

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, A Weekly Newspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 45	SATURDAY, NOV	EMBER 19,	1887.		N	0. 1,1	69.
CONT	TENTS.		Week 1	Ending Nov. 1	12.	Week Endig	Nov. 5.
THE C	HRONICLE.		1887.	1886.	P. Cent.	1887.	P. Cent.
Clearing House Returns 65 The Financial Situation 65	5 The Situation in Europe 662 6 Monetary and Commercial	Now York	\$ 602,240,352	\$ 704,572,285	-115	700,250,830	-4.0
The Surplus and Refunding 65 The Work of the Inter-State		Sales of - (Stocksshares.)	(1,419.830)	(1,939,501)	(-26.8)	(1,528,524)	(-5°S) (+5%°0)
Commerce Commission 66 The Situation as Respects Rail-	0 News	(Cottonbales.) (Grainbushels.) (Petroleumbbls.)	(1,195,900) (32,469,930) (10,976,000)	(507,900) (25,700,000) (38,115,600)		(474,100) (25,507,152) (25,105,000)	(+0.4)
road Not Earninge 66	1	Boston Provideace	92,146,091 5,490,600	89,479,268 5,299,800	+3.0	99,928,402 5,140,500	+6.3
ITU. K	Y	llartford.	1,742.0*4	1,693,409	+2.8	1,675,974	-5.1
Zue U	hrouicle.	Portland	1,113,484	1,109,170 854,028	+0.4	1.399.131	+10.1
		Soringfield	964,416 714,839	912.90 594,353	-5.6	1.256,080	+3.3
Terms of Subscription	n—Payable in Advance :	Total New England	104,470,431	101,089,517	+93	112,284,258	+5.8
For One Year (including posta For Six Months do.	\$10 20 0 10	Fhiladelphia Pittsburg	60,344,366 10,374,347	58,631,587 8,624,550	-+29 +203	69,057,362 10,827,7v1	
European Subscription (includ	ling postage)	Baltimore	11,414,303	12,978,661	-12-1	12,898,057	-11.2
Eix Mos. do do	do £1 88.	Total Middle	82,133,016	50,234,528		1	
Subscriptions will be continued	until definitely ordered stopped. The for remittances unless made by drafte	Cincinnati	60,510,298 10,212,200	51,811,536 10,282,100	-0.7	11.089.900	-2.2
or Post Office Money Orders.		Milwaukee Detroit	5,005,685 4,182,591	4,383,077 3,643,538	+25.8	4,589,018	+21.0
is-ued once in two months, and	ESTORS' SUPPLEMENT, of 120 pages furnished without extra charge to	Indianapolis Cievelaud	2,503,307 3,138,441	1,547,720 2,544,141	+10.3	2,685,873 5,210,081	+7.2
subscribers of the CHRONICLE.	o cents; postago on the same is 18	Colombus Peoria	2,358,006 1,202,940	1,949,802 925,510	+30.0	1,863,202	-28.7
cents. Vo.umes bound for subscr	thers at \$1 00.	Omaha. Minaeapolis	S,117,371 5,387,875	2,479,022 4,867,353	+23.7	5,292,014 5,790,812	+14-1
Londo	n Agents:	Denver	2,276,255	1,966,057	+15.3	2,031,198	+45.1
Messra Edwards & Smith, 1 D	rapers' Gardens, E. C., who will take	St. Paul., Grand Rapids	4,559,147 672,904	4,828,955 575,997	+16.8	680,907	421.1
subscriptions and advertisements	and supply single copies of the paper	Wichita. Duluth*	714,095 2,895,477	387,854	+84.1	- 726,616 S.854,331	
	B: DAVA & Co., Publishers.	Topcka*	285,817			251,007	
JOHN G. FLOYD.	B. DAVA & Co., Publishers, Illam Street, NEW YORK, Post Office Box 958.	Total Western	106,199,768	94,058,703	1		
	TOM OFFICE DOX 500.	St. Louis St. Joseph	17,078,491 1,195,604	16,697,440		17,879,391 1.340,294	+13.3
		New Orleans.	19,430,690	9,830,117			

City.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

Although the aggregate of clearings for the week under review records a decline from the total for the previous week of one hundred and thirty-one millions of dollars, the exhibit is quite satisfactory, as the falling off is pretty fully accounted for by the loss of one day's exchanges at New York and other leading cities in consequence of the election holiday. Stock speculation at New York showed no particular change in volume during the period which our statement covers, but transactions in grain and cotton were considerably stitimulated by the reduced crop estimates issued by the Department of Agriculture on the 10th icst.

During the period of last year with which comparison is now made, the figures in all cases included a full week, whereas the election holiday this year is responsible for the less of over one hundred millions of clearings. Taking into consideration this fact, the current aggregate for the whole country would show an increase instead of a decrease; the favorable character of the present exhibit is therefore apparent. Dealing with the figures as they stand, however, we find that the decline at New York of 14.5 per cent is in large part due to the smaller volume of stock transactions this year, and that the losses recorded at New Haven, Baltimore, Cincinnati and St. Joseph are quite unimportant. Wichita leads in percentage of gain over last year with 84.1 per cent, and is fol-lowed by Indianapolis, 62.1; New Orleans, 36.6; Worcester 31.8 and Peoria 30 per cent.

At the New York Stock Exchange the share sales for the week cover a market value of \$73,404,000, against \$103,254,000 in the same week of last year. After deducting from the clearings at New York two-and-a-half times these values, there remains \$418,730,352 in 1887 and \$446,437,285 in 1886, ascribable to other business, or a decrease of 6.2 per cent.

Total Southern 44,052,513 +15 9 52.118.331 San Francisco..... 15,405,004 18,160,787 +17.5 Total all..... 962.626.905 1.035.995.638 -7.4 1.093.667.453 Outside New York ... 360,880,553, 384,420,858 +7.8 Not included in totals. Our usual telegraphic returns of exchanges for the five days have been received, and they record a heavy gain over the five

days of the previous week. In comparison with the similar period of last year, the aggregate for the seven cities exhibits an increase of 2.9 per cent. The estimate for the full week ended Nov. 19, based on these telegraphic figures, points to an excess over the week of 1886 of about 5.2 per cent. Messrs. R. G. Dun & Co. report the number of failures for the wcek ended to-night as 224 (205 in the United States and 19 in Canada), against 217 last week and 242 for the same week of last year.

+ 23-3

+28.2

+1.0

52.377.99

16,655,230

357,390,014

Returns by Telegraph.	Week I	Inding Nov.	Week End's Nov. 12.		
aroourine by actor april	1887,	1886,	P. Cent.	1887.	P. Cont.
	8	8		8	
New York	033,302,943	637,945,583	-07	496,035,974	-174
Sales of Stock (shares)	(2,099,927)	(2,064,067)	(+1.7)	(1,018,658)	(-35.4)
Boston	82,408,605	75,028,524	+9.8	77,092,630	+5.2
Philadelphia	59.511.171	50,689,351	+4.6	49,459,452	-0.0
Baltimore	11.401.592	11.064.637	-2.3	9,391,775	-12.5
Chicago	59,779,000	44.998.000	+889	50,\$40,000	+8.0
St. Louis	14,404,270		+79.	14,457,531	-07
New Orlcans	12,807,676	P,455,158	+81.8	11,099,703	+52-2
Total, 5 days	\$73,563,920	849,213,726	+2.0	803,770,718	-11.8
Estimated 1 day	175,000,000	152,348,092	+14.8	162,847,462	+8.7
Total fuil week	1,048,565,920	1,001,661,058	+4.7	859,124,180	
Balance Country*	107,142,187	97,119,118	+10.3	104,257,024	+13.2
Total week, all	1.155.707.507	1,093,681,070	-15-2	963,411,804	-7.8

The money market has shown a tendency to a little easier condition, notwithstanding the increased volume of business and higher prices at the Stock Exchange. As a consequence also the range of discounts by the banks for their customers covers a little broader field, that is a lower cast of security may be put through at the legal rate for money. The range on call, as represented by bankers' balances, has been 6 and 31 per cent, with the average about 41, at which renewals have been made. At bank call money has ruled at 5 per cent. Te loans on first class collateral running from 60 days to 4 months are quoted as bid, 41 per cent, but so far as we can learn there have been no transactions below 5 per cent, at which figure renewals of old loans have been recorded. This business, as heretofore, has been done principally by out of town institutions, with here and there a contract by our city banks and trust companies. The little doing here in such loans reflects the prevailing impression that in turning the new year there will be no excess of funds at this centre. The outflow to the interior seems to be so uninterrupted, with no indication of its subsidence, that the opinion appears to have a substantial basis, unless the Government should get out some of its old accumulations, which we should not suppose probable. The current surplus continues to be put into depositary banks. Of late banks have been accepted in other cities, so that the money is being well distributed, in the main we presume remaining near the locality where collected.

The cable reports discounts of 60 day to 3 months' bank bills in London at 27 to 3 per cent; until yesterday there was an easy tendency, in part the consequence of considerable arrivals of gold from South America-as our special cable indicates this week and has indicated previous weeks-and the anticipation of further contributions from that source, being simply the return of gold sent out early in the season. This addition and the stoppage of the drain to the United States with the near approach of the season when the conditions of our foreign exchange market will be reversed, are sufficient to account for the tendency referred to. At Paris the open market rate is 21 per cent, the same as last week, while at Berlin the rate has advanced also to 21 per cent. Political affairs are in a somewhat disturbed condition both at Berlin and Paris, growing ont of the health of the Crown Prince in the one case, and in the other the disclosures respecting M. Wilson and the possible resignation of President Grevy. The Bank of England reports a decrease of £54,000 bullion during the week, made up, as we are informed by a private cable to us, by the receipt of £90,000 from South America and the export of £50,-000 to Lisbon and the shipment to the interior of Great Britain of £94,000. The Bank of France is reported to have lost £264,000.

Our foreign exchange market has been almost without feature. Easier rates for discounts in London caused a better inquiry for long sterling and a lighter demand for short, but there was no change in the nominal rates and only a fractional alteration in those for actual business. Although arbitrage operations have been reported large during the week they have had no observable effect upon exchange. A small lot of \$16,000 gold came in from the Continent on Monday and it was reported on that day that \$400,000 had been shipped from Havre, but if this report was true, the movement could hardly have been an exchange operation, for bills could have been sold at prices netting to the shipper a less cost than the cost of importing gold. The

cotton export movement has continued free, and the amount going out represents a very large amount in bills during the past week, but they have had no effect on rates, which have continued, as already stated, without change, though yesterday afternoon there was more doing with the tone strong.

Mr. Switz'er of the Bureau of Statistics has issued this week his report of the exports in October of breadstuffs, provisions, cotton and petroleum. The result is very satisfactory in amount, but its details are not quite so assuring. Taking all the articles together there is a total increase in values of \$6,139,802; but analyzing the items, we find that there is an increase in cotton alone of \$8,579,275 and hence the net result in the movement of all the other articles was a loss on the month of nearly 21 million dollars. When we remember that up to last night (Friday) the cotton exports were, according to our report on a subsequent page, 431,910 bales more than up to the same date last year and that the Agricultural Bureau has estimated the cotton crop over 200,000 bales less than last year's crop, we find-if we are to believe the official estimate, and other things remain unchanged from a year ago-that we are drawing on future months for a material part of our present balance. Mr. Switzler's figures, arranged in our usual form, are as follows.

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS, PROVISIONS, COTTON AND PETROLEUM.

Exports	188	37.	18	86.	1885.		
from U.S.	October.	4 Months.	October.	4 Months.	October.	4 Months.	
Quantities.							
Wheat.bush.	3,402,649	86,591,819	6,941,870	\$5,402,804	3,878,616	14,250,656	
Flourbbls.	1,008,784	3,957,739	916,339	3,690,472	807.61	2,577,592	
Wheat. bu.	7,942,177	54.401,444	11,064,896	52,009,928	7,512,875	25,849,550	
Cornbush.	2, 189,695	7,725,409	3,292,562	10,723,756	4,413,954	15,352,985	
Tot.bush	10,431,872	82,127,053	14,357,458	62,733,684	11,926,629	41,202,295	
Values.	8	8	8	*	8	8	
Wh't & flour	7,239,003	49,603,218	9,716,257	48,571,489	7,375,434	25,899,458	
Corn & meal.	1,309,807	4,040,115	1,578,027	5,310,587	2,339,133	8,531,600	
Rye	445	4,424	2	23,897	700	88,307	
Oats & meal.	29,199	94,875	86,137	270,786	496,385	1,590,180	
Barley	15,758	84,177	266,831	410,088	20,633	62,214	
Br'dstuffs.	8,593,012	53,826,807	11,616,804	52,616,207	10,232,285	85,671,759	
Provisions	7,067,291	91,671,834	6,752,045	29,104,791	6,806,386	29,547,048	
Cotton	36,971,448	59,385,282	28,392,173	45,640,681	30,374,324		
Petrol'm,&c.	4,190,484	16,433,200	3,891,411	18,737,582	4,491,054	19,147,780	
Tot. value.	56,822,235	161, 317, 143	50,692,493	144.099.301	51,904.049	127,645,816	

We presume that the Bureau of Statistics will not have its October figures ready for the entire trade of the country until another week. But one can approximately estimate the result which will be reached. The total imports, we should say, would be somewhere about \$58,000,000, against \$54,805,262 last October, and the exports about \$75,500,000, against \$69,633,040, making the balance on the merchandise movement probably about \$17,000,000. If we allow the ordinary 10 millions for undervaluations, freights, interest, etc., it will be seen that, without counting gold and silver, the month's movement netted only \$7,000,000 in our favor. The next three months, ending with the first of February, ought to foot up considerably better, and will unless our imports show large totals.

Our Chamber of Commerce has this week celebrated its 119th annual dinner by entertaining Mr. Chamberlain and the other foreign members of the Fisheries Commission. It seems to have been a very enjoyable affair, and the impression Mr. Chamberlain left was exceedingly agreeable. Speeches were also made by Mr. Smith, President of the Chamber, and by Mayor Hewitt, President Dapew, Secretary Lamar and Mr. George William Curtis. With such material for an after dinner diversion it is no wonder that that part of the feast was entertaining and lively. Our English guests at least cannot fail now to understand that enjoy the blessing of we and that the amount very great country of politics to the square inch here is also fully as large as in Great Britain. We were sorry to have Mr. Depew pronounce our currency so unexceptionably good, and we cannot think he quite meant all that his words expressed. Everyone will agree with his remark that "a sound currency is a first necessity of a commercial people;" but very few who have thought upon the subject much would accept his addition that "ours is sound beyond question or dispute." We are inclined to estimate our currency in its entirety as about as unscientific and disturbing a device for effecting exchanges as a nation could well adopt. The country prospers in spite of it, simply because it has so much more than older countries to waste.

Evidently our remarks of last week with regard to the Agricultural Bureau's estimate of the yield of cotton have been misunderstood in some measure. Many appear to have drawn the conclusion that we intended to prepare a detailed estimate of the crop. That was precisely what we meant to be understood as not intending to do. Our career in that field was a brief and brilliant one-all glory up to the closing year, but ending then in an unfortunate The very reputation we had gained by failure. our successes, made our mistake work the greater Experience is a teacher we never tempt harm. twice by the same venture. It is our custom, however, every season about the first of November to send out special inquiries throughout the South, not so much with the expectation of acquiring an exact idea of the extent of the yield, as to get sufficient information to guide us in judging of the accuracy of official reports. With that purpose we sent out inquiries this year, and had begun to receive our replies when the Agricultural Report was made public. Since we wrote last week we have received very many other answers, until now we have returns from all sections of the cotton States.

Of one fact we feel perfectly well assured, and that is that the present crop will be in excess of the last one. Furthermore we cannot understand where the Agricultural Bureau got the facts to base its report upon. It was only because its error was so extreme and, if believed, so very disturbing, that we felt called upon to take decided exception to it. Speaking of our returns generally, we would say that all States appear to be more or less spotted; if that were not so the crop would have been a very large one indeed. Taken together, the Atlantic States promise very well-South Carolina stands first, Georgia second and North Carolina third, although the last two named report good lands where a less yield has been secured. Of South Carolina the estimates of increase received are very high almost without exception. Over a large portion of Georgia, where excellent results are being optained, they claim that a gool top crop has developed since the 10th of September, and that in those sections picking will not be finished before Caristmas. Another district which has been particularly favored is the Mississippi Valley. A correspondent who passed over the entire distance, from Memphis to Vicksburg and below a few days previously, writes that the best crop raised for years will be gathered in that territory, and the belief is that the farmers will not be able to pick it all, although it has been the most wonderful season for saving the crop they have had for many a year. An incident illustrating the occupa. tion of that whole community in the fields to the exclusion of all other work, is given by one person who states that on November 13 there were 13,000 bales in the compress at Greenville, Mississippi, detained there because the labor could not be spared to prepare it for market. Along that valley they estimate that only 40 per cent of the crop has

been marketed. But we have not space for further details.

There has been no material change in the trade situation during the week, but so far as there has been any it has been in the direction of improvement. The continued favorable returns of earnings, and also the reports of bank clearings, make it evident that a large volume of business is in progress, whatever may be said of the margin of profit. The relaxation of the money market and the revival of speculation on our Stock Exchange are also features which naturally develop confidence in mercantile circles. It is the iron trade just now which is watched with closest interest and it is pleasing to note that a measurably better feeling pervades that trade. Though the production of iron is extraordinarily heavy, current consumption is on a large scale. The weak point in the situation hitherto has been that buyers were not contracting to supply future wants and that consequently manufacturers were left without orders running any great way ahead. This policy is assumed to be the outgrowth of a belief that with the falling off in railroad building next year, and the consequent diminution in demand from that with production unchecked, source, and buyers rather than sellers would be able to fix terms, and that therefore it was better to hold off for lower prices. Recent developments however show that producers, if they can help it, do not intend that this expectation shall be realized. They are evidently engaged in efforts at selfprotection, and to that end forming new combinations or invoking the active aid of old ones. At a meeting of the steel rail makers at Philadelphia this week a determination was manifested to resist a further and to restrict the reduction in price output if that should become necessary. Also in this city on Thursday and Friday of last week a meeting of what is called the Merchant Steel Association of the United States was held, at which "a revised schedule of "prices" was adopted. It is stated that the Association is intended to include all the crucible and open-hearth makers of merchant steel, and that 90 per cent of the manufacturers have joined it. Not alone that, but on Tuesday a meeting of the "Bessemer Merchant Steel Association" was held at Pittsburg, and this organization when completed will work in harmony with the other. Finally we learn from the Iron Age that the "combination "among the German Rod makers which has been talked "of for some time past has been effected." All these efforts to control prices and production may prove unavailing, but coming at a time when greater confidence is felt, the effect may be material. At all events, as noted above, a firmer tone prevails for the time being.

In the anthracite coal trade, the situation grows more and more favorable to the railroads, and prices continue upward. We cannot see that this results from anything but a scare on the part of consumers, caused by the strike of the minera in the Lehigh region, and which prompts dealers to pay any price for coal for immediate deliv. ery. It is a somewhat curious fact at this juncture that while only the Central of New Jersey and the Lohigh Valley are affected by the strike, and thus of course show a large falling off in production, the Reading, the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Erie, according to Mr. John H. Jones' figures for October, also have diminished their output as compared with last year. Of the three remaining producers the Lackawanna is the only one that has enlarged its output decidedly, namely 149,019 tons, the increase on the Pennsylvania Coal Company being only 11,427 tons, and on the Delaware &

Hudson 19,582 tons. Total production for the month was 326,879 tons below last year, and as a consequence stocks at tidewater points were further reduced, and now stand at the low figure of 158,976 tons. Strange as it may seem, however, in the face of the talk about the extraordinary demand for coal, consumption in October this year was smaller than in October last year, when it had been smaller than the year before. Here are the figures to prove the assertion.

		October.		Jan. 1 to Oct. 31.			
Anthracite Coal.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1887.	1886.	1885.	
Stock beginning of period Production	Tons. 894,748 3,185,298		Tons. 815,907 8,582,166	Tons. 972,282 23,166,748	Tons. 754,545 26,047,375		
Total supply . St'k end of period	3,580,016 158,978	4,030,483 440,962	661,616	158,970	440,962	661,610	
Consumption .	8,421,070	3,589,521	3,710,457	28,400,055	26,360.958	25,500,653	

Thus while for the ten months of the year the consumption was 2,039,097 tons in excess of 1886, and 2,839,402 in excess of 1885, for October it was 163,451 tons below last year and 295,387 tons below two years ago.

The report of the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia for the year ended June 30, 1887, and which we publish on snother page, is interesting chiefly as showing the results of the first year's operations of the reorganized company. The property appears to be doing quite well. Its gross earnings (not including the Knoxville & Ohio) in the late year were \$4,368,180, against \$3,778,291 the year before and \$3,693,857 in 1884-5, and the net reached \$1,466,952, against \$1,373,978 and \$1. the improvement in net would The 189,687. more decided except that \$212,621 have been of extraordinary expenses for maintenance of way and equipment were charged to operating account. But the main feature of interest is to note the relation of charges to income, as it is known of course that charges were reduced as the result of the reorganization. There is no income account in the report, but a statement is given showing annual interest on the debt outstanding June 30 to be \$1,027,360. Net earnings were, as stated, \$1,466,952, from which, however, must be deducted \$112,463 for taxes, leaving the actual net \$1,354,489. Hence if there was no other charge sgainst income the late year's operations left an excess of \$327,129; any cutside income that may have been received would of course increase this amount. Thus far in the current fiscal year earnings have continued to increase, the gain in gross from July 1 to November 7 being \$406,558, and in net for the three months ended September 30 being \$58,224. The physi cal condition of the property is evidently being greatly improved, for in addition to the \$212,621 charged to expenses, \$414,590 was spent for construction and \$374,773 for equipment, making a total outlay in this way of over a million dollars.

The New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, familiarly known as the "Nickel Plate," has now been fully reorganized, and its new securities were last week listed at the Stock Exchange. The company's application for listing, which states quite fully the details concerning its reorganization and present financial status, we publish at length to-day on a subsequent page. For the year ending Sept. 30, 1887, the gross earnings were \$4,569,591, against \$3,595,168 in the previous] year, an increase of nearly \$1,000,000, but owing to large expenditures made on the property and charged to operating expenses the net earnings were only \$1,327,509, against \$1,177,350 the previous year. As the youngest of the Vanderbilt lines, this company, now established on an apparently sound basis, will take a new rank among the trunk-line railroads.

E.C.

VOL. XLV.

The stock market this week has shown greatly increased strength, and at times a positively buoyant tone. Prices have advanced all around. There have been no new develop. ments of consequence, but a great revolution of sentiment. The favorable factors in the situation, with the exception of the easier condition of money, were no more prominent or pronounced than during previous weeks, but for the time being only these are regarded. The coal properties were of course leaders in the rise, but the trunk line shares, the grangers, Western Union and Missouri Pacific were all taken in hand and sharply The fancies and specialties likewise have had advanced. an active movement, and some of them have attracted a good deal of attention. Transactions have been on a large scale and the tendency almost steadily upwards, as have from time to time reactions such occurred hardly meriting notice. Commission houses report some outside buying, but on the other hand a good portion of the short interest has now doubtless been eliminated, two failures of houses on that side of the market having occurred-one in New York and another in Philadelphia. Railroad earnings continue very good. There has been considerable talk about advances and reductions in rates in the Northwest, but about the only certain thing is that some of the roads agreed to restore rates on soft coal.

The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, shows the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York banks.

Week ending November 18, 1887.	Received by N. Y. Banks.		Net Interior Movement.
Currency			Loss \$801,000
Gold			Loss., 590,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$1,065,000	\$2,310,000	Loss\$1,251,000

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of currency and gold caused by this movement to and from the interior. In addition to that movement the banks have lost \$500,000 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury. Adding that item to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total loss to the New York Clearing House banks of currency and gold for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to day. It is always to be remembered, however, that the bank statement is a statement of *averages* for the week, whereas the figures below should reflect the actual change in the condition of the banks as between Friday of last week and Friday of this week.

Week ending November 18, 1887.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' Interior Movement, as above Sub-Treasury operations			Loss\$1,231,000 Loss 500,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$6,565,000	\$8,\$10,000	Loss\$1,751,000

The Bank of England lost $\pounds 54,000$ bullion during the week. This represents $\pounds 40,000$ net received from abroad and $\pounds 94,000$ shipped to the interior. The Bank of France lost 6,600,000 francs gold and gained 50,000 francs silver. The Bank of Germany gained 9,160,000 marks. The following shows the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

	No	vember 17,	1887.	November 18, 1886.			
Banks of	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
Eogiand	\$20,810,759		20,810,759	20,119,143		20,119,143	
France	45,818,536	47,481,442	92,799,975	52,729,436	45,852,013	98,332,049	
Germany*	20,264,550	17,970,450	38,235,000	17,497,420	15,516,590	33,014,000	
AustHung'y		14,604,000	22,048,000	6,008,000	13,881,000	20,579,000	
Netherlands	4,026,000	8,068,000	12,001,000	0,467,000	8,018,000	14,483,000	
Nat.Bolglum*	2,453,000	1,242,000	3,725,000	2,759,000	1,880,000	4,139,000	
National Italy	6,983,000	1,118,000	8,101,000	7,422,000	939,000	8,861,000	
Tot. this week	136,829,845	90,483,592	197,813,737	113,091,999	85,385,193	109,077,192	
Tot.prev.w'k.	108,970,874	90.300.950	197.271.834	113,556,995	84,998.015	193,555,610	

THE SURPLUS AND REFUNDING.

. (

There are two very dissimilar questions or classes of questions to be dealt with by Congress in connection with the surplus revenue—one relates to 'the constant inflow and the other to the accumulations up to the time when the excessive inflow shall be stopped. In the current discussions this difference is not always kept distinct enough, and consequently there is confusion as to remedies. From the former we know no way of obtaining relief except through a reduction of taxation, a re-adjustment of the tax gathering machine that will conform its product to the needs of the Government. But while that is being effected, accumulations already large and troublesome, are rapidly increasing. Consequently the necessity for disbursing these collected revenues, which no tax reduction will touch, brings up the other problem.

This latter inquiry is a peculiarly pressing one. It becomes especially so, because of the temptation a large amount of idle cash which must be put out presents. We may presume that every kind of device and every kind of claim will be tried when Congress meets-the flies around a sugar barrel can hardly be more numerous. Of course last year's methods will come up anew. The old scheme for distributing the surplus between the States, for educational purposes, will find advocates; others will look to internal improvements as the true device, even if necessary turning creeks into rivers and canals into ship routes; while still others will suggest pension schemes. The adoption of any of these, commits us to principles that are wrong, establishing troublesome precedents; yet we doubt not they will be the methods discussed and pressed by many for draining off past accumulations. But besides them we may be sure that every other plan which ingenuity can devise will be attempted for laying hold of some part of this coveted prize. The very fact that the need for getting it out is so urgent will make even honest legislators less vigilant; while those who expect to retain a part of what they aid others in securing, will find this very incautiousness a potent influence in their favor. Altogether, these conditions are obviously favorable for a recklessly extravagant session, with many schemes presented of more than doubtful utility.

We make these auggestions only to bring out more clearly the fact that the stock of money which is and will be gathered into the Treasury before the inflow can be les. sened, is not, if affairs take their usual course, going to prove a source of profit to the people, but a source of danger. Now how shall we ward off that danger? We know no more effective method for shutting out bad appropriations than by offering better ones. It is important to remember that it is not a situation permitting the country to wait until some one may devise a perfect method. No one may be able to suggest a mode of using the money which would induce the raising of it, if that was the issue; or even to suggest a mode that can be proved to net as large interest or be as profitable an operation as we could perhaps secure next year or the year after if we could delay action. But we have the money and we must get it out or commerce will suffer seriously. Those are the conditions. Now under such conditions we claim that-after the usual requirements of the Government are provided for-the only proposition which ought to command attention is one that has for its object the payment of our debts. If we cannot use the mouey so as to pay them in just the mode we would like, pay them in the best, that is in the least objectionable, way we can, but in any event let the money go in that direction.

We notice that Mr. Flanagan, cashier of the Commercial National Bank, in a communication to the

Evening Post proposes, as an indirect way of reaching that end, to loan the accumulations to whomsoever wants to borrow at 24 per cent on Government bonds until the debt matures. This, he thinks, would net the Government the best result and pay the bonds in the end. If his proposition were feasible, and if it were applied only to the present emergency, and to accumulations before tax reduction can become offective, we ahould urge no objection to it in the absence of a better device. But is the plan even feasible? Would those who have Government bonds borrow the money continuously or for any great length of time at that rate; would not the plan rather keep the money market on the quiver while the funds went in and ont as circumstances shifted the loans. Just now interest rules high, but if the Government should find takers and thus put out its past accumulations, how long would it be before that condition would change; or if business enterprise should be checked what we call money would pile up at the leading monetary centers and become almost valueless. We have an illustration in the condition as it ruled during 1884 and 1885 when call money for a considerable time went a begging for $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1 per cent.

But even those years do not fully indicate what may happen at the next period of commercial rest, for the Government has been manufacturing money since 1885 rapidly; it has been turning its idle ailver dollars into active certificates, so that with our accumulations of gold, there are to-day a good many millions more of currency in the country than ever before. So when the next period of rest comes is it not likely that the congestion will be extreme ? At all events, varying degrees in the activity of money, attended with wide fluctuations, are in the meantime inevitable, and show that any calculation made on the supposition that these accumulations of revenue can be kept out at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent for four years is very far from accurate. Furthermore it seems at least doubtful whether 150 millions of Government bonds could be got together even under present conditions as collateral for money at as high a rate. Many of our most conservative banks will not pay interest on any deposit, and all that Now York city gets even at the present time, for its deposits, is 21 per cent ; while outside of banks the holders of bonds by no means want money as a rule. But Mr. Flanagan's suggestion is, that loans be made only up to the face value, a limit which would obviously add further disfavor to the plan. The Secretary of the Treasury found it impossible to secure bonds in any considerable amount at 90, and has just been forced to raise his limit in order to get the banks to put up the bonds and take the money even without interest.

But why not buy the bonds at the market price, it is asked, and relieve in that simple way at once the Government of its burden and commerce from its danger. If the market could be fixed, the expensiveness of that proposal could be measured. But that is just the difficulty, while the preaumption clearly is that the price of bonds would materially advance under a Government demand of the proportions contemplated. Even now 127 is asked for the 4s against 125 a very short time ago. This advance is in part at least due to the new use made of them by depositary banks; but with the number of the bonds outstanding steadily diminishing as the attempt to secure by purchase sufficient to absorb the 150 millions of accumulated revenue progressed, one would be very venturesome in claiming that the limit of price has been reached yet. On the other hand it is not probable that the full surplus will have been extinguished even when the next fiscal year begins. Assuming that Congressional efforts to curtail revenue are successful, no reduction in taxation is likely to take it all off, for the Government must be safe and err if at all on the side of excess of revenue. The chances are that with a tariff as complex as ours is, it will require more than one revision to equalize revenue and expenditures; so that any plan making provision for the surplus should not only contemplate present needs, but future contingencies. In fact we look for a small surplus for years, and think there should be as long as we have a bond out, for we do not believe it is desirable to stop paying off our debt; and if no device could be suggested for attaining that end, other than the expedient of Mr. Flana gan of loaning the accumulations until the bonds fall due we should advocate his plan notwithstanding the disadvan'. tages attending it we have mentioned.

But we believe something better can be devised. A re. funding measure is required, and one by the terms of which the Government retains authority to draw and pay a certain amount of the bonds each year; that and only that We have in kind of measure meets the conditions. prospect the burden of 150 millions of surplus, which if loaned on Governments could not, we believe, be kept out four years at an average of over 11 per cent as a maxi. mum. We think that is a point which Mr. St. John, the President of the Mercantile Bank, also overlooks when he criticises Mr. Knox's plan. At the time Mr. St. John was pressing his measure in 1883, there was no urgency growing out of the position of the Government or of the country. Now, as we bave seen, public and commercial affairs have been forced into an unnatural and hazardous union; and being driven to it, the public would sanction a method of relief which called for a much greater sacrifice than it would have sanctioned then. To continue the present temporizing po icy is impossible. Relief of some kind is an absolute necessity, and no method except a refunding scheme seems to meet the case. Now why should we not build upon Mr. Knox's plan or Mr. Jordan's or Mr. Hewitt's proposal, or that of Mr. Aldrich, rather than simply rejecting the whole because of features that can be easily modified?

THE WORK OF THE INTER-STATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

There is one respect in which the Inter-State Commerce Commission has been a surprise both to its friends and foes. Every one supposed that its duties would be mainly administrative. Its friends expected that it would suspend the law in a number of cases where its rigid enforcement would prove disastrous. Its enemies believed that the effect of auch suspensions would be to make the law a dead letter. All parties thought that its work would be of a negative, or at most of an advisory, character. No one looked forward to the creation of a body of transportation law, based on the positive utterances of the Commission itself. Yet such is the work which it is to-day doing, and which has overshadowed all its other functions.

The Inter-State Commerce Law contained two sets of provisions with regard to rates. One set simply reaffirmed the old common law doctrine of equality; the other was more explicit, and prohibited specifically those cases of inequality where a higher rate was charged to or from an intermediate point than for the whole through route. The discussion was almost confined to this last prohibition Nobody objected to having the general common law doctrine reaffirmed, but it was feared that the more specific provisions of the long-and-short-haul clause would seriously affect the railroads and long distance shippers both. To mitigate this danger, the Commission was constituted, with power to suspend the operation of the short-haul clause in cases where it should prove necessary to do so.

The Commission had many other powers and duties, but this suspensory power was the one which, during the debates on the subject, most strongly attracted public attention. And when the Commission, soon after taking office, made a somewhat sweeping temporary use of this power, the public was confirmed in its first impression.

But it proved to be a thoroughly wrong one. This original suspension was merely intended to gain timetime for the railroads to adjust themselves to the new law, and time for the Commission to make up its mind on the subject. When the opportunity came for a full state ment of principles (in re Louisville & Nashville RR. Co.), it soon appeared that no such wholesale suspensions would. be needed. In the first place the language of the Act, as now construed, was not half so severe as many people had supposed. It limited the local charges on each road, not by their share of a through rate in which they participated, but by the aggregate amount of the through rate. To the law, as thus interpreted, there were comparatively few published rates which did not conform. But the railroads were allowed atill further liberty, because the lan. guage of the Act applied only to traffic which was carried under substantially similar circumstances and conditions. Now, most of the apparent violations of the short-haul principle by the railroads were made in cases where there was much ground for regarding the circumstances and conditions as dissimilar. By construing the Act carefully, the Commission almost did away with the necessity of exercising their power to suspend it. The great majority of complaints under the fourth section have been shown to be distinctly outside the scope of the Act.

But it was by no means the intention of the Commission to make the law a dead letter. They have used their authority under the less noticed sections of the Act in a way which promises to be of great benefit to the public, and which proves one of the most interesting chapters in modern legislative history.

The principle that common carriers should not make discriminations was old, but the courts had never succeeded in applying it very thoroughly to railroad regulation. They had proceeded on a false principle. The common law tradition had been that rates should be based upon cost of service. This had never been consistently applied even to the ruder means of transportation; to railroad business it was totally inapplicable. It would have prevented the reduction in rates to secure large train-loads of low-priced goods. Fettered by a theory which they dared not and could not carry out to its logical conclusion, the courts had not been able to make much progress in the matter of railroad regulation.

The theory of the railroad managers was that rates ahould be based upon value of service, or upon what the traffic will bear. This principle, properly understood, is much better than the cost of service theory. Unfortunately it has not been applied impartially. The railroad agents themselves have been sole judges of its application; and in their hands it has been so seriously abused as to become a by-word. Charging what the traffic will bear ought to mean reducing the burdens of the weaker lines of business. Practically it has come to mean inflicting the highest rates on those who were powerless to defend themselves.

What the Commission has done is to take the rail road principle and demand that it shall be applied judicially and impartially. They insist on equality of treatment for different shippers under more or less similar circumstances, not because the cost of service is the same, but because the shipper who suffers from unjust discrimination cannot compete on equal terms with his more fortunate rivals. This is the difference between the attitude of the Commission and the traditional attitude of the courts. It may seem a slight distinction, but it is not so. It is the substitution of a strong principle for a weak one. Instead of a theory which breaks down the moment we attempt to apply it, we have one which fits the facts, and which may be fearlessly pushed to it logical conclusion. The series of decisions of the Com^a mission are successive steps in the development of thi principle. They give the shippers just as much relief as the decisions of the older courts; but they place that relief upon grounds which the better class of railroad men are ready to admit, because they simply strike at the abuse without sweeping away the whole foundation of railroad business methods.

Mr. Reagan's predictions with regard to the Commission have been completely falsified. He thought it would have the effect of weakening the force of the law. In point of fact, it is what gives the law its chief value. The special statutory provisions of the long-and-short-haul clause are loose enough to be ineffective. The courts would have construed them mildly, Commission or no Commission. Nothing is really left directly bearing on rates, except the general provisions against discrimina tion. These, except as they facilitated the jurisdiction of the United States courts, were nothing more than we had already had for years. But in the hands of a Commission that understood the subject, they have suddenly become effective. It is a striking illustration how much more important strong men are than mere legal machinery. The Commissioners are building up a body of law by their own personal knowledge and influence. It is nearly twenty years since Mr. Adams showed how such knowledge, independent of any specific powers, made itself felt in the influence of the Massachusetts Commission upon the railroads and the Legislature. To-day an experiment of the same sort is being tried in a somewha different field and upon a much larger scale. It is too soon to say how complete will be its ultimate success. The undertaking is one whose difficulties will increase rather than diminish for some little time to come. But what has been already accomplished gives ground of congratn lation for the present and fair promise for the future.

THE SITUATION AS RESPECTS RAILROAD NET EARNINGS.

The subject of railroad net earnings commands just now a large share of attention, and hence our usual monthly summary of results will be received with special interest. It is known of course to our readers that we publish in our department of investment news and railroad intelligence, the monthly figures of net earnings for each company just as soon as issued, and these figures are con clusive as to the status and doings of the individual properties covered. But a comprehensive idea of the course o earnings as a whole, or of the exhibit in special sections of the country, can only be got by aggregating results, as is done in the present article covering September, and as was done in preceding articles covering previou⁸ months.

In the matter of gross earnings our statement for the month of October, published last week, and the exhibits for the first and second weeks of the cur rent month, given on another page of the present issue, are evidence that the progress making is atill satisfactory and the ratio of gain large. As regards the net, however, the showing is aomewhat different. While the roads as a whole continue to record increases over last year, the comparison is decidedly less favorable than in other months,

though special roads and sections still do remarkably well. Here are the aggregates for September and the nine months, covering all roads that have made returns for either period.

	Month of September, (65 roads.)			Jan. 1 to September 80. (68 roads.			
1.0	1887.	1886.	1886. [Inc.or Dec.]		1886.	[Inc. or Dec	
	8	8	\$	8	-	8	
Oross oarn's	39,845,668	36,173.732	+8,672,996	354,460,445	311,802,976	+42,597,478	
Oper. exp	24,189,481	21,883,077	+9,608,404	226,195,508	201,723,154	+24,472,414	
Net earn's	15,657,187	14,590,655	+1,066,532	128,264,850	110,139,822	+18,125,028	

This would at first sight seem quite satisfactory, gross for the month exhibiting an increase of \$3,672,936, and nct an increase of \$1,066,532, but note that over twothirds of the gain in gross was consumed by augmented expenses, and further that the ratio of increase in the net is only 71 per cent, while in the case of the gross the in. crease reaches over 10 per cent. That a better comparison ruled early in the year is evident from the very much heavier ratio of gain on the results for the nine months, the improvement here being 164 per cent, but it is important also to know that the less satisfactory showing is not confined to this one single month, (in which case it might be deprived of a great deal of its significance,) but that it has been observed now for three successive months. In order to make this point clear, we give herewith the following recapitulation of the monthly summaries back to the first of January.

