HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, Mewspaper, avcekly

THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES. REPRESENTING

VOL. 41.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1885.

NO. 1,061.

CONTENTS.

THE CHRONICLE. Clearing-House Returns. 457 The Financial Situation. 458 The Sales of Public Lands. 460 Rates of Interest in Farming Sections. 461 The French Elections. 463 Monetary and Commercial English News. 464 Commercial and Miscellaneous News. 465 THE BANKERS' GAZETTE. THE COMMERCIAL TIMES. Commercial Epitome 474 | Breadstuffs 479 Ootton 475 | Dry Goods 480

The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is published in New York every Saturday morning.

[Entered at the Post Office, New York, N.Y., as second class mail matter.]

Terms of Subscription-Payable in Advance:

For One Year (including postage).	\$10 20
For Six Months do	. 6 10
European Subscription (including postage)	. 11 28
Annual subscription in London (fuoluding postage)	22 78.
	£1 8s.

Offices in England.

The office of the Commencial Displayers, the office of the Commencial Chronicle in London is with Messra. Edwards & Smith. 1. Drapers, Gardens, E. C., where subscriptions and advertisements will be taken at the regular rates, and single copies of the paper supplied at 1s. each.

The office of the Chronicle in Liverpool is at B 15, Exchange Buildings

WILLIAM B. DANA. OF STREET OF STREET

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

A further and very gratifying improvement in exchanges has taken place during the week under review. Our fiveday telegraphic statement published last Saturday indicated very clearly what the result for the full week would be, and a comparison of the percentages of increase then shown and now recorded serves to demonstrate the importance of the advance telegraphic returns. With the large gains thus recorded from week to week, it can no longer be doubted that general mercantile affairs are in a much better condition than for some time past. Compared with the week ended October 10 the increase in the aggregate clearings is \$57,841,539, and although shared in pretty generally by most cities the greater portion of the excess, as during preceding weeks, is at New York. Of the twenty-six clearing houses embraced in our table, seventeen show gains over the figures for the previous week of this year, while at the remaining points the decrease in all cases is quite small. In comparison with 1884, the returns for Portland, Pittsburg, Baltimore and New Orleans are the only ones which exhibit any decline.

Share transactions on the New York Stock Exchange for the week were of very heavy proportions, in fact the heaviest recorded since May 1881. The market value of the sharo sales reached \$157,305,355, against \$111,376,000 for the corre-

sponding period a year ago. Pursuing our usual method of deducting double those values from the New York total, the exchanges of other origin are seen to be \$387,390,120 and \$295,823,215 respectively in the two years, or an increase of 31.0 per cent.

	Wee	k Ending Oct.	Week Ending Oct. 10.		
	1885.	1884.	Per Cent.	1885.	Per Cent
New York	\$702,000,830	\$518,575,215	+85-4	\$650,500,550	+32.8
Sales of— (Stocks,shares.)	(2,859,120)	(1,537,292)	(+86.0)	(2,320,329)	(+100.6)
(Cottonbales.)	(310,200)	(508,400)	(-32.1)	(522,200)	(+40.8)
(Grainbushels)	(48,145,590)	(32,969,000)	(+46.0)	(37,502,750)	(+40.9)
(Petroleumbbls.)	(79,912,000)	(79,401,000)	(+0.6)	(45,356,000)	(-19-5)
Buston	\$75,410,188	\$65,306,685	÷15:5	\$72,425,480	+12.5
Providence	4,918,000	4,458,800	+10.4	4,350,200	+5.8
Hartford	1,875,942	1,334,971	+40.5	2,146,705	+43.0
Portland	921,008	1,045,255	-11.9	1,006,920	+6.3
Worcester	1,023,591	877,950	+16.6	1,231,844	+89.7
Springfisld	809,172	757,425	+6.7	743,944	-4.8
Lowell	621,438	516,525	+20.3	484,440	-9.8
Total N. England	\$85,608,327	\$74,292,611	+15.3	\$82,398,551	+12.7
Philadalphia	\$53,991,056	\$49,107,638	+9.0	\$47,976,208	+3.6
Pittsburg	7,330,769	8,281,175	-114	6,584,230	-13.9
Baltimora	12,850,083	12,899,400	-0.4	11,564,806	-16-3
Total Middls	\$74,178,806	\$70,288,303	+5.2	\$66,105,253	-2.4
Chicago	\$53,361,649	\$43,029,784	+21.5	\$50,618,202	+19.6
Cincinnati	9,003,300	8,967,650	+10.4	9,717,050	+13.3
Mllwaukse	4,120,325	3,678,340	+6.2	8,887,543	+14'6
Detroit	3,492,469	2,900,495	+20.0	3,840,482	+3.4
Indianapolis	1,310,074	1,300,394	+0.7	1,336,141	+0.8
Clevsland	2,181,396	2,163,966	+0.7	2,099,018	-5.6
Columbus	1,654,590	1,420,169	+16.5	1,395,352	+181
Paoria	991,353	819,146	+16.7	1,062,022	+11.8
Total Western	\$77,018,065	\$65,420,944	+17.7	\$70,515,803	+15-8
St. Louis	\$15,101,572	\$14,064,724	+0.0	\$14,544,05 S	+5.0
St. Joseph	761,690	500,232	+52.2	825,472	+31.7
Naw Origans	8,420,291	8,600,150	-4.2	7,793,682	-3.3
Louisville	4,174,493	3,640,587	+14'4	4,249,890	+16.3
Kansas City	4,509,895	4,099,203	+10-0	4,303,052	+8.8
Memphis	1,322,345	1,257,669	+5.1	1,437,857	+23-1
Total Southern	\$34,299,228	\$33,271,615	- +8.1	\$33,154,851	+6.6
San Francisco	\$13,242,569	\$12,966,644	+2.1	\$10,771,278	-0.4
Total all	\$998,817,827	\$774,815,832	+27:3	\$924,508,289	+24.6
Outside New York	\$251,346,997	\$256,240,117	+11.0	\$208,945,788	+8.1

Bank exchanges have made further gains during the five days ending this (Friday) evening, as our telegraphic returns, given below, fully indicate. The increase is participated in generally, the excess in the aggregate over October 16 reaching \$119,969,481. Speculation on the New York Stock Exchange has been very active, the total sales of shares for the five days being 3,250,159, a figure exceeding the transactions during any similar period within our record.

	Five De	iys Ending Oct	6 D'ys End'9	Oct. 16. 1	
	1885.	1884.	Per Cent.	1885.	Per Cent
New York	\$093,914,285	\$528,101,806	-1-31-4	\$591,461,951	+84-3
Sales of Stock (shs.)	((3,250,159)	(1,721,076)	(+89.7)	(2,318,391)	(+71.6)
Boston	64,710,038	54,434,827	+10.0	62,505,212	+147
Philadelphia	50,244,294	87,994,975	+32.8	44,253,934	+1111
Baltimors	9,194,097	10,503,868	-12.5	10,688,361	+1.0
Chleago	41,341,000	30,548,964	+13.1	44,575,000	+23.4
St. Louis	12,808,709	12,598,912	+4.0	12,054,001	+1.0
New Orleans	9,969,915	7,777,484	+28.3	6,651,140	-8.9
Total	\$882,281,238	\$687,750,786	+28.3	\$765,792,562	+ 28.4
Balance, Country*	54,307,798	51,126,610	+6.4	50,825,993	+6.3
Total all	\$036,5×9,08d	\$739,78A,382	+26.8	\$916,619,553	+26.7
Outside New York	*942 (1.4 2)	2010 1021 571	+12.5	939 157 701	+11.1

Estimated on the basis of the last weekly returns,

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Notwithstanding all classes of securities have been so active during the past week with large sales and most of the time with advancing prices, notwithstanding the better business in progress in mercantile circles with speculative movements in many markets, and notwithstanding each succeeding return of the Clearing House banks marks a further decline in reserves and increase of loans, our money market has given very little sign outwardly of any increased activity or advance in rates since our last report. On the contrary, bankers' balances have continued to loan freely at 11/2@2 per cent (the average possibly a trifle nearer the latter figure), with even the usual spurts towards the close of the day-which have heretofore of late been a feature under the urgent demand of belated borrowers-less extreme and important. The same condition is true also of time loans, the demand being if anything lighter, borrowers inclining to the belief that rates are to remain easy for the rest of the year, and hence that the cheaper way to obtain accommodation is on demand.

This situation grows out of the fact that our banks have very large deposits from interior institutions-never before so large as this year-subject to call, for which they are paying interest. Hence being forced to keep these deposits employed, and yet compelled to have unusual amounts within immediate reach, the offerings are pressed just enough to keep rates steadily down; of course low rates encourage speculation and tempt borrowers, while preventing any urgency in the demand for time money. Three weeks before the May panic of 1884 (deposits then were about 48 millions less than now) there was not the least sign of such an event in the money market, bankers' balances at that time still ruling at 11/202 per cent, and prime paper passing freely at 4@51 per cent, about the figures which had prevailed ever since the year opened. In fact, it was only the week immediately previous to the panic that any considerable change occurred, and then only in call loans which ranged between 12,006 per cent. We thus see that as our monetary system is organized, interest charges are no restraint upon speculation. In Great Britain, the Bank of England is always on watch standing at the brake and turning on the pressure whenever the need to slow up becomes apparent. We do not mean to be understood as intimating that our case now demands heroic treatment; but it is well at least to call attention to this lack of a regulator, and to suggest whether some change cannot be proposed which will provide one. For it would be far healthier if as speculation increased in activity the money market could indicate it more sensitively, giving timely notice and warning if need be by an advance in rates, and not leave the panic to come wholly wnannounced. For instance, a decidedly closer money market now would be wholesome-it would be in some measure a guaranty-that legitimate business was not to be sacrificed to the spirit of speculation.

Foreign exchange has passed through its usual variations this week. Last Friday it will be remembered that rates were put up a half cent. On Monday there was a fall of one cent, on Wednesday there was a recovery of one-half cent, and yesterday there was a fall again of one-half cent; so that the result is that the rates are now one cent per pound sterling lower than at the close a week ago, with the tone firm, although some bankers report a little increase in the number of cotton and breadstuffs bills on the market. It is stated that the recovery on Wednesday was due in part to a demand for about £800,000 for remittance on Havana account. But that such a demand as that should at this time of the

year so far absorb the offerings, only shows in clear light the peculiar conditions of the market. In fact, it is hardly necessary to add that the situation with regard to exports has not changed materially. Wall Street is only one of the many centres of speculation in the country. To be sure prices are very low in Europe for all our staples, and it is easy to think they are worth more than current quotations; but when did speculators ever make anything who began the season by holding on to our surpluses? And this of all years seems to be a very bad one for trying the experiment.

There is very little to be added to our previous reports respecting the condition of general business. Beyond a doubt, transactions in very many departments of trade are considerably in excess of a year ago. Profits remain in general small, and there is now a partial lull in the demand which has prevailed for weeks back. But the feeling continues hopeful and the tone of the markets is improved. All this is plainly indicated in our weekly reports of clearings; and yet perhaps we ought to suggest that it will not do to accept the clearings, even outside of New York, as a measure of business improvement, since at a time of speculation in securities every centre of trade shares in such speculation more or less. Still, even allowing for that, those figures tell the same story, which is coming up from nearly all sections, of an increasing demand for goods for consumption.

Quite a feature of the situation, and shedding light on the same point, is the generally improved character of the returns of railroad earnings that are being received. referred to this in our review of the figures for September, but the weekly reports for October thus far to hand are of the same encouraging nature. The Northwestern roads particularly are doing well. Thus in the first two weeks of the month the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul has gained \$105,000, and the Chicago & Northwestern \$134,100. It is true that in the case of the latter the loss a year ago was almost as great, so that the gain represents merely a recovery of that loss, but on the other hand the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul lost nothing then, and all the minor roads in the same section have gains much in excess of the previous year's decrease. There is a special reason, however, for the good exhibit that this section is making not only now but has made comparatively during the whole of the era of depression through which we have passed. That reason will be found in our article on land sales, in another column, showing that Minnesota, Dakota, Kansas, and Nebraska, have been the favored localities for settlers, a big stretch of territory having been opened up to cultivation during the last few years. It is not alone these roads though that are at present giving a good account of themselves. From nearly all sections of the country more hopeful returns than we have been accustomed to see are coming to hand, and it is for this reason we make special mention of the matter To bring out this point, we give below the figures for the first two weeks of October for twenty-four leading roads.

RAILROAD EARNINGS FOR THE FIRST TWO WEEKS OF OCTOBER.

THE								
Name.	1885.	1884.	Increase.	Decrease.				
Burlington Cedar Rapids & No	\$158,717	\$120,807	\$32,910	\$				
Canadian Pacific	379,000	311,000	68,000					
Chicago & Alton	369,747	455,235		85,488				
Chicago & Eastern Illinois	79,525	75,008	4,517					
Chicago Mllwaukee & St. Paul	1,214,000	1,108,171	105,829	******				
Chicago & Northwestern	1,203,800	1,069,200	134,100					
Chicago St. Paul Mino. & Omaha	287,500	273,200	14,300					
Cin. Indiaoap. St. Louis & Chio	96,548	107,398		10,850				
Denver & Rio Grande	266,149	256,193	9,956					
Evansville & Terre Haute	32,587	28,370	4,217					
Grand Trunk of Canada	667,008	758,021		91,013				
Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe	138,029	101,084	36,965	******				
Illinois Central (111. and So. Div.)	501,800	480,096	21,204					
Do (lowa Div.)	84,200	77,184	7,016					
Indiana Bloomington & Western	110,436	106,590	8,837					

Name.	1885.	1894.	Increuse.	Decrease.
Long Island	112,925	111,791	1,181	
Louisville & Nashville	541,980	569,410		28,210
Milwankee Lake Shore & Western.	68,810	47,000	21,810	
Northern Pacific	717,407	034,920	89,497	
Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.,	280,998	209,627	71,871	
St. Louis Alton & T. II. (main line)	53,893	62,104		8,981
Do De (branches).	82,830	81,904	926	
St. Louis & San Francisco	203,195	216,995		13,800
St. Paul & Duluth	80,306	74,060	0,246	******
Total (24 roads)	\$7,074,579	\$7,285,800	\$626,822	\$237,642
Net Increase			\$389,150	*1*****

A glance at the above suffices to show that there is a pretty general tendency towards higher receipts than a year ago-not very pronounced in all cases, but, nevertheless, sufficiently marked (as indicating a change) to morit notice. The roads that form an exception to this rule are the Chicago & Alton, which last year escaped any material decline; the St. Louis & San Francisco, which then had an increase more than four times the amount of its present decrease; the Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis & Chicago, which is suffering from the failure of the wheat crop; the Grand Trunk of Canada, which, besides the depression of business in Canada, has the competition of the Canadian Pacific to contend with; and the Louisville & Nashville, whose present loss is in addition to a very heavy loss in 1884. But against the decrease on these roads, we have eighteen companies with an increase, comprising, among others, roads so widely separated as the Illinois Central, the Denver & Rio Grande, the Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe, the Northern Pacific, and the roads in the Northwest; and if the host of minor roads, omitted for want of space, could be included, the exhibit would be even stronger.

The question that naturally arises in connection with this improvement is whether the change is likely to be permanent in character, or whether it is merely ephemeral, due to some temporary circumstance or circumstances. On that point it should not be forgotten that October last was an exceptionally unfavorable period, and this remark applies not only to comparative railroad earnings, but to all other comparisons bearing on the business situation, for the excitement attending the Presidential election which was then ensuing was so intense as to put a virtual embargo on all trade operations. As a result, it follows that that feature is operating in favor of the comparisons with the present year. When that has been said however, it remains true that in most, if not all, instances, the improvement noted can not be entirely attributed to that circumstance, and therefore it admits of but one conclusion-namely, that the course of earnings and our statements of clearings alike reflect the course of general trade, in which a slow but steady revival of activity has been in progress.

The recorded transactions in share property at the Stock Exchange have been enormous and almost unprecedented this week, the daily business exceeding six hundred thousand shares, and on Monday and Wednesday reaching over seven hundred thousand, while the trading in bonds has likewise been very large. At the same time, or at least until the last two days, the tendency of the market has continued decidedly upward, and it is claimed that the buying by non-professionals has increased almost daily, carrying prices of some of the specialties much higher than the clique managers thought was possible when the movement began. The upward spurt in Reading which commenced on Tuesday is perhaps a fair illustration of the manner in which some properties have been influenced. Just when preparations were nearly completed for instituting foreclosure proceedings, which, if pushed, would result greatly to the disadvantage of holders of Reading stock, the price was at first

gradually and then more rapidly advanced, almost wholly on the report that parties in the interest of the l'ennsylvania railroad were buying it and the convertible bonds for control, in order to obtain possession of the Central New Jersey and keep the Baltimore & Ohio out of New York. Those who credited the story seemed to overlook the fact that the shares must stand in the name of holders three months before the election to entitle them to vote. and unless the election is deferred purchases of stock now made will be useless. Still another example of the ease with which prices have been advanced was afforded on Wednesday in the case of Cleveland Columbus Cincinnati & Indianapolis and the St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute. The former rose rapidly on the report that a traffic arrangement was in contemplation embracing this road, the Lake Shore and the Chicago & Alton; no details were given nor was any statement made to indicate the nature of the proposed agreement. Terre Haute advanced on the revival of the rumor that the scheme for the retirement of the preferred stock was about to be carried into execution. Among the low-priced stocks speculation has been conspicuous in the Wabashes, Lake Erie & Western, the Nickle Plates, Atlantic & Pacific, and even Ohio Central, speculators apparently making no inquiry regarding intrinsic values, but buying only because prices were low.

Under such conditions as these it is not at all surprising that there should have been somewhat of a reaction in the market the past two days. On the contrary, the wonder is that the reaction should have been so slight, and so quickly over, a decided recovery occurring in the closing hour yesterday. An unfavorable influence was the passenger rate war that has broken out between the East Tennessee and the lines in Georgia, and which in its results involves the Louisville & Nashville and other systems, the East Tennessee having made reductions to points as remote as Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City. This seems to be the same old trouble that has cropped up time and again before. The East Tennessee and Louisville & Nashville have been at loggerheads ever since the former entered Georgia and paralleled the Western & Atlantic. It is against this or by this Western & Atlantic that the fight is invariably waged, but the real parties in interest are the two systems mentioned. Previous contests have usually been wound up before much damage was done. Whether a like outcome will follow in the present instance it is of course impossible to predict. The struggle, to say the least, is more than ordinarily bitter and virulent. But Southern roads, even the strongest and the best, have very little substance to waste, and therein lies the hope for an early

The following shows the receipts and shipments of gold and currency by the New York banks during the week.

Week ending Oct. 23, 1885.	Received by N. Y. Banks.	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.		interior ement.
Currency	\$898,000	\$1,600,000	Loss	\$702,000
Gold		125,000	L088	125,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$898,000	\$1,725,000	Loss	\$827,000

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of gold and currency caused by this movement to and from the interior. In addition to that movement the banks have lost \$1,700,000 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury. Adding that item to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total loss to the New York Clearing House banks of gold and currency for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to-day.

Week ending Oct. 23, 1885.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Sanks' Interior Movement, as above Sub-Treasury operations		4.1.4.4.1.4.4	Loss. \$827,000 Loss. 1,700,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$5,198,000	\$7,725,000	Loss. \$2,527,000

The Bank of England reports a loss of £625,162 bullion for the week. This represents £714,000 shipped abroad and £88,838 drawn from the interior. The Bank of France shows a gain of 1,435,000 francs gold and a loss of 656,000 francs silver, and the Bank of Germany since the last report has increased 6,022,000 marks. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

	Oct. 22	, 1885.	Oct. 23, 1884.		
	Gold. Silver.		Gold.	Silver.	
	2	A	£		
	20,920,972		20,565,047		
Bank of France			42,344,066		
Bank of Germany		21,355,200		20,448,000	
Total this week	73,906,096	65,216,310	69,725,113	61,581,197	
Total previous week	74,378,846	65,017,461	69,462,851	61,344,528	

The Assay Office paid \$137,588 through the Sub-Treasury for domestic bullion, and \$27,889 for foreign bullion, during the week, and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House.

	1	Consisting of—						
Date.	Dulies.	Gold. U. S. Notes.		Gold U.S.		Gold Oertific's.	Silver Ver- tificales.	
Oot. 16.	\$322,469 23	\$1,000	\$65,000	\$214,000	\$43,000			
44 17.	374,772 80	6,000	56,000	272,000	41,000			
" 19.	531,780 98	3,000	72,000	412,000	45,000			
46 20.	598.594 24	6,000	110,000	401,000	81,000			
" 21.	349,C37 28	1,500	65,000	249,000	33,000			
" 22.	352,527 75	2,000	69,000	249,000	33,000			
Total.	\$2,539,182 28	\$19,500	\$437,000	\$1,797,000	\$276,000			

Included in the above payments were \$6,500 in silver coin, chiefly standard dollars.

THE SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Surprise is sometimes expressed at the marvelous growth of railroad traffic in the Northwest. Mileage there has increased wonderfully since the resumption of specie payments in 1879. There are two miles of road where six years ago there was but one, and in many cases leading lines have been duplicated and triplicated. Yet they all manage to secure business, and in the great depression that has characterized all industries since 1882, no part of the country has fared so well as this very section. There is the Burlington & Quincy, the Rock Island, the Manitoba, the Northwest, the St. Paul, what a splendid record they all make. They have not escaped loss of earnings—that was not to be expected—and some of them have had to reduce their dividends; but their general career of prosperity has remained substantially unimpaired. And this record they have made in the face of most extraordinary reductions in rates, the decline in which has been no less striking or constant-in some instances even more so-than in the East. An excellent illustration of this-in the newer part of the section in question-we found some weeks ago in our review of the report of the Manitoba road, whose average freight rate per ton per mile had fallen in three years from 2.51 cents to 1.52 cents.

Me refer to this development to-day, because in great measure it is due to the opening up of a vast amount of new territory, and because we have obtained the statistics of Government land sales for the fiscal year ended June 30, which show that the takings of public lands in the section referred to continue the chief feature of that movement. It is pretty generally understood that large areas which a few years, ago lay neglected and unoccupied, have become populated and brought under cultivation, but we doubt if most persons have any idea as to the extent to which this has been done in the newer Western States. Not to speak of the sales of lands by the railroads, of which but imperfect records are obtainable, the disposals of public lands alone foot up an immense amount,

and the influence of these upon the country's general development has been very pronounced. Nothing can show this more clearly than the figures themselves. Take the three States which in the past year had five-eighths of the whole amount of the disposals, and note their sales. In Kansas over 2\frac{3}{4} million acres were taken up, in Dakota only a trifle less than 3\frac{3}{4} millions, and in Nebraska over 3\frac{1}{2} millions, making more than 10 million acres in one single year. To add to the force of this let it be remembered that in each of these three States there are large quantities of railroad lands constantly being sold, and nothing further need be said to indicate how greatly the country tributary to the railroad system not only of the West, but of the whole United States, is being enlarged and extended.

This, however, is the record of only one year. To become impressed with the full significance of the movement we must go back, and get also the figures for previous years, and, with that idea in view, we have prepared the following comparison, extending back to 1879. Besides the States mentioned, we include also Minnesota, which is situated in the same section, and which, though its total has greatly fallen off, had quite large sales in previous years. The last line in the table, giving the mileage in operation in those States the first of January in each year, will show how the construction of new road has kept pace with the development of new lands.

State or Ter-	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
	Acres.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Dakota Ter.	1,657,	2,258,493	2,533,236	4,355,038	6,089,504	6,069,307	3,744,136
Minnesota	935,788	851,027	843,968	1,085,736	1,292,089	957,876	505,101
Nebraska	1.181.682	1,324,718	643,200	884,028	1,315,104	2,615,101	3,515,705
Kansas				004,061	808,055	985,193	2,832,401
Total	8,559,019	5,050,707	4,789,560	7,228,863	10,108,822	10,697,477	10,597,943
Mileage in operation.		8,145	9,729	10,802	12,137	13,061	13,951

Thus the aggregate of public lands taken up in these four States was in the late year but little less than in the year preceding, and somewhat greater than in 1882-3, having for each of the three years been over 10 million acres. It follows that in these three years—that is, after the depression in business had already begun-no less than 31,311,142 acres were entered upon, an area in size about equal to the whole State of North Carolina. Here then clearly we have had an influence in good part neutral. izing the effect on traffic of the tendency of general industries to contract during this period of depression, so that it is no wonder that the railroads drawing their sustenance from that section of the country suffered comparatively so little. Yet this represents the growth of only three years. Since July 1, 1878—that is, in the period of seven years covered by the above table-the disposals of Government lands in the four States have been 55,839,291 acres, an area one-third larger than the whole of the New England section, and almost as large as New York and Pennsylvania combined. That means, (even if we make some allowance for speculative claims and entries), a vast influx of settlers, and that in turn means a vast increase in the productive forces now at work, and in the demands for consumption. But lest it may be supposed that the growth of mileage has not kept pace with the increase of new territory thus opened to settlement we may say that as against 6,626 miles of road in operation on January 1, 1879, there are now nearly 14,000 miles in that section, the actual figures being, as will be seen, 13,951 miles. Even in the late calendar year not far from 1,000 miles—890 miles—were added.

It will be noticed that though the aggregate of takings for the States given has not varied much in the last three years, the totals of the individual States have changed very decidedly. Dakota exhibits a marked falling off from the extraordinary figures of the two previous years,

when the takings were respectively 6,689,594 acres and 6,069,307 acres, but the total is still very large-3,744,136 acres-and greater than that of any other State or territory, Minnesota, too, has come down from 1,292,969 acres in 1883, to 505,101 acres in 1885. On the other hand, Kansas and Nebraska have increased their aggregates in a most striking manner. Nebraska has been steadily gaining since 1881, when the year's disposals within its border reached only 643,200 acres, till now they are 3,515,705 acres, and larger than ever before. The previous year's total at 2,615,101 acres had been considered exceedingly heavy, but here we have an aggregate nearly a million acres greater. In this State alone the disposals during the last three years have been 7,445,910 acres. What this represents may be understood when we remark that it comprises an area over one-third greater than Massachusetts, and nearly as large as Massachusetts and Connecticut combined. In Kansas the jump has been more sudden, the sales or disposals in 1883-4 having been only 985,193 acres, and in 1884-5 being 2,852,401 acres, as already stated. With such large takings of public lands, and large sales too by the railroads, the great increase in the production of cereals in those two States in recent years-particularly of cornis easy to understand. In Kansas at least the sales of railroad lands show an equally progressive movement, for the Union Pacific on its Kansas division reports sales of 492,830 acres in the nine months of this year, against 268,381 acres in the nine months of last year.

The prominence given to the four States which have been the subject of our remarks, is warranted by the fact that the sales in these States comprise by far the greater proportion of the total sales of public lands in the country, and it is towards those States that the tide of settlement is tending. We have, however, the figures for all the States, and may briefly allude to those not already mentioned. Below is a statement comparing the sales for seven years for each State and territory where the Government has had public lands at its disposal. The figures include only disposals for cash and under the homestead and timber culture laws-that is lands presumably entered upon for settlement-and not lands certified to the railroads or patented to the States (swamp lands) which must be regarded simply in the nature of transferrals, involving merely a change of title and not passing into the possession of settlers.

DISPOSALS OF PUBLIC LANDS FOR CASH AND UNDER THE HOMESTEAD AND TIMBER-CULTURE LAWS BY FISCAL YEARS FROM JULY 1, 1878, TO JUNE 30, 1885.

20 00012 00, 2000,							
States and Territories.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alabama	162,773	850,380	400,913	324,131	338,998	386,093	
Arizona	28,202	16,907	17,124	21,157	57,428	49,485	
Arkansas	208,N56	391,407	437,015	424,538	460,656	316,942	
California	379,921	354,955	415,465	493,336	701,274	935,416	
Colorado	110,981	186,437	215,042	275,557	410,919	516,467	
Dakota			2,533,236	4,355,039	6,689,595	6,069,307	3,744,136
Florida	60,685	94,985	147,973	321,594	434,749	699,054	273,031
ldaho	91,400		133,908	166,948	232,640	269,451	284,903
Iowa	11,601	9,050	6,076	19,945	*******	6,597	
Indiana		*******	40	40	57	40	
lilinois	******	******	677	634	6,308	238	
Kansas		1,516,469	,	904,061	808,655	985,193	2,832,401
Louisiana	27,465			486,470	487,599	520,644	159,590
Michigan	165,630			512,328	320,537	273,093	81,773
Minnesota.				1,085,737	1,292,969	937,870	595,191
Mississippi.	21,235			358,217	516,511	239,624	111,000
Missourl	40,862		112,819	263,165	236,089	403,582	279,991
Montana	06,154			181,690	246,458	418,302	
Nebraska		1,324,718	643,200	884,028	1,315,104	2,615,101	3,515,705
Nevada	43,410		19,445	10,827	4,990	8,497	3,037
N. Moxico	37,338	38,269	88,659	103,739	248,896	215,876	
Ohlo	*******			5,107	209		*******
Oregon	120,443		204,734	804,199	499,770	535,943	407,850
Utah	103,308	97,461	82,712	83,909	111,914	120,868	
Wash'n Ter	215,310	421,297	374,823	444,165	763,779	015,128	490,181
Wisconsin	131,335	167,973	234,867	447,268	454,002	293,572	166,177
Wyoming	33,331	41,247	46,269	58,307	187,409	595,787	552,807
Grand total	8,649,259	9.090.495	8,379,518	12.526.262	16 830 455	18 222 821	16 083 941

Here we see that the disposals for the late year were over two million acres below those of the year preceding and three quarters of a million below 1883, but that nevertheless they amounted to over 16 million acres. We have already referred to the fact that Kansas and Nebraska decidedly increased their aggregates; aside from these, most States have failed to reach the totals of the previous year, the exceptions being what may be called the interior Pacific Coast States, namely Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, and Utah. The Southern States all have smaller aggregates. Among these the absence of Texas may be noted, but in that State it should be remembered there have never been any United States Government lands. In Indiana, Illinois, and Ohio, the sales in 1885 were nil, and there the public domain is exhausted. In great degree this is also true of Iowa, which reports disposals of only 5,645 acres for the late year. In that State, however, there is some unoccupied land still in the possession of the railroads, though even that cannot be very large. In Wisconsin and Michigan, too, we presume most of the public domain has been taken up. So notwithstanding the falling off of two millions in the aggregate disposals for the country, bearing in mind that in many States most or all of the desirable lands have already been disposed of, the total must be considered as keeping up remarkably well.

If any one wants to know the precise extent to which the public domain has been entered-presumably for settlement-during the last seven years, he has only to add together the totals given above, when he will find that the takings reach 89,793,151 acres, covering an area over twice the size of the New England section, greater than the whole of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and West Virginia together, and greater also than Ohio, Indiana and Illinois combined. Only in that way can we appreciate the magnitude of the new territory opened up to trade and commerce within recent years. The benefits that have already resulted from this extension of our producing area no one will attempt to belittle; the benefits that are yet to result hardly any one can overestimate. There is but one danger—that of unnecessarily duplicating railroad mileage, and thus repeating in the West the sad catastrophes that have marked the railroad history of the East.

RATES OF INTEREST IN FARMING SECTIONS.

