## ghankers and frokexs．

## Cahoone \＆Wescott，

 No． 3 New street \＆No． 82 SBroadway \＆IOCKS AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES
 STEPREN CAHOONE，JR．．WM．P．Wescott．
Member N．Y．Stock Exchange．
WM．M．EARL，Memb．N．Y．St＇ck Ex．G．H．Stayner， A．Hinlumbit

H．Staynei
Special．

## Earl \＆Dayton，

bankersandmboters， 55 TO 59 DREXEL BUILDING，
New Tork．
STOCKS ANA BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD
STRICTLY ON COMMISSION．
Simons \＆Chew， STOCK BREOKE敢等， 2 Exchange Court\＆52 Broadway，N．Y． Stocks，Bonds and U．S．Government Securities
Bought and Sold on Commission． JAS．D．SMMONS，
Member N．Y．Stock Exchange．BEVERLY JHEW． Member N．Y．Stock Exchange．

## Wm．P．Humbert \＆Co．，

BANKERS AND BROKERS，
No． 7 Nassan Street，New York．
WM．P．HUMBERT，EDTARD S．BENEDICT． Member N．Y．Stock Exch＇ge，
Member N．Y．Produce Exch＇ge．

## William Pollock，

 MEMBER NEW YORK STOCK FXCHANGE 25 PINE STREET，NEW YORK． Buys and sells on commission，or carries on margin，
sil securities dealt in at the New York Stock Ex： change

Stewart Brown＇s Sons， No． 38 PINE STEREETE， NEW YORK．
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission
Simon Borg \＆Co．，
No． 8 WAEH STREE＇I，NEW TORE DEALERS IN ALE KINDS OF
Tailroad and Investment Securities
SoUthern securities a speclalty．
E．C．HOMBERT，
Member N．Y．Stock Exch．JOHN J．C．HUMBERT．
E．C．Humbert \＆Son， BANKERS AND BROKERS， No． 29 WALL STREET， Drexel Building， NEW YORK．
Betriacki \＆w．вumax．
Buttrick \＆Elliman， 18 Wall Street．New York． －Ralrestors are invited to correspond．－ －Information oheerfully given．－－ －Fourteen years＇membership in Stock Exchange．－－
－Orders by mail solicited and promptly attended to．
Gilman，Son \＆Co．， baxkers，
No． 62 CEDAPR STREETT．
In addition to a General Banking Business，buy and Sell Government Bonds and Investment Securl－ tles．
John Pondir．AUGUStus Nathan
Pondir \＆Co．，
Stoeks，Bonds\＆\＆Investment Securities
20 EXCHANGE PLACE，N．Y．， orifere executed on the Tondon and Ewropean

## Schuyler N．Warren \＆Co

 51 Exchange Place．
## INVESTMENT SECURITIES．

City，Railroad，Gas，Electric Light and Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds．

## gamkers aud frokexs．

Henry Bros．\＆Warfield， BROKERS IN
stocks and bonds，unhisted skourtitiss and mining stocks， No． 52 BRDADWAY．
DOUGLAS Henry，CHARLES SETON HENRT，
Member N．Y．Stock Ex．Member N．Y．Min．Stock Ex．


## Young \＆Morse，

banikersand brobers， No． 29 broad strretr，new york．


Howard Lapsley \＆Co．， BANKERS AND BROKERS，
 New York．
W．H．Goadby \＆Co．， bankrrs and brogkrs，
 New Vorik．

Hatch \＆Jiendall， No． 31 WALL STREET，
BANKERS AND SROKERS， Refer to Messrs．Fisk \＆Hatch．

## M．Ml．Kidder．



PA N TK E S
 New York，
Transact a General Banking Business，including the purchase and sale of STOCKS and BONDS for Ruy and Sell

P．O．BOX 2，647 A．M．Kidder．WAYLANDTRASK．H．J．Morse．
Culins，Bouden \＆Enkins， －BARMERS．

## 25 PINE ST．－「EWYORK．

Purchase and sell on Commission GOVERNM ENT and RAILROAD BONDS and STOCKS，and all elasses of Securities dealt in at the NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE，or all reputable Securlities bought and sold in the OPEN MARKET．LOANS and COMMERCIAL PAPER negotiated．Interest plid on DFPOSITS．subject to check．

## Boodm

## Mchellan

 \＆Co．BANKELS
58 Hroadway，cor．Exchange Place，N．Y Branch Olice，128 La Salle St．，Chicago． TRANSACT A OHNEHAL BANKING BUSINESS，
INGLUDING THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF BTOCKS AND RONDS FOR CASM OR ON MAR－
GIN．BUY AND SEII INVIGSTMHET BECURI－ SUBJHCT TO CAECK AT SIGHTH ON DEPOSITS
P．O．BOX 447． D A．BOODY，RGUbWN IELAND，MClellan Jé．

## TW．Gallauder \＆8 <br> UNTTT BANKERS，

UNITESEBANK EUTHDING， Wall Street，Corier itroadway． STOOKS，BONDS \＆COMMEROTAL PAPER． Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission at ess paper and other securities．

## ghankes and shokexs．

## Jonars stami．

George Stark \＆Co．， HANEEESE，
No． 33 Nassad street Now York，
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
AND BUY AND SEIT INVESTMENT
Have constantly on hand and for sale Western City
 BOUGHT AND SOL BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD．
Circulars with fall particulars malled on application．
R．T．Wilson \＆Co．，
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS， 2 Exchange Corirt，New Eork．


Bank of Buffalo，
CAPITAL，．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8300,000 ． BUFFALO，N．Y．
This bank has superior facilities for making col－
dections on all accessible points in the Unitad States，Canada and Europe．Liberal in the United Co accounts of bankers and merchants．
Corrispondman
Leather Bank：New York，National shoe \＆ Corrispondents．－New York，National Shoe \＆
Leather Bank；London，Union Bank of London． Fexetix ghanter．
Blake Brothers \＆Co．，

## HONEDGN，ETYGKANT，

Solicit accounts and agencies of Banks，Railways， Corporations，firms and individuals，upon favor－ able terms；also orders for the purchase and sale of Bonds，Shares，\＆c．，\＆ce．，on Commission on the Stock Exehange．
Negetiate Railway，State and City Loans，and lssue Commercial Credits available in all parts of the world．
Nederlandsch Indische Handelsbank，
APISTERESAPI，FOLEAND。 Established in 1863.
Paid－Up Capital，12，000，000 Guilders （\＄4，800，000 Gold．）
HEAD OFFICE IN AMSTERDAM． Agencies in Batavia，Soerabaya and Samarang． Correspondents in Padang．
Issue Commercial credits，make advances on ship－ ments of staple merchandise，and transact other thetrade with the Dutch Fust Indie connection with

HEAEE BROTHERSS \＆CO．， Agents for North America，
18 WALL STREET，NEW YORK． 28 STATE STREEF，BOSTON．
Adolph Boissevain \＆Co．

> BANKERS

COMMISSION MHERECHNTE， AMSTERDAM，HOLLIAND
N．Y．Correspondents－Messrs．BLAKE BROS．\＆Co．
Hong Kong \＆Shanghai
EANEING CORPORATION．
CAPITAL（paid－up）．
RESERVE FUND．．．
$\$ 6,250,000$
$3,500,000$
HEAD OFFICE，HONG KONG．
The Corporation grart Drafts，issue Letters of Bills payable at Bombay，Ca，cutta，Singapore，Snigon Manila，Hong Kong，Foochow，Amoy，Ningpo， and London．
A．M．Townsend Agent， $4 \%$ William St

Bank of Australasia， （INCORPORATED 1835．）
4 Threadneedle St．，London，England PAID－UP CAPITAL，$£ 1,200,900$ ．
Tetters Cesve Funds），£479，376． Letters of Credit and Drafts issued on the 110 New South Wales，Victoria，South Australia，Tasma－ nia and New Zealand．Bills negotiated or sent for received in London at interest for fixed periods on terms which may be ascertained at the office．
PRIDEAUX SELBY，Secretary．

## Foxetg Thankexs．

## The City Bank， （LIMITED，） <br> LONDON，ENGEAND．

4，000．090 Anthorized Capital， | $4,008,000$ |
| :--- |
| $7,000,000$ | Said－Up

Reserve Fund， $\mathbb{E} 00,000$ ．
head office，threadneedle st．
Bond Streentii
hanckate Hii Rnightsbridge branches：



## THE

## Anglo－Californian Bank

xondow，Head offee， 3 Angel Court． SAN LRANCESCO Office， 422 California，St． NEW YORE Agents，J．\＆W．Seligman \＆Co． HOSTON Correspond＇ts，Massachusetts N．Bk． Authorized Capital， Paid－up Capital，
－$\$ 6,000,000$
1，500，000
Heserve Fund，
banking business． 50,000 Transact a general banking business．Issue Com－
mercial credits and Bills of Exchange，available in al parts of the world．Collections and orders for Bonds， $\left.\begin{array}{r}\text { FRED＇K F，I，OW，} \\ \text { IGNATZ STEINART，}\end{array}\right\}$ Managers．

E．Wuthmann \＆Co．， BANEERS，HRELIEN，GERTVANY．

## ©anadian 家ankexs．

Merchants Bank of cavada．
Capital，
\＄5，700，000 Paid Up．
Reserve
\＄1，150，000

HEAD OFIICE，MONTREAL．
GEORGE HAGUE，General Manazer H． LONDON，ENG．The Tlydesaie，Bank（Limited．） The New York Agency buys and sells Sterling Ex change，Cable Transfers，issuies Credits available in and elsewhere，and issues Drafts payable at any of the offices of the bank in Canada．Every description New York Ageney，No． 61 Wall street． HENRY HAGUE，
JOHN B．HARRIS，JR．，
Imperial Bank of Canada．
oapital（pata np），－－－ $81,300,000$ IRESEREVE，－－．－$\$ 460,000$ H．S．HOWLAND，Pres＇t．D．R．WILKIE，Cashier

HEADONHRCE，OES：
BRANOHES：
St．Catharines，Port Colborne，St．Thomas，Ingersol，

Welland，Fergus，Woodstock，Winnipeg，Man．， Dealers in American Currency \＆Sterling Exchange． Agents in London：Agents in New York： | Agents in London： |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BosANQUET，SALT \＆Co．． | ANAN OF MONTREAL， |
| 73 Lombard Street． | 59 Wall Street． | Promptest attention paid to collections payable in any part of Candadian business paper discounted at

Approved Canadia reasonable terms，and proceeds
the Head office on reasole Approved Coflice on reasonable terms，and proceeds
the Head On
remitted by draft on New York．

## Bank of Montreal．

CAPITAL，
－\＄12，000，000，Gold．
SURPLUS，
$\$ 5,750,000$ ，Gold．
C．F．\＆MITHERS，President．
W．J．BUCHANAN，General Manager．
NEW YORK OFFIOE，
Nos． 59 \＆ 61 WAEL STHEEET．
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { WALTER WATSON，} \\ \text { ALEX＇R LANG，}\end{array}\right\}$ Agents．
Buy and sell Sterling Exchange，Franes and Cable Transfers；grant Commercial and Travelers＇Credits， available in any part of the world；issue drafts on and make collections

Homdon omife，No． 9 Sirchin Lane．

## ©anadian sianliexs．

AGENCY OF THE

## B A N K

## or

British North America， No． 52 wall street． Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable Trans－ fers．Issue demand drafts on Scotland and Ireland， also on Canada．British Columbia，Portland．Oregon san available in all parts of the world．
Bills collected and other banking business trans－ acted． $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { D．A．MOTAVISH，} \\ \text { H．STIKEMAN，}\end{array}\right\}$ Agents．

## Gzowski \＆Buchan，

 bankers and stock brokers， TORONTO，CANADA．Prompt attention given to Collection of Commer
Pral Bills and Canadian Funds onall points in Canada； tial Bills and Canadian Funds on all points in Canada；
American and Sterling Exchange，and Stocks，Bonds， etc．，bought and sold． Correzpondeats－Bank of

## gemmstuania fankexs

 Jos．M．Shoemaker \＆Co． BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS， No． 134 SOU＇EP THIER STREEET

Dealers in all issues of United States Bonds．Invest－ ment Securities a specialty．Correspondence invited
E．W．Clark \＆Co．，

## RANKERE，

No． 35 South Third Street，Philadelphia． DEALERS IN CAR TRUSTS ANB OTHER IN VESTMENT SECURITHES
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on Commission
Narr \＆Gerlach，
 322 CHESTNUT STREET， PHILADELEPME，
AND No． 3 KEENIGSTRASSE，STUTTGART． Orders executed by private wire in New York，Bos Dratts issued on all principal points in the United
States and Europe．
A．P．Turner \＆Co．， HANKERSANLEROKHRE No． 207 WALNUT PLACE，

PHELABELPEIIA．
Geo．B．Hill \＆Co．， BROKERS，
PITMSEURG，PA．，
Buy and sell all classes of Western Pennsylvania
gex entund fankexs． Brewster，Cobb
\＆Estabrook． bankers，
No． 35 CONGRESS STREEET，

MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGES． ALSO，
Dealers in Municipal，State，Heailroad and United States Ronds．
Perkins，Dupee \＆Co．， （Formerly CHAS．A．SWEET \＆Co．），
BANKERS AND BROKERS，
 HOSTTON，HAKS．

Dealers in Municipal，State and hairoad Bonds．

## 3xw england gimbexs．

 Wilbour，Jackson \＆Co．， BANKERS AND BROKERS， 52 WEY踶OSSETSTEET，

Dealers in Commercial Paper，Government and Dealers
other frrst
Exchange， Exchange Private Telegraph Wire to New York an 1 Eoston．

Bank of Deposit， $\$ 4$ Devoushire \＆ 20 Water Sits，cor，opp．P． 0 130 宣 1 N
Interest on deposits subject to eheck．
Bonds and other investments bought and sold． Correspondence invited． Exchanges，of which we are members．
F．A．Hawley \＆Co．， EBNKEUSS．
Parker \＆Stackpole，

No．BO DEVONSHIRE STREET， \＃BSGICPN．
C．E．Jackson \＆Co．， MIDDLETOWN，CONN．，
Buy and sell Government，State，Municipal and Railroad Bonds and Stocks．Investments for Sar iogs Banks a specialty．Correspendence solicited．

## zatimoxe giankex．

 Middendorf，Oliver \＆Co． BANKERS AND BROKERS，
S．W．Corner German \＆South Sts．， P．O．Box 89\％．BALTMMORE，Md． Special attention given to the negotiation of For－
elgn Bills of Exchange，Collateral Loans and Com－ mercial Paper INDICATORS AND TERLEPHONE IN OFFICE．
Robert Garrett \＆Sons， BANKERS，


TRANSACT A GENERAL DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BANKING BUSINESS．
Wilson，Colston \＆Co．， BANKERS AND BROKERS， 18ALTIMORE．
INVESTMENT and SOUTHERN SECURITIES a specialty． nished．Correspondents－McKim Brothers \＆Co．
N．Y．

## Sonthexi gankexs．

Thos．P．Miller \＆Co．， bankrbs
HOBILE，ALABAMA．
Special attention paid to collections，with rompt remittances at eurrent rates of exchange on ay of
payment．Buy and sell State of Alabama and City payment．Buy and sell state or Alabile Bonds．
of Mobile
Correspondents．－Bank of the State of New York， Correspondents．－Bank of the State of New York，
New York；Louisiana National Bank，New Orleans ； New York L Louisiana National Bank，New Orleans ；
Bank of Liverpool，Limited，Liverpool． e．is．Burruss，Pres＇t．A．K．Walker，Cashier
First National Bank， WHLIIINGTON，N．C． Collections made on all parts of the United States MERCHANTS＇NATIONAL BANK， EHCHITONE，VHEGINIA． Collections made on all Southern points on best terms ；prompt returns．
JOH P．BRANCH，President．
JOHN F，GLENN，Cash．FRED．R．SCOTT，Viee－Pres＇t John F．Glenn，Cash．Fred．R．Scotr，Vice－Pres＇t．

TTHOPYAS ESTBANCHY \＆CO． BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS， EEICHIVIOND，VHRGINEA．
Virginia Bonds funded under the Funding Act passed by the last Legislature，for $1 / \mathrm{s}^{\text {per }}$ cent commise
sion．New North Carolina 6 per cent bonds，sed passed New North Carolina 6 per cent bonds，secured
sion．
by lien on the State＇s stock in the North Carolina
Kailroad，for sale．

THE CHRONICLE．

Sonthex Bankexs．
THE CITY BANK OF HOUSTON， CAPITAE，$\$ 500,000$ ，
Houston，Texas．
We pive special attention to collections on all
accessible points．
 McIIhenny，B．F．Weems．BENJ．A．BOTTS．Pres＇t
B．WE WEMS．Cashier：BENJ． Wh．C．Courtney．Pres．Ernest h．Ṕringle，Cash

National banking association
CHIARLESTON，S．C．

## Taxstemnemankes．

## The First National Bank．

The First National Bank，of Grand Rapid 1883. The First National Bank，of Grand Rapids．Iocated
at Grand Rapids，in the State or Micicigan，is closing
up its affairs，its corporate existence，having expired on February 24， 1883 Alt note hot haers and other
creditors of said association are therefore hereby creditors of said association are therefore hereby
notifers to prosent the notes and other claims against
the association for pavment for payment．
HARVEY J．
HOLLISTER，Cashier．
The Old National Bank OF GRAND RAPIDS，MICH． Capital Limit，
\＄1，500，000 Capital Paidin， 400,000 Referring to the foregoing the officers and directors
of the OLD NATIONAL BANK OF GRAND February，beg inst．，they will continue the on Mondiness of banking in all its branches，at the same the business of ness，as suy essor of the First National Bank of As substantially the same management will con－ thue in the new organization，with equal capita
（which will be speedily doubled）it is hoped the generous conidence and patronage so long beeto tede
upon itis predecessor，will be continued to the present
institation S．L．WITL TYY．Prosident．
H．J．HOLA ISTER，Cashier．
N．W．Harris \＆Co．，
 No． 176 DEARBORN STREET， CHLCAGO，HLL．
BONDS， $\begin{gathered}\text { State，County，City，Town．School，} \\ \text { and Car Trust Bought and } \\ \text { Sold．}\end{gathered}$ The funding of entire issues receives special atten－
tion．Write us if you wish to buy or sell．

## 室榎

Texas Land \＆Mortgage

（OF LONDON，ENGLAND），
$T$ ransact a general Financial and Agency Büsiness in
New York Correspondents：
BLAKE Bros．
C．E．WEELLESLETY
General Manater
Wan street．
Montana National Bank， HEEENA，M．TH．
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY． Capital，．．．．．$\$ 250,000$ C．A．Broadwater，Pres＇t．SL．A．Clarke，V．－Pres＇t．
 German Bank，
LHTELE HOCK，ARKANSAS．
Capital（Paid in）…－$\$ 250,000$ Prompt attention given to all business in our line．
N．Y．CorkespovDers ．－Donnell，Lawson $\&$ Co and the Metropolitan National Bank．
Thos．M．Thornton．Wm．W．Thornton，Cash
W．E．THOENTON
WW．F．THIORNTON \＆SON，

SHELBYVILLE，ILLINOIS．
Collections made in Shelby and adjoining Counties
and Proeees remitted on Day of Payment．
 York．Union National Bank，Cincinnati．Third
National Bank，St．Louis．Traders＇Bank，Chicako． National Bank，St．Louis．Traders＇Bank，Chicago
Indiana Bankink Company，Indianapolis． ESTABLISHED 1871.

Bealers in Western Securitie Detaulted Bonds of Missourl Kansas and Mininois
Specialty．Good investment Securities，paying Spectaly，Good investment securities，paying
4\} to 10 per cent，tor sule．
References in News York，by permission，Clarì
Dodge Co， 51 Wall St．；Hatch \＆Foote， 12 Wll St．

## Financial ©ompanies．

Honesty Guaránteed
FIDELITY \＆CASUALTY CO． OF NEW YORK．
Officials of Banks，Railroads and Transportation Companies，Managers，Secretaries and Clerks of arme，can obtain suretyship from this Company at she bonds of this Company are accepted by the
courts of the State of New POCOMENTR INSUREANCE．
Policies issuad against accidents causing death or
totally disabling injuries totally disabling injuries．
Fuli information obtained on application to head otrates，\＆e．can be Way．N．Y．Richards，Prest．John M．Crane，Seo＇y
 W．G．Low，David Dows．Jenden，H．A．Huribut
Gitchell，Wm．M．Richards．D．Vermilye，Alex
boinds of suretyship． NO OTHER BUSINESS．

## The Gnarantee Co．

 OF NORTH AMERICA． Cash CanitalDeposit with Insurance Depariment 8800.000
400900
214,000 Sir．President：
epar 214；00 Hon．JAS．FERRIER． Managing Director：EDWARD RAWLINGS．
NEW YORK OFFICE： NO． 178 RGAKWNY。 D．J．TOMPKINS，Secretary
NEW YORE Directors．－Joseph W．Drexel，A． 1
ropkins，H．Victor Newcomb，John Paton，Danie
suxtion sales．
STOCKS and BONDS At Auction．
The Undersigned hold REGULAR AUCTION SALES of all classes of

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS．

PINE STREET，NEW YORK．
Commexciat ©atels．
Brinckerhoff，Turner \＆Co．，
Manufacturers and Dealers in
COTTONSAILDUCK
And all kinds of
COTTON CANVAS，FELTING DUCK，CAR OOVERING，BAGGING，RAVENS DUCK，SAIL
TWINES，\＆C．，＂ONTARIO＂SEAMLESS BAGS，＂AWNING STRIPES．

Also，Agents
UNETED STIATES BUNTENG CO．
A full supply，all Widths and Colors，always in stock
Joy，Lincoln \＆Motley，
E．R．MUDGE，SAWYER \＆CO．， $43 \& 45$ White Street， 15 Chauncey Strieet， NEW YORK．AGENTS FOR BOSTON．
Ocean mith Con，Aliantic Cotion Milis， Peabody IIIIls，Chicopee MIfg．Co．，
Herton New Mills，White Mig．Co．． Saratoga Victory liftg．Co．g
Hosiery and Marn milis
Bliss，Fabyan \＆Co．， New York，Boston，Philadelphia， shling agents for leading brands beown deleached shirtings and mheetings，
PRINTS，DENIMS，TICKS，DUCKS，\＆c．
Towel：．Quilts，White Goods \＆Hosiery Drills，Sheetingss，de．．for Expoort Trade．
OFFICE

## C A R P E T S

HOUSEKEEPERS AND OCCUPANTS OF OF
FICES take notice．Before buying your Carpet Linoleum Oilcloths，or Mattings，call at BENDALI＇S
Misft Carpet Store， 14 Fulton St．，basement foor．
Cheapest place in New York．

## Thust comparies．

United States Trust Co． OF NEW YORK，
No． 49 WALL STREET．
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS，$\$ 5,000,000$ This company is a legal depository for moneys paid
Into court，and is authorized to aet as guardian or receiver of estates
INTEREST ALLOWRD ON DEPOSITS， Which may be ma．le at any time，and withdrawn after
five days＇notice，and will be entitled to interest for the whole time they may remain with the company and females unaccustomed tors，or trustees of estates ness，as well as recustomed and to the transaction of busi

will find this conapolent institutions $\begin{array}{ll}\text { money．JOHNA，STEWAK＇T，President．} \\ & \text { WHLIAM H．MACY，Vice－}\end{array}$ TRUSTEES | Dan．H．Arnold， | James Low， | John H．Rhoades |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Thomas Slocomb， |  |  |
| Charles E．Bill，W．Phelps， | W．Willis James， | Anson W．Stokes， |
| Charling |  |  | Charles E．Bill，D．Willis James，Anson P．Stokes，

Wilson G．Hunt，John J．Astor， Uns．H．Hussell，
Wm H．Macy， John A．Stewart．Robt．B．Minturn
John J．Ciso，
Clinton Gilbert，M．Buckingham Geo．H．Warren，

H．E．Lawrence，George Blaren， | Clinton Gilbert， | H．E．Lawrence， |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Daniel D．Lord， | George Bliss， |
| George T．Adee， | Isaac N．Phelps， |
| Erastus Cornig | John C．Brown | George T．Adee，Erastus Corning，William Libbey，

Samuel Sloan， JAMES S．CLARK．Second Vice－President，
HMNRYL．THORNEI，L，Secretary，
LOUIS G．HAMPTON，Assistant．－Secretary
The Brooklyn Trust Co．
Cor．of Montague \＆Clinton sts．Brookiyn，N．Y．
This Company is authorized by special charter to
act as receiver，trustee，guardian．executor or ad－ ministrator．
It can act as agent in the sale or management o registry and transfer books，or make purchase and
3ale of Government Religious and charitable institutions，and persons unaccustomed to the transaction of business，will find this Company a safe and convenient depository
for money．EDMUND W．CORLIES，Vice－Pres＇t． John P．Rolfe，Chas．R．Marvin，Henry K．Sheldon H．F．Knowlton，Josiah O．Low，John T．Martin，
H．E．Pierrepont，Alex．McCue，Edm＇d W．Corles
Alex．M．White，A．A．Low， Alex．M．White，A．A．Low，Fhancey，Fred．Cromwell，
Henry Sanger，Mich＇l Chaunce D．Wood． Jas．R．Curran．Assistant Hecretary．Secretary．
Metropolitan Trust Co．，
Mills Building， 35 Wall St．，New York．
PAIDUP CAPITAL，$\$ 1,000,000$ ． preme Court．Receive deposits of money on interest act as fiscal or transfer agent，or trustee for corpora－ tions and accept and execute any legal trusts from
persons or corporations on as favorable terms as
other similar companies． THOMAS HILLHOUSE，Presideru．
FREDERIC D．TAPPEN．Vice－Preside FREDERIC D．TAPPEN．Vice－President
WALTER J．BRITTIN，Eecretary．

Sate 7 guosit compranies．

## Safe Deposit\＆Storage Co 346 \＆ 348 Broadway，

Cor．of Leonard Street．
Receives for safe－keeping，UNDER GEW YORKA Bonds，Deeds，Wills and other valuable papers，Silver－
ware，Jewelry，Paintings，Silk Goods，Old Busines Safes to rent from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 200$ per year．
Safe Deposit Vaults
The National Park Bank OF NEW YORK，
214 \＆ 216 EROADWAY．
ENTRANCE THROUGH THE BANK．
Bankers＇Safe Deposit Co UNITED BANK BUILDING，
Cor Wall Street and Broadway S A E S
OF MOST APPROVED CONSTRUCTION FOR Bankers，Brokers，Merchants，\＆c．

## DEPOSIT YOUR SECURYTIES

 State Safe Deposit Vault， Cor．William st．\＆Exchange Place， Under the National Bank of the State of New Yoriz HURGLAR AND FIRE PROOW。
## Chronicle Volumes

## WANTET

Volumes $1,2,4,8,9,10,12$.
Apply at Publication Ofice， 78 \＆ 81 Willam $8 t_{0}$

## ginterest，givideras，se．

FLEINOES CENT最AL IRAKHROAD OMPANY
42 D SEMI－ANNUAL CASH DIFIDEND．
A Dividend of THREE AND A HALF PER OENNT in cash is declared payable September 1， 1883 to shareholders of the llinois Central Railroad Com－ pany as registered at the close of business August 11 also an Extra Dividend of ONE HALF OF ONE PER CENT in cash，payable at the same time to said shareholders out of the earnings or the 30,1883 ern 11 until September 5 ．
，V．F．RANDOLPH，Treasurer．
CHICAGO A AH＇TON RALLIROAD COMPANY，CHICAGO，Aug．1，1883．－NOTICE－ A cash dividend of FOUR PER CENT on the pre－ ferred and common stock of this company has been declared，payable on the 1st day of September next， at the office of the Company＇s Agents，Messrs．Jesup， Paton \＆Co No 52 william Street，New Yorik． The transfer books will be closed on the 15th ins and re－opened September 3 next．
PRENN C．H．FOSTER，Treasurer． PANY，TREASURER＇S DEPARTMENT，Pim PHIA，July 21， 1883.
Certiffeates of Stock of this Company subscribed for under the resolution of its Board of Directors of of the receipts given for the same．

JOHN D．TAYLOR，Treasurer．
 York，Alug． 8,1888 ．
 clared a quarterly dividend of Fifty Thousand Dol－
Cars，being FIFTY EENTS（E0c．PER SHARE，
payable at the office of Lounsery \＆Haggin，Mills Buididing，No． 15 Broad Street，on the H1st inst．
Transfer books close on the 2jth inst

## anvestments

## REED \＆HURLBUT，

52 WHHLKAME STREETT

Investment Bonds．
Geo．K．Sistare＇s Sons， 19 NASSAU STE．，NEW YORE， DEALERS IN

## NHRST－CLASE TNVESTDHENTS．

Buy and Sell on Commission，for cash or on mar gin，all securities deait in at the New York Stock Exchange．
Interest allowed on daily balances．
All deposits subject to check at sight
Particular attention to orders by mail ortelegraph

## special fuxestments．

TIYE WESTEETEN
Farm Mortgage Co．， LA YIIETCNCE，KANSAS，
Offers to investors the best securities in the market
FIRST MOHTGAGE LOANS UPON IMPROVED FARMS．Interest and principal paid on day of ma－ turity in New York．F qnds prompty placee．Large