GROSS AND NET EARNINGS.

		G	ross Earni	ngs.	1	Net Earnir	1g8.
		1887.	1886.	1886. Increase.		1886.	Increase.
_		8	8	\$ pc	8	8	8 . 1pc
Jan.	(51 roads)	24,163,423	19,930,926	4,212,497 21	7,213,497	4,690,990	2,532,507 54
Feb.	(57 roads)	24,936,460	22,675,611	2,260,849 10	7,406,993	7,283,664	143,929 8
M'ch	(58 roads)	32,592,658	26,861,876	5,727,782,21	12,176,647	8,967,232	3,200,415 36
April	(59 roads)	91,640,281	27,576,407	4,068,814,15	10,673,279	8,839,654	1,813,625 20
May	(58 roads)	\$2,596,432	28,934,958	3,661,494 13	11,661,438	9,342,016	2,839,422 25
June	(56 roads)	35,861,883	32,021,535	3,840,850,12	12,582,952	10,395,220	2,187,732 21
July	(58 reads)	38,323,922	35,600,219	2,723,703 8	14,340,465	13,985,299	1,005,166 8
Aug.	(06 roads)	39,538,600	85,702,523	3,836,137 11	15,468,969	18,945,403	1,523,566 11
Sept.	(65 roads)	39,846,668	36,173 732	3,672,938 10	15,657,197	14,590,655	1.066.532 7

Thus the ratio of increase for September 1s smaller than in any other month this year, excepting February, when the showing was rather poor owing to the disparity in the weather conditions prevailing in the two years. Sepsomber and February alone show a smaller ratio of im provement in net than in gross. There has also been a d cline in the percentage of the gross, and this of course? Operates to reduce the gain in the net; but if we except such months as January and March when special circumstances made earnings exceptionally large, the decline has not been very striking, the heaviest increase outside of the monthe mentioned being the 15 per cent for April, while now for September the gain is 10 per cent. Oa the other hand, in the case of the net, the increase of 7 per cent for September compares with 21 per cent for June, 25 per cent for May and 20 per cent for April, showing quite an important reduction.

One of the chief features of interest in connection with these less favorable comparisons of net is the great augmentation in expenses shown to have taken place. In many cases this has followed from reductions in freight and passenger rates, which, by increasing the amount of work required to produce a given amount of revenue, has raised the ratio of expenses to earnings. In many other cases the addition is altogether too large to be accounted for by that circumstance, and it is only fair to assume that it represents large expenditures for improvements and betterments. Moreover, it is undeniable that railroad managers nearly everywhere are taking advantag; of the present prosperity to put their road bed, track, bridges, equipment, &c., in first class shape and condition. The y know by experience that periods of prosperity are usially

succeeded by longer or shorter periods of depression, and in order to be prepared for such a contingency they are putting their roads in trim to meet it. In so far therefore as the larger expenses are attributable to this cause, the increase is not to be regarded as permanent; when the conditions become less favorable, expenses will again be reduced.

As to special roads and groups, the coal roads are the first to command attention. The demand for coal is so active, and prices are so satisfactory, that the course of net earnings on this group merits careful study. We find that while the Central of New Jersey shows reduced net as the result of the strike in the Lehigh coal region, and the Northern Central also shows diminished totals, the gain by the other roads reporting, and in the main by the Reading and its Coal & Iron company, is such that both in amount and ratio of increase this group excels all others, the improvement being \$473,911, or about 33 per cent. For the nine months, with the Central New Jersey and Northern Central sharing in the improvement, the gain reaches 59 per cent, and against net of only 115 million dollars last year, the total this year amounts to nearly 173 million dollars; in other words, there has been a gain of 61 million collars. No facts could indicate more strikingly than these the improvement that has occurred in the earnings of the coal properties.

Hardly less interest attaches to the results on the trunk lines. The Pennsylvania has lately increased its rate of dividend, and there are rumors of similar action in prospect on the part of the Vanderbilt lines. Of course, the gains are less striking than on the coal roads, since they follow gains last year, the trunk lines being in the second year of their more peaceful workings and the coal roads in the first. For September, the increase in net is only trifling, the Pennsylvania having augmented its expenses very heavily. For the nine months, however, quite a handsome improvement is shown, the gain in net amounting to over 4 million dollars, or 11 per cent, and in gress to about 14 million dollars. One of the Grand Truck branches, namely the Detroit Grand Haven & Milwaukee, stands alone in its failure to participate in the improvement.

Southern roads are another class which attract a good deal of attention. These have had a heavily expanded cotton movement since the opening of the seasor, but if the Agricultural Bureau statement of the yield was correct. a serious falling-off would be looked for speedily. Passing that point, however, the South has undergone and is still undergoing great development, and this activity invests railroad returns from that section with special interest. It is a fact, too, that we have a greater representation of roads from the South than from any other section, and this of course adds to the value of the exhibit. The ratio of gain has not fluctuated a great deal, a steady and almost constant increase being shown month by month. For September, however, presumably because of the increased cotton traffic, the improvement amounts to, 27 per cent. sgainst 22 per cent for the nine months. Only three roads (out of 19), and these minor ones, show decreased net for S ptember, and only one (out of 14) for the nine months, the falling off in each case being explained either by heavy expenditures for betterments or by the purchase of new equipment. Not a single road in either period reports a loss in gross earnings. Below is our usual deta led statement giving the results not only ou the groups already reviewed, but on all others as well. The figures in parenthesis indicate the number of roads comprised in the groups,

Such and an	Gross E	arnings.		Net Earni	ngs.	
September.	1887.	1886.	1887.	1886.	Inc. or De	C.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1	P.0
Trunk lines(7)	11,113,651	10,191,622	3,970,185	3,848,013	+122,172	3
Middle Western(8)	1,600,896	1,418,934	591,098	501,041	+86,157	17
Northwestern (4)	2,811,267	2,066,948	1,247,246	1,082,196	-434,950	28
W'st of Miss'uri(S)	2,383,231	2,202,836	1,056,523	1,103,160	-45,837	4
Pacific Syst'ms(il)	9,563,706	8,734,990	4,262,773	3,895,172	+364,901	0
Southern r'ds(19)	5,180,263	4,215,045	2,137,019	1,083,613	+448,376	27
Coal companies(6)	5,980,045	5,362,854	1,920,975	1,417,034	+473,911	83
Eastern co's(5)	706,324	647,322	309,804	295,949	+12,855	4
Mexican roads . (2)	507,282	433,131	161,564	122,217	+39,347	32
Total, 65 roads	39,816,668	\$6,173,732	15,657,197	14,590,055	+1,068,532	7
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.						
Trunk lines(10)	124.613.057	110,691,020	41,731,986	37.622.861	+4,100,103	11
Middle Western(7)	10,323,764	8.634.037	3,209,213	2.274.793		43
Northwestern(3)	22,933,030	20,742,615	9.631.305	0.579.310	+51.998	1
W'st of Miss'urh(3)	20,179,689		8,803,961	7,029,135	+1,776,826	23
Pacific Syst'ms (11)	70,983,903	63,793,339	27,238,146	25,577,629	+1,660,517	6
Southern r'ds(14)	35,081,934	29,712,135	12,151,277	9,979,438	+2,171,839	23
Coal companies(9)	50,632,501	43,492,657	17,723,829	11,158,127	+6,565,702	59
Eastern co's(9)	15,590,200	14,281,334	6,065,937	5,840,679		4
Mexican roads.(2)	4,717,940	3,961,975	1,657,315	1,077.847	+579,368	51
Total, 69 roads	354.460.448	311,862,976		110.139.822	+13.125.023	16
					,,,,	

NOTE .- Included under the head of-

Trunk Lines-The Clevland Col. Cin. & Ind., Chicago & Grand Trunk. Deiroit Gr. Haven & Mil., Grand Trunk of Can., the Ohio & Miss., the Pennsylvania (cast and west of P. & E.), and for the nine months the same roads, together with Boston & Alhany, N. Y. Chic & St. L. and N. Y. estrai & Hudson. Middle Western-The Cairo Vin. & Chic., Chic. 8t. Loads & Pitts., Cin. Ind.

Middle Western-The Cairo Vin. & Chic., Chic. 3t. Louis & Pitts., Cin. Ind. 8t. L. & C., Det. Bny City & Alpena, Grund Rap. & Ind., Cleveland & Canton, Cincinnati Haw. & Day. and Teledo & Ohio Ceutrai.

Northwestern-The Burllogton & Quincy, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Keoknk & Western and Minn. & Northwestern. West of Missouri-The Denver & Rio Grande, Denv. & Rio Grande Western and Atch. T. & S. Fe.

and Atch. T. & S. Fe. Pacific Systems-The six Southern Pacific roads and the Union Pac., Northern Pac., Canadian Pac., Oregon hup. Co. and Jregon Ry. & Nav. Co.

Southern Roads-The Central of Georgia, Ches. C. Ches. O. & S. W. Eliz. Lex. & B. S., East Tenn. Va. & Ga., Louisville & Nash., Nash. C. & St. Louis, N. rfolk & Western, Louisv. N. O. & Tex., Mempolis & Charleston, Shenandoah Valley, Fort Worth & Denver City, Cape Fear & Yud. Valley, Kentucky Centra', Petersburg, Richmand & Potersburg, St. Louis Ark. & Texas, Seaboard & Roanoke and Carolina Central.

Coal Companies-The Phila. & Reading RR., P. & R. Coal & Iron Co., Northern Central, All. Valley, Pittsburg & Western and Central of New Jersey, and for the nine months the same roads together with Buff. Roch. & Pittsburg, Alb. & Sus., N. Y. & Cauada and Renssr. & Sar.

Eastern Companies-The Balilmore & Potomac. West Jersey, Camden & Atl. N. Y. Phila. & Norfolk and Rome Wat. & Ogdensburg, and for the nine months the same roads together with New York & New England, Mannattan Elevatod, Ogdensb. & Lake Cham. and Brooklyn Elevated.

Mexican Roads-The Mexican Central and Mexican National.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

During the course of last week not much has occurred to give what could with any justice be called a new aspect to European affairs. There is no longer any doubt as to the nature of the disease from which the Crown Prince of Germany is suffering, and the nature of the malady, taken in connection with the extreme age of Emperor William, points to the early occupation of the German Imperial throne by a young man of comparative inexperience. The scandal affair in France, the further the inquiry is pushed, reveals more unpleasant features; and in spite of persistent denials, it seems to be becoming more and more a certainty that the home of the Chief of the State has been stained with crime.

There are those who are disposed to exaggerate the probable consequences of the Crown Prince's misfortune on the one hand and of the French scandal on the other; and if the latter leads to the resignation of President Grevy its issue may be momentous. At all events it is perhaps impossible to exaggerate the importance of either in its private aspect. Prince Frederick William has lived for fifty-six years under the shadow of the throne. He was long the hope of Prussia. He has latterly been the hope of the entire German people. As a soldier and as a statesman he has won confidence. He is known to be a man of peace; and Germany, if she needs anything, needs peace for many years to come. In the course of nature the venerable Emperor will soon be called away; and if the malady from which the Crown Prince is suffering should prove fatal, the weight of empire would fall upon the shoulders of his son, a youth of twenty-eight years, a man credited with the ambition and the military ardor of his race.

It is not long since it seemed as if the fortunes of the House of Hohenzollern were secure beyond any peradven-

[VOL. ALV.

ture; and the public became familiar with a picture which represented the Emperor William and three possible successors. It did seem as if the Emperor, in that which is always dear to the heart of a ruler, was certain to realize the hope that the Imperial sceptre should remain in the hands of his descendants for generations yet to come. All the persons represented in that picture are still living; but how changed is the prospect. After the Emperor and the Crown Prince, there is only Prince Frederick William and his son, a boy of five, in the direct line. This possible failure of the direct line, which after all is only a possibility, is, in our judgment, much less important than the other possibility that Prince William on the throne might yield to the war sentiment, and involve not only his own people but the whole world in trouble. He is said to be pronounced in his dislike of France and the French revealing this dislike on all occasions when he has the opportunity, and in every possible way. Such a man on the throne of Germany would not certainly be any sure or satisfactory guarantee for the continuance of peace in Europe.

The French situation, even if it stops with the disgrace of M. Wilsor, has very unpleasant features. The Legion of Honor scandal and the corrupt practices in high places which have been brought to light in connection with the same, reveal a state of things the reverse of hopeful. The bottom has not yet been touched. The whole truth is not yet known. Enough, however, has been disclosed to make it plain that a wholesale system of corruption has for some time prevailed, and that titles of honor and lucrative positions and contracts have been bought and sold, the illegitimate traffic making rich the vendors. It is just such corruption which brought to the dust the empire of the late Louis Napoleon. Better things were hoped of and for the Republic. There are few people who have watched the course pursued by the men now in power who would for one moment be disposed to enter. tain suspicions regarding them. M. Rouvier has proved himself in the handling of great public questions a model Prime Minister; and M. Flourens has shown more skill and good sense in the management of foreign affairs than any man who has held the portfolio of Foreign Minister since the present Republic was organized. He has removed out of the way many difficulties, and he has improved the relations of France with all or almost all her neighbors. As little can suspicion be allowed to point the finger to M. Grevy, the honored President of the Re. public. It is the fact, however, that illicit transactions have heen effected which : lmost seem to imply a guilty knowl. edge in high places; and M. Wilson, the son-in-law of the President, is not only implicated, but in the eye of the public almost convicted. M. Grevy's term of office does not expire till January, 1889; and it is an assuring fact that he refuses to resign at the command of the extremists until such times as he shall conclude that justice and the public interest require it. It is undeniable that France is in a peculiarly excited condition; and at such times it is always difficult to predict what will happen.

Thus looked at, it is not difficult to see how danger might arise to Europe both from Germany and from France. But the danger implies the existence of a state of things which is not yet, and which may never arise. If possi. bilities point in the direction of danger, they point even more hopefully in the direction of continued stability and peace. Germany, as we have said, needs peace; and whatever may happen to the venerable Emperor, and however the Crown Prince's malady may result, statesmen will not be wanting equal to the situation, and the affairs of the empire will be conducted according to constitutional principles. In 1889 France will celebrate the revolution of 1789, the Great Revolution, and there is reason to believe that care will be taken of her present institutions, so that the celebration shall take place under the ægis of the Republic. Then again, it must not be forgotten that the danger of international trouble is greatly diminished by the Triple Alliance, which includes Germany, Austria and Italy, as well as by the good understanding which has been established between France and England. Under the present arrangement it will be next to impossible for any one Power to break the peace or to disturb the equilibrium.

Monetary Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, November 5, 1887. Rather more business has been doing in money, but the demand was principally apparent at the commencement of the week. Since then it has eased off a little, and short loans have fallen from 3½ per cent to 3 per cent and under; The November demand should now be influencing the market. but whether, after the stringency of the past month, the precautions then taken to anticipate requirements, and the influence of Secretary Fairchild's action to relieve undue monetary pressure in America, the market will be as much affected as usual remains to be seen. The Treasury bills went off at a low figure, the average for the three months being £2 16s. 1¼d.; but the general rate for discounting three months' bills in the open market has been 31/8 per cent. In the weekly return of the Bank of England no great changes are noticed. The reserve has lost £247,465, which was owing to the increase of £303,960 in note circulation. The actual increase in bullion was £56,495, or about £20,000 more than the sum sent in from abroad. The proportion of reserve to habilities remains practically the same as last week, namely, 45:56, against 45:47 per cent, the aggregate deposits held having decreased £580,619, simultaneously with the decline in the reserve. The amount of the reserve is now £11,834,544, or about £378,000 more than last year; and the stock of bullion, which stands at £20,148,-759, shows an increase of about £339,000.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c., compared with last three years :

	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
Circulation, excluding 7-day and	£	£	£	£
other bills	24,514,215	25,1(9.705	25,014,365	25,530,920
Pablic deposits	S,454.141	8,114,798	S,107,226	4,180,452
Other deposits	22, 60,573	23,723,453	25,917,568	23,597,475
Government securitles	12,359.990	14,085,215	15,12 4,767	13,709,993
Other securities	19,429.936	20,19-,00:	20,374,038	23,537,140
Reserve of notes and coin	11,834,544	10,455,890	11,943,192	9,517,237
Coin and bullion	20,148,759	10.809,593	20,637,497	12,208,137
Reserve to llabilities	45 56 p. c.	38M p. o.	3576 p. c	Si p. c.
Pank rato	4 p. c.	4 p. c.	2 p. c.	5 p. c.
Consols	1031	10136	100 7-160.	100 1-16d.
Clearing-House return	137,975,000	146,762,000	123,989,000	131,208,000

The character of the wheat trade bas not undergone any particular change. The demand is rather quieter, but it is something to know that in spite of this slackening of the inquiry there has been no relaxation of firmness; on the contrary, the recent gains have been well established. It would seem from this that the trade is being gradually brought into a sounder condition, and it is probable that before the end of the year the level of prices will be further advanced. Liverpool appears to hold much larger stocks than last year, the present total being 3,840,322 centals-an increase of 1,449,000 centals, but against this has to be placed the fact that the stock of flour, which is about 90,000 sacks, is only about one-half of what it was. Considering that the imports of wheat thus far this season have fallen short of last by about 900,000 cwts., and that from Sept. 1 to Oct. 15 American shipments to the United Kingdom were some 900,000 bushels below what they were in the corresponding period last year, the excess shown in the stock of wheat at this centre has created some surprise, and that some depreciation in values has not followed the publication of these statistics is looked upon as a hopeful sign for the future.

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first nine weeks of the season and other items, compared with previous years:

IMPORT8.									
	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.					
Wheat	9,045,573 2,722,660	9,914,126 4,704,668	11,062,477 2,890,718	11,051,488					
Oats Peas	2,719,435 517,130	3,017,154 366,888 426.849	2,439,356 309,818 746,370	2,024,228 332,941 622,087					
Beans Indian corn Flour	396,437 4,016,777 3,454,582	4,676,901 2.986,650	4,894,642 2,060,342	3,525,895					
£ 10 a.c.		887. 188		1884.					
Aver. price wheat Aver. price wheat	week. 30s. season. 29s.	1d, 30s. 2d. 30s. J	3d. 318. 40 10d. 318. 10						

664

English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending November 18.

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd. Consols for money Consols for necount Fr'eh rentes (in Paris) fr.	$102^{13}18$ 103^{18}	1021818	103516	$\frac{103^{1}_{18}}{103^{3}_{18}}_{80.75}$	${ \begin{array}{c} 103^{3}{}_{18} \\ 103^{5}{}_{16} \\ 80^{\cdot}77^{1}{}_{2} \end{array} } $	
U. S. 4 ¹ ₂ s of 1891	$ \begin{array}{r} 1117_9 \\ 13034 \\ 545_8 \\ 76^{1_2} \end{array} $	${}^{1117_8}_{1303_4}_{547_8}_{773_8}$	112	x11034 13038 56 7858	$ \begin{array}{r} 110^{1}_{2} \\ 130^{1}_{4} \\ 56 \\ 79^{5}_{8} \end{array} $	$110^{1}_{1297_8}$ $55^{3}_{1297_8}$ 80^{7}_{13}
Erie common stock Illinois Central Pennsylvania Philadelphia & Reading.	$293_8 \\ 1203_4 \\ 581_4 \\ 347_9$	$\begin{array}{c} 30_{34} \\ 121 \\ 58_{34} \\ 35_{78} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 31^{1} \\ 121 \\ 58^{5} \\ 36^{1} \\ 9 \end{array} $	31^{5_8} 121 x57 ¹ 8 36	31^{5_8} 121^{1_4} 57^{1_4} 36^{1_2}	31^{5_8} 121^{1_4} 57^{1_4} 36^{1_2}
	11058	11114	11178	11112	11158	1124

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS .- The following banks have recently been organized :

organized :
3,809-The Simonds National Bank of Sumter, S. C. Capital, \$50,000. Andrew Simonds, President. _______, Cashier.
3,810-The First National Bank of Horton, Kas. Capital, \$50,000. Scott Hopkins, President; F. M. Wilson, Cashier.
3,811-The First National Bank of Durham, N. C. Capital, \$100,000. J. S. Carr, President; Leo D. Heartt, Cashier.
3,812-The Jewell County National Bank of Mankato, Kas. Capital, \$50,000. John J. La Mar, President; Geo. B. Goodrich, Cashier.
3,813-The First National Bank of Osage City, Kas. Capital, \$50,000. John D. Hall, President; D. C. Lake, Cashier.
IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK - The imports of last.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK. -The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in dry goods and an increase in general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,146,785, against \$8,195,716 the preceding week and \$9,468,406 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended November 15 amounted to \$6,792,584, against \$5,940,556 last week and \$6,026,425 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) November 10 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) November 11; also, totals since the beginning of the first week in January :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$1,087,271 4,911,683			\$1,622,712 6,524,073
Total Since Jan. 1.	\$5,998,954	\$6,847,146	\$9,498,871	\$8,146,785
	\$101,271,219 278,055,657	\$88,083,692 245,369,059	\$102,389,796 276,635,459	\$108.106,916 298 805,622
Total 45 weeks	\$379,326,876	\$333,452,751	\$379,025,255	\$406,912,533

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the im-

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending November 15 and from January 1 to date :

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK.

	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.
For the week Prev. reported				\$6,792,584 261,835,789
Total 45 weeks.	\$289,771,302	\$285,333,788	\$277.231.882	\$268 628 373

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Nov. 12, and since January 1, 1887, and for the corresponding periods in 1886 and 1885 :

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	orls.	Imports.		
	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain France. Ocrmany West Indics Mexico South America All other countries	1,568 3,398 \$14,660 500 15,203	$\begin{array}{r} 30,825\\968,101\\2,537,053\\500\end{array}$	\$3,860 16,915 6,863 693	$\begin{array}{r} 17,331,497\\ 4,360,943\\ 14,146\\ 241,075\end{array}$	
Total 1887 Total 1886 Total 1885	\$35.329 29,525 17,650	37,415,390	\$28,331 1,632,107 1,794,135	\$36,291,667 21,497,247 11,253,876	

022man	Exp	orts.	Imports.		
Silver.	Week.	since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain France.	\$222,400 6,000	\$8,145,583 866,773		\$303,580 2,216	
Germany West Indies		174,381 221,167	3,332		
Mexico South America All other countries	748	$ \begin{array}{r} 21,358 \\ 65,898 \\ 44.067 \end{array} $	1,012	73,880 219,023 520,858	
Total 1887	\$229,148 193,435	\$9,539,227 8,654,284	\$4,34± 17,885		
Total 1886 Total 1885	131,416		21,798		

[VOL, XLV,

Of the above imports for the week in 1837 \$11,353 were American gold coin and \$626 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time \$27,362 were American gold coin.

United States Sub-Treesury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

Date. Receipts.			Balances.				
		Payments.	Coin.	Coin Cert's	Currency.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Nov. 12			131,648,630		11,465,421		
" 14		1,070,333	131,622,860		11,309,772		
" 15			131,641,476		10,762,486		
" 16	1,112,513	844,708	131,807,183	18,716,077	-10,767,288		
" 17	1,526,73×	902,824	131,837,250	19,321,405	10,755,807		
" 18	1,078,729	995,040	131,891,372	19,403,912	10,702,867		
Total	7,046,661	5,964,601					

Baltimore & Ohio.—At Baltimore, November 17, the Executive Committee of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad held Executive Committee of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad held a meeting when a telegram was sent to members of the syn-dicate in New York that the committee approved the arrange-ments made by President Burns and Vice-President Spencer in regard to a general mortgage to pay off all existing obli-gations; also that four directors of the syndicate will be elected. A special meeting of directors will be held on Wednesday next to elect a president in place of Mr. Robert Carrett revigned Garrett, resigned.

Auction Sales.-The following were sold this week at auction by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son:

Banking and Financial.

United States Government and other desirable SECHRITIES FOR

INVESTORS.

All stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange bought and sold on commission for eash. Deposit accounts received and interest allowed on month'y balances subject to draft at sight.

HARVEY FISK & SONS, 28 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

WM. EDWARD COFFIN. WALTER STANTON

COFFIN & STANTON,

BANKERS,

11 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

NEGOTIATE

State, Municipal, Railroad, Water and Gas Bouds. MONEY ADVANCED ON MARKETABLE SECURITIES.

OF TOPEKA, KANSAS, CITY 6 PER CENT IMPROVEMENT BONDS. ISSUED FOR STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

These bonds, besides being based on the credit of the city, are a first lion on all the abutting property, valued at \$6,932,000. Assessed valuation of the City, \$7,276,234; actual valuation over \$25,000,000; total indebtedness, exclusive of this issne, \$122,900. Population about 40,000. For further particulars call on or address

> GRISWOLD & GILLETT, 3 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

, 1887.]

THE CHRONICLF.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS: The following dividends have recently been announced :							
Name of Company.			Books Closed, (Days inclusive.)				
Railroads. Boston Concord & Montroal Catawissa, preferred Delaware & Bound Brook (quar.).	310	Nov. 18	Nov. 16 to Nov. 1 to Nov. 13 10				

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, Nov. 18, 1887-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation .- The stock market this week has come nearer to being a genuine bull market on outside orders than anything we have had for months past. There has been nothing new--nothing to give any special twist to the market-but on a popular feeling of greater confidence in values there has been more general buying.

The progress in Reading affairs and the practical conclusion of the New Jersey Central readjustment are matters which have helped along the prevailing tone of strength, while Western Union is also mentioned as a stock which is particularly in favor with some of the leading bulls. The attention of heavy capitalists is naturally turned towards those companies which have a chance, with greater or less certainty, of effecting a monopoly or combination in their field of business. Thus we have seen Western Union and Manhattan Elevated taken up and made to pay dividends on watered stock while some of the leading railroads of the country were obliged to pass their dividends in periods of sharp competition. So the anthracite coal roads have a com-paratively narrow field of operations, and where so few companies control the production and transportation of a necessary article like this, it is argued that combination will probably be able to keen prices up to a point that will permit them to earn dividends on the capital invested. Heretofore one great obstacle to such combination has been the weakness of the Reading Compsny.

Railroad earnings are keeping up well, though the compari-sons are now made with a period of large earnings in 1886. The open market rates for eall loans during the week on

stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 3 to 6 per cent, the usual rates to stockbrokers being 4@5 per cent. To-day the rates were 4@6 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 51@6 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a loss in specie of £54,000, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 47.72, against 47.11 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France lost 6,600,000 frances in gold and gained 50,000 frances in silver.

The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of Nov. 12 showed a decrease in surplus reserve of \$1,199,150, the total surplus being \$8,587,400, against \$9,786,550 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banka:

1 1	1887. Nov. 12.	Diffr'nc's fr'm Prev. Week.	1886. Nov. 13.	1885. Nov. 14.	
Specie Circulation	74,801,700 8,036,300	\$ Dec. 423,300 Dec.2,285,000 Dec. 12,400 Dec.2,494,600	78,005,200 8,116,100	92,796,300 9,952,000	
Legal tenders Legal reserve Reserve held	22,8; 2,900 89,067,200	Inc. 462,200	17,816,000 87,929,850	28,757,400	
Surplus	8,587,400	Dec.1,199,150	7,891.350	26,495,150	

Exchange .-- The sterling exchange market has been dull Exchange.— The atering exchange market has been duft-most of the week, though quotations have not fluctuated much. It is, perhaps, a little singular that rates were not reduced, as nearly all the week the influences were favorable to lower prices, including quite an active buying of stocks here for for-eign account, a fair supply of commercial bills and the lack of an active demand. These conditions have been somewhat changed, however, in the latter part of the week, when the market has been much stronger. Rates have not varied much, and the posted rates are still the same as a week acco-4 820 market has been much stronger. Rates have not varied much, and the posted rates are still the same as a week ago-4 82@ 821 and 4 86@861.

To-day the rates on actual business were as follows, viz.: Bankers' 60 days' sterling, $481\frac{1}{4}@481\frac{1}{4}$; demand, $485\frac{1}{4}@485\frac{1}{4}$. Cables, $485\frac{1}{4}@486$. Commercial bills were $480\frac{1}{4}@480\frac{1}{4}$; Continental bills were: Francs, $524\frac{1}{4}@525$ and $522\frac{1}{4}@523\frac{1}{4}$; reichmarks, $9411-16@94\frac{1}{4}$ and $95\frac{1}{4}@953-16$; guilders, $89\frac{1}{4}@39\frac{1}{4}$ and $39\frac{1}{4}@453$.

39% 394 and 39% 40. The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying

i discount; selling par@i premium; Charleston buying i@3-16-discount; selling par; New Orieans, commercial, \$1 50 dis-count; bank, par; St. Louis, 50c. discount; Chicago, 40@ 50e. discount.

The rates of leading bankers are as follows:

November 18.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prine bankers' sterling bills on London Prime commercial Documentary commercial. Paris (france) Amsterdiam (guilders). Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	4 80% 04 81 4 80% 04 80% 5 25 25 24% 39% 16 16 240	*******

Colns.-The following are quotations in gold for various coins :

	C	0	
Boyerelgns\$4 83		Bilver 14s and 19s.	
Napoleona 3 85	@ 3 88 H	Flys francs	- 91 @ - 95
X X Reichmarks 4 74	@ 4 77 M	Mexican dollars	- 75 @ - 70
X Guliders 3 96	@ 4 00	Do uncommore'l	-7410
Span'h Doubloons.15 55	@15 70 H	Peruvian sols	-7340 - 744
Mex. Doubloons15 55			
Fine gold bars par	@4prem. (U. S. trads dollars'	-73 @
Fine silver bars 0538	0 06141	U.S. silver dollars	- 993 3 1 00
Dimes & 12 dimes 991	@ par.]		

* Now demonctized.

United States Bonds .- Government bonds have not been so entirely neglected as they were during the previous week, though the business has not been specially active. A few transactions have occurred, however, from day to day. Prices have been easy and are a trifle lower than they were a week ago for the 4s and 41s.

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

501 1	Interest Periods		Nov. 14.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 16.	Nov. 17.	Nov. 18.
4 ¹ 98, 1891reg. 4 ¹ 98, 1891coup. 48, 1907reg. 48, 1907coup. 6 ² , cur'cy.'95reg.	QMar. QJau. QJan.	*10978 *127 *127	*10878	109 *127 *127	*126%		*10858 *12638 *12638
6s. cur'cy, '96reg. 6s. cur'cy, '97reg. 6s. cur'cy, '98reg. 6s. cur'oy, '99reg.	J. & J. J. & J. J. & J.	*123 *125 *127		*123	*123 ¹ / ₂ *125 ¹ / ₂ *127 ¹ / ₉	*12312 *12512 *12712 *12712 *12912	¹ 12334 *12534 *12734

* This is the price bld at the morning board; no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds .- State bonds have been moderately active, though the transactions recorded have been mostly in small amounts. Virginia 6s deferred have been somewhat more active than the rest at advancing prices.

somewhat more active than the rest at advancing prices. The business in railroad bonds has been broadening per-ceptibly, both as to the total amount recorded and as to the number of different classes dealt in. The market continues to show a very healthy tone and the course of prices has been almost steadily upward. No violent or specially marked advances have been noticed, but a gradual improvement in nearly all classes has characterized the transactions. In addition to the prevailing demand for good bonds for investment, there has been an increased speculative demand for many of the lower-priced bonds, encouraged by the activity and strength of the stock market. These speculative classes havo consequently been very strong and show the greatest amount of improvement.

Railroad and Miscellancous Stocks.-The stock market hasat last shown a disposition to respond to the favorable condi-tions; after weeks of bull talk, during which prices have been making occasional spurts upward without any general or im-portant rise, we have this week had a more genuine, though portant rise, we have this week had a more genuine, though moderate, bull market. Speculation has been active, and the tone has been almost uninterruptedly strong throughout; re-actions have occurred, of course, but the setbacks have not been of sufficient importance to overcome the improvement in prices which has taken place. The movement is the more been of sumclent importance to overcome the improvement in prices which has taken place. The movement is the more significant as indicating the existence of a generally strong feeling, inasmuch as no apecial news or developments havo been used to influence prices. On the contrary, it has been almost entirely the result of a good demand and a feeling of confidence on the bull side of the market, and this feeling has been strengthened by the rapid rise in a few stocks which have received special attention. The improvement has been quito general, however, and one of the features has been the activity and prominence of many stocks which are usually not much noticed. Another healthy sign has been the reported increase in orders from parties outside the circle of those who see the tape daily, and the commission business is better than it has been in months been in months.

been in months. Among the special features Reading has been prominent; the transactions in this stock have been heavy, and the price has been rapidly advanced. The other coal stocks followed Reading in its advance and have been very strong. Western Union has attracted attention on account of its strength, and it sold at the highest price of the year. The rise in this stock was assisted by the report that it had at last been listed on the London Stock Exchange, but this was subsequently denied. Wheeling & Lake Erie was one of the specialties that rose into-sudden activity. All the different groups, including the coalers, the grangers, the Vanderbilts and the Gould stocks, have responded to the general improvement.

[VOL. XLV.

STOCKS-PRICES AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR WEEK ENDING NOV. 18, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1887.

