

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE. Weekly Aewspaper.

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES

VOL. 36.

NEW YORK, MAY 26, 1883.

NO. 935.

Financial.

AMERICAN Bank Note Company,

142 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Rueinees Founded 1795.
Incorporated under Laws of State of New York, 1858.

Incorporated under Laws of State of New York, 1858.

Recorganized 1879.

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(INCORPORATED 1885.)

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TREASURERTS DEPARTMENT,
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Semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT upon the
capital Stock of the Company, clear of all taxes, payable on and after May 29, 1883, to shareholders, as
registered on the books at 3 o'clock, P. M., April 30th
iii. The said dividend will be paid in the proportion of two per cent in cash, and two per cent in
serip, redeemable in cash upon its delivery, or convertible into the Capital Stock of the Company at
par, prior to August 1, 1883, when presented in sums
of fifty dollars.
Stockholders will also have the option of subscribing at par to the Stock of the Company, in the proportion of four per cent of the number of shares registered
in their names April 30, 1883. Those who are entitled
to a fraction of a share can subscribe for a full share.
All subscriptions must be made and paid for in full
on or before June 15, 1883, as no subscriptions will be
received after that date. The privilege of taking new
stock may be sold by shareholders, and blank forms
of allotments will be furnished upon application. On
May 29 dividends will be paid to women only.

JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG BAILROAD COMPANY, No. 20
NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.—Coupons of the Consolidated First Mortguge Bonds of this company, due June 1, 1883, will be paid on and after that date at the Union Trust Company of New York.
FRED. A. BROWN, Treasurer.

NEW YORK, May 24, 1883. GALVESTON HARRISBURG & SAN TANTONIO RAILWAY COMPANY SECOND MORTGAGE COUPONS, due June 1, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. Drexel, Morgan & Co., corner of Wall and Broad streets, N. Y.

T. W. PEIRCE, President.

OREGON IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, New York, May 22, 1883.

Onew York, May 22, 1883.

The Coupons of the Company's First Mortgage Bonds, due June 1, 1883, will be paid at the office of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company on and after that day.

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195 bonds of \$1,000 each, numbered consecutively from i to 195, bearing interest at 5 per cent per snum, and to run for 20 years from July 2, 1883. Principal and interest payable in gold coin. Interest payable is gold coin. Interest payable semi-annually on January and July 1st of said bonds each year, commencing with the low-cst-numbered bonds. \$145,000.

120 bonds of \$1,000 each, numbered consecutively from 1 to 120, and conditions in every other respect the same as the foregoing bonds, except that the city reserves the right to pay 0 of said bonds each year, commencing with lowest-numbered bonds \$12,000, and eonditions in every other respect the same as the foregoing bonds, except that the city reserves the right to pay 3 of said bonds each year commencing with the lowest-numbered bonds. \$312,000.

Bids will be received for the above-described bonds in any sum of \$1,000 and upwards, but no bid will be received below par, money to be placed in Stockton free of costs to the city.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Bids can be made for any specific-numbered bond, and in this manner purchasers can select their investment to run for such time as they may desire.

Bids will be received up to June 25, 1833, and bonds awarded July 1, 1833. Parties whose bids are accepted will be notified at once and immediately thereupon they must deposit in the Stockton National Bank the value of the bonds bid for, whereupon their bonds will be received up to June 25, 1833, and bonds awarded July 1, 1833. Parties whose bids are accepted will be notified at once and immediately thereupon they must deposit in the Stockton National Bank the value of the bonds bid for, whereupon their bonds will be forwarded to them by express or delivered to them or their agents properly authorized to receive them.

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MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, HUNT'S A Weekly Newspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 36.

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1883.

NO. 935.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is published in New York every Saturday morning.
[Entered at the Post Office, New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

COLLATERAL LOANS AND LIFE INSURANCE.

A question has been raised as to the effect on the investments of insurance companies, and especially of life companies, of the bill now signed by the Governor, which grants authority to corporations organized in this State, except savings banks, to make loans on stock collaterals. We published the law and briefly commented upon it in our issue of May 12th, but as the feature referred to is a matter of considerable interest, a further reference to the subject seems desirable.

The belief prevails that the law will foster Wall Street speculations by largely increasing loans on stocks. This belief is based upon the obvious error which many appear to have fallen into, that insurance corporations had, before the passage of this act, no authority to make stock investments. The general insurance law was already very liberal in this particular. As amended in 1868, it provided that any insurance company organized under it could "invest its funds or accumula-"tions * * in stocks of this State, or of any incorpo-"rated city in this State * * * and in any stocks created "under the laws of this State that shall be at the time of "such investment at a market value in the city of New "York at or above par." In 1875 it was further enacted that all such companies "could invest the funds required

"are by law allowed to invest in in this State." These provisions seem to be ample authority for the purchase of almost any stock not below par, the section first quoted being plain as to stocks of corporations of this State, and the section last quoted apparently permitting investments in companies organized in other States, so far as funds may be required to meet prospective losses on outstanding policies in such States. It may be suggested that we are too liberal in our interpretation of the latter provision. We think not, for it will be noticed that the law does not read matured obligations or obligations that have become fixed by death, but simply "obligations incurred," which covers any life policy as soon as issued.

We are not aware, however, that there was in the law as it stood previous to the passage of the act of last session, anything more than an implied authority granted to insurance companies by the legislature of our State, for making loans on stock collaterals. Loans of that description, like the discounting of promissory notes, would at first sight almost seem to be strictly within the province of banking business-a power outside of or beyond the limits of insurance corporations. Still such authority was at one time distinctly conferred upon marine, fire, health and life companies, under chapter 308, laws of 1849, where in section 8 (after enumerating the stocks and bonds in which it may be lawful for insurance companies to invest their capital and accumulations) these words were added-"and to lend the same or any "part thereof on the security of such stock or bonds," &c.

Thus if this provision were in force now, it would undoubtedly sustain the practice, but it happens that in 1853 that law was repealed so far as it applied to life, health and fire insurance companies (except such as had been already organized under it), so that since 1853 it has not been in force (with the exception named) except as to marine companies. It should be said, however, that the general insurance law passed in 1853, in place of the law of 1849, gives in section 12 fifteen items or heads upon which all companies must make an annual report to the Comptroller under oath, and the twelfth of these items specifies among other assets to be reported upon-"loans on stocks." This requirement, therefore, has we suppose been hitherto taken as a continuation of the authority to make such loans, or at least as a legislative ex. planation of the meaning of a previous section permitting investments in stocks. At all events our life insur. ance companies have of late years very rapidly expanded this branch of their business. Through the kindness of Mr. McCall, the Insurance Superintendent, we have "to meet obligations incurred in other States, in the same received the figures of assets for January 1, 1883, for "class of accurities in those States that such corporations all life companies doing business in this State, and

from previous reports we have similar returns for other years, enabling us to prepare the following very interesting statement showing the changes which have taken place in the investments of our life companies since 1879.

INVESTMENTS OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN NEW YORK STATE.

Life Insurance Investments.	Bonds and Mortgages	U. S. Stock	Other Stock		Loans on St'ks as Collaterals.			
N. Y. State Companies.	`\$		\$		\$		\$	
1883	95,129,900	13	9,038,483	50	53,192,563	82	39,000,566	61
1882	91,673,440	32	11,803,200	00	60,085,446	70	33,812,279	48
1881	94,8:6,552	23	15,355,875	83	43,860,918	22	22,063,284	21
1580	96,066,312	33	21,274,579	C6	35,880,416	03	9.787,085	14
1879	102,775,592	56	23,467,796	13	34,740,532	25	3,033,999	24
Other Companies-								
1883	77,368,877	46	6,571,202	92	55,125,290	52	15,947,123	50
1882	69,344,272	75	17,518.094	88	49,714,895	15	7,132,343	11
1881	69,935,325	54	22,662,900	01	42,871,641	66	2,493,086	70
1880	77,075,080	87	21,207,760	89	37,830,634	84	2,833,460	18
1879	86,352,211	11	18,433,211	67	36,172,896	98	1,877,800	40
Totals—								
1883	172,498,837	59	15,609,686	42	108,317,854	34	54,950,690	11
1882	160,017,713	07	29,316,294	88	99,800,341	85	40,944,622	59
1881	164,7-1,877	77	38,018,775	84	86,732,559	88	24,556,370	91
1880	173,741,993	20	42,482,339	95	73,711,050	87	12,620,545	30
1879	189,127,803	67	41,901,007	80	70,913,489	23	4,911,305	64

This shows the marvelous growth in collateral loans of from 5 millions in January, 1879, to 55 millions in Janu ary, 1883. There are also other interesting features in this exhibit, but we have not time now to remark upon them. The reader will notice, however, that mortgage loans have begun to increase again, that Government bonds have declined from 42 millions to 151 millions, and that other stocks and bonds have increased about 38 millions.

It is then under such circumstances and conditions, that the general law of last session, as to investments in and loans on stocks, was passed. We are not now considering the wisdom of such investments or loans by life companies, or the effect of such a practice on the monetary situation. Those are questions which we may discuss on another occasion. The point we at present make is that the new law extends in no essential degree the facilities for dealings in stocks, and can have no important effect in this particular on the practice of life insurance companies. We are aware that it has been hailed in speculating circles as a decided enlargement of the loaning powers of corporations, and as a source of new capital for Wall Street; but the facts show that the powers supposed to be granted now, existed and were in use before. They are in one or two particulars defined more clearly, which was desirable, but in other respects the tendency of the law will be conservative rather than speculative, for it puts new guards and new checks on stock loans.

READING'S GUARANTEE OF CENTRAL NEW JERSEY STOCK.

Contemporaneously with the release of the Central of New Jersey from receiver's hands, and its lease to the Philadelphia & Reading, comes the announcement of the purchase by Mr. Vanderbilt of a controlling interest in the stock of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie. The Pittsburg & Lake Erie is in itself perhaps an unimportant road, but as a link in a through route between the East and the West, it holds a very different position, and Mr. Vanderbilt's desire to get control of it (despite the fact that it is believed to be hampered by voting trustees, who elect the board of directors) shows that that gentleman is in earnest in his determination to build a line through Southern Pennsylvania, furnishing at once a Western outlet for the Reading and an entrance to Philadelphia for the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and his other Western lines.

Mr. Vanderbilt's latest purchase, however, has, aside from the evidence it offers of his intention to carry out his Pennsylvania schemes, a particular interest just now because of its bearing upon the Jersey Central road,

of the same given by the Reading, which are now subjects of active discussion. The importance of the Jersey Central to the Reading we have seen nowhere questioned. It appears to be generally recognized that with the completion of the connections and extensions now in progress the traffic of the Reading will greatly increase, and that as a consequence the necessity for a New York outlet completely under the control of the Reading becomes even more imperative than at present, for the increase in business must come largely in through traffic, and of this a great proportion will always be destined to New York.

Curiously enough, however, the same persons who without hesitation accept the theory of an increase in business under the conditions mentioned, utterly fail to make any allowance for the same in earnings when considering the two roads' prospective future, and not only question the Central's earning capacity, but even ridicule the suggestion that the Reading can meet the guarantee undertaken. Here are two bankrupt concerns, it is said, one of which proposes to assume the other's burdens, not only in the matter of fixed charges, but also in the matter of dividends. Now granting that the Reading is sincere in its desire to take charge of the Central, who will take charge of the Reading? In other words, who will guarantee the Reading if it guarantees the Central? The combination has even given rise to amusing ditties, depicting in a humorous vein the ludicrous aspect of the affair as it presents itself to the mind of the author.

But is it true that the Central and the Reading or either of them, are bankrupt and insolvent concerns? The fact that both companies are out of the hands of receivers would certainly seem to answer that question in the negative. Still the figures showing the earnings and fixed charges will be deemed more conclusive on the point. Take first the Reading. It is true that only three years have elapsed since the road went to default, but from its present statements there would seem to be no doubt of its being fully able to meet all its obligations now. In the year ended November 30, 1880, (the first under the receivers) there was a deficit of no less than \$1,209,986, but in the very next year there was a balance of net earnings above the annual charges of \$183,256, and in the late fiscal year ending November 30, 1882, there was a similar balance of \$882,941. Moreover, the company is still recording improvement. Its return for the month of April was issued this week, and from it we see that for the five months of the current fiscal year its net earnings have increased \$271,807 over the corresponding period of the preceding fiscal year. The total net for the five months (on the Railroad and the Coal & Iron company) is \$3,658,672. Furthermore it is a striking commentary on the progress that has been made during the last four years that this amount is over \$450,000 greater than the net earnings for the whole of the fiscal year 1878-9, when the total was only \$3,202,386. Evidently the Reading can no longer be classed among bankrupts.

In the case of the Central of New Jersey, the growth has been more gradual, but it is equally certain that the road has earned the right to be considered self-sustaining again. In the year 1880 its net earnings appear to have been about equal to the fixed charges, but in 1881 and 1882 there was a surplus respectively of \$602,655 and \$597,276. In these latter amounts no allowance is made for interest on the income bonds, but deducting \$171,500 on this account the actual surplus would be \$425,776 for 1882 and \$431,155 for 1881. Unlike the Reading, the Central of New Jersey does not make and the value of the guarantee upon the stock monthly reports of its earnings, so we can not state in exact figures what its income has been thus far in the present year, but from a statement made at the annual meeting of the stockholders two weeks ago it seems that the four months to the end of April show a gain on the net earnings of the same period in 1882 of \$223,500, which makes it clear that, like the Reading, the company has risen considerably above the plane of insolvency.

But granting (what the facts clearly prove) that neither the Central nor the Reading is any longer bankrupt, it is still a fair question whether the Reading can meet its guarantee of 6 per cent on Central stock. Six per cent on the \$18,563,200 atock which the Central of New Jersey has out would call for an annual payment of \$1,113,792. The Central's own net income we have found above to be \$425,776. On that basis the Reading would have to advance pretty nearly \$700 000 to make up the full sum required for the guarantee. While no doubt this would be a heavy drain upon it, the aurplus of \$882,941 remaining in 1881-2 shows that the company could cover it out of its revenues. Put in another way, to meet the \$1,113,792 dividend on the Central stock, we have the Central's own net income and that of the Reading, together \$1,308,717. But this is on the assumption that in the current year the inco me of both companies will be no greater than it was in 1881-82, which is in conflict with the facts already disclosed, for we have seen that for the five months of ita fiscal year the Reading has gained \$271,807 on last year, and for the four months of its year the Central gained \$223,500, a total gain of pretty nearly \$500,000. Now should there be no further gain on either road the remainder of the year, the two companies would yet be half a million dollars better off than they were in the late fiscal year. In other words, with the gain thus far made the present year would show a surplus of over 13 million dollars on the two companies that might be applied to the payment of the \$1,113,792 dividend on the Central's stock, less of course any increase in fixed charges over 1882.

This, however, allows nothing for a prospective increase in the Reading's business and also in that of the Central by reason of the new combinations perfected and pro. jected. Yet the connections which the Reading will soon have with other lines should prove of great value to it in this respect. The Jersey Shore Pine Creek & Buffalo (furnishing the connecting link between the York Central and the Reading) it is reported was opened to business this week, and the Reading ahould immediately feel the effect, for through it it gets a northern and western outlet for its coal, which it has not had before. Then the Southern Pennsylvania road (from Harrisburg to Pittsburg) it is calculated may prove even more beneficial to the company, for it will make the Reading an east-and-west trunk line, and give it a very direct connection (by means of the Pittaburg & Lake Erie and the Lake Shore) with the West. This South Pennsylvania line it is understood will (now that the Pennsylvania legislature has removed the limit of capitalization for Pennsylvania railroads) be vigorously pushed forward, and Mr. Vanderbilt's purchase of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie would seem to leave no doubt about the matter. It goes without saying that these extensions will benefit the Central New Jersey as well as the Reading, but the Central has this further advantage that it is to get the Baltimore & Ohio's business to New York (from Philadelphia) after the Baltimore & Ohio has completed its new line between Philadelphia and Baltimore, this business now going, we believe, exclusively over the Pennsylvania route to New York. Hence it would seem that the Central of New Jersey has not only a fair chance of increasing its income in the future, but also the prospect that when all these new sources of l

revenue are fully open to it, it can itself actively enter upon the work of earning the 6 per cent upon its stock.

The conclusion then would seem to be (1) that if the Reading intends to carry out in good faith its guarantee of Central stock, there is nothing in its present earning capacity, or that of the Central, to prevent it; (2) that the Reading has every prospect of strengthening its position in this respect through the increased business that its new extensions and connections offer it; and (3) that as the Central must share in the increased prosperity of the Reading, it is far from chimerical to suppose that at some day in the near future the road will itself be fully able to take care of the dividend which the Reading now guarantees for it.

THE WESTERN UNION AND THE NEW INJUNCTION LAW.

An amendment to the Code of Civil Procedure which has been passed by the late Legislature of this State has excited comment in view of its possible application to the litigation in which the Western Union Telegraph Company is involved respecting its last issue of stock. It will be remembered that the decision of the General Term of the Superior Court by which the judgment of Judge Truax was reversed, and over fifteen millions of the new issue declared illegal, was followed by an injunction by Judge Arnoux against the payment of the dividends on that portion of the new stock. It is now suggested that the amendment in question may have been obtained from a compliant legislature to extricate the company from an unpleasant dilemma.

An injunction is an exercise of purely equitable power; courts which have only law jurisdiction and cannot exert an equitable remedy, can only render money judgments. They cannot reach those cases in which money affords no compensation for the injury done. Evidently then some power must exist which can prevent an act from being done until an investigation can be made as to whether justice will permit it to be done at all, and which, if necessary, can give a final judgment forbidding it to be done at any time. Hence the writ of injunction, the main object of which is to do justice, when the complaining party's position is such that he cannot be compensated by money damages for the wrong the other person is committing, or when the wrong-doer is insolvent.

From the nature of things it is evident then that an injunction should not be granted unless the party applying for it has a right which will be greatly or irreparably affected by the acts sought to be restrained. If the defendant is entirely responsible, and the only effect of his conduct will be to inflict pecuniary damage upon the other party, equity should not interfere. Hence arises the ordinary fundamental principle that an injunction should not issue when there is an adequate remedy at law—that is to say, when a money judgment will afford full compensation. The remedy is an extraordinary one, to be resorted to, as a general rule, only when an injury without adequate redress may result if the writ is not employed.

But in these modern days we are utilizing the injunction in a manner that would make the English chancellors open their eyes with wonder and amazement. We bring suits simply for the purpose of obtaining a temporary injunction, and when it has served its purpose we discontinue. The writ figures prominently in every railroad litigation, and corporations even pass from the control of one party of stockholders to another by the convenient use of injunctions forbidding inspectors of elections to receive certain votes, the writ being served (by mistake, of course,) too late to permit of its being

vacated. Even an expelled member of the Stock Board obtains the right to go back upon the floor of the Exchange by the same judicial procedure.

Was it not therefore a wise thing for the Legislature to consider whether we are not going too far in the exercise of such chancery powers which savor of absolutism, and are in their nature opposed to the liberty of the people? A United States Judge, after examining affidavits and hearing argument, makes up his mind that the use of certain machinery in a factory is an infringement of a patent. He issues his injunction order, the factory stops, hundreds of hands are thrown out of employment, and large sums of money are lost. After two or three years the Supreme Court at Washington reverses his action, but there is no reparation, pecuniary or otherwise, afforded the injured parties; they cannot even sue the plaintiffs who obtained the injunction, for it was not their act but the act of the Court. Can there be anything more utterly at variance with the fundamental principles of our Government? An injunction is not, in its nature, the creature of a general government of law, but of the special instance which calls it forth. It is based on principles opposed to republicanism, and allied rather to personal government. And so far as we are subjected to the rule of special instance as opposed to the the general government of law, just so far are we drifting away from the principles of free institutions.

We must have such equity powers; so we must have military power sometimes; but the less we have of either the better. Both are the creatures of emergency, and if we have not the gravest wisdom and purest purpose in their exercise we had best not have them at all. They are built on personal power, and equally tend to absolutism.

No one who knows anything of corporation litigation in this city will deny that the result is governed largely by the personnel of the Judge. If an injunction is needed in favor or against a corporation an appeal is indirectly and perhaps unconsciously made to the self-importance of the Judge. Human nature is weak and very apt to yield. There is a strong temptation for the judge to exert the personal power which is confided to him. He does not suspect it perhaps, and yet it is because of his peculiar nature, education and affiliations, that the matter has been brought before him. Not that his integrity is suspected or questioned by either party, but for the reason that he has a bias which is none the less a certain thing because he does not himself dream of its existence. The English Chancellors knew this very well, and the history of equity jurisprudence in England shows that the power grew up slowly and was exercised reluctantly, and that the more eminent the Chancellor the more unwilling he was to extend the powers of his Court.

Now if there be any truth in these suggestions, if the personal power which is exerted in an injunction is to a certain extent opposed to the principles of a government of law and tends to a government of special instance—then we should not be sorry to see the Legislature pass any act that may tend to restrain the exercise of such power within its proper bounds; and such, we think, is the tendency of the law in question. It simply provides that on an application to vacate or modify an injunction, the judge must, when the alleged wrong is not irreparable and is capable of being adequately compensated for in money, vacate the injunction order upon the defendant's giving the plaintiff a bond to indemnify him against any loss sustained by reason of its being so vacated.

It will be seen that under this amendment a plaintiff can have an injunction vacated only on two conditionsfirst, if the wrong can be compensated for in money (in which case, by the way, the injunction should not have been granted at all); and secondly, on giving a bond to indemnify the plaintiff. These provisions, it seems to us, are eminently fair, whether they happen to benefit the Western Union Company or the humblest litigant. We can see very well how a stock speculator, who personally, or through an obliging Attorney-General, brings a suit to harass a corporation, might be annoyed by finding such a provision on the statute-book; but how any bona flde suitor who has a claim for which money will fully compensate him is injured by being refused an injunction when he is furnished with a bond against any possible loss, we cannot see.

We have no sympathy with the Western Union Company in the troubles which attend its course in further diluting an already watered stock-whether it distribute the new issue among its own stockholders or pay it over to the stockholders of what an innocent public imagined to be rival corporations. But we confess that our sympathy is even less with those who endeavor to impart to the few shares that have not consented to the new issue a speculative value by using them for the purposes of embarrassing litigation. We conceive that it is extremely doubtful whether the amendment in question will be found to apply to the injunction against the dividend. But even if it should we do not see how the plaintiffs can complain if the injunction is vacated, provided they are secured from any possible damage which might accrue to them from such a course.

. THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

A severe and cold storm, accompanied in the West by snow and in sections of the South by frost, has furnished a new opportunity this week for reports of serious damage to the crops. Speculators in breadstaffs have made all they could out of this, but the latest information confirms the belief that very little damage to grain has resulted, and that the situation in that particular has not materially changed during the week. From all that we have thus far been able to gather we see no sufficient reason for changing the opinion previously expressed that all our crops, though later than last year, are to-day in a promising condition with good prospects of a full yield.

A reminder of the need of abundant harvests and a good demand for our products, has come this week in a further disturbance in the foreign exchange market, and the general feeling of disquietude it produced. Such occasions show how the silver coinage bill has unsettled the confidence of the moneyed classes until the least indication of a drain of gold causes evident anxiety. There is no subject to-day so generally discussed and no influence so feared among conservative classes. In view of this state of the public mind it does not seem possible that there should be any revival of industrial activity for the present. Perhaps as the summer advances, and it appears certain that we are to have good crops, good markets and another influx of gold, a belief may be encouraged that the coming evil is deferred, and permit of a renewal of enter prise. To-day, however, as we said last week, all our commercial conditions are, through fear, being forced into such a shape as to permit of an inflow of gold the coming

The seriousness of the situation this week was increased by reports, now known to be greatly exaggerated, of impending financial troubles in London. These rumors were early current, arising out of the failure of the stock house there two weeks ago, and were to the effect that many firms were consequently in a critical condition and that the next fortuightly settlement would be attended with great difficulties and cause a marked disturbance in values. It is known now, as said, that these fears were in a great measure groundless; that the return of securities here was a temporary movement, due to the forced unloading of certain traders who were carrying large blocks of speculative stocks and crippled in their ability to get money through the late action of the Bank of England in declining to make advances to bill brokers and speculators.

Our burden, in this unloading, was increased by the very easy state of our money market, which helped to turn the liquidation upon American securities of all degrees of merit. The facility with which sales can now be made through the cable permitted this movement. Our extremely easy money market which induced these sales in New York is, of course, in good part natural, but in part it is unnatural, and due to the constant increase of irredeemable currency through those vicious silver certificates which the Government is manufacturing at the rate of about 2½ millions a month. We do not mean to blame Mr. Folger for this, for we are unable to see how he can help these issues, as he does not make, only executes, the law. Still, in spite of currency mistakes the scare has passed, leaving very little permanent effect upon us. For, happily, the selling on London account ceased on Wednesday, the situation abroad improving materially on that day; and on Thursday the Bank of England showed a gain in bullion and in the percentage of reserve to liabilities so decided as to indicate a more easy money market in the future; this was followed here by a reduction in the rates of sterling exchange, with the market quiet, though steady, at the decline.

Under the conditions which we have noted above, the stock market, as might be expected, has been very irregular. On Monday the apeculators for a decline put to best advantage the unfavorable rumors from London and the sales of stocks on London account; of course prices declined. This downward movement was further promoted by news of the cold storms, with snow and frost throughout the West, already referred to. But in the afternoon of Tuesday the market was sharply turned upward on reports subsequently confirmed that the trouble in London was for the time at least at an end. On Wednesday the leaders continued to move prices of their respective specialties steadily upward, and some of the speculators for a decline hastened to cover their short contracts, so that the tone of the market was generally strong on that day. The same conditions prevailed on Thursday, until the afternoon, when there was a downward reaction, but not of a very decided character. Yesterday the market showed considerable irregularity, with some rise in several of the favorites early in the day, but there was no general firmness, and the close was tame and featureless.

The public has, as in previous weeks, taken very little personal interest in the market, the changes, aside from the influences we have mentioned, being brought about by the speculative manipulation by the professionals. Those operating for a fall have taken pains to magnify every adverse rumor or fact. Their adversaries have apparently waited until a favorable opportunity offered before making any movement, but the ease with which they have succeeded in advancing prices shows that there is a moderately strong undertone, and that the speculators for a decline are not very confident of their ability to keep prices down. Meantime railroad earnings exhibit a fair increase compared with last year, immigration is add-

ing to tue value of properties in the outlying sections of the country, and the prospect is such as to encourage investments and speculation in the shares and bonds of the best managed and most promising of the roads. So far as European purchases are concerned, very liberal investments in American railroads need not be looked for, especially while financial affairs in London are in a comparatively uncertain state; and it may be that a partial failure of the crops in England would operate so unfavorably in Europe as to cause the return to us of nearly all properties except those held strictly for investment purposes.

The Pennsylvania atatement of earnings for April, issued this week, is a good illustration of most returns for that month that have thus far been made public-that is to say, it is satisfactory, without being brilliant. The most encouraging feature in all recent statements of the Pennsylvania has been the steady growth in the volume of business from year to year, as reflected in constantly enlarging gross earnings, and this same feature is again to be noted in April, the gross revenue for that month being heavier than in the same month of any preceding year. It is to be observed, however, that large though the increase in business has been of late years, it has not always sufficed to keep pace with the augmentation in expenses, and while we find the net earnings now about \$150,000 greater than in April, 1882, they are \$188,000 smaller than in 1881 and even somewhat below those of 1880. The following table will make this clear as to April, and also afford a comparison of results for the first four months of this and four provious vears.

Lines East of Pittsburg.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.
April.	8	\$	\$	8	8
Gress earnings	4,061,750	3,855,850	3,760,372	3,488,366	2,630,022
Operating expenses	2,593,919	2,536,539	2,104,562	1,902,734	1,598,994
Net earnings	1,467,831	1,319,311	1,655,810	1,495,588	1,031,028
Jan. 1 to April 30 -		0			
Gross earnings	15,892,702	14,448,214	13,889,505	12,794,679	10,814,558
Operating expenses	10,161,692	9,550,214	8,000,504	7,189,369	6,103,785
Net earnings	5,731,010	4,889,000	5,820,001	5,605,310	4,210,768

Here we see that the figures for the four months make a much better exhibit than those for April, but still it can not fail to be noticed that notwithstanding a gain of pretty nearly \$850,000 over last year, net earnings this year are yet \$90,000 smaller than in 1881, though they are \$125,. 000 above the total for 1880. All this relates to the lines east of Pittsburg. When we come to those west of Pitts. burg we find a similar state of affairs, only that the difference between this year and 1881 and 1880 is perhaps more marked. The surplus for April—that is, the amount remaining after allowing for all charges—we figure at \$149,710, against only \$19,557 in 1882; but as compared with the two preceding years, the exhibit is unfavorable. The surplus in April, 1881, was over three times and in 1880 almost twice as great as this year. For the four months this surplus foots up \$385,866 this year, against a merely nominal sum in 1882, but against over 11 millions in both 1881 and 1880. Thus the Pennsylvania, on both its eastern and its western lines, is running behind previous exceptionally good years.

Money, as already stated, has been very easy this week. Currency continues to flow hither from the interior, thus accumulating at this centre, while the ailver certificates which are paid out for bullion purchased for coinage, augment the currency to the extent of nearly 2½ millions per month. The New York Clearing House banks, according to returns collected by us, have received from and ahipped to the interior gold and legal tenders as follows the past week.

Week Ending May 25, 1883.	Received by N.Y. Banks.		Net Interior Movement.
GurrencyGold	\$2,931,000 27,000	\$372,000 124,000	Gain.\$2,559,000 Loss. 97,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$2,958,000	\$400,000	Gain.\$2,462,000

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of gold and legal tenders caused by this movement to and from the interior. In addition to that movement our City banks have lost \$190,017 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury. Adding that item, therefore, to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total gain to the New York Clearing-House banks of gold and legal tenders for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to-day.

Week Ending May 25, 1883.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' Interior Movement, as above Snb-Treasury operations, net		\$496,000 190,017	Gain.\$2,462,000 Loss. 190,017
Total gold and legal tenders	\$2,058,000	\$686,017	Gain.\$2,271,983

The following table, showing relative prices of stocks and bonds in London and New York at the opening each day, will give some idea of the profit in cable transactions.

	May 21.		May 22.		May 23.		May 24.		May 25.	
	Lond'n prices.*		Lond'n prices.*		Lond'n prices.*		Lond'n prices.*		Lond'n prices.*	
U.S.48,0.	110-19	11936	119-19	11936	119.07	11934	119.07	119	119.07	1191/6
U.S.S14s.	102.82	103	103:07	102%	103.05	10234	103.17	10234	102.95	10234
Erle	S4·S1	34%	34.10	3436	34.74	35	35.57	35%	85.17	351/8
2d con.	95.25:	97	94:28‡	96%	93:37‡	9734	93.37‡	9834	95*28‡	9814
Ill. Cent.	144.84	14216	142.54	14134	142.78	14214	144.01	143	148.87	143
N. Y. C	120.90	120%	120.41	12016	121.27	121	122.49	121%	121.88	12134
Reading	26:50+	5234	26:37+	52	26.52+	521/6	26.77+	583%	26.824	5314
Ont.W'n	25.74	255%	25.64	2534	26.03	25%	20.25	2614	26.13	2014
8t. Paul.	103.07	1021/8	101-79	1013/8	101.95	101%	103-17	10234	102.95	102%
Exch'ge,										
cables.	4.8	81/6	4.8	1814	4.88)	4.8	39	4.8	814

*Expressed in their New York equivalent.
†Reading on basis of \$50, par value. ‡Ex interest.