Francis Smith \＆Co．，
Indianapolis，Ind．，\＆Vicksburg，Miss．

 N．T．Beers，Jr．，

Brookiyn Securities，City Bonds， Gas Stocks，\＆ce， No． 1 NEW STHEET， EW YORE．

Special furestments．
August Investments． Baltimore \＆Washington（Balt．\＆Ohio）6s， 1913. United New Jersey 6s， 1901.
United New Jersey 6s， 1901. New Orleans Jackson \＆Great Northern 1st 8s，
Buffalo \＆State Line（Lake Shore）1st 7s， 1886 ． Buffalo \＆State Line（Lake Shore）1st is Chicago Southwestern（Rock Island）1st 7s， 1599 Chicago \＆Southwesteruar．Land Grant 1st \％s， 1899 Bellefont \＆Ind．（C．C．C．\＆I．）1st 7s， 1801. Bellefont．\＆Yicago St．Louis Equip．7s， 1888 to 1892 Evansville \＆Terre Haute Consols 6s，1921． Lake Shore Dividend Bds．7s， 1899 Lake Shore Dividend Bos．7s，
 No． 18 WALL STHEEET． （With A．M．Kidder \＆Co．，Bankers．）
Albert E．Hachfield，
$S \& 10$ PINE S＇RE Tonals and Tnvestment Securitios猃AN畳宣
Grand Rapids \＆Indiana Bonds．
Indianapolis \＆St．Lonis Bonds．
Joliet \＆Northern Indiana Bonas． Terre Haute \＆Indianapolis Stock．
Terre Haute \＆Bonds
WM．C．INOTHS，
No． 21 NASSAU STREET， dealer in
 GAS STOCKS．
relcograpli and Cable siocks．


Bank Stocks．Insurance Stocks．

## Car Trust Bonds．

WE MAKE A SPECIALTT OF THESE VERY SAFE SECURITIES，AND BUY AND SELL SAME AT MARKET PRICE．
－WE OFFER A LIMITED AMOUNT OF DESIR ABLE CAR TRUST ISSUES，ADDITIONALLY SECURED BY THE DIRECT OBLIGATION OF THE RAILROAD EQUIPMENT COMPANY．
 K． 34 PINE STREET．
Fred．H．Smith，
 20 BROAD STREET，NEW YORK Railroad Securities a Specialty． Intimate knowledge of all for past fifteen years
Information cheerfully given．Investors or dealers Wishing to buy or sell are invited to communicats． ried on margins．
FOIE SALE－Fire Insurance Stocks．



## I．P．WIN＇TRENGIRA㨁

GAS，INSURANCE，BANK STOCKS，\＆o
securities bought at the auction sales．
36 PINE STREET，N．Y．
H. L. Grant,

No． 145 BIIOAWAY， NEW YORK．
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS \＆BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD．
See quotations of City Railroads in this paper

J．M．Gillespie
INEIEANCESCTIIT，\＆c．
No． 4 HANOVER ST．，NEW YOKK． Member of N．Y．Prodnce and Maritime Fixchangeas

> E. S. B AILEY,
dealinas in
 A SHECIALTY．
Cash paid at once $f$ r $r$ the above securities；or they

## special quvestments．

Prentiss \＆Staples，
No． 11 WAHE STERETE，NEW YORK AND
208 PIONTAGUE STK，BRHOOKLYN．
GAS S＇冝OC嘼S

Street Railroad Stocks and Bonds AND ALL KINDS OF
 DEALT IN．
SEE GAS QUOTATIONS IN THIS PAPER． geo．H．Prentiss Cyrus E．Staples． Member N．Y．Stock Exchange．
Investors Attention．
 GEUEN EPETE C要N置
Semi－Annual Interest Net to Investor．

First Mortgages on Improved Property in Kansas City，and goo farms thee to five time the amount of the loan．For particulars and references address，

H．P．TIORGAN，General Agent， No． 3 Custom House St．，Providence，R．I．，Or ISISVIS，CONIELIN \＆CO．，Hrokers， KANSAS CITY，MO．

## J．C．Chew，

No． 7 WALL STREET，NEW YORK．
TEXAS RAEWWAYS，
BONDS，LANBS，\＆c． Desirable Texas Securities for Investment con－ Desirable
staxtly on hand．

## Douglass Green，

16 EXCYANGE PLACE，NEW YORK． governments and foreign Exchange． Southern Securities and District of Columbia Securities a Specialty．

## まinamiat．

Central Trust Company

> OF NET YORK,

15 Nassau St．，Cor．of Pine St．
CAPITAL，$\$ 1,000,000$ in U．S．Bonds． With $\$ 1,000,000$ SURPLUS．
Allows interest on deposits，returnable on demand．
or on specified dates． Is a legal depository for money paid into Court．It authorized to act as Executor，Administrator，Guar－ Also as Registrar or Transfer Agent of Stocks and Bonds，and as Tristee for Railroad Mortuages．

HENRY F．SPA UDING，President．
FREDERICK P．OLCOTY，
B．B．SHERA AN
C．H．P．BABCOCK．Secretary． BOARD OF TRUSTEES CLASS OF 1881．CLASS OF 1885 CLASS OF 1886 Fredik H．Cossitt，1．N．Phelps， Jacb D．Vermilye Jno．Thorne，Gentue W，Lane， Percy R．Pyne，Gust＇v Schwab Chas．Lat Aler Yercy R．Pyne，Gust
Wm．S．Aphwab Chas．Lamier，
Ed．
J．Wallace．George I．Seney Geo．Macc．Miller，H．F．Spaulding Vm ．II．Webby

Spencer Trask．Geo．F．Peabody．
Spencer Trask \＆Co．， Bankers， 70 Broadway，New York City．
Transact a General Banking Business
BRaNCH Offices．
Connected by private wires．
Philadelphia，I32 S．Third St．，C．F．Fax Albany，N．Y．， 65 State St．，W．A．Graver Providence，R．I．， 13 Westminster St． Saratoga，N．Y Grand Union Hotel．

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, 

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES
VOL. 37. SATURDAY; AUGUST 11, $1883 . \quad$ NO. 916.

## CONTENTS.

THE CHRONICLE.
The Financial Situation........ 137
Railroad Earnings in July,
and from Jan. 1 to July 31.. 139 and from Jan. 1 to July 31.. 139 Commercial and Miscellaneous

THE BANKERS' GAZETTE.


## The Chromicle.

The Commarcial and Financial Chronicle is published in
New York every Saturday morning. [Entered at the Post Office, New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE: For One Year (including postage
For Six Months For six Months
annual subscription in London (includin...................................... 61020. Six mos. do do ion (including postage)........ \&2 78. subscriptions will be continued until ordered stopped by 188 . tor Remittances unless nade by Drafts or Post-riseannot be responsible The office of the CHRONICLE in Liverpool is
ngs. where subscriptions and advertiseris at No. 5 Brown's Buildregular rates, and single copies of the paper supp will be taken at the A neat file cover is furnished at 50 cents: postage at 1s. each. eents. Volumes bound for subseribers at $\$ 100$
WILLIAM B. DANA. $\}$ WILLIAM B. DANA \& CO., Publishers
JOHN G. FLOXD. 79 \& 81 William Street, NEW YORK Post Office Box 958

## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Further important failures in commercial circles have been announced during the past few days, and these, together with the suspension of two banks at St. Albans, also of runs by depositors on a bank in this State and two in the West, besides rumors affecting several other financial institutions, have served to keep the public mind in a disturbed condition all the week. On the surface the ap. pearance is easily interpreted as indicating quite a general disorder, and parties interested in depressing prices do not hesitate to exaggerate this feature and predict the worst of consequences. Croakers have, therefore, increased in number and in confidence, and the crowd which always drifts with the current, is for the moment under the same influence.

Of course to make out a case our despondent friends must prove that this is a period of general and greatly inflated credits. One railroad manager has temporarily succumbed, so they tell us all others are in a similar state and will speedily follow; the disclosure in the leather trade they interpret as only a sample of the overtrading prevailing in all departments of commerce; the temporary disturbance in three or more small banks (possible incidents of any period) they make sufficient to support a whisper of suspicion as to the body of loans being carried
by the whole system. From all this and other similar facts and fancies the public is taught to draw the inference that the Stock Exchange will soon be buried under a mass of worthless securities, and every merchant who owes a sixpence will be forced into liquidation.
Such exaggerations and predictions are simply absurd in the present condition of prices and credits. We are really at the end now of two years of contraction and liquidation. Financial and commercial affairs are in such a state that speculation is scarcely observable in any department, and very seldom in our history have we known a time when all values were so little inflated. One might as well expect a man to tumble down hill when he was at the bottom as to anticipate a panic with prices so substantial. The trouble in the Western banks has its origin probably in the wild and disastrous speculation in provisions and breadstuffs which was so recently in progress there. But those movements are at an end, and the losses incurred, though heavy, have in general borne their fruit. As to the St. Albans affair, it is a special matter and has no general application. There are very few railroads to day that could be embarrassed even in a panic. They are in almost every case very strongly held, and where one can question the value of the stock the bonds are safe. Besides, nearly all the railroad extensions a short time since in progress are finished, and to a large extent were carried through and the securities issued by old corporations whose credit is beyond suspicion. Furthermore, during the last eighteen months the banks and other loaning institutions have gradually thrown out the poorer stuff while making the margin for all greater, so that their collaterals to day stand safer than has been the case often. Now, if to all this we add that last year and this year the country raised magnificent crops and has been accumulating wealth, and thus actually and visibly recuperating during its time of depression, the reader will be able to estimate at their true value these prophets and prophecies of evil.
In the references made to the various causes which have contributed to the existing state of affairs we think too little prominence has been given to the decline in railroad building which affects so many departments of trade and of general business. The facts in relation to this change are perhaps not noticed by the general reader. Even dur* ing the summer and autumn of 1882 railroad construction was carried on with wonderful rapidity, but before the close of the year the Chronicle stated, judging from the outlook at that time, that there must be a very large decrease during the present year. Other journals predicted but a moderate decline. Now, it is found from the approximate running account of new construction kept by the Railroad Gazette, that from Jan. 1 to date 2,796 miles of new road
have been constructed this year, against 5,667 in the same time last year. But the decline hereafter bids fair to be still more rapid, for the new track reported from week to week is now small, whereas in 1882 no less than 1,501 miles were finished in the six weeks ending August 11, and 4,341 miles in the seventeen weeks ending Oct. 27 . When the Northern Pacific is completed this month, there will remain but a single road in the United States on which a large additional mileage will probably be com. pleted this year-namely, the New York West Shore \& Buffalo. For the purpose of showing how the mileage progressed from the first of July in each year, the follow. ing table is presented.

| Heek ending- | 1882. | 1883. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Miles. | Miles. |
| July 7 | 249 <br> 343 | 143 282 |
| "114 | 312 | 197 |
| " 21. | 204 | 70 |
| Aug. 4 | 164 | 103 |
| Aug. 11 | 191 | 31 |
| Total six weeks. | 1,501 | - 829 |
| Ang. 18 | 309 | ......... |
| 425. | 200 560 | .......... |
| Sept. 1 | 124 | .......... |
|  | 272 | ........ |
| - 22 | 224 |  |
| " 29 | 304 |  |
| Oct. ${ }^{6} 13$. | 491 |  |
| " 20 | 109 124 |  |
| , | 2,840 | ........ |

The effect of the disquieting facts, rumors and exaggera tions of the week, was of course very marked in Wa! Street. The stock market is now all the time in a con dition of extreme sensitiveness, growing orat of the distrust which the large operators have produced by their manipulations. For this reason it is comparatively easy to depress prices, for no story is too absurd not to frighten the timid. The attacks of the speculators were, however, first directed against the cliqued properties ; but when it was seen that these did not yield, a diversion was made, and the unprotected stocks were assailed. The Wabashes yielded readily, partly because of the decreased earnings of the road-comparison being made in the last week of July with a very large traffic for the correspondiug period in 1882-and partly in consequence of a threatened passenger rate war between this road, the Illinois Central and the Chicago \& Alton. Texas \& Pacific and Missouri Kansas \& Texas sympathized with this decline in the Wabashes, and the stocks of all the roads in the Southwestern system were also more or less affected by the issue of an order by the Telegraphers' Brotherhood directing the operators employed on these lines to strike unless alleged grievances were redressed. Indeed, this movement of the Brotherhood exerted a depressing: influence upon stocks of all railroads, for it was feared that the locomotive engineers would so far sympathize with the striking telegraphers as to refuse to run trains without the aid of telegraphic signals or orders. Denver \& Rio Grande was later attacked, doubtless with the object of demoralizing the rest of the market, and on Wednesday the Northern Pacifics and Oregon Trans Continental yielded readily to an assault accompanied by a false rumor of finan. cial embarrassment. On Thursday there were indications of a temporary recovery, probably caused in good part by a covering of short contracts, induced by the conviction that the strike of the telegraphers, so far as the railroads were concerned, was a failure, and also by the rumored sale of the Southeastern Railroad, and the consequent settlement of the St. Albans dificulty, and by the denial of some of the disquieting reports previously circulated. But yesterday, with the story of the sale of the Southeastern denied, and further reports of trouble in the two banks in Indianapo.
lis, the market was again attacked, wih the effect of demoralizing the entire share list and causing a heavy fall in prices all around.
There is very little change to note in the exchange market. At the moment the tone is firm, but this is due more to a temporary scarcity of commercial bills than to any particular urgency in the demand. The outward movement of breadstuffs and provisions continues, but it is slow, and bills are not made so rapidly as they wilr be later on by exports of cotton. Then again the European markets are so well supplied with grain that there will be no urgent inquiry from us for the present or until the actual results of the European and American haryests are known. The comparatively high rates for money in London and the low figures ruling here operate against the sale of speculative bills, so that, as was remarked last week, the market has to depend upon commercial drafts for its supply. Some few bankers' bills are being drawn against the negotiation of loans in Europe, but there is no movement of securities either way of any moment. The following shows relative prices of bonds and railroad stocks in London and New York at the opening each day.

*Expressed in their New York equivalent.
$\dagger$ Reading on basis of $\$ 50$, par value.
Money, although still abundant, has been in \% little betier demand this week, and lenders on call have been able to get $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 per ceat, against $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 last week. Commercial paper has advanced in consequence of the lighter inquiry for it, caused by the unsettling influences of the Boston failures, but, so far as can be ascertained, legitimate borrowers have experienced no difficulty in obtaining all the accommodation required without selling their notes on the Street. The domestic excharges on New York at interior points remain unchanged, with the exception that at Boston the rate has fallen to from 5 to 10 cents per $\$ 1,000$ discount, and at St. Louis the change is from $\$ 1$ to about 70 cents per $\$ 1,000$ premium.
For the past week the New York Clearing.House banks, according to returns collected by us, have received from and shipped to the interior gold and currency as follows.

| Week Ending Aus. 10, 1883. | Received by N.Y. Banks. | Shippediny N.Y. Banks. | Net Interior Movement. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Curr | 81,747,000 | 8660,000 | $1.1,14$ |
| Gold. |  | 720,000 |  |
| Total gold and legal | 81,747,000 | \$1,320,000 | Gain. \$427,0 |

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of gold and currency caused by this movement to and from the interior. In addition to that movement the banks have lost $\$ 1,533,000$ through the operations of the SubTreasury. Adding that item, therefore, to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total loss to the N. Y. Clearing House banks of gold and currency for the week cuvered by the bank satement to be issued to-day.

| Week Enaing Aug. 10, 1883. | Into Banks. | Out of Banks | Net Change in Bank Holdings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banks' Interior Movement, as above Bureasury operations, net ..... | $81,747,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,320,000 \\ 1,633,000 \end{array}$ | Gain. $\$ 427,000$ <br> Loss. 1,533,000 |
|  | \$1.747.000 | \% $2.853,000$ | Loss.81,106,000 |

The Bank of England return for the week shows a loss of $£ 88,000$ bullion, and a gain of 1 per cent in the proportion of reserve to liabilities. The net increase from abroad was $£ 214,000$, and it follows, therefore, that the loss for the week is due to shipments to the interior of Great Britain, probably for crop purposes. The Bank of France reports a decrease of 20,000 francs gold and of 250,000 francs silver. The Bank of Germany lost $4,480,000$ marks. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

|  | Aug. 9, 1883. |  | Aug. 10, 1882. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
|  | \& | $\pm$ | 8 |  |
| Eank of France. | 39,533,527 | 41,420,178 | 39,830,535 | 46,293,79t |
| Bank of Germany | 7,611,787 | 22,835,363 | 6,946.250 | 20,838,750 |
| Total this week. | 69,986,800 | 64,255,541 | 68,841,943 | 67,132,544 |
| Total previous week | 70,131,636 | 64,345,502 | 69,516,555 | 67,315,372 |

The Assay Office paid $\$ 82,804$ through the Sub-T'reasury for domestic bullion during the week, and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House.

| Date. | Duties. | Oonsisting of - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gold. | $\begin{gathered} \text { U. S. } \\ \text { Notes. } \end{gathered}$ | Gold Gertif. | Silver Oertificates. |
| Aug. $3 \ldots$ | \$539,72 42 | \$7.000 | \$27.000 | \$391,000 | \$115,000 |
| " 4... | 287,363 77 | 7,000 | 26,000 | 182,000 | 72.000 |
| 6... | 591,778 73 | 14,000 | 30,000 | 450,000 | 97,000 |
| 7. | 577,539 59 | 10,000 | 25,000 | 421,000 | 121,000 |
| 8 | 477,034 71 | 15,000 | 31,000 | 310,000 | 121,000 |
| 9. | 745,888 43 | 22,000 | 42,000 | 506,000 | 175,000 |
| Total. | \$3,219,329 65 | \$75,00\% | \$181,000 | $\overline{2,260,000}$ | \$701.000 |

## RAILROAD EARNINGS IN JULY, AND FROM JANUARY 1 TO JULY 31.

Our statement of railroad earnings for July makes a fairly satisfactory exhibit, taken as a whole. There is a plentiful supply of roads with diminished receipts, but the gains on other roads more than offset these losses. The aggregate gain is not as large as in June-indeed is only $\$ 1,100,000$, or 5 per cent; but the peculiar conditions pre vailing which bring this and last year in certain sections in sharp contrast with each other, have played an important part in keeping the totals down. It is only by bearing these facts in mind that we can understand the somewhat contradictory returns of individual roads. Generally speaking, July this year was not a favorable month. The grain movement in the aggregate reached only small dimensions; the cotton movement, though larger than a year ago, was yet much below the average; while the state of general trade was such as to ensure only a moderate interchange of commodities. With such conditions, the folluwing exhibit of the mileage and earnings of each road is perhaps as good as we had any right to expect.
gross earnings and mileage in july.

| Name of road. | Gross Earnings. |  |  | Mileage. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1883. | 1882. | Increase on Decrease. | 1883. | 1882. |
| Burl. Ced. Rap. \& No | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\$}{8}, 989 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \Phi \\ 198,276 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Canadian Pacific.... | 548,886 | 281,263 | +267,283 | 1,704 | ${ }_{7} 646$ |
| Central Pacific | 2.023,000 | 2,076,58- | $+9,385$ $-53,648$ | 401 | ${ }^{276}$ |
| Chesapeake \& Ohio.. | -336,475 | 2,076,678 | + | 3,053 | 3.080 501 |
| Eliz. Lex. \& Big San. | 60,237 715.956 | 51.666 | +8,5:1 | 130 | 130 |
| Chic. \& Eastern Iil.... | 126,334 | 702,635 | +13,321 | 847 | 847 |
| Chice \& Gr. Trunk ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 200,36 | 135,882 | +61,486 | 33.5 | 235 |
| Chicago \& North west. | ${ }_{2}^{1.829,000}$ | 1,464,927 | +364,073, | 4,550 | 4,353 |
| Chic. St. P. Minn \& ${ }^{\text {cost. }}$ | 2,133,330 | 2,059,952 359.459 | $+110,948$ $+74,371$ | ${ }_{1} 1,150$ | 3,310 1,042 |
| Chic. \& West Mich... | 117.076 | 111,949 | +5,127 | ${ }_{410}$ | ,371 |
| Cleve. Ak. \& Col..... | 185.3911 | $217.19{ }^{3} 8$ | --31,808 | 363 | 363 |
| Denr, \& R Re crande. | 552.300 | 49.400 | $+4,530$ $+62,900$ | 1,231 | 1,066 |
| Des Moines \& Frt. D. $\dagger$ | 17.141 | 15,994 | +1.147 | $1+3$ |  |
| Detroit Lans'g \& No.. | 121,255 | 122,-94 | -1,659 | 225 | 225 |

* Three weeks only of July in each year.
tror the four weeks ended July 28 .
§ Figures of this road are approximate and unofficial.
Northwestern roads again make the most marked gains, but this time a sharper distinction must be drawn between them and other Western roads; that is to say, the improvement is confined to the one section of country designated as the Northwest, and does not extend to other districts in the same territory. If we draw a line from Chicagn through the southern boundary of Iowa, the section north of that line, embracing Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin, will comprise about all the roads that show any decided gain in receipts; while the Western roads in the district bounded by that line on the north and the Ohio River on the south-say including the States of Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio-almost without exception fall behind in their receipts very largely. In illustration of the improvement by Northwestern roads, we have the gain of $\$ 364,073$ by the Chicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul, the gain of $\$ 111,000$ by the Chicago \& Northwestern, and the gain of $\$: 4,371$ by the St. Paul \& Omaha. It should be said that the first and the last of these had smaller receipts last year than the year before, but the increase this year is in each case three times as great as the loss then, while in the case of the Chicago \& Northwestern the gain of $\$ 111,000$ this July is in addition to a gain of $\$ 76,000$ last July.

The St. Paul Minneapolis \& Manitoba, which lies in the same section of country, has this month, as in the months immediately preceding, a large decrease, but there are exceptional circumstances-such as diminished immigration and business in Manitoba, \&c., alluded to in former articles-that account for this. It should always be borne in mind with reference to this road, that the falling off the present season, large though it be, is small compared with the extraordinary gains made the same montts of last year under the preva.
lence of exceptionally favorable conditions. Thus, while the loss the present July was $\$ 240,530$, the gain last July was $\$ 465,808$, so that the earnings this year are $\$ 225,278$ above those in 1881, during which time mileage has risen 395 miles. Among other roads in the Northwest, the Central Iowa has a small gain, while the St. Paul \& Duluth is doing exceptionally well. This latter company's earnings this year were $\$ 137,973$, against $\$ 96,699$ in July 1882, and $\$ 71,413$ in July 1881, a gain since 1881 of almost 100 per cent, on mileage only 24 miles greater.

On the other hand, as already stated, the roads in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, almost all show a decrease in earnings The reason for this is very clear, although from the com ments made it would appear to be but imperfectly under stood. The decrease hàs its origin in the changed conditions with reference to the outturn of wheat. Last year in July our visible stock of wheat from the previous season's extremely short yield, had been drawn down very low, and there was no way of meeting the unusually heavy demands for that staple except by drawing upon the new crop. Fortunately this was excellent in both quality and quantityespecially in the great wheat belt, embracing Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio-and was, moreover, a very early crop. As a consequence of these facts, an unusual quantity of wheat was at once sent to market. Farmers hurried their supplies forward as never before and the great distributing centres apparently could not get too much. So great indeed was the demand that Chicago, which had theretofore figured chiefly as a spring. wheat market, was receiving large consignments of wheat from the winter-wheat district of the Ohio V alley. Kentucky and Tennessee had been as fortunate as the States north of the Ohio, and the Illinois Central was carrying wheat received on its line in these Southern States all the way north to Chicago, thus reversing the usual course of things, in which the South imported and not exported cereals.
The gain on the main line of the Illinois Central in that month was $\$ 68,000$, on earnings of $\$ 548,318$ in July, 1881. Especially remarkable, however, was the gain made by some of the minor roads. The Evansville \& Terre Haute nearly doubled its earnings then-that is, it raised them from $\$ 60,559$ to $\$ 119,677$. The Chicago \& Eastern Illinois increased its receipts from $\$ 125,139$ to $\$ 151,763$. Nor was this gain confined to the roads running directly north and south. The Peoria Decatur \& Evansville swelled its earnings from $\$ 51,913$ to $\$ 73,741$, and the Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis \& Chicago from \$177,161 to $\$ 217,198$. Then St. Louis, having Missouri and Kansas to drawn on in addition to the States east of the Mississippi, was a point that received even more benefit than Chicago from this large and extraordinary movement, and we find that pretty nearly all the roads running to or from that city profited thereby. Missouri Pacific earnings increased $\$ 165,501$, Wabash earnings $\$ 287,085$, and the St. Louis Alton \& Terre Haute $\$ 12,142$ on the main line and $\$ 27,092$ on the branches. It should be said that in almost every case the gains here recorded were made wholly or in great part in the last half of the month, which rendered them all the more significant.
This year the condition of things has been completely reversed. There is no movement of wheat to any extent to market. This is so, in the first place, because there is as yet but little new wheat to send, the crop being late as well as short; and in the second place, because there is no demand for it, the visible surplus left over from the old crop being ample to meet all wants. Then the shortage this year lies almost wholly in the three States-Illino:s,

Indiana and Ohio-which last year raised such enormous quantities of wheat and sent them so speedily to market. Thus the railroads have had to contend with a short and late crop this year, and an absence of demand for new wheat because of the large visible supplies from last year's yield. As a consequence, they have carried scarcely any of that cereal this July, while last July they carried it in such exceptionally libera! quantities. To make this more clear, we give the following table of the receipts of flour and grain at the principal lake and river ports of the West for the four weeks ended July 28.

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR FOUR WEEKS ENDED JULY 28.

|  | Flour, bbls. | Wheat, bush. | Corn, bush. | Oats, bush. | Barley, bush. | Rye, bush. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicago1883 | 148.757 | 493,756 | 5,197,454 | 2,592,493 | 40,108 | 190,528 |
| 1882 | 135,746 | 2,866,284 | 3,951,655 | 1,188,022 | 11,716 | 55,901 |
| Milw ${ }^{1883}$ | 233.768 | 322,417 | 348,980 | 305.156 | 41,795 |  |
| 1882 | 154,527 | 590,748 | 138,450 | 152,382 | 38,050 | 8,550 |
| St. Louis- |  |  |  |  | 5,400 |  |
| $1883 \ldots$. | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 80,843 \\ 117,323 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,016,456 \\ & 3,657,017 \end{aligned}$ | 572,626 | 794,655 | 1,744 | 10,701 |
| Toledo- |  |  | 418,500 | 19,385 |  |  |
| 1882 | 8,085 3,102 | 1,584, ${ }^{3474}$ | 158,276 | 20,907 |  | 115 |
| Detroit- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1883 | 4,786 | 81,013 | 15,382 | 52,924 | 1,067 |  |
| 1882 .... | 7,531 | 227,100 | 51,282 | 63,794 |  |  |
| Clevel'd- | 9,206 | $9 \mathrm{c}, 041$ | 44,819 | 75,300 |  |  |
| 1882 | 8,717 | 515,474 | 31,450 | 90,400 | 2,550 | 420 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Peoria- } \\ & \quad 1883 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 9,600 | 355,300 | 608,725 | 15,000 | 34,300 |
| 1882 | 4,673 | 31,000 | 469,600 | 369,825 | 21,550 | 16,850 |
| Duluth- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1883 | 66,500 | 94,993 | 22,147 |  |  |  |
| 18 | 38,900 | 65,858 |  |  |  |  |
| Total of all |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1883 | $\begin{aligned} & 555,675 \\ & 50519 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,460,930 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,996,088 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,74,341 \\ & 2,579,985 \end{aligned}$ | 103,370 7510 | $\begin{array}{r} -29,854 \\ 92,537 \end{array}$ |
| $1852 . .$. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 470.519 \\ & 641,393\end{aligned}\right.$ | $9,531,055$ $5,089,248$ | 13,373,072 | 2,6165,638 | 67,485 | 142,048 |

The last line in this table, giving the figures for 1881, shows how small the movement this year is as a whole. But it is the wheat figures that possess the most interest. We find that the total receipts of that cereal this year were no more than $2,460,930$ bushels, while last year they were $9,531,055$ bushels. Both Chicago and St. Louis received more wheat, each, last year than all the points in our table put together this year, and the falling off at Toledo is also noteworthy. In view of such figures it is not surprising that the Illinois Central main line earnings should show a decrease of $\$ 97,000$ after having shown an increase last year of $\$ 68,000$; the Evansville \& Terre Haute a loss of $\$ 43,000$, after a gain of $\$ 38,000$; the Chicago \& Eastern Illinois a loss of $\$ 25,000$ on a gain of $\$ 26,000$; the Peoria Decatur \& Evansville a loss of $\$ 28,000$ on a gain of $\$ 22,000$; the Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis \& Chicago a loss of $\$ 32,000$ on a gain of $\$ 40,000$; the Missouri Pacific a loss of $\$ 29,000$ on a gain of $\$ 165,000$; the Wabash a loss of $\$ 202,000$ on a gain of $\$ 287,000$; and Alton \& Terre Haute main line a loss of $\$ 31,000$ on a gain of $\$ 12,000$, and branches a loss of $\$ 19,000$ on a gain of $\$ 27,000$. It will be noticed that with both the Missouri Pacific and the Wabash, but particularly the former, the loss this year is much smaller than the gain last July.

One other point the above table of cereal receipts discloses, and that is that the receipts of corn were heavier in July, 1883, than in July, 1882. That is natural, as the receipts come from last season's crop, which was much better than the previous season's, but that fact has a bear. ing upon the large earnings made by the Northwestern roads, referred to above. Those roads all carry more or less corn to Chicago, and it will be noticed that almost the entire gain in the movement of this cereal was made at that Lake port. Nevertheless, the receipts this year are small by the side of those for 1881 . In the four weeks of that year Chicago received $9,822,230$ bushels, or almost twice as much as in 1883. In the fact that the leading Northwestern roads all report larger earnings this year than in

1881, despite the falling off in the corn movement, we have an encouraging feature respecting the-business of those roads.

As to other Western roads, the Chicago \& Alton has an increase of $\$ 13,000$, after having gained $\$ 26,000$ last July. The Illinois Central on its Iowa lines gains $\$ 7,000$, but this is after a loss of $\$ 31,000$ in 1882 . Hannibal \& St. Joseph loses $\$ 12,000$, in addition to the loss of $\$ 9,000$ in 1882. The Lake Erie falls $\$ 28,000$ behind, which is all the more remarkable that this road lost $\$ 18,000$ last July, so that its earnings of $\$ 77,913$ in July, 1883, compare with $\$ 124,459$ in 1881. Ohio Central loses $\$ 842$ this year, but gained $\$ 30,000$ in 1882. Indiana Bloomington \& Western records a small continuous increase, as do Ohio Southern, Scioto Valley, and Flint \& Pere Marquette.