STOCKS-PRICES	al N. 1. 5			OWEST PRI	11 1 2 2 2		Sales		Jan. 1, 1887.
STOCKS.	Saturday. Nov. 12.	Monday, Nov. 14.	Tuesday, Nov. 15.	Wednesday, Nov. 16.	Thursday, Nov. 17.	Friday, Nov. 18.	of the Week, Sharss	Lowset.	Highest.
Active RR, Stocks. Atlantic & Pacific	$\begin{array}{c} \hline \textbf{Saturday.}\\ \textbf{Nov. 12.}\\ \hline \textbf{Nov. 12.}\\ \hline \textbf{10}{}^3 \textbf{10}{}^3 \textbf{53}{}^1 \textbf{25}{}^3 \textbf{12}{}^2 \textbf{53}{}^1 \textbf{25}{}^3 \textbf{12}{}^2 \textbf{53}{}^1 \textbf{25}{}^3 \textbf{13}{}^1 \textbf{2}{}^2 \textbf{13}{}^2 \textbf{13}{}^$	HIGH Monday, Nov. 14. 1046 1044 54 54 5734 5642 7642 7744 *3042 3149 276 278 3 314 130 130 7458 7544 130 130 7458 7544 1132 11434 *143 145 114 11444 *1442 15 4044 4078 *1072 544 5412 2554 2758 1304 122 9 557 5512 114 11444 *1449 132 9 557 5512 114 11444 *145 132 9 4044 4078 *1072 544 5412 9 557 5512 115 155 3244 2478 90 92 *49 49 *69 92 *49 49 *69 92 *49 49 *69 92 *49 48 9 02 *66 65 101 101 50 50 91 91 91 92 60 6158 *1078 87 106 107 1078 108 1078 108 104 41634 41 4134 *155 165 101 101 50 50 91 91 93 1048 104 41634 41 4134 *1558 1684 41 4134 *155 168 107 101 103 30 2944 3042 2512 264 104 103 30 30 2944 3042 2512 264 104 103 30 30 2944 3042 105 105 1078 108 104 163 41 4134 *1558 1684 30 30 2944 3042 2512 264 101 103 30 30 2944 3042 2512 264 101 103 30 30 2944 3042 2512 264 104 103 30 30 2944 3042 2513 264 41 4134 *1558 1684 30 30 2944 3042 2512 264 30 30 2944 3042 2513 264 30 30 2944 3042 2513 264 41 4134 *1558 1684 30 30 2944 3042 2513 264 30 30 2044 3042 2513 264 30 30 2044 3042 2513 264 30 30 2044 3042 2513 264 30 30 2044 3042 2513 264 30 30 2513 264 30 30 2044 3042 304 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305	EST AND I. Tuesday, Nov. 15. 1044 1039 5349 5349 5379 5842 7669 7849 *3043 1300 7743 7559 130 1300 7743 7559 14144 1144 1144 1144 1145 1152 1074 1038 1074 1038 1075 1048 1075 1048 1075 1048 1075 1075 1075 1075	OWEST P.BI Wedneeday, Nov. 16. 1039 11 5442 55 5846 5976 7842 7958 31 3142 7958 3112 33 314 3112 112 314 314 315 131 132 76 7776 11476 11512 112 11278 1431 1323 1431 155 165 165 172 182 19090 255 255 256 263 659 2479 200 900 444 454 953 9676 900 1023 244 910 1101 2243 1102 2243 1101 2243 101042	CES. Thursday, Nov. 17. 11 112 5459 545 884 60 7849 80 812 312 2234 314 546 7849 1324 1354 1324 1354 145 1153 145 1153 145 1151 145 1153 145 1153 145 1153 1444 1414 1152 116 15 153 5554 597 126 654 290 90 104 103 105 103	Friday, Nov. 18. *11 11/4 549 55 59 59 79 794 313 313 3 314 6 4 439 3134 7776 7858 11412 1144 1135 1164 1161 1164 154 154 1133 1344 24 24 254 2634 254 2634 254 2634 1238 1234 6544 6534 91 91 17 1012 101 103 92 92 624 24 934 364 91 91 117* 117* 117* 117* 116 103 103 103* 104 103* 105	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Sales}\\ \text{Soles}\\ \text{of the Week,}\\ \text{Sharse}\\ \text{4.355}\\ 1,370\\ 26,855\\ 810\\ 37,130\\ 26,855\\ 810\\ 37,130\\ 26,972\\ 1,120\\ 3,307\\ 269,722\\ 1,120\\ 3,307\\ 269,722\\ 1,120\\ 3,907\\ 269,722\\ 1,120\\ 3,907\\ 269,722\\ 1,120\\ 3,907\\ 269,722\\ 1,120\\ 3,907\\ 269,722\\ 1,108\\ 5,862\\ 3,202\\ 1,108\\ 5,862\\ 3,905\\ 3$	Lowset. 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Oct. 14 4 $\frac{9}{2}$ Sept. 20 49 July 30 55 $\frac{1}{2}$ Jan. 3 28 $\frac{1}{2}$ Oct. 14 2 Nov. 11 3 Nov. 11 3 Nov. 11 13 Nov. 11 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 17 10 Oct. 17 10 Oct. 17 15 Soct. 14 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 14 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 17 10 Oct. 17 15 Soct. 14 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 17 52 Soct. 14 9 $\frac{1}{3}$ Oct. 17 52 Soct. 14 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 17 52 Soct. 14 9 $\frac{1}{3}$ Oct. 17 52 Soct. 14 52 Soct. 17 53 Soct. 17 52 Soct. 14 9 $\frac{1}{3}$ Oct. 17 78 Soct. 17 78 Soct. 17 78 Soct. 17 18 Oct. 17 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 20 28 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 13 Soct. 20 28 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 13 Soct. 20 28 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 20 9 $\frac{3}{4}$ Aug. 31 15 Oct. 19 80 Aug. 1 980 Aug. 1 1976 Oct. 13 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{2}$ Oct. 13 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{2}$ Soct. 14 199 $\frac{3}{4}$ Soct. 14 101 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ Soct. 14 99 Aug. 20 107 Oct. 13 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ Soct. 21 13 Oct. 17 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ Oct. 17 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ Feb. 1 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ Feb. 2 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ Feb. 1 20 $\frac{3}{4}$	Jan. 1, 1897. Highest. 1514 June 13 68% Jan. 13 64% May 19 864 Apr. 13 964 Apr. 12 92 Jan. 8 17 Jan. 13 114 Jan. 20 156 May 17 127% June 7 1534 June 7 1534 June 7 140°8 May 17 127% June 7 168 Apr. 11 394 Jan. 13 322 Jan. 3 32 Jan. 3 34 Ary 54 Pr. 20 66 May 71 884 Jan. 3 374 May 18 555 Apr. 7 355 Jan. 17 55 Jan. 17 55 Jan. 17 55 Jan. 7 354 May 26 249 Jay 26 354 Jun 20 24 Sta Jun 20 25 Jan. 17 35 Ja
Miscellancous Stocks, Oolorado Coat & Iron Oonsolidated Gas Co Delaware & Hudson Canal Oregon Railway & Nav. Co Pacific Mail Philadelphia Co., Nat. Gas Puilman Palace Car Co Western Union Telegraph Express Stocks,	35 37 7476 7476 103 1034 *38 3945 *90 02 344 3534 *13542 13745 784 7854	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 38^{1}_{8} & 39^{1}_{4} \\ 75^{1}_{2} & 75^{3}_{4} \\ 103^{1}_{4} & 10.4^{1}_{9} \\ 39^{3}_{8} & 39^{1}_{2} \\ 00 & 90^{3}_{8} \\ 35^{3}_{4} & 36^{3}_{4} \\ *96 & 99 \\ 137^{1}_{2} & 137^{1}_{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$ \begin{array}{r} 37^{1_2} & 38 \\ 76^{1_4} & 76^{1_2} \end{array} $	$12,900 \\ 4,485 \\ 9,192 \\ 2,135 \\ 4,795 \\ 22,005 \\ 520 \\ 3,210 \\ 190,827 \\$	30 Sept 20 67 Sept 20 961 ₂ Sept 21 34 Aug. 26 791 ₆ Oct. 13 324 Sept 21 988 Sept 20 1136 Nov. 9 671 ₂ June 24	53 ¹ 4 May 19 89 May 19 105 ³ 9 Apr. 18 54 ³ 9 May 31 105 ³ 4 May 31 53 ³ 8 Apr. 7 115 Feb. 8 159 ³ 8 May 23 81 ⁷ 8 Nov. 17
Adams. American. United States. Wells, Fargo & Co.	$^{*108}_{*67}$ 110	*138 145 *108 110 68 ¹ 4 69 *127 131	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	142 142 *108 110 68 68 *128 131	*140 145 109 110 *65 68 *127 131	*140 145 109 ¹ 8110 *65 68 128 ³ 4128 ³ 4	245	139 ³ 4 Jan. 4 106 Sept. 20 62 Feb. 17 120 Sept. 20	152 Aug. 5 118 ¹ 2 May 14 76 Aug. 31 137 June 6
tnactive Stocks. American Tel. & Cable Co Cedar Falls & Minnesota Chicago & Alton. Cincin, ind. St. Lonis & Chie Cincinnati Wash. & Baitimore Do prot. Mexican Central Do lst pref Ohio Soutbern Do lst pref Ohio Soutbern Pitts, Fort Wayne & Chio Pullman Pal. Car Rights Quicksliver Mining Co Bt. Louis Alt. & Teres Hauto St. Louis Alt. & Terss South Carolina	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} *71^{1_{2}} 73 \\ *6 \\ 10 \\ *136 \\ 140 \\ 72 \\ 74 \\ 3^{1_{3}} 3^{1_{4}} 38 \\ *5^{1_{2}} 6^{1_{4}} \\ *13^{1_{2}} 14 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 18^{1_{2}} 15 \\ 14^{1_{4}} 15^{1_{2}} \\ 149^{1_{2}} 149^{1_{2}} \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 5^{1_{2}} 5^{3_{4}} \\ *24 \\ 29 \\ 35^{1_{2}} 36 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} *72^{1}_{4} & 73^{1}_{2} \\ 73_{4} & 81_{2} \\ *134 & \dots \\ *314 & 451_{3} & 62_{2} \\ *14 & 145_{4} & 61_{2} \\ *150 & \dots \\ 76^{1}_{2} & 76^{1}_{2} \\ 14 & 143_{4} \\ 16 & 163_{5} \\ *150 & \dots \\ 9 & 9 & 9 \\ *51_{4} & 6 \\ *24 & 50 \\ 355_{8} & 36 \\ 143_{8} & 143_{8} \\ 9^{1}_{4} & 93_{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 73^{1}2 & 74^{1}4 \\ *9 & 11 \\ *135 & 140 \\ \hline & 3^{1}4 & 44 \\ *534 & 642 \\ *14^{1}4 & 15 \\ 18^{1}3 & 204 \\ 75 & 75 \\ *14 & 15 \\ 17^{1}4 & 17^{1}4 \\ *150 & 104 \\ 534 & 534 \\ *25 & 30 \\ *35 & 36 \\ 1558 & 17 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 117\\ 530\\ 600\\ 600\\ 700\\ 656\\ 100\\ 1,100\\ 1,700\\ 2,600\\ 1,000\\ 3,141\\ 500\\ \hline 1,700\\ 2,850\\ 1,300\\ 1,300\\ \hline \end{array}$	76 Oct. 14 734 Nov. 16 130 Oct. 27 66 Aug. 31 3 Sept. 15 11 ¹ 2 Oct. 20 18 Nov. 11 10 ³ 8 Oct. 17 12 Nov. 10 145 Jan. 16 87 ₅ Nov. 11 23 Oct. 12 30 Jan. 8 10 S-pt. 16 7 Sept. 16	74 ¹ 4 Nov. 18 5 19 Jan. 7 155 May 16 104 Feb. 19 7 Jan. 13 10 ⁴ Jan. 14 22 Apr. 9 20 ⁴ Nov. 18 77 Nov. 17 22 May 17 31 Jan. 3 155 ¹ 4 June 17 10 ¹ 9 Nov. 18 8 ⁸ 4 Jan. 10 35 May 14 45 ⁵ 5 June 6 25 Feb. 2 17 Jan. 7
New Central Coal. Tennessee Coal & Iron. Various Stocks, &c. (Un Amer. Cettes Oil Trust.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	31,345 300 1°,440 27,360	22 Oct. 10 9 Aug. 30 21 ¹ ₂ Sept. 18 23 ¹ 4 Oct. 11	50 Apr. 27 18 Jan. 11 544 Jan. 14 64 Jan. 3
* These are the prices h			1 7338 745	7418 7458	7.184 7558	deud and pri	9,123,000	54 July 28	5 75% Nov. 17

3180469717114

3 7

NOVEMBER 19, 1887.] THE CHRONICLE:

BONDS-LATEST PRICES OF ACTIVE BONDS AT N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE, AND BANGE SINCE JAN. 1, 1887.

Railroad Bonds.	Olosing.	Range sin	ce Jan. 1.	Railroud Bonde.	Closing.	Range since Jan. 1.
5	Nov. 18 Nov. 11	Lowesi.	Highest.		Nov. 18 Nov 11	Lowest. Highest.
Kailroad Bonds. Att. & PacW. D. Inc., 6s, 1910 Onar., 4s, 1937. Cen. SouthIst guar., 5s, 1908 2d, 5s, 1913. Cen. Iowa-let, 7s, 709, comp. off Cen. Iowa-let, 7s, 709, comp. off Cen. Iowa-let, 7s, 709, comp. off Cen. Iowa-let, 7s, 709, assent. Couvert, 7s, 1809, assent. Couvert, 7s, 1902, assent. Adjuat. 7s, 1003, assent. Convert, 6eb, 6s, 1909. Interim hond certificate. Li 7a& W.B. con. 7a, 1909, ses int An, Dock & Imp. 5s, 1921. Central Pacific-gold 6s, 1898. Ban Joaquin Br. 6e, 1900. Land grant 6s, 1800. Land grant 6a, 1830. Ches. & CoPur. m. fund 6s, '98 6s, gold, ser. B, 1908, coup. off Extrem. coup. 4e, 1986. 6s, currency, 1918. Mort. 6e, 1911. Chic.Bur. & Nor1st, 5s, 1922. Chic. & Und. Coal R., 1at, 5s, '362 Cher. & Coal R., 4e, 1922. Chic. & Und. Coal R., 1at, 5s, '362 Chall. & C.PPat, 1. & M. 7s, '9'	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Lowesi, 2312 0,t. 803 Sept. 104 Sept. 8712 Sept. 8712 Sept. 8712 Sept. 8712 Sept. 8712 Sept. 10712 Jan. 10954 Jan. 8378 Jan. 95 Sept. 109 Sept. 99 Jan. 109 Sept. 109 Sept. 109 Sept. 109 Sept. 100 Sept. 100 Sept. 62 Oct. 14 Nov. 89 Nov. 101 Feb. 101 Oct. 1923 Voc. 94 Sept. 1023 Voc.	Highest. 333, June 90 Jan. 90 Jan. 91 May 110 Jan. 119 Juno 1183, Juno 1104, Nov. 100 June 1104, Nov. 100 June 1104, Nov. 106 Jane 1105 Mar. 115 Juno 81 Jan. 32 Jan. 1034, Juno 105 Feb. 1034, Juno 1054, Jan. 1054, Jan. 10554, Jan. 10555, Jan. 10555, Jan. 105555, Jan. 105555, Jan	Railroad Bonds. Mil. Lk. Sh. & W1st, 6s. 1021. Midhigan Div1st, 6s. 1024. Minn, & Rt. L1st, 7s. 1927 Imp. & Equip6s, 1927 Imp. & Equip6s, 1927 Imp. & Equip6s, 1927 Mo K. & TexCon., 6s, 1927 Mobile & Ohio-New, 6s, 1927 Mobile & Ohio-New, 6s, 1927 Ist, Extension, 6s, 1927 Ist, Lxtension, 6s, 1927 Nobile & Ohio-New, 6s, 1927 Neth. & St. L1st, 7s, 1913 N.Y. Contral-Extend., 5s, 1893 N.Y. Contral-Extend., 5s, 1903 Debenture, 5s, 1904 N.Y. Chid., & St. L1st, 7s, 1900 N.Y. Chid., & St. L1st, 6s, 1921 2d mort, 6s, 1923 N.Y. Ohio, & St. L1st, 6s, 1921 2d mort, 6s, 1923 N.Y. Chid., & W1st, 6s, 1921 2d mort, 6s, 1923 N.Y. Oht, & W1st, 6s, 1921 2d mort, 6s, 1923 N.Y. Oht, & W1st, 6s, 1921 N.Y. Ont, & W1st, 6s, 1921	Nov. 18 Nov. 11 117'16b, 117'16b, 113'15b, 132'1266, 132'1266, 130'0, 132'1266, 130'0, 132'1266, 130'0, 132'1266, 130'0, 133'1266, 130'0, 132'1266, 130'0, 133'1266, 107'12, 113'10, 112'2 106'0, 107'12, 113'10, 112'2 106'0, 107'12, 113'10, 112'2 106'0, 107'12, 107'14, 110'14, 108'128'0, 100'12, 130'16'128'128'1, 100'12, 130'16'128'128'1, 100'12, 130'16'128'128'128'128'128'128'128'128'128'128	Lowest. Highest. 117 ¹ 2 ₉ Nov. 123 Oct. 117 ¹ 2 ₉ Nov. 123 Oct. 114 Jan. 121 May 130 Aug. 113 Jan. 70 Nov. 60 Jan. 70 ³ Nov. 102 ¹ 2 ₉ Apr. 66 Nov. 89 ³ 4 Apr. 103 Nov. 113 ¹ 3 Jan. 104 May 109 * ept. 104 May 109 * ept. 104 May 109 * ept. 105 Sept. 131 Apr. 105 Sept. 137 May 106 Mar. 110 ⁵ g Jan. 127 ¹ 9 Oct. 133 ¹ 3 Apr. 130 ¹ 9 Sept. 137 May 106 Mar. 110 ⁵ g Jan. 127 ⁴ 9 Oct. 133 ¹ 3 Apr. 130 ¹ 9 Sept. 137 May 106 Mar. 110 ⁵ g Jan. 127 ⁴ 9 Oct. 128 ¹ 3 Apr. 16 ⁷ 9 Sept. 123 Jan. 124 ⁵ 9 Oct. 128 ¹ 3 Apr. 106 Sept. 110 Jan. 106 Sept. 110 Jan. 107 Apr. 96 ¹ 8 May 107 Apr. 96 ¹ 8 May 107 Apr. 115 ¹ 2 May
Chi, Mill, C. C. F 162, i.e. A. i.s, o' Consol. 78, 1905	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1114 0 Oct. 10219 Oct. 10219 Oct. 101 Oct. 133 Nov. 127 Sept. 117 May 10519 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10219 Nov. 10238 Sept. 107 July 116 Sept. 122 Oct. 95 Oct. 6349 Oct.	1304 June 1194 June 109 Jan 108 May 1053 May 142 Jan 133 Jan 1204 Sept, 1104 Mar. 1104 Mar.	North. Pacific-let.coup., 63, '21 Gen'l, 2d, coup., 1933 Jamca R. Val 1st, 6s, 1933 Ohio & Misa Connol., 7a, 1898. 2d, consol., 7s, 1911. Bpringfield Div 7s, 1905 Ohio Southern-let, 6s, 1921 d, inc., 6s, 1921 Oregon Impr. Colet, 6s, 1910 Ore, R. & Nav. Co 1st, 6s, 1910 Consol., 5s, 1925 Oregon & Transcon 6s, 1922 Peo. Dec. & Evans 1st, 6s, '20. Evanev. Div 1st, 6s, 1920 Rioù & All 1st, 7s, 1920. tr. rec Richm. & Dan Cona, 6s, 1915 Debeutnre, 6s, 1927 Roch. & Fitts 1st, 6s, 1921	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1134 Sept. 11849 Apr. 964 Oct. 10719 Mar. 1064 Jan. 111 May 100 Jnly 10719 June 114 Oct. 123 Apr. 11119 Oct. 119 Jan. 102 Feb. 11119 Apr. 31 Sept. 5019 May 90 Aug. 106 Jan. 90 Aug. 106 Jan. 90 Sept. 10178 Apr. 109 Nov. 11519 June 10514 Oct. 712 Feb. 5514 Oct. 77 Apr 109 Sept. 115 June 106 Feb. 114 Apr.
 Denter & Ag, 1936 Den, & R. Gr. W 1st, 68, 1911 Associed. Den, & R. Gr. W 1st, 68, 1911 L. Ten, V. & Pac 1st, 78, '05 Det, Mac, & M Ld, gr. 3'28, 1911 E. Ten, V. & G. Ry Con., 58, '56 Eliz, Lex, & B. Sundy - 68, 1902 Long Dock, 78, 1893 Con. 68, 1935 N.Y.L.E. & W-2d con. 68, 1969 Funded coopon, 5e, 1969 Ft. W. & Donv. C 1st, 68, 1921 Gel, Har, & San, Ant 1st, 68, '1921 Gel, Har, & San, Ant 1st, 68, '1931 2d M. 78, 1905 West, Division-1st, 58, 1931 2d income \$8, 1911 2d income \$8, 1911 Gulf Col. & San, Fe-1st, 78, 1909 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	75 2 0 0ct. 70 2 Sept. 64 Sept. 63 Apr. 91 32 Sept. 95 Sept. 129 Sept. 129 Sept. 129 Sept. 129 Sept. 129 Sept. 133 34 Feb. 8434 Oct. 78 Sept. 105 June 914 Oct. 9214 Jan. 97 Oct. 28 Oct.	8234 June 82 Apr. 78 Jan. 8634 June 56 May 10138 Apr. 108 Jan.	Consol, extend., 5s, 1922 8t. Jo. & Gd. Isl., -1at, 6s, 1925 2d, income, 5s, 1925 8t. L. Alt, & T. H1st, 7s, 1894 2d, M., inc, 7s, 1894 Dividend bda, 6s, 1894 8t. L. Ark, & Tex1st, 6s, 1936 2d, 6s, 1936 8t. L. & Ir. Mt1st, 7s, 1892	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93 Oct. 10446Mar. 92 Oct. 1085 Apr. 65 July 75 Apr. 113 Aug. 116 June 107 Sept. 1123 June 103 Nov. 108 Jan. 33 Oct. 48 June 954 Sept. 10236 Apr 35 Sept. 554 Jan. 107 Sept. 115 Jan. 109 May 1144 Mar. 894 Oct. 99 Jan.
Oold, 68, 1923. Henderson Br.Co1st, 68, 1931 Henderson Br.Co1st, 68, 1931 H. & Tex. C1st M. L. 7a 1st, West. D., 7a, 1891 1et, Waco & N. 78, 1903 2d, consol. M. L. 8a, 1912. Gen. mort. 6a, 1921 Ind.Bl. & W1st, pref., 7s, 1900 1st, 5-6s, 1909 2d, conpon. 6a, 1921 Ind.Bl. & W1st, pref., 7s, 1900 1st, 5-6s, 1909 Eastern Division-6s, 1921 Int. & Gt. Nor1st, 6s, gold, '19 Conpon, 6s, 1909 Keut. Centr0oid 4s, 1987 Knoxv. & O1at, 6s, gold, 1925 LakesbCon.coup., 1st, 7a, 1900 Cong Island-1at, 7a, 1898 Ist, consol., 5s, 1931 Low, AnahConsol., 7a, 1898 W. Consol., 7a, 1803	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	97 Oct. 106 ¹ 2 Mar. 112 Sept. 108 Mar. 113 Feb. 94 Feb. 55 Oct. 119 ¹ 2 Jan. 86 Aug. 70 Sept. 88 Sept. 88 Sept. 19 ¹ 2 Oct. 110 Nov. 77 ¹ 2 Nov. 64 Jan.	106% June 110 Feb. 119% May 119% May 119% May 112 May 79% May 99 May 89% June 98% June 98 Feb. 78 July 100 Jan. 129 June 126% May 129 June 129 June 129 June 129 June	 Shenandoah Val 1st, 7s, 1909 Gcu'i mort., 6s, 1921. So. Carolina-1st, 6s, 1620	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1st, consol., 5s, 1931 Lou. & NashConeol., 7s, 1898 N. O. & Mobile-Pst, 6s, 1930. 2d, 6s, 1930. E. H. & Ntet, 6s, 1919. General, 6s, 1930. Trust Bonds, 6s, 1922. 10-40, 6s, 1924. Lon. N. A. & Ch1st, 6s, 1910. Consol., gold, 6s, 1916. Mem. & Ch'lston-6s, gold, 1924 Metro. Elevated1st, 6s, 1908. 2d, 6s, 1899. Mexican ContNew ass. 4s Incomes, 3s, 1911. Mich. Central-1st, cons., 6s, 1920 Miss'ri Pac1st, cons., 6s, 1920 Jd, 7s, 1906. Pac. of Mo1st, 6s, 1838 2d metr, 7s, 1891.	$\begin{array}{c} 109 40, \ 110 \\ 96 \ b, \ 96 \ b, \ 96 \ b, \ 96 \ b, \ 114 \ b, \ 114 \ 120 \ b, \ 103 \ b, \ 103 \ b, \ 103 \ b, \ 102 \ b$	105 Jan. 107 Jan. 107 Jan. 104 Jan. 98 Jan. 109 Jan. 90 Sept. 100 Sept. 106 Sept. 13 Sept. 106 Sept. 13 Sept. 107 Jan. 108 Jan. 109 Jan. 100 Sept. 113 Sept. 113 Sept. 124 Jan. 104 Jan. 105 Jan. 106 Jan. 106 Jan. 107 Jan. 108 Jan. 108 Jan. 108 Jan. 108 Jan. 108 Jan. 108 Jan. 109 Jan. 109 Jan. 109 Jan. 109 Jan. 100 Sept. 100 Jan. 100 Jan.	115 Feb. 112145 Feb. 11314 June 9942 May 11758 May 11758 May 100 May 103 Apr. 11512 May 99 June 107 May 113 Apr. 113 Apr. 113 Apr. 119 Apr. 126 Apr. 126 Apr. 126 Apr.	Land grant, 78, 1837-9. Binking fund, 88, 1393. Kan. Paolife-1st, 68, 1895 1at, 68, 1896. Denver Div68, 1899 1at censol, 68, 1919 Orogon Sh. Line -1st, 68, '22. Virginia Mid1no. 68, 1927 Gen'i mort., 58, 1936. Wab. St.L. & Pac Gen., 68, '20 Chicago Divison-58, 1910 Wab.ab-Mortgage, 78, 1909. Tol. & Wab1st, ext., 78, '90 1st, St. L. Div. 78, 1893 Con., conv., 78, 1907 Great West1st, 78, 1885 2d, 78, 1893 Con., cok., 78, 1893 Con., conv., 78, 1907 Bt.L.K.C. & NR.c. 78, '95. West Shore-Guar., 48.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	102 Jøn. 103^{1}_{2} May 110 Sept. 120 Føb. 103 $^{1}_{2}$ Sept. 115 May 103 $^{1}_{2}$ Sept. 115 May 113 Nov. 1174 Apr. 99 Nov. 1174 Apr. 95 Oct. 107 $^{1}_{2}$ Jan. 95 Oct. 107 $^{1}_{2}$ Jan. 95 Apr. 99 Jan. 75 Oct. 90 Apr. 49 Jan. 60 $^{1}_{4}$ May 80 Feb. 104 $^{1}_{4}$ May 82 Apg. 97 May 110 $^{1}_{4}$ Jan. 1174 May 106 Jan. 116 May 96 Nov. 108 May 80 Oct. 99 May

STATE BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bld.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bld.	Aak.	SECURITIES.	Bld.	Ask.
A abama-Class A 3 to 5 1906			Mlasour1-6adue 1889 or 1890	104		Rhode Island-6s, cou. 1893-1894	115	
Class B, 5e	100	105	Funding	110		South Carolina—6s, non-fund. 1888 Brown consolidated 681893	10612	
6s, 10.20	10	107		118		Tennessee-6s, old1892-1805 Compromise, 3-4-5-6s1912	69	62 75
7s, Little Rock & Fort Smith, iss. 7s, Memphis & Little Rock, iss.		24	North Carolina-6e, oldJ&J Funding act1900			New settlement-681913 58		
78, Arkansas Central RR		15	New bonds, J. & J 1892-1898	15			7142	724
L ulslana-7a, cona1914 Stamped, 4s.	100	53	Special tax, Clase 1	10	12	6s, consolidated bonds 6e, consolidated, 2d series	90	
Michigan-78	105					68, deferred, trust rec		1112

667

668

THE CHRONICLE.

[VOL. XLV.

BONDS-STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS ON FRIDAY OF INACTIVE RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
SECURITIES. Railroad Bonds.			Det. Bay C. & Alp1st, 61913	108	110	Panama-Sink. fd., sub., 6s1910		74
(Stock Exchange Prices.)			E. Tenn. Va. & Ga1st, 781900 Divisional 5s	111	122	Peoria Deo. & Ev2d, 581927 Peoria & Pek U'n-1st, 681921 2d M., 4 ¹ 281921	110 70	
Sinking fund, 6s	80		E. & W. of Alabama- 1st, cons. gold, 68			Pacific RR Central Pacific- Gold bonds, 6s	1	
Balt. & Onio-1st 68, Park B 1919 58, gold	10512	106	Erie-1st. extended, 78	110		H Gold bonds 6s 1896	110-21	
56, gold		98 106	2d, extended, 58	$ \begin{array}{c} 111 \\ 105 \end{array} $	117	Gold bonds, 68	$^{*1011_{2}}_{1021_{2}}$	
2d, 3-58. Bnrl. Ce. Rap. & No1st, 58.1906	00-9	83 108	4th, extended, 58	10378		Mort. bond, 6s	1124	
Consol & col Tr. Da		9712	1st, cons., fd. coup., 7s 1920 Reorg., 1st lien, 6s 1908 B. N. Y. & EIst, 78 1916 N. Y. L. E. & WCol. tr., 6s1922 Buff. & S. WMortg. 6s 1908 Evan, & T. H1st, cons., 6s.1921 Mt. Vernon-1st, 6s 1923 Evans, & Indian1st, cons 1926 Evreka Springs R'y, 1st, 6s, g 1933 Fl't & P. MarqMortg., 6s 1920 Grand Rap. & IndGen. 5s. 1920	102	107	No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s.1907 Union Pao.—1st, 6s	1154	
Registered	*105	11312	N. Y. L. E. & WCol. tr., 6s1922 Buff & S. WMortg, 6s	103	10412	1st, 6s. 1897 1st, 6s. 1898 Col. Trust, 6s. 1908 Col. Trust, 6s. 1908	1161_{2} *1051_{2}	117
Ced. Rap. L. F. & N., 1st 58.1920 1st 58		9712	Evan. & T. H1st, cons., 68.1921 Mt. Vernon-1st, 681923	117 *101	123	Col. Trust, 5s	* 95 *10412	
Trust certificates			Evans. & Indian.—1st, eons1926 Eureka Springs R'y, 1st, 6s, g 1933	1034		Ateh. Col. & Pac.—1st, 6s.1905 Ateh. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s.1905	1034 94	10212
Cen. l'wa-East'n Div.,1st,6s 1912			Grand Rep. & IndGen. 581920	99	119 101	Ut. 8c.—Gen., 7s	9012	
Illinois Division-1st 681912		•••••	Registered. Han. & St. Jos.—Cons., 6s1911 Hous. E. & W. Tex.—1st, 7s1898	*117 ¹ 2 62		Verd's V. Ind. & W., 1st, 5s.1926 Ler. & C'y Val.A. L., 1st, 5s.1926		953
Collateral gold, 5s	75	98			95	St. Louis & San Francisco-		
Chiesgo & Alton-1st. 78 1893	$\begin{array}{c} 114 \\ 123 \end{array}$	125	Introductor Springf, DivCoup6s, 1895 Springf, DivCoup6s, 1898 Middle DivReg., 5s Middle DivReg., 5s	*111	11612	Equipment, 75	109 *	105 10819
Sinking fund, 6s	119 ¹ 9 117	120	C. St. L. & N. OTen. I., 78.1897 1st, eonsol., 78	$ 114 \\ 114 \\ *120 $		Ft. 8. & V. B. Bg.—1st, 68.1910 8t. L. K.& So.Wn.—1st, 68.1916		100-9
St. L. Jacks. & Chie 1st, 7s. 1894 1st, guar. (564), 7s1894 2d mortg. (360), 7s1898	1131_4 *113 114		2d, 6s. Gold, 5s, coupon	*117	117 117	Tex. & Pae.—1st, 6s 1905 1st, 6s, ox coupon Consol., 6s, trust receipts.1905	100 97	
2d, guar. (188), 7s	114	•••••	Dub. & S. C2d Div., 781894 Ced. Falls & Minn1st, 78.1907	*	115 95	Pennsvivania RR.—		
Chio. Burling. & Quinoy- Consolidated, 78 1903	1	13112	Indianap. D. & Spr 1st, 7s, ex. fund. coupon1906	*	103	Pa. Čo.'s guar. 4 ¹ 98, 1st ep. 1921 Pa. Co.'s 4 ¹ 28, reg	*105	•••••
5s, sinking fund			Lake Erie & W'n-1st, g., 5s., 1937	10212	103	Pitts. C. & St. L. – 16t, op., 78, 1900 2d, 78,	$ \begin{array}{c} 141^{1} \\ 133^{1} \\ 2 \end{array} $	1393
Sinking fund, 4s			Cleve, P. & A78	1184	121	3d, 78	$*132 \\ 127$	
Chio, Burl, & No Deb. 681896			Kal. & W. Pigeon-1st, 751890 Det. M. & T1st, 751906 Lake Shore-Div. bonds, 7s.1899	12012 11812	121	4th, sink. id., 6s	1071 ₄	109 120
Chi. R. Isl. & Pac6s, eoup1917 Registered Ext. & Col., 5s	131 108	1321g 10834	Consol., reg., 1st, 7s 1900 Consol., reg., 2d, 7s 1903 Mabon'g. Coal RR1st, 5s.1934	*124 ¹ 2 123 ¹ 2		8t. L. V. & T. H1st, g., 7s. 1897 2d, 7s. 1898 2d, guar., 7s. 1898 Pine Creek Rallway-6s of 1932	105	******
Registered Des Momes & Fort D1st,4s.1905	861	8712	Long Island RR			Pills. Cleve. & Tol181, 681922	101-0	•••••
Registered Des Momes & Fort D. —1st,4s.1905 1st, 2 ¹ 2s		60	N. Y. & M. Beach-1st, 7s. 1897 N. Y. B. & M. B1st, g., 5s. 1935	******	110	Pitts. Junetlon-1st, 681922 Pitts. MeK. & Y1st, 681932		90
Unichko mitwankee & St. Fam-	1	109	Lonisville & Nashville– Cecilian Branch–7s1907 Parsacola Div –6s 1920	105 103	106	Rich. & Danv.—Deb. ex cp.6s.1927 Consol. mort., gold, 5s1937 Atl. & Char.—1st, pr., 7s1897	*117	
1st, 8s, P. D. 1898 2d, 7 3-10s, P. D. 1898 1st, 7s, \$g., R. D. 1902	*118	120 129	Pensacola Div6s1920 8t. Louis Div1st, 6s1921 2d, 3s	108		Rich, & W. Pt. Ter'l. Trust 6s., 1897.	8712	8834
1st, 7s, \$ g., R. D	118	1173	8. & N. Ala8. f., 6s	118		8an Ant.& Arans 1st.6s. 85-1916	*	92 92
1st, C. & M., 7s	1254 125	128 126-2	Louisv. C. & L6s	100	102	1st, 6s, 1886	50	
1st, 8. W. Div., 68	113 120	$105 \\ 1221_2$	Lop. N. O. & Tex.—1st, 48 1921	94		Arkansas Branch-1st. 7s., 1895		1124
1st, H. & D., 7s	95 119	99 120	2d mort., 5s	******		Cairo & Falton-1st, 781891 Cairo Ark. & T1st, 781897 St. L. Alton & Ter. Haute-	110	
Mineral Peint Div., 58		$ \begin{array}{c} 99 \\ 102 \\ 1_2 \end{array} $				Bellev. & So. Ill.—1st, 8s1896 Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s1923		120 111 4
Fargo & South., 6s, Assu 1921		•••••	Coupon, 58			Dakota Exten68	116	117
Ino. conv. sink. fnnd 5s1916 Dakota & Gt. South., 5s1916 O desgo & Northwestern—	R	101	Jack. Lan. & Sag6s 1891 Milwauk. & North1st, 6s1910 Extension 6s	109		St. Paul & Duluth-1st, 581931	110	
Extension bonds-4s1926 Ext. registered.	* 924	931 ₂	Extension, 6s	1063		Sodus Bay & So.—1st, 5s, g1924 Tex. Central—1st, s. f., 7s1909 1st mortg. 7s1911	*	80
Lescanaba & L. 8.—1st, 6s1901 Des M. & Minn.—1st, 7s1907			Asbland Div.—1st, 6s1925 Minn.&St.L.—I'a Ex.—1st.7s 1909	*	112	Tex. & N. O.—1st, 7s1905 Sabine Division, 1st, 6s1912	100	117
lowa Midland-1st, 8s1900 Peninsula-1st, conv., 7s1898	$^{*125}_{120}$		2d mortg., 78		100	Valley R'y Co. of OCon. 68.1921 Wab.St.L & Pac Hav. Div68.'10	99%	
Chio, & Milwaukee-1st, 7s.1898 Win, & St. P2d, 7s1907 Mil, & Mad1st, 6s1905	127	130	Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s1921 Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg. 5s1936		102	Indianapolis Div6s1921 Detroit Div6s1921	1074	10814
Ott. C. F. & St. P1st, 58. 1909 Northern Ill1st, 5		10812	Minn. & N. W1st, 5s, gold1934 Minn. S.Ste.M.&Atl1st,5s1926 Mo. K. & TCons.,2d, inc1911	98	102	Cairo Dlv5s1931 Tol. & WabEquip. bds., 7s1883 Quin. & Tol1si, 7s1890	106	
lst, 78, 8, fd	1117		H. & Cent. Mo1st, 781890 Mobile & Ohio-Col. tr., 681892	102	106	Han. & Naples-1st, 7s1903 Ill. & So. Iowa-1st, ex. 6s. 1912		
Consol. 7s	*1161		8t. L. & Cairo-4s, guar 1931 Morgan's La. & T -1st. 6s 1920	1061		8t. L. K. C. & N Ciarinda Br681919		
Ohie. 8t. Paul M. & O Chie. 8. P. & Minn1st, 6s.1918 No. Wisconsin-1st, 6s1930	d i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	125	187, 78	106	10712	St.Charles Br'ge-1st,68.1908 No. Missouri-1st, 7s1895 Wab. St. L. & PacIowa Div., 6s.	10J 1133	116
Chie, & E. III - lat a f our 1007	1117	113		102 ¹ ₂ 103		West. Union Tel.—Coup. 7s1900		$1194 \\ 1184$
Consol., 1st, 6s			N. Y. & New Epg. $-1st. 7s$ 1905			N. W. Telegraph-78		101
Chie. & St. Louis-1st, 6s1915 Cin. I.St. L. & Chie1st, g., 4s. 1936 Registered			N. Y. Chio, & St. Louis-481937	8658	8634	Tenn. C. I.& KYConsol., 08.1901		90
Registered. Cin. Jack. & Mac. – 1st, g., 581936 Col. & Greeu. – 1st, 68	-	97 104	Registered N.Y. Susq.&West2d, 4 ¹ 281937 N.Y. N. H. & H1st, reg. 4s.1903	*	79	South Pitts1st, 6s1902 Bir. Div1st eon. 6s1917		100 84
Col & Cin, Midland-1st 6s 1014			Northern Paelfie – Dividend sorin	* *100		Col. & Hoek. Cosl & 1.—6s, g 1917 Income Bonds. (Interest payable if earned.)		
Del. Lack. & West Conv. 7s. 1892 Mortgage, 7s	1111.	134	Dividend extended		100 1013	Atl. & PacCen. Div 1922 Cent. Iowa-Coup. debt certf's Eliz. City & Nor2d inc 1970		25
Morris & Essex-1st, 7s1914 2d, 7s	1291_{2} 139	13112	8pok. & Pal1st, s. fd., 6s.1936 St. Paul & N. PGen., 6s.1923 Registered.			Ind'ap. Dee. & Spr2d mo 1906		
2d, 78. 1891 2d, 78. 1891 Bonds, 78. 1900 78 of 1871 1901 1st, con., guar., 78. 1915 Del & Hud. Canal-1at 77. 1905	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Registered. Helena & Red M'n-1st, g., 6s. 1937 Dul. & Manitoba-1st, g., 6s. 1936 Heil B Val & Butte of the 1027	$103 \\ 1031 \\ 1011 \\ 1$		Trust receipts	25	38 100
			Drummond & P'bg -1st, 58 1937 N. O. & No. EPr. 1, g. 64, 1915			Milw. Lake Sh. & WIncome Mobile & Ohio-2d pref. deben 3d pref. debentures	* 23 15 ¹ 4	28
		108 115 ¹ 2	Norf. & WGen., 6s 1931		105 114	4th pref. debentures. N. Y. L. E. & WestInc., 6s1977	12 * 50	
Coupon, 78,	113 135	1151_{2} 138	New River-1st, 6s			Ghio CentMin. DivIuc. 7s. 1921 Ogdens. & L. ChamIncome.1920		
Albany & Susque1st, 7s1886	1034		Adjustment M., 78	102	104	Shenandoab Valley—Inc. 6s. 1923 Free List. Cumberland & Penn.—Ist, 6s. 1891		
1st. cons., guar 6s 1000	116	117	Onio & MissCons., s. f., 7s. 1898 General 5s	* 8712	118	Cumberland & Penn. – Ist, 68,1891 2d, 68 Eric & Pitts, R'way—Cons.78,1898 Galy'n, H, & 11, of 32, 181,58,1913	*112	
Reza & Sar 1st coup 7a 1097	117		Min. Div1si, 6s			N. J. Southern-Int. guar., 08 109.7	*	77 99
Det. Mack. & Mar 1st. 68 1921	*140		Min. Div181, 68		7512	Roch. & Pittsb1 acome1921 Warren Rattroad -2d, 781900	67	
* No pric : Friday ; these are	e latest	quota	tio 18 made in 18 W.ek.					

