.O. \&T. |  | 318,900 | 308,142 | 2,982,674 | 2,787,320 |
| C | * | 12,814 | 9.809 | 48 | 54,071 |
| OLCin.Ohid8t | 34 wk Oct. | 303,1 19 | 206,0 | 10,910 | 10,432,475 |
| Peo, \& Ea | 2dwkBe | 40,08 | 34,861 | 1,79,634 | , 1 |
| OLLor. \& W | (thwk | 53,3 | 39,654 | 1,088,740 | 1,111 |
| Ool. Mid | Septem | 162,114 | 154,304 | 1,274,172 | 1,378,407 |
| OoL. H, V, \& | October |  | 168,390 |  | 2,021,042 |
| Cotatred |  | 8,841 |  | 1, |  |
| OoL Band | 3 wks |  | 49,826 |  | 342,909 |
| Oolusa A | Septemb ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 3,100 | 2,500 |  |  |
|  | Angrust | 84,374 | 80,604 | 8,421 506.584 | 8,235 543,720 |
| Deny, \& R10 6 | 4thwkOct | 294,600 | 22 1,800 | 6,053,980 | 6,048,035 |
| Dea M. $\ddagger$ Kan. ${ }^{\text {C }}$ | 3d wk Oct. | 3,206 | 2,417 |  | 93,016 |
|  | septemb | 42,007 | 44,181 | 310,681 | 26,693 |
| Dot. G. Rap. A W. Det. \& Lima No. | 3d wk | 28,121 | 24, | 1,028,245 | 80 |
| Det.\& Maokinac | Auguat | 12, 318 | 25,080 | 336,733 | 18,048 |
| Duluth ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | keptemb | 357,250 | 170.772 | 2,227,591 | 1,789,262 |
| Duluth8.8.dAt. | 3 d w Oc | 31,888 | 82,6 | 1,287,561 | 1,641,822 |
| EliginJol. \&Eaat. | October | 115,946 | 129,442 |  | 1,099,514 |
| Erie. | Septem | 3,189,67 | 69 | 24,114,46 | , |
|  | August | 7,78 | 5,06 |  |  |
| Evans. de kioh.. | 4thwk Clw ( | 8,7 | 8,2915 | 235,678 | 248 |
| Evansv. \& T. H. | 4thwk Oot. | 5,521 | 29,550 | 910,939 | 393,627 |
| Fitohburg. | August | 665,181 | 623,993 | 4,533,953 | 4,756,461 |
| Flint. \&P.Mar | 34 wk Oct. | 59,179 | 49,485 | 2,205 | 2,102,439 |
| Fas.Cent. 8 P | 3 W w Oc | 39,3 | 37,088 | 1,909,344 | 1,709,475 |
| F\% | 34 wk Oc | 37,037 | 34,000 | 940,661 | 743,254 |
| FhW, हRto | 4thwk Oc | 13,96 | 11,230 | 284,925 | 256,191 |
| Gws. ${ }^{\text {chth }}$ |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Georgia R. | ${ }^{3 d}$ \#k | 41,162 | 39,733 | 1,226,151 | 1,187,131 |
| Georgaa \& Al | (thwk Oot | 31,230 | 25,954 | 881,916 | 685,900 |
| Ga. Car'la \& | Septemb Septemb | 77,9 | $89.477$ | 640, | $\begin{aligned} & 591,974 \\ & 650,402 \end{aligned}$ |
| Rap, ¢ Ind | 3dwk Oct | 40,636 | 33,309 | 1,567,351 | 1,579,176 |
| Clin. R, \&Ft.W | 3 d w Oct | 8,510 | 7,520 | 322,678 | 325,355 |
| TraverseClty | 3d wk Oc |  |  |  |  |
| (as. G. R, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3 $\quad$ K Oct | 2,5 | 2,096 |  |  |
| Tot, all linee | 34 wk Oot | 52,565 | 43,72 | 2,015,02 | 2,044,134 |
| Or.Triksyatim | 3d wk Oct. | 538,674 | 523,68 | 1 $2,379,2$ | 18,049,776 |
| Onte.at | 4thwkOet | 83,074 | 89,264 | 2,541,108 | 2,609,310 |
| Det.Or.: | 4thwk | \% | 2v,650 | 823,919 | 794,398 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bt, P, M, \& M. |  | 45,080 | 1,782,313 | 11,071,723 | 10,780,659 |
| East of Minn. | Sep | 53.7 | 29,55 | 1,243,633 | 21,768 |
| MontanaCent, |  | 189,916 | 158,33 | 1,489,139 | 1,443,756 |
|  | septe | 2,468,75 | 2,170,200 | 13,804,495 | 13,556,183 |
| UfB'mits | Septe | 8,421 8,033 | 9,532 4.357 | 91,214 30,379 | 68,938 28.808 |
|  | Septer |  | 4,737 |  | 28,808 89,509 |
| ous.de Tex.Ce | septer | 423,8 |  |  |  |
| mols Centr | septembr | 2290400 | 91005 | 11 | 9 |
| Inc. Dee.d Wear | 3wkr Ang. | 33,286 | 26,62 | 284.808 | 40 |
|  | Angu |  |  | 498,3 | 511,708 |
| 2.det. North'D | ttimb Oet. | 131,750 | 122,770 | 2,8 13,14 | 2,718,274 |


| Roads, | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wee | 18 | 1896 | 189 | 189 |
|  |  |  | $\$ 2,900$ |  | $\stackrel{8}{1,807,364}$ |
| Iowa Centr | Stapt |  |  |  |  |
| Iron Rallway Jack. T \& K W | Septem1 Septeml | $\begin{aligned} & 4,131 \\ & 20,858 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & 78 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Kanawhas |  |  |  |  |  |
| K.O. | 3d wk 0 |  | 89,807 | 3,839,418 |  |
| K.0.men | 3d wk Oot. | 23,710 |  | 916,584 |  |
| Kan. City \& Oin | Septemb |  |  |  |  |
| K.U. Pittas d | $4{ }^{4} 1$ | 89 | 28,7 | 1,871,293 |  |
| Kan. $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{s}$ | 4 thwl | 13,791 |  | 422,565 |  |
| Keokuk \& West | 3d wk Oct. |  |  |  |  |
| L. Erie All ${ }_{\text {L }}$ | Septemb |  | 40 |  |  |
| Lehigh \& H |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Lehigh Val. |  |  | -817,569 |  |  |
| Leh. V. Coal Co |  | 咗 |  |  |  |
| Lex'gt | Angu |  | 14,3 | 138,709 |  |
| Long 1 | Septe | 437, | 390,8 | 3,132,655 |  |
| Los Ang |  |  | 6,1 |  |  |
| Louls.Ev.est. | 34 |  | 31, | 1,171,789 | 7 |
| Lon, H. | 3 dk \% |  |  |  |  |
| Maum | 4thwl | 612 | 645 | 17,119,677 | 84 |
| Macon | Septe |  | 6,00 | 43,248 |  |
| Manst |  |  | 11,3 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| M | 4thw | 169 | 142, | 4,934,486 |  |
| mox |  | 42.518 | 53,331 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {drexican } \mathrm{R}^{\prime} \text { way }}$ | Wk.Oct |  | 68,000 | 2,9 91,907 |  |
| mexica |  |  | 11,899 | 3 |  |
| St.P. 88.8 St | 4thw |  |  | 1,75 | 8 |
| Kan | 3d | 31 | 315, |  |  |
|  | 4thwk Oct |  | 802.0 | ,966 |  |
| Cer | Sthwk | \% |  |  |  |
|  | $4 t$ | 003,0 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 382, | 40 | 3,211 | 9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N | Augu | 14,041 |  | 101 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 199. | 214,1 | 1,602,431 |  |
| Norr | 3 d W |  | 216, |  |  |
| Nort | Augu | 4.723 | 4.7 | 36,913 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 544,5 | 14 |  |
|  | thww |  |  |  |  |
| 0 |  |  |  | 131,761 |  |
| 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oreg. sh. Lition | Augu | 501 | 47 | $3,766,761$ <br> $3,2 \sim 0774$ |  |
| Penneytrailia | Septemb'r. | 27 | ,176 | 46,788,570 |  |
| Peoria |  |  | 24,5 |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Augu |  | 426 | 2,70 |  |
|  | septem | ,024,275 | 1.841.758 |  |  |
| Coal |  |  | ,171, | ,69 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ph. Rean | Septe |  |  |  |  |
| Plits.0.C.d | Septem | 1,352,6 | 176 | 0,73 | 0,875,620 |
| Pttte.Lisb. | Septe | 3. | 4 | 10 |  |
| Pitte.Ben. $\& 1$ | 8eptem | 51. | 48,2 | 437,3 | 74 |
| Pittab. | 3 d wk | 35,5 |  | 1,333,8 | 1,390,403 |
| Cl.d | 3d wk | 21 | 14,9 | 694 |  |
| Pitts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | wk |  |  | 2,365, | 2343,480 |
|  | Septem | 158, | 111,8 | 1,065, | 1.099,642 |
| Rich | August |  | 46.0 | 480. |  |
| R1e | Sem |  | 24,6 | 256 | 4 |
|  | Athw |  | 11 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R10} \\ & \mathrm{Bt.J} \end{aligned}$ | $3 \mathrm{wk}$ |  | 51,7 | 2,279 | 5 |
| ${ }^{81}$ Bt. | Septem |  | 26.4 | 21 | 218,243 |
| 8 8t. | 8 8) |  |  | 0 |  |
|  | Athw | 217, | 186 | 5,3 |  |
| 8t. Paul \& Dul. | Sthwl |  | 169.6 | 3,83 1.09 | $3,876,907$ $1,066,787$ |
| San Ant. d | Septem | 232, | 247.9 | 1,479,216 | $1,411,276$ |
| San Fran. d | Se |  |  | $590,684$ | 561,803 |
| Sav. |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Seab'd 8 | July | 235,2 | 59,0 |  |  |
| rer.shre | 3d wk 0 | 12,5 |  |  |  |
| Si1. 8prs. 0 Silverton | August | 14,3 | 10,1 6.8 | 129 | 5 |
| 80.Havenderasi | Septemb'r. | 3,578 | 3,7 | 20, 5 | 0 |
| 80. Pacifle Co.- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gal.H | Augus | 42 | 431,6 | 2,919 | 3,169,175 |
| Louls'a. | Augus |  | 354,0 | 660.8 $3,354,0$ |  |
| N.Y.T. | Augus | 43.4 | 33,5 | 3,204,449 | 144,055 |
| Tex. | August | 132,714 | 117. | 1.012 | 9 |
| Paciflo gyt | Aukust | 1,165,000 | 2,888, | 84,990.9 | 7, 2107,153 |
| Total | Augus | 4,889,190 | 4,143,3 | 31,831,026 | 30,166,885 |
| So. Pac | Au | 1,006,399 | 858,2 | 6,499,560 | 6,499,604 |
| $80 . \mathrm{P}$ | Aug | 214,0 | 150,3 | 1,643,871 | 1,466,154 |
| P | August | 107,9 | 80, | 890.106 |  |
| North | August | 234,158 | 219,7 | 5 |  |
| Souther | 4thwe | 577,971 | 604,8 | ,035 | 283,002 |
| 8pok. | Augus | 50,918 | 4, 4,86 | 420 | 273.461 |
| onycl |  |  | 10,0 |  |  |
| Bummit | May | 66 | 79, | 333 | ${ }^{404,815}$ |
| Lyk. | May | 67 | 117 |  |  |
| axas Central | 3dwk | 15,214 | 11, |  |  |
| exa | 4 thwk | 352,865 | 310, | 5,639,56 | 5,243,389 |
| 8x.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tol. P. \& Went. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tol.st. L. \& K.C. | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{WWk} \text { Oet. } \\ & \mathbf{t h w} \text { Oct } \end{aligned}$ | 1,169 | 69,42 | 1,877,583 | 1,76 |
| U |  |  |  |  |  |
| Union P. RR.. |  | 1,625,877 | 1,316,698 | 9,746,397 | 8,726,042 |
| Ach.Col.dP. | Augu | 62,700 | 31,323 | 317,397 | 202,407 |
| t. Br | 4tiaw O | 36,000 | 29,000 | 929,000 | 621,580 |


| Roads. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Lalest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. |
| Un.Pao.- (Oon.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cen. Br.deLal Gr'd total * | ${ }_{\text {Au }}$ | 1,965,696 | 1,507,851 | 11,609,602 | $\begin{array}{r} 472,863 \\ 10,065,952 \end{array}$ |
| Un.P.Den. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ G.. | 3 d wk oct . | 104,059 | 1, 96,855 | 2,748,903 | 2,422,489 |
| Wabash. | 4thwk 0 et. | 417.712 | 349,709 | 10,089,061 | 0,092,092 |
| WacodNorthw. | August.; |  |  |  |  |
| W.Jerseydsea'e | Septemb'r. | 255,849 | 221,875 | 2,061,791 |  |
| W.V.Cen \&Pitts | May | 98,247 | 98,155 | $455,772$ | $\begin{aligned} & 472,875 \\ & 223,208 \end{aligned}$ |
| WeetVa.dePitts. | July | 33.502 | 31,371 | 218,855 | ${ }_{341}^{223,208}$ |
| Western of Ala. | August. | 44,640 | 43,766 | - $\mathbf{3 8} 28.417$ | 341,813 $\mathbf{2}, 454,036$ |
| West. N.Y. ${ }^{\text {Wheel. }}$ L L. Erie | 3twk ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (thw Oct. | 55.172 | 34,715 | 2,913,620 | 1,098,214 |
| Wil. Col. \& Aug. | June | 39,532 | 38,9 |  |  |
| Wisconsin Cent. | 3d wk Oct. | 108,284 | 93046 | 3,605,977 | 506,538 |
| Wrightsv. \&Ten | August. August. | 6,0 6,9 | 6,503 6,964 |  |  |

*FIgures given do notinclude Oregon Ry. \& Nav., Un. Pao. Denver \& Guir, Denver Leadvilee \& $a$ unnison, Monthwestern. $a$ These figures include results on leased lines. $\delta$ Includes earnings from ferries, etc., not given separately. $\ddagger$ Mexican currency, $c$ Includes only half of lines in which Union Pacific has ${ }^{6}$ half interest.
$d$ Includes operations of the Chic. Burlington \& Northern in both years.
Covers results of lines directly operated east ot Pittsburg.
Chesapeake Ohio \& 80 western included beginning with July, and Ohio Valley, beginning with August, but both roads for this year only. 8. Fe, S. Fe Pacific (old Atlantic \& Pacifie) and Bo. Cal. Ry. Resuite on Sonora Ry, and New Mexico \& Arizona Ry., formerly inciuded, are acluded after Julv 1.
$f$ Buainess entirely si
$f$ Business entirely suspended on account of Yellow Fever Quarantine
Latest Gross Barnings by Weeks - The latest weekly earn ings in the foregoing are separately summed up as folows:
For the fourth week of October our preliminary statement covers 44 ruads, and shows $7 \cdot 18$ per cent increase in the aggregyte over the same week last year. The week in 1897 contained two Sundays, and therefore, had one business day lees than the corresponding week $\ln 1896$

| 4 th week of October | 1897 | 1896 | Increase. | Decreas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| th | 41,899 |  | 8 |  |
| tlantio \& Danville | 10,807 | 11,476 |  | 669 |
| Ann Arbor. | 38,0 | 31,411 | 6,639 |  |
| Balt. \& Ohio Bouthweert.. | 193, 01 | 188,623 | 6,378 |  |
| Buttalo Roch. \& Flttsb'g. | 112,858 | 110,757 | 2,101 |  |
| Oanadian Paciflic. |  | 790,000 | 63,000 |  |
| entral of Georgla. | 319,366 | 276,235 | 43,131 |  |
| hlospo \& Esat. 111 | 109,311 | 90,213 | 19,098 |  |
| hio. Great Weste | 163,497 | 157.313 | 6,684 |  |
| hloago Milw. \& St. Paul | 1,149,252 | 1,227,625 | 13.699 | 8,37 |
| Denver \& R10 Grande. | 238.600 8.738 | 221,600 | 1344 |  |
| vansv. \& Terre Haute | 35,521 | 29,550 | 5.97 |  |
| t. Worth \& Rio Giande. | 13.968 | 11,230 | 2,738 |  |
| orgis \& Al | 31,230 | 25,954 | 5,276 |  |
| rand Trunk- <br> Cin. 8ag. \& Mac | ,2 | 3,542 |  |  |
| Tol. 8ag. © Musk | , | 3.029 |  |  |
| International \& Gt . | 131,75 | 122,77 | 8,9 |  |
| Iowa Uentral | 54,858 | 50,4 | +,432 |  |
| anawha \& M |  |  |  |  |
| an. City Sub, Belt | 13,791 | 7,5 | 6,235 |  |
| Lake Erie de Western | 89,762 | 97,056 |  |  |
| Louisville \& Nashville | 612,045 | 645;045 |  | 82,960 |
| Mexican Centra |  | 307 |  |  |
| Mexican National | 169,932 | 142,906 | 27. |  |
| inneapolis \& 8 St. | $\begin{array}{r}737,753 \\ \hline 9600\end{array}$ | 74,207 802,000 | 65,000 |  |
| Central Branol. | 36,000 | 29.000 | 7,000 |  |
| Y. Ontario \& W | 120,96 | 133,917 |  | 951 |
| hlo River | 24.228 | 22,979 | 1,2 29 |  |
| moria Dec. \& | 24.8 | 24,5 |  |  |
| Rio Grande southern | 11,416 | 11,575 |  | 159 |
| Bt. Josept \& Gd. Tblan | 26,000 | 25,000 | , |  |
| Lous \& 8 |  | 186 |  |  |
| Lovis southwe |  | 168.000 | 27, |  |
| 8outhern Railway | 577,97 | 604.802 |  | 26,831 |
| Toxas \& P | 352,86 | 310.450 | 42,415 |  |
|  | 56 |  |  |  |
| 1. 8t, L. \& Kan. | 71,1 |  |  |  |
| elling | 417,7 | 349,709 |  |  |
| eling | 55,172 | 31,7 |  |  |
| tal | 8,340,3 | 7,782,0 | 723,137 | 164,809 |
| et increase ( $7 \cdot 18$. . | ..... |  | 558.32 |  |
| For the third week of Octobor our final statement oovers 83 roads, and shows 11.09 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $3 d$ week of Octod | 1897. | 1896. | Increase. | Deerease. |
|  | $\stackrel{\$ 8}{8,718,285}$ | $\stackrel{\$}{8,157}$ | $51,552$ | $8,424$ |
| Des Moines \& Kan. Cit | 3,206 | 2,417 |  |  |
| a. Cent. \& Penin | 39,8 | 37,088 | 2,308 |  |
| eoknle \& We | 8,684 |  | 656 |  |
| Memphis \& Charlest | 0,025 | 31,7 |  |  |
| dile de Birminena |  |  |  |  |
| Sorfoll \& Weatern. | 217,752 | 216.659 | 1,093 |  |
| Omaha Kan. C. \& | 17 | 14,2 | 3,320 |  |
| Mexas Centrat | 15,214 | 11,2 | 3,922 |  |
| Toledo Peoria \& West'n |  |  |  |  |
| Un. Pac. Den, \& Gulf... | 104,059 | 96,855 | 7,204 |  |
| Total (83 roads) | 9,216,066 | 8,295,884 | 975,870 |  |
| $t$ increase ( 11.09 p .0.$)$ | ......... | ......... | 920,182 |  |
| - Busintss entirely suspended on account of Yellow Fever |  |  |  |  |
| tis |  |  |  |  |
| For the month of October 58 roads (all that have furnished |  |  |  |  |
|  | th | ) | aggregat | e results | as follows.


| Month of October. | 1897. | 1896. | Increase. | Per Cent. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross earnings (58 roads) | $\begin{array}{\|c} 8 \\ 30,460,748 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ \\ 27,383,855 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 3,076,893 \end{gathered}$ | 11.23 |

It will be seen that there is a gain on the roads reporting in the amount of $\$ 3,076,893$, or $11 \% 3$ per cent.

Net Earnings Monthiy to Latest Dates. - The table follow ing shows the gross and net earnings of Steam railroads reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from whioh monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the Chronicle of Ootober 23, 1897. The next will appear in the issue of November 20, 1897.

| Roadi. | $1897 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1896 . \\ \$ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $1897 .$ | $1896 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chic. Term. Transf. 8 ept. July 1 to Sept. 30. | $\begin{array}{r} 91,485 \\ 266,2 \circ 7 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 58,530 \\ 185,115 \end{array}$ |  |
| Onootsw Okla, \& G. Sep | 118,855 | 103,891 | 47,228 | 31,569 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept 30. | 811,093 | 730,921 | 232,478 | 143,297 |
| Nov. 1 to Sept. 30 | 1,069,702 | 943,863 | 320,660 | 186,611 |
| Den, de R, Grance.b. Sept. | 731,313 | 623,025 | 292,369 | 243,180 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.... | 5,290,080 | 5,338,835 | 2,217,098 | 2,119,504 |
| Juiy 1 to sept. 0 | 2,114,426 | 1,869,919 | 883,790 | 754,023 |
| Erio ..... ........... Sep | 3,189,670 | 2,769,491 | 888,726 | 832,559 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 | 4,118,464 | 22,823,693 | 6,021,202 | 5,875,597 |
| July 1 to Sept. 30. | 9,222,3ј5 | 8,092,690 | 2,650,075 | 2,477,201 |
| Fall Brook- |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to Sept. 30 | 194,247 | 171,747 | 127,407 | 91,925 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 3 | 466,668 | 482,9y4 | 239,881 | 174,805 |
| Grand Rap.Gasc.Co.Sept. |  |  | 10,852 | 5 |
| Jan. 1 to dept. 30 |  |  | 901 |  |
| Houston \&Tex, Cent.8ept. | 423,881 | 421,808 | 221,104 | 207,804 |
| Jan, 1 to Sept. 30 | 2,489,526 | 2,466,422 | 601,768 | 610,337 |
| July 1 to sept. 30 | 982,296 | 958,814 | 372,431 | 343,083 |
| Jack. Tam. \& K, W..Sept. | 20,858 | 22,314 | def. 616 | e1.2,237 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30. | 2<5,950 | 235,272 | 22,106 | 9,527 |
| Apr. 1 to Sept. | 138,418 | 145,342 | 8,316 | 8,522 |
| Kan. U. Ft. B. \& M.a.3ept. | 467,004 | 384,365 | 166,152 | 134,499 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30. | 3,543,646 | 3,266,347 | 1,103,888 | 1,026,386 |
| July 1 to Sept 30.... | 1,275,347 | 1,129,761 | 418,578 | 371,591 |
| Kan. O. Mem. \& B.a.Sept. | 96,999 | 109,841 | 17,932 | 34,729 |
| Jan. 1 to Bept. 30 | 847,078 | 820,346 | 155,292 | 159,928 |
| July 1 to sept. 30. | 262,739 | 2ธ2,050 | 43,784 | 75, 497 |



## Southern Pacific

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Pacific System.b. Sept. } 3,446,030 & 2,888,437 & 1,680,000 & 1,181,019\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Jan. } 1 \text { to Sept. } 30 \ldots .24,990,950 & 23,207,153 & 9,839,718 & 7,938,357 \\ \text { July } 1 \text { to Sept. } 30 \ldots . .10,150,141 & 8,421,087 & 4,801,999 & 3,442,325\end{array}$
syracuse Gen. \& Corn.-

a Not earnings here given are after doduobing taxes.
a Net earnings here given are after doduoting taxes.
b Net earnings here given are before deducting taxes.

Iaterest Charges and Surplas. - The following roads, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report oharges for interest, \&o., with the surplus or defliait above or below those oharges.

| Erads. | $1897 .$ | $1896$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { al, of } \\ & 1897 . \end{aligned}$ | $1896$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ohoe. Okla. d Gait. Sept. | 19,000 |  | 23,223 |  |
| Nov. 1 to 8ept. 30 ... | 20:4,000 |  | 111,660 |  |
| Denver \& Rio Gr'de. Sept. July 1 to Sept. 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 204,562 \\ & 589,811 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200,520 \\ 581,949 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87,807 \\ 293,979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,660 \\ 72,074 \end{array}$ |
| Kan. O. Ft. S. \& M... Sept. | 118.786 | 121,155 | 47,366 | 13,344 |
| July 1 to Sept. 30 ... | 345.984 | 349,361 | 72,594 | 22,230 |
| Kan. O. Mem \& Bir.Sept. | 15.973 | 16,041 | 1,959 | 18,688 |
| July 1 to Sept. 30.... | 48,947 | 49,04 ${ }^{4}$ | del. 5,163 | 26,953 |
| Rio Grande South.... Sept. | 14,140 | 13,989 | det. 4,330 | 2,614 |
| July 1 to Sept. 30... | 42,470 | 41,427 | def. 12,100 | 9,253 |
| Toleio \& O. Cent. . . 8eptr | 37,212 | 38,189 | 3,171 | 4,089 |
| Jaly 1 to Eept. 30.... | 115,571 | 108,222 | df.21,315 | 1,300 |

STREET RALLTIYS AND TRACTION COYPANLES.
The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all STREET railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the tab e is the same as that for the steam roads-that is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the calendar year from January 1 to and inoluding such latest week or month.

STREET RATLWAYS AND TRAGTION COMPANLES.

| Gross Earmisges. | Latest Gross Earnings. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekor Mo | 1897. | 1896. | 1897. | 1896. |
| Arda Clor |  |  | $8,670$ |  |  |
| Amaterdam 8t Ry, Atlanta Ratiway Baltimore Con. Ry. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ptamb |  |  |  |  |
|  | Septemt | 219.4 | 197. | $1,761,381$ 15,599 | $1,728.229$ 16,107 |
| Bath 8t Ry. (Mann)-Ray Guleg Consol... |  |  |  |  | 16,107 |
|  |  | 6,83 | -7,315 |  |  |
| Binchamron 8z Ry... | Septem | 13,7 | $\begin{aligned} & 13,40 \\ & 28,418 \end{aligned}$ | 240.822 |  |
| Brockton Con. St. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Br'lign Rap Tr.Co.- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Br'kiym 9u'ns \& 8ub. Total for syntem |  |  | ${ }^{62}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total for system <br> Butalo Rallway. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Con. Ry, EL. (Sew B.) Cin. \& MiamiVal. Frac |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cin. de MiamiVal. Friac City Eleo. (Rome, Ga) | Sep | 2.147 | 13,903 | 17,468 |  |
|  |  | 40,5 | 134.9 | 1,204 | 6 |
| Clove. Palasy \& E.Columbus 86 Ry. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( |  | 9,7 | 7,2 | 34,7 |  |
|  |  | 66,3 | 66.8 | ${ }_{3}^{454,}$ | $491,565$ |
| Coney faland \& Blyn Consolitd Tric. (N. J.) | Aup |  |  | 237,8 |  |
| Dan7.Gas El. Light \& street $\mathrm{By}_{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 7,2 |  |
| Dayton Traction. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Denver Con. Tramw. <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| Detroit Eleo. Ry.... |  |  | 18 |  |  |
| Dutrin 8t. Ry....... |  | 12,4 | 11,5 | 106.844 | 118,094 |
|  |  |  |  | 163,39 | 161,692 |
| Harrisburg Tration |  | 21 |  |  |  |
| Herlitmer Mohaw ic II fon e E" F fort El. By. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hoosiok Ey .........\%) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 17,347 | 17,838 | 92,595 |  |
| Interstate Consol of North Astleboro... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kingaron City Ry..... |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 11,145 |  |  |  |
| Lonton 8t. Ry. (Can). |  | 14,041 | 13,56 | 8,1 |  |
|  |  |  | 48,6 |  |  |
| Metrop. (Kanasa City) | 2 d | 46,0 | 41,211 | 1,464,7 | 1,415,326 |
| Metro, W. side (Chte.) <br> Montgomery 8 BE . 8 g . Montreal 8 creet Ry. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Soptemb | 120,835 | 121,0 | 1,020 | 1,093 |
|  | Septemb | 186,034 | 147,4 | 1,474, | 1,093,355 |
|  |  | 8,637 | 9,6 | 65 |  |
| New London St. Ry... |  | 6,31 | 5,2 | 43. | 44.049 |
|  |  |  |  | 56, | 1,004,479 |
| Nowth Shore Traction |  | 30,7 | 24,0 | 1,138,121 | 8 |
| Ogdens burg 8 tt . ky . Paterson $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{y}}$ |  | 2,3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 32,133 | 26,6 | 257 | 9 |
| Pltab, FL, Sab. EL. R,Potreepsle o Wapp.F, |  | 3,2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 66,616 | - |
| Richmond Traction.. Rochester Ry. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roxy'h Oh E \& Nor'n Sohuglikil Tration.. |  |  | , |  | 2,816 |
|  |  |  |  | 888 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goranton \& Plitaton. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Geranton Rallway. <br>  |  | 32,5 | 31,5 | 263,7 | 39 |
|  |  | 2,7 | 3,3 | 24. | 28,980 |
| Byraouse Rap. Tr Ry.Terre Hante ElVo. Ry. | Septer | 37. | 35, | 317 | 321,719 |
|  |  | 14,259 | 13,705 | 111 | 1,292,341 |
| Third Avenue ( $\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{Y}_{\text {. }}$ ). Toronto Ey |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trin city Rap. |  |  | 177 | 1,103,21 | 1,138,003 |
| Unlon ( N, Bedford).. <br> United Eract. (Pitts.) | Bopt | 20 | 19,98 | , | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unitod Tract ( Prov.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit. Prac. (Reading) Waasfleld de Btano... | 8 | 17.8 |  |  |  |
| Whaterbury Traction. |  | 23,9 | 20,1 | 189 | 178,343 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 43. | 44.97 | 358,92 | 4 |

Indudes Baltimore Traotion and City \& suburban for both years.

Street Railway Net Earaings.-The following table give the returas of STREET rallway gross and netearnings received this week. In reporting these net earnings for the street rail ways, we adopt the sume plan as that for the steam ro adsthat is, we print each week all the returns received thit week, but once a month (on the third or the fourth Saturd ty) we bring together all the roals fur aishing returns, and the latest statement of this kind will be fund in the Chroniole of October 23, 1897. The next will appear in the issue of November 20, 1897.

| Albany (N. Y.) - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross Earnings.- } \\ & 1897 . \quad 1896 . \\ & \$ \end{aligned}$ |  | Net Ea 1897. $\$ 8$ | ings.- 1898. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Juyy 1 to sept | 166,264 | 149,650 | 69,393 | 56,927 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. $30 . .$. | 436,223 | 413,981 | 68,092 | 41,534 |
| eveland Electrio.. Sept, Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 | 1,204,218 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}134,921 \\ \hline 2866\end{array}$ | 59,410 | , |
| Denver Con. Tramw. Sept. | 58,036 | 64,271 | 21,292 | 23,729 |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 | 527,462 | 542,243 | 210,134 | 203,569 |
| atrolt Eleotric Ry. Sept, Jan. 1 to Sept. 30. | $\begin{array}{r} 29,854 \\ 294,861 \end{array}$ | 34,707 321,769 | 99,845 | 12,029 |
| Duluth Street Ry .. Sept. | 16,851 | 18,97 | 8,0 |  |
| July 1 to Sept. 30.... | 53,538 | 59,8 | 28,083 |  |
| orty-See.St.Manh. \&St. N . |  |  |  |  |
| Joly 1 to 8ept. 30 | 183,320 | 183,300 | 19.332 | 34. |
| Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 .. | 544 | 535,255 | 87,443 | 12,3 |
| rkimer Moh |  |  |  |  |
| Frank, Elec.Ry . Sept. | 3,203 | 3,509 | 1,395 | 1,26 |
| Jan. 1 to sept. 30. | 29,70 | 32,2 | 13,618 |  |
| Rochester Railway- |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to Sept. 30 | 203,639 | 224.7 |  | 85 |
| Jan. 1 to dept. 30.... | 589,898 | 652,37 | 214,451 | 01,3 |
| Unton 8treet Ry. (N.Y.)- |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to Sept 30 Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 | 163,017 | 155 | 81,322 | 80.012 |
| United Traet.(Pitts.) Sept. ........ ........ 66,561 55,538 |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 to 8ept. 30 |  |  | 205,496 | 174,944 |

Iaterest Charges and Sarplus. - The following Staent railways, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report oharges for interest, \&c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those oharges.


## ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports.-The following is an index to all annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published since the last editions of the Investors' and Street Rallway Supplements.
This index does not inclade reports in to-day's Chronicle.

| Raflroads and Misqel. Co.'s. Volumie 65- | Street Railways. |
| :---: | :---: |
| merican Type Frunders.......... 822 | Brookiyn Rapld Transit System |
| Huviton Prat \& West Texas..... 822 | Dry Dock E. B. \& Batters (N, Y., 668 |
| Kansas City Ft, 8cott 4 M Memphis. 881 | Kings County Elevated, |
| Kansas City Mempliis \& Bir....... 890 | Metropolitan St. Ry. (N.Y.)........ 61 |
| aine Central. |  |
| lissouri Kansas \& Texas.......... 880 | Union Traction, Philadelphia...... 515 |
| New Jersey $\&$ New York. .......... 822 | Utica Belt |
| Penn, Hest, Light and Power. ..... | Youkers RR |
|  |  | Pemn, Hest, Light and Po

Seaboard \& Foanoke.
Weat Firginla

## Southern Paciflc Company

(Report for the year ending June SO, 1897.)
On pages 871 to 877 of to-day's Chroniole will be found extracts from President Hantington's report to the stockholders, together with balance sheet and extended tables of earnings, etc. $-\mathrm{V} .65, \mathrm{p} .778$.

## Central Paciflc Rallroad.

## (Report for the year ending June 30, 1897.)

Extracts from the President's remarks and the balance sheet will be found on subsequent pages.
The results from operation have been compiled for the Chronicle as below :



| Tot | 7,648,898 | 8,015,962 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net | 4,990,813 | 4,682,152 |

The report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1896, was published in the Chronicle of May 8. To comply with the requirements of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the various State Railroad Commissions the fiscal jear of the company has been changed to end June 3U. The following statement shows the results from transportation operations for the six months ending June 80, 1897, and embraces receipts and disbursements reported by tae lessee and disbursements made directly by the company ; also proportion of
charges for taxes and other lisbilities chargeable to the operations of the six months eading June 30 .
Recripts-
Gross traneportation earnings.
Operating expeuses
Earnings over operating expenses


## Total recelpts.

.\$2,180,450
Expendiure-
Trackage and other rentals
Beteriuents and additions
$\$ 74,139$
24,804
Betteruents and additions.
Taxes pald on company's $p$.
Taxer assessed but not due
Tnterest accerned on bonded dobt
Prop.rtaon of annual contribution to company's sink. fundis
1,616,983
U. S. Thurman Aet requirement.

117,500
Total expenditures.
\$2,249,433

## Deffelt from operations

\$68,983

## Houston \& Texas Central Railroad.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1897.)
[ President Thomas H. Hubbard says in substance:
General Results.-Daring the first half of the fiscal year the business of the country was exceptionally depressed and it improved only slightly during the last half of the year. As a cons quence the number of passengers carried decreaced $4 \cdot 59$ per cent, and passengers carried one mile 8.24 per cent. The average receipts per passenger per mile were $2 \cdot 391$ cents. The increase in freight earnings resulted from an increase in tonnage, in the average lengtn of hanl, and in the higher class of commodities moved during the year, and a decrease in the lower grade commodities moved. The number of tons carried increased 30,867 tons, or $2 \cdot 91$ per cent, and tons carried one mile $9,673,231$ tons, or $5 \cdot 80$ per cent. The average receipt , per ton per mile were 1.316 cents.