The Pacific roads all do better this month than in previous months. The Central Pacific shows a decrease of only $\$ 53,000$, and the Union Pacific a decrease of but $\$ 32,0110$. As to the latter, it is to be said that the company suffered a large loss last year, while as to the former it may be remarked that there was a gain of over $\$ 177,000$ then. Northern Pacific reports a somewhat larger increase than in June. Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe figures have not yet come to hand, but we see it stated that the earnings of the road are about $\$ 50,000$ ahead of those for July, 1882.
Perhaps Southwestern and Southern roads make as fav. orable exhibits as any. The St. Louis \& San Francisco loses $\$ 38,593$ of the $\$ 66,280$ gained in 1882 , but it will be noticed that all the roads in what are called the Gould Southwestern system (leaving out of course the Wabash and the Missouri Pacific proper), record a large increase. In one or two cases these fell a trifle behind in 1882, it is true, but the earnings this year are exceptionally heavy all the same. Particularly is this so with reference to the Missouri Kansas \& Texas, the St. Louis \& Iron Mountain, and the Texas \& Pacific. The latter gains $\$ 158,000$ this year, after having gained $\$ 51,000$ in July, 1882. It should be remembered, too, that on these roads we have now reached a period where there is no longer any heavy increase in mileage to record, as compared with the pre. vious year. The movement of cotton is not very large at this season, but such as it is the following will enable one to determine its effect upon railroad earnings in the two years. It will be observed that Galveston, which received less than a thousand bales of cotton in July, 1882, received over 12,000 bales in July, 1883.
receipts of cotton at southern ports in july, 1883 and 1882.

|  | 1883. | 1882. | Difference. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galveston............bales. <br> Indianola, \&c | 12,072 | 852 | Ine .... 11,220 |
| New Orleans................ | 14,507 | 42 | Inc.... 31.39 |
| Mobile....... | 14,572 | 3,062 1,515 | Inc..... 10,545 |
| Florida | 21 | 1,515 | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Dec.... } & 943 \\ \text { Inc.... } \\ \text { rer }\end{array}$ |
| Savannah. | 2,377 | 1,523 | Inc.... 854 |
| Charleston |  |  | Inc.... 854 |
| Charleston Royal, | 864 | 2,761 | Dec...... 1,897 |
| Port Royal, \& | 8 | 124 | Dec.... 116 |
| Morehead City, \&c...... | 112 | 157 | Dec... 45 |
| Norfolk............... | 2,740 | 4,854 | Inc.... Dec.... 2,114 |
| West Point, | 660 | 3,079 | Dec.... 2,419 |
| Total | 34,069 | 18,898 | Inc .... 15,171 |

After Galveston, New Orleans is the only port that exhibits much of a gain, and that enables the Southern line of the Illinois Central to report a small increase in earnings. At all other ports, except these two, the cotton movement was very small, and the aggregate of 34,069 bales this year, though it is 15,171 bales above lact July, is 21,936 bales below that of July, 1881. Still, Southern roads almost without exception make an excellent showing. The gain on the Louisville \& Nashville is $\$ 75,000$, which is certainly a large sum, considering that this comes on top
of a gain of $\$ 246,000$ last July, and considering further that this road carried quite a quantity of wheat to Louisville last year, which it probably lost to a great extent this year by reason of the difference in the crop conditions. Memphis \& Charleston gains largely this July, but then it lost heavily last July, so that as between 1883 and 1881 there is very little difference in its earnings. The East Tennessee also makes a handsome increase, and here it is continuous. The road appears to be getting the benefit of its new extensions. Mobile \& Ohio, too, improves on a year ago. The Richmond \& Danville lines likewise, with an unimportant exception, record larger receipts than in 1882.

For the first seven months of the year our table below still shows considerable improvement over a year ago. There are thirteen roads (out of sixty-four) that fall behind their earnings of 1882, but the aggregate decrease on all these is only $\$ 1,944,872$, against which there is an increase on the remaining roads of $\$ 15,052,006$, leaving a net gain of $\$ 13,107,134$, or nearly 9 per cent. The circumstances affecting railroad earnings thus far in the year have been detailed in our articles from month to month, and we need not stop to repeat them now. The following gives the figures of individual roads.
gross earnings from janeary 1 to july 31.

${ }^{*}$ Three weeks only of Jnly 10 eacin year.
Includes freight earnings only in July each year.
January 1 to July
January 1 to July 28.
Net earnings for June and the first six months of the year present an encouraging exhibit. The Pennsylvania statement for June, as our readers know, was unfavorable, but with this, and one or two minor exceptions, all the roads in our list have improved upon 1882. The Atchison

Topeka \& Santa Fe is over a million dollars ahead on its own net earnings (wholly the result of a reduction in expenses) and gains $\$ 135,000$ besides on the Kansas City Lawrence \& Southern line. The Chicago Burlington \& Quincy increased its June net in the large sum of $\$ 428$, 565 , but as to this it should be said that the company lost heavily last June-no less than $\$ 604,891$-so that the present net figures are not quite up to those of June, 1881. For the first six months, however, the gain is as much as $\$ 1,491,035$, while in 1882 the loss was only $\$ 267,931$. The road is having a larger supply of corn traffic this year. The Reading figures this time embrace the Central of New Jersey. Leaving these out, the result is slightly against this year. Utah Central continues to make an unfavorable showing. Northern Central does well, as usual. Our table includes quite a number of Southern roads, and it will be noticed that almost without exception these record large gains. Among them may be mentioned the Chesapeake \& Ohio, with its Elizabethtown Lexington \& Big Sandy lıne, the Nashville Chattanooga \& St. Louis, the Richmond \& Danville lines, and the Norfolk \& Western. The following gives the returns of all roads that will furnish monthly exhibits fur publication.
gross and net earnings to latest dates.

| NAME. | June. |  |  | Jan. 1 to June 30. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { Earning* } \end{gathered}$ | operating Expenses. | $\frac{\text { Vet }}{\text { Earnings }}$ | Gross Earnings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { Earnings } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\underset{\text { Atch. Top. \& Santa }}{\text { do }}$ (0.. 1883 | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 1,146,107 \\ 1,158,479 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 . \\ 490,522 \\ 702,178 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 655,585 \\ & 451,306 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 6,67,041 \\ 6,837,348 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 3,38,799 \\ 2,377,775 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 1, 114.973 | 60,445 | E4,533 | 691,951 | 341,861 |
| Kan, City Law. do icer |  | 49.575 | 48,207 | 405,687 | 209,798 |
| Burl. Cedar Rap. \& No.. 1888 | 211, 218 | $\begin{aligned} & 159,351 \\ & 140,995 \end{aligned}$ | $57,265$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,280,856 \\ & 1,291,400 \end{aligned}$ | 323.744 <br> 424,148 |
|  | 150, 00 | 15\%,904 d | def 6.404 | 1,422,500 | 300,134 |
| Central of Georgia.... ... | 1:28,754 | 152,591 d | def 23,840 | 1,292,535 | 59,791 |
| Chesapeake \& Ohio....1883 | 323,845 211,382 | $\begin{aligned} & 209,758 \\ & 189,973 \end{aligned}$ | 114,877 81,409 | 1,796,859 | 535.763 335.228 |
| Chic. Burl. \& Quincy... 1883 | 1.937.916 | 933.228 | 841,688 | 11,405,203 | 5.331,547 |
| Chic. Burl. \& Quincy ... ${ }_{1} 1882$ | 1,437,164 | 4, 41,041 | 516,123 | 9,155, 115 | 3,890.512 |
|  | 22,669 $21,3>0$ | 20,815 20,709 | 1,854 671 | 138,407 <br> 172,058 <br> 188 | $\begin{gathered} 18.433 \\ 59.809 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 56.022 | 34.780 | 21,24, | 316,627 |  |
| Eliz. Lex. \& Big do 18.2 | 57,402 | 26,383 | 11,019 | 199,471 |  |
| Houst. E. \& W. Texas..78*3 ${ }_{\text {Do }}^{\text {do }}$ (8\%\% | $\begin{aligned} & 21.6 \times 3 \\ & 23,344 \end{aligned}$ | 9,371 | 12,312 | $\begin{aligned} & 145,455 \\ & 122,323 \end{aligned}$ | 57,89s |
| Nash. Chat. \& St. Louis. 1883 | 170.681 | 86,393 $85,18 \%$ | 83,768 51.522 | 1,101,989 | $4 \times 0,752$ 412.539 |
| Do do 188\% | 136,704 | $85,18 \%$ 119.531 | $\begin{aligned} & 54,5 \\ & 84.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { No }}{\substack{\text { Norfolk } \\ \text { Do }}} \underset{\text { do }}{\text { \& }}$ Western $\ldots{ }_{188 \%}^{1888}$ | 203,610 174,443 | 119.531 | 84.079 72,858 | 1,0:24,959 | 404,460 |
| Northern Central....... $18>3$ | 476.164 | 297,920 | 178.244 | 2994,614 | 1.077 .554 |
| Do do 188\% | 465.819 | 306907 | 158,912 | 2,587,711 | 822877 |
| $\underset{\text { Do } 0}{\substack{\text { Oregon }}} \underset{\text { do }}{\text { California }} \ldots \cdots c_{1882}^{1883}$ | 79,573 | *55,205 | 24,368 | 436,212 | 82,681 |
| Penn. (all lines east of <br> Pitts. \& Erie)........... 1888 | 4156.871 | 2.977,729 | 1,179,142 | 24,952,579 | 8.518826 |
| Pitts. \& Erie) do........1883 | 4093,756 | 2.559 .423 | 1,534,383 | 22,650, 1047 | 8.190122 |
| Phila. \& Erie ............ 1888 | 344.771 | 224.301 214301 | 120.470 1274313 | $1,943,238$ | $\begin{aligned} & 693.119 \\ & 573,516 \end{aligned}$ |
| hiladelp'a \& Reading $\dagger .18 \times 3$ | 2,810449 | 1,599,502 | 1,210,987 | 10,965 880 | 4,627.383 |
| Do do 1882 | 1,714,830 | 1,941,333 | 773,397 | - $5.531,496$ | 3,814,939 |
| hila.\& Read. C.\& Iron. 1883 | 1.548731 | 1,592,456 | ${ }_{20}^{2375}$ | 7.171 .809 $8.272,318$ | 80.057 |
| Do do $188 \%$ | 1,303,253 | 1,232,475 | 70,778 | $6.272,3 i 8$ $1,764.806$ |  |
|  | 258,691 229,983 | $\begin{aligned} & 193,339 \\ & 199,36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65,352 \\ & 30,617 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,764.806 \\ & 1,674,618 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 765,711 \\ & 453,707 \end{aligned}$ |
| Char. Col. \& Augusta. 188 ? | 44.0194 | 40,068 | - 4.027 | 393,799 | 171.959 |
| Do do 1882 | 36,217 | 40.183 | def. 3,916 | 832.821 |  |
| $\underset{\text { Do }}{\text { Columb. } \& ~ G r a e n v i l l e . ~} 1883$ | 31.755 33,240 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,4,831 \\ & 42,396 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { def. } 8,076 \\ & \text { lef. } 9,158 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 306,868 \\ & 335,407 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 123,123 \\ 51,710 \end{array}$ |
| Virginia Midland .... 1883 | 131.313 | 90.448 | \| 40.855 | 789,257 648.762 | 263.52 |
| Do do 18-2 | 1: 6,026 | 90.920 | 45,106 | 648.762 | 191.637 |
| West. Nor. Carolina. ${ }_{\text {Do }}^{\text {do }}$ 18888 | $23,261$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,948 \\ & 12,326 \end{aligned}$ | 4,313 4.488 | $\begin{array}{r}146,381 \\ 95 \\ \hline 583\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46,116 \\ 2,420 \end{array}$ |
| Rome Wat. \& Ogdensb.. 1883 | 143,206 | 101.371 | 41,885 | ........ |  |
| Do du 1882 | 138,028 | 113,038 | 24,990 $1,101,953$ |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { Do Pacific........... } 1889}{ } 1888$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,830,132 \\ & 2,508,453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,228,179 \\ & 1,159,374 \end{aligned}$ | $1,101,953$ $1,349,079$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,412,980 \\ & 18,780,224 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,255,712 \\ & 5,978,05 \end{aligned}$ |
| Utah Central ........... 1883 | 79,829 | 45,723 | $? 4,106$ 75,573 | 374.480 | 290,877 |
| 1 10 do 188\% | 131,437 | $55,664$ | 75,573 <br> 42,18 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 108,687 \\ 94.448 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66,5 ' 5 \\ & 55,323 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 5 & 42,183 \\ 3 & 29,125 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 477,858 \\ & 415,210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 162,475 \\ & 164,587 \end{aligned}$ |
| Name. | July. |  |  | Jan. 1 to July 31. |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { Earnings } \end{gathered}$ | Operating Expenses | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Earnings. } \end{gathered}$ | Gross Earnings. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Earnings } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | \$461.351 | 1) \$229.50 | \$831.850 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,785,148 \\ 2,721,259,031 \\ 2,269 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 4 432.337 | 7 201,9i9 | 1 230, |  |  |

-"Congested Pbices" is the suggestive title of a little book on financial panics, by Mr. M. L Scudder. Jr. The author describes briefly the methods of making prices in stock and rrain exclianges, and points ont som curinus analogies between
the characteristics of price prophecies and weather prophecies. and disputes the popular belief that financial panies mast occur periodically. The book discusses the nature of past panies and the elements of the present financial situation which might work out new panic. Among the causes which may produce new panic, the author discusses strikes and corners in grain and
publishers.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

| EXOHANGE AT LONDON-July 28. |  |  | EXOHANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On- | Time. | Rate. | Latest Date. | Time. | Rate. |
| Amsterdam | 3 mos . | $\overline{12.54_{4}}$ (12.534 | July 28 | Short. | $12 \cdot 14$ |
| Amstercam | Short. | $\begin{array}{ll}12 \cdot 23_{4} & \text { Q } 12 \cdot 33_{4} \\ 2.55 \\ 025 \cdot 60\end{array}$ |  |  | 25.32 |
| Antwerp... | 3 mos. | $\begin{array}{ll}2.55 & \text { a } 25.60 \\ 20.69 & \text { ®20.72 }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { July } & 28 \\ \text { July } & 28\end{array}$ | short. | $20 \cdot 52$ |
| Berlin | " | 20.69 D.20.72 | July 28 | " | 20.52 |
| Frankfort... | " | $20 \cdot 69$ (20.72 | July 28 | " | 20.52 |
| Cor euhagen. | " | $18.44 \quad$ a 18.48 |  |  |  |
| St.Petersb'rg | Short. | ${ }_{25}^{2318} 1{ }^{1} 223$ |  |  |  |
| Paris ... ..... | Short. 3 mos. |  | July 28 | Checks | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \cdot 304 \\ & 25 \cdot 30 \end{aligned}$ |
| Paris.. | 3 mos. | 12.15 ${ }^{2}$ | July 28 | Long. <br> Short. | $\begin{aligned} & 25.30 \\ & 12.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| Madri | " | 4614@4618 |  |  |  |
| Genoa ....... | " | $25.571_{2} \bar{\infty} 25 \cdot 621_{2}$ | July 28 | Short. | 25.25. |
| Lisbon York.... | . | $517_{8} @ 511_{4}$ |  | .... |  |
| New York... Alexandria.. |  |  | July 25 |  | 9078 |
| Bombay .... | 60 d'ys | 1 s .738 d | $\text { July } 20$ | tel.trsf. | 1s. $77: 6$ d. |
| Calcutta... |  | is 738 d . | $\text { July } 28$ | tel.trsf. | $1 \mathrm{~s} .77_{18 \mathrm{~d}}$ |
| Gong Kong. | .... |  | July 28 | $4 \operatorname{mos}_{6}$ | 38. 778 d . <br> 5s. 03 git. |

[From our own corresponcent.|
London, Saturday, July 28, 1883.
The money market daring the past week has been comparatively quiet, and even loans for short periods have bean but little applied for, notwithstanding that a settlement has been in progress on the Stock Exchange. The settlement, however, as is usual at this period of the year, has been a light one. Besides that, the supply of mercantile paper also continues very limited, so that the trade demand for money is small. But the rates of discount are firm, the quotations for three months' bills being $33 / 4 @ 37 / 8$. The quotation for short loans has been $3 @ 3 \not 1 / 2$ per cent.on the best security. The Bank of England return is more favorable than had been anticipated, the proportion of reserve to liabilities having advanced from $41 \cdot 41$ per cent to 4422 per cent. The supply of bullion has been augmented to the extent of $£ 417,027$, and there being a decrease of $£ 188,585$ in the circulation of notes, the total reserve has risen to the extent of $£ 605,612$. The supply of gold is now $£ 22,576,486$, against $£ 23,344,419$; while the reserve of notes and coin is $£ 12,418,306$, against $£ 12,403,529$ at this date last year. At this date in 1882 the proportion of reserve to liabilities was only $393 / 8$, the liabilities under the head of private deposits being as much as $£ 27,462,081$, while at the present time they are only $£ 23,246,642$. The private and joint-stock banks are evidently holding in their own vaults larger supplies of coin and have, in consequence, smaller balances at the Bank of England. This will prove to be more advantageous, as in times of pressure there will be less necessity for resorting to the Bank of England. A feature in this week's return is that "other securities" have been diminished to the extent of rather more than one million sterling. The re-payment of loans has been upon a very large scale of late. On Juiy 4 the total of "other securities" was $£ 25,656,496$, but since then it has been reduced to $£ 21,593,240$, or to the extent of about $£ 4,000,000$, and it is rather more than one milion less than at this date in 1882. The Bank of Eugland is at present in a fairly satisfactory condition; but, as we must now expuct the usual drain of coin for harvest purposes, any further improvement is somewhat doubtful. Abroad the principal feature has been the abstraction of a considerable amount of gold from the Bank of Holland, but the movement seems to have been chiefly in the direction of Germany.

The following are the quotations for money and the interest allowed by the discount houses to-day and same day of the previous five weeks:

| London |  | Open Market Rates. |  |  |  |  |  | Interest Allowed for Deposits by |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bank Bills. |  |  | Trade Bills. |  |  | Joint Stock Banks. | Disc't Hfses |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Three } \\ \text { Months } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Four } \\ \text { Months } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Six } \\ \text { Months } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Three } \\ \text { Months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Four } \\ \text { Months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Six } \\ \text { Months } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } \\ & \text { canl. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { to } 14 \\ & \text { Days. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 4 | 33/631\% | 31/80 - | 37¢@334 | 33, ${ }^{4}$ | 34@4 | 4 ¢ ${ }^{\text {c/4/4 }}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 31/-31/2 |
| June 29 | 4 | 338. ${ }^{3}$ 31/8 | 33\% $031 / 2$ | 3\%\%6 - | 312@4 | 310 ${ }^{\text {a }} 4$ | 334C41/4 | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 314-31/8 |
| July 6 | 4 | 314333/8 | ${ }^{3 \% 85}$ | 33\%@31/5 | 3194 | ${ }^{331(041 / 4}$ |  | 3 3 3 | 3 3 |  |
|  | 1 | 33\% | 33, - | 31,00- |  | 31/4041/6 | 4Y(1)434 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 3 | 314-31\% |
|  | 4 | 37¢@ |  |  |  |  | 414043 | 3 | , | 314-31/2 |

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of Eagland, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years:

|  | $\begin{gathered} 1883 . \\ \underset{2}{ } . \end{gathered}$ | $1882 .$ | $1881 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circulation | 25,908,180 | 26,690,890 | 26,967.105 | 27.228,360 |
| Public deposits | 4,639,9 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ 3 | 3,859,186 | 4,571,166 | 5,227.002 |
| Other deposits | 23,246,i42 | 27,462,081 | 29,329,418 | 26,378,530 |
| Governm't securities | 11,965,643 | 14,349, 471 | 15,885,333 | 15,545, 421 |
| Other securities | 21,593,240 | 22,713,909 | 20,105,573 | 17.506,951 |
| Res've of notes \&coin | 12,418,306 | 12,403,529 | 15,039,445 | 16,774,527 |
| Coin and bullion in both departments. | 22,576,486 | 23,314,419 | 26,256,550 | 29,002.887 |
| Proport'n of reserve to liabilities. | $44 \cdot 22$ |  |  |  |
| Bank rate. | 4 p.c. | 3 p . | $21_{4}$ p. c. | $21_{2} \mathrm{p}$. ${ }^{5}$ |
| Consols. | 9934 | 10018 | 10118 | ${ }^{2} 9818$ |
| Eng. wheat, av. price | 42s. 2 d . | 49s. 2 d . | 46s. 10 d . | Rs. 6 d . |
| Mid. Upland cotton.. | $57_{14}{ }^{\text {d }}$. | $71_{12} \mathrm{~d}$. | ${ }^{611} 1{ }_{16} \mathrm{a}$. | $613_{13}{ }_{\text {a }}$ d. |
| No. 40 Mule twist... | ${ }^{9} 1_{2} \mathrm{~d}$. | ${ }^{101}{ }^{1} \mathrm{l}^{\text {l }}$ | $10^{1} 2 \mathrm{~d}$. | $111_{4 d}$. |
| Clear's-house return. | 94.787,000 | 92.420,00J | 91,415.000 | 82,257,000 |

A comparison of the present position of the Bank of Eng land with the year 1879 shows some important changes. In that year the Bank was very strong, the supply of bullion being $£ 35,694,093$, while the reserve was $£ 21,372,218$. The proportion of reserve to liabilities was $56^{1} / 4$ per cent; "other securities" wera under $£ 8,000,000$, and the Bank rate was only 2 per cent. It must not be inferred from these figures that the country was then in a state of prosperity; on the contrary, the accummulation of unemployed money is indicative of the fact at that time existing that enterprise had almost ceased to esist. The complaints which are heard just now with regard to the slackness of business are very numerous, but at the same time a large amount of capital is being ventured in new undertakings. Furthermore, the list of dividends which we give below shows that although general business is disappointing, some very satisfactory profits have been realized, and it may, in some measure, be concluded that the complaints regarding trade have been exaggerated.
In reference to the state of the bullion market, Messrs. Pixley \& Abell write as follows:
Gold.-There is no demand for geld, and all arrivals are purchased by the Bank of England, about $£ 36,000$ in bars and coin having been sent in. 100.000 sovereigns have been withdrawn for Lisbon.
 tralia, £55,000. Some amount has also arrived from the Continent. but the whole, according to present indications, will ultimately be sold to the Bank of England. ©5,000 was shipped, to Bombay on the 17 th
inst. per P. © O. stamer "Brindis." inst. per P. \& O . steamer ""Brindisi."
Siiver has tallen in vale
 standard, the price has since receded to $505-16 \mathrm{~d}$., our quotation of this day, owing to lower exchanges from India, and to the reduced rate obtained for the India Couneil bills yesterday. The arrivals have been altogether unimportant. The Peninsular \& Oriental steamer "Brindisi" took on 17 th inst. $£ 54,000$ to Bombay and $£ 55,000$ to Calcutta
Nazaire," to which we alluded in our last circular, were "Ville de St. inst. at 491 sq. per oz. and this price has been maintained since. The "Taldera" has arrived with £27,000.
The shipments yestsrday, per Peninsular \& Oriental steamer "Rn-
setta," were- $\& 2,000$ to Penang, $\mathcal{E} 60^{\prime}, 000$ to Singapore and $£ 1,780$ to Sianghai
The quotations for bullion are reported as below

|  | Price of Gold. |  |  | Price of Silver. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Juy 26. | July 19. |  | Tu!u 26. | July 19. |
| Bar gold, fine....oz. | $\begin{array}{cc} c_{s .} & d . \\ 77 & 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 8 . & d . \\ 77 & 9 \end{array}$ |  |  | d. |
| Bar gold, contain'g |  |  | Bar silver, fine..oz. <br> Bar silver, contain- | 50 5-16 | $505-16$ |
| 20 dwts . silver..oz. | $77101 / 2$ | 77 1016 | ing 5 grs. gold.oz. | 50 11-16 | 5) 11-16 |
| Span. doubloons.oz. | 73 996 | 73 91发 | Cake silver.....oz | 54-16 | 51 5-16 |
| S.Am.doubloons.oz. | 73 81/2 | $7381 / 2$ | Mexican dols...oz. | 491/8 | 491/8 |
| U. S. gold coin...oz. | $76 \quad 31 / 6$ | 76 31/2 | Chilian dollars..oz. |  |  |

The Bank of Bengal has reduced its rate of diseount from 6 to 5 per cent, and the Bank of B mbay from 7 to 5 per cent.
The Bank rate of discount and opon market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows:

| Rates of Interest at | Julu 26. |  | July 19. |  | July 12. |  | Ju'y 5. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank Rate. | Open <br> Murket | Bank <br> Rate. | upen Market | Bank Rate. | Open Market | Bank <br> Rate. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Open } \\ & \text { Market } \end{aligned}$ |
| Paris .... | 3 | 25/8 | 3 | $23 / 4$ | 3 | 25\% | 3 | 2\% |
| Berlin...... | 4 | 31/8 | 4 | 344 | 4 | 2\%8 | 4 | 331 |
| Frankfort.. | - | 31/8 | - | $31 / 4$ | - | 3196 | 4 | 33 |
| Hamburg.... | $\overline{-}$ | 31/8 | - | $31 / 4$ | - | 33\% | - | 378 |
| Amsterdam..... | 31/2 | $31 / 4$ | 31/6 | 34 | 31\% | 314 | 31/2 | 314 |
| Brussels......... | 31/2 | 31/8 | 31/2 | 31/8 | 31, | 3 | 31/2 | 3 |
| Madrid .......... | 5 | $43 / 4$ | 5 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | 41/3 | 5 | 41/8 |
| Vienna........... | 4 | 3\% |  | 39.8 | 4 | 3\%/8 | 5 | 37/8 |
| St. Petersburg.. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 534 | 6 | 534 | 6 | 5\% |

The following new companies and minor loans have been advertised: Blumberg \& Co., limited, capital, £ 100,000 ; the Granalite Glass Works, limited. capital, $£ 100,000$; BudaPesth Ice Company, limited, capital, £50,000; London Southern Tramways, £50,000; Australian and New Zealand Mortgage Company, £200,000 4僧 per cent debenture stock, at 98 per cent; Law Land Company, limited, capital, £150,000 Norton Ventilator Company, eapital, £80,000.