A few weeks ago the editor of an Eastern paper which had drawn attention to the enormous accumulation of idle deposits in the New York banks, received a letter from a subscriber in a rural county of Indiana, in which the writer somewhat plaintively inquired why some of that money could not be transferred to other parts of the country where it was greatly needed. For example, he himself would be willing to borrow \$500 at the beginning of 1886, and return \$600 on January 1, 1890. The security which he offered for principal and interest was his neighbors' opinion of his honesty and industry.

The only direct interest this incident possesses comes from the widely mistaken notions of the nature and movements of capital which it illustrates, and the evident sincerity and good faith of the Indiana farmer, who seems really to have thought that the acceptance of his proposition would bring relief to some too-opulent bank as well as needed capital into his own pocket. We all know that in every community that is growing in civilization and wealth, the rate of interest tends to a lower level, and to the same level, as naturally and inevitably as does water. But we know also that there are natural obstacles that cannot, as well as artificial obstacles that may, be removed, which

prevent both water and the rate of interest from ever actually reaching the same level. And, if the simile may be continued, it is just as unlikely that the rate of interest will ever be the same the world over, or even within the limits of a country like the United States, as it is that the surface of the water in Lake Superior will ever be at the level of the sea. What we have to look at, however, is not what cannot be effected and can never be expected to happen, but what will happen and is occurring daily before our eyes.

In a strictly new country, even when there is no special artificial obstruction, the rate of interest is always very high. Every circumstance contributes to make it so. The borrowers are needy but self-confident young men, who fancy that with money they can become quickly rich, and who are satisfied to pay usurious rates. The local money lenders are few, and their supply of loanable funds is not large. If they set up a bank they receive but little money on deposit, and must pay interest to depositors even upon that. Foreign capital is not to be had except from men who are aware that they incur a large risk, and who, to compensate themselves, require a high rate. What, in such a country, brings down the rate of interest, is the gradual modification and finally the reversal of all these conditions. But the most important of these changes arises from the gradual introduction of foreign capital. Borrowers learn, to be sure, from their own experience, or from that of others, that as a matter of fact there is a point in the payment of interest beyond which we cannot go and yet use money at a profit. But the reasonable demand for money on loan increases nearly or quite as fast as the local loanable supply; and accordingly the ordinary rate of interest would not decline very rapidly after the original fifteen or eighteen per cent rate had dropped to ten or twelve per cent, were it not for the fact that as the community grows in importance and settles down into orderly government, fresh capital is introduced from without. This movement of money it is which has already brought down the rate of interest in the extreme West, and which is certain to bring it lower yet.

Just here, however, a new obstacle frequently arises to arrest this tendency; for it so often happens that natural barriers are in the progress of time removed only to give place to artificial ones. People forget that any law of a State which robs capital of its rightful earnings or puts in jeopardy any form of capital already fixed within its limits, or even discloses a lax public sentiment as to the rights of property or the inviolability of implied as well as actual contracts, are simply hindrances to lower interest rates. Our country is full of illustrations of the folly of such legislation. Even the Indiana farmer can find laws in his own State which he is to-day suffering from, that are subject to this very criticism. Or take the case of Georgia, for recent action has made it a conspicuous illustration; that State cannot retain on its statute book the railroad commission law which it has just refused to amend, without its citizens more than paying many times over in divers ways for the lower freight rates they gain. And capital discriminates even in such a case, for as the planting interest chiefly sustains the law, the planting interest mainly suffers for it.

But there is just now a movement in progress which is favoring the distribution of money in farming sections to which too little attention has been paid, in our opinion. We refer to the working of the numerous mortgage companies that have been springing up, both East and West, during the last few years. These companies are of two classes, though the objects aimed at by each are similar, if not identical. There are, first, the Eastern companies whose

business is of two kinds. One of these companies "places" mortgages upon Western real estate, the lender or the borrower, or both, paying a commission to the company as a broker. It also lends money upon such mortgages upon its own account, procuring the funds for the purpose by the issue of its own debenture bonds. The person who desires to invest in mortgages thus has his choice of lending his money outright to a single borrower, taking all the risks, or of lending, at a somewhat lower rate, to a company which will take the risks. In the one case he receives seven or eight per cent, or even more, less the commission to the company for the negotiation of the mortgage; in the other case he receives plain six per cent interest on a bond.

The Western local companies do not, so far as we are aware, issue any bonds. They confine themselves to the business of mortgage brokers. For example, a mortgage company in Kansas will have an agent in several Eastern cities-New York, Boston and Hartford let us say. Those who wish to borrow apply to the company at the home office, which notifies its agent in Hartford to place such and such mortgages on the property described. The company requires little or no capital, and incurs substantially no responsibility; and if energetically managed and well represented by its Eastern agents, it can not only recompense the latter quite liberally for their services, but pay its managers a handsome sum upon a very moderate investment. The number of companies of this latter class is becoming quite large. In some of the Western States the field within which a company operates does not extend beyond the lines of the county in which it is located.

Statistics as to the extent of this busines are wholly wanting, and it is not probable that State governments will undertake to exercise supervision over the companies. It is easy enough to see that shrewd swindlers might possess themselves of the money of credulous and careless investors, through the use of the mortgage company machinery; but up to the present time no abuses have been reported. Properly conducted, such companies may confer great benefits upon both lenders at the East and borrowers at the West. Indeed they have done so already. They have given to the former investments at a higher rate upon perfectly safe security than could possibly have been obtained with as little risk at home, and they have supplied funds to the latter on terms which do not involve the payment of all profits by way of interest on borrowed money. It can scarcely be doubted that it is the independent investment of money in the West by Eastern capitalists that has brought the average rate of interest there down to not more than eight per cent.

Certainly we would not be understood as asserting either that the particular development of the mortgage business here mentioned is the sole—perhaps it is not even the chief -cause of the easier rates for money in the West; or that there are not still numerous and large districts where lend. ers can ask and obtain one per cent a month or more, on as good security as there is in such communities. All developments and improvements contribute to the reduction of interest rates. But the fact remains that through the agency of mortgage companies, and by the action of independent mortgage brokers, many million dollars, tens of millions, of ready money have been put into active use in the West and Southwest; and the competition is now sufficient to enable any farmer, in any State which protects lenders, to raise money by mortgage of his property, at a rate which is not oppressive. Moreover, since the way has been pointed out, it may be anticipated with great confidence that further competition will reduce that rate still further, and this change will carry with it a reduction of the mercantile and banking rates.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

Not in many years has so much interest been centred upon the Parliamentary elections in France. There were many reasons for anxiety. There was discontent throughout the country, that worst kind of discontent which comes of want. There was division of sentiment among the more intelligent classes as to the wisdom of the home and foreign policy of the men in power. A new electoral law had come into operation; and it was known that the main purpose of that law was to strengthen the republic, as against both monarchy and imperialism. It was no secret that all the parties were putting forth their strength, and that while the conservatives were not without hope, the radicals were confident of victory. The result of the election held on Sunday, October 4, which showed so large an increase of conservative energy, and which promised a complete conservative victory, was thus somewhat of a surprise to all parties. If the supplementary elections should be equally pronounced, the conservatives, if they had not a clear majority in the Chamber, would have, at least, such commanding strength as to be able to shape the government at will.

Under such circumstances it was not at all wonderful that, during the interval, there should have been a good deal of wild talk. The extreme radicals, if they did not see the empire, saw the monarchy, in the near future; and hence there was no end to the abuse to which the Orleanist Princes were subjected. It was time, the public was told, that they should be driven from the country, and the more effectually to destroy their power, and to make them harmless for the future, that their estates should be confiscated. The supplementary elections have since taken place; and from some cause or other, probably in part from the greater energy put forth by the radicals, and probably also from a wise restraint exercised by the conservative leaders, the conservative strength at the ballot box was less pronounced than it was on the first day's election. The excitement in France has in consequence very considerably abated; and anything in the shape of a violent change of government is no longer to be feared. According to our latest news the opinion prevails in France that no sweeping change of ministry will result, although it is at the same time noted that the Minister of Agriculture and the Minister of Commerce have both failed of re-election and have both been relieved of office.

Looked at from any point of view, the unusual demon. stration made by the conservatives is deeply suggestive; and it is undeniable that upon the policy of the near future their influence will make itself felt. As the Chamber now stands, there are 200 conservatives and 384 republicans or radicals. Of these republicans there are a large number known as opportunists; so many, indeed, that if the line were drawn between them and the more radical section of the republican host, the conservatives would be much the strongest of the three sections of the House. In critical emergencies the question will be as to the vote of the opportunists. They hold the balance of power; and as they shall lean to the conservatives or lean to the radicals, so will the victory be decided With such a House, it is reasonable to conclude, radical measures are not likely to find such favor as has been extended to them for the last seven years. And the question, which will begin to be of commanding interest so soon as the Chambers meet, will be as to whether the tide of feeling is in favor of a conservative or in favor of a radical policy.

Although in such a country as France it is especially difficult to forecast the future with any degree of cer-

tainty, we are not wholly in the dark as to the causes which have brought about the change so far, and, therefore, not wholly in ignorance as to the motives of French conservatives. It is not easy for any party under the heat of election excitement wholly to conceal their motives or their purposes. There are grievances to be redressed or there is a point of progress—some fixed purpose—to be accomplished, all of which become favorite rallying cries. Now it is noteworthy that throughout the election contests, while much has been said pro and con in regard to the Church and the Concordat, in regard to the Tonquin affair, in regard to Madagascar, in regard to the general colonial policy of the Government, and in regard also to the condition of trade and industry, nothing has been said about the restoration of either monarchy or empire. It is reasonable, we think, to conclude that the French people know their own affairs better than outsiders; and it is hardly necessary to credit them with deep and secret designs beyond what is common with their neighbors. It goes for something in our judgment that during this exciting election contest they have uttered nothing which can by any fair means be interpreted as signifying dissatisfaction with the republic as such or a preference for either monarchy or the empire.

On the other hand it is well known that there are many French people sincerely attached to the Church of Rome. Disestablishment in any shape, they consider, would be ruinous to the Church. Very likely they are wrong in this particular, and that the church would gain rather than lose by its severance from the State. It matters not what the truth may be. It is enough if that be their opinion; and that such is the opinion of a large section of good people in France, especially of good women, we are not permitted to doubt. These people have said through men who rule the ballot-box to the "You must leave the Church alone." There is also a large body of Frenchmen who are of opinion that France has enough of territory; that she has enough to do at home in Europe without wasting money and without shedding the blood of their young men in far-off Tonquin, and far-off Madagascar; and these people have spoken through the ballot-box and said to the men who rule France, "Attend to our domestic affairs; save our money; spare our sons, and leave Quixotic enterprises alone." These are the voices which seem to us to be making themselves heard through the elections; and if French statesmen heed these voices, the republic may be safer and stronger than ever.

But if there should be no change of policy in the government in these particulars, is it not reasonable to anticipate that the conservative element will become stronger? For if France is to remain a republic, popular not arbitrary rule must prevail; and to us it is a hopeful sign—an evidence of greater stability—that the people are learning to express opposition through the ballot-box and not through revolution. It will not be long until the Assembly shall be called upon to fill again the presidential chair. President Grevy's term expires on January 30, 1886, and the temper of the Chamber as well as the temper of the country will be seen in the choice of his successor.

New York & New England.—At Hartford, Conn., Oct. 22, the sales of Series B of the New England Car Trust rolling stock occurred in the United States Court room. Ten locomotives were sold for \$55,250; 18 passenger coaches for \$56,000, and 370 gondola cars for \$101,750, making a total of \$213,000. The purchase at first was for the Trustees, as in Series A, but when 210 gondola cars, 7 locomotives, and 1 passenger coach had been bid off for a total of \$98,400, the remaining purchases were made for Henry L. Leach, of Boston, trustee. The sale to him was \$114,600. The sale yielded about 90 per cent of the appraissl.

Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXOHANG	XOHANGE AT LONDON-Oct. 8.			ANGE	ON LONDON.
On-	Time.	Raie.	Latest Date.	Time.	Rate.
Amsterdam.	3 mos.	12:314 @12:334	Oct. 8	Short.	12.03
Amsterdam.	Short.	12.118 @12.219	Oct. 8	Short.	20:37
Hamburg	3 mos.	20·52 @20·55 20·52 @20·55	Oct. 8	SHOLP	20.37
Berlin Frankfort	16	20 52 @20.55	Oct. 8	44	20.37
Vienna	16	12.7212012.7719	Oct. 8	66	12.66
Trlesto	44	12.724 @ 12.7749	Oct. 8 Oct. 8 Oct. 8 Oct. 8	46	25.2519
Antwerp	46	25.45 @25.50	Oct. 8	3 mos.	231932
St. Peterab'g Paris	Short.	25.1884 @ 25.2614	Oct. 9	Short.	25.23
Parls	3 mos.	25.364 @25.414	Oct. 9		
Genoa	66	25.65 @25.70	Oct. 8	Short.	46.50
Madrid	66	453404512	Oct. 8	3 11100.	2000
Cadiz Lisbon	4.6	511316 05134	Oct. 8 Oct. 8	41	*****
Alexandria.	64			44	109.56
Coustant'plc		1 - 05 4	Oct. 8	Tel. t'ra	
Bombay	Dem'd	18. 65 ₁₆ d.	Oct. 9	161. 1 10	1a. 63 ₃₂ d.
New York	60 days	70. 0.16m	Oct. 9	60 days	4.834
Hong Kong.		*****	Oct. 9	4 mos.	38. 5% d.
Shanghal			Oct. 9	٠,	4a. 85ad.

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, October 10, 1885.

The war cloud which has been overhanging the Eastern horizon for some days, remains undispersed, and there is still a chance of further troubles, although the probabilities of a pacific settlement of the disputes are considered to be much better than they were. The uncertainty, however, in which the whole question is involved naturally has a tendency to increase that caution which has been so long the characteristic of all trading operations.

Nothing special has occurred in commercial circles during the week. The Board of Trade returns for September and the three quarters are not satisfactory reading. The shrinkage has made additional progress, and there is no sign of that returning spirit of enterprise which has of late been so general a topic of conversation. No doubt political events have had something to do with checking the expansion of business, but it will be rather dispiriting if by the close of the current year we have not some more tangible evidence of reviving trade than is contained in current reports. For some time past the changes in conditions have been so very slight as to be all but imperceptible, and the healthier tendency reported is possibly based in no small degree on the more hopeful anticipations which have sprung up with the increase of inquiries and the placing of some few orders in the hardware districts. When things come to the worst they must mend, is an old adage which finds not a few supporters. Business has been bad enough for a long period, and it is but natual that the most should be made of any symptoms of amendment. But before hopeful anticipations can be consolidated into sound business we must witness some change in the money market. The number of bills must increase and there must be an absorption or at least a reduction of those plethoric balances which tell only too true a tale of commercial stagnation. Up to the present the signs of an improving trade may be abundant, but they have not borne much fruit as yet.

Increased ease has ruled in the money market. Balances have been further swollen by the distribution of the dividend money, and quotations have fallen away in consequence, notwithstanding that the Bank of England weekly return shows a distinct loss of strength. The reserve has been reduced by £752,100, the total now being £11,705,498, or, roughly, one and a quarter million more than last year. Of this loss £443,525 was on account of diminished bullion, nearly the whole having gone into general circulation and £308,775 because of increased note circulation. The payment of the dividends has possibly had a deal to do with this distribution of resources, but it is clear that the reserve has now been reduced to such a level that it will not bear trenching upon much further. Coin will have to go to Scotland in connection with the term payments, and although it will soon be returned its temporary abstraction will tell upon the position of the Bank of England. This week a year ago the rate was advanced from 2 to 3 per cent, and if the Bank be drawn upon the next week or two as it has been during the fortnight just concluded, a repetition of the movement will be necessary. But the difficulty is to get the open market to follow the lead of the Bank, and that can only be done by the value of money being really enhanced. How such a result is to be brought I

about with the employment offering as small as at present it is hard to conceive.

The rates for money have been as follows:

	Rate.				(Open ma	rket rate			Intere		
				Bank Bills.			Trade Bills.			Joint	Disc'	t H'as
-	EJUTEUM	076	Bank	Three	Four Months	Six Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Stock		7 to 14 Days.
l	Sept.	4		11/6@ -	134@ -	2363256	134@2	234@236	2346514		₹ 36	34- 34 34- 34
l	64	11 18		134@ - 156@134	17/6@2	2%32¾ 25%3 —	17/832	2143214 2143 -	234@3	1	3€	34- 34
	Oct.	25 2		1%@1%		214@ -		214@214	2%4@8	1	36 36	34- 34
I	44	5)				2 @ -	11/622	134@234	216@3	1	l 36	34 -34

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the price of middling upland cotton and wheat, and the Bankers ' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous vears:

Circulation, excluding 7-day & other bills. 25,509,430 26,251,750 26,336,325 26,951,525
7-day & other bills. 25,509,430 26,251,750 26,336,325 26,931,325 Public deposits 5,623,110 5,712,953 4,134,993 4,597,765 Other deposits 29,666,968 25,960,818 25,616,763 25,883,184 Governm't accurities 19,114,642 15,509,998 14,179,008 13,981,057 Other securities 22,278,651 23,545,566 20,769,395 24,402,006 Rse've of notes & coin 11,705,498 10,473,078 12,677,100 9,992,493 Coin and bullion in hoth departments 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Proport'n of reserve
Public deposits 5,623,110 5,712,953 4,134,993 4,597,765 Other deposits 29,666,958 25,960,918 25,616,763 25,883,184 Governm't ascurities 19,114,642 15,509,998 14,179,008 13,981,057 Other securities 22,278,651 23,545,566 20,769,395 24,402,006 Res've of notes & coin 11,705,498 10,473,078 12,677,100 9,992,493 Ooln and bullion in hoth departments 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Property of reserve
Other deposits 29,666,968 25,960,318 25,616,763 25,833,184 Governm't accurities. 19,114,642 15,509,998 14,179,003 13,981,057 Other securities 22,278,651 23,545,566 20,769,395 24,402,006 Res've of notes & coin 11,705,498 10,473,078 12,677,100 9,992,493 Coin and bullion in hoth departments. 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Proport'n of reserve
Governm't accurities. 19,114,642 15,509,998 14,179,008 13,981,037 Other securities. 22,278,651 23,545,566 20,769,395 24,402,006 Rse've of notes & coin 11,705,498 10,473,078 12,677,100 9,992,493 Ooin and bullion in hoth departments. 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Propert'n of reserve
Other securities
Res've of notes & coin 11,705,498 10,473,078 12,677,100 9,992,493 Coin and bullion in hoth departments. 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Proport'n of reserve
Coin and builton in hoth departments 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,425 21,194,018 Property of reserve
hoth departments. 21,464,928 20,974,828 23,203,423 21,194,018 Proport'n of reserve
Proport'n of reserve
to haumites 32 30 p. o.
Bank rate
Consols
Eng. wheat, av. price sos. ou.
Mid. Upland cotton.
No. 40 little twist

The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows:

	Oc	t. 8.	Oct	t. 1.	Sep	t. 24.	Sept. 17.	
Rates of Interest at	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris	8	21/4	3	2	3	134	3	13/6
aerlin	4	256	4	21/6	4	31/8	4	27/8
Frankfort	4	294	4	31/4	4	31/6	4	27/8
Hsmburg	4	236	4	3	4	3	4	234
Amsterdam	216	214	216	214	21/4	2	21/6	2
Brussels	3	234	3	234	S	234	3	234
Madrid	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Vienna	4	31/4	4	814	4	31/4	4	314
St. Petersburg.	В	6	8	8	8	8	8	8
Copenhagen	4	4	816	31/6	814	S1/4	S14	314

Messrs, Pixley & Abell write as follows on the state of the bullion market:

bullion market:

Gold has been in strong demand for the Continent, for which quarter all arrivals of bars and foreign coin have been taken, acd, in addition, withdrawals from the Bank, to the extent of £227,000 have taken place. The Back has also received £259,000, in sovereigns. The Nile has brought £16,000 from the West Indies, the Potosi has brought £103,000 from Australia, the Magelian has brought £16,000 from Chill, the Paramatta £9,000 from the East, the Tamar £49,000 from River Plate, the Hawarden Castle has brought £163,000 from the Cape, the Leibnitz has brought £34,000 from South America. Total, £340,000. The Maskelyne has taken £50,000, in sovereigns to the River Plate.

Silver has fallen, in sympathy with the Indian Exchanges, from our quotation of 47%, of 1sst week, and though at the beginning of the week, a considerable arrival was placed at 47%, the price after the alloiment of Conneil bills yeaterday, at is. 6%, d., has had a fresh relapse, and we now quote 47% per cz. standard. We have received during the week £22,000 from the West Indies, £25,000 from New York, £55 000 from Chill, £17,000 from River Plate. Total, £125,000. The Mexican Dollars—The portion of the £70,000 brought by the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized 47% in the Nile, from West Indies, which had not sold for arrival, realized

The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:

GOLD. London Standard.	Oct. S.		Oct. 1.		SILVER. London Standard.	Oct. 8.	Oct. 1.	
	z,	d.	3.	đ.		d.	d.	
Bar gold, Sue01.		934	77	9%	Bar sliveroz,	4714	47 9-16	
Bar gold, contain'g.					Bar silver, contain-	4756	47 15-16	
20 dwts. silver.oz.			1	111%	ing 5 grs. goldoz.	7 0		
Span. doublooms.oz.			***	• • • • •	Mexican dolsoz.	00 10-10	0. 0.0	
8.Am.doubloons.oz.					Merican doisor.	*******		

Tenders have been received by the Bank of England for £5,500,000 New South Wales $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent stock. The applications amounted to £12,380,700, at prices varying from £95 12s. to £91 (the minimum). Tenders at £91 11s. 6d received about 26 per cent of the amount applied for, those above that price being allotted in full. The average price obtained for the stock was £91 13s. 5d. per cent. At this time last year a similar issue was effected, the minimum being then 92 per cent. Tenders ranged as high as £98, and the average price obtained was £93 13s. 6d. per cent. As monetary conditions are more favorable just now than they were a year ago, it follows that New South Wales credit has rather suffered from the frequency of recent horrowings.

The tenders for the Bahamas 41/2 per cent debenture loan or £35,000 reached a total of £74,100, at prices varying from 101 to 98 (the minimum). Tenders at £98 5s. 6d, will receive about 68 per cent of the amount applied for, those above that price being allotted in full. The average price obtained was £99 10s. 8d. per cent.

The returns of the Cleveland Ironmasters' Association for September show that the total make of pig Iron for the month was 202,152 tons, or 4,506 tons less than in August. The total stock at the close of September was 429,427 tons—a decrease on the month of 781 tons. The foreign shipments from the port of Middlesborough during the month were 30,102 tons, being about 16,000 tons less than last year, and a decrease from August of 1,362 tons. The coastwise shipments were 46,072 tons, or 11,429 tons more than last year, and an increase upon August of 8,046 tons. In the aggregate shipments the gain in September over August was 6,684 tons.

The English Association of American Bond and Share Holders has issued a circular to the members of the Stock Exchange with the object of inducing them to adopt a system of registration for American railroad shares. They maintain that the scheme would unite and proportionately strengthen the English votes; that it would put a check upon fraud by verifying the registers; that the collection of dividends would be simplified, and that risks of loss of the share certificates on settling days would be averted. The committee propose to issue certificates in exchange for the shares deposited by them, charging 3d. per share for registration. The general opinion seems to be that the committee is not sufficiently strong, and that it will require to be backed by one of the chief London banks to ensure the success of its movement.

The Beard of Trade Returns for September and the nine months do not, as already stated, show any signs of an improvement in trade; on the contrary the shrinkage has made further progress. In the exports for September there has been a loss of £1,881,281, making the aggregate deficiency since the beginning of the year £16,280,866. In the imports the falling off for the month was £2,285,810.

The imports into and exports from the United Kingdom during September and the nine months were:

-Total Imports.— Irish Products, &c.— Coloniut Mer'dse.— September. 9 Months. September. 9 Mo

4-1			
IN	POATS.		
Cotlon.	1883. Cuts.	1884. Curts.	1885.
From United States-September.	229,610	252,282	Owls. 167,080
All countries-September	8,118,358 521,383	7,013,720 445,136	5,991,854 210,834
Wheat.	11,348,876	10,731,364	8,527,072
United States—Atl. ports—Sept. 9 months	1,613,730 10,819,126	2,573,082 11,914,167	1.081,546 9,175,574
Pacific parts-September	458,436	545,817	870,816
All countries-September	10,595,765 6,324,190	7,474,067 7,036,219	12,697,811 6,318,233
Flour. 9 months	49,920,273	37,699,147	48,279,289
United States—September	694,536 8,484,956	936,351	589,356
All countries-September	1,053,247	7,691,228 1,450,670	9,369,885
9 months	12,245,412 UNITED STA	11,361,374	12,344,117
231 0415 10	1883.	1884.	1885.
	Varde	Vando	Tunda

	613000	4002.	1000.
	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
Cotton plece goods-September.	3.128.100	3,821,800	2,719,100
9 months	49,204,100	44,175,900	39,812,800
Linen piece goods-September	6,032,900	5,710,000	6,902,500
9 months	58,514,390	57,099,200	54,755,600
Woolen fabrics-September	389,200	402,300	448,500
9 months		4,375,300	3,731,300
Worsted fabrics-September	2,097,400	2,628,300	
9 months		28,941,100	26,086,700
The movements in the prec			20,000,100
And hidveinents in the brace	iniia matale	Bown boom	DO FALLOTTON

 To and from all Countries.
 To and from United States.

 1843.
 1884.
 1885.
 1883.
 1884.
 1885.

 mports in Sept.
 \$\frac{2}{876.741}\$ \$\frac{544.742}{914.742} \$\frac{751.701}{751.701}\$ \$\frac{2}{304.388}\$ \$\frac{270}{304.588}\$ \$\frac{2}{8581.044}\$
 \$\frac{2}{8.595}\$
 \$\frac{2}{8.595}\$

 Do 9 months.
 \$0.404.498 \$0.944.008\$ \$\frac{2}{304.388}\$
 \$\frac{4}{4.982}\$ \$\frac{2}{5.064.588}\$
 \$\frac{2}{8.595}\$

The grain trade is firm but is not active. Wheat has been held for more money, and in some cases an advance of is, per quarter has been obtained. From the statistics just published, it appears that the unwieldy stocks of flour in London which had weighed so heavily upon the market have been very decidedly reduced. On the 1st inst. the supply was 288,806 sacks, or nearly 30,000 sacks more than at the corresponding date of last year, but compared with the first of

July there has been a decline of over 100,000 sacks. naturally bring the wheat market into a sounder condition. and the more so because American shipments continue on a comparatively moderate scale. The stock of wheat in London is about 61,500 quarters more than last year, not withstanding that the importations during the first five weeks of the season have been nearly 1,000,000 cwts. below last year's total; but the supply is not excessive for the time of year, being 602,822 quarters. Farmers are not sending forward their produce at nil freely. Their reticence has indeed increased pari passu with the ultimate chance of obtaining a more remunerative return. The improvement reported from New York, and the slow progress made with the expansion of the American visible supply, are not without effect upon our market, which is certainly gradually assuming a stronger position, following shows the stocks of some of the leading articles in London on Oct. 1st compared with the same time in 1884:

1985.	1884.
Wheatqrs. 602,822	536.762
Dariey	96,318
Oals	493,652
Malze 45,727	68,070
Floursks. 356,932	325,859
Flourbbl6. 1,246	3,059

The following return shows the extent of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first five weeks of the season:

IM			

	1885.	1884.	1883.	1882.
Wheatowt.	6,875,460	7,914,962	7.697.248	9.809.789
Barley	1,572,989	2,216,802	1,575,586	672,176
Oats	1,335,712	1,261,325	1.136,377	1.499.493
Peas	167,312	115,593	63,659	78,704
Beans	448,244	351,474	312,555	115,137
Indian corn	2,466,996	2,409,718	3,367,372	1,674,062
Flonr	1,073,071	1,627,690	1,292,903	1,339,710

Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on September 1):

pertentiver 1):			
Imports of wheat. ewt. 6,875,46	1884. 0 7.814.962	1883. 7,697,248	1892. 9.808.788
Imports of finur 1,073,07	1 1.627.690	1,292,903	1,389,710
Sales of home-grown. 4,422,62	5,053,627	4,840,850	3,982,600
Tutal 12 371 151	5 14 193 970	12 921 001	15 101 002

The extent of the sales of home-grown wheat, barley and oats in the leading markets of England and Wales during the first five weeks of the season, together with the average prices realized, compared with the previous season, are shown in the following statement:

	1885	5.	1884	l	1883.	
	Sales.	Av'ge Price	Sales.	Av'ge Price	Sales.	Av'ge Price
Wheat, qrs	308.331 145,824 41,557	31 1	379,338 227,202 54,176	32 1	335,119 145,963 92,441	33 4

Converting quarters of wheat into cwts., the totals for the whole kingdom are estimated as follows:

Į	Wheatcwt.	1885. 4.422.624	1984. 5.033.627	1893. 4.840.850
H	** ***********************************	4,423,004	0,000,021	*,310,000

The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

At presen	t. Last week.	Last year.	1983.
Wheatqrs. 1,160,00	0 1,205,000	1,534,000	1,816,000
Flour, equal to grs 133,00	0 119,000	135,000	172,000
Maizeqrs. 309,00	0 282,000	107,000	314,000

English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Oct. 23:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Frv.
Silver, per osd.		47916	47916	47918	47916	4712
Consols for money	1004	100716	100%	100316	100718	10039
Cousols for account	10014	100718	10038	100518	100718	1003g
Fr'oh rentes (in Paris) fr	79.40	80.20	80 26	80.324	80.374	
U. 8. 4 98 of 1891	11578	116	116	116	116	116
U. 8. 48 of 1907	12634	127	127	127	127	127
Canadian Pacific	4738	47	4748	4734	4814	48
Chiv. Mil. & St. Paul	87	8758	8758	8834	8778	8619
Erie, common stock	2149	2239	225g	22%	2278	2178
Illinois Central	1384	13914	1394	139	139	1384
Penneylvania	5438	5434	5514	564	5078	5619
Philadelphia & Reading	9	978	1078	1258	13	1119
New York Central	1037	10558	10619	10712	1005	10578

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$7,989,888, against \$9,451,736 the preceding week and \$6,356,990 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Oct. 20 amounted to \$6,138,055, against

\$6,475,079 last week and \$6,605,891 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Oct. 15 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Oct. 16; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dlse	\$2,222,620 7,966,147		\$2,010,104 5,996,906	\$1,918,597 6,021,301
Total	\$10,188,767	\$9,882,572	\$8,007,013	\$7,939,888
Since Jan. 1. Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$112,351,144 297,733,941	\$103,595,868 268,347,706	\$98,121,007 250,827,382	
Total 42 weeks.	\$410,085,085	\$371,943,574	\$348,948,389	\$311,164,504

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the im ports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Oct. 20, 1885, and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK

	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
For the week Prev.reported				
Total 42 weeks.	\$276,348,269	\$289,012,992	\$259,943,626	\$265,643,895

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Oct. 17, and since January 1, 1885, and for the corresponding periods in 1884 and 1883:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Expe	oris.	Imports.		
dom.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain	8	\$303,660	\$	\$426,123	
France	******	10,591		1,811,150	
Germany	******	64,461	17,912	4,425,068 1,207,091	
Mexico.	*****	5,530,859	11,312	31,468	
Bonth America		249,352	43,040	694,622	
All other countries	*****	334,397		71,017	
Tetal 1885		\$6,493,320	\$60,952	\$8,666,539	
Total 1884	\$780		1,538,889	15,423,303	
Total 1883		412,043	218,621	8,911,856	
Sitver.					
Great Britain	\$217,500	\$11,605,695	8	\$27,904	
France	19,642	583,903	******	19,569	
Germany	240			400 400	
West Indies	*****	238,155	6,174 12,096		
South America		12,331	17,604		
All other countries	747		1,024		
Total 1885	8020 000	\$12 0C5 000	626 600	01 252 004	
Total 1884	192,079	\$13,265,928 11,197,892	\$36,898 72,626		
Total 1883	522,919				

Of the above imports for the week in 1885, \$23,810 were American gold and \$3,569 American silver coin.