The bullion in the Bank of England increased £273,000 this week, and there has been a further gain of £50,000 on balance since then. The proportion of reserve to liabilities was augmented $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. The Bank of France reports an increase of 3,300,000 francs gold and of 1,775,000 francs silver. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the

corresponding date in 1882.

	May 24	1, 1883.	May 25, 1882.			
	Gold.	Sitver.	Gold.	Silver.		
	4		A	A		
Bank of England	20,131,208		23,385,099			
Bank of France	40,491,244	42,049,048	36,603,185	46,242,389		
Bank of Germany	7,831,250	23,493,750	7,246,250	21,737,750		
Total this week	68.453.702	65.542.798	67,234,834	67,980,139		
Total previous week						

The Assay Office paid \$270,841 through the Sub-Treasury during the week for domestic bullion, and \$78,000 for foreign bullion (the latter Spanish doubloons which had been held in the banks for some time), and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House.

		Consisting of—							
Date.	Duties.	Gold.	U. S. Notes.	Gold Gertif.	Silver Oer- tificates.				
May 18	\$314,460 11	\$10,000	\$14,000	\$199,000	\$91,000				
4 19	224,258 75	8,000	12,000	119,000	85,000				
« 21	383,683 60	15,000	17,000	237,000	116,000				
** 22	376,128 02	13,000	21,000	246,000	96,000				
" 23	270,516 94	11,000	20,000	149,000	90,000				
" 24	300,227 42	18,000	14,000	182,000	86,000				
Total.	\$1.869,272 84	\$75,000	\$98,000	1,132,000	₹564,000				

THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

The local feature of the past week, outside of the commercial markets, has been the celebration attending the formal opening of the great, and at last completed, Brooklyn Bridge. The Brooklyn Bridge it is generally called

and such it will remain, until consolidation or custom reduce it to "the bridge," or cause it to be thought of no longer as anything distinctive except as one of the sights for strangers. Brooklyn, rather than New York, has been blazing with enthusiasm about the event; Brooklyn paid two thirds of the enormous cost, no very strong reason ever appearing why in fact this city should pay any portion of it. The verse-makers talk of the wooing and wedding of Brooklyn by New York; but Brooklyn has really been the wooer. The bridge is not to enable Brooklyn to come over to New York to stay, but to coax New York over to Long Island. In the recognition of this fact it is the "bride" rather than the "groom" who feels the pride and elation; the triumph is that of a neighboring city which claims the structure as hers, and the claim may be conceded.

The most widely circulated periodical in the world has just described the bridge in an illustrated article; pamphlets and souvenirs have been vended in the streets; the fireworks have been let off, the speeches also; and the newspapers have given the public a surfeit of facts of construction and history. To raise anew the old questions which have heretofore been raised in these columns would be like exhibiting a skeleton at a feast-let them all pass-The great bridge is a thing accomplished. Its solidity may be taken for granted; its beauty is most evident; and it is a feeble expression to pronounce the structure a marvel of human skill. As some offset to the increased cost, ought to be recorded the fact that steel has been substituted for the iron contemplated originally, and that the approaches are stone viaducts instead of iron trusswork, the whole having been wrought on a larger and more solid plan than was proposed at first, so that there is a larger and better as well as costlier bridge.

But after all the rejoicings are over and we settle anew to the every-day business of life, the non-sentimental question remains, whether and how this great structure is to prove practically worth having. The tolls are trivial and temporary; the greater obstacle to general use of the bridge is the inaccessibility, if one may so call it, of its termini. Merely to get from shore to shore the ferries will probably be always preferred, except in the short periods of obstruction by ice or fog; and the bridge must become a link in a comprehensive scheme of through transit if it is to be worth the cost, for it is not Brooklyn proper, but outlying Brooklyn and Long Island that needs to be brought nearer to New York. The bridge is already, from its position, a practical extension of the east side elevated roads; and the Second Avenue road, by its more solid construction and lighter local traffic, would be especially suitable for swift connection with uptown New York.

The problems are now on the Brooklyn side. The proposed extension of Flatbush Avenue would have probably been a promising solution of them in part, and the failure of the legalizing bill at Albany is another illustration of the absurdity of having one county administering the domestic affairs of another. The Long Island Railroad is expected to reach the bridge somehow, and a new rapid transit syndicate is being organized for construction of a comprehensive road system. One suggestion thrown out is interesting—that a steel elevated road is proposed, thus reducing the weight, the obstructiveness and the ugliness, while increasing the strength. This has at least an encouraging sound, for the structures we have here are undeniably obstructive and ugly, and some improved plan should be used. The Morgan "Gothic arch" plan was attractive on paper, and presented no practical difficulties to the eye of a layman; and there have been many plans But the connections in Brooklyn will be difficult to make, for that city expands almost equally in three directions from the water, and its required roads are radial like a fan's ribs, if all acctions are to be favored, while the traffic is not to be compared with that hero. The old unfinished Bruff road is a monument of iron ugliness, haste to cut in ahead, and destructiveness of the street usurped. The problem is a hard one, and Brooklyn is in a ferment of uncertainty and wonder about it; but the bridge is a colossal wager that it will be somehow successfully solved. If this is done, and if the metropolis consequently becomes more metropolitan and unified, the bridge will be the wonder of the age, even if the age learns to accept it as a thing of course, and feels no wonder about it.

THE PROPOSED AFRICAN INLAND SEA.

It is now some years since it became matter of public talk that the indefatigable M. de Lesseps had his attention divided between the cutting of the Panama Isthmus and another scheme, by which he proposed to convert the famous Desert of Sahara into a great inland sea. When M. de Lesseps made known his plan for the cutting of the Suez Canal, Lord Palmerston, believed to be one of the most practical statesmen of his day, set the French projector down as an unpractical dreamer. The improbable in the Suez Canal became the impracticable in the Panama Canal and impossible in the proposed flooding of the great African Desert. Evil prophets did not frighten the plucky little Frenchman from the Egyptian enterprise; nor did they hinder its success. As little have they hindered him from facing the greater difficulties of the Panama scheme; and now, according to his report, the inland African sea project promises an easier as well as more immediate victory than the undertaking at Panama.

The inland sea scheme did not, we believe, originate with M. de Lesseps, but with Commandant Roudaire, who has made a careful study of the ground for many years. From the very first, however, it has found a warm friend in the person of the great projector; and he has repeatedly and in various ways brought it before the public. In a very particular manner he has pressed it on the attention of the Academy of Sciences. That he has been successful in influencing public opinion in its favor, we are not permitted to doubt; and the conviction is very general that it had something to do with the expedition to Tunis. As showing the interest which was taken in the scheme, a commission was appointed to investigate the matter. The report was favorable. It concluded that the feed canal could be surely made, and that the sea, which would be in no danger of evaporating away, would do much by inducing rains, and by the water in the Lake or inland sea percolating the soil, as does the Nile that of Egypt, to fertilize large tracts of now barren country, and, in consequence, to aid generally in the simplification of the political problem in that part of the world. Some three months ago M. de Lesseps, encouraged by the report, octogenarian almost as he is, set out to make a personal examination. He took with him Commandant Roudaire and a committee of experts. He has come back perfectly satisfied, and convinced not only that the sea can be made, but that it can be made at a cost which will be amply remunerative.

When the scheme was first mooted, some ten years ago, it suggested all manner of evil to some minds. Such a sea—a new southern sea beyond the Mediterranean—would completely change the climatic conditions of Italy, Spain and Greece, and probably strip the Alps of their crown of snow. It was, therefore, seriously proposed that

the carrying out of such a plan should not be allowed without the general consent of the European govern. ments. It was a serious matter to enter upon an enterprise which might greatly change the climate of Europe, and hence it ought to be made an international question. The proposal, however, then was to flood the entire Sahara, or the greater part of it-a vast inhospitable region, some two thousand miles from east to west, and about one thousand miles from north to south. The present plan, it appears, is not so gigantic, and therefore less fitted to inspire alarm, as well as more feasible and likely of success. A glance at the map will show that the southern part of Tunis and the southcastern part of Algeria are interspersed with what are called "Chotta," or large marshy lakes, which, chain-like, reach from Gabes, on the Tunisian coast, almost to Biskra, a town of some importance, about three hundred miles inland. These "Chotts," which are considerably below the level of the Mediterranean, it is proposed to flood by means of a canal starting from Tozer, in the near neighborhood of Gabes. The sea, thus admitted, will form a vast lake. The size is not mentioned; but it will probably be not less than two or three thousand square miles; and it is to be deep enough to admit the largest vessels. The canal will be straight, or nearly so-a circumstance which will greatly facilitate navigation.

It is calculated that the effect of the sea on the adjoining lands will be great and largely beneficial. The climate itself, M. de Lesseps says in his report, would be greatly changed by a vast sheet of water in the basin of the "Chotts." It would be rendered moist, and evaporation would be paid back in more copious rain showers. The land to the south of the inland sea is of such a kind as to offer little hope of improvement; but to the north, such is the character of the soil both in Tunis and Algeria that water only is necessary to beget fertility. Fresh water wells, it appears, are abundant; and these would benefit by the adjoining sea as well as by the increased rains. The canal, M. de Lesseps says, will be easily cut, as at the opening towards the sea all the soil is sand; and some calcareous rocks found by M. Roudaire, at the base of the Gabes bar, will be advantageous rather than the reverse, as they will furnish material for the breakwater, piers and port buildings. They will also allow of the construction, if necessary, at slight cost, of a lock regulating the admission of water. In the inland sea anchoring ground will be abundant and safe, there being not only no bottom rocks, but mud to the depth of 20 metres. As to time and cost, M. de Lesseps gives it as his opinion that the necessary cutting and other work may be executed in a maximum period of five years, and a figure scarcely exceeding thirty millions of dollars.

It may be that the enthusiastic Frenchman overestimates the advantages likely to result from the flooding of so much desert land—it may be that he underestimates the difficulties and the cost; but the enterprise is in itself attractive, and we have little doubt that the plucky old engineer will find the necessary funds and all other needed encouragement to begin the work. It is not likely that Italy or Spain will offer any objection, and on a work of such magnitude and full of such possibilities England will at least look with interest. It will be somewhat singular if M. de Lesseps should undertake at one and the same time the construction of the Panama Ganal, a second Suez Canal, and the creation of an inland African Sea. One would naturally conclude that Panama was enough for him. His ambition, however, seems without limit; and his energy and capacity appear as equal to his ambition.

Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

STATE O'ALEXAN C.	DAX DIC	NDON-May 12.	EXCHANGE ON LONDON.				
On-	Time.	Rate.	Latest Date.		Time.	Rate.	
Amsterdem . Amsterdam . Amsterdam . Hamburg . Berlin . Frankfort . Vienna . Antwerp . Paris . Madrid . Lisbon . Genoa . Alexandria . Now York . Bombay . Calentta . Hong Kong . Shanghai .	Short. 3 mos. "" Cheeks 3 mos. ""	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	May	12 12 12 12 12	Checks 3 mos.	12:05 20:47 20:47 20:47 11:99 28:26 28:241 ₃ 25:251 ₂ 47:30 533 ₁₆	

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, May 12, 1883.

The directors of the Bank of England have this week decided upon increasing their minimum rate of discount to four per cent, and the state of the Bank account shows that an alternative course was scarcely practicable. The supply of bullion has further diminished to the extent of £461,669, caused almost entirely by a demand for coin on Scotch and provincial account. The total now held by the Bank amounts to £20,-549,208, against £22,905,339 last year, showing a decrease of £2,356,131. The reserve has also fallen away considerably, the total at this date in 1882 having been £12,446,580, while this week it is only £10,307,133, being a diminution of £2,139,-397. The proportion of reserve to liabilities has also fallen away to an important extent, viz., from 423/4 per cent in 1882 to 33.41 per cent, the present rate.

Another feature in the return is that "other securities," which at this period last year were only £20,873,340, are now £23,869,729, showing an increase of £2,996,389; and, as the reserve is now only about one third of the liabilities of the Bank, it is evident that a higher rate of discount than 3 per cent has become a necessity. Not many years ago the com-mercial and financial public became alarmed when such a condition of things arose, and now that our trade and finance has assumed such large proportions it is evident that, when similar circumstances manifest themselves, equal, if not greater, cantion should be exercised. At the present time there is no reason why the financial position should not speedily rectify itself. Four per cent is not an excessive rate by any means, and, even allowing for the fact that commercial and other profits are small, there is no reason why it should interfere with legitimate business. It is also necessary to bear in mind that the London money market is dearer than any important foreign market, and, consequently, we may reasonably hope that the process of recovery at the Bank will be gradual and sure. Business men will be less uncertain how to act, now that a step, almost generally believed to be one in the right direction, has been made by the Bank authorities; there will be no revival of the agitation which has unsettled business during the last fortnight; and the community may, from present appearances, rest contented in the hope that money is not likely to become dear, four per cent being regarded as quite sufficient for the purposes required.

The Treasury bills having been disposed of this week at a price which is equivalent to a discount charge of 2 15-16 per annum, against 21/2 per cent on the previous occasion, the money market has been firm in tone, and the greater portion of the business transacted in the early part of the week was subjected to any change which might be made at the weekly meeting of the Bank directors. Since the advance was made in the Bank rate the tone has remained firm. The joint stock banks and discount houses have raised their rates of interest

The following are the quotations for money and the interest allowed by the discount houses to-day and same day of the previous five weeks:

Open Market Rates.									Interest Allowed for Deposits by			
London	Bank Bills.				T	rade Bil	ls.	Joint	Disc'	t II'ses.		
Conton	E Three		Four Months	Slx Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Stock	At Call.	7 to 14 Days.		
April 0	3		256@ -				31/4@31/4		2	214		
" 13	g		234@278						2	21/4		
44 20	3	27/90 -	276@ -	27/6@3	3 @314	8 @314	314@314	2	2	214		
" 27	8	27/6@3	2%@3	27/4@3	8 @314	8 @314	3 @3%	5	2	214		
May 4	3	3 @ -	31/89 -	314@336	84@3%	814@316	816@4	2	2	214		
" 11	4	13%@ -	37/6@4	4 @41/6	4 @4%	414@416	416@5	8	3	814 814		

The Bank rates of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows. It will be noticed that the open market rates are lower at nearly all points.

Rates of	Ma	y 10.	Ma	y S.	Apri	26.	April 19.	
Interest at	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris	3	25%	S	284	3	256	3	25%
Berlin	4	25%	4	234	4	234	4	296
Frankfort	_	27/8	_	21/6		23/8	_	234
Hamburg	_	234	-	23/8	_	284	_	256
Amsterdam	4	376	41/2	4	416	4	416	398
Brussels	81/6	31/8	S14	31/8	31/2	814	81/6	8
Madrid	416	41/6	436	41/6	416	41/6	41/4	436
Vlenna	4	334	4	384	4	334	4	31/2
St. Petersburg	в	51/4	6	51/4	В	51/6	0	534

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years:

		1882.	1881. £	1880. £
Circulation	25,992,025		26,699,520	27,245,795
Public deposits	7,352,011	5,146,212	6,439,940	7,131,197
Other deposits	23,282,477	23,751,333	25,072,035	25,581,346
Governm't securities.	14,334,917	13,474,213	15,789,890	15,664,230
Other securities	23,869,729	20,873,340	18,348,528	19,148,443
Res've of notes & coin.	10,307,183	12,446,580	15,276,606	15,851,724
Coin and bullion in				
both departments	20,549,208	22,905,339	26,226,126	28,100,519
Proportion of reserve				
to liabilities	33.41	4234	4818	49
Bank rate	4 p. c.			3 p. o.
Consols	10178	102		9912
Eng. wheat, av. price.	42s. 10d.	478. 2d.		46s. 0d.
Mid. Upland cotton	5 581.			611 ₁₆ d.
No. 40 Mule twist	9814.			18.
Clear'g-house return.1	05,120,000	02,589,000	120,982,000	91,914,000

In reference to the state of the bullion market during the week, Messrs. Pixley & Abell observe:

Week, Messrs. Pixley & Apell observe:

Gold.—The withdrawals from the Bank consist entirely of sovereigns which, to the value of £105,000, have been sent to Lisbon. The demand for bar gold still exists, but the orders can only be supplied by the arrivals, and we have but £53,000 from Anstralia to report. Sovereigns from Melbonrne to the value of £7,000 have been sent into the Bank. The Medway takes £6,000 to the West Indies, the Thames £25,000 to India and the Siam £26,000 to Alexandria.

Silver.—There has not been much demand for silver for the East during the week, and, as there were no allotments of Conneil drafts yesterday, and but small orders for telegraphic transfers, the market for bars became weaker, and a few small parcels were sold at 50 3-16d. per oz., the price to-day being 50 al. per oz. There are no Continental orders at present. We have received during the week £2 8,000 from Chile and about £29,000 from New York. The Medway has taken £9,570 to the West Indies and the Peninsular and Oriental steamer £60,500 to the East.

Mexican Dollars.—Very few dollars have come to hand during the week, but the price has nevertheless declined in sympathy with bar silver, and may be quoted to-day at 491sd. per oz. The Peninsular and Oriental steamer has taken £19,300 to China and the Straits.

The quotations for bullion are reported as below:

	Price of Gold.			Price of Silver.	
	May 10.	May S.		May 10.	May S.
	8. đ.	s. d.		d.	d.
Bar gold, fineoz.	77 10	77 10	Bar silver, fineoz.	501/8	5036
Bar gold, contain'g			Barsilver, contain-		
20 dwts. silveroz.	77 111/6	77 1116	ing 5 grs. gold.oz.	501/6	5034
Span, doubloons.oz.	78 10	73 10	Cake silver oz.	54 1-10	5436
S.Am.doubloons.oz.	73 816	73 816	Mexican dolsoz	4916	49 E-16
U.S. gold coin oz.	70 316	76 816	Chillan dollarsoz.		
Ger, gold coin oz.					1

The movements in bullion in April and during the four months ended April 30, between this country and all countries and between this country and the United States, were as follows:

		All Countries.			United States.			
	GOLD.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1881.	1882.	1883.	
		£ 2000	2 240 000	£ 425.764	£ 5.476	£ 150.711	£ 600	
ı	Imports in April Imports in 4 m s		1,149,087 5,039,183	1 595,322	14,714	2,181,017	792	
Ì	Export in April		225,928 3,682,339	1,255,935 2,557,755	1,592,400 4,210,171	32,502	459,785	
	SILVER.						000 105	
	imports in a prll	640,123	494, 52	100,080	241,843	175,134	322,435	
	Imports in 4 mos	2,628,451	2,254 261	3,515,429	1,030,222	720,350 4 800	1,064,089	
	Exports in April Exports in 4 mos	540,099 2,740,394	2,315,801	841,483 8,171,018	3,150 14,840	15 820	49,650	

To Holland the exports of gold in April were valued at £650,000, against nil in the corresponding month in the two previous years. In the four months the exports to that country were £782,454, against £1,490 in 1882 and £299 in 1881.

It will be seen that the banks and discount houses are not unanimous this time with regard to the rates of interest they allow for deposits. For those at seven days' notice some allow 3 and a few 3½ per cent, while at fourteen days the rates are 3½ to 3½ per cent. This would seem to imply that the competition for deposits has become more keen.

Business on the Stock Exchange during the week has been in a very unsettled and irregular state. Dealing has been extremely limited in every department, and prices have experienced a decline of some importance. Since the Bank rate, how_ ever, was advanced to 4 per cent rather a better feeling has manifested itself and the quotations exhibit a slight recovery. Two failures have been announced during the week in connection with Stock Exchange affairs. The principal one has been that of L. B. Mozley, trading as Lewin Mozley, money lender, of 31 Lombard Street. This individual lent money to, the Stock Exchange on securities with wide margins at high rates of interest, and had facilities for obtaining advances upon them at lower rates elsewhere. The debts are returned at as high a figure as £532,000, from which it may be inferred that needy and pressing borrowers on the Stock Exchange have been numerous of late. The failure of a mining agent-Henry Worseldine-is also announced, with liabilities amounting to £13,698; debts fully secured £3,925, and assets £2,094.

A moderate quantity of rain has fallen during the week, and the crops have derived much benefit, but some sunshine is much to be desired, as vegetation is still in a backward state. The prospect on the whole is not an unsatisfactory one, and it is believed that the first important crop of the season, namely, the hay crop, will be abundant. The wheat trade remains in a dull and inanimate state. There is no speculation, and the business doing, therefore, is almost entirely for immediate consumption. Holders are unwilling to accept lower prices, but the value of inferior produce is with difficulty maintained. There has been a fatr demand for spring corn at full quotations, oats and Indian corn being rather dearer.

Failures have been rather more numerous and important of late. Some difficulties have arisen in the corn trade, both here and on the Continent, and there has been an important suspension in the cotton trade. The last failure is that of Mr. Fritz Andres, cotton merchant, of Liverpool, Mauchester and Alexandria. The liabilities are estimated at £250,000, of which, however, fully four fifths are said to be secured, being in the form of advances on produce.

The following figures, compiled by M. Leon Donnat, a Belgian statistician, giving a contrast between the expenditure per head on war and education in the various European States, are interesting:

	War.	Ed	luce	u'n.		We	m.	Ed	uca	d'n.
	8 d		8.	a.	-	8.	d.		8.	d.
Franco	22 €)	1	5	Russia	10	2		6	112
England			3	1	Denmark	- 8	8		4	7
Holland	17 9		3	2	Italy	7	6		0	8
Saxony			3	4	Helgium	6	9		2	3
Wurtemberg			1	9	Austria	6	8	*	1	6
Bavaria	11 9	,	2	8	Swifzerland	4	10		4	2
Prussla	10 11		2	5		_				

This comparison, of course, takes no account of the frightful waste entailed by the sacrifice of the labor of able-bodied men during the period of military service.

The progress accomplished by each of our Australasian colonies in the cultivation of wheat during the ten years 1871-81 is shown in the following table, compiled from official returns:

	-Aereage un	der Wheat-	-Productio	n (bush.)-
Colonics.		1881.	1871.	1881.
New South Wales	154.031	221,888	2,229,642	3,405,966
Vietoria	334,609	926,729	4,500,795	8,714,377
South Australia	692,508	1,768,781	3,967,079	8,087.032
Western Australia.	32,275	21,951	355,000	153,657
Tasmania	63.332	51.757	847,962	977,365
New Zealand	77.082	365,715	2,448,203	8,207,899
Queensland	3,021	4,708		39,612
Total	1.356.861	3.361.529	14.348.681	29,675,899

The largest increase in acreage and production during the ten years is shown in the case of New Zealand. In Western Australia there is an actual decrease. The total acreage exceeds that devoted to wheat in the United Kingdom, and, considering that during the earlier years succeeding the gold discoveries Australia did not produce enough wheat for her own consumption, the subsequent progress appears satisfactory. The average yield per acre—viz, 8½ bushels—is exceedingly small, 28 bushels per acre being the standard of a fairly good year in this country.

Tenders were received at the Queensland National Bank for £2,500,000 Queensland Government 4 per cent boads. They reached a total of £2,634,800, at prices ranging from the minimum up to £99 10s. Tenders at and above £97 0s. 6d. received allotments in full, and those at £97 about 93 per cent of the amount applied for.

Annexed is a return showing the extent of the Imports of wheat and flour into the United Kingdom during the first eight months of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons, together with principal countries whence the supplies were derived:

	WHEAT,			
	1882-83.	1881-82.	1890-81.	1870-90.
From-	Owt.	Owt.	Curl.	Out.
Russia	5,708,940	4,773,123	1,091,265	3,612,606
United States 2	4,109,305	21,513,573	24,180,950	25,964,912
Brit. N. America	1,600,610	1,774,664	2,013,876	2,991,776
Germany	2,510,980	2,194,190	415,618	2,034,284
Franco	11,467	5,210	3,097	6,093
Chill	1,106,640	694,436	731,615	1,251,579
Turkey & Roumania.	1,061,345	205,072	281,456	860
Egypt	447,335	249,018	845,534	1,905,151
British India	4,286,030	7,563,403	3,391,298	1,335,670
Australia	707,698	1,089,486	2,491,489 }	1,227,769
Other countries	533,239	65,334	79,639 \$	2,207,100
m-4-1	0.400.010	40.000.107	07.011.000	10.011.000
Total 4	2,403,618	40,200,107 FLOUIL	35,911,987	40,214,600
Germany	1.493.411	1,119,658	752,080	679,872
France	124,433	171,164	194.643	212,332
United States	8,107,528	4,245,405	5.959,060	4.783,188
Brit. N. America	194,249	164.417	315,575	251.594
Other countries	1,880,508	1.311.039	1.586.759	1.151,073
-				
Total 1	1,860,129	7,011,703	8,805.117	7,096,098

The following statement shows the estimated value of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first eight months of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons:

	1892-93.	1881-82.	1830-31.	1870-80.
Wheat	£21,456,187	£22,731.140	£18,955,973	£23,665.830
Barley	4,548,616	3,924,901	3,794,722	4,968,295
Oats		2,132,010	2,072,208	3,121,150
Peas	583,133	502,569	632,373	568,855
Beans	709,257	406,057	628,263	694,143
Indian corn	5,112,362	4,515,207	0,56z,622	5,999,940
Flour	9,389,491	5,873,844	7,039,845	5,904,003

Total ... £15.033,445 £40.035,728 £39,735,406 £44,582,223 With the exception of wheat, in which there is a decrease of about £1,250,000 compared with last season, the value of the imports shows the substantial increase of about five millions sterling. Of flour the increased value due to a largely augmented importation is estimated at as much as £3,500,000. As regards feeding stuffs, there is an increase in all descriptions.

The sales of home-grown wheat, barley and oats, together with the average prices realized, during the first thirty-six weeks of the season, are shown in the following statement:

	81	LES.		-
	1882-3.	1881-2.	1880-1.	1879-80.
Wheatq	8.1,854,354	1,516,330	1,313.796	1,031,548
Barley		1,616,168	1,107,901	1,371.093
Oals	244,854	202,457	154,652	138,711
AVER	AGE PRICES FOR	THE BEASO	n (per qr.).	
Company of the Compan	s. d.	8. d.		s. d.
Wheat	41 5	46 6	42 10	46 8
Barley	33 9	32 6	-32 11	36 4
Onto		• • 1 1	2.1 2	22 5

Converted into cwt., the totals for wheat for the whole Kingdom are as follows: 1882-83, 32,142,100; 1881-82, 26,803,000; 1880-81, 22,772,470; 1879-80, 17,932,160 cwt.

The following return shows the extent of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first thirty-six weeks of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous years:

IMPORTS.						
1882-3.	1881-2.	1880-1.	1879-80.			
Wheat	42,242,913	39,762,767	42.746.014			
Barley12,638,033	9,899,720	9,317,072	11,198,006			
Oats10,156,950	9,977,709	6,303,677	9,459,301			
Peas	1,331,679	1,562,460	1.467,400			
Beans 1,848,434	1,166.219	1.657,098	1,735,099			
Indian corn	14,799,283	23,141,170	19,023,907			
Flour12,345,462	6,525,744	9,272,207	7,296,765			
SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOI	R CONSUMPTIO	on-36 WEEL	is.			
1882-3.	1891-2.	1880-1.	1879-80.			
Imports of wheat.cwt. 44,691.183	42,212,913	39.762.767	42,746,014			
Imports of flour12,315,462	6,525,744	9.272.207	7,296,765			
Sales of home-grown	0,000,000					
produce32.142,100	26,803,000	22,772,470	17,932,160			
production of the same of the						
Total 89,172,750	75,571,657	71,807,441	67,974,939			
Av'ge price of English						
wheat for season .qrs. 41s. 5d.	46s. 6d.	42s. 10d.	46s. Sd.			
Visible supply of wheat		40 500 000	07 041 000			
in the 11. 8 bush. 21,800,000	10,300,000	18,500,000	21,241,600			
Supply of wheat &flour	0 704 000	0.015.000				
affoat to U.Kqrs. 2,520,000	2,701,000	2,211,000				
The following are the quan	tities of wh	eat, flour	ind Indian			

The following are the quantities of wheat, nour and indian corn estimated to be affoat to the United Kingdom:

ı	Al present.	Last week.	1882.	1881.
ı	Wheatqrs.2,403,000	2,270,000	2,417,000	2,064,000
ı	Flour 216.000	244,000	510,600	140,000
ı	ludiau corn 256.000	253,000	241,000	525,000

The Board of Trade returns for April and the four months ended April 30, have been issued this week, and they have been

the cause of some disappointment. The imports show for the month an increase of about £2,000,000, while in the exports there is only the trifling improvement of about £70,000, compared with last year. During the four months there is an increase in the imports, compared with 1882, of nearly £5,000,000, but the exports show a falling off of about £681,000. The reduction in the exports is, however, largely due to diminished values, and not to any great reduction in the quantities of goods shipped. The following are the leading particulars:

	1881.	1882.	1883.
	£	£	£
Imports in April	35,232,364	36,079,207	38,094,181
Imports in 4 months	135,463,932	139,110,239	144,297,969
Exports in April	18.130.331	18.373.262	18,442,000
Exports in 4 months	71,415,830	78,113,214	77,432,398

The following figures relate to the four months ended 30th April:

	IMPORTS.		
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Cottonowt.	6,896,970	6,576,299	6,980,928
	EXPORTS.		
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Cottonowt.	599,507	564,474	737,736
Cotton yarnlbs.	80,060,200	75,056,700	82,887,400
Cotton plece goods yards.1			1,493,015,100
Iron and steeltons.	1.069.280	1.339.211	1,217,291
Jute piece goods yards.	63,258,300	66,436,100	76,177,400
Linen yaralbs.	5,974,600	7.045.300	6,014,400
Linen piece goods yards.	62,626,000	66,597,700	60,216,100
Silk manufactures£	771.891	964,807	829,048
British woollbs.	4,550,700	3,643,200	5,742,300
Coionial and foreign wool.lbs.	76,284,352	82,147,188	89,552,239
Woolen yarn	7,560,100	8,803,300	9.358,200
Wool fabricsyards.	15,413,500	28,006,100	27.212.700
Worsted fabriesyards.	69,500,200	59,941,200	50,364,300
Flannels yards.	1,935,900	3,323,000	2,369,300
Carpets yards.	2,736,100	3,614,600	3,699,600
Blanketspairs.	384,930	544,424	449,675
		,	

The following return shows the extent of the exports of cot ton piece goods during the month of April, compared with the two preceding years:

	1881.	1882.	1883.
Exported to—	Yards.	. Yards.	Yards.
Germany	3,370,500	2,610,100	3,351,500
Holland	4,255,500	2,129,000	2,701,500
France	4,652,400	4,497,200	5.344.000
Portugal, Azores & Madeira.	6,821,800	5,439,000	6.144,300
Italy	9,032,700	8,871,400	8,849,300
Austrian Territorles	6.5.300	691,900	689,400
Greece	1.341,700	2,391,200	3,010,700
Turkey	20,314,600	22,970,800	35,967,200
Egypt	10,917,000	8.158.100	16,620,700
West Coast of Africa (For.)	5,831,400	2,626,100	4,270,600
United States	6,030,400	5,276,300	4,139,700
Foreign West Indies	6,658,900	6,767,200	8,797,500
Maxico	3,212,000	6,714,600	3,177,500
Central America	4,319,700	2,753,200	2.161.300
United States of Colombia	4,595,400	3,577,300	4,052,700
Brazil	15,046,400	16,782,200	12,709,500
Uruguay	1,509,000	2,028,900	1,556,300
Argentina Denublic	5,760,400	6,630,000	
Argentine Republic	6,462,300	5,761,900	6,055,200
	1,517,600	3,107,900	2,9 2,100
Peru China and Claus Vans	54,787,800	39,662,200	1,625,800
China and Hong Kong			34,333,200
Japan	4,401,500	2,135,000	4,185,200
Dutch Possessions in India.	8,224,500	7,374,000	13,926,600
Philippine Islands	4,322,800	6,004,700	3,158,500
Gibraltar	1,604,600	1,284,800	877,600
Malta.	2,537,400	1,566,200	2,117,000
West Coast of Africa (Brit.).	2,149,400	2,512,400	3,711,700
British North America.	3,562,500	4,170,600	2,515,100
British West India Islands &	. 100 000	4 100 000	0.000.000
Gniana.	,499,000	4,193,800	3,666,600
British Possessions in South			
Africa	1,248,300	1,694,900	1,022,700
British India—	45 000 400		
Bombay	41,680,400	39,240,600	36,800,100
Madras	7,736,400	8,601,800	8,580,000
Bengal	86,157,700	57,671,500	66,840,500
Straits Settlements	12,835,800	12,210,800	9,570,600
Ceylon	2,070,100	1,398,900	1,227,500
Australia	4,667,400	4,808,300	5,659,600
Other countries	22,213,600	16,878,700	21,335,700
Total unbleached or bleached	276,591,500	222,815,200	241,276,000
Total printed, dyed, or colored	107,117,800	105,725,600	110,510,500
Total mixed materials, cotton			
predominating	1,649,900	2,685,700	1,900,500
G 3 4.4.1	000 000 000	001 000 811	222 222 2
Grand total	385,359,200	331,226,500	353,687,000
Other manufactures of o	otton show a	as follows.	