The tons of freight curried are classifie? in part as follows:

## 

The number of tons per train averaged 158.34 tons, an increase of 5.81 tons over the p evious year. The average cost of maintenance per mile of main track op rated has been $\$ 1,076$ per mile. The expenditares for additions from January 1, 1896, to Jone 30, 1897, have amounted to $\$ 171,829$, and were, in accordance with the company's practice in respect thereto, charged against net revenue.
Bonds Paid from Land Sales, Etc.- [The facts regarding the total bonds paid from land sales and the amout of lands etill unsold are given in an item on a subsequent page of the Chronicle under the heading "General Investment News."]
There were purchased and canceled since December 31, 1.95 , from proceeds from the sale of lands $\$ 45,000$ first mortgage 5 per cent bonds. The Houston Union Depot 7 per cent bonds have all been paid off and canceled.
Phys cal Condition.-The property is in excellent physical condition and is well equipped. In addition to current repairs and renewals there has been expended for betterments and additions since April 11, 1893, when the property was turned over to the company, the sum of $\$ 735,969$.

As to maintenance the report in brief says:
Maintenance of Way and Structures.-The increase in these expenses resulted entirely from the new rails put in traek. There were reductions in ballasting, cross-ties, etc. There were used in making repairs and renewals during the year the following material: Milles of new steel rails (75 los. per yard) 17 ; oross-ties (burnettized), 245,661 ;
cioss ties (untreated), 4,$435 ;$ equal to milles of track, 88 ; percentage of crose ties (untreated), 4,435 ; equal to miles of track, 88 ; percentage of
renewal of ह丁II number in track, 14.71 ; creosoted piling in repairs of renewal of
timber trestling, lineal feet, 28.393 ; creosoted lumber, B. M. feet, 635,489: untreated lumber, B. M. feet, 266,748 . Heparrs were made on 134 timber trestles, aggregating 22,445 lineal feet.
Maintenance of Equipment.- A greater amount of expensive repairs was made on locomotives this year than was made in the previous year. Included in the repatrs of freight cars is $\$ 6,093$ for replacing 21
freight cars condemned and destroyed. As locomot ves and cars are condemned or sold the operating expenses are charged with the are of replacing them with equipment of the company's present standard. The company owns 98 locomotives, 80 passenger cars of all kinds, 2,350 freight cars of all kinds. Of the treight cars 1,134 are equipped with automatic air-brakes and 492 with automatic couplers.
Earnings.-The earnings and halance sheets were:
earnings and mxpenses.

| Miles operated | $\begin{aligned} & 1897 . \\ & 453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1896 . \\ 453 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passengers carried | 654,659 |  |
| Passengers carrled one mil | 26,492,635 | 28,870,821 |
| Tons carri, d. ...... | 1,091,368 | 1,060,501 |
| Tons carried o | 176,390,019 | 166,716,788 |
| Earnings- |  |  |
| Passenger | 633,556. | 680,800 |
| Freight. | 2,320,949 | 2,198,032 |
| Miscella | 252,067 | 264,413 |
| Total. | 3,206,572 | 3,143,305 |
| Malitenance of way, de | 486,781 |  |
| Maintenance of equipment | 324,145 | +76,675 |
| Cond'n transportation. | 1,124.482 | 1,122,384 |
| General. | 288,732 | 220,019 |
| Total | 2,174,140 | 2,107,540 |
| Net earnlugs | 1,032,432 | 1,035,765 |
| income accoun | T FOR 1896-97. |  |
| Net earnings.............81,032,433 | Taxes |  |
| Other recelpts .......... 24,114 | Interest on | $805,845$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total.................\$1,056,547 | Total | .\$923,662 |
| urplus for year |  | \$132,885 |

Condensed balanoe sheet june $30,1897$.


## Norfolk \& Southern Railroad.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1897.)
The earnings, expenses, charges, eto., have been as follows : earnings, expenses, etc.

| Earnings- | 1896-7. | 1895-6. | 1894-5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freight. | 291,131 | 289,068 | 28,648 |
| Passenger | 70,714 | 6,886 | 69,642 |
| Mail | 8,937 | 8,848 | 8,955 |
| Express, \&c | 4,889 | 3,978 | 3,887 |
| T rminal | 21,925 | 18,437 | 21,735 |
| Lighterage | 19,066 | 14,167 | 10,016 |
| Other sources | 9,965 | 11,1:23 | 10,322 |
| Steamboat routes | 31,290 | 30,933 | 29,389 |
| Total | 457,917 | 453,442 | 436,595 |
| Expenses- | 6651 |  |  |
| Maintenance o | 60, |  |  |
| Maintenance of equipment | .141,767 | 133,456 | 132,738 |
| General. | 28,139 | 28,877 | 29,877 |
| Steamboat routes | 34,500 | 28,809 | 28,358 |
| Taxes. | 12,515 | 11,556 | 8,963 |
| Total | .331,374 | 322,235 | 281,966 |
| Net earnings | 126,543 | 131,208 | 154,629 |
| Per cent of ex | (72-36) | (71.06) |  |
| Other receipts | 2,694 | 5,181 | 2,042 |
| Total net in | 129,237 | 136,389 | 156,671 |
| Deare |  |  |  |
| Interest on bo | 37,500 | 37,500 | ,250 |
| Other interest. | 80,000 | 80,000 | 80,000 |
| Diviscendas.... | 10,000 | 80,000 2,003 | 19,971 |
| Total. | 128,732 | 120,985 | 137,078 |
| Balance, surplus | 505 | 15,404 | 19,593 |

condensed balange sheet june $30,1897$.
Debit-
Ro d and equipment... $\$ 2,770,000$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Cash for int. and divs... } & 62,597 \\ \text { Casin Nor olk office..... } & 26,251\end{array}$
Due company olfice....
Supplies and material. Neuse guarantor acet..
Orieutal Wharf, 12 cost.

Capital stock
\$2,000,000
Fanded debt.
750,000
20,000
31,60
2,91
$-\mathrm{V} .63, \mathrm{p} .600$.
$\overline{\$ 2,963,920}$
Total
$\$ 2,963,920$

## Sonthern California RR. (Atchison System)- <br> (Report for tie year end ng June 30, 189\%.)

The interest of the public in the Southern California, with its 491 miles af road, is practically confined to the three millions or 30 of preferred stock, which is still afl jat. The balance of the company's securities, as the following table shows, is almost entirely owned by the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe, and has been deposited by it as part security for its general mortgage of 1895:
bonds and stock of southern california rr.


As may be determined from the abjve, the annual fixed interest charge is $\$ 282,730$, and the interest payable, if earned, $\$ 454,304$; making the total interest charge payable in full for each year before the preferred stock is entitled to divideads $\$ 737,024$. The annual sinking funds, which have not been charged against income since 1888 , call for $\$ 92,270$ yearly. The company has paid all moneys required for operating expenses, taxes, improvements, equipment, construction, etc., and also $\$ 881,156$ of the $\$ 2,211,435$ due the Atchison for interest on the fixed interest bearing bonds. The balance unpaid ( $\$ 1,330,279$ ) is shown in the balance sheet. In addition, the amounts due the sinking fund aggregate \$657,396 and the unpaid interest on the income bonds $\$ 3,634,435$, m king the to al deficiency on account of these items, to be provided for before payment of dividends on stock, $\$ 4691,431$.
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, the deficiency to be provided for before payment of dividends on the stock was $\$ 818,351$, of which $\$ 255,713$ was deficit under fix 9 d charges, the remainder being sinking fund and income bond interest. The physical condition of the property has been improved materially siace Jan 1, 1896, and other necessary renewals and betterments are in progress.
Earnings, Etc.-The following statement shows results in the last two fiscal years and for the whole period since the first Atchison reorganization :

tions, $\$ 2.563$; damages, $\$ 21,964$, and voucher, $\$ 3,578$; Denver Union Water Company, $\$ 1,250$.

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

|  |
| :---: |
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|  |  | rated June 17, 1897, as a consolidation of Baltimore Traction Co., City \& Suburban Railway Co, and Lake Roland Elevated Ry. Co., under an agreement of consolidation, which was execu ed under the special act of the General Assembly of Maryland, being Chapter 266 of the laws of 1892 , and which was filed with the Secretary of State, and thus becom s the charter of the company. The company was formed to operate street railways in Baltimore City and County, and $\$ 0,00,000$ capital stock was authorized, of which $\$ 9,172,000(386,880$ shares of $\$ 25$ each) have recently been listed on the Baltimore Stock Exchange. The stock is full paid and non-assessable. There are 190.8 miles of road The funded debt of the corporation is the assumed mortgages of the various lines acquired by the consolidation, as follows Baltimore Traction bonds (see Street Railway sup't).... \$6,050,000 City \& Suburban Ry, 1st mortgage 5 per cent bonds....... 3,000,000 Lake Roland Elevated Ry, 1 st mortgage 5 per cent bonds. $1,000,000$

There is no floating debt. The officers of the company are: Nelson Perin, President; Wm. A. House, Vice President and General Manager; F. S. Hambleton, Treasurer, and T. C. Jenkins, Secritary. The office is at Druid Hill Avenue and Retreat Street, Baltimore. The Mercantile Trust \& Deposit Co, of Baltimore is the transfer agent for the stock.
As the company only acquired possession of its lines on July 1, 1897, no earnings can be shown, but the following figures are given for the constituent companies:
 Gross receipts
.. $\$ 1$,
Operating expenses..
Recelpts over oper. er $\quad 646,128 \quad 639,707 \quad 648,981 \quad 621,460$


Balunce, surplus...... $\overline{\$ 177,875} \overline{\$ 126,387} \overline{\$ 149,432} \overline{\$ 103,376}$
The financial statement of July 1, 1897, shows: Total assets, $\$ 19,722,000$; liabilities, capital stock, $\$ 9,172,010$; bonds as above, $\% 0,650,0$; total, $\$ 19,722,000 .-$ V. 64 , p. 1180.

## Atlantic Coast Electric Rallroad.

(Report for year ending Oct. 1, 1897.)

(Earnings for the year emaing June 30, 1897.)
Results for the late fiscal year compare with previous year as follows:
Gross earntien 1896-7. 1895-6. Operating expen . 44,584 \$52,815
terest 1890-7. 1895-6 Net

Taxes. 1,545
Total.
Other incomes.
$\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,189 \\ & 1,325\end{aligned} \$ 11,2555$
Total net.
83.513812 .442

Ggneral balinoe sheet juse 30,1897
Cost ot road.
Stock.

## , 1897.

Stook and bonds......... $\$ 2562,690$ Funded debt...................... $\$ 400,000$ Supplles on hand......... 2,861
Oppin accomata
647
Cash on hand Accounts payable, eto..
sundries.
400,000

Proilt and loas, defloit....
15,993
Total.
$\overline{8932,195}$
Total.
$\overline{\$ 832,195}$

## Denver Consolidated Tramway.

(Earn'ngs for year ending Ju.e 30, 1897.)
The following statement for the late fiscal year has been farnished to the Chrosiche:

| Fears enefing Juse Gross carnings Operating ex pensea | $\begin{array}{r} 1897 \\ \$ 714,419 \\ 425,395 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Net curning | $\overline{\$ 289.023}$ |
| Total. Deduet- | 300,710 |
| Interest. | \$199,160 |
| Taxes | 16.702 |
| Misce | 25,778 |
| DIFId |  |

Total. ................................ \$241,641
Balance, surplus........................ $\$ 59,069 \quad \$ 39,269$
$\begin{array}{r}\$ 729.399 \\ 45,966 \\ \hline\end{array}$
$\$ 283,438$
11,905

\$295,338 $\quad \overline{\$ 288,765}$ \$199,750 \$197.968 | $\left(1_{2} \%\right)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $28,6 \% 4$ | 15,000 |
|  | $(2 \%) 60,000$ |

(2\%)60,000
\$2,099
In the above statement, "otber income" for 1897 includes sale of scrap metal, 87,357 , and sundries credited to profit and loss. The miscellaneous charges for 1 t97 include dona


Baltimore Consolidated Railway.
COficial Statement as of July 1, 189\%.
o-




[^2]

At the close of the year there were on rental 1,325 machines, at an annual rate of $\$ 883,175$, including duplex attachments (as against $\$ 767,678$ in 1898). Of the machines on rental at the beginning of the year 85 were discontinued for various reasons, but mainly because of the suspension of the offices using them, and 4 were lost by fire. As to the number of machines built rented, et :., the following has been compiled for the CHRONICLE:


The balance sheets compare as follows
Assets-
balance sheet oct. 1.
Cash.
Oustomers' notes receivable
Open accounts..
Rlant, eto.
Experimental department
Rogers department...
Iinotypes....................
Nat, Typographic Co. stock
Linotype Company (Canada) investment....................
Special stock account.
Rights, privileges, franchises, patents and
1897.
$\$ 9961,278$
$1,381,889$
385,162
258.916
565,423
20,106
10,989
$1,351,200$
4,418
191,984
56,568
9.248
1,632
1896.

Total assets.
6,129,338
$\$ 11,328,154$
Creditors' open accounts.
Dreaidend
Surplus.
Total liabilitios
\$10,000,000
12,970
501,129
V. 65 , p. 729
814.055

Michigan-Peninsular Car Company.
(Report for year ending Aug. 31, 1897)
Results for $1896-97$ compare with previous yeare as below


## ts.

Plants................... $\$ 7,720,536$
Common stock unissued $1,000,000$
Construation.
Office furniture
Bash.............
Dus from sundry cor
poratio $s$ and firms.
Materials on hand.....
Total.
. 651.

## GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS

Reorganizations, Etc. - Latest Data as to Defaults, Reorqanization Plans, Payment of Overdue Coupons, Ete.-All facts of this nature appearing since the publication of the last issues of the Investors' and the Street Ratlway Supple MENTS may be readily found by means of the following index This index does not include matter in to-day's Ceronicle.

Ratlroads and Miscel. Co.'s. Tolume 65Akron \& Chicago Junc ......de Pault. 823
 Columbus \& Oin. Midiland ewrark Somerset \& Straltivy... def. 823 nion Pacitic Theelling \& L. EVieo. prelim. assess. 82

## Stricet Ranwways,

Columbia \& Md. (Balto.).....reoro. 820
Consol. St. Ry., Gr. Raplass...coup. 367

STREET RAILWAYS (Oon.)
Volume 65
Englew'd \& Ohi
Page,
Do.d Chic. Elec. (Chgo.).sold. 728
Do. Ao. ...reorg. plat
Galveston City Ry.................ecevr. $7_{28}$
Do. di. ... def. \& forecl.
Indianap. Anderson \& M...revr.
Lincoln St. Ry. (Neb.) plan accept.
Look Haven Traetion recver. 820,

Pasadeaa \& Mt. Wilson Elec. forecl.
Saginaw Con. St. Ry...time for den.
Saginaw Con. St. Ry..time for dep.
Spring (III.) Con. Ry.to scale int
American Grocery Co.-Receiver Not Appointed.-Chancellor McGill of New Jersey has denied the motion of Edgar G. Danning and others for a receiver pending litigation, and has granted an injunction restraining the directors from winding up the affairs of the company,-V. 65, p. 777.

Atlas Tack Co,-Mortgages Filed. - The company has filed its new second and third mortgages, the second, it is understood, being for $\$ 1,000,00$ to the State Street Trust Co., Boston, as trustee and the third for $\$ 100,000$ to Aaron Hobart, trustee.-V. 64, p. 887.

Baltimore \& Northern Electric Ry.-Mortgage for $\$ 1,250,000$. - The company has filed a mortgage to the Maryland Trust Co, as trustee to secure $\$ 1,250,000$ of 5 per cent gold bonds, $\$ 1,000$ each, payable 50 years from Nov. $1,1897$. On Oct: 18 a part of the line was opened for traffic, cars running over the tracks of the City Passenger Ry, through Baltimore to the corner of Lafayette Avenue and Charles Street and thence $61 / 2$ miles over the company's own road to Mount Washington. - V. 64, p. 887 .

Baltimore \& Ohio RR.-Holders of Consol. 58 Called Upon to Deposit their Bonds by Jan. 2, 1898.-Messrs. J. P. Morgan \& Co., Brown Bros, \& Co. and Baring, Magoun \& Co. mate in asking the holders of the consol. 5 , to co-operate for

Morgan \& Co. on or before Jan. 2, 1898. The bondholders agreements, under which the deposits are asked, provides, among other things, that J. P. Morgan \& Co. shall have power to represent the bonds in all matters in Court, and in case of default to institute foreclosure proceedings. A vote of holde s of 75 per cent in amount of the certificates representing deposited bonds will make effective as to all the bonds deposited any plan of reorganization or settlement.
In calling for deposits as above stated the firms named re cite at longth the reasons way such action is necessary. Since the beginning of the receivership they have been guarding carofully the rights of the 5 per cent consols. The first issue of $\$ 5.000,000$ receivers' certificates they approved, relying on the opinion expressed by the receivers that if such issue was made it would be possible to pay regularly thereafter the interest upon all bonds for which the company is directly responsible, and also upon all liens covering the company's principal leased lines. Of late the receivers have been unable to fulfill their expectation, and defaults have taken place on several of the lines important to the integrity of the system. Since these defaults the firms have opposed the issue of further receivers' certificates.

In the suit of the preferred stockholders the firms took steps for independent intervention in behalf of the bonds (the mortgage trustee desiring to remain "neutral") with the result that the Court denied the application of the preferred stockholders to have their stock declared a lien ahead of the coasols. Whether Johns Hopkins' University, which brought the suit, will appesl from this decision is not known to the firms, but if it does the firms announce their intention to continue their opposition. R $\rightarrow$ cently the trustee of the Pittsburg \& Connellsville second consolidated mortgage filed a petition, which, if granted, would in effect make said mortgage a lien equal with the consol, 5 s on the main line of the $B \& O$. RR. The firms are now vigorously opposing this application

We do not believe", the firms continue, "that the receivers will default in the parment of interest except under most dire necessity; and so long as there is no default in the payment of interest on your bonds, or in the performance of the other undertakin ss of the mortgage, there would not, under ordinary conditions, be any cause for anxiety. But the very unusual at acks on the integrity of your mirtgage apart from any defanlt, and the complications of the present receivership, as well as th novel suggestion of a 'neutral' trusteeship, indicate necessity for constant watehfulness and vigorous action.

Baltimore Belt Bonds-Deposits Till Dec 1.-The interest due Nov. 1 on this loan having gone to default, Brown Brothers \& Co, of this city and Philadelphia, and Alexınder Brown \& Sons, of Baltimore, request holders to deposit their bonds with them, receiving in exchange negotiable certificates. Prompt action being desirable bonds should be deposited at once, but not later than Dacember 1 next. Brown, Shipley \& Co, in London, will receive deposits in London

Earnings of Property Coverel by Consol. Mortgage. - The receivers have furni hed substantially the following statement of earnings, etc., regarding the property (main line, branches, bridges, etc.), which is covered by the consolidated mortgage of 1887
Gross earmings from operations.
\$11,378,705
Gross earmings from
8,012,015

## Net earnings <br> Oiner incame-

$\$ 3,366,690$
\$102,800
Washington Br. dividend (partly from sur. of prior years)
Proportion of West. Un. Tel, annuity $(\$ 60,000)$ assigned
Proportion of West. Un. Tel. annuity $(860,000)$ assigned
Sterling main line sinking funds (on account of which
House rents ( $\$ 23,633$ ), Westinghouse Air Brake rebate
146,091
48,322
Total income from all sources. .................................. $\$ 3,677,295$ Taxes
Taxes.......
$\$ 160,160$
43,388
Rentals (Mentral Builing, Baltimore, $\$ 75,000$; Brunswiok
yards, $\$ 50,000$; Cumberland yards, $\$ 40,000$; Benwood
Fards, $\$ 50,000$, all for beneft of Terminal mortgage of Interest paid as follows:

215,000
On the five underlying main stem loans of 1853-75, for
B. \& 0 . oonsol. 5 s of 1887 ( $\$ 11,988,000$ ) for entire year.

1,256,440
Car trusts of 1887 and equipment bonds of 1889-90.....
Receivers' certificates, Series I, 6s, \$5,000,000 (six
B. \& O. Equipment $00.6 \mathrm{~s}, \$ 3,400,000$, guaranteed by receivers (six months' interest)

59,000 Interest acorued and unpaid:

150,000

Receivers' certificates, series I (about two months' int.)
B. \& O. Equipment Co. bonds (two months' interest)......

Other loans.......

Balance, surpius 34,000
13,542

Balance, surpius............................................................................ $\$ 985,865$
Deduct-Deficit from operation Wheeling Pittsburg \&
Baltimore .............................
Net surplus.
15,017

Oonstruction, etc., expenses
Construation
$\$ 970,848$

Brooklyn City \& Newtown R 3,-Coney Island \& Brookyn RR.-Mestin, to Act on Lease, -A meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Uity \& Newtown RR. Co. will be held D c. 1, 1897, to vote on a proposition to lease the roads of the company to the Coney Island \& Brooklyn RR. Co. for the term of 999 years.-V. 65, p. 410.

Buffalo Rochester \& Pittsburg Ry.-Quart orly.-Earnings for the quarter ending Sept. 3) have been reported as follows: 3 monhlserding Grass Net Other Interest, Batance, 1897. $+931,499$
880,397
-V. 65, p. 616.,631
Central Branch Union Pacifle RR.-Atchison Colorado \& Paciflc RR.-Atchison Jewell County \& Western RR. Foreclosure Suits.-At St. Paul, Judge Sanborn in the United States Circuit Court, on Oct. 3v, heard the motions to foreclose the mortgages on these roads, formarls branches of the Union Pacific, and referred the case to W. D. Cornish, Master in Chancery, to report the facts and the frm of decree by Dec. 6.-V. 64, p. 1041, 663.

Central Pacifle RR.-Annual Report.-The company's fiscal year having been changed to end June 3), the annual report is now issued, the President's remarks, together with the balance sheet being on a subsequent page and the tabulated earnings under the heading "Annual Reports."

Depovits Still Being Receive 1. -Speyer \& Co, announce that the first mortgage gold bonds may still be presented at their office for extension under the bondholders agreement of Ang. 14 last. This privilege, it is stated, may be terminated at anv time, without further notice, as a large majority of the bonds have already been deposited.

Mr. Bretherton's Londm Circular to Stockholders.-In the Caronicle of O3t. 16 reference was made to a circular issued in London by Director C. E. Bretherton. This circular says:
The moeting of proprietors now postponed to October 18 will not Eake place. Inspection of the register of slarelolders shows that the no votes, and therefore no power to interfere in the managoment; any action at their meeting would be uugatory, and it is useless to appeal to them tor a support which, ander existing ofroumstances, it if not in their power to Elve. Notwithastanding the emphatio warning slnce reglatered, and the vote on nearly all the shares owned by Euro gean proprietors fexcept tho former stockholders of the Oregon


Charleston (S. C.) City Ry.-Martgage for $\$ 850,000$. -On Oct. 29 the stockholders authorized a mortgage to secure $\$ 850,000$ of filty year 5 per cent gold coupon boads the mortgage to cover all its property, b ith real and parsonal.-V. 64, p. 706.

Chicago \& Southeastern RR.-Receiver Appointed.-W. O. Darnell has been appointed receiver of this road, which has about 15 miles of track at Chicago, I11, and is operated by the Chicago Lake Shore \& Eastern Ry. (See V. 64, p. 428). This road is not the Southeastern Railway of Indiama.
Consolidated Ice.-Sale of Treasury Stock.-Stockholders have the right to subscribe to 5,836 shares of treasury preferred stock until Nov, 10 inclu ive in amounts proportionate to their present holdings. The issue has been underwritten by a syndicate at par, less a commission of 5 per cont, and is offered to stockholders at the same price. The proceeds will be used to liquidate obligations incurred in the purchase of additional property. The company's annual statement was in the Crroniole, V. 65, page 461.-V. 65, p. 461, 462.

Diamond Match.-English Option Expires.-Offer of Eastern Syndicate - The six montha' option held by an English syndicate to purchase 40,00 ) shares of the company's stock st 165 , the stock having been pooled by its holders for the purpose of makking the sale, expired on Monday. An appli cation for a fifteen days' extension of the option was refused. An Eastern syndicate is reported to have offered to take the stock at the same price, and press dispatches say the largest stockholders have agreed to leave their stock in escrow until April 30, 1898, unless the stock is sold prior to that date,-V. 64, p. 1088.

Erie RR.-Offer to Purchase Buffalo ac Erie 7s due April 1, 1898. - Speyer \& Co. announce that they are prepared to purchsse, until further notice, the Buffalo \& Erie 7 per cent bonds, maturing April 1st, 1898, at par and acceued interest to date of maturity, less discount at the rate of 3 per cent per snnum.-V. 65, p. 665, 666.
Fort Plain \& Richfleld Springs RR,-To be Sold Dec. 7.This property is advertised for sale at public auction at Herkimer, N. Y., on Dec. 7. on judgments for about \$18,000. Moirs, Lawis \& Hodge of New York are largely interested. The entire 22 miles from Richfield Springs to Fort Plain is said to be graded, and the bridge abutcments built, but no rails have been laid.
Front Street Cable Ry, Seattle,-Foreclosurs Sale Jon. 8, 1898.-Judge Hanford has ordered the foreclosure sule of this property. The sale will take place Jan. 8, the upset price being $\$ 85,000$. There are said to be $\$ 250,070$ or more of bonds outatanding and $\$ 40,00$ ) of receiver's certificates.
Greenwood Anderson \& Western Ry.-Ordered Sold.Judge Simonton has ordere 1 this property to be sold, G. Herbert Sags to be special master. The sale is made on complaint of W. B Strang, Jr., \& Co., on account of construction claims. The upset price is to be $\$ 15,000 .-$ V. 64, p. 287.
Houston \& Teras Central RR.-Reduction of Bonds with Land Sales,- $93.0,000 \mathrm{~B}$ m Ig Called. -First mortgage 63 to
the amount of $\$ 320,00)$ have been drawn for payment at 110 and interest with the proceeds of land sales. The bonds are payable at the office of the company in the Mills Building, interest coasing Doc. 31. This payment reduces the amount of the first mortgage bonds to $\$ 7,116,000-\mathrm{s}$ total reduction siace 1887 of $\$ 949,00$ ? The consol. 63 have also been reluced in the same interval $\$ 464,00$ ), to $\$ 3,455,000$, and the general mortgage $4 \mathrm{~s} \$ 8,000$, to $\$ 4,297,000$.
For the benefit of the bonds were held on June 30, 1897
 The company's report is on a preceding page,-V. 65, p. 463. Kansas City Pittsburg \& Gulf RR.-Election of Directors. -At the annual meeting in Kansas City Oct. 28 the following directors were chosen for the ensaing year: John Lowber Welsh, E. T. Stotesbury, H. M. Howe, W. S. Taylor of Philadelphia; E. P. Merwin and A. Heckscher of New York; Norman B. Ream and F. O. Lowden of Chicago; E. L Martin, A. E. Stilwell, W. S. Woods, Robt. Gillham and J. McD. Trimble of Kunsas City, Mo. Messr., Ream and Lowden represent the interest of the late G 30. M. Pullman.
Listed in Lend m. -The stock and bonds of the K. C. P. \& G. were listed on the 27 th ult. on the London Stock Exchanze. Notwithstanding more or less interraption of traffic on account of the yellow fever quarantine, the October earniags were 8271, n81, being the lacgest the compay has had.V. 65, p. 824.

Long Island RR.-Prospect Park and Coney Island RR.-New York and Rockaway Beach Ry.-Quarterlies.Earninge for tine quarter ending September 30 are given below. The two last-named companies are operated by the Long Island RR., but earnings are kept separately.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months en | Gross | ${ }_{\text {Net }}^{\text {Net }}$ | Oher |  | Balance |
| ing Sept. 30 | earnings. | earning: | income. <br> \$61.578 | tases, etc. | surplus. |
|  | 1,433,229 | 670,048 | 51,600 | 315,621 | 408,027 |
| prospegt park \& Coney island mr. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1897 | \$80,300 | \$35.702 |  | \$20,597 | 15,105 |
|  | 87,951 | 28,309 |  | 19,631 | 8,878 |
| new tork \& bockaway beach my. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$133,630 | \$88,119 |  | 814,528 | 1,591 |
|  | 145,916 | 87,083 |  | 14,530 | 2,533 |

Long Island RR. losns and bills payable Sept. 30, 1897, $\$ 945,000$, against $\$ 1,600,000$ Jane 30.-V. $55,512,619,618$.
Mansfleld Short Line. -New Company and Mortgage.This company, which proposes to build a railroad from Lucas to Shelby, Ohio, 19 mile3, has given a mortgage for $\$ 500,000$ to secure an issae of bonds to meet cost of construction, etc. C. W. French, President, Mansfield, Oaio.

Morristown \& Cumberland Gap RR.-Ordered Sold. The Tennessee State Supreme Court has ordered the sale of this road by the Clerk of the Court, the proceeds to bs distributed as follows: Back taxes, 84,10 ; right of way claims, about $\$ 20,000$; receiver's certificates, about $\$ 12,00$ ), etc. The rosd extends from Morristown, Tenn., to Cumborland Gap, Ky., 43 miles. Its total gross earnings for the year 1894-95 were $\$ 16,238 .-\mathrm{V} .63$, p. 311.

New Amsterdam Gas-Equitable Gas Light-New York \& East River Gas,-Consolidation -The Now Amsterdam Gas Co. filed articles of incorporation at Albany on Nov. 1 as a consolidation of the Equitable Gas Light and New York \& East River Gas companies in accordance with the plan in the Chronicle of Sept. 11, 1897, page 462. The new company is authorized to issue $\$ 13,00), 000$ common stock and $\$ 10,000,000$ cumulative 5 per cent preferred stock. Of the latter amonnt $\$ 0,083,750$ is exchangeable as part consideration for the stooks of the old companies. The new company will also presently execute a first consolid uted mortgage to secure 5 per cent gold bonds, of which $\$ 19,000,000$ will be given as part consideration for Equitable Gas stock, and $\$ 1,001,0) 0$ will be available for extensions and the acquirement of additional property. The amount of the mortgage may be increased from $\$ 11,000,000$ to not exceeding $\$ 20,00 \%, 000$ in all, for the sole purpose of retiring, at or before maturity, the existing $\$ 9,00,000$ bonds of the two companies merged.
The terms of exchange of old for new securities were given in the plan already mentioned. The new company will be responsible for the gaaranty given the $83,000,000$ Central Union Gas Company bonds by the New York \& East River Gas Co,

The New Amsterdam Gas Co, proposes to manufacture and supply gas, and may also, if desirable, supply electricity.
The directors are Edward M. F. Miller, James Tolfree, The directors are Edward M. F. Miller, James Tolfree,
F. L. Eldridge William C. Cox, Charles M. Billings, William T. Eldridee, Sherman Flint, Frederick P. Voorhoes and Matthem T. Johnson, of Naw York; Johu B, Suamerfield, of Brooklyn, and Nosl Gale, of Clifton, Richmond Conaty.-V. 65, D. 621.

New England RR.-Quarterly.-Earnings for the quarter ending Sopt, 80 have been reported as follows:

| 3 mos. end. | Gross | Net | Other | Interest, | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spt. 30. | arnings. | earnings. | ineome. | taxes, ${ }^{\text {de }}$ c. | sur or def. |
| 1897 | 81,635,275 | \$445,584 | \$8,293 | \$398,238 | sur. 355.639 |
| 1896 | 1,356,721 | 249,919 | 6,413 | 388,757 | deq. 32,425 |

Loans payable Sept. $30,1897, \$ 100,000$.
The figures for 1896 quarter do not include results of the Norwich Line steamers, which had a surplus of 388,750 thus reducing the deficit uader oharges from $\$ 132,425$ to $\$ 93,475$, as a ${ }^{2}$ ainst a surplus of $\$ 35,639$ in $1897 .-\mathrm{V} .65$, p. 726.

New Mexico Railway \& Coal Co.-E1 Paso \& Northeast orn.-Prij-cted foad. $\$ 3,000,000$ Mortgage -The new Mex ico Railway \& Coal Co has been incorporated under a New Jersey charter with a capital stock of $\$ 4.000,000$. The com pany owns the El Paso \& Northeastern Railway Co., which is building a road from El Paso, New Mexico, northeast 165 miles, to White Oaks and the salado coal fields. It is expected to complete the work during 1898. A collateral trust mortgage for $\$ 3,010,000$ has been authorized, secured by the bonds of the railroad company and the bonds of the New Mexico Fuel Co, through which the New Mexico Railway \& Coal Co. controls some 3,500 acres of coal lands. The bonds re a 50 year five per cent gold issue, New York Security \& Trust Co. trustee. The following are the Board of Directors: C. D. Simpson, Scranton, Pa., President; H. P. Simpson, Hon. L. A. Watres, Col. H. M. Boies, T. H. Watkins, of Scranton; J. Wells Hollenback, of Wilkes Barre; Jame Ford, Pittston; C. B. Eddy, New Mexico; J. A Eddy, Den ver; G. C. W. Lowery, R. T. McCabe, H. F. Hatch and B. S Harmon, of New York. The latter, whose office is at 40 William Streer, is the Secretary.
New York Parcel Dispatch. - Increase of Stock to \$12, 000,000 . - The stockholders will vote Nov. 24 at the company's office, 58 Pine Street, on a proposition to increase the capital stock from $\$ 5000,00$ [par of shares $\$ 1(0]$ to $\$ 12,000$ 000 . Among the company's directors are Eugene W. Austin, Benjamin F. Carpenter, N. F. Thompson and C. P. Leggett
New York \& Westchester Water.-Mortgage for $\$ 1,600,000$ Filed.-This coupany has filed a mortgage to the Corporation Trust Co. of New Jersey, as trustees, to secure $\$ 1,600,000$ of bonds to be issued for extensions proposed under recently acquired franchises. The mortgage covers all the company's real and personal property. The officers of the Water Company are J. O. Davis, President, and D. F. Cameron, Secretary and Treasurer
Oregon Improvement.-7 hird Instulment of Assessment Payable by $N_{\mathrm{N}}, v, 15$. - The third instalment of the assessment has been called aud is payable on or before Nov. 15, as stated n a notice in another column. The following shows the total assessment and the several instalments of it thus far called on both stock and bonds, the time for payment of the first two instalments having been extended, it will be remembered, from the dates named to Sept. 20:

Consol. $58, \$ 1,000 . .125_{;}, 00$
The foreclosure sale is set for to-day. -V. 65, p. 683.
People's Gas Light \& Coke of Chicago Universal GasMutual Fuel Gas-Control Acquired.-Parties friendly to the People's Gas Light \& Coke Co. of Chicago have purchased. through Mr. Emerson McMillin, the Universal and Mutual Fuel Gas companies, which he was proposing recently to consolidate into a rival corporation to be known as the Chicago Universal Gas Co. The purchase price for the prop erties is $\$ 5,7,0,00$ in cash. Their actual transfer will take place Nov. 15. The New York "Sun" says: "It is understood that the purchase is not made directly by the People's Company, but by interests identified with that company, and that it is intended eventually to merge the Mutual Fuel Company with the People's Company, while the Universal Company will remain as a distinct corporation, because of the general character of its charter. It is also understood that the cash required to complete the purchase has been fully subscribed by several large banking houses in this city."-V. 65, p. 778

Peoria Decatur \& Evansville Ry.-Time for Deposits extended till Dec. 1.-Over three-quarters of the first mortgage bonds of each division has been deposited under the plan of the Brown Committee, and the certificates of deposit representing the same have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The time for receiving deposits and paying the first instalment of the assessment, it is announced, is extended to Dec, 1, after which date deposits, if received at all, will be subject to such terms as the committee may prescribe See advertisement in another column.-V. 65, p. 824.

