

### MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, Weekly Newspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES. [Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1884, by WM. B. DANA & Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.]

VOL. 39.

### SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1884.

NO. 1,004.

### CONTENTS.

THE CHE	RONICLE.	
The Financial Situation 307 The Report of Mr. Adams on Union Pacific	British Federation and Amer-	313
The New Road to New Orleans 3!1	English News	314
The Meeting of the Emperors. 312	Commercial and Miscellaneous News	
THE BANKER	RS' GAZETTE.	
Money Market, Foreign Ex-	1 Quota ions of Stocks and Bonds	319
change, U.S. Securities, State	New York Local Securities	323
and Railroad Bonds and Sto ks	Railroad Earnings and Bank Returns	321
Range in Prices at the N. Y. Stock Exchange	Investments, and State. City	
THE COMME	RCIAL TIMES.	
Commercial Epitome 326	Breadstuffs	333
Cotton326	Dry Goods	334

# Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is published in New York every Saturday morning. Entered at the Post Office, New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE: For One Year (including postage) \$10 20 For Six-Months do 6 10

Six mos. do do do £1 8s.

These prices include the Investors' Supplement, issued once in two months, and furnished without extra charge to subscribers of the CHRONICLE.

CHRONICLE.
Subscriptions will be continued until definitely ordered to be stopped. The publishers cannot be responsible for remittances unless made by Drafts or Post-Office Money Orders.
A neat file cover is furnished at 50 cents; postage on the same is 18 cents. Volumes bound for subscribers at \$1 00.

Offices in England.
The office of the COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE in London is with Messrs. Edwards & PMITH, 1 Drapers' Gardens, E. C., where subscriptions and advertisements will be taken at the regular rates, and single copies of the paper supplied at is, each.
The office of the CHRONICLE in Liverpool is at B 15, Exchange Buildings.

WILLIAM B. DANA & Co., Publishers, WILLIAM B. DANA & Co., Publishers, JOHN G. FLOYD. WILLIAM B. DANA & Co., Publishers, Post Office Box 958.

### THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The tendency of the Wall Street markets this week has been towards lower prices. This is, however, of no more significance than if the tendency had been in the opposite direction. Holders of stocks still have control and fluctuations are pretty much at their will, whether up or down. Short sales are of course the main reason for the decline, while reports of difficulties in the coal trade and combination, rumors of a drop in dividends in Northwestern roads, with other similar gossip, have accompanied the movement; but since little long stock is in general trought out on such sales, the field remains about as much as ever with those who hold the supply. Hence the changes in values in Wall Street so far as there have been any of late weeks are rather apparent than real, representing but little more than a series of wriggles on the part of the two classes of operators with little ultimate advantage to either side, those who are in, perpetually trying to squirm out, while those who are out, experiencing a wonderful fatality all the time of getting

With regard to the coal trade about which so much has been said during the week, there appears to be no new trade must suffer still further. But ought not all business

development. It was well known before that it was not prosperous, and no trade is. Every one understood that production, notwithstanding increased short time, was in excess of the demand, and that the only way the stock at tide water was kept down was by filling all other channels of distribution full and inducing purchasers everywhere to load up by shading schedule prices. The production of anthracite in August, according to the official statement, was a little over 3½ million tons, so that even without any further expansion in this industry, if full time were made through the whole year, the outturn would be 42 million tons, 313 million tons being the largest amount ever yet produced in any twelve months, and that was in 1883 with 60 days idle time, when it is believed that very considerable stocks were left in distributers' hands. This year with 78 idle days up to September 1st against 51 for the same time last year, production had fallen off only 636,000 tons; and should the time be the same during the remaining months of 1884 as in 1883 (when there were no idle days except 9 in December) this loss, through the increased capacity for production, would be more than made good. Altogether, therefore, further short time with less revenue to the roads is inevitable, but that was well known before, and report says had been agreed upon. So we do not see any new development during the week.

A special feature relating to the coal stocks, and which encouraged short sales of those properties, was certain sales of Delaware & Hudson stock, which were believed to have been for account of a prominent holder, inasmuch as the certificates were in his name. This was put in connection with the poor outlook for coal, and interpreted as a strong indication of the views of holders near the throne as to future prospects. For, as is well known, all outsiders who deal in what are called the coal properties, with the exception of Reading and its lessee Central New Jersey, do it wholly on faith, as no monthly returns are published, and even the annual report in one case at least is so meagre as scarcely to be worthy of the name. Under such circumstance it is easy to make too much of a fact of little significance, or to under or overestimate current events. Another feature of some importance in the movement against the same class of stocks was the variety of rumors put afloat respecting Central New Jersey, its lease to the Reading, and its future ownership. There seemed to be no real fact to support these rumors except the bad state of the coal business and the impossibility which might in consequence be developed of providing for dividends under the guaranty.

Of course if our industries do not revive, the coal

to receive some impulse with the coming in of a new year. A corn crop, larger than ever grown before, has this week been put beyond danger. We have also secured a good wheat crop and a fair supply of other grains. The only remaining doubt as to the agricultural results for the season is the cotton crop, and that will certainly be larger than it was in 1883, though the actual result cannot be estimated for some time yet. Low prices of all food products may possibly to a small extent delay the marketing of wheat and corn, but there ought to be a pretty free movement by January. We shall also before that time be through our election, and Congress will have no Presidential record to make and can address itself to relieving the people of their burdens and stopping silver coinage—clearing the way in fact, of the hindrances to a full and free development of our national activities. Or even if this hope of Congressional action may not be realized, still the food crops are a fact accomplished, a success in almost every section of the country.

With regard to the early movement of the Western crops there seems to be much difference of opinion. Of course, old corn is in very light supply throughout the country, and for the next two or three months must figure for a less amount in the general total. But with such a bountiful crop as is now fully assured, it would seem reasonable to anticipate some haste in forwarding that portion which is ready for market earliest. After that, and when farmers have disposed of sufficient of their products to meet their more immediate necessities, it would not be surprising if low prices should in some measure interfere with the speediest marketing. And yet, may not even that result be modified by the circumstance that this is pre-eminently not a speculative but a needy year. Railroads are seriously in want of business, and if prices of grain are so low as to make the farmer loth to sell, the course the Northern Pacific and the Manitoba are pursuing of making the rates fit the times will have to be adopted by all. And then the farmer, too, needs money more than in any ordinary season; credit does not serve him as well. There is less confidence, money-lenders scrutinize more closely, and all merchants, from the city jobber to the country storekeeper, are more cautious.

A fact which has encouraged the prevailing belief that there was to be no haste in forwarding the crops, is that up to this time the demand on this centre for currency for the purpose has been small. In that connection, however, we must not forget that cotton is very late; that old corn and old stocks of provisions are in very limited supply, and that thus far wheat has been about the only staple needing funds. Then, again, much less money is required in the West for speculative ventures, so that the demand for those purposes is also restricted. This condition will change as the weeks progress. In fact, within a day or two reports reach us that the demand from the country upon the interior centres of trade is becoming more urgent, and shipments of currency have been made from New York: it is not unlikely that these will be followed by larger amounts during coming weeks.

In the matter of stock speculation, holders of securities have been greatly favored all along by the glut in the loan market, though if confidence in values remains unchanged among money lenders, even higher interest rates would most likely cause very little embarrassment. At the moment, lenders are more eager than good borrowers, and readily accept all offers where they can secure sufficient margin and rate enough to pay for the trouble and risk. This week, however, there has been a special demand for time loans on stock collateral in view of the coming movement of currency to the West and the possi-

bility of higher rates. An inquirer wishes to know the meaning of the current quotation for money at 11 per cent, and how far stocks can be carried at that rate. Most of our readers are aware that that is simply the figure for brokers' balances over night. It frequently has little relation to the money market, and varies greatly according to the momentary urgency of the inquiry. The real quotation for call loans is more correctly reflected in the business at bank. Banks always have a surplus they must loan on call. The reserve of twenty-five per cent is of course idle in their vaults, but besides that 20 or 25 per cent more needs to be kept constantly available. This latter is the fund which either lies unemployed like the reserve, or, when possible, is placed on demand on stock collaterals. Most bank managers do not think that less than 3 per cent pays for the risk and trouble of making the loan, so for some time there has been a large amount which would be gladly put out at that rate. About 50 per cent of the deposits are usually placed in time loans which net the banks even now from 5 to 6 per cent.

The meeting at Chicago of Western railroad managers has also been a disturbing influence this week, while the further falling off in the carnings of the Northwestern roads tended in the same direction. Though public reports from Chicago were on Thursday most encouraging for a peaceful solution of the differences, private reports did not express the same confidence. St. Paul was specially depressed, first by the announcement that a mortgage for five millions has been placed upon terminal property at Chicago and Milwaukee, and further by the delay in declaring the semi-annual dividend, the rumor being current that three of the directors had threatened to resign if it was not reduced to 3 per cent. Yesterday afternoon, however, the regular dividend of 31 per cent was officially declared. No little use has likewise been made during the week of Mr. Vanderbilt's name as the seller of various stocks. According to report he has disposed of all his Jersey Central, most of his Northwest and a good portion of Lake Shore. The oversold condition of the market for at least two of these properties may be taken as pretty conclusive evidence of the value of these stories. Erie stock and bonds continue to feel the effect of the unfavorable construction put upon the report of the committee of investigation referred to last week, and the consolidated second mortgages are now regarded as having only a speculative value.

Central Pacific, in accordance with the lately adopted policy of the Huntington roads to furnish regular reports of earnings and expenses each month, now sends us the figures for July, which we compare further below with the returns for the same month of the three previous years. The exhibit is more satisfactory than that for June, since the falling off in net is much smaller than in that month, but nevertheless the decrease amounts to nearly \$100,000, as compared with July, 1883, and nearly \$200,000 as compared with July, 1881. The June statement had been particularly bad because of the floods in that month. We do not know whether the effects of these floods passed away with June; but even if they no longer retarded traffic operations and the actual movement of freight, it is not at all unlikely that some of the damage done by them was not repaired till July, and thus tended to swell the expenses in that month beyond what they otherwise would have been. Nevertheless, by rigid economy the company appears to have been able to effect a saving in expenses, and for the first time in five months the total of the same is below that for the corresponding period a year ago. To be sure, the reduction was made contemporaneously with a decrease in business, but so had the previous increases. The following shows earnings and expenses, both for July and the seven months ended with July, for four years past.

CENTRAL PACIFIC.	1894.	1883	1882.	1891.
July. Gross earnings Operating expenses	\$ 1,832,244 1,275,456	\$ 2 036,216 1,383,048	\$ 2,076,643 1,348,069	\$ 1,899,346 1,145,805
Net earnings	556,788	653,168	728,579	753,541
Jan. 1 to July 31— Gross earnings Operating expenses	12,272,164 9,066,161	13,581.342 8 906,148	14,232,619 9,105,847	12,789,272 7,455,167
Net earnings	3.206,003	4,675,194	5,126,772	5,334,105

Here we see that in the seven months to July 31, net earnings have fallen off \$1,469,191 as compared with 1883, \$1,920,769 as compared with 1882, and \$2,128,102 as compared with 1881; also that the gross earnings are smaller than in any of the other three years. reasons for the poor exhibit in the present year are by this time pretty well known. The road suffered twice from floods-first in March and then in June-which greatly increased expenses, and at the same time diminished earnings. Then the crops in California had fallen below the aggregates of previous years. We notice, for instance, that in every month of 1883 the earnings from local business were smaller than in the corresponding month of 1882, and the same causes that produced this result extended into 1884. The late season's crops, however, have turned out very flatteringly, and this may have an important effect upon income later on. In this sense, the gain in local earnings in August, 1884, over August, 1883, (to which we alluded in our article on railroad earnings last week) may be of some significance.

Northern Pacific's report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1884, was issued day before yesterday, and furnishes a very complete and satisfactory account of the company's operations and financial condition. Copious extracts from the report are given in our Investors' columns, on another page, where we also present a summary of results for four years past. We propose another week to make a review of the company's position with reference to obligations and income, using the information so freely furnished in the report, but at present shall content ourselves by merely pointing out one or two of the prominent features of the return, all of which are favorable. The result for the year proves to be fully as satisfactory as had been expected, and agrees pretty closely with what was foreshadowed by us in our issue of July 5 last. We there showed that on the basis of fixed requirements for the twelve months, as carefully estimated by Mr. Oakes, the Vice-President, the company had in the eleven months to the end of May for which returns had been received, earned \$700,000 more than enough to meet the whole charge in full, leaving the net earnings for June to still further swell the surplus. These net earnings for June, we see, amounted to about \$536,000, which would give a surplus of over \$1,200,000 for the year. The report now makes the actual surplus above all charges of every description \$1,055,656, but this is after deducting \$179,381 on account of expenses attending the opening celebration of the road last autumn. In the present year the call for interest, &c., will be heavier, and to this we intend to refer another week, but it is certainly a very pleasing circumstance that a surplus is left for the past year of over a million dollars above all requirements, especially as it was so freely predicted when the company was in financial tribulations last winter, that the road would not be able to meet bare charges. Another favorabla feature in the report is the exhibit of current liabilities. We find that accounts payable by the company on June 30 were \$2,623,157, loans and bills payable \$2,615,169, and inter-

est accrued \$1,703,188, or a total of current liabilities of .\$6,941,514. Against this the company had available \$2,482,863 of accounts receivable, and \$1,992,667 of cash, or a total of \$4,475,530, leaving a net floating debt of \$2,465,984, which is not a heavy amount for a large corporation to carry. And this amount, moreover, is more than covered by the \$4,143,000 of second mortgage bonds still unsold in the company's treasury.

Foreign exchange has been heavy, in the absence of active demand, and the market is also influenced by a supply of bills drawn against shipments of produce and cotton. The figures of breadstuffs and provisions exports for August have been issued this week from the Bureau of Statistics, and do not show favorably compared with last year, but according to present indications we are likely to be furnished with better results in September. The August totals are as follows.

1884.			18	83.	1882.		
S	August.	2 Months.	August.	2 Months.	August.	2 Months.	
Quantities. Wheatbu. Flourbbls.	12,317,123 749,356	18,977,317 1,354,866	9,550,588 697,674		20,868,199 683,491	31,352,460 1,170,885	
Tot. in bush.	15,689,225	25,074,214	12,690,121	18,701,082	23,943,909	36,621,442	
Values. Wh't & flour Corn & meal. Rye Oats & Oatmeal* Barley	\$ 15,152,811 1,051,858 88,413 110,223 52,225	350,735 413,789	\$ 14,766,336 3,501,138 504,892 30,964 12,798	6,463,669 785,042 50,309	\$ 28,537,264 325,795 50,962 19,127 18,172	112,410 28,147	
Total bread- stuffs, value Provisions	16,455,530 8,585,883		18,816,129 12,406,146		28,951,320 6,237,317		
Total Provisions and Breadstuffs		47 086,407	81,222,275	54,378.852	35,188,637	60,633,584	

\* Oatmeal not stated in 1882 and 1883.

Bankers look for slightly lower rates for exchange soon, and some of them for prices which will justify gold imports, though it is not generally anticipated that the decline is likely to be of long duration. Still, our trade is now in such a depressed condition that it is impossible to forecast its future. If imports should be small, considerable gold must come in; but if the demand from importers for bills becomes urgent, it will be enough to absorb the offerings.

The following shows relative prices of leading bonds and stocks in London and New York at the opening each day.

	Sept. 15.		Sept. 15.		Sept	. 16.	Sept. 17.		Sept	Sept. 18.		Sept. 19.	
	Lond'n	N.Y.	Lond'n	N.Y. prices.	Lond'n prices.*	N.Y.	Lond'n prices.*	N.Y.	Lond'n prices.*	N.Y. prices.			
U.S.4s,c.			119.43‡		119.18‡	12036	119.06		119.06‡	12016			
U.S.41/2s.		11214	111.90	112	111.55	112	111.67	112	111.67	112			
Erie	14.68	1434	14.58	1414	14.06	114	14.06	14	13.82	13%			
2d con.		5734	53 80	5634	56.59	5614		56	54.68	5436			
Ill. Cent.		12334	123.07	12:58	122.91		123.19	124		9834±			
N. Y. C	1	10116	100.49	991/8	100.15	98%	E.	9914‡	99.66				
Reading	1	261/8	12.49+	25	12:36+	251/4	12.61+		90.75	247%			
St. Paul.	1	837/8	82.16	811/6	81.60	811/2	32.08	81%	80.75	8034			
Can.Pac.	1	441/4	<b>43</b> .69	431/4	43.65	43	44.13	····	43.52	1			
Exch'ge,	1	51/2	4.8	514	4.8	5	4.5	35	4.8	5			

\* Expressed in their New York equivalent. † Reading on basis of \$50, par value.

t Ex-interest.

The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, exhibits the week's receipts and shipments of gold and currency by the New York banks.

Week Ending Sept. 19, 1884.	Received by N.Y. Banks.	Shipped by N.Y. Banks.	Net Interior Movement.
Currency		\$937,000 *300,000	Gain. \$543,000 Loss. 300,000
Total gold and legal tenders		\$1,237,000	Gain. \$243,000

\*\$280,000 of this was transferred in the shape of silver certificates by a deposit of gold in the Sub-Treasury.

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of gold and currency caused by this movement to and from the interior. In addition to that movement, the banks have lost \$400,000 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury.

Adding that item to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total loss to the N. Y. Clearing House banks of gold and currency for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to-day.

Week Ending Sept. 19, 1884.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' Interior Movement, as above Sub-Treasur/ operations, not		\$1,237,003 400,000	Gain. ‡243.000 Loss. 400,900
Total cold and legal tenders	\$1,480,000	\$1.637,000°	Loss \$157,000

The Bank of England reports a decrease of £335,383 bullion for the week. This represents £11,000 sent abroad and £324,383 to the interior. The Bank of France gained 3,820,000 francs gold and 3,078,000 francs silver, and the Bank of Germany since the last report lost 3,882,000 marks. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

	September	18, 1884.	September 20, 1883.			
	Gold.   Silver.		Gold.	Silver.		
	£	£	£	£		
Bank of England	22.869,376		24,218,585			
Bank of France	12,103,927	40,850,076	38,987,521	41,176 296		
Bank of Germany	7,3(2,500	22,087,500	7,214,000	21,642,000		
Total this week	72,340,803	62,937,576	70.420.100	62,918,296		
Total previous week	72,977,463	63,208,196	70,459,9 6	62,987.967		

The Assay Office paid \$231,965 through the Sub-Treasury for domestic bullion and \$428,392 for foreign bullion (Spanish Doubloons) during the week, and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House.

	1		Consis	ting of-	
Date. Duties.	Gold.	U. S. Notes.	Gold Certifie's.	Silver Cer- tificates.	
8ept.12	\$170,557 37	\$3,000	\$132,000	\$215,000	\$121,00
" 13	361,451 25	3,000			56,000
. 15	384,623 22	7,000	116,000	150,000	112,000
4 16	487,503 81	4,000	223,000	116,00	143,000
" 17	285,315 18	8,000	108,000	117,000	57,000
· 18	393,231 97	12,090	172,000	66,000	148,000
Total	\$2.380.682 SO	\$17.000	\$369.00	\$346,0(H	\$637,0-0

# THE REPORT OF MR. ADAMS ON UNION PACIFIC.

The report of President Adams on the condition of Union Pacific does not contain as much additional infor mation as had been expected. It proves to be merely a statement of charges and income, which though desirable does not by any means cover all the points in dispute. It relates moreover wholly to the past, while as respects at least the fixed charges, the details of future requirements are quite essential to a correct knowledge of the position of the property. There is no balance sheet nor statement of financial condition, and we are not made acquainted with the present amount of the company's floating debt or the shape it is in. We are left in doubt as to how much of the eight million five per cent collateral trust bonds authorized, are outstanding, and how much held in the company's treasury. Nor are we informed what proportion of the bonds held in the treasury are to be counted in offset to the 11½ million dollars gross and 54 million net floating debt reported by the Government bookkeepers as existing April 1. The report is cer tainly defective in those respects. Moreover, the subject of the branch systems of roads--which included in the company's own earnings and which not, and the interest of the Union Pacific in the same, with their liabilities and obligations both to it and to others—is as much involved in doubt as before. We have no desire to be hypercritical, and we recognize the difficulties that a new management would naturally encounter in mastering and acquiring the details, but we wish these matters could also have been included;

In one or two particulars, however, the report does furnish new light. It gives in full the details of "income from investments," and in this respect is very useful indeed, and it also gives an extended account of the charges against income which the company had to meet during the past year, facts that have never been detailed before so far as the branch systems are concerned, and which are and have been very difficult to get at. Our only regret with reference to the statement of charges is that Mr. Adams should not have seen fit to furnish the details of present requirements as well as those for the period past, instead of dismissing that part of the subject with a single sentence, which however is yet of service, as we shall show later on. In making up his statement, Mr. Adams has taken the same period selected by us in our article of August 23, namely, the twelve months ended June 30, 1884. This covers a period of exceptionally poor earnings, and can therefore with all fairness be used as evidencing what the road can show in even a bad time. On that basis Mr. Adams finds that after deducting all charges of every description, government requirement, &c., there remained a surplus for stock of \$3,179,705, equivalent to 5.22 per cent on the amount of the same outstanding.

The result in our article of August 23 was a surplus of \$1,749,817, equivalent to about 3 per cent on the stock; but that was arrived at by comparing present charges (which, of course, are larger than those of the year past) with the income of the twelve months ended last June. We had to prepare our figures in quite a different way from that pursued by President Adams; for, in the first place, our purpose was different, and furthermore the items of "income from investments" and "other charges against income" were not available to us. Besides, it was our intention, if we erred at all, to err on the side of being too unfavorable; and consequently, as stated at the time, we placed every charge against income at about the highest figure possible, and every addition to the income at abous the lowest figure. Though these explanations would suffice to account for the difference between the two statements, it may nevertheless be well to point out just where the main changes occur, because this will help us to make a proper distinction between the present and the past as respects the various items of charges and income.

We may state, then, that the amount we gave as due the United States Government on the operations of the year proves to have been too large, as we expected it would. We allowed the same as in the calendar year 1883— \$1,869,958—but remarked that the amount was "very "likely less, since the charge is figured on the earnings of "the subsidized lines, and it is on these lines, and not the "new or branch roads, that the earnings have decreased." Actually, the charge for the twelve months, per Mr. Adams, is only \$1,407,624, a difference of \$462,334. Then we allowed in reduction of interest on account of the Kan. sas Pacific land sales, \$616,700—which was also the same as in the calendar year 1883-while Mr. Adams now makes the amount \$175,000 more, or \$791,700. Thus there is a difference on these two items of \$337,334. Hence, in the light of these later figures, if we were making up our statement now we should add on this amount to the \$1,749,817 surplus arrived at by us, swelling the total to \$2,387,151, which would be equivalent to nearly four per cent on the company's stock. On the basis of present charges, this, we are inclined to think, is as near the truth as it is possible to get, and it agrees very closely with the result reached further below, by using Mr. Adams' total of charges per month.

The remainder of the difference between Mr. Adams' surplus and ours, say \$800,000 (\$3,179,705, less \$2,387,-151) is wholly accounted for by the difference between present charges and past charges. We allowed \$400,000 interest on the full amount (\$8,000,000) of new five per cent collateral trust bonds issued, while Mr. Adams, taking only the actual payment on the same in the late year, included but \$160,079 on that account. Hence here is \$240,000 to be added on. Then we allowed for 6 per cent interest on five millions floating debt. It is believed that some of the new five per cent trust bonds are still held in the company's treasury, and to the extent that this is so, of course the floating debt and the interest on the same would be diminished, but as we have taken only the net (not the gross) debt, it does not seem unfair to count interest on the same in full. Then the charge on the Oregon Short Line must be increased. The amount of interest that the Union Pacific had to meet on this line in the period covered by There are \$14,800,000 of Mr. Adams was \$607,920. Short Line bonds listed on our Stock Exchange, which at 6 per cent would call for \$888,000 per annum, or an aug mentation of \$280,000. Further, we allowed for nothing on account of dividends on Utah Central stock, because the dividends have ceased since last January, though there is a report that they will shortly be resumed; in Mr. Adams' statement this item appears for \$84,910. Taking all these items together, we get a total of increased deductions from income of about \$900,000, against the \$800,000 actually called for, minor items making up the difference.

That there is just about this increase in present fixed charges over those actually paid in the twelve months ended June 30, 1884, is confirmed by the following remark in Mr. Adams' report, which contains the only allusion to future charges to be found in that document: "The "fixed charges of the Union Pacific system, including an "estimated allowance for taxes and payments to the United "States under the provisions of the Thurman act, amount "to \$793,000 per month." As no details are furnished. we cannot tell what is embraced in the amount given, but must presume it includes allowance for everything-collateral bonds, floating debt, Oregon Short Line, &c. Multiplying the figures given by 12 we get \$9,516,000 as the total fixed requirement for the year. As against this we have the net earnings of \$10,452,230 for the twelve months ended last June, the income of \$619,617 from investments during the same period (less \$84,910 dividend on Utah Central stock to be taken out), and the \$791,700 of land sales applicable to interest, or a total of \$11,778,-637, which would leave a surplus of \$2,262,637, or very nearly the amount reached further above by an entirely different method. A brief recapitulation in tabular form is as follows.

Net earnings twelve months ended June 30,1834. \$10,452,230
Income from investments same time. \$619,617
Less devidend on Utah Central stock. \$4,910— 534,707

Total \$10,986,937

Fixed charges \$9,516,000
Less received from trustees Kansas Pacific consolidated mortgage. 791,700— 8,724,300

Surplus \$2,264,657

There should be no misunderstanding as to what these figures represent. They set forth simply the position of the company as respects income, when we compare the earnings of a very bad year with the charges and yearly requirements as they exist now in full. The fact, however, that we have used these poor earnings in comparison with present charges, must not be construed as any intimation that we think future earnings will be no better. The statement for July, issued last Friday, showed a gain in net on the corresponding month of last year of

\$97,802, and it is not impossible that this improvement Then should may continue in subsequent months. Utah Central dividends be resumed there would be a gain from that source too. It should be remembered also that while we have allowed for the whole charge to be assumed on the Oregon Short Line, that line has not yet got the benefit of a connection with the Oregon Navigation line, which is to carry it to Portland. It follows that when this connection is made—in November, Mr. Adams now states—the Union Pacific will have another avenue of traffic opened to it, which may prove a very important source of gain to earnings. But as this relates to the future and is wholly a matter of conjecture, we did not and do not intend to express any opinion with regard to it. Our purpose has been to use the latest earnings available and also the latest charges; the result is the showing above.

### THE NEW ROAD TO NEW ORLEANS.

The completion of the Louisville New Orleans & Texas Railroad (from Memphis to New Orleans) perfects an all-rail route acros the continent under That is, the Hunsubstantially one management. tington party are the first to realize the dream of the control of a rail line from ocean to ocean. are other and various rail routes extending across the country, but these, though complete as regards carriage and transportation, do not, any of them, recognize identical ownership, but are rather made up of different systems or pieces, each of which is controlled by separate and The Huntington route, it is true, is distinct interests. also a combination of many different systems, having separate charters and organizations, but its distinguishing characteristic is that all these organizations and systems are in the hands of the same parties, thus giving absolute unity of control, an essential feature for best results.

The new route is composed of the Central and Southern Pacific lines, extending from San Francisco down across California, Arizona, and New Mexico, to El Paso, Texas; of the Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio, Louisiana Western, Texas & New Orleans, and Morgan's Louisiana & Texas road, extending from El Paso to New Orleans; of the above-mentioned Louisville New Orleans & Texas road, just completed, from New Orleans to Memphis; of the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern, from Memphis to Louisville; of the Elizabethtown Lexington & Big Sandy road from Louisville to Huntington (including in this a small piece—Louisville to Lexington—of the Louisville & Nashville); and of the Chesapeake & Ohio, from Huntington to Norfolk and Newport News. Not only is it striking to see such a vast combination of roads in the control of one set of men, but it is even more significant to note what a large proportion of the mileage embraced in this combination is comparatively new, and has been built under the auspices of the present management. It is not so long since the Southern Pacific system did not extend beyond the eastern boundary of California; now its terminus, as already stated, is at El Paso. The Mexican Pacific extension (635 miles) of the Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio (to meet the Southern Pacific system) is of even more recent date. The Louisville New Orleans & Texas (460 miles) is the latest addition, while the construction of the missing link-Trimble to Covington, Tenn -of the Memphis Paducah & North ern (now part of the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern), the building of the Elizabethtown Lexington & Big Sandy, and the extension of the Chesapeake & Ohio to Newport News, have all been accomplished within the last few years. The same parties

tral south to a connection with the Louisville & Nashville and East Tennessee. In commenting upon the completion of this latter extension, a few weeks ago, we pointed out what great progress had recently been made in the South in building much needed links, in perfecting old systems, and in raising new ones. The construction of the Louisville New Orleans & Texas is further evidence of like progress.

In our previous article we called attention to the great increase in railroad facilities that had taken place at Cincinnati. It may not be amiss now to refer to the advance made by New Orleans in the same direction, as illustrated by the completion of the Louisville New Orleans & Texas road. Looking back a few years, we find only three rail roads entering the Crescent City—the Illinois Central (Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans) from the north, the New Orleans & Mobile (part of the Louisville & Nash ville system to Louisville and Cincinnati) from the east, and the Morgan road from the west. The latter at that time simply served to give railroad communication with a por tion of Southern Texas. Since then it has, by the completion of the Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio and the Southern Pacific, become a link in a through route all the way to San Francisco, opening to New Orleans the whole Pacific Coast section. Since then, also, the New Orleans Pacific line into the city (from Shreveport, La., along the west bank of the Red River) has been built, and this affords not only a very direct connection with Northern Texas, but, also, in conjunction with the Texas & Pacific, of which, indeed, it forms part, opens another line all the way to El Paso. Last autumn the New Orleans & Northeast. ern made its way into New Orleans, and thus was admitted the Erlanger system, which forms a very short route to Cincinnati. Now comes the Louisville New Orleans & Texas down the east bank of the Mississippi, and also makes New Orleans its terminus. Hence, where formerly only three roads centred in the city there are now six, each and all important trunk lines. It is well to note, too, what an improved position the city holds with reference to points in the Ohio Valley, such as Cincinnati and Louisville. Only a few years ago the Louisville & Nashville afforded substantially the only route connecting New Orleans with those cities, unless the round-about line via the Illinois Central (crossing the Ohio River at Cairo) and Ohio & Mississippi be counted as one. With the building of the Cincinnati Southern and New Orleans & Northeastern a second route was furnished. The completion of the Livingston division of the Kentucky Central, in connection with the East Tennessee system, recently supplied a third, and now we have a fourth in the construction of the Louisville New Orleans & Texas and the use of the Chesapeake Ohio & Southwestern system.

These increased railroad facilities explain how New Orleans has been enabled to advance its position as a We showed in our crop report last week that with a varying yield of the staple—sometimes large, sometimes small—that city had in late years steadily increased its percentage of the total receipts at the shipping ports. In the late crop year the New Orleans & Northeastern (bringing a large section of southeastern Mississippi in communication with New Orleans, in addition to furnishing a new through route to Cincinnati) was not in full operation the whole of the time, and therefore did not contribute the entire measure of benefit to be expected from it. The New Orleans & Pacific, too, did not show to full advantage, being under water part of the time. The Louisville New Orleans & Texas has only just been completed. There seems to be, however, some apprehension in New Orleans that the opening of the Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific its entire length (to a connection | it fitted to lessen the anxiety begotten by such

with the Texas & Pacific), which took place a few weeks ago, will draw away some of the cotton traffic from Northern Texas, now seeking an outlet at New Orleans. We do not believe this will follow to any appreciable extent. It should be remembered that there are already two routes (one of them at least very short and direct) running north out of Texas, which take all cotton seeking a market that way, and the Shreveport line will simply add a third, without otherwise altering any facts or The overland movement has steadily conditions. developed in recent years, and no doubt will continue to develop in the future; but the overland route is mainly serviceable in bringing the Northern mill and the Southern plantation in closer connection—in other words, it carries away chiefly the cotton needed for home consumption and manufacture. The bulk of the crop, however, is exported, and so much of it as is, will of course seek an outlet over the cheapest route and that will generally be through the nearest outport.

We may say, here, too, that we do not believe there will be much through freight shipped all the way over the Huntington trans-continental line now completed. It is too long and too circuitous. Beginning at San Francisco it runs way down to New Orleans and then up again to Louisville, before it reaches the Atlantic Ocean. No doubt the half-rail, half-water route used up to the present time will obtain most of the traffic, and it will be recalled that this Southern route—rail from San Francisco to New Orleans, and steamer from New Orleans to New York—now gets a good deal of freight that formerly went over the Union Pacific and other all-rail lines. Neverthe. less, it is an interesting fact that the Huntington people have a line across the continent, though it cannot, because of its indirectness, be used to great advantage in carrying through business.

### THE MEETING OF THE EMPERORS.

Since the famous meeting of the Emperor Napoleon the First and the Emperor Alexander of Russia, after the disastrous but decisive battle of Friedland, in the now historic raft at Tilsit, on the Niemen, the concerted meetings of great rulers, especially of such as control at will the forces of huge military organizations, have been looked upon by peace-loving people with suspicion and distrust, if not with alarm. The history of that meeting shows how much the world is at the mercy of such rulers, if only their separate interests could permit them long enough to act in unison.

It is not wonderful that it is with some such feelings many now view the meeting of the three great autocrats of Northern and Central Europe, at Skierniewice in the nieghborhood of Warsaw. For whatever its object, it is an event of more than ordinary importance. Were there nothing in the present condition of Europe or the world to excite curiosity in connection with this latest imperial reunion, there would still be sufficient to command attention in the meeting itself. It is not for nothing—hardly for the mere sake of exchanging courtesies with his brother Emperors—that an old man like Emperor William, now well advanced in his eighties, and at a season of the year when his presence hitherto has been deemed indispensable to give eclat to the manoeuvres of his own army, should now, at so great a distance from his own capital be contemplating the manoeuvres of the army of one of his neighbors. It is a matter also of sufficient significance to be mentioned in this connection that each of three Emperors is attended by his Foreign Secretary—his principal Minister of State.

ministers combination of authority that these and these rulers are practically irresponsible to any parliamentary body. M. de Giers is responsible only to his master, the Czar; Count Kalnoky is under no restraint so far as either the Cisleithan or Transleithan legislatures are concerned; and Prince Bismarck, although not quite so independent of parliamentary influence as the others, has dexterously contrived to withhold from the Reichstag all immediate power over the sword, by having the army appropriations made years in advance. From this circumstance alone—from the fact that these rulers are to all intents and purposes immediately responsible only to themselves for the use they may make of the war powerit results that they may, if they choose, cut and carve Europe at will, make combinations and direct movements injurious to the peace of the world, and detrimental to the interests of other nations. It is hardly possible, indeed, to exaggerate the power for evil as well as for good which these three Emperors and their ministers now, or recently, in council, are able to wield.

There are, moreover, circumstances in the present condition of the European nations which suggest reasons for this Imperial conference, and which compel us almost whether we will or not to attach to it a very high degree There are, for example, the present of importance. warlike relations of France with China. There are the very peculiar and as yet unsettled relations of England with Egypt. There is the pressure which is felt by each of the Imperial Powers—a pressure from which Germany so far has been the greatest sufferer-resulting from the necessity of maintaining such enormous military establish. ments. There are other circumstances not so distinctly visible, but not on that account the less important—such as the need which Germany feels for more convenient outlets to the Atlantic, the necessity which exists in the east of Europe for the re-construction of boundary lines, the felt necessity for holding down the dangerous classes, and last, but not least, international interests along the line of the Congo, and in Western and Central Africa generally. To each of the three empires these matters are all of interest, but not of equal interest. But it is just because of this inequality of interest that such a meeting is suggestive and important.