Foreign Trade of New York—Monthly Statement.—In addition to the foregoing tables, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports of merchandise.

IMPORTS INTO NEW YORK.

	1885,			1884.		
Months.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.
	8	8	8	8	8	8
January	10,808,800	17,648,208	28,457,008	13,598,890	26,398,814	39,997,704
February	10,214,498	18,630,823	28,845,320	11,397,824		89,573,030
March	10,385,689	25,261,039	35,646,728	11,319,423		42,713,489
April	6,262,984	25,998,497	32,259,481	9,798,203	25,759,735	
May	5,245,225	22,856,680	28,101,855	5,754,408		88,471,226
Jnne	6,271,511	24,703,187	80,974,698	6,310,040	28,012,098	81,322,138
July	8,721,583			12,493,763	25,979,743	
August	10,291,609	24,693,536		11,943,261	21,102,928	33,048,189
September.	11,170,778	21,759,629	32,930,402	12,065,979	21,678,101	33,742,080
Totai	79,372,672	206,203,566	285,576,238	94,683,791	241,215,509	335,809,800

EXPORTS FI	ROM NEW 1	YORK.	CUSTOM	S RECEIPT	s.
2442	Total Mer	chandise.		At Ner	v York.
Months.	1885.	1884.	Months.	1885,	1884.
	8	\$		8	
January	32,718,154	26,792,785	January	10,298,891	11,762,029
February	29,715,450	23,536,860	February	10,458,966	
March	26,137,314	23,097,998	March	11,278,971	
April	20,967,843	23,835,838	April	9,077,571	
May	28,341,986	24,063,269	Мау	0,519,474	
June	28,535,036	29,464,020	June	9,637,321	-11
July	26,392,735	81,258,112	Jaly	11,717,836	
August	27,116,832	28,957,053	August	13,242,451	12,825,196
September	28,140,209	20,895,557	September	12,154,709	11,987,968
Total	248,075,459	237 841.501	Total		101,780,485

United States Sub-Treasnry.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

			Balar	ices.
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Ourrency.
Oct. 17. " 19. " 20. " 21. " 22. " 23.	\$ 1,178,114 45 1,652,221 85 1,490,162 74 1,375,813 63 922,916 77 928,957 63	992,884 19 799,854 28 1,063,965 13 715,054 46	\$ 156,928,296 88 157,671,675 03 158,292,711 78 158,710,120 72 158,909,365 30 159,218,266 38	15,143,981 90 15,213,253 61 15,107,723 22 15,116,340 95
Total	7,548,217 12	5,058,894 25		

Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway Company.—Major Frank S. Bond, President of the Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway Company, says that the financial arrangements which the Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific and New Orleans and Northeastern Divisions are about to make, with the approval of the London owners of the system, if the few Americans interested will consent, is that prior lien bonds to the amount of \$7,000 per mile are to be issued by the directories of the two roads named. They are issued by the directories of the two roads named. They are to take precedence of the first mortgage bonds, and to bear six per cent interest. With the over two million dollars thus raised the roads are to be put in first-class order, the car company trust notes are to be taken up, the floating debt extinguished, and needed facilities obtained in New Orleans. The result, Major Bond confidently predicts, will be that the roads within a year will be earning on the first lieu and first mortgage bonds, and in a fair way to pay dividends on stock.

Portland & Ogdensburg.—The committee of the second mortgage bondholders, Wilbur F. Lunt, Edward F. Noyes and Joseph S. Ricker, report that the receiver's certificates now amount to \$250,000, bearing 5 per cent interest; that there is a balance of \$26,797 due on the "Delton extension loan," secured by pledge of \$108,000 of second mortgage bonds, which the receiver is authorized to pay; that part of the cars and locomotives are subject to the liens of the Portland Company and the Wason Company, to whom \$27,906 is owed. Payment of the first mortgage coupons, due July last and January next (\$48,000 in all), must be provided for, and also coupons on receiver's certificates. Additions to car shops and engine houses are necessary, and some bridges must be rebuilt soon. They believe \$50,000 will make it possible to meet all claims except receiver's certificates, and \$300,000 will suffice for all. They recommend that the first mortgage remain as it is, that \$300,000 be raised by a new mortgage standing next in rank; that for the second mortgage bonds and the overdue interest on them, amounting to \$3,873,214, new bonds to the amount of \$970,000 be issued, being about 25 per cent of the face of the old bonds and the interest, bearing no interest for two years, 3 per cent for the last five years. They also propose the issue of \$1,500,000 of preferred stock, \$760,000 of which should go to the city of Portland. This would make the total debt \$2,070,000. go to the c \$2,070,000.

—Attention is called to the notice of Messrs. Henry S. Ives & Co., offering Seneca Falls & Waterloo Railroad Co's first mortgage 6 per cent bonds due 1924. This firm has recently taken the large banking rooms formerly occupied by Morton, Bliss & Co., 23 Nassau Street, and have fitted them up in elegant style. Their general business card will also be found in the advertising columns of the Chronicle to-day.

-The Denver & Rio Grande Western Railway bondholders are notified in our advertising columns that the plan for the adjustment of interest and assignment of coupous for mutual protection has received the assent of a majority of the bondholders, and they are requested to execute the assignment and to deposit their coupons and receive first payment on and after Oct. 20, 1885, at 21 Nassau Street.

Auction Sales.—The following were sold at auction lately by Messrs Adrian H. Muller & Son:

212 N.J. RR. & Transptn. Co. 202 150 Mechanics' Nat. Bank155 30 Peoples' Bank155 1 Clinton Hall Association 56 200 Central Park No. & East River RR. Co140 ¼-143 25 Sterling Fire Ins. Co	~.	
150 Mechanics' Nat. Bank155 30 Peoples' Bank155 1 Cinton Hall Association 56 200 Central Park No. & East River RR. Co	Shares	٠.
30 Peoples' Bank	212 N.J. RR. & Transptn. Co. 203	\$
1 Clinton Hall Association 56 200 Central Park No. & East River RR. Co	150 Mechanics' Nat. Bank155	
1 Clinton Hall Association 56 200 Central Park No. & East River RR. Co	30 Peoples' Bank	
200 Central Park No. & East River RR. Co	1 Clinton Hall Association 56	9
River RR. Co		1
25 Sterling Fire Ins. Co		
17 Warren RR. Co	25 Starling Fire Ing Co 57	4
25 Williamsburg City Fire Ins. Co		4
Ins. Co	Of Williamshum Other Dine	a
5 U. S. Trust Co	25 Williamsburg City Fire	4
5 U. S. Trust Co	1118. CO	
10 Bank of the Republic11814 41 Fulton Nat. Bank, N. Y. 111114 1,000 Saunderson Hydro-earbon Light & Heat Co\$205 Bonds. \$500 Decatur & East St. Louis RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1.750 Dec. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, Int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 8312 \$15.000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-12 \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldic Turnpike Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	10 Clinton Fire ins. Co125	1
41 Fulton Nat. Bank, N. Y. 11114 1,000 Saunderson Hydro-earbon Light & Heat Co \$205 Bonds. \$500 Decatur & East St. Louis RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1.750 Dec. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 83 \(2 \) \$15,000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-\(1 \) \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnplke Co \$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	5 U. S. Trust Co475 2	
1,000 Saunderson Hydro-earbon Light & Heat Co\$205 \$500 Decatur & East St. Louis RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1,750 Dec. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 83½ \$15,000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-½ \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aidic Turnpike Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	10 Bank of the Republic 1184	ı,
bon Light & Heat Co \$205 Bonds. \$500 Decatur & East St. Louis RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1.750 Dec. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 83's \$15,000 Western & Atlautic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-12 \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnplke Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.		1
## Bonds. ## Bonds.	1,000 Saunderson Hydro-ear-	
\$500 Decatur & East St. Louis RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1.750 Dec. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 83 \(\) \$15,000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-\(\) \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Is sued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnpike Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.		\$
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RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80 \$1.750 Deo. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid 83'2 \$15.000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-12 \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnplke Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	\$500 Decatur & East St. Louis	8
\$1.750 Deo. & East St. Louis RR. 6s scrip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid	RR. 6s funded, due 1907 80	Ľ
RR. 6s serip, int. from 1st Sept. 1884, unpaid		
Sept. 1884, unpaid		5
\$15,000 Western & Atlantic RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-½ \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, duo 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldic Turnpike Co	Sept. 1884, uppaid 8336	1
RR. of Ga. 10 per cent bds. 104-12 \$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, duo 1908. Is- sued to Leesburg and Aldle Turnplke Co	\$15,000 Western & Atlantic	9
\$5,000 Town of Leesburg, Va., 6 per cent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnpike Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.		4
6 per eent, due 1908. Issued to Leesburg and Aidle Turuplke Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	Så 000 Town of Leashurg Vo	
sued to Leesburg and Aldie Turnplke Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.	6 now court due 1000 In	
Turnplke Co\$2,100 \$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.		a
\$3,000 City of Elizabeth 4s.		4
adjustmt., due 1922 624	PRODUCTION OF THE PARTY AND	a
adjustmi., and 1922 524	\$3,000 City of Elizabeth 48.	4
	adjustmt., due 1922 624	

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)
Railroads. Boston & Providence	\$1 3	Nov. 2 Nov.	
National City	5	Nov.	Oct. 24 to Nov. 1
Pacific Mail 88. (quar.)	14	Nov. 2	Oct. 25 to Nov. 2

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 23, 1885-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation-The buoyancy and excitement at the Stock Exchange continued with very little abatement until Thursday, when there was a reaction of some importance. This was partly in consequence of the large sales made to realize profits, and partly from the reports of a check to the trunk line settlements, owing to the demands of the Baltimore & Ohio.

But whatever reactions may take place in the stock market. it is hardly within the range of probabilities that prices should return to anywhere near their former level-the level of May or even of September last. One of the most striking facts in the whole recent movement is the change of sentiment which has taken place in regard to values; in the language of a distinguished speculator, it affords good material for a psychological study.

In drilling a company of soldiers, if the officer gets them mixed up in inextricable confusion, he is accustomed to get them back to the starting point by giving the command "As you were," and by a convulsion unknown to the book of tactics the company reverts to its original position. This could not be done now in the stock market, and the most confident bear would hardly expect at present to see a return to the former status, or to see the general views and opinions of railroad property revert to the depressed condition in which they hung for a long period in 1884-85. Tempora mutantur et nos mu-

As to the immediate future, there is little to be added to the summary which was given in this column last week. Stocks summary which was given in this column last week. Stocks and bonds have advanced very heavily and have been largely distributed among new holders, while former holders already have a large profit in sight; therefore, until things are fully adjusted and shaken down to the new order, it would not be remarkable if we should have reactions of quite frequent occurrence.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged at 1\frac{1}{4}@3 per cent and to-day at 2@3 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a loss in specie of £625,162, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 35 9-16, against 34 9-16 last week; the discount rate remains at 2 per cent. The Bank of France gained 1,435,000 francs in gold and lost 656,000 francs in silver.

The New York Clearing House banks, in their statement of Oct. 17, showed a decrease in surplus reserve of \$3,599,925, the total surplus being \$36,553,500, against \$40,153,425 the previous week.

previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks.

	1885. Oct. 17.	Differ'nces fr'm Previous Week.		1883. Oct. 20.
Loans and dis. Specie Circulation Net deposits Legal tenders.	105,630,300 9,956,600 387,796,400	Inc. 32,800 Inc. 498,100	77,344,800 12,761,830 314,901,000	53,544,100 15,266,600 312,796,900
Legal reserve Reserve held.	\$96,949,100 133,502,600	fue. \$124,525	\$78,725,250 110,391,000	\$78,109,223

Exchange.—Sterling exchange has not been very active, and

Exchange.—Sterling exchange has not been very active, and the tone has been rather irregular. On Monday posted rates were reduced one cent, owing to a free offering of bankers' bills; on Wednesday they were advanced \(\frac{1}{2}\) cent, and to-day reduced again an equal amount, the market being very dull. Nominal rates to-day are 4 84 and 4 86.

To-day the rates on actual business were as follows, viz: Bankers' 60 days' sterling, 4 83\(\frac{1}{2}\) @4 83\(\frac{1}{2}\); demand, 4 85\(\frac{1}{2}\) @4 85\(\frac{1}{2}\). Cables, 485\(\frac{1}{2}\) @485\(\frac{1}{2}\). Commercial bills were 4 81\(\frac{1}{2}\) @4 82. Continental bills were: Francs, 5 21\(\frac{1}{2}\) @5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) and 5 18\(\frac{1}{2}\) @5 \(\frac{1}{2}\); guilders, 40\(\partia\) 40\(\frac{1}{2}\) and 40\(\frac{1}{2}\) @40\(\frac{1}{2}\).

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying discount, selling discount; Charleston, buying 3-16@d discount, selling premium; Bostoo, 10 discount; New Orleans, commercial, 125 discount; bank, nominal; St. Louis, 50 discount; Chicago, 60@70 discount.

The rates of leading bankers are as follows:

October 23.	Sixty Doys.	Demand
Prime bankers'sterling bills on London Prines dominerels! Documentary gounnerels! Paris (francs)	4 82404 824 4 82 04 824 5 217805 214 40160406	

United States Bonds.—There is no feature to this market, business having been quite limited in volume until to-day, when quite large thrasactions were reported, and prices improved somewhat.

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

		t. Oet. 7. 19.	Oct. 20.	Oct. 21.	Oct. 22	Oct. 23.
4 40, 1891 reg. Q.	-Mar. *11	3 113	113	*113	°113	1134
44s, 1891 donp. Q.	-Mar11	318'+113	1113	*11114e	113	.113
49, 1907reg. Q.	-Jan. 12	310. *1234	1233	*123%	·1233	1237
4s. 1907 coup. Q.	-Jan. 12	3 lu 123 lu	12334	123%	12334	1237g
3s, option U.Sreg. Q.	-Feb. 10	4 1037	*10312	*1035g	10358	1034
6s. obr'ey, '95reg. J.	& J. *12	819 12-18	*1234	*1281g	*12818	*1284
6s. cur'oy. '96 reg. J.	& J. *13	038 130%	°13038	*1303a	°13038	*1303g
6s. our'dy, '97reg. J.	& J. 13	210 1324	*1324	*13210	13:110	*1324
6s. our'ey, '98reg. J.						
6s.eur'ov. '99reg. J.						

* This is the price bid at the morning board: no sale was made.

State and Rallroad Bonds.—State bonds have had a large business, as follows: \$360,000 Virginia 6s deferred at 131-141; business, as follows: \$360,000 Virginia os deferred at $13\frac{1}{2}-14\frac{1}{2}$; \$47,000 do. Trust certificates, at $13\frac{1}{8}-14\frac{1}{4}$; \$235,000 Louisiana stamped 4s, at 70—70 $\frac{1}{6}$; \$580,000 North Carolina special tax bonds, at $6\frac{1}{4}-7\frac{1}{6}$; \$10,000 do. consolidated 4s, at 90 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$10,000 do. 6s, Chatham RR., at $5\frac{1}{2}$; \$177,000 South Carolina 6s, non-fundable, at $5\frac{1}{4}-5\frac{1}{4}$; \$5,000 do. Brown consols, at 110; \$6,000 Georgia 7s gold, at $112\frac{1}{4}-114$; \$2,000 Arkansas 6s, funded, at 94;

Railroad bonds continue to be very actively dealt in and prices for many issues are still very strong and buoyant, some classes advancing sharply. The speculation in Erie 2ds has been very large, and the price advanced considerably, though reacting a little latterly and closing to-day at 81½, against 76½ last Friday; Atlantic & Pacific 1sts and incomes were also advanced on favorable prospects for the company, the former closing at 78\(\frac{3}{4}\), against 74; the incomes closed at 23, against 20\(\frac{1}{4}\). Other changes have been as follows: New York Chicago 20\frac{1}{4}. Other changes have been as follows: New York Chicago & St. Louis 1sts close at 83\frac{2}{4}, against 81\frac{1}{4}; Alton & Terre Haute dividend bonds at 48\frac{1}{4}, against 38 bid; Canada Southern 1sts at 103, against 102\frac{1}{4}; do 2ds at 85, against 82; Oregon & Trans-Continental 1sts at 88\frac{2}{4}, against 88; Jersey Central debentures at 66, against 65; Denver & Rio Grande consols at 83, against 81; Texas & Pacific Rios, coupon off, at 61\frac{1}{4}, against 63\frac{1}{4}.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The business in the stock market has been immense the past week and the bull movement kept up with remarkable strength. Prices up to Thursday were further sharply advanced and the speculation has been attended with considerable excitement. While all the leading stocks have been very strong, the greatest improvement, and largest volume of business, in many cases has been in some of the lower-priced and usually inactive stocks. some extent an indication of growth of confidence in the stability of the present advance, as it shows an inclination to return to the old standard and estimate of values which prevailed before the panic of 1884.

Reading had a very large business at rising prices, in consequence of various rumors relative to improving prospects and large buying of the stock for the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania interests. Cleveland Columbus Cincinnati & Indianapolis and Alton & Terre Haute were also sharply advanced, the improve-ment in these being stimulated by reports of the formation of a combination with the Vanderbilt roads in a through line to the West. Many other low-priced stocks have been pushed upward for no special reason, except that this seemed to be the prevailing tendency of the market.

A considerable reaction from the highest prices occurred on Thursday, and the downward turn was started by the reports that Baltimore & Ohio had made a demand for a share of New

York through business, and threatened to stand out unless the demand was granted.

Notwithstanding the many reports of new combinations and alliances which have been used to fortify the speculation in alliances which have been used to fortify the speculation in one stock or another, the week has really developed nothing definite, and the actual status of such railroads as Reading, Jersey Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Eric, C. C. C. & I., Alton & Terre Haute, Nickel-Plate, Oregon & Trans-Continental, Oregon Navigation, N. Y. & New England, &c., &c., is not better known to the public than a month ago; though to insiders the case may be different, and negotiations of importance may in some cases be pending. To-day, Friday, the tone was rather weak in the morning, but in the afternoon the market was again active and strong on both stocks and bonds, closing near the best prices of the day. N. Y. & New England was a leading feature, selling up to 29 on large transactions.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES FOR WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 23, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1885.

NEW YORK STOCK E			EST AND L				Sales of the		Jan. 1, 1885.
STOCKS.	Saturday, Oct. 17.	Monday, Oct. 19.	Tuesday, Oct. 20.	Wednesday, Oct. 21.	Thursday, Oct. 22.	Friday, Oct. 23.	Week (Sh'res)	Lewest.	Highest.
Active RR. Stocks. Canadian Pacific	*46	46 4614	$451_2 453_4 \\ 451_4 461_4$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 451_2 & 493_4 \\ 461_4 & 473_8 \end{array}$	46 48 18451 ₂ 473 ₈	46 ¹ 4 47 44 ⁵ 8 45 ¹ 2	25,145 [46,705	3534 Apr. 24 23 May 7	473s Oct. 21
Canada SouthernCedar Falls & Minnesota Central of New Jersey	43 454 47	$\frac{4434}{4612} \frac{4618}{4812}$	*15½ 17 46½ 48¼	*15 17 4714 4812	3*14 17 467 ₈ 495 ₈	*12 17 467 8 483 4	71,292	9 July 23 31 Mar. 25	1758 Oct. 12 52 Ang. 13
Central Pacifie	$\frac{42}{778} \frac{43}{8}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 42 & 431_8 \\ 78_4 & 73_4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 417_8 & 43 \\ 8 & 8^{1}4 \end{array}$	424 43½ 84 84 144 144	42¼ 43½ 8 8¼ 14½ 14¾	113 ₄ 42 ¹ ₂	1,560	3 Apr. 7	834 Oct. 20
Do lst pref Do 2d pref	14½ 14½ 9¾ 9¾ 1354 135	$14\frac{1}{2}$ $14\frac{7}{8}$ $*8\frac{1}{2}$ $9\frac{1}{4}$ 134 $135\frac{1}{2}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14% 14% 135 135	$ \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	914 914	300 665	438 Apr. 22	934 Oct. 15 13912 June 8
Chicago & Alton Chicago Burlington & Quincy. Chicago Milwankee & St. Paul.	131 & 132 & 85 4	1313 ₈ 1323 ₄ 843 ₄ 863 ₈	1321 ₈ 1331 ₈ 845 ₈ 857 ₈	$132\frac{1}{4}$ 133 $84\frac{7}{8}$ $86\frac{1}{4}$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{r} 6,982 \\ 246,021 \\ 2,297 \end{array}$	6434 June 8	864 Oct. 21
Chicago & Northwestern	$\begin{array}{cccc} 113 & 113 \\ 107 & 107 \\ 133 \\ 2 & 134 \end{array}$	$113\frac{1}{4}$ $113\frac{1}{2}$ $107\frac{5}{8}$ $109\frac{7}{8}$ 134 $134\frac{1}{2}$	$113 113 \\ 108\frac{1}{2} 1097_8 \\ *133\frac{1}{4} 134\frac{1}{2}$	$113 113 110 1087_8 110 134 1341_2$	1073e1094	$\begin{array}{c} 112.4 & 113 \\ 1071_8 & 1081_9 \\ 134 & 134 \end{array}$	145,362	84% Jan. 2	110 Oct. 21 13978 Aug. 13
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific. Chicago St. Louis & Pittsburg.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{125}{15^{1}_{2}} \frac{125}{15^{1}_{2}}$	125 125 *15 15%	$\frac{125}{1478}, \frac{125}{1478}$	125 125 *13 16	124 124½ *14 15¾	500	105 Jan. 2 61 ₂ Mar. 31	125 Oct. 16 16 Oct. 17
Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Om.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 33 ¹ 4 38 39 ¹ 8 98 ¹ 2 100	32% 32% 38 39% 98% 100%	32½ 33% 38% 39¼ 99% 100¾	374 394	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 31 & 32 \\ 37^{1_{8}} & 38 \\ 98 & 98^{1_{9}} \end{array} $	4,668 47,887 6,544	18½ Apr. 21	394 Oct. 21
Cleveland Col.Cin.& Indianap. Delaware Lackawanna & West	55¼ 56¼ 114¼ 1165 ₈	$55\frac{1}{9}$ 56 $116\frac{3}{4}$ $118\frac{3}{4}$	54\(\frac{1}{4}\) 60 116\(\frac{1}{4}\) 118\(\frac{1}{4}\)	$\frac{61}{117}\frac{1}{78}\frac{69}{119}\frac{1}{18}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 64 & 665_8 \\ 1175_81187_8 \end{array}$	$\frac{62}{11634} \frac{6414}{1184}$	32,535 $275,578$	23 Apr. 30 825 Jan. 22	9 69 Oct. 21 21194 Oct. 21
Denver & Rie Grande East Tennessee Va. & Ga De pref.	$ \begin{array}{rrr} 14^{1}_{2} & 15^{1}_{4} \\ 6^{3}_{4} & 6^{7}_{8} \\ 11^{7}_{8} & 12^{1}_{8} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccc} 147_8 & 151_4 \\ 63_4 & 7 \\ 113_4 & 121_8 \end{array}$	$15\frac{1}{8}$ $15\frac{3}{8}$ $6\frac{3}{4}$ $6\frac{7}{8}$ $11\frac{3}{4}$ 12	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15^{1}4 & 15^{5}8 \\ 6^{3}8 & 6^{3}4 \\ 11 & 11^{1}9 \end{array}$	638 631	$15\frac{5}{8}$ $16\frac{3}{6}$ $6\frac{5}{8}$ 11 $11\frac{3}{8}$	13,495 $10,010$	234 Jan. 15 412 June 11	
Evansville & Terre Haute	61 61	$^{*60}_{224}$ $^{62}_{238}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 601_2 & 601_2 \\ 221_8 & 221_4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 61 & 617_8 \\ 22 & 23 \end{array}$	61 61 2212	$\begin{bmatrix} 60 & 60 \\ 23 & 23 \\ 21 & 23 \end{bmatrix}$	2,100 1,853	37½ Jan. 10 14 July 28	64 ¹ 4 Oct. 14 23 ³ 8 Oct. 19
Fort Worth & Denver City Green Bay Winona & St. Paul. Houston & Texas Central Illinois Central	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 6 & 6^{1_{2}} \\ & 33 & 33^{1_{2}} \\ & 134^{1_{2}} & 135 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1,725 \\ 2,100 \\ 2,230 \end{array} $	14 Mar. 26	6 ¹ ₂ Oet. 16 6 87 Oet. 21 7 135 ¹ ₂ Oet. 20
Indiana Bloomingt'n & West'n Lake Erie & Western	1734 177 _H 113 ₈ 111 ₂	174 184 11 114	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 1834 91 ₉ 14	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17\frac{1}{2} & 177 \\ 11 & 123 \end{array}$	5,369 $15,765$ $326,936$	7½ June 5 1% July 8	183 Oct. 22 17 Feb. 21
Lake Shere & Mich. Southern. Long Island. Lonisville & Nashville	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$79\frac{1}{2}$ $80\frac{3}{4}$ $76\frac{1}{2}$ $76\frac{1}{2}$ $48\frac{1}{4}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	754 754	80 ¹ 8 81 ³ 75 75 45 ¹ 4 47	3,590 $127,060$	62 Jan. 2	
Manhattun Elevated, consol Memphis & Charleston	10914 110	$\begin{array}{c} 109\frac{1}{2} 110 \\ 36 37\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1091_{2} & 1091_{2} \\ 35 & 35 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10812 109	$\begin{array}{ccc} 108\frac{1}{2} & 1083 \\ 35 & 35 \end{array}$	3,030 2,800	65 Jan. 15 27½ Jan. 15	111% Oct. 14 5 44 Mar. 7
Michigan Central Minneapolis & St. Louis Do pref.	727 ₈ 741 ₂ 221 ₄ 223 ₄ 461 ₂ 471 ₂	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	74 ¹ 4 76 ¹ 2 21 ³ 4 22 ¹ 8 *46 ¹ 2	$75\frac{3}{4}$ $77\frac{3}{4}$ $21\frac{1}{4}$ 22 46 $46\frac{1}{2}$	21 2112	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10,565 9,055 3,400	101g Jan. 20	7774 Oct. 21 234 Oct. 12 484 Oct. 12
Missouri Kansas & Texas Missouri Pacific	265827 1014810134	$\frac{263, 28}{1013, 1033}$	274 284 1024 1034	$\begin{array}{ccc} 273_8 & 281_4 \\ 1021_2 & 1031_2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$-265_8 -273$ $-265_8 -273$	8118,130 $19,980$	14½ Jan. 2: 89½ Mar. 21	2 284 Oct. 20 1 1032 Oct. 21
Mobile & Ohio Nashv.Chattaoeoga & St. Leuis New York Central & Hadson.	$\begin{array}{r rrrr} 147_8 & 15 \\ 454 & 48 \\ 1004 & 1034 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$14 15\frac{1}{2}$ $*46\frac{1}{2}$ 47 $102\frac{3}{4}$ $104\frac{1}{4}$	4612 4612		$\begin{array}{cccc} 15 & 15 \\ 45 & 45 \\ 1013 & 1031 \end{array}$	4,150 5,800 131,790) 33 Jan. 7	
New York Chie, & St. Louis Do pref.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14,440	1 12 May 4 Mar. 2	107s Oct. 22 5 211g Oct. 22
New York Lake Erie & West'n. Do pref New York & New England	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4558 4558	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4412 46	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	251,341 5,640 25,727	18 June 29	9 46 Oct. 17
New York Ontario & Western. New York Susq. & Western.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 73	3 7 714	$15 151 \\ 612 67$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 8,159 \\ 8 & 10,730 \end{array}$	6% Apr. 1- 1% June	2 778 Oct. 14
Do pref	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$185_8 193_8 101_9 105_8 287_8 295_8$	104 103	1034 1118	11 1234	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 11,450	8 Sept. 3	3 13½ Oct. 23 3 33½ Oct. 23
Northern Pacific Do pref	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 257 ₈ 524 544	5418 5514	534 554	5258 537	129,78	5 36½ Jan. 29	554 Oct. 21
Ohio CentralOhio & MississippiOhio Southern	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 &$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & 1 & 1^{1} & 1^{1$	24 245	24 243		2318 237	26,230	1014 May 712 June 2	25 Oct. 17 1 17 Oct. 10
Oregon Short Line Oregon & Trans-Continental Peoria Decatar Evansville	26 26 254 264 18 184	*26 29 26 26% 184 1819		274 28	27 284	$\begin{array}{cccc} 26 & 26 \\ 263_8 & 275 \\ 18 & 183 \end{array}$	8 123,053	3 10% Apr. 8	8 2834 Oct. 22
Philadelphia & Reading Richmond & Danville	174 1858	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*75 76	$\frac{2314}{75}$ $\frac{2514}{75}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 207_8 & 221 \\ 74 & 75 \end{array}$	4 453,660 900	13 May 29 1 4478 Jan. 19	9 26 Oct. 22 9 76 ¹ 2 Sept. 19
Richard & West P'nt Terminal Rochester & Pittsburg	538 534	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 54	514 514				258 Mar. 1	
Bt. Louis & San Francisco Do pref Do 1st pref	371 ₂ 38 87 88	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38 ¹ 4 40 90 90 ¹ 4	397 ₈ 407 ₈ 91 91	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{10.07}{2.44}$	5 30 Apr. 3	0 40% Oct. 21 2 914 Oct. 22
St. Paul & Duluth	$\begin{bmatrix} 27 & 27\frac{1}{2} \\ 88 & 88 \\ 105 & 105\frac{7}{8} \end{bmatrix}$	88 88	87% 88 1105% 107%	88 881		89 89	2 3,358 1,809 34,38	1. 77½ Feb.	1 281 ₂ Oct. 20 7 891 ₂ Oct. 22 2 1081 ₂ Aug. 1
Texas & Pacific	211 ₈ 215 ₈ 51 523 ₈	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2184 221 ₂ 53 541 ₄	2134 223 5312 5414	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{2}{8}$ 85,589	9 9 4 Apr. 10 41 Mar. 2	8 224 Oct. 19 1 55½ July 18
Wahash St. Louis & Pacific Do pref. Miscellaneous Stocks.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1778 1816			9 ¹ 4 9 ¹ 16 16 ¹	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2 & 18,130 \\ 2 & 7,913 \end{array} $	2 Apr. 3 618 May	0 10½ Oct. 19 18¼ Oct. 16
American Tel. & Cable Co Colorado Coal & Iron Conselldated Gas Co	70 70 20 203 053 053		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2078 2114	6814 69	69 69 22 241	18,65 2 18,65	5 8 Jan.	71 Oct. 12 3 241 ₂ Oct. 23
Delaware & Hudson Canal Oregon Improvement Co		9812 997	9812 995	964961 981 981 305 33	9712 99	9618 971	$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline{8} & 1,18 \\ 2 & 15,45 \\ 4,31 \end{array} $	2 66½ Jan. 2 9 21 Jan.	2 97 Oct. 12 3 34 Feb. 20
Oregon Railway & Nav. Co Paelfle Mail Pullman Palace Car Co	907_8 921_9 531_2 541_6	$931_9 951_9$	$94^{1}4$ 96 $56^{1}2$ 585	$96\frac{1}{8}$ 97 $58\frac{1}{8}$	96 97	5578 57	$\frac{21,97}{132,416}$	7 59% Jan. 2 0 46% Sept. I	9 97 Oct. 21 8 625 ₈ Mar. 9 2 133 Oct. 17
Western Union Telegraph Express Stocks.	. 7378 7618	75% 771		$\begin{array}{c c} 132\frac{1}{2}1323 \\ 76\frac{5}{8} & 77\frac{3}{2} \end{array}$	1 132 132 1 75 77	$^{*130}_{741_{2}}$ $^{132}_{761}$	4 237,60	5 107½ Jan. 53½ Jan.	2 77% Oct. 21
Adams American United States.	. 10348 104	*140 145 1023 1044 60 60	$\begin{bmatrix} 141 & 141 \\ 104 & 104 \\ 60 & 62 \end{bmatrix}$	$142\frac{1}{2}143\frac{3}{103}$ $163 103\frac{3}{60}$ $*60 64$	4 1034 1034	$\begin{array}{c} 140\frac{1}{2}140^{1} \\ 102\frac{1}{2}102^{1} \\ 59 & 60 \end{array}$	2 55	4 8718 Jan.	2 145 Sept. 3 3 104½ Oct. 19 2 62½ Oct. 15
Wells, Fargo & Co	. 117 117	*116 120	118 118	11612 1161		11712 1171	26	6 104 ¹ 8 Jan.	2 118 Aug. 26
Albany & Susquehanna Atlantic & Pacific. Central Iowa	124 144	14 144	834 93	918 95	8 9 93 4 14 145		8 27.51	0,124 Feb. 0 834 Oct. 2 0 7 Feb. 1	9 133 5 May 1 0 94 Oct. 20 8 14% Oct. 22
Charlotte Col, & Aug		141 141	. 30 30			33 33	20	0 29 Aug. 2 0 134 Jan. 3	0 33 Oct. 23 1 1 1 May 5
Kcekuk & Des Momes	10 101	*231 ₂ 241 ₃ 61 61	6012 61	*2312 2.11		61 61	. 12	1 18 Ang. 2 0: 55 Jan.	5 234 Oct. 22 6 67 Aug. 11
Do pref Louisville New Albany & Chie Manhattan Beach Co	2912 291	2	32 32	3312 35	3412 341	33 33	1.71	0 2½ Feb. 2 0 29½ Oct. 1 5 11½ Jan.	61 35 Sent. 9
Mil. Lake Shore & Western	17 17	*471 ₃ 481	$2 \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	181 ₂ 181 *46 48	463 463	*46 48	40 50 1.00	0 104 Sept. 0 16 Oct. 1 0 29 June	3 18½ May 19 4 20 Oct. 19 1 47 Oct. 17
New York Lack, & Western. New York New Haven & Har	97 97	. *128 1291 *96 98 . 193 193	2	. 129 129	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*12712 129	91	0 11434 Jan. 0 8436 Jan.	2,1294 Oct. 22 2 974 Oct. 22
Pittsburg Ft. Wayne & Chie Quicksliver Mining Co	714 71	4 *7 71		* 1365 ₈ 1365 4 *6 71	2 *512 714	2004200 1365136 $*54$ 7	8 31 20	1 119½ Feb. 1 0 – 3½ Jaly 1	2 2004 Oct. 23 7 140 Sept. 16 1 84 Oct. 2
Do pref Rich. & Alleg., stock trust effe Rome Watertown & Ogdensb'	412 41		4 *28 291	2 2814 291	28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	2914 291 414 4	રું 70 ધ 50	0 22½ Sept. 1 0 1 May 2	9 30% Oct. 12 2 4½ Oct. 17
St. Louis Alton & Terre Hante Do prei	37 374		3678 371	$\begin{bmatrix} 39 & 51 \\ 86 & 91 \end{bmatrix}$	45 48 *90	44 45	7.56	7 16 June 2 0 15 May 0 75 Aug. 1	1' 51 Oct. 21 5; 91 Oct. 21
Maryland Coal Co	$$ 91_2 91	9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93, 93			$\begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 1.00 \end{vmatrix}$	0 715 Apr.	G 101: Oct. 20
Pennsylvania Conl	230 230	*230 235	1*230 235	230 225	*230 235	*230 235		5' 17 Feb. 0,230 Oct.	7 978 Oct. 20 7 28 Oct. 21 5 230 Oct. 5

^{*} These are the prices bid and asked; no sale was made at the Board.

QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS, OCTOBER 23, 1885. STATE BONDS.

				ST.	ATE	RONDS.					
SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	ma.	Aak.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ank.	SECURITIES.	1114.	Ask.
Alabama-Class A, 1906.	95		Louisiana-78, 0008.,1014	81		N. Carolina-Continued-		-	Tonnassoo-Continued-		
Alabama—Class A, 1906. Class B, 5s, 1906 Class C, 4s, 1906	105	.,	Stamp d, 48			New bends, J.&J., '92-8 Special tax, all classes be Wil.C.& Ru.R.	20 7%	712	C'mp'mise, 3-4-5-5s, 1912	60 h	GI
	106					Consol. 4s, 1910	90	91	Virginia—da, old	40	100000
Arkansna—ds, funded Is, I. Rock & Ft. S. tsa. 7s, Memp.& L. Rock RR 7s, L. R.P. B. & N.O. RR	19 15		Funding, 1894-95	118		6s, 1910 Ohio—us, 1838	114	115	6a, consol, bonda	80	******
7a, L. R.P.B. & N.O. RR 7s, Miss. O. & R. R. RR.	15		0s, the 1880 or 1890, Asylra or Univ. due '92 Funding, 1894-15. Hamblad & St. Jo., '86. New York-6s, rog., 1867 6s, loan, 1802 6s, loan, 1803 N. Carolina-6s, old, J.&J. Funding act, 1900	101		South Carolina- 6s, Act Mar. 23, 1869)			Ga, consol., 2d series Ga, deferred Hatriot of Columbia—	80	200
7a. Arkanaas t'ent. RR.	17 7 103	9	6s, loan, 1892	112 118 120			10914	273	Mairiet of Columbia-	134	18%
Georgia—6s, 1886	103	1012	N. Carolina—6s, old, J.&J.	80			82	024	Rogistered Funding 5s, 1899	115	*****
18, KIMI, 1020	114.4	* *	Fuguing act, 1900	10	B2 () (1D HONDS.	6.3		Funding 5a, 1899	110	1
		1		1			1				
SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bld.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ank.
Railroad Bonds.			Morris & Essex-1st, 7s		145	Mex. Cent.—1st, 7s, 1911 1st, M., 7s, ex-ep., 6,7, cs Mich.Cent.—Cons.7s, 1902	41	44 4	Penn. It it,—Continued— Pitts, C. & St. L. +2d, 7s		
(Stock Exchange Prices.)						Mich.Cent.—Cons.7s,1902 onsol., 5s, 1902	129		Penn. H.L.—Continued— Pitts. C., & St. L.—2d, 7s. Pitts. Fl. W. & C.—1st, 7s. 2d, 7s. 1912	*1111 ₂ 139	
(Stock Exchange Prices.) Atch. T.&S. Fo-12s, 1920 Sinking Fund, 6s, 1911.			Bonds, 7s, 1900 7s of 1871, 1901 1st, consol., guar., 7s N. V. Luck.& W —1st,6s	1234		58, 1909 Coupon, 5s, 1931	ioi		3d, 7s, 1912	131	
ATT O THE LATER THE	784		N. Y. Luck & W -1st,6s Construction, 6s, 1923	102	$ \frac{121}{103} $	Hegistered, 5s, 1931 Juck, Lan. & Sag6s, 91	101	108	4th, s. f., 6s, 1892. 8t, l., V. & T. H.—1st, g., 7s.	110	
Baltimore & Ohio 1st, 6s, Park, Br., 1919. 5s, gold, 1925	1054	125 1057 ₈	Del. & Hnd. Canal—1st,7s 1st, ext., 7s, 1891	*11484		Milw. & No1st, 6s, 1910 1st, 6s, 1881-1913		115	2d. 7s, 1898 2d. guar., 7s, 1898		
Bur, C. Rap. No.—1st.5s	1084	109	Coupon, 7s, 1894	11774	1185	Mich.Cent.—Cons.7s.1002 outsol., 5s. 1902 6s. 1909 Coupon, 5s. 1031 Registered, 5s. 1931 Jack Lan.& Sag., -5s. 91 Mitw. & No1st, 6s. 1910 1st, 6s. 1883-1913 Mil. Ls. & W., -1st, 6s. 1921 Mich. Div.—1st, 6s. 1923 Min. & St. L.—1st, 7s. 1927	$\frac{1124}{105}$	1123 107	2d, 7s, 1898 2d, guar., 7s, 1898 Pitts, Clevo, & Tol.—1st, 6s, Pitts, McK, & Y.—1st, 6s,		10742
Consol, & col. 1r., 58, 1934 Minn, & St. L 1st, 7s, gu	130		lst, l'a. Div., ep.,78,1917 lst, l'an. Div., reg.,1917		1334	Minn.&St. L.—1st, 7s, 1027 Iowa Ext.—1st, 7s, 1909	125 120		Pitts, McK, & Y1st, 6s, RomeW,& Og,-1st,7s, 91	*1111ig	
1a. City & West.—1st, 7s C. Rap. 1. F. & N.—1st, ffs	112		Alb. & Susq.—1st, 7s 1st.cons.,guar.7s,1906	127	1273	2d, 7s, 1891 S'thw.Ext.—1st,7s,1910	100		RomeW.& Og.—1st,78,'D1 Con., 1st, ext., 5s, 1922 Roch.& Pitt.—1st, 6s, 1021	111	81
58, gold, reg Bur, C. Rap,& No.—184,58 Consol, & col. (r.,58, 1934 Minn,& St. L.—184, 78, gu In. City, & West.—184, 78, gu C. Rap, 1, F. & N.—184, fis 184, 58, 1921 Buff, N. Y. & P. Cons. 68 General, 68, 1924 Can, So.—184, but guar fis	418		N. V. Luck. & W184, 68 Construction, 68, 1923 Del. & H.nd. Canal184, 78 184, ext., 78, 1891 Registered, 78, 1894 184, Pa. Div., ep., 78, 1917 184, Pan. Div., reg., 1917 Alb. & Susq184, 78, 184, cons., gaar, 78, 1906 184, cons., gaar, 78, 1906 Rens. & Sar184, ep., 78	1153	1161	Mich. Div.—1st, 5s, 10;34 Minn. 28;1, L.—1st, 7s, 10;27 Iown Ext.—1st, 7s, 10;99 2d, 7s, 1891. 8'thw. Ext.—1st, 7s, 1910 Pate. Ext.—1st, 7s, 1910 General, 5s, 1920. Cons., 7s, 1904.5-6 Cons., 2d, income, 1911. II. &Cent.Mo.—1st, 7s, 290 Mobille & Ohio—New 5s	102 864s		Dish & Allow Lat 7s 1000	4143	194
Can. So1st, int. guar.,5s			Rens. & Sar.—1st, cp.,7s 1st, reg., 7s, 1921 Denv.& Hio Gr.—1st., 7s 1st, consol., 7s, 1910 Trust Co. regulate	*143 1101 ₂	11678	General, 5s, 1920 Cons., 7s, 1904-5-6	11112	112	Trust Co. receipts	1084	109
2d, 5s, 1913		843	Trust Co. receipts	8214	83 2	Cons., 2d, income, 1911. H.&Cent.Mo1st,7s,'90	* 75	110	Debenture 6s, 1927	411614	87
Reg., 5s, 1913 Central lowa—1st, 7s, 990 East, Div.—1st, 6s, 1912 Ill. Div., 1st, 6s, 1912	63	102	Den. So, Pk. & Pac 1st, 7s Den. & Rlott, West 1st, 6s	87 69	80	Mobile & Ohio—New 6s. Collateral trust, 6s, 1892 1st, Extension, 6s, 1927 Morgan's La.& T.—1st, 6s	110	101	Incomes, 1900	42	47
			Det.Mack. & Marq.—1st, 6s Land grant, 342s, S. A.,	5	0.0	1st, Extension, 6s, 1927 Morgan's La.& T.—1st, 6s	100 1057 ₈	101	St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s 2d, 7s, 1897	112	1154
Pur, money fund., 1893. 6s, gold, series A., 1903. 6s, gold, series B., 1908;	1014	1024	E.T.Vn. & G.—18t.78,1900 1st, cons., 5s, 1930	60	80%	1st, 7s, 1918. Nash.Chat.&St.1.—1st,7s	124	125	Arkansas Br'ch-1st, 7s Cairo & Fulton-1st, 7s.	10952	110
6s, gold, series B., 1905) 6s, enrroney, 1918		27	Divisional 5s, 1930	95	53	1st, 7s, 1918. Nash, Chat. & St. L.—1st, 7s 2d, 6s, 1901. N. Y. Central—6s, 1887.	103 1064	105	Cairo Ark. & T.—1st. 7s Gen. r'y & l.gr.—5s,1931	1084	814
6s, enrrency, 1918	*7919	95 81	lat, consol, 78, 1910. Trust Co, receipts Den. 80, Pk, & Pne1st, 78 Den. & Holl-Wesk1st, 68 Det. Mack, & Marq1st, 68 Land grant, 34s, 8, A. E.T. Vn. & G1st, 7s, 1900 1st, cons., 5s, 1930 Ex coupons 9 to 12 Divisional 5s, 1930 Elz. C. & NS. Ideb, e., 68 1st, 6s, 1920 Elz. L. & NS. Ideb,6, 68 Lat, 6s, 1920 Elz. L. & Big Sandy-6s			N N C 6 H 106 WW 7	419079	137	ATAMASIS DE CH-184, 18 Cairo & Fulton-184, 76. Cairo Ark. & T184, 78 (160. T.) & Lgr58,1031 St.L. Alton & T.1L184, 78 2d, pref., 78, 1894 2d, income, 78, 1894 Belley, & Sa. Hi184, 88 St. P. Minn & Man -184, 79	112	113
1st mort., 7s, 1893	*11812		Ehz.Lex.& Big Sandy-6s Eric-1st, extended, 7s	85 1204 ₃	1274	1st, reg., 1903 Deb., 5s, 1904	105 5	105%	2d, income, 7a, 1894 Belley, & Saz Hi.—1at, 8a	115	
4-48. 45. 17117. 2517 271, 17.	123		2d, extended, 5s, 1919 3d, extended, 432s, 1923.	109	10512	1st, reg., 1903	4	139"	Bellev, & So. 111.—181, 88 St. P. Minn, & Man.—181, 78 2d, 6s, 1909	115	1131 ₄ 116
2d, 7s, 1900 8t, L. Jack, & Chie.—1st, 1st, gmr. (564), 7s, 94			5th, 7s, 1888	*10912	11012	N.Y. P.& O.—Pr.Pn,68,295	*100	48	1st coasol., 6s, cp., 1933		
2d, (360), 7s, 1898			181, cons., gold, 78, 1920 181, cons., fd. conp., 78.	119	127	Trust Co. receipts		463	Min's Un.—1st, 6s. 1022	114	
2d, (360), 7s, 1898 2d, guar. (188), 7s, '98 Miss.R.Br'ge—1st,s.f,68 Chic. Burl. & Quincy— Consol, 7s, 1903			Long Dock binds, 7s, '93	*120		Trust Co. receipts	113	125	St. P. & Dul.—1st, 5s, 1931 So. Car. R'y—1st, 6s, 1920	108 1064	108
Consol. 78, 1903	*13612		Ehz, Lex, & Blg Sandy—6s Erie—1st, oxtended, 7s, 1919. 2d, extended, 5s, 1919. 3d, extended, 5s, 1920. 5th, 7s, 1888. 1st, cons., gold, 7s, 1920 1st, cons., gold, 7s, 1920 1st, cons., fd, conp., 7s, Reorg, 1st lien, 6s, 1908 Long Dock Binds, 7s, 93 B.N. Y. & E. Jist, 7s, 1916 N. Y. L. E. & W. — Wedles Collact Trust, 6s, 1922 Enff. & S. W. — M. 6s, 1928 Ev. & T. H.—1st, cons., 6s Mt. Veru'm—1st, 6s, 1923 Fite P. Marq. — M. 6s, 1920 Gal. Har, & S. Ant. —1st, 6s	130		2d, 6s, 1923	404	84 50	So. Car. R'y—1st, 6s, 1920 2d, 6s, 1931 Shennad'bV.—1st,7s,1909 General, 6s, 1921 Sodus Baye So.—1st,5s, g. Par Car. Let at 7s, 1960	*45	95
5s, sluking fund, 1901 5s, debentures, 1913 1a. Div.—8. 1d., 5s, 1919	10554	106^{14}	Roff.&S.WM. 68,1908	11112	1112	2d, 6s, 1023 N. V.W.Sh. & Buff.—Cp.,5s Registered, 5s, 1931	434	40	Sodns Baye So.—1st,5s, g.	101 68	70
Sinking fund, 48, 1919 Denver Div.—48, 1922.	*9634	9512	Mt. Vern'n-1st, 6s, 1923	98	100	Trust Co. receipts	453 ₄ 74 54	57	Pex.Cen.—1st,s.f.,78,1909 1st, 78, 1911 Tol.Del. & Burl.—Main, 6s	6712	
Plain 4s, 1921	131	132	Gal.Har. & S.Ant1st,6s	104	166	Midland of N.J.—1st, 6s N.Y.N.H.&H.—1st,rg.,4s	954	964	1st, Dayt. Div.—6a,1910		
Plain 4s, 1921 C.R.I. & P.—6s, cp., 1917. 6s, reg., 1917 Ext. & Col., 5s, 1931	131	132	Gal. Har. & S.Ant.—18t,68 2d, 7s, 1905			N. PacG. l. gr., lst, cp., 68	112½ 108½ 107¾	1083	1st, Fart, trust, 6s, 1910. 1st, Ter, trust, 6s, 1910. 1ol. P. & W.—1st, 7s, 1917 Trust Co., receipts 1cx, & N. O.—1st, 7s, 1995 Sabine Div.—1st, 6s, 1912	921 ₂	05 94
Keok, & Des M1st, 5s Cent. of N. J1st, 7s, '90	109 111	11212	Gr'nBayW.&St.P1st,6s Gulf Col.& S.Fo7s,1909	*75	78	N.O. Pac.—1st,6s,g.,1920t Norf.&W.—Gen., 6s, 1931	10118	61 1	Tex. & N. O.—1st, 78,1995 Sabine Div.—1st,68,1912	116	97
1st,cons.assent.7s, 1899 Conv., assented, 7s, 1902	1053 ₄ 106	10614	Gold, 6s, 1923	79	81 1171 ₂	New River-1st,6s,1932 Ohio& Miss,-Cons.s.fd.7s.	199		Va. Mid.—M. iuc., 68,1927 Wab.St.L.& Pac.—Gen., 68	59 lg	47
Keok, & Des M.—1st, 5s Cent. of N. J.—1st, 7s, '90 1st, cons.assent. 7s, 1899 Conv., assented, 7s, 1902 Adjustment, 7s, 1903 Conv. debent., 6s, 1908	110	11012	Houston & Texas Cent	99	100	Consolidated 7s, 1898 2d, consolidated 7s, 1911	122	1112	Va. Mid.—M. inc., 68,1927 Wab.St. L.& Pac.—Gen., 68 Chic. Div.—58, 1910 Hay. Div.—68, 1910	79	7943
Leh.& W.B.—Cou.g'd.as. Am, D'k& Imp.—58, 1921 Chie. Mil. & St. P.—	1112	$\frac{103}{87}$	1st, Western Div., 7st 1st, Waco & No., 7st 2d, consol., main line, 8s	94 95 .	95	1st Springfield Div., 7s. 1st, general, 5s, 1932 Ohio Central—1st,6s,1920		76	Iowa Div.—6s, 1921 Ind polis Div.—6s, 1921. Detroit Div.—6s, 1921.		70
1st, 8s, P. D., 1898	13418	137	2d, consol., main line, 8s' 2d. Waco & No8s.1915	78		1st, Term'l Tr., 6s, 1920			Cairo Div.—58, 1931 "		54
2d, 7 3-10s, P. D., 1898. 1st, 7s, ± g., R. D., 1902.	128	128 130 4	General, 6s, 1921 11ous. E. & W. Tex.—1st,7s		61	1st, Min'l Div., 6s, 1921. Ohio So.—1st, 6s, 1921.	*91	9442	Wabash-Mort., 78,1909 Tol. & W1st, ext., 78	10941	
20. 7 3-108, F. D., 1895. 1st, 7s, 8g., R. D., 1902. 1st, La C. Div., 7s, 1893. 1st, I. & M., 7s, 1897. 1st, I. & D., 7s, 1897. 1st, C. & M., 7s, 1903. Consol. 7s, 1905. 1st, 7s, I. & D. Ext, 1908.	$\frac{1184_2}{1214_2}$	120	2d, 6s, 1913. Ill.Cen.—Spd.Div.—Cp. 6s	119		Onio 80,—1st, 6s, 1921 Oreg'n& Cal.—1st, 6s, 1921 Or.& Transe'l—6s, '> 2, 1922	885	89	Wanish - Mort., (8,1993) Tol.& W1 st, s.Yt., 7s 1st, St. L. Div., 7s, '83 2d, ext, 7s, 1893 Equip't lids, 7s, '83 Consol, conv., 7s, 1997 Gt. West'n - 1 st, 7s, '83 2d, 7s, 1893 Q.& Tol 1 st, 7s, 1890 Unan. & Varles, -1 at 7s, '88		99
1st, C, & M., 7s, 1893	123 4	130	C.St.L.&N.O.—Ten.l78	123		Oregon Imp. Co.—1st. 6s. Oreg'nRR.& Nav.—1st.6s. *	115	89 15 ¹ ₂	Consol. conv., 78, 1907	108 42	88
1st, 7s, 1, & D. Ext., 1908 1st, S. W. Div., 6s, 1909.	123	1267_8 126	2d, 6s, 1907	118		Debenture, 7s, 1887 Panama—S.f., sub.6s, 1910 Peorla Dec. & Ev.—1st. 6s	101	000	2d, 7s, 1893	98 80	99
1st 5s ln(!.& Day 1919)	1143_4 1013_2 1133_4		III. Cen.—Spd. Dly.—Cp. 68; Middle Dly.—Reg., 58 C.St. L.&N.O.—Ten.l., 78; 1st, cousol., 78, 1897 2d, 68, 1407 Cold. 58, 1951 Ubb. & S. C.—2d Dly., 78, Ced. F. & Mian.—1st, 78 Ind. Bl.&W.—1st, pref., 78, 1st, 5-68, 1909 2d, 5-68, 1909	11234	16	Evans.Div.—1st,6s,1920 Peoria & Pek. U'n—1st,6s	94 -	00	Han. & Naples—1st, 7s		
1st, S. Minn. Div., 6s, 1910 1st, H. & D., 7s, 1910 Chic. & Pac. Div., 6s, 1910	124		Ind. Bl.&W.—1st, preL, 78	120 811 ₂		Pac. RR.—Cen. Pac.—G.6s San Joaquin Br.—6s.	101 1131 ₂ 106	1334	Ill. & So. Ia. — 1st, ex., 6s St. L. K. C. & N. — R. e. 7s Omaha Div. — 1st, 7s.		013 <u>a</u> 843 <u>a</u>
Min'l Pr Div 5a 1010	100	100^{14} 100^{14}	2d, 5-6s, 1909 Eastern Div.—6s, 1921.	13.97		Cal. & Oregon—1st, 6s Cal. & Or.—Ser. B., 6s.	100 102 101 42	63	Clar'da Br.—6s, 1919 St.Chas.Rge.—1st.6s	60	61
C.& L.Sup.Div., 5s,1921 Wis.& Mio.Div., 5s,1921 Terminal 5s, 1914	100	102 100 %	Induana, D. C. Spr 1st. 7s	93 .		Land grant bonds, 6s.	103	!	No. Missouri-1st. 7s.		iiš
Terminal 5s, 1914	1135	!	Coupon, 6s. 1909		704	West, Pac,—Bonds, 68., No. R'way (Cal.)—1st, 68. So. Pac, of Cal.—1st, 68.	110	01	7s, 1900, reg	10278 .	25
Chic. & Northwest	137	14012	Kent'kvuent M.68.1911		70	So, Pac, of Ariz.—1st, 6a So, Pac, of N. Mex.—1st, 6s Union Pacific—1st, 6s. Land grants, 7a, '87-89 Sinking fund, 8s, '93.			INCOME BONDS.		8513
Consol. bonds, 7s, 1915. Coupon, gold, 7s, 1902. Regist'd, gold, 7s, 1902.	131 1 ₉ 130 1 ₄	131%	Stamped 4 p. c., 1911 Lake Shore & Mich. So.— Cleve & Tol.—N. bds.,7s			Union Pacific—lat, 68 Land grants, 78, '87-89	105 -	1575 (Interest namethic if earned, hi	2214	2234
Sink fund 6s 1929 reg	*	118	Ruff & Erie. New bds 7s	115		Reg., 88, 1816	120	$\begin{array}{c c} 20^{1_{2}} & 0 \\ 21 & 0 \end{array}$	ttl. & Pac.—Inc., 1910 'entral of N. J.—1998 :: Thic. & E. Ill.—Income E.T.V.&Ga.—Inc.,68, 1931	100	*****
Sluking fund, 58, 1929 Sluk, Jund, 58, 1929.reg. Sluk, Jund, 58, 1929.reg. Sluk'g fd., deb., 58, 1933.		107%	Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st* Det.M.&T.—1st,7s,1906 Lake Shore—Div. bonds*	105 .		Collateral Trust, 6s	93	23/4	4r, Bay W. & St. P 20, mc.	184	183 ₄ 101 ₂
		105	Consol., conp., 1st, 7s., Cousol., reg., 1st, 7s.,	$\frac{120}{128}$	2912	Kans, Pac.—1st, 6s, '95 1st, 6s, 1896 Denv. Div. 6s, ass., '99	112	124 1	nd.BL&WCon., inc.,6s nd'sDec.& Spr'd-2d,inc.		28 101 ₂
Escanaba & L.S.—1st.6s 1bes M.& Min'ap.—1st.7s Iown Midland—1st. 8s.	124		Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., coup., 2d. 7s		2012	1st, consol., 6s, 1919.		01 3	Trust Co. receipts Ceh, & Wilkesb. Coal—'88 Lake E & W.—Inc., 78, '99 Sand'ky Div.—Inc., 1920		0.000
	132		Consol., coup., 2d, 7s Consol., reg., 2d, 7s Long 1sl, RR.—1st, 7s, '98		26	At.C.&P.—1st,6s,1905	974		Sand'ky Div.—Inc., 18, 99	20 24 4	25 23 29
Chic. & Milw kee —1st.7s Win. & St. P.—1st.7s, '87 2d, 7s, 1907.	$127 \\ 1053_4 \\ 125$		Louisv.& Nash.—Cons.,78		24	Oreg. Short L.—1st. 6s	95 96	96 1 ₂	Af. Bl. & Mun Inc., 78, 799 Mil. L. Sh. & W Incomes Mob. & O Ist, prl., deben		85
Mil.& Mad1st.6s,1905 Ott.C. F. & St.P. 1st,5s	114	7 414?	N.O.& Mob1st.6s.1930	98	9834	Exten., 1st, 7s, 1909	105 12	85	2d. Dref., dependures	36	3734
C'C'C' CInd's_lat 7a c (d)	$\frac{105 \frac{1}{2}}{124}$ $\frac{124}{120}$	1254	2d, 6s, 1930 E. H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1919 General, 6s, 1930	1111 kg 102 kg 1	851,	Denv. Div. 68, ass., '99 ; 18t, consol, 68, 1919. C.Br. U. P.—P. c., 78, '95 ; At. J. Co. & W.—18t, 68, 1905 At. J. Co. & W.—18t, 68 Oreg. Short L.—18t, 68 Ut. So.—Gen., 78, 1909 Exten., 18t, 78, 1909 Mo. Pac.—18t, cons., 68, 31, 78, 1906. Pac. of Mo.—18t, 68. 2d, 78, 1891.	1161 ₄ 1 1051 ₄ 1	18	3d, pref., debentures 4th, pref., debentures N.Y.Lake E.&W.—Inc., 6s Dhio Cent.—Income, 1920	30 *41	# T # 10.00
Consol, 78, 1914		163	Pensacola Div.—6s, 1930 St. L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921 2d, 3s, 1980	*()*2	94 108	2d, 7s, 1891 St. L.&S.F.—2d, 6s, Cl. A 6s, Class C, 1906	112½ 103 1.		Dhio Cent.—Income, 1920 Min'i Div.—Inc., 78, 1921	2	3
Chic. St. P. Min. & Om 1	116	100	2d, 3s, 1980 Nashy, & Dec.—1st, 7s	51½ 116	55	6s, Class C, 1906 6s, Class B, 1906	10128	0112	Min So 2d inc. 6s 19211	*39	3314
Consol, 6s, 1930 C.St.P.&M,—1st6s,1918 No. Wis—1st, 6s, 1930		125	S. & N.Ala.—S.f.6s,1910	93	101	1st, 6s, Pierce C. & O. Enginment, 7s, 1895	106		Pegria D. & Ev.—Inc., 1926 Evansy, Dly.—Inc., 1920 Roch & Pittsb.—Inc., 1921 Ionte W. & Og.—Inc., 78	*39	*****
Chic & P III _lat a faur	11712		Louisy, C. & L =6s, 1931 Trust bonds, 6s, 1922 10-40, 6s, 1924	893,	9637 ₆ 893 ₄	So. Puc. of Mo lat.68	93%	935 ₄ 045 ₂	tome W. & OgInc., 78 So Car, RyInc., 68, 1931	37 1/2	
Consol., 1st. 6s, 1934 Chic.St.L.&P.—1st.con.6s Chic.&W.Ind.—1st.s.f.,6s		104	Pens. & At.—1st,6s, gold L. Erie & W.—1st, 6s, 1919	86	87 85	Tex. & Pac.—1st,6s,1905 Consol., 6s, 1905† Income & Id. gr.—reg.			Sn Car. Ry.—Inc., 6s, 1931 St.L.A. &T.H.—Div. bds FREE LIST.	45	50
4 A G H T 1 HO L L ' 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10594	100	Sandusky Div.—6s,1919 Laf. Bl. & M.—1st.6s,1919	8312	83 85	100 G., 68, Aug. ep. on	*70	474	'in & Sp.—Ist, C.C.& L.7s 1st, g., L. S. & M. S.,7s.	116	124
Chic. & St.L1st.6s,1915	105	103	General mort., 6s, 1914.	95 5	00	Gen mort. & fer. 6s	*57	6113	THE E LIST. In & Sp.—Ist, C.C.& L.7s 1st, g., L.S. & M. S., rs. ol.C.& Ir.Co.—Ist,con.is ft, W. & Denv. C.—1st, 6s Int. H. & H. of '82.—1st, 5s lofterom lat. 7s. 1880	83	84 93 kg
Col. H. Vallay Tol1st, as	79		Lou. N. O. & Tex.—1st, 5s Manhat B'ch Co.—7s,1909	90 % 78	79	Pennsylvania RR.— Pa.Co.'sguar.4 2s, lst.ep	1.	10134	int. H. & H. of '82.—1st,5s * lefferson—1st, 7s, 1880	103	70
Del. L. & W.—7s, conv., '92 Mortgage, 7s, 1907	117	139	N.Y.&M.Bh-1st,7s,1905 Merpn, Elev1st,7s,1905 2d, 6s, 1899	1154	116	Pa. Ca.'s 1 bs.reg., 1921.	121 12	014	Mem.&C1st,con.,T.l.,cs	*15	
Syr Bing. & N. V.—1st.7s		136			10734	Ist. reg., 78, 1900			ons off.		
		-42 [11]	ces Friday; these are lates	PHULL	4 3 7 5 E PK 1	STREET, STATE ALC. W.		- null			