The liquidators of Orerend, Garney \& Co., limited, announce that a further return of five shillings per share will be made to the shareholders on August 1. The total amount returned will then be $£ 573,350$.
The following dividends have been declared during the month :
Railways.-London \& Brighton, pate of 2 ber cent; Manchester Shefper cent: Southease, 14 per cent; North \& Southwestern Junction, 7 per cent; Northeastern, 734 per cent; Loudon Tibuyy \& Southend, $31_{3}$ tration preferences, 2117 s .6 d . for the half-year; No:th Staffordshire 32 per cent; London \& Southwestern, 44 per cont; Braziliaa Iaperial
Central Bahia, 7 per cent ; Long Island, 4 per cent; BANKs. - Imperial Ottoman, 15 per cent per cent. seatic, 5 per cent: Alliance, 7 per cent; Anglo-Foreign Bankia \& Han
 per cent; Bristol \& West of Englapd, 12 per cent; City, 10 per cent;
Imperial, 8 per cent; Laneashire \& Yorkshire, \&s ner share; Liverpon Commercial, 19 per cent; Liverpool Union, 10 per cent; Loudon Joint Yocks, 15 per cent; London \& Westminster. 15 per eant; London \& South Wales, 10s. per share, and bouus of 78.6 .l.: North Went; North and cent; Union of London, 5 per cent; Bank of Madeas, 8 per eent; Birmiugham, Dudley \& Dishiel, $121^{2}$ 2 per cent; Birmingham \& Midland, 16 per cent; Capital \& Counties, 18 per cent; Contral of London, 10 per cent; $\Varangle$ per cent; London \& Southwestern, 6 per cent; Manchester Joint Stock, $11_{4}$ per cent; Provincial of Ireland, 12 per ceat; Union of Spain and England, 6 per cent; Dersy Commereial, 10 per cent; Lsaminaton Pievis \& Warwickshire, $121_{3}$ per cent; Loadon \& Pcovinoial, $121_{2}$ per cent; Manchester \& County, is per cent; National, 11 per cent; Naper annum.
The Postmaster-General has issued the twenty-ninth annual report of the work of the Post Office. From this, it appears that the estimated number of letters delivered in the United Kingdom during the twelve months was $1,280,636,200$, showing an increase of 4.2 per cent ; the number of post cards, 144,016 , 200 , an increase of 6.4 per cent; the number of book packets and circulars, $288,206,400$, an increase of 63 per cent; and the number of newspapers, $140,682,600$, being slightly less than last year. The decrease in newspapers may be attributable to increased facilities offered by railway companies for sending newspapers as parcels. The number of registered letters was $11,264,926$, being an increase of 33 per cent. The number of post offices has been increased by 488, making a total of 15,406 in the United Kingdom, oi which 920 are head offices. 770 letter-boxes have been added, making the total number of receptacles of all sorts for letters about 30,100 . The Post-master-General reports favorably of the progress of the savings banks. The amount due to depositors at the close of the year was upwards of 30 millions. The number of telegraph messages was $32,092,026$, being an increase of 746,165 only as compared with $1,933,879$ in 1881-82. This diminution in the rate of increase is partly to be accounted for by the fact that two Easters, involving four holidays, occurred in the financial year. The postal order returns show a large increase. A bout $£ 3,451,000$, as compared with $£ 2,000,000$ in $1881-82$, were transmitted by means of these orders within the year, and no less than $7,930,328$ orders were used. The 1s., 5s., 10s. and 20s. orders continue to be most in request. The gross revenue of the Pust Office for the year was $£ 9,413,812$. The expenditure was $£ 6,352,064$, the net revenue thas being $£ 3,051,748$, being a decrease of $£ 38,727$ on the previous year.
The weather during the past wrek has been dull and unsettled, and, in some parts of Scotland, the rainfall has been heavy; but, taken as a whole, it has not been very discouraging. The temperature has been decided!y low for this time of year, and yet the crops have been making fair progress towards maturity. A few acres of wheat have already been cut in early districts in Suseex, and by the end of the next week it may be expected that, if there should be an absence of prolonged rain, a moderate quantity of produce will be ready for carting. There is still reason for believing that the crops will be fairly satisfactory, and this belief is confirmed by the fact that the trade is quite devoid of animation. It is true, indeed, that prices have during this week risen 6d. to, in a few instances, 1 s. per quarter; but this is an insignificant improvement, more especially when it is borne in mind that prices are very low. Oar importations continue upon a large scale and stocks are accumulating. The shipment of oats from St. Petersburg to this country during the past week has been upon an extensive scale. Harvest work on the Continent has been making progress, but not very sctisfactorily, owing to unsettled weather It is expected that France will have to import largely during the coming season, the estimate on the London Corn Exchange being $8,000,000$ quarters.
The following return shows the extent of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first fortyseven weeks of the season, compared with the three previous seasons:
 supply of wheat and
flour afloat to U．K．
frs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1，641，000 1，969，000 2，397，000
The extent of the sales of home－grown wheat，barley and oats in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales since harvest，together with the average prices realized，are shown in the following statement ：


Converting qrs．into cwts．，the totals for wheat for the whole kingdom are as follows ：

1882－83．
$\begin{array}{ccc}1881-82 . & 1880-81 . & 1879-80 . \\ 31,296,000 & 27,123,300 & 22,304,000\end{array}$

## English Trarket Reports－Per Cable．

The daily closing quotations for securities，\＆c．，at London， and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool，are reported by cable as follows for the week ending August 10：

| London． | sat． | Mon． | Tues． | Wed． | Thurs． | Fri． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver，per oz．．．．．．．．．．．．． d． Consols for money． | $\begin{aligned} & 307,6 \\ & 9911_{18} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 507_{16} \\ & 9915_{16} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 507_{16} \\ 1001_{16} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 507{ }_{16} 6 \\ & 99{ }^{16}{ }_{16} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 507_{16} \\ & 9915^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Consols for account． | ${ }_{991 ®_{16}^{16}}$ |  | $100{ }^{18} 8$ | $1001_{4}^{16}$ | 100116 | ${ }^{1001} 16$ |
| Fr＇ch rentes（in Paris）fr． | $80 \cdot 15^{16}$ |  | $80.7{ }^{1} 1_{2}$ | $80.72{ }^{1} 2$ | 80.50 | 80.15 |
| U．S． $4^{1} 25$ of 1891．．．．．．． | $115{ }^{1} 2$ |  | 1155 | $115{ }^{1} 2$ | $1155_{8}$ | $110^{50}$ |
| U．S． 48 of 1907. | 122 | － | 122 | 122 | 122 | 122 |
| Chic．Mil．\＆St．Paul | $106^{1} 2$ | ت | 106 | $105^{3} 4$ | $105{ }^{1} 2$ | 1053 |
| Erie，common stock |  | \％ | ${ }_{13} 3{ }^{5} 8$ | ${ }_{13414}^{35}$ | $345^{5}$ $1333_{4}$ | 3358 1314 |
| Inlinois Central．．．．．．．．． |  | $=$ | $1343_{4}$ $233_{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r}13414 \\ 23.58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1333^{3}$ 224 | $131^{1 / 4}$ |
| N．Y．Ontario \＆West＇n． | 2458 5934 |  | $233_{4}$ 5912 | 23.58 5958 | $221_{2}$ 59 |  |
| Pennsylvania | 29 ${ }^{293}$ |  | ${ }_{285}$ | ${ }_{283}{ }^{2} 8$ | ${ }_{285}$ | 2812 |
| New York Centrail．．．．．．． | i1834 | ． | 1183 | 119 | 11834 |  |
| Liverpool． | Sat． | Mon． | Tues． | Wed． | Thurs． | Fri． |
| Flour（ex．State）． 100 lb ． | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s．} & \text { d．} \\ 12 & 0\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s．} & d . \\ 12 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}s . & d . \\ 12 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s．} & \text { d．} \\ 12 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s．} & \text { d．} \\ 18\end{array}$ |
| Wheat，No．1，wh．＂\％ | 86 |  | 86 | 87 | 87 | 88 |
| Spring，No．2，n．＂ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 0 \\ 8 & \end{array}$ |  | $9 \bigcirc$ | 9 0 <br> 9  | 811 | 811 |
| Winter，West．， n ＂ | $81{ }^{8} 1$ |  | $81{ }^{8}{ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 0 \\ 9 & 3\end{array}$ | 9 | 9 9 9 |
| Cal．，No． 1 ．．．．．＂، | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 3 \\ 9 & 0\end{array}$ | － | 9 9 | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 3 \\ 9 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 5 \\ 9 & 1\end{array}$ | 9 9 9 |
| Cal．，No．2，．．．．＂، |  | 万 | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 0 \\ 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 312\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}9 & 0 \\ 5 & 41_{2}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 1 \\ 5 & 5\end{array}$ |  |
| Corn，mix．，West，n．＂، Poris，West mess 78 bbl ． | a 76 7 | \＃ | $760^{5}$ | $7{ }_{-6} 0^{4-2}$ | 760 | 760 |
| Bacon，long clear，new． | 400 |  | 40 | 100 | 400 | 40 |
| Beer，pr．mess，new，想to． | 780 |  | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 |
| Lard，prime West．${ }^{\text {fig ewt．}}$ | $45 \quad 6$ |  | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Cheese，Am．finest new | 51 |  | 51 |  | 50 |  |


National Banks．－The following national bank has lately been organized
3，021－The First National Bank of Independence，Kansas．Capital
imports and Exports for the Week．－The imports of last week，compared with those of the preceding week，show an increase in both dry goods and general merchandise． The total imports were $\$ 10,679,979$ ，against $\$ 5,430,860$ the pre－ ceding week and $\$ 11,737,265$ two weeks previous．The exports for the week ended Aug． 7 amounted to $\$ 7,682,849$ ，against $\$ 6,040,960$ last week and $\$ 7,782,292$ two weeks previous．The following are the imports at New York for the week ending （for dry goods）Aug． 2 and for the week ending（for genera！ merchandise）Aug．3；also totals since the beginning of first week in January：

| For Week． | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dry goods gi.... } \\ & \text { Gen'l mer'dise.. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,564,485 \\ 6,852,293 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 2,700,818 \\ 6,797,894 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,103,116 \\ 7,576,863 \end{array}$ |
| Gen＇l mer＇dise．． <br> Total．．．．．．．． Since Jan． 1. Dry goods Gen＇l mer＇diso．． <br> Thtal 31 wanke | \＄10，416，778 | \＄11，752，759 | \＄9，438，712 | $\stackrel{\$ 10,679,979}{ }$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 78,985,027 \\ & 225,024,55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 65,606,158 \\ & 192,931,315 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 880,476,787 \\ 223,162,741 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 75,387,925 \\ & 201,873,637 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | －am non $50 n$ | \＄258．537．47 | \＄303 639 528 | 277．261．562 |

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later．
The following is a statement of the exports（exclusive of specie）from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Aug．7，and from January 1 to date：

EXPORTS FROM NEW TORK FOR THE WEEK．

|  | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the week．．． | \＄8，485，041 | 尔8，362，928 | $\$ 8,472,071$ | $\$ 7,682,849$ |
| Prev．reported．． | 233，463，932 | 221，011，08 | $187,844,278$ | $202,591,153$ |

Total 31 weeks $\$ 241,948,973 \$ 229,371,009 \$ 196,316,349 \$ 210,274,002$ The following table shows the exports and imports＇of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Aug．4，and since Jan．1，1883，and for the corresponding periods in 1882 and 1881：

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW York．


Of the above imports for the week in 1883，$\$ 300$ were American gold coin and $\$ 2,064$ American silver coin．Of the exports during the same time $\$ 2,000$ were American gold coin， and $\$ 30$ American silver coin．
U．S．Sub－Treasury．－The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub－Treasury in this city，as well as the balances in the same，for each day of the past week：


## ganking aud exanucial．

## CALLED U．S．BONDS．

Holders of $3{ }_{2}$ per cent Bonds（all of which have now been called in） will find at our office superior facilities for exchanging their called bonds and re－investing the proceeds in Governments or other approved secu rities，and will be furnished with all accessible information to guide them in making thcir investments．
Called Bonds cashed at par and accrued interest，or received in ex－ change for other Governments or in payment for securities bought on orders．
Government Bonds bought and sold at current market prices net． All other marketable securities bought and sold on commission．

FISK \＆HATCH，
No． 5 Nassau Street，N．Y．

## d'the gaukers' (5azette.

## THVITLNES

The following dividends have recently been aunounced:

| Name of Oompany. | Per Cent. | When Payable | Books Ciosed. <br> (Days inclusive.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Railroads. Cleveland \& Pitts. (quar.) | 134 | Sept. 1 | Aug. 11 to |
| Det. Lan. \& No., pret.... | $3_{3}{ }^{14}$ | dug. 15 | Aug. 7 to |
| Do do com | 3 | Aug. 15 | Aug. 7 to |
| Pacific (quar.)............ Insurance | $21_{2}$ | On dem. |  |
| City Fire..... | 5 | Aug. 13 |  |
| N. Y. Fire..... ${ }_{\text {M }}$ | 1 | On dem. |  |
| Bankers' \& Merchants' T | 6 | Sept. 10 | Sept. 1 to Sept. 10 |

## NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUG. 10, 1883-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-The public mind has continued disturbed by additional failures since those first reported in the leather trade over a week ago, the latest being those of a national bank and a trust company in Vermont and of a prominent national bank and a State bank in Indianapolis. It would, however, be too hasty to announce any of these four banks as having "failed" yet. That they have been seriously embarrassed is well known, but in each case there are grounds for the expectation that affairs may be so arranged as to permit of liquidation in full.*

There have also been some apprehensions of something like a panic in the stock market the past week. It would be difficult to assign any particular cause for these latter apprehensions, except the general one of the distrustful attitude of capital toward all investments. This distrust itself creates a great part of the stuff on which it feeds. The failures and rumors of others have been a good deal magnified, as is al ways the case under such circumstances, though in the present situation it is thought that they have in some cases been exaggerated for the purpose of affecting the various markets.
Notwithstanding all these unfavorable phases of the situation, there are also some reassuring features. One of these is the fact that during the last year there has been a pretty general liquidation of mercantile indebtedness, and that present credits are based on lower valuations of all kinds of commodities. Besides this, the crop prospects continue good, railroad earnings large, and the outlook for a good domestic trade and a fair export demand for all our surplus products at moderate prices remains encouraging.
One cause why general mercantile trade at the West is somewhat below the usual volume at this season of the year, is that the movement of winter wheat is comparatively small. The crop was a partial failure, and the harvest was late; and though the loss will to some extent be made up by an increase of spring wheat, yet this latter kind of wheat does not make its influence felt till much later in the season.

The money market continues in an abnormally stagnant condition. Money has been superabundant for call loans, and at times offered at rates which scarcely justify the trouble of making the transactions and looking after the securities, though in the last few days there has been some appearance of an increased disposition to do nothing at all with money but keep it well in hand and available for use; and consequently call loans have commanded a somewhat better figure. There has unquestionably been a much closer scrutiny of mercantile paper than has been the case for years. But for such as bears this scrutiny, the rates remain unchanged at $41 / 2$ and $51 / 2$ for sixty days and four months double-name paper respectively, and from $51 / 2$ to 6 for single names.
The last statement of the New York national banks showed only slight changes, but these were in the direction of a more conservative condition, by the reduction of $\$ 428,300$ of the condition of business, is also reflected by the fact that the surplus reserve was $\$ 9,246,375$, against only $\$ 2,684,425$ at the corresponding date of last year.
It is noticeable that the reports of the great European banks for the week show a loss of. specie by all, viz.: the Bank of England lost $£ 88,000$, the Bank of France lost 20,000 francs in gold and 250,000 in specie, and the Bank of Germany 4,480,000 marks. It is presumed this outward movement of specie is in connection with the greater demands of their domestic trades. The reserve in the Bank of England, however, increased from $443 / 8$ per cent to $453 / 8$ per cent, the reserve being partly of specie and partly of Bank of England notes.
There has been no change in the Bank of England rate of dices indicate that the rates in the cent, though the latest advices indicate that the rates in the open market have approximated more closely than usual to the Bank rate. The rates of
interest there continue to be much higher than in New York,
and this has an effect to sustain the New York rates for foreign
exchange. change.
The following tabie shows the changes from the previous week and a conaparison with the two preneding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1883 \\ & \text { Aug. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Duffer'nces fr'm } \\ \text { prevous weel. } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1882 . \\ & \text { Aug. } . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1881 . \\ & \text { Aug. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | D |  | \$335,324,600 | \$350,62 |
| Circnlatio | 15,640,900 | Inc. | 58,400 |  |  |
| Net deposits | 323.692,900 | Inc. | 117 | 320,183,900 | 317 |
| gal tenders. | 0 | Dec. | 122,500 | 24,014,900 | 16,060,000 |
| Legal reserve. Rezerve held. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 80,923,225 \\ 90,169,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ine. } \\ & \text { Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 29,250 \\ 64,100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 80.020,975 \\ 82,70 \overline{5}, 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 86,835,675 \\ 92,570,900 \end{array}$ |
| rplus. | \$9,246,375) | Dec. | 893,350 | \$2,684, | \$5,735,2 |

Exchange.-The market for sterling has been very quiet during the week, though there has been some increase in the export movement of grain, which has made a corresponding
increase of commercial bills. On the other hand, there has increase of commercial bills. On the other hand, there has These features, however, have not caused any change in rates for sterling, which on Friday were as follows, viz: : Posted rates, $4841 / 2$ and 488 . Actual rates : Sixty days, $4831 / 4483^{3} /$. demand, $487 @ 487 \frac{1}{4}$; cables, 488 ; commercial bills, $482 @$, $4821 / 2$.
Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows, the highest prices being the posted rates of leading bankers:

| August 10. | Sixty Days. | Demand. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers'sterling bills on London. Prime commercial | ${ }_{4}^{4833^{1} 44^{4} 81^{12}}$ | 4879488 |
| Documentary commercial .................. | $482{ }_{4}^{4} 88{ }^{4}$ |  |
| Paris (francs). | $5221_{2} 0^{5} 20{ }^{5}$ | $5193805171_{2}$ |
| Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks) ....... |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 40 \\ 9478 & 401_{4} \\ 951 \end{array}$ |

United States Bonds.-Government bonds remain firm, with a further fractional advance on some of the issues. The 3 s and the $41 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ are $1 / 8$ higher each.
The ciosing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

|  | Interest Periods. | $\begin{gathered} A u g . \\ 4 . \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{6}{A_{6} u g .}$ | Aug. 7. | ${ }_{8}^{A} u g .$ | Aug. $y$ | $\begin{aligned} & A u g \\ & 1 u_{0} . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5s, continued at 312.. | Q.-Feb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{4128,1891}$ | Q.-Mar. | 112 $\times 113$ | 1112 | 112 | 112 | 11218 | $1121_{5}$ |
| 48,1907............ reg. | Q.-Jan. | +11918 | ${ }^{\times 113} 11{ }^{1}$ | 11278 +119 | 113 +119 | 11318 11918 | 11318 $1198_{8}$ |
| 4s, 1907........ coup. | Q.Jan. | +11919 | *11918 | ${ }^{119}{ }^{19}$ | *119 | 11918 11918 | $119{ }^{\text {l }} 8$ $1191_{8}$ |
| 3s, option U. S....reg. | Q.-Feb. | ${ }^{103}$ | ${ }_{*}^{* 103}{ }^{107}$ | 103 | 103 | 10318 | ${ }_{1031}{ }^{8}$ |
| 68, cur'cy, 1895..reg. | J. \& J. | $\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ \times 120 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{+127}$ | +128 | +128 | *128 | $\times 128$ |
| 68, cur'ey, i896..reg. 6s, cur'ey, 1897..reg. | J. \& J. | *129 +130 | $\times 129$ +130 +132 | +130 $\times 131$ | +129 +130 | 128 $\times 129$ +130 | +129 |
| 68, cur'cy, 1897 ..reg. | J. \& J. | +130 +131 | $* 130$ $* 132$ |  | ${ }^{+130}$ | +130 $* 132$ | *130 |
| 6s, cur'cy. 1899..reg. | J. \& J. | $\begin{array}{r}132 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{*} 1321_{2}$ | *13212 | ${ }^{+132}$ | 132 $\times 132$ | ${ }^{*} 132$ |

This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.
State and Railroad Bonds. - The market for railroad bonds has reflected the prevailing disinclination to invest in any kind of securities. The business has been small, and the sales have in nearly all cases shown lower prices which, in some instances, indicate a disposition to sell out. The most business has been in west Shore \& Buffalo 5 s at $75,73,74,731 / 2$, and Texas \& Pacinic (Rio Grande Division) $6 s$ at 79 , $761 / 2,781 / 4 ; 76,763 \%$.
There was also a considerable business in Atlantic \& Pacific There was also a considerable business in Attantic \& Pacific incomes at $31,241 / 2,2434$. Boston Hartford $\&$ Erie firsts are $51 / 2$ lower, at $211 / 2$. Peoria Decatur \& Evansville incomes have declined to 40 ; Lake Erie incomes declined 5 per cent to 30 , and the firsts, 3 to 95 ; Erie $2 \mathrm{ds}, 13 / 4$ to $931 / 2$; Oregon Short Line $6 \mathrm{~s}, 31 / 4$ to 98 ; Bloomington \& Western firsts, 3 per cent to 84 and 85 ; Texas \& Pacific land grant incomes declined $21 / 4$ to $571 / 2$; Chesapeake \& Ohio currency 6 s , 1 per cent to $471 / 2$; East Tennessee incomes 17/8; Richmond \& Danville debentures, 13/4; Rome Watertown \& Ogdensburg 5s, 1/2; Oregon Improvement 1sts, 13
State bonds have been entirely neglected.
Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-There has been a continuous selling movement in the stock market during the week, which at times was almost panicky, and in fact would inevitably have run into a panic, if the large capitalists had not united on Thursday and Friday in sustaining their several specialties. The succession of disquieting events in the way of strikes and failures has increased the distrust which already prevailed to some extent, and caused a general selling movement on the part of smaller holders of stocks. Notwithstanding the support the market has received, the general decline has been important, ranging from $3 / 4$ to $53 / 4$ per cent on the active list, while among the specialties the decline has been from 1 to 10 per cent. The largest declines on the active list were Oregon \& Transcontinental, $53 / 4$; Northern Pacific common, $37 / 8$, and the preferred $33 / 8$; Oregon Railway \& Navigation, 4; Central Pacific, 45 ; Canada Southern, 4; Reading, 35 ; Wabash, 5 and $33 / 4$; Lackawanna, 33 ; Northwestern, $31 / 4$; Erie, Kansas \& Texas and Ohio \& Mississippi each 31/3; Denver and Texas \& Pacific, each 3; Omaha and Pacific Mail, $23 / 4$ each; Jersey Central and Missouri Pacific, 25/8 each; Louisville \& Nashville and Michigan Central 17/8 each; Western Union, Union Pacific and St. Paul each 11/2; Canada Pacific, 13/8; Burlington \& Quincy, Illinois Central and Lake Shore, each 1. The smallest declines were New York Central, 5 , and Manitoba $3 / 4$. Among the specialties, Alton \& Terre Haute declined 10 per cent; Lake Erie \& Western, 4; Manhattan Beach, $31 / 4$; New York \& New England and Pullman Palace Car, $31 / 2$ each; Peoria Decatur \& Evansville, 23/4; Rochester $\&$ Pittsburg, $13 / 4$; and Long Island $11 / 2$.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICRS FOR WEEK ENDING UGUST B0, ANB SINCE JAN. 1, 1883.


QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES. TATE BONDS.


New York Local Securities.

| Bank Stock L |  |  |  | Insurance Stock List. [Prices by E. S. Bailey, 7 Pine St |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PRICE. |  | OMPANIE |  | PRICE. |  |
| Marked thus ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) are |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1001001002525100100251002510010010010025251001001001003050100751001002510010050100500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

-Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds.

| GAS COMPANIES. | Par. | Amount. | Period | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{9}{4} \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { M } \end{aligned}$ | Date. | Bid. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brooklyn Gas-Light | 25 | 2,000,000 | Var's | 5 | 83 | 112 | 115 |
| Citizens' Gas-L. (Bklyn ) | 20 1,000 | 1,200,000 |  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | July, '83 | ${ }^{7} 105$ | 110 |
| Honds | 1,000 | 1,850,000 | F. \& A |  | Feb. '83 | 105 |  |
| Jersey City \& Hoboken.. | 20 | 750,000 | J. \& J. | ${ }_{5}^{71}$ | July, '83 | ${ }_{230}^{155}$ |  |
| Manhattan | - 50 | $4,000,000$ |  |  |  | 187 |  |
| Metropol Bonds | 100 500 | 2,500,000 | F. \& A. | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | Aug., 83 | 105 | 11 |
| Mutual (N. Y.) ............ | 100 | 3,500,000 | Quar. | $2^{11_{2}}$ | 17, '83 | 116 | $117{ }^{1}$ |
| Bonds. | 1,000 | 1,500,000 | M. \&N. |  | Sept, 82 | 104 | 106 |
| Nassau (Bklyn.) | 25 | 1,000,000 | Var's | ${ }^{1}$ | Sept., , 82 | 90 |  |
| Scrip | Var's | 700,000 $4,000,000$ | M. \&N: |  | May, '8 | 125 | 0 |
| People's (Bklyn.) | 10 | 1,000,000 | J. \& J. | ${ }^{31}$ | Jan., $\quad 76$ | 45 |  |
| Bonds | 1,000 | 375,000 | M. \&N. | $3^{12}$ | May, '83 | 106 | 0 |
| Bonds | Var's | 125,000 | Var's | 3 | April, ${ }^{\text {Feb }}$ | 85 | - |
| Central of New | 50 | 1,000,000 |  | 1 | Feb., '82 | 70 |  |
| Bonds | 1,000 | 1,000,000 | A. \& 0. | 3 | A pril, '8 | 105 | + |
| Metropolit | 100 | 1,000,000 | M.\&N. |  | July, '83 | 80 |  |
| Municipa | 100 |  | M. \& | 6 | $1888$ | 106 |  |
| Fulton Municipal | 100 | 3,000,000 |  |  |  | 75 |  |

## [Quotations by H. L. Grant, Broker, 145 Broadway.] <br> 

[^0]Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.


RAILROAD EARNINGS.

| Roads. | Latest Earnings Reported. |  |  | Jan. 1 to Latest Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week | 1883. | 1882. | 1883. | 1882. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atch.Top.\& S | June.... | 61,8 | 1,153 | 6,67 |  |
| Canad'n Pacil | 4th wk J'ly | Y 177,000 |  |  |  |
| Central of Ga | June ..... | 150,500 | 0 128,754 | 1,422 |  |
| Central Iowa. |  | 100,9720 |  |  |  |
| Chesap. \& Ohio | Jul | 2,02 | 2,076 | 2,1332 |  |
| Chieago \& Alt | tth wk J'ily |  |  | 4,507 |  |
| Chic. Bur. \& Q | Jun | 1,937, | 1,437 |  |  |
| hic. \& Gr.Tr | WkJu |  |  | 1,590,545 |  |
| Chic. Mil. \&St | 1st wk | 412, |  |  |  |
| Ch.St.P.Min. |  | 1433, |  |  | 3,122 |
| Ohic. \& W. M | 4th w | ${ }_{26}{ }^{2}$ |  | 71, |  |
| ati | July | 185,3 | 217 | 1,354,274 |  |
| in. Wash. \& B | 4th | 41,55 | - 4 4,921 |  |  |
| ev.Akrond | 4th w |  | 13,1 |  |  |
| onno |  |  | 371,007 | ,874,463 | 1,871,190 |
| anbury |  | 18,127 | 17,638 | 97,802 | oid |
| Denv. \&R | 1st | 127,100 | 121,200 | 3,723,600 | 3,722,799 |
| Des Mo.\& Ft | 3 d | 6,951 |  | 153,548 | i |
| Det. Lan: \& | 4th | 38 , |  | 864,655 | 99,910 |
| ub. | 3d | 200 | 18. | 564,419 |  |
| E.Tenn. $\ddot{V}$ |  | 298,134 | 286, 2389 | $\xrightarrow{1,637,666}$ |  |
| liz. Lex. \& B.S. | July | 60.237 | 51,666 | 2,376,864 |  |
| Evans\% | 3d | 13 | 34, |  |  |
| int | 4th |  | 46 | 1, | \% |
| Flor. Tr. 8 P | 3 w |  |  |  |  |
| Ft.W. \& Denver. | 3 dm |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Trunk | WkJu | 319,556 | 304 | 9, |  |
| Gr.Bay W. \&St.P. | 4th w |  |  | , |  |
| Hannibal\&st. | th |  |  | 1,003,255 |  |
| Hous. |  |  | 23,314 | 145,495 | - |
| Do (Ioma) | 4th wk J'ly | 149,100 | 163,9 | 3,552,657 |  |
| Do so. D | ${ }_{\text {4th }}{ }_{\text {d }}$ | 46,600 | 36,4 55,6 | $\underset{\substack{1,077,937 \\ 2,183,87}}{ }$ |  |
| Ind. Bloom. \& | 4th wk Jly |  |  | 1,605,130 | $1,355,784$ |
| K. C. Law. \& | 3und | $\begin{array}{r}31,9 \\ 114 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | \% |
| L. Erie \& West | 4th wk J'iy | 2 1 ,911 | 40 , |  | 65,687 |
|  |  | 30,661 |  | 277,484 | 7 |
| Long Island. | Ist w | 24,049 | 92 | 1,542,95.3 |  |
| Louisv. \& Nashy | ${ }^{\text {ith }}$ | 395,090 | 35̄2,325 | 7,514,683 |  |
| Memp. \& |  | 89,615 | 46,160 | 352,712 |  |
| Mexican C | 3d | 24,503 | 68,311 |  | 560,941 |
| Do No.Di |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mil.L.Sh.\& We | 1stwk Aug |  | 15.100 |  |  |
| Minn.titt. Lou | June ..... | 142,293 | 128,875 |  |  |
| Issouri Pacit | tht wk Jiy | 251.737 | 269,603 | 4.877,294 | 3,949,587 |
| Int. | tith wk J'ly | 32,67 85,01 |  | ${ }_{2,03}^{76}$ |  |
| Mo. Kan. \& | 4th Wk J'ly | 188 | 159, | 2,036.139 | 3,129,660 |
| St.L.IT.Mt.\&S | 4th w ith w | 178 | 16 | 4,064,290 | ${ }^{3,746,822}$ |
| bilo | 4th wk J'ly | 919,437 | 815,115 | 19,0 |  |
| bile \& | July....... | 913,437 | 135,173 | 19,10 |  |
| N. Y. \& N. Eu |  | 170 | 136 | 1,101,989 | 981,323 |
| $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{N}}^{\mathrm{Y}} . \mathrm{Su}$ |  | 88,152 | 61,673 | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1,937,856 \\ 465,495 \end{array}$ | $1,830,923$ 308,658 |
| Norfo | wk | 463,678 | 450, |  |  |
| Shenandoah | July. | 74,376 |  | 1,338,335 | 1,141 |
| Northern |  | 476,164 | 465,819 | 2,944,614 |  |
| Ohio Central | 4th | 30,399 | 223,893 | 4,316,758 | 3,353,384 |
| Ohio \& Miss Ohio Southe |  | 349,418 | 315,340 |  |  |
| Oregon \& Cal. | ${ }^{\text {dun w }}$ | 9,959 79,573 | 9,018 | 10 | 197,486 |
| Oregon Imp. Co | May | 374,686 | 2 $2 \mathbf{6 7 , 3 3 9}$ | , 459,402 |  |
| Oregon R.\&N.C. |  | 461,350 | 432,327 | 2,785,148 | 2,726,299 |
| Pennsylvania | June. | 4,156.871 4 | 4,093,756 | 24,3こ2,579 | 22,650,817 |
| Philadelp. \& Erie | June. | 344,771 | 341, ${ }^{24}$ | 1,943, | 440,903 1.725,164 |
| Phila. © Real | Ju | 2,810,489 | 1,71 | 10,965,860 | 9,531,496 |
| Richm. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Danv. | 3d wk | 1,548,7 | 1,303,2 | 7,171,807 | 6,272,393 |
| Ch'l Col.\&A | 3 | +6,4 |  | $1,883,506$ <br> 409,113 |  |
| Valumb. \#idan | 3d w | +4,245 | 15, | 379, 13 |  |
| West No. Car | 3d w | $+19,936$ $+3,481$ | +17, | 780.396 155,543 |  |
| Rome Wat. d | June. | 143,206 | 138,02 |  |  |
| Do (brelis.) | ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ th wl | - 35,264 | 40,303 | 754.446 |  |
| t. Louis \& Cairo | 4 th wl | 18,796 | 26,175 8,684 | 60 |  |
| 8t.L. \&San Fran | ${ }_{\text {4th }}^{4 \text { th }}$ | 101,146 | 112,766 | 1,976,992 | 1,832,462 |
| St. P. Minn. \& M | 4 th w1 | 190,791 |  | 663 | 93 |
| Do. Pac.Cal. N . | Marel | 79,769 | 80,528 | 4,238,803 | ${ }^{422,668}$ |
| Do Arizona | Ma | - 414,136 | 302,030 | 994,095 | 968,515 |
| Do N. Mex | , | 79,635 | 60,234 | 5 |  |
| Souto V | July. | 47,5 | 62 | 289,944 | 285,961 |
| l.An Ar.d. G.T | Jue | 63,201 | 74 | 633,2 | 578,322 |
| Union Pacitic. | July | 2,268,000 | 2,300 | 5,680,960 1 | 08 |
| Utah Cen |  | 79,829 | 131,237 | 574,480 |  |
| ck | 4th wi |  |  | 232,982 | 214 |
| -stursey | June. | 108,697 | 94,448 |  |  |
| consin Cen | wks J ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ? | 70,698 | 94,418 | 477,858 | 415 |

* Since June 1st in 1883 includes earnings of Cent. RR. of New Jersey.