We are not, however, disposed to take a warlike view of the Imperial conference. We can discover no cause for immediate war; nor do we see any gain which could come to any one of the three Powers by rashly provoking one-There would be gain to Germany in the absorption of Holland; but to do so in present circumstances would be an open violation of all those sacred guarantees on which the peace of the world depends; and it might, even in spite of the triple alliance, lead to a disastrous war. We are willing, on the contrary, to take it for granted that the triple alliance, and just because of the very strength which it manifests, means peace. It may not lead to immediate disarmament; but it may bring about a state of things which will render disarmament, on a qualified scale at least, possible and safe. One result of the meeting will, to a certainty, be the putting down of all forms of Nihilism. In the three empires there will be concerted action; and the action will be of such a kind as to make it impossible for offenders in one country to find shelter in another. In the face of such a power as that which the triple alliance presents, there will be little need to fear an uprising of the dangerous classes.

It is not at all impossible that the Imperial meeting, and the alliance which it has evidently cemented, may be found to have important bearings both upon France and England.

France has most certainly been high-handed and unjust in the structure as the conception of a federated Empire is, the obstacles in the way of organizing it are so great and so numerous that we venture to pronounce it, in any exact sense, chimerical. The British colonies are

her dealings with the Chinese. If she persists in the course on which she has entered, it will be easy for the three powers to give such comfort and aid to China as shall make the war costly to the French people, if not disastrous to the French Republic. China, although behind as compared with the Western nations, is still a mighty and formidable power. She has an immense population, If encouraged to and her resources are enormous. resist, the war will certainly be protracted, and it will become perilous to the invader in proportion as it is protracted. The occupation of all the great coast towns—the occupation even of Pekin-would not imply the conquest of China. A march into the interior could hardly be other than disastrous; and the invasion of China might prove as ruinous to the second French Republic as the invasion of Russia proved to the first French Empire.

It is hardly conceivable that at such a meeting no attention was paid to England and Egypt. Mr. Gladstone invited the Powers to come to his aid in the settlement of t're question. It is true that their help was of little avail in the circumstances; but he may soon find that he committed himself to a principle which can be pushed further than he intended. We can hardly conceive that Bismarck -and Bismarck must be regarded as the soul of this alliance-would encourage France to go to war with England We can as little conceive that on account of Egypt. France would allow herself to be led into such But Bismarck is ambitious to found German colonies; and he has set his heart upon certain portions of Africa. Will it be wonderful if he should use his influence in the Egyptian question, so as to advance his own ambitious schemes on the opposite coast of the Dark Continent? If he should, the world would have no cause to complain. It would be an arrangement in the interests of peace as well as in the interests of progress.

These results are certainly among the possibilities, but we are not likely to know what has actually been done at this Imperial conference until we witness the unmistakable revelation of facts which the future policy of these nations shall develope.

# BRITISH FEDERATION AND AMERICAN TRADE.

Though the idea of a federation of the British Empire is not a new one, probably there were never before so many British statesmen and colonists who had the project in mind as there are to-day. The recent meeting in London, in which Liberal and Tory leaders took part, cannot be said to have given an impetus to the movement, for there is no movement. But it did indicate that in the minds of many most practical politicians there is nothing impracticable in the scheme, which every one will admit is, from a British point of view, most desirable. It may therefore be anticipated that many a mind trained to the consideration of vast constitutional problems, will be directed most earnestly to the devising of some plan for effecting the political union.

As we have said on previous occasions, should such a union ever take place it will be a political event of the highest importance. Let it not be hastily assumed, however, that Great Britain desires that sort of federation which is in the minds of the colonists; or that the latter could be satisfied with the share in imperial affairs which the home government is now, or ever will be, disposed to grant. In truth, attractive as the conception of a federated Empire is, the obstacles in the way of organizing it are so great and so numerous that we venture to pronounce it, in any exact sense, chimerical. The British colonies are

British colonies simply because it is for the interest of Great Britain that they should be so. We do not deny, of course, that the colonies—such colonies as Canada, Australia and the Cape of Good Hope, at all events—find reasons for believing that the British connection is as useful to them as it is to the parent country; but if it were not advantageous to England that they should remain dependencies, they would be cut loose and set adrift. No scheme of federation, therefore, will ever be proposed by Great Britain which does not leave the full command and control over imperial politics where it now is. The whole Empire will be, and must continue to be, governed by a British, and not by a British and colonial, ministry and parliament. For example, the government of the United Kingdom will never allow the treaty-making power to be shared with the colonies. The Sovereign has the prerogative of making war and peace; and the folly of admitting ministers and members of parliament from Canada or New Zealand to a council for determining whether or not a war should be declared against France or Russia, is too apparent to need exposition. There is every reason why Great Britain should refuse to renounce any part of a power which she possesses, which she can retain, which is not even an object of envy, and which can be exercised more efficiently under the present system than under any other.

What, then, remains to be placed under the jurisdiction of an imperial council, or of an imperial parliament, which the present or any future administration of Great Britain would be willing to concede to such a body? Little or nothing; and absolutely nothing which the self-governing colonies have not now each under its own jurisdiction. They would have nothing to do with the government of Ireland; nothing with the system of home taxation; nothing with the army or the navy; nothing with "reform," or marriage with a deceased wife's sister. Contributing neither money nor service in the army for the support of the government, they would not be entitled to, and could not expect, representation, or a voice in anything except what might chiefly concern themselves. That last they have now. Canada, for example, is wholly a self-governed country, with the exceptions that an ornamental Governor-General is set over it, with no real power of government; that its parliamentary acts may be, but almost never are, disallowed in London; and that it cannot make treaties.

The position of Canada, then, cannot be improved, as far as her own government is concerned, by anything short of real independence. All that federation could do for her would be to admit her to a share in the government of the Empire as a whole (which Great Britain will never concede), or to a share in the government of the other colonies. This last proposition, however, involves admitting the other colonies to a share in her government. And that is the only form which British federation can assume. How attractive it will seem when its limited extent is discovered cannot be foretold, and it is idle to speculate upon it.

The only interest Americans can have in the question is a commercial interest; for it is manifestly out of the question for any federation of all the British colonies to deal with other than commercial matters. Viewed in that light, we think that the proposition may be considered, and the federation accomplished, with a serene confidence on our part that American trade will not be injuriously affected thereby. If the union should increase the prosperity of the colonies and of the British isles, that will create a larger demand for articles which we produce, if we can sell them cheaply enough; and in any event Canada will not long pay Australia or England more for their goods than the price of them in New York, however strong may be the feeling of patriotism aroused by the act which is to

make Great Britain one with "Greater Britain." Indeed, it might be doubted if Canada would be willing, even now. to barter away a fragment of her commercial freedom for the sake of federation. There is some room for doubt on. that point, inasmuch as its government has deliberately adopted a tariff policy which injures itself, for the double purpose of dealing a blow at trade with the United States and of increasing commerce with England. Still, that policy was adopted with a specific object, and when it has failed to do what was expected of it, a change may be And after all it cannot be supposed that England, who will be not only a party but the leading party to any scheme of federation that may be adopted, will suffer anything to be done in restraint of trade, either in laying burdens upon it, or in restricting it to certain channels.

## Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE	ATLO	NDON-Sept. 5.	EXOH	ANGE O	N LONDON
On-	Time.	Rate.	Latest Date.	Time.	Rate.
Amsterdam .		12 314 @12 334	Sept. 5	Short.	12:11
Amsterdam. Antwerp	••	12 4 kg @12 4 58 25 40 @25 45	Sept. 5	Short	25 21
Hamburg Berlin	.66	25.56 @25.60 25.56 @25.60	Sept 5	Short.	20.1112
Frankfort Copenhagen	**	25.56 <b>@</b> 25.€0	Sept. 5		20.40
St. Petersb'g Paris.	3 mes.	2378 @24 25:35 @25:40	Sept. 5		$24 \cdot 11^{3} \cdot 18^{1} \cdot 25 \cdot 18^{1} \cdot 25$
Paris Vienna		$25 \cdot 16 \cdot 4 \cdot 25 \cdot 2 \cdot 14 $ $12 \cdot 30 \cdot 21 \cdot 32 \cdot 2 $	Sept. 5	3 mos.	12.17
Madrid Genoa	66	$469_{16}@4611_{16}$ $25.35 @25.40$	Sept. 5		47.50
Lisbon New York	"	52 @521 <sub>16</sub>		3 mos. Cables.	5278 4.85
Alexandria Bombay	3 mos.	18 758d.	Sept. 5	Cables.	18, 7381.
Calcutta Hong Kong	••	1s. 75sd.	Sept. 5 Sept. 5	::	18. 713 <sub>32</sub> d. 38. 87 <sub>8</sub> d.
Shanghai			Sept. 5		5s. 112d.

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, Sept. 6, 1884.

The past week has been one of great inactivity, both in commercial and financial circles. Very few events of importance have transpired, but the termination of summer weather is naturally calculated to bring the holiday season to a speedy close. The question will now be seriously considered: What are our prospects?

As regards these, it is very generally admitted that we are as much in the dark as ever. The favorable harve t and the easy condition of the money market appear to be as ineffective as ever, and the impression seems to be that general business will be conducted upon the same cautious and legitimate principles as has been the case for many months past. Some months, if not a longer period, is likely to elapse before the general public become again enterprising. During the last few years they have rendered themselves heavily liable, and the difficulties have not yet been surmounted. Time, economy and a fair degree of prosperity can only bring them out of the net in which so many have been entangled. The Stock Exchange is still a great sufferer, and this is quite natural. Some members of that establishment have reaped rich harvests, and can look upon the position with indifference; but the less successful and less wealthy are in an anxious position.

Thus, unfortunately, there are no glimpses to be perceived in any quarter of renewed prosperity, and, as has already been stated, no one ventures an opinion on the future course of things. Some, if not much, of this uncertainty may be attributed to the natural distrust which war produces. The French in China, and ourselves in Egypt, with mighty powers very closely watching events, are stubborn facts. Our trade with the East, especially as regards China, has been seriously interfered with, and our commercial activity has been diminished at a time when great encouragement is certainly necessary. The intelligence we have leads to the conclusion that this condition of things is not likely to be hurriedly terminated, but that it is more likely to be a protracted affair in each case. If an opinion, therefore, might be ventured with regard to the future of trade, it is an adverse one, as merchants are by no

means inclined to augment their risks under such circum.

The money market has been very quiet, and has been devoid of interest during the whole of the week. The rate for short loans is only ½ to ¾ per cent, while discount accommodation is obtainable at 13% per cent. The bankers and discount houses still talk of dearer money later in the autumn, but they fail to point out from what source an increased demand is likely to arise. There are not the slightest indications of any immediate pressure, and there are no signs of active enterprise from any quarter.

The following are the quotations for money and the interest allowed by the discount houses to-day and same day of the previous five weeks:

- <b>L</b>	Rate.		(	Interest allowed for deposits by					
London		B	ank Bill	nk Bills. Trade Bills.				Talast	Disc't H'se
Lordon	Bank	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Joint Stock Banks.	At 7 to 14 Call. Days.
Aug. 1	2	13/63 -	11/20 -	2 @ - 21/2@ -	11/4@2	1¾ 32¼ 2 @2%		1	16 34- 34 16 34- 34
" 35		134@ —	17/8 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	21%@	2 6 -	2 @21/2	3 @ -	1	36 34 - 34 34 1 -1
" 22 " 29 Sept. 5	2	1560 — 1560 — 1560 —	1343 — 1343 — 1343 —	236 <b>3</b> — 214 <b>3</b> — 216 <b>3</b> —	2 @ -	2 @21/2	214@3 214@3	1	34 1 -1 84 1 -1

The following return shows the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair 2d quality, and the Clearing House return for the past week, compared with previous years:

With brossom Jom	<b>.</b>			-004
•	1881.	<b>1832.</b>	<b>1883</b> .	1884.
	£	2	£	\$
Circulation, exclud'g				00 010 575
Bank post bills	26,517,870	26,106,060	25,789,195	26,013,575
Public deposits	5,033,19)	4,26 1,630	5,454,669	5,48,,118
Other deposits	25,780,960	23,552,844	23, 54,990	23,734,365
Governm't securities.	14,557,649	12,180,154	11,962,631	13,577.763
Other securities	22,374,837	23.186,555	21,609,753	21.030,025
Res've of notes & coin	12,422,148	11,006,635	13,943,259	13,098,405
Coin and bullion in			0	
both departments	23,190,018	21.662.665	23,982,451	23,361,980
	20,100,020	22,0,02,02		
Proport'n of reserve	40	3914	4734	4112
to liabilities	A		4 p. c.	2 0, 0
Bank rate	9918	9958	1001 <sub>1</sub> , d	10078
Consols		47s. 3d.	43s. 2d.	~~ .
Eng. wheat, av. price	52s. 2d.	7d.	511141.	
Mid. Upland cotton	74d.		9381.	00 1
No. 40 mule twist	104d.	1014d.		119,408,000
Clearing-House ret'n.	102,930,000	105,024,005	84,931,000	110,100,000
		2	• •	4 41 -

The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows:

Rates of Interest at	Septen	mber 4.	August 28.		August 21.		August 14.	
	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris	3	2	3	236	3	23/8	3	138
Berlin	4	216	4	298	4	25%	4	216
Frankfort		25%	! -	234	_	234	. —	258
Hamburg	-	21/4	-	258	_	25%	-	2)8
Amsterdam	3	234	8	21/6	3	21/2	8	24
Brussels	3	234	3	234	3	234	3	234
Madrid	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Vienna	4	384	4	334	4	3%	4	834
St. Petersburg.	8	6	8	8	В	6	6	6
Copenhagen.	4	14	1.4	1 4	4	١ 4	4	1 4

In reference to the state of the bullion market during the past week, Messrs. Pixley & Abell remark:

Gold continues steady at last quotations. The arrivals are small, and include £25,200 from West Indies; \$24,400 from Calcutta; £2.06, from the Cape, and £11,700 from Chih—total £63.300. The Bank has received £15,000, and has lost £27,000 for export to Egypt. The "Malwa" takes this amount to Alexandria, and another £25,000 in bars

to Bombay. Silver.-The silver by the "Handel" was fixed at 5058d.; and this rate was current until fo-day, when with rather more demand, the supply by the Chilian steamer was sold at 50% d. Since last week the chief arrivals have been: From Buenos Ayres, £53,70; West Indies, £3,800; New York, £48,-40; Chili, £26,300-total, £132,640; while the exports are £118.500 to B mbay.

Mexican dollars are slightly steadier in price, and the arrivals are few. From New York, £6,400, and Vera Bruz. £27,600--total, £34,000. The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:

	Price o	f Gold.		Price o.	f Silver.
	Sept. 4.	Aug. 28.		Sept. 4.	Aug. 28
	s. d.	8. d.		d.	d.
Bar gold, fineoz	77 91/2	77 9,2	Bar silver, fineoz.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Bar gold. contain's 20 dwts. silveroz		77 11	Bar silver, contain- ing 5 grs. goldoz.	511/8	
Bpan. doubloons.or			Cake silveroz. Mexican dolsoz.		50
U.S. gold coinor			Chilian dolsoz.		

The Argentine Government, through Messrs. J. S. Morgan & Co., offer for subscription £3,000,000 in 5 per cent bonds of £30 each The price of issue is about £80 per cent.

The applications for new capital are now estimated at

£76,418,244, against £60,313,317 last year and £93,464,229 in

Advices from Austria state that the hop harvest has been commenced. The quality is exceedingly fine, and it is estimated that the quantity is about an average.

There is, it is said, a large crop of apples in Maine and Normandy, which is of great importance, as cider is largely consumed in Northwest France.

Summer weather has now passed and we are having a very fair quantity of rain. We are having, however, at the same time, a moderate amount of sunshine, and the effect cannot therefore be regarded as otherwise than beneficial. The rain which has fallen was much needed, as the pastures were very much dried up and the prospect for a second crop of grass was a very indifferent one. The prospect as regards a supply of food for cattle during the winter months was also unsatisfactory, but all that has been changed. The ground being full of heat, owing to the protracted how weather, and the rains having for the most part been genial, the increase of production has naturally been very considerable. It is evident that, taking the season as a whole, it has been the best we have had for many years. It is searcely necessary to repeat that farmers complain that prices are low, but they have a larger quantity of produce to dispose of, which is some compen-

Very little change has taken place in the value of wheat during the past week. The wet weather has somewhat interfered with threshing operations, and smaller supplies are coming to market. This circumstance has in a few localities given a little more steadiness to prices, but there have been no indications of activity. In fact, millers have, as might have been expected, been very cautious buyers, and perceive no reason why they should augment their stocks, when supplies are so ample. The quantity of wheat and flour afloat to the United Kingdom is 1,929,000 quarters, being somewhat in excess of last year. The average price of English wheat is now 35s. 1d. per quarter, which is a very low point, when it is borne in mind that the quality and condition of this year's crop are excellent. Our importations are considerable, but not equal to last year. For last week they amounted to 1,284,869 cwt. of wheat and 320,698 cwt. of flour, against 1,670,770 cwt. of wheat and 241,997 cwt. of flour last year.

English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reperted by cable as follows for the week ending Sept. 19:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd.	501116	501116	501116	501116	503	5034
Consols for money	10112	10112	101716	10138	101318	101516
Consols for account	10158	10158	1014	10112	1014	10171R
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr		79.00	78.4212	78.70	78.70	78.521
U. 8. 4 <sup>1</sup> 28 of 1891	1154	1154	11518	115	11518	11548
U. 8. 4s of 1907	123	123	123	12278	12234	1223
U. B. 48 01 1907	46	4534	4518	4518	45	454
Canadian Pacific		8612	818	8438	8359	8338
Chie. Mil. & St. Paul	1434	1514	1478	1458	1412	144
Erie, common stock		124	12658	12634	12618	
Illinois Central	128	5718	57	5678	5658	5648
Pennsylvania	5714			1234	1278	000
Philadelphia & Reading	1334	1334	1231		1034	102%
Vew York Central	1044	1044	1104	1103-4	11034	1102.4
Liverpool.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Flour (ex. State).100 lb. Wheat, No. 1, wh. " Spring, No. 2, n. " Winter, South, n " Winter, West., n " Cal., No. 1 " Corn, mix., old " Corn, mix., new " Pors, West. mess. \$ bb Bacon, long clear Beef, pr. mess, new, \$ to Lard, prime West. \$ cwt Queese, Am. choice	6 7 9 8 6 8 7 2 6 11 5 6 4 11 12 6 9 0 6 8 7 6 8 0 0 3 8 6	5. d. 10 9 8 7 6 7 9 8 6 8 7 1 6 9 5 6 4 11 69 0 47 6 80 0 51 6	s. d. 10 9 8 7 6 5 9 8 6 6 7 1 6 9 5 6 4 11 69 0 47 6 80 0 87 6 9 8 1 6 6 1 6 9 1 6 6 1 6 9 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 7 1 6 8 1 6 8 1 6 8 1 6 8 1 6 8 1 7 6 1 7 6 1 7 6 1 8 7 7 7 8 1 8 7 8 8 1 8 7 8 1 8	s. d. 10 9 8 7 6 5 9 8 6 6 7 1 6 9 5 6 4 11 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 69 0 47 6 80 0 37 9 52 6	5. d. 10 9 8 7 6 5 9 8 6 6 7 1 6 9 5 6 4 111 <sub>2</sub> 69 0 17 6 80 0 52 6	8. d. 10 9 8 7 6 5 9 8 6 6 7 1 6 9 5 0 6 9 80 0 80 0 8

# Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have lately been organized:

3,248—The First National Bank of Albany, Texas. Capital, \$50,090. J.
R. Fleming, President; N. L. Bartholomew, Cashier.
3,219—The First National Bank of Ellsworth, Kan-as. Capital, \$50,000. Ira W. Pheips, President; W. F. Tompkins, Cashir.
3,250—The Saisbury National Bank, Saisbury, Md. Capital, \$0,000.
Einu E. Jackson, President; John H. White, Cashier.
3,251—The First National Bank of Concord, Mich. Capital, \$50,000.
Wm. D. Chapple, President; Percy E. Chapple, Cashier.
3,252—The First National Bank of Iowa Falls, Iowa. Capital, \$50,000.
John H. Carleton, President; W. H. Woods, Cashier.

John H. Carleton, President; W. H. Woods, Cashier.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show

an increase in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,607,773, against \$7,965,182 the preceding week and \$8,382,119 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Sept. 16 amounted to \$8,565,997, against \$6,683,277 last week and \$5,945,162 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Sept. 11, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Sept. 12; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January:

#### FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Dry goods Gen'i mer'dise	\$2,694,985 5,906,437	\$3,169,658 6,645,915	\$2,473,932 5,127,165	\$2,839,219 5,768,554
Total	\$8,601,422	\$9,815,573	\$7,601,097	\$8,607,773
Since Jan. 1. Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$82,233,080 228,562,095	\$99,574,117 262,699,124	\$91,934,182 236,483,192	\$87,895,873 224,497,223
Total 37 weeks.	\$310,795,175	\$362,273,241	\$323,417,374	\$312,393.096

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Sept. 16, 1884, and from January 1 to date:

#### EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
For the week Prev. reported	\$8,345,639 267,412,900	\$7,161,211 232,511,316	\$7,053.917 247,199,663	\$8,565,997 219,143,406
Total 37 weeks.	\$275,788,539	\$239.672,527	<b>‡251,253.580</b>	\$227,709,403

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Sept. 13, and since January 1, 1884, and for the corresponding periods in 1883 and 1882:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Cold	Expe	rts.	Imports.	
Gold.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.
Great Britain	\$1,300	\$26.471,070	\$	\$3,294,150
France		4,352,824	11,530	2,406,615
Germany		1,658,920		1,841.028
West Indies		3,885.914	430,747	2,520,299
Mexico		7.800		7,960
South America	5,000		5,100	
All other countries	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	763,662	2,433	28,033
Tetal 1884	\$6,300	\$37,903,964	\$449.860	\$10,611.013
Total 1883		359.168	239,553	7,149,334
Total 1882	107,150	33,749,884	26,867	765,158
Silver.				
Great Britain	\$196,050		\$	\$2,285
France	14,590			813
Germany	6,000			46.590
West Indies	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	38,694	60,902	743,025
Mexico	• • • • • •	204,817	31,226	1,780,196
South America	•••••	58,873		187.392
All other countries		83,990		32,715
Total 1884	\$216,640	<b>\$9,961,059</b>	\$92,128	\$2,793,046
Total 1883	166,300		21,492	3,581,002
Total 1882	227,500	9,134,838	39,533	1,909,457

Of the above imports for the week in 1884, \$5,000 were American gold coin and \$35,000 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time, \$123,200 were American gold coin and \$7,505 American silver coin.

FOREIGN TRADE OF NEW YORK-MONTHLY STATEMENT.-In addition to the foregoing tables, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports of merchandise.

IMPORTS INTO NEW YORK.

	1884.			1883.			
Months.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	
	8	\$	* \$	*	*	8	
January	13,598,890	26,298,814	39,997,704	13,345,312	27,915,300	41,260,612	
February	11,397,824	28,175,206	39,573,030	13,730,717	26,749,010	40,479,727	
March	11,319,428	31,394,061	42,713,489	12,323,374	29,854,387	42,182,761	
April	. 9,793,203	25,759,735	35,557,938	7,948,036	29,142,398	37,090,434	
May	5,754,403	32,716,823	38,471,226	7,426,803	29,213,457	36,639,760	
June	6,319,040	28,012,098	31,322,138	6,963,886	36,114,695	43,078,581	
July	12,493,763	25,979,743	38,473,506	13,645,297	25,267,518	38,912,815	
August	11,945,261	21,102,928	33,048,189	11,520,643	30,925,006	42.445,649	
Total	82.617.812	219,539,408	302.157.220	86,908,568	235,181,771	322 090 339	

EXPORTS FI	ROM NEW	YORK.	CUSTOM	S RECEIPT	s.	
	Total Merchandise.			At New	v York.	
Months.	1884. 1883.		Months.	1384.	1883.	
	*	*		\$	\$	
January	26,792,785	28,891,932	January	11,762,029	12,574,839	
February	23,533,860	28,426,360	February	12,064,811	12,191,603	
March	23,097,998	32,094,694	March	11,436,786	12,438,301	
April	23,835,838	28,101,404	April	9,840,822	9,194,388	
Мау	24,063,269	27,237,663	Мау	9,209,287	8,148,813	
June	29,464,029	27,857,611	June	9,455,248	13,624,534	
July	31,258,112	28,805,455	Jaly	13,108,338	14,621,008	
August	28,957,053	34,417,712	August	12,825,196	13,288,893	
Total	211,005,944	235,832 831	Total	79.792,517	98,082,378	

U. S. Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

	a		Balan	ices.
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Ourrency.
		*		*
Sept.13.	732,280 64	1,041,352 93	129,979,493 79	10.314,730 43
15.	1,217,614 83	1,300,100 15	130,094,736 97	10,117,001 93
" 16.	1,213,473 61	1,200,795 72	130,519,740 07	9,704,674 22
" 17.	956.327 76		130,566,212 97	9,706.349 15
" 18.	1,018,550 32	930,773 02	130,663,478 02	9,696,861 40
" 19.	876,231 46	853,049 61	130,784,340 82	9,599,183 45
Total	6,014,481 62	6,234,251 36		

Bankers' & Merchants' Telegraph Company.—Application was made on Wednesday to have Mr. Garrett S. Mott, the

President, appointed receiver of this company.

The American Rapid Telegraph Company is bonded for \$3,000,000 and stocked for \$3,000,000. The Southern Telegraph Company is bonded for \$2,500,000 and stocked for \$5,000,000. Both companies are operated by the Bankers' & Merchants'. The line of the B. & M. from New York to Philadelphia is bonded for \$290,000. The Bankers' & Merchants' own a majority of the stock of the Rapid and the Southern, and a majority of the Rapid bonds. The B. & M. owns 4,700 shares out of 9,200 shares outstanding of the Commercial Telegram Company's stock. The interest on the Rapid bonds was defaulted Sept. 15, but foreclosure proceedings cannot be begun for six months. The bonds are not guaranteed by the Bankers' & Merchants'. It is learned that all of the \$10,000,000 of first mortgage bonds of the Bankers' & Merchants' have practically been issued. About one-third were sold and the balance have been hypothecated or given in payment for construction and supplies, or as security for the same.

Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Co.—The Times reports: "The dissolution of the tripartite telegraph pool has apparently stimulated the Baltimore & Ohio Company to extraordinary efforts in the extension of its lines. President Bates has been authorized to obtain estimates for extensions and improvements involving an expenditure of not to exceed \$2,000,000. That sum of money has been raised by the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company and its friends. Plans and estimates are now being considered for extensions of the Baltimore & Ohio system to St. Paul, Minn., Kansas City, Richmond, Va., Norfolk, Va., Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Atlanta and Augusta, Ga."

Louisville New Orleans & Texas.—The last mile of track has been laid the Huntington line from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the final link being the Louisville Memphis & New Orleans. The Chesapeake & Ohio system from Newport News to Memphis consists of 1,120 miles; the Southern Pacific east from San Francisco to New Orleans, 2,495 miles, and the road south from Memphis to New Orleans, 455 miles. Mr. Huntington and his friends have thus completed a line of 4,070 miles, of which more than half had to be constructed, and the first and only line under one management between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

Virginia State Bonds.—The Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners of the State on Sept. 18 ordered the discontinuance of the funding of the tax receivable in coupons maturing after July 1, 1882, which coupons a recent decision of Judges Hughes and Bond, of the United States Court, had decided to be fundable, dollar for dollar, with 6 per cent interest. The Legislature, in the late extra session, passed a bill amending the Riddleberger Debt bill so as to stop this leak, but between the time of Judges Hughes' and Bond's decision and the passage of the act, \$300,000 of said coupons had been tendered, and under another decision of Judge Hughes \$100,000 of them had been funded. This funding is now stopped, and the case will be appealed to the United States Supreme Court.

--The Homestake Gold Mining Co. of Dakota has declared its usual monthly dividend (\$25,000) for August, payable at the Company's office, San Francisco, or at the office of the transfer agents, Messrs. Lounsbery & Haggin.

Auction Sales.—The following, seldom or never sold at the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction this week by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son:

Shares.	1
1,000 Fletcher Gold & Silver	
Mining Co	
200 Sterling Mining Co for \$90	
350 Winona Gold Mining	
.Co for .\$5	
Co	
ington RR. Cofor \$21	
1,221 Gold Mining & Smetling	
Cofor \$121	ł
50 Keeley Motor Co 918	
500 Evening Star Mining	
Co	
50 Gaines' Coal & Coke Co.	\$
50c. per share.	
200 Morning Star Consoli-	-
dated Mining Co\$1 per sh.	\$
100 Atlantic B'k of Brook-	
lyn	
5 Soleoid Telephone Co. for \$7 5 Putnam Co. Ice Co. for \$16	0
	\$
10 Mahopac Iron Ore Co.for \$235	

Shares.	
20 Addison & North, Penn-	
sylvania R'way Cofor	\$10
47 Tradesmen's Nat. Bk	10214
4 Home Insurance Co	130
224 Amer. Tel. & Cable Co.	50
50 North Riv. Constr. Co.	8
40 Mex. Cent. R'way Co	$8^{1}_{2}$
Bonds.	
\$160 Wab. Co. Trus. Ctfc's.	\$95
\$500 American Antimony	
Co. Bond, all but first 3	
coupons attachedfor	\$75
\$1,000 Chie. & Tomah RR.	
Co. 1st., 6s, due 1905	
112 g and	i int.
\$5,000 Mex. Cent. R'way 1st,	- ~
7s, due 1911	35
\$500 Mex. Cent. R'way, 10	F0.0
p. c. coup. note, due '89.	10%
\$1,000 Mex. Cent. R'way, 3 p.	01-
c. incomes	812

# The Bankers' Gazette.

#### DIVIDENDS.

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)
Railroads. Buffalo & Southwestern	31 <sub>2</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub>	Oct. 1 Oct. 21	Sept. 30 to Oct. 22

### NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 19, 1884-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—There has been no essential change in the financial situation since last week. The corn crop is now well assured, and the discussion about that must cease, as all authorities place the yield at the highest figures ever yet made in the country; and some claim that the out-turn will be 2,000,000,000 bushels.

In wheat there are many signs that the bottom has been reached, and some of the best judges of the market, both at home and abroad, are inclined to the view that the future trade is likely to be on a basis of firmer prices than those recently prevailing. As to the course of the market in the immediate future it is useless to predict, but on the more general view that the decline in wheat has gone quite as far as the statistical situation of the world now warrants, the opinions of these experts may be of value.

The condition of affairs among the anthracite coal companies has not radically improved, and it appears that the production of the year will yet be excessive without further suspensions of mining after the present month. To the end of August the production for eight months this year was 19,314,-273 tons, a decrease of only 636,886 tons compared with last year, notwithstanding the large increase of idle time. It is now reported in Philadelphia that a new combination has been agreed upon for 1885, similar to that of 1877, by which each company will be allotted a certain percentage of the total production, and these percentages are said to be as follows: Reading, 40; Lehigh Valley, 19; Delaware Lackawanna & Western, 17; Delaware & Hudson, 12; Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 9; Pennsylvania Coal Company, 4, and Lake Erie & Western 1. It is not understood, however, that this has been finally accepted by all the companies.

At the Stock Exchange there has been no great activity, and decided weakness in certain specialties has been the conspicuous feature. But so far as developments of fact are concerned, there have been at least two very good points—first, the report of Mr. Adams on Union Pacific for the year ending June 30, 1884, and, second, the regular annual report of Northern Pacific for the same year. A present decrease in earnings on the Northwestern roads, and the coquetting about the St. Paul dividend, together with the break in New Jersey Central, on reported Vanderbilt selling, have been the chief causes of weakness.

Rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged at 1 to 2 per cent, and to-day at 1@2 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 5@6 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a loss in specie of £335,383, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 45 3-16, against 45 4 last week; the discount rate remains at 2 per cent. The Bank of France gained 3,820,000 francs in gold and 3,078,000 francs in silver.

The New York Clearing-House banks, in their statement o Sept. 13, showed a decrease in surplus reserve of \$1,234,525, the total surplus being \$28,294,375, against \$29,528,900 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks.

	1884. Sept. 13.	Differ'nces fr'm Previous Week.	1983. Sept. 15.	1882. Sept. 16.
Loans and dis. Specie Circulation Net deposits Legal tenders.	74,100,100 14,185,300 303,599,300	Dec. 89.800 Dec. 964,300	58,879,300 15,533,470 317,911,500	52,632,700 18,371,200 301,824,300
Legal reserve Reserve held.	104,194,200	Dec. 1,475,600		74,444,100
Surplus	\$28,294,375	Dec. \$1,234,525	\$3,738,425	df.\$1,011,9

Exchange.—Business has been sluggish, and rates for sterling have declined another half cent this week. There does not appear to be a large supply of commercial bills, but the demand for exchange is light, and at present rates there would

be more talk of specie imports in the future if there were not so much uncertainty about the takings of our grain and cotton for export in the next three months, and also as to the movement of securities between New York and London.

To-day the rates on actual business were as follows, viz.: Bankers' 60 days sterling,  $4\ 82\frac{1}{4}$ @ $4\ 82\frac{1}{2}$ ; demand,  $4\ 84\frac{1}{4}$ @ $4\ 84\frac{1}{2}$ . Cables,  $4\ 84\frac{3}{4}$ @ $4\ 85$ . Commercial bills were  $4\ 80\frac{1}{2}$ @ $4\ 81$ . Continental bills were: Francs,  $5\ 21\frac{7}{8}$ @ $5\ 22\frac{1}{8}$  and  $5\ 19\frac{3}{8}$ @ $5\ 20$ ; reichmarks,  $94\frac{3}{4}$  and  $94\frac{7}{8}$ @95; guilders,  $39\frac{3}{4}$ @ $39\frac{7}{8}$  and  $40@40\frac{1}{8}$ .

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying 14 discount, selling 16 discount @ par; Charleston, buying 3-16@ 14 discount, selling par@16 premium; Boston, 10@15 premium; New Orleans, commercial, 50 discount; bank 100 premium; St. Louis, 90 premium; Chicago, par.

The posted rates of leading bankers are as follows:

September 19.	Sixty Days	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. Prime commercial Documentary commercial Paris (francs) Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	4 81 34 4 81 5 21 4 40 18	4 85 5 1834 403a 9518

Coins.—The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

Sovereigns\$4 84 @\$4 88	Silver 4s and 4s 99340 par.
Nanoleona	Five francs 92120 - 9412
X X Reichmarks, 4 74 @ 4 78	Mexican dollars $-87340 - 8814$
X Guilders 3 96 @ 4 00	Do uncommerc'l 8612 7
Span'h Doubloons. 15 55 @15 65	Peruvian soles $-79 \frac{1}{2} = 81$
Max. Doubloons 15 55 @15 65	English silver 4 80 @ 4 85
F ne silver bars 1 1018 2 1 1078	U. S. trade dollars — 87 & — —
Fine gold bars para 4 prem	U.S. silverdollars — 99% a par.
D. mes & 12 dimes 99120 par	

United States Bonds.—The firmness of last week was lost and prices have yielded slightly on all the leading classes of bonds.

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept. 19.
41gs, 1891reg.	QMar.	*11218	*11218	11248	*112	*112	*112
4 1907 reg.	QMar. QJan.	*11218	*11248	112 kg	*112 1194	*112 11918	*112 *119 <sup>1</sup> 8
4s, 1907coup. 3s, option U.Sreg.	QFeb.	*10058	*1003	1004	12038 101 *127	*1204 *1003 *127	*100 <sup>1</sup> 2 *127
6s, cur'ey, '95reg. 6s, cur'ey, '96reg.	J. & J.	*129	,	*127 *129 *131	*129	*129 *131	*129
63, cur'cy, '97reg. 63, cur'cy, '98reg. 63, cur'cy, '99reg.	J. & J.	*133 *135	*133 *135	*133 *135	*133 *135	*1331 <sub>2</sub> *1351 <sub>2</sub>	*133

\* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds.—Transactions in State bonds at the Board have been limited to a few small lots, including \$8,000 Alabama Class A at 80, \$2,500 Tennessee Compromise of 1882 at 44, and \$1,000 North Carolina 6s of 1919 at 108.