	0 00000 0220 11 001	201201101	
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Lace and patent net	160,302	197,723	184,745
Hosiery £	71,436	80,464	87,590
Thread for sewinglbs.	1,187.351	1,289,550	1,231,380
Other m'fs, unenumerat'd.2	71,114	76,322	76,738
Tot. value of cotton m'fs 2	5,219,059	4,824,368	4.924,928

English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending May 25:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd. Consols for money	501 ₁₆ 10134	5018 10158	5018 10178	50 ¹ 8 101 ⁷ 8	5018 102318	501 ₈ 1021 ₁₈
Consols for account Fr'oh rentes (in Parls) fr.			79.90	102 80·121 ₉	102 ⁵ 16 80·20	102316 80.1212
	105 ³ 8 114 ⁷ 8 122 ¹ 4	105 ¹ 2 114 ³ 4 122	105 ¹ 2 114 ¹ 2 122	1053 ₈ 1143 ₈ 1213 ₄		11438
	1061 ₂ 355 ₈	105	1041 ₈	10114		12178 1044 364
Illinois Central		146 ¹ 8 26 ¹ 8	1464 264	146 ¹ 4 26 ⁵ 8	147 27	1464 2738
Pennsylvania Philadelphia & Reading New York Central		5958 2714 12334	591 ₂ 27 1231 ₀	5934 2748 12334	60 27 ¹ 2 125	5978 2714 125

Liverpoot.	A.	Sat.	1	lon.	T	ues.	H	Ted.	17/	urs.	Fri.
Flour (ex. State)100 lb. Wheat, No. 1, wh. "Spring, No. 2, n. "Winter, West., n "Cal., No. 1"	#. 12 8 9 9 9	d. 0 10 4 0 6	8. 12 8 9 9 9	d. 0 10 4 0 5	\$. 12 8 9 8 9 9	d. 0 10 4 11 ¹ 2 5	8. 12 8 9 9	d. 0 10 4 11 ¹ ₂	12 89 89 99	d. 0 10 4 11 5	s. d. 12 0 8 10 9 4 8 11 9 5 9 0
Corn, mix., West. Pork, West. mess. 9 bbl. Sacon, long clear, new Beef, pr. mess, new., 8 to. Lard, prime West. 9 cwi. Cheese, Am. finest.	5 53 54	9 0 6 0 0	5 53 53 93 59 67	9 0 0 0 0 0	5 85 53 92 59 66	9 0 0 3 0	54 53 90 59 66	9 0 0 0 0 0 0	54 52 90 59 66	9 0 6 0 0 0	9 0 5 9 84 0 52 6 90 0 58 9 66 0

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have lately been organized:

2,943—The National German-American Bank of St. Paul, Minn. Capital, \$2,000,000. Waiter Mann, President; Gustave Willins, Cashier.

2,944—The Big Rapids National Bank, Mich. Capital, \$100,000. Dan'l F. Comstock, President; Chester W. Comstock, Cashier.

2,945—The Aur. ra National Bank, Ill. Capital, \$100,000. Orin D. Howell, President; William S. Beaupre, Cashier.

2,946—The City National Bank of Akron, Ohio. Capital, \$100,000. John B. Woods, President; George W. Weeks, Cashier.

John B. Woods, President; George W. Weeks, Cashier.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,230,171, against \$8,472,395 the preceding week and \$7,151,902 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended May 22 amounted to \$6,373,889, against \$6,478,956 last week and \$7,533,931 two weeks previous. The tollowing are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) May 17 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 18; also totals since the beginning of first week in January: week in January:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$1,811,760 9,866,939			
Total Since Jan. 1.	\$11,678,699	\$8,928,936	\$8,855,239	\$8,230,171
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$54,345,973 147,416,500		\$56,283,778 141,224,368	\$51,808,150 127,325,809
Total 20 weeks	\$201,762,473	\$168,700,708	\$197,508,146	\$179,133,95

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending May 22, and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

•	1880,	1881.	1882.	1883.
For the week Prev. reported				\$6,373,889 132,440,621
Total 20 weeks	\$142,659,603	\$147.327,213	\$123,300,525	\$138.814.510

The following table shows the exports and imports of species at the port of New York for the week ending May 19, and since Jan. 1, 1883, and for the corresponding periods in 1882 and 1881:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	orts.	Imports.		
dona,	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain	\$2,000	\$7,600	\$	\$1,955,779	
FranceGermany	******		******	164,220	
West Indies			8,921	500,340	
Mexico		48,865	4,700 7,542		
All other countries		81,785		18,236	
Tetal 1883	\$2,000	\$138,250	\$21,163	\$4,755,990	
Total 1882	4,550,000	20,932,258	22,793	505,813	
Total 1881		169,170	68,372	28,081,982	
Silver.		# 000 000			
Great Britain	15,900	\$5,396,238 307,364	\$	\$	
Germany			01.010	246,230	
West Indies	30,495	36,318	61,218 24,310	143,128 $1.453,634$	
South America	•••••	2.577	8,659	54,753	
All other countries		3,744		4,080	
Total 1883	\$46,395	\$5,743,664	\$94,186	\$1,901,325	
Total 1882	125,000 167,300	4,559,041	91,029 68,437	1,120,176 1,289,734	

Of the above imports for the week in 1883, \$7,928 were American gold coin and \$10,421 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time \$1,650 were American silver coin.

Auction Sales.—The following, seldom or never sold at the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction this week by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son.

Shares.	Bonds.
1 40 N. Y. Safe Daposit Co12712	
15 Relief Insurance Co GG12	
65 Bushwick Railroad Co160 101 U. S. Life Insurance Co101	by mort. on West'd & Atl. RR. 10712
	\$4,000 State of Florida 6s,
for\$210	

MAY 26, 1883.]

The Bankers' Gazette.

The following dividends have recently been aunounced:

Name of Company.	Per When Cent. Payable.					
Misrelinucous. Delaware & Hud. Cunul (qusr.)		June	11	May	25	to June 11
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Behnylkili Navigation pref Schuylkili Navigation com			8	May	26	to June

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1883-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation .- The general trade and industrial situation does not show any material improvement since last week. The iron trade is still in a very unsatisfactory condition, a further decline in the price of pig iron being expected, and some of the iron works are blowing out part of their furnaces preparatory to reducing their opera-The contemplated strike of the operatives in the Western iron mills on June 1 is still regarded as likely to take place. Mercantile failures continue in excess of the same time last year, though the amounts involved are comparatively small. Speculation in wheat has revived, owing to less favorable reports of the condition of winter wheat in Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, and large purchases were made in Chicago on New York account on Thursday, which advanced the price 3 cents per bushel in a few hours; meanwhile the foreign markets have experienced no corresponding advance yet, and the margin against exports being thus increased, the export movement of breadstuffs is diminishing.

The New York bank statement of averages for the week to

The New York bank statement of averages for the week to May 19th somewhat disappointed general expectations, from the fact that the increase of the surplus reserve was less than one-quarter as much as in the preceding week, whereas it was expected that at this season of usual accumulation of money the increase of surplus reserve would be larger each week in May. Rates for money, however, have continued extremely easy, call loans on stocks being freely offered on the Stock Exchange during the week at 3 per cent, and many loans made at 2½. Sixty and ninety day money has been offered on same collaterals at 4 per cent per annum, and on government bonds at 2 to 3 per cent. Rates for discount of mercantile paper are ½ of 1 per cent lower than a week ago, the rates now being from 5 to 5½ on single names for sixty days and 4½ and 5 on double names for the same time. All the domestic exchanges (except Boston) have been in favor of New York, therefore indicating the tendency of money to flow in this direction.

York, therefore indicating the tendency of money to flow in this direction.

The foreign exchanges have been advancing all the week until Thursday, the 24th, when there was a decline of ½ cent on the £ sterling. The principal cause of the advance is believed to have been the lower rates for money here than in London, thus causing a tendency of capital in that direction. It was presumed, also, that considerable selling of railway shares by foreign holders last week contributed to the demand for bills, and aided the advance. The decrease in the breadstuffs exports was also an influence, inasmuch as it reduced the supply of commercial bills. The reduction in rates of sterling on Thursday did not represent any reversal of these conditions, nor does it show any considerable increased purchases of either shares or bonds for foreign account, but merely that the quotations for sterling had been advanced too fast. The higher rates for money in London are largely owing to the more conservative policy of the Bank of England with reference to advances to brokers, the new policy having been adopted by the Bank for the avowed purpose of keeping a better control of the general London money market than before.

With regard to the prospective supply of money in American markets, an important item is the coming disbursements of the United States Treasury for pensions on June 1st, when the second regular quarterly payment will be made, amounting to \$12,000,000.

The weekly statement of the averages of the New York banks on Saturday, May 19th, showed an increase of \$3,496,400 in deposits, of which about one half was in specie and legal tenders, thus increasing the surplus reserve \$756,800, to \$5,760,625, against \$5,003,825 the preceding week and against \$6,152,225 in

deposits, of which about one half was in specie and legal tenders, thus increasing the surplus reserve \$756,800, to \$5,760,625, against \$5,003,825 the preceding week and against \$6,152,225 in the corresponding week of last year. There was also an increase of \$2,377,000 of loans, whereas the previous week there had been a small decrease, though on the whole the loans have been increasing and stood at \$317,828,000 on Saturday, May 19th, against \$310,200,000 on April 14th.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France on May 24 showed an increase of 3,300,000 francs in gold and 1,775,000 francs in silver. The statement of the Bank of England recorded an increase of £273,000 in bullion, the proportion of the reserve to liabilities being 35½ per cent, against 32¾ per cent the preceding week.

the preceding week.

The London Economist of the 12th calls attention to the and London Economist of the 12th ealls attention to the fact that each year in May and June there is an increase of Government deposits in the Bank ranging from £2,500,000 to £3,500,000, and that this process is likely to deprive the outside London market of a similar amount this year, and upon this fact argues that the firmness of the London money market is likely to continue until July.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years.

week and a comparison with the two preceding years:

	1883. May 19	Differ'nces fr'm previous week.	1882. May 20.	1881. May 21.
Loans and die. Specie Circulation Not deposits. Legal tenders.	16.151,100	Dec. 87,300 Inc. 3,496,400	58,726,900 18,720,200 299,069,100	80,519,500 19,135,300 320,611,700
Legal reserve. Reserve held.	\$76,773,375	Inc. \$374,100 Inc. 1,630,900	\$74.767.275 80,919,500	\$81,652,925 98,391,500

Exchange.—The volume of business in foreign exchange Exchange.—The volume of business in foreign exchange during the week has been comparatively small, and for the reasons stated above rates steadily advanced from 4 87@4 87½ for demand sterling on May 18th to 4 88@4 88½ on May 23d, declining to 4 87½@4 87¾ on Thursday. The rates for actual business on Friday were as follows: Sixty days, 4 84@4 84¼; demand, 4 87½@4 87¾; cables, 4 88½@4 88¼. Commercial bills continue scarce at 4 82½@4 83¼.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows, the highest prices being the posted rates of leading bankers:

May 25.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prime bankors' sterling bills on London. Prime commercial Documentary commercial Paris (francs)	4 834 24 834	4 86 04 5619
Amaterdam (guilders) Frankfert or Bremen (reichmarks)	40 0 40la	5 171g 25 150g 40142 4(13g 951g 2 951g

United States Bonds.—The Government bond market has been without special feature the past week. There has been only a small inquiry, and the fours show a fractional decline. The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		May 21.	May 22.	Мау 23.	May 24.	May 25.
5s, continued at 31s				410234		*10234	*1023
4198, 1891 reg. 4198, 1891 comp.				*1124	*112	1112	1112
4s, 1907 reg.	QJan.	11194	*11938	*:1938	1104	1194	*11918
48, 1907 coup. 3s, option U.Sreg.							1191g
8s, eur'cy, 1895reg.	J. & J.	*127	127	*127	*127	*127	127
8a, our'ey, 1896reg.					*128 *129	*128 *129	*128
6s, our'cy, 1898reg.	J. & J.	*130	*130	1130	*130	*130	*130
6s, our'oy. 1899reg.	J. & J.	*131	*131	*131	*131	*131	*131

* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

U. S. Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

			Balan	ices.
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Ooin.	Currency.
May 19 21 22 23 24 25 Potal	\$ 988,180 68 1,450,268 39 982,790 09 844,554 43 770,299 04 728,057 68 5,764,148 31	1,070,858 13 1,082,250 84 873,870 00 720,825 35 1,221,237 03	114,340,083 23 114,271,107 00 113,816,651 96	7,770,865 63 7,646,301 80

* Above payments include \$229,000 gold certificates taken out of cash.

*Above payments include \$229,000 gold certificates taken out of cash.

State and Railroad Bonds.—The decrease in the volume of business noted last week in the railroad bond market, as compared with the preceding week, has not been recovered. There is still a moderate demand from foreign investors for the best class of bonds, but scarcely so large as recently. The most business during the week has been in West Shore bonds, which have remained steady at 79% to 80. Atlantic & Pacific incomes close at 31, but were up to 32% on Saturday last. Texas & Pacific incomes ranged to-day between 61% and 62%, and the bonds of the Rio Grande Division between 82 and 82%. Canada Southern 5s sell at 98. Boston Hartford & Erie firsts have advanced from 30% last week to 35 this week, and the Wabash general mortgage 6s are up to 78%.

For State bonds the market has been very dull all the week, The speculation which was so active a short time ago in the Arkansas railroad issues seems to have entirely disappeared.

The N. Y. Stock Exchange Committee on Securities rule that "hereafter coupon bonds issued to bearer having an endorsement upon them not properly pertaining to them as a security, must be sold specifically as 'endorsed bonds,' and will not be regarded as a good delivery under a sale not so qualified."

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The extreme deprecision in the milroad share market noted less week week to see the store the market noted less week as a proper to the prop

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The extreme de-pression in the railroad share market noted last week was pression in the railroad share market noted last week was continued through the early part of the present week, but an upward re-action took place on Wednesday and Thursday, due mainly, however, to covering by those operating for a decline who had been steadily selling the market down for two weeks, and on Tuesday had depressed prices for many stocks to the lowest point of the year. The upward re-action from the covering of these short sales did induce a little buying from parties who had not before been in the market, but not to a sufficient extent to cause any decided rise; and by Friday the market became lifeless again. A comparison of prices with a week ago shows a general decline of 3/4 to 1 per cent on the general list of active stocks. Almost the only exceptions to this rule are St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba, which has declined 71/4 per cent, Central Pacific, which has advanced 2 per cent, and Alton & Terre Haute preferred, which has advanced 3 per cent. per cent, and Alton advanced 3 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES FOR WEEK ENDING MAY 25, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1883.

	DAILY 1110HEST AND LOWEST PRICES. Sales of Range Since Jan. 1, 1883. For 1								[For Full	
STOCKS.	Saturday, May 19.	Monday, May 21.	Tuesday, May 22.	Wednesday, May 23.		Friday, May 25.	the Week (Shares).	Lowest.	Highest.	Low. High
RAILROADS. Albany & Suaquehanna Bostoo & N. Y. Air-Line, pref. Burlington Cedar Rap. & No. Canada Pacitie. Canada Southern Central of Now Jersey Central Pacifie. Chesepeake & Chio Do 2d. pref. Chicago & Alton Chicago & Alton Chicago Milwankee & St. Pani Do 1st pref. Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Chicago St. Louis & Pittsburg Do pref. Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Om. Do pref. Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Om. Do pref. Chicago St. Paul Minn. & Ind Cleveland Col. Cinn. & Ind Cleveland & Pittsburg, guar Columbia & Greenville, pref. Houston & Texas Central Illinois Central. Do leased line. Indiana Bloom'n & Western. Lake Star & Western. Lake Erie & Western. Lake Star Louisville New Albany & Chie Manhattan Elevated Do common. Matropolitan Elevated Michigan Central Milwaukee L. Sh. & Western Do pref. Minseouri Kansas & Texas Missouri Pacific Mobile & Ohio Morris & Essex Nosburi Raesia Missouri Pacific Mobile & Ohio Now York New Haven & Hart. New York Central & Hudson. New York Lake & Erie & Western. New York Lake & Heed Mestern. New York Lake & Western. New York Lake & Heed Mestern. Northern Pacific. Do pref. Ohio Central Ohio & Mississippi. Ohio Sonthern. Oregon & Trans-Continental Peoria Decatur & Eva	Saturday, May 19. 6034 6134 6714 7774 7774 7774 7774 7774 7774 7774 7	Monday, May 21. Monday, May 21.	01(EST AN Tuesday, May 22. 60% 60% 772 772 772 772 114 72 19% 19% 19% 28½ 28½ 21% 28½ 21% 28½ 21% 28½ 21% 28½ 21% 28½ 21% 21% 30 100% 1010 128% 120% 110% 1010 128% 120% 121½ 122½ 133 4 33 38 38 1304 130 4 44 44 76 102½ 103 4 38 38 1304 130 4 46 47 *14 12 ½ 26 ½ 27 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28 ½ 28	Wednesday, May 23. 83 ¼ 83 ¼ 80 % 61 % 61 % 61 % 61 % 61 % 61 % 61 % 6	T PRICES. Thursday, May 24. 814, 824, 615, 617, 617, 78%, 79%, 79%, 79%, 79%, 195, 215, 215, 215, 216, 216, 216, 216, 216, 216, 216, 216	Friday, May 25. 83 83 83 81 81 61 61 61 678 378 379 38 783 379 38 783 3122 3123 3122 3123 3122 3122 3122 31	Sales of the Week (Shares). 205 211 3,100 60,491 71,125 4,273 325 4,273 325 4,273 325 4,273 300 16,650 6,120 100 3,925 24,200 200 3,925 24,200 3,125 24,200 3,125 24,200 4,000 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 68,710 1,200 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,733 2,3547 18,705 4,000 1,501 18,705 4,000 1,501 18,705 4,000 1,501 18,705 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18,500 18	Range Since Lowest, Lowest,	Jan. 1, 1883. Highest. 132 May 12 843 May 3 883 Jan. 5 65 ½ May 3 71 ½ Jan. 20 27 Jan. 91 28 Jan. 20 27 Jan. 21 132 Jan. 20 122 Jan. 91 140 % Apr. 13 157 Apr. 13 149 Jan. 26 68 Jan. 26 68 Jan. 26 68 Jan. 19 147 Apr. 12 463 Jan. 18 148 Jan. 18 149 Apr. 12 468 Jan. 18 147 Apr. 12 158 Jan. 18 148 Jan. 18 149 Jan. 19 128 Jan. 18 181 Jan. 20 181 Jan. 19 1	For Full Year 1882.
New York Now Haven & Hart. New York Ontario & Western. New York Susq. & Western. Norfolk & Western, pref. Norfolk & Western, pref. Do Do Olio Central. Onio & Mississippi. Olio Southern. Oregon & Trans-Continental. Peoria Decatur & Evansville. Philadelphia & Reading. Pittsburg Ft. Wayne & Chie. Reensseleer & Saratoga. Rich. & Allegh., st'ek krust ctis. Richmond & Danville. Richmond & West Point. Rochester & Pittsburg St. Louis Alton & Terre Hauto Do St. Louis & San Francisce.	25 ³ 4 25 ³ 4 40 40 49 ¹ 4 50 ¹ 8 85 ³ 2 87 ³ 8 16 ³ 4 10 ⁷ 8 19 19 19 52 ¹ 2 53 ³ 8 19 20 94 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8 20 ³ 8	25 25 ⁶ 8 39 ¹² 39 ⁷ 8 48 ¹⁴ 49 ¹⁸ 85 ¹ 86 10 ¹² 10 ¹² 210 ¹² 81 ² 8 81 ³ 4 18 18 51 ¹² 55 ² 4 60 60 35 ¹⁸ 35 ⁵ 4 18 ³⁸ 19 ⁹⁴ 470 492 93 431 34 455 ² 2 53 ¹² 2 496 98 ¹² 3	253, 252, 264, 404, 404, 404, 484, 484, 484, 484, 48	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26 ¹ 4 26 ¹ 4 40 ⁸ 9 40 ⁸ 9 49 ³ 9 50 ¹ 4 87 ⁴ 8 81 ¹ 8 87 ⁴ 8 11 11 ¹ 4 53 ¹ 8 83 ¹ 8 18 ³ 4 53 ³ 4 53 ³ 8 19 ³ 4 36 ³ 4 53 ³ 8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,275 400 800 65,767 40,753 2,857 500 48,579 4,820 18,500 1,700 21,898 1,814 950 300 4,000 21,230	169 Jan. 16 24 4 Mar. 2 6 12 May 18 37 12 Feb. 26 44 76 Feb. 20 9 18 Feb. 16 29 Feb. 14 10 Feb. 20 16 12 May 22 139 12 Jan. 3 10 Feb. 20 47 Jan. 13 21 Feb. 16 16 18 Feb. 16 16 18 Feb. 16 16 28 Feb. 28 48 Feb. 28 35 Feb. 28	181 May 8 29 % Apr. 14 8 % May 10 49 % Jan. 20 5 2 ½ Apr. 13 89 % Apr. 11 14 ¼ Apr. 13 36 % Apr. 14 89 Jan. 19 28 Jan. 18 28 Jan. 16 145 Apr. 24 89 Jan. 19 37 May 8 23 Apr. 4 103 Apr. 14 55 May 9 103 Apr. 14 55 May 9 103 Apr. 14	168 186 186 20\(^1\) 817 41\(^1\) 60 29\(^1\) 60 29\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1\) 60\(^1
Unioo Pacific. Wabash St. Louis & Pacific. Do MISCELLANFOUS, American Tol. & Cable Co Colorado Coal & Iron Delaware & Hudeon Canal Homestake Mining Co. Mutnai Union Telegraph New York & Texas Land Co. Oregon Improvement Co. Oregon Improvement Co. Oregon Railway & Nav. Co. Pacific Mail. Pullman Palace Car. Quicksilver Mining Do Standard Consol. Mioing Western Uniten Telegraph EXPRESS. Adams. American United States. Wells, Pargo & Co. COAL AND MINING. Consolidation Coal Little Pittsburg Mining Marjoas Land and Mining Marjoas Land and Mining Maryland Coal New Central Coal Ontario Silver Mining Pennsylvania Coal. Cameroa Coal. Cameroa Coal. Central Arizona Mining Excelsior Mining Excelsior Mining Robinson Mining Biver Cliff Mining Stornout Mining	16 16 19 19 90 ¹ 4 90 ¹ 4 90 ¹ 4 90 ¹ 4 12 ¹ 5 42 ¹ 5 9 127 128 127 128 127 12 128 ¹ 2 127 12 128 ¹ 2 93 ¹ 4 93 ¹ 4 123 125 *24 27	1085 110 x15 3 110 x15 3 15 5 90 90 138 138 41 3 41 4 *126 3 127 3 *2 8 2 38 40 6 81 81 3 128 128 12 *57 60 *123 128 2 *57 60 *123 125 *24 28	25 ½ 26% 42¼ 42¼ 667½ 67½ 67½ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126¾ 126	26 18 2643 42 4234 6778 6776 110 11034 20 20 *91 4112 4238 *712 823 *72 823 *38 40 *126 123 8128 8238 *126 133 60 60 60 60 124 124 *24 28	63, 63, 823, 823, 824, 823, 824, 823, 824, 824, 824, 824, 824, 824, 824, 824	41's 42's 67 67 67 33 33'12 108'4'108'4 *92 *92 *127'4'127'4 *7'2'9 *38 42 *82'5 82'5 *126 130 *60 65 *121 125 *24 28 *12 13	202 740 7,434 225 650 122 450 8,630 1,230 1,230 1,230 1,259 240 31,559 275 8,555 358 60	643s Feb. 26 2844 Feb. 7 1054s Feb. 13 15 Mar. 6 174, Mar. 27 55 Mar. 13 8042 Apr. 4 132 Feb. 20 17 Feb. 23 778 May 10 572 Jan. 26 522 Feb. 17 7944 Feb. 5 126 Jan. 25 126 Jan. 25 126 Jan. 25 126 Jan. 25 127 Feb. 17	112 ½ Apr. 14 19 Jan. 19 25 Jan. 17 90 ¼ May 19 90 ¼ May 19 91 ¼ Mar. 3 44 ¾ Apr. 12 44 ¾ Apr. 30 9 ½ Mar. 3 46 ½ Mar. 6 7 Apr. 10 85 ½ Mar. 13 135 Jan. 8 126 Jan. 8 27 ½ Jan. 8	65 74 73 73 73 73 73 73 73
Deadwood Mining Exectator Mining Robinson Mining Silver Cliff Mining Stornoont Mining	******							4 Medi, 40	7,566, 12	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

W COLLEGE		SIMIN MAN			conds.					
SECURITIES.	Bid. Ask.	SECURITIES.	nid.	Nak.	SECULITIES.	1114.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	A sk.
Chass C, 4s, 1906	83 84 10234 8414 107 12 17 40 43 42 45	Louisiana—Continued— Ex-mutured coupon Michagan— 78, 1800. Missouri— 68, due 1883. 68, due 1884. 68, due 1884. 68, due 1884. 68, due 1886. 88, due 1889. 180, due 1880. 180, due 1880.	116		Carolina—Continued—Na Carolina RR., J.e34 Do A.&O. 4 Do 7 coup's off, J.e34, Do 7 coup's off, A.&O. Funding act, 1866-1900 Do 1868-1898 New honds, J.&3., 92-8 Do A.&O. Chathan RR Special tax, class 1, 98-9 10 class 2	130 130 10 10 14 16 34 5	12 12	outh Carolina— 6a, Act Mar. 23, 1869; non-fundable, 1888; 18rown consol'n 5a, 1869; Cannease—4a, old, 1892-8 6a, new, 1892-8-1900. 6a, new aertes, 1914. C'upp miss, 3-4-5-6a, 1912; Virginia—4a, old. 6a, new, 1806. 6a, new, 1807. 6a, consol, bonds.	85 85 50	105 40 40
78, A188, C. Cott. R. C. Connecticut—68, 1883-4 Ocorgin—68, 1886	102 ¹ ₂ 102 ¹ ₃ 107 107 111 ⁴ s ₄ 64 ³ 4 60	6s, gold, reg., 1887 6s, gold, coup., 1887 6s, loan, 1891 6s, loan, 1892 6s, loan, 1893 N. Carollun—6s, old, J.&J. 6s, old, A.&O	110 110 112 112 117 30 30	33	Do Wastern litt Do Wil.O.&Ru, it Do Wil.O.&Ru, it Do Win. & Tar It Consol. 4a, 1010 Smail Dhlo— Gs, 1886 Rhode Island— Os, coupon, 1893-99	79 5 78 109	61 ₂	6s, ex-matured conpon. 6s, consol., 2d sories 6s, deferred District of Columbia— 3-65s, 192s 8 mail bonds. Registered Funding 5s, 1809 Do smail Do resistered	4 H 10	11
		that with distribution	3 3	1.1	Mil L. S & W Int. 6a. 1921	1193	994	Roch & Pitt -lat 6a 1921	68	69
Railroad Boulds. (Stock Exchange Prices.) Als. Central—lat. 0s., 1918 Alleg y Cen.—lat. 6s., 1922 Atch. T. &. S. F. — 4s., 1920 Sinking fund, 0s., 1911 Ali. & Pac.—lat. 6s., 1920 Sinking fund, 0s., 1911 Ali. & O.—lat. 6s., Prk. Br. Bost. Hartf. & E.—lat., 7s. Gnarantsed. Burc. Rap. & No.—lat., 5s. Minn. & St. L.—lat., 7s., 6n. Iovac C. & Wast.—lat., 7s. Chap. lat. F. & N.—lat., 6s. Chap. lat. F. & N.—lat., 6s. Contral Iowa—lat., 7s., 90 Char. Col. & Aug.—lat., 7s. Ches. & Ohlo—Pur. m'y. 6d. 6s., gold. series A., 1908. 6s., gold. series A., 1908. 6s., gold. series B., 1908. 6s., gold. series B., 1908. 1at. & No. Riv.—lat., 7s. 2d., 7s., 1900. 1at. & Mo. Riv.—lat., 7s. 2d., 7s., 1900. 1at. Lat., 1902. 2d., gnar. (188), 7s., 9s. 1911. Ch. & P. & Consol., 7s., 1903 5s., sinking fund, 1901. Ia. Div.—S. F., 9s., 1919 Denver Div.—4s., 1922. 4s., 1921. C. R. I. & P.—6s., Cp., 1917 Kso. & Dos M.—lat., 5s. Central of N. J.—lat., 790 Adjustment, 7s., 1903. Leh. & M. R. F. (19-1), 188. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1917. St., 2d., 7s., 1909. St., 1. & M., 7s., 1897. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1917. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1917. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1919. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1919. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1917. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 8c., 1919. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1893. 1st., 7s., 1. & D., 7s., 1993. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1993. 1st., 1. & D., 7s., 1993. 1st., 1. & D.,	64*4 600	Del. & H.—Continued— 1st, Pa. Div., cp., 7s., 1917 Pa. Div., cp., 7s., 1917 Alb. & Susq.—1et, 7s.—22 2d, 7s., 1855 1st, cons., genar, 7s., 1906 1st cons., 6s., 1906 1st cons., 6s., 1906 1st cons., 6s., 1906 1st cons., 7s., 1916 Denv. So, P.& Pao.—1st, 7s. Det. Mac. & Marq.—1st, 1900 1st cons., 1930 Denv. So, P.& Pao.—1st, 7s. Det. Mac. & Marq.—1st, 1900 1st, cons., 1931 1st, cons., 1938 1st, cons., 1938 1st, cons., 1938 1st, 6s., 1920 1st, cons., 1938 1st, 6s., 1920 1st, cons., 1938 2d, strended, 7s. 2d, strended, 7s. 2d, strended, 7s. 2d, strended, 7s. 2d, tstended, 7s. 2d, tst., 1920 2d, tst., 1921 2d, tst., 1921	123 111 123 111 123 111 123 111 124 115 124 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	68, 1886. Rhode Island— 68, coupon, 1893-99 PRONDS. Mil.L.S.&W.—Ist,68,1921 Minn.&S.L.—Ist,78,1902 Jiwn.&S.L.—Ist,78,1902 Jiwn.&S.L.—Ist,78,1902 Jiw. Ext.—Ist, 68, 1921 Mc.K.&T.—Oen,68, 1922 Cons. 73, 1904-56 Cons. 2d, income, 1911 Mc.K.&T.—Oen,68, 1922 Mc.K.&T.—Oen,68, 1922 Mc.K.&T.—Oen,68, 1922 Mollie & Phio.—New,68 Collat. Trust, 68, 1892 Morgan's La.&T.—Ist,67 N.Y. Cent. Mo.—Ist,96 Nash.Cont.&S.L.—Ist,67 N.Y. Central—68, 1887. N.Y. C. & H.—Ist, cp.,77 Jist, 68, 1901. N.Y. C. & H.—Ist, 50, 77 Jist, 78, 78, 2d,8.1,82 Can. So.—Ist,Int, 2ar.5 Harlem—Ist, 78, coup. N.Y. Elev'd—Ist,78, 190 N.Y. P. & New Eog.—Ist, 78, 79 N.Y.C.&N.—Oen,68,191 Trust Co., receipts. N.Y. W. Sh. & Binf.—Cp.5 N.Y. Shaq. & W.—Ist, 68, 1932 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 1921 N.O.—Pac.—Ist, 68, 1931 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 20 Consolidated 78, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 20 Consolidated 78, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 192 Ist Ter'l Tr., 68, 1921 N.O.—Pac.—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo & Miss.—Consol. at 68, 191 Ist, Springfield Div., 7 Ohio Cantral—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo Sp.—Ist, 68, 193 Ohlo Sp.—Ist, 68, 193	118	99% 1113% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 10	Rome W. & Og.—Con. 1st. Roch.& Pitt.—1st.6s, 1921 Rich. & Al. —1st. 7s., 1920 Rich.& Danv.—Cos.s., 6s Deboature 6s, 1927.—Atl.&Ch.—1st. p., 7s., 1920 Rich.& Danv.—Cos.s., 6s Deboature 6s, 1927.—Atl.&Ch.—1st. p., 7s., 7s., 7s., 1930 P. L. & Iron Mt.—1st., 7s., 2d. 7s., 1897.—Incomes, 1900.—Si. L. & Iron Mt.—1st., 7s., 2d. 7s., 1897.—Ist., 7s., 1931 St. L. Alton & T. H.—1st., 7c. P. P. &	109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	60 81 98 98 9034 0034 1144 108 1114 109 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
Sinking thad, 68, 1026 Sinking fund, 68, 1026 Sinking fund, eg 68 Des M. & Min's—1st. 7 Iowa Midlaud—1st, 8a Peninania—1st, 600 v. 7 Chicago & Mil.—1st, 7; Win. & St. P.—1st, 7s, 83 2d, 7s. 1907. Mil. & Mad.—1st, 68, 190 C.C. & Ind's—1st, 7s, 8. Consul, 7s, 1914. C.St. P., M. & D.—Consol, 6. C.St. P., & M.—1st, 68, 193 St. P., & S. C.—1st, 68, 193 St. P., & S. C.—1st, 68, 193 Col. & Green.—1st, 68, 193 Col. & Green.—1	101 101 103 103 104 104 105 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	Consol., rsg., 1st, 7s Consol., conp., 2d, 7s Long 1sl, R.—1st, 7s, 18 1st consol., 5s, 1931. Lonisv. & N.—Cons. 7s, 7s 2d, 7s, gold, 1833. N.O.&Mob.—1st, 6s19 E. II, & N.—1st, 6s19	102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	100 98 99 102: 88 125 125 128	Mo. Pac.—1st, cons., co	GS 1144 98 96 96 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	105 1 117 108 1 3 97 1 3 97 1 5 107 1 5 107 1 5 108 1 107 1 108 1 107 1 108 1 107 1 108	Consol., Inc., 68, 1621 Ind's Dec. & Spr'd-24 Inc. 18, 20 Leh. & Wilkesb. Conl-2 Lake E. & W.—Inc. 78, 3 Mil. L. S. & W.—Inc. 78, 3 Inc. 18, 20 Inc. 18, 20 Inc. 18, 21 Inc.	68 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	47 43 35 35 37 40 8 96 30 28 55 55 61 61 67 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18

New York Local Securities.