New York City Banks.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending November 12, 1887:

			At	erage Amou	nt of -	
Banks.			1	1	1 stat Damade	1
20111101		ns and counts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	other than U.S.	Circula- tion.
		-				
New York	10,0	340.000 390,000	2.030.00	00,008 00	0 10,210,000	45,000
Manhattan Co Merchants'	9.1	390,000	2,190,00	0 271,00 0 051,50 0 595,00 0 443,10		45,000
Mechanice'	5.	JF8.000	1.048,00	595,00	8,535,000	
America Phenix	11,	130,100	2,190,00 1,042,50 1,048,00 2,257,70 657,00 4,998,00 397,10	0 114.00	0 3.012.000	285,000
City	9.	180,600	4,998.00			90,000
Fulton	1.	73,900	307,10 837,20 7.212,50 658,20	0 199,60 0 59,60 0 445,70 0 298,50	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 10.240.000\\ 0 & 6.63,700\\ 0 & 6.63,700\\ 0 & 6.535,000\\ 0 & 10.563,400\\ 0 & 10.563,400\\ 0 & 12.538,80\\ 0 & 1.24,700\\ 0 & 1.324,700\\ 0 & 20.389,600\\ 0 & 20.389,600\\ 0 & 3.597,200\\ 0 & 4.345,800\\ 0 & 1.755,300\\ 0 & 1.755,300\\ 0 & 2.258,504\\ 0 & 1.11,600\\ 0 & 2.558,504\\ 0 & 1.99,100\\ 0 & 2.589,500\\ 0 & 1.99,100\\ 0 & 0 & 1.99,100\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & $	
Chemical Merohauts' F	xch. 3.	121,200	658.20	0 298,50	0 20.899,000	89,600
	onal. 5.	74.700	949,00	410.80	4,945,300	528,000
Butchers' & I Mechanics' &	Tra. 1,8	60,000	101.00	0 95.80 0 347.00 0 135,40	2,203,000	262,400
	10 TA. 8.3	43,900	378.20	0 275.60	1.111,000 2.539.500	2,600 532,100
Leather Mann Seventh Ward State of N. Y.	1 1,1	70,800	658,20 949,90 381,50 101,00 978,20 352,70 575,80 1,814,00 2,928,00 1,393,60	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,191,900	43,400
Americ'n Exc Commerce	h'ge. 15.8	30.000	1,814,00	0 948.00	12,794.000	
Broadway	15,7	46,000	2.928,00	0 1,012.70 251.80	10,709,700 5,906,700	\$98,600 45,000 899,600
Mercautile	7.3	68,200	1,285,10	467.50	6,999,600	899,600
Pacific	7.5	19,800	1,783,40	436,50	3,180,900	42,200 43,000
Chatham	1.8	85,500	678.50	0 234,40 0 436,50 0 319,20 0 115,70	4,505,700 2,590,900	43,000
Chatham Peoples' North Americ	2.	122,900)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,0000)>3,00000)>3,00000)>3,00000)>3,00000)>3,000000)>3,000000)>3,000000)>3,0000000)>3,000000000000000000000000000000000000	423,20	0 276,60		
	2,7	16.000	557.80	0 595,50 0 183,10 0 218,00 0 377,90 0 113,50	2,791,000	45,000 40,700 45,000
Irving Citizens' Naesau	2.4	77.500	693.00		3,253,700	45,000
DINTKOL	8,1	97.500	818,40	0 113,50	8,126,800	437,500
St. Nicholas Shoe & Leath	er 2,5	97,500 75,000 84,000	$\begin{array}{c} 2,928,00\\ 1,393,40\\ 1,285,10\\ 682,30\\ 423,20\\ 423,20\\ 415,30\\ 423,20\\ 8,047,80\\ 693,00\\ 247,70\\ 818,40\\ 377,00\\ 818,40\\ 377,00\\ 7140,20\\ 746,20\\ 296,40\end{array}$	0 70.80 0 281.00 0 280.00 0 581.20 0 296.30	3,126,800 1,962,000 3,353,000 5,096,100	447,000
Shoe & Leath Corn Exchang Continental	5.8	91,100 08,200 03,000	645,80	0 280,00	5,096,100	46,000
Oriental. Importers' & 7	1.9	03.000	296,00 4,203,20 5,000.50	0 296.30	1.980,100	
Importers' & 7 Park	Frad. 18,6	72,100	4,203,20	0 1,305,70 0 822,20	20,474,200	982,900 38,500
Park. North River		98,800	101.10 156.50		2,000,300	101.000
East River	16,3	99,800 53,900 00.000	3,850,80	0 110,50 0 1,072,40 0 999,00	17.330.000	81,000 180,000
Fourth Nation Central Nation Second Nation Ninth National First National	nal 7,7	00.000 10,000 52,000 10,400 46,900 65,900 17,500 86,700 15,600 71,000 96,300	9,850,80 1,298,00 684,00	0 999,000) 1.580,100) 20,474,200) 20,474,200) 2,000,300 () 1,010,700) 17,336,000 8,168,000 0 6,131,800) 17,755,800 0 4,606,100 1,002,200	45,000
Ninth Nation	al 6,1	10,400	981.40 3,806,50	0 871,00 0 282,50 0 1,086,40	5.131,800	40,000 45,000 447,200
WHILE A MALIOUS	20,2 1 4.5	46,900	3,805,50 999,10	0 1,066,40	4,606,100	447,200
N.Y. Nat ETA	ch 1.3	17.500	3,805,50 999,10 130,70 477,20 427,40 403,60 1,431,70 769,50 188,60 170,40	0 135,40) 4,606,100 1,002,200 2,547,400 2,725,300 2,295,600 6,281,600 3,504,900 3,038,000	200,900
Bowery N. Y. County German-Amer	2,1	88.700	427.40	0 261.40	2,725,300	225,000 180,000
CHOSO MAUNIN	10.0. 2,0	15,600	403,60	0 89,60	2,235,600 6,231,500	67,500
Fifth Avenue. German Exch	3,4	$\begin{array}{c} 71,000\\ 96,300\\ 14,700\\ 18,900\\ 60,900\\ 43,200\\ 93,700\\ 25,700\\ 72,000\\ 72,000\\ 12,600\\ 38,500\\ 68,700\\ 31,600 \end{array}$	769,50	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 301,80 \\ 0 \\ 128,50 \\ 0 \\ 550,00 \\ 0 \\ 289,40 \\ 0 \\ 41,50 \\ 0 \\ 124,70 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 124,70 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\$	3,504.900	
Hermania	1go. 2,5	18,900	188,00 170,40 1,147,10 729,20 399,30 298,30 767,50 250,50 338,80 431,00	0 289,40) 3,504,900 3,038,600) 2,793,500) 3,472,000) 3,148,800) 2,179,300) 4,217,700) 2,007,400) 2,075,400) 5,197,700	
United States. Lincoln.	3,2	60,900 43,200	1,147.10	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9.472.000 3.148.800	45,000 44,300 45,000
Garned.	1,8	93,700	399,30	0 193,90	2,179,300	45,000
Fifth National B'k of the Met	rop. 8,4	79,000	767,60	0 162,300 0 255,600 0 910,500	4.217.700	129,400
West Side	1,7	42,600	250.50	0 310,500	2,007,400	42 600
Sixth Nations	1 1.8	68,700			2.075.400	42,600
Western Natio	onal. 7,0	31,600	010,00	0 778,700	5,197,700	27,300
Total	351,9	37,300	74,801,70	0 12,852,900	356,268,800	8,036,300
Boston Ba	nks.—F	ollow	ingaret	he totals o	of the Bost	on banks
1887. Losn	18. Spe	cle. I	. T'udere.	Deposits."	Circula'n.	Agg.Cl'nge
		<u>s</u>	\$	\$		
Oct.29 193,163 No. 6 138,815	8,500 8,81 5,500 8,73	2,600	3,099,600 2,938,000	\$ 104,727,40 100,443,20	8,411,500	83.700.976 99.925.692
No. 5 139,915 "12 138,017	1,0001 8,80	1,0001	3,309,900	105,125,00	1 0,204,200	
Philadel	phia Ba	nks.—	The tot	als have t	een as folle)W8:
1887.	Loane.	Lawf	al Mou'y	Deposits.*	Circula'n	Agg.Cl'ngs
Oct. 29	\$ 87,054,300	925	\$ 700	58 047 900	2 911 250	\$4 799 07
Nov. 5	66,998,800	23,6	62,700 74,200 36,000	\$6,087,900	2,811,250	69,057,361
	37,185,900			\$5,655,700	2.308 230	\$ 58,729.072 69,057,361 60,344.36 6
"Including th	ne ite a "d	ue to o	Der bank	(AU 1		
Qnotatio	ns ia B	ostou	, Phila	delphla	and Balt	more.
					cks and b	
complete li		ven i	a the C	HRONICLE	the first	Saturday
of each mor	nth.					

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES. Bid. Ask.
HOSTON. RALLROAD STOCKS. Atchnson & TOPEX Boston & Maine Boston & Lowell. Boston & Pravidence California Southern. Ceatral of Massachuselte Preferred. Chic Burl. & North'n Cleveland & Cantou Preferred. Eastern Preferred. Fitchborg, pref. Fitchborg, pref.	159 *216 '9 *245 49 21 40'4 65'9 7'4 118'5 *33'9 26'9 99	484 41 66 120 130	K. C. Furt Soutt & G78 93 K. Chy spid & Mem586 93 K. Oity spid & Mem686 110 ¹ / ₅ K. Oity spid & Mem686 110 ¹ / ₅ K. Oity spid & Mem686 110 ¹ / ₅ Lotle R. & Ft. S76 107 Lorley, E.V. & St. L 16t, 69 102 2d mort, 2-63 2 Mar, H. & Ont1908, 66, 90 Maxican Central-48 63 68 * 53 N Y. & N. Eng16t, 76 112 1et mort, 68 104 105 Southern Kanaae-55 90 90 Texas Division-5s 90 90
Kan. City Ft. S. & Gulf Preferred. K. C. Memph. & Birm Kan. C. Springf. & Mem. Mexican Central.	78 § 40 78		Viscou. Cent lat eer.5e 2d eerles, lina, 7a
N.Y. & N. Eng., p.86 Northern Old Colony Wisconsin Central Preferred BONDS.	117 ¢144	119 180	Biff, N.Y. & Phil., see.pd. 1076 11 Preferred.
Atoh. & Topeka-lat.7a. Coll Trus', 5e. Plain, 5s. Mortgage, 56. Trust, ce. Kast'ra, Maseda, new.	11914 91 § 95	8912 105 %	Phila, & Reading 35 '9 35 '8 Wast Jørsey 53 '8 60 KALLKOAD BONDS, 63 '8 60 Alegh, Val7 3.108, '90 110 7e, E, øst., 1910 110

*Ex- uvidend. † Per share. ? Las. price this week.

1	SECURITIES.	Bid	Ask.	6	ROUI	RITIES.	Bid.	Aak
	Balt. & O. E. Side-Certa.' Coi. & C. MInt. 6a. 1914 I.ch. V1st. 6a. (& R., '98) 2d. 7m rog. 1910	,100		Phila.	& Hes	d'g (Coul'd) -		-
	Leh. V 1at, 6a, U.& R., '95 2d, 7a, reg., 1910. Cons. 6a, O.& R., 1923.	120 5		Con	a. 5s, 2 enture	st mer., c., 1922 d ser., c., 1933 cenp., 1803.	74=4	754
	Cons. 6a, C.& R., 1923 PonnaGen., 6a, cp., 1010	181		Dote	erred is	acomes, sp	23	25
	Cons., 6s, coup., 1905 Cons., 5s, reg., 1919	1133	*****	H	ALT	MORE.		
	Perkiomen-1at, 6e.op.'87 Phil & R -1at, 8a 1910	100	*****	Baltin	LROA nare d	D BTOCKS.	116	118
1	2d, 7s, coup.& rog., 1893 Cans., 7s, conp., 1911	1104		2d p	ref	D BONDS	120 110	120
I	Caus., 6e, g., 1.R.O.1911 Imp., 6s, g., coap., 1807	115 103		Baltin Cin. V	nore de Vaah. d	blo-4s	984	100 99% 77%
ł	Gen., 9e, g., coup., 1908 Gen., 7e, coup., 1908	1084	1094	2ds, 3ds,	5a 3-4a .	************	764	
I	Cons. 64, C.& R., 1923. Ponus. – Oen., 6s.op., 1010 Cons., 6s. outp., 1065 Cons., 5s, reg., 1919 4 bs. Trab Loan Perkiomen-1st, 6s.op. 87 Phil. & R. – 1st, 6s, 1910 2d, 7s, coup., 4 rog., 1893. Cans., 6s, g., 1.R.C.1911 Imp., 6s, g., coup., 1891 Tacas., 6s, g., 0.1951 1000, 1808 1000, 1808 1000, 1808 * Ex-dividend. + Pere	bare.	d Last) let	lnc., 5 this w	e, 1931	19	1
ł			k Loc					
I			ak Ste	ock Li	mt,			
I	BANKS. Bid. Ask.		NKS.			BANKS.		Ask
	America	Garfie	in	200		V.Y. County V.Y. Nat.Ex Vinth	200	128
	Satcha'& Dr 161	Q erm	ania.	200	*****			
	Ohase	In.&	ver Trad's	175 325	330	Vorth Riv'r. Friental Pacific.	185	
	Ohemical	Irving Leath	er Mia	143 190	200	Paoplate	175	168
	Oitizens' 137 Oity 300 Commerce 166 Jant Brack 120 Ulty 124	Manh	attau	109	175	Pnealx. Sepublic St. Nicholae. 7th Ward Shoed Leath Stateof N Y	115	141
	Uorn Exch 190 200	d'che	'&Tre	145	155	7th Ward	115	128
	America. 174 176 Am. Exch. 1384 142 Broadway. 260 entral. 129 134 Ohase. 205 Ohatham 215 Ohatham 215 O	deret d'roh	te'Ex.	1413	144		145	150 120
1	Firet 1600	detro Vases	polit'n	16	20	Cradeemen's	104	105
1	Falton	NOW '	rork	teck	Lint.	I Inited Stea	210	
I	[Quotat]			P. C. LINE		ine St.]		
	COMPAN'S. Bid. Ask.	соли	AN'S.	Bid.	Ask.			Ask
	Americau 150 165 Amer. Exch. 75 90 Bowery 150 165 Broadway 163 185 Broadway 163 185	Green	wich	190 50	220 70	National N. Y. Equit. N. Y. Fire Niagara North River Pacific Park Pet'r Cooper People's	90 150	105 100
	Bowery 150 165 Broadway 165 185	Hano	liau lton	112	130	N. Y. Pire Niagara	80 150	95 165
					138 65 120	Pacific	160	98 180
ł	City	Kinge	rd son Co erb'k r	190	120 210 91	Pet'r Cooper	160	80 170 100
	Continental. 210 230 Eagle				100 85	People's Phenix Rutger's	93 130	100 137
	Empire City 90 100 Exchange 95 110	Manu Mechi	ette f'o. & B anice' antile	115	125 80	People's Phenix Rutger's Standard Sterling	103 70	110 80
	Continental. 210 250 Eagle	Merch	antile	66 70	70 95	Sterling Stuyvesant. United St'es Westchester	110	125 160
		Manta	a	140	80 145	Westchester Williamsb'g.	135 250	150 280
1	Gas and Cl	LY R	atiros	id Sta	ocka :	and Bonda.		
	[was Quatstians by GEO			188 & C	70., BI	rokere, 49 Wa		
	GAS COMPANIES.		Ask.			MPANIES.		
1	arookiyn Oas-Light Oitizens' Gas-Light Bonda, 5a	1 50	103 55 103	Willis	msbu	(lyn.) g	1110	62 111
	Consolidated Gas	784	77	Matro	de, 6s. politar	n (Bklya.) Bonds, 7s icipal	108 75 105	80
-	Metropolitan-Bonds Matnai (N. Y.) Bonds, 66 Nassau (Bklyn.) Sorip.	114	93 102	Falto	n Mun da. 60.	icipal	129	110 131 109
1	Bonds, 6s N 4868u (Bklyn.)	100 95	97	Equit	able ds, 6a.		115	120 118
1			93					1
	(City RR, Quotations Siracerst. & Fuit, FStk. 1st mort, 7s, 1900 Srdway & 7th AvStk 1et mort, 5s, 1904 2d mort, 5s, 1904 2d mort, 5s, 1904 Srocklyn City-Stock 1st mort, 5s, 1902 Sklyn. Croestown-Stock. 1st mort, 7s, 1868 Netwyk Av. (Bkin)-Stk. 1st mort, 6s, 1922 Oent. Pk. N.& E. Riv-Stk Consol, 7s, 1902 Shortyph r.& 10th StStk. Bonds, 7s, 1803 Dy Dk. E.B.& Bat'v-Stk 1st mort., 7s, 1803	1 26	1. L. C					107
	lst mort., 7s, 1900 sr'dway & 7th AvSt'k	112	114 175	Ei sht	h Av p, 6e, 1	E B 40rip, 6e - 4100k 914 8L Fry-Stk 7e, 893 . & St. N Ave 66, 1910 acome, 6e & P. F'y - Stk 7e, 1894 	155	160 110
	2d mort., 59, 1904 2d mort., 59, 1914	102	104 103 ¹ 2 90	1at 1 42d St	Manh	76, 893	112	210 117 41
	Bonds guar., 5s. 1905 Brooklyn City-Stock	118	00	1st 1 2d m	mort., i	6e, 1910 acome, Ge	108 56	1094
-	lst mart., 5s, 1902 Sklyn. Crosetown—Stock.	106	110 160	fouet let 1	W.St.	&P.F'v-Stk. 76, 1894	155	112
1	let mort., 7e, 1888 Bushw'k Av. (Bkin)-St'k	102	105	Sinth	Ave	-Stook	107	111 125 107
I	let mort., 6s, 1922	116	$\begin{array}{c}160\\120\\81\end{array}$	Cons Si cth	Av	1888	170	107 100 180
1	Cousol., 76, 1902	120 125	121 130	1 st	nort.,	7a, 1890	110	115 230
1	Bonds, 7s, 1898 Ory Dk. E.B.& Bat'v-Stk	111	113 152	Hone Tw u	la, 7e,	1890	103	106
1	let mort., 7e, 1893	110	1124	16t	nort., 1	18, 1893	(112	114
	Unified Scentiti	es,—	Quota	tions	trom	both Exch	ange	
	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Aak.			RITIES.	1	Ask. 29
1	Am. Bank Note Co Atlan, & CharStock	1171	120	Mexic	an Na	natruci'n Co. Lionai tr. rec.	63	
	Atlan, & Char.—Stock Atlan, & Char. Air L., 1st, 7e At. & Char. Air L., 1st, 7e At. & Paolet M. C. D. o.d 8s Bust, H. T. & West.—Stk. Debentures Brooklyn Elev'd-stock 1st nort	91	120 100 12 26 09	Newp N.Y.	M. Un	tional IT. Fec. ago, IT. Fac Mise, Val TelStock. -Div. bonda .Co., let guar. let t Atlantic t BR - Mto 18		
1	Debentures Brooklyn Elev'd-stock.	98 40	09 4.5	North Ocean	. Pao Stoam	-Div. bonds .Co., let guar.	103	105
			105 18 96 14	Orang	e Belt	Atlantic	7	100
	2d mort. Cape Fear & Yad.Val., let Chos. & O., ser. B.dof. scrip	95 	934	Pitts.	& West	t. RR - Stoss	754	93 38 76
-	Chie, Santa Fe & Cal. 5s Cinn. & Springfield	2	б 50	Postal	Toleg	raph-1st, 6s.	25 90	30
1	Clun, & Springfield Cont. Cons. Co. Tr. etock. Den. & Rio Gr. WSt'k. Dul. S. Shore & AtStk.	13 9		Rome St. Lo	& Deca	stur, let M., de		
	Edican Electric Light	170		St. Pa	nlE.&	Gr. Tr., lat 8a an Mou.Ex,4a	102 83	104 84
	Fla. it.y. & Nav. Co., prel. Georgia PacStock lat 6e	2 20	234	South Tol. A	ern Te	N. Mioh	15	25
	Million William Stock	60 07	107 52	Utah Utah	Centra	t, RR - 360 35 raph-lat, 68. Riv, & Ches dr., let M., 56 N., Kich, 56 Min, 16 38 Mon.Ex, 43 J 18t M N. Mioh to Light l 16t eridiad	30	40
1		07 2 10	16	Pref	nort		241	14
	2d pref	67 67	78					10
1	Ist pref. Ist pref. Ist gref. Ist is. Kan. Olty & Omsha Ist mort	6 74	75	Weat	Va. Ri	R.—let, 6e t. Bank r.—Con. M	91	101 94 95
÷.	Kinkr Motor	10	13	Weah	IN. CAL	-COR. M		
1	K tely Motor			-				

669

.

670 Investment ROADS. Weck or Mol Kailroad Intelligence.

THE CHRONICLE.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of S'ates and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Raitroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., January. March, May. July, September and November, and is fur-nished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the CHRONICLE at 50 cents each, and to others at \$1 per copy.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

Gross Earnings to Latest Dates.—The latest railroad earn-ings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest date are given below for all the railroad companies from whom reports can be obtained.

						N.Y
	Latest E	arnings Re	eported.	Jan. 1 to 1	Latest Date.	N.Y
ROADS.			1000		1 1000	Nor
	Week or Mo	1887.	1886.	1887.	1886.	N'th Nor
		e.	\$	\$	\$	Nor
Allegheny Val.	Septemb'r.	180,959	159,615	1,483,551	1.321.710	Ohi
Atch. T. & S. Fe.	October .	1.661.221	1,672,072	15,295,395	1,321,710 12,724,747	Ohi
Atlanta & Char.	Septemb'r.	1,661,221 124,357	100,186	15,295,395 910,319	$\begin{array}{r} 12,724,747\\ 823,461\\ 1,273,152\\ 986,129\\ 541,658\end{array}$	Ohi
Atlantie & Pac	1st wk Nov	48,190	42,379 123,756	2,209,945	1,273,152	Oni
Balt. & Potomae	Septemb'r.	$\begin{array}{r} 129,034 \\ 62,717 \\ 28,166 \end{array}$	123,756	1,063,905 429,343	986,129	Ore
Beech Creek	Septemb'r.	02,717	53,977	429,343	541,658	Ore Pen
Brunsw'k & West	Septemb'r.	53,000	48,100	$\begin{array}{c c} 251,589\\ 2,431,406\end{array}$	2,267,844	Pen
Bnff, N.Y. & Phil Buff, Roch. & Pitt	2d wk Nov 2d wk Nov	39,366	32,576	1.726.622	1.233,232	N
Bur.C.Rap.& No.		39,366 71,781 16,021	32,576 71,559	$\begin{smallmatrix} 1,726,622\\ 2,472,779\\ 662,334\\ \end{smallmatrix}$	2,407,409	80
Cairo V. & Chie	2d wk Nov	16,021	14,621	662,334	561,699	Peo
Cal. Southern	1st wk Nov	29.852	17,577	[-1.212.000]	081.609	Pete
(Camden & Afl'e	Septemb'r	62,504 301,000	59,677	572,782 9,747,468	500.640	Phil
Canadian Pseifle	2d wk Nov	301,000	$\begin{array}{r} 269,000 \\ 24,231 \\ 43,484 \end{array}$	9,747,408	8,636,416	Phi Ce
Cp.F'r &Yad.Val Carolina Cent	October Septemb'r	$ \begin{array}{r} 29,132 \\ 54,483 \end{array} $	13 494	-222,992	-184,475	Pitt
Central of Ga		139,656	134,472	5,238,075	4,778,104	P'rt
Central Iowa		128.978	$\begin{array}{r} 134,472 \\ 133,365 \end{array}$	1,079,977	1,073,043	Pre
Central of N. J	Septemh'r.	1,042,420 1,383,842	1,095,503	8,626,374	7,729,723	[Pt.]
Central Pacific	August	1,383,842	1,161,850	8,516,688	7,653,255	R.&
Central of S. C.		10,115	8,013	000011	0/2004	Riel
Charlest'n & Sav	Septemb'r.	38,508	34,956	362,011	347,584	Ron TSt.
Cheraw & Darl. Chesap. & Ohio.	Septemb'r. Oetober	$\begin{array}{r} 11,468 \\ 413,272 \\ 101,530 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 7,740\\ 372,031\\ 90,674\end{array}$	3,688,151	3,397,316	Bi
Eliz.Lex.&B.S.	October	101.530	90.674	894,014	766,826	St.L
Ches. O. & S. W	October	219,833 61,283 6,539	181,437	1,586,510	1,367,467	St.I.
Cheshire	August	61,283	62,028	419,458	1,367,467 393,229	St.I.
Ches. & Lenoir	Septemb'r.	6,539	$\begin{array}{c c} 33,437\\ 62,028\\ 6,212\\ 715,166\\ 36,944 \end{array}$	4 500 550		St.P
Chicago & Alton		$817,641 \\ 43,998$	710,100	4,782,572	4,237,494	S.AI
Chie. & Atlantic Chie. Burl. & No.	Septemb'r.	173 069	36,244	1,898,016 1,786,413	1,408,439	Selo Seal
Chie, Burl. & No. Chie, Burl. & Q.	Septemb'r.	173,062 2,464,924	2,724,588	20,290,935	19,326,863	She
Chie. & East. Ill.	1st wk Nov	53,191	41.537	1,726,461	1,492,371	Sout
Chic. & Ind. Coal	1st wk Nov	10,909	3,052	1,726,461 329,857		Se. I
Chie. Mil. & St.P. Chie. & N'thw'n.	2d wk Nov	653.000	621,463	21,495,854	21,221,039	i Git
Chie & N'IAW'H.	Septemb'r	2,953,642	2,746,151	19,512,757	18,000,719	L
Chie. St. L. & Pitts Chie. St. P. & K. C.	October	545,356 39,486	465,637 21,202	4,765,623	3,936,689	M.
Chic. St.P.M.&O.	Septemb'r.	39,486 702,189	618,411	4,849,015	4,300,995	Te
Chic. St.P.M.&O. Chie. & W. Mich. Cin. Ham. & D. Cin.Ind.St.L.&C.	1st wk Nov	29,993	27,100	1.209.498	1.195.112	A
Cin. Ham. & D.	Septemb'r.	$\begin{array}{r} 29,993\\ 301,241\\ 51,367\end{array}$	+281.947	2,458,209 2,278,378 402.343	1.2.157.986	Pr
Cin.Ind.St.L.&C.	1st wk Nov	51,367	49,000	2,278,378	2,195,157 339,787	
Cin. Jack. & Mac. Cin. N. O. & T. P.	410 WK Oet	15,942	11,885	402.343	339,787	80.
Ala. Gt. South.	lst wk Nov 1st wk Nov	68,987 32,177	$ \begin{array}{r} 56,951 \\ 28,297 \\ 16,620 \\ \end{array} $	2,824,326 1,284,341	2,395,434	No
N. Orl. & N. E	1st wk Nov	16,538	16 620	562,834	982,090 513,187	A
Vicksb. & Mer.	1st wk Nov	13.351	12,664	443,994	410,168	AI No
Vieks. Sh. & P.	1st wk Nov	17,628 148,681	1 14.009	464,969	394,833	Spar
Erlanger Syst	1st wk Nov	148,681	$129,201 \\ 7,589 \\ 39,775$	5,580,164	4,695,711	Stat
Cin. Rich. &Ft. W.	1st wk Nov	9,065	7,589	352,029	322.502	Tex
Cin.Wash.&Balt. Clev.Akron &Col		48,019	39,775	1,861,019	1,679,473 455,277	Tol.
Clev. & Canton	October	$15,947 \\ 40,100$	$14,405 \\ 33,816$	469,772	455,277	Tol.
Clev.Col.C.& Ind	October	413,558	394,820	311,479 3,734,599	$\begin{array}{c c} 296,427\\ 3,413,673\end{array}$	Tol.
Clow & Manietta	lst wk Nov	7,203	5,026	260,240	232,466	Vall
Cœur d'Alene Col. & Cln, Mid Col.110ek.V. & T.	Septemb'r,	7,203 16,168		** ***		Wah
Col. & Cln. Mid	1st wk Nov	7,176	-5,887	278,270	268,238	Wah
Denv. & Rio Gr	1st wk Nov	73,742	71,373 155,738	2,305,057	1,961,943	tWe
Denv. & R. G. W.	2d wk Nov 1st wk Nov	11110000	100,738	6,866,793	5,765,433	Wil.
Det.Bay C.&Alp.	October	$24,000 \\ 37,700 \\ 23,014 \\ 12,000$	$18,175 \\ 28,002$	978,222 404,073	869,838	Whe
Det.Lans'g& No. Det.Mack.&Mar.	October 2d wk Nov	23,014	23.061	998,473	1,054,757	Wise
Det.Mack.&Mar.	1st wk Nov	12,039	8,145	340,482	2,001,101	Ch Mi
E.Tenn. Va.&Ga.	1st wk Nov	12,039 115,982	89,399	4,427,665	3,527,619	Pe
Evansy & T H	1st wk Nov 1st wk Nov	5,127 15,620 50,590	3,743	= 200,720	165,161	W
Flint & P. Maro.	1st wk Nov	50,590	12,458	746,674	656,453	+ A
Evans. & Ind'plls Evansv. & T. 11. Flint & P. Marq. Fla. R. & Nav. Co.	Ist wk Nov	27,858	37,367 23,013	2,192,789 861,071	1,826,755 776,593	‡A cN tN
rt. w. & Den. Ony	ISUWK NOV	20,500	13,600	581,687	360,354	tN
Georgia Pacific.	1st wk Nov	28,132	$13,600 \\ 22,405$	1,000,424	675.088	1 1
Gr. Rap. & Ind Grand Trunk	1st wk Nov	48,653	-44,597	2,028,283	1,729,316	L
Gn.Bay W.&St.P	Wk. Nov. 5 Septemb'r.	-380,009 37,230	379,050	15,336,826	14,340,919	
Gulf Col. & 8. Fe.	October	37,230 378,797 106,753	33,740 261,689	349,101 2 181 807	240,036	earr
Hous.& Tex.Cen.	4th wk Oct	106,753	94,673	2,184,807 2,262,246	1,759,212 2.211,669	belo
Humest'n &Shen		16,908	17.467	111,922	117.256	T
Ill.Cen. (ill.& Sn) Cedar F.& Min.	October	1,192,932	1,138,385	9,455.242	2,241,668 117,256 8,624,867	incr
Dub.&Sioux C.	October	10.9597	17,168 106,994	100,298	143 994	thei
Ia. Falls & S. C.		91,422 70,517 62,091	106,994	, 686,678	783,723 521,406	
Ind. Bloom. & W.		62 001	62 219	547,791	521,406	
Ind. 111. & Iowa	Septemh'r	15.243	$\begin{array}{r} 79,731 \\ 62,212 \\ 13,178 \\ 40,153 \\ 27,629 \end{array}$	2,252,764	2,167,680	2d
Ind. Dee. & Spr.	October 1st wk Nov	38,518	40.153	347,796	345,290	
Ind. & St. Louis	1st wk Nov	$\begin{array}{r} 15,243\\ 38,518\\ 49,143\\ 26,761\\ 53,882\\ 38,171\end{array}$	37,633	1.826.565	1,571,024	Buff
Jack. T. & K. W. K.C.Ft.8. & Gulf.	Septemb'r	26,761	37,633 23,776	338,243 2,289,770	184,449	Buff
Kan, C. Sp. & M	1st wk Nov 1st wk Nov	39 171	49,749	2,289,770	2,088,537	Cair
Kan. C. Cl. & Sp.	1st wk Nov	5319	33,560	1,713,547	1,265,617 195,645	Cans
Kentucky Cent.	Oetober	38,171 5,312 101,706	3,528 92.260	217,833 881,402	195,645	Chle Chie
Keokuk & West.	4th wk Oet.	8,802	92,260 7,469	261,078	765,050	Unie
Kingst'n & Pem.	1 st wk Nov	2.880	2.561		248,750	Den [*] Detr
Knoxv. & Ohio . Lake E. & West	Septemb'r.	41.029	35,765 30,263			Long
Lehigh & Hud	1st wk Nov	43,081 15,674 23,793	30,263	1,755,676	1,477,078	Loui
L. Rock & Mem.	October Ist wk Nov	23 709	$20.366 \\ 26,740$	198,871	177,666	Loui
Long Island	2d wk Nov	00.0011	26, 40	696,466 2.920,670	597,043	Milw
Louis'a & Mo. R.	Inty	55,927	51,005	2,920,670 328,215	300,700	Milw
Louis.Ev. & St.L.	1st wk Nov	55,927 23,503	18,219	845,042	$1,477,078 \\ 177,666 \\ 597,013 \\ 2,712,815 \\ 300,723 \\ 719,263$	New
			J.			atori

Latest Earnings Reported. Jan. 1 to Latest Date. 1887. 1886. 1887. 1886. Louisv. & Nashy. Louisv. & Nashy. Louisv. M. O. & Clober... Mar. Col. & No. October... Mar. Hough. & O. Ist wk Nov "Moxican Cent "Moxican Cent "Milis & Chias. Mil.L&Sh.&West Milwaukee & No. 2d wk Nov Milwaukee & No. October ... Nils. & Tenn... 3 Whs. Oct. New Brunswick. Septemb'r. New Brunswick. Septemb'r. N.Y. Cens. & H.R. October ... New Brunswick. Septemb'r. N.Y. Cens. & H.R. October ... New Brunswick. Septemb'r. N.Y. Cht. & W.L. 2d wk Nov Wk. & West Septemb'r. N.Y. Penn. & O. August... N.Y. Penn. & O. August... N.Y. Penn. & August... N.Y. Penn. & August... N.Y. Penn. & August... N.Y. & Septemb'r. Northern Cent1. Septemb'r. Northern Pacifie 2d wk Nov Ohio & Miss... Onia & St. L. Oregon Imp. Co. Septemb'r. No. West. sys. Septemb'r. Coal & Iron Co. Fetersburg... Septemb'r. No. West. sys. Septemb'r. No. West. Septemb'r. No. West. sys. Septemb'r. No. West. Septemb'r. Net. & An Z. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. No. Div. Cal. Septemb'r. No. Div. Cal. August... Septemb'r. No. Div. Cal. August... Septemb'r. No. Div. Cal. August... Septemb'r. Septemb'r. No. Div. Cal. August... Septemb'r. Net. & Col. Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Net. A. Septemb'r. Net. A. Sentemb. Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Net. & Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Septemb'r. Se $\begin{array}{c} 5,006,568 \\ 4,674,052 \\ 41,053,674 \\ 32,025 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,452,805 \\ 1,955 \\ 730,742 \\ 25,657 \\ 25,657 \\ 25,657 \\ 25,375 \\ 25,657 \\ 25,375 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,357 \\ 25,350 \\ 24,170 \\ 14,648,815 \\ 13,539,282 \\ 14,648,815 \\ 13,539,282 \\ 14,806 \\ 14,638 \\ 14,863 \\ 17,1087 \\ 335,604 \\ 29,350 \\ 24,170 \\ 14,865 \\ 18,666 \\ 18,633 \\ 17,1087 \\ 335,604 \\ 29,350 \\ 24,170 \\ 17,244 \\ 705,338 \\ 12,356 \\ 21,330 \\ 17,244 \\ 705,338 \\ 12,356 \\ 21,330 \\ 17,244 \\ 705,338 \\ 12,356 \\ 21,330 \\ 17,244 \\ 705,338 \\ 12,978 \\ 5,256,730 \\ 24,322 \\ 34,004 \\ 1,456,804 \\ 1,061,433 \\ 950,057 \\ 6,070,120 \\ \end{array}$ 11,230,602 $\begin{smallmatrix} 11,230,602\\ 8,595,016\\ 684,617\\ 270,714\\ 2,697,762\\ 14,191,341\\ 10,878,475\\ 1,318,531\\ 222,212 \end{smallmatrix}$ $\begin{array}{c} 6,570,658\\ 171,087\\ 2,356,205\\ 1,826,565\\ 795,336\\ 2,218,696\\ 5,256,730\\ 1,456,804\\ 6,670,120\\ 423,964\\ 5,79,698\\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 6,094,332\\ 157,545\\ 2,096,431\\ 1,571,024\\ 652,102\\ 1,470,618\\ 4,124,388\\ 1,363,092\\ 5,016,664 \end{array}$ 17,24448,670112,97834,004950,0571,061,933 $\begin{array}{r} 67,493\\ 77,768\\ \bullet 65,638\\ 95,000\\ 142,257\end{array}$ 70,447 46,067 81,954 101,899 496,156 742,778 615,286 774,214 $\begin{array}{c} 295,097 \\ 295,097 \\ 219,811 \\ 2,936 \\ 57,267 \\ 607,836 \\ 57,267 \\ 607,836 \\ 57,575 \\ 399,967 \\ 2,954,828 \\ 17,400 \\ 18,910$ $\substack{1,920,582\\469,257\\2,^{9}99,017\\111.200\\714,312\\6,114,429\\17,214,730\\23,329,159}$ * Mexican currency. Penn. & Ohio. And branches. * Mexican Not including carnings of N, Y, Penn, & C Not including Cen, of N, J, in either year. Including Ind, & St. Louis.

VOL. XLV.

atest Gross Earnings by Weeks,-The latest weekly nings in the foregoing table are separately summed up W.

wenty-three roads for the second week of November have reased their earnings 16 per cent on last year. Onc of m shows a triffing decrease.

1			-		
)	2d week of November.	1887.	1886.	Increase.	Decreose.
;			8	2	\$
Ŀ	Buffalo N. Y & Phila	53,000	48,100	4,900	
	Buffalo Roch. & Pittsburg.	39,366	32.576	6,790	
7	Cairo Vincennes & Chic	16,021	14.621	1.400	
1	Canadian Pacific	301,000.	272,000	29,000	
i i	Chlengo & Atlantic	43,998	36,244	7,754	
)	Chicago Mil. & St. Paul.	653,000	621,463	31,537	
	Denver & Rio Grande	177,000	155,738	21,262	
	Detroit Lans. & Nort	23,011	23,061		47
:	Long Island	60,661	54,448	6,213	
5	Louisville N. Alb. & Chie.	47,351	39,925	7,426	
2	Louisv. N. O. & Tex	70,031	54,034	15,997	
	Milwaukee L. Sh. & West	53,508	45,460		
	Milwaukee & Northern	20,033	15,710		*******
	New York Ont. & West	28,678	25,680		
	Norfolk & Western	92.713	75.759	16.954	

2d week of Norember.	1887.	1886.	Increase.	Deereuse.
Northern Pacifio	\$191.922	\$ 322.400	\$ 72.522	8
St. Louis Ark. & Texas	77,671	48,670	29,001	
St. Louis & San Fran St. Paul & Duluth	156,500 42.322	112,978 31,001	$43,522 \\ 8,318$	*******
Toledo Ann A. & No. Mich.	12,865	0,448	3,417	*******
Toledo & Ohio Central Wabash Western	25,765 127,000	18,303 109,000	7,160 18,000	
Wheeling & Lako Erle	15,846	12,732	3,114	
Total (23 roads)	2,532,265	2,182,356	340,950	47
Not increase (16.03 p. c.).			319,900	

For the first week, seventy-nine roads have reported, and the gain reaches \$729,152, or 14:15 per cent. Out of 79 roads, but four show losses as compared with last year, the total decrease being only \$5,693.

	1	1	1	
1:1 week of November.	1887.	1886.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prov'ly report'd (24 roads)		2,248,571	311,317	
Atchison Topeka & S. Fe.	393,984	376,667	17,317	
Atlantic & Pacific	48,190	42,379	5,811	
Burl, Cedar R. & North	71,781	71,559 17,577	222	
California Southern Central of Georgia	29,852 139,656	131,472	12,275 5,181	
Chicago & East Ills	53,191	41,537	11,654	*******
Chie. & West Michigan	29,993	27,159	9 89.1	
Cin. Ind. St. L. & C	51,367	49,000	2,834 2,367	********
Cin. Ind. St. L. & C Cin. N. O. & Toxas Pao	68,987	56,951	12,036	
Alabama Gt. Southern	32,177	28,297	3,880	
New Orleans & N. E	$16,538 \\ 13,351$	16,620		82
Vicksburg & Meridian	13,351	12,664	687	
Vleksburg Shrev. & Pae.	17,628	14,669	2,959	*******
Cin. Rich. & F. W. Cin. Wash. & Balt	9,065	7,589 39,775	1,476	
Cleveland & Marietta	48,019 7,203	5,026	8,2.14 2,177	*******
Col. & Chu. Mid	7,176		1,289	
Den. & Rio Gr. West	24,000	5,987 18,175	5,825	
Detroit Lans. & North	22,692	20,404	2,288	
Detroit Mack. & Marg	12,039	8,145	3,894	
East Tenn. Va. & Ga	115,982	\$9,399	26,583	
Evansville & Ind	5,127	3,743	1,384	
Evansville & T. II Flint & Pere Marquette	15,620	12,458 37,367	3,162	
Flint & Pere Marquette	50,590	37.367	13,223	
Fla. Ry. & Nav.	27,858	23,013	4,845	*******
Fort Worth & Denv. City.	20,500	13,600	6,900	
Georgia Paelfle Grand Rapids & Ind	$28,132 \\ 48,653$	22,405 44,597	5,727 4,056	
Grand Trunk of Canada	380.009	379.050	959	
Ind. Bloom. & West	62,091	62,212	000	121
Kansas C. Ft. S. & Gulf	53.882	49,749	4,133	
Kansas C. Spr. & Mem Kansas C. Clin. & Spr	38,171	33,560	4.611	
Kansas C. Clin. & Spr	$38,171 \\ 5,312$	3,528	1,784	
Kingston & Pembroke	2,880	2,561	319	
Lake Erie & Western	43,081	30,26?	12,818	2,947
Little Rock & Memphis	23,793	26,746 18,219	5,284	2,947
Louisv. Evansv. & St. L., Louisville & Nashville	23,503 346,880	202 205	43,675	
Marquette Hough. & Ont.	23,697	303,205 26,240	20,010	2,543
Memphis & Charleston	50,572	45,997	4,575	
Minnesota & Northwest	39,510	13,165	26,345	
Ohio & Mississippi	91,539	89.828	4,711	
Ohio River	9,500	4,530	4.970	
Peoria Dee. & Evans	14,696	11,955	$2,741 \\ 2,973$	
Pittsburg & Western	37,899	34,924		
Rich. & D. (& leased lines).	239,300	214,800	24,500	
*St. L. Alt. & T. H. M. Line St. L. Alt. & T. H. Brehs	$49,143 \\ 21,330$	37,633 17,214	11,510	*******
St. Louis Ark. & Texas	80,058	48,669	$4,086 \\ 31,389$	
Texas Pacific	176,811	143,296	33 545	
Texas Pacific Toledo Peorla & Western	22,806	15,087	$33,545 \\ 7,719$	
Wisconsin Central	46.293	32,138	14,155	
C. W. & M.	12,476	5.945	6,531	
MIND, SL C. & W	7,809	7,429	380	
Wis. & Min	6,149	4,635	1,514	
Motal (50 monda)	5 001 150	5 150 007	CD1 04*	E 000
Total (79 roads)	5,881,459	5,152,307	734,845	5,693
Net increase (14:15 p. c.1			729,152	

* Including Indianapolis & St. Louis

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The tables follow-ing show the net earnings to latest dates reported ,the return for each road being published here as soon as received, but no⁸ kept standing from month to month. The first table include⁸ all roads for the latest month and from January 1, 1887 the other tables showing those roads separately whose fiscal years begin at other dates than January 1.