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan, 1 to latest date are given below. The statement includes the gross

earnings of all	railroads	from whi		s can be	obtained.
-	Latest E	arnings Re	ported.	Jan. 1 to L	atest Date.
ROADS.	Week or Mo	1885.	1884.	1885.	1884.
Ala, Ot. South'n	Sentember	\$ 90,523	\$ 95,270	\$ 757,576	\$ 782,601
Atch. T. & S. F	August	90,523 1,243,909 22,070 102,851 10,840 238,398 77,880 199,000 39,786 1,370,209 299,198 62,932 136,721 190,576 2,224,304 39,243 624,000	1,391,319 14,528	9,652,951 197,594	10,339,773 144,980
Balt. & Potomac Bost. H. T. & W. Buff.N. Y. & Pbil.	August	102,851	103,915	862,198 361,081	788,694 354,776
Buff.N.Y.& Pbil.	September	238,398	9,842 223,869		2,073,270
Canadian Pacific	2d wk Oct.	199,000	61,959 146,000	2,317,813 $6,277,892$ $979,039$	4,164,066
Bur. Ced. R. & No. Canadian Pacific Central Iowa †Central Pacific.	July	1,370,209	39,597 1,368,999	7,928,866	1,125,669 8,680,298 2,380,330
Eliz Lev &B.S.	August	299,198 62,932	348,187 83,172 122,868	2,145,827 436,990	480,989
Ches. O. & S. W. Chicago & Alton	2d wk Oct.	$136,721 \\ 190,576$	231.3071	$970,024 \\ 6,155,765$	842,513 6,828,904
Chic. Burl. & Q. Chic. & East. Ill.	August 2d wk Oct.	2,224,304 39,243	2,447,495 33,992	16,410,106 $1,248,119$	15,798,715 $1,196,161$
Chic. Mil. & St.P. Chic. & Northw.	2d wk Oct.	624,000 598,400	553,495 535,800 141,300	1,248,119 17,759,959 18,231,892 4,319,600	17,511,498 18,089,000
Chie. Burl. & Q. Chie. & East. Ill. Chle. Mil. & St.P. Chle. & Northw. Ch.St.P. Min. & O. Chie. & W. Mich. Clin. Ind. St. L. & C. Cin. N. O. & T.P. Cin. Wash. & Ball Cley & kron& Cl.	2d wk Oct. 2d wk Oct.	598,400 $148,600$ $26,723$ $47,126$ $241,225$ $48,981$	$\begin{array}{c} 141,300 \\ 26,613 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,319,600 \\ 992,854 \\ 1,850,304 \end{array}$	4,430,523 $1,192,848$
Cin. Ind.St.L.&C.	2d wk Oct. September	47,126 $241,225$	26,613 53,699 242,797 56,134 20,756 344,481 22,754 128,096	1.910.015	1,901,627 1,915,574
Cin. Wash. & Balt Clev. Akron & Col	4th wkSep. 2 wks Oct.	48,981 20,868	56,134 20.756	1,249,215 $384,683$	1,360,201
Clev.Col.C.& Ind	August	20,868 321,228 24,224 136,091	344,481	2,252,925 143.773	383,532 $2,447,421$ $136,893$
Denv. & Rio Gr	2d wk Oct.	136,091	128,096	4,668,560 767,427 287,002	4,222,194
Des. Mo. & Ft.D.	2d wk Oct.	58,925 10,316	42,160 8,681	287,002	4,222,194 612,785 271,351 1,067,868
Duh, & Sioux City	2d wk Oct.	23,409	8,681 27,208 24,367 93,770 28,370 42,441	930,740 678,985	703,049
E.Tenn. Va.&Ga. Evansv. & T. H.	2 wks Oct.	81,572 32,587	93,770 $28,370$	586.174	2,918,120 $592,745$
Fligt & P. Marq Flor. R'way & N.	2d wk Oct. 1st wk Oct.	38,939 19,580		1,480,321 $710,144$	1,819,102 $724,989$
Florida South'n. Ft. Worth & Den	July 1st wk Oct.	16,121 9,893	12,394 8,582	353,729	368,920
Denv. & Rio Gr Denv. & R. G. W Des. Mo. & Ft. D Det. Lans'g& No Duh. & Sioux City E. Tenn. Va. & Ga Evansv. & T. H Fliot & P. Marq Flor. R'way & N Florida Soulh'in. Ft. Worth & Den Gal. Har. & S. An Grand Trunk Guif Col. & S. Fe Hous. & Tex. C. Ill. Cent. (Ill. & So) Do (Iowa' tlnd. Bloom. & W K.C. Ft. S. & Guif Kan. C. Sp. & M Kan. C. Sp. & M	July Wk. Oct.10	25,409 23,700 81,572 32,587 38,939 19,580 16,121 9,893 235,738 329,739 138,029 152,554 276,300 42,200 52,531 50,041	198,569 377,950	1,633,123 11,653,658	1.492.057
Guif Col. & S. Fe	2 wks Oct.	138,029 152,554	101,064	1,220,352 993,693	13,237,024 $1,314,894$ $1,231,307$
Ill.Cent.(Ill.&So)	2d wk Oct.	276,300	250,875	1,035,035 $1,220,352$ $993,693$ $8,095,021$ $1,241,959$ $1,854,342$	7,721,415 $1.301.997$
Ind.Bloom.&W.	2d wk Oct.	52,531	47,788	1,854,342	1,831,133 1,794,319
Kan. C. Sp. & M.	1st wk Oct.	30,074	22,176	1,889,489 1,155,258 534,146	852,163
L.Rk.& Ft.Smith	August	39,711	37,138	321,387	852,163 577,263 306,903
L.Rk.M.Riv.& T. Long Island	August 2d wk Oct.	20,342 $51,591$	24,705 $51,165$	321,387 185,369 2,363,249 330,373	$\begin{array}{c} 201,060 \\ 2,316,184 \\ 248,124 \end{array}$
Long Island Louistana West. Louisv.& Nashv. Manhattau Elev	2d wk Oct.	79,645 79,645 39,711 20,342 51,591 42,560 269,010	20,323 291,300	330,373 10,643,562	$248,124 \\ 10,448,468$
Louisva. West. Louisv. & Nashv. Manhattau Elev Man. Hough. & O Mem. & Charles "Moxican Cent'l "Mex.N., all lines Mill.L.Sh. & West Minn. & St. Louis Mohle & Ohio. Morgan's La.&T Nash. Ch. & St. L N.O. & Northeas §N. Y. L. Etie & W N. Y. Pa. & O N. Y. & New Eng N. Y. Ont. & W. N. Y. Susq. & West Northern Cent'l Northes Pacific Ohio & Miss Ohio Southern. Oregon Imp. Co Oregon Short L	2 wks Oct 1st wk Oct.	269,597 $23,400$	12,394 8,582 198,569 377,950 101,064 176,209 250,875 43,284 47,788 42,176 104,501 37,138 24,705 51,165 20,323 291,300 259,912 16,472 114,663 69,339 117,382 246,596 246,596 210,586 210,586 210,586 210,586 210,586	669,390	=01.107
Mem. & Charles. *Mexican Cent'l	August 2d wk Oct.	95,824 48,100	114,663 69,339	669,390 790,964 2,742,519 1,156,548 408,773 1,042,631 1,220,923 1,311,792 2,433,391 1,567,866 443,846 9,839,682	721,407 $875,235$ $2,227,266$ $1,188,256$ $381,765$ $899,726$ $1,129,640$ $1,409,984$
*Mex.N.,all lines Milwaukee & No	September September	$\begin{array}{c c} 115,323 \\ 46,873 \end{array}$	117,382 46,338	1,156,548 $408,773$	1,188,256 381,765
Mil.L.Sh.& West Minn. & St. Louis	3d wk Oct.	36,580 129,560	24,050 138,575	1,042,631	899,726 1,129,640
Mohile & Ohio Morgan's La. &T	September Angust	159,790	160,669	1,311,792	1,409,984
Nash. Ch. &St.L.	September	192,865	210,586	1,567,866	2,086,605 1,761,432 273,352 10,663,673
§N.Y.L.Erie &W	August	1,437,348	1,534,427	9,839,682	10,663,673
N.Y. & New Eng	Angust	327,248	300,794 205,318 95,417	2,137,274	3,609,836 $2,164,871$
N.Y.Susq.&Wes	September	187,275 105,354	205,318 95,417	1,401,609 $803,518$	1,466,952 $750,190$
Northern Cent'l	August	$\begin{array}{c c} 144,269 \\ 451,370 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 95,417 \\ 146,897 \\ 510,427 \end{array}$	9,839,682 3,114,183 2,137,274 1,401,609 803,518 2,088,795 3,460,864 8,497,454	$\begin{array}{r} 750,190 \\ 2,073,700 \\ 3,608,198 \end{array}$
Northern Pacific Ohio & Miss	2 wks Oct. 2d wk Sept	717,407 100,809	510,427 634,920 104,856 46,598	2,558,751	9,912,106 2,642,866
Oregon Imp. Co	September August	59,074 275,603	46,598 270.126	324,945 1,865,805	329,833 2,214,806
Oreg. R.& N.Co	August 2d wk Oct.	186,128 147,099	99,428 106,646	1,138,918	561,627
Pennsylvania Peoria Dec.&Ev	August	3,956,306	4,617,894	28,961,004 $569,785$	31,940,228 603,068
Phila. & Eric Phila. & Reading	August	276,704	367,909	2,022,847 $18,292,806$	603,068 2,309,441
_ Do C. & Iron	August	1,417,88	1,948,741	9,418,040	20,285,472
Richm'd &Dany Ch. Col. & Aug Columbia & Gr	September	80,150	64,276	9,418,040 2,823,844 561,415 454,197	$\begin{array}{c} 2,706,560 \\ 511,120 \\ 418,743 \end{array}$
Columbia & Gr Georgia Pac	September	62,069	51,130 46,974	$\begin{array}{r} 454,197 \\ 458,412 \\ 1,134,785 \end{array}$	418,743 390,146
Va. Midland. West. No.Car.	September	167,304 45,864	$\begin{array}{c} 170,268 \\ 42,879 \end{array}$	1,134,785 337,544	1,184,174 318,328
Roch. & Pittsb'; Rome Wat. & Og St. Jo. & Gd. Isl	2d wk Oct. August	164.393	64,276 51,130 46,974 170,268 42,879 25,853 175,205 23,991 31,520 18,038 12,542 111,662 37,030 738,587 109,599	$\begin{array}{r} 337,544 \\ 934,655 \\ 1,060,662 \end{array}$	1.058.758
St.L.Allon&T.H	· 2d wk Oct.	$ \begin{array}{c c} 28,193 \\ 27,180 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} 23,991 \\ 31,520 \end{array}$	811,097 932,762 567,298 486,069	1,049,047
St. L. F. S. & W	2d wk Oct.	17,760 14.882	18,038 12,542	567,298 486,060	1,049,047 575,238 389,677
St.L.&San.Fran St.Paul& Dulut	2d wk Oct	98,534 36,219	111,662	3,265,504	8 3.095.203
St.P. Min. & Mar South Carolina.	. September	740,845	738,587 109,599	995,487 4,939,840 781,249	5,600,450
So. Pac. Comp'y- Atlan. Syster					
Pacitle System Texas & N. O.	July	. 1.874.345	486,746 1,970,600	4,605,702	
Tex. & St. Loui	8 lat wk Oct	83,435 37,322	34,101	532,789	466,00
Union Pacifie Vicksb'g & Mer Vicksb.Sh.&Pac	. September	36,918	2,417,710	15,860,656 299,33	335.02
Wab. St. L. & F	September	1,236,160	35,521 $1,427,875$	532,789 15,860,656 299,33 250,800 10,199,12	135,26 $11,167.88$
Vicksh.Sh.&Pac Wab. St. L. & F West Jersey Wisconsin Cent	August	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 223,368\\26,774 \end{bmatrix}$	10,199,124 892,933 1,089,520	$egin{array}{c} 1 & 11,167,88 \\ 929,410 \\ 1,060,62 \\ \end{array}$
* Mexican cui					* 2,0,00,02
† Embraces t		ites north	of Gosher	n now com	pristng the

† Embraces the 1,650 mites north of Goshen new comprising the Central Pacific system.

Anot including Indianapolis Decatur & Springfield in either year, Not including earnings of New York Pennsylvania & Ohio road. Freight and passeuger earnings only.

New York City Banks.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending October 17, 1885:

week ending October 17, 1885:							
			Avera	ge Amount	of-		
Ba	nke.	Loans and	- (Legal	Net Deposits	Circula?	
		Discounts.	Specie.	Tenders.	other than U.S.	tion.	
				<u> </u>			
New Yo	rk	11,953,000	3,032,000	912,000	13,090,000	450,000	
Manhati	tan Co	11,953,000 9,646,000 8,236,000	3,656,000 1,809,000	683,000	12,090,000		
Machan	ics'	9,528,000		2,350,000 370,000	10,368,000 8,887,000	309,000	
Union		9,528,000 838,900		605 000	188,600		
Phenix.		3,170,000	579.000	185,000	3,025,000	242,400	
City		11,025,800	3,673,300	1,491,000	18,850,200	90,000	
Fulton .	an's	12.219.000 3,170,000 11,025,800 2,269,400 890,100 18,184,100	3,673,300 532,700 3,673,300 532,700 1,502,300	685,900 1,85,000 1,491,000 131,900 138,200 576,500	10.368,000 18.887,000 18.600 3,025,000 18.850,200 18.850,200 2.238,550 1,853,130 22,688,300 3,173,690 1,645,700 1,096,800 1,145,600 3,484,400 1,145,600	80,000	
Chemica	1	18,194,100	10,210,000	576,500	22,688,800	070.000	
Gallatin	nts' Exch. National	3,298,400 5,393,000 1,080,600 1,252,000 965,200 3,346,800 1,150,700 8,869,900	940,000	576,500 158,900 677,300 147,900 198,000 219,500 333,900 63,600 205,100	4,424,900	279,600 582,400	
Butcher	s'& Drov	1,680,600	251,400	147,900	1,645,700	582,400 189,300	
Oreenw	ics' & Tr	965,200	159,700	219,500	1,096,800	2,600	
Leather	Mannf'rs.	3,346,800	592,100	333,900	3,004,800	2,600 438,400 44,900	
State of	Ward N. Y n Exch'ge.	3,869,900	680,400	205,100	3,948,400	44,900	
Americ'	n Exch'gs.	10,004,000	8,497,000	1,153,000	15,020,000	507.700	
Broadw	cs	8,381,000	994,100	241,000	5,294,800	597,700 896,600	
Mercant	tile	18,538,500 8,381,000 5,903,600 2,380,800 5,782,900 3,819,200 1,524,400 3,864,500	1,901,100	205,100 1,153,000 1,338,200 241,000 711,000 177,100 282,000 492,900 184,700 366,200	7,367,700	896,600 45,000	
Pacific .	0	5.782,900	1,548,000	282,000	5,826,200	423,000	
Chathar	merica	3,819,200	614,800	492,900	4,092,100	423,000 45,000	
North A	merlca	3,864,500	598,700	366,200	4,378,700		
Hanove	r	8,865,900	5,500,100	586,400	11,044,200	180,000	
Citizans		2,007,000	627,600	248,200	2,979,400	258,700 265,800	
Nassan		8,667,000 2,667,000 2,422,400 2,092,300 3,185,000 1,852,700 3,084,000	833,000 827,600 801,700 713,400 517,000 1,035,000 900,000 1,196,100 243,000	366,200 238,700 248,200 223,800 230,500 101,000 327,000 168,000 329,000	3,625,400 18,458,800 7,367,700 5,284,800 5,826,200 4,032,100 2,034,200 2,034,200 2,378,700 11,044,200 2,979,400 3,005,400 2,979,400 4,501,200 5,784,500 5,784,500 1,902,100	*********	
Market St. Nic	holas	1.852,700	517,000	101.000	1.967.100	438,400	
Shos &	Leather!	3,084,000	1,035,000	327,000	3,761,000	442,300	
Contine	change	5,231,500 4,951,300 1,778,600	1.196,100	320,000	5.784.300	103,500	
Orienta	1	1,778,600	243,000	393,000	1,900,100	200,000	
Park	rs'& Trad.	20,971,000	E 941 MAA	1,068,000 1,462,300 120,000			
North 1	River	1,638,000 1,638,000 1,114,300 15,759,900 8,057,000 2,682,000 5,449,800	142,000	120,000	24,074,000 1,949,000 1,013,500 19,994,500 9,861,000 3,233,000	007.000	
East R	iver National.	15.759.900	8,412,800	96,800 1,536,900 438,000 315,000	19.994.500	180.000	
Central	National National National	8,057,000	2,788,000	438,000	9,861,000	297,000	
Second Ninth	National	5.449.800	1.410.500	348,700	6.135.000	45,000	
First N	stional	19,096,800	4,690,000	736,900	20,496,100	224,200 180,000 297,000 37,200 45,000 449,000	
Third N	ational at. Exch	1.232.800	316,100	179,300	1.238.800	178.000	
Bowerv		2,126,700	1,410,500 4,690,000 1,849,000 916,100 468,000 488,100 473,900 534,700 784,500	315,000 348,700 736,900 623,800 179,300 281,500 237,700 173,800 326,900 179,200 500,000 40,400	2,813,000	178,000 221,600 180,000	
German	onnty	1,995,800 2,707,300	488,100 473,900	287,700 173,800	2,581,900	180,000	
Chass I	Vational	2,923,500	534.700	326,900	3,824,400	45,000	
Garman	Exchings.	1.920.100	784,500	500,000	1 2,052,900 $1 2,693,300$		
German	is	1,948,600	448,700	308,400	2,593,400	*********	
	States	2,885,500	1,193,200	305,300	$\frac{3.213,700}{2.872,900}$	179,900 43,100	
Garfield		1,395,700	203,300	147,500	1,441,400	43,100 178,500 180,700	
B'k of the	ational he Metrop	1,143,400	180,100 583,900	252,200 391,400	3,740,100	180,700	
West S	108	1,444,900	320,300	258,600	1,793,800		
Seaboar Sixth N	ational	19,096,800 4,848,400 1,232,800 1,995,800 2,707,300 2,923,500 2,778,800 1,920,100 1,948,600 2,082,700 1,143,400 3,133,600 1,444,800 1,540,100	784,500 240,000 448,700 1,193,200 203,300 180,100 593,900 320,300 247,000 329,800	308,400 45,800 305,300 147,500 252,200 391,400 258,600 118,700 141,700	6,135,000 20,496,100 1,238,800 1,238,800 2,581,900 2,685,900 3,624,400 3,052,900 2,698,300 2,698,300 2,698,300 1,441,400 1,316,800 1,442,900 1,856,800	191,000	
					387,798,400		
			s for seve				
1885.	Loans.		L. Tenders.	Deposits.		Agg. Clear'gs	
2000.	220001001	- DPUUTUS					

Į	1885.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders.	Deposits.	Oirculation	Agg. Clear'gs
ŀ			•	-		4	9
ı	Oct. 3	330,759,300	107091300	30.747.900	385,360,000	9,905,500	572,078,277
ı	** 10	331,900,300	108472900	28,505,100	387,298,300	9,923,800	859,580,549
ı	" 17	335,479,000	105630300	[27 . 872 . 300]	387,798,400	9,958,600	702,000,82

Boston Banks.—Following are the totals of the Boston banks: Specis. |L. Tenders. | Deposits. + | Circulation | Agg. Clear'gs

 Oct. 3
 151,385,000
 8,583,000
 4,758,600
 110,045,300
 21,465,400

 "10
 153,716,100
 8,963,300
 4,337,900
 112,713,200
 21,422,800

 "17
 153,161,000
 8,976,700
 4,449,000
 114,958,000
 21,417,200

Philadelphia Banks.—The totals of the Philadelphia banks are as follows:

1885.	Loans.	Lawful Money.	Deposits.*	Circulation.	Agg. Clear'gs
Oct. 3 " 10 " 17	\$ 79,797,300 80,160,900 80,143,200		\$ 82,951,000 83,087,100 84,982,500	\$ 7,392,500 7,393,500 7,394,500	\$ 50,974,977 47,978,207 53,991,055

*Including the item" due to other hanks."

Unlisted Seenrities.—Following are latest quotations for a

Securities.	Bid.	Ask.	Securities.	Bid.	As
Atl. & PacC. D., 1st, old	81		M. K.&T Income scrip	53	
Incomes	10	16	N. Y. M. Un. Tel.—Stock.	64	70
Accumul, land grant	22 78		N. Y. W. Sh. & B Stock. Receivers' cert	134	$\frac{2}{102}$
Ata. & Char. Air L., stock. 1st mort., gen. bonds	1194		North. Pac.—Div. bonds.	85	85
Incomes	93		North Riv. Cons100 p.c	214	23
Bost, H. T.& West,-Stk.	414	8	Ohio CentRiv. Div., Ist	18 ~	17
Dabantures	5334		Incomes	112	$\dot{2}$
Buff. N. Y. & Phila	9		Pensacola & Atlantic	678	
Pref	1212		lst mort	88	80
Trust bonds, 8s	35	*****	Pittshurg & Western		18
B'klyn Elev., St. receipts	391 ₂		lst mort	60	···i
1st M., or when issued 2d M., or when issued	68	100	1st mort., 6s	919	
1st mort	00	100	Postal Tel. & Cable-Stock	1	****
Chicago & Can. So		412		86 kg	
1st mort	21	27	Southern TeiStock		5
Cin. W. & Balt Stock	14		1st mort. bonds	20	
Pref	212		State of Tenn.—Set'm't.3s	64	65
Cont. Cons. Imp. Co	1812		St. Jo. & Grand Isl., 1st	10112	
Denv. & Rio Orande-5s	36	3712	Incomes	48 2334	25
5s, U. S. Trust certs Denv. & Rio Gr. W		1634		234	42
Edison Electric Light		55	Scrip 1885	37	بنزا
Georgia PacStock	104		Tex.&St.L, M&ADiv., 1st.	30 3	32
1st mort., 6s	10034		Tel. & O. Cen. com, stock,	7	
2d mort		43	Pref	15	
Honderson Brldge-Bond		101	Tol. & O. Con. 1st 5s, gr.by	(22	
Keely Motor	******	512		81	4
Mexican National Pref.	15		Vicksb. & Meridian Prof.	10	**
1st mort	10	28	Incomes	10	15
Mich. & O lst mort	50	56	West N. CarConsol. 6s.	80	81

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore,

Quotations in Di	030011	, 4 11	traderpara and Dati	ilmor	U.
SEOUTHTIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	nid.	Ank
HOSTON.		101	Cam. & Ambny-6a, 0.,'89	100	- 100-01
MOSTON. Atch. & Topeka-lst, 7s. Land grant, 7s Boston & Maine-7s	*****	125	Cam. & Atl.—1at.7a.p. 193	112	
Boston & Maine-7a Boston & Albany-7e			2d, 6a, 1901 Cons., 6 p. c Cam. & Rurl. Co.—6a, 07.		
Boston & Lowell-7s			Cam, & Rurl. Co8a, 07.		1 10000
6a Boston & Providence—7a Burt. & Mo.—Ld. gr., 7s. Nəbraska, 8s.—Exempt Nebraska, 6s.Non-ex'pt Nobraska, 4s. Conn. & Passumpsio—7a. Connotion Valley—6s.			Catawiasa—lat, 7a, con. o. Chat. M., 10a, 1888 New 7a, rog. & opup Connect'g 6a, op., 1006-04 Cor.Cowan& Ant., deb. 6a, Delnwap. 6a, rg. & op.		130
Hurt. & MoLd. gr., 78.	1184	1194	Connect'g 6a, op., 1000-04	119	130
Nebraska, 6s.Non-ex'pt	000000	108	Delawaro-8s, rg. & cp., V.	,	
Conn. & Passumpsic-7s.			Enst Penn.—1st, 7s, 1888	2	132
Connation Valley—6s Esst'rn, Mssa.—6s, now Fort Scott & Gulf—7a	§132	12904	Delawaro-6s, rg. & cp., V. Dol. & Hound Br.—1st, 7s Enst Penn.—1st, 7s, 1888 Enstan&Amb'y—5s, 1920 El. & Wmsp't—1st, 6s, 1910	115	
K. City Lawr. & So66	3	110 h			110
K. City St. Jp. & C. B.—7a Little R. & Ft. S.—7e, let	6122	114	H.&H.T.—lat, 7a, g., 1890 Cons. 5s. 1895	110	
K. City Lawr, & So., -6e K. City St. Jo. & C. B., -7a Little R. & Ft. S7e, let K. City Sp'd & Mem6a Mexican Central -7s	4519	112	Harrisb g-1st, 6s, 1883. H.&H.T1st, 7s, g., 1890 Cons. 5s, 1895 Ithsca&Ath1st, gid., 7s Jack. & Souths'rn-1st, 6s		*****
	10 77	10 kg	Clen., Gs	125	
Serip Debenture, 10s	11119	78 734	Tack, & Southa'rn—1si, 6s Gen., 6s	138 127 kg	
76	121	122	N. O. Pao.—1st, 6s, 1920.	129	
N. Mexico & So. Pso.—7e Ogdensb.& L.Ch.—Con.6s	1225	86	Gen., 7e, 1903	130	
	26		Norfolk & WestGen.,6a	101	
Old Colony—8e	1224	123	Date of the control o	93	165
Sonora-76	994	9934	Oil City & Chic.—1st, 6s	8	50
Atomison & Topika	75 5 ₈	75%	Oil Creek-lat, 6s, coup	₹80	
Atlantic & Pacillo	Đ	178	Gan., 6s, cp., 1910 Cons., 6s, reg., 1905	128	
Boston & Albany Boston & Lowell Boston & Maine	1854	1854	Cons., 6s, reg., 1905 Cons., 6s, coup., 1905 Cons., 5s, reg., 1919 Ps. & N. Y. C.—7s, 1896. 7, 1906	110	12013
Boston & Providence Boston Revers B. & Lynn	119	182	Ps. & N. Y. C.—7e, 1896.	123	*****
Cambridge			Perkinmen-1st, 6s, op. '87	110	1114
Cheshire, preferred Chie. & West Michigan Cinn. Sandusky & Cleve.	.37 ½	40 15	7, 1906 Perkinmen—1st, 6s, op. 37 Phil. & Erio—1st, 7s, cp. 88 Cone., 6s, 1920. Cons., 5s, 1920. Phils. Newt. & N. V.—1st Phil. & R.—1et, 6s, 1910. 2d, 7s, coup., 1893. Cone., 7s, reg., 1911. Cone., 7s, coup., 1911. Cone., 6s, g., 1.1t, C.1911. Imp. 6s, g., coup., 1897 (sen., 6s, g., conp., 1908. Income, 7s, coup., 1908. Income, 7s, conp., 1896 Cone. 5s, 1et esr., c., 1822 Cone. 5s, 2d esr., c., 1823 Cone. 5s, 2d esr., c., 1823	109	TTT-4
Concord			Phila. Newt. & N.Y.—1st		******
Connecticut River Conn. & Passumpslo		90	2d, 7s, coup., 1893	115	*****
Cleveland & Canton Det. Laneing & No., pref.		53	Cons., 7s, reg., 1911	11112	121
Fitchburg	114	115	Cons., 6s, g., 1.R.C.1911 Imp., 6s, g., coup., 1897	295 7629	
Preferrod	143 ₈ 77 82	14 ¹ 2 80	Gen., 6s, g., coup., 1908 Gen., 7s, coup., 1908	7629	7634
Fort Scott & Gulf	§130	135	Income, 7s, conp., 1896 Cone, 5s, letear, c., 1922	₹35 35	
Iowa Faila & Sicux City. Kan. C. Clin. & Springf d Kan. C. Springf. & Mem. Little Rock & Ft. Smith. Louisiana & Mo. River	65	65	Cone. 5s, 2d eer. c., 1933 Conv. Adj. Scrip, '85-88 Debenture coup., 1893;	ğ	19
Kan, C. Springf. & Mem.	65 37 h	67 3734	Debenture coup., 1893;		20
Louisiana & Mo. River	37 kg 20 kg 45	50	Couv., 78, R. C., 1893	ě	25
Maine Centrai	1125 223	23	Phil. Wil. & Balt. 4e, tr.ct	994	******
Marq. Hought'n& Onton. Preferred.	64		Pitte. Cin. & St.L.—78 Pitts. Titue. & B.—7e,op.	139	120
Metropolitan Mexican Central	914	019	Debanturs coup., 1893; Scrip, 1882. Couv., 7s, R. C., 1893; Couv., 7s, R. C., 1893; Phil, Wil.& Halt.—4e,tr.ct Pitte, Cin. & St.L.—7s Pitts. Titue. & B.—7e,op. Shamokin V. & Potts.—7s Shamokin V. & Potts.—7s Shan. Val.—1st, 7s, 1909 Gen'l 6e, 1921. Sunbury & Frie—1et, 7s. Sunbury & Frie—1et, 7s. 2d, 8s, 1938. Syr.Gen. & Corn.—1st, 7s.	120 60	
Mexican Central. Nashna & Lowell. N. Y. & New England Northern of N. Hampsh. Norwich & Worcester	26	264 126 159 163	Gen'l 6e, 1921 Income, 6s, 1923		
Northern of N. Hampen. Norwich & Worcester	162	159	Sunbury & Erie—let, 7e. Sunb. Haz. & W.—let, 5s	10412	
Ogdensb. & L. Champialn	102	10-2	2d, 5s, 1938 Svr.Gen.& Corn.—1st, 7s.	ž	97
Ratiand-Preferred	15	20	2d, 58, 1938. Syr. Gen. & Corn.—1st, 7s. Tex. & Pac.—1st, 68, 1905. Union & Titusy.—1st, 7s. United N. J.—Cons.6s. 94. Copp. Se gold 1901.	83	
Summit Branch	11412	154	Union & Titusv1st, 7s.	40	
Wisconsin Central Preferred	20	1438	Cone. 68, gold, 1901		
PHILADELPHIA.			United N. J.—Cons.ts, 94 Cone. 6s, gold, 1901 Cone. 6e, gold, 1903 Warren & F.—let, 7s, 96 West Chestor—Cone. 7s. W. Jersey—let, 6s. cp., 96 1st, 7s, 1899. Cone. 6s, 1909. W. Jersey & Atl.—lst, 6s, C. Western Penn.—6e, coup. 6e, P. B. 1896.		
RAILROAD STOCKS, 1			West Chestor-Cons. 7s.	1152	116
Ashtabula & Pittaburg.			1st, 7s, 1899		
Preferred. Bell's Gap. Buffalo N.Y. & Phil	400		W.Jersey&Atllst,6s,C.	₹107 ¥	
Buffalo N.Y. & Phil Preferred		43 ₄ 7 ¹ 2	6e, P. B., 1896	\$10913	
Preferred	******		6e, P. B., 1896	00	
Catawisea	₹10 55		Lehigh Nav.—6e, reg., '84.	80 1091 ₂	
Delaware & Bound Brook	50	13212	Mort. RR., reg., 1897 Cons., 7s, reg., 1911	1241	
Elmira & Williamsport	41		CANAL BONDS. Ches. & Del.,—1st, 6e, 1886 Lehigh Nav.—6e, reg., 784. Mort. RR., reg., 1897. Cons., 7s, reg., 1911. Penneylv.—6e, cp., 1910. Schuylk. Nav.—1st, 6s, rg., 2d, 6s, reg., 1907.	85 295	100
Preferred. Huntingd'n & Broad Top	55			§57	
Lehigh Vallay	2019 5614	211 ₉ 562	BALTIMORE. RAILE'D STOCKS. Par		
Little Schuvikill		50	Atlanta & Charlotte Baltimore & Ohio100	797 ₀	81 190
Minchill & Sch. Haven Nesquehoning Valley Norfolk & West'n—Com.	52	80	1st pref	177 130 124	
Norfolk & West'n-Com.			2d pref. Parkersburg Br50 Central Ohio—Com50	51g	4912
Northern Ceutral	6212	63	PTCI	54	
	65 55 221 ₂	651 ₉ 551 ₈	Western Maryland50 RAILROAD BONDS.	119	1134
Pennsylvanis Philadelphis & Erie. Phils. Ger. & Norristown	55.73		Inc.	95	120
Phils. Newtown & N.Y Phils. & Reading. Phils. Wilm. & Balt. Pittsb. Cin & St. L.—Com. United N. J. Companies.	125	1278	Cen. Ohio.—6s, 1st, M.&S.	10412	
Phila. Wilm. & Balt Pittab. Cin & St. L.—Com.	₹202		Charl, Col. & Aug18t1	1134	
United N. J. Companies Woat Jersey	§202 47		Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts.	10219	67
Wost Jersey. Atlantic. CANAL STOCKS. Lehigh Navigation. Pennsylvania.	*****	*****	3ds	3612	37
Lehigh Navigation Pennsylvania	474	4712		106 ¹ 4	80 1
Schuylkill Nav., pref RAILROAD BONDS. Aliegh, Val.—7 3-10e, '96 7s, E. ext., 1910 Inc. 7e, end., coup., '94 Ashieh, & Pitteb,—1st,6e lat da reg. 1993		7	208 No. Central—4 128, J. & J. 68, 1990, A. & O. 68, gold, 1900, J. & J. 58, Series A. 56, Series B.	104 1204	105
Aliegh. Val.—7 3-10e, '96	12112		6s, gold, 1900, J. & J	120	410000
Inc. 7e, end., coup., '84	14	16	5e, Series B.	107	12512
let, 6s, reg., 1908	117		Pittab.&Con'eila.—7sJ&J Union RR.—1st, gua.J&J Canton endoreed	116	
Bell's (Jap – 184, 78, 1908 Bell's (Jap – 184, 68, 1902) Jef. (Jap – 184, 78, 1893	1001	120	Virginia & Tenn5e	106	******
Bell's Gap—1st, 7s, 1893. 1st, 6s, 1905.	\$108		W. Md6e, let, g., J. & J.	10612	
Tet, 6e, 1993. Coussol, 6e, 1913. Bnff. N. Y. & Phil.—1st, 6e 2d, 7s, 1908. Cons. 6s, 1921		101	88. W. Md.—6e, let, g., J. & J. 2d, pref., J. & J. 2d, guar. by W. Co., J. & J. 68, 5d, guar., J. & J. Wilm. C. & Aug.—6e. Wil. & Weidon—58.	1(612	******
Cons. 6s, 1921			68, Sd, guar., J. & J Wilm. O. & Aug.—66		117
Buff.Pitte.& W.—Gon.,6s			Wil. & Weldon-58.	105	1074
		-			-

* Ex-dividend, | Per share. t In default. & Last price this week.