Railroad bonds have been very dull, and where any sales were made they were usually at lower prices. Erie seconds have been most notable for weakness, declining on the reports from London indicating that future coupons would probably be passed, and selling to-day as low as 54, but closing at 54¾. West Shore bonds close at 40½ and have not been at all active.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has shown much weakness in tone, and the prices of several leading stocks are considerably below the closing figures of The bear interest has lately been increasing though rather in the numbers on that side of the market than in the active operations of the well-known heavy bears—and with each new sign of weakness the short sales have increased. Railroad earnings have also been less favorable in September. and the market in these times will move up or down on one week's earnings, without stopping a moment to ask what the earnings of the other 51 weeks of the year are likely to be. Added to these facts, it has been are likely to be. Added to these facts, it has apparent for some time that the coal roads not in a good position, and the break in Jersey Central on reported sales by Mr. Vanderbilt gave rise to apprehension of other declines. While these circumstances were pending, and just when the public was looking for the dividend on St. Paul to steady things, the directors of that company, for reasons best known to themselves, delayed for a few days the dividend, and announced instead a new issue of \$5,000,000 bonds, and then after St. Paul had declined to 7914 this morning the dividend was declared.

The strongest point this week was the report of President Adams on Union Pacific, for the year ending June 30, which was so favorable an exhibit as to steady for a time not only that stock but the whole market. The Northern Pacific annual report was also considered very good, and it was clearer and more practically useful than any report of recent years.

To-day the tone was very weak in the morning, led by St. Paul and Northwest, but in the afternoon there was a much better feeling and a sharp recovery, the best prices being made towards the close, when Union Pacific sold at 50, St. Paul at 80¾, Northwest at 91¾, Lackawanna at 107¼, Central of New Jersey at 48½ and New York Central at 99½.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES FOR WEEK ENDING SEPT. 19, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1884.

STOCKS .			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OWEST P		Fraida-	Sales of the Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1884.	Year
BIOCKS	Saturday, Sept. 13.	Monday, Sept. 15.	Tuesday, Sept. 16.	Wednesday, Eept. 17.	Thursday, Sept. 18.	Friday, Sept. 19.	(Shares).	I owest.	Highest.	Low.
AILROADS.				.,				126 July 3	135 Jan. 30	127
	61 61		×62				42	8012 Mar. 27	90 Aug. 19 80 Jan. 10	78
nadian Pacific		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{43}{3334}$ $\frac{443}{3334}$	* 44 34 34	~321 <sub>2</sub>	3,500 1,635	39 June 27 2434 June 27	584 Jan. 18 57% Feb. 11	487µ
nada Southern dar Falls & Minnesota	34 35	55 56 <sup>1</sup> 8	54 558	50 5412	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	461, 403,	43,855	8 May 22 4612 Sept. 19	12 Jan. 18	10
ntral of New Jerseyntral Pacific.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3918 3914	3834 39	38 <sup>1</sup> 2 38 <sup>1</sup> 2	40 4014	*39 40 *8 8	1,920	30 June 27	6734 Jan. 10 15 Jan. 2	
esapeake & Ohio	*14 <sup>1</sup> 4 15	114 15 8	*1312 1412	*14 15	$11_{23}$ $15$ $83_{4}$ $83_{4}$	*1414 15 *8 912	300	9 June 20 7 May 26	28 Feb. 1	23 143 <sub>4</sub>
Do 2d pref	*83 <sub>4</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	130 130		133 133	*13012132	336	118 June 23	14014 Feb. 5	128
icago Burlington & Quincy.	$122\frac{5}{8}123\frac{1}{4}$ $83\frac{1}{8}8188$	$\frac{120^{5}8}{81^{5}8} \frac{122^{5}8}{83^{5}8}$	8058 8213	$120\frac{1}{2}121\frac{3}{8}$ $80\frac{1}{2}82\frac{1}{4}$	807 82	7914 8118	324,390	5×14 June 27	12734 eb. 1t 944 au. 3	9134
Do pref. dicago & Northwestern	$108  109\frac{1}{2} \\ 97\frac{1}{4}  98\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{106\frac{1}{2}}{94\frac{3}{4}} \frac{106\frac{3}{4}}{97\frac{1}{2}}$	107 12 107 12	$\frac{10784108}{924} \frac{1078}{9378}$	$\begin{array}{c} 107\frac{1}{2}107\frac{1}{2} \\ 92 & 93\frac{7}{8} \end{array}$	905 92	235,009	81 4 June 23	119 reb. 16 124 Feb. 12	1154
Do pref.	$132\frac{1}{2}133 \\ 114\frac{3}{4}116$	$130  130 \\ 114_{2115}$	$\frac{128}{112}  \frac{150}{114}$	128 129	$128  129\frac{1}{2} \\ 113\frac{1}{2}  113\frac{1}{2}$	$124 - 127 \\ 1117 \\ 1121_2$	2.362	117 June 23 1004 June 23	149 % Feb. 12 126% Feb. 11	134
icago St. Louis & Pittsburg.	8 10	48 10	*8 10 -	* 20	*8 10 * 20	* 20		634 June 26 18 July 22	134 Jan. 5	10 2
icago St. Paul Minn. & Om.	33 33	3134 3213	30 3112	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2934 3058 914 9242		21% June 26	384 Ang. 20 100 Aug. 20	30
Do pref. eveland Col. Cinn. & Ind	$\begin{array}{cccc} 933_4 & 933_4 \\ 404_2 & 41. \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{ccc}       93^{1} & 93^{1} \\       39 & 40     \end{array} $	*35 3812	36 36	*38 40	*38 40	845	28 June 27 125 le June 24	69 12 Mar. 14	54 124 b
reland & Pittsburg, guar.	107 10818	10234 10738	$102^{1}\!_{2}104^{1}\!_{2}$	$138\frac{1}{2}138\frac{1}{2}$ $102\frac{1}{4}106\frac{1}{2}$	104 10618		250,040	90 12 May 26	13318 Mar. 1	1114
nver & Rio Grandest Tennessee Va. & Ga	·51 <sub>4</sub> 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 11 51 <sub>4</sub> 53 <sub>4</sub>	$10^{7}8   11$ $25   5^{1}2$		5 5	1,470 2,500	63 <sub>8</sub> June 23 31 <sub>2</sub> May 14	814 Feb. 15	
Do pref.	10 10	817 817	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	734 734	*7 <sup>1</sup> 2 ······	700	6 June 12 32 Aug. 1	14 ½ Feb. 15 51 Jan. 7	11 <sup>1</sup> 4
ansville & Terre Haute een Bay Winona & St. Paul	*434 6	191 191	*4 6	*4 612	*4 638	*41 <sub>2</sub> 63 <sub>8</sub>	140	4 May 8		190
urlem ouston & Texas Central	*30 35	* 35	* 35	*33 *122 <sup>1</sup> 2 123	*33 124 124	$\begin{array}{c} 30 & 30 \\ *122 \stackrel{1_2}{}_{2} & 123 \stackrel{1_2}{}_{2} \end{array}$	225	20. June 26		50
inois Central		12334 12334		84 84		*1412 1512	17	70 July 8	86 Mar. 6	77
diana Bloomingt'n & West'n ke Erie & Western	$15   15   13^{1}_{2}   13^{1}_{2}$	*14½ 15½ *12½ 14	12 12	$\begin{array}{cccc} 15 & 15 \\ 12 & 12 \\ 572 & 587 \end{array}$	*14½ 16 11¼ 11¼ 775 7%	*1144 1240	*400	9 June 21 6% June 27	1934 Jan. 7	13.
ke Shore	7918 7978	78 <sup>1</sup> 4 79 <sup>5</sup> 8		*64 67	*64 67	164 67	69,890	62 May 24	10434 Mar. 4 7814 Mar. 15	9284
uisville & Nashville	297 <sub>8</sub> 30	29 <sup>5</sup> 8 30 18 18	2834 2934	2914 3014	29 <sup>3</sup> 8 30 <sup>1</sup> 8	2914 3014	100	22 <sup>1</sup> 2 June 24 12 June 27	51% Mar. 4 35 Jan. 4	405   30
inhattan Elevated		6512 6512					400	40 Jan. 22 82 Jan. 21		38
Do lst pref common.	755 755	74 75 8	70 74	$70^{1}_{2}$ $71^{1}_{2}$	74 74	7412 7412		42 Jan. 23 70 Aug. 18	65 Aug. 21	38
nhattan Beach Co	$75\frac{5}{8}$ $75\frac{5}{8}$ $10\frac{3}{4}$ $11\frac{3}{4}$	11 12 11 12	1118 1114	*11 11 <sup>1</sup> 2	1112 1112		700	10 Aug. 20	24 Mar. 15	124
emphis & Charleston				*26* 28				23 June 27 85 June 30	105 Apr. 15	76
chigan Central	66 67	*6 <b>6</b> 70	65 6514	0434 6134			900	5134 June 27 10 Feb. 11	16 Jan. 7	10
Do pref.	*14 ¹8	*14	- 13 <sup>1</sup> 2 13 <sup>1</sup> 2				120	3234 May 26 712 June 23	44 Apr. 10 1812 Jan. 7	1634
nneapolis & St. Louis Do pref.	*31 ½ 1834 1938	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2712 29	$^{*28\frac{1}{2}}_{16\frac{3}{4}} \frac{30}{177_{8}}$			28,425	17 June 21 912 June 27	364 Feb. 11	
ssouri Kansas & Texas	9012 9118	90 8 90 8		90% 91%		9 10	17,150	63 ½ May 20	100 June 21 1334 Mar. 24	86
obile & Ohio		*122 125	*121 125	124 124	*122 126	*122 126	10	116 June 27	127 Jan. 29	120
shv.Chattanooga & St.Louis w York Central & Hudson.	1004 101 3	199 10113		98 y 995 <sub>8</sub>	9834 9913				122 Mar. 13	11112
w York Chie. & St. Louis Do pref.	$^{6}_{14}$ $^{6}_{14}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$ $6\frac{1}{4}$ *11 12	11 11	*11 12	*5 <sup>3</sup> 4 6 <sup>1</sup> 4 *11 12	*11 11 11 1	100	9 May 14	101 <sub>8</sub> Feb. 15 203 <sub>4</sub> Feb. 14	1334
w York Elevated	86 89	*86 88		*8494 8794	*83 8734				1.0 June 13 94 12 Apr. 12	8334
ew York Lack, & Western ew York Lake Eric & West.	$14  14^{3}_{4} \\ 30^{1}_{2}  30^{1}_{2}$	14 8 14 34	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1312 14	1334 14	13% 13%		11 18 June 27 20 June 27	284 Jan. 5	
ew York & New England	30.5 30.5	177 177	175 175		1			- 8 lnne 24	17 12 Apr. 4	172
ew York New Haven & Hart. ew York Ontario & Western.	$*113_4 121_2$	1134 1238	1078 1112		*1114	*1014 1114	906	7 June 27	16 2 an. 7	15%
ew York Suso, & Western								3 July 12 91 <sub>2</sub> Aug. 20	184 Feb. 16	14
orfolk & Western	26 26	^26 28				*26 28	100	10 Jan. 29 22 July 9	42 Feb. 15	32
orthern Pacific	$21\frac{1}{4}$ $21\frac{5}{8}$ $48\frac{1}{2}$ $49$	$\frac{20^{5}8}{48}$ $\frac{20^{3}4}{48^{12}}$			21 21 4778 481 <sub>2</sub>	2078 2078 4758 4818	29,891	14 June 27 374 June 27	27 Jan. 7	23 4 493
hio Central	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 334			234 3	20 12 20 12	4,860	1% June 18 14% May 14	4 2 Sept. 5	21
nio & Mississippi	*20% 21%	9 9		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 912		1,200	5 June 12 834 Aug. 8	9 12 Aug. 27	7
regon Short Line	$13\frac{7}{8}$ $15\frac{3}{8}$			124 134			30,600	64 June 26	34 % Jan. 7	294
oria Decatur & Evansville	$\frac{14^{1}_{4}}{26^{1}_{8}}$ $\frac{14^{1}_{4}}{26^{1}_{4}}$				2434 254	1	22,300	22 June 2	173, Aug. 20 60% Feb. 23	464
ttsburg Ft. Wayne & Chic ch. & Alleg., st'k trust ctfs					3 3		100	120 June 30 2 May 24	135 Apr. 14 5 Jan. 11	129 5
ichmond & Danvilleichmond & W't P't Terminal	*42 45 *19 21	*42 12 44 *19 20 12		18 18		*38 424	600	32 July 3 12 June 26	61 Feb. 14	47
ochester & Pittsburg		414 412	414 414		1	412 41		17 <sub>6</sub> July 24 19 Aug. 6	16 le Feb. 4	14
ome Watertown & Ogdensb . Louis Alton & Terre Haute								18 June 27 70 July 3	50 Mar. 17	35
Do pref. Louis & San Francisco			2114 2114		2142 2134		925	11 2 June 26	29 12 Aug. 22	204
Do pref. Do 1st pref.		4258 4258		40 40 *83 85	4112 4212	*40 ½ 43 85 85	1,050	70 May 15		87
Paul & Duluth			75 75				100	15 June 30 65 July 11	90 Jan. 26	90
Paul Minneap. & Manitoba	$^{*95_{12}}_{12_{8}}$ $^{96_{12}}_{13}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8912 8912	*91 93 1034 1114	90 - 91 107 <sub>8</sub> 111 <sub>4</sub>		11,225	78 3 June 27 5 2 June 27	99 Jan. 7	17 4
nion Pacific	4.15 4415	4704 4938	4512 4834	45 8 48%			328,097	28 June 30 4 June 27	84 % Feb. 16	704
abash St ouis & Pacific Dr pref.	*13 17	*13 18	14 14	*13 18	13 13	1213 121		9 May 20	32 Jan. 5	11 000
mis LL\NEOUS. merica: Tel. & Cable Co		*55 5612			*5212 5612	*5312 5614			61% Jan. 8	
ankere' & Merchants' Tel olorado Coal & Iron	*5 10 *9 10	*5 16 *9 10	9 10	*9 10	*4 10 *9 11		1,100	5 Sept.16	12734 Apr. 16 17 2 Mar. 17 114 Feb. 11	1184
elaware & Hudson Canal utual Union Telegraph	92 95	87 9014	8178 8734	8413 86	8412 86	8518 87	13,717	10 May 16	173a Jan. 10	10
ew York & Texas Land Co regon Improvement Co	20 20	18 197	1612 18	1612 161	1612 17	1612 1614	2,290	122 Jan. 7	170 Feb. 9	55
regon Railway & Nav. Co	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	70 71	65 6934	6514 671	6678 684	6634 67	7,110	6034 June 26	112 Jan. 28 563 Mar. 17	90
allman Palace Car Co	11412 11442	11378115	11334 11334	11112 11114	*112 114	112 1121	515	90 May 24	117 Jan. 7	1124
icksilver Mining	*28 31	*27 31	·2018 21	128 31	*23 31	*28 31	07.017	20 June 20	642 Feb. 11 3242 Feb. 5	30
estern Union Telegraph		1			i	1			78 % Feb. 16	11
lamsnerican		*130 132 *92 94	*92 94	*130 133   *92 94	*130 135 94 94	*130 135 *92 94	5	126 July 13 87 June 2	102 - Mar. 2t	1 8×
nited States	*52 54	54 54	*52 54 105 106	·52 54 ·104 108	*103 108	$\begin{vmatrix} *52 & 54 \\ 107 & 107 \end{vmatrix}$	127	45 May 17	61 12 Feb. 7 115 Feb. 13	1 55 %
IN COTIVE - TOCKS.		1	į ·	i	!	j	1 00	1	80% Jan. 7	11
ichison Topeka & Santa Fe nicago & Alton, pref				7112 7112				142 June 13	152 Feb. 16	1140
olumbia & Greenville, pref olumbus Chic. & Jud. Central								33 Feb. 11 1 Feb. 14	2 Jan. 17	14
anbury & Norwalk ubuque & Sioux City								50 Jan. 21 56 July 17		
oliet & Chicago								137 Apr. 12 5 July 7	145 Mar. 4	138
eokuk & Des Moines ouisiana & Mo. River, pref								38 July 20	40 July 2.	i
hio & Mississippi, pref ensselaer & Saratoga								138 June !>	90 Jan. 9 1464 Apr. 18	139 4
nited Companies of N. J								192 3 ann. 8	103 \( \text{Mar. 21} \) 21 \( \text{Jan. 24} \)	187 2
liginia Midland										

<sup>\*</sup> These are the prices bid and asked; no sale was made at the Board.

<sup>†</sup> Lower price is ex-dividend.

# QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS, SEPTEMBER 19, 1884. STATE BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	
Alabama—Class A, 1906. Class B, 5s, 1906. Class C, 4s, 1906. 6s, 10-20s, 1900 Arkansas—5s, funded. 7s, L. Rock & Ft. S. iss. 7s, Memp.& L. Rock R R 7s, L. R.P.B. & N.O. R R 7s, Miss. O. & R. R R. 7s, Arkansas Cent. R R. Georgia—6s, 1886. 7s, 1886. 7s, gold, 1890	2 5 5 5 5 8 98 102	9	6s. due 1889 or 1890 Asy!'m or Univ., due '92: Funding, 1894-95 Hannibal & St. Jo., '86. New York-6s, reg., 1887- 6s, loan, 1891 6s, loan, 1892 N. Carolina-6s, old. J. &J	102 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 108 109 115 103 106 112 115 117		New bonds, J.&J., '92-8' Special tax, all classes, Do Wil.C.&Ru.R Consol. 48, 1910	18 3 81 108 2 104 393	33 <sub>4</sub> 106 40	C'mp'mise, 3-4-5-6s, 1912 Virginia—6s, old. 6s, new, 1866 6s, consol, bonds 6s, ex-matured coupon 6s, consol., 2d series 6s, deferred District of Columbia— 3-65s, 1924 Registered	37 45 35 40 4 10034	45	
1			13	ALL	ROA	D BONDS.	٠.					

78. Miss. O. & R. R. R.R. 78. Arkansas Cent. RR.	5 3		6s, loan, 1892	115		non-fundable, 1888. (Brown consol'n 6s, 1893	104	334	District of Columbia— 3-65s, 1924	10934	
		104	6s, loan, 1893 N. Carolina—6s, old. J.&J	$\frac{117}{29}$		Tennessee—6s, old.1892-8 6s, new, 1892-8-1900	393 <sub>4</sub> 394 <sub>2</sub>	40	Registered Funding 58, 1899	10013	
7s, gold, 1890	108	112	Funding act, 1863-1868	9	EPAN N	BONDS.		40	T THIRTIE WAS TOWN		
-			18	AR # 17	IS COAL	i intra ins.		· · ·			1
SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	ASE.
Railroad Bonds.			Del. L. & WContin'd- M. & E. bonds, 7s, 1900		1	Marietta & Cin.—1st, 7s. Metropolit'n El.—1st,1908	10534	1057a	Penn. RRContinued- Pitts, Ft.W.& Chic1st	137	
	,		78 of 1871, 1901 1st, consol., guar., 7s			2d, 6s, 1899 Mex. Cent.—1st, 7s, 1911.	92 to 35		2d, 7s, 1912 3d, 7s, 1912		130
(Stock Exclange Prices.)			N.Y. Lack.& W18t. 08	110	118	Mich.Cent.—Cons.7s, 1902 Consol. 5s, 1902			Clev.& PittsCons.s.fd. 4th.s.fd.,6s,1892	1224	113
Alleg'v Cent.—1st,68,1922	*	95	Del.& Hud. Canal—1st, 7s	114	115	6s, 1909 Conpon, 5s, 1931			St.L.V.&T.H1st,g.,7s 2d, 7s, 1898	*110	
Atch.T.&S. Fe-4 128, 1920 Sinking fund, 68, 1911			1st. ext., 7s, 1891 Coupon, 7s, 1894	1154		Registered, 5s. 1931		10014	2d. guar., 7s, 1898 Pitts, B.& B.—1st, 6s, 1911	*107	80
Atl. & Pac.—1st, 6s, 1910. Balt. & O.—1st, 6s, Prk.Br.	*116	81 12	Registered, 18, 1891	••••	130	Jack. Lan. & Sag68, '91. Milw. & No1st, 68, 1910		83	Rome W.& Og1st.7s.'91		
Bost. Hartf. & E.—1st, 18		15	1st, Pa. Div., eg., 1817. 1st, Pa. Div., reg., 1917. Alb. & Susq.—1st, 7s	108	110	st, 6-, 1884-1913 Mil.L.S.&W.—1st,6s,1921	אי ווון		Con., 1st, ext., 5s, 1922 Roch.& Pitt.—1st, 6s, 1921		
Eur. C. Rap. & No 1st, 58 Minn. & St. L 1st, 78, gu.	100	104	2d, 7s, 1885 1st.cons., guar.7s,1906	125		Minn.& St.L.—1st,7s,1927 Iowa Ext.—1st, 7s, 1909		112	Consol., 1st, 6s, 1922 Rich.&Alleg.—1st,7s,1920	51 92%	35
Ia. City. & West.—1st, 7s C.Rap. I. F. & N.—1st, 6s			Registered		11514	2d. 7s, 1891. S'thw.Ext.—1st, 7s, 1910	11112	112	Rich. & Danv.—Cons.,g.,6s Debenture 6s, 1927	55	56
1st, 5s, 1921 Buff, N.Y. & P.—Cons., 6s	00	60	Registered		135	Dog Ext let he luci	1027	7222	Atl.& Ch.—1st,pf.,7s, '97 Incomes, 1900	******	95
General, 6s, 1924 Can. So.—1st, int. guar. 5s		9712	1st, reg., 78, 1921		134	Mo.K.& T.—Gen'l,6s,1920 General, 5s, 1920. Cous. 7s, 1904-5-6.	*103	104	Scioto Val.—1st, cons., 7s. St. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s	104 5	110
2d, 5s, 1913	*77		1st, consol., 7s, 1910 Den.So.Pk.& Pac.—1st, 7s	40	85	H & Cent Mo -1st '90	10312	65	2d. 7s, 1897 Arkansas Br'ch—1st, 7s	105	
Central Iowa—1st, 7s, '99 East. Div.—1st, 6s, 1912	60	100 65	Den. & RioG. West1st, 6s Det. Mack. & Marq1st, 6s	0.0	34	Mobile & Ohio-New 68.	******	103-2	Cairo & Fulton-1st, 7s Cairo Ark. & T1st, 7s	*103	105
III. Div.—1st, 68, 1912			Land grant, 3½s, S.A E.T.Va.&Ga.—1st,7s,1900	12.2		1st. Extension, 6s, 1927			Gen'l r'y & l. gr., 58,1931 St.L.Alton & T.H.—1st,78	*67	70
Char. Col. & Aug.—1st, 7s Ches. & O.—Pur.money fd.		3	1st, cons., 5s, 1930 Divisional 5s, 1930	57	1 58	Nach Chat & St L _ let 7g		118	2d, pref., 7s, 1894 2d, income, 7s, 1894		112 103
68, gold, series A, 1908. 68, gold, series B, 1908.	84	85	Eliz.C.&N.—S.f.,deb.,c.,68	•••••	1	2d, 6s, 1901 N. Y. Central—6s, 1887 Deb. certs., ext'd 5s	711-2	10414	St. P. Minn & Man1st.78	115 110	110
68, currency, 1918 Mortgage 68, 1911			1st, 6s, 1920 Eliz.Lex.& Big Sandy—6s Erie—1st, extended, 7s		1261	N.Y.C.& H.—1st, cp., 7s	40.	131	2d, 6s, 1909. Dakota Ext 6s, 1910	109 -	110
Ches.O. & WM. 5-6s Chicago & Alton-1st, 7s.	1164		2d. extended, 58, 1919		110	1st, reg., 1903 Hud.Riv.—7s,2d, s.f., '85 Harlem—1st, 7s, coup	*103 2	130	1st, consol., 6s, 1933 1st. cons., 6s, reg., 1933.		
Sinking fund, 6s, 1903 La. & Mo. Riv.—1st, 7s.		11812	4th, extended, 5s, 1920.			1st, 7s. reg., 1900 N.Y. Elev'd—1st, 7s, 1906		123101	Min's Un.—1st, 6s, 1922 St. P. & Dul.—1st, 5s, 1931		
2d, 7s, 1900. St. L. Jack. & Chic.—1st	1174	116	5th, 7s, 1888. 1st, cons., gold, 7s, 1920	112	116	N.Y.P.& O.—Pr.l'n, 68, '95 N.Y.C.& N.—Gen., 68, 1910		35	So. Car. R'y-1st, 6s, 1920	.70	103
1st, guar. (564), 7s, '94 2d (360), 7s, 1898	118		1st, cons., fd coup., 7s Reorg., 1st lien, 6s, 1908		97	Trust Co. receipts. N.Y. & N. Engl'd-1st, 7s		30	Shenand'hV.—1st,7s,1909 General, 6s, 1921	104	8284
2d, guar. (188), 78, 788			Long Fock b'nds, 7s, '93 Buff.N.Y.& E.—1st.1916	100	TOT	1st, 6s, 1905 N.Y.C.&St.L1st,6s,1921	*****	94.43	Tex.Cen.—1st, s.f., 7s, 1909 1st mort., 7s, 1911	97 97	
6.B.& Q.—Consol.7s, 1903 5s, sinking fund, 1901	*1024		N.Y.L.E.&WNew2d6 Collat'l trust,6s,1922			2d, 6s, 1923 N.Y.W.Sh.& Buff.—Cp.,5s			Tol. Del. & Burl.—Main,6s 1st, Dayt. Div., 6s, 1910	416	
58, debentures, 1913 18. Div.—5. fd., 58, 1919	1054	2	Buff. & S.WM., 68, 1908 Ev. & T. H1st, cons., 68		91:34	Registered 5s 1931			1st, Ter'l trust, 6s, 1910 Tex.& N. O.—1st, 7s, 1905		
Sinking fund, 48, 1919 Denver Div.—48, 1922	20 5	88	Mt. Vern'n-1st, 68, 1923 Fl't& P. MarqM. 68, 1920	*114	107	N.Y.Susq.&West.—1st, 6s Debenture, 6s, 1897 Midland of N.J.—1st, 6s N.Y.N.H.&H.—1st, rg, 4s			Sabine Div1st.6s,1912 Va. MidM. inc., 6s, 1927	80	85
Plain 4s, 1921 C.R.I.& P.—6s, cp., 1917.	124	125	Gal. Har. & S. Aut1st, 68 2d, 7s, 1905	. 011	10742	N.Y.N.H.&H.—1st.rg., 4s	103	i	Wab.St.L.&Pac.—Gen 108	*	6934
Keek & Des M _1st 5s	1.4		11. 2d 6s 1931			Nevada Central—1st, 6s N.Pac.—G.l.gr., 1st, cp., 6s Registered, 6s, 1921		10338	Chic. Div.—5s, 1910 Hav. Div.—6s, 1910 Tol.P.&W.—1st, 7s, 1917	*50 80	85
Central of N.J.—1st, 1890 1st consolassented, 1899	1034	2 10434	Gulf Col.& S. Fe-78, 1909	109	11012	N.O. Pac.—1st, 6s, g., 1920 Norf.&W.—Gen'l, 6s, 1931	50	53 100	Iowa Div.—68, 1921 Ind'polis Div.—68, 1921	^50	75
Adjustment, 78, 1903	1034	100 2	Hann. & St. Jos8s.conv.	101%	10134		-93		Detroit Div.—6s, 1921 Cairo Div.—5s, 1931	65 55	
Conv. debent. 6s, 1908 Leh. & W.B.—Con.g'd, as.		97	Consol. 68, 1911 Houston & Texas Cent.—			Consolidated 78, 1898	11012		Wabash-Mort. 78, 1909 Tol. & W.—1st. ext., 78		103
Am. D'k& Imp58, 1921 Chic. Mil. & St. Paul -		100	1st, M. L., 7s 1st, Western Div., 7s	103	1	1st, Springfield Div., 7s Ohio Central—1st, 6s, 1920	••••	109 5978	1st, St. L. Div., 7s, '89	93 881 <sub>3</sub>	90
1st, 8s, P. D. 2d, 73-10, P.D., 1898	*		1st, Waco & No., 7s 2d, consol., maine line, 8s	118	1	1st, Term'l Tr., 6s, 1920 1st, Min'l Div., 6s, 1921		58	Equipm't bds, 7s, '83. Consol. conv., 7s, 1907	70	
1st, 7s, \$ g., R.D., 1902. 1st, LaC. Div., 7s, 1893.	116	11778	2d. Waco & No., 8s, 1915 General, 6s, 1921	1		Ohio So.—1st, 68,1921	75	80	Gt.West'n—1st, 7s, '88 2d. 7s, 1893	103	
1st, I. & M., 7s, 1897 1st, I. & D., 7s, 1899	116	117	Houst.E.&W.Tex.—1st,7s 2d, 6s, 1913			Or.&Transc'l-68.'82-1922	60	71 <sup>1</sup> 2	Q.& Tol.—1st, 7s, 1890 Han.& Naples—1st, 7s		
1st, C. & M., 7s, 1903 Consol. 7s, 1905	119	130 120	Illinois Central— Springfield Div.—Cp. 6s.				10612		Ill.& So. Ia.—1st, ex., 6s St. L. K. C. & N.—R. e., 7s		101
2d, 78, 1884	11183	4	C.St.L.& N.O.—Ten.l.,78	2119L	12140	Oreg'n RR.& Nav.—1st.6s Panama—S.f., sub.6s, 1910 Peoria Dec. & Ev.—1st. 6s Evans. Div.—1st.6s, 1920 Peoria & Pek. U'n—1st, 6s	95 *94 1 <sub>6</sub>	·	Omaha Div.—1st, 7s Clar'da Br.—6s, 1919		100
1st, S.W. Div., 6s, 1909.	941	4	200, 00, 2001	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		Peoria & Pek.U'n—1st, 6s Pacific Railroads—	*	104	St.Chas.Bge.—1st, 6s No. Missouri—1st, 7s.	*74 *109	
1st, S. Minn. Div., 6s, 1910 1st, H. & D., 7s, 1910	11164	$\frac{108}{212^{1}2}$		*114		Central Pac.—G., 6s San Joaquin Br.—6s	1111 <sub>2</sub> *103 <sup>1</sup> 2	1124	West Un. Tel.—1900, coup.	108	11118
Chic.& Pac.Div.,68,1910 1st,Chic.& P.W.,58,1921	91	113	Ced. F. & Minn.—1st, 7s Ind. Bl. &W.—1st pref., 7s			Cal. & Oregon—1st, 6s Cal. & Or.—Ser. B, 6s.	4444	102	N.W. Telegraph—7s, 1904 Mut.Un.Tel.—S.fd,6s,1911	72	
Min'l Pt. Div., 58, 1910. C.& L.Sup. Div., 58, 1921	94	- 200	1st, 4-5-6s, 1909 2d, 4-5-6s, 1909 Eastern Div., 6s, 1921	55	82	Land grant bonds, 6s. West. Pac.—Bonds, 6s	1004		Spring Val. W.W1st,6s	•••••	
Chic. & Northwest.—	92	93	Indianap.D.& Spr.—18t, 18		103	No.R way (Cal.)—1st, 6s so. Pac. of Cal.—1st, 6s	108	109 100 m	INCOME BONDS.		
Sink, fund, 78, 1885 Consol, bonds, 78, 1915.	1	2 103 133	2d, 5s, 1911	1101 75	80	So. Pac. of Ariz'a—1st, 6s So. Pac. of N. Mex1st, 6s	964		(Interest payable if carned.)		
Extension bonds, 7s, '85 1st. 7s, 1885	1023	103 103	Coupon, 6s, 1909 Kent'ky Cent.—M.6s,1911			Union Pacific—1st, 6s Land grants, 7s, '87-89	1100	109	Alleg'ny Cent.—Inc., 1912 Atl. & Pac.—Inc., 1910	15	17
Coupon, gold, 78, 1902 Regist'd, gold, 78, 1902.	124		Lake Shore— M. S. & N. I., 8. f., 7s	1033	103	Sinking funds, 8s, '93. Reg., 8s, 1893	101		Central of N. J.—1908	*75	
Sinking fund, 68, 1929 Sink, fund, 68, 1929, reg		. 115	Cleve. & Tol.—Sink'g fd. New bonds, 7s, 1886			Collateral Trust, 68 do 58, 1907			Ch.St.P.&M.—L.gr.inc.,68 Cnic. & E. Ill.—Inc., 1907		
Sinking fund, 58, 1929 Sink, fund, 58, 1929, reg		2 103 2	Buff. & Erie-New bds.	*117		Kans.Pac.—1st, 6s, '95 1st, 6s, 1896	10612	10758	DesM.& Pt.D.—1st,inc.,6s Det. Mack. & Marg.—1nc.		
Sink'g fd. deb., 5s, 1933 Escanaba & L.S.—1st,6s		8	Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st. Det.M. & T.—1st,7s,1906 Lake Shore—Div. bonds			Denv. Div. 68, as'd, '99 1st, consol., 68, 1919	1054		E.T.V.&Ga.—Inc.,6s,1931 Elizab. C. & Nor.—2d, inc.	15	1719
Des M. & Min'ap.—1st,7s Iowa Midland—1st, 8s	124		Consol., coup., 18t, 78.	123	126	C.Br.U.PF.c., 78, '95			Gr.Bay W. & St. P 2a, inc. Ind. Bl. & W Inc., 1919	*16	
Peninsula—1st, conv. 7s Chic.& Milw'kee—1st,7s	1	124	Consol., coup., 2d, 78	116	118	At. J. Co. & W1st, 68			Consol., inc., 6s, 1921 Ind's Dec. & Spr'd—2d,inc.	*15	80
Win.& St.P.—1st. 7s, '87 2d, 7s, 1907	118	2 10634	Long Isl. RR1st. 78, '98	119.	10112	Ut. So.—Gen., 78, 1909		97-2	Leh. & Wilkesb. Coal—'85		75
Mil.& Mad.—1st,6s,1905 C.C.& Ind's—1st,7s,s.fd.	121	21.5	1st, consol., 5s, 1931 Louis, West.—1st. 6s	101		Il ar - Dea lot cono Go	933 <sub>4</sub>	95	Lake E.& W.—Inc.,78,'99 Sand'ky Div.—Inc.,1920	*15	
Consol. 7s, 1914 Consol. sink. fd., 7s, 1914		. 123	Louisville & Nashville— Consol., 78, 1898	114 1		Pac. of Mo.—1st, 6s 2d, 7s, 1891	1034	10334	Laf. Bl.&MunInc.,78,'9! Mil. L. Sh.& WIncomes	*15	7934
General consol., 6s. 1934 C.St.P.M.& O.—Consol. 6s	1 1107	8 111	Cecilian Br'ch-78, 1907 N.O.& Mob1st,68,1930	1	. 80	St. L. & S. F.—2d, 6s, Cl A	983	9858	Mob.& O.—1st, prf., deben 2d, pref., debentures	65	6712
C.St.P.&M.—1st.6s, 1918 No. Wis.—1st. 6s, 1930.	4119	118	2d, 6s, 1930 E. H.& N.—1st. 6s, 1919 General, 6s, 1930		90	3-68, Class B, 1906 1st. 68. Pierce C. & O.	99		3d, pref., debentures 4th, pref., debentures		
St.P.& S.C181.68,1919 Chic. v. F.HI181.8.f.,cur.	117	1	Pensacola Div68.1920			Equipment, 78, 1895 Gen'l mort 68, 1931	*92	102	N.Y.Lake E.&W.—Inc. 6s N.Y.P.&O.—1st,inc.ac.,7s	*36	503
Chic. St. L.& P.—1st, con.5s Chic. & Atl.—1st, 6s, 1920	*	. 104 4	St. L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921 2d, 3s, 1980.	1	-1 0- 2	So. Pac. of Mo.—1st.6s	*100		Ohio Cent.—Income, 1920 Min'l Div.—Inc.,78,1921	5	7
2d, 6s, 1923			Nashv. & Dec.—18t. 78. S.&N.Ala.—S.f.,68,1910	1	-	Income & Id. gr., rez.	31	76 35	Ohio So.—2d inc., 6s, 192) Ogdens.& L.C.—Inc., 1920	. 19	
Gen'l mort., 6s, 1932 Col. & Green.—1st, 6s, 1916		. 100	Louisy, C.& L.—68, 1931	75	79	1st, Rio G. Div., 68, 1930	46	4734	PeoriaD.&Ev.—Inc., 1920 Evansy. Div.—Inc., 1920	*25 *25	
2d, 6s, 1926	*	. 70	Trust bonds, 6s, 1922. L.Erie & W.—1st. 6s, 1919 Sandusky Div.—6s, 1919	81	85 80	Pennsylvania RR.— Pa.Co.'s guar.4 las,1st,cp		96	Peoria & Pek. Un Inc., 68 Roch & Pittsb Inc., 1921	*53	
Del. L.& W.—78, conv., '92 Mortgage 78, 1907	1 1 6	105	Laf. Bl.& M.—1st, 6s, 1919 Louisv. N. Alb. & C.—1st, 6s	83	94	Registered, 1921 Pitt.C.& St.L.—1st, c.,78	943		Rome W. & Og.—Inc., 78. So.Car.Rv.—Inc., 68, 1931		28 50
Syr. Bing. & N.Y.—1st,7s Morris & Essex—1st, 7s	135	1	M unhat. B'ch Co.—78,1909	*76		1st, reg., 7s, 1900			St.L.&I.Mt.—1st,7s,pr.i.a St. L.A.& T. H.—Div. bds.	35	40
2d, 7s, 1891	1210			1	l	11	1	<u> </u>			

<sup>\*</sup> No prices Friday; these are latest quotations made this week.