				Insurance Stock List.					
Bunk Sto	ck Li	st.		[Prices by E. S. Ba	iley, 7				
COMPANIES.		PRI	CE.			PRI	CE.		
Marked thus (*) are not National.	Par.	Bid.	Aak.	COMPANIES.	Par.	Bid.			
America*	100		160	Amer. Exchange	50 100	145 107	150		
Broadway	25 25			Amer. Exchange Bowcry Broadway Broadkyn Citizena' City. City. Continental Eagle. Empire City Exchange. Farragut Firemen's Fremen's Trnst. Franklin & Emp German-American Germania	25	150 170	160 175		
Broadway Butchers' & Drov's' Central	100		130	Brooklyn	17	160	167		
Chase Chatham Chemical	100 25	140	150	Citizena'	70	140 113	150		
Chemical	100			Clinton	100	120	125 97		
Citizeus' City Commerce Continental	25 100			Continental	100	235	243		
Commerce	100	$\frac{152^{1_{3}}}{120}$	12312	Engle	100	240 70	250 80		
Corn Exchange*	100	120		Exchange	30	85 117	100 125		
Corn Exchange* East River Eleventh Ward* Fifth.	25	120		Firemen'a	17	70 75	80		
Fifth Avenue*	100			Firemen's Trust	$\frac{10}{100}$	108	80 115		
First	100		130	German-American .	100	190 140	198		
Fourth	100	120		Globe	50	110	120		
Garfield	100	110	ļ{	Globe	100	240 60	280 65		
Cormon Amoricans	1 7 13	97	99	Hamilton	15	110 130	115 135		
German Exchange* Germania*	100 100			Hanover	50	75	85		
Croonwichs	25	147	148	Homo	100	142 70	145 75		
Imp. & Traders'	100	278		Hamilton Hanover Hoffman Home. Howard Importers'& Trad's'	50	80 60	90		
Ilanover. Imp. & Traders'. Irving Leather Manuf'rs'.	100	150		Jefferson	30	125	130		
Manhattan*	100	151 150	155	Kings C'nty (Bkn.). Knickerbocker	20	190 75	200		
Market	100			Lamar	11(0)	65 110	70 1121 ₂		
Market Mechanics' Mechanics'& Trads'	25 25	100		Long lal'd (B'klyn) Lorillard Manufac. & Build.	25	55	60		
Mercantile	1.00	115	131	Manufac. & Build Manhattan	100	107	113		
Merchants' Exch	50		100	Mech. & Traders' Mechanics' (Bklyn)	25	120 130	125		
Metropolia*	100			Mercantile	1 50	60	65		
Metropolitan Murray Hill* Nassau*	100	1221		Merchants'	00	100	105		
New York	100			Nagaga / Dklup 1	5.0	135	150		
New York New York County N. Y. Nat. Exch	100			N. Y. Equitable	35	145	150		
Ninth North America*	TUU			National N. Y. Equitable N. Y. Fire N. Y. & Boston New York City	100	70	75		
North River*	30			New York City	100	60 155	65 165		
Oriental*	25 50	1601		North River	25	103	108		
Park	100	165	167	Niagara North River Pacific Park	100	110	167		
Phenix	20 50	1001	2	Peter Cooper	20	155	165		
Republie	100		140	Phenix	50	140	143		
Oriental* Pacific* Park People's* Phenix Produce* Republie St. Nicholas* Seventh Ward	100		125	Park Peter Cooper People's Phenix Relief Republic Rnigers' Standard Sterling Stuyvesant Tradesmen's United States	100	75	65 85		
Second	100		.	Rutgers'	25	120	125 105		
Shoe & Leather State of New York	100			Standard	100	67	71		
ThirdTradeamen's	. 100		114	Stuvvesant	100	120	126		
Union	50	157		Tradesmen's	. 25	65	70		
Union United States 'Wall Street West Side'	100	1031	2 104	Westchester	. 10	127 120	132 126		
West Side*	. 100			Williamsburg City	.1 50	215	225		

Gns and City Railrond Stocks and Bonds. [Gas Quotations by Prentias & Staples, Brokers, 11 Wall Street.]

GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period	Rate	Date.	Bid.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas-Light	25	2,000,000	Var'a	5		107	109
Citizens' Gas-L. (Bklyn)		1,200,000		3	Jan., '83		80
Bonds		315,000				105	110
Harlem		1,850,000			Feb. '83		100
Jersey City & Hoboken	20	750,000				155	165
Manhattan	50	4,000,000		5	May, '83	232	236
Metropolitan	100	2,500,000		6		187	189
Bonds	500			3	4 21 100	105	110
Mutual (N. Y.)	100	3,500,000			'April, '83 1982		117
Bonds	1,000	1,500,000	MI.OLIN.	6	Sept., '82		65
Nassau (Bklyn.)	Var's	1,000,000		91-	May, '83		95
Scrip		700,000 $4,000,000$			May, '83		123
People's (Bklyn.)		1.000.000		132	Jan., '76		55
Bonds		375.000			May. '83		110
Bonds		125,000			April, '83		95
Central of New York			F. & A.		Feb. '83		90
Williamsburg		1.000,000			Feb., '82		75
Bonda		1,000,000			April, '83		110
Metropolitan (Bklyn.)	100	1,000,000	M.&N.	3	Jan., '83		
Municipal.	100	3.000,000		5	April, '83	180	182
Municipal		750,000	M.&N.	6	1888	106	110
Fulton Municipal	100	3.000.000				69	71
Bonda		300,000	J. & J.	6	1	1102	1104

[Quotations by H. L. GRANT, Broker, 145 Broadway.]

Bl'cker St. & Fult. F Stk	100	900.0	000J.	& J.1	34	Jan.,	'83	23	26	
1st mort	1,000		00 J.			July, 19			112	
Br'dway & 7th Av St'k.	100	2,100,0			2	April,	'83	143	1471	0
lat mort	1,000	1,500,0				June.	184	102	103	1
Brooklyn City-Stock	10	2,000.0			320	May.	183	210	216	
1st mort	1,000		00 M.					102	110	
Br'dway (Bkln.)-Stock.	100		00 Q.		à l	April,	'83		200	
Bklyn, Crosstown-Stock			00 Q.		2	April,	'83	150		
1st mort, bonds	1,000		000 Q.		7	1888		105	112	Ī
Bashw'kAv. (Bkln)-St'k	100		00 J.			April,	283			
Cent.Pk.N.&E.RivStk	100	1.800.0			2	April.	183	142	145	•
Consol, mort. bonda	1,000	1,200,0				Dec. 1			117	
Christ'ph'r&10th St-Stk	100		00 F.			Feb.,	183	108	112	
Bonds	1,000		00 J.		7	1898	3	106	112	
DryDk.E.B.& Bat'y-Stk	100	1,200,0	100 Q.	F.		May,	183	245	200	
lat mort, consol	500&c.	000.0	000 J.	6. D.		June.		114	117	
Eighth AvStock	100	1,000,0	000 Q.	-J.		April.	183	240		
1st mort	1.000	: 03.0	000 J.	& J.	7	June.		100	110	ľ
42d & Gr'rd St.F'ry-Stk	100	748.0	000 M.	&N.	6	May,	283	225	1	
1st mort	1,000		000 A.			April,		110	115	i
Central Crosstown-Stk.	100		000						85	
1st mort	1,000	200,0	000 M.	&N.	7	Nov.,1	904	103	108	
Honat.W.St.&P.F'y-Stk	100	250,0	000	1				85		
lat mort	500	500,0	000 J.	& J.	7	July.	'94	110	112	4
Second AvStock	100	1,199,5	500 J.	& J.	5	Jan.,	183	186	195	ı
3d mort	1,000	150,0	000 A.	& O.	7	April,	185	103		
Consol	1,000		000 M.		7	Nov.	'88	10612	108	
Sixth AvStock	100		000 M.		5	Mch.	183	240	250	
1st mort	1,000		000 J.		7	July,		110	115	
Third AvStock	100	2,000,0			5	May,		225		
1st mort	1,000	2,000,0			7	July,		110	113	
Twenty-third StStock.	100	600,0	000 F.	& A.	4	Feb.,		160	167	4
lat mort	1,000	250,0	000 M.	&N.	7	May,	'93	113	114	Ī

^{*} This column shows last dividend on stocks, but date of maturity of bonds. * Ex-dividend.

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

١.	Quotations in Bo	oton,	Y 111	auciphia and bait	I LE UI	
	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Aak
-	DOCUMENT			Buff, Pitts. & WGen., 6a Cam. & Amboy-6s, e., 89		
1	Atch. & Topeka—1st, 7a.	119		Mort., 68, 1889	108	109
Ι.	Land grant, 7s	1121 ₂ 96		Cam. & Atl.—lat,78,g.,'93	119 113	:
1	Income	31	314	Cam. & Atl.—lat,78,g., '93 2d, 6s, 1904. Cous., 6 p. c. Cam. & Bril. Co.—6s, '97. Catawissa—lat, 7s, con. c. Chat. M., 10s, 1888. New 7s, reg. & coup Chart'rs V.—let, 7s, 1901. Connect'g 6s, cp., 1900.04	105	•••••
1	Boston & Albany-78			Catawissa—1st, 7s, con. c.		
	68. Boston & Lowell-78	*****		Chat. M., 10a, 1888 New 7s. reg. & coup	121	
1	Oo.			Chart'rs V.—1st, 7s, 1901 Connect's 6s, cp., 1900-04	117	
	Boston & Providence—78 Burl. & Mo.—Ld. gr., 72. Nebraska, 68	116	117 1131 ₂	Delaware-6s, rg.& cp., V.	125%	
	Nebraska, 6s.	80	104 801 ₂	Delaware 68, rg.& ep., V. Del & Bound Br —1st, 7s East Penn.—1st, 7s, 1888 Easton&Amb'y—5s, 1920 El & Wmsp't—1st, 6s, 1910	106	******
1	Chic. Burl & Q.—D.Ex	00	8412	El &Wmsp't-1st,6s, 1910	117	1064
H	Nebraska, 6s. Nebraska, 6s. Nebraska, 4s. Uhic.Burl,& Q.—D.Ex Coun, & Passumpsic—7s. Counottou Valley—6s			50, perpetual	98	100
-100	5s		• • • • • •	56, perpetual	115 8	87
	East'rn, Mass.—6s, new	$\frac{110^{1}_{2}}{111^{1}_{2}}$	111			
	Fort Scott & Gull-18. K. City Lawr. & So., 55. K. City St. Jo. & C. B., 7a. Hittle R. & Ft. S., 7a, 1st Mass. Central—6s. Moxican Central—7s. N. Y. & N. England—6s. 7a. Moxica & So. Pre. 7s.	1112	$104 \\ 1124_{2}$	2d, 6s, 1900	100	1154
	Little R. & Ft. S.—78, 1st	85	112 -2	2d, 7a, reg., 1910	122	125 133 ¹ 2
	Mass. Central—6s Moxican Central—7s	6912	693 ₄ 102	Cons. 6s, C.& R., 1923 N. O. Pac.—1st. 6s. 1920.	•••••	121
1	N. Y. & N. England-6s.	1 1 (1 24		No. Penn.—1st, 6a, cp., '85	104	105
	N. Mexico & So. Pac.—7s Ogdensh.& L.Ch.—Con.6s	113	114	Junction—1st, 6a, 1882	118	
	Income Old Colony—7s			Debenture 6s, reg	104 2	1001
	Old Colony—7s			Norfolk & West.—Gen.,68	100	10012
	Pueblo & Ark. Val.—7a Rutland—6e, let Sonora—7a	11312	[Oll Creek—lat, 6s, coup Pennsylv.—Geu., 6s, reg. Gen., 6s, cp., 1910 Cons., 6s, reg., 1905	106 124	
	Sonora—7a T. Cinn. & St. L—1at, 6s.	103	103 a ₈	Gen, 6s, cp., 1910	124 124 119	125 120
	Income			Cons., 6s, coup., 1905	106	
	Dayton Division Main line			Cons., 6s, coup., 1905 Cons., 5s, reg., 1919 Pa. & N. Y. C.—7s, 1896. 7, 1906	121	
	STOCKS. Atchison & Topeka	*8238	82 ¹ 2 182		126 103	105
1	Boston & Alhany Boston & Lowell	972		Perkipmon—1st, 6s,cp.,'87 Phil &Erie—2d.7s,cp.,'88	113	
1	Boston & Alhany Boston & Lowell Boston & Maine Boston & Providence	*1544		Cons., 5a, 1920	103	10312
	Cheshire, preferred		52	Phil. & R.—1st, 68, 1910	1101	118
	Cheshire, preferred Chic. & West Michigan Cinn. Sandusky & Cleve.			2d, 7a, coup., 1893 Cons., 7s, reg., 1911	123 125	
	Connectiont River	167		Cons., 7s, coup., 1911 Cons., 6s, g., 1.R.C.1911	114	2,
1	Conn. & Passumpaic			Phil & Eric — 2d, 7s, ep., '88 Cons., 6s, 1920	973	98
1	Eastern, Mass	4012		Oen., 7s, coup., 1908	103	103 ¹ 2 97 78
	Eastern, Mass. Eastern, New Hampsh. Flitchburg Flint & Pere Marquette.	123 × 23 ×	124 25	Cons. 5s, 1st ser.,e., 1922	621	78
1		101	102	Cons. 5a, 2d ser., c., 1933 Conv. Adj. Scrip, '85-88	861	63 88 ¹ ₂
1	Fort Scott & Culf-Pref.	121		Debenture coup., 1893; Deb. coup. off, 1893	68	
1	Common Iowa Fails & Sioux City. Little Rock & Ft. Smith.	*82	83	Serip, 1882	116	117
	Maino Control	1 46		Deb. cmup. of, 1893 Serip. 1882		
1	Manchester & Lawrence. Marq. Hought'n & Onton. Preferred.	44	103	Phil.Wil.& Balt,—4s,tr.ct	931	94
	Nashua & Lowell	0.43		Pitts.Cin. & St. L. 78, reg Pitts. Titns. & B. 78, cp.	961	97
-	Nashua & Loweil. N. Y. & New England. Northern of N. Hampsh. Norwich & Worcester. Ogdensb. & L. Champlain	341	2	Rich & Dan Cous.int.6s	122	-
.	Norwich & Worcester	1594		Sunbury & Erie-1st, 78.	125	126
	Old Colony Portland Saco & Portsm.	142	143	2d, 6a, 1938		. 29
_	Pullman Palace Car	18	1812	Syr.Gen.& Corn.—1st, 7s. Union & Tituav.—1st, 7s. United N. J.—Cous.6s, 94	98	100
	Rutland-Preferred Revere Beach & Lynn		107	United N. J.—Cous.68, 94 Cons. 68, gold, 1901		* ******
- 1	Tol. Cinn. & St. Louis Verm't & Massachusetts	84	3 ³ ₉	Cons. 6s, gold, 1908	97	
	Worcester & Nashua Wisconsin Central	58		137 and Oboutor Cong 78	114	115
	Preferred			W. Jersey-1st, 6s, cp., 96	116 122	
Ì	PHILADELPHIA. RAILROAD STOCKS. Allegheny Valley Buffalo Pittsb. & West'n			W. Jersey-1st, 6s, cp., '96 1st, 7s, 1899 Cons. 6s, 1909 W. Jersey & Atl.—1st, 6s, C. Western Ponn.—6s, coup.	112	1074
1	Buffalo Pittsb. & West'r	147	15 1 ₈	Western Penn.—6s, coup.	108	201-8
	Preferred			6s, P. B., 1896 Oen., 7s, coup., 1901 CANAL BONDS.	108	
	Preferred		. 45 24	CANAL BONDS.	79	
	1st preferred 2d preferred Delaware & Bound Brook			Lehigh Nav68,reg., 84	102	
	Delaware & Bound Brook	134	. 55	Cons., 7s, reg., 1911	122	124
	Elmira & Williamsport.	41	. 55	CANAL BONDS, Chos. & Dol.—1st, 6s, 1886 Lehigh Nav.—6s, reg., 84 Mort. BR., reg., 1897. Cons., 7s, reg., 1911. Greenw'd Tr., 7s, reg. Morris—Boat Loan rg., 86 Pennsylv.—6s, ep., 1910. Schuylk. Nav.—1st, 6s, reg., 1907.	87	88
	Har. P. Mt. Joy & Lane's	. 00		Schuylk. Nav.—1st,6s,rg	91	. 1108
	Huntingan & Broad Tol) 14	15 30	DAY BUTTONE	91	9112
	Preferred Lebigh Valley Preferred	66	661		r	
	Preferred	63	60 64	RAILR'D STOCKS. Par Baltimore & Ohio100	199	200
-	Neaquehoning Vailey	52	523	2d pref.	126	12712
	Preferred			Northern Central50	56	132
	North Pennsylvania	663	56	1st pref. 2d pref. 2d pref. Parkersburg Br. 56 Northern Ceutral 56 Western Maryland 56 Central Ohlo—Com. 56 Pittshurg & Councilsville RAILROAD BONDS.	51	2 13 4
12	Pennsylvania	- 581	4 584	Pittshnig & Connellsville RAILROAD BONDS.		
	Philadelphia & Erie Phila. Ger. & Norristown	107	20	too China	79	12 109 12 14 85
			1	. Balt.&Ohio-68,'85,A.&C	103	2
	Phila, & Reading Phila, & Treutou Phila, Wilm, & Balt. Pittsb. Cln.& St. L.—Com St. Paul & Duluth—Com	- 20	4 20,	Columbia & Circony -let	99	1100
	Pittsb.Cin.& St. L.—Com	64		Columbia& Greenv.—late	81	813
	St. Paul & Duluth-Com Preferred	37 95		2ds. N.W.Va.—3d, guar., J&J Pittsb.&Cou'ells.—7sJ&: No.Central—6s, '85, J.&J 6a, 1900, A. & O. 6s, gold, 1900, J. & J. Cen. Ohto.—6s, lat, M.&S W.Md.—6s, lat, g., J. & J 1st, 1890, J. & J.	1 122	12
	Preferred United N. J. Companies. West Chester—Cons. pref	192	193	No.Central—68, '85, J.&J 68, 1900, A. & O	104 116 117	
	West Jersey	37	50	6s, gold, 1900, J. & J Cen. Ohio 6s, 1st M &S	117	10912
•	West Jersey & Atlantic. CANAL STOCKS. Lehigh Navigation.	100		W.Md6s, 1at, g., J. & J	112	
••	Pennsylvania		433	1 1st, 1890, J. & J 2d, guar., J. & J	1110	
	Schuylkill Navigation Preferred	16	161	2d, guar. byW.Co.,J.&J	110	1
12	RAILROAD BONDS, Allegh, Val7 3-10a '9	G	1231	6s, 3d, guar., J. & J Mar. & Cin7s. '91. F. & A	133	
	7s, E. ext., 1910	1118	1231	2d	105	1 1931 1 1061 1 541
••	Belvid'o Del.—1st,62,190	2 100	121	88, 3d, J. & J. Richm. & Danv.—Gold, 6 Union RR.—1st, gus. J&	97 117	2 3 6 4
	3d, 6s, 1887	103	104			
•	Schuylkill Navigation Preferred RAILROAD BONDS, Allegh, Val.—7 3-10a, '9 78, E. ext., 1910 Inc. 7s. end., coup., '0 Beiyli'o Dei.—1st,6s,190 2d, 6s, 1885 3d, 6s, 1885 Bnf. N.G. & Phil.—1st,6 2d, 7s, 1908 Cons. 6a, 1921 1at, Tr. 6s, 1922			Virginia & Tenn.—6a	125	1264
1.	Cons. 6a, 1921			Wil. & Weldon—Gold, 78 Wilm. C. & Aug.—68.	1119	7, 1124
12	131, 11. 08, 1922	. (-

MAY 26, 1883.]

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest date are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained.

earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained.							
Roads.	Latest 1	Sarnings R	eported.	Jan. 1 10	Latest Date.	l	
Moduls.	Week or Mi	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.		
Al- GA Conthon	Anadi	\$ 000	\$ 57,000	\$ 204.04	*	ı	
Ala.Gt.Southern Atch.Top.& 8.Fr Bur.Ced.It.& No. Cauad'n Pacitle	April.	1,162,403	57,007 1,161,335 33,957	324,346 4,343,144	4,560,109	ı	
Canad'n Pacitle	2d wk May	43,976 118,000	40,000	1.201,030	521.491	ı	
Central of Ga	April	194,600	100,712		1,019,417	ı	
Central Pacific. Chesap, & Oldo. Chicago & Alton	April	2,035,000 270,660	2,041 2,054,697 267,454 123,865 1,566,217 32,434	1 7 289 833	7 581 560	ı	
Chiengo & Alton	2d wk May March.	144,245	123,865 $1.566,217$	2,747,623	2,494,349 4,682,351	l	
Chle. Hur, & Q Chle. & East, Iil. Chie. & Gr. Trunk	2d wk May	27,821	32,434 40,681	1,122,871 2,747,623 5,633,285 572,378 959,722	599,579	ı	
Chio. Mil &St. P.	3d wk May	1 428 000	366,554 421,900		710,499 6,957,179		
Chie. Mil &St. P. Chie. & Northw. Ch.St.P.Min.&O.	3d wk May	436,400 98,200 28,293 92,539	89,900	[-1.749.728]	6,957,179 7,714,183 1,712,589 497,243 933,943	ı	
Cin. Ind. 8t. L.&C.	2d wk May	92.539	25,029 87,385	498,257 901,325 565,924	933 943	ı	
Cincinnati South Olev. Akrou. Col Col. Hook. V. & T.	March 2d wk May	9,301	8,944	565,924 179,383	603,210 167,224		
Col. Hook. V.&T. Danbury & Nor.	lst wkMay Maroh	62,239 15,902	58,584 14,419	*******	*******	1	
Danbury & Nor. Denv. & Rio Gr. Denv. & R.Gr.W. Dea Mo. & Ft. D.	3d wk May	119,200 14,500 5,118	14,419 132,500	2,325,900	2,388,899	l	
Des Mo.& Ft. D.	2d wk May	5,118	5,364	182,600 102,975	135,909		
Det. Lau. & No Dub. & Sloux C.	2d wk May	27,481 19,526 72,787 131,341 51,280	25,537 10,943	521,803 371,314	556,043 401.193	H	
E.Tenn. Va. & Ga.	2 wks May	131,311	71,776 103,511 36,240	1,053.032 1,371,789	914,892 1,061,755 123,118		
Eliz. Lex. & H.S. Evansv. & T. H.	2d wk May	19,191	36,240 11,685 37,720	210,716 254,961	2/1,010	1	
Flint & l'. Marg. Flor. Cent. & W.	2d wk May	52,626 8,096	(.03/)	928,146	796,652		
	1st wkMay	10,105 10,300	9,228	173,573	150.498		
Georgia	March	148,041 323,426	114,257 290,311	425,738 6,105,741	350,155 5,583,231		
Grand Trunk Gr.Bay W.&St.1'. Gulf Col&San.Fe	2d wk May	7,669 31,038	5,587 18,908	138 819	131,604 347,383		
Hannibal&St.Jc	3d wk May	48,600	37,500	587,811 931,859	734,249 75,922	1	
Hous.E.&W.Tex Hous.& Tex.Cen	March	24,881	24,131	98,037 768,103	575,815		
Do (lowa)	2d wk May	116,659 35,443	121,701 31,989	688,282	2,394,651 687,943		
Ind.Bloom& W.	2d wk May 2d wk May	35,443 69,370 51,199	57,405 37,481	1,583,613 1,043,026	1,231,932 865,269	1	
K. C. Law. & 80.	April	26,003 112,000	23,763	415,801	294.513	1	
L. Erle & West'n L. R. & Ft.Smith	2d wk May	21,349 21,097	68,107 20,349 11,660	496,769 196,839	478.859	R	
L.Rk.M.Rlv.&T.	2 wks May 2d wk May	12,995 46,615	8,610 37,893	141,861 691,039	148,217 87,231 629,846	F	
Louisv.& Nashv.	3d wk May	237,975	216,075	4,923,633 73,479	4,591,901	(
Memp. & Charl.	April: 2d wk May	237,975 17,276 24,269	33,919 15,168	444,820	106,052 385,967		
Do No.Div	Aptillst wkMay	157,930 5,319 17,919		591,075 80,743 274,997	*******	į	
Mexican Nat'l Mil. L.Sb.& West	2d wk May 3d wk May	17,919	14.000	349,1751	316,297	-	
Missouri Partille	32 827 2 M 12 87	19,275 165,129 24,309			2,500,439 306,836 1,134,928		
Central Hr'ch. Int. & Gt. No Mo. Kan. & T	3d wk May	56,5511	59,853	3,279,316 517,462 1,4 8,767 2,563,267 2,733,514 2,209,231 12,711,588 696,746 760,249 4,503,454	1,134 928 2,033,077	2	
St.L.Ir.Mt.&S Tex. & Pacific.	3d wk May 3d wk May 3d wk May	136,661 124,791	112,221 107,467	2,733,514	2,506,463 1,599,769		
Whole Systems	3d wk May	119,873 627,318	107,467 103,681 527,702 141,957 167,393 1,567,633	12,711.588			
Mobile & Ohio Nash.Ch.&St.L	April Mareh	128,462 161,435	167,393	760,249	608,388 690,456 4,191,388 957,369 136,998	1	
			261,014	4,503,454 1,043,728 211,783	957,369		
ALLER OF CHILIT	March	76.9741	261,014 51,219 450,555				
	2 wks May April	463.678 81,477 476.335	70,105 420,490	881,639 1,969,317	734,899 1,656,198	8	
Northern Pacific Ohlo Central	3d wk May	100,000	139,150	2,500,913 368,901	1,755,918		
Ohio Southern.	2d wk Mav	25.566 6,319	6,112	148,031	127,541	2	
Oregon & Cal Oregon Imp. Co. Oregon R.&N.Co	April	67,069 298,132 396,200 4,061,750	262,716	149,031 277,359 771,815	703,849		
Pennsylvania Peo. Dec. & Evc.	April	4,061.750	379,433 3,855,850	1,454,600 15,892,702 241,965	1,482,491 14,448,214		
Philadelp. & Erie	zu wk may	308,069	11,993 265,311 1,709,712	923,472	280,911 764,284	1	
	April	1,726,616 1,193,002	1,709,712	6,458,491	6,113,297 3,791,600	1	
Rlehm.& Danv Ch'l Col.&Aug.	2d ws May	†52,100 16,728	†44,500 †5,801	4,228,023 1,320,428 315,022	1,269,956		
Columb. & Gr. Va. Midland	2d wk May	15,460	15,030 f15,202	303,865 497,066	264,393 274,010 421,474	L	
West No. Car. St. L.Alt. & T.H.	2 wks May	19,158	11,063	103,738	421,474 65,795		
Do (brehe.)	2d wk May	22,588 11,480	22,872 16,142	514,388 293,904	454,837 298,082	1	
8t. L. & Sau Fran.	3d wk May	8.601 62,000	6,118 51.251	128,934 1,336,626	129,113	1	
St. Paul & Dul	3d wk Mas	25,712 147,000	18.574 196,801	361,573 2,892,723	303,219 2,455.027	1	
So. P.ic.Cal. N.D Do So. Div	Fobruary	72,015 279,926	68,258 345,925	159,034 579,659	666,435	1	
Do Arlzona	February February	161.782 49.346	241,318 22,601	341.783 105.920	457.392 89.070		
Sciolo Valley	April	37,762 136,783	41,408	152,599 415,973	154,621 365,118		
Union Pacific	March 17 dysMay	1,270,000	1,360,000	9,683,378	10,136,237		
Vicksb'rg& Mer. A	prll	29,801	30.718	302,730 169,410	360,497 157,212	1	
Wab.St.L&P3 West Jersey	d wk May	264,489 76,849	266,228 70,103	200,724	176,466		
		29,514	19.675				
CoinsThe		ara anota	tions in -	old for you	ione goine		
Coins.—The	TOTTO MITTER	aro dinning	mone in R	OPER TOT ASI.	TOTAL COLTEGE		

| Silver 4s and 4s. - 994 @ par. |
| Five francs ... - 92 @ - 95 |
| Mexicat dollars ... - 85 43 @ - 86 4 |
| Do uncommerc'! - 84 42 @ - 85 4 |
| Pernylan soles ... - 81 @ - 82 |
| English silver ... 4 75 @ 4 82 |
| Prus silv thalers ... 68 @ - 70 4 |
| U. 8. trade dollars ... 994 @ - 995 8 |
| U. 8. silver dollars ... 994 @ - par.