Luvestment

Mailroad Intelligence.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., Vehruary, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the Chronicle at 50 cents each, and to others than subscribers at \$1 per copy. at \$1 per copy.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Pullman's Palace Car Company, (For the year ending July 31, 1885).

At the annual meeting of stockholders in Chlcago there were 118,112 shares represented out of a total of 159,000. The following directors were re-elected for the ensuing year: George M. Pullman, John Crerar, Marshall Field, J. W. Donne, Norman Williams, O. S. A. Sprague, Chicago, and Henry C. Hulbert, New York.

bert, New York.

The usual quarterly dividend of two per cent from net earnings was declared payable Nov. 16. The directors elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, George M. Pullman; Vice-President, Horace Porter; Secretary, A. S. Weinsheimer.

Weinsheimer.

President Pullman, in the course of his remarks to the meeting, said: "During the fiscal year ending July 31, 1885, renewals of contracts have been made with the New York Lake Erie & Western Railway, and leased lines, and the Penusylvania Railroad Company, including all lines owned and operated by it; these renewals, together with new contracts entered into with several smaller lines of railroad, cover mileage of 12,234 miles, making the total mileage of existing contracts 71,439 miles."

The annual reports of the company are mcrely statistical, and contain no remarks in regard to the operations or condition of the company. The income account and balance sheet for the past three years have been compiled for the Chronicle as follows:

1882-83. 1883-84. 1884-85.

as follows:			
	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Revenue-	\$	\$	\$
Earnings (leased lines included)	2,946,278	3,424,279)
Proportion of earnings of other sicep-			4,948,151
ing car associations controlled and			74,040,106
operated	605,596	488,231)
Patent royaities, manuf. profits, &c	541,371	543,947	667,477
en 4 3			F 000 000
Total revenue	4,093,245	4,456,457	5,613,628
Disbursements-			
Operating expenses, including legal,			
general, taxes and insurance (leased lines included)	000000		
lines included)	976,380	1,110,932	
Maintenance of upholstery, and bed-			
ding (leased lines included)	217,634	205,455	2.657.661
Proportion of operating expenses, &c.,			-,001,001
in cars of other sleeping-car associa-			
_ tions controlled and operated	175,702	136,556	
Rentals of leased lines	264,000	264,000	162,529
Coupan interest on bonds		171,466	171,453
Dividends on capital stock	1,235,142	1,339,621	1,273,962
Contingency account	******		100,000
Profit and loss, including interest,		02 400	
discount and exchange	*******	35,733	
Total disbursements	3,039,932	3,263,763	4.365,604
		1,192,694	1.249.024
Net result	1,053,313	1,102,034	1,245,024
DALANCE SHEE	T JULY 31.		
	1883.	1884.	1885.
Assets-	\$	\$	S
Cars and equipments, including fran-	4	4	**
Chises*	0.859.040	11,326,338	11.480.355
Car works at Detroit	379,594	381,385	380,531
Car works at Pullman, &c	6 050 205	6,434,328	6.584.523
Patents, U. S. and foreign	6,050,205 194,383	184,034	6,584.523 187,134
Furniture and flytures	68,954	71,680	87,862
Furniture and fixtures	00,001		.,
Mantina &c	316,670	802,553	1.066,141
Invested in other car associations	0.0,0.0		
controlled and operated	3,705,025	3,339,089	3,578,015
Stocks and bonds owned	434.530	535,936	590,013
Car trust bonds		******	1,519,843
Receivers' certificates			859,000
Construction material and operating			
supplies, including amount paid on			
cars in process of construction	1,213,194	1,527,757 702,295	1,771,258
Lumber	705,933	702,295	1,1,1,1,00
Balance of current acounts		592,576	
Cash and call luaus	168,832	270,161	361,721
Total assets	23,095,369	96 169.382	28.466.426
	20,000,000	20,100,000	@
Liubllities-	5 000 000	1 K 00 1 600	000 000 at
Capital stock	13,269,500	15,924,500	0.020,000
ROBGS OBISTANGING	2,269,500	2,269,500	2,220,000
Received from saie of old cars leased	441 080	441,370	441,371
From Central Transportation Co	441,356		1,388,479
Balance of current accounts	289,534		2,000,210
Surpius invested in the assets of the			
company, less written off during the	0 000 470	7,533,712	19 491 578
yeart	6,826,479	7,000,712	10,401,010
The second secon			
Total liabilities	23,095,369 9	26,169,382	28,466,426

*579 cars in 1883; 669 in 1884; 686 in 1885.
†Written uff—in 1883, \$250,658; in 1884, \$485,461; in 1885, \$290,159.
†\$1,200,000 of this amount is embraced in depreciation account and \$7,291,576 in income account.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Boston Revere Beach & Lynn.—The following is the report of operations for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30:

	1584-5.	1883-4.	Increase.
	\$195,764	\$190,254	\$5,510
	114,251	120,602	Dec. 6,351
Net earnings	\$51,513 \$35,148 21,047 8,553	69,652 \$35,148 21,628 8,257	\$11,861 Dec. 581 596
Total	\$65,048	\$65,033	\$15
	\$16,465	\$1,619	\$11,849

Bradford Eldred & Cuha.—At Buffalo, October 16, Judge Lewis authorized Thoms C. Platt, receiver of the Bradford Eldred & Cuba road, to issue \$28,526 in receiver's certificates to the Metropolitan Trust Company of New York.

Buffalo New York & Philadelphia .- Mr. G. Clinton Gardner, receiver, reports the earnings, expenses and net earnings for one month ending September 30, 1885, as compared with the same period of 1884, as follows:

Gross earnings Operating expenses	1885. \$238,398 146,638	1884. \$223,868 151,196	Inc. \$14,529 Dec. 4,507
Net earnings	\$91,709	\$72,672	Ine. \$19,036

Cairo & Vincennes.—The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says that the present management of this road, late a withered and neglected branch of the Wabash system, has exhibited thus far a most thorough appreciation of the situation, and has gone forward energetically and intelligently in the work of improvement and reorganization. The roadbed as far as Carm has been thoroughly overhauled, leveled, improved and almost entirely relaid with steel rails, with many new and substantial bridges and trestles. The road from Carmi to Vincennes & Danville is receiving attention, and is rapidly nearing the perfection attained by the lower end. Receiver Thomas and General Manager Wheeler have been in consultation for several days, and it is within the possibilities of the near future that an extension of the line will be constructed from St. Francisville, sixteen miles south of Vincennes, to Evansville, thus forming a powerful competitor of Mackie's Evansville & Terre Haute road. Vincennes .- The St. ville & Terre Haute road.

Canada Southern.—The agents of the Canada Southern Railway Company, Messrs. Garolin & Cox, have just sold to a syndicate consisting of Hallgarten & Co., Speyer & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., L. Von Hoffman & Co., and their foreign connections, the balance of the company's second mortgage bonds (about \$2,000,000), most of which will be paid for in cash at a price near the present market quotations. This will enable the company to pay at once all of its floating debt incurred for the construction work done when the road was taken by the Michigan Central.

Chesapeake & Nashville.-The Cincinnati Inquirer says the Chesapeake & Nashville.—The Cincinnati Inquirer says, the Chesapeake & Nashville will be built before January 1, 1887, and make practicable the opening of a new route between Cincinnati and Nashville, thirty-two miles shorter than the Louisville & Nashville's short line. The new route is Mr. Huntington's latest project in the interest of Chesapeake & Ohio lines. It is to strike the Cincinnati Southern at Moreland. The charter is for a road to run from Nashville to Stanford, on the Kestveker Control and a breach via Lebanor to Louisville. the Kentucky Central, and a branch via Lebanon to Louisville, there to connect with the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern. The committee of the Nashville Merchants' Exchange has recommended that the City Council grant the right of way and appropriate a sum sufficient to secure certain rights of way in litigation, and that the installments due on the \$500,000 subscription by the city of Nashville be paid at once.

Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton.—The statement of the business of the road for the first six months of the fiscal year—April 1 to Sept. 30—is as follows:

Gross earnings	1884-5. \$1,378,727 909,607	1883-4. \$1,466,350 937,099
Net earnings Interest on bonds and guaranteed dividends	\$469,120 324,158	\$529,231 334,168
Balance available for dividends	\$144,960 105,000	\$195,083 105,000
Snrplus	\$39,960	\$90,083

The net earnings being equal to 41/3 per cent on the common stock, a semi-annual dividend of three per cent was declared.

Denver & Rio Grande.—Receiver Jackson, of the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, has made his report to the Railroad Commissioner of Colorado for the period from July 11, 1884, to June 30, 1885. The physical condition of the road is better now than it ever has been. The number of miles operated by the receiver is 1,316. There are 1,082 miles of steel rails and 234 miles of iron rails. During the year 363,996 new ties were put in and 481 tons of new steel rails laid. The road has 58 passenger locomotives, 172 freight locomotives, nine switch locomotives, and 6,003 cars of every description. During the year 1,003,666 tons of freight of various kinds were transported over the road and 224,048 passengers. The total earnings from all sources were \$5,485,434, and the operating expenses and taxes were \$3,844,888, leaving net earnings of \$1,640,446.

Denver & Rlo Grande Western.—This ra''road was an entirely distinct corporation from the Denver & Rio Grande,

and it was built from the Colorado border to Ogden as a narrow gauge line to connect with the Denver & Rio Grande, to which company it was leased at a rental of 40 per cent of the

gross earnings.

This lease was alleged by the parties who afterward came into possession of the Denver & Rio Grande Company to have been unreasonable and illegal, and made principally for the benefit of the Denver & Rio Grande Western. Since both roads went into the hands of receivers the lease has been disregarded, and foreclosure of the Denver & Rio Grande would

apparently wipe out the lease.

During 1885 under the receiver the gross earnings of the Denver & Rio Grande Western for nine months from Jan. 1 to Oct. 1 were \$708,000, or say \$1,000,000 for the full year 1885. Net earnings are not known.

to Oct. 1 were \$708,000, or say \$1,000,000 for the full year 1885. Net earnings are not known.

The plan of reorganization for the Denver & Rio Grande (including an assessment of \$6 per share on the stock and the issue of a new 4 per cent bond, plus \$700 of new preferred stock, for each of the old consolidated bonds) had been out forsome time and was practically accepted before any plan for the Denver & Rio Grande Western was brought forward. Then in August last Gen. Palmer issued his proposed plan for reorganizing the Denver & Rio Grande Western without foreclosure, by a graded scaling of interest up to September 1889, as published in the Chronicle of September 5, 1885, on page 273. In the absence of any opposition or any other proposal the Chronicle then commended in a general way the idea of reorganizing railroads without foreclosure, when such a method was practicable.

On the 16th of October a notice was published that Messrs. Coppell, Welsh, Gilman and Dick, at the request of bondholders, said to hold \$2,500,000 of the Denver & Rio Grande Western bonds, would soon formulate and propose a plan of reorganization. On the next day, Oct. 17th, Gen. Palmer published a notice that a majority of the bondholders had agreed to his plan. To foreclose the mortgage the trustees must have the request of 25 per cent in amount of the bondholders, but a singular provision in article IX of the mortgage says that a majority of the bondholders may control the trustees' action, and may vote to waive a default.

There has been much bitterness of feeling and action in times past between the parties in control of these two companies above referred to, and of this the Chronicle has nothing to say; but in endeavoring to get at a tolerably fair statement of the present situation the matter may be summed up as follows:

1. It is of the utmost importance to both roads that they

up as follows:
1. It is of the utmost importance to both roads that they

1. It is of the utmost importance to both roads that they should be worked in harmony as connecting lines.
2. Gen. Palmer, President of the Denver & Rio Grande Western, may be said to represent the stockholders of that company, and the object of his plan is to resuscitate his road without foreclosure, and without any assessment on the stock, which is only to be accomplished by the forbearance of the bondholders proposed in his plan.

The committee, of which Mr. Coppell is chairman, represents the interests of the Denver & Rio Grande Company, which requires the Denver & Rio Grande Western as a connecting line and wishes to get it at a moderate interest charge on the bonds, either with or without a cash assessment of the stock as their plan yet to be offered may suggest.

either with or without a cash assessment of the stock as their plan yet to be offered may suggest.

3. The Denver & Rio Grande Western bondholders are between the two parties above mentioned, and have no other interest than to get fair treatment from both of them.

It is impracticable for the CHRONICLE to enter at length into the arguments used by both parties, but it is obvious that the Denver & Rio Grande is the heavier corporation, and will have command of new capital on its reorganization, and if the holders of stock and bonds in the Denver & Rio Grande Western can secure fair recognition of their rights, it would be better for all parties concerned that the two companies should be reorganized in harmony. There seems to be a fine opportunity here for judicious arbitration.

Dubuque & Northwestern.—A dispatch from Dubuque.

tunity here for judicious arbitration.

Dubuque & Northwestern.—A dispatch from Dubuque, Iowa, Oct. 15, said that Mr. A. B. Stickney of St. Paul had successfully placed the bonds for the building of fifty miles (\$800,000), with European parties. "He has also sold in Europe bonds on 160 miles of the Minnesota & Northwestern and Dubuque & Northwestern, representing \$2,560,000, \$1,000,000 of which has been transmitted to him from Europe. The directory of the latter road issued to-day in trust to the Minnesota Trust Company, its first mortgage on lifty miles; also the \$800,000 based on this mortgage, the same to become the property of the Minnesota Loan & Debenture Company, when its contract is fulfilled. Mr. Stickney authorizes the statement that the road will be built next summer. Fifty cars of steel rails arrived over the Illinois Central to-day."

East Teuressee Virginia & Georgia.—The gross and net

East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia.—The gross and net earnings by months are as follows:

	Gross o	earnings	Nel ea	rnings
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
July	\$278,037	\$298,824	\$90,161	\$131,328
	312,723	328,496	124,697	133,345
September	369,311	379,424	159,201	162,534
Total, 3	mos. \$960,071	\$1,006,744	\$374,059	\$427,207

Evansville & Terre Haute.—The operations for the year ending August 31 show the following results:

Miles operated. Gross earningsOperating expenses	\$718.823	1883-4. 146 \$753,107 365,810	1882-3. 146 \$751,690 387,228
Net carnings	\$382,101	\$387,297	\$364,462

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe.—Surveys have begun for an extension from Fort Worth north to Galnesville, Tex., a few miles south of the Red River. The line would be parallel with and about thirty miles west of the Houston & Toxas Central, and close to the Whitesboro Fort Worth line of the Missouri Kansas & Texas for all but a few miles. Grading for the extension of the Lampasas Branch has been completed to a point beyond Brownwood, Tex., and the track laid within fifteen miles of Brownwood, and the line has been located further through Coleman to Runnels, the county seat of Runnels County. Thence the route may be either westward to the Red Forks of the Colorado, or due north, crossing the Texas & Pacific at Merkel.—Railroad Gazette.

Houston East & West Texas.—The rails to complete the

Houston East & West Texas.—The rails to complete the Louisiana end of the Houston East & West Texas have been received, and were to be laid immediately on the eight miles to the Sabine River at Logausport. Track-haying was progressing on the Texas end north of Timpson, and it was hoped to complete it to the Sabine at the same time as the other, when the bridge over the Sabine would be built and complete the line from Houston to Shreeport.

Indianapolis Pern & Chleago.—The bondholders of this road took possession, October 21, under Court decrees. Arrangements for the temporary operation of the road by the Wabash will probably be made.

Lake Eric & Western.—A press dispatch from Chicago, October 2), said: "Application was made to-day by J. H. Cheney, as Receiver of the Lake Eric & Western road, to Judge Gresham for leave to buy 3,000 tons of steel rails and to issue receiver's certificates in payment therefor. He filed a petition, in which he stated that the road was in very bad condition, and needed immediate attention. He had already, by permission of Court, bought 3,000 tons of rails, but they only went a short way toward putting the road in good cononly went a short way toward putting the road in good condition. The road was 377 miles long, and 143 miles of it had been relaid with steel rails. From 6,000 to 12,000 tons would be necessary to re-lay the remainder of the line, but with 3,000 tons he could lay forty-five miles, and still leave some for

Maryland State Bonds.—The Baltimore Sun says: "A correspondent from Georgetown, D. C., writes to know when the bonds of the State of Maryland, now due, will be paid. In reply, it is stated that a small amount of 6 per cent bonds became due on the 1st of October last, for the payment of which no provision had been made by the Legislature. The money is in the State Treasury, and it is expected that the bonds will be paid as soon as the Legislature, which is to meet in January next, takes action in the matter."

Memphis Selma & Brunswick.—A press dispatch from Richmond, Va., Oct. 20, said: The Memphis Selma & Brunswick Railroad has just been purchased by a syndicate headed by James B. Pace, of this city, and Dunavant, Kelly & Piper, of Memphis, and will be reorganized on the 10th of November. The road is now operated forty-five miles from Memphis to Holly Springs, Miss. The new syndicate will proceed to extend the road six miles from Holly Springs to a point on the Mobile & Ohio road. In the course of a year the road will be extended to Birmingham, Ala., through the great coal and iron section, where Mr. Pace and other Richmond capitalists have invested a good deal of money."

Mobile & Ohlo.—The gross and net earnings for September and from July 1 to Sept. 30 have been:

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	Septe	mber	-July 1 to	Sept. 30
	1885.	1884.	1985.	1884.
Gross enrnings			\$394,795	\$433,599
Operating expenses	119,160	128,891	350,998	378,275
Net earnings	\$10,630	\$31,778	\$43,797	\$55,324

New York Chicago & St. Louis.—Mr. Thomas Denny, chairman of the Nickel Plate bondholders' committee, is reported as saying: "It has been published that the Nickel Plate road is not earning expenses, and that Mr. Vanderbilt holds receiver's certificates on the road. The fact is, that the receiver's new statements show that the receipts of the road are decidedly ahead of its expenses, and for the year ending June 30 showed net earnings of \$940,000. There is not a receiver's certificate issued, nor a receiver's certificate applied for. The counsel for the receiver tells the bondholders' counsel that the receiver has no idea of applying for any such certificates."

New York Pennsylvania & Ohio.—The New York Times reports: "A decision by Judge McKenna in the United States Circuit Court at Pittsburg, Penn., disposes of the existing litigation of James McHenry against the New York Lake Erie & Western Railway and its leased line, the New York Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad." * * * * * *

"Two suits continue, but the complaint is the same, and Judge McKenna's ruling covers the question. Under the trust the control of all the capital stock was vested in the voting Trustees, who are elected annually by the bondholders. The purpose of Mr. McHenry's suit was to compel the company to issue new stock certificates to holders of the stock of the old Atlantic & Great Western Company, which was the predecessor of the New York Pennsylvania & Ohio."

New York Sasquehanna & Western.—The statement of

New York Sasquehanna & Western.—The statement of gross and net earnings of the N. Y. Susq. & West, RR, for September is as follows:

Gross cornings	1885.	1884.	Ohanges
	\$105,354	\$95,417	Inc. \$9,437
	53,365	51,719	Inc. 1,613
Net earnings	851,988	\$43.697	Inc. 88.291

Norfolk & Western.—The Norfolk & Western Railroad has arranged for the extension until 1900, at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, of \$97,000 of the consolidated mortgage 8 per cent first preferred coupon bonds, and of \$93,000 of the consolidated mortgage 6 per cent second preferred coupon bonds, of the Southside Railroad, maturing January 1st, 1896. Those holders who do not wish to extend their bonds will be said in each paid in cash.

Northern Paelilc.—The Philadelphia Press reports:
"The largest sale of land ever made by the Northern Paelilc Railroad was consummated yesterday [Oct. 22d] by the manimous action of the board of directors of the Northern Paelile R. R. in New York. The tracts sold comprise a number of townships in Northwestern Minnesota, amounting in all to head 112 202 a new more or less. The amount regalized by the of townships in Northwestern Minnesota, amounting in all to about 113,000 acres, more or less. The amount realized by the company is not exactly known, as it will depend on the grading of the timber lands; but the Land Commission estimates that at least \$7 per acro will be netted by the company, or a total sum of more than \$700,000. The purchase money is part in cash, and the balance, say \$500,000, in preferred stock. This will retire from circulation forever over 5,000 shares of that stock. The purchasers are a number of capitalists headed by Charles Watrons, of New York." that stock. The purchasers are a nuby Charles Watrous, of New York."

by Charles Watrous, of New York."

Olilo Central (River Division).—A press dispatch from Charleston, West Va., Oct. 22, said: "The River Division of the Ohio Central Railroad, extending from Corning, Ohlo, to Charleston, was sold to Erwin Davis. Albert Gallup and Ed. C. Hohmans, trustees for the bondholders, for \$600,000. Land belonging to the company, 10,600 acres, was purchased for \$8,000. The bridge across the Ohio River was sold at Parkershurg on Oct. 15, under a decree of the United States Circuit Court, to pay liens for construction. The price of the bridge was \$200,000. One million dollars in stock and \$1,000,000 in bonds on the bridge were sold for \$5,000, but this stock and bonds merely represent the balance remaining after paying liens in the Parkersburg suit, that surplus being \$5,000. The latter purchase was made by Erwin Davis and John W. Simpson, who are a committee for the bondholders. The completion of the bridge will be rapidly pushed forward. Work on tion of the bridge will be rapidly pushed forward. Work on the Ohio Central Road above the city will be continued after

Oregon & California.—The terms of exchange of Oregon & California securities for those of Central Pacific lave heretofore been noticed in the Chronicle. The terms of agreement have been reported more fully in the London papers, though in the absence of official documents it not known whether all the details are correct. It is stated that the agreement "was made July 31, and by it the 451 miles of road, with its appurtenances and equipments, rights, franchises and land grant, are to be transferred on or before July 1, 1886. The terms of the sale are as follows: For the \$9,000,000 or thereabouts of first mortgage honds now outstanding, issued at the rate of are to be transferred on or before July 1, 1886. The terms of the sale are as follows: For the \$9,000,000 or thereabouts of first mortgage honds now outstanding, issued at the rate of \$20,000 per mile, the Central Pacific will issue bonds at the rate of \$30,000 per mile to the amount of \$10,500,000, payable in forty years, bearing interest at the rate of 3 per cent for the first two years and 5 per cent thereafter. It is likely that the Oregon & California will transfer the property to a new company to be organized for the purpose, and that the Central Pacific will guarantee the bonds of this new company; however, the bonds may be secured by a mortgage on the property. The difference between \$9,000,000, the present indebtedness, and \$10,500,000, the amount of the proposed new bonds, is accounted for in this way: The present bondholders have received no interest for a year, and will receive none on the 1st of January next. One year and a half at 6 per cent is 9 per cent loss. Then they will receive only 3 per cent for the first two years; another loss of 4 per cent. So the extra issue of \$1,500,000 will a little more than cover past and prospective losses. The stock of the Oregon & California is \$19,000,000—\$12,000,000 preferred and \$7,000.000 common. This will be taken up by the issue of \$8,000,000 Central Pacific stock, viz.: one share of Central Pacific stock for four shares of Oregon & California common. The Central Pacific sgrees to complete the connecting link between Ashland and Delta within three years of the date of the transfer, so as to form a through line between Portland and San Francisco. The contract was ratified by the stockholders at a meeting in Portland, September 30, and of course it is ratified by The contract was ratified by the stockholders at a meeting in Portland, September 30, and of course it is ratified by the bondholders, for they made it."

Pacific Mall.—The regular quarterly dividend of 14 per cent has been declared, after the payment of which the company will, it is said, carry over a surplus of \$700,000. The quarter's statement is annexed:

Gross earnings	1884. \$1,234,147	1985. \$1,232,487
Expenses		828.453
Net		\$104,035 \$932,316 909,486

Pennsylvania Slatington & New England.—Mr. William V. McCracken has been appointed receiver to take charge of the property in New York of the Pennsylvania Slatington & New England Railroad Company. The appointment is ancillary to the recent appointment of a receiver for the road hy Judge Nixon of New Jersey.

Philadelphia & Reading.—Central of New Jersey. Reports from Philadelphia, October 16, said: "Master George M. Dallas heard testimony to-day in the suit instigated to break the lease of the New Jersey Central to

the Reading Railroad Company. Mr. George O. Waterman, an accountant of the New Jersey Central, in answer to questions by Mr. George M. Robeson, said that all the assets that were on the Jersey Central's books on June 1, 1884, had been collected, except \$85,000, and some of that, how much he did not know, had been collected by the Reading. Mr. H. S. Little, President of the Jersey Central, was examined by Mr. Robeson. He testified that at the time the lease was executed the floating debt of the Jersey Central Company was \$2,062,000. The company then possessed \$5,000,000 of assets, and \$3,000,000 worth of bonds was handed over by the Reading Company. At present these securities would not, if sold at the market prices, extinguish the floating debt. All the receipts of the Jersey Central are paid to the Reading, with the exception of \$18,000 a year allowed for maintenance of organization. "I was instrumental," he remarked, "in placing the floating debt, and at the solicitation of the Reading Company got it out of what they called unfriendly hands, the Adams Express Company, for instance." He then explained that the bonds which the Reading Company asked him to issue were New Jersey Central bonds. They were to be issued \$600,000 at one time and \$350,000 at a subsequent date. Alterward the Reading asked for \$1,400,000 more for betterments. The witness further explained that Mr. F. B. Gowen was present at a meeting of the Jersey Central board and stated that the Reading Company would not ask for the bonds unless the Jersey Central was given assurances that the December dividend was to be paid. Satisfactory assurances, however, were not given, and the dividend was still in default. He also said that the Jersey Central's floating debt had been reduced the \$600,000 worth of debenture bonds to Mr. Gowen because he supposed the floating debt had been reduced only \$400,000.

St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain.—The coupons of the 5 per cent bonds due in October were not paid, and the Boston & Lowell, which works the road as its Vermont Division, explains as follow: "The Boston & Lowell road is operating the St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain road as its Vermont Division. The stockholders of the Boston & Lowell Company have never agreed to pay the interest on the bonds of the St. Johnsbury road, and the bonds of the latter road are not guaranteed by the Boston & Lowell company. The Lowell road has, however, operated the St. Johnsbury road in a manner to make it about self-supporting, and is now meeting and paying the interest on \$600,000 of its 6s. The 5s are, with the exception of \$41,000, the property of the Boston & Lowell, and are safely laid away in the Treasurer's safe. It is undoubtedly the intention of the company to pay the coupons on this \$41,000, amounting to \$1,025, but owing to some legal difficulty, the counsel for the road has instructed the Treasurer not to make the payments until further notice. The Boston & Lowell, however, has never guaranteed these bonds, and cannot legally be held to meet the interest on them, which they will probably do at an early date."

St. Louis Hannibal & Keokuk.—At St. Louis, Oct. 20, an order for the sale of the St. Louis Hannibal & Keokuk Railroad was made in the United States Court. The sale will take place in St. Louis on the 8th of December. The upset price is placed at \$370,000 of which \$35,000 is to be paid in cash.

St. Louis & San Francisco.—The St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company has just completed negotiations with a syndicate for the sale of \$1,939,000 of its general mortgage bonds, being the balance of the total issue of \$7,739,000. These bonds are a first mortgage on the St. Louis extension, on the terminals, and also on the Fayetteville extension.

Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis.—The receiver has served upon the creditors' committee notice of his intention to ask the courts for permission to issue receiver's certificates in the sum of \$550,000 on the Toledo Division of the road, and \$150,000 on the St. Louis Division, for the purpose of purchasing 110 miles of 60-pound steel rails, and of constructing four bridges, with stone culverts, ties and other necessary appointments.