VEAD DECINNING JANUARY 1

TEAR BEGINNING JANUART 1.							
	September, Jan. 1 to Sept.						
	,	1887.	1886.	1887.	1886.		
Roads.			\$	8	S.		
					-		
Cairo Vin. & Chle		65,837	58,525		470,430		
	Nct	26,920	14,519	181,314	106,189		
Cape Fear & Yad Val.		28,637	20,580	193.860	160,244		
cape rear & rad var	Net	14.329	10.359		78,429		
Cent. of New Jersey.	Gross.	1,012,420	1,095,503	8,626,374	7,729,723		
	Net	469,007	552,591	4,113,446	3,249,887		
Chie Dund & No.		173.062		1.786.413			
Chie, Burl. & No			• • • • • • • • •				
	Net	36,348	*******	447,766			
Cin. 1nd. St. L. & C.,	Gross.	255,268	245,523	1,992,832	1,898,204		
	Net	101.937	99,822	774.079	740.439		
Tant Pann Ma & Co.		504.481			0.001.009		
. East Tenn. Va. & Ga.			391,380		2,981,603		
	Net	191,057	167,207	1,029,884	927,392		
		£	£	£	£		
Grand Trunk of Can	Gross	356,596	335.544	2,701,554	2,503,432		
Canad Frank Of Oth	Net	128,680	119,476	838,208	762.933		
					. ,		
Chie. & Gd. Trunk.	Gross.	64,226	56,111	518,500	451,842		
	Net	18,226	15,490	135,007	,92,283		
Det. Gr. H. & Mil.	Gross	23,861	24.984	181.640	187,204		
area or an o suit.	Net	8,572	9,820	44.796	55,975		
	ALCIOOD	0,074					
		\$	s.	\$	95- 1		
Mexican National	Gross	139,337	132.255	1,283,721	1,271,204		
ATCATCHEL ATTERVISION	Net	14,749	11,803	158.829	233,710		
Oregon Imp. Co		362,443	286,569	2,971,431	2,144,741		
	Net	110,196	92,173	814,961	548,987		
Ore. Ry. & Nav. Co	Choca	487,246	556,006	3,591,305	3,769,281		
Ore. 11. a 11411 con	Net	227,959	303,244	1,502,671	1,610,327		

	Octol	ber,	-Jan. 1 10	001. 31
Roads.	1887.	1896.	1887.	1856.
	*	*	15	*
Cleveland & CantonGross. Not	40,100 15,733	23,816 8,340	311,479 89,909	200,427
Mariella Col. & NoGross.	6.830	2.804	50,325	66,147
Net	3.618	1,687	00,120	
Nash. Chat. & St. L Gross.	265.024	213.200	2.520.810	1.057.057
Net	114,917	85,780	1,182,073	782,203
	Augu		-Jan. 1 10	
	1887.	1886,	1887.	1840.
Rood.	R	P	······································	#
Nevada CentralGross. Net	8,972 3,482	5,097 932	52,689 19,318	39.58t
	BEGINNING		10,010	5,576
IDAB			Ameril 1 Am	Camel 00
	Seplem 1887.	1886.	-A pril 1 to 1887,	1886.
Roads.	\$	8	8	8
Cupo Fear & Yad Val. Gross.	28,637	20,580	126.171	101.400
Net	14,329	10,389	57,326	44,616
Cln. Ham. & Day Gross.	301,241	281,917	1,712,530	1,508,035
Net	141,827	123,009	754,593	608,586
YEAR	BEGINNING	JULY 1.		
-	Sentemb		-July 1 lo	
Roods.	1887. \$	1886. \$	1887.	1886.
Cin. Ind. St. L. & Chic.Gross.	255.268	*	\$	\$
Net	101,937	245,523 99,822	707,105 285,867	695,630 233,193
East Tenn, Va. & Ga. Gross.	501.481	394,380	1.370,494	1.000.237
Net	191,057	167,207	470,613	412,389
Knoxville & OhioGross.	41.029	35.765	120.686	186,967
Net	14,745	8,682	24,658	19,233
Ore. Ry. & Nav. Co Gross.	487,246	556,000	1,310,390	1,437,968
Net	227,959	303,244	606,867	682,537
-	October		- July 1 W	
Roads.	1887. \$	1886.	1887.	1886.
Cleveland & Canton Gross.	ф 40,100	39 010	\$ 120.070	\$ 105 501
Net	15,733	$33,816 \\ 8,316$	$138,976 \\ 50,205$	$135,521 \\ 32,428$
Nash. Chat. & St. L., Gross.	265.024	213.200	1,066,530	876.255
Nash. Chat. & St. H. Wross.	114.917	85.786	490.050	365,009
	GINNING D		,	
		ber.	-Dec. 1 to	Sept. 30
	1887.	1886.	1886-7.	1885-6.
Roads.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Oregon Imp. CoGross.	362,443	286,569	3,235,901	2,355,835
Net	110,196	92,173	859,455	578,439
			-	

ANNUAL REPORTS.

East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Rallway.

(For the year ending June 30, 1887.)

(For the year ending June 30, 1887.) The stockholders of this reorganized railroad held their an-nual meeting at Knoxville, Nov. 16. Nine milions of the first preferred and thirty-one millions of the second preferred and common stock were represented. Eight directors, namely, Samuel Thomas, C. S. Brice, Alfred Sully, T. M. Logan, John G. Moore, George S. Scott, John H. Inman and E. Lehman, were elected by the holders of the first preferred stock, and seven directors, namely, John Greenough, William L. Bull. Richard Irvin, George Coppell, Thomas P. Fowler, C. M. McGhee, James E. Grannis, were elected by the holders of the second preferred and common stock. The first annual statement of the company is an interesting raper, and the report of the President and Vice-President will be found on a subsequent page, under the title "Reports and Documents." The report contains much statistical matter, and consists of a pamphlet comprising in all 62 pages. The statistics, compiled for the CHRONICLE, are as follows : OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS.

1	The statistice, complied to	of the Onto	siche, alle as	5 10110WD .
	OPERATIONS	AND FISCAL		1000.00
l	Total miles operated	1884-85.	1885-86. 1,932	1886-57.
	Operations-		-,	
1	Passenger mileage		38,655,751	42,765,468
l	Rate per passenger per mile	2.53 ets.	2.33 ets.	2.53 c s.
	Freight (tons) mileage	1.19 els.	221,906,324 1.14 ets.	291,677.561 1.03 ets.
i	Rate per ton per mile Earnings—	S S	s real	L Un ets.
l	Passenger.	1,020,922	980.093	1.085.936
	Freight	2,407.463	2,544,706	3.031,179
1	Mall, express, &e	265,472	253,493	251,016
ł	Total mass completes	.3,693,857	3,778,292	4,368,181
j	Total gros- earnings	.0,000,007	0,110,202	#100010T
l	Maintenauce of way, &c	552.180	551.610	788,945
1	Maintenance o' ears	167,212	166 905	217,163
	Transportation expenses	801,616	768,336	826,058
1	Motivo power	819.467	747,729	869,260
ł	General	163,695	169,713	199,503
ł	Total	2,504,170	2.404.313	2,901,229
J	Net earnings	1,189.687	1.373.979	1.466.952
1	Deduct taxes	-,,-	113,235	112,463
l				
l	Balance		1,2t0,744	1,854,489
l	Per cent. of oper. ex. to earn- ings, exclusive of taxes	67.79	63.63	C6-42
1	Augo, CACINOITO OI LAACO	0110	00 00	CO XM

Ohio & Mississippi Railway. (For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887.)

The annual report of Mr. J. F. Barnard, President, says: The annual report of Mr. J. F. Barnard, President, says : "There has been nothing special to remark upon in connection with the business of the year. There were no unusual strikes, floods, or other incidents to mark the husiness of the year as other than ordinary, except that on the 5th of April, 1887, the Inter-State Commerce Act took effect, and co-incident with that, scales of freight rates, adopted by some of the trunk lines, were projected into Ohio and Mississippi territory, and both were to some extent the cause of considerable reduction in freight rates on three or four of the higher classes of goods. "The crops along the line of your road have this year been fair, except the corn crop, which is light, and in a general way may be stated as about a half crop, or possibly a little more than half a good crop." * * *

than half a good crop," * * * "An arrangement has been made for the precurement of five hundred box cars, three hundred gordola cars, and one hundred stock cars, all of twenty five tons carrying capacity each. The company has provided for their payment by a car trust, divided into ten equal annual instalments. It is believed that the saving of mileage on foreign cars will more than meet the payments of the car trust as they mature." "The suit pending in the State of Illinois a year ago, to compel the company to provide a retter service on the Spring-field Division and to make improvements in the line, has been decided in the company's favor. Since then a better service has been rendered, and so many improvements have been made on the Springfield Division that there is now a friendly

made on the Springfield Division that there is now a friendly feeling all along the line towards the company."

Operations, income, &c, on the whole line for three years have been as follows:

OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS.

UPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS.				
Operations-	1884-85.	1885-86.	1836-87.	
Passengers carried one mile	64.819.413	57,444,838	64.727,0 6	
	2.05 cts.	2.07 cts.	2 03 (ts.	
Rate per passenger per mile	53,211,829 3		34,245,248	
	0.01 .40	0.698 cts.	0.720 cts.	
Rate per ton per nille	0.81 cfs.	0 000 010.	0120000	
Earnings from-	A1 000 010	01 101 500	\$1,315,310	
Passengers	\$1,330,948	\$1,191,590		
Freight	2,063,548	2,227,255	2,407,825	
Express and mail	250,971	253,075	265,298	
-			00 000 400	
Total	\$3,645,467	\$3,671,920	\$3,988,433	
Expenses for—				
Transportation	\$1,095,788	\$1,021,344	\$1,027,570	
Motive power	719,402	653.623	676,571	
Maintenance of ears	170,880	183,973	150,365	
· Main' ensuce of way	518,634	512,435	513,050	
General.	166.032	226.333	282,924	
Goudantini				
Total	\$2,670,736	\$2,597,708	\$2,650,480	
	\$974,731	\$1,074,212	\$1,337,953	
Net earnings		φ1,014,414	41,001,010	
INCOME	ACCOUNT.			
Net esrnings	\$974,731	\$1,074,212	\$1,337,953	
Disbursements-	401-7102	+-,		
Interest on debt	\$1,024,900	\$1,026,415	\$1,024,716	
Sinking fund	49,000	53,000	57,000	
Dillaing tund	10,000			
Total.	\$1,073,900	\$1.079.415	\$1,081,716	
Balance	def.\$99,169	der.\$5,2038	sur.\$256,237	

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Boston & Providence.—In Boston, Nov. 16, the annual meeting of the stockholders of this railroad was held. The directors were authorized to borrow \$2,000,000 for the purpose of paying the floating debt. A tallot was ordered for choice of directors and to authorize the directors to apply for legisla-tion to enable the corporation to lease the road, such lease to be subject to subsequent ratification by the stockholders. The vote on ratifying the lease was 24,176 for and 1,114 against. The proposal to near the corporation to the stockholders.

Central Iowa.—There is one portion of the line which has not yet been taken out of the hands of the receiver, and that is the line between Keithsburg and Peoia, Ill. Some compli-cations exist in regard to this portion of the property, and no order of court has been secured for its sale, although Mr. Thomsen, the coursel for the New York bondholders, says that it will be foreclosed and sold within the next month.

Cheshlre.—The comparative annual report of the Cheshire road shows the following :

Fear ending Sept. 30- Passenger	1887. \$202.316	1886. \$183,195	Increase. \$19,121
Freight.		412,635	29.776
Miscellaneous	. 26,101	32,241	*6,140
_ Total earnings	\$670,828	\$628,071	\$42,757
Expenses	. 451,339	393,633	57,706
Net	\$219,489	\$234,438	*\$14,949
Charges	99,000	99,728	*728
Balance	\$120,489	\$134,710	*\$14.221
† Dividends	126,000	105,000	21,000
Deficit	\$5,511	1 \$29,710	\$35,221
			+

* Decrease. † Six per cent in 1887; 5 per cent in 1886. ‡ Surplus.

Chesspeake & Ohio.-Work on the Maysville & Big Sandy Division of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad has been discontinued for the present. A great deal of stone work will have to be done before the road will be in condition for trackaying.

Chicago & St. Louis.—The contract for the construction of 75 miles of roadbed for the extension of the Chicago & St. Louis Railroad from Springfield to Eureka, Iil., has been canceled, and work on the road has ceased,

Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton.—The Circuit Ccurt in Ohio has overruled the decision of Judge Vanderveer, and has refused to appoint a receiver for this company. The Auditor submitted the following statement of income ac-count for the six months, April 1 to Oct. 1, beirg the first half of the current fiscal year:

E	ARNINGS.		
April.	1886. \$215.829	1887.	Increase.
May	215,505	\$249,454 273,337	\$33,624 57,832
JunoJuly	222,315 283,661	275,630 290,514	53,314
August	288,774	322,358	6,852 33,583
September (1887 estimated)	281,947	301,241	19,293
R. Total 6 months	\$1,508,031	\$1,712,534	\$204,498

1	OPERATINO EXPENSES (not including taxes).
	April \$142,583 \$163,437 \$20,853
	May 138,077 142,450 4,373
ł	June 135,672 155,626 19,953
	July
	August. 170,590 183,434 12,843
	September 158,938 159,414 475
	Total 6 menths
	Net earnings \$608,586 \$754,593 \$146,007
	INCOME AND CHARGES FOR SIX MONTHS.
	Earnings
	Expenditures
	Int. on bonds and dlv'ds 326,003 391,344
2	Taxes
l.	
•	Net inc. over charges \$236.880 \$315,248
	Less 2 p. c. dividends 70,000 80,000

Surplus \$166.880 \$235.248 Increase in 1887..... \$68,368

Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis & Chicago.—The gross and net earnings and charges for September and from July 1 to September 30 were as below given:

		tember	-July1 to Sep.	
	1887.	1886.	1887.	1886.
Gross carnings		\$245,523	\$707,105	\$695,636 [,]
Op. ex. and taxes	158,331	150,616	436,238	427,188
Net earnings Fixed charges, less	\$96,937	\$94,907	\$270,867	\$268,448
miscel. income		47,925	99,999	143,775
Surplus	\$63,604	\$46,982	\$170,863	\$124,673

Des Moines l'sceola & Southern.—This railroad, at the fore-closure sale in Des Moines, was bid in by M. V. B. Edgerly, of Springfield, Mass., for himself and other bondholders. The price paid was \$305,000.

Housatonic.—The gross earnings of the Housatonic road were \$988,549; the operating expenses, including the rental of the Danbury & Norwalk, the State tax of the latter being comprised in the rental, were \$751,282; net earnings, \$231,267.

Indiana Bloomington & Western.—The third step in the reorganization of the I. B. & W. system and the corsolidation of the various lines has been taken by filing articles of con-scilidation of the Springfield & Western Railroad Company and the Indiana & Western Company, the line running from Springfield, Ohio, to Pekin, Ill. The joint capital stock is \$13,325,000. The directors are Austin Corbin of Philade'phia, C. W. Fsirbanks and C. E. Henderson of Indianapolis, John A. Glover of Urbans, Ill., J. B. Mason, E. L. Stewart and Wm. Beckwith of Danville, Ill. The complete reorganization of the system will be made in January, and it will then be known as the Columbus Indianapolis & Western.

Knexville Southern,-Work has been commenced on the Knoxville Southern Railroad, which is been commenced on the Knoxville Southern Railroad, which is to run from Knoxville to Atlants. The new line will be an extension of the Marietta & North Georgia Railroad. The city of Knoxville has given the road \$270,000 on condition that the work shall be completed within eighteen months.

Milwankee & Nerthern.—This railroad company has just completed the extension of its main line about 52 miles to a junction at Republic and Champion, with the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic Railroad.

Missouri Pacific.—A circular to the stockholders, Nov. 10, said: "In answer to numerous inquiries by the stockholders, the following statement of the carnings and expenses for the first nice months, ending September 30, 1887, is furnished for their information :

Gross earnings of the Misseurl Pacific Railway Company (including Si, Louis Iron Mountain & Southern Railway), 3,258 miles, from January 1 to September 30, 1887, nine	
months. Operating expenses.	\$15,520,9 29 9,426,338
Net carnings from traffic Less interest accrucd on bonds for nine months	\$6,094,590
ending September 30	
Total	- 3,696,636
Three quarterly dividends on the capital stock, April 1, July	\$2,397,953
1, and October 1, 1887.	2,238,614
Surplus. Additional income received from shares and bonds of ex-	\$159,339
press, coal, sleeping ear, and other companies, owned by the Missouri Pacifio Railway Company	1,273,953
Surplus for nine menths ending Sept. 30, 1887 " (Signed) C. G. WARNER, General	\$1,433,293 Anditor."
Nashviile Chattanooga & St. Louis.—The state October and the four months ending October 31	
following:Oclober	ad, Oct. 31
1887. 1886. 1887. Gross earnings	1886.
Operating expenses 150,108 127,414 576,481	511,246
Net earnings \$114,916 \$85,786 \$490,049	\$365,008 \$233,263
Interest and taxes \$61,747 \$58,156 \$247,263 Improvements 5,984 6,248 51,122	\$233,203

Total..... \$67,731 \$21,382 \$108,422 Surplus..... \$47,185 \$191,664 Nevada Central .- The Purchasing Committee propose to modify the plan and agreement of purchase and reorganiza-

\$64,404

\$298.385

\$256.586

72.1.

4

tion dated June 1, 1887, so as to provide for an issue of \$750,000 first mortgage 5 per cent lncome bonds, interest payable out of net earnings only, and non-cumulative, in lieu of \$750,000first mortgage 4 per cent bonds, and for an issue of \$750,000of stock of the new company in lieu of \$1,000,000 stock.

New York Chicago & St. Louis.—The Nickel-plate Com-pany's new stocks and bonds were listed at the Exchange last week, and the Company's application in full is given for in-formation on a subsequent page. The issues are as follows :

		367160	JU111616660
	Amount.	per cl.	Int., &c.
1st mortgage bonds	\$20,0.0,000	- 4	\$300,000
1st mortgage sluking fund			100,000
1st preferri d stock		5	250,000
2d preferrod stock		5	550.000
Cemmon slock	14,000,000		

Thus it appears that for interest on the bonds the company requires net income of \$800,000; for int rest and sinking fund (when applicable) \$900,000, which is the total fixed charge; for the and a 5 per cent dividend on 1st pref. stock, \$1,150,000; for all the foregoing plus 3 per cent on the 2d pref. stock would require \$1,480,000. The report for the quarter ending Sept. 30, and for the fiscal year ending at that date, has just been made to the New York State Commissioners as below:

	-Quar. end.	Sept. 30	~ Tear endin 1887.	g Sept. 30 -
Gross earnings	\$1,160,255	\$905,198	\$4,569,591	\$3,595,168
Operating expenses.		637,001	3,242,082	2,417,818
Net earnings	\$243,644	\$268,197	\$1,327,509	\$1,177,350
Rentals and taxes	48,991	102,102	292,273	415,066
Surplus	\$191,653	\$166,095	\$1,035,236	\$762,284

From the figures above, showing gress earnings, it appears that if the road could be operated at 67 per cent of its gross earnings, including rentals and taxes, it would have a surplus of \$1,508,000, or sufficient to pay prior charges and 3 per cent on the second preferred stock. During the past year there have been large improvements made on the loadway which were charged to operating expenses, but when the benefit of these improvements is felt and the operating expenses are down to a proper working basis, the chief problem with this road will evidently be as to the ratio of earnings at which it can be operated; the Lake Shore road is operated at about 62 per cent, and Michigan Central and Canada S, uthern at 69 per cent, of gross earnings. cent, of gross earnings,

New York (ity Bonds.— Comptroller Loew opened proposals for \$600,000 3 per cent city bonds, payable on Nov. 1, 1897, the proceeds to be used for new school houses. These were the awards : Moller & Co., \$400,000 at 101.27; A. M. Hyatt, \$200,000 at 101.56.

New York & New England.—The Connecticut Railroad Commissioners have received the annual returns of the prin-cipal railroads of the State for the year ending September 30, 1887. The New York & New Englano's figures are given below, with the comparison for 1886:

URUSS LAUNIA	0.74		
Dansan an turn out tion	1886.	1887. \$1,386,488	
Passenger transportation Freight transportation	. 2,262,479	2,485,912	
Mails Express	$ 46,658 \\ 93,161 $	46,707 101,727	
Renis	53,467	38,813 158,036	1
Other sources			
Total gross earnings Total operating expenses	2,565,5991	\$4,217,685 2,820,377	1
Net earnings	\$1,298,391	\$1,397,307	
Passengers earried	5,240,906	5,698,794	
Passenger mileage Freight enrried (tons)	2,099,339	66,360,777 2,225,141	
Average mile rate per ton	. 0167	.017	

The surplus over charges and dividends on pref. stock this year was \$128,149, against \$11,160 last year.

New York New Haven & Hartford.—The report of this company to the Connecticut Commissioners (including Air Line, Shore Line and branches) shows these figures :

	1886.	1887.
Gross carnings.	\$7,601,946	\$7,890,209
Passenger carnings		4,319,252
Freight earnings	2,795,240	2,952,361
Operating expenses	4,911,759	5,526,819
Net earnings	2,690,186	2,363,389
Passengers carried	8,267,316	9,361,426
Freight earried (tons)	2.376,195	2,602,157
Average passenger rate	0192	-0177
Average freight rate	.0.2	·0195
¢ 0		

This road declared its usual 10 per cent oividend, and the sur-plus over this was \$203,901, against \$583,239 last year. The de-crease in net ear ings is said to be due to extensive improve-mente, such as four-tracking near the New York end of the road, reduction of grades and curves, abolition of grade cross-ings, new stations, ste ings, new stations, etc.

New York Pennsylvania & Ohio.-President Whitehead has alranged with the voting trustees in London for the issue of the new lean, to make extensive improvements on the road. Work will be commenced at once.

New York Ontario & Western.-Subject to final audit, the accounts for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1887, show the following results:

\$10.00Q Net balance on working of leased lines about #200.600 184.000.

Surplus, available for additional rolling stock, improve-ments and bellerments..... 871.900

New York Stock Exchange,—The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange have decided that ninety-nine 5 per cent gold debenture bonds of the Chicago & North-wealern Railway Company, due 1909, with coupon payable Nov. 1, 1887, attached, are not a good delivery; also, one-hundled and three first mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1920; of the Missouri Pacific Railway, with November, 1887, coupon attached, and 50 terminal mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds of the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company. No cause was assigned for this action.

Northern, N. II.-Business arrangements have been entered into by which the Beston & Maine Railroad is to operate the Northern road for a term of one year on the same terms as if the Hazen bill had beet me a law.

Ohio & Northwestern.—This railroad has completed the change of gauge, and the first regular through train for Ports-mouth start d soon after. The track will be placed in perfect condition as soon as possible, and as econ as the new equip-ment of cars arrives trains will run regularly, and the O. & N. W. will be prepared to handle quickly its increasing passenger-and freight traffic,

Pittsburg & Lake Erle.—The court has ordered a re-argu-ment of the case of Cornelius Vanderbilt against James I. Bernett and others to break what is known as the Pottsburg & Lake Erie Railroad Company's stock trust deed. It al pears that the court is divided in its opinions upon the law of the case, and therefore wants further arguments from counsel. This probably postpones a decision until next year.

Providence & Worcester.—This company's report to the Massachusetts Railread Commission for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1887, and also for the previous year, had the follow-Ing:

	1987.	1850.
Total income	\$1,270,828	\$1,245,711
Total expense (Inc. taxes)	831,850	874.661
NGU Incomie	438.979	371.049
Interest.	80.691	85.713
Dividends declared (912 p c. in'87 & 6 in'86)	262,500	150.000
Surplus for year.	95,786	135.336

Rullroads in New York State.—The returns of the fol-lowing roads for the quarter ending September 30 have been filed at Albany as follows:

med at Anoany as	101101101			
Gross earnings Operating expenses.	-Rome Water 1887. \$973,340 482,234	<i>vn & Ogd.</i> 1886. \$849,580 421,813	-Manhallan 1887. \$1,953,457 1,082,715	Elevaled 1886. \$1,815,634 1,014,642
Net earnings	\$191,106	\$427,765	\$870,742	\$800,992
Other income	7,752	7,114	21,560	17,549
Total net	\$498,858	\$131,879	\$892,308	\$818,541
Charges	267,111	254,377	501,334	483,737
Surplus	\$231,747 -Buff. Roch. 1887.	\$180,502 & Pillsb'g 1886.	\$390,975 -Brooklyn 1887.	\$334,805 Elevated
Gross earnings	\$584,320	\$384,563	\$145,975	\$130,066
Operating expenses.	403,379	257,995	97,056	90,534
Net earnings	\$180,941	\$126,568	\$48.919	\$39,532
Other incomo	14,841	92,000	786	236
Total net	\$195,782	\$218,568	\$19,705	\$39,768
Charges	116,569	108,666	63,769	59,467
Surplus	\$79,213	\$109,902	def.\$14,064	def.\$19,696

tion account.

St. Louis Arkansas & Texas.-The earnings and expenses for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1887, were as follows:

Gross Earnings. July\$190,134	Expenses. \$139,350	Nel Earn's. \$50,784
August	159,564 175,442	61,443 109,736
Total	\$174,356	\$221,964

Scioto Valley.—The case of this read came up on the 15th inst. in the Court of Common Pleas, at Portsmouth, Ohio, and has been referred to a master to prove the bonds, etc., and to report to the Court in April next.

Valley, Va.—The report of this company shows the earnings for the year ended September 30th to be \$122.272, akainst \$125,667 the previous year, and the expenses \$78,903, r gainst \$89,364 the previous year. The net earnings were \$43,368, against \$37,302 in 1885-86. At the election Mr. John A Robb represented the stock of the city of Baltimore, Henry Duvall that of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and William A. Ander-son that of the town of Lexington.

Reports and Poruments.

EAST TENNESSEE VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILWAY CO. FIRST ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1887.

NEW YORK CITY, October 20, 1887.

To the Stockholders of the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Roilwoy Company:

The President and board of directors berewith submit their first annual report of the operations of the property for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887.

On July 1, 1886, the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway Company, organized under the laws of the State of Tennessee, acquired from the purchasers at judicial sale:

First-The title to the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railroad and branches.

Second-A controlling interest in the stock of the Knoxville & Ohio Railroad Company; and,

Third-A controlling interest in the stock of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad Company, the road of which latter company was also operated by the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railroad Company under a twenty years' lease, of which eight years had expired.

Your board immediately gave notice to the Nerfolk & Western, and other connecting railroad companies, that this company was not bound by any traffic or other contracts of the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railroad Company they having been abrogated by foreclosure; and no new contracts have been made by your board with any connecting companies.

EASTERN CONNECTIONS.

The eastern termini of the company's lines at Bristol and Paint Rock giving competitive eastern outlets via the Norfolk & Western and Richmond & Danville railroads, your board adopted the policy, which has since been maintained, of tbrowing open its lines on the same basis to each of its east ern connections. This policy, it is believed, has contributed to the increased volume of business of your company during the year 1887. These eastern outlets being ample and satis. factory, your board has not at any time contemplated extensions into the territory of either the Norfolk & Western or Richmond & Danville companies.

NORTHERN CONNECTIONS.

Your company had also two natural connections to Cincinnati-the Cincinnati Southern and the Kentucky Central railroads; but the latter could not be utilized until the Ohio River bridge from Covington to Cincinnati should be constructed. To secure its early completion this company subscribed, and has since paid, one hundred thousand dollars to the company formed for the building of the bridge, which we are assured will be completed by July 1, 1888; and it is believed that the securities to be received from the construction company on the completion of the bridge will be worth the amount subscribed. In order to shorten the connection with the Cincinnati

In order to shorten the connection with the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, and to develop the company's large and prefitable coal-carrying business, as well as to satisfy the demands of the people of Knoxville for a northwestern out-let, your company decided upon the acquisition and com-pletion of the Walden's Ridge Railroad, extending from Clin-ton, on the Knoxville & Ohio Railroad, to Emory Gap, on the Cincinnati Southern Railroad, including its coal branches, being about fifty miles in length, and caused to be projected and surveyed in its interest an extension of this line from Emory Gap, down the Sequachie Valley to South Pittsburg, and thence up the Tennessee River to Chattanooga. Simul-taneously the Memphis & Charleston Railroad Company resolved to extend its line from Stevenson to South Pittsburg, so that the new line, when constructed from Chattanooga, so that the new line, when constructed from Chattanooga, via South Pittsburg, to Stevenson, would give your company a line under its own control from Chattanooga to Stevenson, a line under its own control from Chattanooga to Stevenson, relieving the Memphis & Charleston from a rental of sixty thousand dollars per annum now paid the Nashville Chatta-nooga & St. Louis Railway Company for trackage over thirty-eight miles between those points, and śccuring a maximum grade of twenty feet per mile, in place of grades of about seventy feet, over which the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway is operated. The entire line from Chattanooga to Stevenson has been surveyed, much of the right of way secured, and preparation has been made to let the work of construction.

construction. As under the laws of the State of Tennessee, the board of directors were authorized to purchase such roads as it deemed to be to the interest of the company, and issue the company's bonds in payment therefor, and secure the same by mortgage; and inasmuch as it would be necessary for the company from time to time to construct various other branches and exten-sions to the new cities and industries growing up in the iron and coal regions of Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama, it was

decided that all bonds issued for such purpose should be of one series secured by a single mortgage. The board theredecided that all bonds issued for such purpose should be of one series, secured by a single mortgage. The board there-fore authorized the execution of a mortgage securing so many of a series of fifty year five per cent gold bonds as from time to time it might be found necessary or advisable to issue for such purposes, not exceeding fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,-000) in accrete amount or twenty thousand dollars such purposes, not exceeding fitteen million dollars (\$15,000,-000) in aggregate amount, or twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) per mile of completed road acquired. Up to this time the issue so authorized has been limited to one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for the acquisition of the Walden's Ridge Railroad and branches.

RELATIONS WITH MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

RELATIONS WITH MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD. The minority stockholders of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad have for some years carried on legal proceedings looking to the abrogation of the lease by which the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway Company operated the Memphis & Charleston Railroad. Inasmuch as the owner-ship by this company of a majority of the Memphis & Char-leston stock made it desirable that the interest of all stock-holders should be promoted in every way possible, your com-pany was satisfied to have a decree entered cance'ling the lease, which was done on April 29, 1887, in the Chancery Court at Memphis, Tennessee; and thereupon the East Ten-nessee Virginia & Georgia Railway Company turned over all the leased railroad and property to the hoard of directors and officers of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad Company, by whom it has since been operated. whom it has since been operated.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER BRIDGE.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER BRIDGE. Previous to the cancellation of the lease, and while the operation of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad was under the control of this company, your board, in the interest of the Memphis & Charleston Company and of the main line of this company, opposed the erection of a bridge over the Mississippi River at Memphis, which opposition has been maintained successfully up to the present. And your board committed itself, in the interest of both companies, to the policy of having substantially a free bridge at Memphis, under the joint management of all railroad companies now or hereafter reach-ing the Mississippi River at that point.

WESTERN EXTENSION.

During the existence of the lease your board also caused to be surveyed an extension of the lines of the Memphis & Char-lestion Railroad from Memphis, by the most direct route to Kansas City; and to a connection west of Memphis with the Missouri Pacific system, and with the lines of the St. Louis Arkansas & Texas Railway Company, and partially acquired

rights of way therefor. Fortunately these lines have been extended to the Missis-sippi River at Memphis, so as to obviate any present necessity of construction west of the Mississippi River.

ALABAMA EXTENSION.

ALABAMA EXTENSION. As your company's lines in Alabama terminate at Selma, one hundred and fifty miles from the Gulf at Mobile, with the branch extending westward to Meridian, Mississippi, it was determined to extend such lines to Mobile, Alabama, from which point trackage, could readily be secured to New Orleans. In February, 1887, the board of directors, under authority of the laws of Alabama, agreed on behalf of this company that it would guarantee an issue of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) per mile of five per centifity year gold bonds on the Mobile & Birmingham Railway Company's road from Mobile to a connection with this company's line near Selma, in con-sideration of the delivery to it of a controlling interest, being a majority of the entire capital of the said Mobile & Birming-ham Railroad. By the assistance thus afforded, the Mobile & Birmingham Company has been enabled to prosecute its work of construction so that it will be able to open its line from its connection with this company's line near Selma to Mobile during the year, and some progress has also been made toward an extension from a point on the Alabama Division near Brierfield, to a connection with the Georgia Pacific Railroad near Birmingham. During the fiscal year a majority of the first preferred stock of this company was acouired by the Richmond & West Pacific

Railroad near Birmingham. During the fiscal year a majority of the first preferred stock of this company was acquired by the Richmond & West Point Terminal Railway & Warehouse Company, and a majority of the board of directors was named by that company. The year's experience has shown that the effect of this change upon the operations of this company is to secure harmonious relations with the entire system of railroad c. ntrolled by that company, including maintenance of rates and the prevention of building extensions by one company into the territory of the other. In all other respects the affairs of the East Ten-nessee Virginia & Georgia Railway Company have been and will be continued to be managed as if no such acquisition had occurred. occurred.

The report of the Vice-President in charge of operation, together with full statistics, are submitted herewith. Respectfully, SAMUEL THOMAS, President.

VICE-PRESIDENT'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1887

NEW YORK, October 10, 1887.

General Samuel Thomas, President: The East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railway Company was incorporated on the 1st day of July, 1886, under the laws of the State of Tennessee, and became the purchaser of the road, property and franchises of the company known under the name of the "East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia Railroad Company.

I respectfully submit the following report of the operations of the read for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887.

MILES OF ROAD OFERATED DURING THE YEAR.	
East Tennessee Division-	Miles.
Main line, Bristol to Chattanooga	242.0
Ooltewah Cut-olf, Ooltewah to Cohutta	11.5
Nerth Carolina Branch, Morristown to Paint Rock	43.5
Alabama Division— Selma Subdivision, Cleveland to Seima	264.0
Meridian Subdivision, Selum to Meridian.	113.0
Georgia Division-	
Atlania Subdivision, Romo to Macon	158.5
Brunswick Subdivision, Macon to Brunswick.	190.0
Hawkinsville Branch, Cochran to Hawkinsville	10.0

Hawkinsville Branch, Cochran to Hawkinsville.....

This mileage includes 17.6 miles of the Atlanta Subdivision from Austell to Atlanta, owned jointly with the Georgia Pa-cific Railway Company, and also 18 miles from Lauderdale to Meridian, the property of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Com-pany, over which this company runs its trains under a con-tract with the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES

The earnings for the year ending June 30, 1887, have been :
From passengers
From express
From mail
And the expenses : \$4,368,180 74
For conducting transportation
For maintenance of ears 917 163 13

For maintenance of way. For general expenses.	788,944 69 199,802 29 2,901,228 57	l
	Bran and a state of the state o	L
Leaving net earnings	\$1,466,952 17.	ł
Deduct taxes	112,463 15	l

\$1.354.489 02

The gross earnings were \$4,230 68 per mile of road operated. The operating expenses, exclusive of taxes, were 66 42-100 per cent of the gross earnings, and the net earnings \$1,420 77 per mile of road

per mile of road. The o * ners of the road have reason to be satisfied with the result of the first year's operation; the gross earnings show an increase of \$590,899 52, equal to 15 6-10 per cent as com-pared with the gross earnings of the preceding year, when the same mileage of road was operated by a receiver The large increase in operating expenses is due to the in-creased train and car mileage, and to the fact that extraor-dinary expenses for maintenance of way and equipment, aggregating \$212,621 49, have been charged to operating ex-penses.

penses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION. BONDED DEBT.

The Auditor's condensed balance sheet and statement of the bon ied debt, her: to appended, show the company's financial condition on the 20th day of June, 1887.

TRAFFIC.

There were transported over the road during the year 830,-196 passengers and 1,946,980 tons of freight. The mileage of passengers was 42,765,468 and of freight 294,677,561.

The average revenue per passenger per mile was 02 54-100 cents, and of freight per ton per mile 01 03-100 cents. Both the local and through freight business show a large

increase.

The local tonnage increased about 261/2 per cent over the business of the preceding year. The principal increase was in coal, coke, pig iron, lumber, marble, rosin, turpe_tine and

coal, coke, pig fron, function, markey, form, for a grain. It will be seen from the Auditor's statement of classified tonnage that there was transported during the year 561,721 tons of coal and coke; 250,758 tons of lumber; 32,307 tons of pig iron. bloom and scrap; 78,275 tons of ore; 82,731 tons of grain; 42,188 tons of flour; 46,200 tons of rosin and turpentine, and 29,771 tons of marble. The great resources of the country traversed by the road, and the fast that capital and labor are now actively engaged in their development, warrant the belief that the traffic will in the near future show a further increase. PHYSICAL CONDITION. IMPROVEMENT.

in the near future show a further increase. PHYSICAL CONDITION. IMPROVEMENT. At the time the company purchased the road it was known that large expenditures would be necessary to put it in proper condition for the efficient and economical conduct of its busi-ness. A fund was therefore created to partially provide for the expenditures for construction and betterments, in order that the net revenue of the road might not be burdened so heavily as to prevent the payment of such dividends as the stockholders might reasonably expect. There has been expended during the year, in addition to the betterments charge I to operating expenses, for construction, \$414,590 09, and for equipment, \$374,773 32. TRACK.

TRACK

bout 5,993 tons of new steel rails have been put in the main

About 5,953 tons of new steel rails have been put in the main line during the year. At the close of the fiscal year there was on the main line 792 miles 940 feet of steel rails, 144 miles 4,256 feet of iron fish-bars and 77 miles 84 feet of old iron chair rail. About 318 miles of the main line were fully and 17 miles partially ballasted.

38

SIDINOS.

Eightsen mlles 1,989 feet of new sidings bave been built during the year. The total length of side-track at the close of the year was 151 miles 4,589 feet.

ERIDGES, VIADUCTS.

6,061 cubic yards of bridge and culvert masonry have been built during the year. It will be seen from the General Superintendent's report that 3,322 linear feet of old wooden bridges have been replaced by new iron structures, and that 4,970 linear feeot f wooden bridges and trestles have been rebuilt in wood. The Ten-nessee River at Strawberry Plains and Loudon is now spanned by iron bridges. An iron viaduct, 780 feet long, has been built at Raccoon Valley on the Georgia Division, and some work has been done in filling in some of the numerous tres-tles on the Georgia Division of the road. This work should be continued and pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

BUILDINGS AND YARDS.