Reading Company.-Contract Extending Improvement Bonds to 1947 at 4 Per Cent. The $\$ 9,364,000$ extended im provement mortgage $4 \%$ gold bonds of the Philadelphia \& Reading RR., due April 1st, 1947 (Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives \& Granting Annuities, trustee), have been listed on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange. The principal and interest is payable in gold coin, free of tax, as pro vided in the following extension contract, which is attached to each bond so extended:
"By and in consideration of this contract and coupon sheet made by the Philadelphia \& Readiog Rallway Company and attached to the accompanying bond No. Given by its predecessor, the Philadelphia
$\&$ Reading Railroad Company, dated October 1st, 1873 , and their ac ceptance by the holder, the Philadelphta \& Reading Rallway
Company and the Reading Company the owner of the eapital stock of the said ralway company, and the holder of this
bond, arree that the princtpal of said bond shall not be pay
ablie nor shall payment thereof be required before the 1 st of Apri, 1947 , unless delault be made in the payment of the interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, arter presentation of the several proper
semi-annual coupons for $\$ 20$ each, which coupons the said Philadel-seml-annual coupons for $\$ 20$ each, which coupons the said Philadel-
Dhina \& Reading Kaillway Company and the Reading Company, jointly way company, promise to pay on preseutaion at the once of the rail the holder, will thereupon forthwith become and be due and payable "This extension at the reduced rate of interest is made and accepted bond, as extended, shall be made in United States gold coln of the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any
taxes imposed by the United States or the State of Pennsylvania which the company may lawfully be required to retain therefrom, and for the further security of the holder thereof the Reading Company covenants that such payment of principal shall be made upon Apri
1 st, 1947. The security of said bond remains unimpared, and no part ist, 1947 . The security of sastrued to affect its priority or validity or the rights and powers of the trustee.
"In witness whereof the said companles have caused their respective corporate seal to be hereunto afflixed, duly attested the first day of April, 1897.

Coal \& Iron Company's Bonds Paid.-The Reading Company is retiring the Coal \& Iron Company's securities from time to time as they fall due, $\$ 959,(00$ being the amount maturing Nov. 1. The new Reading mortgage of Jan. 1 1897, provides for these, reserving sufficient of the new loan to replace both the land mortgages and the real estate boads, the former amounting Jan. 1, 1897, to $\$ 11,617,500$ and the latter to $\$ 433,106$. The payments this year to date, it is noderstood, have reduced the land mortgages to $\$ 2,663,500$ and the real estate bonds to $\$ 7,367 .-\mathrm{V} .65, \mathrm{p} .5 .6$.

Rochester (Street) Railway.-Quarterly.-Earnings for the quarter ending Sept. 30 have been reported as follows:
 1897
1896 Loans and bills payable Sept. $30,897, \$ 226,378$, against $\$ 284,803$ on Jure $30 .-$ V. 65, p. 618

Savannah \& Statesboro RR. - Cuyler \& Woodburn RR.Raorganized Company.- The Savannah \& Statesboro RR. Co has been incorporated in Georgia as successor to the Cuyler \& Woodburn, foreclosed. It is proposed to extend the road from Woodburn, the present northern terminus, north to Emit or Statesboro. Capital stock, $\$ 30,010$, which may bs increased to $\$ 300,00$. Incorporators: D. C. Wood, Ellen E. Wood, T. E. Robertson, Lee Hutchins, Thos. W. Buckley Charles A. Douglae, A. H. MacDonnell, William R. Leakin and J. R. Saussy, Jr.-V. 65, p. 571.

Union Pacific RR.-Main Line Suld to Rerrganization Committee-At Omaha on Monday, Nov. 1, the Union Pacific main line and its appurtenances were sold, together with the bonds in the Government sinking fund, under forclosure of the United States lien, and purchased by the Fitzgerald Reorganization Committee. There were no other bidders. The bid prices were as follows:
For Union Pacific main line ind $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fovernment sinking fund (see below) }\end{aligned}$
\$ $9,883,28187$
Total of bids made at sale
$\$ 53,528,53276$ In addition the Government receives the cash in the

Waking tstal (to be increased as below stated). Under its agreement with the Government, the committee will pay the full amount due for the principal and interes of the Government's claim, but how much this claim will aggregate cannot at the present time be determined within two or three hundred thousand dollars, owing to the necessity of adjusting accounts with the Government regarding earnings, etc. In last week's CHRONICLE was given a statement showing the amounts owing as of Oct. 1, approximately $\$ 58,353,545$.. During October the sum due for interest accrued increased $\$ 95,383$ and the cash in the sinking fund increased $\$ 11,446$, but the transportation account must also bo included. In our editorial columns will be found particulars as to the times and method of paying the sums due.
On Tuesday the committee bought in the property under foreclosure of the first mortgage for the amount of the upset price, viz., $\$ 50,637,475$. Both purchases were made for the committee in the name of Louis Fitzgerald and Alvin W. Krech, purcha:ing trustees.

Assessment.- Last Instalment Called. - The third and last instalment of 5 per cent on the par value of the stock deposited under the plan must be paid at the Mercantile Trust Co., 120 Broadway, on or before Nov. 24. See advertisement in another column.

Bords in Sinking Fund.-The following table shows the bonds in the sinking fund purchased by the committee:


Union Pacific Denver \& Gulf Ry.-Penalty on Deposit After Nov. 15.-As already amnounced, certificates representing a majority of the consols and stock deposited under the agreement of Sept. 18, 1897, have been listed upon the New York Stock Exchange. The committee has extended the time for deposits until Nov. 15, 1•97, and announces that after that time no deposits will be received save in the dis cretion of the committee and upon the payment of a penalty of $\$ 50$ for each consol. and of $\$ 1$ for each share of stock The Central Trust Co. is depositary. - V. 65, p. 736 ,

## gisports and Documents.

## SOUTHERN PACIFIS COMPANY.

## ABSTRACT OF THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT-FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

To the Stuckholders:
New York, August 24, 1897.
The business year of the Southern Pacific Company, and its constituent companies, has been changed from December 31 st to June 30th, so as to conform to the period which the railroads of the United States are required to make reports an nually to the Inter-State Commerce Commission and to the respective railroad commisions.

The President and directors now submit their report with respect to the financial condition of the proprietary and leased lines constituting the Southern Pacific lines, for the eighteen months ending June 30, 1897, the last report having been made in respect thereto as of December 31, 1895, and for twelve months ending June 30, 1897, with respect to the transportation operations and physical condition of the property as of that date.

An abridged report was published of the operations for the year ending December 31, 1896, giving information in regard to the change which had taken place in the assets and liabilities since the last annual report. The present report contains the usual statements in regard to the assets and liabilities and profit and loss accounts of each of the proprietary companies and leased lines.
I.-PROPERTIES AND MILEAGE.

The properties which constitute the Southern Pacific lines, the miles of road and water lines owned or leased by them, consisted on June 30, 1897, of the following"transportation lines:
I.-Propriftakt Lines.

Total milles maln line owned
Total miles maln line lensed ....
Total milles second traek leased
Total milles sidiogs ..................
Total length single triek and sldings
II.-LEASED LINEs.

Total miles main line..
Tolal milles sidings.
Total Feagth of alagle traele and siding
Tatal main liue proprietary compantes and leased lines Total necond travek proprietary companies and leased limes.
Totai sldugs proprietary companics and leased lines.........

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pacific } \\ & \text { Systrm } \\ & \text { Lines. } \\ & 2,82175 \\ & 7.24 \\ & 45.96 \\ & 3.51 \\ & 63498 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lines } \\ \text { inn } \\ \text { Texas. } \\ 1,968 \cdot 32 \\ \ldots \ldots .89 \\ 369.15 \end{gathered}$ | Allantie Sysiem Lines. $422 \cdot 25$ $23 \cdot 60$ 2179 $159 \cdot 48$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Tolul. } \\ 5,21 \approx \cdot 32 \\ 30 \cdot 84 \\ 71.64 \\ 3.51 \\ 1,163.61 \end{array}$ | Since Dic. 31 1895, Inertease. 3696 " $5 \cdot 54$ 6645 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,513.45 | 2,341 37 | $627 \cdot 12$ | $6,481 \cdot 93$ | 108.95 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 2,128 \cdot 49 \\ 9 \cdot 51 \\ 4.49 \cdot 05 \end{array}$ | ........... | ........... | $\begin{array}{r} 2,128 \cdot 49 \\ 9 \cdot 51 \\ 449 \cdot 05 \end{array}$ | 6.69 |
| 2,587 05 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 4,957 \cdot 48 \\ 5898 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.968 \cdot 38 \\ 3.89 \\ 9.0 .16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 445+85 \\ 21-79 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,371 \cdot 66 \\ 84 \cdot 66 \end{array}$ | 36.96 5.54 79.14 |
| 1,084.03 | 869-15 | $159 \cdot 48$ | 1,612.66 | $73 \cdot 14$ |

II.-INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNR 30, 1897 June $30,1897$. II.-INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

The following statement shows the transportation earnings of the proprietary and leased railroad and steamship lines, and all other receipts, except from capital created and from sales of lands pledged for the redemption of bonds. Also operating expenses, taxes, sinking-fund contributions, and all other charges which are an obligation of the proprietary companies, or of the Southern Pacitic Company as lessee. Receipts and payments appertaining to transactions in former years, and transactions other than such as grow out of the transportation operations of the roads, and adjustment between the several interests in respect to operations, are shown separately under profit and loss. Under "proprietary companies" are shown the earnings over operating expenses, taxes and fixed charges which inure to the Southern Pacific Sompany as the principal owner of the stock of said proprietary companies, and under "leased lines" the profits or losses from the operation of the property leaved from the Oregon \& California R. R. Co., Central Pacific R. R. Co. and California Pacific R. R. Co. which inure to or become a charge against the income of the Southern Pacific Company.

| Yiar emding June 30, 1897. | Proprietary Compatuies. | Leased Lines. | Southern Pacific Co. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mlles of | 5,243•17 | 2,128*49 | c......... | 7,371.66 |
| Gross transportation carnings.............. | \$39,488,479 22 | \$15,323,774 04 |  |  |
| Operatlag expenses............ | 22,199,702 13 | 9,410,250 80 | 65,988 32 | 31,675,9i1 25 |
| Earninga over operatiog expen | \$11,288,777 09 | \$5,913,523 24 |  | \$17,195,959 42 |
| Farnigss under opierating exp | 584,24364 | 102,69637 | 548,363 30 | 1,185,303 31 |
| Income from investrrents. | 75,702 00 |  | 361,617 35 | 437,319 35 |
| Farnings of ainking fumds. | 125,245 00 |  |  | 125,245 00 |
| Miscellaneous recelpta. | 25,925 56 |  | 23,425 92 | 49,351 48 |
| Net profit from operations ander omnibu |  |  | 157,849 30 | 157,849 30 |
| Total income: | \$12,432,48*69 | \$6,016,219 61 | \$1,084,914 96 | \$19,533,619 26 |
| Taxes. Сbarges to Ivcome. | \$884,53174 | \$662,702 96 | \$19,950 45 | \$1,567,188 15 |
| Trackage and other rentals | 731,977 22 | 194,066 26 | 15,000 00 |  |
| Rental, Callfornla Pacific | 15,285 13 | 212,969 00 |  | 212,969 00 |
| Interest on bonded debt... | 7,843,533 93 | 4,210,59750 | 154,35000 | 12,208,481 43 |
| Interest on State of Texas school debt. | 23,050 11 |  |  | 23,050 11 |
| Interest on open accounts. | 220,868 47 | 6,736 60 | 134,416 21 | 362,02128 |
| Sinking-fund contributions and earnings | 415,245 00 |  | 75,000 00 | 490,245 00 |
| General administration expenses........ | 68,63679 63,26923 |  |  | 63,269 23 |
| Miscellaneous expenses. | 6,170 53 |  |  | 6,170 53 |
| Net proft under omnibus lease dre S. P. Co. | 157,84930 |  |  | 157,849 30 |
| additions, anil Interest on bonded delyt. |  | ${ }^{1} 1,038,17780$ |  | 1,038,177 80 |
| Total charges to income | \$10,430,420 45 | \$6,431,444 12 | \$398,716 66 | \$17,260,581 23 |
| Surplus. | \$2,002,064 24 | \$415,224 51 | \$686,198 30 | \$2,278,038 03 |

- Applicable to the pagment of United States requirement under Thurman Aot, company sinking fund, land department expenses, and other corporate charges.

For account of leased lines
$\qquad$ 831,12425
For account ot proprietary lines.
831,12425
891,67422

Balance, after deducting all expenditures for betterments and additions.
891,67422

Of the expenditures charged to betterments and additions to the proprietary companies $\$ 133,471 \cdot 09$ was charged to Profit and Loss, leaving $\$ 758,20813$ charged to capital account. The character of these expenditures is shown in detail in the financial statements of the respective proprietary companies.

Owing to the change in the fiscal year from December 31 st to June 30th comparisons in regard to net results after deducting fixed charges, in which there has not been any material change, are omitted. As a matter of general information, however, a statement of the transportation operations and expenses of the proprietary and leased properties, including for the purposes of comparison also the Houston \& Texas Central Lines for years ending June 80th, for the last five years, is herewith submitted:

| Years. | Aver, Miles. | Gross Earnings. | Oper. Expenses. | Earns, over Op. Ex. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1897 | . 7,371 66 | \$48,871,900 67 | \$31,675,941 25 | \$17,195,959 42 |
| 1896 | 7,369 40 | 49,587,068 96 | 32,718,122 27 | 16.868,946 69 |
| 1895 | 7,276 83 | 49,974,042 55 | 32,910,029 01 | 17,064,013 54 |
| 1894 | 7,213 83 | 49,327,623 99 | 31,717,460 84 | 17,610,163 15 |
| 189 | 7,175 83 | 54,356,729 51 | 34,815,527 45 | 19,541,202 06 |

Comparing the transportation operations for the year ending June 30, 1897, with the year ending June 30, 1896, gross earnings have decreased $\$ 715,16829$, or $1 \cdot 44$ per cent, operating expenses have decreased $\$ 1,042,18102$, or $3 \cdot 18$ per cent, and earnings over operating expenses have increased $\$ 327,01273$, or 1.94 per cent. The decrease in gross earnings has resulted from the unfavorable business conditions which prevailed during the year just ended, and which were exceptionally depressed by the grave financial questions involved in the Presidential election. There was practically no improvement in the general business situation until within the last two months of the year.

The company has expended, from the time it acquired control of these properties to date, over sixteen million dollars in substituting steel and iron bridges for wooden bridges, stone, brick or concrete foundations for timber foundations, for ballasting, rolling stock, and the use of creosoted and burnettized ties in making renewals, and for other betterments and additions and improvement of the property. These large expenditures have enabled the company to reduce its expenses and to cheapen the cost of operation without impairing the physical condition of these properties. The direction in whioh these economies have been effected is more fully explained under "operating expenses."

The distribution between the several interests of the net results from operations for the eighteen months ending June 30, 1897, which enter into the assets and liabilities or profit and loss account of the various companies since the last published statement of said companies, is detailed in table No. 5.
III.-CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

The changes in the capital account for the eighteen months ending June 30, 1897, have been as follows :

|  | Proprietary Lines. |  |  | Southern Pacific Company. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fixed Interest } \\ & \text { bearing Bonds ac } \end{aligned}$ Secured Debt. | Income Mortgage Bonds. | Oapital Stock. | Fixed Interest-bear. ing Bonds. | Oapital Stock. |
| Outstanding December 31, 1895 $\qquad$ Issued to June 30,1897 . | \$141,837,635 07 | \$6,354,000 00 | \$180,898,458 75 | \$2,715,000 00 | $\overline{\$ 120,995,070 ~} 00$ |
|  | 2,612,000 00 |  |  |  |  |
| Southern Pacitic RR. of Cal., 1st mtge. 5 per cent of 1937 , issued in exchange for 1 st mtge. 5 per cent of 1938. | $174,00000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Southern Pacific RR. of Cal., capital stook issued in payment of new lines and property |  |  | 1,736,100 00 |  |  |
| The Direct Navigation, 5 per cent secured note, issued in payment of property | 100,000 00 |  |  |  |  |
| The Direct Navigation, capital stock, issued in payment of property |  |  | 50,700 00 |  |  |
| Total............erived to June 30, 1897. | \$144,723,635 07 | \$6,354,000 00 | \$182,685,258 75 | \$2,715,000 00 | \$120,995,070 00 |
| Southern Pacific RR. of Cal., 1st mtge. 6 per cent of 1905, purchased and canceled | \$90,000 00 |  |  |  |  |
| Southern Pacific RR. of Cal., 1st mtge. 5 per cent of 1938, exchanged for 1st mtge. of 1937 | 174,000 00 |  |  |  |  |
| T. \&N. O. RR. 18 M M. 7 p. c. main line purchased and canceled Payment to state of Texas for account of school fund debt. | $\begin{aligned} & 45,000000 \\ & 11583.36 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Houstou \& Texas Central RR. 1st mtge. 5 per cent bonds due July 1, 1937, purchased and canceled... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Houston Union Depot, 7 p. e. bonds due Dee. 31, 1896, canceled. | 13,000 00 |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock of the following companies charged off: <br> Atchafalaya Bay Co. <br> Buffalo Bayou Ship Channel Co |  |  | \$225,500 00 |  |  |
| Houston Direct Navigation Co |  |  | 150,000 28,400 00 |  |  |
| S. P. Co., 6 per cent steamship bonds purchased and oanceled.. |  |  |  | \$143,000 00 |  |
| Total | \$378,583 36 |  | \$403,952 75 | \$143,000 00 |  |
| Outstanding June 30, 1897 | \$144,345,051 71 | \$6,354,000 00 | \$182,281,306 00 | \$2,572,000 00 | \$120,995;070 00 |
| Incresse. <br> Decrease | \$2,507,416 64. |  | \$1,382,847 25 | \$143,000 00 |  | IV.-PROFLT AND LOSS.

The following statement shows the net income from operations and all adjustments between the proprietary companies and the Southern Pacific Company in respect to the results from the operation of proprietary lines leased to the Southern Pacific Company; also all other transactions and adjustments during the eighteen months ending June 30, 1897, which
were credited or charged against the profit and loss account of the respective companies:


Prop. Oomp's.

Total.
DEBIT:
Proft to Southern Pacific Co. from operations of Northern California Railway
Loss in operation of South Pac. Coast Ry. chargeable to income of Southern Pac. Co.
Expenditures for betterments and additions Eouston \& Texas Central RR. Co. in 1895.
Expenaitures for betterments and additions, Jan. 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897, viz.:
Houston \& Texas Central Rallroad Co.
Austin \& Northwestern Railroad Co .
Central Texas \& Northwestern Ry. Co.....
Fort Worth \& New Orleans Railway Co
Fort Worth \& New Orleans Rallway Co..................................................................... 1,65264
Loss in sale of property of Houston Direct Navigation Co
Capital stock of Texas Transportation Co. oharged off
Capital stock of Texas Transportation Co. oharged off
Loss in sale of property of Texas Transportation Co.
Premium paid on bonds redeemed and cancele
Adjustment in valuation of securities owned.
Surveys for acoount of Phanix extension, charged oif
Uncollectible acounts charced off
Uncollectible acoounts charged off.
Taxes paid by southern Paaiffo Co. for acoount operations in year 1887-1888
Adjusturent in land accounts.
Total
Balance to credit June 30, 1897
Increase for the eighteen months

[^3]SUMMARY OF REOEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FROM ALL SOURCES


| Expenditures on capital account, proprietary lines, viz.: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For new property acquired. |  |  |
| Better. and addit'ns on completed lines 1,056,76721 |  |  |
| Less cost of capital stock charged off. $\begin{array}{r}\$ 4,573,79406 \\ 153,14650\end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Expendit, on eapital acet. So. Pac. Oo., viz.: Purchase capital stock H. \&T.C.RR.Co. $\$ 3,189,44594$ Purohase eapit'lsto'k S. P.RR.Co.of Cal. 13,669.81 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Less proceeds from sale of miscella- $\$ 3,203,11575$ |  |  |
| neous stock$28,85500$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Less increase in deterred lia- <br> bilities <br> \$759,979 79 |  |  |
| Less increase in contingent |  |  |
| liabilities..................... 329,770 38 |  |  |

$1,867,14432$
V.-ASAETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE PROPRIETABY COMPANIES AND SOUTHERN PAOTFIO COMPANY ON JUNE 30,1897

The assets and liabilities have been classified so as to place their character understandingly before those interested in them. Under "Current" have been classed the liabilities which are in current process of adjustment and the assets available for their payment ; under "Deferred" such liabilities as are payable at some future day, either near or remote, and the assets available therefor; and under "Contingent" the amounts involved in the general accounting between the Southern Pacific Company and the proprietary companies; accounts with leased lines and others in which the collections are subject to special conditions and adjustments, and such other accounts as the companies may, on their books, have opened with themselves for convenience in accounting in respect to certain funds.

| ASSETS. | Proprietary Oompanies. | Southern Pacifle Company. | Total, June 30, 1897. | + Increase or -decrease compared with Dec. $31,1895$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of road and franchises. <br> Prorerty. <br> 8teamships as per table No. 22 ln pamphlet report. $\qquad$ Betterments and additions since March 1, 1885 $\qquad$ <br> Total. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 340,448,75796 \\ 16,590,64706 \end{array}$ | \$3,072,845 04 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 340,448,75796 \\ 3,072,84504 \\ 16,590,64706 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +\$ 3,517,02685 \\ +\quad 1,52675 \\ +\quad 1,056,76721 \end{array}$ |
|  | \$357,039,405 02 | \$3,072,845 04 | \$360,112,250 06 | +84,575,320 81 |
| Bтоск. <br> 8tock In proprletary cormpanies as per table Ne. 26 In pamphlet report. <br> stock in leased lines as por table No. 26 <br> Stock in other companles as per table No. 26 | \$583,151 46 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 122,990,65308 \\ 679,83016 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 123,573,80454 \\ 679,83016 \end{array}$ | +\$3,049,969 25 |
|  |  | 903,577 67 | 903,577 67 | 28,855 00 |
| Tosa | \$583,15146 | \$124,574,06091 | \$125,157,212 37 | +\$3,021,11+25 |
| Total property and atoeks. | \$357,622,556 48 | \$127,646,905 95 | \$485,269,462 43 | +\$7,596,435 06 |
| Cubrieyt Assets. <br> Face value. \$1,749,000 00 |  | \$1,806,860 00 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,925,00000 \\ 1,093,47500 \end{array}$ | + \$610,175 00 |
| 8. P. RR, Co, of Cail, 1at mort. 5 per cent bonda........... $1,241,000$ 00 | \$118,140 00 |  |  |  |
| G. W.T. \& P, Ry, Co, 1st mort. 5 per cent bonds.......... $2,224,00000$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,334,17838 \\ 232,50000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,334,178 38 | $\begin{array}{r} 159,75000 \\ +\quad 113,38334 \\ +\quad 50,00000 \end{array}$ |
| Gils Valles clobe de Nor. Ry. Co., 5 per cent bonds....... 170,000 00 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 113,33334 \\ 50,000 \\ 00 \end{array}$ | 113,333 34 |  |
| Slerra Ry. Co. of Cal., 1 st mort. 6 per cent bonds.......... 50,00000 |  |  | 50,000 3500 3000 |  |
| Texas Transp. Co., 1 st mort. 5 per cent bonds........... 350,00000 | $\begin{array}{r} 350,00000 \\ 370,50000 \\ 26,82500 \end{array}$ |  | $370,500 \text { co }$ |  |
| Houston \& Tex. Cent. RR, Ken. morr. 4 yer cent bonds... 570,00000 Houston \& Tex. Cent RR. Co., deb. 6 per cent bonds.... 28,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ft . Worth \& New Orleans Ry., 1 at mort. 6 per cent bonds |  |  | $26,82500$ | $\begin{array}{r} =\quad 648,00000 \\ =\quad 6,00000 \end{array}$ |
|  | 36,00010000100000 |  | 36,00000 |  |
| The Direet Navigatton 5 per cent secured note............................ |  |  |  | 100,00000$+1,696,17150$ |
| Cash.... | 759,325 75 | $2,009,57913$494,140204,11499 | \| $\begin{array}{r}100,00000 \\ 2,768,90488 \\ 57689\end{array}$ |  |
|  | 81,919 101,069 14 |  | 576,059 305,184 |  |
| Paetfie Improvement Co | 265,190 76 |  |  | 99,718 10 |
| Individuals and compan | $\begin{array}{r}286,059 \\ 85, \\ 6563 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 204,11499 <br> $\ldots \ldots \ldots .$. <br> $\ldots .0$ |  | 121,94892 $-\quad 10,97056$ |
| U. s. tratisportation |  | $\begin{array}{r} 19,00427 \\ 2,400,07520 \\ 18,36247 \end{array}$ |  | - 10,97056 |
| Material, fuel and other supplies. | 1,333,059 18 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \pm \quad 363,97262 \\ -\quad 177,25700 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| nees for other |  |  |  |  |
| Tota | \$3,893,452 73 | \$9,775,672 82 | \$13, $\overline{669,12555}$ | - \$1,198,335 63 |
| Deprrred Absets.steamahip El Rlo and tug El Toro ............................. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate and terminal property-San Fran |  |  | 2,000,016 05 | + \$12,75935 |
| Real eatate and terminal property other plac |  |  | 731,187 2 |  |
| Creosoting and burnettizing woriss-Californ | , |  | 125,603 | + 1,16736 |
| Relligg stock |  |  | 2,179,973 74 | $+\quad 5,94488$ <br> $+\quad 7,31037$ |
| Other lands in State of Texa | 290,016 19 |  |  |  |
| Land notes and contracta | 2,850,051 21 |  | 2,850,051 21 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{T} 22,76958 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Other property | 11,493 60 |  | 3,071,534 08 |  |
| Binkivg funde |  | $\begin{gathered} 33,73363 \\ 634,39815 \end{gathered}$ | 3,071, 74,94651 | 2,120 65 |
| U. 8, transportation-Paoillo 8yste | 41,212 88 |  | 634,398 15 | - 1,599,579 89 |
| Tot | \$8,444,281 65 | \$4,255,61200 | \$12,699,893 65 | -\$1,378,45704 |
| Comtmaent Asasts. Fice |  |  |  |  |
| Q. H. \& B. A. Ry., M. P. extension fncome bonds.......... $\$ 1,110,000$ Fat | \$11,97500 | \$277,500 00 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 277,50000 \\ 11,875 \\ \hline 00 \end{array}$ |  |
| Proprietary companies |  |  |  | + \$191,52720 |
| Individuals and companies | 116,56687 |  | 116,566 87 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,24749 \\ =2.918,53065 \end{array}$ |
| Houston \& Texas Central C | 3,194,15873 |  | 3,194,1587\% | $\begin{array}{r} +2,918,53065 \\ +1,128,70853 \end{array}$ |
| Unadjusted accounts | 26,813 54 | $1,358,011221$ | $1,384,65775$ | 268,449 45 |
| 8outhern Pacific RR. Co. of |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Bouthern Pac }}$ | $\ldots .$. | $\begin{array}{r} 109,73860 \\ 96,93036 \end{array}$ | $109,73860$ |  |
| Galveston Harriabur |  | 1,099,010 00 | 1,099,010 00 | 0,817 92 |
| New York Texas \& Mexican |  | $\begin{array}{r}601,666 \\ 34,756 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}601,666 \\ 34,756 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}29,00303 \\ \hline+\quad 97,03247\end{array}$ |
| Gule Weatern Texas \& Paoifi |  |  |  |  |
| Fort Worth \& New Orlea |  | 3,107,072 34 | $3,107,67234$ | + 1,420,27819 |
| Oreson de Califormia RR. Co |  |  |  |  |
| Construetion advances to $p$. | …......... | 2,157 23 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 60,176 } \\ 2,15723 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,15723 \\ +\quad 665,55843 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| in Antonio \& Aranas Pags Rail |  |  | 36500 |  |
| , | *3,952,45612 | …............ |  | - \$248,043 11 |
| Tota |  | \$6,701,180 17 | \$10,653,63629 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



## VI.-PROPRIETARY COMPANIES.

The following statement shows the outstanding bonds and shares of the proprietary companies, and the property covered thereby, on June 30, 1897. The capital stock of said companies is owned principally by the Southern Pacific Company, in exchange for which the capital stock of the Southern Pacific Company has been issued:

| Capital account. | Total, June 30,1897. | Total, Dec. 31, 1895. | Increase. | Decrease. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed interest-hearing mortgage debt, including bonds outsta on Mojave Division <br> State of Texas school fund debt <br> Income mortgage bonds. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 143,966,63608 \\ 378,41563 \\ 6,354,00000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 141,447,63608 \\ 389,99899 \\ 6,354,000.90 \end{array}$ | \$2,519,000 00 | \$11,583 36 |
| Total bonds and debt. Capital stock. | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 150,699,05171 \\ & 182,281,30600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 148,191,{ }^{6} 3507 \\ & 180,897,45875 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,507,41664 \\ 1,383,84725 \end{array}$ |  |
| Total bonds, debt and stock | \$332,980,357 71 | \$329,089,093 82 | \$3,891,263 89 |  |
| Property. <br> Miles of main track and branches, including Mojave Division. Miles of second track <br> Miles of sidings $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,454 \cdot 84 \\ 71 \cdot 64 \\ 1,163 \cdot 61 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,406 \cdot 07 \\ 1,06 \cdot 10 \\ 1,097 \cdot 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48 \cdot 77 \\ 5.54 \\ 66.45 \end{array}$ |  |
| Total raill lines. | 6,690.09 | 6,569•33 | 120.76 |  |
| Miles of ferries Miles of river lines. Miles of ocean line. | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 370 \\ 3,070 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 370 \\ 3,070 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Locomotives. <br> Baggage, mail and express cars <br> Pas-onger, parlor, dining and business cars <br> Pullman sleeping and tourist cars. <br> Compartment and composite cars... <br> Frelght cars of all kinds. <br> Road service cars of all kinds <br> Ocean steamships. <br> Car transfer steamers <br> Passenger ferry steamers <br> River steamers . $\qquad$ <br> Tugs.... <br> Derrick boats <br> Dredger boats. <br> Stern docks. <br> Pile drivers... |  | 723 <br> 177 <br> 512 <br> 124 <br> 7 <br> 19,344 <br> 294 <br> 9 <br> 5 <br> 2 <br> 4 <br> 10 <br> 30 <br> 3 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | 24 4 15 | 12 332 7 |
| Bond and interest account, excluding Mojave Division. F'xed interest-bearing mortgage debt and school debt. <br> Annual interest on same on bonds outstanding July 1, $1897 \ldots$. A verage bonds and school debt per mile or road. Annual taterest charge per mile of road. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 137,074,05171 \\ 7,516,14424 \\ 26,29804 \\ 1,4+199 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 134,566.63507 \\ 7,392,94924 \\ 26,06082 \\ 1.43175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,507,41664 \\ 123,19500 \\ 23722 \\ 1024 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |

The operating expenses of these companies are charged currently with the cost of replacing all equipment destroyed, worn out or sold during the year. The amount to the credit of the renewal funds for locomotives, cars, floating equipment and structures amounted on June 30th to $\$ 430,925 \cdot 73$.

The earnings of these companies of which the net profits inure to the Southern Pacific Company, as the principal owner of their capital stock, have been:

|  | Fear to Jume 30, 1897. |  | Year to June 30, 1897. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average mileage of rall lines (owned, fall, $5,198 \cdot 30$; leased, rall, 30.84 ) | 5,229•14 | Expenditures. | \$22,199,702 13 |
|  |  | Taxes ................. | \$22, 899,70213 |
| Passenger | \$7,182,426 70 | Betterments and addition | 731,977 22 |
| Mail.. | 666,193 74 | Interest on bonded debt | 7,843,533 93 |
| Express | 468,106 47 | Interest on State of Texas debt | 7,823,050 11 |
| Extra baggage | 91.41348 | Sinking-fund contributions and e | 415,245 00 |
| 8leeping car | 21,433,679 19 | General administration expenses | 68,636 79 |
| Car mileage | 508,108 84 | Taxes and expenses-land depa | 220,868 63 689 0.23 |
| Locomotive mil | 44,758 231 | Miscellaneous expenses. | 6,170 53 |
| Sundry... | 374,774 02, | Total expenditures. |  |
| Rental. | 89,764 62 |  | \$32,472,273 28 |
| Total | \$31,194,612 58 | Balance.. | \$2,159,913 54 |
| Steamships | 2,293,866 64 | Net profits due Southern Pacific Co. under omnibus | \$2,150,913 54 |
| Total transportation earnings | \$33,488,479 22 |  | 157,849 30 |
| Trarkage and other rentals. Income fram investments | $\begin{array}{r} +\quad 53,24364 \\ -\quad 65,70200 \end{array}$ | Balance after payment of all charges except for |  |
| Mis cellaneous recelpts.... | 25,925 56 |  | \$2,002,064.24 |
| Earnlugs of sinking funds. | 125,245 00 | Betterments and additiong, charged to profit and loss... | \$133,471 09 |
| Interest on open accoun | 382,591 40 | Betierments and additions charged to capital account. | 758,203 13 |
| Total receipts. | \$34,632,186 82 |  | \$891,674 22 |

The earnings and expenses (including steamships) per mile of road operated averaged:

| Twelve mosths Ending. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June 30, } \\ & 1897 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31 \text {, } 1896 . \end{gathered}$ | December 31, 1895. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,40420 \\ 8343 \\ 13529 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,40105 \\ 8362 \\ 10351 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,72864 \\ 8439 \\ 10254 \end{array}$ |
| Total recelpta. | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 6,62292 \\ 4,245 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\$ 6,58818$ 4,274 2,39 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 6,915 \quad 57 \\ & 4,46783 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 2,377 54 | 2,313 39 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}1,964 \\ 413 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1,931 382 | 1,908 52 |
| Bottorments and additions. | 17052 | 16014 | ${ }_{343} 74$ |
| Balance ..................... | 24254 | 22200 | 19548 |

## VIL-TRANSPORTATION EARNINGS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE $30 \mathrm{TH}, 1897$.

The transportation operations and all statistics in respect thereto of the companies, whose capital stock is owned principally by the Southern Pacific Company, and companies whose capital stock is owned by others than the Southern Paoific Company, but which are operated by the Southern Pacific Company under leases to it, have been, since the organization of the Southern Pacific Company in 1885, distributed as between operations of lines west of El Paso and operations of lines east of El Paso. As the lines west of El Paso are all leased to the Southern Pacific Company and operated as one system, they are known as the "Pacific System" of the Southern Pacific Company. Certain lines in Texas operated by their own organizations, and in Louisiana, leased to the Southern Pacific Company, constitute the lines east of El Paso For the purpose of facilitating the comparison of operations with former years of substantially the same lines, the operations have been re-combined and are reported for convenience under "Atlantic Properties." A similar combination has been made of the operations of the Houston \& Texas Central, Austin \& Northwestern, Central Texas \& Northwestern and Fort Worth \& New Orleans railroads, and designated, for convenience, "Houston \& Texas Central Lines."

| Earmisges. | Pacifle System. | Allantic | Houston of Tezas Central Lines. | Total. | During the $\mathbf{Y}$ ear. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | norease. | Decrease. |
| Average milles of rall lines operated. <br> Passenger earnings <br> Mail earninga. <br> Express earulogs. <br> Extra bagyage earninga <br> Sleeping car earnlaga. <br> Frelght earninga <br> Car mileage carnings. <br> Locomotive mileage earnings <br> Telegraph earsings. <br> Sundry earninga. <br> Rental carnings. | 4,943.45 | 1,801•36 | $612 \cdot 82$ | 7,357•63 |  |  |
|  | 89,361,63 | ,806,526 46 | \$716,014 45 | \$11,884,172 64 |  | 365,44 |
|  | 1,158,396 | 231,598 10 | 90,000 03 | 1,479,994 85 | .71094 |  |
|  | 527,824 <br> 124,441 | 128,21866 29,23635 | 64,61791 10,81371 | 720,66057 164,49182 |  | 9,055 |
|  | 401,798 23 | 76,193 76 | 2,815 95 | 480,807 94 |  | 38 |
|  | 9,155,205 25 | 8,364,993 79 | 2,758,699 36 | 30,278,949 40 |  | 96,111 8 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}519,655 \\ 75,591 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 219,24982 9,02297 | 43,80800 9,22531 | 782,713 93,839 315 | 34,959 14 | 24,804 39 |
|  | 103.18000 | 1,274 57 |  | 104,454 82 | 38399 |  |
|  | 138,589 46 | 248,060 76 | 48,546 03 | 435.19625 | 8,674 94 |  |
|  | 127,063 49 | 13,731 73 | 11,957 76 | 152,75298 |  | , 318 |
| Total rallroads Steamship line | \$31,693,43730 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 11,128,10697 \\ 2,293,86664 \end{array}$ | \$3,756,489 76 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 46,578,03403 \\ 2,293,86664 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 622,33471 \\ 92.83458 \end{array}$ |
| Total 1897 <br> Total 1896. <br> Decrease. <br> Tnerease <br> Per cent. | 893.437 30 | \$13,421,973 61 | 3,756.489 76 | 48,871,900 67 |  | 15,169 29 |
|  | 32,565,946 39 | 13,347,493 97 | 3,673,623 60 |  |  |  |
|  | \$872,509 09 |  |  | 15,168 29 |  |  |
|  | 268 |  |  | 1.44 |  |  |
| Passengers. <br> Number through and local Number ferry-auburban... <br> Number carried one mile, through and local <br> Number carrled one mile ferry-suburban <br> Average distance carried, through and local. <br> Average diatance oarried, ferry guburban. <br> $\Delta$ verage recelpts per passenger mile. | 5.658,657 | 1,019,917 | 675,116 |  |  | 178,575 |
|  | 13,492,901 | 78,721,882 | 7,516,332 | $\begin{gathered} 13,492,901 \\ 485 \end{gathered}$ | 223,555 | 1,110.84 |
|  | 125,896,559 |  |  | 125,896,559 | 19,017.218 |  |
|  | 63.50 miles | 7718 miles | 40.76 miles | ${ }^{63.31}$ milles | 70 miles |  |
|  | 1.929 cents | $2 \cdot 295$ centa | $2 \cdot 399$ cents | $1 \cdot 999$ cents | 0004 cents |  |
| Commercial Freight. <br> Number of tons earried <br> Tons carried one mile. $\qquad$ <br> Average length of hani $\qquad$ <br> Aterage recelpta per ton per mile. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,484,359,556. | 910,407,817 | 198,848,698 | 2,593,616,071 | 23,994,277 |  |
|  | $272 \cdot 10$ miles | 333.01 miles | 178.16 miles | 278.73 miles |  | $4.08 \mathrm{miles}$ |
|  | 1.227 cents |  | 1,390 cents |  |  | .008 cents |

Pacific System. - The effects of the general business depression were manifested in the diminished travel and reduced earnings. Excluding ferry-suburban travel and earnings, through and local passengers carried decreased 236,182 passengers, or $4 \cdot 01$ per cent ; passenger miles decreased $20,784,505$ miles, or 5.47 per cent; and average length of haul 1.52 per cent. Earnings decreased $\$ 388,56838$, or 4.45 per cent, and average receipts per passenger mile increased 02 of a cent, or 87 per cent. There were carried during the year $13,492,901$ ferry-suburban passengers-an increase of 223,555 passengers, with an increase in earnings of $\$ 23,39818$.