Digitized FRASER

### New York Local Securities.

Bank Sto	Insurance Stock List. [Prices by E. S. Bailey, 7 Pine St.]						
COMPANIES.	1	PRI	CE.			PR	ICE.
Marked thus (*) are not National.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
America*	$\frac{100}{100}$	150 124 230	165 125	American Amer. Exchange Bowery	25	140 102 140	150 110 150
Butchers' & Drov's' Central Chase	25 100 100	180	110	Broadway Brooklyn Citizens'	25 17 20	160 140	180 170 150
Chatham Chemical Citizens'	$\frac{25}{100}$	150 2000	125	Clinton Commercial	70 100 50	110 120 50	120 125 80
Commerce	$100 \\ 100 \\ 100$	265	150 100		100	220 230 70 90	235 250 80 100
Corn Exchange* East River Eleventh Ward*	100 25 25	160		ExchangeFarragutFiremen's	17	103 75 40	108 85 70
Fifth Avenue* First	100 100 100	100	108	Firemen's Trust Franklin & Emp German-American.	$100 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\ 50$	105 207 130	112 225 140
Fourth. Fulton. Gallatin	100 30 50 100	106 115 160	125	Germania Globe Greenwich Guardian	50 25	105 230 55	115 290 65
Garfield	75 100 100	160		Hamilton Hanover	50	100 125 130	110 130 135
Germania* Greenwich* Hanover. Imp. & Traders'	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$	145 250	150 260	Howard	50	50 40 115	60 60 125
Irving Leather Manuf'rs' Manhattan*	50 100 50	150		Kings C'nty (Bkn.). Knickerbocker Long Isl'd (B'klyn)	20 40 50	200 82 100	210 90 110
Marine Market Mechanics'	100 100 25	137	145	Lorillard	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 100 \\ 25 \end{array}$	70 100 40	77 110 70
Mechanics'& Trads' Mercantile Merchanis'	25 100	120	120	Mechanics' (Bklyn) Mercantile Merchants'	50 50 50	105 50 96	112 60 105
Merchants' Exch Metropolis* Metropolitan	100 100		90	Montauk (Bklyn.) Nassau (Bklyn.) National	$150$ $37^{1}$	$105 \\ 145 \\ 80$	110 150 90
Murray Hill* Naesau* New York	100 50 100	130 162	140	N. Y. Equitable N. Y. Fire Niagara	50	150 80 120	160 85 125
New York County . N. Y. Nat. Exch Ninth	100 100 100	140 100 110	10015	Pacific Park	25 100	107 165 100	110 175 108
North America* North River* Oriental*	25	120 130		Peter Cooper	50	145 108 130	115 115 136
Pacific*	100 25		160	Rutger's Standard Star	100	90 55	120 100 60
Phonix Produce* Republic	50 100	122	120	Stuyvesant United States	25	53 110 120	120 126
St. Nicholas*. Seventh Ward Second	100 100 100	125		Westchester	10 50	120 200	125 225
Shoe & Leather State of New York* Third.	100 100 100	105	100				1
Tradesmen's. Union. United States		150	170				
Wall Street	100				1		1

# Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds. [Gas Quotations by GEO. H. PRENTISS & CO., Brokers, 49 Wall Street.]

-							,
GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period	Rate	Date.	Bid.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas-Light	25	2,000,000	Var's	5	May 1,'84	134	136
Citizens' Gas-L. (Bklyn).	20	1,200,000	Var's	3	July 1, '84	92	94
Bonds	1,000	259,000	A. & O.	34	S'g F. '99	107	110
Harlem	50	2,000,000	F. & A.	3	Aug. 1.'84	122	124
Jersey City & Hoboken	20	756,000	J. & J.	742	July 1. '84	145	155
Manhattan		4,000,000	Var's	5	July 1, '84 June 2,'84	297	301
Metropolitan	100	2,500,000		5	Aug.12'84	230	233
Bonds .		700,000			1902	107	
Mutual (N. Y.)	100	3,500,000	Quar.	24	July 10'84	125	127
Bouds	1 000	1,500,000	M. N.	3	1902	104	106
Nassau (Bklyn.)	25	1.000,000	Var's	2	June 2,'84	106	1
Scrip		700,000	M.&N.	24	May 1,'84	85	90
New York	100	4,000,000		5	May 1,'84	160	163
People's (Bklyn.)		1,000,000	J. & J.		June 2,'84		80
Bonds	1.000	400,000	M.&N.	342	May 1.'84	106	110
Bonds	Var's	130,000	J. & J.	3	Apr. 1. '84	97	100
Williamsburg	50	1,000,000	Quar.	242	July 21'84	132	134
Bonds	1,000	1,000,000	A. & O.	13	1900	106	110
Metropolitan (Bklyn.)	100	1,000,000		3	July 1, '84	94	96
Municipal.	100	3,000,000	Var's	5	J'ne10,'81	206	210
Bonds		750.000	M.&N.		1888	106	108
Fulton Municipal	100	3,000,000		3	Aug. 5,'84	150	153
Bends		300,000	J. & J.	1 6	1900	107	110
Equitable							100
24 4.04.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.		-,,	1	1		1	1
[Quotations by	H. L.	GRANT, 1	Broker,	145	Broadwa	y.]	
Bl'cker St.& Fult.FStk	100	1 900,000	) J. & J.	1 34	July, '84 July, 1900	24	2512
Ist mort	1.000	700,000	J. & J.	7	July, 1900	1074	109 2
Br'dway & 7th AvSt'k.	100	2,100,000	QJ.	2	July, '84	165	175

	1		1		,		. 1	
[Quotations by	H. L.	GRANT	, Broke	er, 1	45	Broad	way.]	
Bl'cker St. & Fult. F.—Stk	100	900.0	00 J. &	z J.1	34	July.	'84 24	1 25 12
1st mort	1,000		00 J. &		7	July.19	900 107	2 109 2
Br'dway & 7th Av.—St'k.	100	2,100,0	00 Q	_J.	2	July.	'84 165	175
1st mort	1.000	1,500,0	00 J. &	D.	5	June, 1	904/103	105
Brooklyn City-Stock	10	2,000,0	00 Q	-F.	34	Ang.	'84 212	1218
1st mort	1,000	800.0	00 J. &	z ].	5	Jan., 1	202 106	1110
Bklyn. Crosstown-Stock		200.0	00 A. d	¿ O.	4	April,	'84 155	165
1st mort, bonds	1,000	400,0	00 J. &		7	Jan., 1	888 105	1112
Bushw'kAv. (Bkln)-St'k	100	500.0	00 Q	-F.	2	Aug.,	'84 160	165
Central Crosstown-Stk.	100		100 Q	-J.	112	July,	$^{\prime}84\ 145$ $922\ 110$	150
1st mort	1,000	250,0	00 M.d	EN.	6	Nov.,1	922/110	1124
Cent.Pk.N.& E. RivStk		1,800,0	000 Q	-J.	2	July,	'84 138	141
Consol. mort. bonds	1,000	1,200,0	000 J. &	D.	7	Dec., 1	902 118	11912
Christ'ph'r&10th St-Stk			00 F. &		3	Aug.,	'84 130	1135
Bonds	1,000		000 A. d		7	Oct., 1	898:110	1116
DrvDk.E.B.& Bat'y-Stk	100		000; Q		24	Λug.,	'84 192	12 1974
Ast mort., consol	500&c.	900,0	000 J. &				'93 114	
Scrip	130	1,200,0	000 F.&		6	Feb., 1	914 101	10312
Eighth Av.—Stock	100	1,000,0	000 Q	-J.	$2^{1}$	July,	'84 240	265
Scrip	100	1,000,	00'F&	Z A.	6	Feb., 1	914 105	110
424 & Gr'rd St.F'ry-Stk	100	748,0	000 M.d	EN.		May,	'84 245	
1st mort	1,000	236,0	000 A. d	CO.		April,	'93 112	117
1st mort	100	250,0	000 Q	-F.		Aug.,	'84 130	140
1st mort	500	500,0	100  J.  d	z J.		July,	'94 111	
Second AvStock		1,862,0				July,	'84 195	
3d mort			000 A. d		7	April,	'85 100	12 101 12
. Consol	1,000		000 M.d		7	May,	288 10	106
Sixth AvStock & scrip	100	1,500,0	000 M.d	& S.	10	Mcn.,	84:100	
1st mort	1,000		000'J. 8		7	July,	'90 110	
Third Av.—Stock	100		000 Q		4	Aug.,	'84 28	
1st mort	1,000		000 J. d		7	Jan.,	'90 111	
Twenty-third StStock.	100		000 F. d			Aug.,	'84 170	
1st mort	1,000	250.0	000 M.d	EN.	.7	May,	'93 110	1113

This column shows last dividend on stocks, but date of maturity of bonds. \* Ex-dividend. † Per share. ‡ In default. ? Last price this week.

## Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

- 1	<u> </u>					
-	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
-	BOSTON. Atch. & Topeka—1st, 7s.	119	120	Buff. N.Y. & P.—(Cont.)— Cons. 68, 1921		
	Land grant, 7s	•••••	794	Buff. Pitts. & W.—Gen., 68	106	
-	Boston & Maine—78	15		Cam. & Amboy—6s, c., 89 Mort., 6s, 1889 Cam. & Atl.—1st,7s,g., 93	10812	
	Boston & Albany—7s 6s Boston & Lowell—7s			2d, 6s, 1904		
	68. Boston & Providence—78			Cam. & Burl. Co.—6s, '97. Catawissa—1st, 7s, con. c.		
	Burl. & Mo.—Ld. gr., 78. Nebraska 68. Exempt		117	Chat. M., 10s, 1888 New 7s, reg. & coup	$\overline{116^{1}_{2}}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1	Nebraska, 6s.Non-ex'pt Nebraska, 4s	104 80	105 82	Connect's 6s, cp., 1900-04 Cor.Cowand Ant., deb. 6s,		
	Conn. & Passumpsic-7s. Connotton Valley-6s	§16	18	Delaware-6s, rg. & cp., V Del. & Bound Br —1st, 7s East Penn.—1st, 7s, 1888		128
	Fast'rn, Mass.—6s, new Fort Scott & Gulf—7s	111 115	11112	Easton&Amb'y—5s, 1920 El &Wmsp't-1st,6s, 1910	105 112	
	K. City Lawr. & So,—68 K. City St. Jo. & C. B.—78	116		5s, perpetual	100	
	K. City Sp'd & Mem.—6s	95		Cons. 5s. 1895		90
	Mexican Central—7s	354 87 <sub>8</sub> 71	914 72	Ithaca&Ath.—1st, gld.,7s I.eh. V.—1st,6s,C.&R.,'98 2d, 7s, reg., 1910	122 129	
	Income Scrip N. Y. & N. England-6s 7s.	90	93 102	Cons. 6s, C.& R., 1923 N. O. Pac.—1st, 6s, 1920	122 50 1011 <sub>6</sub>	$122\frac{1}{2}$
1	N. Mexico & So. Pac,-78			No. Penn.—181, 68, Cp., 8:	1011 <sub>3</sub> 1211 <sub>3</sub> 1211 <sub>2</sub>	•••••
-	Old Colony-7s			Gen., 7s, 1903 Debenture 6s, reg Norfolk & West.—Gen6s	121-9	
	Pueblo & Ark. Val.—7s Rutland—6s, 1st	11412	11434	N. R. Div., 1st, 68.1932 Oil City & Chic.—1st, 68		
	Sonora—78 STOCKS.			Oil Creek—1st, 6s, coup Pennsylv.—Gen., 6s, reg.	123	
	Atchison & Topeka Atlantic & Pacific		7158 758 170	Gen., 6s, cp., 1910		
	Boston & Albany Boston & Lowell Boston & Maine	100		Cons., 6s, coup., 1905 Cons., 5s, reg., 1919 Pa. & N. Y. C.—7s, 1896.	120	105
	Boston & Providence Boston Revere B. & Lynn	165	166 101	Perkiomen-1st. 6s,cp.'87	10119	102
	Cambridge Cheshire, preferred	§ <b>7</b> 3		Phil & Erie—2d.78,cp., 88		103 2
	Chic. & West Michigan Cinn. Sandusky & Cleve.	\$42 12-2		Phila Newt. & N.Y.—1st		103-3
	Connecticut River Conn. & Passumpsic	2164 78		Phil. & R.—1st, 6s, 1910 2d, 7s, coup., 1893 Cons., 7s, reg., 1911	119	· · · · · · ·
, 1	Connotton Valley. Det. Lansing & No., pref.		$\frac{1}{112}$	Cons., 78, coup., 1911 Cons., 68, g., 1.R.C.1911		120
	Eastern, Mass	113	114	Imp., 68, g., coup., 1897 Gen., 68, g., coup., 1908	98 8114	01-2
	Flint & Pere Marquette. Preferred. Fort Scott & Gulf		98	Gen., 7s, coup., 1908 Income, 7s, coup., 1896 Cons. 5s, 1st ser., c., 1922	\$08	55
	Preferred			Conv. Adi. Scrip, '85-88	35	70
	Kan. C. Springf. & Mem. Little Rock & Ft. Smith.	40	44	Debenture coup., 18931		40
	Preferred	22 1 <sub>2</sub> 56 283 1 <sub>2</sub>	1 . 41 -	Conv., 7s, R. C., 1893	43	93
	Maine Central Manchester & Lawrence, Marq. Hought'n & Onton	1.7		Pitts.Cin.& St.L.—7s, reg		60
	Preferred	*75		Shamokin V. & Potts.—78 Shen. Val.—1st, 78, 1909	10312	
_	Mexican Central Nashua & Lowell	150	11	Gen'l 6s, 1921 Income, 6s, 1923		70
	N. Y. & New England Northern of N. Hampsh. Norwich & Worcester	113		Income, 5s, 1914 Sunbury & Erie—1st, 7s. Sunb. Haz. & W.—1st, 5s		
_	Old Colony		1144	2d, 6s, 1938	60	
r.	Rutland—Preferred Summit Branch Vermont & Mass	133	18 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub>	Tex. & Pac.—1st, 68,1909	101	6 <b>6</b>
_	Worcester & Nashua., Wisconsin Central	00		United N. J.—Cons.6s, 94	•••••	
	Preferred		25	Cons. 6s, gold, 1908		
	RAILROAD STOCKS.	.   1		Warren & F.—1st, 7s, '96 West Chester—Cons. 7s. W. Jersey—1st, 6s, cp., '96	112	106
	Ashtabula & Pittsburg. Preferred			1st, 7s, 1899	113	
••	Bell's Gap			W.Jersey&Atl.—181,68,C.	108	10512
	Camden & Atlantic Preferred	30		Gen., 7s, coup., 1901	106	
	Catawissa  1st preferred 2d preferred	53	53	Ches. & Del.—181, 08, 1860	70	105
	Delaware & Bound Brook East Pennsylvania			Mort. RR., reg., 1897	121	114 <b>9</b> 122
	Elmira & Williamsport.	54	10	Pennsylv.—6s, cp., 1910 Schuylk. Nav.—1st,6s,rg. 2d, 6s, reg., 1907	103 78	87
	Huntingd'n & Broad Top Preferred Lehigh Valley			BALTIMORE.		4
	Preferred Little Schuylkill	553	58	RAILR'D STOCKS. Par Atlanta & Charlotte	60	
-	Minehill & Sch. Haven Nesquehoning Valley		. 50	Baltimore & Ohio100		135 125
,3 ,3	Norfolk & West'n—Com Preferred Northern Central		561	2d pref. Parkersburg Br50 Central Ohio—Com50	9 50	51
	North Pennsylvania Pennsylvania	621 548	63 54 4	Western Maryland 50		14
	Philadelphia & Erie Phila, Ger. & Norristown	1 1031	2		109	10912
	Phila. Newtown & N.Y. Phila. & Reading Phila. Wilm. & Balt	. 125	e 123	Inc. Balt.&Ohio—68,,'85A.&O Cen. Ohio.—68, 1st,M.&S	103 106	
L <sub>2</sub>	Pittsb. Cin. & St. L.—Com United N. J. Companies	193	193	Charl. Col. & Aug.—18t.,		104 2
12	West Chester—Cons. pref West Jersey	45	47	Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts	$\begin{array}{c c} 98 \\ 613 \\ 281 \end{array}$	
ا ا ا ا	CANAL STOCKS. Lehigh Navigation			Columbia& Greenv.—1sts 2ds	92%	
12	Pennsylvania Schuylkill Nav., pref		124	No.Central—6s, '85, J.&J 6s, 1900, A. & O	115	
)	RAILROAD BONDS. Allegh. Val.—7 3-10s, '9	6 115	1153	68, gold. 1900, J. & J	110	1001
( ) } 1 <sub>2</sub>	7s, E. ext., 1910 Inc. 7s, end., coup., '9 Ashtab. & Pittsb.—1st,6	8	21	Pittsb.&Con'ells.—7sJ&J Union RR.—1st, gua.J&J		122
12	lst, 6s, reg., 1908 Belvid'e Del.—1st,6s,190	2	120	Virginia & Tenn.—5s	95	
5	2d, 6s, 1885		116	8s. W.Md.—6s, 1st, g., J. & J 2d, guar., J. & J	120	109
5	1st, 6s, 1905			2d, guar. by W.Co., J.&J 6s, 3d, guar., J. & J		
3	Buff, N.Y.& Phil.—1st,6 2d, 7s, 1908	8		Wilm. U. & Aug.—6s Wil. & Weidon—Gold. 7a	1074	
_	* Ex-dividend. † I	er sha	re.	In default. ¿ Last price	this v	veek.

### RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest date are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "January 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from January 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second column.

	Latest E	larnings R	eported.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date.
Roads.	Week or Mo	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Ala.Gt.Southern a Atch. T.& S.Fe		86,667 1,301,639	92,043	679.814 8,918,45	
Bost. H. T. & W. Bur.Ced.R.& No.	Istwk Sept	11,375 58,954		292,834 1,750,257	222.29
Canadian Pacific	2d wk Sept	137,000	119,000	3,644,832	2 3,582,220
Central Iowa Central Pacific		2,138,000	2,267,543	955.12 14,410,16	861,24: 15,848,88
Chesap. & Ohio Eliz.Lex.&R.S.	1stwk Sept	71.728	85.467	2,455,357	2,599,280
Ches. O. & S.W	! stwk Sept	27,943	29,766	870,786	814,00
Chicago & Alton Chic. Burl. & Q.		226,726 1,735.199	237,649 $1,824,705$	5,885,172	$\begin{bmatrix} 5,590,116 \\ 13,229,908 \end{bmatrix}$
Chic. & East. Ill. Chic. Mil. & St.P.	1st wkSept	38,997	39,806	1,012,70	1.105.86
Chic. & Northw.	2d wk Sept	514:800	585.100	15.604.884	15,335,134 16,586,403
Ch.St.P.Min.&O. Chic. & W. Mich.	2d wk Sept	110,200	120,400 31,051		
Cin.Ind.St.L.&C.	2d wk Sept	55,621	57,743	1,646,735	1,710,198
Cin. N. O. & T. P. Cin. Wash. & Balt.	1stwk eept		241.133 49.623	1,146,316	1.254 618
Clev.Akron& Col Clev.Col.C.& Ind	ls: wk Sept July	14.120 292,212	14,923 361,604		360,618
Connotton Val	June	27,520			
Denver & Rio Gr. Des Mo. & Ft. D.	1stwk Sept	583,797 -11.433	678.781 11,315	$\begin{array}{r} 3,034.512 \\ 225.554 \end{array}$	209.74
Det.Lans'g& No. Dub.&SiouxCity			$31.981 \\ 22.223$	915,931	1,050,639
Eastern	July	346,285	334.728	1,914,678	1.972.394
E.Tonn. Va. & Ga. Evansv. & T. H.	1stwk Sept		363,564 17,002	2,434,909 508,833	496,878
Flint & P. Marq. Flor.R'way & N.	1stwk Sept		43,134 $15,477$	1,601,726 625,638	1,699,115
Ft. Worth & Den.	August	35,800	31,268	315,800	226.191
Grand Trunk	wkSept. 6 IstwkSept.	362,404 5,637	397,245 7,771	11,341,688 $219,275$	
Gulf Col. & San Fe Hous. E. & W. Tex	Istwk Sept	36,435 23,597	45,624 30,330	1,102,142 $173,554$	
III. Cent. (III.).	lst wk Sep	205,600	227,826	6,526,769	6,396,907
Ind. Bloom & W.	lst wk Sep Ithwk July	36,300 54,859	40,232 66, 63	1,078,977 $1,419.307$	1,291,908 1,655,133
K.C. Ft.S.& Gulf	August	183,851	174,843	1,525,427	1,198,157
Kan. C. Sp. & M. A Kentucky Cent'l	stwkSept	$\begin{array}{c} 104.488 \\ 22.929 \end{array}$	21,912	734,778 589.667	550,637
L.Rk.& Ft.Smith L.Rk.M.Riv.& T.	July	52,52 24.190	31,518 $23,875$	269,765 176,354	274 455 204.350
ong Island	ed wk Sopt	85,358	72,982	2,064,160	2,027,316
a. & Mo. River ouisv.& Nashy	2d wk Sept	49,800 257,915	51,000 299,900	9,268.934	$\begin{vmatrix} 301,442\\ 9.338,686 \end{vmatrix}$
far.Hough.& O.   1 femph. & Charl.		25.237 $119.778$	32,557 102,478	$628.921 \\ 872.015$	595,482 755,944
Mexican Cent.c.	August	240,060	157,701	1,842 2 35	1,254,780
Lex. Nat., No Dd Southern Div. 3	d wk Aug.	10,562 $14,530$		331,231 502,080	•••••
Other lines e 3 Ilwaukee & No 1	ld wk Au.	3,749 8,840	8,145	200,375 343,461	316.175
111. L.Sh.&West.   2	d wk Sept	22,625	20,935	759,123	709,401
finn. & St. Louis J Iisșouri Pac. f J	une	155,483 2,653,271	2.577.070	993,701	907,279
Wab. St. L.& P. 2 Tobile & Ohio /		142.354	411,000 156,581	1,243,932	1,254,194
Jash. Ch.& St.L.	lugust	218,190	216,658	1,550,816	1,514,116
I.O. & Northeast A I.Y. & New Eng J	uly	26,575 $276,217$	$10,360 \\ 320,151$	$241,172 \\ 1,867,716$	58.026 1,935,470
N. Y. Pa. & O. J	uly		1,694,687 612,895	9,129,246 3,127,798	11,071,827 3,641,692
I.Y.Susq.&West J	uly	97.017	89,1-9	543,945	551,654
orfolk & West   1 Shenandoah V   1		71,842 20,396	$61,444 \\ 22,535$	••••	
orthern Centr'l J orthern Pacific 2	ulý	477,516 279,961	474,524 $225,250$	3.097,771 8.581,772	3,419,138 5,864,157
nio Central 4	thwkAug	30,338	38,158	727,485	685,979
hio & Miss 2 Dregon Imp. Co. J	une	102,540 278.725	123,733 358,217	2,436,065 1,661,085	2,617,851 $1,824,004$
regon R.&N.Co 3	ay	435,144 3,989,035	439,001 4,130,950	1,780.724 27,322,334	1.907,970 $28.483.529$
eoria Dec. & Ev. !	stwkSept	18.114	18.087	517,261	4:2,265
hila. & Erie J	my				
hila.& Read'sh J	uly	$324.721 \\ 2.767.792$	$329,032 \\ 2.979.094$	1,941,533 12,877.968	2,272,271 $13.944,954$
hila.& Read'gh J Do C. & Irou J	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684	2,979.094 1,439,747	12,877.968 8,487,6 <b>0</b> 3	13.944,954 8,611,554
hila.& Read'gh J Do C. & Irou J sichm'd & Dany. J Ch. Col.& Aug. J	ulyulyulyulyuly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.232 46,785	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778	13.944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564
hila.& Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J sichm'd & Dany. J Ch. Col.& Aug. J Columbia& Gr. J	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46,785 35,023	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868
chila. & Read'gh J Do C. & Irou J sichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia& Gr. J Va. Midland. J West. No. Car. J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46,785 35.023 146.777 30,553	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917
Phila. & Read'gh J Do C. & Irou J kichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J EVa. Midland. J West. No. Car. J koch. & Pittsb'g 2	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.284 46,785 35,023 146,777 30,553 19,437 142,170	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 393,778 329,735 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247
Chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Lichm'd & Dany. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J Vest. No. Car. J Loch. & Pittsb'g 2 Lome Wat. & Og. J L. Alton & T. H.	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46,785 35.023 146,777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,058 440,564 401,868 883,471 17,6,917 379,177 878,247
chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Sichm'd & Dany J Sichm'd & Dany J Ch. Col. & Aug J Columbia& Gr. J EVa. Midland J West. No. Car. J Stoch. & Pittsb'g 2 Some Wat. & Og. J t.L. Alton&T. H. 1 Do (brehs.) 1 t. L. Ft. S. & W. 2	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35,023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 328,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896.853 880,030 494,540 328,348	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 17,6,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,944
chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Sichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia& Gr. J Va. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Soch. & Pittsb'g 2 Come Wat. & Og. J t.L. Alton&T.H. 1 Do (brehs.) L. Et. S. & W L. & San Fran. 2 t. Paul & Dul'th	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030 104,027 37,299	2,979.094 1,439.747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,775 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,134,649 801,385	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,914 2,515,366 858,532
Chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Lichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J EVa. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Roch. & Pittsb'g 2 Rome Wat. & Og. J L. L. Alton & T. H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. L. Ft. S. & W. 1 L. & San Fran. 2 L. Paul & Dul'th 2 L. P. Min. & Man. A	uly	2,767,792 $1,433,684$ $250,923$ $40,879$ $30,880$ $131,306$ $35,719$ $22,395$ $152,882$ $29,076$ $13,320$ $10,030$ $101,027$ $37,299$ $564,421$	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629,613	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,28,346 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950	13.944,954 8.611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883.471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 153.914 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921
chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Sichm'd & Dany J Ch. Col. & Aug J Columbia& Gr. J Va. Midland J West. No. Car. J Sch. & Pittsb'g 2 St.L. Alton&T.H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. Ft. S. & W L. Esan Fran. 2 L. Paul & Dul'th L. Pulin. & Man. A outh Carolina J o. Pac. Cal., N.D. J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly uly dwk Sept uly stwk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d uk Sept d uk Sept d uk Sept	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030 104,027 37,299 564,421 59,255 127,230	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629,613 75,014 124,194	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 328,778 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950 636,594 614,279	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,944 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656
chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J sichm'd & Dany J ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia& Gr. J Va. Midland. J West. No. Car. J coh. & Pittsb'g 2 come Wat. & Og. J t. L. Alton&T. H. Do (brchs.) 1 t. L. Ft. S. & W. 2 t. L. & San Fran. 2 t. Paul & Dul'th t. P. Min. & Man. J outh Carolina J o. Pac. Cal., N. D. J Do So. Div. i. J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly dwk Sept uly stwk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept uly	2,767,792 $1,433,684$ $250,923$ $40,879$ $30,880$ $131,306$ $35,719$ $22,395$ $152,882$ $29,076$ $13,320$ $10,030$ $104,027$ $37,299$ $534,421$ $59,255$ $127,230$ $307,260$	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629,613 75,044	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950 636,594 614,279 1,790,247 945,037	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 17,6,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,008 1,284,585
chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Sichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J Va. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Soch. & Pittsb'g Soch. & Pittsb'g Soch. & Pittsb'g L. L. Alton & T.H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. L. Ft. S. & W. 1 L. Esan Fran. 1 L. Paul & Dul'th L. P. Min. & Man. A outh Carolina J O. Pac. Cal., N. D. J Do So. Div. i. J Do Arizona. i. J Do N. Mex. i. J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly dwk Sept uly stwk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept uly uly uly une une une	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030 101,027 37,299 534,421 59,255 127,230 307,260 146,251 48,000	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629.613 75,014 124,194 236,335 72,037	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 328,346 3,134,699 601.385 4,823,950 636,594 614,279 1,790,247 945,037 342,640	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 17,6,917 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,914 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,408 1,283,585 400,234
Chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Sichm'd & Dany J Ch. Col. & Aug J Ch. Col. & Aug J Columbia& Gr. J EVA. Midland J West. No. Car. J Sch. & Pittsb'g 2 St. L. Alton&T.H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. Ft. S. & W. 2 L. Evan Fran. 2 L. Paul & Dul'th L. Paul & Dul'th L. Paul & Dul'th J. Paul & Dul'th J. Paul & Dul'th J. Paul & Dul'th J. Paul & Jul'th J. July St. J J. July St. J J. July St. J J. July St. J Louisiana W'n. J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly uly dwk Sept uly stwk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d wk Sept d us uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030 101,027 37,299 564,421 59,255 127,230 307,260 146,251 48,600 64,628 20,323	2,979.094 1,439.747 272.282 46.785 35,023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629.613 75,014 124,194 124,194 236,335	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,300 494,540 3,28,34£ 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950 630,594 614,279 1,790,247 945,037 3426,007 248,124	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 1,53,944 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,608 1,284,585
Phila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Bichm'd & Dany. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J Eva. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Roch. & Pittsb'g 2 Rome Wat. & Og. J L. L. Alton & T. H. 1 Do (brehs.) 1 L. L. Ft. S. & W 2 L. & San Fran. 2 L. Paul & Dul'th 2 L. P. Min. & Man. A Outh Carolina J O. Pac. Cal., N. D. J Do So. Div. i. J Do N. Mex. i. J Pans & N. Ort's. J Louisiana W'n. J Louisiana W'n. J Ex. & St. Fouris, J Lichard & St. Fouris, J Lex. & St. Fouris, J	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly uly stwk Sept d wk Sept uly uly une une une uly uly uly use	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 10,030 104,027 37,299 564,421 59,255 127,230 307,260 146,281 48,600 64,628 20,323 30,556	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,166 32,972 629.613 75,014 124,194 287,349 236,335 72.037 113,251 52,488	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950 636,594 614,279 1,790,247 945,037 342,640 486,007 248,124 563,305	13,944,954 8,611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,944 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,608 1,283,585 400,234 604,081 294,707
Phila. & Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J Bichm'd & Dany. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J EVa. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Roch. & Pittsb'g 2 Rome Wat. & Og. J L.L. Alton & T.H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. L. Ft. S. & W. J L. Exan Fran. J L. Paul & Dul'th 2 L. Paul & Dul'th 3 L. Paul & Carolina 3 L. Paul & N. Ori's 4 L. Carolina Win. J L. Carolina Win. J L. L. & St. Eouis J L. L. & St. Eouis J L. L. & St. Eouis J L. L. & L	uly uly uly uly uly uly uly uly dwk Sept dwk Sept dwk Sept dwk Sept dwk Sept dwk Sept ugust uly une une uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,076 13,320 10,030 101,027 37,299 564,421 59,255 127,230 307,260 146,251 48,600 64,628 20,323 2,355,343,39,380	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46.785 35.023 146.777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,9613 75,014 124,194 236,335 72,037 113,251 52,488 2,491.035 93,586	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864.010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 328,346 4,823,950 636,594 614,279 1,790,247 945,037 342,640 466,007 248,124 563,305 13,441,137 657,620	13.944,954 8.611,554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 878,247 964,646 537,413 153,914 2,515,366 855,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,668 2,129,668 2,129,707 15,460,757 753,104
Chila. Read'gh J Do C. & Iron J lichm'd & Danv. J Ch. Col. & Aug. J Columbia & Gr. J EVA. Midland. J West. No. Car. J Roch. & Pittsb'g 2 Rome Wat. & Og. J L. L. Alton & T. H. 1 Do (brchs.) 1 L. Ft. S. & W. 2 L. & San Fran. J L. Paul & Dul'th L. Paul & Dul'th L. P. Min. & Man. A Outh Carolina J O. Pac. Cal. N. D. J Do So. Div. i. J Do N. Mex. i. J Cexas & N. Ori's. J	uly	2,767,792 1,433,684 250,923 40,879 30,880 131,306 35,719 22,395 152,882 29,06 10,030 104,027 37,299 564,421 59,255 127,230 307,260 146,251 48,600 64,628 20,323 30,555 2,388,343	2,979.094 1,439,747 272.282 46,785 35,023 146,777 30,553 19,437 142,170 31,518 16,793 7,443 84,466 32,972 629,613 75,014 124,194 387,349 236,335 72,037 113,251 52,488	12,877.968 8,487,603 2,076,025 398,778 329,735 864,010 226,653 785,595 896,853 880,030 494,540 3,134,699 801,385 4,823,950 43,134,693 1,790,247 945,037 342,644 466,007 248,124 563,305 13,441,137	13.944,954 8.611;554 2,037,088 440,564 401,868 883,471 176,917 379,177 878,247 964,654 537,413 153,944 2,515,366 858,532 5,154,921 708,309 561,656 2,129,008 1,283,585 400,234 604,081 294,707

a Includes Southern Kansas lines in both years. b Includes Southern Division. c Including both divisions. d Corpus Christi to Saltillo. 397 miles; up to May embraced only 236 miles, Lavedo to Saltillo. c Only 164 miles now, but prior to May represented 297 miles. f Whole Southwestern system. g Not including earnings of New York Penn. & Ohio road. h Not including Central New Jersey in either year prior to June 1. i Included in Central Pacific earnings above. Embracing lines in Missouri, Arkansas and Texas.