The large new freight depot at Atlanta has been completed and a new and commodious passenger depot has been built at Macon. New passenger and freight houses have been built at Alpha, Mascot, Randolph and McRae. A new freight depot is under construction at Macon. The new freight yard at is under construction at Macon. The new freight yard at Chattanooga has been completed, and ground has been pur-chased at Atlanta to enlarge the terminal facilities at that point. The Atkin House at Knoxville has been purchased with a view of converting it into a passenger depot. The large increase in the business of Knoxville has rendered nec-essary the construction of a new passenger depot and an addi-tional freight depot. Passenger and freight houses are needed at Cave Spring, Childersburg and Cross Plains; also a passenger house at Johnson City. The shops at Atlanta should be com-pleted, and suitable engine-houses should be erected at Chattanooga, Rome and Macon.

EQUIPMENT.

EQUIPMENT. Five passenger and four switching-engines have been added to the motive power during the year, and 24 consolidation engines are uncer contract, to be delivered during the present calendar year. At the close of the fiscal year the company owned 156 locomotives, of which 20 need heavy repairs to render them serviceable. Five passenger coaches, 1 baggage and express, 165 box, 600 coal and 100 flat cars, have been purchased during the year. At the close of the year the company owned 4 sleeping cars, 73 box ears, 2 officers' cars, 31 mail, baggage, express and postal cars, 4,627 freight cars and 110 maintenance of way cars.

cars.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The company owns a majority of the stock of the Knoxville & Ohio Railroad Company, which company owns and oper-ates a road 65 miles long, running from Knoxville in a north-erly direction to Jellico, where it connects with the Louis-ville and Nashville system of roads. The extensive coal mines which are located on the line of this road at Coal Creek, and near Newcomb and Jellico, furnish the company with a good cheap fuel, and with a large amount of tonnage. Large dep-osits of iron ores are also found on the line of the road, but so

cheap fuel, and with a large amount of tonnage. Large dep-osits of iron ores are also found on the line of the road, but so far no effort has been made to work them. This company also owns a majority of the stock of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad Company, whose road it oper-ated under a lease contract until the 29th of April, 1887, when the Chancery Court of Tennessee dissolved said lease, and the road and property were delivered to the Memphis & Charles-ton Railway Company. A large percentage of the traffic of the Southern rail-roads is competitive with water lines, either directly or indirectly; and the rates on such traffic are therefore not under the control of the managers of such rail-ways. When the Inter-State Commerce Law went into effect it was feared that the fourth, or so-called "long-and-short-haul" section of the law, would be so con-strued as to practically prohibit the railroads from competing with the water lines. The enforcement of the law in accord-ance with this construction would have ruined a large num-ber of the railroads of the South, and would have produced widespread commercial disaster in that section of the coun-try. Happily these disasters have so far been averted by a rational construction and a wise administration of the law on the part of the able Inter-State Commerce Commissioners. A new co-operative fast freight line has been established and is now in successful operation in connection with the

A new co-operative fast freight line has been established and is now in successful operation in connection with the Richmond & Danville system of roads, for the transportation of freight between eastern cities via West Point, Paint Rock, and points accessible by means of the company's road and its connections.

connections. Since the close of the fiseal year the earnings of the road have steadily increased. For July, August and September, the gross earnings from all sources show an increase of \$260,-777 (September earnings estimated), equal to 24 4-10 per cent, as compared with the earnings for the same period of last year; a gratifying evidence of the steady and healthy devel-ment of the resources of the country which is tributary to this important system of roads. The officers, accurts and employees of the company have

The officers, agents and employees of the company have performed their respective duties faithfully and efficiently. Respectfully submitted. HENRY FINK, Vice-President.

The balance sheet of the company on June 30, 1887, was as follows

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET EAST TENNESSEE VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RALWAY CO., JUNE 30, 1887, \$71 187 643 22

Cost of road and equipment account	\$11,187,043 22	
Construction and equipment account	789,363 91	. 1
Supply store, Selma (stock on hand) \$4,700 31		
Old rails on hand		
New steel rails on hand 1,300 50		ſ
Coal on hand		
Cross ties on hand 29,273 17		
Stock of material	- 375,210 63	1
Stock of material		1
Knoxville & Ohio RR. slock		1
Kentucky Central RR. stock 51,000 00		•
Covington & Cincinnati Bridge Co. stock 100,000 09		
Telegraph Company stock 1,750 00		
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. R'way consol. bonds 900,460 00		
Bonds State of Tennessee 2,000 00	1	1.
Memphls City bonds 1,000 00		1
First prof. stock East Tenn, Va. & Ga. Rv. 178,915 67		
	5,008,650 67	
Mobile & Birmingham RR	50.473 27	
Suspended claims for account and h/D	7,856 48	
	2,525 63	
City lots	2,020 00	
Cash on hand 168,175 28 " on deposit Central Trust Co., N. Y 7,343 04		1
" on deposit Central Trust Co., N. Y 7,343 04		ļ
" " Chase National Bank 287,500 00		
Cash on deposit with Central Trust Co., N.		ŀ
Y., to pay conpons		
Cash on deposit with Central Trust Co., N.		
Y., old account, to pay conpons		1
Billis receivable		L
Bills receivable		1
" agents and other companies 250,838 66	- 1,536,401 90	
	\$78,958,125 71	۴.
'Capital stock-Common		1
" First preferred 11,000,000 00		
First preferred 11,000,000 00 Second preferred 18,500,000 00		1
	1\$57,000,000 00	٢,
New consol, 5 % gold bonds \$20,000,000	1407,000,000 00	2
Long Don with Cont In Co. 7 920,000		
Less Dep. with Cent. Tr. Co 7,230,000 \$12,770,000 00		Ľ
		Ľ
First mortgage 7 per eent bonds 3,123,000 00		ł
First mortgage 5 per cent bonds 3,106,000 00	,	Ł
First mortgage 6 per cent honds of Ala-		L
bama Central RR 1,000,000 00	,	Ŀ
Last Tenn. & Ga. RR. Co. 6 % bonds-		L
past due 1,000 00		1
	- 20,000,000 00	. 1
Bills payable \$149,377 03	3	Ł
Bills payable	3	Ľ
Duc on pay-rous prior to Julio L, 1887 10.074.04	Ŀ	E
Due Knoxville & Ohio RR 22.544 38	3	Ł
	- 531.226 61	
Coupens due July 1, 1887, and prior thereto	836,881.66	1
Profit and loss	12,763.88	1
Due agents and other companies	54,744 91	1
Due agents and other companies Surplus account	522,508 65	1
	044,000 00	1
	\$78,958,125 71	1
	410,000,120 /1	F

WHITEBREAST FUEL COMPANY.

APPLICATION TO THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. NEW YORK, July 10, 1887.

The Whitebreast Coal Mining Company was organized under the laws of the State of Iowa January 16, 1876, and re-incorporated as the Whitebreast Coal Company April 30, 1886. On the 20th of June, 1887, the Whitebreast Fuel Company was incorported under the laws of the State of Iowa, for the purpose of purchasing the business, property and assets of the Whitebreast Coal Company; the purchase was made and transfer completed July 2, 1887, on which date the Whitebreast Fuel Company actively commenced business.

The authorized capital stock of the company is \$2,000,000, of which \$1,300,000 has been issued and paid for. The par value of each share is \$100.

The officers of the company are :

C. Osgood, . J. C. Oszood, President. C. M. Schenck, Secretary. Wm. Fellowes Morgan, V.-Pres. J. Bryant Lindley, Treas.

J. C. Osgood, William McNett, D. Percy Morgan, C. M. Schenck, Wm. Fellowes Morgan, Heyward G. Leavitt, T. C. Mauro, J. Bryant Lindley, Charles H. Parmelee. Registrar: Mercantile Trust Company, New York. Transfer Agents: William Fellowes Morgan & Co., 80 Broud-way, New York. The bonded indebtedness of the company is \$50,000 five-year 6 per cent bonds and \$150,000 five-year 7 per cent honds; total, \$200,000.

total, \$200,000. The general office of the company is at Ottumwa, Iowa. The company controls 3,866 acres of coal lands, of which 2,836 acres are owned in fee simple and 980 acres are held under a perpetual lease. Of the foregoing lands 3,022 acres are at Cleveland, Lucas County, Iowa; 454 acres at Marys-ville, Marion County, Iowa; and 350 acres at Swan, Marion County, Iowa. These lands are all on the line of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad. The company has three shafts (two at Cleveland and one at

The company has three shafts (two at Cleveland and one at Swan), fully equipped, and having an actual daily capacity of 2,500 tons. The company employs an average of 1,250 men.

The company employs an average of 1,250 men. The coal ranks as the best coal in the State for steam and domestic purposes. The veins are from 4½ to 7 feet in thick-ness. The Cleveland mines are nearer to all the markets sup-plied than any others with which they come in competition. In a report on the property made June 7. 1887, Prof. J. S. Newberry, of School of Mines, Columbia College, New York, fays:

"I regard the lands owned and controlled by the White-breast Coal Company as the most valuable group of coal prop-erties known to me. From their geographical position with reference to the railroads, and the great coalless areas in Eastern Kansas and Nebraska now so rapidly filling with population, they must enhance in value from year to year; and the excellence and accessibility of the coal are such that the demand for it will be sure to be maintained, and will probably be largely increased. I may also say that I know of no coal enterprise in the whole country more systematically or economically managed. The books of the company show what the profits of the company have been, and it is not too much to say that if the present system of management shall be maintained, the mines may be depended upon to yield a net revenue of from one hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars per annum for many years." The company has a market for its coal throughout Central and Western Iowa, Nebraska and Northern Missouri, and has favorable contracts for the entire fuel supply of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad between Chariton, Iowa, and Hastings, Nebraska; and of the Union Pacific Railroad from-Council Bluffs, Iowa, to North Platte, Nebraska. \$300,000 has been expended in permanent improvements, buildings, machinery, etc."

\$300,000 has been expended in permanent improvements, buildings, machinery, etc.' The lands of the company have been carefully prospected with diamond core drills, and are known to contain not less than twenty million tons of merchantable coal. The com-pany has secured options on 3.400 acres of adjoining lands at Cleveland, which are now being_prospected with a view to their surpluse.

Cleveland, which are not contact to the transfer of the purchase. The business from its inception has been successful and profitable. The net profits, after paying all charges, have been as follows for the past four years: \$56,253 39

h	bix montus chung April 00, 1004
I	Year ending April 30, 1885 124,891 20
I	Year ending April 30 1886 1971.16 55
I	Year ending April 30, 1887
	The company is not able at present to fully supply the de-
I	Find the provide the provide the start of th

The company is not able at present to fully supply the de-mand for coal, which has been steadily increasing, and has already commenced to sink and equip an additional shaft, which will increase the daily output 1,000 tons, and corre-spondingly increase the profits. It is believed that the business can with certainty be de-pended upon to justify the payment of quarterly dividends of one and three-quarters per cent on the stock issued, and allow an annual sinking fund of from thirty to fifty thousand dol-lars for the purpose of paying the bonded indebtedness and for the purchase of additional lands and the opening and ecuipping of new mines.

equipping of new mines. The company owns stock in the following auxiliary com-panies: Colorado Fuel Company of Denver, Colorado, \$75,-000; Whitebreast Coal & Lime Company of Lincoln, Ne-000; Whitebrea braska, \$23,100.

The company proposes to issue \$200,000 of the capital stock in addition to the \$1,300,000 already issued, making the total issue \$1,500,000. The proceeds of the sale of the \$200,000 additional stock will go into the company's treasury for the purpose of buying additional lands and opening and equipping new mines

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, JULY 2, 1887.

Assets.		Liobilities.				
Rcal estate \$1,110,746	27	Capital stock (iss'd). \$1	300,000 00			
Mines and equipm't. 282,832	22	Sinking fund	25,800 00			
Mine supplies 27,931	14	Bonds	200,000 00			
Uncollected ace'nts		Current acco'ts and				
(good)		vouchers	4,979 26			
Cash 6,411		Whitebreast Coal &				
Bilis receivable 1,403		Lime Co	3,542 04			
Colorado Fuel Co.s'k 75,000	00					
Whitebreast Coal &						
Lime Co. stock 23,100	00					
Madei (D1 FOL 001			201 001 00			
Totai \$1,534,321			,534,321 30			
	J.	C. OSGOOD,				
Presid		Whitebreast Fuel Co	mpany.			
Application is hereby n	ade	e to have listed u	pon your			
Exchange the \$1,500,000 of the capital stock of this company						

J. C. OSGOOD, President Whitebreast Fuel Company.

The committee recommended that \$1.300,000 of the above-described capital stock be admitted to the regular list. Adopted by the Governing Committee, Nov. 9, 1887.

NEW YORK CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO.

APPLICATION TO THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24, 1987.

The property and franchises of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company were sold under a decree of foreclosure and sale in the suit of the Union Trust Company of New York, et al., against the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, et al., in the Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Cuyahoga, Ohio, and were purchased by a Purchasing Committee appointed by and acting under the Agreement of Purchase and Reorganization of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, dated February 4, 1887; and said Purchasing Committee caused corporations to be formed in each of the States through which said railway passed, namely, the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio,

Indiana and Illinois, for the purpose of owning and operating the several portions of said railway lying respectively in the States aforesaid.

The New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company was incorporated under the laws of New York with a capital stock of \$4,500,000, composed of 7,500 shares first preferred, 16,500 shares second preferred and 21,000 shares common stock. The Erie & State Lino Railroad Company was incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of \$3,000,000. composed of 5,000 shares first preferred, 11,000 shares second preferred and 14,000 shares common stock. The Cleveland & State Line Railroad Company was incorporated under the laws of Ohlo with a capital stock of \$13,950,000, composed of 22,500 shares first preferred, 52,000 shares second preferred and 65,000 shares common stock. The Fort Wayne & Illinois

22,500 shares first preferred, 52,000 shares second preferred and 65,000 shares common stock. The Fort Wayne & Illinois Railroad Company was incorporated under the laws of Indiana with a capital stock of \$3,550,000, composed of 15,000 shares first preferred, 30,500 shares second preferred and 40,000 shares common stock. The Chicago & State Line Railroad Company was incorporated under the laws of Illinois with a capital stock of \$1,500,000, composed of 2,500 shares first pre-ferred, 5,500 shares second preferred and 7,000 shares com-mon stock. The stock of each of the aforesaid corporations was issued in part payment for that portion of the said rail-way conveyed to it by the Purchasing Committee aforesaid. The New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company and the Erie & State Line Railroad Company, having a capi-tal stock of \$7,500,000, composed of 12,500 shares first pre-ferred, 27,500 shares second preferred and 35,000 shares for pre-ferred and common of the constituent companies being ex-changed for one share of stock, first preferred, second pre-ferred and common of the constituent companies being ex-changed for one share of stock of corresponding preference of the consolidated company. The New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, were then consoli-dated into one corporation under the name of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company and the Fort Wayne & Illinois Railroad Company, were then consoli-dated into one corporation under the name of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, were then consoli-dated into one corporation under the name of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, having a capital stock of \$30,000,000, composed of 50,000 shares first preferred, 110,-000 shares second preferred and 140,000 shares common stock, each share of stock first preferred, second preferred and com-mon of the constituent companies being exchanged for one share of stock of corresponding preference of the consolidated company. company.

company. The railroad of the Chicago & State Line Railroad Company has been leased in perpetuity to the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, the capital stock of the said Chicago & State Line Railroad Company being held by the Central Trust Company, of New York, as Trustee under the Mortgage of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, dated October 1st, 1887, for the further security of the bonds issued thereunder executing sufficient shares to consist. issued thereunder, excepting sufficient shares to qualify directors.

The consolidated New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company took possession of its property and went into opera-tion on the first day of October, 1887. The proceedings in foreclosure under which the property

The proceedings in foreclosure under which the property of this Company was purchased were in all respects regular and legal, and all parties in interest were before the Court. Upon this question this Company herewith submits the cer-tificate of Messrs. Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, of counsel for the Purchasing Committee and for the Central Trust Com-pany, of New York, in said foreclosure proceeding. The New York Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company hereby applies for the listing upon your exchange of the fol-lowing stocks and bonds:

lowing stocks and bonds; First—Its \$5,000,000 first preferred stock, divided into 50,000 shares of \$100 each, entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of not more than 5 per cent per annum, after payment of fixed charges.

Second—Its \$11,000,000 of second preferred stock, divided into 110,000 shares of \$100 each, entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of not more than 5 per cent per annum, after pay-ment of fixed charges and the dividend on said first preferred

Third—Its \$14,000,000 of common stock, divided into 140-, 000 shares of \$100 each, entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of not more than 5 per cent per annum, after payment of the fixed charges and said dividend on the first and second preferred stock.

If there shall be any net earnings in any year after the pay-ments above provided for, they shall be applicable to pay-ment of dividend on all the stock, first preferred, second preferred and common, without discrimination between classes of stock

Fourth—Its total issue of \$20,000,000 of first mortgage bonds, said total issue being 20,000 bonds Nos. 1 to 20,000 inclusive, \$1,000 each, dated October 1, 1887, maturing Octo-ber 1, 1937, and bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, payable on the first days of April and October in each year, evidenced by coupons maturing April 1, 1888, and each subsequent April 1 and October 1, until the maturity of the said bonds said bonds.

Fifth-Registered bonds of said issue, being the said bonds the coupons from which have been detached as provided in Article 13 of the Trust Deed.

RONICLE. 677
The foregoing constitute the entire lien of every kind u pone the lines and property of the company. Trust Company of New York, trusteee, under date of O ct. 1, 1887, conveying to said trustee the estate and property, real, personal and mixed, and all fixtures, rights, privileges, franchises, easements, rights under leases, terms and protects, real, personal and mixed, and all fixtures rights, privileges, franchises, easements, rights under leases, terms and protects of all and every kind held and owned or occupied by or belonging to the said party of the first part, including all and singular the lines of ralkroad of the said party of the first part, from Buffalo, in Erfo County, New York, and thence about five hundred and twenty four miles through Erie and Chautauqua counties, in the State of New York, and through the City and Chautauqua counties, for the State of New York, and into and through the City and County of Erlo, in the State of Peansylvania, and into and through the City of Cleveland—Lorain, Erie, Huron, Sandusky, Seneca, Hancock, Putnam and Paulding, in the State of Ohio, and into and through the County of Allen, passing through the City of Fort Wayne, and into and through the Extens of Indiana and Illinois, as the same now exists, to setter with all additional second or third track, branches or of the first part; and also all the right, title and interest of the party of the first part in and to the railroad and properties of the Chicago & State Line Railroad Company, extending from said last mentioned point on the boundary line between the States of Indiana and Illinois, through the Chicago & State Line Railroad Company, extending from said last mentioned point on the boundary line between the States of Indiana and Illinois, through the County of an extension and through the City of Chicago, under the terms of an agreement in tho nature of a perpetual lease, dated September 1, 1887, by and between the said The Chicago & State Line Railroad Company and the Fort Wayne & Illinois Ra copies of which are presented herewith and to which refer-ence is made.

A sinking fund of \$100,000 per annum is to be provided for, to be used for the purchase of such bonds at not more than 102 per cent and accrued interest, and the cancellation of the

102 per cent and accrued interest, and the cancellation of the bonds so purchased; but in any year, when, after advertise-ment, such bonds cannot be purchased for 102 per cent and accrued interest, or in any year when the company shall not have earned at least \$900,000 over operating expenses, such sinking fund shall not be provided; said sinking fund isto be the first fixed charge in each year after payment of the inter-est on all the outstanding first mortgage bonds. The bonds and stocks of this company, the listing of which is herein applied for, are all issued and outstanding, having been transferred and delivered by this company to the pur-chasers of said railroad, property and franchises, in con-sideration of the conveyance of said property and franchises by said purchasers to this company, in accordance with the terms of Article 5 of the agreement of February 4, 1887, for the purchase and reorganization of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railway, a copy of which is furnished with this application.

NEW YORK CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.

LIABILITIES:	
1st mortgage bonds	. \$20,000,000
1st preferred stock.	5 000 000
zu preierreu stoek	. 11.000.000
Common stock	. 14,000,000
Total	\$50.000.000
Common stock Total	. 14,000,000

Statement of earnings and expenses of the Railway, now the property of this Company, for eight months ending Aug. 31, 1887:

	Operating						
	Gross	Expenses and	Net				
1887.	Earnings.	Taxes.	Farnings.				
January	\$416,021 03	\$267,935 10	\$148,082 93				
February	374,945 38	278,340 87	96.604 51				
March	480,826 08	289.154 78	191.671 30				
April	308,117 66	275,994 99	32,122 67				
May	303,743 11	252,046 50	51.696 61				
June	337,107 73	272.710 95	64.396 78				
July	352,961 41	289,962 75	62,998 66				
August	387,878 05	308,547 03	79.331 02				
			TOJOOL OL				
Total 8 months 1887	\$2,961,600 45	\$2,234,695 97	\$726,904 48				
Same period in 1886	2,326,805 85	1,658,291 49	668,514 36				
		-,	000,01100				
Increase in 1887	\$634,794 60	\$576,404 48	\$58.390 12				

Much of the increase in expenses is the result of improvements in the roadway, the cost of which has been charged to

operating expenses. Specimen copies of the certificates of first preferred, second preferred and common stocks, and a copy of the bond with a certified copy of the Deed of Trust are filed herewith. Very respectfully, NEW YORK CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO.

By ALLYN COX, Secretary.

The committee recommended that the above-described \$5,000,-The committee recommended that the above-described \$5,000,-000 first preferred stock, \$11,000,000 second preferred stock, \$14,000,000 common stock, \$20,000,000 first mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds of 1937, and registered bonds into which same may be converted, be admitted to the regular list, and also that the securities of the New York Chicago & St. Louis Railw y Company be stricken from the list on November 19th, 1887.

Adopted by the Governing Committee, Nov. 9, 1897.

The Commercial Times.

CONMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Nov. 18, 1887.

The feature of business for the week under review is the active speculation and the rise in values of leading food staples. There has also been an important advance in coal. These are necessaries of life, and their increased price means an enhanced cost of iliving, as well as a better return to the provers of cereals. In cotton, on the contrary, part of the recent improvement has been lost. But whether prices have advanced or declined, speculation has been brisk, wheat showing at times great excitement, stimulated by foreign advices which encouraged the movement. General trade is very good for the sesson, but it is usually quiet as the end of the year approacher.

The speculation in lard for future delivery was comparatively quiet until Wechesday, when in sympathy with the advance in corn a brisk "buill" movement set in which was maintained with increased force on Thursday. To-day the market opened easier, but quickly rallied and made a further advance. Lard on the spot has moved rather sluggishly in sympathy with the sp culation in futures, and closes dull and irregular at 7c. for prime city, 7:30c. for prime Western, 7:25@7 30c. for refined to the Continent and 7:60@7:65c. for South America.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

Saturd'y	. Mond'y	Tuesd'y.	Wednsd'y.	Thursd'y.	Friday
Novemb'r delivery. 6.95	6.96	6.97	7.05	7.15	7.30
Decemb'r delivery. 6.80	6.84	6.86	6.96	7.04	7.16
January delivery. 6.85	6.90	6.90	7.01	7.09	7.22
February deliv'y 6.91	6.96	6.96	7.07	7.15	7.27
March delivery 6.97	7.02	7.01	7.13	7.21	7.33
April delivery 7.04	7.08	7.07	7.18	7.27	7.40
May delivery 7'10	7.15	7.14	7.25	7.33	7.47

Pork is decidedly higher, closing firm and quite active in sympathy with Western advices. Old mcss, \$14; new do., \$14 75@\$15; prime, \$12 50, and clear, \$15 75@\$17 25. Cut. meats are rather firmer; pickled bellies, $73_{4}@75_{2}c.$; shoulders, $63_{4}c.$, and hams. $91_{4}@95_{2}c.$; smoked shoulders, $71_{4}@71_{2}c.$, and hams, $101_{4}@101_{2}c.$ Beef and beef hams are held higher, tut remain nominal. Tallow firmer at $43_{5}@4$ 7-16c. Stearine is quiet at $71_{2}@73_{4}c.$ Oleomargarine is quoted at $57_{6}@6c.$ Butter is in better demand at 20@28c. for creamery. Cheese is steady; State factory, full cream, $93_{4}@113_{4}c.$, and skims, $3@81_{2}c.$

The speculation in Rio coffee has not been active. Prices were unsettled early in the week, but have latterly gained s'rength on a better demand from the regular trade. To-day, however, an early advance was more than lost in the later dealings, cl sing with sellers at 15 90c. for November and December, 15 60c. for January, 15 45c. for February, down to 14 50c. for September; and for December, 1888, the closing sales were at 14 35@14 40c. Coffee on the spot is firmly held, closing with fair cargoes Rio quoted at 18¼@183%c., with a good business doing. Raw sugars are firm but quiet at 5 3-16c. for fair refining Cuba, and 6c. for centrifugal, 96 degrees test. Refined sugars are less active. In molasses there were sales this werk of 20,000 hhds. Cuba, for January to May shipment, at about 24c. here for 50 degrees test.

Kertucky tobecco was more active. The sales for the week are 550 hhds, of which 400 for export. Prices are unchanged. Seed haf tobacco has been more active, the sales for the week aggregating 1,808 cases, as follows: 400 cases 1881-85 crops, Pennsylvania, 9@14½c.; 300 cases 1886 crop, Pennsylvania, 10@11c.; 408 cases 1886 crop, Wisconsin Havana, 6@11c.; 150 cases 1886 crop, Dutch, 9@11c.; 150 cases 1886 crop, New England, 13@16c.; 100 cases 1886 crop, New England Havana, 13 @\$5c.; 150 cases 1886 crop, State Havana, 9@16c., and 150 cases sundries, 7@28c.; also 400 bales Havana, 60c.@\$1 05, and 250 bales Sumatra, \$1 40@\$1 75.

Spirits turpentine is dearer, but closes quiet at $37\frac{1}{2}$ c. Rosins are easier at \$1 05@1 15 for common to good strained. Tar is dull at \$2@2 05. Crude petroleum certificates were unsettled, and to day closed easier at $74\frac{1}{2}$ @74 $\frac{5}{2}$ c. Wells news show moderate production and the bears are cautious. Wool has met with a good demand at full prices. Hops are dull.

The speculation in copper has been fairly active, and latterly prices have shown a hardening tandency. The sales to-day were 625,060 lbs. at 12:35c. for November, 12:50c. for Decemher snd 12 60c. for January. Block tin sold to-day at 23% 29c. for February. held at 31c. on the spot. The iron markets are depressed and unsettled. COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., Nov. 18, 1887.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Nov. 18), the total receipts have reached 284,816 bales, against 301,600 bales last week, 289,174 bales the previous week and 294,434 bales three weeks since, making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1887, 2,625,161 bales, against 2,157,612 bales for the same period of 1886, showing an increase since September 1, 1887, of 467,549 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	5,357	12,477	8,148	6,423	5,648	4,984	42,937
Iudianela, &c.							
New Orleans	11,686	20,345	16,309	16,873	9,819	14,692	89,724
Mobile	2,420	2,347	3,079	1,203	2,117	1,779	12,945
Florida						985	985
Savannah	6,224	7,185	6,800	7,388	6,549	6,929	41,075
Brunsw'k, &c.						1,560	1,560
Charleston	1,676	4,134	3,891	4,236	3,258	3,434	20,629
Port Royal, &o						953	953
Wilmington	2,537	2,375	1,661	1,700	831	2,800	11,904
Moreh'd C., &c						326	326
Nerfelk	2,318	5,682	5,743	4,961	4,856	4,530	28,090
West Point, &c	4,262	3,542	4,973	4,601	747	10,326	28,451
New York			442		25	12	479
Boston	460	297	285	724	802	577	3,145
Baltimere						827	827
Phlladelphia,&c	131	34	204	207	100	110	786

Totals this week 37,071 58,418 51,535 48,316 34,752 54,724 284,810 For comparison we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since September 1, 1887, and the stock to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.

iabe j'ear.									
	18	387.	1	886.	Sto	ck.			
Receipts to Nov. 18.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1887.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1886.	· 1887.	1886			
Galveston	42,937	394,487	36,189	366,520	99,238	83,544			
Ind'nola,&c									
New Orlcans.	89,724	735,633	74,813	555,799	291,322	256,308			
Mobile	12,945	97,168	9,126	76,409	21,863	25,958			
Florida	985	10,918	1,037	9,364					
Savannalı	41,075	518,801	45,604	437,411	108,666	142,136			
Brunsw., &c	1,560	13,395	1,970	12,589					
Charlesten	20,629	248,271	15,951	219,802	54,193	79,455			
P.Royal, &c	953	7,220	1,674	9,898	2,286	4,961			
Wilmlngton .	11,904	110,486	7,941	74,533	27,044	27,938			
M'eh'd C.&c	326	2,314	186	1,600					
Norfolk	28,090	226,147	44,425	237,555	53,198	55,043			
W.Point, &c	28,451	228,701	19,072	104,629	6,502	******			
New York	479	2,214	3,643	21,080	81,222	152,887			
Boston	3,145	21,410	2,757	11,843	12,000	8,500			
Baltimore	827	2,717	1,303	6,695	7,378	11,175			
Phil'del'a, &c	786	5,279	2,905	11,885	2,674	16,420			

give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons. Receipts at - 1887. 1886. 1885. 1884. 1883. 1882. Galvest'n. & 42.937 36.189 34.699 22.328 28.396 32.000

Galvest'n, &c	42,937	36,189	34,699	22,328	28,396	32,006
New Orleans.	89,724	74,813	102,771	75,869	77,675	65,760
Mebile	12,945	9,126	9,697	11,386	13,364	11,191
8avannah	41,075	45,604	38,108	36,093	28,469	33,837
Charlest'n,&e	21,582	17,625	29,933	33,302	16,378	25,973
Wilm'gt'n, &c	12,230	8,127	4,317	6,244	5,693	8,189
Norfelk	28,090	44,425	28,660	41,270	31,245	40,579
Wt Point, &e	28,451	19,072	13,102	22,988	8,329	9,923
All others	7,782	13,615	9,134	9,294	12,961	14,711
Tot. this week	284,816	000 500	070 401	OFD FEA	000 510	040 100
TOP. PHIS WGER	405,810	268,596	270,421	258,774	222,510	242,169

Since Sept. 1. 2625,161 2157,612 2165,357 2220,759 2198,099 2187,240 Galveston includes Indianola: Charleston helides Port Baral &

Galveston includes Indianola; Charleston Includes Port Royal, &c.; Wilmington includes Moreh'd City, &c.; West Point includes City Point, &c. The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 195,877 bales, of which 102,023 were to Great Britain, 12,776 to France and 81,078 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1887.

Exporte	We	k Hndi Export		18.	From Sept. 1, 1867, to Nov. 18, 1817 Reported to-				
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Const. nent.	Total Wesk.	Great Britain.	Pranes	Oonti- nent.	Total.	
delvaston	\$1,792		8,327	80,119	116,900	1,400	\$5,632	155.393	
Naw Orleans	20,418	4,005	33,860	63,283	172,252	98,837	163,125	484,214	
Mobile	7,277			7,277	14,520			14,520	
Ficrida		,				-			
Savannah	9,512		19,015	28,525.	67,186	10,280	156,581	2:13,997	
Charleston	4,339	6,119	4,948	15,400	\$6,435	16,689	67,890	141,020	
Wilmington	9,184			3,184	49,511	2,300	22,145	67,957	
Norfelk	5,710			5,710	91,470			B1,470	
West Point, &c	13,440			12,440	59,095			59,025	
New York	11,968	2,658	6,978	21,602	168,184	12,502	73,668	257,408	
Boston	1,091		196	1,287	47,064		1 139	48,203	
Galtimore	803		1,958	2.875	21,073		9,585	31,295	
Philadolp's, 40	S,402		770	4,173	19,578		7,170	26,755	
Total	102,023	12,776	\$1,078	193 877	853,099	142,018	561,078	1,561,189	
Total 1883	81,816	6,529	20,530	118 6:5	276 086	128,199	\$24.404	1,129,279	

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also giv us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared' at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 24 Beaver Street.

	01	for	Feenlag			
Nor. 18, AT-	Great Britain,	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans Mobile Charleston Savanmah Galveston Norfolk Other ports	$\begin{array}{r} 31,079\\ 4,000\\ 4,400\\ 7,200\\ 17,185\\ 26,000\\ 5,500\\ 13,000 \end{array}$	38,977 None, 2,800 None, None, None, None, None,	21,333 None, 8,100 3,500 3,092 None, 6,600 5,000	3,345 2,000 1,900 3,300 16,010 5,000 None, Noue,	$\begin{array}{r} 97,731\\ 6,000\\ 17,200\\ 14,000\\ 36,287\\ 31,000\\ 12,100\\ 12,100\\ 18,000 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 193,588\\ 15,863\\ 36,993\\ 94,666\\ 62,951\\ 22,198\\ 69,122\\ 39,884 \end{array}$
Total 1887 Total 1886 Total 1885	111,364 138,669 98,653	$\frac{41,777}{31,231}\\17.855$	47,625 72,344 74,255	31,555 31,201 22,267	232,321 273,445 213,030	585,265 590,880 565,052

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market has been calmer, although fairly active, for the week under review, and prices have declined. The movement of the crop has continued large, the weather at the Sou h being good for the season, and the reduced crop estimates made public last week have come to be regarded as too low. The check to the advance brought out many sellers to realiz, but no one seemed inclined to "sell short" and remain so over night. Each decline brought out buyers and a quick rally followed. This was especially the case on Wednesday, when the short crop reports were reinforced by one from Galveston. Yester-day a house at New Orleans of some repute in cotton statistics, put forth an estimate making the crop nearly 6,300,000 bales, and there was some selling under disquieting political advices from the Continent, under which Wednesday's advance was mostly lost, although Liverpoo! and Manchester accounts were better. To day the market openei at a sharp decline, but a den and to cover contra is caused a quick recov-

decline, but a den and to cover contraits caused a quick recov-ery, and a further advance on a 11 port of a fresh short-crop estimate. Cotton on the spot was quoted 1-16c. lower on Tuesday. Yesterday high grads were quoted 1-16c. dearer and low grades 1-16@1%c. cheaper. To-day the market was quiet at 10%c, for middling uplands. The total sales for forward delivery for the week are \$94,200 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 1,614 bales, including 100 for export, 1,514 for consumption, — for speculation and — in transit. Of the above — bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week—Nov. 12 to Nov. 18.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordinary	71318	71316	734	734	758	758
Strict Ocdinary	8516	8516	814	814	818	818
Gos d Orainary	94	91_4	9316	9316	9116	9118
Striet G.od OrdiLary	91116	91116	958	958	9910	9916
Low Middling	10116	101_{16} 101_{1}	10	10	91516	91516
Strict Low Middling	10^{1}_{4} 10^{7}_{16}	10716	$\frac{103_{16}}{103_{8}}$	103_{16} 103_{8}	103_{16} 103_{8}	103_{16} 103_{8}
Good Middling	1058	1058	10916	10916		1058
Strict Good Middling	1013.		1031	1034	101316	
Middling Fair	113 6		1148	1116	11316	11310
Fatr	1113 @	111316		1134	111316	111810
	1				the state of the s	
GULF.	Set.	Mon	Tues	wea	Th.	Fur-
Ordinary	7161.	71516	778	778	734	731
Strict Oldlnary	87.0	8716	838	838	84	814
Good OtGinary	938	938	9516	8510	9316	9318
Striet Good Ordinary	91318	91316	934	931	91116	91116
Low Middling.	103-g		1018	1018	10116	10116
Strlet Low Middling	103_{8}		10516	10316	10516	10316
Middling	10316		1012	101_{2}		1012
Good Middling	1034		101116	101116	1034	1034
Striet Good Middling	101011	101516		107_{8} 111_{4}	101516	118.0
Middling Fair	11:5	11016	117	1174		
A ALL	1116	111016	11.8	11.8	111016	111016
STAINED.	Sat	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fr!.
Cool Onlineur	20	70	71-	71.	P*17	77
Good Ordinary	7916	7916	712	713	7716	7716
Strict Good Ordinary Low Middling.	$\frac{81_4}{93_{16}}$	81 <u>1</u> 9318	8316 918	8316 918		8 ¹ 8 91 ₁₆

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales and futuro deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the con-venience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

		SALE	S OF B	NSIT.	FUTURES.			
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump	Spec- ul'l'n	Tran- sit.	Tolai.	Sales.	Deliv- eries.
Mon . Tues . Wed . Thurs	Dull and casy Easy Steady @ 1 ₁₈ dee Dull but steady Quiet @ rev. quo. Quiet and steady		$ \begin{array}{r} 330 \\ 182 \\ 492 \\ 65 \\ 299 \\ 146 \end{array} $		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		$\begin{array}{r} 105,100\\124,200\\182,500\\162,100\\149,100\\171,200 \end{array}$	
Total.			1.514				894,200	

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day trevious to that on which they are reported.