The decrease in freight earnings resulted entirely from the decrease in average receipts per ton per mile. Excluding the tonnage and earnings frem company's freight, which has decreased $\$ 78,98889$, the number of tons of through and
local freight carried increased 73,436 tons, or $1 \cdot 36$ per cent; in ton miles increased $4,209,756$ miles, or 28 per cent, with a slight decrease in the average length of haul. Earnings decreased $\$ 410,43837$, or $2 \cdot 36$ per cent, and the average receipts per ton per mile decreased 033 cent, or $2 \cdot 54$ per cent.

Earnings from express decreased $\$ 45,225$ 15Jand from sleeping cars $\$ 15,53686$, resulting mainly from the general business depression.

Atlontic Poperties.-Through and local passengers carried increased 90,745 passengers, or $9 \cdot 77$ per cent; passenger miles inereased $2,196,490$ miles, or $2 \cdot 87$ per cent; and the average length of haul decreased 6.28 per cent. Earnings increased $\$ 61,06978$, or $3 \cdot 50$ per cent, and the average receipts per passenger mile increased $\cdot 014$ cents, or 61 per cent.

Excluding the tonnage and earnings from company's freight, which decreased $\$ 80,83125$, the number of tons of through and local freight carried increased 117,579 tons, or $4 \cdot 49$ per cent, ton miles increased $9,177,917$ miles, or $1 \cdot 02$ per cent, but the average length of haul decreased 3.33 per cent. Earnings increased $\$ 236,43191$, or $2 \cdot 96$ per cent, and the average receipts per ton per mile increased $\cdot 017$ cents, or $1 \cdot 92$ per cent.

Earnings from express decreased $\$ 4,820$ 15, and from sleeping cars $\$ 14,882$ 69, principally from the unsatisfactory business conditions.

The steamship earnings were as follows :

| Lines. | This Year. |  | LastYear. |  | Increase. |  | Decrease. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Trips. | Amount. | No. Trips. | Amount. | No. Trips. | $\Delta$ mount. | No. Treps. | Amount. |
| New York-New Orleans | 126 | \$1,995,037 01 | 151 25 | \$2,095,085 17 |  | \$3,17143 | 25 | \$100,048 16 |
| Texasana. | 53 | 149,871 46 | 59 | 208,218 97 | .... |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 58,347 51 |
| Nicaragua $\begin{aligned} & \text { New York \& Galvesto }\end{aligned}$ | i |  | 10 | *2,348 80 | 1 | 2,34880 11,68709 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous ........ |  | 78,723 85 |  | 30,370 08 |  | 48,353 77 |  |  |
| Total.................. | 206 | \$2,293,866 64 | 245 | \$2,386,701 22 | $\ldots$ |  | 39 | \$92,834 58 |

- Debit.

Passenger earnings decreased $\$ 10,15521$; freight earnings decreased $\$ 131,03314$; and miscellaneous earnings increased $\$ 48,35377$. The Nicaragua line was not operated this year.

Houston \& Texas Central Lines - There was a decrease in through and local passengers carried 'of 33,138 passengers, or 4.68 per cent ; in passenger miles of $2,522,826$ miles, or 8.40 per cent; in the average length of haul of 3.89 per cent, and in earnings of $\$ 48,86515$, or 6.89 per cent. The decrease was principally in through travel, which had decreased $\$ 30,27279$, or 15.48 per cent. There was a gain of 0.038 cents, or 1.61 per cent in the average receipts per passenger per mile.

There was an increase in the number of tons of through and local freight carried of 28,330 tons, or 2.60 per cent; in ton miles of $10,606,604$ miles, or $5 \cdot 63$ per cent; in the average length of haul of $2 \cdot 96$ per cent; and in earnings of $\$ 166,81304$, or 6.42 per cent. The average receipts per ton per mile increased 036 cents, or 3.07 per cent.

The details in respect to through and local traffic and character of tonnage carried are shown on tables Nos. 16, 17 and 18 in pamphlet report.

## VIII.-OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

The operating expenses of the railroads, ferries and steamships have been as follows :

|  | Pacific <br> System. | Atlantic Properties. | Houston \& Texas Oentral Lines. | Total. | +Increase. -Decrease. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Pacific System. | Allantic Properties. | H. \& T. $O$. Iines. |
| Maintenance of way and structures. | \$4,318,353 63 | \$1,366,348 19 | \$576,890 52 | \$6,261,592 34 | \$670,913 59 | \$102,066 74 | + \$6,65368 |
| Conducting transportation............ | 10,223,189 95 | 4,009,455 97 | 1,323,919 59 | 15,556,865 51 | - $\quad 450,66886$ |  | + 46,01939 |
| General expenses. Steamships | 2,107,330 49 | $\begin{array}{r} 764,45625 \\ 1,791,68560 \end{array}$ | 1,269,943 75 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,141,73049 \\ 1,791,685 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | + 31,24449 | $\begin{array}{r} 26,73008 \\ -\quad 188,95925 \end{array}$ | + 19,852 45 |
| Total 1897. | \$19,986,33749 | \$9,161,678 95 | \$2,527,924 81 | \$31,675,941 25 | -\$1,116,139 95 | + \$14,72600 | +\$59,232 93 |
| Per cent. Percentage of oper. exp., rail lines.. | 63.06 | 60:09 | 6730 | 62 \% | $5 \cdot 31$ | + 0.16 | $+\quad 2 \cdot 40$ |

The steamships have been operated for 78.11 per cent of their gross earnings, against 82.98 per cent in 1896.
Although the operating expenses were $\$ 1,042,18102$, or $3 \cdot 18$ per cent less than the previous year, there is included in the year's expenses the cost of replacing 12 locomotives, 23 first class Pullman sleeping cars, 22 tourist cars, 1 baggage, mail and express car, 2 passenger cars, 1 business car, 598 freight cars and 6 road service cars, amounting to $\$ 607,61843$, and for replacing floating equipment $\$ 22,21731$; also $\$ 165,44826$ for equipping 7,283 freight cars with automatic couplers. Large expenditures were also made on the Southern Pacific Railroad of Arizona in improving its roadbed and track, the expenses for maintenance of way and structures exceeding by $\$ 234,76629$ the expenses for the previous year.

The close attention given to car loading and train loading enabled the company to move 219,345 more tons, or 2.41 per cent over the preceding year, with a reduction in the expenses for conducting transportation of $\$ 427,37698$.

## IX.-GENERAL REMARKS.

Summarizing the transactions referred to in the preceding divisions of this report, the results for the year ending June 30th, 1897, have been as follows:
Gross transportation earnings and other receipts, except from oapital account and from proceeds fro sales
of land pledged for redemption of bonds, 12 months ending June 30th
$\$ 51,209,56051$
Operating expenses, including oharges for the replacement or equipment, amounting to $\$ 619,296$ on , and

Taxes and all fixed charges of proprietary companies and under leases, including $\$ 490,24500$ contribution
to sinking fund and advances to Oregon \& California RR. Co.
831,075,941 25
$17,260,58123$
48,936,522 48
Expended for betterments and additions, of which $\$ 133,471$ os was subsequentiy chargod to profit and loss
and $\$ 789,327 ~$
$\$ 2,273,03803$ and $\$ 789,32738$ to capital account of the proprietary and leased lines 922,79847
Balance after parment of all fixed oharges and betterments.
$\$ 1,350,2395$
These companies began to equip their locomotives and freight cars with automatic air brakes a number of years ago, and the equipment with air brakes, as required by the Act of Congress, has been nearly completed. Automatic couplers have been applied to very much more than one-half of the freight cars of the company, as required by this Act

The expenditures on capital account from December 31st, 1895, to June 30th, 1897 (eighteen months), have been as follows:
For 57.89 miles of new lines (thls includes the very heavy work through the Coast Range mountains between Santa Margarita and Elwood)
For other property acquired and expenditures for acoount of cost of road and franohise
and twenty-six $20 \times 2 i$ adions to completed line, including 5.542 miles second track, 58.92 miles of sidings, and twenty-six $20 \times 26$ 10-wheel passenger locomotives and three barges
$\$ 3,779,82750$
313,20378
1,441,432 52
Less proceeds from property sold, expenditures for betterments charged to profit and loss, and expenditures eharged to capital account in former years charged off during the year.
$\$ 5,534,46380$

Total expenditures on capital account.
Provided for out of new eapital fssued (face value)... $\qquad$
Leaving to be provided out of net earnings and other sources.
There was retired from outstanding capital during this period:
Bonds and other fixed interest-bearing debt
-959,14299
$\$ 4,575,32081$
$\$ 3,197,63500$
$\$ 751,53611$

The unexpended balance of the renewal fund for locomotives, cars, floating equipment and structures to June 30 th amounted to $\$ 430,92578$

The profit and loss account shows a net gain from January 1st, 1896, to June 30th, 1897, of $\$ 2,891,479.71$ after adjustment of all charges.

The tonnage moved over all the lines averaged 351,836 ton miles per mile of road operated for the year 1897 and 349,298 ton miles for the year 1896. The average receipts per ton per mile decreased from $1 \cdot 138$ cents in 1896 to $1 \cdot 126$ cents in 1897 .

The requirements for betterments and additions for next year will probably not exceed one million dollars and will be mainly for ballasting, additional sidings, enlargement of terminal facilities and other improvements to provide for additional business

The policy of the company of liberally bettering and adding to these properties, kept steadily in view since 1890, has been most satisfactory in its results. It has enabled the company to materially reduce the expenses for maintenance and operation during the exceptional business depression of the last four years and leave the properties at the close of this year in a better physical condition and in a higher state of efficiency than at the close of any previous period. From the statement in respect to the physical condition of roadbed, track and bridges, as shown on table No. 24 [pamphlet] in the Controller's report, it will be seen that of the ties in track $4,634,242$, or about 18 p . c., are burnettized or creosoted, and 16,363 , 050 or 64 p . c. are of redwood, cypress, cedar and bois d'arc, which do not readily decay and whose service is prolonged by the use of tie plates; leaving but $4,562,078$ or about 18 per cent of untreated ties in track to be replaced by burnettized or redwood ties as renewals become necessary. The number of crossties burnettized at the four wood-preserving plants of these properties average about one million ties per annum. The number of tie-plates now in use equals those required for $961 \cdot 40$ miles of continuously tie-plated track and a large number of plates have been ordered for the ensuing year. About 20 per cent of the timber trestles have already been renewed with oreosoted lumber and there is creosoted annually at the wood-preserving plants from three hundred to four hundred thousand lineal feet of piling and about six million feet B. M. of other lumber to be used in making renewals of trestles, docks and wharves, as repairs become necessary.

The indications of returning confidence and business activity which began to manifest themselves during the last sixty days of the year just ended have been confirmed by the reports from all sections of the country of a steady and conservative progress of industrial operations. The improvement in the general business situation has already been reflected in a gratifying improvement in the company's earnings since the close of the year, and all indioations point to the movement of a large tonnage in both directions over its lines,

A comparative statement of the company's earnings for the past five years (as of June 30th), referred to in the earlier part of this report, shows that the gross earnings for the year ending June 30, 1897, were $\$ 5,484,82884$ less than for the year ending June 30,1893 - 3 reduction of 10.09 per cent. The large loss in earnings between these two periods, experienced by all railroads of this country to a greater or less amount, but resulting, in respect to many of these railroads, from a large shrinkage of tonnage during a period of business depression as well as from a decline in rates, has, so far as freight transportation on these properties is concerned, resulted entirely from the decrease in rates of transportation, the company's tonnage in the year just ended exceeding that of any previous year. The average freight rate received in 1898 Was $1 \cdot 505$ cents per ton mile, against $1 \cdot 126$ cents in 1897 -a decrease of $\cdot 379$ cents, or $25 \cdot 18$ per oent, whereas the density of tonnage, $i$. e., the ton miles per mile of road operated in 1897, were 351,836 tons miles against 299,929 ton miles in 1893 -an increase of $17 \cdot 81$ per cent. The average passenger rate received in 1893 was $2 \cdot 493$ cents per passenger mile, against $2 \cdot 323$ cents in 1897-a decrease of 170 cents or 6.82 per cent, but the density of travel decreased from 71,650 passenger miles per nile of road operated in 1898 , to 63,290 passenger miles in 1897 -a decrease of 11.53 per cent.

Dealing with the effects of these reductions on the earnings of the several properties, if the company had received in 1897 the rates it received in 1893, the earnings on the Pacific System would have been greater by $\$ 8,067,34472$, on the Atlantic Properties by $\$ 2,139,515-03$ and on the Houston \& Texas Central lines by $\$ 425,37872$, a total of $\$ 10,639,23847$.

From the above statement it is evident that rates should be increased, or else tonnage will have to be mach greater than it has been, in order to maintain the railroads in their present efliciency and leave a fair return to those who have invested their money in oreating these properties. The shareholders of the Southern Pacific Company have never received a dividend since the organization of the company, but have on the contrary advanced many millions to place these propexties in their present high state of efficiency for the publio service. I do not therefore believe that the public, when it understands these questions, desires to have the railroads operated at prices which cannot leave a fair return to those who have spent their time and money in building them.

As referred to in the report for the year ending. December 31, 1896, there is a growing disposition to treat railroad properties with greater fairness than in the past. An instance of this kind is the action of the North Carolina Railroad Commission, which recently refused to further reduce freight and passenger rates. In the year 1891, when this commission was created, the average of receipts per passenger mile was 2.88 cents, and the average freight rate per ton mile was $1 \cdot 66$ cents. Now the average passenger rate is 2.21 cents and the average freight rate 1.39 cents. After referring to the number of employees, wages paid annually, etc., the commissioners conclude their report as follows: "From the abovementioned facts and others st the disposal of the commission, we see no good reason for changing the views expressed in our last communication to the Governor, and we now reiterate that the present rates are just and reasonable, and as low as in other States of like population per square mile, if not lower; and we decline to make any material ohanges at pres ent." These indications of greater fairness and sense of justice towards the railroads are an encouraging feature in the railroad situation, and show a gratifying improvement in the state of public mind towards railroads over that condition referred to in the annual report for the year 1895, which had swept over certain sections of this country in the nature of an epidemic, leaving in its wake much financial and moral harm. While the company had to depend in the past mainly upon the judicial arm of the Government for the preservation of the rights of these properties in most of the States in which these properties lie, it is encouraging to note that the people are growing more conservative and learning to appre ciate the necessity of treating railroad investments as they do other property-neither better nor worse. The necessitios and requirements of a railroad's existence are better understood than ever before, and the inter-dependence of State and railroad in those matters which directly concern the progress and prosperity of each is being more and more clearly recognized. It is hoped that, in future, States will be more careful of investments in corporate property within their jurisdiction, particularly of those investments which bear so important a relation to the increase of their population and the development of their dormant resources as their railroads, for there are plain and substantial reasons why that special class of property does more to enrich a State and advance the interests of her citizens along the line it traverses than any other agency. Although the railroad interests have been greatly harmed by the combination of demagogy, agrarianism and other destructive elements, the harm done by them does not, in my opinion, begin to reach the aggregate of damage and injury which has been and is caused by the unfortunate policy of the owners of the railroads themselves, or perhaps to state it more correctly, of those who operate and manage the properties for them and interpret-or misinterpret-the policy of the owners.

The lease made with the California Pacific Railroad Co. in 1886 provided that revision might be made at the request of either party at the expiration of each period of five years. The annual rental of $\$ 600,000$, which was fixed at a period when rates were much higher than they have been since, caused a large loss to the Southern Pacific Company, and before the first period of five years had passed the Southern Pacific Company asked a reduction of the rental. The request was entertained but action deferred in consequence of the death of Major R. P. Hammond, then President of the California Pacific Railroad Co. The modification was subsequently deferred until the termination of the second period, November 1, 1896 (it being understood that the excessive payments made by the lessee during the second period should be taken into account when that period closed), and then the lease was modified by fixing the rental at eighty per cent of the earnings remaining after the payment by the lessee of operating expenses, taxes and rentals, with a guaranty on the part of the Southern Pacific Company that the eighty per cent of earnings over operating expenses, taxes and rentals should, after the payment of betterments and additions, in no case fall below an amount sufficient to pay the interest on all outstanding bonded indebtedness, sinking-fund requirements and expenses of maintaining corporate organization.

The company has to record the loss since the close of the year of one of its most valued associates and oficers, the late Vice-President, Mr. Charles F. Crocker, whose life has been practically spent in the service of these interests. Mr. Crocker died after a brief illness on the seventeenth day of July, 1897, and the Board submits with this report a copy of the resolutions adopted by it on the 28d of that month.

The Board desires to acknowledge its ap reciation of the loyalty and devotion which its officers and employés-from the highest to the lowest-have manifested in the discharge of their respective duties, and it fully recognizes the fact that their fidelity and personal pride in the efficiency of these properties have contributed very much towards bringing them up to their present high standard.

Respectfully,

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPAVY,
ABSTRACI OF REPORT FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897
THANSPORTATION EARNINGS.

| Years ending June 30- Mi | $\begin{gathered} 1897 . \\ \text { Miles, } 1,359 \cdot 22 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { i896. } \\ \text { Mil } 8,1,359 \cdot 22 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger............................. \$4 | \$4,766,836 76 | \$4,881,776 93 |
| Freight...... | $\begin{array}{r}7,422,13942 \\ 450,73494 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $7,375,54142$ 440,79612 |
| Miscellaneou |  |  |
| Total earnings................... $\$ 1$ | .\$12,639,711 12 | \$12,698,114 47 |
| OPERATING EX | EXPENSES. |  |
| Years endeng June 30- 1897. | 1896. | Inc. or Dec. |
| Main. of way and struc.. $\$ 1,404,12821$ | 21 \$1,648,851 07 | $D$ \$244,722 86 |
| Main. of equipment..... $1,375,86216$ | 16 1,338,307 55 | I. $\quad 37.55461$ |
| Conducting tran*port'n. $3,979,44322$ | 22 4,131,84172 | D. 152,40150 |
| General oxpenses....... 889,465 49 | 49 896,958 41 | D. 7,492 92 |
| Total oper. expenses, \$7,648,899 08 | 08 \$8,015,961 75 | D. $\$ 367,06267$ |
| Per cent of operating expenzes to earnings..... $62 \cdot 52$ | $63 \cdot 13$ | D. $2 \cdot 81$ |
| Earnings over 0p. ex.... $\$ 4,990,812$ | 2 \$4.682,152 |  |

The assets and liabilities of the company are shown in detail in table A in the report of the Secretary and Auditor. Land grant bonds of 1870, amounting to the sum of $\$ 89,000$ were redeemed during the six months ending June 30,1897 . The sum of $\$ 1,000$ on account of the company's first mortgage bonds, series E, maturing January 1, 1897, was redeemed on a bond of indemnity.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AGCOUNT.
The allotments of the various amounts withheld by the Government on account of transportation services rendered and cash payments made by the company, arising from the issue of bonds in aid of the construction of the railroad, as shown by the Public Debt Statement of June 30, 1897, are as follows:
Singing fund in the united states treasury
By transportation service................... $\$ 5,027,84871$
By cash payments ............................... 633,99248
Interest and premiums received.......... $\$ 3.027,35836$ 35,661,841 19
Iess premiums paid........................... $1,344,23098$
$1,683,12738$
Total in sinking fund.
$\overline{\$ 7,344,968} \overline{57}$
INTEREST REPAID BY COMPANY:
By cash for five per cent of net earnings. $\$ 7,977,53566$
Total to credit of company December 31, $1896 \ldots \ldots \overline{\$ 15,980,787} 49$
The Secretary of the Treasury at various times made investments of the sinking fund provided by the Act of May 7, 1878, in United States bonds and the first mortgage bouds of the respective companies, whose lien is prior to that of the United States. The total premium paid on these investments, as shown by the foregoing statement, amounts to the sum of $\$ 1,344,23068$. As nearly all of these bonds have been converted into cash, and as the premiums received thereon in return amounts to the sum of $\$ 231,047$ 91, this represents a net loss to the company of $\$ 1,113,18307$. Since the creation of the fund, from July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1897, the company has received in interest on these various investments the sum of $\$ 2,796,31045$.
The following statement shows the character and amount of the present investments of the sinking fund:
Deposits sy the company.
Interest and premium received
.............
$\$ 3,027,35836$
$1.344,23098$
Less premium pald.

## Total in fund.

Invested by the Secretary of the Treasury:

$\$ 5,661,84119$
$1,633,12738$ Central Branch Union Pacific RR, bonds Western Pacific Railroad wonds bonds..
163.00000 117,000 00

Cash uninvested. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
\$437,000 00 Total in fund 6,907,963 57

Pursuant to an Act of Congress approved June 19,1878 (20 Stat., 169), the United States Commissioner of Railroads has made an annual examination of the accounts of the company and determined the amounts currently due the United States under the provisions of the Acts of 1862, 1864, and the Thurman Act of 1878, and payments have been annually made or provided by the company for the amounts so determined. A summary of these accounts is shown in the following statement:

Years ending December 31.
Annual requirement under the Thur-
Applicable as follows:
To United States bonds and interest
Oo sinking fund in United States
Treasury ...............................
Payments to the United States Government to December 31st, as per settlements with United States United States bonds and in
For nited states bond and interest
For sinking fund in United States
Trengury
Treasury.
Total,
1896.
1895.
\$644,573 83
350,173 58
294,400 25
$\$ 648,39003$
353,251 11

## 295,133 92

$\$ 9,739,46340$
5,824,75681 . $\$ 15,564,2232$

5,530,35656 \$14,919,649 38

Although your Board is unable to report any definite action with regard to an adjustment with the Govermment of the claims growing out of the issue of bonds advanced in aid of the construction of the road, it is believed that an arrangement upon an equitable basis will be made in the near future.
As the principal of the entire issue of the company's first mortgage bonds issued under mortgages of July 25, 1865, and January 1. 1867, consisting of Series A to Series I, inclusive, amounting in the aggregate to $\$ 25,883,000$, became payable on January 1, 1898, it became desirable to extend the payment of the principal of these bonds, but meanwhile to pay interest on said principal at a rate lower than the rate of 6 per cent per annum. Arrangements to that effect have been made since the close of the year, and the payment of the principal of said bonds has been extended to the following dates, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum from January 1, 1898, subject to the provision of the respective mortgages and sinking funds provided for thereunder


The company also has the option to extend the $\$ 2,735,000$ Western Paciic first mortgage bonds maturing July 1 , 1899, until June 1, 1901, upon similar terms and rate of interest.

Respectfully submitted,
ISAAC L. REQUA,
President.

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET, JUNE 30, 1897 . ASSETS.

Trne 30, December 31,

| Cost of road and franchises............ $8169,649,36699$ |
| :--- |
| New equipment ....................... |
| $1,891,847$ |

1896 . 31 ,
New equipment
$\overline{\$ 171,541,21437} \overline{\$ 171,421,454.61}$
Total
Sinking Fends:
Sinking funds, as per table D in
Sinking funds, as per tabla E.
pamphlet report
Sinking funds, as per table $\mathbf{F}$
pamphlet report
Trust fund, as per table $G$ in
phlet repor
United States Government, as per
table J in pamphlet report
Total
Current Assets:

Deferred Assets:
Due from United States Government
for transportation on non-aided
and leased roxds, over all requirements.
Land contracts.
$\$ 1,068.16167$. $\$ 1,068,16167$
Bills
Ogden Union Railway \& Depot Co. Capital stock, Coliax \& Forest Hill 000 comercial Co.; tacervalue, \$23,Four hundred acres of land in Coos Co., Or
Capital stock in river transporta-
$10,953,48333$
128,415 92
61,708 49
1,812,992 99
15,888,744 74
$\$ 28,845,34547$
$17,76,42565$ 15,564,223 21
\$28,063,961 60

Total
18,733 93
80,00000
$\$ 2,194,53675$
Contingent Assets:
Unadjusted accounts.
Co.; face value, $\$ 3,449,500 \ldots \ldots$.
Other stocks...............................


Of this amount $\$ 850,000$ is applicable to the payment of the expense of extending at 5 per cent interest the $\$ 25,883,000$ of the company's first mortgage bonds which mature January 1, 1898.

LIABILITIES.

| Capital stocks | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 1897 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital stocks |  |  |
| Less amount held in |  |  |
| Funded dedf, as per table B in pamphlet report. | \$67,275,500 00 | \$67,275,500 00 |
|  | $59.775,00000$ | 59,865,000 00 |
| United States bonds.................... | 27,855,680 00 | 27,855,680 00 |
| Total............. .............. $\$ 154,906,18000$ \% $\$ 154,996,18000$ |  |  |
| Bills payable, trustees land-grant |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| mortgage. | \$400,000 00 | \$400,000 00 |
| Accounts payable | 367,837 15 | $362,802.94$ |
| Unclaimed conpons | 32,17000 | 46.42500 |
| Unelaimed dividend | 32,166 00 | 36,123 00 |
| Interest on bonds accrued to | 275,565 00 | 276,67750 |
| Taxes assessed, but not du | 85,00000 | 128,557 44 |
| Company slnking funds* | 956,381 24 | 460,43624 |
| Total | \$2,149,069 39 | \$1,711,02142 |
| Contisgent mabmities: |  |  |
| Renewal fund for locomotives and carrs. | \$398,47927 | \$281,243 02 |
| Land-grant account, table $B$, in pamplilet report. |  |  |
|  | 1,482,733 36 | 1,54,6,645 71 |
| Total | \$1,881,21263 | \$1,827,888 73 |
|  |  |  |
| Profit and Loss, table C, in pampliet |  |  |
|  | \$1,751,103 07 | \$1,916,542 41 |
| Trust fand for redemption of land |  |  |
| report................................. | 1,812,992 99 | 1,776,425 65 |
| Land-krant bonds of 1870 canceled. | 7,601,000 00 | 7,512,000 00 |
| pany, table If pamphlet report. | 19,220,428 55 | 18,800,133 55 |
| Uaed for U. S. requiroments, table J in pamphlet report |  | 15,564,223 21 |
| Tota' | \$16,274,269 35 | \$45,569,324 82 |
|  | \$205,210,731 37 | 204,104,41497 |

Uninvested at the elose of the year, 3674,57624 . Coupons due July $1,1897, \$ 164,255$.
fand pasments, 8117,500 .

St. Louis \& San Francisco RR.-Atlantic \& Pacifle RR. Central Division-Kansas City Osceola \& Southern RR.Order d Sold,- Judge Thomas has issued an order at Vinita, Indian Teritory, appointing R. L. McClure, of Fort Smith, special master to sell the Central Division of the Atlantic \& Pacific under foreclosure of the first mortgage for $\$ 2,794,000$. This sale is in accordance with the plan by which the St. Louis \& San Francisco is to purchase the line (heretofore perated by it) free of all incumbrances, paying therefor $\$ 300$,000 in cash and $\$ 1500,000$ in its new first mortgage 5 s to be issued on the 112 miles thus acquired.
Agreement with Kansas City Osceola \& Southenn RR. -The Kansas City Osceola \& Southern RR., extending from Kansas City to Osceola, 112 miles (four miles into Kansas City being trackage right over Kansas City Suburban Belt), is to be extended from Osceola to Bolivar, 40 miles, where it will connect with the St Louis \& San Francisco and give that system a Kansas City connection. A long-time traffic agreement is to be made with the 'Frisco.-V. 65, p. 150, 779.
Southwestern Arkansas \& Indian Territory Ry,-Mortgage Armulled. - At Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 22, a decree was entered in the United States Circuit Court in the case of Receiver J. A. Woodson vs. the Farmers' Loan \& Trast C3. et al., as mortynge 1 rustee, and O. L. Geer, Jas. C. Hutch nson and Moritz Lipman, annulling the deed of trust execnted Oct. 24,1895 , but reserving for future consideration the right of two intervenors as to thirty-two of the bonds secured by the mortgage. The bonds secured by the mortgage were listed in Philadelpbia Dec. 81, 1895, and were described along with the property on page 86 of Chronicle for Jan, 11, 1896. The action of the Court, it is stated, was based on proof that the $\$ 2$ 2 0,000 bonds were aold for about $\$ 5,000$. The mortgage was made jointly by the railway and the Smithton Lumber Co.- V. 62, p. 594.

Union (Street) Railway, N. Y.-Quarterly.-Earnings for the quarter ending Sept. 30 have been reported as follows:

|  |  | ${ }^{\text {Net }}$ | Ot | In |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 8167 | $\$ 35,195$ |  |
|  | 155,511 | 80,012 | 83 | 31, | 48,322 |

Loans and bills payable Sept. 30, 1897, 8259; 50, against 4264,609 on Jane 30,-V. 65, p. 193.

Wisconsin Central Co.-Default Nov. 1.-The coupons due Nov. 1 on the joint improvement bonds remain uapaid.

83 Per Cent of the Improvement Bonds Deposited.-Penally ofter Nov. 15. -The Committee, refe ring to its advertisement of Sept. 30, 1897, gives notice that over 88 per cent of the joint improvement bonds has already been depo-ited and that further deposi $s$ with the Old Colony Trust Co., Boston, or the Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co., New York, will be received up to and including Nov, 15, 1897. After that date bonds will be received on payment of $\$ 10$ penalty per bond only. The total issue of improvement bonds is ${ }^{3} 3,442,000$, of which $\$ 3,085,000$ have been deposited, the certificates issued therefor having been listed on the Boston Stock Exchange.-V. 65, p. 776.

[^4]
## COMMERCIALEPITOME

Friday Night, November 5, 1897.
Business in mercantile circles has been on a limited scale only. The elections held on Tuesday had a tendency to interrupt trade, and the fact that the results were subsequently rather unfavorably received in finaucial circles also has had some influence upon the business situation. Advices from the Southwest have reported some improvement in the fever conditions existing there, colder weather accompanied by heavy frosts in some sections checking the ravages of yellow fever and the quarantine has consequently been raised at some points, resalting in an opening up of traffic and trade. Davelopments in the Cuban-Spanish-American situation have been closely followed, considerable interest having been shown in the relations now exising. General rains have been reported in the West which have been favorable for fall-sown grain and there has been a reaction in wheat values. The action of the Chamber of Commerce in recommending an increase in artillery force has created some uneasiness.

| Slocks of Merehandise. | $\begin{gathered} \text { October 1, } \\ 1897 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov, } 1 \text {, } \\ 1897 \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Now. 1, } \\ & 1896 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pork .........................bbls. | 9,139 | 9,375 | 8,604 |
| Lard | 12,659 | 10.832 | 19,257 |
| Tobacce, domeatle ......... hirds. | 13,885 | 10,934 | 14,883 |
| Mobacco, forelgn ........... bales. Cotfee, Rlo ... ........ | - $\begin{array}{r}4,962 \\ \hline 1372\end{array}$ | 404, 4085 | 216,131 |
| Dotree, other. ............... bage. | 117,985 | 115,100 | 26,566 |
| Dorree, Java, do. .......... mats | 68,370 | -0,159 | 48,593 |
| sagar ....................hhds. | 4,177 | 2,699 | 4,805 |
| sakar. .-....... bags, do. | 992,319 | 1,008,863 | 2,311,612 |
| Yolasses, forelgn ......... hhds. | None. | None. | None. |
| gides.... ......... ........... No. | 43,200 | 55,700 | 46,100 |
| Cotton.................. ....bales. | 61,710 | 62, 527 | 172, 66 |
| Rosin.........................bbls. | 34,401 | 29,705 | 31,718 |
| Spirits turpentine........... bbls. | 1,460 | 1,879 | $2,0^{\circ} 4$ |
| Tar............. ...... ...... bble. |  | 671 | 605 |
| Elce, E. I..... ............... bage. | 600 | 2.600 | 2,500 |
| R10e, domestlo . . . . . . . . . . bble | 750 | 1.20 | 4,300 |
| Linseed ... ......... ....... bags. | None. | None. | None. |
| Baltpetre................... bags. | 21,000 | 19,700 | 22,500 |
|  | 1,000 |  | None, |
| Manila hemp.... .......... bales. | 26,794 | 27, 1211 | 28,618 5,598 |
| slsal hemp .................bales. | None. |  | 5,588 |

Lard on the spot has had a very molerate sale, but prices hare improved slightly, and the close was steady at $4 \cdot 60 \mathrm{c}$. for prime Western, $4 \cdot 25 @ 4 \cdot 30 \mathrm{c}$. for prime City and 5c, for refined for the Continent. Speculation in the local market for contracts has been at a standstill, but at the West prices have advanced slightly, despite the fact that packers have been operating to keep prices down so as to prevent an advance in the cost of hogs. The close was steady.