	New York City Banks.—The tollowing statement above the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on May 19:							
	Banks.	Capital,	Loans and discounts.		Legal Z'enviers.	Net dep'te other than U. B.	Oircula-	
	Naw York Manhattan Co Merchants Mechanios' Union	\$ 2,000,000 2,050,000 2,060,000 2,000,000 1,200,000	8,833,000 7,850,000 7,141,000 7,415,000 4,255,000 9,784,100	1,595,000 1,022,000 1,022,000 1,115,000 915,700 2,776,000 191,000	8 49),006 816,600 844,700 560,060 816,800	6,853,000 6,019,100 8,354,000	893,000 860,400	
	America	1,906,000 8,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 600,600 800,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	8,49H,000 8,014,600 8,014,600 1,763,600 18,916,400 8,255,606 4,409,100	8,797,400 293,800 8-5,500 8,058,000	453,900 163,500 867,400 125,000 111,200 528,900 419,600	1,7/8,600 1,875,100 13,579,900	267,600 787,990	
-	Butchers'&Drov. Mechanics' & Tr. Greenwich Leather Man'f'rs Seventh Ward State of N. York. American Exch.	1,000,000 300,000 200,006 800,000 810,000 860,000 5,000,000	4,409,100 1,962,000 907,000 991,600 8,840,960 1,049,100 4,177,200 12,280,000	861,100 784,100 874,800 146,000 82,400 859,400 199,000 514,600	72,700 101,000 164,500 800,700	2,844,00s 2,7×7,10s 1,564,00s 952,005 10,305 2,605,10s 1,044,900 4,035,30s	775,690 245,390 45,000 9,690 595,390 19,000	
	Broadway	1,000,000 1,000,000 422,709 1,500,000	5,807.200 6,155,100	2,267,200 1,067,500 1,049,200 818,500 818,600	859,700 113,506 4 a 0,800 255,100	10,245,006 8,85,400 4,452,500 5,929,806 8,597,730 8,107,000 8,653,836	1,017 100 909,003 701,000 504,000	
	Chatham People's. North America. Hanover Irving. Metropolitan Citizens'.	450,000 200,000 700,000 1,000,000 500,000 3,000,000 600,000	2,235,990 4,181,700 8,527,100 1,363,100 2,876,100 9,103,900 8,081,400 12,263,000 2,449,4.0	454.890 178.506 830.000 1,911.300 453.200 2,136.00 490,100	480,500 889,700 117,400 203,000 707,400 871,900 624,000 237,700	1,859,27 2,840,700 10,070,600 2,978,29 9,7,8,000 2,741,630	45,000 5,400 118,5 in 409 500 2,205 000 267,800	
-	Nassau Market. Et. Nicholas Shoe & Leather Corn Exchaoge Continental Oriental	600,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	2,331,900 2,831,346 2,520,500 2,641,000 4,560,800 5,730,000	1 #9,600 473,900	95,100	2,843.60c	429,500 450,000 4,600 450,000	
	Marine importers' & Tr Park Wall St. Nation'l North River.	\$00,000 400,000 1,600,000 2,000,000 500,000 248,000 250,900	19,424,100 17,149,100 1,724,000 1,524,000	810.650 611.001. 489.430 1.367.100 138.330 745.000 5.164.700 8.603.500 806.700 10.000 110.100 8.692.700	248,000 493 000 1,139,600 100,800 191,00) 150,7-0 810,900	21,228,70	270,000 1,821,700 45,00 J	
	Fourth National. Central Nat Second National. Ninth National. First National. Third National. N. Y. Nat. Exch.	8,200,000 8,000,000 500,000 750,000 500,000 1,000,000 800,000 250,000	7,739,000 8,520,000 5,743,106 14,557,000 5,144,600	838,000 695,0 (0 974,2 (0 3,381,800 859,100 198,000	518,900 1,285,000 8 9,000 567,900 573,930 747,530 142,200	15,598,500 8,283,000 4,218,000 5,924,170 15,5333,000 5,511,470 1,042,900 1,878,806	589,970 297,000 107,000 696,300 44,900	
	Third National N. Y. Nat. Exch Bowery National N. York County Germ'n Americ'n Chase National Fifth Avenne German Exch	75),000 800,000	1,545,400 1,541,700 2,561,400 4,000,206 2,162,100 1,671,490 1,83,300 4,733,500 1,298,800	244,000 1,085,6 JU 424 100	\$56,900 514,100 99,800 341,100 105,000 230,000	2,163,500 5,720,810 2,245,500 1,901,50	2×5.009 180,900 45,000	
	Germania. U. S. Nat. Lincoln Nat. Gardeld Nat. Total		317,929,000					
	The deviations from returns of previous week are as follows Loans and discountsinc. \$2,377,000 Net depositsinc. \$3,496,4°6 Specie							
	1883.	400 55,789 000 80,022 000 60,559 ks.—Fol	100 20,077 000 20,881 900 21,975 lowing ar	.000 298. .100 393. .100 397.0 e the to	970,300 18 197,100 14 198,500 18 tals of th	.233,600 17 .234,400 73 .151,100 80	3,087,790 3,591,791 3,023,719 banks	
	1883. \$ May 7. 141,580. 14. 144,982. 21. 144,622. Including the li	800 4,947 800 4,685 300 4,610	.000 3.728 .000 8.872 ,800 8.885	.300 85,1 ,100 85,5 ,600 85,8	83,600 30 98,100 3	0,285,000 5	11.092,500 0 455,914 18,032,557	
	Philadelphi are as follows:		Lawful Mon			adelphia		
	1883. May 7 14 Unlisted Sec	75,292,485 75,053,722 75,560,760 curitles.	18,934,97 18,753,84 19,154,68	6 66,82 5 67,29 6 65,26	1,973 8, 4,834 9, 9,893 9	751,591 5 765,950 6 753,800 5	5.760.533 9,968,183 6,392,858	
	Am. Rallw'y Imp Ex bonds and s Atl. & Pac.—6s, I Incomes	p.Co— stock. 40 lst30 cent112	12 31 12 116	del.wl 58 North P No. RIV.	ac. dlv. b	-Stk d sub 324 79 mds. 915 0up.cl14	36 795a	
	Incomes de Am. Elec. Light. Bost.H.& E.—Ne Old	wat'k	14 12 13 12	Onlo C Incom Oregon ered w	es —Riv. Div es Sh. Line then issue	7. 1st. 617 delived 25	6214	
	Brush El.Lt.Par' Chlo & Atl.—Stk do Beneficiary lst mort Contin't'l Cons.—	nt Co. 19 stk. 23 95 85 p.e.	27	Pensac. 1st me Pitts. & 1st me	80 p. c ex-bd. & (& Atl ort Western.	16 82	56 25 74 21	
	Den.& R.G.R'y— Derver Rio. G. & 1st mort. Denver & N. Ori Substitution of the control of the con	Cons. 93 t West 27 leans.	34 35 34 80 ¹ 4	Rich.&I St. Jo. & Kans. do	D.Ext. aul t West & Neb., 1 do D.st'k,st' i do do	6.70% 65 13% let 24%	14	
-	Ga. Pac. R'y., 1a Gal. Houst. & 1 Gal. Har. & 8. A I. B. & W. Inc. b Ind. Dec. & Spri- 1st mort. fund	t m. 86 Ien nt ds 35	44 6	Tex. & Control of the	ol.Imp.—6 St. L. ort.,M.&A	133 10 .dlv. 75		
	1st mort. fund Keely Motor Mahoulug Coal d Mexican Bonds- Mexican. Nat Preferred	k RR. 6 -3 p.o. 28	19 10 11 11 14 29%	gra't& U. S. El Vlokab's Pref 1st me	& Merid	1 Tex 10 126 lan. 458 12%	30 3 135 6	
-	1st mort Mich.&O.—Suhs. M.U.St'k Trust C M. K. &. T. inc Missouri Pac.,Co	65 p.c Certs. 18 scrip. 42	78 45 ¹ 4 103 76 20 43	Wiscons pref lat me	rt in Centra ort 1st pro	1 634 1 19 234	60 221 ₃	
	Certfs	4	9					

Luvestments

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month-viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at \$2 per copy.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Atlantic & Pacific Railroad.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882.)

At the annual meeting in Boston, Mr. H. C. Nutt, President, made his report, which contained the following:

made his report, which contained the following:

"The franchise and land grant of the company extend from
the western boundary of Missouri to the Pacific Ocean, with a
branch from the western boundary of Arkansas to a connection
with the main line in the valley of the Canadian River in the
Indian Territory. For convenience, and other reasons, the
road has been divided into two divisions. That portion between
the western boundaries of Missouri and Arkansas and Albuquerque, New Mexico, was designated as the 'Central Division,' and that portion between Albuquerque and the Pacific
Ocean is known as the 'Western Division.'" * * *

CONSTRUCTION-WESTERN DIVISION.

Construction—western Division." * * *

Construction—western division.

"The tripartite agreement of January 31, 1880, provided for the immediate construction of the Western Division. To provide the money necessary for this construction, early in 1880 a first mortgage, to secure an issue of bonds not exceeding \$25,000 per mile. was placed upon the cotire railroad, franchise, and land grant of the Western Division; and an income mortgage, to secure an issue of income bonds not exceeding \$18,750 per mile upon this division, was also executed. Should the net earnings of the Western Division prove insufficient to meet the interest upon these first mortgage bonds, the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company and the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fc Railroad Company have guaracteed the same to the extent of 25 per cent of their gross earnings appon all business interchanged by them respectively with thesaid Western Division. In April, 1880, \$10,000,000 of the first mortgage bonds and \$7,500,000 of the locome bonds of this Division were sold by subscription at par for the first mortgage bonds, to partics holding rights under the agreement. A second subscription of \$15,000,000 firsts and \$11,250,000 incomes of the Western Division, was offered the same parties by circular dated January 20, 1882, and promptly subscribed in full; but before allotment, all subscriptions were reduced by the hoard of directors February 28, 1882, to 40 per cent of the original amount—that is, to \$6,000,000 firsts and \$4,500,000 incomes, in accordance with the right reserved by the terms of the subscription. The proceeds of these two subscriptions have been used and are being used, to complete the Western Division, from Albuquerque to the west side of the Colorado River, a distance of about 575 miles. Should the net proceeds of these subscriptions prove to be insufficient to complete the road and pay the interest upon the first mortgage honds during construction, arrangements bave been made with the Atchison Topeka & Sante Fe Railroad completed roa

LAND GRANT.

"At the date of this report, 400 miles of the Western Division in New Mexico and Arizona have been accepted by the Commissioners appointed by the President of the United States; and the Secretary of the Interior has ordered the patents issued for the lands carned thereby, amounting to 10,240,000 acres. Patents for a part of these lands have already been issued and delivered to this company." " * *

CENTRAL DIVISION.

"Final surveys were commenced for the extension west of Vinita, Indian Territory, In November, 1881. Grading westwardly from Vinita was begun in January, 1882; the track completed to Tulsa, on the Arkansas liver, 99 miles west of Seneca, Missouri, in September, 1882; and 85 miles of the road west of Seneca have been necepted by the Government.

"Of the cost of this division the sum of \$600,000 was provided by the subscription at par, January 20, 1882, to the first movigage bonds of this division; and the balance has been temporarily advanced from funds of the Western Division. The Central Division is at present operated by the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Campany, which furnishes the necessary equipment. It is the intention of the Company to proceed with the construction of this division, westward from Thisa, 4 and 1883.

"At the date of the re-overnigation there were overtanding \$1,189,500

nishes the necessary equipment. It is the intention of the Company to proceed with the construction of this division, westward from Thisa, during 1883.

"At the date of the re-organization there were outstanding \$1,189,500 first mortgage bonds of this division. The financial plan of January 9, 1882, provides for a new mortgage upon the entire property of the Central Division. The issue of bonds is limited to not exceeding \$25,-600 per mile of road. Interest upon these honds is guaranteed by a traffic contract with the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company and the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company, similar in its nature to that relating to the Western Division first nortgage bonds.

"The financial plan above-named provides for an issue of \$3 000,000 of these new bonds, to be used as follows:

"First. To retire the outstanding issue of old bonds of the Central Division, by exchange or purchase.

"Second, To provide means for the central economic of the Central Division from Vinita, Indian Territory, westward.

"Ninety-nine miles of this division having been completed, the company is entitled to issue \$2.475,000 of these bonds; \$1,190,000 have been deposited with the Central Trust Company of New York, trustee under the nortgage, to provide for the old bonds, outstanding, either by exchange or purchase; \$312,000 have been issued under the subscription of Jan. 20, 1882; \$288,000 are ready for delivery under the subscription; and \$685,000 remain in the hands of the Treasurer, the pro-

ceeds of which will be used to repay the amount temperarily advanced from funds of the Western Division.

ATLANTIC & PACIFIC RR. CO.—GENERAL BALANCE SHEET DEC. 30, '82.

Construction—					
Western Division					
Central Division (new)					
Central and Missourl Divisions	21,746,834-\$4	16,017,320			
Land Department-					
Western Division		20,437			
Office furniture, Boston office		3,089			
Cash-	4.0.0				
Treasurer's cash					
Less amount to meet drafts					
Albuquerque office		710,237			
Interest, Western Division		1,226,477			
Accounts receivable, Western Divisi		56,860			
Trustees under tripartite agreement					
St. L. & San Francisco Ry. Co., Cent Income, Central and Missouri Divisi		834,881 888.083			
meanne, central and anssourt Divisi	OUS SCCOURT	288.033			

\$81,507,388 Liabilities.

*Sundry liabilities of this company assomed by the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Co., at the date of reorganization, and mainly dis-charged at the date of this report.

Total.....

New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad. (For the year ending May 1, 1883.)

New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad.

(For the year ending May 1, 1883.)

The second annual report of this company, Mr. F. A. Potts, President, has just been issued, and the board of directors congratulate the stockholders upon the completion of their system of railroad extensions in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

"The construction of the new line of railway of this company, extending from Two Bridges, Sussex County, New Jersey, to Gravel Place, Pennsylvania, its point of intersection with the Delaware Lackawauna & Western Railroad—three miles west of Stroudsburg—and its branches in the Lackawanna Valley, Pennsylvania, connecting the coal operations of the company with the main line of the Delaware Lackawanna & Western Railroad, was completed on the 9th day of October last, since which date the road has been regularly operated. The Patterson Extension Branch was completed on May 1, 1882, and the increase in freight and passenger traffic from that city, over the receipts of previous years, has exceeded our expectations, being over sixty-eight (68) per cent, both passenger and freight. The merger of the Blairstown Railroad on January 18th last was effected so as to conform to the statutes; this company being the owners of the entire capital stock of that company.

"In September last this company secured control of the Lodi Branch Railroad, and has lately consummated a traffic arrangement with the New Jersey & New York Railroad Company, by which an interchange of business is secured, which it is expected will add materially to its business. A mutually advantageous traffic agreement has also been consummated between our company and the New York Ontario & Western and the New York West Shore & Buffalo Railroad companies, by which our road will form a connecting link from Little Ferry Junction to West End, a distance of eight miles—its point of connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad." * *

"This company controls a majority of the stock of the Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal Company, which company owns in

Pennsylvania Railroad." * * *

"This company controls a majority of the stock of the Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal Company, which company owns in fee and under lease about three thousand acres of choice coal lands, located near Scranton, Pennsylvania. It is now producing about 25,000 tons of coal monthly, and so scon as additional developments are completed, which will be accomplished during the current year, the coal product from this property will be not less than 500,000 tons per annum. It has, iu addition, under its control, by virtue of its traffic contracts, the entire production of the collieries operated by John Jermyn and the Lackawanna Coal Company, limited, from which it is now receiving a daily supply of 700 tons, and increasing from month tomonth." * * month.

"Although there has been a necessity for restriction on the part of the coal companies since January 1st, in the output of coal, yet the receipts of the company for the past four months show, from the following table, a very satisfactory increase in revenue over the corresponding period of last year.

GROSS	RECEIPTS.		
January	1892. \$13,527	1883. \$68,106	Increase. \$24,270
March	41,951 51,219 52,151	66,697 70,973 Est. 80,000	24,745 25,751 27,848
April		\$201,778	\$102,628
Percentage of Increase, 54 per e	ent.		

"The name by which the coal transported and sold by this company is known to the market, is the 'Jermyn Coal from the Lackawanna Coal Regions.' It has been favorably received, is carefully selected and prepared, and is fully equal in quality to any coal from that region."

A full statement as to the mileage operated, as to the stocks and bonds of the company, and the exchanges of Midland RR. of N. J. securities, was given in the Chronicle of May 12, p. 536

EARNINGS AND OPERATING EXPENSES.

Earnings:	Operating expenses: Maintenance of way \$78,217
Earn'gs from pass'g'rs \$187,441	Maintenance of way \$78,217
do fghl. and mlk 501,055	Rolling stock 174,454
do mall expr's &	Transportation 193,770
miscellun's . 37,457	Miscellaneous 22,687
	Taxes 8,871
Total\$725,957	
	Total\$478,001
	Net earnings\$247,936

	Net earnings\$247,9
GENERAL BALANCE SHE	ET DECEMBER 31, 1882.
Dr.	Cr_*
Cost of RR., roll'g st'k,	Capital stock\$21,000.0
real estate and bldgs.\$24,439,621	Bonded deht 6,850,0
Stock & bonds of other	Bills payable 142.0
companies owned 3,346,746	Current accounts 216.3
Current accounts 323,983	Land dopm't liabilities 37.3
Accrued interest acet 30,016	Profit and loss 19,
Bills rec'ble and mat'l	
and fuel on hand 101,808	\$28,265,5
Cash on hand 20.115	
\$28.263,291	

The Alabama Great Southern Rallway Limited. (For the year ending Dec. 31, 1882.)

The report of the directors submitted at the meeting of shareholders, held in London on the 8th day of May, 1883, contained the following matters:

TRAFFIC.

"In 1882 the gross earnings of the road were \$856,757 as compared with \$789,375 in 1881; the year's increase is thus \$67,331. In addition to the short cotton crop of 1881, the report says the floods of the Mississippi in the spring of last year proved to be of a more disastrous nature than ever before known. This cause, added to the general depression which prevailed over all the States for the greater part of the year, restricted very largely the buying powers of the people of the South and Southwest, so as greatly to reduce the demand for merchandise, which forms the highest class of freight business.
"It must also be remembered that the passenger rate during 1882 was 3 cents per mile, as against 4 cents in 1881, though the gross receipts from this source were larger in 1882 by \$10,890; and taking the number of passengers carried, there is an increase in 1882 over 1881 of 44 per cent."

REVENUE.

REVENUE.

"The accounts of the American corporation show a balance to the credit of net revenue of \$171,110, or £35,207, which includes the sum of \$21,503, or £4,424, brought forward on the 31st December, 1881.

"From this balance the sum of £2,156 has to be provided to defray the expenses for 1882 of the English company, leaving £33,051. Out of this sum, £20,431 will be paid over to the English company for dividend (6 per cent), less income tax on the preference shares now held by that company; and £12,011 will be paid to the Alabama New Orleans Texas and Pacific Junction Railwaya Company, limited, for subsidy; carrying forward to next year a balance of £608.

"On 31st December, 1881, the outstanding claims amounted to \$296,725, or £61,054. The amount is now \$261,011, or £53,705, of which a considerable portion is disputed and is suspense. The amount of the company's bonds, held in trust for the purpose of meeting these claims, is \$231,000, or £47,530."

for the purpose of meeting these claims, is \$231,000, or £47,530."

"Owing to the steady increase both in mineral and passenger traffic, the General Manager has for some time pressed upon the board the necessity for re-laying the road with 60-lb. steel

rails.
"The directors entertain no doubt that it is to the interest of "The directors enteriain no doubt that it is to the interest of the shareholders that such outlay should be made. It is therefore intended shortly to call a special meeting, at which powers will be sought to raise £250,000 in preference shares, to raok pari passu with the existing issue. But as the re-laying of the road and the carrying out of other works will be proceeded with gradually, not more than £60,000 will be issued this year." this year."

St. Louis & Cairo RR.

(For the year ending Jan. 31, 1883.)

The first annual report of this reorganized company supplies be following information. The length of the road is 1516

miles. It is narrow gauge.

"The capital stock of the company is \$6,500,000. The mortgage debt is \$2,600,000, or at the rate of \$17,150 per mile, represented by income bonds, which bear interest, if earned, to the extent of 5 per cent, which is non-cumulative. The net earnings of the past year have justified a dividend, which has been declared, of 5 per cent, and which will be payable on April 1882 1, 1883,

"The receipts from coal business, upon which the compacy depends for a considerable part of its revenue, have been much less than usual, owing to the depressed condition of the coal and iron trade; but the receipts from passenger and freight business have been good, and manifest a most satisfactory increase. The condition of the road and equipment has been fully maintained; permanent improvements have been paid for from net income, and the full dividend carned upon the bonded debt." * * *

debt." * * *

"The Grand Tower Mining & Transportation Company, which has extensive mines near this road at Monnt Carbon, but which has heretofore done its own transportation, has been consolidated with the Vulcan Iron Works at St. Louis. A contract has been made with the consolidated company (the St. Louis Ore & Steel Company) for three years, by which this company is to transport all the product of their mines for use at their furnacea at Carondelet." * * *

"The Railroad and Warehouse commissioners of Illinois fixed the arbitrary rate of three (3) cents per mile for passenger

"The Rallroad and Warehouse commissioners of Illinois fixed the arbitrary rate of three (3) cents per mile for passenger travel. The board of directors finally determined that it was best to reduce fares to this rate, as all the rallroads in Illinois had accepted the schedule of the commissioners." * * * "This company has heretofore reached East St. Louis by a third rail upon what is termed the 'Conlogue Road,' a distance of about five miles. During the past year a road has been almost completed, at an expense of about \$50,000, which will give this company its own line from South Juction to East St. Louis." * * * "Surveys for the branch from Columbia to the High Prairie.

"Surveys for the branch from Columbia to the High Prairie coal fields, a distance of about twelve miles, have been completed. It is expected to proceed with the construction of the branch this summer, the funds for which, \$137,000, are in hand. It is believed that the returns from this branch, which is intended to supply cheap coal to St. Louis, will fully justify the ontlay." * * *

"The completion of the 'Texas and St. Louis' and the 'Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis' railroads have made the St. Louis & Cairo RR. a link in a narrow-gange chain, extending from Cincinnati and Toledo to Texas.

Earnings— Passengor \$88,53	Expenses - Cond'e'g Tra'sp'n-Pass'r. \$15,713
Freight. 198,06 Coal. 77,14 Express. 5,65 Mail. 8,33 Telegraph. 2,50	Do do freight, 41,793 Motive power
Miscellancous 2,07	'l'otal

Cedar Rapids & Missouri River.

(For the year ending March 31, 1883.)

The comparative statement of income account in the past two years is given as follows:

	1883.	1882.	Dec. in 83.
Gross carnings\$	3,177,192	\$3,472,261	\$295,068
Earnings per mile	11,595	12,672	1,076
Rental	854,646	913,660	59,013

To this income from rental should be added \$4.227 from rental on mail earnings in previous years, and \$7,052 from interest, making \$865,926. From this deduct—

Expenses and salaries. Drawback on business from other roads. Interest on bonds. Interest on preferred stock.	252,980 53,872
Dividends 112 per cent quarterly	\$906,420

And there remains a balance of \$59,506 to be added to income count. The general balance sheet shows the following:

account. The Benefit building	
Construction\$11,462,	138
Cash in bink and in hands of treasurer	23
Office bollding	193
Sioux City & Pacific Railroad Company stock 205.	47
Due from C. & N. W. Railway Company	192
Advanced to S. C. & P. RR. Co. on drawback account 23,	100
Advanced to S. C. & P. Nt. Co. on drawback accombined	
S. C. & P. RR. Co. coupons purchased 101,	

	A = = 100 = 100 =
Common stock	\$6,850,400
Preferred do	769,600
First mortgage bonds	3,614,000
Dlasting daht	21,893
March 31, 1883, balance to credit of lacome account	836,606
	\$19,009,504

Iowa Falls & Sioux City.

(For the year ending March 31, 1883)

The statement of the Iowa Falls & Sionx City road for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1833, shows gross earnings of \$723,684, an increase of \$33,145 over the previous year. The increase in rental was \$5,464:

1	Income from rental, including drawback \$307,243
ı	From land department.
ł	Vi Interport magning
ł	Dividends on Mo. Valley Land Co. stock
ł	£" \$001,276
į	Salaries and general expenses were
N	
ı	Net income \$594,863

Paid interest on bonds. Paid dividends, 63 per cent.	\$206,325 312,086
Total interest and dividends	
All sarring net income shows interest on the honds a	

cent on the stock is set apart as a fund to provide for a liability of the termination in 1887 of the lease to the Illinois Central Company. This fund amounted March 31 to \$1,150,000, was

derived almost wholly from proceeds of land sales vested in the bonds of the company and interest-bea The general balance sheet March 31, 1883, was as un	ring loans.
Construction	. \$7,585,000
Assets. Cash in bank and in hands of Treasurer. Improvement and protection fund. Missouri Valley Land Company stock. Due from Illinois Central Rallroad.	. 1,150,000 8,800
Total	\$8,926,043
Contra. Capital stock First mortgage bonds. Floating debt. Income Account.	. 2,947,500
Balauce to credit of this account April 1, 1882 \$938,77	2 0 3
Deduct. \$1,840,05	4
Salaries \$3,070 General oxpenses 3,343 6,41	3
\$1,833,64 Interest on bonds\$206,325	1
Dividend on stock	1
March 31, 1883, balance to credit of income account	. 1,315,229
Total	. \$8,926,043

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Canada Southern.—The bridge of the Canada Southern Railway at Niagara is to be completed about December 1, at an estimated cost of \$590,000. About 300 men are at work. Mr. Vanderbilt is understood to provide the funds, but the Canada Southern Company will acquire ownership by issuing about \$1,000,000 of 5 per cent bonds. The company pays the International Bridge Company \$75,000 a year for the use of its bridge, and notice of an advance in the rental to \$150,000 a year has been given. The mortgage on the new bridge has not yet been executed.—N. Y. World.

yet been executed.—N. Y. World.

Central of New Jersey.—On the favorable report of the special master, appointed to inquire as to the solvency of this company, Chancellor Runyon, of New Jersey, has made a decree restoring the property to the company when certain conditions shall be complied with. The principal condition relates to the liquidation of the floating debt, which the master found to be about \$2,062,000. The decree provides that the company shall resume possession of the road upon depositing with the court satisfactory security for the payment of this indebtedness within three months. The Chancellor consents to the proposed lease to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, subject to liens for the receivership debts. In addition to the specific security which the decree requires, the bonds and stocks now held in the treasury of the Jersey Central are to remain in the receiver's hands until after the payment of the indebtedness. At the general meeting of stockholders on May 11, they recommended the proposed lease of the road to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad. In reply to the inquiry of a Tribune reporter, whether the stockholders of the Philadelphia & Reading Company had ratified the lease of the Jersey Central, Mr. Gowen said: "That is not at all necessary in our case, for the managers have absolute power in such matters. At the annual meetings we usually submit our acts for approval, but it is hardly more than a formality then."

case, for the managers have absolute power in such matters. At the annual meetings we usually submit our acts for approval, but it is hardly more than a formality then."

—The sub-committee of the Jersey Central income bondholders met at the office of William Alexander Smith, in Wall Street, for the purpose of considering the best manner in which to assert their claim for back interest on their bonds. It was stated that when the late Judge Lathrop was Receiver of the Jersey Central, about a year and a half ago, he conceded that the income bondholders were entitled to two years' back interest. Since then the holders of the income bonda have not been able to get any satisfaction. The sub-committee decided to apply to President Little for a copy of the lease of the Jersey Central to the Philadelphia & Reading, and ascertain what provision had been made therein for the payment of interest on the income bonds in the future, before deciding on any plan of action with reference to the four years' back interest.

Denver & New Orleans.—Denver advices say that on or

Denver & New Orleans.—Denver advices say that on or about June 7 the Denver & New Orleans road will be reorgan ized under the name of the Denver & Texas Railway, with the same officers as now.

Ellzabeth City Debt.—A meeting of bondholders of the City of Elizabeth was held at No. 137 Broadway for the purpose of hearing the report of a committee previously appointed and of taking further action. The former proposition of the city was to pay 50 per cent of the indebtedness by issuing bonds to run 20 years at 4 per cent, with three years' back interest. That made by the Singer Manufacturing Company was to pay the full amount of the debt by issuing bonds with an

increasing yearly scale of interest. Mr. J. Davidson presented the report of the committee, which consisted of himself and G. E. Winans. The principal recommendation of the report was as follows:

"That a committee of five bondholders be appointed; that said committee shall thoroughly examine all questions relating to, or bearing upon, the question of a settlement of the dott of said city; also, as to the amount of taxable property in said city and its assessed value, and as to the ability of said city to pay its bonds and interest in full, or a proportionate amount there if; that said committee report to the bondholders, as soon as possible, at a meeting to be called by the committee, the result of their investigations, and what, in their judgment, would be a just and equitable basis on which a settlement of the banded debtof said city can be had; that said committee report such other or fur their recommendations as to them may seem proper."

The report was adopted and the following committee are

The report was adopted and the following committee appointed: John Davidson, G. E. Winans, G. R. McKenzie, Theron T. Strong and Amzi Dodd.

Indianapolis Decatur & Springfield.—Trustee Ashhurst, of the second mortgage bendholders of this railroad company, recently held a conference at Indianapolis with the attorneys representing the creditors of the floating indebtedness. The floating debt aggregates about \$80,000, and is unsecured. The trustees, it is understood, are desirous of settling this at 50 cents on the dollar, and made a proposition to that effect. This was refused, the holders demanding at least 75 cents. The trustees are anxious to get the road into better financial order, and, although under no legal obligations to meet the demands trustees are anxious to get the road into better financial order, and, although under no legal obligations to meet the demands of the floating-debt creditors, prefer to settle with them on the above terms rather than incur the expense and the difficulties of foreclosing the mortgage to save themselves. If a compromise can be reached with the creditors, the trustees will turn the road back into the hands of the company; otherwise foreclosure must follow, which will cut the floating-debt creditors out of their claims. The trustees look for clear sailing in the future, and it is understood that the bondholders will advance money for the completion of the road to St. Louis when the indebtedness is adjusted. The company is well astisfied with the present leasing arrangement with the Indiana Bloomington & Western, and regards an extension to St. Louis, to be also leased to the Indiana Bloomington & Western, as a safe investment.—N. Y. World.