Coins.-The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

| 85 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Napoleons....... 385 t 390 |  |
| Guidenmarks. 474 |  |
| Epan'h Doubloons. 1550 |  |
| Mex. Doubloons.. 1550 |  |
|  |  |
| ne gold bars . |  |

New York City Banks.-The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on Aug. 4:

| Banks. | Capital. | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Loans and aiscounts. | Specie. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Legal } \\ & \text { Tenders. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Net dep 'ts } \\ \text { othan U. } \\ \text { ot } \end{array}\right\|$ | Orycria- tion. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rchants | 2,000, | 7,067,000 | 1,42 |  | - |  |
| Unechanic | $\xrightarrow{2,000,00} 1,2000$ |  |  | 1,16 | , | 4,600 |
| America. | 3,000.000 | ${ }^{4,4799}$ | 1,159, | 169, |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {city }}$ Cix. | 1,000, |  | 4.545 | 147, |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Trade }}$ | 1,000 |  |  | 770 | 10,493, |  |
| Chen |  |  | 3,43 |  | 1,298 |  |
| Merchan | 1,000, | 269,70 | - 282,300 | 411,300 | 2,755 | $2{ }^{2}$ |
| teher |  | 873,600 |  | Ci, 6 | 1,69 |  |
| Greenwich... $\%$ 's |  | 993,000 |  | 96,000 146,900 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 374,400 | 2,109,500 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comm |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merca | 1 |  |  | 285.800 | 4,70 |  |
| Paciflic |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}$ |  |
| Chatham |  |  | 535,000 741 |  | , | з60,000 |
| rth |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hano |  | 8 8,648, | 1,473 |  |  |  |
| Metr |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {cin }}$ |  |  |  |  | 2,522,600 |  |
| re |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| O |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corn Exch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oriental. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ari |  |  |  | 334,000 | 4,073,000 | 270,000 |
|  | 2. |  | 硅 | 1,57 | ${ }_{23,65}^{22}$ |  |
| North Riv |  | -7, ${ }^{1,766260}$ | 3.000 |  |  |  |
| sat R |  |  | 125,700 |  | 916.600 |  |
| Central |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| second Nation Ninth Nationa |  |  |  |  | 3,938,000 |  |
| First National |  |  |  | 742,900 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,189.30 |  |  | \%0,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,01 | - |  |  |
| artie | (300,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,372,430 \\ & 834,700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 38,7,00 \\ 49,500 \\ 49,500 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0,6 B 1,4200 \\ 1,67,200 \\ 6,3 \times 400 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The deviations from returns of previous week are as follows:


The following are the totals for three weeks :
 $\begin{array}{cccccccc}11 & 28 \ldots .327,250,300 & 63,130,000 & 27,103,700 & 323,57,1000 & 10,378,303 & 587,846,185 \\ \text { Aug. } 4 \ldots .326,822,000 & 63,188,400 & 26,981,200 & 323,632,400 & 15,640,900 & 584,010,780\end{array}$
Boston Banks.-Following are the totals of the Boston banks: 1883. Loans. Specie. L. Tenders. Deposits.* Circulation. Ago.Clear.
 *Including the item "due to other banks."
Philadelphia Banks.--The totals of the Philadelphia banks are as follows:
1883. Am. Railw'y Imp Bid. Asked. Am. Railw' ${ }^{\text {Ex }}$ Imp.Conds Ex bonds and stock
At1. \& Pac.-6s, Incomes
Blocks 35 per cent. Cent. Branch
Am. Bank Note petual deb'luse perBost. H. \& E. - New st' k Buff. N. Y. \& Phila. Chic \& Atl.- S . Chic \& Atl.-Stk........
do beneficiary stk.. Contin't'lCons.- -8. Den.\& R.G.R' y-Cons. 1st mort. G............ Denver \& N. Edison Elec. Ligh
 Gal. Har. \& S. Ant... I. B. \& W. inc. bds. Keely Motor L. \& N. col.trust 10 ds 82
Mexican Bonds 3 p.e. Mexican Bonds-3 p.e.
Mexican. Nat.......... Mexican. Nat.
1st mort
 Mich. \&O.--Sübs. 8 P....
M.U.St'kTrust Certs.. ia. Askea.

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { N.Y.W.Sh.\&Buff.-Stk } \\ \text { del.wh.iss.on old sub }\end{array}$ | Bid. Asked. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 27 |  |$27^{-}$

90 \$.$7 .$.
20
20

15 $13^{7} 8$
$\cdots$ $265 \quad 290$

 Newb. D'tch \& Conn-
Incomes Ohio C. Riv. Div. ist. $\dddot{7}_{7} \dddot{7}_{2}$ Oregon Sh. Line delivered when issued.. Subs. 90 p.
Subs. ex-bd.
. Pensac. ${ }^{\text {\& }}$ 1st mort Pitts. \& Western. Roch.\&Pitts. cons.,1st St. Jo. \& West........
St. Jo. \& Pacific ist.
do do $2 d$. do $\frac{\text { do }}{2 d .}$
Kans. \& Neo., 1 st....
do
do
$2 d . .$. Tex.\&Col.Imp.-60 p.e .....
ex-bd
$42^{-\cdots} \begin{gathered}\text { ex. \& st. L............. } \\ \text { 1st mort }\end{gathered}$ 1st mort., M.\&A............
Incomes
do.............
In Incomes
Subs....
ex-bond ex-onds in Texa gra't\&inc.bdsin Tex
 Incomes Wisconsin Central... 105
17

\section*{Finvestments

\section*{AND

## AND <br> STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Frunded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds Fon Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Baturday of every other month-viz., February, Apith, Jut extra August, October and December, a the CHRoNicle. Single copies tharge to all regular sury.

## ANNUAL REPORTS.

From advance sheets of the forthcoming volume of that valuable work, Poor's Railroad Manual, which will probably be ready for delivery the coming week, the following annual reports have been taken. No reports of these companies for the ytars given have elsewhere been published:

Louisville New Albany \& Chicago.
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882.)
Line of Road.-New Albany. Ind., to Michigan City, , Ind. 288 - 446 miles, Organized as the L. N. A. \& C. RR. Co. January 25, 1847; road opened July 4, 1852. Sold under foreclosure, December 27,1872 , and purchased in behalf of the 1st mortgage bondholders, by whom it was reor anized under present title. On the 10 th of July, 1881, the Chicago \& Indianapolis Air Line Rh. Co, which was a reorganization in 1880 of the Indianapolis Delphi \& Cbicago, was consolidated into this company. Under the charter of this company the road was completed during the past year between Indianapolis and Hammond. In the consolidation the company issued $\$ 1,500,000$ and bonds of the Air-Line of bonds in exchange for the stavidend of 15 per cent on the road, and also deciared a $\$ 3,000$ siginal company. 'loward the close of $\$ 3,000,000$ stock of the original compact with the Pennsylvania the year the compan empany agreed to donble-track its RR. Co., under which that company agreed to \& C. RR. and the road between the junction with the L. N. A: \& C. RR. and ine Louisville bridge, and to lease to this company trackage privileges over the same for 99 years at an annual rental of $\$ 3,500$. Operations for year ending December 31, 1882 . - Trains ron (passenger, 450,935 ; freight, $627,747,1,078,682$ miles. Total engine service, 1,116,242 med, 764,661; moved one mile, 103,477,448 tons.

Earnings.
From passenge From frelght........
From mail and express
Miscellaneous ........
$\qquad$ 88 miles.
$\$ 291,164$
$1,022,292$
Total ( $\$ 4,800$ per mile) $\overline{\$ 1,382,974} \operatorname{Total}(\$ 3,50534$ per m. $) \overline{\$ 1,009,537}$
Net earnings ( $25 \cdot 68$ per cent), $\$ 355,172$. Payments : Rentals, $\$ 98,035$; interest, $\$ 318,000$; other, $\$ 2 \overline{5}, 000$-tota!, $\$ 441,035$. Deficit, $\$ 85,863$.

Financial statement Dec. 31, 1882.-Capital stock, $\$ 5,000,000$; funded debt, 1st mortgage 6 per cent 30 -year bonds on main line, dated July 1, 1880, interest January and July, $\$ 3,000,000$; 1st mortgage 6 per cent gold bouds on Chicago \& Indianapolis branch, dated August 10, 1881, due August 1, 1911, interest payable in New York January and July, $\$ 2,300,000$; bills payable, $\$ 488,65462$; current accounts, $\$ 238,51270$; profit and loss, $\$ 210,67313$-total, $\$ 11.237,84045$. Contra: Cost of road, $\$ 10,209,-$ 53476 ; materials and fuel, $\$ 64,62516$; other property and assets. $\$ 752,63596$; current accounts, $\$ 155,41510$; cash, $\$ 55,62847$.

Directors (elected Feb. 15, 1883).--John J. Astor, E. H. Green, J. A. Garguilo, R. G. Rolston, R. L. Kennedy, H. V. Newcomb, W. Whitewright, Samuel Sloan, New York Ciy, Isaac Caldwell, E D. Standiford, R. S. Veech. Bennet H. Young, Louisville, Ky.; Robert R. Hitt, Illinois. B-anet H. Young, President and General Manager, Louisville, Ky.; R. G Rolston, 1st Vice-President, New York, N. Y.

Colambus Hockitig Valley \& Toledo Railway. (For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882 )
Line of road, Toledo, O., to Pmeroy. O...................257.00 miles.

Branches: Orbiston: M. C.
Other hranches

```
                &....
``` Total length of lices operated..........................3-4.00 miles.
Consolidation, August 20, 1881 of the Columbus \& Hecking
Valley RR.. the Columbus \& Toledo RR. and the Ohio \& Wesi
Virginia RR.
Operations for year ending \(0-67 \cdot 00\) Consolidation, August 20, 1881, of the Columbus \& Hecking Virginia RR.
Operations for year ending December 31, 1882.-Cars run . Total engine service, 2,597.815 miles. Passengers carried, 667,551 ; carried one mile, 17.495,682. Freight moved, \(2,602,232\); moved one mile, \(252,827,715\) tons.

Net earnings ( \(39 \cdot 28\) p. c.) \(\$ 1,133,702\). Payments : Interest on bonds, \(\$ 866,060\); interest on debt, \(\$ 27,597\); rentals, \(\$ 22,787\); other payments, \(\$ 793\)-total, \(\$ 917,237\). Surplus, \(\$ 216,465\).

\section*{general balance sheet december \(31,1882\).}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Cost of road & 4,413.799 & Capit & \\
\hline Equipme & 840 & & \\
\hline Real esta & 8 8009.920 & Current a & 314,2 \\
\hline Materials & 213,557 & Other 1 & \\
\hline Docks \& & & Beasd & 33. \\
\hline erty, Toledo.....ils & 1,102,517 & Ooupous not presented & \\
\hline Ca & 159,465 & Piotit and loss. & 9,6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\qquad\)
rort and loss
\$27,967,451
Total assets.......... \(\overline{\$ 27,967,454} \mid\) Total liabilities....... \(\$ 2\)
Statement of operations, income, etc., for two years
Miles of railroad
Passenger miles.........
Freight (tons) moved. Coal, included in freight
Gross earnings.
Operating expenses
Net earnings. \begin{tabular}{c}
1881. \\
32250 \\
\(16,134,712\) \\
\(2,309,123\) \\
\(1,514,221\) \\
\(\$ 2,519,794\) \\
\(1,329,137\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} Interest on bonds 1382.
32400
\(17,495,682\)
\(2,602,232\)
\(35,371,201\)
\(\$ 0,886,437\)
\(1,752,734\)
\(\$ 1,133,703\)
\(\$ 1,190,657\) Dividends on stock Rental.. 12,650
\(\ldots \ldots \ldots\) Balance 533,783
Gross earaings per mile.
Gross expenses per mile.
Net earnings per mile.
Expeases to earnings.
Arerage rate per passenger per mile
Of the \(\$ 14,500,000\) consolide \(\$ 6,500,000\) are deposited with Central Trust Co. to redeem outstanding issues.
Directors (elected January, 1883).-M. M. Greene, Columbus, ; S. Burke, Charles Hickox, W. J. McKinnie, Chas. G. Hickox, New York, N. Y.; M. M. Greene, President, Columbus, O.

\section*{Ohio Central Railroad.}

\section*{(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882.)}

Line of road, - Toledo, O., to Charleston, W. Va...... 315.0
Columbus Branch : Hadley Junction to Columbus.... \(29 \cdot 7\)
Mineral Division: South Shawnee to Corning....... \(20.0-364 \cdot 7\) miles. Included in line as above are 4.30 miles of the P. C. \& St. L. Ry., from Columbus to Alum Creek, and 1160 miles of C. \& M. . Ry., from Bremen to New Lexington, which are used under trackage contracts.
On Nov. 1, 1880, the road was open from Toledo to Corning, and from Hadley Junction to Columbus, a total distance of 212.4 miles. On the 31st of December, 1882, the main line had 2124 mes. Valley \& Toledo Railroad, 231.66 miles, and there had also been Valley under the charter of the Atlantic \& Northwestconstructed unco when was in ern Railroad January, 1882, a Charieston, 57 mila len of road switch branch to Buckiogham, 18 , 47 mile as foad owned and completed main line, 231.06 miles ; Columbus Baw Switch, \(11 \cdot 11\); West Virginia Division, \(57 \cdot 60\) miles. In Jan., 1881, the company purcha ed the stock of the ohio Central \(\$ 4.500,000\) to \(\$ 12,000,000\)
For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882, the earnings on the main Nor the years passengers line and brest \(\$ 14.523\); other \(\$ 96.081\); freis \(\$ 70.55\), to \(1, \$ 1.02\), way, \(\$ 160,503\); roming miscellaneous and taxes, \(\$ 94, .55\), total Net earnings, \(\$ 357,596\). Payments: hentals leased lines \(\$ 18,000 ;\) interest on funded debt, \(\$ 369,800\); tota!, \(\$ 387,800\) Deficir, \(\$ 30,203\).

Fiaancial statement Dec. 31, 1882.-Capital stock (issued for Instruction, \(\$ 4,500,000\); for purchase of coal stock, \(\$ 7,500,000^{+}\), \(\$ 12,000,000\); funded debt, \(\$ 9,290,500\); bills payable, \(\$ 81,812\); \(\$ 12,000,00\), cur 85004 Contra. Construction, \(\$ 11,453,427\); equipment, \(\$ 22,755,204\). Coles at Toledo \(\$ 490,282\); \(\$ 2,556,488\); docks stoaks and bonds owne, \$7, oth-r assets, \(\$ 339,746\); current accounts \(\$ 357,408\); cash on hand, \(\$ 23,933\).
In addition to the old funded debt in first mortgage and income bonds there are the Toledo Terminal 1st mortgage 6 income bonds the due July \(1,1920, \$ 600,000\); car trust certifper cent bonds, due cent, dated Sept. 1, 1880, \(\$ 360,000\), interest payable March and September, principal in \(\$ 20,000\) semi-annual payabie sats ; car trust certificates. No. 2 , 8 per cent, dated March 1, 1882, interest March and September, principal 10 per March 1, 181, 1884, and 10 per cent annually, \(\$ 1,750,500\).
Ont March 1, 18 Div (extending from Corning, O., to CharlesOn the River Div (extending is not included in the foregoing statements, it being as yet in an incomplete condition, the company has made provision for an issue, on the entire length, of stock to the amount of \(\$ 10,010,000\), and \(\$ 7,000,000\) 1st morigage 6 per cent bonds, due March 1, 192.2, interest March and Sep6 per cent. Of these bonds \(\$ 3,000,000\) will be used to pay for the tember. W. Va. to Charleston, \(57 \cdot 6\) miles, and \(\$ 4,000,000\) to retire the bonds of the Ohio Central Coal Co.

Ohio Southern Railroad.

\section*{(For the year ending Der. 31, 1882.)}

Sine of Road.-Spingtield to Jackson. \(113 \cdot 80\)
15.50 Operations for year ending Dec 31, 1892.-Earnings: Pas sengers,
miscellaneous, \(\$ 797\); total
. miscellaneous, \(\$ 797\); total \((2,750\) per mile), \(\$ 329,471\). Operating
expenses \((\$ 1,993\) per mile), \(\$ 238,783\). Net expenses ( \(\$ 1,993\) per mile), \(\$ 238,783\). Net earnings ( 27.52 per cent), \(\$ 90,687\). Receipts from other sources, \(\$ 29,812\); total, \(\$ 120,499\). Pdid interest on funded debt, \(\$ 115,200 ;\) ta,xes, \(\$ 4,534\); other, \(\$ 350\); total, \(\$ 120,084\). Surplus, \(\$ 415\).
Financial Statement Dec 31, 1882.-Capital stock, \(\$ 3.840,000\); funded debt (1st mortgage 6 per cent 40 -year bonds, due June 1,1921 , interest June and December, \(\$ 1,920,000\); income 6 per cent 40-year bonds, due June 1, 1921, interest payable June and December, if earned, non-cumulative, \(\$ 1,920,000)\) ) \(\$ 3,840,000\)
- -total, \(\$ 7,680,000\).

\section*{GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.}

Atlantic \& Pacific.-At Alburquerque, New Mexico, Ang. 9, the bridge and conaection of the Atlantic \& Pacific Railroad with the Southern Pacific was completed, and the road is complete now as a through route to California.
Bankers \& Merchants' Telegraph.-At a meeting of the board of directors of this company Wednesday, the following was adopted
Resolved, That in order to provide for the proposed extension of the
lines of this company 7,000 additional shares of its lines of this company 7,000 additional shares of its capitial stock be
issued, and that stock holders of record Sept. 1,1883 , be entitled to 1ssued, and that stockholders of record sept. 1,1883 , be entitled to a
preference in the subseriptions therefor to the extent of third shares of such additional stock for each share of existing onethen held hy them (excluding fractions). That such stock shall be sold 1883 , at which 25 per cent premium, and shall be deliverable Sept. 20 ,
Tha proposed extension is ten wires more from New York to Washington, and a new line from New York to Boston and
possibly Chicago.
Boston Hoosac Tunnel \& Western-Continental Construe tion.-Officials of the Continental Construction Company say that the option of stockholders to subscribe for \(\$ 2,000,000 \mathrm{de}\) benture bonds of the Boston \& Hoosac Tunnel Railroad will be accepted. When it was decided to reduce the capital stock to \(\$ 8,500,000\), which amount had all been paid in, it was also decided to issue \(\$ 2,000,000\) debentures, which were offered to stock holders of record on Aug. 10 at 65. These are the only bonds on the road, and should any mortgage bonds be issued hereafter, these debenture bonds mutt be included in the amount The proceeds of the bonds will clear of all floating debt and complete the road.-Kiernans.

Denver \& Ris Grande. - Gen. William J. Palmer has tendered his resignation as President of the Denver \& Rio Grande Railroad. It was accepted hy the board of directors, and a resolution was adopted expressing regret at his retirement and recognizing his faithful services. Gen. Palmer remains in the board of directors and his resigation as President is said to be on account of the engrossing business arising from his Mexican

Georgia Pacific.-There are now only 33 miles of the Georgia Pacific unlaid between Atlanta and Birmingham, while all has been graded and only wants the rails and other track material. Two spans of the Coosa River bridge have been finished, and on that portion of the road building is getting on satisfactorily,
Illinois Midland.-A press dispatch from Boston. August 8, says: "The suit of the Union Trust Company against the hearing in this city Chicago. The case was introduced in the courts of the latter city, but owing to the presence of Judge Harlan in this State, counsel came here to try it. The case is a suit in chancery to foreclose three sectionai mortgages and also a general mortgage the Iilinois Midland Railroad. The contest is over claims of different bondholders as :to the legality of \(\$ 150,000\) worth of roceiver's certificates and priority of their lien over the rights of the bondholders; also as to the priority of the claims of certain judgment creditors and as to the priority of a lien of about \(\$ 300,000\) of floating indebtedness.
Midland North Carolina.-A committee of the Boston stockholders has been appointed to wind up the affairs of this company, which it will be remembered leased the Atlantic \& North Carolina road for a time, and built an extension from Goldsboro, N. U., to Smithfield, 22 miles. It was started under the management of W. J. Best.
Mississippi \& Tennessee.-It is reported that the controlling interest in this road owned by the estate of the late H. S. Me Comb has been (or probably will be) sold to the Illinois Central
re.
New York \& Greenwood Lake.-Surveys are being made on different routes for a branch of this road from Montelair, N. J., through Caldweli to Morristown, about twelve miles The company is coatrolled by the New York Lake Erie \&
N. Y. State Railroads.--For the purposes of taxation reports have been made to the New York State Controller by the following companies of their gross earnings fur the fiscal year

New York Central Railroad
Boston \& Albany Rail
Botion \& Albany Railroal.....
New York Central Sle?ping Car

Moston Hoosac Tunnel \& Western Railroad
Buffalo Pittsburg \&
Syracuse B. \& New Yortern Railroad Railroad
Newbure D.
Newbirg D. \& Connecticut.......
Adams Express Col
Adams Express Company..
Albany Railvay
Few York C. \& St, L. Railioad.
N. Y. West Shore \& Brfalo. This company has not ere cuted any new terminal mortgage as has been intimated in
some of the newspapers. The West Shore \& O sume of the newspapers. The West Shore \& Oatario Termihawken, under which bonds will be is on its property at Weefor the improvement of that property, but gradually needed limit of \(\$ 12,000,000\). No bonds are yet offered fur beyond the

Philade!phia\& Atlantic City.-This road will be sold at Camden, N. J., September 35. under a decree of forecl suro feet six inches erance, and on is three City, 55 miles. It was never successfal and has been in the hands of the trustees under the mortgage for five been in the No reports of its operations have been made.
P.stal Telerraph.- The directors of the Postal Telegraph Company have accepted the resignations of Hugh J. Jewett Erhardt as President. The vers of the Board and of Joel B. Erhardt as President. The vacancies cansed by the resignations of Mr. Jewett and Mr. Dickson were filled by the election of William K. Soutter of Soutter \& Co., and George S. Hart, of the produce firm of George S. Hart \& Co., and Vice President of the American Loan and Trust Company. H. L. Horton was chosen to take Mr. Jewett's place as one of the two trustees in whose hands the control of the company has been placed

An agreement for an exchange of business has been made between the Postal Telegraph Company and the Bankers' and Merchants', the American Rapid and the Southern Telegraph
companies.
Richmond \& Danville.-At the meeting to-day (Friday) the following directors tendered their resignations: Robert Harris ing were elected to fill vacancies: George S. Scott, The followBaker, George I. Soney and C. S. Brice. No chang, George made in the officers of the company, Colonel A. S. Buford maining President, T. M. Logan, First Vice-President, and A. . Reives, Second Vice-President.

\section*{St. Joseph \& Western.-The N. Y. Times reports :}

Judge McCrary, of the United States Circnit Court, has leeen applies road by Messrs Isham and Burrve or of Chicago, and Will Willian Sestran Raill
this city, acting as couns on Western Rallooas counsel for E. C. Benedict \& Co. The St. Joseph \& distance of about 250 miles. E. C. Benedict. to Grand Island, Neb.. a sel, have begun two suits against the company, one as bondholders and the other as stockholders, and in each case prosecuting for theraselves and all others similarly situated who may desire to join them in the suits and bear their share of the expense. In the first suit a foreclosure property of the company, is asked for. Two of the mort araces of the Joseph\& Pacific RR. Cor a divion of the road formerly owned by the \&t. its interest-bearing bonds, amounting in the aggregate to 43 , and weenre ruad formerlv, owned by the Kansas \& Nebraska Raily a division of the and were made by that company to secure its bonds for Co., of Kansas, interest. The econtrol of the St. Joseph \& Western RR. has boon with several years in the hands of the Union Pacific Railway Co., which secured by these four mortgages, the payment of which the St . Josend \& Western assumed, but on which it made default on the St. Josepha Dillon, Frederick L. Ames, F. Gordon Dexter, Elisha Hay Co., Sidney other directors of the company, with the Farmers' Loan \& Trust Co., of this city, as trustees, are also made defendants.
seek an accounting of the suits, E. U. Benedict \& Co., as stockholders, Western RR. Co. It is claimed in this suit, to which the st. Joseph \& as to divefendants, that the Union Pacific has so managed the road Road into the Union Pacific treasiry, and that it ws of the St. Joseph prevent it from doing a profitable business in order that the other although the earnings of acific might be beuefitted. It is claimed that the control of the Union Pacific, have increased fiom it passed under operating expenses have increased in larger proportions, until year, the tion amounted to \(98 L_{2}\) per cent of the earnings. A temporary injuncplainants or the defendauts frem exercising adversely to the compowers given by the mortrage to \& Trust Co.. the trustee, any of the Tinis foreclosure, has been granted by Judge MeCrary in the first puitWho are defendanted because the minority claim that the majority, William Strauss, the counsel for E. C. Benedict \& Co. in this city, sdid to a Times reporter yesterday that some of the papers in hese suits had already been served, and the defendants would probably have their
appearances entered in a few days. The hearing of the motion for the appointment of a receiver or the St. Joseph \& Western has beco ste for Kansas, befo e Judge McCrary.
-The Farmers' Loan \& Trust Company, as trustee under the four mortgages, has filed a cross-bill, in which it sets up the alleges that making of the mortgages and the default, and charges against the majority and the Union Pacific RR, and have demanded a foreclosure, and demand an accounting, in-
jurction, \&c.

St. Panl Minneapolis \& Manitoba.-In adrance of the annual report, Prisident Hill has furnished the following summary: The Manitcba road is now operating 1,350 miles of line. Of this 210 miles of new lines have been constructed, and \(\$ 1,700,000\) have been expended upon its equipment from the earnings of the road without the issue of bonds. The income account for the year ending June 30,1883 , is briefly as follows :
Gross earnings
Receipts from land sales
\(\$ 9,240,630\)
\(803, \stackrel{9}{2} 97\)
\(\overline{\$ 10,046,227}\)


Boids retire
Surplus.
8,372,255
It is also stated that the Manitoba has left of its previously earned land grant \(2,150,000\) acres, and has earned by the constructed lines mentioned above 428,000 acres more, making a total of \(2,578,000\) acres of land unsold to be reckoned among its resources.

St. Paul \& Dulnth.-A brief statement gives the net income of the St. Paul \& Duluth Railroad Co. for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, as follows
From land and stumpage sales.........
From operation of railroad ..........
Total net income for year. .......
Paid dividends on preferred stock, January and July, \(3^{1 / 2}\) per cent each \(=7\) per cent
Balance for year ending June 30, 1883.
Total balance of income account, June 30, 1883 \$543,732 Of this balance, \(\$ 176,138\) remains on hand in income accouis, and the remaining \(\$ 136,877\) represents preferred stock tock outfor lands and canceled, leaving \(\$ 5,036,767\) preferre
standing. There is \(\$ 4,055,407\) common stock. The debt is standing. There is \(\$ 4,055,407\) eomear 5 per cent bonds, and \(\$ 1,000,000\) in first mortgage trust. Upon payment of the latter, the company obtains full ownership of its entire equipment. During the past three years the equipment has been largely increased and threefourths of the main track relaid with steel rails; the remaining one-fourth will be relaid this season. Without any material nearly doubled in the past two years. The lands remaining unsold are about \(1,250,000\) acres.

Schuylkill Valley.-The stockholders of this railroad company held a special meeting in Philadelphia Aug. 7, and formally approved the bonded indebtedness to \(\$ 4,500,000\) and leasing the property to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
Texas \& St. Louis. - The completion of the St. Louis \& Texas narrow gauge railroad from Cairo, Iil., through to Texarkana, Texas, was celebrated Aug. 4 at Rob Roy, on the Arkansas River, where the first train was rua is now open for business to points as far as Gainesville, Texas.
Toledo Aun Arbor \& Grand Trunk. -The bonds recently offered in London were for private account, and part of the first issue of \(\$ 1,260,000\) first-mortgage 6 per cent bonds issued now that the road is completed.
Tolećo Cincinnati \& St. Louis.-Mr. E. E. Dwight, the General Manager, has been appointed receiver
The following statement was made by President E. B. Philiips. "Among the conditions under which I accepted the presidency of the road was the assurance I should be furnished, during the year 1883, the sum of \(\$ 600,000\) for the improvement of the property, \(\$ 450,000\) of which should be paid on or before July 10. Every one conversant with the facts will bear witness that I stated this necessity at the outset, and have continually repeated it since. It is true that some \(\$ 5,000\) of the early pay-
ments were anticipated, and at the present time, notwithstandments were anticipated, and at the present time, notions, together ing a shortage of with about \(\$ 70,000\) additional, which was expended from the Delphos trust, there has been a sum about equal to the first seven calls, or \(\$ 450,000\), paid in. But of this money much was of necessity diverted to uses other than the improvement of the road ; and of the \(\$ 450,000\), only \(\$ 275,000\), or 59 per cent has been used for the improvement of the road.