## daily closing prices of lard futures.


Pork has had a moderately active sale and prices have ruled steady at $\$ 825 @ 850$ for old mess and $\$ 375 @ 925$ for new do. Cut meats have been quiet. Tallow has been quiet and easier at $3316 @ 31 / \mathrm{c}$. Oleo stearine has declined to 458 c eastor at seed oil has been depressed under free offerings, closing at $213 / 4022 \mathrm{c}$. for prime yellow. Butter has been steady for creamery, Cheese has been quiet and easy. Fresh eggs have been firm and higher, closing at 20c. for choice Western.
Brazil grades of coffee have had a slow sale, and under moderate offerings prices have declined to $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. for Rio No. 7 on the spot, closing steady. Mild grades have been dull and weaker, closing at 101/4c. for fair Cucuta. East India growths have been quiet but steady at $24(9241 / \mathrm{c}$. for standard Java. The speculation in the market for contracts has been moderately active and under liquidation by foreign holders prices have declined. The close was steadier on buying by shorts to cover contracts. Following were final asking prices:

 Raw sugars have been dull, closing with rumored sales of centrifugals, 96 deg. test, at $313-16 \mathrm{c}$.; muscovado, 89 -deg. test, has been quoted at 314@3 516c. Refined sugars have declined $1 / 8 \mathrm{c}$, for the soft grades, and business has been more active, closing at 5 c . for granulated. Other staple groceries have been quiet.
Kentucky tobacco has been quiet but steady at unchanged prices. Seed leaf tobacco has had a moderate sale at steady values. Sales for the week were 1,382 cases; also 1,000 bales Havana at 70c.@\$1 20 in bond, and 125 bales Sumatra at 80 c . @ ${ }^{3} 2$ in bond.
Straits tin has had a moderate sale and prices have held fairly s'eady, closing at 1375 @13.85c. Ingot copper has been in slow request and the tone of the market has been easy, closing with sellers at 11c. for Lake. Lead has been quiet but steady at 3.90 c . for domestic. Spelter has been unchanged and steady at $4 \cdot 20 @ 4 \cdot 25 \mathrm{c}$. for domestic. Pig iron has been quiet but steady at $\$ 10 @ 1225$ for domestic,
Refined petroleum has been steady, closing at 5.40 c . in bbls., $2 \cdot 90 \mathrm{c}$. in bulk and 5.95 c . in cases; naphtha quiet at 5.50 c. Crude certificates have be n neglected; credit balances bave been steady at 65 c . Spirits turpentine has been quiet and easier, closing at $30 @ 31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Rosins have been dull and unchanged at $\$ 140 @ 145$ for common and good strained. Wool has been quoted tirm, although on large lines prices have been shaded slightly to make sales. Hops have been in more active demand, and prices have bsen steadier

## COTTON.

Friday Night, November o., 1897.
The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 367,632 bales, sgainst 374,137 bales last week and 570,541 bales the previous reek, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1897, $2,522,864$ bales, against $2,636,022$ bales for the same period of 1896, showing a decrease since Sept. 1, 1897, of 113,158 bales.

| Receipts at- | Sat. | Mon | Tues. | Ted. | Th | Fri. | 2otal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7,475 | 22,142 | 6,758 | 15,602 | 16,008 | 13,382 | 7 |
| Tex. Cit | 384 |  |  |  |  | 637 | 1,021 |
| Cow Orlea | 20,584 | 17,426 | 23,178 | 15,780 | 10,689 | 14,911 | 102,568 |
| Mobile | 2,105 | 1,225 | 1,000 | 480 | 2,264 | 419 | 7,493 |
| Florida | 55 |  |  |  |  | 4,502 | 4,557 |
| Sava | 8,956 | 11,180 | 12,427 | 11,370 | 9,020 | 11,540 | 64,493 |
| Brunsw'k | 517 |  |  |  |  | 9,628 | 10,145 |
| arles | 5,558 | 7,460 | 1,226 | 2,893 | 10,947 | 5,104 | 33,188 |
| Pt. Royal | 137 |  |  |  |  | 6,78 | 6,919 |
| Wilmington.. | 3,322 | 863 | 4,808 | 1,228 | 3,14 | 2,791 | 15,952 |
| Wash'ton, do. | 15 |  |  |  |  | 28 | 43 |
| Norfolk. | 5,853 | 4,650 | 6,752 | 4,670 | 2,600 | 3,116 | 27,641 |
| w'p't News, \&o. | 75 |  |  |  |  | 588 | 83 |
| New York |  |  |  |  | 450 |  | 450 |
| Bostor | 389 | 683 | 1,120 | 1,206 | 1,001 | 1,139 | 5,538 |
| altim | 187 |  |  |  |  | 1,647 | 1,834 |
| hiladel'a, | 765 | 621 |  | 661 | 925 | 78 | 3,760 |

Tot. this week $\overline{56,377} \overline{66,050} \overline{57,269} \overline{53,890} \overline{57,044} \overline{77,002} \overline{367,632}$
The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sopt. 1, 1897, and the stook to-night, compared with last year.

| Receipls to Noo. 5. | 1897. |  | 1896. |  | Stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since Sep. } \\ & 1,1897 . \end{aligned}$ | This week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep. } \\ 1,1896 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | 1897. | 1896. |
|  | 81,36 | 672,5 | 65,0 | 603,275 | 205 |  |
| Tex. C., \& | 1,021 | 10,470 | 3,247 | 42,153 |  | 5,110 |
| Now Orleans | 102,568 | 563,662 | 92,443 | 797,806 | 193,098 | 353,374 |
| Mobile ...... | 7,493 | 89,206 | 9,658 | 99,692 | 14,597 | 45,581 |
| Florida | 4,557 | 19,623 | 2,969 | 11,822 |  |  |
| av | 64,493 | 459,434 | 39,183 | 335,644 | 151,498 | 142,814 |
| 'wiok | 10,145 | 69,02 | 5,987 | 45,255 | 16,0 |  |
| rle | 33,188 | 203,46 | 15,214 | 192,893 | 60,62 | 75,008 |
| Royal, \& | 6,919 | 34,858 | 6,975 | 19,194 |  |  |
| Wilmington. | 15,952 | 159,993 | 13,592 | 125,751 | 32,26 | 22,49 |
| Wash'n, | 43 | 553 | 41 | 354 |  |  |
| Noriolk. | 27,641 | 185,118 | 34,175 | 288,759 | 35,631 | 72,297 |
| F'port N., de | 663 | 5,664 | 578 | 4,648 | 1,000 | 1,942 |
| New Yor | 450 | 3,263 | 1,831 | 12,374 | 66,925 | 182,317 |
| osto | 5,538 | 21,491 | 10,349 | 37,562 | 19,000 | 22,000 |
| Baltimo | 1,834 | 7,535 | 2,087 | 10,429 | 8,874 | 8,153 |
| hiladel, \&o. | 3,760 | 16,907 | 1,614 | 8,411 | 5,950 | 5,832 |

In order th
In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

| Receipts at- | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894. | 1893. | 1892. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gaives'n, \&o. | 82,388 | 68,287 | 32,717 | 87,312 | 55,253 | 60,259 |
| Now Orleans | 102,568 | 92,443 | 65,980 | 129,249 | 97,207 | 67,742 |
| Mobile | 7,493 | 9,658 | 7,041 | 9,706 | 10,240 | 7,971 |
| Savannah | 64,493 | 39,183 | 29,298 | 54,224 | 46,367 | 42,534 |
| Ohus'ton, \&o. | 40,107 | 22,189 | 10,441 | 36,711 | 20,088 | 18,148 |
| Wilm'ton, \&o | 15,995 | 13,633 | 9,115 | 12,227 | 11,080 | 9,231 |
| Norfolk. | 27,641 | 34, 175 | 13,849 | 23,89s | 26,448 | 19,998 |
| N. News, \&o. | 663 | 578 | 9,934 | 28,341 | 15,787 | 19,262 |
| All others. | 26,284 | 24,837 | 19,556 | 15,194 | 12,771 | 20,478 |
| Tot. this wk. | 367,632 | 304,983 | 197,931 | 396,662 | 298,141 | -265,619 |

Since Sept. $1 \overline{2522,864} / 2636,022|1818,839 / 2660,392| \overline{2106,142} \mid \overline{1978,691}$
The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 301,815 bales, of which 126,806 were to Great Britain, 81,369 to France and 98,640 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1, 1897.

| Exports from- | Week Ending Nov. 5, 1897. Exportea to- |  |  |  | From Sept. 1, 1897, to Nov. 6, 1807. Exported to- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Great } \\ \text { Brit'n. } \end{gathered}$ | Erance | Continent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Week. } \end{aligned}$ | Great Britain. | France | Continent. | Total. |
| Qalveston | 39,964 | 17,869 | 5,985 | 63,797 | 210,657 | 83,779 | 71,755 | 366,091 |
| Ter. City, dc. |  |  | 483 | 483 |  |  | 3,783 | 3,783 |
| New Orleans.. | 27,716 | 40,831 | 20,897 | 88,817 | 158,787 | 29,150 | 102,258 | 355,211 |
| Mobile. | 13,092 |  | 0,849 | 19,041 | 28,798 |  | 6,8:9 | 29,647 |
| Pensacola | 4,447 |  | 50 | 4,497 | 12,697 |  | 6,550 | 19,147 |
| Savanial |  | 21,301 | 13,180 | 84, 871 | 23,489 | 21,981 | 147,368 | 192,218 |
| Brunswick | 4,301 |  | 6,200 | 10,601 | 24,631 |  | 10,752 | 41,38 |
| Charlesto | 7,858 |  | 12,630 | 20,488 | 38,448 |  | 68,379 | 101,827 |
| Port Reyal. | 6,478 |  |  | 6, 378 | 23,424 |  | 8,000 | 31,484 |
| Wilmington |  |  | 10,418 | 16,418 | 78,410 |  | 42,088 | 120,498 |
| Nortolk........ | 3,522 |  |  | 3,522 | 21,321 |  | 1,790 | 23,120 |
| N'port N., \&o.. | 800 |  |  | 500 | 2,249 |  |  | 2,28日 |
| Now York. | 5,024 | 1,295 | 4,020 | 11,544 | 60,408 | 13,791 | 47,716 | 127,973 |
| Boston | 7,862 |  | 109 | 7,971 | 53,180 |  | 410 | 53,510 |
| Baltimore. | 4,489 |  | 4,735 | 9,224 | 16,414 | 900 | 20,880 | 38,174 |
| Rhiladelphla.. | 648 |  |  | 048 | 2,990 |  | 850 | 3,849 |
| Son Eran., do. |  |  | 2,085 | 2,085 |  |  | 11,886 | 11,036 |
| Tot | 128,806 | 81,869 | 93,6ı0 | 301,815 | 750,780 | 219,017 | 552,097 | $\overline{1,521,894}$ |
| Total, 180 A | 148.314 | 20,822 | 71,803 | 234.769 | 852.638 | 165.132 | 480,040 | 1,503,798 |

In additiou to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lambert \& Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

| Nov. 5 at | on shipboard, not cleared for- |  |  |  |  | Leaving stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great } \\ & \text { Britain. } \end{aligned}$ | France. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { Foreign } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Coust wise. | Total. |  |
| New Orleans. | 18,845 | 14,558 | 27,267 | 1,280 | 59,950 | 133,148 |
| Galveston. | 45.292 | 21,502 |  | 11,802 | 108,821 |  |
| Savanuah. | 6,000 16400 | None. | 35,000 23,500 | 3,000 2,300 | 44,000 42.200 | 107,498 18,424 |
| Mobile | 6,000 | None. | 1,000 | \%one. | 7,000 | 7,597 |
| Nortolk. | 6,000 | None. | 5.000 | 5.500 | 16,500 | 19,131 |
| New York | 3,100 | 800 | 2,000 | None. | 5,900 | 61,025 |
| Other ports. | 13,000 | None. | 12,000 | None. | 25,000 | 58,183 |
| Total 1897 | 112,637 | 36,860 | 135,992 | 23,882 | 309,371 | 501,505 |
| Total 1896... | 165,872 | 30,178 | 103,104 | 20,824 | 319,978 | 802,679 |
| Total 1895. | 92,494 | 36,616 | 80,652 | 30,421 | 240,183 | 683,179 |

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been modorately active, and although there has been a decline in prices, toward the close there were indications of a steadier undertone, as the sentiment among a number of the local dealers appeared to be changing in favor of the market, and there was slightly more buying by outsiders for investment account attracted by the low prices; still this buying has not as yet broadened sufficiently to be an important factor in the situation. The weakness has come principally from the foreign markets, which have been influenced by fairly free offerings from the South, and the local market has also been depressed by selling against Southern offers. Frost reports have been quite general from the Southwest, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Texas, but they have had comparatively little influence. Selling by tired longs has also been against the market, and as prices have weakened stoo orders have been reached, which have brought additional supplies of cottoa upon the market to be absorbed by the very moderate buying power. Advices received from Lancashire reported that the masters had decided to reduce wages 5 per cent to take effect December 1st, but as no serious labor trouble was expected to follow this reduction if made, it had little influence upon the market. To day the market was easier during early 'Change under selling against free offering from the South. Subsequently, however, on buying for Liverpool and local account there developed a steadier tone and the loss was recovered. The close was steady at a slight reaction from the best prices for the day and 1 to 2 points below Thursday's final figures. The spot market has been quiet and unchanged at 6c. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 648.200 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 1,903 bales, including - for export, 208 for consumption, - for speculation and 1,700 on contract. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week-October 30 to November 5.

Rates on and off middling, as revised Sept. 8, 1897, by the Revision Committee, at which grades other than middling may be delivered on contract, applies to quotations beginning with the 9th.

## Fair

Mair.i...................c. 1 on. Good Ordinar
1 on. Good Ordinary ......... ${ }^{118}$ ofr.
 Good Midding........... ${ }^{14}$ on. Middling Stained.
 Low Middling. ......... ${ }^{7} \mathrm{~T}_{16}^{16}$ off.
Striet Good Ordinary.....
$1 \mathrm{~s}_{16}$ off. Low Middling Stained as follows

| UPLANDS. |  |  | Sat. | Mron |  | Tue |  | We |  | h | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 47 | $47_{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $5^{59}{ }_{16}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }^{9}{ }^{16}$ |  | \% |  | $5^{59} 16$ |  | ${ }^{\text {\% }} 11$ | $5{ }^{16}$ |
|  |  |  | 64 | ${ }_{6}^{64}$ |  | \% |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{611}{ }_{16}$ | $611_{16}$ |  | ¢ |  | 611 |  | ${ }_{11}{ }_{10}$ | ${ }^{611_{10}}$ |
| GULF. |  |  | Sat. | Mron |  | Tues |  | We |  | Wh. | Fri. |
| Good Ordinary <br> Low Middling. <br> Middling <br> Good Middiling <br> Middling Fair |  |  | $5^{518}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{613}^{515}$ | ${ }_{613}^{513}$ |  | - |  | ${ }^{113}{ }^{16}$ |  | 13 | ${ }_{615}{ }^{15} 10$ |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{614}$ | ${ }_{6}^{614}$ |  | \% |  | 64 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{615}^{618}$ | ${ }_{615}$ |  | O |  | 615. |  |  |  |
| STAINED. |  |  | Sat. | 7\%on |  | Tues |  | Wed |  | Th. |  |
| Low Middling <br> Middling <br> 8trict Midaling <br> Good Middling Tinged |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 32 |  | day. |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MARKET AND SALES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | SPOT MAKKET OLOAED. | gales of bpot and contract. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sates of Futwres |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ex- } \\ & \text { port. } \end{aligned}$ | t. $\begin{array}{c}\text { Oon- } \\ \text { sump. }\end{array}$ |  | Spec ub't | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oon- } \\ & \text { tract. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total. |  |  |  |
| 8it'day.. | Quier |  | - ${ }^{116} 18$ |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | 44116 |  | 85,200 |  |
| Monday. vuiet |  |  |  |  | 00 |  |  |  |  | 7,800 |
| Wed'day | Dull |  |  |  |  |  | 716 |  |  |  |
| Thiday | Ea |  |  |  |  |  | 300700 |  | 327700 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 148,300 \\ & 141,800 \\ & 145,100 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Friday.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | .. | 03 |  |  |  |  | 7 AO | 1,9 | 903 |  | 48,200 |



| Towrs. | Movament to November 5 |  |  |  | Lovement io November 6, 1896. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Receipts. |  | Shipm'ts This week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { stook } \\ \text { Nov. } 5 . \end{gathered}$ | Receipts. |  | Shipm'ts This week | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stock } \\ & \text { Nov. } 6 . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | This week. | $\underset{\text { Sept.1,'97. }}{\text { Since }}$ |  |  | This weck. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { sep } 1,1,196 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Eufaula, | 1,193 | 12,530 |  |  | 491 |  |  |  |
| Montgo |  |  | 80 | 15,7 |  |  |  |  |
| Selma, | 520 6,010 | 40,0 |  | 8,550 16,959 | 1,757 1,937 1,98 | 1 | 1,512 | 9,860 |
| Little Rook, | 8,661 | 57,387 | 7,184 | -16,022 | 2,881 | - 36.468 | 2,0504 |  |
| Albany, | 2,121 | 26,398 | 2044 | 4,480 | 1,425 | 24,765 | 94. | 7,037 |
| Atheni | 6,192 | 84,809 | 4837 | 8,8 | 3,583 | 33,325 | . 450 | 14,787 |
| Atlanta, | 13,65 | 91,20 | 10,370 | 13,329 | 4,47 | 63 , | 9 |  |
| Angusta, ${ }^{\text {Columbu }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14,413 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 154.979 33.066 | 11,712 | -41,562 | 14,199 | 152,684 | 1,100 | 47,312 18,941 |
| Macon, | 3,696 | 45,766 | 3,530 | 8,418 | 3,023 | 44,018 | 2,221 | 13,312 |
| Rome | 724 | 26,455 | 5,308 | 6,78 | 3,143 | 29,847 | 3,038 | 559 |
| Loulaville, nel Kentuoky. | 204 | 2,14 | 147 | 114 | 250 |  | 230 |  |
| Shreveport, Loutsiaka. | 7,201 | 58,500 | 4.259 | 16,205 | 3,319 | 46, | 3,352 | 16,819 |
|  | 3,151 3,300 | 14,487 |  | 3,034 | 1,580 | 14,573 |  | 4,206 |
| Greenville, Merlatan, | 3,300 | 21,945 | 2.200 | 7,977 | 2,176 | 29.119 | 2.048 | 10,878 |
| Merldian, | 3,659 | 10. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natoke | 2,621 | 25, 6 | 3, | \%,999 |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 81,382 |
| Yazoo Olty |  | 26,3 | 3,900 | 10,017 | 8,780 | 27, 5 |  | 14. |
| 8t. Louls, Mrssourt. | 45,816 | 211,397 | 40,964 | 33.744 | 26, | 166,845 | 24,040 | 31,314 |
| Charlotte, N.Oarolima | 1,76 | 8,4 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,703 \\ 1,235 \end{array}$ |  | 556 689 | $\begin{aligned} & 9,743 \\ & 12040 \end{aligned}$ | 856 866 | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 974 \end{aligned}$ |
| Cinclinity, Онro. | 8,571 | 35,243 | 7,160 | 29.937 | 12,261 | 13,957 | 10,605 | 7,312 |
| Columbla, 8. OAmOLİA | 525 | 11,6 |  |  | 1,00 | 16. |  |  |
| Greenwood, "il |  | 6.2 | 7761 |  |  | 8,115 | 618 | - |
| Memphis, TENAEssEE.. | 21,939 | 182,530 4,702 | 27. | 70,286 | 24,720 | 236,993 | 21,328 | 106,325 |
| Brenham, |  | , | 550 | 5,180 | 886 |  |  | 7,765 |
| Dallas, | 9,376 | 55,808 | 6,185 |  | ,66 | 23,2 | 2.69 | 2,137 |
| Houston, | 71,834 | 678,716 | 68,5 | 53,1 | 55,09 | 616,907 | 60,6 | 59,669 |
| Total, 31 | 257,308 |  |  | 396,258 | 187,974 | 1,960,951 |  |  |

Thes bovetotals show that the interior stocks have increased
during the week 26,603 bales but are now 64,991 bales less
than at same period last year, The receipts at all the towns
have been 69, ars bales more than same week last year and since
Sept, 1 they are 41,726 bales more than for same time in 1896 .

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Marked, Prioos and Salas ofFUTUREB. | Market, <br> Range and Total Sales. | DAILY PRIONA AND SALES OF PUTURES FOR RAGH MONTH, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | October. | November. | December. | Jamuary. | February. | March. | di. | May. | June. | July. | mgust. | r. |
| on | Saturday, Oot. 30 Sales, total Prices paid (range) Olosing. $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Steady. } \\ 85,200 \\ 5 \cdot 78 . \quad 6 \cdot 16 \\ \text { Bteady. } \end{gathered}$ | Av'go.. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \hline \mathbf{A V}^{\prime} \mathrm{gen.} \\ 5.79 \\ 5.780 \\ 5.80-5.82 \\ 5.8 .82 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \mathbf{A v} \boldsymbol{v}^{\prime} g e .5 \cdot 87 \\ 38,600 \\ 5 \cdot 89.8 .89 \\ 5.86-5.87 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \Delta v^{\prime} g e \cdot 6 \cdot 02 \\ 13.000 \\ 6.000 .05 \\ 6.02-6.03 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { A 'ge } \quad 6.11 \\ 6.1,700 \\ 6.10-6.12 \\ \hline 6.12 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Av'ge. }^{6.15} \\ 6.150 \\ 6.14-6.16 \\ 6.14-6.16 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Av'ge...- $=\square$ |
|  | Monday, Nov. 1Sales, total. Prioes pald (range) Closing. $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Firmer. } \\ 127,800 \\ 5 \cdot 7906 \cdot 17 \\ \text { Steady, } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Av'ge.. } \\ 2 \cdot 83 \\ 5 \cdot 7900 \\ 5.96-5.87 \\ 5.87 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Av'ge. } 8.97 \\ 30.000 \\ 5 \cdot 3.32 \\ 6.002 \\ \hline .00-6.01 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A. } \mathrm{v}^{\prime} g e . .5 \cdot 99 \\ & 5 \cdot 9.900 \\ & 0.04-6.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \mathrm{Av}^{\prime} \mathrm{ka} .6 .06 \\ 6.11,300 \\ 6.010 \\ 6.08-6.09 \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \Delta v^{\prime} g e_{i} \quad 6 \cdot 15 \\ 6 \cdot 140.300 \\ 6.19-6.20 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
|  | 「uesday, Nov. 2Salea, total Prices pald (range) Olosing. |  |  |  |  |  |  | HOLIDAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wedn'd'y, Nov. 3Sales, total. Prices pald (zange) Closing.............. | $\begin{gathered} \text { rowar. } \\ 148,300 \\ 5 \cdot 7496 \cdot 18 \\ \text { Easy. } \end{gathered}$ | A |  | A. $\mathrm{V}^{\prime}$ Re. . 8.78 <br> 12,400 <br> $5 \cdot 75$ ? $5 \cdot 52$ $5 \cdot 75-5.78$ <br> $5 \cdot 76-576$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Argo. } 8.86 \\ & 5.830 .80 \\ & 5.83-5.89 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \Delta v^{\prime} g o . .6008 \\ 6.050 \\ \hline 6.05 & 6.08 \\ \hline 1.04-6.05 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \Delta v^{\prime} g e . \quad 6 \cdot 10 \\ 2,600 \\ 6 \cdot 0.088 \\ 6.08-6.09 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Thursday, Nov. 4Sales, total Prices pald (range) Olosing. $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Easier. } \\ 141,800 \\ 5.68 \pi \\ 8 \text { toandy. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Av'ge. } \\ 15.73 \\ \hline 5.000 \\ 5.70 . \\ 5.76 \\ 5.76 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | A $\mathrm{y}^{\prime} \mathrm{ga}$. . $5 \cdot 76$ $\begin{aligned} & 56,800 \\ & 5740581 \\ & 575-5.76 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} A v^{\prime} \mathrm{ge} .5 \cdot 84 \\ 35.000 \\ 5 \cdot 882 \\ 5 \cdot 8 \cdot 88 \\ 5 \cdot 8 \cdot 84 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Av'ge.. } \quad 5 \cdot 90 \\ & 5 \cdot 890 \\ & 5.87-5 \cdot 91 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ar'ge. } 593 \\ 50.900 \\ 5.91 .509 \\ 5.92-503 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \Delta v^{\prime} g e_{i, 5}^{5-98} \\ 5 \cdot 960 \\ 5 \cdot 90 \\ 5 \cdot 90-5 \cdot 97 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Av'ge. } 1,2000 \\ \hline 6.03 .006 \\ \hline \\ \hline 6.04-6.05 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Frlday, Nov. 5Sales, total. Prices pald (range) Closing. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Steady, } \\ 145,100 \\ 5.6506 .06 \\ \text { Stoady. } \end{gathered}$ | Av'ge. $=\square$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Av'ge. } 5.70 \\ & 12.300 \\ & 5 \cdot 66 \mathrm{5} .73 \\ & 5.69-8.70 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Av'ge. } 5 \cdot 80 \\ 5.500 \\ 8.78-5.82 \\ 8.78- \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Av}^{\prime} \mathrm{ge} .5 .83 \\ 33.400 \\ 5.79 .000 .57 \\ 5.83- \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \Delta v^{\prime} \mathrm{ge}, 5 \cdot 96 \\ 5,000 \\ 5 \cdot 92068 \\ 5 \cdot 95-5 \cdot 96 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Av'ge. } 6.08 \\ 1,300 \\ 6.0026 .08 \\ 6.01-6.03 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Total sales thls week Average price, week | 648,200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11,100 \\ & 5.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 61,900 \\ & 5.78 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 273,400 \\ 6.80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,800 \\ & 5.86 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 152.900 \\ 5.00 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,900 \\ & 5.94 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 107,500 \\ 5.98 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,200 \\ & 6.02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.900 \\ & 6.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,600 \\ & 6 \times 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | sales aince Sop.1, | 8,007,800 | 375,200 | 359,700 | 1.014,900 | 2,607,400 | 71,900 | 882,800 | 31,000 | 459,000 | 66,200 | 47,900 | 6,900 |  |

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets.Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

| Wreek anding Nov. 5. | GLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING dotton on- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Satur. | Mon. | Tues. | Wednes. | Thure. | Fri. |
| Galveston.. | ${ }_{511}^{16}$ | $5{ }^{58}$ |  |  | 518 538 | $51_{2}$ |
| New Orleans | $51_{2}$ | - ${ }^{1}{ }^{19} 8$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mobile ....... | 5 | ${ }_{5}^{538}$ |  | 538 | $5{ }^{1} 4$ $53_{16}$ | ${ }_{5}{ }^{1}{ }^{16}$ |
| Savannah: | 538 538 | ${ }_{5}^{5} 5_{16}$ |  | ${ }^{55^{5} 16}$ |  | ${ }_{51}{ }^{1}{ }_{4}{ }^{16}$ |
| Oharleston.. | 538 59 59 | ${ }_{51}^{516}$ |  | 518 |  | $5^{3} 8$ |
| Norfolk..... | 5916 | $5{ }_{18}$ | ¢ | $51_{2}$ | $5^{12}$ | $5_{6}{ }_{19}$ |
| Boston...... | 6 | 6 | \% | 6 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 6 5 5 |
| Baltimore... | ${ }^{578}$ | ${ }^{578}$ | \% | 531 | 5 ${ }^{14}$ | 534 614 |
| Philadelphia | ${ }^{614}$ | 614 5918 | 岃 | 614 | $61_{4}$ $57_{16}$ |  |
| Augusta..... | ${ }_{5}^{59} 16$ | 5916 5716 |  | $52_{2}$ 538 | 5716 538 | ${ }^{5} 88816$ |
| Memphis.. | 5 58 | 5716 <br> 59 <br> 16 |  | 518 | 578 57 | 578 57 |
| Houston | $511_{16}$ | $5{ }^{516}$ |  | 519 | $57_{16}$ | 538 |
| Cincinnati.. |  | 578 |  | 578 | 578 | $53_{4}$ |
| Louisville... | $5^{78}$ | 578 |  | 578 | 53 | 53 |

The olosing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important Southern markets were as follows.

Recietts from the Plantations.-The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

| Week Ending- | Receipts at the Ports. |  |  | St'k at Interior Towons. |  |  | Rec'pts from Plant'na. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1897. |  | 1895. | 1897. |  |  | 895. |
| Oct. $1 \ldots \ldots$ <br> $" 4$ $8 \ldots \ldots$ <br> " $15 \ldots \ldots$ <br> $"$ $22 \ldots \ldots$ <br> $"$ $29 \ldots \ldots$ <br> Nov. $5 \ldots \ldots$ | 283 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 293, | 334,230 | 274,48 | 239,781 | 373,969 | 203.752 | 380,259 | 378,245 |  | 9 |
|  | 294,886 | 337,677 | 280,659 | 291,976 | 415:408 | 9 268,191 | 347,101 | 379,6 |  | 345,098 |
|  | 370,541 | 330,571 | 295,438 | 325,576 | 447,355 | 5 325,575 | 404,141 | 361,9 |  | 352,821 |
|  | 374,137 | 324,737 | 251,087 | 369,655 | 448,28 | 864,484 | 418,2 | 325, |  | 0,507 |
|  | Nov. $5 . \ldots . .\|367,632\| 304,983\|197,931\| 390,258\|461,249\| 415,176\|394,235\| 317,244 \mid 248,112$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The above statement shows: 1.-That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1, 1897, are 2,874,046 bales; in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1896 were $2,976,677$ bales; in 1895 were $2,201,314$ bales. <br> 2.-That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 367,632 bales, the actual movement from plantations was |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 394,235 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| for the week were 317,914 bales and for 1895 they were 248,112 bales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overland Movement for the Weer and Since Sert. 1.We give below a statement showing the overland movement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| for the week and since September 1. As the returns reach us |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| by telegraph late Friday night it is impossible to enter 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| largely into detail as in our regular monthly report, but all |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| the principal matters of interest are given. This weekly publication is of course supplementary to the more extended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| monthly statements. The results for the week ending Nov. 5 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November 3. |  |  |  | 1897. |  |  | 1896. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Since <br> Sert. 1. | Wee |  |  | ce $1$ |
| hipped- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vla 8t. Lou |  |  |  |  | 964 | 185,332 | 24,0 |  |  | 53,859 |
| Vis Cairo.. |  |  |  |  | 687 | 72,294 | 7,5 | 5 |  | 7,707 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 582 | 3,054 |  | 77 |  | 5,307 |
| Fia Rook Island...................... |  |  |  |  | 466 | 8,142 |  | 50 |  | 7,310 |
| Fia Louisville. <br> Fia Cincinnati. |  |  |  |  | 518 | 15,666 | 6 8,5 | 65 |  | 4,404 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 53 | 13,489 | 6,82 | 22 |  | 34,676 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,797 |  |  |  |  |
| Total gross overland Deductshipments- |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overland to N. Y., Boston, \&o.. Between interior towns. |  |  |  |  |  | 49,19 |  |  |  |  |
| Inland, \&0., from South............ |  |  |  |  |  | 8,326 |  |  |  |  |
| Total to be deducted............ |  |  |  |  |  | 60,83 |  |  |  | 80,892 |
| Leaving total net overland*... 54,973 |  |  |  |  |  | 260,935 | 5 38, | 76 |  | 6,190 |

* Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 54,973 bales, against 38,176 bales for the week in 1896, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a decrease from a year ago of 5,255 bales.

| In Sight and Spinnero' Takıngs. | 1897. |  | 1896. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | since Sept. 1. | Week. | Since sept. 1. |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 367,632 \\ 54,973 \\ 21,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,52,864 \\ 260,935 \\ 201,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 304,983 \\ 38,176 \\ 20,000 \end{array}$ | $2,636,022$ 266,190 181,000 |
| cortarior stocks in | $\begin{array}{r} 443,605 \\ 26,603 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,987,799 \\ 351,182 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 363,159 \\ 12,961 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,083,212 \\ 340,655 \end{array}$ |
| Oame into sight during week. Total in atght Nov. 5 | 470,208 | 3,338,981 | 376,120 | 3,423,867 |
| North'n spinnerstak'gs to Nov. 5. | 74,892 | 508,148 | 52,224 | 476,203 |
| It will be seen by the abo during the week 470,208 b same week of 1896, and tha to-night as comperan with | that <br> , aga he de year | ere has st 376, ase in 34,886 | come 20 bal amoun bales. | or sight for the n.sight |

Weather Reports By Telegraph.-Reports to us by telegraph this evening denote that rain has been general at the South the past week, and that in consequence the marketing of the crop has suffered some interruption. Frosts are reported at some points, and at Memphis killing frost occurred on Wednesday morning. Our Helens correspondent states that the crop on overflowed lands is turning out well.

Galveston, T'exas.-We have had rain on two days during the week, the precipitation being two inches and eighty one hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 61, the highest being 73 and the lowest 49. During the month of October the rainfall reached five inches and twelve hundredths.

Palestine, Texas.-Rain has fallen on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twenty six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 56, ranging from 34 to 78. Rainfall for October three inches and sixty-five hundredths.

Huntsville, Texas.-Rainfall for the month of October five inches and eighty-six hundredths.

San Antonio, Texas.-We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall being eight hundredths of an inch. The minimum temperature has been 44. Rainfall for the month of October one inch and thirty-five hundredths.

Dallas, \&cc., Texas.-Telegrams discontinued for the present.
New Orleans, Louisiana.-The week's rainfall has been eighty-nine hundredths of an inch on two days. The thermometer has averaged 64. October rainfall two inches and forty hundredths.

Shreveport, Louisiana.-There has been rain on two days during the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty-four hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 38 to 75, averaging 55. October rainfall three inches and sixty-seven hundredths.

Columbus, Mississippi.- There has been rain on one day of the week to the extent of six hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 53, highest 73 and lowest 35 . Month's rainfall two inches and eighty eight hundredths.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.-There has been rain on four days of the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fiftyseven hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 56, ranging from 42 to 72.
Leland, Mississippi.-We have had rain during the week, the precipitation being three inches and ten hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 501 , the highest being 74 and the lowest 35.

Little Rock, Arkansas.-We have had rain on one day during the past week, to the extent of thirty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 38 to 72 , averaging 54 .

Helena, Arkansas.-Cotton on overflowed lands is turning out well. Frost has occurred during the week. It has rained on four days of the week, the precipitation being two inches and twelve hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 36 to 67 , averaging 52.2 . October rainfall one inch, and twenty hundredths, on four days.

Memphis, Tennessee.-Killing frost occurred on Wednesday morning, or eight days later than the average. Quaran ine regulations have hindered receipts, but a heavy movement is expected next week. Rain has fallen on three days of the week, the rainfall being two inches and three hundredths. Average thermometer $53 \cdot 9$, highest $70 \cdot 1$ and lowest $40 \cdot 8$. During the month of October the rainfall was one inch, on four days.

Nashville, Tenn.-October rainfall ninety-two hundredths of an inch.

Mobile, Alabama.-Heavy frost occurred in the interior on Wednesday and Thursday. We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation being two inches and thirtyfive hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 60, ranging from 43 to 76. Precipitation during the month of October two inches and twelve hundredths.

Montgonery, Alabama.-Frost on two days. There has been rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eight hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 48 to 68, averaging 58 . During the month of October the rainfall reached fifty-five hundredth .
Selma, Alabama. - Frost occurred on three mornings in this vicinity, but not killing. We have had rain on two days of the past week, the rainfall being eighty-one hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 56, highest 74, lowest 38 .

Madison, Florida.-Crop is moving rapidly. Rain has fallen on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eighty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 68 , the highest being 84 and the lowest 44 .