Louisville City Bonds—The city has voted to issue \$1,500.

Louisville City Bonds.—The city has voted to issue \$1,500,-000 in bonds for general atreet improvements and repairs. The bonds are drawn and rea dy for issue at 4 per cent.

Massachusetts Central.—The trustees who took the road under the mortgage announced that the running of all trains and all traffic upon the road would cease. The advertisement is published for the sale of the road under foreclosure Sept. 1. The time for the surrender of bonds is extended to June 17. After reorganization, the name of the road will probably be made "The Central Massachusetts."

Mexican Central.—Late advices from President Nickerson, of the Mexican Central Railway, indicate that he has completed his examination of the entire road. The company now has 710 miles of road completed, leaving 520 to build. Work is now progressing at both ends, and about fifteen kilometres is graded beyond San Blas. It is stated that a total of 45,000 men are at work on all the divisions. The Boston Journal gives a summary of the principal points in the amended concession granted this company by the Mexican Government, as follows:

mary of the principal points in the amended concession granted this company by the Mexican Government, as follows:

The amendment to Article 5 requires that all plans shall be completed in four years from the date of this contract instead of at various and earlier times, as originally pravided. Article 6, as amended, says: "The works of construction shall be prosecuted with necessary activity, so that in each two years 400 kilometers shall be constructed; and when more is constructed the excess shall be credited to the next succeeding blennial period, in order that all the lines in their totality shall be completed in the term of ten years, counting from the date of this contract; provided, that tho works of construction of the Pacific Line shall not be interrupted for any reason, the company being compelled to construct, of the 400 kilometers bennially required, at least 100 kilometers in the first two years, and 150 kilometers in each following two years, until the completion of that line." Article 41 constains an important clause relative to forfeiture, as follows: "If any of the lines, except in case of superior force, is not completed in the periods fixed in Article 6, the enterprise shall pay the Pederal Treasury, from the net earnings of the same line constructed, a fice of \$1,000 for each kilometer unconstructed, but shall preserve the ownership of the works it has constructed, of the part of the railway and telegraph which it has completed, and of the materials, machines and useful things employed in the operation of the line or these which have not been completed. The Government of the Republic, or the individual or corporation to whom is conceded such right, shall take the whole, previously making the corresponding payment to the company, necording to a valuation which shall be made by two experts, named one by each side, who before beglaning to ace shall name a third, to decide in case of discord" Article 49 reduces the rebate to the Government on the transportation of troops, manitions, &c., from 6

Michigan & Ohio.—Messrs, W. F. Moller & Co. state in an advertisement that this railroad, now nearly completed, extends from Toledo. Ohio, to Grand Haven, Mich. The par value of each subscription is \$16,500, representing one mile of completed railroad. Upon each subscription 65 per cent has been paid; the balance is subject to call. The proposed division of accurities to each subscription of \$16,500 is \$15,000 first mortgage bonds, 150 shares preferred stock and 250 shares common atock.

New York City Bonds.—A correspondent of the *Times* says the whole amount of coupon bonds now outstanding is less than \$12,415,000, of which \$470,000 is in 5 per cents, \$2,000,000 in

per cents, and the residne, \$9,692,000, in 6 per cents. Ont of a total funded debt of \$130,474,000, only \$12,162,000, or less, is in coupon bonds. [The bulk of the debt is in registered stock.]

New York & Sea Beach.—The bondholders who bought this road at the recent foreclosure sale have organized a new company by the same name. They intend to make improvements on the road and at the Coney Island terminus, and have arranged for the purchase of several steamboats to run between New York and Bay Ridge in connection with the road.—Rail-road Gazette. road Gazette.

N. Y. West Shore & Buffalo.—Gen. Winslow said this week that the track would be laid through the Weehawken tunnel before Saturday night. Early in July the road would be running to Syrscuse, and in operation its entire length from New York to Buffalo this fall. The grading, masonry and bridges west of Syracuse would be finished by Sept. I, and the entire track laid and ballasted within 60 days afterwards. The rolling atock was being received and every preparation being made to etock was being received and every preparation being made to begin running trains. Trains will begin running to Middletown and Newburg June 4. The New York Ontario & Western Railway will also run its trains ever the same track from Middletown to New York. The trains will run to the Pennsylvania Railroad station, in Jersey City, over the tracks of the New York Susquehanna & Western Railroad.

Northern Central.—Following is an official statement of the earnings and expenses of this road for April and for the first four months of the year:

	prll.		JanApril
1883. Gross earnings \$476,33	1882. 5 \$420,489	\$1,969,317	1882. \$1,656,198
Operating expenses \$259,86 Extraordin'y expenses. 21,67	\$263,295 4,094	\$1,103,636 178,426	\$1,051,264 119,043
Total expenses \$281,54	\$287,379	\$1,282,083	\$1,171,207
Not earnings \$194,79	\$153,110	\$687,233	\$484,090

Norfolk & Western.—The statement of earnings and expenses for April and for four months of the year is as follows:

Gross carnings Expenses		1882. \$171.793 104,981	1883. \$800,162 462,068	1882. \$664,794 410,744
Net earnings	\$91,226	\$66,812	\$338,094	\$254,950

Ohio & Mississippl .- A friend and subscriber of the Chron-ICLE recently addressed the following letter to the editors:

"Permit me to take exception to the statement made in your Supplement, that the 'preferred stock (of the Ohio & Miss. Railway Co.) has prior right to a cumulative dividend of 7 per cent before any dividend shali be paid on common." It is an open question whether the dividends on the preferred stock are unconditionally cumulative, or only cumulative when earned; and an attempt will soon be made to compromise with the preferred stock-holders for past defaults. Under the circumstances, therefore, it is hardly fair of you to prejudge the case by stating as a positive fact that which is still in dispute."

-In reply to this the CHRONICLE would say that the terms of the agreement in regard to the Ohio & Mississippi preferred stock appeared to be very clear and definite. There seemed to be no question in regard to the nature of the contract, and the mere commencement of a suit cannot unsettle it. There is nothing better to throw light on the subject than to quote the precise terms of the preference which were as follows

"The preferred stock is to be and remain a first claim upon the property of the corporation, after its indebtedness, and the holder thereof shall be entitled to receive from the net earnings of the company 7 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and to have such interest paid is full for each and every year before any payment of dividend upon the common stock."

In the case of any agreement apparently as clear as this the CHRONICLE is certainly justified in taking what seems to be the plain and obvious meaning—the meaning which a buyer of the stock would unquestionably have put upon it.

Oregon & California.—Regular trains have begun to run over this road to a new terminus at Glendale, Oregon, 65 miles southward from Roseburg and 265 miles from Portland, The stage line to connect with the Central Pacific at Redding, Cal., now starts from Giendale.

Pennsylvania Railroad.—The gross and net earnings in April 1882 and 1883 are specially compiled for the Chronicle in the table below. In April, 1883, there was an increase of \$205,900 in gross earnings and an increase of \$148,520 in the

\$205,900 in gross earnings and an increase of \$148,520 in the net. For the four months there was an increase in 1883 of \$1,444,488 in gross and \$842,010 in net earnings.

ALL LINES EAST OF PITTSDURG AND ERIE.

Gross Earnings.

1882.

1883.

1882.

Jannary.

\$3,929,357 \$3,373,321 \$1,471,058 \$1,074,262 \$1,074,662 \$1,074,662 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074,664 \$1,074

Total... \$15,892,702 \$14,448,214 \$5,731,010 \$4,889,000
As to the lines west of Pittsburg and Brie, the monthly
reports issued in 1882 and for the current year show the results
below. The company's report, however, states a gain since Jan. 1,
1883, over the same period in 1882 of only \$378,595.

ALL LINES WEST OF PITTSBURG & BRIE.

		LITISURIE WE DU		
	Net Surplus or	ver all Liabilities.	Inc.	or Dec. in
	1883.	1882.		1883.
January	. \$174,981	\$9,741	Inc	\$165,240
February	Def. 164,776	Def. 121,307	Dec	43,489
March	. 225.951	36,532	Inc	189,419
Aprii	. 149,710	17.047	inc	132,663
Total	@395 BAR	Def. \$57.987	Inc	\$143.853

Philadelphia & Reading.—The gross receipts from the railroads, canals, steam colliers and coal barges in April

were \$1,726,816 and the net receipts \$755,427; for the fiscal year slace Nov. 80, 1882, the gross receipts have been \$8,253,355 and the net receipts \$3,586,217. The gross receipts of the Philadelphia & Reading Coat & Iron Co. in April were \$1,193,001 and net \$62,000; since Nov. 30 gross receipts have been \$5,297,850, and net, \$72,453. The total receipts of both companies together for each month of the fiscal year have been as follows:

1	Gross Recespis.	Net Receipts
	1882-83. 1881-82.	1882-H3. 1981-82.
December	\$2.865,201 \$3.231.677	7 \$840,783 \$907,512
January	2,559,994 2,451,466	
February		
March	2,829,724 2,587,720	
Aprii	2,919,617 2,699,706	
Total 5 months	\$13,551,717 \$13,139,574	\$3,658,669 \$3,386,864

The coal tonnage has been as follows, viz.: Carried on the railroad in April, 692.872 tons, against 623,806 tons in April, 1892. Mined by the Coal & Iron Co. and by tenants, 454,488 tons, against 402,984 tons same month in 1882.

—Notice was recently given by this company that all instalments on deferred income bonds issued under prospectus of January 4, that were not paid by May 21 would be forfelted to the company. It is reported that the amount of the four instalments paid in is \$7.605,491, and that the amount of the subscriptions on which final instalment has not been paid is comparatively small.

Pittsburg & Lake Erle.—It is reported from Pittsburg that 12,000 or 8,000 shares of this railroad company's stock have been purchased in the interest of the Vanderbilts. This gives control of the road, extending from Pittsburg to Youngstown.

Rochester & Pittsburg.—This company has finished its Buffalo track. The freight tonnage amounts to about 1,100 tons daily. Passenger trains between Rochester and Pittsburg will be put on about June 1. Freight trains will run on the Buffalo branch early in June and passenger trains about June 15.

Southern Pacific.—A Washington dispatch of May 21 says: "The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has recently made application to the Secretary of the Interior for the lands originally granted to the Texas Pacific Railroad Company for the construction of its road. These lands are claimed by virtue of an assignment from the Texas Pacific Company, which has failed to construct the road for which the grant was made. A decision will not be reached in the case for several days, but there is reason to believe that it will be adverse to the claim of the Southern Pacific Company. The grant of land in dispute aggregates between 17,000,000 and 18,000,000 of acres."

Toledo Cinn. & St. Lonis.—The Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway was opened this week to East St. Louis, 449 miles from the eastern terminus to Toledo. This company also has a line to Cincinnati, consisting in part of the Cincinnati Northern Railway, recently acquired, and has also a line to Ironton, on the Ohio River, making in all about 800 miles. At St. Louis connection is made with the St. Louis & Cairo narrow gauge, which in turn connects with the Texas & St. Louis on that there is now practically completed a continuous pagrow. so that there is now practically completed a continuous narrow gauge line from Toledo into the heart of Texas. (Gatesville west of Waco). When the Texas & St. Louis road is finished to Laredo and the Mexican National from that point to the City of Mexico, a car of three feet gauge can run from Lake Erie to the Mexican capital, a distance of nearly 3,000 miles. To give the Mexican capital, a distance of nearly 3,000 miles. To give still more direct connection with the Sonth, a road to be called the Toledo Texas & Rio Grande is projected from Metcalf, Ill., on the Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis, to Cairo. If built, Ill., would save the detour by way of St. Louis, and form a line nearly straight from Toledo to Texas. The question of the comparative economy of standard and narrow gauge roads is now in a fair way to be answered. * * * Railway Age, May 17.

Wilmington & Northern.—The report of the Treasurer, presented at the annual meeting of the stockholders held at Reading, Pa., on the 7th inst., shows that the gross earnings for the year ending Dec. 31, 1882, were \$339,092, the operating expenses \$264,028, taxes \$4,656, interest on bonds and redemption of branch bonds \$12,091, leaving as net earnings the sum of \$58,315. Compared with the previous year the gross earnings show an increase of \$14,080. It was voted to accept the act of the Legislature authorizing the company to increase its indebtedness \$100,000 for the purpose of building branches and sidings. The length of track, including branches, is 85 miles. The company owns 16 locomotives and 146 cars of all kinds. kinds.

The "Facile" is the name of one of the stylish English bicycles introduced into this country, of which Mr. Julius Wilcox, 15 Park Place and 12 Mnrray Street, has the exclusive American agency. Mr. Wilcox remarks in his circular: "During the past two years this wonderful bicycle has been, in England, upsetting preconceived ideas about the capacity of small wheels, beating records, and proving itself a practical roadster, possessing the highest safety without sacrifice of any other good qualities or introducing any bad ones. Its development has been in that time the chief phenomenon in the English field, and in England its position is assured." All "wheelmen" (and "wheel-women" too for tricycles) are invited to send for a circular and price lists. circular and price lists.

-Attention is called to the notice of the payment coupons of the Rochester & Pittsburg RR. Company, due June 1st.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, May 25, 1883.

The weather was unseasonably cold at the West, the Northwest and the Southwest early in the week. In the Lake regions ice formed and snow fell, and the thermometer was very low in the Gulf States. There were violent storms and heavy floods, destroying much property and causing the loss of many lives. It has cleared up now and is warmer again. The danger of injury to the crops caused a revival of speculation in staples of agriculture, but it was of short duration, and regular trade has continued dull. Yesterday was a half-holiday in honor of the formal opening of the great bridge connecting the cities of New York and Brooklyn.

The lard speculation has not been important. Prices have been variable, with an inclination toward a lower basis. At the close there was an effort made to improve prices. Pork sold moderately on the spot, but commands very little speculative attention. To-day prime Western lard sold on the spot at 11.80@11.75c.; refined to the Continent quoted 11.75c.; South America 12.25c.; June sold at 11.71 2@11.73c.; July 11.80@11.81c.; August 11.75c.; November 10.97 2c.; seller year 10.85c.; closing stronger; June 11.74@11.75c.; July 11.82@ 11.83c.; August 11.77c.; September 11.67@11.69c.; seller year 11.80@11.85c. Pork was unchanged to-day, and sold on the spot at \$20@\$20 25; there were no quotations for the options. Bacon was quiet but firm at 11%c. for long clear. Beef was again quiet; city extra India mess \$25@\$26. Beef hams very firm at \$26@\$26 50. Tallow easy, with sales at 7\%@7 15-16c. for prime. Stearine quiet at 131/4@13%c. for prime. Batter is quiet and cheese firm, with good to fine State factory quoted 11½@12¼c.

Kentucky tobacco has become quiet again; 70 hhds. have been sold for export and 76 hhds. for consumption. Prices are without change at 5½@6½c. for lugs, and 7@10c. for leaf. Seed leaf has continued in demand, and all prices show steadiness. The sales for the week embrace 2,300 cases, including 500 cases 1882 crop Pennsylvania at 15@32c.; 100 cases 1881 crop Pennsylvania at 8@13c.; 600 cases 1882 crop New England at 11@19c.; 158 cases 1881 crop New England at 11@23c.; 312 cases 1882 crop Ohio Havanna seed private terms; 150 cases 1882 crop Ohio Little Dutch private terms; 307 cases 1882 crop Wisconsin Havana seed at 8@12c., and 250 cases 1881 crop State flats private terms; also 400 bales Havana 80c.@\$1 15, and 350 bales Sumatra \$1 10@\$1 50.

Rio coffee has been quiet and without material change; fair cargoes closed at 9½c.; options have at times sold very freely, but the closing figures show a decline for the week of from 20 to 40 points; No. 7 sold to-day at 7.25c. for June, 7.50c. for July, 7.60c. for August, 7.70c. for September, 7.80c. for October, 7.95c. for November and 8c. for December; mild has sold to a fair extent at rather easy prices latterly. September Padang sold to-day at 17½@17%c. Rice has been in pretty good demand, as a rule, and has been firm. Spices have been dull. Tea has been quiet and without material change. Foreign green fruits have been fairly active and steady; dried have been quiet. Molasses closed at 29@30c. for 50-degrees test refining stock here, June delivery; yesterday 2,000 hogsheads sold in Philadelphia at 29c. for June; no business in spot cargoes has latterly taken place; grocery grades have been quiet. Raw sugar closes more active at an advance to 7 3-16c. for fair refining and 7 13-16c. for 96-degrees test centrifugal; refined advanced to -day to 9½c. for crushed, 9½@9¾c. for powdered, 8½c. for granulated and 8½c. for standard 4½c. for powdered, 8½c. for granulated and 8½c. for standard 4½c. for powdered, 8½c. for granulated and 8½c. for standard 4½c. for powdered,

Raw sugar closes more active at an advance to 7 3-16c. for fair refining and 7 13-16c. for 96-degrees test centrifugal; refined advanced to-day to 9½c. for crushed, 9½@9¾c. for powdered, 8½@9c. for granulated and 8½c. for standard "A."

Rosins have been very quiet, and the tone is easy at \$167½@\$172½ for common to good strained. Spirits turpentine closed dull and freely offered at 38c.; for next week 37@37½c. are the quoted figures. Refined petroleum has been quiet at 7½c. for 110-degrees and 75½c. for 70-degrees test. Crude certificates opened to-day at \$103½, advanced to \$104⅓, declined to \$102¾ and closed at \$103¼. Ingot copper remains steady at 16c. for Lake; other metals are quiet and unchanged. Hops are dull; the best State 1882 grades are now quoted at 75c. Linseed oils firm at 56@57c. Wool dull and easy.

quoted at 75c. Ennseed one firm at soupse. How days easy.

Ocean freight-room is quiet for berth tonnage. Oil vessels have had a better call at about steady rates. Grain to Liverpool by steam quoted 3½d.; bacon 15s.; cheese 20@25s.; cotton 5-32d.; grain to London by steam taken at 4½d.; do. to Glasgow by steam 3½d.; do. to Hull by steam 4½d.; do to Hamburg by steam 77½ pfennings; refined petroleum to Bremen 2s. 6½d.@3s. 3d.; crude to Blaye 3s. 3d.; case oil (refined) to the Levant 21@22@23@23½c.; grain from Baltimore to Cork for orders 4s. per qr.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., May 25, 1883.

The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (May 25) the total receipts have reached 38,539 bales, against 43,976 bales last week, 50,575 bales the previous week and 48,761 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1882, 5,793,760 bales, against 4,533,846 bales for the same period of 1881-82, showing an increase since September 1, 1882, of 1,259,914 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wcd.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	232	1,184	712	840	351	409	3,778
Indianola, &c.						108	108
Now Orleans	1,253	1,891	2,655	1,560	909	1,916	10,134
Mobile	69	197	154	115	4	94	633
Florida						32	32
8avannah	178	554	986	816	589	367	3,490
Brunsw'k, &c.			••••				
Charleston	167	117	90	101	87	88	650
Pt. Royal, &c.		****				10	10
Wilmington	25	45	53	4	34	49	, 210
Morsh'd C.,&c						125	125
Norfolk	1,064	997	1,002	677	1,060	1,122	5,922
West Point,&c						2,875	2,875
New York	43	36	170	281	25	77	632
Boston	945	930	695	337	637	868	4,132
Baltimore						2,122	2,122
Philadelp'a, &c.	1,264	650	510	429		483	3,336
Totals this week	5,290	6,621	7,027	5,160	3,696	10,745	38,539

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept.1. 1882, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of last years.

The section to	188	32-93.	188	81-82.	St	ock.
Receipts to May 25.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1882.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1881.	1883.	1882.
Galvesten	3,778	808,288	1,254	418,603	41,734	9,122
Indianola,&c.	108	16,726	42	13,705		
New Orlsans	10,184	1,619,897	2,838	1,158,556	153,783	92,941
Mobile	633	308,366	809	257,877	15,107	10,215
Florida	32	18,355	14	27,197		******
Bavannah	3,490	800,686	1,335	713,652	12,548	9,219
Brunew'k, &c		5,508		6,966		
Charleston	650	563,960	654	486,948	8,726	7,271
Pt. Royal, &c.	10	24,339	115	24,356		
Wilmington	210	126,645	140	134,362	2,330	2,328
M'head C., &c	125	19,016	120	26,482		******
Norfolk	5,922	780,841	1,305	597,735	31,853	14,924
West Point, &c	2,875	224,398	598	189,413		*****
New York	632	136,094	897	157,301	221,251	269,416
Boston	4,432	179,832	2,027	217,225	5,485	9,095
Baltimore	2,122	59,303	98	19,454	20,982	21,117
Philadelp'a,&c.	3,336	101,506	1,210	84,014	8,406	16,495
Total	38,539	5,793,760	13,981	4,533.816	525,205	465,043

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
Galvest'n.&c.	3,896	1,296	4.014	1,137	3,022	1,636
New Orleans.	10,181	2,859	7,302	5,845	2,434	3,561
Mobile	633	809	1,456	507	390	960
Savannah	3,490	1,335	4.760	1,011	2,067	3,317
Charl'at'n, &c	660	769	3,310	1,820	426	683
Wilm'gt'n, &c	335	265	372	86	377	526
Norfolk, &o	8,797	2,403	4,584	7,508	3,331	3,960
All others	10,554	4,216	11,023	5,850	5,066	3,577
Fot. this w'k.	38,539	13,981	36,851	23,764	17,113	18,220
3lnoe Sept. 1.	5793,760	4533,846	5530,131	4739,442	4389,721	4196,104

Galveston includes Indianoia; Charleston includes Port Royal, &c. Wilmingtonincludes Morehead City, &c.; Norfolk includes City Point, &c

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 44,264 bales, of which 35,126 were to Great Britain, 1,780 to France and 7,358 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 525,205 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1. 1882.

Exports	We		ng May		From Sept. 1, 1882, to May 25, 1883. Exported to-				
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Cont nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Galveston		1,234		1,284	903,145	30,825	155,152	497,025	
New Orleans	10,574		2,618	13,192	770,012	277,832	431,154	1,478,528	
Mobile					33,840	9,850	1,100	44,290	
Florida					******		100	100	
Bayannah	2,678			2,078	103,792	25,658	283,028	414,478	
Charleston *			1,714	1,714	191,080	24,775	210,015	971,870	
Wlimington	1,567			1.567	53,163		4,500	57,753	
Norfolkt	1,246			1,248	365,509		27,425	392,934	
New York	11,223			12.513	450,019	28,130	147,180	825,32	
Soston	1,590			1,508	150.583		443	156,826	
Saltimore	3,612		1,95?	5.584	157,828	4,718	55,909	218,255	
Philadelp'a,&c			300	2,900			3,380	95,207	
Total	83,126	1,780	7,85S	44,264	2,608,483	409,321	1,325,482	4,348.285	
Total 1881-S2	18,599	560	4.907	24.156	2,149,165	310,497	731,805	3,221,287	

Includes exports from Port Royal, &c.
Includes exports from West Point, &c.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 69 Broad Street.

	On	Leaving					
MAY 25, AT-	Great Britain. France.		Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Block.	
Now Orleans Mobile	12,832 None. None.	None.	3,248 None. None.	538 Nono. 250	22,061 None, 250	131,722 15,107 8,476	
Savanuah	3,300 9,699 6,200	None. None. None.	None. 3,858 1,300	800 3,342 2,390	4,100 16,899 9,890	8,148 24,835 21,963	
Norfolk New York Other ports	3,000 3,500	None.	1,000	None.	4,000	217,251 33,203	
Total 1883.	38,551	5,423	9,900	7,320	61,200	464,005	
Total 1982	22,409 40,889	4,174 17,529	6,542 25,373	1,616 3,576	34,741 87,367	430,302 402,530	

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market has been rather quiet for the week under review. The volume of lusiness shows a marked reduction from the movement early in this month The depression of Friday last was continued on Saturday, but the close was steady at some recovery from the lowest figures, and on Monday and Tuesday there was an advance, owing to advices from the South showing the prevalence of very unseasonable weather for the young the prevalence of very unseasonable weather for the young crop. The thermometer fell below 50 degrees at many points, and there were violent rain storms in some sections. However, no killing frost was reported, and Tuesday closed dull, with the loss of part of the advance for the day. Wednesday opened firm, but under weak foreign advices, and the indications that the "short interest" for this crop had been pretty well disposed of, there was a decline, which was continued on Thursday, when business was suspended at half past 12, in honor of the opening of the great bridge connecting New York and Brooklyn. To-day the market was depressed early in the day, but some recovery followed, the final close being irregular and unsettled. Cotton on the spot has been dull and unsettled. There was a decline of 1-16c. on Saturday, an advance of 1-16c. on Tuesday, and a decline of 1-16c. on Thursday. To-day there was a further decline of 1-16c., with more doing for home consumption, middling uplands closing at 10% c. 10%

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 388,300 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 2,505 bales, including 22 for export, 2,252 for consumption, 231 for speculation and — in transit. Of the above, 25 bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for

each day of the past week.

May 19 to	UPLANDS.			NEW	ORLE	ANS.	TEXAS.		
May 25.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin's. % to	8_	8	8118	814	94	8516	84	84	8516
Strict Ord	8716	8716	812	81116	81116	834	81116	81116	834
Good Ord	914	914	9516	912	913	9916	912	912	0916
Str. G'd Ord	915_{16}	91516	10	10316	10316	1011	10318	10316	104 104
Low Midd'g Str.L'w Mid		10716	10 ¹ 2 10 ¹³ 16	1011 ₁₆	101116	1034 111 ₁₆	101116	101116	11116
Middling	10:516	101518	111	11316	11316	11116	11316	11316	114
Good Mid.	116.0	11516	1138	11916	11916	1158	11916	11916	1158
Str. G'd Mid		11916	1158	111314	111316		1111116	111316	1178
Midd'g Fair		12116	1218	12516	12516	1238	12516	12513	1238
Fair	121316	121316		13116	13116	1318	13116	13116	1318
	Wed	Th.	Pri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordin'y. ? D	8116	8_	71516	8516	84	8316	8516	84	8316
Strict Ord	S12	8716	838	831	81119	858	834	81116	858
Good Ord.	9616	914	9316	9916	912	9716	99 ₁₆ 104	91g 10316	9718
Str. G'd Ord	10	91516	978 1038	104	10316	10 ¹ 8	1034	101116	
Low Midd'g Btr. L'w Mid	101316	10716	101116		1011 ₁₆	101516	11116	11	101316
Middling	11	101518	1073	114	11316	1148	1114	11318	1118
Good Mid.	1138	11516	1114	1158	11916	1112	1158	11916	1112
Str. G'd Mid		11910	1112	1176	111310		1178	111818	11%
Midd'g Fair	1218	12116	12	1238	12316	124	1238	12518	124
Fair	1278	12181A	1234	1318	13116	13	1318	13116	13
8'	TAINE	D.		Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
			**	P-7	F-7	77.	P1.	07	790
Good Ordin	7716	771€	712	712	77 ₁₆	738			
Strict Good	oraina	гу		814 81516	814 515 ₁₆	8216	8 ⁵ 16	91510	8316 876
Low Middling	·S			10118	10118	10 ¹ 8	1018		10

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

1		BALL	S OF 81	FUTU	FUTURES.			
8	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.		Con- sump.		Tran-	Totai.	Sales.	Deliveries.
Mon . Qu Tues . Du Wed . No Thurs Du	ll at 116 dec iet and steady ill at 116 adv minal ill at 114 dec ady at 116dec.	22	014	25 28 178		172 232 497 214 277 1,113	42,900 62,400	900 400 1,600 400
Total		22	2,252	231		2,505	388.300	3.800

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day previous to that on which they are reported.

The Sales and Priors of Forcess are shown by the following comprehensive table. In this statement will be found the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

the	the closing blds, in addition to the dally and total sales.											
Sales since 8ep.1, 82- 20,714,000 2,723,300	Total sales this week.	Friday, May 25— gaiss, total. Prices paid (range)	Closing. May 24-	Trdnesd'r. May 23- Rules, total Prices paid (range) Closing.	Firek total. Firmer. 42,900 Price paid (range) 10-17-911-04 Cloding. Dull.	Vonday, May 21— salea, total Prices paid (range) Closing.	Sales, total Prices paid (range) Creaing	FLTUNES.	Market, Prices and			
20,714,000	338,300	Variable. 117,400 10-08 \$10-84 frregular.	10.200 10.12010.91 Easy:	Easier. 62 400 10 18 20 11 01 Dull.	Firmer. 42,900 10-17-011-04 Dull.	Firmer. 63,900 (range) 10.17.011.02	Lower. 51,400 10.12.10.93 Steady.	Polar Sales.	Market,			
2,723,300	10,000	Aver 10.81 2.200 10.80-0.083 10.80-10.83	Aver10.90 1.300 10.87@10.91 10.85—10.87	Aver 10.98 3.500 10.95.211.01 10.95-10.96	Aver11.02 1,100 11.00 a 11.04 11.01—11.02		Aver10.91 500 10.90.010.91 10.9310.94	May.				
2,787,000	68,600 10.91	Aver1078 25,600 10.74æ10.81 10.81——	Aver10.88 6,600 10.85.010.89 10.84—10.85	Aver10.94 8,100 10.92@11.00 10.92—10.93	Aver10.98 9.400 16.96 \$10.99 10.97—10.98	Aver10.95 10.91 #10.99 10.91 #10.99	Aver10-91 8,300 10-90-210-92	June.				
1,534,300	71,500	Variable. Aver10-81 Aver10-78 Aver10-76 Aver10-80 Aver10-51 Aver10-20 Aver10-10 Aver10-11 Aver10-10 Aver10	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c} \Delta \text{ver} :: 10.98 \ \Delta \text{ver} :: 10.94 \ \Delta \text{ver} :: 10.91 \ \Delta \text{ver} :: 10.94 \ \Delta \text{ver} :: 10.91 $	Aver11-02 Aver10-98 Aver10-93 Aver10-97 Aver10-60 Aver10-20 Aver	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	July.				
2,557,200	152,200 10:91	Aver10-80 41,700 10-75-2010-84 10-81-10-82	Aver10.86 22,900 10.83.010.89 10.83-10.84	Aver10.94 21,100 10.91@10.97 10.91—10.92	Aver10.97 18,300 10.95@10.98 10.95—10.96	Aver10.95 23,800 10.92 & 11.00	Aver10-91 24,400 10-90@10-93 10-91—10-92	August.	DAILY Ph			
175,200	23,600 10:56	Aver 10.51 7,900 10.46.20.53 10.51-10.52	Aver10-53 1,700 10-52 #10-54 10-51-10-53	Aver .10.61 5,600 10.58.210.62 10.58-10.59	Aver 10-60 2.000 10-60-10-62 10-59-10-60	Aver10.57 0.400 10.53@10.61 10.56—10.58	Aver 10.54 2.000 10.53—10.55 10.54 9 10.55	September.	DAILY PRIORS AND			
289,800	18,700	Aver10-20 1,800 10-17@10-22 10-21—10-22	Aver10-23 3,000 10-22@16-24 10-2110-22	Aver 10.29 4,500 10.28@10.30 10.27—10.28	Aver10.28 700 10.28@10.29 10.28—10.29	Aver 10-24 4,100 10-21-210-29 10-25-10-26	Aver10-22 1,600 10-22-10-24 10-22-10-23	October.	SALES OF			
272,700	22,000	Aver10.10 6,400 10.08@10.14 10.12—10.14	Aver10·13 5.100 10·12 #10·15 10·1110·12	Aver 10-20 3,300 10-15@10-21 10-17—10-18	Aver10.18 1,500 10.17.010.20 10.18-10.19	Aver10.16 4,700 10.12.20.19 10.15-10.16	Aver10·13 Aver10·15 1.000 10·12æ10·13 — æ10·15 10·12-10·13 10·14-10·15	November.	FUTURES			
88,700	10,700	Aver10.14 2,000 10.13.210.16 10.15-10.16	Aver 10·14 3,600 10·14æ10·15 10·13—10·14	Aver :.10.23 3.500 16.21@10.24 10.19—10.20	Aver10-20 10-20 a 10-19-10-20	Aver 10·18 Aver 10·17 a 10·19 10·20 a 10·19 10·24	Aver10.15 1.300 	December.	FOR EAGH			
43 330	3,600	Aver12.20 500 10.20 % 10.22—10.24	er10·14 Aver10·23 Aver	°CF10.23 AVEF10.30 AVEF10.3 °21.31.00 °21.31.024 10.28 21.103 °19-10.20 10.26-10.28 10.35-10.3	Aver10.29 600 10.292 10.2710.29	er10·18 Aver10·20 200 17.200 10·19 10·20 10-10·18 10·24-10·26	1,300 1,300 2,1015 14-1015 10-21-10-22	January	HINOM.			
6,000	3.500 10.32	er10·14 Aver12·20 Aver10·28 2,006 13æ10·16 10·20æ 10·22æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ 10·28æ	Aver	1 1	er10-20 Aver10-29 Aver— 100 20	AVCF.	Aver	February.				
8,300	1.900	Aver 10.42 10.42 2	Aver10.12 560 10.42	1,000 10.48%	Aver	Aver:	Aver:	March.				
		Aver	Aver	Aver :-	Aver	Aver	AVOF :	April.				
bei	Inclu	des sales ber for O	in Septer	mber, 18:	32, for Se September	ptember. r-Novem	500,20) ber for No	; Sep	plem			

ber-October for October, 815,900; September-November for November, 731,000; September-December for December, 1,097,100; September-January for January, 2,070,200; September-February for February, 1,300,200; September-March for March, 1,969,400; September-April for April, 1,713,300.