A statement showing the financial standing of the company and its indebtedness will be made at an early day."
The Boston Advertiser says: "Four or five separate roads constitute the Toledo Cincinnati \& St. Louis system, and each of them is covered by separate mortgage liens, says the St Louis Republican. The system is in such a condition that a foreclosure of the mortgages on any of its lines would cause it to disintegrate. This is probably why it is now proposed to have a receiver appointed for each division of the system in order that certificates may become valid liens upon such divisions. The division receivers, according to the plan devised by the parties asking for their appointment are to act as assistant receivers of a general receiver for the entire system. she cer-
tificates signed during the reign of the receivers, it is said, will tificates signed during the reign of the

\section*{The Comntercial Times.}

\section*{COMMERCIAL EPITOME.}

\section*{Friday Night, Aug. 10, 1883.}

The "strike" of the telegraph operators continues, but an effort to extend it to the employes of the railroads has proved quite ineffective, and the business public is now but little incommoded by the difficulty. The autumn trade opens rather sluggishly, although encouraged by favorable weather. Transactions in leading staples have been moderately active, and the turn generally toward better prices. Crop accounts are favorable, and foreign advices have caused a somewhat larger shipment of breadstuffs. To-day Western bank failures had an unfavorable effect.
Little of interest has occurred in provision circles during the week. The market has been alternately firm and weak, but the general view is that the position is momentarily better. The dominant opinion is, however, that values, in view of the prospective large crop, may the closing figures to-day were steady; August, \(8.64 @ 8 \cdot 66 \mathrm{c}\).; September, \(8 \cdot 70 \mathrm{c}\).; October, 8.75 c ; December, \(8 \cdot 55 @ 8 \cdot 60 \mathrm{c}\).; seller September, 8 c.; October, year \(8.48 @ 8 \cdot 50 \mathrm{c}\). On the spont sold at 8.95 c ., and South 87212@8.75c.; refined to the Couth America was quoted at \(9 \%\) c. Pork was dull and slightly easier at \(\$ 1525 @ \$ 1550\) for mess; clear back sold at \(\$ 1850 @ \$ 19\); short-clear \(\$ 1850 @ \$ 1950\) and family at \(\$ 1750\). Bacon was quiet at \(81 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). for long-clear. Beef hams were again lower at \(\$ 32 @ \$ 33\) for Western prime. Beef continued slow at \(\$ 19 @\) \(\$ 1950\) for City extra India mess. Tallow ruled steady at 71/2@ \(79-16 \mathrm{c}\). for prime. Stearine was slow at 103/4@11c. for prime and \(101010^{3}\) c for oleomargarine. Cheese has been quiet of and late, best grades of
Rio coffee has been firm at \(9^{1} 4 \mathrm{c}\). for fair, but the sales have been very moderate; options have been irregular, but to-day advanced 15 to 25 points, with sales of 42,750 bags No. 7 at \(7 \cdot 30 \mathrm{c}\). for August, \(7 \cdot 40 @ 7 \cdot 45 \mathrm{c}\). for September, \(7 \cdot 45 @ 7 \cdot 60 \mathrm{c}\). for October, \(7 \cdot 5\) 5@ \(@ \cdot 65 \mathrm{c}\). for November, \(7 \cdot 60 @ 7 \cdot 75 \mathrm{c}\). for December and \(7 \cdot 80 \mathrm{c}\). for January. Mild grades have been steady and fairly active Spices have been quiet and pepper rather weak Fore. Sices fruits have been fairly active and firmer; dried have sold slowly at about the prices of last week. Tea has have sold suction at steadier prices for old Japan and for new sold, by auction, at steadier prices Jop has declined. the Formosa oolong and green, bury dull Rice has been firm for regular market has been very domestic, which is in small supply and in fair demand, moder ate sales of foreign have been made at \(43 / 4 @ 47 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). for Rangoon, \(51 / 2 @ 57 / 8\) c. for Java and 5@51/8c. for Patna. Molasses has been quiet and latterly 50 -degrees test Cuba has been nominal at quiet Raw sugar has been quiet and to a great extent nominal; fair refining has been quoted at \(65 / 8 \mathrm{c}\).; Muscovado is more steadily held than centrifugal, which is quoted at 79-16c. for 96 -degrees test ; refined sugar has been dnll and declining, " cru standard 83-16@8¹4.
Keatucky tobaco has been in better request, both for shipment and foreign uses; lugs are steady at \(5 @ 61 / \frac{c}{}\) c. and leat at 61/2@11/2c. sales 466 hhds . for export and 164 hhds . for consumption. Seed leaf is not active, and the interest in the market is not important; new crop is steady and old descriptions rule easy. 150 cases 1881 crop, Housatonic, private terms; 50 cases 1881 crop, New England Havana, 20c.; 50 cases 1880 crop, Pennsylvania wrappers, 17@221/2c.; 400 cases 1882 crop, Wisconsin 1ravana, 9@12c.; \(1 v a\) 6@9e. Also 300 bales Havana, 88 cases 188 and 50 bales Sumatra, \(\$ 110\) to \(\$ 150\)

In rosins little of importance has taken place; the present high rates for ocean freight room checks the export inquiry, and common to good strained cannot be quoted above \(\$ 150 @\) 160 . Spirits turpentine, on the contrary, has been active and strong, in sympathy with the Southern advices; there have been large sales busimess ateichts have been advanced, and the European been easier; freighis. To-day 70 Abel test was quoted show advices she firsthalf of September, and yet there were a \(1 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). for the first half of september, and time at \(7^{3} / 8\) c. Crude umber of re-sales offered for the same time at \(3 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). Crude certificates
have sagged, and the manipulation upward seems to have been have sagged, and the manipulation upwardave been larger the July report of the United Pipe Line companies shows an actual ncrease of 400,000 bbls. in stocks at the primary centres. Today 12,214,000 bbls. changed hands at \$1 091/8@1 11@1 083/3@ \(1087 / 8\). Ingot copper quiet at \(15^{1 / 2} @ 15^{1 / 4} \mathrm{c}\). for Lake
Ocean frelght room has been very active during the week, and all rates have been improved, particularly to the continental ports. On Wednesday engagements for 700,000 bushels were made, and to-day freight for 544,000 bushels was taken, not including eight steamer charters at 4s. 1012d @bs. per qr from this port and 4s. \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) d.@4s. \(9 \mathrm{~d} @ 5 \mathrm{~s}\). from Baltimore to Cork for orders and United Kingdom; ia detail, grain to Liverpool was taken by steamer at 4 d . cheese 30 s ; cotton, 9-64@5-32d. wrain to to Avonmounh, 44@od., to Hamburg \(1 \cdot 05\) marks; do to Ant werp 61 mouth, 59 d.; do. to Ham ; grain to Cork for orders, by sail, 5 s . \(\mathrm{da}^{2}\).; do. to sail, 5s. 3d. per 7 \(7 / 2 \mathrm{~d}\); refined do. to Baltic, 4s. 9ds

COTTON.
Friday, P. M., August \(10,1883\).
The Mopement of the Cbop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (August 10) the total receipts have reached 9,706 bales, against 7,064 bales last week, 8,296 bales the previous week and 9,208 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1882, 5,950,260 bales, against \(4,665,835\) bales for the same period of 1881-82, showing an increase since September 1, 1882, of \(1,284,425\) bales.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Receipts at- & Sat. & Mon. & Tues. & Wed. & Thurs. & Fri. & Total \\
\hline Galveston ..... & 506 & 200 & 672 & 142 & 486 & 315 & 2,321 \\
\hline Indianola, \&c. New Orleans. & 230 & & & & & 290 & 290 \\
\hline Mobile.......... & 230
17 & 488
19 & 859 & 239 & 177 & 423 & 2,436 \\
\hline Florida. & & & & & 11 & 56 & 104 \\
\hline Gavannah. & 7 & 130 & 415 & 596 & 25.5 & 27 & 4
1,430 \\
\hline Brunsw'k, \&c. & & & & & & 27 & 1,430 \\
\hline Charleston..... & 154 & 38 & 32 & 9 & 15 & 101 & 349 \\
\hline Pt. Royal, \&c. & .... & ... & & .- & & 101 23 & 349
23 \\
\hline Wilmington .... & 10 & 18 & .... & 29 & 24 & 4 & 85 \\
\hline Moreh'd C.,\&e & .... & & & - - & 24 & 40 & 40 \\
\hline Erorfolk......... & 141 & 293 & 261 & 21 & 150 & 197 & 1,063 \\
\hline West Point,\&e & & & .... & ... & 150 & 197 & 1,063
15 \\
\hline New York...... & & & & 43 & 100 & 29 & 172 \\
\hline Boston & 191 & & 5 & & 31 & 118 & 345 \\
\hline Baltimore & & & & & & 800 & 800 \\
\hline Philadelp'a, \&c. & 40 & 114 & 40 & & 35 & & 229 \\
\hline Totals this week & 1,296 & 1,300 & 2,285 & 1.099 & 1,284 & 2,442 & 9.706 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's and the same items for the corresponding periods of last years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Receipts to August 10.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1882-83.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1881-82.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Stock.} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
This \\
Week.
\end{tabular} & Since Sep.
\[
1,1882 .
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Tkis \\
Week.
\end{tabular} & Since Sep.
\[
1,1881 .
\] & 1883 & 1882. \\
\hline Gaiveston & 2,321 & 811,134 & 735 & 428,035 & 5,707 & 1,080 \\
\hline New Orleans... & 290
2,436 & 17,429
\(1,667,333\) & 317 & 14,179 & & \\
\hline Mobile .... .... & 2,436
104 & \(1,667,333\)
311,342 & 539 & 1,185, 501 & 64,735 & 21,144 \\
\hline Elorida & 104 & 18,448 & 2011 & 263,432
27,250 & 5,269 & 866 \\
\hline Savannah.. & 1,430 & 812,136 & 386 & 729,167 & 2,920 & 1,584 \\
\hline Brunsw'ls, \&e & & 5,508 & & 7,026 & 2,020 & 1,084 \\
\hline Charleston. & 349 & 566,480 & 257 & 497,715 & 2,985 & 452 \\
\hline Pt. Royal, \&c. & 23 & 24,624 & & 21,516 & 2,980 & 452 \\
\hline Wilmington.... & 85 & 127,396 & 104 & 136,371 & 1,275 & 368 \\
\hline M'head C., \&c Norfolk & 40
1.063 & 19,622 & 6 & 26,586 & & \\
\hline West Point, \&e & 1,063 & 799,027 & 738 & 615,077 & 16,397 & 1,603 \\
\hline New York..... & 15 & 227,667 & 96 & 195,400 & & \\
\hline Boston. & 345 & 198,130 & 295 & 162,552 & 147,520 & 113,846 \\
\hline Baltimore & 800 & 191, & 739 & 232,161 & 6,480 & 5.015 \\
\hline Philadelp'a,\&c. & 229 & 112,529 & & 26,109 & 14,903 & 3,894 \\
\hline Total.. & & & 331 & 94,358 & 6,291 & 5,716 \\
\hline roval.......... & 9,706 & 5,950,260 & 4,811 & 4,665,835 & 274,482 & 155,568 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

> In order that comparison may be made with other years. we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Receipts at- & 1883. & 1882. & 1881. & 1880. & 1879. & 1878. \\
\hline Galvest'n, \&rc. & 2,611 & 1,052 & 2,078 & 587 & 2,281 & 934 \\
\hline New Orleans. Mobile & 2,436 & 539 & 3,435 & 814 & 2,281
249 & 578 \\
\hline Mobile .... . . & \(10 \pm\)
1,430 & 204 & 499 & 297 & 20 & 242 \\
\hline Charl'st'n, \&c & 1,430
372 & \begin{tabular}{l}
356 \\
257 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 1,866 & 1,513 & 81 & 531 \\
\hline Wilm'gt'n, \&c & 372
125 & 257
110 & 348
93 & 740 & 16 & 316 \\
\hline Norfolk, \&e.. & 1,078 & \(83 \pm\) & 1,629 & 1,088 & 15 & 421 \\
\hline All others.... & 1,550 & 1,429 & 3,109 & 1,5984 & 200
591 & 615 \\
\hline Tot. this w'k. & 9,706 & 4,811 & 13,062 & 8,691 & 3,462 & 4,657 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\frac{\text { Since Sept. } 1 . \overline{5950,260} \overline{4665,835}}{\text { Galveston }} \overline{5788,585} \overline{4908,575} \overline{4443,502} \overline{4267,816}\) Wilmingtonincludes Morehead City, \&c.; Norfolk includes City Point, \&e.;
The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 15,397 bales, of which 12,488 were to Great Britain, 867 to as made and 2,342 th the rest of the Continent, while the stocks exports for the week and since Sen 274,482 bales, Below are the exports for the week and since Sentember 1.1882.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Exports from-} & \multicolumn{4}{|r|}{Week Ending Aug. 10. Exportea to-} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{From Sept. 1, 1882, to Aug. 10, 1888. Exported to -} \\
\hline & Great Brit'भ. & France & Continent. & Total Week. & Great Britain. & France & \[
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { Conti- } \\
\text { nent. }
\end{array}\right.
\] & Total. \\
\hline New Orleans & & & & & 321,455 & 39,328 & 180,593 & 521,376 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
New Orleans. . \\
Mobile
\end{tabular} & 2,022 & & & 2,022 & 859,812 & 292,670 & 441,326 & 1,593 808 \\
\hline Florida, & & & & ..... & 34,840 & 9,350 & 1,150 & 45,293 \\
\hline Bavannah & & & & & & & 100 & 100 \\
\hline Charlestic & & & & & 110,312 & 25,358 & 283,028 & 418.993 \\
\hline Whmingt & & & & & 131,080 & 24,7i5 & 217,015 & 372.870 \\
\hline Norfolk + . & & & & & 53,172 & & 4,590 & 57,763 \\
\hline New York & 9,301 & 867 & 2,142 & & 372.728 & & 28,985 & 401.713 \\
\hline Boston.. & 9,319 & 807 & 2,142 & 12,310
919 & 539,761 & 31,337 & 162,559 & 738.657 \\
\hline Ealtimore. & & & 200 & 19 & 185,253 & & 543 & 185.786 \\
\hline Philadely'a,\&c & 246 & & & 200 & 174205 & 4,823 & 63.084 & 242,112 \\
\hline Total . & & & & & 101,917 & & 3,38 & 105,303 \\
\hline Total 1881-82 & & 807 & 2,312 & 15,687 & 2,884,585 & 427,941 & 1,366,309 & 4,678.785 \\
\hline & 10,638 & 71 & 3,059 & 18.768 & 2,350,635! & 379,040 & 809,442 & 3,539.117 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

In add ion to above exports, onr teiegrams to-night also give as the lowing amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale \&
Lambert, 89 Broad Street. AUG. 10, AT-

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{On Shipboard, not cleared-for} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Leaving Stock.} \\
\hline Great Britain. & France. & Other Foreign & Ooustwise. & Total. & \\
\hline \(\stackrel{2}{2,709}\) None. & & & & & \\
\hline None. & None.
None. & None. & None. & 3,019
None. & 61,716
5,259 \\
\hline None. & None. & None.
None. & 50
50
50 & 50 & 2,935 \\
\hline None. & None. & None. & 1,000 & 50 & 2,875 \\
\hline None. & None. & None. & 1,425 & 1,000 & 4,707 \\
\hline 5.000 & -350 & 650 & None. & 1,425 & 114.972 \\
\hline 2,000 & None. & 100 & None. & 6,100
2,100 & 111,520
26,849 \\
\hline 9,709 & 350 & 750 & 2,835 & 13,644 & 260,838 \\
\hline 4,039 & 333 & 1,300 & 321 & & \\
\hline 16,086 & 1,726 & \(\begin{array}{r}1,399 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 294 & 18,905 &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

We have had a brisk speculation in cotton for future delivery during the past week. Prices have varied widely, but on the whole show some improvement. On Saturday last there was a sharp advance in August contracts, with some hints thrown out of a possible " corner," but this project, if entertained, was abandoned on Monday, when August declined and the next crop advanced. On Tuesday there was a pressure to sell to realize profits, under which there was a sharp decline.
Wednesday was unsettled. Thursday was again buoyant on Wednesday was unsettled. Thursday was again buoyant, on
the much better prices at Liverpool and New Orleans, the much better prices at Liverpool and New Orleans, and re-
ports of the spread of worms in Texas, and at the close August ports of the spread of worms in Texas, and at the close August
was only 17 points above November. To-day the opening was weak under dull Liverpool and Manchester advices prices further declined as the day advanced, but subsequently recovered in part, and the close was only slightly lower except for August and September. Cotton on the spot has been much less active for export, but met with a fair demand for home consumption, at variable and irregular prices. Quotations way, and revised on Th Saturday, reduced \(1-16 \mathrm{c}\). on Wednesday, and revised on Thursday, low grades, including stained being advanced 3-16c., medium grades 1-16@1sc, and high grades 1-16c. To-day the market was weak, middling uplands
The tosing at 1014
The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 626,400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 3,783 bales, including 559 for export, 2,920 for consumption, 304 for speculation and - in transit. Of the above, -bales were to armve. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Aug. } 4 \text { to } \\
& \text { Aug. } 10 . \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{UPLANDS.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{NEW ORLEANS.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TEXA8.} \\
\hline & Sat. & ITOn & Tues & Sat. & [0] & Tues & Sat. & Mon. & Tues \\
\hline Ordin' 5 .敏型 Strict Ord & \({ }_{8}^{76}\) & 8 & \({ }_{8}^{79} 16\) & & & & & & \\
\hline Good Ord.. & \({ }_{813}{ }_{16}\) & \(8{ }_{813}{ }_{16}\) & \(\stackrel{8}{813} 1\) & \(8^{1} 4\) & 81 & 81 & \(81_{4}\) & & \(814{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline Btr. G'd Ord & \(9^{3} 8\) & \(93_{8}{ }^{816}\) & \({ }_{93}{ }_{8}{ }^{16}\) & \({ }_{9}{ }_{8}^{16}\) & \({ }_{9}^{91}\) & \({ }_{9} 916\) & \(91_{16}\) & 91
95
95 & 91 \\
\hline Low Midd'g & \({ }^{913} 16\) & \({ }_{913}{ }_{16}\) & \({ }_{913}{ }_{16}\) & 10118 & \(101_{16}\) & 958
\(101_{16}\) & \(10{ }_{16}\) & & \\
\hline Str.L'W Mid
Middling & \(10^{1} 1^{16}\) & \({ }^{101} 16\) & \({ }^{101} 16\) & \(10^{5}{ }_{16}^{16}\) & \({ }_{105}^{16}\) & \(10^{-16}\) & \(10^{5} 16\) & \({ }_{105}^{16}\) & \\
\hline Mood Mid. & & \(101_{4}\)
1058 & 1014 & \({ }^{101} 1_{2}\) & \(101_{2}^{16}\) & \(10{ }^{16}\) & 1012 & 1012 & 1012 \\
\hline Str. G'd Mid & \(10^{7}\) & \({ }_{1078}\) & \(10{ }^{108}\) & \({ }_{1078}^{10_{8}}\) & 1078 & 1078 & \(10^{7} 8\) & \(10^{7} 8\) & \(107_{8}\) \\
\hline Midd'g Fair & 1138 & 1138 & \(11{ }^{18}\) & \(111{ }^{118}\) & \({ }_{1158}^{118}\) & 1 & 1118 & 1118 & 1118 \\
\hline Fair......... & 121 & \(12{ }^{1}\) & \({ }_{1218}^{118}\) & \({ }_{123}^{1188}\) & 1158
1288 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 111_{8}^{5} \\
& 123_{8}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1158 \\
& 1238
\end{aligned}
\] & 1158 & \\
\hline & Wed & Th. & Fri. & Wea & Th & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & h. & Fri. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Ordin'y. \({ }^{2} 10\) \\
Strict Ord..
\end{tabular} & \({ }_{711_{2}}^{71}\) & \(7_{811}^{11}{ }^{16}\) & \[
{ }_{810}^{711}{ }_{16}
\] & 734
83 & 715
\(83_{3}\)
16 & \({ }_{715}{ }^{16}\) & \(73_{4}\) & \(8{ }^{8}\) & \\
\hline Good Ord. & \(83_{4}{ }^{16}\) & \(8{ }^{815}\) & \({ }_{8}^{811_{16}}\) & \(8_{9}^{316}\) & & \begin{tabular}{l}
838 \\
93 \\
\hline 16
\end{tabular} & \(8_{9}^{3}{ }^{16}\) & 838
93 & 838
98 \\
\hline Str. G’d Ord & \(9{ }^{9}{ }_{16}\) &  & \({ }_{91} 1_{2}{ }^{16}\) & \(\stackrel{9}{90}^{9}\) & \({ }_{93} 3_{1}^{16}\) & \({ }_{93}^{93}{ }_{4}^{16}\) & & \({ }_{93}^{93}{ }_{4}{ }^{16}\) & 9316
984 \\
\hline Low Midd' \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(9^{93}{ }^{16}\) & \({ }^{9}{ }^{7}{ }^{2}\) & \({ }_{9} 97_{8}{ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(10^{16}\) & \({ }^{9} 101_{8}\) & 93
1018 & \(10^{99} 16\) & 934
\(10{ }^{1} 8\) & \[
\begin{array}{r}
93_{4} \\
101_{8}
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Str. L'w Mid Middling & \(10^{10}\) & \(10^{11} 16\) & \({ }_{101}^{16}\) & \(10^{1} 4\) & \(10^{5} 16\) & \(10^{10}\) & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10{ }^{18} \\
& 10516
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 101_{8}^{1} \\
& 105
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Middling. Good Mid & 103
109
168 & \(10{ }_{4}^{16}\)
1058 & \(101_{4}^{16}\)
1058 & \({ }^{107}{ }^{4} 6\) & \(10^{16}\) & \(1{ }^{1010}\) & \({ }^{107}{ }^{1}{ }^{1}\) & \(10{ }^{16}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10516 \\
& 10 x_{2}
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Btr. G’d Mid & \(10{ }^{9} 16\)
1018
18 & 1058
1078 & 1058
1078 & \({ }_{1013}^{10} 16\) & & \(10^{7} 8\) & \({ }_{1011}{ }^{16} 6\) & \(10^{7} 8\) & \(10^{7} 8\) \\
\hline Midd g Fair &  & 1078 & 1078
1128 & 111
119
16 & 1118
1158 & 1118
1158 & & 1118
1158 & \({ }^{111}{ }^{1} 8\) \\
\hline Fair......... & \({ }_{121} 1_{16}\) & 1218 & 1138
1288 & \({ }_{125}^{16}{ }_{16}^{16}\) & \(11{ }^{5} 8\)
1288 & 1158
1238 & 11916 & 1158
1238 & 1158 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{STAINED.} & Sat. & IVIon & Tues & Wed & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Good Ordinary \\
Strict Good Ordinary........................ \\
Low Middling \\
Middling
\end{tabular}}} & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \(713_{1}\) & \({ }_{713}{ }_{16}\) & 713 & \(7{ }^{4}\) & & \\
\hline & & & & \(8{ }^{1} 2^{16}\) & \(8_{12}^{16}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 713_{16} \\
& 8 L_{2}
\end{aligned}
\] & & & \({ }_{8} 5_{8} 16\) \\
\hline & & & & 812
91 & 81
91 & \({ }_{9}{ }^{1} 1_{2}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8_{16} 7_{16} \\
& 97_{1}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 85_{8} \\
& 95_{8}
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline
\end{tabular} MARKET AND SALES.
The total sales and future deliveries each day during the Week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{SPOT MARKET CLOSED.} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{FUTURES.} \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& E x \\
& \text { port. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Donsump. & specu't' \(n\) & Transit. & Total. & Sales. & Delineries. \\
\hline Sat.. & Quiet at \(1_{8}\) adv. & & 159 & 304 & & 463 & 93,700 & 2,300 \\
\hline Tues. & Quiet and steady & 93 & 316 & & & 316 & 79,000 & 4,200 \\
\hline Wed. & Easy at \(i_{16} \mathrm{dec} . .\). & 346 & 1,003 & & & 4,379 & 1111,000 & 2,200
\(\mathbf{9 5 0}\) \\
\hline Thurs & Quiet at rev. quo. & & 413 & & & - 413 & 191,700 & 1,100 \\
\hline & & 120 & 665 & & & 785 & 123,300 & 800 \\
\hline Total & & 559 & 2,920 & 304 & & 3,783 & 626,400 & 11,550 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day pre-
vious to that on which they are reported.
The Sales and Prices of Futures are shown by the follow ing comprehensive table. In this statement will be inand the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

*Thiludes seles in September, 1882 , for Beptember, 500,20 ; Septem ber-October for October, 815,600 ; September-November 100 ; Nopember 731,000 ; September-Dece \(2,070,200\); Septemner-February for February \(1,300,200\); September-March for March, 1,969,400; September-A pri 1,300, pril, \(1,713.300\); September-May for May, \(2,726,800\); September Jume for June, \(2,932,700\); September-Ju1y for July, \(1,919,900\). Transferabie Orders-Saturday, 10.3 āc; Monday, \(10.30 \cdot ;\) Tuesday
 Wednesday, \(10.10 @ 1012 c . ;\) Thursday, \(10 \cdot 21 \mathrm{c} . ;\) Fridar, \(10 \cdot 10 \mathrm{c}\).
(T) We hava included in the above table, and shall continne each week to sive, the average price of futures each day for each month. It Will be found uncer each day for wow is also given at bottom of table. verage for each exchanges have been made during the week.
The following exchanges have been made during the week.
-14 pd. to exch. 500 Jan . for Sept. \(\quad \mid 13 \mathrm{pd}\). to exch. 500 Dec. for Sept. 02 pa. to exch. 100 Sept. for Aug. \(\quad .11\) pd. to exch. 500 Oct. for Sept. 100 Sept. for Aug. eve:!.
-03 pa. to exch. 400 Aug. s. n. 8 th for regular.
500 sept. for Aug . even.
j2 por to ex

O1 pa. to exch. 200 Aug. s. n. 1 t th 100 August s. n . 14 th for regular100 Jaanary for Sept mber-even.

The Visible Supply of Cotton to-night, as made up by cable nd teleranh is as follows. The Gontinental stosks, as well is those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, nd fonequently all the Furopean fignres are bronght down consequently all the european for ors evening. But to we add the item of exports from figures for to-night (Aug. 10, whited States, including in it the exports of Friday only.


Total visible supply......... \(\overline{1.914 .460} \overline{1.512 .493} \overline{1,823,035} \overline{1,438,253}\) Of the above, the to
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline American- & & & 593,000 & 469,000 \\
\hline Liverpool s & & & 227,000 & 109 \\
\hline Continental ste & & 64.000 & 137,000 & 93, \\
\hline Americanatioat for & 274,482 & 155,568 & 227,970 & \\
\hline United States interior stocks.. & 44.578 & 17,125 & 43.365 & \\
\hline Unlted States exports to-day.. & 1,800 & 2, & & \\
\hline & & 690,793 & 232 & 58 \\
\hline Hast Indian, B & & & & \\
\hline Liverpool stoc & 82.000 & 69,100 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 74,000 \\
& 40,900
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline London stock. & 126,700 & 140,600 & 122,0ゝ0 & 102, 39 \\
\hline India afloat for Euro & 210,000 & 300,000 & 231.000 & 181 \\
\hline Egypt, Brazil, \&c., afto & 22,000 & 10,000 & 23,000 & \\
\hline Total East India, & 688,600 & 821.700 & & \\
\hline Total Ameri & ,225,860 & 690,793 & 1,232,135 & \\
\hline & \[
0
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12,493 \\
71_{1} e^{d} .
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
323,035 \\
63^{3},
\end{gathered}
\] & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The imports into Continental ports this week have been 10 0no bales.
The arove figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight as compared with the same date of 1882 n increase of 91,425 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1881 and an increase of 476,207 bales as com pared with 1880.
At the interior Towns the movement-that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for th corresponding period of 1881-82-is set out in detail in the following statement:


This year's tigures estimated. the old interior stocks have deThe above rotals show 4,938 bales, and are to-night 27,453 crased during the week 4,938 bad last year. The receipts at bales more than at seme towns have beea \(1,2 \& 1\) bales \(m\) vre than the same week
last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 751,129 bales more than for the sarue time in 1881-2.
Quotations for Middung Cotton at Other Markets - In the table below wa give the closiog quotations of middiing cotton at Soathera and other priacipal cotton markets foe each
day of the past week.
Week ending
Galveston.
New Orlea
Mobile
Savannaih.
Charleston
Wilmington
Norfolk
Boston.
Baltim.
Philadelphi Augusta. Memphis St. Louis Cincinnari
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline tur. & Mon. & Tues. & Weines. & Thurs. & \({ }_{\text {Priz }}\) \\
\hline  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Kegeipts from the Plantations. - The folluwigg lade is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movemant each week from the plantations. Receipts at the ortports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion throngh a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will ado Southern ligures, of course, do not inclade overiand receipts or Wouthern consumption; they are simply a statement of thweekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which faally reaches the market through the out-ports.
achits prox plantatioss.