Savannah, Georgia.- We have had rain on one day during the week, the precipitation reaching twenty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermomter has ranged from 48 to 79, averaging 63. The month's rainfall has been six inches and eighty-seven hundredths.

Augusta, Georgia.-Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of twenty-seven hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 58, highest 74 and lowest 41. October rainfall two inches and sixty two hundredths of an inch.

Charleston, South Carolina.-We bave had thirty-one hundredths of an inch of rain during the week, on three days. The thermomeer has averaged 65, the highest being 78 and the lowest 53. October rainfall seven inches and four hundredths.

Stateburg, South Carolina,-Light frost occurred on low grounds Thursday morning. It has rained on two days of the week. The rainfall has been ninety-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged $59 \cdot 3$, ranging from 43 to 72. During the month of October the rainfall reached five inches and five hundredths.

Greenwood, South Carolina.- It has rained on two days during the week, with rainfall to the extent of seventy-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 46 to 66, averaging 56 . October rainfall two inches and thirty-four hundredths.
Wilson, North Car olina.-Telegram not received.
The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 8 o'clock November 4, 1897, and November 5, 1896.

|  |  | Noo. 4, ${ }^{\text {'97. }}$ | Nor. 5, '96. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feet. | Pees |
| Now Orleans | Above zero of gaugo Above zero of gauge | ${ }^{2}$ | $2 \cdot 5$ |
| Fashvilio. | Above zero of gange | 02 | 0.8 |
| Bhreveport. | Below zero of gauge | 16 | 26 |
| Vlokrburg. | Above zero of kange. | *3.3 | $1 \cdot 9$ |

Cotton Consumption and Overland Movement to Nov. 1 - In our editorial columns to-day will be found our usual overland movement report brought down to November 1.
Imdia Cotton Movement From all Ports.-The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Nov. 4. bombay regitipta and shtpmemts for four ysars.

| Year | Shipments this week. |  |  | Shipmenta since 8opl. 1. |  |  | Receupt |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great } \\ & B r i f n . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Conti-1 } \\ & \text { nent. } \end{aligned}$ | Totab. | Great <br> Britain | Uanals nome. | rota |  | sinuee Bept. 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $5=0,000$ | $9,000$ | $10,000$ |  |
|  |  |  | 19,0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1884 |  | 1, | 1,0 | 6,00 | 15.0 | 20,0 | 3,0 |  |

According to the foregoing Bombay appears to show $\Delta$ decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of Q,000 bales and a decreczs in ship riants of 13,003 bales, and the shipments since Sapt. 1 show a decrease of 58,000 bales. The movement at Caleutta, Madras and other Inilis ports for the last reported week and since the Lst of September, for two Fears, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tutioorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

|  | SAipments for the wocek, |  |  | shipmenis rimoe sept. 1. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oreat } \\ & \text { Britatu. } \end{aligned}$ | Oents. ment. | Totad. | Greesa Britata. | Oontiment. | Totat. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Calcuta- } \\ & 1897 . \ldots . . \\ & 1896 \ldots \ldots . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 1,0v0 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & 4,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.000 \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Ma4rä } \\ 1897 \ldots . . . . \\ 1896 \end{gathered}$ | ....... | $\begin{aligned} & 1.000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,000 \\ & 6,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ 10,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,000 \\ 16,000 \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 11 \text { others- } \\ & 1897 \ldots . . . . \\ & 1896 . . . . . \end{aligned}$ | 1,000 | $\frac{2.000}{3,000}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,000 \\ & 4,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & 9000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,000 \\ & 18,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,000 \\ 27,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total all- $1897 \ldots \ldots . .$. $1896 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 1000 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,000 \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,000 \\ & 6,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.000 \\ 16.000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,000 \\ & 32.000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,000 \\ 48,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

The above totals for the week show that the movement frow the portsother thsn Bombay is 3,000 bales leas than the sam. week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since September 1, 1897, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows.
gXPORTS TO EUROFE YROM ALL TSDLA.

| Bhipments to alf Europe from- | 1897. |  | 1896 |  | 1895 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This woek. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sinuce } \\ & \text { Scpt. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | This week. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Sin } \\ \text { Sepl. } \end{array}$ | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sureat } \\ & \text { Seph. } 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Bombay...... Allother ports | 3,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,000 \\ 30,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,000 \\ 6,090 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59.000 \\ & 48,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19,000 \\ 0, v 00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.000 \\ & 54000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total...... | 3,000 | 36000 | 18,000 | 107.000 | 24,000 | 104000 |

ALex andrai Reoetets and Shipments.-Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi \& Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the novements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts sad shipments for the past week and for thi corresponding week of the previnus two years.

| Alexamalria, Boypl. Norember 3. | 1897. |  | 1896. |  | 1895 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 310,000 \\ 1,119,0 n 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 310,000 \\ 1,556,00 \mathrm{~J} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 309,000 \\ 1,615,00 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | This week. | Bince sept. 1. | This weeks. | Since Bepu. 1. | This woerk. | Sising Bepot. |
| Exporta (balea)- <br> Ta LAverponl <br>  | 10,000 10,000 | 55,000 81,000 | $\begin{array}{r}16,000 \\ 7,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 68,000 41,000 | 21,000 11,000 | 48,000 42,000 |
| Total Earapo. | 20,000 | $\overline{106,000}$ | 23,000 | 109,000 | 92.000 | 121,000 |

## - A osntar ls 98 pounds

t Of Fhim to Amerfos in 1897, 4,133 bsias: to 1836, 4,067 bsles: in
$1895,9,498$ batea. 1895, 9,498 bales.
This staternent shows that the receipta lor the week ending
Now, 3 were 310,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe 20,000 bales.

Manchester Market.-Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market continues easy for both yarns and shirtings. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison.


Sea Island Cotton Movement. - We have received thi (Friday) evening by telegraph from the various ports the details of the Ses Island cotton movement for the week, The receipts for the week ending to-night (Nov, 5) snd since Sept. 1, 1897, the stocks to-night, and the same items for the oorresponding periods of 1896, are as follows.

| Recoupts to Nov. 5. | 1897. |  | 1896. |  | stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{array}$ | Thus toeek. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{array}$ | 1897. | 1896. |
| Savann | 3,913 | 16,608 | 4340 | 30,920 | 17,698 | 20,141 |
| Charleston, | 510 65 | 2,332 | 948 | $\begin{array}{r}5,224 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,014 | 4,374 |
| Total. | 4,488 | 19,422 | 5,473 | 36,639 | 21,136 | 25,45 |

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a tots 1 of 1,095 hales, of which 445 bales were to Great Britain, 650 to France and - to Reval, and the amount forwarded o Northern mills has been 574 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1 in 1897 and 1896.

| Exports from- | Weak Ending Nov. 5. |  |  | Since Sepl. 1, 1897. |  |  | North'n Mil |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grear } \\ & \text { Brit'n. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pr'ne } \\ \text { ece. } \end{gathered}$ | Totat. | Great Brie'n | Pr'vees de. | Total. | Week. | Since Sept. 1 |
| $\mathrm{B}^{\text {8 }}$ \%ami'h, |  | 505 | 55 | 1,110 | 505 | $\overline{1,615}$ | 519 | 1,893 |
|  Bloritis de | 5 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 55 | 10 472 |
| Naw Y | 90 | 145 | \% 35 | 9.1 | 55.4 | 1,535 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 52 |  |  |  |  |
| rozal. | 445 |  | 1,095 | 2,248 | 1,059 | 3,307 | 576 | 2,375 |
| tal 1896 | 383 | 38 | 213 | 6,930 | 2,153 | 9.083 | 2,768 | 5,0 |

A considerable portion of the Sea Island cotton shipped to foreign ports goes via New York, snd some small amounts via Boston and Baltimore. Instesd of including this cotton for the week in which it leaves the Southern outports, we follow the same plan 88 in our regular table of including it when actually exported from New York, \&c. The details of the shipments of Sea Island cotton for the week will be found under the head "Shipping News," on a subsequent page.
Quotations Nov 5 at Savannah, for Floridas, common, 9c. medium fine, $101 / \mathrm{c}$.: choice, $141 / \mathrm{c}$.
Charleston. Carolinas, medium fine. 17 to 18 c. .; fine, 20 c .; fully fine, 29 to 23 c .; extra fine, 30 to 40 c .; superfine, 50 to 60 c .
Largest Cotton Cargo.-The steamer Milwaukee, which cleared from from New Orleans for Liverpool on October 30, carried 23,814 bales of cotton, the largest cotton cargo ever carried from any United Siates port. In addition she carried a quantity of flour, corn, oats, staves, \&c.
Exchanaes, - The following exchanges have been made during the waek:
.08 pd. to exch. 1.100 Jan . for Mol. 102 pd . to exch, $1,100 \mathrm{Jan}$. for Moh. .03 pd , to exeh. 704 Nov. for Dto. $\mid-12 \mathrm{pd}$, to exch. 100 Deo. tor Moh. -13 do . to ex eh. 500 Nov for Meh, 06 pd, to exch. 700 , Jav. for Nov. 09 pd, to exeh. 300 May for July: 5 spa , to exeh. 300 Jan ror July.
 ox pd, to Axeh. 300 Dec, for Jan. 05 pd, to exch. 200 Nov for Jan. -17 pd . to exch. 600 jan. for May. ${ }^{2}$. 05 pd . to exch. 100 Dec. for Jan.
Jute Butts, Bagaivg, \&c.-The demand for bagging during the past week has been strictly moderate but prices have been maintained. The close this evening is at $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. for $134 \mathrm{lbs} .5 \% \mathrm{c}$. for 2 lbs , and $6 \% \mathrm{gc}$. for 214 lbs . Car-load Iots of standard brands are quoted at $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for $13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}$, , $5 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for 2 lbs. and Gac. for $2 \frac{1}{4}$ lbs. f. o. b. at New York. The market for jute butts has been quiet. Quotations are $871 / \mathrm{k}$ (6) 90 c . for paper quality, $1 / \frac{\mathrm{c}}{\mathrm{c}}$. for mixing and 156 e , for ${ }^{\text {spinning cuttings, all to arrive. Spinning cut- }}$ tings on the spot are quoted at 158 c . and paper quality at 1 c . From Messrs. Ira A. Kip \& Co.'s circular, we learn that the deliveries of jute butts and rejections at New York and Boston daring October were 17,948 against 12,203 for the same month last year, and for the ten monthis the deliveries reached $3,6,730$ bales against 311,136 bates in 1896 . The aggregate stock in the hands of importers and speculators at New York and Boston or October 81 was 425 bales against nil at the corresponding date in 1846 and the amount afloat for the United States reaches 68,868 bales against 81,000 bales last year.

The Exports of Cotion from New York this week show a deorease compared with last week, the total reaching 11,544 bales, against 19,5 J bales last week. Below we give of r usual table, showing the 3 sports of cotton from New York, and the direction, for asoh, it thal last Cour weeks; also the otal зrportsand lir sotion since Sept. 1, 1897, and in the last columa the total lor the sarae o triol of the previous year.


| Baported to- | Week Ending- |  |  |  | Total since Sept. 1. | gams period previou, year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oet. } \\ & 15 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & O c t . \\ & 22 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oel. } \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 5. |  |  |
| Liverpool ............. | 10,259 | 2,184 | 7,730 | 3,345 | 53,505 | 55,254 |
| Other British ports.. | 1,495 | 1,465 | 2,859 | 2,284 | 12,961 | 17.940 |
| Tot, to Gt. Brit ${ }^{\text {N }}$. | 11,754 | 3,649 | 10,589 | 5,629 | 66,468 | 3,194 |
| Havre | 2,134 | 952 | 1,367 | 1,295 | 12,998 | 4,679 |
| Other Fre |  |  | 793 |  | 793 |  |
| Total Fi | 2,134 | 952 | 2,160 | 1,295 | 13,791 | 4,679 |
| Breme | 2,460 | 2,318 | 2,566 | 1,443 |  |  |
| Hamburg | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ 2,050 \end{array}$ | 975 400 | 1,368 1,628 | 396 | 3.574 6.773 | 2,800 8,365 |
| Other por | 2,050 | 400 | 1,628 | 386 | 6.773 | 8,365 |
| Tot.to No.EUROPE | 4,810 | 3,693 | 5,562 | 1,839 | 34,330 | 24,668 |
| た̈pain, <br> All ot | 1,797 | 1,943 | 1,213 | 2,781 | 13,386 | $\begin{array}{r} 20,596 \\ 512 \end{array}$ |
| Total spain, \&c.. | 1,797 | 1,943 | 1,213 | 2,781 | 13,386 | 21,108 |
| Grand Tota | 20,495 | 10,237 | 18,524 | 11,544 | 127,973 | 123,649 |

The Following are the Gross Regeipts of Cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past wreek, and since September 1, 1897.

| Receipts from- | N]W YOBK. |  | Bostor. |  | PHILADMLPE'A |  | BALTIMORE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This wosk. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sopt.1. } \end{aligned}$ | This wes? | Since Sspt.1. | $\begin{gathered} \text { This } \\ \text { week. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } . \end{gathered}$ | This wosk. | Since Espt. 1. |
| M. Orleans... | 4,713 | 81,863 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas. | 12,840 | 84,749 | 3,376 | 19,183 |  |  |  |  |
| Bavann'h \&c | 11,310 | 100,060 | 6,478 | 15,119 |  |  | 810 | 11,003 |
| Mobile |  |  | ....... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tlorida.. | 60 | 476 | $\ldots$ |  |  | ... |  |  |
| 80. Carollna | 1,863 | 17.841 | 1,686 | 21,823 |  | $\ldots$ | ...... |  |
| No. Carolina | 981 | 4,391 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginla .... | 6,495 | 28,837 | 4,000 | 18,496 |  | 75 | 6,883 | 25,911 |
| Morth. purts |  |  | 5,389 | 41,637 | 412 | 4,100 |  |  |
| Tenn., \&c... | 550 | 8,263 | 1,480 | 15,958 | 2,787 | 13,149 | 1,398 | 5,701 |
| Forelgn. |  | 595 | 597 | 2,768 |  |  |  | ....... |
| Fot | 38,212 | 325,108 | 25,936 | 134,964 | 3,198 | 17,328 | 8,497 | 40,015 |
| Geatyear. | 44.958 | 339,500 | 21.598 | 102,258 | 2,248 | 0,840 | 7,385 | 44,190 |

Shipping News. - The exports of cotton from the Unite ${ }_{d}$ States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reache d 354,774 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

Total
NEW YORK-To Livernool, per steamer Bovic, 2,955 upland and 390 Sea Island.
To London, per steamer Idaho, 821
To Havre, ver steamer La Champagne, 1.150 upland and 145 Sea Island
To Bremen, per steamer \&, H., Mieler, 1,443
To Rotterdam, ner steamer Linda, 200
To Antwerp, per steamer Southwark, 196......................................
Pawnee, 300.
To Naples, per steamer Fulda, 3 is............................
To Trieste, per steamer Ponasset, 700
To Venice, per steamer Pooasset, 90
 4....Nicaraguan, 4,750 .... Campioan, 7,012 Astomer, 4.925 To Manchester, per steamor Salo pia.
 To Hamburg, per steamer Markomannta, 20.......................................................
 To Barcelons, per steamer Manila, 2,650
To Genoa, per steamers Chateau Yquem, $3,250 \ldots . . . \bar{M}$ Minila,
Galveston-ro Liverpool, per steamers Atala, $9,299 . .$. $9,472 \ldots$ Ribston, $7,068 \ldots .$. Vesta, 6,447 ..... Wakefleld To Havre, per steamer Boxgrove, 5,729
To Bremen, per steamer Maritime, 8,421 ......................................... To Hamburg, per steamers Bolivia, $150 \ldots .$. La uenburg, 450

 To Reval
To Reval, per steamer Wililiam Bails, $7,125$.
To Gothenburg, Der steamer Sheeraess, 4,050
To Barcelona, per steamer Ferndene, 6,740
Bronswick -To Liverpool, per steamer St, Filians, 5,350
Charleston-To Liverpool, per steamer Eastry, 5,003 upland To Bremen, per steai
Port Royal - To Liverpool, per \&teamer Werneth Hail, 8,965
To Bremen UMiNGTON-T, per steamer Alderley, 8,000. แMINGTON-To Liverpool, per steamer Magdala, 11,242..........

Nospre - To Liverpool, Total bale steamer Wildoroft, 3,683 . To Belfast, per steamer Indralema, 1,100 NEWPORT NEW8-To Liverpool, per steamer Kanawha, 1,099 oston-To Liverpool, per steamers Cambromall, 895 Gallia, 436 _..Lancastrian, 400 Norseman, 3,074..
To Hull, per steamer Chicago, $1,237 \ldots . . \ldots, \ldots$
10 Rotterdam. per ateamer Delano, 294
路
Beattle - Io Japan, per steamer Kinshiu Maru, $3,15 \cup$

## Total

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usua I torm, are as follows

|  | Liver- | Other United |  | Bremen \& Ham | Other North | th |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | pool. | kingd. | Havre. | burg. | Durope | Europe | Tapan. | Totas |
| New York. | 3,445 | 2,284 | 1,295 | 1,443 | 396 | 2,781 |  | 11,544 |
| N. Orleans. | 20,930 | 2,637 | 8,960 | 7,703 | 1,050 | 9.790 |  | 61,070 |
| ↔alveston.. | 47,356 |  | 5,729 | 9,021 | 4, C 98 |  |  | 66,204 |
| Bavannan.. | 11,610 |  |  | 16,131 | 11,175 | 11,240 |  | 50,156 |
| Branswiok. | 5,350 | ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onarleston. | 5,053 |  |  | 7,700 |  |  |  | 12,753 |
| Port Royal | 8,965 |  |  | 8,000 | ...... |  |  | 16,965 |
| Wilmingt'n | 11,24. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,242 |
| Norfolk .-. | 3,683 | 1,100 |  |  |  |  |  | 4,783 |
| N'D't News | 1,099 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1099 |
| Bjston..... | 4,825 | 1,237 |  |  |  |  |  | 8,082 |
| altimore.. |  |  |  | 3,350 | 291 |  |  | 3.644 |
| Philadel'a.. | 752 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 752 |
| Beattle. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,1 | 3,150 |

Total .... 124,210 $\overline{7,258} 15,881,63,348 \quad \overline{17,113} \quad \overline{23,811} \quad \overline{3,150} \quad \overline{254,774}$
Below we add the olearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:
Galveston-To Liverpool-Oct. 28-Steamer Aldgate, 9,067....Oct. 29 -Steamer Highfield, 6,028....Nov. 2-Steamer Governor, 5,097 Wertel Ja, 1sberg, 4, Tropic, 7,262....Nov. 4-Steamer Horman To Mar chester-Oct. S0 Steamer Heronsnoo1, 8,111.
To Havre-Oct. 28-S'eamer Pembridge, 8,132...Oct. 30-Steamer Benrath, 9,717.
To Hamburg-Oct. 29 Steamer Zodiac, 100 ... Oot. 30-Steamer Maristow, 133
To Rotterdam -
To Rotterdam-Oct. 30-Steamer Drumfell, 448
New Orleans-To Liverpool-Oer. 30-Steamer Milwaukee, 23,814.... Nov. 2-Steamer Yucatan, 3,902.
To Havre-Oct. 29 -Steamer Wistow Hall, 8,225.... Oct, 30Sttamer Corcovalo, 8,304....Nov. 3-Steamer Conoordia, 6,431 .....Nov. 1 -Stes mer Lstrar. $11,974$.
To Dunkirk-Nov. 4 - Steamer Antwerp City, 5,700.
1o Marseilles - Oot. 29-Steamers Ariosto, 200.
To Bremen-Oct. 29-Steamer Hermann, $5,3 \pm 3 \ldots$ Oct. 30-Steamer To Conenhage
To Copenhagen-Nov. 4-Steamers Kentucky and Toledo, 2,100.
To Genoa-Oct. 29 -Steamer Aıiosto, 3j0....Nov. 3-Steamer Gott-
fried Sohenker, 1,050 .
OBLLE-To Liverpool-Nov. 1-Steamer Selma, 10,249......Nov. 3Steamer Unionist. 2,843.
To Bremen-Nov. 2-8teamer Dalmally, 6.849
Pensacola-To Liverpool-Nov. 3-Steamer Gracia, 4,447.
To Verd Cruz-Nov, 4-Steamer Helois, 50 .
Savannar-io Cruz-Nov, 4-Steamer Helois, 50.
395 Sea Island.... Elfrida, 6,570 upland and 710 upland and Nov. 2 -Steamer Briardene, 6,576.
To Bremen-Oct. 30 Steamers Feronia, 5.450 ; Mt. Hebron, 6,730 To Bremen-Oct. 30 Steamers Feronia, 5.450 ;
To Hamburg-Oct. 30 -Steander Feronia, 1,000 .
Brunswick- Lo Liverpool-Nov. 4-Steamer Chirlmere, 4,301
To Bremen-Nov. 4-Steamer Hillb ook, 6,200.
OHarLeston-To Liverpool-Oct. 30-Steamer Rotherfield. 7,813 upland and 45 sea Island.
To Bremen-Oct, $30-8$ teamer Whitburn, 6,880.
PORT ROYAL-To Liverpool-Nov. 3 -Steamer Framfield, 6,468 upland Wirand 10 sea Island.
Whmington-To Bremen-Oct. 29 -Steamer Haxby, 10,550...Nov. 4-
Norvolk To Liverpool-Oet. 29-Steamer Wildoroft, 312 (additional) NewPöt News Novinamer Lambert's Point, 3,210 .
BOSTON -To Liverpool-Derpool-Nov. 4-Steamer Shenandoah, 800
Steamers Sachem, 1,024 ; Victorian, 6,477 .
To Yarmouth - Oot. 29 -Steamer Boston, 50....Nov. 2-Steamer
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool-Oct. 28-Steamer Ikbal, 2,258_...Nov. 3Steamer 8edgemore, 2.231 .
l'o Bremen-Oct. 28-Steamer Bonn, (additional) 850....Nov. 3-
Steamer Oldenburg, 3,677. Steamer Oldenburg, 3,677.
To Rotterdam-Oot. 29-Steanaer Urbino, 208.
SAN Francisoo-To Japan-Oct. 30-Steamer Wassland, 648
Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, \&c.:
Carmarthenshire, steamer (Br.), at Havre, from Baltimore, had the oargo in her afterhold on fire white at sea, and 34 balds of ontton
were jettisoned before the fire was extinguished.
Cotton freights at New York the past week have been as follows.

|  | Satur. | Mon. | Tues. | Wednes. | Thurs. | Frrs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liverpool, asked. $\bar{d}$. | ${ }^{9} 64$ | ${ }^{9} 84$ | ${ }^{64}$ | 9,4 | ${ }^{9} 64$ | ${ }^{6} 64$ |
| Havre.............c. | $35 \dagger$ | 351 | $35+$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35 t$ | $35 i$ |
| Bremen........... $d$. | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35+$ | 351 | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ |
| Aamburg.........d. | $30 \dagger$ | 301 | 301 | $30 \dagger$ | 301 | $30 \dagger$ |
| Amsterdam.......c. | 351 | 351 | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35 t$ |
| Reval, v. Hamb..d. | 501 | $50 i$ | 50 ¢ | $50 \dagger$ | 501 | $50 \dagger$ |
| Do v. Hull... $d$. | $48 \dagger$ | 481 | $48 \dagger$ | $48 \dagger$ | $48 t$ | $48 \dagger$ |
| Rotterdam ...... $d$. | 351 | 351 | $35+$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ | $35 \dagger$ |
| Qenoa . . . . . . . . . . $d$. | $40 \dagger$ | $40 \dagger$ | 401 | $40 \dagger$ | $40 \dagger$ | $40 \dagger$ |
| Trieste............d. | 738 | $7_{32}$ | $7_{32}$ | 732 | 732 | $7_{32}$ |
| Antwerp | $4_{4} 3^{3}{ }_{16}$ | $4^{\text {a }}{ }^{3} 1$ | $4^{\circ} \square^{3}$ | ${ }_{44} क^{3} 16$ | ${ }_{44} \sim^{3}{ }^{36}$ | ${ }_{4} \square^{3} 1$ |

 + Cents net per 100 lbs .

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool we have the follow ing statement of the week's sales, stocks, \&c., at that port.

|  | Oct. 15. | Ocl. 22. | Oct. 29. | Nov. 5. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales of the week .......bales. | 62,000 | 58,000 | 56,000 | 63,000 |
| Of whioh exporters took... of whioh speulators took. | 1,900 | 2,600 300 | 2,500 300 | 2,200 300 |
| sales American. | 60,000 | 52,000 | 49,000 | 58.000 |
| Actual export. | 3,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | 7,000 |
| Forwarded.. | 61,000 | 64,000 | 68,000 | 69,000 |
| Total stoek-Estimat | 261,000 | 238,000 | 351,000 | 419,000 |
| Of whichAmerican-Estm'd | 182,000 | 210,000 | 272,000 | 335,000 |
| Total import of the week. | 41,000 | 83,000 | 138,000 127,000 | 140,000 124,000 |
| Amoant afloat. | 286,000 | 291,000 | 326,000 | 300,000 |
| Of which American. | 285,000 | 290,000 | 325,000 | 298,000 |

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Nov. 5 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

| pot | ay. | Monday. | Tvestay. | Wed'day. | Thursd'y | Friday. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Irregular. | In buye favor | Fair buktncas dolng. | Itregula | Faste | In buyers favor. |
|  | 3 | 311 | 311 | ${ }^{16}$ | 3 | 324 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,000 \\ 0,00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,00 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,00 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ |
| Market, $1: 45 \mathrm{~F} . \text { if. }$ | Weat 2-cline. ine. | Quiet. |  | Qulet at <br> $1-4$ and 24 decline. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Steady at } \\ \text { 1-64 de- } \\ \text { ollne. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qulet at } \\ & \text { partially } \\ & 1-64 \text { dec. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Market, <br> 4. P, M. | Quiet. | Steady. | Quiet but steady. | Irregular. | Steady. | Steady |

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given belo.r. Pcices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling claase, unless otherwise stated.
TV. The prices are given in pence and 64ths. Thus: 3 mean
3 6.-64d, and 4 ol means $41-6 \mathrm{~d}$.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oel. } 30 \text { to } \\ & \text { Noo. } 5 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | sa |  | Mon. |  | Tues, |  | Wed. |  | Thurs. |  | Fri. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 121_{2} \\ & \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ | $p, x,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ | $5 \times{ }_{8}^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 4.5 \\ & \text { R. M. } \end{aligned}$ | $14 . \mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{c}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \mathrm{r}, 3 \mathrm{x} \end{aligned}$ | $5 \underset{8}{5} . \frac{4}{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \text { р. } \mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\text { 2. } 4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1: 45 \\ & \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}, \end{aligned}$ | P. M. |
| Octol | $\overline{d_{21}}$ | $\begin{gathered} d . \\ 321 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oet.-Noy } \\ & \text { Noy.-De } \end{aligned}$ | 316 | 316 18 |  | 315 313 |  |  | 314 | 313 311 |  |  |  | 311 309 |
| Deers |  |  |  | 313 | 313 | 318 | 311 | 311 |  |  | 309 |  |
| Jan. | 13 | 313 | 312 | 313 | 31.3 | 313 | 311 | 311 | 310 | 310 | 309 |  |
| Feb. |  | 13 | 313 | 313 |  | ${ }^{12}$ | 3 11 | 311 | 311 |  | 310 | 310 |
| Meh-A | 314 | 314 | 314 | 314 | 314 | 314 | 313 | 312 | 312 |  | 311 | 311 |
| 4 Apel-May | 315 | 315 | 315 | 315 | 315 | 315 | 314 | 313 | 313 | 312 | 312 | 312 |
| May-June | 316 | 311 | 316 | 316 | 316 | 316 | 315 | 314 | 314 | 31 | 313 | 313 |
| Jme-July | 317 | 1 | 317 | 317 | 317 | 317 | 316 | 315 | 31 | 3 | 314 | 314 |
| July-Aug | 318 | 318 | 318 | 314 | 318 | 31 | 317 | 316 |  | 316 | 315 | 315 |
| Aug.-Sept. |  |  | 318 | . 19 | 19 | 310 | 318 | 317 | 㾝 |  | 316 | 316 |

## BREADSTUFFS.

Faiday, November 5, 1897.
Only a very moderate volume of business has been trans acted in the market for wheat flour, as a reaction in wheat values has had a tendency to check the demand, buyers having limited their purchases to only such supplies as have been needed to meet their current wants. Prices for the low grades of winter-wheat flour bave held steady owing to th-ir comparative scarcity, but other grades have weakened slightly in price. City mills have been quiet but steady. Rye flour has had a moderate sale at steady values. Buck Wheat flour has been quiet but steady at unchanged prices. Corn meal has had only a limited sale, but prices have been unchanged.
There bas been less activity to the speculative dealings in the market for wheat futures, and there has been something of a reaction from the advance in prices noted last week largely the result of selling by the big Western operators, and realizing sales by longs have also had a weakening influence upon values. Saturday there was a fairly active market, and on buying for outside account and rumors of a large export business prices advanced, closing 38 @3/e. up for the day. Monday the market was easier under moderate selling prompted by the fall of rains throughout the West, thus breaking the drought existing there and improving crop conditions in the winter-wheat belt. The visible supply showed an nnexpectedly large increase, and this was also against the market. Tuesday was a holiday. Wednesday prices advanced during early 'Change in response to stronger foreign advices accompanied by buying orders. Subsequently, however, after the foreign buying had subsided, the market turned weaker under realizing sales by longs and gelling for Western aczount, closing with prices 3/1@1c. lower for the day. Thursday the market opened steadier, then weakened and declined sharply, followinga downward plunge to prices in the Western market and the close showed prices 5 © ${ }^{3}$ c. lower for the day. To-day the market was weaker under liquidation by longs in the near-by deliverids while the distant positions held steady on moderate buying, closing

1/8@1c. lower for the day. Business in the spot market has been active, exporters having been large buyers at a decline in prices. To-day the market was active. The sales ine uded No. 1 hard Manitoba at $951 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. c. i. f. Buffalo; also No. 2 hard win'er and No. 2 Chicago spring on private terms.
daily closing prioes of no. 2 red winter wheat.


The speculative in'erest shown in the market for Indian corn futures has been small and no changes of an important nature have occurred in values, the fuctuations having been within narrow limits. Early in the week there was a fractional advanct in prices on a decrease in the crop movement as a result of the wet weather in the West, which stimulated some baying to cover contracts. Subsequently, however, increased offerings together with weaker advices from the West and sympathy with the decline in wheat cansed a reaction. To-day the market was quiet but steady. The spot market has been active, a large export business having been transacted. The close was active. The sales included No. 2 mixed at $823 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. f. o. b. afloat.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXRD CORN


Oats for future delivery have been slightly more active ${ }^{6}$ and despite the reaction noted in values for wheat and corn, prices for this grain have advanced slightly on an increased disposition to buy stimulated by continued large purchases for export, a comparatively small movement of the crop and stronger advices from the West, where shorts have been buying to cover contracts. To day the market was quiet but about steady. The spot market was active, as exporters were large buyers. The sales included No. 2 mixed at $241 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. in elevator, No. 2 white at 27 c . in elevator, and No. 2 white, clipped, at 283 sc c. f. o. b. afloat.
dally olosing frices of no. 2 mixed oats.

Rye has had a fair export sale at steady price. Barley has been quiet but steady.
The following are closing quotations:
FLour.