New York City Banks.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business Sept. 13:

		Aver	age Amount	t of—	
Banks.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net Deposits other than U.S.	Circula- tion.
Now Work	\$ 2000	\$	\$	\$	\$
New York	$9,182,000 \\ 7,823,000$	1,870,000 1,607,000	1,985,000 509,000	10.292,000 7,736,000	450,000
Merchants'	7,250,700	1,146,900	1,309,300	7,464,400	344,000
Mechanics'	8,091,000	2,645,000	903.000	8,645,600	
Union	4,337,500 9,820,200	713,300 <b>4,</b> 238,300	167,700 603,400	$3,469,800 \\ 10.499,200$	
Phenix	2,683,000	437,000	263,500	2.339.000	260,400
City	6,820,800	8,678,000	678,000	13,855,900	
Tradesmen's	3,038,200 1,343,400	275,700 762,000	16',900 122,400	1,761,600 1,488,200	787,400
Chemical	15,035,400	6,631,900	825,600	13.275.400	
Merchants' Exch.	3,052,700	172,200	455,400	2,467,500	292,500
Gallatin National Butchers' & Drov	4,794,600	500,000	459,900	2,796,600	621,000
Mechanics' & Tr	1,638,500 $935.000$	446,700 108,000	87,600 102.0.)0	1,612,100 902,000	226,50 <b>0</b> 45,00 <b>0</b>
Greenwich	923,900	81,000	169,400	941,900	2,600
Leather Manuf'rs.	2.984.500	330,600	410.400	2,362,500	525,000
Seventh Ward State of N. Y	$\frac{1,204,300}{3,323,800}$	230,400 185,900	182,200 565,700	1,220,900	10,600
Americ'n Exch'ge.	13,815,000	1,173,000	1,519,000	3,614,300 10,442,000	*******
Commerce	16,377,900	5,318.500	1,419,700	14,299,800	898,500
Broadway	6,010,800	760,200	236,800	4,437,300	900,000
Mercantile	5,503,400 2,290,700	$\frac{1,740,100}{467,200}$	450,300 144,900	6,246,800 2,446,600	404,000
Republic	4.697.100	307,300	899,900	4.285,500	345,900
Chatham	3,287,100	341,700	483,900	3,362,300	45,000
Peoples'	1,553,000	192,400	155,100	1,827,000	5,400
North America Hanover	2,903,000 7,196,600	306.200 $2,944,700$	421,500 628,300	3,155,200 8,646,300	526,500
Irving.	2,625,000	555,100	450.400	2,716,000	368,500
Metropolitan	3,965,000	85,000	214,000	1,136,000	1,305,000
Citizens'	2,394,000 2,276,100	439,000 143,000	$\frac{322,400}{212,200}$	2,727.100 $2,435,500$	263,400
Market	2.723.9001	381,900	259,200	2,175,000	450,000
St. Nicholas	1,720,800	115,100	383,600	1,585,000	
Shoe & Leather	2,501,000	545,000	297,000	2,636,000	446,100
Corn Exchange Continental	4,821,600 4,031,200	759,809 1,099,900	204,000 375,600	3,986,500 4,871,900	62,100
Oriental	1,823,700	118,000	352,000	1,776,900	02,100
Importers'& Trad.	16,680,300	3,790,000)	1,436,000	20,538,400	1,380,300
Park North River	14,821,100 $1,522,000$	3,839,300 23,000	1,916,600	18,891,900	45,000
East River	1,160,200	55,400	263,000 130,×00	1,784,000 841,600	224,500
Fourth National	12.765.800	4,039,200	1.181,900	14,015,800	380,000
Central National	7,209,000	1,001,000	1,129,000	7,721,000	297,000
Second National Ninth National	$1,795,900$ $4,28 \stackrel{?}{\cdot},700$	$329.000 \\ 267.000$	197,000 536,500	2,128,000 3,656,300	45,00 <b>0</b> 270, <b>000</b>
First National	15,718,200	3,877,700	794,500	16,165,700	449,900
Third National	4.287.5001	1,2:0,200	530,700	4,906.400	
N. Y. Nat. Exch.	1,355,800 1,896,000	215,900 215,100	182,300	1,162,100	270.000
Bowery N. Y. County	1,911,000	433,000	237.300 $242.000$	1,794,300 2,270,000	225,00 <b>0</b> 180,00 <b>0</b>
G rman-Americ'n.	2.698,400	594,100	112,900	2,621,000	•
Chase National	3,367,700	639,900	350,100	4,117,400	45,000
German Exchinge.	2,394,900 1,618,500	503,500 $111,000$	110.6 (0) 438,000	2,419,300 $2,073,200$	
Germania	1.770.000	258,400	150,000	2,150,000	
United States	3.158,600	1,106,700	245,500	3,475,900	419,400
Lincoln	1,559,900	21.700	166.700	1,977,500	178 800
Garfield Fifth National	9:3,500 1,072,600	24,700 $164,100$	177,200 187,300	783,800 1,152,700	173,80 <b>0</b> 135,000
-					
Total	-				14,185,300
The following	are totals	tor garar	al weeks	nagt•	

The following are totals for several weeks past:

_		3				
1884.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders.	Deposits.	Circulation	Agg. Clear'gs
11-20	\$ 000	\$ 500	\$ 000	\$ 100	\$ 400	\$ 455,716,201
Sept.6	289,347,300	75,706,000	29,963,800	304,563,500	14,275,100	463,912,628
13	290,874,100	74,100.100	30,094,100	303,599,300	14,185,300	122,613,919

Boston Banks.—Following are the totals of the Boston banks:

1884.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders	Denosits, x	Circulation	Agg. Clear's
1.50,1.	2301010-1	DPCO.C.		Deposito.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
7.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sept.1	137,928,800	6,974,400	4.247.500	85,550,900	23,004,100	47.877.933
8	138,715,400	7,150,900	4.595.90	86,123,000	23,217,700	55.608.044
" 15	139,473,900	7.005.390	4.680.10	87.644.000	23,491,400	54.383,337

Philadelphia Banks.—The totals of the Philadelphia banks are as follows:

1884.	Loans.	Lawful Money.	Deposits.*	Circulation.	Agg. Clear'gs
Sept. 1	72 177 459	\$ 21,333,213	\$ 63.979.607	8.090.332	\$ 36,335,46 <b>6</b>
8	72,904,320		67,654,176 67,915,898	8,111,615	43,822,112

\* Including the item "due to other banks."

Unlisted Securities.—Following are latest quotations for a week past:

Securities.	Bid.	A8k.	Securitie .	Bid.	Ask.
Am.R'way Imp.ex-bds			Mich. & O., sub full paid.		
Atlantic & PacStock			lst mort   Mut.Un —St'ck trust ctfs	20	60
West. Div, 1st mort.			M.K.&T.—Income scrip	36	40
Blocks, 35 p. c			N. Y. M. Un. TelStock.	46	54
Am. Bank Note Co			N. Y. W. Sh. & B Stock.	334	
Am. Safe Dep. per. deb.	bds		North. PacDiv. bonds	753	
Bank, & M. rch1st M	Ĩ	80	North Riv. Cons100 p.c	51	
Gen. mort	1018	104	Ohio CentRiv. Div., 1st	17	20
Bost, H. & ENew st	ock	1,	Incomes	$2^{1}$ 2	312
Old stock		14	Pensacola & Atl	3 -2	
		8	1st mort	65	
Debentures		55	Pittsburg & Western	18	
Buff. N. Y. & Phila		812	1st mort	7814	
B'klyn Elev.—Ass't pd			Postal Telegraph-Stock.	234	35
Cent. of N. JDebent			1st mort., 6s	24	31
Continental Const. Imp			Postal Tel.& Cable—Stock		
Denv. & Rio Grande—C	ons	39	People's Telephone		10
58		26	Southern Tel.—Stock		10
Denv. & Rio Gr. W					5012
Den. R. G. & W., 1-t			Settlement, 58	65	20 2
Guar. by D. & R. G.		90	Settlement, 68	85	
Edison Electric Light Subs		20	Sel. R. & D.—lst, stpd '80	112	
Georgia Pac.—Stock		13	Texas & Pac.—Scrip 1884.	30	35
1st mort., 6s		10	Tex. St.L., M. & A.div., as.p	00	
2d mort			M. & A. Div., 1st mort	15	275
I. B. & W. Income bon			M.&A.Div.,incomes,as p	3	
Keely Motor		104	6s. 1st mort., in Texas.	15	
Little Rock & Ft. Smit			Gen. 1st,ld.gr.&inc.as p.	3	
Mexican National			Vicksburg & Meridian	234	
Pref	5		Pref	6	
1st mort		16	1st mort	911	
Mahoning Coal & RR.			2d mort	55	
Maricon Randa_2 n a	1 ,		Income	117	

# Investments

### RAILROAD INTELLIGENCE.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month-viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the Chornicle at 50 cents each, and to others than subscribers at \$1 per copy.

#### ANNUAL REPORTS.

### Northern Pacific Railroad Company. (For the year ending June 30, 1884.)

The annual report of President Harris is a document of great interest. The road was opened for through business on September 9, 1883. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, the net surplus over all fixed charges and expenses for the year was \$1,055,656, as shown in the income account below. The report says that this amount, together with the surplus for the year ending June 30, 1833, viz., \$1,149,583, in all \$2,205,239, has been used to pay for equipment as authorized in the plan of reorganization, dated June 30th, 1875.

The amount of general first mortgage bonds issued during the year, viz., \$25,000 per mile on 511 3-10 miles of constructed road, accepted by the President of the United States, was \$7,782,000. Of the \$20,000,000 general second mortgage bonds, the issue of which was authorized on November 20th, 1883, by a vote of the preferred stockholders, \$15,000,000 were sold to the syndicate on the terms set forth in the circular of October 17th, 1883, to the preferred stockholders, viz., 871/2 cash, less 5 per cent commission in bonds. The option of the syndicate to take \$3,000,000 more of these bonds on the same terms has been extended; the syndicate, pending the exercise of the option, agreeing to make advances upon the same to meet construction expenditures,

CAPITAL STOCK AND FUNDED DEBT JUNE 30, 1:81.

Capital stock, common	.\$49 000,000
Centul stack preferred	39.507.008
Funded debt—General first mortgage bouds	40.2,8,000
General second mortgage bonds	2 280 40
Missouri Division bonds.  Pend d'Orerile Division bonds.	3.240, 00
Dividend certificates	4,640,821
211110111111111111111111111111111111111	

Total stock and bonds outstanding......\$66,276,221 In addition to the interest on the outstanding bonds and dividend certificates, the rents to be paid to the St. Paul & Northern Pacific Railway Company, and to the St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, and the Northern Pacific Terminal Company of Oregon, will constitute a fixed charge. These rents will amount in the year ending June 30,

1885, to about \$655,000. CONSTRUCTION.

The two ends of the main track met August 22, 1883, as stated in last report, at a point 1,188 miles from Duluth, and 847 miles from Puget Sound, by way of Portland, and 716 miles by way of Cascade Division. In addition to which the following sections of track have been completed: From Portland to a point on the south side of Columbia River, opposite Kalama, 36 miles; 25 miles of the Cascade Division, from the Columbia River up the Yakima; 25 miles of the Wisconsin Division, to a point on the east side of the Brule River; all of which have been accepted by the President of the United States.

### BRANCH ROADS.

The following is a summary of the branches, as completed

to June 30:	
Little Falls & Dakota Railroad	87.85
Northern Pacitic, Fergus & Black Hills Railroad	117.10
Fargo & Southwestern Railroad.	87.40
Sanborn C operstown & Turtle Mt. Railroad	36:50
Jamestown & N. rthern Railroad	64.10
Sykestown Branch	12.90
Rocky Mountain Railroad, of Montana	51.70
Helena & Jefferson County Railroad	20.10
PR-4-1	477.65

"These branch roads \* \* constitute the system of branches constructed under contracts by virtue of which the roads are operated in the interest of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and in which this company agrees that, after the expiration of two years from the completion of each section of the branch roads, the net earnings thereof shall amount in each year to enough to pay the interest on the bonds issued for construction, and the sinking fund charges as they shall become payable, until the bonds are paid. The capital stock of each branch company is deposited in trust until the bonds of that company shall be paid, when its entire stock becomes the absor lute property of this company, free from any charge whatever; and meantime this company has the sole power of voting and receiving dividends thereon. When the Jamestown & Northern Railroad shall be completed to Minnewaukan, the total length of this system of roads will be 503 miles, and the annual interest on the bonds for which the Northern Pacific Railroad Company shall be liable, two years after the com-pletion of the last section of the branches, will be \*On Eastern divisions only.

\$603,540; and when the full amount of the sinking fund charges become payable, the total annual liability of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company will be \$704,130. The amount of interest on the bonds of the several branch road companies, and of sinking fund charges, accruing in the year ending June 30, 1885, to meet which payments are to be made by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, is the sum of \$312,262. It is the opinion of the board that the net earnings of these branch roads and the profits this company will derive from their business, will at all times be much more than enough to meet the above-named liabilities, and that in fact the branch roads themselves will soon be self-sustaining, and the earnings sufficient to meet all their operating and other expenses and fixed charges.

There has been expended by the Northern Pacific Terminal Company of Oregon, for lands on both sides of the Willamette River at Portland, and improvements thereon, \$2,226,237, and the bonds of this company so far issued are \$3,000,000 on which the Northern Pacific is responsible for 40 per cent of the annual interest.

The sections of road from Portland to a point on Columbia River opposite Kalama, 36 3-10 miles, and from Columbia River up Yakima Valley, 25 miles, and from Superior City to the east end of track, 26 5-10 miles, have not been operated.

Construction is progressing on the Wisconsin Division between the east end of the track and Ashland, 36 miles, and on the Cascade Division from the west end of the track in the Yakima Valley to Yakima City, 57 miles. On the Cascade Division the "Stampede" Pass has been selected for crossing the mountains, and the work on that division is in progress.

	The number of acres sold in the year was 478,116, and for Town lots sold
\$2,281,892	Total
	The receipts of the Land Department in the year v
	Cash
\$2,140,795 482,193	Expenses of the Department.
\$1,958.601	Not
41,600,900	The approximate number of acres of land to which the Company has become entitled by reason of cons rue;ed road is The number of acres sold from the beginning to June 30
30.500.000	1884, is Leaving about
)	patented and patentable yet undisposed of, which may be
12,000,000	classified as: Agricultural and timber, acres
13,000,000	Giazing, acres
9,955 acres	Of the above agricultural and timber lands 4,07

are east of the Missouri River, the proceeds being applicat the retirement of preferred stock.

Further detailed information in regard to the lands, is given

in the report of the Land Commissioner as follows.

Comparison of the sales of land in the several divisions for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1883 and 1884:

	-Yr. end'g	June 30, '83-	-Yr.end'g	June 30, 34-
Divisions.	Acres.	Amount.	Aeres.	Amount.
Minuesota & Dakot	a 417.383	\$1,700,517	221,912	\$1,095.890
Missouri		321,4.0	46,483	148,058
Yellowstone		24.625		******
Montana & Pacific.	. 60.885	273,682	107,355	467.337
Peud d'Oreille		733,514	102,366	472,756
	=01 000	Ø9 ( Ø1 9CO	478.116	\$2,184,041
T. tal	101.230	\$3,061,800	410,110	Φ=,104,041

The town lots sold in 1833-84 were 1,399 for \$97,851, making

the total for lands sold \$2,281,892.

The total amount of "deferred payments" from land sales outstanding June 30, 1881, was:

outstand a many	
Minnesota & Dakota Division (applicable to preferred stock)	\$1,276,077
Missorri   1 islon	316,927
Pend d Oreille Division	
Montana & Pacific Divi ion	606,010

\$3,056,415

The total acreage of land sold last year was less than sold in 1883, but exceeded that of 1882, being in 1882 451,811; in 1883, 761,236; in 1884, 478,116. The average price per acre was greater than has been heretofore realized, being in 1882 \$3 26; in 1883, \$1 02; in 1884, \$4 57 per acre.

The lands of the company are carefully examined, classified and graded in price before sale is made. The advanced prices obtained by the company for lands sold during the past two years is the result of this system. The total number of purchasers during the year was 1,670; average acres sold to each purchaser was 286.

Following is a comparison of the earnings, operations and the general balance for four years, and the income account for one year, prepared for the CHRONICLE:

l		ROAD AND	EQUIPMENT.		
		1880-S1.	1831-82.	1892-93.	1983-94.
ļ	Miles oper'd June 30.	754	1,293	1,701	2,547
	Lecomotives	104	1:8	289	391
۱	Pass, mail & exp. cars	61	103	174	283
	Freight cars	2,525	4.488	6.848	8,442
	Cal & all other ears.	503	619	632	1,703
	Steamers & transfers.				в
ı	ann	D	TIGALT DEGI	TT TO	

OPERATIONS AND FISCAL RESULTS. Operations— 1880-81. 1881-82. 1887-83. 1883-84. Passengers carried... \* 52.914 \* 97.680 551,150 716,040 Passenger mileage... \*15,246 569 \*34,3.9,018 54,469, 82 115,853,300 Rate p pass. p mile. \*3 91 cts. Freight (tons) moved \*390.896 3.76 cts. \*3.33 cts. Freight (tons) moved \*390,896 \*655,675 1.093,3 6 1,442,500 Freight (tens) m le'ge\*94.693.975\*181,851,537 243,559.6 6 400.1: 9.061 1.96 cts. 2.22 cts. Ave. rate \$\text{p} ton \$\text{p} m. \*2.16 cts. \*2.01 cts.

	1880-81.	1881-32.	1982-83.	1883-84.
Times to me	\$	\$	\$	\$
Earnings -	669,621	1.202.261	2,099.746	4,237,259
Passenger	2,207,29	3 909.423	5.4 9.051	7.861,367
Mail express, &c	118.599	218,621	346,632	500.049
man express, &c	116.000			
Total	2,934,519	5,430,305	7,855,459	12,603,575
Operating expenses-		0,200,000	.,	
Maint'ce of way. &c.	499,332	952 920	1,393,711	1.659.855
Maintenance of cars.	125.229	273,975	4 44,3-9	589.517
Transpitation exps.	430.072	791,+30	1.240.527	1,757,256
Motive power	4 0,0	967,695	1,579.530	2,394,219
General	25 ,8: 2	268.508	299.910	521,678
Rentals and taxes	2:9 -56	315.111	383,863	667,630
Total	2,025,389	3,572,839	5,336,930	7,590,155
Net earnings	969.130	1.857.466	2,518 529	5.013,420
	Anna Anna San San San San San San San San San	6 .80	67.93	60.22
P.c.of op. ex to carn's	07.01	, 0 / 00	07 00	00
INCOME A	CCOUNT YEAR	R ENDING JUS	E 30, 1884.	
Net earnings (not ded	neting rental	(4)		\$5,425,822
Adjustment of sundry	accounts			39.89⊀
Dividends on investment	BUIS			. 38,973
Total				\$5,504,693
Dielaramant				
Interest on funded de	bt			\$3,535,038
Rentals		. <b>.</b> . <b></b>		412,401
Contributions to sinki	ing fund			3.931
Balance general inter				
	est account			318,281
Opening celebration	est account			318,281
Opening celebration.	est account			179,381
Opening celebration	est account.			$\begin{array}{c} 318,284 \\ 179,381 \\ \hline \$4,449,035 \end{array}$
Opening celebration	est account.			$\begin{array}{c} 318,284 \\ 179,381 \\ \hline \$4,449,035 \end{array}$
Opening celebration.  Total.  Balance, surplus	est account.			318,284 179,381 \$4,449,035 \$1,055,658
Opening celebration.  Total.  Balance, surplus	est account.			318,284 179,381 \$4,449,035 \$1,055,658
Opening celebration.  Total.  Balance, surplus	est account.	LOSE OF EACI	I FISCAL YE	318,284 179,381 \$4,449,035 \$1,055,658 AR.
TotalBalance, surplus	ost account.	1881-82.	I FISCAL YE. 1882-83.	318,284 179,381 . \$4,449,035 . \$1,055,658 AR. 1883-94.
Opening celebration.  Total.  Balance, surplus	ost account.	1881-82.	I FISCAL YE. 1882-83.	318,284 179,381 . \$4,449,035 . \$1,055,658 AR. 1883-94.

RR. equip., lds., &c ]	108.324,230	127.411,622	149.693.520	168,907.607
Stk & bds own'd.cost		2,236 $,235$	3,424,531	1,157,608
Deferr d payments*,				3,056,416
Accounts receivable.	975,441	740,922	2,573,059	2,482,863
Materials, fuel, &c .	2.082 947		4 506,341	2,122,492
Oash on land	11 567, 44		3,375,398	1,992,667
Cash with trustee	206,331			316,26 ₹
Miscel'ancous	201,002		50-10 C* 3000*D*C3000*O*C	21,713
alister.ancoas				
Total	127,003,800	136 939,398	164,059,238	180,087,634
Linbilitie: -				
Stock, commen	49 0.0,000	49 000,000	49,000,000	49.000,000
Stock, preferred	42,312,589	41,909.132	41,749,464	39,507,68
Bonds (see SUPPL'MT)		24,610,500	39,522,200	61,635,400
Dividend scrip				4,640,821
Paym'nts on contr'ets			2+00.601	
Loans for construc'n.			5.452, 82	
Interest accrued	562,149			1,703,188
Net from land sales	10.212,900			12,301,175
	853,399	7.1 0.962	7.664,502	13,294,743
All other accounts	2,145,473	3.258.454	1,149.53	12,205,239
Profit and loss	4, 149,470	0.203.491	1,2 10.0 0	+=,=00,=00

Total...... 127.003,800 136 9:9,398 164,059,238 180,087,634

\* Applicable to retirement of preferred stock and bonds.
† Made up as follows: Accounts payable, \$2.623,157; leans and bils payable, \$2.615, 69; uncollected on land and timber sales, \$3,056,416.
‡ Invested in equipment.

#### Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis. (For the year ending June 30, 1884.)

The net income of the year was \$329,315, after paying all charges and also expending \$106,077 out of earnings for betterments on the property. The dividends, amounting to 4 per cent on the stock, called for \$266,802, leaving a fair surplus, and the stockholders expected the usual dividend of 2 per cent in October next. But no dividend has been declared and no explanation has been given, though it is inferred that the income applicable to this dividend has been used in building the branches. The Louisville & Nashville controls the road by ownership of a majority of the stock.

"The \$6,000 second mortgage bonds of the Duck River Valley Railroad were issued and sold to the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company at par, in full payment for indebtedness of the Duck River Railroad Company to the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. The \$141,000 first mortgage Centreville Branch bonds were sold at an average of 96 cents on the dollar, and the proceeds applied toward reimbursing this company for the amount expended in the construction of that branch." \* \* \*

The proportion of operating expenses to earnings for the year 1883 4 was 54 9 per cent, as against 55 8 per cent for the

year 1882-3.

"Work has been progressing upon the Sparta extension during the year. The superstructure of Caney Fork Bridge, 798 feet long, has been completed, the track laid to Doyle, seven miles beyond Rock Island, and trains have been running to that point since May 1st. Stations have been established and side tracks built at Walling, Holder and Doyle, and a depot, water-station, turn-table and two section houses at Doyle. The road has been graded to Sparta, and a bridge provided for Town Creek. The work has been suspended for the reason that the county of White has failed to comply with the contract heretofore entered into. The bonds of the county are in the custody of the company; no provision, however, has been made to meet accrued and maturing interest, but negotiations are pending which it is believed will result in a proper understanding with the county authorities. The cost of this extension to date has been \$335,522. A bond of \$6,000 per mile has been issued upon it, amounting to \$120,000, and the balance expended, \$215,522, is represented in the floating debt of your company.

"The Centreville Branch has been extended thirteen miles to the Lewis County line, as per contract with the Ætna Manufacturing, Mining and Oil Company. referred to in last report, at a cost to your company of \$148,096. This thirteen miles was conveyed to the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway by the Nashville & Tuscaloosa Railroad Company, and a redeemed at 105 per cent, under the terms of the mortgage,

bond of \$8,000 per mile issued thereon, the proceeds of which when sold will go to reimburse your company for the amount expended in making this extension. This company now owns in fee simple the forty-seven miles of track from Dickson to the Lewis County line.

The items of the floating debt on June 30, in each year, were

	1883. 1884. 597,348 \$97,348 597,348 597,499 paid 66.253 75,489 15,081 21.942 21.942 3,899 3,695
Totals \$322,635 \$789, Decrease in 18c4 \$32	\$322,635 \$789,964

The following statistics have been prepared for the CHRON-

ICLE:				
TCIII.	FISCAL RE	SULTS.		
	1880-81.	1881-92.	1892-93.	1883-84.
Miles operated	521 \$	539 \$	554 \$	554 \$
Passenger. Freight Mail, express, rents. &c	562.945 1,613.924 74,317	58 .560 1,363.355 130,668	621,171 1,513.875 148,477	663,618 1,559,765 148.703
Total gross earnings Total operating expenses.	2,256,186 1,378,177	2.074,583 1,240,991	2.2-3,523 1,274,855	2,372,086 1,363,446
Net earnings P. c. operat'g ex. to e'rn'gs	878,009 61:08	833,592 59:81	1,008,668 55 80	1,063,640 54.91
	INCOME AC	COUNT.		
Yal Passinta	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84 \$
Net Receipts— Net earnings Bonds sold & miscellan's	878,009 <b>1,</b> 000,175	833,592 3⊬,006	1,008,668 77,247	1,06 <sup>2</sup> ,640 29,072
Total income Disbursements—	1,878,184	872,598 \$	1,035,915	1,097,712
Interest on debt & taxes.	541,514	583,577	650,972	662,320
Dividends	195,798	300,164 $212,432$		266,802
New equipment, &c Improvement of track Real estate	186,041 25,621	$359,551 \ 352,316 \ 40,098 \ 318,031$	104,465	106,077
Other improvements Total disbursements. Balance, surp. or deficit.su	$\frac{26,144}{975,118}$	248,031 2,096,169	755,437 ur 330,478	1,035,199
* Deficit.	11 000,000	1,220,071 5	000,470	5

# Deficit.  GENERAL BALANCE AT END OF EACH FISCAL YEAR.  1850-31. 1881-82. 1882-93. 1833-84.  *** ** ** ** ** ** ** **  Road and equipment. 14,932.355 15,711,459 16,194,823 16,316,655  Assets not available 192,024 439,353 352,876 562,727  Inv'tm'ts in st'ks & bonds 366,450 386,040 472,590 462,940  Bills receivable 26,483 7,187 8,387 8,722  Real estate 93,875 84,216 84,864 80,344  Due from agents, &c. 80,428 121,946 196,988 184,919  Cash 518,596 416,536 325,006 300,217  ***Total 16,210,211 17,166,797 17,635,531 17,920,544*  ***Liabilities -	-				
1880-31.   1881-82.   1882-83.   1883-84.	* Deficit.				
Road and equipment	GENERAL BALA	NCE AT END	OF EACH F	ISCAL YEAR	
Road and equipment. 14,932,355 15,711,4*9 16,194,823 16,316,655 Assets not available 192,024 439,353 352,876 562,727 Inv'tm'ts in st'ks & bonds 366,450 386,040 472,590 462,940 Bills receivable 26,483 7,187 8,387 8,722 Real estate 93,875 81,216 84,864 80,344 Due from agents, &c. 80,428 121,946 196,988 18*,919 Cash 518,596 416,536 325,006 300,217  Total 16,210,211 17,166,797 17,635,531 17,920,544 Liabilities - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		1880-31.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1833-84.
Road and equipment       14,932,355 15,711,4\$9 16,191,823 16,316,655         Assets not available       192,024 439,353 352,876 562,727         Inv'tm'ts in st'ks & bonds       366,450 386,040 472,590 462,940         Bills receivable       26,483 7,187 8,387 8,722         Real estate       93,875 81,216 84,864 80,34         Due from agents, &c       80,428 121,946 196,988 188,919         Cash       518,596 416,536 325,006 300,217         Total       16,210,211 17,166,797 17,635,531 17,920,544         Liabilities —       8 8 8 8         Capital stock       6,670,331 6,670,331 6,670,331 6,670,331 6,670,331 6,757,000 8,903,000         Bills payable       81,47,000 8,649,000 8,757,000 8,903,000         Bal'ce due individ'ls, &c.       83,481 102,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,494 140,327 97,348 10,494 10,	Assets-	8			\$
Assets not available 192,024 439,353 352,876 562,727 Inv'tm'ts in st'ks & bonds 366,450 386,040 472,590 462,940 26,483 7,187 8,387 8,722 Real estate 93,875 81,216 84,864 80,344 Due from agents, &c. 80,428 121,946 196,988 188,919 Cash 518,596 416,536 325,006 300,217	Road and equipment	14.932.355	15.711.459	16.194.823	16,316,655
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Assets not available	192.024	439,353	352,876	562,727
Bills receivable       26,483       7,187       8,387       8,722         Real estate       93,875       81,216       84,864       80,344         Due from agents, &c.       80,428       121,946       196,988       184,919         Cash       16,210,211       17,166,797       17,635,531       17,920,544         Liabilities –       \$       \$       \$       \$         Capital stock       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331         Bonded debt (see SUPP T)       8,147,000       8,649,000       8,757,000       8,903,000         Bills payable       247,081       659,68       597,132       591,499         Bal'ce due individ'ls, &c       83,481       102,494       140,327       97,348         Int'st coupans due July 1       271,305       279,610       283,740       287,970         Dividends       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600       153,600	Invituite in stike & bonds				
Real estate.       93,875       81,216       84,864       80,344         Due trom agents, &c.       80,428       121,946       196,988       188,919         Cash.       518,596       416,536       325,006       300,217         Total.       16,210,211       17,166,797       17,635,531       17,920,544         Liabilities –       \$       \$       \$       \$         Capital stock.       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331       6,670,331         Bonded debt (see SUPP T).       8,147,000       8,649,000       8,757,000       8,903,000         Bills payable.       247,081       659,68       597,132       591,499         Bal'ce due individ'ls, &c.       83,481       102,494       140,327       97,348         Int'st coupans due July 1       271,305       279,610       283,740       287,970         Dividends.       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c.       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600       153,600					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
Liabilities –       \$       \$       \$       \$         Capital stock	Casn	010,000	410,000	0,20,000	000,211
Liabilities –       \$       \$       \$       \$         Capital stock	Total	16 210 211	17.166.797	17.635.531	17.920.544
Capital stock		\$	\$	\$	8
Bonded debt (see SUPP T). 8,147,000 8,649,000 8,757,000 8,903,000 Eills payable. 247,081 659,688 597,132 591,499 Eal'ce due individ'ls, &c. 83,481 102,494 140,327 97,348 17'st couppus due July 1 271,305 279,610 283,740 287,970 Dividends. 13,981 63,014 15,082 21,942 Pay-rolls, &c. 80,757 75,665 66,256 75,490 Int'st on b'ds held by U.S. 153,600 153,600 153,600		6 670 331	6 670 331	6.670.331	6.670.331
Bills payable       247,081       659,68       597,132       591,499         Bal'ce due individ'ls, &c.       83,481       102,494       140,327       97,348         Int'st coupons due July 1       271,305       279,610       283,740       287,970         Dividends       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c.       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600       153,600					
Bal'ce due individ'ls, &c.       83,481       102,494       140,327       97,348         Int'st coupons due July 1       271,305       279,610       283,740       287,970         Dividends.       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c.       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600				-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	
Int'st coupais due July 1       271,305       279,610       283,740       287,970         Dividends.       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c.       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600	Bills payable				
Dividends.       13,981       63,014       15,082       21,942         Pay-rolls, &c.       80,757       75,665       66,256       75,490         Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S.       153,600       153,600       153,600       153,600					
Pay-rolls, &c. 80,757 75,665 66,256 75,490 Int'st on b'dsheld by U.S. 153,600 153,600 153,600 153,600					
Int'st on b'ds held by U.S. 153,600 153,600 153,600 153,600					
	Pay-rolls, &c				
	Int'st on b'ds held by U.S.	155,600	153,600	199,000	3 636

Miscellan ous..... Total...... 16,210,211 17,166,797 17,635,531 17,920,544

513,395

153,600 3,636

918,167 1,115,678

### St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba.

512,675

(For the year ending June 30, 1884.)

The report of Mr. James J. Hill, President of this company, gives, as usual, a clear and comprehensive view of the transactions of the fiscal year. A map of the company's lines will be found in the INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT. "The new lines built during the year amount to 44.32 miles, as follows: 34.09 miles from Moorhead north to Halstad and 10.23 miles from Browerville to Eagle Bend. The replacement of iron with steel rails has been continued, and the main lines from St. Paul to the International boundary, on both sides of the Red River, are now fully laid with steel." \* \* \* The rapid settlement of that portion of Dakota between Portland and Mayville and the International Boundary has made a railway necessary to carry to market the grain and other agricultural products of that section. Work was begun on the extension from Portland and Mayville, via Laramore, this spring, and the line will be completed in time to move the present crop." \* \* \* "The decrease in gross earnings will be no surprise to those

who read the report of last year. The transportation of material for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway was practically finished about the time the present fiscal year began."

Since November 25, 1883, our through trains over the St. Cloud & Fergus Falls Division have been run between Minneapolis and St. Cloud on the new line on the west side of the Mississippi River, making a saving of time and expense in switching the trains at Minneapolis. Through passenger trains to Winnipeg on the west side of the Red River, via Neche, were put on Nov. 25, 1833. Regular trains have been run to Devil's Lake since July 4, 1883. The settlement and improvement of Government lands tributary to this branch have been very satisfactory, and the lands continue to be taken as rapidly as Government surveys are completed." Land-grant bonds to the amount of \$400,000 have been

from proceeds of land sales during the year." \* \* \* "In view of the large expenditures that require to be made from time to time for replacement of iron with steel, purchases of new equipment and other permanent improvements, it has been deemed wise by the directors to set aside a fund to specially provide for these extraordinary expenses when they occur, and it is their intention in the future to set apart therein each year such sum as the earnings of the road will justify, until this is ample for

The Land Department report shows that during the year ending June 30, 1884, 83,907 acres of land were sold for \$460,982, an average price of \$5 50 per acre. There were also sold 242 town lots for \$16,988. Cash receipts for year ending June 30, 1884, were \$581,299, less expenses of land department, \$163,029, leaving net receipts \$418,270. Amount of deferred payments due the company, bearing interest at 7 per cent, \$1,059,141. There remained yet unsold on June 30, 1884, about 2,335,111

Following are the statistics of earnings, expenses, income and general balance for four years ending June 30, compiled

for the CHRONICLE:	Tour year	is chains	ounc co,	- Para	
ROAD AND E	THEMEST A	ND FISCAL	RESULTS.		
ROAD AND E	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	(
Watel miles energied	865	1,058	1,350	1,397	
Total miles operated	89	137	201	201	
Pass., mail & express cars		119	157	161	1
Freight cars	2,522	3,707	4,753	4,753	ľ
All other cars	86	82	158	158	
Earnings-	819,929	1,587,180	2,033,441	1,662,430	1
Passenger	0 0010	4,773,006	6,687,935	6,114.460	1
Mail, express, rentals, &c.		269,508	427,148	479 978	
		2 000 001	0.140.504	8,256,868	
Total gross earnings	3,700,852	6,629,694	9,149,524	.0,200,000	
Operating expenses— Maintenance of way, &c	515,311	1,217,006	1,289,841	1,149,621	
Motive power	499,900	\$65,395	1,488,337	1,223,948	
Maintenance of cars	180,407	233.724	419,225	367,335	
Transportation expenses.	429,082	703,089		733,218 $194,692$	
Taxes	169,588 $125,747$	$195,002 \\ 201,562$	252,063 $199,907$	260,576	١
General	140,141				١
Total	1,863,035	3,515,778	4,595,056	3,929,390	ı
Net earnings		3,113.916	4,553,468	4,327,478	
Per ct. of op. exp. to earn.		53.03	50.22	47.59	١
Teres or off end of	INCOME A	CCOUNT			
	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1
Receipts-	\$	\$	\$	\$	١
Net earnings	1,837,817	3,113,916	4,553,468	4,327,478	١
Revenue from Land Dep't		860,677	813,945	418,270	١
Other receipts	4,600	31,259	92,106	214,434	١
Total income	2.066,249	4,008.852	5,459,519	4,960,182	1
' Disbursements-	\$	\$	\$ 270	\$ 600	1
Interest on debt		$\frac{1,188.091}{975,000}$	1,264.279 $1,724,664$	1,949,690 1,6 0,000	1
Dividends		8	8	8	
Sinking fund		702.864	813,945	413,270	1
Miscellaneous		157,812		381,545	١
Total disbursements.	1 939 793	3,023,767	3,802,888	4,349,505	1
		985,085	1,656,631	610,677	١
Balance, surplus					1
GENERAL BALAN					١
	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	١
Assets— RR. bldgs, equip't., &c.*.	34.825.534	37.694.336	44.812.236	49,360,873	1
Bills and accounts	360,913	665,731	2,290,329	001,302	1
Materials, fuel, &c	. 828,57	1,095,549		504,527	1
Cash on hand		731,549	342,037	568,733 3,256,265	1
Miscellaneous		2,105,577	10,882		1
					1
Total assets	.37,536,583	42,292,742	50,851,167	54,294,683	1
Liabilities— Stock	15,000,000	15,000,000	20.000.000	22,000,000	1
Bonds (see Supplement)	18.107.700	18,646,000	20,791,729	31,368,000	1
Bills, payrolls, &c	10 021 025	(1,303,472	1,592,079	-716.961	١
Other accountages	10-000	(		489,985	1
Coupons	427,638	$\frac{447,723}{944,018}$	250§250 391,847	$\frac{5 \times 4,201}{39,536}$	١
Minn. Union bonds Subscription for bondst		3,322,506			1
Miscellancous	. 31,299	113,121	119,184	103,778	1
Fund for improvem't, &c		0.5000		381,542	1
Profit and loss	. 1,288,261	2,273,345	5,671.977	610,630	1
Total liabilities	.37,536.583	42,292,742	50,851,167	54,294,683	C.
Annual control of the					- 1

\*These amounts are made after deducting bonds redeemed, the total of which to June 30, 1884, was \$2.650.000.
†The amount was re-paid in cash, and the contemplated issue of bonds

### GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Central Iowa.—The annual report to the Illinois Railroad and Warehouse Commission for the year ending June 30, 1884, shows the total stock and debt \$18.603,400; funded debt, \$8,577,000; miles of track, 554; receipts from passenger traffic. \$305,590; from freight, \$1,139,482; from other sources, \$33,382; total income, \$1,478,455; operating expenses, \$1,006.237: taxes, \$55,986; net income over operating expenses and taxes, \$116,231; deficit, \$13,136.