\section*{Week}

May 25
May 25
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Receipts at the Port.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{st'k atinterior Towns.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Rec'pets from Prant'ns} \\
\hline 1881. & 1882 & 1083. & 1881. & 1852. & 1883 & 1881. & 1882 & \\
\hline 35,85! & 13,981 & 35,539 & 117,473 & 104.018 & 123 & ! 5 & & \\
\hline 32.642 & 15.955 & 30,426 & 186470 & 93555 & 114.679 & 21,639 & \(551 \%\) & \\
\hline 29,432 & 15,621 & 25.458 & 109,380 & 83.394 & 105,926 & 2,342 & 5,433 & 16.703 \\
\hline 28.218 & 13,65s & 21.53 & 96,917 & 72.408 & 98763 & 15.785 & \({ }^{2}, 8\) & 14.410 \\
\hline 23.476 & 13,888 & 12,395 & 91230 & 54.550 & 88,240 & 17.709 & 1.011 & 1,872 \\
\hline 20,662
19,163 & 9.288
9.538 & 11,497
11,914 & 72, 317
72891 & 50,417
42,813 & 79.509 & 8,049 & 155 & 766 \\
\hline 15,198 & 8.142 & 11,034 & 2, 2,381
78.013 & 42,813 & 74,548
6876.2 & 12,937 & 2,012 & 7. \\
\hline 18,362 & 9,150 & 9,208 & 657518 & 31.623 & 64,23. & 19.411
11.115 & \(\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } 53 \\ 5,3, \varepsilon \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 5,139 \\
\hline 16,151 & 6.126 & 8,299 & 58,27i & 25.2:8 & 64,238
61698 & 11.115
8,074 & 5,3.E
\(2, i 80\) & 4.685
5.686 \\
\hline 17,818 & 4,815 & 7,084 & 52,411 & 23,446 & 57,886 & 11,482 & \(\begin{array}{r}2,180 \\ \hline 985\end{array}\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
5.686 \\
3.321 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 18,062 & 4,911 & 9706 & 48.273: & 21093 & 53,20 & 8,884 . & 1.438 & 5.02 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The above statement shows- 1 . That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1882, were 5,986,931 bales; in 2. That, althe \(4,641,503\) bales; in \(1880-81\) were \(5,798,020\) bales. were 9,706 bales, the receipts at the out-ports the past week only 5,026 bales, the balance being trom plantations was the interior tuwns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 1,438 bales and for 1881 they were 8,894 bales.

Amonnt of Cotton in Sight August 10.-In the table belon we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to August 1, and give substantially the amount of cotton now in siont

Receipts at the ports to Aug. 10
Interior stocks on Ang. 10 in
excess of September
Tot. receints from plantat'ns
Net overland to Augast \(1 \ldots . .\). Net overland to Augast 1

Total in sight August 10.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 882-83. & 1881-82. & 1880-81. & 1879-80. \\
\hline 5,950,260 & 4,665,835 & 5,788,585 & 4,908,573 \\
\hline 36,721 & *24,332 & 9,435 & 23,802 \\
\hline 5,986.981 & 4,641,503 & 5,798,020 & 4,932,377 \\
\hline 643,218
325,00 & 468,229
\(\mathbf{2 3 4 , 0 0 0}\) & 510,014
200,000 & 576,129 \\
\hline 6,955,229 & 5,343,732 & 6,503,061 & 5,682,506 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

It will be from September 1.
to-night, as compared with last that the increase in amount in sight with \(1880-81\) is 117,165 bales, and with \(1879-80,1,272,723\) bales, as compared

Weather Reports by Telegraph. - It would seem our weather reports this week that drought is doing damage in some sections of the South. In Texas picking is making satisfactory progress.
the week, the rainfall We have had showers on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching fifty-five hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts are less favorable in most sections. The splendid prospect of three weeks ago has been sadly marred Py the severe drought, terrific heat and scorching winds. Picking is progressing finely. Average tnermometer 84, highest 92 , lowest 75.
Last week we had a worthless shower on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching but two hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts were less favorable; most sections needed rain, ern half of State. Three hundred and cotton were received during the and eighty-one balee of new that time of 402 bales. The thermometer ranged total up to 91 , and averaged 84 During the month of July from 77 to reached one ineh and sixty-one hundredt of July the rainfall Indianota, Texas.- We have hundredths.
and are suffering dreadfully from un rain during the week, has been done. The thermometer drousit. Much damage averaging 84
The weather was warm and dry during all of last week
Crops were suffering in consequence of crought, and had been
already much injuced. The thormomoter averaged 85 and ranged from 76 to 91. The raiufall daring the month of July reached one inch and eleven hundredths
Datlas, Texas.-We have had splendid showers on two diys of the week, which were very beneficial; more rain is desired, but nevertheless the crop is doing well and promising fairly. The weather is unprecedentedly hot and scorching. The thermometer has averaged 88 , ranging from 69 to \(10 \%\). Rtinfall one inch and ten hundredths.
reached eighteen hundredths of an waek, and the rainfall fairly, but needed rain. It was terribly hot, Crops promised fairly, but needed rain. It was terribly hot, about the worst ever known, the thermometer averaging 88, and ranging from 71 to 105 . R ainfall for the month of July one inch and fifty-
four hundredths. four hundredths.
Brenham, Texas.-We have had no rain during the week. It is as hot as Eoypt. The thermometer has averaged 87 , the highest being 104 and the lowest 69 .
Last week it was warm and dry. The weather was unprecedentedly hot. A small districe of bottom lands had been much injured by caterpillars, but their ravages were checked by the drought. Most sections needed rain. The bolls were dropping badly. Picking was making good progress were thermometer averaged 86, the nighest being 104 and the lowest 68. During the month of July the rainfall reached one inch and forty-five hundredths.

Palestine, Texas.- We have 1 ad a light shower on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching two hundredths of an inch. More rain is wanted, but the reported damage to crop is much exaggerated. Picking has bsgun. Average thermometer 83,
highest 96 and lowest 67 . highest 96 and lowest 67.
rainfall reached ninety-two hundredths of week, and the showers were very beneficia hundredths of an inch. The promised well, but boll-worms were hardly enough. Crops some sections. The thermometer reported troublesome in averaged 84. During the month of July the rainfall reached one inch and twenty-eight hundredths.
Huntsville, Texas.-It has been showery on one day of the Week, the rainfall reaching twenty hundredths of an inch. Mure rain is desired, but the crop promises fairly. Picking is
making good progress. It is as tot as blazes. making good progress. It is as hot as blazes. The thermometer has ranged from 66 to 100, averaging 83.
Last week we had a shower on oae day, the rainfall reaching twenty hundredths of an inch. Crops were good, but averaged 86, and ring made good progress. The thermometer two inches and ranged from 72 to 99 . Ruinfall during July,
Weatherford, Ty-ive nundredths.
of the week, just as needed. The rainfail reached one inch and seventy hundredths. There has never been a better prospect and seventy hundredths. There has never been a bstter prospect
for a cotton crop. The thermometer has averaged 81, ranging from 64 to 98 .
Last week was dry and very hot. Chops were gnod, but beginning to need rain, The thermoneter averaged 84, the highest being 100 and the lowest 68. *During July the rainfall. reached three inches and eight hundredths.
Belton, Lexas.- It has been dry and very hot during the week. We are needing rain dreadfully. Bolls are dropping verared 84 the highest being 99 and the he has We had warm and dry wang 99 and the lowest 70.
winds have prevailed. winds have prevailed. Rain was needed again, and crops would suffer much if it did not come soon. Average thermometer 85 , highest 99 and lowest 71 . Daring the month of July the rainfall reached one inch and fifty-one handredths.
Luling, Texas.-The weather has been warm and dry during the week. Farmers are sick unto death; it begins to look as if one-quarter of a crop of cotton would not be made. Under the scorching heat, the surface of the earth is as dry as a bone, and all smaller water-courses have entirely disappeared. Picking is making good progress. Average thermometer 87, highest 104 and lowest 69
We had one trifling shower last week, the rainfall reaching than ever; crops were suffering dreadfully, and planters were greatly discouraged. Picking was progressing finely. Bolls dropping badiy. It was stifling hot, the thermo from 70 to 102 , and averaging 86 , tue thermometer ranging and ten hundredths.

New Orleans, Louisiana.-We have had no rain during Shrevenort, Louisianater has averaged 80
weather during the week, with a have had generally fair weather during the week, with a light rain on the seventh, the rainfall reaching forty-two hundredths of an inch. Rain is needed badly, The therinometer has ranged from 65 to 100 . Vicksburg, Mississippi.-Telegram not received.
Last week it was showery on two days and the rainfall reached three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer ranged from 74 to 96 , and averaged 84 During the month of July the rainfall reached three inches and sixty-one hundredshs.
Meridian, Mississipoi.- the weather has been warm and dry during all of the week. Much damaze is feared if the drought continues. Worms have appeared in certain locali-
ties. The thermometer has ties. The thermometer has ranged from 54 to 103 .
Caumous, Mississippi. - It has been showery on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching forty-six hrondredths of an
inch. The weather has been too cold, inch. The weather has been too cold, but at the close of the week there is a faverable change. The themmometer has
averaged 74 , the highest beirg 95 4.d the lumbst 63 .

Little Rock, Arkansas. -The latter part of the week has been cloudy with rain on two days, the rainfall reaching fiftysix hundredths of an inch. Average themet 86 and lowest 61. During July we had rain on we ve days, and the rainfall reached four inches and sixty-seven hundred The thermometer averaged 80, and ranged from 65 to 94. d

Memphis, Tennessee.-We have had drizzies on thdredths of of the week, the rairfanterch has ranged from 61.5 to 85 , averan inch. 73 .
Nashville, Tennessee.-It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching four hundredths,
er has averaged 72 , ranging from 61 to 81.
Mobile, Alabama.-It has rained severely on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching three inches and thirty hundredths. Crop accounts are less favorable. It is claimed that much damage has been done by the protracted, drought in most sections. Worms have been checked by drought. Prospects very gloomy. The thermometer has averaged 82, the highest being 97 and the lowest 71 .
Montgomery, Alabama.-The weather has been warm and ry during all of the week. Caterpillars have certainly appeared, though the injury done is as yet limited. Average thermometer 80

Selma, Alabama.-We have had warm and dry weather all the week. It is claimed by some farmers that the damage to the crom by drought, worms and rust is thirty per cent. The thermometer has averaged 78.

Madison, Elorida.-Telegram not received.
Macon Georgia. - We have had rain on two days of the week. Cotton is beginning to open. Prospects are unchanged. We have our first bale of new cotton. The thermometer has averaged 77, the highest being 90 and the lowest 63.

Columbus, Georgia. - It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching fifty-three hundredths of an inch. Rust is developing badly on uplands. Caterpillars are reported everywhere, and it is claimed that great injury is being done. Average thermometer 84, highest 89, lowest 77 .

Savannah, Georgia.- We have had rain on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching six inches and eighty hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 67 to 95 , averag ing 81.5 .

Augusta, Georgia.-We have had general rain on three lays of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twelve hundredths. The rains, though late, were beneficial to cotton, rendering pecounts better; but the present outlook is no rood, and it is claimed that the estimates put the coming crop fully fifteen per cent less than last season. The thermometer has averaged 80 , ranging from 63 to 95 .

Atlanta. Georgia.-It has rained on two days of the week the rainfall reaching thirty-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged \(73 \cdot 6\), ranging from 62 to 86 .
Rome, Georgia.-Telegram not received.
Charleston, South Carolina.-We have had rain on six days of the week, the rainfall reaching six inches and eighty hundredths. 79 .
India Cotion Movembet from all Ports.-We have during the past year been endeavoring to rearrange our India service so as to make our reports more detailed and at the same time more accurate. Hitherto we have found it impossible to keep more acour figures, as cabled to us for the ports other than out of our roges which proved only to be shipments from one Bombay, cargoes which proved only to be shipmedopted, as we India port to another. The plan we have now adopted, as we have reason to believe, will relieve us from the darger of this inaccuracy and keep the totals correct. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and vear, bringing the figures down to August 9.

SOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR TEARS.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments this week.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Sfuipmente since Jan. 1.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Receipts.} \\
\hline & Great Brit'n. & Oontinent. & Total. & Great Britain & Oontinent. & Total. & This Week. & Since Jan. 1 \\
\hline & & 3,000 & 3,000 & 438,000 & 768,000 & 1,206,000 & 5,000 & 1,531,000 \\
\hline 1882 & 10,000 & 7,000 & 17,000 & 716,000 & 585.000 & 1,301,000 & 6.000 & 1,579.006 \\
\hline 1881 & 6,000 & 6,000 & 12,000 & 230.000 & 321,000 & 801,000 & 6.000 & 1.127,006 \\
\hline 1880 & 6,000 & 3,000 & 3,000 & 352,000 & 474,000 & 826,000 & 8,000 & 1.053,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 1,000 bales, and a decrease in shipments of 14,000 bales, and the hipments since January 1 show a decrease of 95,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments for the weel.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments since January 1.} \\
\hline & Great Britain & Continent. & Total. & Great
Britain. & Oontinent. & Total. \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Calcutta- } \\
& 1883 \ldots \ldots .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,800 \\
& 1,700
\end{aligned}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,800 \\
& 1,700
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
80,200 \\
103,200
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10,800 \\
& 31,700
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
91,0 n 0 \\
131,900
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Madras- } \\
1883 \ldots . . . \\
1882 . . . .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
500 \\
2,800
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
500 \\
2,800
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6.100 \\
43,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,000 \\
& 4,100
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
7,100 \\
47,100
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline All others-
\(18 \geq 3 \ldots \ldots\).
\(1382 \ldots \ldots\) & 4,000 & 1,900 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 4,000 \\
& 1,900 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11,500 \\
& 38,000 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
2,000 \\
17,900
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 13,500 \\
& 55,400
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Total all- } \\
1883 \ldots \\
1882 \ldots
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,300 \\
& 4,500
\end{aligned}
\] & 1,900 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,300 \\
& 6, \pm 00
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
97,800 \\
184,200 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 12,800 \\
& 50,200
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 111,600 \\
& 237,900 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 100 bales less than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1883, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
shipments \\
to alt Europe from-
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1883.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1882.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1881.} \\
\hline & This week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { San. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] & This & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { San. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] & This week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { Jan. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\overline{\text { Bombay } \ldots \ldots . .}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3.000 \\
& 6,300
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\overline{1,200,000} \mid
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
17,000 \\
6,400
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1.301,000 \\
237,900
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12,000 \\
1,900
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 801,000 \\
& 181,000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total... ... & 9.300 & \(\overline{1,317,600}\) & 23,400 & \(\overline{1,538,900}\) & 13.900 & 982,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This last statement alfords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the three years at all India ports.
alexandida Receipts and Shipments.-Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi \& Co., of Liverpoul and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipmes of the previous two years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Alexandria. Egypt, August 9. & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1882-83.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1881-82.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1880-81.} \\
\hline Rgceipts (cantars*)-
This week.....
Since Sept. & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2,254,000} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2,831,720} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,500 \\
2,775,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline & This
week. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Since } \\
\text { Sept. } \\
\hline
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { This } \\
& \text { week. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Since } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 .
\end{array}\right|
\] & This week. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Since } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 .
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Exports (bales)- \\
To Liverpool. \\
To Continent
\end{tabular} & ..... & \[
\begin{array}{r}
239,000 \\
89,000
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\left|\begin{array}{l}
245,900 \\
176,271
\end{array}\right|
\] & 2,000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 248,750 \\
& 154,705
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total Europe...... & \(\ldots\) & 328,000 & \(\ldots\) & 422,171 & 2,000 & 403,455 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A cantat is 98 lbs .
This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Aug. 9 were - cantars and the shipments to all Europe were - bales.
Manchester Market.-Our report received from Manchester o-night states that the market is quiet but steady, at unchanged prices. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison.


New York Cotton Exchange.--The estimates of competent builders, before whom the plans and specifications of the New Exchange ha e been laid, will be placed before the Committee of Building for approval on 14th inst.
Two candidates for membership, who have been pased by the Committee on Election are to be put to the ballot on Man day next. Visitors introduced this week have been as fows: Capt. Harry Allen, New Orleans. . F. Doubet, Georgla. . B. Morgan, Petersburg, Va. R. A. Hartison, Petersbur g, Va. R. R. Davis, Petersburg. Va. \(\dot{\text { W. Austin Goodman Cincin nati }}\) Chas. Hollaud, New, Orleans. C. S. Burett, Cleveland, o. E. P. Brewer, U. S. A.
Edward Frost, Charleston, S. C. Giibert H. Green. New Orleans. Tom R. Jordan, Witeo, Texas. P. S. McCawn, Texas. S. C. Davenport, Selma, Ala.
J. Thompson, Selma, Ala. W. N. Miercier, Georgia.
C. F. Fargo, Georgia.
W. Bussey, Georgia.
J. Hübuer, Galveston.
R. Kuckeuck, Galveston.
M. Mrown, South Carolina. M. Browu, South Carolina Pembroke Jones, Whmington, N. O. F. T. Rembert, Texas.
F. B. Dancy, Holiy Springs. F. B. Dancy, Holly springs
C. W. Jawatt. Sherman, R. D. White. Jr., Charleston. European Cotion Consurn B. Wood, Hope, Ark. received by cable to-day day Mr. Ellison's cotton figures brought down to August 1. The revised totals for last year have also been received, and we give them for comparison. The takings. by spinners, in actual bales and pounds, have been as follows:
From Oct. 1 to 4 ug. 1. Greal Britain. Continent. Total.

Takings by spinners.. Average weight of bales. Takings in pounds

For 1881-2
\begin{tabular}{|l|r|r|r} 
Takings by sp,nners....bales & \(2,964,290\) & \(2,659,120\) & \(5,623,410\) \\
\hline Average Ueight of bales \(\ldots .\). & 430 & 415 & 423
\end{tabular} Average weight of bales .......|1.274.644,700|1,103,534,800|2.378.179,500 According to the above, the average weight of the deliveries in Great Britain is 440 pounds per bale to August 1, against 430 pounds per bale during the same time last season. The Continental deliveries average 422 pounds, against 415 pounds last year, and for the whole of Europe the deliveries average 430 pounds per bale, against 423 pouble we give the stock period last season. their takings and their consump tion, each
month since October 1, all reduced to bales of 400 pounds each for this season and last season, It is a very convenient and useful summary.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Oct. 1 to Aug. 1. Bales of 400 lbs. each. 000 s omilted.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1882} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1881-2.} \\
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Are } \\
\text { Brita }
\end{gathered}
\] & Continent. & Total. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Grea } \\
\text { Britai }
\end{gathered}
\] & & Totar \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Spinners' stock Oct 1 . Takings in October... \\
Total supply..... \\
Consump. Oct., 4 wks.
\end{tabular}} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
82, \\
233,
\end{array}
\] & \[
13
\] & & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
265 \\
469 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 28 \\
& 25
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
©pinners' stock Nov. I Takings in November. \\
Total supply...... Consump. Nov., 5 wks.
\end{tabular}} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
27, \\
387,
\end{array}
\] & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1,014, \\
650,
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Spinners' stock Dec. 1 \\
Takings in December. \\
Total supply...... \\
Consump. Dec., 4 wks. \\
Epinners' stock Jan. 1 \\
Takings in January..
\end{tabular}} & \[
\begin{array}{r}
54, \\
301, \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
41 \\
397 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline Total supply...... Consump. Jan., 4 wks. & & & & & & \[
0 \text {, }
\] \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Spinners' stock Feb. 1 \\
Talings in February. \\
Total suppiy...... \\
Consump. Feb., 5 wks. \\
Spinners' stock Mar. 1 \\
Takings in March......
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline Total supply......
Consump. Mar., 4 wks. & & & \[
51
\] & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 81, \\
& 20,
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Spinners' stock Apr. 1 \\
Takings in April .....
\end{tabular} & & \[
35
\] & & & & \\
\hline Total supply...... Consump.April, 4 wks & \[
288,
\] & \[
25
\] & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Spinners' stock May 1 \\
Takings in May.......
\end{tabular} & \[
345
\] & & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 475, \\
& 727,
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Total supply... . Consump. May, 5 whs & \[
360,
\] & & & & & \\
\hline Spinners' stock June 1 Takings in June...... & \[
242 \text {, }
\] & \[
393,
\] & & \[
323 \text {, }
\] & & \[
\begin{gathered}
552, \\
639,
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Consump. Jıne, 4 whs & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 528, \\
& 288,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,018, \\
256,
\end{array}
\] & 544, & & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,191, \\
520,
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Spinners' stock July 1 Takings in July....... & \[
\begin{array}{r}
240, \\
217, \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
22
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1,002, \\
\quad 444, \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
255,
\] & 213, & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 471, } \\
& 468,
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Consump. July, 4 wks \\
Spimners' stoek Aug. 1
\end{tabular}} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 457, \\
& 288, \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 256, \\
& 25,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1,440, \\
& 544,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
280 \text {, }
\] & \[
240 \text {. }
\] & \[
520,
\] \\
\hline & 169 , & 733, & 902, & 01, & 418, & 619, \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

A more striking comparison with last year is reached by bringing together the above totals and adding the average weekly consumption up to the present time for the two seasons
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Oct. 1 to Aug. 1. Bales of 400 lbs. each. 000s omitted.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1882-3.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1881-2.} \\
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Great } \\
\text { Britain }
\end{gathered}
\] & Continent. & Totat. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Great } \\
\text { Britain }
\end{gathered}
\] & Continent. & Total. \\
\hline :Spinners' stock Oct. 1. Takings to Aug. 1..... & \[
\begin{array}{r}
82, \\
3,183,
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
139, \\
3,311,
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
221 . \\
6,494,
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
25, \\
3,186,
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
240, \\
2,758,
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
265, \\
5,9 \pm 4,
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Suppī̀ \(\qquad\) Consumpt'n 43 weeks & \[
\left[\begin{array}{l}
3,265, \\
3,096,
\end{array}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,450, \\
& 2,717,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,715, \\
& 5,813,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3,211, \\
& 3,010,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 2,998, \\
& 2,580,
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,209, \\
& 5,590,
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Spimers' stock Aug. 1 & 169, & 733, & 902, & 201, & 418, & 619, \\
\hline Weekly Consumption. 00 s omitted. & & & & & & \\
\hline In October.. & 72,0 & 63,0 & 135,0 & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In November & 72,0 & 63,0 & 135,0 & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In December & 72,0 & 63,0 & -135,0 & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In January & 72,0 & 63,0 & 135,0 & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In March. & 72,0
72,0 & 63,0 & \(13 \overline{5}, 0\) & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In April & 72,0
72,0 & 63,0 & 135,0 & 70,0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In May. & 72,0
72,0 & 63,0
63,0 & 135,0
1350 & 70,0
70 & 60,0
60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline In June & 72,0 & 63,0
64,0 & 135,0
136,0 & 70,0
70,0 & 60,0
60,0 & 130,0
130,0 \\
\hline Juiy. & -2.0 & 64,0 & 136,0 & 70.0 & 60,0 & 130,0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The foregoing shows that the weekly consumption in Europe is \(136,00 \mathrm{n}\) bales of 400 pounds each, against 130,0 co bales of the The weight at the corresponding time last year.
The cable adds that Mr. Ellison's estimate for the remainder of the season (nine weeks) in bales of 400 lbs . is as follows :
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Great Britain. & Continent. \\
\hline Spinners' steck August 1 .................... & 169,0G0 & 733,000 \\
\hline liveri & 561,000 & 233,000 \\
\hline Supply. & 730,000 & 966,000 \\
\hline Consumption & 618,000 & 576,000 \\
\hline Spinners' stock October 1.. & 82,000 & 390,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mr. Ellison further says that, assuming the Continental couumption for the year should be found to be \(7 \frac{12}{2}\) per cent greater than last year, the stock would be 329,000 bales, which, added to the spinners' stock in Great Britain ( 82,000 bales) and the port stocks, which are estimated at \(1,118,000\) bales, the total stast year and \(1,243,000\) be \(1,529,000\) bales, against 922,000 bales位 1881.
The Agricultural Department's Report for August. -The following statement, showing the condition of cotton on Aug. 1 was issued by the Department of Agriculture August 10:
Cotton returns are less favorable than for July, the condition having declined to 84, from 90 last month. The State averages are: Virginia, 87; North Carolina, 87; South Carolina, 80; Georgia, 78; Florida, 93; Alabama, 83; Mississippi, 85; Louisiana, 85; Texas, 87; Arkansas, 83; Tennessee, 90 . Collecting the three months' figures of the present season, and comparing them with the reported condition for the same months of last season, we have the following results :
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Stales.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1883.} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1882.} \\
\hline & June. & Juty. & Aug. & Aver. & June. & July. & Aug. & Aver. \\
\hline North Carolina & 81 & 91 & 87 & \(\overline{86 \cdot 3}\) & 82 & 90 & 84 & \\
\hline South Carolina & 8.3 & 91 & 80 & 85.3 & 92 & 98 & 98 & \(8{ }^{86}\) \\
\hline Georgia... & 86 & 93 & 78 & 85.7 & 89 & 98 & 9 9 & 96.0 \\
\hline Florida.. & 94 & 95 & 93 & 94.0 & 97 & 92 & 87 & 91.7
92.0 \\
\hline Alabama. & 87 & 87 & 83 & \(85 \cdot 7\) & 95 & 93 & 99 & \({ }^{92.0}\) \\
\hline Mississippi. & 86 & 89 & 85 & 86.7 & 88 & 87 & 99 & 95.7 \\
\hline Lonisiana & 91 & 91 & 85 & \(89 \cdot 0\) & 90 & 96 & 93 & \(83 \cdot 0\) \\
\hline Texas.... & 89 & 93 & 87 & 89.7 & 93 & 97 & 100 & 96.7 \\
\hline Arkansas. & 87 & 84 & 83 & 84.7 & 85 & 90 & 96 & \(90 \cdot 3\) \\
\hline Tennesse & 78 & 88 & 90 & 85.3 & 80 & 78 & 86 & \(81 \cdot 3\) \\
\hline Average .... & 86 & 90 & 81 & 86.7 & 89 & 92 & 94 & \(91 \cdot 7\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

New Alabama Cotton. - The first bale of new Alabama cotton was received at Selma on Sunday morning, August 5. It was raised on N. Woodruff's plantation near Brown's Station, Dallas County, and consigned to Messrs. Woodruff \& North of Selma. The bale weighed 496 pounds, classed strict low middling, and was sold on Monday, by auction, in front of the Selma Cotton Exchange to Messrs. A. G. Stollenweret \& Sons for \(113 / 4 \mathrm{c}\). per pound. The low price obtained is abscribed to the absence from the city of nearly all the cotton brokers. The bale was shipped Monday P. M. to Norfolk via the East Tennessee Virginia \& Georgia Railroad. Last year the first bale was received at Selma August 10. This week Montgemery has also received her first bale, it having reached there Monday, August 6. It weighed 465 pounds, classed strict low middling. sold at 13c. per pound, and was shipped per express to Mobile, where it arrived the following day. Last year the first bale was received at Montgomery August 8. At Mobile it brought the same price as at Montgomery aud was shipped to
New York.
New Louisiana Cotton.-The first bale of new Louisiana cotton was received at New Orleans on Monday, August 6, from Provencal Station, Natchitoches Parish, consigned to R. M Walmsley \& Co. It clâssed strict middling, and was sold at auction for 125,8 cents per pound to Messrs. Charles H. Haynes \& Co., New Orleans. "The bale was subsequently shipped per steamer "Architect" to W. H. Haynes, Liverpool. Last year New Orleans received her first bale from the Mississippi Valley, August 15. Shreveport received her first bale of new cotton on Tuesday, August 7. It came from Bossier Parish, classed strict middling, and was sold at 14 cents per pound. The first bale last year was also received August 7.
New Florida Cotton. - The first bale of new Florida cotton left Marianna, Florida, on Thursday, August 9, for Savannah, reaching there August 10. The first bale from Florida was received at Savannah last year on August 19.
Condition of Cotron.-The following, from our correspondents and exchanges, indicate the condition of cotton in various sections at lafest mail dates
South Carolina.-Correspondents of the Charleston News and Courier report to that journal as below:
Midway, Barnwell Co., August 3.-"No amount of free trade or the most approved political doctrines can make us as happy as the present seasons for the crops. After their being, parched and scorched by the
fiery sun, we are now having daily or rather ighty fiery sun, we are now haring daily, or rather nighthy, showers, which is
much better, as work can be accomplished in daytime without hindrance much better, as work can be accomplished in day time without hindrance
by the rain. Of cou se the majority of early corn and cotton has been greatly eut of by the drought, and some cotion is beginning to show signs of rust; but all the latest corn and cotton is now mending daily." Wiliansion, Anderson Co., August 2.-"The droughtstill cuntinues in this immediate section, although good rains have fallen in some parts
of the county. This is the sixth week of the drought, and yet no prosof the county. This is the sixth week of the drought, and yet no pros-
pect for rain. The cropls, both of corn and cotton, have been very sepect for rain. The crops,
riously injured already."
From the press in other sections of South Carolina we extract the following :
Abbeville, Abbeville Co.-The Press and Banner says: "The month of
July has been uaprecedentedly hot and dry, from the first to the July has been upprecedentedly hot and dry, from the first to the last, fered intensely for rain until a ver'y few days ago, when partial showers began to fall. \(* * * *{ }^{*}\) The cotton crop, even where it is still in a,
healthy condition, is but little larger now than it was three wreks ago,

Georgia and Florida.-The Savannah Morning News of Satarday, August 4, published special reports on the crop from 39 counties in Georgia and The News summarizes its reports as rollows :
We pi esent this morning the first of a series of special cotton crop reperts from various sections of Georgia and Fiorida, which we shall conimas weekly during the season. The repliss ape from 39 widely-
soattered counties in Geurgia. The general tenor of the replies is to the seattered counties in Georgia. The same, with the exceptions of a few eonuties, as that of last year. "wins to the protracted drought, the song is, on the whole, in a conaidera ly inferior condition to that exhib-
ifed at this time last season. Refreshing rains, however, have fallen in sume sections, and tie outlook is correspoudiugly improved. Worms tamage has resulted fiom these sources. Should the season prove propitious henceforward, the chances for a petty fair orop winl improve. has begun in a limited number of countles, but will be general between the 15th inst. and the ist prox. hovis in Florida, owing to more propitious weather, is lather more honk in Frorida, owlies are from intelligent and well-informed sources, and may be pegarded as fair exhibits of the status of the crop."

Alabama.-Eufaula, Barbour County, Ang. 1-The follow ing is from the circular of Messrs. John W. Tullis \& Co.
"Since the 21 st July, the date of our last crop report, the cotton plant Thas mrogressed finely. Very little, if any, damage has been done the crop pillars have either disappeared entisely, or are webbed up at the various sonts no damage."