WheatGRAIN.

| Wheat- | 0. | c. | Corn, | ©. | 0. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spring, per bush.. |  | 103 | Western mixed | 30 | (1)33 |
| Red Winter, No. 2. | 97\% | 9978 | No. 2 mixed | 31 | (0)32 |
| Red Winter | 93 a | $1002^{2}$ | Western Yell |  | ¢34 |
| Northern, | 977 , ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 9878 | Western |  | D34 |
| Oats-Mix'd, per bsh. | 24 | 25 | Rye- |  |  |
| Whit | 2547 | 32 | Weatern, per |  | a. |
| No. 2 m | $24^{1}$ \% | $25^{19}$ | State and Jerse |  | $\omega 5$ |
| 2 wh | 27 わ | 28 | Barley-Westera |  | D5 |

The movement of breadstuffs to market as indicated in the statements below is prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Oct. 30 , and since Aug. 1, for each of the last three vears, have been as follows:

| Recerpta at- | Elour. | Wheat. | Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rue. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bibla 196 lbs | Bush. 60 lbs | Bush. ${ }^{\text {cims }}$ | Bush.32lbs | Bush.48ws | Bu 56 lbs. |
| Chiengo. | 60.359 | 842,676 | 2,017.559 | 1,728,505 | 582,657 | 148,205 |
| Milwaukee | 42,450 | 216.850 | 109,950 | 198,000 | 459,600 | 55,170 |
| Dututh | 154,550 | 1,171,624 | 90,905 | 87,000 | 227,038 | 38,374 |
| Minmeapolts- | 4,098 | 3,485,580 | 206, 100 | 323,130 |  |  |
| Toledo. | 1,084 | 155,693 | 139,252 | 38,115 | 28,329 |  |
| Detrolt | 12,050 | 160,944 | 127,119 | 105,401 | 111,225 | 38,371 |
| Cleveland | 35,982 | 31,638 | 67,314 | 78,207 |  |  |
| St. Louls | 27,9<0 | 245,489 | 500,235 | 219,030 | 56,343 | 5,607 |
| Peorla | 5,700 | 10,2C0 | 376,800 | 141,8C0 | 37,800 | 600 |
| Kansas City. |  | 667,500 | 239,500 | 53,000 |  |  |
| Tot.wk. 9 . | 345,059 | 7,097,204 | 3,874,784 | 2,082,191 | 1,101,987 | 287,327 |
| Bame wk.'9e. | 950,308 | 7,527.154 | 4.741.788 | 4,720,147 | 2,402.205 | 317,102 |
| Bame wk.'95. | 271,497 | 8,590,166 | 2,305,285 | 3,405,925 | 1,883,443 | 147,902 |
| Since Aug. 1. 1897. | 69 | 89,946,513 | 79, 879,463 | 61,2\%4,506 | 12,342,054 | 4,351,281 |
| 1806. | $3,881,260$ | 78,345,080 | 51,530,681 | c0, 46,979 | 13,391,308 | 2,893,089 |
| 1895........... | 3.775,580 | 78.135.314 | 32.894.724 | 47.865. 308 | 13,448,68, | 1,313,704 |

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Oct, 3), 1897, follows


Total receipts at ports from Jan． 1 to Oct． 30 compare as follows for four years：

| Receipts of－ Flour． $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1897 \\ & 21,248,548 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1896 . \\ & 9,300,692 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1895 . \\ & 14,068,820 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1894 . \\ 18,793,098 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wh | sh． $83,138,701$ | 58，654，148 | 33，979．752 | 49，003 |
| Cor | 181，477，219 | 78，351，948 | 42，7\％5000 | $37.690,450$ |
| Oat： | 75，168，144 | 59，718，053 | 35，800，778 | 37，690，450 |
| Barle | 10，139，152 |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,338,029 \\ 403,893 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,460,986 \\ 402,980 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Eye． | 8，914，328 | 4，768，869 | 403，893 | 402，960 |

Total grain．．．．＂$\overline{339,137,544} \overline{204,685,841} \overline{115,397,502} \quad \overline{126,114,231}$
The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Oct． 30,1897 ，are shown in the annexed statement：

| Wheat， | Corn． | пlowr， | Oats | Rye． | Peas， | Bartey |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports from－bush． | bush | ¢bis． | bush | hus 8 h． | busat | bush， |
| New ，ork ．．．1，137，780 | 469.607 | 125，776 | 1，022，081 | 130，304 | 9，488 |  |
| Boston．．．．．．314，857 | 25，428 | 18，883 | 100，566 |  |  |  |
| Charlest＇n，S．C 64，000 |  | 1，529 |  |  |  |  |
| Phladelphita． 340.428 | 387.210 | 48.145 | 89，200 |  |  |  |
| Baltimore．．．． 163,997 | 193.716 | 62,052 | 60，020 | 42，857 |  |  |
| New Orleans．，557，635 | 358.451 | 5，989 | 43.180 |  | 886 |  |
| Norfolk．．．．．．． | 2¢，000 | 38，000 | 201，181 |  |  |  |
| Montreal ．．．．． $381,21{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 189，238 | 1，1617 | 118，800 | 1206，157 | 22，38\％7 |  |
| Galveston．．．． 440,000 |  | 4，214 |  |  |  |  |
| otal w＇k，． $8,399,704$ | 599，842 | 341.205 | 1，589，981 | 299，318 | 82，539 | 49，583 |
| ame time＇96．1，895，924 | 431，206 | 242，577 | 624，183 | 207，268 | 135.788 |  |

The destination of these exports for the week and since September 1，1896，is as below．

| Exports for week and since | Week Since Sept． |  | Week Wheat．－Since Sept． |  | Week | Since Sept． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\text { Oct } 30 \text {. }$ | 1, 1847. |  |  | Wet． 30 | Since Sept， 1． 1897. |
|  |  | bbls |  | us |  |  |
| olted Kingdom | 200.08 | 1，375，548 | 2．255．6－5 | 16．963．770 | 623 179 | 13，991．201 |
| Continent． | 59，749 | 351，5143 | 1，103，258 | 14．3989，414 | 923，750 | 11，317，173 |
| \％C．Amer | 38，355 | 224.48 | 22.4 （0 | 589，1．0 |  |  |
| West Indies | 28，6a1 | 171.027 |  |  | 22.557 | 317，817 |
| Brit．N，A． | 2，090 | 81808 |  |  | 26，950 | 89,029 |
| Other countries．． | 12． 284 | 67.457 | 18476 | 71，275 | 3，116 | 28.757 | r conntrles．．

Total $1890^{\circ}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}341,205 & 2,228,432 & 8,399,704 & 32,023,909 & 1,59 p, 642 & 25,817,241 \\ 2425,7 & 2,285,057 & 1,695,924 & 15,583,713 & 2,431,206 & 23,603,638\end{array}$
The visible supply of grain，comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of acoumulation at lake and seaboard ports，Oct．30，1897，was as follows：


## THE DRY GOODS TRADE．

New York，Friday，P．M．，Nov．5， 1897.
The week＇s business has been broken in upon by the excite－ ment in connection with the elections and the holiday on Tuesday．This interruption probably reduced business very little，as there have been no indications of any better demand coming forward than for some time past．The general run of buyers are still apathetic over goods fur seasonable distri－ bution and have been less enterprising than before in provid． ing for spring sequirements．The mildness of the weather so far is a serious drawback，as it retards the distribution by retailers of seasonable merchandise and thus arrests supple－ mentary business with jobbers and in the primary markets． The cotton goods division is weak，raw cotton is still declin ing and emphasizes the effect of slow selling．Print cloths have this week touched a lower price than ever before re－ corded for them，extras selling at 20 －16c，per yard．In the Woolen goods division of the market business has been quite slow in men＇s－wear fabries and quieter than of late in dress goods，but prices remain firm．

Woolen Goods．－The situation in the men＇s－wear fabrics division of the market is unchanged in $2 l l$ respects．There has been only a small business coming forward in either staples or fancies for the spring season and the mild weather so far is evidently exercising some influence over the views The market is unnsually well sold up on light weights and there are no cancellations coming forward to disturb mat－ ters．Prices remain firm all around，although there is no farther hardening tendency noticeable just now in either suitings or trouserings．Both overcoatings and cloakings have ruled dull but prices are maintained．Flannels and
blankets also dull，with previous prices maintained．Dress goods are much quieter so far as demand goes，but the tone is still firm．
Domestic Cotton Goods．－The exports of cotton gaods from this port for the week ending Nov． 1 were 2,388
packages，valued at $\$ 116,744$ ，their destination being to the points specified in the tables below

|  |  | 1897. |  | 1896. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week． | Since Jan． 1. | Week． | Nince Jar． 1. |
| Grest Britsin．．－n＝en．．．e．．．e | 18 | 3，840 | 12 | 3，212 |
| Other－Europenn．．．．ene．ease． |  | 2，962 | 28 | 2，183 |
|  | 252 | 101，806 | 163 | 87，376 |
| India． | 4 | 11，846 |  | 4，548 |
| Arabia | 500 | 20，654 | 261 | 28，523 |
| Afrios． | 541 | 17，694 | 37 | 15，290 |
|  | 404 | 12，645 | 257 | 10，935 |
|  | 40 | 2，900 | 15 | 2.366 |
| Oentral Americe | 31 | 6，936 | 230 | 8，213 |
| South America．．．．．．．nnambee | 498 | 40，491 | 1，361 | 44，466 |
| Otner Oountries，．．．aeme．es． | 106 | 4，386 | 100 | 3，601 |
|  | 2，388 | 226,160 16,166 | 2，464 | $\begin{array}{r} 210,713 \\ 34,845 \end{array}$ |
| cots1 | 2，388 | 242，326 | 2，464 | 245，558 |

The value of the New York exports for the year to date ha been \＄8，88），861 in 1897 against $\$ 9,298,698$ in 1896.

There has been an indifferent home demand for brown sheetings and drills，and buying for export has again been on a very restricted scale．Sellers have been very easy to deal with and prices show much irregularity，although there is still an absence of open reduction in prices．Similar features are shown in brown ducks and osnaburgs．The demand for bleached cottons continues very indifferent．Neither jobbers nor the manufacturing trade are placing orders of any moment and prices are weak in all but protected tickets． The demand for coarse colored cottons is slow throughout and prices are in favor of buyers in all descriptions．Sales of wide sheetings，cotton flannels and blankets have been slow without change in prices．Kid－finished cambrics in－ active and barely steady．Prints have been in restricted demand and both staples and fancies are tending in favor of buyers．Staple ginghams dull and barely steady．Fine ginghams well sold for spring．There has been a poor de－ mand tor print cloths and extras have declined 1－16e．to 25－16c．for spots．

| Stack oj Print Olaths－ | $\begin{aligned} & 1897 . \\ & \text { Oct. Bu. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 189R. } \\ & \text { Oct. } 31 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1895 . \\ & \text { Now. } 2 \end{aligned}$ | 7894. <br> Nov． 3. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AtProvidence， 64 squaree | 410,000 | 345.040 | 83，000 | 41，000 |
| At Fall River， 64 squares．． | 591 00n | 817，000 | 5，0u6 | 12，ut 0 |
| At Fall River，oon sizer． | 674，000 | 919，000 | 46，000 | 105，000 |

Total stork（Dieces）．．．．al，1，665，000 $\overline{2,131,000} \quad 134,000 \quad \overline{158,000}$
Formian Dry Goods．－The general market for imported merchandise has been quiet．Seasonable stocks are quite irregular，but for spring supplies of dress goods，silks，rib－ bons，hosiery，underwear，etc．，prices are as a rule well maintained．
 The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Nov．4， 1897 ，and since January 1，1897，and for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows：

| 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> B <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 是 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { n } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{-1} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 88 \\ & 80 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{y}{c} \\ & \text { gr } \\ & \text { ry } \\ & \text { or } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \\ & 00 \\ & 000 \\ & -10 \\ & 80 \\ & 008 \end{aligned}$ |  oro is 1 <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & -1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101 \\ & 20 \\ & 00 \\ & 10 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | ～RONH ＂rom＂${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Ni}$ $0,006-6$ 10060 |  | $8$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} 8 \\ \frac{8}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} y \\ \text { §5 } \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \text { is } \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { is } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \% \\ & 108 \\ & \omega 8 \\ & =8 \\ & 80 \\ & 80 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | －Nec． 000009 $\infty_{0} 0_{0}=00$ <br>  003.700 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & -1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 N \\ & 0 N \\ & 000 \\ & 00 \\ & =0 \\ & 00 \end{aligned}$ | Nows＝ $100^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$ in $^{\circ}$ 088080 ＂『0070 <br>  シールーのの | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{3}{8} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | НムN N －© 0 ont $08 \mathrm{Cl} \boldsymbol{0}$ ㅇN － －Tiuwn s Nourns | $\frac{\text { EI }}{E}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Non } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ \mathbf{3} \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 6 \\ & 8 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 604 \\ & 004 \\ & 10=1 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline 00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta=14 \omega 0 \\ & 0-1010 \\ & 0-1 N 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \approx \\ 0 \\ \hdashline \end{gathered}$ | cos |  | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{20} \\ & 7000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| $15$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{y}{2}$ |  | wouncr －$\rightarrow$ Con －0000＂0 is 198860 |  |  |  | －NTAN w马 503 co re $5^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ O 4800 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & \frac{7}{s} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ N \infty \\ N \\ -76 \\ 0.0 \\ 0.0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 둥 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { e } \\ & \text { is } \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -100 \\ & 00 \\ & 00 \\ & 00 \\ & 00 \\ & 00 \pi \\ & 30 \pi \end{aligned}$ | winis ois HONOL $00^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 100^{\circ}$ 06019000 |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | io |  |  $\omega_{0}^{\circ}-10$ is <br>  ०ेंOO GHENN |  |  |  |

# State and City Depatiment． 

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The Investors＇SUPPLEMENT will be furnished without sxira charge to every annual subseriber of the Commercial and Financlal Chronicle．
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## MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN OCTOBER．

The manicipal bond market during the past month has been rather quiet，as is evident from the small amount of the securities sold．According to our records the aggregate of the sales for October was $\$ 6,454,393$ ．This total does not include $\$ 626$ ，－ 000 of temporary loans reported，which，as ex－ plained on previous occasions，do not properly belong in the list．There is a marked decrease whether compared with the previous month $(\$ 9,272,691)$ or with October of previous years，excepting in 1896 ， when the low total of $\$ 4,688,463$ was occasioned by the silver agitation and the pending Presidential election．

There is also a marked falling off in the number of sales when compared with the previous months，there being but 112 municipalities issuing bonds with an sggregate of 135 separate issues，as against 179 （cover－ ing 230 separate issues）in September and 159 （covering 188 issues）in August．Prices continue firm and strong，and all sound securities find ready and willing bidders．Many of the larger houses are seeking in－ restments for their money in the West，and several propositions for the refunding of large issues of bonds have recently been made，and await official action．

The principal sale of the month was that of the Bos－ ton loan，amounting to $\$ 1,558,000$ ，awarded to Harvey Fisk \＆Sons，New York，at $102 \cdot 19 \%$ ．Others of $\$ 300,000$ and over were the Buffalo loan of $\$ 571,946$ awarded to Parkinson \＆Burr，Boston，at $101 \cdot 031$ ，and the Queens County，N．Y．，loan of $\$ 340,000$ awarded in part to J．II．Bonnington at $109 \cdot 44$ and in part to Bertron \＆ Storrs，New York，at 108．64．

In the following table we give the prices which were paid for October loans to the amount of $\$ 5,958,762$ ， issued by 94 municipalities．The aggregate of sales for which no price has been reported is $\$ 495,631$ ，and the total bond sales for the month $\$ 6,454,393$ ．In the case of each loan reference is made to the page of the Ohroniole where a full account of the sale is given．

 79
79
79
88 790 ．Boston，Mass．．．．．．．．．．．
790. Braddock，Paa．．．．．．． 889．．Brookhaven（N．Y．）
School Dist．No．1．）


836
89
69
 790 ．Caldwell District．．． 744．．Carmegie，Pa．．．．
744．．Crillioothe，Ohio 790 ．．Cleveland，Ohio \＄36．．．Cleveland，Oho 744. Dleveland，Ohio．．．． 791 ．College Hill，Ohio． 891．．．College Hin，Ohio． 837．．Darreotionville，Ia．
837 ．
745 ．．Deckerto Wn．．．
791．．Deckham，Mass．．．．． 889．Dunmore，Pa 889．．Fall River，Mass．．．． 791．．Fostoris，Ohio． 837．．．Frankifort，Ky ．． 791．Franklur Co．，Ohlo．． 837．．Freeport，N．Y．．．．．．．
745 ．．Galreston，Tex 745．．Galreston，Tex．．．．．． 70
83
8 694．Henderson，Minm 745 ．Jamestown，N．Y．．．． 745．Jamestown，N．Y．．．．．
694．．Johnston（R．I．）Soh． 837．Keuton，No． $1 \ldots \ldots$ 837．Kenton，O 694．Kingsbury（N，Y，Üu． 890．．．Lee Co．（III．）Inlet 890．．．Lee Swamp Drainage Distriet ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 745 Lexlngton，Mass．．．．．．．
745 ．．Lbby（Mont．）School 745 ．Líncolu，Nob．21．．．． 745 ．Lincoln，Neb．．．．．．．．．．． 745．Lincoln（Neb．）School 746 District．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 746 ．Marathon，N．Y 890．．．Marion Co．．Olio．． 792．．．Marshal，Mich．．．．． 890．．Martin＇s Ferry，Ohilo 792 Midnleto wn．Ohio．．． 838 ．Manroevilie，Ohlo 695．．Montgomery Co．，Ala． 792．Montgomery Co．．Mo． 792．Moulcon（Neb．）Irriga－ 838．．Mt．Morris，N．Y． 838．．Mt．Morris，N．Y．
792 ．．Mount Vernon． 793．．Mount Vernon，N．
890 ．．．Neveda City，Cal 746．．New Brighton（B．I．

R．Y．），Union Free 746．Nem Brighton（8．I．
N．Y．），Vnfon Free Hehool Dlat．No． 3 792．New Brunswick，N．J． 888．．．Ve FreeSch．Dist．No． 1 746 ．．North Hempstead（N． Y．）Unlon Free Soh． Dist，No． 3 ． 838．．No，Tonawanda，N．Y． 891 ．Ortonville，Minn．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 792 \text {. Onwego, N, Y. } \\
& 838 \text {. Overnenk Twwo }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sihool District. .ila- } \\
& \text { 838.. Park Co. (Mont.) } \\
& \text { rider Sohonl Dlat }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Fidge School Dlat... } \\
& 695 . . \text { Philmont, N. Y....... }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 695 \text {. Philmont, N. Y....... } \\
& \text { 746. Pleasant Ridge, Ohio. } \\
& 892 . \text { Pomaroy Ohio }
\end{aligned}
$$ 892．．Pomeroy，Ohfo，

747．－Queens County，N．Y． 792 ．Raleigh，N．C．． 838 ．Ralls Co．（MO．）．
838 ．．Ralls Co．（Mo．） 838．．Ralls Co．（Mo．）． 793．．Rookville Centre，N．Y． 693．．Roselle，N．J．．．．．．．．．．． 695．．Ran Bernarlino
892．San Cal．）Brooke Sohool District．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 793 793．．8andnsky，Ohio．．．．．．．． 892．．．Aandusky，Co．，Ohlo 696．．sleepy Eye Lake 793 ． 79 nlivan Co．，Mo． 793．Summerville，Ga 839．． 8 weet tirass Co．，Mon 793．Tannton，Mass．． 747．Torre Hante，Ind． 747．Thief 1iver Falls， 747．Tottenvil 747．．Tottenville，N．Y 793．．Trentom M 839．．Vietor，Col，．．．．．．．．．．．．．
793．Warron，If，I．．．．．．．．． 840．Warren，W．Watertow，N．X
79a．Wannat． 793．WaมAя11，Wi 840．．Welaster 748．Wooster 840．Wood Co．，W．V8．．．．．．
748 ．．Wurtshoro
 －9， B．$^{5}$

\section*{1909－1912} July 1， 1917 | Oot． |
| :--- | :--- |
| July |
| 1,1917 | July 1， 1927

$1898-1926$ ＊1905 1912－1922
Oet．．．．．．．．．．． 1907 Oet．1， 1926 Oot．1． 1907
$1898-1907$ Oct．16， 1917 Nov． 1,1927 1926
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-1907 Nov．1， 1927 1898－1908 $19017-1927$
+1899 1899
+1909 1917－1937 ＋1907－1917 Oct．1， 1907 ot． 1,1907 1898－1902

Nov．1， 1927 Sept．1， 1907 1898－1902
1910－1924

## －1909

＋1907－1917 1907.1917 1902－1905

1907－1917 $1899-1926$
$1898-1907$ $1898-1907$
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1899－1903 1898－1907 1900－1912 $1902-1927$
1935 1898－1902
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1898－1905 Nov．1， 1922

1913－1927

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1902 1902－1921 1898－1907 1898－1907 Oct．15， 1917 Oct．1， 1927 ＋1902－1917 ＋1907－1917 ＋1912－1917 1902－1913 July 1， 1917

## 1901－1902

 1899－1908 1901－19111898－1900 $1899-1901$
$+1902-1917$ Nov．1， 1927 ＋1912－1917 June 1,1907 1907
$\$ 35,000 \quad 100 \cdot 40$
958，000）
$\left.\begin{array}{l}100,000 \\ 500,000\end{array}\right\}$
1000,000
102,000
$107 \cdot 8219$
$6,500 \cdot 102 \cdot 06$
$60,581 \quad 103 \cdot 51$ $\begin{array}{rr}571,946 & 101 \cdot 031 \\ 12,799 & 103 \cdot 095\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}35,000 & 101 \cdot 50\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}15,000 & 104 \cdot 166 \\ 12,000 & 106 \cdot 06\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}8,000 & 107.907\end{array}$ $90,000 \quad 105 \cdot 05$ 199,000
220,000
$111 \cdot 59$ $\begin{array}{ll}20,000 & 104 \cdot 93 \\ 1,317 & 108 \cdot 50\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}1,317 & 108 \cdot 50 \\ 3,500 & 110\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}5,000 & 100\end{array}$ $55,000 \quad 110 \cdot 64$ 1，000 103．50 $\begin{array}{ll}20,000 & 101.92 \\ 14,000 & 107.60\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}14,000 & 107 \cdot 60 \\ 29,000 & 110 \cdot 515\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}29,000 & 110.515 \\ 25,000 & 112.65 \\ 5,500 & 109.09\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}5,500 & 109.09 \\ 3,000 & 101\end{array}$ $130,000 \quad 100 \cdot 0846$ $\begin{array}{rl}1,400 & 100 \cdot 25 \\ 15,000 & 103 \cdot 307\end{array}$ $200,000 \quad 100$ $10,000 \quad 102$ $\begin{array}{rr}2,000 & 100.75 \\ 5,000 & 104.32\end{array}$ $6,000 \quad 100^{-11} 6$ $10,000 \quad 101 \cdot 76$ $17,000 \quad 103 \cdot 278$ $\begin{array}{ll}3,000 & 100 \\ 3,017 & 100\end{array}$ $15,000 \quad 105 \cdot 025$
$50,000 \quad 104 \cdot 60$ $10,000 \quad 108 \cdot 187$
$3,500 \quad 101 \cdot 143$ $26,000 \quad 100$
$25,000 \quad 101 \cdot 20$ $\begin{array}{ll}28,000 & 103.5125 \\ 21,206 & 110.8177\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}6,026 & 104 \cdot 60\end{array}$ $50,000 \quad 103 \cdot 20$ $790 \quad 105 \cdot 125$ $\begin{array}{ll}4,665 & 104 \cdot 05 \\ 8,500 & 105 \cdot 88\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rr}8,000 & 105 \cdot 88 \\ 18,000 & 111 \cdot 461\end{array}$ $50,000 \quad 107 \cdot 07$ $3,500 \quad 95$ $14,000 \quad 105 \cdot 655$ $\begin{array}{ll}40,000 & 114 \cdot 266 \\ 57,000 & 100 \cdot 87\end{array}$
$15,000 \quad 110 \cdot 06$
$8,000 \quad 106 \cdot 64$ $98,000 \quad 103.41$
$15,000 \quad 107 \cdot 78$
$13,100 \quad 101 \cdot 23$ $\begin{array}{ll}10,000 & 103 \cdot 25 \\ 41,750 & 104 \cdot 955\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}41,750 & 104 \cdot 955 \\ 15,000 & 107\end{array}$ $15,000 \quad 100 \cdot 10$ $1,000 \quad 102 \cdot 50$
$1,500 \quad 100$ $11,000 \quad 100$ $\begin{array}{rr}2,000 & 103.55\end{array}$ $340,000\left\{\begin{array}{l}109 \cdot 44 \\ 108 \cdot 64\end{array}\right.$ $50,000 \quad 109 \cdot 327$ 75，000 5100 125,000 T100 100,000 \＄100 12，000 100 $40,000 \quad 111 \cdot 78$
$1,200 \quad 106.50$ 2，500 106．06 18，000 108．09
$2,550 \quad 102 \cdot 745$ 6，000 101＇25 $\begin{array}{ll}50,000 & 102.777\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}10,000 & 102 \\ 109\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}15,000 & 104 \cdot 171 \\ 70,000 & 105 \cdot 03\end{array}$ $8,000 \quad 100 \cdot 625$ $20,000 \quad 100 \cdot 24$ $\begin{array}{ll}12,000 & 100 \cdot 24 \\ 37,000 & 100 \cdot 251\end{array}$ $50,000 \quad 100$ $\begin{array}{lll}80,000 & 104 \cdot 89 \\ 13,000 & 109.08\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}13,000 & 109 \cdot 08 \\ 12,500 & 101 \cdot 912\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{cc}12,500 & 101 \cdot 912 \\ 15.000 & 100 \\ 5,000 & 111.00\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{cc}5,000 & 111 \cdot 00 \\ 90,000 & 100\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}9,000 & 100 \\ 7,03.095\end{array}$

$1907-1919$
$\times 1900$
Oct． $1912 \times 1927$
$1902-1915$


* Average of dates of maturlty. T Subjeot to oall in and after the carlier year and mature in the later year. +Not including \$626,000 of temporary loans reported and which do not belong in the list. These bonds were sold as part of a refunding operation, and the city pays $\$ 5,000$ as
the operation.

In the CHRONICLE of Oetober 9, 189\%, page 693, a list of September bond sales amounting to $\$ 9,229,591$ will be found. Since the publication of that statement we have received the following a ditional reports:


These additional loans will make the total sales (not including temporary loans) as reported for September 1897 amount to $\$ 9,272,691$.

Delray (Village), Mich.-Incorporation Granted.-On October 26, 1897, the Board of Supervisors of Wayne County, by a vote of 25 to 19 , decided in favor of incorporating Dolray as a village.
New York City.-Jamaica, N. Y.-Northfield, N. V.Irregul irities in Accounts.-On October 26, 1897, Comptroller Fitch gave out the following statement concerning the report of the expert accountant engaged in investigating the accounts and records of the town of Jamaica:
"It has become quite evident, as the result of the work already done by the expert accountants appointed by the Comptroller, under the provisions of Chapter 669, Laws of 1897, that it will be necessary for the Comptroller to contest many of the issues of bonds by the municipal corporations to be consolidated with New York City.
"One of the reports recently presented by the expert accountant engaged in investigating the accounts and records of the town of Jamaica shows a remarkable condition of affairs in connection with the accounts of that town. He reports:
'1. That in the office of the Clerk of that town there is no system of indexing and recording papers on file; that there is no record of the several bond issues, as required by Chapter 685, Laws of 1892, as amended by Chapter 350, Laws 1895.
"2. That the cash accounts of the several Supervisors do not show the status of the several appropriations; that moneys appropriated and raised for specific purposes have been paid out for general purposes.
"3. That the Board of Supervisors of Queens Countyon March 19, 1897, anthorized the town of Jamaica to issue $\$ 450,030$ in $4 \%$ bonds, and authorized the Supervisor of said town to sell said bonds at private or public sale and to charge for his own fees $1 \%$ for receiving and paying out the proceeds. That said bonds were sold at private sale by the Supervisor, and that he paid himself the commission of $1 \%$ ont of the proceeds. That said resolution of the Board of Supervisors also directed the Supervisor of the said town to pay out of the proceeds of the bonds the interest which should fall due on said bond prior to a new tax levy, and to include the amounts so paid in the town budget for 1898.
4. That after said bonds were sold a contract was entered into for the work of macadamizing the highways of the town at an estimated cost of $\$ 457,283$, and a further con'ract for the sngineering expenses was made at the rate of $5 \%$ of the contract price.
'5. That up to Oct. 1, 1897, there had beca paid out of the roceeds of the bonds for commissions to the Supervisor, 8. W. Dunton, to the Commissioners of Highways, for In3pectors' fees, land damages, legal services, interest on bonds,
Bre., $\$ 16,357$ 32, making, with the contract price and the engineering expenses, estimated at $\$ 22,86165$, the total sum of $\$ 496,48197$. That the interest of the $\$ 450,000$ bonds deposited in the bank amounted Oct. 1, 1897, to the sum of $\$ 1,38151$; that thereby it would appear that the expenses connected with the contract work exceeded the appropriations therefor by the sum of $\$ 45,10946$, and to that extent there is a deficiency in the funds.
" 6 . That the Supervisor of the town of Jamaica has overcharged for work done in 1896 in making a copy of the assess-
ment roll; that his bill for the same is $\$ 3,75351$, when, according to legal rates, it should have been only $\$ 86970$, making an overcharge of $\$ 1,8^{*} 381$. That said bill was mudited and paid by the County Treasurer; that, as a matter of fact, the work was done by others for Mr. Dunton, for which he paid only $\$ 450$.
"7. That the interest on bank deposits has not been eredited by the Supervisor since 1890.
"8. That money which should have been collected from the Long Island Real Estate \& Investment Company for rental of fire hydrants has not been paid or collected.
9. That on June 11, 1877, the town of Jamaica leased a strip of land about thirty feet wide and four miles long for ninety-nine years to the New York Woodhaven \& Rockaway Railroad Company for $\$ 300$ per annum, which, on a 5 par cent basis would represent the value of the land to be $\$ 4,000$.

On May 8 the town of Jamaica, conveyed in fee simple to the same railroad corporation a strip of land 150 feet in width and four miles in length, which included the land leased, as above stated, for a consideration of $\$ 3,334$. On the basis of valuation on which the lease was made this property must have been worth at least $\$ 2$ 1,000

It also appears that leases of the common lands have been made on extremely unfavorable terms, one having been made for a term expiring Dec. 31, 1942, and another to begia at that date, to rua until 199\%.
It is proper to aay that the above chargea are denied by the officials of the town of Jamaica.

With reference to the town of Northfield, Staten Island, a report by one of the expert accountants says that on June 4, 1897, the Commission of Highways and the Town Board of Northfleld joined in a petition to the Board of Supervisors of Richmond County, requesting authority to issue bonds for constracting certain highways. The Supervisors passed an act anthorizing the Supervisor of the Town of Northfield to issue gold bonds of the value of $\$ 150,000$ at $5 \%$ per annum, to mature in June, 1927. The act authorized the Supervisor to dispose of the bonds at public or private sale, as he might deem for the best interest of the town, at not less than par; the proceeds to be paid to the Supervisor, and the money realized disbursed by him for the purpose of paying the cost of making the improvements authorized by the act and for the payment of the exp onses incurred under its provisions.
The experts have now discovered, it is claimed, that the minute book of the Town Board contains no references to the sale of the bonds. In a ledger opened by the Town Clerk there is a statement that " 150 bonds of $\$ 1,000$ denomination were sold to E. D. Shepard \& Co. at $\$ 118$, realizing the sum of $\$ 177,000^{3 \prime}$; that in the same ledger E P. Doyle, Supervisor of Northfield, is charged with "on accoant to bind contract for sale of bonds, $\$ 5,000^{\prime \prime}$, and that there are found doposits in the Urited States Mortgage \& Trust Company amounting to $\$ 173,000$, making a total of receipts for bonds sold of $\$ 177,000$. The Town Clerk says that the bonds sold at private sale.
Serious questions now arise, the experts point out, as to the authority of the Supervisors, and the manner in which the bonds were issued, which will make necessary further in vestigation of the several issues of the various towns, which will occupy all the time which will elapse prior to January 1, 1898, and may extend for a much longer period of time before the exact status of the bond issues can be ascertained.

Whatcom--Fairharen, Wash. - Consolidation. - It is stated that the question of consolidating Whatcom and Fairhaven will most likely come up at the December election for settlement.

## Bond Proposals and Negotiations this

 week have been as follows:Akron, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897, th $\$ 10,0005 \%$ refunding school bonds were awarded to the Citi zen's Savings and Loan Co., Mansfield, at 104 -5225. E'ghtean bids were received, ranging from 103 to 104.69 . The highest bidder not being present, and not furnishing any guaranty, the bid was rejected. Bonds mature November 18, 1902. For further particulars see CHRONICLE October 16, 1897, p. $\stackrel{744}{7}$

Americus, Ga.-Bond Neus.-We are informed that the $\$ 35,000$ water works and sewer bonds, recently authorized at a special election. will bear interest at $41 / 2 \%$, payable in New York or Americus, in gold. Principal will mature in 3) years from November 15, 1897, the date of issue. The date of sale has not yet been determined. It is stated that the city has been enjoined from issaing these bonds and that a hearing has been set for 8 A . M. to-day.
Ann Arbor, Mich.-Bond Sale.-On October 18, 1897, the $\$ 12,508255 \%$ sewer bonds were awarded to the Farmers \& Mechanics' Bank, Ann Arbor. Bonds mature in four equal annual payments. For further particulars sée CHRonicle, Oatober 2, 1897, p. 639.

Ashley (Borough) Pa.-No Election. - We are informed by D. E. Frederick, Secretary, "that there will be no vote taken this election for the issuance of $\$ 8,0005 \%$ bonds, as it was not advertised in time."

Ashtabula, Ohio.-Bonds Defeated.-On November 2, 1897, the citizens of Ashtabula voted against the proposition to issue $\$ 40,000$ bonds for a new school building.

Athens (Village) Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 m . November 15, 1897, by W. B. Gold 3 n , Clerk, for the following bonds:

##  1,000 of Morris Avenue improvement bonds, of 550 each.

One bond of each series will mature March 1, 1898, and one bond every 6 months thereafter on March 1 and Sept. 1. Interest will also be payable on March 1 and Sept. 1. Bonds are issued porsuant with Sections 2304 and 2305, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and authorized by ordinance passed April 7, 1*97. Both principal and interest are payable at the First National Bank of Athens or at the Importers' \& Traders' National Bank, New York City. Separate bids mnst be handed in for each issue,

Big Horn County (Wyoming) School District No. 19.Bond Offerng.-Proposals will be received until 2 P. M. December 1, 1897 (time extended), at the Comnty Treasurer's office, Basin City, for $\$ 900$ 8\% 10-year school bonds.

Boston. Mass. - Loan Orders Vetoed.-Mayor Qaincy has decline do ay prove of a loan of $\$ 7,00$ for asphalting Clarendon Street, between Boylston Street and Commonwealth Ave mue, and one of $\$ 10,0$ for improving Fayette Street, between Church and Ferdinand Streets. Also an $\$ 8,000$ loan for im proving Carleton Street, Berwick Park to West Newton Street, a $\$ 6,000$ loan for extending Winthrop Street (Charlestown), and one of $\$ 5,000$ for fencing around Independecce Square. The loans are part of loan orders of $\$ 64,000$ and $\$ 46,0$ o respectively, passed recently by the Common Council, and they have betn disapproved by the Mayor to avoid ex hansting the city's borrowing capscity for the present calendar year.

Bowling Green, Ohio.-Bond Election.-An election will be beld December 6, 1897, to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 55,000$ bonds for the coustruction of a sewer system.

Bozeman, Mont.- Bond Election.-An election will be held November 16, 1897, to vote on the proposed issuance of $\$ 56,000$ of bonds to purehase water works. Bonds if issued will bear interest at 68, payable January 1 and July 1, and will mature in 20 years, subject to call in 10 years. Both principal and interest will be payable at either Bozoman or in New York at the option of the parchaser.

Brookhaven Schnol District No. 1, Stony Brook, N. Y. Bond vale. -Whann \& Schlesinger, New York, have been awarded $\$ 5.50048$ bonds at $102 \cdot 06$. Bids were received from Walter Stanton \& Co., New Xork, at 100.50 and the First National Bank of Port Jefferson at $100 \cdot 50$. Interest will be payable May and November and the principal matures in Charleston, S .
Charleston, S. C.-Bunds Propnsed. - The Ways and Means Committee have reported favorably on the issuance of $41 / 2 \%$ 30 -year conpon bouds for the purpose of refunding the $6 \%$ bonds due in 1898.
Chicago, III, - Bond Issue. - On Jamuary 1, 1898, this city will issue $\$ 100,00045$ refunding bands. They will be for $\$ 1,040$ each, dated January 1, 1898, and will mature Jannary 1, 1918. Interest will be payable in January and July at the American Exchange National Bank, New York. The total debt of Chicsgo including this issue, is \$17,013,950, equalized valuation is $\$ 282,026,660$, and the population (estimated) 1,800,0 0.
Clark County, Wash.-Warrant Call.-Connty Treacurer Alexander called for payment October 29 last about $\$ 5,000$ of school warrants of various districts.
Clayton County, Ga.-Bond klection.-It is stated that the County Commissioners will call an election for the purpose of voting on the question of issuing bonds for a court house.

Clinton, Minn.-Fond Sole.-On November 1, 1897, this village awarded $\$ 3,000$ water works bonds to Duke M. Farson, Chicago, as 6 per cents at 102 75 . Securities mature in twenty years from date of issue.
Colorado Springs, Col.-Bond Offering,-Proposals will be received until 7 p. M., November 15 , 1897 , by Chas E. Smith, City Clerk, for $\$ 40,000416 \%$ water works and $\$ 35,0,0$ 4128 water works extension bonds. Principal of both issues will mature Nov. 1, 1912, optional after 1907. Bids will also be received by the City Clerk at the same time and on the same day for $\$ 25$ cu0 $41 / 2$ refunding water bonds, to mature Nov. 15, 1912, subject to call after Nov. 1, 1902. All bonds will be dated Nov. 15, 897.
Columbus, Ohio,-Bonds Authorized -On November 1, 1897, an ordinance anthorizing the issuance of $\$ 7,500$ coupon bonds to pay the cost of improving Eighth avenue from Neil Avenue to Hunter Street was passed by the City Council. Securities are to bear not exceeding $4 \%$ interest, payable March 1 and September 1, at City Treasurer's office, where principal also will be paid. Principal will mature in ten years from September 1, 1897.
Delaware.-Bowd Sale.-On November 1, 1897, the \$245,0003 . refunding bonds were awarded to Heyl \& Major of Philadelphia at par. Bonds are dated December 1. 1897, and are issued for the purpose of refunding the losns of 1885 a d 1891 at a lower rate of interest. Principal will mature December 1, 1927. For further particulars see Curonicle October 23, 1•97, p. 791.
Des Moines, Iowa.-Bond News.-We are informed by W. A. Elliott, City Treasurer, that the offer of Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., Cincinnati, "is not being considered." As stated in the Crronicle last week, Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co. offered to refund the $\$ 104, C 00$ 4\% bonds due August 1, 1918, with a like amount of $3 \cdot 75$ per cents,
Dominguez School District, Compton, Cal.-Bonds Voted.-At a second election held in this district \$1,2007\% bonds were authorized. The securities were authorized at a
former election and sold to the Oakland Bank for Savings at 105 , and then declared illegal on account of the advertisement appearing but three times. They will mature one bond for \$200 annually. G. A, Harris, District Clerk, in forms us that the bonds will be advertised for sale about the middle of December

Dinmore, Pa. - Bond Sale.-On October 26, 1897, $\$ 14,000$ of 5\% funding bonds were awarded to W. J. Hayes \& Sons, Cleveland, at $107 \cdot 60$. Interest will be payable May and November and the principal will mature $\$ 3,000$ on November $1,1900, \$ 3,500$ on November 1, 1903, $\$ 3,500$ on November 1. 1906, and $\$ 4,000$ on November 1, 1909.