Transferable Orders—Saturday, 10.95c.; Monday, 11.00c.; Tuesday 11.05c.; Wednesday, 11c.; Thursday, 10.90c.; Friday, 10.85c. Short notices for May—Monday, 10.95c.

The following exchanges have been made during the week.

33 pd. to exch. 2,600 Sept. for Aug.

'03 pd. to exch. 100 July for Aug.

'04 pd. to exch. 100 July for Aug.

'05 pd. to exch. 100 July for Aug.

'08 pd. to exch. 1,200 July for May.

'08 pd. to exch. 1,200 July for May.

'01 pd. to exch. 200 July for Aug.

'01 pd. to exch. 400 July for Aug.

'02 pd. to exch. 400 July for May.

'02 pd. to exch. 200 June for Aug.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the affoat, are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (May 25), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

1883.	1982.	1881.	1880.
Stock at Liverpoolbales. 961,000	989,000	930,000	767.000
Stock at London 48,200	61,800	46,800	49,300
DIOUR & 17011011 201200	02,000	40,000	40,000
Total Great Britain stock 1,009,200	1.050.000	976,800	816,300
		6,500	3.000
Stock at Hamourg 3,500	1,400		
Stock at Bremen 51,700	28,300	50,900	43 800
Stock at Amsterdam 39,000	18,400	40,600	18.000
Stock at Rotterdam 2,500	1,438	5,380	2,290
8tock at Antwerp 3,200	1,900	780	770
Stock at Havre 149.000	116,000	209.000	88.300
Stock at Marsellies 7,400	2,600	4.000	4,600
Stock at Barcelona 91,000	24,300	33,000	45.700
8tock at Genoa 14,000	5,000	4,000	10,000
Stock at Tricate 9,760	5,470	6,900	4,400
D.OOL at 111001011111111111111111111111111111	- 0,210	0,000	
Total centinental stocks 371,000	204,808	361,060	220,860
Total contractor account. 0/1,000	203,000	001,000	220,000
Total European stocks1,380.200	1.255,608	1,337,860	1,037.160
India cotton affoat for Europe. 346,000	445,000	294.000	318.000
Amer'n cotton affect for Eur'pe 405,000	256,000	402,000	379.000
Egyot, Brazil, &c., afit for E'r'pe 34,000	45,000	47,000	20,000
	465,043	489.897	423.045
			143.241
Stock in U. S. interior towns. 110,351	91,413	132 471	
United States exports to-day 4,400	5,000	8,000	5,000
67-4-7	0 = 00 001	0.711.000	0.205 140
Total visible supply2.305,156	2,000,004	2,711,228	2,323,440
Of the above, the totals of American and o	ener deseri	риона я го і	re follows:
American—			
Laverpool stock 723,000	613,000		514,000
Continental stocks 241,000	105,000	263,000	154,000
American afloat for Europe 405.000	256,000	402,000	379 000
United States stock 525,205	465.043	48 1.897	423.045
United States interior stocks 110,351	91.413	132.471	143,241
United States exports to-day 4,400	5,000	8,000	5,800
Oznow Dung Dung Dung Trans			
Total American2,008,956	1.535.456	2,002,368	1.018 286
East Indian, Brazil, &c	_,,	.,,	,
Liverpool stook 238,000	376,000	223,000	253,000
London stock	61.800	46,800	49,300
Continental stocks	99.803	93, 60	66.860
India affoat for Europe 316,000	445,600	294,000	313,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat 34,000	45,000	47,000	20,000
Egypt, Diazu, aco., audav 34,000	40,000	27,000	20,000
Total East India, &c 796,200	1.027.603	708,860	707,160
Total American2,008,956		0 000 365	
10(at American2,008,990	1,000,400	2,002.305	1,010,250
Total vieible supply2,805,156	2 563 004	2711 200	9 395 146
	6 ⁵ 8d.	5154	611 ₁₈₁₁ ,
Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool 578d.	o sa.	31016d.	Orvigit.

The imports into Continental ports this week have been

57,000 bales.

The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 242,092 bales as compared with the same date of 1882, an increase of 93,928 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1881 and an increase of 479,710 bales as compared with 1880.

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for th- corresponding period of 1881-82—is set out in detail in the following statement

Total, all	Total, new towns	Newberry. S. C. Raieigh, N. C. Petersburg, Va. Louisville, Ky. Little Rock, Ark. Brenham, Tex	Total, old towns.	Augusta, Ga Columbus, Ga Macon, Ga Montgoutry Ala. Montgoutry Ala. Montgoutry Ala. Montgoutry Ala. Monphils, Tenn Dallas, Ter. Jefferen, Tex. Jefferen, Tex. Jefferen, Tex. Jefferen, Tex. Jefferen, Ga Columbus, Miss. Eufaula, Ala. Griffin, Ga Griffin, Ga Charlotte, N. C. St. Louis, Mo. Cincinnati, O.
22,737	4,864	493 421 157 274 380 3,139	17,873	This reck: week: w
3,495,454	903,183	23,211 49,700 25,369 31,136 52,401 38,581 687,785	2,592,271	Movement to 11 Reccipits. Reccipits. Reccipits. Rept.11/92. Since Rept.11/92. Reccipits. Rept.11/92. Reccipits. Rept.11/92. Reccipits. Rept.11/92. Reccipits.
31,043	5,497	979 4433 4433 5645 5645	25,546	Shipparts S. Phis Phis Phis S. Phis
125,565	15,214	3 150 20054 3 16054 8888 8888	110,351	883. Stock May 25. 7,306 6,365 2,469 3,470 29,470 4,97 1,954 1,955 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,105 2,
12,378	1,458	1,054 1,054	10,920	This veck. 230 990 990 990 990 990 990 990 990 990 9
2,764,611	574,085	15.128 58,992 26.057 29.787 29.787 24,798 394,155	2,190,526	Movement to May 26, 1882 Receipts. Shipm's St.
23,795	3,582	37 547 42 326 519 519 268 1,843	20,213	Shipm's veck. Shipm's veck. 1,193 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186 1,186
104,018	12.605	275 1,534 3,789 3,789 3,783 705 147 2,372	91,413	882. Slock May 26. 8.293 6.967 1.1925 29.375 558 8.11 100 100 10.655 1,160 11.655 11.890

^{*} This year's figures estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 7,673 bales, and are to-night 18,938

bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 6,853 bales more than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 730,743 bales more than for the same time in 1881-2.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week.

Week ending	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON-											
May 25.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.						
Galveston	1038	1038	1038	1038	1038	1014						
New Orleans. Mobile	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4	104	104	103 ₁₆	10 ¹ 8 10 ¹ 4						
Savannah	1014	104	1014	1014	1014	1014						
Charleston	10% 10%	1012	10 ¹ 2 10 ¹ 4	104	1012	10 ¹ 2 10 ¹ 4						
Norfolk Boston	10 ¹ 4 æ ³ 8	10 ¹ 4 11 ¹ 8	10 ¹ / ₄ 11 ¹ / ₈	104	10 4 11 18	104						
Baltimore	1034	1034	1034	10%	10%	1034						
Philadelphia.	11¼ 10%	11 4 10 8	11 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 8	11 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 8	11 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 8	1134						
Memphis	1018	1018	1018	1018	1018	10						
St. Louis	104	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4	104	10¼ 10¼	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4						
Louisville	104	104	104	1012	1034	104						

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the out-ports.

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

	Week	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at l	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts from Plant'ns		
9	inding-	1881.	1882.	1853.	1881.	1882.	1883	1881.	1882.	1883.
Me	h. 9	140.126	58,747	124,526	819 232	315.978	304.621	136,900	81,648	121,030
11	16	108,200	57,454	111,181	320,500	284.893	297,178	100,488	25,874	108,788
86	23	98 090	61,918	105,062	809.518	253.018	279,946	82,703	31,141	87,535
4.8	80	78.514	54.085	86,999	294 608	283,182	288,1-71	63.609	33,599	74,042
Ap	r. 8	85,698	44.467	78,70%	277,350	215,944	257,152	68,438	27,729	68,889
84	13	88,579	53,229	72.935	201,599	201,747	239,481	50,823	19,032	55,244
11	20	60,718	27,800	66 527	241,198	180,281	213,029	40,317	8,334	40 005
- "	27	47,729	33,606	59,244	225.820	157 836	189,8 16	32 351	11,161	36,021
Ma	у 4	45,535	34,428	48,761	215,258	148.327	164,983	34.50-	19,914	23,338
16	11	49,150	25,881	50,575	191,662	137.690	147,942	28,559	10,184	34,134
	18	42,415	20,864	43.976	174,8 19	115,435	133,871	22,562	8,669	29,905
"	25	30,851	13,981	35,539	117,473	104,018	125,565	9,515	2.564	30,233

The above statement shows—1. That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1882, were 5,902,840 bales; in 1831-82 were 4,592,439 bales; in 1880-81 were 5,638,766 bales.

2. That, although the receipts at the ont-ports the past week were 33,539 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 30,233 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 2,564 bales and for 1881 they were 9,515 bales.

Amount or Cotton in Sight May 25.—In the table below we give the receipts from plantations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to May 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

1					
		1882-83.	1881-82.	1880-81.	1879-80.
	ceipts at the ports to May 25 terior stocks on May 25 in		1,533,846	5,530,131	4,739,442
	excess of September 1		58,593	108,635	139,949
	Tot. receipts from plantat'ns t overland to May 1				4,978,391 540,402
	othern consumpt'n to May 1				
7	Cotal in sight May 25	6,777,702	5,225,069	6,286,007	5,568,793

It will be seen by the above that the increase in amount to sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 1,552.633 bales, as compared with 1880-81 is 491,635 bales and with 1879-80, 1,208,909 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—A cold wave has passed over the South the past week, and from almost all sections we have complaints on account of it, and from some points reports of frost. The cold term was of short duration, and has been

of frost. The cold term was of short duration, and has been already succeeded by more seasonable weather. Of course, such low temperature is not favorable for crop development, but we do not think that much permanent damage has been done, except it may be in very limited districts.

Galveston, Texas.—It has rained splendidly on one day of the week, but not enough, and was followed by three days of high winds and unseasonably cold weather. The rainfall reached one inch and seventy hundredths. Crops are promising, but unquestionably need rain. The thermometer has averaged 73, ranging from 61 to 85.

Indianola, Texas.—We have had fine rain on one day of the week, but it was unfortunately followed by three days of

the week, but it was unfortunately followed by three days of cold north winds, which desiccated the surface. The rainfall reached one inch and fifty hundredths. Prospects are fair, but

more rain is needed at once. The thermometer has averaged 75, the highest being 86 and the lowest 62.

Dallas, Texas.—We have had light showers on two days o the week, the rainfall reaching sixteen hundredths of an inch

Crops are doing reasonably well, though the weather has been too cool. Average thermometer 69, highest 93 and lowest 45.

Brenham, Texus.—We have had no rain during the week.

Crops generally are doing well, but some sections would be benefitted by rain. The thermometer has ranged from 45 to

88, averaging 67.

Palestine, Texas.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifty hundredths. Young crops are very fine. The thermometer has averaged 71, ranging from 51 to 90.

Huntwille, Texas.—We have had a chewar during the

from 51 to 90.

Huntsville, Texas.—We have had a shower during the week, which was very beneficial, but the weather has been too cool for this season of the year. Crops are, nevertheless, good. The thermometer has averaged 69, the highest being 92 and the lowest 45, and the rainfall reached one inch.

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had a fine shower on one day of the week, doing much good. The rainfall reached one inch and twenty hundredths. All crops look well, but the weather has been too cool and windy. Average thermometer 65; highest 85, lowest 44.

65; highest 85, lowest 44.

Betton, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week.

Crops are promising. The thermometer has ranged from 45 to 90, averaging 68.

to 90, averaging 68.

Luling, Texas.—The weather has been cold and dry all of the week. Rain is very badly needed, and unless it comes soon crops will be seriously hurt, as growth has ceased. The thermometer has averaged 72, ranging from 51 to 92.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching sixty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 70.

Shreement Louisiana—The weather has been fair during

Shreveport, Louisiana.—The weather has been fair during the week, with unusually low temperature. The rainfall reached twenty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 49 to 94.

has ranged from 49 to 94.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.

Columbus, Mississippi.—It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifty-three hundredths. The weather has been too cold. We had a frost, but not a killing frost, on the 22d.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—Telegram not received.

Memphis, Tennessee.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twenty-four hundredths. We had frost on Tuesday and Wednesday mornings. Not much damage was done to the growing crops, but great damage is reported to have been done to cotton by the cool weather, causing much replanting. The low range of temperature last Monday and Tuesday and the frost were unprecedented for this season of the year. The thermometer has averaged 65, the highest being 87 and the lowest 41.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on four days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirry-six hundred.

the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-six hundredths. We have had frosts, but not killing frosts, on two nights of the week. Average thermemeter 62, highest 86 and

lowest 42.

Mobile, Alabama.—It has been showery on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching but six hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts are less favorable, the crops backward and needing rain badly. The weather has been too cold. We had a frost during the week but not a killing frost, still, much damage is feared in the northern districts. The thermometer has ranged from 47 to 89, averaging 69.

Montgomery, Alabama.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching fifty-nine hundredths of an inch. The weather was too cold on Monday and Tuesday, but as the week closes there is a favorable change. The thermometer has averaged 65, ranging from 44 to 87.

Selma, Alabama.—It has rained on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching sixty-seven hundredths of an inch. The

the rainfall reaching sixty-seven hundredths of an inch. The weather has been too cold. The thermometer has averaged 62, the highest being 82 and the lowest 40.

Madison, Florida.—We have had no rain during the week.

Madison, Florida.—We have had no rain during the week. The days have been warm, but the nights have been cold. The weather has been too cold, and much damage is feared, but at the close of the week there is a favorable change. Average thermometer 64, highest 80, lowest 54.

Macon, Georgia.—We have had a light shower on one day of the week, but more rain is needed. The weather has been too cold; light frost is reported, but with slight damage; at the close of the week the weather has taken a favorable turn. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 84, averaging 64.

Columbus, Georgia.—We have had rain on one day of the week. The weather has been too cold. We have had a frost during the week, but not a killing frost. The thermometer has averaged 63, ranging from 44 to 80, and the rainfall reached thirty-seven hundredths of an inch.

Savannah, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week,

Savannah, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week, and the remainder of the week has been pleasant, but with very cool nights. The rainfall reached six hundredths of an very cool nights. The rainfall reached six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 69, the highest being 80

and the lowest 51. Augusta, Georgia.—We have had no rain during the week. Crop accounts are rather unfavorable; cool weather and want

of rain have given cotton a set-back. Average thermometer 65, highest 88, lowest 43.

Atlanta, Georgia.—It has beeu cool and unfavorable during the week with rain on one day, the rainfall reaching twelve hundredths of an inch. The weather is unprecedented. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 85, averaging 60.

Charlesion, South Carolina.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has a everyway 62 ranging from

the week. The thermometer has averaged 63, ranging from

48 to 84.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock May 24, 1883, and May 25, 1882.

	May 2	1, '93	May 2	5, '82.
New OrleansBelow high-water mark MemphisAbove low-water markNashvilleAbove low-water loarkShreveportAbove low-water markAbove low-water mark	1 22 12 14	Inch. 2 0 0 1 11	Feet. 2 33 19 27 41	inch. 8 1 4

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gange was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

India Cotton Movement from all Ports .- We have during the past year been endeavoring to rearrange our India service so as to make our reports more detailed and at the same time more accurate. Hitherto we have found it impossible to keep out of our figures, as cabled to us for the ports other than Bombay, cargoes which proved only to be shipments from one India port to another. The plan we have now adopted, as we have reason to believe, will relieve us from the danger of this We first give the inaccuracy and keep the totals correct. Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to May 24.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents this	week.	Shipm	ent« eine	e Jan. 1.	Re	celpis.
Year	Great Brit'n.		Total.	Great Britain	Conti- neni.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1983 1882	17,000	21,000	38,000	319,000 607,000	622,000	941,000		1,275,000 1,277,000
1881	20,000	36,000	30,000	199,000	371,000 341,000	370.000	13.000	840.000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 3,000 bales, and a decrease in shipments of 26,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 66,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for t	he week.	Shipment	s eince Jar	mary 1.
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Brilain.	Continent.	Total.
Calcutta— 1883 1882 Madras—	100 2,700	*****	100 2,700	61,000 92,900	9,100 30,300	70,100 123,200
1883 1882 All others— 1883	3,800	*****	3,200	4,500 15,600 4,000	1,666 2,000 2,000	5,500 17,600 6,000
1882		•••••		24,000	4,900	28,900
1883 1892	100 6,300		100 6,500	69,500 132,500	12,100 37.200	81,600 169,700

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 6,400 bales less than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1883, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows:

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	18	383.	18	382.	18	81.
to all Europe from-	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Bombay All other p'rts.	38,000			1,007,000 169,700		579,000 167,290
Total	38,100	1,022,600	70,500	1,176,700	59,500	737.200

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the three years at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, May 24.	1882-83.	1881-82.	1980-81.
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1	3,000 2,247,000	2,000 2,821,720	5,000 2,752,000
	This Since Sept. 1.	This Since sept. 1.	This Since Sept. 1.
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	1,000 228,000 1,000 83,000	1,500 239,200 500 170,371	
Total Europe	2,000 311,000	2,000 409.571	1,000 370.392

^{*} A cantar is 98 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending May 24 were 3,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe were 2,000 bales.

MANOHESTER MARKET.—Our report received from Manchester to-night states that the market is very quiet, but, owing to the holidays, there is more firmness shown. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison.

-		18	383.					1882.	
	32s Con Twist.	81 Shi	4 lbs	8.	Oott'n Mid. Upt·ls	32s Cop. Iwist.		8 ¹ 4 lbs. Shirtings.	Ootl' Mid. Uples
" 20 " 27 May 4 " 11 " 18	838 @ 9 838 @ 9 8716 @ 9 8716 @ 9 84, @ 9 84, @ 9 85, @ 9 81118—9	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 10 10	8. 77. 77. 77. 77. 77. 77. 77. 7	d 3 1 ¹ 2 1 ¹ 2 3 3 4 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2	558 558 534 51316 51518	938 2010	6	d. s. d. 7 ¹ 2 98 0 6 98 0 6 98 0 4 ¹ 2 97 10 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 97 9 4 ¹ 2 97 9 4 ¹ 2 97 10 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 97 10 ¹ 2 4 ¹ 2 97 10 ¹ 2	

CONDITION OF COTTON IN VARIOUS SECTIONS.—The following, from our exchanges, shows the condition of cotton in various sections at late dates:

NORTH CAROLINA.-The Norfolk Landmark of May 20 published the following concerning crop prospects in North Carolina:

"A gentleman who has just returned to Norfolk from a trip through North Carolina informs us that the cotton and corn crops along the line of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad are looking unusually promising, and there is every reason to expect large results. The young cotton plants are growing heautifully and the stand is exceptionally good. On the line of the Scaboard & Roanoke Railroad the planters and farmers have made extensive preparations for large crops. Everybody is cheerful ever the prospect of a prosperons year."

SOUTH CAROLINA -- We extract items from the Charleston News and Courier as follows:

Darlington, Darlington Co., May 18.—"The weather has been me remark ably cool lately. The cotton is suffering from the cool changes, and its growth is somewhat checked. The farmers are busy thinning out their cotton preparatory to their regular fight with the grass, which is already marshaling its battalions for the fray."

Lawrens County, May 19.—"Cotton, though backward, looks well where it is up, and shows a good stand."

Chester County, May 19.—"Farmers in Chester County report generally good s ands of corn and cotton in come places, though plauting cotton is just being finished up."

GEORGIA.—The Savannah Morning News of the 21st furnishes us the following on the condition of the crops:

nishes us the following on the condition of the crops:

"Reports are somewhat conflicting, but it is generally agreed that the prospect warrants the expectation of a good average crop in Georgia. Planting has generally been about one mouth later than usual, on account of the cold and continuous heavy rains early in the spriog, and later rains greatly interrupted operations on the farm, so that the crops are not only later but have been retarded in growth by too much water in the soil. They are, however, gradually overcoming the backset, and with no further disaster, will again cause the land to rejoice in peace and plonty. The cotton crop is reported generally very promising."

TEXAS.—The Bryan (Brazos Co.) Enterprise of May 19 says: "Corn and cotton are in fine condition throughout the entire county.

* * Cotton in the bottom is incking splendid, and the upland growth was never better at this soason."

The Calvert (Robertson Co.) Courier of May 19 says:

"The crop prospects were never better."

The Cameron (Milan Co.) Herald of May 19 says:

"Encouraging crop reports come from all parts of the county, and there is good reason to believe we will be blessed with another abundant harvest, and prosperous business year."

The Flatonia (Fayette Co.) Argus remarks:

"The farmers, as a rule, report crops as very promising. Some say they are needing rain, while others say they can get along for some time yet without it. " " Cotton is not suffering yet, although a rain would not hurt it, and would be of immense bonefit to that planted late."

The editor of the Ennis (Ellis Co.) Recorder made a trip through Ellis, Dallas and Kaufman Counties, and speaking of the crop, says:

"Saturday ovening the Senior left for Forney via Dallas, and returned Tuesday evening. The crops along the route we traveled were in good condition, and the prespect is excellent for good crops."

The special correspondent of the Galveston Daily News

writes:

Chappell Hill, Washington Co., May 17.—"The crop prospects, considering the late spring, are encouraging. Corn is from hip to shoulder high. Cotton is about all brought to a stand. Crops generally are clean, and farm hands are working well."

Clifton, Bosque Co., May 17.—"We have had splendid rains in the past few days, and crop prospects were never more flattering. Crops of grain and cotton are proportionately about as last year."

Catesville, Coryell Co., May 16.—"While the crops of this section are a little backward, owing to the lateness of spring, the prospects were never better. If the rains but hold out we will have an unusual yield of cotton and all kinds of grain."

Jewell, Leon Co., May 16.—"Considering the backward season," says an old resident, "crops in Leon county never looked better, and if precent indications continue the result will be flattering. Everywhere an unusual effort in gardening is noticeable."

Kilgore, Rusk Oo., May 18.—"Notwithstanding the exceedingly dry and warm weather of several weeks' duration, the crops in this vicinity are looking spiendid, and prospects will compare favorably with those of last season, though crops are needing rain very much."

Plano. Collins Co., May 19.—"Hard rain fell here this morning, which will be quite boneficial to crops of all kinds. They are looking extremely well and promise a large yield. Weather fine. Business duil."

Arkansas—Arkansas City, Chicot Co., May 20.—The cor-

ARKANSAS - ARKANSAS CITY, CHICOT Co., May 20.respondent of the N. O. Times-Democrat writes:

"The crops are backward but healthy, and with a good senson will grow off rapidly. In Lincoln, Drew and Ashley, cotton and own is growing well, and planters generally regard the prospect as good."

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.-The market has not shown any very great change in the quantity of goods being taken, and prices are steady. The orders are coming in quite freely for small parcels, but quantities are still neglected. Holders are quoting 9c. for 1½ lbs., 9½c. for 1¾ lbs., 10¼c. for 2 lbs. and 11c. for standard grades, but to place around lot a shade less would have to be accepted. We hear of sales of 1,000 rolls within the range. Butts have been inquired for in a small way, and sales to the extent of 700 bales were placed at full rates, and holders are not willing to quote anything less than 11/8@ 2c. for paper grades, and 21/4@2%c. for bagging qualities for the orders which are being received, but a round lot might be had a shade less.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT .-A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1, 1882, has been as follows.

Monthly		Year	Beginnin	g Septemb	er 1.	
Receipts.	1882	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.
Sept'mb'r	326,656	429,777	458,478	333,643	288,845	98,491
October	980,584	853,195	968,318	888,492	689,264	578,533
Novemb'r	1,094,637	974,013	1,006,501	942,272	779,237	822,493
Decemb'r	1,112,536	996,807	1,020,802	956,464	893,664	900,119
January .	752,827	487,727	571,701	647,140	618,727	689,610
February.	595,59 8	291,992	572,728	447,918	566,824	472,051
March	482,772	257,099	476,582	26t,913	303,955	340,525
Aprli	284,519	147,595	284,216	158,023	167,459	197,965
Totalyear	5,630,189	5,639,189	5,359,356	4,633,867	4,307,978	4.099,790
Pero'tage	of tot. port					
receipts	Apr. 30	94.02	91.23	92-74	96.86	94.34

This statement shows that up to April 30 the receipts at the ports this year were 1,191,954 bales more than in 1881-82 and 270,883 bales more than at the same time in 1880-81. By adding to the above totals to April 30 the daily receipts since that time we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

te-						_							
			1882-83	188	1-92.	18	330-81.	187	79-80.	187	8-79.	1877-78.	
r	ot.	Ap.30	4,630,189	1,43	3,235	5,3	359,356	4,63	38,867	4,30	7.975	4,099,790	0
I	Iay	.1	6,631		5,284		8.		3,391		2,575	4,14	5
	**	2	5,531		6,013		1t,062		8.		6,454	2,70	7
	66	3	7,363		3,235		7.496		4,642	:	2,455	7,16	1
	66	4	10,953		3,916		7,317		4,633		8.	2,03	2
	46	5	7,134		9,432		4,854		4,696		4,854	8.	
		6	8.		3,759		6,798		4,017		3,936	5,16	1
	8.8	7	8,237		8.		6,174		4,232		2,726	4,06	2
	66	8	9,368		5,102	5	S.		4,336		2,439	3,95	7
	66	9	8,156		5,841		10,982		3.		2,621	4,25	7
	84	10	6,449		3,176		8,078		7,180		1,953	4,83	6
1	64	11	10,931		2,125		5,541		2,430		8.	2,92	5
L	46	12	4,076		5,875		7,036		4,197		3,998	8.	
	86	13	8.		9.501		11,438		3,573		4,211	4,32	1
	44	14	7,905		8.		5.214		2,890		3,161	3,39	0
	- 66	15	7,414	í	3,887	ì	8.		3,150		1,771	3,61	9
L		16	6,083		4,913		9,045		8.		4,803	3,23	2
	**	17	5,058		3,402		8,631		6,630		2,718	2,60	7
	64	18	13,410		2,061		6,311		3,368		8.	2,70	3
ı	64	19	5,290		4,055		5,t99		5,658		4,074	8.	
П	44	20	8.		1,727		7,965	ļ	2,612		4,097	4,14	0
L	46	21	6,621		8.		7,026		5,096		2,759	2,69	6
l	16	22	7,027		2,914		8.		2,784		1,541	2,91	5
L	26	23	5,160		2,522		10,770		8.		1,484	2,12	9
Ł	46	24	3,696		1,663		5,593		5,911		2,733	5,14	9
	66	25	10,743		1,447		6,644		1,999		8.	3,05	8
			5,793,760		30,138	5,	518,471	4,7	26,372	4,37	5,341	4,180,94	2
1			e of total						0.1.10			000	
1	po	rt reo'l	ots May 25	1	95.97	1	93.94		94.49	1	38.38	96.2	L

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 1,263,622 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1882 and 275,289 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1881. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to May 25 in each of the years named.

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 12,543 bales, against 14,498 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1882, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year

EXPORTS OF COTTON (HALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1882.