Mississippr.-Mesidian, Lauderdale Co, Aug. 1-Messrs. Carter \& Co.'s circular gives the following
"The weather in this section has been very warm and dry for several Teeks past. Cotton needing rain bidiy, and will be seriously danased
if the drouth continues much longer. No worms have appeared in our if the drouth continues much longer. No worms have appeared in our
section, but we hear much complaint of them in Alabama. Cotton is section, but we hear much picking will not commence with us to any extent Lefore the 1st September."

Mason, Noxubee Co., Aug. 3.-The correspondent of the New Orleans Times-Democrat reports
cohe last few days have been showery, and put an end to the long Grouth, wijch has seriously injured the crops. Corn and cotten are woth doing tolerably wellin this coung, as was expected a month ago the yield so that that of last year."

Arkiansas.-Messrs. Wheless \& Reardon, of Little Rock, îssued on August 1 a circular showing the condition of cotton in the State, from which we give the following extract
"Our inquiries in reference to the present condition of the crop ehronghout t: State were prepared with more than usual care, and the
replies a re fill and explicit. In most sections stands are fair, fields are lean aid the plant is healthy. The crop is ten days to three weeks
Inter than last year, is forming, blooming and bolling as well as could hater than last year, is formiug, blooming and bolling as well as could
be expected, and there is little damage from shedding or worms. The sainfall has not been sufficient, and though the effect hiss not yet been foll to any considerable extent, a continuation of the dry weather for folt weeks will be disastrous. Picking will likely commence about the 15th of Soptember, but will not be general before the 1 st of October. eqnal that of last year, but these are
Jute Butts, Bagging, \&c.--There has been a fair inquiry for bagging during the week, and the market is moderately active. Oiders are for small lots, but these keep dealres busy, 10 prices are steady at \(91 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). for \(11 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., 10 c. for \(13 / 4\) lbs, \(10 / 4 \mathrm{c}\). 1 dor 2 lbs . and \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) c. for standard grades, but a shade better can be dons on reund parcele. Butts have shown but litte activity, the way a fair amount of stock has been worked off, some 3,000 way a in lots being reported. Prices are about steady, with sellers quoting \(17 / 8 @ 2 \mathrm{c}\). for paper grades and \(2 @ 23 / \mathrm{sc}\). for bagging qualities.
Compakative Port Receipts and Daily Crop Movement. A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do not end ou the same day or
the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1, 1882, has been as follows.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Hentaly Beceipts.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Fear Beginning September 1} \\
\hline & 1882 & 1881. & 1880. & 1879 & 1878. & 1877. \\
\hline 3upt'mb'r & 326,656. & 429,777 & 458,478 & 333,643 & 288,84! & 98,491 \\
\hline Qetober & 98u,584 & 853,195 & 968,318 & 888,492 & 689,264 & 578,533 \\
\hline zovemb'i & 1,004,697 & 974,043 & 1,006,501 & 942,272 & 779,237 & 822,493 \\
\hline Deeenib'r & 1,112,536 & 996,807 & 1,020,802 & 956,464 & 893,664 & 900,119 \\
\hline Yanuary & 752,827 & 487,727 & 571,701 & 647,140 & 618,727 & 689,610 \\
\hline Tebruary. & 595,598 & 291,992 & 572,728 & 447,918 & 566,824 & 472,051 \\
\hline 3 Saroh & 482,772 & 257,099 & 476,58: & 261,913 & 303,95: & 340,525 \\
\hline & 281,519 & 147,595 & 284,216 & 158,025 & 167,45! & 197,965 \\
\hline & 185,523 & 113,573 & 190,054 & 110,006 & 84,299 & 96,314 \\
\hline Seme & 78,504 & 68.679 & 131,871
78,572 & 88,455
54,258 & 29,472
13,988 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 42,142 \\
& 20,240
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline mily & 42,299 & ,39 & 78,572 & 54,258 & 13,988 & 20,240 \\
\hline So & \(\overline{5,936,515}\) & \(\overline{4,657,377}\) & 5,759,853 & 4,891,536 & 4,135,737 & 4,253,486 \\
\hline ore'tag reaints & of tot, port July 31. & 98.66 & 9805 & 9779 & \(99 \cdot 74\) & 9799 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This statement shows that up to July 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 1,279,138 bales more than in 1881-82 and ports 682 bales more than at the same time in 1880-s1. By adding to the above totals to July 31 the daily receipts since that time to shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movemeut for the different years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1882-83 & 1881-82 & 1880-81. & 1879-80. & 1878-79. & 1877-78. \\
\hline Tot. Jy. 31 & 5,936,515 & 4,657,3? & 5,759,853 & 4,891,586 & 4,435,737 & 4,258,486 \\
\hline Aug. 1.... & 539 & 63. & 3,592 & 8. & 419 & 139 \\
\hline ، \(2 . .\). & 573 & \(46 \%\) & 2,838 & 1.519 & \(50:\) & 1,465 \\
\hline " 3.. & 2.927 & 533 & 2,477 & 2,39 & s. & 395 \\
\hline " 4. & 1,296 & 2,014 & 3,058 & 1,191 & 562 & \\
\hline " 5.... & \%. & 711 & 3,705 & 1,303 & 698 & 596 \\
\hline " 6. & 1,300 & 8. & 1,733 & i,591 & 330 & 309 \\
\hline 7. & 2,285 & 764 & 8. & 1,526 & 666 & 529 \\
\hline ' 8. & 1,099 & ว 86 & 3.424 & 8. & 1,182 & 340 \\
\hline " 9. & 1,284 & 609 & 1,900 & 1,238 & 527 & 700 \\
\hline " 10. & 2,442 & 329 & 1,615 & 1,444 & S. & 468 \\
\hline Total. & з,950,260 & 4, \(\overline{6}\) - 4.023 & 5,784,245 & 4,904,152 & 4,440,628 & 4,263,627 \\
\hline Porcentag port rec'i & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { e of tot: } 1 \\
& \text { ots Aug. } 10
\end{aligned}
\] & 98.81 & \(98 \cdot 46\) & 93.05 & 99.83 & \(98 \cdot 11\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \(\begin{array}{llllll}\text { port rec'pts Aug. } 10 & 98.81 & 98.46 & 98.05 & 99.83 & 93.11 \\ \text { This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. i ap to }\end{array}\) This statement shows that the receipts since sept. i ap
to-night are now 1,286237 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1882 and 166,015 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1881. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received t August 10 in each of the vears named.
Shipping News.-The exports of cotton from the Inited States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 32,973 bales. So far as the Sonthern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, wo include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Tharsday night of this week:

Total bales.
New York-To Liverpool, per steamers Adriatie, \(1,203\). Arizona, \(2.008 \ldots\) Bothnia, 1,782
Germanic. \(922 \ldots\) Spain, \(1,633 \ldots . .\).

8,173
1,128 To Hull, per steamer Galileo, 1,128 .
To Havre, per steamer Amerique, 86

NEW OrLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers Cadiz, \(2,0 \leq 7\).
Critic, \(3,502 \ldots\) Inventor, \(2.717 \ldots, \ldots . .\).
To Havre, per steamer Bordealux, \(3,115 .\).
To Antwerp, per steamer Bordeaux, \(147 \ldots\)
To Malaga, per steamer Vidal Sala, \(1,900\).
To Vera Cruz, per schooner Maria, 3,8 º
Baltimore-To Liverpool, per steamer Mentmo
To Bremen, per steamer Braunschweig, 131.....................
714...... ....Marathon,

Tu Windsor, N. S., per schooner Nell, 100 Pheladelphia-To Liverpool, per steamers British Prineess, 747

\section*{Pennsylvania, 431 ...}

Total
The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:
 bales. Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our datid down to the latest mail dates:
New ORLEANS-For Liverpool-Aug. 6-Steamer Arehitect, 1.876.
BOSTON-FOR Iiverpoo-Aug. 2-Steamer Missouri, 553....Aug. 6-Boston-For Ijverpooi-Aug.
Pamadmbiphia-For Liverpool-Aug. 7-Steamer British Crown, 246.
Gotion freights thee past woek hav Dhan as follows
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Satur. & Mon. & Tues. & Wednes. & Thurs. & Fri. \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Liverpool, steam d. \({ }^{9}\)} \\
\hline Do sail...d. & & & & & & \\
\hline Havre, steam....e. & \(3^{*}\) & \(3 \varepsilon^{*}\) & \(38 *\) & \(38{ }^{+}\) & 38 & \(3{ }^{\text {8 }}\) \\
\hline Do sail......c. & & & & & 8 & \(38 \square^{7} 16^{*}\) \\
\hline Bremen, steam. .c. & \(3_{8} \square^{7} 16^{*}\) & \({ }^{2} 7_{1}\) & \(3_{8} \hat{\omega}^{7}{ }^{16}{ }^{*}\) & 38016
\(\cdots\) & \(887_{16}\)
\(\ldots .\). & (16 16 \\
\hline Do sail....c. & & \(\stackrel{.}{3}{ }^{+}\) & & & 38. & \\
\hline Hamburg, steam.d. & \(3{ }^{1}\) & \({ }_{8}{ }^{+}\) & 38 & \(38{ }^{+}\) & 8. & \\
\hline Do sail...d. & & 150 & & +500 & & 150 \\
\hline Amst'd'm, steam.c. & +50 & 150 & †.0 & †50 & \(\dagger 50\) & 150 \\
\hline Do stail...d. & & & \(732 \bar{\partial}^{1} 4^{*}\) & \(7_{32} \square^{1} 4^{*}\) & 732 (14* & \({ }^{7} 32\) \\
\hline Baltio, steam....d. & \(4^{*}\) & \(32{ }^{104}\) & & 32 & & \\
\hline Do sail.......c. & & & \({ }^{11} 16^{*}\) & \({ }^{11} 16^{*}\) & \({ }^{11} 16^{*}\) & \({ }^{11} 1{ }^{\text {a }}\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Barcelona,steam.e. \\
Genoa, steam ...d.
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
18^{\prime} \\
5_{8}^{*}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
16 \\
58^{*} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \(5{ }^{1}\) & & \(58^{*}\) & \(58^{\circ}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Genna, steam ...a. \(\quad\) Per 100 lbs}

Compressed. - By cable from Liverpool, we have the following LIVERPOOL.- we we s sales, stocks, \&c., at that port. We add previous weeks for comparison.


The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and fatares each uay of the week ending Aug．10，and the daily closing prices of spot cotton，have been as follows，
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline spot． & Saturday & Mondey． & Tuesday． & Wednes． & Thursd＇y & Pruday． \\
\hline \[
\underset{\text { 22:30 P.M. }}{\text { Market, }}\}
\] & & & Harden＇g． & Easier． & Gond
demand
freely met & Dult． \\
\hline Mid Upl＇de Mid．Oxl＇ns & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 55_{8}^{8} \\
& 53_{4}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 511_{16}^{516} \\
& 511_{16}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
511_{16} \\
511_{13}
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 511_{18} \\
& 513,
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Sales speo．dexp． &  & \％ & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
12.000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10.000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \(\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Mutures．} \\ \left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Market，} \\ \text { i2：} 2: 30 \text { P．M．}\end{array}\right\}\end{array}\right\}\) & \％ & \％ & Strong． & Dull． & Steady． & Dul！． \\
\hline \(\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Market，} \\ 4 \text { P．M．}\end{array}\right\}\) & & & Easy． & Quiet． & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { offerings } \\
& \text { free. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Easy． \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The opening，highest，lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below．These prices are on the basis of Uplands，Low Middling clause，unless therwise stated
震 The pricos are given in pence and 6 ths，thus： 562 msans \(562-64 \mathrm{~d}\) ．


\section*{BREADSTUFFS}

Friday，P．M．，Aug．10， 1883.
Flour during most of the week has been very quiet，and to a great extent nominal for many descriptions，but within a day or two the demand has improved and the market has become firmer in tone，though no material advance has taken place．The supply of choice Fo． 2 and superfine has been light，and this fact has restricted trade in those descriptions． Winter wheat patents are held firmly as a rule；they are in a better position than spring wheat brands．The receipts of new flour have increased somewhat．To－day the market was firm with a good trade．

Wheat has latterly been more active，both for export and on speculation，at an advance of \(21 / 2 @ 31 / 2 \mathrm{c}\) ．Less favorable crop advices from England and France have led to a better export demand，and have likewise stimulated speculation．The reports from our own wheat belt have been in the main favor－ able．It is estimated that we shall have a sufficient surplus to meet any foreign demand that is likely to arise．The export trade has been mainly in spring wheat and low grades of red， The adulteration of No． 2 red is still a subject of complaint Exporters in some instances claim that Baltimore is a better market at which to purchase No． 2 red wheat，the grading there being，it is averred，far more strict than at New York． No． 2 spring wheat has sold here on the spot at \(\$ 112 \frac{1}{2} @ \$ 113\) ． White wheat has been scarce．To－day the market was \(1 / 2 @ 1 \mathrm{c}\) ． higher for red，with a good demand，while of spring wheat fully 160,000 bushels were sold for export at \(\$ 11236 @ \$ 113\) ； options were in good demand and slightly higher，though towards the close prices became weaker；No． 2 red sold at \(\$ 1171 / 8 @ \$ 117 \frac{1}{2}\) for August，\(\$ 1181 / 2 @ \$ 1191 / 4\) for September， \(\$ 1203 / 4 @ \$ 121 / 2\) for October，\(\$ 1227 / 8 @ \$ 123 / 2\) for November
and \(\$ 1247 / 8 @ \$ 1255 / 8\) for December．

Indian corn has sold more freely both on the spot and for future delivery．The transactions for August delivery have been attended with no little excitement，and on Tuesday this option advanced 41／2c．，the rise in other deliveries being at the same time \(1 / 2 @ 1 c\) ．The sharp advance was due to a fright among the shorts which was started by the unexpectedly low grading of some of the receipts，and the fact that the surply of No． 2 mixed，the contract grade，had become concentrated in the hands of one or two holders．As high as \(661 / 4\) c．was paid for August，but the market has since gradually declined，as the demand from the shorts subsided．The crop advices in general point to a large yield，though it is stated that the harvest will be someweat later than usual．The comparative scarcity of No． 2 mixed has latterly had the effect of restricting trade for export．To day the market was only moderat ly active and 1／2 to 1c．lower；No． 2 mixed sold at 621／2＠623／4c．for August， 6178＠62c both for September and October．
Rye has been more active at firmer prices；the demand has still been mainly for Western；70道c．，cost and freight，has been paid．Oats have been more active at times，in sympathy with other cereals，but latterly the transactions have been smaller．Prices，in sympathy with a weaker market in Chicago， have been depressed here for several days．To－day prices were lower，with trade slow，especially on the spot；No． 2 mixed sold at \(35 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) ．in store at Brooklyn；No． 2 mixed sold at \(35 @ 33^{1} / \mathrm{s}\) e． for August， \(343 / 4 @ 35 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}\) ．for September and \(35 \frac{1}{4} @ 355 / 8 \mathrm{c}\) ．for October．

The Agricultural Bureau＇s report，issued this afternoon after the close of business，makes the soring wheat average 97，the same as last year，and says that th returns for August do not essentially change the indicated aggregate of July for the entire crop，but that the result of the harvest will be more fully tested on the retuin of the threshers＇blanks．As to corn the report says that the crop has improved slightly，the condition being 89，against 88 last month．Nights have been tho cool，and the crop is late．Frost may yet cause disaster． The condition of oats is given as 100 ．Barley averages 95 ， potatoes 101 and buckwheat 90 ．
The following are closing quotations

\section*{flour．}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline N6． 2 spring ．．．f \({ }^{\text {\％}}\) bbl & 450 & 300 & Patents，winter & 5500 & 725 \\
\hline No． 2 winter & 275 do & 350 & City shipping extras． & 525 & 625 \\
\hline Supertine & 3 u0 刀 & 390 & 3outhern bakers and & & \\
\hline Epring wheat extras．． & 4，0a & 450 & family brands & 5650 & 700 \\
\hline do bakers＇．．．．．．．．．． & 470 do & 625 & South＇n skip＇g extras． & \(435 a\) & 615 \\
\hline Wis．\＆Mirn．rye mix． & 4750 & 525 & Rye tlour，superine．． & \(350 \%\) & 425 \\
\hline Minn．clear and stra＇t & 4000 & 640 & Corn meal－ & & \\
\hline Winter shipp＇g extras． & 400 豆 & 430 & Western，dc & \(300 \%\) & 340 \\
\hline Patents，spring． & 575 \％ & 735 & Brandy wine，\＆c．． & 335 a & 350 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the atatements below，prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange．We first give the receipts at Western Lake and River ports，arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Aug． 4 and since Aug． 1 for each of the last three years：
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Receipts at－ & Flour． & Wheat． & Corn． & Oats． & Barley． & Rye． \\
\hline & Bbls．196lbs & Bush． 60 lbs & Bush． 58 lbs & Bush． 32 lbs & Bush． 481 lbs & Bush． 56 lbs \\
\hline Chicago．．．．．． & 39，443 & 249，336 & 1，675，562 & 635，059 & 11，135 & 68，200 \\
\hline Milwaukee．． & 59，643 & 75，391 & 77.010 & 34，902 & 7，160 & 3，778 \\
\hline Toledo． & 3，405 & 411，136 & 85，509 & 12，932 & & \\
\hline Detroit．． & 1，888 & 28，120 & 4，880 & 44，306 & & \\
\hline Cleveland． & 2，117 & 54.240 & 28，000 & 26，200 & & \\
\hline St．Louis & 30，775 & 704，691 & 207，06 & 281.936 & & \\
\hline Peoria．． & 1，070 & 4，200 & 122，000 & 117，074 & 600 & \\
\hline Duluth & 11，000 & 19，460 & 15，000 & & & \\
\hline Tot．wk． 88 & 149，321 & 1，546，574 & 2，215，921 & 1．185，470 & 18，895 & \\
\hline Same wk．＇82 & 144，775 & 3，459，361 & 1，382，630 & 863，457 & 22，90＝ & \\
\hline Same wk．＇81 & 190，379 & 1，767，390 & 3，561，370 & 586，592 & 26，567 & \\
\hline SinceAug．1－ & & & & & & \\
\hline 1883. & 149，321 & 1，546，574 & 2，215，921 & 1，155，470 & 18，895 & 81，133 \\
\hline 1882. & 144，775 & 3．459，361 & 1，382，62 & 863，457 & 22，402 & 46，429 \\
\hline 1881．．．．．．．． & 180，579 & 1．707，390 & 3，561，37（ & 586，59： & 26，567 & 110，781 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec． 25,1882 ，to Aug．4，1883，inclusive，for four years，show as follows：
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Flour．．．．．．．bbls． & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1882-83 . \\
5.190,574
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1881-82 . \\
4,212,475
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1880-81 . \\
5,295,308
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1879-80 \\
3,369,0 \times 5
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Treat．．．．．bush． & 18.145 & 22，385， 312 & 30，841，596 & 37， \\
\hline co & 62，124，199 & 44，134，624 & \(63,969,043\)
21.919 & \\
\hline Barl & 4．605，320 & 2，127，013 & 2，050，839 & 66 \\
\hline & 2，633，762 & 1，490，147 & 1，128，153 & 1，290，897 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Below are the rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for four years:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Elour... - ............bbls. & \[
\begin{gathered}
1883 . \\
\text { Week. } \\
\text { Aug. } 4 . \\
47,366
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1882 . \\
\text { Heek. } \\
\text { Aug. } \\
83,839
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1881 . \\
\text { Wug.k. } \\
147,167 \\
1 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1880 . \\
\text { Weè } \\
\text { Aug. } \\
103,397
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Wheat.. scoe. .......jash. & 384,618 & 1,236,932 & 164.462 & 803,001 \\
\hline Corn. & 319,868 & 303,816 & 1,141,250 & 639,451 \\
\hline Oats. & \(\begin{array}{r}578,334 \\ 6,359 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 651.168
10,927 & 873,972
9,393 & 58, 9,404 \\
\hline Rye... & 43,222 & 14,416 & 24,111 & 37,781 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total................. \(\overline{1,362,401} \overline{2,217,259} \overline{2,213,188} \overline{2,125,251}\) The exports from the several seaboard ports for week ending Aug. 4, 1883, are shown in the annexed statement:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Exports from- & Flour. & Wheat. & Oorn. & Oats. & Rye. & Peas. \\
\hline \multirow[b]{5}{*}{New York Boston. Portland Montreal. Baltim're N.Orl'ns} & Bbls.
\[
70,864
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bush. } \\
& 405,971
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Bush. \\
537,218
\end{tabular} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Bush. 5,174
57 ......} & Bush. 91,440 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Bush. 2,133} \\
\hline & ,840 & & 32,024 & & & \\
\hline & 13,962 & 121,737 & 219001 & & . & 18,886 \\
\hline & 7,856
6,276 & 103.500
263,829 & 89,456
45.146 & & & \\
\hline & 268 & 485 & 226,904 & & & \\
\hline Total w'k. & 144,066 & 895,522 & 1,149,839 & 46,498 & 91,440 & 21,019 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { S'me time } \\
& 1882 . . .
\end{aligned}
\] & 168,265 & 3,968,445 & 38.287 & 3,166 & 8,768 & 18.832 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The destination of these exports is as below. We add the corresponding period of last year for comparison
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Exports
for weel for we-} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Flour.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Wheat.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Oor} \\
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
1883 . \\
W e e k, \\
\text { Aug. } 4 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1882 . \\
\text { Week. } \\
\text { Aug. } 5 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1883 . \\
\text { Week. } \\
\text { Aug. } 4 .
\end{array}
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}
1882 . \\
\text { Weeek, } \\
\text { Aug. } 5 .
\end{array}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1883 . \\
\text { Week. } \\
\text { Aug. } 4 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1882 . \\
\text { Week. } \\
\text { Aug. } 5 .
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Un.King. &  & \({ }_{91.746}^{B 61 s .}\) & Bush. & - Bush. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bush. } \\
& 674,493
\end{aligned}
\] & Bush. 621 \\
\hline Contin'nt & 3,586 & - 9 9,537 & 158,163 & 1,102,983 & 387,210
45,671 & 4,955 \\
\hline W. Indies & 16,572 & \({ }_{21}{ }^{2}, 162\) & 4,375 & 200 & 9,312 & 23,595 \\
\hline Brit. Coi's & 11,736
1,976 & 17,256 & & & 33,073 & 1,116 \\
\hline Total... & 144,066 & 168,265 & 895,522 & 3,968,445 & 1,149,839 & 38,287 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

By adding this week's movement to our previous totals we have the following statement of exports since September 1, this season and last season.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Exports since Sept. 1, to-} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Flour.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Wheat.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Corn.} \\
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 1882-83. } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 \text { to } \\
\text { Aug. } 4 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1881-82. } \\
& \text { Sept. } 1 \text { to } \\
& \text { Aug. } 5 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1882-83. } \\
& \text { Sept. } 1 \text { to } \\
& \text { Aug. } 4 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline 1881-82 . \\
\text { Sept. } 1 \text { to } \\
\text { Aug. 5. }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1882-83. } \\
& \text { Sept. } 1 \text { to }
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\text { Aug. } 4 .
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 1881-82. } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 \text { to } \\
\text { Aug. } 5 .
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline & Bbl. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bbls. } \\
2,952,401
\end{gathered}
\] & Bush.
\(35,619,785\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bush. } \\
34,6 ; 0,884
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bush. } \\
34,416,632
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bush. } \\
19.740,544
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline ntinent & 418,543 & 226,186 & 27,275,649 & 14,953,390 & 8,095,980 & 4,380,967 \\
\hline S. \& C. Am & 625,068 & 691,528 & 120,560 & s,217 & 586,798 & 469,869 \\
\hline est Indies. & 825,192 & 667.621 & 77.039 & 43,980 & 397,863 & 746,848 \\
\hline Brit. Col'nies & 603,937 & 543,252 & 16,363 & & 950494 & 141,718 \\
\hline Sti. & 42,235 & 31,558 & 227,406 & 249,628 & 17\%,0 & 84,400 \\
\hline & & 112,5 & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of aceumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Aug. 4, 1883, was as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline In store at- & Wheat, hush. & Corn, bush. & Oats, biush. & Barley, bush. & Rye, bush. \\
\hline New York... & 3,504,014 & 1,52¢,059 & 992,054 & 548 & \\
\hline Do. afloat (est.) & 371,000 & 252,060 & & & 149.000 \\
\hline Albany ............ & & 6.100 & 37,100 & - 500 & 27,300 \\
\hline Buftalo. & 573.253 & 276.397 & 19,968 & 11.800 & 34,233 \\
\hline Chicago & 5,729.596 & 1,746,105 & 594,845 & 21,297 & 306,889 \\
\hline Mulwauke & 1,610,792 & 59,163 & 19,332 & 199,767 & 40,826 \\
\hline Duluth & 229,510 & 117,869 & & & \\
\hline Toled & 943,428 & 217.700
1.946 & 29.742 & & 14,621 \\
\hline Detroit & 377,983 & 1.946 & 32,934 & & \\
\hline Oswego. & 95,000 & 235.000 & 1,000 & & 40,000 \\
\hline 8t. Louis & 783,733 & 640, \(1 \sim 6\) & 198.527 & 10,660 & 51,762 \\
\hline Cincinn & 121,000 & 108,000 & 6.560 & 7,000 & 61,000 \\
\hline Boston. & 2,759 & 137,795 & 128,772 & 2,144 & 568 \\
\hline Toronto & 153,300 & & & 25,577 & 341 \\
\hline Montreal & 188,574 & 117,298 & 99,832 & 41,362 & 72,139 \\
\hline Philadelph & 220,461 & 235,357 & 97,307 & & \\
\hline Peoria & \[
2.270
\] & 48,252 & 4.4.499 & 1,682 & 75,325 \\
\hline Indianapolis & 238.100
190.146 & 53,200
105.300 & 25,300 & 210 & 14,100
12,464 \\
\hline Baltimore & 1,596,045 & 107,641 & & & \\
\hline Down Mississippi. & 70.499 & 367,667 & 92.049 & & \\
\hline On rail............. & 458,899 & 596,273 & 778,781 & 9,372 & 50,691 \\
\hline On lake & 7.42,038 & 3,353 221 & 186.454 & & 204,292 \\
\hline On cana & 543,301 & \(5 \bigcirc 9,259\) & 119,675 & & 240,910 \\
\hline Tot. Aug. & 18,750,986 & 0,917,783 & 3.504,671 & 331,919 & 1,593,894 \\
\hline Tot. July 28,83 . & 17.704,511. & 10,541,723 & 3,584,462 & 345.831 & 1,505,005 \\
\hline Tot. Aug. 5,'82. & 15,139,057 & 6,193,078 & 1,672,077 & 57,5 12 & 601,965 \\
\hline Tot. Aug. 6,'81. & 17.539,695 & 15,894,283 & ,404.713 & 125,573 & 250,321 \\
\hline Tot. Aug. 7, 80. & 14,791,197 & 16,647,605 & ,465,547 & 169,717 & 387,682 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE DRY GOODS TRADE.}

Friday, P. M., Aug. 10, 1883.
In commission and jobbing circles the business of the past week has been somewhat disappointing, wholesale buyers having conducted their operations with a degree of caution bordering upon timidity. There was no hesitation in supplying immediate wants, but there was an obvious indisposition to anticipate future requirements to any material extent. The most satisfactory feature of the week's business was a further improvement in the jobbing branches of the trade. Retailers
from Southern markets have appeared in considarable foree, and fair aggregate sales of staple and department goods were made by jobbers who cater especially for this class of trade. The general situation is practically unchanged, and while values of the most desirable cotton, woolen and mixed fabrics are maintained with a fair degree of steadiness, goods not strictly in accordance with present wants are difficult to move at a price that will cover the cost of production.
Domestic Cotton Goons.-The exports of domestics for the week were 2,488 packages, including 755 to China, 434 to Great Britain, 450 to U. S. of Colombia, 117 to Brazil, 114 to Hayti, 109 to Central America, 290 to Venezuela, 86 to Dutch West Indies, \&c. The demand for cotton goods at first hands was comparatively light, but a fair business was done in package and assorted lots by leading jobbers. Brown and bleached goods were in steady, though moderate, request, and the best makes were relatively more active than the lower grades. Cotton flannels continued to move steadily at anchanged prices, but colored cattons were dull in agents' hands, and some additional makes of tickings, stripes, \&c., were marked down Prices of staple cotton goods are without quotable change, but it is a buyers' market. Print cloths were quiet in demand, but steady at \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) c. less \(\frac{1}{2}\). per cent for \(64 \times 64 \mathrm{~s}\). and \(31-16 \mathrm{c}\). for \(56 \times 60\) s., respectively. Prints were more or less quiet, but there was a very fair movement in standard dress ginghams.
Domestic Woolen Goods.-Mens'-wear woolens have been a rifle more active in demand. Small orders for duplicate parcels of heayy cassimeres, \&c., were received to a fair amount and a moderate business in light-weight union cassimeres and worsted coatings-were reported by agents who have opened new lines for next spring. Indications point to a lower range of values for spring clothing woolens, cotton-warp cassimeres having been opened at about 5 c . per yard below last season's prices. Satinets of the better grades were rather more active, and there was a freer movement in Kentucky jeans and doeskins from both first and second hands. Cloakings, sackings, Jersey cloths, all-wool and worsted dress fabrics, and shawls, were severally in fair demand, and there was a moderately cood business in flannels and carpets at firm prices; but blankets were rather slow, and knit underwear was lightly dealt in.
Foreign Goods have been in irregular demand, and upon the whole sluggish. Silks and velvets were in fair request, as were British dress goods; but Continental dress fabrics of the finer grades were mostly quiet. Cloakings and men's-wear woolens were in moderate request and steady in price. Linen goods, laces and embroideries remained quiet, and there was only a limited movement in hosiery and gloves.

Importations of Dry Goods.
The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Aug. 9, 1883, and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1882, are as follows:
```


[^0]:    * Ihis column shows last dividend on stocks, but date of maturity of bonds。