Durango, Col.-Bond News,-In reply to our inquiry regarding tbe ssle of $\$ 105,500 \mathrm{f} \%$ refunding water bonds Mr. Duke M. Farson, Chicago, says: "We did not purchase the Durango, Col., bonds, although such a statement was made in some of the papers.
Edinboro, Pa.-No New Loans. - In response to our inquiry as to whether the statement contained in one of the papers that a loan of $\$ 2,000$ had been recently authorized was correct, Mr. M. Phelps, Borough Clerk, informs us that they are issuing no loans.
Elmwood Place, Ohio.-Bonds Voted.-On November 2, 1897, the people of this village authorized the issuance of the $\$ 15,000$ water-works bonds by a vote of 248 to 185 .
E1 Paso, Texas.-Bond Election. - An election will be held December 7,1897 , to vote on the question of issuing the fol lowing bonds : $\$ 20,000$ for school improvements, $\$ 30,0$ for funding outstanding indebtedness and $\$ 30,000$ for a new City Hall.

Enosburg, Vt.-Bond Sale.-Full information is at hand concerning the $\$ 15,0004 \%$ bonds sold Sept. 20, 1897, to the People's Trust Cimpany of St. Albans at 103. Bonds are dated October 1, 1897, and mature $\$ 500$ annually commencing October 1, 1902. Interest payable April and October, both principal and interest being payable at the Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Co. of Boston.
Fairmont, Minn-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897, the $\$ 10.0005 \%$ water-works bonds were awarded to Farson, Leach \& Co., Chicago, at 101•41. Following are the bids:

Bonds mature $\$ 1,000$ annually beginning August 1, 1898. Interest payable February and October.

Fall River, Mass.-Bond Sale.-On October 29, 1897, 225,0. 048 registered water renewal bonds were awarded to Bertron \& Storrs, New York, at 112 65. Following are the bids


Bonds are dated November 1, 1897, with interest payable May and November. Principal matures November 1, 1927.
Far Rockaway, N. Y. - Bond News. - The \$ 15,000 street-improvement bonds to be offered by this village at 2:30 P. M. on November 9, 1897, will be sold at auction and the purchaser will be required to deposit with the Village Treasurer a certified check for $\$ 750$. Bonds will be dated November 1, 1897 See Chronicle of last week for further description of the losn.
Fitchburg, Mass.-Temporary Loan.-The city has negotiated a 6 months loan of $\$ 50,000$ with Bond \& Goodwin, Boston.

Fox (Town), Kendall County. Ill.-Bond Sale.-On Nov. , 1897, the $\$ 4,0 c 0$ 6\% bridge bonds were awarded to Farson, Leach \& Co., Chicago, at $108 \cdot 025$. Following are the bids
Farson, Leach \& Co.. Chicago $4,121 \cdot 00$
N. W. Harris \& Co., Chicago...4,057.00
Bonds mature $\$ 1,000$ annually, beginning Feb. -7 1899. In terest will be payable at Yorkville, III.
Gallatin, Mo,-Bonds Voted.-On October 26, 1897, the issuance of $\$ 25,000 \quad 20$-year water-works and electric-light plant bonds was authorized by a vote of 361 to 15 .

Georgetown, Ky.-Band Election.-An election will be held November 20, 1897, to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 80.006 \% 20$ year water-works bonds of $\$ 1,000$ each.

Gleaville, Ohio.-Bonds Proposed.-This village has under consideration the question of issuing $\$ 10,000$ sewer-improvement bonds.
Gloucester, Mass.- Temporary Loan.-The city has borrowed $\$ 25.0 c 0$ for 6 months in anticipation of taxes. Loan was disconnted by Bond \& Goodwin, Boston, at $3 \cdot 11$.

Goldshoro, N. C.-Bond Election. -An election will be held November 8, 1897, to vote on the proposition to issue \$25,000 sewer bonds.
Grand Rapids, Mich.-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897 the $\$ 125,0004 \%$ bonds, for the purpose of acquiriog an electric or other lighting plant, were awarded to Estabrook \& Co., Boston, at $107 \cdot 41$. Bonds mature May 3. 1917. For further particulars see Chroniole last week, p. 887.

Houston, Texas.-B nd Cal.-City Treasurer Edward McCarthy has called for payment December 1, 1897, \$75,700 of 40 year limited debt bonds.

Hubbard County, Minn.-Bonds Proposed.-A petition is in circulation asking the County Commissioners to call an election to vote on the question of issuing $\$ 25,000$ new courthouse bonds.

Indiana.-Bonds Redeemed.-The State Finance Board have redeemed $\$ 100,00031 / 2$ per cent bonds. It is stated that $\$ 720,000$ bonds have been paid off during the fiscal year.
Ingham County, Mich.-Temporary Loan.-The County Treasurer has been authorized to borrow $\$ 15,000$ for current expenses. This will make, according to the Detroit "Journal", $\$ 55,000$ borrowed for this purpose.

Jefferson City, Mo.-Bonds Proposed. - It is stated that the issuance of $\$ 10,000 \mathrm{improvement}$ bonds is ander consideration.

Jersey City (N. J.) - Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 1 P. M. November 17, 1897, by the Board of Finance for $\$ 100,0004 \%$ gold school bonds. Securities are issued in accordance with an Act of the Legislature approved March 31, 1897, and are to be coupon bonds dated August March ${ }^{31}{ }^{31}$, In97, and arest will be payable February 1 and August 1 each year and the principal will mature August 2, 1927. A certified check for $2 \%$ of the par value of bonds bid for, payable to the City Treasurer, must accompany proposals.

Kalamazoo Connty, Mich.-Temporary Loan.-The County has negotiated a loan of $\$ 17,000$ with a local bank, pending the collection of taxes in December.
Kansas City (Mo.), School District.-No New Bonds.Regarding the report in one of the papers that the School Board would refund the 20 -year school bonds, we are advised by W. E. Benson, Secretary of the Board of Education, that they "are prepared to pay all bonds which will fall due for ten years."

Kenton, Ohio.-Bond Correction.-We have received official information concerning the sale of bonds to the Kenton National Bank at par, reported in last week's Chroniole. Bonds are as follows :

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*3,000 6%, refunding bonds, 81,000 each, dated Sevtember 1, 1897, and maturing
    677 0% gever bonds. One bond of $77 and four of $150 each, payable 1 bond
1,100 ox yearif. bonds. One bond of $100 and four of $250 each, payable one
1,150 es sewer bonds. One bond of $150 and four of $250 each, payable one
```

All of the sewer bonds are dated October 1, 1897, with interest payable April 1 and October 1. Both principal and interest are payable at the office of the City Treasurer.
Kerr County, Texas.-Bonds Proposed.-Press reports state that the county will probably issue $\$ 18,000$ refunding bonds. Kingston, Mass.-Bond Sale.-Following are the bids received for the $\$ 10,0004 \%$ water notes :

Bonds were awarded to Parkinson \& Burr and mature $\$ 500$ annually. For further particulars see Chroniole October 23, 1897, p. 791.
Lancaster, 0.-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897, the $\$ 25$,0005 per cent water-works extension bonds were awarded to Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., of Cincinnati, at 106381 . Bonds mature $\$ 1$, ,0u each May 1 and November 1, beginning 1899. For further particulars see Chronicle, October 16, 1897, p. 745 .

Lee County (IIl.) Inlet Swamp Drainage District.Bond Sale.-Mason, Lewis \& Co., Chicago, have been awarded $\$ 50,0006 \%$ bonds of this district at $104 \cdot 60$. Bonds have been registered by the State Auditor and mature in series, averaging 12 years.
Los Angeles County, Cal.-Bond Election-We are advised by Chas. F. Bicknell, County Auditor, that no action has yet been taken on the proposition of Trowbridge \& Co. of Chicago to refund the outstanding bonds amounting to $\$ 681,5.0$ at $41 / 2 \%$. Mr. Bicknell says that the question must be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors at a special election, of which the Board of Supervisors will probably give notice at an early date. Such notice must be published 30 days and to authorize the issue a two-thirds vote will be required. We are informed that if the question carries, the sale of the bonds will probably be advertised.
Loveland, Col.-Bond Sale.-The $\$ 41,0005 \%$ gold refund ing water bonds were sold to the Bellan-Price Investment Co. of Denver. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated Nov. 1, 1897; interest will be payable May 1 and November 1. Principal will mature November 1, 1923; bonds subject to call after 1907.
Mansfleld, Ohio.-Bonds Authorized.-The Council has anthorized the issuance of $\$ 8,6006 \% 1$-year bonds for payment of the amount overdrawn from the road fund.
Marion County, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On October 30, 1897 the $\$ 6,026$ e\% ditch bonds were awarded to the New First National Bank, Columbus, at 104.60. Principal will mature one bond of $\$ 626$ on March 1, 1898, and one bond of $\$ 60$ each September 1 and March 1 thereafter. For further particulars see Chronicle October 16, 1897, p. 746.
improvement bonds offered by this city on October 9 streetimprovement bonds offered by this city on October 9, 1897, have been awarded to Geo. Eustis \& Co., Cincinnati, at 105•125. Securities will mature one-tenth every six months, beginning March 1, 1899. Further particulars of the bonds will $t$ e found in Chronicle of Sept. 18 and Oct. 9,1897 .
Merchantrille, N. J.-Bond Sale. -The Borough has sold to Richardson \& Ross $\$ 18,00041 / 2 \%$ coupon bonds. Securities are issued for the purpose of laying sidewalks and will ma-
ture 1-10 annually. Principal and interest will be payable ture 1-10 annually, Principal and interest will be payable at the Central Trust Co. of Camden. We are advised that thi
is part of an issue which will probably amount to $\$ 24,0 \wedge 0$.

Meredith, N. H.-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897, the $\$ 4,500416 \%$ water-works coupon bonds were awarded to Jose Parker \& Co., Boston, at 104'46. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated October 1, 1897, with interest payable semi-annually. Principal matures one bond annually, beginning October 8, 1902.
Merrill, Wis.-Temporary Loan.-On October 6, 1897, the city negotiated a $6 \%$ loan of $\$ 7,500$ with the National Bank of Merrill. Loan made for the purpose of paying the running expenses of city and will be due on or before March 1, 1898.
Middlesex Connty, N. J.-Loans Authorized.-At the November meeting of the County Board of Freeholders the Finance Committee was authorized to have four six-months notes for $\$ 5,000$ discounted for macadamizing roads, and two two-months notes for $\$ 5,000$ to provide funds in anticipation f taxes.
Milaca, Minn.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 1 P. M. November 20. 1897, by the Village Council (A. C. Wilkes, President, ) at office of Village Recorder, for $\$ 3,500$ 6\% water-works bonds. Securities are issued by resolution of Council and by a vote of the people. They will be for $\$ 500$ each and dated June 3, 1897; interest will be payable annually at the Second National Bank, St. Paul, where the principal also will be payable ; one bond will mature annually on June 3, from 1901 to 1907. Bids must be accompanied by certified check for $\$ 150$, payable to order of A. C. Wilkes, as President of the Council, and purchaser must furnish form for bonds.

Milan, Mo.-Bond Sale.-On November 2, 1897, the $\$ 18,000$ $41 / 2 \%$ water-works and electric-light bonds of this city were awarded to Gilman, Son \& Co., New York. Securities will mature in 1917, optional after 1902. For further particulars regarding the loan see CHRONICLE October $23,1897$.

Millbrook, Ill.-Bond Sale.-On November 1, 1897, Farson, Leach \& Co., Chicago, were a warded $\$ 4,000$ 6\% bridge bonds at $103 \cdot 025$. Following are the bids:

Bonds are dated November 1, 1897, and mature in three years ten months (average.)
Milwaukee, Wis.-Bonds Proposed.-At a meeting of the Board of Alderman held October 25, 1897, \& resolution was offered authorizing the issuance of $\$ 150,000$ bonds for building and repairing bridges,
Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 10 A . M. November 23, 1897, by the Commissioners of the Public Debt, care of Wm. J. Fiebrantz, City Comptroller, for $\$ 120,0005 \%$ garbage disposal bonds and $\$ 140,0005 \%$ school bonds. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, dated July 1, 1897; interest will be payable January 1 and July 1. Principal will mature $5 \%$ of each issue yearly on July 1 from 1898 to 1917, inclusive. The school bonds are issued under authority of Chapter 311, Laws of 1893, and its amendments, for the purpose of erecting and completing school buildings. The garbage disposal bonds are issued pursuant with Chapter 283, Laws of 1897, and the amendatory act. Jno. F. Burnham brought an injunction suit in reference to the garbage disposal bonds in the Superior Court, which Court has ordered, while an appeal is pending in the Supreme Court, that the city can issue and accept bids for the purchase of the bonds, contingent on the bonds being held valid by the Supreme Court on appeal; the bonds to be deposited in escrow with the First National Bank of Milwaukee to be held by the bank and delivered to the purchaser upon the Court declaring the bonds legal. The Supreme Court has decided to hear arguments on November 20, 1897, and a decision may be expected about December 7, 1897.

Minneapolis, Minn.-Bonds Proposed.-The Board of Education has asted the City Council to issue the remaining $\$ 110,000$ bonds of the $\$ 200,000$ authorized at the last city election. Proceeds of the sale, if authorized, will be used for school expenses.
B.nd Sale Ratified. - The City Council passed rezolutions on October 30, 1897, ratifying and confirming the sale of $\$ 400,000$ of water-works bonds and $\$ 110.0004 \%$ school bonds issued and delivered June 15, 1897, and $\$ 20^{\circ}, 0004 \%$ reservoir bonds issued and delivered January 17, 1896.

Montesano, Wash.-Bond Election.-It is stated that the City Council has decided to submit a proposition to buy the water works to the voters at the next city election. The water company offers to sell for $\$ 18,000$, payable in $6 \% 20$-year bonds.

Mt. Oliver (Borough) Pa,-Bond Sale, - On October 11, 1897, the borough sold at private sale to Edward Hogan President of the Manufacturers' Bank of Pittsburg, \$2,500 41/2\% street improvement bonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated October 1, 1897, with interest payable semi annually at the Manufacturers' Bank, Pittsbrirg. Principal will mature one bond annually on October 1 from 1898 to 1902 inclusive

Mt. Vernon, Ohio.-Bond Auction.-On November 6, 1897 , at 1 P.M., P. B. Chase, City Clerk, will sell to the highest bidder $\$ 4,0006 \%$ street improvement coupon bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with sections 2705 and 2706 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and authorized by ordinance passed Sept. 27, 1897. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 100$ dated Nov. 1, 1897 ; interest will be payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Principal will mature $\$ 200$ July 1, 1898, $\$ 200$ Jan. 1, 1890, and $\$ 200$ each July 1 thereafter.
Nevada City, Cal.-Bond Sale.-On Oct. 21, 1897, $\$ 57,000$
$6 \% 1-38$ year gold bonds were awarded to the Cibizens' Bank
of Nevada City and Dietz Denison \& Prior, Cleveland, at $100 \cdot 87$.
Newark, N. J.-Bonds Proposed.-On October 29, 1897, the Board of Education unanimously decided to ask the Common Council to issue $\$ 275,000$ of bonds for the construction of new primary and grammar schools.
Niagara Falls, N. I.-Bond Offering.-Pioposals were received until 8 P. M. November 5,1897 , by this city for 84.500 $4 \%$ refunding school bonds. Securities will mature, two bonds for $\$ 1,000$ each October 1, 1917, and five bonds for $\$ 500$ each November 1, 1917. Interest will be payable at the Hanover National Bank, New York City. Up to the time of going to press the result of the sale had not yet been received.
Northampton, Mass.-Bond Sale.-On November 3. 1897, this city awarded $\$ 15,0004 \%$ school bnilding notes to N. W. Harris \& Co., New York, at 1(4.085. Following are the bids.


Securities are issued pursuant to Chapters 27, 28 and 29 of Public Statutes and acts amendatory thereto, and also order of City Conncil, passed October 14. 1897. They are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated November 1, 1897; interest is payable on May 1 and November 1 at the Hampshire County National Bank of Northampton or at the office of the City Treasurer. Principal will mature November 1, 1907.
North Dakota.-News.- The permanent State School Find, it is stated, contains about 8250,00 ) lying idle, and the Board is now in correspondence with Eastern houses looking towards a purchase of North Dakota State bonds.
North Tonawanda, N. Y.-Bond Sale,-Following are the bids received for the $\$ 1,0005$ market bonds sold at auction, as stated last week, to J. H. Rand, North Tonawanda, at 103•25:

Norwood, Ohio.-Bond Offering.- Proposals will be received until 12 M . December 8, 1897, by W. E. Wicharar, Village Clerk, care of William E. Bundy, room 210, Lincoln Inn Conrt, Cincinnati, for $\$ 5,68088$ 6\% street improvement bonds. Securities will be dated November 4, 1897, and will mature one-tenti annually. Bids must be
accompanied by certified check for $5 \%$ of the gross amount of bonds, payable to order of Village Clerk. Amount of bonds will be reduced if part of the assessment in anticipation of which they are issued is paid in cash.
Ortonville, Minn.-Bond Sale.-On Oct. 30, 1897, the $\$ 15,0005 \%$ water bonds were awarded to the Merchants' National Bank, St. Paul, at 107. Principal will mature 20 years from date of issue. For further particulars see CHRONICLE October 16, 1897, p. 746.
Perrysburg (Village), Wood County, Ohio.-Bond Offer-ing.-Proposals will be received until 12 m . November 30, 1897, by the Village Clerk, for $\$ 15,0004 \%$ bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with Section 2701 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio and anthorized by ordinance passed September 23, 1897. Bonds are in denominations of $\$ 5,0$, 0 , dated September 1,1897 , and mature September 1, 1917. Interest will be payable March 1 and September 1 at the office of the Village Treasurer. A deposit of $\$ 5$ or a certified check for that amount must accompany bids.
Philadelphia, Pa.-Bonds Voted.-On November 2, 1897, the city voted to issue the pronosed $\$ 12,200,000$ bonds by a majority of upwards of 18,000 . The purposes for which these bonds will be issued will be found in the Chronicle, Ocrober 2, 1897, p. 643. The Public Ledper on November 4, 1897, states that steps were taken November 3 to have the courts declare the loan illegal for various reasons. "In the first place it is held that the voters wore deceived by the issuance of ballots purporting to be official, and givine the impression that none other could be voted. The law for the submission of an increase of the municipality's indebtedness makes no provision for an 'official' ballot, but dis tinctly eays: 'It staall be the duty of the inspectors and judges of sach elections to receive tickets, either written or printed, from electors qualified under the Constitution of this State to vote in such a district,' It is main tained that there is no authority of law for the City Commissioners printing the loan ballots, and in assuming this duty and marking the ballots 'official' they interfered with the privileges of workers to instruct voters and supply them with ballots ontside the booths, and afforded opportunities to election officers in favor of the loan to manipulate the ballots to the advantage of the side they favored. It is also contended that the ballot was illegal for the reason that

## NEW LOANS.

## SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN,

## R5FUNDING BONDS.

suczaror, Wis, October 20th, 1897. Notice to owners and holdera of Improvement Bonds of Superior, Douplas Connty Wisconsin.
Take notice that the City of 8uperlor, Wisconsin w now ready ta refund its outatanding improvement bonds, includiog those not due ontlil January $2 d$, 18D8. The bids will be recelved by the undersligmed to be acted apon by the Coxmon Council, as follows: 1. Bids or proposals secting forth the lowest cash price for which sald bonds or any of the same will be delivered to the elty.
2. Bids or propoanlo settiag forth the lomeat price at which 8475.000 or a smaller amount of said bonds will be exchanged with Clty for spectal bonds ssued under Chapter 184, laws of Wiscousin of 1807 (oppies of sald lavin furniabed on application.)
3. Bids for the purchase of not exceeding $\$ 175$, of 1897 , ostified checks for 5 per cent of the amount of bld to necompany the same, payable to the City Treasurer; such bida to be recelved for all or any of Ireasurer; such bidn to be recelved for all or any of fore December 30th, 1897.
4. The elty reserves the right to reject any or all bidas.
5. All bids or proposals relating to sub-divisions 1 and 2 hereof shall specify the date and the number appearing on the bonde.
6. Bids and proposais will be recelved in accord ance with the above conditions until December lst 1907, and then be opened and seted on by the Counell.
D. D. SMEAD.

City Comptroller.
MUNICIPAL BONDS.
E. C. StANWOOD \& Co. BANKERS,
121 Devonshire Street. BOSTON.
LIETS BENT UPON ARPLICATION.
BONDS and INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
FEARON \& CO..
Bankers and Brokers, 104 SOUTH FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

## NEW LOANS.

## ST. PAUL, MINN.

OFEICE OF THE CITY COMPTROLLER.? ST. PAUL, MINN, October 27th, 1897. \}
Notice is hereby given to all concerned, that the Common Councll of the Clty of St. Paul has adopted A resolution elanging its Financlal Agency in the City of New York from the Chase Nattonal Bank of New Xork to the Hanover National Bank of New York City, where all obligations of the City of st. Paul, payable at the Finaacial Agency thereof, must be presented for payment.
J. J. MCCARDY city Comptroller.

HEREFORD RY. (Maine Central), 1 st mort. 4s. 1930,
MADISON EXT. RY. (Chi. \& N. W.), 1 st mort. 7s, 1911.
OTTUMWA C. F. \& ST. P.(Chi, \&N.W.), 1 st mort. $5 \mathrm{~s}, 1909$,

## DETROIT RAILWAY,

1 st mort. gold 5n, 1924.
STATEN ISLAND RAILWAY, 5 1-3k guaranteed atock.
November 11st of railroad and municipal bonds mailed on application.

## C. H. WHITE \& CO., BANKERS, <br> 31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

## \$200,000

Central RR, \& Electric Co.

## (Ot New Britain, Connecticut.)

1st Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold 5s. This road bas direct connection with the City of Hartford.
Hend for earniages to Oct. 1,1897 , and full descrip-
ton of property.

## E. H. ROLLINS \& SONS,

19 Mille Sereet, Boston, Mash.

## INVESTMENTS.

## NEW YORK CITY

## GOLD 3s.

Price and Particulars on Application.

## R. L. DAY \& CO.,

7 NASSAU STREET, N. V., 40 WATER ST., BOSTON.

8250,000 New York City
60,000 Nyack, N. Y
11,000 College Point, N. Y
15,000 Newtown, N. Y.
6,000 Piormont, N. Y........
40,000 East Providence, R.
5,000 Quincy. Mass.
9,000 Columbus, Ohio
16,000 Harrison Connty, Ohio
10,000 Napoleon, Ohio.
d,900 Portsmouth, Ohio
19,000 Meridian, Miss.
25,700 Mradford, Pa.
55,000 Now Rochelle, N. Y
FOR SALEBY
Rudolph Kleybolte \& Co., 35 and 37 Nassau St., New York. CINCINNATI, O.
880,000 Bates County, Mo ..................... 416s 880,000 Bates County, Mo.....
$\mathbf{4 0 , 0 0 0}$ Frank a County, II
15,000 Lake County, Ind...... 15,000 Lake County, Ind.... 20,000 45,000 Lincoln, Neb., School 25,000 Amcoln, Neb
. .5 s
100,000 Fouth side Elevated (Chicago). $41 / 68$
MASON, LEWIS \& CO.,

## BANKKRS,

BOBTON: Worthington Bldg., 31 Stnte St. CHICAGO: 171 La Salle St

## F.dward I. Rosenfeld,

IIUNECIPAL SECURHDIES. High-Grade Warrants a Specialey Write or List.
No. 66 Broadway, New York.
it contained on the outside extraneous matter not provided for by law. The act of 1891 provides that the tickets shall be "labelled on the outside "increase the debt." Not only did the City Commissioners label the outside of the ballot "Increase the Debt," but they also labelled it: "Official Ballot, Election November 2, 1897, Jos. G. Richmond, Jacob Wi'demore, Thomas J. Ryan, County Commissioners", for which there is no legal authority.
"Another point against the legality of the loan bill, it is maintained, is that the question of increasing the indebtednees of a municipality can only be submitted when it is proposed to use the money borrowed for permanent improvements, and that the insertion of the items for a library, art gallery and museum did not come under this head, and con sequently the vote on the loan is void. There are other objections under consideration, and when it is settled that a case has been made out the matter will be presented to the courts for a decision."
Pierce County (P. O. Tacoma), Wash.-Warr nt Call.Stephen Judson, Treasurer, has called for payment November 5,1897 , a number of the warrants in the general fund of the various school districts:

Pomeroy, Ohio.-Bond Sale.-On October 29, 1897, the $12,0015 \%$ paving bonds were awarded to the new First National Bank, Columbus, at 102.291. Principal will mature one bond every six months from 6 to 120 months from date of issue. For further particulars see Chronicle, Oztober 16, 1897, p. 747.

Portsmouth, Va.-Bond Issue.-This city will issue $\$ 3,00$ ) $5 \%$ bonds for the erection of a school building. Interest will be payable at Portsmouth, and principal will mature January 1, 1929. CityClerk E. Thompson, Jr., writes us that the date of sale has not yet been fixed.
Queens County, N. Y.-Bonds Authorized.-At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors held November 4, 1897, the issuance of $\$ 350,0004 \% 20$-year road improvement bonds was authorized.
Red Lake Falls, Minn.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until Nov. 18, 1897, by A. P. Toupin, for $\$ 5.000$ 6\% gold tonds. Securities are in denominations of $\$ 1,000$, with icterest payable annually in New York, in which city the principal will be payable 10 years from date of issue.

Proposals must be accompanied by a certified check for $\$ 200$, payable to the City Treasurer.
Reno, Nev.-Bont Offering.-Proposals will be received until 8 P. m. Nov. 22, 1897, by R. S. Osburn, President City Council, for $\$ 130,0006 \%$ water-works bonds and $\$ 20,0006 \%$ electric-light bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with an Act of Legislature approved March 8.1897, and authorized at a special election held Oct. 7, 1897. Principal of each issue will mature 1-15 annually beginning 6 years from date of issue. Both principal and interest will be payable at the City Treasurer's office.

St. Bernard (Village), Ohio.-Bond Offering.-Proposals will be received until 12 M . December 2, 1897, by John G. Overman, Clerk, for $\$ 243206 \%$ street-improvement bonds. Securities are issued pursuant with Section 2334 b of the Revised Statutes of Ohio and authorized by ordinance passed October 21, 1897. The amount may be reduced by payments made prior to the issuance of the bonds. They will be dated December 1, 1897, and mature 1-10 annually. Interest will be payable annually, both principal and interest being payable at the German National Bank of Cincinnati. A certified check for $5 \%$ of the amount of the bonds bid for, payable to the Village Clerk, must accompany each bid.

San Bernardino County (Cal.), Brooke School District. -Bind Sile.-The Oakland Bink of Savings has been awarded $\$ 1,2007 \% 4-5$-year bonds at 106.50 . Following are the bids :


Sandusky County (P. O. Fremont), Ohio.-Bond Sale. On October $30,189 \%$, the $\$ 2,5506 \%$ ditch bonds were awarded to the Croghan Bank of Fremont at 102'745. Following are the bids:
 Bonds mature 1-6 esch January 1 and July 1 from 1898 to 1900. For further particulars see Chronicle last week, p. 838.

Sedalia (Mo.) School District.-Bond News.-The $\$ 8, n 00$ 4\% 20-year bonds, recently registered, were sold July 15, 1897, to Dietz. Denison \& Prior, Cleveland, for $\$ 3,050$. A bid was also received from the Missouri Trust Co., Sedalia, at par. Interest will be payable January and July.

Seneca County (P. O. Tiffin), Ohio.-Bond Offering.-The

## INVESTMENTS.

## Government and <br> Municipal Bonds <br> BOUGHT AND SOLD.

APPRAISEMENTS MADE OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED FOR THE PURCHASE, SALE, OR EXCEANGE OF ABOVE SECURITIES.

LISTS ON APPLICATION.
N. W. HARRIS \& CO.,

BANKERS,
31 NASSAU ST. (Bank of Commerce BIdg.)
ADAMS \& COMPANY, BANKERS
DEALERS IN
INVESTMENT BONDS, Members of Boston Stock Exchange.

No. 7 Congress and 31 State Streets, BOSTON.

WHANN \& SCHLESINGER,

## MUNICIPAL

BONDS.

2 WALL STREET,
NEW YORK
> W. J. Hayes \& Sons, bankers,
> DEALERS IN MUNICIPAL BONDS,
> Btreet Rallway Bonds, and other bigh-grade in vestments.
> BOSTON, MASS.,
> Eleveland, Ohio. Cable Address, "KENNETH."

## INVESTMENTS.

## PUBLIC SECURITIES

SUITABLE FOR

## SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST FUNDS.

LISTS MAILED ON APPLICATION.
Farson, Leach \& Co., CHICA GO,

NEW YORK, 100 Dearborn St.

## NEW YORK

Street Railway Bonds. Union Rail way
 And Other Choice Securities.

## Edward C. Jones Co.

Philaadephá
Cincinnati.
Blodget, Merritt \& Co., BANKERS,
16 Congress Street, Boston.
STATE, CITY \& RAILROAD BONDS WILSON BANESEPHIENS, ${ }^{41}$ Ball st. N. Y . Railroad BONDS Muncicipal Descriptive Circulars on Application.

## Chronicle Volumes.

A second-hand set from 1866 to 1895-56 Volumes. for sale

WILLIAM B, DANA COMPANY,
76\% Pine Street, New York.

## BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MILWAUKEE.

## CAPITAL, $=\quad=\quad \$ 1,000,000$ SURPLUS, <br> $\$ 250,00$ ©

Transacts a General Banking and Forelgn Exchange Business. Collections receive Special Attentio
F. G. BIGELOW, Pres't. F. J. KIPP, Cashier. WM. BIGELOW, V.-Pres't. T. E. CAMP, Ass't Csshier o. E. E. Kruegerr, 2 d Ass't Cashier.

San Francisco.
The First National Bank
of san francisco, cal. UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY. Uapital, $81,500,000$ I Surplus, $\$ 950,000$ 3. G. MURPHY, Prenident, JAS. K. LYNOE, Canhier General Banking Business. Accounts Solicitad

## Canal Bank,

## NEW OREEANS, HA.

(Successor of N. O. Canal \& Banking Co.) CAPITA1, $\$ 1,000,000$.
J. C. MORRIS, President. EDWARD TOBY, Vice
Pres. WDGAR NOTT, Cashier Correspondents-National City Bank, Nationa. Bank of Commerce, New York; Boatmen's Bank St iouis; N. W.National Bank, Chicago; Mer-
chants' National Bank Boston

## SECURE BANK VAULTS


cenuine
WELDED CHROME STEEL AND IRON
Round and Flat Bars and 5-plyPlates and Ancles
Cannot be Sawed, Cut or Drilled, and positively Burglar Proof.
OHROME STEEI, WORKS,
Kent Ave., Keap \& Hooper 8ts.
Sole Man'f'ers in the U. S. BROOKLYN. N. V

## A. Strassburger,

## stocik a bonds broher

soutaern investment skcurities,
Montgomery, Ala.

County Commissioners will sell on Novembzr 13, 1897, at 1 P. M. the following bonds

One Reiter ditch bond of E450, due Novembar 13, 1890 .
One Rule ditch bond of 550 , due May 13.1899 .
One Rule ditch bond of 8250 , due November $13,1900$.
Bonds will be dated November 13, 1897, bearing interest at 62, payable Mav 13 and November 13, at the County Treas urer's office. Securities are issued pursuant with Chapter 1, Title 6 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio.
Solon, Iowa. - Bonds Defe ted.-On October 19, 1897, the proposition to issue bonds ror a system of water works was defeated by a vote of 45 to 31 .
Sonth Boise (Idaho) School District.-Bond Offering The district will offer for sale about January $1,1898, \$ 4,000$ 86 gold bonds for the purpass of redeeming $\$ 503$ of outstand. ing bonds and building a school house. Interest will be payable at Boise, and the priacipal will mature $\$ 1,0 \mathrm{~J} 0$ in five, ten, fifteen and twenty years from date of issue.

Stephens County, Texas.-Bond Sile. - The Board of Edacation of Austin, Texas, it is stated, bought $\$ 1,000$ bridge bonds of this county on Ostober 26, 1807.

Sweet Grass County (P, 0. Big Timber). Mont.-Bond Sa'e.-Following are the bids received for the $\$ 10,0006 \mathrm{z}$ gold bonds, awarded, as reprted in the Cerosiche last week, to the Thomas 'ruse Savings Bank, Helena, at 109:

Tennessee. - News, - The Nashville "Banner", under date of November 3, 1897, had the following: "Governor Taylor and Secretary of State Morgan to day affixed their official signatures to $89,765,000$ registered bonds which are to be issued in funding this amount of 36 Tennessee settlement bonds owned by the school fund of the State of Minnesota. State Treasurer E B. Creig on a recent trip to New York had these bonds printed under authority of an act of the last Legislature which provided for the funding of all of the coupon bonds of the State into registered bonds. This act is not binding on holders of these bonds, but is optional with them. There are now outstanding $\$ 15,785,900$ coupon bonds, including redemption and penitentiary bonds divided as follows: $\$ 1,610.00041 / 2 \%$, $\$ 469,0004 \%$ and $\$ 8,686,9003 \%$. The bonds owned by the

State of Minnesota were purchased some years ago for about 65 cents.

Mr. E. Popper. of Popper \& Stern, of New York, financial agents of Minnesota, and Messrs. A. T. Koerner, S. Iverson and M. Jensen, state officials of Minnesota, are here to look after the transfer of the State's bonds. Of the bonds funded to-day 276 are of the $\$ 10,000$ series and one of $\$ 5,000$
The old bonds for which these were issued were delivered to the Comptroller yesterday and they have been canceled. The law under which these bonds are funded into registered bonds fixed a fee of $\$ 3$ for $\$ 10,000$ bonds and $\$ 3$ for $\$ 5000$ bonds to raise revenue to pay the expsnses of printing and funding, etc."

Union Township, Huntington County, Ind.-Bond News. -A report has been published to the effect that authority had been given this township to borrow $\$ 400$ to build a school house. The Township Trustee informs us that he does not wish to borrow any money.
Washington. - Warrant Call.-The State Treasurer has called for payment November 9, 1897, general fund warrants Nos. 18,251 to 18,670 inclusive, amounting to $\$ 45,84127$; also military fund warrants Nos. 2,024 to 2,08) inclusive, amounting to $\$ 4.78050$

West Liberty, Iowa.-Bond Sale.-A report is published in one of the papers saying that $\$ 7.5005 \%$ electric-light bonds have been sold to N. W. Harris \& Co., Chicago, at 102.40, This is an old sale. The bonds were awarded Aug. 10 last. They are in denominations of $\$ 500$, dated Sept. 28, 1897, and mature Sept. 28, 1917. Interest payable March and Septem. ber at West Liberty.
Wethersfleld, Conn.-Loan Authorized.-At the annual meeting of this town on Nov: 2, 1897, the Treasurer was anthorized to borrow $\$ 3,020$ to meet current expenses.
Winchester, III.-Bonds Voted.-According to press reports the city has voted in favor of issuing bonds for a waterworks system.
Youngstown. Ohio.-Bonds Authorized.-On October 18, 1897, the City Conncil passed the following ordinances providing for the issuance of bonds :
\$1.8) obr bonds for fmprovemont of Woodiand Avanue. Interest payable Apri1
104 os bond maturrigk October 1.1599 . Honds are insued in anticipation of the collection of tiazes. Interost will be payable April 1 and Oet. 1 .

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Frederiok Vimeling. Trust Omice


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[^1]:    EP For Inactive Stocks, see following vacr.

[^2]:    

[^3]:    Although the lands

[^4]:    - At a meeting of the directors of the Colonial Trust Company of this city on Thursday, John E. Borne was elected Preaident of the company in place of ex-Gov, Roswell P. Flower, who resigned some time ago. Mr. Flower was elected Honorary Vice-President.