Central Pacific.—The gross and net earnings for July, and for seven months, are made up for the CHRONICLE as follows:

	Ju	ly.——	Jan. 1 to	July 31.——
	1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.
Gross earnings			\$12.272,164	
Operat's expenses.	1,275,456	1,383,048	9,066,161	8,906,148
Net earnings	\$536,788	\$653,168	\$3,206,003	\$4,675,193

Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul.—The new mortgage made by this company is for \$5,000,000 at 5 per cent interest, payable in 1914. The explanation is that the bonds are issued pany and the Pennsylvania Company against the Fort Wayne

to purchase the Chicago & Evanston road, and to improve the terminal facilities at Chicago and Milwaukee, on which the mortgage will have a lien. The Chicago & Evanston road was projected something over twenty years ago. It was to run through the north town of Chicago to Evanston, a suburb of Chicago, about twelve miles from the city. The Chicago & Evanston's franchises were neglected until a few years ago, when it became evident that it offered ingress to Chicago from the West and Northwest, similar to that afforded by Chicago and Western Indiana on the east. A syndicate of the St. Paul people purchased the franchise a year ago, and now the St. Paul company is to buy it from this syndicate of directors.

Chicago & Northwestern.—This company applies to the Stock Exchange to list \$4,000,000 5 per cent 25 year debenture bonds. This issue is part of the \$6,000,000 authorized June 5, 1884, and of which \$1,966,500 was appropriated and sold at par to the Fremont Elkhorn & Missouri Valley Railroad Co. in payment for its capital stock. The remainder is issued for expenditures on road.

Huntington Southwestern Railroads.-The earnings and expenses in the month of July, 1884, were as follows:

Gross earn'gs	. Oper. expenses.	
Texas & New Orleans \$34.627	\$12,898	\$21,728
Louisiana Western 20,322	19,058	1,231
Galveston Har. & San Antonio 198,568	<b>150</b> ,303	48,265

Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis.—The gross and net earnings for August and since July 1, in 1883 and 1884, have been as follows:

Decir do romo.			
	gust	-July 1 to	Aug. 31.
1884.	1883.	1884.	1883.
Gross earnings \$218,190	\$216,658	\$405,664	\$112,126
Operating expenses 115,591		224,193	204,076
Net earnings \$102,599	\$111.344	\$181,471	\$208,050
Interest and taxes 57,06	55,497	114,323	110,571
Surp'us \$45,536	\$55,817	\$67,148	\$97,479

New York Lake Erie & Western.—The Associated Press dispatches from London, Sept. 13, said: "The statement of the committee appointed by the English holders of Erie Railway bonds to investigate the present financial condition of the road has just been made public. It shows that the balance of immediate liabilities is about \$4,477,316. 'The calculation of the amount of deficit,' the committee says, 'is based upon the state of affairs in July, and will, of course, vary from month to month according to the receipts from traffic. The causes which have led to this floating debt seem wise and politic in themselves; but the piling up of a large floating debt for even the best purposes is always more or less imprudent and dangerous. The company's credit might have borne the strain of the recent panic, but it was broken by the Grant & Ward disaster, and the funding of the floating debt is now indispensable. The statement recommends that the company should 'without delay raise a permanent loan of \$5,000,000 on available securities. The successful placing of such a loan has throughout been the distinct condition of Mr. King's acceptance of the presidency. The lines and property,' the report says further, 'belonging to or controlled by the Erie, now form an extensive and powerful system. The point of real importance, however, is one of rates. It is notorious that the various companies which share in and which should be friendly to the pool arrangment in regard to traffic rates are constantly accusing one another of breach of faith. It is also true that such charges are very largely based on fact. Good faith is preserved among railway rivals in England and should

be possible in America.'
"The Telegraph in its financial article this morning says: Some explanation is wanting regarding the Erie's liability of \$5,750,000 for future instalments to car trusts extending to May, 1892.

"The report of Messrs. Powell and Westlake on the re-construction of the Erie Railway meets with universal and unstinted condemnation on the part of the London press.'

New York Ontario & Western.—The net revenue stateleased lines, ment for May, June and July 155±, including miles, total mileage 370 miles, has been issued in London as follows:

May. Total earnings\$159,663 Less payable to West Shore Co11,452	June. \$165,843 11,515	July. \$190,507 11,400
\$148,211 Expenses	\$ 54,318 136,210	\$179,107 1,9,107
Net	\$18,103	\$30,000

The amended contracts commenced July 1, 1884. Gross earnings for August, \$200,000.

It has been reported lately that \$2,000,000 of the \$4,000,000 of the first mortgage bonds authorized some time ago were about to be issued.

Northern Pacific.—At the annual election on Sept. 18 tle following directors were elected for 1884-85: Frederick Billings, Benjamin P. Cheney, Charles B. Wright, Johnston Livingston, Robert Harris, John C. Bullitt, John W. Ellis, Thomas F. Oakes, August Belmont, Rosewell G. Rolston, J. L. Stackpole, John H. Hall, Norwood P. Hallowell. The last two named will represent the O. T. Co. in place of J. Pierrepont Morgan and Ashbel H. Barney.

Pittsburg Fort Wayne & Chicago.—At Pittsburg, Sept. 12, the equity proceedings of the Pennsylvania Railroad ComCompany, to compel the issuance of \$1,226,000 of guaranteed stock, were begun in the Court of Common Pleas, by a distinguished array of counsel. The stock asked for represents the balance of expenditure for work done in enlarging and improving the Pittsburg Fort Wayne & Chicago.

For the defense, affidavits were submitted reciting that the petition of the plaintiffs is based on an alleged agreement, and that there was no agreement of this kind made. The lease provides for an issue of stocks, bonds and other securities to be selected by the Fort Wayne Company. The company asserts that it has already issued the stock and wants to now issue bonds. The Pennsylvania Company, it is said, has refused to receive anything else except stock issued directly to it and which it can lock up and vote on, and in this way be able to control the corporation so as to be practically both lessee and lessor.

Texas & Pacific.—The Philadelphia Press says: "A special committee of five of the Texas & Pacific directors, among whom are some of the most influential and wealthy gentlemen on the board, have finished a thorough examination into the company's affairs, which was begun last June. The result of their investigation is embodied in a lengthy report which will shortly be printed and distributed among the stock and bondholders of the road. The report is said to bear quite heavily on the Gould management of the road. \* \* \* It is suggested that the great number of directors of the Missouri Pacific Road, who are also directors of the Texas & Pacific, have it in their power to run the latter road in the interest of the former. It is also charged that this has been done. The report winds up with the recommendation that a receiver be applied for by the real owners of the road, who will run the road in their interest, and that there be an entire divorce from the Missouri Pacific.

"The consolidated mortgage bondholders of the Texas & Pacific in this city [Philadelphia] are not disposed to accept the plan of reorganization, and it is possible there may be organized opposition to it. It is estimated that about \$3,000,000

of bonds of the road are held here."
[The above statement has been denied in New York so far as it declares that a committee of five directors has been acting. Possibly the *Press* intended to say five bondholders.

An explanation is needed.]

—The Texas Pacific Company has applied to the Stock Exchange to list \$6,500,000 of its new general mortgage and terminal bonds, dated August 1, 1884. The bonds are being recorded at the office of the Secretary of the Interior at Washington, and when recorded and listed will be issued under the terms of the company's circular of July 20, 1884.

Union Pacific.—The following is from the statement of President Adams, for the year ending June 30, 1884, made to the directors of the Union Pacific Railway Company: "It will be observed that the period covered includes the last half of the company's fiscal year 1883 and the first half of 1884. This period was one of general railroad depression—a depression more especially felt by the Union Pacific system, owing to the construction of competing roads and the prevalence of a war of rates. The influence of this new construction and of the complications which grew out of it has not yet ceased to be felt. The twelve months in question covered, therefore, as unfavorable a period as the Union Pacific is likely to pass through. It will nevertheless be observed that during this most exceptional period, after paying every fixed charge, including the requirements of the company's sinking funds and all liabilities to the Government, the surplus income of the system applicable to dividends amounted to 5.22 per cent upon the company's capital stock.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1884.

Earnings (excluding St. Joe & Western)		\$26,957,484
Expenses 1	5,682,702	
Expenses. 1: Taxes.	822,552	-16,505,254
•		
Surplus earnings entire system		\$10,452,230
Income from investments out-ide of the system	_	4,20,202,200
Utah Central Railroad stock	\$84.911	
Utah Southern Railroad extension bonds	68,740	
St. Joseph bridge bonds	82.320	
St. Joseph bridge stock	100,000	
Consolidated bonds owned	117.960	
St. Jo. & Denver City RR. receiver's certificates	50,536	
Atchison Colorado & Pacific RR. boncs	53,340	
St. Louis. & Miss. Val. Trans. Co. stock		
Kansas Carbon Co. stock.	10,600	
National Mining & Ind. Association, Denver		
Union Elevator, Omaha, stock	6,102	
McPherson City bonds	70	
Leonora Township bonds	1.520	
Solomon Township bonds	830	
Buena Vista Land Company bonds	250	
Welch Coal Co. stock	37,363	
Omaha bridge bonds	: 60	
St. Louis Council Bluffs & Omaha Railroad bonds	975	
Clyde City bonds. North Loup bonds.	100	
North Loup bonds	70	-619,617
Total net income		\$11.071.847
and the same of th	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	φ11,011,011
Expenditures-		
Interest on bonded debt of all classes		\$5,370,422
Discount and interest	\$210,761	
Losses on securities, premiums, &c	21.721	
Sinking fund requirements	554.763	
Other charges against income -		12
Leavenworth Topeka & S. W. RR. interest	41,400	
Oregon Short Line interest	607.920	
Denver South Park & RR. Pacific interest		
Kansas Central RR, interest	11 16)	

Omaha & Repub. Valley RR. interest.       \$140         Colorado Central RR. interest.       7,240         Utah & Northern RR. interest.       40,250         Lawrence & Emporia RR. interest.       27,900         Junction City & Fort Kearney RR. interest.       67,900         Solomon RR. interest.       34,500         Salina & Southwestern RR. interest.       32,400         Golden Boukler & Caribou RR. interest.       4,800         Denver & Boulder Valley RR. interest.       38,50         Nevada Central RR. interest.       30,400         Utah & Northern RR. 6 per cent dividend.       43,596	
Total "other charges"	\$1,118,546
Total charges.	\$7,276,218
Balance. Less United States requirements.	\$3,795,629 1,407,628
Net balance	\$2,388,005
Add amount received from the trustees under the Kansas Pacific consolidated mortgage on interest account	791,700
Balance applicable to dividends	<b>\$3,179,705</b>

"The fixed charges of the Union Pacific system, including an estimated allowance for taxes and payments to the United States under the provisions of the "Thurman act," amount to \$793,000 per month. During the month of July, therefore, the latest for which returns have been received, the net income of the company over and above all fixed charges was at the rate or more than 12 per cent per annum on the company's capital stock. It is proper to add that the earnings of the summer months are always much larger than those of the winter; those of the second half of the year are generally about 20 per cent more than those of the first half.

"The Oregon Short Line will be completed to Huntington, the agreed point of connection with the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, by the 15th of October. By the 1st of November a connection will be effected, so that through business can thereafter be done by that route. There is every reason to believe that this will immediately result in a large increase of traffic for both the Oregon Short Line and the Union Pacific. The latter will thus be relieved of a heavy financial burden, which it has been forced to carry much longer than was origi-

nally anticipated.

"During the year ending June 30, the land sales have been larger than ever before, and this activity still continues." \* \* "Since July 1, 1884, and ending Sept. 1, 794,344 acres have been sold for a gross sum of \$1,121,798, and during this period \$221,500 in cash has been remitted to the trustee. Referring to the last annual report, it there appeared that, after allowing for all sales canceled, the company had already secured, either in cash or contracts, the sum of \$2,591,084 in excess of what was needed to discharge at maturity the balance of the original \$10,400,000 of land-grant bonds, of which there were then outstanding \$4,589,000. Adding to this excess (\$2,591,084) the sales of 1884 to Sept. 1 (\$5,249,219), and it appears that the sum of \$7,840,304 is already provided for the discharge at maturity of the \$13,691,000 sinking fund 8 per cent bonds of 1873-93.

"In examing the statement of the fixed charges of the system, it will be noticed that the sum of \$30,400 has been paid out during the past year as interest on the first mortgage bonds of the Nevada Central Railway Company. The road owned by this company would seem to be wholly outside of the proper territory of the Union Pacific system. The exigency which led to its purchase certainly no longer exists. Upon inquiry, I find that the Union Pacific Railway Company has paid, in the purchase of the stock and other securities of the Nevada Central, the following amounts:

For stock \$959,500, costing \$190,350
For income bonds 250,000 150.000
For Nevada Improvement Co., 50 shares 15,000

"I find, also, that the amount of \$115,093 has been further expended in payment of maturing coupons of the first mortgage bonds of the Nevada Central, none of which bonds are owned by the Union Pacific. Under these circumstances it seems to me extremely doubtful whether it is for the interest of the Union Pacific Railway Company to incur any further outlay on this account. I would accordingly recommend that no such outlay be made. Should the net earnings of the Nevada Central fail, as heretofore, to meet the company's fixed charges, I do not see that a default would result in any injury to the Union Pacific beyond the possible loss of a property which is of no apparent service to it." \* \* \*

Wabash St. Louis & Pacific.—A press dispatch from St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 18, says the report of the receivers of the Wabash Railroad from May 29, to August 31, inclusive, shows: Receipts, \$5.617,566; disbursements, including labor, \$2,000,000; North Missouri interest, \$210,000; Chicago division interest, \$112,500; St. Louis Council Bluffs & Omaha interest, \$18,708; Hannibal & Naples interest, \$17,500; Eel River rental, \$28,000; taxes. 200,000; supplies, balance due to other roads, &c., \$2,992,970; total, \$5,579,678; cash on hand, \$37,888. Of the \$2,000,000 authorized for receivers' certificates only \$10,000 have been issued.

—The Wabash St. Louis & Pacific R. R. Co. gives notice that coupons of the following bonds will be paid September 25: Toledo & Illinois 1st mortgage, Lake Erie Wabash & St. L. 1st mortgage, Great Western 1st mortgage, Ill. & So. Iowa 1st mortgage, Decatur & East St. L. 1st mortgage, Clarinda Branch 1st mortgage, Toledo Wabash & Western consolidated 1st mortgage, funded debt bonds 7s, funded debt bonds graduated. The coupons of Brunswick & Chillicothe 1st

mortgage bonds will be paid in bonds September 25.

# The Commercial Limes.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Sept. 19, 1884.

The weather this week has been much more favorable to business, and some revival of trade has taken place. In particular, the low prices of food staples, such as wheat and lard, have greatly stimulated their purchase for export, and it now seems probable that a full movement to foreign ports of all our ample crops has set in. Financial circles have been feverish, however, and manufactures and mining continue at a low ebb. Still, there are abundant indications that the worst has passed, and with the continuance of political tranquility and the termination of the Presidential canvass (which has become somewhat heated) a marked and general revival in commercial affairs may be looked for.

The speculation in lard futures has been moderately active, and prices, though variable and unsettled, have been less depressed, and to-day took an upward turn on the very active demand which has been in progress, closing at 7.53c. for October, 7.32c. for November and December and 7.38c. for January. Spot lard has been taken for export this week to the extent of 10,000 tierces, of which 3,000 tcs. to-day, closing at 7.70c. for prime Western and 7.95c. for refined for the Continent. Pork declined, but closed steadier at \$17 for mess. Bacon and cut meats have favored buyers; prime pickled bellies, 91/2@934c. Beef remains dull, and beef hams are lower at \$20 per bbl. Tallow has been active and firmer, but closes quiet at 61/2@6 9-16c. Stearine is quoted at 83/4c., and oleomargarine 8c. Butter has further improved; creamery is quoted at 20@28c. and Western factory 10@16c. Cheese is also dearer-State factory, 8@11c. The number of swine slaughtered at Western markets, March 1st to September 10th. was 3,145,000, against 2,865,000 in the corresponding period last season.

Rio coffee has been firmer on the spot at 10% c. for fair old; options have been variable and only moderately active; to-day there was a decline of ten points; September closed at 8.75@ 8.90c.; October 8.50@8.55c.; November 8.35@8.40c.; December 8.40@8.45c.; January and February, 8.45@8.50c. bid and asked; mild grades have been in fair demand and steady. Tea has been fairly active and steady on the spot, but options have been dull. Rice has been fairly active and steady. Molasses has been dull. Raw sugar has sold moderately at a decline to 4%c. for fair refining and 5% 51 116c. for 96 degs. test centrifugal: options have been to a great extent neglected. To-day, however, there were liberal sales of muscovado sugar on the spot, and it was reported that a slight decline had been in some cases accepted; refined closed firm at 6 9.16c. for granulated and 6c. for standard "A."

In Kentucky tobacco business on the spot has been quite moderate, but lugs have remained steady at 7½@83%c.; leaf, 8¾c.@10½c. Speculation in the article has also been limited. Seed leaf has had perhaps a slightly better movement and all figures remain steady; sales 1.561 cases. including 208 cases crop 1833, New England, at 6@12½@15@18c.; 390 cases crop 1883, do. Havana seed, 18@34c; 250 cases crop 1883. Pennsylvania, 9½@15c.; 100 cases crop 1883, do., 9@16c.; 100 cases crop 1881, do., 6@10c.: 100 cases crop 1883, Ohio, private terms: 100 cases crop 1883, Little Dutch, 17½c.; 113 cases crop 1882, Onio, 10½c., and 200 cases crop 1883, Wisconsin, Havana seed, 25@32½c.; also 500 bales Havana fillers, 80@\$1 15, and 100 bales Sumatra, \$1 30@\$1 65.

There has been little or nothing done in rosins, either on the spot or for future delivery. Strained to good strained are almost nominal in the absence of supplies at \$130@\$135. Spirits turpentine, while about steady on the spot at 31@31½c.. has nevertheless been dull. Futures, on the contrary, have been more active, and to-day October sold at 31½c. and December 32½c. Wool has been more active and firm for fleece descriptions, while coarse wools continue dull and irregular. Hops have continued dull, and the best State 1884s are not above 26c. Oils have a moderate jobbing sale at unchanged figures. Crude oil certificates have latterly been quiet and uninteresting in the absence of important well news. To-day the course from the opening was 76¾@75¼c. and the closing 76¼c.

Ocean freight room has had quite a good week so far as petroleum chartering has been concerned. Rates for this class of tonnage have been steady, while for berth room they have been rather weak. To-day grain to Liverpool by steam quoted at 21/@3d.; bacon, 15s.@17s. 6d.; cheese, 20@25s.; cotton, 3-16d.; flour, 10s.; grain to London by steam, 3d.; refined petroleum to Hamburg, 3s.; refined in cases to Hong Kong, 25c.; do. in barrels from Baltimore to Continent, 3s.; cotton by steamer from Norfolk to Liverpool, 32s. 6d. per ton; grain by steamer to Barcelona, 4s. 4½d-

### COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., September 19, 1884.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Sept. 19), the total receipts have reached 80,737 bales, against 42,624 bales last week, 16,337 bales the previous week and 4,914 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1884, 139,462 bales, against 194,475 bales for the same period of 1885, showing a decrease since September 1, 1884, of 56,013 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Torel.
Galveston	2,795	5,444	653	4,835	5,010	2,871	21,611
Indianola, &c.						890	890
New Orleans	814	2,267	1,075	363	957	1,643	7,124
Mobile	439	391	530	142	440	461	2,458
Florida	1	70.10.0010		,		771	771
Bavannah	3,516	4 781	4,326	3,54	5,302	4,135	25,608
Brunsw'k, &c	0,010						•••
Charleston	357	2,5:4	2,345	2,734	1,884	2,569	12,433
Pt. Royal, &c.						25	25
Wilmington	107	360	370	546	468	531	2,385
Moreh'd C.,&c						146	146
Norfolk	374	675	646	739	1,208	1,681	5,323
West Point,&c		••••				376	376
New York							
Boston	174	76	210	38	128	76	702
	2					427	127
Baltimore Philadely'a, &c.	•••	9				451	480
Totals this week			10,205	12,970	15.:97	16 996	80.737

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept.1, 1884, and the stock to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.

	18	84.	1-83.		810c	κ.
Receipts to September 19	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1884.			1884.	1883.
Galveston	21,611	35,702	21,410	46,277	16.001	38 078
Indianola,&c.	890	2,255	1.085	2,535		514
New Orleans	7,124		17,818	32,726	16.150	54 482
Mobile	2,456	the same conservation	4,455		3,507	6.107
Florida	771	1,245	130	3-4		
šavannah	25,009	4	24,037	49,470	27,810	32,623
Brunsw'k, &c		,	339	454		
Charleston	12,433	22,751	17,996	26,208	13,333	25.391
Pt. Royal, &c.	25	En properties of	73			. 17
Wilmington	2,385	3,388	1,93	4,123	3,152	3,21,3
M'head C., &c	146	146	70	235	١١	
Norfolk	5,323		4,905	9,688	3,279	7,019
West Point,&c	376	FIT THE THE THE THE	1,419	2,350		
New York			29	276	53,467	97.218
Soston	702	1,372	242	321	6,310	3 853
Baltimore	427		377	449	9 928	6 657
Philadelp'a,&c.	460	2.6:0	, 471	1.763	4.962	5.130
Total	80,737	138 462	96,819	194 475	157.899	28:304

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1884.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1890.	1879.
Galvest'n,&c.	22,501	22,525	20 470	18,006	17,594	22.028
New Orleans.	7,124	17,818	8,690	27.836	18,606	19872
Mobile	2,456	4,155	4.742	6,803	6 0 22	9.776
Savannah	25,608	24,037	19.184	21.622	32 652	30,438
Charl'st'n. &c	12,458	18.071	14,366	15,361	28,561	19,011
Wilm'gt'n, &e	2,531	2,001	2,053	2,539	4,276	4,096
Norfolk, &c	5,699	6.324	5,842	12,864	24,634	18.870
All others	2,360	1,588	1,874	2,397	4,065	3,640
Fot. this w'k.	80,737	96,819	77,223	112 293	136.413	127,729
Since Sept. 1.	138 462	194.475	160.478	295 021	321 443	249.636

Gaiveston includes indianola; Charleston includes Port Keyal, &c.; Wilmingtonincludes Morehead City, &c.; Norfolk includes City Point. &c.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 18,844 bales, of which 16,463 were to Great Britain, 115 to France and 2,266 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 157,899 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1884.

	Wee	k Endir	-	19.	From : ept 1, 1884, to Sept. 19, 1884 Exported to-				
Expirts from—	Great   Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week	Great Britain:	France	Conti-	Total.	
lalveston			.500	500			500	500	
New Orleans	3,294			3,294	3,413			3,413	
Mobile							•••••		
Florida			• • · · • ·				•••••		
davanuah			•••••	•••••	•••••			• • • • •	
Tharleston *			••••				•••••	• • • • •	
Wilmington				•••••	• ; • • • •	•• · · ·	• • • • • •	•••••	
Norfolkt			••••						
Yew York	9,371	115	970	10,459	23,872	449	1,311	28,68	
loston					403		• •	40	
q limore	3,263		793	4,059	4,569		796	5,36	
Phil delp'a &c		1		935	2.137			2,13	
iotal	16,463	115	2,266	18,814	37,399	449	2,637	40,48	
Total 1859	20,011	9,914	7,178	37,433	45,507	17,238	15,468	78,21	

Includes exports from Port Royal, &c. | Includes exports from West Point, &c.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales. at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 89 Broad Street.

	Or	Shipboo	ird, not c	leared—f	or	Leaving	
SEPT. 19, AT-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Stock.	
New Orleans Mobile Caarteston Savannah Galveston Norfolk New York Other ports	111 None, 2,500 4,100 1,802 1,165 3,500 3,000	314 None. None. None. None. None. None.	None. None. None. 2,200 364 None. 950 1,000	41 None. 1.600 3.000 3.739 None. None.	466 None. 4,100 9,300 5,905 1,465 4,450 4,000	15 684 3 507 9.233 18.510 10 096 1,514 49.017 20,352	
Total 1884  Fotal 1883 Total 1882	9,005 17,817	314 12.529 4.119	4,514	9,380 9,154 6,880	29,683 45 316 31.659	1:8:213 2:4 9:8 120 454	

There has been much depression in the prices of cotton for future delivery at this market during the week under review. The new crop has begun to move quite freely, stocks in some of the Southern ports begin to increase a little, and foreign advices have reported declining markets abroad; yet the decline that has taken place with us cannot be said to be due wholly to these influences, but has been caused rather by that somewhat intangible influence described as "want of confidence," proceeding not from any expectation of excessive supplies, nor from apprehension of any material curtailment of aggregate consumption, but from the feeling among operators that at recent prices the market was without adequate support. The most notable decline was on Monday, and in October options, ascribed to sales for account of Southern dealers against their current purchases in their local markets. Yesterday a stronger Liverpool report caused with us a demand to cover contracts, upon which an advance was made, but lost in the later dealings. To-day there was a slight decline, followed by a variable and unsettled market, with only a moderate degree of activity the close, as compared with last Friday, showing a decline of 15@25 points. Cotton on the spot has met with a small demand for home consumption. There was a decline of 1/8c. on Monday, and again on Tuesday. Yesterday there was a further reduction 1-16c. for the low grades, 1-16@1/sc. for medium grades and 3 16@5-16c. for the better grades. To-day an additional decline of 1-16c. for all grades carried middling uplands to the closing figure of 1038c. The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 493,600 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 4,303 bales, including — for export, 3,803 for consumption, — for speculation and 500 in transit. Of the above, — bales

each day of the past week, TEXAS. NEW ORLEAMS. UPLANDS. Sept. 13 to Sat. Mon E . 68 Mon Tues Sat. Mon Tuex une. Acid. 19. 858 Ordin'y. & D 842 £15<sub>1</sub>. Briot Ord .. 9816 9318 91.6 8:516 8 1<sub>19</sub> 31<sub>9</sub> 974 1114 137H 934 1134 Good Ord... 934 Ser. G'd Ord 1048 Low Midd'g 1638 958 10 1:114 1038 1038 11113 103 10116 1038 1016 101118 16919 Low Midd'g 10-3 Ser.L'w Mid 10-9 Middling... 10 % Good Mid... 11 Ser.G'd Mid 11-4 Midd'g Fair 11-58 Fatr.... 12-3 10131 103 1078 10 lg 10 % 1979 : 1 1114 11. 114 1118 11 3 1134 1138 1114 1214 E. E. E ALL P. 1.7" B. G: Tu. 13 ed '1'b. Prit. 88 C 23 Ordin'y.WK Soriet Ord... Good Ord... 814 758 9 L<sub>2</sub> 1178 9:16 91313110 Good Ord. 372 Sor. G'd Ord. 1978 Low Midd'g 1018 Sor. L'w Mid 105 6 Middling... 1032 Good Mid... 1032 Sr. G'd Mid 11 Midd'g Fair 1138 10118 10 11111 1011 1 58 107 ... 10% ,013<sub>1</sub> 1034 l'g Fair 11% | 11% | 11% | 11% | 11% | 11% 12:11 12 1238 1216 1238 Bal. Mett Steen Wed Th. STAINED. Good Ordingry ..... & L. 818 812 8716 914 S13<sub>16</sub> S11<sub>16</sub> S9<sub>16</sub> 95<sub>8</sub> 91<sub>3</sub> 95<sub>6</sub> 938

were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for

M idling 104 103 10 MARKET AND SALES.

91513 578

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

- 1		SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT.					FUTURES		
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED	Ex- port.	Con-	sper- ui'i'n	Trun-	Tštal.	Sales.	Detre erics	
Mon Tues Wed Thurs	Steady Quiet at 48 occ Quiet at 48 doc Du l Quiet at rov.quo. Duil at 116 doc		777 863 636	• • • • •	500	521 777 865 1,136 477	66,400	10 20 10 20	
Total.			3.803	.:	500	J.303	193,600	60	

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day previous to that on which they are reported.

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the followang comprehensive table. In the statement will be found the 32 pd. to exch. 10,000 Oct. for Feb. 1,000 Nov. for Oct.—even.

daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and

Sales since Sept.1.'84	Fotal sales this week. Average price, week.	Friday, Sept. 19— Balss, total	Phursday, S. pt. 18- Firmer. 98,500 Prices paid (range) 10.68 710.94 Chosing	Wedn'ad'y, Sept.17-         Lower.         Aver. 10:25 Aver. 10:11 Aver. 10:15 Aver. 10:15 Aver. 10:15 Aver. 10:45 Aver.	Tuesday, Sept. 16- Variable.  85,700 Prices paid (range) 10 0 - \$\sigma 10 93 Closing	M nday, Sept. 15— Panicky. ales, total	Satırday, Sept. 13 - 33.100 ales, total	FUTURES.	Market, Prices and
978.800	493,600	Lower. 86,400 10.03 \$10.86 Steady.		Lower. 83,140 1009,01091 Easy.	Variable. 85,700 10 05,016 93 Irregular.	Panicky. 1-6,500 10-14-210-97 Dull.	Dnll. 33,100 10:26 ø11:02 Easy.	Total Sales.	Market,
105,100	42,300 10 50	Aver10-19 3,300 10-17@10-22 10-22-10-21	Aver10.24 Aver10.12 Aver10.12 Aver10.19 Aver46.0 22,600 14.000 11.800 3 10.20 20.00 5 10.08 20.015 10.08 20.014 10.15 210.25 10.25 10.25 10.09 -10.10 10.06 -10.17 10.26	Aver 10.25 8,000 10.20 \alpha 10.24 10.20	Aver10.28 10,900 10.25 a 10.30 10.25 —	Aver10.38 Aver10.20 Aver10.18 Aver10.22 Aver 11.900 21.200 14.500 20.700 1 10.33 #10.43 10.14 #10.28 10.14 #10.23 10.19 z 10.28 10.29 10.33 -10.35 10.14 -70.15 10.15 10.20 10.30	Aver 10.47 Aver 10.31 Aver 10.27 Aver 10.32 Aver 3.6 m 5.700 4 700 3.200 3.200 10.45 a 10.49 10.28 a 10.23 10.25 a 10.28 10.30 a 10.34 10.40 10.46 -10.47 10.29 -10.30 10.25 a 10.25 a 10.26 10.30 a 10.31 10.40	September.	
228,100	113,000 10 15	Aver10.05 18 900 10.03 \$10.07 30.05-10.06	Aver10·12 22,600 10·08 ø10·15 10·09-10·10	Aver10·11  20:5 0 10:09a10:13 10:09	Aver10 13 17,100 :0 68 0 10 17	Aver10:20 21:200 10:14:010:28 10:14-70:15	Aver10-31 5,700 10-28 & 10-53 10-29-10-30	October.	
151,100	89,500 10·14	Aver10-19 Aver 10-05 Aver 10-05 3,300 18 900 18 500 10-17 æ10-22 10-03 æ10-07 10 03 æ10 06 10-22 -10-21 50-05 -10-06 10-05 10-05	Aver10-12 14.0-0 10.05.010-14 10.09-10-10	Aver 10.11 18.500 16.09 a 10 12 10.09	Aver 10.12 18.900 10.10.2010 10.11.15	Aver 10.18 14.5:0 10.11.010.23	Aver 10.27 4 700 10.25 \$ 10.28 10.25 \$ 10.26	November.	
150,300	63,800 10°20	Aver10-12 Aver10-23 Aver10-33 Aver10-13 Aver 10,7-60 11,7-60 10-10-14-10-21-21-10-25-10-31-2-38 10-19-20-19-20-60-2 10-12-10-13-10-21-10-23-10-35-10-35-10-35-10-35-10-33-10-35-1	Aver. 10·19 11.800 10·15æ10·2/ 10·16-10·17	Aver10-15 11.400 10-16@10-19 10-16—10-17	Aver .10:19 11,700 10:16 #10:22 10:23-10:21	Aver 10.22 20,700 10.19 ±10.28	Aver10-32 3.200 10-30 a 10-34 10-30@10-31	December.	DAILY PRICES
179 200	92,500 10:31	Aver10.23 14, 00 10.21@10.25 10.22—10.23	Aver 10.29 30,100 10.25 210.32 10.26 - 10.27	Aver13 10.360 10.27@10.19 10.25—10.17	Aver10-29 13.:00 10:26 <i>a</i> 10:32 10:30—70-31	Aver 10-33 15,500 10-29/10-39 10-30-10-31	Aver 10.42 8,300 10.40 \$10 44 10.40 - 10.41	January	120
65.890	37.900	Aver 10.33 10.00 10.34@10:58 10:36-10:37	Aver 10.43 8,80 10.30 410.15 10.40 - 10.4	10.39 a 10.49 10.39 a 10.49	Aver10.41 3,700 10.35 410.15 0 42-10.13	.10.33 Aver10.45 Aver10.3 (5.00 2.700 5.70	Aver. 10 50 1 800 10.54 2 10.57 10.53 - 10.51	January February	AND SALES OF
21,400	95.01 10.56 0.95'11,	Aver10 18 10-18 210-19 10-19 -10-19	Aver . 10-55 9 100 10-51 2 10-57 10-52-10-53	Aver . 10.53 1.00 10.52 @ 10.55 10.51 - 10.52	Aver . 10.75 10.51 § 10.57 10.55—10.56	Aver 10.8 2, 00 10.51 0 0.63 10.55 -10 50	10.42 Aver 10.56 Aver 10.67 3.300 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.0 44 10.54 210.57 16.67 210.8 -10.41 10.53 -10.51 10.65 -10.66	March.	FUTURES
:9.70	10.100	Aver 10.29 4.200 20.60 7 10.63 10.63 - 10.64	Aver10-6: 1.5: 6 10-64-7.10-69 10-65 10-69	Aver10-65 2,50) -0.61410-66	Aver 16.37 3.60) 10.61 #10.09	Aver. 10:70   ver 3   10:70   ver 3   10:75   10:79   10:79	10.79 a 10.31 10.79 a 10.31 10.77 - 10.7	April.	FUTURES FOR KACH
40.300	15.100	10-13 10-13	Aver. 10.78 2 2 3 3 10.75 10.81 19.77 - 10.78	Ver 10.4) Aver 70.53 Aver 10.65 (ver 10.76 (ver 10.8 5.260	10 75 #10 75 10 75 #10 51 0 79 - 10 50	10:79 - 10:53	Aver . 10.47 Aver . 10.31 Aver . 10.27 Aver . 10.32 Aver . 10.42 Aver . 10.56 Aver . 10.67 Aver . 10.8 Aver . 10.9 Aver . 10.0 3.6 W .	Мау.	H MONTE.
7.700	10 02	Aver10-12 Aver10-23 Aver10-23 Aver10-13 Aver10-23	Aver10:24 Aver10:12 Aver10:12 Aver10:12 Aver10:29 Aver10:43 Aver10:57 Aver10:60	Aver 10:8	Aver10.28 Aver10.13 Aver10.12 Aver10.19 Aver10.29 Aver10.41 Aver10.75	Aver. 10.38 Aver. 10.20 Aver. 10.18 Aver. 10.22 Aver. 10.33 Aver. 10.48 Aver. 10.6 Aver. 10.70 Aver. 10.73 Aver. 10.77 Aver. 10.75 Aver. 1	Aver11 0 300 - 311 0 10 99-11 01	June.	
10		1 rer	1 yer	1 0	1 ver	/ver	1ver	July.	
:		Λ VΘΓ	Aver	Αγετ	Aver	Aver	Aver	August.	

We have included in the above table, and shall continue week to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the gobreviation "Aver." The average for each month tor the week is also given at bottom of table.