		Week e	nding-	-	Total	Same period
Exported to-	May 3.	May 10,	May 17.	May 24.	since Sept. 1.	previ'us
LiverpoolOther British ports	20,413 350		12,783	10,623	445,d43 4,376	348,236 12,302
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	20,763	10,815	12,783	11,223	450,019	360,538
HavreOther French perts	1,290	470	451	510	28,030 100	
TOTAL FRENCH	1,290	470	451	516	28,130	27,281
Bremen and Hanover HamburgOther ports	999 1,350 685	1,205 707 743		310 172 292		39,559 17,059 7,976
Total to North. Europe	3,034	2,655	1,261	774	137,973	64,391
Spain, Op'rto, Gibrait'r, &c	100 100				3,297 5,910	
TOTAL SPAIN, &0	200				9,207	7,192
GRAND TOTAL	25,287	13,940	14,493	12,543	625,329	459.605

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1882:

Receipts	New	York.	Bo	ston.	Philad	lelphia.	Balt	more.
from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.						
N. Orl'ans		260,088		9,619				
Taxas		176,809	*****	22,045	*****		******	00.000
Mobile	1,131	215,260	601	72,615 5,452	493	15,412	560	88,029
Florida		9.545		0,400				
8. Car'lina		167,918		2,646	. 148	10,331	1,000	23,573
N.Car'lina		55.437			*****		168	
Virginia		219,797			228	54,822	1,210	114,563
North. pts		188		129,606	4 010	85,167	3.589	200
Tenn., &c. Foreign	251	136,094 3,209		173,518	4,310	89,107	5,389	57,213
COLORGE	201	0,200			*****			
This year.	18,451	k	8,309	494,179	5,079	:	6,527	301,238
Last year.	10,286	1	4,598	414,789	3,160	\$	2,211	212,113
* 1,214	,345	1,130	5,841	1 163,	732	§ 101.	,583	

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 50,957 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday night of this week:

New York—To Liverpeel, per steamers Baltic, 1,024 Celtle, 1,762 City of Riebmond, 2,110 Helvetia, 1,940 Parthia, 402 Thales, 112 Wisconsin, 2,373 10,623 To Hull, her steamer Otranto, 600 600 To Havre, per steamer Normandle, 546 546 To Bremen, per steamer Frisia, 172 172 To Amsterdam, per steamer Frisia, 172 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Recream, 192 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100 100 New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balbasaar, 1,775 1,775 Mobile—To Liverpool, per bark Kabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 Charlestron—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Upland 1,700
1,762City of Riobmond, 2,110Helvetla, 1,940 Parthia, 402Thales, 112Wisconsin, 2,373
Parthia, 402 Thales, 112 Wisconsin, 2,373 10,623 To Hull, per steamer Otranto, 600 600 To Havre, per steamer Normandle, 546 546 To Bremen, per steamer Normandle, 546 310 To Hamburg, per steamer Frisia, 172 172 To Amstedam, per steamer Leerdam, 192 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100 100 New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balthasar, 1,775 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510 1,510 Charleston—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Upland 1,700
To Hull, per steamer Otranto, 600
To Havre, per steamer Normandle, 546. 546 To Bremen, per steamers Donan, 160 Fulda, 150 310 To Hamburg, per steamer Frisia, 172 172 To Amstedam, per steamer Leerdam, 192 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100 100 NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balbassr, 1,775 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510 1,510 CHARLESTON—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 To Baccelona, per bark Attagracia, 1,700 Upland 1,700
To Bremen, per steamers Donan, 160 Fulda, 150 310 To Hamburg, per steamer Frisia, 172 172 To Amstendam, per steamer Leerdam, 192 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100 100 New Onleans—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balbasar, 1,775 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510 1,510 CHARLESTON—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Attagracia, 1,700 Upland 1,700
To Bremen, per steamers Donan, 160 Fulda, 150 310 To Hamburg, per steamer Frisia, 172 172 To Amstendam, per steamer Leerdam, 192 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100 100 New Onleans—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balbasar, 1,775 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510 1,510 CHARLESTON—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Attagracia, 1,700 Upland 1,700
To Hamburg, per steamer Frisia, 172
To Amsterdam, per steamer Leerdam, 192. 192 To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100. 100 NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380. 1,380 To Reval, per bark Baltnasar, 1,775. 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510. 1,510 CHARLESTON—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland. 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Upland. 1,700
To Antwerp, per steamer Nederland, 100
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Northamptoo, 1,380. 1,380 To Reval, per bark Balthasar, 1,775. 1,775 MOBILE—To Liverpool, per bark H. W. Palmer, 1,510. 1,510 CHARLESTON—To Antwerp, per bark Sabal, 1,970 Upland. 1,970 To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Upland. 1,700
To Reval, per bark Balthasar, 1,775
MOBILE
To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Upland
To Barcelona, per bark Altagracia, 1,700 Uplaod 1,700
2
BAVANNAH-To Liverpool, per bark Tikoma, 1.512 Upland 1,512
To Bremen, per bark Statsminster Stang, 1,560 Upland 1,560
To Corunna, per bark Caseb, 600 Upland
Texas—To Liverpool, per bark Roma, 2,248. 2,248.
NORFOLK—To Liverpool, per bark Maiden City, 3,293 3,293
To Genoa, per bark Costante, 2,194
To Genoa, per bark Costante, 2,194 2,194
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamers Haneverian, 4,327
Nessmore, 2,438. 6,765
Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Atlas, 1,014Bulgarian,
984Kansas, 3,990Vietoria, 1,819
PHILADELPHIA-To Liverpool, per steamers British Princess,
2,500Pennsylvania, 1,600
Total 50,937

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

				Bremen	Amster-	\cdot B	arcelon	α
	Liver-			& Ham-	dam &.		& Cor-	
	pool.	Hull.	Havre.	burg.	Antw'p.	Revat.	unna.	Total.
New York	10,623	600	546	482	292			12,513
N. Orieans.	1,330					1,775		3,155
Mobile	1,510							1,510
Charleston.	*****				1,970		1,700	3,670
Savannah	1,312			1,580			600	3,672
Texas	2,248							2,248
Norfelk	3,293							5,497
Baltimore	6,765							6,765
Boston	7,807							7,807
Philadeip'a	4.100	******						4,100
Total	39,238	600	549	2,012	2,262	1,775	2,300	50,937

Incinded in the above totals are, from Norfolk to Genea, 2,194 bales. Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the

latest mail dates:

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes	Thurs.	27%.
V. 4 3732	904 0732	961 6722	904 2722	9410700	Per 3722
984 2 1364	984 @ 13c4	08431901	964 2 154	964 29 13 64	264 9 1344
30.	39 '	36.0	34.	34.	By*
4 4 0 2	****	200.	4009		
1822"	1832'	1533	1533*	1533	15,33*
		****		****	
815014	816.8 A.	114 @ 14.	310014	114014	3107940

	19	19	19	1 ₈	1g
		****		****	****
	33 3318°	33.5214.	3339210	333 9914,	933 \$ 2 15.
			****		****
1116*	1118		1118	1118	1116
580	88,	ga.	58.	By.	29.
	932@818° 1116°	9 ₆₄ @7 ₃₂ 9 ₆₄ @7 ₃₂ 9 ₆₄ @13 ₆₄ 3 ₆₆ 1	9 ₈₄ 313 ₆₄ 3 ₈₄ 313 ₆₄ 9 ₈₄ 313 ₆₄ 3 ₈₇ 113 ₆ 14. 23 23 36, 24 313 ₆₄ 3 ₈₄ 313 ₆₄ 3 ₈₇ 3	9 ₂₄ @ 13 ₆₄ 9 ₆₄ @ 73 ₃₂ 9 ₆₄	9 ₆₄ @ 13 ₆₄ 9 ₆₄ 9 ₆₄ @ 13 ₆₄ 9 ₆₄ @ 13 ₆₄ 9 ₆₄

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port. We add previous weeks for comparison.

	May 4.	May 11.	May 18.	May 25.
Sales of the weekbales.	80,00	60,000	44,000	40,000
Of which experters took	4,500	5,100	1990	
Of which speculators took	5,500	4,000	2.200	2,100
Sales American	02,000	45,000	33,000	30,500
Actifal expert	5,700			
Forwarded				
Total stock -Estimated	933,000			
Of which American—Estim'd	893,000			
Total import of the week	37,000			
Of whice Americau	30,500			
Amount atloat	331,000			
Of which American	183,000	193,000	135,000	138,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending May 25, and the dally closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, }	Tending down.	Dull and easier.	Dull and easier.	Mod. inq. freely supplied	Dull and easter.	Dull.
ald Upl'ds	578 6	578 ប	578 6	5 ⁷ 8	578 6	576 6
8ales 8pec.& exp.	7,000 1,000	8,000 1,000	7,009 1,000	1,000	8,000 1,000	7,000 1,000
Futures. Market, 12:30 P.M.	Dull.	Dall.	Steady.	Dall.	Dult.	Dull.
Market, }	Easy.	Dall.	Steady.	Dull.	Quiet.	Steady.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below. These prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

The prices are given in pence and 61ths, thus: 5 32 means 5 62-64d. and 6 03 means 6 3-64d.

	Sat., May 19.			Man., May 21.			Tues., May 22.					
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
	d.	d.	d.	đ,	d.	ď.	d.	d.	đ.	d.	d.	d.
May												****
May-June	5 55	5 55	5 53	5 53	551	551	5 52	5 52	5 52	5 55	552	5 53
June-July	5 56	5 56	5 54	551	5 35	5 55	5 53	5 54	351	5 58	551	5 56
July-Aug	5 60	5 66	5 58	5.58	5 53	5 58	5 57	5 57	5 58	5 60	5 58	5 60
AugSept	5 63	5 63	561	5 61	5 63	5 63	561	5 61	5 61	6 00	5 01	5 00
BeptOct	5 59	5 59	5 58	5.56	5 57	5 57	5 55	5 55				
OctNov					543	5 49	5 47	547	5 47	5 47	545	5 46
NovDec		5 46	5 45	5 45	5 44	5 41	541	5 44	5 44	5 40	541	5 45
DecJan					5 48	5 48	5 46	5.46				
170CJau		1						-				

	Wednes., May 23.		Th	Thurs., May 24.			Fri., May 25.					
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	đ.	d.
Мау	44++					****			****	***	***	
May-June	554	5 54	5 54	5 54	5 52	553	5 52	5 52	5 51	551	551	5 51
June-July	5 58	5 58	5 55	5 55	5 54	5 54	5 53	5 34	5 59	5 53	5 53	5 32
July-Aug	5 60	5 60	5 59	5 59	5 53	5 58	5 57	5 57	5 36	5 57	5 55	5 55
AugSept	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 63	5 89	5 82	5 61	5 51	5 59	5 60	5 59	5 60
SeptOct	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 57	5 67	5 57	5 55	5 55	551	551	5 53	5 53
OctNev					5 47	5 47	5 47	5 47	5 46	5 46	5 45	5 44
NevDec.		5 48	5 46	5 46	5 45	5 45	5 45	5 45	5 44	5 45	5 44	5 44
DecJan	****						****		5 44	5 41	5 41	544
										-		
								1	1			-

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAT, P. M., May 23, 1883.

Flour has, as a rule, been quiet and, though prices have shown only comparatively slight changes, the tendency on the whole has been downward. This has been especially noticeable in the case of flour held at \$5 50 and above; it has been little wanted, the supply has been liberal, and holders have been anxious to sell. On the other hand, the supply of the lower grades of superfine and No. 2 has been small, and when not actually poor these kinds have been freely taken for export. Considerable of the No. 2 here is quite inferior, however, and is not wanted. In fact, flour of any grade, not likely to keep during the great heats of summer, is dull and weak in price. The sales of City milled flour have reached a fair aggregate. To-day the market was irregular, opening weak but closing more steady, though the trade in all kinds was quite moderate.

Wheat has been active on speculation, and latterly the export demand has increased. Prices have been irregular, following the frequent fluctuations in the Chicago market, which has been at times advanced on less favorable crop reports from Illinois, and snowstorms, ice and frost in some other sections of the West. These led to considerable covering by shorts both here and at the West at an advance, the market here rising from 2 to 21/2 cents a bushel in a day; but after the momentary alarm of speculators had subsided the market was held up with more difficulty. As a matter of fact the outlook for the crops is pronounced by unbiased judges to be quite as favorable as at this time last year in the great winter wheat States, while the reports from the Northwest are much more favorable than at any time heretofore. The receipts here have increased, the arrivals by way of the Erie Canal being important, and have at times caused considerable weakness in prices. Today there was an advance of 201c. at the opening, followed, however, by some reaction, in which a part of the advance was lost. There was a good business. No. 2 red sold at \$1 211/2 @\$1 21% for May, \$1 21%@\$1 22% for June, \$1 23%@\$1 25 for July, \$1 25%@\$1 27 for August and \$1 28%@\$1 28½ for September. These prices show an advance for the week of from 1 to 4 cents. Later there was a large speculation in options, the sales for the day reached 10,240,000 bushels No. 2 red, being the largest transactions in one day for some time. The closing quotations were \$1 221/4 for May, \$1 223/4 for June, \$1 25 for July, \$1 27 for August, \$1 28 for September and \$1 291/4 for October. The sales on the spot within two days have exceeded 600,000 bushels, and No. 2 red closed to-day at \$1 22½ afloat.

Corn has been fairly active both for export and on speculation at a slight decline. This cereal has sympathized with the fluctuations in wheat, as is apt to be the case. Yesterday an advance in wheat led to a fractional rise in corn, stimulated by some demand from the shorts. The bull operators in Chicago show a disposition to speculate on the next crop rather than on the one being marketed, though the supply there is being steadily reduced. There is a difference in this market, too, it will be noticed, of 3 to 4 cents per bushel in favor of August and September. To-day the market was dull and without marked change; No. 2 mixed sold at 65½c. in elevator and 66c. delivered and No. 2 white at 66½c. No. 2 mixed closed at 65½c. for May, 655%c. for June, 67%c. for July, 68%c. for August and 69%c. for September.

Rye has sold moderately at lower prices. Barley has been very quiet. Oats have sold fairly at a decline, in sympathy with weak markets at the West. To-day the market declined 1c. No. 2 mixed sold at 47@47½c. for Jnne, 47½@48½c. for Jnly, 43½@43½c. for August and 40c. for September. The sales to-day are 64,000 bushels at 73c. for Western and 75¾@76c. for Canada.

The following are closing quotations:

		FI	UR.		
No. 2 spring 3 bbl. \$2	500	3 50	Patents, winter	\$5 300	7 25
No. 2 winter 3	000	3 70	City shipping extras.	5 00 d.	
Superfine 3	857	4 25	douthern bakers and		
Spring wheat extras 4	250	5 25	family brands	5 60 %	6 75
do bakers' 5	000	6 25	South'n skip'g extras.	5 15 2	5 75
Wis. & Mich. ryemix. 5	600	5 73	Rye flour, superfine	3 23 7	3 85
Minn, clear and stra't 4	250	6 50	Corn meal—		
Wintershipp'gextras. 4	150	4 40	Western, &c	3 00 7	3 3 3
	000	7 50	Brandywine, &c	3 35%	3 45

	GR	AIN.		
Wheat-		1 Oats—		
Spring, per bush.	70	Mixed	46	2 50
Spring No. 2	@	White	÷0	70 60
Red winter, No. 2		No. 2 mixed.	47	2
Red winter	1 05 @1 1913	No. 2 white	51	@ 5119
White	1 09 @1 23	Barley-		
White No. 1	1 14 @1 15	Canada No. 1		D
Corn-West. mixed	40 @ 66	Canada bright		8
West. mix. No. 2.	654 € 66	Canada No. 2		@
White	65 20 68	State, 4-rowed		@
Yellow	65 70 63	State. 2-rowed		@
Rye-Western	71 @ 734			
State & Canada	73 @ 76			

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statements below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western Lake and River ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending May 19 and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Flour. Wheat.		Oats.	Barl y.	Rye.	
	Bbls.196lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush.56 lbs	Bush.S2 lbs	Bush.48 lbs	Bush.56 lbs	
Chicago	51,737	111,008	501,684	431,325	85,848	70,851	
Milwaukee	82,523	149,150	30,070	53,330	62,945	13,400	
Toledo	1,200	111,271	110,930	1,120	900	4,621	
Detroit	2,781	79,959	9,517	15,362	7,434	32	
Cleveland	2,880	19,075	25,500	25,200	3,000		
St. Louis	25,706	147,566	401,365	142,456	16,653	1,647	
Peoria	1,430	6,900	58,200	258,025	9,000	26,000	
Duluth	• • • • • •	65,811		*****			
Tot. wk. '83	168,257	602,540	1,287,816	920,877	185,780	116,551	
Same wk. '82	137,939	497,200	1,371,693	609,953	92,041	36,853	
Same wk. '81	208,546	854,967	2,400,737	1,820,531	119,271	32,107	
SinceAug.1-							
1882	7,865,479	67,707,661	75,686,074	42,086,151	14,852,769	4,016,685	
1981	6,486,107	36,938,058	92,026,808	90,589,307	11,663,107	8,568,459	
1880	7,057,100	68,341,206	94,984,907	34,533,405	11,871,830	3,140,341	

The comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 25, 1882, to May 19, 1883, inclusive, for four years, show as follows:

Flourbbls.	1882-83.	1881-82.	1880-81.	1879-80,
	3,651,289	2,818,873	3,294,495	2,010,034
Wheat bush. Corn Cats Barley Ry6	10,602,132	8.355,589	16,194,785	14,923,797
	38,235,563	29,306,316	27,534,316	28,498,383
	16,392,293	11,335,932	10,737,111	7,794,661
	4,372,746	1,932,745	1,865,399	1,466 309
	1,273,466	1,115,018	930,317	770,479
Motel evets	70 070 000	F0.047.500	FT 001 000	00.050.000

Below are the rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for four years:

Flourbbls.	1883. Week May 19. 81,679	1882. Week May 20. 46,959	1881. Week May 21. 131,490	1885. Week May 22. 80,116
Wheat. 518h. Corn. 618h. Oats. Barley. Rye.	326,943 381,991 623,837 54,592 53,833	140,943 251,597 499,548 39,746 45,090	407,202 532,720 726,386 50,802 38,107	181,089 496,318 661,573 51,597 47,250
Total	241 099	979 924	1 755 217	1.437.857

The rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four weeks were:

reek Fl	Wheat,	Oorn,	Oats,	Barley.	Rye,
19188		560,813	959,190	65,124 112,549	123,733
5178		899,830 742,676 :	556,181 1,609,576		338,122
28101				142,437	59,611

Tot., 4 w. 606,614 4,681,615 11,928,016 4,577,809 417,804 603,654 4 w ks 82..564,895 2,688,657 6,859,511 2,029,094 217,369 327,030

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended May 19 follow:

	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oals,	Barley,	
A 1-	ubls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	91.236	411.432	642,081	173,950	38,550	167,464
Boston.	71.811	72.100	205,383	115,100	3,000	500
Portland	630	*****	8.500	1,500		
Montreal		387.230	152,700	2.754	8,956	18,095
Philadelphia		42,500		51,000		
Baltimoro		249,140		26,654		1,100
New Orleans		26.041	771.850	21,900		
New Orleands	10,000	20,022	1111000	22,000		
	Section Control of the Control of th				_	

Total week... 237,219 1,188,443 2,374,080 392,958 50,516 187,149 Cor. week '82... 226,665 720,708 910,958 364,463 54,366 73,696

The total receipts at the same ports for the period from Dec. 25, 1882, to May 19, 1883, compare as follows for four years:

ı		1882-83.	1881-82.	1940-91	1010-00.
ı	Flourbbls.	5,645,173	4,366,813	5.168,425	3,419,990
ı	2.00220000	-,,			
ı	MTh and housele	10 100 100	10.639.190	27,133,166	22,370,054
ı	Wheat bush.				
ı	Corn	35.608.393	14.895.404	35,211,499	50,640,270
į		9,428,201	8.934,153	8,374,906	8.133,895
ı	Oats				
ı	Barley	2.111.692	2.238.352	1,955,808	1,563,660
	Rve	785,974	476.104	729.87 i	593,838
ı	Lave	100,014	270,102	. 40,0. 2	
ı			department of the last		
H	Total grain	66 060 698	37.183,203	73.405.230	83.303,7.17

The exports from the several seaboard ports for week ending May 19, 1883, are shown in the annexed statement:

Haports from-	Flour	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
New York Loston	Bbls. 53,476 36,261	Bush. 224,127 38,005		Bush. 6,140	Bush. 109.533	Bush. 1,931
Pirtland. Mintreal. Ph ladel. Bultim'ro N.Orl'ns.	50 12,040 12,980 3,675 86	188,703 132,547 35,092	287,636 162,754		*****	61,740
Total w'k. S'me time 1892	118,568 125,925	619,374 473,200	1,250,124 226,457	6,140 23,913		08,671 60,470

The destination of these exports is as below. We add the corresponding period of last year for comparison:

	Flo	ur.	Wh	eat.	Corn.			
Exports for week to—	1883. Week, May 19.	1882. Week, May 20.	1883. Week, May 19.	1882. Week, May 20.	1883. Week, May 19,	1882. Week. May 20.		
	Bbls.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.		
Un.King.	69,214	79,071	359, 436	313,713	973,981	144.485		
Contin'nt	2,467	1,244	234,735	157,487	261,767	16,982		
8.& C.Am	8,600	13,615			9,260	14,849		
W. Indies	14,937	15,292	4,803	2,000	2,562	37.821		
Brit. Col's	23,327	16,041		******	2,114	2,698		
Oth.o'nt's	23	562			140	9,622		
Total	118,568	125,825	619,374	473,200	1,250,124	226,437		

By adding this week's movement to our previous to als we have the following statement of exports since September 1, this season and last season.

	Flo	ur.	1 <i>Vh</i>	eat.	Corn.		
Exports since Sept. 1, to-	1882-83. Sept. 1 to May 19.	1881-82. Sept. 1 to May 20.	1882-83. Sept. 1 to May 19.	1581-82. Sept. 1 to May 20.	1882-83. Sept. 1 to May 19.	1881-82. Sept. 1 to May 20.	
Cn. Kingdom Continent S. & C. Am West Indies. Bril. Col'nies Oth. countr's	Hbls. 4,891,731 392,830 518,957 682,471 434,123 32,442	Rbls. 2,327,006 160,898 505,816 493,118 390,478 27,309	24,075,655 119,552 63,353 15,606	Bush. 24,864,110 10,290,812 0,647 35,279 45 242,931	Bush. 24,549,678 4,700,027 301,170 305,877 82,485 117,512	Bush. 18.502,027 4,241,978 382,124 507,930 115,540 76,736	
Total	6,935,557	5,976,625	55,489,843	35,239,327	30,080,149	23,886,314	

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, May 19, 1883, was as follows:

	Wheat,	Corn.	Oats,	Barley.	Rye,
In store at-	hush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	2,526,781	684,836	573,660	653	51,913
Do. afloat (est.)	490,000	186,000	177,060	25,000	131,000
Albany	2,350	3,500	24.000		6,000
Buffalo	623,857	194,386	26.307	50.063	34,244
Chicago	6.052.836	4,311,379	582,061	46,161	632,674
Milwaukeo	1,450,499	25,208	1,630	165,605	42,386
Duluth	1,613,792				
Toledo	1,251,980	532,942	51.466	5,500	11,750
Detroit	1,024,972	17.512	28,503	650	
Oswego	98,000	78,000	1,000	150,000	114.000
St. Louis	695,339	1,427,817	49,327	13,123	49,604
Cincinnati, 12	68,392	49.850	21,388	42,743	87,088
Boston	81,799	183,647	139,563	2,764	1,146
Toronto	333,524	1.400		66 253	19
Montreal	219,591	61,772	71.211	34.829	53,926
Fhliadelphia	441.551	251,074	161 668		
Feoria	5,628	184.919	245.926		110,317
It dianapolis	241.100	92,800	51,400		14.300
Kansas City	163,022	190.329	16,089	201	22,985
Beltimere	913,225	395,5:0		*****	*****
Down Mississippi.		151,721	6.179		
On rail	446,843	868,991	898,514	92,104	66 562
On lake	319.415	3,729,903	339,891	532	84,557
On canal	1,482,091	1,032,340	404,460	92,378	199,798
Tot. May 19, '83, '	20.546,587	14.685.858	3,871,243	790,570	1,734,269
		15.647.398		890,012	1,814,390
		16 168 393			1 784 097

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Tot. Apr. 28, '33, 20,781,911 16,894,226 4,453,197 981,695 1,627,880 Tot. May 20, '82, 9,894,224 8,158,139 1,895,678 189,791 999,119

FRIDAY, P. M., May 25, 1893.

The movement in dry goods has been comparatively light the past week. The announcement of two large public sales (one of heavy woolens, the other of tickings) arrested the attention of the trade, and caused a considerable influx of wholesale dealers; but they bought sparingly outside of the auction rooms, and mostly in accordance with actual wants. The auction sale of woolens brought together a very large company of cloth and dry goods jobbers, clothing and cloak manufacturers, &c., and the greater part of the offering (consisting of 7,000 pieces beavers and overcoatings and 4,000 pieces cassimeres) was disposed of, but at prices that probably entailed a loss upon the manufacturers. The sale of tickings (1,500 cases) was also well attended, and the goods were widely distributed at rather low prices. The sales above mentioned have had a somewhat disturbing influence upon buyers, and confirmed them in the wisdom of the hand-to-mouth policy they have pursued for some time past.

Domestic Cotton Goods .- The exports of domestics for the

week were 2,890 packages, including 1,644 to Great Britain 284 to Brazil, 253 to Hayti, 193 to Argentine Republic, 96 to Santo Domingo, etc. Brown cottons were in irregular demand, but fairly steady, save in the case of fine browns, on which slight concessions were made by agents who are about closing their semi-annual accounts with the mills. Bienched goods ruled quiet at unchanged quotations, and wide sheetings continued to move steadily. Cotton flannels were moderately active, and leading makes are well sold up. Cheviots were taken more freely, but at low, and (to the manufacturers) unremunerative prices, and other descriptions of cotored cottons were for the most part quiet and weak—as regards the lower grades at least. Print cloths were very quiet and easier, closing at 3 11-16c. less ½ per cent for 64x64 "spots," 3 11-16c. flat for 64x64 "futures," and 3 ½c. for 56x60s. Prints and glaghams were dull in first hands and less active in jobbing circles, but the latter are steadily held.

DOMESTIC WOOLEN GOODS.-There was a continued light and unsatisfactory demand for men's wear woolens, the protracted dulness in the clothing trade having rendered buyers exceedingly cautions in their operations. Some of the most popular cassimeres, and nearly all makes of worsted coatings, are pretty well under the control of orders, but the general supply of clothing woolens is probably redundant, and manufacturers must seek safety in an immediate curtailment of production, or disastrous results may follow. Many mills have already shut down, but the supply is still excessive, in view of the fact that clothiers are beavily stocked up as a rule. Satinets were in light request, and the demand for Kentucky jeans has barely realized expectations, despite low ruling prices and the lessened supply. White flannels continued in moderate request, but colored flannels were mostly quiet, and blankets were in light demand. For dress goods there was merely a light re-assorting demand, and carpets ruled quiet, but fair sales of fall hosiery and knit underwear were made through the medium of traveling salesmen.

Foreign Day Goods were distributed in fair quantities by jobbers, but the business done by importers was strictly moderate. The main features of this branch of the trade remain unchanged, and, while most kinds of staple goods are fairly steady in price, fancy fabrics are in some instances offered considerably below quotations current a short time ago.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending May 24, 1883, and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1882, are as follows:

Total at the port	Total Ent'd forconsumpt.	Wanufactures of— Wool. Cotton Silk Flax Miscellaneous		Total on market	TotalEnt'd forconsumpt.	Wanufactures of— Wool Cotton Silk Flax Misoellaneous	a W.	Total	Mannfactures of— Wool Cotton Blik Flax Miscollaneous			DA CHNELNE
6,607	1,427 5,150	4133 477	22	7,773	2,593 5,180	213 126 113 257 1,884	N.P. HOLLIAN.	5,180	1.101 805 1.523 1.135	Pkgs.	Week &	KNON H
1,851,919	347 367 1,501 582	128,662 63,389 89,359 43,004 22,951	NTERED FO	1,771,984	267,402 1,504,582	/82.970 39.967 84.828 43,118 17,024	WN FROM	1.504.582	2222.069 369.496 253.471 115.854	Vadue.		NOR GONNESKININ
260,025	85.152 174,873	7,452 3,555 9,423 9,433 6,452	FOR WARRIOUSE	272,240	97,367	6,966 6,258 3,265 11,045 70,133	MARKHOUSE	174,873	567,50 567,50 567,57 568,0 567,67 568,0 567,67 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 568,0 5	Pkgs.		YOR THE W
58,135.727	10.185,035	3,021,873 1,931,719 1,937,153 1,717,590 1,146,695	OUSE DURING	58.236.827	10,286,135	2,779,379 1,872,922 2,484,704 1,861,001 1,284,120	SE AND THEO	47,950,692	9.081.249 19.208.355 15.636.022 6.704,115 4,325,951	Value.	I.	WEER AND RIVER
4,113	1.396	506 226 256 256 256 256	BAME	6,107	3,390	295 203 132 2,524	OLKI K.MC	2,717	293 293 293 293 293 293	Pkgs.	Week Tay	ABVIINT BUIL
1,222,794	439,571 783,223	181,290 53,779 139,569 32,391 32,543	PERIOD.	1,109,072	325,849 783,223	108.337 63.440 71,295 39,438 43.339	THE	783,223	127,732 261,260 167,781 149,257 57,160	Value.	Ending 1883	1
275,252	121.111 154,141	11.493 9,519 6,087 8,920 85,086		268,353	114,212 154,141	9,030 9,180 4,666 11,553 79,783	MARKET.	151,141	17.771 31.549 16.553 32.654 55.614	Pugs.		THAN AND TO
53,030,044	13,005,906 38,025,038	4,623,223 2,793,483 4,191,831 1,635,850 1,711,514		51,560,714	13,535,676 38,035,033	3,766.020 2,889.497 3,504.971 1,988.094		38.023.035	7,591,010 10,540,00 10,261,10 5,867,997 3,461,551	Value.	W. 1, 1853.	1000

Western Bankers.

The First National Bank.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Feb. 24, 1883.

The First National Bank, of Grand Rapids, located at Grand Rapids, in the State of Michigan, is closing up its affairs, its corporate existence, having expired on February 24, 1883. All note holders and other creditors of said association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the association for payment.

HARVEY J. HOLLISTER, Cashier.

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Capital Limit, - - - - \$1,500,000 Capital Paid in, - - - 400,000

Referring to the foregoing the officers and directors of the OLD NATIONAL BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS, beg leave to announce that en Monday, February 26 inst., they will continue the husiness of banking in all its branches, at the same place of business, as successor of the First National Bank of Grand Rapids.

As substantially the same management will continue in the new organization, with equal capital (which will be speedily doubled) to keeper the generous confidence and patronage so long bestowed upon its predecessor, will be continued to the present institution,

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OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, January 25, 1883.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1882:

Premiums on Marine Risks from 1st January, 1882, to 31st Deeember, 1882.....

. \$4,412,693 58 Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1882..... 1,516,844 85

Total Marine Premiums.... \$5,929,538 43

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1882, to 31st December, 1882..... \$4,390,305 90

Losses paid during the same period...... \$2,013,767 35

Returns of Premiums and Expenses....

\$823,304 50

The Company has the following Assets, viz.: United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks.....Loans secured by Stocks and \$8,974,558 00 otherwise..... 1,575,500 00

Real Estate and Claims due the Company, estimated at.....remium Notes and Bills Re-531,118 15 1,725,575 02 ceivable.....

Cash in Bank..... Amount......\$13,171,675 02

SIX PER CENT INTEREST on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives. on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of February

THE OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES of the issue of 1878 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representa-tives, on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled

A DIVIDEND OF FORTY PER CENT is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1882, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the First of May ner).

By order of the Board.

J. H. CHAPM/ J. Socretary.

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(ANNUAL.)

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HOME

Insurance Company OF NEW YORK,

OFFICE, 119 BROADWAY.

 CASH CAPITAL
 \$3,000,000
 00

 Reserve for Unearned Premiums
 2,116,832
 00

 Reserve for Unpaid Losses and Claims
 817,596
 01

 Net Surplus
 1,774,061
 00

Cash Assets, January 1, 1883...... \$7,208,489 07 CHAS. J. MARTIN, President. J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.

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Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

Assets January 1, 1883..... \$9.054.610 58 Liabilities for unpaid losses 1,961,428 46 4,000,000 00 and re-insurance fund.....

Capital..... NET SURPLUS...... \$3,193,182 12

No. 2 Courtlandt St., New York. JAS. A. ALEXANDEH, Agent.

North British

& Mercantile Ins. Co.

LONDON AND EDINBURGH. United States Board of Management,

NEW YORK: SOLON HUMPHREYS. Ch'r'n, (E. D. Morgan & Co.)
DAVID DOWS, Esq. (David Dows & Co.)
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EZRA WHITE, Esq.
J J. ASTOR, Esq.

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Office, 54 William St., New York.

Commercial Union Ins. Co.

> (OF LONDON), ALFRED PELL.

> > Resident Manager,

37 & 39 Wall Street.