Tonawanda Valley & Cuba.—Receiver Bird W. Spencer was authorized by the Court, Oct. 19, to issue certificates to pay \$8,400 due to employes and \$12,000 needed to repair the road-bed. The trust companies, in behalf of the bondholders, appealed from this decision, and were granted an order staying the issue of the certificates on filing a bond for \$20,000.

Union Pacific.—Land sales in September and since Jan. 1 have been:

	1	885	-1884		
September. Union Division Kansas Division	Acres. 21,422 26,780	Proceeds. \$46,700 122,611	Acres. 1,224,458 31,839	Proceeds. \$972,350 150,960	
Total		\$169,312	1,256,299	\$1,123,310	
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30. Union Division Kansas Division	Acres. 559,014 492,830	Proceeds. \$1,002,111 1,970,116	Acres. 4,069,996 268,381	Proceeds. \$6,221,570 1,286,855	
Totai	,	\$2,972,227	4,338,377	\$7,508,426	

Virginia Coupon Cases.—The United States Supreme Court has rendered no decisions as yet in the coupon cases, but all of them have been advanced, and five will be heard on the 16th of November. The petition of R. B. Chaffin (Chaffin vs. Taylor) for summary process to compel obedience to the judgment of the Court rendered last year, was denied without inquiry as to its merits, for the reason that it will be decided in another oase.

The Commercial Limes.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Oct. 23, 1885.

There is a moderate degree of activity in commercial circles, and values of manufactures are, as a rule, well maintained. Declines may be noted, however, in very many staples of agriculture, but these are in nearly all cases merely reactions against + recent speculative advances, which had the effect of checking exports. A notable event is a slight further advance in the price of steel rails. Another is the suspension of operations by the glass works of the Eastern and Middle States, in resistance to a strike. The weather has been quite wintry in some sections, with a fall of snow, but doing no serious injury.

Lard futures were doing better early in the week, but a heavy realizing movement caused a sharp decline. There is however, a steadier feeling at the close and the latest bids are at 6.17c. for November, 6.20c. for December, 6.26c. for January and 6.33c. for February. Spot lard closes at 6.10@6.15c. for prime city and 6.20@6.25c. for prime Western. Refined for the Continent is quoted at 6.50c. Pork has been steady, closing at \$9 50@\$10 for mess and \$12@\$12 50 for clear. Cut meats have been fairly active, but at drooping figures; pickled hams $8\frac{3}{4}$ @ $9\frac{1}{4}$ c., pickled bellies $5\frac{1}{8}$ @ $6\frac{3}{8}$ c.; and shoulders $4\frac{1}{4}$ @ 45%c. Smoked meats are quoted at 51/2c. for shoulders and 10c. for hams. Beef unchanged. Beef hams \$15 25@\$15 50 per bbl. Tallow firmer at 5 1-16@51/ac. Butter is firmer at 18@28c. for creamery. Cheese steady at 71/2@103/4c. for State factory. The number of swine slaughtered at the principal Western towns from March 8 to October 7 amounted to 4,175,000, against 3,695,000 in the corresponding period last season. The following is a comparative summary of aggregate exports from October 27 to October 15:

	1884-85.	1883-84.	
Pork	51,202,400	36,027,400	Inc. 15,175,000
Baconlbs.	425,654,813	329,631,851	Inc. 96,022,962
Lardlbs.	284,116,789	213,237,812	Inc. 70,878,977

Rio coffee on the spot has been more active and generally steady at 8%c. for fair cargoes. Options were active and buoyant early in the week, but latterly have been depressed closing to-day at 7@7.05c. for November, 7.05@7.10c. for January and 7.15@7.20c. for March, Mild grades have had a very fair sale at steady prices. Raw sugars have been only moderately active at 5%@5 9-16c. for fair to good refining. There was a good business yesterday, but to-day nothing of importance was done. Refined sugars are cheaper at 65%@7c. for hards. Molasses has been more active, but at easier figures Teas meet with a fair demand.

Kentucky tobacco has been quiet but firm at 6½@11c., the sales being limited to 150 hhds., mainly for export. Seed leaf continues in demand, and sales for the week are 1,715 cases, as follows: 250 cases 1881 crop, Pennsylvania, 7@11c.; 300 cases 1883 crop, Pennsylvania, 6@11½c.; 240 cases 1884 crop, Pennsylvania, 8½@11c.; 200 cases 1884 crop, Pennsylvania Havana seed, 9@15c.; 200 cases 1884 crop, New England Havana seed, 13½@25c.; 150 cases 1881 crop, State Havana seed, 10@15c.; 125 cases 1884 crop, Dutch, 11@12½c., and 150 cases 1884 crop, Wisconsin Havana, 16@20c.; also 300 bales Havana, 60c.@\$110, and 200 bales Sumatra, \$1 25@\$1 60.

The speculation in crude petroleum certificates has at times been quite excited, and on Wednesday there was an advance to \$1.1214, favored by the statistical position and a heavy buying to cover contracts. A part of this improvement is since lost, and the close this afternoon is at \$1 09@\$1 09\%; crude in bbls. quoted at 714@734c.; refined in bbls. 512c., and in cases 958@1034c.; naptha 714c. The speculation in spirits turpentine has been dull throughout the week, and the close is easier at 3634c. on the spot, with 3614@364c. bid for the winter deliveries. Rosin has been firmer, but quiet at \$1 0212@1 15 for common to good strained.

Pig iron certificates have improved and close steady at \$15.75@\$17. Tin moderately active and barely steady at 20¼ @20.40c. 'spot, 19.90@20.10c. futures. Five tons December sold at 20.10c. Tin plate steady at \$4.47½@4.52½. Copper firmer at 10¾@11c.; Lake, 9.90@10.10c. Baltimore. Lead steady at 4@4.15c. for domestic. Spelter firm at 4.35@4.60c. for domestic.

The decline in grain has led to more active shipments and some improvement in rates to British ports. Petroleum

The decline in grain has led to more active shipments and some improvement in rates to British ports, Petroleum charters have continued active. Cotton is now going forward freely from this and Southern ports.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., October 23, 1885.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Oct. 23), the total receipts have reached 261,701 bales, against 231,491 bales last week, 193,107 bales the previous week and 159,663 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1885, 1,120,430 bales, against 1,158,360 bales for the same period of 1884, showing a decrease since September 1, 1885, of 87,930 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	8,492	12,433	8,530	4,812	7,185	4,179	45,631
Indianola, &c.							
New Orleans	13.001	9,692	18,621	13,149	12,019	8,555	75,037
Mobile	1,795	2,059	3,165	462	1,510	1,499	10,490
Florida						1,456	1,450
Bayannah	9,525	9,843	6,273	7,282	7,102	5,709	45,734
Brunew'k, &c.	***		****			715	715
Charleston	5,519	8,131	4,087	6,195	3,452	5,905	33,289
Pt. Royal, &c.	****	****			****	474	474
Wilmington	1,718	1,039	1,560	1,542	1,355	1,003	9,117
Moreh'd C.,&o	****	****				326	326
Norfolk	2,252	7,154	3,331	4,118	3,937	2,915	23,707
West Point,&o	****	****				13,439	13,439
New York	37	200	100	191	231	141	900
Boston		****		****			
Baltimore				****		106	100
Philadelp'a, &c.	281	3	30	18	33	318	683
Totals this week	42 620	51.454	45 607	92.760	37 494	46 740	261 701

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1885, and the stock to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.

Desciple to	1	385	1	884.	Stock.		
Receipts to Oct. 23.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1885.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1884.	1885.	1884.	
Galveston Ind'nola,&c	45,631	210,878 781	35,626 573	_	80,187	53,500	
New Orleans.	75,637	244,982	81,074	.,	123,053	147,631	
Mobile	10,490		10,592	45,253	14,294	7,152	
Florida	1,456	8,316	2,307	10,351	2	*****	
6avannah	45,734	253,600	50,013	257,930	90,347	82,459	
Br'ew'k, &c.	715	3,933	638	4,162	*****	*****	
Charleston	33,289	161,411	40,312	186,284	67,368	85,934	
Pt.Royal,&c	474	1,745	72	500	184	72	
Wilmington	9,117	37,959	6,704	35,996	16,835	27,636	
M'headC.,&c	326	955	546	1,544			
Norfolk	23,707	96,923	34,050	115,598	21,452	44,352	
W.Point,&c.	13,439	56,168	19,543	56,708	189		
New York	900	1,018	535	873	96,622	62,968	
Boston	*****	494	1,953	13,973	6,310	6,310	
Baltimore	106	832	126	639	10,311	18.630	
Philadel'a,&c	683	1,876	448	5,250	7,599	5,593	
Total	261,704	1,120,430	285,112	1,158,360	534,773	542,237	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1885.	1884.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.
Oalvest'n,&c.	45,631	36,139	30,229	31,853	17,780	23,760.
New Orleans.	75,637	81,074	81,984	58,551	51,306	64,726
Mobile	10,490	10,592	10,723	15,829	9,762	16,505
Bavannah	45,734	50,013	42,838	44,302	35,551	44,877
Charl'st'n, &c	33,763	40,384	28,509	25,012	35,601	38,112
Wilm'gt'n, &c.	9,443	7,250	6,668	5,122	7,492	10,430
Norfolk, &c	37,146	53,593	47,179	51.780	40,103	43,759
All others	3,860	0,007	4.715	9,289	12,992	12,661
Tot. this w'k.	261,704	285,112	252,845	241,738	210,587	254,830
Since Sept. 1.	1120,430	1158,360	1223,986	1167,043	1198,761	1390,296

Galveston includes Indianoia; Charleston includes Port Royal, &c., Wilmington includes Morehead City, &c.; Norfolk includes West Point, &c.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 153,029 bales, of which 90,339 were to Great Britain, 15,676 to France and 47,014 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 534,773 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1885.

Exports	Week Ending Oct. 23. Exported to—				From Sept. 1, 1885, to Oct. 23, 1885. Exported to—			
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total.
Galveston	10,077	4,147	5,594	17,818	81,844	4,147	15,950	51,441
New Orleans	17,420	0,724	16,289	40,413	57,354	22,401	30,411	110,166
Mobile								
Florida								
Savannah	10,474		13,955	24,429	38,099		45,303	83,392
Charlesion	13,114	8,436	2,415	18,965	29,015	11,588	26,333	66,989
Wilmington	5,000			5,000	12,395		4,200	16,595
Norfolk*	13,903		5,350	19,253	24,010		5,350	29,360
New York	12,194	1,889	5,431	18,984	78,490	7,351	28,671	112,512
Boston	8,971			3,971	11,701		297	14,998
Saltimore	1,305			1,305	13,780			18,736
Philadelp'a, &o	2,891			2,891	7,277		200	7,477
Total	90,839	15,670	47,014	153,029	304,411	45,485	156,770	608,665
Total 1884	83,843	18,115	56,709	156,687	307,349	23,201	141,940	531,899

includes exports from Port Royal, &c.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared st the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Mesers. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 89 Broad Street.

	Or	shipboo	erd, not c	leared-f	or	Facilities.	
OCT. 23, AT-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Const-	Total.	Leaving Block.	
New Orleans Mobile Charlosion Savannah Galvoston Norfolk New York Other ports	14,220 3,500 4,500 5,100 32,213 6,609 5,000 6,600	18,485 None. 3,000 4,700 1,149 None. 100 None.	20,128 None. 10,800 19,600 5,112 None. 2,250 2,000	1,371 None. 1,200 4,200 5,050 3,537 None. None.	54,294 3,590 19,500 33,600 43,524 10,146 7,350 8,690	68.849 10,704 47,868 56,747 36,063 11,326 80,272 32,830	
Total 1885.	77,742	27,434	50,890	15,358	180,424	354,340	
Fotal 1884 Fotal 1883	109,659 72,515	14,523 28,909	47,875 74,012	15,097 18,185	157,154 193,711	355,083 529,475	

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market has been fairly active at variable prices. There was an advance on Saturday and the morning hours of Monday, when the highest figures were 7@13 points above the close of Friday last. The advance was due wholly to speculative manipulation and some "outside" buying, encouraged by the resumption of work by the Oldham spinners. A decline then set in, which, with slight fluctuations, continued down to near the close of Thursday's business. This was due to the war-like aspect of the news from Eastern Europe, the dul accounts from Manchester and the increased movement of the crop. Reports of heavy rains in some sections and of a killing frost at Nashville caused slight reactions, but they proved quite temporary. To-day the opening was again lower, under the foreign advices, but a demand to cover con tracts caused a full recovery, and the close was not without indications of the revival of speculative confidence. Cotton on the spot has been in rather better demand for home consumption, but still inactive. Quotations are without change and middling uplands close at 9 13-16c.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 499,500 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 3,326 bales, including — for export, 3,326 for consumption, — for speculation and — in transit. Of the above, — bales - in transit. Of the above, -- bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for anch day of the next week

each day o	1 0110	past n	CCA.						
Oct. 17 to	UI	PLANE	s.	NEW	ORLE	ANB.	7	'EXAS	
Oct. 23.	Sat,	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues
Ordin'y. % to Strict Ord Good Ord Str. G'd Ord Low Midd'g Str. L'w Mid Middling Good Mid Str. G'd Mid Midd'g Fair Fair.	913 ₁₆ 101 ₁₆ 105 ₁₆ 1011 ₁₆	834 918 9716 9116 91316 10116 10518	918 9716 91116 91316 10116 10516	815 ₁₆ 95 ₁₈ 95 ₈ 97 ₈ 10 104 104 104	848	816 81516 9516 958 976 10 1014 1013 1076	711 ₁₆ 8 ¹ 6 8 ¹ 5 ₁₆ 9 ⁵ 8 9 ⁷ 6 10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 5 10 ⁷ 6 11 ¹ 6	711 ₁₆ 8 ¹ 8 8 ¹⁵ 16 9 ⁵ 16 9 ⁵ 8 9 ⁷ 8 10 10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 9 10 ⁷ 8	71116 818 81516 9516 958 976 10 1014 1014 1078 1119
	Wed			Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th,	Fri,
Ordin'y, \$ b Strict Ord Good Ord Str. G'd Ord Low Midd'g Str. L' w Mid Middling Good Mid Str G'd Mid Midd'g Fair Fair	71516 834 918 9716 91116 91316 10116 10516	834 918 9716 91118 91316	834 916 9716 91116 91316 10118 10516 101116	815 ₁₅ 95 ₁₆ 95 ₈ 97 ₆ 10 10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 2	711 ₁₆ 81 ₈ 815 ₁₆ 95 ₁₆ 95 ₈ 97 ₆ 10 101 ₁ 101 ₂ 107 ₈ 111 ₂	71116 819 81516 9516 978 10 1014 1019 1078 1119	916 9516 958 978 10 1014 1012 1078	711 ₁₆ 81 ₆ 815 ₁₆ 95 ₁₆ 95 ₈ 97 ₈ 10 101 ₄ 101 ₂ 107 ₈	71116 816 81616 9516 958 978 10 1014 1019 1078
6'	TAINE	D.		Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th,	Fri.
Good Ording Strict Good Low Middlin Middling	Ordina 1g	ry		73 ₁₈ 77 ₈ 811 ₁₆ 95 ₁₆	7316 776 81116 9516	73 ₁₆ 77 ₆ 811 ₁₆ 95 ₁₆	7316 776 81116 9516	73 ₁₆ 77 ₈ 811 ₁₆ 96 ₁₆	73 ₁₆ 77 ₈ 811 ₁₆ 95 ₁₆

MARKET AND BALES.

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows a glance how the market closed on same days.

		SALES	OF 8	N6IT.	FUTURES.		
	SPOT MARKET GLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con-	Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	Deliv- ories.
Mon . Tues . Wed . Thurs	Quiet and steady Firm Quiet and firm. Quiet and firm. Easy.		578	 ****	177 578 914 340	105,300 93,300 71,000 79,700	200

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day previous to that on which they are reported.

1000

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table. In the statement will be found the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

Market, Prices and Runge	the	closi	ng bids.	in addi	tion to t	he daily	and tot	ar sares.		
Market M	Sales since Sep.1,'85*	Totalsales this week.	Sales, total	fhursday, Oct. 22— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Wedn'sd'y, Oct. 21— Sales, total	Prices paid (range) Closing	Menday, Oct. 19- cales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing	Saturday, Oct. 17- bales, total. Prices paid (range) Closing	FUTURES.	Market, Prices and
September. Aver	1	499,500	Variable. 89,200 9.57 & 10.45 Dull.	Variable. 79,700 9.61 21 0.49 Easter.	Variable. 71,000 9.61.010.45 Easter.	Lower. 93,300 9.67.010.57 Weak.	Variable. 105,300 9.70@10.60 Firm.	Higher. 61,000 9.67 #10.50 Firm.	Total Sales.	Market,
September. Aver	286,800	20,800 9.73	Aver. 0.63 9.61@ 9.68 9.64— 9.66	Aver 9.68 9.67 0 9.70 9.65 - 9.67	Aver 9.73 1,500 9.70 p 9.74 9.69 9.70	Aver 9.77 9.75 a 9.81 9.73 - 9.74	Aver. 9.81 4,500 9.78 a 9.83 9.81 — 9.83	Aver 9.74 2,800 9.69 p 9.80 9.79 9.81	October.	1/
September. Aver	315,200	40,000 9.66	Aver. 9.59 4,300 9.57 9 9.03 9.61 - 9.62	Aver 9.62 9.61 a 9.64 9.61 - 9.62	Aver. 9.63 2.300 9.61@ 9.68 9.63— 9.64	Aver 9.71 6,100 9.67 2 9.73 9.65 - 9.66	Aver. 9.73 11,500 9.70@ 9.76 9.73— 9.74	Aver 9.70 9.67@ 9.74 9.73- 9.74	November.	
September. Aver	510,100	81,400 9.69	Aver 9.61 10,300 9.59 p 9.64 9.63	Aver. 9.64 10,800 9.63@ 9.66 9.63— 9.64	9.61 a 9.70 9.61 a 9.70	Aver: 9.72 10,300 9.68 a 9.70 9.67 — 9.68	Aver 9.70 13,400 9.75 a 9.79 9.75 - 9.76	Aver 9.73 9.69 2 9.76 9.75 9.76		
September. Aver	778,100	142,800	AV87 9-70 23,600 9-68 9 9-73 9-71— 9-72	AVer. 9.74 9.72 9.75 9.72 9.75	Aver. 9.76 23,300 9.73@ 9.80 9.74— 9.75	9.77 9.81 9.77 9.84 9.76 9.77	Aver 9.85 22,300 9.81 a 9.88 9.84 — 9.85	Aver 9.82 18,700 9.78 9.85 9.84 —	January.	DAILY PH
September. Aver	271,800	90,600	Aver 9.82 19.300 9.79@ 9.84 9.82— 9.83	9.83 0 9.84 9.83 0 9.84	9.85 - 9.88 10,900 9.85 - 9.91 9.85 - 9.91	9.89 p 9.97 9.89 p 9.97 9.88 p 9.89	9.94 - 9.97 9.94 - 10.00 9.94 - 10.00 9.94 - 10.00	Aver 9.94 11,500 9.89 9.96	february.	GNY SHOF
September. Aver	217,800	75,200 16.01	9.91 - 9.93 9.91 - 9.95 9.91 - 9.95	9.95 9.98 9.95 9.98 9.95 9.98	Aver10.00 15,200 9.96 a 10.03 9.97 — 9.95	Aver 10.04 12,900 10.00 a 10.08	17.000 17.000 10.06@10.11	Aver 10.05 6,500 10.02 \$10.08 10.07-10.08	March.	SALES OF
September. Aver	1	19.800	Aver 10.03 3,600 10.02 \$10.08 10.05 -10.07	Aver10.08 2,800 10.07.00 10.06-10.07	Aver 10-11 2,400 10-08 #10-14 10-09 - 10-10	Aver10-15 4,300 10-12#10-19 10-11-10-12	Aver10-20 5,300 10-19 #10-22 10-19-10-20	Aver10-16 1,400 10-14-210-18 10-19-10-20	April.	
September. Aver	111,500	22,800 10.23	Aver10·14 6,200 10·13 &10·13 10·16-10·17	Aver 10·19 5,000 10·18 2 10·21 10·17—10·19	Aver 10-23 1,300 10-20 210-25 10-19-10-21	AV67 10.26 3,500 10.23 @ 10.28 10.22 - 10 23	Aver10-31 4,300 10-28 &10-34 10-30-10-31	Aver 10-27 2,500 10-25@10-30 10-30—10-35	May.	FOR EACH
September. Aver	77,200	14.300	AV6110.26 4,200 10.24.010.29 10.26-10.27	Aver10:30 1,500 10:29 a 10:31 10:28-10:29	Aver 10-33 2,300 10-30@10-36 10-30-10-31	Aver 10-37 3,100 10-35 @10-40 10-32 10-34	Aver10-41 2,400 10-39 2 10-49 10-41-10-49	Aver 10.37 800 10.36@10.37 10.41—10.42	June.	HINOM P
September. Aver	37,800	10,300	Aver10.36 500 - 20.36 10.36-10.37	Aver 10.40 2.300 10.39 & 10.40 10.38—10.39	1,500 10.392 10.15	Aver10-46 2,500 10 44 2 10-49 10-42-10-43	Aver10-50 2,200 10-49@10-53 10-50—10-52	Aver10.48 1,000 10.46 \$10.50 10.51-10.52	July.	
September. Aver	2,700	1.500	Aver 10.45 100 - @10.45 10.41@10.45	87.01-24.01 000 000 001 001 001 001 001 001	Aver	Aver 10.57 300 - 200.57 10.48-10.51	Aver 10.60 500 - 20.60 10.57-10.60	10.28-10.60	August.	
d Includes soles in Control and a second			11:	11:	11.	11:1	111	AV6F	September.	

Includes sales in September, 1835, for September, 130,200.

We have included in the above table, and shall continue each week to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Aver." The average for each month for the week is also given at bottom of table. Transferable Orders—Saturday, 9:80c; Menday, 9:85c; Tuesday, 9:75c; Wednesday, 9:70c; Thriday, 9:05c.

The following exchanges have been made discovered.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

12 pd. to exch. 100 Feb. for Meh.
24 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for Meh.
466 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for July.
12 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for Feb.
11 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for Feb.
12 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for Feb.
12 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for Feb.
12 pd. to exch. 100 May for June.
13 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for June.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as

those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Oct. 23), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

1005

1		TOOO.	1004.	10001	1052.
ı	Stock at Liverpool bales.	350,000	470,000	470.000	448,000
ı	Stock at London	22,000	64,000	43.000	75,200
ı	George and Property Washington	,		25,000	. 0,200
ı	Total Great Britain stock .	372,000	534,000	512.000	592 000
ı				513,000	523,200
ĺ	Stock at Hamburg	3,500	4,000	2,600	3,500
l	Stock at Bremen	33,000	39,000	35,300	29,500
ı	Stock at Amsterdam	27,000	36,000	32,000	6,700
ı	Stock at Rotterdam	400	800	1,500	1,300
ı	Stock at Antwerp	2,000	1,700	5.100	1,000
1	Stock at Havre	104,000	155,000	96,000	111,000
ı	Stock at Marseilles	3,000	6,000	7,000	2,300
ı		36,000	23,000	35,000	
ı	Stock at Barcelona				27,000
ı	Stock at Genoa	9,000	9,000	7,000	9,700
ı	Stock at Trieste	8,000	8,000	10,000	4,700
1					
ı	Total Continental stocks	225,900	282,500	231,500	196.700
l					
ı	Total European stocks	597.900	816,500	744,500	719.900
ı	India cotton affoat for Europe.	40,000	60,000	105,000	123.000
ı	Amer'n cott'n afloat for Eur'pe	333,000	298,000	282,000	316.000
ı		16,000	- 23,000		
ı	Egypt, Brazil, &c., aft for E'r'pe			39,000	14,000
ı	Stock in United States ports	534,773	542,237	723,186	519,306
ı	Stock in U. S. interior towns	132,266	112,119	195,723	117,912
ı	United States exports to-day	42,144	22,000	27.000	23,400
ı					
ı	Total visible supply	1.696.083	1.873.856	2.116.409	1.838.518
ı					
l	Of the above, the totals of Amer	ican and o	tuer deseri	puous are	#8 10IIOMP.
ı	American—				
ı	Firewood stock holes	228 000	959 000	952 000	161 000

252,000 121,000 298,000 542,237 112,119 22,000

Total American 1,407,183 1,347,356 1,608,909 1,215,618

**Rast Indian, Braztl, &c.—
Liverpool stock 122,000 218,000 217,000 287,000

London stock 22,000 64,000 43,000 75,200

Continental stocks 88,900 161,500 103,500 118,700

India afloat for Europe 40,000 60,000 105,000 128,000

Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 16,000 23,000 39,000 14,000 Total East India, &c..... 288,900 526,500 507,500 622,900 Total American.......1,407,183 1,347,356 1,608,909 1,215,618

The imports into Continental ports this week have been 9,000 bales.

The above figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 177,773 bales as compared with the same date of 1884, a decrease of 420,326 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1883 and a decrease of 142,435 bales as compared with 1882.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1884—is set out in detail in the following statement.

PC	portou of 1001 in 500 out in account in ano tono wing bouloness										
Total, all	Total, new towns	Newberry, 8. C. Raleigh, N. C. Petersburg, Va. Loulsville, Ky. Little Rock, Ark. Brenham, Texas Houston, Texas	Total, old towns.	Augusta, Ga Columbus, Ga Macon, Ga Macon, Ga Montgom'ry, Ala. Selma, Ala Memphis, Tenn Nashvilla, Tenn Pallas, Texas. Palestinc, Texas. Palestinc, Texas. Shrevent, La. Vicksburg, Miss. Eufaulla, Ala. Griffin, Ga Atlanta, Ga Charlotte, N. C. St. Louis, Mo Cincinnati, Ohio							
178,737	55,427	907 1,715 1,162 1,559 4,061 2,060 45,023	123,310	E8 644848411 48111134847							
723,380	252,780	4,237 9,038 2,992 1,313 13,380 10,900 210,920	470,660	Receipts. Since ek. Sept.1, '85. 507 49,484 508 40,224 508 504 13,149 14,77 15,035 13,149 15,035 13,149 15,035 13,149 15,035 13,149 15,035 17,116 8,387 17,116 8,387 17,416 18,387 17,416							
136,637	50,279	907 1,311 1,108 418 2,542 1,600 42,393	80,408	7.172562 27.1725							
101,182	28,916	1,425 362 1,310 4,353 2,100 19,366	132,266	Stock Oct. 23. 7.397 7.397 7.397 7.397 7.5							
159,808	41,098	1,242 1,852 1,209 1,446 2,471 1,202 32,676	118,710	13255622 111 234							
626,623	192,782	11,807 3,429 7,908 9,421 154,796	433,841	Receipts. Receipts. Since This Stock. Sept.1, 84. 103.67 54.461 99.40 23.679 3.199 3.							
122,951	39,352	1,242 2,150 1,159 1,83 2,235 2,235 31,357	83,599	8hipm'ts This vocek. 9,940 9,540 9,540 9,260 1,761 1,7							
129,511	17,392	21 514 124 1,353 2,184 1,152	112,119	800ck 90ck 24. 4.925 2.690 3.671 7.883 5.7165 3.7745 1.038 3.113 3.11							
sk:	* This year's figures estimated.										

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 36,902 bales, and are to-night 20,147

bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 4,610 bales more than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 98,757 bales more than for the same time in 1884. The receipts at

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS. In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week.

Week ending	oLos1	NG QUOTA	TIONS FOR	MIDDLIN	o corron	08-
October 23.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston New Orleans, Mobile Savannah Charleston Wilndagton Norfolk Boston Baltimore Philadelphia Angusta Memphis Bt. Louis	9514 9318 9318 9316 9316 9316 9710 10 958 20 34 10 48 9318 9318	9516 9518 9518 9518 9516 9516 9116 1046 9116 9518	938 9516 914 9518 914 9516 912 10 958 1018 9116 9318 914	9516 9316 9316 9316 9316 9316 9718 10 958 10 ¹⁸ 9116 9316 9316 944	2516 (1318 (1318 (1316 (1316 (148) (916 916 916 916 916 916 918
Cincinnati Louisvilio	9 % 9 %	984	93g 93g	93g 93g	936	95 ₈ 93 ₈

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

Week		Receipts at the Ports.			St'k at	St'k at Interior Towns.			Rec'pts from Plant'ns.		
En	ding-	1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.	
Sept.	18	96,819	80,737	81,713	75,179	24,317	31,971	113,009	84,827	94,339	
4.9	25	125,032	118,463	114,873	105,778	38,155	52,542	155,631	130,301	132,331	
Oet.	2	185,481	168,721	150,668	137,536	49,407	71,832	197,219	182,063	179,098	
**	0	228,867	205,813	192,107	164,915	68,108	80,785	256,218	223,924	210,010	
4.0	16	257,276	242,259	231,491	202,970	92,054	119,132	295,331	266,835	280,835	
45	23	252 845	2-5.112	261,701	236,088	129,511	161.182	286,561	321,969	303,754	

The above statement shows—1. That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1885, are 1,265,762 bales; in 1884 were 1,270,656 bales; in 1883 were 1,411,816 bales.

2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 261,704 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 303,754 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 321,969 bales and for 1883 they were 286,861 bales.

AMOUNT OF COTTON IN SIGHT OCT. 23.—In the table below we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to Oct. 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

	1885.	1884.	1883.	1882.
Receipts at the ports to Oct 23 Interior stocks on Oct. 23 in	1,120,430	1,153,360	1,223,986	1,167,043
excess of September 1	145,332	112,296	187,830	122,832
Tot, receipts from planta'tns Net overland to October 1 Southern consumpt'n to Oct. 1	22,910	12,391	19,235	17,680
Total in sight October 23	1,317.672	1,311,017	1,461,051	1,335,555
Northern spinners' takings to October 23	228,570	205,042	269,333	218,555

It will be seen by the above that the increase in amount in sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 6,625 bales, the decrease as compared with 1883 is 143,379 bales and with 1882, 17,883 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Our telegrams from the South to-night indicate a continuance of favorable picking weather in most sections during the week. The temperature weather in most sections during the week. The temperature has been generally lower, with light frosts in some districts. From Weatherford, Texas, Memphis, Tennessee, and portions of Alabama, killing frosts are reported.

**Falseston, Texas,—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twenty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 67, ranging from 49 to 81.

**Indianola, Texas.*—We have had showers on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching twenty-one hundredths of an inch. Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has ranged from 48 to 84, averaging 68.

**Palestine, Texas.*—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-two hundredths of an inch. Good progress is being made in picking. Average thermometer 62, highest 83 and lowest 41.

**Huntsville, Texas.*—We have had no rain all the week and excellent headway has been made in gathering the crop. The thermometer has averaged 64, the highest being 84 and the lowest 40.

Living Texas.—It has been absenting the crop. The thermometer has averaged 64, the highest being 84 and the lowest 40.

lowest 40.

Luling, Texas—It has been showery on one day of the week. Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged 64, ranging from 41 to 87.

Columbia, Texas.—There has been no rain all the week. Picking makes good progress. The thermometer has ranged from 43 to 84, averaging 65.

Brenham, Texas.—It has rained hard on two days of the week, but no serious damage done. The rainfall reached one inch and forty-eight hundredths. Picking is progressing finely and will soon finish. Average thermometer 65, highest 86, lowest 42. 86. lowest 42.