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table :

-			-	-				-	-
Sales sin. e bels. 1. 87*	Total sales this week. I Averace price, week.	Friday, Nov. 18- Bales, total Prices paus (range) Closing	Thureday, Nov. 17- Sales, total Prices puid (range) Closing.	Wodn'nd'v. Nov. 16- Balea, total. Prices paid (range) Closing		Monday, Nov. 14- Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Salurday, Nov. 12- Salee, Iotal. Prices paid (range) Cloaing	FUTURES.	Market, Prices and Sales of
7,405 400	894,200	Weak. 171,200 10-15@10-73 Firm.	Irregular. 149,100 10-24@10.86 Sleady.	Easty. 162,100 10-21 @10 80 Strong.	Weak. 182.500 10-21@10-82 Barely sl'dy.	Firm. 124.200 10-33@10-92 Steady.	Irregular. 105,100 10-27@10-86 Bleady.	Total Sales.	Market, Range and
465,000	14.000	Aver10.27 1.600 10.20@10.33 10.38-10.40		Aver 10.29 3 8 10 10.26 @ 10.39 10.38 10.40	Aver 10.20 90 - 10.25@10.27 10.27-10.28	Aver 10.44 2,400 10.36@10.16 10.36@10.16	Aver10.5(1,400 10.35@10.38 10.37— —	November.	
1 899,400	10 28 AT.500	Aver . 10 20 Av 11.9c0 10 33-10 31 10	Aver. 10.8 12 100 110-24@10-3- 010-24-10-22	Aver 10.2 15,70 10.21@10.3 10.33-10.3	Aver 10-2 11 000 7.10-21@10-2 9 10-22-10-2	Aver 10.44 Aver 10.37 2,400 10.200 10.3670.06 10.332010.42 10.36710.37 10.337	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \text{ Aver }10^{\cdot3} \\ 6$	December.	
1,704,600	167.600	$ \begin{array}{c} A ver. 10.27 \\ A ver. 10.20 \\ A ver. 10.20 \\ A ver. 10.20 \\ A ver. 10.20 \\ A ver. 10.31 \\ A ver. 10.4 \\ A ver. 10.70 \\$	$ \begin{array}{l} {\rm Aver} & 10.35 \ {\rm Aver} & 10.31 \ {\rm Aver} & 10.37 \ {\rm Aver} & 10.43 \ {\rm Aver} & 10.51 \ {\rm Aver} & 10.58 \ {\rm Aver} \\ 3.000 \ {\rm v} & 12.100 \ {\rm aver} & 22.300 \ {\rm v} \\ 10.31 \ {\rm a} 10.31 \ {\rm a} 10.24 \ {\rm a} 10.31 \ {\rm a} 10.421 \ {\rm o} 37 \ {\rm a} 10.49 \ {\rm 10} \ {\rm a} 3.200 \ {\rm a} 10.52 \ {\rm a} 10.58 \ {\rm a} 10.58$	Easy. Aver 10.23 Aver 10.26 Aver 10.33 Aver 10.39 Aver 10.47 Aver 10.53 Aver 10.63 Aver 10.63 Aver 10.63 Aver 10.53 Aver 10.55 Aver	$ \begin{array}{c}10^{\circ}26 \left[\mathrm{A}\mathrm{Ver}\ldots10^{\circ}24 \left[\mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}28 \left[\mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}48 \right] \mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}48 \right] \mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}38 \left[\mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}38 \right] \mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}38 \left[\mathrm{A}\mathrm{ver}\ldots10^{\circ}38$	$ \begin{array}{c} {\rm Aver}_{2,400} \left({\rm Aver}_{10,20} - 10^{\circ} 57 \right) {\rm Aver}_{2,300} \left({\rm Aver}_{10,50} \right) {\rm Aver}_{10,50} \left({\rm Ave$	$ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{Irrecular.} & A \mbox{ver} 10^{+26} A \mbox{Aver} 10^{+21} A \mbox{ver} 10^{+41} \mbox{aver} 10^{+41} \10^{+41} \mbox{aver} 10^{+41} \mbox{aver} 10^{+4$	January.	
773,210	118,200	Aver 10.3. 22,000 10.29@10.50 10.47-10.48	Aver 10-43 21,500 210 37 @10-49 10-58-10-39	Aver 10.39 21,30 210.34@10.49 10.34@10.49	Aver . 10-18 24,300 10-3-24,300 10-3-210-43	Aver 10.14 Aver 10.51 Aver 23.800 14,700 10.39@10.50 10.46@10.57 10.51 10.46—10.41 10.47—10.48 10.54	Aver 10.4 14 700 10.42@10.5 2 10.43-10.48	February.	DAILT P.
1 1,167 030	203,500 10-50	Aver 10.14 35.700 10.37.20.10.57 10.54-1(-57	Arer., 10-51 35,200 10-45@10-57 10-45@10-57	Aver 10.47 30 600 310.41@10.57 10.54-10.55	Aver 10.40 43.100 3 10.41@10.50 7 10.43-10.40	$ \begin{array}{c} {}_{\rm Aver., 10^{+}4} \left[{}_{\rm Aver., 10^{+}51} \right] \left[{}_{\rm Aver., 10^{+}52} \right] \left[{}_{\rm Aver.,$	Aver 10.54 23,100 10.50@10.58	March.	DAILT PRIOES AND SALES OF FUTURES
493,600	\$8,300 10.57	Aver . 10.20 14 500 10.44.2010.64	Aver 10.58 12.800 10.52@10.60	Aver 10.57 15,100 10.48 210.65 10.61-10.65	Aver 10.5 20,9(0) 10.47@10.5 10.51-10.5	Aver 10 6; 0.000 3 10-61@10-74 5 10-61@10-74	10.54 Aver 10.61 10.058 10.58 10.64 10.58 10.58 10.64	April.	SALES O
1 :97,500	112,100	Aver 10.58 20,100 10.51@10.72	Aver 10 61 17 10 61 10.59 210.73 10.69 10 61	Aver 10 6: 18,500 10:55@10.72	Aver 10.5 25,900 10.54@10.6 10.57-10.5	Aver 10.79 15,000 10.68 2 10.50 10.68-10.6	Aver 10.6 14.7 0 10.61 & 10.7 10.63 - 10.7	May.	F FUTURES
1 320,400	81,400 10.71	Aver10.60 24,200 3 10.58@10.79 10.76-10.77	10 61 Aver 10.7; 10 61 Aver 7,510 10.73 10.66 213.79 10 61 10.66 - 10.8;	Aver 10.6 18,100 2 10.63.0107 0 10.75-107	9 Aver 10.6 14,200 110.63210.7 8 10.64-10.6	2 Aver . 10.78 8,300 0 10-7 (#10.82 10 74 - 10-72	Aver 10.7 11 800 2 10.73 @ 10.7 10.70-10 7	June.	FOR EAOH
02.030	25,700 10.78	6 Aver 10.7 6.560 9 10 65 2 10.6 7 10.82 - 10.8	Aver 10.7 7,700 9 10-70 #11.8 7,10 71-11.7	7 Aver 10.70 9.10.65 @11.200 6.10.81-10-82	SAVET16-7	8 Aver 10-8 3.200 5 10 80 210-8 5 10-80-10-8	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Av{\rm er} & 10{\rm eff} & & 10{\rm$	July.	H NONIH
1 53,300	12,000 16*80	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{er} \ldots 10^{-66} \left(\mathrm{Aver} \ldots 10^{-71} \right) \mathrm{Aver} \ldots 10^{-71} \left(\mathrm{Aver} \ldots 10^{-71} \right) \mathrm{Aver} \ldots \\ \mathrm{S}^{24,200} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{S}^{56,0} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O} O$	$ \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3,000} \frac{10.35}{10.24} \text{ A ver } \frac{10.31}{200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{22,800} \frac{10.33}{200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3,200} \frac{10.53}{10.24} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{10.31} \frac{10.53}{200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{10.53} \frac{10.61}{200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3,000} \frac{10.72}{2.501} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} \frac{A \text{ ver }}{3.200} A \text{ ve$	$ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{Aver}_{10^{+}28^{-}10^{+}26^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}26^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}36^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}47^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}55^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}63^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}67^{-}Aver_{-}10^{+}76^{-}Aver_$	Weak. Aver. 10:26 Aver. 10:22 Aver. 10:32 Aver. 10:32 Aver. 10:46 Aver. 10:53 Aver. 10:59		310	August.	
		Aver	Aver		10.50 Aver	8 Aver	Aver	· September.	
		Aver	Aver	Aver	- Aver	Aver	- Aver	October.	
*	Inetne	tes sales	in Sept	ember, 1	957, IUT	Septembe	r, 2,258	:0;	Sep

* Includes sales in September, 1957, for September, 2,25830; September-October, for October, 570,200. The weak to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Aver". The average for each month for the week is also given at bottom of table. Transferable Orders-Saturday, 10.400; Monday, 10.400; Traesday, 10.300; Wednesday, 10.400; Thursday, 10.330; Friday, 10.400.

The following exchanges have been made during the week : 13 pd. to exch. 100 Mar. for May.
13 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
13 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
13 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
14 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
14 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
15 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
16 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
17 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
18 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
19 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
10 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
10 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
10 pd. to exch. 1,000 Jar. for June.
11 pd. to exch. 100 May for June.
12 pd. to exch. 100 Dec. for Mar.
10 pd. to exch. 100 May for June.
11 pd. to exch. 100 May for June.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stock... as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down

679

to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Nov. 18), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

Stock at Liverpoolbales Stock at London	1887. 489,000 38,000	1886. '401,000 - 17,000	1885. 389,000 20,000	1884.423,00054,000
Total Great Britaln stock. Stock at Hamburg	527,000 3,000 33,300	418,000 1,600 16,800	409,000 3,000 32,300	477,000 4,000 33,400
Stock at Amsterdam Stock at Rotterdam Stock at Antwerp	22,000 300 . 900	$5,000 \\ 300 \\ 1,200$	$24,000 \\ 600 \\ 2,300 \\ 110,000$	$33,000 \\ 900 \\ 1,700 \\ 135,000$
Stock at Havre	$172,000 \\ 2,000 \\ 37,000 \\ 4,000$	$\begin{array}{r} 131,000\\ 3,000\\ 30,000\\ 5,000\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 110,000 \\ 3,000 \\ 34,000 \\ 6,000 \end{array}$	6,000 23,000 6,000
Stock at Trieste Total Continental stocks	11,000 285,500	10,000	5,000 220,200	8,000
Total European stocks India cotton afloat for Europe. Amer. cott'n afloat for Eur'pe.	812,500 30,000 617,000	621,900 34,000 457,000	629,200 29,000 537,000	728,000 49,000 610,000
Egypt, Brazil.&c.,ailtforE'r'pe Stock in United states ports Stock in U. S. interior towns	55,000 767,586 341,199	66,000 864,325 301,824 15,246	36,000 778,082 274,348 46,055	$\begin{array}{r} 44,000\\801,316\\212,415\\11.000\end{array}$
United States exports to-day. Total visible snpply2	26,100 2,649,385	$\frac{15,346}{2,360,395}$		

of Amorican and other descriptions are as follows:

Of the above, the totals of Ameri	IOSU MUGO	fuel describ	hmong are a	1910110113.
American-				000 000
Liverpool stock bales	293,000	237,000	274,000	228,000
Continental stocks	109.000	110,000	148,000	111,000
	617,000	457,000	537,000	610,000
American afloat for Europe		864.325	778,082	801,316
United States stock	767,586			
United States Interior stocks	341,199	301,824	274,348	212,415
United States exports to-day	-26,100	15,346	46,055	11,000
Total Ame. ioan	2.153.885	1,985,495	2.057.485	1.973.731
	,100,000	2,000,200	-,,	
East Indian, Brazil, de	100 000	164 000	115,000	195,000
Liverpool stock	196,000	164,000		
London slock	38,000		20,000	54,000
Continental stocks	176,500	93,900	72,200	140,000
andia afloat for Europe	30,000	34.000	29,000	49,000
Egypt, Brazll, &o., afloat	55,000	66,000	36,000	44,000
agypt, Drazh, ato, anoav	00,000	001000		
	105 500	074 000	070 000	482,000
Total East Indla, &c	495,500	374,900		
Total American	2,153,885	1,985,495	2,037,485	1,973,731
Total visible supply	2,649,385	2,360,395	2,329.685	2,455,731
Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool	5918d.	5316d.	5318d.	534d
	10300			
Price Mid. Upl., New York	10.86	9318C.	9.160.	10.30

The imports into Continental ports this week have been 299.000 bales.

The above figures indicate an *increase* in the cotton in sight to-night of 285,990 bales as compared with the same date of 1886, an *increase* of 319,700 bales as compared with the corres-ponding date of 1885 and an *increase* of 193,654 bales as compared with 1884.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement-that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corres-ponding period of 1886—is set out in detail in the following statement.

Towns. This veek. Since Sept.1,*87. Augusta, Ga Columbus, Ga Montgom'ry, Ala Senna, Ala Manyaka, Tenn Manyaka, Tenn Manyaka, Tenn Manyaka, Tenn Manyaka, Tenn Manyaka, Tenn S.763 11,852 34,905 38,019 5,222 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,225 5,255 1,261,884 1,066 5,528 1,0166 5,528 1,0166 5,528 1,0166 5,528 1,0166 5,528 1,0166 5,528 1,0166 1,025 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055 1,0168 1,055	
Since Sept. 1, '87. 11, 967 34, 967 34, 967 34, 967 34, 967 34, 967 35, 229 90, 763 35, 229 90, 763 90, 763 91, 148 11, 148 11, 261, 884 11, 264, 88	
	Rea
	Movement to 1 Receipts.
$\begin{array}{c} \text{SThis}\\ \text{SThis}\\ \text{SThis}\\ \text{Strek}\\ \text{Strek}\\$	Nov. 18, 1
Non. 18. Non. 18. 24.223 5.253 5.253 5.253 12.253 12.253 12.255 1.205 1.	- 0
This week. 8,2452 2,6165 4,2,616 4,2,454 4,2,454 4,2,454 4,2,454 4,2,454 4,2,454 1,105 2,155 2,1	Re
Stree Sept.1, '86 40,8755 40,8755 40,8755 40,8755 40,8755 40,8755 40,8765 41,896 11,896 117,12	Receipts.
This veek. 3,1662 3,1652 3,2553 5,2555 5,25555 5,25555 5,25555 5,255555 5,25555 5,255555 5,255555555	-Shipm'ts
No. 19. No. 19. 10,126 10,126 10,126 10,126 11,755 13,775 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 13,755 2,272 2,352 2,355 2,35	1000.

* The figures for Louisville in both years are "net."

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 33,174 bales and are to-night 39,375 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at 61.

the same towns have been 32,201 bales more than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 261,171 bales more than for the same time in 1886.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKET In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week.

Week ending	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON-								
Nov 18.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.			
Galveston	958	958	958	958	958	958			
New Orleans.	934	931	911,6	958	9918	9916			
Mobile	958	958	958	958	958	958			
Savannah	934	958	912	912	9916	9918 978			
Charleston	978 978	978	978	934	978	978			
Wilmington .	97 ₈	978	978	978	978	934			
Norfolk	978	91518	97 ₈	978	978	91316			
Boston	1012	1012	1012	1012	1012	1012			
Baltimore	$10^{3}8$	$10^{3}8$	1038	$10^{3}8$	$10^{3}8$	$10^{3}8$			
Philadelphia	1078	1034	1034	1058	1058	$10^{5}8$			
Augusta	934	934	9 ⁵ 8	9918	958	912091			
Memphis	934	934	91118	958	9918	99 ₁₈			
St. Louis	934	934	9.27	934	911 ₁₆	958			
Cincinnatl	934@10	934@10	934@10	934@10	934@10	934			
Louisville	958	958	958	958 0	958	958			

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS. — The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the planta-tions. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the weeklet through the untracted which finally reaches the market through the outports.

	Veek	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ns.
En	ding—	1885.	1886.	1887.	1885.	1888.	1887.	1885,	1886.	1887.
Oct.	14	231,491	230,288	275,878	119,132	143,852	179,580	280 835	262,565	908,457
60	21									
**	28									
Nov.	4									
6.6	11	232,061	273,550	301,800	279,931	317,697	347,022	255,348	911,543	345,861
85	18	270,4 :1	268,598	284,818	909,261	337,180	384,794	290,751	288,079	322,588

The above statement shows-1. That the total receipts from

the plantations since September 1, 1887, are 2,986,125 bales; in 1886 were 2,446,732 bales; in 1885 were 2,458,768 bales. 2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 284,816 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 322.548 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 288,079 bales and for 1885 they were 299,751 bales.

AMOUNT OF COTTON IN SIGHT NOV. 18.-In the table below we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to Nov. 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
Receipts at the ports to Nov.18 Interior stocks on Nov. 18 in		2,157,612	2,165,357	2,220,759
excess of September 1		289,120	293,411	212,324
Tot. receipts from plantat'ns		2,446,732	2,458,768	2,433,083 98,274
Not overland to Nov. 1 Southern consumpt'n to Nov. 1	204,955 85,000		$153,156 \\ 60,000$	
Tolal In sight Nov. 18	3,276,080	2,661,818	2,671,924	2,581,357
Northern spinners' takings to				

Nov. 18 590,624 471,839 474,500 384,555 It will be seen by the above that the increase in amount in sight to night, as compared with last year, is 614,262 bales, the increase as compared with 1885 is 604,156 bales, and the increase over 1884 is 694,723 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Our reports by tele-graph to-night indicate that under the influence of favorable weather conditions picking and marketing continue to make

weather conditions picking and marketing continue to make excellent progress. *Halveston, Texas.*—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one hundredth of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 66, ranging from 56 to 76. *Palestine, Texas.*—The weather has been dry all the week. Average thermometer 60, highest 76, lowest 38. *San Antonio, Texas.*—It has been showery on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 48 to 76, averaging 61. *New Orleans, Louisnana.*—We have had no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 64. *Shreveport, Louisiana.*—Rainfall for the week two hun-dredths of an inch. Average thermometer 59, highest 80 and lowest 35.

lowest 35.

Columbus, Mississippi.--We have had rain on one day

Cotumbus, Mississippi.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 30 to 60. Lelund, Mississippi.—Rainfall for the week thirty-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 33 to 78, averaging 57. Greenville, Mississippi.—It has been cloudy during the week, but with no rainfall. The thermometer has averaged 55, the highest being 71 and the lowest 40. Clarksdale, Mississippi.—There has been no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 56, ranging from

Clarksdale, Mississippi.—There has been not ranging from week. The thermometer has averaged 56, ranging from the week. 38 to 74.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 77, averaging

Gloster, Mississippi.—Telegram not received. Helena, Arkansas.—The favorable weather has increased the prospective yield of cotton. The crop is moving freely. The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 78 and

the lowest 40. Memphis, Tennessee.—There has been no rain all the week. Picking on the uplands is finished and marketing continues free. The thermometer has averaged 57, ranging from 42 to 76. Nashville, Tennessee.—There has been no rain all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 75, averaging 50.

The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 75, averaging 50. Mobile, Alabama.—No rain all the week. Average ther-mometer 61, highest 79, lowest 43. Montgomery, Alabama.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall being inappreciable. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest being 78 and the lowest 41. Selma, Alabama.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching fifteen hundredths of an Inch. The thermometer has averaged 55, ranging from 40 to 73. Auburn, Alabama.—There has been no rain all the week, but we had a heavy fog on the 16th inst. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 73, averaging 57. Birmingham, Alabama.—Telegram not received. Madison, Florida.—Rainfall for the week fifteen hun-dredths of an inch. Average thermometer 55, highest 73, lowest 40.

lowest 40.

lowest 40. Macon, Georgia,—There has been no rain all the week. Columbus, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch. The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 72 and the lowest 45. Savannah, Georgia.—It has rained very lightly on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one hundredth of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 58, ranging from 41 to 76. Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been clear and pleasant all the week, with light fost on Wednesday. Pick-ing in this vicinity is drawing to a close. The thermometer has ranged from 34 to 74, averaging 54. Attanta, Georgia.—No rain all the week. Average ther-mometer 52, the highest being 70 and the lowest 39. No kill-ing frost yet.

Ing frost yet.

Ing frost yet. Albany, Georgia.—Picking is finished and the cotton near-ly all marketed. The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 70 and the lowest 44. Charleston, South Carolina.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 57, ranging from 42 to 73. Stateburg, South Carolina.—Rain has fallen on two days of the week to the extent of thirty-six hundredths of an inch. Some hail and thunder on Monday, also three frosts during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 36 to 64, averaging 51 °6. the week. Th averaging 51.6.

Wilson, North Carolina.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching ten hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, the highest being 66 and the lowest 34.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock Nov. 17, 1887, and Nov. 18, 1886.

	Nov. 1	17, '87.	Nov. 1	18,'86.
•		Inch.	Feel.	Inch.
New OrleansAbove low-water mark.	1	3	1	6
MemphisAbove low-water mark.	2	4	3	8
Nashville		1	8	6
ShreveportAbove low-water mark.	5	7	7	4
VicksburgAbove low-water mark	*3	Ó	Ó	i

Below zero of gauge.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.-The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Nov. 17.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents thi	s week.	Shipm	ents Sinc	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n,	Continent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Year.
1887						1,065,000		
1885 1884	1,000		1,000	220,000	472,000	692,000 1,160,000	9,000	1,036,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a *decrease* compared with last year in the week's receipts, of 3,000 bales, and an *increase* in shipments of 2,000 bales, and the shipments since Jan. 1 show an *increase* of 52,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has heen as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipments since January 1.			
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	
Calcutta- 1887 1886				99,000 61,000	127,000 37,000	226,000 98,000	
Madras- 1887 1886 All others-		1,000	1,000	57,000 37,000	13,000 5,000	70,000 42,000	
1887 1880	2,000		2,000	87,000 66,000	34,000 51,000	121,000 117,000	
Total all— 1887 1886	2,000	1,000	3,000	243,000 164,000	174,000 93,000	417,000 257,000	

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 3,000 bales more than the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1887, and for the corresponding periods of the two provious years, are as follows :

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	18	387.	18	886.	1885.	
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This wcek.	Since Jun. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Bombay All other ports.	6,000 3,000	1,065,000 417,000	4,000	1,013,000 257,000		692,000 215,000
Total	9,000	1,482,000	4,000	1,270,000	0,000	907,000

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrange-ments we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The follow-ing are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria. Egypt, Nor. 16.	1887.		1	886.	1885.	
Receipts (cantars')— This week Since Sept. 1		90,000 16,000		90,000 82,000		80,000 33,000
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	14,000 16,000					61,000 29,000
Total Europe	30,000	124,000	25,000	102,000	23,000	90,000

* A cantar is 98 pounds.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week en ling Nov. 16 were 190,000 cantars, and the shipments to all Europe 30,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market for yarns is dull but steady, and that shirtings are quiet. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

	[1887.		[1886.	
	32s Cop. Twist.	814 lbs. Shirtings.	Oott'n Mid. Uptds	32s Cop.	84 lbs. Shirtings.	Colt n Mid. Uplde
" 28 Nov. 4 " 11	738 @8 738 @8	$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{8. d. 8. d.} \\ \textbf{5. 7} \\ \textbf{1}_{2} \\ \textbf{2} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{1}_{2} \\ \textbf{2} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{9} \\ \textbf{5} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{1}_{2} \\ \textbf{2} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{9} \\ \textbf{5} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{1}_{2} \\ \textbf{2} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{10} \\ \textbf{5} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{1}_{2} \\ \textbf{3} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{10} \\ \textbf{5} \\ \textbf{8} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{0} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf{6} \\ \textbf{7} \\ \textbf$	5 ¹ 4 5 ⁵ 18 5 ¹ 4 5 ¹¹ 18	7^{1_8} @ 7^{3_8} $7^{3_{18}}$ @ $7^{11_{16}}$ 7^{1_8} @ 7^{5_8} $7^{3_{18}}$ @ $7^{11_{18}}$ $7^{3_{16}}$ @ $7^{11_{18}}$	5 71206 719 5 71206 719	5516 5316 518 518

EUROPEAN COTTON CONSUMPTION FOR OUTOB R -- We have received to-day (Friday), by cable, Mr. Elliso i's figures for O stober, the first month of the new cotton season. We have also received the revised totals for last year and give them for comparison. The spinners' takings in actual bales and pounds have been as follows:

In October.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
For 1887. Fakings by spinnersbales Average weight of hales Fakings in pounds	\$24,000 425 137,700,000	426	522,000 425·4- 226,308,000
For 1886. Takings by spinnersbales Average weight of bales Takings in pounds	436	420	405,000 430 174,212,000

According to the above, the average weight of the deliveries in Great Britain is 425 pounds per bale in O tober this season, against 436 pounds during the same time last season. The Continential deliveries average 436 pounds, against 420 pounds last year, and for the whole of Europe the deliveries average 425 4 pounds per bale, against 430 pounds last season. Our dispatch also gives the full movement for this year and last year in bales of 400 pounds each.

In October.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	
For 1887. Spinners' stock October 1 Takings in October	51,000 811,0.0	167,000 222,000	218,000 566,000	
Total supply Consumption 4 weeks	395,000 283,000	389,000 284,000	784,000 572,000	
Spinners' stock Nov. 1 For 1886. Spinners' stock October 1	55,000	103,000	212,000	
Takings in October Total supply	274,000 329,000	161,000	435,000	
Consumption 4 weeks Spinners' stock Nov. 1	288.000	272,000	560,000 96,000	

The foregoing indicates that spinners' stocks are now 212,-000 bales, against 96,000 bales last year,

LARGE COTTON FIRES .- An enormous amount of cotton has been destroyed by fire at the ports and interior towns and on the ocean thus far this season. The losses at Savannah on steamers loading were a feature for a time, two of them oc. curring in one week and four of much less importance being reported subsequently in as many days. Since then other outports have suffered in the same manner in some measure. But the most important losses have occurred at interior towns within the last seven days, resulting in the destruction (if present estimates are fully confirmed) of something like 30,000 bales. The list of casualties includes the loss of about 6,000 bales at Memphis on the 11th inst., 3,200 bales at Green. ville, Texas, and nearly 5,000 bales at Little Rock on the 14th, and finally over 13,000 bales at Memphis November 17. This is a very surprising list of casualties.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C .- A fair demand is reported for bagging and orders are coming to hand for present wants. Prices are stealy and sellers are quoting 55%@534c. for 11/2 b3., 6@61/sc. for 13/ 1bs, 61/2@65/sc. for 2 lbs. and 7@71/sc. for standard grades. Only a limited inquiry is reported for butts, and small orders are being filled at 21/4@23%?. for paper grades and 23%@21/2c. for bagging qualities, but on a quantity, less would buy.

EAST INDIA CROP .- The following is from Messrs. Gad. dum Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, Oct. 14:

During the earlier part of the week the weather up-conntry continued fine and dry, but within the last day or two timely showers have fallen in the Oonra districts. Unfortunately, the rain has not, so far, extended to Guzera and Kattywar, where it is most needed, and prospects in these districts are still uncertain.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT. -A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement since September 1, 1887, and in previous years, has been as follows.

Monthly		Year Béginning September 1.						
Leceipts.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.	1883.	1882.		
Bept'mb'r October:					3-13,812 1,046,092	326,656 980,584		
Pero'tage			1,441,266 26 [.] 71	1,435,830 30.06	1,389,904 28.66	1,307,240 21.72		

This statement shows that up to Oct. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 474,527 bales more than in 1886 and 426,914 bales more than at the same time in 1885. By adding to the totals to Oct. 31 the daily receipts since that time we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the move ment for the different years.

	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.	1883.	1882.		
Tot.Oc.31	1,868,180	1,393,653	1,441,266	1,435,830	1,389,904	1,307,240		
Nov.1	41,951	45,464		31,747				
# 2	37,080	55,245	52,230	8.	43,629			
* 3	41,293	36,645	48,601	59,119	37,218	41,574		
" 4	50,241	40,678	36,619	40,493		38,904		
" 5	40,917	43,781	27,625	34,866	61,344			
" 6	8.	44,668	56,534	34,599				
41 7	61,088	8.	27,266	56,307				
** 8	61,309	56,690	8.	29,523				
#1 9	41,068	46,995	45,511	8.	63,578			
** 10	41,411	34,769	38,271	44,994				
4º 11	55,807	35,410	35,572	41,677		38,651		
"12,		55,018	33,792	34,036	57,258			
"13	8.	47,217	51,649	50,219	30,801	52,090		
"14	58,418	S.	32,435	67,765		1		
* 15	51,535	56,538	S.	29,897	31,427			
" 16	48,316	43,084	56,629	8.	57,381	47,217		
" 17		39,487	44,132	51,482		55,455		
"18	54,724	29,294	45,477	38,643	8.	38,822		
Total	2.625.161	2.104.636	2 073 800	2,082,007	0.004 147			
Percentag	e of total	_,,	4,010,000	m,00m,007	2,004,147	1,983,893		
	ots Nov. 18		38.42	43.59 -	41.32	32.96		

This statement'shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 520,525 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1886 and 551,552 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1885. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to Nov, 18 in each of the years named,

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show a decrease compared with last week, the total reaching 21,602 bales, against 31,394 bales last week. Below we give our usual table, showing the exports of cotton from New York, and the direction, for each of the last four weeks: also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1887, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORE SINCE SEPT 1, 1827.

		Week e	Totat	Same		
Exported to-	<i>Oct.</i> 17.	Nov. 3.	Nov. 10.	Nor. 17.		period previ'us year,
Liverpool. Other British ports	13,009 5,370		$13,794 \\ 4,593$	11,968	130.472 35,712	
TOTAL TO GT. BRITAIN	18.379	12,985	18 389	11,968	166,184	164,203
Havre Other Freuch ports	1,507	1,033	1,877	2,658	12,462 100	17,163
TOTAL FRENCH	1,507	1,633	1,877	2,658	12,562	17,163
Bremen Hamburg Other ports	300 3,724 2,841	2,841		2,142		11,797 28,406 20,659
FOTAL TO NO. EDROPE	6,865	9,890	11,128	6,273	71,752	61,862
8 ₆ 'n,Op'rto,Gibi'it'r,&e All other		3,138		703	1.987 5,023	2,050 2,365
Готаl Spain, &c		3,139	******	703	6,910	4,415
GRAND TOTAL	26,751	27,646	31,394	21,662	257,408	247,643

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1887.

Constant I	NEW	YORE.	808	OSTON. PHILADE		DELPH'A	LPH'A BALT	
from—	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
N. Orleans	0,005	94,749						*****
Texas	13,278	130,516						
Savannah	5,491	116,"12	1,703	23,025	1,253	11,655	1,951	16,589
Mobile								
Florida	205	657						
So. Carolina	5,037	54,231			2:5	2,3:5		
No.Carolina	2.431	12,152					154	695
Virginia	7.113			S0,692	183	2,494	4,195	33,976
North'n p'ts		42	12.5-3	62,705				
Tenn&c	479	2.214	2.600	18,205	984	4.491	333	1,890
Foreign		184						
This year.	40,047	475,101	\$0.075	194,683	2,675	20,858	7,033	55,150
Last year	57,181	457,214	28,624	117,055	12,815	20,014	7,759	48,840
								the second day of the second d

SHIPPING NEWS,-The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, havo reached 184,555 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

Totat bates 7,395 4,750 4,176 $1,400 \\ 4,871$ 8.688 10,081 4,800 7,511 3,023 2,083 6,749 .184.555

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	100-		TT.	Amsterd	·		
Brem. Antho'p							
	Liver-		and	and	Barce-		
	pool.	Harre.		Reval.	lona.	Genoa, Naples	
New York .	11,068	2,658	17:505	1,081		599 104	21,602
N. Orleans.	12,174	91,849	4,975	3,499	1,842	6,200	50,532
Mobile	2,140						2,140
Savannah .	6,312	5,450	5,283	12,906	7,395		37,376
Charleston.			4,750		4,176		8,026
Gaiveston .	4,950	1,400	4,871			****** ******	11,221
Wilmingt'n	8,688		3,823				12,511
Norfolk	16,081					****** ******	16,081
West Point.	4,800					****** ******	4,800
Newport N.	7,511						7,511
Baltfuore .	3,021		2,083				5,106
Boston	-6,749						6,749
	and the second s	The subscription of the local division of th			-		-

Total... 81,126 31,350 28,077 20,386 13,413 6,709 104 184,555 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates :

- cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:
 GALVESTON-For Liverpool-Nov. 11-Steamer Galveston, 5,269.... Nov. 12-Steamers Conntess, 5,036; Cyphrenes, 4,002; Bark Viotoria, 1,365.
 For Brennen-Nov. 12-Steamer Ocean Prince, 4,227.
 NEW ORLEANS-For Liverpool-Nov. 11-Steamers Maytien, 5,201; Scholar, 3,607-Nov. 15-Steamer Neeto, 5,364; Professor, 6,255.
 For Havre-Nov. 11-Steamer Marsh, 5,470.
 For Brennen-Nov. 11-Steamer Marsh, 5,470.
 For Bronnen-Nov. 11-Steamer Marsh, 5,470.
 For Genoa-Nov. 12-Steamer Genmavis, 5,876....Nov. 5-Steamer Europa, 6,340.
 For Genoa-Nov. 14-Steamer Marsh, 5,470.
 For Genoa-Nov. 14-Steamer Merachides, 7,277.
 SaVANNAH-For Liverpool-Nov. 14-Steamer Merachides, 7,277.
 SaVANNAH-For Liverpool-Nov. 14-Steamer Morkiston, 4,400.
 For Brennen-Nov. 12-Steamer Wolviston, 4,400.
 For Brennen-Nov. 12-Steamer Wolviston, 4,400.
 For Barcelona-Nov. 12-Bark Chondor, 1,400.
 For Barcelona-Nov. 12-Bark Chondor, 1,400.
 CHARLESTON-For Liverpool-Nov. 16-Steamer Lemuria, 4,339.
 For Havre-Nov. 12-Steamer Pera, 6,113.
 For Schastopol-Nov. 15-Steamer Para, 4,948.
 NORROLK -For Liverpool-Nov. 15-Steamer Para, 6,165.
 Boston-For Liverpool-Nov. 0-Steamer Para 6,510.
 Boston-For Liverpool-Nov. 0-Steamer Para 6,550.
 Boston-For Liverpool-Nov. 15-Steamer Para 6,165.
 For Yannouth-Nov. 11-Steamer Yarmouth, 102....Nov. 15-Steamer For Marmouth, 54.
 For Annapolis-Nov. 12-Steamer Para 6,138.
 Por Yannouth-Nov. 15-Steamer Para 6,138.
 Mers Point-For Liverpool-Nov. 5-Steamer Enrique, 5,570.
 Boston-For Liverpool-Nov. 0-Steamer British King, 1,830.... Nov. 15-Steamer Catalonia, 1,091.
 For Yannouth-Nov. 12-Steamer New Branswick, 40.
 BALTIMORE-For Liverpool-Nov. 8-Steamer Bartish King, 1,830.... Nov. 15-Steamer Lourd Cive, 1,5-2.
 For Anther-

- Nov. 15-Steamer bord Clive, 1,372.
 For Antwerp -Nov. 16-Steamer Nederland, 770.
 Below we give all news roceived to date of disasters to vegsels carrying cotton from United States ports, &c.
 CITY or NewcastLE, steamer (Br.), from Charleston for Harve, put info Queenstown Nov. 11, with a fire in her cotton cargo. It was discovered on the 10th and spread rapidity. Volumes of water were poured through holes in the deck and the flames were partify subduced. The steamer (Br.), at New Orleans for Harve. Fire was discovered at 2 P. M. November 14th on board steamer Harrowgate. It was confined to the forward compartment and was extinguished; 800 bales of cotton were damaged by fire and water.
 HARTINGTON, steamer (Br.) On Nov. 4 while a lighter was putting the last load of cotton on board steamer Harrington (Br.) in the outer roads at Calveston nor of the bales was discovered on fire an the sting and fell among the cotton of survey was held upon the Hartington same day to ascertain the extent of the damage. The beard recommended to the steamer Ocean Prince (Br.), loading in the outer roads at Galveston. Six bales were partially burned. A board of survey was held upon the Hartington same day to ascertain the extent of the damage. The beard recommended the steamer Ocean Prince (Br.), loading in the outer roads at Galveston. Six bales were thrown overboard. No further damago reported.
 OEEAN PRINCE, steamer (Br.), A Bosten for Liverpool. Fire broke out in the existence of the steamer Ocean Prince (Br.), loading in the outer damago reported.
 VENETIAN, steamer (Br.), at Bosten for Liverpool. Fire broke out in the existence of the steamer of the damage.
 Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.		
Liverpool, steam d.	1164	1164	1104	1164	1164	1164		
Do saild.						****		
Havre, steamc.	716	716	710	718	716	716		
Do sall	38	33	38	3 ₈	 3 ₈	38		
Do sailc.	~8							
Hamburg, steam c.	38	3 ₈	38	38	39	38		
Do sailc.	****							
Amst'd'm, steam c.	40*	40*	40*	40*	40*	40*		
Do via Leith.d.					****			
lieval, steamd.		142932	140933	14 @ 932	142933	40932		
Do saild.						****		
Barcelona, sieam d.		733	732	732	732	733		
Genoa, steam d.	732	732	733	732	732	732		
Trieste, steamd.	_	14	1800330	1.25	14 100530	14 1870 533		
Aniwerp, steam d.	18@533	192532	~9 @032	182532	-8 a 033	-84033		

LIVEFFOR —By cable from Liverpool we have the follow-ing statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port. We add previous weeks for comparison.

	Ocl. 28.	Nov. 4.	Nor. 11.	Nov. 18.
Sales of the week	83,000 11,000			61,000 6,000
Of which speculators took Sales American	5,000	4,000		
Actual export. Forwarded			11,000	30,000
Total stock-Estimated. Of which American-Estim'd		234,000	247,000	293,000
Total import of the week Of which American	103,000		87,000	129,000 107,000 262,000
Amount afloat. Of which American	226,000 212,000	265,000	261,000 250,000	248,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Nov. 18 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spol.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursdy.	Friday.
Market, { 12:30 P.M. {	Freely offered.	liardeol'g Leodeooy.		Freely offered.	Moderate demand.	Pressed for sale.
Mid. Upi'ds. Mid. Orl'ns Sales Spee. & exp.	5 ⁵ 8 5 ¹¹ 16 10,000 2,000	5 ⁵ 8 5 ¹¹ 16 10,000 2,500	558 51116 8,000 1,000	5916 5% 10,000 1,500	$ 5^{0}_{8} 5^{11}_{16} 10,000 1,500 $	5918 559 7,000 1,000
Futures. Market, 12:30 P.M.	Strady at a decline.	Steady at 1-64 ad- vance.	Ensy at 8-64 de- cline.	Steady at 2.64 do- cline.	Stendy at 8-64 ad- vance.	Plasy #\$ 4-64 de- cline.
Market, }	Quiet d	Barely ateady.	Easy.	Steady.	Barely steady.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below. These prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clanse, unless otherwise stated.

The prices are given in pence and Giths, thus: 463 means 4 b3-64d., and 501 means 5 1-84d.