Transferable Orders—Saturday, 10:30c; Monday, 10:3 c; Thesday, 10:30c.; Wednesday, 10:20c.; Thursday, 10:20c; Friday, 10:25c.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

11 pd. to exch. 500 Oct. for Jan. 08 pd. to exch. 500 Sept. for Feb. 10 pd. to exch. 200 Dec. for Jan. 10 pd. to exch. 100 Dec. for Jan.

12 pd. to exch. 500 At ril for May. o7 pd. to exch. 100 Nov for Dec. 17 o . to exch. 1,700 Oct. o Jan. 10 pd. to exch. 100 Dec. for Jan. 18 pd. to exch. 50 Oct. for Jan. 43 pd. to exch. 200 Nov. for Mac. 10 pd. to exch. 10 Place for Addi.
200 O tober for November—even.
12 pd. to exch. 8 to Mar. for April.
13 pd. to exch. 200 Nov for Mar.
14 pd. to exch. 10 to tot Sept.
15 pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. for Oct.
16 pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. for Oct.
17 pd. to exch. 1,000 Nov. for Oct.
18 pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. or Oct.
19 pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. or Oct.
11 pd. to exch. 200 Oct. for Feb.
11 pd. to exch. 400 Nov. for Oct.
15 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Sept.
15 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Sept.
15 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
16 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
17 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
18 pd. to exch. 100 Nov. for Oct.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Sept.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Jan.
10 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
10 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
11 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
12 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
12 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
13 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Sept.
14 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb.
15 pd. to exch. 100 Oct. for Feb. of pd. to exch. 1,500 Nov. or Ock

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Sept. 19), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

	0	•		
,	1884.	1883.	1892.	1881.
Stock at Liverpool bales.	622,000	765,000	539,000	693,000
	70,000	49,500	75,800	44,300
Stock at London	10,000	40,000	10,000	11,000
m + 10 - 1 D-itain ataala	600,000	014 500	614,800	737,300
Total Great Britain stock.	692,000	814,500		
Stock at Hamburg	4,500	3,800	2,900	9,000
Stock at Bremen	53,800	41,300	31,900	42,200
Stock at Amsterdam	41,000	24,000	9,900	21,800
Stock at Rotterdam	800	3,600	1,800	2,830
Stock at Antwerp	2,300	7,700	300	2.300
Stock at Havre	206,000	97,000	111,000	168,000
	5,000	10,000	1,600	4,300
Stock at Marseilles	46,000	49,000	23,000	36, 00
Stock at Barcelona				14,000
Stock at Genoa	12,000	11,000	11,300	
Stock at Trieste	9,000	10,000	5,700	7,900
·				
Total Continental stocks	380,400	255,400	199,400	303,330
Total European stocks	1,072,400	1,069,900	814,200	1,045,630
India cotton afloat for Europe.	102,000	126,000	207,000	140,000
Amer'n cott'n afloat for Eur'pe	36,000	62,000	53,000	113,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afit for E'r'pe	6,000	27,000	15,000	14,000
Egypt, Blazil, &c., and for 12 1 10	157,899	280,304	152,104	341,097
Stock in United States ports		54,559	17,313	87,191
Stock in U.S. interior towns	18,375			1
United States exports to-day	4,600	6,000	5,600	8,680
Total visible supply	1,397,274	1,625,763	1,261,217	1,749,598

Continental stocks	and other descriptions are as follows:	Of the above, the totals of American and o
United States interior stocks 18,375 54,559 17,313 87,19	$egin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Liverpool stockbales 356,000 Continental stocks193,000 American afloat for Europe36,000 United States stock157,899 United States interior stocks18,375
East Indian, Brazil, &c.—       266,000       284,000       310,000       146,00         London stock       70,000       49,500       75,800       44,30         Continental stocks       187,400       111,400       143,400       150,33         India affoat for Europe       102,000       126,000       207,000       140,00	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	East Indian, Brazil, dc.—         Liverpool stock       266,000         London stock       70,000         Continental stocks       187,400         India afloat for Europe       102,000
Total American 765,874 1,027,863 513,017 1,254,96		Total American

Total visible supply ......1,397,274 1,625.763 1,264,217 1,749.598 Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool.... 6d.  $5^{13}$ 16d. 7d.  $7^{1}$ 4d. The imports into Continental ports this week have been

The above figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 228,489 bales as compared with the same date of 1883, an increase of 133,057 bales as compared with the corresonding date of 1882 and a decrease of 352,324 bales as ompared with 1881.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1883—is set out in detail in the following statement.

					- 1
Total, all	Total, new towns	Raleigh, N.C Petersburg, Va Louisville, Ky Little Rock Ark* Brenham, Tex Houston, Tex	Total, old towns.	Augusta, Ga Columbus, Ga Macon, Ga Macon, Ga Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn. Dallas, Tex Palestine Tex Shreveport, La. Vickslurg, Miss Columbus, Miss Eufaula, Ala Atlanta, Ga Atlanta, Ga Atlanta, Ga Knome, Ga Knome, Ga Charlotte, M.C St. Louis, Mo Chneinnati, O	
39,695	17,475	851 10 21 20 1,276 15,19 <b>2</b>	22,220	This week.  3.775 2.500 2.309 4.745 5.26 1,092 6.87 5.87 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881 1,881	Мовет
68,703	31,201	1,198 23 45 35 3,667 26,093	37,502 140	Receipts:    Rince   Since   Sept.1, '84.	Movement to Seplember 19, 1884.
35,805	17,379	779 12 260 10 1,469 14,744	18,426 105	Shipm'ts  This week.  3,719 2,061 2,061 3,164 2,174 2,174 101 756 68 420 2,0 1,466 1,466 1,83 2183 2183 2183 2183 2183 2183	ember 19,
24,317	5,912	483 21 1,187 10 751 3,439	18,375 21	Stock Scpt. 19. 484 619 2,865 1,323 4,850 176 552 100 96 553 105 720 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 105 83 84 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	1884.
62,821	21,333	316 62 208 621 1,500 18,217	41,488	This week.  25,692 3,395 3,490 4,421 2,170 200 2,152 1,409 1,640 1,646 1,454 1,454 1,437	Movem
127,963	47,885	107 302 919 4,774 40,548	80,078	Receipts.  Since Sept.1, 83.  92 10.665 92 6.535 93 7,039 64 6,039 70 3.667 17 624 00 3.667 16 380 15 4,695 09 2,494 480 9,231 1,525 57 1,525 2,643 6,321	Movement to September 21,
16,631	17,503	959 421 150 170 14,186	29,128	Inis week.  2.136 2.136 2.136 2.136 1.184 2.04 1.70 2.04 8.75 8.38 1.300 1.341 3.375 4.38 6.07 1,981	ember 21,
75,179	20,620	2,503 2,503 2,360 14,332	54,559 21	Stock Sept. 21. 4,067 4,1590 4,158 5,671 3,714 7,139 7,80 350 11,060 11,060 1,190 7,80 1,190 7,594 1,655 3,408 876	1883.

\* This year's figures estimated.

\*\*crecsed during the week 3,794 bales, and are to-night 36,184 ' the lewest 73,

bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 19,268 bales less than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 59,260 bales less than for the same time in 1883.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.— In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week.

Week ending	CLOSI	NG QUOTA	TIONS FOR	R MIDDLIN	G COTTON	ON-	
Sept. 19.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.	
Galveston	1038	10516.	10316	10116	10	10	
New Orleans.	1014	104	1018	10	10	10	
Mobile	1018	1018	10	978	978	91318	
Javannah	1018	10116	91516	978	978	91316	
Charleston	Nominal.	10316	10	10	10	10	
Wilmington	1018	10	10	10	978	978	
Norfolk	1038	1038	1018	10116	10116	10116	
Boston	1118	11	11	11	1034	1034	
Baltimore	1034	1034	1058	1058	$10^{3}8$	1038	
Philadelphia.	1112	1112	1138	1138	1114	1114	
Augusta	978	978	91116@34	91116	958	9916 @ 5	
Memphis	1012	1042	1019	1014	1014	1014	
St. Louis	1038	1038	104	$10^{1}8$	10	978	
Cincinnati	1034	à 103 <sub>4</sub>	1034	1058	1038	1014	
Louisville	1034	104	1058	1058	1058	104	

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach, therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

Week -	Receipt	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at 1	nterio <b>r</b>	Torons.	Rec'pts from Plant'ns		
ending-	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.
July 3	9,586	11,914	4,655	42,813	74,817	37,523	2,012	7,032	1,886
" 11	8,142	11,024	7,578	35,454	68,762	31,941	753	5,139	1,998
" 18	9,150	9,208	3,810	31,622	64,239	28,241	5,318	4,685	113
· 25	6,126	8,296	2,800	28,276	61,629	25,130	2,780	5,686	
Aug. 1	4,815	7.064	4,283	24,449	57,886	22,807	955	3,321	1,480
	4,811	9.706	~ 2,283	21,093	53,206	20,433	1,438	5,026	389
" 15	6.356	10,305	2,895	16,535	52,016	8,3.6	1,798	9,115	831
" 23	12.352	11,365	2000.00	1	50,526	18,599	10,141	9,875	1.098
29	21,032	22,971		15,526	50,500	16,342	21,231	22,754	4,657
Sept. 5	28,658	33,308		18,519	53,576	16,864	29,681	37,728	16,859
" 12	49,512	64.348		1	58,959	20,427	52,109	69,761	46,187
" 19	77.223		,		75,179	24.317	88.093	115.009	84,627

The above statement shows—1. That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1884, were 145,564 bales; in 1883 were 220,498 bales; in 1882 were 173,978 bales.

2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 80,737 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 84,627 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 113,009 bales and for 1882 they were 88,093 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—There have been refreshing rains at a few points in the South during the week, but in general in those districts in which the drought was most severe rain would be of little or no benefit to cotton now. Picking is making excellent headway generally, and the crop is being marketed freely.

Galveston, Texas.—The weather has been warm and dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 84, the highest being 90 and the lowest 78.

Indianola, Texas.—We have had warm and dry weather all the week. Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged 80, ranging from 75 to 87.

Palestine, Texas.—There has been one good but insufficient shower during the week, doing no good to cotton. The rainfall reached seventy-eight hundredths of an inch. Picking makes good progress. The thermometer has ranged from 69 to 93, averaging 81.

Huntsville, Texas.—We have had one trifling shower during the week, doing more harm than good, the rainfall reaching fifteen hundredths of an inch. Good progress is being made in picking. Average thermometer 82, highest 96, lowest 66.

Luling, Texas.—No rain during the week. Picking pro-

gresses well. The thermometer has averaged 85, the highest being 95 and the lowest 75.

Brenham, Texas.—There has been one splendid and very welcome shower during the week, but it was too late to benefit cotton. The rainfall reached two inches. Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged 82, ranging from 72 to 92.

Belton, Texas.—The weather has been warm and dry all the The thermometer has ranged from 69 to 96, averaging 82.

Weatherford, Texas.-We have had warm and dry weather all the week. Picking progresses well. Average thermometer 82, highest 96, lowest 66.

Dallas, Texas.—There has been no rain all the week. We are suffering dreadfully for it, and damage has been done beyond recovery. Good progress is being made with picking. The above totals show that the old interior stocks have The thermometer has averaged 86, the highest being 99 and

Columbia, Texas.—The weather has been warm and dry all the week. Picking progresses well. The thermometer has averaged 79, highest 93, lowest 65.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 81.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—Telegram not received.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.—The weather has been warm and dry all the week. Good progress is being made with picking. The thermometer has ranged from 65 to 93.

Meridian, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.
Greenville, Mississippi.—The weather has been warm and dry during the week, with a rainfall reaching only five hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 82, highest 89 and

Columbus. Mississippi.—No rain all the week, only one rain since July. It is claimed that the top crop is poor and the bottom crop poorer. Cotton is opening prematurely, and

the prospects are very discouraging.

Little Rock, Arkansus.—The weather has been very pleasant during the week, and clear except on Tuesday when we had a good general rain. The rainfall reached ninety hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 74, ranging from 58 to 88.

Fort Smith, Arkansas.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and ten hundredths. Owing to the excessive heat we are having much sickness causing some slowness in picking, but the amount coming in is equal to last year. The thermometer has ranged from 58 to

Helena, Arkansas.—It has rained on one day, and the remainder of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached twenty-eight hundredths of an inch. It is claimed that the top crop will be poor. Picking makes good headway. The crop is reported short, but will probably equal last year.

Average thermometer 75, highest 87, lowest 59.

Memphis, Tennessee.—The days have been warm but the nights have been cold. The long drought was broken by a good rain on Wednesday morning, the rainfall reaching eightyfour hundredths of an inch. Picking progresses finely. The thermometer has averaged 76, the highest being 90 5 and the

Nashville, Tennessee.—It has rained lightly on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching eleven hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts are less favorable. The thermometer has

averaged 71, ranging from 56 to 85.

Movile, Alabama. - We have had no rain all the week. Picking is progressing finely. The top crop will be poor. It is claimed that much damage has been done by drought and worms. The thermometer has ranged from 61 to 94, aver-

Montgomery. Alabama.—The weather has been warm and dry all the week. Cotton picking is going on satisfactorily.

Average thermometer 76, highest 97, lowest 58.

Selma, Alabama.—The days have been warm, but the nights have been cool during the week, with no rain. Picking makes good progress, and the crop is being marketed freely. The thermometer has averaged 76, the highest being 91 and the lowest 58.

Madism, Florida.—We have had no rain all the week. Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged

80, ranging from 60 to 97.

Macm, Georgia.-We have had one very light shower during the week. Good progress is being made with picking. The thermometer has ranged from 52 to 86, averaging 72.

Columbus, Georgia.—There has been no rain all the week. Picking progresses well, and the crop is being marketed freely.

Average thermometer 76, highest 90 and lowest 59. Savanuah, Georgia.—We have had rain on two days, and the remainder of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached sixty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 72, the highest being 85 and the lowest 60.

Augusta, Georgia — The weather has been warm and dry, with one light shower during the week. The rainfall reached fifteen hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts continue unfavorable; the yield will be fully twenty per cent short of what was promised five weeks ago, but it is believed that a fair average crop will be gathered notwithstanding. Picking progresses well, and the crop is being pushed to market. The thermometer has averaged 73, ranging from 57 to 87.

Atlanta, Georgia. -It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths of an inch. The ther-

mometer has ranged from 51 to 85, averaging 71.

Charleston, South Carolina.—It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching five inches and eighty-four hundredths. Average thermometer 73, highest 84 and lowest

Columbia, South Carolina.—Telegram not received.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph. showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock September 18, 1884, and September 20, 1883.

	Sept. 1	8, '84	Sept. 20 '-3.		
	Feet.	Inch.	Feet.	Inca	
New OrleansBelow high-water mark		6	12	1	
MemphisAbove low-water mark.		8	3	5	
NashvilleAbove low-water mark.	1	0	0	. 5	
ShreveportAbove low-water mark.	0	2	2	7	
Vicksburg Above low-water mark		11	5	10	

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to highwater mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS. — We have re-arranged our India service so as to make our reports more detailed and at the same time more accurate. We had found it impossible to keep out of our figures, as cabled to us for the ports other than Bombay, cargoes which proved only to be shipments from one India port to another. The plan now followed relieves us from the danger of this inaccuracy and keeps the totals correct. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Sept. 18.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents this	week.	Skipm	ente sinc	Receipts.		
₹ear	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan.1.
1984 1883 1882		5,000 5,000	5,000	445,000 740,000	784,000 600,000	1,104,000 1,229,000 1,340,000	4.000	1,545.000 1.551,0:0 1,619.000
1881	2,000	6.000	8,000	304,000	542,000	846,000	3.000	1,158,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 1,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 2,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 125,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipmen	Shipments since January 1.				
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.			
Calcutta-						- manager			
1881		3,000	3,000	82,500	42,700	125,200			
1883	500		500	81,700	10,500	95,500			
M. dras-						,			
1884	3.600		3,000	43,000		43,000			
1883				13,500	1,000	14,500			
All others-	1								
1884	4.000	4,100	8,100	30,900	20.000	50,900			
1883	4,200	2.0	4.400	33,400	6,600	40,000			
Total all-									
1884	7.600	7,100	14,700	156,400	62,700	219,100			
1883	4,700	200	4,900	131,600	18.400	150.000			

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 9,800 bales more than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1884, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows:

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

~	18	1884.		883.	1882.		
Shipments to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Bombay All other ports.	7,000 14,700	1 104.000 219,100		1,2 29,000 150,000		1,340,000 263,900	
Total	21,700	1,323,100	9,900	1,379.0 10	8,300	1,603.900	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the three years at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrange ments we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Eoypt, September 17.	1884.	1883.	1882	
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1	3,000 5,000	4,000 4,000		
	This Since week. Sept. 1	This Since week. Sept. 1.	This Since week. Sept. 1.	
Exports (bales)  Po Liverpool  To Continent				
Total Europe		.		

\* A cantar is 98 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Sept. 17 were 3,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe - bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received from Manchester to-night states that the market is dull. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison.

	Í .			188	34.				188	3.					
es s es	32s Cop. Twist.			84 lbs. Shirtings.		Oott'n Mid. Upl/s	328 Uop.			84	ir	lb <b>s</b> ling	18.	Ooti'n Mid. Upids	
J'ly 18 2 Aug. 1 4 15 4 22 5 29 Sept. 5	8 <sup>5</sup> 8	918 918 918 918 919 919	5555555	7884 8474 7484	8. 07 07 07 107 107 107 107	d 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 0 2 0 1 2 1 1 4 1 1 4	6 <sup>1</sup> 8 6 <sup>1</sup> 18 6 <sup>1</sup> 3 6 <sup>3</sup> 16	84	00000000	d. 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 8 <sup>7</sup> 8 8 <sup>7</sup> 8	8 8 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		8. 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	d. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1. 5716 5716 5716 5716 51116 51116 558 51116 51316 51316

WEATHER RECORD FOR AUGUST.—Below we give the rainfall and thermometer record for the month of August, and previous months of this year and the two preceding years. The figures are from the records of the Signal Service Bureau, except at points where they have no station, and at those points they are from records kept by our own agents.

points where t	hey ls ke	have pt b	e no y oui	sta ow	n ag	ents		11036	por		,iicy		la Ta
	Мау		1	Jur			July.			Augu		I	la Da ist
	1. 1883	1882	1884	1889	3. 1882	. 1884	1883	1882.	1884.	1883	1882	. ]	Ra Da T
VIRGINIA. Norfolk.— Rainfall, in 1.2				1		2 7·0		4.90	2·95	2.81	4.53		
N. CAR LINA. Wilmington		11					1		0:50	5.19	8.09	In	
Rainfall, in. 3.7 Days of rain. 8 Weldom.—	10	11			14	16	13	22	12	14	18	Pi	Ri
Rainfall, in. 23 Days of r in 6	7	10			4	12	9	14	5	6	11	N	Ri
Rainfall, in 13 Days of rain. 9				7 6.5		9 10 7	10		12	3 12·3 16	16	Fe	D:
Charlotte— Rainfall, in 4. Days of rain. 1:		9 3				8 7.9	10	12	9	10	14	CI	Da leh R:
Murphy— Rainfall, in 2" Days of rain. 4		1:					8	22	•••	. 10	17	Cl	Di lai R
Days of rain.	50 6.0			1 11	25 6.6 50	13 12.0		10.5	0 7.2	8	10.2	A	D us R
			82 8		88 9				-1 -1	2 10.0		32 -	The
Spartanburg— Rainfail, in 2		1	7 13 S	95 2	89	. 3	69		. 1.6	1 1.6	38 5.4	13 -	v
Aiken-										.		1	I
Stateburg	97 3	99 1	24 4	91 4		73 1		88 4.2	3:	29 2.	11 5.	75	A V.
GEORGIA.	9   8	1	8 1	1	10 1	2 1		0 10					I I
Days of rain.							2 1	21 3.8	7 8	1	2 1		V.
Days of rain.			5 2	73 2				01 6	2 1	2 7	1	6 1	Ki
Days of rain.								56 3	1	6 1	3 1	23	1
Days of rain.				34 5				27 9		3 1	3	7	Ch I
Days of rain.		4		16	12	16	12	7 1	4	7	3 1		M
Days of rain.	2·22 1 5	20 2	2·75 5	50					1	5	7 1	72	M
Days of rain.	1·72 9	67 8		173						8 1		11	j
Andersonville— 1 ainfall, ic Days of rain.				8 50	١.	8		and the same of th		11 .		:::	S. Ci
Jacksonville.— Rainfall, in			~ 0									5°65 19	SI
Cedar Keys Rainfell, in.				18 3:63 11	4.05	17 0.58 14	6.03	5.09 10	.33 8	11 8	3.37	3.14	
	411	7			5 97	:	8.33	3.55	.   :	3.35	3:61		A
Madison— Rainfall, in	1.55 5			8:35			4.50						S
Banford - Rainfall, in.	1.62			9:57			5·57			1.09		::::	
ALABAMA. Montgomery.		0.03			-		2 80				1	3.41	A
Ramfall, in Days of rain. Mobile	13	2:62	2.91 1	2)	17	13	11	8	21	11	16	22 8·76	Á
Rainfall, in Days of rain. Greene Spr gs-	12	8.51	10	7 01 16 7 57	9.43	2:40 15 2:45 1	13	9	24	"	ย	7 28	S
Rainfall, in Days of rain. Selm:—	1.18	5 2:53	4.33	13	4.19	5:51	.0	13	12	8	10	14 4·03	
R infill, in D ys of rain.	1.27	2.05	2.45	13	5	2.11	13	B	8	2:31	7	3.42	0
Days of rain. LOUISIANA.	0.91	3	8 45	15	13	10	14		16	8		7~	
New Orleans.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	4:33 18	5.41	6.83	20	12:05	2:71	4·12 13	3·33 15	6:84 20	0.87	4.12	9.17	
Shreveport.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	11:47	1.40	4:59	4.22	5,70	0:05	0.00	0.22 1	1 38 15	1.99	0.72	3.97 13	
Grant Coteau- Rau fail, n Days of rain.	14:03 17	4.93		£:50	5 85 13		2·85 5	1.97	::::	1.75	0.42	::::	
MISSI-SIPPI. Columbus.— Rainfall, in	1.93	3.97		6.46	2 60	1.77	12.00	1.63	4.00		5.63	5:51	
Days of rain. Vicksburg.— Rainfall, in	6	5 2·16	8:30	3:14	4.08	4	10 5·75	6 3.61	0.19	2.16	1.83	15 4·42	
Days of rain. Brookhaven- Bainfall, in	13 8:90	7 3:15	12	4.55	7 70	3.4	8	12 2·75	18 13 35	7·30	2:50	17 10:25	
Days of rain.  Greet ville- Rainfalt, in	U	3	5	6:20	11	8	3 2.80	13	11	0.26	3	19	
Days of reen.	9			11			4			5			
Little Rock.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	7:05 15	3·94 10	16.53 13	2·24 8	3:00	1:79	4.55 8	4.67 12	5.08 13	4.11	2·07	3·21 14	
Mount Ida— Rainfall, in Days of rain		10:30 9	12·45 13	2·95 5	1:30	2:90 7	5:30	3·10 5	2:30 7	1.05 2	5:80 7	5·40 10	
Helena— Rainfall, in Days of rain			1	2:50	)		4:35 10		::::	1·11 8		:::	
Newport— Rainfall, in. Days of rain	4.50		::::	1.5	1 ::::				,	0.25 4	::::	::::	-
Fort Smith - Rainfall, in. Days of rain				2:4	1		1 0			3.73 6	:::.	::::	

R	ONIC	LE.				°° ₹		.E3		[Voi	. X	XI	ζ <b>΄</b>	e or
	Rainfall.	1884.	May 1883.	1882	1884.	Jun  1883		1884	.Tulii.		!	1888.		•
Nat	NNESSEE.	3:59			6.59		2.51	3·18	4·84 18	4.07	2.81	4.59	5·4°	
Men	ays of rain. mphis.— ainfall, in	6.46	6·53	9·1:	7.27 17	4·99		1	3 1.75			1		9
Ash R	ays of rain.	3.90	1			v 5			0 7:30	4.10	1.70	5.30	5.3	
Au	ays of rain. stin— ainfall, in ays of rain.	3 47				6.8	2 2.4	0 3.0		9.40	2.23	3·5	7·4 10	
Ga	TEXAS. lreston.— lainfall, in		2 6.0	1 3.7	5 6.8	1 1.0	1 6.1	6 1.1	6 1.3					
Inc	Days of rain dianola.— Rainfall, in	. 13	10	8	9 7:50	6 1.7	3 1.7					8 03	,	12
Pa	Days of rain lestine— Rainfall, in.	. 12	9		3 2.6	5 6.3	3 0.8	3 0.0	6 1.2	8 6.2	3 0.8			2
Ne	Days of rain w Ulm— Rainfall, in.	. 15.2	5 3.0	7 12.2		2 3 3	5 0.8		0 1.5	5 5.1			1	33
Fo	Days of rain rt Elliot— Rainfal, i v. Days o rain	8.5	9 4:5		3 6.8	6 1.6								
Cle	churne Rainfall, in. Days of rain	. 5.0	1		11			1 0			5		1	
Cle	arksville— Rainfall, in. Days of rain	. 9.5		1	1 42			1 4					:: ::	•• ••
	ustin— Rainfall, i 1. Da s of rain			<u>:  ··</u>	1.4		·   ::	0:	1	:	. 0.0	1		<u>::</u>
T	hermometer.	188	Ma 4   189	y. 3. 189	2. 188		3. 100	18	34. 185	_	2 188	4. 188		12.
N	VIRGINIA.	1 01	1 89	0.0 88	55 92	·5 93	5.3 96			9.3 92				2:0
	Highest Lowest Average	5 2	9 41	0 45	10 53 10 73					5 69	9 76			1·0 7·3
	CAR'LIN Vilmington Highest Lowest	88		0 8		0 6:	5.0, 2	3.0 4	7.0 65	5 66	0 6	1.1 6:	70	3·0 9·8
п	Average Voldon.— Highest	71	5 68	0 9	0.0 9	F.0 8	3.0 99	0.2 8	7.0 10	2.0 100	0.0 88	2.0 26	3.0 9	2·0 4·0
B	Lowest Average litty Hawk-	48	3.7 78	3.3 6	5.0 2%	2.4 7	8.8 70	5.0 7	0.8 7	18 2	3·0 7.	3.7 90	0.5 9	8·0 0·5
	Highest Lowest. Average	4:	2.5 4	7.0 4	10 5	2.0 5	9.0 5 5.0 7	7·0 6 3·0 7	1.5 6	9.1 7	5.1 7	7.	5.8 7	5·6 5·6
	Highest Lowest	4	3.6 4	0.5 4	5.0 5	1.5 6	0.0 8	1.4 6	0.8 6	1.5 6	0.0 5	5.0 B	0. : 6	2:0 1:0 5:4
	furphy— Highest Lowest	8	3.0 3	4.0 3	7.0 4	9 5	7.0 5	0.0 6	50.0 5	7.0 5	1.0 .	5	5.0 8	5·0 5·0 20
2 ,	Average. Mid.Caps Fee Highest Lowest	2r · 8	8.0	8 0.0	60.0 5	3.0	0.00	8.0 8	34.0 6	5.0 8	3.0 8	3.0 6 3.0 9	1.0	1.0 9.0 30.2
	Average S. CAROLIN	NA 7	1.3	. 1										970
5	Highest Lowest Average	6	10.5	18.0	51.5 5	3 2 6	34.8 t	53.0° (		3.0 €	7.0 4	7.65 6	5:01 6	8.0
4	Spartanburg Highest. Lowest		3.0		8	51.0	54.0		02.0	3 . 0	5	3.6	1.0	50 0 80 7
`	Aiken- Highest Lowest		00.0			::::		78						
	Average Stateburg Highest			C.62			93.0			98.0	00.0	91.0	80.0	92·0 65:0
	Lowest Average GEORGIA												77 7	77.3
11	Augusta.— Highest Lowest		54 5	43.0	48.0		654.3	07.0		71.7	63.8	14.0		91.0 61.0 79.3
76	Average. Atlanta.— Highest Lowest		5.0	1	89·0 45·0	89·0 57·1	91·0 51·0	93·0 54·0	62.4	05.0	6.1.0	80.0	92·0 60·0 77·4	87.0 66.0 71.2
28	Average . Savannah Highest.	-	90.2	94.0	91.0	70.8 91.0 58.5		76°2 96°5 63°0		99.5 72.0	9):5	93.2	95.0	96.0 66.5
03	Average Columbus		55.0 76.1 89.0	51.0 72.7 91.0	728	95.0	81·2 98·0	80·3	83.0	97:0	93.0	93.0	85.0 85.3	91.0
12	Highest Lowest Average. Macon		5-0 77-0	44.0 72.0	50°0 73°8	75.0	25.0	83.0	1	81.0	80.0	85.0 80.0	91.0 91.0	72.0 83.0 91.0
17	Highest. Lowest Average.		92 0 51 0 75 0	80.0 40.0		91.0 50.0 74.0	93.0 62.0 78.0	93.0 55.0 79.0	67.0 82.0 82.0	81.0 80.0 80.0		77.	63 0 73 0	63.0 79.0
97	Rome Highest. Lowest	!	91.0 54.0 71.0	86.0 42.0 65.0	83.0 45.0 67.0	93:4 56:0 72:0	91·0 5·5·0 77·0	52.0 52.0	93·0 63·0 78·0	80.0 94.0 88.0	80.0 69.0 77.0	9:0 58:0 75:0	93.0 55.0 75.0	83:0 43:0 65:0
	Average. Forsyth.— Highest. Lowest			1		93.0	1	97:0 65:0	910 7:0	93.0	68: 1	95.0	91.0 65.0 79.5	92.0 70.0 75.7
:51	Averag Indersonvi	iie	93·0	70.8	70.6	91.6	79 6		98°5		75'3	98.7		
.42	Average. FLORID		74·4 75·2		::::	60·1 70·4		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	69.0 75.6			81.7	ç	:
17 -25	Jacksonvill Highest Lowest	c	90·7 62·3	54.0	89:5. 54:0	91.6 61.7	85.0 85.0	95.5 +5.0 81.1	82.8 8 1.3 92.8	98:0 6:05 84:1	7.3	93.5 70.0 79.8	94.5 7 · 0 80.8	
	Average Cedar Keps Highest.	·	90.0 80.2	73.9 87.0 50.0		76.9 91.0 62.0	90°S 70°3	91.0 68.0	91-0	92·5	9 :5	85.2	93·0 72·0	92·0 70·0
21	Lowest . Average Archer— Highest.		95.0	75 1	75.3	.78°2	90·0	79.9	91:0	83°5 94°0	81.5	90 0 71:0	92·0 72·0	i
14	Average Madison-		61 0 80 3		:::	63:0 87:1 98:0	79.0	::::	80°9 99 0	82.3		7.5		
10	Highest Lowest Average Sanford -		98:0 60:0 75:5			76.0 79.0			827	••••	••••	96.6		;:::
 ::::	Highest Lowest. Average		91.7 63.2 76.9			91.8 62.4 76.8			K9.3			20.0		
	AT.ARA	111	1		(	4		1	1	•		1		1

<sup>\*</sup>Covers only last 13 days of month; observer sick balance of month.

ALABAMA.
Montgomery.—
Highest .....
Lowest .....
Average....

idensfor FRASER

3

32 3

3.0 70.0 79.8

93·0 84·0 78·0

90.5 63·9 75·6

82.0

85·0 65·0 72·0

91.0 69.0 91.0

91·0 50 0 80·7

••••

91.0 61.0 79.3

96.0

6n.5

83.0

91.0 63.0 79.0

83.0 43·0

96.0

81.0

81.4

....

,...

928

		May.	1		June.			July.	1	A	unict	
Thermometer.	1854.	1883.	1882	1884.	1883.	1882.	1884.	1883.	1852.	1884.	1883.	1882.
Mobile.— Highest	92.7	96.5	91.5	96 0	09.2	100.0	95·8	101.0	96.2	95.9	99.4	96.0
Lowest	58·7 74·6	47 3 72 9	50.4	61.7	70°0 81°3	813	69:5 80:1	83.6	63·8 78·6	78.1	65.0 85.0	70.3
Freene Spr'gs.— Hichest	89.0	86.0	86.0	92.0	94.0	91.0		102.0	88.0		100.0	87.0
Lowest Average	55.0 71.3	40·0 68·3	49.0 68.8	581 73.5	62·0	60.0	70.0 82.0	83.8	65.0 79.3	77.0	81.3	70 0 77 0
elma— Hignest	89.0	86 (	81.0	87 0	03.0	89.0	96.0	96.0	68.0	90.0	93.0	87:0
Lowest	47.0 70.0	40 0 66 0	47.0	59·0	22.0	70.0 59.0	78.0	80°0	70.0	61.0	78.0	67 (
uburn— Highest	93.0		86.0	84.0	93.0	93.0			91.0	93.0		88
Average	57.0 72.0	41:0 69:5	67.0	71.6		59.0	28.0		55.0	61.0 77:0	::::	75.6
LOUISIANA.							3.0					
llighest	86·2	88°0	58·3	90·9 68·5	63.4	67.2		44.0	69.8	93·4 65·5	92.5	91.
Average hreveport.—	76.4	74%	74 4		80.7	81.1	85.3		80 5			50
Highest	57.0	94.8	93.0	03.0 88.0	99.4	59.0		71.0	84.0	64.0	63.8	97 65
Average Frand Coteau—	71.6	73.4	70.4	79.4	81.0			83.9	79:7	81.0	81·6	78.
lighest	82·2	59.0	• • • • •	96·2 65·	93.0 59.0	,	97.6	69.0		670	73.0	
Average Mississippi.	76.4	73.5	••	80.8	77.1	••••	85.6	82.8	••••	81.3	53 0	•••
Columbus Highest	89.0		98.0			100.0		107:0			101.0	
Average	54.0		68.0	58°0	57.0 81.0			81.0	80.0		84.0	80
Vicksburg.— Highest		91.0	93.0			99.0			96 0	97	98.0	95
Average	71 8	47.0	52.0							62.5 79.2	85.0	78
Brookhaven— Highest	87	86:0										88
Average	23.0	65 0								77.0		72
Greenrille— Highest		1		93·0 67·0	1		99.0			99.0		
Average				76 0			1			85.5		
ARKANSAS. Little Rock.—				0000		02:0	000	1	04:0	00:0	0.00	60
Lowest	. 51.0	46.0	48.0	57.0	61.0	53.0	68.0	62.0	65.0	60.0	61.0	
Average	1		1		1	l	82.0				1	
Highest Lowest		46.0	38 0		52.0	420	80.0	56.0	500	53.0 75.6	50.0	54
Helena—		i	1	04:0		Ì	ug.0	1		97.0		
Highest Average				61.0			69.0			83.0		::
Neuport— Highest				95.0			95.0			92.0	1	
Lowest	48.0	. 4	1	35 6					4	43.0		
Fort Smith— Highest				99.5	1		104.5	1	1	103 7	1	
l.owest Average			1	54·0			65.4			58 4 76°2		.:
PENNESSEE					1			-				
Highest									91.2			89
Average				1								
Highest											91.6	
Average	1		67.1	75.5		1		1			76	1
Highest				58 0	52 0	70 (	65.0	84.0	66.0	56	92°	63
Average			1	!	1	•						77
Lowest	. 42.0	42.0	42.0	63.0	64.0	53.0	9 85.0	58 0	56.0	98.1	92 0 5 0 75 3	1 61
TEXAS.	638	66.0	65 8	74.0	73.1	75.6	77.6	77.3	76.0	75.6	100	10
Galveston.— Highest			87.0									
Lowest												
Highest						13:0				95 6		
Average										81.8		
Pal stinr.— Highest			86.0								97%	91
Average New Ulm.—	1						<b>63</b> 4				,	77
Highest							100.0			100.0		98
Fort Elliot-				73.0	807	7 80%	84.8		1			1
High st						41%	) 61.5			:00	550	4
Av. r.go Cleburne-	61.5				71.5	723	79.8	76.1	7.3	.3.	745	70
Highest Lowest				98.0			93.0	)	1			::
Average Clarksville-	. 68.	3		75.7	2			1		85 :	l	
Highest	. 5000	)	1	93.0			76.0	)		6	,	::
Average	69.0			76.4			1	-		1	1	
Highest Lowest	. 4911			. 61.0	)		101:	)		700		
A verage	73.8				7	.1	.  88%	ši		1 81%		1

The following remarks accompany the month's weather reports for August, 1884:

Weldon, N. C .- The present indications are that there will be an aver age crop of both corn and cotton in this section if the frost is not very

Stateburg, S. C - Drought, which has been more or 1 s. prevalent (some narrow strips of country partially excepted) for the partitive weeks, and which still continues, has injured cotton serious. There will be little or no top crop. In some places the plants are now with red

and dried up past recovery.