Belton, Texas.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching a wenty-diventmented the of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 66, the higher being 66 and the

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had no rain all the week. There has been one killing frost this week. Picking makes good progress. The thermometer has averaged 57, ranging from 3t to 86.

There has been one killing frost this week. Picking makes good progress. The thermometer has averaged 57, ranging from 31 to 86.

Dallas, Tewas.—There has been no rain all the week. Good progress is being made with picking. The thermometer has ranged from 36 to 86, averaging 59.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching forty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 64.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—Telegram not received.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty-nine hundredths of an inch. We have bad a frost during the week, but not killing frost. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 78, averaging 55.

Leland, Mississippi.—The weather has been pleasant during the week with cold nights and mornings. We have had four frosts this week with considerable ice on Thursday. Average thermometer 50 l, highest 84 and lowest 30.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—The week has been clear and delightfully pleasant, excepting Sunday, which was cloudy with a light rain. The rainfall reached twenty-six hundredths of an inch. Weather splendid for crop gathering, and planters are making good use of it. The thermometer has averaged 56, the highest being 84 and the lowest 36.

Helena, Arkansas.—It has rained on one day, and the remainder of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached thirty-six hundredths of an inch. The arinfall reached thirty-six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 61, ranging from 35 to 82.

Memphis, Tennessee.—It has rained on two days, the rainfall reaching thirty-seven hundredths of an inch. We have had splendid weather during the week for cotton gathering, and good progress has been made. There was light frost on Wednesday and killing frost on Thursday, but no damage done. The thermometer has averaged 60.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty-seven hundredths of an inch. Picking is progressing finely. The killing frost of Thursday was confined to

Montgomery, Alabama.—There has been rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching thirty-six hundredths of an inch. We had light frost on the 22d. The thermometer has averaged 60.1.

selma, Alabama.—It has rained constantly on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty hundredths of an inch. We have had frost this week but not killing frost. The thermometer has ranged from 46 to 73, averaging 61.

Auburn, Alabama.—Telegram not received.

Madison, Florida.—We have had no rain all the week, the thermometer has averaged 60, the highest being 83 and the

Macon, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week.

Cotumbus, Georgia.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and one hundredth. There has been frost, but not killing frost, during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 42 to 72, averaging 56.

Savannah, Georgia.—It has rained very lightly on one day and the remainder of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 66, highest 80 and lowest 47.

fall reached two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 66, highest 80 and lowest 47.

Augusta, Georgia.—The weather has been cool and pleasant with rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching eighty-nine hundredths of an inch. We had light frost on Thursday, the first of the season. The thermometer has averaged 61, the highest being 81 and the lowest 41.

Atlanta, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twenty-five hundredths. We had light frost on the twenty-second. The thermometer has averaged 58 3, ranging from 38 to 75.

Charleston, South Carolina.—It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching eight hundredths of an inch.

tho week, the rainfall reaching eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 49 to 79, averaging 66.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—It rained on Tuesday night, the rainfall reaching twenty-seven hundredths of an inch. We had frost on Thursday, but not killing frost. The thermometer has averaged 61.9, the highest being 77 and the

lowest 42.

Wilson, North Carolina.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching sixty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 63, ranging from 42 inch. to 77.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock October 22, 1885, and October 23, 1884.

	Oct. 2	2, '85.	Oct. 2	3, '84.
New OriennsBelow high-water mark MemphisAhove low-water mark. NashvilleAbove low-water mark. ShreveportAbove low-water-mark. VicksburgAbove low-water-mark.	13 5 2 0	Inch. 2 9 3 9 6	Feet. 11 11 0 0 15	Inch. 1 4 1 6 11

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Oct. 22.

ROMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

Shipments this week.				Shipm	ents sinc	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n.		Total.	Oreat Britain	Conti- nent.	Total	This Week	Since Jan. 1
1885 1884 1883 1882	1,000 6,000		2,000	501,000	806,000	686,000 1,133,000 1,264,000 1,374,000	6,000	1,011,000 1,567,000 1,592,000 1,644,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 1,000 bales, and a decrease in shipments of 2,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 447,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin. Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipments since January 1.			
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Totat.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	
Oaloutta— 1885 1884				59,000 82,500	18,000 42,700	77,000 125,200	
Madras— 1885 1884	1,000	******	1,000 1,300	11,000 50,500	*****	11,000 50,500	
1885 1884		2,000 7,500	2,000 7,500	53,000 55,900	59,000 33,500	112,000 89,400	
Total all— 1885 1884	1,000 1,500	2,000 7,500	3,000 9,000	123,000 188,900	77,000 76,200	200,000 265,100	

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 6,000 bales less than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1885, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows: EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

1885. 1884. 1883. Shipments to a!! Europe from— This week. Since Jan. 1. Since Jan. 1. 686,000 200,000 2,000 1,133,000 9,000 265,100 9,000 1,264,000 4,000 168.000 3,000 3,000 886,000 11,000 1,398,100 13,000 1,432,000 Total.

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the three years at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS,—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the orresponding week of the previous two years.

Atexandria, Egypt, October 21	18	85.	18	884.	1883		
Receipts (cantara*)— This week Since Sept. 1	135,000 323,000			40,000	110,000 292,000		
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept.).	
Exporta (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	4,000		11,000				
* A captar is 98 lbs.	6,000	20,000	12,000	28,000	11,000	28,000	

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Oct. 21 were 135,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe 6,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received from Manchester to-night states that the market is steady. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison.

	1885.					1884.				
82s	Oop.	814 lbs. Shirtings.		Oott'n Mid. Upt 18	32s Cop. Iwisi.	814 ibs. Shirtings.		Cott'n Mid. Uplds		
Oct. 2 314	28 58 5 28 5 28 5 28 5 28 5 28 5 28 5 2	77777888	6.777777777777777777777777777777777777	d 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2	d. 5716 519 5716 5718 5718 5718 5718 519 5718	d. d. 812 09114 8916 7 918 8918 0 918 8918 0 918 8718 0 9 8718 0 9 8516 0 878 8514 2 813 8614 7 813 8614 7 813	55555555	7 07 7 07 51906	وا 10 ما 10	618 6314 619 6 51518 51116

EAST INDIA CROP PROSPECTS .- By cable from Bombay to-day we are advised that picking has begun in portions of the Berars.

EAST INDIA CROP.-From the Bombay Prices Current of September 15, we have the following:

"The Chember of Commerce has received telegraphic reports from the districts on the weather and the growing crop. The want of rain is becoming none general, and we question whether Khandelsh and that neighborhed can now be a good yield under any circumstances, but from other quarters there is nothing as yet which would not be remedied by favorable weather henceforward."

Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report of the same date

said:

"Crop prospects continue favorable, but rain is now required in nearly all the cotton-growing districts, and is in fact badly wanted in some parts. During the last few days, however, we have had some good showers in Bombay, and we hear by telegram that there has been a fail of rain in some places up-country, so we have reason to hope that rain will be general over the districts during the next day or two. In the "Bengal" districts the weather has been fine throughout the week, and crop accounts are more favorable, but in the Dharwar districts and the places in which the cotton known as "Westere" is produced, rain is urgently required, and unless it falls soon the time for sowing will have passed. The mills have made considerable purchases of ready cetton during the week, and the stock available for export is decreasing rapidly. In new crop cotton there has been very little done this week.

JUTE BUTTS. BAGGING. &C.—The market has not been so

rapidly. In new crop cotton there has been very little done this week."

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &C.—The market has not been so active for the past week, and bagging is not moving so freely. Buvers have pretty generally filled their wants and the orders coming in are for small parcels. Makers are still busy, however, and are working on the contracts placed previously; and as but little is pressing on the market prices are steady at 9c. for 1½ lb., 9½c. for 1¾ lb., 10¼c. for 2 lb. and 11c. for standard grades. Butts are selling slowly, only a few parcels having changed hands; about 3,000 bales have found takers, mostly paper grades, though some parcels of bagging quality are reported. Sellers are steady as to price and are quoting 1¾(@1½c. for paper grades and 2@2¼c. for bagging qualities. Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 142,108 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday night of this week.

ł		u oaies.
1	NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Aurania, 605Author,	
ı	1,533Borderer, (additional) 1,714Britannie, 847	
ı	City of Berlin, 1,118 City of Rome, 921Helvetia,	
ı	2,206Plato, 1,311Wisconsin, 55	10,304
ı	To Full monotonium Califor 1 000	
ı	To Holl, per steamer Galileo, 1,880	1,880
ľ	To Havre, por steamer Normandie, 1,369	1,369
ı	To Bremen, per steamers Eider, 500Maie, 550	1,050
ı	To Hamburg, per steamers Bohemia, 1,450 Wieland, 1,792	3,242
į	To Rotterdam, per steamer Leerdam, 15	15
ı	To Autwerp, per steamer Rhynland, 1,124	1.124
ı		1,102
ļ	NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per stoamers Californian, 2,765	14.050
į	loveutor, 3,621Leocora, 3,750Mexice, 4,744	14,970
	To Havre, per steamers Norfolk, 5,343Provincia, (addi-	
	tional) 65	5,408
	tional) 65	4,500
	To Barcelona, per steamer Southwood, 3,403	3,408
	CHARLESTON-To Liverpool, per bark Dario, 1,300 Upland	1,300
	To llavre, per steamers Antilles, 3,100 UplandBothal,	1,000
	10 Havie, per atcamers Antimes, 5,100 Uplanti Bothal,	0.370
	5,0 0 Upland	8,150
	To Bremen, per steamers Blagdon, 5,282 UplandTriumph,	
	5,341 Upland	10,623
	To Reval, per steamer ('ornuce) ia, 4,200 Upland	4,200
	To Barcelona, per steamer Scotsman, 4,705 Upland	4,705
	8AVANNAH-To Liverpool, per steamer Clintoula, 5,991 Upland.	5,991
	To Bremen, per steamers Imbros, 5,268 Upland Sylvia,	0,000
	20 Diennen, per steamers impros, 5,205 upranu Syrvia,	10 4770
	5,210 Upland	10,478
	To Barcelona, per steamer Lancaster, 6,100 Upland	6,100
	GALVESTON-To Liverpool, per steamers Andean, 4,105 Ash-	
	ford, 5,019 Claudius, 4.042 Marchioness, 4,679	17,845
	To Bremen, per steamer Nettuno, 3,707	3,707
	WILMINGTON-To Liverpool, per steamer Grandholm, 3,855	3,855
	To Bremen, per steamer Wylo, 4,200.	4,200
	Wrem Datas Be I wound to design Darrates A 050	4,952
	WEST POINT-To Liverpool, per steamer Bayswater, 4,952	4,504
	Baltimore-To Liverpool, per steamers Nessmore, 3,445	0.00-
	Oraamere, 3,162	6,607
	Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Nerseman, 1,365 Scythla,	
ĺ	766	2,131
	To Halifax, per steamer Worcester, 89	89
	, ,	

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

8						TIOUGEL-			
ı						dam.			
					Bremen				
		Liver-				- werp d	Barce-	Hati-	
		poot.	Hutt.	Havre.		Revat.		fax.	Totat.
	New York.	10.304	1,880	1.369		1,139		,	18.984
	N. Orleana.		1,,,,,,,,		4,500		3.408		28,191
ı	Charleston.	1.300			10,623	4,200	4,705		28,978
ı	Savannah	5,991	******						22,569
			*****		10,478	******	6,100		21,552
							•••••	*****	
	Wilmington				4,200				8,055
	West Point	4,952							4,952
ł	Baitimore	6,607							6,607
	Boston	2,131						89	2,220

Total... 67,860 1,880 14,927 37,800 5,339 14,213 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to

Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

GALVESTON—FOR Liverpool—Oct. 20—Stoamer Duchess, 4,353.

For Havre—Oct. 20—Steamer Enchantress, 4,147.

New Orleans—For Liverpool—Oct. 16—Steamer Warrior, 2,954...

Oct. 19—Steamer Texan. 4,712.

For Havre—Oct. 19—Steamer Robert Dickinson, 3,751.

For Genoa—Oct. 19—Steamer Robert Dickinson, 3,751.

For Genoa—Oct. 19—Steamer Gen. Napler, 4,037.

CHARLESTON—For Liverpool—Oct. 21—Steamer Westorgate, 4,508.

For Barcelona—Oct. 16—Bark Maria Cristica, 1,300.

SAVANNAH—For Liverpool—Oct. 16—Steamor Macedonia, 4,695....Oct.

21—Steamer Gladiolus, 5,779.

For Barcelona—Oct. 17—Steamer Swaledale, 4,200.

NORFOLK—For Liverpool—Oct. 16—Steamer Alaska, 6,465....Oct. 19—Steamer Wuverly, 7,438.

WEST POINT—For Continent—Steamer Watlington. 5,350.

BOSTON—For Liverpool—Oct. 14—Steamer Iowa, 1,446... Oct. 16—Steamers Cephalonia, 732; Venetian, 1,793.

BAITIMORE—For Liverpool—Oct. 19—Steamer Nova Scotian, 1,305

For Bremel—Oct. 21—Steamer America, —...

For Rotterdam—Oct. 14—Steamer Toledo, 900.

PHILADELPHIA—For Liverpool—Oct. 16—Steamer Lord Geugh, 2,891....

Oct. 20—Steamer British Kling, —...

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels curying cotton from United States ports, &c.: THE PARTY OF A STATE OF

George Fisher and Federico, steamers, lying at New Orleans, the former loading for George and the latter for Liverpool. On Oct. 13 fires occurred in cotton on the levee front at New Orleans, originating from sparks from a fire at the corner of Caleste and Religious streets; hatches of vossels partiy laden with cotton were ordered chosed, and cotton on wharves covered. Fire was discovered among a lot of thirteen bales of cotton, stored on a flort, being conveyed to the steamer George Fisher. The cotton was immediately dumped from the float and the five extinguished; every bale was damaged. Fire also broke out among a lot of over 100 bales stored on wharf, consigned to steamer Federico. The fire made rapid headway owing to the streng winds, but was eventually extinguished, not before about 112 bales had been more or less damaged. The total amount of cotton damaged was about 125 bales.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri
Liverpool, steam d.	191.9-318	19129-316	19128 318	19124-316	19118-316	19128-316
Do saild.						
Havre, steam c.	384	384	36,	384	384	39.
Do sailc.						
Bremen, steam c.	716"	718*	716*	716	718°	718
Do sailc.						
Hamburg, steam.c.	38.	38*	381	381	38*	38.
Do sailc.						
Amst'd'in, steatu.c.	40 2451	40 0 151	400151	402451	100451	402451
Do enile.	*****					
Rova', eteaud.	15,4-939	1564-932	1564-932*	1584-939ª	1504-932*	1584-932*
Do sailr.		_				
Barcelona, stcam.c.	932*	933*	932*	8334	932	933*
Genoa, etenmc.						
Trieste, steam c.	933 4 318*	932 203 18"	932 @516*	0322510	932@516	932 @518"
Antwerp, steam c.						318"_
* Compressed.						

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port. We add previous weeks for comparison.

	Oct. 2.	Oct. 9.	Oct. 16.	Oct. 23.
Bales of the weekbales.	65,000	57,000	46,000	
Of which exporters took	3,000		3,000 2,000	
Of which speculators took	4,000 45,000	4,000 39,000	34.000	
Actual export	5,000		7,000	
Total stock—Estimated	2,000 430,000	5,000 395,000	5,000 362,000	8, 000 350,000
Of which American—Estim'd		257,000	233,000	228,000
Total import of the week	9,000	26,000	20,000	51,000
Of which American	8,000 57,000	21,000 85,000	17,000 128,000	44,000 148,000
Of which American				139,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Oct. 23, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Frida.
Market, { 12:30 P.M. }	Harden'g tendency.	Quota'tns fully maint'ned	Qaleter.	In buyers' favor.	Doll.	Freely offered.
Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'ns.	5716 558	5716 558	57 ₁₆ 558	5718 558	5 % 5 %	53 ₈ 53 ₈
Sales Spec.&exp.	1,000	12,000	7,000 500	8,000 500	7,000 700	7,000 500
Futures. Market, (12:30 P.M.)	Steady.	Quiet at I-64 ad- vance.	Quiet at an advance.	Steady at 1-64 de- cline.	Hasy.	Dull at 2-64 de- cline.
Market, 5 P. M.	Firm.	Steady.	Easy.	Quiet but ateady.	Steady.	Quiet but steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below. These prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

The prises are given in pence and 64ths, thus: 5 62 means 5 62-64d., and 6 03 means 6 3-64d.

	Sat. Oct. 17.			Mon., Oct. 19.			Tues., Oct. 20.					
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Ctos.
	đ,	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	đ.	a.	d.	d.	d.	4
October	5 26	5 26	5 28	5 26	5 25	5 25	5 24	5 24	5 25	5 25	5 23	5 23
OctNov	5 23	5 23	5 23	5 23	5 22	5 22	5 21	5 21	5 22	5 22	5 20	5 20
NovDec	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 21	5 21	5 20	5 20	5 20	5 20	518	5 18
DecJan	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 22	5 20	5 20	5 20	5 26	5 19	5 19
JanFeb	5 24	521	5 24	5 21	5 23	5 23	523	5 22	5 22	5 23	5 20	5 20
FebMarch	5 27	5 27	5 27	5 27	5 26	5 28	5 25	5 23	5 25	5 23	5 23	5 23
March-Apr.	5 30	5 30	5 30	5 80	5 29	5 29	5 28	5 28	5 28	5 28	5 20	5 28
April-May	5 33	5 33	5 33	5 83	5 32	5 32	5 82	5 33	5 31	5 31	5 29	5 20
May-Jone	5 36	5 30	5 38	5 38	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 35	5 33	5 33
				1				1 1				
			_									
	We	daea.	, Oct	. 21.	Th	u ru.,	Oct.	22.	F	rl., 0	et. 2	3.
	-			. 21.	Th	-	1		-	-	Low.	
	-				-	-	1		-	-		
October	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
October	Oven d.	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
	Open d. 5 21	High d. 521	Low. 6. 521	Ctos. d. 5 21	Open 4. 5 20	High 4. 5 21	Low. 4. 5 20	Clos. d. 5 21	Open 4. 5 18	High d. 5 18	Low. d. 5 18	Clos.
OctNov	Open d. 5 21 5 18	High d. 521 519	Low. 6. 5 21 5 18	Ctos. d. 5 21 5 19	Open d. 5 20 5 17	High 4. 5 21 5 18	Loso. 4. 5 20 5 17	Clos. d. 5 21 5 18	Open 4. 5 18 5 19	High d. 5 18 5 16	Low. d. 5 18 5 16	Clos. 4, 5 18 5 16
NovDec	Open d. 5 21 5 18 5 17	High d. 5 21 5 19 5 17	Low. 6. 5 21 5 18 5 17	Ctos. 4. 5 21 5 10 5 17	Open 4. 5 20 5 17 5 16	# (gh 6 21 5 18 5 18	Long. 4. 5 20 5 17 5 10	Clos. 4. 5 21 5 18 5 18	Open 4. 5 18 5 10 5 15	High d. 5 18 5 16 5 16	Low. 4. 5 18 5 16 5 15	Clos. 4, 5 18 5 16 5 10
OctNov NovDec DecJan	Open d. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 18	High d. 5 21 5 19 5 17 5 18	Low. 6. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 19	Ctos. d. 5 21 5 19 5 17 5 18	Open d. 5 20 5 17 6 16 5 17	#(gh 4. 5 21 5 18 5 18 5 18	Low. 4. 5 20 5 17 5 10 5 17	Clos. 4. 5 21 5 18 5 18 5 18	Open 4. 5 15 5 16 5 15 5 16	High d. 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16	Low. d. 5 18 5 16 5 15 5 18	Cios. 4, 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16
OctNov NovDec DecJan JanFeb	Open d. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 18 5 20	High d. 5 21 5 19 5 17 5 18 5 20	Low. 6. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 19 5 20	Clos. d. 5 21 5 19 5 17 5 18 5 20	Open d. 5 20 5 17 5 16 5 17 5 18	# (gh	#. 5 20 5 17 5 10 5 17 5 18	Clos. d. 5 21 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18	Open 4. 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 17	High d. 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16 5 18	Low. d. 5 18 5 16 5 15 5 18 5 17	Cios. 4, 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16 5 18
OctNov NovDec DecJan JanFeb FebMarch.	Open d. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 18 5 20 5 23	High d. 521 519 517 518 520 523	Low. 5 21 5 18 5 17 5 19 5 20 5 23	Ctos. d. 5 21 5 19 5 17 5 18 5 20 5 28	Open 4. 5 20 5 17 5 16 5 17 5 18 5 21	#(gh 6. 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 20 5 23	Low. 4. 5 20 5 17 5 10 5 17 5 18 5 21	Clos. 4. 5 21 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 20 5 23	Open 4. 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 18 5 17 5 21	High d. 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16 5 18 5 21	Low. d. 5 18 5 16 5 15 5 18 5 17 5 21	Cios. 4, 5 18 5 16 5 16 5 16 5 18 5 18

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., October 23, 1885.

There has been a dull and drooping market for flour and meal, in sympathy with the depression in grain; but as prices did not advance with the speculative values of grain, so they have not been materially reduced by the decline thereof, and at the close there is a much steadler feeling.

Wheat has been steadlly declining throughout the week, under a heavy realizing movement, accelerated by the dull foreign advices, the slow export, and the consequent increase in the visible supply. The most decided "break" was on Tuesday, but it was not until Thursday that there was appearance of effort to check the decline. Wheat on the spot also declined but not enough to lead to any considerable revival of the export movement, and prices were for the most part nominal. To-day futures were steadier but dull, and business in spot wheat was moderate.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

ł		Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed	Thurs.	Fri.
ı	In elevator	100	9819	9718	1163	97	97
ı	November delivery	994	98	11615g	11630	957 ₈	9638
i	December delivery	10219	997 _H	9838	2534	975a	9814
ı	January delivery	10318	10138	10018	100	0834	100
ı	February dollvery		103	1017g		10118	10158
ĺ	May delivery		1077a	1061g	9048	10558	10619

Indian corn declined sharply early in the week, under sales to realize, with a weakening of speculative confidence; but attention having been directed to the poor average quality of the new crop, there was some recovery, and the close last night was slightly dearer. Corn on the spot has been dull for export, and prices gave way slightly. To-day spot corn was about steady and futures slightly dearer, especially the distant deliveries.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Frs.
In elevator	. 515a	51%	5138	514	51	51
November delivery	50%	503	501 ₈	50	5018	50%
December delivery	4938	4.3%	493	48%	484	494
January delivery		4658	464	4614	4658	4658
February delivery		4630	46	4614	1639	1019
May delivery	. 4618	4634	46	46	46	4638

Oats have varied but little. Some depression, which was due mainly to sympathy with the decline in wheat, was recovered on the renewal of an export demand. To-day the market was firmer, especially the more remote futures.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 OATS.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
November delivery December delivery	$30^{7}8$	30% 31%	30% 31%	30%	30% 31%	314
January delivery	. 327 ₈		3234	3234	3234	3318

Rye has continued quiet. Barley has been much more active and prices have done rather better, especially for prime grades.

The following are the closing quotations:

			2 40 0	U-11 /		
ı	Fine 3 bbl. 8	\$2 750	350	Southern bakere' and		
ı	Sapertine	3 000	3 65	family brands	\$4750	5 50
ı	Soring wheat extras.	3 60 0	40)	Rya dour	3,250	3 50
ij	Minu, clear and stra't.	4 25 0	5 00 1	Orn meal—		
I	wintershipp'gextras.	3 75%	4 00	Western, &c	3 10 0	3 45
K	Winter XX & XXX	4 250	5 25	Brandywine, &c	0	3 35
ı	l'atents	4750	5 85	Buckwheat tlour, P		
ı	ticy shipping ex	4 000	5 25	100 lbs	2000	2 25
	South'n com. extras	4000				
			GR.	AIN.		

GRAIN.							
Wheat-		Kye-Western 61 7	63				
Spring, per busb.	87 @1 02	State and Canada 64 0	66				
Spring No. 2	94 @ 96	Oate-Mixed 23 7	32				
Red Wipter, No. 2	974 2	White 31 0	39				
Red winter	85 41 03	No. 2 mixed 30592	33				
White	85 7 98	No. 2 white 34190	3519				
Corn-West, mixed	50 0 33	Bartey-No. 1 Cauada. 90 @	93				
West, mix. No. 2.	51 &	No. 2 Cavada 79 @	81				
West, white	51 7 53	State, two-rowed 60 @	62				
West, yellow	51 @ 53	State, elx-rowed 77	85				
White Southern	57 0 62	Western 65 0	80				
Yellow Southern.	51 0 53						

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statements below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Oct. 17 and since July 25 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Outs,	Barley.	Rye.
	Bbls.196 lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush,5et Us	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48 lbs	Bush.56 lbs
Chicago	102,738	6:3.337	1,130,145	1,018,019	415,461	51,917
Milwagate	97,976	230,238	7,650	62,600	162,575	1,440
Toledo	4,205	321,440	50 475	13,010		******
Detroit	7,051	514,530	7,925	29,517	84,485	*****
Cleveland	4.006	89,000	9,500	35,900		
St. Louis	22 096	2)1 223	816,235			36,480
Peoris	1,805	15,435	58.830	481,600	10.350	8,580
Dulnth		821,000			*****	+ 1 + + + +
Tot. wk. '85	210,477	2,556,662	1,601 830	1.771,003	771.211	108,317
Same wk. '84	276,653	3,745,795	914,857	1,801,999	593 8 9	161,689
Same wk. 53	260,084	2,143,595	1,836,047	1,380,853	093,039	203,783
Since July 25		- 11				
1885	1,750,450	22,149,709	23,810,477	20,054 990		
1884	3,316,237	40,4 18,390	23,211,637	20,301,518		
1007	9 174 H516	80 701 113	व्यवस्थानसम्	19 10 4 905	41017	8,950,901

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Oct. 17, 1885, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Whea!	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
New York	161,450	421,825	92,103			4,586
Boston		131,855	33,856			90.470
Montreal.	96 662	76,575	6,666		*****	
Philadel	123,330	91,918	9,712	115,384		
Baltim're		255,914		250		*****
N. Orl'ns.		108,676	586		*****	
Richm'd.						
N. News.	******			*****	*****	*****
	001 440	* 000010	148,133	256,592		95,056
Total w'k.		1,086,043	149,139	200,002	*****	30,000
S'me time 1884	1,178,349	140,826	157,414	44,765	135,549	92,613

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Oct. 17, 1885:

Wheat,	Corn.	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
In store at— bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York 9,028,686	698,309	2,934,801	4,529	90,753
Do afloat 263,900			30,000	
Albany 4,500		13,000	12,500	4.200
Buffalo 4,464,934			[36,224	7,774
Chicago 12,698,364		230,522	87,886	237,221
Richmond, Va 70,122	8,316	993		
Milwaukee 2,873.765			70,898	2,066
Dnluth 1,306,825	*****		30,000	
Toledo 2,063,583	44,201	16,832	17,952	9,249
Detroit 1,658,361	16,943	45,179	726	727
Oswego 133,500			315,177	32,000
8t. Louis. 2,738,935	227,623	141,293	90.034	20,412
Cincinnati 107,349		55,898	29,097	30,749
Boston 264,564	262,651	276,538	16,076	496
Toronto 164,016			203,635	
Montreal 378,000		6,000	10,000	1,000
Philadelphia 990,796		100,570		
Peoria		248,230	1,987	30,442
Indianapolis 180,569		33,967		920
Kansas City 769,688		15,061		1,835
Baltimore 1,490,851		9,178		4,816
Do afloat 43,013			*****	
Down Mississippl.	255.049	136,237	165,158	30,028
On rail		837,885	78,861	16,000
On lake		23,796	220,154	22,127
On canal 1,476,656		20,100		
OH OHIM				
Tot. Oct. 17,'85, 45,179,482	4,827,123	5,245,930	1,420,894	542,815

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Friday, P. M., October 23, 1885.

Owing in part to unfavorable weather conditions, which have tended to limit the demand for consumption, there was a comparatively light movement in fall and winter goods the past week. Business ruled quiet in commission and importing circles as regards nearly all seasonable fabrics, but additional orders for certain kinds of spring and summer goods were placed with manufacturers' agents and importers to a considerable aggregate amount. The jobbing trade was somewhat irregular, and upon the whole sluggish, retailers having found little occasion to replenish their stocks, the unseasonable mildness of the weather during the greater part of the period under review having checked distribution. In spite, however, of the late lull in the demand, the tone of the market has continued steady, and there was no pressure to sell the most desirable goods save at current quotations. The event of the week was

an auction sale of 3,000 pieces of silks and velvets, which was held by order of a leading importing house. The sale attracted a large company of local and out-of-town jobbers and retailers, and the competition on silks was so spirited that almost the entire offering was closed out to fair advantage: but the sales of velvets were rather slow, and many lots were passed to await a better market. Accounts from distributing points in the interior indicate lessened activity in all departments, but the majority of merchants are well pleased with, the results of the fall trade up to this time, and the future is seemingly regarded with confidence.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods for the week ending Oct. 20 were 2,884 packages, including 6.3 to Great Britain, 523 to Hamburg, 513 to Argentine Republic 380 to U. S. of Colombia, 283 to Hayti, 115 to Chili, etc. Brown cottons were in fair demand by converters and exporters, but the jobbing trade bought sparingly. Bleached cottons, wide sheetings and colored cottons were severally in light request by package buyers, and cotton flannels were less active than of late, because of the mildness of the weather. Prices of plain and colored cottons ruled steady, and without quotable change, but the upward tendency of the market has been checked by the light demand reported of late. Print cloths were in moderate demand at last week's quotations, viz.: 3 1-16c. less ½ per cent for 64x64s and 234c. for 56x60s. Prints were dull in first hands, as were dark ginghams, but a fair business was done in spring styles of the latter fabricsfor future delivery-and there was a steady call for crinkled seersuckers and yarn-dyed cotton dress fabrics, while further liberal orders were placed for plain and fancy white goods. and ourtain materials.

DOMESTIC WOOLEN GOODS,-There was only a moderate demand for men's-wear woolens, but the condition of the market continues satisfactory, nearly all the most prominent makes of fancy cassimeres, suitings, worsteds, &c., being unmakes of fancy cassimeres, suitings, worsteds, &c., being under the control of orders. Prices are consequently firm on all clothing woolens of a desirable character. Cloakings were only in moderate request, but there was a good steady business in Jersey cloths and stockinettes. Satincts were in fair demand, and there was a light business in Kentucky jeans and doeskins. Tricots and ladies' cloths were distributed in fair quantities, and some pretty good orders for spring shades were placed for future delivery. All-wool dress goods and novelties in soft wool suitings were somewhat less active, and worsted dress fabrics ruled quiet in first hands. For flannels and blankets there was a fair hand-to-mouth demand, and prices remain firm. Shawls and skirts were rather slow of sale, but there was a steady business in wool hosiery, scarlet underwear and fancy knit woolens at firm prices.

Foreign Dry Goods were mostly quiet in importing circles, and the jobbing trade was only moderate. Silks and velvets were sluggish in private hands, but some large lines of these goods were sold by auction, and considerable quantities of velveteens were disposed of in like manner. Dress goods ruled quiet as regards seasonable fabrics, but some fair orders were placed for the spring trade. Linen goods, handkerchiefs, embroideries, laces and hosiery were severally in limited demand, and men's-wear woolens have relapsed into a comparatively quiet condition. der the control of orders. Prices are consequently firm on all

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