	Br	it., N	ov.	12.	Mo	n., N	iov.	14.	Ta	OH+, 7	iov.	15.
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Lno.	Clos.
	đ.	đ.	đ.	đ.	đ.	đ.	đ.	đ.	d.	d.	đ.	d.
November	5 87	6 87	5 37	5 37	5 41	542	5 41	542	5 86	5 38	5 36	5.86
NovDec	5 84	5 84	5 34	5 31	5 37	5 83	5 87	5 38	5 33	5 33	5 83	5 83
Dec. Jan	5 33	5 33	5 33	5 99	5 83	5 36	5 36	5 36	581	5 81	5 81	531
JanFeb	5 33	5 83	5 83	5 38	5 86	5 58	5 36	5 38	5 31	5 81	581	5 31
FebMarch	5 84	5 31	6 34	5 84	5 37	5 37	5 37	5 37	5 82	5 82	5 33	5 82
MarApril.	5 33	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 36	5 88	5 38	5 38	5 83	5 33	5 33	5 33
April-May	5 86	5 36	5 38	5 38	5 40	5 40	540	540	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 35
May-June	5 3 9	5 38	5 39	5 38	5 \$2	542	542	542	5 37	5 37	5 37	5 37
June-July	5 40	540	5 40	540	5 44	5 44	544	544	5 89	5 89	531	5 39
				-								-
	Wee	ines.	, Nov	.16.	The	ra.,	Nov.	17.	Fr	1., N	ov. 1	S.
-				.16. Clos.				17. Clos.	-		_	
									-		_	
November	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low. d. 5 39	Clos. d. t 89	Open d. 5 83	High d. 5 33	Low.	<i>Clos.</i> <i>d.</i> 5 33
November NovDec	Open d.	High d.	Low.	Clos.	Open d. 5 39 5 34	High d. 5 39 5 31	Low. d. 5 39 5 34	Clos. d. t 89 d 24	Open d. 5 83 5 28	High d.	Low. d. 5 83 5 28	Clos. d. 533 529
	Open. d. 5 86	High d. 5 37	Low. d. 5 36	Clos. d. 5 37	Open d. 5 39	High d. 5 39	Low. ¹ d. 5 39 5 34 5 33	Clos. d. t 89 t 24 t 33	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27	High d. 5 33	Low. d. 5 93	<i>Clos.</i> <i>d.</i> 533 529 528
NovDec	Open d. 586 532	High d. 5 37 5 33	Low. d. 5 \$6 5 \$2	Clos. 6. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 31	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33	High d. 5 99 5 91 5 93 5 93 5 93 5 93	Low. d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33	Clos. d. 5 89 5 24 5 93 5 93	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27 5 27	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27	Low. d. 5 93 5 28 5 28 5 27 5 27	Clos. d. 533 529 528 527
NovDec DecJan	Open d. 5 86 5 82 5 81	High d. 5 37 5 33 5 32	Low. d. 5 96 5 92 5 91	Clos. d. 5 37 5 33 5 32	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 34	High d. 5 99 5 31 5 38 5 33 5 33	Low. d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 83 5 83 5 83	Clos. d. t 89 d 24 d 23 d 23 d 33 d 33 d 33	Open d. 583 528 527 527 527 528	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27 5 23	Low. d. 5 33 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 27 5 28	<i>Clos.</i> <i>d.</i> 533 529 528 527 528
NovDec DecJan JanFeb	Open. d. 5 86 5 82 5 81 5 31	High d. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 82 5 81	Low. d. 5 96 5 92 5 81 5 81 5 81	Clos. 6. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 31 5 32 5 31 5 32 5 34	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 34 5 35	High d. 5 39 5 31 5 38 5 33 5 31 5 31 5 33	Low. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 35	Clos. d. t 89 d 24 d 23 5 33 5 33 5 33 d 35	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 27 5 28 5 20	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 27 5 23 5 30	Low. 6. 5 83 5 28 6 27 5 27 5 27 5 29 5 29	Clos. d. 533 529 528 527 528 530
NovDec DecJan JanFeb FebMarch	Open d. 586 582 581 531 531	High d. 537 533 532 551 551 532	Low. d. 5 36 5 32 5 31 5 31 5 31	Clos. 6. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 31 5 32	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 34 5 33 5 34 5 35 5 37	High d. 5 39 5 31 5 33 5 33 5 31 6 33 5 31 6 33 5 37	Low. ^{'d.} 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 83 5 83 5 25 5 80	Clos. d. b 89 b 24 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 35 5 36	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 27 5 28 5 20 5 31	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 30 5 33	Low. d. 5 83 5 28 6 27 5 27 5 28 5 29 5 31	Clos. d. 533 529 528 527 528 530 533
NovDec DecJan JanFeb FebMarch MarApril.	Open d. 586 582 581 531 531 531 532	High d. 537 533 582 582 581 532 534	Low. a. 5 36 5 32 5 32 5 31 5 31 5 32	Clos. 6. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 31 5 32 5 31 5 32 5 34 5 35 5 37	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 34 5 35	High d. 5 39 5 31 5 38 5 33 5 31 6 33 5 37 5 39	Low. 'd. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 35 5 35 5 36 5 38	Clos. d. 5 39 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 35 5 36 5 35	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 27 5 28 5 20 5 31 5 33	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 27 5 23 5 30	Low. d. 5 83 5 26 6 27 5 27 5 27 5 29 5 29 5 31 5 33	Clos. d. 533 529 528 527 528 530 533 534
NovDec DecJan JanFeb FebMarch MarApril. April-May.	Open d. 5 86 5 82 5 81 5 81 5 81 5 82 5 84	High d. 537 533 532 551 532 532 534 533	Low. d. 5 36 5 32 5 31 5 31 5 31 5 32 5 32 5 34	Clos. 6. 5 37 5 33 5 32 5 31 5 32 5 32 5 34 5 35	Open d. 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 34 5 33 5 34 5 35 5 37	High d. 5 39 5 31 5 33 5 33 5 31 6 33 5 31 6 33 5 37	Low. ^{'d.} 5 39 5 34 5 33 5 83 5 83 5 25 5 80	Clos. d. b 89 b 24 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 35 5 36	Open d. 5 83 5 28 5 27 5 27 5 27 5 28 5 20 5 31	High d. 5 33 5 29 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 27 5 28 5 30 5 33	Low. d. 5 83 5 28 6 27 5 27 5 28 5 29 5 31	Clos. d. 533 529 528 527 528 530 533

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 18, 1887.

Active speculation in wheat and corn, with a sharp advance in prices, are the features of the week in breadstuffs.

The flour market has been more active, and prices have made a partial advance, but the improvement has rested wholly upon the better market for wheat. Buyers have paid higher prices very unwillingly, though purchasing more (reely when they could do so at late quotations. To-day the market was quiet.

Wheat has been active and buoyant. The market showed much excitement on Wednesday and Thursday, the dealings many times exceeding the usual amount. Stronger foreign advices, including disquieting political nows from the Continent, were the chief elements of strength, but reduced receipts at the West and a general revival of confidence in speculative circles were elements of strength, and higher prices kept business on the spot within narrow limits. Today a decline of 1c. a bushel led to some revival of exports, 88,000 bushels being taken, mostly No. 2 red winter, at 8734 @ SSc. delivered.

DAILY CLOSING	PRICES OF	NO. 2 REI	D WINTER	WHEAT.
---------------	-----------	-----------	----------	--------

	Sal.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
November delivery	84	8412	85	8618	8743	8638
December delivery	8412	8478	8558	8612	8778	8634
January delivery	8558	8618	87	8731	8918	-88
Fobruary delivery	2678	8738	884	8934	904	894
March delivery	88	8812	8914	90	9138	904
April delivery	89	89%	1019	914	0258	9138
May delivery	9018	9058	9119	- 192	113 58	9238
June delivery	9012	9148	92	9212	9118	9259
December '88 delivery	9438	9178	9513	9638	93	9578

Indian corn has advanced about as much as wheat. The impulse given to the speculation for the rise, which was caused by the Bureau report, has been continued from sympathy with the major staple; but, as in that, the higher prices have greatly curtailed the export movement. To-day the market was unsettled with an irregular decline, most decided for the distant options.

684	LIL	UIRUNIUL
	OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.	The receipt
	Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs.	Fri. week ended
A CHARGE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT.	55^{3}_{8} 55^{3}_{4} 56^{3}_{4} 56^{7}_{8}	55 ¹ 4 55 ¹ 2
	55^{3}_{8} 55^{3}_{4} 56^{1}_{4} 56^{7}_{8} 55^{1}_{2} 56 56^{5}_{8} 57^{1}_{2}	561a Al-
	$55\frac{1}{2}$ 56 563 573	5630 New York
	5638 5638 5758 5834	573. Boston.
And the state of t		Montreal
Oats have also advanced, es	pecially for mixed grade	, in Philadelphia Baltimore
which the speculation has been		
		Norfolk, Va
cline was partially recovered, b	out the close was dull,	New Orleans
DAILY CLOSING PRI	CES OF NO. 2 OATS.	
	Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs.	Fri. Con week.
Nevember delivery 333	34 34 ³ 8 34 ³ 4 35 ¹ 8	3478 Cor. week '86
December delivery 34	344 3412 344 354	35 The total re
January delivery	3478 3478 3538 3534	3512 1 to Novemb
May delivery	3612 3638 3678 3714	36%
	4	met Flour
Barley has been quiet, but pre	tty wert neid, Barly y mait	mer rom
with a good demand at full pr	ices. Rye and buckwheat	are Wheat
		Corn
about steady.		Oats
The following are the closing	quotations :	Barley
		Rye
	UR.	Matal amain
Fine	Southern bakers' and	Total grain
Snperfile	family brands \$3 60@\$ Rye flour, superfine 3 25@	
Spring wheat extras. 280@ 320 Minn. elear and stra't. 385@ 450	Fine	
Wintershipp'gextras. 285@ 320	Corn meal-	ending Nov.
Winter XX and XXX. 3 25@ 4 30	Western, &o 2 60@	2 95 Juning 1101.
Patents 4 25@ 500	Brandywine 2900	295 Ernorte
Sonthern supers 2807 310	Buckwheat flour, per	trom- Wh
South'n com. extras 3 25@ 3 50	100 lbs 2 30@	2 50
- GR.	AIN.	Bu
Wheat-	Oats-Mixed 34 @	37 New York 26
Spring, per bush 80 @ 92	White	A1 DUSLUIL D
8pring No. 2 86 @ 87	No. 2 mixed 34340	36 Norfolk 1 Montreal. (22
- Red winter No. 2 87 @ 88	No. 2 white 36120	37*2 Dhiladal 1
Red winter 78 @ 91	Barley-Can'da No. 2. 85 @	91 Reltimized 10
White	Canada No. 1 94 @	9/ N Onling 9
Corn-West'n mixed. 53 @ 57 West'n mixed No. 2. 55 ¹ 2 ² 56 ¹ 2	Two-rowed State 75 @ Six-rowed State 83 @	18 N Nowa
Western white 56 @ 58	Six-rowed State 83 @ Mliwaukee No. 2 82 @	85 Riehm'd
Western yellow 55 @ 57	Malt-State, 4-rowed. 85 @	90
White Southern 56 @ 60	State, 2-rowed 75 @	85 [TOL W.K. 09
Rye-	Buckwheat 58 @	co o me time
State & Pa., 3 bush. 62 @ 64		1886'1,21

Rye-State & Pa., P bush. 62 @ 64

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statements below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the compara-tive movement for the week ending Nov. 12, 1897, and since August 1, for each of the last three years:

		1	1			
Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rys.
	Bbls.198lbs	Bush.80lbs	Bush.58 lbs	Bush. S2 lbs	Bush.48 lbs	Bu. 56 lbs
Chicago	119,104	538,490	934,048	1,034,261	437,153	\$3,259
Milwaukee	68,587	486,558	2,400	71,500	231.708	14,998
Toledo	7,279	228,804	49,351	8,315	7.000	8,005
Detrolt	4,931	207,077	46,047	29,742	101,262	-,
Cleveland	5.149	80,413	19.060	37,145	\$7,449	٤1
St. Louis	18,220	194,630	149,985	211.895	133,314	4,415
Peoria	2,225	38,000	184,300	300.000	25,2(0	4,400
Duluth	17,282	1,292,814				** ***
Minneapolis.		1,937,000				
Tot.wk. '87.	235,777	4,992,192	1,359,195	1 200 020		
Same wk. '86.						59,558
Same wk.'85.						54,890
	248,841	2,864,245	928,505	848,517	919,987	105,894
Since Aug. 1.				1		
1887	3,786,278	47,837,206	29,568,748	80,195,282	10.282.878	729,782
1896*	3,196,305	47,756.982	83,226,923	37,470,174		
1885*	2,748,142	30, 529,022	29,377,375			1,584,645
					,	***********

* Include one week extra.

The comparative shipments of flour and gain from the same ports from Jan. 1 to Nov. 12, inclusive, in four years, show as follows:

Flourbbls.	13,238,334	*1886. 9,501,619	*1885. 9,739,880	*1884. 10,366,877
Wheathush. Corn Oats Barley Rye	64,205,614 48,015,637 8,388,490	$\begin{array}{r} 53,732,381\\76,013,664\\45,345,972\\8,901,858\\1,437,143\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 45,834.894\\85,010,452\\48,459,186\\5,661,199\\1,949,028\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 60,781,637\\-74,862,670\\48,398,136\\4,883,660\\5,758,165\end{array}$
Total grain	196,136,714	185,431,018	186,914,759	194,684,268

* Include ono week oxtra.

Below are the rail shipments from Western lake and river

Forto for four years.	1887. Week	1886. Week	1885.	1884.
Flourbbls.	Non 19	Nov 13. 283,950	Week Nov. 14. 125,377	Week Nov. 15. 210,934
Wheatbush. Corn Oats	371 110	.504,403 274,893	199,952 433,392	393,442 696,538
Barley. Rye.	411 892	$769,441 \\ 400,531 \\ 24,302$	$ \begin{array}{r} 643,486 \\ 306,987 \\ 62,640 \end{array} $	588,037 131,309 100,926

Total...... 2,519,420 1,973,570 1,646,457 1,910,252 The rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four weeks were:

Week Flour 300 Wheat, Corn, Oals, ending—bbls bush. bush. bush. Nov. 12,'87. 486,131 1.753,539 1,822,904 1,290,8 Nov. 5,'87. 400,754 2,049,233 2,194,883 1,337,9 Oct. 29,'87. 466,982 1,752,871 2,360,698 1,531,5 Oct. 22,'87. 498,084 2,219,653 1,092,599 1,502,3	73 460,056 30,147
---	-------------------

Tot. 4 wks. 1,941,95117,775,296 7,471,084 5,662,802 1,975,858 172,680 4 weeks '861,531,974[6,439,040 6,513,869 3,942,407 1,630,099 144,146

E.		[Vol.	XLV.					
ots of flour and gain at the seaboard ports for the November 12, 1887, follow:								
Flour, Whe bbls. bus 137,045 979; 70,659 6; 11,262 229; 24,769 76; 88,548 128; 3,350 12; 3,612	eat, Corn, h. bush. 350 515,950 300 158,835 463 659 46,771 132 101,220 798 513 1,642	Oals, Barl bush. bus 830,100 211,0 63,530 6,334 11,1 88,641 69,0 64,520 7,420 1,815 	h. bush: 50 746 70 01 600 2,057 162					
x. 351,245 1,467, . 324,854 2,048, receipts at the per 12, compare 1887.	same ports fo as follows fo *1886.	the period for four years: ~1885.	21 3,565 90 10,762 rom Jan. *1884.					
bbls. 13,104,9 bush. 79,160,1 41,998,8 32,531,2 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 42,657,735\\75,539,732\\39,024,628\\7&4,705,979\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 12,110,628\\ \hline 64,149,190\\ 40,697,462\\ 29,793,050\\ 4,400,435\\ 5,002,490\\ \end{array}$					

Total grain...... 158,203,669 175,901,816 162,923,451 144,042,627 * Include one week extra.

The exports from the several seabbard ports for the week ending Nov. 12, 1887, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from—	Wheat.	Wheat. Corn.		Onts.	Rye.	Pers.	
	Bush.	Bush.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	
New York	261,250	475,553	97,068	3,894		3,058	
Boston	59,132	74,675	41,493				
Norfolk	000 000						
Montreal. Philadel	220,679 16,000	29,260	21,489			130,004	
Baltim'ro	100.806	76.647	$7,143 \\ 35,304$		******		
N. Orl'ns.	35,452	32,306	4,103	750		******	
N. News	00,102	02,000	1,100	100		- • • • • •	
Riehm'd .			3,550				
Tot. w'k.	693,319	688,441	210,150	4,6.14		133,062	
8'me time 1886	1,212,378	540,072	131,404	68,030		96,116	
The de	estination ding per	of the iod of las	exports st year fo	is as belo r compar	ow. We ison.	add the	

Exports -			11.10	eat.	Corn.		
for week	1887. Week, Nov. 12.	1886. Week. Nov. 13.	1887. Week. Nov. 12.	1886. Week, Nov. 13.	1887. Week, Nov. 12.	1886. Week, Nov. 13.	
Un.King. Cont'nt 8.&C.Am. W. Indies Brit. col's Oth.c'n'ts	Bbls. 139,623 3,614 28,525 15,982 22,148 300	Bbls. 62,693 6,279 25,658 19,719 15,890 1,168		Bush 572,858 638,445 1,075	Bush. 608,828 69,472 3,614 6,152 375	Bush. 410,832 75,345 40,680 10,947 62 2,206	

693,319 1,212,378 688,441 By adding this week's movement to our previous totals we have the following statement of exports this season and last

season : Flour. Wheat. Corn Sept. 1,'97, Sept. 1,'88, Sept. 1,'87, Sept. 1,'80, Sept. 1,'87, Sept. 1,'87, to Nov. to Nov. to Nov. to Nov. to Nov. to Nov. Exports to-13, 1886. 12, 1887. 12, 1887. 18, 1886. 12, 1887. 13, 1888 Bbls. Bbls. Bush. Bush. Bush. Bush. 1,287,034 182,539 Un.Kingdom 1.805.481 8,884,589 7,869,879 3,610,423 4,419,885 124,887 6,540,922 1,029,598 Continent.. 4,052,412 1,895,802 * 243,158 S. & C. Am.. 220,645 11,082 921 5,391 3,071 50.409 284,775 122,187 West Indies 191,021 155,667 70,150 Brit. Col'nies 248,785 184,168 4.505 S.002 4.040 8,128 13,057 05,711 Oth. countr's 21,830 10,227 11,751 Total..... 2,594,925 1,975,620 10.477.839 14.490,674 4,722.105 0,778,420

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard

ports, and in transit by water, November 12, 1887:								
	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats.	Ryc,	Barley,			
In store al-	bush.	bush.		bush.	bush.			
New York	7,567,974	630,044	1,672,648	4,947	82,050			
Do afloat	263,400	110,200			89,000			
Albany	2,000	22,000		25,000	39,750			
Buffalo	2,454,804	529,595	38,188	95,426	672,477			
Chieago	3,869,922	893.130	1,356,471	20,589	197,628			
Milwaukee	1,585,059			19,466	149,579			
Duluth	2,395,986		******	*****				
Toledo	1,646,724	67,501	41,696	19,606	19,799			
Detroit		136,179	41,425		9,137			
Oswego	70,000	73,000		900	786,200			
St. Louis	5,649,595	614,470	1,174,182	11,090	88,444			
Cincinnati	47,000	78,000	266,000	13,000	93,000			
Boston	22,924	215,840	411,286		6,135			
Toronto	47,000		8,000	4,249	241,000			
Montreal		6,123	116,091	7,196	17,939			
Philadelphia		80,261	132,865					
Peoria		59,374	515,915	49,618	17,460			
Indianapolis	240,690	66,360	212,390	3,800	*****			
Kansas City	415,170	35,686	142,681	929	60,053			
Baltimore		240,868						
Minneapolis								
St. Paul								
On Mississippl	39,900	164,600	20,700					
On lakes		1,324,838	130,000		74,918			
On eanal & river.	. 1,904,000	-1,585,300	176,800		571,000			
Tot. Nov. 12,'87.		6,933,369			3,215,569			
Tot. Nov. 5, '87.	35,144,574		6,473,934		2,663,871			
Tot. Nov. 13, '86. Tot. Nov. 14, '85	58,332,548	13,096,713		459,731	2,597,418			
Tot. Nov. 14, '85	47,067,012	4,110,670			2,581,314			
Tot. Nov. 15, '841	36.576.635	4.325.118	3.477.714	-780.068	2.480.710			

† Minneapolis and St. Paul not included.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

New York, Friday, November 18, 1887. The market for dry goods has not undergone any material change the past week. The demand at first hands was irregu-lar, but a large business in staple cotton soods was done by some of the commission houses, and very fair ordors for car-tain spring and summer fabrics were placed—for later delivery—by jobbers und the manufasturing trade. Opera-tions in sessonable goods required for immediate distribution were comparatively light, other than a few specialties adapted for the coming holdsy trade having been more or less quiet in commission and importing circles. The jobbing trade was moderate as is usually the case between seasons, but a very fair package business in domestics, &c., was done by a few of the leading jobbers, and fancy holiday goods were dis-tibuted in considerable quantities. Large lines of silks, laces, &c., were disposed of through the medium of the auction rooms, and better prices were obtained in this con-nection than for some time past. NEW YORK, Friday, November 18, 1887.

nection froms, and better pines were obtained in this con-nection than for some time past. DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending November 15 were 5,108 packages, valued at \$324,554. These shipments include 1,300 to China, 1,091 to Great Britain, 970 to Africa, 881 to South America, 843 to the West Indies, 176 to Central America, 175 to Mexico, and 172 to all other countries. Since the 1st of January the exports aggregate 166,605 packages, valued at \$10,097,893. Of this total China has had 78,658 packages valued at \$3,732,734; and 35,935 packages, valued at \$2,579,868, have gone to South America. For the similar period of 1886 the exports to all ports reached 180,512 packages and in 1885 were 158,531 packages. There was a steady business in brown and bleached cottors, and nearly all leading corporation makes were slightly advanced by mill agents. Colored cottons were relatively lees active then plain goods, but prices are very firm, and some kinde have appreciated. Print cloths were in moderate demand and dearer, extra 64x64s having advanced to 3% c. and 56x60s to 315-16c. Stocks last Saturday and for the three previous years were as follows:

The second se	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
Stock of Print Oloths-	Nov. 12.	Nov. 13.	Nov. 14.	Nov. 15.
Held by Providence manuf'rs	195.000	43,000	234,000	430,000
Fall River manufacturers	29,000	111,000	216,000	341,000
Providence speculators	44,000	42,000	250,000	311,000
Outside speculators (est)	60,000	20,000	75,000	150,000
				-

Printed calicoes, other than fine sateens, shirtings, indigo-blues, and choice styles of fancies adapted to the holiday trade, ruled quiet, but there was a good business in dress ginghams, seersu kers, and other woven wash fabrics, while white goods were in steady request for next season.

white goods were in steady request for next season. DOMESTIC WOOLEN GOODS.—The market for men's-wear woolens was devoid of animation as regards new business, but there was a good steady movement in light-weight cassimeras, cheviots, worsteds, etc., on account of former transactions. and a light re-order demand for heavy clothing woolens, overcoatings. etc., was reported by the commission houses, Stocks of clothing wocleus are not as a rule redundant—be-cause of curtailed production—and really desirable makes are cause of curtailed production—and really desirable makes are steadily held. Jersey cloths and stockinets were in fair re-quest by manufacturers, and a mederate business was done in satinets, while Kentucky jeans and doeskins ruled quiet but steady in price. Woolen dress goods were in improved

demand for next season, but worsted fahrles were lightly dealt in by package huyers, and transactions in finnels, blankets, carpets, shawls, skiris, wool hosiery and heavy underwear were strictly moderate in the aggregate, selections having been almost wholly of a hand-to-mouth character.

685

Fouriest wholy of a hand-to-mouth character. Fouriest Day Goops.—At first hands the demand for Imported goods was strictly moderate, and the jobbing dis-tribution was light and unimportant. Silks, laces, hosiery and gloves were offered in libersl quantities through the auc-tion rooms, and mest of the sales were attended with satis-factory results, black silks and laces in particular having brought better average prices than have been realized at pub-ilo cale for some time past.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Nov. 17, 1887, and since Jun. 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

Total at the port	Total Ent'd for consumpt	Manufactures of- Wool Conton Silk Flax Maeculancous	A standard and the standard standa	Total on market	Total Enf'd for consumpt	Manufactures of- Wool Silk Flax Miscellaneos	W.	Total	Manufactures of- Wool Colton Silk Flax Miseellaneous			BATERED FOR CONSUMPTION
10,067	$\frac{4,163}{5,905}$	439 349 322 2,885		9,866	$3,961 \\ 5,905$	345 219 170 3,063	THDRAWN	5,905	$ \begin{array}{r} 924 \\ 971 \\ 2,191 \\ 733 \end{array} $	Pkgs.	Week Nor.	DR CONS
[10,067]1,867,747.	450,761 1,416,986	140,693 117,079 55,742 66,766	INTERED F	1.737,136	$320,150 \\ 1,416,986$	107,136 67,739 58,315 30,290 56,670	WN FROM	1,416,986	153,931 153,931	Value.	Week Knding Nov. 18, 1886.	
534,971	$145,932\\389,039$	23,874 13,480 8,413 15,235 84,930	OR WAREN	534,030	$144,991 \\ 389,039$	$21,224 \\14,210 \\8,404 \\15,042 \\86,111$	WAREHOUSE	389,039	61,697 65,574 58,273 88,521 111,974	Phigs.	Since Jan.	FOR THE W
101,257,543	$ \begin{array}{r} 20,155,337 \\ 84,102,206 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 7,809,321\\ 3,945,751\\ 3,909,372\\ 2,423,912\\ 2,066,981 \end{array}$	ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSE DURING	534,030 103,011,673	19,509,407 84,102,206	7,021,407 4,010,315 4,042,399 2,425,899 2,009,456	SE AND THROWN INTO	84,102,206	20,836,608 16,051,749 27,410,942 11,619,337 8,183,570	Value.	n. 1, 1886.	WEEK AND SINCE JANUARY 1, 1887
10,336	3,716 6,620	234 232 107 80 3,063	SAME PERIOD	9,482	2,862	417 254 254 254 254	WN INTO	6,620	736 724 1,141 3,324	Pkgs.	Week Nov.	CE JANU
10,336,1,331,173	255,354 1,075,839	80,881 71,310 43,291 17,809 42,063	ERIOD.	1,483,155	407,316 1,075,839	129,143 82,632 104,580 35,992 54,969	THE MARKET	1,075,839	1240,87 181,273 177,527 177,527 123,881	Value,	Week Ending Nov. 17, 1887.	ARY 1, 18
603,617	174,837 428,780	$\begin{array}{c} 24,416\\ 14,580\\ 12,380\\ 15,912\\ 107,549 \end{array}$		602,485	173,705 428,780	25,598 15,014 12,281 15,847 104,965	KET.	428,780	59,646 67,580 60,646 83,598 157,310	Plegs.	Since Ja	37 AND 1886
603,617 109,438,109	22,132,454 87,305,655	8,504,627 8,706,723 4,977,706 2,471,297 2,412,101		109,683,200	22,377,545 87,305,655	8,869,440 3,790,492 4,936,129 2,446,038 2,335,446		87,305,655	$\begin{array}{c} 21,312,816\\ 15,798,669\\ 19,540,233\\ 11,685,479\\ 8,968,431 \end{array}$	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1887.	36.

Farm Mortgages.

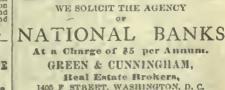
6%

7%

The American Investment Company, of Em metahars, Iowa, with a paid-up capital of Siloh,-000, surplus \$73,000, offers first Mortagae Loans drawing we ven per cont Also 6 per cent 10-rear Debenture Bonds, secured by 105 per cent of first Mortagae loans held in trust by the Mercantille Trust Co., N. V. Five per cent certificates of teposit for periods under one year. Write for full information and references to the company at 150 Nasana St. N. V. A. L. ORMSBY, Vice-President

Eight per cent net to invest-s. No losses. Interest col-cted free of charge to lender. rat mortage on improved rm property in finest agri-itural districts in Alabama, orth three times amount of

worth three times amount of legislative enthor. Ity to negotiate loans. R. M. NELSON, President. W. R. NELSON, W. R. NELSON, Barris of several European farm ious companies. M. R. M. Son, President. Refer by permission to theo. S. Coe, President, and form of securities. Refer by permission to theo. S. Coe, President, and formation Carke, Vice-Preside American Exchange Na-tional Bank, New York : Logan C. Murray, President United states National Bank, New York.



1405 F STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C. Reference: Hon. A. U. WYMAN, Ex-Transport 8., Omaha, Neb.

BUFFALO, N. Y. 8. 8. JEWETT, Pres. WM. C. CORNWELL, Cash'r. **Cupital....\$250,000** | Sarpina.....\$250,000 This Bank has superior facilities for making Col-fections in and out of the citizies for making Col-terms, and with cureful attention to the best inter-ests of its correspondents. CORREPONDENTS..-Importers' & Traders' Na-tion... Bank and Chemileni National Bank, New York; Merchants' Loan & Trast Co., Chicago; Union Bank of London, London.

Banks,

Bank of Buffalo,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

W. T. BLACKWELL, Pres't, P. A. WILEY, Cashler. I he Bank of Durham, BURHAM, N. C.,

Pay Special Attention to Collections. FIRST-CLASS FACILITIES. New York Correspondents—The National Park Bank a.d Seventh Ward National Back.

J. S. ALEXANDER, Pres. A. A. ALEXANDER, Cash'r.

Texas National Bank, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

COLLECTIONS AND INVESTMENTS MADE. Correspondence invited.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, RICHNARTS NATIONAL BARRAY, RICHNOND, VIRGINIA. Collections made on all Southern points on heat terms; prompt returns. JOHN F. BLENN, Cash. FRED. R. SCOTT, Vice-Pres.

DEBENTURES, Bearing 6 per cent, running ten years and hased exclusively upon Western Furm Mortgages, held in trust by the American Loon & Trust Company, of New York, for the benefit of the bondholders. Their safety, time to run and rate of interest make them the most desirable investment now offered. Also,

Farm Mortgages.

EQUITABLE

Mortgage Company.

GUARANTEED FARM MORTGAGES. OFFICES1

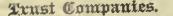
New York, 208 Breadway | Phila., cor. 4th&Chestnut. Boston, 23 Court St. | Kansas City, 7th& Del.Sts.

Boston, 23 Court St. IKaness City, AIR Delists. INVEST THROUGH THE SOUND AND RELIANTE WESTERN FARM MURTGAGE CO., IAWRENCE, KAN. F. M. PERKINS, Prest. I., H. PERKINS, Sec. Phid Up Caplini, - - - S2360,010 The choicest Pirst Mortgage Farm Loans, also the Company's Ten Year Debenturon, based npon its paid op inplical and assists of over \$550,000. No losses, Eleven years' experience, with absolute satisfaction to over L500 investors. Send for circular, forms and full information, Branch offices in N. Y. City and Albany. New York Office 157 Bruedway. C. C. HINE & SUN, Agents.

Important Notice. TO HOLDERS OF KANSAS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES:

Send to HODGES & KNOX, TOPEKA, KANSAS, for Free Pauphlet containing the compiled Laws o Kansas relating to Real Estate Mortgages.

LOAN CO. of	1
ALABAMA,	lec
Column Alm	fai



686

Union Trust Company OF NEW YORK.

78 Broadway, cor. Rector St., N. Y.

A LEGAL DEFOSITORY FOR MONEY. Accepts the transfer agency and registry of stocks, sud acts as Trustee of mortages of corporations. Allows interest on deposits, which may be made at any time, and withdrawn on five days? netice, with interest for the whole time they remain with the company. For the convenience of depositors this company also opens current accounts subject, in accordance with its rules, to eheck at sight, and allows interest upon tha resulting daily halances. Such chacks pass through the Clearing Homsa. MUNISTREES.

TRUSTEES:	
Wm Whitewright, James M. MoLean,	
Honry A Kent. Ambrose C. Lingsian	α.
R T. Wilson, James H. Uguvie,	
Wrm F Rnssoll 8. T. Fairchild.	
C. D. Wood. I. H. Frothingham,	
James N. Platt. George A. Jarvis,	
D.C. Have C. Vanderbilt,	
James Forsyth, A. A. LOW,	
Charles H. Leland, G. G. Williams,	
Edward King, R. G. Remsen,	
E B. Wesley, J. B. Johnston,	
D H MeAlnin. Edward Schell,	
George B. Carbart, Amasa J. Parker	
Channey M. Dapaw, Samuel F. Barger,	
Bobert Lenox Kennedy, Geo. C. Mageun.	
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:	
Wm. Whitewright, G. G. Williams,	
James McLean, E. B. Waeley,	
Geo. C. Mageun, C. D. Wood,	
D. C. Hays, A. C. Kingsland.	
WDWADD VING President	

EDWARD KING, Freedeer, JAMES M. MCLEAN, First Vice-Pres't, JAMES H. OGILVIE, Second Vice-Pres't, A. O' RONALDSON, Secretary. A. W. KELLEY, Assistant Secretary.

American Loan & Trust Co, 113 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

THIS COMPANY TRANSACTS A GENERAL LOAN, TRUST AND FINANCIAL BUSINESS. Receives Money on Deposit subject to check, and allows interest on balances. All Checks pass through the Clearing-house. MAKES INVESTMENTS OF MONEY. ACTS AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, FTC. ALSO, AS REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT.

County Treasurers' Fund.

ROWLAND N. HAZARD, President. GEOROE S. H'ART, Vice-President. WILLIAM D. SNOW, Secretary. JAMES S. THULSTON, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS:

DIRECTORS: GEORGE H. POTS, JOHN L. MACAULAY, JAMES M. VARNUM, JOHN I. BLARR, EDWARD F. BROWNING, REOWLAND N. ILAZARD, GEORGE S. HART, WM. B. DINSMORE, FLIAS LEWIS, JR., JULES ALDIOÉ, STEVENSON BURKE, STEVENSON BURKE, STEVENSON BURKE, STEVENSON STATUS C. ANDREWS, WALLACT C. ANDREWS, MALLACT C. ANDREWS, WALLACT C. ANDREWS, INC. ANDREWS, INC. ANDREWS, JAMES M. C. ANDREWS, INC. ANDR

The Union Trust Co.,

611 ANI, 613 CHESTNUT STREET, PATEADENPHIA.

All ITUSE CARLES Representation from states of the annual pany. Burglar-Proof Safes to rest at \$5 to \$50 per annum. Wills kept in valits without charge. Bonds, Stocks and other veltables taken under garantee. Repository for Western Morivage loans, bearing 6 and 7 per cent interest. Principal and interest guar-anteed. Money received on deposit at interest. 7 CHARGON AFRICA. Press: J. C. READING, V.-P.

Money received on deposit at interest. J. SIMPSON AFRICA, Press; J. G. READING, V.-P. MAHLON S. STOKES, Treasurer & Secretary. WM. H. PRICE, "Trast Officer. DIRECTORS, J. Simpson Africal Annea D. Gilleut, C.P.Turner, M.D. Wm. S. Price, Wm. H. Lucas, Wm. H. Lucas, Chatterson, Theo. C. Fusei, Jacob Nayler, Thos. G. Hood, Edw'd L.Perkins, William Watson. Sonmel Middle Officer Processor Samel Riddle, GLEN RIDDLE, Pa.; Dr. George W. Reity, HARNIBEURO, Pa.; Henry S. Eckert, READINO; Edmund S. Doty, MUFFLINTOWN; W. W. H. Davis, DOYLESTOWN: R. E. Monaghan, WIST CHESTER.

Metropolitan Trust Co.,

MILLS BUILDING, 35 WALL ST., NEW YORK. MILLS BUILDING, 35 WALE ST., NEW YORK. **PAID-UP CAPHTAL.** = \$1,000,000 Designated as a lexal depository by order of Supreme Court. Receive deposits of money on fnierest, act as lexal or transfer agent, or truster for corporations, and uccept and excerts of aruites srms as other similar companies. THOMAS HILLHOUSE, President. FREDERIO D. TAPPERN, Vice-President. OUABLES M. JBOUP Secretary,

Trust Companies.

United States Trust Co. OF NEW YORK, No. 49 WALL STREET.

No. 49 WALL STREET. Capital and Surplus. - - \$6,000,000 This company is a legal depository for moneys paid into court, and is authorized to act as guardian or tratee. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS. Which may be made at any time and withdrawn after five days' notice, and will be entitled to inter-est for the whole time they may remain with the company. Tratele unaccustomed to the transaction of business, as well as religious and benevolent institu-tions, will find this company a convenient deposit-tions, will find this company a convenient deposi-tions, will be a find this the company a convenient deposi-tions, will be a find this the company a convenient find the com

TRUSTEES:

TRUSTEES: Charles E. Bill, John A. Stewart, George Biles, Wilson G. Hunt, S.M. Buck'gham, Uniton Gilbert, Banuel Joan, Jamee Low, Wm. W. Phelps, Wm. W. Phelps, Helps, Helps, Moson P. Stokes, John H. Rhoades, Wm. W. Chelps, Helps, Helps,

THE Real Estate Trust Co. OF PHILADELPHIA, No. 1340 Chestnut Street. - - - - - \$500,000 CAPITAL. Receives deposits of money payable by check and allows interest thereon also receives for safe-keeping securities and other valuables, and rents safe deposit boxes in burgler-proof vaults. Receives Trusts of every description, acting as executing surety for the faithful performance of auy trust or offica. Acts as Agent or Attorney for the sals or manage-ment of real estate, and insures titles to real estate and mortgages.

OFFICERS:

President-FRANK K. HIPPLE. Secretary-WILLIAM R. PHILLER. Treasurer-WILLIAM F. NORTH. Real Estate Officer-THOMAS B. PROSSER.

DIRECTORS:

Frank K. Hipple, Henry C. Gibson, Lemuel Coffin, Beauveae Borie, William M. Singerly. John Wanamaker, Solicitor—GEORGE JUNKIN.

The Brooklyn Trust Co.,

Cor. of Montague and Clinton Sts., Brooklyn, N.Y Cor. of Montagne and Clinton Sts., Brooklyn, N.Y. CAPITAL (FULLY PAID) - \$1,000,000 This company is anthorized by special chatter to tot as receiver, trustee, guardian, executor or admin-istrator. It can act as agent in the sale or management of real estate, collect interest or dividends, receive re-scietry and transfer books, or make purchase and sale of Government and other securities. Beligious and oharitable institutions, and persons maccustomed to the transaction of bueiness, will ind this Company a safe and convenient dapository for money. RIPLEY ROPES, President. EDMUND W, CORLIES, Vice-Pres't.

TRUSTEES.

Josiah O, Low, Alex, M. White, J. K. Kowitton, H'y K. Sheldon, J. A. Low, Alex, M. Croe, John T. Martin, C. D. Wood, J. M. K. M. Core, John P. Rolfe, Michi Chancey, K. W. Corlies, Wr, B. Kendsli, H. E. Pierrepont, H. W. Maxwell, JAWE BOSS CUREAN, Secretary, FREDERICK C. COLTON, Asst. Sec'y,

STOCKS and BONDS

The Undersigned hold REGULAR AUCTION

ADRIAN II. MULLER & SON, NO. 1 PINE STREET. NEW YORK.

COLORADO CENTRAL Consolidated Mining Co., **48 EXCHANGE PLACE.**

PAUL LICHTENSTEIN, President, R. V. MARTINSZN, Treasurger, G. W. HALL, Sup^{*}, 1

The United States Life Insurance Co.

Insurance.

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. (ORGANIZED IN 1850.)

261, 262 & 263 Broadway, New York

G. H. BURFORD, President, O. P. FRALEIGH, Sso. A. WHEELWBIGHT, Ass't Sec.

WM. T. STANDEN, Actnary. All the profits belong to the Policy-holders exciu-

styeiv. All Policies issued by this Company are INDISPUT

ABLE after three years. All Death Claims paid WITHOUT DISCOUNT as soon

as satisfactory proofs have been received. This Company issues all for as of Insurance, in-cluding Tontine and Limited en-Forfetting) Tontine.

One month's grace allowed in the payment of Premiums on Tontine Policies, and ten days' grace on all others, the insurance remaining in full force during the grace.

Absolute security, combined with the largest liberality, assures the popularity and success of this com-Dany

GOOD AGENTS, desiring to represent the Com pany, are invited to address J. S. GAFFNEY, Super interdent of Agencies at Name Office

THE

EQUITABLE LIFE

ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

In SURPLUS (namely the excess of accumulated funds over liabilities), in PREMIUM INCOME, in the amount of Assurance IN Force, the Equitable Life Assurance Society exceeds every other life assurance company, and may be regarded as the largest and strongest organization of its kind in the world.

Assets, January 1, 1887..... \$75,510,472.76 Liabilities on 4 per ct. basis... \$59,154,597.00 Surplus on 4 per ct. basis... \$16,355,875.76

New Assurance in 1886.... \$111,540,203.06 Outstanding Assurance.... \$411,779,098.06

TO THE TR

ProvidentLife&TrustCo

ASSETS, \$19,472,860 02.

ASSETS, §19,472,860 02. INSURES LIVES, GRANTS ANNUITIES, RE-CEIVES MONEY ON DEPOSIT, returnable on de-mand, or on which interest is allowed, and is empow-ered by law to act as EXECUTOR, A DMINISTRA-TOR, TRUSTEE, GUARDIAN, ASSIGNEE, COM-MITTEE, RECEIVER, AGENT, etc., for the faith-inl performance of which its capital and surplus and parties ample security. All trust funds and investments are kept separate and apart from the assets of the company. The income of parties residing abroad carefully collacted and duly remitted. SAM'L R, SHIPLEY, President. T, WISTAR BROWN, Vice-President. ASA S, WING, Vice-President and Actnary

The Mutual Benefit

LIFE INSURANCE CO., NEWAHK, N.



At Auction.

SALES, of all classes of STOCKS AND BONDS,

ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.