Columbus, Ga.—Crops in this whole section have been body noticed by drought, but it is hard to say, at this time, to what extense Cotton is pening rapidly and should this weather continue for a few weeks, the crop in this section will be marketed as early as last year.

the crop in this section will be marketed as early as last year.

-ducon, da.—There h soeen considerable change in the crop of thook
since my last report. After a large amount of rain in miy and some
early in August, the dry weather set in about August 0, and continued,
and it has some much harm, causing cotton to stop growing and try up,
making bolls drop rapidly. Rains are reported in some places southere
has been none in town. It is very difficult to form any concept open in on the cop. Reports are conflicting, and crops are very spotted. I fear rains now will not save the top crop. Cotton is opening rapidle and picking is now general. I think the outturn in this section can hardly exceed last year.

Forsyth. Ga. - In many places drought of over three weeks, and several days of very hot weather. Up to this time there is less dropping of fruit than common. Prospects generally encouraging for cotton. Very little picking yet. Two weeks behind in this respect.

Andersonville, Ga.-Litter half of month very dry. but as a whole August as been favorable to maturing crops, especially cotton, which is turning out well.

is turning out well.

Archer, Fla.—Cotton crop looking very bad with rust. Not one-half a crop is likely to be gathered.

Greene springs, Ala. - Rains remarkably light this month. A drought very injurious to the cotton crop continued nearly four weeks—August 4th to 20th—0.70 inches falling August 4, and 0.31 inch on August 23.

4th to 29th—0.70 inches falling August 4, and 0.31 inch on August 2s.

New Orieans. La.—Drought throughout the State, especially the northern part, by which cotton has suffered greatly.

Shreveport. La.—Crops are said to be materially damaged by the drought which has prevailed in this section for the past few weeks.

Grand Cottau, La.—Drought (with slight showers only) since June 24.

Cotton, first crop good, but second crop scorened by the neat.

Columbus, Miss.—Dryest month for years.

Vicksburg, Miss.—Planters in this vicinity report rain as much needed.

Brookhaven, Miss.—Cotton doing very well up to the present time. I think a fair crop will be made if the worms do not take it.

Greenville, Miss.—Excessive drought causing shedding to considera-

Greenville, Miss.-Excessive drought causing shedding to considera-

Mount Ida, Ark.-Very hot and dry month; no rain since the 7th.

Hount Ida, Ark.—Very not and dry month; no rath since the 7th. Cross damaged, cotton on the plands nearly burned up.

Helena, Ark.—Rainfall has been but slight and crops are suffering hadly over fully nine tenths of this neighborhood, as the rains have been very partial. Rust reported in many laces and shedding budly.

Newport, Ark—There has been but very little rain and would be fallen has been very light showers. Indications of its being dry. At this writing it is very cool for this season of the year owing, I think, to a heavy hail storm said to be fifteen miles south of this poin.

Fort Smith, Ark.—The prospect for cotton and corn is better than at

Fort Smith, Ark.—The prospect for cotton and corn is better than at this time last year. Cotton picking has commenced. From the 3d to the 25th the weather was cool; since when high temperature has prevailed, bringing the average temperature up to nearly the normal. No

damage by storm during month.

Ashwood, Tenn. - Very dry during month. Cotton not promising.

Cleburne, Tex. - The drought and hot air have parched vegetation, the cotton crop being reduced much below an average. The crop in this county, unless there happens a late frost, will be but little over onethird full. Appearances indicate a continuance of dry, hot weather for

some time to come.

Clarksvile, Tex.—The best cotton crop in this county since the war.

Austin, Tex.—The amount of rain was inappreciable on the 13th, 19th and 24th. Rain badly needed; prospects for cotton crop pretty slight.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP.—Advices from Alexandria, of date August 23, are as follows: "The news from the interior continues to be good; the prospect could not be better. The temperature continues to keep cool, while the Nile has begun to fall slowly."

TEXAS CROP.—The Galveston Daily News of the 9th inst. gave reports on the cotton crop, of date Sept. 8, from all sections of the State, which were summarized editorially as follows:

"The crop reports published by The News this morning show a somewhat poor prospect for even an ordinary outturn of a troy for the year 1884-85. In some few sections of the State—out the sections are limited—the prospect is averagely fair, yet taken as a whole the outlook is far from flattering. The record made up this morning, being as late as the 8th of September, gives an approximate industry with the crop is likely to be. The severe rains and floods in the spring and early summer retarded planting operations to such an extent that the cotton crop was thrown from one mouth to six weeks late, and this being followed by a two months' drough, the plant was checked and cut of its fruit-bearing capacity. In a few sections of the State these conditions did not prevail, but this will not prove of sufficient consequence to bring the average up to anything like fair proportions. The acreage in cotton is estimated at from 10 to 15 per cent increase, but the general condition at this time is perhaps 20 per cent therease, but the general condition at that thave fallen recently have come too late to be of much advantage. It is possible, with a Very late fall and extremely favorable conditions from now on, that some cotton may be benefited therefrom, but the great bulk of the crop is cut irretrievably short. There is now more danger from continuous raise daing injury to the crop than there is possibly of benefit the from, and all that may reasonably be expected from now on is that the condition with helitits own. Of course it would be purely problem cical to predict as to the specific cotton outturn of the state for 1 81-65, but all indications point to even a shorter crop that that of the year just closes to A good guesser would strike somewhere between 1,000,000 and 1,100,000 bales."

Comparative Port Receipts and Daily Crop Movement.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT. -A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1, 1883, has been as follows.

Monthly		Year	Beginnen	y september	er L	
receipts.	1883	1882.	1881	1880	1879	1878.
dept'mb'r	343.812	326,656	429.7-7	458.4 *-	333,643	288,848
otober.	1.046.092	980.584	853.1	968,31	338.49	689,264
vovemb'r	1,030,380	1.094.697	974.01	1 006,50	942,27	779.237
Decemb'r	1,059,653		996, n : 7	1.020,302	956,461	892,664
lanuary	487,729		487.7:7	571,70	647.14	616,727
Pehruary	385,939		291,99 !	572.727	447.91-	561,824
March	241,514		257.09	476.582	261.913	302,955
April	111,755		14 .5 15	241,216	158,025	166,459
<b>Чау</b>	1		113,573	190,0 + 1	110.00%	84,299
June			68.67	131,871	88,455	29,472
July	19,504		36,39	78,572	54,258	13,989
August	15,966		45,143	115,114	67,372	18,081
Corret'ns	30,632	The second secon	,	123	42,714	458
Total year	1	6,019,735	4.72 ,361	3 871 090	5,001 672	4,417 276
Perc'tage	of tot. port				00.17	00.00
rec ipts	Aug. 31	99.39	99.62	10000	99.13	99 99
Correction	18	00.41	(0.3	00.00	00.85	00.01
Total por	t receipts	100.00	160.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Digitized for F RASER

This statement shows that up to Aug. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 1,169,163 bales less than in 1882-83 and 130,211 bales more than at the same time in 1881-82. The receipts since September 1, 1884, and for the corresponding period of the five previous years have been as follows.

	1884.	1883.	1832.	1881.	1880.	1879.
Sept.1	2,944	2,765	5,055	5,600	5,037	3,490
46 2	2,546	8.	2,896	10,356	5,669	1,948
" 3	2,052	7,215	8.	10,182	10,512	1.391
4 4	2,519	3,996	5.868	a.	6.474	2,264
· " 5	5.040	6,169	3,39	18,859	s.	4,927
6	3,704	4,969	5,636	9,039	14,754	2,104
" 7	8.	8,194	4,493	7,637	9,315	8.
" 8	8.206	8,143	6,105	8,181	8,616	5,454
<b>"</b> 9	5,645	s.	6,405	18,79	11,096	5,124
" 10	8,396	13,920	8.	13,05+	10,862	4,878
« 11	6,214	9.486	11,202	8.	15,646	4,858
" 12	10.453	8,035	5,643	16,595	s.	7,63
" 13	8,579	9,475	7,474	17,797	20.842	7.069
" 14	8.	15,283	8,04;	14,674	15,117	8.
" 15	10,590	11,742	10,742	10,870	13.999	15,628
** 16	10,205	s.	8,060	21,062	16.191	12,215
4 17	12,970	21,869	s.	16,364	20,900	12,995
* 18	15.397	11,760	16,598	s.	18,470	14,071
4 19	16,996	15.195	9,606	17,206	S.	14,955
Total	139,462	158,222	117,519	216,298	203,500	120,907
Percentage		*				
port rec'p	ts Sept 19	02.77	01.68	04.58	03 46	02.42

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 19,760 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1883 and 20,943 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1882. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to September 19 in each of the years named.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.—There has been a good demand for bagging and the market is steady in tone with sellers asking full rates. There have been a few inquiries for large parcels but the bulk of the orders are for present wants. For the small lots sellers are quoting 934c. for 114 lbs., 1014c. for 134 lbs., 11c. for 2 lbs. and 1134c. for standard grades, but a shading of 21/2@5 per cent can be obtained on large parcels. There have been sales of 2,000 rolls various grades. Butts have not been active though a fair inquiry is to be noted and prices are about steady. For paper grades the quotations are 134@2c., while bagging qualities are obtainable at 258@334c.

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 10,459 bales, against 14,488 bales last week. Below we give our usual table, showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and directions since September 1, 1884, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1854

		Week e	nding-	•.	Total	Same
Exported to—	Au;. 28.	Sept.	Sept. 11.	Sept.	since Sept. 1.	period previ'us year.
Liverpool. Other British ports	7.853 1,233		13,909	9,374	26,605 267	23,1° 5 1,250
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	9,116	10,720	13,909	9.374	26,872	24,355
HavreOther French ports	85	126	203	115	419	6,679
TOTAL FRENCH.	83	123	203	115	449	6,679
Bremen	1.921	9±0 300		200 400	571 400	1.949 $3,474$ $300$
TOTAL TO NORTH, EUROPE.	1,921	1,200	371	600	971	5,723
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r, &c.	200 620	3,820		370	370	2,893 604
TOTAL SPAIN, &c	820	2,820		370	370	3,197
GRAND TOTAL	11,942	15,866	14.188	10,459	28,662	40,254

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 12.773 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday night of this week.

TAT.	EW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Aurania, 1,502Ci	il bales
A	of Chester, 2. 02 City of Chicago, 1,427 Sirius, 1,585	
	Wyoming, 1,0 2	9, 171
6	To Havre, per secame Labrador, 115.	1
	To Bremen, per steemer Ems, (0). To Amsterdam, (er steamer Schiedam, '00	200- 300
	To Antwerp, per steamer Westernland, 100	10
	To Genoa, per steamers Bracadaile, 350Gottardo, 20	570

BITTIMODE 10 LIVANDOOL NON atcomes II.	100
	_,,,_0

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

			Ams'dam &						
	Liverpool.	Havre.	Bremen.	Antwerp.	Genoa.	Total.			
New York	9,374	115	200		3.0	10.459			
Baltimore		• • • • • •	•••••			1,086			
Boston	199	• • • • • •		•••••		199			
Philadelphia	1,029	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •		1,029			
Total	11,688	115	200	400	370	12,773			

Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

GALVESTON—For Vera Cruz—Sept. 12—Brig Rohl, 500.

NEW ORLEANS—For Liverpool—Sept. 13—Steamer Chancellor, 3,234.

BOSTON—For Liverpool—Sept. 16—Steamer Iowa.

BALTIMORE—For Liverpool—Sept. 15—Steamer Hanoverian, 2,574.

For Brem—n—Sept. 11—Steamer Numberg, 756.

PHILADELPHI—For Liverpool—Sept. 16—Steamer Pennsylvania, 532.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes	Thurs.	Fri.
Liverpool, steam d.	18 2 5 32*	18@5 <sub>32*</sub>	964 2 532*	964 2 532	964 2732	532*
Do saild.				••••		
Havre, steamc. Do sailc.	1132*	1132*	1132	1132*	1132*	1132
Do sailc. Bremen, steam	7 *	7 +				
Do sailc.	716*	716*	716*	716	716	716*
Hamburg, steam.c.	516*	5 <sub>16</sub> <sup>1</sup>	5. *	5 *	5 /	
Do sailc.	18	16	516*	516*	5184	516*
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	36*	38*	38*	38*	38*	451
Do sailc.		• • • • •				
Reval, steamd.	732*	7 <sub>32</sub> *	732*	732*	732*	732*
Po sailc		••••				
Barcelona, steam.c.	516*	516*	5164	516*	5164	516*
denoa, steamc.	12*	1,*-	13×	12*	12'	12*
Trieste, steamc.	916	916*	918*	916*	916*	916
Antwerp, steam. c.	514	5.16	5184	518*	516*	51 g*

\* Compressed. † Per 100 lbs.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port. add previous weeks for comparison.

	Aug. 29.	Sept. 5.	Sept. 12.	Sept. 19.
Sales of the weekbales.	55,000	63,000	57,000	53,000
Of which exporters took	3.600			
Of which speculators took			2,000	
Sales American	38,000			39,000
Actual export.		5,000		5,000
Forwarded	3.000		5.0.0	3,000
Total stock—Estimated	737,00	637,000	650,000	622,000
Of which American - Estim'd	446,000	417,000	381,000	356,000
lot d import of the week	15,000	25.0 K	16.000	28,000
Of which American	8,000	15 000	13,000	13,000
Amount afloat	80.000	59,000	65,000	53,000
Of which American	23,000	19 ::01	19,000	26,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Sept. 19, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturaa,	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	nursd'y	Friday.
Market, /. 12:50 P M.	Steady.	Steady.	Easier.	Steady.	Friely offered.	Quiet.
Mid Upl' is Mid. Orl'ns.		61 <sub>16</sub>	61 <sub>16</sub> 61 <sub>4</sub>	63 <sub>16</sub>	។ ' 3 <sub>13</sub>	6 618
Sales Spec.& exp.	1,000	1,000	8.000 2,000	12,000	10,000	8,000 1,000
Fetures	:					
Market, 12:30 P.M.	Veryweak at 1-4 de- chne.	Quiet at 1-64 d - c.i.e.	Quiet at 2-64 de- cline.	Quiet.	Firm at 2-64 ad-	Weak.
Market, { 4 P. M.	but steady.	Easy.	Quiet.	Steady.	Pteady.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of intures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below. These prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

Fine prices are given in pence and 64ths, thus: 5 62 means 5 62-64d., and 5 03 means 6 3-64d.

	Sat., Sept. 13.			Mo	Ion., Sept. 15.			Tues., Sept. 16.				
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	pen	High	Low.	Clos.
	1:	d.	d.	d.	d.	· d.	d.	d.	d	d.	đ.	a
September	603	6 03	6 03	8.03	R 0.3	8 03	8 01	8 01	5 61	5 61	5 80	5 60
ept et.	5 . 3	5 +3	563	5 63	5 63	5 62	5 60	5 r0	55)	553	5 56	5 56
October	5 83	5 63	5 63	5 ×3								,,,,
et - wv.	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 51	5 53	.5 55	5 55	5 51	5 51	551	551
NovDec	5 54	5:1	5 54	5 54	5 53	5 5 3	5 52	5 52	5 49	5 49	5 48	5 48
Dec inn	5 53	5 58	5 53	5 53	5 53	5 53	553	5 52	54	5 48	5 48	5 48
lanFeb	5 55	5 55	5 55	5.55	551	5 54	5:3	5 53	5 48	5 48	5 49	5 49
-'ebMarch.	5 58	5 58	5 58	5 55	5 57	5 57	5 56	5 54	5 51	5 51	5 5 1	5 51
March-Apr.	5 .0	5 60	5 60	5 80	5 59	5 59	5 58	555	551	5 54	5 54	551
April-May									5 57	5 5 7	5 57	5 57
May-une												
June-July				,.								
- 1	.		1 -		, ,							

	Wednes., Sept.17.				Thu	Thurs., Sept. 18.				Fri., Sept. 19.			
2	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	
	d.	đ.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	đ.	
September	5 53	5 59	5 58	5.58	561	5 61	5 59	5 59	5 56	5 57	5 5 3	5 57	
Bert. Oct	5 54	5 54	5 5 3	5 5 3	5 55	5 55	5 55	5 55	5 51	5 52	551	5 5 2	
October					5.55	5 55	5 55	5 55		•	••••		
OctNov	5 50	5 50	549	5 49	5 51	5 5 1	5 30	5 50	3 47	5 47	5 47	5 47	
NovDec	5 47	5 47	5.47	5 47	5 49	5 49	5 48	548	5 48	5 48	5 45	5 48	
DecJan	5 47	5 47	547	547	5 19	5 49	5.48	5 48	5 43	5 46	5 45	5 46	
JanFeb	5 49	5 49	5 48	548	5 50	5 50	5 49	5 49	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 47	
FebMarch.		5 51	5 51	5 51	5 52	5 52	5 52	5 52	5 49	5 49	5 48	5 49	
March-Apr.		5 54	5 58	5 53	535	5 55	551	5 54	551	5 52	5 51	5 52	
April-May		557	5 56	5 5 6	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 54	5.55	5 54	5 3 5	
May-June												••••	
June-luly .								••••					

### BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M, September 19, 1884.

Flour has still been depressed and most of the time very quiet. The receipts have been large and, owing to the slowness of trade, the stock here has steadily increased. Low extras and winter wheat patents have been in the largest supply, while fancy spring patents have been rather less plentiful than heretofore. The quality of the spring wheat flour is in the main satisfactory and is by some even considered superior to that received at this time last year. At times a slight increase in the export trade in various descriptions has been noticed, but latterly the transactions have been small. Yesterday, however, there was a better business at steady prices owing to the advance in wheat.

Wheat has sold well for export, and the speculation has likewise reached quite liberal proportions. Prices in the fore part of the week were depressed, owing to declining markets in Europe and at the West; but latterly the turn has been upward, owing to stronger markets at home and abroad and the covering of contracts here and in Chicago by exporters and others. In two days prices in Chicago advanced 3 to 4 cents, under the manipulation, it is claimed, of a well-known operator. It is averred that exporters and others have oversold September here and at the West-more especially, so far as that section is concerned, at Chicago—and the smaller receipts there of late have prompted the shorts to provide for their outstanding obligations. Here in New York many speculators contend that prices must go still higher. The Millers' Association at the West has advanced its price 2c., and it is reported that the latest advices from some fifteen hundred points in the interior show that the farmers are disposed to hold their wheat, and only sell in case of urgent necessity. It has been reported, moreover, that a well-known Wall Street speculator has become interested in the wheat speculation, but this is denied. The largest transactions of any day this week took place yesterday, when 400,000 bushels were sold for immediate or early delivery, and 6,824,000 bushels in options, at an advance of 1 to 11/2c. To-day the market was irregular, opening higher with a good demand, but later on declining somewhat. No. 2 red closed firm at 89c., afloat; 871/2c. for September, 877/8c. for October, 8958c. for November and 9112c. for December, showing an advance for the week of 1 to 11/2c. A rise in Chicago to-day, and reports of damage to the crops Ly rust. caused a further demand from the shorts and a large business was done.

Indian corn has been fairly active on speculation, but quiet for export, owing to the continued scarcity of No. 2 mixed, though the supply has been larger of this grade than it was last week. Early in the week the turn was downward, however, and it was not until the foreign markets became stronger, and some demand to cover September and October had sprung up in Chicago, that prices here began to move upward. The rise in Chicago within a few days has been sudden and sharp, and shorts here, including exporters, it is understood, have shown more anxiety to cover their contracts. The Chicago price for Nevember has approached very closely to the figure current here for that month, and it is claimed that the course of quotations there is largely due to the manipulation of the market by a bull clique. It is contended that the reserve supply of old corn in the interior is far larger than has been generally supposed. Yesterday there was, nevertheless, a good demand to cover both here and at the West, and in this market September advanced 31/2c. To-day there was an advance of 1@1½c. at the opening, but this was lost later on. No. 2 mixed closed firm at 64c. afloat, 6334c. for September, 617%c. for October, 591/2c. for November and 513/4c. for December, showing an advance of 2@3c. on most options, the nearer deliveries showing the greatest rise, while December is only a fraction higher than it was a week ago. It is said that the clique in Chicago are shipping corn from there in order to assist the manœuvres for a corner.

Rye has been quiet. Oats have been fairly active at some advance. To day the market was firm, with sales of No. 2 mixed to a fair extent at 31% @32c. for September and October and 321% @321/2c. for November. No. 2 mixed closed firm at 32c. for September, 31% c. for October and 321/4c. for November, showing an advance of 1/2@3/4c. for the week.

FLOUR.

The following are closing quotations:

\$2 00 a	2 30 '	Patenta, winter \$4 750	5	50
2 00 3	2 60	City Mill shipp's ex. 4.55 a	4	70
2 40 @	2 85	Southern bakers and		
		family brands 4 15 @	5	20
2 70 12	3 20		J	
0.00-	- 00		•	40
4 750	6 00	Brandywine, &c3 403	3	50
	GR	AIN.		
73			,	
				65
				7012
68 3	90			34
	•••			42
0.		No. 2 mixed 32 a		••
5734 7	64	No. 2 white 344 &	)	3110
co w	U.S	Dutte, Bia-10 Wou		
	2 40 a 2 75 a 2 75 a 2 90 a 4 75 a 4 75 a 5 12 a a 5 13 a a 6 13 a	2 00 a 2 60 2 40 a 2 85 2 75 a 3 75 3 75 a 5 00 2 90 a 3 25 3 00 a 5 00 4 75 a 6 00	2 40 @ 2 85   Southern bakers and family brands 4 15 @ South'n stip'g extras 3 25 @ Rys flour, superfine 3 40 @ Corn meal Western, &c 3 00 @ Brandywine, &c 3 40 @ GRAIN.    Corn	2 40 @ 2 85   Southern bakers and family brands

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statements below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Sept. 13 and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	. Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Bbls.196lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush.581bs	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48lbs	Bush.50 lbs
Chicago	33,436	839,477	1,520 693	1,146,303	180,555	202,232
Milwaukee	11,666	219,513	8,649	29,150	116,760	2,410
Toledo	2,147	764,147	78,721	33,338		16,985
Detroit	1,663	362,740	. 5,423	27,741	1,155	
Cleveland	4,820	131.935	6,500	41,000	590	500
St. Louis	37,258	79 - 460	134.225	141,371	30,061	27,891
Peorla	1,025	19,280	207,150	607,090	12,600	21,920
Duluth	21,250	712,351		·	••••	
Tot. wk. '84	118,268	3,817,853	1,931,355	2,026,022	341,631	271,988
<b>Same wk. '83</b>	143,803	3,232,533	3,432,993	1,748,910	274,002	331.551
Same wk. '82	1.00.9	3,093,574	1,288,558	1,149,832	247.261	135,187
Since July 28						
1884	1,232 825	21,822,167	14,630,874	11,212,024	838,450	1,370.873
1883	1,077,416	17,985 358	20,807,601	11,825 598	660,752	1,953,058
18-2	1,003,885	19,018,112	9,812,293	10,623.633	472 243	649,646

The comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 24, 1883, to Sept. 13, 1884, inclusive, for four years, show as follows:

F.ourbbls.	7,661,774	6,162,150	5,217,974	6,282,739
Wheat bush. Corn. Outs. Burley Rye	41.815.248	29,884,326	35,733,801	39,297,911
	62.564,045	79,021,364	51,341,723	84,214,649
	36,439.680	34,416,283	25,849,537	26,370,607
	2.948.213	4,799,005	2,397,365	2,466 126
	4,301,496	3,921,774	1,926,627	1,419,257

Total grain .... 143,063,592 152,042,752 117,159,053 153,768,550 Below are the rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for four years:

	1884.	1883.	1882.	1881.
	Week	Week	Week	Week
* *	Sept. 13.	Sept. 15.	Sept. 16.	Sept. 17.
F.ourbbls	. 99,852	82,795	123,711	115,417
Wheatbash.	366,323	463,265	684.814	504,996
Corn	335,645	640,431	301,630	1,126,992
Oats		1,505,654	991,320	728,859
Barley	97,398	103,454	90,633	147,611
Rye	33,365	84,732	76,416	50,130
Total	2.007.620	0.700 500	0.111.019	0.550 500

The rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four weeks were.

Week ending-	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Dorn,	Oats.	$Barley, \\bush.$	Rye, bush.
Sept. 13.	217,701	2,149,884	1.719,728	1,637,545	97,398	271.435
Sept. 6.	239,890	2,256,918	1,773,568	1,273,783	41,508	271,760
Aug. 30.	259.758	1,918,597	1,696,472	1,343,392	34,490	240.620
Aug. 23.	214,472	1,932,611	1,324,001	1,507,901	18,140	102,845

Tot., 4 w. 931,821 8.258,010 6.518,769 5,767,618 191,546 866,660 4 w'ks'83. 683,625 7,674,292 12,164,111 6.522 900 171.662 1008,096 The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Sept. 13, 1834, are shown in the annexed statement:

from -	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bb/s.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
New York	87.253	932,368	39,653	27,358	90,901	2.186
Boston	66,259		152,135			•••••
Montreal.	15,093	135,720	177.084			25,512
Pailadel.	4.201	332,572	177,004	• • • • • •		2000
Baltim're	13,989	560,322			3,995	
N.Orl'na .	344	93,000	100,994	25		
N. News.	••••		]	• • • • • •		
Total w'k.	187,144	2,056,982	469,866	27,383	91,899	27,698
3.me time	140 516	1 220 704	1 160 904	0.202	102 601	5.900

The destination of these exports is as below. We add the corresponding period of last year for comparison:

	Flo	ur.	Wh	eat.	Oorn.			
Exports for week	1884. Week, Sept. 13.	1883. Week. Sept. 15.	1884. Week. Sept. 13.	1883. Wrek, Sept. 15.	1884. Week. Sept. 13.	1883. Weck S pt 15.		
Un.King. Contin'nt 8.& C.Am W. Indies Brit.Col's Oth.e'nt's	19.868 22.215	Bb/s. 106.545 1.781 5.500 20.133 6,578	1,400,607	Bush 1,0 (5,550 314,244	Bush. 328.869 91,980 13 132 29,769 2,210 876	206,797 48 520 12,737		
Total	187,141	142,746	2 05 1,932	1.333,794	469,866	1,163,804		

By adding this week's movement to our previous totals we have the following statement of exports since September 1, this season and last season:

	Flo	ur.	Wh	eat.	Corn.			
Mrnorts since Aug. 25, to—	18-4. 4ug. 25 to Sept. 13.	1883. Aug. 27 to Sect. 15.	1884 Aug 25 to Se t. 13.	1583. Aug. 27 to Sept. 15.	1894. Aug. 25 to Sep. 13.	1843 Aug. 27 to Sept. 15.		
	Bills.	Bhis.	Bush.	Biten.	Bun.	Bush.		
Un. Kingdom	335 872	230,756	3,530,827	.2,5:83'6	decreases the proof.	***************************************		
Continent	89, 87	9.138	3,438,335	1,593 805	200,120			
B. & C. Am	39.415	25,939	63	375	48,550			
West Indies.	53,290	49.933		3,505	37,77	58,988		
Brit. Col'nies	)	47,770			9 010	3,133		
Oth. countr's		1	1		1,67.	8.551		
Total	520 385	285 783	7 0 :9 655	4,111,111	1,002,161	3 056,248		

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at take and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Sept. 13, 1884, was as follows:

follows:						
	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats,	Bariey,	Rye,	
In store at-	brish.	bush.	bush.	bush.	brick.	
New York	3.517.476	21311	277 416		16,983	
	910.000	273,000	212,600		187,00	
Do affort (est.).		12,000	35,800	35-1	8, 00	
Albany	2,003	125,000	765	500	7.000	
Baffa'o	371 000		275,763	30.:75	95,922	
Chicago	3,210,120	1, 21,6:3				
Newp't News	371,821		• • • • • •	19 63		1
Milwatikob	591,370		2.17.1	13,563	21,823	ı
D duth	705.193		7,570		02.500	
Toledo	1,252,301	80 627	52.101	• • • • • •	23.559	ı
De roit	310.328	10 261	48.004	207	2,853	ı
Os vego	1.5 000	72 000		7,000	30,000	ı
St. Louis	2,029,024	246,335	81:842	4 - 13	21.948	١
Cincinnati	47.444	6 4,325	16-122	21,763	4 579	١.
	2.271	86.635	6.932	1,726		١
Boston	73 3 5	1.00	9.0.	: ,691	4:1	١
Toronto	111,:69	27,595	200	2,057	531	١
Montreel		66521	85,267			١
Pailadelpula	473.084	4. 1. 1	112.812	******	14 8 10	١
Pecria	7,707	50,503		*****	3.00	ł
Indianapolis	142,760	223.0	54,400		3.611	l
K msas City	475 829	54,887	4,723			١
Baltimore	6 4.261	29, 05	6,77		3,393	Ì
Down Mississippl.	74 222	63,703	41,131		29,16	Ì
On rail	1.203,509	514 305	1,003 826	9.,393	33,305	I
On lake	1.405,503	1.301.166	272,161		173,202	ļ
On canal	2,020,558	4.00,000	201.600		136 320	1
On Canar		-				i
Mat Gant 12 19.1	CO 198 86 1	5,072 012	28 29.396	189 345	849.481	١
Tot. Sept. 13. 184.	18.52 4.635		9. 01.424	2:1803	11-19. 1 6	1
Ten Soud. 1, 24.			5 741 0 15	47 1.1111	1.8 , 223	١
Tot. Sept 15. 183.	24.4 6,319	6.705. >0	15 157 097	190,056	: 25.10	١
30. S. pt. 16. 12.	13.6 6,5 0			522,7-1	727,081	i
Tot. Sept. 17, '81.	20,140,4.5	2:,153,975	0,1.0,303	U	, 2	1
						- 1

### THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., September 19, 1884.

Tie weither has been more favorable for the dry goods trade, and a moderately increased business was done in the wholesale branches the past week. Jobbers on the spot continued to operate sporingly, but the order demand from Western and Southwestern markets was of very fair propertions, and orders from the South were rather in menumerous than of late. The jobbing trade of this city opened quiet, but improved day by day, and the volume of business in this department was moderately large, if not quite up to expectations. The main features of the trade remain unchanged. Both wholesale and retail buyers are evidently determined to pursue a cautious hand-to-mouth policy for the present, and there is not the least tendency toward speculation, although many textile fabrics are lower in price than at any former period in the history of the trade. Collections are reported fair to good, but merchants are scrutinizing credits closely and taking fewer risks than in former times-a pretty sure indication that confidence has not as yet been fully restored.

Domestic Cotton Goods.—The exports of cotton goods for the week were 2,055 packages, including 909 to Great Britain, 296 to U. S. Colombia, 168 to Argentine Republic, 156 to Venezuela, 115 to Hayti, 107 to Mexico, &c. There was a slightly improved demand for plain and colored cottons at first hands, but selections were almost wholly of a hand-to-mouth character, and no real activity was noticed in any particular class of goods. The mills at Lowell, Mass., have started up again after a stoppage of two weeks, and the Fall River mills are running on full time; but there is still a large curtailment of production in the manufacturing districts. Prices of plain and

colored cottons remain unchanged, but some makes of the latter are more firmly held. Print cloths were in moderate demand and somewhat easier on the basis of 3½c. for 64x64s and 2%c. for 56x60s. Prints continued in steady but moderate request, and some large sales of fancy ginghams were effected by jobbers, as the result of exceptionally low prices.

PRINT CLOTHS.—The following shows the course of the market during the week:

COTTON	7	IARKET		SALES OF FUTURES.							
	Spots	.	Futures.	September.	October	November.	Zoćal.				
Excurrior	Tone.   Price.		Tone.	September.	Occosor.						
Saturday.	Firm.	3 30	Dull.		Price	Price Sales	.,				
Monday }	Firm.	3 30	Dull.	Price		Price	,				
Tuesday.	Firm.	3.30	Dull.			Price 335 Sales 1,0.0					
Wed'day.	Quiet and steady.	3.30	Dull.	Price		Price					
Thursday	u'er and steady.	8.50	Quiet.			Price 3:35 Sales 1,000					
Friday	Quiet and steady	3.30	Dull.	Price Sales	1	Price					
Total		-		2,000		2,000	4,00				

Transferable Notices -Saturday, 3:30; Monday, 3:30; Tuesday, 3:30; Wednes day, 3:30; Thursday, 3:25; Friday, 3:25.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—Men's wear woolens have met with rather more attention from the clothing trade, but actual business was only moderate in amount. Some orders were placed for all-wool and cotton warp spring cassimeres, and there was a fair inquiry for worsted coatings and indigo-blue flunch suitings. Ludies' cloths, tricots and plain and plaid sackings met with a fair distribution, and there was a fairly active demand for Jersey cloths, leading makes of which are well sold up. Kentucky jeans are in limited demand at first hands, but fairly active in jobbing circles. Flannels were taken in small lots to a fair amount, and a liberal distribution of white and colored blankets was made by jobbers at a small advance upon recent auction prices. Worsted dress goods, shawis, skirts, underwear and hosiery were severally in moder te request at first hands, and fairly active with jobbers.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS were in light and irregular demand at importers' hands, and a fair business was done in jobbing circles. Step'e and fancy dress fabrics, black silks, velvets, plush and clookings were in fair demand by retailers, but Imen goods ruled quiet, and there was only a moderate business in laces and embroderies.

Importations of Bry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Sept. 18, 1884, and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1883, are as follows:

Cotal at the port	Total	Silk Flax	Wool.		l'otal on market	Total	. discellaneous	Silk	Wood		Toral	figosligueous	Silk	Kannfactures of —			ENTER OF FO
10, 37 2,471.4 (5	6.751,711,009	\$01 111,150 1,03 3,03 5 1,14 53,612	7:53 201.03 1-5 53.797	чод фанчич	10,3:03, 5-,335	3.577 817. 9 6.753 2,111. 90	1,512 81, 50	41.4 276, 75		ATHINE AWN PROM	6.753 2,111,009	626 18.,544		1,567 57× 22 5627 6	Phys Value	Kepi. 20, 1982	ENTER OF FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEN AND SINCE JANUALY L.
427,374	170,839 9 255,521 (	18 265 18 125 103 716	1,1,5		419,956 9	163.4 1 2 253.22 6			22.530 1.31.	WARRHOUSE	256. 25 (	(5,132		40,327 16 51,936 18	Pkus	Since Jan. 1, 1883	SAM SHING
94,968 627.	95,015,024	7.647.53 3.0209.8 2.164.710	3. 91404	SE DURING	95,603 034	26.614 481 68,993 603	11 8c0.7	3:30:0	4.185.507 (0.056'8	AND FIRM	(8 503 ( 03,	5 455,745	20.132.038	16 21 - 375	Value.	1, 1883.	A AND BING
7,922 2,399 986	2,421 C15,612 5,501 1,781,531		65( £15,953 95,715	WARTHOUSE DURING SAME PERIOD	8,666 2 199 129	3,165 714,795 5,.01 1,784,334	1		733 252,377	WARRIOUSE AND PHROWN INFO PHE MARKET.	5,501 1,784,731	525 189 585		1,411 482,798 959 271,777	Pligs Value	Sent. 18, 1894	H JANUALY 1.
)86 411 815	ł	29 16 291 29 108 543			29 426 709	95 183,4°0 34 213,299	39 127,191	-			31 (43 299)	1		41.811 77 48.16s	Pl:gs	Since Jun. 1, 1444	1864 AND 1883
90,295,859		2 × 65 51			84. 93, 18:	20 131,93 68,701,55	1,730.73	267,7	3,663,2		62,701,55	5,86 1,32	9 463,17	16 37 4.25	Value	2. 1, 1×4	₹83.